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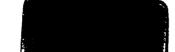
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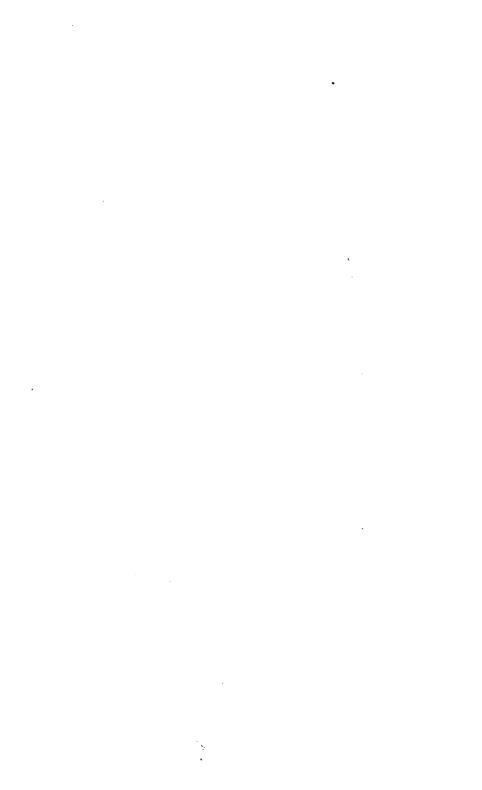


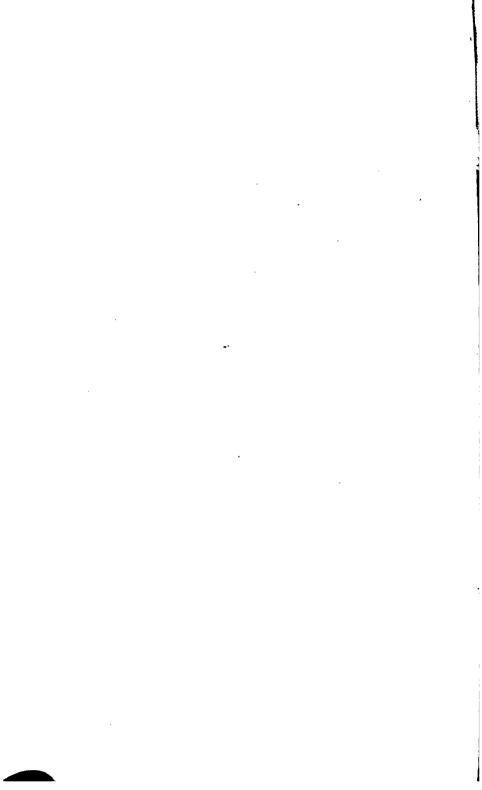
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BOYER'S

FRENCH DICTIONARY;

COMPRISING

ALL THE IMPROVEMENTS OF THE LATEST PARIS AND LONDON EDITIONS,

WITH

A LARGE NUMBER OF USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES,

SELECTED FROM THE MODERN DICTIONARIES OF

BOISTE, WAILLY, CATINEAU, AND OTHERS

WITH

THE PRONUNCIATION OF EACH WORD,

ACCORDING TO THE DICTIONARY OF THE

ABBÉ TARDY:

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED,

RULES FOR THE PRONUNCIATION OF FRENCH VOWELS, DIPHTHONGS, AND FINAL CONSONANTS.

COLLECTED FROM THE PROSODY OF THE

ABBÉ D'OLIVET.

WITH

A TABLE OF FRENCH VERBS, &c.

BOSTON:

B. B. MUSSEY AND COMPANY.

29 CORNHILL.

1849.

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RULES FOR THE PRONUNCIATION

OF THE

FRENCH VOWELS, DIPHTHONGS, AND FINAL CONSONANTS:

CHIEFLY COLLECTED FROM

The Proceedy of l'Abbé D'Olivet, and from the best Writers on this Subject.



A has two sounds. It is long in bas and short in bal. The English have the first sound in bar and the second in bat.

It is long in the alphabet, but short when it is a verb or preposition: il a, he has; \dot{a} , to. It is short in the beginning of a word, except in acre, age, affres, agnus, ame, ane, apre, arrhes, as: and in their derivatives, acreté, agé, etc.

It is short at the end of words, except those that are taken from foreign languages, wherein it is rather long, as in so/a, agenda, etc.

*Abe is long only in astrolabe and crabe.

Able is long in most verbs and substantives, except table and érable, wherein it is short, as in all adjectives, according to M. D'Olivet; and doubtful according to M. Féraud. Custom seems to be in favour of the latter.†

Abre is long, even before a masculinet termination: sabre, sabrer, etc.

Ac. General rules.—All final syllables are short, when the vowel is followed by a consonant other than s, z, or x: sac, nectur, sel, pol, uf, etc.

- All masculine syllables, long or short in the singular number, are always long in the plural: des sacs, des sels, des pots, etc.

- All masculine nouns that end their singular number with s, z, or x, are long : le temps, le nez, la voix, etc.

le nex, la roix, etc.

Ace is long only in grace, espace, je délace, lace, entrelace.

Ache is long only in lache, tache, (a task,) gache, relache, mache, fache, and in the verbs derived from them, even before a masculine syllable, lacher, relachons, etc.

Acle is long only in il racle, il débacle; doubtful in all others.

Acre is long only in acre (sharp, sour.)

Ade is always short: aubade, fade, etc.

Adre is short only in ladre; long in all other words, even before a masculine syllable: cadre,

cadrer, etc. Afe, aphe, are always short: carafe, epitaphe, etc.
Affres, afre, are long only in affres and bafre.
Afle is long even before a masculine syllable: rafle, rafler, etc.

Age is long only in age.

Agne is long only in gagne, and all the tenses of the verb gagner.
Ague is always short: bague, dague, etc.

Ague is always short: cague, cague

is, re, and when it has the circumflex accent: plaie, jamais, pairs, poirsails, faire, falte, etc.

Aie is always long. General rules: All vowels immediately followed by an e mute are long: plaie, pensee, joie, etc. Except when there is a liquid articulation as in paye. But many authors change the y into i, and write paie, in which case there is no occasion for this

exception.

When a vowel meets any other vowel but the mute e, it becomes short, as i is long in je lie, and short in nous lions.

Aigne is always short : châtaigne, dédaigne, etc. Aigne is always short : aigne maigne ste

Alg. is always short: aigre, mangre, etc.All is always short. General rule: All final syllables are short that end with a liquid l: éventail, soleil, sevil, etc.

† A syllable is termed feminine when it ends with an e mute, like sobre, aimes, parlent. All ther terminations are masculine.

^{*} These rules chiefly relate to final syllables, the sound of which is more easily distinguished.

[†] A doubtful vowel is long when its word ends a sentence, and generally short when another word comes after it.

Aille is short in médaille, je travaille, détaille, émaille, baille, (1 give,) and in all the tenses of these verbs. It is long in all other words, even before a masculine syllable, raille, railleus, etc.

Aillet, aillir, are always short: paillet, jaillir, etc.

Aillon is short only in médaillon and bataillon, and in these verbs nous détaillons, émaillons, travaillons, baillons, (we give;) but long in nous baillons, (we yawn,) and in all other words.

Ain, ain, im, in. General rule: All nasal vowels, followed by a consonant which begins another syllable, are long: jambe, mentor, hombe, craindre, etc.

But when the m or n is doubled, there is no nasal sound; and the vowel is short: épigram-

me, personne, etc.

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An exact standard for this nasal sound is not to be found in the English pronunciation. However something like it is heard in the word hang. But it must be seized immediately preceding the articulation of the g. With regard to this and other pasal sounds, as on, un, I must observe what Mr. Walker very properly remarks with regard to the sound of en in encore. "If, is pronouncing these sounds, the tongue should once touch the roof of the mouth (as it happens in pronouncing man, men, sin, son, sun,) the French nasal sound would be ruined."

The French standard for this is in in vin.

Aime, the only word that has this termination is short.

Aine is long only in haine, chaine, gaine, traine, and in their derivatives.

Air is doubtful in the singular, and long in the phiral: éclair, éclairs, etc.

Aire, ais, aix, aise, aisse, are always long: paire, palais, etc.

Alte, ale, are long only in platt, mit, repait, fatte, (top.)
Altre, is always long: mattre, etc.

Ale is long only in hale, pale, un male, rale, and in their derivatives: haler, paleur, etc.

Alle is always short: malle, etc.

Am, an, em, eft. This nasal vowel has four sounds: it is always long when spelt with an a, except in comptant (ready money.)
When it is spelt with e, it is 1st. long in the beginning and in the middle of words, and at

the end of adjectives, as in prudent, ensemble, exempt, etc.

2dly. Generally short at the end of substantives and adverbe, as in vent, sagement, etc.

3dly. Short and slender in mien, tien, sien, bien, lien, rien, etc.
4thly. Long and slender in the plural of these words, in mentor, and some other words, wherein it has the sound of in in vin. The first sound is heard in the two syllables of enfant, and in the first of encore, which the

English have adopted with its nasal sound.

The second has for standard en in vent. Those who can pronounce en in encore, may easily obtain its short sound by dwelling less upon it. Something like it is heard in the word sand)

The third, heard in the last syllable of lien, has something like it in the word send. The fourth, heard in mentor, has the sound of in in vin. See under Aim what is said of the nasal sounds.

In the following Dictionary the three first sounds of that nasal vowel are always spek en, except after the hard g and k, where the a is better calculated to preserve the hard articulation of these two consonants

Ame is long only in ame, infame, blame, il se pâme, un brame; in the preterits, as aimâmes, etc. and in flamme although the m be doubled.

Ane, Anne, are long only in crâne, âne, manes, la manne, une manne, damne, and con-

damne.

Ape, Appe, are long only in rape, and in the verb raper.

Apre is always long.

Ague is long only in Plaques, Jacques.

Ar is always short. N.B. Many except char and proper names, as Clear, Gibraliar, etc.

Ar is always short. N. B. Many except char and proper names, as César, Gibraltar, etc. which are pronounced long, at least, at the end of a sentence.

Arbe. General rule: In all syllables ending with an r, and followed by another consonant which begins another syllable, the vowel is short; barbe, berceau, etc.

Ard, Art, are doubtful. But when an e mute follows the d or t, the a is short. See Arbe,

oafard, cafarde.

Are is always long, but becomes short before a masculine syllable: il pare, il para, etc.

Are. General rule: All vowels before rr, which form a single articulation, are long;

as arret, barre, etc.

Exceptions to this rule will be found in their respective places.

Ari is long only in hourvari.

As is generally long, as in tas, bas, as, Pallas, etc.

Ase. General rule: s or z, between two vowels, the last of which is an e mute, lengthens and opens the penultims: base, peee, etc. but this penultima often becomes short before a masculine syllable, as in peeer, appaiser, etc.

Aspe. General rule: An s articulated after a vowel, and followed by another consonant, always renders the vowel short: juspe, masque, lustre, etc.

Asse is long in the substantives basse, chasse, (shrine,) classe, échasse, passe, masse, (stake) and tasse; in the adjectives basse, grasse, lasse; in the verbs casse, amasse, enchasse, compasse, sasse; and in their masculine terminations, casser, etc. in words derived from, or composed of these verbs; also in these terminations of the subjunctive mood, aimasse, parlas ses chantassent, etc. it is short in all other words.

At is only long in bât, mât, degat, and in the third person singular of the preterit of the subjunctive: na'il, aimat, etc.

Ale, Ales, are long only in pâte, hâte, il appate, gate, mate, démate; and in the preterit tenses, chântates, etc.

Aire, Alire, is only short in quatre; battre, and its derivatives.

Au, (a false diphthong) has the three sounds of the French o, (See O.)

It is generally long and open before a feminine termination; or a consonant at the end of a word; in the plural number, and under the circumflex accent; as in auge, chaud, manx, etc. It is short in Paul, and before two consonants, as in augmenter, etc. It is long and broad before re, as in restaure, etc. in all other cases it is generally doubtful;

as in audace, épauler, joyau, etc. Are is short in rave, care, etc. oftener long, as in grave, entrare, etc. and doubtful in brave and Rotore

Avre is always long; cadavre, etc.

Ax, axe, are always short; thorax, parallaxe, etc.

The French Academy distinguishes three sounds of this letter: the close, the open, and the

But the open may be more or less so. It is a little open in ferme, and entirely so in proces. When it is a little open, the Academy calls it open acute, and assigns for its standard the first e in trompette. Dumarsais, and others, call it the common or middle e: when it is entirely open, it is called open grare. Therefore we must distinguish three masculine ée, v12. the close, the open acute, and the open grave.

These are termed masculine, in opposition to the mute e, which is the sign of the feminine

gender in nost adjectives, and all past participles.

The close \(\ell \) is so called from its being pronounced with the mouth almost closed, and from

ts slender sound.

It may be deemed short, if compared with its feminine termination, wherein the e, mute, obliges us to dwell somewhat more upon it, as is obvious in aise, aisee; but it is long, if compared with the open acute, which is shorter, though it frequently bears the same accent. This is observable in cree, wherein the first e is somewhat more open than the last, and evidently shorter, according to the general rule which is to be found after the termination ££.

The natural standard for this \(e \) is the primitive sound by which it is known in the French alphabet, as in \(bont\(e \), and answers to the first letter in the English alphabet, as in \(fate. \)

The open acute \(e \) is so named from being somewhat more open than the close \(e \), and from

the acute accent which it frequently bears. It is found in the first ℓ of ℓ or ℓ or ℓ or and is the same as in the English words, met, ℓbb ; it is always short.

The open grave ℓ is so called from requiring a greater opening of the mouth, and from the grave or circumflex accent which generally attends it, as in agree and $\ell \ell \ell e$. It is similar in

sound to the English e in there.

"The mute e is a mere emission of the voice, which is hardly heard; it is so imperceptible, that a man born blind could not find the least difference in hearing froc, or freque, crep, or

crépe." D'Olivet.
Dumarsais thinks that the articulation of the consonant by which it is preceded, is sufficient Dumarsais thanks that the articulation of the consonant by which it is preceded, is sufficient to express it, as in *mer*, and *dmender*, the explanantory spelling of *mener* and *demander*. However, in monosyllables, and in the first syllables of other words, the imperfect sound of this letter is more perceptible, and may be termed *guttural*.

At the end of polysyllables, where it is entirely mute, it is like the second *e in there, and generally serves to lengthen or open the preceding vowel: when it is more perceptible it is like the *e in battery, or over; and even then the French suppress it as often as they can especially when the preceding or following syllable has a full sound.

P. Calineau, the last grammarian who has written on this subject gives the following exam-

especially when the preceding or following synable has a full sound.

P. Catineau, the last grammarian who has written on this subject, gives the following example, which is very correct: "Quand vous serez le même, vous me trouverez le même. This sentence contains thirteen syllables in prose, quand-vous-se-rez-le-même-vous-me-trouve-rez-le-même. In poetry même would have two syllables. However, in familiar reading and conversation, it is pronounced in eight syllables only, quand-vous-rel-même-voum-trouv-rel-même." The suppression of that e is precisely the reason why foreigners suppose the French speak so very quick.

This imperfect sound is never suffered in two syllables together at the end of a word. avoid this dissonance, it is changed into an open è, in the penultima of verbs, when their last syllable becomes mute, as mener, mene; some words double their consonant, (which produces the same effect,) as tenir, que tu tiennes; others change that e into the diphthong oi, as devoir,

doinent.

When the pronoun je comes after its verb, it produces the same effect, so that je chante, je mêne, become chante je? And in this case the guttural e of mener that had become open acute in mêne, becomes again guttural in mené je?

^{*} We confine the sounds of the masculine & to the three noticed by the Academy, because those who have distinguished more have rather perplexed than perfected the pronunciation of this letter, Besides, as Mr. D'Olivet observes, " it is useless to anatomise sounds so much."

E, when under the acute accent, is generally close at the end of words, as bonté, aisé: 2dly. m advertes derived from adjectives ending in é, as aisément: 3dly. before the feminine termian adverted from anjectives entring in c, as atterned. Only, before the leminime termination of adjectives where it is somewhat longer, as in aise, in any other place it is almost always open acute. It is close likewise in the termination er and er, when the r is silent; and open acute in any other place where it is not open grave, or doubtful.

It is generally open grave under the circumflex, and grave accent, sometimes doubtful, as

will be seen hereaster.

N. B. The following rules relate to the open acute to and to the open grave, when the word close is not mentioned.

Ecle, Ebre, Ee, Eve, are always short; bec, niece, etc.

Eche, is long only in beche, leche, grieche, peche, (fishing, or peach) reveche, il peche, (he fishes) depeake, empeche, preche, and in all the tenses and persons of these verbs.

Ecle, Ect, Ele, Eder, are always short: siecle, insecte, cader, etc.

Ee is always long and close, as in aimée, etc. See Aie.

Ee. General rule: All vowels before another vowel which is not the mute e, are short;

Egle is always short; regle, seigle, etc.

Egne is doubtful; regne, douegne, etc. Eille is long in vieille, vieillard, vieillesse, which have the sound of the close é.

Ein, Eint, Einte, are always long. See Aim.

Eine is long only in reine Eltre is long only in Restre.

Ele is long only in zele, poèle, frêle, pêle-mêle, grêle, il se fêle, il bêle.

Em, En. See Aim and An. But there is no nasal sound in Bethleem, item, amen, hymen, c. And whenever the m or n is articulated, the e is open acute.

Eme is short only in seme. It is doubtful in creme; and long in any other word. However, the terminations in seme are frequently heard short before another word.

Ene is long only in cêne, chêne, scène, gêne, alène, rêne, frêne, arène, pêne, and in all proper names. Enne is always short, êtrenne, etc.

ines. Line is aways one, order, order, order, see Epe is always long; crépe, etc.

Epe is short only in lépre, etc.

Epte, Eptre, are always short; précepte, sceptre, etc.

Eque is long only in évêque, archevêque.

Er is long and open in fer, enfer, mer, amer, hiver: long and close in liger, altier; and in all nouns and verbs, as aimer, berger, etc. when the r is silent: but when the r is articulated, as it must be, especially in verbs, before a word beginning with a vowel, the e is open

raiseu, as a must pe, especially in verbs, before a word beginning with a vowel, the e is open acute, and short.

Erbe, Erce, Erse, Erche, Ercle, Erde, Erde, are all short. See Arbe.

Erd, Ert, are doubtful; il perd, désert, etc.

Ere is doubtful, frère, chimère, etc. but it is uniformly long in the third person plural of verbs; ils espèrent, parlèrent, etc.

Erge, Ergue, Erle, Erme, Erne, Erpe, Erle, Ertre, Esque, Este, Estre, are all short.

See Arbe.

Erre is always long, even before a masculine syllable; guerre, verrons, etc.; but it is short when the two rr are heard separately, as in erreur, etc.

Esse is long only in abesse, professe, confesse, professe, compresse, cesse, lesse, expresse, il s'emvresse, il professe.

Et is long only in arrêt, bênêt, forêt, genêt, prêt, aprêt, acquêt, intérêt, têt, protêt, il est.

Et is long only in bête, fête, arbalète, boête, tempête, quête, comquête, enquête, requête, arrête,
crête, tête: it is doubth in êtes, and homête, and short in all the rest.

Etre is long only in être, ealpêtre, ancêtre, fenêtre, prêtre, champêtre, hêtre, chevêtre, guêtre.

je me dépètre.

Eu; this diphthong has three different sounds: it is long and close in jeune, (fasting;) short

in fesse, (young;) long and open in bearre.

The first has no standard in English; but it may be obtained by pressing the lips a little forward, in such a manner as to leave the breath a narrower passage than for the e of over, and by dwelling longer upon it. The second is somewhat more open than the e of over, and can hardly be distinguished

from it.

The third may be obtained by opening the lips somewhat wider, and in a more circular form, than for the e of over, and by protracting the sound.

^{*} E has been thought proper to adhere to the ancient custom of writing this second e with the acute accent, to avoid the double mistake frequently occasioned by those who of late have written it with the grave accent, in some terminations, as bee, bde, etc. Those who are unacquainted with Mr. D'Olivet's rules, being misled by the grave accent, give to that be the sound of the open grave b, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to binfound with the close b, all the open acute ones, which have not been subjected to this partial riform. A little attention to the above rule will be sufficient to prevent the mistaking of the close b for the open sents. As to the exceptions to this or any of these rules, the similar spelling of every word will remarks all doubts. remove all doubts.

No grammarian, I believe has ever distinguished this third sound, so different from

En, unless accented, is short in the beginning and in the middle of words; heureux, ameuter, etc.; it is doubtful at the end; feu, feu, etc.; and when it is long it has the close sound of eu in felme, unless it be followed by an r.

Euf is always short : neuf, veuf, etc.

Eule is long only in meule.

Eune is long only in jeline, (fasting.)

Eur is generally short, leur, peur, etc.; it is doubtful in coeur, chœur, sœur; and long open in all plural nouns

Eure is doubtful, but always open, heure, inférieure, etc!

Eure is doubtful, levre, sevre, etc.

Eure, Buse, are always long and close; feux, feux, heureuse, etc.

Eve is long only in trère, gréve, rêve, rêver: it is doubtful in fère, brère, il achève, crève, se lève, although mute in crever, achever, s'elever.

Ex, Exe, are always short, perplex, sexe, etc.

N. B. All the terminations of the three vowels, which are not noticed in the other following Rules, are always short.

This letter has two sounds. It is long in gite, and short in ami. The standard for the first in English is ie in field, and of the second i in fig.

Late is long only in hidre and cidre.

Let is always long. See Aie.

Let when it is dissyllabic, both syllables are short, as in li-es; but it is doubtful when it is monosyllabic, as in mien, tien, etc.; when it is long it has the sound of is in rin. See Ain.

Let is long only in ite, huile, style, tuile, presqu'ile.

Im. In. See Ain.

Let is long only in chime diverse and in the preservations of the styles are stored.

Ince is long only in abine, dixme, and in the pretern tensos, vince, primes, etc.

Ire is doubtful: empire, soupire, etc.; but always long in the preterit tensos, prirent, pantrent, etc.
Lee is always long; surprise, etc.

zee is always long; surprise, etc.

Isse is long only in these terminations of the subjunctive; fisse, prises, punissent, etc.

It is long only in the preterit of the subjunctive; qu'il prit, qu'il fit, etc.

Ite is long in bénite, gite, vite, and in the preterit tenses; vites, finites, etc.

Ite is long in critice, lutire, litre, regire; but short in registre, and all the rest.

Ive is long only in adjectives; vire, craintive, etc. Ivre is long only in viere (substantive.)

This letter has three sounds. It is long and open in trône, short in noble, long and broad

N. B. This third sound has not, I believe, been noticed by any grammarian. However the pronunciation of o in aurore, corps, alors, etc. as o in trône or noble, would be highly im-

proper.

This sound is regularly found before n r supported by other consonants, or an e mute; and before an r alone when its word ends a sentence.

The standard in English is, for the first, o in robe; for the second, o in rob, for the third o in lord.

O in the beginning of a word, is long only in os, osier, oter, hote.

Obe is long only in globe and lobe.

Ole, Oge, are long only in rode, doge.

Oi a diphthong that sometimes has the sound of we in sear or wert; sometimes those of e in there or ebb. It is doubtful at the end of words where it has always the sounds of sed or

in there or coo. M is company as the count of the open grave è, ils aimoiént, etc.
Oie is always long: fole, etc.
Oient a false diphthong that has always the sound of the open grave è, ils aimoiént, etc.
Oir a diphthong which has the sound of in in nin, preceded by the English w. See Aim
Oir is doubtful: acroir, espoir, etc.
Oire is always long: boire, mémoire, etc.

Ois, oise, oise, oitre, oivre, are always long, whether they have the sound of son, or of an

One only in the paroit, connect, and croit (he increases.)

Oit is long only in it paroit, connect, and croit (he increases.)

Oit is long only in drôle, pôle, geôle, môle, rôle, contrôle, il enjôle, enrôle, vole, (he steals.)

Om, on. This nasal vowel has no exact standard in English; but something like it is heard in song. See Aim. In French its standard is on in mon, and it is always long.

Ome is short only in Rome. Omme is always short.

One is always long when the n is not doubled: trône, etc.

the two first. Hence some pronounce bourre, leurre, etc. with the sound of où in joune, which is a very vicious pronunciation; for in French, as in English, the r generally opens the sound of the preceding vowel. By others, and especially by foreigners, feux, aloux, gonerous, jeune, etc. are pronounced with the sound of ou in bourre, which is no less exceptionable.

Or is always short, according to M. D'Olivet. M. Féreud makes it short only in caster, buter, encer; but longer in all other words, when r is followed by a d or t. The opinion of the latter seems to prevail, especially when the word eads a sentence. Therefore o in or, essor, port, bord, etc. should be placed in the class of the doubtful wowels.

Ore is always long and broad: encore, écapore, etc. But it becomes short before a feminine syllable: écaporer, etc. unless followed by two rr, which form a single articulation, as

in eclorrei, etc.

in ecborrest, etc.

Os, ose, are always long: repos, oppose, etc.

Osse is long only in grosse, fosse, emisses, engresse, and in their derivatives, which preserve the o long even before a masculine syllable: grossear, etc.

Ot is long only in impôt, ot depôt, entrepôt, suppôt, prévôt, rôt.

Ote is long only in hôte, côte, maltôte, ôte. The three last preserve the o long before a masculine syllable: côte, ôter, maltôte, etc.

Otre is long in apôte, and doubtful in sôtre and short in boule.

The first has for its standard, in English, the two oo in mood; the second, the two oo in

Oudre, one, are always long: mondre, je loue, etc.

Oudre, one, are always long: mondre, je loue, etc.

Oudle is long only in rouille, il dérouille, embrouille, débrouille; but becomes short boure
masculine syllable: rouiller, brouillon, etc.

Oule is long only in monde (muscla,) la foule, soule, il foule, écroule, roule.

Oure is doubtful: bravoure, etc.

Ourre is always long; but ourr becomes short before a masculine syllable, contrary to the rule after Arre; courrier, hourrade.

the after Arre; concree, and remainded to Course is long only in source.

Out is long only in acid, cout, gold, mout.

Out is long in absoute, foute, create, weste; il coute, broute, goute, ajoute, but mostly short elere a masculine syllable; fouter, etc.

U.

This letter has two sounds; it is long in base, and short in bat.

There is no standard for these sounds in English. To form the first, observe the situation of the tongue when you pronounce the English letter a. It widens itself into the cheeks, so that it touches the first grinders. When the tongue is in this situation, advance both lips a that it touches the first grinders. When the toughes is in this situation, advance both hips is little forwards, shutting them at the same time in such a manner as to leave a narrow oval passage for the breath. This movement will lightly press the tougue between the grinders, and its tip against the fore-teeth of the inferior jaw, and thus let the breath pass which is necessary to emit the sound of the French s. Its short sound is formed by dwelling less upon it.

Uche is long only in buche, embuche, débuche.

Uche is long only in packe, enterine, deputies.

Ue is always long: sue, torsue, etc.

Uge is doubsful: détage, jage, etc.

Ule is long only in brûle, and in all the tenses of brûler.

Ule is long only in brûle, and in all the tenses of brûler.

Ule is long only in brûle, and in all the tenses of brûler.

by lowering the inferior part of the mouth somewhat more than for the pronunciation of st, snaking at the same time the opening of the lips more circular, and throwing the breath against the interior part of the roof, whilst the tongue touches lightly the grinders in removing a little from the fove-teeth of the inferior jaw.

Umes is long only in preterit tenses: nariumes, reclimes, etc.

ing a little from the fove-teeth of the interior jaw.

Ume: is long only in preterit tenses: parkines, rechimes, etc.

Ure is always long: isginre, parjure, etc.

Use, usses, useen, are always long, except in la Prusse, les Russes.

Us is long only in file (hogskead) affile; and in the preterit of the subjunctive, qu'il file, etc.

Use is long only in filete, and in preterit tenses, littes, parlites, etc.

N. B. Few of these rules are without some exceptions. These exceptions, together with the promunciation of the proper and improper diphthongs that are not noticed in these rules, and likewise the various articulations of consonants, are shown in the similar spelling of their respective words.

a But as words are spelt as they are pronounced when alone, or before a consonant, we shall particularly notice here the final consonants which cease to be silent when they meet a word.

beginning with a vowel.

Directions for the articulation of the final consonants before a vowel or h mute.

General Rule.—Final consonants are to be articulated before a word beginning with a vowel or H mute.*

Excepting the above mentioned case the connexion should take place, even in conversa-

^{*} No rule is more frequently cited, nor has so many exceptions, even in a publick speech wherein it is more strictly adhered to. On this point, harmony must be first attended to. Whenever the connexion of a final consonant produces a discordant sound, it must be avoided; for as Mr. D'Olivet has very properly remarked, "the French prefer an irregularity to a discoulate." cordunce."

2d. Ceneral Rule .- All final consonants that are articulated when a word stands alone, or before the consonant of another word, preserve the same articulation before a vowel, unless otherwise mentioned in the following observations.

B is articulated only in radom, and proper names, even before a consonant. C. When the final c is articulated, it has the articulation of k.

It is always silent in accroc, arsenic, broc, cotignar, marc, (weight or grounds,) estomac, lacs, (love knots;) in the last syllable of succinct, and of porc-épic, and after the nasal sounds, as banc, convainc, etc.

However, it is articulated in donc at the beginning of a sentence and before a vowel; also

in franc-encens, franc-alleu, du blanc au noir.

D. When the final d is heard before a vowel or h mute, it has the articulation of a t. It is always silent in sourd, nid, in the terminations in ona, rond, etc. and after an r, as in fwyard, accord, etc.

In other words it is frequently suppressed in conversation.

In other words it is frequently suppressed in conversation.

It should never be suppressed, 1st. in de fond on comblet; 2d. after quand, before il, ils, eux, ils should never be suppressed, 1st. in de fond on comblet; 2d. after quand, before il, ils, eux, ils, son, en, a, au, aux; 3d. after adjectives followed by their substantives: grand homme, grand arbre, etc. 4th. after the third person of verbs, when they are followed by their pronoun personal, or the preposition à; répond-il? il entend à dons, etc.

F. The final f is generally articulated even before a consonant.

It is silent, even before a vowel; 1st. in baillif, clef, eerf; but is always heard in corne de cerf; 2d. in chef and nerf when used in the following expressions, chef-d'œuvre, nerf de beufs, although it must be articulated in any other place; 3d. in plusal nouns, as boufs, earls, &c. except chefs, wherein it is always articulated.

bouls, although it must be articulated in any other place; 3d. in plusal nouns, as bouls, outs, &c. except chefs, wherein it is always articulated.

G. The final g, when it is not silent, has the articulation of a k.

It is articulated, 1st, in sang and rang before an adjective, sang échauffé, rang élevé, &c.

2d, in these or similar sentences, suer sang et eau, de rang en rang, &c. 3d, always in bourg.

According to M. Féraud it is also heard in long before a substantive: long été, &c. which he spells lon-kété. The word long before a vowel is generally avoided, or the g suppressed in the pronunciation.

In jour some pronounce it as g in bag, even before a consonant; others suppress it even

before a vowel.

H. H is seldom, and ought never to be final in French. It has no articulation.

When it is deemed aspirate, "it only communicates to the vowel the properties of a consonant; that is to say: if the preceding word end with a vowel, that vowel is never suppressed; if it end with a consonant, that consonant is never connected with the vowel which follows To this is confined all the effect of the aspirated H." D'Olivet.

This pretended aspiration, so different from that of the English, is nothing else than the

hiatus occasioned by the meeting of two vowels, as in go on, go again.

N. B. The h is preserved in the similar spelling only in words before which no vowel is suppressed, and with which no consonant is connected.

It is proper to notice here some irregularities of this letter.

In conversation or prose h is mute in *Henri*; it may be aspirated in poetry.

According to the Academy it is better to aspirate it in hideux. The contrary custom still It is aspirated in Hollande and Hongrie, but mute in toile or fromage d'Hollande, Reine or

point d'Hengrie.

It is mute in huit and its derivatives; however, we spell and pronounce le huit, le huitième, la huitaine, as if it were aspirated.

Onze and its derivatives, and our used substantively, produce the effects of the aspirated h. No vowel is suppressed before these words, nor any consonant connected with them, les onze, les onzièmes, &c. le oui et le non, tous vos oui, &c. although we spell and pronounce je crois qu'ous, instead of je crois que out.

L. The final l is never pronounced in barril, chenil, fusil, gentil, gril, outil, nombril, persil, soul, sourcil, pouls, fils, cul. But gentil in gentil-homme, and gril in verse, take the liquid articulation of gl in seragin.

In conversation, some records whom Richelet calls referent suppress it in calculate calls.

In conversation, some people, whom Richelet calls refiners, suppress it in quelque, quelquefois, quelqu'un, though they pronounce it in quel and quelconque. They suppress it likewise
after the pronouns il, ils: and instead of pronouncing il dit, ils out dit, parlet-il encore? as if
spelt il di, il-zon-di, parlet-il-n-kor? pronounce i-di, i-zon-di, parlet-ien-kor?
M. Chambaud observes, with regard to this last point, that the l cannot be silent in reading; and that it would be better to pronounce it always, to avoid double memings. Since
this suppression of the l may consider which it is enough the top complifity avoided.

this suppression of the *l* may occasion ambiguity, it cannot be too carefully avoided.

M. The final m is never articulated when it makes a nasal sound. It is always articulated in hem! item, and in foreign names, Amsterdam, &c. However m is silent in Adam and Absolom, which have a nasal sound.

N. The final n, when it makes a nasal sound, is articulated before a vowel only in the

following cases:

1st. Adjectives before their substantives, and mon, ton, son, rien, un, and bien (adverb.)
lose their nasal sound in connecting their n with a following vowel; certain anteur, divin

tion, when the first word determines, qualifies, or modifies the sound; as the article before its nown; the adjective or pronoun before its substantive; the substantive before its adjective; the nown or pronoun before its verb; the verb before its pronoun, adverb, object, or end; the adverb before an adjective or participle

amour, bon ami, rien au monde, un homme, bien-aimé, &cc. pronounce cer-té-no-teur, di-vi-na-

mour, rie no-monde, bo-na-mi, u-nom, bie né-mé.
2d. Benin and malin ought not to be placed before a substantive, except main copru, wherein malin preserves its nasal sound, and a second n is articulated before esprit: malin-

sespri.

3d. En and on preserve their nasal sound, but a second n is articulated before a vowel to encurrent, on assure, &c. pronounce en-nen-tran, on-na-sure. But the first after an imperation of the second number of t tive and the second after its verb, are never connected; par-lez-en à votre 7881, a-t-onappris, &c.
P. 'The final p of coup, beaucoup, and trop, and of the words that have it articulated before
P. 'The final p of coup, beaucoup, and trop, and of the words that have it articulated before

a consonant, are the only ones heard before a vowel.

Q. When the final q is not silent, it has the articulation of a k. It is always heard in cinq, when alone, and before a vowel; also in coq, but never in coq-d' Inde.

R. The final r is generally articulated before vowels, at least in reading.

Except, 1st, Monsteir and Messieurs; though it be always hard in le sieur, les sieurs.

2d. The plural of nouns ending in er, wherein the s alone is articulated like a z.

3d. It is often suppressed in conversation before consonants in motre, votre, quaire, prenounced not, vot, quai; but never in Notre père qui êtes aux cieux, Notre-Dame, quaire-vingts, nor at the end of a sentence.

4th Sometimes else it in appressed in conversation in the sentence of the conversation is a conversation in the sentence.

4th. Sometimes also it is suppressed in conversation in the verbs and nouns ending in er; but never in proper names; words derived from foreign languages, nor when the c is open grave, as in Junter, pater, mer, etc.

5th. Some suppress it in words ending in ir; but it is not the prevailing custom.

S. The final s, in reading, is a lways heard before a vowel. It is articulated as in yes, even before a consonant, in the words vis and cens; and in the Latin, and proper names, Pallas. bolus, &cc.

In any other word, before a vowel, it has the articulation of a z, in which case it is often

any other word, before a vowel, it has the articulation of a z, in which case it is often suppressed in conversation, but this would be a fault in reading.

T. The t final is generally articulated before a vowel; except, lst. When it is preceded by another consonant; respect humans, effort étomant, etc.

2d. In quatre-vingt-un, quatre-vingt-onze, though it be articulated in vingt et un, and even before consonants in the following numbers, up to vingt-neuf inclusively.

3d. In all plural nouns, and in et, teint, contrat, modu, tet, protet, puits.

4th. It is silent in fort, (adjective) fort a grand, but articulated in fort, (adverb) fort simplife.

aimable.

X. The final x is always articulated, 1st, as ks in Greek and Latin words: stix, prefix, &cc.; 2d. as the s of yes in Aix, Cadix; and like a z in all other words, but only before a

Z. Is silent before a vowel only in the word nez: it is frequently suppressed at the end of other words in conversation; but these and similar licenses, though tolerated, can never be enforced as rules.

Explanations of the Abbreviations used in this Dictionary.

V. Vide, see. conj. conjunction. pl. plural. interj. interjection. Mar. marine term. v. a. verb active. Ex. example. prep. preposition. v. n. verb neuter. adj. adjective. pron. pronoun. v. r. reciprocal verb. adv. adverb. m. masculine. * obsolete or seldom used s. substantive. f. feminine.

A Table of the simple sounds to which all the French vowels and diphthongs are referred, by the figures over the letters in the Dictionary,

FR	EENCH SOUNDS. E	NGLISH	SOUNDS.	· ·	FRENCH SO	UNDS
A, E,	Long in bås, Short in bal, Close in côté, Open grave in après Open acute in trom- pette, Guttural in refus,	êbb. ovêr.	p. 4 p. 6 p. 6	U, { Long in Short in (Long-close in EU, Short in Long-broad in AN (Long in or Short in	bût. jêûne. 'nêute. bêurre. ènfant. cênt.	p. 9 p. 7 p. 5
I,	Long in gite Short in ami,	field.	p. 8	EN, (Short-slender in IN, Long in	lien.	p. 8
o ou,	Long-open in trone, Short in noble, Long-broad in aurore Long in roule, Short in boule;	fig. robe. rob. lord. mood. good.	p. 8	ON, Long in UN, Long in	mon.	p. 8 p. 9
	•	6				•

A Table of the consonants which, in the similar spelling, must be constantly articulated as follows.

b, as in	bag, rob.	n, as in	not, can.
d, as in	done, nod.	n, (italick) denotes	a nasal sound.
5, as in	fig, of.	p, as in	put, up.
g, as in g, (ita.ick) as in	go, bag.	r, as in	robe, or.
g, (ita.ick) as in	guard.	s, as in	safe, yes.
g-11, as in	magnificent.	sh, as in	shore, ash.
gn, as in	poignant.	t, as in	table, bit.
h, see pege 10.		v, as in	vine, love
k. as c in	corn, musick.	w, as in	wag.
*k, (italick) as in	card.	y, as in	yes.
), 86 in	ad, eel.	z, as in ·	zone, size.
l, (italick) as gl in	seraglio.	z, (italick) as in	azure.
m. as in.	man am	i (

Directions for using the similar sounds and articulations.

- The figures over the vowels mark their respective sounds. To have them perfect, they
 use be stripped of their attending consonants, without losing any part of their peculiar
- sounds.

 2. Two vowels in the same syllable are to be pronounced together, and the first shorter than the second. Thus in plack, the similar sounds for picto, the 1 must be united with k, precisely as in the word hosier, the i is united with er.

 3. 1 marked with the figure 1, is equivalent to be in field.

 4. 00 in the same syllable have a single figure, to show that they express a single sound as in

- mood or good.
- 5. In nouns of the singular number, the final vowel marked 2, undergoes some change in the pharal; thus à-mì, trà-zōr, fièur, &cc. cimilar sounds of a-mi, trèsor, fieur, become in the pharal à-mì, trà-zōr, fièur.
- ral 8.-m), tra-207, neur.

 6. The standards that have an u, or an u in halick type, are peculiar to the French language.

 Look for them as directed in the foregoing table.

 7. When u has no figure, it makes with the vowet e, one of the sounds of the diphthong on in jedne, melute, between.

 8. The three nasal sounds that have no figure never vary.

 9. An adjective or participle, whose feminine is not noticed in the similar spelling, is pro-

nounced in the same manner for both genders, except the sound of h, which is somewhat longer for the feminine.

10. The syllables are divided as they are heard in conversation, and not as they are counted in

poetry.

EXAMPLES:

Veiller, vê-là; the 2 marks è in èbb; the 3 à in base; and the l in Raick, the articulation of gl, in seraglio. But when it is followed by a vowel, its similar sound must be vê-lêr. See

Courtisan, e, kôor-tl-zên, zân. The first 2 denotes do in good; the second l in flg; the figure 1 and the n Italick, en in en-fant; the next syllable separated by a comma, which is the feminine termination of that substantive, has the sound of h in bat, and n articulated as in

Poignard, pwd-gnar. The 2 marks a in bat; the 1 a in bar; gn in the same syllable, the articulation of gn in poignant.

Baguenande, bag-nod. The 2 denotes a in bat; the 1 o in robe; and g, being separated from n, must be articulated as in magnificent.

Guerre, ger. The 1 marks è in there; and the g in Ralick, the softened articulation of the heard se commented on in the next below.

ard g commented on in the note below. Jour, zoor. The 2 denotes do in good; and the z in Ralick the articulation of z in azure.

* The g and k in Italick type denote that, between them and the following vowel, a sound like a or y is interposed, the better to unite the letters, and soften a tittle their hard articulation. This softened articulation of the hard c and k, and g, is noticed in Steele's Gramar, page 49; reproved in Nare's Orth. page 28, as "a monster of promuriation only heard on the English stage." It is given as polite promunciation by Walker, who in his pronouncing

Dictionary, directs us to pronounce card, guard, kind, &cc. as if spelt, ke-hard, ghe-ard, or gyard, kyind, &cc.

This intermediale sound is very obvious in cue and argue, which are not pronounced kou and argue, but as if a k or g were articulated before the pronoun you, so that kyou and argyou, of-

fer the same sounds as cue and argue.

The sound of this y between the k or g and the diphthong ou, is precisely that which the French interpose between them, and their u, as in cure, legume; and which they frequently express by an u after q or g before their e and ... as in manque, quête, vainqueur, guette, guide, rigueur, &cc. wherein these letternare less hard than in corps, garde, though harder than in cet, cite, gêne, gite.

TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH VERBS.

EXPLANATION. -As there are in French Verbs only four terminations, viz. er,

tr, oir, and re, there are but four conjugations.

The Verb whose termination is at capitals, with a hyphen (·) prefixed, is a regular Perb, which is to guide the pupil in regard to all the regular verbs of the same conjugation; the hyphen in each row pointing out the variation which that termination receives for every simple tense.

rivatives are to be conjugated in the same manner; for instance, consenter, pressentir, beressentir, being derived from seulir, undergo the same inflaxions. Again, the Verbs in consurer are to be conjugated like ourser; the Verbs conquerir, senquerir, requerir, care to be varied like queers, in the second conjugation. Where it is prefixed, it means that other Verbs of the same termination are to be conjugated in the same manner. In second conjugated in the same manner. The Verbs which follow each regular Verb are primitive irregular Verbs, whose de-

peindry, tethdre, veindre, freindre, preindre, and treindre, are to be conjugated: ondre shows show joindre and us derivatives, as well as poindre, are to change: offer shows serire, as inscrire, prescrire, proscrire, souscrire, transcrire, are to have their final crire varied; wire shows how to conjugate produire, and all other Verbe in daire, person singular the i must have the circumflex over it; and the same should be observed with natire and pattre: crive shows how derive, decrive, and all those in And among the irregulars of the fourth conjugation, aindre shows how craindre, plaindre, contraindre, are to vary; eindre shows how feindre, and the Verbe in ceindre. low parolite, comofter, and their derivatives, should vary, but observe, that in the third as well as those in cuire, and those in truire or struire, as detraire, increare, con struire, etc.

Infraitive.		Particip. Pr.	Partic. Past.	Present 1	Present Indicative.	Preterit Indic.	Putare Indic.	Present Rubjunctive.
Parl-ER,† Aller,‡ s ployer (Em-,)	to speak, to Ev, to employ, to send,	Parl-crat, allant, em-ploycrat, envoyant,	Parl-é, allé or été, ; em-ployé, ensoyé,	Je Parl-e, je vais or vas, jem-ploie, jenvoie,	ils Parl-ent, ils vont, ils em-ploient, ils envoient,	je Parl-ai, Pallai or je fus, em-ployai, envoyai,	je Parl <i>-crai,</i> jirai, j'em-plofrai, j'enverrai,	je Parl-c. Jaile,—nous allions, etc. Jem-plože,—nous-employions, etc. Jenvoie,—nous envoyions, etc.
Bkt-IR. Assaillir, fr. Bouillir,	to build, to assault, to boil,	Bat-iescut, assaillant, bouillant,	Bate; Bate; bouilli, conn.	je Bâtis, 'assaille, e bous,	ils B&-tissent, ils assaillent, ils bouillent, ils courent.	e Bât-is, sasaillis, e bouillis,	je Bat- áraí , 'assailliraí, je bouilliraí, e courraí.	je Bât-iee. Vassaille. je bouille. je coure.
in Cueillir, in Paillir, in Failir, in Fuir,	to gather, to steep, to fail, to shee, to sky,	cueillant, dormant, faillant, fuyant,	cueilli, dormi, failli, fui,	je cueille, je dors, je faux,* je fuis,	ils cueillent, ils clorment, ils faillent,* ils fuient,	e cueillis, e dormis, e faillis, e fuis,	e cueillerai, le dormirai, le faudrai,* le fuirai,	je cueille. je dorme. je faille.* je fuie.
Hafr, fin Mentir, fin Offrir, in Our,	to hate, to die, to offer, to hear,	haïssaut, mentant, mourant, offrant, ovant,*	hat, menti, mort, offert, out,	e hais, e mens, e meurs, offre, 'ois,*	ils halssent, ils mentent, ils meurent, ils offrent, ils oient,*	e hais, e mentis, e mourus, offris,	e hefrai, je mentirai, je mourrai, joffrirai,	ie haltse. 1e mente. 1e meure,—nous mourious, etc. 1offre. 1oie.*
in Oavrir, in Partir,6 in querir (Ac.,)	to open, to set out, to acquire,	ouvrant, partant, ac-querant,	ouvert, parti, ac-quis,	l'ouvre, le pars, l'ac-galers,	ils ouvrent, ils partent, ils ac-quièrent,	'ouvris, le partis, 'ac-quis,	jouvrirai, je partirai, jac-querrai,	Youvre. le parte. l'ac-quière, pons ac-quérions, etc.

Where this (*) mark occurs, it means that the expression is soldon used.

Where this (*) mark occurs, it means that the expression is soldon used.

Yerb in ger, because the gir to remain soft throughout heir tenses, retain a before the tor. I Eris and § 6 fm, can use to corpuse that the person sent and sease back.

Yerb in ger, because the gir and a seasy cast, § 6 margoris, etc. Those in ser, we can out sety, it seasy it seasy it seasy to sea.

Marcin to beginning with a nnd o; hence margers margoris, etc. Those in ser, we get or sea, seasy it seasy it seasy to season the because the sease of the share or divide, are regular.

Season to be a subcorrection of throughout their tenses, change o into g in the same circum— § Fartir, réperter, and mi-perter in the sense of to share or divide, are regular. Where this (*) mark occurs, it means that the expression is seldom used

CONTINUATION OF THE TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH YERBS.

		3	ON THE PARTIES OF		THE POR CONS	LAE LABLE FOR CONSOGALING FRENCH VERSE	NOR VERBE	**
Infinitive.		Particip. Pr.	Partic. Past.	Present 1	Present Indicative.	Preterit Indic.	Future Indic.	Present Subfunctive.
Se repentir,	to repent,	_	repenti,	je me repens,	ils se repentent,	je me repentis,	je me repentirai,	je me repente.
in saillir (Tres-,)	to startle,	tres-saillant,	tres-sailli,	je tres-saille,	ils tres-saillent	je tres-saillis,	je tres-sallirai,	je tres-saille.
in Sentir,	to feel, smell,	~	senti,	Je sens,	ils sentent,	je sentis,	e sentirai,	je sente.
in Servir,	to serve,		servi,	Je sers,	ils servent,	je servis,	je servirai,	je serve.
ss Sortir,	to go oud,	sortant,	sorti,	je sors,	ils sortent,	je sortis,	je sortirai,	je sorte.
Souffrir,	to suffer,	souffrant,	souffert,	je souffre	Ť,		je souffrirai,	je souffre.
in Tenir,	to hold, keep,	tenant,	tenu,	je tiens,		_	je tiendrai,	je tienne,—nous tenions, etc.
m Venir,	to come,	venant,	venu,	je viens,	ید	- •	e viendrai,	je vienne,nous venions, etc.
in Vêur,	to clothe,	vetant,	vetu,	je věts,		_	e vêtirai,	je vête.
Con-CEVOIR,	to conceive,	Con-cerant,	Con-52,	je Con-core,	8	çare,	le Con-cerrai,	le Con-coive, nous Con-cevious, etc.
in Devoir,	to once,	devant,	da,	le dois,			je devrai,	je doive,—nous devions, etc.
in Asseoir,	to sit double,	asseyant,	assis,	l'assieds,	ils asseyent,		l'assièrai,	j'asseye,—nous asseyions, etc.
Avoir,	to have,	ayant,	ea,	J'ai, tu as, il a,	avons, avez,ont;		J'aurai,	l'aie, aies, ait, -ayons, ayez, aiemt.
is Choir (Dé.)	to decline,	de-chéyant,	de-chu,		ils de-choient,		je de-cherrai,	je dé-choie, nous dé-choyions, etc.
Falloir,	to be requisite,	fallant,*	fallu,		Wanting,		il faudra,	il faille.
in Mouvoir,	to move,	mouvant,	mu,		ils menvent,		e mouvrai,	je meuve,-nous mouvious, etc.
Pleuvoir,	to rain,	pleuvant,	. npd		Wanting,	il plut,	il pleuvra,	il pleuve.
Pourvoir,	to provide,	pourvoyant,	pourru,	je pourvois,	ils pourvoient,	je pourvus,	je pourvoirai,	e pourvoie, nous pourvoyions, etc.
Pouvoir,	to be able,	pouvant,	par.		ils penvent,	le bus,	je pourrai,	le puisse, nous puissions, etc.
Prevaloir,	to menail,	prevalant,	prevalu,	je prevaux,	ils prévalent,	je prevalus,	le prévaudrai,	je prevale.
Prévoir,	to foresee,	prevoyant,	prévu,	ois,	ils prévoient,	je previs,	je prévoirai,	e prévoie, nous prévoyions, etc.
	to know,	sachant,	æ,	e sais,	nous savons, etc.	Je sus,	le saurai,	e sache, -nous sachions, etc.
	to befft,	seyant,	Wanting,	je sieds,	ils sicent,	Wanting,	e sierai,	je siėe.
	to supersede,	surseoyant,	sursis,	je surseois,	ils sursecient,	le sursis,	je surscoirai,	je surseoie,—nous surseoyions, etc.
	to be worth,	Valant,	valu,	Je vaux,	ils valent,	8,	je vaudrai,	je vaille,—nous valions, etc.
in Voir,	to see,	voyant,	va,	Je vois,	ils voient,		le verrai,	je voie, nous voynons, etc.
. m Vouloir,	to be willing,	voulant,	volu,	Je veux,	ils veulent,	je voulus,	le voudrai,	le veuille, nous voulions, etc.
Rend-RE,	to render,	Rend-ant,	Kend-w,	je Kend-e,	ils Kend-ent,	50	je Kend-rai,	je Kend-e.
fr aindre (Cr.,)	to fear,	er-angrapet,	cr-and,	je Gr-ame,	ils cr-angment,	je cr-aigms,	je cr-andrai,	je cr-cagne.
in Battre,	to beat,	battant,	battu,	je pats,	ils battent,		je battrat,	je batte.
in Boire,	to drank,	huvant,	ž.	je bois,	ils boivent,	je bus,	je boirai,	je boive, nous buvione, etc.
Braire,	to bray,	_	brait,	je brais, .	ils braient,		je brairai,	je braie.
Circoncine,	to circumcise,	circoncisant,	erreonets,	Je circoncis,	ils circoncisent,	Je circoncis,	je circoncirai,	Je circoncide.
+ Asservir (to subject) is regula.	thiect) is regular.	•			seoir (to fi	scoir (to fit) has for its participles seant, sin	ples seant, sis.	

Asservir (to subject) is regular.

Asservir (to subject) is regular.

Servir and research (whol he "reman also asservir (to match) and des-asservir, are regular. [Be Edoir bocomes elektrat. elektrat.—[it chief. (principles become asservir, whole he research, asservir, its asservir, and asservir, its asservir,

CONTINUATION OF THE TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH VERBS.

to shud up,	Particip. Pr.	Past	Present .	Present Indicative.	<u> </u>	Future Indac.	Freerid Shojvancino. je close,
	con-chara,	con-cla,1	je-con-clus,†	¥, -	je con-clus,	e con-clarai,	de con-class, mous con-clasions, etc.
			e conds			e coudrai,	e couse.
			l'e-cra			l'é-crirai,	J'6-orive.
	croyant,		le crois	lls crolent,		le cromai,	le croie,nous croyions, etc.
	-					e dirai,	le dise.
	_					Je f-eindrai,	Je feigne.
			Æ,	out,		je serai,	le sois, sois, soit, soyons, soyez, soient.
		fait	\$noA‡	faites, ils font,	Ť	le ferai,	je fasse,—nous fassions, etc.
		i i	e lis.		_	le irreal,	le rasse rare, erc.
to ertine, lu				ils luisent,		Je luirai,	je luise.
	audissant,	maudit,		ils mendissent,			je maudi sse.
	nettant,			ils mettent,			je mette.
grind, m	moulant,	moniu,	je monds,	ils moulent,	je moulus,	je moudrai,	je moule.
	aissant,	2		ils naissent,			e nausse.
	monday.	-oint		ils i-niment	-		in i-dione
appear, p	ar-oissand,			ils par-oissent,			le par-ouse.
	aissant,			ils paissent,		je paltrai,	je paisse.
	laisant,	plu,		ils plaisent,		je plairai,	je plaise.
	renant,			ils prennent,		je prendraj,	T
	rignt,	É,		ils rient,		je rirai,	je rie, nous rions, etc.
to resouve, re		÷ •		ils re-socoeta,	e re-sous,	le re-soudra,	je ro-some.
		Time a		ns sumseur,		le summan	'seminac'
,	survant,	•				le suivrai,	le snive.
not to speak of ta	usant,					le tairai,	
						e trairai,	je trate, nous trayions, etc.
to ocercome, v	vainquant,			ils vainquent,	le vainduis,	le vancrai,	le vainque.
_		vecu,	le vis,		_	le vivrau,	e vive.
to produce, pi	prod-wisant,	-	_		je prnd-mins,	je prod-uáraí,	je prod-une.

ercine (f.) or derive (m.) ercine (f.) We write either it conclut, or it conclut, (feedemic.) & Absoudre (to absolve) and dissoudre (to dissolve) have their second person planel of the present indicative and of the insert and of the insert and of the insert and of the insert of the insert indicative dissoure (m.) dissoure (f.) and dissoure (f.) and dissoure, has it to enser of to dissolve, has it to ensert in the take the regular termination dissource in theory (n.) thence (f.) and the probability in the concept of the dissolve, has it to be sense of to dissolve.

	Singu	lar.	Plural.	,			
Indic. Pres.	e es	0;	on ez		ent. Ir, oir, re	are	regul. only in the pl.
Imperf	ois oi (ai as		ions ie		èrent. then	e ji	our conjugations. As no exception to this
Pret. \ \ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \ 2&A \ jugu- 3 \ tion. \end{pmatrix}	}is is	it;	imes ite	8	frent. rule,	, th	e tense is not in the
in enir	(us us ins im		ûmes ûte		urent. table	of	verbs.
Fut. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	∫ai as		ons ez			lo t	he infinitive in er.
Condit.	(rai ⊤a		rons rea		rent.		•
Subjunc. Pres.	rois ro	e:	rions rie	L	roient. ent.		
Pret. \ \ 28x4 \ \ juga \ \ tion. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(asse ass	ses ât;	assions ass		assent.		
Pret. 2014 Juga-	(1550 1590 1550 1580	rs It;	ussions uss				
in enir	insse ine	ses int:	inssiens ins	iez	inssent.		
The Imperative has s in 2d pers. sing. pres. indic. The 3	no 1st pe	rs. and i	s like the pre	a. i	ndic. in 1st cor	ij. (except its having ne
pres. indic. The 3	d pers. si	ng. is like	the 3d pres.	sub	junc. The Pa	rtic	iples will be found in
the table.			·				
The Compound Ten	ses, forme	d by am	nexing the Pa	ıst]	Participle to th	e v	arious tenses of the
verbs avoir and fte Compound of the Pr			n the follown	g t	abie.		1
To have,		- 5	avoir, o	48	être, <i>or</i> étant,	ł	s'être, m'être, etc.
having,		- in	ay ant,	12	étant,		s'étant, m'étant, sie
had, I have,	: :	5	J'ai, a	냚	Je suis.		Winting. Je me suis,
thou hast		- 3	1412 000	18	tu es.	Į	tu t'es,
he has or he hath, -	: :	- 8	il a, nous avons,	5	uest,		il s'est, nous nous sommes,
you have or ye have,		- la	rous aves,		vous êtes,	1	vous vous étes,
they have.	 		ils ont.	motion	ils sont.	3	ils se sont.
Compound of the Pr	etern ma	ition .	j'èus, o	ᆤ	je fus. or	Ē	je me fus, u te fus,
thou hadst,		- 1-8	tu eus,	Įğ	je fus, or	Ę	iu te fus,
ne had,		_ 0	il cut, nous câmes,	æ	il fut, nous fûmes,	E	nous nous filmes
you had,		- 8		Ş	vous fûtes,		iu te fus, il se fut, nous nous fànses, vous vous fànses, ils se furent.
they had.		J	ils curent.	層	ils furent.	2	ils se furent.
Compound of the lm I had, -	benect 1	- 1g	Pavoie o	3	j'etois, or	E	ie m'étois.
thou hadst, - -		- ×	tu avois,	70	tu étois.	g	je m'ėtois, tu t'étois,
he had,	: :	1 2	il avoit, nous avions,	Į,	il étoit, nous étions,	3	il s'étoit, nous nous étions,
you had,		- 1	vous aviez,	녆	vous etiez,	(8	vous vous étiez.
they had Compound of the Fu	Indi		ils avoient.	8	ils étoient.	E	ils s'étoient.
I shall or will have,	raie mai	1.50	j'aurai, o	. 5	je serai, or		je me serai.
thou shalt or wilt have		Reci	tu auras,	a ii	tu seras,		je me serai, tu te seras,
he shall or will have, we shall or will have,		12	il aura, nous aurons,	8	il sera, nous serons,	Ę	il se sera, nous nous serons,
you shall or will have	,	٤ ١	vons aurez,	8	vous serez,	•	vous vous serez,
they shall or will have Compound of the Co		India 3	ils auront.	iş.	ils seront.	5	ils se seront.
I should or would have		Reflective	j'aurois, o	di	je serois, or		je me serois,
thou should'st or wou	ld'st have,	- 125	iu nui ois,	15	,,	g.	itu te serois.
he should or would he we should or would h		1.5	il auroit, nous aurions	F	il seroit, nous serions,	į.	il se seroit, nous nous serions,
you should or would	have, -	- 19	vous auriez,	1	vous seriez,	ξ	vous vous seriez,
they should or would Compound of the Pre		- E	ils auroient.	Ž	ils seroient.	Pa	ils se seroient
I may have, shall have		_ [ss	j'aie, o	- 8	je sois, <i>or</i>	홀	je me sois,
thou may'st have, etc.		- 0	tu aies		tu sois,	ы	tu te sois,
he may have, etc	: :	- ba	il ait, nous ayons,	ğ	il soit, nous soyons,	æ	il se soit, nous nous soyons:
you may have, etc.		1 41		الإ	vous soyez,		vous vous soyez,
they may have, etc. Comp.of the Pret.(Im	n or Cor '	- 1:5	vous ayez, ils aient.	1.5	ils soient.		ils se soient
I might have, should	have, I had	i, etc.	j'eusse, o	ΨĘ	je fusse, or		je me fusse,
thou mightest have, or	ic.		tu cusses, il eût,		in fueens		un te fusses,
he might have, etc.	: :	- 1-	il eùi, nous eussions	Ę	il fût, nous fussions,		il se fût, nous nous fussions,
we might have, etc.	•	- 5	vous eussiez.				vous vous fussiez,
they might have, etc.		. 🏲	ils eussent.	>	ils fussent.	1	ils se fussent.

FRENCH

PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY.

bar, bat, base: there; cbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good. buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

A, a, First letter in the alphabet, and first of the vowels.

A, s. m. A. Un bon A, a good A. R ne sait mi A ni B, he knows not A from B, he is a mere ignoramus.

A, is sometimes the third person singular of the present in the indicative mood of the verb moor. Il a, he has; elle a, she has; on a, one has, people have. Il y a, there is (speaking of one,) there are (speaking of several.

A, with the grave accent over it, when not a capital, is a preposition, for which the English chiefly but not indiscriminately use, at, to, in, into, by and with, within, at the distance of, on, for, after, according to, etc. Now instead of à le or à la, before a vowel not aspirate, or bofore h mute, the French use à l'; unstead of le before a consonant they uso an; and instead of à les they use aux: A ce prixilà, at that rate; à raison de cinq pour cent, at the rate of five per cent.; il sera ici à dix keures, he will be here at ten o'clock; elle est assise à la porte, she ai setting at the door; nous fouons souvent aux cartes; we often play at cards; it vise à cet emploi, he aims at that place; cela est arrivé à Paris, that happened at Paris. Allex à Paris, go to Paris, venez à Londres, come to London; à l'assi; to the friend, à l'homme, to the man: à l'âme, to the soul; au roi, to the king, à la reine, to the queen; aux officiers, to the officers. Il demeure à Douvres, he lives in Dover; votre chapmu est à la mode, your hat is in the fashion. J'irai à la campagne, I shall go into the country. A la faveur de la muit, by the help of the night; à force de, by strength of, by dint of; an moyen de, by means of. Bâtir à chaux et à sable, to huild with lime and sand; travailler à l'aiguille, to work with the needle; à grand'peine, with much trouble; Je n'ai pas encore vu l'homme au nez rouge, I have not yet seen the man with a red nose; or whose nose is red. A deux doigts de terre, within two inches of the ground, or at the distance of two inches from the ground. A droite, or à main droite, on the right hand; au contraire, on the contrary. Faites son habit à mon domestique, make a coat for my servant. Voulez-rous que cet habit soit à la française? Will you have that coat after the French fashion! A ce qu'on dit, according to what people say, by what people say, a mon amis, according to my opinion, in my opinion.

This preposition à is also used in reckoning cannet. Courtes à ries four love: ries à ries and a ries are a ries and a ries and

games: Quatre à rien, four love ; cinq à cinq, ave all ; trois à quartre, three to four ; etc. à is also used to express a progressive succession in an ordinal march, when the word is repeated, and then à is equal to by or and.
Ils marchoient trois à trois, they were walking three by three, or three and three; pas à pas, step by step. See En.

step by step. See En.
The following observations will, the Editor hopes, he of service to the student. French Ed.
I. When a verb is found to govern an action of the student of the student of the student of the students. cusative in regard to the thing, whether this be expressed by a noun or by a phrase, the person (or what is used instead of the person,) governed by the same verb, is generally to be considered as if affected by to (a, said to be the sign of the dative case,) let the manner in which it is presented be with or without any preposition: Elle dit la même chose à mon frère, she tells the same thing to my brother, or (by transposing the person governed be-fore the thing governed, which transposition allows the suppression of the preposition in English, she tells my brother the same thing; elle promit a mon frere qu'elle viendrait demain, she promised my brother that she would come to-morrow; nous primes à l'enne-mi une quantité immense de provisions, we took from the enemy an immense quantity of provisions.

provisions.

It is from the same cause that an infinitive affected by any part of faire, laiseer, voir, out, or entendre (considered each as an auxiliary verb,) if that infinitive genera an accusative in regard to the thing, the person (or what is used instead of the person; considered as governed by the auxiliary warb, is often rendered as if affected by to (a) though the English preposition commonly used in these circumstances be by when the (a) though the English preposition commonly used in these circumstances be by, when the second verb is introduced passively: Cesas fit promettre à Augustin de venir le vois au châleau, Cesar mode Augustine promise to come and see him at the castle; c'est un grand talent que de savoir faire aimer la vertu aux mechans, to know how to make the wicked love virtue (or virtue loved by the wicked) is a great taleni

II. The French preposition à is prefixed to an infinitive when the expression which governs it would require à (to) before the name of the thing for which the infinitive then stands, on account of a tendency towards the chief of bence. It segs condamé à the object, etc. hence, Il sera condamné à rendre l'argent, he will be condemned to renare targest, he will be condemined in return the money (hecause we say condamner une personne à une chose, to condemn a per-son to a thing.) Or, when this infinitive has a passive meaning, though presented in its active form, in which circumstance it might govern in the accusative a preceding nous

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, good.

(or pronoun) which is already in one case: | La question est difficile a résoudre, the ques-tion is difficult to solve or to be solved (here, la question might be made the accusative of resoudre; for, we might say, il est difficile de resoudre la question.) Jai deux ou trois lettres à écrire, I have two or three letters to write (to be written, which must be written, which I must write,) or, I am to write, (I

must write) two or three letters.

III. As the French preposition à, prefixed to a noun, is often found to announce how far a qualification or modification extends, extended or may extend, so, when prefixed to an infinitive, it may be found to announce the same: Une reste à manches, a waistcoat with sleeves to it, or that has sleeves; il aime à la folie, he loves to distraction; elle s'afflige à la mort, she grieves herself to death; c'est do any thing or fit for any thing; roild as rocks a vous ruiner, that is a law-suit which is likely to ruin you: hence also, un maître à danser, a dancing master, or a master who teaches dancing.

IV. The French preposition à is often

found to denote duty, part, or business, and even turn: C'est à moi à vous prouver, it is my duty (part or business) to prove to you, or I am to prove to you (with an emphasis apon my or I:) c'est à rous à parler, it is your turn to speak, or now you are to speak

(with an emphasis upon your or you.)

V. The same preposition a serves to denote that possession or appertenance which, after a tense of to be in the sense of to belong to, causes the English possessor to be presented with's (as if a termination) and the English of whom to become whose, when transposed:
A qui est cette maison-ci? whose house is this?
Elle est à Monsieur Bernard, it is Monsieur Bernard's. This 's being erroneously said to be the sign of the possessive case, see Salmon's first Principles of the English Grammar, where the nature of 's is traced to its origin.

VI. As de, when used instead of depuis and rendered in English by from, serves to announce the principle of action, or point from which one starts, has started, or is to start, so à (to) serves to announce the end of

start, so à (10) serves to announce the end of action, or point whereat an action ceases, has seased, or is to cease; hence, nous irons de Rochester à Douvres, we shall go from Rochester to Dover, V. En.

If Here it is proper to add, that if, for the principle of action, we use depuis instead of de, we should, for the end of action, use usefusqu'à (as far as) instead of à: hence, depuis he matin jusqu'an soir, or du matin au soir, from morning to night; de Londres à Paris, or depuis Londres jusqu'à Paris, from London to Paris.

don to Paris. VII. The French preposition a otten displears in making the French phrases English; for instance, when the principle of action happens to be placed after the end of action: A trois jours de là, three days after; a vingt lieues d'ici, twenty leagues off (hence or from this spot.) Besides, the English language abounds with compound words, the luitial of which particularizes the next; and, to form these, a transposition takes place, VII. The French preposition à often disto form these, a transposition takes place, whereby the preposition which would be used

before the particularizing noun, if to be expressed after the noun particularized, becomes suppressed : hence un pot à l'eau, a water-pot un moulin à vent, a wind-mill; une chaise à bras, an arm-chair; une botte à fusil, a tinder box: de la sauce aux ognons, onion-sauce; une bouteille à l'huile, an oil-bottle ; le marché au foin, the hay-market; une femme aux huitres, an oyster-woman, etc. See, however, de, Observ. I. as also the examples of Observation I. here. Again, au, à la, aux, used to alarm or call assistance, disappear in English:

was fee, fire! au voleur, this!

VIII. The preposition for principle of action (de) is often left understood; and in this circumstance instead of from and to (accordcurcumsuance instead of from and to (according to Obs. VI, (the English may use about, then or; or between, then and: Ils étaient neuf à dix mille, they were about nine or ten thousand, or, they were between nine and ten thousand; for, they were from nine to ten thousand.

thousand.

IX. Sometimes the French preposition à is found rendered by a in English, where it presents a sort of compound word: A bord, aboard for on board; au lit, a-bed for on bed or in bed.

This English particle a is sometimes

This English particle a is sometimes found before a participle present: he is gone a fishing, 'il est alle' pêcher, or il est alle' à la pêche; s'he is a writing, elle est à écrire or elle

ABAJOUR, V. Abat-jour.
ABAISSA, E, adj. pulled down, brought down or low, depressed, humbled, cast down, debased.

ABAISSE, h-bès, s. f. under-crust of pastry, or paste that serves to make it.

ABAISSEMENT, à-bès-mèn, s. m. a fall, fall-

ing, humbling or pressing down, diminution, humiliation, abasement, fall, disgrace. L'abaissement de la matrice, the fall of the ma-

ABAISSER, å-be-så, v. a. to pull, bring or let down, let fall, lower; to humble, abase, cast down, depress, debase; une branche, to cut or lop off a branch. S'abaisser, v. n. to fall, sink, decrease, be laid, humble one's self, stoop, cringe, submit.

ABLISSEUR, à-bê-sêur, s. m. abductor, depressor.

ABALOURDIR, v. a. to stupify.

ABANDON, &-ben-don, s. m. an abandoning, a forsaking, quitting, renouncing or resigning. L'abandon des biens du monde, the quitting or renouncing the goods of this world. late condition, condition of one forsaken or abandoned. Que peut-on fuire dans un tel abandon? what can a man do in such a desolate condition or forlorn state? Abandon, the leaving things at random. Abandon fait larron, opportunity makes a thief; fast bind, fast find; (débruche) lewdness, excess, debauch-

A l'abandon, adv. at random. Laisser teut à l'abandon, to leave all at random or in confusion, abandon or forsake all, leave all at sixes and sevens. Mettre tout à l'abandon, to put all things in disorder, leave all things to be pillaged. Laisser ses enfans à l'abandon, not to look after one's children, to leave them to the wide world or to shift for themselves.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin, mon : brun,

ABANDONNÉ, E. å-bèn-dô-nå, adj. abandoned, forsaken, cast off, given over, left at random; arrant, profligate. Terres abandom-ntes, derelict lands. Champ qui est abandome, field untilled or unmanured. Malade abandomné, sick person given over by his physicians.

Un abandonné, s. m a lewd, wicked, de-

banched fellow, a rake.
Une abandonnée, s. t. a lewd, loose woman;

a prostitute.

ABARDONNEMENT, å-ben-dön-men, s. m. an abandoning, a forsaking, leaving, quitting, casting off, giving over, desertion. Abandon-nement d'une terre, dereliction of an estate. Abandonnement, lewdness, excess, debauchery. Etre dans le dernier abandonnement, to

be extremely lewd.

ABANDONNER, å-ben-do-nå, v. a. to give wer, forsake, cast off, quit, leave, desert, shake off, forego. Mes forces m'abandoment, my strength fails me. Il n'a jamais abandome son épée, he never let his sword go. Abandonner les armes, to lay down arms.

Abandonner sa maîtresse à tout le monde, to prostitute one's mistress to all the world. Nous l'abandonnons à votre coière, we leave Notes taleanaments a voire colorn, we seave bim to your anger, we deliver him to your re-sentment. S'abandonner, v. r. to give one's self over, give up or addict one's self. S'aban-donner à la colère, to give way to one's anger, indulge one's passion, gratify one's passion. Dans cette extrémité, il ne s'abandonna point, in these transité he did net despard he mans in that extremity he did not despond, he was not disheartened or cast down, he was not wanting to himself. S'abandonner au hazard, to commit one's self to fortune.

ABAQUE, å-båk, s. m. abacus or plynth,

in architecture.

Abasourdir, å-bå-zöer-dir, v. a. to stun,

fill with consternation.

ABATAOE, å-bå-tåz, s. m. expense for clearing a forest. ABATANT, å-bå-ten, s. m. shutter of a sky-

light, flap of a counter ABATARDI, E, adj. degenerate, marred,

spoiled, grown worse, adulterate.

ABATARDIR, å-bå-tår-dir, v. a. to corrupt,

spoil, mar, adulterate. S'abutardir, v. r. to de-generate, grow worse, be spoiled, be marred. ABATARDISSEMENT, & bd-tar-dis-mch, E. m. corruption, spoiling, depravation, degene-

ABAT-JOUR, &-ba-zoor, s. m. sky-light, opening under the top of the fruit of some

ABATIS, a-ha-ti s. m. the fall or pulling down of houses, or felling of trees, rubbish, stones hewed down in a quarry, offal, gar-bage, giblets, lamb's head and pluck, slaugh-ter of game or other animals, track made by

young woives on grass.

ABATTEE, s. i. a casting or falling off of a ship. Attention, d Palattee pour mettre la burre au vent, watch her falling off, to put the helm up. Faire son abattée, to cast (in getting

under way,) to fall off (when lying to.)
ABATTEMENT, a-bat-men, s. m. weakness, faintness; sadness, trouble, heaviness, dejec-Abattement de courage, abjection of mind discouragement, meekness of spirit, faintheartedness

ABATTEUR, &-ba-teur, s. m. one that pulls, be: its or cuts down; feller. Un grand abat-

teur de bois or de quilles, a great despatcher of business, a great man at nine-pins, a great boaster, as well as a great feller of wood. ABATTRE, a-batr, v. a. (like battre,) to

pull, break, beat, batter, bring or bear down, overthrow, demolish, destroy; to humble; to cast down, grieve, afflict, bring low, daunt, damp. Abattre te rideaux; to unite, draw or let down the curtains. Abattre des arbres, to fell or cut down trees. Abattre bien de bois, to be a man of great despatch, to despatch a great deal of business. Qu'il abatira de têtes! how many heads will he cut off! Abattre les vapeurs, to abate, suppress, keep down or lay the vapours. Abatire les vents, to abate, appease or lay the winds. " Se laisser abattre à la tristesse, to suffer one's self to be cast down with grief, to be overwhelmed to be cast down with grief, to be overwheamen with sorrow. Abattre la poudre, to comb the powder off. Elle abattit sa robe, she let her gown down or hang down. Abattre le cuir d'un bouf, to skin or flay an ox. Abattre, Mar. Il faut que cette corvette abatte sur tribord, that sloop must cust to starboard. Laisse abattre, Let her fall off. Nous avons abatts notre bâtiment en carène à la Jamatque, we had our ship down (or we careened our ship) at Jamaica. Abattre un vaisseau de trois virures, to heel a ship three streaks out. L'avez-vous abattu en quille? did you heave her keel out! S'abattre, v. r. to fail, tumble down. La chaleur s'abat, the heat abates. To despond, be cast down, dejected or discouraged. ABATTU, E, adj. pulled out, broken, let down, overthrown, destroyed, dejected, griev-

ed, afflicted, cast down, discouraged, broken, overwhelmed, etc. V. Abattre.

ABATTURES, a-ba-tur, s. f. pl. sprigs or

grass beat down by a deer as he rushes on.
ABAVENT, å-bå-vên, or, obot-vent, s. m.
penthouse of a steeple, tence against wind.

ABEATIAL, E, à-bà-si-àl, adj. of or belonging to an abbot. Eglise abbatiale, abbeychurch. Droits abbatiaux, rights and privileges of an abbot.

leges of an abbox.

Abbays, å-bà, s. m. abbot.

Abbays, å-bà, s. m. abbot.

Abbasss, å-bès, s. f. abbess.

Abc, à-bà-sà, s. m. abc or criss-cros

row, the alphabet. Un abc, a primer. A c, grounds or principles of an art or science, introduction.

ABCEDER, ab-se-da, v. n. to turn into an abscess or tumour.

ABCES, ab-se, s. m abscess, imposthume. ABDALA, s. m. Persian monk.

Andication, ab-di-ca-slon, s. f. abdication.

ABDIQUÉ, E, adj. abdicated.
ABDIQUER, ab-di-ka, v. a. to abdicate.
ABDOMEN, ab-do-men, s. m. abdomen.

ABDOMINAL, adj. abdominal, relating to the abdomen.

ABDUCTEUR, åb-důk-tčur, s. m. abductor ABDUCTION, åb-důk-slon, s. f. abduction ABÉCÉ, V. Âbc.

ABECEDAIRE, à-bà-sà-dèr, adj. & s. m. alphabetical, abecedarian, a beginner, spelling book.

ABECQUER, à-bê-kà, v. a. to feed (a bird.) ABÉE, à-bà, s. f. dam (for water.)

ABEILLE, à-bêl, s. f. bee, honey-bee. ABERRATION, à-bèr-rà-slon, s. f. small apparent motion of the fixed stars, error.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleed, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ABETIR, &-be-tir, v. a. et n. to stupify, grow stupid. S'abétir, v. r. to grow stupid. AB HOC ET AB HAC, adv. at random

ABRORRER, \$-bot-ra, v. a. te abhor, to detest, loathe, abominate.

ABRORRER, \$-bot-ra, v. a. te abhor, to detest, loathe, abominate.

ABRORT, \$-bot-ra, w. ab-zett, adj. abject, vile, contemptible, base, mean.

wemputee, pase, meen.

Ans Refillor, the zek-sion, s. f. abjection.

And Refillor, a f. abyss, bottomiess gulph, or pit, unfathomable depth, hell.

Anjura, å-bl-ma, v. a. te cast or threw into an abyss, swallow up; to destroy, ruin,

Abimer, v. n. to fall into an abyse, sink or be swallowed up in a bottomless pit; to peh, be undone or come to a fatal end.

S'abimer, v. r. to run into an abyss, ruin enc's self, lese or sink or bury one's self (in

study, etc.)

AB-INTESTAT, ab-in-tes-ta, adj. intestate. ABJURATION, ab-zū-ra-slon, s. f. abjura-

ABJURER, åb-zå-rå, v. a. to abjure.

ABLAIS, a-ble, s. m. corn cut down but not yet carried out of the field.

ABLAIF, a-bla-lf, s. m. ablative.

ABLATIF, a-bla-lf, s. m. ablative.

ABLE, abl, ow ABLETTE, s. f. blay or bleak (sort of fish.)

ABLERET, abl-re, s. m. loop-net, purse-net. ABLUER, ab-ld-t, v. a. to wash; to retive old writing by washing it with mut-gall, etc.

ABLUTION, s. f. abhution, washing.

ABLUTION, s. f. abnegation, demai.

ABOI, &-lowk, s. m. barking, baying. L'abei des chiens, the opening of the dogs. V. Abois.

ABOIEMENT, &-bw&-men, s. in. barking,

Anols, &-bwh, s. m. pl. despairing condi-tion, last shift, extremity, distress. La religion set aux abois, religion is upon its last legs. E est aux abois '(il expire) he is at his last gasp or breathing his last. Le cerf est aux

ois, the stag is at bay. ABOLIR, a-bo-lir, v. a. to abolish, annul, repeal, abrogate, vacate, antiquate, extinguish, annihilate, rase out. Abolir un impôt, to take off or away a tax. Abolir un crime. to take off or away a tax. Abolir un crime, to pardon a crime. S'abolir, v. r. to be abolimed, etc.

ABOLISSEMENT, &-bô-lis-mên, s. m. abolishment, disannulling, abrogation, annihila-

tion, rasing out, extirpation.

ABOLITION, &-bo-il-sion, s. f. abolition, pardon or full discharge (of a crime,) abolishment etc. as in abolissen

ABOMINABLE, å-bô-ml-nabl, adj. abominable, detestable.

Abominablement, å-bð-mi-nábl-mên, adv. abominably.

ABONINATION, à-bô-mì-nà-sìon, s. f. abomination, detestation, execration. Avoir en abomination, to abominate, detest, abhor, loath. Erre en abomination, to be abominated, detested, abhorred or loathed.

* A TOMINER, v a. to abominate, abhor or deter.

ALONDAMMENT, &-bon-da-men, adv. abundantly, plentifully, in abundance, fully, copiously.

ABONDANCE, à-hon-dèns, s. f. abundance, ple: by, store, copiousness, great quantity. pienty of all, live plentifully. Avoir quelque chose en abondance, to abound in or with a thing. Boire de l'abondance, to drink wine mixed with a greent de l'abondance.

thing. Doure at cummanary, to the mixed with a great deal of water.

ABONDANT, E, a-bon-den, dent, adj. a-bounding, plentiful, plenteous, copious.

*D'abondant, adv. moreover, over and

above, besides.

ABONDER, å-bon-då, v. a. to abound in or with, have an abundance or great deal of, to abound, everflow, be in abundance. Abonder en son sens, to be self-conceited.

ABONNEMENT, &-bon-men, s. m. contract, or agreement, subscription (for a book.

ABONNER, à-bô-na, v. a. to compound with. Les fermiers des aides ont abonné ce cabaretier, the excisemen have compounded with that alchouse-keeper. S'abonner, v. r. to compound for, agree with one for a thing at a certain rate. Je me suis abonné avec mon cordonnier pour me fournir des souliers toutes les semaines, I have agreed or made a bargain with my shoe-maker that he should find me new shoes once a week.

ABONNIR, å-bô-nk, v. a. to make good or better, to better, improve. S'abonnir, v. r. or Abonnir, v. n. to grow better, mend.

ABORD, a bor, s. m. landing, arrival; resort, confluence, store, (of people or things;) onset, attack; access, admittance. Avoir Pabord dowx, gracieux, to receive people kindly, courteously, obligingly. Rest de difficile abord, he is hard to be spoken with, he keeps people at a distance, there is no coming at him. D'abord, tout d'abord, adv. at first, at the first, at first blush, at first sight; pre-sently, forthwith, straightway. D'abord que, as soon as.

ABORDABLE, &-bor-dabl, adj. accostable, eccessible. of an easy access. Côte qui n'est accessible, of an easy access.

pas abordable, an unsafe coast.

ABORDAGE, å-bor-dåz, s. m. boarding (of a ship,) running or falling foul (of ships one upon another.) Aller à l'abordage, to board Files d'abordage, to board Files d'abordage, boarding-netting.
ABORDER, à-bôr-tà, v. n. to lead or arrive

at; to resort.

Aborder, v. a. to come or draw near, accost. Aborder le rivage, to come to the coast or shore, to land. Aborder un raisseau, to board a ship, also to fall aboard or run foul of a ship.

ABORIGÈNES, à-bô-rl-zen, s. m. pl. aborigines.

ABORNEMENT, à-born-man, s. m. fixing of

bounds, boundary.

ABORNER, å-bor-nå, v. a. to set limits, to fix the bounds of.

Aborti-r, ve, å-bôr-th, tlv, adj. abortive Abouchement, å-bôosh-mên, s. m. inter

view, conference parley.

A BOUCHER, & boo-sha, v. a. (quelqu'un) to confer or speak with (one.) Aboucher deux personnes, to bring two persons together. S'aboucher, v. r. (arec quelqu'un) to have an interview or conference (with one,) parley or confer (with him.)

ABOUGRI, E, adj. stunted, knotty.

ABOUQUER, v. a. to add fresh sait to old. ABOUT, s. m. end, butt-end (of a plank.)

ABOUTE, adj. placed end to end.
ABOUTER, à-bôo-tir. v. n. to meet at the end, be bounded, border upon. Aboutir en moe, to have | pointe, to grow sharp at the top, end sharp ex

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

pointed. To tend, drive at some end, aim at ;

ABOUTISANT, E. adj. bordering upon.
ABOUTISANT, E-bootl-sen, s. m. Ex.
Les tenans et aboutissans d'un champ, the abutments of a piece of ground. Les tenans et aboutissans d'une affaire, the circumstances,

particulars, or sum of a business.
ABOUTISSEMENT, &-boo-ds-men, s. m. the drawing to a head (of an imposthume;) eking

piece of cloth.

Abover, å-bwå-yå, v. n. et a. to bark.

Ses créanciers aboient après les, his ereditors are at his heels, he is dunned by his creditors. Aboyer après quelque charge, to gape after

a place or preferment

ABOYEUR, å-bwh-yeur, s. m. barker, dun.
ABRAQUER, v. a. Mar. to haul taught.
Abraque les boulines de perroquet, steady forward the top-gallant bowlines.

Ass fee, r, adj. abridged, shortened, cut short, contracted, epitomized, compendious.

See abréger.

ABRÉGÉ, à-brà-zh, s. m. abridgment, abstract, epitome, summary, compendium. En abrégé, in short, compendiously, summarily, briefly, in few words. Rédeire en abrégé, metire en ou par abrégé, to abridge, metire en ou par abrégé, to abridge, contract, epitomize.

*ABRÉGEMENT, s. m. abridgment. ABRÉGER, à-brà-zà, v. a. to abridge, shorten, epitomize, abbreviate, contract. Pour abreger, in short, to be short, to sum up all.

ABREVIATEUR, a-bra-vl-a-teur, s. m.

abridger, abbreviator. ABRÉVIATION, à-brà-vlà-slon, s. f. abbre-

vietion.

ABREUVÉ, E, adj. watered, soaked, drenched. Notre Seigneur fut abreuvé de vinaigre, our Saviour had vinegar given him to drink.

Abreuvé, informed, that has been told over and over, imbrued.

ABREUVER, å-breu-vå, v. a. to water, drench, give to drink, to soak, steep. Abreuver de queique nouvelle, to inform of some news. S'abreuver, v. r. to drink plentifully. ABREUVOIR, à-brêu-vwar, s. m. watering-

place.

ABRI, & bri, s. m. shelter, cover, sanc-ary. Mettre à l'abri, to shelter. Un abri tuary. Mettre à l'abri, to monor.

pour les vaisseaux, a lec-shore, corner or creek
where ships ride safely. Etre à l'abri de la

de of the land. terre, Mar. to be under the lee of the land.

ABRICOTIER, å-brl-kð-tlå, s. m. apricot.

ABRICOTIER, å-brl-kð-tlå, s. m. apricottree.

ABRIER, v. a. Mar. to becalm. ABRITER, å-brî-tå, v. a. to shekter, shade. ABRI-VERT, s. m. shekter from wind.

ABROGATION, &-bro-ga-sion, s. f. abroga-

tion, repealing

Abroger, å-brô-zå, v. a. to abrogate, repeal, disannul.

ABROTONE, s. f. southernwood.

ABROUTI, É, adj. said of trees the buds of which have been destroyed by cattle.

ABRUPTO, s. m. off hand, unexpectedly. ARRUTIR, å-brå-tir, v.a. to besot, render brutish, stupid, dull, or heavy. S'abrutir, v. S'abrutir, v. r. to be besotted, become brutish, etc.

APRUTISSEMENT, å-brå-ds-men,

brucishness, stupidity.

ABSENCE, ab-sens, s. f. absence or bein away; distraction or wandering of the mind. want of attention.

ABSENT, E. ab-ecn, sent, adi, absent, out of the way.

S'ABSENTER, v. r. to absent one's self, ge away, keep out of the way, be absent.

ABSIDE, s. f. arch, vault.
ABSINTHE, ab-shu, s. f. wormwood. Bi-

ere d'absinthe, puri : also grief, chagrin.
ABSOLU, E, âb-sô-lů, lů, adj. absolute, arbitrary, unlimited, imperious, magisterial, peremptory.

ABSOLUMENT, åb-sö-lå-men, adv. abso-lutely, arbitrarily, with an absolute power, wholly, entirely, imperiously, magisterially,

by all means, in general, samply.

ABSOLUTION, ab-so-ld-slow, s. f. discharge, acquittal. Les jurés ont conclu à l'absolution, the jury have acquitted him or brought him in not guilty. Absolution des péches, the absolution or forgiveness of sins.

ABSOLUTOIRE, ab-ed-la-twar, adi. absor

ABSORBANT, ab-sor-ben, adj. and s. m absorbent. ABSORBER, ab-sor-ba, v. a. to swallow up.

absorb. S'absorber, v. r. to be absorbed, of swallowed up, to be soaked.

ABSORPTION, ab-sorp-sion, s. f. absorption.

ABSOUDRE, ab-soodr, v. a. irr. absolvant, abous, fabous, to absolve, acquit, discharge, bring in not guiky. Absoudre us penitent, to give a penitent staner absolution.

ABSOU-S, TE, adj. absolved, acquitted, discharged, brought in not guilty, who has received absolution.

ABSOUTE, ab-sect, s. f. general absolution upon Maundy-Thursday in the Romish church.

ABSTEME, abs-tem, adj. and s. abstemious,

one who has an aversion to wine.

Abstevir, (c') abs-te-nir, (like tenir) v. r. to abstain, forbear, refrain.

ABSTERGENT, E, adj. abstergent.
ABSTERGER, abs-ter-za, v a. to absterse

or absterge, cleanse. ABSTERSI-F, VE, abs-ter-sif, siv, adi. ab-

stersive, cleansing.
ABSTERSION, abstersion. ABSTINENCE, ab-stl-nens, s. f. abstinence,

temperance, sobriety, forbearance.
ABSTINENT, E, absti-nen, nent, adj. absti-

nent, sober, temperate.

ABSTRACTION, abs-trak-slon, s. f. abstraction. Par abstraction, adv. abstractedly.

ABSTRACTIVEMENT, abs-trak-tiv-men. adv. abstractedly.
ABSTRAIRE, abs-trer, v. a. (having cally

the infinitive, and the present and future, in use, and those only in the singular: fabetresis, tu abstrais, il abstrait, j'abstrairai; part. abstrait) to abstract.

ABSTRAIT, E, Åbs-trè, trèt, adj. abstracted.
ABSTRUS, E, Åbs-trè, trèz, adj. abstruse,
dark, intricate, obscure.
ABSURDE, åbs-drd, adj. absurd, foolish,
absurde, absurd, solish, intricated to the state of the stat

nonsensical, unreasonable, silly, impertisent.
ABSURDEMENT åb-sûrd-mên, adv absurdly, nonsensically.

ABSURDITE, ab-sur-dl-ta, s. f. absurdity

foolishness, unreasonableness, impertinence.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

ABUS, &-bû, s. m. abuse or misusing of a

thing; error, mistake; fraud, cheat, deceit.

ABUSER, å-bù-zå, de, v. n. to abuse, misuse, or use ill. Abuser d'un mot, to use a word improperly. Abuser, v. a. to gull, deceive, cheat, cozen. Abuser une fille, to seduce a virgin. S'abuser, v. r. to err, mistake, be mistaken.

ABUSEUR, å-bû-zêur, s. m. deceiver, impostor, cheat.

ABUSI-F, VE, a-bd-zlf, lv, adj. abusive. ABUSIVEMENT. &-bû-zly-mên. adv. abusively, improperly.

ABUTER, a-bd-ta, v. a. (at ninepins,) to

throw who shall play first.

ABUTILON, s. m. sort of marsh-mallow.

ABYSSINIE, s. m. Abyssinia. ACABIT, å-kå-bl. s. m. taste (of fruit.) ACACIA, å-kå-slå, s. m. acacia. Acacia

mmun, juice of sloes. ACAD ÉMICIEN, à-kà-dà-ml-slèn, s. m. aca-

demist or platonic philosopher.

ACADÉMICIEN, NE. fellow of an academy

or learned society.
ACADÉMIE, à-kà-dà-mi, s. f. academy;

riding-school; gaming-house.
ACADÉMIQUE, å-kå-då-mik, adj. academical, academic.

ACADÉMIQUEMENT, å-kå-då-mik-mên,

adv. academically.
Académistr, å-kå-då-mist, s. m. acade-

ACADIE, s. f. Acadia. Nova Scotia. ACAGNARDER, (s',) v. r. to grow lazy, slothful or idle, be besotted, sit sotting. S'acagnarder auprès d'une femme, be always

ACANACE, E. å-kå-nå-så, adj. thorny.

ACANTHABOLE, s. m. scanthabolus.
ACANTHE, å-kawt, s. f. acanthus.
ACANTHE, å-kawt, s. f. acanthus.
ACANTATRE, å-kå-ri-dur, adj. humoursome, peevish, scolding, cross grained.
ACANTE, s. m. sort of thistle; a sea fish.
ACATALEPSIE, s. f. inability to compre-

bend.

ACCABLANT, E, å-kå-blen, blent, adj. burdensome, troul lesome, grievous, unsuffera-

ACCABLE, E, adj. over-burdened. Accable d'annèes, d'affaires, full of years or business. Accable de dettes, in debt over head and ears. Je suis accable de sommeii, I am very heavy,

or sus accane as comment, I am very heavy, drowsy or sleepy. Accable sous les ruines d'une majson, buried in the ruins of a house. ACCABLEMENT, à-kàbl-mèn, s. m. burden, oppression, grief, trouble, heaviness, discourgement. Accablement de pouls, irregular beating of the pulse, upon coming out of an ague fit.

ACCABLEME à kàblik up a la comula comment.

ACCABLER, a-ka-bla, v. a. to crush or make sink under the weight, over-burden, over-do, over-charge, over-load; to oppress, grieve, bear down, plague, weary, tire, trouble, overwhelm.

ACCALMIE, s. f. Mar. bull. Vire à l'accal-

mie, heave and a lull. ACCAPAREMENT, å-kå-pår-men, s. m. mo-

nopoly. ACCAPARER, a-ka-pa-ra, v. a. to forestall, engross.

ACCAPAREU-R, SE, adj. engrossor.
ACCAREMENT S. m. V. Confrontation.

ACCARER, V. Confronter ACCASTILLAGE, å-kås-ti-låz, s. m. Mar. ACCELERANT, E, adj. accelerang.

ACCELERANT, E, adj. accelerang.

ACCELERANT, E, adj. accelerang.

ACCELÉRAT-EUR, RICE, ak-sé-lé-ra-téur, tris, adj. accelerator, accelerating.

Acceleration, &k-se-le-ra-sion, s. f. ac-

celeration.

Accéleren, ak-sé-lé-ra, v. n. to accelerate, hasten

ACCENT, ak-sen, s. m. accent. Pousser de unebres accens, to cry mournfully. note, voice.

ACCENTUATION, s. f. accentuation. ACCENTUER, ak-sen-tû-a, v. a. to accent,

mark with an accent

ACCEPTABLE, ak-sep-tabl, adj. reasonable not to be rejected.

ACCEPTANT, E, adj. accepting, accepter. ACCEPTATION, ak-sep-ta-slon, s. f. acceptance.

ACCEPTER, ak-sep-ta, v. a. to accept, receive.

Accepteur, ak-sep-teur, s. m. accepter (of bill of exchange.)
ACCEPTILATION, &k-sep-tl-la-slon, s. f. (in

law) acceptilation ACCEPTION, ak-sep-slon, s. f. acception, acceptation, particular respect, regard, preference

Accès, åk-se, s. m. access, admittance, a fit. Second trial to elect a pope.

Accessible, åk-se-sibl, adj. accessible, approachable, of an easy access, easy to be come at.

Accession, ak-se-slos, s. f. accession, increase, access, entry.

Accessit, ak-se-sit, s. m. second best pre-

Accessore, åk-sê-swår, s. m. accessary

addition, accession or appendix; bad condition or circumstance, pinch, strait. ACCESSOIRE, adj. accessory, additional

Accessoirement, adv. accessorily.
Accident, ak-si-den, s. m. accident, ance, fortune, casualty. Facheux accident, chance, fortune, casualty. Fâcheux accident, mischance, ill fortune. Les accidens, the accidents (in opposition to substance.) Les accidens de la grammaire, the accidence or accidents in grammar: Par accident, adv. easually, by chance, accidentally.

ACCIDENTEL, LE, &k-sl-den-têl, adj. acci-

dental, casual, adventitious.
ACCIDENTELLEMENT, ak-si-den-tel-men, adv. accidentally.

Accise, ak-siz, s. f. excise.

ACCLAMATEUR, s. m. shouter. ACCLAMATION, a-kla-ma-slon, s. f. acclamation, shouting, shout, huzza.

Acclampe, adj. Mar. Mat acclampe, a mast

strengthened with clamps

ACCLAMPER, å-klên-på, v. a. Mar. to strengthen with clamps.
ACCLIMATÉ. E, å-klî-må-tå, adj. used to

the climate. ACCLIMATER, (s',) v. r. to use one's self to

the climate. *Accountance. A-kwh-tens. s f acquaintance.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ACCOINTER (s'), to be familiar with, to be intimate.

ACCOISEMENT, s. m. subsiding or calming (of the humours.)

Accoiser, v. a. to quiet, quell. S'accoiser,

v. r. to grow calm or still.
Accolade, å-kô-låd, s. f. embracing or hugging, (a coremony at the dubbing of a kinght,) crotchet. Accolade de lapereaux, couple of rabbits roasted or served together.

Accole, E, adj. joined, etc. Accoler, a-kô-la, v. a. to hug or embrace. Accoler plusieurs articles dans un compte, to join several articles together in an account by a crotchet. Accoler deux laperenux, w put two rabbits together. Accoler la vigne, to tie the vine to its prop. S'accoler, v.r. to

hug one another. . Accolure, s. f. straw-band.

ACCOMMODABLE, &-kô-mô-dabl, adj. that

may be settled or accommodated. s. m. dressing, or cooking, (of meat.) Accommodage d'une maison, fitting up of a house.

Accommodant, E, &-kô-mô-dên, dênt, adj. complying, complaisant, easy, courteous, agrecable.

ACCOMMODATION, s. f. accommodation, conciliation, affinity.

ACCOMNOBÉ, E, adj. fitted, drest, etc. easy in his circumstances. adj. fitted, furnished,

ACCOMMODEMENT, a-kô-môd-mên accommodation, agreement, composition, reconciliation, adjusting of a quarrel; temper;
fitting up (of a house.)
Accommong, &kô-mô-dâ, v. a. to fit or

make fit, fit up, dress, trim, furnish. Accommoder a maison ou ses affaires, to settle or mend one's concerns, clear one's estate, im-prove it. Accommoder à manger, to dress, or make ready victuels. To prepare, make or get ready, make fit; to suit with, be conaccommodate, compose, make up, settle, reconcile; adapt, conform, frame; to use

concine; adapt, consorm, rame, w use.

Accommoder quelqu'un or L'accommoder de toutes pièces, to pay one off, thrash him, beat him. Accommoder quelqu'un de quelque chose, to accommodate one with a thing, furnish him with it. S'accommoder, v. r. to put up with a thing, make a shift. S'accommoder de quelque chose, to make bold or free with a thing; (prendre ses aises) to consult one's own ease or convenience, take care of one's self.

ACCOMPAGNATEUR. &-kon-på-gnå-teur, s. m. one who accompanies the voice with an

ACCOMPAGNEMENT, å-kon-pågn-men, s. m. accompanying, waiting on, attendance, followers, retimie; appendix, accessary, music played to one who sings.

ACCOMPAGNER, a-kon-pa-gna, v. a. to accompany, wait on, come or go along with, escort, attend or follow, be of one's retinue, play to one who sings; to match, suit. Accompagner quelque chose d'une autre, to add one thing to another. S'accompagner, v. r. to take along with one, be accompanied,

Accomplete & 1-kon-pll-pll, adj. accomplished, complete, perfect, excellent, finished.

ACCOMPLIR, a-kon-plir, v. a. to finish, accomplish, perform, fulfil. S'accomptir, v. r. to be accomplished or fulfilled, etc.

ACCOMPLISSEMENT, &-kon-plis-men, s. m. an accomplishing, fulfilling, or finishing; performance.

Accon, s. m. flat bottomed boat, lighter. Accoquinant, E, a-kô-kì-nên, nent, adj.

alluring, engaging.
Accoquing, a-kô-ki-na, v. a. to besot, allure: to contract a habit.

S'accoquiner, v. r. to grow idle or lazy, sit sotting, trifling one's time away, be besotted.
ACCORD, a-kor, s. m. agreement, articles of agreement, treaty; concord, good under-standing, agreement, reconciliation; accord, consent; unity or conformity of sentiments; agreement, proportion; concert, harmony, Tout d'un accord, with one accord, unanimously. Etre, tomber ou demeurer d'accord, to agree, be agreed, consent. D'accord, je ke veux bien, done, I will, I consent or agree to it, I grant it. Etre de tous bons accords; to tion. Un instrument qui est ou qui n'est pas d'accord an instrument in or out of tune. V d'accord, an instrument in or out of tune.

Accordable, a-kor-dabi, adj. reconcila

ble, conciliating, grantable.
Accordallles, a-kôr-da/, s.f. pl. espousale

ACCORDANT, E, adj. tunable, agreeing in

Accorder, s. m. keep stroke, order for rowers to strike together.

Accorder, g. a. kor-da, adj. reconciled, etc. Accorder, s. m. adj. bridegroom.

Accorder, a. f. adj. bride.
Accorder, a.-kor-da, v. a. to reconcile,
make friends; compound, compose, adjust, make up (a difference); to tune. Accorder as voix arec an instrument, to sing in tune with an instrument. Accorder l'adjectif avec le substantif, to make the adjective and substantive agree. To grant, allow. Accorder en fille en mariage, to betroth one's daughter to

Accorder, s. m. one who tunes (musical instruments.)

ACCORDOIR, a-kor-dwar, s. m. tuning key.

Accorné, e, adj. horned. Accort, e, a-kor, kort, adj. courteous, civil, complaisant, affable. Subtle, cunning, crafty.
* Accourse, s. f. civility, complaisance,

affability, subtility, cunning.
Accostable, a-kos-tabl, adj. accostable,

of an easy access, affable, civil, courteous.

ACCOSTER, & kdo-fa, v. a to accost, make
or come up to. Accoster, Mar. to near, come
along side of, stand directly towards. Accoste or accoste a-bord, come along side. Accoster la terre de près, to make free wita the land. S'accoster de quelqu'un, v. r. to keep company with one, accost one.

Accores, å-kô-tå, v. a. to prop up, sup-

port, bear up. S'accoter contre, v. r. to less against.

Accorora, a-kō-twar, s. m. prop, leaning stock.

ACCOUCHÉE, à-kôo-shà, s. f. woman newly brought to bed, woman that lies in, woman in the straw.

ACCOUCHEMENT, A-koosh-men, s.m child. bed, woman's delivery.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

ACCOUCHER, &-kdo-sha, v. n. to bring forth a child, be delivered, be brought to bed. Accoucher avant le terme, to miscarry. Accoucher d'un ouvrage d'esprit, to produce a work of

Accoucher, v. a. to lay or deliver a woman, do the office of a midwife.

Accoucheur, å-koo-sheur, s. m. manmidwife.

ACCOUCHEUSE, a-koo-sheuz, s. f. midwife. ACCOUDER, (s') så-kôo-då, v. r. to lean on

one's elbow, ACCOUDOIR, &-kôo-dwar. s. m. a leaning or elbow-place. Chaise à accoudoir, elbowchair.

ACCOURR, v. a. to strike (a flag.)

ACCOUPLE, s. f. leash.

Accouplement, a-kôopi-mên, s. m. coupling or yoking together; copulation of ani-

Accouples, å-kôo-plå, v. a. to couple, join, or yoke together. S'accoupler, v. r. to couple.

Accouncin, a-koor-sir, v. a. to shorten, make shorter, abridge, cut off, clip. Accour-cir la vue, to make short-sighted, dim the sight. S'accourcir, v. r. to shorten, grow shorter, decrease.

ACCOURCISSEMENT, s. m. shortening, abridging. Accourcissement de chemin, short-

Accounts, a-kdo-rlr, v. B. (like courir) to Accourir en foule, to flock together. run to

Accourd, E, adj. run to.
*Accousiner, v. a. to treat as a cousin.

call (one) cousin.

*Accourrement, a-kooir-men, s. m. ac-

coutrement, garb, dress.

*Accoutrer, v. 2. (parer) to accoutre, dress. To bang, thrash, beat.

*Accoutumance, & ko-to-mens, s. f. use,

habit, custom.

Accoutumé, E, å-koo-tå-må, adj. accus tomed, used, inured, usual, wonted, ordinary. A l'accoutumée, adv. as usual, according to

ACCOUTUMER, &-koo-in-ma, v. a. to accustom, use, inure. Accountemer, v. n. to use, be wont. S'accountemer, v. r. to accustom, use or inure one's self.

ACCRAVANTER, etc. V. Accubler or Ecraser.
ACCREDITER, &-kre-di-ta, v. a. to give authority, reputation, credit or sanction to; to

put in extern. Startediter, v.r. to get into credit, get a name, ingratiate one's self.

ACRETI'N, s. f. accretion.

ACRETI'N, s. m. rent (in any thing that is caught by a hook.) Hook, thorn, or

what may tear, an impediment.

ACCRUCHE, a-krosh, s. f. hindrance, obstacle.

ACCROCHEMENT, s. m. the act of catching with a book.

ACCROCHER, å-krð-shå, v. a. to hang upon a hook; to hook in; to catch; to stay, stop. Accrocher un vaisseau, to grapple a ship. S'accrocher, v. r. to hang on, be caught, catch. S'accrocher avec un vaisseau, to grap-

Acroire, A-krwar, v. n. (only used in the infinitive.) Ex. Faire accroire, to make believe, create a belief of a thing untrue. En faire accroire à quelqu'un, to impose upon! one, put upon inim. S'en faire accroire, to be self-conceited, think well of one's self.

ACCROISSEMENT, å-krwas-men, s. m. increase, improvement, accretion, advance-ment, addition.

Accroitre, a-krwatr, v. a. (like croftre,) to increase, add, augment, improve, advance; to accrue. S'accrostre, v. r. ou accrostre v. n. to increase, grow, be augmented or ad vanced.

ACCROUPI, E, adj. squat upon the ground. ACCROUPIR, (s') så-kroo-pir, v. r. to sit squat upon the ground.

ACCROUPISSEMENT, &-krdo-pls-men, s.m. sitting squat.

Accreit, a. keul, s. m. reception, entertainment. Accueil favorable, kind reception. Faire accueil à quelqu'un, to make one welcome.

Accuesilir, a-keu-fir, v. a. to receive, entertain, make welcome; to surprise, overtake.

Accul, h-kul, s. m. place that has no outlet, a corner; a small cove.

ACCULEMENT, s. m. Mar. rising (of the timbers.) Acculement de la maîtresse varangue, rising of the midship floor timber.

Acculer, & &d-la, v. a. to throw one on

his tail, drive him to a place whence he cannot escape. Acculer quelqu'un, to put one to a nonplus. S'acculer, v. r. to sit on one's tail, throw one's self into a place where there is no danger of being attacked behind.

Accumulateur, s. m. accumulator. Accumulation, å-kå-må-la-slon, s. f. ac-

cumulation, heaping up.
Accumuler, a-ku-mu-la, v. a. to accumulate, heap up. S'accumuler, v. r. to be accumulated, increase

Accusable, å-kū-zabi, adj. accusable. blameable.

Accusatieur, rice, a-kû-zâ-têur, trîs, s. m. et f. accuser, mformer.
Accusatir, à-kû-zâ-tîf, s. m. accusative

case Accusation, &-ku-sa-sion, s. f. accusation,

information, charge, impeachment, indict ment. Accusatoire, adj. accusatory.

Accusé, E, adj. accused, informed against, etc. hence l'accusé, s. m. l'accusée, s. f. the party accused, the prisoner or criminal.

Accuser, a-Ad-za, v. a. to accuse, inform against, charge with a crime, indict, impeach,

reproach, dispute the validity of. To mention or give advice of (the receipt of a letter, etc.) To call (one's game.) S'accuser, v. r. to accuse one's self.

ACENS, s. m. or Acensement, a-sens-men, s. m. leased farm or the letting out for a yearly rent.

ACENSER, A-sca-så, v. a. to lease or let out. ACEPHALE, A-sc-fål, adj. without a head. ACERBE, A-scrb, adj. sour, sharp.

ACERBITÉ, S. f. acerbity, sourness.
ACERÉ, E, à-sè-rà, adj. steeled, steely, of steel. Sharp, sharp-edged, keen, acute.
ACERER, à-sè-rà, v. a. to steel, temper

(iron with steel.)

ACESCENCE, s. f. tendency to sourness. ACESCENT, E, adj. acescent. that has a tendency to sourness.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfam, ceut, lien : vin : mon : brun,

ACÉTEU-E, SE, à-sê-teu, teuz. adj. acetose or acetous. Aceteuse, s. f. sorrel.
ACETUM, Alcalise, distilled vinegar.

ACHALANDÉ, E, adj. accustomed or that has customers.

ACHALANDER, å-shå-len-då, v. n. to get

custom, bring customers to. Suchalander, v. F. to get or draw customers.

ACHARNÍA, E. adj. provoked, etc. See Achaner. Acharnéau combat, eager in fight.

ACHARNEMENT, & sharn-men, s. m. fury, rage (of animals towards their prey;) animo

sity, strong inclination, violent propensity.
ACHARNER, a-shar-na, v. a. to provoke, in-

cense, exasperate; to excite (animals) with the taste of flesh. S'acharner, v. r. sur ou contre, to be eager after or eagerly bent upon, fall furiously upon, be enraged or have a spite againsi

Аснат, &-sha, s. m. purchase, bargain,

buying, purchasing.
Ache, ash, s. f. smallage, (an herb.)

Achées, s. f. pl. worms used as baits for fish. ACHEMENS, s. f. pl. (in heraldry) mantles carved.

ACHEMINEMENT, ash-min-men, s. m. a way, a means of coming to, an introduction.
ACHEMINER, ash-md-na, v. a. to forward.

Acheminer un cheval, to teach a horse to keep the road. S'acheminer, v. r. to start, to take one's way, begin one's journey, set forward. L'affaire s'achemine, the business goes for-

ACHÉRON, A-kê-ron, s. m. Acheron, a river of hell.

ACHETER, ash-ta, v. a. to buy, purchase. Acheter bien cher une grace, to pay dear for a favour.

ACHETEUR, ash-teur, s. m. buyer, chapman, purchaser.

ACHEVE, E, adj. finished, ended, concluded; accomplished, complete, perfect, absolute, rare, excellent; arrant. Un cheval achevé,

a horse thoroughly managed.

ACHEVEMENT, å-shev-men, s. m. finishing, bringing to perfection, perfecting, accom-plishing.

ACHEVER, ash-va, v. a. to finish, end, close, conclude, make an end of, accomplish, bring to perfection, perfect, put the last or finishing hand, polish. A peine acherait-il de parler, he had scarce done speaking, the words were scarce out of his mouth. Acherer de boire, to drink up. Achever d'emplir, to fill up.

ACHIT, s m. a sort of vine that grows wild in the Island of Madagascar. ACHOPPEMENT, a-shop-men, s. m. or pierre d'achoppement, s. f. stumblingblock or stone.

ACHORES, s. m. pl. the thrush (a disorder.) ACIDE, a-sid, adj. acid, sharp, sour. Acide, s. m. a primitive salt (chymistry.)
ACIDITÉ, à-sì-dì-là, s. f. acidity, sharpness,

ACIDULE, &-si-dul, adj. of the nature of acids. Eaux minerales acidules, acidules.

ACIDULER, &-si-da-là, v. a. to temper with acids, make sour.

ACIER, à-d-à, s. m. steel. ACIERIE, s. f. building where steel receives its first shape after being melted.

ACOLYTE, a-kô-lit, s. m. acolyte, priest's attendant.

Acoust, a-ko-nit, s. m. the plant aconite.

Acores d'un banc, edges of a bank. Etre à l'acore d'un banc, to be at the edge of a bank. V. Ecore. Les Açores, the Western islands ACORER, v. a. Mar. to shoar up. Acorer une pièce d'arrimage, to wedge a cask in the hold.

Acorus, s. m. (plost) acorus.

ACOTARS, s. m. pl. Mar. filling pieces. ACOUSMATE, &-koos-mat, s. m. noise of human voices or instruments thought to be beard in the air.

Acoustique, adj. relating or belonging to acousticks or to the hearing.

Acquireur, &-kê-rêur, s. m. purchaser,

buyer.

Acquerir, a-kê-rîr, v. a. (See Quero, in the table,) to acquire, get, gain, purchase, buy, procure, obtain. S'acquerir, v. r. to get, gain, be acquired, etc.

Acquer, & ke, s. m. purchase, acquest, acquisition. Il n'est pas si bel acquet que le don,

no purchase is equal to a gift.

ACQUIESCEMENT, a-ki-cs-men, s. m. acquiescence, consent, compliance, assent.
Acquiescen, a.kl.e.sa, v. n. to acquiesce,

yield, submit, consent, condescend, comply.

Acquis, E, (from acquerir) acquired, etc. Acquis, s. m. acquirement. Ex. Avoir de

l'acquis, to have acquired knowledge.
Acquisition, à-kl-zl-slon, s. f. acquisition,

Acquit, a-kl, s. m. acquittance, discharge; (at billiards) the lead. Acquit de douane, cocket. Par manière d'acquit, carelessly, negligently, for fashion's sake. Jouer à l'acquit,

to play to see who shall pay the whole.
ACQUITTER, a-kl-ta, v. a. to clear, acquit; discharge, pay off. S'acquitter, v. r. to clear or discharge or pay off one's debts. ter de son devoir, to discharge or perform one's duty. S'acquitter d'une obligation, to discharge or requite an obligation. S'acquitter de sa promesse, to perform or make good one's promise. S'acquitter d'un vœu, to fulfil, accomplish, or perform a vow.

ACRE, akr, adj. sharp, biting, tart, sour.

Acre, s. m. acre of land. Acrete, akr-ta, s. f. sharpness, tartness, acrimony.

ACRIDOPHAGE, adj. living on locusts Acridophages, acridophagi, or eaters of lo-

ACRIMONIE, å-krl-mô-ni, s. f. acrimony. ACRIMONIEU-X, SE, adj. acrimonious.

ACROBATE, s. m. rope-dancer.

ACROCHORDON, s. m. acrochordon, wart. ACROCOME, s. m. & f. who has long hair.

ACROMION, s. m. acromion.

ACRONIQUÉ, adj. acronical. ACROSTICHE, à-krôs-tish, s. m. & f. acrostick.

Acroteres, s. m. pl. pinnacles, pedestals

in balustrades.

ACTE, akt, s. m. act, action, deed; thesis; act of a play; deed, act or instrument in law.

Actes, records, public registers, rolls.

ACT-EUR RICE, ak-teur, tris, s. m. & f. actor, actress, player, a manager or promoter (of a business.)

ACTI-F, VE, ak-tif, tlv, adj. active Effets actifs ou dettes actives, debts owing or due to us

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ACTION, ak-slon, s. f. action; operation, working; act, deed, feat. Action de grâces, thanks, thanksgiving. Gesture. A suit at law, tanks, tranksgiving. Greature. A stat at law, speech, harangue; sermon; anger, passion; movement, motion; fight, battle; posture; stocks (of banks, etc.)
ACTIONNER, åk-slö-ner, s. m. stockholder.
ACTIONNER, åk-slö-ne, v. a. to sue, bring

an action.

ACTIVEMENT, ak-tlv-men, adv. actively,

in an active sense.

ACTIVITÉ, åk-tl-vl-tå, s. f. activity, briskness, quickness, nimbleness.

Activité d'esprit, readiness or quickness of wit.

ACTUEL, LE, ak-tå-el, adj. actual, real. present.

ACTUELLEMENT, ak-to-el-men, adv. actually, now.

ACUT, TE, adj. (in printing) acute. ACUTANGLE, å-kå-tengl, adj. acutangular. *ADAGE, å-dåz, s. m. adage, proverb, old saying.

ADAGIO, adv. adagio, slowly. ADAPTATION, a-dap-ta-slon, s. f. adaptation.

ADAPTER, å-dåp-tå, v. a. to adapt, apply. ADATIS, s. m. East-India muslin.

ADDITION, ad-di-slon, s. f. addition.

ADDITIONNEL, LE, adj. additional.
ADDITIONNER, åd-df-slo-nå, v. a. to make

an addition, cast up, add.

ADEMPTION, s.f. revocation of a legacy, etc.

ADENOGRAPHIE s f. a treatise of the

glands.

ADEPTE, å-dept, s. m. adept.

ADEQUAT, TE, adj. complete, total.

ADEXTRÉ, E, adj. (in heraldry) on the

Adhérence, à-dè-rèns, s. f. adherence, adhesion, attachment

ADHÉRENT, E, à-dê-ren, rent, adj. suck-

ing, cleaving, attached to.
ADHÉRENT, s. m. adherent, follower, par-

ADHÉRER, à-dè-rà, v. n. to cleave, adhere, stick, cling; to adhere to, follow, side with, cleave to, stick to.

ADHÉSION, à dè-zlon, s. f. adhesion. ADIANTE, s. m. the plant maidenhair. ADIAPHORE, adj. indifferent, neutral.

ADIAPHORISTE, s. m. & f. a moderate Lu-

theran. ADIEU, å-dieu, adv. adieu, farewell, God be with you. Adieu, mon argent, farewell my money, or farewell to my money. Dire adieu a quelque chose, to bid a thing adieu or fare-well, renounce it, give it over. Adieu, s. m. farewell, leave. Sans adieu, I don't take my leave of you. Faire ses adieux, to take one's leave. Adieu ra, Mar. helm's a lee.

ADIPEU. I, SE, adj. adipous, fat.
ADIRER, v. a. to lose, put out of the way.
ADITION, s. f. Adition d'hérédité, acceptation or taking possession of an estate by he-reditary right.

ADJACENT, E, ad-za-sen, sent, adj. adja-

cent, neighbouring.
ADJECTION, åd-zêk-slon, s. f. adjection, addition.

ADJECTI-F. VE. &d-zêk-tîf, tlv, adj. & s. m. adjective.

Adjectivement, ad-zek-tiv-men, adv. adjectively

ADJOINDRE, ad-zwindr, v. a. (like joindre) to adjoin, associate, give as an assistant.

ADJOINT, E, ad-zwint, adj. adjoined, associated, given as an assistant.

ADJOINT, s. m. assistant, colleague, joint commissioner.

ADJONCTION, åd-zonk-slon, s.f. adjunction. ADJUDANT, åd-zů-dèn, s. m. adjutent. ADJUDICATAIRE, åd-zů-dl-kå-tèr, s. m. &

f. highest bidder; party to whom a thing is adjudged.

ADJUDICATI-F, VE, adj. that adjudges or awards.

ADJUDICATION, åd-zå-dl-kå-slon, s. f. ad-

judication. ADJUGER, ad-zů-zå, v. a. to adjudge, award.

ADJURATION, åd-zå-rå-slon, s. f. adjura-tion, form of exorcism.

ADJURER, åd-zå-rå, v. a. to adjure, exorcise
ADMETERS, åd-metr, v. a. (like metre) to
admit, receive, let in; to admit of, approve of.

allow, grant, acknowledge, entertain.

ADMINICULE, ad-mi-ni-kul, s. m. admini-

cle, help, additional proof.

ADMINISTRATEUR, ad-mi-nis-tra-teur, s. m. administrator, trustee, governor (of an hos-

pital.) ADMINISTRATION, ad-mi-nis-tra-sion, s. f. administration, government, management.

ADMINISTRATRICE, ad-mi-nis-tra-tris, s. f. administratrix; she who is entrusted with the management of affairs in a nunnery.

ADMINISTRER, åd-mi-nis-trå, v. a. to administer, manage, govern. Administrer des témoins, to procure evidence, bring proofs.

ADMIRABLE, åd-ml-råbl, adj. admirable, wonderful, marvellous, rare, good, excellent. ADMIRABLEMENT, åd-ml-råbl-men, adv. admirably, marvellously, wonderfully, rarely, mighty well.

ADMIRATUR, åd-ml-rå-teur, tris, s. m.

Admiratrice, s. f. an admirer.
ADMIRATI-F, VE, ad-ml-ra-tif, tlv, adj. expressive of admiration. Point admiratif, note of admiration.

ADMIRATION, ad-mi-ra-sion, s. f. admiration, wonder. ADMIRER, ad-mi-ra, v. a. to admire, won-

der at.

ADMIS, E, adj. admitted, etc. V. Admettre ADMISSIBLE, äd-mi-sibl, adj. allowable. ADMISSION, åd-mi-sion, s. f. admission, admittance.

ADMONÉTÉ, E, adj. admonished. ADMONÉTÉ, s. m. admonition, reprimand. ADMONÉTER, åd-mô-nê-tå, v. a. to admonish, warn, reprimand.

ADMONITEUR, åd-mô-nî-têur, s. m. monitor, admonisher.

ADMONITION, &d-mo-ni-sion, s. f. admoni-

tion, warning. ADOLESCENCE, a-do-le-sens, s. f. adoles-

cence, youth.

ADOLESCENT, E, à-dô-lê-sen, sent, s. m. & f. a young man or woman.
*ADORC, adv. then.

ADONIEN ou ADONIQUE, adj. Adonie, (verse.)

ADONIS, &-do-nis, s. m. Adonis, beau. A

ADONISER, &-do-nl-za, v. a. to dress finely S'adoniser, v. r. to deck one's self out to ap pear young.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ADONNÉ. E, adj. addicted, inclined, bent.

ADONNÉR, (s') så-dô-nå, v. r. to addict, or apply one's self to, give one's mind to, follow.

Badonner à un lieu, to frequent a place, be often at a place. Adonner, v. n. Mar. to draw aft, (said of the wind when it becomes favourable.) Les vents adonnent, the wind draws aft, Le vent udonne et refuse, the wind veors and hauls.

ADOPTIER, & dôp-tâ, v. a. to adopt, prefer. ADOPTIER, \$ dôp-tî, tv, adj. adoptive. ADOPTION, & dôp-sôn, s. f. adoption. ADORABLE, & dô-rab, adj. adorable.

ADORATEUR, à-dò-rà-teur, s. m. adorer,

great admirer. ADORATION, a-dô-ra-slon, s. f. adoration,

worship, reverenc ADORER, å-do-rå, v. a. to adore, worship,

Apos, a-do, s. m. shelving-bed, border in a

garden. ADOSSEMENT, s. m. sitting back to back, leaning against with the back, backing, strengthening backward.

ADDSERR, à-dò-sà, v. a. to set the back against a thing, set back to back, strengthen backward. Sadosser, v. r. to lean one's back.
ADUBER, à-dò-bà, v. a. Mar. to stop holes, repair. Adouber, v. n. (at chess, draughts,

ADOUCIR, a-doo-sir, v. a. to sweeten, make sweet; to soften, make smooth; allay, mitigate, assuage, ease, alleviate, to appease, pacify. Adoucir le son de la trompette, to make a trumpet sound softer. La phice a adouci le temps, the weather is grown mild after the rain. S'adoucir, v. r. to reeten, grow sweet; soften, grow soft, grow mild, or gentle; be tamed, assuaged, lenified, tempered, etc.

ADOUCISSANT, E, adj. softening, lenitive, emollient.

ADOUCISSANT s. m. emollient medicine. softener.

ADOUCISSEMENT, à-dôo-sis-mên, s. sweetening, softening, or smoothing; allay, ease, mitigation, assuaging, lenifying, appeasing, alleviation; temper. Il faut apporter quelque adoucissement aux mots qui ne sont yas bien établis, some lenitive must be used for words that are not current.

ADOUÉ, E, à-dôo-à, adj. coupled, paired,

(said of partridges, etc., ADRAGANT, s m. adraganth, or gum dra-

ADRESSANT, E, adj. directed, addressed.
ADRESSE, a-dres, s. f. direction; address: industry, dexterity, cunning, knack; subtlety, cunning, craftiness, slyness, shrewdness. La-dresse d'une lettre, the direction of a letter. Bureau d'adresse, office of intelligence.

ADRESSER, å-dre-så, v. a. to address, direct, send. Adresser un livre à quelqu'un, to dedicate a book to one. S'adresser, v. r. to be directed. S'adresser à quelqu'un, to apply, make applieation. Ce discours s'adresse à vous seul, this discourse regards, or is directed to you alone. Adresser, v. n. to hit the mark.

ADROIT, E, à-drwa, drwat, adj. dexterous, handy, ingenious, industrious, cunning, neat, skilful; subtle, sly, wise.

ADROIT, 2. m. cunning or subtle fellow. ADROITEMENT, A-drawt-men, adv. dexterously, neatly, industriously, wisely; cun ningly, subtilely.

ADULAT-EUR, RICE, &-du-la-teur, tris. s. m. & f. flatterer.

ADULATION, &-du-la-slon, s. f. flatterv.

ADULER, v. a. to flatter.
ADULTE, å-dölt, adj. adult.
ADULTERATION, a. f. adulteration.
ADULTERE, å-döl-ter, adj. adulterous;

adulterate

ADULTERE, s. m. adulterer, adultery, avowtry. Adultère, s. f. adulteress.

ADULTERER, v. a. to adulterate, fin phar

macy.) Adulterer, v. n. to commit adulte-

ADULTÉRIN, E. &-důl-tě-rin, rîn, adi. adulterine, bastardly, begotten in adultery.

ADUSTE, adj. adust, over-heated. ADUSTION, s. f. adustion, burning.

ADVERTI-F, VE, ad-ven-tif, tiv, adj. adventitious, casual.

ADVERBE, åd-verb, s. m. adverb.
ADVERBIAL, E, åd-ver-biål, adj. adverbial, belonging to the adverb.

Adverbialement, ad-ver-bial-men, adv. adverbially. ADVERBIALITÉ, s. f. quality of a word

looked upon as an adverb. ADVERSAIRE, ad-ver-ser, s. m. & f. adver-

sary, adverse party, opposer.
ADVERSATI-F, vE, ad-ver-sa tif, tiv, adj.

adversative.

Adverse, åd-vers, adj. adverse. Adversité, åd-ver-si-tå, s. f. adversity, calamity, misery, trouble.

AÉOLIPYLE, s. m. aeolipile. AERE, E, å-ë-rå, adj. in an airy situation. AERER, å-ë-rå, v. a. to air, give the enjoy-

ment of air, expose to the air.

AERIEN, NE, å-ë-riën, riën, adj. aerial, airy.

AERIEN, å-ë-rië. V Aérer.

AERIFORNE, adj. said of a fluid that has

the physical properties of air. AEROGRAPHIE, s. f. aerography.

AEROLOGIE, s. f. aerology

AÉROMANCIE, s. f. aeromancy. AÉROMETRE, s. m. aerometer, (instrument

to measure the density of air.) AÉROMÈTRIE, s. f. aerometry. AÉRONAUTE, à-è-ro-not, s. m. aeronaut

aerial navigator. AÉROPHOBE, s. m. one who dreads the air

AEROPHOBIE, s. m. aerophobia, dread of the air.

AKROSTAT, å-ë-rôs-tå, s. m. aerostatick machine, air balloon.

AEROSTATIQUE, adj. aerostatick. AERUGINEUX, V. Erugineux.

AFFABILITÉ, å-få-bl-ll-tå, s. f. affability, courtesy.

AFFABLE, a-fabl, adj. affable, civil, courte-

AFFABLEMENT, adv. affably, courteously. lovingly, kindly.

AFFABULATION, s. f. moral of a fable. AFFADIR, &-fa-dir, v. a. to render insipid,

to cloy, disgust. AFFADISSEMENT, &-få dis-men, s. m. cloyment, nauseousness.

AFFAIRE, &-fer, s. f. affair, business, thing, matter; case, cause or suit in law; concern, bargain; trouble, scrape, pain; quarrel; occasion, want, need. Se tirer d'affaire, to re28

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, 13g: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

Etre mal dans ses affaires, faire mal ses affaires, not to thrive, to go down the wind. Faire bien ses affaires, to thrive, do well, prosper. Faire ses affaires, to answer the calls of nature. Avoir affaire a des forces supérieures, to have to contend with an enemy of superiour force.

AFFAIRÉ, E, à-fà-re, adj. busy, full of business

AFFAISSEMENT, &-fes-men, s. m. sinking.

weighing down, pressing down.
Affalsser, å-få-så, v. a. to press, weigh down. S'affaisser, v. r. to sink (with too much weight.)

AFFAITER, v. a. to train (a hawk,) to tame. AFFALE, E, a-fa-la, adj. wind-bound. Etre affale, to be over-hauled, ombayed. Affale

sur la côte, embayed.

AFFALER, à-fà-là, v. a. Mar. to lower, over-Affaler un palan, to shift a tackle. bauf. Saffaler, v. r. to get embayed or becalmed.
AFFAMÉ, E, adj. famished, starved; greedy.
Un habit affamé, a scanty coat.
AFFAMER, à fà-mà, v. a. to famish, starve.
Affamer son écriture, to make one's strokes in

writing too line.

AFFEAGEMENT, &-fe-Az-men, s. m. the granting on fee farm

Affeager, &-fe-&-za, v. a. to grant on fee farm.

AFFECTATION, å-fêk-tå-slon, s. f. affecta-

AFFECTÉ, E, adj. affected; studied, over-

AFFECTE, E, adj. anected; studied, over-curiously done; assigned, attributed proper or properly belonging to some thing; afficted. AFFECTER, å-fek-tå, v. a. to destine, appro-priate; to mortgage; to affect, do with too much study, to study, desire. S'affecter, v. r. to be affected.

AFFECTI-F, VE, &-fek-if, th, adj. Ex. Théologie affectire, that part of theology which moves the affections.

AFFECTION, à-fek-slon, s. f. affection; love, benevolence, good-will, kindness, inclination, passion; mind, study, desire; zeal, earnest-

ness: attachment,
AFFECTIONES, E, &-fek-slo-na, adj. affectionate, well-affected. Mal affectionme, ill-affected. Affectionne à une chose, addicted to a thing.

AFFECTIONNER, å-fêk-slô-nå, v. a. to love, have a love or an affection for, affect, fancy, like, favour. Affectionner une affaire, to espouse a cause. S'affectionner, v.r. (à quelque chose,) to attach or apply one's self to a thing.

AFFECTURUSEMENT, å-fêk-tů-euz-měn,

adv. affectionately, heartily.

AFFERMER, & fek-tô-eu, èuz, adj. affectionate, kind, obliging, hearty, affecting.
AFFERMER, & fer-ma, v. a. to farm, let, lease out; to hire, rent, take on a lease.

AFFERMIR, &-fer-mir, v. a. to strengthen, fasten, make fast or firm. Aftermir son pied, to set one's foot upon sure ground. To harden, consolidate, make hard, firm or tough; to establish, conform, settle, secure, corrobotes rate, fortify. Affermir son esprit contre les dangers, to inure or harden one's self against dangers. S'affermir, v. r. to be confirmed or established. S'affermir dans son dessein, to persist in one's design.

AFFERMISSEMENT, å-fer-mis-men, s. m. stay, support, prop strengthening, fastening, etc. Establishment, confirmation, settlement.
AFFÉTÉ, E, à-fè-là, adj. affected, full of affectation, precise, nice.

AFFÉTERIE, à fct-rl, s. f. affectation, pre ciseness, niceness.

AFFETTO or AFFETTUOSO, adv. to be

played with a tender expression (in musick.)
AFFEURAGE, Affeurer, V. Afforage, afforer.
AFFICHE, & fish, s. f. bill or paper posted up in publick places, placard.

Afficher, å-fl-shå, v. a. to post up.

Afficheur, å-fl-sheur, s. m. one that

posts up bills, papers or placards.

Affice, E, a-fl-da, adj. trus

adj. trusty. Affide, s. m. trusty friend, confidant,

AFFIER, v. a. to plant, graft.

Affile, E, adj. sharpened, whetted, set, keen. Avoir la langue bien affilée, to have a nimble or glib tongue.

Affiler, a-fl-la, v. n. to set, set on edge,

sharpen, whet. AFFILIATION, &-ff-ff-a-slon, s. f. affiliation

adoption.

AFFILIER, &-fi-fi-a, v. a. to adopt, also to initiate in all the mysteries of a religious order. S'affilier, to join or unite one's self to a

cer. Suplace, to Join or mine one's sen to a church or society.

AFFINAGE, & II-naz, s. m. affinage, refining.

AFFINE, E., adj. fined, refined.

AFFINEMENT, s. m. V. Affinage.

AFFINEMENT, & m. V. Affinage. fine (metals, etc.) Affiner quelqu'un, to cheat one. Affiner, v. n. to clear up, (said of the weather.) S'affiner, v. r. to grow refined.

Affinerie, & fin-ri, s. f. a little forge

where iron is made into wire; iron refined and prepared for sale; finary.

AFFINEUR, &-fl-nedr, s. m. refiner.
AFFINITE, &-fl-ul-la, s. f. affinity; rela-

tion, agreement, acquaintance, familiarity.
Affinoir, &-fl-nwar, s. m. batchel to make hemp finer.

AFFIQUET, & fl-ke, s. m. case for knitting needles. Affiquets, s. m. pl. trinkets or little ornaments (of a woman's dress.)

AFFIRMANT, E, adj. affirmant, affirming. AFFIRMATI-F, ve, a-fir-ma-ul, dv, adj.

affirmative, peremptory, positive.

AFFIRMATION, a-fir-ma-sion, s. f. affirma tion, assertion; oath, affidavit.

AFFIRMATIVE, s. f. affirmative. AFFIRMATIVEMENT, &-fir-mk-tlv-men, adv. affirmatively, by way of affirmation,

positively. Affirmer, å-fir-må, v. n. to affirm, assert, ascertain, assure, maintain; to swear, take one's oath, confirm with an oath.

Affleurer, v. a. to level. Mar. to fay.

AFFLICTION, a-filk-slon, s. f. affliction trouble, sorrow, anguish, vexation, grief; ad versity, misfortune, calamity, misery, dis tress

Afflicti-f, ve, å-flik-tif, tiv, adj. Ex.

Peine afflictive, corporeal punishment.

AFFLIGE, E, adj. afflicted, gricved, troubled, sorrowful; cast down, vexed, disquieted; distressed, in affliction or distress.

Affligé, E, s. m. & f. a person afflicted, etc. AFFLIGEANT, E, A-til-zen, zent, adj afflict-

ing afflictive, sad, grievous.

AFFLIGER, a-fil-za, v. n. to afflict, grieve, trouble, cast down; to vex, disquiet, torment; base, but : jeune, maute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

mortify, macerate. S'affliger, v. n. to grieve ; be afflicted, troubled or cast down.

AFFLOUER, v. a. Mar. to come afloat.

AFFLUENCE, à-flù-èns, s. f. affluence, plenty, great store, abundance. Affuence de monde, concourse or great resort of people.

Affuent, E, a-fu-en, est, adj. running

AFFLUER, å-flu-å, v. n. to flow, run (into the same place;) to abound, to resort or come together, flock.

AFFOIBLIR, å-fe-bar, v. a. to weaken, make weak or faint, debilitate, enervate, env. a. to weaken, feeble. Affoiblir la monnoie, to clip coin, di-he weight of it. S'affoiblir, v. r. to minish the grow weak, feeble or infirm, to lose one's strength, decay.

AFFOIBLISSART, E. &-fe-bli-sen, sent, adj.

weakening.

AFFOIBLISSEMENT, å-fê-blis-mên, s. m. wonkening, enseebling. Affoiblissement de courage, discouragement. Affoiblissement de monneies, clipping, reducing the weight of

AFFOLÉ, E, &-fô-là, adj. extremely fond, desperately in love, doting. Boussole on Aiguille affolde, bad compass, compass not ITHE.

AFFOLER, v. a. to make extremely lond, to make one dote upon.

AFFULIR, v. n. to grow foolish.

AFFORAGE, s. m. assize or price set by the Magistrates; duty paid to the lord of the manor for selling wine, etc.

AFFORER, v. a. to assize, set the price.

*Affouguer, v. a. to give fire. Affouragement, a-foo-raz-men, s. m.

foddering, feeding.

AFFOURAGER, &-foo-rk-zk, v. a. to fodder,

AFFOURCHER, &-foor-sha, v. a. Mar. to moor or moor across, cast one anchor and cable across another. Affourther avec un cable sur chaque ancre, to moor with a cable cach

way.
Affourer, v. a. V. Affoureger.
Affranchi, e, å-frèn-shi, shi, adj. free,

& f. one made free

AFFRANCHIR, &-fron-shir, v. n. to free one from a thing; to set free, make free, give one his liberty, enfranchise. Affranchir une lettre, to frank a letter. To free, deliver, exempt, discharge. Affranchir un bitment, Mar. to free a ship of water, pump her out dry. Saffranchir, v. r. to free cr to rid one's self, get free.

APPRANCHISSEMENT, à frèn-shìo-mèn, s. s. actting free, delivery, discharge, exemp-

tion, enfranchisement.

AFFRES, S. f. pl. great fright.
AFFRETENENT, &-frêt-mên, s. m. Mar.
freight or hire (of a ship.)

AFFRÉTER, à-frè-tà, v. a. Mar. to freight. AFFRÉTEUR, à-frè-tèur, s. m. freighter.

AFFREUSEMERT, & friedren, s. m. neighber, and the friedren, and v. horribly terribly, dreadfully, frightfully.

AFFREUS, se, & frien, freuz, adj. hideous, dreadful, grisly, shastly, frightful, terrible.

AFFRIANDER, & friedren, da, v. a. to make

dainty, to allure with dainties. APPRIOLER, h-fri-d-la, v. a. to allure, ontice, decoy.

AFFRICER, v. a. Affriter une poète neure, to prepare and try a new frying-pan, so as to make it fit for frying with.

AFFRONT, a-from, s. m. affront, abuse, contumely; reproach, disgrace, dishonour shame.

Affrontailles, s. f. pl. bounds of several

pieces of ground. AFFRONTE, E, adj. facing each other, (in heraklry;) dared.

AFFRONTER, &-from-ta, v. a. to encounter, attack with great resolution, dare; to cheat, gull, cozen.

AFFRONTERIE, &-front-ri, s. f. cheat, cozening; effrontery.

APPRONTEU-R, SE, å-fron-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. cheat, impostor.

AFFUBLEMENT, &-fdbl-men. s. m. cover-

ing, any thing that serves to muffle or wrap up one's head or body. Affubler, a-fa-bla, v. a. to muffle, cover S'affubler de quelqu'un, v. r. to be wrap-

ped up in any one. AFFCT, 4-fb, s. m. carriage for a gun or mortar; place where the hunter waits for game. Etre à l'affat, to be upon the watch.

AFFUTAGE, A-fû-tûz, s. m. mounting of a piece of ordnance; a set of tools. implements; dressing of an old hat; grinding of tools.

AFFOTÉ, E, adj. mounted (cannon;) that has his tools ready, furnished with tools, set

sharp,

Affîter. 4-fû-tă, v. a. un canon, to mount a cannon. Affitter un outil, to set a tool, make it sharp.

AFILAGER, s. m. officer presiding over pub-

lick sales at Amsterdam.

AFIN de, A-fin, (with infinitive,) in order to.

Afin que, (with subjunctive,) that, to the end or
in order that. As afin de and afin que are often equivalent to pour and pour que. - Sec Pour.

AGA, &-ga, s. m. age, (Turkish officer.) AGACANT, E. 2-ga-sen, sent, adj. enticing,

alluring. AGACE, s. f. a magpie.

AGACEMENT, a-gas-men, s. m. setting on

edge.
AGACER, å-gå-så, (les dents.) v. a. to set
(the teeth) on edge; to provoke, urge, egg,

AGALLOHIUM, s. m. aloes.

Agapes, à-gàp, s. f. pl. love feasts, (among primitive christians.)

AGAPETES, s. f. pl. virgins in the primitive

church. AGARIC, å-gå-rik, s. m. agaric, (a plant.) AGASILLIS, s. m. shrub that produces the

ammoniacal gum. AGATE, a-gat, s. f. agate.

AGE, S. m. age, one's days, years, life.

Bas âge, jeune âge, âge tendre, tender age, infancy, chiklhood, youth.

Il ne peut pas vendre son bien, il n'est pas d'âge, he cannot sell his estate, he is not of age or he is under age. La merreille de notre age, the wonder of our age, days or time. Several centuries, an age, tract of time. L'âge ou le siècle d'or, the golden age,

Ac É. E. adj. aged; être agé de vingt ans, to be twenty years old; aged, old, electly. bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, tig. robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

well stricken in years. It est age, he is in vears.

AGENCE, å-zèns, s. f. agency. AGENCEMENT, å-zèns-mên, s. m. order,

arrangement; grouping (in painting.)
AGENCER, a-zen-sa, v. a. to set in order, arrange, dispose, fit up. S'agencer, v. r. to rig or trim one's self.

AGENDA, a-zin-da, s. m. memorandum, book of memorandums, table-Book, pocket-

book.

AGENOUILLER, åz-ndo-lå, v. a. to kneel own. Sagenouiller, v. a. to kneel, kneel down. down, fall upon one's knees.

AGENOUILLOIR, s. m. hassock, bench to

kneel upon at prayers.

AGENT, & zen, s. m. agent. Agent de change, exchange broker. AGÉOMÉTRIE, s. f. deviation from the rules

of geometry.
AGGLOMERATION, s. f. agglomeration.

AGGLOMÉRER, v. n. to agglomerate, gather up in a ball.

AGGLUTINANT, E, adj. & s. agglutinant; des aggliatinans, agglutinants.

AGGLUTINATI-F, VE, adj. agglutinative. AGGLUTINATION, s. f. agglutination.

AGGLUTINEMENT, s. m. agglutination, cohesion.

AGGLUTINER, v. a. to agglutinate. AGGRAVANT, E, å-grå-ven, vent, adj. ag-

gravating. AGGRAVATION, s. f. aggravation.

AGGRAVE, s. m. threatening, monitory. AGGRAVÉ, E, adj. aggravated; (de som-meil.) heavy with sleep. AGGRAVER, A-gra-va, v. a. to aggravate.

AGILE, &-zil, adj. agile, quick, nimble, active.

AGILEMENT, a-zîl-mên, adv. nimbly, rea-

dily, quickly.

AGILITÉ, å-zì-lî-tå, s. f. nimbleness, agi-

lity, quickness, swiftness, activity.

AGIO, 8-21-0, s. m. course of exchange.

AGIOS, s. m. pl. trinkets. AGIOTAGE, 1-21-0-taz, s. m. stock-jobbing.

AGIOTER, &-21-0-th, v. n. to be a stockjobber.

AGIOTEUR, å-zì-ò-teår,s. m. a stock-jobber. AGIR, a-zir, v. n. to act, to deal with, operate; influence, work; to negociate, manage; manière d'agir) way of proceeding, course. Agir contre quelqu'un, to sue, prosecute any one at law. Il s'agit, the matter or point is. Ex. De quoi s'agit-il? what's the matter? Il ne s'agit pas de cela, that is not the business in hand. Il s'agit de votre vie, your life is at stake or in danger

AGISSANT, E, å-zl-sen, sent, adj. efficacious, active, busy, stirring.

AGITATEUR, s. m. agitator. AGITATION, &-zi-ta-sion, s. f. agitation, toss, violent motion, jolting, tumbling, perturbatica, trouble.

AGITER, å-21-tå, v. a. to shake, toss, tumble, jolt; to agitate, hurry, trouble, disquiet, torture; to agitate or debate (a question.) S'agiter, to put one's self into a violent mo-

tion, throw one's self about, no agitated, etc.
AGNAT, ag-na, s. m. male issue, descending from a collateral male line.

AGNATIQUE, åg-nå-tik, adj. relating to

AGNATION, åg-uå-slon, s. f. agnation. AGNEAU, a.gno, s. m. lamb. De l'ou chair d'agness, lamb or lamb flesh.

AGNELER, agn-la, v. a. to yean, bring forth lambs.

*AGNELET, ågn-le, s. m. lambkin.

AGNELS, s. m. an ancient French coin. AGNUS, a-gnus, s. m. Agnus Dei, Lamb of God.

AGNUS-CASTUS, å-gnůs-kås-tůs, s. m. agnus-castus.

AGONIE, a-go-nl, s. f. agony, pangs of death, last gasp; extreme anguish, grief, trouble. Etre à l'agonie, to be at the point of death.

AGONISANT, E, adj. dying, in a dying con-

Agonisen, å-go-ni-zå, v. n. to be at the point of death, be dying, be in agony.

AGONISTIQUE, adj. agonistic, relating to prize fighting. Agonistique, s. f. agonism. AGONOTHETE, s. m. officer who presided at ancient games.

AGONYCLYTES, s. m. pl. christians who

never kneeled in prayer.

AGRAFE, a-graf, s. f. clasp. Agrafe d'une hotte, brace of a dorser or pannier

AGRAFER, å-grå-få, v. a. to clasp. AGRAIRE, å-grèr, adj. agrarian. AGRANDIR, å-grèn-dir, v. a. to enlarge.

make greater or bigger, increase, augment, improve; to raise, advance, prefer; to amplify, exaggerate, aggravate. S'agrandir, v. r. to raise or advance one's self, advance or make one's fortune, enlarge one's estate, grow, increase.

AGRANDISSEMENT, à-grèn-dis-mên, s. m. improvement, enlarging, increase. Advancement, preferment, promotion, growth, rise.

AGREABLE, A-gre-abl, adj. agreeable,

pleasant, pleasing, acceptable, welcome, grateful, charming. Agréable, s. m. Ex. Joindre l'utile à l'agréable, to join profit with pleasure. Aroir pour agréable, to like, accept, be pleased with.

AGRÉABLEMENT, å-grê-abl-mên, adv. agreeably, pleasantly, merrily, gladly, comfortably

AGRÉER, à-grê-à, v. a. to accept, receive kindly; to allow, approve of, like; v. n. to please, be pleasing or acceptable to. Agréez que je vous dise, give me leave to tell you. Agreer un vaisseau, to rig a ship.

AGRÉGAT, à grè-dur, s. m. rigger of ships. AGRÉGAT, à grè-gà, s. m. aggregate. AGRÉGATION, à-grè-gà-siòn, s. f. admis-

sion (into a society;) aggregation; adherence.
Corps par agrigation, aggregate, body.
Annea's, s. A-gré-zh, adj. aggregated, admitted (into a society;) agrigé au collège royal, fellow of the royal college. Agrigé, s. m.

aggregate, aggregate body.
AGREGER, A-gre-za, v. a. to aggregate, admit (into a society.)

AGRÉMENT, à-grè-men, s. m. liking, ap probation, consent, agreeableness, charm, allurement, agreeable quality, comfort, pleasure, delight. Ornament, what helps to set off (in dress.) Variation (in musick.)

AGRES, A-gre, s. m. pl. Mar. rigging. AGRESSER, A-gre-sh, v. a. to aggress. AGRESSEUR, A-gre-shur, s. m. aggressor. AGRESSION A-gre-sion, s. t. aggression.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

AGRESTE, å-grest, adj. wild, agrestic, ill | bred, rustic, clownish, unmannerly, savage. Fruit agreste, wild fruit.

AGRICOLE, adj. addicted to agriculture.

AGRICULTEUR, s. m. one who cultivates the earth.

AGRICULTURE, å-gri-kål-tår, s. f. agricul-

ture, husbandry.

AGRIE, s. f. kind of tetter which corrodes the skin and causes the hair to fall off.

AGRIFFER, (s') v. r. to catch with the claws, lay hold of, seize, cling fast.

AGRIMOINE, S. f. V. Aigremoine.

AGRIOPHAGE, adj. that lives upon wild beasts.

AGRIOTE, &-gri-ôt, s. f. sour cherry.

AGRIPAUME, s. f. mother-wort.

AGRIPPER, å-gri-på, v. a. to gripe, seize, catch at. S'agripper, v. r. to lay hold of, cling to.

AGRONOMIE, s. f. theory of agriculture. AGRONOME, s. m. a theoretical farmer. AGROUPER, V. Grouper.

AGUERRI, É, adj. disciplined, exercised in martial discipline, inured to the hardships of war, experienced in war. Soldats mal aguerris, undisciplined, unexperienced or raw soldiers.

AGUERRIR, å-gê-rîr, v. a. to train up in war, discipline, inure to the hardships of war. S'aguerrir, v. r. to grow warlike, use or inure one's self to the hardships of war; (à une chose,) to use one's self to a thing.

AGUETS, &-ge, s. m. pl. watch, watching. Etre or se tenir aux aguets, to lie in wait, be

upon the watch.

Ан, a! interj. oh! alas! A! ah, hah! ho! *AHAN, s. m. trouble, labour, fatigue; faire une chose arec ahan, to do a thing with great affort.

*AHANER, v. n. to toil, to be in pain.

AREURTÉ, E, adj. obstinate, stiff, peremp-

tory.
AHEURTEMENT, Å-curt-men, s. m. obsti-

nacy, stiffness of opinion.

AHEURTER, (s') å-dur-tå, v. r. to maintain a thing obstinately or to stick to it, be stiff or obstinate in a thing, persist firm in a purpose, be fully resolved.

Ahi, â-î, interj. of pain. Oh!

*Ahuri, â-û-rîr, v. a. to amaze, confuse,

perplex.

Aldant, adj. helping. Ex. Dieu aidant,

by God's help.

AIDE, ed, s. m. helper, assistant, mate. Aide à maçon, mason's man. Aide de cuisine, under cook. Aide de cérémonies, under master of the ceremonies. Aide major, adjutant.

Aides-charpentiers, carpen-Ardes, Mar. mates. Aides-chirurgiens, surgeon's mates. Aide-pilo'e, pilot's mate or ruther quarter-master. Aides-voiliers, sail-maker's crew.

AIDE, s. f. aid, assistance, help, relief, sup-

port, helper, help. (a serving woman;) chapel of ease. A l'aide, help!

AIDES, ed, s. f. pl. excise, taxes, customs, subsidies. La cour des aides, the court of ex-

AIDER, è-dà, v. a. to aid, assist, help, succour, favour, relieve, support. Aider à la lettre, to supply what is not expressed, to embellish. Saider, v. r. to help one's self.

S'aider on s'entr'aider, to help one another. S'aider de quelque chose, to use a thing, make use of it.

AIE, ay, interj. oh! oh dear.

ATEUL, E, a-yeul, s. m. and f. grandfather, grandmother; in the plural, Ateuls, m. &c. Ateules, f. Ateux, forefathers, ancestors, pre-

Aigail, s. m. dew.

AIGATER, v. a. to wash, soak, rinse.
AIGLE, egl, s. f. & m. eagle; an eagle of copper with extended wings used as a desk in the middle of a choir; sort of ray. Des your d'aigle, eagle's eyes, piercing eyes. Vol d'aigle, bold flight (of the mind.) AIGLETTES, è-glèt, s. f. pl. eaglets (in

heraldry.)

AIGLON, e-glon, s. m. eaglet, young eagle.
AIGRE, egr, adj. sour, sharp of taste, strong, ill, unpleasant, harsh, rough, fragile, brittle. sour, sharp, bitter, crabbed, rough, ill-natured, churlish, severe (person.)

AIGRE, s. m. sourness. Aigre de limon, lemonade; aigre doux, between sweet airl

SOUT.

AIGREFIN, egr-fin, s. m. one who lives by his wits, sharper.

Aigrelet, te, egr-le, let, adj. sourish, a little sour.

AIGREMENT, egr-men, adv. sourly, sharply, bitterly, severely, roughly.

AIGREMOIKE, s. f. agrimony (an herb.)

AIGREMORE, s. m. pulverized charcoal. AIGRET, TE, ê-grê, grêt, adj. sourish, a little sour.

AIGRETTE, s. f. egret, sort of white heron; plume made of its feathers. Aigrette d'eux. water-work in form of a heron's tuft.

AIGREUR, ê-greur, s. f. sourness, sharpness, bitterness, roughness, tarmess, ill-nature, heat, grudge, spite, spleen, ill-will, malice, animosity, odium. Aigreurs, s. f. pl. heartburning; engraving where the aqua-fortis has eaten too deep.

AIGRIR, e-grir, v. a. to make sour or sharp, to exasperate, incense, provoke, increase, to make ill-humoured, cross or pecvish, give the spleen. S'aigrir, v. r. to sour, turn sour, grow sour or sharp, to fall into a passion, be

Algu, r., ê-gû, gû, adj. pointed, sharp, keen, acute, prickly; (of the mind) acute, sharp, ingenious, subtle, witty, quick; (of sight) piercing, quick, keen; (of roice) shrill loud, clear; (of puin) sharp, acute, violent.

Accent aigu, acute accent.

Angle aigu, acute

angle. Mente aigue, spear-mint.
AIGUADE, ê-gâd, s. f. Mar. watering place.
Faire aiguade, to take in fresh water, to

Aiguail, s. m. dew.

AIGUAYER, v. a. to bathe, wash in water. AIGUE marine, eg-ma-rin, s. f. sort of precious stone.

Alguigre, ê-gêr, s. f. ewer. Alguigrege, ê-gê-rê, s. f. ewer-full. Alguillade, s. f. an ox-goad. Alguilla, ê-gê-l/, s. f. needle; (de tête,) bodkin for the hair; hand of a watch, cock or needle of a balance, spire of a church, thorn-back, (fish.) Aignille, Mar. out-rigger, topmast, spar employed to support a lower mast in heaving down a ship. Aiguille de funal,

bar, bat, Laue: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

lantern beam, iron brace or crank of a poon er top lantern.

or top lamern.

AIGUILLÉE, ê-gûl-lâ, s. f. needle-full.

AIGUILLER, ê-gûl-lâ, v. a. to couch the eye.

AIGUILLER, ê-gûl-lêt, s. f. point, lagged
point, also slice. Cosrir l'aiguillette, to play
the common whore. Lâcher l'aiguillette, to
case one's self, Aiguillette de porques, Mar.
upper futtock riders; V. Eguillettes. Aiguillette ou l'ârge d'anguages lashing.

lette ou ligne d'amarrage, lashing.
Alguilletti, E, adj. whose breeches are tied with points, also stiff, starched, V. Eguil-

AIGUILLETTER, è-gôl-lè-ta, v. a. to tie with points. Mar. to clash

AIGUILLETTIER, ê-gûl-lê-tlà, s. m. one who tags or points laces or cords.

Alguillier, e-gal-fla, s. m. needle-case,

also needle-maker.

Alguillon, ê-gâl-lon, s. m. sting, goad, spor, motive, incentive, incitement, inducement, encouragement.

Alguillonner, ê-gûl-lô-nâ, v. a. to incite, goad, spur on, stir up, egg on.
Alguist, E, ê-gî zh, adj. whetted, made

sharp, etc. AlGUISEMENT, e-glz-men, s. m. whetting,

charpening.

Alguiser, ê-gl-zâ, v. a. to whet, sharpen, make sharp, set an edge on. AIL, M, s. m. aux in the plural, garlick,

clove of garlick.

Alle, el, s. f. wing. Bout d'aile. V. Boudelle. Ailes d'un moutin à vent, sweeps of a wind-mill. Ailes d'une armée, wings of an Ailes d'un bâtiment, wings of a building. Aile de la nef d'une église, aisle or ile of a church. Ailes de lardoire, broad end of a larding pin. Alle, lead wherein are set the panes of glass windows. Jen ai dans l'aile, I am caught, I am at a loss, I am undone. En tirer pied ou aile, to get a snack or snip of it. Il ne bat plus que d'une aile, he is gone, he is undone, he is put to his last shifts. Aile, s. hale. Ailes d'arrimage, Mar. wings of the bold. Ailes de derive, lee boards; ailes de la cale, run. Bouts-d'aile, quills (for pens.)

Allé, r., è-là, adj. winged, that has wings.

AILERON, el-ron, s. m. extremity of a wing; a fin. Ailerons, wings or ladles (of a water-mill;) gristly part (of the nose on both sides

of the tip.)

AILETTE, &-let, s. f. side-lining (of a shoe.)
AILLADE, &-fad, s. f. garlick ragout or Sauce.

AILLEURS, &-leur, adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, in another place. Par ailleurs, through another place. D'ailleurs, from anothrough another place. D'ailleurs, from another place; besides, moreover; otherwise, in

ther place; besteen, increases; order this, in other things, in other respects.

AIMABLE, ê-mên, s. in. loadstone, magnet.

AIMANTE, E, adj. rubbed or touched with a loadstone; aignille ainantle, magnetic needle, the contract of the contr

AIMANTER, ê-men-tà, v. a. to rub or touch with a loadstone.

with a loadstone.

Almantin, E. ê-mên-lin, lîn, adj. of or belonging to a loadstone, magnetick.

Alme, E. adj. loved, beloved.

Bienaimé,
weli-beloved, darling.

Almer, ê-mên, v. a. to love, have an affection e live her bite he in her with

tion or inclination for, like, be in love with, be taken with, fancy, he fond of. Se faire aimer, to gain people's love, favour or good will. Aimer mieux, to prefer, choose rather. Aimer mieux une chose qu'une autre, to pre fer one thing to another.

S'aimer, v. r. to love one's self. S'aimer en quelque lieu, to like a place, like or love being there, delight in it. S'entr'aimer, to love one another.

AINE, en, s. f. groin.

AINE, e., e.nd., adj. eldest, first born; elder, older, senior.

L'ainé de deux frères, the elder brother.

AINE, s. m. eldest son, first-born. AINEE, s. f. eldest daughter.

AINESSE, è-nes, s. f. eldership. d'aînesse, birthright.

*AINS, ins, adv. Ex. Ains au contruire, but on the contrary.

AINSI, in-si, adv. so, thus, after this manner; so, just so, likewise; therefore. Ainst que ou tout ainsi que, as, even as, so as. Estee ainsi que rous étudies? Do you study no better? Il est ainsi fait, that is his temper, way, or humour. On est ainsi fait, such is the genius of this are the genius of this age. Ainsi-soit-il, amon, be it. *Ainsi n'avienne, God forbid.

*Comme ainsi soit que, whereas.

AIR, cr, s. m. air, wind. En l'air, in vain, Alk, et. s. m. air, wind. En car, in win, vainly, sillify, extravagantly. Prendre l'air du feu ou d'un fagot, to warm one's solf by the fire or win a fagot. Déchausser les urbres par le pied pour leur donner de l'air, to hare the roots of trees or dig the earth about them, to refresh them. Donner de l'air à un tonneau, to give vent to a vessel. Avoir tou-jours le pied en l'air, to be always in motion, flutter about. Arr, air, manner, way, course carriage, rate, form, fashion, demeanour, look. countenance, aspect, presence, fashion, out side, appearance, harmony of features, (in a picture, etc. Avoir l'air de quelqu'un, to look like one, be like him. Je vois tous les traits, etc. de votre visage dans ce portrait, mais l'air n'y est pas, I see all your features in this picture, but yet it wants your air. Air de Vent. V. Aire. Air, air, tune, song. Air à boire, jovial drinking song. Air, Mar. way of a ship. Le bâtiment n'a pas assez d'air pour rirer de bord, the ship has not way enough to V. Aire et Donner.
AIRAIN, 8-rin, s. m. brass.
AIRE, er, s. f. smooth and even floor. Aire

d'une grange, a barn floor ; eyrie ; area, space betwixt the walls, superficies, area or inside (of any geometrical figure;) circle about the moon and some stars. Aire de rent, s. f. Mar. point, quarter, point of the compass. Dans quelle aire de vent a-t-on aperçu cette terre? in what quarter was that land seen?

AIRER, e-ra, s. f. barn floor full of sheaves

ready to be thrashed.

AIRER, c-ra, v. n. to make a nest or eyrie. AIRIE et AIRIER. V. Aéré et Aérer.

A15, e, s. m. board, plank. Ais de carton, paste-board.

Alsance, e-zens, s. f. ease, facility, freedom. Aisances, a privy, house of office.
AISCEAU, s. m. cooper's adze.

AISE, ez, adj. glad, well-pleased, joyful. Vons ne serez pus bien oise que je rous dise la rérité, you will not like to hear the truth from

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : beun.

AISE, s. f. contentment, joy, gladness; ease, conveniency, comfort, pleasure. Tressailtir Paise, to leap for joy. Etre à son aise, to be at ease; be in easy circumstances. Aimer s aises, to love one's ease or convenience. Vivre à son aise, to live in plenty or at ease,

live comfortably. Leisure, spare time.

A l'aise, adv. easily, with ease, without much ado. On est assis à l'aise à son sermon, there is room enough in the church when he preaches. Il vit chez het en paix et aise, he

lives easy and quiet at home.

Assi, E, adj. easy, ready; easy, free; easy, convenient; rich, wealthy, in easy circumstances. Homme aise à facher, passionate man.
Alsement, é-cà-mên, adv. easily, with
cuse, readily, freely, willingly.

*Alsement, s. m. easement, privy. Alssrlle, esel, s. m. arm-pit, arm-hole.

Aissi, s. m. shirgle. AittioLogis, s. f. etiology. Ajourg, g., 8-200-ra, adj. pierced (in heraldry.)

AJOURNEMENT, &-zdorn-mên, s. m. sum-

mons, citation, assignation.

AJOURNER, 2-20or-na, v. a. to summon, cite, to adjourn, put off. S'ajourner, v. r. to adjourn. AJOUTAGE, à-200-taz, s. m. mixture of one

thing with another. AJOUTER, à-zôo-tà, v. a. to add, join. Ajouter foi, to give credit, believe.

AJUSTÉ, E, adj. fitted, set in order, set to-gether, ordered, contrived, composed, dis-posed, joined, clad or dressed.

AJUSTEMENT, a-zdst-men, s. m. framing, AJUSTEMENT, a-zust-men, s. m. naming, sting, squaring, adjusting; agreement, reconciliation, dress, garb, attire, apparel, habit, furniture, embellishment; improvement. AJUSTER, å-zbs-tå, v. a. to make a weight or measure true or just; size; to adjust, fit.

set in order, join, frame, dispose, put together, put in order; to adjust, compound, compose, reconcile, accord, agree; to trim, adorn, em-Ajuster un cheval, to make a horse carry himself right. Ajuster un cheval au galop, to put a horse upon the gallop. S'ajuster, v. r. to prepare, get or make one's self ready; to agree, suit; quadrate; trim or trick up one's self, make one's self fine.

AJUSTOIR, a-zus-twar, s. m. pair of scales

used in the mint.

AJUTAGE, a-zū-taz, s. m. tube or pipe for water-works.

Alambic, å-lèn-bîk, s. m. an alembick or still. Alambiquer, å-lèn-bî-kā, v. a. to refine too much upon.

S'alambiquer l'esprit de, v. r. to puzzle or

worry out one's brains.

ALAN, a-len, s. m. (espèce de dogue) kind of large, strong, thick-headed, and short-snouted dog.

ALARGUER, 3-lar-ga, v. n. Mar. to take sea-room, bear off, shear off.

ALARME, å-larm, s. f. alarm, fear, fright. ALARMER, å-lår-må, v. a. to alarm, fright. S'alarmer, v. r. to be alarmed or frighted.

ALATERNE, Å-lå-dern, s. m. privet. ALBATRE. Ål-båtr, s. m. alabaster. ALBERGE, ål-bårz, ou AUBERGE, s. f. a sort of early peach.

ALBERGIER, al-ber-zia, ou Aubergier, s. m. alberge-tree.

Albigenses m. pl. Albigenses

Albique, âl-bîk, s. f. sort of white chalk. Albran, âl-brên, V. Halbran. Albrené, e, adj. V. Halbrane. Albrener, âl-brê-ah, v. n. V. Halbrater. Albuginé, e, adj. white (membrane.) Albugineu-x, se, âl-bâ-zî-nêu, neuz, adj. albugineous, white

angineous, winte.

ALBUGO, s. m. albugo, white spot on the eye.

ALCADE, s. m. a Spanish judge, alcade.

ALCALI, ål-kå-li, a. m. alkali.

ALCALI, ål-kå-li, s. m. alkali.

ALCALIN, E. adj. alkaline.

ALCALISATION, ål-kå-li-zå-slovs, s. f. alka-

lization.

Alcaliser, âl-kâ-lî-zâ, v. a. to aîkalizate. ALCÉE, s. f. alcea. ALCHIMIE, àl-shl-mì, s. f. alchymy.

Alchimique, adj. alchymical. Alchimiste, al-shl-mist, s. m. alchymist

ALCOHOL, s. m. alcohol, spirits of wine. ALCOHOLISATION, s. f. alcoholization.

ALCOHOLISER, v. a. to alcoholize. ALCORAN, al-kô-rên, s. m. alcoran. ALCOVE, al-kôv, s. f. alcove.

ALCOVE, al-kôv, s. f. alcove. ALCYON, al-sl-on, s. m. balcyon.

ALCYONIEN, E, adj. jours alcyoniens, hal-cyon days, time wherein the king-fisher makes her nest, quiet and calm times.

ALDERMAN, s. m. alderman. Les aldermans, the aldermen.

*ALDÍBERAM, s. m. little star in the tail of the great bear.

ALE, s. f. ale.

ALECTOROMANCIE, a. f. divination by a cock.
ALEGRE, å-legr, adj. cheerful, merry, brisk, lively.

ALEGREMENT, & legr-men, adv. cheer-fully, merrily, briskly, readily. ALEGRESSE, & legres, s. f. joy, gladness,

cheerfulness, alacrity.
ALENE, å-len, s. f. awl.
ALENIER, å-lenis, s. m. awl-maker or seller. ALENTIR, v. a. to make slow, slacken. S'alentir, v. r. to grow slow, slacken.
ALENTOUR or à l'entour, adv. about, round

about.

ALERION, å-lê-rlon, s. m. eaglet. ALERTE, å-lêrt, adj. careful, diligent, vigilant, watchful, stirring, sprightly, brisk, pert.
ALERTE, adv. soyez alerte, be on your guard. ALEVIN, al-vin, ou ALEVINAGE, s. m. young fry, small fish in a pond.

ALEVINER, al-vi-na, v. a. to stock with

small fish. ALEVINIERE, al-vi-nier, s. m. small pond wherein fish are kept for breed.

ALEUROMANCIE, s. f. aleuromaney.
ALEXANDRIN, å-lek-sen-drin, adj. alexandrine, verse of twelve syllables.

ALEXIPHARMAQUE ou ALEXITERE, adj. alexipharmick, alexiterick, counteracting poison.

ALEZAN, al-zen, adj. of a sorrel colour. Un cheval alezan, ou un alezan, s. m. a sorrel horse. Un cheval roux alexan, a red bay herse.
ALEZE, a-lez, s. f. child-bed linen, clout.

ALGARON, s. m. a chain for galley-slaves,
ALGARADE, āl-gā-rād, s. f. a blunt attack
ALGEBRAIQUE, ou ALGEBRIQUE, āl-zēbrīk, adj. algebraick.

ALGEBRISER, al-ze-bri-za, v. n. to speak or write on algebra

ALGEBRE, al-zebr, s. f. algebra.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ALGÉBRISTE, ål-zè-brist, s. m. algebraist. | ALGORITHME, s. m. algorithm, science of numbers.

ALGUARIL, ON ALGUAZIL, al-gwa-zil, s.

m. alguazil. ALGUE, âlg., s. m. sea-weed. ALISI, â-ll-bl, s. m. alibi (*in lan*.) ALISIFORAINS, â-ll-bl-fô-rin, s. m. pl. vain excuses, evasions

ALIBORON, 8-II-bō-ron, s. m. Maître alibo-ron, cunning old fox or fellow. ALICA, s. m. kind of wheat.

ALIDADE, å-li-dåd, s. f. alidada, kind of ruler that moves on the back of an astrolabe or any other geometrical instrument to mea-

Mure angles or distances.

ALIÉNABLE, à ·liè·nàbl, adj. alienable.

ALIÉNATION, à ·liè·nà-slon, s. f. alienation or transfer; averseness, dislike, aversion, strangeness, estrangement, alienation (of mind.

ALIENE, E, adj. alienated, estranged, etc. out of his wits, crack-brained, distracted.

ALIENER, a-lle-na, v. a. to alienate, transfer, make over, to alienate, estrange, or draw away one's affections. Aliener l'esprit a away one's affections. Altèner l'esprit a quelqu'un, to make one mad, distemper his brain. S'altèner de quelqu'un, v. r. to estrange one's self from one.

ALIGNÉ, E, adj. squared or laid out by a

line, that stands in a right line or in a bow.

*Colome alignée ou haude, taper pillar.

*Alignæmnt, a. lign-men, a. m. squaring
or laying out by a line; level; row (of buildings.)

ALIGHER, å-fl-gnå, v. n. to square or lay out by a line; level; dress (soldiers.) ALIMENT, å-fl-mån, s. m. aliment, food, nourishment. L'aliment du feu, fuel. Alimens, alimony, maintenance

ALIMENTAIRE, &-Il-men-ter, adj. alimentary. Provision ou pension alimentaire, alimony.

ALIMENTER, å-lî-mên-tå, v. a. to provide

food for. ALIMENTEU-X, SE, &-II-men teu, teuz, adj. autritive, alim

ALINEA, &-li-nê-à, s. m. fresh paragraph, ALINGER, v. a. to supply with linen.

Salinger, v. r. to buy or bespeak linen.
ALIQUANTE, a-H-kant, adj. Ex. Partie

aliquante, aliquant part.
ALIQUOTE, &-Il-kôt, adj. f. Ex. Partie ali-

ALITE, E, adj. bed rid, that keeps his bed.
ALITE, \$\mathbb{E}\$, adj. bed rid, that keeps his bed.
ALITER, \$\mathbb{A}\$-li-la, v. a. to make one xeep his
bed. S'aliter, v. r. to keep one's bed, be bed rid. ALIVEER, v. a. to put together a number of wax candles sufficient to make up one

pound weight.

ALIZE, å-liz, s. f. fruit of the lote-tree.

ALIZE, å-liz, a.dj. Mar. Ex. Vents alizés, trade winds. Prendre les vents alizés, in get

into the trade winds.
ALIZIER, a-ll-zia, s. m. lote-tree. ALKERENGI, s. m. alkekengi or winter

cherry. Alkermès, ål-kër-mës, s. m. alkermes. ALLAITERANTS. In suckling, giving suck.
ALLAITERÂ-lè-th, v. a. to suckle, nurse.
ALLANT, E, h-lèn, lènt, s. & adj. Ex. Altime et venans, goers and comers.

ALLECHÉ E, adj. allured, drawn, incited, tempted, seduced. ALLECHEMENT, å-lesh-men, s. m. allure-

ment, enticement, seducement.
ALLÍCHER, à-lè-shà, v. a. to allure, draw

in, entice, seduce.

Allie, s.-la, s. f. going, walking; passage, entry; alley, walk. Allee converte, shady walk.

ALLEGATEUR, å-lê-gå-têur, s. m. alleger. ALLEGATION, å-lê-gå-siòn,s. f. allegation, quotation, instance, affirmation.

ALLEGE, &-lez, s. f. lighter, tender.
*ALLEGEANCE, &-lê-zenr s. f. allaying, alleviation, ease, comfort, refreshment; allegiance.

viation, ease, comfort, refreshment; allegiance.

ALLEGEMENT, S. m. ease, alleviation.

ALLEGEMENT, S. m. ease, alleviation.

ALLEGEMENT, delerat, v. n. to ease, disburden, lighten; to allay, alleviate, ease, refresh, mitigate. Mar. to lighten. Allege l'anure de revers de misaine, clear away the lee fore tack. Allege le câble, light up the cable. Allege un câble, means also, to buoy up a cable with empty casks, etc. in order to keep it clear of

foul ground.

ALLEGERIR, ou ALLEGIR, v. a. to make

(a horse) lighter before than behind.
ALLEGORIE, ål-lê-gô-rl, s. f. allegory.
ALLEGORIQUE, ål-lê-gô-rlk, adj. allegorical.

Allegorically. al-le-go-rik-men, adv. allegorically.

ALLEGORISER, al-le go-ri-za, v. a. to allegorize. Allegoriszur, al-le-go-rl-zeur, s. m. one

who delights in allegories

ALLEGORISTE, s. m. allegorist. ALLEGRESSE, s. f. lively expression of joy ALLEGRETTO, adv. with a motion a little sprightly.

ALLEGRO, adv. with a sprightly motion.
ALLEGRO, s. m. sprightly piece of music.
ALLEGUER, ŝi-lè-gŝ, v. n. to allege, cite,
quote, produce, instance.
ALLEGUER, ŝi-lè-yà, s. m. allelujah;
also, a plant good for sallad.

ALLEMAGNE, ål-mågn, s. f. Germany. ALLEMAND, E, ål-men, mend, adj. & s German.

ALLEMANDE, s. f. allemande (in music.) ALLER, d-la, v. n. to go. Aller à pied, to go on foot, foot it. Aller à grands pas, to go very fast, walk very fast. Aller le trot, to trot. Aller l'amble, to amble. Aller à tatons, to grope Aller au contraire, aller à l'encontre, to go against, run counter, oppose. Aller à la ren-contre, to go to meet. Aller à la rencontre, contre, to go to meet. Alter a la rencontre, to obviate, prevent. Allez en paix, depart in peace. Ne faire qu'aller et venir, to be ever running up and down. Jene ferai qu'aller et venir, I will not stay, I will be back again presently. presently. Aller à l'excès, to run out into excess. Aller, to go, run. Tondes les eaux des rivières Aller, to go, run. Toutes tes eaux acs ruveres cont à la mer, all the waters of rivers run or go into the sea. Aller, to go, run, come, amount, (speaking of time, extension, number.) Rien ne va plus rite que le temps, nothing goes faster than time. La forêt va depuis le village jusqu'à la rivière, the forest goes or runs from the village to the river. Ce calcul va à taut, that reckoning amounts or comes to so much. rasoir qui va bien, a razor that cuts well. Aller, to end, lead, come. Cette pièce de terre va es pointe, that piece of ground ends in a point. Ce chemin va à l'église, this way goes or

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

leads to the church. Son entreprise est allée à rien, his undertaking is come to nothing. Aller, to go, go forward, go on. Ces ouvriers vont bien lentement, these workmen get on very slowly. Le commerce ne ra plus, there is very stowy. Le commerce ne re pus, there is no trade stirring, trading is dead. Cette affaire va de bien en mieux, that business goes on beteer and better. Aller, to concern. Je n'ai rich dit qui aitle à cous, I said nothing that concerns you; what I said was not meant for you. Aller, to tend to, drive at, aspire to, aim at, be bent. Aller, to go about, to act, proceed. Est ce ainsi que vous y allez? Is this your way of proceeding? Is this your way? Aller rondement, to act candidly or roundly. Aller, to go, do, or be well or ill. Comment on votre santé? Comment vous en va? How goes your health? how goes it with you? how do you do? Comment vont vos affaires? how does your business go on?, tout va bien, all is well, or goes on well. Aller bien ou mal, to become or suit well or ill. Aller, to fit. Aller de pair, to be equal. Aller, to be going, be ready, go near, chance. Il va sortir, he is just going out. Il va rendre l'âme, he is ready to give up the ghost. It sees alle embarrasser dans cette affaire, he has entangled himself in that business. Cela s'en va fait, that is almost done. Le caréme va fair, Lent draws to an end. Aller aux opinions, to put to vote. Aller, lay, stake. Aller par haut et par bas, to void upwards and downwards. Faire aller, to make go, set a-going, move, give motion to, etc. Laisser aller son corps, se laisser aller, to let one's body swag or hang. Se laisser aller à quelque chose, to abandon, or give over one's self to a thing wield agriculture to the contraction. self to a thing, yield, or give way to it. Faire en aller, to drive out, drive away. Faire en aller les boutons du visage, to take away the pimples of one's face. Il en va de cette affaire comme de l'autre, it is with this business as with way; get one's self gone, depart, set out. S'en aller d'une carte, to throw away a card. Il s'en va pleuroir, it is going to rain. S'en aller par terre, to be falling. Cela s'en ra sans dire, that is without question, that is to be supposed that is without question, that is to be supposed or understood. If y va de votre vie, your life lies or is at stake, your life is concerned in it. Allons, va, alles, (interjections.) Ex. Allons, finissons. come, or come on, let us make an end. Va, tu ne sais pas empaumer les gens, away or go, you know not how to wheedle people. "Un las d'aller, a lazy sel-

low or lazy bones.

Aller, Mar. to go, be bound, run, sail, etc.
O: allez-vous? where are you bound to? Nous allons à Bordeaux, we are bound to Bordeaux. Ce vaisseau vient de Cadix et va à Londres, that ship is bound from Cadiz to London. Aller à bord, to go aboard. Aller à la bouline, to stand close hauled. Aller à la côle, to run ashore. Aller à la découverte, to go upon the look out. Aller à la sonde, to run by the lead. Aller à la touée, to warp. Aller à terre, to go ashore. Aller à la voile, to sail. Aller à voiles et à rames, to sail and row. Aller au mouillage, to stand in for anchorage. Aller au roulis, to roll, fetch away. Aller de bout à la lame, to bow the sea. Aller de conserne, to keep company with a ship. Aller de l'annut, to go fast through the water. Aller en course, to go privateering. Aller en croisière

to go upon a cruise. Aller en dérive, to go adrift. Aller en lest, to go in ballast. Aller en rade, to go out of harbour into a neighbouring read-stead. Aller à fond, to sink, go to the bottom.

ALLER, s. m. Ex. Il a eu l'aller pour le venir, he has had his labour for his pains.

Pis aller, V. Pis.

ALLESER, a.-le-za, v. a. to enlarge the ca-

liber of a gun.

Allesoir, a-lè-zwar, s. m. bore or borer. Allesure, s. f. parts of metal which fall

down in the boring of a gus.

Alleu, a-leu, s. m. Franc alleu, freshold, free tenure. Terres en franc alleu, allodial lands, freehold.

ALLIAGE, a-fl-az, s. m. allaying, misture or mixing of metals; alloy or allay; alligation.
ALLIANCE, a-fl-ens, s. f. alliance or affinity by marriage, match; union, uniting, blending; alliance, confederacy, league, covenant; a

gimmal, wedding ring.
ALLIE, E, a-li-a, adj. allied, matched; al-

layed, mixed.

ALLIE, s. m. ALLIEE, s. f. kinsman, or

kinswoman, relation; ally, confederate.

Allier, a-ffa, v. a. to allay, mix. On pent allier ces choses ensemble, those things may be reconciled together.

S'allier, v. r. to match. To enter into an alliance, or confederacy, make an alliance. To be alloyed or mixed.

ALLIER, s. m. sort of net to catch partridges, ALLICATION, s. f. alligation.

ALLIGATOR, s. m. alligator.

ALLIOTH, s. f. star in the tail of the great

ALLITÉRATION, s. f. alliteration. ALLOBROGE, al lo-broz, s. m. clownish or

unmannerly fellow ALLOCATION, al-lo-ka-sion, s. f. allowance

or putting into an account.
ALLOCUTION, \$1-10-ki-slon, s. f. allocution.

ALLOUIAL, E, âl-lò-dl-âl, adj. allodial, free.

Terres allodiales, allodial or free lands.

ALLODIALITÉ, âl-lò-dl-â-ll-â, s. f. allodi-

ality, free tenure, freehold.

Al-ALLONGE, &-lonz, s. f. eking-piece. longes de perruque, drops of a wig. Allonge, Mar. futtock, futtock-timber. Allonge de revers, top-timber. Allonges de porque, futtock riders. Allonges des écubiers, hawse-pieces. Allonges de cornière, top-timbers of the fashion piece. Allonges de poupe, stern-timber. Al-longes de tableau, taffarel-timbers.

ALLONGEMENT, &-lonz-men, s. m. length ening or stretching out, drawing out in length extension; prolonging, delay; delaying, pro-

tracting. ALLONGER, &-lon-za, v. a. to lengthen, stretch out, draw out in length, eke out; to prolong, defer, delay, protract. Allonger un coup, to strike a blow. Allonger une botte, to make a thrust or pass. Allonger la courroie, to make a penny go a great way. S'allonger, v. r. to stretch, grow longer. Mar. Allonge les écodes des lumiers, stretch along the topsail sheets. Allong une biture du maître câ-ble, get up a range of the sheet cable. ALLOUABLE, â-lôo-abl, adj. allowable.

ALLOUE, s. m. journeyman. ALLOUER, a-loo-a, v. a. to allow, account for, grant.

bar, bat, base : thère : ébb, over : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

*ALLOUVI, E, &-loo-vl, vl, adj. famished, | hungry as a wolf.

ALLUCMON, a-ld-show, s. m. catch or tooth of a wheel that goes into the notch of another.

ALLUMER, a-ld-ma, v. a. to light, kindle, set in flames or on fire. Fallumer, v. r. to light, kindle, catch fire, break out.
ALLUMETTE, å-lå-met, s. f. match.

ALLUMETTE, &-10-met, s. f. match.

ALLUMEUR, s. m., he that lights the candles at the play house.

ALLURE, &-10r, s. m. gait, going, pace.

Alburs, behaviour, conduct, way of proceeding. Mar. trim of a ship, point of sailing.

ALLUSION, &-10-zlon, s. f. allusion. Faire allusion & to make an allusion or allude to.

ALLUVION, &-10-vlon, s. f. alluvial land.

ALMAGESTE, s. f. almagest, collection of astronomical observations.

ALMANACH, or ALMANAC, al-ma-na, s. m. almanack, calendar. Faiseur d'almanacs, almanack-maker, astrologer.
ALMADIE, s. f. African cane.

ALMANDINE, s. f. almandine, sort of ruby. ALOES, à-lò-es, s. m. aloes (tree and plant.)

ALDETIQUE, adj. consisting of aloes.

ALOGNE, s. f. a kind of rope (used in the matraction of bridges.)

V. Alogne.

construction of bridges.) V. Aloigne.
ALOi, a-lwh, a. m. alloy, the goodness of any metal that is to be coined into money. Monnoie de bas, de faux, or de maurais aloi, bad money, mixed metal, counterfeit money. Un homme de bas aloi, a man of mean birth or education.

ALOIGNE, s. f. buoy, canbuoy, nunbuoy.

ALOPÉCIE, s. f. alepecy, fox's evil.

ALOPÉCIE, s. f. alepecy, fox's evil.

ALORS, à-lôr, adv. then, at that time, in those times.

La mode d'alors, the fashion of ALOSE, \$-los. s. f. shad.
ALOUETTE, \$-los. ts. f. lark.
ALOUETTE, \$-los. ts. f. lark.
ALOUETTE, \$-los. ts. f. lark.

ALOYAGE, s. m. alloying, mixture. ALOYAU, a-lwa-yo de bosuf, s. m. short rib

ALOYER, a-lwa-ya, v. a. to alloy (gold or

silver.) ALPAGNE, s. m. Alpagna (a Peruvian ani-

ALPAORE, s. m. Alpagna (a Peruvian ani-mal somewhat like a vigon.)
ALPES, ålp, s. f. pl. Alps.
ALPIIA, ål-la, s. m. alpha, first Greek letter.
ALPHABETIQUE, ål få-bë-lik, adj. alphapetical.

ALPHABETIQUEMENT, ou par alphabet,

adv. alphabetically.

ALPHANET, 8. m. Tunisian falcon. ALPISTE, s. m. a sort of dog-grass. Alsace, s. f. Alsatia. ALTE, alt. V. Halte.

ALTÉRABLE, al-tê-rabl, adj. alterable, changeable.

ALTÉRANT, R, al-tô-rên, rênt, adj. that causes thirst. Des altérans, alterative medi-

ALTERATI-F, VE, al-te-ra-tif, tiv. adj. (in Medicine,) alterative.

ALTÉRATION, al-te-ra-sion, s. f. alteration, change. Corruption, spoiling, adulteration. Thirst or drought.

*ALTERCAS, s. f. Altercation, al-ter-ka-

ALTERÉ, E. al-ie-ra, adj. altered, changed :

adulterated, spoiled, impaired, disordered dry, thirsty. Altéré de song, blood-thirsty. ALTÉRÉ, s. m. griping or covetous man. ALTÉREE, al-lé-ra, v. a. te alter, change, turn. To adulterate, spoil, falsify, sophisticate, counterfeit; to disorder, impair, trouble;

to make dry, cause drought.
ALTERNATI-F, VE, al-ter-na-tif, tiv, adj. alternative, alternate, done by turns, inter-

changeablé. ALTERNATION, s. f. alternation (in algebra and geometry.)

ALTERNATIVE, s. f. choice, option ; fe rous

donne l'alternative, I leave it to your choice.

ALTERNATIVEMENT. ål-ter-nå-tlv-men. ALTERNATIVEMENT, ål-ter-nå-tlv-men, adv. alternatively, alternately, by turns, one after another, interchangeably.

ALTERNÉ, adj. alternate (in botany and geometry.)

ALTERNÉ, E. al-ter-na, adj. alternate (in heraldry.)

ALTERNER, v. n. to alternate, perform alternately.

ALTIESER, ål-tes, s. f. highness.
ALTIER, E, ål-tlå, tler, adj. proud, lofty, arrogant, presumptuous, haughty.
ALTIEREMENT, adv. proudly, baughtily,

loftily, arrogantly, etc.

ALTIMETRIE, s. f. art of measuring heights. ALUDE, s. f. sheep skin coloured for bind ing books.

ALUINE, s. f. wormwood.

ALUM, or rather A'm, a-hin, s. m. alum. ALUMELLE, a-lo mel, s. f. blade of a knife, cassock without sleeves

Alumière, s. f. place where alum is wrought.

*ALUMINEUX, SE, &-ld-ml-neu, neuz, adj. of the nature of alum.
ALUNER, a-lu-na, v. a. to steep in alum

water.

ALVEOLAIRE, adj. of or belonging to the cells (in a h ey-comb.)
ALVÉOLA Al-vé-ol, s. m. cell (in a honcy-

comb;) soclet, hole (wherein a tooth is fastened.)

ALVIN, etc. V. Alevin. ALZAN, V. Alezan. AMABILITÉ, à-mà-bì-lì-tà, s. f. amiableness, loveliness, amiability.

Amadis, a-ma-dis, s. m. kind of close

sleeves that button on the wrist.

AMADOTE, å-må-dot, s. f. amadetto or ama-

dot. Amadole, s. m. amadot-tree.
Amadou, a-ma-do, s. m. sort of tinder.
Amadouer, a-ma-do-a, v. a. to flatter ceax, wheedle, cajole.

AMAIGRIB, a-me-grir, v. a. to make lea or thin. S'amagrir, v. r. ou Amagrir, v. n to grow lean, thir, or meagre; fall away. AMAIGRISSEMENT, a-me-gris-men, s. m.

growing lean, falling away.
AMALGAMATION, a-mal-ga-ma-slon, or

AMALGAME, å-mål-gåm, s. f. amalgamu-

AMALGAME, s. m. amalgama.

AMALGAMER, å-mål-gå-må, v. a. to amal-gamate. S'analgamer, v. r. to be calcined with quicksilver, be capable of amalgamation. AMABER, å-mend, s. f. almond; kernel; a

piece of crystal in a chandelier shaped like an almond. V. Amende.

Amandé, å-mèn-då, s. m. almond posset

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

AMANDIER, å-men-diå, s. m. almond tree AMANT, a-men, s. m. lover, suitor, gallant, sperk, sweet-heart.

Amante, &-ment, s. f. mistress, love, sweetbeert.

AMARANTE, &-må-rent, s. f. amaranth. AMARANTE, adj. of the colour of amaranth. AMARANTINE, a-ma-ren-th, s. f. kind of

anemone. AMARINER, a-ma-ri-na, v. a. Mar, to man

(a prize.)
AMARQUE, s. f. Mar. buoy. Prendre des amarques, ou des amers, to make marks on

the shore.

AMARRAGE, a-ma-raz, s. m. Mar anchoring, casting anchor, mooring (of a ship) lashing, seizing, knot, etc. Amarrage en strine, throat seizing of a dead eye. Amarrage a plat, end seizing, the eye seizing of a pair of a plat of shrouds. Amarrage en foud, a tail block clapped on with a rolling catch, and the end Amarrage coulant, slip knot. stopped. Faire us amarrage, to clap on a seizing, to

AMARRE, 1-mar, s. f. Mar. mooring, fast, rope or cable to make any thing fast. Amarre de bont, head-fast. Amarre de trarers, brake-fast. Amarre de poupe, stern-fast. Prendre une amarre, to take in a mooring.

AMARRER, a-ma-ra, v. a. Mar. to belay, make fast, moor secure. Amarre, take a turn there or make fast. Amarre partout, make all fast.

AMARRES, s. f. pl. cheeks or side post of a wind-beam or crane.

Amas, a-ma, s. m. heap, pile, mass. col-

lection. AMASSER, a-ma-sa, v a. to heap up, gather, gather up, hoard up, treasure up, lay up, get together. Amasser de l'argent socc bien de la peine, to scrape up money. S'amas-

ser, v. r. to gather or get together.

AMASSETTE, a.-ma-set, s. f. stick or horn, (or any thing else) wherewith painters scrape up their ground colours.

AMATELOTER, &-mat-lo-ta, v. a. Mar. to

divide the company, give each man his mate or comrade (in a ship.)

AMATEUR, a-ma-leur, s. m. lover, virtuoso.

AMATIR, a-ma-tir, v. a. to unpolish (gold or silver.) AMAUROSE, s. f. amaurosis, disease of the

AMAYE, s. f. Mar. V. Amarque.

AMAZONE, å-må-zon, s. f. amazon, warlike woman.

*Ambages, en-ba-zes, s. f. pl. ambages, circumlocution.

AMBASSADE, en-ba-sad, s. f. embassy, love message

AMBASSADEUR, en-ba-sa-deur, s. m. ambassador.

Ambassadrice, èn-ba-sà-dris, s. f. am-bassadress, ambassador's lady.

AMBESAS, enb-zas, s. f. ambs-ace, (at 'ricktrack.)

AMBIANT, en-bl-en, adj. ambient.

AMBIDEXTRE en-bl-dekstr,adj.ambidexter. AMBIGRNE, adj. ambigenal.

Ambigu, E, en-bl-gu, gu, adj. ambiguous,

Ambigu, s. m. medley, odd mixture, banquet of meat and fruit together.

AMBIGUITÉ, èn-bl-go-l-th, s. f. ambiguity. double meaning. AMBIGUMENT, en-bl-ed-men, adv. ambi-

guously. AMBITIEUSEMENT, en-bl-aleus-men, adv.

ambitiously.

AMBITIEU-X, SE, ès-bl-sièu, sièuz, adj ambitious, full of ambition.

AMBITIKUX, s. m. AMBITIKUSE, s. f. am-

AMBITIAUA, S. B. Ambitiaua, a. a. a. bitious person.

Ambitious person.

Ambition, An-bi-sion, s. f. ambitiou.

Ambitionally in the seek after.

Ambitious of, ambitiously to seek after.

Ambit, end, s. m. ambite.

Aller Combis, to amble or pace.

Ambler, en-bla, v. n. to amble, pace. Ambleur, s. m. an officer of the king's

stables. AMBLYGONE, adj. amblygonal.

Amblyopia er amblyopia er amblyopy, dimness of sight. AMBOUTIR, v. a. to incurvate, bend a piece

of metal so as to make it concavo-conver AMBOUTISSOIR, s. m. tool used for making

metal concavo-convex.

AMBRE, enbr, s. m. amber. AMBREADE, s. f. factitious amber.

AMBRE-GRIS, s. m. amber-gris. AMBRER, ès-brà, v. a. to perfume with ambergris.

AMBRETTE, en-bret, s. f. a sort of flower, also sort of nusky pear.

AMBROISIE, en-bro-zl, s. f. ambrosia.

AMBULANCE, s. f. office of a travelling excise officer.

AMBULANT, E, en-bû-lênt, lênt, adj. travel-A BULLANT, R. en-Du-sent, sent, adj. traveling or that goes from one place to another.

Troupe de comédiens ambulans, company of strolling players. Juges ambulans, judges who go the circuit. Commis ambulans, travelling excise-officer, also rider (for a mercantile-house.)

AMBULATOIRE, èn-bà-là-twar, adj. travel-ling. Cour ambulatoire, the judges circuit, that removes from one place to another.

AME, am, s. f. soul, spirit. Rendre l'ame, to give up the ghost. Mind, heart, conscience; ghost, spirit; person; bonne ame, good honest soul, good man or woman. La charité est l'âme des vertus clirétiennes, charity is the soul of the christian virtues. L'ame d'une devise, the motto of a device. L'ane d'un fagot, brush-wood, the little sticks that are in a fagot. Sound post (of a musical instru-ment,) rough figure of clay to be covered with stucco, etc. Ame d'un canon, mouth of a gun or cannon. Ame damnée, tool, understrapper, underling (that will do any dirty work for another.)

AME, E, å-mk, adj. (in chancery) well-beloved. A nos amés et féaux conseillers, to our well-beloved and trusty counsellors.

AMÉLIORATION, & ma. ll-ò-rà-siòn, s. f. improvement, bettering, mending.
AMÉLIORER, à-mà-ll-ò-rà, v. a. to im-

prove, mend, better.

AMÉLIORISSEMENT, s. m. V. Amélioretion.

AMEN, s. m. & adv. Amen, so be it. AMENAGE, am-naz, s. m. the bringing of any thing, carriage, money paid for carriage.

AMENAGEMENT, s. m. the cutting out of

wood for sale.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fluid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

AMÉNAGER, v. a. to cut out wood for sale. AMENDABLE, à-mên-dabl, adj. finable al-

AMENDABLE, a-men-canol, adj. mandle atso, mendable, that may be mended.

AMENDE, a-mend, s. f. fine, mulct, penalty, forfeit, amercement. Condamner, mettre à
l'amende, to fine, set a fine upon, amerce.
Amende honorable, publick acknowledgment
of an offence or crime.

AMENDÉ, E, adj. fined; amended, mend-

AMENDEMENT, å-mend-men, s. m. amendment, bettering, mending, improvement, re-

Amenden, a-men-da, v. a. to fine, mulct, amerce, to mend, amend, improve, better. To improve, manure (land,) to reform. Amender, v. n. to be fined, pay a fine or pany. To mend, improve, grow better to mend in point of health, be on the mending hand. To profit, be the better. To fall in S'amender, v. r. to amend, grow betprice.

ter, be reformed.

AMENDIER, s. m. receiver of fines.

AMENER, am-na, v. a. to bring, draw, lead. Amener une affaire jusqu' à un certain point, to carry a business to a certain point. Amener une mode, un usage, to introduce or bring up restance, is under the module of thing up fashion or custom. Amener, (at dice,) to throw, fing. Amener, Mar. to bring, lower, strike. Il nous faut amener le moulin par l'église, we must bring the wind-mill to bear with the church. Voile amenée, sail lowered.

with the church. Votte americe, san investor.

AMENITA, å-må-nl-tå, s. f. pleasantness, agreeableness, amenity, delightfulness.

AMENUISER, åm-nûl-zå, v. a. to make small or smaller, lesson, make thin or slender, extenuate

AMER, E, &-mer, edj. bitter. Bitter, hard, grievous, sad, troublesome.

AMER, s. m. bitterness; gall of animals. Amer, Mar. V. Amarque. AMEREMENT, a-mer-men, adv. bitterly,

grievously. AMÉRICAIN, E, å-mê-rl-kin, ken, adj. & s.

American. AMERIQUE, a-me-rik, s. f. America,

AMERTUME, &-mer-tum, s. f. bitterness, bitter taste; grief, affliction, hatred, gall.
AMESUREMENT, s. m. admeasurement.

AMESURER, v. a. to appraise, proportion. AMETHYSTE, a-ma-tist, s. f amethyst.

AMEUBLEMENT, a-meubl-men, s.m. household-stuff, furniture, moveables. Avoir un fort joli ameublement, to have a house or room neatly furnished.

AMEUBLER, V. Meubler.
AMEUBLIR, &-med-bilr, v. a. to make moveable.

Ameublissement, å-med-blis-men, s. m. the making moveable, thing made moveable.

AMEUTEMENT, s. m. the forming of dogs

into a pack.

AMEUTER, å-mëu-tå, v. a. to form dogs into a pack, to sir up. Ameuter le peuple, to raise a mob. S'ameuter, v. r. to assemble

riotously.

AMFIGOURI or AMPHIGOURI, s. m. burlesque poem or speech full of puns.

AMFIGOURIQUE or AMPHICOURIQUE, adj. affected, bombastic, unintelligible, pun

AMI, s. m. AMIE, å-mi, mi, s. f. friend, acquaintance, fellow, crony, companion, gallant (of a married woman,) friend, lover. de la vérité ou de la vertu, lover of truth or virtue.

AMI, E, adj. friendly, kind, courteous. Ami lecteur, courteous reader.

AMIABLE, a-ml-abl, adj. friendly, kind, courteous. Al'amiable, adv. amicably, friendly, lovingly, in an amicable manner.

AMIABLEMENT, &-mi-abl-men, adv. ami-cably, friendly, kindly, lovingly. AMIANTE, &-mi-ent, s. m. a mineral substance which is made into incombustible cloth.

Amical, E, å-mi-käl, adj. amicable, friendly.

Amicalement, å-mi-käl-men, adv. ami-

cably, friendly.

Amict, a-mi, s. m. amice, a priest's robe.

Amidon, å-mi-don, s. m. starch. Amidonier, å-mi-do-niå, s. m. starchmaker.

AMIGNARDER or AMIGNOTER, &-ml-gnota, v. a. to fondle, cocker.

AMINCIR, a-min-sir, v. a. to make small or smaller, make thin.

AMIRAL, a-mi-ral, s. m. admiral. L'ami-

ral, the admiral's ship.

AMIRAL, E, adj. belonging to the admiral. AMIRALE, s. f. admiral's wife or lady. Admiral's galley.

AMIRANTE, s. m. high admiral (in Spain.) AMIRAUTÉ, a-mi-ro-ta, s. m. admiralship, admiralty.

AMISSIBILITÉ, s. f. possibility of being lost (in theology.)

(In theology.)

AMISSIBLE, adj.amissible, that may be lost.

AMISIBLE, adj.amissible, that may be lost.

AMITIÉ, à-ml-llà, s. f. friendship, love, unity, affection; favor, kindness, courtesy. Il a fait une nouvelle amitié, he has got a new love or amour. La musique est son amitié. love or amour. musick is his delight. Sympathy. L'amitie des couleurs, the suitableness or agreement of colours.

Amitiés, kindness, fair or kind words, compliments.

AMMI, s. m. bishop's weed (a plant.) Ammonia-c, que, à-mô-nl-ak, adj. ammoniac.

Ammoniac, s. m. ammoniac.

Amnio, am.-nl-os, s. m. amnion or amnios. Amnistie, âm-nl-s-tl, s. f. amnesty. Amodiateur, â-mô-dlâ-têur, s. m. farm-er, tenant of land, lessee.

AMODIATION, a-mo-dla-slon, s. f. leasing,

letting out to farm

Amodier, a-mo-dla, v. a. to lease, farm, let out; to take to farm upon a yearly rent.

Amoindeir, a-mwin-drir, v. a. to diminish,

lessen, make less, abate. S'amoindrir, v. r. ou amoindrir, v. n. to lessen, grow less, decrease, sink.

Amoindrissement, a-mwin-dris-men, s m. lessening, decrease, abating, diminution.

Amollir, a-mô-lir, v. a. to mollify, soften; to enervate.

Samolir, v. r. to grow soft, tender or pliant; to grow soft or effeminate, lose one's vigour.

Amollissement, a-mo-lis-men, s. m. sof tening, effeminacy, softness.

AMOME, a-mom, s. m. amomum. Amomi, a-mo-mi, s. m. Jamaica pepper. Amonceler, a-mons-la, v. a. to heap up lay on a heap.

AMONT, a-mon, adv. up the river. D'a mont, down the river. Bateau qui vient d'a base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon / brun.

mont or du pays d'amont, a boat that goes Vent d'amont, easterly down the river. wind.

AMORCE, à-mòrs, s. f. bait, allurement, attraction, charm, decoy; priming (of fire arms.)

AMORCER, å-mor-så, v. a. to bait ; to prime ;

AMORCER, a-mor-sa, v. a. mosat; to prince, to allure, inveigle, decoy, entice, draw in.

Amorcir, a-mor-dr, v. a. to quench, extinguish, put out; to dead or deaden (a bullet;) to deaden or fade (colours;) to allay or lot;) to deaden or late (colours;) to anay or cool (the passions;) to amortize, redeem, buy out, extinguish (rents or pensions;) to grant or pass away (an estate in mortmain.) S'amortir, v. r. to be quenched, etc. Amortir, Mar. to deaden, sew. Amortissez l'air du bâtiment, deaden the ship's way. Ce bâtiment est amortire de la contraction of the contract ti, that ship has sewed.

Amortissable, a-mor-ti-sabl, adi. re-

deemable.

AMORTISSEMENT, a-mor-tis-men, deadening, weakening, abating: redeeming or buying out or extinguishing (of a reat, etc.) also, mortmain or a license of mortmain; the finishing of a piece of architecture.

AMOVIBILITE, s. f. possibility of being

amoved or revoked.

Amovible, &-mô-vlbl, adj. that may be

amoved.

AMOUR, a-moor, s. m. love, affection, passion, desire. Love, Cupid, god of love. A-mour-propre, s. m. self-love. Chienne en amour, proud bitch. Pour l'amour de, prep. for the love or sake of.

Amours, s. f. pl. love, party beloved; also,

amour, intrigue. Амоикасни, E, adj. in love, fallen in love. AMOURACHER, (s') så-môo-rå-shå, v. r. to fall in love, be smitten.

AMOURETTE, à-môo-rêt, s. f. a foolish passion, love, amour. Se marier par amourette, to marry for love; s. f. pl. sort of grass.

Amoureusement, a-moc-reuz-men, adv.

amorously, kovingly.

Amoureu-x, se, â-môo-rèu, rèuz, adj. in love, smitten (speaking of persons;) amorous, of love (speaking of things.)

AMOUREUX, s. m. lever, wooer, gallant, spark; amoureux transi, whining or languishing lover.

AMPHIBIE, en-fi-bl, adj. amphibious. emphibie, an amphibious animal.

Amphibologie, en-fl-bo-lo-zl, s. f. amphibology, ambiguity.

AMPHIBOLOGIQUE, adj. amphibological, ambiguous.

Amphibologiquement, en-fil-bo-lo-zikmen, adv. amphibologically, ambiguously.

AMPHIBRAQUE.s. m. foot of a long syllable

between two short ones.

AMPHICTYON, en-fik-slon, s. m. representative of a town (among the Greeks.)

AMPHIMACRE, s. m. foot of a short sylla-ble between two long.

AMPHIPROSTYLE, s. m. amphiprostyle or edifice with four columns in the front, and as many on the back part.

AMPHIPTERE, s. m. serpent with two wings. AMPHISBÈNE, s. m. amphisbeena, or ser-pent with two heads.

AMPHISCIENS, en-fl-sl-in, s. m. pl. amphis eis. those who live in the torrid zone

Amphithéatre, én-il-té-àire, s. m. amphitheatre.

AMPHORE, èn-for, s. f. amphore, ancient

Vase.

Ample, èppl, adj. large, wide, spacious, of great compass, ample, great, full. Discours ample, diffuse, or copious discourse. Ample diner, plentiful dinner, a great dinner.

Amplement, èmpl-men, adv. amply, fully, largely, at large, plentifully.

Amplement, èmplemen, adv. amply, fully, ness (in clothes or furniture.)

Ampliating, that adds to the former (said of the pope's bulls or mandates.)

Ampliating, that adds to the former (said of the ampliation, en-pil-a-sion, s. f. duplicate, ampliation.

ampliation.

AMPLIER, v. a. to put off. Amplier un criminel, to defer passing sentence on a cri-minal. Amplier un prisonnier, to give a prisoner more liberty.

AMPLIFICATEUR, en-pil-fl-kå-teur. s. m amplifier, romancer.

AMPLIFICATION, en-pll-fl-kh-slon, s. f. amplification.

AMPLIFIER, en-pll-fl-a, v. n. to amplify enlarge.

AMPLISSIME, adj. very large, wide. AMPLITUDE, en-pli-tud, s. f. largeness, amplitude; horizontal line drawn from a mortar to the point where the bomb falls; arch of the horizon between the points where a star and where the sun rises and sets.

AMPOULE, en-pool, s. f. bubble, blister or rising of the skin. Vial or glass vessel, in which the oil for anoisting the kings of France

is contained.

AMPOULE, en-poo-la, adj. tumid, high, or high-flown, swelling, swollen, bombastick. Ampoulette, en-poo-let, s. f. Mar. watch-

glass, sand-glass, glass AMPUTATION, en-pd-ta-slon, s. f. amputation.

AMPUTER, en-pû-tâ, v. a. to amputate, cut off.

Amulette, å-mů-lêt, s. m. amulet.

Amure, s. f. Mar. tack (of a sail.) Cette frégate a les amures à tribord, that frigate is on the starboard tack. Prendre les amures à tribord or a babord, to haul upon the starboard or the larboard tack.

Amurer, å-mů-rå, v. a. to haul aboard. La misaine est-elle amurée tout bas? is the foretack close down? Voile amurée, sail the tack of which is hauled on board.

Amusant, E. a-md-zen, zent, adj. amus-

ing, diverting.

AMUSEMENT, à-mùz-mên, s. m. stop, de-lay, hindrance, amusement. Toy, trifling business to pass away tne time. Amusements d'enfans, children's toys or playthings.

ANUSER, å-må-zä, v. a. to amuse, keep, stay, make stay, stop, play the fool with, drive off; to amuse, divert. Amuser Pennemi, to amuse the enemy, hold him in play, keep him at bay. Amuser le tupis, to trifle, talk to no purpose.

S'amuser, v. r. to stand trifling, loiter, tarry or stay, fool one's time away; to bestow one's pains and time about something, to mind or be taken up with any thing, B'amuser a raisonner de, to stand arguing. S'amuser à la mou tards or à la bagatelle, to trifle, stand on trifles

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

fling, toy.

AMUSEUR, å-må-ztur, s. m. amuser, trifler.

AMUSOIR, s. m. or AMUSOIRE, s. f. toy.

AMYODALES, å-måg-dål, s. f. pl. tonsils, little kernels in the neck.

AMYGDALOIDE, adj. amygdaline, resem-

bling almonds.

An, èn, s. m. year, a twelvemonth. Anabaptisme, à-nà-bà-ilsm, s. m. anabaptistry.

Anabaptiste, å-nå-bå-tist, s. m. & f. an

ANACALYPTERIE, s. f. Anacalypteria, feast en the day when the bride was allowed to un-

ANACARDE, s. m. fruit resembling the Mobicca heans.

Anacathartique, adj. & s. anacathar-

Anacéphaléose, s. f. anacephalæosis. Anachorette, å-nå-kô-rêt, s. m. anacho-

rite, anchoret or anchorite, hermit. Anachronisme, å-nå-krô-nism, s. m. anachronism.

ANACLASTIQUE, s. f. anaclaticks.

ANACREONTIQUE, à-nâ-krê-on-dk, ad. anacreontick.

ANADIPLOSE, s. f anadiplosis, reduplication. ANAGOGIE, s. f. anagogy, religious rapture, the raising of the soul to heavenly things.

ARAGOGIQUE, å-nå-gô-zik, adj. mystical, elevated.

ANAGRAMMATISER, v. a. to anagrammatize. ANAGPAMMATISTE, s. m. maker of anagrams, anagrammatist.

Anagramme, å-nå-gråm, s. f. anagram. Analectes, å-nå-lekt, s. m. pl. fragments selected from authors.

ANALEME, s. m. analemma. Analepsie, s. f. recovery of vigour. ANALEPTAQUE, adj. analeptick, strength-

ABALOGIE, å-nå-lð-zl, s. f. analogy, rela-

tion, agreement, conformity, proportion.
ANALOGIQUE, a-na-lò-zik, adj. analogical, analogous.

ANALOGIQUEMENT, 3-nå-lå-2ik-men, adv.

analogically.

ANALOGISME. a-na-lò-zism, s. m. analogism. Analogue, a-na-log, adj. analogous, ana-

Analyse, å-nå-llz, s. f. analysis. Analyser, å-nå-ll-zå, v. a. to analyze.

Analyseur, s. m. analyser.
Analyser, a-nå-list, s. m. analyzer.
Analytique, å-nå-list, adj. analytical.
Analytiquement, å-nå-li-lik-mes, adv.

ANALYTIQUE EXPT A "HAR IT THE MERTY, OUV. Bandyically, by way of analysis.

ANAMORPHOSE, s. f. anamorphosis.

ANAMAS, å-nå-nå, s. m. anamas, pine-apple.

ANAPESTE, å-nå-pëst, s. m. anapest.

ANAPESTIQUE, adj. anapestick.

ANAPHORE, s. f. anaphora, repetition.

ANAPLÉROTIQUE, adj. anaplerotick. Anarchie, a-nar-shi, s. f. anarchy. ANARCHIQUE, å-når-shik, adj. anarchical.

ANARCHISTE, s. m. a partisan of anarchy.
ANASARQUE, s. f anasarca, dropsical swelling.

Anastasz, s. f. anastasis. Anastomose, s. f. anastomosis

ANASTOMOSER, v. n. S'anastomoser v. r. to

Amuserre. &-mû-zêt. s. f. amusement, tri- ! join at the extremities (said of veins and arteries.)

ANASTOMOTIQUE, adj. anastomotick, that has the quality of opening the vessels or removing obstructions.

Anathématiser, a-na-ta-ma-tl-za, v. a. to anathematize, excommunicate, condemn,

to abjure (an error.)
ANATHÈME, å-nå-tèm, s. m. anathema, excommunication, the person accursed or excommunicated. Etre l'anathème de tout le monde, to be abhorred by all the world

ANATIFÈRE, adj. anatiferous, producing ducks.

ANATOCISME, å-nå-tö-sism, s. m. acato-cism, accumulation of interest upon interest.

Anatomie, å-nå-tô-mi, s. f. anatomy. Anatomigue, å-nå-tô-mik, adj. anatomical. Anatomiser, å-nå-tô-mi'-zå, v. a. to anatomical.

tomize, dissect; examine thoroughly.

Anatomiste, a-na-to-nist, s. m. anatomist.

Ancetres, en-setr, s. m. pl. ancestors, forefathers, predecessors.

ANCETTE, s. f. Mar. cringle.
ANCHE, eash, s. f. reed of a hauthoy or other wind instrument; miller's scuttle; stop (of an organ pipe.)

ANCHÉ, E, adj. crooked (in heraldry.)

ANCHOIS, èn-shwa, s. m. anchovy.

Ancien, ne, en-slen, slen, adj. old, ancient of old time, late, former (officer.)

Ancien, s. m. old or aged man, elder, senior; elder, lay elder (of a church.) Les anciens, the ancients.

ANCIENCEMENT, en-sien-men, adv. an ciently, in former times, of old, in old times.

ANCIENNES, s. f. seniors in a monastery of nuns

ANCIENNETÉ, èn-sièn-tà, s. f. ancientness, antiquity, (priorité) seniority.

ANCILE, s. m. little shield (said by the

Romans to have fallen from heaven.)

Ancolie, s. f. columbine (a flower.) Ancrage, èn-kraz, s. m. Mar. anchorage. Prendre ancrage, to anchor or cast anchor.

ANCRE, enkr, s. f. Mar. anchor. Brace or iron bar like an S used to strengthen a wall. Derniere ancre, last refuge or shift.

ANCRER, en-kra, v. n. Mar. to anchor, cast anchor.

S'ancrer, v. r. to settle one's self (get footing in a place.)

ANCRURE, s. f. little plait or fold (in cloth.) ANDABATE, s. m. gladiator who fought hood-winked.

ANDAILLOT, s. m. Mar. ring to lash a sail. Andin, en-din, s. m. grass a mower can cut down at one stroke.

ANDALOUSIE, s. f. Andalusia. ANDANTE, adv. & s. m. andante, moderately.

ANDANTINO, adv. a little more lively than andante.

Andouille, en-dool, s. f. chitterling. Andouiller, en-doola, s. m. ander of deer. Premiers or maîtres andouillers, browantlers. Sur andouillers, sur-antlers:
Andouillette, èn-doo-lêt, s. f. hashed

veal pressed into a small hall or pellet. Androgyne, en-dro-zin, s. m. androgy-

nous, hermaphrodite.

ANDROIDE, s. m. figure of a man moved by springs.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ANDROTOMIE, s. f. practice of dissecting eeman bodies.

ANE, an, s. m. ass; ignorant fool, sot, idiot. Des contes de peas d'âne, tales of a tub. Pout ence de se difficulty that puts ignorant people to a stand. Also pitiful evasion or shift, come off. Coq à l'ane, nonsense, unconnected, extravagant discourse. En dos d'ane, sharp, pointed

pointed.

ANÉMNTIR, à-nà-èn-th, v. a. to annihilate, destroy, bring to nothing, undo, ruin. S'anément, v. r. to fall or to come to nothing, to be annihilated or destroyed; (deceast Dieus) to humble one's self before God.

ANÉMNTISSEMENT, à-nà-èn-tls-mên, s. m. annihilation or annihilating, bringing to nothing. Destroying, destruction, overthrow, with Humiliation sphection.

thing. Destroying, destruction, ruin. Humiliation, abjection.

AREUROTE, & set. 484, e. f. anecdote, pri-

vate memoir, secret history.

AMECDOTIER, s. m. one who relates anecdotes.

ANEE, s. f. load of an ass.

ANÉMOMÈTRE, s. f. instrument to measure wind.

ANÉMONE, à-nà-mon, s. f. anemone, wind-

flower.

ANEMOSCOPE, s. m. anemoscope. ANÉPIGRAPHE, adj. that has no inscription

(said of medals.)
ANERIE, an-fl, s. f. ignorance, stupidity.
ANERSE, a-nes, s. f. she-ass. Lait d'ânesse, ass' milk.

ANET, a-ne, s. m. anise or dill.

ANÉVRISME, s. m. aneurism.

ANFRACTURU-X, SE, adj. anfractuous. ANFRACTUOSITÉ, s. f. anfractuosity.

ANGE, eaz, s. m. angel. D'ange, angelical, divine, extraordinary, good. List d'ange, angelicale. East d'arge, sweet water, orange-water; ange, angel-shot, chain-shot; skate, (a fish.)

AngELIQUE, cn-zā-līk, adj. angelical, di-vine, extraordinary, excellent. AngELIQUE, s. f. angelot; angelica; kind

of wind-flower.

Angéliquement, èn-2à-lik-mên, adv. angelically, like an angel.

ANGELOT, s. m. sort of Norman cheese;

angel, (coin once current in France.)
Angklus en-za-lus, s. m. prayer among
the Roman Catholicks beginning with the word Angelus.

ANGINE, s. f. angina, disease of the throat.

Angiographie, s. f. angiography. Angiologiz, s. f. angiology.

ANGIOMONOSPERME, adj. angiomonospermous.

Angiospermet, adj. angiospermous. ANGIOTOMIE, s. f. angiotomy.

ANGLE, engl, s. m. angle, corner. ANGLETERRE, engl-ter, s. f. England. ANGLEU-X, se, en-gleu, gleuz, adj. thick-

shelled, (said of nuts.)

ABGLICAN, E, en-gil-kan, kan, adj. Anglican, of England.

ANGLICISME, èn-gll-sism, s. m. Anglicism. Anglais, z., ènglè, glèz, adj. English.

Un Anglais, s. m. en Englishman; a dun.

Une Anglaise, s. f ao English woman. L'an-

glais, English or the English tongue.

Argoissz, èn-gwas, s. f. anguish, great
pain, trouble, distress, affliction.

Les un

goises de la mort, the pangs of death. Poire d'angoises, choke-pear, also a gag. Angon, de-gen, s. m. sort of dart succeptly used by the Franks.

ANGUICHURE, s. f. leathern belt by which the huntsman hangs his horn.

ANGUILLADE, en-gl-Rd, s. f. lesh or lashing with an eel-skin whip.

ANGUILLE, en-gl, s. f. an eel. Il y a quelque anguille sous roche, there is some mystery in it. Anguille, Mar. ways or bilge-ways on which a vessel's cradle is supported at her be-

ing launched,
Anguilles, s. f. or Anguillers, s. m.
Mar. limbers, limber-holes.

ar. impers, numer-notes. Anguillière, s. f. eel-pond. Angulaire, en-gh-lèr, adj. aagular, hav-g angles, cornered. Pierre angulaire, ing angles, cornered. corner stone.

Anguleu-x, se, èn-gû-lèu, lèuz, adj. angulous.

ARGUSTIÉ, E, adj. angust, nerrow, (said

ARRELER, v. n. to keep up a proper neat in the furnace (of a glass-house.) ARICROCHE, å-mi-krôsh, s. f. demur, rub,

difficulty.

ANIER, s. m. ANIÈRE, a-nia, nier, s. f. assdriver.

ANIL, s. m. anil, indigo plant. Animadversion, h-nl-mad-ver-sion, s. f. reprimand, check, censure, animadversion, remark, observation.

ANIMAL, å-nl-mål, s. m. animal, creatuse

or living creature, beast, brute; ass, sot, blockhead.

ANIMAL, E, adj. animal, sensible; natural, sensual, carnal. Esprits vitux et animax, vital and animal spirits. Facultés animales, sensitive faculties.

ANIMALCULE, å-nî-måi-kůl, s. m. animalcole.

ANIMALITE, s. f. animality.
Animation, a-nl-ma-slon, s. f. animation.

Animé, R, a-ni-ma, adj. animated, living, having life; animated, heartened, stirred up, egged on, incited, encouraged. Incensed, exasperated, provoked. Beauté animée, beauty brisk and lively. Beauté qui n'est point

animee, dull beauty.
Animer, a.mi-ma, v. a. to animate, quicken, give life, to enliven (a picture,) to hearten, embolden, animate, spirit. encourage,

encourage, emboucin, annuace, spinis, au urge, provoke, exasperate, incense.

S'animer, v. r. to grow brisk, cheer up, be encouraged; to chale, take fire, he angry.

ANMOSITE, and modelled, s. f. animosity, hand a limit of the provocation of the state of the state

hatred, ill will, spite, grudge, malice.

Anis, å-ni, s. m. (plant) anise; seed of anise.

ANISER, &-ni-za, v. a. to lay over with aniseed.

ANISETTE, s. f. liquor made of aniseed.
ANEYLOBLEPHARON, s. m. disease of the
eyes, in which the eye-lids close and stick together.

ANKYLOGLOSSE, s. m quality of being

tongue-tied.
ANNYLOSE, s. f. ankylosis, state of being

tongue-tied, swelling.
ANNAL, E, an-nal, adj. of a year, that last. but one year.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Annales, an-nal, s. f. pl. annals, annual chronicles.

ARBALISTE, an-na-list, s. m. annalist.
ANNATE, an-nat, s. f. annats, first fruits
paid to the Pope

ANNEAU, a-no, s. m. ring; bow or ring (of a key;) ringlet. Mar. ring, grommet. Anneaux de corde, grommets, anneaux de bois, hanks.

Anneler, å-nå, s. f. a year, a twelvemonth.
Anneler, ån-lå, v. a. to curl (hair) in locks or ringlets. Anneler une cavale, to ring a

ANNELET s. m. little ring, annulet. ANNELURE, an-lur, s. f. ringlets, curling of hair in ringlets.

ARREXE, a-neks, s. f. annex, thing annexed. chanel of ease.

Annexer, å-nek-så, v. a. to annex, unite. Annexion, å-nek-slon, s. f. annexion. Annihilation, s. f. annihilation.

ANNIHILER, v. a. to annihilate, reduce to nothing.

Anniversaire, å-ni-vêr-ser, adj. anni-

versary, yearly, annual. ANNIVERSAIRE, s. m. anniversary, yearly obit.

ARBONCE, å-nons, s. f. bans of matrimony; the giving out of a play. Nous mimes sous voile à l'ammonce du coup de vent, we got under weigh at the first appearance of the gale.

ANNONCER, à-non-så, v. a. to tell, declare, annonce forces forcede promise.

to pronounce, foretel, forebode, promise, preach, proclaim, publish; to give out (a play.)
Annonceur, a.non-scur, s. m. player who

announces the next play.

Announces the next play.

Announces the next play.

Announces the next play.

nunciation. Annotateur, å-nô-tå-têur, s. m. annota-

tor ANNOTATION, an-no-ta-slon, s. f. annotation, note, remark, observation. Inventory

ton, note, remark, observation: Inventory of goods attached or distrained.

Annoter, an-no-ta, v. a. to make a list or inventory of goods attached or distrained.

Annuel, Le, a-no-el, adj. annual, of a year, that lasts a year. Annual, yearly. Pension annuelle, yearly pension, annuity.

Annual, s. m. mass said every day throughout the year for a deceased person:
Annuallement, a-nd-el-men, adv. annu-

Annulaire, de nider, and let doigt annulaire, the ring finger or fourth finger; (of

ANNULATION, s. f. the act of annulling Annuler, a-nd-la, v. a. to annul, disan-

nul, abrogate, repeal, make void, vacate.

ANOBLIR, a-no-blir, v. a. to make noble, ennoble.

Anoblissement, a-no-blis-men, s. m. the making noble. Lettres d'anoblissement, patent

or grant of nobility.
Anodin, E, a-no-din, din, adj. anodyne.

Remèdes anodins, anodynes.

ANOLIS, S. m. anolis, kind of lizard.

ANOMAL, E, à-nò-màl, adj. anomalous, irregular.

ANOMALIE, å-nô-må-ll, s. f. irregularity. Anonime, à no-nîm, adj. anonymous, name less. Un anonime, s. m. an anonymous author Anonimement, adv. anonymously.

Anon, à-non, s. m. young ass, ass-colt. ANONNEMENT, s. m. faltering, stammering, drawling.

Anonner, a-no-na, v. n. to stutter, read poorly, falter, stammer. bring forth a young ass. Anonner, to foal,

ANSE, ens., s. f. car or handle (of a pot, bas-ket, etc.) *Faire le pot à deux anses, to set one's arms a-kimbo, strut. Volte à anse de panier, flat arched vault. Creek, cove.

Anskatique, èn-sa-à-ilk, adj. Villes an-

séatiques, hansetowns

ANSETTE, s. f. small bandle.

ANSPEC, s. m. handspike, lever. ANSPESSADE, ens-pe-sed, s. m. officer of infantry below a corporal.

ANTAGONISTE, en-ta-go-nist, s. m. antagonist, adversary.

MANTAN, s. m. the year past. ANTANACLASE, s. f. antanaclasis. ANTARCTIQUE, en-tark-tik, adj. antarctick, southern.
Anticédemment, èn-ta-sa-da-mên, adv.

antecedently, before, previously.
ANTICEDENT, E, én-4s-5s-den, dent, adj.
foregoing, going before (in time.)
ANTICEDENT, S. m. antecedent, (in gram-

mar and logick.)
ANTECESSEUR, s. m. a professor of law (in

some universities.)

Antechnist, ént-kri, s. m. antichrist. Antéciens, s. m. pl. antoeci.

ANTÉDILUVIEN, NE, adj. antediluvian. ANTENNE, èn-tên, s. f. yard (of a ship.) ANTÉPÉNULTIÈME én-tâ-pâ-nûl-tlèm, adj.

ANTÉPÉNULTIÈME, s. f. antepenult. ANTÉRIEUR, s. én-ta-ri-edr, éur, adj. fore-going, former : anterior, set before, foremust. a partie antérieure de la tête, the fore part of Antérieurement, èn-tâ-rî-êur-mên, adv.

before, anteriorily.
ANTÉRIORITÉ, èn-tâ-rî-ò-rî-tâ, s. f. prior-

ity of time, anteriority ANTES, ent, s. f. pl. antes, large pillars. ANTESTATURE, s. f. traverse or intrench-

ment. Anthelmentiqué, adj. that kills worms.

Anthologie, s. f. anthology. Anthrax, en-traks, s. m. anthrax.

Anthropologie, s. f. anthropology. Anthropomorphite, en-tro-po-mor-lite, s. m. anthropomorphite

ANTHROPOPHAGE, en-tro-po-fax, adj. that eats man's flesh.

Un anthropophage, s. m. a cannibal, a maneater.

ANTHROPOPHAGIE, s. f. anthropophagy.
ANTICHAMBRE, en-il-shenbr, s. f. antichamber, antechamber.

ANTICHRETIEN, NE, adj. antichristian. Antichristianisme, s. f. opposition to christianity.

ANTICIPATION, en-ti-al-ph-slon, s. f. anticipation, prevention, forestalling. Appel par anticipation, anticipated appeal.

ANTICIPÉ, E, adj. anticipated. Connois-sance anticipée, foreknowledge; vieillesse anticipée, premature old age.

Anticiper, en-ti-si-pa, v. a. to anticipate, prevent, forestall, take up before-hand or be

base. bat: jeane. meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

fore the time. Anticiper sur, to encroach upon, [usurp, invade.

ANTI-COUR, V. Avant-cow.
ANTIDATE, en-ti-dât, s. f. antedate.
ANTIDATER, en-ti-dâ-lâ, v. a. to antedate.

ANTIDOTE, en-ti-dot, s. m. antidote, coun-

terpoison, preservative.
Antienne, en-tlen, s. f. anthem.
Antilles, en-tl, s. f. Windward Islands. Antilogie, s. f. antilogy, contradiction.
Antimoine, en-d-mwan, s. m. antimony.
Antimonarchique, adj. antimonarchical. ANTIMONIAL, E, adj. antimonial.

ANTI-NATIONAL, E, adj. in opposition to

the national taste, etc.

ANTINOMIE, s. f. contradictory laws.

ANTIPAPE, èn-d-pap, s. m. antipope.

ANTIPATHIE, èn-d-pâ-d, s. f. antipathy,

natural aversion, repugnancy or averseness.

ANTIPATHIQUE, en-ti-pa-tik, adj. averse, contrary

ANTIPÉRISTASE, s. f. antiperistasis.

ANTIPESTILENTIEL, LE, adj. antipestilential.

ANTIPHRASE, en-ti-fraz, s. f. antiphrasis. ANTIPODES, en-ti-pod, s. m. pl. antipodes.

Antipode, contrary, directly opposite.

est l'antipode du bon sens, he is a contradiction

to good sense.

ANTIQUAILLE, en-tl-kal, s. f. antique, ruinous piece of antiquity. Antiquailles, old rubbish or stuff.

ANTIQUAIRE, èn-tl-kèr, s. m. antiquary. ANTIQUE, èn-tlk, adj. antique, old, ancient. ANTIQUE, s. f. antique, piece or monument of antiquity. A Fantique, adv. after the an-cient or old way, fashion or mannor. ANTIQUITE, en-tl-kl-ta, s. f. antiquity, an-

cientness, the ancients, ancient times, former

ages; antique, piece of antiquity.

Antisciens, end-d-slin, s. m. pl. people who live on each side of the equator, equidistant from it.

ANTISCORBUTIQUE, adj. antiscorbutick.

ARTISTROPHE, s. f. antistrophe.
ARTITHÈSE, én-di-tèz, s. f. antithesis.
ARTITHÈTIQUE, èn-di-tà-dk, adj. opposite,
contrary, full of antitheses.

ANTITRINITAIRE, s. m. antitrinitarian.

ANTITYPE, s. m. antitype.
ANTIVÉNÉRIEN, NE, adj. antivenereal.

ANTONINS,s.m. pl. Antonian, (sort of monk.)

ANTONOMASE, s. f. antonomasia. ANTRE, entr. s. m. den, cave.

Anvers, s. m. Antwerp.
Anuité, e, adj. benighted.
S'Anuiter, sa-ndi-ta, v. r. to be benighted,

stay till it is night.

Anus, a-nus, s. m. anus, fundament. Anxiette, enk-sl-à-tà, s. f. anxiety, per-

plexity, sorrow, anguish, great trouble.

Aoriste, 6-rist, s. m. aorist, indefinite as

to time. AORTE, s. m. aorta, artery of the heart,

Août, do, s. m. August. L'août, the har-AOUTÉ, E, &-bo-ta, adj. ripened in August.

AOÛTER, v. a. to ripen in August. Aoûteron, oot-ron s. m. reaper in August.

APAGOGIE, s. f. apagogy.

APAISER, a-pe-za, v. a. to appease, mitigate, pacify, quiet, still, allay, soften, assuage, calm, qualify, co pose, suppress, to quench

(thirst.) to compose, compound, adjust, make up (a difference.) S'apaiser, v. r. to allay one's passion, be allayed, be or grow quiet, etc. Le vent s'est apaise, the wind is gone down L'orage s'est apaise, the storm is over.

APANAGE, A-PA-BAZ, S. m. portion of a syversiery spine's younger children. Home

sovereign prince's younger children. Done une terre en aparage, lo assign an estate in lieu of a future right of succession to the who a. Aparage, appendix, appurtenance, appendage. APANGER, à pà-na-zà, v. a. to settle an

estate on a younger son for his maintenance. APANAGISTE, s. m. young prince on whom an estate has been settled for his maintenance.

APARTÉ, å-pàr-là, s. m. that which an ac tor speaks aside, (it takes no s in the plural.) APATHE, å-pà-ll, s. f. apathy, composed-ness of mind, insensibility, freedom from pas

sions.

APATHIQUE, à-pà-tîk, adj. insensible, void

of passions.

APEDEUTE, s. m. apeedeutes, ignorant from want of instruction.

APEDEUTISME,s. m. apcedeusia, iguorance from want of instruction

APENNIN, s. f. Apennine. APENS, V. Guet.

APEPSIE, s. f. apepsy, loss of concoction. APERCEVABLE, a-pers-vabl, adj. perceivable.

APERCEVANCE, s. f. faculty of perceiving. APERCEVOIR, å-pers-vwar, v. a. to per ceive, descry, ken, discover. S'apercenoir, v. r. to perceive or see, etc. S'apercenoir de, to perceive, understand, remark, take notice

of, find out, discover. APERCU, s. m. attentive observation. V
Apercevoir, the participle past or passive of which is, aperçu.

APÉRITI-F, VE, å-på-rl-tif, tlv, adj. aperi tive, opening (said of medicines.) "APERTEMENT, adv. manifestly, plainly

openly, clearly.

APÉTALE, adj. that has no petal.

APETISSEMENT, ap-tis-men, s. m. dimino

tion, lessening.

APETISSER, ap-ti-sa, v. a. to lessen. Apetisser, v. n. or S'apetisser, v. r. to grow less or short, decrease, lessen or shrink.

APHÉLIE, s. m. aphelion.

APHERES, s. in. appendix.
APHERES, s. f. aphœresis.
APHONIE, s. f. aphony, loss of voice.
APHORISME, å-fö-rism, s. m. aphorism.
APHTHE, s. m. small white swelling in the mouth.

API, a-pl, s. m. sort of red apple. APIQUER, v. a. Mar. Ex. Apiquer une vergue, to peak a yard, top a yard up and down. APLANER, v. a. to raise the wool or nap of a blanket.

APLANEUR, s. m. he that raises the wool

or nap of a blanket.

APLANIR, å-plå-nir, v. a. to level, smooth, make even or smooth, lay flat, to take away, clear, remove (difficulties.) S'aplanir, v. r

to grow smooth or easy, etc.
APLANISSEMENT, a-pla-nis-men, s. m. levelling, making smootli or even.

APLANISSEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. polisher. APLATIR, a-pla-tir, v. a. to flatten, make flat. S'aplatir, v. r. to become flat.

APLATISSEMENT, A-pla-tis-men s. m. flat tening or making flat.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

APLOMB, s. m. perpendicular line or posi . m. Prendre l'aplomb d'une nuraille, to level || a wall.

APLOMB, adv. perpendicularly, uprightly.

APNÉE, s. f. want of respiration.

APNÉE, s. f. want of respiration.

APOCALYPSE, å-pô-kå-flps, s. f. apocalypse,
the Revelation of St. John.

'APOCALYPTIQUE, adj. apocalyptical.
APOCO, s. m. one who has little or no wit. APOCOPE, s. f. apocope.

APOCROUSTIQUE, adj. apocrustick.
APOCRYPHE, &-pô-krif, adj. apocryphal.
Les Apocryphes, s. m. pl. the Apocrypha.
AFOCYN,s. m. dog's-bane, fly-trap,(a plant.)

APODICTIQUE, adj. apodictical. APOGÉE, à-pô-za, s. m. apogee.

APOLOGÉTIQUE, à pô-lô-zê-tîk, adj. apologetick.

APOLOGÉTIQUE, s. m. apologetic oration,

apology.

APOLOGIE, a-pô-lô-21, s. f. apology, defence, excuse.

APOLUGISTE, a-pô-lô-zist, s. m. apologist,

he that apologizes.
APOLOGUE, à-pô-lòg, s. m. apologue, moral fable.

APOMÉCOMÉTRIE, s. m. apomecometry. Apomévrose, s. f. aponeurosis.

APOPHLEGMATIQUE, adj. apophlegmatick. APOPHLEGMATISME, s. m. apophlegma-

APOPHTHEGME, &-post-tegm, s. m. apo-thegm, short, and pithy sentence, maxim, waying.

APOPHYGE, s. f. apophyge.

APOPHYSE, s. f. apophysis. APOPLECTIQUE, a-pô-plêk-tîk, adj. apoplectick.

Apoplexie, å-pô-plêk-si, s. f. apoplexy. Apostasie, å-pôs-tå-si, s. f. apostacy. Apostasier, å-pôs-tå-zl-å, v. n. to apos-

APOSTAT, &-pos-tå, s. m. apostate, backslider, renegado.

APOSTATE, s. f. apostate woman.

APOSTEME, s. m. aposteme or apostume. APOSTER, a-pos-la, v. a. to suborn, appoint. APOSTILLE, a-pos-la, s. f. postscript; mar-

ginal note or reference. APOSTILLER, à-pos-ti-fà, v. a. to write a postscript, make notes or references in the

APOSTOLAT, &-pos-to-la, s. m. apostleship. APOSTOLIQUE, å-pos-to-lik, adj. aposto-

lick; good, holy. APOSTOLIQUEMENT, a-pos-to-lik-men, adv.

apostolically, holily.

APOSTROPHE, a-pos-trof, s. f. apostrophe. APOSTROPHER, a-pos-tro-fa, v. a. to apostrophize, address one's speech to.

APOSTUME, å-pôs-tům, V. Apostème. APOSTUMER, å-pôs-tů-må, v. n. to suppurate, gather matter, draw to a head.
APOTHEOSE, a-po-ta-oz, s. f. apotheosis.

APOTHICAIRE, a-pô-tl-ker, s. m. apothecary. APOTHICAIRERIE, a-pô-tl-ker-rl, s. f. apothecary's shop. (L'art d'apothicaire,) apothecary's trade.

APOTHICAIRESSE, s. nun that prepares remedies in a nunnery. Apothecary's wife.

APOTRE a-potr, s. m. apostle; un bon epstre, a pretender to honesty.

Arozèме, å-pð-zèm, s. m. apozem, decoction.

APPARAT, a-pa-ra, s. m. preparation, study; discourse d'apparat, discourse made with great preparation, studied or set speech; a compendious dictionary.

APPARAUX, &-pà-rò, s. m. pl. Mar. the whole furniture of a ship, as sails, rigging,

whole furniture of a sinp, as saus, rigging, tackle, yards, guins, etc.

APPAREIL, å-på-rdl, s. m. preparation, provision, furniture; train, retinue, cquipage attendance; dressing; thickness or beight (of a stone.) Mettre un appareil à une plaie, to dress a wound. Appareil, Mar. Ex. Faire un appareil, to raise a purchase. Appareil des ancres, ground-tackle.

aes arcres, ground-lackie.

APPAREILLAGE, s. m. Mar. act of getting under way or under sail. L'escadre est en appareillage, the fleet is getting under way.

APPAREILLE, E, adj. dressed, fitted, otc.

Pierre appareillée, stone ready marked to be cut. Voile appareillée, Mar. sail made ready.

APPAREILLER, å-på-rê-lå, v. a. to match. Appareiller des bas, to dress or fit stockings. Appareiller, v. n. Mar. to set sail, get under way. S'appareiller, v. r. to couple or match.
APPAREILLEURA-pa-re-leur, s. m. he that

prepares or marks stones that are to be cut. APPAREILLEUSE, à-pà-rè-lèuz, s. f. bawd,

procuress. APPAREMMENT, à-pà-rà-mên, adv. likely,

APPARENCE, a parence.
APPARENCE, a parence, s. f. appearance, outside show. Il n'y a en elle aucune apparence produce apparence apparenc rence de vie, there is not in her any sign of life. Apparence, appearance, likelihood, pro-

bability. A phenomenon, an appearance.

APPARENT, E, à-pà-rèn, rènt, adj. apparent, plain, manifest, evident; likely, probable. Eminent, chief, topping, considerable.

Apparent, seeming.

APPARENTE, E, adj. Ex. Bien apparenté, that has good relations, of a good family Mal apparenté, related to persons of low degree, who has very mean relations.

S'APPARENTER, så-på-ren-tå, v. r. to make an alliance (with a family.)

APPARESSER, v. a. to dull, make heavy

and dull. S'apparesser, v. r. to grow lazy or dull or heavy

APPARIEMENT, a-pa-rl-men, s. m. pairing. matching.

APPARIER, à-pà-rl-à, v. a. to pair, sort, match. Apparier le mâle avec la femeile, to match the male and female. S'apparier v. r. to couple.

APPARITEUR, å-på-ri-teur, s. m. apparitor, beadle.

APPARITION, a-pa-ri-sion, s. f. appear-

ance, apparition, vision. APPAROIR, a-pa-rwar, v. n. defect only used in the infin. and third person sing. il ap-

pert, it appears, it is apparent or evident.

APPAROTRE, à paretr, v. n. (like parotire) to appear. Les ambassadeurs ont fait apparoître de leurs pouvoirs, the ambassadors have produced or exhibited their powers or credentials. "Il apparoît, it appears. S'il rous apparoît que, if you find, if you are satisfied that.

APPARTEMENT, &-part-mon, s. m. apartment, drawing-room.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

APPARTENANCE, &-part-nens, s. f. appurtenance, appendage.

APPARTENANT, E, adj. belonging, appertaining.

APPARTERIR, å-pårt-nir, v. n. (like tenir) to appertain, belong, to belong to, relate to, concern; to be related.

Il appartient, v. imp. it becomes, it is the duty, it is meet or just or reasonable, it is fit.

A tous ceux à qui il ampartiendra, to all those whom it may concern. Ainsi qu'il appartiendra, as they shall see cause.

APPARU, E. adj. appeared.

APPAS, à-pa, allurements, charms, attrac-

APPAT, a-pa, s. m. bait; allurement, attraction, enticement.

APPATELER, å-påt-lå, v. a. to feed. APPATER, å-på-tå, v. a. to bait, allure, en-

tice, also to feed.

APPAUVRIR, å-pò-vrlr, v. a. to impoverish, make poor, beggar. Appawrir, v. n. or s'appaintir, v. r. to grow poor.

APPAUVRISSEMENT, å-po-vris-men, s. m.

impoverishment, decay, poverty.

APPEAU, a-po, s. m. bird-call.

APPEL, a-pol, s. m. appeal, appealing, call, roll call, calling over; call of a drum; a challenge. Fure l'appel du quart, Mar. to muster the watch.

APPELANT, E, ap-len, lent, adj. appealing, that appeals.

APPELANT, s. m. APPELANTE, s. f. ap-

pealer or appellant. Decoy-bird.

APPELER, ap-la, v. a. to call, name, to call over; call for, call to, give a call; (envoyer chercher) to call, send for, summon to appear, to challenge, send a challenge to fight. Appeler, v. n. to appeal, Mar. to grow. Comment appelle le câble? How does the cable grow? Appeler le monde au quart, to spell the watch. Sappeler, v. r. to be called or named.

APPELLATIF, å-pêl-lå-tif, adj. appellative. Nom appellatif, appellative, noun or name belonging to a whole species.

Appellation, a-pël-là-don, s. f. appeal. Appendice, a-pèn-dis, s. m. appendix. Appendice, a-pèndr, v. a. to append, hang up.

APPENDU, E, adj. hung up.
APPENTIS, a-pen-tl, s. m. shed, out-house.
APPERT, V. Apparoir.

APPESANTIR, ap-zen-ür, v. a. to make heavy, dull, make dull. S'appesantir, v. r. to grow heavy or dull. APPESANTISSEMENT, ap-zen-ils-men, s. m.

heaviness, dulness.
APPETENCE, à-pà-tèns, s. f. appetence, ap-

APPETER, &-på-tå, v. a. to desire, covet, be desirous of, tend to.

APPETIBILITÉ, s. f. appetibility.

APPETIBLE, adj. appetible, desirable.
APPETISLE, adj. appetible, desirable.
APPETISSANT, E, a-pa-d-een, sent, adj. APPETISSANT, E, &-ph-tl-sen, sent, adj. that provokes the appetite, that whets the stomach, relishing.

APPETIT, à pa-tl, s. m. appetite, desire, affection, inclination; appetite, stomach. Homme or femme de grand appétit, high seeder. Chercher son appétit, to please one's palate. Un cadet de bon amétit, a sharp set lad; à l'appétit de, for want of, for the sake of saving.

APPÉTITI-F, VE, adj. concupiscible, appetitive.

APPÉTITION, ap-pa-ti-slon, s. f. appetition APPIÉTRIR, (s') v. r. to fade, lose its lus

tre, grow rusty.
APPLAUDIR, å-plo-dir, v. n. to applaud, clap hands. Appluudir à une comédie, to clap a play. Applaudir à, to applaud, approve, praise, commend. S'applaudir, v. r. to applaud or praise or admire one's self, hug one's self.

APPLAUDISSEMENT, å-plò-dis-mên, s. m applause, clap or clapping of hands, publick

praise.

APPLAUDISSEUR, s. m. applauder.

APPLICABLE, & pli-kabl, adj. applicable.
APPLICATION, & pli-ka-sion, s. f. application, applying; care, attention, diligence, study.

APPLIQUE, å-plik, s. f. laying upon.

APPLIQUÉ, E, adj. applied, etc. also who applies very close.

APPLIQUER, å-pll-kå, v. a. to apply, put, set, lay. Appliquer un soufflet, to give a box on the ear.

Appliquer, v. n. to apply. Appliquer une somme d'argent à bâtir, to bestow a sum of money upon building. To apply, engage. S'appliquer, v. r. to apply, to addict one's self, the appliquer supervised S'appliquer supervised supervise to be applied. S'appliquer quelque chose, to apply a thing to one's self, to take it upon one's self, arrogate or appropriate a thing to one's self.

APPOINT, A-pwin, s. m. odd money.

APPOINTÉ, E, adj. ex. Requête appointée,
petition that has been answered. Cause appointée, cause referred to farther deliberation.

APPOINTÉ, s. m. officer or soldier that re-

ceives better pay than the rest.

APPOINTEMENT, & pwint-men, s. m. decree, order, rule, etc. (given by a judge upon a cause before a final sentence. Allowance, stipend, salary, maintenance. Fournir à l'appointement, to help maintain one.

APPOINTER, à-pwin-tà, v. a. to refer (a To give an allowance or a salary cause.)

APPOINTEUR, s. m. judge who puts off the bearing of a cause; reconciler.

APPORT, a-por, s. m. market, wake.

APPORTAGE, s. m. carriage.

APPORTER, a-por-ta, v. a. to bring, convey, cause, breed, procure, occasion; to allege bring, cite, produce; to use; to raise, start (objections, etc.)
APPOSER, a-po-za, v. a. to set up, put in or

to; to affix.

APPOSITION, ap-po-zl-sion, s. f. apposition, setting or putting to, affixing; addition, adding or putting to.

APPREBENDER, v. a. to give to a person of one's own choice one's prebend.

APPRÉCIATEUR, à-prà-si-à-tèur, s. m. ap praiser.

APPRÉCIATION, à-prà-sl-à-slon, s. f. ap-

praising, rating, valuation, estimation.

APPRECIER, a-pra-sl-a, v. a. to appraise, value, rate, prise, set a value upon.

APPRÉHENDE, E, adj. apprehended, etc.

feared, etc. APPREHENDER, å-prå-en-då, v. a. to apprebend, take, lay hold on, seize; to apprehend, fear, stand in fear, dread, stand in awe of. bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : f.eld, fig : robe, rob, !ord : mood, good,

APPRÉHENSI-F. VE. adj. apprehensive, fearful, timorous.

APP

Appréhension, à-prà-èn-sion, s. f. appre-

hension, perception; appreliension, fear.

APPRENDRE, a-prendr, v. a. (like prendre)
to learn, get knowledge of; to learn or hear, understand, be told or informed; to learn, teach; to inform, advise. Apprenez qu'il ne fait pas bon se jouer arec lui, remember or take notice that it is not safe meddling with him.

APPRENTI, E, å-pren-tl, s. in. & f. apprentice; novice, new beginner.

APPRENTISSAGE, &-pren-tl-saz, s. m. apprenticeship. Faire son apprentissage, to serve one's apprenticeship, serve one's time.

Mettre en apprentissage, to bind apprentice. Etre en apprentissage, to be an apprentice. Il fait l'apprentissage du bel art de la guerre, he is learning the noble art of war. Brevet d'apprentissage, apprentice's indenture. Ap-prentissage, trial of one's skill. Apprent, a-prè, s. m. preparation, dressing,

stiffening, putting a gloss upon. Peindre en

amening, putting a gloss upon. Femare en apprêt, to paint upon glass. Apprêt (des vi-andes,) dressing or seasoning (of meat.)
APPRÎTE, ê-prêt, s. f. slice of bread to eat a boiled egg with.
APPRÎTEM, ê-prê-tê, v. a. to prepare, dress, make or get ready, to stiffen or put a dress those those there are constituted of the stress of the str gloss upon. Apprêter à manger, apprêter des riandes, to dress victuals. Appreter à rire, to afford matter of laughter, make one's self a laughing stock. Apprêter un brûlot, Mar. to prime a fireship. S'apprêter, v. r. to prepare one's self, go about, get ready.

APPRÉTEUR, å-pré-teur, s. m. painter

apon glass.

APPRIS, E, adj. taught, learnt, etc. V. Apprendre. Un jeune homme bien appris, a well-bred young man, a youth well educated.

APPRIVOISER, å-pri-vwå-zå, v. a. to tame, make tame or gentle or tractable. S'appriroiser, v. r. to grow tame or familiar. La per-fidie s'apprivoise par les bienfaits, perfidious-ness may be overcome by kindness.

APPROBATEUR, å-prô-bå-lêur, s. m. AP-PROBATRICE, s. f. approver, one that approves or likes.

APPROBATI-F, VE, adj. approving. APPROBATION, a-pro-ba-slow, s. f. appro-

bation, liking, consent.

APPROCHANT, E, &-pro-shen, shent, something like, not unlike, near allied, near akin.

Approchant de, near, about.
APPROCHE, & prosh, s. f. approach, approaching, coming nigh, drawing near.

Lunette d'approche, prospective or perspective

APPROCHER, &-pro-sha, v. a. to draw or bring near, approach. Approchez la table du draw the table near the fre. Les lunettes approchent les choses, perspective glasses bring objects nearer to our sight. Tâcher d'approcher deux personnes l'une de l'autre, to endeavour to reconcile two persons. Approcher quelqu'un, to approach one, have free access to him. Approcher, Mar. to near. Approcher, v. n. to draw nigh or near, approach, come near. S'approcher, v. r. to draw near or nigh, appre 1ch, come near. Approchez-

APPROFONDIR, å-prå-fon-dir, v. a. to dig

roughly, penetrate to the bettom of (a subject.) APPROFUNDISSEMENT, s. m. act of dig ging deeper, act of examining thoroughly. APPROPRIANCE, s. f. act of taking posses-

APPROPRIATION, &-pro-pri-a-sion, s. f. appropriation.

APPROPRIER, å-pro-pri-å, v. a. to appropriate, adopt, fit, apply. S'approprier, v. r. to appropriate to one's self, usurp; to lay claim to, appropriate to one's self.

APPROVISIONNEMENT, &-pro-vl-zlon-men, s. m. the supplying with necessaries. L'approvisionnement d'un vaisseau, the victualling

Approvisionner, å-pro-vi-sio-nå, v. a to provide, victual, supply with provisions.

Approvisionneur, &-pro-vi-sio-neur.

APPROVISIONNEUR, s. m. provider, victuallér. Batiment approvisionneur, victualling ship.

APPROUVER, å-proo-vå, v. a. to approve, approve of, allow of, like, consent to. APPROXIMATION, a-prok-si-ma-sion, s. f.

approximation.

APPROXIMER, v. a. to approximate

Appul, a-pul, s. m. prop, stay. Hadeur d'appui, breast-height. Mur à hauteur d'apma, wall breast high; support, strength, defence, countenance, interest, credit, help, fence, countenance, interest, credit, help, protection. Cheval de bon appui, horse of an easy rest upon the hand. Aller à l'appui de la boule, to hit the bowl of another player.

Aller à l'appui de la boule, to second, back.

Point d'appui, support, basis, foundation.

APPUI-MAIN, s. m. painter's mostick,

stick. APPUYE, E, adj. borne up, propped, etc.
APPUYER, a-pui-ya, v. a. to bear up, sup-

port, prop, stay, keep up; to support, bear up, uphold, countenance, back, favour, protect, defend; strengthen, ground, make good.

Appuyer, v. n. to lean, bear. Appuyer darantage sur le cachet, lean harder upon the seal. Appuyer, to dwell, lay a stress, insist. Appuyer un signal, Mar. to enforce a signal. nuie les bras du vent, haul taught the weather braces. S'appuyer, v. r. to lean, rest. S'ap-puyer de la protection de quelqu'un, to rely or build or depend upon a man's protection. S'appuyer sur quelque passage de l'Ecriture, to ground what one says upon some passage of the Scripture.

APRE, apr, adj. rough, harsh, sharp, tart; hard, severe, biting, nipping; rough, rugged, violent, fierce, cruel, grievous; austere, crab-

bed, sullen; eager, greedy, fierce.
APREMENT, apr-men, adv. harshy, sharply, rigorously, cutting fiercely, severely, greedily, eagerly, etc. Aprils, a-prc, prep. after, next to. cuttingly,

Après, next to, except; after, against upon. Tout le monde crie après lui, every body cries out upon him. Il est toujours après moi, he is always at my elbow. Se après moi, he is always at my elbow. Se mettre après quelqu'un, to fall upon one, go about to beat him. Après quoi, after that, then. Je sais après à écrire, I am writ ing. Ci-après, hereafter. D'après, next. Le jour d'après, the next day. D'après is also used as a preposition in summing up what has been said, seen, read, etc. to lead to a conclusive inference or decision. Ex. D'après a me more apres die le cision; Ex. D'après ce que vous avez dit, le

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : enfan, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

érite n'est pas toujours récompensé, it follows from what you have said, that merit is not always rewarded. D'après, by, upon, according to, in consequence of, in imitation of, upon the authority of, from the original of.

APRES cour, adj. too late, when the time

or opportunity is over.

APRÈS QUE, conj. after, after that, when. by that time.

APRÈS-DEMAIN, adv. after to-morrow. Après-Diné, adv. after dinner, in the af-

APRÈS-DINÉE, s. f. the afternoon. APRÈS-MIDI, adv. afternoon.

APRÈS-SOUPÉ, adv. after supper, at night. APRES-SOUPÉE, s. f. the time after supper,

APRETÉ, apr-ta, s. f. asperity, roughness, sharpness, harshness, tartness, ruggedness, un-evenness; asperity, harshness, sharpness, se-verity, violence, rigour, sullenness; enger-ness, greediness, fierceness.

APSIDES, s. m. pl. absides (the plural of Absis.)

APTE, apt, adj. proper, apt, fit.
APTITUDE, ap-il-tod, s. f. aptness, aptitude. APUREMENT, &-pur-men, s. m. cleansing. Apurement d'un compte, the settling or balancing of an account.

APURER, å-på-rå, v. a. to cleanse. Apurer un compte, to settle or balance an account.

APVRE, å-plr, adj. incombustible (said of sorts of earth and stones which fire cannot change into glass, lime or plaster.)

APPREXIE. s. f. apprexy, intermission or

cessation of a fever.

AQUARIUS, s. m. Aquarius (in the zodiac.) AQUATILE, adj. pron. acouatile, aquatile, aquatick.

AQUATIQUE, å-kwå-tik, adj. pron. Acouatique, watery, full of water, marshy, growing or living or breeding in or about the water, aquatick, aquatile. Plantes aquatiques, plants growing in or near the water. Oiseaux aquatiques, water-fowls.

AQUEDUC, åk-dåk, s. m. aqueduct, water-

pipe.

AQUEU-x, se, å-kèu, kèuz, adj. aqueous, waterish, watery, resembling water.
AQUILIN, E., å-kl-lin, liu, adj. hawked,

hooked, aquiline.

AQUILON, a-ki-lon, s. m. north-wind. Les aquilous, the cold and boisterous winds.

AQUILONAIRE, adj. northerly.
AQUITAINE, s. f. Aquitania.
ARABE, a-rab, adj. & s. m. & f. Arabian. Arabe, s. m. covetous, base, sordid, griping fellow, miser; c'est un Arabe, he is a Jew. Arabe, Arabic language.

ARABESQUE, Arabesk, or Arabique,

adj. Arabian, Arabic. Arabie, a-ra-bi, s. f. Arabia.

ARAB. SME,s. m. Arabism or Arabian idiom. ARABLE, adj. arable, fit for tillage. ARACK, å-råk, s m. arrack, rack.

ALACHNOIDE, s f. arachnoides.
ARAIGNÉE, s régna, s. spider; toile
d'aratignée, cobweb; also, superfine thin lawn.
Doigts d'aratignée, long lean fingers. Araignée, Mar. crow-foot.

ARAMBER, å-ren-bå, v. a. Mar. to grapple. ARASEMENT, å-raz-men, s. m. levelling. ARASER, &-ra za, v. a. to build up or raise

part of a wall or building even with another part which is higher; to level the top of a wall.

ARABALESTRILE, s. f. Jacob's staff, cross taff.

ARATOIRE, adj. of or belonging to tillage, aratory.

ARBALÈTE, ar-ba-lêt, s f. cross-bow. balète à jalet, bow to throw stones. Arbalète, Jacob's staff.

ARBALÉTÉR, år-bå-lê-tå, v. a. to stay or

bear up with pieces of timber.

ARBALETRIER, år-bå-lê-trl-å, s. m. crossbow-man. Il n'est pas grand arbalétrier, he is no conjuror, he is not very vigorous.

Arbaletriers, s. 16. pl, pieces of timber that bear up the rafters of a roof. ARBITRAGE, ar-bl-uaz, s. m. arbitration, arbitrement, umpire's decree or sentence.

ARBITRAIRE, år-bi-trer, adj. arbitrary, voluntary, absolute, despotick.

ARBITRAIREMENT, ar-bl-trer-men. adv.

arbitrarily. ARBITRAL, E, as-bi-tral, adj. Ex. Sentence arbitrale, arbitrement, sentence or judgment of the arbitrators, umpire's award.

ARBITRALEMENT, år-bi-trål-men. adv. by

way of arbitration, by arbitrators. ARBITRATEUR, år-bl-trå-teur, s. m. arbitrator.

ARBITRATION, s. f. arbitration. ARBITRE, år-bltr, s. m. Will, franc arbitre, or libre arbitre, free-will; arbiter, arbitrator; umpire, sovereign disposer, master.

ARBITRER, v. a. to arbitrate, regulate, or der, adjudge.

ARBORER, år-bô-rå, v. a. to set up, hang out, or hoist. Arborer une plume à son cha-peau, to set off one's hat with a plume of feathers. Arborer un mât, the set up a mast;

Arbousier, ar-booz, s. f. fruit of the arbute.

Arbousier, ar-booz, s. f. fruit of the arbute.

Arbousier, ar-boozad, s. m. arbute, strawberry-tree.

ARBOUTANT, V. Arg-houdant.
ARBRE, arbr, s.m. tree; axle-tree, beam. Arbre de navire, mast of a ship. V. Mat.

ARBRISSEAU, ar-bri-so, s. m. dwarf tree. ARBUSTE, år-båst, s. m. arbuscle, shrub, bush.

ARC, ark, s. m. bow, hand-bow, long bow; arch. Arc de cercle, arch, segment, or section of a circle. Arc de triomphe or Arc triomphal, triumphal arch. Arc-en-ciel, rain-bow. Arc, Mar. L'arc d'un bâtiment, the cambering of a vessel's deck or keel. Arc d'une pièce de construction, compass of a piece of timber. Arc de constructeur, instrument employed by s wrights for drawing on paper the sheer of the wales, etc.

ARCADE, år-kåd, s. f. arcade, arch, vault.

ARCANE, s. m. arcanum, secret.

ARCASSE; s. f. Mar. stern-frame. V. Barre. ARC-BOUTANT, ar-boo-ten, s. m. pillar that supports an arch, buttress. Arc-boutant, Mar. boom. Les arcs-boutans des bittes, the spurs of the bits. Arc-boutant, ring-leader, supporter.

ARC-BOUTER, v. a. to prop or support an

arch, or wall. ARCEAU, s. m. arch of a vault.

ARCHAISME, s. m. antiquated word or expression.

ARCHAL, år-shål, or fil d'archal, s. m. wire. brass-wire.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ARCHANGE, år-kanz, s. m. archangel. ARCHE, arsh, s. f. arch (of a bridge.) L'arche de Noé, Noah's ark. L'arche d'alli-ARCHÉE, ar-sha, s. f. archeus, principle

of life.

ARCHELET, s. m. little bow.

ARCHER, år-shå, s. m. archer, bowman. Franc archer, archer free from taxes. Cette femme est un franc archer, that woman is a termagant. Sort of officer, or attendant or guard. Archer du prévôt, one of the provost marshal's attendants or guard. Les archers du guet, the patrole (at Paris.) Archer des pawres, archer de l'écuelle, foot soldier that has orders to scize upon street beggars, and CMTy them to the work-house.

*ARCHEROT, s. m. little archer (said of

Cupid.)

ARCHET, år-she, s. m. bow to play on a violin, etc.; upper part of a cradle; sweating cradle. A little bow used with the hand for

drilling or turning.
ARCHÉTYPE, år-kå-tip, s. m. archetype, original, model, standard of weights, etc.

ARCHEVÊCHÉ, årsh-vc-shå, s. m. arch-bishopric; archbishop's palace.

ARCHEVÊQUE, arsh-vek, s. m. archbishop. ARCHI, ar-shi, arrant, most egregious. Un archi-menteur, a most egregious liar. Un archi-fripen, an arrant knave. Archi, chief, great. Archi-echanson, chief cupbearer; archi-trésorier, great-treasurer. Archicamérier or Archichambel-

LAN, s. m. great chamberlain

ARCHIDIACONAT, s. m. archdeaconship.

· ARCHIDIACONE, s. m. archdeaconry

Archidiacre, år-shl-dlåkr, s. m. archdeacon.

Archiduc, s. m. archduke. ARCHIDUCHÉ, s. m. archdukedom.

ARCHIDUCHESSE, s. f. archduchess

ARCHIÉPISCOPAL, E, år-kl-å-pis-kô-pål, adj. (pron. arki,) archiepiscopai, of or belonging to the archbishop.

Archinardritat, s. m. revenue andexed to the office of the superior of a convent.

ARCHIMANDRITE, s. m. abbot or superior of some convents.

ARCHIMARÉCHAL, s. m. high-i tarshal. ARCHIPEL, år-shi-pel, s. m. archipelago. ARCHIPOMPE, år-shi-ponp, s. f. well in a ship, pump-well.

ARCHIPRÊTRE, ar-shl-preir, s. m. archpriest.

ARCHIPRÉTRÉ, år-shi-pré-trà, s. m. archest bood; dignity, office and jurisdiction of an archeriest. ARCHITKIEURE, s. m. arch-priory.

ARCHITECTE, Ar-shl-tekt, s. m. architect, master-builder.

ARCHITECTOXIQUE, adj. architectural. ARCHITECTURE, år-shl-têk-túr, s. f. ar-

chitecture, art of building.

ARCHITRAVE, ar-shi-trav, s. f. architrave.

ARCHIVES, ar-shiv, s. f. pl. archives, records. ARCHIVISTE, ar-shi-vist, s. m. keeper of the records.

ARCHIVOLTE, s. f. archivault.
ARCHONTAT, ar-kon-ia, s. m. dignity of the Archon.

ARCHONTE, ar-kom, s. m. Archon, one of · the chief magistrates at Athens.

ARCON, ar-son, s. m. saddle-bow. or perdre les arçons, to be thrown out of the saddle, to fall off one's horse. Etre ferme dans les arçons, to sit firm on a horse.

ARCTIQUE, ark-tik, adj. arctick, north.

ARDELION, s. m. busy-body.

ARDEMMENT, år-då-men, adv. ardently

vehemently, eagerly, fervently.
Andent, e., fir-den, dent, adj. hot, burning burning hot, glowing, flery; ardent, viclent vehement, mettlesome; cager, earnest zeal-ous. Poil ardent, red or sandy hair. Ardent, Mar. griping, carrying a weather helm. Vaisseau ardent, griping ship. Le vaisseau est ardent, the ship gripes. Le vaisseau est il ardent? Does the ship carry a weather helm?

ARDENT, s. m. kind of fiery meteor.
*ARDER, v. a. to burn. La gorge m'arde,

my throat is on fire

ARDEUR, år-deur, s. f. heat, burning heat, ardour, eagerness, fervency, passion, zeal; fire, mettle.

ARDILLON, ar-di-lon, s. m. tongue (of a buckle.)

ARDOISE, ar-dwaz, s. f. slate.

ARDOISIÈRE, ar-dwa-zler, s. f. quarry of slate.

*ARDRE, v. a. & n. used only in the inf. and in the 3d person sing. of the pres. indicative, and of the subj. il arde, qu'il arde, it burns. V. Arder.
*Ardu, E, adj. hard, arduous, tough, diffi-

cult of access

ARÈNE, å-ren, s. f. sand, gravel; that place in the amphitheatre where gladiators and wild beasts used to fight.

ARÉNER, v. n. to sink.

ARÉNEU-x, se, à-rà-neu, neuz, adj. sandy. ARÉOLE, s. f. small area; color ed circle round the nipple.

AREOMÉTRE, s. m. areometer, instrument

for weighing liquids.

AREOPAGE, A-rà-ò-pà-z, s. m. Arcopagus.

AREOPAGE, A-rà-ò-pà-zh, s. m. arcopagus.

ARER, à-rà, v. a. Mar. to drive, bring the anchor home, drag the anchor.

ARETS, 8-rêt, s. f. fish-bone; angle or edge (of timber or stone.) Arête de cuiller, ridge of a spoon. Arête de lame d'épée, ridge of a sword-blade. Arte d'assielle or de plat, edge of a plate or dish next the bottom.

ge of a plate or distinct in some artes, s. f. pl. mangy humour (in horses.) Arganeau, år-gå-nö, s. m. V. Organeau, Arganeau, år-zèn, s. m. si.ver. Vif-argent, ARGENT, år-zen, s. m. silver. quick-silver, mercury. Argent trait or file, silver wire. Silver coin, money, coin. Bourreau d'argent, prodigal sool, spendihrist. Point d'argent point de Suisse, no penny, no paternoster. Jeter l'argent à poignées, to throw one's money away. Argent, (in heraldry,) argent (the white colour.)

ARGENTÉ, E, adj. silvered over, done over with silver, plated with silver, silver-coloured. Les flots argentés, the silver waves.

argente, whitish grey.
ARGENTER, ar-zen-la, v. a. to silver over, do over with silver.

ARGENTERIE, år-zent-rl, s. f. plate, silver

plate. *Argentru-x, se, år-zèn-lèu, lèuz, adj

monied, full of money.

ARGENTIER, ar-zen-tla s. m. silver-smith steward, purser.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ARGENTIN, E, ar-zèn-tin, tin, argentine, of ciear sound. Voix argentine, clear voice. Silver-coloured, bright or white or clear as silver.

ARGENTINE, s. f. silver-weed.

ARGENTURE, s. f. thin sheets of silver for plating.

ARGILE, år-2ll, s. f. clay, potter's clay. ARGILEU-X, SE, år-2l-lèu, lèuz, adj. clay-

ey, full of clay. Argor, år-go, s. m. stub above the bud, dead bough; cant, cant words.

ARGOTER, v. a. to cut the stub of a tree above the bud.

*Argoulet, s. m. argoulet, sort of trooper, scoundrel, paltry fellow, scrub.

Argousin ar-goo-zin, s.m. galley-serjeant.

Argue, arg. s.f. machine to wire-draw gold. ARGUER, ar-gu-a, v. a. to reprove, con-

ARGUMENT, år-gå-men, s. m. argument, reasoning, proof, evidence; subject, or subject matter; conjecture.

ARGUMENTANT, år-gå-men-ten, s. m. dis-

ARGUMENTATEUR, år-gå-mèn-tå-tèur, s. m. arguer, disputer, lover of disputes, wrangler.
ARGUMENTATION, år-gå-mèn-tå-sion, s. f.

argumentation, arguing, reasoning.
ARGUMENTER, ar-gu-men-ta, v. n. to ar-gue, reason, discourse, infer, conclude.

ARGUS, S. m. one suspiciously vigilant.
ARGUTIE, år-gå-sl, s. f. cavil, quirk.
ARIANISME, å-rl-å-nlsm, s. m. Arianism.
ARIDE, å-rld, adj. arid, dry, sterile.
ARIDITÉ, å-rl-dl-th, s. f. aridity, dryness.
ARIEN, NE, å-rl-år, ån, adj. & s. m. & f.

Arian.

ARIÈS, s. m. Aries, the Ram. ARIETTE, å-riet, s. f. arietta. ARISTARQUE, å-ris-tårk, s. m. Aristarchus, severe critic.

ARISTOCRATE, å-rls-tô-kråt, s. m. aristo-

ARISTOCRATIE, å-ris-tô-krå-si, s. f. aristocracy.

ARISTOCRATIQUE, a-ris-to-kra-tik, adj. aristocratical.

ARISTOCRATIQUEMENT, a-ris-to-kra-tikmen, adv. aristocratically.

Aristodemocratics.f.aristodemocracy.

ARISTODÉMOCRATIQUE, adj. aristodemocratical.

ARISTOLOCHE, s. f. hart-wort, birth-wort. ARITHMÉTICIEN, å-rit-må-tl-sien, s. m.

arithmetician, accountant.
ARITHMÉTIQUE, å-rit-må-tik, s. f. arithnetick.

ARITHMÉTIQUE, adj. arithmetical.

ARITHMÉTIQUEMENT, å-rit-må-tik-men, adv. arithmetically.

ARLEQUIN, arl-kin, V. Harlequin. ARMADILLE, ar-ma-dil, s. f. light frigate; small fleet of Spanish vessels to protect their

olonial trade. An mimal, armadillo. ARMARD, s. f. drench (for a sick horse.) ARMATEUR, år-må-teur, s. m. owner of a colonial trade.

privateer, fitter out of privateers, ship-owner. ARME, arm, s. f. arm or weapon. Arme à feu, fire-arm, gun. Armes, (pl. is more used,) arms. Prendre les armes, to take up Porter les armes, to bear arms. Aux

shoot or to be shot to death. Armes, armour. wars, fighting, martial affairs. Les armes sont journalières, the fortune of war is uncersont journaizeres, the fortune of war is uncer-tain. Armes, military exploits; coat of arms, achievements. Fencing. Mattre darmes, mattre en fait d'armes, fencing-master. Faire des armes, to fence. Salle d'armes, fencing-school. Armes, arms, weapons, rea-sons, arguments, defence, aid. Faire pro-fession des armes, to profess arms, be a sol-dier or in the arms. dier or in the army.

ARME, E, adj. armed, etc. V. Armer. Vais-seau armé en course, vaisseau armé en guerre, privateer, cruiser. Armé de toutes pièces,

armed cap-a-pie.
ARMEE, s. f. army. Armée de terre, landarmy. Armée navate, neet, neet, war. Dieu des armées, Lord of Hosts. Armée navale, fleet, fleet of men of

ARMELINE, s. f. ermine.

ARMEMENT, s.m. armament, arming, warlike preparations, raising of forces. Armement, Mar. armament, equipment, out-fit.

Etre en armement, to be fitting out. Mettre un bâtiment en armement, to put a ship into commission.

ARMENIENNE, s. f. bluish kind of stone. ARMER, ar-ma, v. a. to arm, furnish with arms; make preparation for war, raise forces; cause to take up arms; to bind, strengthen (a beam with iron bars.) Armer, Mar. to fit out, (said of ships.) Armer lee actirons, to ship the oars. Arme les actirons, get your oars to pass. Armer le cabestan, to rig the

capstern. Armer la pompe, to man the pump. S'armer, v. r. to arm one's self, take up arms; to fortify or arm or fence or strengthen or secure one's self. S'armer de quelque chose, to seize any thing to defend, or protect one's self.

ARMET, år-me, s. m. helmet, head-piece *Il en a dans l'armet, his brains are out of order, he is brain-sick.

ARMILLAIRE, ar-mill-lèr, adj. Ex. Sphère armillaire, armillary or hollow sphere. Arminianisme, å-mi-nia-nism, s. m. Ar-

minianism. Arminien, ne, år-mi-niin, ničn, s. m. & f. Arminian.

ARMISTICE, år-mis-tis, s. m. armistice, truce, suspension of arms.

ARMOIRE, ar-mwar, s. f press, chest of drawers. Armoire à raisselle, cup-board.
Armoiries, ar-mwa-rl, s. f. pl. arms, coat

of arms, achievements. ARMOISE, s. f. mothwort, St. John's wort.

Armoisin, s. m. sarcenet. ARMON, s. m. furchel.

ARMONIAC, V. Ammoniac.
ARMORIAL, E, ar-mô-ri-al, adj. armorial
Armorial, s. m. book of armorial ensigns.

ARMORIER, år-mö-ri-å, v. a. to put or paint a coat of arms on any thing. ARMORIQUE, år-mö-rik, adj. armorick,

ARMORISTE, år-mo-rist, s. m. a painter, writer, or teacher of heraldry.

ARMURE, ar-mar, s. f. armour; the arming

of a loadstone, the casing of it with iron.
ARMURIER, Ar-md-rlh, s.m. armourer, gun-

AROMATE, å-ro-måt, s. m. aromatick drug. AROMATIQUE, å-ro-må-tik, adj. aromatick, arms ' to arms! Passer par les armes, to || spicy.odoriferous, fragrant. sweet smelling.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleil, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

AROMATISATION, s. f. mixing with aro-

AROMATISER, å-rô-må-tl-zå, v. a. to mix aromaticks with other drugs.

*ARONDE, å-rond, s. f. swallow. d'aronde, swallow's tail, dove-tail.

ARONDELAT, s. m. young swallow.

ARONDELLE DE MER, s. f. Mar. light or small vessel.

ARPEGEMENT, s. m. rapid, distinct and successive striking of all the notes.

ABPEGER, v. a. to strike all the notes ra-pidly, distinctly, and successively. ABPEGE, ar-pen, s. m. acre (of land.)

ARPENTAGE, år-pën-tår, s. m. measure-ment, surveying, (of land.) ARPENTER, år-pën-tå, v. a. to survey or measure land. To run, walk a great pace, ran over.

ARPENTEUR, år-pen-teur, s. m. surveyor,

measurer of land.

ARQUE, E, adj. bent, crooked. Des jambes arquées, bow-legs.

ARQUEBUSADE, årk-bû-zåd, s. f. arquebu-

sade, shot of an arquebuse. ARQUEBUSE, årk-bůz, s. f. arquebuse,

sort of hand-gun. ARQUEBUSER, ark-bû-za, v. a. to shoot, kill with an arquebuse.

ARQUEBUSERIE, årk-båz-rl, s. f. trade or

business of a gun-smith.

ARQUEBUSIER, ark-bû-zla, s. m. arquebu-

sier, gun-smith. ARQUER, ar-ka, v.n. to bend, turn crooked. Arquer, v. n. to be bowed. S'arquer, v. r.

Mar. to cumber, become hogged or brokenbacked.

ARRACHE, Ex. D'arrache-pied, without intermission or discontinuance.

ARRACHEMENT, s. adj. pulled, plucked out, etc.

*ARRACHEMENT, s. m. pulling or plucking out, drawing or getting out by force, snatching. Arrachement signifies now the places where a vault begins to form itself into an arch.

ARRACHER, a.ra.-sha, v. a. to pull, draw, get, pick, pluck out or away by force, grub, pull up, root up, snatch, tear off, wring, wrest, force out. Arracher les years a que qu'un, to pull one's eyes out. Arracher une qu'un, to pull one's eyes out. Arracher une dent, to draw a tooth. Arracher un cor, to pick out a corn. Arracher un arbre, to grub up a tree, pull it up by the roots. Jelui ai arraché ce livre de la main, I have snatched this book out of his hands. Arracher la peau, to tear the skin off. Arracher une épée des mains de quelqu'un, to wrest or wring a sword out of one's hands. Arracher, to get from out of one's hands. Althouse, was away, by or out, force out from, take away, by away, he could be entrailed. tear off. Arracher le cœur, l'âme, les entrail les, to tear one's soul, break one's heart. Arracher sa vie, to have much ado to keep life and soul together.

ARRACHEUR, à-rà-shèur, s. m. Arracheur de dents, tooth-drawer. Arracheur de cors, corn-cutter.

*ARRAISONNER, Ex. S'arraisonner, v. r.

ARRANGEMENT, a-renz-men, s. m. arrangement, ordering or setting in order, disposing, right-placing, scheme, project, plan.

Prendre des arrangemens pour payer ses dettes, to take measures for paying one's debts.

ARRANGER, à-rèn-2à, v. a. to arrange, set in order, dispose, place in order, rank. ranger ses affaires, to settle one's affairs. S'arranger, v. r. to settle one's affairs. S'arranger chez soi, to set one's house or lodging in order.

ARRAS, s. m. sort of parrot. ARRE, V. Arrhe. ARRENTEMENT, a-rènt-mên, s. m. rent-ing or taking upon lease, place let or taken upon lease.

ARRENTER, a-ren-ta, v. a. to rent or lease out, to rent or take by lease.

ARRERAGER, v. n. to be in arrears or behind hand.

. ARRÉRAGES, à-rà-ràz, s. m. pl. arrears, ARRESTATION, s. f. the act of stopping,

seizing, arrest.
ARRET, a-re, s. m. act, judgment, decree, sentence; arrest, distraining or attachment; rest for a lance. Mettre la lance en arrêt, rest for a lance. Mettre to take en arret, to rest or couch the lance. Arrêt, say; setting (of a clock, dog, etc.) Chien d'arrêt or chien couchant, setting dog, pointer. Arrêt de cheval, stop or stopping of a horse. Un esprit qui n'a point d'arrêt, un esprit sans arret, an unsteady mind, a giddy-head, a giddy-brain. Arrêt, Mar. embargo; mettre un officier aux arrêts, to put an officer under an arrest.

ARRÎTÉ, E, adj. stopped, stayed, etc. V. Arrêter. Il n'à pas la vue arrêtée (or assurée,) he has not a steady look. Il n'a pas l'esprit arrêté, he is giddy-brained or crackbrained

ARRÊTÉ, à-rè-tà, s. m. resolution, agree-Un arrêté de compte, an account agreed upon.

ARRÊTE-BOEUF. à-ret-beuf.s. m. rest-har-

row, (an herb.)
ARRÊTER, à-rè-tà,v.a. to stop, detain, stay,
make to stand still, put a stop to; to fasten, make fast, tie hard, keep up, stay; suppress, hinder; to hire; to allay, alleviate, assuage (pain,) to conclude, make an end of, determine, adjust; resolve, determine, design, decree, propose. Arrêter un compte, to settle or balance an account. Arrêter un valet, to hire a servant. Arrêter, to rest, to appoint, pitch upon (a day,) to fix (the eyes.) to set (partridges.)

Arrêter, v. n. to stop, halt.

S'arrêler, v. r. to stop, stay, pause, rest, stand still. To stand trifling, be idle, loiter, tarry, stay. To settle (somewhere.) To forbear, refrain; give over. To stand, keep to, pitch upon; (à quelque chose,) to mind a thur stand upon it stick to it pais to mon it. thing, stand upon it, stick to it, insist upon it. Il s'arrête, he is out or at a stand, his memory fails him, he hesitates.

ARRÉTISTE, s. m. compiler of decrees. ARRHEMENT, s.m. the giving carnest money. ARRHER, h.-r.h, v. a. to give earnest money, to secure a purchase.

ARRIERS, ar, s. f. pl. earnest or earnest money. Earnest, pledge.

ARRIERS, a-rier, adv. away, avaunt. Ar-

rière de moi, be gone from me. Arrière la raillerie, let us have no joking. En arrière, hackward. Etre en arrière, to be behind hand, to be in arrears. En arrière de quelqu'un, behind one's back, unknown to one. porte toute arriere, a door wide open.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ARRIÈRE, s. m. Mar. stern, after part, aft. En arrière, de l'arrière, sur l'arrière, abast, ast. De l'avant à l'arrière fore and ast. En arrière du vaisseau, astern of the ship. Le vent est droit de l'arrière, the wind is right aft. mat de misaine est incliné en urrière, the fore mast hangs aft. En arrière du grund mât, abast the main mast. De l'arrière des bittes usqu'à la Sainte-Barbe, from abast the bitts to the gun-room. Avoir vent arrière, to go before the wind. Faire vent arrière, to put before the wind. Arriver vent arrière, to bear up, bear away, bear away right before the wind. cutter n'est pas assez sur l'arrière, the cutter is not enough by the stern. Il nous faut passer the l'arrière de ce brillot, we must go under that fire-ship's stern. Le navire est il de l'arrière de votre point! is the ship a-stern of your reckoning 1 Ces bâtimens sont restés de l'arrière, those ships have dropped a-stern.
ARRIERE, E, adj. in arrears, behind

hand.

ARRIÉRE-BAN, s. m. assembly of freeholders.

ARRIÈRE-BOUTIQUE, s. f. back-shop. ARRIERE-CHANGE, s. m. interest upon in-

ARRIÈRE-CORPS, s. m. that part of a build-ing which projects the least. ARRIÈRE-COUR, s. f. back-yard.

ARRIÈRE-FAIX, s. m. after-birth.

Arrière-fermier, s. m. under-farmer, under-tenant.

ARRIÈRE-FIEF, s. m. mesne fee or mesne tenure.

Arrière-garde, s. f. rear of an army *or* of a squadron of men of war. Conduire, mener, commander, l'arrière-garde, to bring up

ARRIÈRE-GOUT, s. m. after-taste.

ARRIÈRE-MAIN, s. m. back of the hand: back stroke.

ARRIÈRE NEVEU, s. m. son or descendant of a nephew.

ARRIÈRE-PENSÉE, s. f. after-thought, secret end or view.

ARRIÈRE-PETIT-FILS, s. m. great grandeon.

ARRIÈRE-PETIT-FILLE, s.f. great granddaughter.

ARRIÈRE-POINT, s. m. stitching upon the wristband of shirt sleeves, back stitch.

ARRIÈRE-POINTEUSE, s. f. woman that stitches wrist-bands.

ARRIÈRE-SAISON, s. f. autumn, latter end of autumn. Old age.

ARRIERE-VASSAL, s. m. under-tenant. ARRIERER, å-rie-rå, v. a. to throw behind nand. Ce proces m'a fort arriéré, this law-suit has thrown me greatly behind hand. S'ar-

rièrer, to be in arrears, to stay behind.

ARRIMAGE, à-ri-màz, s. m. Mar. stowage, the stowage of a vessel's cargo, or whatever is contained in her hold. Nous avons acheve notre arrimage, we have completed our hold. Faire l'arrimage, to trim the hold. V. Pièce.

ARRIMER, a-ri-ma, v. a. Mar. to stow. Arrimer la cale, to stow in the hold.

ARRIMEUR, s. m. stower (of cargoes,) stevedore.

Arriser, v. a. Mar. to lower, bring down (speaking of the yard.)

ARRIVAGE, s. m. Mar. arrival.

ARRIVÉE, à-ri-và, s. f. arrival. Arrivée, Mar. movement of bearing away, also, of falling off when lying to: faire une arrivée, to fall off. Ce vaisseau fait son arrivée. That

ship is falling off.
ARRIVER, a-rl-va, v. n. to arrive, come to, get into; to arrive at, compass; to come un-looked for, come upon; to happen, befall, come to pass, fall out. S'il arrive que vous ayez bezoin de moi, if you chance to want me.

Arriver, Mar. to bear away, bear up, bear down, arrive, etc. Le général a arrivé de trois quarts, the Admiral has bore up three points. Arrive, keep her away. Laisse arriver d'un quart, keep her away a point. Nous arrivâmes sur l'avant garde ennemie, we bore down upon the enemy's van. Arriver tout pat, to bear round up. Arrive tout, hard a weather. Sans arriver, nothing off. La flotte des Grandes Indes est arrivée, the East-India fleet is arrived. V. Arrière.

ARROCHE, s. f. orache, a pot herb.

ARROGAMMENT, Ar-ro-ga-men, adv. arrogantly, presumptuously, proudly, haughtily.

ARROGANCE, ar-ro-gans, s. f. arrogance,

pride, haughtiness, presumption.

ARROGANT, E. arro-gan, gant, adj. arro-

gant, proud, haughty, presumptuous. ARROGER, (s') sar-ro-za, v. r. to arrogate,

claim, challenge or attribute to one's self, take upon one's self.

*ARROI, s. m. retinue, train, equipage. ARRONDI, E, adj. rounded, made round; periode arrondie, period well turned.

ARRONDIR, &-ron-dir, v. a. to round, make round. Arrondir une période or une stance, to give a period or stanza a good turn. Arrondir un cheval, to break a horse, rich him round a ring. Arrondir (in painting,) to re-lieve, give a relief to. Arrondir, Mar. Ex. Arrondir un cap, to weather a cape, sail round a cape.

ARRONDISSEMENT, &-ron-dls-men, s. m. rounding or making round, roundness.

Arross, E, adj. watered, wet, bathed,

sprinkled.

ARROSEMENT, à-roz-mên, s. m. watering,

soaking, sprinkling.

ARROSER, å-rô-zå, v. a. to water, sprinkle, Arroser du rôti, to baste meat soak, bathe. that is roasting.
ARROSOIR, a-ro-zwar, s. m. watering-pot.

ARRUGIE, s. f. canal (in mines) to convey off the water.

ARS or ARTS, s. m. veins of a horse where they are usually blooded.

ARSENAL, års-nål, s. m. arsenal; dock-yard. ARSENIC, ars-ni, s. m. arsenick, crpiment

ARSENICAL, R, års-nî-kâl, adj. arsenical.
ART, år, s. in. art, science, skill, address, craft, cunning. Maître des Arts, Master of Arts.

ARTÈRE Artèr, s. f. an artery. ARTÉRIEL, LE, Artè-rièl, adj. arterial. ARTÉRIOLOGIE, s. f. arteriology, treatise or discourse on the arteries.

ARTÉRIOTOMIE, s. f. arteriotomy, ARTHRITIQUE, adj. arthritick, gouty. ARTICHAUT, ar-il-sho, s. m. artichoke.

ARTICLE, år-tikl, s. m. articulation, knuckle, joint; article, head, clause. Les articles de la foi Chrétienne, the articles of the

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

Christian faith. L'article de la mort, the point

of death; article (a term of grammar.)
ARTICULAIRE, år-ti-kū-lēr, adj. articular.
Maladie articulaire, articular disease, gout, arthritis.

ARTICULATION, år-ti-ku-lå-sion, s. f. arti culation or joining of bones. Articulation de la wix, articulate or distinct pronunciation.

Articulation de faits, enumeration, deduction of facts.

ARTICULÉ, E. adj. articulated; set down

in articles or heads; articulate, distinct.

ARTICULER, år-tl-ků-lå, v. a. set down article by article: to articulate; pronounce, cir-cumstantiate. Sarticuler, v. r. to joint. ARTIFICE, arti-fis, s. m. art, industry,

skill, workmanship; artifice, cunning, craft, deceit, device.

ARTIFICIEL, LE, ar-ti-fi-ciel, adj. artificial, artful, done by art. Sphere artificielle, armil-

år-tl-fl-sièl-mên, adv. artificially, artfully, by art.

ARTIFICIER, ar-tl-fl-sia, s. m. maker of

fire-works.

ARTIFICIEUSEMENT, år-tl-fl-slèuz-mên, adv. cunningly, craftily, artfully. ARTIFICIEU-x, se, år-tl-fl-slèu, slèuz, adj.

ARTIFICIEU-I, 58, ar-u-11-seu, sreuz, aujcunning, subtle, crafty, artful, inveighing.
ARTILLERIE, år-dl-ri, s. f. artillery, ordnance, guns, train of artillery. Bureau de l'artillerie, ordnance-office. L'artillerie de notre bâtiment est trop foible, our ship should have heavier metal. have heavier metal.

ARTILLEUR, år-tl-leur, or *ARTILLIER, s. m. matross.

ARTIMON, ar-ti-mon, s. m. mizen mast. ARTISAN, år-ti-zèn, s. m. artisan, trades-man, handicrafts-man, work-man; artificer, author, contriver. Artisane, s. f. female arti-

ficer, contriver, etc.

ARTISON, ar-tl-zoz, s. m. a small worm in wood.

ARTISONÉ, E, adj. worm-eaten.
ARTISTE, àr-list, s. m. artist, artificer, ingenious workman.

ARTISTE, adj. skilful, done in a curious and workman-like manner.

ARTISTEMENT, ar-tist-men, adv. work-man-like, curiously, ingeniously, cunningly. ARUSPICE, a-rus-pls, s. m. soothsayer, di-

ARYTHME, s. m. weakness of the pulse. ARZEL, adj. Cheval arzel, horse that has a white spot on the hind foot of the right side.

As, as, s. m. ace at dice or cards.

ASARUM, s. m. (plant) assarabacca. ASBESTE, s. m. asbestos, amianthus. ASCARIDES, s. m. pl. ascarides, little worm.

ASCENDANT, s. m. (in astrology), ascendant, influence, strong natural inclination, ascendency, power, influence.

ASCENDANT, a sen-den, adj. ascending,

scendant.

ASCENSION, &-sen-slon, s. f. ascension; ascending or rising. Ascension or jour de l'Ascension, ascension-day. L'ascension des li-

queurs, the rising of liquors.
ASCENSIONEL, LE, a-sen-sid-nel, adj. Diference ascensienelle, difference between right and oblique ascension (in astronomy) ASCÈTE, s. m. & f. ascetick, anachorite.

Anchoret, s. in. de . ascettek, anachoret, anachoret, recluse, hermit.
Ascfrikre, s. in. monastery.
Ascfrique, å-så-tlk, adj. ascetick.
Asciens, å-så-tlk, a m. pl. having no shadow.

ASCITE, s. f. ascites, sort of dropsy.
ASIATIQUE, å-zl-å-tik, adj. Asiatick, eastern; as also verbose, diffuse, loose.

ASILE, &-zll, s. m. asylum, sanctuary, refuge, place of refuge, privileged place, shelter.

Asine, &-zln, adj. Bête asine, he or she-asa. ASPALATHE, s. m. Aspalathus, sort of

wood. ASPECT, ås-pek, s. m. aspect, sight; looks, countenance; vista, prospect, aspect (of planets.)

Aśperge, ås-pêrz, s. f. asparagus. Asperger, ås-pêr-zå, v. a. to sprinkle with holy water or blood.

Asperges, as-per-zes, s. m. holy water stick or sprinkler.

ASPERITE, as-pa-rl-ta, s. f. asperity Aspersion, as-per-sion, s. f. sprinkling. ASPERSOIR, s. m. holy water-sprinkler or stick.

ASPHALTE, s. m. asphaltos. ASPHALTIQUE, as-fal-tik, adj. asphaltick, bituminous

Asphonele, s. m. daffodil.

ASPHYXIE, s. f. asphyxy, sudden suspension

ASPILYALE, S. I. aspilyay, sauden asspersion of the pulse, respiration and motion.

ASPIC, as-plk, s. m. asp or aspick; langue d'aspic, ill-tongued, foul mouthed, backbiring, slandering man or woman.

Aspic, sort of lavender, spikenard.

ASPIRAL, s. m. pendulum.
ASPIRANT, E, ås-pl-ren, rent, adj. aspiring.
Une H aspirante, an aspirate H. Fompe aspirante, suction pump.

ASPIRANT, E, s. m. & f. candidate, probationer, one that stands for an office or place.

Aspiration, as-pl-ra-slon, s. f. respiration, breathing; fervent desire, longing after; pious ejaculation; aspiration.
ASPIRER, as-pl-ra, v. a. to fetch or to draw

breath. Aspirer PH, to aspirate the H, to proncunce it with an aspiration. Aspirer à. to aspire at, covet, desire, ambitiously seek, aim at.

he as, covet, tearry, annoususy seet, ann at.

Assa, s.f. sort of gum or resin. Assa-dulcis,
benzoin. Assa-fortida, asa foetida.

Assa bler, à-sà-blà, v. a. to fill or choke
up with sand. S'assabler. v. r. Mar. to run
aground, stick in the sand. V. Ensabler.

Assalllant, à-sà-lèn, s. m. assailant, ag-

gressor; also challenger at tilting.

Assatllir, a.sa-fir, v. a. to assault, assail, attack, set upon. Nous fumes assailis d'un coup de vent à l'entrée de la Manche, we were caught in a gale of wind in the chops of the Channel.

Assainin, v. a. to make wholesome.

Assaisonné, E, adj. seasoned. Assaisonnement, å-sê-zôn-mên, s. m. seasoning.

Assaisonner, v. a. to season. Assaisonneur, å-sè-zò-nèur, s. m. seasoner.

Assassin, s. m. assassin. Assassin, E, å-så-sin, sin, adj. killing, mur

dering; des yeux assassins, killing eyes.
Assassinat, a.sa.-d.-na, s. m. assassination.
Assassiner, a.sa.-d.-na, v. a. to assassinate murder; to kill, tire, trouble, plague.
Assation, s. f. assation, roasting.

base, bût : jèûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Assaut, å-so, s. m. assault, attack, onset, storm. Emporter une ville d'assaut, to carry a town by storm. Donner l'assaut à une place, to storm a place. Faire assaut contre quelqu'un, to fence with one. Assaut, brunt, effort, shock. Faire assaut d'esprit, to make a trial of wit.

Assécher, v. Assécher, v. a. to dry up. n. Mar. to appear to be dry. Ce rocher assèche
à la basse mer, that rock is dry at low water.
Assemblage, a-sen-blaz, s. m. joining,

setting together, union, conjunction, collecscore, tenanting, etc. Assemblage à queue d'aronde, swallow tail scarf.

ASSEMBLEE, s. f. assembly, congregation, meeting; company; ball, assembly; rendezvous, meeting of hunters; the tattoo. Bat-tre l'assemblee, to beat the tattoo.

Assemblee, desemble, v. a. to assemble,

get up, bring, draw, join together; gather, lay, or heap up; (un parlement) to call or assemble a parliament. To set in or fit in or together (wood work.)

Sassembler, v. r. to assemble, meet, gather, come or get together. Le parlement s'est assemblé, parliament is met.

Assener, as-na, bien son coup, v. a. to hit the mark, take one's aim right, strike home. Il lui assena un grand coup de poing sur la tete, he gave him a smart blow on the head with his fist.

ASSENTIMENT, s. m. assent.
ASSENTIMENT, s. m. assent to.
ASSENTIR, (a) v. n. to assent to.
ASSECIR, a.swar, v. a. to sit, sit down, settle, place, put, lay; (les tailles) to assess the
land taxes; (son comp) to pitch a camp, pitch tents, encamp; (son jugement) to fix, settle or ground (one's judgment.)
S'asseoir, v. r. to sit down. Asseyez-cous,

sit down, sit you down. S'asseoir branche, to settle or perch on a branch.

Assermenter, v. a. to tender an oath Asserteur, s. m. assertor, defender, main-

tainer, protector, rescuer.

Assertion, a.sertion, proposition.

Asservi, E. adj. subjected, etc.
Asservir, a servir, v. a. (regularly conjugated) to subject, enslave, bring under subjection, or into bondage, to overcome, master or conquer (one's passions.)

ASSESSEUR, &-sc-scur, s. m. an assessor,

judge lateral.

Assez, a.sa, adv. enough, enow, sufficient-ty, abundantly. Assez bien, well enough, pretty well, indifferently. On ne peut avoir assez de soin de son salut, a man cannot be too careful about his salvation.

Assiduous, E, &-sl-dd, dd, assiduous, diligent, close at business, constant; continual, fre-

quent.

Assiduity, diligence, continual care or attendance, constant applica-

Assidument, a.sl-dů-měs, adv. assidu-ously, constantly, diligently, continually. Assida, E, a.sla-sa, adj. besieged; hence

ks assiegés, the besieged.
Ass ÉGEANT, E, à-she-zèn, zènt, adj. that besieges, besieger. L'armée assiégeante, the army of the besiegers. Les assiegeans, s m. pl. the besiegers.

Assiégen, à-slà-zà, v. a. to besiege, lay siege to; encompass, compass about, surround, beset, stand or be about.

Assignte, a-sient, or Assignto, s. m. As-

siento, contract to furnish slaves.

Assientiste, s. m. one who has a share

in the Assiento.

Assiette, å-slet, s. f. seat, site, situation; sitting posture; state of the mind, temper or state; sate of me mind, emper or condition one's mind is in, assessment (of a tax;) fund, assignment; a plate. Assiste a mouchettes, smiler-pan. Assiste d'un bâtiment, Mar. trim of a ship.

Assiettée, à siètà, s. f. plate-full.

Assignable, adj. that can be assigned.

Assignat, s. m. assignment; assignat. Assignation, a-sl-gna-slon, s. f. assignment; summons, subpoena, citation. Assignation, rendezvous, appointment.
Assigner, a-si-gna, v. a. to assign, ap-

point, settle, ascertain; to summon, subposna, warn, cite (to appear.)
Assimilation, a-si-mi-la-sion, s. f. assi-

milation.

Misuon.

Assis, E, adj. sitting, seated.

Assis, a.-siz, s. f. course or lay of stones
or bricks in building.

Assizes, a.-siz, s. f. pl. assizes.

Les juges qui tiennent les assises, the judges of the cir-

cuit. Assistance, a-sis-tens, s. f. presence, being in a place; assistance, aid, help, succour; assembly, audience, company, congregation, by-standers; council of Assistants.

Assistant, a-sis-ten, s. m. by-stander, au-

ditor, assistant, helper.

Assistante, &-sis-tent, s. f. a nun that assists the abbess in a nunnery.

Assister, å-sis-tå, v. n. to be present, stand by. Assister, v. a. to assist, help, succour, re-

lieve, take care, attend. Association, a.sd-sla-slon, s. f. association, society, fellowship, partnership.

Associé, E, adj. associated, etc. Associé, E, å-sò-clà, s. m. & f. partner,

associate.

Associer, å-sô-sî-à, v. a. to associate, bring into a partnership, make a partner, admit or join to a company. S'associer avec, v. r. to associate one's self or enter into partnership with, join with, keep company with.

Assommer, a-sô-ma, v. a. to knock down, kill; to maul; beat soundly; to over-whelm,

grieve, oppress or bear down.

Assommore, s. m. a small stick baited and placed under a stone to kill rats, etc.

Assomption, a-sonp-sion, s. f. minor of a syllogism. Assumption (of the Virgin Ma-Assonance, a.so-nens, s. f. assonance.

Assonant, E, adj. assonant, chiming.

Assorti, E, adj. furnished, stocked; sorted, matched. Ils ont des casuistes assortis à toutes sortes de personnes, they have casuists for all sorts of persons.

ASSORTIMENT, 8-sor-tl-men, s. m. assortment, suit, set; sorting or matching things together. Assortment, stock.

ASSORTIR, &-sor-tir, v. a. (regularly conjugated,) to furnish, stock, store; to sort or match. Assortir, v. n. to suit or sort with, match.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ASSORTISSANT, E, adj. that matches or suits. Assort, E, adj. extremely fond, doting.

ASSOTER, v. a. to assot, infatuate.
ASSOUPI, E, adj. dull, heavy, drowsy, sleepy, suppressed, stifled, over, at an end; mitigated, etc.
Assourir, a-soo-pir, v. a. to lull asleep,

make dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy; to suppress, stifle; quiet; mitigate (pain.) S'assoupir, v. r. to fall asleep, grow dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy.

ASSOUPISSANT, E, adj. soporiferous, that

causes sleep.

Assoupissement, a-soo-pis-men, heaviness, drowsiness, sleepiness, dead sleep; supineness, carelessness, negligence, sloth.

Assouplin, a-soo-pilr, un cheval, v. a. to

Assourdir, v. a. to deafen, make deaf. Sussourdir, v. r. to grow deaf.

ASSOUVIR, a-soo-vir, v. a. to satisfy, glut, satiate (appetite or passion.) S'assouvir, to glut one's self, etc. to be glutted or satisfied.
ASSOUVISSEMENT, a-soo-vis-men, s. m. a

satisfying, glutting or satiating.
ASSUJETTIR, a-su-ze-ilr, v. a. to subdue, overcome, bring under, subject, make subject, bring into subjection, make liable; to master, conquer, keep under; to restrict, tie down, oblige; to make fast and steady. S'assujettir, v. r. to captivate, confine, subject, submit or tie one's self; yield.

Assujettissant, e, å-så-zê-tl-sen. sent.

adj. slavish.

Assujettissement, å-så-zê-ûs-mên, s.

m. subjection, slavery, constraint.
ASSURANCE, a-su-rens, s. f. assurance, certainty; trust, confidence; surety, security, pledge; assurance, boldness, confidence; insurance; security, safety, quietness. Lieu d'assurance, safe place, place out of danger or out of harm's way. Vivre en assurance, to live securely.

Assuré, E, adj. sure, certain, infallible; trusty; safe, secure; bold, confident; assured. V. Assurer.

Assurément, à-sû-rà-mên, adv. surely,

assuredly, certainly, sure enough.
Assurer, a-su-ra, v. a. to assure, affirm, assert, aver. Assurez-le de mes respects, present my respects to him. Assurer quelqu'un dune chose, to warrant, assure yacqui un dune chose, to warrant, assure, promise (a thing.) Assurer un mit (avec des patarus or faux haubans) to swift a mast; to emboden, encourage, inspire with confidence or courage, it o prop hear un Assurer un accessione de proposition of the yourage; to prop, bear up. Assurer un vase, to set up a vessel carefully.

S'assurer, v. r. to assure one's self, hope, be sure, confident or persuaded. S'assurer en, to trust in, to rely or depend upon. S'assurer de quelqu'un, to make sure of one, secure or bespeak him. To secure one by ar-

resting or imprisoning him.
Assureur, a-su-reur, s. m. insurer, underwriter.

Assyrien, ne, adj. & s. m. & f. Assyrian. ASTÉRISME, s. m. asterism, constellation. ASTÉRISQUE, ås-tå-risk, s. m. asterisk. ASTHMATIQUE, ås-må-tik, adj. asthma-

tick, troubled with a short breath, short-winded. ASTHME, asm, s. m. asthma, shortness of breath.

ASTICOTER, v. a. to contradict, torment, tease.

ASTRAGALE, ås-trå-gål, s. m. astragal.
ASTRAL, E., ås-trål, astral.
ASTRE, åstr, s. m. star. Astre de la meit, planet of the night, moon. Astre du four, sun, planet of the day.

ASTREE, as-tra, s. f. Astrea (the goddess

of justice.)
ASTREINDRE, as-trindr, v. a. (like feindre, atteindre;) to tie up, subject; to bind (the body;) restrict.

ASTRINT, E, adj. tied up, subjected, ec.
ASTRINGENT, E, as-trin-zen, zent, adj. astringent, astrictive, binding, costive.

ASTRINGENS, s. m. pl. astringents, binding or costive medicines.

ASTROLABE, ås-trò-lab, s. m. astrolabe.

cross-staff. ASTROLOGIE, as-tro-lo-zi, s. f. astrology. ASTROLOGIQUE, ås-tro-lo-zik, adj. astro-

logical. ASTROLOGIQUEMENT, as-tro-lo-2lk-men,

adv. astrologically.

ASTROLOGUE, as-tro-log, s. m. astrologer. ASTRONOME, as-tro-nom, s.m. astromomer. ASTRONOMIE, as-tro-no-mi, s. f. astronomy. Astronomique, adj. astronomical. Astronomiquement, as-tro-no-mik-men,

adv. astronomically.

ASTUCE, as-tus, s. f. craft, cunning, wile.

Par astuce, adv. craftily, by craft.

ASTUCIEU-X, SE, adj. cunning, artful, subtle. ASYMPTOTE, adj. asymptote.
ATABALE, å-lå-bål, s. m. atabal, moorish drum, kettle drum.

ATARAXIE, s. f. ataraxy.

ATANIE, s. f. ataxy. ATELIER, åt-liå, s. m. shop or workshop, ATLIER, &t-lla, s. m. shop or workshop, men, workmen, people (any number of men employed by the same master in one workshop.) L'atetier des charpentiers, the carpenter's shop; l'atetier des forgerons, the smith's shop; l'atetier de gréement, the rigging loft; l'atetier des menuisiers, the joiner's shop; l'atetier de la peinture or des peintres, the painter's shop; l'atetier des poultes, the blockmaker's shop. ATLIER, &t. D. kind of estirical en

ATELLANES, s. f. pl. kind of satirical entertainment among the Romans.

ATERMOIEMENT, s. m. agreement or composition between the debtor and the creditor for the payment of a sum at certain times; delay.

ATERMOYER, v. a. to put off, delay the payment of. S'atermoyer avec ses créanciers, v. r. to compound or agree with one's creditors for the payment of a debt at certain times.

ATHANOR, s. m. athanor.
ATHEE, a-ta, adj. atheistical. Sentiment athée, atheistical opinion.

ATHÉE, s. m. & f. atheist.

Атне́ізме, a-te-lsm, s. m. atheism. Атне́коме, s. m. atheroma, sort of wen. ATHLANTE, s. m. Atlas. Des athlantes et

des cariatides, statues of men and women, put instead of pillars. ATHLETE, at-lêt, s. m. champion, wrestler,

strong lusty-fellow. D'athlète, athletick, athletical.

ATHLÉTIQUE, å-tic-tik, adj. athletick, ath-

letical; s. f. wrestling.

ATHLOTHÈTE, s. m. president over the athletick exercises.

ATINTER, v. a. to trim or dress, set off

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brus.

ATLANTE, V. Athlunte.

ATLANTIQUE, adj. Atlantick. La mer A lantique, the Western Ocean, the Atlantick. La mer At-

ATLAS, s. m. collection of maps, Atlas; Atlas, first vertebre of the back.

ATMOSPHÈRE, at-mos-fer, s.m. atmosphere. ATOME, a-tom, s. m. atom.

ATOMISTE, s. m. atomist

ATONIE, S. f. atony, debility.
ATOUR, a-toor, s. m. (of women) attire,
dress, rigging. Dame d'atour, tire-woman (to a queen or princess.)

ATOURNER, v. a. to attire, dress, rig out,

(women.)

ATOUT, a-too, s. m. trump (at cards) faire

ATRIBILAIRE, & trâ-bl-lèr, adj. s. m. & f. atrabilarian, atrabilarious, splenetick.
ATRABILE, å-trà-bil, s. f. black choler.

ATRE, atr, s. m. fireplace, hearth.
ATROCE, a-tros, adj. heinous, grievous,
edious, outrageous, atrocious.

ATROCEMENT, adv. heinously, grievously. ATROCITÉ, à-trò-sì-tà, s. f. atrocity, heinousness, grievousness, odiousness, enormity.

ATROPHIE, s. f. atrophy, consumption. ATTABLER, (s') så-tå-blå, v. r. to sit down

at table, to take one's place at table.
ATTACHANT, E, a-ia-shen, shent, adj. en-

dearing, engaging, affecting.

ATTACHE, a-tash, s. f. string, band, tie, affection, inclination. Faire quelque chose avec ettache, to do a thing eagerly or with eager-ness. Il a plus d'attache au ciel qu'à la terre, his mind is more bent upon heaven than upon earth. Lévrier d'attache, great grey hound, Irish grey hound.

ATTACHE, E, adj. tied, bound, fastened, etc. V. Attacher. Attache à une opinion, wedded to an opinion. Attaché à son sens, obstinate, stiff in his opinion. Attaché à ses intérêts or à son profit, selfish, minding nothing but his

own interest.

ATTACHEMENT, & -tash-men, s. m. attach-ment, tie, affection, inclination, love, passion; constant attendance or application, adhesion;

amour, intrigue, inclination.

ATTACHER, å-tå-slå, v. a. to tie, bind, fasten or make fast; (avec us clou) to nail; (encroix) to nail or hang (on a cross;) (avec un bordon) to button; (avec une épingle) to pin. Mon bonheur est attaché au vôtre, my happiness depends upon yours. Le ciel a attaché mon bonheur à votre vie, Heaven has wrapped up my happiness in your life. C'est un vice al-taché à cet age, it is a vice inseparable from that age. Attacher le mineur (le mettre en état de travailler à couvert,) to set on the miner. Attacher, to tie, oblige, engage or endear. Attacher son esprit à quelque chose, to apply one's mind to a thing, to mind it.

S'attacher, v. r. to take hold, cling, keep

close, cleave, stick or stick fast; (à quelqu'un, auprès de quelqu'un) to stick or adhère or devote one's self (to one;) (à quelque chose) to give or apply one's mind to a thing, mind it, be intent upon it. S'attacher à ses opinions, to stick to or be wedded to one's own opinion.

ATTAQUABLE, adj. that may be attacked. ATTAQUART, E, a-ta-kan, adj. & s. ag-

gressor, assailant ATTAQUE. a-tak, s. f. attack, assault, onset, *ttempt, encounter, charge, brunt insult, in-

sulting words, reproach, abuse; (d'ume mala die) fit of a disease.

ATTAQUÉ, E, adj. attacked, etc. V. Atta

ATTAQUER, å-tå-kå, v. a. to attack, charge or assault, to fall or set upon, encounter; to urge, provoke or challenge, quarrel with.
Attaquer la terre, Mar. to stand right in for the land.

S'attaquer à, v. r. to set upon, encounter, stand up against, challenge; also, to meddle with, to try mastery with, blame, find fault with.

ATTEINDRE, a-tindr, v. n. like feindre at eindre; to reach, come to. Atteindre à (parvenir à,) to attain to or attain, compass, obtain, reach, come at. Atteindre, v. n. to reach,

hit, strike, touch; to overtake.

ATTEINT, E, å-tin, tint, adj. hit, struck, etc. V. Atteindre (d'une maladie.) afflicted or troubled or infected with a disease, (de crime) charged with or arraigned for a crime.

ATTEINTE, s. f. blow, stroke. Il recut une . rude atteinte au bras, he received a violent blow on the arm. Atteinte d'une malodie, fit of a disease. Courir à une atteinte, donner une atteinte à la bague, to hit the ring. Il a eu deux atteintes et un dedans, he has hit the ring twice and got it once. Atteinte, blow a horse gives himself by striking his fore feet with his hind feet. Donner atteinte or des atteintes à une chose qu'on poursuit, to go near getting what one pursues. Donner atteinte à quelque chose, to strike at or prejudice a thing. Donner des to strike at or prejudice a thing. Donner des atteintes, to set upon, tease. Je lui donnerai ruelques atteintes pour hi tirer les vers du mez, I shall endeavour, by some means or other, to pump it out of him. Je suis hors de ses atpump it out of him. Je suis hors de ses at-teintes, I am out of his reach, he can do me no harm. Les atteintes du froid et du chand, the approaches of cold and heat.

ATTELAGE, at-laz, s. m. set of horses or

other beasts (to draw a coach, cart, etc.)
ATTELÉ, E, adj. put to or into a coach or cart (speaking of beasts.) Le currosse est-il attel? is the coach ready? Un currosse attelé de six chevaux, a coach drawn by six horses.

ATTELER, at-la, v. a. to put horses, oxen, etc. to a coach or cart, etc. Atteler le carrosse, to put horses to the coach. Atteler le chariot. to put the horses or oxen to the cart.

ATTELIER, V. Atelier.
ATTELLE, a-tel, s. f. splint; also hawm of a draught horse; a potter's tool.

ATTELOIRE, at-lwar, s. f. peg or pin to

fasten the draught of horses

ATTENANT, E, at-nes, nest, adj. adjoining, next, contiguous, near.

ATTENDANT, E, å-ten-den, adj. that waits

or stays for, expecting.

En attendant, adv. in the mean time, in the interim. Promenez-vous en attendant, walk in

the mean time. En attendant qu'il vienne, till

he comes, against he comes.

ATTENDRE, a-tendr, v. a. to expect, be in expectation of, wait, stay or look for; to expect, hope. Attendre, v. n. to stay, tarry, wait or be in expectation. Attendre à faire une chose jusqu'à ce que, to put off doing a thing till. Attendez, hold, stay. Attendre après, to stay or wait for. Se faire attendre, to make people stay for one's coming. S'attendre. bar bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

v. r. (l'un l'autre) to tarry or wait for (one another.) S'attendre à, to rely, depend another.) S'attendre à, to rely, depend upon. S'attendre à, to expect, wait or hope fir.

ATTENDRIR, å-ten-drir, v. a. to make tender (meat, etc.) also to soften, move to pity or compassion, melt down, affect. S'attendrir, v. r. to grow tender; also to be moved to pity or compassion, melt, relent.

ATTENDRISSANT, E, adj. moving to pity or love, softening, melting.
ATTENDRISSEMENT, a ten-dris-men, s. m. relenting, compassion, pity, commiseration.

ATTENDU, E, adj. expected, waited for, ct. V. Attendre. Attendu que, seeing or since, forasmuch as, whereas.

ATTENTAT, å-ten-tå, s. m. illegal enterprise or attempt, outrage, encreachment.
ATTENTATOIRE, &-ien-tâ-twar, adj. ille-

al, done in contempt of a jurisdiction.

ATTENTE, a-tent, s. f. expectation, waiting; hope, trust, confidence. Pierre d'attente, a toothing stone that sticks out of a wall for new buildings to be joined to it. Table d'attente, cloth on the straiger (for a paint-

ATTENTER, å-ten-tå, v. n. & a. to attempt,

make an illegal attempt.

ATTENTI-F, ve, å-lèn-tif, tiv, adj. attentive, heedful, mindful, intent or bent upon,

ATTENTION, &-ten-sion, s. f. attention, application, diligence, heedfulness, mindfulnes Faire attention, to mind, care, carefulness. heed, consider, reflect upon, be intent upon. Regarder arec attention, to look fixedly, gaze upon. Attention, egard (both generally in the poural) regard, respect. Attention à la barre,
Mar. mind your helm.
ATTENTIVEMENT, å-tên-tiv-mên, adv. at-

tentively, heedfully, carefully, diligently.
ATTENUANT, E, a-ta-nu-en, or ATTENUA-

TI-F, VE, adj. attenuating, weakening, wasting, that makes thin.

ATTÉNUANT, s. m. attenuating medicine. ATTÉNUATION, à-tà-nù-à-sìon, s. f. attenuation, weakening, lessening of strength, ex-

ATTÉNUER, à-tà-nû-à, v. a. to attenuate, make thin or lean, weaken, impair or waste the strength. Attenuer un crime, to extenuate

ATTERAGE, å-të-råz, s. m. Mar. place a vessel may touch at.

Vesser may touch at.

ATTERRER, å-të-rå, v. a. to throw or strike
down; to overthrow, cast down, destroy.

ATTERRER, å-të-rir, v. n. Mar. to make

the land. A la route que tient le Commandant, il va atterrir sur Ouessant, by the course the commodore is steering, he intends to make Ushant.

Atterrissement, å-të-ris-mën, s. m. alluvial land, alluvion.

ATTESTATION, &-tes-ta-sion, s. f. certificate. Attestation sous serment, affidavit.

ATTESTER, å-tes-tå, v. a to attest, assure certify, aver, witness, avouch, affirm; to call er take to witness.

ATTICISME, a-ti-sism, s. m. atticism, concise and elegant style, wit.

ATTIEDIR, a-tia-dir, v. a. to cool. S'attiédir v. r. to cool, grow cool.

ATTIÉDISSEMENT, å-tlå-dis-men. s. m. cooling, lukewarmness.

ATTIFER, &-tl-få, v. a. to dress a woman's

head. S'attifer, v.r. to dress one's head.
"ATTIFET, å-d-fe, s. m. a woman's head

gear, dress or attire.

ATTIQUE, a-tik, adj. attick, after the Athenian way.

Colonne attique, attick pillar.

Le sel attique, polite and genteel raillery, attick

ATTIQUE, s. m. attick, an upper story (in

ATTIQUEMENT, adv. after the attick manner. ATTIRAIL, å-tl-rål, s. m. train, implements, equipage, furniture, luggage, baggage. ATTIRANT, E, adj. attracting, enticing, al-

luring, engaging.
ATTIRER, å-tl-rå, v. a. to draw, attract; to draw or bring; to draw in, allure, whee-Attirer le cœur, to win the heart, gain the affections. Attirer quelqu'un à son sentiment, to bring one over to one's opinion. Un malheur en altire un autre, one mischief draws in another or treads upon the heels of ano-

S'attirer, v. r. to draw or bring upon one's self, incur, run into; to gain, win, get. S'attirerune maladie, to catch a disease, to make

one's self sick.

ATTISER, å-tl-zå, v. a. to stir up (properly, to lay a brand near another, to make them burn the better.) Attiser le feu, to add fuel to the fire, help a quarrel forward.

ATTISEUR, s. m. one who stirs up, excites. ATTITEER, a-tl-tra, v. a. to suborn, procure by bribery; to authorize, commission

ATTITUDE, å-ti-tåd, s. f. attitude, posture. ATTOLLON, s. m. knot or cluster of small islands.

ATTOUCHEMENT, &-toosh-men, s. m. touch, touching, feeling.

ATTOUCHER, v. n. Ex. Attoucher de parenté à quelqu'un, to be related to one, be his relation or kinsman.

ATTRACTI-F, VE, a-trak-tif, tiv, adj. attractive, that draws to or attracts.

ATTRACTION, à-trak-slon, s. f. attraction, drawing to.

ATTRACTIONNAIRE, s. m. stickler for the system of attraction.

*ATTRAIRE, v. a. like traire, but seldom used except in the infin. and part. to entice, draw in, allure.

*ATTRAIT, E, adj. enticed, drawn in, allured.

ATTRAIT, å-trè, s. m. allurement, entice-

ment, charm, attraction.

ATTRAPE, a-trap, s.f. gin, snare Attrapemouche, s. m. gnal-snapper. Attrapes, s. f. pl. Mar. relieving tackle (used in heaving down a ship.)

ATTRAPER, å-trå-på, v. a. to entrap, ensnare; to catch, overtake; to hit, reach, strike; to catch, take, surprise; to catch, compass or get cunningly; to get; cheat, over-reach, trick; to apprehend; to hit, express well. Attraper, Mar. to catch. Attraper la brise, to catch the breeze. Attrape as garant de candelette, clap on the fish.

ATTRAPEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. one who is upon the catch, deceiver.

ATTRAPETTE, s. f. little trick

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ATTRAPOIRE, à-trà-pwar, s. f. trap, snare,

ATTRAFOIRE, a-tra-pwar, s. t. trap, snare, pitfall; also wile, cunning, trick, bite.

ATTRAYANT, E. å-trê-yèn, yènt, adj. attractive, alluring, charming, engaging.

ATTREMFER, v. a. to temper (said of iron;) oiseau attrempt, bird neither too fat nor too lean (said of hawks.)

ATTRIBUER, å-trå-bå-å, v. a. to attribute, ascribe, impute, father upon, grant.

ascribe, impute, father upon, grant.

S'attribuer, v. r. to assume, take upon one's self, arrogate to one's self, challenge.
ATTRIBUT, å-ul-bå, s. m. attribute.

ATTRIBUTI-F, VE, å-trl-bö-tif, üv, adj. that attributes (in law.) ATTRIBUTION, å-trl-bö-skon, s. f. grant, patem, charter. Lettres d'attribution, power granted by a sovereign to give a final judgment without further appeal.

ATTRISTANT-E, å-tris-ten, tent, adj. sor-

rowful, sad, grievous

ATTRISTER, a-trls-ta, v. a. to grieve, make sad or sorrowful, afflict, trouble. S'attrister, v. r. to grieve, be sad or afflicted, etc.
ATTRITION, &-tri-sion, s. f. contrition, attrition.

ATTROUPEMEN1, a riotous assembly, mob.
ATTROUPER, å-trôo-på, v. a. to assemble, a together. S'attrouper, v. r. to gather or get together. S' troop, flock or get together.

Av, ò, masculine article.

AUBADE, ò-bad, s. f. morning music, such as is played at the dawn of day before one's door or under one's window; check, repri-mand, reproof, lecture. Il en a eu l'aubade, he was checked or reprimanded for it; vouz aurez tantôt l'aubade, you will have a lecture anon. AUBAIN, o-bin, s. m. alien, foreigner set-

tled in a country and not naturalized.

AUBAINAGE, s. m. escheatage. AUBAINE, o-ben, s. f. or droit d'aubaine, escheat, escheatage; windfall.

AUBE, ob, s. f. break of day, day-break, day-peep, dawn, dawning of the day; a surplice, alb. Aubes de moulin, ladles of the wheel of a water-mill.

AUBÉPINE, ob-å-pin, s. f. white thorn, hawthorn.

AUBERE, ò-bèr, adj. Cheval aubère, flea-bitten, grey, or dapple grey horse, white horse spotted with sorrel and bay spots. AUBERGE, ò-bère, s. f. kind of inn, eating-

house, ordinary, chop-house. Sort of peach. V. Alberge.

AUBERGISTE, Ö-ber-zist, s. m. & f. innkeeper, one that keeps an eating-house or

Aubier, ò-bià, s. m. white bazel-tree.

AUBIER or AUBOUR, soft and whitish substance which lies between the bark and the

solid wood of a tree, sap in timber.

AUBIFOIN, o-bi-fwin, s. m. the weed blue-boule, blue-blow, corn-flower or hurt-sickle. AUBIN, ô-bin, s. m. canter, (the going of a horse betwixt the amble and the gallop;)

white of an egg.
AUBOUR, V. Aubier.
AUCUK-F. & kun-kun, adj. no, none, no one, not any. Il n'y a aucun moyen de faire cela, there is no way of doing it. Vous ne trouvethere is no way of doing it. rez aucun honme qui reville rous caution-mer, you will find no man that will bail you. Le n'aime aucune de ces semmes, I love none

of these women. Aucun, s. some, some one. any one.

AUCUNEMENT, ò-kun-men adv. not at all. in no wise, not in the least.

AUDACE, o'das, s. f. audacity, audacious-

ness, boldness, confidence, daringness, assurance, presumption; loop for a hat.

AUDACIEUSEMENT, o'da-si-eùz-mên, adv. boldly, confidently, daringly, audaciously, presumptuously.

AUDACIEUX-se, ò-dà-sì-ch, chz, adi. audacious, bold, confident, daring, presumptuous,

AUDIENCE, &-dlens, s. f. audience, hearing, hearing of a cause; court or judges who he

causes; court or hall where causes are tried:

audience, auditory.
Audiencier, ô-dien-sia, s.m. Ex. Huissier audiencier, usher or crier, that attends the court when causes are hearing. Grand audiencier, one of the chief officers in the chan-cery of France, that examines all letters-

patent, etc. before they pass the seal.

AUDITEUR, O-di-teur, s. m. auditor, or hearer; disciple or scholar (that comes to a lecture.) Auditeur des comptes, auditor of actecture.) Auditeurs du Châtelet, petty judges that determine finally all personal causes that exceed not the value of 25 french livres. Auditeur (at Genera,) sheriff. Auditeur, socretary (to the nuncio.) Auditeur de rote. V. Rote.

AUDITI-F, VE, adj. auditory. AUDITION, s. f. hearing, auditing.

AUDITOIRE, o-di-twar, s. m. court or hall of audience, sessions-house. Auditory, audience, company of hearers. (Lieu où les professeurs font leurs leçons.) School, lectureroom.

Auge, oz, s. f. trough.

AUGE, oz, s. 1. trough.
AUGET, o-zè, s. f. trough-full.
AUGET, o-zè, s. m. drawer of a bird-cage;
spout of a mill-hopper.
AUGMENT, ôg-mên, s. m. Augment de dot,
(in law) jointure or settlement; augment
(in the Greek grammar.)
AUGMENTATI-F, ve. ôg-mên-tà-tif, tlv,
adl. augmentative, increasing

adj. augmentative, increasing.
AUGMENTATION, ôg-men-ld-sion, s. f. augmentation, increase, improvement, enlarge ment, addition.

AUGMENTÉ, E, adj. augmented, etc. Un livre augmenté, a book with additions.
AUGMENTER, ôg-mên-lå, v. a. to augment,

increase, improve, enlarge, amplify, add to, aggravate. Augmenter, v. n. or S'augmen-

ter, v. r. to increase, grow.

AUGURAL, E, 0-gû-râl, adj. of or belonging to an augur. Bâton augural, augur's staff or wand.

AUGURE, d-gur, s. m. augury, omen, presage. De mauvais augure, ominous, illboding. Augure, augur, soothsayer, divi-

AUGURER, d-gd-rå, v. a. to augurate, conjecture, surmise.

Auguste, o-gust, adj. august, sacred, venerable, majestick, royal, imperial.

AUGUSTEMENT, adv. stately, venerably. majestically.
Augustin, ô-gôs-tin, s. m. Austin friar,

black friar of the order of St. Austin. AUGUSTINE, 8-gas-tin, s. f. Austin nun.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

AUJOURD'HUI, 0-20or-dol, adv. to-day, this day; at present, now, now a days, in this age.
AULIQUE, adj. Ex. Le conseil Aulique, the
Aulic council (in Germany.)
AULIQUE, s. f. publick thesis or disputation for a doctor's degree (in theology.)
AULNAIE, AULNE, & AULNEE, V. Au-

AULOFÉE, s. f. Mar. act of luffing or springing the luff. Faire une aulofée, to luff, spring the luff. naie, etc.

AUMAILLES, f. pl. bêtes aumailles horned cattle.

Aumone, d-mon, s. f. alms, charity. Faire Paumône, to give alms, bestow a charity, give something to the poor. Demander l'aumône, to ask alms, beg. Aumônes fieffées, frank almoin, lands, etc. given to the church for alms, their tenure of the donor being recognised.

AUMONER, ô-mô-na, v. a. to bestow alms, pay a fine to charitable uses.

AUMONERIE, 8-mon-rl, s. f. almoner's office; almonry.

Aumônier, E, ô-mô-nia, nièr, adj. almsgiving, charitable.
Aumonife, o-mo-nia, s. m. almoner, chap-

lain.

Aumusse, ò-mas, s. f. amice.

AUNAGE, o-naz, s. m. alaage, measurement by the ell.

AUMAIE, ò-nè, s. f. grove of alders, alder-

AUNE, on, s. f. an ell. Tout du long de l'aune, soundly. Mesurer les autres à son sune, to judge another by one's self.

Rune, to judge another by one's sell.

Aune, s. m. alder-tree.

Aunen, o-na, v. a. to measure by the ell.

Auneur, o-na, v. a. to measure by the ell.

Auneur, o-na, v. a. to measure by the ell.

Auneur, o-na, v. a. to measure by the ell.

Auneur, o-pré, (with de) prep. near, by, about. Sa naison est auprès de la mienne, his house is near mine; with, near, by, to. Etre him munds d'un prand seigneur, to be in bien suprès d'un grand seigneur, to be in the good graces of a nobleman. Il réside auprès du prince, he resides near the prince. S'attacher auprès de quelqu'un, to enter into one's service. To, in comparison with. Votre mal n'est rien auprès du mien, your distemper is nothing to mine. AUPRES or Tout auprès, adv. hard by, close. Par auprès, hard by, near, a little aside.

AUQUEL, (or a lequel.) V. Lequel.

AURELIE, s. f. Aurelia, chrysalis. Aureole, o-re-ol, s. f. circle of light around the head of saints; degree of glory

of saints in heaven.
AURICULAIRE, Ö-ri-kü-ler, adj. auricular. La confession auriculaire, auricular confession. Un témoin auriculaire, ear-witness;

doigt auriculaire, little finger.
AURIQUE, adj. Mar. Ex. Voiles auriques, shoulder of mutton sails.

AURONE, ô-rôn, s. f. southern-wood. AURONE, ô-rôr, s. f. Aurora, morning, break of day, day-break, dawn; yellow, of a yellow colour; east; fair and young virgin. Aurore boréale, Aurora borealis.
AUSPICE, Os-pis, s. m. auspice, presage,

omen. Sous d'heureux auspices, auspicious ly. Sous les auspices de quelqu'un, under one's auspices, conduct, guidance, protection.

Aussi, ò-sì, conj. also, too, likewise; also, too, over and above; so, therefore, but then, accordingly; Il est plus avisé que vous, aussi est-il plus agé, he is wiser than you, and indeed or but, or but indeed or but then, he is older. Fai brûlé ce papier, aussi ne servoit il de rien, I have burnt that paper, and in-deed or and truly it was good for nothing. Il a tit volt, aussi pourquot va-t-il la mail? he has been robbed; but then why does he go about in the night?

Aussi, as, as much. Il est aussi sage que willant, he is as prudent as valiant. Il est aussi embarrassé que moi, he is as much puzzled as I am. Elle écrit aussi bin gue sa sœur, she writes as well as her sister. Je par-tirai aussitôt que je pourrai, I shall set out as

soon as I can.

Aussi-bien, for, and indeed. Je n'irai point, aussi-bien il est trop tard, I will not go, for it is too late.

Aussitot, forthwith, presently, out of hand. Aussitot dit, aussitot fait, no sooner said than done.

AUSTERE, Os-ter, adj. austere, severe, rigorous; rigid, strict; harsh, rough, sour, sharp; grave, reserved; mine austere, stern, erabbed or sour look.

AUSTÉREMENT, Ös-ter-men, adv. austerely, rigorously, strictly, severely.

AUSTÉRITÉ, Ös-ta-ri-ta, s. f. austerity, mortification; severity, strictness, rigour.

AUSTRAL, E, Os-tral, adj. southern, austral,

austrine. Les parties australes du Zodiaque, the southern or austral parts of the Zodiack. Terre Australe, Terra Australis.
AUTAN, o-ten, s. m. south-wind.

AUTANT, ò-ten, adv. as much, so much, as many, so many, as. Autant que jamais, as much as ever. J'ai autant de guinées que de pistoles, I have as many guineas as pistoles. Vous avez eu du bonheur, j'en aurai autant, you have had good luck, I shall have as much. Vous axez trois frères, dites rous; j'en ai au-tant, you have three brothers, you say; I have as many. Autant de têtes, autant d'opinions, so many men, so many minds. Je l'ai vendu tout autant, I sold it for so much. Je nas andant que vous, I am as good as you.

Autant de fois qu'on le commande, as often
as he is bidden. Autant en emporte le vent, Autant en emporte le vent, that signifies nothing or that does not signify a pin. Autant que j'en puis juger, as far as I can conjecture. J'en ai autant que lui or qu'il en a, I have as many or as much as he, or as he has. Je l'ai vendu autant, I have sold it for so much ; c'est été autant d'argent d'épargne, it would have been so much money saved; ce seront autant d'amis que vous acquerrez, they will be so many friends whom you will get; quelquesuns ont cru que les étoiles fixes etoient autant de soleils, some have believed that the fixed stars were so many suns. When autant que precedes autant in a sentence, the former is rendered by inasmuch as and the latter by so much. Ex. Autant que Minerve est audessus de Mars, autant une valeur discrète et prévoyante surpasse or (surpasse-t-elle) un courage bouillant et farouche, in as much as Minerva is superiour to Mars, in so much does discreet and provident valour surpass petulant and fierce courage D'autant joined to the verb boire is rendered bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

in English by a great deal or very hard. D'autant que, in law language, is rendered by when d'autant is found at the beginning of when a canara is found at the beginning of the comparatives plus, mieux, meilleur, moins, moindre, pis, pire, it is rendered by so much the or simply by the, with an English comparative; and if que be then employed in French to introduce the cause or reason of what precedes, que is rendered by as or because. Ex. Je l'aime d'autout plus qu'il est très modifet. I buye him the more (or se much the modéré, I love him the more (or so much the more) as (or because) he is a very sober man. On meurt d'autant plus volontiers que l'on est homme de bien, the better a man lives the more willingly he dies. D'autant mieux que, especially as.

AUTANT, (law term) duplicate of a writing. AUTEL, 6-161, s. m. altar. Le grand or le maître autel, the high or great altar. Le saint sacrement de l'autel (l'Eucharistie) the holy

sacrament, the Eucharist.

AUTEUR, ò-teur, s. m. author, cause; inventor, maker, contriver; author, writer, composer; reporter; (in jurisprudence) he from whom any thing is held, original possessor. Les auteurs de sa race, those from whom he descends by birth. It may be said of a woman, c'est elle qui est l'auteur de ce livre, it is she who is the author of that book.

AUTHENTICITÉ, ô-tes-tl-sl-tå, s. f. au-

thenticity.

AUTHENTIQUE, &-ten-tik, adj. authentick, authentical, allowed, of good authority, original, solemn, credible, approved.

AUTHENTIQUE, s. m. authentick act,

writing, or copy.

Authentique, s. f. certain of the Roman laws. Authentiquement, 8-ièn-tik-men, adv. authentically, in an authentick manner.

AUTHENTIQUER, ô-tèn-tl-ka, v. a. to make authentick

AUTOCEPHALE, s. m. bishop (among the Greeks) not under the jurisdiction of the pa-

AUTOCRATIE, s. f. autocrasy.

AUTOCRATOR, s. m. absolute sovereign. AUTOCRATRICE, s. f. female autocrat.

AUTOCTHONE, s. m. Aborigines. AUTO-DA-FÉ, Ò-tỗ-dễ-fễ, s. m. Auto-da-fé. AUTOGRAPHE, ò-tô-graf, s. m. autograph, original writing.
AUTOGRAPHE, adj. of one's own hand writing, autographical.

AUTOMATE, 0-10-mat, s. m. automaton. AUTOMNAL, E, 0-10m-nal, adj. autumnal. AUTOMNE,0-10n, s. f. or m. autumn, fall of the leaf.

AUTONOME, adj. autonomous, enjoying the privilege of autonomy.

AUTONOMIE, s. f. autonomy, the being governed by one's own laws.

AUTOSIE, s. f. autopsy, contemplation. AUTORISATION, 6-t6-rl-za-sion, s. f. autho-

rization, impowering.
AUTORISER, 0-10-ri-za, v. a. to authorize, impower, give authority or power, allow by authority. S'autoriser, v. r. to get credit or

AUTORITÉ, 8-18-18, s. f. authority, power; imperiousness; credit, interest, consideration, weight; passage or testimony quoted as a AUTOUR, o-toor, s. m. goshawk.

AUTOUR, (with de) prep. about, round.

Autour de sa personne, about his person. Autour de l'église, about or round the church. Autour de l'église, about or round the church. tour, adv. about, round; ici autour, bereabouts. AUTOURSERIE, s. f. training up of gos-

hawks.

AUTOURSIER, s. m. goshawker, one that

trains up goshawks, falconer.

AUTRE, otr, adj. other. En voilà un, roilà l'autre, there is one, there is the other. L'autre jour, the other day. Une autre fois, another time. C'est un autre Alexandre, he is another Alexander. Il est tout autre (for, un tout autre homme) he is quite another man, he is quite a different man. Il ne sera jamais autre qu'il a été, he will never be different from what be has been, he will ever be the same man. We say, il y en a d'uns et d'autres, there are good and bad; comme dit l'autre, as the saying is, as somebody says; en voici d'un autre or en voici bien d'un autre, this is still more surpris-ing; il en fait bien d'autres, he does things still more surprising or this is nothing to what he commonly does; à d'autres, this may do for other people but not for me, you may talk so to other people but not to me. L'un ou l'autre, either, the one or the other. L'un et l'autre, all of them, both; l'un l'autre or les uns les autres, one another. Les uns et les autres, both, the one and the other. Ni l'un ni l'autre, p ther. Autres is not expressed in English after nous, vous, eux, elles, ex. vous autres, jeunes gens, vous n'êtes jamais satisfaits; you, young people, are never satisfied.

people, are never sausaicu.

Autre, after quelque, aucun, nul et tout, is sometimes rendered by else. If que follow autre it is suppressed in English as in the following pronoun. Ex. Donnez-moi quelqu'autre chose or donnez-moi autre chose, give me something else. Tout autre que lui eût perdu courage, any body else would have been disheartened. Il aime tout autre que moi, he loves any body but me, or he loves me not, he loves any body else. Sometimes even the else may be omitted. Il ne fait autre chose que jouer, he does nothing but play, that is, nothing else but play. Les uns se plaisent à une chose, les autres à une autre, some delight in one thing, some (or others) in another, or others

in something else.

AUTREFOIS, otr-fwa, adv. formerly, here tofore, in former times, in times past.
AUTREMENT, otr-men, adv. otherwise, af

ter another manner or fashion, contrariwise another way; otherwise, else. Pas outrement not otherwise; also not much, indifferently.

AUTRE PART, elsewhere, somewhere else

d'autre part, moreover.

AUTRICHE, s. f. Austria.

Autrichien, ne, ò-trì-shiên, shiên, adı & s. m. & f. Austrian.

AUTRUCHE, O-trish, s. f. ostrich. Avoir un estomac d'autruche, to have a stomach which

will digest any thing.

Autrul, o-trail, s. m. others, other people Il ne faut pas désirer le bien d'autrui, we must not covet what belongs to others. S'affliger du mal d'autrui, to be sorry for other people or other men's troubles.

AUVENT, ô-vên, s. m. pent-house.

AUVERNAT, s. m. sort of coarse red heady wine, made in or about Orleans.

bar, bat, base: there; ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

Aux. V. A et Ail.

AUXILIAIRE, Ök-sl-ll-èr, adj. auxiliary.

Armée auxiliaire, troupes auxiliaires, auxiliary

forces, auxiliaries. Verbe auxiliaire, auxiliaforces, auxiliaries. ry or helping verb.

AUNQUELS, AUNQUELLES, (for à lesquels, à lesquelles.) V. Lesquels.
ANACHIR, (s') st.-ta-shir, v.r. to grow faint or heartless, hang down the head (speaking of persons.) to flat or flag (speaking of ristate of the state of the bands, stuffs, etc.)

AVAGE, s. m. Droit d'avage, a duty which

the hangman, in some places in France, re-ceives every market-day for some sort of

commoditie

*Aval, &-val, s. m endorsement on a bill of exchange or note of hand, as a surety in case of its not being paid by the proper party.

Aval, down, downward, down the river.

Vent d'aval, westerly wind or north west wind. AVALAGE, s. m. the letting down of wine into a cellar, or the hire of porters for doing it.

AVALAISON, a-va-le-zon, s. f. flood, torrent. AVALANGE, a-va-lenz, s. f. fall of snow from the mountains

AVALANT, E, adj. & s. that goes down the

river.

AVALÉ, E, å-vå-lå, adj. swallowed, etc. AVALÉ, flagging, hanging down, fallen in. Oreilles avalées, flagging ears. Joues avalées,

beeks fallen in

AVALER, a-va-la, v. a. to swallow down, sip up. Avaler le calice, avaler le morceau, to submit to what is repugnant. Avaler des cou-leuvres (recevoir des chagrins) to pocket an 'Avaler du vin dans la cave, to let wine down into the cellar. Avaler un bras à quelqu'un, to cut off one's arm. Avaler une lettre de change or un billet, to become a surety to the payment of a bill of exchange or note of hand. V. Aral, s. m. Araler, v. n. of boats of hand. V. Aral, s. m. Avaler, v. n. of boats to go down the river, fall down. S'avaler, v.

to go down and river, and the record of the a glutton. Un avaleur de charrettes ferrées, a bully, a hector, a braggadocio. AVALOIRE, a-va-lwar, s. f. great throat or

swallow; a crupper.

AVANCE, a-vens, s. f. start, way one has got before another; advance, state of forwardness; out-jutting or leaning-place; advance money, advancing of money, paying beforehand; advance, first step. D'avance, par avance, before hand.

AVANCE E adj. stretched or stretching, out-jutting or leaning out, advanced, supposed, asserted; advanced forward, in good forwardness. Dans un lige avancé, avancé en Age, stricken in years, elderly. Fruits avancés. forward fruit, hastings, fruit early ripe. Un esprit avancé (or hâtif) a forward wit. L'an-née est bien avancée, le jour est bien avancé, the year or the day is far advanced, gone or spent. La muit est bien avancée, it is late in the night. Avance aux honneurs, advanced or preferred to honours.

AVANCEMENT, &-vens-men, s. m. progress, proficiency; (d'un ouvrage) forwardness or forwarding; advancement, preferment.

AVANCER, a-ven-sa, v. a. to put or stretch forth or forward; to hasten, set forward, for ward; to advance, give or pay before-hand; to advance, promote, prefer; to advance or bring forth, assert.

Avancer, v. n. to advance, go or pass on, avance, the clock goes too fast. L'horloge avance, the clock goes too fast. Vous avez avance sur ma terre, you have encroached upon my ground. La sère avance dans une année sèche, the sap comes early in a dry year. Avancer, to avail; to jut or stand out, shoot forth; to make some progress, be forward, go on or forward, profit or thrive. Je n'avance rien par mes plaintes, I get nothing by my complaints. S'avancer, v. r. to advance cue's self, advance or go or move forward; to go on; to advance one's self, get preferment; to go far; Je me suis avancé de lui offrir telle chose de votre part, I went so far as to make him

such offers from you.

Avaniz, a-va-nl, s. f. oppression used by the Turks against the Christians to extort money from them; injury, wrong, insult, offence, outrage

Avant, a.-ven, s. m. & adv. Mar. prow, head or forepart of a ship, how; a-head, afore, forward. Le navire est trop sur l'avant, the ship is too much by the head. Le bâtiment est en avant de mon point, the ship is a-head of my reckoning. Nous passerons de l'avant de cette frégate, we will go a-head of that frigate. Le convoi est en avant de nous, the convoy is a-head of us. Le vent vient de l'avant, the wind is in our teeth or is quite contrary. V. Holer. Avant étancé, flaring bow. Avant maigre, lean bow. Avant jeufflu or renslé, blust bow. Avant, avant, pull away. Avant partout, give way fore and aft. Avant bâ-bord et scie tribord, pull the larboard and hold water with the starboard oars. De l'avant à l'arrière, fore and aft.

AVANT, prep. before. Apprenez votre le-con avant d'aller jouer, avant que d'aller jouer, learn your lesson before you go to play. Je savais ma leçon avant que vous fussiez venu, I

knew my lesson before you were come.

AVANT, adv. forward. Il ne saurait aller ni avant ni arrière, he can go neither back-ward nor forward. Plus avant, further, farther, deepes. Si avant, so far, so deep. Bien avant, fort avant, very deep or deeply, very far or great way, much. Trop avant, too far. En avant, adv. forward. Aller en avant, to go forward. De ce jour-là en avant, from that day forward. Mettre en avant, to propose,

AVANTAGE, å-ven-tåz, s. m. advantage benefit, interest, profit, honour, praise, superiority, victory, convenience, gift, prerogative excellence, good quality, endowments, ac complishments. C'est votre avantage, that is your advantage or interest. Quel aruntage tirez-rous de la? what benefit do you reap from that? Chacun cherche ses avantages, every body minds his own interest. On peut dire ceci a son avantage, this may be said in his praise, this may be said for him. Parter à l'arantage de quelqu'un, to speak to one's advantage, to give a good character of him. Les Anglais ont eu l'avantage, the Euglish have got the botter or victory. Tirer avanhave got the better or victory. Tirer avan-tage de quelque chose, to take advantage of a thing, turn it to one's advantage. L'âme a de grands avantages sur le corps, the soul has great prerogatives over the body. Poss!

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

der tous les avantages naturels, to have all matural excellencies, good qualities, endow-ments or accomplishments, to be endowed with all natural gifts. Avoir de grands avan-tages sur quelqu'um, to be much beyond another. Il n'a aucuni avantage sur moi, he is no better man than I, I am as good a man as he.

Donner à quelqu'un l'avantage de l'éloquence,
to yield to one in point of eloquence. Prendre de l'avantage pour menter à cheval, to take advantage of some elevation or horse-block to get on horse-back. Avantage, advantage, gratification. Avantage (at play) odds or advantage. D'avantage, adv. V. Davantage. Mar. Gagner l'avantage du vent sur un vaisseau, to weather a ship, get the weather gage of a ship, get to the windward of a ship.

Avantage, Mar. beak-head, cut-water tof a pessel.) AVANTAGER, å-ven-tå-zå, v. a. to gratify,

bestow, give or allow by way of advantage or over and above.

Avantageusement, å-vèn-tå-zèuz-mên, adv. advantageously, profitably, to the best advantage; conveniently. Etre monté avantageusement, to be well mounted, ride a good borse. Vêtu avantageusement, well clad. Par-ler avantageusement de quelqu'un, to speak well of one.

AVANTAGEU-X, SE, å-vèz-tà-zèu, zèuz, adj. advantageous, profitable, useful, good, honourable; convenient; excellent, good. Also disposed to take advantage of others. Porter um jugement acantageux de quelqu'un, to judge well of one. Taille aruntageuse, tall, proper size. Mine avantageuse, noble mien or look. Succès avantageux, happy or prosperous suc-

AVANT-BEC, &-ven-bek, s. m. name of the corners of the piles of a stone-bridge.

AVANT-BRAS, a-ven-bra, s.m. the part of the arm betwixt the elbow and the wrist.

AVANT-CHEMIN-COUVERT, s. m. first covered way (in fortification.)
AVANT-COUR, a-ven-keur, s. m. pit of the

stomach: anticor.

AVAST-CORPS, &-vèn-kôr, s. m. fore or projecting part (of a building.)

NT-COUR, s. f. outward court, fore-

AVANT-COUREUR, s. m. forerunner, har-

binger. AVANT-COURRIÈRE,s. f. harbinger or fore-

AVANT-DERNIER, E, adj. last but one AVANT-FOSSE, s. m. foreditch, ditch of the counterstarp.

AVAST-GARDE, å-vèn-gård, s. f. van, van-

AVANT-GOUT, s. m. foretaste, prelibation, antepast.

AVANT-HIER, a-ven-tier, adv. the day before yesterday, two days ago. AVANTIN, V. Crossette.

AVANT-LOGIS, s. m. fore-house. AVANT-MAIN, a-ven-min, s. m. fore-handstroke, also forcpart of a horse.

AVANT-MUR, s. m. outward wall. AVANT-PÈCHE, à-vèn-pèsh, s. f. forward

er nasty peach.

AVANT-PIED, s. m. forepart of the foot; also upper leather of the shoe, of a boot, and the fore-stake.

AVANT-POIGNET, s. m. palm of the hand. AVANT-PROPOS, a-ven-pro-po, s. m. preface, preamble.

AVANT-QUART, s. m. warning (stroke in some clocks before the quarter, half hour. and hour.)

AVANT-TOIT, s. m. fore-roof, house-eave. AVANT-TRAIN, s m fore-wheels of a coach

or of the carriage of a great gun.
AVANT-VEILLE, a-ven-vel, s. f. fore-vigil day before the eve. L'arant veille, may stand for two days before.

Avanturine, or Aventurine, s. f. a sort of precious stone.

AVARE, a-var, adj. avaricious, covetous, singy, griping, sordid, closefisted, niggardly. Etre avure de ses faveurs, to be sparing of one's

AVARE, s. m. & f. covetous person, mi-

AVAREMENT, adv. covetously, niggardly, sordidly.

AVARICE, à-và-ris, s. f. avarice, covetousness, greediness.

AVARICIEU-X, SE, à-và-rì-slèu, slèuz, avaricious.

AVARIE, a-va-ri, s. f. Mar. average, hurt or damage a ship receives, waste, decay of wares or merchandise, extraordinary charges and expenses during a voyage, also anchorages, duty paid for the maintenance of a haven by every ship that casts anchor in it.
AVARIÉ, adj. averaged, damaged.

AVAU, adv. ex. Avau-l'eau (in boating) down the river. Toutes ses entreprises soul alles avau-l'eau, all his undertakings are come

Ave, Ave or Ave Maria (latin) first words of the angel's salutation to Mary.

AVEC, A-vek, (anciently avecque) prep. with, together with, along with. Ex. Il a pris mon manteau et een est alle aver, he took my cloak and went away with it. On l'a bien truite, et il a eu de l'argent avec, he was well entertained and got money to boot or besides that. general avec is the contrary of sans: but the English preposition with is not always rendered by avec V. A, De, Coup, etc. Avec cla, avec tout cela, for all that, nevertheless. Avec le temps, at length, in time, in process of time. D'avec, from. Discerner le bien d'avec le mal, to discern good from evil.

*AVEINDRE, &-vindr, v. a. like feindre ateindre, to take or fetch out.

Aveine, a.ven, V. Avoine.

"Aveine, a.ven, V. Avoine.

"Aveine, a.v.lin, s. f. filbert.
Aveliner, a.v.lin, s. m. filbert-tree.

Avenage, s. m. avenage.

AVENANT, E, àv-nèn, nènt, adj. handsome, neat, gonteel; suitable. Avenant le décès d'un tel, or le cas avenant qu'un tel meure, in case such a one should die. A l'avenant, propor-

tionably, answerably.
Avenement, a-ven-men, s. m. arrival, coming, accession, advancement, advent.

AVENIR, av-nir, v. n. (like venir,) to happen, chance, fall out, come to pass. Sid anient que sa femme meure, if his wife happens to die "Ainsi n'avienne, God forbid.

AVENIR, s. m. future, time to come, things to come. Avenir (in law) summons. A l'arenir, for the future, henceforth.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

AVENT, &-ven, s. m. advent. Advent sermons.

AVENTIN, s. m. twig of a vine, &c.

A2

AVENTURE, &-ven-tur, s. f. adventure. accident, event; amour, intrigue; adventure, hazardous enterprise, adventure or venture, chance, hazard, random. Bonne or heureuse arenture, lucky adventure or accident, happy turn. Triste aventure, sad mischance. Dire la bonne aventure, to tell one's fortune. Discur de bonne aventure, fortune-teller. Mettre à la grosse aventure, to venture all in one bottom. Prendre de l'argent à grosse arenture, to take money upon bottomry, borrow money upon the keel of one's ship. A l'aventure, adv. at a venture, at random. D'aventure, par avena venture, at random. ture, adv. peradventure, perchance, by chance.

AVENTURER, v. a. to adventure or venture, put to the venture, hazard. S'arenturer, s' å-ven-tå-rå, v. r. to adventure or venture, run a hazard.

AVENTUREU-X, SE, adj. venturesome. AVENTURIER, E, à vèn-tà-rià, rièr, s. m. & f. adventurer, fortune-hunter.

AVENTURINE, s. f. V. Avanturine.

AVENU, E, adj. come to pass, happened. AVENUE, av-nu, s. f. avenue, passage, entrance, way to a place; walk or alley of trees

before a house.

Averer, à-ve-rà, v. a. to aver, evince, tove.

AVERNE, å-vern, s. m. the poetick hell. AVERSE, s. f. sudden and heavy shower of rain.

AVERSION, h-ver-slon, s. f. aversion, abhorrence, hatred, antipathy. AVERTE, s. f. a little bee.

AVERTI, E, adj. warned, advertised. Avertir.

AVERTIN, s. m. moroseness, craziness, madness: distemper in beasts occasioning a

swimming in the head.

AVERTIR, a-ver-tir, v. a. to warn, advertise, inform, tell of, give notice or intelligence of, make known. Avertir par avance, to foreof, make known. warn, give a caution beforehand.

AVERTISSEMENT, a-ver-tis-men, s. m. advertisement, advice, caution, putting in mind, warning, information, intelligence. Arertisement (in law,) bill and answer of plaintiff and defendant.

AVERTISSEUR, &-ver-ti-seur, s. m. one of the king's officers, whose office was to give notice when the king was coming to dinner.

"Aveu, a-veu, s. m. confession, acknow-legment; approbation, consent. Un homme cans aveu, one that nobody will own, a vagabond.

AVEUER, V. Avuer.

AVEUGLE, &-veugl, adj. blind. Rendre weugle, to blind. Obeissance aveugle, passive obedience, blind submission. Il agit à l'aveu-gle, he stis blindly.

AVEUGLE S m. & f. blind man or woman. AVEUGLEMENT, à-vêugl-mên, s. m. blindness.

AVEUGLÉMENT, à-vêu-glà-mên, adv. blindly, blindfold, inconsiderately, rashly, head-long, unadvisedly, at all ventures. Croire averaglement, to believe implicitly, have an implicit faith

AVEUGLER, å-vcu-glå, v. a. to blind, take away the sight, dazzle; cloud, darken. Avew gler une voie d'cau, Mar. to fother a leak, to stop a leak by fothering a ship, or by any other temporary method. S'areugler, v. r. to blind one's self, be blinded, be guilty of blindness.

*AVEUGEETTE, &-veu-glet, s. f. the act of oping. The word is not used now singly; groping. but they said formerly à areuglette; and now they say à l'aveuglelle, to express à thtons, groping, groping along. Alter à l'aveuglette, to go groping along. Che-cher quelque chose à l'aveuglette, to grope about for a thing.

AVIDE, à vid, adj. greedy, coveteus, de-

sirous, eager, carnest

EMENT, å-vid-men, adv. greedily.

ness, eagerness, eager desire or appetite.

AVILIR, å-yl-lir, v. a. to abase, disgrace, disparage, undervalue, make contemptible.

B'avilir, v. r. to undervalue one's self, grow contemptible.

AVILISSEMENT, &-vi-lis-men, s. m. abasement, abjection, contempt, disparagement,

disgrace, undervaluing.

Aving, E, adj. seasoned with wine. Un homme or un corps aviné, staunch toper or

homme of we wanted drinker.

Aviner, å-vl-nå, v. a. to season with wine.

Aviron, å-vl-ron, s. m. oar (to row with.)

"""" to ting at the oar. Aviron de vaisseau, sweep or ship-oar.

Avironnier, oar-maker. Avis, &-vl, s. m. opinion, sentiment, mind, Avis, a-vi, s. m. opinion, sentiment, mind, judgment, thought. A mon avis, in my opinion, mind or judgment. Il m'est avis, methinks. Il m'etoit avis, methought. Is suis d'avis qu'on préfère la paix à la guerre, la mí for peace rather than war. Is ne suis pas d'avis de lui résister, I would not have him resisted. Avis, advice, advertisement, notice, infiguration courte, news, information. notice, intimation, account, news, information, intelligence. Lettres d'avis, letters of advice. On donne avis de Paris que, we have an account from Paris that. Avis, advice, counsel. Prendre avis de quel to ask advice of one, advise with him. (in an assembly,) motion. Ouvrir un auis, to make a motion. Il y a jour d'avis, there is time enough to consider of it. Avis, project. time enough to consider of it. Avis, project. Donneur d'avis, projector. Avis, vote. Prendre les avis, aller aux avis, to put to the

Avisé, E, adj. warned, etc. V. Aviser. Wise, well-advised, prudent, discreet, considerate, wary, circumspect. Mal-avisé, ill-advised, unwise, inconsiderate, unwary, impru-

AVISEAU, V. Aviso. AVISER, a-vi-za, v. a. to warn, caution, to spy out. Aviser, v. n. to advise with one's self, think, consider, to think adviseable, resolve. S'aviser, v. r to think of, take notice of. Je ne m'en suas pas avisé, I did not think of it, it never came into my mind. S'aviser, to bethink one's self.

Aviso, s. m. advice-boat. AVITAILLEMENT, à-vl-tàl-mên, s. m. pro-vision or providing of victuals (for a place.) Avitaillement d'un vaisseau, the victualling of a ship.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

store with victuals or provisions, convey provisions into. Avitailler un vaisseau, to vict ual a ship, provide her with victuals.

AVITAILLEUR, a-vi-ta-leur, s. m. commis

oner of the victualling office.

Aviver des figures de métal, to furbish or polish or brighten metal figures. Aviver le bois de charpente, to hew timber .. Aviver un diamant, to brighten a diamond.
Avives, &-viv, s. f. pl. the vives, a disease

in horses.

*Avocassen, a-vô-ka-sa, v. n. to follow

the law, be a pettifogger.

Avocat, a-vo-ka, s. m. lawyer, counsellor, advocate, counsel at law: advocate, intercessor, mediator. Acocat-général, attorneygeneral. Acocat de causes perdues, scurvy or ignorant lawyer, pettifogger.

Acocate, s. f. female advocate, modiatrix.

Avocatoire, à-vô-kâ-twar, adj. Ex. Lettres avocatoires, avocatoria.

Avoine, a-vwan, s. f. oats. Pam d'avoine,

paten-bread.

Avoir, a-vwar, v. a. to have. Avoir du Avoir, å-vwår, v. a. to have. Avoir du bien, to have an estate, to be rich. Aroir mal à la the, aux deute, etc. to have the head-acne, tooth-ache, etc. Avoir faim, soif, froid et chaud, to be hungry, dry, cold and hot. Avoir soin de belque chose, to take care of a thing. Ry a there is, there are. Ry a ici, here is, here with miles thither. Ry a un an, a versua Ry a fore terms long since berg are aversua.

year ago. Il y a long temps, long since, long ago.
Apoir, Mar. Ex. Foir à la traine, to tow,
nave in tow. Avoir le bord or le cap au large, to stand for the offing, stand off. Apoir le cap sur ta terre, to stand in shore. Avoir les mouvemens durs, to labour. Avoir tous ses ris pris, to be close reefed. Aroir le vent largue, to sail large. Avoir toutes ses ancres sur nez, to have all the anchors down. Avoir toutes ses voiles sur les cargues, to have all the sails clued up. Avoir sa batterie encombrée, to have the gun deck lumbered. Avoir sa mâ-ture sur l'arrière or sur l'avant, to have the masts raking aft or forward. Avoir ses ancres willage, to have the anchors clear for running. Avoir ses lumiers en coche, to have the top-sails close up to the mast-head. Avoir ses huniers sur le ton, to have the top-sails on the cap. Avoir ses mâts de hune calés et ses bases up use amenées, to have the yards and top-mass pruck. Aroir ses mâts de perroquet passées sur l'arrière, to have the top-gallantmasts abast the top-masts. Avoir ses perroquets degréés or en croix, to have the top-gal-lant yards down or across. Avoir ses couleurs, to show the colours. Avoir son arrimage dérange, to shift the ballast or cargo by rolling. And son smalle-has fait, to have the ham-mocks up and stowed and the ship clear. Avoir son port franc sur un bâtiment, to have a certain number of tons permission in a ship. Aroir beaucoup de ban, to have a great breadth of beam. Avoir beaucoup de creux, to have a deep and roomy hold. Avoir de l'eau à courir, to have good sea-room. Avoir de l'eau sous la quille, to be in deep water. Avoir de l'empâture, to have a great spread for the rig-ging. Avoir de l'entre-deux de mats, to have a great distance between the masts. Avoir du ! medlar-tree.

AVITAILLER, à-vî-tà-tà, v. a. to furnish or || largue dans les voiles: to be going lashing or free. Avoir du mou dans ses cables, to be slackmoored. Avoir la marée, or le courant pour soi, to have the tide or the current in one's fa vour. Avoir le fond or la sonde, to be in sound-ings. Avoir le bempré à terre, to have the land close aboard. Avoir le vent sous vergue, to have the wind right aft. Aroir le vent sur un bitiment, to have the weather-gage of a ship.

Avoir le feu à bord, to be on fire. Avoir la latitude, to ascertain the latitude by of servation. Avoir le passage de la lune au méridien, to know the moon's southings. Avoir connais-sance de terre, to be in sight of the land. Avoir de l'avantage pour la marche, to have the advantage in sailing. Anoir des hommes en subsistence to have men victualled on board not belonging to the ship.

Avoir, s.m. substance, what one has. C'est tout mon avoir, this is all my substance

or all I have.

AVOISINER, &-vwk-zl-nk, v. a. to border upon. Un arbre qui aroisine les cieux, a tree

that reaches to the skies, a lofty tree.

AVORTEMENT, a-vort-men, s. m. abortion

miscarriage.

AVORTER, å-vor-tå, v. n. to miscarry, bring forth before the time. Faire avorter, to cause a miscarriage; also to baffle, render

abortive, prove abortive.

AVORTON, a-vor-ton, s. m. abortive or untimely child or birth, one born out of due time. Quel netit avorton est-cela? what little shrimp or dwarf is that ? Avorton (speaking of fruits) untimely fruit. Avorton, unfinished production (of the intellect.)

Avoué, a-vôo-a, s. m. avowee, patron or protector of a church; lawyer.

Avouer. a-voo-a, v. a. to own, confess, acknowledge, grant, avow: to father: approve, allow of. S'acouer de quelqu'un, v. r. to make use of one's name. S'acouer de quelque religion, to profess one's self of a religion.

AVOUERIE, s. f. advowson.

*Avoutre, or Avouètre, s. m. offspring

of adultery.
Avort, s. m. magistrate of some Swiss ci-

ties, avoyer or avoyee. AVRIL, s. m. April. En l'Avril de ses ans, in his prime ; un poisson d'Avril, an April fool.

AVUER, v. a. to eye, have an eye upon (game.)

AxE, aks, s. m. Axis, axle, axle-tree. L'axe du monde, the axis of the earth. L'axe du cy-lindre, the axis or axle-tree of a cylinder. AXILLAIRE, ak-all-ler, adj. axillary, he

longing to the arm-pits.

AXINOMANCIE, s. f. axinomancy, divination by an axe

Axiome, ak-si-om, s. m. axiom, maxim established principle.

AXIONETRE, s. m. Mar. tell-tale.

AXONGE, s. f. softest fat or grease of animals.

Av, ay, inter. ah! oh!

AYANT, (participle of avoir) having.
AYANT, (participle of avoir) having.
AYE, AYE, interj. (of pais) oh! ah!
AYEUL, V. AYEUL.
AZEROLE, AZ-röl, s. f. sort of small medlar

AZEROLIER, åz-rð-liå, s. m. small medlartree, the three grained medlar or Neapolitan bar, bai, base : thère, êbb, over; fletd, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

AZIME, adj du pain azime, unleavened | bread.

AZIMES, s. m. pl. feast of unleavened

bread among the Jews.
AZIMUT, A-zl-mut, s. m. azimuth, vertical circle.

AZIMUTAL, E, adj. azimuthal, belonging to the azimuth.

AZOTH, s. m. azoth, mercury.
AZUR, å-zůr, s. m. azure, sky-colour, blue.
AZURÉ, E, å-zů-rå, adj. coloured with
azure or blue, sky-coloured.

B.

B. s. m. second letter of the alphabet. V. A. B-MOL, V. Bémol.

B-QUARRE, V. Béquarre.

BABEL, (tour de) s. f. confused place or affair.

BABEURRE, bå-beur, s. m. butter-milk. BABICHE & BABICHON, bå-blsh, bå-blson, lap-deg. V. Barbiche.

BABILLARD, E, bå-bl-dar, fard, adj. talkative, prating, full of talk or prating. billard, liar, dog that opens false.

BABILLARD, s. m. prattler, prattling or talkative man, habbler, blab, tattler.

Babillarde, s. f. prattler, prattling woman,

Bip, talkative woman, tattler. BABILLER, ba-bi-fa, v. n. to talk, prattle, chat or chatter, tattle.

"BABILLOIRE, V. Caquetoire.
BABIRE, ba-bin, s. f. lip of some beasts.
BABIOLE, ba-biol, s. f. barble, toy, gew-

BABORD, ba-bor, s. m. larboard; port. Le côté de bâbord d'un bâtiment, the larboard side of a ship. Feu bâbord, fire the larboard guns. Bâbord tout, hard a port. Bâbord un peu, port a little. Sans tenir sur babord. mind your port helm.

BABORDAIS, s. m. pl. larboard watch. BABOUCHE, ba-boosh, s. f. shoe worn in Turkey and other eastern countries.

BABOUIN, ba-bwin, s. m. monkey, baboon; a ridiculous figure daubed upon the wall of a guard-house, which soldiers are made to kiss for some misdemeanors. Faire baiser le babouin à quelqu'un, to make one truckle. Ba-

Babeuin, young, little fool, simpleton.

Babouine, s. f. foolish girl, simpleton.

Babouine, s. f. foolish girl, simpleton.

Bac, bāk, s. m. ferry-boat. Passer le bac, to cross the river in a ferry-boat, ferry it over.

BACCALAURÉAT, bā-kā-lō-rē-ā, s. m. ba-bor's degree.

BACCHANALE, ba-ka-nal, s. f. bacchanal, basso-relievo or picture representing the figure of Bacchus, also noisy drinking-bout.

Bacchanales, s. f. pl. bacchanals, Bacchus' feasts.

BACCHANALISER, v. n. to riot, revel.
BACCHANTE, bå-kånt, s. f. bacchante,
priestess of Bacchus; also froward mad wo-

man, termagant.

BACCIFERE, adj. bacciferous, bearing berries.

Васна, bå-shå, s. m. bashaw.

*Bachelette, s. f. young virgin, lass, damsel.

BACHELIER, bash-lia, s. m. bachelor. Se || busy one's self about trifles.

faire passer bachelier, to take a bachelor's degree. Bachelier, young unmarried man, lad; also young nobleman serving under the banner of another.

Bachique, bd-shik, adj. of or belonging to Bacchus, drunken. Une chanson bachique,

a drinking song. Васнот, ba-sho, s. m. (from Bac) wherry small ferry-boat.

BACHOTAGE, s. m. wherry-man's busi

BACHOTEUR, s. m. wherry-man.
BACLE, E. adj. barred. Baclé, done,
agreed on, concluded.

BACLER, ba-klå, v. a. to bar (a door or window) inwards, chain, fasten, make fast.
To conclude, bring to a close.
BACULER, v. a. V. Bátonner.

BACULOMÉTRIE, s. f. baculometry. BADAUD, ba-do, s. m. silly man, booby;

simpleton, cockney.

Badaude, ba-dod, s. f. silly woman, simple-

ton tockney.

BADAUDAGE, s. m. V. Badauderie.
BADAUDER, ba-do-da, v. a. to stand gaping or gazing about, loiter, trifle away one's time.
BADAUDERIE, ba-dod-rl, s. f. simplicity, foolery, silkness.

BADERNE, s. f. Mar. mat, panch. Baderne des mâts majeurs, dolphin of the masts.

BADIGEON, s. m. plaster of aris. Yellowish colour for walls.

BADIGEONER, v. a. to plan with plaster of Paris. To colour walls yearw.

BADIN, E, bå-din, din, adj. & s. wanton, waggish, apish, merry sportful, idle, silly, ridiculous, playful.

BADINAGE, bà-dî-uàz, s. m. play, sport, wantonness, toying, joke to wit, smartness, agreeable trifling; folly, nonsense.

BADINANT, s. m. supernumerary horse. BADINEMENT, adv. wantonly, waggishly,

BADINER, bå-dl-nå, v. n. to play, play the fool or the wag, be full of mad or wanton tricks, toy; to play, trifle, be smart or witty;

to jeer, rally; to play, wave (in the air.)

BADINERIE, bâ-din-ri, s. f. silly or foolish
thing, silly stuff, foolery, idle story, impensineuce.

BADINES, bå-din, s. f. small tongs. BADOULAGE, s. m. slander.

BADOULIER, s. m. slanderer.

BAFFETAS, s. m. sort of coarse cotton. BAFOUER, ba-foo-a, v. a. to about mock,

BAFOUER, Da. 1.
affront, laugh at.
BAFRE, bafr, s.f. eating, eatables, guttling,
orand dinner. Faire bafre, to feast, guttle.

BAFREU-R, se, ba-freur, freuz, s. m. & f. a glutton.

BAGACE, s. f. sugar-cane bruised and the

BAGACE, ba-gaz, carriage, baggage, lug-gage, goods. Pier or trousser bagage, to pack away, march bag and baggage, go away. BAGARRE, ba-gar, s. f. brawl, strife, quarrel, squabble.

BAGASSE, s. f. quean, slut, baggage, drab. BAGATELLE, ba-gā-tēl, s. f. trifle, toy, idle thing, thing of small value, small business Donner dans la bagatelle, to mind trifles

bàse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : La-lan, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

BAGATELLE, interj. pshaw, stuff; no such

BAGATELLIER, s. m. trifler, trifling fellow. BAGATELLISTE, s. m. toy-man.

BAGNE, s. m. place of confinement for

BAGNOLETTE, s. f. a sort of head-dress for

rousen, bag, s. f. ring. Bagues d'oreille, ar rings. Bagues sauces, clear, safe, unhurt. ix. Il s'en est tire bagues saures, he is come Ex. off clear.

Bague, Mar. hank, grommet.

BAGUENAUDE, bag-nod, s. f. bladder-nut. BAGUENAUDER, bag-no-da, v. n. to stand trifling, mind nothing but trifles, fool the time

BAGUENAUDIER, båg-nô-dlå, s. m. tree that bears bladder-nuts.

Baguenaudier, s. m. trifler, trifling idle fel-

BAGUER, bå-gå, v. a. to baste (as a tailor.)
BAGUETTE, bå-gët, s. f. little stick, rod,
switch, wand; gun-stick, rammer, ramrod;
drum-stick. Commander à la baguette, to command magisterially, or imperiously. A small moulding. Baguette divinatoire, forked hazel twig used by pretenders to find mines, springs, &c. Faire passer par les baguettes, to run the gauntlet.

BAGUIER, ba-gia, s. m. case or box for

rine

BAHUT, ba-d, s. m. trunk.

BAHUTIER, bå-d-tlå, s. m. trunk-maker.

BAI, ba, adj. bay, of a chestnut colour. Cheval bai, bayard, bay horse. Bai brun, brown bay. Bai châtain, of a chestnut colour. Bai dore, yellow dun. Bai miroité or à mi-roir, bright dapple bay.

BAIE, be, s. f. berry; bay, road at sea; gap (in a wall for a door or window;) sham, flam, trick, bite. n, trick, bite

BAIGNER, bê-gna, v. a. to bathe, water, soak, wash.

Baigner, v. n. to bathe, soak; to welter. Se baigner, v. r. to wash, bathe, bathe one's solf. Les gens cruels se baignent dans le sang de leurs eunemis, cruel men bathe in the blood their enemies.

BAIGNEUR, SE, be-gneur, gneuz, s. m. & f. master or mistress of a bagnio, bath-keeper; also one that bathes.

Baignoire, be-gnwar, s. f. bathing-tub.

BAIL, bal, s. m. lease. pl. Baux. BAILLE, s. f. Mar. half tub. Baille à des-

saler le bœuf, freshening tub.

BAILLEMENT, bal-mên, s. m. gaping,

yawning, hiatus. BAILLER, bà-là, v. a. to give, reach, dever. Bailler à terme, to lease, farm, let out. Bailler, v. n. to gape, yawn; to gape open,

chap, crack.

BAILLERESSE, V. Bailleur. Baillet, s. m. light red-coloured horse.

BAILLEUL, s. m. bone-setter.

BAILLEUR, S. m. BAILLERESSE, ba-leur, bal-res, s. f. lessor, or one that lets or farms out.
Un bailleu- de cassailes or de bourdes, a shammer or cheat.

Baillew, s. m. yawner. Un bon bai en fait bailler deur, yawning is catching. Un bon bailleur BAILLI or BAILLIF, ba-ll, s. m. bailiff.

BAILLIAGE, s. m. bailiwick.

BAILLINE S. T. Daliwick.

BAILLINE, ba-lon, s. m. gag.

BAILLON, ba-lon, s. m. gag.

BAILLONNER, ba-lo-na, v. a. to gag.

BAILLONNER, ba-lo-na, v. a. to gag.

BAIL, bin, s. m. bath; bathing, bathing house, bagnio; bathing-vessel, bathing-tab; balneum, (in chymistry.)

Bain marie, ballegue and meter or lignore that placed containing some meter or lignore that placed, containing some meat or liquors that require a milder heat than the naked fire. Ordre du bain, Order of the Bath.

Bains, s. m. pl. baths, or waters naturally bot.
Baionnette, ba-yo-net, s. f. bayonet.
Baioque, s. f. baico, (a small piece of coin

in Italy.)

BAIRAM, s. m. among the Turks.) s. m. Bairam (a solemn feast

BAISEMAIN, bez-min, s. m. kissing the lord's hand in token of vassalage; (at Peris.) offerings, Easter-offerings; audience (of the Grand Seignior.)

Baisemains, s. m. pl. service, respects, mpliments. Ex. Faites-lui, je vous prie, compliments. mes baisemains, present my service or respects, to him, pray remember me to him. A belles baisemains, adv. submissively.

BAISEMENT, bez-mên, s. m. kissing.

BAISEM, bê-zâ, v. a. to kiss, buss.

Se baiser, v. r. to kiss each other, exchange kisses; to lie close, touch each other.

BAISER, be-za, s. m. kiss, buss.
BAISEU-R, se, be-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f.
kisser, that loves kissing.

BAISOTTER, be-zo-ta, v. n. to be always kissing.

BAISSE, s. f. diminution, waste, decay. BAISSÉ, E, adj. down, let down, bowed down. Se retirer la tête baissée, to snoak away, go away hanging one's head. Aller tête baissée contre l'ennemi, to encounter the

enemy without fear, run headlong upon the enemy. enemy.

BAISSER, bc-sh, v. a. to let down, lower, bring lower. Baisser les bords d'un chapeau, to flap a hat. Baisser les yeux, to look downwards; cast one's eyes down or downwards.

Baisser la voix, to let fall or depress one's voice. Baisser la tête, to stoop or bow one's head, to nod. Baisser le pavillon, to strike the Baisser, v. n. to fall (in value), decrease, sink, decay, flag, lower or shorten; to fall or

go down a river. Se haisser, v. r. to stoop.

BAISSIRES, bê-slêr, s. f. pl. wine when it
approaches the loca.

BAISURE, bê-sûr, s. f. kissing crust. BAJOIRE, s. f. double-faced coin. BAJOUE, ba-200, s. f. hog's cheek. BAL, bal, s. m. ball, dancing.

BALADIN, E, ba-la-din, din, s. m. & f. stage

dancer, vaulter, fop, buffoen.

BALADINAGE, s. m. gross joke, jest. BALAFRE, bå-låfr, s. f. long gash or scar (on the face.)

BALAFRER, bå-lå-frå, v. a. to cut, gash. BALAI, ba-le, s. m. broom, besom, Rotir le balai, to live in obscurity or penuriously: also te sow one's wild oats, to play one's pranks. (in sporting.) the tail of birds, the end of a dog's tail.

BALAIS, bå-lè, adj. Ex. Rubis balais, balass

BALANCE, ba-lens, s. f. balance; pair of

bar. bat. base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Emporter la balance, to outweigh. Faire pencher la balance, to turn the scale. Etre en balance, to waver, be irresolute or in suspense. Mettre une chose en balance, to take a thing into consideration, weigh or examine a thing. Faire entrer une chose en balance arec une autre, to put a thing in the scale against or with another. La Balance, Libra.

Balance, s. m. sort of dancing step whereby the body is poised alternately on each foot.

BALANCEMENT, ba-lèns-mên, s. m. ba-

lancing, poising or counterpoising.

Balancer, ballen-sa, v. a. to balance, counterbalance, seesaw, poise or counterpoise.
Weigh, examine, ponder or consider.

Balancer, v. n. to be poised or balanced; to

boggle, waver, be floating or uncertain what to do; to beat up and down.

Se balancer, v. r. (in walking) to swing. Se balancer en l'air, to hover in the air.

BALANCIER, bà-lèn-sià, s. m. balance-

maker. (Rose or verge d'une horloge or d'une montre.) balance wheel (of a clock,) die, stamp. Balancier d'un tosumebroche, the fiyer of a kitchen jack. Balanciers, Mar. Balanciers de boussole, gimbals of a compass. Balanciers de lampe, rings of a lamp. Balanciers depirogue, out-riggers of a cano

BALANCINES, ba-len-sin, s. f. pl. Mar. lifts. Balancines de misaine, sore-lists. Balancines e netit hunier, sore top-sail lists. Balancines du petit hunier, fore top-sail lists. du grand hunier, main-top-sail lifts. cue grand tanter, manu-op-an mis. Balancines du grand perroquet, ore lop-gallant lifts.

Balancines du grand perroquet, main top-gallant lifts. Balancines du perroquet de fougue, mizen top-sail lifts. Balancines de grande vergue; main-lifts. Balancines de la vergue sècle, cross-jack lifts. Balancines de la perruche, mizen top-gallant lifts. Balancines de la civadière, sprit-sail lifts or running lifts of the sprit-sail yard. Balancines de gui, topping lifts.

BALANÇOIRE, bâ-lên-swar, s. f. a see-saw. BALANDRAN or Balandras, s. m. great

cloak for foul weather.

BALANT, s. m. Mar. bight or slack of a rope.
Abraque le balant des boulines d'avant, steady forward the head bowlines.

BALAUSTE, bå-lôst, s. f. wild pomegranate. BALAUSTIER, bå-lôs-tlå, s. m. wild pomegranate tree.

BALAYER, bå-lê-yå, v. a. to sweep, clean

with a broom. BALAYEU-R-SE, ba-lê-yeur, yeuz, s. m. & f.

BALAYURES, ba-le-yur, s. f. pl. sweepings, what the sea throws on shore

BALAZÉES, s. f. pl. sort of cotton.

BALBUTIEMENT, bål-bå-sl-men, s. m. stut-

tering, stammering.

BALBUTIER, bål-bå-såå, v. n. to stutter, stammer, hesitate.

ammer, nesuauc.

Balcon, bâl-kon, s. m. balcony.

Baldaquin, bâl-dâ-kin, s. m. canopy.

Bale, Basle (city.)

Baleine, bâ-len, s. f. whale; also a constelation in the southern hemisphere; whale-bone. BALEINEAU, ba-le-no, or BALEINON, s. m. young whale.

BALENAS, bå-lê-na, s. m. pizzle of a whale. BALESTON, s. m. Mar. sprit (of a shoulder of mutton sail.)

BALEVRE, bå-levr, s. f. stone which juts out in a wall; also under lip.

Balise, bå-liz, s. f. Mar. beacon, buoy. BALISER, v. a. Mar. to lay down buoys

BALISTAIRE, bå-lîs-tèr, s. m. manager of

the balista among the ancients.

Baliste, ba-list, s. f. balista (warlike engine used by the ancients.)

BALIVAGE, s. m. choice of young trees to be left for growth

BALIVEAU, ba-il-vo, s. m. standard, young tree left for growth.

BALIVERNE, bå-ll-vern, s. f. idle stuff, idle tale or story, old woman's tale.

BALLYERNER, bå-fl-vêr-nå, v. n. to play the fool, trifle, tell idle stories. BALLADE, bå-låd, s. f. ballad; refrain de

la ballade, burden of the song.

Ballarin, s. m. a sort of hawk.

Balle, bal, s. f. ball, bullet, shot.

Balle ramée, cross-bar shot, cross-bar. Canon de 20 livres de balle, twenty-pounder, gun that carries a hall of 20 pounds. Enfant de la bulle, child of a tennis-court keeper; also one of the same business with his father and brothers, one of the clan or of the same gang. Balle, bale or be clan or of the same gang. Balle, bale pack; chaff or hull (that holds the grain.)

*BALLER, v. n. to dance, skip.

BALLER, bâ-lê, s. m. ballet, interlude.

BALLER, bâ-le m. feet-hall bellegen.

BALLON, bå-lon, s. m. foot-ball; balloon or air balloon; oar-vessel (in the country of Siam.) BALLONNIER, bå-ld-niå, s. m. foot-ball-

maker.

BALLOT, bå-lô, s. m. bale, pack.
Ballote, V. Marrube.
BALLOTTADE s. f. bounding of a horse. BALLOTTAGE, ba-lo-taz, s. m. balloting, ballot.

BALLOTTE, bå-låt, s. f. ballot or voting ball; wooden vessel for vintage.

BALLOTTER, bå-lô-tå, v. a. & n. to toss, a term used at tennis; (quelqu'un) to toss from post to pillar, play the fool with, keep at bay, (une affaire) to bandy, examine or debate.

Ballotter, v. n. to ballot, vote by ballot.

BALOURD, E, ba-loor, loord, s. m. & f. fool, tony, simpleton, loggerhead.
BALOURDISE, bå-loor-diz, s. f. dull, stupid

thing, absurdity.

BALSAMINE, bål-zå-min, s. f. sort of plant, crane's bill.

BALSAMIQUE, bål-zå-mik, adj. balsamick. BALUSTRADE, bå-lås-tråd, s. f. balustrade, rails.

BALUSTRE, bå-låstr, s. m. rail, baluster, little piliar; small twisted column.

BALUSTRER, v. a. to rail in.

Balzan, bål-zen, s. m. bay-horse with a white spot on one, two, or three of his legs.

BALZANE, s. f. white spot on a borse's

legs.
BAMBIN, ben-bin, s. m. babe. BAMBOCHADE, ben-bo-shad, s. f. grotesque picture; composition upon mean and low subjects.

Вливоене, bèn-bosh, s. f. large puppet;

also shrimp, dwarf; a bamboo.

Bambou, ben-boo, s. m. bamboo.

BAN, ben, s. m. ban, proclamation; banishment, exile; proscription, outlawry. Ban a arrière-ban, ban and arriere-ban, procle mation whereby all those that hold lands of the crown are summoned to serve the king of France in his wars. Ban de four et de moulin, privilege base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

of the lord of the manor, whereby his tenants and vassals are to grind and bake in his mills and ovens, paying him a fee for the use of them.

BANAL, E, ba-nal, adj. belonging to a ma-BANAL, E, DE-IRI, adj. Deforging to a masor, common. Taureau banal, common or town-bull; expression banale, vulgar expression; témois banal, knight of the post.

BANALITÉ, bå-nå-ll-tå, s. f. privilege of the brd of the manor, whereby he obliges his vassals to make use of his mill, oven, etc.

BANANE, ba-nan, s. f. the fruit of the bana-

BANANIER, bå-nå-nl-å, s. m. banana-tree. Banc, ben, s. m. bench, form, seat. ferné dans une église, pew er seat in a church. Bancs, s. pl. public disputations, public exercises. Etre sur les bancs, to stand out a dispute, hold out a dispute.

Banc, Mar. bank, shelf, etc. Banc de sable, sand-bank; banc de rochers, reef; banc de glace, Banc, Mar. bank, shelf, etc. field of ice or island of ice; banc de brume, fog-bank; banc de poissons, shoal of fish; banc de rumeurs, thwart of a boat. Donner à travers quelque banc, to run aground, strike the sands. Bancal-E, bên-kâl, s. m. & f. little bandy-

legged man or woman.

Bancelle, s. f. long narrow form or bench.

Bancroche, ben-krösh, s. m. little bandy-

legged man.
BANDAGE, ben-daz, s. m. binding up of any tire of wheels.

BANDAGESTE, ben-da-zist, s. m. truss-maker. BANDE, bend, s. f. band, filet; link; thong; strip, side-bar (af a saddle :) cushion of a bil-liard table; bend (in heraldry.) Bond, crew, set, company, gang. Bandes, bands, forces. Bande, Mar. La bande du sud, the southern shore; donner à la bande, to heel, lie along, have a list. V. Côté. Bande de fer, plate or iron plate; bandes de ris, reef bands. En bande, amain.

BANDEAU, ben-do, s. m. head-band, bandage, fillet. Le bandeau d'une veuve, a widow's peak. Aroir un bandeau devant les yeux, to be blindfolded, have a veil or mist before one's

eyes. Bundetu royal, royal wreath or diadem.
BANDELETTE, bend-let, s. f. little fillet,

band or string.

Bander, ben-da, v. a. to bind, tie; to bend, spread; to stretch; to cock (fire-arms;) to bandy (at tennis;) to raise; (tes yeux à quelqu'un) to blindfold or hoodwink. Bander son esprit, aroir l'esprit bandé, to bend one's mind or one's self to a thing. Bander une wile, Mar. to line a sail round the bolt-rope, in order to strengthen it. Bander, v. m. to be tight, stretched.

Se bander, v. r. to league; to rise. puoi vous bandez-vous contre la vérité? why do you withstand truth?

BANDEREAU, bend-ro, s. m. string for a

BANDEROLE, bend-rol, s. f. streamer, band-

fol; also fringed bandrol of a trumpet.

BANDIERE, s. f. Mar. V. Front et Ordre.

BANDIT, ben-cil, s. m. bandit, banditto,

robber, cut-throat, vagabond, highwayman. Bandouller, ben-do-sia, s. m. a high-

wayman, a vagabond.

BANDOULIÈRE, ben-do-sier, s. f. large shoulder-belt, bandoleer.

BANDURE, s. f. kind of gentian.

BANTANS, s. m. pl. East-Indian idoleters. BANLIEUE, ben-lieu, s. f. jurisdiction, pre-cinct or liberties (of a town.)

BANNE, ban, s. f. tilt or covering for a boat, sort of basket made with boughs, kind of pan

BANNER, bå-nå, v. a. to cover with a tilt.
BANNERET, bå-nå, v. a. to cover with a tilt.
BANNERET, bå-rë, adj. m. banneret
Chevalier banneret, knight-banneret.
BANNETON, bån-ton, s. m. canf.
BANNETON, bån-ton, s. m. canf.

BANNI, s. m. outlaw, banished man. BANNIÈRE, bå-nièr, s. f. banner, standard,

flag.
BANNIR, bå-nir, v. a. to exile, banish, expel, drive away, exclude.

BANNISSABLE, adj. banishable. BANNISSEMENT, ba-ris-men, s m. banishment, exile.

BANQUE, benk, s. f. bank.

BANQUEROUTE, benk-root, s. f. bank-ruptcy, breaking, failure.

Faire banqueroute, to break, turn bankrupt. BANQUEROUTIER, E, benk-roo-ift, tier, s. m. & f. bankrupt.

BANQUET, ben-ke, s. m. banquet, feest; also part of the cheeks of a bit.
BANQUETER, benk-th, v. n, to banquet,

feast, junket.

*Banqueteur, s. m. feaster.

Banquette, ben-ket, s. f. raised way. little bank; causey or causeway; long seat stuffed and covered.

BANQUIER, ben-kia, s. m. banker.

BANQUIZE, s. f. Mar. heap of floating ice frozen together in close mas

BANVIN, s. m. exclusive right of a lord of a manor to sell his own wine before any other.

BAPTEME, ba-tem, s. m. baptism, christen-g. Recevoir le Baptême, to be christened or baptised. Tenir un enfant sur les fonts de baptime, to stand god-father or god-mother to a child. Nom de baptime, Christian name. Baptime, Mar. ducking (as practised in crossing the line or tropics.)

BAPTISER, bâ-ti-zâ, v. a. to baptize, christen; also give a nick name. Baptiser son vin, to put water to one's wine

BAPTISMAL, E, bap-tis-mal, adj. baptismal. Les fonts baptismaux, the font (in a church.)

BAPTISTE, s. m. (St. John) the Baptist.
BAPTISTAIRE, bå-dis-ter, adj. of or belonging to baptism. Registre baptistaire, register of christenings.

Bantistère or Bantistaire, s. m. baptistery baptistaire or extrait baptistaire, certificate of

baptism.

BAQUET, banks, s. m. tub, bucket, trough.

BAQUETER, bak-ta, v. a. to scoop out.

BAQUETURES, bak-tur, s. f. pl. droppings of wine or beer into the tap tub.

BAR, bar. V. Bard. BARACAN. V. Bouracan.

BARACHOIS, s. m. Mar. snug anchorage (formed by land on one side, and a ledge that breaks off the sea on the other.)

BARAGOUIN, bå-rå-gwin, s. m. gibberish.

BARAGOUINAGE, s. m. cant, gibberish.
BARAGOUINER, bara-gwink, v. n. to
speak gibberish or broken language; to pronounce oddly.

BARAGOUINEU-R, SE, bå-rå-gwi-neur. neuz, s. m. & f one that talks gibberish

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

BARAQUE, bå-råk, s. f. barrack, soldier's hut BARAQUER, bå-rå-kå, v n. Se baraquer,

v. r. to make huts or barracks.

BARATTE, ba-rat, s. f. churn. BARATTER, ba-ra-ta, v. a. to churn.

BARATTERIE, s. f. Mar. the producing of a false bill of lading or making of a false entry or declaration.

BARBACANE, bår-bå-kån, s. f. hole made in wall to let in or drain out the water; loop-

a wait to let in or drain out the water; hoo-hole in a wall to shoot through; barbacan. BARBACOLE, s. f. (a game) faro. Barba-cote, s. m. pedagogue, school-master. BARBADE, s. f. Barbadoes. BARBARE, bar-bar, adj. barbarous, rude, unpolished, savage, cruel, inhuman.

BARBARE, s. m. barbarian.

BARBAREMENT, bar-bar-men, adv. barbarously.

BARBARESQUE, adj. of or belonging to the

people of Barbary.

BARBARIE, bar-ba-ri, s. f. barbarity, barbarousness, cruelty, inhumanity; incivility, rudeness, rusticity, gross ignorance; also Bar-

BARBARISME, bar-ba-rism, s. m. barbarism. BARBA, DRY-DR-TSHIN, S. M. DATDATISH.
BARBA, DATO, beard; tail (of a comet.)
gills (of a cock.) lappet, pinner (of a head
dress.) barbles (disease in a horse's wouth.)
fins (of fat fish.) whiskers (of a cat or whale.)
Faire la barbe, to trim, shave or beard. Faire tous les matins dix ou douze barbes, to trim every morning ten or twelve people. Faire la barbe à quelqu'un, to affront or insult or abuse one. Faire la barbe à une étoffe, to barbe or beard a stuff. Rire sous barbe or dans sa barbe, to laugh in one's sleeve. Je le dirai à sa burbe, I shall tell it to his face. Il l'a fait à sa barbe, Sainte Barbe he has done it under his nose. Sainte Barbe, Mar. gun-room. Barbe d'un berslage, whood ends or whoodings of a plank.

Barbe, s. m. barbe, Barbary horse.
Barbe, E, adj. bearded.
Barbe, E, adj. bearded.

(a plant.)
BARBELÉ, E, barb-la, adj. barbed, beard-

ed; Flèche barbelée, bearded-arrow. BARBERIE, barb-ri, s. f. art or profession of shaving.

BARBEROT, s. m. paltry barber, shaver. BARBET, bar-be, s. m. shagged dog. BARBETTE, bar-bet. s. f. shagged bitch;

also kind of stomacher for nuns. BARBEYER, v.n. Mar. Ex. La voile barbeye,

the sail shivers in the wind. BARBIER, barbichon, bar-bl-shon, s. m. a lap-dog, little spaniel.

BARBIER, bar-bla, s. m. barber.

BARBIERE, s. f. barber's wife, female sha-

ver

BARBIFIER, v. a. to shave. BARBILLON, bar-bl-lon, s. m. little barbel; also the barbles. V. Barbe.

BARBON, bar-bon, s. m. old dotard, grey beard.

BARBON, NE, adj. morose, peevish, slovenly.

BARBONNAGE, s. m. old age, peevishness, moroseness.

BARBOTE, bar-bôt, s. f. eel-pout. BARBOTER, bar-bô-ta, v. n. to gobble (like a duck;) to mumble, mutter, grumble.

BARBOTEUR, bar-bo-teur, s. m. tame duck. BARBOTEUSE, s. f. harlot; termagant.

BARBOTINE, s. f. worm-seed.

BARBOUILLAGE, bar-boo-faz, s. m. dau

BARBOUILLER, bar-bo-la, s. m. daubing; scribbling; nonsense.
BARBOUILLER, bar-bo-la, v. a. to daub To daub or foul; to perplex, confound; to scribble, waste paper. Feuille qui barbouille (in printing.) sheet full of monks or bious Se barbouiller, v. r. to daub one's self; (l'esprit.) to puzzle one's self, confound one's brains.*

BARBOUILLEU-R, SE, bår-boo-leur. leuz, s. m. & f. dauber; scribbler, paltry writer,

BARBUE, s. f. dab (kind of fish) also quick-BARBUE, s. f. dab (kind of fish) also quick-

set wine.

BARBUQUET, s. m. chap or scab on he lips

BARCAROLLE, s. f. a Venitian ballad. BARD, s. m. hand-barrow; also barbel.

BARDACHE, s. m. catamite, pathick, ingle.
BARDACHE, bardan, s. f. burdock.
BARDE, bard, s. f. barb, horse-armour;
sort of great saddle, horse-cloth stuffed; thin
broad slice of bacon (wherewith pullets, capons, etc. are sometimes covered instead of
hosting them.) basting them.)

Barde, s. m. bard, ancient poet.
BARDE, E, adj. barbed; also covered with a slice of bacon

BARDELLE, bar-de, s. m. shingle.
BARDELLE, bar-del, s. f. mean saddle (made of cloth and straw.)

BARDER, bar-da, v. a. to barb (a horse) also to cover with a slice of bacon.

BARDEUR, s. m. a day-labourer who carries the hand-barrow.

BARDIS, s. f. Mar. water-boards, weatherboards.

BARDOT, bår-då, s. m. small mule; alse drudge, and among booksellers, back.

BARET, s. m. cry of an elephant. BARGE, barz, s. f. bird not unlike a cur-

lew; barge; hay-cock; bundle of faggots.
BARGUIGNAGE, bar-gl-guaz, s. m. hawing,

haggling. BARGUIGNER, bår-gå-gnå, v. n. to haw,

BARGUIGNEU-R, SE, bar-gl-gneur, gueuz, s. m. & f. one that stands having, laggler.
Baril, baril, s. m. barrel, rundlet, small
cask. Baril de galère, Mar. breaker.
BarilLar, s. m. officer in a galley who

takes care of the wine and water.

BARILLET, ba-ri-le, s. m. barrel (of a seatch;) also small rundlet, cask or barrel.

BARIOLAGE, ba-rio-laz, s. m. medley or confused mixture of colours.

BARIOLÉ, E, adj. speckled, variegated. Fères bariolées, French beans, kidney-beans. BARIOLER, bå-rið-lå, v. a. to speckle, streak or daub with several colours.

BARLONG, s. m. parallek-gram.
BARLONG, UE, adj. disproportionately long.
BARNABITE, s. m. Barnabite (sort of monk.) BARNACHE OF BARNACIE, OF BARNAQUE,

s. f. barnacle, (sort of goose.)

BAROMETRE, ba-ro-meir, s. m. barometer Baron, ba-ron, s. m. haron.

BARONNAGE, s. m baronage: a comic style.

buse, bût, : jêûne, mêute, beurre : emant, cent. lien : vis : mon : brun.

BARONNE, ba-ron, s. f. baroness.

BARONNE, ba-ro-n, s. t. baroness. BARONNET, bā-rō-nē, s. n. baronet. BARONNIE, bā-rō-nl, s. f. barony. BAROQUE, bā-rōk, adj. rough; irregular,

uneven, odd.

BARQUE, bark, s. f. bark, great boat, lighter. Savir bien conduire sa barque, to know how to carry one's self. Conduire la barque, to be the ringleader in a business. Barque d'avis, advice boat. Barque de pêcheur, fish-

ing-boat / barque de charge, lighter.

BARQUEE, s. f. boat-load of goods or stores, etc. Barquee de lest, ten tons of ballast.

BARQUEROLLE, s. f. little bark or boat. BARQUETTE, s. f. kind of pastry-work like

BARRABAS, (this word is used in this provervial expression, viz.) Cela est commun or commu commu Barrabas à la passion, that is as common as the highway.

BARRAGE, ba-raz, s. m. kind of toll, to

keep roads in repair.

BARRAGER, ba-ra-ra, s. m. he that gathers the toll, turn-pike man.

BARRE, bar, s. f. har; cross-bar; bank of sand. Barre de liaison, division, hyphen. Barres, barriers, prison-bars. Jouer à barres stires, to play a sure game, go upon sure ground. Barres, that part of a horse's jaw

where the bit rests.

Barre, Mar. bar, transom, tiller, helm, tree, etc. Barre d'arcasse, transom. Barre du gouvernail, tiller, helm. Barre franche, tiller that works upon deck without a wheel. Barre de rechange, spare tiller. Barre de cabestan, capetan bar. Barre du premier pont, deck transom. Barre de la soute du maître canonnier or barre première au-dessus du premier pont, first transom. Barre d'écusson, counter transom. Barre maîtresse de hune, trestletree. Barre traversière de hisne, crosstree. Barre de perroquet, top mast crosstree. Barre d'écoutille, hatch-bar. Burre de vindas, hand spike, bar of the windlass. Barre au bout de l'étambort, helmpost transom. Barre de remplissage; filling post transom. Baire de remplissage; filling transom. Bâibrol la barre, port the helm. Change la barre, shift the helm. Drois la barre, put the helm a midships. La barre au cent, up with the helm. La barre dessous, down with the helm. Mollis la barre, ease the helm. Stribord la barre, startboard the helm. Faire attention à la barre; to mind the helm.

BARREAU, ba-ro, s. m. little wooden or iron

bar, rail: court, bar. Gens de barreau, law-yers, counsellors, etc. Frequenter le barreau, to follow the law, to be often hearing or

pleading causes.

BARRER, ba-ra, v. a. to bar, shut with a bar; to stop; to bar or scratch out; une veine, to sear a vein (of a horse.) Barrer un bâtiment, Mar. to give a ship too much helm so as to yaw her about. Attention à ne pas barrer le bâtiment, don't give her so much helm.

BARRETTE, ba-rêt, s. f. cap or bonnet. Pai bien parié à sa barrette, I have rattled

him to some tune.

BARRICADE, ba-rl-kad, s. f zade.

BARRICADER, ba-ri-ka-da, v. a. to barricade. Se barricader, v.r. to barricade one's

BARRIERE, bà-rièr, s. f. rail, field-gate, turn-pike; bar, let, hindrance, obstacle; barrier; list, place to fight in; barrier, star-ing place; combat à la barrière, tilt, tilting. Barrière de sergens, publick place where bailiffs are to be found.

BARRIQUE, ba-rik, s. f. French hogshead.

BARRIQUE, Darie, of the quarter deck, poop and fore castle,) small beam (placed between larger ones.)

BARROTER, v. a. Mar. to load chock up to

the beams.

BARROTIN, s. m. Mar. ledge, (put across the beams in French ships of war in order to strengthen the decks;) barrotins de caillebotis, ledges of the gratings.

BARSES, s. f. pl. canister or pewter chest wherein tea is brought from China.

BARTARVELLE, s. f. sort of red partridge. BAS, SE, adj. low, shallow; lower; low, mean, pitiful, base, vile, sordid, poor; inferior, subaltern. Les eaux sont basses chez lus, things are at a low ebb with him. Avoir la vue basse, to be purblind or short-sighted. Faire main basse, to put all to the sword. Basse or basse-contre (in musick) base or bass. V. Haut. Basse continue, thorough base. Basse de viole, base viol. Basse-taille, counter tenor. Basse-cour, lower court, in-ner yard, poultry yard. Basse-fosse, dungeon. Les Pays-Bas, the Low Countries, the Ne-therlands. Basse Alace, Lower Alsatia. Bas Breton, language of Lower Britany. C'est du bas Breton pour moi, that is Hebrew to me, I don't understand that gibberish. Le carême est bas, Lent is forward or early.
Bas-relief. basso relievo. Le bas peuple, the commor people, the vulgar, the mob. basses cartes, the small cards. Sorti de bas lieu, meanly extracted or born. A basses lieu, meanly extracted or born. A basses notes, in a low lone of voice. Bas, Mar. Bas mats, Bas-fond, shoal, shallow, flat. lower masts, standing masts. Bas-bord, V. Bâbord. Vaisseau de bas-bord, low built ship, small ship. Basse, shallow, shoal, flat. Basse mer or mer basse, low-water. Rivière basse, shallow river. Basses voiles, courses. Temps bas, cloudy weather.

Bas, ba, s. m. stocking; barricade with etting; hose. Vendeur de bas, hosier. netting; hose. Bas, s. m. (partie inférieure) bottom, low-er part or foot (of a thing.) Le bas d'une montagne, the foot or bottom of a hill. Le vin est au bas, the wine runs low or draws

vin est au bas, the wine runs low or draws towards the lees or dregs.

Bas, adv. down, low. Mettre bus les armes, to ground arms. Parler bas, to speak low or softly. Jouer argent bas, to play for ready money. Il est bas percé or il est bas, it is low with him, he is low of purse. Metre bas, to bring forth (as beasts do.) Là-bas, below; also yonder. En-bas, down, below. A bas, upon the ground. Son règne est à bas, there is an end of his reign. A bas, down or come down. Mettre le pavillon bas, down or come down. Mettre le pavillon bas, to strike the flag. Ici-bas, here below. Les choses d' ici-bas sont périssables, the things of this world are frail.

BASALTE, s. m. basalt.

bar. bat. base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

BASANE, s. f. sheep-skin leather.

BASANI, E, ba-za-na, adj. tawny, sunburnt, of a swarthy complexion.

BASCULE, bas-kdl, s. f. swipe or sweep (of

a well.) seesaw; swing-gate.

BASE, baz, s.f. base, basis, foundation, bot-

BASER, v. a. to base or found upon.
BASILIC, ba-zl-lik, s. m. basilisk, cockatrice. (Herb.) sweet-basil.

Basilicon, s. m. basilicon, (ointment.)
Basilique, bå-zl-lik, adj. basilick.
La veine basilique, the basilick vein.

BASILIQUE, s. f. court of justice, great

hall. A great church or temple. BASIN, ba-zin, s. m. dimity.

Basioglosse, s. m. basiogloss (muscle which is the abductor of the tongue.)

BASOCHE, ba-zosh, s. f. company and ju-risdiction of lawyers' clerks in the parliament of Paris, having among them a king, a chancellor, and their peculiar laws. Le roi de la basoche, the master of misrule.

BASOCHIEN, s. m. lawyer's clerk or officer

of the company of lawyers' clerks.

BASQUE, bask, s. f. skirt of a doublet.

BASQUE, s. m. that is of Biscay. Basque. BASQUE, s. m. that is of Biscay. Basque.
Tour de Basque, clever trick, legerdemain.
Aller du pied comme um Busque, or courir
comme um Busque, to be swiftfooted. Le
Basque, language of the Biscayans or of the
people of Biscay.
BASSA. V. Bacha.
BASSE, bas, feminine of Bas. V. Bas. adj.

BASSEMENT, bas-men, adv. meanly, poor-

ly, pitifully.

BASSESSE, ba-ses, s. f. meanness, lowness, base or mean or unworthy action, low expression.

BASSET, ba-se, s. m. terrier, terrier-dog.

BASSET, TE, adj. of low stature.
BASSETTE, ba-set, s. f. a game at cards.

BASSILE, s. f. a sort of plant.

Bassin, be-sin, s. m. basin; (close stool) pan; scale; wet dock, basin, dock, basin of a dock. Bassin de radoub, dry dock. Etre dans le bassin, to be in dock. Mettre un bâtiment dans le bassin, to put a ship into dock.

Bassine, ba-sin, s. f. deep wide pan. BASSINER, ba-d-na, v. a. to warm with a warming-pan; (fomenter) to bathe, foment.

BASSINET, ba-si-ne, s. m. crow-foot, butter-

DASSINET, DB-Si-De, S. m. crow-foot, butter-flower; pan, touch-pan (of fire arms.)
BASSINGIRE, bb-sl-nwar, s.f. warming-pan.
BASSON, bh-son, s. m. bassoon.
"BASTANT, N., adj. sufficient.
BASTE, bbst, s. m. the ace of clubs.
BASTE, adv. & interj. granted, well, well snough. let it be so. enough, let it be so.

*Baster, v. n. to be sufficient or enough, suffice. L'affaire baste mal, the business does not go well.

·Basterne, s. f. itter used by the Roman matrons.

BASTIDE,'s. f. country bouse in the south of France.

BASTILLE, bås-dl, s. f. Bastile

BASTINGAGE, s. m. Mar. net. Filets de bastungage, netting.
BASTINGUE, s. f. Mar netting.

BASTINGUER, un vaisseau, v. a. Mar. to harricade a ship or shelter her crew by means of netting. Se bastinguer, v. r. Mar. to secure one's self by means of netting.

BASTION, bas-ti-on, s. m. bastion, bulwark. BASTONNABLE, adj. that deserves to be bastinadoed.

BASTONNADE, bas-tô-nad, s. f. bastinado

cudgelling.

BAT, ba, s. m. pack-saddle, pannel; tail (of a fish.) Cheval de bât, pack-horse, dull heavy fellow.

BATAIL, S. m. clapper of a beil.
BATAILLE, ba-tal, s. f. battle, fight
Bataille rangee, field or pitched battle.
Cheval de bataille, war-horse. Mettre or
ranger une armée en bataille, to draw up an

army in battle array.

BATAILLER, bå-tå-få, v.n. Ex. Il m's bien fallu batailler pour l'obtenir, I was fain to struggle hard for it.

struggie hard for it.

BATAILLON, bê-tê-lon, s. m. battalion. Bataillon carré, hollow square.

BATARD, E, bê-têr, têrd, s. m. & f. bastard, illegitimate; mongrel. Une pièce de canon bâtarde, a demi-cannon or demi-culverin. Bâtard de racage, Mar. parrel, parrelrope, truss.

BATARDEAU, ba-tar-do, s. m. dam, dike.

BATARDIERE, S. f. nursery for young trees BATARDIEE, ba-tar-diz, s. f. bastardy. Droit de bâtardise, right of inheriting the ef-

fects of a bastard dying intestate.

BATATE, V. Patate. BATATOLE, s. f. Mar. Batayole de la pou laine, iron-horse. Batayoles, stanchions and rails of the netting. Batayoles des hunes, stanchions and rails of the tops. Batayoles

pour le bastingage, barricade.

Barri, E, adj. (from bâter) saddled with a pack-saddle. C'est un ûne bâté, he is a block-

head or a dunce.

head or a dunce.

BATEAU, bå-tô, s.m. boat; body (of a carriage.) Bateau convert d'un tendelet ou d'une toile, tilt boat. Bateau de passage, wherry, passage boat. Bateau de provision, bumboat. Bateau lesteur, ballast lighter. Bateau de loch, log. Bateau de plassance, pleasure-boat. Bateau Bermudien, sloop. Bateau d'un d'obse hoat employed by ships of wateau d'obse hoat employed by ships of wateau. teau d'office, boat employed by ships of war for bringing off fresh provisions, etc. when in

BATELAGE, bat-laz, s. m. juggling, jugler's trick, legerdemain; also waterman's far

BATELEE, bat-la, s. f. boat-load, boat-full, fare; also crowd, pack, flock of people.

BATELET, bat-le, s. m. little boat.

BATELEU-R, sE, bat-leur, leuz, s. m. & f.

juggler, puppet-player, bufloon, mountebank.
BATELIER, båt-liå, s. m. wate-man.
BATER, bå-tå, v. a. to saddle with a pack-

saddle.

BATI, E, adj. built, etc. V. Bdtir. Maison al bâtie, ill-built or ill-contrived house. mal bâtie, ill-built or ill-contr. Homme mal bâti, ill-shaped man.

BATIER, ba-tia, s. m. saddler, maker or seller of pack-saddles. Un sot batter, silly fellow, booby, clown.

BATIFOLER, bå-tl-fo-lå, v. n. to play like

children, romp.

Children, romp.

BATIMENT, bå-d-men, s. m. building. edifice, structure, fabric. Bâtiment, Mar. vessel, ship, sail, man. Bâtiment à pompu étroite, pink-sterned ship. Bâtiment apuse carrée, square-sterned ship. Bâtiment naue-

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : érdant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

fragé, wreck; bûtiment armé en course, privateer, letter of marque. Bûtiment armé en flite, store-ship. Bâtiment armé en guerre, vessel equipped for fighting. Bâtiment armé or guerre et marchandises, armed merchant-man. Bâtiment Barbareague, vessel of the coast of Barbary. Bâtiment bien assis sur l'eau, vessel that sits well on the water. Bâtiment bien soutenu de l'avant, ship with a full bow. Bâtiment bien taillé de l'arant, vessel very sharp forward. Bâtiment bien evidé de l'arrière, ship with a clean run aft. Bâtiment l'arrière, sinp with a ciean run au. Dannem bien suivi dans ses proportions, vessel of good proportions. Bâtiment taille pour la marche, vessel built for sailing fast. Bâtiment très-fin dans ses fonds, sharp-bottomed vessel. Bâtiment servant de magasin, ship used as a repository for stores. Batiment servant à transporter des vivres, victualler. Batiment acheté pour le service de la nurine, vessel purchased into the service. Bâtiment servant de prison, prison-ship. Bâtiment servant d'hôpital, hospital-ship. Bâtiment terre-neuvier, banker, Newfoundland fishing vessel. Bâtiment pêcheur, fishing vessel. vessel. Bâtiment pêcheur, fishing vessel. Bâtiment de transport, transport. Bâtiment de la commerce, trading-vessel. Bâtiment de la compagnie des Indes, India-man, East India-man, etc. Bâtiment de charge, vessel of burdeu. Bâtiment enemi, enemy. Bâtiment meutre, neutral vessel. Bâtiment étranger. Foreigu vessel. Bâtiment charbonnier, collier. Bâtiment contrebandier, smuggler. Bâtiment croiseur, cruiser. Bâtiment prismuggier. Baument croiseur, cruiser. Ba-timent filbustier, freebooter. Bâtiment pi-rate or forban, pirate. Bâtiment marchand, merchant-man. Bâtiment negrier, Guinea-man. Bâtiment mal lié, vessel badly put together. Benn bâtiment, fine vessel. Joli bâtiment, handsome vessel. Bon bâtiment, good vessel. Manvais bâtiment, bad vessel. Bâtiment vessel Bâtiment, bad vessel. good vessel. Maurais bâtiment, bad vessel. Bâtiment condamné, condemned vessel. Bâtiment trapumt de partout, crazy vessel. Bâtiment trompeur or de peu d'apparence, deceitful looking vessel. Bâtiment travasse, song vessel. Bâtiment Bâtiment rannase, song fort or ayant un fort échantillon, strong trapuelin or foible, weak vessel. Bâtiment reus, new vessel. Bâtiment vieux or vieux bâtiment, old vessel. Bâtiment canard, vessel that pitches deep. sel that pitches deep.

BATIR, ba-tir, v. a. to build; to baste, make long stitches. Bâtir sa fortune, to build

or raise one's fortune.

BATISSEUR, ba-ds, s. f. building.
BATISSEUR, ba-d-seur, s. m. builder, one that builds much, one fond of building.

BATISTE, ba-ust, s. f. cambrick. BATON, ba-ton, s. m. stick, staff, cudgel. Donner des coups de bâton à, to cudgel. Bâton de Jacob, Jacob's staff. Bâton à deux bouts, quarter-staff. Bâton de commandement, staff or truncheon of command. Tour du bâten, by-profits, by-gains, perquisites. Tirer au court bâten arec quelqu'un, to try masteries or strive or contend with one. Bâton de vieillesse, support of one's old age. Fuire quelque chose à bâtons rompus, to do a thing by snatches, or by fits and starts. Je sais sur cette matière très-assuré de mon bâton, I am sure of the thing. Bâton, Mar. staff, boom, stick, spindle. Bâton de commandement, ensign-staff, flag-staff at the mast head. Bâton d'enseigne or de pavillon, flag-staff. Bâton de foc, jib-boom. Bâton de ciin-foc, flying jib-boom. Bâton de famme, stick of a pendant. Bâton de gaffe, boathook staff. Bâton de girouette, vane spindle. BATONNEE, s. f. as much water as comes

out of a pump every time it plays.

Batonner, ba-to-na, v. a. to strike out efface, cancel; also to draw lines under those passages which require particular attention.

BATONNET, s.m. cat, tipcat, (plaything.)

BATONNIER, ba-to-nia, s.m. chief of the

counsellors of the parliament of Paris. Bâtonnier d'une confrérie, staffman of a company.

BATRACHITE, s. f. a sort of green and hol-

low stone.

BATTAGE, ba-taz, s. m. threshing.

BATTANT, adj. beating. Sortir tarebour battant, to come out drum beating. Ce asse rand en soie a trente métiers battans; that silkweaver has thirty looms going.

Battant-neuf, brand-new, fire-new.

Battant, ba-ten, s.m. clapper (of a bell,) fold of a door. Porte à deux battans, folding door, two leaved door. Battant, Mar. fig. Battant d'un pavillon, etc. fly of an ensign,

BATTANT-L'OEIL, s. m. French night head-

dress or dishabille.

BATTE, bat, s. f. rammer, paving-beetle, commander. Batte de cimentier, dauber's beetle. Batte de blanchieseuse, small sloping bench whereon the washer-women beat and soap their linen. Batte de selle, bolster of a saddle. Batte à beurre, churn-staff.

BATTEMENT, bat-men, s. m. beating.

Battement de mains, clapping of hands. Battement de pieds, stamping of the feet. Batte-

ment du gosier, shake (in musick.)
BATTERIE, bât-ri, s. f. battery, fighting, BATTERIE, bât-ri, s. f. battery, fighting, scuffle, squabble; particular way of playing upon the guitar, or of beating the drum; (de canon) a battery of ordnance; (de cuisine) furniture; cover (of the pan of a gum.) Batterie, Mar. battery, etc. Les pièces en batterie, run out your guns. Batteries flottantes, floating battery. Batterie qui s'adapte à culuses d'un comm lock availad se tha la culasse d'un canon, lock applied to the breech of a cannon. Votre vaisseau a une breech of a cannon. Our consent a une belle batterie, your ship carries her guns a good height out of the water. Ce voisseau a 5 pieds 9 pouces de batterie, that ship's lowest gun-deck port is 5 feet 9 inches above the surface of the water.

BATTEUR, bà-teur, s. m. beater. Batteur

d'or, gold-heater. Batteur de ble or batteur en grange, thresher. Un batteur de pané or de chemin, a rambler, a man that is always rambling up and down the streets; also a padder or vagabond. Batteurs d'estrade

Batteuse d'or, s. f. woman gold-beater. Battoir, ba-twar, s. m. beetle, battledore. Battologie, ba-tò-lò-zì, s. f. tautology,

needless repetition.

BATTRE, batr, v. a. to beat, strike. Battre les ennemis, to beat the enemy, get the better of them. Battre de quelque raison, to beat down with an argument. Battre une ville en ruine, to batter down a town. Batter quelqu'un en ruine, to run one down, to put him to a nonplus. Battre le fer, to fence bar, bat, pase: there, êbb, ovêr: field fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ult. Il faut battre le fer tandis qu'il est chaud, we must strike the iron while it is hot. tre la campagne or l'estrade, to scour the country for intelligence. Battre la semelle, to beat the hoof, foot it, travel a foot. Battre to beat the noof, four it, tavet a root.

Battre beam du pays, to travel a great way. Battre beam du pays, to coin, mint money. Battre du blé, to thresh grain. Battre le beurre, to churn milk. Battre les cartes, to shuffle the cards. La rivière bat les murailles de la ville, the river beats against (or runs close by) the wall of the town. Battre le pavé, to ramble about, run up and down the streets.

Buttre la diane, Mar. to beat the reveille; battre la retraite, to beat the retreat.

Battre, v. n. to beat. Le caur me bat, my leart beats, pants, or goes pit-a-pat. Battre des naties, to clap, applaud. Battre de l'aile or des ailes, to flap or flutter.

Se battre, v. r. to fight. Se battre en duel, to fight a duel, on se bat pour avoir du pain, people struggle hard to get bread.

BATU, E, adj. beaten, beat, etc. V. Battre.
Vous arez les yeux battus, your eyes look
black and blue. Battu de l'orage or de la tempete, tossed by the wind, weather-heat-

Autant vaut-il être bien battu que mal battu,

over shoes, over boots.

BATTUE, ba-th, s. f. beating. Faire la battue, to beat the bushes, etc. in order to

BATTURE, s. f. Mar. shallow, shoal.
BAU, s. m. Mar. beam. Demi-bau, he'fbeam. Muitre-bau, mid ship beam. Bau de Faux baux, orlop celtis, cellar beam. beams.

BAUBI, s. m. sort of hunting dog (for

hares, foxes, and boars.)

BAUD, s. m. sort of stag-hound.
*BAUDEMENT, adv. joyfully, merrily.
BAUDEMENT, bd-db, s. m. ass; also stupid fellow; horse, block, trestle; hammock.

BAUDIR, v. a. to set dogs or hawks on with

the horn and voice.

BAUDRIER, bo-dri-a, s. m. belt, long belt, shoulder-belt, baldrick.

BAUDRUCHE, bo-drush, s. m. gold-beater's

skin.

BAUGE, boz, s. f. soil of a wild boar; a kind of mortar made of clay and straw. A

bauge, adv. plentifully, in plenty.

BAUME, bom, s. m. balsam; balm, balm
mint. Baume, s. f. Mar. spanker; ex. Gui de baums or de brigantine, spanker boom.

BAUMIER, s. m. balm-tree.

BAUQUIERES, s. f. pl. Mar. clamps

BAUX, bo, s. m. (the plural of bail) leases; also (the plural of bau) beams, etc.

BAVARD, s. m. BAVARDE, bå-vår, vård, s. f. babbler, blab, idle prater, prattling silly fellow or woman; also boaster, cracker, bouncing or boasting fellow, romancer.

BAVARDAGE, s. m. the act of prating, blab-

BAVARDER, bå-vår-då, v. n. to boast, crack or bounce, romance.

BAVARDERIE, ba-vard-ri, s. f. bouncing,

cracking, boasting, idle prattling.

BAVAROISE, ba-va-rwaz, s. f. tea sweet.

ened with syrup of capillaire.

BAVE, bav, s. f. foam, slaver, slabbering, drivel

BAVER, bå-vå, v. n. to foam, slaver, slabber, drivel; to be salivated.

BAVETTE, bå-vet, s. f. bib, slabbering bib

Tailler des bavettes, to chat, gossip.

BAYEU-I, SE, ba-veu, veuz, adj. & s. n.

& f. slabbering, slabberer, slabber-chaps.

Baveuse, sort of sea-fish. Chair baveuse proud-flesh.

BAVIÈRE, s. f. Bavaria; de bavière, of on

from Bavaria, Bavarian.

BAVOCHÉ, E, adj. (in engraving) not cleanly cut or stamped or printed. Epreuve bavochée proof that wants neatness, foul proof.

BAVOCHURE, s. f. print not clearly cut or

stamped.

BAVOLET, bå-vô-lê, s. m. kind of headdress worn by country-women.
BAVOLETTE, s. f. (celle qui porte un ba-

volet) country-lass.

BAYER, be-ya, v. n. to gape, to look for a long time at a thing with one's mouth open. Bayer aux corneilles, to stand gaping or looking sillity at every trifling thing. Bayer après une chose, to gape or hanker after a

BAYEU-R, SE, bå-yeur, yeuz, s. m. & f.

gaper.
BAZAR, s. m. publick market (in the East) or place where slaves are shut up.

BDELLIUM, s. m. Bdellium (sort of tree or

BDELLIUM, S. M. Edelium (Soit of use or its aromatick gum.)

Br, ba, the bleating of sheep.

BÉANT, E, bå-èn, ènt, adj. open, wide open, gaping; bouche béante, open mouth.

BÉANT, E, bå-å, åt, s. devout or holy person, saint, bigot or hypecrite.

BÉANTICATION, bå-å-tl-fl-kå-slon, s. f. beatification.

beatification. BÉATIFIER, v. a. to beatify or pronounce blessed.

BÉATIFIQUE, bå-å-tl-fik, adj. beatifical, beatifick.

BÉATILLES, bå-å-til, s. f. pl. tit-bits, dainty-bits (such as cocks combs, sweet-breads, etc.)
BEATITUDE, ba-a-d-tud, s. f. beatitude,

bliss, blessedness.

BEAU, bo, adj. Formerly several words ended in et, whose termination is now eau. In adjectives, however, the masculine termination el is preserved before substantives beginning with a vowel or h mute, and as an affix to certain names. The feminine of these adjectives is formed from the primitive termination el by doubling the l and adding an e mute. Thus beau m. becomes bel m. before a vowel or h mute, belle in the seminine, and in the plural beaux for the masc. and belles for the fem. Ex. Un beau garçon, a fine boy; un bel homme, a handsome man; un boy; in bet nomme, a landsome man; in bel air, a fine air; une belle fensne, a handsome woman, etc. de beaux garçons, fine hoys; de beaux hommes, handsome men; de belles femmes, handsome women; Philippe-le-Bel, Philip the fair. Ce que vous dites là est bel et bon, what you are saying is pretty good or well enough.

Beau, belle, etc. fine, handsome, comely, pretty, beautiful, neat, fair; delicate; curious, pleasant, excellent; lucky, happy, favoura-ble; decent, seemly. Cela n'est pas du beau style, that is not elegant. Faire beau semblant ha quelqu'un, to keep or carry it fair with one il l'a tralii, sous un beau semblant d'amitil

base. bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

he has betrayed him under the pretence of | friendship. Le beau monde, the beau monde, fine people, gentlemen and ladies. Le beau seze, the fair sex, ladies, women, the fair. Jouen beau or grand jeu, to play deep or high. Un beau mangeur, a great eater, a high feeder. Beau joueur, one that plays fair and never frets at play. Avoir les armes belles, to sence well. Donner beau jeu d, to give sair play to. Payer à beaux deniers comptans, to pay ready money. Beau (ironically.) Voilà qui est beau, vous lever à midi! you are a fine man indeed, to rise at twelve o'clock! Voilà une belle équipée! that is a fine plot indeed. Il lui arracha l'oreille à belles dents, he bit his ear off cleverly! Il l'a schappé belle, he escaped it very narrowly. chappe belle, he escaped it very narrowiy. Recommencer de plus belle, to begin a-fresh or more earnestly than before. La bailler or donner belle à quelqu'um, to bamboozle or banter one. La manquer belle, to have a narrow escape. Beau-père, father-in-law. Belle-mère, mother-in-law. Beau-fils, son-in-law. Belle-fille, daughter-in-law. Beau-frère, brother-in-law. Belle-seur, sister-in-law. Reall a m excellence beauty etc. Joinine

BEAU, s. m. excellence, beauty, etc. Initulre ensemble le beau et l'effroyable, to join together the fair and the foul. Le beau des images est de représenter la chose comme elle s'est passée, the excellency of images is to make true representations of things. Il fait beau, (il fuit beau temps,) it is fine weather. Il fait beau se promener, it is fine walking or agreeable to walk. Il fait beau voir ce gentral à la tête de ses troupes, it gives one pleasure to see that general at the head of his troops. C'est une cérénionie ni'il fera beau troops. Cest that ceremone qu'u jera beau roor, it is a ceremony which it will be agreeable to see. See the obs. on falloir. Tout beau! interj. hold, hold there, fair and softly, not so fast! Tout beau! ne parlez pas is haut, softly! do not speak so loud. Tout beau! ne rous do not speak so foud. Tout beau! ne rous flichez-pas, peace, peace! be not angry. Mettre une chose dans un beau jour, to explain clearly. It y a beau temps or beau four que je ne l'ai vu, it is a long time since I saw him. Il refusa bien et beau or bel et beau, he utterly refused. Peindre quelqu'un pheru to paint or set one off to the best aden beau, to paint or set one off to the best advantage. Vous avez beau chasser le chagrin, il revient toujours; drive away sorrow ever so much, it will return; you may drive away sorrow as much as it is in your power, still it will return; in vain you repeatedly drive away sorrow, it will return, etc. Pai beau Pat-tendre, il ne viendra pas; it is useless for me to wait for him, he will not come. Ellea heau faire, elle n'en viendra pas à bout, let her do what she can, she will not succeed or bring it about. Vous avez bean dire et beau faire, il réussira dans son entreprise, whatever you may say and do he will succeed in his enterprise; you may (let you) say and do whatever you please, he will succeed in his enterprise. Mes affaires auroient eu beau être pressantes (quelque pressantes qu'eussent été mes affaires) je n'aurois pas laissé de rous écrire, how pres

ing soever my affairs had been, I would have written to you.

Beaucour, bo-koo, adv. much, many or great many, many a. Beaucoup d'argent, much money; b-aucoup de femmes, many women or many a woman. Ils'en fait beau-

coup que votre affaire soit achevée, your business is far from being ended. It west pas à beaucoup près si beau que son frère, he is no-thing near so handsome as his brother or he comes far short of being as handsome as his brother.

BEAUPRÉ, bo-prå, s. m. Mar. bowsprit.

Notre beaupré fut rompu par ce bâtiment, that
ship carried away our bowsprit. L'escadre ennemie est en ligne beaugre sur poupe, the enemy's fleet is in a close line of battle abead.

BEAUTÉ, bo-tà, s. f. Beauty, fineness, hand-someness, prettiness, comeliness. Cela est de la dernière beauté, that is extremely fine or beautiful; beauty, pleasantness, fineness, curiousness, delicacy, excellency; beauty, beau-

tiful or charming woman.

REAUTURE, Mar. Etre en bezature de temps,

NEAUTURE, MAR. LUTE OF DELIBRATE OF EXPLOYER.

BEC, bek, s. m. bill, beak (of birds.) nose, snout (of certain fish.) gullet (of on ener.) nib (of a pen.) socket (of a lamp.) mouth (of a man.) point (of lamb.) Coup de bec, wipe, nipping jest, taunt. Tour de bec, kiss, buss. Elle fail le petit bec, she minces. Bec de lièvre, hare-lip. Qu'il est heureux de baiser ce bec amoureux! how happy is he to kiss those amorous lips! Aroir du bec, avoir le bec bien affile, to be talkative, have one's tongue oiled or well hung. Il n'a rien que le bec, he is all tongue, he does nothing but prate. Faire le bec à quelqu'un, to teach one before-hand what he shall say. Passer à quelqu'un la plume par le bec, to make a fool of one, baffle or abuse him. On hei tient tool of one, came or abuse nm. Or an area the bec dans or à Peau, he is amused or played the fool withal; he is kept at bay. Bec de corbin, kind of halbert. Gentilhonme à bec de corbin, gentleman-pensioner. Un: came à bec de corbin, a cane with a head in the form of a raven's bill. Bec corrue, hornified. or cornuted puppy. Bec, Mar. bill, beak, prow. Bec d'une tartane, etc. beak, or prow of a tartan. Bec d'une ancre, bill of an anchor.

Be de corbin, ripping-iron.

Bécarre, bla-kar, s. m. B sharp (in mussick,) also an adj. sharped (note.)

Bécasse, ba-kas, s. f. woodcock. Bécasse de mer, sea-pie. Brider la bécasse, to cozen or cotch one, trap a bubble.

BECASSEAU, s. m. a young woodcock. BECASSINE, ba-ka-sin, s. f. snipe.

BECCARD, s. m. female salmon. BEC-FIGUE, bek-fig, s. m. becafico, figpecker.

pecker.

BÈCHF, bèsh, s. f. spade.

BÉCHF, V. Bequée.

BÉCHIN, V. Ben.

BÉCHER, bè-shà, v. a. to dig with a spade.

BÉCHIQUE, bà-shìk, adj. & s. m. for a cough, good for a cough, good to cure a cough, beenge for a cough.

BECQUÉ, E, adj. beaked (in heraldry.)

BECQUÉE, bè-kà, s. f. bill-full.

BECQUÉE, b. To rattle-basket.

BECQUEENO, S. f. pratile-basket.
BECQUETER, bêk-tâ, v. a. to peck.
BEDAINE, bê-dên, s. f. paunch, guts.
BRDEAU, bê-dô, s. m. verger, mace-bearer,

"Benon, s. m. (tambour) a tabret or drum; (un gros bedon) fat thick man.

BEE, adj. f. (only found in this sense with gueule.) Un tonneau à gueule bée a cask with one end knocked out.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob lord: mood, good.

*BEFLER, v. a. to baffle, mock, play the fool with, make a fool of, laugh at, banter.

BEGAIEMENT, ba-ge-men, s. m. stuttering,

stammering.

BEGAYER, ba-ge-ya, v. n. to stutter, stam-

mer, lisp.

Brov, z, s. m. & f. horse or mare that has the mark in the mouth, not only till seven

years old but for life.

Broun, beg, adj. or s. m. & f. that stutters or stammers, stammerer or stutterer.

BÉGUEULE, bà-geul, s. f. conceited woman. BÉGUEULERIE, s. f. the airs of a conceited

BÉGUIN, bå-gin, s. m. biggin, cap. BÉGUINAGE, bå-gî-naz, s. m. kind of nun-

BEGUINE, ba-gln, s. f. sort of nun; bigoted old maid.

BEGUM, s. f. Begum, princess of Indostan.

BEIGE, S. f. sort of serge.
BEIGERT, be-gne, s. m. fritter.
BEJAUNE, be-zon, s. m. nias hawk; also foolish young man; blunder, ignorance, silli-

ness, mistake. Pr.L., V. Beau.

BELANDRE, bå-lendr, s. f. bilander.

BELLENENT, e, adj. bleating. BELLENENT, bel-men, s. m. bleating.

BÉLEMNITE, s. f. belemnites (sort of f-seil.)
BÉLER, bè-là, v. n. to bleat.
BÉLIER, bè-lèt, s. f. weasel.
BÉLIER, bà-lià, s. m. ram; battering ram;

BELIERE, ba-fl-er, s. f. ring upon which the

bell-clapper hangs

BELLITRAILLE, s. f. gang of scoundrels.
BELLTRE, s. m. rascal, rogue, scoundrel.
BELLE, V. Beau.

BELLE-DE-NUIT, s. f. great night shade, jalap. Belle-de-jour, s. f. day-lily.

BELLEMENT, adv. softly, gingerly. Il va bellement en tout ce qu'il fait, he goes on fair and softly, he acts with deliberation.

BELLIGERANT, E, bêl-li-zâ-rên, rênt, adj.

belligerent, at war.

BELLIQUEU-X, sE, bel-Il-keu, keuz, adj. warlike, martial, valiant.

*Bellissime, adj. very fine, superfine. Bellone, s. f. Bellona.

BELLOT, TE, adj. pretty.
BELOEDER, s. m. fine green plant without flowers, called by some the toad-flax.

BELOUSE, V. Blouse. BELVEDER, bêl-vå-dèr, or Belvédère, s. m. belvedere, a plant. Belveder, sort of terrace; also, belvidere, turret, pavilion on the top of a house; and the plant described at Béloder.

Bi-mol, ba-mol, s. m. B flat (in musick.)

BÉMOLISE, E, adj. marked with a flat.

BEN or BECHEN or BRHEN, s. m. behen or ben. A tree of Arabia, the nut of whose fruit yields an oil much used by perfumers. Benalbum, s. m. sort of lychnis.

BÉNÉDICITÉ, bå-nå-dl-sl-tå, s. m. grace

before dinner or supper.

BENEDICTE, s. m. benedict, electary. BENEDICTIN, s. m. monk of the order of St. Benedict.

Bénédictine, s. f. benedictine nun.

BENEDICTION, ba-na-dik-slow, s. f. bless-

BEFFROI, bå-frwå, a. m. belfry, watch- ing, benediction; favour, grace; consecra-wer, steeple; also alarm-bell. Ce nom est en benediction à tout le

monde, that name is blessed by every body.

BÉNÉFICE, ba-na-fls, s. m. benefice, living. Bénéfice simple, sinecure. Bénéfice, benefit, privilege; benefit, profit, advantage, emolu-ment. Bénéfice de ventre, looseness, moderate looseness. Attendre le bénéfice du temps, to wait for an opportunity.

BENEFICENCE, s. m. beneficence, bounty,

BENÉFICIAIRE, ba-na-fl-sièr, adj. Ex. héritier bénéficiaire, one who inherits without being obliged to pay the debts of the deceased. BENEFICIAL, E, ba-na-fl-slal, adj. belonging or relating to a benefice

BENEFICIER, ba-na-fl-sla, s. m. beneficed man, one that has a benefice, an incumbent, BERRT, be-ne, adj. & s. m. sottish, silly,

doltish; sot, booby, simpleton, blockhead.

BENEVOLE, ba-na-vol, adj. kind, friendly.

BENGALE, s. m. Bengal.

BENI, E, adj. blessed, praised. V. Bénit. BENIGNE, V. Benin.

BÉNIGNEMENT, bå-nign-men, adv. kindly. courteously.

BENIGHITE, ba-nl-gni-ta, s. f. benignity, goodness, bounty, humanity, kindness.

BÉN-1N, 1GNE, adj. genile, benign, kind, favourable, courteous, humane, good-natured. BENJOIN, s. m. benzoin, Benjamin (a gum.)
BÉNIR, ba-nir, v. a. to bless or praise, give

solemn thanks; to consecrate; to wish good; to prosper. Bénir la table, to say grace, bless the table.

BÉNIT, E, adj. blessed, praised; consecrated, holy. Eau bénite de cour, court holywater, fair empty words, mere promises.

BENITIER, ba-nl-tla, s. m. pot or vessel for

holy water.
"BENOIT, E, adj. blessed, holy, sanctified.

Bénoitement, adv. with a sanctified look. BEQUILLARD, s. m. one that walks on

crutches, or with a stick.

BEQUILLE, ba-kll, s. f. walking-stick made crutch-like, a crutch

Béquilles, s. f. pl. Mar. legs or shoars (used to support sharp built vessels when laid

aground.)
BÉQUILLER, v. n. to walk with a crutch o crutches

Bequiller, v. a. to dig weeds up with a trowel. BÉQUILLON, s. m. little leaf ending in a

BERCAIL, ber-kal, s. m. sneep-fold. Le bercail de l'église, the pale of the church. BERCE, s. m. a little bird that lives in

BERCE, 3, in a little blut that aves at woods; a sort of plant.

BERCE, z, adj. rocked, etc. V. Bercer.

BERCEAU, berso, s. m. cradle; arbour, bower; vault. Des le berceau, from the cradle, from one's infancy or tender age, from a child. Etouffer l'hérèsie dans son berceau, to

stifle heresy in its birth.

Bercer, ber-sh, v. a. to rock a cradle, to lull or amuse. Fai eté bercé de cela, I have heard it over and over.

Se bercer, v. r. to feed or flatter, or lull one's self. Il se berce de ses propres chimères, he feeds himself with his own chimeras.

BERCHE, s. f. Mar. A small newly cast li brass-cannon.

base, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

tapestry
BERGAMOTE, bergamot, s. f. bergamot,
BERGE, s. f. high or steep beach, strand or
bank of a river; barge.

BERGER, ber-za, s. m. shepherd; lover, swain; the happy or critical moment, the yielding moment

Bergère, bêr-zèr, s. f. shepherdess; nymph,

BERGERETTE, s. f. liquor made of wine and honey, cenomeli.

BERGERIE, berz-ri, s. f. sheep-fold. Ber-

geries, pastorals.

BERGERONNETTE, berz-rô-net, s. f. wagtail. Little shepherdess, country-lass.

BERIL, s. m. beryl, a precious stone.

BERLINE, ber-lin, s. f. berlin (sort of coach.)

BERLINGOT, s. m. chariot after the berlin fashion.

BERLU-BERLU, s. m. blunder-buss or

hair-brained fellow.

BERLUE, ber-lu, s. f. dimness of sight, daz-zling. Avoir la berlue, to be dim-sighted, see double. Donner la berlue, to dazzle.

BERME, s. f. berm, covered way or way four feet wide between the foot of the rampart and the ditch

BERNABLE, adj. that deserves to be tossed in a blanket or laughed at.

BERNACLE, s. f. a barnacle, shell-fish. BERNARDIN, s. m. Bernardine monk.

Bernardine, s. f. Bernardine nun.
BERNE, bern, s. f. toss or tossing in a blanket.
Berne, Mar. waft or west. Hisse le pavillon en berne, hoist the ensign in a west.

Mettre le pavillon en berne, to hoist the ensign in a west (a signal of distress, or for absent boats or men to come on board.)

BERNEMENT, bern-men, s. m. tossing in a blanket.

BERNER, ber-na, v. a. to toss in a blanket; also, to laugh at, ridicule, make a fool of.

BERNEUR, ber-neur, s. m. one that tosses another in a blanket.

BERNIESQUE, adj. & s. m. Berni, poëte Italien, fut l'inventeur du Berniesque. Berni, an Raiwa poet, invented a style which approaches the burlesque, but is rather more elaborate.

BERNIQUET, s. m. beggary. Envoyer quelqu'un au berniquet, to beggar one. Aller au berniquet, to be at an ill pass.

BERT, s. m. Mar. cradle.

BERTHELOT, s. m. Mar. prow (of lateen vessels.)

BESACE, be-zas, s. f. wallet, bag with two ouches to it. Mettre quelqu'un à la besace, pouches to it. to beggar one, bring or reduce him to beggar ry Etre à la besace, to be extremely poor.

BESACIER, be-za-sia, s. m. one who car-

ries a wallet, beggar.

BESAIGRE, be-zegr, adj. sourish (said of

wine which runs low or draws towards the dregs.)
BESAIGUE, be-ze-gd, s. f. twy-bill.

BESANT, s. m. besant, sort of ancient money. (In heraldry) a round piece of gold or silver.

BESI, s. m. Celtick and generical name of several kinds of pears, to which the name of

BERGAME, ber-gam, s. f. ordinary sort of || the country is added from which they have been taken. Hence Besi d'Heri, Besi de La motte, Besi Chacemontel, etc. Besicles, be-zikl, s. f. pl. barnacles, spec

tacles.

Besogne, be-zogn, s. f. piece of work, bu-siness, labour. Donner de la besogne à quelqu'un, lui tailler de la besogne, to cut out work for one, create him trouble

*Besognen, v. n. to work.
Besogn, be-zwiz, s. m. need, want, lack, indigence, necessity. Avoir besoin de, to want, need, lack, stand in need of. Qu'est-il besoin d'en parler davantage? to what purpose so many words? Autant qu'il est besoin, as much as is needful. Il n'est pas besoin que vous veniez, you need not come, it is not necessary for you to come. Faire ses besoins. to do one's needs.

*BESSON, NE, adj. twin.

BESTIACE or BESTIASSE, s. f. ninny, simpleton.

BESTIARE, bes-tier, s. m. one that was (at Rome) exposed to wild beasts or that fought with them.

BESTIAL, E, bes-tial, adj. bestial, beastly. brutish.

BESTIALEMENT, bes-tal-men, adv. beastly, like a beast, brutishly.

BESTIALITE, bes-tla-fl-ta, s. f. bestiality,

beastliness. BESTIAUX, bes-tio, s. m. pl. cattle. V. Be--

tail BESTIOLE, bes-tiol, s. f. little beast, living

creature, insect: also little simpleton.

Bestions, bestion, s. m. pl. wild-beasts. Tupisserie de bestions, tapestry of wild beasts. Bestion, Mar. beak (because it generally bears the figure of some animal.

BETA, s. m. fool, simpleton, ninny.

BYTA, s. m. 1001, simpleton, namy. Cra
gros béta, a great fool.

BYTAII, bê-tâl, s. m. cattle. V. Bestiaux.

BYTE, bêt, s. f. beast, brute: a game like
loo; silly fellow, silly woman, blockhead;
lôte fauve) deer; lôte noire) wild boar. Bête
épaulée, disabled man or beast; also whore,
crack. C'est une méchante bête, c'est une bonne. ble, he is a cunning fellow or a notable blade, or she is a cunning gipsy. Faire labele, to be loosed or beasted.

BETEL, s. m. betel, a plant.

BETELMENT, bet-men, adv. like a beast,

BÉTIER, be-tiers, suv. like a Desis, foolishly, stupidly.
BÉTIE, bè-tie, s. f. folly, foolishness, dulness, stupidity, blockishness.
BÉTOINE, ba-twan, s. f. betony (a plant.) BETON, s. m. kind of mortar, which petri

fies in the earth. BETTE, bet, s. f. beet.

BETTERAVE, bet-rav, s. f. red beet. Un

nez de betterave, a great red nose. BÉTYLE, s. m. kind of stone of which the most ancient idols were made.

BEUGLEMENT, beugl-men, s. m. bellowing, lowing.

BEUGLER, beu-gla, v. n. to bellow, low.
BEURRE, beur, s. m. butter. Jy sais pour
mon beurre, it cost me sauce, I paid dear for it.

BEURRÉ, E, beu-rå, adj. buttered. BEURRÉ, beu-rå, s. m. butter-pear. BEURRÉE, s. f. slice of bread and butter BEURRER, beu-ra, v. a. to butter

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

BEURRIER, beu-ria, s. m. butter-man. Beurrière, beu-rier, s. f. butter-woman. Des auteurs à beurrières, Grub-street writers.

BÉVUE, bå-vå, s. f. oversight, mistake, error, blunder.

BEY, ba, s. m. Bey (Turkish governor.) BÉZESTAN, s. m. public market (in Tur-

BEZOARD, s. m. bezoar.
BIAIS, ble, s. m. slope, bias; way, manner, course. Il s'y prend du bon biais, he goes the right way to work. Je ne me soucie pas de quel bais vous le prenez, take it how you wil, I do not care. Jui bien de la joie de vous voir prendre si bon biais à votre dessein, I am very glad to see your design go on so successfully.

De binis (de travers) adv. slanting, sloping, aslope, across,

BIAISEMENT, s. m. the moving in an oblique or sloping direction; also, shift, fetch,

evesion.

Biaiser, blê-zâ, v. n. to go slanting or sloping, lean; to use shifts or evasions, shift, play fast and loose. C'est un homme qui biaise, he is a shuffler or shifting fellow.

Biaiseur, blê-zêur, s. m. shuffler.

Biaiseur, blê-zêur, s. m. shuffler.

Biberon, ne, bib-ron, ron, s. m. & f. to-

per, wine-hibber, tippler, guzzler; also lip or spout (of a cruet or any drinking vessel.) BIBLE, bibl, s.f. bible, holy writ, scripture. BIBLEGGRAPHE, bl-bliograf, s. m. bibliographer; connoisseur in books and ancient

manuscripts. BIBLIOGRAPHIE, bi-bild-gra-fl, s. f. bibliography; knowledge of books and ancient manuscripts.

BIBLIOMANE, s. m. & f. one that is mad after books.

BIBLIOMANIE, s. f. bookishness; extravagant fondness for books.

BIBLIOTAPHE, s. m. he that shows his books to nobody.

BIBLIOTHÉCAIRE, bi-blid-te-ker, s. m. librarian.

BIBLIOTHÈQUE, bl-blid-têk, s. f. library. book-case, selection of pieces from various

*BIBUS, s. m. thing of no value, of no consequence. Un poete de bibus, a paltry or sorry poet, a poetaster. C'est une affaire de bibus, it is an affair of no consequence.

BICEPS, s. m. bicipital muscle.

BICETRE, s. m. roguish or unlucky boy; also, a house of correction in France

BICHE, bish, s. f. hind, (female of the stag.)
BICHET, bishe, s. m. measure helding about two Parisian bushels.

Вісно, s. m. a sort of worm which is bred under the skin and causes great pain.

BICHON, NE, bl-shon, shon, s.m. & f. lapdog. BICIOS, V. Bicho.

BICOQUE, bl-kök, s. f. little paltry town.
BIDET, bl-de, s. m. tit, little nag, pony, calloway, post-horse; (meuble de garder the) biddy.

BIDON, bl-don, s. m. can, tin-pot. BIDOT, s. m. Mar. Ex. A bidot, aback or to windward of the mast, speaking of a lateen sail, etc.

Bien, blen, s. m. good, benefit, advantage, interest; pleasure, happiness, satisfaction, felicity blessing benefit kindness, favour, good blessed in heaven

turn or office; estate, means, substance, riches; virtue, goodness, probity Les biens de la terre, the goods or fruits of the earth. Profune le bien de Dieu, to abuse God's creatures. Un homme de bien, a good or honest tures. Un homme de bien, a good or honest man. Une femme de bien, a good or virtuous woman. Les gens de bien, good people. Qui bien fera bien trouvera, do well and have well. Dire du bien de quelqu'un, to speak well of one. Vouloir du bien à quelqu'un, to wish one well. Expliquer en bien une chose, to put a favourable construction upon a thing, give it a favourable sense. Cela ne me touche ni en bien ni en mal, it does not concern me either one way or another. Il sent son bien, he looks like a gentleman.

like a gentleman.

BIEN, adv. well, right, very, very much; fain, willingly; quite, full; indeed. Parler bien Français, to speak good French. Je servois bien sot de le croire, I should be a great fool to believe it. Il a été bien examiné, he was strictly examined. Je vois bien que je moderne moise I clearly see I shall lose un seine I clearly see I shall lose un was strictly examined. So vois then que, perdrai ma peine, I clearly see I shall lose my labour. Voilà bien de quoi faire tunt le brave! a great matter indeed to be so proud of! Ou bien, or else, otherwise. Oui bien, well and good. Bien loin, a great way off. Bien loin de me louer, il me blame, he is so far from praising that he blames me. Si bien que, so that. Bien que, though, although.

Bien, with du, de la, de l', des, before a substantive, and de before an adjective, is rendered by much or many, a great deal, etc. Ex. Bien du monde, many people; bien de la peine, much or a great deal of trouble; bien de l'argent, much money; bien des livres, may books; bien des femmes, many women or many a woman.

Bien with the verb Vouloir expresses consent. Allez, je le veux bien, Go, I consent. Veuillez bien nous envoyer, be good enough or

so good as to send us; etc.

Bien is often also redundant, and although it gives some additional force to the French expression, it is not rendered in English. Ex. Je puis bien vous assurer, I can assure you.

BIEN-AIMÉ, E, blê-nê-mâ, adj. beloved,

well beloved.

BIEN-DIRE, blen-dir, s. m. affected display of eloquence or language.
BIEN-DISANT, E, blen-dl-zen, zent, adj.

well spoken, eloquent; that speaks well of.

BIEN-ETRE, ble-netr, s. m. well being.

Tout le monde cherche son bien-être, every one

endeavours to be in easy circumstances BIENFAICTEUR, BIENFAICTRICE, V. Bi

enfaiteur. BIENFAISANCE, blen-fe-zens, s. f. benevo

lence, readiness or disposition to oblige. BIENFAISANT, E, blen-fe-zen, zent, adj. beneficent, obliging, gracious, kind, good, boun-tiful, benevolent.

BIENFAIT, blen-se, s. m. benefit, savour, kindness, good turn or office, pleasure, cour

BIEN-FAIT, E, adj. well made, handsome, beautiful.

BIENFAITEUR, blen-fe-teur, s.f.benefactor. BIENFAITRICE, blen-fe-tris. s C. benefactress.

BIENHEUREU-X, SE, ble-neu-ren, adj. hap , blessed. Les bienheureux, s. m pl. the base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurro : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

BIENNAL, E, adj. biennial, continuing two [

BIERSÉANCE, blen-sa-ens, s. f. decency, decorum, seemliness, propriety; conveniency or convenience. La Flandre est à la biense-ance du roi de France, Flanders stauds very

convenient for the king of France.

BIENSEANT, E, blen-sa-en, ent, adj. decent, comely, fitting, convenient, seemly, becoming. BIEN-TENANT, E, adj. & s. possessor, land-

holder.

BIEN-TUT, blen-to, adv. shortly, soon.

BIENVEILLANCE, blen-ve-lens, s. f. goodwill, love, kindness, benevolence, favour; free gift, gratuity.
BIENVEILLANT, E, blen-ve-len, lent, adj.

well-wishing, benevolent.

BIENVENU, E, blên-vê-nû, nû, adj. wel-

BIENVENUE, s. f. welcome. Payer sa bienvenue, to pay one's entrance or initiation. Bienvenue, garnish, garnish-money (required Birr, ber, s. f. beer; coffin.
Birr, bevr, s. m. beaver.

BIEZ, s. m. pipe or canal out of which the

waters fall upon the wheel of a mill.

BIFFER, bl-få, v. a. to cancel, scratch or

blot out.

BIFURCATION, s. f. bifurcation, forking, BIGAME, bi-gam, adj. and s. m. & f. twice married, who has had two husbands or wives successively; oftener who is married to two at one time.

BIGAMIE, bl-ga-mi, s. f. bigamy or second marriage; oftener the being married to two at

BIGARADE, bl-gà-rad, s. f. Seville orange

or kind of sour orange.

BIGARRÉ, E, adj. variegated, etc.

BIGARREAU, bl-ga-ro, s. m. red or white hard cherry.

BIGARREAUTIER, bi-ga-ro-tla, s. m. red or white hard cherry-tree.

BIGARRER, bl-ga-ra, v. a. to variegate,

speckle, checker.

BIGARRURE, bl-ga-rur, s. f. variety or diversity of colours, medley, motley piece.

BIGE, s. f. chariot drawn by two horses.

BIGLE, blgle, s. m. beagle.

BIGLE, adj. squint-eyed, that has a cast with his eyes

BIGLER, bl-gla, v. n. to squint.
*BIGNE, s. f. bump in the fore head.
BIGNET, V. Beignet.

BIGORNE, bl-gorn, s. f. bickern. BIGORNEAU, s. m. little sort of anvil.

BIGORNER, v. a. to round upon a sort of

awil, called a bickern.
Bicor, z, bl-gô, gôt, adj. & s. m. & f.
bigot of bigoted person, hypocrite.

Bigot de
racage, Mar. parrel-rib.

BIGOTERIE, bl-got-ri, s. f. bigotry, super-stition, hypocrisy. Donner dans la bigoterie,

to turn bigot or devotee.

BIGOTISME, bl-gd-tism, s. m. character of a bigot.

BIGUER, v. a. to chop, make an exchange, barter, swap, truck.

BIGUES, S. f. pl. Mar. sheers.

BIHOUAC, V. Rivovac.

BIJOU. bl-rdo, s. m. jewel, trinket, a little

pretty house or box. Bijos, jewel, any thing that is beautiful or excellent in its kind.

BIJOUTERIE, bl-zdot-rl, s. f. toys, jewels,

jewelry, trinkets, trade or business of those who deal in jewels.

BIJOUTIER, bl-zoo-tia, s. m. jeweller: one fond of trinkets or toys

BILAN, bl-len, s. m. balance account.
BILEOQUET, bil-bo-ke, s. m. cup and ball,
stick hollowed at both ends, with a line in the middle, on which hangs a ball for children to play with.

BILE, bil, s. f. bile, choler; passion, anger, wrath; gall. Bile noire, choler, adust melancholy. Faire bien de la bile, to void much

choler.

choier.

BILIAURE, bl-lê-èr, adj. biliary, bilious.

BILIAURE, sle, bl-lê-èu, èux, adj. bilious, cholerick, full of choler, hippista, passionate.

BILL, s. m. bill (in the English Parliament.)

BILLARD, bl-lâr, s. m. billiards; also biliards; and billiard sless.

liard-stick, and billiard-table. Billard, Mar. billiard.

BILLARDER, bl-far-da, v. n. to strike a

ball twice, or to strike two balls together.

BILLE, bl., s. f. billiard-ball, also marble, taw, and rolling pin. Faire me bille, to hazard a ball. Bille d'enballeur, packer's stick. BILLEBARKER, V. Bigarrer.

BILLEBAUDE, s. f. confusion, harlyburly.

A la billebauds, confusedly.
BILLER, bl-la, v. a. to pack up close with a stick; also to prepare paste with a rolling-Biller les chevaux pour tirer un bateau, to set horses to tow a boat.

BILLET, bl-le, s. m. bill, note, ticket; note, billet or letter. Billet doux, short love-letter,

billet-doux.

BILLETER, v. a. to ticket or label (goods.) BILLETTE, s. f. sign made barrel-like, and

set up at a toll-gate.

BILLEVESÉE, bl/-vê-zå, s. f. idle story, trash, stuff.

BILLION, s. m. a thousand million.

BILLION, bl-lon, s. m. gold or silver below
the standard; also base coin, and place where base coin is melted down.
BILLONNAGE, bl-10-naz, s. m. trade of circu-

lating or putting off bad money.

BILLONNEMENT, s. m. the act of putting off bad money.

BILLONNER, bi-lo-na, v. a. to circulate or

put off bad money.
BILLONNEUR, bl-/6-neur, s. m. he that circulates or puts of bad money

BILLOT, bi-lo, s. m. block, log; wedge; stick tied across a dog's neck.

BIMBELOT, s. m. play-thing, toy.

BIMBELOTIER, s. m. toy-man, one that keeps a toy-shop.

BINAGE, s. m. saying mass twice in one day; second ploughing.

BINAIRE, bl-ner, adj. binary.

BINARD, s. m. a sort of great cart for tim-

BINEMENT, bin-men, s. m. the digging or

delving or ploughing the ground over again.

Biner, bl-na, v. a. to dig again, to ten u up
the ground a second time. To say mass twice in one day.

BINET, bi-ne, s. m. a save-all. Faire binet, to make use of a save-all, stick the end of a bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, land. mood, good.

BINI, s. m. a monk companion.

BINOCIE, hi-noki, s. m. kind of double prospective glass, i. e. for both eyes at once.

BIOGRAPHE, bl-d-graf, s m biographer. BIOGRAPHE, bl-d-graf, s f. biography. BIPEDAL, E, adj. bipedal, that measures

BIPEDE, bi-ped, adj. & s. biped, that has two feet.

BIQUE, bik, s. f. she-gont. BIQUET, bi ke, s. m. kid, also sort of money scale.

BIQUETER, bik-tå, v. n. to kid, bring forth

BIRAMBROT, s. m. beverage made with

beer, sugar, and nutmeg.
BIREME, bl-rem, s. f. ancient vessel with two banks of oars on each side.

BIRETTE, s.f. kind of cap worn by Jesuits during their probation.

BIRIBI, s. m. sort of game of hazard.
BIRLOIR, s. m. sort of screw to keep up the sash of a window.

Bis, E, bl, blz, adj. brown (speaking of bread and dough.) Une femme bise, a brown woman, a wainscot face.

Bis, bis, (latin) encore, again, repeat. Bisage, s. m. second dying of cloth.

BISATEUL, bî-zâ-yêul, s. in. great grand-

Bisateule, s. f. great grand-mother.
BISANNUEL, LE, adj. biennial (said of plants.)

-BISBILLE, s. f. quarrel, dissension (for triles.)

BISCAYE, s. f. Biscay

BISCAYEN, NE, adj. Biscayan, of Biscay. BISCAYENNE, s. f. Mar. Biscayan or a Biscay barcalonga.

Bisconsu, E, bis-kor-no, no, adj. crooked, odd, crabbed.

BISCOTIN, bis-ko-tin, s. m. sort of sweet biscult.

BISCUIT, bis-kul, s. m. biscuit.

BISE, s. f. or vent de bise, s. m. north wind. Bise, penny or half-penny loaf. See also Bis, adj.

HISEAU, bl-zo, s. m. kissing-crust; slopingcut; stop (of an organ.) Bezel (of a ring.)
Biseaux (in printing.) the wedges which fasten the pages of a form.

BISER, v. a. & n. to dye a second time; to

grow brown, (as grain.)
BISET, bl-ze, s. m. stock-dove, wood-pigeon. BISETTE, bl-zet, s. f. footing, narrow lace of small value, edging.
BISETTIÈRE, s. f. woman that makes foot-

ing or narrow lace.
BISEUR, s. m. dyer.

BISMUTH, s. m. bismuth, (mineral.)

Bason, s. m. buffalo, wild ox.

BISQUAIN, s. m. sheep's-skin with the wool

BISQUE, bisk, sort of rich soup; odds at tennis.

BISSAC, bi-sak, s. m. little wallet. Réduire

au bissac, to beggar, bring to poverty.

BISSE, s. f. (in heraldry,) sort of serpent. BISSEXTE, bi-sekst, s. m. additional day in

leap-year.
Bissertil, z, bi-seks-tit, adj. Ex. Pan Missextil on l'année bissextile, leap-year, bissex-

Bistoquet, bîs-tô-kê, s. m. large billiardstick to prevent striking the ball twice.

BISTORTE, s. f. bistort, snake-weed.

BISTOURI, bis-too-ri, s. m. bistoury

BISTOURNÉ, E, adj. ex. Un cheral bistourné, a horse whose genitals have been twisted.

BISTOURNER, bis-toor-na, v. a, to twist the genitals, so as to make them unfit for genera-

BISTRE, s. f. bistre.

BITORD, s. m. spun-yarn, small kind of cord. Faire du bitord, to spin spun-yarn.
BITTER le cable, v. a. Mar. to bit or bitt the

cable.

BITTES, s. f. pl. Mar. bits or bitts. Bittes lattérales du vindus, carrick bits.
BITTONS, s. m. pl. Mar. top-sail sheet bits, knight-heads, kevel-heads.

BITTURE, s. f. Mar. bitter or range (of the cables, etc.) Prendre une bitture or faire-bitture, to get up a range of the cable.

BITUME, bl-tam, s. m. bitumen.

BITUMINEU-X, SE, bî-tû-mî-nêu, nêuz, adi. bituminous.

BIVALVE, s. f. bivalve.

BIVIAIRE, s. m. meeting of two roads. BIVOIE, s. f. place where two roads meet, parting of a road

BIVOUAC, bi-vak, s. m. extraordinary night guard for the security of a camp.

BIZARRE, bi-zar, adj. odd, fantastical, humorsome, extravagant, whimsical; strange. extraordinary.

BIZARRE, s. m. & f. whimsical or fantasti-

cal person.

BIZARREMENT, bl-zar-men, adv. oddly,

BIZARRERIE, bl-zar-rl, s. f. fantasticalness, fantastical humour, caprice, extravagance, oddness, variety.

BIZERT, s. m. sort of bird of passage BLAFARD, E, blå-får, fård, adj. pale, wan.

bleak.

BLAICHE, adj. slothful. BLAIREAU, ble-ro, s. m. badger. BLAMABLE, bla-mabl, adj. blameable, reprehensible.

BLAME, blam, s. m. blame, imputation, re-proach. Jeter la blame sur un cadre, to lay the fault upon another.

BLAMER, bla-ma, v. a. to blame, find fault with; to reprimand

BLAN-c, CHE, blen, blensh, adj. white; clean. Un écu blanc, a crown, a crown-piece. cream. Unever transc, a crown, a crowns-prece.
Argent blanc, momonic blanche, silver; cheveux blancs, grey hairs. Les fleurs blanches
(de femmes) the whites (in women.) Cartes
blanches, blank, any card except the court
cards. Avoir cartes blanches, to have none
but small cards. V. Carte. Blanc-manger,
white and dainty dish made of almonds, jelly,
etc. Fer blanc in Billet blanc (of latery) etc. Fer blanc, tin. Billet blanc (of lottery,) blank. Gelée blanche, white hoar frost. Enée blanche, naked sword. Faire une chose à bis et à blanc, to do a thing by hook or by crook. Avoir les pieds blancs, to be privileged, be much in favour; armes blanches, swords, halberds, etc. (in opposition to fire-arms.)

BLANC, s. m. white, white colour; blank, mark to shoot at; old cein worth five deniers.

Blanc or Blanc-signé or Blanc-seing, blank or blank-paper, a blank; break, blank, whatbase, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cêst, liên : vis : mos : brus.

ing. Chapeau en blanc, hat not dyed. Livre en blanc, book in sheets. Blanc à l'huile, white

RLE

BLANC-BEC, s. m. a novice, an inexperienced youth.

BLANCHAILLE, blen-shel, s. f. small white

fish, young fry.
BLANCHÂTRE, bles-shatr, adj. whitish,

somewhat white, inclining to white.

BLANCHE, blensh, s. f. minim in music. V.

BLANCHEMENT, blessh-inen, adv. cleanly. BLANCHERIE, V. Blanchisserie.

BLANCHET, s. m. blanket of a printing

BLANCHEUR, blèn-shèur, s. f. whiteness. BLANCHI, E, adj. whitened, whited, washed, made white or clean.

BLANCHIMENT, blen-shi-men, s. whitening of linen cloth; also wash (to whiten silver.)

BLANCHIR, blen-shir, v. a. to whiten, make white; to white-wash; to bleach; to blanch; to wash, make clean; to plane, so polish. Blanchir une personne, to clear the reputation of one. Blanchir, v. n. to whiten, to grow white; to grow grey headed, old or hoary; to foam; to graze, touch lightly, make no impression, be ineffectual.

BLANCHISSAGE blen-shi-saz,s. m. washing. BLANCHISSANT, E, adj. growing white of grey. Jame blanchissant, whitish yellow.

BLANCHISSERIE, blen-shis-ri, s. f. whitenng yard or field. Blanchisseur, blên shî-sêur, s. m. whitster.

Blanchisseuse, blen-shl-seuz, s. f. laundress, washer-woman.

*BLANDICES, s. f. pl. flattery.

BLANQUE, blenk, s. f. sort of game with

blanks and prizes; blank, nothing.

BLANQUETTE, blen-ket, s. f. delicate sort of white wine; also sort of small beer, white

or writes wine; asso sort or small reef, white fricasses, and a sort of pear called Blanket.

BLASER, v. a. (specking of the effects of ardent spirits) to impair, consume, burn up; it is also found used in the sense of to surfeit, hence, blase sur, surfeited with. Se blaser, blase, v. r. to ruin one's constitution or impair

one's health by hard drinking.

BLASON, bla-zon, s. m. blazon, heraldry; blazon arms, coat of arms, achievement; blazon, praise.

BLASONNEMENT, s. m. blazonry. BLASONNER, bla-zò-na, v. a. to blazon a set of arms. To blacken, defame, traduce. coat of arms. BLASORNEUR, s. m. one who writes on

heraldry; blazoner. Blasphémateur, blas-få-må-teur, s. m.

blasphemer BLASPHÉMATOIRE, blas-få-må-twar, adj.

blasphemous.

BLASPHENER, blassem, s. f. blasphemy.
BLASPHENER, blassem, v. a. & n. to
blaspheme, revile God or sacred things.

BLATIER, blà-là, s. m. grain-merchant.
BLE or BLED, blà, s. m. grain, wheat.
Blé or BLED, blà, s. m. grain, wheat.
Blé-froment, corn, wheat.
Blé-seigle, rye.
Grands-blés, wheat and rye.
Petits-blés, oats and barley.
Blé-méteil, mixed grain, (half wheat and half rye.)
Blé de Turquie or d'Inde, Maize, Indian corn.
Blé noir or sar razin, buck wheat. Manger son ble en herbe, to spend one's rents before they are due.

BLECHE, adj & s. weak, irresolute man.

BLEIME, s. f. Bleyme, (a bruise in the foot.) BLEME, blem, adj. pale, wan, bleak.
BLEME, blemhr, v. n. to grow pale.
BLEMISSEMENT, s. m. paleness, tarning

BLESSÉ, E, adj. hurt, wounded, etc. Blessé

du cerveau, crack-brained. Blessé d'amour, smitten in love

BLESSER, ble-sh, v. a. to hurt or wound; to damage; to offend; to wound or blemish; to hurt. Mes souliers me blessent, my shoes pinch me. Blesser le respect que l'on doit à quelqu'un, to break in upon the respect due to Ceci blesse la charité, this is repugnant to charity.

Se blesser, v. r. to hurt one's self, wound one's self, etc. S'entre-blesser, to wound one auother, to miscarry, to be offended, take ill. BLESSURE, ble-shr, s. f. hurt, wound, bruise,

offence, injury.

BLET, TE, adj. half rotten.

BLETTE, s. f. blit or blits (a pot-herb.)

BLEU, z, bleu, adj. blue.
BLEU, s. m. blue, sky-colour.
BLEUATRE, bleu-atr, adj. bluish.
BLEUET, V. Bluet.
BLEUER, bleu-ar, v. a. to make blue.

BLIN. s. m. Mar. sort of rammer. BLINDE, s. f. blind (to cover trenches.)

BLINDER, v. a. to cover trenches with

blinds or faggots.
Bloc,blok,s. m. block, unwrought piece of marble or stone; whole lump. Faire an marché en bloc et en tâche, to take by the lump.

BLOCAGE, blo-kåz, s. m. BLOCAILLE, s. f. rubbish, shards, rough, ragged stones, pieces of stones to fill up walls with. Misraille de blocage, rough wall; (with printers) one letter put for another.

BLOCUS, blo-kas, s. m. blockade. Mettre

blocos, blo-rus, s. ii. blockade. Meare le blocus d'une place, to blockade a place.

BLOND, E, blon, blond, adj. fair, light, flaxen.

BLOND, S. m. fair or light colour. Un beau. blond, lively fair colour. Blond dore, flaxen, light yellowish colour.

BLONDE, s. f. fair woman; blond-lace.

BLONDIN; s. m. flaxen haired young man; also gallant, beau, spark. BLONDINE, s. f. flaxen haired young wo

man or girl.

BLONDIR, blon-dir, v. n. to grow light or fair. BLOQUER, blo-ka, v. a. to block up; to fall with rubbish and mortar; (at billiards) to drive hard into the hazard; (in printing) to use an inverted letter, when the letter required is not in the case.

BLOT, s. m. Mar. instrument serving to measure the way a ship makes, log-line; (in falconry) stick on which the bird rests.

BLOTTIR, (SE) se-blo-tir, v. r. to squat, lie squat, lie close to the ground.

BLOUSE, blooz, s. f. hazard in a billiard table. BLOUSER, bloo-za, v. a. to throw into the hazard. Se blouser, v. r. to mistake, be in the wrong box.

BLOUSSE, s. f. short wool which can only be carded.

BLUET, blå-ê, s. m. blue-bottle.
BLUETTE, blå-êt, s. f. little spark (of fire.) BLUTEAU, s. m. bolter or bolting-cloth, (for flour, etc.) BLUTER, bld-th, v a. to bolt, sift.

bar, sat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : moed, good.

BLUTERIE, blut-ri, s. f. bolting-room.

BLUTOIR, s. m. V. Bluteau. BOBECHE, bo-besh, s. f. socket (of a can-

dlestick.) BOBINE, bô-bin, s. f. bobbin, quill (to wind

silk. etc.) Вовінки, bo-bi-na, v. a. to wind upon a bobbin.

*Boso, bò-bò, s. m. a small ailment or hurt.

BOCAGE, bo-kaz, s. m. grove. BOCAGER, E, bo-l'a-zh, zer, adj. frequenting or living in woods or groves, rural.

Numphes boccgeres, wood-nymphs.

Bocal, bo-kal, s. m. sort of jug or bottle

with a short neck and large mouth; a sort of round crystal or white glass bottle which some artists fill with water and use as a help to the

sight; mouth-piece (of a musical instrument.)
BOETE, V. Botte.
BOEUF, beuf, s. m. ox. Bosuf saninge,
wild ox. Bosuf or chair de bortf, beef. Langue de bouf, neat's tongue. Bouf, beef. Langue de bouf, neat's tongue. Bouf, blockhead. booby, dull fellow.

Boheme, bwem, s. f. Bohemia.

Boheme, Bohemien, Bohemiene,

Bohème, Bohémien, Bohémienne, bwe-mien, mien, s. m. & f. Bohemian; also

BOIRE, bwar, v. a. to drink; to drink spiris intemperately, love drinking; to suck in or imbibe; to put up with. Tu as fatt la folie, c'est à toi à la boire, as you have brewed, so you must drink; thou hast played the fool, it is fit thou shouldst suffer for it. Faire boire une peau dans la rivière, to soak a skin in the river.

BOIRE, s. m. drink, drinking.

Bois, bwa, s. m. a wood, forest; wood; shoot, young branch; (of der) head or horns. Le sacré bois de la croix, le bois de la vraie croix, the tree or cross on which our Saviour treux, the tree or cross on which our Salvolus suffered. Bois de charperte, timber. Bois taillis, copse or underwood. Bois de lit, bedstead. Bois de tourne-broche, wood-work of a turn-spit. Je sais de queb bois il se chauffe, I know his way, I know his kidney. Il ne sait but de graph bois first flekhe he does ned know the charge of the sait book of the sait boo plus de quel bois faire stèche, he does not know which way to turn himself. Trouver visage de bois, to find the door shut. Bois, Mar. (in general) wood or timber. Bois de cedre, cedar; bois de chêne, oak; bois de chêne vert, live-oak; hois de gayac, lignum vitæ; bois de hêtre, beech; bois d'ormeau, elm; bois de sapin, fir; bois de construction, or bois de charpente, timber; bois droit or bois de haute futaie, straight timber; bois courbans, compass timber; bois d'arrimage, fathom-timber or fathom wood; bois de chauffage, fuel or fire-wood, furze, faggots; bois de remplissage, dead wood; bois de mem-brure, crooked timber; (fit for the floors or fut-tocks of a ship's frame;) bois de recette, wood or timber fit for service; bois derebut, timber unfit for service; bois de démolition, timber of an old

sor service; oos acaemouron, timber of an off ship brokenup; faire du bots, to take in wood. Boisé, r., bwa-za, adj. wainscotted; also woody, that has great woods. Boiser, bwa-za, v. a. to wainscot. Boiser, bwa-za, v. a. to wainscot.

scotting.

BOISEU-X, SE, bwa-zeu, zeuz, adj. woody. BOISSEAU, bwa-so, s. m. bushel.

Boisselee, s. f. bushel or bushel-measure

or bushel-full; also as much ground as will take up a bushel of seed to sow it.

Boisselier, bwas-lia, s. m. maker of bushels and other wooden utensils.

BOISSELERIE, s. f. the act of making bushels and wooden utensils.

Boisson, bwa-son, s. f. drink.

Boitz, bwat, s. f. box. Boite de montre,
watch-case. Boite de presse, hose of a printer's press.

BOITE, s. f. (said of wine,) ripeness, maturity. Ce vin est en sa boile, that wine is fit to drink.

BOITER, bwå-tå, v. n. to go lame, limp. halt

BOITEU-X, SE, adi. & s. m. & f. lame. halt, cripple.

BOITIER, bwa-tia, s. m. surgeon's case (for salves or ointments.)

Bor or Borus, bol, bo-los, s. m. bolus.

Bol d'Arménie, Armenian bole. Bombance, bon-bens, s. f. vain or extravagant expense, riot, luxury, feasting or banquetting.

BOMBARDE, bon-bard, s. f. bombard, a great gun.

BOMBARDEMENT, bon-bard-men, s. m. bombardment, bombarding.
BOMBARDER, bon-bar-da, v. a. to bombard

or bomb. Bombardier, hon-bar-dia, s. m. bom-

bardier.

Bombasin, bon-ba-zin, s. m. bombasin. BOMBE, bomb, s. f. bomb, shell.

BOMBEMENT, bonb-men, s. m. swelling, bunching out, protuberance, convexity.

BOMBER, v. a. to swell; make convex.
BOMBER, v. a. to swell; make convex.
BOMRRIE, bom-rl, s. f. Mar. bottomry.
BOM, NE, bom, bon, adj. good; useful, fit
or proper; great, large, long; beneficent; favourable; advantageous, indulgent, humane, good-natured, easy. C'est un bon cœur or c'est un bon cœur d'homme, he is a true heart, he is C'est une bonne tête a true-hearted man. d'homme, he has a good head-piece. Le bon Dieu, God Alaighty. Bon homme, good man. Bon homme, simple, innocent man or fellow. Un bon (or grand) terre de vin, a good or great glass of wine. Bon jour et bon an, I wish you a happy new year. Un bon jour, a holyday. Faire son bon jour, to receive the sacrament. Bon an, mal an, one year with another. Je vous le dis une bonne fois, I tell you once for all. De bonne heure, betimes, early. A la bonne heure, in good time, in the nick of time. A la bonne heure, well and good, let it be so, with all my heart. Il y va a la bonne foi, he means no harm. Bon mot, jest, quibble. Dix mille bons hommes, ten thousand good or choice men. Les bons comptes font les bons amis, short accounts make long friends. A bon jour bome euure, the better day the better deed. Bon ceuve, one deture day the better deed. Bon temps, play-time, diversion, pleasure. Se don-ner du bon temps, to divert one's self, take one's pleasure or diversion. Trouver bon, to like, approve, allow of. Trouvez bon que je vous écrive, give me leave to write to you. Quanti bon vous semblera, when you shall think fit. Tenir bon, to hold out, persist, continue steadinst. It fait bon vivre ici, it is good living here, it is pleasant to live here. Etre homme à b nue fortune, to be the daring of the fair sex. V. Fortune. La gurbuse, bût: jêûne, mêute, bêurre: ênfant, cênt, liên: vin: mon: brun.

der bonne à quelqu'un, to owe one a grudge, watch an opportunity for doing one a mis-chief. Bon vent, Mar. fair wind; bon moutllage, anchoring ground; ben voilier, good

Box, s. m. good, goodness, profit, advantage; guaranty. Se former une idée du beau et du bon, to frame to one's self an idea of that which is fair and good. It y a cent écus de bon, there are a hundred crowns clear. Si l'on a du bon, if we get the better. Le bon du conte, the cream of the jest. C'est le bon de la médecine, it is the happiness of physick.

Bon, bonne, s. dear, honey. Ex. Venez ici,

ma bonne, come hither, my dear; also a woman whose employment it is to amuse children.

Box, adv. well, right, pshaw. Bon! nous sommes hors de danger, well, we are out of danger. Bon! voilà qui va bien, that is very well. Bon' je ne vous crains pas, pshaw, I don't fear you. A quoi bon? to what purpose? Tout de bon, seriously, in earnest, indeed.

BONACE, bo-nas, s. f. calm, tranquillity,

calmness, stillness, quietness.

Bonasse, bo-nas, adj. good, good-natured,

easy.

BONBANC, s. m. a sort of white stone. BONDON, s. m. pies and similar dainties

BONEONNIÈRE, s. f. a box to put dainties in. BON-CHRÉTIEN, s. m. bon-chretien (pear.) Bosto, bon, s. m. rebound; also caper or capering, gambol. Faire un bond, to rebound. Aller par bond, to skip about. Tant de bond

gate, bung, or bung-hole.

Take the bound gate de volée, by hook or by crook.

Bonde, bond, s. f. dain, wear, sluice, flood gate, bung, or bung-hole.

BONDIR, bon-dir, v. n. to rebound; to bound, caper, frisk, skip, jump about. Cette riande me fait bondir le cœur or le cœur me bondit quand j'en mange, this meat rises in my stomach.

BONDISSEMENT, bon-dis-men, s. m. skip-ping, frisking; (deccur) rising of the stomach. BONDON, bon-don, s. m. bung, stopple; also the bung-hole.

BONDONNER, bon-dô-na, v. a. to stop with

a bung or stopple.

BONDONNIÈRE, s. f. a cooper's auger. BONDRÉE, s. f. species of the buzzard; a

BONHEUR, bo-neur, s. m. good luck, good fortune, prosperity, happiness, felicity, good blessing. Pur bonheur, adv. luckily, happily. Bonhomie, bondomi, s. f. good nature.

BONIFIER, bo-nl-fl-a, v. a. to make better, improve.

BONIFICATION, s. f. making better, improv-

BONITE, s. f. sort of fish.

BONJOUR, s. m. good morrow, good morning. Donner or souhaiter le bonjour à quelqu'un, to wish one good morrow.

BONNEMENT, bôn-mên, adv. plainty, horse y describe.

nest.y, downright, ingenuously, innocently. Je ne saurois bonnement vous le dire, I cannot

ENNET, bo-ne, s. m. cap, bonnot. Prendre le bonnet de docteur, to take a doctor's degree. Ce sont deux têtes dans un bonnet, they pass through one quill. Rire sous le bonnet, to laugh in one's sleeve. Opiner du bonnet, to vote blindly or without reasoning. La question passa du bonnet, the question was carried una-

nimously. Aveir la tête près du bonnet, to be hasty, have a hot head of one's own, take fire presently. Trists comme an bonnet de nuit sans coiffe, very sad or melanchely; in the dumps. Prendre le bonnet vert, to step aside. break or turn bankrupt. Porter le bonnet vert, to wear a green cap, to be a bankrupt.

*Bonnetade, s. f. capping, cringing. BONNETER, v. a. to cap, to cringe, pull

off one's bat.

Bonnetenie, to-net-rl. s. f. cap-makers, hosiers; also hosier's business

BONNETEUR, s. m. skarper. BONNETIER, bon-tik, s. m. cap-maker;

also hosier.

BONNETTE, s. f. Mar, studding-saik Bo nette de brigantine or de baume, ring-tail. Grande bonnette, or bonnette de grande voile, main studding-sail. Bonnette de hune or hunier, top-mast studding-sail. Bonneite basse, lower studding-sail. Bonneite maillée or lacée, bonnet, drabler. Mettre les bonnettes, to set the studding-sails. Bonnette, bonnet, a piece of fortification.

BONS-HOMMES, (Minimes.) V. Minime.

BONTE, bon-ta, s. f. goodness, excellence; merits, justness, kindness, good-nature, gentleness, favour, indulgence. La bonté d'une place, the strength of a place.

Bonzes, s. m. & f. pl. Bonzes (Chinese

priests.)

*Boquillon, s. m. feller of wood.

BORAX, s. m. borax.
BORD, bör, s. m. edge, side, shore, brink
or brim; riband, galloon, for edging; border,
hem, skirt, lace. It set sur le bord de la fosse, il a la mort sur le bord des lèvres, he has already one foot in the grave. Jai son nom sur le bord des levres, I have his name at my tongue's end. Bord, Mar. side; board, tack, stretch; shore; (in astronomy) limb. Bords des voiles, leeches. Prendre une embarcation du bord, to take a boat belonging to the ship.

Passe du monde sur le bord, man the side

Nous avons fait un bon bord, we have made a good board or tack. Se tenir bord sur bord, to make short boards or tacks. Venir bord à quai, to come along side the wharf. Avoir al-ternativement le bord à terre et le bord au large, to keep standing on and off. A bord, aboard, on board. Fallai à son bord or à bord de son raisseau, I went on board his ship. V. Monde and Prendre. La rivière est bord à bord du quai, the river is even (level) with the quay. Bord à bord, along side. Etre bord à bord, to lie along side of a ship. Accoste à bord, come along side. Faire fes des deux bords, to sire on both sides.

BORDAGE, s. m. Mar. plank, side plank. Bordages des anguillères, limber-boards. Bordage à clin, clincher-work. Bordages du vaisseau, skin of the ship

BORDAYER, v. n. Mar. to traverse sail, make boards or tacks, stand off and on, stand alternately upon the starboard and larboard

BORDÉ, bor-da, s. m. galloon for edging;

hem, edge, lace.

BORDÉE, bôr-då, s. f. Mar. board or tack
or stretch; also broad-side (of cannons.) BORDEL, bor-del, s. m. brothel, bawdy

house, stew.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

BORDELAGE, s. m. whoring.

*Bordelier, s. m. whore-master.

Border, bord, v. a. to edge, bind, border, lace. Border so its, to tuck in the bed-clothes. Les soldats bordent la côte, the soldiers line the coast or stand along the coast

Border, Mar. Border un vaisseau, to plank a ship. Border à clin, to plank with clincher Border en louvelle, to lay on the planks work. level. Border les basses voiles or les écoutes des asses voiles, to tally the sheets or to tally aft the sheets. Border une voile or une écoute, to haul a sheet home or haul aft the sheet (of any sail.) Borde la misaine, haul aft the fore-sheet. Borde le perroquet de fougue, sheet home the mizeurtop-sail. Borde à joindre, sheet home.

BORDEREAU, bord-ro, s. m. account, note.

BORDIER, adj. Mar. lapsided.

BORDIGUE, s. f. crawl (for taking fish.) BORDURE, bor-dur, s. f. edge, border, (picare) frame; (in heraldry) bordure. Bordure, Mar. breadth of the foot of a sail (measured from clue to clue in square sails, and from tack to the clue in other sails.)

BORÉAL, E, bô-rà-àl, adj. northern, northerly. Aurore boreale, aurora borealis.

BORÉE, bo-ra, s. m. north-wind, boreas. BORGNE, borgn, adj. one-eyed, blind of one eye, that has but one eye; dark, obscure,

BORGNE, s. m. man that has but one eye,

one-eyed man.

Borgnesse, bor-gnes, s. f. one-eyed woman. Bornage, bor-naz, s. m. settling of boundaries

BORNE, born, s. f. boundary, limit; stone stud or post (to keep off carriages, etc.)

BORNE, E, adj. bounded, limited. Maison qui a une vue bornée, house that has a narrow prospect. Un homme qui a des vues bornées, a man of narrow views or unaspiring. Un esprit fort borné, a shallow brain, a mean or narrow wit. Une fortune bornée, a mean or small or moderate fortune.

BORNER, bor-na, v. a. to bound, set bounds to, limit; to end, put an end to. To confine, limit, stint, set bounds to; moderate.

Se borner, v. r. to keep within bounds or measure.

BORNOYER, bor-nwa-ya, v. a. to look with one eye (to see if a line be straight, etc.)

Bosan, s. m. a sort of drink made of millet boiled in water.

BOSPHORE, bos-for, s. m. bosphorus, straits, channel. Le bosphore Cimmérien, the Cimmerian Bosphorus

Bosquet, bos-ke, s. m. grove or thicket. Bossage, s. m. (in architecture) bossage. Bosse, bos, s. f. bunch, hump, lump or swelling; bruise, dint; roughness, unevenness, ruggedness; knob, knot. Ouvrage relevé en bosse, relievo, embossed piece of work. Ou-prage de bosse ronde or de plein relief, figure in relievo. Ouvrage de demi-bosse or demirelief, figure in bass relief. Bosse, Mar. stopper (pieces of ropes knotted at the end.) Bosses de bout, stoppers of the anchor. Bosses de fouet, stoppers for the rigging. Bosses de bouton, deck-stoppers. Mattresse bosse or qui prend and raid, dog-stopper. Bosses qui prennent des ailes de la fosse aux câbles, wing-stoppers. Chevilles à boucle pour les bosses du câble, stopper-bolts. Bosses des câbles, stop-pers of the cables

Bosselage, bos-laz, s. m. embossing (of plate.)

Bosseler, bös-lå, v. a. to emboss (plate;)
also to crimple (said of leaves.)
Bosseler, bös-lön, a.f.crimpling (of leaves.)
Bosseler, s.m. inferiour boatswain's mate, quarter-master's mate.

Bosser. v. a. Mar. to stopper. Les écoutes des huniers sont-elles bossées part nut? are the

top-sail sheets stoppered fore and aft?

Bossette, bo-set, s. f. (of a horse's bit,) stud. (Of a buckler,) boss.

Bossoir, s. m. Mar. cat-head. Bossu, L., bo-sû, sû, adj. & s. crooked, imped. Cimetière bossu, sat church-yard. humped.

Chemin-bossu, rugged or uneven way
Bossuer, bo-sû a,v. a. to bruise, dint, batter.
Bot, adj. m. ex. Pied bot, pla-bo, stump or club foot.

Bor, s. m. sort of Dutch boat. BOTANIQUE, bo-ta-nik, s. f. botany.

BOTANIQUE, adj. botanical. BOTANISTE, botanist, s. m. botanist. BOTHNIE, s. f. Bothnia.

BOTHNIE, s. f. Bothma.

BOTTE, bôt, s. f. boot. Grosses bottes, jack
boots. Botte, bunch, bundle; (of hay) truss,
bottle; (of wine) butt; (of silk) hank; (of a
carriage) step; (of mud or snow) clod; coup
de fleuret, (in fencing) pass or thrust. Il tui a
porté une vilaine or une terrible botte, he served him a very scurvy or slippery trick. Porter une botte à quelqu'un, to strike one, make a pass at one, also borrow money of one. Botte (en.) Mar. in frame. Bâtiment en botte,

the frame of a vessel in pieces numbered for put-ting together. Futaille en botte, cask in frame. BOTTE, E, adj. booted. BOTTELAGE, bot-laz, s. m. bottling of hay, making of hay into bottles.

BOTTELER, bot-la, v. a. Botteler du foin,

to make bottles of hay, bottle hay.

BOTTELEUR, bot-leur, s. m. maker of hay into bottles.

BOTTER, bo-ta, v. a. to make boots; also to put or help one's boots on. Se botter, v. r. to put one's boots on; also to clog one's shoes with mud, etc.

BOTTINE, bo-tin, s. f. buskin, small boot. Bottlier, s. m. boot-maker, shoe-maker. Bouc, book, s. m. he-goat, also goat sking for wine or oil. Bouc emissaire, scape-goat

Boucan, boo-kan, s. m. bawdy-house or stew, brothel; also utensil on which the wild

Indians smoke and dry their meat.

BOUCANER, boo-ka-na, v. a. to cook fish or flesh as the Indians do; also to hunt oxen for

their skins; to go a whoring.
BOUCANIER, boo-ka-nia, s. m. hunter of oxen in the West-Indies, buccaneer.

BOUCASSIN, s. m. kind of fustian. BOUCASSINE, E, adj. ex. Toile boucassine linen cloth made fustian-like.

BOUCAUT, s. m. hogshead. BOUCHE, boosh, s. f. mouth. Fermer la bouche à quelqu'un, to stop one's mouth, put him to si lence, silence him. Il dit tout ce qui lui vient à la bouche, he speaks what comes next or what lies uppermost. Avoir bonne bouche or bouche cousue, to keep counsel, be secret. I'raiter à bouche que reux-tu, to treat nobly, provide good cheer. Nous étions là à bouche que veux-tu, we lived there in clover. Faire la petite bouche de quelque chose, to mince the matter. Elle n'en fait base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

point la petite bouche, she does not mince it, she speaks openly or freely. Cheval qui n'a point de bouche or qui a la bouche mauvaise, un cheval fort en bouche, hard mouthed horse. Cheval qui a une bonne bouche, hard feeding Cheval qui n'a ni bouche ni éperon, horse that obeys neither the bridle nor the spur. Assurer la bouche à un cheval, to bring a horse to a certainty of rein. Il n'a ni bouche ni éperon, he is a man of no discourse or wit. Bouche à bouche, face to face. Selon ta bourse gouverne ta bouche, you must cut your coat according to your cloth. Pai trente bouches à mourrir, I have thirty mouths or people or beasts to feed. Bouche, (with princes) kitchen; also officers of the king's kitchen. Cela tous fera bonne bouche, that will leave a pleasant taste in your mouth. Laisser ses convives sur la bonne bouche, to serve the best things at the latter end of the entertainment. Je garde res fruits pour la bonne bouche, I keep these fruits for the last bit. Cela me fait venir l'eau à la bouche, that makes my mouth water. L'eau lui en vient à la bouche, his mouth waters at it.

Bouché, E, adj. stopped, etc. Port bouché par les sables, harbour choked up with sand. Homme qui a l'esprit bouché, heavy, dull wit, man of slow apprehension. Bouchée, boo-sha, s. f. mouthful, morsel,

BOUCHER, boo-sha, v. a. (fermer) to stop or shut or dam up. Boucher une voie d'eau, to stop a leak.

BOUCHER, bôo-shå, s. m. butcher.

Bouchère, bôo-shèr, s. f. butcher's wife or widow; also woman who keeps a butcher's shop.

BOUCHERIE, boosh-ri, s. f. shambles. à la boucherie, to go to the butcher's. Viande de boucherie, butcher's meat. Boucherie, butch-

ery, slaughter, carnage, discomfiture, massacre.
BOUCHETURE, boosh-tur, s. f. fence, enclosure.

Bouche-TROU, s. m. pin-basket.

BOUCHE-TROU, S. m. pur-vossec.
BOUCHOIR, s. m. lid or door of an oven.
BOUCHOY, boo-shon, s. m. stopple, cork;
(sign of a wine-seller) bush; (of straw) wisp;
any thing rumpled.

Mon petit bouchon, my

BOUCHONNER, boo-sho-na, v.a. to ruo with a

wisp (a horse;) to rumple; to fondle (children.)
BOUCLE, bookl, s. f. a buckle; ear-ring;
knocker (of a door;) curl (of hair.)
Boucle, Mar. (of a rope or block) eye.

Boucle in other cases may generally be ring. Le capitaine l'a fait mettre sous boucle, the captain clapped him in irons. Tenir sous boucle, to keep in irons.

BOUCLÉ, E, adj. curled, etc. Un port bouclé, a haven blocked up,
BOUCLEMENT, bookl-men, s. m. ringing (of

a mare.)

Boucken, boo-kla, v. a. to buckle; to curl or put in ringlets; to ring; to make an end of; (un marché) to bind, clench (a bargain;) to

block up, lay an embargo on the ships in port.

BOUCLIER, bôo-kll-à, s. m. buckler, shield,
defence, protection. Levée de boucliers, much

ado about nothing

Boucon, s. m. poison, poisoned bit. On lui a donné le boucon, he was poisoned. Avaler le boucon, to be poisoned: also to swallow a gudgeon.

BOUDELLE, s. f. first quill of a guose's wing, pinion

BOUDER, boo-da, v. n. to pout, look gruff.

Bouder, v. a. to glout at, pout at.
Bouder, e. a. to glout at, pout at.
Bouderle, bood-ri, s. f. pouting, angry look
Boudeu-R, se, bood-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. one that pouts or looks gruff.

Boudin, boo-din, s. m. pudding.

Boudin, Mar. middle rail of the head (in

French ships of war.)
BOUDINIÈRE, boo-di-nièr, s. f. little fun-nel used in making puddings.
BOUDOIR, boo-dwar, s. m. private room,

study.

BOUE, boo, s. f. dirt, mire, mud, low state or condition; matter, corruption. Une Ame de boue, a dirty, base, pitiful, sneaking, ungenerous soul. Bouke, s. f. buoy. V. Buoy.

BOUEUR, boo-eur, s. m. dusiman, scavenger BOUEUR, s. p. boo-euz, euz, adj. dirty miry, muddy.

BOUFFANT, E, adj. puffing. *BOUFFE, s. f. chaps. Je te donnerai sur la bouffe, I will give thee a slap on the chaps. Bouffée, boo-fa, s. f. puff, whiff, blast; little fit. S'adonner à une chose par bouffées, to do a thing by fits and starts. Bouffee de

vent, puff of wind, gust of wind.
BOUFFER, boo-fa, v. a. to puff or blow up.

Bouffer, v. n. to puff, swell. Bouffette, boo-fet, s. f. car-knot (of horses.)

Bouffi, E, adj. puffed up, swoln. Visage bouffi, bloated face. Style louff, turgid style. Bouffir, bloatfir, v.a. to puff up, bloat, swell. Bouffir, v.n. Se bouffir, v.r. to puff. ewell

BOUFFISSURE, boo-fl-sur, s. f. puffing,

swelling up, turgescency, being bloated.
BOUFFON, NE, boo-fon, fon, adj. full of jests, pleasant, jocose, merry, jovial, droll, facetious. Bourron, s. m. buffoon, jester, droll, mer-

ry Andrew.
BOUFFONNER, bôo-fô-nå, v. n. to play the buffon or droll, be merry or full of jests.
BOUFFONNERIE, bôo-fôn-ri, s. f. buffoone-

BOUGEOIR, s. m. candlestick for the hand

(i. e. without a foot.)

BOUGER, boo-zh, v. n. to budge, stir.

BOUGETTE, s. f. leather travelling bag.

Bougir, boo-zl, s. f. wax-candle. BOUGIER, v. a. to grease the edge of cloth with a wax candle (to prevent its unravelling.)

BOUGRAN, bo-gren, s. m. buckram.
BOUGRAN, bo-gren, s. m. buckram.
BOUGRAN, bir. formerly Bulgare; it then
signified heretick; it now signifies sodomite,

dog, etc.
BOUGRESSE, s. f. jade, bitch, etc.

BOULLANT, E, adj. boiling hot, scalding hot; hot, hot-headed, petulant, hasty, fiery

fierce, eager.

BOUILI, boo-fl, s. m. boiled meat. Nous avons bouilli et rôti, we have roast and boiled meat.

BOUILLI, E, boo-fl, adj. boiled.

BOUILLIE, s. f. thick-milk, pap. Fairs bouillir des pieds de bouf jusqu'à ce qu'ils

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, good.

BORDELAGE, s. m. whoring.

*BORDELIER, s. m. whore-master

BORDER, bor-da, v. a. to edge, bind, bor-der, lace. Border un lit, to tuck in the bed-clothes. Les soldats bordent la côte, the soldiers line the coast or stand along the coast.

Border, Mar. Border un vaisseau, to plank ship. Border à clin, to plank with clincher work. Border en louvelle, to lay on the planks Border les basses voiles or les écoutes des level. basses voiles, to tally the sheets or to tally aft the sheets. Border une voile or une écoute, to haul a sheet home or haul aft the sheet (of any sail.) Borde la misaine, haul aft the foresheet. Borde le perroquet de fougue, sheet home the mizertop-sail. Borde à joindre, sheet home.

BORDEREAU, bord-ro, s. m. account, note. BORDIER, adj. Mar. lapsided.

BORDIOUE, s. f. crawl (for taking fish.)
BORDURE, bor-dur, s. f. edge, border, (picture) frame: (in heraldry) bordure. Bordure, Mar. breadth of the foot of a sail (measured from clue to clue in square sails, and from tack to the clue in other sails.)
BOREAL, E, bo-ra-al, adj. northern, north-

ly. Aurore boréale, aurora borealis. Borée, bô-ra, s. m. north-wind, boreas.

BORGNE, borgn, adj. one-eyed, blind of one eye, that has but one eye; dark, obscure. BORGNE, s. m. man that has but one eye,

one eyed man.

Borgnesse, bor-gnes, s. f. one-eyed woman. Bornage, bor-naz, s. m. settling of boundaries

BORNE, born, s. f. boundary, limit; stone stud or post (to keep off carriages, etc.)
BORNE, E, adj. bounded, limited. Maison

qui a une vue bornée, house that has a narrow prospect. Un homme qui a des vues bornées, a man-of narrow views or unaspiring. Un esprit fort borné, a shallow brain, a mean or narrow wit. Une fortune bornée, a mean or small or moderate fortune.

BORNER, bor-na, v. a. to bound, set bounds b, limit; to end, put an end to. To confine, to, limit; to end, put an end to. limit, stint, set bounds to; moderate.

Se borner, v. r. to keep within bounds or

measure. BORNOVER, bor-nwa-ya, v. a. to look with

one eye (to see if a line be straight, etc.) BOSAN, s. m. a sort of drink made of millet boiled in water.

Bosphorus, bos-for, s. m. bosphorus, straits, channel. Le bosphore Cimmérien, the Cim-

merian Bosphorus

BOSQUET, bos-ke, s. m. grove or thicket. BOSSAGE, s. m. (in architecture) bossage.
BOSSE, bos, s. f. bunch, hump, lump or
swelling; bruise, dint; roughness, unevenness, ruggedness; knob, knot. Ouvrage relevé en bosse, relievo, embossed piece of work. Ou-vrage de bosse ronde or de plein relief, figure in relievo. Ouvrage de demi-bosse or demirelief, figure in bass relief. Bosse, Mar. stopper (pieces of ropes knotted at the end.) Bosses de bout, stoppers of the anchor. Bosses bosses de bous, suppers ou the aluchot. Losses à fouet, stoppers for the rigging. Bosses of qui prend du grand mât, dog-stopper. Bosses qui prennent des ailes de la fosse aux câbles, wingstoppers. Chevilles à boucle pour les bosses du câble, stopper-bolts. Bosses des câbles, stoppers of the cables

Bosselage, bos-laz, s. m. embossing (of plate.)

Bosseler, bos-là, v. a. to emboss (plate;)
also to crimple (said of leaves.)
Bosselure, bos-làr, s.f. crimpling (of leaves.)

Bosseman s.m. inferiour boatswain's mate. quarter-master's mate.

Bosser, v. a. Mar. to stopper. Les écoutes des huniers sont-elles bossées part na? are the

top-sail sheets stoppered fore and aft?
Bossette, bo-set, s. f. (of a horse's bit,)

stud. (Of a buckler,) boss.

Bossoir, s. m. Mar. cat-head.

Bossu, 1, bå-så, så, adj. & s. crooked, mped. Cimetière bossu, fat church-yard. humped.

Chemin-bossu, rugged or uneven way
Bossuer, bo-sû-â,v. a. to bruise, dint, batter.
Bot, adj. m. ex. Pied bot, pla-bo, stump or club foot.

Bor, s. m. sort of Dutch boat BOTANIQUE, bô-tâ-nîk, s. f. botany.

BOTANISTE, bo-ta-nist, s. m. botanist.

BOTHNIE, s. f. Bothnia.

BOTTE, bot, s. f. boot. Grosses bottes, jack boots. Botte, bunch, bundle; (of hay) truss, bottle; (of wine) butt; (of silk) hank; (of a carriage) step; (of mud or snow) clod; corep de fleuret, (in fencing) pass or thrust. Il lui a porté une vilaine or une terrible botte, he served him a very scurvy or slippery trick. Porter une botte à quelqu'un, to strike one, make a pass at one, also borrow money of one. Botte (en,) Mar. in frame. Bâtiment en botte,

Hotte (ett.) must in name. Ensurement over, the frame of a vessel in pieces numbered for putting together. Futaille en botte, cask in frame. BOTTELAGE, bôt-låz, s. m. bottling of hay, making of hay into bottles.

BOTTELER, bôt-lå, v. a. Botteler du foin,

to make bottles of hay, bottle hay.

BOTTELEUR, bot-leur, s. m. maker of hay into bottles.

BOTTER, bō-tā, v. a. to make boots; also to put or help one's boots on. Se botter, v. r. to put one's boots on; also to clog one's shocs with mud, etc.

BOTTINE, bo-tin, s. f. buskin, small boot.

BOTTIER, s. m. boot-maker, shoe-maker. Bouc, book, s. m. he-goat also goat skin for wine or oil. Bouc emissaire, scape-goat BOUCAN, boo-kan, s. m. bawdy-house or stew, brothel; also utensil on which the wild

Indians smoke and dry their meat. BOUCANER, boo-ka-na, v. a. to cook fish or flesh as the Indians do; also to hunt oxen for

their skins; to go a whoring.
BOUCANIER, boo-ka-nia, s. m. hunter of

oxen in the West-Indies, buccaneer.

BOUCASSIN, s. m. kind of fustian. BOUCASSINE, E, adj. ex. Toile boucassinde linen cloth made fustian-like.

BOUCAUT, s. m. hogshead. BOUCHE, boosh, s. f. mouth. Fermer la bouche à quelqu'un, to stop one's mouth, put him to si lence, silence him. Il dit tout ce qui lui vient à la bouche, he speaks what comes next or what lies uppermost. Avoir bonne bouche or bouche counte, to keep counsel, be secret. Traiter à bouche que reux-tu, to treat nobly, provide good choer. Nous étions là à bouche que veux-tu, we lived there in clover. Faire la petite bouche de quelque chose, to mince the matter. Elle n'en fait base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

point la petile bouche, she does not mince it, she speaks openly or freely. Cheval qui n'a point de bouche or qui a la bouche mauvaise, un cheval fort en bouche, hard mouthed horse. Cheval qui a une bonne bouche, hard feeding horse. Cheval qui n'a ni bouche ni éperon, horse that obeys neither the bridle nor the spur. Assurer la bouche à un cheval, to bring a horse to a certainty of rein. Il n'a ni bouche ni éperon, he is a man of no discourse or wit. Bouche à bouche, face to face. Selon ta bourse gouverne tu bouche, you must cut your coat according to your cloth. Pai trente bouches à mourrir, I have thirty mouths or people or beasts to feed. Bouche, (with princes) kitchen; also officers of the king's kitchen. Cela tous fera bonne bouche, that will leave a pleasant taste in your mouth. Laisser ses convives sur la bonne bouche, to serve the best things at sur la bonne bouche, to serve the best things at the latter end of the entertainment. Je garde res fruits pour la bonne bouche, I keep these fruits for the last bit, Cela me fait venir l'eau à la bouche, that makes my mouth water. L'eau lui en vient à la bouche, his mouth waters at it.

BOUCHÉ, E, adj. stopped, etc. Port bouché par les sables, harbour choked up with sand. Homme qui a l'esprit bouché, heavy, dull wit, man of slow apprehension. BOUCHÉE, bdo-shk, s. f. mouthful, morsel,

bit

BOUCHER, boo-sha, v. a. (fermer) to stop or shut or dam up. Boucher une voie d'eau, to stop a leak.

BOUCHER, bôo-shâ, s. m. butcher.
. Bouchère, bôo-shèr, s. f. butcher's wife or widow; also woman who keeps a butcher's shop.

BOUCHERIE, boosh-ri, s. f. shambles. Aller à la boucherie, to go to the butcher's. Viande de boucherie, butcher's meat. Boucherie, butch-

ery, slaughter, carnage, discomfiture, massacre.
BOUCHETURE, bdosh-tur, s. f. fence, enclosure.

BOUCHE-TROU, s. m. pin-basket.

BOUCHE-TROU, S. III. PURPOSESSES.
BOUCHOIR, S. III. Ide or door of an oven.
BOUCHOY, bdo-shon, s. III. stopple, cork;
(sign of a wine-seller) bush; (of straw) wisp;
any thing rumpled.

Mon petit bouchon, my any thing rumpled. Mon petit bouchon, my little punch, my little honey.

BOUCHONNER, bôo-shô-na, v.a. torup with a

wisp (a horse;) to rumple; to fondle (children.)
BOUCLE, bookl, s. f. a buckle; ear-ring;
knocker (of a door;) curl (of hair.)
Boucle, Mar. (of a rope or block) eye.

Boucle in other cases may generally be ring. Le capitaine l'a fait mettre sous boucle, the cap-tain clapped him in irons. Tenir sous boucle, to keep in irons.

BOUCLÉ, E, adj. curled, etc. Un port bouclé, a haven blocked up,
BOUCLEMENT, bookl-men, s. m. ringing (of

a mare.)

Boucler, boo-kla, v. a. to buckle; to curl or put in ringlets; to ring; to make an end of; (un marché) to bind, clench (a bargain;) to

block up, lay an embargo on the ships in port.
BOUCLIER, bdo-klf-à, s. m. buckler, shield, desence, protection. Lecée de boucliers, much

ado about nothing

Boucon, s. m. poison, poisoned bit. On bei a donné le boucon, he was poisoned. Avaler le boucon, to be poisoned: also to swallow a gudgeon.

BOUDELLE, s. f. first quill of a guose's wing, pinion.

BOUDER, boo-da, v. n. to pout, look gruff.

Bouder, v. a. to glod-ri, s. f. pout at.
Bouder, bood-ri, s. f. pouting, angry look
Boudeu-R, se, bood-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. one that pouts or looks gruff.

Boudin, boo-din, s. m. pudding.

Boudin, Mar. middle rail of the head (in

French ships of war.) Boudinière, boo-di-nièr, s. f. little fur-

nel used in making puddings.
Boudour, boo-dwar, s. m. private room,

BOUE, boo, s. f. dirt, mire, mud, low state or condition; matter, corruption. Une dame de boue, a dirty, base, pitiful, sneaking, ungenerous soul

Boufe, s. f. buoy. V. Buoy.

Bouée, s. f. buoy. V. Buoy.

Boueur, boo-eur, s. m. dustman, scavenger
Boueur, s. s., boo-euz, euz, adj. dirty
miry, muddy.

Bouffant, z., adj. puffing.

*Bouffe, I will give thee a slap on the chaps.

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Bouffe, I will give thee a slap on the chaps.

Bouffe, I will give thee a slap on the chaps.

Bouffe, and slat slap of supplement, and of wind, gust of wind.

vent, puff of wind, gust of wind.

Bouffer, boo-fa, v. a. to puff or blow up.

Bouffer, v. n. to puff, swell.

Bouffertte, boo-fet, s. f. car-knot (of horses.)

Bouffi, E, adj. puffed up, swoln. Visage bouffi, bloated face. Style louff, turgid style. Bouffir, bloat, to puff up, bloat, swell. Bouffir, v. a. to puff up, bloat, swell. Souffir, v. a. Se bouffir, v. r. to puff, swell.

BOUFFISSURE, boo-fi-sur, s. f. puffing,

swelling up, turgescency, being bloated.
BOUFFON, NE, boo-fon, fon, adj. full of jests, pleasant, jocose, merry, jovial, droll, facetious.
Bourron, s. m. buffoon, jester, droll, merry Andrew.

BOUFFONNER, boo-fo-na, v. n. to play the buffoon or droll, be merry or full of jests.

BOUFFONNERIE, boo-fon-rl, s. f. buffoone-

BOUGEOIR, s. m. lodge; little room or closet. Bouge (de la fuille), middle of a cask. Bouge, Mar. rounding.

BOUGEOIR, s. m. candlestick for the hand

(i. e. without a foot.)

BOUGER, boo-th, v. n. to budge, stir.

BOUGETTE, s. f. leather travelling bag.

BOUGIE, boo-tl, s. f. wax-candle.

BOUGIER, v. a. to grease the edge of cloth with a wax candle (to prevent its unravelling.)

BOUGNNER, v. n. to grumble, mumble. BOUGRAN, blo-gren, s. m. buckram. BOUGRE, s. m. formerly Bulgare; it then signified heretick; it now signifies sodomite,

dog, etc.
BOUGRESSE, s. f. jade, bitch, etc.

BOUILLANT, E, adj. boiling hot, scalding hot; hot, hot-headed, petulant, hasty, fiery

fierce, eager.

Boulli, boo-fi, s. m. boiled meat. Nous avons bouilli et rôti, we have roast and boiled meat.

BOUILLI, E, boo-A, adj. boiled.
BOUILLIE, S. f. thick-milk, pap. Fairs
bouillir des pieds de bouf jusqu'à ce qu'ils

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood. good.

BORDELAGE, s. m. whoring.

*BORDELIER, s. m. whore-master.

BORDER, bor-di, v. a. to edge, bind, bor-der, lace. Border un lit, to tuck in the bed-clothes. Les soldats bordent la côte, the soldiers line the coast or stand along the coast

Border, Mar. Border un vaisseau, to plank ship. Border à clin, to plank with clincher work. Border en louvelle, to lay on the planks level. Border les basses voiles or les écoutes des basses voiles, to tally the sheets or to tally aft the sheets. Border une voile or une écoute, to haul a sheet home or haul aft the sheet (of any sail.) Borde la misaine, haul ast the fore-sheet. Borde le perroquet de fougue, sheet home the mizertop-sail. Borde à joindre, sheet home.

BORDEREAU, bord-ro, s. m. account, note. BORDIER, adj. Mar. lapsided.

BORDIQUE, s. f. crawl (for taking fish.)
BORDURE, bor-dar, s. f. edge, border, (picnure) frame; (in heraldry) bordure.
Bordure, Mar. breadth of the foot of a sail (measured from clue to clue in square sails, and from tack

to the clue in other sails.)

BOREAL, E, bo-ra-al, adj. northern, north-

ly. Aurore boréale, aurora borealis. Borée, bô-ra, s. m. north-wind, boreas. BORGNE, borgn, adj. one-eyed, blind of one eye, that has but one eye; dark, obscure.

BORGNE, s. m. man that has but one eye, one-eyed man.

Bornage, bor-naz, s. m. settling of boundaries

BORNE, born, s. f. boundary, limit; stone stud or post (to keep off carriages, etc.) BORNE, E, adj. bounded, limited. Maison

qui a une vue bornée, house that has a narrow prospect. Un homme qui a des vues bornées a man-of narrow views or unaspiring. Un esprit fort borné, a shallow brain, a mean or narrow wit. Une fortune bornée, a mean or small or moderate fortune.

BORNER, bor-na, v. a. to bound, set bounds to, limit; to end, put an end to. To confine, limit, stint, set bounds to; moderate.

Se borner, v. r. to keep within bounds or measure

BORNOYER, bor-nwa-ya, v. a. to look with one eye (to see if a line be straight, etc.)

Bosan, s. m. a sort of drink made of millet boiled in water.

BOSPHORE, bos-for, s. m. bosphorus, straits, channel. Le bosphore Cimmérien, the Cimmerian Bosphorus.

Bosquet, bos-ke, s. m. grove or thicket.

Bossage, s. m. (in architecture) bossage.
Bosse, bos, s. f. bunch, hump, lump or
swelling; bruise, dint; roughness, unevenness, ruggedness; knob, knot. Ouvrage relevé en bosse, relievo, embossed piece of work. Ou-wrage de bosse ronde or de plein relief, figure in relievo. Ouvrage de demi-bosse or demirelief, figure in bass relief. Bosse, Mar. stopper (pieces of ropes knotted at the end.) Bosses de bout, stoppers of the anchor. Bosses à fouet, stoppers for the rigging. Bosses à bouton, deck-stoppers. Maîtresse bosse or qui prend du grand mât, dog-stopper. Bosses qui prennent des ailes de la fosse aux câbles, wing-stoppers. Chevilles à boucle pour les bosses du cable, stopper-bolts. Bosses des cables, stoppers of the cables

Bosselage, bos-laz, s. m. embossing (of plate.)

Bosseler, bos-la, v. a. to emboss (plate;)

also to crimple (said of leaves.)
Bosselure, bos-lur, s.f. crimpling (of leaves.) Bosseman, s.m. inferiour boatswain's mate. quarter-master's mate.

Bosser, v. a. Mar. to stopper. Les écoutes des huniers sont-elles bossées part nat? are the

top-sail sheets stoppered fore and aft?

Bossette, bo-set, s. f. (of a horse's bit,) stud. (Of a buckler,) boss.

Bossol, s. m. Mar. cat-head. Bossu, s., bō-sō, sò, adj. & s. crooked, umped. Cimetière bossu, sat church-yard. humped.

Chemin-bossu, rugged or uneven way
Bossuer,bo-su-a,v. a. to bruise,dint,batter.
Bor, adj. m. ex. Pied bot, pla-bo, stump or club foot.

Bor, s. m. sort of Dutch boat BOTANIQUE, bo-ta-nik, s. f. botany. BOTANIQUE, adj. botanical. BOTANISTE, bo-ta-nist, s. m. botanist.

BOTHNIE, s. f. Bothnia. BOTTE, bôt, s. f. boot. Grosses bottes, jack boots. Botte, bunch, bundle; (of hay) truss, bottle; (of wine) butt; (of silk) hank; (of a carriage) step; (of mud or snow) clod; coup de fleuret, (in fencing) pass or thrust. Il lui a porté une vilaine or une terrible botte, he served him a very scurvy or slippery trick. Porter une botte à quelqu'un, to strike one, make a

pass at one, also borrow money of one.

Botte (en.) Mar. in frame. Batiment en botte, the frame of a vessel in pieces numbered for put-ting together. Futaille en botte, cask in frame. BOTTI, E, adj. booted. BOTTELAGE, bot-lag, s. m. bottling of hay,

making of hay into bottles. BOTTELER, bot-la, v. a. Botteler du foin.

to make bottles of hay, bottle hay.

BOTTELEUR, bot-leur, s. m. maker of hay into bottles.

BOTTER, bo-ta, v. a. to make boots; also to put or help one's boots on. Se botter, v. r. to put one's boots on; also to clog one's shocs with mud, etc.

BOTTINE, bo-tin, s. f. buskin, small boot.

BOTTIER, s. m. boot-maker, shoe-maker.
Bouc, book, s. m. he-goat also goat sking for wine or oil. Bouc emissaire, scape-goat.
BOUCAN, bookan, s. m. bawdy-house or stew, brothel; also utensil on which the wild

Indians smoke and dry their meat. BOUCAMER, boo-ka-na, v. a. to cook fish or flesh as the Indians do; also to hunt oxen for

their skins; to go a whoring.

BOUGANIER, bôo-kâ-nlâ, s. m. hunter of oxen in the West-Indies, buccaneer.

BOUCASSIN, s. m. kind of fustian.
BOUCASSINE, E, adj. ex. Toile boucassine
linen cloth made fustian-like.

BOUCAUT, s. m. hogshead. BOUCHE, boosh, s. f. mouth. Fermer la bouche à quelqu'un, to stop one's mouth, put him to si lence, silence him. Il dit tout ce qui lui vient à la bouche, he speaks what comes next or what lies uppermost. Avoir bonne bouche or bouche cousue, to keep counsel, be secret. Traiter à bouche que reux-tu, to treat nobly, provide good cheer. Nous étions là à bouche que veux-tu, we lived there in clover. Faire la petite bouche de quelque chose, to mince the matter. Elle n'en fait buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

point la petile bouche, she does not mince it, she speaks openly or freely. Cheval qui n'a point de bouche or qui a la bouche mauvaise, im cheval fort en bouche, hard mouthed horse. Cheval qui a une bonne bouche, hard feeding horse. Cheval qui n'a ni bouche ni éperon, horse that obeys neither the bridle nor the spur. Assurer la bouche à un cheval, to bring a horse to a certainty of rein. Il n'a ni bouche ni éperon, he is a man of no discourse or wit. Bouche à bouche, face to face. Selon ta bourse gouverne to houche, you must cut your coat according to your cloth. Pai trente bouches a nourir, I have thirty mouths or people or beasts to feed. Bouche, (with princes) kitchen; also officers of the king's kitchen. Cela rous fera bonne bouche, that will leave a pleasant taste in your mouth. Laisser ses convives sur la bonne bouche, to serve the best things at the latter end of the entertainment. Je garde res fruits pour la bonne bouche, I keep these fruits for the last bit, Cela me fait venir l'eau à la bouche, that makes my mouth water. L'em lui en vient à la bouche, his mouth waters

Bouché, E, adj. stopped, etc. Port bouché par les sables, harbour choked up with sand. Homme qui à l'esprit bouché, heavy, dull wit, man of slow apprehension.

BOUCHÉE, boo-sha, s. f. mouthful, morsel, bit.

BOUCHER, boo-sha, v. a. (fermer) to stop or shut or dam up. Boucher une voie d'eau, to stop a leak.

BOUCHER, bôo-shâ, s. m. butcher.
. Bouchère, bôo-shèr, s. f. butcher's wife or widow; also woman who keeps a butcher's

BOUCHERIE, blosh-rl, s. f. shambles. à la boucherie, to go to the butcher's. Viande de boucherie, butcher's meat. Boucherie, butchery slaughter, carnage, discomfiture, massacre.
Boucheture, boosh-tur, s. f. fence, en-

closure.

Closure.

BOUCHE-TROU, s. m. pin-basket.

BOUCHOIR, s. m. lid or door of an oven.

BOUCHOIR, boo-show, s. m. stopple, cork;

(sign of a wine-seller) bush; (of straw) wisp;

any thing rumpled. Mon petit bouchon, my

little punch, my little honey.

BOUCHONNER, boo-sho-nk, v.a. to rup with a

wisp (a horse;) to rumple; to fondle (children.)
BOUCLE, bookl, s. f. a buckle; ear-ring;
knocker (of a door;) curl (of hair.)
Boucle, Mar. (of a rope or block) eye.

Boucle in other cases may generally be ring. Le capitaine l'a fait mettre sous boucle, the captain clapped him in irons. Tenir sous boucle,

to keep in irons.

BOUCLÉ, E, adj. curled, etc. Un port bouclé, a haven blocked up,

BOUCLEMENT, bookl-men, s. m. ringing (of

a mare.)

Boucken, blo-klå, v. a. to buckle; to curl or put in ringlets; to ring; to make an end of; (use marché) to bind, clench (a bargain;) to

block up, lay an embargo on the ships in port.
BOUCLIER, blo-kll-a, s. m. buckler, shield, desence, protection. Levée de boucliers, much

ado about nothing

Boucon, s. m. poison, poisoned bit. On bit a donné le boucon, he was poisoned. Avaler le boucon, to be poisoned; also to swallow a gudgeon.

BOUDELLE, s. f. first quill of a guose's ring, pinion.

Bouder, boo-da, v. n. to pout, look gruff.

Bouder, v. a. to glout at, pout at.
Bouder, e. a. to glout at, pout at.
Bouderle, bood-rl, s. f. pouting, angry look
Boudeu-r, se, bood-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. one that pouts or looks gruff.

BOUDIN, boo-din, s. m. pudding.

Boudin, Mar. middle rail of the head (in

French ships of war.)
BOUDINIERE, boo-di-nier, s. f. little fun-

nel used in making purklings.

Boudour, boo-dwar, s. m. private room,

study. BOUE, boo, s. f. dirt, mire, mud, low state or condition; matter, corruption. Une dime de boue, a dirty, base, pitiful, sneaking, ungenerous soul.

Boufe, s. f. buoy. V. Buoy.

BOUEUR, boo-cur, s. m. dustman scavenger Bouzu-x, sz, boo-euz, euz, adj. dirty

BOUFFANT, B. adj. puffing.

BOUFFANT, B., adj. puffing.

BOUFFE, S. f. chaps. Je te downerai sur la bouffe, I will give thee a slap on the chaps.

BOUFFEE, boo-fa, s. f. puff, whiff, blast; little fit. S'adonner à une chose par bouffées, to do a thing by fits and starts. Bouffée de vent, puff of wind, gust of wind.

Bouffer, boofe, v. a. to puff or blow up.

Bouffer, v. n. to puff, swell.
BOUFFETTE, boo-fet, s. f. ear-knot (of

Bouffi, E, adj. puffed up, swoln. Visage bouffi, bloated face. Style touffi, turgid style. Bouffir, bloat, to puff up, bloat, swell. Bouffir, v. n. Se bouffir, v. r. to puff,

BOUFFISSURE, boo-fil-sur, s. f. puffing, swelling up, turgescency, being bloated.
BOUFFON, NE, boo-fon, fon, adj. full of jests,

pleasant, jocose, merry, jovial, droll, facetious. Bourrow, s. m. buffoon, jester, droll, mer-

ry Andrew.

Bouffonner, boo-fo-na, v. n. to play the

buffoon or droll, be merry or full of jests.
BOUFFONNERIE, boo-fon-rl, s. f. buffoone-

ry, scurrility, jesting, drollery.

Bouge, booz, s. m. lodge; little room or closet. Bouge (de la futaille,) middle of a cask.

Closet. Bouge (as in Juanue,) middle of a Casa.
Bouge, Mar. rounding.
Bougeone, s. m. candlestick for the hand
(i. e. without a foot.)
Bouger, boo-zh, v. n. to budge, stir.
Bougerte, boo-zl, s. f. wax-candle.

BOUGIER, v. a. to grease the edge of cloth with a wax candle (to prevent its unravelling.)

BOUGRAM, blo-grumble, mumble. BOUGRAM, blo-grèn, s. m. buckram. BOUGRAM, blo-grèn, s. m. buckram. BOUGRE, s. m. formerly Bulgare; it then signified heretick; it now signifies sodomite,

dog, etc.
BOUGRESSE, s. f. jade, bitch, etc.

BOUILLART, E, adj. boiling hot, scalding hot; hot, hot-headed, petulant, hasty, fiery

fierce, eager.

Boullli, bood, s. m. boiled meat. Nous avons bouilt et rôti, we have roast and boiled

Bouilli, z, boo-d, adj. boiled. Bouilliz, s. f. thick-milk, pap. bouillir des pieds de boeuf jusqu'à ce qu'ils bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, reb, lord : mood, good.

soient réduits en bouillie, to boil neat's feet to a jelly.

BOUILLIR, boo-fir, v. n. to boil, bubble up; to work, ferment. Faire bouillir de la viande, to boil meat. La marmite bout, the pot boils. Le sang bouilloit dans mes veines, my blood boiled in my veins. La têteme bout, my head burns like fire.

BOUILLOIRE, boo war, s. f. boiler, kettle. BOUILLON, boo on, s. m. broth; boiling or bubbling up? gust or transport; puf, flounce. L'eau sort de la roche à gros bossillons, the water spouts or comes gushing out of the rock. Bouillon blane, pretty mullein, wood-blade, torch-weed, high taper, long-wort. BOUILLONNEMENT, boo-lon-men, s. m. water boiling or bubbling up, spouting or gush-

ing out.
BOUILLORNER, boo-10-na, v. n. to boil,

bubble up, spout or gush out.
Bours, V. Buis.

BOULAIR, s.f. field planted with birch-trees. BOULANGER, boo-len-2a, v. n. to knead and bake bread.

BOULANGER, s. m. baker.

Boulangère, boo-lèn-zèr, s. f. baker's wife
or widow; also a woman that bakes.

BOULANGERIE, boo-lenz-rl, s. f. baking,

BOULANGERIE, boo-lenz-ri, s. 1. baking, art of baking: also bake-house.

BOULE, bool, s. f. bowl, ball. Jeu de boule, bowling-green. Jouer à la bouleu, to play at bowls. Jouer à la bouleue, to play sure play upon sure ground. Faire une chose à bouleue, to do a thing rashly, without consideration, at random. Temir pied à boule, to stand fast or close to one's work.

Bouleau, boo-lo, s. m. birch-tree.
Bouler, boo-la, v. n. to pout or swell the

throat (as pigeons do.)
BOULET, boo-le, s. m. bullet, ball. Coup de boulet, bullet-shot. Boulet, (of a horse) fetbock, pastern-joint. Boulet à deux têtes, chain-shot. Boulet TE, boo-lêt, s. f. liule ball (of dough

or hashed meat.) BOULEVARD, bool-var, s. m. bulwark : also

rampart, fortress.

BOULEVERSEMENT, bool-vers-men, s. m. overthrowing, overturning, turning topsyturyy; also great confusion, disorder.

Bouleverser, bool-ver-sa, v. a. to overturn, overthrow, turn upside-down or topsy-

BOULEUX, s. m. short thick horse fit only for hard work. Un bon bouleux, a plain

plodding man, a drudge.

BOULICHE, s. f. Mar. great earthen vase used in ships.

BOULIMIE, s. f. bulimy, great appetite.

BOULIM, boo-lin, s. m. pigeon's cove, pigeon-hole; (in building) scaffolding-hole; also

put-lock.

BOULINE, boo-lin, s. f. Mar. bowline. Bouline de misaine, fore bowline. Bouline de petit time de misante, tore bowline. Bouline du petit per-roquet, fore top-gallant bowline. Bouline du petit perroquet volunt, fore top-gallant royal bowline. Bouline de la grande volle or grande bouline, main bowline. Bouline du grande hunier, main iop bowline. Bouline du grande perroquet, main top-gallant bowline. Bouline du grande perroquet volant, main top-gallant royal bowline. Bouline du perroquet de fougue, misson powline. Bouline de la perruche, mizcu printing) out, omission; (of a pilgrim) staff.

top-gallant bowline. Bouline du kakatoes de perruche, mizen top-gallant royal bowline. Choquer la bouline du grand hunier, to check the main top bowline. Vent de bouline, scant wind, tack-wind.

BOULINER, v. a. to rob or thieve in a

camp; to dodge, shift, play fast and loose.

Bouliner, v. a. Mar. Ex. Bouliner le vent to haul the wind. Bouliner une voile, to haul the bowline of a sail. Bouliner, v. n. to go near the wind, go with the side-wind.

BOULINETTE, s. f. Mar. fore-top bowline. BOULINEUR, boo-li-neur, s. m. camp thief

thieving soldier.

BOULINGRIN, boo-lin-grin, s. m. grass plot, green-plot, bowling green.

BOULINIER, s. m. Mar. plier, ship that goes with a side-wind. Bon boulinier, good plier, weatherly vessel. Mawais boulinier, bad plier, leewardly ship.

Boulon, boo-lon, s. m. iron bolt, also weight. Boulon, s. m. Mar. bolt, square bolt.

Boulonner, boo-lo-na, v. a. to fasten with bolts.

BOUQUE, s. f. Mar. narrow passage.
BOUQUER, bôo-kh, v. a. to kiss unwillingly.
Bouquer, to truckle, submit, buckle to.

Houquer, to truckle, submit, buckle to.

Bouquer, bôo-kê, s. m. nosegay; plume or bunch of feathers; (of cherries) bunch or cluster; (of trees) clump, cluster; (bookbinder's) tool; (of straw) wisp; (of scious) knot; (of hares) buck; (of goats) kid. Fleur qui vient en bouquets, flower that grows in bunches.

Bouquetiere, bôok-tiêr, s. f. nosegay-woman.

Bouquitiere, bôok-tier, s. f. nosegay-woman.

Bouquin, bôo-kin, s. m. wild goat.

Bouquin, bôo-kin, s. m. old he-goat. Un vieux boursin an old lecher. An old worm-eat-

rieux bouquin, an old lecher. An old worm-eat-en book. Sentir le bouquin, to smell rammish.

BOUQUINER, boo-kl-na, v. n. to read old books, be a book-worm, go a book-hunting; to couple (hares.)

BOUQUINERIE, s. f. heap of old, wormeaten books.

BOUQUINEUR, s. m. one fond of old beaks, book-worm.

Bouquiniste, boo-kl-nist, s. m. secondhand bookseller.

BOURACAN, boo-ra-kan, s. m. barracan. BOURBE, boorb, s. f. mud, mire, dirt. BOURBEU-X, s. s. boor-beu, beuz, adj. mud-

dy, miry, full of mud.

BOURBIER, boor-bia, 8- m. mire, slough, puddle, danger, lurch, scrape. Il est dans le bourbier, he is in a hole.

Bourbillon, boor-bi-lon, s. m. matter from a sore, corruption.

BOURCER, v. a. Mar. to contract the sails. BOURCETS, s. m. pl. Mar. lugger's largest

lugs.

BOURCETTE, s. f. corn-salad. V. Mache.
BOURDALOU, beor-da-loo, s. m. hatband

BOURDER, boord, s. f. fib, lie, sham. BOURDER, boorda, v. n. to fib, sham, bam

boozle, fun, sell a bargain.
BOURDEU-R.SE, boor-deur, deuz, s. m. &

f. fibber, shammer.

BOURDILLON, s. m. cleft wood to make casks, staves.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Plunter le bourdon, to pitch one's camp, set-tle, set up one's staff. Faux bourdon, a sort of church musick.

BOURDONNEMENT, boor-don-men, s. m. buzzing, humming; tinkling, buzz, murmur. Bourdonnen, boor-do-na, v. n. to buzz, hum; to mumble, mutter.

BOURDONNET, s. m. dozel.

Bourg, boork, s. m. borough, markettown, country-house.

Bourgade, s. or. burgage.
Bourgage, s. m. burgage.
Bourgages, s. m. burgage. er or burgess, commoner; cit. Le bourgeois, may mean all the citizens; as well as the masthe master tradesman.

Bourgeois, E, adj. of or belonging to a citizen, citizen-like. Caution-bourgeoise, citysecurity.

Bourgeoise, boor-zwaz, s. f. citizen's wife: citess.

Bourgeoisement, boor-zwaz-mên, adv.

citizen-like, like a cit.

Bourgeoisie, boor-zwa-zl, s. f. freedom, freedom of citizens. Donner à quelqu'un le droit de bourgeoisie, to make one a freeman. Avoir le droit de bourgeoisie, to be free (of a city;) the citizens or burghers (collectively.)

BOURGEON BOOT 2001, S. m. bud, eye, but-ton (of plants:) pimple (on the face.) BOURGEONNE, E, adj. full of pimples. BOURGEONNER, boor-20-na, v. n. to bud, bourgeon, shoot, put forth. Son visage com-mence à bourgeonner, his face comes out in pimples.

Boungmestre, boorg-mestre, s. m. bur-

gomaster.

BOURGOGNE, boor-gogn, s. f. Burgundy; Burgundy-wine.

Bourguérine, s. f. buck-thorn.

Bourguienon, NE, adj. Burgundian, of

Burgundy, born in Burgundy. BOURGUIGNOTE, boor-gi-gnot, s. f. burgan-

net, a Spanish murrion.

BOURIQUET, s. m. pulley (used in mines.) BOURIASSOTE, s. f. kind of fig. BOURLET, V. Bourrelet.

BOURRACHE, boo-rash, s. f. borage.

BOURRADE, boo-rad, s. f. beating, thrashing, blow; home-thrust; snapping or biting (of a grey-hound without catching the hare.)
BOURRASQUE, s. f. Mar. sudden and vio-

lent squall, storm.

lent squat, storm.

BOURRE, boor, s. f. (of saddles, mortar, etc.)
cow's hair, etc. Bourre lance, flocks of wool.

Bourre tontice, shear-wool. Lit de bourre, Bourre tontice, shear-wool. Lit de bourre, flock-bed. Bourre (of a gun) wadding, wad. Libre oh il y a beducoup de bourre, book full of trash.

BOURRÉ, E, adj. thrashed, mauled, beaten. . BOURREAU, hoo-ro, s. m. hangman, executioner, Jack-catch. Tormentor, cruel man,

butcher. Bourreau d'argent, spend-thrist.
BOURREE, bôo-ra, s. s. fagot of chatwood er brush wood; (in dancing) boree.

BOURRELER, v. a. to torment, torture, rack. BOURRELET, boor-le, Mar. puddening or pudding.

BOURRELET or BOURELET, s. m. pad, roll stuffed with flocks of wool or hair, etc. also pad or padding for a young child's head; and hood worn by graduates; (of horses) col-lar; (in dropsy) swelling in the back; cuff,

sham or false sleeve. Bourrèlet de cordage,

Hourseller, boor-in, s. m. harness-maker, collar-maker.

BOURRELLE, boor-rel, s. f. cruel woman : also hangman's wife.

*Bourrellement, s. m. sting or remorse.

*BOURRELLERIE,s. f. torment, racking-pain. BOURRER, boo-ra, v. a. to ram, ram home a charge or wad; to pad, stuff, wad; to beat, thrash, belabour; to pay off, run down; (of a hound) to be so near as to bite the hair of a hare.

BOURRICHE, s. f. backet for or full of game

or poultry.

BOURRIQUE, boo-rik, s. f. he or she-ass.
BOURRIQUET, boo-ri-ke, s. m. ass's colt: hand-barrow, sort of turn-stile.

BOURROCHE, s. f. borage, pot-herb. BOURRU, E, boo-rd, rd, adj. humorsome, capricious, fantastical, peevish, cross, morose.

Vin bourru, new and sweet white wine that has not worked.

Moine bourru, bug-bear.

BOURSAUT, S. m. sort of willow.

BOURSE, bdors, s. f. purse; (in the Levant)
sum of 500 crowns; fellowship, pension or maintenance for poor students; vesicle; hull. peel, pod, skin, coat; the exchange; pursenet; bag (of the hair.) Bourse de secrétaire du roi, tees of a king's secretary. Coupeur du roi, iees of a king's secretary. conseur de bourse, cut-purse, pick-pocket. Faire bourse a part, to keep one's own money. C'est une bonne bourse, he is a monied man. Bourse en réseau, net purse. Perruque à bourse, bagwig. Bourse à berger (plant) shepherd's purse, toy wort. Bourses, the scrotum.

BOURSETTE, s. f. small purse.

Bourster, E, boor-sia, sièr, s. m. & f. purse-maker or seiler. Purser, bursar, treasurer; fellow or scholar that has a pension or maintenance in a college

BOURSILLER, boor-si-la, v. n. to contribute

towards an expense.
Bourson, boor-son, s. m. fob, little leather pocket.

BOURSOUFLE, E, adj. bloated, blown up; puffed up. Un gros boursouffe, big bloated body. Style boursouffe, turgid style.

Boursoufler, boor-soo-fla, v. a. to bloat or blow up, puff up.

Bousculer, v. a. to overthrow, overturn. turn upside-down.
Bouse, booz, s. f. cow-dung.

Bousillage, bôo-zi-laz, s. m. mud-wall or mud-walling; bungling piece of work.

Bousiller, boo-zl-la, v. n. to make a mud-wall; also to bungle.

Bousilleur,boo-zl-leur, s. m. mud-waller; also bungler.
Bousin, s. m. soft crust, (of stones when

taken out of the quarry.)
Boussole, boo-sol, s. f. compass, sea or
mariner's compass; also guide, conductor.

BOUSTROPHEDON, s. m. manner of writing

alternately from right to left and from left to

right.
Bout, boo, s. m. end, extremity; (end of a south ood, s. m. end, extending, lead of a scabbard) chape; (of a foil) button; (of the nose) tip; nipple; ferrule; patch (of a shoe;) morsel, bit, piece; (of silver to be made into wire) stick. Un petit bout d'homme, a little man, a dwarf, a shrimp. Un bout de plume, bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

stump of a-pen, Le bas bout, the lower end. Rire du bout des levres, to make a forced laugh. Etre assis au haut bout, to sit at the upper end. Tenir le haut bout, to get the Venir à bout de, to bring about, upper end. compass or attain to, accomplish, manage On ne peut venir à bout de cet ensant, this child cannot be managed. Pousser à bout, or mettre à bout, to tire; also to put to a nonplus, strike home. Pousser une chose à bout, to spring a business to an issue. Cela lui est de-secure au bout de la plume, he has forgot to write it, he lest it in the inkhorn. Avoir un write it, he left it in the inkhorn. Avoir un mom sur le bout de la largue, to have a name at one's tongue's end. Savoir quelque chose sur le bout du doigt, to have a thing at one's singers' ends. Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand on tip-toe. Tirer quelqu'un à bout portant or à bout touchant, to shoot one with a gun clapped to his breast. Pun bout d'autre, from the beginning to the end, all over. Au bout du compte, when all is done, after all. A tout bout de champ, ever, ever and anon. at tout bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at every turn.

Bout, Mar. end, butt, etc. Bout d'un cord-ge, rope's end. Bout de beaupré, bumpkin. age, rope's eut. Dout de venupre, pumpan.

Bout de bordage, butt of a plank. Bout de lof, out-rigger. Bout de vergue, yard-arm.

Bout du garant d'un palan, fall of a tackle.

Bouts de câbles, junks. Avoir vent de bout, to have the wind in one's teeth or right ahead. Au bout de, at the end of. Attraperons-nous le mouillage à bout de bordée? shall we fetch the anchoring-place this stretch? Bout-pourbout, end for end. Changeons bout-pour-bout une partie de nos manœuvres courantes, let us shift some of our running rigging end for end.

BOUTADE, boo-tad, s. f. spirit, start, fit, maggot, w iim. Boutade de vers, poetic rap-

*BOUTADEUX, SE, adj. maggoty, full of

BOUTANT, adj. m. Ex. Arc-boutant, pillar that supports an arch; Pilier boutant, pillar that supports or strengthens a building.
BOUTANGUE, s. f. botargo.

BOUTE, boot, s. f. Mar. large cask for fresh water; also tub or bucket to put the drink in

which is distributed to the crew. Bouté, E, adj. the legs lame from the knee

to the cornet (said of a horse.)
BOUTE-EN-TRAIN, s. m. bird that teaches others to sing; also person that leads in a diversion.

BOUTE-FEU, s. m. lint-stock; gunner; incendiary, firebrand.

BOUTE-HORS, s. m. beat the knave out of doors, (kind of play.) Jouer au boute-hors, to endeavour to supplant one another. Boutehors, good utterance or delivery. Boute-hors, Mar. boom.

BOUTEILLAGE, s. m. butlerage.

BOUTEILLE, bôo-têl, s. f. bottle; bubble.

Coup de pied de bouteille, red pimple. Bouteille, Mar. gallery, quarter-gallery. Fausse bouteille, quarter-badge.

Bouteille, Quarter-badge.

BOUTELLIER, V. Boutillier.
BOUTELOT, s. f. Mar. bumpkin, outlicker.

*Bouters, v. a. (mettre) to put.

Bouterolle, boot-rol, s. f. chape of a scabbard, tool of a lapidary, a steel punch, ward of a key.

BOUTE-SELLE, s. m. signal for mounting Sonner le boute-selle, to sound to horse.

BOUTE-TOUT-CUIRE, s. m. glutton, spend all, spend-thrift.

BOUTILLIER, boo-tl-fla, s. m. butler.
BOUTIQUE, boo-tlk, s. f. shop; stall; ped-lar's box; work-shop; tools, implements, trade; trunk (place in which fish are kept in a fishing-boat.)

BOUTIQUIER, s. m. shop-keeper. BOUTIS, boo-ti, s. m. rooting place of a wild boar.

BOUTISSE, boo-tis, s. f. Ex. Pierre en boutisse et en parement, stones laid crosswise and lengthwise alternately.

BOUTOIR, boo-twar, s. m. snout of a wild

boar; farrier's buttress.
Bouton, boo-ton, s. m. button; bud; pimple; knob; (of a musket) sight. Serrer le bouton à quelqu'un, to keep a strict hand over one, be pressing or urgent with him. Bouton, Mar. knot. Bouton d'un canon,

button or cascabel or pomiglion of a camon.
BOUTONNÉ, E, adj. buttoned. Nez boutonné, nosefull of red pimples.
BOUTONNER, bootô-na, v. a. to button.

Boutonner, v. n. to bud; to break out with pimples.

Se boutonner, v. r. to button one's self. BOUTONNERIE, boo-ton-ri, s. f. buttons, button-ware

BOUTONNIER, boo-to-nia, s. m. buttonmaker.

Boutonnière, boo-to-nièr, s. f. button-

Bouts-Rimés, boo-ri-ma, s. m. pl. rhymes given in order to be filled up and made into

BOUT-RIMEUR, s. m. one that fills up given

rhymes.
BOUTURE, boo-tur, s. f. slip of a tree or

Bouvarn, s. m. young bull; also hammer used in coining before the invention of dies or

BOUVEAU, V. Bouvillon.
BOUVERIE, boo-vrl, s. f. stable for oxen,
place where oxen are kept in public markets, cow-house.

Bouvier, s. m. Bouvière, boo-vià, vièr f. neat-herd, cow-herd; clown, churl; Bootes.

BOUVILLON, boo-vi-lon, s. m. bullock.

BOUVREUIL, s. m. bullfinch.
BOUZE, BOUZEN, V. BOUSE, BOUSE,
BOYAU, bwa-yo', s. m. gut, bowel, intestine;
hose (to convey voater.) Corde à boyau, catgut. Descente de boyaux, rupture, burst. Boyau, branch of a trench in fortification.

BOYAUDIER, bwå-yò-dlå, s. m. one that makes strings for musical instruments, gut spinner.

BOYER, s. m. kind of Flemish or Dutch sloop.

BRABANT, s. m. Brabant.

Bracelet, bras-le, s. m. bracelet BRACHIAL, adj. m. (pron. Brakial) brachial. Ex. Musole brachial, brachial muscle. It is also used substantively.

BRACONNER, brå-ko-nå, v. n. to poach BRACONNIER, brâ-kô-niâ,s. m. poacher. BRAGUE, s. f. Mar. span Brague de canon. breeching of a gun. Bragues de bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ing unshipped.)

BRAI, bre, s. m. Mar. pitch. Brai sec, pitch. V. Braye.

BRAIE, bre, s. f. clout (of an infant.)
Fausse braie, s. f. fausse-braie, or false bray. Braye.

*Braies, breeches, slops, trowsers. d'une affaire braies nettes, to save one's bacon, get off clear.

BRAILLARD, brà-làr, Ard, V. Brailleur. Braillarde, V. Brailleuse. BRAILLER, brà-là, v. n. to brawl, be

noisy or obstreperous

BRAILLEUR, bra-leur, leuz, s. m. brawler,

noisy or obstreperous fellow. Brailleuse, s. f. brawling woman, brawler, scold.

BRAIMENT, s. m. braying.

BRAIRE, brer, v. n. to bray as an ass. BRAISE, brez, s. f. live coal, burning coal;

also baker's small coal.

BRANGR, brè-mè, v. a. to bray (as a stag.)
BRAN or BREN, brè-mè, v. m. turd, sirrevereace; bran; (de Judas) freckle; saw-dust.
Bran, interj. a fart. Bran de vous et de ros
services, a fart for you and your services.

BRANC, s. m. long sword, rapier.
BRANCARD, brèn-kèr, s. m. kind of litter;
steo shaft (of a coach or chaise.)
BRANCARD, brèn-kèr, s. m. kind of litter;

BRANCHAGE, bren-shaz, s. m. branches,

boughs.

BRANCHE, brènsh, s. f. branch, bough; branch; (of a sword hill) bow. Chandelier à

BRANCHE-URSINE, s. f. Acanthus. BRANCHER, bren-sha, v. a. to hang on a tree.

Brancher, v. n. to perch, roost.

BRANCHIER, s. m. brancher, young hawk. BRANCHIER, s. f. pl. the gills of a fish. BRANCHU, E, bren-shå, shu, adj. full of

branches

BRANDE, brend, s. f. heath; brandes, (in hunting) boughs of trees.

BRANDEBOURG, brend-boor, s. m. Brandenburg; also kind of button hole.

Brandelourg, s. f. campaign-coat, surtout. BRANDEVIN, brend-vin, s. m. brandy. BRANDEVINIER, E, brend-vi-nik, s m. &

BRANDI, E, adj. (from Brandir) brandished. Enlever un fardeau tout brandi, to take up a burden all at once or in the condition it is in.

BRANDILLEMENT, bren-dil-men, s. m.

swinging, tossing.
BRANDILLER, bren-dl-da, v. n. to swing, toss, shake to and fro. Be brandiller, v. r. to swing, see-saw.

BRANDILLOIRE, bren-dl-lwar, s. f. swing. *BRANDIR, bren-dir, v. a. to brandish. Brandir un chevron sur la panne, to fasten a raster on a beam.

BRANDON, brên-don, s. m. wisp of straw lighted; flake of fire. Le brunden de cupidon, the torch of love.

BRANLANT, TE, adj. shaking, wagging. Branle, breni, s. m. motion, agitation, tossing, jogging brawl (sort of dance;) balance, suspense doubt. Mener le branle, to

lead the dance. Sonner les cloches en branle,

rousermail, rudder stoppers (to prevent its be- || affaire, to influence or encourage a thing, to so that going. Faire danser as brank de sor-tie à quelqu'un, to turn one out, show one the door. C'est hei qui a donné le branke aux autres, it is he that stirred up the rest or that set the rest to work.

Branle, Mar. hammock. Branle-bas, up sii hammocks. Faire branle-bas, to lash up and take down all the hammocks from between deck. Faire branle-bas général, to clear for action. Faire branle bas de propreté, to clear bas, to be clearing ship. V. Paser.
BRANLEMENT, bresl-men, s. m. motion,

Branler, v. n. to shake, jog, stir.

Branler, v. n. to shake, jog, stir.

Branler, v. n. to shake, jog, stir, move, wag. Les deuts lui branlent, his teeth are loose; to stagger, totter; to give ground; to be unsteady or wavering, stagger, waver, be in doubt, vacillate.

BRANLEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. shaker. BRANLOIRE, bren-lwar, s. f. see-saw. BRAQUE, brak, s. m. kind of short tailed

setting-dog.

BRAQUEMART, s. m. short and broad sword, whinyard.

BRAQUEMENT, brak-men, s. m. levelling of a piece of ordnance.

BRAQUER, brå-kå, v. a. to turn, set or bena. Braquer un canon, to level or point a cannon.

BRAS, bra, s. m. arm; elbow or arm (of a chair;) claws (of a lobster;) fore-leg (of a horse;) handle, sconce; arm or power; cou-Demeurer les bras croisés, to stand with one's arms across, be idle. Se jeter entre les brus de quelqu'un, to cast one's self upon another for protection. Viewe de ses bras, to live by one's labour. A force de bras, by main strength. Il avail le bras retrousse jusqu'an coude, he had his sleeve turned up to the elbow. Il a une grande famille sur les bras, he has a great family to maintain. Avoir de grandes affaires sur les bras, to have great concerns in hand. Avoir beaucoup de créanciers sur les bras, to have many duns at one's heels. S'attirer un puissant ennemi sur les bras, to draw a powerful enemy upon one's back. Pai sur les bras un paissant ememi, I have to do with a powerful enemy. Il me jette toutes ses forces sur les bras, he turns all his forces against me. Tendre les bras à quelqu'un, to be ready to help, relieve, assist or protect one; to offer one aid or protection. Preter son bras à quelqu'un, to lend one assistance or help. C'est mon bras droit, he is my right hand or the greatest help I have. Je veux avoir les bras cassés, si, I will be burned or hanged, if. Bras dessus, bras dessous, arm in arm.

Bras, Mar. brace. Grands bras or bras de la grande vergue, main braces. Bras de la vergue sèche, cross-jack braces. Bras de misaine, fore braces. Bras du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant braces. Bras du grand per-roquet, main top-gallant braces. Bras du petit perroquet rolant, fore top-gallant royal braces. Brus du grand perroquet volant, main top-galiant royal braces. Brus de la perruche, mizen top-gallant braces. Faux bras, pre-venter braces. Bras de l'ancre, arms of the to ring out the bells. Mettre une cloche en anchor. Bras d'un ariron, loom of an our braule, to raise a bell. Donner le branle à une Bras du vent, weather-braces. Bras de desbar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

sous le vent, lee-braces. Bras de mer or de rivière, arm of the sea or of a river. Petit bras de mer, inlet of the sea. Faire bon bras, to round in the weather-braces (when the wind draws aft.) V. Brasser.

BRASER, v. a. to braze, solder.

BRASIER, bra-zla, s. m. brisk clear fire of coals or wood; pan for coals, brasier; fire,

burning stame, great heat.

BRASILLER, bra-zl-sa, v. a. to broil upon charcoal. Faire brasiller des pêches, to broil

reaches.

BRASQUE, s. f. mixture of clay and pounded charcoal for the inside of furnaces.

BRASSAGE, s. m. coining or minuing of mo-

ney. Droit de brassage, coinage.
BRASSARD, bra-sar, s. m. piece of armour for the arm; leather-cuff or bracer.

Brasse, brås, s. f. fathom, six feet. Brasse, brå-så, s. f. arm-full. Brasser, brå-så, v. a. to brew; to mix together (metals;) to brew, plot, hatch, con-trive, imagine or devise. Brasser, v. a. Mar. to brace. Brasser les voiles à culer, to back the sails. Brasse tout à culer, lay all flat aback. Brasser carré, to square the yards. Brasse carré derrière, square the after yards. Brasse à contre devant, brace about the head yards. Brasse au vent, brace to, also haul in the weather braces. Brasse sous le vent le grand lustier, haul in the lee main and main top sail braces. Brasse en pointe les vergues de perroquet, point the top-gellant yards to the wind. Brasse bâbord, haul in the larboard braces. Brasse tribord, haul in the starboard

BRASSERIE, bras-rl, s. f. brew-house.

BRASSEU-R, SE, brå-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. brewer.

BRASSEVAGE, s. m. Mar. inner quarters of a yard (between the shrouds.)

BRASSIAGE, s. m. Mar. depth of water. BRASSIERES, bra-sier, s. f. pl. tight waist

for a child or a woman.

Brassin, bra-sin, s. m. brewer's copper.

Bravache, bra-vash, s. m. bully, hector,

braggadocio, swaggerer.
BRAVADE, bravad, s.f. bravado, hectoring.
BRAVE, brav, adj. brave, stout, valiant,

courageous; fine, spruce, gallant. BRAVE, s. m. brave man, stout man, gallant man, man of courage, bully, bravo.

Faire le brace, to carry it high.

BRAVEMENT, brav-men, adv. valiantly, bravely, stoutly; finely, adroitly.
BRAVER, bra-va, v. a. to brave, dare,

bully.

BRAVERIE, brav-ri, s. f. fineness, fine clothes.

BRAVOURE, bra-voor, s. f. bravery, valour,

courage; achievement. BRAYE, s. f. Mar. coat of stuff, turred can-

vass, coat of a mast, etc. Braye du gouvernail, rudder coat.

BRAYÉ, E, adj. pitched, done over with pitch and tar, etc.

BRAYEMETT, V. Braiment.

BRAYER, ore ya, v. a. Mar. to pay or pitch, to pay with hot melted pitch (speaking of reams, planks.) etc.

BRAYER, bra-ya, s. m. truss ; brail or pannel (of a hawk.)

Brayers, s. m. pl. tackie-ropes.

BRAYETTE, brå-yet, s. f. fore-flap of a pair of breeches. Cod-pieces.

BREANT, bre-en, s. m. green finch or king of little bird with a big short beak.

*BRÉBIAGE, s. m. tax on sheep.
BREBIS, brè-bl, s. f. sheep, ewe. Brebis
galeuse, a person of corrupted manuers, scabby sheep.

BRECHE, bresh, s. f. breach; notch, gap; breach, prejudice, damage, diminution.

BRECHE-DENT, adj. that has lost one or

more of the fore teeth, toothless.

BRECHET, s. m. brisket, breast.

BRECIN, s. m. iron-book.

BREDINDIN, s. m. Mar. garnet, (small tackle affixed to the main stay in French

BREDOUILLE, bre-dool, s. f. lurch (at backgammon.) Etre en bredouille, to be put to a nonplus, be beside one's self. Sortir bredouille d'un lieu, to leave a place without having been able to do what one had intended.

BREDOUILLEMENT, brê-dôol-mên, s. m.

stuttering, mumbling.

Bredouiller, bre-doo-la, v. n. to stam mer, stutter, mumble. BREDOUILLEU-R, sx, brê-do-/eur, leuz.

s. m. & f. stammerer, stutterer.

BREF, BREVE, brêf, brèv, adj. brief, short.

En bref, adv. in a short time, shortly, briefly. Bref, adv. in short, to cut or be short. BREF, s. m. brief or pope's letter; also

church-calendar for the order of divine ser-

BREGIN, s. m. Mar. kind of net with narrow meshes.

BREHAIGNE, bre-egn, adj. f. Ex. Biche brehaigne, barren hind. Brehaigne, barren woman.

BRELAN or BRELAND, bre-len, s. m. kind of game at cards; gaming-house or ordinary; pair-royal (three cards of the same suit.)

Brelander, bre-len-da, v. n. to game, be

a gamester (at cards.)
BRELANDIER, E, brê-lên-dik, diêr, s. m. & f. gamester, gambler (at sards.)

BRELANDINIER, E, s. m. & f. dealer who sells in stalls.

BRELIC-BRELOQUE or BRELIQUE-BRE-LOQUE, adv. heedlessly, carelessly. BRELLE, s. f. raft.

BRELOQUE, bre-lok, s. f. toy, gewgaw. BRELUCHE, s. f. threaden and worsted

stuff. BRÈME, brem, s. f. bream, a fresh-water fish.

. BREN, V. Bran.

BRENEU-X, SE, bre-neu, neuz, adj. bezhitten, beshit, befouled.

BRESIL, bre-zil, s. m. Brazil; also Brazilwood.

BRESILLER, bre-zi-la, v. a. to dye with Brazil: also to cut into small pieces.

BRESILLET, s. m. inferior sort of Brazil-

BRESSE, s. f. Bresse, now the department of Ain (in France;) also Brescia (a city of Italy.)

BRETAGNE, s. f. Britanny (in France.) Grande-Bretagne, Great Britain. Neveu à la mode de Bretagne, cousin once removed. Bretailler, bre-ta-la, v. n. to be quar

relsome.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BRETAILLEUR, brê-ta-feur, s. m. quarrelsome fellow.

BRETAUDER, brê-to-da, v. a. to crop a horse's ears, cut one's hair too short.

BRETELLE, bre-tel, s. f. strap, handle of a dorser or pannier. Bretelles, gallowses (of pentulous, etc.)
BRETTE, brêt, s. f. rapier, long sword.
BRETTE, e, adj. notched, indented, jagged or toothed like a saw.

BRETTELER, v. a. to cut stones with a

tooth-tool. BRETTER, v. n. to be always quarrelling

BRETTEUR, brê-teur, s. m. bully, hector, quarrelsome fellow.

BRETTURE, bre-tur, s. f. teeth or dents of some tools.

BREUILLER, v. a. Mar. to clue up the sails. BREVE, s. f. (or syllabe breve) short syllable.

BREVENENT, V. Brievement. BREVET, bre-ve, s. m. writ, brief of the crown, commission or warrant of an officer; indenture; bill of lading; charm or spell. Bréveté.

BRÉVETAIRE, s. m. bearer of the king's warrant for a church preferment.

BREVETER, v. a. to grant a warrant. BRÉVIAIRE, bré-vièr, s. m. breviary. Etre zu bout de son bréviaire, to be at one's wit's

end; brevier (type.)

Breuvage, breu-vaz, s. m. drink, beverage, also mixture of equal parts of wine and water for the crew on board French ships to drink during an action; potion; drench.

BRIBE, brb, s. f. piece or lunch of bread; scrap; scraps or broken victuals.

BRICOLE, brl-kôl, s. f. bricole, rebound of a ball at tennis, back stroke at billiards; kind of net; strap or thong of leather. Donner des bricoles à quelqu'un, to impose upon one, sell him a bargain. De bricole, adv. (indirectement) indirectly. Bricole, Mar. uneasy roll-

ing of a ship.

BRICOLER, brl-kô-lâ, v. n. to pass a ball, toss sideways; also to play fast and loose.

BRIDE, brld, s. f. bridle; string (of a cap,

etc.) stay; loop; bar. La main de la bride, the lest hand. A bride abattue or à toute bride, full speed. Aller bride en main dans une affaire, to carry on a business prudently, act with deliberation. Transiller bride en main, to work with deliberation, make no more haste than good speed. Tenir la bride haute à quelqu'un, to keep one short or under, keep a strict hand over one. Tenir en bride, to bri-dle or curb, keep in or under. Tourner bride, to turn back or short, wheel about. Lâcher la bride à quelqu'un or Mettre à quelqu'un la bride sur le cou, to leave one to himself, let one take his own course. Lâcher la bride à ses passions, to indulge or gratify one's passions. Un cheval fort en bride, a hard-mouthed horse. Bride à veau, sham, foolish or silly reason.

BRIDE, E, adj. bridled. La bécasse est bridée, he is caught, the babble is trapped.

point brider, that horse will not be bridled. will not endure a bridle.

Brider, v. a. Mar. to snap, seize, swift in, span in. Brider les haubans, to swift in the rigging. Brider les haubans pour en frapper le trélingage, to span in the rigging for seizing

on the cat harping legs.

Bridge, to span in the rigging for seizing on the cat harping legs.

Bridge, bri-dwar, s. m. bridle, chincloth.

Bridge, bri-dwar, s. m. snaffle or break.

Bridge, Bridge, short-dr, ev, adj brief, short. Une bonne et brieve fustice, a good and quick despatch of justice. Ajournement à trois briefs jours, three days adjournment.

Bridge meet, bri-ev-mên, adv. briefly, in a few words. in short. compendiously.

a few words, in short, compendiously.

BRIEVETE, bri-ev-ta, s. f. brevity, shortness.

BRIFE, s. f. a large piece of bread. BRIFER, v. a. to eat greedily, devour. claw

off the victuals. BRIFEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. greedy eater, ravenous feeder.

BRIG, V. Brigantin.

BRIGADE, brigadd, s. f. brigade; company or troop; gang (of robbers.)
BRIGADIER, brigaddie, s. m. brigadier.
Brigadier, Mar. bow-man (of a boat.)

BRIGAND, bri-gan, s. m. brigand, robber.

highwayman.
BRIGANDAGE, bri-gan-daz, s. m. robbery.

highway-robbery, depredation.
BRIGANDER, bri-gan-da, v. n. to rob, go

on the highway.

BRIGANDIN, s. m. brigandine. BRIGANTIN, bri-gan-tin, s. m. brigantine, brig. V. Baume.

BRIGITTIN, E, s. m. & f. monk or nun of St. Bridget.

St. Bridget.

Brignor, V. Brugnon.

Brignor, V. Brugnon.

Brigue, brig, s. f. canvassing, soliciting, making interest; brigue, party, cabal, faction.

Briguer, briga, v. a. to put up or canvass or stand or make interest for. Briguer

une charge, to stand for an office, to sue, make interest for a place.

BRIGUEUR, brl-gedr, s. m. candidate. BRILLAMMENT, brl-la-men, adv. in a bril-

liant manner.

BRILLANT, E, adj. brilliant, shining, spark-ling, glittering, bright. Cheval brillant, fine or stately horse. Esprit brillant, sparkling wit. Humeur brillante et enjouée, brisk and lively humour.

BRILLANT, bri-lèn, s. m. brightness, spiendour; a brilliant. Il n'a point de brillant, he is not smart, he is duli. Elle a un brillant d'esprit qui enchante tout le monde, she has sparkling wit that charms every body.

BRILLANTER, bri-len-ta, v. a. to cut into

angles (a diamond.)
BRILLER, bri-la, v. n. to shine, sparkle,
glitter or glister, be bright or sparkling, etc.
BRIMBALE, brin-bal, s. f. Mar. brake or

handle of a pump.

BRIMBALER, brin-ba-la, v. a. to swing. Brimbaler les cloches, to ring, set the bells a ringing.

BRIMBORION, brin-bo-rion, s. f. bauble,

Cison bride, sitly creature.

Brider, brida, v. a. to bridle, put on a bridle; to rein in, curb, keep under, keep in; to tie fast. Brider he nez à quelqu'un, to hit or strike over the face. Ce cheval ne se laise.

Brider, brin, s. m. bit, piece; sprig, shoot: slip or blade; twist. Bois de brin, round of of three silken twists. Un brin de paille, a

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod,

Brin d'estoc, quarter staff, long stick. Brin à brin, by little and little, piece-meal, bit by bit.

RRI

Brin, Mar. sample. Le premier brin, the ime of the hemp. Le second brin, the prime of the hemp.

combings of the hemp.

*BRINDE, brind, s. f. health, toast. BRINDILLE, S. f. a little bough.
BRINDILLE, S. f. Mar. V. Brimbale.
BRIOCHE, bri-osh, s. f. sort of cake. BRIOINE, s. f. Bryony, white-vine. BRION, bri-on, s. m. moss on trees. Brion, Mar. fore-foot.

BRIQUE, brik, s. f. brick.

BRIQUET, bri-ke, s. m. steel (for a tinder-

box.) BRIQUETAGE, brîk-thæ, s. m. brick work; also imitation of brick work.

BRIQUETER, brik-ta, v. a. to imitate, make

brick work.

BRIQUETERIE, brik-te-ri, s. f. brick-kiln,

also brick-making.

BRIQUETIER, brik-tiå, s. m. brick-maker.
BRIS, bris, s. m. breaking open.

Bris de prison, breaking out of prison. Bris, Mar. wreck. Droit de bris, the admiralty of a sea-

BRISANT, bri-zen, s. m. rock, shelf, bri-

sans, breakers.

BRISCAMBILLE, s. f. a sort of game at cards.

BRISE, brlz, s. f. Mar. breeze, gale of wind. Nous eumes la brise des premiers, we had the first of the breeze. Brise du large, sea-breeze, sea-turn. Brise de terre, land-breeze, land-turn. Brise carabinée, stiff breeze or stiff gale.

turn. Brise carbonnee, sun breeze or sun gaue. Brises folles, baffling winds. Brise molle, light breeze. Brise réglée, steady breeze. BRISÉ, E, adj. broken, bruisod, beaten in pieces, các. V. Briser. Armes brisées, coat of arms rebated or diminished. Lit brisé, folding-bed. Chaise brisée, folding-chair. Porte. brisée, folding-door. Carrosse brisé, landau. Vuisseau brisé. a ship wrecked, landau. Vuisseau brisé.

landau. Vaisseau brisé, a ship wrecked. BRISE-cou, briz-kôo, s. m. steep stair-case,

break-neck stair-case.

BRISÉES, bri-zå, s. f. pl. boughs cast in the deer's way. Revenir sur les brisées or re-prendre les brisées, to resume one's former dis-Suivre les brisées or marcher our les brisées de quelqu'un, to follow one's steps, imitate one. Aller or marcher sur les brisées de quelqu'un, to interfere with one.

BRISE-GLACE, briz-glas, s. m. starlings (to break the ice at the piers of bridges.)

BRISE-IMAGE, s. m. & f. image breaker, iconoclast.

BRISEMENT, briz-men, s. m. breaking or dashing of the waves. Brisement de cœur, rending of the heart, repentance, contrition.

BRISER, brl-za, v. a. to break, bruise or beat in pieces. Briser, v. n. to break or split. Ils sont brisés ensemble, they are fallen out. Brisons-là, let us break off there, no more of that

Se briser, v. r. to break, be very brittle; also to fold up. Table qui se brise, folding-table. Se briser (parlant d'un vaisseau) to suffer wreck.

BRISE-VENT, briz-ven, s. m. shelter (from the wind.)

BRISEUR, bri-zeur, s. m. breaker. Briseun d'images, image-breaker. Briseur de sel, kind of salt-officer.

BRISOIR, bri-zwar, s. m. brake for flax. BRISQUE, s. f. a sort of game (at cards.) BRISURE, bri-zur, s. f. fracture, separation; rebatement (in heraldry.)
BRITANNIQUE, bri-tan-nik, adj. British,

Britannick.

BROC, bro, s. m. great leathern jack, large tin or wooden pitcher iron-hooped; great jug. *Broc, spit. De broc en bouche, hot from the

BROCANTER, bro-kan-ta, v. n. to deal in

pictures, medals, curiosities, etc.

BROCANTEU-R, SE, bro-kan-teur, teuz, s
m. & f. seller of curiosities, etc. BROCARD, bro-kar, s. m. nipping jest, taunt, scoff; a brocket.

BROCARDER, bro-kår-då, v. a. to jest upon, jeer, nip or taunt, scoff.

BROCARDEU-R, SE, bro-kår-dåur, deuz, s. m. & f. one that gives dry rubs or wipes, taunter.

BROCART, s. m. brocade. BROCATELLE, bro-ka-tel, s. f. kind of stuff like brocade, also kind of variegated marble, kind of linsey-woolsey, made in Flanders. Broccoli, V. Brocoli.

BROCHANT, adj. m. (in heraldry) across the escutcheon, over-all. Brochant sur letout,

The escutcheon, over-all. Brochast sur letoss, more than all the rest. V. also Brocher.

BROCHE, brosh, s. f. spit; faucet, tap; (to hang candles on) stick; peg; needle to knit with; tusk or tush. Mettre la viande à la broche, to spit the meat. Mettre une futaille en broche, to broach a vessel. Drap à double broche, drab.

BROCHÉE, bro-sha, s. f. spit-full.

BROCHER, bro-sha, v. a. to work with gold, silk, etc.; to knit; to stitch (a book,) to peg, to fasten (shoes.) Brocher un clou, to strike a nail into a horse's foot. Brocher, to do in a hurry or in a trice.

Brochet, bro-she, s. m. pike, jack.

Brocheter, v. n. Mar. to extend over a

plank a small line to which a number of small sticks are fastened at equal distances, in order to work it to a proper shape, so as to fay to the next plank, the necessary measures being marked on each of the sticks.

BROCHETON, brosh-ton, s. m. small pike, pickerel.

BROCHETTE, bro-shet, s. f. wooden skewer. BROCHEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. stitcher (of books.)

BROCHOIR, bro-shwar, s. m. smith's shoe-

ing hammer.

BROCHURE, bro-shor, s. f. pamphlet, stitched book.

Brocoli, bro-ko-ll, s. m. brocoli; young cabbage-sprouts.

BRODE, adj. f. black, swarthy, sun-burnt,

BRODÉ, E, adj. embroidered, etc. Melon brodé, streaked melon. BRODEQUIN, brod-kin, s. m. buskin.

Brodequin, (sort of torture,) boots.

BRODER, brod-da, v. a. to embroider; to spot (gauze) to embellish, set off. Vous brodez comme il faut, you romance, you flourish. BRODERIE, brod-ri, s. f. embroidery, em-

bellishment (of a story.) Parterre en broderie or de broderie, parterre with knots or figures.

BRODEU-R, SE, bro-deur, deuz, s. m. & f embroiderer; (of gauze) spotter; romancer base, bût : jèune, mêute, beurre : exfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BRONCHADE, bron-shad, s. f. or BRONCHE-

BROKCHER, bron-sha, v. a. to stumble, trip; (manquer, hésiter en préchant, etc.) to hesitate, be put out. Cheval qui bronche, a stumbling-horse.

BRONCHES, s. f. pl. those vessels of the

hungs which receive the air.
BRONCHIAL, E, adj. bronchial.

BRONCHOCELE, s. m. bronchocele.

BRONCHOTOMIE, s. f. bronchotomy.

BRONZE, bronz, s. m. bronze; figure de bronze, brazen-figure, bronze.

BRONZER, bron-za, v. a. to paint the colour of bronze, paint dark brown; to colour or dye black (leather.) BROQUARD, V. Brocard. BROQUART, s. m. brocket.

BROQUETTE, bro-ket, s. f. tack, small

BROSSAILLES, V. Broussailles.

BROSSE, bross, s. f. brush, pencil. Brosse

à goudron, tar-brush.

BROSSER, bro-sa, v. a. to brush, rub with

Brosser, v. n. to run through woods or bushes, brush along.

BROSSIER, s. m. brush-maker.

BROUER, s. m. green shell or burr of nuts.
BROUER, bron-à, s. f. fog, mist, rime.
BROUER, bron-à, s. m. milk-porridge, gruel, thin broth. Brouet d'andouille, broth of chitterlings. La chose s'est en allée en brouet d'andouille, it is all come to nothing.
BROUETTE, bron-èt, s. f. wheel-barrow, paltry coach; also sort of a two wheeled chair drawn by one man.

drawn by one man

BROUETTER, broo-e-ta, v. a. to carry in a

wheel-barrow or paltry coach.
BROUETTEUR, broo-ê-teur, s. m. one that

draws a two-wheeled chair. BROUETTIER, brôo-ê-tla, s. m. wheel-bar-

row-man. BROUHAHA, bro-a-a, s. m. noise of clap-

ping, applause.

*BROUILLAMINI, broo-la-mi-ni, s. m. disorder, confusion, that has neither head nor tail. BROUILLARD, broo-lur, s. m. mist, fog; day-book, waste-book.

BROUILLARD, adj. m. Ex. Papier brouil-lard, blotting or sinking paper. BROUILLE, s. f. quarrel, falling out.

BROULLEMENT, broot-men, s. m. mixing together or confounding. Brouillement de couleurs, mixing or confounding of colours. BROULLERS, broot-fa, v. a. to jumble, shuffle, blend, mix together; to put out, perplex, confound, puzzle; to embroil, confuse, disorder: to set at variance, cause a division disorder; to set at variance, cause a division, set together by the ears; to disturb or embroil, make a stir or cause an insurrection in (the state;) to turn, derange (the brain;) to blot (paper,) waste by scribbling. Brouiller les cartes, to create confusion, cause a misunderstanding.

Brouiller, v. n. to shuffle. Se brouiller, v. r. to confound or perplex one's self, be put out Se brouiller arec quelqu'un, to fall out with one. Le temps se brouille, the sky begins to be overcast.

BROUILLERIE, brook-ri, s. f. broil, troubles,

disturbance, discontent; also falling out, quar rel: and small trinket.

rei; and sman trinket.

BROUILLON, s. m. foul copy; day-book,
waste-book; busy-body, intermeddler, shuffling or pragmatical fellow.

BROUILLON, RE. brûo-lon, lôn, adj. shuffling, busy-body.

Humeur brouillonne, shuf-

fling-humour. BROUIR, broo-ir, v. a. to blast.

*BROUISSEMENT, s. m. rattling. BROUISSURE, broo-l-sur, s. f. blast, mildew. BROUSSAILLES, s. f. pl. briars, thorns, bram-bles, bushes, thicket; also little loose sticks.

BROUSSIN, s. m. excrescence on a maple

BROUT, broo, s. m. browse-wood; (of nuts) green shell. Aller au brout, to go a browsing. . Cordage.

BROUTER, broo-ta, v. a. to browse, bite or nibble off the sprigs, grass or leaves; also to feed on.

BROUTILLES, broo-til, s. f. pl. sprigs, browse-Wood, brush-wood; also things of no value.

BROYE or BROIE, s. f. brake (for hemp.)

BROYEMENT, brway-men, s. m. grinding,

beating small, ecc.

BROYER, brwa-ya, v. a. to grind, bray, beat small, pound, bruise. Broyer l'encre (in printing) to bray the ink.

BROYEUR, brwh-yeur, s. m. grinder, pounder, one who mixes colours for painting.

BROYON, brud-yon, s. m. mullar.
BRU, brd, s. f. son's wife, daughter-in-law.
BRUANT, brd-én.s. m. yellow-hammer, ring.
BRUGNOLE, V. Brignolle.

BRUGNON, brd-gnon, s. m. nectarine.

BRUINE, brůin, s. f. rime, drizzling rain. BRUINE, e, adj. blasted by frost. BRUINER, brůi-nà, v. a. to drizzle. BRUINER, brůi-r, v. n. to make a noise,

rustle, rattle, roar.

BRUISSEMENT, bru-is-men, s. m. rustling

noise, roaring, rattling.

BRUIT, brûl, s. m. noise; rattling; clash ing; chattering or gnashing; jerk or snap-ping; screaking (of a file;) bouncing or bounce; cracking or crack; stamping; creaking (of shoes or a door;) roaring or raging; sound, resounding; noise, buzz, din; noise, name, eclat, fame, repute, reputation; bruit, rumour, news-report, common fame, common talk; uproar, sedition, insurrection; quarrel, dispute, variance. Avoir bruit ensemble, to fall out, be at variance. A grand bruit, adv. with great bustle. A petit bruit, adv. without ostentation, silently, softly. Le bruit court, it is said.

BRULANT, TE, adj. burning, scorching; also hot, burning hot, (de désir or d'envie, etc.) eager, earnest, ardent.

BRULE, E, adj. burnt, burnt up, burnt down, etc. Avoir le teint brûle, to be tanned or sun-burnt. Cerveau brûle, cervelle brûlee, enthusiast, fanatick.

BRULÉ, s. m. burning. Je sens le brûlé, l nell something burnt. Chose qui sent le smell something burnt. brille, thing that smells as if it were burnt.

BRULEMENT, brul-men, s. m. burning or setting on fire.

BRULER, brů-lå, v. a. to burn, consume by fire; to scald; to blast; to burn, scorch, parch; to set on fire. A brûle-pourpoint, adv. very close. Il l'a tiré à brûle-pourpoint, he shot bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

him with a gun close to his breast. C'est un ! raisonnement à brûle-pourpoint, it is a home argument, an invincible argument. Brûler des amorces, Mar. to let off powder in small. quantities, as night-signals, in lieu of false-fires.

Briller, v. n. to burn, be on fire or all in flames; be inflamed; to be impatient, to long with great impatience; to consume away by degrees, pine away. Se brûler, v. r. to burn one's self, be on fire or burning. Se brûler de chandelle, to throw one's self into danger, burn one's ingers.

BRULEUR, bru-leur, s. m. incendiary.

BRULE-GUEULE, s. m. short pipe.
BRULOT, brd-lô, s. m. fire-ship, also food exceeding not with salt or pepper, high seasoned dish, incendiary letter, incendiary fellow or firebrand, and the ancient machine, pyrobolus.

BRULURE, bru-har, s. f. burn or burning, scald or scalding; also blast (of plants.)
BRUMAL, E, brû-mâl, adj. winterly, wintry,

that comes in the winter.

BRUME, brûm, s. f. thick fog or mist.

BRUMEU-X, SE, adj. V. Embrume.
BRUM, E, brum, brum, adj. brown, dark, dun, dusky. Bai-brum, V. Bai.

BRUN, s. m. brown man; brown colour. Brune, s. f. brown maid or woman. Sur

la brune, in the dusk of the evening

BRUNELLE, S. f. self-heal (plant.)
BRUNET, brd-ne, s. m. brown or dark youth.
Brunete, brd-net, s. f. brown girl or woman; kind of dark brown stuff; love ballad.

BRUNIR, bru-nir, v. a. to burnish, polish or brighten; to make brown or dark.

v. n. se brunir, v. r. to grow brown or dark.
BRUNISSAGE, bru-ni-saz, s. m. burnishing, polishing.

BRUNISSEU-R, SE, brů-nî-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. burnisher.

BRUNISSOIR, brå-ni-swår, s. m. burnisher,

burnishing-stick. BRUNISSURE, s. f. polish of the horns of

stags, etc. Brusc, s. m. butcher's broom.

BRUSE, braz, s. m. knee holly, a butcher's

BRUSQUE, brusk, adj. blunt, harsh, rough,

hare-brained, over-hasty, sudden.
BRUSQUENENT, britisk-men, adv. bluntly,

harshly, roughly, hastily, suddenly.
BRUSQUER, brûs-ka, v. a. to be short or blunt or sharp with, attack with violence, take by storm; also to do in haste or unexpectedly,

BRUSQUERIE, brask-ri, s. f. bluntness, blunt

action, roughness, rough way of proceeding.

BRUT, E, brût, adj. (the t is pronounced in the masculine,) rough, unpolished, unhewed; brute, void of reason. Bois brut, timber in

the rough. Du sucre brut, brown sugar.
BRUTAL, E, brû-tâl, adj. brutish, beastly; also fierce, passionate, rude. Un brutal, une brutale, s. m. & f. a brutish person, a brute, person given over to brutish pleasures, a churl, a clown, a clownish woman, passionate person, rash or blunt or hair-brained or inconsiderate person.

BRUTALEMENT, brů-tål-men, adv. brutishly, beastly, clownishly, passionately, rashly, inconsiderately, hand over head, bluntly.

BRUTALISER, brū-tā-ll-zā, v. a. to treat

brutally, use roughly, abuse (by words only.)

*Brutaliser, v. n. to enjoy or take brutish pleasures.

BRUTALITÉ, brů-tå-lî-tå, s. f. brutality. brutishness, beastliness, clownishness, rashness, inconsideration, also abusive or outrageous language.
BRUTE, s. f. brute, brute beast.

BRUTIER, s. m. bird of prey that cannot be

BRUXELLES, (pronounced Brusselles) Brus-

BRUYANT, E, brûl-yên, yênt, adj. (from Bruire) blustering, roaring, thundering, obstreperous, noisy.

BRUYÈRE, bru-yer, s. f. sweet broom or

heath. Campagne converte de bruyère, heath. BRYOINE, S. f. bryony. BU, E., adj. drunk, drunk out. V. Boire. BUANDERIE, bû-ênd-rl, s. f. place for wash-

ing (with lie.)
BUANDIER, E, bû-ên-dla, dêr, s. m. & f. washer-man or washer-woman.

BUBE, båb, s. f. pimple, pustule.

BUBERON, s. m. sucking-bottle; (of a cru-

et) spout.

Bubon, bå-bon, s. m. bubo, blotch, pesti-

BUBONOCÈLE, s. m. bubonocele.

Buccal, E, adj. of or belonging to the mouth.

BUCCHANTE, s. f. sort of plant.
Buccin, s. m. kind of shell like a horn or aper roll in form of a cone.

BUCCINATEUR, s. m. trumpeter; also muscle which laterally occupies the space between the two jaws.

Buccine, s. f. kind of trumpet.

BUCENTAURE, s. m. bucentaur (great ship used by the Venetians in the ceremony of marrying the sea.)

BUCHE, bush, s. f. billet, log; sot, block head, dull-pated fellow. Il ne se remue non plus qu'une bûche, he moves no more than a post.

Bûche, Mar. buss, herring buss. Bucher, bû-sha, s. m. wood-pile, funeral pile; also wood-house

BUCHER, v. n. to fell wood, cut down trees. Bucheron, bush-ron, s. m. wood cleaver. feller of wood.

BUCHETTE, bå-shåt, s. f. small stick.
BUCOLIQUE, bå-kå-lik, adj. bucolick, pastoral.
BUCOLIQUE, s. f. bucolick, pastoral poem.
BUÉE, s. f. lie for washing.

BUFFET, bu-fe, s. m. buffet, cupboard; also rvice of plate. Buffet d'orgues, organ-case, service of plate.

also little organ.

BUFFLE, bôff, s. m. buffle, buffalo; also buff-skin and buff-coat. Un gros buffle, un vrai buffle, a great fool or blockhead.

BUFFLETIN, s. m. a young buffalo.
BUGALET, s. m. sort of small vessel or bark.
BUGLE, s. f. (sort of plant) bugle.
BUGLOSE, s. f. bugloss (kitchen herb.)

Buile, bair, s. f. flagon or great pot.
Buile, bair, s. f. flagon or great pot.
Buils, bail, s. m. box-tree, box; we say
menton de buis, prominent elevated chin.
Donner le buis à quelque chose, to burnish or
polish or finish a thing.
Builsson, bail-son, s. m. bush, tree that

rows with a bush head, bushy dwarf-tree, bush, thicket or covert, and thicket or grove.
Buissonneu-z. se, adj full of thickets

base, but : jeane, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Buissonnier, e, bůl-sô-níå, níèr, adj. Ex. | apin buissonnier, rabbit that lives in a thicket. Faire l'école buissonnière, to play the truant. BULBE, bulb, s. f. bulb, bulbous root, scal-

Bulbeu-x, se, bål-bêu, beuz, adj. bulbous. BULLAIRE, bûl-ler, s. in. collection of the Pope's bulls.

Pope's bulls.

BULLE, bûl, s. f. bull, letter from the Pope;
bubble (of air or water.)

BULLE, E, adj. in due form, authentic.

BULLETIN, bûl-dn, s. m. vote, ballot;
(to lodge soldiers) billet; bulletin, daily report; certificate (given to a French sailor.)

BULTEAU, bûl-tô, s. m. tree, the top of which is cut in the form of a bowl

which is cut in the form of a bowl. BUPRESTE, s. f. winged insect that has a

sting like the bee.
BURALISTE, bû-râ-lîst, s. m. receiver of daties.

BURAT, bu-ra, s. m. coarse sort of woollen-

BURATÉ, E, bû-râ-tâ, adj. of a coarse kind. BURE, bûr, s. f. coarse woollen-cloth; shaft of a mine.

Buren, standing to the surface of course woollen-stuff; board, table; (table sur laquelle on compte de l'argent, sur luquelle on met des papiers) counter, desk; office; factory; court, jurisdiction; audience, hearing of causes; court, bench, judges; committee; bureau, scrutoire. Burenu d'addresses, office of intelligence also

Bureau d'addresses, office of intelligence; also prating gossip. Paris est le grand bureau des merceilles, Paris is the place of wonders. Connoître or savoir l'air du bureau, to know how a cause is likely to be determined, to know how matters stand. L'air du bureau n'est pas pour vous, the cause is likely to go against you. Prendre l'air du bureau, to inquire how matters stand.

BURETTE, bu-ret, s. f. little flagon to put the wine and water in for the celebration of

mass; also little cruet for oil.

BURGAU, s. m. the finest sort of mother of pearl.

Burin, bû-rin, s. m. burine, graver. Burin, Mar. sort of a large toggel. Buriner, bû-ri-nê, v. a. to engrave. Burinesque, bûr-lêsk,adj. burlesque, mer-

BURLESQUE, burlesk, adj. burlesque, mer-ry, jocose, comical.

BURLESQUE, s. m. burlesque.

BURLESQUEMENT, bûrlesk-mên, adv.

conically, in a jocose manner.

BURSAL, E, bûr-sâl, adj. pecuniary. Edits

bursaux, money edicts.

Busar, s. m. a sort of bird of prey.
Busc, bask, s. m. busk.
Buse, buz, s. f. buzzard; ninny, goose,
simpleton, ignoramus. On ne sauroit faire d'une buse un épervier ; one cannot make a dunce an able man.

Busquer, bo seek one's fortune, to seek one's fortune. Busquer, to put a busk in. Se busquer, to wear a busk. Elle ne sort jamuis qu'elle ne soit busquée, she never goes out with-

out a busk in her stays.

BUSQUIERE, bus-kler,s. f. hole in the stays to receive a busk; also stay-hook, and sto-

macher.

Buste, bust, s. m. bust (head and shoul-

Bur, bu, s. m. butt, a mark to shoot at; sim, scope, end or design. Frapper an but,

toucher au but, to hit the nail on the head. But à but, even hands, without any odds Etre but à but, to be even. De but en blanc, point blank; also roundly, plainly, openly, without any preamble, and blundy, abruptly.

BUTE, s. m. farrier's buttress.

BUTÉ, E, adj. hit, aimed at, etc. also fixed,

resolved.

BUTER, v. a. to hit the mark; to aim. Se buter, v. r. to clash with one another. Sebu ter à, to be resolved or fixed upon.

BUTIN, bå-tin, s. m. booty; spoil, plunder,

BUTINER, bû-tî-na, v. a. to get a booty,

pillage, plunder. BUTIREU-X, SE, adj. buttery, like butter BUTOR, bd-tor, s. m. bittern or bittour. BUTOR, DE, s. m & f. great booby, lob,

dull person.

BUTTE, but, s. f. butt, bank, small rising ground, shooting at a but; mound of earth (at the foot of a tree.) Etre en butte à, to be exposed to.

BUTTER, bû-ta, v. a. to raise a heap of

earth round; also to prop with a buttress.

BUTTIERE, s. f. kind of gun to shoot for

BUVABLE, bû-vabl, adi, fit to drink, drinkable.

BUVEAU, s. m. bevel.

BUVETIER, buv-tla, s. m. master of a ta-vern or ale-house, publican.

BUVETTE, bů-vět, s. f. tavern or ale-house : also a sort of tavern or victualling house in

the court of judicature at Paris; drinking Buveu-R, se, bû-vêur, vêuz, s. m. & f. drinker, toper, tippler. Buvotter, bû-vê-tâ, v. n. to sip, drink a

little at a time and often, tipple.
BUYE. V. Buire.
BUZE. V. Buse.

C, så, s. m. 3d letter of the French alpin

CA, sh, adv. hither, here. Cà et là, this way and that way, up and down. Qui ca, qui là, some one way, some another. De-çà, this side or on this side. De de-çà, of this side, of these parts. En-de-çà, au-de-çà, par-de-çà, this side, on this side. Au-de-çà du Rhim, on this side the Rhime. En çà, sud-de parts de la palais) to this time. Permis deur (style de palais) to this time. Depuis deux ans en ca, this time two years, two years.

CA, interj. come on, come.

CABALE, kå-bål, s. f. (tradition among the Jews) cabal. Cabal, party, combination, confederacy, faction; set, gang; club, company series.

pany, society.

CABALE, E, adj. got by caballing.

CABALER, ka-ba-la, v. n. to cabal, com-

bine, conspire together.

CABALEUB, kå-bå-lčur, s. m. caballer.

CABALISTE, kå-bå-llst, s. m. Jewish cabalist; also (but only in Languedoc) partner in . trade.

CABALISTIQUE, kå-bå-lls-tlk, adj. cabalistick.

*CABAN, s. m. sort of cloak.

CABANE, kå-bån, s. f. cot, cottage, hut, thatched house; also cage for birds to brood in

bar, bat, base; thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

and flat bottomed covered boat and hoops of a tilt; cabin (of a ressel.)
CABANER, ka-ba-na, v. a. Mar. to turn
upside down (applied to a boat.)

CABARON, s. m. a little hut. CABARET, ka-ba-re, s. m. tavern, publickhouse; tea-table; (plant) asarabacca. Ca-baret à bière, ale-house. Cabaret à cidre, cider-house.

CABARETIER, E, kå-bår-tlå, tler, s. m. & f. tavern-keeper, alchouse-keeper, publican. Cabas, ka-ba, s. m. frail, basket made of

rushes.

"CABASSET, s. m. slight kind of helmet. CABESTAN, kå-bës-tën, s. m. Mar. capstan capstern. Grand cabestan, cabestan de r capstern. l'arrière, main capstern, after capstern. Petil cabestan or cubestan d'arant, jeer cap-stern. Cubestan rolant, crab. Mettre du Cabestan rolant, crab. monde an cabestan, to man the capstern.

CABILLAUD, ka-bl-lo, s. m. a chub, had-

dock.

CABILLE, s. f. hord, clan, tribe.

CABILLOT, s. m. Mar. toggel; also wooden-pin (for belaying ropes.)
CABINET, kå-bl-nå, s. m. closet, study; cabinet, cabinet council. Etre du cabinet, to be of the cabinet council; cabinet, chest of drawers; arbour, bower; summer-house; wardrobe; house of office. Un homme de cabinet, a studious or bookish-man.

CABLE, kahl, s. m. Mar. cab.e. Cables de retenue, two thick cables fastened to the fore-part of a ship on the stocks when about to be aunched, and which are cut at the moment she is to go off. V. Tour.

CABLEAU, kå-blo, s. m. little cable. V.

Cablot.

CABLER, kå-blå, v. a. to twist several threads into a cord, make cables. Câbler de la ficelle, to twist thread.

CABLOT, s. m. Mar. cablet, painter, warp. CABOCHE, kå-bosh, s. f. head; sort of hob-

nail; old useless nail

CABOCHON, kå-bå-shon, s. m. precious stone polished but not cut.

· Савотабе, kå-bð-tåz, s. m. Mar. coast-

ing, art of coasting, coasting-trade.

CABOTER, kå-bö-tå, v. n. Mar. to sail along the coast and trade from port to port.

CABOTIER, kå-bö-tlå, s. m. coasting ves-

CABRER, ka-bra, v. n. se cabrer, v. r. to prance, irritate, rise upon the two hind feet, rear up; to start, fall or fly into a passion, be transported with anger, take head. Ne lai dites pas cela, vous le ferez cabrer, do not say that to him, you will make him fly into a passion. Faire cabrer un cheval, to make a horse rear up

CABRI, kå-bri, s. m. young kid. CABRIOLE, kå-bri-öl, s. f. capriole, caper; goat-leap.

CABRIOLER, kå-brl-ò-là, v. n. to caper, cut capers. Paire la cabriole, to be hanged. CABRIOLET, kå-brl-ò-lè, s. m. one horsechaise.

CABRIOLEUR, kå-brì-ò-lèur, s. m. caper-

CABRIONS, s. m. pl. Mar. quoins or wedges to secure guns in bad weather. Mettre les cabrions à la batterie, to quoin the guns.

Cabron, ka-bron, s. m. kid, kid skin.

CABUS, kå-bů, adj. m. headed. Ex. Chour cabus, headed cabbage.

CACA, kå-kå, s. m. nurserv word for ex

crement of infants.

CACADE, kå-kåd, s. f. evacuation; also sadbalk, baffle. Ex. Faire une cacade, to be balked.

CACALIA, s. f. a sort of plant. CACAO, ka-ka-o, s. m. cocoa-nut. CACAOYER, ka-ka-o-ya, s. m. cocoa-tree. CACAOYERE, kå-kå-d-yer, s. f. place planted with cocoa-frees.

CACATOU, CACATOUA. V. Kakators. CACHE, kash, s. f. lurking-hole, secret

place, hidden corner.

CACHE, E, adj. hid or hidden. V. Cacher. Se tenir caché, to lie hid, to lurk or skulk.

CACHECTIQUE, adj. & s. cachectick, of a bad constitution.

CACHEMENT, s. m. hiding. Cachemens de risage, hidings of the face.
CACHER, kå-shå, v. a. to hide, conceal,

secrete, cover; keep close, private or secret, dissemble. Se cacher, v. r. to conceal or hide one's self, lurk, or skulk, abscond. Il ne s'en cache point, he does it openly or barefaced.

CACHET, ka-she, s. m. seal. Le cachet du

roi, the king's signet.
CACHETER, kash-ta, v. a to seal, seal up.
CACHETTE, kash-ta, s. f. lurking-hole, secret or hiding-place. En cachette, adv. in secret, secretly, underhand.

CACHEXIE, kå-kek-si, s. f. cachexy, bad

habit of body.
CACHOT, kå-shô, s. m. dungeon.
CACHOTTERIE, kå-shôt-ri, s. f. affected
mysterious way of speaking or acting in order to conceal trifles.

CACHOU, s. m. cashew or cashoo (nut.) CACIQUÉ, s. m. Mexican prince

CACIS, s. m. black current, jelly made of its fruit, cordial made of its fruit and leaves

CACOCHYME, kå-kô-shîm, adj. cacochymick, ill-complexioned, full of ill humours. Esprit cacochyme, ill-humoured, cross, peevish person.

CACOCHYMIE, ka-kd-shl-ml, s.f. cacochymy. CACOPHONIE, ka-ko-fo-ni, s. f. cacophony, dissonance

CACOTROPHIE, s. f. cacotrophy, depraved nutrition.

*CACOZELE, s. m. ill-affection, misguided zeal.

CADASTRE, ka-dastr, s. m. register of lands, dooms-day book; terrier.

CADAVEREU-X, SE, kå-då-vê-reu, reuz,

adj. cadaverous. CADAVRE, kå-dåvr, s. m. corpse, carcass. dead body.

CADEAU, ka-dò, s. m. flourish in writing; flourish, mere flourish; feast, banquet, treat

(given to nomen.) gift, present.
CADENAS, kåd-nå, s. m. padlock.
CADENASER, kåd-nå-så, v. a. to padlock.
CADENCE, kå-dens, s. f. cadence; close; time; shake.

CADENCE, E, adj. well turned, harmonious. CADENCER, ka-den-sa, v. a. to give a verse or period an agrecable cadence, to cadence,

quaver.

"CADENE, kå-den, s. f. chain (for galley-slaves.) Etre à la cadène, to be tied by the leg like a galley-slave

base, bat : jèune, mêute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

CADENETTES, kåd-net, s. f. pl. a cue. Che-CADET, ka-de, s. m. younger son or bro-

ther; cadet or volunteer in the regiment of guards; junior; young fellow. Un cade de hant appétit, a sharp set young fellow. Cadette, kå-dèt, s. f. younger daughter; also younger sister, and sort of free-stone

good for paving.
CADI, s. m. justice of the peace among the Turks.

CADIS, kå-di, s. m. kind of scrge. CADIX, pronounced Cadisse. Cadiz.

CADMIE, s. f. composition that adheres to the sides of a furnace where metals are melt-

ed; cadmia. CADOLE, kå-dõl, s. m. latch. CADER, kå-drès, s. m. dial, sundial. CADER, kådr, s. m. frame (of pictures,

etc.)
Cadre, Mar. cradle, bedframe. Nous exons 30 hommes sur les cadres, we have 30 men in the sick birth.

CADRER.ka-dra, v. n. to quadrate, to agree,

agree or answer, suit, tally; v. a. to square. CADUC, CADUQUE, ka-duk, adj. decaying or decayed, crazy; frail, brittle, perishable.
Legs caduc, succession caduque, escheat. Mul caduc, falling sickness

CADUCÉE, ka-dû-sa, s. m. caduceus, Mercurr's wand, also the tipstaff of the king at arms and heralds.

CADUCITÉ, kã-dů-sî-tå, s. f. weakness, decrepitude, craziness; also decay or falling to ruin of a house.

CAFARD, E, kå-far, fård, adj. & s. hypocritical, hypocrite or bigot, puritan. Dumas cafard, sort of damask mixed with silk and ferret.

rret. CAPARDERIE, s. f. hypocrisy. CAFÉ, ka-fé, s. m. coffee. coffee-berries. Coffee-house.

CAFETAN, s. m. caftan, vest among the Turks.

CAFETIÈRE, kåf-tler, s. f. coffee-pot. CAFIER, kå-flå, s. m. coffee-tree.

CAFRÉRIE, s. f.Caffraria.

CAGE, kaz, s. f. cage, bird-cage ; jail ; four walls of a house.

Cage, Mar. cage à poule, hen-coop. Cage à drisse, sort of tub open on the sides, in which the main-topsail haliards are coiled on board French ships of war.

CAGÉE, s. f. cage-full. CAGIER, s. m. bird-seller.

CAGNARD, E, kå-gnår, gnård, adj. & s. m. & f. lazy, slothful, idle person. Mar. weather cloth.

CAGNARDER, kå-gnår-då, v. n. to live an

idle, lazy life. CAGNARDISE, kå-gnår-dlz, s. f. laziness, slothfulness, idleness.

CAGNE, s. f. bitch, whore, strumpet. CAGNEU-X, SE, ka-gneu, gneuz, adj. ba-

ker-legged, the knees bending inward.

CAGOT, E, kå-go, got, adj. & s. hypocriti-

cal, hypocrite.

CAGOTERIE, kå-got-rl, s. f. hypocrisy. CAGOTISME, s. m. hypocrisy, affected devotion.

CAGOU, kå-gåo, s. m. one who, owl-like, lives retired and flies from company.

CAGUE, s. f. kind of Dutch sloop.

CAHIER, kå-ye, s. m. loose sheet of a book. stitched book, copy-book; also bill or account.

CAHIN-CAHIA, kå-in-kå-å, adv. against the grain, untowardly, with much ado.

CAHOT, kå-ö, s. m. jolt; sliock. CAHOTAGE, kå-ö-tåz, s. m. jolting. CAHOTER, kå-ö-tå, v. a. to jolt.

CAHUTTE, ka-dt, s. f. cottage, hut. CAHUTTE, ka-veu, s. m. sucker, offset. CAILLE, kal, s. f. quail.

CAILLE, E, adj. curdled, etc. Sang crille, blood coagulated, clotted blood.

CAILLE, ka-la, s. m. milk turned to curds.

CAILLEBOTTE, ka/-bôt, s. f. curds of milk CAILLEBOTTE, adj. curdled.

CAILLEBOTTIS, s. m. pl. Mar. gratings
Ote les caillebottis, unlay the gratings.
CAILLEMENT, kal-men, s. m. curdling of

women's milk in child-bed, also of liquors.
CAILLER, kh-la, v.a. to curdle, coagulate.
La morsure des serpens caille le sang, the bite
of serpents curdles the blood. Cailler, v. n. of serpents curdles the blood. Cailler, v. n. Se cuiller, v. r. to curd, curdle or turn into curds, coágulate.

CAILLETEAU, kal-to, s. m. young quail.

CAILLETOT, s. m. young turbot.
CAILLETTE, ka-let, s. l. rennet bag of a calf, etc. also silly gossipping person.
CAILLOT, ka-lo, s. m. little clot of blood,

lump of clotted blood.

CAILLOT-ROSAT, s. m. rose-water pear. CAILLOU, ka-lõo, s. m. flint, flint-stone. CAILLOUTAGE, kâ-lõo-tåz, s. m. flints.

CAIMACAN, s. m. officer among the Turks. CAIMAND, E., kê-mên, mênd, s. m. & f. beggar, lazy beggar, mumper. CAIMANDER, kê-mên-dâ, v. n. to beg or

Caimandeu-R, se, kê-mên-dêur, dêuz, s.

m. & f. beggar, mumper. CAIQUE, ka-ik, s. m. galley-boat.

m. & I. Deggar, munipor.

CAIQUE, kha'lk, s. m. galley-boat.

CAIRE, kh'r s. m. what wraps up the cocoa-nut. Le Caire, le grand Caire, Cairo.

CAISSE, kks, s. f. box, chest, trunk; cash;
ready money; drum. Caisse, s. f. Mar.

Caisse d'une poulie, shell of a block. Caisse

"""" avoning lunov. Cuisse d'appui, two flottante, mooring-buoy. Cuisse d'appui, two large empty chests in the shape of floating

stages.
Caissier, kê-sîā, s. m. cash-keeper or cashier.

cashier.

Caisson, ke-son, s. m. covered wagon or carriage. Caisson, s. m. Mar. locker.

Cajoler, ka-so-la, v. a. to cajole, flatter, coax. court, fawn upon, wheedle. Cajoler la maree, Mar. to drive with the tide against the

CAJOLERIE, kå-zôl-ri, s. f. cajoling, coax ing, courting, fawning upon; or flattery, praise CAJOLEU-R, SE, kå-zô-lêur, lêuz, s. m. & f. cajoler, coaxer.

CAJUTE, s. f. bed (in a ship.)
CAL, kal, s. m. callosity; callous.
CALABRE, s. f. Calabria.

CALAISON, s. f. Mar. depth of a ship.

CALAMBOUR, s. m. a sort of India-wood. CALAMENT, s. m. CALAMENTE, s. f. calamint.

CALAMINE, s. f. calamine.

CALAMISTRER, kå-lå-mls-trå, v. a. to dress and powder the hair.

CALAMITE, s. f. magnet, load-stone, magnetick needle.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: meod, good.

CALAMITÉ, kà-là-mî-tà, s. f. calamity, misery, adversity, trouble, misfortune, distress. CALAMITEU-X, SE, kå-lå-mî-teu, teuz, adj.

calamitous, miserable, wretched, hard.

CALANDRE, kå-lendr, s. f. weevil; calender; kind of lark.

CALANDRER, kå-len-drå, v. a. to calender cloth.

CALANDREUR, kå-len-dreur, s. m. one wito calenders clath.

CALCAIRE, kal-ker, adj. that may be reduced to chalk.

CALCÉDOINE. s. f. calcedonious, clouded agate.
CALCEDOINEU-X, se, adj. precious stones

that have some white spots.

CALCINATION, kal-sl-na-slon, s. f. calcina-

tion, carcining.

CALCINER, kål-sì-na, v. a. to calcine or calcinate. Se calciner, v. r. to calcine, be

calcined. CALCUL, kål-hål, s. m. calculation, com-

putation, reckoning, account; the stone in the kidneys or bladder. CALCULABLE, kål-kå-låbl, adj. that may

be calculated. CALCULATEUR, kål-kå-lå-teur, s. m. cal-

culator, accountan

cultator, accountant.

Calculer, kål-kå-lå, v. a. to calculate, compute, cast up, reckon. Mar. to find.

Calculer l'heure de la pleine mer, to find the time of high water. Calculer in longitude, time of high water. C to find the longitude, etc.

CALE, kal, s. f. sort of woollen cap. Porter la cale, to wear a livery.

Cale, s. f. Mar. wedge, chock, hold; (in the Mediterranean) lee-shore, small creek between two rocks or cliffs; ducking. Cale ordinaire, common ducking, Grande cale, keel-hauling. Cale à l'eau, main-hold. Cale au vin, etc. spirit-room. Cale de construction, stocks or slip for ship-building. Cale (de magasin, de quai, de mâture) slip. Avant-cale, that part of the slip which is a-stern of a ship while building. Gens de la cale, holders. CALEBAS, s. m. Mar. V. Halebas.

CALEBASSE, kål-bås, s. f. great gourd; also gourd bottle. Tromper or frauder la calebasse, to cheat, gull.

CALEBASSIER, s. m. a tree of America that is very much like the apple-tree.

CALEBOTIN, s. m. crown of an old hat used by shoemakers to put their thread and awis in.
CALECHE, kå-lesh, s. f. calash.
CALECON, kåd-son, s. m. drawers, pair of

drawers

CALÉFACTION, kå-lå-fåc-slon, s. f. calefaction.

CALEMBOUR, CALEMBOURG, kå-len-boor, s. m. pun, quibble.

CALENDES, ka-lend, s. f. pl. calends. Aux calendes Grecques, when two Sundays come together, at latter lammas, never.

Calendes, convocation of country-parsons. CALENDRIER, kå-len-driå, s. m. calendar, ılmanack.

CALENTURE, kå-len-tor, s. f. calenture. CALEPIN, s. m. book of extracts or notes.

CALER, ka-la, v. a. & n. Mar. to chock, wedge up. Cale davantage le bûtiment, bring the ship more down in the water. Caler les roiles, to strike sail. Caler la voile, to submit, yield, buckle to. Caler les pieds

d'une table, to make a table stand level or

firm by means of a sort of wedge.

Calfat, kål-få, s.m. calking; calker.

Calfatage, kål-få-tå, v. m. calking.

Calfatage, kål-få-tå, v. a. to calk.

CALFATEUR, s. m. calker.

CALFATIN, s. m. calker's boy, oakum boy CALFEUTRAGE, kal-feu-traz, s. m. stopping of chinks.

ping of chinks.

CALFEUTRER, kål-fåu-trå, v. a. to stop
the chinks (of a door,) etc. to keep out wind.

CALIERE, kå-fibr, s. m. bore (of a gun,)
size (of a ball;) sort, kind, stamp, merit, rate,
worth, parts (of a person;) size, biguess, bulk.

CALIERER, kå-fi-brå, v. a. to dispart (a
pince of ordnance stell to size (a ball.)

piece of ordnance, etc.) to size (a ball.) CALICE, kå-lls, s. m. chalice, communion cup; chalice or cup (of a flower,) cup of af-

fliction. CALIFAT, s. m. dignity of a Califf.

CALIFE, or CALIPHE, s. m. Califf. CALIFOURCHON, s. m. Ex. à califourchon, adv. a-straddle. Aller à cheval à califourchon, to ride a-straddle.

Caligineu-x, se, adj. gloomy. Calin, e, ka-lin, lla, s. m. & f. silly lazy person.

CALINER, ka-li-na, se câliner, v. r. to be indolent or inactive

CALIORNE, S.f. Mar. winding tackle, large two or three fold tackle. Caliorne de misaine, fore tackle. Grande caliorne, main-tackle.

CALLEU-X, SE, kål-leu, leuz, adj. callous, hard. CALLOSITÉ, kål-lô-zì-tå, s. f. callosity: hardness or thickness of the skin.

CALLOT, kal-18, s. m. block of unhewnslate. CALMANDE, kal-mend, s. f. calimanco.

CALMANT, s. m. calmer, anodyne. CALMAR, kal-mar, s. m. cuttle-fish, pen-

CALME, kalm, adj. calm, still, quiet. La mer est bien calme, the water is very smooth. CALME, s. m. calmness, tranquillity, quietness, stillness. Mar. calm. Calme plat, flat or dead calm. Etreen calme, to be becalmed.

CALMER, kal-ma, v. a. to calm, appease, quiet, pacify, still. Calmer, v. n. Mar. to fall calm. Se calmer, v. r. to grow calm. Il calme, the wind abates.

CALMIE, s. f. Mar. lull. Nage à la calmie,

give way in the lull.

CALOMNIAT-EUR, RICE, ka-lom-ni-a-teur, tris, s. m. &. f. calumniator, slanderer, false accuser.

CALOMNIE, kå-lôm-nl, s. f. calumny, scandal, slander, false imputation, malicious aspersion.

CALOMNIER, kå-lom-ni-å, v. a. to calumniate, slander, asperse or detract, accuse falsely Calomnieusement, kå-lôm-ni-cuz-mên. adv. falsely, slanderously, by false accusa-

tion. CALOMNIEU-X, SE, ka-lom-nl-èu, euz, adj. calumnious, false, slanderous.
CALONIÈRE, s. f. pop-gun. V. Canonnière

*CALOT, s. m. shelled nut, walnut.

CALOTIN, s. m. coxcomb, priest.

CALOTINE, s. f. grotesque work or figure CALOTTE, kå-lot, s. f. calotte, skull-cap. CALOTTIER, s. m. a maker or seller of calottes or skull-caps; also walnut-tree. CALOYER, s. m. caloyer, (sort of monk.)

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CALQUE, kalk, s. m. outlines of a design or print which has been chalked. CALQUER, kal-ka, v. a. to chalk or mark

the outlines of

Calumet, kå-lå-më, s. m. calumet. Calus, kå-lås, s. m. callous; hardness, cal-

CALVAIRE, kal-ver, s. m. Calvary.

CALVILLE, kal-vil, s. m. kind of apple. CALVINISME, kal-vi-nism, s. m. Calvinism.

CALVINISTE, s. m. Calvinist.
CALVINISTE, s. m. Calvinist.
CALVINISTE, kå vl-si, s. f. baldness.
CAMAIEU, kå-må-yèu, s. m. camaieu; also picture painted all with one colour, brooch.

CAMAIL, kå-mål, s. m. camail (a bishop's purple ornament,) a capuchin (worn in win-ter by other ecclesiasticks.)

CAMARADE, kå-må-råd, s. m. comrade, companion, fellow, friend. Camarade d'école, school-fellow. Camarade de voyage, fellow-

traveller, dc.

CAMARU, E, kå-mar. mard, adj. & s. m.

& f. flat-nosed person.

Cambiste, kan-bist, s. m. one who buys and sells bills of exchange.

CAMBOUIS, kan-bwi, s. m. gome, black and oily grease of a cart-wheel, etc.
CAMBRAI, s. m. (city of Flanders) Cambray. Du Cambrai or de la toile de Cambrai, cambrick.

Cambré, E, adj. vaulted, arched, came-CAMBRURE, kan-brå, v. a. to vault or arche, combernos or bend. Se cambrer, v. r. to warp.

CAMBRURE, kan-brår, s. f. bending or constructions.

CAME, V. Chame.

CAMÉE, s. m. cameo (sort of stone.)
CAMÉLEON, ka-mê-lê-on, s. m. chameleom; also a constellation in the southern hemisphere

CAMÉLÉOPARD, s. m. cameleopard. CAMELOT, kam-lo, s. m. camelot, camlet. CAMELOTÉ, E, adj. woven like camelot. CAMELOTINE, S. I. sort of camelot. CAMERIER, ka-mc-rià, s. m. chamberlain

of a Pope or cardinal.

CAMERLINGAT, kå-mer-lin-gå, s. m. office

of the Pope's great chamberlain.

CAMERLINGUE, ka-mer-ling, s. m. the

Pope's great chamberlain. Camion, ka-mi-on, s. m. kind of little cart

drawn by two men, cat's claw, small pin, minikin.

Camisade, kā-mī-zād, s. f. camisado, assault by night.

CAMISARD, E, s. m. & f. camisard (fanatic in the Cevennes.)

CAMISOLE, kå-mi-zol, s. f. under waistcoat. CAMOMILLE, kå-mô-mil, s. f. camomile.

CAMOUFLET, ka-mo-fiè, s. m. smoke of burning paper blown up the nose of one usleep; also affront.

CAMP, kar, s. m. camp; the lists. Camp volant, flying-camp. Mestre de camp, colo-mel of horse. Maréchal de camp, major general. Aide de camp, aid de camp. Lever le

camp, to decamp, break up. CAMPIGNARD, E, kan-på-gnår, gnård, adj. & s. m. & f. of the country, rustic, countryman, country-woman. Air campagnard, clownish look. Noblesse campagnarde, country gentry

CAMPAGNE, kan-pagn, s. f. country; cham-paign; campaign (of an army.) Pièce de campagne, field-piece. Se mettre en compagne, tenir la campagne, to have the field, keep the field. Commencer or ouvrir la campagne, to begin the campaign, open the field. Mar. voyage or cruise during a season or limited space of time. Campagne de croisière, cruise. Campagne de côte, cruise along shore (from port to port.) Campagne de long from port to port.) Campagne de long cours, long voyage. Campagne de rade, lime which ships of war, ready for sea, remain in a road-stead, and then return into harbour

without sailing.

CAMPANE, kan-pan, s. f. tuft, fringe. CAMPANELLE, s. f. bell flower.

CAMPANETTE, s. f. blue bell flower, Canterbury bell.

CAMPANILLE, s. m. steeple, cupola, s. f. a

small dome.

CAMPÉ, E, adj. encamped, etc. Bien campé. in a good posture or position (speaking of a person or figure.)

CAMPECHE, kan-pesh, s. m. logwood.

CAMPEMENT, kanp-men, s. m. encamping,

encampment.

CAMPER, kan-pa, v. n. Se comper, v. r. to encamp, pitch a camp; to place one's self, pitch one's camp. Camper, v. a. to encamp; to place, give a position to (the body.)
CAMPHRE, kanfr, s. m. camphire.

CAMPHRÉ, E, adj. camphorated. CAMPINE, s. f. fine pullet.

mus, le voilà bien camus, he has been sadly balked.

CAMUSON, s. f. flat-nosed girl.

CANAILLE, kå-nal, s. f. mob, rabble. CANAL, kå-nål, s. m. channel, bed; channel, strait, narrows; canal; aqueduct, pipe, water-conduit; gutter; groove for the rammer of a gun; passage, canal (of the body;) way, means. Canal de l'épine du dos, cavity way, means. Canal de l'épine du dos, cavity or hole of the back-bone. Faire canal, to from one shore to the opposite shore.

Canal d'une poulie, Mar. sheave-hole of a

block.

Canapí, kå-nå-på, s. m. couch, sofa. Canapsa, s. m. knapsack. Canard, kå-når, s. m. duck *or* drake, mile duck, mallard; also water-dog. Canard prive, decoy-duck; also (speaking of people,) decoy, one that takes another in. Donner des ca-

nards à quelqu'un, to put upon one. CANARDER, ka-nar-da, v. a. to shoot from

sordid fellow.

a place of safety, to pelt.

CANARDIERE, ka-nar-dier, s. f. decoy to catch ducks; also loop-hole to shoot through. CANARI, ka-na-ri, s. m. canary-bird.

Canarie, s. f. sort of dance. CANARIN, s. m. canary-sparrow. CANASTRE, ka-nastr, s. m. canister.

CANCEL, kan-sel, s. m. chancel. CANCELLATION, s. f. rescission CANCELLE, s. m. small crab-fish.

Canceller, kan-sel-là, v. a. to cancel. CANCER, kan-ser, s. m. a cancer, Cancer. CANCRE, kankr, s. m. crab fish; wretch

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bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleid. fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

CANDELABRE, kon-de-labr, s. m. great hranched candlestick, chandelier.
CANDELETTE, s. f. Mar. fish (tackle em-

ployed for fishing the anchor.)
CANDRUR, kas-deur, s. f. candour, frank-

CANDRUB, kas-deur, s. 1. candour, trans-ms, openness, sincerity, integrity. CANDI, E, adj. (from Candir) candy or nadiod. Du sucre condi, sugar-candy. CANDIDA, kas-did, adj. candidate. CANDIDB, kas-did, adj. candid, sincere,

frank, open, ingenuous.
CANDIDEMENT, kan-did-men, adv. can

didly, sincerely, frankly, ingenuously. CANDIR, kan-dir, se candir, v. r. to can-

dy. Faire candir, to candy.

CANE, kan, s. f. (female of canard) duck;

Faire la cone, to betray cowardice.

CAMEPETIÈRE, s. f. bird the size of a pheasant.

CANEPIN, kan-pin, s. m. fine sheep-skin. CABETEE, kan-ta, v. n. to waddle like a

CANETON, kan-ton, s. m. CANETTE, s. f.

young duck, duckling. CAMEVAS, kan-va, s. m. canvass; rough draught, sketch, ground work.

CANGRÉNE, V. Gangréne.

CANICHE, s. f. spaniel bitch.

CANICULAIRE, ka-ni-kh-ler, adj. canicular. Les jours caniculaires, the canicular or

dog-days.
CANICULE, ka-nl-kal, s. f. dog-star; also

the canicular or dog-days.

CANIF, ka-nif, s. m. pen-knife.

CANIN, E, ka-nin, nin, adj. canine. Faim canine, canine appetite, greedy worm. Dents canines, eye-teeth or fangs. Ris canin, grin.

CANHAGE, s. m. measuring by a stick of an ell and two thirds in length.

CANNAIE, s. f. field planted with rushes

CAPRE, kan, s. f. cane or reed; cane, walking-stick; stick or measure of an ell and two thirds (of Paris.) Donner des course de comme à quelqu'un, to cane one. Jeu des commes, cane-play, kind of tournament. Canne de sucre, sugar cane.

CANNEBERGE, s. f. plant which grows in marshes, and the berries of which are good

to est. Cannelas, kān-lā, s. m. cinnamon sugar-

CANNELER, kan-la,v. a. to flute (a column,) channel, chamfer.

Cannette, kandle, s. m. cinnamon-tree.

Cannette, kandle, s. f. cinnamon.

Cannette, kandle, s. f. cinnamon.

Cannette, kandle, s. f. cinnamon.

Cannette, kandle, s. f. fluting, chamfering, channelling (of a column.)

Cannettelle, kandle, s. f. purl, gold or silver cont.

silver parl.

CANNETILLER, v. a. to tie with purl, tie with gold or silver twist.

CANNIBALE, kå-nî-bål, s. m. cannibal, man-eater.

Canon, ka-non, s. m. cannon, piece of ord-nance; barrel (of fire-arms;) pipe; gutter; (in musick) sort of fuge; pad, roller; (in printing) a large sized type; cancin, church-law. Le droit canon, the canon-law. Le CAP, kap, s. m. head. De pied en cap, carben de caron, canon canon canon canon canon canon canon canon canon.

port of a cannon when fired. A la nortée de canon, within camon shot

Canon, s. m. Mar. gun, etc. Un canon de dia huit, an eighteen pounder. Canons de retraite chasse, bow-chases. Canons de retraite chasse, bow-chases. sern-chases. Les canons de cette frégale sont pentres, this frigate's guns are run in. Ce has her guns run out.

CANONIAL, E, kå-nô-niki, adj. canonical. prebendal.

CANONICAT, kā-nô-nì ka, s. m. canonry. prebend.

CANONICITÉ, s. f. canonicalness.

CANONIQUE, ka-no-nik, adj. canonical. CANONIQUEMENT, ka-no-nik-men,adv. canonically.

CANONISATION, kå-nô-nî-zh-sìon, s. f. canonization.

CANONISER, kå-nd-nl-zå, v. a. to canonine or saint.

CANONISTE, kå-nô-nist, s. m. canonist, doctor of canon-law.

CANONNADE, kå-no-nåd, s. f. cannonade, cannonading.

CANONNAGE, s. m. Mar. gunnery.
CANONNAGE, s. m. Mar. gunnery.
CANONNER, kå-nd-nå, v. a. to cannonade,
batter with cannon. Canonner un båtiment
dans son bois, to hull a ship, strike a ship
with shot in the hull with shot in the hull.

CANONNIER, kå-no-nik, s. m. gunner. Canonnier, Mar. Maitre canonnier; gunner. Second cononnier, gunner's mate.
Aide-cononnier, quarter gunner.
CANONNIERE, ka-nd-aier, s. f. loop-hole

in a wall to shoot through, casemate, embrasure: also draining hole in a wall, and pop-

gun, tent the sides of which are open.

CANOT, kå-nô, s. m. canoe, boat. Grand
canot, barge. Petit canot, jolly boat. Canot de l'état-major, pinnace.

CANOTIER, s. m. Mar. rower. CANTAL, s. m. sort of cheese.

CANTATE, kan-tat, s. f. (piece of musick) cantata.

CANTATILLE, kan-ta-tll, s. f. little cantata. CARTATRICE, kan-tā-trīs, s. f. woman singer (generally Italian.)
CARTHARIDE, kan-tā-rīd, s. f. cantharides.

CANTHUS, s. m. canthus, sort of sea-fish. CANTINE, kan-tin, s. f. case for bottles; place where drink is sold to soldiers.

CANTINIER, kan-tl-ni-a, s. m. cantine-

keeper in an army.
CANTIQUE, kan-tik, s. m. canticle, spiritual song.

CANTON, kan-ton, s. m. canton; district or

part of a country; corner or part of a town.

Cantonade, kan-tô-nad, s. f. corner of
the stage. Parler à la cantonade, te speak to a person behind the scenes.

CANTONNÉ, E, adj. stationed, etc. CANTONNEMENT, s. m. cantoning.

CANTONNER, kan-tô-na, v. n. to get into stations or quarters. Se cantonner, v. r. to withdraw to or station one's self in some secure place.

CANTONNIÈRE, kan-tô-nièr, s. f. sort of additional curtain to a bed.

base, bût : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Cap, Mar. head of a ship; head-land, cape, promontory, point. Cap d'ouvriers, quarter man or foreman among artificers in an arse-nal. Le commundant a le cap au large, the commodore is standing off shore. Ou est le cap? How is her head? Le cap en route, steer the course. Cap de mouton, dead eye. Cap de mouton ferré, iron-bound dead eye. Cap de mouton à croc, iron-bound dead eye with a hook. Cap de remorque d'un canor, guest rope of a boat in town. CAPABLE, ka-pabl, adj. capable, able, apt,

fit; able, learned, skilful. Capable de tenir or de contenir, capacious enough to hold or re-ceive. Faire le capable, to pretend to great matters, take upon one's self, set up for a man of skill. Un homme capable de tout, a during, resolute, or bold man; one that will do any

thing.

CAPABLEMENT, adv. learnedly, skilfully. CAPABLEMENT, adv. learne-Hy, skiinily.
CAPACITÉ, ka-pa-si-ta, s. f. capaciousness
or capacity, spaciousness, extent, size; ability,
skill, skiifulness, sufficiency; capability. Acoir une profonde capacité, to be deeply
learned. Selon lu capacité de mon esprit, according to my apprehension. Capacité or
Capacités, Mar. bulk, burden, tonnage, space
contained within the hold of a ship. Votre bitiment manque de capacités, your ship has too narrow a floor. Ce brig a de grandes capacités, that brig is very full built.

CAPARAÇON, kå-på-rå-son, s. m. caparison,

accoutrement (of a horse.)

CAPARAÇONNER, kā-pā-rā-sō-nā, v. a. to

caparison, accoutre.

CAPE, kap, s. f. Spanish cape, a ridinghood. Rire sous cape, to laugh in one's sleeve. N'accir que l'épée et la cape, to have nothing but one's sword to trust to, to have little or nothing.

Cape, s. f. Mar. Etre à la cape, to be try-ing or lying to (in a storm) to try or lie to. Ce bâtiment est à la cape à la pouilleuse, that ship is trying under her main stay-sail. La cape à la grande voile est très dangereuse dans les sauts de vent, it is very dangerous to heying to under a main sail in sudden shifts of wind.

CAPELAGE, s. m. Mar. the shrouds, rigging,

etc. which go over the mast-head.

CAPELAN, kap-len, s. m. tattered crape,

poor priest; also sort of sea-fish.

CAPELER, v. a. Mar. to fix on the mast-head. Capeler une lume, to get a top over. CAPELET, s. m. swelling in a borse's

CAPELINE, kap-lin, s. f. woman's cap set off with feathers; also Mercury's cap; and a sort of bandage.

CAPENDU, or COURTPENDU, s. m. short start apple.

CAPEYER, or CAPER, v. n. Mar. to try, to

CAPILLAIRE, kå-pl-ler, s. m. capillaire, maiden-hair, ladies-hair.

CAPILLAIRE, adj. of maiden-hair; also of capillaire; and capillary. Fracture capillaire,

fracture not bigger than a hair.

CAPILUTADE, kd-pl-lo-tad, s. f. sort of hash. Mettre quelqu'un en capilotade, to berate or

slander unmercifully.

CAPION, s. m. Mar. upper part. Capion de proue, upper part of the stem. Canion de pouse, upper part of the stern post. De capion à capion, from stern to stern.

CAPITAINE, ka-pl-ten, s. m. captain; also

commander, general; and governor tof a castle.) Lorsqu'il est question de fuir, il est toujoure le capitaine, in time of flight he is always foremost. Capitaine de vaisseau, postcaptain. Capitaine de pavillon, captain of a flag ship. Capitaine d'armes, master at arms. Capitaine de port, harbour-master; also sort of master attendant (in a dock-yard.)
CAPITAINERIE, ka-pl-ten-rl,s. f. captainry

or government of a castle; also office of ran-

ger; and bouse of the governour or ranger.

CAPITAL, E, ka-pl-tal, adj. capital, chief,
main, principal; (letters) large, capital; capital, worthy of death, mortal.

CAPITAL, kå-pi-täl, s.m. main point, chief stress; principal, capital; stock. If fait use grand capital de votre amitié, he depends much upon your friendship.

Capitale, s. f. chief or capital city. Capitale, s. f. chief or capital city.

tales, capitals, capital letters.

CAPITALEMENT, adv. capitally. CAPITALISTE, kā-pi-tā-list, s. m. posse of a large property either in money or in bills. monied man.

CAPITAN, kå-pl-ten, s. m. braggadocio, swaggerer, huff, hector. Capitan-Bacha, Turkish admiral.

CAPITANE, ka-pl-tan, s. f. admiral-gal-

CAPITANIE, s. f. capitanry.

CAPITATION, ka-pl-ta-slow, s. f. capitation, poli-tax, or poll-money

CAPITEL, s. m. extract of lie and lime for

the making of some.

CAPITEU-X, SE, kd-pl-teu, teuz, adj. heady.

CAPITOLE, kd-pl-tel, s. m. capitol.

CAPITOLIN, E, adj. capitoline. Capitolin, Jupiter Capitoline.

CAPITON, ka-pl-ton, s. m.: coarsest part of silk, the welt.

CAPITOUL, ka-pi-tool, s. m. capitoul, sort of sheriff or alderman at Toulouse.

CAPITOULAT, s. m. capitoul's dignity. CAPITULAIRE, Kå-pl-td-ler, adj. of or be-longing to a chapter. Acte capitulaire, act or decree of a chapter (of priests.) CAPITULAIRE, s. m. capitular, body of the

statutes of a chapter.

CAPITULAIREMENT, kå-pi-tu-ler-men, adv. chapterly, by the whole chapter.

CAPITULANT, ka-pi-tu-len, s. m. member of a chapter, one who has a vote in a chapter. CAPITULATION, kh-pl-tu-la-slon, capitu-

lation, articles, agreement. Capituler,ka-pl-td-la,v.n. to capitulate,

parley, or treat. CAPNOMANCIE, s. f. capnomancy, divination

CAPIVERT, s. m. amphibious anima of

CAPON, kā-pōn, s. m. trickish fellow or sharper (al play.) Capon, s. m. Mar. cat. CAPONNER, kā-pō-nā, v. a. to trick or cheat

at play. Caponner, v. a. Mar. to cat.
CAPONNIÈRE, s. f. caponniere, sort of trench

or lodgement with loop-holes to fire through.

CAPORAL, kå-pô-rål, s. m. corporal.

CAPOT, kå-pô, s. m. (at piquet) capot.

Faire quelqu'un capot, to capot one. Erre capot, to be capotted. Faire capot, Mar. to

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

Demeurer capot, to be balked, look very silly. Capot, a great coat. Capot d'é-chelle, Mar. companion, hood.

CAPOTE, ka-pot, s. f. riding-hood, sort of long cloak to cover a woman's dress from bead to foot. Capote or capot, is also a little cape or cloak worn by the knights of the Holy

CAPRE, kapr, s. f. (fruit) caper. Capre, s. m. Mar. privateer.

CAPRICE, kå-pris, s. m. caprice, freak, frolick, whim, maggot, fancy, piece of mere

CAPRICIER, (SE) v. r. to take pe

kå-prl-sleuz-men, CAPRICIEUSEMENT, adv. capriciously, fantastically, whimsically. CAPRICIEU-X, SE, ka-pri-sleu, sleuz, capricious, humorsome, fantastical, whimsi-

CAPRICORNE, kå-prl-körn, s. m. Capricorn. CAPRICOR, kå-prl-körn, caper-tree. CAPRICE, kå-prl-körn, s. m. caper-tree.

CAPRIPÈDE, s. m. satyr.

CAPRISANT, ka-pri-zen, adj. (said of a pulse hard and irregular.)

CAPRON, kå-pron, s. m. large strawberry, hautboy.

CAPSE, kaps, s. f. vote box. CAPSULE, kap-sul, s. f. case, capsule. CAPTAL, s. m. chief.

CAPTATEUR, kap-ta-teur, s. m. inveigler, he that flatters a man in hopes to be his heir.

CAPTATION, s. f. inveigling. CAPTER, kap-th, v. a. Ex. Capter la bienveillance, to curry favour. Capter les suffrages, to use cunning and deceit to obtain suffrages.

"CAPTEUR, s. m. captor. CAPTIEUSEMENT, kap-sleuz-men, adv.

captiously.

CAPTIEU-X, SE, kap-sleu, sleuz, adj. captious, deceitful, subtle.

CAPTI-F, VE, kap-tif, tiv, adj. & s. m. & f. captive, confined prisoner, slave.

CAPTIVER, kap-tl-va, v. a. to captivate, or

cuslave, submit or bring under, master or confine, to gain, ruin. Se captiver, v. r. to captivate or confine one's self, endure confinement.

CAPTIVITÉ, kap-tl-vl-ta, s. f. captivity, slavery, thraldom, bondage, confinement.

CAPTURE, kap-tur, s. f. seizure; arresting;

CAPTURE, kap-tur, s. I. seizure; arresing; capture, prize, booty, prey, catching.
CAPTURER, v. a. to seize, arrest, catch.
CAPUCE, kå-pås, s. m. cowl.
CAPUCHON, kå-på-shon, s. m. cowl, riding-cloak. Mar. hood, companion.
CAPUCINADE, kå-på-sin, s. m. capuchin friar.
CAPUCINADE, kå-på-shåd, s. f. capuchin's discourse paltry servon.

discourse, paltry sermon.

CAPUCINE, kå-pd-sin, s. f. capuchin nun;

nasturtium.

CAQUAGE, kå-kåz, s. m. the preparing of

herrings for salting.

CAQUE, kak, s. f. cask, keg, barrel. La caque sent toujours le hareng, what's bred in the bone will never be out of the flesh. Caquedenier, pinch-farthing.

CAQUER, ka-ka, v. a. Caquer le hareng, to get herrings in order to barrel them up. CAQUEROLE, or CAQUEROLIÈRE, s. f.

Stewing-pan CAQUET, ka-ke, s. m. talk, talkativeness, prattling, babbling, tittle-tattle.

CAQUETAGE, s. m. the act of chatting, or twattling.
CAQUÈTE, kå-kët, s. f. fish-tub.

CAQUETER, kak-ta, v. n. to prattle, talk, chat, twattle; also to cluck (as a hen.)

CAQUETERIE, kåk-tê-ri, s. f. babbling,

prattling, tittle-tattling.

CAQUETEU-R, SE, kåk-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. prattler, a great talker, gossip, prattle-basket, iwattler.

CAQUETOIRE, s. f. very low chair with a high back; also that part of the plough on which the plough-man sits when he talks to any one.

CAQUEUR, ka-keur, s. m. be that guts her-rings in order to barrel them up.

CAR, kar, conj. for, forasmuch as, because.

CARABÉ, s. m. yellow amber. CARABIN, ka-ra-bin, s. m. carbinier; one who breaks off a game or conversation suddenly. Carabin de St. Côme, surgeon's prentice or mate.

CARABINADE, kå-rå-bl-nåd, s. f. the trick

of breaking off a game, etc. suddenly.

CARABINE, kå-rå-bin, s. f. carabine.

CARABINÉ, E, adj. Mar. V. Brise.

CARABINER, v. n. to fire a gun and then retreat; also to take part now and then in a game.

CARABINIER, kå-rå-bl-nl-å, s. m. carbinier.

CARACOL, kå-rå-kôl, s. m. spiral. Escalier en caracol, spiral or winding stair-case.

CARACOLE, kå-rå-kôl, s. f. caracole er wheeling about (as a horse.)

CARACOLER, kå-rå-kô-lå, v. n. to caracole

or wheel about (as a horse.)

CARACOULER, v. n. to coo. CARACTERE, ka-rak-ter, s. m. character mark; letter, form of letters, type, hand, hand writing; style; charm or spell; character, dignity; distinguishing trait, character, way,

humour, nature, genius CARACTÉRISER, kå-råk-tê-rî-zå, v. a. to

characterise, describe. CARACTÉRISTIQUE, kå-råk-tê-rls-tîk, adj. & s. f. characteristick.

CARAFE, kå-råf, s. f. flagon or glass-bottle. decanter.

CARAFON, kā-rā-fon, s. m. bottle (to put in an ice-pail,) ice-pail. CARAGNE, s. f. aromatick gum. CARATTES, s. m. pl. Carattes; (Sect among the Jews who adhered to the letter of scripture, and rejected the traditions, Talmud

carambole, kå-ren-böl, s. f. carambol

CARAMBOLER, kå-ren-bo-lå, v. n. to caram-

bol (at billiards.)

CARAMEL, kå-rå-měl, s. m. kind of lozenge

CARAMOUSSAL, or CARAMOUSSAT, s. m. cormosil [Turkish merchant-man.]

CARAQUAR, s. m. small carack. CARAQUE, kå-råk, s. f. carack; (a Portu-guese Indiaman.) Porcelaine caraque, finest china.

CARAT, kå-rå, s. m. caract or carat. fou à vingt-quatre curate, an arch fool great fool.

CARAVANE, kå-rå-vån, s. f. caravan

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CARAVANIER, s. m. leader of a caravan. CARAVARISTÉ, s. m. one belonging to a maravan.

CARAVANSERA Or CARAVANSERAL OF CARAVANSERAIL, s. m. caravansary

CARAVELLE, kå-rå-věl, s. f. caravel or car-

vel (sort of Portuguese vessel.)
CARBATINE, kar-ka-tin, s. f. skin of a beast newly flayed.

CARBONGLE, kår-bonk!, s. m. carbuncle, ruby; carbuncle, large pimple.
CARBONNADE, kår-bö-nåd, s. f. carbonado,

rasher on the coals.

CARCAN, kår-kån, s. m. iron-collar, wherewith a malefactor is tied to a post; also carcanet.

CARCASSE, kår-kås, s. f. carcass; leau body, mere skeleton; (sort of bomb) carcass. Mar. carcass (ribs of a ship before the planks are laid on, or after they are ripped off.)

CARCINOME, s. m. carcinoma, cancer. CARCINOMATEU-X, SE, adj. carcinomatous,

cancerous.

CARDAROME, s. m. cardamom. CARDASSE, s. f. Indian fig. CARDE, kard, s. f. chard (of an artichoke,

etc.) also card for wool, cotton, etc.

CARDÉE, kår-då, s. f. as much wool, etc. as is carded at once with both the cards.

CARDER, kår-då, v. a. to card. CARDEU-R, se, kår-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. carder.

CARDIALGIE, s. f. cardialgy, heart-burn. CARDIALOGIE, s. f. cardialogy, what treats of the different parts of the heart.

CARDIAQUE, adj. cardiack, cordial; s. m. cordial.

CARDIER, kar-dla, s. m. maker of cards for combing wool, etc.

CARDINAL, E. adj. cardinal, principal. CARDINAL, kår-di-nål, s. m. cardinal. CARDINALAT, kår-di-nå-lå, s. m. cardinal-

ate, cardinalship.

CARDINALE, kar-di-nai, s. f. sort of plant,

cardinal.

C. DINALISER, v. a. to make cardinal, to paint red.

CARDON, kar-don, s. m. cardoon or carduus,

CARDONNETTE, V. Chardonnette.

CARDONNETTE, V. Chardonnette.

CARREE, kå-rèm, s. m. lent; also series of tent sermons. Faire càrene, faire le carêne, observer le carêne, to keep lent. Carêne-pre-nant, carnival; also shrove-tuesday; and mask or masker in shrove-tide.

CARÉMAGE, kå-rè-nåz, s. m. Mar. wharf or place for careening ships, act of careening

CARÈNE, kà-rên, s. f. Mar. careen; also ship's oottom, outside of a vessel's bottom. rêne entière, thorough careen. Demi-carène, parliament heel or boot topping. Donner carène à un vaisseau, le mettre en carene, or à la carène, to careen a ship. La carène de ce bâti-ment est nette, mais la nôtre est très-sale, that ship's bottom is clean, but ours is very foul.

CARÈNER, kà-rà-nà, v 1. to careen, grave, boot-top. Notre senau est caréné de frais, our

snow is just off the ground Caressant, E, ka-re-sen, sent, adj. caress-

ng, of a caressing temper, fawning.

Caresse, kares, s. f. caress, caressing making much of, wheedling. Il m'a fait mille caresses, he caressed me very much, he made

very much of me.

CARESSER, kå-rë-så, v. a. to caress or make
wheadle. havn much of, use kindly, sooth, wheedle, tawn upon. Caresser un cheval, to stroke a horse. CARET, kå-re, s. m. kind of tortoise, tortoiseshell. V. Carret. Fil de caret, Mar. ropeyarn.

CARGAISON, kår-gå-zon, s. f. Mar. cargo, lading of a ship. Quelle est votre cargaison? what are you loaded with?

CARGUE, kirg, s. f. Mar. brail. seau a sa misaine sur les cargues, that ship has her fore sail in the brails. When connected with another word cargue becomes masculine. Cargue à vue, slab line. Cargue boulines or cargue à boulines, leech lines. Cargue points (des huniers) clue lines. Cargue points (des basses voiles) clue garnets. Cargue fonds, bunt lines. Cargue d'artimon, mizen brails, etc. Cargue-bus, down-haul tackle of a top sail yard.

CARGUEHAUT, s. m. Mar. parrel haliards to the main and fore yards. CARGUER, kar-ga, v. a. Mar. to clue up,

brail up. Cargue les perroquets, clue up the top-gallant sails. Cargue l'artimon, brail up the mizen. Cargue la misaine, up fore sail.

*CARIAGE, s. m. stock or crew. Tous le cariage, all the family, all the stock or crew. CARIATIDE, s. f. figure of a person support-

ing an entablature.
CARIBOU, s. m. wild beast of Canada.

CARICATURE, kå-ri-kå-tår, s. f. caricature. caricatura.

CARIE, kå-rl, s. f. caries, rottenness. Ry a carie en cette dent, this tooth is rotten. CARIER, kå-rl-å, v. n. to rot. Se carier,

v. r. to rot, grow rotten.

CARILLON, ka-ri-lon, s. m. chime; jingling; noise, bawling, scolding; racket, clatter, riot. Battre à double carillon, to beat soundly.

CARILLONNEMENT, s. m. chiming. CARILLONNER, kà-ri-lo na, v. n. to chime. CARILLONNEUR, kà-ri-lò-neur, s. m. chi-

mer.

CARISEL, s. m. sort of canvass.

CARISET, s. m. kersey, a sort of stuff. Ownistane, ka-ris-rad, s. f. alms, cha rity. Demander la caristade, to beg, ask charity. CARLINE, s. f. carline, carline thistle.

CARLINGUE, kar-ling, s. f. Mar. (of a mast)

step; keelson or kelson. CARME, karm, s. m. Carmelite, white friar. Carmes, two-fours

CARMELITE, kårm-fit, s. f. Carmelite nua, carmelite pear.

CARMIN, kar-min, s. m. carmine.

CARMINATI-F, VE, kar-mi-na-tif, tiv. adj. carminative, that expels wind.

CARNAGE, kar-naz, s. m. slaughter, massa-

cre, carnage. Carcass or carrion.

CARNASSIER, E, kar-na-sla, sler, adj. devouring flesh, that lives upon flesh; also voracious, greedy, that eats much flesh; Carnas-

sière, bag or pouch (to put game in.)
CARNATION, kar-na-sion, s. f. carnation, flesh-colour.

CARNAVAL, kar-na-val, s. m. shrove-tide. carnival.

CARNE, karn, s. f. corner (of a stone, table.

CARNÉ. E, adj. carnation, of a flesh colour

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Ex. Une anémone carnée, a carnation ane-

CARNET, kår-nå, s. m. debt-book.

CARNIVORE, adj. that lives upon flesh, carnivorous.

CARNOSITÉ, kar-no-zl-ta, s. f. carnosity, fleshy excrescence

CAROBE, s. f. carob, (weight 24th of a

CAROGNE, ka-rogn, s. f. jade, baggage, impudent slut.

CAROLINE, s. f. Carolina (in America.)
Carolina (a plant.)

CAROLUS, s. m. Carolus (old French coin worth ten deniers.) Il a des carolus, he is well lined, he is rich, he is a monied man.

CARON, ka-ron, s. m. slice of fat bacon without lean.

CARONCULE, s. f. caruncle.

CAROTIDES, s. f. pl. the two carotid arteries

CAROTIQUE, s. m. hole which gives pas-

sage to the carotid artery.

CAROTTE, kå-röt, s. f. carrot.

CAROTTER, kå-rö-tå, v. n. to play low, to

wenture but little at play.

CAROTTIER, z, kå-rö-llå, tlèr, z. m. & f.
one who plays low or ventures but little.

CAROUZE, kå-röob, or CAROUGE, s. f.

carob-bean.

CAROUBIER, kå-roo-bla, s. m. carob-tree. CARPE, karp, s. m. wrist.

Carpe, s. f. carp (a fish.)

CARPEAU, kar-po, s. m. young carp. CARPETTES, s. f. pl. pack cloth. CARPILLON, kar-pl-lon, s. m. very small

CARQUOIS, kar-kwa, s. m. quiver.

CARRE, kar, s. f. Ex. La carre d'un cha-ceau, the crown of a hat. La carre d'un habit, that part of the coat from the waist upwards. Les carres d'un soulier, the toe of a shoe. Homme d'une bonne carre, or qui a une bonne carre, square man, broad-shouldered man. Cette femme a la carre belle, that woman is

well made about the shoulders. CARRÍ, E, kà-ra, adj. square. Période sarrée, full, well turned period. Homme carré, well-set man. Homme carré des épandes, broad-shouldered man. Bataillon carré, square battalion. Partie carrée, party of two

men and two women.

Carré or quarré, Mar. square. Bâtiment

carré or quarré, square-rigged vessel. CARRÍ, s. m. square, square figure. Carré de jardin, a square bed in a garden, Carré de toilette, dressing-box. Carré de mouton,

breast of mutton

CARREAU, ka-ro, s. m. square, any thing that has four sides; goose or pressing-iron; cushion; (at cards) diamond; bolt, dart, arcustion; (at caras) mamonu; bon, unit, unit, unit, with the moder-bolt; ground or spot, floor, street; square, lozenge, etc. of a floor; obstruction; piece of metal prepared for coining. Carreau de vitre, pane or square of glass. Carreau de pierre, free-stone made ready for building. Brochet carreau, great pike. Carreau de terre cuite, square tile or brick. Carreau de fateure. Dutch tile. Caucher sur le ran de fatence, Dutch tile. Coucher sur le carreau, to lie in the street. Coucher or jeter carreau, to lie in the street. Coucher or jeter quelqu'un sur le carreau, to kill one upon the Demeurer sur le carreau, to be killed upon the spot

CARREFOUR, kar-foor, s. ID. Cross-way place where streets cros

CARREGER, v. n. Mar. to beat about, ply or turn to windward.

CARRELIAGE, kar-kaz, s. m. paving with square tiles, bricks, etc.

CARRELER, kar-la, v. a to pave with square tiles, bricks, marbles, etc. to cobble

(shoes.) CARRELET, kar-lê, s. m. a flounder; also sort of fishing-net; shoemaker's augular nee-

CARRELEUR, s. f. sort of file. CARRELEUR, kar-leur, s. m. one that paves with square tiles, bricks, etc. also cobbler.

CARRELURE, kar-lor, s. f. cobbling or
mending of shoes or boots.

Une bonne carre-

bure de ventre, a full paunch, a belly-full.

CARRIMENT, ka-ra-men, adv. squarely.

Une chose coupée carrément, a thing cut square.

CARRER, ka-ra, v. a. to square. Se carrer, v. r. to strut, set one's arms a-kimbo.

CARRET, S. m. rope-yarn, caburn. V. Fil.
CARRIER, ka-ria, s. m. quarry-man.
CABRIERE, ka-rier, s. f. quarry: career,
list; course, race; term or space of life. Pas-

ser carrière, to do a thing against the grain.

Donner carrière à ses cheval, to run full
speed.

Donner carrière à son esprit, to give oue's wit its full scope, let one's fancy take its full latitude. Se donner carrière, to take a great deal of liberty; gratify one's fancy. Ce sujet est une belle carrière où l'on peut exercer son génie, that subject is a fine field to exercise one's genius

CARRIOLE, ka-riol, s. f. kind of kalash or

tilted cart. CARRONNADE, s. f. Mar. carronade.

CARROSSE, ka-ros, s. m. coach. Carrosse coupé, chariot. Cheval de carrosse, coach-horse; also stupid clownish fellow. Mar. coach or poop royal.

CARROSSÉE, s. f. coach-full. CARROSSIER, ka-rò-sla, s. m. coach-maker. Cheval de carrosse, coach-horse. CARROUSEL, ka-roo-zel, s. m. sort of tilt or

military game.

CARROUSE, s. f. carousal.

CARRURE, ka-rdr, s. f. shape of a cont from the waste upwards, or breadth of the shoulders.

CARTANEU, s. m. Mar. girtline, whip. CARTAYER, kar-ta-ya, v. n. to quarter, (to put the wheels and horses on each side of a rut.)

CARTE, kårt, s. f. paper, map, chart; table; card; pasteboard; bill. Carte blanche, blank paper. Domer carte blanche à quelqu'un, to give one full liberty or power to act as he pleases. Avoir carte blanche, to have full power to do as one pleases. Saroir la carte de la cour, to know how matters stand at court. Donner or faire les cartes, to deal. Buttre les cartes, to shuffle the cards. Etre le premier en cartes, to be the eldest or elder hand, to have the leading hand. Savoir le dessous des cartes, to be in the secret. Brouiller les cartes, to sow dissension. Carte ma rine, chart, sea chart, nautical chart, draught. Carte plate or plane, plane chart. Carte reduite, Mercator's chart.

CARTEL, kar-tel, s. m. challenge. Cartel (exchange of prisoners.)

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CARTÉSIANISME, kår-tê-zlå-nlem, s. m.

Cartesian philosophy.
Cartesian, nz, kar-tê-zlên, zlên, adj. & s. m. and f. Cartesian.

CARTIER, kår-tlå, s. m. card-maker. CARTILAGE, kår-tl-låz, s. m. cartilage,

gristle. CARTILAGINEU-X, SE, kar-il-la-zl-neu,

CARTILAGINEU-X, SE, KRI-II-IA-zI-acu, acus, adj. cartilaginous, grisdy.
CARTIBANE, KRI-II-zan, s. f. ex. Dentelle à cartisone, velum-lace.
CARTON, kAr-ton, s. m. paste-board; thick paper, cartoou; leaf reprinted in the room of one to be cancelled; bandbox.

CARTONNIER, s. m. pasteboard maker or

sciler. CARTOUCHE, kår-toosh, s. f. cartridge;

charge for a gun.

Cartouche, s. m. (in sculpture or painting) cartouse, also escutcheon on which a ship's name is written.

CARTULAIRE, kar-tu-ler, s. m. cartulary; also keeper of the records (of a church.)

CARVI, s. m. caraway; caraway-seed. CAs, ka, s. m. case, exigency, exigence; chance, accident; thing, matter, business; fact, deed, crime; case of grammar, conscience, etc. account, value, esteem. En cas de, in case of, in point of, in matters of. Au cas que, en cas que, conj. in case that, if. En tout cus, however, whatever happens. Posez le cas, fortuit, by chance, accidentally.

CAS, SE, adj. broken, sounding as if broken.

Cela sonne cas, that sounds as if broken.

Voix

casse, hoarse voice

CASANIER, E, kå-zå-nlå, nler, adj. & s. m. & f. close or retired, idle, constant and idle

& I. close of tenton, and, contents the keeper in one's honse.

CASAQUE, ka-zak, s. f. campaign coat, surtout. Tourner cusaque, to turn cat in pan,

be a turn-coat.

CASAQUIS, kh-zh-kin, s. m. short great coat. Donner d quelqu'un sur le casaquin, to line one's jacket, thrash one.

Cascaba, kås-kåd, s. f. cascade, water-fall.

Ra fait une rude cascade, he had a heavy fall,
he got an unlucky tumble.

CASE, kaz, s. f. (maison) house; le patron de la case, the good man or master of the house; (a back-gammon) point or two men to-gether; square (of a checker-board.) V. Casse. CASEMATE, kaz-måt, s. f. casemate. CASEMATÉ, z., kaz-må-tå, adj. defended by

a casemate.

CASEMATER, v. a. to fortify. CASER, ka-za, v. n. to make a point (at

back-gammon.)
CASERNE, kå-zèra, s. f. barrack (for soldiers.)

CASERNER, kå zer-nå, v. n. to be lodged in barracks.

CASERNET, s. m. Mar. kind of log-book

CASEARET, E. M. DART AIM OF REGIONS KEEP by the pilots on board French ships of war.

CASEU-X, SE, kå-zeu, zeuz, adj. cheesy.

CASILLEUX, kå-zl-leu, adj. brittle (glass.)

CASQUE, kåsk, s. m. head-piece or helmet.

CASSADE, kå-såd, s. f. sham, flam, lie, cheat, cheating trick. Un donneur de cassades, a cheat.

CASSANT, E, ka-sen, sent, adj. brittle, soon broken.

rogating, repealing; also dissolving (of the English Partiament.)

CASSE, kas, s. f. cassia, case for letters in a printing-house; pen-case or penner; coppel; dismission; being broken or cashiered. Lettre: de case, the king's order for cashiering an efficer. V. Cas.

Cassi, E, adj. broken, etc. Voix cassée. hoarse, brol'en voice.

CASSE-cou, s. m. break-neck place. CASSE-CUL, s. m. falling upon one's breech. Se donner un casse-cul, to fall upon one's breech.

CASSE-MUSEAU, s. m. knock on the nose. slap on the chaps, cuff or blow; also sort of puffed cake.

CASSE-NOIR or CASSE-NOISETTE, S. m. nut-cracker.

CASSER, ka-sa, v. a. to break; to cashier; to displaye; to turn out of; to displaye: to annul; make void; to weaken, debilitate.

Casser un mât, Mar. to spend a mast. Casser, v. n. to break. Se casser, v. r. to break; grow weak, faint, feeble, crazy, de-crepit. Ce bâtiment s'est cassé par le poids de son artillerie, that ship's back is broken by the weight of her metal.

CASSEROLE, kas-rol, s. f. copper-pan. CASSERON, s. m. sleeve (a fish.)

Casse-tête, s. m. heady-wine; difficult science. Mar. overhead netting.
...Cassetin, kas-tin, s. m. printer's case for

types.
Cassette, ka-set, s. f. casket, box, strong

box; (du roi) privy purse.

Casseur, kh seur, s. m. Ex. C'est vu

grand casseur de raquettes, he is a great cracker or bouncer; also a stout vigorous man.

CASSIDOINE, s. f. a sort of precious stone. Cassien, kå-sik, s. m. cassia-tree. Cassine, kå-sin, s. f. little country house

or box.

Cassiopée, s. f. a constellation of the northern hemisphere. Cassolette, kå-sô-lêt, s. t. perfuming-pan,

or pot; also pleasant and fragrant smell cr perfume.

CASSONALE, ka-so-nad, s. f. unrefined sugar. CASSURE, ka-sur, s. f. broken place (of any thing.)

CASTAGNETTES, kas-ta-guêt, s. f. pl. castanets.

CASTELOGNE, s. f. sort of blanket of fine wool.

CASTE, kast, s. f. tribe.

CASTILLAN, E, adj. & s. m. & f. of Cas tile, Castilian.
CASTILLE, kås-til, s. f. Castile in Spain;

strife, altercation, contention.

CASTINE, s. f. a sort of whitish stone. CASTOR, kas-tor, s. m. castor, beaver.

CASTRAMÉTATION, kas-tra-mê-ta-slon, s castrametation.

CASTRAT, kas-tra, s. m. man who has been castrated that his voice may remain like that of boys and women.

Castration, kas-tra-slon, s. f. castration. Casualite, ka-zu-a-ll-ta, s. f. perquisite;

casualty, accident. CASUEL, LE, kå-zů-ěl, adj. casual, acciden-

tal, fortuitous. Chose casuelle, casualty, accident. Parties casuelles, escheats, places and CASSATION, ka-st slon, s. f. annulling, ab- ii offices which escheat to the king.

bar, bat, hase : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CASUEL, s. m. profits, perquisites. CASUELLEMENT, kā-zū-ēl-mēn, adv. casu-

ally, accidentally, by chance.

CABUISTE, kå-zå-lst, s. m. casuist.

CATACHER'SSE, kå-zå-krèz, s. f. catachre-

CATACLYSME, s. m. great overflowing, deluge, entaclysm. Cataconers, kh-th-konb, s. f. pl. cata-

combs.

CATACOUA, V. Kakatoës.

CATADOUPE or CATADUPE, s. f. cataract, water-fall.

CATAFALQUE, kå-tå-fålk, s. m. funeral de-coration on which the coffin is placed in a church.

CATAGNATIQUE, adj. & s. m. catagmatick, catagmatick medicine.

CATAROL, V. Kakatots.

CATALECTE OF CATALECTIQUE, adj. catalectick.

CATALEPSIE, s. f. catalepsis.

CATALEPTIQUE, adj. struck with the catalepsis, cataleptick.

CATALOGNE, s. f. Catalonia in Spain. CATALOGUE, ka-ta-log, s. m. catalogue,

list, roll. CATAPLASME, kå-tå-plåsm, s. m. cataplasm, poultice.

· CATAPULTE, kå-tå-pålt, s. f. catapult. CATARACTE, kå-tå-råkt, s. f. cataract.

CATARRHAL, E, adj. catarrhal. CATARRHE, ka-tar, s. m. catarrh.

CATARRHEU-X, SE, kå-tå-rèu, rèuz, adj. catarrhal, catarrhous

CATASTROPHE, kå-tås-tröf, s. f. catastrophe. CATECHISER, kå-tå-shl-tå, v. a. to cate-chise, instruct in the christian faith. To in-

struct beforehand, endeavour to persuade.
CATÉCHISME, kå-të-shlsm, s. m. catechism.
CATÉCHUSEE, kå-të-shlst, s. m. catechist.
CATÉCHUMENE, kå-të-kå-mën, s. m. or f.

catechumen.

CATÉGORIE, kå-tê-gô-rl, a. f. category.
CATÉGORIQUE, kå-tê-gô-rik, adj. categorical, formal, to the purpose.

CATEGORIQUEMENT, kå-tê-gô-rîk-mên, adv. categorically, to the purpose.

CATHARTIQUE, adj. & s. m. cathartick,

purging medicine.

CATHEDRALE, kå-të-drål, adj. f. & s. f.

cathedral, cathedral church.
CATHEDRANT, ka-te-dren, s. m. lecturer, professor in an university.

CATHÉTER, s. m. catheter. CATHOLICISME, ka-tò-lì-sism, s. m. catholicistn.

CATHOLICITÉ, ka-tô-lî-sî-ta, s. f. catholicism,

catholick religion; also catholick countries.
CATHOLICON, ka-to-fl-kon, s. m. catholicon. CATHOLIQUE, kå-tô-lik, adj. & s. m. & f. catholick, universal, catholick person, pa-

CATHOLIQUEMENT, kå-tô-lîk-mên, adv. like a catholick.

CATI, E, adj. pressed, mangled.
CATI, kå-tl, s. m. preparation to give a
bustre and stiffness to stuffs, cc.
CATIMINI, kå-tl-ml-nl, k < En catimini,

secretly, in hugger-mugger.

CATIMORAN, s. m. Mar. catamaran.

CATIM, ka-tin, s. f. doll; lady of pleasure, whore; basin to receive melted metal.

CATIR, kå-tir, v. a. to dress, or put a gloss upon cloth.

CATOPTRIQUE, s. f. catoptricks.

CAUCHEMAR, or COCHEMAR, s. m. nightmare or hag.

CAUCHOIS, E, ko-shwa, shwaz, edj. of or from Caux in Normandy. Pigeons cauchois sort of pigeons larger than others.

CAUDATAIRE, ko-dâ-têr, s. m. the train bearer (to the pope or a cardinal.)

CAUDEBEC, kod-bêk, s. m. sort of French hat.

CAURIS, s. m. little shell used as money in CAURIS, s. m. m. several paris of Africa, cowry. CAUSATI-F, ve, ko-zā-ili, tiv, adj. causa-

CAUSE, kos, s. f. cause, principle; reason, occasion, motive; interest; side, party; cause, case, suit at law. Etre en cause, to sue one at Cause d'appel, an action upon appeal. Ses héritiers ou ayans cause, his heirs or assigns. A cause de, because of, for the sake of, on account of, for. A cause de quoi, wherefore. A cause de que, conj. because.

CAUSER, ko-za, v. a. to cause, occasion Causer, v. n. to talk, converse, chat. To babble or blab.

CAUSERIE, koz-rl, s. f. chatting, gossipping, CAUSEU-R, se, ko-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. prattler, great talker; babbler or blab.

prattier, great tarker; babbler or brab.

CAUSTICITÉ, köz-d-d-d-d, s. f. censoriousness, malignity; cutting satire.

CAUSTIQUE, köz-dk, adj. caustick, burning; censorious, snappish, waspish, satirical.

CAUSTIQUE, s. m. caustick.

CAUTÈLE, kò-dèl, s. f. cautel; artfulness,

cunning. CAUTELEUSEMENT, kot-leuz-men. adv.

shiy, warily, craftily. CAUTELEU-X, SE, kot-leu, leuz, adj. can-

telous, sly, cunning, wily.

CAUTELEUX, s. m. sly fellow. Franc cons teleux, mere sophister.

CAUTÈRE, kô-ter, s. m. cautery, issue. CAUTÉRITIQUE, adj. that burns, sears the

CAUTÉRISÉ, E, adj. cauterized, seared, burnt. Conscience cautérisée, seared or hardened conscience.

CAUTÉRISER, kô-tå-rì-zå, v. a. to cauterize, sear or burn.

CAUTION, ko-slon, s. f. bail, security, surety Etre caution or se rendre cardion d'une chos to warrant a thing, pass one's word for it. Homme sujet à caution, man not to be trusted Histoire nifette à caution, uncertain or doubtful story. Caution bourgeoise, city security. CAUTIONNEMENT, ko-sion-men, s. m. bail-

ing, giving security.
CAUTIONNER, ko-sio-na, v. a. to bail, be bound for; to warrant, promise, pass one's

word.

CAVAGNOLE, s. m. a sort of game. CAVALCADE, ka-val-kad, s. f. cavalcade, a solemn riding; short journey, tour. CAVALCADOUR, ka-val-ka-docr, s. m. gen-

tleman of the horse, equerry.

CAVALE, ka-val, s. f. mare.

CAVALERIE, kå-vål-rl, s. f. horse, cavalry. Caralerie légère, light horse.

CAVALIER, kå-vå-liå, s. m. trooper ; horseman; cavalier, gentleman; cavalier, spark; (at chess) knight; kind of platform to plant great guns upon.

bûse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CAVALIER, E, kå-vå-slå, sler, adj. gentlemanlike, gentcel, gallant, free, noble; blunt, imperious.

CAVALIÈREMENT, kâ-vâ-llèr-mên, adv. gallantly, gentlemanly, genteely; bluntly, ca-

valierly.

CAVE, kav, s. f. cellar; case of bottles; (of a church) vault; (at cards,) pool, stock, bank. Cave de toiette, set of smelling bottles. Mettre la cave au grenier et le grenier à la cave,

The true things topsy-tury.

CAVE, adj. bollow.

CAVEAU, kā-vo, s. m. little cellar; vault.

CAVEAU, kā-vo, s. m. little cellar; vault.

CAVEC, kā-vā, s. f. hollow way or cave.

CAVER, kā-vā, v. a. to hollow or make hollow, dig under; (at cards) to stock, put to the pool or bank.

CAVERNE, kå-vern, s. f. cavern, den, cave. CAVERNEU-X, SE, kå-ver-neu, neuz, adj. cavernous, full of holes or dens, hollow.

CAVESSON, or CAVECON, s. m. cavesson. Donner un coup de cavesson à un cheval, to check a horse.

CAVET, s. m. sort of moulding.

CAVILLATION, kā-vil-lā-sion, s. f. cavil or sophistical reason; dericion, mockery.

CAVIN, s. m. hollow way.

CAVITÉ, kà-vl-tà, s. f. cavity, hollow, hollowness.

CAYEREE, s. f. Mar. hulk or receiving . ship.

CAYES, s. f. pl. keys or chains of rocks nearly even with the water's edge.

CAYEU, s. m. sucker, off-set.

CAYEU, s. m. SUCKET, OIL-SEC.

CE, CET, sê, sêt, before a vowel or h mute,

CETTE, I. CES, sêt, pl. pron. this or that; these
or those, V. Ci. Ce qui, Ce que, what, which.

C'est, it is; also, he is, she is. Ce sond, they
are, also it is. C'est que, it is that, it is because,
the reason is that. Ce n'est pas que, not that,
it is not that C'est que que you wherefore the reason is that. Ce n'est pas que, not that, it is not that. C'est pourquoi, wherefore C'est à savoir, to wit. Ce me semble, methinks. Cette nuit, that night, this night; also last night. A ce que, that, to the end that. V.A. CKANS, sã-en, adv. here, herein, within, at home. It sort de céans, he is just gone hence. Le maître de céans, the master of this house. CECL sê-el thie.

Le mattre de ceans, the master of this house.

CECI, sé-sí, his.

CÉCITÉ, sà-sí-tà, s. f. cecity, blindness.

CÉDANT, E, sà-dèn, dènt, s. m. & f. a

grantor, one that yields or gives up.

CEDER, så-då, v. a. to yield, yield up, give over or up, part with, make over, resign. Ceder l'avantage du vent, Mar. to take (being

to windward) the lee-gage (of an enemy.)
CEDER, v. n. to yield, submit, give way,
comply. Je ne lui cède en rien, I am not beind him in any thing, I am as good a man as

he every way.

Céder, v. n. Mar. to settle, etc. Les ponts de notre vieux bâtiment ont beaucorp cédé, our old ship's decks have settled a great deal. au maurais temps, to bear up and put before it in a gale of wind.

CÉDILLE, sà-di/, s. f. cedilla, dash under a 2 (thys ç.)

CEDRAT, så-drå, s. m. kind of citron, and zitron-tree.

CEDRE, sedr, s. m. cedar, cedar-tree, cedarwood; also kind of citron. Aigre de cédre, sort of lemonade.

CEDRIE, s. f. gum of the cedar-tree.

CÉDRIUM, s. m. oil of cedar.

CÉDULE, sà-dul, s. f. note (for money due) schedule; list of names, etc. V. Evocatoire.

CEINDRE, sindr, v. a. like feindre at eindre to gird, gird about; to gird, compass about, surround, enclose.

CEINTRAGE, CEINTRE, CRINTRER, V. Cintrage, etc.

CEINTURE, sin-tar, s. f. girdle or sash; also waist, and waistband; enclosure; cincture, girdle. Etre pendu à la ceinture de quelqu'un, to hang at one's elbow. Ceinture de la Reine.

sort of tax upon wine at Paris.

Ceinture, s. f. Mar. swifter, (rope which encircles a vessel or boat above the water-line.) Ceinture de la bouche d'un canon, muzzle

mouldings of a cannon

CEINTURIER, sin-tů-ria, s. m. girdle-

maker, belt-maker.

CEINTURON, sin-tů-ron, s. m. sword-belt. CELA, (demonstrative pronoun) that; such folks, Comment cela? how so?
CELA, DON, Sa-là-clon, s. m. sea-green.
CÉLEBRANT, Sà-là-brèn, s. m. officiating priest. V. Célébrer.

CÉLÉBRATION, så-lå-brå-slon, s. f. celebra-

tion (of mass, etc.)
CÉLÈBRE, sa-lèbr, adj. celebraced, fa mous, renowned, eminent, celebrious, solemn.

CÉLÉBRÉ, E. adj. celebrated, etc.
CÉLÉBRER, sa la celebrated, etc.
CÉLÉBRER, sa la bra, v. a. to celebrate, commend, set forth; to celebrate, solemnize
CÉLÉBRITÉ, sa la bri-la, s. i. solemnity, pomp; also celebrity, fame.

CÉLER, sà-là, v. a. to hide, conceal, secrete, keep secret or close. Se faire celer, to deny one's self.

CÉLERI, sêl-rî, s. m. celery.

CELERIN, s. m. sort of pilchard.

CÉLÉRITÉ, sa-la-ri-th, s. f. celerity, speed, swiftness, haste, diligence.

CÉLESTE, sh-lêst, adj. celestial, heavenly high, divine, great, excellent, perfect. Bless celeste, sky-colour.

CÉLESTIN, sà-les-tin, s. m. Celestine (monk.)

CÉLIAQUE, adj. celiack.

CÉLIBAT, să-II-bă, s. m. celibate, celibacy, single life. Vivre dans le célibat, to live single or amnarried, to live a single life.

CÉLIBATAIRE, sa-ll-ba-tèr, s. m. & f. one who lives in celibacy, bachelor. Celle, sel, V. Celui.

CELLÉRERIE, s. f. office of cellarist. CELLÉRIER, E, se-la-ria, rier, s. m. & f. cellarist.

CELLIER, se-lla, , m. cellar; also storeroom.

CELLULAIR^r, adj. cellular. CELLULE, se-ldl, s. f. cell; partition, case. CELUI, se-ldl, m. CELLE, f. (demonstrative pronoun,) he, she, that; plural, ceux, m. celles, f. they, those. Celui-ci, m. celle-ci, f. thas; plural, ceux-ci, m. celles-ci, f. these; celui là, m. celle là, f. that; plural, ceux-là, m. celles-la, f. those; celui de, celle de, that of; ceux de, celles de, those of; celui qui, celle qui, he who, she who, a person who, that which, such as; ceux qui, celles qui, they who, those who, such as.

CEMENT, s. m. cement. CEMENTATION, s. f. cementation.

CÉMENTATOIRE, adj. cementatory CÉMENTER, v. a. to cement, purify gold.

CENACLE, sa-nakl, s m. room where our

bar, bas, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

Saviour celebrated his last supper with his |

CENDRE, sèndr, s. f. ashes. Le jour des cendres, Ash-Wednosday. Cendre de plomb, small shot (for a fowling-piece.) CENDRÉE, s., sèn-drà, adj. ash-coloured. CENDRÉE, s. f. dross of lead; a kind of

small shot.

CEMDREU-K, SE, sên-drêu, drêuz, adj. ashy, full of ashes.

CENDRIER, sen-dria, s. m. ash-hole

CENE, sen, s. f. Lord's supper. Faire la cene, to receive the communion, communicate.
CENELLE, s. f. the fruit of the holly-oak or

CÉROBITE, sã-nô-bît, s. m. cenobite, monk. CÉROBITIQUE, sã-nô-bî-tîk, adj. cenobitical. CÉNOTAPHE, sã-nô-tâf, s. m. cenotaph, empty tomb.

CENS, sens, s. m. quit-reut, old rent, copy

hold. CENSABLE, adj. to whom the quit-rent belongs. Seigneur censable, lord of the manor. CENSAL, s. m. broker.

CENSE, sens, s. f. farm, free-farm. CENSE, E, sensa, adj. accounted, looked upon, reputed.

CENSEUR, sen-seur, s. m. censor, critick, reformer.

CENSIER, E, sen-sia, sier, adj. to whom the quit-rent belongs. Seigneur censier, lord of a manor.

CENSIER, E, s m. & f. faimer who pays quit-rent.

CENSITAIRE, sen-si-ter, s. m. copy-holder.

CENSURE, sen-siv, s. f. manor, quit-rent. CENSUEL, LE, sen-sû-êl, adj. feudal. CENSURABLE, sen-sû-rabl, adj. censurable. CENSURE, sen-sûr, s. f. censorship; cen-

sure, check, reproof, correction; criticism. CENSURER, sen-sa-ra, v. a. to censure check, chide, reprove or reprehend, find fault with condemn.

CENT, sen, adj. a hundred. Cing pour cent, five per cent.

CENT, s. m. a hundred weight. CENTAINE, sen-ten, s. f. a hundred; also first thread of a skein.

CENTAURE, sentor, s. m. centaur.

CENTAURÉE, s. f. centaury. CENTENAIRE, sent-ner, adj. a hundred

years old, of a hundred years standing, centenary.

CENTENIER, sent-nik, s. m. centurion, captain of a hundred.

CENTIÈME, sên-tièm, adj. hundredth.
CENTON, sèn-ton, s. m. cento, rhapsody.
CENTRAL, E, sên-tràl, adj. central.
CERTRE, sêntr, s. m. centre. Etre dans

con centre, to be in one's element.

CENTRIFUGE, sen-trl-fûz, adj. centrifugal.

CENTRIFÈTE, sen-trl-pêt, adj. centripetal. CENT-SUISSES, s. m. pl. a Swiss guard of

the French king.

CENTUPLE, sen-topl, s. m. a hundred fold. CENTUPLER, v. a. to repeat a hundred times.

CENTURIATEUR, sen-tu-ria-teur, s. m. cen turiator.

THOUR.

CENTURIE, son-th-ri, s. f. century.

CENTURION, son-th-rion, s. m. centurion.

CEP, sop, s. m. vine. Ceps, so, (before a meel soc.), fetters, shackles.

CEPENDANT, so-pen-den, adv. in the mean

time or while; also nevertheless, yet and yet. CEPHALIQUE, adj. cephalick

CEPHALALOGIE, s. f. that part of anatomy which treats of the brain. CERAT, sa-ra, s. m. cerate.

CERBERE, s. m. cerberus.
CERCEAU, ser-so, s. m. hoop, kind of net
for birds, circle upon the surface of the water. Cerceaux, quills at the end of the wings of a bird of prey.

CERCELLE, sêr-sêl, s. f. teal. CERCLE, sêrkl, s. m. circle; also hoop. Cercle, s. m. Mar. hoop, etc. Cercles de boute-hors, studding sail boom irons. Cercle de réflexion, reflecting circle. Cercles des

de rejection, renecting circle. Certies use fanaux de poupe, lantern-girdles.

CERCLER, sêr-klå, v. a. to encircle, environ; to hoop (a cask.)

CERCLIER, sêr-klå, s. m. hoop-maker.

CERCUEIL, sêr-keul, s. m. coffin. Mettre au cercueil, to cause one's death.

CÉRÉBRAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the

brain.
CERÉMONIAL, E, så-rå-mö-ni-ål, adj. ceremonial. Ex. Préceptes cérémoniaux, etiquette. CERÉMONIAL, s. m. ceremonial, ritual; ceremonies; forms of politeness.

CÉRÉMONIE, så-rå-mô-ni, s. f. ceremony rite; form, formality; compliment. Habit de

cérémonie, formalities. CÉRÉMONIEU-X, SE, sà-rà-mò-nì-èu, èuz, adj. ceremonious, full of ceremonies, formal.

CERF, ser, s. m. stag, hart. Corne de cerf, o hart's horn. Langue de cerf, hart's tongue.

CERF-VOLANT, great horn-beetle, bull-fly; paper-kite.

CERFEUIL, ser-feul, s. m. chervil, (plant.)

CERISAIE, se-ri-ze, s. f. orchard of cherrytrees.

CERISE, se-riz, s. f. cherry. CERISIER, se-rizia, s. m. cherry-tree. CERNE, sern, s. m. ring, circle (traced in sand.) circle or black and blue mark un-

der the eye.

CERNÉ, E, adj. cut round. Noix cernée.

walnut, the kernel of which is taken out of the green shell. Yeux cernes, eyes black and blue. CERNEAU, ser-no, s. m. kernel of a green walnut.

CERNER, ser-na, v. a. to cut round; to cut off all communication. Cerner une noix, to take out the kernel of a green walnut. Cener un arbre par le pied, to tap a tree at the root, to open a tree round about the root.

CERTAIN, E, ser-tin, ten, adj. certain, sure, true; confident, assured; certain, fixed.

(Quelque) certain, some. CERTAIN, s. m. certainty. Quitter le ser-tain pour l'incertoin, to part with a certainty for an uncertainty.

CERTIFICATEUR, sêr-tên-mên, adv. certainly, infallibly, without fail; also positively; indeed, truly; surely, undoubtedly.
CERTES, sêrt, adv. truly, indeed.
CERTIFICAT, sêr-tî-fî-kâ, s. m. cert ficate.
CERTIFICATEUR, sêr-tî-fî-kâ-têur, s. m.

certifier.

sêr-tî-fî-kâ-sîor CERTIFICATION, ser-tl-fl-ka-slor a. £ avouching, vouching, certifying.
CERTIFIER, ser-tl-flk, v. a. to certify, assure.
CERTITUDE, ser-tl-tld, s. f. certainty, certi-

tude; also stability.

CÉRUMEN, s. m. cerumen, ear-wax.

buse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : 100n : brun.

CÉRUMINEU-X, SE, adj. ceruminous. CÉRUSE, să-růz, s. f. ceruse, Spanish white.

CERVAISON, ser-ve-zon, s. f. Ex. Un cerf qui est en cervaison, a fat stag.

CERVEAU, ser-vo, s. m. the brain. Avoir CERVEAU, ser-vo, s. m. the brain. Avoir le cerveau perclus, creux, mal timbré, or démonté, to be crack-brained. S'alambiquer, se distiller le cerveau, to puzzle or rack oue's brains.

CERVELAS, serv-la, s. m. large kind of sau-

Sage. CERVELET, serv-le, s. m. hinder part of

the brain, cerébel.

CERVELLE, ser-vel, s. f. brains. C'est une bonne cervelle, he has a good head-piece. Je lui ferai sauder la cervelle, I shall break his pate. Tenir quelqu'un en cervelle, to keep one in suspense, keep one uneasy. pahnier, pith of a palmtree. Cervelle de

CERVICAL, E, adj. cervical or of the neck. CERVIER, adj. m. Ex. Loup cervier, lynx. *CERVOISE, ser-vwaz, s. f. sort of beer.

CES, V. Ce. CESAR, sh-zar, s. m. a name given to the first Roman Emperors

CÉSARIENNE, sa-za-rien, adj. f. L'opération

césarienne, the cesarian operation.

CESSANT, E, adj. ceasing. Toute autre affaire cessante, nothing intervening. Cessant quoi, for want of which

CESSATION, se-sa-slon, s. f. cessation, intermission. Cessation d'armes, cessation of arms,

CESSE, ses, s. f. ceasing, intermission. Sans cesse, without ceasing, incessantly, continually. Navoir point de cesse, navoir aucume cesse, not to cease, not to be at rest.

CESSER, v. a. & n. to cease, be at an end, leave off, give over, forbear or discontinue. Faire cesser le travail, to put a stop to the work. Cessez ros plaintes, forbear your complaints.

Cesser, v. a. & n. Mar. to leave off, have done. Le bâtiment a cessé de venir au vent, the ship has done coming to. Cessez le feu à tribord, leave off firing the starboard guns.

ord, leave on ming the CESSIBLE, adj. cessible.
CESSION, se-sion, s. f. cession, yielding up, giving or making over, resignation. Faire cession de son droit, to yield up one's right. Faire cession de son bien, to resign one's estate, turn bankrupt.

CESSIONNAIRE, sê-slô-ner, s. m. cessionary, bankrupt; also party to whom something has

been yielded.

CESTE, sest, s. m. cestus, girdle; also wrestler's gauntlet.

CÉSURE, sã-zur, s. f. cœsura, pause. CET, CETTE, set, V. Ce.

CÉTACÉE, adj. cetaceous.

CÉTÉRAC, s. m. spleen-wort.

*CELUI-CI, this. *CELUI-LA, that.

CEUX, V. Celui. CH, in French words, is generally to be pronounced as the English sh.

CHABLAGE, sha-blaz, s. m. labour and fees of a water-officer.

CHABLEAU, s. m. kind of rope.

CHABLER, v. a. to tie, fasten to a rope

CHABLEUR, sha-bleur, s. m. water-officer in Paris.

CHABILIS, sha-bll, s. m. wind-fallen wood. | engraver in brass.

CHABOT, shà-bò, s. m. miller's thumb (fish.) CHACELAS, V. Chasselas.

CHACART, s. m. Indian cotton. CHACONNE, ska-kon, s. f. sort of time and dance.

CHACUN, E, sha-k'n, kun, adj. every person, every one, every body, each, every thing. Chacun de nous, each of us. Chacun à sa cha-Chacun de nous, each of us. Chacun à sa cha-cune, every Jack has a Jill. Ils out rempli

Chacun leur devoir, each has done his duty.

CHACUNIÈRE, s. f. (mot forgé par madame de Sénigné) every one's own house.

CHAFOUIN, shá-fwin, s. m. pole-cat.

CHAFOUIN, shá-fwin, s. m. pole-cat.

CHAFOUIN, E, adj. sneaking, wretched, pitiful, poor, mean looking: it is also used substantively.

CHAGRIN, sha-grin, s. m. trouble, vexation grief, sorrow, sadness, melancholy; shagreen silk stuff made rough as shagreen. Cela me dome du chagrin, that vexes or trou-bles me. Jen suis dans le dernier chagrin, I am extremely concerned or troubled about it. Un homme qui se fait des chagrins de rien, a morose, peevish, fretful man.
CHAGRIN, E, shâ-grin, grin, adj. morose, peevish, sour, fretful, melaacholy, sad.
CHAGRINANT, E, shâ-gri-nên, adj. vexa-

tious, troublesome.

CHAGRINER, shå-gri-nå, v. a. to vez, grieve, trouble. Se chagriner, v. r. to fret, vex one's self.

CHAHUANT, V. Chat-huant.
CHAÎNE, shên, s. f. chain; (of a wall) rustick coins; (of clath) warp; (of mountains) ridge, tract, chain; galleys; felons, galley-slaves; chains, bonds, captivity, bondage. Chaine, s. f. Mar. chain, etc. Chaine de port, boom or chain of a harbour. Chaine de ro chers, ledge, ridge of rocks. Chaines de Chaines de galhaubans, Chaines de haubans du rergues, top-chains. back-stay plates. Cha grand mât, main chains.

CHAINEAU, s. m. V. Cheneau.

CHAÎNETIER, s. m. chain-maker.

CHAÎNETTE, she-net, s. f. liule chain. Chaînette à montre, watch-chain.

CHAINON, she'non, s. m. link of a chain.
CHAIN, she'r, s. f. flesh; meat; skin. Etre
en chair, to be fat. Couper jusqu'à la chair
rive, to cut to the quick. Chair de mouton de bœuf or d'agnecus, mutton, beef or lamb. Chair de poisson, fleshy part of a fish. Chair

de fruit, pulp of fruit.
CHAIRCUTIER, V. Charcutier.
CHAIRE, sher, s. f. pulpit. Chaire d'un si ège épiscopal, episcopal see. Disputer une chaire de droit, to dispute for a professorship in law. Chaire, office of a preacher, etc. preaching, oratory.

CHAISE, shez, s. f. chair, seat; (percée) close stool; (roulante) chaise; chair or sedan

Porteur de chaise, chairman.

CHALAN, s. m. Mar. sort of lighter or barge.

CHALAND, E, shâ-lên, lênd, s. m. & f. customer.

CHALANDISE, shâ-lèn-diz, s. f. custom; also customer.

CHALASTIQUE, adj. that relaxes the fibres CHALCITE, s. f. mineral of the nature of

CHALCOGRAPHE, s. m. chalcographer, ar

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CHALCOGRAPHIE, s. f. chalcography.

CHALEUR, sha-leur, s. f. heat, warmth; animosity; fervency, eagerness, zeal, ardent affection. Chaleur de fièvre, hot fit of an ague. Chaleur de foie, fit of anger, gust of passion. Il fait une grande chaleur, it is very hot weather. Chienne en chaleur, proud bitch. Carale qui entre en chaleur, mare ready to take the horse. Donner chaleur, to animate, encourage.

CHALEUREU-X, SE, shâ-lêu-reu, reuz, adj.

that has much natural warmth.

CHALIBÉ, E, kå-lî-bå, adj. chalybeate.

CHALIT, sha-il, s. m. bed-stead. CHALOR, v. n. (Rarely used, except in) Il we m'en chaut, that concerns me not, I don't

care for that; non pourtant qu'il ni'en chaille, not, however, that I care a fig for that.

CHALON, S. m. drag, dragnet.

CHALOUPE, shå-löop, s. f. Mar. long boat, launch, etc. Chaloupe d'un vaisseau de guerre, long boat or launch of a man of war. Chaloupe armée, launch manned and armed. Chaloupe à la traine, boat towing a-stern. Cha-loupe canonnière, gun boat. Chaloupe en botte, hoat in the frame. Mettre la chaloupe à la mer, to launch the boat.

CHALUMEAU, sha-ld-mo, s. m. straw or stalk of grain; also reed or pipe.

CHAMADE, sha-mad, s. f. chamade, parley.

Battre la chanade, to beat a parley.

CHAMAILLER, sha-ma-la, v. n. Sechamailer, v. r. to tilt or skirmish, fight hand to hand

with weapons or tilts; also to wrangle, bicker, contest.

CHAMAILLIS, sha-ma-Il, s. m. tilting, skirmish, fight; wrangling, bickering, contest,

CHAMARRER, sha-ra, v. a. to daub, deck all over with gold and silver lace, etc.

CHAMARRURE, s. f. daubing or ornamenting excessively with 'ace.
CHANBELLAGE, s. in. a sort of tax paid by

vassals to their lords. CHAMBELLAN, shên-bê-lên, s. m. chamber-

CHAMBOURIN, s. m. kind of stone used to make crystal glass.

CHAMBRANLE, shen-brenl, s. m. deor-case, indow-case, mautletree. Chambranle des window-case, mantletree.

econtilles, coverings of the hatches.
CHAMBRE, shenbr, s. f. chamber or room. Chambre à coucher ; bed-chamber. Chambre ou l'on mange, dining-room. Valet de chambre, valet de chambre. Fille or femme de chambre, chamber-maid. Chambre de justice, court of justice, or the room wherein it is kept. Robe de chambre, night or morning gown. Virre en chambre, to live privately in a lodging. Les deux chambres du parlement (d' Angleterre,) the two houses of parliament. La chambre haute, the upper house or house of lords. La chambre basse, the lower house or house of commons. Chambre des assurances, insurance office. Une chambre basse, Chambre obscure, camera obground-room. scura. Faire la chambre, to sweep the room. Chambre, Mar. room, chamber, cabin, etc. Grande chambre, ward-room (in line of battle ships;) great cabin (in smaller vessels.)
Chambre de conseil, admiral's cabin, captain's man, cabin. Chambre d'officier, cabin. Chambre d'un stern sheets of a boat.

frames.

Chambre de canon, chamber or clarged cy linder of a cannon. Chambre de mortier, chamber of a mortar. Chamber is also a flaw, crack or honey-comb (made in casting a bell, cannon, &c.)
CHAMBRÉ, E, adj. Ex. pièce chambrée, gun

that is honey-combed.

CHAMBRÉE, shen-bra, s. f. number of soldiers that lodge and eat together; room-full. house-full (at a theatre.)

CHAMBRELAN, sach brien, s. m. lodger, also one that works in a private chamber.
CHAMBRER, shen-bra, v. n. to lie or lodge

together; v. a. to discourse apart with one. Chambrette, shen-bret, s. f. a little cham-

ber or room, cabin. CHAMBRIER, shen-brī-ā, s. m. chamberlain Grand chambrier. V.

(in a monastery.) Chambellan.

Chambrière, shen-bri-er, s. f. house-maid; also horse-whip used in riding-schools. Chambrières, s. f. pl. Mar. beckets (for the tacks and sheets.)

CHAMBRILLON, s. f. little maid-servant.

CHAME, s. f. sort of shell-fish

CHAMEAU, sha-mo, s. m. camel. Chameau. Mar. camel, (sort of engine.)
CHAMELIER, shâm-liâ, s. m. camel-dri-

CHAMELLE, s. f. she-camel.

CHAMOIS, sha-mwa, s. m. chamois. Peau de chamois, chamois-leather.

CHAMOISERIE, s. f. place where is prepared the chamois-leather.

CHAMOISEUR, s. m. chamois-dresser.

CHAMP, shen, s. m. field or piece of ground; (of battle) field; (of painting) ground; (of a comb) bridge, middle; (in heraldry) field. Scope, subject, theme, matter. Champ clos, camp, lists. Combat en champ clos, tourney. Sur le champ, off hand, immediately. A tout bout de champ, à chaque bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at every turn. Champs, fields, country. A traiers champs, across the fields, over hedge and ditch. Gagner les champs, to run or scamper away. Buttre aux champs, to beat the march, begin to march. Se mettre aux champs, to fly into a passion. Donner la clef des champs à quelqu'un, to give one his liberty, let him go where he will. Roue de champ, horizontal wheel.

CHAMPAN, s. m. Mar. sampane.

CHAMPAGNE, s. f. champaign. Champagne, s. m. champaign wine.

CHAMPART, shen-par, s. m. part of the produce taken by the lord as field-rent.

CHAMPARTER, shèn-par-ta, v. n. to collec

field-rents.

CHAMPARTERESSE, s. f. Ex. grange cham parteresse, barn where the field-rents are laid

CHAMPARTEUR, shen-par-teur, s. m. fieldrent collector.

CHAMPEAUX, s. m. pl. fields, meadows. CHAMPENOIS, E, s. m. & f. one born in

Champagne.

CHAMPETRE, shen-petr, adj. rural, country-like. Maison champetre, country-house. Vie champetre, country-life. Homme champetre, one that lives a country life, countryman, clown.

CHAMPI, s. m. sort of paper for window

base, bût : jèune, mêute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CHAMPIGNON, shen-pl-gnon, s. m. a mushroom; star, thief or stranger (of a candle.) CHAMPIGNONNIÈRE, s. f. bed for mush-

rooms.

CHAMPION, shen-plon, s. m. champion. CHANCE, shens, s. f. hazard, play at dice; chance or main; chance, luck, good fortune.

Conter sa chance, to lay open one's case. Liver chance, (at dice) to throw a main.

CHANCEL, shen-sel, or CHANCEAU, s. m.

chancel in a church.

CHANCELANT, E, shens-len, lent, adj. reeling, staggering, wavering, unsteady, fickle. CHANCELER, shem-la, v. n. to reel, stag-

ger. waver, be unsteady or wavering, be at uncertainty.

CHANCELIER, shens-lia, s. m. lord chaucellor: chancellor

Chancelière, shens-sièr, s. f. chancellor's

CHANCELLEMENT, 'shen-sel-men, s. m.

reeling, staggering. CHANCELLERIE, shen-sel-ri, s. f. chancery. CHANCEU-X, SE, shên-sêu, seuz, adj. lucky

that has good luck. CHARCI, E, adj. mouldy, (food of any sort.)

CHANCIR, shen-sir, v. n. Se chancir, v. r. to grow mouldy, (speaking of eatables.)
CHANCISSURE, shen-si-sqr, s. f. mouldi-

CHANCRE, shenkr, s. m. chancre, canker; also sore (in the mouth, etc. arising from a fe-

rer;) and filth (about the teeth.) CHANCREU-X, SE, shên-krêu, krêuz, adj.

CHANDELEUR, shend-leur, s. m. candlemas. Fête or jour de la chandeleur, candlemas-day.

CHANDELIER, shend-lia, s. m. candlestick. Chandler or tallow-chandler.

Chandelier, s. m. Mar. stanchion, crotch. Chandeliers de lisses pour bastingage, stanchions for the nettings. Chandeliers d'èchelle hors le bord, stanchions of the entering ropes. Chandelier de chaloupe, crotch of a boat. Chandelier de pierrier, iron crotch of a swivel; also wooden stock in which it is shipped.

Chandelière, s. f. chandler's wife or widow. CHANDELLE, shèn-dèl, s. f. candle. Chandelle de cire, wax-candle. Chandelle de reille, rush light. Chandelle de glace, icicle. ne vant pas la chandelle, it will not quit cost, it is not worth one's while.

CHANFREIN, s. m. forehead (of a horse,) piece of black stuff (on the forehead of a mourning horse;) also set of feathers (for a

horse upon a solemn day.)

CHANGE, shenz, s. m. exchange or barter; a change; change; the exchange; exchange; banker's trade; premium of exchange; change, wrong scent. Perdre au change, to lose by the bargain. Gagner au change, to get by the change. Lettre or billet de change, bill of exchange. Faire le-change, to be a banker. Donner le change à quelqu'un, to put one upon the wrong scent, deluded one. Prendre le change, to mistake, be deluded.

Change, to mistake, be deluded.

CHANGE, E, adj. changed, altered, turned,

converted, etc.

CHANGEANT, shên-zên, zênt, adj. inconstant, fickle, uncertain, changeable, variable. Conteur changeante, changeable colour.

CHARGEMENT, shënz-mën, s. m. change, changing, alteration, vicissitude. Sujet au

changement, changeable, mutable, inconstant variable.

Changement, s. m. Mar. change, turn, etc. Changement de la marée, turn of the tide. Changement de la lune, change of the moon.

CHANGER, shen-za, v. a. to change, make an exchange, barter. To turn, change, trans-

form; to change (money;) alter, innovate.

Changer, v. r to change. Changer de, to shift, alter. Changer d'habit, to change clothes. Changer de chemise, to shift, shift, one's quarters, remove. Changer de note, to change

or alter one's tune, turn over a new leaf.

Changer, v. a. Mar. to change, alter, shift, turn, etc. Changer un hunier, etc. to shift a top-sail, etc. Changer d'amsures, to put about. Changer d'amsures, to put about. unmager l'arrimage, to alter the stowage, rummage the hold. Changer une voile, (comme la grande voile d'un cutter, etc.) to gybe. Chancer les voiles, to shift the sails. Changer Changer les voiles, to shift the sails. l'artimon, to change the mizen. Changer la cargaison, to shift the cargo. Changer ie quart, to set the watch. Changer un vaisseau de place, to shift a ship. Notre frégute ra changer de mouillage, our frigate is going to shift her birth. Le bâtiment chassé a changé de route, the chase has altered her course. La marée changera bientôt, the tide will soon turn. Les courans ont changé de direction, the setting of the currents is changed. Change le tourne vire, shift the messenger. Change decord, haul all, let go and haul. Change derriere, main-sail haul, main-top sail haul. Change la barre, shift the helm. Se changer, v. r. to change, turn or be turned

CHANGEUR, shen-zeur, s. m. banker,

money-changer.

CHANLATTE, shèn-làt, s. f. lath. CHANOINE, shà-nwan, s. m. canon, preben-

dary.
CHANOINESSE, shå-nwå-nës, s. f. canoness.

CHANSON, shen-son, s. f. song, idle story, stuff. Chanter or dire toujours la même chanson, still to harp upon the same string. Tout ce que vous me dites sont des chansons, you tell me tales of a tub. Chansons que tout cela, nonsense, that is all stuff.

CHANSONNER, shèn-sô-na, v. a. to sing songs against, lampoon.
CHANSONNETTE, shen-so-net, s. f. little

song, lay.

CHANSONNIER, shèn-sô-nia, s. m. songster. ballad-maker.

CHANT, shen, s. m. singing; tune. Canto; song. Le chant du coq, cock-crowing. Le plain-chant, church musick.

CHANTANT, E, shen-ten, tent, adj. singing;

easily set to musick, fit to be set to musick. CHANTE, E, adj. sung. Cest bien chante, that is well sung or well said.

CHANTEAU, shen-to, s. m. cantle or slice of

bread, quarter-piece or piece of cloth.
CHANTEPLEURE, shent-pleur, s. f. watering pot; also sort of funuel; and gully-hole (under a wall.)

CHARTER, shen-th, v. n. & a. to sing; to crow; to say; to sing, celebrate, praise. Paint à chanter, waser. Chanter la palinodie, to recant, unsay what one has said. Je ha ai bien chantle sa game, I have rattled him to some tune Faire chanter quelqu'un, to bring one bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field. 1 g : robe, rob, lord : mod d, good.

to reasonable terms; also to make one squeak er confess. Chanter injures, chanter goguettes, or chanter possiles à quelqu'un, to rait at or rattle one, revile or vilify. Chanter la même chanson, to harp upon the same string.

CHANTERELLE, shent-rel, s. f. treble string

of a violin; also decoy-bird.

CHANTEU-R, SE, sl-1-teur, teuz, s. m. & f.

CHANTIER, shen-tia, s. m. place where lumber, wood or timber is piled; carpenter's yard; stand, frame, or horse (on which casks

re placed.)

Chantier, s. m. Mar. stocks, etc. timbervard; ship builder's yard. Chantier de cando
or de chaloupe, chocks for a boat. Etre en
ehantier, to be on the stocks or building.

Mettre un bâtiment sur le chantier, to lay a ship down on the stocks.

CHANTOURNÉ, shèn-toor-na, s. m. head-

piece (of a bed.)

CHARTRE, shentr, s. m. chanter, singing man, chief singer, (in a church) chorister.

CHARTRERIE, shen-tre-ri, s. f. chanter's

place or dignity.

CHANVRE, shenvr, s. m. hemp.

CHANVRIER, s. m. hemp-dresser. CHAOS, ka-o, s. m. chaos

CHAPE, shap, s. f. churchman's cope; (of an alembick) helm or head; (of a buckle) tongue. Cover. Disputer la chape de l'évelque, to contend for things of no concern. Chape-chute, Ex. Trouver chape-chute, to find what one was not looking for. Chercher chape-chute, to try to take advantage of the

chape-cruze, to try to take advantage of the negligence or misfortunes of one.

Chapeau, sha-po, s. m. hat; garland; (chapeau rouge), cardinalship, cardinal's cap, cardinal's dignity. Coup de chapeau, cap or pulling off one's hat. Chapeau, Mar. pri-

CHAPELAIN, shap-lin, s. m. chaplain. CHAPELER, shap-la, v. a. to chip, rasp

(bread.)

CHAPELET, shap-le, s. m. chaplet, garland, beads, string of beads; (in architecture) chaplet, fillet; stirrup leather; chain-pump; pimples in the forehead.

CHAPELIER, E, shap-lia, lier, s. m. & f.

CHAPELLE, shà-pel, s. f. chapel; also living or benefice. Chapelle ardente, place where a dead person lies in state. Faire chapelle, Mar. to build a chapel, broach to. Chapelle, the plate of a chapel.

CHAPELLENIE, s. f. chaplain-ship. CHAPELURE, shap-lar, s. f. chippings (of a crust of bread.)

CHAPERON, shap-ron, s. m. hood; holster cap; (of a crutch) top; (of a wall) coping, top; piece of embroidery on the back of a churchman's cope; a duenna

CHAPERONNER, shap-ro-na, v. a. to cap. Chaperonner l'oiseau, to hoodwink the hawk. Chaperonner une muraille, to cope a wall.

CHAPLER, sha-pia, s. m. churchman with a

cope, cope-bearer. Снарітвал, shā-pi-to, s. m. chaptrei, capital or top of a pillar; also particular funnel to cover a still.

CHAPITRE, sha-pltr, s. m. chapter, subet, matter; (of canons) chapter; chapterCHAPITRER, sha-pi-tra, v. a. to reprimand

read a lecture, check, rebuke or reprove. CHAPON, sha-pon, s. m. capon; also brewis. CHAPONNEAU, sha-pô-no, s. m. young ca-Don.

Снаровиев, sha-po-na, v. a. to capon. CHAPONNIÈRE, shà-pò-nlèr, s. f. stew-pan,

(for capons.) CHAQUE, shak, adj. every, each. (It is of both genders, and has no phural.)

CHAR, shar, s. m. car, chariot.

CHARANÇON, shar-con, s. m. weevil. CHARBON, shar-bon, s. m. coal; charcoal; coal, sea-coal, pit-coal; smut (in grain;) car-

Charbonnés, s. f. short rib of beef; beef

or pork steak broiled. CHARBONNER, v. a. to daub; blacken

with coal.

CHARBONNIER, shar-bo-nia, s. m. collier. coal-man; also a coal-hole. Batiment charbonnier, collier.

Charbonnière, shar-bo-nièr, s. f. coal-woman, colliery, coal-pit, place where charcoal is made, coal-house.

CHARBOUILLER, v. a. to blast, mildew. CHARCUTER, shar-kû-ta, v. a. to hack,

mangle. CHARCUTERIE, s. f. pork seller

CHARCUTIER, E, shar-kû-tla, tler, s. m. &c f. one that sells all manner of bog's flesh, with puddings, sausages, and hog's tongues.

CHARDON, shar-don, s. m. thistle; teasil.

CHARDONNER, shar-do-na, v. a. to map

(cloth.)

CHARDONNERET, shår-don-re, s. m. goldfinch.

CHARDONETTE, s. f. kind of wild artichoke (the flower serves to curdle milk.)

CHARGE, sharz, s. f. plot of this les.
CHARGE, sharz, s. f. plot of this les.
CHARGE, sharz, s. f. burden, load; charge,
expense charge of a gun; place, office, employment, diguity; kind of poulties (for a
horse:) charge, commission, command, order; keeping, care; charge, attack; charge, accusation, indictment; exaggerated representation or caricature. Benefice à charge d'ames, benefice with cure of souls. Femme de charge, house-keeper. A charge d'autant, in expectation of the like. A la charge de à la charge que, upon condition that. Etre a charge à quelqu'un, to be a burden to one. On ne trouve rien à sa charge, nothing is found to

criminate him or to lay to his charge.

Charge, s. f. Mar. cargo, lading. Morte charge, overlading; utmost burden that a ship can carry. Charge en grappe, grape shot. Charge mitraille, case or canister shot. Charge de canon, shot; also quantity of powder used in loading a gun. Charge de sahat, quantity of powder used for loading a gun for a sa lute. Charge de combat, quantity of powder necessary for loading a gun for action. Prendre

charge d'un bâtiment, to take charge of a ship. CHARGE, E, sharza, adj. laden, loaded, etc. Couleur chargée, deep colour. Temps charge, overcast weather. Homme chargé de cuis fat, thick-headed man. Chargé d'années, full of years. Chargé de lie, full of lees. Chargé de dettes, deep in debt. Une terre char de dettes, an estate clogged with many debta. base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brur.

Table chargée, table crowded with guests. Portrait charge, caricature. Cheval chargé de tête or d'encolure, heavy-headed horse. Branche chargée d'un bouton à fleur, branch with a flower bud. Il est chargé de quatre petits enfans, he has four little children to keep. petits enfans, he has four little children to keep. Vaisseau chargé pour Amsterdam, ship bound for Amsterdam. Chargé à couler bas, very deeply laden. Chargé en côte, hemmed in on a lee shore. Chargé par un grain, caught in a squall. Horizon chargé, cloudy horizon.

CHARGEANT, E, shār-zen, zent, adj. clog-im-hanv hard of digestion; burdensome.

ging, heavy, hard of digestion; burdensome, troublesome, tedious.

CHARGEMENT, sharz-mên, s. m. cargo, ading. Etre en chargement, to be loading or taking in a cargo. Prendre un chargement,

to take in a cargo.

CHARGEOIR, s. m. charger for great guns. CHARGER, shar-za, v. a. to charge; load, lade, burden, lay a burden upon; to charge, over-load, clog; to charge, attack, fall upon; beat or maul; to load (a gun;) to charge, acuse; to charge, command; to trust with, give in charge; to fill; to caricature. Charge un registre de quelque chose, to enter a thing in a registre. Charger quelqu'un d'injurs, to rail at one, revile or vilify one. Charger quelqu'un de malédictions, to curse one, lay curses upon

Charger, v. a. Mar. to load, etc. Charger toutes les voiles. V. Charrier de la voile. Charger un bâtiment à cueillette, to load a ship with the property of several owners. Charger à fret, to take in freight. Charger en grenier, to load in bulk. Charger la pompe, to fetch the pump. Se charger d'une close, v. r. to take charge of a thing, to take a thing upon one's self. Se charger, lof trees) to bear. L'horizon se charge, Mar. the horizon is getting cloudy. CHARGEUR, shar-zeur, s. m. loader, one

that loads the cannon, wood-meter, also owner

of a vessel's cargo.

CHARIOT, sha-rio, s. m. cart with four wheels, wagon. Chariot (or char,) chariot.

CHARITABLE, sha-ri-tabl, adj. charitable,

merciful, bountiful.

CHARITABLEMENT, shå-rl-tåbl-men, adv.

Charitably, lovingly.

Charitably, lovingly.

Charite, sha-ri-th, s. f. charity, love;

alms. La charite, alms-house.

Charivari, sha-ri-vh-ri, s. m. noise or mock musick of kettles, frying-pans, etc. by night at the door of widows that marry again; rout, dreadful noise, clatter.

CHARLATAN, shār-lā-ten, s. m. quack, mountebank; coaxing cheat, wheedler. Charlatane, shār-lā-tān, s. f. cunning gipsy. CHARLATANER, sbār-lā-tā-nā, v. a. to cajole, wheedle, gull.

CHARLATANERIE, shar-la-tan-ri, s. f. quacking, quack's tricks, wheedle, cheating, fair words.

CHARLATANISME, s. m. quackery. CHARMANT, E, shar-men, ment, adj. charm-

ing, bewitching, pleasant, delightful.
CHARME, sharm, s. m. charm, spell, enchantment, allurement, attraction, yoke-elm.

CHARMER, shar-ma, v. a. to charm, enchant, bewitch; to charm, please or delight; appease, allay. Le vin chume les chagrins, wine dissipales care.

CHARMEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. charmer, enchanter, conjurer, enchantress, bewitching woman.

CHARMILLE, shar-mil, s. f. hedge of yokeelm-trees.

CHARMOIE, shar-mwa, s. f. spot planted

with yoke-elm-trees. CHARNAGE, s. m. flesh-time (not Lent.)

CHARNEL, LE, shar-nel, adj. carnal, sensual. CHARNELLEMENT, shar-nel-men, adv. car-

nally, sensually. CHARNEU-X, SE, shar-neu, neuz, adj. fleshy,

carneous.

CHARNIER, shar-nia, s. m. charnel-house; also larder. Charnier, Mar. scuttle butt.

Charnière, shar-nièr, s. f. hinge

CHARNU, E, shār-nā, na, adj. fleshy, plump, brawny. Cerises charnues, large plump cher ries.

CHARNURE, shar-ndr, s. f. human flesh. CHARRORE, SUAT-INITY, S. I. auman nessi.
CHARGONE, shâ-rôgn, S. f. carrion, carcass,
CHARPENTER, shâr-pênt, S. f. timber work,
carpenter's work. V. Bois.
CHARPENTER, shâr-pên-tâ, v. a. to cut and
shape timber, hack and hew, mangle, butcher

CHARPENTERIE, shar-pent-ri, s. f. carpen-

try, carpenter's trade or work.
CHARPENTIER, shar-pen-tia, s. m. carpenter. Charpentier de navire, ship-wright.

CHARPIE, shar-pi, s. f. lint (for a wound.)

Viande en charpie, ment boiled to rags.
CHARREE, sha-ra, s. f. buck ashes.
CHARRETEE, sha-ra, s. f. cart-load.
CHARRETEE, sha-ra, s. f. cart-load.
CHARRETEE, shar-la, s. m. carman, carter; also ploughman. Il jure comme un char retier, he swears like a pirate. Il n'est si bon charretier qui ne verse, it is a good horse that never stumbles

CHARRETTE, sha-ret, s. f. cart (with two wheels only.) Mangeur de charrettes ferrées, bully, braggadocio, swaggerer, hector, hectoring blade, huff. Ce bâtiment est la charrette du convoi, Mar. that vessel is the dullest sailer of the convoy.

CHARRIAGE, s. m. carriage. CHARRIER, sha-ria, v. a. to cart, or convey

in a cart; to carry, carry along.

Charrier, v. n. (of a river) to bear large pieces of ice.

Charrier droit, to behave properly. Charrier de la voile, Mar. to stretch, carry all the sails the masts can bear.

CHARRIER, s. m. bucking-cloth. CHARROI, sha-rwa, s. m. carriage

CHARRON, sha-ron, s. m. wheelwright. CHARRONAGE, sha-ro-naz, s. m. wheelwright's work.

CHARROYER, v. a. to carry in a cart.
CHARRUE, sha-ru, s. f. plough. Tirer la
charrue, to toil hard for a livelihood. Mettre la charrue devant les boeufs, to put the cart before the horse.

CHARTE, V. Chartre.

CHARTE-PARTIE, s. f. Mar. charter-party. CHARTI, V. Chartil. CHARTIER, V. Charteier. CHARTIL, shar-d, s. m. great long cart; so pent-base for earts in a ward. also pent-house for carts in a yard.
*CHARTON, s. m. carman.

CHARTRE, shartr, s. f. charter; prison, jail; consumption.

CHARTREUSE, shar-treuz, s. f. Carthusian nun; charter-house, Carthusian monastery

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field fig robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CHARTREUX, s. m. Carthusian f. iar.

CHARTRIER, shår-trl-å, s. m. place where charters are kept, keeper of charters (in an

CHARTULAIRE, s. m. collection of charters.

CHAS, sha, s. m. eye of a needle. CHASERET, s. m. little sash frame to make

CHASSE, shas, s. f. hunting, chasing, shooting, coursing; game, venison; huntsmen, sportsmen; chase, expulsion or pursuit; (at tennis) chase ; (aux oiseaux) fowling ; (huftres de chasse) oysters brought by land carriage.

Chasse, s. f. Mar. chace or chase. Pointer en chasse, to point before the beam. Prendre chasse, to bear away, stand away, sheer off. Soutenir chasse or la chasse, to maintain a run-

ning fight. Etre en chasse, to be in chase. Chasse, shas, coffer, (in which relicks are kept) shrine; (of spectacles) frame; checks;

scales.

CHASSÉ, E, adj. chased, hunted, etc. Le bâtiment chasse, Mar. the chase, the vessel chased

CHASSE-AVANT, s. m. foreman or overseer. CHASSE-CHIEN, or CHASSE-COQUIN, S. m. beadle. Chasse-coquin, stiff foil.

CHASSE-COUSIN, s. m. bad wine.

CHASSE-ENNUI, s. m. what drives away sorrow.

CHASSELAS, s. m. sort of grape. CHASSE-MARÉE, s. m. rippier, one that carries fish from the sea-coast inland: Mar. sort of decked boat employed for the conveyance of fish and in the coasting-trade.

CHASSE-MORTE, s. f. random-shot.

CHASSE-MULET, s. m. mule-driver; also miller's man.

CHASSE-PARTIE, s. f. charter-party.

CHASSER, sha-sa, v. a. to chase, hunt; pursue; to drive before one; to put or turn or drive out. Chasser, v. n. to be hunting, etc. (in printing) to drive. Chasser, v. n. Mar. to chase, give chase, etc. Chasser la terre, to go ahead and look out for the land. Chassons cette goëlette sous le vent, let us chase that schooner to leeward. Chasser sur un bâtiment au mouillage, to drive on board of a ship at anchor. Chasser au vent, to chase or be chasing to windward. Chasser sur son ancre, to bring the anchor home, to drive, to drag the anchor. V. Arer.

CHASSERESSE, shās-rēs, s. f. huntress.
CHASSEUR, (shā-sēur,) s. m. hunter, sports-man; (d'osecux.) fowler, bird-catcher. Chasseur, Mar. chaser, ship in chase, vessel that chases another.

CHASSEUSE, sha-seuz, s. f. huntress. CHASSIE, sha-si, s. f. blearedness, rheum of the eyes.

CHASSIEU-X, SE, shà-slèu, slèuz, adj. whose

eyes run, blear-eyed.

CHASSIS, sha-sl, s. m. frame or sash of a window; frame; strainer (of a painting;) (in printing) chase. Fenètre à chassis, sash window.

CHASSOIR, shâ-swar, s. m. cooper's driver. CHASSOIRE, s. f. wand (used by those who train up goshawks.)

CHASTE, shast, adj. chaste, honest, pure, continent; exact, correct, neat, pure (style. CHASTEMENT, shast-men, adv. chastely,

bonestly, purely.

CHASTETÉ, shas-te-ta, s. f. chastity, honesty

continency, purity.

CHASUBLE, sha-zabl, s. f. chasuble (king of cope which the priest wears at mass.

CHASUBLIER, sha-zû-blîa, s. m. maker of chasubles and other ecclesiastical ornaments.

CHAT, shå, s. m. cat. Chat, Mar. cat, (sort of vessel peculiar to the north east coast of England.) A bon chat bon rat, they are well matched. Jeter lechat aux jambes de quelqu'un, to lay or cast the blame upon one. Acheter or rendre le chat en poche; to buy or sell a pig in a poke. Laisser aller le chat au fromage, to grant the last favour to a gallant. Emporter le chat de la maison, to go away without taking leave of any one. Chats or Chatons, cat-tails, catkins. Chat-huant, s. m. screech-owl. CHATAIGNERAIE, sha-tegn-re, s. f. plot of

chestnut-trees.

CHATAIGNE or CHATEIGNE, sha-tegn, s. f. chestnut.

CHATAIGNIER, s. m. chestnut-tree.

CHATAIN, sha-tin, adj. m. of a chestnutcolour.

CHATAIN, s. m. chestnut colour.

CHATEAU, sha-to, s. m. castle, also seat, ansion. Fuire des châteaux en Espagne, to mansion. build castles in the air.

Château, s. m. Mar. V. Gaillard.

CHATELAIN, shat-lin, s. m. lord of a manor. castellain, governor of a castle.
Châtelain, adj. m. Ex. Juge châtelain, judge

of a castleward or chatellany.

CHATELE, E, adj. (in blazonry) castled.
CHATELET, shai-le, s. m. prison (at Paris.)
CHATELLENIE, shai-le, n.l, s. f. chaetlany also extent of the jurisdiction of the lord of the

CHAT-HUANT, shå-å-èn, V. Chat.

CHATIÉ, adj. chastised, punished, corrected. Style chatie, correct style.
CHATIER, shà-lla, v. a. to chastise, punish, correct. Châtier une pièce de prose, or de vers, to mend or correct a composition.

CHATIERE, sha-tler, s. f. cat-hole (in a door.)

CHATIMENT, sha-tl-men, s. m. chastise-Prendre châtiment, punishment, correction. ment des rebelles, to punish rebels.

CHATON, sha-ton, s. m. beazle or collet (of a ring;) catkin or cat-tail; kitten. V. Chats at

CHATONNER, V. Chatter.

CHATOUILLEMENT, sha-tool-men, s. m. a

tickling; pleasure, delight.

in a cartridge.

CHATOUILLER, sha-ido-la, v. a. to tickle; please. Se chatouiller, to tickle one's self, please one's own fancy. Se chatouiller pour se faire rire, to provoke one's self to laugh-

CHATOUILLEU-X, SE, shå-tôo-/eu, leuz, adj. ticklish; also touchy, exceptious; and slippery or delicate.

CHATRE, adj. & s. m. gelt or gelded man, eunuch. V. Castrat.

CHATRER, shå-trå, v. a to geld, castrate; to spay; to take the honey (from hives;) to castrate, cut something from (a book,) to take sticks (from a faggot,) to lop or prune; also to bore holes in; to cut or take off those shoots which spring at the bottom (of a vine.) Chatrer une gargousse, Mar. to reduce (as the piece grows warm) the quantity of powder base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

. CHATREUR, sha-trêur, s. m. gelder.

CHATTE, s. f. she-cat, puss. CHATTE, sha-ta, s. f. litter of a she-cat; also sort of lighter at Rochefort.

CHATTEMITE, shat-mit, s. m. dissembler, hypocrite, one that assumes a demure or sim-

pering face. CHATTER, sha-ta, or Chatonner, v. n. to

CHAUD, E, sho, shod, adj. hot, warm; eager, violent, fierce. Hot, hasty, passionate, soon angry; hot spurred, lustful, lecherous; proud; ready to take horse, etc. V. Chaleur, violent fever. Tomber de fierre en chaud mal, to fall out of the frying pan into the fire.

Chand, s. m. hot, heat. Il fait chand, it is

hot. Brûler de chaud, to be burning hot. Le chaud s'abat, the heat abates.

CHAUD, adv. hot, warm.

CHAUDE, s. f. the beating of metal as soon as it is taken out of the fire. Battre la chaude, to beat ingots (while hot) into thin plates. A la chaude, adv. hotly, quickly, in haste, hastily. CHAUDEAU, sho-do, s. m. caudle.

CHAUDE-CHASSE, S. f. pursuit of a prisoner. CHAUDEMENT, shod-men, adv. warmly, botly, eagerly, briskly, fiercely, quickly, in haste, hastily.

CHAUDE-PISSE, s. f. gonorrhœa.

CHAUDIER, v. n. (parlant des lices) to be proud.

CHAUDIÈRE, shò-dlèr, s. f. copper, great kettle.

CHAUDRON, shò-dron, s. m. kettle, small kettle.

CHAUDRONNÉE, s. f. kettle-full.

CHAUDRONNERIE, shò-dròn-ri, s. f. bra-zier's or tinker's work or ware.

CHAUDRONNIER, E, shò-drò-nla, nlèr, s. m. & f. brazier. Chaudronnier de camshò-drò-nlà, nlèr,

pugne, tinker.
CHAUFFAGE, shò-fàz, s. m. fuel for a year. Chauffage, Mar. breathing (of a vessel.) CHAUFFE, s. f. furnace.

CHAUFFE-CIRE, s. m. chafewax, (an officer in chancery.)

CHAUFFE-LIT, V. Bassinoire.
CHAUFFE-PIED, s. m. foot stove.
CHAUFFER, sho-fa, v. a. to heat, warm.

Chauffer, v. a. Mar. to bream, etc. Chauffer un bâtiment, to bream a ship; also to annoy a ship by a brisk well directed fire. Chauffer des bordages, to bend planks or make pliant by heating them.

Chauffer, v. n. to grow warm, to be warming. Cen'est pas pour vous que le four chauffe, there is nothing for you. Se chauffer, v. r. to warm one's self. Se chauffer au soleil, to bask in the sun. Je sais de quel bois il se chauffe, I know his kidney, I know what he does or can do.

CHAUFFERETTE, shôf-ret, s. f. foot-stove. CHAUFFERIE, s. f. forge to make bar-iron. CHAUFFRUR, s. m. warmer of a forge. CHAUFFOIR, sho-fwar, s. m. warmingplace; warm cloth.

CHAUFFOUR, sho-foor, s. m. lime-kiln. CHAUFFOURNIER, sho-foor-nia, s. m. lime-

maker. CHAULAGE, s. m. the act of liming seed

CHAULER, shò-là, v. a. to lime (speaking of grain in which some lime is mixed before it is sowed.)

CHAUMAGE, s. m. time in which stubble is cut. CHAUME, shom, s. m. stubble, thatch.

CHAUMER, sho-ma, v. a. & n. to cut stub-

CHAUMIÈRE, shô-mièr, or CHAUMINE, s. f. thatched house, cottage. CHAUSSANT, E, shô-sèn, sènt, adj. of stock-

ings) easy to be put on, that comes on easily:

ings) easy to be put on, that comes on easily; also complying, easy.

CHAUSSE, shos, s. f. stocking, hose; straining-bag; hood. Chausses or hant de chausses, breeches. Tirer ses chausses, to scamper away, to take to one's heels. Chausses, situation of page.

CHAUSSE, R, adj. shod.

CHAUSSER, sho-sh, s. f. causey, bank, highway. A rez de chausses, even with the ground.

CHAUSSEPIED, s. m. horn or leather (to casist in mattine on shoes.)

assist in putting on shoes.)

CHAUSSER, sho-sa, v. a. to put on shoes or stockings; to make shoes for one; to fit the leg or foot; to put dung to the root of (a tree.)

Chausser le cothurne, to write tragedies, act a
part in a tragedy. Se chausser, v. r. to put on one's shoes or stockings. Se chausser une chose dans la tête, to beat a thing into one's head. Se chausser au même point, to be of the same stamp with another.

CHAUSSETIER, shos-tila, s. m. hosier. CHAUSSE-TRAPE, s. f. caltrop.

CHAUSSETTE, sho-set, s. f. under stocking, stirrup stocking.

CHAUSSON, sho-son, s. m. sock. (Chaussons) pumps.

CHAUSSURE, sho-sor, s. f. shoes and stockings; also slippers, boots, socks, &c. any thing that covers the leg and foot. Trouver chaussure à son pied, to meet with one's match or be well fitted.

CHAUVE, shov, adj. bald, bald-pated.

CHAUVE souris, s. f. bat.

CHAUVETÉ, shov-ta, s. f. baldness. CHAUVIR, sho-vir, v. n. only used in this phrase: Chauvir des oreilles, to prick up the ears

CHAUX, sho, s. f. lime.

CHAVIRER, v. a. Mar. to overset.

CHÉBEC, s. m. Mar. Xebeck. CHEF, shef, s. m. head; chief, general, com-CHEF, shef, s. m. head; chief, general, commander, leader, captain; also leading ship of a fleet or division when drawn up in a line of battle; commodore; (of cloth) fag end; (in composition) head, article. Chef de justice, lord chief justice. Chef d'accusation, charge. Crime de lèse-majesté au premier or au second chef, high treason. Chef d'accusation, masterpiece. Chef de famille, house keeper. Gouvernour in chief ar principal piece. Che as famule, nouse weeper. Crow-verneur en chef, governour in chief or principal governour. Fief en chef, see held in capite. Il posséde cette terre du chef de sa femme, ho enjoys that estate in right of his write. Faire quelque chose de son chef, to do a thing of one's

Chef, s. m. Mar. Chef de pièce, captain of a gun. Chef d'ouvrage, quarter man. Chef (de gamelle or de table) caterer (of an officer's

mess.),
CHÉFECIER, V. Chévecier.
CHEF-LIEU, shèf-lièu, s. m. chief manor
house, lord's chief house.
CHÉGROS, s. m. shoe-maker's thread.

CHEIR, s. m. chief of a tribe among the Arabs.

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bar. bat. base : thère, êbb, over : tiel u, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, good.

CHÉLIDOINE, s. f. celandine.

CHELIN, s. m shilling.
CHELONITE, s f. chelonites, (stone sometimes found in the belly of a young swal-

low.)
CHEMER, shê-mā, Ex. Se chêmer, v. r. to
waste, fall away, grow lean.
CHEMIN, shê-min, s. m. way, road; way,
means, course. Grand chemin, high-way. Le
chemin qu'on fait en un jour, day's journey. Avancer chemin, to go on or forward on one's
way or journey. Chemin couvert, covert way

Dahacase chemin to go back. way or journey. Chemin convert covert way or corridor. Rebrousser chemin, to go back. Se mettre en chemin, to set out on a journey. Couper chemin a journey. Couper chemin a quelque chose, to prevent or stop a thing. Aller son

crowe, to prevent or stop a thing. Aller son grand chemin, to go openly to work.

Chemin, s. m. Mar. way, head-way, etc.

Chemin de l'avant, headway. Chemin que fait chemin dat en bâtiment qui eule, sternway. Chemin fait en longitude, longitude made. Le chemin sera considérable demain, si le vent se soutient, we shall make a good run by to-morrow if the wind holds. Faire du chemin, to go

fast through the water.

CHEMINEE, she-mi-na, s. f. chimney. Mariage fait sous la cheminée, a match made in

hugger-muggen Cheminer, she-mi-na, v. n. to go or walk. Chemise, she-miz, s. f. shirt, shift, smock; (of a fortification) lining with stone. Envelope of papers. Etre en chemise, to be in cuerpo. Metre en chemise, to ruin, undo, be the ruin of one, beggar. Chemise de maille. V. Cotte de maille.

Chemise, s. f. Mar. V. Serrer. CHEMISETTE, shë-mi-zët, s. f. under waistcoat.

CHENALE, she ne, s. f. grove of oaks. CHENAL, she nal, s. m. Mar. narrow chan-

nel; mill-stream; gutter (of a house roof.) CHENALER, v. n. Mar. to sail through a channel.

CHENAPAN, she-na-pen, s. m. vagabond, good for nothing fellow, bandit.

CHERE, shen, s. m. oak. Chene-vert, s. m. bolm, evergreen oak. V. Bois.

CHEREAU, shè-nò, s. m. young oak; also pipe to convey rain water from the gutter to the spout.

CHENET, shê-nê, s. m. dog, andiron. CHENEVIÈRE, shên-vier, s. f. hempfield. CHENEVIS, s. m. hemp-seed.

CHENEVOTTE, shên-vôt, s. f. bullen, hempstalk peeled.

Снепечоттек, shen-vo-ta, v. n. to peel hemp-stalks; also to shoot branches as weak

ss hemp-stalks, (said of vines.)

CHENIL, she-ni, s. m. dog-kennel.

CHENILLE, she-ni, s. f. caterpillar.

CHENU, E, she-nd, adj. grey-headed, hoary. CHEOIR, V. Choir.

CHER, E, sher, sher, adj. dear, beloved; costly; dear, that sells dear.

CHER, adv. dear.

CHERCHE, s. f. search, searching or fee for searching a register.

CHERCHER, sher-sha, v. a. to seek, look for, search, be in quest of. Aller chercher, to fetch, go for. Venir chercher, to come for. Envoyer chercher, to send for. Chercher à faire, to endeavour to do. Chercher l'escadre nnemie, to be looking out for the enemy's fleet. I wits.

Les navigateurs ont en vain cherché le passage du nord, navigators have in vain sought north-west passage. Chercher ses propres interests, or se chercher soi-même, to mind one's own interest, have one's own interest in view. Chercher des échappatoires, to use shifts, seek Chercher des défor a hole to creep out at. tours, to go about the bush.

CHERCHEUR, sher-sheur, s. m. one that seeks or looks for, searcher. Chercheur de franches lippées, spunger, one that lives upon

the catch.

CHÈRE, shèr, s. f. cheer, entertainment; treat, reception, welcome.

CHÈRE, fem. of cher. V. Cher. CHÈREMENT, shèr-mên, adv. dear, dearly, tenderly.

CHERI, E, adj. cherished, dear, loved, beloved.

CHERIR, sha-rir, v. a. to cherish, love. CHERISSABLE, adj. worthy of being cherished.

CHERSONÈSE, s. f. Chersonese, peningula.

CHERTÉ, shèr-tå, s. f. dearness, high price. Cherté des rivres, dearth, scarcity, want of pro-

Снепивии, sha-ra-bin, s. m. cherubim. Rouge comme un chérubin, as red as a cherub. CHERVIS, S. m. skirret (a plant.)

CHÉTI-F, VE, sha-ilf, tiv, adj. poor, phiful, mean, vile, sneaking.
CHÉTIVEMENT, sha-ilv-mên, adv. peerly,

pitfully, meanly,

CHEVAL, she-val, s. m. horse. Cheval de
bataille, charger. Petit cheval, tit, nag. Cheval hongre, gelding. Aller à cheval, to ride,
ride on horse-back. Elre à cheval, to be on horseback, ride upon a horse. Etre à cheval sur une poutre, to sit a-straddle upon a beam. Voyager à cheral, to travel on horse-back. Monter sur ses grands cheraux, fly in a passion. rant. Etre mal à cheval, to be at an ill pass. Parler à cheval, to speak magisterially; crire une lettre à cheval, to write a haughty letter. une tettre a cheval, to write a naugnly tetter. Un gros cheval, un cheval de bât, un cheval de carrosse, a great booby, a clown. Un petit cheval échappé, a wild youth, an unlucky boy. Cheval-marin, sea-horse. Cheval ailé, winged horse. Cheval de bois, wooden horses Chevalux, horse coulour. Cheval light borne. horse, cavalry. Chevau-legers, light-borse.

CHEVALER, v. a. to prop or bear up; also to ride up and down, walk or run about. CHEVALERIE, she-val-rl, s. f. chivalry,

knighthood.

CHEVALERESQUE, adj. chivalrous. CHEVALET, she-va-le, s. m. wooden horse, instrument of torture made like a horse; (o) a violin) bridge; (of a painter) easel; (in printing) gallows; (de scieur de hois) sawing-trestle or wood horse; (of a tanner) wooden

leg; prop, buttress. Снечалие, she-và-lià, s. m. knight; kind. of water-fowl of the bigness of a stock-dove. Chevalier d'honneur de la reine or de madame, first gentleman usher to the queen or the queen's sister-in-law. Chevalier du guet, captain of a watch on horseback. Chevalier de l'arquebuse, one that is admitted into the company or society of arquebusiers. Chevalier it la coupe, tavern-knight, stout toper. Cheralier d'industrie, sharper, one that lives by his

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : beun.

Chevalière, s. f. knight's lady.

CHEVALINE, she-va-lin, adj. Ex. Bête chevaline, horse or mare

*CHEVANCE, she-vens, s. f. goods and chat-

tels, substance of a private man. CHEVACCHEE, she-vo-sha, s. f. judges'

circuit.

*CHEVAUCHER, she-vo-sha, v. n. to ride. Chevaucher court, to ride with short stir-

rups.

*CHEVAUCHORS, (A,) &sh-vo-shon, adv. astraddle.

CHEVAU-LÉGER, shê-vô-là-zà, s. m. lightnorse, life guard-man. Chevau-legers, light-

CHEVAUX, she-vo, plural of Cheval. CHEVECERIE, s. f. the office of a vestry-

keeper

CHEVECIER, s. m. first dignity in some collegiate churches.

CHEVELU, E, shev-lů, là, adj. hairy, long haired. Plante chevetue, fibrous plant; co-mète chevelue, fiery tailed comet.

CHEVELU, s. m. fibres, strings or threads of plants and roots of trees.)
CHEVELURE, shev-lur, s. f. hair, head of hair; (of plants) fibres, strings, threads; (of a nomet) beams.

CHEVET, she ve, s. m. bolster. Epée de

chevet, trusty friend.

CHEV ETRE, she-vetr, s. m. haker ; bandage. CHEVEU, she-veu, s. m. hair. Se peigner cheveux, to comb one's hair or head. les chereux, to cut the hair. Se faire faire les chereux, to get one's hair cut. Les chereux blancs, a hoary head. Tirer par les chereux une interprétation, un passage, une comparaison, to force in or wrest an interpretation, a passage, a comparison; to bring them in by head and shoulders. If ne tini qu'à un cheveu, it was within a hair's breadth or within the turn of a die. Prendre l'occasion aux chevener, to take occasion by the fore-lock. *Cheveux des plantes. V. Cherelu, s. m. Cheville, she-vil, s. f. peg or pin; word

put in verse merely for measure or rhyme; ancle bone; (of a stag) anter. Trouver à chaque trou une cheville, to find a cure for every sore. Etre en cheville, to be in the

middle (at ombre.)

Cheville, s. f. Mar. bolt, iron-bolt, trennel, etc. Cheville de hauban or de chaînes de haubans, chain-bolt; cheville à boucle, ring bolt; cheville à fiche, rag bolt; cheville clavetée sur voile, clinch bolt; cheville à tête ronde or à bou-ton, sender bolt; cheville à goujon, common bolt; cheville à willet, eye-bolt; cheville à goupille, sore-lock bolt; cheville à tête de diamant, square headed-bolt; cheville à croc, hook polt; cheville à boucle et à croc, bolt with a ring and a hook; cheville à pointe perdue,

short drive bolt; cheville de pompe, pump bolt. CHEVILLE, E, adj. pegged, pinned; bear-ng antlers; (of verse) abounding in useless words. Avoir l'dme chevillée dans le corps, to

zave nine lives.

CHEVILLER, she-vi-la, v. a. to pin, peg, asten with a peg. Cheviller un vaisseau, Mar. to bolt a ship.

CHEVILLETTE, s. f. book-binder's peg. CHEVILLEUR, s. m. Mar. mooter, trennel, driver.

CHEVILLOW, s. m. turner's peg.

CHEVILLOT, s. m. belaying pin. CHEVILLURE, she-vi-tor, s. f. antiers.

*CHEVIR, v. n. to master, overrule, re-

CHEVER, V. H. to master, overtue, re-claim, manage.

CHEVEL, shevr, s. f. goat, she-goat. (Mis-chine) crab. Chevre source, wild goat, an-telope, gazelle. Enter en pied de chevre, to graft slope-wise.

Chèvre, s. f. Mar. gin or triangle with pul-lies. Prendre la chèvre, to fly into a passion,

be in a pet.

CHEVREAU, she-vro, s. m. kid.

CHEVRE-FEULLE, s. m. heney-suckia. CHEVRE-PIED, adj. m. goat-footed. CHEVRETTE, she-vret, s. f. roe; shrimp;

syrup pot; little dog or andiron.
CHEVREUIL, shë-vrëd, s. m. roe-buck.
CHEVRIER, shë-vrëd, s. m. goet herd.
CHEVRILLARD, shë-vrëdar, s. m. fawn of

a roe.

CHEVRON, she-vron, s. m. rafter or joist; (in heraldry) chevron.

Chevron, s. m. Mar. scantling (from 5 to 6 inches in thickness downwards. CHEVRONNÉ, E, adj. who has a chevron

in his coat of arms

in his coat of arms.

CHEVROTER, she-vro-th, w. n. to kid; to
go along skipping like a kid. Chevroter, to
fret, lose patience; to sing with starts and
shakes. Sa roix chewese, his er her voice

trembles or shakes.

CHEVROTIN, she-vro-tin, s. m. kid or kid-leather, cheveril.

CHEVROTIKE, she-vro-tin, s. f. shot for

CHEZ, sha, prep. at or to the house or apartment of; among, amongst, with. De chez, from the house or apartment of, from among, etc. Chez moi, to or at my house. De chez hai, from his house. Chez les Romains, among or with the Romans. Avoir us chez soi, to have a house of one's own.

CHIAOUX, s. m. usher, (sort of Turkish

officer.)

CHIASSE, shi-as, soum of metals; (of flice or worms) excrement. Chiasse de mouches. fly-dang.

CHICANE, shil-kan, s. f. chicanery, chicane, quirk, cavil, trick, shift or fetch at law.

CHICANER, shi-ka-na, v. a. to chicane, perplex or split a cause, cavil, use quirks or shifts. Chicaner un écrit, to pick flaws in a writing. Fai un rhume qui me chicane depuis six semaines, I have been troubled these six weeks with a cold.

Chicaner le vent, Mar. to hug the wind too close. Sans chicaner le vent, don't hanker

her in the wind.

CHICANERIE, shi-kan-ri, V. Chicane. CHICANEUR, shi-ka-neur, s. m. chicaner, splitter of causes, caviller or quarrelsome knave at law, pettifogger, litigious man.

Chicaneuse, shi-ka-neuz, s. f. litigious or

troublesome woman. CHICANIER, E, shì-kà-nia, nièr, s. m.

& f. wrangler, chicaner. Also used adjectively.

CHICHE, shish, adj. too sparing or too saving, niggardly, penurious, singy, close fisted.

Pois chiches, chick-pease.

Un chiche, a. m
a niggardly fellow.

CHICHEMENT, shish-wen, adv sparingly

savingly, penuriously.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, tig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CHICHETÉ, s. f. niggardliness, penuriousness, covetousness.

CHICOR, s. m. coss-lettuce. CHICORACÉE, adj. cicoraceous. CHICORÉE, shl-kô-ra, s. f. succory, endive.

CHICOTER, shi-kò, s. m. stump; splinter.
"CHICOTER, shi-kò-ta, v. n. to wrangle, trifle, dispute about nothing.

CHICOTIN, shi-kò-tin, s. m. orpine.
CHIEN, shien, s. m. dog; (of a gun) cock.
Chien courant, hound, beagle. Chien basset
or de terre, terrier. Faire le chien couchant, to creep and crouch, cringe. Entre chien et loup, in the dusk of the evening, at twilight. Chien-marin or de mer, sea-dog. Chien céleste, dog-star.

CHIENDENT, s. m. dog-grass. CHIENNE, shien, s. f. bitch. CHIENNER, shie-na, v. n. to whelp, pup. CHIER, v. n. to shit. Il chie de peur, his beart is sunk into his breeches.

CHIEFE, shif, s. f. poor cloth.
CHIFFE, shif, s. f. poor cloth.
CHIFFE, shif, s. f. poor cloth.
Chiffen, millinery wares, gewgaws.
CHIFFORMER, shi-fo-nh, v. a. to rumple,

tumble, ruffle.

CHIFFONNIER, E, s. m. & f. rag man or woman; also silly impertinent newsmonger; trifler, wrangler.

CHIFFRE, shifr, s. m. cipher; number,

arithmetical figure

CHIFFRER, shif-fra, v. a. to number, com-

pute; to cipher or write in ciphers.

CHIFFREUR, shi-frèur, s. m. accountant.

CHIGNON, shi-gnon, s. m. nape of the neck. CHILIADE, s. f. thousand.

CHILIARQUE, s. f. chiliarch, colonel. CHILIASTE, s. m. chiliast, millenarian or

6th monarchy man.

CHIMÈRE, shì-mer, s. f. chimera. Idle fancy.

CHIMERIQUE, shl-ma-rik, adj. chimerical, fantastical, imaginary.

CHIMÉRIQUEMENT, adv. chimerically. CHIMIE, shi-mi, s. f. chymistry.

CHIMIQUE, adj. chymical.
CHIMISTE, shl-mist, s. m. chymist.
CHIMILLA, s. f. a sort of animal of Peru

not bigger than a squirrel and whose skin is held in great estimation.

CHINE, shin, La Chine, s. f. China.

*CHINFRENEAU, s. m. great cut or slash or blow in the face.

CHINOIS, E, shi-nwa, nwaz, adj. Chinese.

*CHINQUER, v. n. to tipple, fuddle.
CHIOURNE, shi-dorm, s. f. whole crew of slaves in a galley.
*CHIPOTER, shi-pô-tå, v. n. to piddle, trifle

or whiffle.

Chipotier, E, shì-pò-tlà, tler, s. m. & f. trifler, whiffler.

CHIQUE, s. f. a sort of flesh-worm.

CHIQUENAUDE, shik-nod, s. f. fillip. Donner une cliquenaude à quelqu'un, to fillip

CHIQUET, shi-ke, s. m. bit, small part.

CHIRAGRE, ki-ragr, s. m. man who has the gout in his hand.

CHIROGRAPHAIRE, kl-rd-gra-fer, s. m. writing under the disposer's own hand.

CHIROLOGIE, s. f. the art of expressing thoughts with the fingers.
CHIROMANCIE, &l-rd-mess-sl, s. f. chiro-

mancy, palmistry. CHIROMANCIEN, NE, kl-rô-men-sien, sien, s. m. & f. chiromancer or palmis

CHIRURGICAL, E, shî-rdr-zî-kâl, adj. chi

rurgical.
CHIRURGIE, shì-rùr-zì, s. m. surgery, chi-

rurgery. CHIRURGIEN, shì-rùr-zien, s. m. surgeon or chirurgeon. Chirurgien major d'un bâtiment de guerre, surgeon of a man of war. Second chirurgien, surgeon's first mate. CHIRURGIQUE, adj. chirurgical.

CHISTE, s. m. cyst or cystis. CHITOME, s. f. chief or head of religion among negroes

CHIURE, shi-ur, s. f. dung (of flies) CHLAMYDE, s. f. patrician military close. CHLORIS, s. m. a sort of chaffinch.

CHLOROSE, s. f. chlorosis, green-sick- .

Снос, shok, s. m. shock; dashing, striking or clashing of one body against another; brunt, onset, encounter, engagement; blow, disaster.

Choc, s. m. Mar. surge (by suddenly slacking a tight rope.) Le choc de deux raisseaux, the running foul of two ships.

"CHOCAILLER, v. n. to tipple, fuddle.
"CHOCAILLER, v. n. to tipple, fuddle.
"CHOCAILLON, s. m. fuddling-gossip.
CHOCOLAT, shô-kô-lâ, s. m. chocolate.
CHOCOLATIER, s. m. chocolate-maker or
seller; also one that keeps a chocolate house.

Chocolatière, shô-kô-là-tlèr, s. f. chocolatepot; also a woman that keeps a chocolatehouse.

CHOEUR, keur, s. m. choir; chorus. En-

fant de chezer, singing boy.

*CHOIR, shwar, v. n. (used only in the infinitive, and part. Chiz) to fall.

CHOIRI, shwa-zir, v. a. to choose, make

CHOISIR, snwa-2IT, V. a. to choose, make choice of, pick out, pitch upon, elect. Quand on emprunte on ne choisit pas, beggars must not be choosers. Choisir quelqu'un de l'acit omark one out. Soldats choisis, picked men. CHOIX, shwa, s. m. choice, election, act of

choosing; option. Faire choix des mots quand on écrit, to pick out the choicest words

CHOLAGOGUE, adj. (terme de médecine) Qui fait çouler la bile, cholagogue. CHOLEDOLOGIE, s. f. choledology, treatise

on bile. CHÔMABLE, shò-mabl, adj. resting, tha

ought to be kept holy. Fête or jour chômable CHOMAGE, sho-maz, s. m. time a laboures

CHOMER, sho-ma, v. n. to rest or cease from work; keep or celebrate a holy-day Chômer de besogne, to want work, stand still for want of work.

CHONDRILLE, s. f. sort of cicoraceous plant.

CHONDROLOGIE; s. f. chondrology, trea-

tise on cartilages.
CHOPINE, shô-pin, s. f. half a pint. French or English pint. Boire chopine le matin, to drink one's morning draught. Mar. lower pump box.

CHOPINER, sho-pi-na, v. n. to tipple

base. bat: jèune, mêute, beurre: em ant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

CHOPPER, sho-pa, v. n. to dash or strike ne's foot (against a thing in walking,) stum-

ble, trip; also to mistake. CHOQUANT, E, sho-kan, kant, adj. odious,

hateful, offensive, unpleasant, disagreeable. Сносики, sho-ka, v. a. to strike, dash, run or beat against; to offend, abuse, give run or heat against; to onend, acuse, give offence; displease; to be contrary, to be against. Choquer l'oreille, to grate or offend the ear. Choquer la rue, to offend the eyes. Choquer le bon sens, to clash with reason.

Choquer, v. a. &c. n. Mar. to surge, check.

Se choquer, v. r. to strike, run or beat against one another; to clash or disagree, be contrary; to engage or encounter, to take offence, pet, sauft, or excellion at to abuse one another, rail at one another.

CHOREGRAPHIE. E. I. CHOTE graphy, art of noting the steps and figures of a cance.

CHORÉVÊQUE, s .n r rul tishop

CHORION, s. in. Alorion.

CHORISTE, ko-rist. s. on currister Chorographie, ko-ro gra-fl, s. f choro-

CHOROGRAPHIQUE, kô-rô grà fik, adj. chorographical.

CHOROIDE, s. f. choroides.
CHORUS, ko-rus, s. m. chorus. Faire or

chanter chorus, to sing in chorus.
CHOSE, shoz, s. f. thing. *Monsieur chose,

master thingumbob.
CROU, shoo, s. m. cabbage, cole-wort.
Chou crepu, curled garden cole-wort. Choufleur, cauliflower. Jewes choux, sprouts.
Chou de Savoie or de Milan, Savoy. Il en fuit ses choux gras, he gets well by it, he feathers his nest with it. Pour revenir à nos choux, to return to the purpose. Je n'en don-merois pas un trognon de chou, I would not give a pin for it. Aller planter des choux, to retire to one's country seat.

CHOUCAS, shoo-ka, s. m. tame jack-daw. CHOUETTE, shoo-et, s. f. owl, little owl.

CHOUQUET, s. m. Mar. cap (of the masthead.) Chouquet en fer or de fer, iron-cap. CHOYER, shwa-ya, v. a. to make much of,

take care of, manage tenderly, fondle.

CHRÉME, krèm, s. m. chrism. CHRÉMEAU, s. m. chrism.cloth. CHRÉTIES, NE, krè-dès, dèn, adj. & s. m. & f. christian.

CHRÉTIENNEMENT, krê-tiên-mên, adv. christianly, christian like, like a christian.

CHRÉTIENTÉ, krê-tlêz-tå, s. f. christendom.

CHRISMATION, s. f. chrismation. CHRIST, s. m. Christ.

CHRISTIANISER, v. a. to christianize, make christian.

CHRISTIANISME, kris-tlå-nism, s. m. christianity, christian doctrine or profession.

CHROMATIQUE, adj. & s. f. chromatick; pleasant and delightful musick.

('TRONIQUE, kro-nik, adj. chronick, of a

long duration, inveterate. CHRONIQUE, s. f. chronicle or history. Chronique scandaleuse, scandalous reports.

CHRONIQUEUR, s. m. chronicler, writer of chronicles.

CHRONOGRAMME, s. m. chronogram (an inscription whose letters give the date of any

CHI ONOLOGIE, krô-nô-lô-zì, s. f. chronology.

CHRONOLOGIQUE, kro-no-lo-zik, adi, chro-

CHRONOLOGISTE, krd-nd-ld-zlst, or CHRO-NOLOGUE, s. m. chronologist, chronologer.

CHRONOMÈTRE, s. m. chronometer. CHRYSALIDE, kri-zà-lid, s. f. chrysalis, su

relia. CHRYSOCOLLE, s. f. chrysocol or borax

goldsmith's solder.

CHRYSOLITE, s. f. chrysolite, a yellow pre cious stone tinged with green.

CHRYSOPÉE, s. m. art of making gold.

CHRYSOPRASE, s. f. green precious stone Сни, E, adj. fallen, tumbled down. Сниснотев, shd-shd-tå, or Ghucheter

v. n. to whisper in one's car. Сниснотекие, shd-shdt-rl, s. f. whispering CHUCHOTEU-R or CHUCHETEU-R. SE

shù-shò-tèur, teuz, s. m. whisperer. Chut, shùt, interj. hush, peace there. Chute, shùt, s. f. fall, tumble; misfortune; the cade co a period; (of a sonnet) end; (of an epigram) point, sting. La chute des feuilles, the fall of the leaf, autumn. Mar. chute d'une voile, depth or drop of a sail. Les perroquets de ce bâtiment ont beaucoup de chute, that ship's top-gallant sails are very deep Chute des courans, setting of tides or currents

CHYLE, shil, s. m. chyle. CHYLIFERE, adj. chyliferous.

CHYLIPICATION, s. f. chylification.

Ci, sl, (abbreviation of ici) here. Cet homme-ci, this man. Ces femmes-ci, these women. V. celui-ci, etc. at, celui. Ci-dessus, above, aforesaid. Ci-dessus, under, underneath. Ci-decout, before, heretofore. Ciaprès, afterwards, hereafter. Entre ci et la Saint-Michel, between this and Michaelmas. CIBOIRE, sl-bwar, s. m. pyx.

CIBOULE. sl-bool, s. f. scallion.
CIBOULETTE, sl-boolêt, s. f. chives.
CICATRICE, sl-kà-tris, s. f. cicatrice, scar.
CICATRISE, E, adj. cicatrised, full of scars. Habit tout cicatrisé, ragged suit, tattered coat. CICATRISER, E, sl-kh-tri-zh, v. a. to cicatuse. Cicatriser, v. n. to skin over, turn to a scar. Se cicatriser, v. r. to heal up to a scar, to consolidate.

Solidate.

Cickro, si-sê-ro, s. m. (in pristing) pica.

Cicèro approché or à petit œil, small pica.

Cicerole, si-sê-rol, s. f. sort of chick-

CICLAMEN, s. m. sow bread (an herb.)
CICOGNE, V. Cigogne.
CICUTAIRE or CIGUE aquatique, s. f. ci cuta, a sort of water-hemlock.

CIDRE, sldr, s. m. cider.

CIEL, siel, s. m. Cieux, plur. heaven or heavens; paradise. (Dieu, providence) heaven, God; air, sky. Country, climate; canopy; the tester or top (of a bed;) cope of heaven. Ouvrir les cieux à quelqu'un, to rejoice one to the heart, fill one with joy. Remuer ciel et terre, leave no stone unturned. Arc-en ciel, rain-bow. The the plural, ciels must be used instead of cieux, in ciels de lit, testers; Ciels d'un tableau, skies in a picture. CIERGE, slerz, s. m. wax-taper, wax-can-

CIERGIER, sler-zla, s. m. wax-chandler.

CIEUX, sleu, V. Ciel. CIGALE, sl-gal, s. m. kind of grasshopper or flying insect, the Cicada of the ancients.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mood, good.

CIONE, V. Cygne.

CIGOGNE, sl-gogn, s. f. stork. Conte de seigogne, tale of a tub, old woman's story.

CIGOGEAU, s. m. young stork. CIGUS, sl-gù, s. f. hemlock. CIL, sl, s. m. eye-lash. CILICE, sl-ls, s. m. hair-cloth. CILLEMENT, sl-mên, s. m. winking of the

CILLER, sl-la, v. a. to wink, twinkle. Ciller les yeux, to twinkle with the eyes. Ciller, v. n. to grow grey, (speaking of horses' eye-lashes.)

CIME, sim, s. f. top, ridge or height, sumit. La cime du bonheur, the height or pin-

cement, union, tie.

CIMENTER, al-mên-ta, v. a. to cement.

CIMENTIER, s. m. cement-maker. CIMETERRE, sim-ter, s. m. cimeter.

CIMETIERE, sim-tier, s. m. cemetery

CIMIER, sl-mia, s. m. crest, (in heraldry ; buttock of beef. Cimier de cerf, haunch of venison.

CINABRE, s. m. cinnabar, red lead.

CINERATION, s. f. cineration, reduction of any thing by fire to ashes.

CINGLAGE, sin-glaz, s. m. Mar. space a ship can sail in twenty-four hours.

CINGLER, sin-gla, v. n. Mar. to sail with a fair wind. Cingler, v. a. to lash or switch. Il fait un vent qui cingle le visage, there is a

If Jan us very que conge us verye, under the awind that cuts one's face.

CINNAMOME, sl-ml-mom, s. m. V. Canelle.
CINQ, sink, adj. & s. m. five. Un cinq de chiffre, a figure of five. Un cinq de carte, five at cards. Un cinq aux des, a five or cinque at dice.

CINQUANTAINE, sin-kan-ten, s. f. fifty, about fifty, the number of fifty.

CINQUANTE, sin-kant, adj. fifty.

CINQUANTENIER, sin-kant-nia, s. m. cap-tain or commander of fifty men.

CINQUANTIÈME, sin-kan-tlèm, adj. fiftieth. Un cinquantième, s. m. a fistieth, the fistieth

CINQUIÈME, sin-klèm, adj. fish. Un cin-psième, s. m. a fisth, a fish part. La cinqui-

eme, s. f. the fifth form (in a college.) CINQUIÈMEMENT, sin-klem-men,

fifthly, in the fifth place.

CINTRAGE, s. m. Mar. V. Ceinture, Mar. CINTRE, sintr, s. m. arch, mould for an arch. CINTRÉ, E, adj. arched, made arch-wise. CINTER, sin-tra, v. a. to arch. Mar. to frap, (by encircling with a cable or cables.) Erre circle par see amarres, to be girt with sme's cables.

CION, sl-on, V. Scion.

CIOUTAT, s. m. sort of grapes. CIRAGE, sl-raz, s. m. waxing (of any thing.) CIRCONCIRE, sk-kon-slr, v. a. to circum-

CIRCONCIS, adj. circumeised.

CIRCONCIS, s. m. circumcised man.

CIRCONCISEUR, s. m. circumciser. CIRCONCISION, sir-kon-cl-zlon, s. f. cireumcision.

CIRCONFÉRENCE, sir-kon-fê-rens, s. f. circumference, compass

CI TCONFLEXE, sir-kon-fleks, adj. & s. m. circu nflex.

CIRCONLOCUTION, sir-kon-lô-kû-sion. s. f circumlocution, periphrasis.

CIRCONSCRIPTION, sir-kons-krip-slon, s. f.

circumscription.

CIRCONSCRIRE, sir-kons-krir, v. a. (like écrire at crire,) to circumscribe, enclose within a line; to limit, bound.

CIRCONSCRIT, E, adj. circumscribed, etc. CIRCONSPECT, E, sir-kens-pekt, adj. cir-cumspect, wary, wise, considerate, discreet,

prudent.

CIRCONSPECTION, sir-kons-pêk-sion, s. f. circumspection, wariness, consideration, prudence, discretion. Arec circonspection, warily, circumspectly, prudently, discreetly, with consideration.

CIRCONSTANCE, sir-kons-tens, s. f. circumstance. Circonstances et dépendances, appur-

tenances.

CIRCONSTANCIER, sîr-kons-tên-slå, v. a. to circumstantiate, describe with circumstances, tell the circumstances of.

CIRCONVALLATION, sir-kon-vål-lå-sion. s f. circumvallation.

CIRCONVENIR, sir-konv-nir, v. a. like reni, to circumvent, cozen, deceive, over-reach.
CIRCONVENTION, sir-kon-ven-sion, s. f.
circumvention, deceit, fraud, cozenage.

CIRCONVENU, E, adj. circumvented, coz-

ened, deceived.

CIRCONVOISIN, E, sir-kon-vwa-zin, zin. adj. neighbouring, near; adjoining, adjacent, bordering upon.

CIRCONVOLUTION, s. f. circumvolution. CIRCUIT, sir-kôl, s. m. compass, circuit, circumference. Long circuit de paroles, beating of or about the bush, great preamble.

CIRCULAIRE, sir-kôl-ler, adj. circular,

round. Lettres circulaires, circular letters; writs or summons (for the calling of a Parlia ment in England.)

CIRCULAIREMENT. sir-ku-ler-men. adv. circularly.

CIRCULATION, sir ku-la-slon, s. f. circula-

CIRCULATOIRE, adj. circulatory. CIRCULER, sir-ku-la, v. n. to circulate,

move round. CIRE, skr, s. f. wax; seal. Cire d' Espagne, sealing-wax. Un homme de cire, a waxen man, a man susceptible of any impression.

La cire des oreilles, ear-wax.

Ciri, E, adj. waxed. Toile cirée, cere cloth, oil cloth. Toile cirée pour couvrir un chapeau, oil-case for a hat.

CIRER, v. a. to wax. CIRIER, sl-ria, s. m. wax-chandler.

CIROÈNE, s. m. plaster for a bruise, searcloth.

CIRON, si-ron, s. m. flesh-worm, little blister (made by the worm.)

CIRQUE, sirk, s. m. circus, place for games and publick exercises.

CIRSOCRLE, S. m. cirsocele. CIRURE, sl-rur, s. f. waxing or overlaying

with wax. CISAILLER, sl-zh-la, v. a. to cut or clip

(counterfeit money.)
CISAILLES, sl-zal, s. f. pl. shears; alse

shearings, clippings
CISEAU, sl-zo, s. m. chisel, graver. Le ciseau de la parque, the scissors of fate. Ciseaux or une paire ac ciseaux, scissors or base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : erfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

pair of scissors. Gros ciseaux, shears. Mar. Ciseau du calfat double or cannelé, calker's marking-iron.

Ciselé, E, adj. chased, raised, carved. Vaisselle ciselée, chased plate. Velours ciselé.

flowered or uncut velvet. CISELER, siz-là, v. a. to chase, raise, carve. CISELET, siz-lè, s. m. graver.

CISELEUR, s. m. chaser.

CISELURE, slz-lor, s. f. chasing, raising, carving; also chased work, carved work, chisel work, sculpture. CISOIRES, V. Cisailles.

CISSOIDE, s. f. cissoid, curve-line.

CISTE, s. m. cistus, rock-rose.

CISTRE, sistr, s. m. cithern (sort of harp.) CITADELLE, si-ta-dėl, s. f. citadel. CITADIN, E, si-ta-din, din, s. m. & f. citi-

CITATION, al-th-slon, s. f. citation.

CITE, si-th, s. f. city, town.

CITER, si-ta, v. a. to cite, summon to appear; to cite, quote, alledge. Citer son auteur, to name one's author.

CITÉRIEUR, E, sl-th-fèur, rièur, adj. citeriour, hither, hithermost. La Calabre citérieure, Calabria citerior or the hither Calabria.

CITERRE, si-tern, s. f. cistern. CITERNEAU, s. m. little cistern.

CITOYEN, NE, si-twa-yin, yen, s. m. & f. a citizen, inhabitant or person free of a city.

CITRIN, E, si-trin, tria, adj. citrine, of a lemon-colour.

CITRON, si-tron, s. m. citron, lemon; lemon-colour.

CITRONNAT. al-tro-na. s. m. candied lemon-pect.

CITRONNÉ, E, si-trò-nà, adj. that has the taste or flavour of a lemon.

CITRONNELLE, sl-tro-nell, s. f. balm-mint. CITRONVIER, sl-tro-nik, s. m. lemon-tree. citron-tree.

CITROUILLE, si-trool, s. f great gourd, citrul or pumpion

CIVADE, si-våd, s. f. kind of beard fish. CIVADE, si-vå-dier, s. f. sprit-sail. CIVE, siv, s. f. chives (species of small

CIVET, si-ve, s. m. sauce and ragout made of a hare or rabbit.

CIVETTE, si-vet, s. f. a civet-cat, civet, (Herb) chives.

CIVIÈRE, si-vier, s. f. hand-barrow. Civil, si-vii, adj. civil, pertaining to the citizens or city or state; not criminal. Civil, courteous, kind, affable, well-bred. Juge civil. judge in civil causes. Une requête civile, a bill of review.

CIVILEMENT, si-vil-men, adv. civilly, cour-teously, kindly; in a civil cause.

CIVILISATION, S. f. civilization.
CIVILISER, sl-vl-ll-za, v. a. to civilize, make civil, soften, or polish manners. Civiliser une affaire, to turn a criminal into a civil

CIVILITÉ, si-vi-li-tà, s. f. civility, courtesy, good breeding. Faire civilité à quelqu'un, to receive or entertain one civilly. Recevoir quelqu'un avec beaucoup de civilité, to receive one very handsomely or civilly, shew him a great deal of respect. Civilités, compliments, spects, commendations.

Civique, el-vik, adj. civick. Couronne

civique, civic crown, garland given to him who saved a citizen's life.

CIVISME, s. m. civism, love of one's coun

try.

CLARAUD, klå-be, s. m. liar, hound that opens false; booby, clown. Chapeau qui fait le clabaud, hat that flaps down.

CLABAUDAGE, klå-be-dåz, s. m. barking

or baying of dogs.
CLABAUDER, klå-bo-då, v. a. to open, bark er bay; to clamour or brawl, make a great deal of noise to no purpose.
CLABAUDERIE, klå-bod-rl, s. f. clamour,

brawling.

CLABAUDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. clamourer, brawler.

CLAIE, klè, s. f. hurdle. Trainer un cri minel sur la claie, to draw a malefactor upon a hordie

CLAIR, E, klèr, klèr, adj. clear; bright, inninous; lightsome; polished; serene, fair, without clouds; manifest, evident; discerning; thin; pure; shrill, loud; transparent. Rouge clair, light red. Clair brun, light brown. Clairs beniers, argent clair, clear or pure money. Lait clair, whey. Des vitres claires, clean windows. Horizon clair, clear horizon. CLAIR, s. m. shine, light. Il commence à

faire clair, it begins to be day light. Clair de lune, moon-shine. Nutl on it fait clair de hune, moon-shine pight. Les clairs d'un tobleau, etc. the lights of a picture, etc.

CLAIR, adv. clear or clearly, plain or plainly. Voir clair, to see clear, be clear sighted, be charp, have a sharp wit. Il voit clair dans samp, nave a samp with the cells affair thoroughly, he sees into the very bottom of it. Entendre clair, to be quick of apprehension. Parler clair, to speak with a clear or shrill voice: to speak loud or distinctly; speak plain or freely.

CIAIREMENT, klèr-mên, adv. clearly, plainly, distinctly; manifestly. CLAIRET, TE, klè-rè, rèt, adj. clam... Vin clairet, claret. Eou clairette, and of cherrybrandy.

CLAIRETTE, s. f. mun of St. Claire. CLAIRE-VOIE, kler-vwa, s. f. thin sowing

CLAIRS-VOLANCE, to sow thin.

CLAIRS klė-rėr, s. f. glade in a wood.
CLAIRON, klė-ron, a. m. clarion.
CLAIRON, klė-ron, a. m. clarion.
CLAIRONANCE, klė-r-wab-yeras, s. f. quickness of understanding, penetration, sharpness or acuteness of wit.

CLAIRVOYANT, E, kler-vwa-yen, yent, adj. clear-sighted, sharp, acute.

CLAMEUR, kla-meur, s. f. clamour, outcry;

(de hare) citation before the judge.

CLAMP, or rather CLAN, s. m. sheave-bole.

CLAH, s. m. clan, tribe. CLANDESTIN, E, klen-des-tin, tla, adj. clandestine, secret, private.

kien-des-tin-men, CLANDESTINEMENT,

adv. clandestinely, privately.
CLANDESTINITE, klen-des-d-al-th, s. f. clandestine or private manner.

CLAPET, s. m. dapper of a pump-box. CLAPIER, kik-pik, s. m. burrow (for rabbits) tame rabbit; also rabbit butch. CLAPIE, kik-pir, v. n. to squeak tike arela-

t. Se clapir, v. r. to squat, he squat. CLAQUE, klak. s m. slapper, snapper

CLI

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fle..., flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Claque, s. f. slap, blow. Des claques, clogs. *CLAQUEDENT, klak-den, s. m. beggar, paltry, pitiful wretch; also a brawler, boaster.

CLAQUEMENT, klak-men, s. m. clapping; chattering; smacking, snapping (of a whip.)
CLAQUEMURER, klak-mu-ra, v. a to put

in a stone-doublet (prison.)
CLAQUER, kla-ka, v. a. to flap or slap or snap. Il claque des dents, les dents lui claquent, his teeth chatter. Faire bien claquer son fouet, to make a hoise or bustle in the world.

CLAQUET, klå-ke, s. m. clack of a mill,

CLAQUETER, v. n. to clack.

CLARIFICATION, kla-rl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. cla-

rifying or making clear; clarification.

CLARIFIER, ka-ri-fi-a, v. a. to clarify or
make clear. Se clarifier, v. r. to clarify or

grow clear.

CLARINE, s. f. bell (on the neck of cattle.) CLARINETTE, klå-ri-net, s. f. clarionet. CLARTÉ, klår-ta, s. f. light, brightness,

splendour; clearness, perspicuity, plainness. CLASSE, klas, c. f. class, rank, order; (of

a college) form. Durant mes classes, when I was a school-boy. Classes, pl. Mar. divisions of seamen (in the French service.)

CLASSER, v. a. to class

CLASSIQUE, klå-sik, adj. classick, classical, approved (speaking of an author.)

CLATIR, v. n. to bark with redoubled violence.

CLAUDE, s. & adj. fool, silly.

CLAUDICATION, s. f. claudication, limping. CLAUSE, Rioz, s. f. clause, proviso, condition, article.

CLAUSTRAL, E, klos-tral, adj. claustral,

monastic, monastical.

CLAVEAU, kla-vo, s. m. scab, rot; hanse (of a door, etc.)

CLAVECIN, s. m. harpsichord.

CLAVELINISTE, s. m. player on the harpsichord.

CLAVELÉ, E, klav-la, adj. that has the rot

CLAVELER, klåv-lå, s. f. rot, scab.
CLAVELER, klåv-lå, s. f. rot, scab.
CLAVETTE, klåv-vit, s. f. pin or peg.
Clavette, s. f. Mar. forelock (of a bolt.)
CLAVICULE, klå-vi-kål, s. f. clavicke, colsar-bone; also little key.

CLAVIER, kla-vla, s. m. (of an organ,) keys; chain or ring (to keep keys on.)

CLAYON, kle-yon, s. m. little hurdle. CLAYONNAGE, kle-yo-nar, s. m. fence

made with hurdles.

CLEF, kla, s. f. key-stone; (of a pistol) spanner; bed-screw; screw-key; (of a vice) pin; (in musick) key or cief; (of a cross-bow) gaffle. Clef de forme de cordonnier, wedges of a bootmaker's last. Fermer à clef, to lock up. Eire enfermé sous la clef, to be under lock and key. Prendre la clef des champs, to run away. Donner la clef des champs, to let

sock and key. Frendre is clef des champs, to let go. Jeter les clefs sur la fosse, to renounce the succession, (said of a widow.)

Clé or clef, s. f. Mar. hitch (sort of knot) fid, etc. Demi-clef, half-hitch. Deux demi-clefs, clove hitch. Clef des mâts, fid, mant fid. Fuis entrer la clef, enter the fid. V. Enver. La clef est-elle entre? is the fid entered?

CLE's, filling-pieces.
CLEMATITE, s. f. sort of plant.
CLEMATITE, s. f. sort of plant.

CLÉMENT, E, klå-men, ment, adj. clement, gracious, merciful.

CLEMENTINES, s. f. pl. constitutions of pope Clement the fifth.

CLENCHE, s. f (loquet) latch or bolt (of a door.)

CLEPSYDRE, klep-sidr, s. f. clepsydra, water-hour-glass.

CLERC, klèr, s. m. clerk, clergyman; scholar; clerk, writing-clerk. Clerc d'office, clerk of the kitchen. Il n'est pas grand clerc, he is no great scholar, he has no great skill. Faire

um pus de clerc, to make a gross mistake.

CLERGÉ, klêr-zå, s. m. clergy, ecclesiastics.

CLÉRICAL, E, klå-rl-kål, adj. clerical, of a

clerk or clergyman.

CLÉRICALEMENT, klå-ri-kål-men, adv.

like a clergyman.

CLÉRICATURE, klå-ri-kå-tår, s. f. clerk-ship, condition of a clergyman. Droit de cléricature, privilege of the clergy.

CLIROMANCIE, s. f. cleromaney, divina-tion by the casting of dice. CLIENT, E. kli-dn, cut, s. m. & f. client. CLIENTELE, kli-dn-tell, s. f. the clients of or dependents on a nobleman; also patronage, protection.

* CLIFOIRE, a sort of syringe that children make with a switch of elder.

CLIGNEMENT, klign-men, s. m. winking of the eyes, (said only of the habit.)

CLIGNER, kil-gnå, les yeux, v. a. to wink or twinkle with the eves. CLIGNOTENENT, kli-guot-men, s.m. wink-

ing, twinkling.
CLIGNOTER, kil-guð-tå, v. n. or CLIGNO-TER des yeux, to wink and twinkle often with the eyes.

CLIMAT, kil-må, s. m. climate, clime, coun-

try. Climatérique, kli-må-tå-rik, adj. climacterick.

CLIN (d'œil,) klin-deul, s. m. twinkling, (of an eye.) Faire un clin d'œil à quelqu'un, to give the wink or to tip one the wink. étoient obéissans ou moindre clin d'ail, they were ready at call or at the least sign. A clin or à clins, Mar. clincher-work. bordé à clin, clincher built vessel.

CLINCAILLE, s. f. iron-ware, hard-ware;

copper coin, base coin.
CLINCAILLER, or CLINCAILLIER, s. m. iron-monger.

CLINCAILLERIE, s. f. dealing in hard wares.

CLINIQUE, adj. clinick, clinical.
CLINQUART, klin-kha, s. m. tinsel, thin plate. lace of gold or silver; tinsel, thing showy but of little value.

CLIQUART, s. m. a sort of stone good for building.

CLIQUE, klik, s. f. party, gang. CLIQUET, V. Claquet.

Cliquets, s. m. pl. Mar. pauls or pawls; cliquets de fer, hanging pauls.
CLIQUETER, klik-ta, v. n. to clack.

CLIQUETER, klik-th, v. n. to clack. CLIQUETIS, klik-th, s. m. clashing or clat-

tering of arms.

CLIQUETTES, klî-kêt, s. f. pl. child's clacker. Cliquettes de ladre, a lazar's clicket or clapper.

CLISSE, klîs, s. f. little hurdle.

CLISSER, kil-sa, v. a. to cover or protect

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : cafant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

with little hurdles; to encompass (a bottle) with wickers.

CLIVER, v. a. to cleave (diamonds.) CLOAQUE, klo-ak, s. m. & f. sink, common

CLOQUE, RIO-ak, s. m. & I. sink, common sewer, nasty stinking place; also nasty stinking fellow; vent (of birds.)

CLOCHE, klosh, s. f. bell; stewing-pan; blister. Cloche de verre, glass-bell. Fondre la cloche, to examine the very bottom of an affair, take a final resolution about an affair. Cloche, s. f. Mar. bell. V. Bell. Cloche de

cabestan, part of a capstan round which the messenger, etc. is passed, comprehending the drum head.

CLOCHE-PIED. Ex. Aller à cloche-pied, to

hop, go upon one leg.

CLOCHEMENT, s. m. hopping. CLOCHER, klo-sha, v. n. to halt, limp, go

lame; (of verses) to hobble. Cette comparation clocke, this is a lame comparison. CLOCHER, klő-shå, s. m. steeple, belfry. R soutint jusqu'au bout l'honneur de son clocker, he maintained to the very last the bonour of his church.

CLOCHETTE, klo-shet, s. f. snrall bell; bellflower.

CLOISON, klwa-zon, s. f. partition of boards, partition wall. Mar. bulk-head. Cloison en travers du vaisseau, bulk-head. Cloison de la gatte, manger-board.

CLOISONNAGE, klwa-zô-naz, s. m. partition work.

CLOITRE, klwatr, s. m. cloister. CLOITRER, klwatra, v. a. to cloister up; to shut up in a cloister or monastery; also to mure or immure.

CLOITRIER, adj. claustral. Un moine cloftrier, a claustral monk.

CLOPIN-CLOPANT, klo-pin-klo-pen, adv.

hobbling along.
CLOPINER, klô-pl-na, v. n. to hobble. CLOPORTE, klo-port, s. f. wood-louse. CLOQUE, s. f. a kind of disease (in peach

trees.) CLORRE or CLORE, klor, v. a. to close,

shut or shut up, stop; (environner) to enclose, shut in, surround, encompass, fence; to close, end or make an end of, finish, conclude. Clorre un compte, to make up an account. Clorre, v. n. to close or shut.

CLOS, E, adj. closed, close, shut, etc. Ce sont lettres closes, that is a secret.

CLOS, klo, s. m. close, enclosure. CLOSEAU, s. m. small close.

CLOSSEMENT, s. m. clucking (of a hen.) CLOSSER, v. n. to cluck (as a hen.) CLOTURE, klo-tur, s. f. enclosure, fence;

also making up or closing (of an account, etc.) Gurder la clôture, to keep in the cloister or to keep one's vow (speaking of a nun.) Elle à violé la clôture, she has broken her vow, she has quitted her cloister.

CLou, klôo, s. m. nail; a bile; stud; clove. Je n'en donnerois pas un clou, I would not give a pin's head for it. Je lui ai bien rivé ses clous. I gave him as good as he sent. Clou à crochet, tenter-hook. Garni de clous, stud-

ded.

Clou, s. m. Mar. nail. Clou de 8 pouces et au-dessus, spike. Clous au poids, weight nails or spikes. Clous à plomb, lead nails. Clous à mangère, scupper nails. Clous à nompe, pump nails. Clous à tis, clincher nails 16

Clous à tête piquée, clasp nails or clasp headed nails. Clous à tête ronde, round headed nails. Clous à tête plate, clout nails, flat headed nails. Clous de doublage, sheathing nails. Clous de tillac, seating or tenpenny nails. Clous de demi-tillac, sixpenny nails. Clous de ferrare de gouvernail, rudder nails. Clous de double tillac, nails like English twentypenny draw-ing nails. Clous de lisse, nails resembling English two shilling nails. Clous de demi-carwelle, single deck nails. Clous de double caravelle, nails much like English deck nails.

CLOUCOURDE, s. f. a sort of herb.
CLOUE, E, adj. nailed. Il est cloué à sa
maison, he keeps close home. Je suis cloué

d mon owrage, I am constantly at work.
CLOUER, kido-a, v. a. to nail, spike.
CLOUSER, V. Closser.
CLOUTER, kido-ta, v. a. to stud.

CLOUTERIE, kloot-rl, s. f. nail-trade, nailmaking.

CLOUTIER, kloo-tla, s. m. nail-smith, nail-

CLOUTIÈRE, klôo-tier, s. m. mould for making nails.

CLUB, s. m. club.

CLUBISTE, s. m. member of a club.

CLYMENE, s. f. a kind of spurge. CLYSTÈRE, klis-ter, s. m. clyster.

COACERVATION, s. f. coacervation, the act of heaping.

COACTI-F, ve, kô-ak-if, tiv, adj. coactive, coercive. Force coactive, coercive power.

COACTION, s. f. coaction, compulsion.

COADJUTEUR, kô-åd-zů-těur, s. m. coadjutor, assistant or fellow helper

COADJUTORERIE, kô-åd-zå-tôr-ri, s. f. coadjutorship.

COADJUTRICE, kô-âd-zů-tris, s. f. coadju-

COAGULATION, kô-â-gû-lâ-slon, s. f. coagulation.

COAGULER, kô-â-gû-lâ, v. a. to ccagulate, congeal, curd, curdle. Se conguler, v. r. te coagulate, congeal.

COALISER, v. n. to join together. COALITION, s. f. coalition.

COASSEMENT, kô-ås-mên, s. m. croaking like a foog. Coassen, ko-a-sa, v. n. to croak like a frog.

COATI, s. m. four-footed animal very common in America

COBALT, or COBOLT, s. m. cobalt. Coc, V. Coq. *Cocagne, kô-kâgn. Ex. Pays de cocagne, plentiful country, good country to live in.

COCARDE, kô-kard, s. f. cockade. *Cocasse, adj. odd, comical, whimsical.

COCATRIX, s. m. cockatrice Coche, kosh, s. m. travelling coach.

Coche d'eau, large boat to carry passengers on a river.

COCHE, s. f. sow; (said of a fat woman) great sow; notch. En coche, Mar. close up to the mast head. Nos humiers sont en coche, our top sails are close up to the mast head. COCHEMAR, kosh-mar. V. Cauchemar.

COCHENILLAGE, s. m. decoction made of cochineal.

COCHENILLE, kosh-nil, s. f. cochineal. COCHENILLER, v. a. to dyea stuff with coli cnineal

bar, .at, base: there, ebb, over: field, (lg: robe, rob, lard: mood, good.

COCHER, kô-sha, v. a. to tread. Le coq

cocke la poule, the cock treats the hen.

Cocher, ko-she, s. m. coachman.

Cocher, ko-sher, adj. & f. Ex. Porte cochere, great gate (wide enough for a coach to enter.

COCHET, kô-shê, a. m. cockerel. Cocheyis, kôsh-vl, s. m. crested lark.

COCHLEARIA, s. m. spoonwort, scurvy-

COCHON, kô-shon, a. m. hog. Cochon de l.nit, pag. Cochon d' Inde, guinea-pig. Avoir des yeux or de petits yeux de cochon, to have pag's eyes or little eyes.
COCHONNER, kô-shô-nh, s. f. litter of pigs.
COCHONNER, kô-shô-nh, v. n. to farrow,

pig, bring forth pigs. Сосновиване, kô-shôn-ri, s. f. nastiness.

COCHONNET, kô-shô-nê, s. m. jack to bowl at; sort of bowl with twelve sides. Coco, ko-ko, s. m. cocoa, cocoa-nut.

Cocon, kô-kon, s. m. cod of a silk-worm. Cocotier, kô-kô-tia, s. m. cocoa-tree, co-coa-palm. Bâtiment cocotier, Mar. ship so rigged that her blocks are uncommonly conspicuous.

Coction, kok-slow, s. f. coction, concoc-

tion, digestion.

Cocu, s. m. cuckold.

COCUAGE, s. m. cuckoldom Cocufier, v. a. to cuckold.

CODE, kod, s. m. compilation of laws, code.

CODÉTENTEUR, s. m. he who holds with enother a sum of money or an inheritance.

CODICILLAIRE, kô-di-si-ler, adj. contained in the codicil.

CODICILLE, kô-dì-sìl, s. m. codicil.

CODILLE, ko-dll, s. m. (at ombre, etc.) co-

dille. Perdre codille, to be off the board.

Codonatairs, adj. & s. m. & f. he or
she to whom a thing is given jointly with

COEFFE, V. Coiffe.
COEFFE, V. Coiffe.
COEFFICIENT, s. m. coefficient.
Coffal, E, kb-8-gal, adj. cocqual.

COEMPTION, s. f. coemption

CORRCIBLE, adj. that can be kept in a cer-

COERCITI-F, VE, kô-êr-sî-tîf, tîv, adj. co-

ercive, restraining.
COERCITION, RO-Cr-sl-slow, s. f. coercion,

restraining, keeping in order.
COETERNEL, LE, kô-å-têr-nêl, adj. coeter-

nal.

COEUR, keur, s. m. heart; heart, love, affection, inclination; mind, soul; courage, spirit, mettle; thought; memory, remembrance; middle or midst; stomach; (at cards) heart. Boulèvement de cœur, rising of the stomach. A coour jeun, fasting. Cela me tient au cœur, cela me pese sur le cœur, j'ai cela sur le cœur, that lies heavy upon my heart. Bienaime du cour, bosom friend. Apprendre par cour, to learn by heart. Dire par cœur, to say without book. Avoir le cœur sur les lèvres, to be open hearted, be free and open. Je n'ai rien tant à cœur que de vous rendre service, I have mo greater desire than to serve you. C'est un homme tout de cœur, he is of a noble or prenerous temper. Prendre son cœur par or 2rui, to feel for others, have a fellow feeling.

Corveque s. m. co-bishop.

COEXISTENCE, s. f. coexistence. COEXISTER, v. n. to coexist.

COFFIN, s. m. candle-basket. COFFINER, (SE) v. r. to curl, turn up (as

flowers.)

COFFRE, kôfr, s. m. trunk or chest; chest or bulk of the body; coffin; (of a lute) belly.

Coffre fort, strong box. Les coffres du Roi, the king's coffers or treasury. Piquer le coffre, to dance attendance. Mar. chest, etc. Coffres d'armes, arm-chest. Coffre de municion, ammunition-chest. Coffre de minicion, medicine-chest. Coffre de signaux, colour-chest. Ce bâtiment a beaucoup de coffres, that

ship has a very roomy waist.

COFFRER, ko-fra, v. a. to put into jail.

COFFRET, ko-fra, s. m. little trunk or chest.

COFFRETIER, kofr-tla, s. m. trunk or coffin-maker.

Cognasse, ko-guas, s. f. wild quince. Cognassier, ko-gua-sia, s. m. wild

COGNAT, s. m. (the g is pronounced hard) cognate, kinsman, descending from the same

COGNATION, s. f. (the g is hard) cognation, kindred.

COGNÉE, kô-gnā, s. f. axe, hatchet. COGNE-FÉTO, kôgn-fâ-tû, s. m. busy tri-fler, one that makes a great ado to no purpose. Il ressemble à cogne-fétu, il se tue et ne fait rien, he is a marplot, takes a world of trouble about nothing.

COGNER, kô-gna, v. a. to knock or drive in; to beat, maul. Cogner un clou, to drive a nail.

COHABITATION, kô-â-bl-tâ-slon, s. f. co-

habitation.

Сонавітек, ko-a-bi-ta, v. n. to cohabit. COHÉRENCE, kô-a-rèns, s. f. coherence,

agreement, hanging together.
COHÉRITIER, E, kô-à-rì-tìà, tièr, s. m. & f. co-heir, joint-heir, fellow-heir, co-heiress. Confesion, kd-a-zlon, s. f. cohesion.

COHOBATION, s. f. cohobation, pouring back of any distilled liquor upon what it was drawn from.

COHOBER, v. a. to thicken a liquor by means of cohobation.

Соновти, kô-ôrt, s. f. cohort, Roman co-

hort, 10th part of a legion.
COHUE, kd-d, s. f. crowd, rout, multitude; place where inferiour courts are held.

COI, TE, kwa, kwat, adj. quiet, still. Cham-

bre coite, close, confined room.

Coffee, kwaf, s. f. hood, coif; net; cawl which covers the bowels; lining. Coiffe de

ruit, night-cap.

Coiffe, E, kwå-få, adj. that has a hood or coif on, etc.

Etre bien coiffe, to have a fine head of hair; also to have a good wig or hat on; to have one's hair well dressed. It est no on; to have one's hair well dressed. Heat we coiffe, he is born to good fortune. Chien bien coiffe, long-eared dog. Bouteille coiffee, bottle and fowl. Jouer, perdre, gagner bouteille coiffee, to play for, lose, win, a bottle and fowl. It est coiffe de cette femme, he is bewitched with that woman. Etre coiffe d'une opinion, d'une personne, to be over-fond of an opinion or person.

COIFFER, kwa-fa, v. a. to dress or cover the head. Chapeau or perruque qui coiffe bien, hat or wig that fits well. Coiffer une bouteille, to cap a bott'e: Se coiffer, v. r. to dress one's base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : Anfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

head; to get tipsy or drunk; d'une personne, to be overfond of an opinion or person. eviffer de faux cheveux, to wear false hair. Se laisser coiffer, to build a chapel. Coiffer, v. a. Mar. to back, lay aback.

Coiffer une voile, to lay a sail aback or to back a sail. Se coiffer, v. a. Mar. to be taken aback. Nous nous sommes coiffés en chicunant le vent, we have been taken aback by hugging

the wind too close. Se coiffer, to broach to.

COIFFERR, kwa-feur, s. m. hair-dresser.

Coiffered kwa-feur, s. f. milliner.

COIFFURE, kwa-fur, s. f. head-dress. COIGNASSE, COIGNÉE, COIGNER, etc. V. Cognasse, etc.
Colenier, s. m. quince-tree.

COIGNOIR, s. m. coin or wedge used by printers to lock up a form.

Coin, kwis, s. m. corner; (of a wig) lock; die; a punch; wedge, coin, quoin; (fruit) quince. Regarder du coin de l'œil, to cast sheep's eyes, leer upon. Il tient bien son coin, he keeps or maintains his ground. Marque su bon coin, of the right stamp. Marqué au maurais coin, not of the right stamp. V.

Coignoir.
Coin, s. m. Mar. coin, quoin, wedge, chock, etc. Coin à manche, horsing-iron. Coin à fendre iron-wedge. Coin de mire, coin (or wedge of fendre, iron-wedge. Coin de mire, coin (or quoin) of a gun. Coin d'arrimage, wedge or chock used in the stowage of a vessel's hold. Coins de mats, wedges of a mast (by which it is confined in the partners.)

Coincidence, s. f. coincidence.

COINCIDENT, E, adj. coincident.

COINCIDER, v. n. to coincide. COING, s. m. quince. V. Coin, (the g is si-

lent.)

COION, s. m. coward, dastardly fellow. COIONNER, v. n. to abuse, make a fool of, use scurvily. Also v. n. Ex. Il ne fait que cotonner, he is always making a fool of somebody.

COIONNERIE, s. f. cowardice, base cowardly action, sneakingness; also silliness, foolery, pitiful idle story, trifle. Corr, ko-it, s. m. coition.

COITE, V. Couette.

Col, kol, s. m. collar; defile, narrow passage; neck (of the bladder;) stock (sort of cranat.) V. Cou.

COLACHON, s. m. sort of Italian instrument of musick.

COLARIN, s. m. frieze of a tuscan or doric capital.

COLATURE, s. f. colature; also what is

strained. COLCHIDE, s. f. Colchis (kingdom in Asia.) COLCHIQUE, s. m. a sort of bulbous plant.

Called also, Tue-Chien, dog-bane. COLCOTAR, s. m. Colcothar, calcined vitriol.

COLERA-MORBUS, s. m. cholera-morbus. COLERE, kô-lêr, s. f. anger, wrath, passion; choler; rage. Etre en colère contre quelqu'un, to be angry with one. Revenir de sa colère, to come to ono's self again. La colère des flots, the rage of the waves. Mer en colère, raging or angry sea.
Column, adj. cholerick, passionate, hasty,

spt to be angry, soon angry.
Colérique, kô-lå-rik, adj. cholerick, pastonate.

COLIART, s. m. a sort of fish (like the ray.) JOLIBRI, ko-li-bri, s. m. colibri (a bird.)

COLIFICHET, kô-fl-fl-shê, s. m. cut paper; knack, trifle, gewgaw, toy. Machine to regu-late the weight of coin. COLIMAÇON, V. Limaçon. COLIM-MAILLARD, kô-lin-ma-tar, s. m

blind man's buff.

COLIQUE, kô-lîk, s. f. colick, griping. COLISÉE, kô-lî-za, s. m. Coliseum.

COLLABORAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. who works jointly with another, who helps him.

COLLATAIRE, s. m. he on whom has been conferred an ecclesiastical benefice.

COLLATERAL, E, kô-là-tà-ràl, adj. collateral. Les collateraux, s. m. pl. collateral kindred.
Collateur, kôl-là-têur, s. m. collator, patron.

COLLATI-F, VE, köl-få-tif, thv, adj. Ex. Bénéfice collatif, benefice that is conferred. COLLATION, köl-få-slon, s. f. collation, ad-

vowson, patronage; comparison of one thing with another; collation, light supper, afternoon's nunchion. In the latter sense one L is silent.

COLLATIONNER, kôl-là-slô-na, v. a. to compare, collate. Collationner, v. n. (the two

Compare, collate. Collations.
L's as one) to eat a collation.
Colle, kôl, s. f. glue, paste, size; shem, lie. Colle forte, glue. Colle de poisson, isinglass. Colle de farine, paste.
Colle, E, adj. glued, pasted; (at billiards) close to the cushion. Je mis collé or ma bille

est collée, I have a close ball. Charbons col-lés, caked coal. Habit qui est collé or qui semble collé sur le corps, suit that fits very close. Etre collé sur les livres, to pore over books, study hard. Etre collé sur son cheval. books, study hard. Etre colle sur son cheval, to sit firm or straight on horseback. Above les yeux collées sur, to have one's eyes fastened on. COLLECTE, kô-lêkt, s. f. sort of prayer, collect; gathering or levying of taxes; collection of charities.

COLLECTEUR, kô-lêk-têur, s. m. collector. gatherer of taxes.

COLLECTI-F, VE, kô-lêk-tîf, tlv, adj. collective.

COLLECTION, kô-lêk-slon, s. f. collection. compilation.

COLLECTIVEMENT, kô-lêk-tiv-mên, adv. collectively, in a collective sense.

COLLEGATAIRE, kô-lâ-gâ-têr, s. m. & f.

collegatory.
Collifor, kô-laz, s. m. college.
Colliforal, r., kô-la-zia, adj. collegiate. COLLEGIALE, s. f. collegiate church

COLLEGIALE, S. I. collegiate church.
COLLEGUE, kô-lêg, s. m. colleague, fellow
or co-partner in an office.
COLLER, kô-lâ, v. a. to glue or paste together; (ane bille) to put close to the cushion;
give a close ball. Se coller or être colle contre un mur, to tie close to a wall. Se coller, to cake (said of sea-coal.)

COLLERETTE, kol-ret, s. f. neckcloth or

kerchief (for women.)

Collet, ko-le, s. m. (of a waistcoat) collar; (of a coat) cape; (of a hemise) neck; neck-band; a gin; (of mutton) neck. Collet de buffle, buff jerkin. Prendre or saisir quelqu'un au collet, to nab one, take one prisoner, arrest, apprehend one. Preter le collet de la let à quelqu'un, to cope with one, make head against one. Mar. Ex. Collet d'étai, eye of a stay. Collet d'une courbe, throat of a knea. Collet d'une ancre, crown of au enchor

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

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COLLUSION, kôl-ld-slon, s. f. collusion, juggling, deceit, covin used among lawyers

COLLUSOIRE, kôl-lå-swar, adj. collusory, done by covin and collusion

COLLUSOIREMENT, kôl-lû-swar-mên, adv.

collusively, done by covin and collusion.
COLLYRE, kö-lir, s. m. collyrium, eye-salve.
COLMAR, s. m. (sort of pearl) colmar.
COLOTANE, V. Colophane.

COLOMBAGE, s. m. row of joists. COLOMBE, kô-lonb, s. f. dove, pigeon. COLOMBEAU, s. m. male-pigeon.

Colombier, ko-lon-bla, s. m. dove-house, pigeon-house. Colombiers, s. m. pl. Mar. blocking up of a ship's cradle.

Colombin, s. m. lead ore; also columbine,

dove-colour.

COLOMBIN, E, kô-lon-bîn, bîn, adj. columbine, of a dove-colour.

COLOMBINE, s. f. (plant) columbine; pigeon's dung.

COLOMNADE, COLOMNE, V. Colomnade, Colonne.

COLON, kô-lon, s. m. (an intestine) colon; farmer, planter; inhabitant of one of the co-

COLONEL, kô-lô-nêl, s. m. colonel. COLONEL, LE, kô-lô-nêl, adj. belonging to the colonel. La colonelle or la compagnie colonelle, the colonel's company, the first company of a regiment.

company of a regiment.

COLONIAL, E, adj. colonial.

COLONIE, kô-lô-ni, s. f. colony, plantation.

COLONIE, kô-lô-ni, s. f. colony coloniade.

COLONIE, kô-lôn, s. f. coloniade.

COLONIE, kô-lôn, s. f. coloniade.

Lound pihar; supporter, prop; line (of battle.)

Les colonies d'Hercule, Hercules's pillars.

Les colonies d'un lit, the bed-posts. Une escales sur trais colonies, a flect of men of very color sur trais colonies. cadre sur trois colonnes, a fleet of men of war drawn up in three lines.

COLOPHANE, kô-lô-fân, s. f. colophony, rosin for bows of musical instruments.

Coloquinte, kô-lô-kint, s. m. coloquin-

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Coloré, E, adj. coloured; apparent, pretended. Avoir le teint coloré, to have a great colour.

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COLORIS, kd-ld-ri, s. m. colouring (in a picture.) Un beau coloris, a fine lively complex-

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in the right use of colours, colourist.

Colossal, E, ko-lo-sal, adj. colossal, co-lossan, giant-like, gigantick.

Colosse, kô-lôs, s. m. colossus; giant. Colostre, kô-lôstr, s. m. beastings, first milk after childbirth

COLPORTAGE, kol-por-taz, s. m. hawker's trade.

COLPORTER, kôl-pôr-tâ, v. a. to hawk about. COLPORTEUR, kôl-pôr-têur, s. m. COLPOR-TRUSE, s. f. hawker, pedler.
COLTIS, s. m. Mar. beak-head, bulk-head.

foremost frame of a ship.

COLURES, kô-lûr, s. m. pl. colures.

Colza, s. m. a sort of wild cabbage. Coma, s. m. coma, morbid disposition to

sleep.

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COMBATTU, E, adj. fought, etc.

COMBIER, kon-blên, how much, how many, how. Combien de gens, how many people ?

Combien vant cela, what is the price of that? Combien de teme, how long, how long time? Combien que, although. V. Quoique.

COMBINAISON, kon-bi-ne-zon, s. f. combi-

nation or joining together.
Combiner, kon-bl-na, v. p. to combine,

join together.

COMBLE, konbl, s. m. top, ridge; timber work and roof of a building; heaping of a measure, over-measure; highest pitch or degree, height. Pour comble de, in order to complete, in order to fill the measure of. De fond en comble, from top to bottom, down to the ground, utterly, to all intents and purbàse, bắt : jèune, mêute, beurre : ènfant, cêm, liên : vin : mon : brun

COMBLE, adj. heaped up, full to the top. Cheral qui a le pied comble, horse whose sole is higher than his hoof.

COMBLE, E, adj. heaped up, filled. port comblé, Mar. a harbour choked up.

COMBLEMENC, s. m. the act of filling up,
COMBLER, kon-blå, v. a. to heap up, fill or
fill up; (quelqu'us de bienfaits) to load one
with favours or kindness; (quelqu'un de joie)

to fill one with joy.

COMBLE, s. f. slit in the middle of a

stag's foot.

COMBOURGEOIS, V. Concitoyen. COMBRIÈRE, s. f. net to catch large fish

COMBUGER, kon-bû-za, v. a. to soak. Com-buger une pièce or une futaille, to soak or rinse out a cask.

COMBUSTIBLE, kon-bus-tibl, adj. combus-

tıble.

COMBUSTION, kon-bus-tion, s. f. combustion, tumult, confusion.

Comfile, kô-mà-dl, s. f. play; comedy; play-house, theatre; dissimulation, shamming, juggling. Faire la comédie, to be a player. Donner la comédie, to make sport for others.

Comédien, kô-må-dien, s. m. player. co-

median, actor; dissembler or hypocrie.

Comedienne, kö-må-dlen, s. f. player, woman player, actress; also dissembler, dissembling woman.

COMESTIBLE, adj. & s. eatable.

COMETE, ko-met, s. f. comet, blazing star.

COMICES, kô-mis, s. m. pl. the comitia or assembly of the people of Rome.

COMINGE, s. f. bomb of a considerable

Comique, kô-mik, adj. comical, of or belonging to a comedy. Poete comique, writer of comedies, comick writer.

COMIQUE, s. m. comical part. COMIQUEMENT, kô-mlk-men, adv. comically; pleasantly, like a comedy. COMITE, s. m. officer of a galley, who has

particular command over the slaves.

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COMMA, s. m. semicolon or colon.

COMMANDANT, kô-mên-dên, adj. & s. m. commanding, commander, commanding offi-Commandant en chef, commander in chief. Commandant d'une escadre or d'une division, Mar. commander in chief of a fleet or squadron; also commodore or senior officer of a detachment of ships. Commandant d'un port, commanding officer at a port. Com-mandant d'une prise, prize master. COMMANDE, kô-mend, adv. Ex. Besogne

de commande, work that is bespoken. Mar-chardise de commande, goods that are bespo-ken. Maladie de commande, feigned sickness,

etc. V. Commander.

COMMANDEMENT, kô-mènd-mên, s. m. command; order, charge; commandment, precept, law. Government, conduct; (military term) height, eminence, little hill or rising ground. Les commundemens de l'exercice, the words of command. Faire commandement, to command. Avoir tout à commandement, to have all things at command. Avoir le Latin à commandement, to be master of Latin. Mar. order; also command of a ship.

COMMANDER kô-men-dà v. a. to com-

mand; order. charge or bid; to bespeak; to have the command, conduct, government or rule; to master, to keep under, have the mastery or command over; to lead. Mar. to command, etc. Commander la manœuvre avec le siffet, to wind a call. Commander la route, to shape the course. Commande, hoilou (answer made by French sailors, when a scrt of preparatory whistle s given previous to any general order being signified.)

Commanderie, ko-mend-ri, s. f. comman-

dery.

COMMANDEUR, kô-mên dêur, s. m. the

COMMANDITE, s. f. agreement between two partners when one finds the money, the

other attends to the business

Comme, kôm, adv. as, like, as it were, almost; as seeing that; whereas; as, when.
Triste comme content, it vous faudra chanter, sad or merry you must sing. It est comme cela, it is his way. Comme quoi, how? why? Comme aussi, as, so, likewise. Comme cela, so so.
Comme aussi, and likewise. Comme si, as if. COMMEMORATI-F, VE, adj. commemora-

COMMÉMORATION, kô-mã-mô-rã-slon, s. f.

commemoration, remembrance. COMMENÇANT, E, kô-mên-sên, sênt, s. m

& f. beginner, novice. COMMENCEMENT, kô-mêns-mên, s. m. be-

ginning, commencement.

COMMENCER, kô-mèn-så, v. a. to begin or enter upon. Commencer un proces, to commence a suit at law, v. n. to begin or com-mence. Commencer le déchargement d'un vaisseau or à décharger un vaisseau, Mar. to break bulk.

COMMENDATAIRE, kô-mên-dâ-têr, s. m. commendatory, one who holds a living in commendam.

COMMENDE, kô-mènd, s. f. commendam. En commende, Ex. Abbaye en commende, ab-

bey in commendam.
Commensal, e. kô-mên-sâl, adj. that eats at the same table. Officier commensal, officer of the king's household.

COMMENSALITÉ, s. f. commensality, fellowship of table.

COMMENSURABILITÉ, kô-mên-sû-râ-bî-lî-

th, s. f. commensurability.

Commensurable, ko-men-sa-rabl, adj. commensurable.

COMMENT, kô-mên, adv. how, in what manner; how! why?

COMMENTAIRE, kô-mên-têr, s. m. com-

ment, commentary, exposition.

COMMENTATEUR, kô-men-th-têur, s. m. commentator.

COMMENTER, kô-mên-ta, v. a. to comment, write comments upon

Commenter, v. n. to criticise; put an ill

construction upon; to exaggerate.

*Commer, kô-mã, v. n. to make compari-

COMMERÇABLE, kô-mèr-sabl, adj. com-mercial, negotiable, that belongs to trade. COMMERÇANT, kö-mèr-sèn, s. m. trader,

merchant.

COMMERÇANT, E, adj. trading. Ex. Une nation commerçante, a trading nation.

COMMERCE, kô-mers, s. m. commerce; trade, trading or traffick; communication. inbar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

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COMPANY of a regiment.

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COMMANDER ko-men-da v. a. to com-

mand; order, charge or bid; to bespeak; to have the command, conduct, government or rule; to master, to keep under, have the mastery or command over; to lead. Mar. to command, etc. Commander la manœuvre avec le sifflet, to wind a call. Commander la route, to shape the course. Commande, boilou (answer made by French sailors, when a scrt of preparatory whistle is given previous to any general order being signified.) COMMANDERIE, kô-mènd-ri, s. f. comman-

COMMANDEUR, kô-mên dêur, s. m. the commander (of an order of knights.)

COMMANDITE, s. f. agreement between two partners when one finds the money, the other attends to the business.

Comme, kôm, adv. as, like, as it were, almost; as, seeing that; whereas; as, when. Triste comme content, it rous fandra chanter, sad or merry you must sing. It est comme cela, it is his way. Comme quoi, how? why? Comme aussi, as, so, likewise. Comme cela, so so. Comme aussi, and likewise. Comme si, as if. COMMÉMORATI-F, VE, adj. commemora-

Commémoration, kô-mã-mô-rã-sion, s. f. commentoration, remembrance. COMMENÇANT, E, kô-mèn-sèn, sènt, s. m

& f. beginner, novice.

COMMENCEMENT, kô-mêns-mên, s. m. beginning, commencement.

COMMENCER, kô-mên-så, v. a. to begin or enter upon. Commencer un procès, to commence a suit at law, v. n. to begin or com-mence. Commencer le déchargement d'un vaisseau or à décharger un vaisseau, Mar. to break bu'k.

COMMENDATAIRE, kô-mên-dâ-têr, s. m. commendatory, one who holds a living in commendam.

COMMENDE, kô-mènd, s. f. commendam. En commende, Ex. Abbaye en commende, ab-

Commentae, and Anouge en commence, abbey in commendam.
Commensal, e, kô-mên-sâl, adj. that eats at the same table. Officier commensal, officer of the king's household.

COMMENSALITÉ, s. f. commensality, fellowship of table.

COMMENSURABILITÉ, kô-mèn-sû-râ-bî-lî-

tå, s. f. commensurability.
Commensurable, ko-men-så-rabl, adj. commensurable.

COMMENT, kô-mên, adv. how, in what manner; how! why?

COMMENTAIRE, kô-mên-têr, s. m. comment, commentary, exposition.
COMMENTATEUR, kô-mèn-th-têur, s. m.

commentator.

COMMENTER, kô-mên-ta, v. a. to comment, write comments upon

Commenter, v. n. to criticise; put an ill

construction upon; to exuggerate.

*Commer, kô-mã, v. n. to make compari-

COMMERÇABLE, kö-mer-sabl, adj. com-mercial, negotiable, that belongs to trade. COMMERÇANT, kö-mer-sen, s. m. trader,

merchant.

COMMERÇANT, E, adj. trading. Ex. Une nation commerçante, a trading nation.

COMMERCE, ko-mers, s. m. commerce; trade, trading or traffick; communication. inbar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, geod.

ter course, converse, acquaintance, correspon-

dence; amour, intrigue.

Commercer, kô-mêr-sa, v. n. to trade or

drive a trade, traffick.

Commère, kd-mer, s. f. god-mother; gos-

sip or gossipping housewife

COMMETTANT, kô-mê-tên, s. m. constituent. Ex. Les députés ne feront rien de contraire aux in'érêts de leurs commettans, the deputies will not act contrary to the interests of

their constituents.

COMMUTTRE, kô-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre) to commit, do, perpetrate; to assign, appoint, Commettre une chose delegate; to expose. au sein de quelqu'un, to commit a thing to one's charge, trust one with a thing. mettre deu c personnes entre elles, to make two persons quarrel and fall out, set two persons together by the ears. Commettre des corduses, Mar. to lay ropes. V. Cordage. Se commettre, v. r. to expose one's self. Se commestre avec quelqu'un, to expose one's self, to be Irawn into a quarrel with one.

COMMINATION, s. f. commination, threat-

ening. COMMINATOIRE, kô-mì-nâ-twar, adj. com-

ninatory, threatening. Commis, E, adj. committed, etc. V. Com-

mettre & Cordage.

Commis, kô-ml, s. m. deputy or clerk. Commis de la douane, commissioner of the custom-house; also custom-house officer. Commis aux vivres, Mar. purser, steward (of a ship.)

Commise, kô-mlz, s. f. forfeiture, confiscation.

Commisération, kô-mì-za-ra-ston, s. f.

commiseration, compassion, pity.
Commissaire, ko-mi-ser, s. m. commissioner; judge, delegate or commissary; overscer or sequestrator; overseer. Commissaire de police, justice of the peace. Commissaire des guerres, muster-master, commissary. Commissaire des vivres, commissioner of the victualling. Lords commissaires de l'amirauté, lords commissioners of the admiralty. Commissuires de la marine, commissioners of the navy. Commissaire résident, (dans un port) commissioner resident.

COMMISSION, kd-ml-slow, s. f. commission; message; errand; warrant, mandate; charge, order. Mettre un vaisseau de guerre en comission, to put a ship in commission. Vend Vendre des vivres par commission, to sell books for

COMMISSIONNAIRE, kô-mî-siô-ner, s. m. commissiou-merchant, factor; an errand-boy. Committinus, s. m. Lettres de committimus, special commission directed in the be-half of privileged persons to their poculiar judges.

COMMITTITUR, s. m. committitur.

COMMODAT, s. m. gratuitous lending of a thing which is to be returned. COMMODE, kô-môd, adj. convenient, easy, commodious, apt, fit, advantageous; easy, complaisant, good humoured, not trouble-so.ne; too indulgent or condescending. Une morale commode, a lax morality.
Commode, s. f. commode; also set of draw-

ers, sort of bureau.

COMMODÉMENT, kô-mô-cla-mên, adv. conveniently, commodiously, comfortably.

Commodité, kô-mô-di-th, s. f. convenience. conveniency, ease, commodity; convenient time, opportunity; conveyance, opportunity. Commodités, advantages or goods of fortune,

Commotion, kô-mô-sion, s. f. commotion.
Commoter, kô-mô-sion, s. f. commute or

COMMUER, KO-mu-a, v. a. to commune or change (a punishment.)
COMMUN, E, kô-mun, môn, adj. common, public, general, universal; usual, ordinary, familiar; ordinary, indifferent, path; i; trisd, vulgar. Année commune, one year with ano-

COMMUN, s. m. Les gens du commun, the common people, the vulgar, the mob; the under or ordinary servants; the generality. Commun, common. En commun, in common. Du commun, common, ordinary.
COMMUNAL, E, adj. that which is common

to the inhabitants of one or several villages. COMMUNAUTÉ, kô-ind-nô-tà, s. f. society

community; corporation; community (of goods.)

COMMUNAUX, kô-mô-nò, s. m. pl. a common.

COMMUNE, s. f. corporation. Commune or Communes, a common. Les communes d'un état, the commons of a state. Les communes, la chambre des communes, the commons, the house of commons, the lower house (of the

English parliament.)
Communement, kô-mô-na-mên, adv. commonly, usually, generally, universally. Cela se dit communement, that is a common say-

ing. Communiant, kô-mô-nì-èn, s. m. commu-

COMMUNICABLE, kô-mô-nî-kabl, adj. communicable; also easy of access

COMMUNICATI-F, VE, kô-mô-nì-kâ-tif, tly. adj. communicative, sociable, affable, familiar, casy to be spoken with

COMMUNICATION, kô-mủ-nì-kã-slon, s. f. communication; imparting, converse, society,

correspondence, intercourse, fellowship. Com-munication des pièces, exhibition of writings. Communicate, teceive the communicate, receive the communion or Lord's Supper; v. a. to administer or give the communion.
Communion, kô-mã-nlost, s. f. communion; fellowship. Etre retranché de la communion fellowship.

des fidèles, to be turned out of the pale of the church, to be excommunicated

COMMUNIQUER, kô-mů-nl-kå, v. a. to communicate or impart, tell, show, discover or reveal. Communiquer les pièces d'un procès, to produce or exhibit the writings or papers. Communiquer, v. n. to confer, consult, discourse, have a conference together; to have a correspondence. Votre chambre communique à celle-ci, your room has communication with this. Se communiquer, v. r. to be communi-cative, sociable, affable, free or open, to dis-close one's heart. Maladie gui se communique, infection or contagious disease. Ces deux chambres se communiquent par une gallerie, those two rooms have a communication with

each other by means of a gallery.
COMMUTATI-F, VE, kô-mô-tâ-tîf, tiv, adj.

commutative.

COMMUTATION, ko-md-ia-alon, s. f. com-Faire commutation de peine, to mutation. commute the punishment.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : win : mon : brun.

COMPACITÉ, s. f. compactness, closeness.

COMPACTE, kon-pakt, adj. compact, close. Compagne, kon-pagn. s. f. companion, she-companion, consort, fellow maid servant.

COMPAGNIE, kon-pl-gnl, s. f. company; partnership, society, corporation; company, troop; covey. Les compagnies souveraines au royaume de France, the parliaments of France. La compagnie des hules, the East India compagne, Aller de compagnie, to go together.

COMPAGEON, kon-på-gnon, s. m. companion; mate, fellow-partner; a journeyman. (Egal) fellow equal; blade. Aller de pair à compagnon, to go cheek by jole, to be hail fellow well met.

Compagnonage, kon-på-gno-nåz, s. m. time that an apprentice is obliged to work as

COMPARABLE, kon-på-rabl, adj. compa-

rable, like.

COMPARAISON, kon-pa-re-zon, s. f. comparison, comparing, parallel. Par comparaison, adv. by comparison, comparatively. En comparaison de, à comparaison de, to or in comparison of.

COMPARANT, E, kon-på-ren, rent, adj. that makes his or her appearance in court. COMPARATI-F, VE, kon-på-ra-tif, tiv, adj.

& s. m. & f. comparative.

COMPARATIVEMENT, kon-på-rå-tlv-men, adv. comparatively.

COMPARER, kon-pa-ra, v. a. to compare, set together, make comparison. Se comparer

à quequ'un, to compare or vie with one. Comparition, V. Comparation. Comparation, kon-pa-rwar, v. n. (used only in the infinitive,) to appear in a court of jus-

Comparoître, kon-på-retr,v. n. (like paroftre at oftre) to appear, make one's appear-

ance before a judge.

COMPARTIMENT, kon-par-ti-men, s. m. compartment. Compartment de jardin, plot in a garden.

COMPARTIR, v. a. to compart, divide.

COMPARTITEUR, s. m. compartitor. COMPARU, E, adj. that has made his or her

appearance before the court.
COMPARUTION, kon-pa-rd-slon, s. f. ap-

pearance.

COMPAS, kon-på, s. m. compass. pair of compasses. Compas de proportion, sector. Compas de cordonnier, shoe-maker's size. Mar. Compas demer, compass. Compas ren-reres, hanging compass. Compas de voria-tion, azimuth compass. Compas de rota-tion, azimuth compass. Compas de rota-steering compass. Quarts du compas, points of the compass. Compas courbes, callipers, calliper-compasses. Compas à pointes, or à pointer la carte, compasses, pair of compasses.

Compassé, E, adj. measured by compass-Homme extrêmement compassé, formal,

precise, starched or affected man.

COMPASSEMENT, s. m. the act of measur-

ing with compasses.

Compasses, kon-pa-sa, v. a. to measure with compasses; (la mèche) to try; to proportion, square, frame; to regulate properly; to be formal or precise.

COMPASSION, kon-pa-sion, s. f. compassion,

pit?. Faire compassion, to be pitiable.
Compatibility, kon-pa-ti-bi-li-ta, s. f.
co apoubility. Ils n' ant ensemble aucune com-

patibilité d'humeur, their humours do not suit at all together.

COMPATIBLE, kon-på-tibl, adj. compati-COMPATIBLE, kon-pa-tibl, adj. compati-ble, that can agree. Son humeur n'est pas compatible avec la mienne, his humour and mine cannot agree together, we cannot set our horses together. Un office com-patible, an office or benefice that may be held with another.

COMPATIR, kon-pa-tir, v. n. to agree, suit, be compatible. Compatir d. to compassionate, commiserate, sympathize with, have a fellow

Comparation, sympatime with, he indulgent to.
Comparatisant, E, kon-på-di-sèn, sènt,
adj. compassionate, indulgent.
Comparatione, kon-på-ti-ot, s. m. & f.

compatriot, one's country-man or country-

Compendium, kon-pen-di-om, s. m. compendium, abridgment.

COMPENSATION, kon-pen-sa-slon, s. f. com-pensation, amends, satisfaction, recompense. COMPENSÉ, E, adj. compensited, etc. Les dépens étant compensés, without costs, each party being adjudged to bear his own costs

and charges. COMPENSER, kon-pen-så, v. a. to compensate, make amends for, counterbalance, re-

compense.

COMPÉRAGE, kon-på-råz, s. m. the relation of gossip or god-father.

COMPERE, kon-per, s. m. gossip, god-father; companion, fellow, blade; cunning, siy fellow.

COMPÉTANT or COMPÉTENT, E, kon-pa-tèn, tent, adj. competent, sufficient, due. Juge compétent, proper or competent judge COMPÉTEMMENT, adv. competently, suffi-

ciently, properly.

Competence, kon-på-tens, s. f. jurisdiction, cognizance, bounds of one's jurisdiction; competition. Cela n'est pas de votre compétence, that is beyond your capacity, you are not a competent judge of that.

Compéter, kon-på-tå, v. n. to belong to, to appertain to, be cognizable by

COMPÉTIT-EUR, BICE, kon-på-tl-teur, tris.

s. m. & f. competitor, candidate. COMPILATEUR, kon-pi-la-teur, s. m. com-

COMPILATION, kon-pl-la-slon, s. f. compi-

COMPILER, kon-pi-la, v. a. to compile or collect.

COMPITALES, s. f. pl. Roman feasts in honour of the domestic gods.
COMPLAIGNANT, E, kon-ple-gnen, gnent,

s. m. & f. plaintiff, complainant.

*COMPLAINDRE, (SE,) V. Se plaindre.
*COMPLAINDRE, s. f. kon-plint, complaint at law. Complaintes, lamentations. V. Plainte

w. Complaintes, lamentations.

Complaintes, kon-pler, v. n. (like plaire) to

comply with. Se plaire please or humour, comply with. Se plaire dans or en, v.r. to have a complacency in, delight in.

COMPLAISAMMENT, adv. complaisantly, complacently, obligingly.

COMPLAISANCE, kon-ple-zens, s. f. com plaisance, compliance, condescension, oblig-ing carriage; complacency, complacence. Complaisances, love, affection.

COMPLAISANT, R, kon-ple-zen, zent, adj. complaisant, complacent, obliging. Also s.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

COMPLANT, kon-plen, s. m. vineyard, plantation. COMPLANTER, kon-plen-ta, v. a. to plant

vines.

COMPLEMENT, kon-pla-men, s. m. com-plement, accomplishment, completion.

COMPLÉMENTAIRE, adj. complementary er for complement.

COMPLET, ÈTE, kon-ple, plet, adj. com-

plete, perfect, entire, full.

COMPLET, s. m. complement, full number of men, etc. Notre équipage est au complet. Mar. we have our full complement on board. COMPLETEMENT, kon-plet-men, s. m. com-

plement.

COMPLETEMENT, adv. completely. COMPLEXE, kon-pla-ta, v. a. to complete. COMPLEXE, kon-plaks, edj. complex. COMPLEXION, kon-plak-slon, s.f. complexion,

constitution; humour, fancy, whim, whimsy.
COMPLEXIONNÉ, E, kon-plêk-slô-nå, adj.
Ex. Bien complexionné, of a good constitution.

Mal complexionne, of a bad constitution. COMPLEXITÉ s. f. complexness.

COMPLICATION, kon-pil-ka-sion, s. f. com-

plication.

COMPLICE, kon-pils, s. m. & f. accomplice, accessary to a crime.

COMPLICITÉ, kon-plf-sf-tå, s. f. the being an accomplice.

CUMPLIES, kon-pli, s. f. pl. complines, last or closing prayers of the evening.

COMPLIMENT, kon-pll-men, s. m. a compliment, obliging words; ceremonies, compli-Sans complimens, freely, plainly, without ceremony.

COMPLIMENTAIRE, s. m. head or director of a trading company, in whose name all af-

fairs are transacted.

COMPLIMENTER, v. n. to compliment. COMPLIMENTEU-R, se, kon-pil-men-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. complimenter

COMPLIQUÉ, E, kon-pli-ka, adj. complicated. COMPLIQUER, v. a. to make complicated. COMPLOT, kon-plo, s. m. plot, combination,

conspiracy. COMPLOTER, kon-plo-ta, v. n. to plot, combine, conspire ; v. a. to plot, hatch, or contrive. COMPONETION, kon-ponk-slon, s. f. com-

punction, contrition, remorse

COMPONE, E, adj. (in heraldry,) compound. COMPONENDE, s. f. composition with the church of Rome to obtain a dispensation or benefice.

"COMPORTER, kon-por-là, v. a. to bear, let, suffer or allow of. Ce sont des plaisirs que comporte la jeunesse, these are pleasures for mischela pour la comporte la pennesse, these are pleasures for mischela pour la comporte. or suitable to youth. Le temps le comporte, the time requires it. Cette frégate comporte une haute mature, that frigate requires to be taunt masted. Se comporter, v. r. to act, carry, demean, behave or comport one's self.
Les vaisseaux à trois ponts se comportent en
général bien à la mer, three deckers are in general good sea boats or generally behave well at sea. V. Fatiguer.

Compose, E, kon-pô-za, adj. composed, writ, or written; consisting or made up, composed; stiff, starched, of a reserved look or countenance. Mot composé, compound word.

Composé, s. m. compound, composition, mixture.

COMPOSER, kon-pô-za, v.a. & n. to compose, make or write; (in printing) to compose or set; to set to musick; to compound, make or make up; frame or put together; to make up, adjust, compound or agree, capitulate. Composer sa mine, to put on a sober or serious face. Se composer, v. r. to compose one's

self, to put on a sober or modest countenance.
Conposeur, s. m. scribbler, paltry writer.
Conposite, kon-po-zit, s. m. the composite or compound order.

Composite, kon-pô-zît, adj. (in architecture) composite, compound.

COMPOSITEUR, kon-pô-zî-teur, s. m. (in printing) compositor; (in musick) composer;

a composer of differences, arbitrator.
Composition, kon-pô-zl-slon, s. f. composing, composition, making up, framing, frame, putting or setting together; composer, writing, piece, exercise; composition, mixture; accommodation, agreement, capitulation, articles.

Composteur, kon-posteur, s. m. com-posing-stick (in printing.)

*Comporation, s. f. compotation, drinking

bout, merry making.
Compore, kon-pot, s. f. sort of preserve made of fruit and a little sugar stewed together, stewed fruit. Compote de poires, etc. stewed pears, etc. Compote de pieres, stewed pigeons. Accommoder le visage de quelqu'un à la or en compote, to beat one to mummy or to a jelly. Il lui a mis la tête en compote, he has bruised his head sadly. Aroir les yeux en compote, to have one's eyes black and blue. Cette riande est en compote, that meat is boiled to pieces or to a jelly.

COMPRÉHENSIBLE, kon-pra-en-sibl, adj.

comprehensible, conceivable.

COMPREHENSION, kon-pra-en-slon, s. f. comprehension, apprehension or understand-

ing, conception.
Comprendre, kon-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to apprehend, comprehend, conceive, understand or perceive; to grasp, compress, include, contain, compass or take in. Compresse, kon-pres, s. f. compres

COMPRESSIBILITÉ, kon-pre-si-bi-li-ta, s. f. compressibility, fitness to be pressed close.

Compressible, kon-pre-sibl, adj. compressible, that may be compressed.

COMPRESSION, kon-pre-sion, s. f. compression, compressure, pressing close, pressure. COMPRIMER, kon-pri-ma, v. a. to squeeze

together; compress. suppress. Compress, E. adj. apprehended, conceived, understood, comprehended, comprised, included, contained or taken in. including. Non compris, not including.

COMPROMETTRE, kon-pro-metr, (like mettre) to compromise, make a .compromise, put to arbitration, consent to a re-ference. v. a. to expose, bring into question. Se compromettre, v. r. to expose one's self, debase one's self by engaging in a quarrel or entering into competition.

Compromis, E, adj. compromised, etc. Compromis, kon-pro-mi, s. m. compremise. Mettre en compromis, to put to arbitra-tion, consent to a reference, refer a difference (by mutual consent) to the judgment of an umpire; also to expose or hazard, bring into question.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

COMPROMISSAIRE, kon-pro-mi-ser, s. m. referee, arbitrator, umpire.

COMPROTECTEUR, s. m. joint protector. COMPTABILITÉ, s. f. obligation to give an

account when required, accountability.

COMPTABLE, kon-tabl, adj. & s. account-

able, person who is accountable.

COMPTANT, kon-ten, s. m. & adj. Ex. argent comptant, ready money, cash. Avoir du comptant, to be well in cash, have ready

money.

COMPTE, kont, s. m. account; reckoning, computation: profit, advantage; esteem, value. A votre compte, in your judgment or opinion. A ce compte, so, if it be so. Au bout du compte, after all, every thing duly considered. Roue de compte, dial wheel, notch wheel.

COMPTER, kon-th, v. a. to count, reckon, tell or number; to cast accounts, sum up, compute; to esteem, value, set a value upon, consider. Compter sur, to depend or rely upon. Se compter, v. r. to account one's self, look upon one's self.

COMPTEUR, kon-teur, s. m. accountant,

COMPTOIR, kon-twar, s. m. counter or counting-board; also counting-house, factory.

COMPULSER, kon-pul-sa, v. a. to compel or cause, (a register, notary or clerk) to show or deliver up a writing.

COMPULSOIR, s. m. any high seasoned meat. COMPULSOIRE, kon-pôl-swar, s. m. commission enjoining (a register, notary or clerk) to exhibit the papers a suitor has need of.

COMPUT, kon-pût, s. m. computation. COMPUT, kon-pût, s. m. computist. COMPUTISTE, kon-pût-ûst, s. m. computist. COMTAL, E, kon-tâl, adj. of or belonging

to an earl.

COMTE, kont, s. m. earl or count. Les An-lais ne donnent le nom d'earl qu'aux comtes de leur nation, et appellent count tous les comtes

COMTÉ, kon-tå, s. m. earldom, county. La Franche-Comté, the county of Burgundy.
COMTESSE, kon-tès, s. f. countess.
CONCASSER, kon-kå-så, v. a. to pound, hearly of burger graft.

break, or bruise small.

CONCATÉNATION, s. f. concatenation, link-

ing together.
Concave, kon-kav, adj. concave, hollow. CONCAVE, s. m. concave, concavity, hollowness.

CONCAVITÉ, kon-kå-vî-tå, s. f. concavity, hollowness.

Concéner, kon-så-då, v. a. to grant, yield.

CONCENTRATION, s.f. concentration. CONCENTRER, kon-sen-tra, v. a. to concentrate. Se concentrer, v. r. to concenter, meet in one center.

Concentrique, kon-sen-trik, adj. concentrick, having one common center.

CONCEPT, s. m. conception (of an idea.) CONCETTION, kon-sep-slon, s. f. concep-tion or breeding; conception, thought, notion; apprehension, judgment, understanding. CONCERNANT, kon-ser-nen, prep. concern-

ing, touching.
CONCERNER, kon-ser-na, v. a. to concern,

CORCERNAN, mercerard, belong to:
CORCERT, kon-ser, s. m. concert; harmony; (of birds) chirping, melody; a concert or music-meeting; consent, agreement, union,

good understanding. Faire une chose de con-cert, agir de concert, to do a thing by consent. act unanimously,

CONCERTANT, E, adj. he or she who sings

or plays in a concert

CONCERTÉ, E, adj. concerted, contrived : etc. affected, composed, studied, starched.

CONCERTER, E, kon-scr-ta, v. a. (in mu-sick) to try or rehearse; to keep or make a concert of music; to concert or contrive, bring Il concerte mal ses desseins, he does to pass. not lay his designs deep enough

Concerto, s. m. concerto. Concession, kon-sé-slon, r. f. concession

Concessionnaire, kon-se-do-ner. s. m.

grantee.

CONCETTI, s. m. witty conceits. CONCETABLE, kons-vabl, adj. conceivable, to be conceived or understood. Un pro-cédé si peu concevable, so unaccountable a proceeding.

CONCEVOIR, kons-vwar, v. a. to conceive with young, to breed; apprehend, comprehend or understand, frame an idea; to take or entertain an aversion for; to word or set down in writing, express. Concevoir de l'es down in writing, express. Conceroir de l'es perance, to indulge a hope.

*Concere, s. f. state of garb or of equipage;

also second reservoir in salt marshes. CONCHOIDE, s. f. conchoid, a curve

CONCHILIOLOGIE, s. f. that part of natural history which treats of shells.

CONCIERGE, kon-sièrz, s. m. & f. keeper (of a great house, prison, etc.)

CONCIERGERIE, kon-sièrz-ri, s. f. keeper's place, keeper's lodgings; prison.

Concile, kon-sil, s. m. council, general

assembly of divines.

CONCILIABULE, kon-si-lia-bal, s. m. conventicle; assembly of divines not of the catholic church.

CONCILIANT, E, kon-sî-lî-ên, ênt, adj. conciliating, reconciling.

Conciliat-eur, Rice, kon-si-ll-à-teur.

tris, s. m. & f. reconciler.
CONCILIATION, kon-si-li-a-sion, s. f. con-

ciliation, reconciling.
CONCILIER, kon-sl-lia, v. a. to conciliate, reconcile, accord, make to agree. Se conci lier, v. r. to conciliate, win, procure or gain.
CONCIS, E, kon-si, siz, adj. concise, short,

succinct, brief. Concision, s. f. concision, concisenes Concitoyen, ne, kon-sl-iwa-yen, yen, s.

m. &. f. fellow citizen.

CONCLAVE, kon-klav, s. m. conclave. CONCLAVISTE, kon-kla-vist, s. m. conclavist.

CONCLUANT, E, adj. concluded, etc.
CONCLUANT, E, adj. concluding, convincing. CONCLURE, kon-klar, v. a. see the table at clure; to conclude; finish, end, close; to re-solve upon, determine; infer, gather or draw a consequence. Conclure criminellement contre quelqu'un, to bring one in guilty, to find one guilty. Le conclus à cotre départ, I am for your going away. v. n. Ex. Un argument qui conclut bien, a concluding or convincing

argument.
Conclusi-F, ve, adj.conclusive, conclusion.
Conclusion, kon-kid-zion, s. f. conclusion. end, close, issue; consequence, inference

par, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Conclusions, (in law) demands. Conclusions des gens du roi, the opinion of the king's counsel and attorney-general. Conclusion, adv. to conclude, in short.

Concoction, kon-kôk-slon, s. m. concoc-Conclusion,

tion, digestion.

CONCOMBRE, kon-konbr, s. f. cucumber. CONCOMITANCE, kon-kô-mî-têns, s. f. concomitancy.

CONCOMITANT, E, kon-kô-mì-ten, tent, adj.

concomitant, concurrent

CONCORDANCE, kon-kor-dens, s. f. concordance; agreement, relation; (of the Bi-ble) a concordance. Concordar, kon-kor-da, s. m. concordate,

agreement, compact

CONCORDE, kon-kord, s. f. concord, union, od understanding. Mettre la concorde engood understanding. tre les ennemis, to reconcile enemies.

CONCOURIR, v. n. to agree, be agreed.
CONCOURIR, kon-kôc-rir, v. n. (like courir)
to concur, conspire, help; to be a competitor, stand in competition, set up or put in; to meet (of lines.

CONCOURS, kon-koor, s. m. concurrence;

concourse, resort; meeting.

CONCRET, E, adj. concrete, not abstract. CONCRETION, kon-kra-slow, s. f. concretion. CONCU. P., adj. conceived. V. Concevoir. CONCUEINAGE, kon-kû-bî-naz, s. m. concubinage, fornication.

CONCUBINAIRE, kon-ků-bl-nèr, s. m. one

that keeps a concubine

CONCUBINE, kon-kû-bîn, s. f. concubine, mistress.

Concupiscence, kon-ku-pl-sens, s. f. con-

cupiscence, lust.
Concupiscible, kon-kū-pl-sibl, adj. con-

CONCURREMMENT, kon-ku-ra-men, adv. in competition; also jointly, together, hand in hand.

CONCURRENCE, kon-kå-rens, s. f. competition; also concurrence, union, conjunction. Je te donnerai jusqu'à la concurrence de mille écus, I shall give thee as much as comes to a thousand crowns.

CONCURRENT, E, kon-ků-rén, rént, s. m.

& f. competitor, rival.

Concussion, kon-kū-slon, s. f. extortion;

CONCUSSIONNAIRE, kon-kû-siô-nêr, s. m. extertioner.

CONDAMNABLE, kon-då-nåbl, adj. guilty, blameable, to blame.

CONDAMNATION, kon-dâ-nâ-slon, s. f. con-demnation. Je passe condamnation, I con-

fess I am in the wrong.
COMDAMMER, kon-då-nå, v. a. to cast one at law, find guilty; to condemn, blame, dis-approve; (in gaming) to give judgment. Condamner (une porte, une ferher,) to shut up or nail fast. Condamner quelqu'un à la mort, to condemn one to die, sentence him to death. Condomner par contumace, to outlaw. Condamner à une amende, to fine. Condamner les sabords d'un vaisseau, to caulk up a ship's ports.

CONDENSATION, kon-den-så-slon, s. f. con-

densation, making thick.

CONDENSER, kon-den-så, v. a. to condensete, condense thicken. Se condenser, v. r. to condensate or condense, get condensed.

CONDESCENDANCE, kon-dê-sên-dêns, s. f. condescension, complaisance or compliance. CONDESCENDANT, E, kon-de-sen-den, dent,

adi. condescending, complaisant, complying.
CONDESCENDER, kon-de-sèndr, v. a. to
condescend, comply, submit or yield. Il nous
faut condescendre à leur foiblesse, we must bear with their weakness

CONDISCIPLE, kon-di-sipl, s. m. condisci-

ple, fellow-student, class-mate.
Condition, kon-di-slon, s. f. condition, state, nature, circumstance; condition, stastate, nature, circumstance, conduton, sicion; quality, degree; place, employment, effice, service; article, clause, proviso; terms; offer, proffer. A condition, upon condition, conditionally. A condition que, provided that, Conditionals, E, kon-di-id-na, adj. conditional. Marchandise bien conditionnée, good,

marketable, merchantable or sound commo-

dity.

CONDITIONNEL, LE, kon-di-siô-nêl, adj.

conditional. Le conditionnel, the conditiona.

CONDITIONNELLEMENT, kon-di-sid-ne. men, adv. conditionally, upon condition, with

a proviso.

CONDITIONNER, kon-dî-slô-na, v. a. to make a thing what it should be. V. Conditionné. (Opposer des conditions à un contrat, à un marché,) to article, make a clause or proviso.
CONDOLEANCE, kon-dô-la-èns, s. f. con-

dolence, condoling, condolement. Faire un compliment de condoléance à quelqu'un, to condole with one.

CONDOR, s. m. a large bird of Peru.

*CONDOULOIR, se condouloir, v. r. (only used in the infinit.) to condole. Je suis venn me condouloir avec vous de la perte que vous arez faite, I am come to condole your loss.

CONDUCT-EUR, RICE, kon-duk-teur, tris, s. m. & f. leader, guide, conductor. Conducteur de la jeunesse, governor or tutor or

overseer of youth.

CONDUCTION, s. f. the act of taking on lesse. CONDUIRE, kon-ddir, v. a. (see the table at wire) to conduct, lead, guide, bring or carry; also to drive; to convey (water;) to manage or carry on (a business;) to be surveyor or overseer of, to lead, command, head, have the conduct or command of; to tator, bring or train up; (the conscience) to direct; (the actions) to order; (the hand) to guide or hold; to wait on, to go along with. Il me conduisit de l'œil, he looked which way I went. Conduire, v. a. Mar. to carry, lead. Se conduire, v. r. to carry or behave one's self; also to find one's way. Cet areugle se conduit fort bien bei-même arec son bâton, that blind man finds his way very well with his stick. Je vous apprendrui à vous mieux conduire, 1 shall teach you better manners.

CONDUIT, E, adj. conducted, etc.
CONDUIT, kon-dill, s. m. conduit, passage
or pipe. Sauf-conduit. V. Sauf.
CONDUITE, kon-dill, s. f. conduct; manage-

ment; command; care; tuition or government; behaviour, deportment, way; forecast, discretion, wisdom, prudence; (of a play) coronomy, order; aqueduct, set of pipes for conveying water from one place to another; (argent que l'on donne à un matelot ou à un soldat pour faire sa route) conduct money

CONDYLE, s. m. prominence of the joints.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon ! brun.

CONDYLONE, s. m. sort of excrescence.

Conz, kon, s. m. cone. CONFABULATION, kon-fa-bå-lå-slon, s. f.

confabulation.

CONFABULER, kon-få-bå-lå, v. n. to confabulate, talk together

CONFECTION, kon-fek-sion, s.f. confection: (of chyle) making; completing or finishing. CONFEDERATI-F. VE. adj. relating to

confederation. CONFÉDÉRATION, kon-få-då-rå-slon, s. f.

confederacy, confederation, league, alliance. Conféderat, E, adj. confederate. Les

confédérés, the confederates or allies. Confédéres, (se) se kon-fa-da-ra, v. r. to confederate, unite in a confederacy.

CONFÉRENCE, kon-fit-rens, s. f. conference, talking together, parley; conferring or comparing.

CONFÉRER, kon-få-rå, v. n. to confer ; discourse or talk together. Conferer, v. a. to confer. collate, give or bestow; to confer or compare. Conferer les ordres à quelqu'un, to admit one into orders.

*Confessé, E, adj. that has confessed his

CONFESSE, kon-fes, s. f. confession. Aller

à confesse, to go to confession.

Confesser, kon-fè-sh, v. a. to confess, acknowledge, own or allow; hear one's confession. Se confesser, v. r. to confess one's sins.

CONFESSEUR, kon-fé-seur, s. m. confessor. Confession, kon-fe-sion, s. f. confession, acknowledgment.

CONFESSIONNAL, kon-fe-sio-nal, s. m. confessional, confessionary, confession-chair. CONFIANCE, kon-flens, s. f. confidence, reliance, trust, hope; boldness, hardihood.
CONFIANT, E, kon-fl-en, ent, adj. & s. m.

& f. confident, sanguine. Les défians et les confident, the diffident and the confident or sanguine. Confidemment, kon-fl-dâ-mên, adv. in

confidence, confidently, boldly.

Confidence, kon-fil-dens, s. f. confidence, intimacy. Etre dans la confidence de quelqu'un, to be one's confident, be intimate with one. Dire en considence, to tell as a secret. Faire considence d'une chose à quelqu'un, to trust a secret with one, to impart a secret to one. Confidence d'un bénéfice, keeping of a benefice for another.

CONFIDENT, E, kon-fl-den, dent, s. m. & f. confident, trusty friend.

CONFIDENTIAIRE, kon-fl-dên-slêr, s. m. keeper of a benefice for another.

CONFIDENTIEL, LE, adj. confidential. CONFIDENTIELLEMENT, adv. confidentially.

CONFIER, kon-fla, v. a. to intrust, commit to the hands and charge of, put in trust with. Se confier, v. r. to trust, put or repose one's trust or confidence in, confide, rely or depend upon.

CONFIGURATION, kon-fl-gd-ra-slon, s. f. configuration.

CONFIGURER, v. a. tò configure.

Confiner, kon-fi-na, à or avec, v. n. to border upon. Confiner dans, v. a. to confine, to shut up in. Se confiner v r. to confine one's self, shut one's self up

CONFINS, kon-fin. s. m. pl. confines, frontiers, borders

tiers, porcers.

Confire time pean, to dress a skin.

Confire time pean, to dress a skin.

Confire and pean time.

Confire and pean time. firmation

CONFIRMER, kon-fir-mi, v.a. to confirm Se confirmer, v. r. to strengthen, gain strength. Cette nouvelle se confirme, that news is confirmed.

CONFISCABLE, kon-fis-kabl, adj. forfeitable. CONFISCANT, E, adj. liable to confiscation or forfeiture.

CONFISCATION, kon-fls-kh-slon, s. f. con-

fiscation, forfeiture, forfeited goods.

CONFISEU-R, SE, kon-fl-zdur, muz, s. m. & f. confectioner.

CONFISQUÉ, E, adj. confiscated, forfeited; seized upon. Il est confisqué, he is a dead man. ConFISQUER, ken-fle-th, v. a. to confis-

cate, seize upon or take away as forfeited.

CONFIT, E, adj. preserved, seasoned, pick-led. Confit en acrotion, extremely devoust. ConFITEOR, s. m. a prayer among Roman Catholics beginning with the word confitor. Dire son confitor, to make an acknowledgment of one's faults.

CONFITURE, kon-fl-tur, s. f. comfit, comfiture, sweetmeat.

CONFITURIER, E, kon-fi-tå-riå, rier, s. m. & f. confectioner.

CONFLAGRATION, kon-flà-grà-slon, s. f. conflagration.

CONFLANS, V. Confluent.

CONFLIT, kon-fil, s. m. conflict, contest. CONFLUENT, kon-fil-èn, s. m. confluence. influx or fall of one river into another. Pe tite vérole confluente, sort of small pox which shows itself very thick.

CONFONDRE, kon-fondr, v. a. to confound; jumble, mix, blend, mingle or huddle together, perplex ; confute, puzzle ; abash, put out

CONFORMATION, kon-for-ma-slow, s. f. conformation, disposition.

COMFORME, kon-form, adj. conformed, conformable, agreeable, like, congruous, consentaneous.

CONFORMEMENT, kon-for-md-men, adv. conformably, agreeably, suitably.

CONFORMER, kon-for-ma, v. a. to conform, suit, frame, square or fashion, make like. Se conformer à, to conform one's self to, comply with.

Conformiste, kon-för-mint, s. m. & f. conformist.

CONFORMITÉ, kon-for-ml-tà, s. f. conformity, agreeableness, resemblance, likeness; sul mission, compliance.

*Confort, s. m. comfort, aid, assistance. CONFORTATI-P, VE, kon-for-th-tif, tiv, adj. strengthening, comforting.

CONFORTATION, kon-for-th-sion, s. f. cor

roboration, strengthening.

CONFORTER, kon-for-ta, v. a. to comfort, strengthen, corroborate, cheer up. CONFRATERNITÉ, kon-frà-ter-ni-tà, a. f.

fraternity, society.

CONFRÈRE, kon-frèr, s. m. fellow-member, brother

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CONFRÉRIE, kon-frå-rl, s. f. fraternity,

bvotherhood, society.
Confrontation, kon-fron-th-slon, s. f. confrontation or confronting, comparing, conferring, collation.

CONFRONTER, kon-fron-th, v. a. to confront; bring face to face with the prisoner; to

compare or confer.

Confused, etc. V. Confondu, confounded, canfused, etc. V. Confondu, confounded, sahamed, out of countenance, abashed; perplexed, confused, dark. Miroir qui fait voir test confus, dell looking-glass that does not show the object clear.

CONFUSEMENT, kon-fû-så-mên, adv. con-fusedly, without order, higgledy-piggledy, in a jumble, indistinctly.

Confusion, kon-fü-zlon, s. f. confusion, disorder, mixture, jumble; trouble; shame, blushing, deal, store, abundance.

En confusion, adv. confusedly, without order; also in abundance. Vous me donnez de la confusion, you make me ashamed or make ne blush.

*Confutation, s. f. confutation.
*Confuter, etc. V. Réfuter.
Congr., s. m. that measure called by the

CONGE, S. M. LINE.
Romans congius
CONGÉ, kon-zà, s. m. leave, permission, sicence; discharge; furlough; play-day or holy-day; permit, licence; dismission. Prendre congé de quelqu'un, to take leave of one, bid one farewell. Donner congé à son domesta dismiss a servant.

Donner congé à son locataire, to give a lodger warning to remove. Mar. pass or pass-port.
Congedier, kon-za-da, v. a. to dismiss,

discharge, send away. Congédier des troupes, to disband soldiers. Congédier quelqu'un, to forbid one the house. Congédier l'ensipage d'un bâtiment, Mar. to pay off a ship's com-

CONGELATION, kos-za-la-don, s. f. con-

gealing or congelation.

CONGELER, konz-la, v. a. to congeal or freeze. Se congeler, v. r. to congeal, get

Conginera, adj. congenerous, of the same kind.

CONGESTION, kon-zes-tion, s. f. congestion. mass or gathering.

CONGIAIRE, s. m. congiary

CONGLOBATION, kon-glo-ba-slon, s. f. conglobation, a multiplying of arguments and proofs.

CONGLOBÉ, E, adj. conglobate.

Conglomere, E, adj. conglomerate. Conglomerer, v. a. to conglomerate. Conglutination, kon-gld-il-na-slon, s. f.

conglutination.

CONGLUTINER, kon-giù-ti-na, v. a. to con-

glutinate or glue.

CONGRATULATION, kon-gra-to-la-slon, s. f. congratulation, wishing joy, rejoicing with another.

Congratuler, kon-grā-tū-lā, v. a. to

congratulate, wish joy.

CONGRE, kongr, s. m. conger (sort of cel.) CONGREAGE, s. m. Mar. keckling, worming. Congréer, v. a. to worm (a rope,) to keckle (a cable.)

CONGRÉGANISTE, s. m. & f. belonging to a congregation.

Congrégation, kon-gra-ga-sion, s. f congregation, assembly.
Congress, kon-gre, s. m. congress.

Congru, r, kon-grd, grd, adj. competent, sufficient, api, fit, congruous. Orazion congrue, exact, regular, proper or congruous speech. Portion congrue, competent allowance

*Congruent, E, adj. congruent. Congruité, s. f. congruity.

Congrument, kon-grd-men, adv. con gruously, exactly, properly, regularly. Conjectural, e, kon-zek-tu-ral, adj

conjectural.

CONJECTURALEMENT, kon men, adv. by guess or conjecture kon-zěk-tů-rál

CONJECTURE, kon-zek-tur, s. f. conjecture

guess, probable opinion, supposition.
CONJECTURER, kon-zek-tů-ra, v. a. to

conjecture, guess or suppose. CONIFERE, adj. comierous.

CONJOINDRE, kon-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to conjoin, join together.

CONJOINT, E, adj. conjoined, joined to-

CONJOINTEMENT, kon-zwint-men, adv. jointly, logether.

CONJONETI-F, VE, kon-zonk-ilf, tlv, adj conjunctive. V. Subjonetif; for many, instead of Le mode subjonetif, say Le mode Conjonetif. Conjonetion, kon-zonk-slon, s. f. conunction.

CONJONCTIVE, s. f. conjunction (in gram-

mar;) also white of the eye.

CONJONCTURE, kon-zonk-tor, s. f. juncture, conjuncture.

*CONJOUIR, (SE) v. r. to rejoice with one, wish one joy, congratulate one

"CONJOUISSANCE, s. f. wishing joy, congratulation. Lettre de conjouissance, congratulatory letter.

CONIQUE, kô-nik, adj. conical.

CONJUGAISON, kon-zū-ge-zon, s. f. conjugation. CONJUGAL, E, kon-zů-gůl, adj. conjugal

connubial. Conjugatement, kon-zů-gål-mên, adv.

conjugally, in a conjugal manner. Conjuguer, kon-zu-ga, v. a. to conjugate.

CONJURATEUR, kon-zu-ra-teur, s. m. conspirator, plotter; also conjurer CONJURATION, kon-zū-rā-slon, s. f. plot,

conspiracy; conjuration, charm; exorcism; prayer, entreaty.
Conjung, Kon-2ů-rå, s. m. plotter, conspi-

rator.

CONJURER, kon-zů-rå, v. n. & a. to plot, conspire; to conjure, earnestly entreat or de-

sire; to conjure, exorcise, cast out or lay spirits. ConnETABLE, kô-na-tabl, s. m. high con-

stable of France; constable.

Cométable, s. f. Madame la connétable, high constable's wife.

CONNÉTABLIE, s. f. high constable's jurisdiction.

CONNEXE, kô-nêks, adj. connected, joined, tied, linked together, relating.

CONNEXION, kô-nêk-slon, or CONNEXITÉ, s. f. connexion, coherence, relation.

CONNIL, s. m. cony, rabbit. *CONNILLER, v. n. to shift, use shifts, dodge. *CONNILLIÈRE, s. f. shift, subterfuge. CONNIN. V. Counil

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfam, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CONNEVENCE, kô-nl-vèns, s. f. connivance, winking at.

CONNIVER, kô-nì-và, v. n. to connive, to wink at, take no notice of.

CONNOISSABLE, kô-nê-sabi, adj. that may be known. Il n'est pas connoissable, he is quite another man.

Connoissance, kd-ne-sens, s. f knowledge, intelligence, notion; cognizance; acquaintance; senses, wit, judgment; carnal knowledge, copulation; trial or hearing; (des côtes) draughts; (in hunting) marks, traces, tracks. Prendre connoissance d'une chose, to des actions de quelqu'un, to have an eye on one's actions, examine them. Prendre comnoissance d'un procès, to hear a eause in order to determine it. Faire connoissance avec quelqu'un, to get acquainted or scrape an acquaintance with one. Il a une grande connoissance des tableaux, des pierreries, etc. he is a great connoisseur in pictures, jewels, etc. Perdre connoissance, to lose one's senses. Connoissances, belles connoissances, knowledge, learning, light. Juger des choses par ses propres connoissances, to judge of things by one's own light.

Connoissance de temps, Mar. Ephemeris, nautical almanack. Ce jour-là nous elimes connoissance du Cap-Verd, that day we discovered the Cape Verd. Prendre connoissance de terre, to make the land distinctly. A la voile que porte le général, il veut prendre connoissance de terre avant la nuit, by the sail the admiral carries, he wishes to make the

land before night.

CONNOISSANT, E, adj. knowing.

CONNOISSEMENT, ko-nes-men, s. m. Mar. bill of lading.

CONNOISSEU-R, SE, kô-nê-sêur, sêuz, s. m. & f. connoisseur, judge, skilful or knowing

CONNOITRE, kô-nètr, v. a. (see the table at oftre) to know or understand; to know, be acquainted with; to know, have a carnal knowledge of; to admit, own; to take cognizance or be a judge of. Faire connoître, donner à connoître, to make known, give to understand, also to show, argue, prove or make appear. Se faire connoître, to make one's self known. Se connoître du, to have skill in, understand. Se connoître au goût des riandes, to have a good palate for tasting meat. Il a des subtitités où l'on ne connoît rien, he has such cunning fetches as are impenetrable.

CONNU, E, adj. known, understood, etc.

CONOIDAL, E, adj. conoidical. CONOIDE, s. m. conoid.

CONQUE, konk, s. f. conch, shell, sea-shell. Les Tritons enfloient leurs conques marines, the Tritons blew their conchs or marine trum-

CONQUERANT, E, kon-ku-ren, rent, s. m. & f. conqueror, subduer.

Conquerin, kon-ka-rir, v. a. (see the table at querier) to conquer, subdue, bring under, gain or get. Il conquit la Normandie sur les Anglais, he took or recovered Normandy from the English.

CONQUET, kon-ke, s. m. (in law) purchase made during the community betwirt the husnand and wife.

Conquête, kon-kêt, s. f. conquest. *Conquêter, V. Conquérir. Conquis, E, adj. conquered.

CONSACRANT, adj. & s. m. consecrating. consecrater.

CONSACRÉ, E, adj. consecrated, etc. Mots consacrés, words consecrated or appropriated

to some particular use or signification.

Consacrer, kon-så-krå, v. a. to consecrate or hallow, to dedicate or devote; to sa-crifice; bestow; to determine a proper and particular signification for (a word.)

CONSANGUIN, E, adj. consanguineous, by the father's side.

CONSANGUIN, kon-sen-gin, s. m. half brother by the father's side.

Consanguinité, kon-sen-gili-ni-th, s. f.

consanguinity, kindred by blood.

CONSCIENCE, kon-slens, s. f. conscience: consciousness. Faire conscience d'une chose, to make conscience or scruple of, to scruple. En conscience, in conscience, upon one's conscience, indeed.

Consciencieusement, kon-sièn-sièuzmen, adv. conscientiously, conscionably, with

a good conscience. Consciencieu-x, se, kon-slên-slêu, slêuz, adj. conscientious, conscionable. Conscription, s. f. conscription.

CONSCRIT, s. m. conscript.

Consécrateur, kon-så-krå-teur, s. m. consecrator.

Consécration, kon-så-krå-slon, s. f. consecration

Consecuti-F, ve, kon-sa-kû-tif, tiv, adi. consecutive, one after another.

Consécutivement, kon-så-kå-tiv-men,

adv. consecutively.

Conseil, kon-sel, s. m. counsel or advice; resolution, course; counsel, (at law) counsel-

lor; council; council-board. Conseil de guerre, council of war, court-martial.

Conseiller, kon-sê-la, v. a. to advise,

give advice, counsel.

CONSEILLER, E, kon-sè-là, lèr, s. m. & f. counseilor, adviser; judge. Conseiller du roi duns son conseil privé, one of his majesty's most honourable privy council. Conseiller des grâces, looking glass.

CONSENTANT, E, kon-sen-ten, tent. adj. consenting, willing. Je suis consentant à tout, I agree to it in all points.

CONSENTEMENT, kon-sent-men, s. m. consent; approbation, assent; accord, agreement. D'un commun consentement, with one accord, unanimously.

CONSENTIR, kon-sen-tir, v. n. (like Sentir) Consent, yield, be willing, approve, agree.
Consentir, Mar. to spring. Notre mat de
beaupré a consenti, we have sprung our bowsprit or our bowsprit is sprung. Faire consentir un mât or une vergue, to spring a mast or yard.

Conséquemment, kon-så-kå-men, adv. consequently.

Conséquence, kon-sa-kans, s. f. consequence; also sequel. Tirer une chose à consequence, to make a precedent of a thing.

Conséquent, E, adj. who reasons or acts consequently.

Conséquent, kon-så-kan, s. m. consequent (in logic.)

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

Par consequent, adv. consequently, therefore, by consequence.

CONSERVAT-EUR, RICE, kon-ser-va-teur, tris, s. m. & f. conservator, defender, preserver, maintainer, protector, protectress, keep-

er, saviour.
Conservation, kon-ser-va-slon, s. f. conservation, preservation, keeping, maintaining. CONSERVATOIRE, adj. conservatory.

CONSERVATOIRE, s. m. coplace where any thing is kept. m. conservatory a

CONSERVE, kon-serv, s. f. conserve, comfit.

Conserves, sort of spectacles. Conserve or vaisseau de conserve, Mar. consort; tender. Nous perdimes de vue notre conserve pendant trois jours, we lost sight of our consort for three days. Vaisseau de con serve, convoy. Aller de conserve, to keep com-

pany together. Conserver, kon-ser-va, v. a. to conserve, preserve, keep, defend or maintain. Se con-server, v. r. to keep; also to take care of one's self, mind one's health.

Conserver, v. a.-Mar. to keep, etc. server à vue un bâtiment, to keep sight of a Ce vaisseau-là conserve long-temps son air, that ship holds her way a long time. En conservant le château au nord-nord-est, nous conserverons le même brassiage, keeping the castle at north-north-east, we shall keep the same depth of water.

CONSIDENCE, s. f. subsiding, sinking.
CONSIDERABLE, kon-si-da-rabl, adj. con-siderable, remarkable, notable, noted, of note. Il est considérable à la reine pour les services qu'il hi a rendus, the queen values him for the services he has done her.

Considérablement, kon-si-då-råbl-men,

adv. considerably, much, notably.

CONSIDÉRANT, adj. circumspect, regardful. CONSIDERANT, s. m. remark, reflection.

Consideration, kon-si-da-ra-slon, s. f. consideration; viewing, etc. consideration, reflection, thought, meditation; ciscumspection, considerateness, prudence, discretion ; regard, esteem, respect; note, merit, worth, account; consequence, importance, moment, weight; account, sake, reason, motive.
CONSIDERÉ, E, adj. looked upon, held in consideration, etc. Il est le plus considéré de

la cour, he is the chief man at court.
Consider Ement, kon-si-da-ra-men, adv. considerately, advisedly, discreetly, circumspectly, prudently.

CONSIDÉRER, kon-si-da-ra, v. a. to consider; to view, behold, look or gaze upon; to take into consideration, mind, think of, meditate upon; to esteem, respect or regard, have an esteem or respect for.

Consignataire, kon-si-gna-tèr, s. m.

Consignation, kon-si-gna-sion, s. f. depositing, committing of a thing to one's keep ing, in trust; also thing deposited, trust. L. consignations or le bureau des consignation. public office for receiving money deposited by legal authority.

CONSIGNE, kon-sign, s. f. the order given to a sentinel by the officer who stations him.

Consigner, kon-sl-gnå, v. a. to deposite, consign, leave in trust; also to give an order to a sentinel.

CONSISTANCE, kon-sis-tèns, s. f. consistence or thickness; continuance, firmness, stability, stableness, settled condition, steadiness; soli-dity; extent and nature and privileges (of an estate.) Savez vous quelle fut la consistance de la monarchie sous François I? do you know how the monarchy stood under Francis Inow how the monarchy stood under Francis

1? Age de consistance, constant or middle
age. Je n'elois pas alors en trop bonne consistance, I was not then very well.

CONSISTANT, E, adj. consisting.

CONSISTER, kon-sis-tå, v. n. to consist.

CONSISTORIAL, E, kon-sis-tå-riål, adj. consistorial.

sistorial.

CONSISTORIALEMENT, kon-sis-id-ridl-men. adv. in a consistory, in a consistorial form or

manner. Consolable, kon-so-labl, adj. consolable, that may be comforted, capable of consola-

tion or comfort. Consolant, E, kon-so-len, lent, adj. con-

soling, comfortable, that comfort CONSOLAT-EUR, RICE, kon-so-la-teur, tris.

s. m. & f. comforter. CONSOLATI-F, VE, adj. consolatory, tend-

ing to give comfort.
Consolation, kon-so-la-slon, s. f. comfort,

consolation.

CONSOLATOIRE, kon-sô-lâ-twar, adi, con-

solatory, comforting.

Console, kon-sôl, s. f. corbel, console, shouldering-piece (in masonry;) bracket (in timber-work.)

Console, E, adj. consoled, comforted that has received comfort. Fen suis tout console, it troubles or affects me no more. I do not matter it.

CONSOLER, kon-so-la, v. a. to comfort, give comfort, console, ease the grief of. Qui ne se peut consoler, inconsolable, incapable of coinfort. Il se console aisément de la mort de sa femme, he is not much troubled at the loss of his wife.

CONSOLIDANT, E, s. & adj. consolidant, that has the quality of uniting wounds.

Consolidation, ken-so-il-da-slen, s. f.

consolidation.

Consolider, kon-so-fl-da, v. a. to consolidate, heal or close up, strengthen. Consolider l'usufruit à la propriété, to consolidate or unite the profit with the property.

Consommateur, kon-som-må-teur, s. m. consumer, finisher.

Consommation, kon-so-ma-slon, s. f. consummation, accomplishing, perfection, end; consumption (of food, etc.)

CONSOMME, E, adj. consummated, consummate, perfected, accomplished; perfect, absolute, complete. Consommé dans les sci-

ences, deeply learned.

Consommé, kon-sô-må, s. m. jelly broth.

Consommer, kon-sô-må, v. a. to consumer. mate, make up or finish, complish or complete, make an end of; to consume or waste; to expend. Faire consommer de la viande, to boil meat to rags.

Consomption, kon-sorp-slon, s. f. con-

sumption, wasting: the consumption.

Consonnance, kon-so nens, s. f. consonance, harmony; also rhyme.

CONSONNANT, adj. consonant.

bose, bût : jêûne, mênte, beurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Consonue, kon-son, s. f. & adj. consonant. Lettre consonne, consonant.

Consont, ron-sor, s. m. partner, associate.

CONSOUDE, s. f. comfrey (an herb.)
CONSPIRATEUR, kons-pl-rk-teur, s. m. plotter, commirator,

CONSPIRATION, kons-pl-ra-slon, s. f. plot,

conspiracy, combination CONSPIRER, kons-pi-ra, v. n. & a. to con-

pire, plot, agree together CONSPUER, kons-pd-a, v. a. to spit upon,

hold in the greatest contempt.

CONSTABLENT, hons-ta-men, adv. constantly, with constancy, firmly, steadfastly, stoutly, resolutely, with resolution; certainly.

CONSTANCE, kons-tens, s. f. constancy, firmness, steadfastness, steadiness, persever-

CONSTANT, E, kons-ten, tent, adj. constant; firm, resolute; steadfast, persevering, steady; fixed, lasting; sure, certain.

CONSTATER, kons-th-th, v. a. to prove, ve-

rify, give undeniable proofs of.
CONSTRLLATION, kons-tell-la-slon, s. f.

constellation. Constellé, adj. made under a certain

constellation. CONSTER, kons-th, v. n. imp. to be certain

or plain. Il conste, it is evident. CONSTERNATION, kons-ter-na-slor, s. f.

consternation. CONSTERNER, kons-têr-nê, v. a. to asto-nish, dismay, affright, dash, discourage, put

into consternation. CONSTIPATION, kon-stl-ph-slow, s. f. con-

stipation, costiveness.

CONSTIPER, kons-ti-ph, v. a. to bind or make contive, constipate. Les nèfles constipent, medlars are binding.

CONSTITUANT, E, kons-tl-td-en, ent, adj. & s. constituent, one that appoints another in his or her room.

CONSTITUÉ, E, adj. constituted, appointed, etc. Etre bien constitué, avoir le corps bien constitué, to be of a good constitution.

CONSTITUER, kons-ti-to-to, v. a. to constitute, appoint, assign, establish or make; to put or make to consist; to make up. Constituer en dignité, to raise or prefer to honour. Constituer quelqu'un prisonnier, to make one a prisoner, commit one to prison. Constituer en frais; to put to expense. Constituer une rente or une pension our une terre, to settle an amuity (rent or pension) upon an estate.

CONSTITUTION, VE, kons-tl-th-th, thy, adj. constitutive.

CONSTITUTION, kons-ti-ta-slon, s. f. constitution, form of government, law; composition, making up; temperament; arrangement, order. Constitution de rente or bien à constitution, annuity. Emprunteur à constitution de rente, borrower upon annuities. Mettre son argent en constitution de rente, to buy an amuity or annuities. A quel denier de constitution avez-vous prête votre argent? How many years purchase save you given for your annuity? Rentier à constitution, annuitant.

CONSTITUTIONNAIRE, kons-tl-tû-slo ner, s. m. & f. appuitant.

CONSTITUTIONNEL, LE, adj. constitutional. CONSTRICTEUR, s. m. constrictor. Constriction, kons-trik-sion, s. f. constriction contraction, compression.

Constringent, E, kons-trin-zen, zent,

adj. constringent, binding. Constructeur, s. m. builder, ship-builder. Construction, konstruk-slow, s. f. construction; building, framing. Mar. ship building, practical part of naval architecture. Vasseaux en construction, new ships building. La construction de Sané est fort estimée, Sane is beld in high repute as a ship builder.

CONSTRUIRE, kons-trair, v. a. (see the table at mire) to build, make, construct; to construe. Construire un poeme, to frame or build a poem, to order its divers parts.

CONSUBSTANTIALITÉ, kon-sûbs-ten-sîn-Iltà, s. f. consubstantiality.

CONSUESTANTIEL, LE, kon-sübs-ten-siil. adj. consubstantial, of the same substance. CONSUESTANTIELLEMENT, kon-sübs-ten-

siel-men, adv. consubstantially. CONSUL, kon-sůt, s. m. consul.

CONSULAIRE, adj. consular, belonging to a consul. Famille consulaire, consul's family. CONSULAIRE, kon-sh-ler, s. m. one that has been consul.

CONSULAIREMENT, kon-så-ler-men, adv.

in a consular manner.

CONSULAT, kon-så-lå, s. m. consulate.

CONSULTANT, E, kon-sål-ten, tent, adj. & s. one who asks counsel or advice; also one who is or may be consulted. Avocat consu tant, chamber-counsel, chamber-counsellor.

CONSULTATION, kon-sul-th-slos, s. f. consultation, deliberation.

CONSULTATIVE, adj. Voix consultative, consultative voice.

CONSULTER, kon-sûl-tâ, v. a. to consuk, advise with, take advice of. Consulter sur, v. n. to consult or deliberate upon.

Consulteur, s. m. a doctor appointed by the pope to give advice on points of faith and discipline.

CONSUMANT, E, adj. consuming. CONSUMER, kon-sū-mā, v. a. to consume, destroy, waste, spend, devour. Se consume v. r. to waste away, wear out, decay, dimi

CONTACT, kon-takt, s. m. contact. CONTAGIRU-X, SE, kon-tå-zleu, zleuz, adj. contagious, catching, pestilential.
CONTAGION, kon-tå-zlon, s. f. contagion,

infection; corruption (of manners.)
CONTAMINATION, s. f. contamination, pol-

lution, defiling. CONTAMINER, v. a. to contaminate, pol-

lute, defile.

CONTE, komt, s. m. account, story, relation; tale, fable; idle story, sham, flam. Conte fait à plaisir, seigned story. V. Compte.
CONTÉ, E, adj. told, reckoned, reputed.

V. Conter. CONTEMPLAT-EUR, RICE, kon-ten-pla-

teur, tris, s. m. & f. contemplator.

CONTEMPLATI-F, VE, kon-ten-pla-tif, tlv, adj. given to contemplation, contemplative. CONTEMPLATION, kon-tèn-plà-sion. s. f. contemplation, speculation, meditation. En contemplation de, in consideration of.

CONTEMPLER, kon-ten-pla, v. a. to contemplate, take a view of, meditate upon.

gaze, muse. CONTEMPORAIN, E, kon-ten-po-rin, renadj. & s. cotemporary or contemporary

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CON

CONTEMPORANÉITÉ, s. f. existence of two or several persons at the same time.

CONTEMPTEUR, kon-temp-teur, s. m. contemner, despiser.

*CONTEMPTIBLE, adj. contemptible, despicable, base.

CONTENANCE, kont-nens, s. f. countenance, posture, looks; capacity, capacitys, con-tents, largeness, extent. Bonne contenance d'une armée, good order and disposition of an army. Perdre contenance, to be out of coun-tenance. Faire bonne contenance, to be reso-

CONTENANT, E, adj. that contains.

Le conte-CONTENANT, s. m. container. mant est plus grand que le contenu, the contain-

er is greater than the contents.

CONTENDANT, E, kon-ten-den, dent, s. m. & f. contending, competitor, rival or candidate. Les parties contendantes, the contend-

ing parties.
CONTENIE, kont-nlr, v. a. like tenir, to contain; hold, comprehend or comprise, keep in or keep back, keep within bounds, bridle or rule. Se contentr, v. r. to forbear or refrain,

contain one's self.

CONTENT, E, kon-tèn, tènt, adj. contented, satisfied, pleased; content, willing. Il est content de lui-même, he has a great concent of himself. Vivre content, to live contentedly.

CONTENTEMENT, kon-tent-men, s. m. content, contentment, pleasure, satisfaction, joy,

blessing, delight.

Contenten, kon-tên-th, v. a. to content; give content to; to please, satisfy, humour; pacify; to pay. Se contenter de, v. r. to be contented or well pleased or satisfied with

CONTENTIEU-X, SE, kon-tên-sêu, sêuz, adj. contentious, litigious, quarrelsome; also that may be contended for or disputed.

CONTENTIEUSEMENT, kon-ten-sleuz-men, adv. contentiously.

CONTENTION, kon-ten-slon, s. f. contention; debate, strife, dispute, quarrel; heat, vehemence, eagerness; great attention, earnest application of mind.

CONTENU, E, adj. contained. CONTENU, kont-nu, s. m. contents.

CONTER, kon-ta, v. a. to tell, relate or say. En conter, to tell stories, romance. Conter des sornettes, to tell idle stories. En conter à une femme, or his conter des douceurs or des fleurettes, to cajole or wheedle a woman, entertain a woman with amorous nonsense or with fine amorous expressions. Seen faire conter, to entertain a lover, give ear to his flattering addresses, love to be cajoled. V. Compter.

CONTESTABLE, kon-tes-tabl, adj. disputable, that may be controverted or contended for. CONTESTANT, E, adj. contending, that is at law with another.

CONTESTATION, kon-tes-ta-slon, s. f. con-

lest, debate, controversy, dispute, quarrel, "Contesta, kon-test, s. f. V. Contestation. Contester, kon-test, to, a. to contest, contend, dispute or quarrel for, to controvert, debate, call or bring in question.

CONTEU-R, SE, kon-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. teller of stories. Conteur de sornettes, teller of idle stories. Conteur de fleurettes, one that cajoles or wheedles women, general lover.

CONTIGU, E, Kon-tl-ga, ga, adj. contiguous, adjoining or very near

CONTIGUITÉ, kon-tl-gů-l-ta, s. f. contigui-

ty, contiguousness.
Continence, kon-ti-nens, s. f. continency continence, chastity, abstinence from unlawful pleasure; extent, capacity.

CONTINENT, E, kon-ti-nes, nest, adj. con-tinent, sober, chaste, virtuous.

CONTINENT, kon-ti-nen, s. m. a costinent.

CONTINGENCE, kon-tin-zens, s. f. contingency, contingence, casualty, uncertainty of

CONTINGENT, E, kon-tin-zen, zent, continent, accidental, easual. Portion contingente, share, dividend.

CONTINGENT, s. m. contingent, share or quota.

CONTINU, E, kon-tl-nd, nd, adj. continuous, close; continual, continued, incessant, unin-terrupted, without intermission.

CONTINU, s. m. close body, a whole. CONTINUATEUR, kon-ti-nd-à-teur, s. m.

continuator. CONTINUATION, s. f. continuation, continu

ance, lastingness CONTINUE, kon-ti-nu, s. f. continuance, length of time. A la continue, at length, in the long run, in time.

CONTINUEL, LE, kon-ti-nû-êi, adj. continual, constant, without intermission, perpetual. CONTINUELLEMENT, kon-tl-na-êl-mên, or CONTINUMENT, adv. continually, perpetually, ever or ever and anon, always, without intermission, incessantly.

CONTINUER, kon-ti-in-k, v. a. to continue; carry on, to go on with; prolong; persevero, go on. Continuer, v. n. to continue, hold on or out, last.

CONTINUITÉ, kon-tl-nû-l-ta, s. f. continu-

ity, closeness, continuance.
CONTONDANT, E, adj. name given to any

instrument that wounds without cutting. CONTORSION, kon-tor-sion, s. f. contortion,

Le démon lui donnoit distortion, wry face. d'étranges contorsions, he was strangely distorted by the devil.

CONTOUR, kon-toor, s. m. contour, con-pass, circumference, turning and winding. CONTOURNER, kon-toor-na, v. a. to draw

the contours of a picture or figure. Contract, V. Contract.

CONTRACTANT, E, kon-trak-ten, tent, adj. & s. that covenants or contracts, contracting,

contractor, contracting party.

CONTRACTER, kon-trak-ta, v. n. to contract, covenant or bargain, make a contract,

or covenant or bargain, article.

Contracter, v. a. to contract; to shorten, condense. Contracter des dettes, to run into debt, contract debts. Contracter alliance arec quelqu'ten, to strike or make an alliance with one. Se contracter, v. r. to contract, shrink

up, grow shorter.
Contraction, kon-trak-slon, s. f. con-

CONTRACTURL, LE, kon-trak-tu-el, adj. stipulated, agreed upon.

CONTRACTURE, s. f. (in architecture) contracting of a column towards the top

CONTRADICTEUR, kon-trå-dik-teur, s. m contradictor, opposer.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfâst, cêst, liês : vis : mos : brus.

CONTRADICTION, kon-trå-dik-slon, s. f. contradiction, inconsistence; also opposition, obstacle. Esprit de contradiction, contradicting temper.

CONTRADICTOIRE, kon-trå-dik-twår, adj. contradictory, that implies contradiction.

Jugement contradictoire, peremptory decree or judgment.

CONTRADICTOIREMENT, kon-trå-dik-twarmes, adv. contradictorily; also peremptorily.
CONTRAIGNABLE, kon-tre-guabl, adj. that
may be constrained or compeled (to pay.)
CONTRAINDEE, kon-trindr, v. a. (see the

table at aindre) to constrain, force, compel or oblige by force; to constrain, put a constraint upon, to put out of one's bias; to squeeze or wring, be tight upon, pinch. La rime contraint un poète, rhyme constrains or ties up a poet. L'étude le contraint fort, he is averse from study, study goes much against his grain.

CONTRAINT, E, kon-trin, trint, adj. con-strained, forced, compelled, etc.; forced, not

free, stiff, uneasy; narrow.

CONTRAINTE, s. f. constraint, force, com-pulsion, violence. Faire les choses sans contrainte, to do things freely or with a great deal of freedom. Contrainte par corps, order or writ or warrant to seize the body of a debtor.

CONTRAIRE, kom-trer, adj. contrary, oppo-site, repugnant, cross or adverse; bad, hurtful.

CONTRAIRE, s. m. contrary. Au contraire, adv. on the contrary, contrarily. Tout au contraire, quite contrarily or quite contrary, also rather. Aller au contraire d'une chose, to go or speak against a thing, contradict or gainsay it.

CONTRARIANT, E, kon-tra-rl-èn, ent, adj. apt to contradict, of a contradicting temper.
CONTRARIER, kon-tra-ri-a, v. a. to con-

tradict or gainsay; to run counter to, oppose, thwart or cross

CONTRARIÉTÉ, kon-trà-rì-à-tà, s. f. contrariety, opposition, disagreement; also con-Contrariétés, diffitradiction, inconsistency. culties, crosses or obstacles.

CONTRASTE, kon-trast, s. m. contrast; also

debate or dispute.

CONTRASTER, kon-tras-ta, v. a. to contrast, make a contrast of figures.

CONTRAT, kon-tra, s. m. contract, bargain, agreement, covenant, deed or instrument, articles. Contrat de mariage, articles of marriage or marriage settlement. Contrat de donation, deed of gift.

CONTRAVENTION, kon-tra-ven-slon, s. f.

contravention, infraction.

CONTRE, kontr, prep. against, contrary to; mear by. Tout contre, hard by.

CONTRE, s. m. opposite side of a question. Savoir le pour et le contre d'une affaire, to be thoroughly acquainted with a business. V. Pour, s. m.

CONTRE-ALLÉE, kon-tra-là, s. f. small walk

along side of a great one.

CONTRE-AMIRAL, s. m. Mar. rear admiral. CONTRE-APPROCHES, s. f. pl. counter-approaches.

CONTRE-BALANCER, v. B. to counter-ba-

lance, countervail, counterpoise.

CONTREBANDE, kontr-bend, s. f. contraband commodities, prohibited goods. Faire la contrebande, to smuggle, run or smuggle prohibited goods, be a smuggler.

Contrebandier, e, kertré-be-dièr, s. m. & f. smuggier. V. Bâtiment. Contre-Bas, adv. upwards. trê-bên-dîl.

CONTRE-BASSE, s. f. counterbase.

CONTRE-BATTERIE, s. f. counter-battery. CONTRE-BRASSER, v. a. Mar. to brace about. V. Brasser,

CONTRECARRER, kontr-kh-rå, v. a. to thwart, cross or oppose, contradict, run coun-

CONTR'ÉCART, s. m. an escutcheon's being counter quartered.

CONTR'ÉCARTELER, v.a. to counter quarter. CONTRE-CHARME, s. m. counter-charm.

CONTRE-CHASSIS, s. m. double casement. CONTRE-CIVADIÈRE, s. f. Mar. sprit-sai!

CONTRE-COEUR, s. m. unwillingness. Ex. A contre-cœur, adv. against one's will, against the grain. Contre-cœur de cheminée, iron

back for a fire-place.

CONTRE-CORNIÈRE, s. f. Mar. piece framed and bolted with the fashion piece afore it in French ships (not used in the building of English ships.)

CONTRE-COUP, s. m. counter-blow, rebound. CONTRE-COURANT, s. m. Mar. countercurrent.

CONTRE-DANSE, s. f. country-dance.

CONTREDIRE, kontr-dir, v. a. (like dire, except the second pers. plur. of the pres. rous contredisez, and imperative, contredisez) to contradict, gainsay or speak against, to confute or answer.

CONTREDISANT, kontr-di-zen, adj. con

tradicting, gainsaying.

CONTREDIT, kontr-dl, s. m. contradiction. controversy, confutation, answer; objection, replication. Sans controdit, without controversy, most certainly.
Contrée, kon-trà, s. f. country, region.

tract of land

CONTRE-ÉCHANGE, s. m. mutual exchange CONTRE-ENQUÊTE, s. f. inquest contrary to that of the adverse party.

Contre-érreuve, s. f. counter-proof (of

a drawing or engraving.)

CONTRE-ÉPREUVER, v. a. to draw a counterproof,

CONTRE-ESPALIER, s. m. espalier facing another espalier with a walk between.

CONTRE-ÉTAIS, s. m. pl. Mar. after back

CONTRE-ÉTAMBORD or CONTRE-ÉTAM-BOT, s. m. Mar. stern-post. Contre-étambord intérieur, inner stern-post. Contre-étambora extérieur, back of the stern-post.

CONTRE-ETRAVE, s. f. Mar. apron (in ship-

building.)

CONTREFAÇON, s. f. counterfeit or counterfeiting.

CONTREFACTEUR, s. m. he who is guilty of counterfeiting, counterfeiter, forger.

CONTREFAIRE, v. a. like faire, to counterfeit; imitate, mimick, ape; feign, dissemble or make as if; disguise. Se contrefaire, v. r. to feign or dissemble; disguise one's self.

CONTREFAIT, E, kontr-fe, fet, adj. counterfeit, counterfeited, imitated, falsified; de-

formed, ill-favoured.

CCNTRE-FENETRE, s. f. out-side shutter. CONTRE-FINESSE, s. f. trick for trick. CONTRE-FORT, s. m. counter-fort.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CONTRE-FUGUE, s. f. counterfugue (in mu-

CONTRE-GARDE, s. f. counterguard. Contre-garde de monnoie, the deputy-warden of

the mint. CONTRE-HACKER, kon-trê-â-shâ, v. a. to

counter-etch. CONTRE-HATIER, s. m. rack (a kitchen Accesil.)

CONTRE-HAUT, adv. downwards.

CONTRE-HILOIRES, s. f. pl. Mar. strakes or streaks of planks on the decks, close to the binding strakes.

CONTRE-JOUR, s. m. false light. A contre-jour, in a false light.

CONTRE-INDICATION, s. f. counter-indication.

CONTRE-ISSANT, E, adj. counter-salient. CONTRE-LATTE, s.f. counter-lath.

CONTRE-LATTER, v. a. to counter-lath.

CONTRE-LETTRE, s. f. defeasance.

CONTRE-MAITRE, s m. Mar. boatswain's mate, quarter-man. Contre-maître charpentier, fore-man of the ship-wrights in a dock-Contre-maître de la cale, captain of vard. the hold.

CONTRE-MANDEMENT, kontr-mend-men,s. m. countermand.

CONTRE-MANDER, kontr-mên-da, v. a. to countermand.

CONTRE-MANCHE, s. f. countermarch. CONTRE-MARÉE, s. f. Mar. countertide.

CONTRE-MARQUE, s. f. countermark. CONTRE-MARQUER, v. a. to countermark.

CONTRE-MINE, s. f. countermine.

CONTRE-MINER, v. a. to countermine.

CONTRE-MINEUR, s. m. counterminer. CONTRE-MONT, adv. upwards, bottom up-

wards. A contre-mont, up the river, against the stream. CONTRE-MOUSSON, s. m. Mar. Ex. à con-

tre-mousson, against the monsoon.

CONTRE-MUR, s. m. counter-mure.

CONTRE-MURER, v. a. to countermure. Contre-ordre, kon-trordr, s. m. counter-order, countermand.

CONTRE-PARTIE, s. f. second part (in musick.)

CONTRE-PASSANT, adj. counter-passant. CONTRE-PESER, v. a. to counterpoise,

counterbalance, countervail. CONTRE-PIED, s. m. contrary sense; wrong

scent (in hunting.) CONTRE-POIDS, s. m. counterpoise; poise

or pole (of a rope-dancer.)
CONTRE-POIL, s. m. what is against the

grain. A contre-poil, against the grain; the wrong way, in a wrong sense.

CONTRE-POINT, s. m. counterpoint (in musick.) Contre-point d'une voile, double rope

and marline (attached to the clue of a sail.)

CONTRE-POINTE, V. Courte-pointe.

CONTRE-POINTER, v. a. to quilt on both

sides, to contradict, thwart, run counter. Contre-pointer du canon, to raise a battery against another.

CONTRE-POISON, s. m. counterpoison, antidate

CONTRE-PORTE, s. f. double door or double

CONTREPORTER, v. a. to hawk or go a bawking.

CONTREPORTEUR, s. m. hawker or pedler. || fault with, criticise upon.

CONTRE-PROMESSE, s. f. counter-band. CONTREQUARRER, V. Contrecurrer. CONTRE-QUEUE D'ARONDE, s. f. counter

swallow-tail (in fortification.)
CONTRE-QUILLE, s. f. Mar. keelson or

stemson.

CONTRE-ROLLE, etc. V. Contrôle, etc. CONTRE-RONDE, s. f. counter-round. CONTRE-RUSE, s. f. stratagem opposed to

another.

CONTRE-SAISON, Mar. être à contre-saison, to be too late for making a passage with the favourable periodical winds.

CONTRE-SANGLON, s. m. girth leather. CONTRESCARPE, kon-tres-karp, s. f. coun-

terscarp. CONTRESCARPER, v. a. to make a counterscarp.

CONTRE-SCEL, s. m. counter-seal.

CONTRE-SCELLER, v. a. to counter-seal, CONTRE-SEING, s. m. counter-sign (signa-

ture.) CONTRE-SENS, s. m. contrary or wrong sense, wrong side, wrong way. A contre-sens, adv. the wrong or the contrary way. Vous prenez tout à vontre-sens, you put a wrong construction on every thing.

CONTRE-SIGNER, v. a. to counter-sign. CONTRE-TAILLE, s.f. counter-tally or coun-

ter-part of a tally.

CONTRE-TEMPS, s. m. unlucky or improper time; unlucky accident, disappointment, cross; counter-time or counter-pace. Tomber dans un contre-temps or des contre-temps, to do a thing unseasonably, ill time it, do it prepos-terously. A contre-temps, adv. unseasonably, preposterously. Dit or fait à contre-temps, preposterously. Dit or fait à contre-temps, preposterous, unseasonable.

CONTRE-TIRER, v. a. to counterdraw.

CONTREVALLATION, kontr-vål-lå-sion, s.

f. contravallation. Contrevenant, e, komr-ve-nen, nent,

adj. offender. CONTREVENIR, à, kontr-ve-nir, v. n. (like venir) to contravene, infringe, act contrary to

(law, etc.) CONTRE-VENT, kontr-ven, s. m. outside shutter.

CONTRE-VÉRITÉ, s. f. meaning contrary to the words.

CONTRE-VISITE, s. f. second search. CONTRIBUABLE, kon-tri-bu-abl, adj. lia

ble or subject to contribution CONTRIBUANT, kon-trl-bû-en, s. m. con

tributor. CONTRIBUER, kon-tri bû-a, v. a. & n. to

contribute; to pay contributions

CONTRIBUTION, kon-tri-ba-sion, s. f. con-tribution. Mettre à contribution, to lay under contribution.

CONTRISTER, kon-trîs-tå, v. a. to grieve,

vex, make sorry, give trouble.

CONTRIT, E, kon-tri, trit, adj. contrite, sorrowful, penitent; troubled, concerned.

CONTRITION, kon-tri-sion, s. f. contrition, hearty sorrow, trouble of mind.

CONTRÔLE, kon-trôl, s. m. book of register, control; office of controller; mark or stamp upon plate (to show it has paid the

CONTRÔLER, kon-trò-là, v. a. to control or examine; to mark or stamp; censure, find base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : ensant. cent. lien : vin : mon : brus.

CONTRÔLEUR, kon-trò-lêur, s. m. controller, overseer.

CONTROLEU-R. SE. S. m. & f. fault-finder. critick.

CONTROVERSE, kon-tro-vers, s. f. contro-

versy, dispute, debate.

CONTROVERSÉ, E, kon-trô-vêr-så, adj. controverted, debated, argued pro and con. CONTROVERSISTE, kon-trô-vêr sist, s. m.

controvertist. CONTROUVER, kon-troo-va, v. a. to forge, invent, feign or devise (a falsehood.)

CONTURACE, kon-tro-mas, s. f. contumacy,

contempt of the court. Condamné par contumace, cast for non-appearance.

CONTUMACER, kon-til-ma-sa, v. a. to cast

for non-appearance, nonsuit, outlaw.

CONTUMAX, adj. accused person that does not appear before the judge. *CONTUMELIE, s. f. contumely, outrage,

abuse. *Contumélieusement, adv. contumeli-

ously, outrageously.

*CONTUMELIEU-X. SE. adi. contumelious. outrageous, abusive

OUTTAGEOUS, abusive.
CONTUS, E, kon-tů, tůz, adj. bruised.
CONTUSION, kon-tů-zlon, s. f. contusion.
CONVAINCANT, E, con-vin-kan, kant, adj.
convincing, clear, evident, plain.
CONVAINCRE, kon-vinkr, v. a. (like raincre) to convict or convince.
CONVAINCU, E, adj. convicted, convinced.
CONVALESCENCE kon-vä-lê-zêra, s. f. convalescence acconvalescence. valescency or convalescence, recovery.

CONVALESCENT, E, kon-va-lê-sên, sênt, adj. convalescent, in a fair way of recovery, on the mending hand.

CONVENABLE, konv-nabl, adj. convenient, proper, suitable, fit, agreeable, seasonable, seemly, expedient, becoming. Punition conseemly, expedient, becoming. venable, condign punishment.

CONVENABLEMENT, konv-nabl-men, adv. conveniently, suitably, to the purpose, agree-

ably, fitly, in due season

CONVENANCE, konv-nens, s.f. convenience, conformity, affinity, agreeableness, agreement, suitableness, relation; decency, seemliness. Raisons de convenance, probable or plausible reasons.

CONVENANT, E, konv-nen, nent, adj. con-venient, agreeable, suitable, becoming.

*Convenant, s. m. covenant.

CONVENIR, konv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to become, be proper or suitable, fit or suit; to agree or grant; to agree with, be agreeable. Cette rraison m'a convenu, et je suis convenu du prix, this house suited me, and I agreed to give the price. Il convient, v. imp. it is fit, requisite, expedient, convenient or meet.

CONVENT, V. Couvent.

CONVENTICULE, kon-ven-ti-kål, s. m. con-

venticle, private meeting.
CONVENTION, kon-ven-slon, s. f. convention; articles agreed on, agreement, contract. CONVENTIONNEL, LE, kon-vén-slo-něl, adj. conventional, done under articles.

CONVENTIONNELLEMENT, adv. conven-

tionally.

CONVENTUALITÉ, s. f. state of conventuals. CONVENTUEL, 1.E, kon-ven-tå-el, adj. conventual.

Conventuellement, kon-ven-id-el-men, adv. conventually.

Convenu, adj. agreed on. V. Convenir. CONVERGENCE, s. f. convergence, tendency to a point.

CONVERGENT, E, adj. convergent, con-

verging.

Converge ER, v. n. to converge.

Converge, E, kon-ver, vers, adj. (with frère or seeur) lay-brother or sister, drudge in a promosition converse, or secur, lay-nother or sister, drudge in a monastery or nunnery. Proposition converse, inverted or converted proposition. CONVERSABLE, kon-ver-shil, adj. conver-

sable, sociable, easy or free of access.

CONVERSATION, kon-ver-sh-slon, s. f. conversation; discourse; assembly, meeting, company.

CONVERSER, kon-ver-sa, v.n. to converse, to keep company and be familiar with.

CONVERSION, kon-ver-slon, s. f. converting, conversion, change. Quart de conversion, turning or wheeling about.
CONVERTI, E, adj. & s. converted, turned,

changed, etc. convert.

CONVERTIBLE, kon-ver-tibl, adj. convertible.

CONVERTIR, kon-vêr-tîr, v. a. to convert. turn or change, make a convert of. Converture le temps en degrés de longitude, Mar. to turn time into longitude. Se convertir, v. r. to turn, to change; to be reclaimed, to emend; to be made a convert, be converted

CONVERTISSEMENT, kon-ver-ils-men, s.

m. turning, changing, conversion.
Conventisseur, kon-ver-ti-seur, s. m.

converter.

Convexe, kon-veks, adj. convex. Convexité, kon-vek-si-ta, s. f. convexity. Conviction, kon-vik-sion, s. f. conviction, full proof.

CONVIER, kon-vl-å, s. m. guest. CONVIER, kon-vl-å, v. a. to invite. CONVIVE, kon-vlv, s. m. guest. CONVOCATION, kon-vl-kå-slon, s. f. con-

vocation, convening or calling together. Convoi, kon-vwa, s. m. funeral pomp or procession. Mar. convoy; convoy of men of war, a convoy or company of merchantmen with their convoy, a convoy of provisions and ammunition.

*Convoitable, kon-vwa-tabl, adj. covetable, to be coveted or desired. CONVOITER, kon-vwa-ta, v. a. to covet,

lust after. *Convoiteu-x, se, kon-vwa-teu, teuz

adj. covetous, that covets.
Convoitise, kon-vwa-tiz, s. f. covetous ness, concupiscence, lust or eager desire, love.

appetite. Convoler, kon-vo-la, v.n. to marry again. Convoler en secondes noces or à un second mariage, to marry a second time. Convoler entroisiemes noces, to marry for the third time.
CONVOQUER, kon-vo-ka, v. n. to convoke,

call together, assemble.

CONVOYER, kon-vwa-ya, v. a. to convoy, attend, accompany or guard.

CONVULSI-F, VE, kon-vul-sif, siv, adj. con-

CONVULSION, kon-val-alon, s. f. convulsion, convulsion fit.

CONVULSIONNAIRE, adj. that is subject to convulsions.

COOBLIGH, E, kô-ô-bli-za, adj. wintly bound with another in an obligation or contract bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Cooperateu-R, TRICE, ko-o-pa-ra-teur, tris, s. m. & f. co-operator, fellow worker.
COOPERATION, kô-ô-pā-rā-sion, s. f. cooperation, joint working or joint labour.
COOPERER, kô-ô-pā-rā, v. a. to co-operate,

work together.

COOPTATION, s. f. co-optation, adoption. COOPTER, v. a. to admit out of course by

dispensation.
COPAHU, s. m. copayva or copivi.

COPAL, s. m. copal (sort of gum.) COPARTAGEANT, E, kô-par-ta-zen, zent,

adj. & s. copartner, coparcener.
COPEAU, kô-po, s. m. chip, shaving.

COPENHAGUE, s. Copenhagen.

COPERMUTANT, s. m. said of each of those who exchange livings.

Соритв, s. m. Copht (Egyptian Christian.) COPIE, kô-pl, s. f. copy, transcript, imita-tion, duplicate; also manuscript. Cest un original sans copie, he has not his fellow. Cet enfant est la copie de son père, that child is his father's picture

COPIER, kô-pi-a, v. a. to copy, transcribe;

to imitate, mimick, apc.

COPIEUSEMENT, kô-pl-euz-mên, adv. copiously, plentifully, abundantly.

COPIEU-x, se, kô-pl-eu, euz, adj. copious,

plentiful, rich.

COPISTE, kô-pîst, s. m. copyist, copyer, transcriber, one that copies.

COPROPRIÉTAIRE, kô-prô-prî-à-ter, s. m.

& f. joint proprietor.

COPTER, v. a. to make the clapper of a bill strike on one side only.
COPULATI-F, YE, kô-pů-lå-tlf, tlv, adj.

copulative.
COPULATION, s. f. copulation.

COPULATIVE, s. f. conjunctive particle.

COPULE, s. f copula (in logick.)
Coq, kok, s. in. cock; also male of the partridge; weather-cock; the part of a watch that covers the balance; chief, leading man. Cog, Mar. cook (of a ship.) Chant du coq, cock's crowing, dawn of day. Coq de bruyère, heathcock. Coq de marais, moor-cock. Coq d'Inde. turkey, turkey-cock. Coq de bois or coq faisan, cock-pheasant. Coq de jardin, sort of odorous plant (said to be Aleppo mint.) Un coq-à-l'âne, a cock and a bull story.

COQUE, kok, s. f. shell (of eggs or nuts;) cod (of a silk worm and other insects.)

Coque. s. m. Mar. (kink in a rope,) hull Prendre des coques, to kink. (of a ship.) Defais les coques de cette manœuvre, take the kinks out of that rope.

COQUECIGRUE, s. f. silly thing, nonsense, stories.

COQUEFREDOUILLE, s. m. ninny. driveller, fool.

COQUELICOT, kok-li-ko, s. m. wikl-poppy,

COQUELOURDE, s. f. a plant much like an

anemone, pasque-flower COQUELUCHE, kôk-låsh, s. f. hoopingcough; cowl; one much in vogue. Il est la coque-

luche des femmes; he is the darling of the sex. *Coquelucion, kok-la-shon, s. m. cowl, monk's hood.

COQUEMAR, kok-mar, s. m. boiler.

COQUERET, s. m. Alkekengi, winter-cherry. COQUERICO, s. m. cock-crowing. COQUET, TE, kô-kc, ket, adj. coquettish.

COQUET, s. m. beau, general lover, male coquette, also cock-hoat.

Coquette, s. f. coquette. Coquetter, kok-ta, v. n. to be a general lover or coquette.

COQUETIER, kôk-tia, s. m. higgler, seller of eggs and poultry, also thing to put an egg in when boiled in the shell.

COQUETTERIE, kô-kêt-ri, s. f. coquetry. Coquillage, kô-kî-kêz, s. m. shells, shellwork or shell-fish.

Coquille, kô-kîl, s. f. shell, also ware of small value.

COQUILLIER, s. m. collection of shells, place where they are kept.

Coquin, s. m. rogue, rascal, knave, pitiful

or beggarly fellow.

COQUIN, R, kô-kin, kin, adj. idle, roguish. CoQUINAILLE, kô-ki-nal, s. f. pack of rogues or scoundrels.

Coquing, s. f. slut, jade, lase woman. COQUINER, v. n. to loiter, idle, play the

rogue.
COQUINERIE, kô-kin-ri, s. f. roguery, knavery, base trick.

Cor, kor, s. m. hunter's or a post-boy's horn. A cor et à cri, adv. with might and main or with hue and cry. Corn (on the foot.)

CORAIL, kô-ral, s. in. coral; pl. Coraux. CORALINE, s. f. coralline, also boat for fishing coral.

*Corallin, E, ko-ra-lin, lin, adj. cora!line, red as coral.

CORALLOIDES, s. f. pl. seed of white coral. CORBEAU, kor bo, s. m. raven, corpse bearer or burier in plague time, also underta-

ker's man or mute at a funeral, and corbel in architecture. CORBEILLE, kor-bel,s.f.basket, wide basket. CORBEILLÉE, kor-be-/a, s. f. basket-full.

CORBILLARD, kor-bi-lar, s. m. corbeil-boat or boat which goes from Paris to Corbeil, also great country coach; vehicle to carry the dead .

CORBILLAT, s. m. young raven. CORBILLON, kor-bi-lon, s. m. basket or box. Corbillon d'oublies, wafer-box.

CORBIN, V. Bec.

CORDAGE, kor-daz, s. m. cordage, cords, ropes, measuring of wood by the cord. Mar. Cordage une fois commis or commis en haussière, hawser-laid cordage. Cordage deux fois commis, cable laid cordage. Cordage en trois or cordage commis en trois, rope of three strands or three strand rope. Cordage commis en quatre, four strand rope. Cordage courant, cord-Cordage blanc, white or untarred rope. Cordage goudronné, tarred cordage. Cordage refait, twice laid stuff. Cordage de brou de coco, cordage made of the bark of the cocoa-palm.

CORDE, kord, s. f. rope; cord, line, string; thread; cord (of wood;) hanging, gallows. Garnir un violon de cordes, to string a violin. Habit qui montre la corde, thread-bare coat. Mar. Corde de retenue, guy. Cordes de de-fense, fenders. Corde engagée or gênée or embarrassée, foul rope.

CORDÉ, É, adj. twisted. Cheval cordé, horse troubled with hard strings.

CORDEAU, kör-dó, s. m. cord, line, CORDELER, körd-lå, v. a. to twist. CORDELETTE, körd-låt. s. f. small cold or

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : cafant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CORDELIER, kord-lia, s. m. cordelier,

Franciscan friar or gray friar.

Cordelière, kord-lièr, s. f. Franciscan nun. cordelier's girdle, black and knotted silk neck-lace worn by some ladies.

CORDELLE, kor-del, s. f. small rope, (obso-lete in this primitire sense) party, side, gang.

CORDER, kor-da, v. a. to work or twist into cords or ropes; to measure (wood) by the cord; to cord or bind with a cord. Se

corder, v. r. to grow stringy.
CORDENIE, kerd-ri, s. f. rope-yard, rope-

ouse, rope-walk.

CORDIAL, E, kôr-dî-âl, adj. cordial, good for e heart; cordial, hearty, free, open, sincere. CORDIAL, s. m. cordial.

CORDIALEMENT, kor-dl-ål-men, adv. cor-

dially, heartily, sincerely.

CORDIALITÉ, kôr-dî-â-lî-tâ, s. f. cordiality,

cordial, sincere or hearty love.

CORDIER. kor-dia, s. m. rope-maker. CORDILIAS, s. m. sort of kersey.

CORDON, kor-don, s.m. twist, string, strand, As-band; lace; riband; (of coin) rim; girdle; plinth, projecting row or edge of stone, etc. around a building; cordon (of posts.)

Le roi kai a donné le cordon bleu, the king bas made him a knight of the Holy Ghost. Un cordon bleu, a knight of the Holy Ghost. Etre du cordon de S. François, to be of the order of St. Francis.

CORDONNER, kor-do-na, v.a. to twist, braid. CORDONNERIE, kor-don-ri, s. f. shoe-maker's-row or street, shoe-maker's trade.

CORDONNET, kor-do-ne, s.m. lace or edging. CORDONNIER, kor-do-nia,s. m. shoe-maker. also hat-band maker

CORDOUAN, s. m. Cordovan leather.

COREE, s. m. a foot in verse.

CORIACE, ko-rl-as, adj. as tough as leather, (said of meat, and a hard, close mast.)

CORIACE, E, adj. coriaceous, of a substance

resembling leather. CORIAMBE, s. m. Coriamb (foot in rerse.)

CORIANDRE, ko-rl-endr, s. f coriander; also coriander seed.

CORINTHIEN, NE, adj. Corinthian. CORLIEU, CORLIS, V. Courlieu.

CORME, korm, s. f. service or surb (berry.) CORMIER, kor-mia, s. m. service-tree or

CORMORAN, kor-mo-ren, s. m. cormorant. CORNAC, s. m. name given to the keeper of elephants.

CORNALINE, kor-na-lin, s.f. carnelian (stone.)

*CORNARD, s. m. cuckold CORNARDISE, s. f. cuckoldom.

CORNARDISS, S. I. CUCKOHOMI.
CORNAR, kårn, S. f. horn; hoof; fleam; (of cheese cake) corner. Corne de cerf, hartshorn.
Ouvrage à corne, horn-work. Bête à corne, horned beast. Corne ducale, sort of cap worn by the Doge of Venice. Faire porter des cornes or planter des cornes à quelqu'un, to cuckold one. Porter des cornes, avoir des cornes, to Dé a cuckold. Mar. Ex. Corne d'amorée, powder-horn. Corne d'artimon, gass. Vergue à corne, gass. Corne de vergue, jaws of a gass Corne de gui, crutch of a boom. or boom. Mark

Connés, kor-na, s. f. horny tunicle of the

CORNEILLE, kor-n'y, s, f, rook. Corneille enmantelée, grey-rook or Royston crow.

CORNEMENT, korn-men, d'oreides. Tintement.

Cornemuse, korn-muz, s. f. bag-pipe. Joueur de cornemuse, bag-piper.

CORNER, kor-na, v. n. to sound or blow a horn, to blow or wind a horn; to use a speaking trumpet to speak to a deaf man; corner aux oreilles, to dun or tire one with speaking of a thing; to stink or smell musty (said of tainted meat.) Les oreilles lui cornent, his (or her) ears tingle. Corner, v. a. Corner quelque chose, to blab out or trumpet a thing.
CORNET, kor-ne, s. m. horn, speaking trum-

pet; rolled waser; place in a desk for ink; cupping-glass. Cornet à bouquin, sort of small shalm. Cornet à jouer aux dés, dicebox. Cornet de papier, cossin of paper. Cornet de papier, cossin of paper.

net de mât, Mar. case of a mast.

CORNETIER, s. m. horn-dresser. CORNETTE, kor-net, s. f. standard of a troop of horse, troop of horse; mob (kind of wo-man's coif.) Mar. broad pendant (displayed at the mast head of a commodore's ship.)

CORNETTE, s. m. cornet of a troop of horse. CORNEUR, s. m. one who sounds a horn. CORNICHE, kor-nish. s. f. cornice (in architecture;) gig or kind of a top for boys to play with

Cornichon, kor-ni-shon, s. m. a little horn, also gherkin or small cucumber to pickle.

CORNIÈRE, s. f. sloping gutter (on the top of a roof.) Cornères, pl. Mar. fashion-pieces CORNILLAS, kôr-ni-las, s. m. young rook. CORNOUILLE, kôr-nôo/, s. f. cornel berry

or cornelian cherry.
Cornoulller, kor-noo-la, s. m. cornel or

cornelian tree. CORNU, E, kor-no, no, adj. horned, cor nuted; cornered; bad, sorry, insignificant, in conclusive (reasons, ideas.) CORNUAU, s. m. kind of shad. CORNUE, kör-nd, s. f. cucurbite, matrass,

retort.

COROLLAIRE, kô-rôl-lêr, s. m. corollary. CORONAIRE, adj. (in anatomy,) coronary.

CORONAIRE, s. m. coroner. CORONAL, E, kô-rô-nal, adj. coronal. CORONILLE, s. f. a sort of tree that grows

in Spain and warm countries.

CORPORAL, kôr-pô-rål, s. m. a piece of linen on which the priest puts the chalice and bost or consecrated wafer when he says mass CORPORALIER, kôr-pô-rå lia, s. m. box to

contain the abovementioned linen.

Corporation, kor-po-ra-sion, s. f. corpo

ration or English municipality.
Corporation for English municipality.
Corporation for portal and for corporation or corporation or corporation.
Corporation of corporation of corporation or corporation or corporation.

CORPORELLEMENT, kor-po-rel-men, adv. corporally, bodily. Punir corporellement, w

inflict a corporal punishment. CORPORIFICATION, kôr-pô-rî-fî-kâ-sîon, or CORPORIFICATION, s. f. (in chemistry) corporification, making into a body.

CORPORIFIER, kôr-pô-rî-fîa, v. a. to corporification and body.

porify, to make into a body.

CORPS, kor, s. m. body; shape; company, society; collection; selection from various authors; corps, regiment, legion; substance, thickness; strength, body. Il a le corps bien fait, he is a well shaped man. Il fait bon marché de son corps, he is free of his carcass

oat, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

It se truite bien le corps, he pampers his body, be makes much of his carcass. On verra ce qu'il a dans le corps, we shall see what he can do. a dans te corps, we suan see that Elle abandonne son corps, or elle met son corps, she d'abandon, or elle fait folie de son corps, she prostitutes herself. Il a le diable au corps, the prostitutes herself. Il a le diable au corps, the devil is in him. Corps de logis, something attached to the main building. Corps de supe, stays or bodice. Vin qui a du corps, strong bodied wine. Etesse qui a du corps, substantial stuss. Ce sirop n'a pas assez de corps, that syrop is not thick enough. Couleur corps, that syrop is not thick enough. Conteur qui a du corps, thick colour. Couleur qui n'a point de corps, thin colour. Se battre corps à corps, to fight hand to hand. En or à son corps défendant, in his own desence. Elle est prude à son corps défendant, she is honest because ugly. C'est un malin corps, he is an unlucky blade. C'est un plaisant corps or un desse de corps. he is a comical blade. Corps. drôle de corps, he is a comical blade. Corps mort, dead body or carcass, corpse. A corps perdu, adv. headlong, furiously, desperately, hand over head.

Corps, s. m. Mar. shell, hull, etc. Corps d'un raisseau, hull of a ship. Corps d'une poulie, shell of a block. Corps de pompe, chamber of a pump. Corps morts, transporting buoys. Les quatre corps de voile, the courses and fore and main top sails. Corps

de bataille, centre (of a fleet of men of war.)
Corpulere, kôr-pù-lèra, s. f. corpulence, higness of body, bulkiness.
Un homme de petite corpulence, a thin, stender man

CORPUSCULAIRE, kor-pas-ha-ler, adj. corpascular, corpuscularian

CORPUSCULE, kor-pas-kal, s. m corpuscle, little body, atom

CORRECT, E, kô-rekt, adj. correct.

CORRECTEMENT.kô-rêkt-mên,adv. correct-

ly.
Correcteur, kô-rêk-têur, s. m. corrector, reformer, reprover. Correcteur des comptes, auditor, officer that examines the accounts of the receivers, under-treasurers, etc.

CORRECTIF, ko-rec-tif, s. m. corrective; also lenitive, salvo.

CORRECTION, kô-rêk-slon, s. f. correction; punishment, reproof; correctness, amendment. La correction en est aisée, it is easily amended. C'est une faute qui mérite correction, that is such a fault as deserves to be punished. Sous votre correction, under your favour. Sauf correction, sous correction, adv. under favour, with permis-

CORRECTRICE, ko-rek-tris, s. f. she that

corrects or amends.

CORRECTIONNEL, LE, adj. of or belonging to correction.

CORREGIDOR, kô-rå-zl-dôr, s. m. corregidor, Spanish judge.

CORRELATI-F, VE, kô-ra-la-tif, tiv, adj. & s. correlative, having a mutual relation.

CORRELATION, s. f. correlativeness. CORRESPONDANCE, kô-rês-pon-dêns, s. f. correspondence, holding intelligence, agreement, sympathy.

ment, sympathy.

CORRESPONDANT, kö-rès-pon-dèn, s.m.correspondent, one that bolds a correspondence.

CORRESPONDANT, E, kö-rès-pon-dèn, dènt,
adj. correspondent, suitable, agreeable, sym-

pathizing.

CORRESPONDRE, ko-res-pondr, v.n. to correspond or answer, make suitable returns to. Corridor, kô-rl-dôr, s. m. corridor.

CORRIGER, ko-ri-za, v. a. to correct, amend, reform, reprove, check, clride, punish, chastise, temper, soften. Se corriger, v. r. to mend. Se corriger d'un vice, to forsake a vice, reclaim one's self from it.

CORRIGIBLE, ko-ri-zibl, adj. corrigible. CORROBORATI-F, VE, ko-ro-bo-ra-tif, the,

adj. corroborative, strengthening.
CORROBORATION, s. f. the act of strength-

ening, corroboration.

CORROBORER, ko-ro-bo-ra, v. a. to corroborate, strengthen.

CORRODANT, E, adj. gnawing, corroding. CORRODER, kô-rô-da, v. a. to corrode gnaw or fret.

CORROI, kô-rwa, s. m. currying or dressing of leather; also bed of clay properly beaten and prepared to keep out water. Mar. stuff (for paying the ship's bottom,) coat, coat of stuff. Donner le corroi or la courée à un bâtiment, to grave or new grave a ship.

ment, to grave or new grave a snip.

CORROMPRE, kô-rompr, v. a. to corrupt, taint, deprave, spoil, adulterate or mar; to debauch; to corrupt, bribe; to falsify, change or after. Se corrompre, v. r. to corrupt or be corrupted, etc.; to grow tainted; to defile one's self. Bois sujet à se corrompre, wood

apt to decay or be worm-eaten.

CORROMPU, E, adj. corrupted, tainted, etc.

Le français est du latin corrompu, french is broken latin.

CORROMPU, s. m. debauchee, libertine. CORROST.F., v.e., kô-rô-cif, ziv., adj. corrosive, gnawing, fretting. CORROST.F.s. m. a corrosive. CORROSTO, kô-rô-zion, s. f. corrosion,

guawing, fretting.

Corroyer, ko-rwa-ya, v. a to curry, dress leather; to plane or shave (swod;) to join together (iron;) to beat and mix well (the sand and lime of mortar;) to beat and prepare clay so as to make it fit for keeping out ...ater; (un canal, etc.) to case with clay.

CORROYEUR, kô-rwâ-yeur, s. m. currier.

leather-dresser.

Corroyeuse, s. f. currier's wife or widow.

CORRUDE, s. f. wild asparagus.

CORRUPT-EUR, RICE, ko-rap-teur, tris, s. m. & f. corrupter, debaucher; falsifier, forger of writings.

Corruptibilité, kö-rüp-ü-bi-il-tä, s. f. corruptibility.

CORRUPTIBLE, kô-râp-tîbl, adj. corrupti-ble, that may be corrupted or bribed. CORRUPTION, kô-râp-slon, s. f. corruption,

Cors, a. m. pl. horns. Cerf de dix cors or un cerf de dix cors, middle aged stag, stag of seven years old. V. Cor.

CORSACE, kôr-sêt, s. m. shape (from the shoulders to the hips.)

CORSAIRE, kôr-sêt, s. m. corsair, pirate, privateer, Métier de corsaire, piracy. Corse, s. f. Corsica

CORSELET, kors-le, s. m. corslet.

Corset, kor-se, s. m. bodice, jumps, quiked waist

Cortége, kor-taz, s. m. train or retinue

of attendants or followers.
CORTICAL, E, kor-ul-kal, adj. resembling bark. CORTINE, s. f. brass tripod consecrated to base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : eufant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CORUSCATION, kô-růs-kà-sion, s. f. corus-

cation, flashing.
CorvEABLE, kor-va-abl, adj. liable to an

average or to statute work.

Convée, kôr-vå, s. f. average, day labour due from a vassal to his lord; ungrateful toil;

CORVETTE, kor-vet, s. f. Mar. sloop of

war, any vessel under twenty guns.
CORYBANTES, s. m. pl. Corybantes, Cybele's pricets.

CORYMBE, s. m. corymbus.

CORYMBIFERE, adj. corymbiferous. CORYMBER, kô-fi-fa, s. m. Coryphæus, chief or principal man, the worthiest.

CORYSE, s. f. sharp humour from the head into the nostrils.

Cosaques, s. m. pl. Cossacks. Co-secante, s. f. co-secant.

Co-seigneur, s. m. joint lord of a manor.

Co-sinus, s. m. co-sine

Cosmétique, kôs-må-tík, adj. cosmetick, beautifying.

COSMOGUNIE, S. f. cosmogony

COSMOGRAPHE, kos-ind-graf, s. m. cosmo-

Cosmognaphie, kos-mo-gra-ff, s. f. cosmography. Cosmographique, kôs-mô-grâ-fik, adj.

cosmographical. COSMOLOGIE, s. f. knowledge of the general laws by which the physical world is governed.

*Cosmologique, adj. relating to cosmology. COSMOPOLITE, s. m. cosmopolitan, cosmo-polite, citizen of the world.

Cosse, kos, s. f. cod, husk, shell (of peas, beans, etc.) Mar. Ex. Cosse de fer, thimble, iron-thimble. Cosse de bois, bull's eye. Cosses de bois fixées any haubans, trucks of

the shrouds, seizing trucks,
Cosser, v. n. to butt as rams do.
Cossos, ko-son, s. m. weevil; bud of the

Cossu, E, kô-sô, sô, adj. husky, shelly, codded; homme cossu, rich, substantial man. en conte de bien cossues, he is a great roman-

COSTAL, E, adj. costal, of the sides.
COSTIER, E, adj. wide of the mark. Arquebuse costière, gun that shoots wide. Son coupest costier, his shot is wide of the mark.
COSTUME, kôs-tûm, s. m. costume (in

painting and poetry.)

COSTUMER, v. a. to dress, clothe according to the age or nation.

Co-TANGENTE, s. f. co-tangent.

COTE, s. f. letter, figure, mark (used as labels to writings, etc.) Ces pièces sont sous la cote A, those papers are marked A. Cote mal-taillée, settlement by the lump.

Côte, kôt, s. f. rib; extraction, loins; (of musk melon) slice; (of muslain) stalk; side, brow, declivity, down hill. Côte de huh, piece of the body of a lute. Côte-à-côte, abreast.

Côte, s. f. Mar. shore, coast, sea-coast. Côte basse, flat coast. Côte saine, clear coast. Côte malsaine, soul coast. Côte de fer or à pic, steep shore. Côte au vent du vaisseau, weather-shore. Côte sous le veut du raisseau, lee-shore. Côtes (d'un vaisseau,) ribs. nas qui a les côtes rondes, round sided ship. Faire côte, to run ashore.

Coté, ko-tå, s. m. side; way; party; parentage, line. Ils marchent à côté l'un de l'autre, they walk abreast. Il est toujours à tratte, they want acreast. It en tougours a mon côté, he is always by me. Du côté d'orient, eastwards. De mon côté, for my own part. On la décrie fort du côté de la tendresse, she is much blamed for being too tender. Cha cun regarde les choses du côté qui le touche, every one regards things as they affect him. Se mettre du côté de quelqu'un, to side with one. De côté, adv. sideways. Mettre une chose de côté, to put a thing aside. A côté de, by the side of; also equal to, upon a level with. A côté, aside. Donner à côté, to miss the mark.

Côté, s. m. Mar. side. Côté d'un raisseau, side of a ship. Se coucher sur le côté, to heel over (speaking of a vessel aground.) Côté du vent, weather-side. Côté de dessous le vent, lec-side. Mettre un bâtiment sur le côlé vent, lee-side. need a ship. Vaisseau qui a or à la bande, to heel a ship. Vaisseau qui a Vaisseau qui a or à la bande, to heet a ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté foible, crank ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté foible, crank ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté fort, stiff ship. Vaisseau qui a un faux côté, lap-sided ship. Vaisseau qui a un faux côté, lap-sided ship. Coteau, kô-tô, s. m. hill, little hill, hillock Côtelette, kôt-lêt, s. f. Côtelette de mouton mutton chop. Côtelette de veau, veal cuilet. Vaisseau qui a un faux

mutton chop. Côtelette de reau, veal cutlet.
COTER, kô-tâ, v. a. to set marks (figures or letters) on or in the margin of. V. Citer.

COTERIE, kot-ri, s. f. club, society, coterie. COTHURNE, kot-turn, s. m. buskin. Chaus ser le cothurne, to write tragedies, talk in the heroick style.

COTI, F., adj. bruised (said of fruit only.) COTIER, ko-tla, adj. V. Pilote COTIERE, ko-tler, s. f. range of coasts; also

border (in a garden.)

Cotignac, kô-ti-gna, s. m. marmalade of quinces. Le fromuge est le cotignac de Bac-chus, cheese relishes a glass of wine.

COTILLON, kô-tî-lon, s. m. petticoat or un-der-petticoat; also cotillon (a French countrydance.)

COTIR, ko-tir, v. a. to bruise (said of fruit .

bruised by hail, etc.)
Corisation, kd-tl-zå-slon, s. f. rating, assessment.

COMPER, kô-tl-zh, v. a. to rate, assess.
COTISSURE, kô-tl-sûr, s. f. bruising of fruit by hail, dc. La cotissure emplehe que les fruits ne soient de garde, fruit when bruised will not

COTON, ko-ton, s. m. cotton; (of fruit)

spin, Polle de coton, calico.

Gottónner, kô-tô-na, v. a. to stuff with coton. Se cotonner, v. r. to be covered with down or soft hair; to wear nappy; and grow spongy. Cheveux cotonnés, woolly hair. COTONNEU-X, SE, kô-tô-neu, neuz, adj.

soft like wool or cotton; also spongy. COTONNIER, kô-tô-nia, s. m. cotton-tree. COTONNINE, kô-tô-niu, s. f. coarse thick

cotton cloth.

Coronnis, s. m. Indian satin.

COTOYER, ko-twa-ya, v. a. to coast along, on along or keep close to the shore; go by the side or along; walk by the side of.
Cotret, koi-re, s. m. little fagot. De l'Insile

de cotret, sound drubbing, oil of strap.

COTTE, s. f. petticoat. Donner la cotte verte, to give a green gown. Cotte d'armee

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

sort of cassock worn under the cuirass. Cotte de mailles, coat of mail. Cotte morte, moncy and moveables which a monk leaves at his

COTTER, Mar. V. Cutter.

COTTEROR, kot-ron, s. in. short narrow petticoat. COTULA, s. f. a sort of plant.

Cou, koo, s. m. (formerly written col) neck. Mouchoir de cou, neckerchief. Tour de cou, neckeloth. Sauter au cou, or se jeter au cou de quelqu'un, to hug or embrace one. Conper le cou, to behead. Rompre le cou à une affaire, to make a thing miscarry. Prendre ses jambes à son cou, to set out in haste, take to one's heels.

*COUARD, E, s. m. & f. coward, dastard.

*Couardise, s. f. cowardice. Couchart, kôo-shên, adj. setting. Le couchant, the west. Chien conchant, setting dog or setter. Le soleil conchant, sunset. leil couchant, at sunset. Faire le chien couchant, to creep and crouch, cringe to one,

, fawn upon him

COUCHE, koosh, s. f. bed, bedstead; hotbed; coat, lay, layer, laying on (said of paint, etc.) lay, stake; but-end; delivery; child-bed linen; child-bed, lying in. Pendant sa couche or ses couches, during her lying in. ses couches, être en couche, to lie in. $oldsymbol{E}$ lle est morte en couche, she died in child-bed. Henreuse couche, good delivery. Funsse couche, miscarriage. Fuire une funsse couche, to miscarriage. Fuire une fausse couche, to miscarry. Semer sur couche, to sow in a hot-bed. Il faut donner trois couches de blanc à l'huile, it must have three coats of white paint.

COUCHÉ, E, adj. put to bed, etc. n-bed; edso lying. A soleil couché, after sun-set. Etre couché, Mar. to lie along or over.

Couchée, kôo-sha, s. f. place where one lodges on the road. Payer sa couchée, to pay

for a night's lodging.

Couchen, kôo-sha, v. a. to put to bed; to lay down; to beat down (grain;) to lodge; to lay along; to lay; to lay on; to stake, bet; to set or write down. Coucher quelqu'un pur terre or sur le carreau, to knock one down, lay one dead upon me ground. Concher une bouteille sur le côté, to empty a bottle. Coucher en jove, to take one's aim at one. Coucher en joue, to have in one's eye, have a design upon. *Il conche bien par revit, he writes well or has a good style in writing.

Coucher, v. n. to lie or lie down.

La porte a couche ouvert the door has been left open all night. Se coucher, v. r. to go to bed; to lie down; lay one's self down; to set, go down, fall below the horizon; to sit (said of clothes.) Aller se concher or s'uller concher, to go to bed Il y a une heure que la lune est rouchée, or s'est couchée, the moon has been down or

set this hour.

COUCHER, s. m. going to bed, bed-time: bed, bedding; setting (of the sun, etc.) Il est delicot pour le concher, he is nice about his bedding. Prier Dien à son concher, to say one's prayers every night or before one goes to bed. Je ne le vois qu'à son lerer et à son to bed. Le coucher du roi, the king's couchee. Le petit concher du roi, the king's couchee. Le petit coucher du roi, the couchee the petit coucher du roi, the couche the petit couche

pany to his going to bed. Coucher du soleil, sun-set.

COUCHETTE, koo-shet, s. f. couch, little bed. Un mignon de couchette, a spark, a gallant, a beau.

COUCHEU-R, SE, koo-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. bed-fellow. Used only with bon or commode (nice,) maurais or incommode (disagreeable, troublesome.)

Couchis, s. m. beams and sand which are under the pavement of a bridge

*Couci Couci, kôo-sî-kôo-sî, adv. so so,

indifferently.
Coucou, kôo-kôo, s. m. cuckoo.
Coude, kôod, s. m.ellow. Hausser le coude, to carouse, fuddle or drink hard, tope. Muraille or rivière qui fait un coude, wall or river that makes an angle or clbow.

Coudée, koo-da, s. f. cubit. Aroir ses cou-

dées franches, to have elbow room, full liberty. Coude-pied, kood-pia, s. m. instep.

COUDER, koo-da, v. a. to bend like an elbow. Coupoyer, kôó-dwa-ya, v. a. to elbow, thrust with the elbow.

COUDRAIR, kôo-drè, s. f. grove or copse of hazel-trees.

COUDRE, koodr, s. m. nut-tree, hazel-tree. COUDRE, koodr, v. a. to sew or stitch. Coudre la peau du renard à celle du lion, to add stratagem to force

COUDRIER, koo-dela, s. m. hozel-tree. filbert-tree.

COUENNE, kwan, s. f. sward, skin of a hop COUENNEU-x, se, adj. that has the qualities of sward.

COUETTE, s. f. feather-bed.

COULLARDS, s. m. pl. Mar. bunt slablines. COULAGE, koo-laz, s. m. lcakage. COULAMMENT, koo-la-mon, adv. fluently,

readily, freely.
Coulant, koo-lon, s. m. necklace of diamonds or other precious stones.

COULANT, E, koo-len, lent, adj. flowing, etc. (style) flowing, fluent, smooth, that runs well. V. Couler. Nand coulant, running

knot, slip-knot.
Courlé, F., adj. run, etc. Coulé à fond,
sunk. La bouée est coulée, the buoy is gone

Coulé, s. m. sort of smooth step (in danc ing;) also sort of gliding from one note to an other (in musick.)

Couler, s. f. a leaning mode of writing

Ecriture coulee, running hand. COULEMENT, s. m. flux. Coulement de sang, bloody-flux

Couler, kôo-là, v. n. to flow, run, glide along; slip, pass away; slide away; to run out, leak; to melt; to glide; flow, be fluent; just touch upon. Les lurmes lui coulent des year, the tears trickle down from his eyes. Le nez lui corde, his nose runs or drops. La chandelle coule, the candle swales. La rigne coule, the grapes drop or fall off. Ces melons out coulé, the fruit has dropt or fallen off from those melon plants. Les paroles lui coulent de la bouche, he speaks very fluently. Couler à fond or couler bas, Mar. to sink, founder

buse, but : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

melt; (in musick) to pass smoothly over; Mar. to sink.

Se couler, v. r. to slip, creep.

COULEUR, koo-leur, s. f. colour ; (of cards) suit; complexion; pretence, show; brown (o) toast, meat, etc.) La couleur lui monta au ri enge, he coloured up, the blood came in his face. Les pâles couleurs, the green sickness. Jeter de la couleur, to follow suit. Couleurs, livery. Gens qui portent les couleurs, livery servants. Donner des couleurs à une affaire. to colour a business.

COULEUVRE, koo-leuvr, s. f. adder. Avaler des couleuvres, to swallow a gudgeon. Il a bien avalé des couleurres, he has gone through a great deal of sorrow, he has had many crosses.

Couleuvreau, s. m. young adder. Couleuvree, koo-lêu-vra, s. f. or Coule-

v kée, briony (a plant.)
Couleu valke, kôo-lêu-vrîn, s. f. culverin.
Coulis, kôo-la, adj. m. Ex. Un vent coulis, a wind that comes through a hole or chink.

Coults, s. m. cullis; also gravy.

COULISSE, koo-lls, s. f. gutter, groove; wing of a scene. Coulisse d'arbalète, chase or gutter of a crossbow. Coulisse de galée, slice, a printer's galley.
Couloir, kod-lwar, s. m. strainer, colander.

Couloire, s. f. a colander.

*Coulfe, kôolp, s. f. fault, misdeed, tres-

COULURE, koo-lor, s. f. drying up, or falling off of grapes, also running waste (of melt-eil metal when poured into the mould.)

COUP, kôo, s. m. blow; stroke; stripe; dash; rap, knock; (of a clock) striking; firing, discharge, shot; (of fire arms) report; (of a sword) thrust; (of a net) cast, casting, sweep; (of a claw) scratch; gust, sudden gust, gale; (of thunder) clap; (at chequers) move; (at dice) throw, cast; (in gaming) hit, cast, chance; accident; act, action, deed, attempt; (of wine) a glass; time, touch, bout, sweep; un coup, one time, once; deux coups, twice; trois course. three times. Coup, koo, s. m. blow; stroke; stripe; dash; deux coups, twice; trois coups, three times, thrice, etc. Il le tua d'un coup d'épée, he killed him with a sword. Il le tua à coups d'épée, he killed him with repeated thrusts of a sword. Il fut blessé d'un coup de pistolet, he was wounded with a pistol shot. Coup de pied, kick. Donner des coups de pied, to kick. Il n'y a qu'un coup de pied jusque-là, it is but a step to that place. Donnez un coup it is but a step to that place. Donnes un coup de pied jusque-ld, step thither. Coup de point, cuff, or fisty cuff. Donner des coups de point, cuff. Coups de bétion, cougelling, bastinado. Donner des coups de bétion, to cane or cudgell. Coup de dent, biting, bite. Un coup de peigne, once combing. Coup d'ecil, casting one's eyes upon, glance, view. prospect, sight. Un coup de siffet, a whistle or whistling. Coup de fout, lash or lerk or whistling. Coup de fouet, lash or jerk. Coup mortel, mortal blow or wound. Coup de mer, billow, surge or mighty sea; also shock of a heavy sea. Coup de foudre, thunderbolt. Manquer son coup, to miss one's aim. ner un coup de corne à un cheval, to bleed a horse. Faire entrer un clou à coups de marteau, to drive in a nail with a hammer. Coup fourré, (in feacing) interchanged thrust. Donner des coups fourrés, to interchange thrusts or to run one another through. Aller mux coups, to go to loggerheads. Se fourver

aux coups, to expose one's self at random Prendre une place d'un coup de main, to take a town without cannon. Il y aura bien des coups donnés, there will be hard fighting. Coup de hasard or de fortune, coup d'aven-ture, mere chance. Coup de tête, inconsiderate action. Coup d'ami, friendly turn. coup du cite or d'en-haut, a great providence.
Un coup d'état, a stroke of policy. Cosp
d'éclat, remarkable action. Cosp d'essai, first essay. Porter coup, to hit home. Il ne tire coup qui ne porte, he hits every time, he shoots true. La plus petite tolérance porte coup, the least toleration is of consequence. Faire un coup de sa main, to steal or filch. C'est un coup de la main, it is thy own handy work. Se håter de faire son coup, to hasten the execution of one's design. Faire un coup de grille, to strike a ball into the hazard. Faire d'une pierre deux coups, to kill two birds with one stone. Coup perdu, random-shot. Tirer à coup perdu, to shoot at random. C'est un coup perus, w short at landin. C'est un grand coup, it is a great matter. Les plus grands coups sont rues, the storm is pretty well over, the worst is past. Avoir un coup de hache, to be a little crack-brained. Ne gagnerai-je pas un comp? shall I not win so much as one e i shall I always be beaten i A ce comp, pour le com, now. Tout à coup, all of a sadden, suddenly. Tout d'un coup, at once, all at once, at one dash or bout. Du premier coup, presently, at the first. A tous coups, at every turn, ever and anon. Après coup, too late Après coup, too late. Coup sur coup, one after another. A coup sûr, certainly, assuredly, surely. Encore un coup, once more.
Coup, s. m. Mar. Ex. Coup de barre or de

gouvernail, wild steering. Coup de rame, stroke (in rowing.) Coup de sonde, cast of the lead. Coup de routis, roll. Un coup de tangage, a pitch. Coup de vent, gale, stormy weather. Coup de rent force, stress tongy weather. Coup de rent jorce, sof weather. Faire in coup de rent, to overblow; see Coup de vent before. Coup de canon, gun fired. Coup de canon de Diane, morning gun, or morning watch gun. Coup de canon de retraite, evening gun, or evening watch gun. Coup de canon de partance, gun fired as a signal for sailing. Coup de canon d'assistance, gun fired as a signal for assistance. Coup de canon d'assurance, gun fired by a ship when she shows her colours to affirm the truth of her being really of the nation whose colours she displays. Coup is canon à leau, shot received under water. Coup de canon en plein bois, shot received in the

upper works of a ship.
COUPABLE, koo-pabl, adj. guilty, culpa-

ble, faulty, in fault.
Cours, koop, s. f. cup; cutting or cutting

out: cutting down, felling; (at cards) cut; (of a house, ship, &c.) view.

Coupe, s. f. Mar. Ex. A la coupe de see voiles, je juge que le bâtiment chasse est un vaisseau de guerre français, by the cut of her sails I think the chase is a French man of war.

COUPÉ, E, adj. cut, etc. (in heraldry) couped; (of styte) broken, losse. Pays coupé, country intersected with canals, rivers, etc. Lait coupé, milk and water, or milk boiled with water.

Couré, s. m. coupee (in dancing.)

COUPEAG, kôc-pô, s. m. cop or top of a hill. See also Copeau.
COUPE-CU, s. m. Ex. Jouer un coupe-cu.

to play or set a game without revenge.

Course-congs, koop-gorz, s. m. place in-

fested with robbers or cut-throats.

COUPE-JARRET, s. m. villain, ruffian, cut-

throat, assagin.

COUPELLE, kôo-pêl, s. f. coppel. Argent de coupelle, fine silver. Mettre à la coupelle, to but to the test or trial. Passer à la coupelle, to stand the test.

Coupeller, y. a. to try or assay gold or

silver by the coppel.

COUPER, koo-pa, v. a. to cut; to cut out; to cut down, reap; to fell; to spay; to cut, gold; to carve, cut up; to cut off; to divide, intersect. Couper chemin à quelqu'un, to stop one's way. Couper chemin à un mal, to stop an evil, put a stop to it. Couper les vivres à une armée, to cut off an army's provisions. Couper la parole à quelqu'un, to interrupt one that speaks; also to cut one short, silence one. Couper court, to cut short, shorten.

Pour couper court, to be short, in short. Couper cu, not to give a revenge (at games.) Son carrosse nous coupa, his coach crossed us. Couper du vin, to mix wines together or with water.

water.

Couper, v. a. Mar. to cut, cut away, break, cross. Couper la ligne, to break the line.

Couper la ligne équinoxiale, to cross the line or the equator. Cette frégate coupa sa mâture, that frigate cut away her masts. Coupons le câble pour éviter ce bâtiment en feu, let us cut our cable to keep clear of that ship on fire.

Couper, v. n. to cut; also to play or be of the game (at lansquenet.) Se couper, v. r. to cut one's self; to cut, hit one eig with the other (said of a horse;) to contradict one's self, falter; to cross, cross one another; to cut, fret, wear out.

COUPERET, köop-rê, s. m. butcher's cleaver. COUPEROSE, köop-rôz, s. f. copperas. COUPEROSE, E, köop-rô-zå, adj. red. full of pimples.

COUPE-TÊTE, leap-frog.
COUPEU-R, SE, kôo-pêur, pêuz, s. m. & f.
cutter; also one who plays (at languanet.) Coupeur de bourse, cut-purse. Coupeur de raisens, one that cuts or gathers grapes.

COUPLE, koopl, s. m. couple of persons.

COUPLE, KOOPI, S. M. COUPLE OF PERSONS.

COUPLE, S. f. Couple (of things, etc.) Une couple designs, a couple of eggs. Une couple de bossis, a yoke of oxen. Une couple de bisures or de perdrix, a brace of hares or partidges. When two things necessarily connected are spoken of, as shoes or gloves, the word paire is used.

Couple a f. Mar. frame, timber etc. Mart.

Couple, s. f. Mar. frame, timber, etc. Malcouple, s.i. Mar. Irame, timber, etc. Martresse couple, midship frame. Couples de l'avant, fore body. Couples de l'arrière, after body. Couples de remplissage, filling timbers. Couples devoyées, cant timbers. Couples de lof, loof frame or loof timbers. Couples per pardiculaires à la quille orplacées à l'équerre, square timbers. Couples de coltis, foremost frame or knuckle timbers. Couples de barracement halvase timbers of force Couples. lancement, balance timbers or frames. Couples de levée, frames (of a ship, said of those frames only designed on the shipwright's plan and moulded.

bar, bai, basa: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

COUPLER, kôo-plå, v. a. to couple. COUPLET, kôo-plå, s. m. staff or stanza; ako lampoon. Couplets, s. m. pl. Mar. hinges. Couplets à queue d'hironde or d'aronde, dovetail hinges.

COUPLETER, v. a. to lampoon in verse.

COUPOIR, s. m. cutter, instrument for cutting or clipping (coins, metals, etc.)
COUPOLE, koo-pol, s. f. interior part of a

dome.

COUPON, kôo-pon, s. m. (of cloth) shred, remnant; also dividend, instalment.
COUPURE, kôo-pùr, s. f. cut, gash; also intreuchment behind a breach.

Cour, koor, s. f. court ; court yard. Bassecour, barn-yard. Homme de cour, courtier. Faire sa cour à quelqu'un, to make one's court to one, pay attendance to one, wait on one. Faire la cour aux belles, to court the la-

COURADOUX, s. m. Mar. space between two decks; place where the soldiers sleep (in

a galley.)

Courage, koo-raz, s.m. courage, valour, stoutness, mettle, spirit, constancy, resolution, boldness; affection; passion, mind, heart, hardness of heart, cruelty. Lâche courage, courage bas, bassesse de courage, faint-hearted-ness, sneakingness, base-spirit. Prendre courage, to cheer up, pluck up a good heart. Manquer de courage, to be faint-hearted or discouraged. Donner du courage à quelqu'un, to encourage one. Grandeur de courage. magnanimity, greatness of soul or spirit.

COURAGEUSEMENT, kdo-ra-zeuz-men, adv. courageously, stoutly, valiantly, briskly, resolutely, boldly, fiercely. S'opposer courageusement aux ennemis, to make a stout resist-

ance against the enemy.

COURAGEU-X, SE, koo-ra-zeu, zeuz, adj.

courageous, stout, valiant, brave, resolute, bold, daring, fierce.

COURAMMENT, koo-ra-men, adv. hastily in a hurry; currently, fluently; rapidly, rea

dily, easily.

COURANT, E, koo-ren, rent, adj. running.

Monnoie

Monnoie L'amée courante, the present year. Monnoie courante, current coin or money. Chien courant, beagle or hound. Le prix courant, the current price, the market price. Maladie courante, prevailing distemper. Tout courant, adv. readily, easily, fluently, without hesita-

tion. En courant, cursorily, in haste.
COURANT, S. m. (fil de l'eau) current, stream. Le courant, the usual rate; also the present or current month, instant; and the present quarter or year. Le courant du marché, the market price. Le courant des affaires, the course of affairs. Le courant de la meule d'un moulin, the runner, the upper millstone.

COURANTE, s. f. courant or courante (sort of dance;) also thorough go-nimble or loose-

COURBATONS, s. m. pl. Mar. small knees, knees, brackets. Courbatons des herpes or de l'éperon, brackets. Courbatons de hune, knees

COURBATU, E, koor-ba-ta, tu, adj. founder

ed, exhausted with fatigue.
COURBATURE, koor-ba-tur, s. f. foundering (of a horse;) painful lassitude.

par. bat. base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Course, koorb, adj. crooked, curved; bent. | COURBE, s. f. crook, crooked piece of timber, curb (swelling in a horse's legs.)

Courbe, s. f. Mar. knee, standard, support-er, etc. Courbes du premier pont, deck tran-som knees or hanging knees of the lower deck (in a ship of two decks.) Courbes du second pont, hanging knees of the upper or main deck. Courbes verticales du pont, standards. Courbes verticales or obliques, hanging knees. Courbes horizontales, lodging knees. Courbe à équerre, square knee. Courbes d'arcasse, transom knees. Courbes d'arcasse de la sainte-barbe, wing-transom knees helm-port transom knees. Courbes de rem knees, plissage, dead wood. Courbes des bittes, standards of the bits. Courbe de capucine, standard which fastens the cut water to the stem. Courbe d'etamberd, knee of the sternpost. Courbe de bossoir, supporter of the cathead. Courbes de jottereaux, cheeks of the nead. Courbes de gaillard, hanging knees of the quarter-deck and fore-castle. Courbes de

fer, iron knees.
COURBEMENT, kdorb-men, s. m. bending. COURBER, koor-ba, v. a. to bend or bow, make crooked. Courber, v. n. Se courber, v. r. to bead, bow, stoop.

COURBETTE, koor-bet, s. f. curvet, curvet-

ting of a horse. COURBETTER, koor-be-ta, v.n. to curvet. COURBURE, koor-bor, s. m. crookedness,

bent or bending, curvity.

COURCALLET, koor-ka-le, s. m. catcali. quailpipe.

COURCIVE, s. f. Mar. sort of deck which

goes round the sides of an open hoat. COURÉE, s. f. COURET, s. m. V. Corroi.

COUREUR, kôo-reur, s. m. runner, rambler, idle boy, running footman, rover or sea rover or pirate, rover or inconstant lover; also (said of horses,) courser, racer. Coursers, scouts. Coureur de vin, officer that carries provisions with him for the king when he rides abroad, but especially when he rides

Coureuse, s. f. gadder, rambling or gossiping woman; also prostitute, wi re, street walker.

COURGE, kôorz, s. f. gourd, calabash. COURIER, kôo-rla. V. Courrier.

Courir, kdo-rir, v. n. to run; to run up and down, ramble about, rove; flow, stream; to run, glide, slip, go or pass away; to go on, run on; to be in vogue or in fashion, be current, provide or in tashion, be cutrent, provide. Courir la poste, to ride post.

Courir à une charge, to be in a fair way of getting an office. Courir après quelque chose, to run after a thing, ambitiously to seek after the courie. it, court it. La nouvelle or le bruit court qu'il est mort, it is said, it is given out or reported, there is a talk or report, that he is dead. Faire courir un bruit, to be the author of a report, spread a report or news. Courir sur le marche de quelqu'un, to go to take a bar-gain out of one's hands; also to interfere with one. Au temps qui court, as times go. Ma-ladie qui court, rife disease. Les santés couroient I la ronde, the healths or toasts went Faire courir les voix, to put the question to vote. Faire courir un manifeste, to publish a manifesto. Les manifestes qu'on

Courir sus, to fall upon. Donner à courir a quelqu'un, to force one to stir about.

quequent, to force use to sur shous.

Courir, v. a. to pursue, hunt, course. Courir use charge, to hunt after a place; (see binefice) to sue for; (use cheral) to gallop or run; (fortune, risque) to run the hasard.

Courir use belle fortune, to be in a fair way of preferment. Courir te plat pays, to spoil, and the plat pays to spoil. waste, harass and ravage a country; to rilage and plunder or infest the country; to make inroads into it. Courir la mer or les mers, to rove on or up and down the sea, in fest the seas. Courir le pays, courir le monde, to range the world, go up and down the world, travel about. Courir le bal, to go from one ball to another. Courir les ruelles, to pay frequent visits to ladies. Courir la bague, to run the ring or at the ring. Etre fou a courir les rues er les champs, to be mad or courir les tables, to go a spunging, be a smell feast, or a trencher ily.

Courir, v. a. Mar. to run, sail, stand, etc. Courir tribord or courir à la bordée de tribord, to run or stand on the starboard tack. Couri bâbord conuré, to stand on the larboard tack. Courir à mâts et à cordes or courir à sec, to scud a hull or to scud under bare poles. Courir à toutes voiles, to trend, crowd all sait Courir au large, to stand for the offing, to stand off shore. Courir vent largue, to sail or go large. Courir vent arrière or devant le courie avec les basses valles, to go under a pair of courses. Courie une couture de bordages avec des bandes de nouvelle toile, to parcel a seam. Courir au plus près, to stand close upon the wind. Courir au nord, au close upon the want.

sud, à l'est or à l'ouest, to stand to the northward, southward, eastward or westward.

Courir de bout au corps sur un bâtiment, to run end on upon a ship. Courir bord à contre, to stand upon a different tack to a vessel in sight. Courir des bords, to ply to windward. Courir la bouline, to run the gauntlet. Courir le même bord, to stand upon the same tack (with a ship in sight.) Courir la grande bordée, to keep watch at sea. Courir en latitude or en longitude, to run down latitude or longitude. Courir les écoutes largues, to sail with a flowing sheet. Courir sur un danger, to stand for a shoal. Courir sur un parallèle, to keep in the same latitude. Courir sur sa panne, to shoot (when lying to) main or fore topsail to the mast. Faire courir un bâtiment sur sa panne, to shoot a ship's (when .ying to) fore or main topsail to the mast. Faire course rene manazuvre, to pass along a rope. Couris sur son ancre, to go over the anchor. Courir sur son air, to hold one's way.

COURLIEU or COURLIS, koor-li, s. m. curlew.

Couroi, V. Courroi.

Couronne, kôo-rôn, s. f. crown, diadem, sovereignty, monarchy, kingdom, garland, wreath, priest's shaven crown; halo; cornet (of horse;)coronet (of a duke, earl, marquis.) Ouvrage à couronne, a crown work (in forti-fication.) Enter en couronne, to graft between the bark and the tree.

COURONNÉ, E, Edj. crowned, rewarded, en-compassed, environed. Arbre couronné, a fait courir, the manifestos that are abroad. I tree that ceases budding except at the ex

bar, bat, base : thère, cbb, over : flela, flg : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

tremity of the branches. Ownage couronné, crown work (in fortification.) Cheval couronné, a horse that has worn the hair off his knees by frequent stumbling.
COURDNEMENT, koo-ron-men, s. m. coro-

nation; finishing touch, perfection; crowning, top, coping (in architecture,) crown work (in fortification.) Mar. taffarel.

COURONNER, koo-ro-na, v. a. to crown; to recompense or reward; to crown, make perfect, finish.

COURONNURE, koo-ro-ndr, s. f. palmer or

COURONBURE, kOo-ro-ndr, s. f. palmer or branching borns of a stag.
COURPENDE, V. Capende.
COURRE, kOor, v. n. which is conjugated the same as Courir, and which signifies the same thing, is now seldom used for Courir except in such expressions as Course le cerf, la heave, des chevans, in hunt or course to vin. begue, des chevaux, to hunt or course, to run; and lasser courre, to let the hounds loose; but in every instance Courir may be substitut-

ed, which see.

COURRE, s. m. suitable country for the chase. COURRIER, s. m. courier, express, messenger. Courrière, s. f. is sometimes used in poetry.

Courroi, V. Corroi. Courroie, kôo-rwa, s. f. strap, leather string, latchet.

Courrouce, z, adj. provoked, angered,

angry, raging.
COURROUGER, kôo-rôo-så, v a. to anger, provoke to anger. Se courreucer, v. r. to

grow angry, fly in a passion; to rage.

Courroux, kôo-roo, s. m. anger, wrath,

passion, raging (of the sea.)
Cours, koor, s. m. course; stream, current; term or space; train; course, progress, current price of the market ; run, currency ; book which contains a complete system of science, study of all the parts of a science; esteat, length; sort of publick place where people of quality resort to take the air in their coaches, as in England they do in Hyde-Park in summer. Cours de ventre, boseness. Faire son cours en philosophie, to study philosophy. Ache-ter un cours de philosophie, to buy a whole body of philosophy. Avoir cours, to be in vogue, take. Une chose qui n'a plus cours, a thing out of date, out of use, cried down, not current. Mar. strake or streak. Cours de vaigres, streak (of the planks of a ship's ceiling continued from stem to stern.) Cours de bordages, strakes or streaks (of the planks.) Voyage de long cours, long voyage.

Course, koors, s. f. running or race ; jaunt, journey, course, inroad, incursion, irruption, dash. Mar. cruise. Etre en course, to be on a cruise, to cruise. Aller en course, to go

upon a cruise, to go a cruising.
COURSIE, s. f. or COURSIER, s. m. a galley between the rowers, coursey.

Coursier, koor-sia, s. m. war horse courser. V. Coursie. Coursier, cannon planted

in the coursey of a galley.

Coursière, s. f. draw-bridge on a man of er during an action.

best course. Il fid court d'argent, his money fell short. Il est courte de mémoire or il a la memoire courte, he has a short memory. Aooir la vue courte, to be short-sighted. See vues sont courtes, he is short-sighted, he wants forecast. Vaisseau court, Mar, short ship.

COURT, adv. short. Pour vous le fairecourt, to be short, in short, to sum up all, not to hold you long. S'arrêter tout court, to stop short or suddenly or on a sudden. Je me retirai tout court, I went away presently.

Demeurer tout court, to be at a stand, not to know what to say, to be mum, to be put to the stand or nonplus. Testir de court, to keep short, keep under, keep, keep a strict hand over. Prendre quelqu'un de court, to be hard with one, press one.

COURTAGE, koor-taz, s. m. brokerage. COURTAUD, E, koor-to, tod, s. m. & f. short thick-set person; short bassoon; also horse whose ears and tail are cropped. Chien courtaud, cropped dog. Courtaud or courtaud de beutique, shop-boy.

COURTAUDER, koor-to-da, v. a. to crop a

horse's tail.

COURT-BOULLON, koor-boo-lon, s. m. particular way of dressing fish.

COURTE-BOULE, s. f. bowls, short bowls.

COURTE-HALEINE, kor-ta-len, s. f. asthma. *Courtement, koort-men, adv. briefly, in a few words.

COURTE-POINTE, koort-pwint, s. f. cour-

terpane or counterpoint.
COURTEPOINTIER, E, s. m. & f. maker or seller of counterpanes

COURTIER, koor-uh, s. m. broker. Courtier de chevaux, jockey, jockey courser. Courtier de vin, winc-cooper. Courtier de lard, an inspector of lard and bacon. Courtier de lettres de change, exchange broker. Courtier or courtière de mariage, match-maker.

COURTILIERE, s. f. a destructive insect bred in a dunghill.

COURTINE, koor-tin, s. f. curtain (of a bed

or fortification.) COURTISAN, koor-ti-zen, s. m. courtier :

Courtisa z, koor-tl-zan, s. f. courtesan. prostitute.

Courtiser, koor-d-za, v. a. to court, make one's court to

*Courtois, E, koor-twa, twaz, adj. courte-

"Courtois, a non-transparent ous, civil, affable, kind.
"Courtoisement kôor-twâz-mên, adv. courteously, civilly, kindly.
Courtoisie, kôor-twâz-zl, s. f. courtesy, civiling kindlags or groud turn.

civility, kindness or good turn.

COURU, E, adj. run liter, pursued, chased, hunted, etc. also much in vogue.

Cousin, kôo-zin, s. m. cousin; crony, inti-mate friend; kind of gnat, midge; kind of pastry toy.

Cousinage, koo-zi-naz, s. m. the being a cousin; also kindred, relation.

Cousing, koo-zin, s. f. cousin, she-cousin Cousiner, kdo-zl-na, v. a. to cousin, call

COURSIERE, S. I. draw-in ruge on a man of war to communicate from one part to another during an action.

COURSON, s. m. bough of a tree five or six inches long.

COURSINIERE, S. f. a sort of gauze.

COUSSINIERE, KOO-21-na, V. a. to cousin, call cousin; also to go a spunging.

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COUSSINIERE, KOO-21-na, V. a. to cousin, call cousin; also to go a spunging.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ster of the hawse holes. Coussin des bittes. firlining or doubling of the bits. Coussin de mire, bed of a gun.
Coussiner, koo-si-net, s. m. bag; (of a

horse) pad; quilted stomacher.

COUST, E, adj. sewed, stitched, etc. Il est tout cousu de pistoles, he is well lined, he is full of gold. Mais bouche cousue, but mum, but be sure you keep your tongue.

COUT, s. m. cost, price, charge. COUTANT, adj. Prix collant, cost of a thing.

COUTEAU, koo-to, s. m. knife; short sword. Conteau de chasse, wood knife, hanger. Ils en sont à couteaux tirés, they are at daggers

drawing. Roue en couteau, cog wheel.
COUTELAS, koo-là, s. m. cullass.
COUTELAS, koo-là, s. m. cullass.
Coutel, E, adj. slaughtered. Ex. Peau
de mouton toute coutété, sheep's skin slaughtered

COUTELIER, koot-lin, s. m. cutler.

Contelière, s. f. case of knives; also cutler's wife.

COUTELLERIE, koo-tel-ri, s. f. making of

knives; cutler's shop.

COUTER, koo-ta, v. n. to cost, stand one in, be dear, be chargeable, be painful or trouble-some. Cet ouvrage his a could bien du temps, that piece of work has cost him a great deal of time, he has been a long time about it. La glaire coulde à acquerir, glory is a dear pur-chase. Les homeurs coulent à qui veut les posséder, much worship much cost. Il lui en coîte beaucoup d'avoir été absent, he pays dear for his absence. Il en coûte beaucoup pour faire batir, building runs away with a great deal of money. Largent ne lui coute guere, deal of money. Largent ne ha conte guere, he throws his money away, he knows not the value of money. Quand il fait l'amour rien ne lui coûte, when he is in love he cares not what he spends, or he thinks nothing dear. Quand il est question d' obliger ses amis, rien ne hai coûte, he never thinks any thing difficult or troublesome to serve his friends. Tout he does ever thinks any thing difficult or troublesome to serve his friends. hai colte, he does every thing against the grain. "Jamais resolution ne m'a tant colté à prendre, I never was so long resolving about any thing.

COUTEU-x, SE, adj. expensive. COUTIER, s. m. ticking maker or seller. COUTIE, koo-d, s. m. tent-cloth, ticking or

COUTRE, kootr, s. m. coulter, ploughshare. COUTUME, koo-tum, s. f. custom; way, habit; usage, use; custom or common law; common law-book; custom or toll. Avoir contume or de coutume, to be wont or accustomed, to use. Ren use comme de coutume, he does just as he used to do. Plus que de coutume, more than ordinary. Pays de coutume, country where custom or common law takes place.

COUTUMIER, E, koo-ta-mia, mier, adj. customary, accustomed, common, ordinary. Droit contumier, common law. Pays contumier,

country governed by custom or common law.
COUTUMIER, s. m. common-law book.
COUTUMIER, ko-th, s. f. sewing, stitching;
scar, seam; defait a plate couture, utterly defeated.

COUTURE, E, adj. said of any thing that has marks like a seam or scar.

*COUTURIER, s. m. sewer, stitcher, also one of the muscles of the leg.

Couturière, kôo-tů-rier, s. f. seamstress; mantua-makér

COUVÉ, E, kôo-vå, adj. fusty. V. Couver. COUVÉE, kôo-vå,s.f. nest of eggs, brood, clan. COUVENT, kôo-vèn, s. m. convent, monas-

tery.

Couver, koo-va, v. a. to brood; sit on; hatch, brew (plots,) to breed (sickness.) Couver, v. n. to warm one's self, as Dutch women do, with a stove under their petticoats; to lie or be hid, lurk, lie lurking. Se couver, v. r.

to lie hid or batching.

COUVERCLE, koo-verkl, s. m. cover, lid.

Counercle à pot, pot-lid.

Counercle des écontilles, Mar. hatches.

COUVERT, E, kôo-vèr, vêrt, adj. covered, etc. V. Couvrir, clad, clothed; full, loaded, covered all over; close, hid, hidden, secret; close, reserved, dissembling; cloudy, dark, overcast; ambiguous, dark, obscure. Paus convert, woody country. Lieu convert, shady place. Vin convert, deep or high coloured wine. Il cloit convert de suctur, he was all over in a sweat. Chemin convert over in a sweat. Chemin couvert, covered

way (in fortification.)

Convert, a. m. table-cloth, cover, i. e. plate with its knife and fork, and sometimes its spoon and napkin besides; cover-case, i. c. spoon and napan pressure; cover-case, i.e. case with a spoon, fork, and knife; covert, shelter, roof, lodging; thicket, shady place; cover, envelope. A couvert, adv. under a covert, or shelter. Se mettre à couvert, to shelter or secure one's self. Mettre son bien à convert, to secure one's estate. Etre à couvert de quelque danger, to be sheltered or se-cure, or free from danger. Etre à couvert (or

en prison.) to be laid up in a prison.

Couverte, s. f. (in the Levant) deck: also glazing (on earthen ware,) enamel (on china ware.)

COUVERTEMENT, koo-vert-mên, adv. co-vertly, closely, secretly, privately.

COUVERTURE, koo-ver-tur, s. f. cover; co-verlet, covering; (de laine) blanket; case; (de maison) roof, cover, cloak, pretence, blind, colour. Couverture vetue, rug. Faire la couverture, to turn the bed down. Couverture des cheminée, Mar. caboose.

COUVERTURIER, koo-ver-tu-ria, s. m. maker or seller of bed coverings or blankets. COUVET, koo-ve, s. m. stove (such as the

Dutch women use under their petticoats.)
Couveuse, koo-veuz, s. f. brooder, i. e.

that broods or sits on eggs.

Couvi, kôo-vi, adj. m. rotten or addle.

Couver-chef, kôovrshêf, s. m. kerchief.

Couvre-FEU, s. m. fire plate or curfew, i. e. piece of iron to cover the fire in the night; also curfew or curfew bell; and meat screen.

COUVEE-PIED, s. m. small quilt or covering for the foot of the bed.

COUVRE-PLAT, s. m. cover for a dish. COUVREUR, koo-vreur, s. m. (de maison or en taile) brick-layer, tiler; (en ardoise) slater; (en chaume) thatcher; (de chaises) chairmaker.

maker.

Couvrin, kôo-vrîr, v. a. (like ouvrir) to cover; hide, conceal, keep close or secret; colour, cloak, palliate, dissemble or disguise, load, charge, fill; (la table) to spread or cover, (une cavale) to leap; (une chienne) to cover.

Couvrir une muraille de marbre, etc. to line or do a wall over with marile, etc. Couvris

bar. bat, base : thère, člib, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

uelqu'un, to drown one, to obscure his merits. Une voix qui couvre les autres, a voice that Couvrir d'or or d'argent, to drowns others. overlay with gold or silver. Couver un habit d'or or d'argent, to daub or cover a suit with gold or silver lace. Couvrir le visage or la joue à quelqu'un, to give one a box on the ear or a slap on the face. Couvrir le débar out missing the troupes, to cover the landing of the troops. Se courrir, v. r. to put one's hat on, be covered; (d'un bon habit) to put on, clothe one's self with. Se courrir richement, to wear rich clothes. Le ciel or le temps commence à se couvrir, the sky begins to be overcast. Cette frégule s'est couverte de voiles pour nous rullier, that frigate has made all the sail she can to join us.

COYAU, s. m piece of wood notched in the

wheel of a mill.

CRABE, krab, s. m. crab.

CRABIER, s. m. bird that feeds on crabs. CRAC, s. m. crack, cracking noise; also a

disease in birds of prey.

CRACHAT, cra-sha, s. m. spittle, spawl.

CRACHAE, E, adj. spit. C'étoù hai tout craché, be was as like him as if he had been spit out of his mouth.

CRACHEMENT, krash-men. s. m. spitting

er spawling.

CRACHER, krå-shå, v. a. & n. to spit, spit out, spawi. Cracher au bassin, to contighute or club. Cracher au nez de quelqu'um, to spit m one's face. Cracher des injures, to rail or abuse, call names.

CRACHEU-R, SE, krå-sheur, sheuz, s. m. &

f. spitter, spitting person. CRACHOIR, kra-shwar, s. m. spitting box. CRACHOTEMENT, krå-shôt-mên, s. m. sputtering, spitting often.
CRACHOTER, krå-shô-tå, v. n. to sputter,

spit often.

CRAIE, kre, s. f. chalk.

CRAIER, s. m. Mar. crayer, sort of small

Swedish vessel.

CRAINDRE, krisdr, v. a. (see the table at aindre) to fear, dread, apprehend, be afraid of, stand in awe or fear of. Se faire craindre, to make one's self feared. Il est à craindre, it is or he is to be feared.

CRAINT, E, adj. feared.
CRAINTE, krimt, s. f. fear, apprehension, awe. Crainte de or de crainte de, for fear of. De crainte que, for fear that, lest.

CRAINTI-F, VE, kriss-tif, tiv, adj. fearful, timorous.

CRAINTIVEMENT, adv. fearfully, timorous-

CRAMOISI, krå-mwå-zl, s. m. crimson, grain colour. Teint en cramoisi, died in grain. Un sot en cramoisi, fool in grain. Laiden cramoisi, soperlatively ugly.
CRAMP, Mar. V. Crampon.

CRAMPE, krenp, s f. or GOUTTE CRAMPE. cramp,

CRAMPON, kren-pon, s. m. cramp-iron-hook. Crampons de fer de cheval, frost-nails of a horse-shoe. Crampon or crampon de fer, Mar. staple, cramp-iron.

CRAMPONNER, kren-po-na, v. a. to fasten with a cramp-iron. Se cramponner, v. r. to

cling at any thing.

CRAMPONNET, s. m. little cramp-iron. Cramponnet de targette, lock staple.

CRAN, krėn, s. m. notch, groove (in a type.) CRANE, krūn, s. m. skull, bráinpan.

CRAPAUD, kra-po, s. m. toad. Mar. gooseneck of the tiller.

CRAPAUDAILLE, s. f. thin crape

CRAPAUDIRE, s. f. swampy place.
CRAPAUDIRE, krå-po-din, s. f. toad-stone;
iron-wort; the sole or square piece of iron, etc. wherein the pivot plays or turns in the bottom of a gate; malt-tong or malt-worm (a horse's disease.) Griller des pigeons à la crapaudine, to broil pigeons with salt, pepper, and vinegar.

CRAPOUSIN, E, s. m. & f. short ill shaped person, dwarf, shrimp. CRAPULE, krå-půl, s. f. drunkenness, cra-

pulence, gluttony.

CRAPULER, krå-på-lå, v. n. to fuddle or

drink hard, gormandize

CRAPULEU-S, SE, krā-pā-lèu, lèuz, adj. crapulous, drunken, intemperate. CRAQUELIN, krāk-lin, s. m. cracknel, hard

cake. CRAQUEMENT. krak-men. s. m. crack or

cracking noise. CRAQUER, krā-kā, v. n. to crack, crackle; to crack, tell a story. Faire craquer ses doigts, to make one's fingers snap.
CRAQUERIE, S. I. lie.

CRAQUETER, krak-th, v. n. to crackle. Pentends craquer le tonnerre, I bear cracks of thunder.

CRAQUEU-R. SE. krå-keur, keuz, s. m. & f. cracker, boaster.

CRAQUETEMENT, s. m. cracking.

CRASSANE, s. f. a sort of pear. CRASSE, kras, s. f. filth, nastiness, grease, rust; dandruff; scum or dross. La crasse des collège or de l'école, the rudeness, rusticity or clownishness of the school.

CRASSE, adj. gross, thick, coarse. CRASSES, s. f. pl. scales which fall from

metals when hammered.

CRASSET-X, SE, Krā-sēu, sēuz, adj. & s. nasty, filthy, full of nastiness, greasy, rusty. Un crusseux, nasty or greasy fellow, a niggardly fellow. Une crusseuse, slut; a niggardly woman.

CRATERE, s. m. crater; also drinking cup. CRATICULER, v. a. to square (an original picture or drawing) in order to take a reduced

CRAVAN, s. m. a sort of aquatick bird.

CRAVATE, krå-våt, s. f. cravat or neckcloth. Mar. navelline.

Cravate, s.m. Croat, sort of trooper of Croatia CRAYON, kre-yon, s. m. pencil or crayon, picture in one colour or drawn with crayons, picture in crayons; picture or description of a person or thing, also chalking or first draught or delineation of a picture; and sketch, first or

rough draught (of a composition.)
CRAYONNER, kre-yo na, v. a. to chalk or draw with crayons or with a pencil; to chalk

or sketch.

CRAYONNEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. a drawer with crayons.

CRAYONNEU-X, SE, adj. of the nature of crayons.

CRÉANCE, kra-ens, s. f. behef, faith; thought, opinion; trust, credit, confidence, debt, money Lettres de créance, credential letters or credentials, also letters of credit. Chies buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brus.

de bonne créance, dog that may be depended !

Créancier, e, krá-én-slá, sièr, s., m. & f. creditor.

CRÉAT, a. m. usher to a riding-master. CRÉATEUR, krá-á-teur, s. m. creator, maker. Recevoir son créateur, to receive the sacrament.

CRÉATION, krå-å-sion, s. f. creation. CRÉATRICE, adj. f. paissance créatrice,

(Montesquieu) creating power. CREATURE, krā-a-tur, s. f. creature, crea-

ted being, person, man or woman. CREBEB, s. m. a sort of tree and its fruit.

CRÉCELLE, krå-sél, s. f. ratile. CRÉCERELLE, krås-rél, s. f. kestrel. CRÈCERELLE, krås-rél, s. f. kestrel. CRÈCERE, krésh, s. f. manger, crib or cratch. CRÉDENCE, krå-dens, s. f. little cup-board

near the altar, where the church plate is kept. CRÉDIBILITÉ, krå-dl-bl-ll-tå, s. f. credibility

CRÉDIT, krå-dl, s. m. credit; trust, name, esteem, reputation, power, influence, sway.

Prendre or acheter à credit, to buy or take
upon trust, take upon tick.

Vendre or donner upon trust, take upon tick. Vendre or donner à crédit, faire crédit à quelqu'un, to trust one, give one credit. A crédit, to little or no purpose. Dire quelque chose à crédit, to speak without bette con la crédit de speak without bette con la crédit de speak without bette con la crédit de speak without service de la crédit de service de la crédit de la créd without book, say a thing without ground or proof, speak at random.

CRÉDITEUR, s. m. creditor.

CREDITER, v. a. to credit one in the day book.

CREDULE, krå-dål, adj. credulous, easy of

CRÉDULITÉ, krå-dů-li-tå, s. f. credulity, lightness or rashness of belief.

CREER, kra-a, v. n. to create; to contract,

run into (debt :) to settle (a pension upon one.) CREMAILLERE, kra-ma-ler, s. f. pothook that may be lengthened or shortened, trammel. CREMAILLON, kra-ma-lon, s. m. small pot-

book.

CREME, krem, s. f. cream. Creme, s. m. V. Chreme.

CRÉMENT, s. m. (in grammar) termination added in the inflections of a word.

added in the inflections of a word.

CRÉMER, krå-må, v. m. to cream.

CRÉMER, s. f. woman that sells cream.

CRÉMERU, krå-nø, s. m. battlement, indented top of ancient walls.

CRÉMELE, g., adj. embattled (in heraldry.)

CRÉMELER, krån-lå, v. a. to make notches
into battlements; to indent, notch.

CRÉMERURE, krån-lör, s. f. the being

notched or indented. CREOLE, kra-ol, s. m. & f. creole, descend-

ant of an European born in America. CREPAGE, s. m. way of dressing crape.

CREPS, krep, s. m. crape, mourning hat-band. Crépe, s. f. sort of pancake. CREPS, krepå, v. a. to crisp, frizzle or curl. CREFI, z., krå-pl, pl, adj. rough-cast, par-getted. Case créps, leather worked into a grain.

CRÉPI, s. m. rough cast (of a well.)
CRÉPIN, (S. Crépin) S. Crispin, the shoemaker's saint. S. Crépin, all the tools of a whole substance. Perdre son S. Crépin, to lose one's all. Vous voyez tout son S. Crépin, you see all his riches

CRÉPINE, krå-pln, s. f. fringe.

CRÉPIR, kra-pir, v. a. to rough cast or per

CRÉPISSURE, krå-pl-sur, s. f. or CRÉPISSE

MENT, s. m. parget or rough cast of wells. CREPITATION, kra-pl-th-slon, s. f. crepits tion, crackling of fire.
CREPON, kra-pon, s. m. thick crape.

CRÉPU, E, krá-pů, pů, adj. curled, crisped, frizzled (said of hair.)

CRÉPUSCULE, krá-pås-kåi, s. m. crepuscule, twilight.

CRÉQUIER, s. m. wild plum-tree.

CRESSON, s. m. sort of woollen stuff. CRESSON, kre-son, s. m. cress, cresses. CRESSONNIÈRE, kre-so-uler, s. f. place

where cresses grow.

CRETE, kret, s. f. comb (of the cock;) tuft, cop: crest, top. Crête de morue, certain place on the back of the cod-fish. Crête marine. samphire.

CRRTÉ, E, kre-ta, adj. that has a comb or

tuft, tufted.
CRETONNE, s. f. a sort of white lines.

CREUSERENT, s. m. the act of digging. CREUSER, kreu-za, v. r. to dig, hollow er make hollow. Creuser une affaire, (or creuser dans une affaire) to sift a business, go to the bottom of it, dive into it. Se creuser le cerveus, to rack one's brains. Creuser un port, to

to rack one's brains. Creaser am port, to deepen a harbour.

CREUSET, kréu-sé, s. m. crucible.

CREU-X, sz., kréu, kréuz,-adj. hollow; visionary, foolish, airy, entravagant, fantastical, chimerical. Fossé fort creuz, very deop ditch, Ventre creux, empty belly. Viande creuze, frothy, light, insignificant food; also visionary chame. scheme.

CREUX, s. m. hole, pit, hollow, hollowness, cavity; sort of mould for plaster casts, etc. Je ne puis arracher cela du creux de ma oervelle, I cannot get it out of my brains. Un beam creux, un lon creux, base voice which can descend to very low notes. Mar. Creux, depth or height of the hold (of a ship.) Creux de la mer, trough of the sea.

CREVAILLE, s. f. immoderate entertain-

ment, guttling. CREVASSE, kre-vas, s. f. chap, chiak, crevice

gap; scratches (disease in the legs of horses, CREVASSER, kre-va-sa, v. a. to chap. S crevasser, v. r. to crack, split, chap, chink ar

gape. CREVÉ, E, adj. & s. burst, etc. V. Crever. Un gros creek, une grosse creeke, fat swag-bellied man or woman, bursten-gutted person.

CREVEROUR, krev-keur, s.m. grief of heart, great trouble, heart-breaking.
CREVER, kre-va, v. n. to burst; to die. Crever de chaud, to be extremely hot. Crever de graisse, to be extremely fat. Crever de biens, to abound in or with riches. Crever

beers, to abound in or with riches. Creoer deroie, d'orgueid, de rage, etc. to be full of er burst with pride, envy, rage, ctc.

Crever, v. a. to burst, tear, rend er break.

Crever les geass à quelqu'an, to pat out one's eyes. Crever un cheval, to jade a horse.

Cela rous crève les geass, that lies under your Celd total creez ets years, that her unout your asson or before you, you cannot but see it.

Les saletés crèvent les years, there is nothing but fifth to be seen. Mar. to burnt, stave, prick. Crever une embarcation, to stave a boat. Un de nos canons de 18 creux dans le combat one of our 18 pounders barst in the

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CROUTON, kroo-ton; s. m. piece of crust of bread.

CROYABLE, krwa-yabl, adj. credible, to be believed or credited

CROYANCE, krwå-yèns, s. f. faith, belief, opinion, thought, trust, credit.
CROYANT, krwå-yèn, s. m. believer, one of the faithful.

CRU, E, krů, krů, adj. grown, increased, etc. V. Crostre.

CRU, krd, s. m. growth. Ex. De son cra,

of one's own growth, of one's own invention.

CRU, adj. (from Croire,) believed, thought, et V. Croire

CRU, E, adj. raw; crude; indigested; blunt,

kard. A cru, on the bare skin. Botte à cru, booted without stockings. Aller à cheval à cru, to ride on horseback without a saddle. CRUAUTÉ, krů-ô-tå, s. f. cruelty, barbarity, inhumanity, ill usage, rigour, hard-heartedness, inflexible temper, very hard or grievous

CRUCHE, krosh, s. f. pitcher, water-pot; stupid block-head, fool.

Списнив, krd-sha, s. f. pitcher full. CRUCHON, krå-shon, s. m. little pitcher. CRUCIALE, krå-skal, adj. f. Ex. Incision

cruciale, crucial incision. CRUCIFÈRE, adj. cruciferous

CRUCIFIEMENT, krd-sl-il-men, . m. crucifixion.

CRUCIFIER, krd-sl-fl-a, v. a. to crusfy, to

CRUCIFIX, ked-sl-fl, s. m. crucifix. geur de crucifix, devourer of crucifixes, great bigot. CRUDITÉ, krå-dl-tå, s. f. crudity, rawness,

indigestion.

CRUE, kru, s. f. (from Crottre) increase;
addition: (of a river) ingrowing, growth, addition; (of a river) increase, swelling; (of the sea) surge; (of taxes) raising.

CRUEL, LE, krå-ël, adj. cruel, inhuman, fierce, hard, barbarous, grievous. painful. Elle n'est pas trop cruelle, she is kind enough.

Un cruel, s. m. Une cruelle, s. f. cruel or

hard-hearted man or person.
CRUELLEMENT, krů-ěl-měn, adv. cruelly, grievously, barbarously, inhumanly, fiercely. Faire mourir cruellement, to put to a cruel

death. CRUMENT or CRUEMENT, krd-men, adv.

bluntly, harshly, inconsiderately, crudely.
CRURAL, E, adj. crural.
CRUSTACEE, adj. crustaceous. CRUSADE, s. f. crusade (a coin.)

CRYPTE, s. f. burying vault. Cv, V. Cul.

CUBE, Aub, s. m. cube.

CUBE or CUBIQUE, ku-bik, adj. cubick, cubical.

CUBITAL, E, adj. cubital, belonging to the elbow.

CUCUBALE, s. f. a sort of plant.

CUCURBITACE, E, adj. cucurbitaceous.

CUCURBITAINS, s. m. pl. flat worms. CUCURBITE, kû-kûr-bît, s. f. cucurbite. CUELLE, s. f. Mar. one of the cloths of a sail.

CUEILLETTE, keu-let, s. f. harvest. Gathering, collection (for the poor.)

*CUEILLEUR, keu-leur, s. m. Ex. Cueilles de pommes, gatherer of apples. Il est fait en cueillur de pommes, he is wretchedly dressed.
CUEILLIR, keu-th, v. a. to gather, pick.
Cueillir une manoeuvre, Mar. to coil up a

CUEILLOIR, keu-lwar, s. m. fruit-basket. *CUIDER, v. a. to think, intend, imagine.

CUILLER, kûl-lêr, s. f. spoon. Cuiller converte, a mad-spoon. Cuiller à pot, pot-ladle.

Mar. Cuiller à brai, pitch-ladle. Cuiller à Mar. Cuitter a brai, pitch-naule. Cuitter acanon, ladle for a gun. Cuitter de tarière, auger-bit. Cuitter de pompe, pump-borer Cuillerie, köll-ra, s. f. spoonful. Cuillerie, köll-ra, s. m. bowl of a spoon.

CUILLIER, s. m. sort of heron, spoon-bill.
CUINE, s. f. vessel to distil aquafortis.
CUIR, & Adir, s. m. leather, skin, hide. Cuin
bouilli, that sort of leather with which buck ets, bottles, etc. are made. Visage de cuir bouilli, a wainscot face. Faire du cuir d'autrui large courroie, to be free of another man's purse.

Cuirasse, kûi-rås, s. f. cuirass. Cuirasse, e, kûi-rå-så, adj. that has a cui-

rass on, well armed, well prepared.

CUIRASSER, v. a. to cover with a cuirass. Cuirassier, kul-ra-sla, s. m. cuirassier. Cuire, kulr, v. a. to do or dress (victuals)

boil, bake, roast, cook, etc. to concect, digest; to ripen; to burn (bricks.)

Cuire, v. n. to boil, to be baking, boiling,

roasting, etc. to smart or make smart.
CUISANT, E, kull-zen, zent, adj. violent,

burning, sharp, smart, smarting.

Culbing, kûl-zîn, s. f. kitchen; also cookery; and Mar. galley, cook-room. Faire la cuisine, to dress meat, cook. Chargé de cui-sine, fat, pot-bellied. Latin de cuisine, coarse Latin, low Latin

Cuisinen, kul-zl-na, v. n. to dress meat to cook.

Cuisinier, s. m. cook, man cook.

Cuisinière, s. f. woman cook. Cuisinière, s. f. a sort of utensil to roast meat.

Cuissart, kûl-sar, s. m. cuish. Cuissar, kûls, s. f. thigh; (of poultry) leg. Cuisses de derrière d'un cheval, gascoins.

Cuisse-nadame, jargonelle.
Cuisse-nadame, jargonelle.
Cuisson, khl-son, s. f. boiling, baking, roasting, dressing, etc. smart. Pain de cuisson, bread baked at home.

Cuisson, s. m. haunch of venison.

Cuisrez, kilist, s. m. a schoolmaster's man, servant in a college; a pedant. Cuir, z, adi. done, dressed, boiled, baked, roasted, etc. V. Cuire. Cela est trop cuit, or n'est pas assez cuit, that is too much done, or not done enough.

Curre, kut, s. f. baking (of pipes,) burning (of bricks, etc.)
Curver, kutvr, s. m. copper. Cuivre

faune, brass.

Cul, kå, s. m. arse, breech, backside; bottom; back-part; (of a hat) top of the crown; tom; back-part; (b) a hard, below the clown, Cul-bas, kind of game (at cards.) Cul-blane, white-tail (a bird.) Cul de basse fosse, dungeon. Cul de jatte, cripple or lame man, (who unable to walk goes with his backside in a bowl.) Cul de lampe (in printing) tailpiece. Tour faile en cul de lampe, tower winding downwards like a wreathed shell

bûse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : hrun.

Cul de plomb, sedentary person. Faire le cul de plomb, to stick to one's work. Cul de sac, street or alley without a thoroughfare, sac, street or alley without a thoroughtare, turn-again alley. Avoir le cul sur la selle, to be on horsehack. Eine à cul, to be at a loss, be at one's last shifts, be put to a nonplus. Donner du pied au cul à un valet, to turn a servant out of doors. A écorche-cul, against the grain. Arrêter quelqu'un sur cul, to stop one short. Cul par dessus tête, topsy-mourt meide devan. Jauer à cul leré, to play at level coil. Jouer à coupe-cul, to play a single game. De cul et de tête, with might and main. Tirer le cul en arrière, to hang an 2760

Cul, s. m. Mar. stern, etc. Votre bâtiment Cul, s. m. Mar. stern, etc. Votre bâtiment demande à être sur cul, your ship likes to be by the stern. Cul d'une poulse, arse of a block. Cul carré, square-tack. Cul de lampe, lower finishing of the quarter gallery. Cul de porc, wall-knot. Cul de porc simple, single wall-knot. Cul de port avec tête de more, crowntost. Cul de port avec tête de more, crowntost. Cul de porc avec tête d'aloutée. double knot. Cul de porc avec tête d'alouette, double crown-knot. Cul de sac, bight which forms a sort of harbour (among the inhabitants of the French West-India-Islands.)

CULASSE, ku-las, s. f. breech of a gun. Renforce sur or par la culasse, Dutch built or

broad bottomed

CULBUTE, kul-but, s. f. flying top over tail; fall, tumble. Faire la culbute, to fly top

over tail, fall.

CULBUTER, kul-ba-ta, v. a. to give a fall, make fall, turn upside-down; to cverturn, ruin. v. n. to fall upside down, tumble; be knocked up or ruined.

CULBUTIS, s. m. heap of confused things turned upside down.

Culke, kû-la, s. f. butment, end or head of a bridge. Mar. stern-way.

CULER, v. n. Mar. to go a-stern, make stern way, have stern-way. Faire culer, to make a stern-board. Il fant faire beaucoup culer notre bâtiment avant d'abattre, we must give our ship good stern-way before we cast.

Mettre tout à culer, to lay all a-back.

CULIER, kh-ffa, adj. m. Ex. Le boyou cu-

lier, the colon (gut.)
CULIERE, s. f. crupper. CULMINATION, s. I. culmination.

CULMINER, v. n. to culminate. CULOT, ku-10, s. m. bottom of a churchlamp, youngest or last member of a society, brood, family, etc. melted metal as opposed to the dross.

CULOTIN, s. m. sort of close breeches.
CULOTIE, kå-löt, s. f. breeches.
CULTE, kålt, s. m. worship.
CULTIVABLE, adj. that may be cultivated.
CULTIVATEUR, kål-il-vå-låur, s. m. cultistor. tiller huchandman vator, tiller, husbandman.

CULTIVER, kul-ti-va, v. a. to til.. manure, improve, cultivate, study.

CULTURE, kal-tur, s. f. culture, husbandry, dressing, tillage, improvement.
Cumin, ku-min, s. m. cumin (a plant.)

CUMULATI-F, VE, &d-md-la-tlf, tiv, adj.

accumulative, accumulated.

ka-ma-la-uv-men CUMULATIVEMENT, adv. accumulatively.

CUMULER, &d-md-lk, v. a. to accumulat , beep together.

CUNÉIFORME, adj. cunciform, wedge-like.

CUPIDIT , kh-pl-dl-th, s. f. cupidity, con-cupiscence, lust, desire.

CURABLE, ku-rabl, adj. curable, that may

CURAGE, kd-raz, s. m. cleansing : also cul-

rage or arso-smart.
CURATELLE, kû-râ-têl, s. f. guardianship.
CURAT-EUR, RICE, kû-râ-têur, tris, s. m.

& f. guardian, truste

CURATI-F, VE, to-ra-if, tiv, adj. healing. CURATION, to-ra-sion, s. f. cure, curing. CURCUMA, s. m. a plant with a yellow root CURE, hur, s. f. cure: living or benefice; parsonage; trouble, care, concern. *N'est

avoir cure, not to care about it. Bénéfice sans cure d'âmes, sinecure. Cure d'oiseau, pellet of hemp to cleanse a hawk.

hemp to cleanse a naws.

CURÉ, Ad-A, s. m. parson, rector, vicar.

CURÉ, E, adj. cleansed, etc. V. Curer.

CURE-DENT, Aur-den, s. m. tooth-pick.

CURÉE, Ad-A, s. f. game given the hawk

or bound. Faire curée chaude, to reward the

hawk or dog immediately.

CURE-ORELLE, &u-ro-rel, s. m. ear-pick

CURE-PIED, s. m. horse-picker.

CURER, &u-ra, v. a. to cleanse or pick (the teeth :) to cleanse or make cast (a hand.)
CUREUR, kû-rêur, s. m. cleanser (of seells,

etc.)
CURIAL, E, ku-rial, adj. belonging to a

CURIE, ku-rl, s. f. tenth part of a tribe of ancient Rome.

CURIEUSEMENT, ku-rièuz-mên, adv. cu

riously, diligently, carefully.

CURIEU-X, se, kô-ricu, ricus, adj. & s. curious, prying, inquisitive, rare, excellent, neat, fine, curious person, inquisitive or busy-body, virtuoso.

CURIOSITÉ, ků-rlò-zl-tå, s. f. curiosity, in-

quisitiveness; raree-show. CURLES, s. f. Mar. whirls

CUROIR, ku-rwar, s. m. plough-staff. CURULE, adj. Ex. Chaire curule, curule

chair.

CURURES, s. f. pl. dregs of a well or sink.
CURVILIGEE, kur-vi-lign, adj.curvilinear.
CURVITÉ, kur-vi-lik, s. f. curvity.
CUSTODE, kus-tòd, s. f. holster-cap; ctoth
that covers the pyx; curtain (of the altar.)
Custode, s. m. warden (in a religious house,)

the provincial's deputy.
CUSTODINOS, kds-to-dl-nds, s. m. Le thet

keeps a benefice for another.
CUTANE, E, kū-tā-nā, adj. cutaneous.

CUTICULE, s. f. cuticle.

CUTTER, s. m. Mar. cutter. CUVE, kuv, s. f. great tub. Fossé à fond de cave, flat-bottomed ditch.

CUVEAU, Aŭ-vô, s. m. little tub. CUVER, kū-vā, s. f. tub-full. C'est du vin de la première cucée, this is wine of the first

CUVELAGE, a. m. strengthening (with planks and cross-beams) the inside of wells

leading into mines.

CUVELER, v. a. to strengthen the unide of wells leading into mines.

CUVER, Al-va, v. n. (said of some) to remain or stand in the tub. Curer son vus, to

sleep one's self soher

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CROUTON, kroo-ton; s. m. piece of crust of bread.

CROYABLE, krwa-yabl, adj. credible, to be believed or credited

CROYANCE, krwa-yens, s. f. faith, belief, opinion, thought, trust, credit.

CROYANT, krwa-yen, s. m. believer, one of the faithful.

CRU, E, krů, krů, adj. grown, increased, etc. V. Croitre.

CRU, kru, s. m. growth. Ex. De son crû, of one's own growth, of one's own inven-

CRU, adj. (from Croire,) believed, thought, etc V. Croire.

CRU, E, adj. raw; crude; indigested; blunt, cru, crude; indigested; think, lard. A cru, on the bare skin. Botte à cru, booted without stockings. Aller à cheval à cru, to ride on horseback without a saddle. CRUAUTÉ, krd-0-tå, s. f. cruetly, barbarity, inhumanity, ill usage, rigour, hard-hearted-

inhumanity, ill usage, rigour, hard-heartedness, inflexible temper, very hard or grievous

thing.
CRUCHE, krůsh, s. f. pitcher, water-pot; stupid block-head, fool.

CRUCHÉE, krů-shå, s. f. pitcher full. CRUCHON, krd-shon, s. m. little pitcher. CRUCIALE, krd-slal, adj. f. Ex. Incision cruciale, crucial incision.

CRUCIFÈRE, adj. cruciferous. CRUCIFIEMENT, krû-sl-îl-mên, . m. crucifixion.

CRUCIFIER, krd-sl-fl-a, v. a. to crusify, to

CRUCIFIX, krd-sl-fl, s. m. crucifix. Mangeur de crucifix, devourer of crucifixes, great

bigot. CRUDITÉ, krů-dl-tå, s. f. crudity, rawness,

CRUE, krd, s. f. (from Croître) increase; growing, growth, addition; (of a river) increase, swelling; (of the sea) surge; (of taxes)

CRUEL, LE, krā-ēl, adj. cruel, inhuman, fierce, hard, barbarous, grievous. painful. Elle n'est pas trop cruelle, she is kind enough.

Un cruel, s. m. Une cruelle, s. f. cruel or

hard-hearted man or person.
CRUELLEMENT, krd-el-men, adv. cruelly, grievously, barbarously, inhumanly, fiercely Faire mourir cruellement, to put to a cruel

CRUMENT or CRUEMENT, krd-men, adv. bluntly, harshly, inconsiderately, crudely.

CRURAL, E, adj. crural.
CRUSTACEE, adj. crustaceous.
CRUSADE, s. f. crusade (a coin.)

CRYPTE, s. f. burying vault. Cu, V. Cul.

CUBE, Adb, s. m. cube.

CUBE or CUBIQUE, the bik, adj. cubick, cubical.

CUBITAL, E, adj. cubital, belonging to the elbow.

CUCUBALE, s. f. a sort of plant

CUCURBITACE, E, adj. cucurbitaceous.

CUCURBITAINS, s. m. pl. flat worms.
CUCURBITE, kû-kûr-bit, s. f. cucurbite.
CUEILLE, s. f. Mar. one of the cloths of a mil.

CUEILLERET, s. m. rent-roll of a manor. CUEILLETTE, keu-let, s. f. harvest. Gathering, collection (for the poor.)

*CUEILLEUR, keu-leur, s. m. Ex. Cueille de pommes, gatherer of apples. Il est fait en cueillur de pommes, he is wretchedly dressed. CUEILLIR, kêu-fr, v. a. to gather, pick. Cueillir une manceuvre, Mar. to coil up a

Cueillin une managuvre, man. to the rope.

Cueilloir, kën-lwar, s. m. fruit-basket.

*Cuider, v. a. to think, intend, imagine.

Cuiller, kül-lèr, s. f. spoon. Cuiller converte, a mad-spoon. Cuiller à pot, pot-ladle.

Mar. Cuiller à brai, pitch-ladle. Cuiller à canon, ladle for a gun. Cuiller de tarrière, auger-bit. Cuiller de pompe, pump-borer

Cuillerée, küll-ra, s. f. spoonful.

Cuilleron, küll-ra, s. m. bowl of a spoon.

Cuilleres. s. m. sort of heron, spoon-bill.

CUILLIER, s. m. sort of heron, spoon-bill.
CUINE, s. f. vessel to distil aquafortis.
CUIR, kdir, s. m. leather, skin, hide. Cui

bouilli, that sort of leather with which buck ets, bottles, etc. are made. Visage de cuir bouilli, a wainscot face. Faire du cuir d'au-trui large courroie, to be free of another man's purse.

Cuirasse, kul-ras, s. f. cuirass. Cuirasse, e, kul-ra-sa, adj. that has a cui-

rass on, well armed, well prepared.

CUIRASSIER, v. a. to cover with a cuirass. CUIRASSIER, kul-ra-sla, s. m. cuirassier.

Cuire, kair, v. a. to do or dress (victuals) boil, bake, roast, cook, etc. to concect, digest; to ripen; to burn (bricks.)

Cuire, v. n. to boil, to be baking, boiling. roasting, etc. to smart or make smart.

Cuisant, z, kůl-zèn, zènt, adj. violent,

burning, sharp, smart, smarting.
Cusine, kul-zin, s. f. kitchen; also cookery; and Mar. galley, cook-room. Faire la cuisine, to dress meat, cook. Chargé de cui-sine, fat, pot-bellied. Latin de cuisine, coarse Latin, low Latin.

Cuisinen, kul-zl-na, v. n. to dress meat to cook.

Cuisinier, s. m. cook, man cook.

Cuisinière, s. f. woman cook. Cuisinière, s. f. a sort of utensil to reast meat.

Cuissart, kûl-sar, s. m. cuish. Cuissar, kûls, s. f. thigh; (of poultry) leg. Cuisses de derrière d'un cheval, gascoins.

Cuisse-madame, jargonelle.
Cuisse-madame, jargonelle.
Cuisson, kall-son, s. f. boiling, baking, roasting, dressing, etc. smart. Pain de cuisson, bread baked at home.
Cuissor, s. m. haunch of venison.

Cuistre, külstr, s. m. a schoolmaster's

man, servant in a college; a pedant.

Curr, E, adj. done, dressed, boiled, baked,
roasted, etc. V. Cuire. Cela est trop cust, or n'est pas assez cuit, that is too much done, or not done enough.

Culte, kalt, s. f. baking (of pipes,) burning (of bricks, etc.)
Culver, kalve, s. m. copper. Cuivre jaune, brass.

Cul, kå, s. m. arse, breech, backside; bot-CUL, ka, s. m. arse, preech, Dacksine; Dottom; back-part; (of a hat) top of the crown; Cul-bas, kind of game (at cards.) Cul-blanc, white-tail (a bird.) Cul de basse fosse, dungeon. Cul de jatte, cripple or lame man, (who unable to walk goes with his backside in a bowl.) Cul de lampe (in printing) tailpiece. Tour faite en cul de lampe, tower winding downwards like a wreathed shell bose, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Cul de plomb, sedentary person. Faire le cul de plomb, to stick to one's work. Cul de sac, street or alley without a thoroughfare, sac, success of anney winners a management turn-again alley. Avoir le cul sur la selle, to be on horsehack. Eire à cul, to be at a loss, be at one's last shifts, be put to a nonplus. Donner du pied au cul à un vulet, to turn a servant out of doors. A coorche-cul, against the grain. Arrêter quelqu'um sur cul, to stop one short. Cul par dessus tête, topsyturvy, upside-down. Jouer à cul levé, to play at level coil. Jouer à cupe-cul, to play a single game. De cul et de tête, with might and main Tiere, le cul en arrêter, to hauer and main Tiere le cul en arrêter. and main. Tirer le cul en arrière, to hang an

arse.

Cul, s. m. Mar. stern, etc. Votre bâtiment demande à être sur cul, your ship likes to be by the stern. Cul d'une poulse, arse of a block. Cul carré, square-tack. Cul de lampe, lower finishing of the quarter gallery. Cul de porc, wall-knot. Cul de porc simple, single wall-knot. Cul de porc double, double wall-knot. Cul de porc avec tête de more, crown-knot. Cul de porc avec tête d'alouette, double crown-knot. Cul de sac, bight which forms a sort of harbour (among the unbabitants of the ort of harbour (among the inhabitants of the French West-India-Islands.)

CULASSE, kt.-las, s. f. breech of a gun. Resforcé sur or par la culasse, Dutch built or hard betterned

broad bottomed

CULBUTE, kul-bat, s. f. flying top over tail; fall, tumble. Faire la culbute, to fly top over tail, fall.

CULBUTER, kul-bu-ta, v. a. to give a fall, make fall, turn upside-down; to everturn, ruin. v. n. to fall upside down, tumble; be knocked up or ruined

CULBUTIS, s. m. heap of confused things turned unside down.

CULSS, kh-là, s. f. butment, end or head

of a bridge. Mar. stern-way.

CULER, v. n. Mar. to go a-stern, make tern way, have stern-way. Faire culer, to make a stern-board. It fant faire beaucoup culer notre bâtiment avant d'abattre, we must give our ship good stern-way before we cast.

Mettre tout d culer, to lay all a-back.

CULIER, kd-ffa, adj. m. Ex. Le boyou cu-

lier, the colon (gut.)
CULIÈRE, s. f. crupper.
CULMINATION, s. f. culmination.

CULMINER, v. n. to culminate. CULOT, kn-ld, s. m. bottom of a church-lamp, youngest or last member of a society, brood, family, etc. melted metal as opposed to the dross.

CULOTIN, s. m. sort of close breeches.

CULOTTE, the lot, s. f. breeches.
CULTE, thit, s. m. worship.
CULTIVABLE, adj. that may be cultivated. CULTIVATEUR, kûl-d-và-teur, s. m. culti-vator, tiller, husbandman.

vanor, filier, nuscandman.

CULTURE, & All-th', v. a. to til.. manure, improve, cultivate, study.

CULTURE, & All-th', s. f. culture, husband-ry, dressing, tillage, improvement.

CUMIN, & d-min, s. m. cumin (a plant.)

CUMULATI-F, VE, ku-mu-la-tif, tiv, adj. accumulative, accumulated. CUMULATIVEMENT, Ad-md-lå-tiv-men

adv. accumulatively

CUMULER, kd-md-la, v. a. to accumulate, beep together.

CUNÉIFORME, adj. cunciform, wedge-like.

CUPIDE, adj. desirous, eager, coveisus.
CUPIDE, adj. desirous, eager, coveisus.
CUPIDETE, ku-p-dl-th, s. f. cupidity, concupiscence, lust, desire.
CURABLE, ku-rabl, adj. curable, that may

be cured.

CURAGE, ku-raz, s. m. cleansing; also cal-

rage or arse-smart.
CURATELLE, ku-ra-tel, s. f. guardianship. CURAT-EUR, RICE, &d-rå-teur, tris, s. m.

& f. guardian, truste CURATI-F, VE, ku-rā-iff, tiv, adj. healing. CURATION, ku-rā-sion, s. f. cure, curing. CURCUMA, s. m. a plant with a yellow root

CURE, kur, s. f. cure: living or benefice; parsonage; trouble, care, concern. avoir cure, not to care about it. Bénéfice sans cure d'dmes, sinecure. Cure d'oiseau, pellet of hemp to cleanse a hawk. CURÉ, &b-rå, s. m. parson, rector, vicar. CURÉ, E, adj. cleansed, etc. V. Curer. CURE-DENT, kur-dên, s. m. tooth-pick.

CURÉE, ku-ra, s. f. game given the hawk or hound. Faire curée chaude, to reward the

hawk or dog immediately.
CURE-OREILLE, kd-rd-rd/, s. m. ear-pick

CURE-PIED, s. m. horse-picker. CURER, ku-ra, v. a. to cleanse or pick (the

teeth :) to cleanse or make cast (a hand.)
CURRUR, kû-rêur, s. m. cleanser (of seells,

etc.)
CURIAL, E, hd-rial, adj. belonging to a parson.

CURIE, ku-rl, s. f. tenth part of a tribe of ancient Rome.

CURIEUSEMENT, ku-rlèuz-mên, adv. cu

riously, diligently, carefully.

CURIEU-X, se, kô-riểu, riêuz, adj. & s. enrious, prying, inquisitive, rare, excellent, neat,
fine, curious person, inquisitive or busy-body, virtuoso.

CURIOSITÉ, ků-rlò-zl-tå, s. f. curiosity, in-

quisitiveness; raree-show. CURLES, s. f. Mar. whirls

CUROIR, ku-rwar, s. m. plough-staff. CURULE, adj. Ex. Chaire curule, curule

chair.

CURURES, s. f. pl. dregs of a well or sink. CURVILIGHE, kur-vi-lign, adj curvilinear. CURVITE, kur-vi-ta, s. f. curvity.

CURVITE, Rur-vi-ta, s. I. curvity.
CUSTODE, Rus-vi-ta, s. I. curvity.
CUSTODE, Rus-vi-ta, s. I. curvity.
that covers the pyx; curtain (of the altar.)
Custode, s. m. warden (in a religious house,)
the provincial's deputy.
CUSTODINOS, Rus-to-di-nos, s. m. Le that

keeps a benefice for another.
CUTANE, E, kå-tå-nå, adj. cutaneous.
CUTICULE, s. f. cuticle.

CUTTER, s. m. Mar. cutter. CUVE, kuv, s. f. great tub. Fossé à fond de cure, flat-bottomed ditch.

Cuykau, kå-vò, s. m. little tub. Cuyka, kå-vò, s. f. tub-full. C'est du vin de la première cucée, this is wine of the first pressing.

(with CUVELAGE, s. m. strengthening (with blanks and cross-beams) the inside of wells leading into mines

CUVELER, v. a. to strengthen the uside of wells leading into mines.

CUVER, CO-va, v. n. (said of some) to remain or stand in the tub. Carer son vus, to sleep one's self soher

bar, bât, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, god.

CUVETTE, kû-vêt, s. f. washing bason, lit-tle ditch in the middle of a great one. CUVIER, kû-vla, s. m. bucking tub. Curier

de harangère, fish-tub.

CYCLE siki, s. m. cycle. Cycle solaire, cycle of the sun.

CYCLOIDE, s. f. cycloid.

CYCLOFE, s. m. cyclop, (fabulous black-smith) one of Vulcan's workmen.

CYCLOFE, s. m. swan. Le cygne Mantouan, the Mantana swan, Virgil. Le cygne Thé-sain, the Theban swan, Pindar.

CYLINDRE, si-lindr, s. m. cylinder, a roller. CYLINDRIQUE, sl-lin-drik, adj. cylindrical. CYMAISE, s. f. wave or ogee, (in architec-

ure.) CYMBALE, sin-bal, s. f. cymbal.

CYNIQUE, si-nik, adj. cynick, cynical, aarling, satirical.

CYNIQUE, s. m. cynic, snarler, rude man. CYNOSURE, s. f. cynosure.

CYPRES, si-pre, s. m. cypress-tree CYTISE, s. m. shrub that bears leguminous flowers.

CZAR, tzar, s. m. czar.

CZARIEN, NE, adj. Czarish, Czarian. Czarine, tza-rin, s. f. Czarina.

D, da, s. m. 4th letter of the French alpha-

DA, da, (never found except in such com-sounds as) Oui-da, si fait da, aye marry. Nenni-da, no indeed.

DACE, s. f. duty, tax, (seldom used;) also that ancient country called Dacia.

DACTILE, dak-ill, s. m. dactyle.

DACTYLIOMANCE, or DACTYLIOMANCIE, s. f. dactyliomancy.

DADA, då-då, s. f. hobby-horse.
DADA, då-då, s. f. hobby-horse.
DADA18, då-då, s. m. booby.
DAGORNE, då-görn, s. f. cow that has lost a horn; also old ridiculous beldam.

DAGUE, dag, s. f. dagger. DAGUES, s. f. pl. horns of a brocket; tusks

(of a wild boar.)

*DAGUER, dk-gh, v. a. to stab.

DAGUET, s. m. brocket, pricket.

DAIGHER, de-gua, v. n. to deign, vouchsafe, condescend, be pleased. Je ne daignerois pas vous en prier, I scorn to ask it of you. On ne a tigne plus hei rien dire, he is not thought worth speaking to.

DAIM, din, s. m. deer, fallow deer. Daim Ale, buck. Daim femelle, doc. male, buck. Daim feme DAINE, den, s. f. doe.

DAINTIERS, s. f. pl. testicles of deer. DAIS, de, s. m. canopy. DALE, dal, s. f. Mar. dale, trough. de pompe, pump-dale. Dale de brûtot, trough, in which the train is laid in a fire-ship.

DALECARLIE, s. f. Dalecarlia. DALLE, s. f. slab V. Darne.

Dalle, s. f. slab V. Darne.
Dalmatie, s. f. Dalmatia.
Dalmatique, dal-ma-tik, s. f. dalmatick, (vestment worn by deacons.)

DALON, or rather DALOT, da-lot, s. m.

Mar. scupper, scupper-hole.

*Dam. den. s m cost, loss, damage, deviament. La prine du dam, the punishment or rements of the damned.

Damas, då-ma, s. m. damask; damson. damasčené, damask plum.

DAMASONIUM, s. m. a plant that grows in

swampy places.
DAMASQUINER, da-mas-kl-na, v. a. to damask or damaskene, work damasklike. Damasquiner une épée, etc.

DAMASQUINERIE, s. f. art of damaskening. DAMASQUINEUR, s.m. one that damaskene DAMASQUINURE, då-mås-ki-nur, s. f. da-

mask-work DAMASSÉ, E, adj. damasked. Linge de ta-ble damassé, damasked table linen.

DAMASSER, då-må-så, v. a. to damask. DAMASSURE, då-må-sår, s. f. damask-

work.

DAME, dam, s. f. lady; woman of quality; dame, goody; (at chess and cards) queen; (at chequers) man. Dame damee, lady of quality. cnequers) man. Dame admee, lady of quality. Dame damée (at chequers) king. Aller à dame, to king a man (at draughts,) to make a queen (at chess.) Dame! (interjection; nay, forsooth, marry. Les dames, the ladies, the fair, the fair sex (at tenuis) the mistress, the service; voilà pour les dames, voilà ros dames, here goes the service. Les dames or le test de dames, draughts. Journay dames to jeu de dames, draughts. Jouer aux dames, to play at draughts. Dame-jeanne, sort of large bottle, as well as dame jane, goody jane.

DAME, E, adj. crowned, etc. V. Dame &

Damer.

DAMER, då-må, v. a. to crown or king a man at draughts; also to allow half a foot for sloping or declination. Damer le pion a quelqu'un, to outdo one, give one a Rowland for his Oliver.

DAMERET, s. m. spark, beau, fop.
DAMIER, då-mlå, s. m. draught-board, chess-board.

DAMNABLE, då-nåbl, adj. damnable. dà-nabl-men, DAMNABLEMENT, damnably.

damnably.

DAMMATION, då-nå-slon, s. f. damnation. Ra jurė sur sa damnation, he swore by his salvation or as he hoped to be saved.

DAMMÉ, E, adj. damned. Ame damnée profligate wretch: also tool or hireling.

DAMMER, då-nå, v. a. to damn.

DAMOISEAU, då-mwå-zo, s. m. spark, beau, fop; and anciently Lord. V. Beau.

"Damoiselle, s. f. damsel. V. Demoiselle.

DAMCH, E adj. indented, dancy, tin he-

DANCHÉ, E, adj. indented, dancy, (in heraldry.)

*DANDIN, den-din, s. m. noddy or ninny. DANDINEMENT, s. m. tossing of one's head

or body like a ninny. DANDINER, den di-na, v. n. to toss one' head or body like a ninny.

DANEMARCE, s. m. Denmark.
DANGER, den-ta, s. m. danger, peril, hazard, jeopardy; inconvenience. Mar. rock, bank, shelf or any thing that may bring a ship up. Etre en danger, to be in a perilous situation.

DANGEREUSEMENT, denz-reuz-men, adv.

dangerously, desperately.

DANGEREU-X, SE, denz-reu, reuz, adj.
dangerous, hazardous, perilous.

DANOIS, E, adj. & s. Danish; Dane.
DANS, den, prep. in, within, sometimes with,
etc. See En for the difference between en and dans.

DANSE, dens, s. f. dance, dancing.

bose, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon, brun,

DARSER, den-så, v. a. & n. to dance. Maitre à danser, dancing-master. Il ne sait sur quel pied danser, he does not know which way to turn himself.

DANSEU-R, SE, dên-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. dancer. Danseur de corde, rope-dancer.

DARCE, V. Darse.

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DARD, dår, s. m. dart, javelin; (in botany)

pindle, pistil. Mar. harpoon. Dard à feu, fire arrow.

*DARDANAIRE, s. m. monopolist. DARDER, dår-då, v. a. to dart, shoot, fling out, strike with a dart.

DARDEUE, dår-deur, s. m. darter, shooter,

dart flinger.

DARDILLE, dar-dil, s. f. spindle of a pink or carnation. DARDILLER, v.n. to spindle (said of plants.)
DARIOLE, s. f. custard.

*DARIOLETTE, B.f. carrier of love messages

DARIQUE, s. f. sort of Persian coin.

DARIQUE, s. f. sort of Persian coin.

DARIQUE, s. f. piece or slice, or cut of fish. V. Dalle.

DARSE, dårs, s. f. Mar. wet dock.

DARTRE, dartr, s. f. tetter, ring-worm. Dartre farineuse, morphew.

DARTREU-X, SE, adj. of the nature of a

DATAIRE, då-ter, s. m. datary, chancellor of Rome.

DATE, dat, s. f. date of a writing.

DATER, då-tå, v. a. to date.

DATERIE, då-tå, s. f. datary's office.

DATIF, då-tif, s. m. dative case.

DATISME, s. m. tiresome repetition of sy-

nonymes to express the same thing.

DATIVE, adj. f. (tutelle) guardian appointed by the judge and not by will.

DATTE, dat, s.f. date, fruit of the palm-tree.

DATTIER, då-lå, s. m. date-tree.
DAUBER, dö-bå, s. f. kind of sance.
*DAUBER, dö-bå, v. a. to cuff, bang; also

to jeer, banter.
DAUBEUR, s. m. railer, jeerer, sneerer, slanderer.

DAUPHIN, do-fin, s. m. dolphin (seafish;) dauphin, (eldest son of the king of France.) DAVANTAGE, da-ven-taz, adv. more, more of it, more than that, over and above; also further; besides; and furthermore, moreover.

DAVIED, or DAVIER, då-viå, s. m. Mar.

Davit.

DAVIER, da-via, s. m. pincers to draw out teeth.

Dz, de, prep. of, from, off, out of, in, among, on, upon, by, for, about, with, at, to, through, sc. In order to be able to determine positively which of the preceding English preposi-tions should be used in preference, one ought to consider what sense de is used in, and to know the real value of each English preposition. However as there is no word in the French language, that puzzles more an English person than this word de, the following remarks may be of service to the student.

I. When two nouns come together, one of which serves to particularize the other, the particularizing one will generally come in French with de and in English with of, ex. Le royaume d'Angleterre, the kingdom of England. Un prince du sang, a prince of the blood. Les houses de mérite a man of merit blood. Un homme de mérite, a man of merit. Now as the particularizing noun is the equi-

valent of an adjective, it often happens that the English change the French particularizing noun into an adjective, ex. Une femme de rersu, a virtuous woman. Un homme de bien, Un carrosse de a good man, a worthy man.

louage, a hired coach, etc.
The English, for the sake of despatch, often place the particularizing noun before the particularized one, which construction enables them to suppress the preposition (or an equi-valent) which otherwise must be expressed. That construction can take place especially when the particularizing noun denotes matter, use, quality, etc. ex. Une montre d'or, a gold watch. Une mine d'argent, a silver mine. Une chandelle de cire, a wax candle, etc. Observe, that A bottle of wine, is in French, une bouteille de vin ; but A wine bottle is une bouteille à vin-the first English construction means the quantity of some a bottle contains, the second the sort of bottle fit to put wine in. See also A, Observ. VII.

The French de, placed between two substantives, say Grammarians and Lexicographers, commonly causes in English the second to be in the possessive case; as la maison de mon père, my father's house; le fils d'Alexan-dre, Alexander's son; le livre de Pierre, Peter's book; but they ought to have warned the student that such a construction can take place only when the second French noun is actually the owner or possessor of what the first noun means: for the construction now alluded to could not be used in the circumstances which have been noticed before; and besides, that pretended possessive case, traced to its origin, is not what is commonly supposed. See Salmon's first Principles of English

II. It is easy for an Englishman to ren-der from by de, with pretty good accuracy when he is aware of those circumstances which have been noticed at A, Obs. I. These which have been motived at 2A, Out. I these precluding the use of dc; but it is not easy for a Frenchman to know when his dc should be rendered by from, only to announce the point from which a movement or change begins with an accessary idea of separation. See A, Obs. VI. VIII. Hence it is that after those expressions which denote privation, reception, extraction, separation, exemption, deception, extraction, separation, exemption, deliverance, derivation, emission, abstinence, deviation, wasdering, distance, birth, origin, hinderance, dissussion, banishment, or any equivalent, we generally find from (sometimes out of) in English (and de in French) with regard to the thing whence the separation arose. ex. Prince of the continuation of the continuat arose, ex. Jui recu ce matin une lettre de notre ancien ami, I received this morning a letter from our old friend; in, la réception de cettre lettre m'a fait un plaisir infini, as de denotes no separation; as de cette lettre would become cette lettre in the accusative, if the verb recepoir were used instead of its verbal very receiver were used maked of its versus moun reception (for, we might say, f'ai reque cette lettre et elle m'a fait un plaisir infini) so, it must be rendered by of; and this distinction points out one grand principle, namely, A verbal nous arising from an active verb is to govern with de (of) whatever would be the accusative of the active verb. As from its consequent to be rendered by able we do: is sometimes to be rendered by des see des;

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, tig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

and as it is sometimes rendered by depuis, | see A. Obs. VI.

111. The French de is used for the English at to amounce on whom falls raillery, mockery, murmuring or any other affection of the soul, such as astonishment, etc. or to announce what occasions raillery, etc. and consequently it may present itself at the head of the cause which makes one blush, repent, rejoice, smile, etc. Il se moque de son père, he laughs at his father. Pourquoi riez rous de ce que je dis? why do you laugh at what I say? As de ce que means sometimes because, see the next observation.

IV. The French de is used to announce alo that cause which in English comes with for (the real meaning of which for is elliptically cause,) or with from (the meaning of which is then elliptically original cause,) or with south (the meaning of which is then he, let it he, with cause understood; that is to say, the full meaning of which is then and the cause. of this is, was or will be.) Hence it is that the French say, il mourra de chagrin, he will die for sorrow, with sorrow; when the En-glish say, he will die for sorrow, they give to of the meaning of consequence elliptically for as the consequence of; that is to say, he will die of sorrow is equal to this, he will die, and this (his death) will be the consequence of sorrow. Hence it is that as expressions which denote some affection of the soul generally have de after them to introduce the cause of the affection, we often find de ce que when the cause is to be brought in with a verb, though generally introduced, in English, with that, elliptically equal to for this, that; or because; or the cause is this, that. Je suis surpris de ce que vous êtes venu, I am surprised at your being come, I am surprised that you we come, I am surprised because you are

V. The se which is generally used after a passive expression, before what would be the agent of the verb if used actively, is in English generally by, sometimes of (but by is always right.) Now as the English by is most times rendered into French by par, it is proper to observe here that de may be used when no part of the body is necessarily to move, or when, after verbs, which suppose a motion of the body, this motion has only produced a passive condition or situation; hence par after a passive verb should hardly be used in French except before an active agent, I mean before an agent that has some design or particular views in what is done by him, Il est estimé de tout le monde, he is esteemed by every body (instead of total le monde l'es-time, every body esteems him.) Elle étoit entourée de gens incommodes, sue was sur-rounded by troublesome people. Now elle étoit entourée par des gens incommodes, would be rendered by common translators in this same manner, she was surrounded by troublesome people, whereas the true translation ought to be, she was surrounded by designing troublesome people, or something equivalent to it. However, when the passive verb, besides its natural government, is to be followed by de, we must use par before the agent, ex. Your noun of dimension be used, de is rendered by noun of dimension be used, de is rendered by noun of dimension be used, de is rendered by nour by a great academician, voire ouvrage a three feet in length. After a superlative ex

été loué d'une manière fort délicate par un grand académicien.

VI. The French du, m. de la f. (or de l' before a vowel or h mute) and des plural, all of which generally become de when an adjec-tive is to be placed before a nor n taken in a partitive sense, may be rendered into English by some (or any, according to circumstances,) when only a small portion or a small number is meant, especially with an emphasis: but when there is no emphasis to be laid upon the portion or number whether small or great, those partitive articles may be suppressed in English. Hence it is that we find il a du vin, expressed by he has some wine, and simply by he has wine; and il a de bon vin by he has some good wine, and simply by he has good

Whenever a noun used in the partitive sense is affected by an expression which of itself requires de before what it falls upon, then, for the sake of euphony, the English some (or its equivalent any) without emphasis may be suppressed, and de alone be used; but as some (or any) with emphasis may be rendered by quelque, quelques, un peu, un peu de, etc. so of some (of any) etc. with emphasis, may be de quelque, de quelques, d'un peu, d'un peu de. Hence it is that the French say: il nous a donné du vin, for he gave us wine or he gave us some wine, without emphasis as to the small quantity; and il nous a donné un peu de vin, for he gave us some wine in the sense of he gave us a little wine; il nous a donné un verre de vin, for he gave us a glass of wine (wherein the quantity is determined by verre, glass;) il nous a montré du vin, for he should us wine, or some wine; it mouse a parté de vin, for he spoke to us of wine in the sense of he spoke to us of some wine or he spoke to us of wine in the sense of he spoke to us of wine [indeterminately as to

the quantity or sort.)
After some English expressions of quantity or number susceptible of being used adjectively, the French particle de is suppressed, when the things or persons spoken of are to be introduced in an indefinite sense, but if the things or persons spoken of have a definite signification, the French particle de cannot be suppressed. Hence, il a beaucoup d'esprit, he has much wit; il a beaucoup de l'esprit dont rous parlez, he has much of the wit of which you speak; il a beaucoup d'emis, he has many friends; il a beaucoup des amis qui vous manquent, he has many of those friends whom you have not.

VII. The French de may be commonly used to express in before any word which implies manner. Hence, de la manière dont il se comporte, in the manner in which he behaves; osex-cous me parler de cette manière, or de la sorte? dare you speak to me in that (or this) manner? De is often expressed by in when it comes in the sense of dans, per an when it comes in the sense of assis, per-dant, durant. Hence, de notre temps, in our time; de jour, in the day-time; de grand ma-tin, early in the morning. In speaking of di-mensions, as in trois meds de long or treis pieds de longueur, if the adjective of dimen-sion be used in English, de disappears; if the noun of dimension be used, de is rendered by in; hence the English, three feet long or

buse, but : jeune, meute, heurre : enfant, cent, hen : vin : mon : brun.

pression, de, in the sense of dans, is generally to be in; in the sense of dentre, it may be among or of, ex. Elle est la plus belle femme de la province, she is the handsomest vonuon in the country; elle est la plus belle des femmes, she is the handsomest of or among womes. We find that de may stand for on in speaking of sides, as in de mon côté, on my side or on my part; de part et d'autre or des deux côtés, on both sides; du côté de Porient, etc. We find also that de is generally used for the English on before an instrument of musick, when the verb jouer (to play) or some equivalent, comes along with it, as in jouer de la harpe, dis violon, etc. to play on the harp, on the verb jouer (to play) or some equivalent, comes along with it, as in jouer de la harpe, dis violon, etc. to play on the harp, on the violin, etc.

VIII. Sometimes de is not expressed in English. Some circumstances have already been made obvious, not only in the preceding observations on de, but also in the 8th ob-servation on es, which see : the following may guide the student in regard to those phrases which may be similar to them. De, before an adjective belonging to a number of individuals expressed just before, may stand for qui est, qui soit, etc. and then it is often found suppressed in English though it might be ren-dered by who or which is, etc. Dans ex com-but if yeut 3000 hommes de tues (us furent tues,) in that action there were 3000 men killed. In ce sot d'officier, and similar phrases, if the noun be made an English adjective, de will disappear; if the noun be expressed by an English noun, de will be rendered by of a or of an for the singular, and of for the plural: hence, that foolish officer and that fool of an officer. The reason is now and that foot of an opher. In he reason is now obvious why mone coquin de vacet may be my rascally servant. In il n'a mangé de tout le jour, il ne reviendra de dix ans, etc. de may disappear or be rendered by for, hence he has eaten nothing this day or he has eaten nothing for this whole day, and he will not come back lives ten years or he will not come back for these ten wars. Sometimes de is back for these ten years. Sometimes de is prefixed to a noun without an adjective, after a tense of être, because this noun is somewhat equal to an adjective, as in il est de votre in-térêt de lui plaire (il est intéressant pour vous de lui plaire) it is your interest to please him. Sometimes a noun which has see thus prefixed is attended with an adjective, and then both are somewhat equal to an adjective affected by an adverb: c'est de la dernière folie, it is the greatest folly, equal to, it is extremely foolish.

IX. De is to be used before an infinitive

IX. De is to be used before an infinitive in several circumstances which I shall comprise in three articles; and in the fourth I shall mention those verbs which may be followed by an infinitive without de, contrary to the general rule.

1st. Whenever an infinitive is introduced instead of a noun of things which ought to take de before it on account of the preceding expression, this infinitive should also take de. Hence an infinitive governed by a preceding expression is generally to have de, not only when the preceding expression requires of in English before the thing it may fall upon, but in those circumstances (wherein it is to be introduced instead of a noun) which I have no-

ticed in Obs. 2, 3, 4; ex. I have had the hancer of speaking to him, j'ai eu l'honneur die lui parler; we foresarn you to take your measures, nous vous avertiseons de prendre vos mesures; I do not hinder him from coming here, je ne l'empêche pas de venir ici; I laugh at seeing him run in that manner, je ris de le voir courir de cette manière (the seeing of him run in that manner is the cause of my laughing). I un glad to find you here, je suis bien aise de vous trouver ici (the finding of you here is the cause of my being glad.)

you here is the cause of my being glad.)

2dly. Whenever an infinitive is made to
stand where a noun of things governed in the
accusative should stand, that infinitive is generally to have de before it, though the noun
ought not to take de, since the accusative of
a thing or person is to present itself without
any preposition. Hence, though we say, to
forget a thing, aubier une chose, yet I have
forgotten to bring my books, should be rendered by j'ai oublié d'apporter mes livres [I
have forgotten what I to bring my books is the
assuer, therefore to bring my books stands
here for the thing which I have forgotten,
that is to say to bring my books stands instead of the accusative of I have forgotten,
there I must observe that a few verbs which
govern the accusative of the thing, will however require à before the infinitive which
they are made to govern in order to express
a tendency towards doing or acquiring, etc.
what the infinitive means: and though we say,
aimer une chose, etudier une chose, onetre une chose, étudier une chose, chercher une
chose, etc. we must say, aimer a faire, apprendre à faire, montrer à faire, afetudier d
faire, chercher à faire, etc. See also hereafter, at 4thu.

ter, at 4thy.

3dly. Whenever an infinitive, which ought naturally to be the nominative of another verb, is placed after this other verb, because it or ce has been given to it as a borrowed nominative; it seems that this infinitive, thrustout of its place, is introduced as a sort of accusative case; and therefore it should take de according to what has been observed at the article 2dly. And yet if the same infinitive were actually used as the nominative of the other verb, it ought to present itself without any preposition. Hence it is that, it is useless to speak to me about it, is in French, il est inutile de m'en parler; instead of m'en parler est inutile de m'en parler; instead of m'en parler est inutile, the equivalent of to speak to me about it is useless. The first construction is that which suits best the French genius, which likes to make every thing appear in a sort of accusative form. See A, Obs. II.

that orner state best the French genus, sonen likes to make every thing appear in a sort of accusative form. See A, Obs. II.

4thly. Certain French verbs which govern the thing in the accusative, will have the infinitive they govern (instead of that accusative) present itself barely without any preposition: such are, afirmer, aimer mieux, aller, assurer, acouer, compter, confesser, croire, daigner, déclarer, déposer, désirer, devoir, dire, entendre, envoyer, faire, falloir, s'imaginer, laisser, mener, mier, oser, outr, paroftre, pouvoir, prétendre, publier, rapporter, reconsoftre, savoir, sembler, souhailer, soutenir, valoir mieux, venir, voir: il affirme l'avoir vu, he affirms to have seen it, or he affirms that he has seen it, etc. Some of these will however be sometimes followed by de and

bar. bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fiel i, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

an infinitive, as désirer, venir, souhaiter, dire, etc. Il désire or souhaite de vous voir, he wishes to see you. Dites-leur de renir, bid them come. Je viens de lui parler, I have just spoken to him. Il ne fait que d'arriver, he is but just arrived.
Dr., da, s. m. die; thimble; (in architect-

ure) middle of the pedestals.

De, s. m. Mar. coak or cog (of the block sheave.) De de fonte, brass cog. Piper le de, to cog the dice. Tenir tonjours le de dans la conversation, to engross all the talk to one's self. Le de en est jeté, it is a thing resolved on. Sans flatter le de, roundly, plainly, without making things better than they are.

DÉALBATION, s. f. dealbation, the act of bleaching.

DÉBACLAGE, då-bå-klåz, s. m. clearing or

DÉBACLE, da-bakl, s. f. Débâclement, s. m. breaking up of ice in a river that was frozen. Debacte (d'un port.) clearing of a harbour (by removing the lightened vessels to make room for such as are laden.)

DEBACLER, då-bå-klå, v. n. to break, as

ice docs; also to clear, open (a harbour, win-

dow, etc.)
DEBACLEUR, då-bå-kleur, s. m. water-

DÉBAGOULER, dà-bà-gòo-là, v. a. to blurt or blab out, talk sillily.
DEBAGOULEUR, s.m. he that talks without

thinking.

DÉBALLER, då-bå-lå, v. a. to unpack; to

pack or go away. DEBANDADE, då-ben-dåd, s. f. Fuir à la débandade, to fly helter-skelter. Aller à la débandade, to straggle or go a straggling. Vivre à la débandade, to lead a loose, disorderly life. Mettre tout à la débandade, to leave all at ran-

DEBANDEMENT, da-bend-men, s. m. dis-

persion, relaxation, unbending.

DÉBANDER, då-ben-då, v. a. to untie, un-

bind or loosen, unbend, uncock.

Se débander, v. r. to slacken, grow loose or unbent; (said of soldiers) to straggle or dis-band themselves; to unbend, recreate, refresh (the mind.)

DEBANQUER, v. a. to get all the money the banker has before him, in gaming.)
DEBAPTISER, dk-bä-ll-zå, v. a. to unchristen. Il se feroit debaptiser, he would re-

nounce his baptism. DÉBARBOUILLER, da-bar-boo-la, v. a. to

clean, wash or make clean (the face.) DÉBARCADÈRE, s. f. landing-place. DÉBARCADOUR, s. m. place for landing a

ship's cargo.

DÉBARDAGE, då-bår-dåz, s. m. unlading

(of wood.)
DEBARDER, då-bår-då, v. a. to unlade (wood.) DEBARDEUR, då-bar-deur, s. m. lighter-man, porter that assists in unlading (wood.) DÉBARQUEMENT, da-bark-mên, s.m. Mar.

disembarking, debarcation, landing.
DÉBARQUER, då-bår-kå, v. a. & n. Mar. to disembark, land, uniade or unload. Débarquer disembark, land, uniate or unioau. Debarquer un officier, to discharge an officer. Débarquer ses poudres, to get out the powder. Débarquer des marchandises, to unload or land goods.

DÉBARRAS, s. m. cessation or deliverance the being rid of

from embarrassment, the being rid of.

DÉBARRASSEMENT, då-bà-rås-mên, s. m

clearing, disentangling, deliverance.

DÉBARRASSER, dã-bà-rã-så, v. a. to clear or get clear, free or get out, disentangle or disintricate, rid of or from.

DÉBARRER, da-ba-ra, v. a. to unbar. DÉBAT, da-ba, s. m. debate, strife, quarrel, contest, dispute, controversy, altercation.
DEBATER, da-ba-ta, v. a. to take off the

pack-saddle. DÉBATTRE, då-båtr, v. n. (like battre) to debate, discuss, or examine, dispute, strive, contend, fall out or quarrel. Se débatire, v. r

to struggle, strive.

DÉBAUTI, E, adj. debated, etc. DÉBAUCHE, da-bosh, s. f. debauch, bauchery, riotous banquetting and revelling. Faire debauche, to revel. Passer sa vie dans la débauche, to lead a lewd life, be a lewd or debauched man, be a whore-master. Une honnête débauché, an innocent mirth or merry making.

DÉBAUCHÉ, E, dà-bò-shà, adj. and s. de bauched, loose, lewd, debauchee, prostitute.
DÉBAUCHER, då-bo-shå, v. a to debauch,

spoil or deprave; to corrupt, bribe. Dé-baucher quelqu'un de son travail, to take one off from his work. Débaucher un valet, to get or entice away a servant. Viande qui débauche l'estomac, meat that disorders the stomach. Se débaucher, v. r. to debauch one's self, take a lewd course of life, follow ill courses; leave off one's work,

DÉBAUCHEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. debauchee. DÉBET, s. m. balance due in account.

DÉBIFFÉ, E, då-bl-få, adj. disordered, surfeited, debilitated, quite out of sorts. Vi debiffé, wan countenance, dejected look. Visage DÉBIFFER, v.a.to debilitate, disorder, spoil.

DEBILE, da-bil, adj. weak, feeble, faint, in-

DÉBILEMENT, då-bil-mên, adv. faintly, weakly, feebly.

DÉBILITATION, da-bl-ll-tà-slon, s. f. debilitation, weakening, enfeebling.

DÉBILITÉ, då-bl-ll-tå, s. f. debility, feeble-

ness, weakness, infirmity.

DÉBILITÉ, E, adj. debilitated, etc.

DÉBILITER, då-bl-fl-tå, v. n. to debilitate, weaken or enfeeble. Se débiliter, v. r. to

weaken, grow weak.

DÉBILLER, v. a. to loosen the horses (that draw a ship or boat in a river.)

DÉBIT, da-bl, s. m. utterance, market, sele.

Marchandise de bon débit, commodity that sells well or goes off very well. Il a un beau

DÉBITANT, E, s. m. & f. he or she that sells commodities

DÉBITER, dà-bì-tà, v. a. to sell, vend, ut-ter or put off; (un bruit) to spread a report. Il débite bien sa marchandise, or il débite bien, he converses well.

DÉBITEU-R, SE, då-bi-teur, s. m. & f. debtor; (de nouvelles) spreader of news, gossip. DÉBITRICE, då-bl-tris, s. f. female debtor

or simply debtor.

DÉBITTER, v. a. Mar. to unbit or unbite Délitte le second câble, unbit the best bower DÉBLAI, da-ble, s. m. riddance; removal (of dirt, etc.)

DÉBLATÉRER, v. n. to declaim against one with violence.

báse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênflat, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

DÉBLAYER, dà-blê-yà, v. a. to rid, free, clear of what is cumbersome.

DÉBOIRE, dà-bwar, s. m. ill after-taste or

ng, grief, sorrow, choke-pear.
Dinotrement, di-bwatt-men, s. m. putng out of joint, disjointing, dislocation.
Dinotren, dk-bwa-th, v. a. to put out of

DÉBONDER, dà-bon-dà, v. a. to open the

dam, stuice, wear or floodgate.

Débonder, v. n. Se débonder, v. r. to sluice

out, break out, or open, burst forth. DÉBONDONNER, dk-bon-dò-nk, v. a. to un-bung or take out the stopple.

*DÉBONNAIRE, dk-bò-ner, adj. debonair,

good, gracious, meek, gentle, kind.
*DEBONNAIREMENT, da-bo-ner-men,adv.

graciously, kindly. *DÉBONNAIRETÉ, s. f. goodness, good nature, gentleness, meckness, moderation.

DÉBORD, S. m. (of bile) overflowing.

DÉBORD, S. di-bôr-då, adj. lewd, dissolute, debauched; overflowed, etc.

DÉBORDEMENT, då-bôrd-mên, s. m. over-

DEBORDENENT, ca-portuners, s. m. over-flowing, inundation; breaking out; loose life, debauchery, lewdness, depravation; irruption. DEBORDER, då-bor-då, v. a. to unborder (a garment) v. n. to jut out. Se deborder, v. r.

to overflow, break out of its banks. Déborder, v. n. Mar. to put off, sheer off, quit boarding. Déborder, v. a. Mar. to rip off the planks of;

(les huniers, etc.) to let go.
DÉBOSSER un câble, etc. Mar. to take off the stoppers from the cable. etc.

DÉBOTTÉ, E, adj. unbooted, whose boots

DÉBOTTER, dà-bo-tà, v. a. to pull off another's boots. Se débotter, v. r. to pull off one's boots.

DÉBOUCHÉ, E, adj. unstopped, open. DÉBOUCHÉ, da-boo-sha, s. m. opening, way

to escape, channel or opportunity for getting off or selling off (articles of trade;) defile.

DÉBOUGENERT, dà-bôsh-mên, s. m. epening, unstopping, clearing, channel or opportunity for getting off or selling off (articles of trade;) defile.

DÉBOUCHER, dã-bôo-shâ, v. a. to unstop,

uncork, open, clear.

DÉBOUCLER, dà-bôo-klà, v. a. to un-buckle; (see cavale) to unring; to uncurl (hair.)

DEBOUILLI, s. m. trying of colours (in dy-

ing.)
DÉBOUILLIR, v.a. to try colours (in dying.)
DÉBOUQUEMENT, då-bôok-mên, s.m. Mar. disemboguing, sailing out of a narrow channel or out from between islands.

Disouquen, då-båo-kå, v. n. Mar. to dis-

nbogue, sail out of a narrow channel or out from between islands. Nous avons débouqué ar les iles Philippines, we sailed out from between the Philippines

DÉBOURBER, då-boor-bå, v. a. to take out of or cleause from mud.

DÉBOURGEONNER, v. a. la vigne, to nip

off the young buds of a vine.

DEBOURRER, da-boo-ra, v. a. to polish or fashion. Se debourrer, v. r. to grow polite, improve.

DÉBOURSÉ, dà-boor-ed s. m. money laid

out, disbursement, charges DÉROURSEMENT, da-boors-mên, s. m. disbursement, disbursing or laying out. Faire on ten commandments.

un déboursement considérable, to lay out a con-

See accountered consumerume, we say our a considerable sum of money.

DEBOURSER, då-böor-så, v. a. to disburse, spend or lay out. It cous faudra debourser bien de l'argent, you must lay out a great deal.

DEBOUT, dè-boo, adv. up, standing on one's

legs or feet. Etre debout, to stand; to be up or stirring. Debout! up, get up, rise. Mar. Ex. debout au vent, head to wind. Debout à terre, head in for the land. Debout à la lame, bead to the sea. Debout au corpe, end on. Debout au covrant, end on to the tide. Mettre un aviron debout, to toss an oar up. Prendre la lame debout, to bow the sea.

DÉBOUTER, dà-bôo-tà, v. a. to cast off or

DÉBOUTENTÉ, E, adj. unbuttoned, whose breast is open. Manger à centre déboutonet, to cram one's self with meat, eat to excess. DÉBOUTONEER, dà-bôo-tô-nà, v.a. to unbutton. Se déboutonner, v. r. to unbutton one's contra de l'En unbocom one's self.

coat, etc. To unbosom one's self.

DEBRAILLE, E, dà-brà-la, adj. whose breast is open.

DEBRAILLER, (SE) v. r. to expose one's

DEBREDOUILLER, dabr-doo-fa, v. a. to save the lurch (in gaming.)
DÉBRIDER, da-bri-da, v. a. to unbridle.

Sans débrider, without drawing bit; also with-out intermission.

DÉBRIS, då-bri, s. m. wreck, ruins, rubbish, broken remains, pieces of wreck DEBROUILLEMENT, da-brool-mes,

clearing, disentangling, unfolding, disintricat-

DÉBROUILLER, dà-broo-fà, v.a. to clear, disentangle, disintricate, unravel. DEBRUTALISER, v. a. to cure of a rude,

blunt, unpolite behaviour. DEBRUTIR, då-brů-tir, v. a. to polish, make

DÉBUCHER, då-bå-shå, v. a. to dislodge, v. n. to leave the woods (said of wild beast DEBUSQUEMENT, s. m. the act of forcing

one from an advantageous post.
DEBUSQUER, da-bus-ta, v. a. to drive, beat out or force from (an advantageous post,) to oust, thrust or turn out, supplant or under-

ours, unust or turn out, supplant or undermine, give (one) a remove.

DÉBUT, dà-bû, s. m. lead, first cast or throw, beginning (of a discourse or enterprise,) first appearance (of an actor.) Faire un house début, to begin well.

DÉBUTANT, E, s. m. &c f. he or she who plays fouche first time.

DÉBUTER, dà-bà-tà, v. n. to lead or play first; to begin, v. a. to hit or knock away (a bowl, etc.)

Decà or De-cà, dè-sà, V. cà. Décacheter, dà-kàsh-là, v. a. to unseal

open or break open (what is sealed.)
DECADE, då-kåd, s. f. decade, a umber of V. Décadi.

DÉCADENCE, dà-kà-dèns, s. f. decay; decadency, decline or declining, wreck, ruin, fall. Un empire qui va en décadence, a declining or falling empire, an empire that begins to fall.

DÉCAGONE, dh. kh. gon, s.m. or adj. decagon.

DÉCAISSER, dh. kb. sh. v. a. to uncase (goods,) to take out of a box or chest.

DÉCAISSER, and dh. kb. sh.

DÉCALOGUE, dà-kà-lòg, s. m. decalogus

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DÉCAMERON, s. m. Decameron (relation | of ten days' events or conversations.)
DECAMPEMENT, då-kamp-men, s. m. de-campment or marching off.
DECAMPER, då-kamp-n, v. n. to march off,

decamp, go from the camp, run away.

DECANAT, då-kå-nå, s. m. deanery DECANISER, v. n. to supply the place of a dean in his absence.

DECANONISER, v. a. to uncanonize.

DECANTATION, s. f. decantation, decanting. DECANTER, v.n. to decant any liquor, pour it gently from one vessel into another.

DECAPELER, v. a. Mar. to take the rigging, etc. off the mast head. Decapeler use hasse, to get a top off. Decapeler les haubans, to strip the masts.

DÉCAPER, v. a. to take off the verdigris

of the copper, v. n. Mar. to weather a cape.
Dicapitarion, a. f. beheading.
Dicapitar, då-kå-pl-tå, v. a. to behead.
Dicarreter, då-kår-lå, v. a. to unpave. DECASTYLE, s.m. decastyle (building with ten columns in front.)

DÉCASTILABE, dà-kà-sì-làb, adj. verse consisting of ten syllables.

DÉCÉDER, dà-sà-dà, v. a. to decease, die.

*DÉCENTORE, v. a. (see the table at em
ere,) to ungird or undo a girdle.

DÉCERT, E, adj. ungirded.
DÉCÉLÉ, E, adj. detected, disclosed, discovered, revealed.

DÉCÈLEMENT, då-sêl-mên, s. m. reveal-ing, discovery, detection, disclosing. DÉCELER, dås-lå, v. a. to detect, disclose,

discover or reveal. DÉCELEU-R, SE, das-leur, leuz, s. m. & f.

discoverer, informer DECEMBRE, da-senbr, s. m. December. DÉCEMMENT, dà-sà-mên, adv. decently,

kandsomely. DÉCEMVIR, dà-sem-vir, s. m. decemvir. DECEMVIRAL, E, adj. belonging to the

DÉCEMVIRAT, då-sem-vi-rå, s. m. decem-

DÉCENCE, da-sèns, s. f. decency, decorum,

DÉCENUAL, E. de-sens, s. l. decency, decorum, becomingness, seemliness, fitness.

DÉCENNAL, E. dà-sèn-sèn, adj. decennial.

DÉCENT, E. dà-sèn, sent, adj. decent, handsome, befitting, seemly, becoming.

DÉCENTION, dà-sèp-slon, s. f. deceit, de-sention, chest

ception, cheat. DÉCERNER, dà-sêr-na, v. a. to decree, or-

der, ordain or appoint.

Dicks, då-se, s. m. decease, death demise. DÉCEVABLE, adj. liable to be deceived. DÉCEVANT, E, das-ven, vent, adj. deceitful,

erafty, uncertain, false, vain, treacherous DECEVOIR, das-vwar, v. a. (like conceroir)

DÉCHAINEMENT, dâ-shên-mên, s. m. outrage or outrageous language, railing.

DÉCHAINEM (dâ-shê-nà, v. a. to unchain, break loose, to let loose, set up, incense, to break one's chains, get loose; also to inveigh most bitterly or with great impatience, rail.

DECHALANDER, v. a. to entice or get cus-

tomers away from

DÉCHANTER, då-shen-tå, v. n. to change me's note or sing another tune. Il y a bien d déchanter, things fast short of what was supDÉCHAPERONNER l'oiseau. v. s. to un-

hood the hawk.
Dicharge, då-shårz, s. f. unloading, discharge or purging; place of discharge, passage, outlet; ease; discharge, acquittal, acquittance; discharge (of cannon,)volley; warehouse or storehouse, storeroom, closet. C'est autant de décharge pour l'état, the state will be so much the more eased by it. La sentinelle fit sa décharge, the sentinel fired his piece. Décharge de coups de bâton, sound drubbing with a stick, bastinado.

DÉCHARGÉ, E, adj. unloaded, etc.

decharge, free easy shape. Checal dechargee de taile, well made horse.

DECHARGEMENT, da-sharz-men, s. m. Mar. unloading or discharging of a vessel,

etc. V. Commencer.

DÉCHARGER, då-shår-zå, v. a. to unload, disburden : to ease ; to discharge, free, release; clear, acquit; to discharge, shoot off; to unlocd or draw out a charge of; to lop (a tree;) to vent or wreak; to throw off or cast (care.) Il hei déchargea un grand coup de bilion sur la tête, he gave hun a heavy blow with his stick upon the lead. Décharger son coeur à un anu, to unbosom one's self to a friend. Décharger, v. a. Mar. to unload, etc. Décharger un bâtiment, to unload a ship, discharge a ship. V. Commencer. Décharger une voile, to fill a sail (after it has lain aback.) Decharge devant, haul off all, let go and haul. Décharge derrière, main sail (or main-top sail) haul. Décharge la chaloupe, clear the launch. V. Changer, now more in use. Se décharger, v. r. (of rivers) to discharge, empty, or disembogue itself; to fade, change. Se decharger d'une faute sur un autre, to lay a fault upon another. DÉCHARGEUR, dà-shar-zeur, s. m. unla-

der, porter, etc.

DECHARMER, v. a. to uncharm, take off the charm or spell, unbewitch.

DÉCHARME, E, adj. lean, thin, lank, that has nothing but skin and bones left on him.

DÉCHARNER, då-shår-nå, v. a. to pick the

flesh off, make lean, thin or lank. DECHAUMER, v. a. said of a piece of fal-

DECHAUSSÉ, E, adj. whose shoes and stockings are off, bare-legged, bare-footed, etc.
DÉCHAUSSÉMENT, då-shos-mên, s. m. making of trees and vines bare at the root;

pulling off shoes and stockings.

DÉCHAUSSER, da-shô-sa, v. a. to pull off the shoes and stockings; to open at the roots, dig about it, bare the roots of (a tree;) to separate from the gum (a tooth.)

DÉCHAUSSOIR, dà-shô-swar, s. m. instru-

ment to cut the gums from a tooth.

DÉCHÉANCE, då-shå-sna-sns, f.loss, forfci ure.
DÉCHEOIR, V. Dechoir.

DÉCHET, då-shå, s. m. waste, decay, di-

minution, lessening or ahatement, loss. DÉCHEVELER, då-shev-lå, v. a. to dishe

vel, put the hair in disorder.

DÉCHEVÊTRER, dash-vê-tra, v. a. to unhalter, take off the halter. Se déchevêtrer d'une

manvaise compagnie, to get rid of had company. DECHIFFRABLE, da-chif-frabl, adj. that may be deciphered

DECHIFFREMENT, da-shifr-men, s. to. de ciphering.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DÉCHIFFRER, dà-shì-frà, v. a. to decipher, read though badly written, find out the meaning of; to unravel, disentangle, clear, discover, unfold. Déchiffrer une personne, to set sue out in his proper colours.

Dichiffreur, då-shl-freur, s. m. deci-pherer, expeunder of ciphers. Dichiqueter, då-shlk-tå, v. a. to cut,

slash or mangle. DÉCHIQUETURE, då-shik-tur, s. f. cut,

cutting.

DÉCHIRAGE, då-shl-råz, s. m. breaking (of old boats or barges to get the timber.) Bois de déchirage, old timber from boats or barges.

DÉCHIRÉ, E, då-shi-rå, adj. rent, torn, torn off, torn in pieces, etc. Etre tout déchiré, to be all in rags or tatters.

DÉCHIREMENT, då-shir-men, s. m. tearing, tearing off or in pieces, rending. Déchirement de cœur heart breaking.

DECHIRER, da-shl-ra, v. a. to rend, tear or tear off, pull or tear in pieces, mangle; to rail at, bespatter, revile or defame. Dechirer à coups de fouet, to lash or jerk to pieces. Se déchirer, v. r. to rend, tear one's self, etc.

DÉCHIRURE, dà-shl-rur, s. f. rent. DÉCHOIR, dà-shwar, v. a. (see choir in the table) to decay or fall, sink, decline, dwindle

DÉCHOUER, dà-shoo-à, v. a. to get afloat or off the ground (into deep water) or get off (a ship that has run aground.)

DÉCHU, E, adj. derayed, wasted, fallen way, etc. Déchu de quelque droit, that has away, ec. lost or forfeited a right or privilege.

Diction, r, da-si-da, adj. decided, deter-

mined.

DÉCIDÉMENT, då-sì-dà-mên, adv. posi-

tively, resolutely.

DÉCIDER, da-si-da, v. a. to decide, determine or resolve, make an end of. Décider, v. n. to be dogmatical or peremptory. Décider de la fortune de quelqu'un, to dispose of one's

DÉCIMABLE, da-si-mabl, adj. liable to pay

the tenths, titheable.

Dicimal, E, då-si-mål, adj. decimal. DÉCIMATEUR, da-si-ma-teur, s. m. tith-

ing-man. Décimation, då-si-må-sion, s. f. decima-DÉCIMER, dà-sì-mà, v. a. to decimate,

punish every tenth.

DÉCIMES, dà-sim, s. f. pl. tenths.

DECINTRER, v. a. to remove the mould of an arch.

DECISTREMENT, s. m. removing of the mould or cintres of an arch after it is built.

DECISI-P, vR, da-sl-zlf, zlv, adj. decisive, peremptory. Titre décisif, clear title.
Décision, da-sl-zlon, s. f. decision, reso-

lution, determination.

DÉCISIVEMENT, dà-sì-zìv-mèn, adv. deci-

mvely. Dicisorre, da-si-zwar, adj. decisory, deciding, decisive.

DÉCLAMATEUR, da-kla-ma-teur, s. m. de-

clamatur, declaimer, orator.
DECLAMATION, da-kla-ma-slon, s. f. declamation, oration, bombast, abuse, invective, railing.

DÉCLAMATOIP E, dà-klà-mà-twar, adj. declamatory, pertaining to declaiming.

DÉCLAMER, då-klå-må, v. a. to declaim, make publick speeches. Déclamer contre, to inveigh or declaim against, rail at.

DÉCLARATI-F, VE, då-klå-rå-df, tiv, adj.

declarative, declaratory.

DÉCLARATION, da-klà-rà-slon s. f. declaration, edict or proclamation, also list, inven-

DÉCLARATOIRE, då-klå-rå-twår, adj. de-

claratory.
DÉCLARÉ, E, adj. declared, etc. Ennemi

déclaré, professed or open enemy.

DECLARER, då-klå-rå, v. a. to declare, show, manifest, or publish, make plain or known, signify, announce or proclaim. On l'a déclaré criminel, he was found guilty. Se de clarer, v. r. to explain one's self, tell or open one's mind or thoughts. Se déclarer pour, to declare for, side with. La maladie s'est déclarée au bras, the distemper broke out in his

DÉCLENCHER, v. a. to lift up the latch (of

a door.)

DÉCLIC, s. m. engine to drive in stakes

battering ram.

DÉCLIN, da-klin, s. m. decline or declining, decay; (of the moon) wane. Sur le déclin, declining. Le jour est sur son déctin, it draws towards night. L'hiver est sur son déclin, winter is going away or growing to-wards an end. Le déclin d'une maludie, a siek-

ness past the crisis.
DECLIKABLE, då-kil-nabl, adj. declinable. Diclinaison, da-kil-ne-zon, s. f. declen sion; declination (of the sun;) variation (of the needle.)

DÉCLISANT, E, dâ-kil-nên, nênt, adj. de-clining, going off. Cadrun déclinant, declin-ing dial.

DÉCLINATOIRE, da-kii-na-twar, s. m. declinator or declinatory; exception against a judge or jurisdiction. Exceptions or fins déclinitoires have the same meaning.

DÉCLINER, da-kli-na, v. a. to decline (a noun;) to except against a jurisdiction; to vary (as the needle.) v. n. to decline; deeny or abate. Le jour décline, it begins to grow late, it draws towards night, the day wears apace

DECLIVITE, s. f. declivity.

DÉCLIVITE, S. I. GECHVIY.

DÉCLOITEÉ, E, adj. uncloistered.

DÉCLORE, v. a. (like clore) but only used in the sing. of the pres. in the fut. sing. and plur. and the participle déclos, e, to unclose, open (a park, etc.)

DÉCLOUER, dà-klôo-à, v. a. to unnaîl.

DÉCOCHEMENT, dà-klôsh-mên, s. m. shooting letties du les conserves.

ing, letting fly (an arrow.)

Décocher, då kö-shå, v.a. to shoot, let fly.

Décocтion, då-kök-slon, s. f. decoction.

DÉCOIFFÉ, E, adj. without head-dres DÉCOIFFER, dâ-kwâ-fâ, v. a. to pull off a woman's head-dress, uncoif; (une bouteille)

to open, crack (a bottle.)

Discourcer, v. a. Mar. to knock up the wedges of.

DECOLLATION, då-kô-là-slon, s. f. decolla-

tion or beheading.
DECOLLEMENT, då-köl-men, s. m. unglu-

ing, coming off.

DÉCOLLER, då-kô-là, v. a. to unglue, make come off; to behead. Se décoller, v. r. to unglue, come off

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord mood, good.

DÉCOLLETER, dà-kôl-tà, v. a. to uncover the neck or shoulders. DÉCOLORER, dà-kô-lò-rà, v. a. to disco-

bus or tarnish, take away the colours. Sedecolorer, v. r. to grow discoloured, to lose or
change its colour, fade.
Disconberg, d. k.ön-brå, v. a. to carry
off the rubbish, clear from rubbish.

DÉCOMBRES, da-kombr, s. m. pl. rubbish. DÉCOMPOSER, da-kon-pô-za, v. a. to dissolve or resolve (a mixt body;) analyze; to l confound, disconcert.

DECOMPOSITION, då-kon-pô-zl-slon, s. f.

dissolution or resolution, dissolving.

DÉCOMPIE, dà-kont, s. m. money to be discounted or abated, discount.

DÉCOMPIER, dà-kon-tà, v. a to discount,

deduct, abate.

DÉCONCERTER, da-kon-ser-ta, v. a. to put out; make a discord in musick; to put into disorder; disconcert, abash; to disappoint, frustrate or confound, baffle, break the measures of. Se déconcerter, v. r. to be disordered, concerned, disturbed or disconcerted.

*Déconfire, da-kon-fir, v. a. (like confire)

to discomfit, rout, defeat; also to puzzle, abash.
*Diconfit, z, adj. routed, defeated or discomfited.

*DÉCONFITURE, dê-kon-fl-tûr, s. f. dis-confiture, rout, defeat, havock, ruin. DÉCONFORT, s. m. despondency.

DÉCONFORTER, då-kon-for-tå, v. a. to discomfort, afflict or cast down. Se déconforter, v. r. to despend.

DÉCONSEILLER, dâ-kon-sê-lâ, v. a. to dissuade, advise to the contrary.

DECONSTRUIRE, v. a. to separate the dif-ferent parts (of a machine or discourse.)

DÉCONTENANCER, da-kont-nên-sa, v. a. to put out of countenance, confound. Se décon-tenancer, v. r. to be dashed or confounded, be put out of countenance.

*Déconvenue, da-konv-nu, s. f. disaster,

misfortune.

DÉCORATEUR, dà-kô-râ-têur, s.m. decorator. DÉCORATION, da-kô-ra-slon, s. f. decora-ion, ornament, set off. Les décorations d'un

bon, ornament, set on. Les accordants à un thélère, the decoration of a stage, the scenes. Décorder, dâ-kô-dâ, v. a. to untwist. Décorde, dâ-kô-dâ, v. a. to decorate,

beautify, adorn, set off.

DECORTICATION, s. f. decortication.

Dicorum, da-ko-rom, s. m. decorum, de-

DÉCOUCHER, da-koo-sha, v.n. to lie abroad or from home, lie in another bed. Il ne de-couche jamais d'avec sa femme, he never lies away from his wife. Decoucher (quelqu'un)

v. a. to put (one) out of his bed.

DÉCOUDRE, da-koodr, v. a. (like coudre) to unsew or unstitch, rip open or off. En décon ere, to have a bout or brush together. De-condre des bordages, Mar. to rip off planks from a ship's side. Se decoudre, v. r. to rip, get unsewed, get in a had way.

*Découlant, E, adj. flowing. Découlement, da-kdol-men, s. m. drop-

ping, flowing, flux or running.

Discouler, da-kôo-la, v. a. to flow, run down, drop, trickle.

DÉCOUPER de de la cut or carve; (of cloth, etc.) to pink, cut into flowers or figures.

DÉCOUPEU-R, SE, dâ-kôo-pêur, pêuz, s. m & f. pinker, one that figures cloth or stuff. DÉCOUPLÉ, E, dâ-kôo-plâ, adj. uncoupled;

well-set or made.

DECOUPLE, s. m. the act of letting dogs loose upon game.

DÉCOUPLER, dà-kôo-plà, v. a. to uncou ple. Découpler quelqu'un après un autre, to let one loose upon another, set on.

DÉCOUPURE, dè-kôo-pùr, s. f. pinking, cut cloth, cut cloth-work, cut paper-work.
DÉCOURAGEMENT, dà-kôo-ràz-mên, s. m

discouragement, faint-heartedness.

DÉCOURAGER, da-kôo-ra-za, v. a. to dis-

courage, dishearten, dispirit, deter, put out of conceit. Se décourager, v. r. to grow discou raged or disheartened, lose courage, despond. Discours, da koor, s. m. wane or decrease

(of the moon,) abatement (of a disease.)

DÉCOUSU, E, adj. unstitched, unsewed, ript; in a bad way; unconnected (styk.)
DÉCOUSURE, da-kôo-zúr, s. f. thing unsewed or unstitched or ript; also gash (by a tusk of a wild boar.)

DÉCOUVERT, E, adj. uncovered, discover-

DÉCOUVERT, E, adj. uncovered, discovered, etc. open (country.) A découvert, adv. openly, in the open air, barefaced, in the face of all the people, clearly, plainly.

DÉCOUVERTE, S. f. discovery, finding out.

Enwoyer à la découverte, to send out scouts for intelligence. Enwoyer une frégute à la découverte, flar, to despatch a frigate on the look-out.

DÉCOUVERUR, S. m. discoverer.

DÉCOUVERUR, dà-RÔO-VIT, V. a. (like outrir) to unenver. discover. see, perceive, find

DÉCOUVRIR, da-KOO-VITI, V. a. (INE ouvir) to uncover, discover, see, perceive, find
out or detect, disclose, open, declare, reveal,
get intelligence of. Se découvrir, v. r. to uncover one's self, to pull off one's hat, discover
or make one's self known; play open (at tables,) lay one's self open (in fencing.) Cela
se découvrira avec le temps, that will come out
will be known one time or other. Time will or will be known one time or other, time will bring that to light. Le temps se découvre, it clears up, the clouds break asunder.

DECRASSER, då-krå-så, v. a. to make clean, get the dirt, grease or rust off; also to polish. Se décrasser, v. r. to get off the dirt;

also to grow polite.
Dicrimination of the credit. etc.

DÉCRÉDITEMENT, då-krå-dit-men, s. m.

discredit, discrediting, discepute.

Decrepiter, da-krā-dl-ia, v. a. to make (one) lose his credit; to discredit, sink the credit, authority or reputation of (one) Se décréditer, v. r. to lose one's credit or neputation, sink one's credit.

DÉCRÉPIT, E, da-kra-pl, plt, adj. decre

pit, crazy.

DECREPITATION, s. f. decrepitation.

DECREPITER, då-krå-pl-tå, v. a. to dry (salt) by the fire till it crackles no longer.

DÉCRÉPITUDE, då-krå-pl-tůd, s. f. crazy or decrepit old age, decrepitude.
DECRET, da-kre, s. m. decree, order, ordi-

nance, statute, warrant, writ or judgment.
DECRETALES, då-krå-tål, s. f. pl. decretals.

DÉCRÉTER, da-kra-ta, v. a. to decree, order or ordain, award; (une terre) to order the sale of (an estate.)

Dicri, då-kri, s. m. crying down or pro-hibition, disgrace, discredit.

Dicrier, då-kri-å, to cry down or pro-

base. bût : jêune, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mgn : brun.

hibit, disapprove, disparage, disgrace or discredit. Décrier quelqu'un dans l'esprit du people, to make one odious to the people.

DÉGRIRE, dil-krir, v. a. (like écrire, see the table at crire) to draw (a. line, a circle, etc.) describe, make a description of.

Dickit, E, adj. drawn, etc.

DÉCROCHEMENT, a. m. unhooking.
DÉCROCHEM, dà-krò-sha, v. a. to unhook,
take down or off a hook.

DÉCROCHETER, dà-krôsh-tà, v.a. to unhook. *Décroire, da-krwar, v. a. (like croire)

to disbelieve.

DÉCROISSEMENT, dà-krwas-mên, s. m. de-

crease, diminution, ebbing.
DECROSTRE, da-krwatr, v. n. (like crostre.) to decrease, grow less, ebb. Les jours de-croissent, the days grow shorter. DECROTTER, da-krd-ta, v. a. to brush off

the dirt, rub clean (sheer, cost, stc.)

Discrotteur, di-krd-teur, s. m. shoeboy, shoe-man, shoe-cleaner, shoe-black.

Discrotteur, di-krd-twar, s. f. shoe or

clothes-brush.

DECRU, R, adj. decreased.

DÉCRUER, v. a. to prepare and soak (thread) previous to dying.

DECRUMENT, s. m. preparing and soaking of thread previous to dying.

DECRUSEMENT, s. m. putting of the cods of silk-worms into boiling water, the more easily to wind up the silk.

DECRUSER, v. a. to put the cods of silk-worms into boiling water, the more easily to wind up the silk.

Dicu, n, adj. deceived, etc. Mes esperances out etc deques, my hopes have come to

DÉCUIRASSER, v. a. to take off one's cuiras

DECUIRE, då-kur, v. a. (see the table at aure) to make (sweetments,) give. Décuire, v. n. to give, or grow too moist. Se décuire, v. r. to give, or grow too liquid.
DECUPLE, da-rdpl, s. m. tenfold.

DÉCUPLER, v. a. to increase tenfold. DÉCURIE, da-ku-ri, s. f. committee of ten

udges; band of ten troopers (amongst the Romans.)
DÉCURION, då-kû-rlon, s. m. decurion.

DÉCUSSATION, S. f. decussation.
DEDAIGNER, da-de-gua, v. a. & n. to disain, scorn or despise. dain,

DÉDAIR, dà-dis, s. m. disdain, scorn, con-DÉDAIR, de disdainfully, scornfully.
DÉDAIREUSE, se, dà-dè-gnèu, gnèuz, adj. disdainful, scornful, contemptuous.
DÉDAIR, dà-dis, s. m. disdain, scorn, con-

DEDALE, då-dål, s. m. maze, labyrinth. I) ÉDAMER, v. n. to put a man out of place

(at draughts.)

DEDANS, de-den, adv. or prep. in, within.

Mettre les voiles dedans, to furi the sails. Mettre un cheval dedans, to manage a horse. dedans, inward or inwardly. Par dedans, thorough or through.

DEDAMS, s. m. inside. Garnir par dedams, to line the inside.

DEDICACE, dà-di-kas, s. f. dedication, ad-DEDICATULER, dh-dl-ka-twar, adj. Epi-

bre dédicatoire, dedication, epistle dedicatory.

DÍDIER, då-då-å, v. a. to dedicate, consecrate to holy use, or address a book.

DÍDIER, då-dår, v. a. (like dire) except in the 2d pers. plur. of the pres. ind. and imperat. vous dédisez, dédisez, to disown. Se dédire, v. r. to recant, retract, or unsay what one has said, not to be as good as one's word; to forsake, go contrary to. Il ne s'en veut déhe cannot go back.

DÉDIT, da-di, s. m. unsaying, forfeit (in a bargain.) Avoir son dit et son dédit, to say and unsay. Faire un marché au dédit de mille cus, to make a bargain, with this condition, that he who goes from it shall forfeit a thou-

sand crowns

DÉDOMMAGÉ, E. adi. indemnified, savel

DÉDONMAGEMENT, då-dô-måz-mên, s. m indemnifying or saving harmless, indemnity, recompense or amends for a loss, satisfaction or reparation.

DEDONMAGER, då-dô-må-zå, v. a. to indemnify, save harmless, give a recompense or make amends for a loss.

DÉDORER, da-dô-ra, v. a. to ungild. Chose qui se dédore, thing the gilding of which wears off.

DÉDORHI, z,adj. lukewarm (said of water.) DÉDOUBLER, dà-dòo-blà, v. a. to unline,

take off the lining, divide (a regiment.)
Diffuction, da-duk-slow, s. f. deduction, abatement, subtraction, recital, enumeration relation, account.

DÉDUIRE, dà-dulr, v. a. (see the table at une,) to deduct, abate, subtract; to deduce. draw or gather; to tell, relate. Deduire les raisons qu'on a de faire une chose, to urge the reasons one has to do a thing.

Dipuir, z, adj. deducted, abated, etc. V.

Déduire

*Diduit, s. m. sport, pastime, pleasure, comfort. Déduit de vénerie or de fauconne-rie, train of hunters, falconers, dogs and hawks.

Dřesse, då-ës, s. f. goddess. Dřeacher, då-fà-shå, v. a. to pacify, appease, make pleased again (used only reflect-

irely.)
DEFAILLANCE, da-fâ-lêns, s. f. swoon or swooning, qualm, fainting fit; weakness of nature, dissolution or death; also becoming in chamistry.) Tomber liquid by dampness, (in chymistry.) Tomber en défaillance, to fall into a swoon, swoon or

DEFAILLANT, E, dh-fà-lèn, lènt, s. m. &. f. he or she that contemns the court, or that does not appear.

DEFAILLIR, da-fa-lir, v. n. (like faillir) (seldom used but in the plural present) to fail, decay, grow faint and week, swoon or faint away; also to be wanting or be scarce. Defaire, dk-fer, v. a. (like fairs) to un-

do : unite : to unravel or unweave : to free or deliver, rid : to defeat, rout, overthrow, heat : to puzzle, put out of countenance, confound or put into disorder : to make away with, kill or destroy; to obscure, eclipse (by superiority.)
Défaire, v. a. Mar. défaire les tours d'une

nancewere, to take the turns out of a rope. Défaire la croix des câbles, to clear the hawse when there is a cross in it. Defaire l'amarre des surpentes des basses vergues, to unsling the bar, bat, base; thère, èbb, over: field, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

Se defoure de, v. r. to sell or put off; to rid or case one's self of, to leave off; to dismiss; to part with; to make away with, despatch, murder. Se defoure, to fall to pieces, (soi-même) to make away with (one's self;) to be muraer. Se actaire, to tail to pieces, (estimene) to make away with (one's self;) to be dismayed or puzzled, disconcerted, confounded. Same se défaire, unconcerned.

DEFAIT, E, dâ-fê, fêt, adj. undone, etc. V. Défaire, lean, twasted, grown thin, wan, pale.

DEFAITE, dâ-fêt, s. f. defeat, overthrow,

saughter; shift, evasion, excuse, pretence, come off, subterfuge, sham; sale, market, utterance. Une fille d'une belle défatte, a girl likely to go off very well.

Diffalcation, s. f. defalcation.

Diffalquer, dh-fàl-kh, v. a. to defalcate,

abate, deduct.

DÉFAUT, dh-fo, s. m. defect, want or lack, default, flaw, vice, fault, imperfection; non-appearance in court. Le défaut des côtes, the small of the back. Le défaut de la lune, the change of the moon. Le défaut de la cuirasse, the extremity of the armour, a man's weak side. Les chiens sont en defaut, the dogs are at fault. Mettre en defaut, to baffle. Au defaut de, for want of, instead of. Au defaut de la force il faut employer la ruse, where strength is wanting, cunning must be used.

Défaveur, de faveur, s. f. disfavour,

disgrace, discredit, fall.
DEFAVORABLE, adj. unfavourable.

DIFAVORABLEMENT, adv. unfavourably.
Diff ECATION, s. f. defecation, purification (by the settling of the dregs.)
Diff ECTI-F, vz. då-fek-tif, tiv, adj. defec-

DÉFECTION, då-fèk-slon, s. f. defection. DÉFECTUEU-X, sz., då-fèk-tû-eû, euz, adj. defective, imperfect, faulty.

DÉFECTUEUSEMENT, adv. imperfectly. DÉFECTUOSITÉ, dà-fèk-tù-ò-zì-tà, s. f. de-

fect, imperfection, fault.

DEFENDABLE, adj. defensible.

DEFENDANT, da fen-den, Ex. A son corps désendant, in one's own defence.

DÉFEND-EUR, ERESSE, då-fên-dêur, drês, s. m. & f. defendant.

DÉFENDRE, dà-fèndr, v. a. to defend, protect, maintain or support, uphold or bear out; to shelter, secure; to forbid or prohibit, to bar or keep from. Defendre le canot, Mar. to desend the boat. Se defendre, v. r. to desend one's self, etc. Se defendre de, to desend one's self, etc. lend one's self, etc. Se defendre de, to de-cline, excuse one's self from, deny, keep one's self from, keep off, clear one's self from, for-bear, resist. Se défendre du prix, to beat down the price, haggle about the price. Place pai peut se défendre, defensible place, place of defence. DÉFENDS, S. m. Ex. En défends, forbid-dre (said of wood not to be cut down or folde

dan, (said of wood not to be cut down or fields

where cattle must not graze.)
DEFENSE, då-fens, s. f. defence; protection, countenance, prop, support; vindication, apology, justification, prohibition; resistance; guard. Difenses, reply, answer, plea; fence, fortification; tusks (of a boar.) Mar. skids er skeeds, fenders

DEFENSEUR, då-fen-seur, s. m. defender,

protector, assertor.

DEFENSI-F VE, då-fen-sif, siv, adj. de-

DEFENSIVE, s. f defensive. Ex. Etre or se

tenir sur la désensive, to act desensively or upon the defensive.

Difficure, då-få-kå, v. a. to defecate, to

DEFERUER, da-1a-a, v. a. to defecate, to refine or cleanse from dregs.

DEFERENTE, da-fa-ren, rent, adj. yielding. condescending, complying.

DEFERENCE, da-fa-ren, s. f. deference, respect, submission, regard, condescension, compliance.

DEFERENT, adj. & s. m. deferent.
DEFEREN, da-fa-ra, v. n. to yield, submit,
or give way, condescend. v. a. to inform against, accuse, impeach; to decree, appoint or order; to tender or administer (an oath.)
DÉFERLER, da-fèr-là, v. a. Mar. to un-

furl, losse, etc. Ce bâtiment a son petit hunier deferle, that ship has got her foretop-sail losse. La mer déferloit sur la côte avec beaucoup de violence, the surf broke with great violence upon the coast.

olence upon the coast.

Different, adj. unshod, that has lost one or more of his shoes (speaking of a horse.)

Different, adj. unshod, that has lost one or more of his shoes (speaking of a horse.)

Different, v. r. to get unshod, come off (as the tag of a lace,) be dashed or confounded.

Differ, s. m. waste sheets of a book (with

printers.)

Díri, da-fi, s. m. challenge.

MEI, da-11, s. m. challenge. Faire un défi, to challenge, bid defiance, defy.
DÉFIANCE, dà-fl-èns, s. f. distrust, mistrust, diffidence, suspicion, jealousy. Entre en défiance, to begin to mistrust.
DÉFIANT, E. dà-fl-èn, ent, adj. diffident, mistrustique de la constitue de la constitue

mistrustiu, suspicious, jealous.
Déficit, s. m. deficience, deficiency.
Déficit, de-fl-à, v. a. to challenge, defy, bid defiance to. de vous défie de me dire, I but denance to. Se tous de le de me dire, i bet you cannot tell me. Se défer de, v. r. to mistrust, distrust, suspect. Défier, Mar. to bear off. Défie des embardées, don't yaw the ship so. Défie du vent, you are quite in the wind. Défie le canot de l'ancre, bear the boat off from the anchor.

Dérigurer, då-fl-gå-rå, v. a. to disfigure, deform or spoil.

DEFILE, då-fl-lå, s. m. defile, narrow lane

passage. V. Défiler. Défiler, da-fl-la, v. a. & n. to unstring or take off from the string; to file off (as soldiers.)

DÉFINI, E. da-fi-ni, ni, adj. defined, etc. (V. Définir) definite.

Défini, s. m. thing defined.
Définir, da-fi-nir, v. a. to define; (un homme) give the definition or character of a

man: determine, appoint, decide.

Définiteur, da-ff-ni-teur, s. m. definitor, (counsellor or assistant of the general or pro-

vincial of a religious order.)

DEFINITI-F, VE, da-fi-ni-tif, tiv, adj. definitive, peremptory. En définitive. V. Définitivement.

DÉFINITION, dà-fi-ni-slon, s. f. definition.

decisjon.
DEFINITIVEMENT, då-fl-nl-tlv-men, adv. definitively, peremptorily.

DEFINITOIRE, da-fl-nl-twar, s. m. chap-

ter (of a religious order.)

Difflagration, s. f. deflagration.
Difflemation, s. f. the taking away of the aqueous part of a substance.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DEFLEGMER, v. a. to take off the aqueous part of a substance

DEFLEURIR, da-fieu-rir, v. n. to shed or

let fall blossoms (said of trees.)

DEFLEXION, s. f. deflection, deflexure. DEFLORATION, da-flo-ra-sion, s. f. deflo-

ration or deflowering, ravishing.

Difflorer, di-flo-ri, v. a. to deflower,

ravish.

DÉFLUXION, då-fluk-slos, s. f. defluxion. DEFONCEMENT, di-fons-men, s. m. stav-

ing (a cask.)
Défoncer, di-fon-si, v. a. to stave, shove in or out, knock out the head or bottom. Vo-tre grand hunier est défoncé, Mar. your main top-sail is split.

DÉFORMER, da-for-ma, v. a. to put out of form, make lose its form (said of a shoe or

DÉFORMITÉ, V. Difformilé. DÉFOURNER, då-föor-nå, v. a. to take out of the oven.

DÉPRAI, s. m. defraying.

DEFRAYE, t. adj. defrayed.
DEFRAYER, the freyth, v. a. to defray, boar the charges of. Il a defraye toute la compagnie, he has been the fool or laughing stock of the company.

DEFRICHEMENT, dk-frish-men, s. m. grub-DÉFRICHER, dà-fri-shà, v. a. to grub up (an antilled piece of ground,) to clear.

Défricher, dà-fri-shà, v. a. to grub up (an antilled piece of ground,) to clear.

Défricheue, dà-fri-shèur, s. m. that pre pares waste land for cultivation.

DEFRISER, da-frl-za, v. a. to put (hair) out of carl.

DEFRONCER, da-fron-sa, v. a. to undo the gathers; take out the plaits; to smooth (the

DEFROQUE, s. f. goods or moveables, that an aboot, etc. leaves at his death.

Diffroqui, z, adj. stript of monkish garb:
also that has renounced his order.
Diffroquer, då-fro-kå, v. a. to throw off

DEFROQUEE, GR-170-ER, V. a. to throw on the monkish garb; strip or rob.

DÉFUNER, dh-û-nh, v. a. Mar. to unrig.

DÉFUNET, E, dh-ûnn, innt, adj. & s. deceased, late. Le roi défunt. La défunte reine.

DÉGAGÉ, E, dh-gh-zh, adj. disengaged, etc. V. Dégager. Taille dégagée, free, easy shape. Chambre dégagée, room with a private doct h it vate door to it.

DEGAGEMENT, då-gåz-men, s. m. disengaging, freeing; secret communication, private door or staircase. Etre dans un entier dégagement de toutes choses, to be free upon all accounts, to have no tie upon one. Dégage-

ment de sa parele, recalling one's words.

Digager, da-ga-za, v. a. to disengage, fetch, get or take off; to relieve (a city;) to redoem (a pledge.) Cela se faisoil pour dega-ger daoantage la place en dedans, this was done to get more room within. Degager sa purole, to call in one's word; also to make one's word good, perform one's promise. Se dega-ger adroitement, to wind one's self out. Mar. ger advoitement, to wind one's solf out. Mar-to clear, relieve, rescue. Dégager un palan, to clear away a tackle sail. Dégager l'ancre, to clear the anchor. Dégager un bâtiment, to relieve or rescue a bis for the present relieve or rescue a ship from the possession or attack or pursuit of an enemy.

DEGAINE, da-gen, s. f. Ex. D'une belle dé-

gaine in an awkward manner.

DÉGAINER, dà-gè-nà, v. a. to unsheath. DÉGANTER, dà-gàn-tà, v. a. to pull off the gloves. Se dégunter, v. r. to pull off one's gloves

DEGARNIR, da-gar-nir, v. a. to disgarnish to unfurnish; to take off the trimmings; to drain or strip of soldiers or ammunition, leave unprovided. Dégarnir, v. a. Mar. to unrig, unship, etc. Dégarnir un vaisseau, to unrig a ship. Degarnir un bâtiment de monde, to strip a vessel of her hands. Degarnir les avirons, to unship the oars. Degarnir le cabestan, to unship the capstern bars. Dégarnir les mâts, to strip the masts. Se dégarnir, v. r. to leave off one's warm clothing.

WIEGATO ON ES WATTO COURING.

DÉCASCONNER, dégàs-kô-nà, to teach a
Gascon to speak true French.

DÉCAT, dê-gà, s. m. spoil, havock, desslation, pillage, pillaging or ransacking, waste.

Faire le dégat, to devastate.

DEGAUCHIR, da-go-shir, v. a. to plane, level, smooth from inequality, straighten.

DEGAUCHISSEMENT, då-go-shls-men, s. m. levelling, smoothing, straightening.

Digel, da-zel, s. m. thaw, thawing wea-

DIGEL, GR-2el, S. m. thaw, thawing weather. Ce vent cause le déget, this wind thaws.
DÉGELER, v. n. Se dégeler, v. r. to haw.
DÉGELER, v. n. Se dégeler, v. r. to haw.
DÉGENÉRER, dà-2-aà-rà, v. n. to degenere vent verse de la commentation.

nerate, grow worse. Degenerer de ses ance-tres. La querelle degenera en guerre civile. DÉGINGANDÉ, E, dà-zin-gàn-dà, adj. out of order, as if dislocated (said of one's gail.)

DÉGLUER, da-già-l., v. a. to unglue, take off the bird-lime. Se dégluer, v. r. to get unglued. Se dégluer les yeux, to unglue one's eye-lids. Se dégluer d'une méchanic affaire, DEGLITTION, s. f. deglutition.

*Degoutter, da-go-h-fa, v. a. to bring

or spew up, or vomit.
*Digo Billis, s.m. spewing, things spew-

Dégoisen, dà-gwà-sà, v. a. & n. to chirp.

blab, prattle.
DEGORGEMENT, då-gårz-mån, s. m. overflowing; cleansing out.

DÉGORGEOIR, s. m. engine to clear a gun,

DEGREZOIR, s. m. engue to clear a gun, priming-wire, also spilling line, (Mar.)
DEGREZOIR, då-gör-zå, v. a. to clear or cleanse a pipe; to scour cloth. Faire degreger du poisson, to purge, soak or water fish. Dégorger la pompe, Mar. to clear the pump (when choked.) Dégorger la humière d'un canon, to clear the vent of a gun. E dégorger y r to overflow to discovere empty disger, v. r. to overflow, to disgorge, empty, dis-

charge, disembogue itself.

Discourse, v. a. to drive one away from his employment.

DEGOURDI, E, adj. & s. quickened, revived, whose numbness or stiffness is removed, sharp lad or girl.

DEGOURDIR, da-goor-dir, v. a. to quicken, revive, remove a stiffness or numbness. Deourdir le vin, to damask wine. dir, v. r. to grow supple; (se démaiser) te learn wit, grow sharp.

DÉGOURDISSEMENT, dà-goor-dis-men, s. m. quickening or reviving, removing of a stiffness or numbness (caused by cold, etc.)
Dégout, da-goo, s. m. loathing of meat,

satiety, bad stomach, surfeit; disgust, distaste,

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

dislike, aversion, weariness, loathsomeness; bitter draught, choke-pear. Cette viande me donne du dégoût, this meat goes against my stomach. La sièvre me cause un grand degold, my fever makes me loathe meat. Il y en a qui ont du dégoût pour la soupe, there are some who nauseate soup. Concevoir du dégolf pour la vie, to be out of conceit with life, egin to be weary of life.
DEGOUTANT, E, da-

da-goo-ten, tent, adj.

DEGOUTANT, E, dh-gdo-tèn, tènt, adj. loathsome, dietasteful; unpleasant. DEGOUTÉ, E, dh-gdo-th, adj. that loathes meat, that has a bad stomach, surfeited; out of conceit with, weary of or surfeited with

DÉGOUTÉ, s. m. squeamish fellow. le légolité, to be nice and squeamish. Un bon legolite, a person fond of mirth or a good ta-

ble, a person who has a good appetite.

DECOUTER, da-goo-ta, v. a. to take away e appetite, make to loathe; to put out of conceit, disgust. Se dégoûter, v. r. to be or grow out of conceit, grow weary, begin to loathe.

Dragouttant, z, di-goo-tent, adj. trick-

ling, dropping.

Discourren, da-gôc-ta, v. n. to drop, trickle or drop down.

trickle or drop down.

DÉGRADATION, då-grå-då-slon, å. f. degrading or degradation, waste; distribution (of light and shade.)

DÉGRADÉ, R. adj. degraded, etc. bâtiment dégradé, Mar. vessel blown off a coast. Ces vents de terre forcés ont dégradé les oiseaux quis er reposent sur nos agrès, these stiff land breezes have blown off the coast the birds which eattle on our riscring.

which settle on our rigging.

Digraper, da-gra-da, v. a. to degrade, disqualify, incapacitate, waste; (une muraille,) to beat down from the foundation. (V. Dé-

grade) to blend (colours) delicately.

DEGRAFER, da-gra-la, v. a. to unclasp. Digrais, s. m. oil extracted from fish.

DEGRAISSAGE, or DEGRAISSEMENT, s. m. scouring (of cloth.) DÉGRAISSER, da-grê-sa, v. a. to scour, im-overish, also to fleece; to take away the fat from (soup.) La poudre dégraisse les cheveux, powder cleans the hair. Terre à dégraisser, fuller's earth.

DEGRAISSEUR, då-grè-seur, s. m. scourer

(of cloth.) DEGRAPINER, då-grå-pl-nå, v. a. Mar. to lift the grapple or small anchor.

Dierat, Mar. Faire degrat, to quit a station on a fishing bank in search of a spot

where fish are more abundant.

wheep has are more acuncum.
DEGRAVOIMENT, då-grå-vwå-mên, s. m.
undermining of a wall by running water.
DEGRAVOYER, då-grå-vwå-yå, v. a. to
mine or undermine or carry off the gravel

from (a wall, as running water does.)

DEGRÉ, de-gru, s. m. degree, step, stair,

staircase, dignity.

DEGREEMENT, s. m. Mar. state of being

uniged.

Digrer, de-grê-a, v. a. Mar. to unrig, strip. Digrer les perroquets, to unbond the top-gallant gear. Le général a ses perroquets digrets, the admiral has his top-gallant yards

Digringoler, då-grin-go-lå, v. a. & n. to run down, tumble down.

Digrossage, s. m. wiredrawing, making mall or fine.

DEGROSSER, v.a. to wiredraw, make small

DEGROSSIR, da-gro-sir, v.a. to chip off the grosser parts (of marble, wood, etc.) clear up unravel

DÉGUENILLÉ, E, dag-nl-la, adj. tattered.

DEGUERPIR, då-ger-pir, v.a. & n. to quit, yield up, give over, go away through fear Deguerpir une maison.

DEGUERPISSEMENT, då-ger-pls-men, s.

m. quitting, yielding up, giving over.
Dégueuler, da-geu-la, v. a. to cast or spew up, vomit.

DÉGUISEMENT, da-glz-mên, s. m. disguise, pretence, colour, cloak. Avec déguisement,

with a pretence only, dissemblingly, falsely.

Sams deguisement, plainly, openly, sincerely.

Discusser, die-gi-zh, v. a. to disguise, put
on a counterfeit habit, counterfeit or aher,
conceal, dissemble, cloak. Se déguiser, v. r. to disguise one's self.

DÉGUSTATION, S. f. degustation, tasting.
DÉHALER, dh-là, v. a. to take off the tan
sun-burn. Se déhâler, v. r. to get off sunor sun-burn. burning.

Déhanché, á, dk-èn-sha, adi, hipped,

hip shot.
DEHARNACHEMENT, s. m. unbarnessing. DÉHARNACHER, då-år-nå-shå, v. a. to un-

DEHORS, de-or, adv. & prep. out, without, abroad, out of doors, En dehors, par dehors, without. Mar. Mettre dehors, to put to sea. Nous avons toutes nos voites dehors, we have every sail set. Il vente grand frais dehors, it blows very fresh in the offing. Le grand canot est-il dehors? is the barge out?

Dehors, s. m. outside. Les dehors d'une place, the outworks of a place. Les dehers, the outside appearance, show. Le deuil n'est qu'au dehors, the mourning is only outward. DÉICIDE, da-l-cld, s. m. deicide.

DEIFICATION, da-l-fl-ka-slon, s. f. deification, apotheosi

Driffer, dh-l-fl-a, v. a. to deify, rank among the gods.
Drisme, da-ism, s. m. deism.

DÉISTE, da-ist, s. m. deist. DÉITÉ, da-i-ta, s. f. deity, god, goddess.

DÉJA, då-zå, adj. already.

DEJAUGER, v. n. Mar. to sew. Ce bâtiment a déjaugé de quatre pieds, that ship has sewed four feet.

DÉJECTION, da-zek-slon, s. f. excrements,

stonl; depression (of a planet.)
Differen, Se dejeter, sè-dè-zèt-là, v. r. to
warp, jet ont (as green sood seork.)
Diffeunt or diffeunten, dà-zèu-nà, s. m.

breakfast.

Diseuner, då-zèu-na, v. n. to breakfast or to break onc's fast.

Déjeuner d'une bonne

tranche de jambon, to eat a good slice of gam-mon for one's breakfast. DÉJOINDRE, da-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to disjoin, part asunder. Se de-

joindre, v. r. to disjoin, warp, not lie close.
Dijoint, E, adj. disjointed, parted asunder. DÉJOUER, v. n. Mar. to flutter about (as a flag,) v. a. to cross one in his designs,

schemes, etc. *Déjuc, s. m. time when birds come from bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, hêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

DÉJUCHER, da-zu-sha, v. n. to come out of or down from the roost, unroost, come down;
v. a. to drive from the roost, bring down.
Delà or de là, de là. V. Là.

DÉLABRÉ, E, adj. tattered, all to pieces, etc. Ses affaires sont fort délabrées, his affaires are in a sad case. Réputation délabrée, cracked reputation. Santé délabrée, battered constitution.

DÉLABREMENT, då-låbr-men, s. m. the

being in a tattered or ruined condition.

DELABRER, da-la-bra, v. a. to tatter, tear

or pull to pieces, rend, ruin, impair.

DÉLAI, da-la-sa, v. a. to unlace

DÉLAI, da-le, s. m. delay or put off, adjournment.

Bailler delai aux parties, to adjourn the parties concerned.

DÉLAISSÉ, E, adj. lest, forsaken, abandoned, cast off.

DÉLAISSEMENT, då-lês-mên, s. m. condition of one forsaken or cast off, desertion or forsaking of an inheritance, also, Mar. instrument or act by which the loss of a ship is an-nounced by the master or owner to an insurer, summoning him to pay the stipulated insurance.

DÉLAISSER, da-les-sa, v. a. to leave, for-

ke, abandon, cast off or put away.

DÉLASSEMENT, dh-las-mên, s. m. ease, refreshment.

DÉLASSER, dà-là-sà, v. a. to unweary, re fresh, recreate, divert cr relax. Se délasser,

v. r. to refresh or divert one's self. DÉLATEUR, då-lå-teur, s. m. accuser, in-

former, delator. DÉLATION, da-la-sion, s. f. accusation, information, delation

DELATTER, då-lå-tå, v. a. to unlath.

DÉLAYANT, då-lè-yèn, s. m. diluter. DÉLAYENENT, då-lèy-mên, s. m. act of

diluting. DÉLAVER, då-lê-ya, v. a. to temper or di-

DÉLECTABLE, då-lèk-tabl, adj. delecta-ble, pleasant, delightful.

DÉLECTATION, då-lèk-ta-slon, s. f. de-

lectation, delight or pleasure.

Dilecter, da-lek-ta, v. a. to delight, recreate, please. Se délecter, to take delight in. DÉLÉGATION, da-la-ga-sion, s. f. delegation, commission.

DÉLÉGATOIRE, dà-là-gà-twar, adj. dele-

gatory.
Dři Éguř, z., då-lå-gå, adj. delegated, ap-

pointed. Délégué, s. m. delegate.

DÉLÉGUER, då-là-gå, v. a. to delegate, appoint. On l'a délégué pour cela, he has a commission for that

DÉLESTAGE, da-les-taz, s. m. Mar. unballasting or discharging of ballast.

DELESTER, da-les-ta, v. a. Mar. to unbal-

last, get the ballast out of.
DELESTEUR, då-les-teur, s. m. one that takes the ballast out of a ship.

DÉLÉTÈRE, adj. deleterious, deletery, de-

structive, deadly, poisonous.
DÉLIBÉRANT, E, dà-fi-ba-ren, rent, adj. deliberating, unresolved.

DELIBERATI-P, VE, då-ll-bå-rå-tif, uv, adj. deliberative.

DÉLIBÉRATION, då-ll-bå-rå-slon, s. f. deliberation, debate, consideration, consultation, resolution, resolve, determination.

DÉLIBÉRÉ, E, då-ll-bå-rå, adj. deliberated. etc.; bold, courageous, resolute. Cest une chose délibéré, that is a thing resolved on. De propos délabéré, on purpose, purposely.

DÉLIBÉRE, s. m. final determination.

DÉLIBÉRÉMENT, dà l'i-bà-rà-mên, adv. boldly, resolutely, deliberately.
DÉLIBÉRER, dà l'i-bà-rà, v. a. & n. to de-

liberate consider, or take into consideration, consult or debate, purpose, resolve or deter-

DÉLICAT, E, då-fl-kå, kåt, adj. delicate, dainty, delicious; nice, dainty or curious; overnice, squeamish; fine; neat; subtile, ingenions; weak, tender; touchy, exceptious; scrupulous or tender; ticklish, dangerous. Delicat à manier, that ought to be tenderly handled.

DÉLICAT, E, S. m. & f. nice man, nice woman.

DÉLICATEMENT, då-fl-kåt-mên, adv. deli-cately, daintily, deliciously, gently, softly, ten-derly, neatly, curiously, finely, ingeniously. DÉLICATER, då-fl-kå-tå, v. a. to cocker or

make much of, pamper. Se délicater, v. r. to make much of one's self.

DÉLICATESSE, dà-si-kà-tês, s. f. delicateness, delicacy, exquisiteness, curiousness, fineness, neatness, niceness, subtilty, ingenuity, nicety; weakness or tenderness; daintiness, squeamishness; delicateness, niceness, effe-minacy, tenderness, softness. Les délicatesses de la langue Anglaise, the niceties or delicacies of the English tongue.

DÉLICES, dê-lis, s. m. delight, pleasure.

Délices, s. f. pl. delight, pleasure.

DÉLICIEUSEMENT, dà-li-sièuz-mên, adv.

DÉLICIEU-X, SE, då-ll-slèu, slèuz, adj. de-licious, delightful, voluptuous, sensual, given to pleasure, loose.

DÉLICOTER, (SE) sê-dâ-ll-kô-tâ, v. r. to get off one's halter (as a horse does.)

DÉLIÉ, E, då-lî-å, adj. fine, small, thin, slender; acute, sharp, subtile, cunning; un-tied, loosed. Avoir la langue déliée, to have one's tongue well hung, have a great faci-

lity of expression.

DELIE, s. m. Ex. Le délié de la plume, the

DÉLIER, s. Ex. Le cette de a pame, des small strokes of a pen.

DÉLIERNES, adj. f. pl. feasts celebrated at
Athens in honour of Apollo.

DÉLIER, dà-ll-à, v. a. to untie, loosen or
undo, to absolve; to release (from an oath.

DÉLINÉATION, dà-Il-na-a-slon, s. f. delineation; ichnography.

neation; ichnogi apay.

DÉLINQUANT, TE, dà-lin-kan, kant, s. & adj. delinquent, offender.

DÉLINQUER, dà-lin-ka, v. a. to offend, do amiss, do a fault, fail in one's duty.

DÉLIRE, då-lir, s. m. delirium, raving, be-

ing light-headed.
DELIT, da-ll, s. m. fault, offence, crime.
Elre trouvé or pris en flagrant délit, to be taken in the very act

DELIVEANCE, da-ff-vrens, s. f. deliverance; delivery; delivering, release, setting free, riddance

DÉLIVRE, då-flyr, s. m. after burden or

after birth, secundine.

DÉLIVRER, då-li-vra, v. a. to deliver, give or give up; to deliver or free, set free or at liberty, rid of, release. Deliver une femme, bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : f led, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

to deliver or put to bed a woman with child. || Deliver des bordages, Mar. to rip off planks. || DELIVERUR, s. m. deliverer.

DÉLOGÉ, E, adj. gone, marched off, re-

moved.

DÉLOGEMENT, dà-lôz-mên, s. m. remov-

ing or departure.

DÉLOGER, då-lô-zå, v. n. to go away, decamp or march off, remove, remove one's house or lodging.

house or longing.

Déloger, v. a. to put or turn out of his house or longings, dislodge.

DÉLOYAL, dà-lwà-yàl, adj. disloyal, unfaithful, perfidious, treacherous, deceitful, false.

DÉLOYALEMENT, dà-lwà-yàl-mên, adv. perfidiously, unfaithfully, treacherously.

DÉLOYAUTE, dà-lwà-yò-tà, s. f. disloyal-tu-mèn, this lipses transité lipses.

ty, unfaithfulness, treachery, perfidiousness.
Diluge, då-lůz, s. m. deluge, flood, inundation.

DÉLUTER, då-lå-tå, v. a. to unlute. DÉMAGOGIE, s. f. the ambition of domineering in a popular assembly.

DÉMAGOGUE, s. m. demagogue

DÉMAIGRIR, v. a. to thin or take off from the bulk (or size) of a piece of wood, of

stones, etc.
Démaillotter, da-ma-lo-ta, v. a. to un-

DEMAIN, de-min, s. m. to-morrow. Après demain, the day after to-morrow. Demain au

soir, to-morrow evening.

DÉMANCHÉ, E, adj. having its handle or haft off or loosened, walking as if out-of joint.

DÉMANCHEMENT, s.m. the act of unhasting. DÉMANCHER, da-mèn-sha, v. a. to unhast, loosen or take off the haft or handle. Se demancher, v. r. to get loose at the handle, be

in an unprosperous way go wrong.

DEMANDE, de-mend, s. f. suit, request, asking, petition, question, demand, action at law. Demande, Mar. File à la demande du câble,

give her the cable as she chooses to take it.

DEMANDER, de-men-da, v. a. to demand, ask, beg, desire or require, crave or request, sue for, inquire after. Que demandez-vous? what would you have? what do you want? On demande combien il y a de vibrations dans une demi-heure? the question is how many vibrations there are in half an hour? Le bâtiment demande du câble, the ship must have more cable. Notre corvette demande que sa mâture soit sur l'arrière, our sloop requires her masts to hang aft. Demander à boire, to ask for drink.

BERNOEU-R, SE, dê-mên-dêur, dêuz, s. sn. & f. dun, one importunate in his requests.

DEMANDE-UR, RESEZ, dê-mên-dêur, drês, s. m. & f. plaintif.

DÉMARGEAISON, dê-mên-zê-zon, s. f. itch-

ing or itch; itch or itching desire.

Dimangen, da-men-sa, v. n. to itch, have a longing desire. Let moins lui démangent, his hands itch, he longs to be at it.

DEMANTELEMENT, då-men-tel-men, s. m.

DEMANTELER, då-mènt-lå, v. a. to dismantie, pull down the walls of (a city.)

DÉMANTELER, då-mènt-lå, v. a. to break, put out of order.

DÉMANTEULER, då-mèn-d-bù-lå, v. a. to break, put out of order.

DÉMARCATION, s. f. limits, bounds.
DÉMARCHE, dâ-mârsh, s. f. gait, manner
of going, step, proceeding. Faire les premi-

ères démarches, to make the advances or first

steps.
DÉMARIER, då-må-rl-å, v. a. to unmarry.

DÉMARQUER, v. a. to unmark. DÉMARRAGE, då-må-råz, s. m. Mar. un-

mooring.

DÉMARRER, då-må-rå, v. a. & n. to move, stir, remove. Démarrer, Mar. to unmoor, cast loose, etc. Nous avons démarré du port cast toose, etc. Nous arons account an port cast too see matin, we came out of harbour this morning. Démarrer les canons, to cast loose the guns. Démarge les bosses, off stoppers.

Démarguer, dà-màs-ka, v. a. to unmask. take or pull the mask off. Se démasquer, v. r.

to pull off one's mask.

DEMATER, då-må-tå, v. a. & n. Mar. Ex. Démâter un vuisseau, to take out a ship's lower masts. Démâter un navire à coups de canon, to shoot away a ship's masts, or to shoot a ship's masts by the board. Ce pre, mier coup de canon vous avoit demâté de votrs mât d'artimon, that first shot had carried away your mizen-mast. Démâte le canot, strike the boat's masts. Le grain nous démâta de notre grand mât de hune, we lost our main top-mast in the squall. Ce bâtiment a été démâté de son petit mât de hune, that ship has lost her fore top-mast. Voilà un raisseau démâté de tous ses mats, there is a ship completely dismasted.

DEMELÉ, då-mè-lå, s. m. quarrel, differ-

ence, dispute, contest, debate.

DÉMÈLER, dà-mè-là, v. a. to disentangle, part, separate, discover, find out or perceiev, distinguish, discern, clear, unravel, disintri-cate, unfold; quarrel, debale, contest, scuffle, Démèler un differend, to decide a difference Avoir quelque chose à démèler arec quelqu'unto have something to do with one, to have a quarrel or controversy with him. Nous n'avons rien à démêler ensemble, we have nothing to scuffle for. Se démêler, v. r. to

wind one's self out, get off or get clear.

DEMEMBREMENT, da-menbr-men, s. m. dismembering, pulling to pieces, dividing, cantling, thing dismembered or cantled.

Demember or pull in pieces, divide, cantle or

parcel out.

DÉMÉNAGEMENT, då-må-nåz-men, s. m. removing of furniture from one house to an-

DÉMÉNAGER, da-ma-na-za, v. a. & n. to remove (one's furniture.) Il en coûte de déménager, removing is expensive. Allons, déménagez, come, pack off, go your ways.

Démence, da-mens, s. f. madness, folly.

Etre en démence, to be mad or deranged, be

out of one's senses or non compos mentis.

Démener, (se) se-dâm-na, v. r. to be in ac--

DEMENER, (SE) se-dam-na, V.T. to be in Ret-tion, stir, toss, make a great bustle or struggle DEMENTI, da-men-tl, s. m. lie; balk, dis-appointment. Donner un dementi à quelqu'un to give one the lie. In ne veut pas en avoir li dementi, he will go through, whatever be the consequence of it.

DÉMENTIR, da-men-tir, v. a. (like mentir,) to give the lie; also to belie or contradict; (sa naissance, son caractère) to do things un-worthy of one's birth or character. Se démentir, v. r. to belie or contradict one's self; to degenerate; not be like one's self; (said of buildings) to fail, rack or bunch out, and buse. bût : jeune, meute. beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

DÉMÉRITER, då-må-rî-tå, v. n. to do a thing worthy of punishment, deserve punish-

meut, do amiss.
Démesuré, E, dâm-zû-râ, adj. unmeasurable, huge, excessive, exceeding great, unmodérate.

DÉMESURÉMENT, dam-za-ra-men, adv. beyond measure, excessively, immoderately.

DEMETTRE, da-metr, v. a. (like mettre,) to turn or put out, dismiss, discard, remove; to put out of joint. Se démettre de, v.r. to re-sign, surrender, abdicate or give over. Se dé-mettre le coude, to put one's elbow out of joint. DÉMEUBLEMENT, då-meubl-men, s. m.

unfarnishing.

DÉNEUBLER, då-mêu-blå, v. a. to unfurnish, take down or away the furniture.

DEMEURANT, E, de-meu-ren, rent, adj. dwelling, living, abiding.

*DEMEURANT, s. m. rest, remainder, residue. *Au demeurant, adv. besides, as for the

DEMEURE, de-meur, s.f. dwelling or dwelling place, abode, habitation, mansion house. Faire sa demeure en un lieu, to live or dwell in a place. Etre en demeure envers ses créanciers, to be in arrears with one's creditors. Mar. Mettre ses ancres à demeure, to stow the

V. Poste. anchors for sea.

DEMEURER, de-meu-ra, v. n. to dwell, live, lodge, abide; to tarry, to be a long while behind; to stay, stand, stop, not to go, hesitate, to remain, be lest; continue, rest, abide, endure, persist. Demeurons-en là or à cela, let's pitch upon that. Demeurons-en là, let us break off or stop there. Où en êtes-vous demeure? where did you stop or leave off? S'il en fut demeuré-là, had he gone no farther or had he been contented with that. La victoire nous est demeurée, we got the victory. La lie demeure au fond, the dregs stick at the bottom. Il y demeura dix mille hommes sur la place, there were ten thousand men killed upon the spot. Boule qui demeure, short bowl, bowl that comes short. Demeurer long-temps à faire quelque chose, to be long doing a thing. Deneurer en arrière or en reste, to be in arrears. Pen deneure à ce qui a été stipulé, I abide or I stand by what has been stipulated. Demeurer sur

DEMI, E. de-mi, ml, adj. half, demi, semi.
This adjective is indeclinable when placed before the noun, and then a hyphen marks the two words as a compound, une demi-guinée, half a guinea. Un demi-pied, half a foot. Deux demi-guinées, two half guineas. Deux guinées et demie, two guineas and a half. Demi-dieu, demi-god. Les demi-dieux, the demi-gods. Demi-castor, demi-castor, half beaver. Demi-cercle, semi-circle. Demi-coulevrine, demi-culverin. Une demi-lune, a half moon. Demi-métal, mineral substance that has many properties of pure metals. Demi-mort, half dead. Demi-savant, prag-matical, smattered in any knowledge. Demietier, half a pint. Demi-ton, semi-tone. Demi-fractive qui étoit murée, to unwall or rent, side wind. A demi, half, almost, by theor or window that was walled up.

be ready to fall. Un homme qui ne se dement point, a man who is always like himself, or always uniform.

Démérite, dâ-mâ-rît, s. m. ill desert, demerit.

Démériter, dâ-mâ-rît, v. n. to do a Demie, Mar. Ex. Demi-hande, s. f. parliament, heel, boot-topping, boot hose top ping (v. carène.) Une demi-clé, a half hitch. Deux demi-clés, a clove hitch. Un demi-tour dans les câbles, an elbow in the hawse.

Demie, S. f. a half-an-hour.

DÉMIS, E, da-mi, mlz, adj. turned or put out, removed; out of joint.

Dimission, da-mi-slon, s. f. resignation or resigning, laying down of one's commission.

Donner sa demission, to lay down one's commission.

DÉMISSIONNAIRE, s. m. he who has laid down his commission

DÉMITTE, S. f. dimity.
DÉMOCRATE, S. m. democrat.
DÉMOCRATIE, da-mô-kra-sl, s. f. democracy, popular government.
Démocratique, då-mô-krå-tik, adj. de-

mocratical, popular

DÉMOCRATIQUEMENT, adv. democratic-

ally.

Demoiselle, de-mwa-zel, s. f. unmarried woman; dragon fly, rammer (of paviers;) sort of warming-pan.

DÉMOLIR, då-mô-lîr, v. a. to demolish, pull or cast or throw or take down (what is built.) Démolir un vaisseau. Mar. to break un

a ship

DÉMOLITION, da-mô-ll-slon, s. f. demolishing, pulling or beating or throwing down.

Demolitions, ruins of a demolished building.

Demon, da-mon, s. m. devil, evil spirit,

devilish spirit; genius, demon, spirit. Faire le démon, to be mad, tear, roar or bluster. Démoniaque, da-mô-nlak, adj. & s. de-

moniack.

DÉMONOGRAPHE, s. m. writer on demons. DEMONONANIE, s. f. demonology; also demonolatry; and demonocracy

DÉMONSTRATEUR, s. m. demonstrator. DÉMONSTRATI-F, VE, da-mons-tri-if, uv.

adj. demonstrative. DÉMONSTRATION, da-mons-tra-sion s. f. demonstration, clear proof.

DEMONSTRATIVEMENT, da-mons-tra-tivmen, adv. demonstratively, demonstrably, clearly.

DÉMONTER, dà-mon-tà, v. a. to unhorse or dismount; to take to pieces (a mackine;) to dash, puzzle or confound. Mar. (un canon) to dismount; (le gouvernail) to unhang; (la barre du gouvernail) to unship; (un capitaine) to supersede. Se démonter, v. r. to be taken

to pieces; be dashed or confounded, etc.
Démontrable, da-mon-trabl, adj. de-

monstrable.

DÉMONTRER, da-mon-tra, v. a. to demonstrate, prove evidently or unanswerably; also to describe.

DÉMORDRE, då-mordr, v. n. (like mordre) to let go one's hold (said of dogs;) to swerve,

depart, desist; to abate.
Demouvoir, da-moo-war, v. a. like mouvoir, (but used only in the infinitive, and in the participle dému) to take off, make one desist. Se démouvoir, v. r. to desist.

Démunia, då-må-nir, v. a. to drain a place

of ammunition.

Démurer, da-ma-ra, v. a. uneporte or une fenêtre qui étoit murée, to unwall or open a bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : flekl, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

DÉNAIRE, adj. relating to the number ten. DÉNARTIR, v. a. to give up securities. DÉNATTER, dà-nà-tà, v. a. to unmat, un-

twist.

DÉNATURALISER, v. a. to denaturalize. DÉNATURÉ, E, dã-nã-tů-rã, adj. unnatu-

ral, cruel, inhuman, barbarous.

DENATURER, da-na-tū-ra, son bien, v. a.
to convert one's estate into effects that may be disposed of according to one's own liking; also, to change or alter (words or facts.)

DEMDRITE, s. f. dendrite, stone with the accidental representation of trees on it.

DÉNÉGATION, då-nå-gå-slon, s. f. denial.

Dini, da-ni, s. m. denial, refusal, denying or refusing. DÉNIAISÉ, E, adj. that has learned wit.

Un déniaisé, a cunning or sharp fellow. DÉNIAISEMENT, da-nièz-mên, s. m. sharp-

er's trick.

DÉNIAISER, då-niè-zå, v. a. to teach wit, to cheat, trick. Se déniaiser, v. r. to learn wit, grow cunning.
DENICHER, då-ni-shå, v. a. to unnestle, put

out of the nest; dislodge, thrust or turn out, break up (a nest of robbers.) Dénicher, v. n. to withdraw suddenly from a place.

DÉNICHEUR, då-nl-shêur, s. m. one that goes bird's nesting. Un dénicheur de fauthing that can gratify his desires.

Dérier, da-ni-a, v. a. to deny, disallow,

refuse

DÉNIER, då-nî-å, s. m. denier (brass coin worth the twelfth part of a French sou;) weight of two grains; penny, money, sum of money. Denier d'octroi, toll or passage penny. Denier de fin or de loi, standard of the fineness of silver. Denier de poids or de marc, a penny weight. Denier de jous or de marc, a penny weight of the penier de dieu, earnest penny. Les deniers du roi, the king's treasure, the exchequer. Les deniers publics, the publick treasure. Prêter de l'argent au denier vingt, to lend money at five per cent. Denier Saint Pierre, Peter's pence.
Dénigrement, da-nigr-mên, s. m. asper-

sion, reviling, slander.

DÉNIGRER, då-nl-grå, v. a. to slander, rail

at, blacken, expose.

Dénombrement, då-nonbr-men, s. m. list, roll or catalogue; also enumeration, census. Dénombrement de fief, a survey of land. Faire le dénombrement, to number.

DÉNOMBRER, v. a. to number, take a cen-

DÉNOMINATEUR, då-nô-mì-nà-teur. s. m. denominator.

DÉNOMINATI-F, VE, då-nô-mì-nà-tìf, tlv,

adj. denominative.
DÉNOMINATION, då-nô-mì-nà-sìon, s. f. denomination.

DÉNOMMER, då-no-må, v. a. to name, mention by name, set down one's name

Dénoncer, da-non-sa, v. a. to denounce, signify, declare, publish or proclaim, impeach, charge, accuse or inform against

DENONCIATEUR, da-non-sia-teur, s. m. informer, accuser.

DENONCIATION, da-non-sia-sion, s. f. denunciation, declaration, proclamation, information, acasation.

DÉNOTATION, då-nô-tà-sion, s. f. denotadon, denoting.

DÉNOTER. då-nô-tå. v. a to point out. describe, denote, indicate

DÉNOUEMENT, da-noo-mên, s. m. developement, unravelling or discovery of the plot,

unrayelling or issue of an affair or intrigue. unrayeling or issue of an affair or intrigue.

DÉROUER, dâ-nôo-â, v. a. to undo or untie
a knot, make supple or pliant, remove the stiff
ness of; discover, develope, unravel or resolve.
Se dénouer, v. r. to untie, discover itself, unra
vel, grow supple or limber, lose its stiffness.

DERRÉE, dên-râ, s. f. ware, commodity,
provisions

provisions.

DENSE, dens, adj. thick, compact, close, dense

DENSITÉ, den-si-ta, s. f. density, thickness. DENSITE, GON-SI-IA, S. I. GOISHY, UNICAIRESS, DENT, dên, S. f. tooth; notch; gap. Dents anachetières, choek-teeth, grinders. Dents canines, dents aeillères, eye-teeth, fangs. Dent de chien (plant) the dog's tooth. Dent de lion, dents de chien to be de chief the del chief the del chief the chief dandelion. Les dents lui tombent, he sheds his teeth. Déchirer à belles dents, to tear to pieces. Chacun lui donne un coup de dent, every one has a fling at him. Avoir les dents bien longues, to be very sharp set or hungry; also to be poor and needy, want bread, starve. Parler des grosses dents à quelqu'un, to talk big to one. Avoir une dent le lait contre quel-qu'un, to have an old grudge against one. Etre sur les dents, to be tired out. Mettre quelqu'un sur les dents, to exhaust one. Avoir la mart entre les dents, to have one foot already in the grave. Prendre le mort aux dents, to turn libertine, to cast off all restraint.

DENTAIRE, s. f. sort of plant the root of

which is jagged.

DENTAL, E, dên-tâl, adj. dental.

DENTE, E, dên-tâ, adj. dented, notched, jagged, toothed.

Dentée, s. f. (in hunting) bite.

DENTELAIRE, s. f. plant (that relieves the

tooth-ache.) DENTEL £, E, adj. indented, jagged, notch-

ed, dented.

DENTELER, dent-lå, v. a. to dent or in-

DENTELLE, den-tel, s. f. lace. DENTELURE, dent-lur, s. f. denting, notch-

ing, jagging, denticulation.

Denticules, den-il-kul, s. f. pl. dentelli, modillons.

DENTIER, den-tia, s. m. set of teeth. DENTIFRICE, den-ti-fris, s. m. dentifrice, tooth-powder.

DENTISTE, den-tist, s. m. dentist.

DENTITION, s. f. dentition.

DENTURE, dén-tur, s. f. set of teeth.

DÉNUDATION, s. f. denudation.

DÉNUÉ, k., adj. destitute, naked, stripped.

DENGMENT, då-nu-men, s. m. deprivation

DÉNUER, då-nå-å, v. a. to bereave or strip, leave destitute or unprovided.

DÉPAQUETER, da pak-ta, v. a. to unpack, open or undo a bundle. Dépaqueter une voile, Mar. to unfurl a sail.

DÉPAREILLER, da-pa-re-la, v. a. to un-match. Ouvrage dépareillé, a set (of books) made up from various editions.

DÉPARER, då-på-rå, v. a. to undecorate; to disfigure, take away the beauty, make ug-

ly (said of unbecoming dress, etc.)

Départer, da-pa-ci-à, v. a. to unmatch, unpair.

buse, bût : jeune, meut, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon. brun.

Départer, da-par-là, v. a. only used ne-Il ne departe pas, he does not cease gatively talking.

DÉPART, då-par, s. m. departure, going away, parting. Eau de départ, liquid used in parting metals. Prendre son point de départ, Mar. to take one's departure. Notre depart fut retardé par un accident imprévu, Mar. our sailing was delayed by an unforeseen accident.
DEPARTAGER, då-pår-tå-zå, v. a. to give

the casting vote.

DÉPARTEMENT, då-pårt-mên, s. m. quar-ters, district, jurisdiction, office, department,

repartition, assessment.

DÉPARTIE, s. f. departure, going away.
DÉPARTIE, dà-par-tir, v. a. (like partir) to
give, divide, distribute, share. Départir un roces, to refer a cause to another court for judgment (the opinions in the first being divided.) Se départir de, v. r. to desist, leave

off, go from or give over.

Dépasser, dâ-pâ-sâ, v. a. to pull out (the string of a gown, etc.) Mar. Dépasser une manageure, to unreeve a rope. Dépasser une manageure, to unreeve a rope. måt de hune or de perroquet, to get a top-mast or a top-gallant-mast down upon the deck. Dépasser les tours des câbles, to clear hawse. Depasser le tournevire, to take the messenger of the capstan. Dépasser un bâtiment, une île, etc. to run past, shoot ahead of a ship, an is-land, etc. Dépasser une latitude, to sail beyond a certain latitude.

DÉPAVER, da-pa-va, v. a. to unpave.

DÉPAYSER, da-pê-l-za, v. a. to bring, carry or send one into another country, to put one upon a matter with which he is not well acquainted or for which he is not prepared; also to put one upon a wrong scent.

Dépacement, da-pes-men, s.m. cutting

DÉPECERENT, ou principe de la princi

DÉPECEUR, s..m. one who buys old boats

to break them up.

DÉPÉCHE, da-pesh, s f. despatch, letter.

C'est une belle dépêche! a good or happy rid-

dance this. DEPECHER, da-pe-sha, v. a. to despatch, hasten or speed, expedite, send away in haste; to despatch or kill. Se dépêcher, v. r. to des-

patch, make haste. DÉPEINDRE, da-pindr. v. a. (see the table at peindre,) to describe, represent, express or

set out in words. DÉPENAILLÉ, E, dap-na-la, adj. ragged,

covered with rags.

DÉPENAILLEMENT, adv. condition of one covered with rags.

DÉPENDAMMENT, da-pen-da-men, adv. dependently, with dependence.

DÉPENDANCE, da-pen-dens, s. f. depen-

dence or dependency, appendix.

Dipendat, E, da-pen-den, dent, adj.
held of another, depending, dependent. Etre
dependant de quelqu'un, to be another man's, depend upon one. Il vous faut arriver en dépendant sur votre prise, Mar. you must edge down to your prize.

DÉPENDRE, de, dê-pèndr, v. n. to depend on, proceed from; follow, result from; to de-pend upon, be under, be subject to; to be held!

from or depend on. Il y a des bénéfices qui dépendent du roi, there are some livings in the king's gift. Cela dépend de moi, that lies with me. Dépendre was formerly used for Dé-

DÉPENDRE, v. a. to take down, unhang.

DÉPENDU, E, adj. taken down, unhung. DÉPENS, da-pèn, s. m. expense, cost, charge. Se faire sage aux dépens d'autrui, to grow wise by other men's follies. Se justifier aux dépens d'autrui, to clear one's self at the peril of others. S'enrichir au dépens de son honneur, to grow rich by the loss of one's ho-

DÉPENSE, da-pens, s. f. laying out, spending, expense, charge or disbursement; buttery or pantry. Dépense sourde, hidden or secret or pantry. Depense source, indeen or secret or private expense. Faire la depense, to be the steward or caterer. Faire de la dépense, faire une belle or une grosse dépense, to spend high, spend or live nobly.

Dépenser, da-pèn-sa, v. a. to spend, lay

out, consume.

DÉPENSIER, E, då-pèn-slå, slèr, adj. & s. m. & f. caterer in a monastery or numbery; great splendour or extravagance.

Dépendition, da-per-di-alon, s. f. deper-

dition, loss.

DÉPÉRIR, då-på-rir, v. n. to decay, fail to

decay, weaken, fall to ruin.

DEPÉRISSEMENT, da-pa-ris-mên, s. m. de-

cay or falling to decay, ruin, waste.

Deretree, da-pe-tra, v. a. to disengage, get off or out. Se depetre, v. r. to rid one's self. La pauvreté est si gluante qu'on a peine à s'en dépêtrer, poverty does so stick by one that it is hard to shake it off.

DÉPEUPLEMENT, dà-peupl-men, s. m. de-

DEFEUPLER, da-peuplemen, s. m. depopulation, depopulating, unpeopling.
DEFEUPLER, dâ-pêu-plà, v. a.to depopulate,
unpeople or dispeople; (a fish-pond) to draw;
(a pigcon house) to unstock. Depeupler un pays
de gibier, to destroy the game of a country.
DEPHLEGMATION, s. f. dephlegmation.
DEPHLEGME, E, adj. dephlegmated.

DÉPIÉCER, v. a. to cut in pieces. DÉPILATI-F, vz, då-pl-là-tlf, tlv, adj. depilatory.

DÉPILATION, dà-pì-là-slon, s. f. depilation. DÉPILATOIRE, dà-pì-là-twar, s. m. depi-

latory.

Dřiler, då-pi-lå, v. a. to take away the hair. Se dépiler, v. r. to make one's hair come

Diriquen, di-pi-th, v. a. to allay or soften or drown the grief of.

DÉPISTER, v. a. to find or trace out.
DÉPISTER, v. a. to find or trace out.
DÉPISTER, v. a. to find or trace out.
dignation, passion, anger. Avoir du dépit, to be vexed or angry, be in a pet. Donner du dépit or faire dépit à quelqu'un, to spite or vex one. Je veux bien oublier tous les dépits qu'ells one. Je veux bien oublier tous les dépits qu'elle su'a faits, I am willing to forget all the ill usage I have received at her hands. Crever de dépit, to be ready to burst with vexation. Est dépit de, in spite of, in despite of. DÉPITÉ, E, adj. in spite or despite, vexed, angry, fretting.

DÉPITÉR, dà-pl-ta, v. a. to fret, vex, angre or provoke. Se dépiter, v. r. do fret, be vexed, be angry or fretful.

DÉPITÉULS, ER. adj. Dettish. fretful. easily

DÉPITEU-X, SE, adj. pettish, fretful, casily

provoked or angry.

DEP

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: rohe, rob, lord: mood, good,

DÉPLACÉ, E, adj. displaced, misplaced, ill-placed, mistimed, preposterous.

Deplacement, da-plas men, s. m. dis-

placing. DEPLACER, da-pla-sa, v. a. to displace, put out of his or its place, remove, mis-

place, place improperly, take me place of.

DEPLAIRE, da-pler, v. n. (like plaire) to
displease, be unacceptable or disagreeable; to displease or discontent, vex or trouble. Ne vous déplaise or ne vous en déplaise, by your cave, by your favour, under favour. La principale chose qui me déplait en elle, c'est sa fierté, the chief thing that I dislike in her is her pride. Se déplaire, v. r to be displeased with one's self, be displeased with, be tired with or weary of.

*Déplaisance, s. f. aversion, dislike. Déplaisant, E, då-plê-zên, zênt, adj.

unpleasant, unacceptable, disagreeable, trou-

DÉPLAISIR, dà plè-sir, s. m. displeasure, affront, ill turn; discontent, vexation, trouble, grief, sorrow, affliction. J'ai ressenti un trèssensible déplaisir de sa mort, I have been extremely troubled or grieved at his death. J'en ai un grand deplaisir, I am very sorry or very much troubled for it.

DÉPLANTER, da-plèn-tà, v. a. to displant, remoye a plant. Mar. to start the anchor.

DÉPLANTOIR, dà-plèn-twar, s. m. instrument used in displanting

DÉPLATRER de pla-tra, v. a. to unplaster. DÉPLIER, da pli-à, v. a. to unfold or open. DÉPLISSER, da pli-sa, v. a. to unplait, un-do the plaits of. Se déplisser, v. r. to unplait,

come out of the plaits or gathers.

DEPLORABLE, då-plò-rabl, adj. deplora-

ble, lamentable, pitiful.

DÉPLORABLEMENT, dà-plò-rabl-men, adv. deplorably, miserably.

DÉPLORÉ, E, adj. deplored, lamented, be-wailed, pitied. Mulaulie déplorée, desperate illness. Affaire déplorée, a gone case. DÉPLORER, da-plô-ra, v. a. to deplore, la-

ment, bewail or pity.

Dryloyf, E, adj. open, displayed. Rire à gorge déployée, to laugh out, break out into aughter. Nous sortimes tambour battant, en-

saugner. Ivous sortmes tambour battar, en-seignes deployées, we came out drums beat-ing, colours flying.

DÉPLOYEN, dà-plwà-yà, v. a. to display, set forth, muster. Elle a déployé tous ses charmes, she has displayed or mustered all her charms. Deployer une voile, Mar. to lossen a sail.

Deployer les voiles, Mar. to set the sails.

DEPLUMER, da pld-ma, v. a. to strip of its

feathers, strip or fleece or bubble. Se déplu-

mer, v. r. to lose one's feathers.

DEPOLIE, då-pô-lir, v. a. to unpolish, take eff the polish. Se Dépolir, v. r. to grow un-

polished.
DEFONENT, då-pô-nen, adj. deponent, (said of verbs.)

DÉPOPULATION, da-pô-pù-là-slon, s. f. de-

population.
Deport, s. m. first year's revenue of a living, (due to the lord-paramount after a va-cancy.) Somme payable sans deport, sum paycancy.) Somme payable sans deport, sum payable without delay.

DEPORTATION, da-por-ta-sion, s. f. transportation, banishment, exile

DÉPORTEMENT, dà-pôrt-mên, s. m. de-portment, carriage, behaviour, demeanour.

DÉPORTER, v. a. to transport, banish. Se déporter, v. r. to leave off, cease or forbear, give over, desist, recede. Se déporter de ses pretentions, to withdraw one's claim.

DÉPOSANT, E, adj. deposing.
DÉPOSANT, dà-pô-zên, s. m. deponent.
DÉPOSER, dà-pô-zê, v. a. to depose, remove, turn or put out of one's place; (sa commove, turn or put out of one's place; (sa commission) to lay down; resign; to deposit; to depose, swear to as a witness.

DÉPOSITAIRE, da-pô-zi-ter, s. m. & f. depositary, or trustee. Le depositaire des se-crets de quelqu'un, one's confidant. Déposition, da-pô-zi-sion, s. f. deposition,

evidence; deposing, degrading, degradation.

Dépossenén, da-pô-sa-da, v. a. to dispos-

sess or deprive, turn or put out of possession.

Depossession, da-po-se-sion, s. f. dispos-

DÉPOSTER, då-pos-tå, v. a. to force from a post, dislodge.

Dέροτ, dà-po, s.m. deposit, trust, charge; chest; settlings, sediment, collection of humours. Mettre en dépôt, to deposit, commit to one's keeping in trust, trust with. Mis en dé-

DÉPOTER, v. a. (in gardening) to take out

of a pot.

DÉPOUDRER, dà-pôo-dra, v. a. to take the powder out of (hair.)

DÉPOUILE, dà-pôol, s. f. old clothes, cast hooty. spoil: (of a wild off clothes; crop; booty, spoil: (of a seild beast) skin; (of a serpent) slough, cast skin. La dépouille mortelle de l'homme, the dead car-cass. Avoir la dépouille de quelqu'un, to succeed one.

Dépouillement, da-pool-men, s. m. deprivation; stripping one's self of any thing, self denial.

DÉPOUILLER, dà-pôo-là, v. a. to strip, strip naked, put or pull off, peal off, take off the rind or skin or cover, etc. (a hare) to uncase; to strip, spoil, roh, bereave, deprive, dispossess; to pull off, cast off, leave off; to gather. Se dépouiller, v. r. to pull off one's clothes, to strip one's self naked; (of serpents) to east off the slough or skin. Se dépouiller de, to off the slough or skin.

DÉPOURVOIR, da-poor-vwar, v. a. (like pourvoir, but only used in the infin. and par-ticiple depourvu) to unfurnish, leave unprovided *or* destitute.

DEPOURVU, E, adj. unprovided, unfurnished, destitute. On homme depourvu de sens, a man senseless or out of his wits. Au dépour-

cu, adv. unawares, unprovided; napping. DEPRAVATION, da-pra-va-slon, s. f. de-

pravation, corruption.

DÉPRAVÉ, E, adj. depraved, etc. Avoir le goût dépravé, to have one's mouth out of taste.

DÉPRAVER, då-prå-vå, v. a. to deprave, corrupt, spoil, vitate or mar.

DÉPRÉCATI-F, VE, då-prå-kå-tif, tiv, adj.

deprecative.
Déprécation, da-pra-ka-sion, s. f. deprecation,

DÉPRÉCIER, v. a. to undervalue.

DÉPRÉDATEUR, s. m. depredator or rob-

Déprédation, da-pra-da-sion, s. f. depredation, robbery.

enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun. buse, bût : jeane, meute, beurre

DÉPRÉDER, då-prå-då, v. a. to depredate. DÉPRENDER, då-prèndr, v. a. (like pren-dre) to loose, part. Se déprendre, v. r. to get

Dirrioccuri, E, adj. unprejudiced, free frem prepossession.

DEPRESSER, v. a. to take out of the press

(in book-sinding.)

Dépression, da-pré-sion, s. f. depression.

Dépression de l'horizon, Mar. dip of the hori-

DÉPRÉVENIR, v. a. to unprepossess.

DÉPRI, s. m. abatement of the fines of alienation.

enation.

DÉPRIER, dà-prl-à, y a. to disinvite.

DÉPRIMER, dà-prl-mà v. a. to depress, dehase, vility despise, undervalue or disparage.

DÉPRIS, R, adj. loose, etc.

DÉPRISER, dà-prl-zà, v. a. to undervalue,

disparage, despise or vilify.

DÉPUCELLEMENT, s. m. deflower. DÉPUCELLEMENT, s. m. defloration.

DEPUTE, de part, prep. since, from, afier, See A, Observ. VII. Deputs quant? how long 1 how long since ? Deputs peu, newly, not long since, a little while since or ago. Depuis deux aus, these two years. Depuis one craps, this great while. Depuis que, from the time that, since. Depuis cinq heures jusqu'a six, from five to six o'clock.

DEPUIS, adv. since, since that or since that

time

DÉPURATI-F, V E, adj. fit to purify the blood. DÉPURATION, dã-pô-râ-sion, s.f. depuration. DÉPURATOIRE, dã-pô-râ-twar, adj. depu-

raiory.
DÉPURER, då-pò-rå, v. a. to depurate.
DÉPURETATION, dà-pò-tà-sion, s.f. deputation.

DÉPUTÉ, E, adj. deputed, sent.
DÉPUTÉ, dà-pd-tå, s. m. deputy, delegate.
DÉPUTER, dà-pd-tå, v. a. to depute, send or delegate.

DERACINEMENT, då-rå-sin-men, s. m.

DÉRACINER, da-ra-si-na, v. a. to root up or pluck up by the root, root out or extirpate, eradicate.

DÉRADER, v. n. Mar. to part, drive to sea from an anchorage. Six bâtiments furent dérades hier des aunes, six vessels were driven to sea yesterday from the downs.

DÍRAISON, då-rê-zon, s. f. unreasonableness, bad reason, nonsense; opposition to rea-90n

DÉRAISONNABLE, da-ré-zô-nabl, adj. unreasonable, void of reason, unjust

DÉRAISONNABLEMENT, då-rê-zô-nabl-

men, adv. unreasonably.

Déraisonner, då-re-zô-nå, v. n. to talk

DÉRALINGUER, v. a. (une voile) Mar. to carry away the bolt rope of (a sail.)
DÉRANGÉ, E, adj. disordered, disappointed, put out of order, confounded, in confusion, disorderly.

DERANGEMENT, då-renz-men, s. m. disor-

der, confusion, disappointment.

DERANGER, da-ren-ca, v. a. to disorder, put out of order or place, put in confusion, confound, embroil or perplex, disappoint. Se deranger, . r. to live a disorderly life, take to bad courses.

DÉRAPER, v. n. Mar. to trip the anchor,

loosen the anchor from the ground. L'ancre est dérapée, the anchor is a-trip. Faire deraper l'ancre, to trip the anchor.

DÉRATÉ, E, da-ra-ta, adj. cunning, charp. Un dératé, s. m. a cunning or sharp blade, an

arch wag.

DÉRAYER, (SE) v. r. Ex. Une roue qui se déraye, a wheel with loose spokes.

*DERECHEF, dér-shêf, adv. again, once, more, over again, anew.

DERECLE, E, adj. disordered, disorderly, immoderate, unruly.

Immoderate, unruj.

Déréglement, då-rågl-men, s. m. irregularity, disorder, confusion, depravation (of manners.) Le déréglement de la langue, the licentiousness or misgovernment of the

tongue.

Déréglement, adv. immoderately, without measure or moderation, unruly, disorder-

but measure or mourraining amony, australia, losses, discolutely.

DÉRÉGLER, dà-rà-glà, v. a. to disorder, or put out of order. Se dérégler, v. to get out of order, grow lewd, follow iil courses, begin to lead a disorderly life. Son pouls s'est déréglé, his pulse is out of order.

DERIDER, da-ff-da, v. r. to unw.inkle or take away the wrinkles. Dérider le front, to clear the brow, make one look cheerful. Se derider, v. r. to look cheerful, clear one's brow. Son front ne se déride jamais, his brow is al-

ways cloudy, he never looks cheerful.

Dérision, da-ri-zion, s. f. derision. Tourner en dérision, to laugh at, deride or turn in-

to ridicule.

DÉRIVATI-F, VE, då-rl-vå-tif, tlv, adj. derivative:

DÉRIVATION, då-ri-vå-slon, s. f. derivation, origin.

DÉRIVE, da-riv, s. f. Mar. lee-way, drift. Belle dérire, sea-room. La dérire vant la route, the drift is favourable to the course. En dérire, a-drist. Le petit canot est en dérire, the derive, a-urin. Le jess to derive de l'est per l'est per

rivet or unclinch (a nail.)

DÉRIVER, v. n. to be derived, come originally from; get clear of the shore (with barge-men.) Dériver, Mar. to drive or sag to leeward. Ce navire dérire comme de la fumee, that ship is as weatherly as a sand barge. Deriver sur un vaisseau, to fall aboard a ship.

Deriver sur un conseau, to fall aboard a snip. Vaisseau qui dérire beaucoup, leewardly ship. DERNIER, E, dêr-nia, nier, adj. last, utmost, greatest, highest, worst. Une action de la dernière cruaude, a most barbarous action. Vos mains sont de la dernière beauté, your hands are extraordinarily fair. Je suis dans le dernier chagrin, I am extremely sorry or concerned. Je rous suis obligé de la dernière obligation, I am infinitely obliged to you. En dernier lieu, adv. lastly, last of all.

DERNIER, s. m. last. S'il ne tient qu'a cela, je ne serai pas des derniers, if that will do, I

shall not come short of any.

DERNIÈREMENT, der-nier-men, adv. late-

ly, not long since, not long ago, newly.

DÉROBÉ, E, då-rô-bå, adj. stolen, etc. Escalier dérobé, back stairs, private stair-case. A des heures dérobées, at spare hours. A la dérobée, adv. by stealth, privately. Se retirer a la dérobée, to steal away. Jeter des rebar, bat, base: thère, ebo, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

gards à la dérobée, to cast sheep's eyes, play

DÉROBER, dà-rô-ba, v. a. to steal, rob or deprive, conceal, hide; to blanch (beans.) Dérober un criminelà la justice, to convey or conccal an offender from justice. Dérober une chose à la connoissance de quelqu'un, to conceal a thing from one. Votre maison dérobe la vue à la n'ire, your house intercepts our prospect. Se dérober, v. r. to steal or get away. Se dérober à la rue de quelqu'un, to fade from the Se dérober à la justice, to fly from justice. Cheral qui se dérobe de dessous l'homme, a horse that slips from under his rider. Se dérober aux coups de quelqu'un, to shun or avoid one's blows. Se dérober un repas, to pinch one's belly.

DÉROCHER, v. a. said of very large birds which flying after four-footed animals oblige them sometimes to precipitate themselves

from the top of a rock.

DÉROGATION, dà-rò-gà-sìon, s. f. deroga-

DÉROGATOIRE, då-rô-gå-twår, adv. dero-

gating, derogatory.

DÉROGEANCE, da-ro-zèns, s. f. degrading action.

DÉROGEANT, E, då-rð-zèn, zènt, adj. de-

rogating, derogatory.

DÉROGER, då-rô-zà, v. n. to derogate. Déroger à sa noblesse, to degrade one's self. Déroidir, dà-rè-dir, v. a. to unstiffen.

Se déroidir, v. a. to grow soft or supple. DÉROUGIR, då-rôo-zîr, v. a. to take off the redness of one's face. Dérougir, v. n. Se

dérougir, v. r. to lose one's redness. DÉROUILLER, dà-rôo-là, v. a. to get or fetch the rust off, brighten, polish. Se dérou-

iller, v. r. to lose one's rust (in a proper and figurative sense.)
DÉROULER, dà-rôo-lå, v. a. to unroll.

DÉROUTE, da-root, s. f. rout, defeat, overthrow; disorder, confusion. Mettre en déroute, to rout, deseat. Mettre quelqu'un en déroute, to run one down, put him to a nonplus.

DÉROUTÉ, E, adj. quite out of his or her way, astray, bewildered. DÉROUTER, då-roo-tå, v. a. to put out of

the road, lead astray, disconcert.

DERRIERE, de-rier, prep. & adv. behind.

Par derriere, behind, backward. Elle est bossue par derrière, she has a crooked back. Porte de derrière, back-door. Mettre une chose sens devant derrière, to put a thing wrong end foremost, put the cart before the

DERRIÈRE, s.m. backside; (d'une cuirasse) back; (d'une perruque) neck or hind lock;

breech.

DERVICHE or DERVIS, s. m. dervis

(Turkish priest.)
DES, de, (plural of du, de la, de l') of, of the, from the, some, etc. See the observation on De.

Dès, prep. from, since, at. Dès demain, -morrow. Dès que, conj. as soon as, from to-morrow. the moment that; also as, since. Des là que, when, as. Je le connois des mon enfance, I have known him from my infancy. Je le ferai des ce soir, I shall do it this very evening. Je l'avois appris des Orléans, I had not got further than Orleans when I heard of it.

DÉSABUSEMENT, dã-zâ-bàz-mên, s. m. disabusing, undeceiving, state of being undeceived.

DÉSABUSER, dà-zà-bù-zà, v. a. to undeceive, disabuse.

DÉSACCORDER, då-zå-kor-då, v. a. to put out of tune, untune.

DÉSACCOUPLER, då-zå-kôo-plå, v. a. to un

couple.
Désaccoutumence, s. f. the weaning from a custom or habit.

DÉSACCOUTUMER, då-zå-kdo-tů-må, v. a to break off or wean from a custom or habit make one leave off. Se désaccoutumer, v. r. to break off or break one's self of a habit, disuse, leave off.

DÉSACHALANDER, då-zå-shå-lèn-då. V.

Déchalander.

1) ÉSAFFOURCHER, v. n. Mar. to unmoor. 1) ÉSAGENCER, da-za-zen-sa, v. a. to disorder, put out of order or in confusion

Desagreable, da-za-gra-abl, adj. un-pleasant, disagreeable.

DÉSAGNÉABLEMENT, då-zå-gradabl-men, adv.unpleasantly, disagreeably. Vivre désagré-ablement en un lieu, to live uneasy in a place.

DÉSAGRÉEH, då-så-grå-å, v. n. to displense, not to please, not to please, be disiiked. Désagréer un caisseau, Mar. to take away a ship's rigging.
DÉSAGRÉMENT, då-zå-grå-men, s. m. fault, defent om thing unbasent

defect, any thing unpleasant or apt to create dislike, disgust, trouble, grievous or trouble-some thing.

DESAJUSTER, då-zå-zås-tå, v. a. to discompose or disorder.

DÉSALTÉRER, då-zål-tå-rå, v. a. toquench the thirst. Se désaltérer, v. r. to quench one's thirst,

DESANCRER, då-zèn-krå, v. a. to weigh the auchor.

DÉSAPPAREILLER, v. a. to unmaich. DÉSAPPÉTISER, v. a. to take away the appetite.

DÉSAPPLIQUER, v. a. to take off, divert from one's application.

*1) £SAPPOINTER, då-zå-pwin-tå, v. a. to strike off the roll, put out of pay, cashier, su-

DÉSAPPRENDRE, dà-zà-prèndr, v. a. (like prendre) to unlearn, forget.

DÉSAPPROBAT-EUR, RICE, adj. one who blames, disapproves, fault-finder.

DÉSAPPROBATION, s. f. disapprobation. DESAPPROPRIATION, da-za-pro-pri-a-slon,

s. f. renunciation or dereliction.

DÉSAPPROPRIER (5E) 88-dã-zã-prò-prì-a,
de, v. r. to renounce, divest one's self of.

DÉSAPPROUVER, dã-zã-prò-vă, v. a. to

disapprove, dislike, disallow, blame, find fault

DÉSARCONNER, då-zår-så-nå, v. a. to unhorse, throw off the saddle, dismount; also to supplant or undermine, and to nonplus.

DÉSARGENTER, dà-zar-zen-ta, v. a. to take

or scrape or wear off the silver; also to drain of money.

DÉSARMEMENT, då-zår-mê-mên, s. m. disarming. Mar. paying off and laying up (of a ship.) Etre en desarmement, to be clearing the ship for laying her up.

DESARMER, då-zår-må, v. a. to disarm pull off the armour, appease, allay one's passion or resentment. Désarmer, v. n. to lay down bûse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

arms, disarm. Mar. désarmer un vaisseau, to discharge or lay up a ship. Désarmer les arirons, to unship the bars

DESARRIMER la cale, Mar. to unstow the

DÉSARROI, då-zå-rwå, s.m. disorder, confusion, trouble. En désarroi, in disorder. DÉSASSEMBLER, då-zå-sèn-blå, v. a. to

take down or asunder, take to pieces.

DÉSASSORTI, E, adj. ill-matched, unsuita-

ble, jarring. Désassortir, då-2å-sôr-ilr, v. a. (regularly conjugated) to remove or displace things which were matched.

DÉSASTRE, dà-zàstr, s. m. disaster, mischance, misfortune.

Désastreusement, adv. disastrously. Désastreu-x, se, då-zås-trèu, trèuz, adj.

disastrous, unfortunate.

DÉSAVANTAGE, dà-zà-vèn-tàz, s. m. dis-advantage, prejudice, loss, damage. Parler an d'savantage de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one. Il a cu du desavantage dans le combat, be had the worst of it in that fight, he was worsted. DÉSAVANTAGER, dà-zà-vèn-tà-zà, v. a. to

wrong.

DESAVANTAGEUSEMENT, då-zå-ven-låzcuz-men, adv. disadvantageously, with disadvantage. Parler désavantageusement de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one, give an ill character of one.

DÉSAVANTAGEU-x, SE, adj. disadvanta-geous, inconvenient. Ce combat nous fut désaran'ageux, we had the worst of it in that fight.

DESAVEU, da-za-veu, s. m. disavowing or disclaiming, denial.

DÉSAVEUGLER, då-zå-veu-glå, v.a. to un-

blind, open the eyes of.
Désavouer, dà-zà-vòo-à, v. a. to disown

or disclaim, not to own, deny DESCRLLER, v. a. to take off the seal.

DESCENDANCE, de-sen-dens, s. f. extraction, descent.

DESCENDANT, E, adj. descending. DESCENDANT, de-sen-den,s.m. descendant.

Descendans, offspring, posterity, progeny.
Descendre, desendr, v. n. to descend,

o or come or step or be carried down ; to fall. Descendre d'un bateau, to come out of a boat, to land. Descendre de cheval, to light off one's horse. Descendre de carrosse, to step out of a coach. Descendre de quelqu'un, to descend from one, draw one's original from one. narée descend, the tide goes out or it is ebb tide. Descendre d'un ton, to sing a note lower.

Descendre, v. a. to take or let or bring or hrow down. Descendre la garde, to come off he guard. Mar. Descendre une rivière, to fall or drop down a river. Nous descendimes la côte de Guinée, we ran down the coast of Guinea. Descends les pierriers de la grande hune, send down the swivels out of the main top.

DESCENDU, R, adj. descended, come or gone down. Descendu de bonne famille, come

of a good family.

DESCENTE, desent, s. f. descent or going down, taking or letting down, fall or falling. a gutter; rupture or burst; descent or steep side of a hill; irruption, invasion, descent. landing. Descente d'humeurs, defluxion of humours. Faire une descente sur les lieux, to visit the spot. Descente de croix, picture repre-

senting the manner in which our Saviour was taken down from the cross. Faire une descente, Mar. to make a landing or to land in an enemy's country.

DESCRIPTION, de-skrip-slon, s. f. descrip-

DÉSEMBALLAGE, s. m. unpacking, opening of a bale.
Désemballer, da-zèn-ba-la, v. a. to un

Désembarquement, då-zen-bark-men. s. m. disembarking.

DÉSEMBARQUER, da-zèn-bar-ka, v. a. to disembark, unlade.

DÉSEMBOURBER, då-zen-boor-ba. v. a. to take out of the mire

DÉSEMPARER, då-zèn-på-rå, v. a. & n. to go away, quit or abandon the place where one is. Mar. to disable. DÉSEMPENNÉ, E, adj. unplumed. Ex. Il re

comme un trait désempenné, he is a rash, hair brained fellow, he goes at random.

Désempeser, v. a. to unstarch. Désemplir, da-zèn-plir, v. a. to empty till not too full.

DÉSEMPLIR, v. n. or se désemplir, v. r. to empty, grow empty.

DESEMPRISONNER, v. a. to take out of

DESENCHANTEMENT, då-zen-shent-men, s. m. disenchautment.

DÉSENCHANTER, da-zèn-shèn-ta, v. a. to disenchant or uncharm.

DÉSENCLQUER, dà-zen-kloo-à, v. a. un canon, to clear's piece of ordnance that was spiked. Désenclouer un cheval, to take out a nail that pricks a horse to the quick.

DÉSENDORMI, E, adj. half awake. DÉSENFILER, da-zèn-fi-là, v. a. to unthread a needle.

DESENFLER, dh-zen-fih, v. a. to take the swelling away. Desenfler, v. n. se desenfler, v. r. to have the swelling abate.

DÉSENFLURE, dà-zèn-flur, s. f. cessation

of swelling.

Désenivrer, dà-zen-ni-vra, v. a. to so ber, unfuddle, make sober again. Se désenivrer, v. r. to grow sober again. Se désenivrer en dormant, to sleep one's self sober.

DÉSENLACER, v. a. to disentangle. Se de nlacer, v. r. to disentangle one's self, get senlacer, v. r. to disent clear of the net or snare.

DÉSENNUYER, då zên-nůl-yå, v. a. to divert, recreate or refresh. Se désenmuyer, v. r to divert or refresh one's self.

DESENRAYER, då-zen-rå-yå, une roue, v.

a. to untrig a wheel.

DÉSENRIUMER, dà-zèn-rû-mà, v. a. to cure a cold or cough. Se déseurhumer, v. r. to get rid of a cold or cough.

DÉSENRÔLEMENT, s. m. discharge (of a

DÉSENRÔLER, v.a. to discharge (a soldier.) Désenrouer, dà-zen-rôo-à, v. a. to cure the hoarseness of. Se desenrouer, v. r. to get rid of a hoarseness.

Désensabler, dà-zen-sà-blà, v. a. to get off a boat that has run aground.

Désenseigner, v. a. to unteach. Désensevelin, dà-zèn-sèv-lir, v. a. to dig out of the grave.

Désensoncelen, dà-zen-sors-là, v. a. to unbewitch, disenchant.

oar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mood, good.

DESENSORCELLEMENT, då-zen-sor-selen. s. m. disenchanting. Desentêten, da-zen-tê-ta, v. a. to bring

to reason, restrain one infatuated.

DESENTRAVER, da-zen-tra-va, v. a. to un-

fetter or unlock, (a horse, etc.)

Disenvenimen, da-zenv-ni-ma, v. a. to clear from the venom, remove or take away

the venom. DESENVERGUER une voile, v. a. Mar. to

unbend a sail.
Dissequiper, då-zå-kl-på, un vaisseau, v.

a. to unrig a ship.
DESERT, E, dā-zer, zert, adj. desert, uninhabit, unfrequented, solitary.

Disert, s. m. desert, desert place, wilder-

Diserter, da-zer-ta, v. a. to lay waste, turn into a desert or wilderness, unpeople, leave or forsake (a place,) desert or run away from one's colours.

Diserteur, da-zêr-têur, s. m. deserter.

DÍSERTEUR, då-zêr-têur, s. m. deserter.
DÍSERTION, då-zêr-slon, s. f. desertion, deserting. Désertion d'appel, giving over of an appeal. Désertion de cause, nonsuit or letting fall a suit.
DÍSESPÉRADE, då-zês-på-råd, (ALA.) adv. desperately, like a mad person, hand over head, rashly.
DÍSESPÉRANT, E, adj. despairing.
DÍSESPÉRANT, E, då-zês-på-rå, adj. despaired of, etc. past hope. desperate. given over.

ed of, etc. past hope, desperate, given over,

forlorn; mad, desperate, furious.

Diszspirki, r., s. m. & f. desperate per-

DÉSESPÉRÉMENT, adv. desperately. DÉSESPÉRER, då-zes-på-rå, v. n. to despair, have no hopes, be past hopes, give over for lost.

Dissering, v. a. to put out of all hopes, give no hopes, also to torment, mad or make mad, anger, vex. Se desesperer, v. r. to be mad, tear like a madman, be ready to make away with one's self, despair.

DESESPOIR, då-zes-pwar, s. m. despair, desperation; trouble, grief, vexation. Jen suis au désespoir, 1 am extremely troubled, vexed or concerned about it, I am mad at it. mon desespoir, that vexes me or makes me mad

DÉSHABILLÉ, E, adj. undressed, whose clothes are off.

Dishabille, då-zå-bl-lå, s. m. dishabille,

undress or home dress

Dishabiller, da-za-bl-là, v. a. to undress, pull off the clothes of. Se déshabiller, to

undress one's self.
Dishabiti, E, då-zå-bl-tå, adj. deserted,

no longer inhabited, uninhabited.

DÉSHABITUER, då-zå-bl-tå-å, v. a. to disaccustom, break off a habit or custom. Se déshabituer, v. r. to break one's self of, leave off a babit or custom.

Dáshérence, då-zå-rèns, s. m. want of a

lawful heir. DESHERITER, då-zå-ri-tå, v. a. to disin-

herit or deprive of the succession.

DÉSHONNÈTE, dà-zô-nèt, adj. dishonest, unbecoming, disgraceful, shanieful, dishonourable, base, filthy; lewd, bawdy, dis-

honest.
Deshonnêtement, dâ-z)-net-mên, adv. dishonestly, lewdly, immodeatly.

DESHONNÊTETÉ, då-zô-nê:-tå, s. C dis-

bonesty, lewdness, immodesty, ribaldry.
DÉSHONNEUR, då-zô-neur, s. m. dishonour, shame, disgrace, discredit, infamy, reproach, disparagement.

DÉSHONORABLE, da-zô-nô-rabl, adj. dishonourable, disgraceful, infamous, shameful.
DESHONORABLEMENT, da-zô-nô-rabl-mên,

adv. dishonourably, disgracefully, shamefully. Déshonorer, da-zô-rô-ra, v. a. to dishonour, disgrace, debase, disparage or discredit. Deshonorer une fille, to ravish or ruin a girl. Se déshonorer, v. r. to bring disgrace upon one's self.

DÉSHUMANISER, v. a. to divest of huma-

nity, render inhuman.
Disignati-F, vk, adj. that designates, marks out.

DESIGNATION, da-zl-gna-slon, s. f. designation, appointment, nomination, description. DÉSIGNER, da-si-gna, v. a. to designate, appoint, assign or nominate, describe, denote.

DESINCORPORER, då-zin-kor-po-rå, v. a. to separate (from the body in which a thing has been incorporated,) to disincorporate.

DESINENCE, da-zl-nens, s. f. termination or ending (of a word.)

DÉSINFATUER, dâ-zin-fâ-tâ-â, v. a. to
work out of concett, disabuse, undeceive.
DÉSINFECTER, v. a. to take off the infec-

tion DESINFECTION, s. f. the act of taking off the infection.

DÉSINTÉRESSÉ, E, adj. disinterested, interested, impartial, unbiassed; indemnified, etc. V. the Verb.

Disinteressement, da-zin-ta-res-men,

s. m. impartiality, disinterestedness.

Désintéressément, adv. impartially.

Désintéresser, da-zin-ta-rê-sa, v. a. to

indemnify, make amends, give a recompense.
*Disinviter, v. a. to disinvite. Désir, dà-zir, s. m. desire, wish, longing. Désir violent et déréglé, lust. DÉSIRABLE, dà-zi-rahl, adj. desirable, to

DÉSIRE, E, adj. desired, wished for.

DÉSIRE, E, adj. desired, wished for.

DÉSIRER, di-zi-ra, v. a. to desire, wish
or long for. Désirer avec passon, to lust after. Il y a quelque chose à désirer, there is some-

thing wanting or missing.

Désireu-x, se, då-zl-rèu, rèuz, adj. desirous, covetous, eager

DESISTEMENT, da-zist-men, s. m. desist-

ing, giving over, ceasing or leaving off.
DESISTER, (SE) se-da-zls-th, de, v. r. to de-

sist, cease, leave off, give over.
Disobitie, da-zô-ba-îr, v. a. to disobey, be disobedient or undutiful.

DÉSOBÉISSANCE, då-zô-bå-l-sens, s. f. dis-obedience, undutifulness.

obedience, undutituiness.

Disobetisant, E, då-zô-bå-l-sên, sênt, adj. disobedient, undutiful.

Disobetise, E, adj. disobliged, displeased.
Disobligeamment, då-zô-bll-zâ-mên, ady. disobligingly, unkindly.

DÉSOBLIGEANT, E, dã-zô-blî-zèn, zènt, adj. disobliging, unkind.

DÉSOBLIGER, dà-zô-blî-zâ, v. a. to dis-

oblige, displease.

DESOBSTRUCTIF, s.m. cure for obstructions DÉSOBSTRUER, * a. to remove an ob struction.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DÉSOCCUPATION, dà-zô-kû-pà-slon, s. f. | leisure, retiring from busine

Disoccurf, E, då-zô-kû-på, adj. at lei-sure, free or retired from business, unemployed, idle. Se désoccuper, v. r. to retire from business, free one's self from it, lay it aside.

DÉSOEUVRÉ, E, da-zeu-vra, adj. out of

work or business

DÉSORUVREMENT, s. m. idleness, leisure. DÉSOLANT, E, dà-zô-lèn, lènt, adj. griev-

mg, afflicting.
DESOLATEUR, då-sô-lå-têur, s. m. rava-

ger, spoiler, destroyer.

Disolation, då-zô-lå-slos, s. f. desolation, ruin, devastation, grief, trouble, affliction, consternation.

DÉSOLÉ, E, adj. desolate, ruined, laid waste; doleful, disconsolate, troubled, afflict-

ed, grieved.
DESOLER, dh-zò-là, v. a. to desolate, run

or lay waste; to vex, trouble or grieve.
DESOPILATI-F, VE, då-zô-pl-lå-tif, tiv, adj.

decopilative.

Disorrication, då-zô-pl-lå-sion, s. f. deappilation, removal of obstructions.

Disoriler, dà-zò-pì-là, v. a. to deoppi-te. drive away sorrow. Cela désopile la late, drive away sorrow.

DESORDOWNÉ, E, dh-zôr-dô-nh, adj. dis-ordinate, inordinate, disorderly, extravagant, unruly, unreasonable, immoderate.

Désordonnément, då-zôr-dô-nå-mên,

adv. disordinately, disorderly, without any rule, immoderately.

DÉSORDRE, da-zordr, s. m. disorder, consion; riot, excess, debauchery, loose or disorderly life, lewdness; perturbation, trouble or discomposure of mind; disturbance, tumult, burly burly; devastation, havock.

DÉSORGANISATION, s. f. disorganization. DESORGANISER, v. a. to disorganize

DESORIENTÉ, E, adj. out of order, confound

ed, out of countenance, out of his or her bias.
Désorienter, da-zò-rì-èn-ta, v. a. to mis take some other point for the east, lose one's way, to confound, put or dash out of counteance, put out of one's bias. Disormais, da-zor-me, adv. henceforth,

hereafter.

DÉSORNER, v. a. to take off ornaments, strip of ornaments.

Désossé, E, adj. boned (for unboned.)

DÉSOSSEMENT, s. m. taking out the bones. DÉSOSSER, da-zo-sa, v. a. to bone (for unbone,) take out the bones (in cookery.

DÉSOURDIR, da-zoor-dir, v. a. to unravel,

unwarp.

DESPONSATION, s. f. solemn engagement of marriage.

DESPOTAT, 5. m. state governed by a desrot.

DESPOTE, des-pot, s. m. despot, absolute

DESPOTIQUE, despotical, adj. despotical, absolute, arbitrary.

DESPOTIQUEMENT, des-po-tik-men, adv. despotically, arbitrarily.

DESPUTISME, des-po-dsm, s. m. despotism. DESPUMATION, s. f. despumation.

DESPUMER, v. a. to take off the scum.

DESQUELS, DESQUELLES, (pour De lesquels, De lesquelles.) V. Lesquels.
DESSAISIR (SE) sè-dà-sè-zìr, de quelque

chose, v. r. to disseize or dispossess one's sel of a thing, let it go.

DESSAISISSEMENT, de et zla-men, s. m

disseizing, disposessing.
DESSAISONEER, v. a. to plow, manure or sow (land) unseasonably or out of the wonted

DESSALÉ, E, dê-sà-là, adj. unsalted, freed from salt by being soaked in water. Un dessale,

s. m. a cuaning or sharp fellow.

DESSALER, de-sh-la, v. a. & v. n. to us-

salt, make fresh or free from salt.

DESSANGLER, dê-ce-gik, v. a. to ungirth.

DESSAOULER. V. Dessouler.

DESSECHART, R, dê-ch-shên, shênt, adj

drying, desiccative.

DESSECHÉ, adj. dried, dried up.

DESSECHMENT, de-sash-men, s. m. drying or drying up, desiccation, state of being dried

DESSÉCHER, dé-sà-shà, v. a. to dry or dry

up, drain, wither.
DESSEIN, de-sin, s. m. design, mind, intentiou, intent, purpose, resolution, project, ca-terprise, attempt; plan or draught. A dessein, on purpose, purposely. A dessein de, with the design of, in order to.

DESSELLER, de se la, v. a. to unsaddle. DESSERRE, s. f. Ex. Il est dur à la desserre,

DESSERRER, de se ra, v. a. to loosen, make a little loose. Desserrer les dents à quelqu'am, to wrench one's teeth open; to make one speak. Desserrer un coup de noing, un souf-flet, to give a cuff or box on the ear.

DESSERT, de-ser, s. m. last course at table, dessert.

DESSERTE, de-sert, s. f. meat come off the

table. Desserte d'une cure or d'un bénéfice, functions of a parsonage or the like. DESSERVANT, s. m. curate.

*DESSERVICE, s. m. ill office, ill turn, disservice.

DESSERVIR, de-ser-vir, v. a. (like servir) to take away, clear the table; to do an ill office to, discard. Desservir une cure, to serve a parish.

DESSICATI-F, VE, de-si-ka-tif, tiv, adj. desiccative, apt to dry up.

DESSICATION, s. f. desiccation.
DESSILLER, de-si-la, v.a. to open (the eyes.) DESSIM, s. m. design, sketch or first design; art of drawing.
Dessimateur, de-d-na-teur, s. m. design-

er or drawer.

er or drawer.
DESSINER, dê-d-nâ, v. a. to design, draw
the first draught of, delineate, sketch.
DESSOLER, dê-d-lâ, v. a. to unsole.
DESSOUDER, dê-do-dâ, v. a. to unsolder.
DESSOUDURR, s. f. unsoldering.
DESSOUDER, dê-do-lâ, v. a. to make sobes
again. Dessoler, v. n. to get sober.
DESSOUS, dê-do, adv. underneath, beneath.
DESSOUS, dê-do, adv. underneath, beneath.

Dessous, prep. under, underneath, below. Au-dessous de, below, under, inferiour to. De dess sous, from under. Sens dessus dessous, topsyturvy, upside down.

DESSOUS, s. m. bottom, lower or under most part. Le dessous du pied, the sole of the foot. Avoir du dessous, to be worsted or heaten or overpowered. Donner du dessous, to beat, overpower.

DESSUS, de-si, adv. & prep. upon, above.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôrd,

An-dessus de, above, over, beyond. De des-sus, from from upon, off. Il ne leva jamais les yeurs de decrus elle, he never turned his eyes from her. Les fruits tombent de dessus les ar-bres, the fruits fall off the trees.

Bres, the fruits sail off the trees.

DESSUS, S. m. top or upper part; (d'une lettre) superscription. Le dessus (in musick,) the treble or upper part. Bas dessus, second treble. Avoir le dessus, to be uppermost, get or have the advantage. Venir on dessus de ass entreprises, to bring one's designs about, compass them. Prendre le dessus de quelqu'un,

DESTINATION, destination, s. f. destina tien, appointment.

DESTINÉ, E, adj. designed, devoted, desti-sated, set apart. Destiné neur. Mar. bound

DESTINÉE, des-ti-na, s. f. destiny, fate. Finir su destinée, to die. DESTINEE, des-ti-na, v. a. to design, des-

tine or destinate, devote or appoint. v. n. to design, propose.

DESTITUABLE, des-ti-tu-abl, adj. that may be deposed, that may be deprived or turned out of his place or office.

DESTITUE, E. dês-û-û-h, adj. destitute, deprived, bereft, deposed.
DESTITUER, dês-û-û-h, v. a. to depose,

deprive or turn out of a place.
DESTITUTION, des-tl-td-slon, s. f. deposing

er depriving of a place.
*DESTRIER, des-trl-a, s. m. led horse, char-

ger, war horse.

DESTRUCT-EUR, RICE, des-truk-teur, tris, . m. & f. destroyer.

DESTRUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of what can be destroyed.

DESTRUCTI-F, VE, adj. destructive. DESTRUCTION, des-truk-slow, s. f. destruc-

tion, ruin, overthrow.
Disufrode, då-så-å-tåd, s. f. desuetude.
Disum, s., disunited, divided, sc.
Disumon, då-zå-nlon, s. f. disunion, divi-

on, discord, separation.
Disunia, da-zu-nir, v. a. to disunite, divide, set at variance, separate, disjoin. dennir, v. r. to come asunder; to fall out, be at variance, be divided, be at odds.

DÉTACHÉ, E, adj. untied, loose, etc. V. DÉTECHER. Pièces détachées, outworks (in

fortification.)

DÉTACHEMENT, dà-tàsh-mên, s. m. freedom, condition of one that is free or has no tie upon him. Détachement de cœur, disen-gagement of one's heart or affection. Détachement de tout intérêt, impartiality. Détache-

ment (terme de guerre,) detachment.

DETACHER, da-ta-sha, v. a. to untie, undo
er loose; take off. (In painting) to or loosen or loose; take off. (In painting) to relieve, throw out. Détacher le fegme arec un verre de rin, to carry off, wash down the phlegm with a glass of wine. Détacher des soldats, to detach soldiers. Détacher une frégule, to detach a frigate. Détacher une ruade, to kick up one's heels, fling or jerk out with the hoels. Détacher, (ôter les tuches) to take out the stains. Détacher, v. r. to grow loose, come off; to rid or wean or break one's self of, to leave off of, to leave off.
Ditacheur, då-tå-sheur V. Digrais

SEVR.

DÉTAIL, då-tål, s. m. retail; particulars, exact account, account. V. Ensemble. Vendre or débiter en détail, to sell by retail; faire le detail d'une chose, to give, tell the particulars of a thing.

DÉTAILLER, da-tà-tà, v. a. to cut in pieces sell by retail: to tell the particulars of, give a

full account of.

DÉTAILLEUR, då-tå-leur, s. m. retailer. DETALAGE, s. m. the act of taking in the stall-commodities

DETALER, da-ta-la, v. a. to take in the stall-commodities, shut up one's shop.

Détaler, v. n. to scamper away, make off. DETALINGUER, da-ta-lin-ga, un câble, v. a Mar. to unbend a cable.

DÉTAPPER, v. a. Mar. to take out the tom pion from the mouth of (a gun.) Détappez les

CAMOUS, take out your tompions.

DÉTEINDRE, då-tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to take away the colour, discolour. Se déteindre, v. r. to lose its colour, fade.

DETRINT, E, adj. that has lost its colour discoloured.

DÉTELER, dåt-lå, v. a. to unteam, take the

horse or horses from a cart, coach, etc.

DETENDRE, v. a. to take down, let down. slacken, unbend.

DÉTENDU, E, adj. taken down, etc. V. De teadre

tendre.

DÉTENIR, dht-nir, v. a. like tenir, to detain, keep or withhold.

DÉTENTE, dh-tênt, s. f. trigger of a gun.

DÉTENTE, dh-tênt, c. f. trigger of a gun.

DÉTENTEUR, TRICE, dh-tên-têur, tris, s.
m. & f. one that holds an estate.

DÉTENTION, dh-tên-slow, s. f. detaining keeping, detention, imprisonment.

DÉTENU, E, adj. detained, kept, withheld.

DÉTERGER, dh-têr-zh, v. a. to purge, cleanse. cleanse.

DÉTÉRIORATION, da-th-rl-o-ra-sion, s. f. waste, spoiling, deterioration.

Ditinorer, då-tå-ri-ò-rå, v. a. to waste

or spoil.
DÉTERMINANT, E, adj. that determines, decides.

DÉTERMINATI-F, VE, adj. determinative DÉTERMINATION, da-ter-mi-na-sion, s. f determination, resolution, decisica, appoint

DÉTERMINÉ, E, då-ter-mi nå, adj. deter mined, etc. V. Déterminer. DÉTERMINÉ, s. m. bold or stout or resc-

lute fellow, also desperate fellow, desperad; and unlucky froward child.

DÉTERMINÉMENT, då-ter-mi-na-men, adv. absolutely, by all means; determinately, precisely, boldly, resolutely.

DETERMINER, da-ter-mi-na, v. a. to de

termine, decide, settle, fix, resolve, prevail upon to take a resolution. Déterminer la lon upon to take a resolution. Determiner la lon gitude et la latitude d'une ile, d'un cap, etc to fix or lay down the latitude and longitude

of an island, of a cape, etc. Se déterminer, v. r. to be resolved, come to or take a resolution.

Déterré, r., adj. digged or dug out of the ground. Avoir le visage d'un déterré, su

look as pale as death.

DÉTERRER, då-tè-rà, v. a. to dig out of

the ground, to find out or discover.

*Déterreur, da-té-rêur, s. m. discoveres
Déterrer, ve, dâ-têr slí, slv adj. deter

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon / brun.

DETESTABLE, da-ies-tabl, adj. detestable. abominable, sad, wretched, pitiful.

DÉTESTABLEMENT, då-lês-tâbl-mēn, adv.

ahominably, wretchedly

DÉTESTATION, då-ies-tà-slon, s. f. detestation, abhorrence

DÉTESTER, da-ics-tà, v. a. to detest, abominate, abhor

DÉTIRER, dà-ti-rà, v. a. to pull out. DÉTIRER, dà-ti-rà, v. a. to pull out. apart the fire.

DETONATION, då-tô-nå-slon, s.f. detonation. DÉTONER, v. n. (in chymistry) to detonize. DÉTONNER, då-tô-nå, v. n. to get out of

tane, jar.
DETORDRE, då-tördr, v. a. to unwring or untwist. Se detordre, v. r. to unwring or untwist. Se détordre le picd, to sprain one's

DÉTORQUER, da-tôr-ka, v. a. to wrest (a

passage or proposition.)
Dirors, se, adj. unwrung, untwisted, etc.
V. Détordre.

DÉTORSE, s. f. sprain.

DÉTOUPER, v. a. to un-vist. Be détortiller, v. r. to untwist. .

DÉTOUPER, v. a. to take out or force in the

bung or stopple.

Diffourillowner, v. a. to lop off (the small, useless branches of an orange-tree.)

DÉTOUR, då-toor, s. m. turning or winding; by-way, way about; going about the bush, compass of words, fetch about; by way, cunning shift, excuse, hole to get out at, eva-sion, subterfuge. J'aime sans détour, my love is downright and sincere.

DÉTOURNÉ, E, adj. disturbed, etc. Des endroits détournés, by-ways, by-paths. DÉTOURNEMENT, da-toorn-mên, s. m.

turning aside.

DÉTOURNER, då-tôor-na, v. a. to disturb, ainder, take off, divert or interrupt, turn, turn away, drive or keep back, dispel, avert, dissuade, deter, convey away, convert to one's use. Détourner un voyageur de son chemin, to put a traveller out of his way. Détourner le cerf, to harbour a stag. Détourner le sens d'un passage, to wrest the sense of a passage. Se détourner, v.r. to turn, turn aside or away, get out of one's way. Se détourner de son

Travail, to leave or go from one's work.

DETRACTER, då-tråk-tå, v. n. to detract,
speak ill of, to slander, traduce, backbite.

DÉTRACTEUR, då-tråk-teur, s. m. detract

DETRACTEUR, da-trak-teur, s. m. detractor, standerer, backbiter.
DETRACTION, da-trak-slon, s. f. detraction, stander; evil speaking, backbiting.
DETRANJER, v. a. to drive away the animals that destroy plants in a garden

*DETRAPER, v. a. to untrap.

DÉTRAQUÉ, E, adj. out of order.
DÉTRAQUER, då-trà-kå, v. a. to put out of order, disorder, lead astray. Détraquer un cheval, to spoil a horse's pace. Se détraquer, to get out of order, be led astray, go astray.

DETREMPE, da-trenp, s. f. water-colours.

DÉTREMPER, då-trèn-på, v. a. to temper,

dilute, allay, soften tempered iron or steel.

DETRESSE, då-tres, s. f. distress, sorrow,

trouble, anguish.

DÉTRIMENT, då-tri-mên, s. m. detriment, toss, damage. Détrimens de vegetaux, vegetable remains.

DÉTROIT, då-trwå, s. m. strait, frith, natrow passage, defile; also district, precinct, liberties or extent of jurisdiction. Le détroit du Sund, the Sound

DÉTROMPER, da-tron-pa, v. a. to undeceive or disabuse.

DETRONEMENT, s. m. dethroning.
DETRONER, då-trò-nå, v. a. to unthrone.
DETROUSSER, då-trò-så, v. a. to unpin or
untuck, let down; also rob. Faire visite en

robe détroussée, to make a ceremonious visit.

Détrousseur, da-troo-seur, s. m. robber.

DETROUSEUR, CR-1100-seur, S. m. rooper, highwayman or footpad.

DETRUIRE, dâ-trûir, v. a. (see the table at zire) to demolish or pall down (a beilding.) destroy, defeat, overthrow, ruin, spoil. Se detrusee, v. r. to fall to ruin or decay.

DETTE, dêt, s. f. debt, money owed, duty, obligation. Dette active, debt due to one. Dette passire, debt one owes. Petues dettes, dettes criardes, dribbling debts, dribblets, petty sums. Avouer or confesser la dette, to acknowledge a debt; also to confess one's self in the wrong.

DEUIL, deul, s. m. mourning, grief, sorrow, affliction; any article of mourning, as clothes, etc. mourners. Grand devil, deep mourning. Petit deuil, second mourning. Mener le deuil, to be chief mourner.

DEUTÉRONOME, deu-ta-ro-nom, Deuteronomy.

DEUX, deu, adj. & s. m. two. Tons deux or tous les deux, both. Ils s'aiment tous deux, they love each other or one another. Regarder quelqu'un entre les deux yeux, to stare at one. Double deux, deuces (at dice.)

DEUXIÈME, deu-ziem, adj. & s. second. DEUXIÈMEMENT, deu-ziem-men, adv. secondiv.

DÉVALER, då-vå-lå, v. a. to let down, come

or go down.
Dévaliser, då-vå-li-zå, v. a. to rob, strip,

*Devancement, s. m. out-running, arriv-

ing before another.

DEVANCER, de-ven-så, v. a. to out-run,

out-go, out-strip, come before, prevent; go before, take place before, precede, have the precedency, surpass, excel, go beyond. Devancer quelqu'un en Age, to be older than another.

another.

DEVANCIER, E, dê-vên-slâ, slêr, s. m. & C.

predecessor. Devanciers, ancestors.

DEVANT, dê-vên, prep. & adv. before, against, over-against, in the presence of.

Otez-rous de devant moi, stand out of my sight or avoid my presence. Les premiers vont devant, first come, first served. Ci-devant, adv. formerly, heretofore. Par-devant, prep. forward, before, in the presence of.

DEVANT, s. m. fore part, fore side; (de chemise) fore flap; (de cuirasse) breast; (de perrupue) fore-top. Devant d'estomac, stomacher. Tenir les devant, to march first. Prendre les devant, to go or march before. Prendre les devans, to prevent, be before-hand (with one,) get the start (of one.) Je dois avoir le devant I ought to have the precedency. Aller au-devant de, to go to meet, go and meet, prevent, obviate. Devant is also the participle of the

verb Devoir, owing, etc.

DEVANTIER, de-ven-til, s. m. coarse

apron.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DEVANTIÈRE, de-ven-tier, s. f. sort of petticoat worn by women when they ride astride.

DÉVASTAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. one who devastates, lays waste.

DÉVASTATION, da-vas-ta-slon, s. f devastation, desolation.

DEVASTER, då-vås-tå, v. a. to ruin, de-populate, lay waste.

DÉVELOPPEMENT, dav-lop-men, s. m. un-

folding, display.

DEVELOPPER, dåv-ld-på, v. a. to open, unwep, unfold, display, lay open, clear, unravel. Se développer, v. r. to open or explain one's self.

DEVENIR, dev-nir, v. n. (like venir) to grow, become, be made. Faire devenir fou, to make mad. Devenir à rien, to come to nothing.

DÍVERTER, dà-vès-tà, v. n. Déventer une voile, to spill a sail, make a sail shiver.
DEVERU, z, adj. grown, become.
DÍVERGONDÉ, z, dà-vèr-gou-dà, adj. or s. m. & f. brazen-faced, impudent, shameless.
DÍVERGURILLER, v. a. to unbolt.

DEVERS, de-ver, prep. towards. Il a les papiers par devers lui, he has the papers by him. Se pourvoir par devers le juge, to apply to the court. Devers Lyon, towards or in the direction of Lyons. Vers is now more used

DÉVERS, E, då-ver, vers, adj. warped, erooked, not perpendicular.

DÉVERSER, då-ver-så, v. n. to bend or

DEVERSOIR, s. m. that part at which the water runs off when the mill-dam is too full.

water runs off when the mili-dam is too ituit.
*Dryltin, da-ve-th, v. a. (like vétir) to strip, pull or put off the clothes, undress. Destir d'une charge, to deprive or turn out of a place. Se devetir, v. r. to leave off part of one's clothes, undress one's self. Se dévêtir de son bien, to strip one's self of fortune by transferring it.

DÉVÊTISSEMENT, s. m. transfer (of one's

fortune.)

DÉVIATION, dà-vì-à-slon, s. f. deviation. DÉVIDER, dà-vì-dà, v. a. to wind (thread) nto a skein or bottom; to discover or find out

(a cheat.) DÉVIDEU-R, SE, då-vî-dêur, deux, s. m. & f. winder, man or woman that winds skeins

or bottoms.
Dividora, då-vi-dwår, s. m. reel.

Divire, v. n. to deviate, go astray.
Drvir, de-vin, s. m. diviner, sooth-sayer,
eunaing man, conjurer.
Drvirer, de-vi-na, v. a. to divine, fore-

tell things to come, guess at, conjecture.

DEVINERESSE, de-vin-res, s. f. cunning

woman or conjurer.
DEVINEUR, de-vi-neur, s. m. diviner, a

cunning man, conjures DEVIRER, v. a. Mar. to beave back Dé-

vire au cabesan, come up the capstan.

DEVIS, de-vl, s. m. plan for a building; talking or prattling together, dialogue. Devis. Mar. scheme containing the general dimen-sions of a ship, statement of the observations made by the captai 1 on the qualities of a ship

during her navigat on.
DEVISAGER, da-vi-za-sa, v. a. to scratch

or disfigure the face of.

DEVISE, de-viz. s. f. device, motto, posy.

*DEVISER, de-vi-de, v. n. to talk, speak or discourse together.

DÉVOILEMENT, dâ-vwâ-mên, s. m. laz, looseness. Mar. flaring. Dévoieness de l'étain, flaring of the fashion-piece.

DÉVOILEMENT, dâ-vwâl-mên, s. m. un-

veiling.

DEVOILER, da-vwa-la, v.a. to unveil reveal. DEVOIR, de-vwar, v. a. to owe, to be in debt, be bound; to be, must, must needs, ought, should. Il doit venir aujourd'hui, he is to come to-day. Dût-il m'en coûte- la vie, though I were to lose my life for it. Il est tout nu, il doit avoir bien froid, he is quite naked, he must (or must needs) be very cold. Tous les hommes doivent mourir, all men must die. Vous devriez faire cela, you ought to do that, or you should do that.

DEVOIR, s. m. duty, devoir, part; also task DEVOIR, s. m. auty, across, person or exercise (for boys or girls at school.) Der niers devoirs, funeral rites, obsequies. quelqu'un dans le devoir, to keep one to his behaviour. J'irai vous rendre mes devoirs, I shall go and pay my respects to you or I shall wait upon you at your house. Se mettre en devoir de faire une chose, to endeavour a thing

or go about to do it.
Drvolz, då-vôl, s. f. the having no trick

at cards.

DÉVOLU, E, då-vô-lů, lù, adj. devolved, escheated. Terre dévolue à la couronne, an escheat,

DÉVOLU, dà-vô-là, s. m. lapse ; also devo-lution. Bénéfice tombé en dévolu, benefice fallen into lapse.

DÉVOLUTAIRE, da-vô-là-ter, s. m. he that has a benefice fallen into lapse.

DÉVOLUTION, da-vô-là-alon, s. f. a devolv-

ing. DÉVORANT, E, då-vô-rèn, rèm, adj. de-

vouring, ravenous.

DÉVORATEUR, s. m. devourer.

DÉVORER, dav-ô-ra, v. a. to devour; to consume, spend, waste, squander away; to read over hastily and greedily; to brook, bear patiently. Le chagrin me dévore, I am consumed with grief.

DÉVOT, E. då-vå, våt, adj. devout, godly, pious, religious. Air devot, sanctified look.
DÉVOT, s. m. devout man, devotee, votary.

Faux devot, bigot, hypocrite.

Dérote, s. f. devout woman, votary.

DÉVOTEMENT, dà-vôt-mên, adv. devout-

iy, with zeal, with devotion, plously.

*DÉVOTIEUSEMENT, V. Dévotement.

*DÉVOTION, de-vô-slos, s. f. devotion, piety, religious zeal, godliness; disposal, service, command. Faire ses dévotions, to receive the sacrament. Avoir de la dévotion pour une per sonne, to have a transcendant and respectful love for one.

Drvour, E, adj. devoted, dedicated, con-secrated, addicted.

DEVOUEMENT, da-voo-men, s. m. devot-edness, devoting, dedicating, consecrating.

DÉVOUER, v. a. to devote, dedicate, consecrate.

DÉVOYÉ, z, adj. astray, misled, strayed, erroneous, crooked. Estomac dévoyé, sto-mach that digests badly and causes a loose ness. Couples dévoyées, Mar. cant timbers

ness. Couples dévoyées, Mar. cant DÉVOYEMENT, V. Dévoiement.

Buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

DÉVOYER, dà-vwà-yà, v. a. to cause both a sosseness and vomiting; to mislead, bring out of the way, to turn from a right line. Se déroyer, v. r. to err, wander, go out of the way. DEXTÉRITÉ, dêks-tå-ri-tå, s. f. dexterity,

address.

*DEXTRE, s. f. right hand.

*DEXTREMENT, adv. dexterously.

DEY, s. m. dey, supreme governour in some

of the Barbary states.

DIA, (terme de charretier) gee-ho. Il

know when to ho or gee.

DIABETES, s. m. diabetes.

DIABLE, diabl. s. m. devil, evil spirit, deuce. Un méchant diable, a sharp, unlucky blade. Un peaner dable, a poor wretch. Un bon diable, a good fellow. Diable de mer, sea-cormorant. En diable, devilishly, like a devil, extremely. C'est là le diable, there's the devil of it, there lies the difficulty. C'est un diable d'homme, he is a devil of a fellow. C'est diable d'homme, he is a despirate lawyer. L'est un diable en procès, he is a desperate lawyer. Il fait le diable à quatre, he is deadly boisterous or mad; he tears, frets, and fumes at a deadly rate. Que diable arez-vous fait? what the devil (or the deuce) have you done? Au diable soit-il donné, the devil or deuce take him. Fi! au diable, fie upon you, deuce take you. Les diables sont déchaines, hell is broken loose. Il dit le diable de vous, he rails at you at a devilish or strange rate. Tirer le diable par la queue, to be hard put to it for a livelinoed. Il est peant comme tous les diables, he par la queue, to be hard put to it is a hood. Il est pesant comme tous les diables, he is extremely heavy or dull.

Diablement, dabl-men, adv. devilishly,

extremely.

DIABLERIE, diabi-ri, s. f. deviltry, devil-

ish trick, witchcraft, sorcery,
DIABLESES, dik-bles, s. f. she-devil, shrew.
DIABLESOT, Ex. Vous pensez qu'on doit
vous croire, diablezot, you think I should believe you, but I am not such a fool.
DIABLOTIN, dik-bld-tin, s. m. young devil.

Diablotia, Mar. mizen top-mast stay-sail.
DIABOLIQUE, dia-bo-lik, adj. devilish, diabolical.

DIABOLIQUEMENT, dia-bô-lik-mên, adv. diabolically.

DIACARTHAME, s.m. purgative electuary. Diaco, s. m. deacon (or chaplain) in the order of Malta.

DIACODE, or DIACODIUM, s. m. diacodium. DIACONAT, dl-à-kô-nà, s. m. deaconship,

deaconry.

DIACONESSE, di-à-kô-nes, s. f. deaconess. DIACONIE, dl-à-kô-nl, s. f. deaconry or deaconship in the Greek church.

DIACONIQUE, s. m. vestry.

DIACONIQUE, adj. belonging to deacens. DIACERF, diskr, s. m. deacen. DIADÈME, disk-dem, s. m. diadem. DIAGENSTIQUE, adj. & s. m. & f. diag-

DIAGONAL-R, dl-a-go-nal, adj. or ligne

chagonale, diagonal, diagonal line.
Diagonales, f. diagonal.
Diagonalement, di-à-gò-nàl-mèn, adv. diagonally.

DIAGREDE, s.m. diagrediu mordiagrediates. DIALECTE, dî-â-lêkt, s. m. dialect. DIALECTICIEN dî-â-lêk-tî-slên, s. m. logi-

eran, disputant.

DIALECTIQUE, dî-â-lêk-tîk, s. f. dialec tick, logick.

DIALECTIQUEMENT, dl-å-lek-tik-men.adv

like a logician, logically.
DIALOGIQUE, adj. that has the form of a dialogue.

Dialogisme, s. m. art of writing dua-logues, use of the dialogue form. Dialogiste, s. m. dialogist. Dialogue, di-â-lòg, s. m. dialogue, colo-

quy. Dialoguí, di-à-lò-gà, adj. written in the form of a dialogue.

DIALOGUER, dl-à-lò-gà, v. a. to compose dialogues. Cette scène est bien dialoguée, the

dialogue is well supported in that scene.

DIAMANT, dl-à-men, s. m. diamond, adamant.

DIAMANTAIRE, dla-mès-tèr, s. m. dia-mond-cutter, jeweller, lapidary. DIAMETRAL, E, dla-mà-tral, adj. diame-tral, diametrical.

DIAMÉTRALEMENT, dia-ma-tral-men, adv. diametrically. Diamétralement opposé, directly opposite.

DIAMETRE, dia-metr, s. m. diameter.

DIAMORUM, s. m. sirup of mulberries. DIANE, dl-an, s. f. Mar. beating of a drum

at the break of day, morning watch.

DIANTER, dientr, s. m. devil, deuce. Au dientre soit le fou, the deuce take him for a fool. Comment diantre! how the deuce!

DIAPALME, s. m. diapalma.

DIAPASME, s. m. diapasma.
DIAPASME, di-â-pâ-zon, s. m. diapason (an octave in musick.)

DIAPHANE, dl-å-fån,adj.diaphanous,trans parent.

DIAPHANÉITÉ, dî-â-fâ-nâ-î-tâ, s. f. trans

parencý.
DIAPHÉNIE, s. m. electuary chiefly made with dates.

DIAPHORÉTIQUE, adj. diaphoretick.
DIAPHRAGME, di-à-fràgm, s. m. dia phragm, midriff.

DIAPRÉ, E, dl-à-prà, adj. diapered or va

riegated.
DIAPRUN, s. m. electuary chiefly made with prunes.

*Diaprure, dl-å-prur, s. f. diapering or variety of colours DIARRHÉE, dî-a-ra, s. f. diarrhœa, flux.

DIASTOLE, s. f. diastole, the dilatation of the heart.

DIASTYLE, s. m. diastyle, an intercolumniation of three diameters

DIATESSARON, s. m. diatessaron (in mu-sick;) also sort of remedy composed of four

ingredients.
DIATONIQUE, adj. diatonick.

DIATONIQUEMENT, adv. according to the diatonick order.

DIATRAGACANTE, s. m. diatragacanth or electuary, the principal ingredient of which is the gum tragacanth.

DIATRIBE, di-4-trib, s. f. polemick dispu-

tation.

DICHOTOME, adj. Ex. La lune est dichotome, one half of the moon is seen.

DICHOTOMIE, s. f. state of the moon when one half is seen.

DICTAME, s. m. dittany, garden ginger. DICTATEUR, dik-ta-teur, s. m. dictator

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DICTATURE, dik-ta-tur, s. f. dictatorship,

DIF

Dictiz, dik-ta, s. f. what one dictates for others to write. Ecrire la dictée, to write what is dictated.

DICTER. dik-ta, v. a. to dictate; prompt, suggest or tell; teach or show, inspire with; rescribe.

DICTION, dik-sion, s. f. diction, word, expression, term, elocution, style, manner of

peech; also proverb, saying, common saying.

Dictionnaire, dik-siô-nèr, s. m. dictio-

DICTON, s. m. common saying, proverb. DICTUM, s. m. purview (of a sentence or

decree.) DIDACTIQUE, dl-dak-tlk, adj. didactic, in-

structive, doctrinal, preceptive.
DIDACTIQUE, s. f. art of instructing.
DIERSE, dl.4-ret., s. f. discresis.
DIERSE, dl.4-ret. pr. f. discresis.
Dierse, dl.4-r., or Diesis, s. f. diesis, mark et before a note which raises it half a tone; also diesis or double dagger (among printers.)
Difs, E, adj. marked with a diesis.

DIÈTE, dict, s. f. diet. Faire diete, to diet. An assembly of the German states.

DIETIQUE, adj. dietetick.
DIETIWE, s. f. special diet or assembly. DIEU, deu, s. m. God. Les dieux patens, the heathen gods or deities. Elle jura ses rands dieux, she swore by all that's sacred.

Dieu-donné, deo-datus.
DIFFAMANT, E, di-fà-mèn, mènt, adj. de-

faming, defamatory, slanderous, abusive.
DIFFAMATEUR, df-fa-må-teur, s. m. defamer, traducer, slanderer, calumniator.
DIFFAMATION, df-fa-må-slon, s. f. defa-

mation, traducing, slandering, calumny.
DIFFAMATOIRE, dl-fa-ma-twar, adj. defa-

matory, defaming, slanderous, abusive.
DIFFAMER, di-fa-ma, v. a. to defame, tra-

duce, slander. DIFFÉRÉ, E, adj. deferred, delayed.put off. DIFFÉREMENT, dl-få-rå-men, adv. dif-

ferently, variously, severally, diversely.

DIFFERENCE, dl-fa-rèns, s. f. difference,

variety, diversity, distinction.

DIFFÉRENCIER, di-fa-rèn-si-a, v. a. to dis-

tinguish, difference.

DIFFÉRENT, better than différend, s. m. difference, dispute, controversy, quarrel. Fai un different wee his, I am at variance with

him. Nous sommes en different, we differ.

DIFFERENT, E. dl-fa-ren, rènt, adj. different, differing, unlike, diverse, various. Il est souvent different de lui-même, he is often inspecieux suith him to be de la contract de lui-même. inconsistent with himself.

DIFFÉRER, dl-få-rå, v. n. to differ, be different or unlike, vary, also to defer; and to disagree. v. a. to defer, delay, put off. Sans

bifferer, without further delay.

DIFFICILE, dl-fl-sil adj. hard, difficult, crabbed, uneasy, hard to please or to be

DIFFICILEMENT, dl-fl-sil-men, adv. with fifficulty, hardly, with much ado, with great pains; not easily, scarcely.

DIFFICULTÉ, di-fi-kůl-tå, s. f. difficulty : zleo doubt, question, difficult caseor point, objection, rub, cross, obstacle, impediment. De de respiration, shortness of breath. Difficulté d'urine, strangury. Faire difficulté de, to make a scruple or conscience of. On a trouvé plus

de difficulté qu'on ne croyoit, the thing was found more difficult than was expected. Cela ne souffre point de difficulté, that admits of no question. Ils ont quelque difficulté entreux, there is some difference between them.

DIFFICULTUEU-x, sE, dl-fl-kdl-td-èu, èuz, adj. that raises or starts difficulties in every thing.

DIFFORME, dl-form, adj. deformed, ugly ill favoured, disfigured, mis-shaped.

DIFFORMER, v. a. to deform, spoil or alter the form and fashion of.

DIFFORMITÉ, dî-for-ml-ta, s. f. deformity,

ugliness, ill-favouredness.

Diffus, E, di-fû, fûz, adj. diffuse, diffus-

ed, long-winded, prolix, tedious.
DIFFUSEMENT, dl-fu-za-men, adv. dif

fusely, tediously.

DIFFUSION, dl-fu-zlon, s. f. diffusedness,

diffusion, spreading.
Digeon, s. m. Mar. triangular piece applied to fill up the knee of the angle of the head.

DIG ERER, dl-za-ra, v. a. to digest or con-

coct (what one eats;) to bear or suffer, put up with, brook; discuss, examine, scan, sift or

DIGESTE, di-zest, s. m. digest (of laws.)

DIGESTEUR, s. m. machine ar vessel used to cook meat expeditiously; digester.
DIGESTIF, VE, dl-zes-ilf, itv, adj. digesteve, helping digestion; producing suppuration.
DIGESTIF, dl-zes-ilon, s. f. digestion, con-

coction. Cela est de disre digestion, one cannot digest or bear or brook such a thing?

not digest or beat or brook such a ming.

DIGITALE, s. f. fo.e.glove.

DIGITÉ, k., adj. cut imger-like (in botany.)

DIGNE, dign, adj. worthy, deserving.

Digne de foi, digne de croyance, credible.

R a fait une action digne de lui, he has acted
like himself. C'est une digne récompense de ses travaux, that's a reward worthy of his toils.

DIGNEMENT, dign-men, adv. worthily.
DIGNITAIRE, di-guil-ter, s. m. dignitary,
man of high station in the church.
DIGNITE, di-guil-te, s. f. dignity, worth,

merit, importance, greatness, office, preferment, degree, honour.

DIGRESSION, dl-gre-sion, s. f. digression. DIGUE, dig, s. f. bank, dike, obstacle, pier. La licence a rompu toutes les digues, licen-

tiousness has broken through all opposition.

Diron, V. Digeon. Difon is also a town in Burgundy.

DILACÉRATION, di-là-sà-rà-sìon, s. f. dilaceration

DILACÉRER, dl-là-så-rå, v. a. to dilacerate.

*DILAIEMENT, s.m.delay, put off, shuffling. DILAPIDATION, dl-ha-pl-da-slon, s. f. waste, destroying or letting of church buildings go to ruin for want of repairs; also injudicious

expenses, wasting of one's estate.

DILAPIDER, di-la-pi-da, v. a. to dilapidate;
also to spend inconsiderately, incur foolish

expenses.
DILATABILITÉ, dî-lâ-tâ-bì-fî-tâ, s. f. dilatability.

DILATABLE, di-là-tabl, adj. dilatable. DILATATION, di-là-ta-sion, s. f. dilatation. DILATATOIRE, s. m. dilator (surgical instrument.)

DILATER, dl-le-ta, v. a. Se diluter v. r. to dilate. -

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

ing delays.

DILAYER, di-le-ya, v. a. to defer, put off, delay or use dela

DILECTION, di-lek-sion, s. f. dilection, love, affection, charity.
DILEMME, dl-lem, s. m. dilemms.

DILIGEMMENT, dl-ll zh-mên, adv. diligently.

DILIGENCE, dl-II-zens, s. f. diligence, haste, speed, care, carefulness, swift carriage by and or water. Faire ses diligences contre land or water. quelqu'un faute de paiement, to prosecute one close for non-payment.

DILIGENT, E, dl-ll-zen, zent, adj. diligent, quick, laborious, pains-taking, careful, watch-

DILIGENTER, di-li-zen-ta, v.a. to despatch. Diligenter, v. n. or se diligenter, v. r. to make

DILUVIEN, NE. adj. diluvian, relating to

the deluge DIMACHÈRE, s. m. gladiator who fought

with two swords. DIMANCHE, df-mensh, s. m. Sunday, the

Lord's day, the Sabbath or Sabbath-day.
Dime, dim, the tithe or tenth paid to the church, etc.

DIMENSION, dl-men-slon, s. f. dimension.

DIMER, v. a. to tithe.

DIMEUR, s. m. tither, collector of tithes.
DIMINUER, di-mi-nû-å, v. a. & v. n. to
lessen, abate, diminish, decrease, sink, fall to decay, impair. Diminuer, v. n. Mar. Diminuer de voiles, to shorten sail, take in sail. Diminuer de fond, to shoal the water. Le vent a beaucoup diminué, the wind is much abated.

DIMINUTI-F, VE, di-mi-nu-tif, tiv, adj. & s. diminutive.

DIMINUTION, dî-mî-nû-sîon, s. f. diminution, diminishing, lessening, decrease, abatement. Dimination des figures, rebatement of

figures (in heraldry.)
DIMISSOIRE, df-ml-swar, s. m. dimissory

letter from one bishop to another.

DIMISSORIAL, E, adj. dimissory.

DINANDERIE, dl-nend-rl, s. f. brazier's

DINANDIER, dî-nên-dîa, s. m. brazier.

Dinde, dind, s. f. turkey-hen.
Dindon, din-don, s. m. turkey-cock.
Dindonneau, din-do-no,s.m. turkey pout,

little or young turkey.

DINDONNIER, din-dô-nia, s. m. turkey

Dindonnière, din-dô-nièr, s. f. female tur-key-driver; also country girl (used reproach-fully.)
Din g, dl-nå, s. m. dinner.
Din g, dl-nå, s. f. dining place, dinner, charge for dinner. Notre dinée sera demain à

charge for dinner. Notre dinée sera demain à Guildford, we shall dine to-morrow at Guildford.

Dinen, di-na, v. n. to dine or eat one's dinner. Allons diner, let us go to dinner. Faire un bon diner, to eat a good dinner.

Diner, s. m. dinner.

Dinkur, di-neur, s. m. one whose chief eal is his dinner. Un bon dineur, a great meal is his dinner. eater, a high feeder.

DIOCESAIN, s. m. diocesan, bishop of a di-

Diocesain, E, di-o-sa-zin, zen, adj. be-

DILATOIRE, df-la-twar, adj. dilatory, mak- || longing to a diocese. L'évêque diocesain, the diocesan.

Diocksz, dl-d-sez, s. m. diocese.

DIOPTRIQUE, s. f. dioptricks.

DIPHTHONGUE, dif-tong. s. f. diphthong. DIPLOMATIE, s. f. knowledge of international concerns.

DIPLOMATIQUE, dl-pld-ma-fik, s. f. art of distinguishing true from fictitious diplomas. Le corps diplomatique, the foreign ministers at a court.

DIFLOME, di-plom, s. m. diploma, patent. DIPTIQUES, s. m. pl. diptick, a register

among the ancients.

DIRE, dir, v. a. to tell, say, recite, speak, talk, relate; to object, suggest; to mean, sig-nify: to bid, desire; to offer or bid. Cest-a dire, that is, that is to say. Ce n'est pas à dire, it does not follow. Cela ne dit rien, that is nothing to the purpose. On dit, it is said, it is reported. Le cœur me dit, my mind gives me. Dire à l'oreille, to whisper in one's ear. Dire la nesse, to celebrate mass. Dire des injures à quelqu'un, to abuse one. Trourer à dire, to find fault with; to find wanting or to find missing. Il y a bien à dire du rrus au faux, there is a vast difference between truth and falsehood. Se dire, v. r. to entitle or call or profess or boast one's self, give one's self out for

DIRE, dir, s. m. saying, what one says, words. Le dire des tenoins, the witnesses' depositions. A votre dire, by what you say.

Bien dire, eloquence, fine speech or words.

DIRECT, E, dl-rekt, adj. direct, straight.

Par des voies directes ni indirectes, directly nor indirectly.

DIRECTE, s. f. lordship, free tenure, free-

DIRECTEMENT, di-rêkt-mên, adv. direct-

ly, straightly.
DIRECT-EUR, RICE, dî-rêk-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. director, overseer, manager. Directeur de conscience, ghostly father.

DIRECTION, di-rek-slon, s. f. directing, di-rection, conduct, overseeing, management. Direction d'un courant, Mar. setting of a current. Direction du vent, direction of the wińd.

DIRECTOIRE, dî-rêk-twar, s. m. direc-

DIRIGER, di-ri-za, v. a. to direct, rule, steer, govern, guide, manage or frame. . Di-riger sa route vers, Mar. to shape one's course towards.

DIRIMANT, di-ri-men, adj. Ex. Un em-pechement dirimant, an impediment that in-

validates a marriage.

DISANT, E, dizen, zent, adj. saying, etc.
Un homme bien-disant, a well spoken man.
Dezter, soi-disant Mi-Lord, Dexter, self-styled Lord.

DISCALE, s. f. tret.

DISCEPTATION, s. f. disputation.

DISCERNEMENT, di sern-men, s. m. discernment, discerning or distinguishing, dis-cerning faculty, discretion, judgment. DISCERNER, di-ser-na, v. a. to discern,

distinguish.

Disciple, di-sipl, s. m. disciple, pupil.

DISCIPLINABLE, di-si-pli-nabl, adj. disci-plinable, docile, tractable, capable of disci-

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

DISCIPLINE, s. f. discipline. Donner la discipline à quelqu'un, to discipline or scourge

DIS

DISCIPLINER, dl-sl-pll-na, v. n. to discipline, bring under a discipline, instruct, rule,

order, scourge.

Discontinuation, dis-kon-ti-nd-å-slos, s. f. discontinuance, ceasing, intermission.

DISCONTINUER, dis-kon-ti-nû-â, v. a. to discontinue, intermit or give over, leave off for a time. v. n. to cease, give over.
DISCONVENANCE, dis-konv-nêras, s. f. disproportion, inequality, difference.
DISCONVENIR, dis-konv-nîr, v. n. (like ve-

nér) to disagree.
Discord, R, adj. out of tune, discordant,

disconant.

DISCORDANT, E, adj. dissonant, discord-ant, jarring, untunable, disagreeing. Discorde, dis-kord, s. f. discord, division, disagreement, variance, strife, debate. Jeter la pomme de discorde, to set at variance, set

together by the ears.
Discorder, dis-kor-da, v. n. to jar, be out

of tune

DISCOUREU-R, SE, dis-koo-reur, reuz, s. m. & f. talker, talking man or woman.

DISCOURIR, dis-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir,)

to discourse, speak, talk or make a discourse, reason.

Discours, dis-koor, s. m. discourse or speech. Discours familier, familiar discourse or conversation. Discours oratoire, set speech, oration.

*Discourtois, E, adj. discourteous.

DISCOURTOISIE, s. f. discourtesy.

DISCRÉDIT, dis-krà-di, s. m. discredit.

DISCRÉDITÉ, E, adj. fallen into disgrace,

out of favour.

DISCRET, E, dis-krê, krêt, adj. discreet, wise, prudent, sober, considering or considerate, wary. *Quantité discrète*, discrete quantity (is mathematick.)

DISCRÈTEMENT, dis-krêt-mên, adv. dis-

creetly, wisely, prudently, with consideration, warily.

Discretion, dis-krå-slon, s. f. discretion, wisdom, prudence, consideration, wariness. Vivre à discrétion, to live at discretion, to have free quarters. Se rendre à discrétion,

to surrender at discretion, yield without terms.

DISCULPATION, s. f. the act of exculpat-

DISCULPER, dis-kul-pa, v. a. to clear, excuse, exculpate or justify. Se disculper de, to clear one's self of. etc.

DISCURSI-F, VE, adj. discursory, argumontative.

DISCUSSI-F, VE, adj. discussive (in medicine.)

Discussion, dis-kh-slon, s. f. discussion, strict examination or inquiry, diligent search or scrutiny; contest, dispute, wrangling. Discussion de biens, distraining and appraising of goods. On a fait la discussion de l'affaire en ma présence, the business was discussed be-

DISCUTER, dls-ku-ta, v. a. to discuss, examine, scan or sift, search and inquire into. Discuter les biens d'un débiteur, to distrain, ap-

praise and expose to sale the goods of a debtor.
DISERT, E, dl-zer, s-1rt, adj well spoken, eloquent.

DISERTEMENT, dl-zert-men, adv

quently, aptly, fluently, fully.
DISETTE, dl-zet, s. f. want, scarcity, need; dearth, penury.

*Disetteu-x, se, dî-sê-têu, têuz, adj. needy, in want.

Diseu-R, sz, di-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. tel ler. Un diseur de bonne aventure, a fortune teller. Diseur de bons mots, jester, buffoon. Diseur de nouvelles, newsmonger. Diseur de riens, idle talker.

DISGRACE, dis-gras, s. f. disgrace, ill for-tune, misfortune, disfavour, losing of one's favour, being out of favour; also awkwardness.

Disgracit, E, adj. out of favour, disfigured, deformed.

DISGRACIER, dis-grà-sià, v. a. to turn or

put out of favour. DISGRACIEUSEMENT, dis-gra-sièuz-mên,

adv. disgracefully, disagreeably.
Disgracefully, disagreeably. disagreeable, ungraceful, unpleasant.

DISGRÉGATION, s. f. separation, scatter-

DISJOINDRE, dis-zwindre, v. a. (like joindre)to disjoin, part ordivide (immaterial this DISJOINT, E, adj. disjoined, parted, divid-

ed. DISJONCTI-F, VE, dls-zonk-tlf, tlv, adj.

disjunctive.
Disjonction, dis-zonk-slon, s. f. disjunc-

tion, separation. DISLOCATION, dis-lò-ka-slon, s. f. dislocation. Il y a dislocation, the bone is out of joint.

Remettre une dislocation, to put a bone into joint again, to set a bone Disloquer, dis-lo-ka, v. a. to put out of

joint. DISPARATE, dîs-pâ-rât, s. f. extravagance or disconnexion (in conduct or conversation.)
DISPARITE, dis-pa-ri-ta, s. f. disparity, in-

equality, difference.

DISPARITION, s. f. disappearing. DISPAROITRE, dis-pa-retr, v. n. (see the table at oftre) to disappear, go out of sight,

vanish away. DISPÉNDIEU-x, sE, dls-pcn-dlèu, dlèuz,

adj. expensive.
DISPENSAIRE, s. m. dispensatory.
DISPENSATEUR, RICE, dis-pensateur, tris, s.m. & f. dispenser, disposer or distributer.
DISPENSATION, dispensation, s. f. dispensation. distribution or distributing.

DISPENSE, dis-pens, s. f. dispensation, li-

DISPENSER, dis-pen-sa, v. a. to dispense, bestow, dispose, distribute, administer, dispense with, excuse or exempt. Se dispenser,

v. r. to forbear, let alone, omit.
DISPERSER, dis-per-sa, v. a. to disperse or catter.

DISPERSION, dls-per-slon, s. f. dispersion.

DISPONIBLE, adj. to be disposed of.
DISPONIBLE, adj. to be disposed of.
DISPOSER, dis-pò-zà, v. a. to dispose, order or set in order, fit or prepare, make ready.
DISPOSER de, v. n. to dispose of. Se disposer à, v. r. to prepare one's self or make one's self ready for. Be se disposent au trausis, they buckle thoused the total veste to the work. Lesse they buckle themselves to the work. Je me dispose entièrement, I am absolutely resolved or bent upon it.

DISPOSITI-F, VE. dls pô-zl-tif, tiv, adj. pre-

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

paratory. Jugement dispositif, precedent, ruled case

DISPOSITIF, S. m. Ex. Le dispositif d'un acte de parlement, the enacting part of an act

of parliament.
Disposition, dis-pô-zi-sion, s. f. disposition, order, arrangement, situation, state, disposal, dispose or command, inclination, apt-ness, mind or resolution. Etre en bonne disposition, to be in a good disposition of body, be well. Etre en manaise disposition, to be in an ill disposition of body, be ill or indisposed. Je ne suis pas dans la disposition d'y aller, I have not a mind (I am not disposed)

to go thither.
Disproportion, disdisproportion, inequality. dis-pro-por-slos, s. f.

DISPROPORTIONNER. dis-pro-por-sio-na. v. a. to disproportion, make unequal.

DISPUTABLE, dis-pd-tabl, adj. disputable. DISPUTE, dis-pat, s. f. disputation, dispute, debate, controversy, contest, quarrel or dif-

DISPUTER, dls-pd-ta, v. a. to dispute, contend for, to quarrel about, oppose. Disputer le vest, Mar. to contend for the weathergage. Disputer, v. n. to dispute, contend, quarrel or wrangle, hold a disputation, debate. De quoi dispute-t-on? what is the mailter in controversy? Si on vient à disputer làdessus, if the matter comes to a dispute or debate. Se disputer, v. r. to wrangle, quarrel or contend.

DISBUTEUR, dis-pô-teur, s. m. disputant. Disque, disk, s. m. disk; discus or quoit. Disquisition, dis-kul-zl-slon, s. f. disquisi-

tion, discussion, inquiry or research (in science.)
DISSECTEUR, di-sek-teur, s.m. anatomist.

DISSECTION, di-ek-slos, s. f. dissection.
DISSECTION, di-ek-slos, s. f. dissection.
DISSEMBLABLE, di-ek-blabl, adj. unlike,
different, unresembling.
DISSEMBLABLE, di-ek-bless, s. f. unlike-

DISSÉMINER, v. a. to disseminate.

Dissension, dl-sen-slos, s. f. dissension,

discord, division, variance, strife.

Dissiquen, di-sa-ka, v. a. to dissect, ana-

tomize or cut up a body.
Dissaqueur, di-sa-keur, s. m. anatomist. DISSERTATEUR, s. m. one who enters into a dissertation (used reprouchfully.)
DISSERTATION, di-ser-th-slon, s. f. disser-

tation.

DISSERTER, v. n. to treat upon.

DISSIMILAIRE, adj. dissimilar.

DISSIMULAT-EUR, RICE, di-si-mu-la-teur, tris. s. m. & f. dissembler.

DISSIMULATION, dl-sl-mu-là-slon, s. f. dissembling, dissimulation, disguise, hypocrisy, counterfeit.

Dissimulé, E, dl-si-mû-lå, adj. dissem-bled, disguised, counterfeit, feigned, pretended, dissembling, cunning, close. s m. & f. dis-

Dissimuler, di-si-mū-la, v. a. to dissemble, feign, conceal, disguise, cloak or counterfeit, take notice of.

DISSIPAT-EUR, RICE, dl-sl-ph-teur, tris, s. m. & f. waster, profuse or prodigal person, spendthrift.

DISSIPATION, dl-d-ph-slon, s. f. dissipa-tion, scattering, dispersing, waste or wasting, destruction, inattention, heedlessness.

DISSIPÉ, E, adj. dissipated, etc. Un caprit toujours dissipe, a mind always wandering or unsettled.

Dissiper, di-d-på, v. a. to dissipate, remove, scatter, distract, disperse, dispel, waste or consume, spend or squander away, de-

or consume, spend or squander away, destroy, recreate. Se dissiper, v. r. to relax one's self, recreate one's self, dissipate.

Dissolu, r., di-sò-là, là, adj. dissolute, lewd. .oose, licentious, debauched, riotous.

DISSOLVANT, r., di-sòl-vèn, vènt, adj. dis-

solvent.

DISSOLVANT, s. m. dissolvent, resolvent. DISSOLUBLE, di-sò-làbl, adj. dissoluble. DISSOLUMENT, di-sò-là-mèn, adv. disso-

lutely, lewdly, licentiously, riotously. Dissoluti-F, vr, di-so-la-df, tlv, adj.dis-

Dissolution, di-so la-slon, s. f. dissolution, separation, thing dissolved; dissoluteness, lewdness, licentiousness, riot, excess, depravation.

Dissonance, dl-sô-nèns, s. f. dissonance.

disagreement in sound.

DISSONANT, E, dî-sô-nên, nênt, adj. dissonant, discordant, disagreeing, jarring, untunable.

DISSOUDRE, di-soodr, v. a. (see the table at soudre,) to dissolve, part or separate, break up, melt or liquefy. Se dissoudre, v. r. to dissolve, melt, break up.
Dissout, E, adj. dissolved, etc. V. Dissou-

dre

DISSUADER, dî-sû-â-dâ, v. a. to dissuade,

advise to the contrary.

Dissonsion, di-ad-a-zion, s. f. dissuasion DISSYLLABE, dis-si-lab, adj. consisting of two syllables.

DISSYLLABE, s. m. dissyllable.
DISTANCE, dis-tens, s. f. distance, space between, interval, difference. Prendre des distances, Mar. to take lunar observations.

DISTANT, E, dis-ten, tent, adj. distant, remote.

DISTENDRE, dls-tendr, v. a. to distend, stretch out...

DISTERSION, dis-tèn-slon, s. f. distension. DISTILLATEUR, dis-ti-là-teur, s.m. distiller.

DISTILLATION, dis-ti-là-slon, s. f. distil-

ling or distillation.
DISTILLATOIRE, adj. distillatory.
DISTILLER, dis-tl-li, v. a. to distil.

tiller son esprit sur quelque chose, v. r. to beat or puzzle or spend one's brains about a thing. v. n. to distil, to drop or run by little and little

V. D. Ottom, or those v. r. to melt into tears.

Distiller en larmes, v. r. to melt into tears.

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tinctly, clearly or plainly.
DISTINCTI-F, VE, dis-tink-tif, tiv, adj. dis-

tinctive, distinguishing.

DISTINCTION, dis-tink-slow, s. f. distinetion; division, separation, difference, diver-Un homme de distinction sity, preference. man of note or above the common level Dis-

tinctions d'écriture, stops used in writing.
DISTINGUÉ, E. d's-tin-gh, adj. distinguished, etc. (Eminent) of note, eminent, consider-

DISTINGUER, v. a. to distinguish; discern, note or mark; to raise above the commen bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

level, to part or divide, make distinct. Se distinguer, v.r. to make one's self eminent, raise one's self above the common level.

DISTINGUO, s. m. logical distinction.
DISTIQUE, dis-tik, s. m. distich.
DISTORSION, dis-tor-slow, s. f. distortion. DISTRACTION, dis-trak-slon, s. f. absence of mind, inattention, heedlessness; separation.

DISTRAIRE, dis-trer, v. a. (like traire) to take off, divert from, distract, draw or pull asunder, separate, divide, dissuade. Se dis-traire de quelque dessein, v. r. to quit or forzake a design.

DISTRAIT, E, dis-tre, tret, adj. taken off, etc. absent, inattentive, hecdless.

DISTRIBUER, dis-tri-bû-a, v. a. to distribute, deal, part, share; divide, bestow, dispense, dispose, set in order. Se distribuer, v. r. to be distributed, etc.

DISTRIBUT-EUR, BICE, dis-tri-bû-têur, tris, s. m. & f. distributer or dispenser, divider. dîs-trî-bû-têur, DISTRIBUTI-F, VE, dis-tri-ba-tif, tiv, adj.

distributive.

DISTRIBUTION, dis-tri-bû-slon, s. f. distri-

DISTRIBUTIVENENT, dis-tri-bû-tiv-mên, adv. distributively, not collectively.

DISTRICT, dis-trik, s. m. district, extent of

pirisdiction, precinct.
Dit, g, adj. told, said, spoken, mentioned, etc. V. Dire. Le sermon est dit, the sermon is done. Guillame premier, dit le conquerant, William the First, surnamed the conqueror Il ne se le tint pas pour dit, he would not be said nay. Il se le lin pour dit, he was or rested saissed. Ce qui fut dit fut fait, he made his words good. Ledit homme, the said man. Ladite femme, the said woman. Susdit, before or above mentioned; and so with the other adverbs devant, apres, etc.

DIT, dl, s. m. saying, apophthegm. Avoir con dit et son dedit, to say and unsay.

DITHYRAMBE, dl-tl-renb, s.m. dithyrambick.

DITHYRAMBIQUE, dl-tl-ren-blk,adj. of the nature of or written like dithyrambicks.

DITON, s. m. second, (in musick.)
DIURETIQUE, di-d-ra-tik, adj. & s. m. diwretick.

DIURNAIRE, s. m. diurnal officer. DIURNAL, di-dr-nal, s. m. prayer-book for every day.

DIURNE, dl-årn, adj. diurnal, daily.
DIVAGUER, dl-vå-gå, v. a. to ramble or have roving thoughts, wander from the subject. DIVAN, di-ven, s. m. divan. Divanbegui, lord chief justice among the Persians.

DIVERGENCE, di-ver-zens, s. f. divergency, (tending to various parts from one point.)
DIVERGENT, E, di-ver-zen, zent, adj. di-

vergent, tending various ways from one point.
Divers, E, di-ver, vers, adj. diverse, different, various, divers, several, many.

DIVERSEMENT, dl-vers-men, adv. diverse-

ly, severally, variously, differently.
DIVERSIFIER, di-ver-si-fi-à, v. a. to di-

versify, vary.

DIVERSION, di-ver-sion, s. f. diversion or turning. Faire une diversion d'humeurs, to divert the humours.

DIVERSITÉ, dî-vêr-sî-ta, s. f. diversity, dif-

ference, variety.
DIVERTIE, di-ver-tir, v. a. to divert from, or take off, embezzle, misapply, convey away, convert to one's use, divertise or divert, make merry, recreate. Se divertir, v. r. to divert one's self, take one's pleasure or diversion

make merry, make sport, laugh.
DIVERTISSANT, E, dl-ver-tl-sen, scnt, adj.

diverting, pleasant, entertaining.

DIVERTISSEMENT, di-ver-tis-men, s. m. divertisement, diversion, pastime, recreation, pleasure. Divertisement de deniers, diverting or misapplying, or embezzling of money. Dividende, s. m. dividend Dividende, s. m. dividende D

*DIVINATEUR, s. m. diviner, conjurer. DIVINATION, dl-vl-n2-slon, s. f. divination. DIVINATOIRE, adj. relating to divination.
DIVINEMENT, dl-vln-men, adv. divinely.
DIVINISER, dl-vl-nl-sh, v.a. to make divine,
DIVINITÉ, dl-vl-nl-sh, s. f. divinity or god-

head; deity, god, goddess.

*Divis, adj. divided.
Diviser, di-vi-za, v. a. to divide, part, dis tinguish or separate; disunite, set at variance.
Diviseur, di-vi-zeur, s. m. divider; also divisor (in arithmetick.)

Divisieilité, di-vi-zi-bi-li-ta. s. f. divi-

sibility. DIVISIBLE, dî-vî-zîbi, adj. divisible.

Division, dl-vl-zlon, s. f. division or dividing, separation; disunion, discord, variance, odds. Division, Mar. division or squadron.

DIVORCE, dl-vôrs, s. m. divorce, parting, variance, dissension, odds, quarrel. Faire di evorce avec sa fennne, to divorce one's wife, put her away. Faire divorce avec l'église, to forsake the church.

DIVULGATION, dl-val-ga-slon, s.f. divulging.

Divulguer, di-val-ea, v. a. to divulge, publish, speak abroad, blab out.
Dix, dis, (The X before a vowel is pronounced like Z, before a consonant it is silent, and when final sounds like S) adj. ten. Dixsept, seventeen. Le dix du mois, the tenth day of the month.

DIXAIN, V. Dizain.
DIXAINE, V. Dizaine.
DIXIÈME, di-zièm, adj. & s. tenth, tenth

DIXIÈMEMENT, dî-zîêm-mên, adv. tenthly, in the tenth place. DIXME, s. f. V. Dime.

DIXMER, v. a. & n. V. Dimer.
DIXMEUR, s. m. V. Dimeur.
DIZAIN, dl-zin, s. m. string of beads (containing ten pieces or courses;) stanza of ten

DIZAINE, dî-zên, s. f. ten or about ten,

number of ten, tithing.
DIZEAU, dl-zo, s. m. shock or heap of ten sheaves of corn or bundles of hay.

DIZENIER, dlz-nia, s.m. leader of ten men. DOCILE, dò-sil, adj. docible, docile, trac-table, teachable, good natured. DOCILEMENT, dò-sil-mēn, adv. with doci-

Docilité, do-si-li-ta, s. f. docility, tractableness, tractable temper, teachableness

DOCIMAISE or DOCIMASTIQUE, s. f. the art of making experiments in mines to know the metals they contain.

DOCTE, dčki, adj. learned, erudite. doctes, the learned

DOCTEMENT, dôkt-mên, adv. learnedly. DOCTEUR, dôk-têur, s. m. loctor. Docteur

buse, bût : jeune, moute, beurre : hafant, cont, lien : vin : mon : brun.

régent, professor. Docteur en Droit, en Théologie, etc.
Doctoral, E, dôk-tô-râl, adj. doctoral,

of or belonging to a doctor. DOCTORAT, dok-to-ra, s. m. doctorate,

doctor's degree.

DOCTORERIE, dok-tor-rl, s. f. exercise for the degree of a doctor of divinity.

DOCTRINAL, E. adj. doctrinal. DOCTRINE, dok-trin, s. f. doctrine, tenets,

maxims; knowledge, erudition.
"Document, do-ku-men, s. m. document, written proof, instruction.

Dodecadore, s. m. dodecahedron. Dodecagore, do-da-ka-gôn, s. m. dode

Dono, dò-dò, s. m. (said of children) Ex. Faire dodo, to go to sleep. Dono, z., dò-dò, dò, adj. fat, plump. Dogar, dò-gà, s. m. dignity or office of a

Does, doz, s. m. Doge, (title of the chief magistrate of Venice and Genoa.) Doesnatious, dog-ma-lik, adj. & s. m. dogmatical, dogmatical style, dogmatism. Dogmatiquement, dog-ma-lik-men, adv.

dogmatically.
DOGMATISER, dog-må-tl-zå, v. n. to dog-

matise

DOGMATISKUR, dog-må-ti-zeur, s. m. dog-

DOGMATISTE, dog-må-tist, s. m. dogmatist. Dogme, dogm, s. m. dogma, tenet, doctrine.

Dogre, s. m. Mar. dogger.

Dogue, dog, s. m. bull dog or mastiff.

Dogues d'amure, Mar. chestrees or holes of the chestrees.

DOGUER, (SE) do-ga, v. r. to but (as rams do.

DOGUIN, E. dò-gin, gin, s. m. & f. whelp.
DOGUIN, dwa, s. m. finger, a finger's breadth,
inch; (in astronomy) digit. Doigt du pied, toe.
Doigts (of bigds) claws. Un doigt de vin, a
little wine. Toucher a quelque chose du bout du
doigt, to be very near a thing. Etre à quatre
doigts de la mort, to be near one's grave. Vous
aver wis le doigt dessue, vou have hit the nail goez mis le doiet dessus, you have hit the nail on the head. Toucher au doiet, to see clearly or plainly. Faive toucher suc chose au doiet, to de-monstrate a thing, make it perfectly clear. J'en mettrois le doigt au feu, I am very sure of it. Doigter, v. n. to finger (an instrument of

musick), also s. m. fingering.

DOIGTER, dwa-th, s. m. cover for the thumb or finger: a rag about a sore finger.

*Dol, dôl, s. m. deceit, cheat, fraud.

Dork, adj. planed.

Dolfance, do-la-ens, s. f. mournful complaint. Faire or conter ses doléances, to make DOLEMMENT, do-là-mên, adv. woefully,

moanfully.

DOLERT, E, dò-lên, lênt, adj. sorrowful, chieful, woeful; manful, grievous.

DOLER, dò-là, v. a. to plane.

DOLIMAN, s. m. a Turkish dress.

DOLIMAN, s. m. a Turkish dress.

DOLOIRE, do-lwar, s. f. a plane; also kind of traiss.

Dom. V. Don.

Domaine, do-mên, s. m. domain, demain or demesne, patrimony, inheritance.

Domanial, E, do-ma-ni-al, adj. of or be

onging to a domain.

Dom z, dom, s. m. dome or cupola.

*Domenger, s. m. gentleman.

Domesticité, dô-mês-ú-sţ-tà, s. f. the be

ing a servant.

Domestique, do-mes-tik, adj. domestick, of or belonging to the house. Animal domes tique, tame creature.

DOMESTIQUE, s. m. domestick, menial ser vant, one of the household; also family e household.

DOMESTIQUEMENT, do-mês-tik-mên, ad servant-like, servilely; familiarly. Domicile, do-mî-sîl, s.m. dwelling, abo

habitation, house.

habitation, house.

Domicilis, r., dô-mî-sî-lîa, adj. setv i, that dwells in a place, domiciliated.

Domicilier, (se) sê-dô-mî-sî-lîa, v. i & settle or dwell in a place.

Dominant, rejadô-mî-nên, nênt, adj. (.æ. dominant, reigaing, ruling. Fief domi. mê tee or manor belonging to a lord parame in Dominature, dô-mî-nâ-têur, s. m. r. ær.

lord

*Dominatrice, do-mi-na-tris, s. f. wow an

that has the supreme authority.

DOMINATION, do-mi-na-slon, s. f. de ai nion, lerdship, sovereignty, government, r. e

power, authority, empire.

Dominer, do-mi-na, v. n. & a. to do ni neer, rule, govern, bear rule or sway, be live and master, have the mastery; to be prolo minant. Une montagne qui domine la ville, a hill that commands the town. Les pluies at dominé pendant cet été, the rains have prevented through the summer.

DOMINICAIN, s. m. Dominican, or white friar.

Dominicaine, s. f. Dominican nun.

DOMINICAL, E, dô-mî-nî-kâl, adj. dom i-gal. L'oraison dominicale, the Lord's prayer.

DOMINICALE, s. f. course of Sunday tures or sermons. Prêcher la dominicale, et les dominicales, to preach the Sunday Se.

*Dominicalier, do-mi-ni-ka-lia, s. m.

Sunday preacher.
Domino, do-mi-no, s. m. domino; (a capachin, ball-dress and game.)
DOMINOTERIE, s. f. trade of marbled and

coloured papers. DOMINOTIER, s. m. paper-stainer or colourer.

Donnage, dô-maz. s. m. damage, prejudice, loss, hurt, detriment, disadvantage.

C'est dommage, it is pity.

Dommage, but is pity.

prejudicial, disadvantageous.

Domptable, dom-tabl, adj. that may be tamed, governable.

Dompter, dom-ta, v. a. to tame, sub due, vanquish; (un cheval) to break.

Dompteur, dom-teur, s. m. tamer. van

quisher, conqueror.

DOMPTE-VENIN, s. m. a sort of plant.

Don, don, s. m. gift, present, endowment or advantage; also knack. Le Don (feure de Russie,) the Don or Tanais.

bar, bat, base; thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DON or DOM, don (a title in Spain.) DUNATAIRE, do-na-ter, s. m. & f. donee.

DONAT-EUR, RICE, do-na-teur, tris, s. m. & f. donor or giver.

C. I. donor or giver.

DONATION, do-nh-slon, s. f. donation, gift, free gift, deed of gift, grant. Faire donation de ses biens, to make over one's goods by deed

of gift.
DONC, *DONCQUES, don, donk, conj. then,

DONDON, don-don, s. f. plump, jolly woman

girl.
Donjon, don-zon, s. m. strongest and highest tower of a castle; turret or closet raised

on the top of a house.

DONNE, don, s. f. (at cards) deal, dealing. DONNER, do-na, v. a. to give; bestow, present with make a present of; to cause, occa-sion, create; to instil, inspire, infuse, strike with; to deliver; pay; to grant; to ascribe, father upon; to sacrifice, lay down; (cards) naturer upon; to sacruce, lay down; (caras) to deal. Donner caution or répondant, to put in bail. Donner la fièvre, to put in a fever. Donner sa parole, to pass one's word, engage. Donner la môrt à, to break the heart of. Donner de bons exemples à, to set good examples to or before. Donner une cassade (des cassades) or une baie (des baies) à, to put a sham upon. Donner jour, to appoint or names a day. Donner sours exert to or name a day. Donner un moyen pour, to shew or suggest a way to. Donner son temps à l'étude, to bestow one's time upon books. Donner de main en main, to hand. Donner will forfeit my head if. Je le donne au plus habile à mieux faire, I challenge or defy the best man to do better. Donner le nom à un enfant, to stand god-father to a child. Donner un livre au public, to print or put out or publish a book. Donner la terreur à quelqu'un, to strike one with terror. Donner du plaisir, to please, afford pleasure. Donner tout aux apparences, to go altogether by outward appearances. Donner un bon sens à une chose, to put a good construction upon a thing. Donner un méchant tour à une action, to misrepresent an action. La vraie galanterie sait don-ner une vue agréable à des choses facheuses, true gallantry has a way of making sad things look pleasant. Donner entrée à l'air, to let in the air. Donner les chiens (in the chase) to cast or throw off or slip the dogs. Il faut don-ner quelque chose à son importunité, something must be yielded to his importunité. Après avoir tant donné à la civilité et à l'honnéteté, having done so much hitherto in point of kindness and civility. Se donner du bon temps, to make much of one's self, pass away one's time merrily. Il s'en donne le tort, he takes the blame upon himself.

Donner, v. a. Mar. Donner la route, to shape the course. Donner chasse, to give chase. Donner de l'air au bâtiment, to give the ship good way. Donner de ses vivres (de ses agrès, de ses voiles, etc.) à un vaisseau, to spare provisions, (rigging, sails, etc.) to a ship. Donner de son monde à un bâtiment, to turn over men to a ship. Donner du mou dans des amarres or des manœuvres, to slack moorings or running ropes. Donner du tour à une roche, to give a good birth to a rock. Don-ner la calle, to keel haul. Donner l'escorte à

un navire, to convoy a ship. Donner une fete, to give an entertainment on board. Donner un cou de seine, to haul the seine. Donner un coup de sonde, to get a cast of the lead.

Donner un coup de sifflet, to pipe with a call. Donner un coup de talon, to strike with the ship's heel. Donner un suif or un corroi à un ship's need. Dother than to have been bottiment, to pay a vessel's bottom. Donner vent devant, to heave in stays. Donner vent devant à un navire, to stay a ship. Donner fond, to cast anchor.

Donner, v. n. to strike, beat or hit; (of trees) to bear, yield. Donner du nez en terre, to fall into missortunes. Le soleil donne à plomb sur leurs têtes, the sun shines perpendicularly upon their heads. En donner à garder, to pu upon one, make one believe. Donner à con-noître, to let know, make or give te under-stand. Donner à penser à quelqu'un, to puz-zle one. Ne savoir où donner de la tête, not to know which way to turn one's self, be put to one's last shift. Donner, to charge, engage or fall upon the enemy. Donner de l'épée dans le ventre à quelqu'un, to run one through the guts. Donner des éperons à un cheval, or donner des deux, to class spurs to one's horse. Donner au but, to hit the mark, hit the nail on the head. Donner dans une embuscade, to fall into an ambuscade. Donner dans le piège into an ambuscaue. Donner dans le saus ce prige (dans le panneau, dans les toiles) to be caught in a snare, bite on the hook, be trapped or caught. Donner dans le sens de quelqu'un, to be of the same mind with one; also to apprehend one's meaning. Donner dans le bons sens, to be in the right, act according to reason.

Donner dans les fariboles, to give credit to tales. Il n'est pas homme à donner là-dedans, tales. It here pas nomine a worder to the he will never engage in that Lusiness. It donne à tout, he strikes at every thing. Si la vente donne, if the commodity sells well. It en donne à tout le monde, he makes a fool of every body, he serves all people alike. Vin qui donne à la tête, wine that flies up into one's head, strong heady wine. Le blé a bien donné cette année, corn has been very plentiful this year.

Donner, v. n. Mar. donner fond (or better, jeter l'ancre) to cast anchor. Donner à travers quelque banc, to run aground. Donner à la grosse, to lend money on bottomry. Donner dans un détroit, to enter a strait. Nous donnâmes dans le Humber pour nous mettre à l'abri, we ran for shelter into the Humber. Donner dans le port, to go into harbour. Donner dans un convoi, to run into the middle of a conun consur, to run into the middle of a con-voy. Donner à la lame, to touch the log-line occasionally when a following sea sends the log home. Donner de la voix, to sing out, (as when hoisting, hauling, etc.) Donner sur l'ennemi, to run down upon an enemy. Donner du beaupré sur la poupe d'un navire, to poop a ship, run the bowsprit over the stern of a ship. Donner sur la barre d'une rivière, to take the bar of a river.

Se donner, v. r. à quelqu'un, to give up one's self to one, put one's self under one's dominion, submit to one. Se donner garde or de garde, to beware, take heed, look about one's self. Se donner de garde de forme one's self. Se donner de garde de quelque chose, to take care not to do a thing. S'en donner, to drink briskly, take a large cup. Elle s'en fait donner, she has one that does her business for her. Se donner de la does her business for her.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre . ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

tete contre le mur, to hurt one's head against | the wall.

Donneun, dô-neur, s. m. giver.

meur de bonjours, a man of words only.

Donneuse, s. f. giver, woman apt to give.

C'est we grande donneuse de ce qui ne lui
colte rien, she is very free of other people's purses

DONQUES, V. Donc.

DORQUES, V. DORE.

DORT, don, pron. (used instead of de qui, duquel, & Jaquelle, desquelle, and quoi) whose, of whom, of which, whereof, by whom, by which, whereby, etc. (V. De.) whom, by which, whereby, etc. (V. De.) L'homme dont je parle, the man of whom I speak. C'est un homme dont les manières cont agràdles, he is a man whose manners are pleasing. Voilà l'oncle de cette femme dont vous avez acheté la maison, there is the uncle of that woman whose homes and the la maison, there is the uncle of that woman whose homes. uncle of that woman whose house you have uncle of that woman whose house you have bought. C'est l'homme du monde dont je fais le plus d'estime, that is the man whom I have the greatest esteem for. C'est la femme du monde dont je me soucie le moins, she is the woman that I least care for. D'èpé dont il s'est battu, the sword he fought with. Ce dont je vous ai parlé, what I told you of. Ce dont il s'agit, the business in hand. C'est ce dont il s'agit maintenant entre nous, that is what we are now about. Tout ce dont il s'agit what we are now about. Tout ce dont il s'agit, the whole.

DONZELLE, don-zel, s. f. damsel, gentlewoman (in a slighting sense.)
DORADE, do-rad, s. f. gold-fish.

DORÉ, E, adj. gilt or gilt over, etc. V. Dorer. of a gold colour; golden.
DORÉNAVANT, doriena-ven, (formerly D'ores-ne-avant,) adv. hereafter, henceforth, for the future.

Dorer, do-ra, v. a. to gild, gild over. Do

DORER, do-ra, v. a. to glid, glid over. Dorer ume pâtê, to wash a pie over with eggs.

Doreus, dô-rêur, s. m. glider.

Doreus, s. f. glider's wife or widow.

DORIER, adj. m. a Greek dialect.

DORIQUE, adj. dorick, (order or dialect.)

DORLOTER, dôr-lô-tâ, v. a. to pamper,
make much of, cocker. Se dorloter, v. r. pamper one's self make much of one's carrage.

per one's self, make much of one's carcase.

DORMANT, E, dor-men, ment, adj. sleeping. East dormante, still or standing or stag-nant water. En dormant, in one's sleep. Le dormant d'un cordage, Mar. the standing part

of a tackle or brace or other running rope.

Bormeu-R, sr, dor-meur, meuz, s. m. &

f. sleeper, sleepy person.

DORMEUSE, s. f. a sort of travelling chaise

CONSTRUCTE S. 1. a sort of traverning chasse constructed so as to form a sort of bed.

DORMIR, dôr-mîr, v. n. to sleep, be fallen asleep, repose; to be still or standing, (said of souter.) Dormir d'un bon somme, to slumber. Dormir l'apprès dinée, to take a nap after Faire des contes à dormir debout, to tell idle tales or old women's stories. Laisser dormir ses ressentimens, to lay aside one's resentment. Le chat dort tant qu'enfin il se re-

veille, the sleepy cat at length awakes.
DORMITI-F, VE, dor-ml-tif, tlv, adj. & s.

soporifick.
Doroir, do-rwar, s. m. pastry-cook's or

DOROPHAGE, s. m. & f. one greedy of presents

DORSAL, E, adj. that relates to the back. DORTOIR, dor-twar, s. m. dormitory.

DORURE, do-rur, s. f. gilding. Dorure de patisserie, wash of eggs with which pastrycooks glaze over their pies, etc.

Dos, do, s. m. back; (d'une montagne) ridge. Battre quelqu'un dos et rentre, to beat one soundly, maul one, rib-roast one. ner le dos, to be gone; also, to run away, betake one's self to flight or to one's heels. La fortune lui a tourné le dos, fortune has lest him in the lurch. Monter un cheval à dos, to ride a horse without a saddle. Peigne à dos, comb cut on one side only. Bateau fait à dos d'âne, sharp bottomed boat. Voûte à dos d'âne, sharp raised vault.

Dose, dôz, s. f. dose. Dosen, dô-za, v. a. to dose, prescribe the exact quantity.

Dossa, s. f. flitch of wood.

Dossier, do-sla, s. m. back (of a chair or form or couch.) Dossier de lit, head-hoard of a bed. Dossier, file or bundle (of papers.) Dossier d'un conot, Mar. back-board of a boat. Dossière, dô-sièr, s. f. ridge band.

DOT, dot, s. f. dowry or portion. DOTAL, E, do-tal, adj. of or pertaining to a dowry or portion.

DOTATION, s. f. endowment of a church.

DOTER, do-ta, v. a. to endow; give a portion, to portion. D'ou, V. Où

DOUAIRE, doo-er, s. m. jointure, settlement. Il lui a assigné dix mille écus de doudire, he has settled ten thousand crowns upon her.

DOUAIRER, s. m. child who recounces the paternal estate and keeps to the mother's join

DOUAIRIÈRE, doo-è-ri-èr, s. f. dowager. DOUANE, doo-an, s. f. custom-house, cus tom, duty.

DOUAINIER, doo-a-nia, s. m. officer of the custom-house.

DOUBLAGE, s. m. Mar. sheathing. Doublage de la quille, sheathing of the keel. Doublage du gouvernail, back of the rudder. Doublage d'un pouce, one inch stuff.

DOUBLE, doobl, adj. double; also deceit-ful, treacherous. Acte double, double, dupli cate writing. Double fripon, great or arrant knave.

DOUBLE, s. m. double, double part, twe-fold, twice the value; duplicate or copy; French coin worth two deniers. Jouer à qu ou double, to double or quit. Mettre en double, to double, fold in two. Double d'un manouere, Mar. bight of a rope.

DOUBLEAU, s. m. Ex. Doublemex de volte. great or chief arches of a vault.

DOUBLE-FEUILLE, s. f. a sort of plant. DOUBLEMENT, doobl-men, adv. doubly.

DOUBLER, doo-bla, v. a. to double; also to line (a gurment.) Doubler le pas, to mend one's pace, go faster

DOUBLER, v. a. Mar. to sheath, forr, double upon, weather, etc. Doubler un bâtiment en cuivre, to sheath a ship with copper. Doubler (un cap, une pointe,) to double or weather (a cape, a point.) Doubler l'arrière-garde ennemie, to double upon the enemy's rear. Doubler le sillage d'un raisseau, to sail as fast again as a ship. Doubler les écarts, to leave a shift between the scars of two pieces payed together.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over; field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

DOUBLET, doo-ble, s. m. doublet (at dice ;) !! also imitation of precious stones.

Doublon, doo-blon, s. m. Spanish coin;

also mistake in printing twice the same

DOUBLURE, doo-blar, s. f. lining (of garments.)

DOUGAIN, doo-sin, s. m. kind of apple-tree.

Douce, the feminine of Doux.

Doucearre, doo-sair, adj. sweetish. DOUGLATHE, doo-satt, adj. sweetish.
DOUGLATHE, doo-satt, adj. sweetish.
IDOUGLATHE, doos-mêr, adv. softly, gently, quietly, peaceably; calmly, delicately, mildly, lovingfy, kindly, meekly, patiently, mildly, softly, greeably, pleasantly; slowly, tolerably, so so. Gagner sa vie tout doucement, to pick up a livelihood, make a shift to live.

Doucereu-x, se, adj. sweet, luscious, whining, affected, precise. Un doucereux, a

whining lover, an affected beau.

Douget, Tr., do-se, set, adj. counterfeit piece of modesty, one that looks demure, as if butter could not melt in his or her mouth.

DOUCETTE, s. f. corn sallad. DOUCETTEMENT, adv. softly, gently.

Douceur, doo-seur, s. f. sweetness; softness; lenity, indulgence, gentleness, mildness; sweets, comfort, pleasure, delight; emo-lument. Aimer les douceurs, to love sweet Douceur de langage, sweetness or smoothness of expression, sweet or pleasant language. Douceur de naturel, sweetness, gentleness, softness; mildness, easiness of temper or nature, good nature, sweet temper. Avoir une trop grande douceur pour ses enfuns, to be too indulgent to one's children. Douceurs, sweet or flattering or coaxing expressions, Dire or conter des douceurs. V. Conter. En douceur, Mar. handsomely. Ex. Vire en dou-

ceur, heave handsomely.

DOUCHE, doosh, s. f. pumping (as they do at the bath.) Dorner une douche à quelqu'un,

to pump one.

DOUCHER, doo-sha, v. a. to pump (upon a

Doucing, s. f. cymatium, gola, ogee or wave (in architecture.)

Doug, g, adi. jointured, that has a join ture settled; also endowed, enriched.

Dougn, doo-a, v. a. to jointure, to make a

settlement or jointure; to enrich, endow, be-

DOUILLE, dool, s. f. socket (of a pike, of a

halberd, etc.) DOUILLET, TE, doo-le, let, adj. tender, nice, that cannot bear with the least inconveniency; soft, tender.

Douillettement, doo-lêt-mên, adv. at ease, softly, tenderly.

Douleur, doo-leur, s. f. pain, ache, soreness, stitch; grief, sorrow, affliction, torment, anguish. Les douleurs de l'enfuntement, the throes or pains in childbirth.

*Douloir (se). V. Se plaindre.
Douloir (se). V. Se plaindre.
Douloir eusement, dôo-lôo-rèuz-mên,
adv. heavily, woefully, grievously, cruelly, sadly.

DouLoureu-x, se, doo-loo-reu, reuz, adj. painf 1; smarting; dolorous, sorrowful, grievous, sad, wooful, tender.

OUTE, doot, s. m. doubt, question, doubtful thing, uncertainty, irresolution, suspense, scruple, fear, apprehension, misgiving, suspi-

cion. Sans doute, adv. undoubtedly, without

doubt, doubtless, questionless.

Douter, doo-ta, v. n. to doubt or question. On ne doute pas qu'il n'arrive, he will surely come. Se douter de, v. r. to have an inkling of, conjecture or suspect, think, suspect, mistrust or fear.

DOUTEUSEMENT, doo-teuz-men, adv doubtfully, in a doubtful manner, uncertainly

ambiguously, obscurely.

DOUTEU-X, se, doo-teu, teuz. adj. doubtful, dubious, uncertain, ambiguous, obscure. Pièce d'argent douteuse, piece of money that looks suspicious.

Douvain, doo-vin, s. m. wood fit to make staves for casks.

Douve, doov, s. f. staff or stave, (Plur. staves) to make casks; also a sort of plant pernicious to sheep.

Dou-x, cx, doo, doos, adj. sweet, soft. easy, mild, gentle, quiet, meek, sweet-natured, of a sweet temper, tractable, affable, pleasant, agreeable, charming, comfortable. *Eau douce*, fresh water. Potage qui est trop doux, pot-tage that is not salted enough. Faire les yeux daux à une senne, to be sweet upon a woman, make love to her. Faire les doux yeux à quelquint, to look sweetly or amorously upon one. Un style doux, a free easy style, a soft way of writing. Medecin d'eau douce, young, unexperienced physician, rain water doctor.

Doux, adv. softly, gently. Tout doux, gently, softly. Cheval qui va fort doux, horse that goes very easy. Filer doux, to suffer an injury from a superiour patiently.
Douzain, do-zin, s. m. a base old French coin, worth twelve deniers or a penny.

Douzaine, doo-zen, s. f. dozen or twelve. Demi-douzaine, half a dozen. Un poete à la

douzaine, a poetaster, a paltry poet.

Douze, dooz, adj. twelve; (twelfth, in dates.)

Douzième, doo-zièm, adj. & s. twelfth. DOUZIEMEMENT, adv. twelfthly, in the twelfth place.

DOYEN, dwa-yen, s. m. dean; eldest in a

corporation or society; senior.
DOYENNÉ, dwa-ye-na, s. m. deanship or deanery; also sort of pear.

DRACHME, dragm, s. f. drachm, dram. DRACUNCULE, s.m. little worm, dracunculus. DRAGAN, s. m. Mar. wing-transom of a

galley. DRAGÉE, dra-za, s. f. sugar-plums; mes-lin; small shot. Ecarter la drugée, to sputter

DRAGEONRER, dra-zo-na, v. n. to shoot forth suckers.

DRAGIER, s. m. sugar-plum box. DRAGHE, V. Drachme.

DRAGON, dra-gon, s. m. dragon; dragoon; cataract (on the eye.)

DRAGOKNEAU, s. m. dracunculus, (small worm between the skin and the flesh.)

DRAGUE, s. f. dragooning.

DRAGUE, s. f. grains or husks of malt ex hausted in brewing; also drag. Drague, Mar.

drag.
DRAGUER, v. n. to drag, fish for something
Draguer und

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

sucre, to drag or sweep for an anchor, sweep | the bottom.

DRAILLE, s. f. Mar. stay. DRAMATIQUE, dra-ma-ilk, adj. dramatick, belonging to plays. Le dramatique, dramatick poetry.

DRAMATISTE, s. m. dramatist.

DRAME, dram, s. m. drama, play. DRAP, dra, s. m. cloth, woollen cloth. Gros

drap, coarse cloth. Drap fin, superfine cloth. Gross drap, coarse cloth. Drap fin, superfine cloth. Drap mortuaire, pall. Mettre use personne en de beaux draps blancs, to set one in his proper colours, speak ill of one.

DRAPE, R. adj. hung with black or mourning, etc. V. Draper.

DRAPEAS, dra-pò, s. m. rag, clout, colours

or stand of colour

DRAPER, dra-pa, v. a. to make cloth; to mill (stockings;) to put on black, cover or hang with mourning; (in painting) to make the drapery of, clothe; to jeer or banter, cen-

DRAPERIE, drap-ri, s. f. cloth trade, dra-

pery.
DRAPIER, dra-pla, s. m. cloth-maker; also

draper or woollen-draper.
DRASTIQUE, adj. drastick.

DRECHE, dresh, s. f. malt. DREGE, dres, s. f. dredge. DRELIN, dre-lin, tinkle, sound of a small

DRESSE, dres, s. f. piece of leather to underlay a shoe that goes awry. Mettre une

derste à un soulier, to underlay a shoe.

Drigger dre-sa, v. a. to make straight, raise, set up, erect; to train up, bring up, instruct, discipline, (un cheral) to break or manage; (une stalue, etc.) to erect, raise; (une lit) to put up; (une tente) to pitch; (une ecrit) to draw, draw up; (une livre) to beat; (la rigne) to dress; (un arbre) to trim; (le polage) to dish up; (du linge) to pull out; (une embliche, un piege) to lay. Dresser son intention, to direct one's intention. Dresser sa marche, to direct or steer one's course. Dresser les oreilles, to prick up one's ears.

Dresser, v. a. Mar. to trim, etc. Dresser une embarcation, to trim a boat. Dresse le canot, trim the boat. Dresser les rergues, to square the yards by the braces and lifts. Dresse les vergues partout, square the vards fore and aft. Dresse la barre, right the helm.

Dresser, v. n. to stand, rise on end, stare. Set chereux lui dressent, his hair stands up or rises on end, his hair stares. Cela me fit dresser les chereux, that made my hair stand on end. Se dresser, v. r. to stand or stand

up, rise.
DRESSOIR. dre-swar, s. m. sideboard.

DRILLE, drill, s. m. fellow; also sort of oak; and old rag to make paper with. Unbon drille, a jovial fellow. Un paurre drille, a

poor fellow, a poor wretch.

*DRILLER, drl-la, v. n. to post ar scour

away, march off in haste.

DRISSE, s. f. Mar. Drisses des huniers et mures voiles supérieures, haliards. Drisses des basses vergues, joers. Drisse d'un pic or d'une vergue à corne, gaff-haliard. Drisses des voiles curiques, inroat-haliards. DROGMAN, drog-mên, s. m. interpreter.

DROGUE, drog, s. f. drug; also sorry commodity, stuff.

DROGUER, dro-ga, v. a. to physick. Se droguer, v. r. to take a great deal of physick or many slops.

DROGUERIE, s. f. generick name for all

DROGUET, dro-ge, s. m. drugget.
DROGUET, dro-ge, s. m. chest of draw-

DROGUISTE, dro-gist, s. m. druggist. DROIT, z., drwa, drwat, adj. right; straight, direct; honest, upright, sincere, righteous, just; good, sound or clear; up, upright, standing. Le chemin d'ici là est tout aroit, the way leads directly thither. Cheval qui est dro horse that is not lame. La main droite, the

right hand.

Droot, adv. straight, straight on, straight along, straight way, right on, directly. Aller droit, to have a frank, upright, honest or plain way of dealing. Je nous ferai bien marcher dreit, I will keep you to good behaviour.

Droit comme ca, Mar. thus, thus. Droit la barre, put the helm amidships.

DROIT, s. m. right; reason, equity, justice; law; power, authority; right, prerogative, privilege; right, claim, title; fee; duty, tax, custom. A bon droit, not without a cause, justly, deservedly. A tout or à droit, right or wrong. Droit d'ancrage, Mar. anchorage or anchorage duty. Droit de fret, lastage. Droit

de halage, towage. Droits de pilote, pilotage. Droits de quai, wharfage. Droit de tonnage, tonnage.

DROITE, s. f. right hand. La droite d'une armée, the right wing of an army. Donner la droite, to place on the right hand. A droite or à main droite, to or on the right hand. DROITEMENT, drwat-mên, adv. righteous-

ly, uprightly, sincerely, rightly, with judgment, judiciously.

DROITIER, E, drwa-tla, tler, adj. righthanded.

DROITURE, drwa-tur, s. f. rectitude, equity, uprightness, integrity, honesty. Droiture d'esprit, soundness or clearness of reason. En droiture, directly, straight. Ce bâtiment vaen droiture à la Chine, Mar. that ship is going to China direct

*DROITURIER, E, adj. righteous.
DROLE, drol adj. pleasant, metry, jocose, jocund, comical, facetious, queer.
DROLE, s. m. brisk or merry fellow, good

companion, droll. Un drôle de corps, a pleasant merry fellow, a wag.
DRÔLEMENT, dròl-mên, adv. pleasantly,

comically.

DRÔLERIE, dròl-rl, s. f. drollery, buffoou-

DROLESSE, dro-les, s. f. bold, impudent woman, wench, prostitute. DROMADAIRE, dro-ma-der, s. m. drome-

dary.
DROME, s. f. Mar. raft (of masts, spars, etc.

DROPAX, s. m. sort of plaster made of oil and resin.

DROSSE, s. f. Mar. truss, etc. Drosse d'artimon, mizen truss. Grandes drosses or drosses de la grande vergue, main trusses. Drosses de misaine, fore-trusses. Drosse de racage, par-rel. Drosse de gouvernail, tiller-rope. Drosse de canon, gun tackle.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

DROSSER, v. a. Mar. to drive. Etant drossés par les courans, nous nous trouvâmes à la pointe du jour à la vue de Malaga, being driven by the currents, we found ourselves at day-break in sight of Malaga

DROUINE, droo-in, s. i. tinker's bag.
DROUINEUR, droo-i-neur, s. m. tinker.
DRU, E, dro, h, adj. planted thick or close;
brisk, pert; fledged.

brisk, pert; ifedged.

DRU, adv. thick, thickly.

DRUDE, drd-ld, s. m. druid.

DRYADE, drl-ld, s. f. dryad.

DU, dd, (prep. and article) of the, from the, some, etc. V. De. Du commencement, in the beginning. Du moins, at least, at the least.

Du tout, at all, in the least. Point du tout, net a all.

Dû, E, adj. due, owing.
Dû, dû, s. m. due, what is owed, what is owing; duty. Je ne demande que mon dû, l aak no more than my due. C'est le dû de ma charge, it is the duty of my office. Pour le dû de ma conscience, to satisfy my conscience.

DÜBITATI-F, VE, då-bl-tå-tlf, tlv, adj. du-

bitative.

DUBITATION, s. f. dubitation.

Duc, důk, s. m. duke; horned owl. Ducal, r., dů-kål, adj. ducal, of or belong-

ing to a duke.

DUCALE, s. f. patent of the Venetian senate.

DUCAT, dd-kå, s. m. ducat.

DUCAT, adj. Ex. Or ducat, gold ducat.

DUCATON, dd-kå-ton, s. m. ducatoon (coin worth about 5s. 6d.)

worm about 0s. bd.)
DUCHÉ, dů-shå, s. m. & f. dukedom, duchy.
DUCHESSE, dů-shès, s. f. duchess.
DUCTILE, důk-tíl, adj. ductile, easy to be hammered or beaten into thin plates.
DUCTILIÉ, důk-tíl-tíl-tá, s. f. ductility.
DUÈOSE, s. f. duenna.
DUEL, dů-čí, s. m. duel, single fight; dual number (of Greek pagna 1

number (of Greek nouns.)

DUELLISTE, dû-ê-lîst, s. m. duellist. Duire, v.n. duisant, duit, to suit or please. *Dult, E, adj. trained up or used to a thing. Dulcification, s.f. dulcification, the act

of sweetening or tempering mineral acids.

Dulcifilm, ddl-si-fl-a, v. a. to dulcify or sweeten.

Dulie, s. f. worship of saints, dulia.

DUNE, dd., s. f. down. Dunes, Mar. downs (sand banks bordering on the sea coast.) DUNETTE, dd-net, s. f. Mar. poop.

DUDE, dd.p. s. m. duet, duetto.
DUDE, dd.p. s. f. dupe, also a game at cards.
DUDER, dd.p. s. f. dupe, also a game at cards.
DUDER, dd.p. s. a. to dupe, deceive, cheat, gull.

DUPERIE, dap-ri, s. f. cheat. DUPLICATA, da-pli-ka-ta, s. m. duplicate

or copy (of a writing.)
DUPLICATION, s. f. duplication.

DUPLICATURE, S. f. duplicature, fold.
DUPLICITÉ, do-plf-si-tà, s. f. duplicity or
being double; duplicity, double dealing,

DUPLIQUE, då-plik, s. f. rejoinder.

DUPLIQUER, då-pli-kå, v. a. to rejoin, put in a rejoinder.

DUQUEL, då-kël. (pour de lequel) of whom, of which, whereof. etc. V. De.

DUR, E, dår, dår, adj, hard; firm, tough;

grievous, sad; difficult; hard-hearted, cruel

lrarsh, dull, heavy; (style) stiff, rough, rug ged. Pain dur, stale bread. Viande dure tough meat. Avoir l'oreille dure, être dur d'oreille, or enteudre dur, to be hard or thick or dull of hearing. Un livre dur à la vente, a slow or heavy book, a book that does not go off well. Dur à la desserre, close-fisted. Dur à la fatigue, hardened to fatigue. Dur et sec (in painting) hard and dry or stiff (the contrary of mellow and soft.) Le vin est dur, the wine is pricked

DURABLE, dû-rabl, adj. durable, lasting.

DURACINE, s. f. a sort of peach.

DURANT, duren, prep. during. Durant tout l'hiver, all winter long. *Durant que, whilst, when.

DURCIR, dår-shr, v. a. to harden, make hard or stiff. v. n. Se durcir, v. r. to harden or grow hard. Le vin fait durcir la viande, wine makes the meat tough.

DURE, s. f. ground, bare ground.

DUREE, dit-ris, s. f. duretion, continuance

Etre de durée or de longue durée, to be dura ble, lasting or permanent. Notre vie est de sa peu de durée, our life is so very short.

DUREMENT, dur-men, adv. hard, stiff,

rudely, roughly.

DURER, dd-ra, v. n. to last, endure, bold out, continue, stand or abide. Ne pouvoir durer dans sa peau, to be ready to leap out of one's skin. Je ne puis durer de chaud, I am so hot I know not what to do with myself. Le temps lui dure, time hangs heavy upon him.
On ne sauroit durer arec lui, nobody can live with him.

*Duret, te, då-re, ret, adj. rather firm,

somewhat hard or tough.

DURETE, dur-ta, s. f. hardness; firmness, toughness; harshness, hard-heartedness, inflexibility, ruggedness, cruelty, rigour, barbarity, callosity, hard skin; (of style) roughness, ruggedness. Duretés, hard words. Dureté d'oreille, thickness or duliness of hearing. Dureté de pinecau, stiffuess of one's pencil, stiff way of painting. Si rous étes encore dans la dureté de ces sentimens, if you still entertain those hard thoughts. Ils se dirent quelques duretés, there passed some hard words between them.

DURILLON, du-ri-lon, s. m. callosity, hard skin.

DURILLONER, (SE) v. r. to grow callous of into corns.

Duriuscule, då-ri-ås-kål, adj. somewhat hard.

Dusil, s. m. tap or faucet.

DUTROA, s. m. a sort of plant that grows in America.

DUUMVIRAT, s. m. magistracy among the Romans.

Duumvirs, s m. pl. daumviri. Duvet, du-ve, s. m. down; soft feathers; first beard, soft hair. Coucher sur le duvel, to lie upon a down bed

DUVETEU-X, SE, adj. downy. DYNAMIQUE, S.f. science of moving powers.

DYNASTE, s. m. little sovereign.

DYNASTIE, di-nas-ti, s. f. dynasty. Dyscolk, dis-kol, adj. who departs from an established opinion or with whom it is dif-

ficult to live. Dyspersie, dis-pep-si, s. f. dyspepsy. Dyspnée, s. m. dyspnœa.

bûse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

DYSSENTERIE, di-sent-ri, s. f. dysentery, bloody flux

DYSSENTÉRIQUE, adj. of or belonging to dysentery.

Dysumin, di-za-ri, s. f. dysury.

E, &, s. m. 5th letter of the French alphabet. EAU, o, s. f. water; rain-water, rain; wa-Eau, 0, s. i. water; rain-water; rain; water, gloss, lustre; river, lake, posd, stc., ruine; tears; juice. Eau rose, rose water. Eau-devie, brandy. Eau-régule, squa regalis. Eau de arrowange, soap suds. Couleur d'eau, blue or blue coloured. Porter de l'eau à la mer, to carry coals to Newcastle. Il tombe de l'eau, it rains. Faire de l'eau, to make water. A fleur d'eau, on a level with the water. Il semble qu'il ne sait pas troubler l'eau, he looks as demure as if butter would not melt in his mouth. Mettre de l'esse dans son vin, to cool or allay one's passion. Tout s'en est allé à veu l'eau, all is gone to wreck. Etre tout en ans, to be in a great sweat, be wet all over. Fondre en eas, to melt or dissolve in tears. Battre l'eau, to take soil (as a deer does.) Battre l'eau, to take soil (as a deer does.) Battre l'eau, to take soil (as a marine. V. Beril. Eaux et forêts, s. f. pl. jurisdiction over the forests and rivers, etc. Maître des eaux et forêts, chief justice in eyre.

Eau. s. f. Mar. water, etc. Eau changée, water the colour of which is altered by approaching the shore or otherwise. Ean douce, fresh water. Courant d'ean douce à l'embouchure d'un fleuve, fresh shot. Ean corrompue, stinking water. Eau salée, salt water. Eau saumâtre or saumache, brackish water. Eaux mortes, neap tides. Eaux vires, spring tides. Eau peu profonde, shoal water. Les eaux d'un bâtiment, the wake of a ship. Venir dans les eaux d'un bâtiment, of a ship. Venir dass les eaux d'un bâtiment, to come into a ship's wake. Mettre un bâtiment à l'eau, to launch a ship. Faire de l'eau, to water. Faire eau, to leak, make water. Faire une voie d'eau, to spring a leak. Nacire qui fait eau, ship that leaks, leaking ship. Eaux qui se trouceut en dessous du vangrage d'un bâtiment, et qui ont leur éconiement vers l'archi-pompe, bilge water. Il y a beaucoup d'eau dans cette passe, the water is very deep in this channel. Combien water is very deep in this channel. Combien y a-t-il d'eau à la pompe? what water is there in the well! Nous faisions 36 pouces d'eau par heure. We were making 3 feet water an hour. Un boulet entre deux eaux, a shot between wind and water. V. Aroir.

*EBAHT, E, adj. aghast, surprised, asto-

nished, amazéd.

*EBAHISSEMENT, å-bå-ls-men, s. m. surprise, astonishment, amazement.
*EBAHIR, (s') så-bå-ir, v. a. to admire, be

amazed, surprised, astonished.

EBARBER, å-bår-bå, v. a. to shave, strip (quills.) take off the rough edge of paper, to EBARBOIR, s. m. tool to take off the rough

edge of paper; scraper (of engravers.)
EBAROUI-E, adj. Mar. desiccated.
EBATS, &-ba, s m. pl. pleasure, sport, di-

rersion, pastime. *EBATTEMENT, & m. V. Ebats, play or room to move

EBATTRE, (s') så-båtr, v. r. (like battre)

to take pleasure, be merry, sport.

EBAUBI, E, &-bo-bi, bi, adj. astonished,

amazed.

amanco.

EBAUCHE, å-bôsh, s. f. first draught or rough beginning (of any work.) sketch.

EBAUCHER, å-bô-shå, v. a. to begin or make the first draught of, to sketch or rough-how.

EBAUCHOIR, å-bô-shwar, s. m. great hatchel (used by rope-makers,) great chisel (used by statuaries.)

EBAUCHER, å-bô-shwar.

*EBAUDIR, v. a. to cheer, make men *S'ébaudir, v. r. to be full of mirth, leap for

EBAUDISSEMENT, s. m. sport and mirth. EBE, s. f. Mar. ebb, ebb-tide, ebbing wa-

ter, low water.
Engag, a-ben, s. f. ebony, eben, ebon. EBENER, å-bå-nå, v. a. to stain wood like

ebony. EBÉNIER, å-bå-niå, s. m. ebony-tree. EBÉRISTE, à-bà-nès, s. m. cachipet-maker. EBÉRISTERIE, s. f. ebonis's trade or work. EBLOUIR, à-blòo-lr, v. a. to dazzle. EBLOUISSANT, E, à-blòo-l-cen, sent, adj.

dazzling.

EBLOUISSEMENT, & bloods-men, s. m.

dazzling; dimness of sight.

EBORGNER, å-bör-grå, v. a. to make

blind of one eye, put out one eye.

*EBOUFFER, (s') de rire, v. r. to break out into laughter, split one's sides with laughter. EBOUILLIR, &-blo-fir, v. a. (like bouiltir) to over boil, boil to rags.

EBOULEMENT, &-blol-men, s. m. falling.

tumbling or sinking down.

EBOULER, &-boo-la, v. n. S'ébouler, v. r to fall, tumble or sink down, fall to ruin.

EBOULIS, å-bôo-fis, s. m. rubbish. EBOURGEONKEMENT, å-bôor-zôu-mên, s

m. pruning of superfluous buds. EBOURGEONNER, &-boor-zo-na,v. a. to nip prune or take off the useless buds of vines, etc EBOURGEORNEUR, à-boor-20-neur, s. m.

nipper or pruner.

EBOURIFFÉ, E, å-bôo-rì-få, adj. dishevelled or put out of order by the wind.

EBOUSINER or EBOUZINER, v. a. to take off the soft crust of stones when fresh from the quarty.

EBRANCHEMENT, &-brensh-men, s. m. lopping, cutting off, pruning. EBRANCHER, a-bren-sha,

v. a. to lop, prune, cut the branches off.

EBRANLEMENT, å-brenl-men, s. m. shak ing, shock; trouble, fear. EBRANLER, å-bren-lå, v.a. to shake, move,

stagger; deter, bribe or corrupt. S'ébranler, v. r. to shake, stagger, make a motion, move; to give way (said of troops.) EBRE, s. m. Ebro (a river in Spain.)

EBRÉCHER, å-brå-shå, v. a. to break a piece (of a knife, etc.) make a notch or gap in. EBRENER, åbr-nå, v. a. to cleanse a child

from excrement.

EBRILLADE, s. f. ebriety, drunkenness. EBRILLADE, s. f. jerk with the bridle. EBROUENENT, s. m. snorting of a horse. EBROUER, (s') v. r to snort (as a horse.) EBROUER, v. a. to wach a piece of cloth EBRUITER, å-hrůl-tå, v. n to divulge. S'ébruiter, v. r. to be divulged, to get air EBUARD, s. m. very hard wooden wedge

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : roberrob, lord : mood, good.

EBULLITION, &-bu-ll-sion, s. f. ebullition, boiling up, breaking out (on the skin.) Ebullitions de cerveau, heats of the brains.

ECACHÉ, E, å-kå-shå, adj. pashed, squashed, beaten or bruised flat.

ECACHERENT, s. m. bruising, bruise. ECACHER, \$-k.k-shå, v. a. to pash, squash, beat or bruise, flat, crush. ECACHEUR, \$-kk-sheur, d'or, s. m. gold

beater. ECAILLE, a-kal, s. f. scale; shell (of fish.)

ECAILLER, R, a-ka-la, ler, s. m. & f. oysterman, oyster-woman.

ECAILLER, v. a. to scale (fish, etc.)

S'écailler, v. r. to peel off, scale.

ECAILLEU-X, SE, adj scaly. ECALE, a-kal, s. f. shell (of nuts.) ECALER, a-ka-la, v. a. to shell (nuts.) ECARBOUILLER, v.a. to squash, dash, crush. ECARLATE, å-kår-låt, s. m. scarlet. Ecar-

late cramoisie, scarlet dyed in grain. ECARLATIN, s. m. scarlet cider.

ECARLATINE, 8-khr-là-lb, adj. f. fièvre écarlatine, scarlet fever.

ECARQUILLÉ, E, adj. spread, opened. Marcher écarquillé, to walk straddling.

ECARQUILLEMENT, & kar-kll-men, s. m. spreading, opening, staring.

ECARQUILLER, & kar-kl-la, v. a. to spread

or open (one's legs). Ecarpailler les yeux, to open one's eyes wide, stare.

ECARRIR, V. Equarrir.

ECARRI, a-kar, s. m. ramble, stepping or going aside or out of the way; cards laid or thrown out. Faire un écart dans un discours, to ramble, make digression in a speech. Faire des écarts, to spend extravagantly, be extravagant. Faire son écart, to lay out one's cards, discard. A l'écart, out of the way, sside, apart, by one's self, in a by-place. Ecart, s. m. Mar. scarf. Ecart simple or curré, but and but or junction of the but-ends of two planks. Ecart slouble, scarf or two ends of timber laid over each other. Ecarts de l'étrave, scarfs of the stem. Ecarts de la

parille, scarfs of the keel.

ECARTE, E, å-kår-tå, adj. removed, dispersed, etc. Chemin écarté, by-way. V. Écarter. ECARTELE, E, adj. quartered. Il porte écartelé d'argent et sable, he bears quarterly

argent sable.
ECARTELER, å-kårt-lå, v. a. & n. to quarter (criminals,) also to quarter (in heraldry.)

ECARTEMENT, s. m. disjunction, separation. ECARTER, a-kar-ta, v. a. to remove, drive away, disperse, scatter; to discard or lay out one's cards. Ecarter du droit chemin, to put from or out of the right way, mislead. Secarter de son chemin, v. r. to go out of or lose onc's way. S'écarter de son sujet, to wander from the subject, ramble. S'écarter du hon sens, to swerve from reason. S'écarter du sentiment des autres, to be singular in one's opinions.

Ecck-номо, s. m. ecce-homo, (a picture in which J. C. is represented such as he was when Pilate presented him to the Jews.) It

when Phate presented and to the second a lair d'un ecce-homo, il fait comme un ecce-homo, he is in a deplorable condition.

Ecchymose, s. f. Ecchymosis, red spot.

Ecclisiaste, è-klà-zlast, s. m. Ecclesiastes. ECCLESIASTIQUE, e-kla-zlas-tik, a lj. ecclestastical reclesiastick, belonging to the church.

Ecclésiastique, s. m. ecclesiastick, clergy man, churchman; also Ecclesiasticus (an apocryphai book)

Ecclésiastiquement, ê-klà-zlàs-tikmen, adv. ecclesiastically, churchmanlike. Eccoprotique, adj. & s.m. & f. eccopro-

ECCRINOLOGIE, s. f. part of medicine that treats of excretions.

ECERVELÉ, E, å-sêrv-lå, adj. &. s. m. &

ECHAFAUDAE, å-shå-fö, s. f. scafföld; stage.
ECHAFAUDAGE, å-shå-fö, s. f. scafföld; stage.
ECHAFAUDAGE, å-shå-fö-dåz, s. m. making of scaffölds, or the scaffölds, scaffölding
ECHAFAUDER, å-shå-fö-då, v. a. to make

scaffolds. ECHALAS, &-sha-la, s. m. vine-prop.

ECHALASSEMENT, s.m. propping (of a vine.) ECHALASSER, a-sha-la-sh, v. a. to prop (a vine.)

ECHALIER, à-shà-lià, s. m. fence.

ECHALOTE, &-sha-lot, s. f. shalot or scallion. ECHANCRER, å-shën-krå, v. a. to hollow to cut or make hollow, cut sloping. ECHANCRURE, &-shen-krar, s. f. semi-cir-

cular cut, slope.

ECHANGE, å-shenz, s. m. exchange, chop

ping, bartering. Еснанден, å-sh-n-zå, v. a. to exchange, chop, swop, barter.

CECHANGEABLE, adj. that can be exchanged ECHANGEABLE, adj. that can be exchanged ECHANSON, a-shen-son, s. m. cup-bearer. ECHANSONNERIE, ā-shen-sōn-ri, s. f. king's wine-sellar, the king's butlers. ECHANTILLON, ā-shen-ti-lon, s. m. pattern,

sample. Echantillon, Mar. scantling, thickness of timber. Vaisseau foible d'échantillon, ship of slight timbers. Vaisseau fort d'échantillon, ship of thick timbers.

ECHANTILLOKNER, &-shen-ti-lo-na, v. a. to examine a weight or measure by the standard; cut out patterns.

ECHAPPADE, s. f. (in wood engraving) the

score made when the graver slips.

ECHAPPATOIRE, a-sha-pa-twar, s. f. eva sion, subterfuge, shift, come off, excuse.

ECHAPPEE, à-shà-pà, s.f. prank; also visto, (in a landscape.) Faire une chose par échap-Echappée, pées, to do a thing at odd times. Echappée, Mar. run. Ce vaisseau là a une belle échap-

pée, that ship has a clean run.
ECHAPPER, a-sha-pa, v.n. & a. to escape, get away or out, make one's escape. Echap-per un danger, to escape or shun a danger. Faire échapper un prisonnier, to favour a prisoner's escape. Laisser échapper une occasion, to let slip an opportunity. Cela m'est échappé de la mémoire, it has slipt my memory. Il lui échappa une parole, he let fall or he dropt a word: Il lui échappe quelque fois de dire la vérilé, he makes bold sometimes to speak the truth. Un esclave me donna un avis que je ne laissai point échapper, a slave gave me informa tion which shall not be thrown away. Laisser

champer in cheval, to give a horse the head.
S'echapper, v. r. to escape, go away, get
loose; to commit one's self. Le moi m'est échappé, I spoke it inconsiderately. Le mot m'a échappé, I did not understand, or hear it

ECHARDE, &-shard, s. f. prick of a thistle: also splinter.

ECHARDONNER, å-shår-dô-nå, v a to cut or pluck up thistles.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ECHARNER, v. a. to take from a hide the flesh that has been left on it.

ECHARNURE, s. f. remains of flesh taken

from a hide about to be cured.

ECHARPE, a-sharp, s. f. scarf, sash. Porter le bras en écharpe, to carry or have one's arm in a sling. Avoir l'esprit en écharpe, to be brain sick.

ECHARPER, &-shar-pa, v. a. to slash.

ECHARS, E, adj. niggardly. Echars, a-shar, adj. m. Mar. Vent échars,

shifting wind, wind that veers often.

*ECHARSEMENT, adv. niggardly. ECHARSER, a-shar-sa, v. n. Mar. to veer, change often.

Echasses, å-shås, s. f. pl. stilts. Есначвочье, е, å-shò-bòo-là, adj. full of

pimples.

Еснаивои Lure, å-shò-bòo-lùr,s.f.pimple. Еснаирк, å-shò-dà, s. f. kind of pastry. Еснаирек, å-shò-dà, v. a. to scald. S'єchauder, v. r. to burn one's fingers, smart. Chat échaudé craint l'eau froide, the burnt child dreads the fire

ECHAUDOIR, & sho-dwar, s. m. scalding

place or vessel.

ECHAUFFAISON, a-sho-fe-zon, s. f. over-ceating of one's self.

ECHAUPPEMENT, ashof-men. s. m. heating, over-heating.
ECHAUFFER, a.sho-fa,v. a.to heat or warm.

Cela has échanffe le sang, that provokes him or stirs up his passions; v. n. to grow hot. S'échanffer, v. r. to overheat one's self, grow hot; be angry.

ECHAUFFURER, a.sho-for, s. f. red pimple. ECHAUFFURE, a.sho-for, s. f. red pimple. ECHAUGUETTE, a.sho-get, s.f. watch tower.

ECHE, s. f. bait.

ECHEANCE, a-shadens, s. f. expiration.

Payer à l'écheance, to pay when the time is expired (when the money becomes due.)

EcHEC, 1-shek, s. m. check, loss, fatal blow, misfortune. Echecs, e-she, or jeu d'échecs, chess, game of chess. Donnes eche un roi, le tenir en échec, to check the king (at chess.) Echec et mat, check mate. Tenir en échac, to keep in awe, keep at bay.
ECHELETTE, s. f. little ladder.
ECHELLE, à-shèl, s. f. ladder; scale (of a

map;) sea-port or sea-port town. Echelle de ms, a stomacher of ribands. Après cela il

faut tirer l'échelle, nothing can be better. Echelle, s. f. Mar. Echelle de commandement, accommodation ladder. Grande échelle quarter deck ladder. Echelle de la dunette, poop ladder. Echelles de poupe or de corde d'arrière, stern or quarter ladders. Echelle hors le hord, gang-way, steps (nailed to the ship's side) or side ladder.

ECHELON, ash-lon, s. m. round of a ladder. ECHENILLER, ash-ni-ta, v. a. to rid of ca-

ECHEVEAU, ash-vo, s. m. skein.

ECHEVELÉ, E, å-shëv-lå, adj. dishevelled,

whose hair hangs loose.
ECHEVIN, ash-vin, s. m. sort of magistrate

(like an English sheriff or alderman.)
ECHEVINGE, ash-vi-naz, s. m. sort of sheriffalty or dignity and functions of an aldorman.)

ECHINÉE, a-shl-na, s. f. chine (of pork.) ECHINER, a-shi-na, v. a. to chine, to break the back; to kill, knock down, beat to death.

ECHIQUETÉ, E. S-shkish, adj. checked or checkered (in heraldry.)
ECHIQUIEM, & shl-kish, s. m. chess-board; exchequer. Ouvrage fait en échiquier, chequer-work. Arbres plantés en échiquier, trees planted chequer-wise. L'escadre ennemie court en échiquier. Mar. the enemy's fleet is standing on in a bow and quarter line.

Есно, a-ko, s. m. echo, rebounding sound. Есноїв, å-shwar, v. п. (see the table at choir) to expire or be out; to fall or fall out, chance or happen. Si le cas y échoit, if there

be occasion

ECHOMÉTRIE, s. f. echometry, art of mak-

ing echoes.

ECHOPPE, A-shop, s. f. stall; engraver's tool. ECHOUAGE, s. m. Mar. getting aground or being stranded, place where vessels may be run aground with a probability of greater safety.

Еснопі, z, adj. Mar. aground, on shore, stranded. V. Echouer.

ECHOUER, & shoo-a, v. n. & a. to run aground or on shore or against a rock, be stranded; put aground; also, to miscarry, be station of disappointed. It chouse dans tous ses desseins, all his designs miscarry or prove abortive. Faire echouer un vaisseau, to drive a ship ashore. Le vaisseau resta six heures échoué sur le banc, the ship remained six hours ashore upon the bank.

ECHU, E, a shu, shu, adj. (from Echoir) expired, out. Céla lui est échu par sort, that fell to him by lot.

ECIMER, a-si-ma, v. a. to cut off the top (of a tree.)

ECLABOUSSER, a-kla-boo-sa, v. a. to splash or dash mud about.

ECLABOUSSURE, &-klå-boo-sur, s. f. dirt or water one is splashed or spattered with. Eclaboussure, Mar. spray.

ECLAIR, 8-kler, s. m. lightning, flash of lightning. Il fait des éclairs, it lightens.

ECLAIRAGE, s. m. lighting of a town. ECLAIRGE, a-kler-sl, s. f. Mar. clear, clear spot (in a cloudy sky,) clear interval. Cette éclaircie au nord-ouest annonce une saute de rent, that clear in the north-west forbodes a shift of wind.

sout of wind.

ECLAIRCIR, å-klèt-sir, v. a. to clear, brighten, clarify; thin or make thin; instruct, inform or give information; clear, make out or plain, explain, unfold, resolve. S'éclaircir, v. r. to clear, clear up, become clear. S'éclaireir d'une chose, to inquire into a business, inform one's self about it.

ECLAIRCISSEMENT, à-klèr-sis-mên, s. m. clearing or making clear, explication or unfolding; light, insight, hint, eclaircissement, elucidation. Je reux avoir un éclaircissement arec hai, I will argue the case with him, I will call him to account. Un homme d éclaircissement, an exceptious or quarrelsome

ECLAIRE, s. f. celandine, swallow-wort, tetter-wort. La petite éclaire, the little celan-

dine, pile-wort, fig-wort.

ECLAIRÉ, E, å-klê-rå, adj. lighted, etc. ECHUNE, A-shin, s. f. chine, backhone, ridge lightsome or full of light; knowing, understand-bone. Cratté jusqu' à l'échine, dirty all over. ling, that has a great insight into things bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: field, tig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Nous étions éclairés par la lune, we had the moonshine.

ECLAIRER, A-klè-ra, v. a. to light, give light to, carry a light before; to watch, observe or have an eye upon; to shine; to illuminate; to enlighten; to distribute the light (in

painting,) v. n. to sparkle. Réclaire, it lightens. ECLAMÉ, adj. lame (said of a canary bird.) ECLANCHE, a-klènah, s. m. leg (of mutton.) ECLAME, 801, lame (sent or a canaly Date.)
ECLAMCHE, & klêrsh, s. m. leg (of mutton.)
ECLAT, & klâ, s. m. crash, clap or crack;
sudden and volcan toois; noise or clamour;
brightness, clearness, lustre. Eclat (de habits) gaiety; eclat, glory, pomp, splendour,
magnificence; burst, bursting. Eclat de bois,
splinter of wood. Eclat de pierre, fragment
or piece of stone flown off. Eclat de river
hunts of laughter. Des presones d'éclat, perburst of laughter. Des personnes d'éclat, per-

burs of laughter. Des personnes a ectal, persons of note, eminent persons.

ECLATANT, x, å-klå-ten, tent, adj. bright, shining, sparkling, glittering, great, transcendent, singular, notable, signal, glorious. Bruit éclutant, great noise, clap, crack or crash. Voix éclutante, piercing voice.

ECLATER, à-klå-ta, v. n. to crack, split, shiver fiv or break to pierces, to crash to

shiver, fly or break to pieces; to crash; to break out, come abroad, blaze out; to fly into a passion; shine, sparkle, glitter. Faire éclater, to show, discover, make appear. Eclater de rire, to burst or break out into laughter. laughter.

ECLECTIQUE, adj. eclectick, selecting at

will.

ECLIPSE, a-klips, s. f. eclipse.
ECLIPSER, a-klip-sa, v. a. to eclipse. S'éclipser, v. r. to be eclipsed or darkened, be in an eclipse; to vanish, get out of sight, disappear.

ECLIPTIQUE, & klip-tik, s. f. ecliptick.
ECLISSE, & klis, s. f. splint for a broken
bone; also cheese-vat or fat; side of a lute.
ECLISSER, & kli-sk, v. a. to splint, bind up

ECLISER, a and any with splints, ECLOPPE, x, å-klô-på, adj. limping, lame. ECLORE, å-klôr, v. n. (see the table at clore) to blow or open; to be hatched, peep out of the shell; to come to light, be discontinuous to be a batch (speakvered or known. Faire éclore, to hatch (speaking of eggs.) Le soleil fait éclore les fleurs, the sun makes flowers blow. Le jour vient d'éclore, the day breaks, it is break of day.

Ecrosion, s. f. the act of coming to light,

Ectoson, s. i. the act of coming to fight, hatching, blooming, etc.

Ectos, r., à-klò, klòz, adi. blown. V. Ectore.

Ectus, r., à-klòz, s. f. sluice.

Ectus, r., à-klòz, s. f. sluice full of water.

Ecobans, V. Ecubiers.

Ecofrai, s. m. cutting board.

Ecoinson, s. m. cornerstone of the chamfering of a door or window.

ECOLATRE, a-ko-latr, s. m. professor in

divinity.

ECOLE, a-kol, s. f. school or college. tites écoles, grammar-schools. Faire une école, to be pegged. Envoyer à l'école, to peg (at tricktrack.)

ECOLIER, E, &-kô-lia, lier, s. m. & f. scho-lar, school-boy, school-girl. ECONDUIRE, &-kon-dùir, v. a. (see the table at sire) to deny, refuse, shift off, reject. ECONOMAT, A-kô-nô-mâ, s. m. stewardship. ECONOME, a-kô-nôm, s. m. & f. steward, housekeeper, ruler of a family, one that has

the ordering of a house or family.

Econome, adj. frugal, saving, economical. Economie, a-ko-no-mi, a-f. economy, stewardship, ordering of a family, husbandry or arusanp, ordering or a ranny, nuscadry or housewifery, savingness, sparingness, thriftiness; economy, order, disposition, method, contrivance, constitution, harmony. L'économie de la loi, the dispensation of the law.

Economique, a-kô-nô-mik, adj. econo-

mical

ECONOMIQUE, s. f. science of economy. ECONOMIQUEMENT, &-kô-nô-mîk-mên, adv. sparingly, frugally, with economy. ECONOMISER, à-kô-nô-mî-2å, v. a. to ma-

nage with economy. ECOPE, h-kôp, s. f. sceop.

ECOPERCHE, s. f. machine to raise stones,

ECORCE, a-kors, s. f. rind or bark ; outside, outward show or appearance. Ecorce de gre-node, shell or rind of a pomegranate. Ecorce d'orange or de citron, orange or lemon-peel. ECORCER, à-kôr-sa, v. a. to peel, take off

the rind or bark.

ECORCHECU, Ex. Jouer à écorchecu, to play at dragging on one's seat along the ground.

A corchecu, against the grain, untowardly.

Econcher, å-kôr-shå, v. a. to flay or skin;
gall, peel off, peel or tear off the rind or bark; to exact from. Ecorcher les orcilles à, to grate the ears of. Ecorcher le latin, le français, etc. to speak broken latin or french, etc. cais, etc. to speak Druken mann or mean, en-il crie avant qu' on l'écorche, he is more afraid than hurt. S'écorcher, v. r. to tear off one's skin S'écorcher les fesses à cheval, to be galled on horseback

ECORCHERIE, &-kor-she-ri, s. f. slaughter-

house; tavern where charges are too high. ECORCHEUR, a-kor-sheur, s. m. flayer; great exacter, unreasonable man.

ECORCHURE, a-kor-shor, s. f. place where the skin is off or where one is galled, etc. ex-

coriation, chafing.

ECORE, s. f. Mar. precipice by the sea or a river side, very deep shore. Cote en écore or cote écore, steep or bold coast. V. Acore.

ECORNER, k. kör-nå, v. a. to break the

horns or corners off, impair, curtail, diminish. Il en a écorné quelque chose, he has got

a snip or something out of it.

ECORNIFLER, & kôr-nl-flå, v. a. to spunge
or shark, eat at the expense of others.

ECORNIFLERIE, & kôr-nlfl-rl, s. f. spung-

ECORNIFLEU-R, SE, å-kôr-nl-flèur, flèuz, s.
m. & f. shark, parasite, spunger, smell-fleast.
ECORNURE, å-kôr-nur, s.f. fragment taken

from a stone or piece of marble, etc. Ecosse, a-kos, s. f. Scotland.

ECOSSER, v. a. to shell peas, etc. ECOSSEU-R, sc. å-kô-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. man or woman who is shelling peas, etc.

Ecossois, z, å-kô-sè, sèz, adj. & s. Scotch, Scotch person.

Есот, å-kô, s. m. reckoning ; club ; trunk of a tree whose branches are lopped badly.

ECOTARDS, V. Porte-haubans.

ECOTER, v. a. to strip off the leaves of tobacco.

ECOUANE, s. f. kind of file used at the mint. ECOUANER, v. a. to file off and reduce to the standard weight (speaking of pieces of

Ecoux, adj. crop-tailed.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : énfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ECOURR, v. a. to dock or cut off the tail of ! (an animal.)

Ecount, s. m. Mar. sort of tack or rope tapering at one end. Ecouets de la grande voile, main tacks.

ECOUPLE, s. m. kite or puttock.

ECOUPLE, s. m. kite or puttock.

ECOUPLEMENT, a-kdol-mes, s. m. draining, running or flowing out; efflux, emanation, flowing or issuing from, illapse.

ECOULER, a-kdo-la, v. n. to run or flow out. Faire couler les eurs d'un étang, to tirain a pond. Faire écouler les eaux dans un antre a poud. Faire econor its enix aims with mar-endroit, to convey waters from one place to another. S'écouler, v. r. to go, slide or slip away; to couvey one's self away, to steal or slip away. Il s'est écoulé bien du temps, it is a long time since. Le temps est écoulé, the time is out or expired.

Ecoupe, s. m. broom to wash a ship. Ecoupegeon, a-koor-2011, s. m. species of barley.

ECOURTER, a-koor-ta, v. a. to crop (ears

or tail.)

ECOUTANT, E, adj. & s. hearing, hearer. ΕCOUTE, a. koot, s. f. private place for listoning; also listening nun. Etre αux écoutes, to listen, eaves drop, hearken privately; see écouter.

Ecoutes s. f. Mar. sheet (of any sail.)
Ecoutes de la grande voile, main sheets.
Ecoutes de voiles d'élai, stay-sail sheets.
Ecoutes du vent, weather-sheets. Ecoutes
argues, flowing sheets. Etre sous l'écoute
d'un bêtiment, to be within hail or under the lee of a ship. Il y a un brig sous notre scoute, there is a brig under our lee or within hail.

ECOUTER, a-koo-ta, v. a. to hear, give ear, ECOUTER, & kôo-la, v. a. to hear, give ear, hearken or listen to; mind, yield to, give audience or hearing to. Se faire écouter, to get audience. Il n'écoute que son emportement, he acts altogether by passion. Il écoute trop son mal, he norses himself too much. S'écouter, s'écouter parler, to hear one's self talk, have a formal slow way of speaking. S'écouter trop, to aurse one's self too much. Ecoute s'il pleut, s. m. a mill that goes only while the water contained between two sluiwhile the water contained between two sluices runs out. C'est un écoute s'il pleut, it is waiting for a dead man's shoes.

ECOUTEUR, s m. hearer, listener. Ecouteu-x, se, a-kôo-tèu, tèuz, adj. Ex.

Un cheval écouteux, a skittish horse. ECOUTILLE, à-kôo-th, s. f. Mar. hatchway hatch. Econtille vitrée, sky-light. Econtille d'arrière, after hatch-way. Econtille d'arant or de la fosse sur chior de la fosse aux câbles, fore hatch-way. Grande écoutille, main hatch-way. Ecoutille de la soute aux poudres, magazine hatch-way. Barres d'écoutille, hatch-bars. Fermer les écoutilles, to close the hatches. Mettre des listeaux aux panneaux des écoutilles, to batten down the hatches.

ECOUTILLON, s. m. Mar. scuttle. Econtillon à panneau, cap-scuttle.

*Ecouvette, s. f. brush.
Ecouvillon, a-kdo-vl-lon, s. m. malkin er mop (to sweep an oven with,) spunge (to clean a cannon with.)

Ecouvillonner, å-kôo-vî-tô-nå, v. a. to sweep (an oven,) to spunge (a cannon.)

ECPHRACTIQUE, adj. ecphractick. ECHAN, åk-ren, s. m. screen, fire fan

ECRASER, å-krå-zå, v. a. to squash, crusn to pieces, bruise; to ruin or undo. Nez écrasé. flai nose

ECRÈMER, à-crè-mà; v. a. to skim (milk,)

take off the cream from (the milk.)

ECRETER, v. a. to batter down or carry off the top (of a wall.)

ECREVISSE, akr-vls, s.f. cray-fish; lobster; Cancer.

ECRIER, (s') så-krih, v. r. to cry out, ex c aim. ECRILLE, s. f. enclosure made of burdles

and turfs to shut fish in a pond.

ECRIN, a-krin, s. m. jewel-box, casket. ECRIRE, a-krir, v. a. (see the table at crire) to write. Papier à écrire, writing paper.
ECRIT, E, a-kri, krit, adj. written, writ.

ECRIT, s. m. writing; paper or pamphlet; note under one's hand. Les écrits d'un auteur, the works or writings of an author. Mettre or rédiger par écrit, to write down,

commit to writing.

ECRITEAU, &-krl-to, s. m. bill; title or la-

bel; sign (of a house to be let, etc.)
ECRITOIRE, a-krl-twar, s. f. ink-born;

standish, escritoir.

ECRITURE, a-kri-tur, s.f. writing ; hand or hand writing. L'écriture or les écritures, the holy scriptures, holy writ, the bible. Les écritures (d'un procès,) the vritings (concerning a lawsuit.)

ECRIVAILLEUR, s. m. wretched author. ECRIVAIN, &-krl-vin, s. m. writing master: writer, author. Ecrivain de vaisseau marchand, supercargo of a merchant ship. Ecrirains de la marine, clerks in a dock-yard.

Ecrou, a-croo, s. m. nut, box or worm of a screw; jailer's book, register of imprisonments.

ECROUE, a-kroo, s. f. scroll or bill containing the particulars of the King's household

expense.

ECROUE, E, adj. entered in the jailer's book.

ECROUELLES, & kroodi, s.f. pl. king's evil ECROUELLEU-X, SE, adj. scrofulous. ECROUER, a-kroo-a, v. a. to enter into the

jailer's book. Ecrouer dans l'echiquier, to deliver by scrolls into the exchequer

ECROUIR, v. a. to cold-heat metal to make it more dense and elastick.

ECROUISSEMENT, s. m. the cold-beating of metal.

ECROULEMENT, å-krool-men, s. m. falling or tumbling.

ECROULER, à-krôo-là, v. n. to shake down. S'écrouler, v. r. to fall, tumble. Ecrouter, à-krôo-tà, v. a. to take off the

crust.

ECRU, E, a-krů, krů, adj. never whitened or washed, unbleached (said of cloth.) ECSARCOME, s. m. fleshy excrescence

ECTYPE, s. f. ectype, imprint (of a medal,

etc.)

Ecu, a-kû, s. m. crown or crown piece;
shield or buckler; escutcheon or coat of arms. Un home qui a beaucoup d'écus, un père aux écus, a monied man or a man well lined ECUBIERS, s. m. pl. Mar. hawse-holes. Tampons d'écubiers, hawse-plugs. Alonges d'écubiers, hawse-pieces. Plomb des écubiers,

hawse-pipes

ECUEIL, &-keul, s. m. shelf, sand or rock, shoal; rock, sand, stumbling block.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: floid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd; môod, gôod,

ECUELLE, &-kuel, s. f. porringer. Ecwelle

te cabestan, Mar. saucer of a capstern. ECUELLES, à-kôè-là, s. f. porringer-full. ECUISSER, v. a. to make a tree crash in

ECULER, & kd. lk, v. a. to tread down at the heel. Seculer, v. r. to run down at the

beel (shees.)
ECUME, å-kum, s. f. froth, foam; scum or dross. Jeter de l'écume, to froth or foam.
ECUMÉNIQUE, å-ku-mk-nik. V. O. Ecumé-

ECUMER, &-kū-mā, v. a. to skim or scum; to infest (the sext.) v. n. to froth or foam.

ECUMEUR, h-ru-meur, de mer, s. m. pirate.

Un écumeur de marmile, a spunger, potlicker.

ECUMEU-x, SE, å-kû-mên, mêuz, adj. foamy. ECUMOIRE, å-kû-mwkr, s. f. skimmer. ECURER, å-kû-rå; v. a. to scour, cleanse.

Ecureuit, & dd-real, s. m. squirrel.

ECUREUR, de puits, s. m. a cleanser of wells, et. Ecureus, night-man.
Ecureuse, s. f. char-woman, cleanser of

kitchen ware

ECURIE, a-ko-ri, s. f. stable, stabling; equipage.

Ecusson, h-kū-son, s. m. escutcheon or scutcheon, shield of a coat of arms, brass of a key-hole; small bag of stomachick powder; part of the shell of some insects. part of the shell of some insects. Ecusson d'ente, plaster of clay or wax to lay on a graft. Enter en écusson, to ingraft. Ecussonner, à Ad-sò-nà, v. a. to ingraft. Ecussonnoir, à Ad-sò-nà, v. a. to ingraft. Ecusson

ing knife.
ECUYER, & -kû-yê, s. m. equerry, master of
the horse (to a prince;) equerry; riding-massource; gentleman usher, were nouse (to a prince;) equerry; fiding-master; esquire or squire; gentleman usher, Ecuyer trunchant, carrer. Ecuyer de cuisine, the head or first cook.

EDRATÉ, E, à-dèn-tà, adj. toothless, that has lost one or more thank.

has lost one or more teeth.

EDENTER, å-den-tå, v. a. to break out the

teeth of (a saw, etc.)
EDIFIANT, E, å-dl-fl-èn, ènt, adj. edifying.
EDIFICATEUR, à-dl-fl-cà-tèur, s. m. build-

EDIFICATION, å-dl-fl-kå-slon, s. f. edifica-tion, building, improvement, edifying. Fai be se chapitre avec beamoup d'edification, I was very much edified by reading that chapter. Donner de l'édification, to edify, set a good example.

EDIFICE, A-di-ffs, s. m. edifice, building. EDIFIER, a-dl-fla, v. a. to build; to edify, build up in faith, improve in knowledge or good manners; to please, give satisfaction.

EDILE, a-di, s. m. edile (inspector of build-

ings and games amongst the ancient Romans.)
EDILITE, a-di-li-ta, s. f. office of an edile.

EDIT, \$-dl, s. m. edict, proclamation.
EDITEUR, \$-dl-teur, s. m. editor.
EDITEUR, \$-dl-slon, s. f. edition, impression,

publication or putting out of a book.

EDREDON, ads-don, s. m. down of certain northern birds, eider-down.

EDUCATION, a-dd-ka-slon, s. f. education. EDULCORATION, s. f. edulcoration, sweet-

EDULCORER, v. a. to sweeten.

EDUQUER, a-dd-ka, v. a. to educate (new

EFAUFILER, &-fô-fî-få, v. a. to pull out threads at the end of cloth, etc. to make wad-

ding.
EFFAÇABLE, å-få-såbl, adj. that may be

EFFACÉ, E, è-fà-sh, adj. blotted, scratched, razed or put out, defaced. Un écrit tout efface, a blind writing.

Effacer, & fa-sa, v. a. to deface, blot

raze, put or scratch out, wash away; disfigure; to eclipse or obscure, surpass; to blot out, pardon

EFFAÇURE, ê-fâ-sdr, s. f. blot, cross, dash or erasure (through any writing.)

EFFARER, v. a. to strip off leaves (of plants.)

EFFARE, R, adj. bewildered, aghast, that has a wild look with him.

EFFARER, e-fa-ra, v. a. to scare. S'effurer, v. r. to be scared, look wild.

EFFAROUCHER, ê-fâ-rôo-sha, v. a. to scare,

fright away, startle, make wild. Seffarou-cher, v. r. to grow wild, startle. EFFECTI-F. v. F. dek-th, siv, adj. effec-tive, real, effectual. Homme effectif, punctual man, man of his word.

EFFECTIVEMENT, è-fèk-dv-mên, adv. really, in effect.

EFFECTUER, ê-fêk-tûå, v. a. to effect, per-

form, bring to pass, put in execution.

EFFEMINE, E. C-fa-mi-na, adj. effeminate effeminated, womanish. Un effeminé, s. m. an effeminate man

Effémiken, e-få-mi-nå, v. a. to effeminate, enervate, soften.

EFFERDI, s. m. a lawyer among the Turks. EFFERVESCENCE, e-fer-ve-sens, s. f. effervescence.

EFFET, &-fe, s. m. effect, performance, deed, execution, intent, purpose, design, aler article of property (as a note of hand, draught, etc.) Remonter de l'effet à la cause; to trace up effects to their causes. Les bombes font plus effects to their causes. Les bombes font plus de bruit que d'effet, bombs make more noise than execution. C'est un pur effet de notre imagination, this is a mere product of our own fancy. Mettre en effet, to effect, do or perform, bring to pass. Ces paroles eurent un puis ant effet, these words prevailed very much or proved very effectual. Ceci fera un grand effet sur lui, this will go a great way with him. Ces tubleaux faisoieut un fort bet effet, these nictures made a very fine sight or effet, these pictures made a very fine sight or looked very well. Ces maisons font un très-bel effet, these houses yield a fine prospect. Cette fuite fit un très-maurais effet, that flight proved of dangerous consequence. Ces choproved of dangerous consequence. Ces consequences là font son vilain effet, those things look very ill. C'est par un effet particulier de la providence qu'il n'est pas noyé, it is a great providence that he was not drowned. Les effets d'un marchand, the effects, goc ds, or moveables of a merchant. En effet, in effect, really, indeed. Pour cet effet, à cet effet, therefore, to that end, to that purpose,

EFFEUILLER, è-feu-là, v. a. to unleave ;

strip of leaves.

EFFICACE, & fl-kås, adj. efficacious, effectual, powerful, forcible, prevailing.

EFFICACE, s. f. efficacy, efficaciousness, strength, operation, virtue, force.
EFFICACEMENT, & fl-kås-men, adv. effi-

cacious, effectually, with effect, forcibly.

bine, bit : jêine, mênte, bêurre . ênfint, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

EFFICACITÉ, è-fl-kà-d-tà, s. f. efficacy, ; force, virtue, im

Erricient, e.fl-sle, slent, adj. efficient. Erricie, e.fl-sl, s. f. effigy, licenes.

Errighe, & II-ill, v.a. to execute in effigy.

Erricke, & II-lll, adj.unravelled, unwoven.

Une taille effile, a long, thin, slender shape.

Errilk, a. m. fringe. Errilke, & fl-fl, v. a. Sefiler, v. r. to ravel or nawcave.

EFFILOGUER, v. a. to unweave a piece of silken stuff to make wasding.

EFFILURE, a. threads of cloth unravelled.

EFFILIPOUE, z., defined, adj. lean, thin

(of plants.)
EFFLORESCENCE, s. f. efflorescence EFFLUENCE, a. f. effluence, that which is-

s from some other principle.

EFFLUENT, R, adj. effluent, emanating. EFFONDREMENT, & fondr-men, s. m. act of

digging the ground and mixing manure with it.

EFFONDRER, d-fon-dra, v. a. to dig or break open, and at the same time manure; also to swag down, sink; (une porte) to break open; (une colaille) to gut or draw. S'effoner, v. r. to swag down, sink.

EFFORDRILLES, &-fon-dril, s. f. pl. grounds

EFFORCER, (s') se-for-sh, v. r. to strain, endeavour, strive, attempt or labour to com-

emocavour, strive, attempt or labour to compass. Beforcer à parler, ho endeavour to speak.
Beforcer de cacher, to strive to conceal.
EFFORT, ê-fôr, s. m. straining, endeavour,
attempt, effort. Il vous faut faire un effort
pour cele, you must use your endeavour; you
must strive with might and main, you must
do what hes in your power. Cheral qui a
pris un effort, foundered horse.

EFFRAYANT, E, &frêk-don, s.f. burgbary.

EFFRAYANT, 1 frightful, dreadful.

b

EFFRAYER, & fre yh, v. a. to fright, scare, startle or terrify. Errnene, z, e-frà-nà, adj. unbridled, un-

ruly, loose, immoderate.

Errnoi, è-sewa, s. m. fright, great sear, terror, consternation.

Еггновти, к, è-fron-tà, adj. & s. brazen faced, impudent, saucy; a brazen face. Effrontiment, e-fron-th-men, adv. im-

pudently, saucily, with a brazen face. EFFROFTERIE, è-front-ri, s. f. effrontery, brazen face, impudence, sauciness. Avoir de l'effronterie, to be saucy, or impudent or brazen faced.

EFFROYABLE, &-frwa-yabl, adj. frightful, dreadful, terrible, hidrous, horrible, extremely ugly, prodigious, extraordinary, huge Faire une effroyable dérense, to spend exgravagantly.

EFFROYABLEMENT, è-frwa-yabl-men, adv.

borribly, extremely, frightfully, prodigiously.

EFFUSION, ê-fo-zion, s. f. effusion or shedding or pouring out.

Effusion de bile, overfowing of the gall.

Effusion de cour, frank epening of one's heart.

Effusion d'esprits, wasting of spirits.

EFOURCEAU, s. m. a machine consisting

EPUNCKAU, S. m. a macaine consisting of two wheels, an axie-tree and beam (uses in corrying timber.)

EGAL, z., å-gål, adj. equal, alike, even, level, proportioned. Cole m'est tgwl, that is equal, indifferent, or all one to me.

EGAL, s. m. equal, one of equal : mak. A l'égul de, in comparison of, as much as, like. EGALEMENT, à-gàl-mên, adv. equally, alike, impertially.

ance, impartiany.

EGALER, h.gd-ld, v. a. to equal, make equal, match or make even, to be equal to or alike with, come up to; compare, put in competition with. Segaler d, v. r. to compare

one's self, enter into competition with.

EGALISATION, a.gd. fl-zd. dos, s. f. equalling or making shares equal.

EGALISER, A.gd. fl-zd, v. a. to equalise,

make the shares equal.

EGALITÉ, å-gå-b-th, s. f. equality, like-

ness, conformity, evenness.

EGALURES, s. f. pl. white spots on the back

of a bird.

EGARD, a-gar, s. m. regard, consideration, respect, account. Avoir égard à quelque Arous egard a quelque chose, to mind, regard or consider a thing.

A non egard, for my sake, upon my account.

En egard d, ayant egard d, considering. A

legard de, for what concerns, as for, as to, in
connection with comparison with

EGAR t. z., å-gå-rå, adj. strayed, wandering, out of the way, etc. Esprit égaré, wandering or rambling or unsettled mind. Des year egarés, wild looks.

year egures, with moss.

EGAREMENT, & gār-mēn, s. m. straying,
wandering or going out of the way; ill conduct, error, mistake.

EGAREM, & gār-ā, v. a. to put out of the
way; to mistay; to lead astray, bring into

an error. S'égurer, v. r. to lose one's way, wander or straggle, go from one's subject, not to know where one is (in a discourse;) to mistake, be in an error.

EGARROTE, E, adj. hurt in the withers.

EGAYÉ, E, adj. rejoiced, brisk, merry, ctc. EGAYER, a-ge-ya, v. a. to rejoice, make merry or brisk, divert, quicken; to quicken or brisk up, enliven; to top off so that the tree be not choked by its branches. Egayer du linge, V. Aigayer. Segayer, v. r. to grow brisk, make one's self brisk, divert one's self, sport. Un auteur qui s'egaye, an author that launches out into pleasant digressions. EGIDE, å-zld, s. f. Ægis, shield of Jupiter and Minerva.

EGLANTIER, A-glen-th, s. m. eglantine-

FIGURITIER, R-green-un, S. M. egranume-shrub or sweet briar, wild rose-tree. EGLENTINE, A-glen-du, S. f. wild rose. EGLISE, L-gliz, S. f. church. Humme d'église, churchman or clergyman, ecclesias-tick. Cour d'église, ecclesiastical court. EGLOGUE, à-glòg, S. f. eclogue. EGOGER, v. a. to take off the ears and tail of sheer-deire.

of sheep-skins. EGOHER, å-gô-le, s. f. hand-saw. EGOISER, å-gô-le, v. n. to egotize. EGOISER, å-gô-len, s. m. egotism. EGOISE, å-gô-let, s. m. éc, tegotist. EGORGER, å-gôr-zå, v. a. to cut the throat

of, kill, ruin. EGOSILLER, (s') så-gô-zì-få, v. r. to make

one's throat sore with speaking aloud or crying out.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ECUELLE, à-tuel, s. f. porringer. Ecuelle | de cabestan, Mar. saucer of a capstern.

ECUELLÉE, à-kôè-là, s. f. porringer-full. ECUISSER, v. a. to make a tree crash in felling it.

ECULER, å-kå-lå, v. a. to tread down at the heel. S'éculer, v. r. to run down at the

beel (shoes.)
ECUME, 1-kum, s. f. froth, foam; scum or ECUME, å-kům, s. f. froth, soam; scum or dross. Jeter de l'écume, to froth or foam.
ECUMÉNIQUE, å-ků-må-ník. V. OEcumé-

nique. Ecumer, å-kū-må, v. a. to skim or scum;

to infest (the sear.) v. n. to froth or foam. ECUMEUR, å-kå-meur, de mer, s. m. pirate. Un écumeur de marmite, a spunger, potlicker.

ECUMEU-X, SE, å-kû-mèu, mèuz, adj. foamy. ECUMOIRE, å-kû-mwar, s. f. skimmer. ECURER, å-kû-på; v. a. to scour, cleanse. Ecureuit, a-ka-real, s. m. squirrel.

ECUREUR, de puits, s. m. a cleanser of wells, etc. Ecureur, night-man.

Ecureuse, s. f. char-woman, cleanser of kitchen ware.

ECURIE, &-kû-ri, s. f. stable, stabling; equipage.

Ecusson, å-kå-son, s. m. escutcheon or scutcheon, shield of a coat of arms, brass of a key-hole; small bag of stomachick powder; part of the shell of some insects. *Ecusson* d'ente, plaster of clay or wax to lay on a graft. Enter en écusson, to ingraft.

Ecussonnen, å-kd-so-nå, v. a. to ingraft. ECUSSONNOIR, &-kū-sô-nwar, s. m. graft-

ing knife.
ECUYER, å-kd-yå, s. m. equerry, master of the horse (to a prince;) equerry; riding-master; esquire or squire; gentleman usher, Ecuyer tranchant, carver. Ecuyer de cuisine, the head or first cook.

EDENTÉ, E, à dên-tà, adj. toothless, that has lost one or more teeth.

EDENTER, à-dèn-tà, v. a. to break out the

teeth of (a saw, etc.)
EDIFIANT, E, a-di-fi-èn, ènt, adj. edifying EDIFICATEUR, à-dl-fl-cà-teur, s. m. build-

Edification, a-dl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. edification, building, improvement, edifying. Jai bu ce chapitre avec beaucoup d'édification, I was very much edified by reading that chapter. Donner de l'édification, to edify, set a good example.

EDIFICE, &-di-fis, s. m. edifice, building. EDIFIER, &-di-fia, v. a. to build; to edify, build up in faith, improve in knowledge or

good manners; to please, give satisfaction.
EDILE, a-dil, s. m. edile (inspector of buildings and games amongs the ancient Romans.)
EDILITÉ, à-dl-ll-tà, s. f. office of an edile.
EDILITÉ, à-dl-ll-tà, s. m. edict, proclamation.
EDITEUR, à-dl-tèur, s. m. editor.
EDITION, à-dl-slow, s. f. edition, impression,

publication or putting out of a book.

EDREDON, ads-don, s. m. down of certain northern birds, eider-down.

EDUCATION, å-då-kå-slon, s. f. education. EDULCORATION, s. f. edulcoration, sweet-

EDULCORER, v. a. to sweeten. EDUQUER, a.-du-ka, v. a. to educate (new

EFAUFILER, &-fô-fî-fa, v. a. to pull out threads at the end of cloth, etc. to make wad-

EFFAÇABLE, a-fa-sabl, adj. that may be effaced.

EFFACÉ, E, è-fâ-să, adj. blotted, scratch-ed, razed or put out, defaced. Un écrit tout effacé, a blind writing. EFFACER, è-fâ-să, v. a. to deface, blot raze, put or scratch out, wash away; disfigure; to eclipse or obscure, surpass; to blot out, pardon

EFFACURE, e-få-sår, s. f. blot, cross, dash or erasure (through any writing.

EFFARER, v. a. to strip off leaves (of

EFFARE, E, adj. bewildered, scared, aghast, that has a wild look with him.

Effarer, e-fa-ra, v. a. to scare. S'effarer, v. r. to be scared, look wild.

EFFAROUCHER, e-fa-rdo-sha, v. a. to scare, fright away, startle, make wild. S'effarou-cher, v. r. to grow wild, startle. EFFECTI-P. vz. é-lék-ilf, ilv, adj. effec-tive, real, effectual. Homme effectif, punc-

tual man, man of his word.

EFFECTIVEMENT, e-fek-uv-men, really, in effect.

EFFECTUER, e-fek-tůå, v. a. to effect, per-

form, bring to pass, put in execution.

EFFENINE, E, c-fa-ml-na, adj. effeminate effeminated, womanish. Un effemine, s. m. an effeminate man.

Efféminen, e-fa-mi-na, v. a. to effeminate, enervate, soften.

EFFENDI, s. m. a lawyer among the Turks. EFFERVESCENCE, e-fer-ve-sens, s. f. effervescence.

EFFET, ĉ-fê, s. m. effect, performance, deed, execution, intent, purpose, design, also article of property (as a note of hand, draught, etc.) Remonter de l'effet à la cause; to trace up effects to their causes. Les bombes font plus enects to their causes. Les tombes font plus than execution. C'est un pur effet de notre imagination, this is a mere product of our own fancy. Mettre en effet, to effect, do or perform, bring to pass. Ces paroles eurent un puis ant effet, these words prevailed very much or proved very effectual. Ceic ferum grand effet sur lui. this will go a great way grand effet sur lui, this will go a great way with him. Ces tubleaux faisoient un fort bei effet, these pictures made a very fine sight or looked very well. Ces maisons font in très-bel effet, these houses yield a fine prispect. Cette fuite fit un très-maircais effet, that flight proved of dangerous consequence. Ces choses là font un vilain effet, those things look very ill. C'est par un effet particulier de la providence qu'il n'est pas noye, it is a great providence that he was not drowned. effets d'un marchand, the effects, goods, or moveables of a merchant. En effet, in effect, therefore, to that end, to that purpose.

EffEuiller, ê-fêu-là, v. a. to unleave:

strip of leaves.

strip of leaves.

Efficace, 8-fl-kds, adj. efficacious, effectual, powerful, forcible, prevailing.

Efficace, s. f. efficacy, efficaciousness, strength, operation, virtue, force.

Efficacement, 8-fl-kds-men, adv. efficaciousness, with affact forcibly.

cacious, effectually, with effect, forcibly. .

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Efficacité, e-fl-ka-sl-ta, s. f. efficacy,

force, virtue, influence.

EFFICIENT, E, ê-fl-slên, slênt, adj. efficient.

EFFIGIE, ê-fl-zl, s. f. effigy, likeness.

Efficien, e-f l-zla, v.a. to execute in effigy. Effilé, e,ê-sî-là, adj.unravelled, unwoven. Une taille effile, a long, thin, slender shape.

EFFILE, s. m. fringe.

Effiler, e-fl-la, v. a. S'effiler, v. r. to unravel or unweave.

EFFILOQUER, v. a. to unweave a piece of silken stuff to make wadding. EFFILORER, s.f. threads of cloth unravelled. EFFILARQUE, E. d. den. As, adj. lean, thin

flanked, shrunk in the flank (said of horses.) EFFLANQUER, e-flen-ka, v. a. to make lean or thin flanked; to make smaller or thin.

EFFLEURER, ê-flêu-râ, v. a. to glance at or upon, touch but slightly or graze upon; run slightly over; to pluck off the flowers (of plants.)

EFFLORESCENCE, s. f. efflorescence.

EFFLUENCE, s. f. effluence, that which issues from some other principle.

EFFLUENT, E, adj. effluent, emanating. EFFONDREMENT, e-fondr-men, s. m. act of digging the ground and mixing manure with it.

EFFONDRER, e-fon-dra, v. a. to dig or break open, and at the same time manure; also to swag down, sink; (une porte) to break open; (une volaille) to gut or draw. S'effondrer, v. r. to swag down, sink.

EFFONDRILLES, &-fon-drl/, s. f. pl. grounds or sediment.

EFFORCER, (s') se-for-sa, v. r. to strain, endeavour, strive, attempt or labour to compass. S'efforcer à parler, to endeavour to speak.

Sefforcer de cacher, to strive to conceal.

EFFORT, è-for, s. m. straining, endeavour, attempt, effort. Il vous faut faire un effort pour cela, you must use your endeavour; you must strive with might and main, you must do what hes in your power. Cheral qui a pris us effort, foundered horse.

EFFRACTION, & firak-sion, s. f. burglary E, e-fre-yen, vent, adj.

EFFRAVANT, if

EFFRAVER, e-fre-ya, v. a. to fright, scare,

startle or terrify. Effranc, e, ê-frâ-na, adj. unbridled, unruly, loose, immoderate.

EFFROI, e-frwa, s. m. fright, great fear, terror, consternation.

Effronté, E, è-fron-tà, adj. & s. brazen faced, impudent, saucy; a brazen face.
Effrontiment, e-fron-ta-men, adv. im-

pudently, saucily, with a brazen face.

EFFRONTERIE, e-front-ri, s. f. effrontery, brazen face, impudence, sauciness. Avoir de l'effronterie, to be saucy, or impudent or brazen faced.

EFFROYABLE, e-frwa-yabl, adj. frightful, dreadful, terrible, hideous, horrible, extremely ugly, prodigious, extraordinary, huge Faire une effroyable dérense, to spend extravagantly.

Effroyablement, e-frwa-yabl-men, adv.

borribly, extremely, frightfully, prodigiously, extremely, frightfully, prodigiously. Eprusion, & fo.zlon, s. f. effusion or shedding or pouring out. Effusion de bile, overflowing of the gall. Effusion de cœur, frank opening of one's heart. Effusion d'esprits, vasting of one's wasting of spirits.

EFOURCEAU, s. m. a machine consisting

of two wheels, an axle-tree and beam (used in carrying timber.)

EGAL, x, k-gal, adj. equal, alike, even, level, proportioned. Cela m'est egal, that is equal, indifferent, or all one to me.

EGAL, s. m. equal, one of equal rank. A l'égal de, in comparison of, as much as, like. EGALEMENT, a-gal-mên, adv. equally,

alike, impartially.

EGALER, a-ga-la, v. a. to equal, make equal, match or make even, to be equal to or alike with, come up to; compare, put in competition with. S'égaler à, v. r. to compare

one's self, enter into competition with.

EGALISATION, å-gå-ll-zå-slon, s. f. equalling or making shares equal.

EGALISER, å-gå-ll-zå, v. a. to equalise,

make the shares equal.
EGALITÉ, à-gà-ll-tà, s. f. equality, like-

ness, conformity, evenuess.

EGALURES, S. f. pl. white spots on the back of a bird.

EGARD, a-gar, s. m. regard, consideration, respect, account. Avoir égard à quelque chose, to mind, regard or consider a thing. A mon égard, for my sake, upon my account. En égard à ayant égard à, considering. A l'égard de, for what concerns, as for, as to, in comparison with.

EGARÉ, z., å-gå-rå, adj. strayed, wandering, out of the way, etc. Esprit égaré, wandering or rambling or unsettled mind. Des yeux egurés, wild looks.

EGAREMENT, å-går-mên, s. m. straying, vandering or going out of the way; ill conduct, error, mistake.

EGARER, a-ga-ra, v. a. to put out of the way; to mislay; to lead astray, bring into an error. S'égurer, v. r. to lose one's way. wander or straggle, go from one's subject, not to know where one is (in a discourse;) to mistake, be in an error.

EGARROTE, E, adj. hurt in the withers. EGAYÉ, E, adj. rejoiced, brisk, merry, dc.
EGAYÉR, å-gê-yå, v. a. to rejoice, make
merry or brisk, divert, quicken; to quicken
or brisk up, enliven; to top off so that the tree be not choked by its branches. Egayer du linge, V. Aigayer. S'égayer, v. r. to grow brisk, make one's self brisk, divert one's self, sport. Un auteur qui s'egaye, an author that launches out into pleasant digressions.

launches out into pleasant digressions.

EGIDE, ā.zld, s. f. Ægis, shield of Jupiter and Minerva.

EGLANTIER, ā.glėn-tla, s. m. eglantineshrub or sweet briar, wild rose-tree.

EGLANTIER, ā.glèn-tlu, s. f. wild rose.

EGLISE, ā.glè, s. f. church. Homme d'eglise, churchman or clergyman, ecclesizatick. Cour d'église, ecclesiastical court.

EGLOGE, v. a. to take off the ears and tail

ECOGER, v. a. to take off the ears and tail of sheep-skins.

Egohine, å-gô-în, s. f. hand-saw. Egoliser, å-gô-î-zâ, v. n. to egotise. Egoisme, å-gô-î-sm, s. m. egotism. Egoiste, å-gô-î-st, s. m. & f. egotist. Egorger, å-gô-zâ, v. a. to cut the throat

of, kill, ruin.

EGOSILLER, (s') så-gô-zî-få, v. r. to make one's throat sore with speaking aloud or crying out.

bar. bat. base : thère ; ébb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

EGOUT, ê-gòo, s. m. sink or common sewer; running down or falling of waters; house eaves.

EGOUTTER, å-gôo-tå, v. a. s'égoutter, v. r. to drain, drain dry. Egoutter des fauberts, Mar. to wring swabs. Matelots du gaillard d'avant tenus à égoutter les fauherts, swabwringers.

EGOUTTOIR, à-goo-twar, s. m. drainer. EGRAPPER, v. a. to take off the grapes from the bunch.

EGRATIGNER, å-grå-ti-gnå, v. a. to scratch. EGRATIGNEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. scratch-

EGRATIGNURE, å-grå-il-gndr, s. f. scratch. EGRAVILLONNER, v. a. to loosen the dirt

(at the root of trees.)
EGRENER, a-gra-na, v. a. to shake or take out the grain (from the ear, &c.)

EGRILLARD, E, a small cage. EGRILLARD, E, a-gri-lar, lard, adj. & s. ert, sprightly, mettlesome, wanton, buxom,

ponds.)

EGRISER, a-gri-za, v.a. to grind (diamonds.) EGRISOIR, s. m. box for grinding diamonds. EGRUGEOIR, å-grd-zwar, s. m. grater. EGRUGER, å-grd-zå, v. a. to grate, scrape,

EGRUGEURE, s. f. grating. EGUEULER, å-gêu-lå, v. a. to break the gullet or neck of a bottle or pot, etc. S'égueuer, v. r. to cry out, bawl, squall.

EGUILLETAGE, s. m. Mar. seizing, racking EGUILLETER, v. a. Mar. to seize, rack.
Eguilleter un croc de palan, to mouse a hook.
Les rides de nos haubans sont-elles éguilletées partout? are the laniards of our rigging racked fore and aft?

Eguillettes des bosses, laniards of the stoppers. Eguillettes de carène, careening gear. V. Aiguillettes.

Eguptien, s. m. Mar. pintles. Egypte, s. f. Egypt. Egyptien, se, å-zlp-slên, slên, adj. EGYPTIEN, NE, a-zlp-slen, slen, adj. Egyptian, gipsy. V. Bohemien. EH, e, interj. ah! Eh bien? well, what of

him or it? what then?

EHANCHÉ, E, adj. hipped, hipshot. EHONTÉ, E, a-on-ta, adj. shameless, brazen faced.

EHOUPER, v. a. to cut off the top of (a

EJACULATION, å-zå-ků-lå-slon, s. f. ejaculation.

EJACULATOIRE, adj. ejaculatory. ELABORATION, s. f. elaboration. *ELABORÉ, E, å-lå-bò-rå, adj. finished with great art and diligence.

ELABORER, v. a. to elaborate.

ELAGAGE, s. m. the act of pruning. ELAGUER, &-la-ga, v. a. to prune, lop, top (trees.)

ELAGUEUR, s. m. one who lops or prunes trees

ELAN, &-lèn, s. m. elk. V. Elans. ELANCE, E, adj. shot. V. S'élancer. Cheval élancé, horse sprung in the flank. C'est une grande créature élancée, he or she is a tall Avant fort élancé, thin emaciated body. Mar. flaring bow.

ELANCEMENT, &-lèns-mên, s. m. shooting, twitch, pricking or pungency of a sudden pain. Elancement de dévotion, pious ejacula-tion, devout rapture. Elancement de l'étrave, Mar. rake of the stern. Vaisseau qui à beau-

coup d'élancement, ship with a raking stern.
ELANCER, v. n. to shoot. Le doigt m'é-lance, my finger shoots. S'élancer, sh. lèn-sh, v. r. to shoot, fling forward, give a jerk, leap,

run or rush violently.

ELANS, s. m. jerk, sudden motion, thrust or leap; also ejaculation, transport, violent motion, rapture.

ELARGIR, a-lar-zir, v. a. to widen, make wider, enlarge, extend, open, release or set at liberty. S'élargir, v. r. to widen, grow wider; enlarge one's ground. ELARGISSEMENT, a-lar-zis-men, s. m. en-

larging, widening; release or enlargement. ELARGISSURE, a-lar-21-sur, s. f. widening

piece.

ELASTICITÉ, à làs-il-sì-tà, s. f. elasticity. ELASTIQUE, à làs-tìk, adj. elastick. ELECTEUR, à lèk-têur, s. m. elector. ELECTIUR, à lèk-têur, s. m. elector. ELECTIUR, à lèk-sîon, s. f. election, choice. Jurisdiction of an assessor of taxes. Ruremi or chambre d'élection or des élus, office or court of the assessors of taxes (in France.)

ELECTORAL, E, å-lêk-tô-rål, adj. electoral. of or belonging to an elector.

of or belonging to an elector.

ELECTORAT, å-låk-tå-rå, s. m. electorship, electorate, elector's territories.

ELECTRICE, å-låk-trls, s. f. electoress.

ELECTRICITÉ, å-låk-trl-sl-tå, s. f. electricite.

city. ELECTRIQUE, å-lêk-trik, adj. electrick, electrical.

ELECTRISER, &-lek-tri-za, v. a. to electrify.

ELECTROMÈTRE, s. m. electrometer. ELECTUAIRE, å-lêk-tå-èr, s. m. electuary. ELEGAMMENT, å-lå-gå-mën,adv. elegant-

ly, finely, neatly.

ELEGANCE, a-la-gans, s. f. elegance, elegancy, neatness or politeness (of lan-guage, dress.) ELEGANT, E, å-lå-gån, gånt, adj. elegant,

fine, neat, polite. ELEGIAQUE, å-lå-zfåk, adj. elegiack, of

or belonging to elegy.
ELEGIE, a-la-2l, s. f. elegy.
ELEMENT, a-la-men, s. m. element. mens, elements, rudiments, grounds, or first principles.

ELÉMENTAIRE, &-là-mèn-tèr, adj. ele-

mentary. ELEMI, s. m. rosin.

ELEOSACCHARUM, s. m. oil incorporated with sugar.

Eléphant, å-lå-fen, s. m. elephant.

ELÉPHANTIASIS, S. f. elephantiasis. ELÉPHANTIN-E, adj. Livres éléphantins, ivory tablets of Roman laws. Leprous, relating to the elephant.

ELÉPHANTIQUE, adj. elephantine. ELÉVATION, å-lå-vå-slon, s. f. elevation, lifting up, raising, exaltation, height; rise, preferment, advancement; loftiness, sublimity of style, nobleness of expression; elevation of spirit, eminence, greatness of soul, elevated mind; front view of a building, elevation. Cette île a 50 degrés d'élévation, in this island the pole is elevated 50 degrees.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant. cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ELEVATOIRE, s. m. (surgical instrument) elevator.

ELÈVE, à-lèv, s. m. disciple, apprentice, scholar, púpil.

ELEVÉ, E, al-va, adj. raised, bred, educated, etc. lofty, high, excellent, great, eminent or sublime. Un as bre peu életé de terre, a tree a little above ground. Des joues un peu életées, cheeks a little puffed up.

ELEVER, al-va, v. a. to elevate, raise, raise up, exalt or lift up; to advance, prefer; to bring, raise or rear up; erect, build, set up; to educate; to puff up, make proud. Elever, Mar. to raise, heave, etc. Elever l'arcasse, to raise the stern frame. Elever quelgaven jusqu'aux nues or jusqu'au ciel, to extol one to the skies, cry one up. S'élever, v. r. to rise, arise, stand up, rebel, grow proud, be puffed up; to blister, rise in blisters; to ele-vate or raise one's style. S'élever, v. r. Mar. S'élever au nord, to get to the northward. S'élever dans le vent, to get to windward. Ce cutter s'élère bien à la lame, that cutter tops the sea

ELEVURE, al-vur, s. f. pimple or blister. ELIDER, a-ll-da, v. a. to make an elision; cut off.

ELIGIBILITÉ, a-fl-zl-bl-ll-ta, s. f. eligibi-

lity.

ELIGIBLE, å-fl-zbl, adj. eligible.
ELIMER, (s') så-fl-må, v. r. to wear out.
ELIMINER, v. a. to drive away turn out.
ELINGUE, s. f. Mar. slings. Elsagues à
pates, can-hooks. V. Hélingue.

pales, can-nooss. v. recurgue.

ELINGUERS, v. a. Mar. to sling.

ELINGUETS, s. m. pl. Mar. pauls or pawls.

Elinguets verticoux or perpendiculaires, hanging pawls. Cadre de charpente en potence
établic vers le milieu du vinclus, et où se fixent tes élinguets, paul bitts. Mettre les élinguets au

caleston, to pawl the capstern.

ELIBE, å-lr, v. a. (like live) to elect, choose.

ELISTO, å-lr-zlon, s. f. elision.

ELITE, å-lit, s. f. choice. Faire Pélite, to pick out, choose.

ELIMATION, S. f. elixation.
ELIMB, å-lik-sir, S. m. elixir.
ELLE, ël, pron. f. (feminine of il) she, her,
Elles, (in the plural) they, them.
ELLEBORE, ël-lå-bör, S. m. hellebore.

ELLIPSE, él-lîps, s. f. ellipsis. ELLIPTIQUE, é-lîp-tîk, adj. elliptical. ELME, V. Feu St. Elme. ELOCUTION, à-lô-ků-sion, s. f. elocution,

expression, style.
ELOGE, å-löz, s. m. eulogy, praise, encomium, commendation, panegyrick.
ELOIGNÉ, å-lwå-gnå, adj. removed, etc.

remote, far.

ELOIGNEMENT, a-lwagn-men, s. m. removal or removing; distance or remoteness; absence, separation; estrangement, aversion;

(of a picture) distant prospect, the distance.

ELDIGNER, a-lwa-gna, v. a. to remove or put away send a great way off; drive away, avert or dispel, to put off, delay, retard; to alienate, estrange. S'élonger, v. r. to remove, go away, go from: to forsake; to be wanting in, fail in; to ramble, make a digression. It ne s'élonger pas de cela, he seems willing to do it, he does not seem to be backward in it.

ELONGATION, s. f. elongation.

ELONGER, v. a. Mar. to lay along side of. come abreast of.

ELOQUEMMENT, å-lô-kå-mên, adv. eloquently.

ELOQUENCE, å-lö-kèns, s. f. eloquence. ELOQUENT, E. å-lö-kàn, kànt, adj. eloquent. ELU, E. adj. elected, chosen. *Un élu*, s. m. an elect; a general assessor of certain taxes, élue, assessor's wife.

ELUCIDATION, s. f. elucidation.

ELUCUBRATION, S. f. lucubration.
ELUDER, a-la-da, v. a. to elude, shift off,
rustrate or disappoint.

ELYSÉE, a-11-za, s. m. Les Champs-Elysées, les Champs-Elysiens, Elysium, the elysian fields.

Finall, a-mal, s. m. enamel. Peindre en émail, to enamel. Peinture en émail, enamelling or enamelled picture. émail, enameller.

EMAILLER, à mà-fà, v. a. to enamel. EMAILLEUR, à-mà-fèur, s. m. enameller. EMAILLURE, à-mà-fèur, s. f. enamelling.

EMANATION, a-ma-ua-slow, s. f. emanation, illapse, efflux. Emancipation, å-men-si-på-sion, s f

emancipation, setting free.

EMANCIPER, a-men-si-pa, v. a. to eman cipate, set at liberty. S'emanciper, v. r. to grow licentious, take too much liberty or too great a latitude.

EMANER, a-ma-na, v. n. to emanate, flow, issue, proceed or come from.

EMARGEMENT, s. m. the making of notes on the margin.

Emarger, å-mår-zå, v. a. to carry or state

on the margin, make a note on the margin. EMASCULATION, s. f. emasculation.

EMASCULER, v. a. to emasculate.

EMAUX, colours. Emaux, is also the plural of émail

EMBABOUINER, en-ba-bwl-na, v. a. to inveigle, draw in, deceive, wheedle or decoy with fair words.

EMBALLAGE, en-ba-laz, s. m. packing up, packer's fee.

EMBALLER, en-ba-la, v. a. to pack up; to banter, romance, tell stories.

EMBALLEUR, en-ba-leur, s. m. packer; liar, romancer.

EMBARQUER, (s') v. r. Mar. to come upon a fishing bank.

EMBARCADERE, s. m. Mar. small bight on the coast, (commodious for the landing and

shipping of goods.)

EMBARCATION, s. f. Mar. boat, small craft.

Les embarcations à la mer, hoist the boats out. EMBARDÉE, s. f. Mar. yaw. Faire une em-

bardée, to give a yaw. EMBARDER, v.n. to yaw, steer wide. Em-

barbe sur babord, yaw her to port.
EMBARGO, en-bargo, s. m. Mar. embargo,
Mettre un embargo, to lay on an embargo.

EMBARQUEMENT, en-bark-men, s. m. em barcation, embarking or shipping; also undertaking or engagement. Prendre un emdertaking or engagement.

barquement, Mar. to take shipping.
EMBARQUER, en-bar-ka, v. a. Mar. to embark, ship, put on shipboard; also to draw in, engage. Embarquer des troupes, to ship engage. Embarquer des troupes, to ship troops. Embarquer ses poudres, to take in one's powder. Embarquer un coup de mer, to ship a sea. Embarque les chalousiers. bar, bat, base : there; ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

EGOUT, ê-gòo, s. m. sink or common sewer : running down or falling of waters : house

EGOUTTER, à-gôo-tà, v. a. s'égoutter, v. r. to drain, drain dry. Egoutter des fauberts, Mar. to wring swabs. Matelots du gaillerd d'avant tenus à égoutter les fauherts, swabwringers.

EGOUTTOIR, a-goo-twar, s. m. drainer.

EGRAPPER, v. a. to take off the grapes from the bunch.

EGRATIGNER, å-grå-ti-gnå, v. a. to scratch. EGRATIGNEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. scratch-

EGRATIGNURE, å-grå-tl-gnår, s. f. scratch. EGRAVILLONNER, v. a. to loosen the dirt

EGRAVILLONER, V. a. to loosen the dirt (at the root of trees.)

EGRENER, a-gra-na, v. a. to shake or take out the grain (from the ear, &c.)

EGRENOIRE, S. f. a small cage.

EGRILLARD, E. a-gril-lar, lard, adj. & s. pert, sprightly, mettlesome, wanton, buxom,

hery; mettlesome spark, sprightly lass. EGRILLOIR, s. m. grate (to keep fish in

EGRISER, å-gri-zå, v.a. to grind (diamonds.) EGRISOIR, s. m. box for grinding diamonds. EGRUGEOIR, a-gra-zwar, s. m. grater. EGRUGER, a-gra-za, v. a. to grate, scrape,

pound.

EGRUGEURE, s. f. grating. EGUKULER, å-gêu-lå, v. a. to break the gullet or neck of a bottle or pot, etc. S'égueuler, v. r. to cry out, bawl, squall.

EGUILLETAGE, s. m. Mar. seizing, racking EGUILLETER, v. a. Mar. to seize, rack. Eguilleter un croc de palan, to mouse à hook. Les rides de nos haubans sont-elles éguilletées partout? are the laniards of our rigging racked fore and aft?

EGUILLETTES, s. f. pl. Mar. knittles, etc. Eguillettes des bosses, laniards of the stop-Eguillettes de carene, careening gear. pers. . Aiguillettes.

. Адашался. Eguillots, s. m. Mar. pintles. Egypte, s. f. Egypt. Egyptien, к<u>е, å-</u>zlp-slèn, slèn, adj. EGYPTIEN, NE, a-zlp-sièn, sièn, adj. Egyptian, gipsy. V. Bohémien. EH, è, interj. ah! Eh bien? well, what of

him or it? what then?
EHANCHE, E, adj. hipped, hipshot.
EHONTE, E, a-on-ta, adj. shameless, brazen faced.

EHADPER, v. a. to cut off the top of (a

EJACULATION, &-za-ku-la-slon, s. f. ejacu-

EJACULATOIRE, adj. ejaculatory.

ELABORATION, s. f. elaboration. *ELABORÉ, E. à-là-bò-rà, adj. finished with

great art and diligence.

ELABORER, v. a. to elaborate. ELAGAGE, s. m. the act of pruning. ELAGUER, a-la-ga, v. a. to prune, lop, top

ELAGUEUR, s. m. one who lops or prunes

ELAN, a-len, s. m. elk. V. Elans. ELANCE, E, adj. shot. V. S'elancer. Cheval élancé, horse sprung in the flank. C'est une grande créature élancée, he or she is a tall thin emaciated body. Avant fort clance, Mar. flaring bow.

ELANCEMENT, &-lens-men, s. m. shooting. twitch, pricking or pungency of a sudden pain. Elancement de dévotion, pious ejacula-tion, devout rapture. Elancement de l'étrare, Mar. rake of the stern. Vaisseau qui à beau-

coup d'élancement, ship with a raking stern. ELANCER, v. n. to shoot. Le doigt m'é-lance, my finger shoots. S'élancer, sh.lèn-sh, v. r. to shoot, fling forward, give a jerk, leap,

run or rush violently.

ELANS, s. m. jerk, sudden motion, thrust or leap; also ejaculation, transport, violent mo-

tion, rapture.

ELARGIR, å-lår-zår, v. a. to widen, make wider, enlarge, extend, open, release or set at liberty. S'elargir, v. r. to widen, grow wider; enlarge one's ground. ELARGISSEMENT, a-lar-21s-men, s. m. en-

larging, widening; release or enlargement. ELARGISSURE, a-lar-21-sur, s. f. widening

piece.

ELASTICITÉ, à làs-il-sì-tà, s. f. elasticity.
ELASTIQUE, à làs-ilk, adj. elastick.
ELECTEUR, à lèk-tèur, s. m. elector.
ELECTI-F, v. F. à-lèk-tìf, tiv, adj. elective.
ELECTION, à lèk-sòon, s. f. election, choice. Jurisdiction of an assessor of taxes. Rureau or chamire d'élection or des élus, office or court of the assessors of taxes (in France.) ELECTORAL, E, à-lêk-tô-râl, adj. electoral,

of or belonging to an elector.

ELECTORAT, å-lêk-tô-rå, s. m. elector-

ship, electorate, elector's territories.

ELECTRICE, à-lèk-trls, s. f. electoress.

ELECTRICITÉ, à-lèk-trl-sl-tà, s. f. electri-

ty. Electrique, å-lêk-trîk, adj. electrick, electrical.

ELECTRISER, &-lek-tri-za, v. a. to electrify.

ELECTROMÈTRE, s. m. electrometer. ELECTUAIRE, à-lêk-jû-èr, s. m. electuary. ELEGAMMENT, à-là-gà-mên, adv. elegant-

ly, finely, neatly. ELEGANCE, a-la-gans, s. f. elegance, elegancy, neatness or politeness (of language, dress.)

ELEGANT, E, å-lå-gån, gånt, adj. elegant, fine, neat, polite.

ELEGANT, E, å-lå-gån, gånt, adj. elegant, fine, neat, polite.

ELEGIAQUE, a-la-ziak, adj. elegiack, of

or belonging to elegy.

ELÉGIE, a-la-2l, s. f. elegy.

ELÉMENT, a-la-mên, s. m. element. mens, elements, rudiments, grounds, or first principles.

ELÉMENTAIRE, a-la-men-ter, adj. ele-

mentary. Elémi, s. m. rosin.

ELÉOSACCHARUM, s. m. oil incorporated with sugar.

Eléphant, å-lå-fèn, s. m. elephant.

ELÉPHANTIASIS, s. f. elephantiasis. ELÉPHANTIN-E, adj. Livres éléphantins, ELEPHANTIN-E, adj. Livres elephantins, ivory tablets of Roman laws. Leprous, relating to the elephant.

ELEPHANTIQUE, adj. elephantine. ELEVATION, å-lå-vå-slon, s. f. elevation, lifting up, raising, exaltation, height; rise, preferment, advancement; lostiness, sublimiiy of style, nobleness of expression; elevation of spirit, reminence, greatness of soul, elevated mind; front view of a building, elevation.

Cette fle a 50 degrés d'élévation, in this island the pole is elevated 50 degrees.

buse, but: icune, meute, beurre: cufant, cent, lieu: vin: mon: brun.

ELEVATOIRE, s. m. (surgical instrument) elevator.

ELEVE, a-lev, s. m. disciple, apprentice,

scholar, pupil.

ELEVÉ, E, al-va, adj. raised, bred, educated, etc. losty, high, excellent, great, eminent or sublime. Un as bre peu élevé de terre, a tree

a little above ground. Des joues un peu élevées, cheeks a little puffed up.
ELEVER, ål-vå, v. a. to elevate, raise, raise up, exalt or lift up; to advance, prefer; to bring, raise or rear up; erect, build, set up; to educate; to puff up, make proud. Elever, Mar. to raise, heave, etc. Elever l'arcasse, to raise the stern frame. Elever quelqu'un jusqu'aux nues or jusqu'au ciel, to extol one to the skies, cry one up. S'elever, v. r. to rise, arise, stand up, rebel, grow proud, be puffed up; to blister, rise in blisters; to elevate or raise one's style. S'elever, v. r. Mar. S'élever au nord, to get to the northward. S'élever dans le vent, to get to windward. Ce cutter s'élère bien à la lame, that cutter tops the sea well.

ELEVURE, ål-vur, s. f. pimple or blister. ELIDER, å-ll-då, v. a. to make an elision; cut off.

ELIGIBILITÉ. &-II-zl-bl-ll-tà. s. f. eligibi-

lity

lity.

ELIGIBLE, à-fl-zlbl, adj. eligible.

ELIMER, (s') sà-fl-mà, v. r. to wear out.

ELIMER, v. a. to drive away, turn out.

ELIMER, v. a. to drive away, turn out.

ELIMEUE, s. f. Mar. alings. Elimeues à pales, can-hooks. V. Hélingue.

ELIMEUER, v. a. Mar. to sling.

Elimeuets ereticans or perpendiculaires, hanging pawls. Cadre de charpente en potence établic vers le malieu du vindas, et où se fixent es élimeuets, paul bits. Métre les élimeutes au tes élinguets, paul bitts. Mettre les élinguets au calestan, to pawl the capstern.
ELIER, a-lir, v. a. (like live) to elect, choose.
ELIER, a-lir, v. a. (like live) to elect, choose.
ELIER, a-lit, s. f. choice. Faire Pélite, to

pick out, choose.

ick out, choose, ELIXATION, S. f. elixation.

ELIXATION, S. f. elixation.

ELIXIR, å-fik-sir, s. m. elixir.

ELLE, ël, pron. f. (feminine of il) she, her,

. Elles, (in the plural) they, them.

ELLEBORR, ël-là-bôr, s. m. hellebore.

ELLIPIQUE, ël-fip-dk, adj. elliptical.

ELME, V. Feu St. Elme.

ELOCUTION, å-lò-kù-sion, s. f. elocution, style.

expression, style.
ELOGE, \$-10z, s. m. eulogy, praise, encomium, commendation, panegyrick.
ELOGE, \$-1wa-gna, ad]. removed, etc.

remote, far.

ELOIGNEMENT, a-lwagn-men, s. m. removal or removing; distance or remoteness; absence, separation; estrangement, aversion;

(of a picture) distant prospect, the distance.

ELOIGNER, &-lwa-gna, v. a. to remove
or put away send a great way off; drive away,
avert or dispel, to put off, delay, retard; to alienate, estrange. S'éloigner, v. r. to re-move, go away, go from: to forsake; to be wanting in, fail in: to ramble, make a digression. It ne s'éloigne pas de cela, he seems willing to do it, he does not seem to be backward in it.

ELONGATION, s. f. elongation.

ELONGER, v. a. Mar. to lay along side of. come abreast of.

ELOQUEMMENT, å-lô-kå-mên. adv. alo-

quently.

ELOQUENCE, A-10-kèns, s. f. eloquence. ELOQUENT, E. A-10-kàn, kànt, adj. eloquent. ELU, E. adj. elected, chosen. *Un élu*, s. m. an elect; a general assessor of certain taxes. élue, assessor's wife.

ELUCIDATION, s. f. elucidation.

ELUCUBRATION, S. f. lucubration.
ELUDER, å-lå-då, v. a. to elude, shuft off,
rustrate or disappoint.

ELYSER, 1-11-21, s. m. Les Champs-Elysées, les Champs-Elysiens, Elysium, the elysian fields

himail, a-mal, s. m. enamel. Peindre en émail, to enamel. Peinture en émail, enamelling or enamelled picture. Peintre en émail, enameller.

EMAILLEUR, &-mà-fà, v. a. to enamel. EMAILLEUR, &-mà-fèur, s. m. enameller. EMAILLURE, &-mà-fòr, s. f. enamelling.

EMANATION, &-ma-ua-slow, s. f. emanation,

illapse, efflux. Emancipation, a-men-sl-pa-slon, s f

emancipation, setting free.

EMANCIPER, a-men-sl-pa, v. a. to emancipate, set at liberty. S'emanciper, v. r. to grow licentious, take too much liberty or too great a latitude.

EMANER, å-må-nå, v. n. to emanate, flow, issue, proceed or come from.

EMARGEMENT, s. m. the making of notes on the margin.

EMARGER, a-mar-za, v. a. to carry or state on the margin, make a note on the margin. EMASCULATION, s. f. emasculation.

EMASCULER, v. a. to emasculate.

EMAUX, colours. Emaux, is also the plural

of émail
EMBABOUINER, èn-ba-bwl-na, v. a. to inveigle, draw in, deceive, wheedle or decoy with fair words.

EMBALLAGE, en-bå-låz, s. m. packing up, packer's fee.

EMBALLER, en-ba-la, v. a. to pack up ; to banter, romance, tell stories.

EMBALLEUR, en-ba-leur, s. m. packer: liar, romancer.

EMBARQUER, (s') v. r. Mar. to come upon a fishing bank.

EMBARCADERE, s. m. Mar. small bight on the coast, (commodious for the landing and

EMBARCATION, s. f. Mar. boat, small craft.

Les embarcations à la mer, boist the boats out.

EMBARDÍE, s. f. Mar. yaw. Faire une embardée, to give a yaw. EMBARDER, v.n. to yaw, steer wide. Em-

barbe sur bábord, yaw her to port.
En BARGO, èn-bar-gò, s. m. Mar. embargo,
Mettre un embargo, to lay on an embargo.

EMBARQUEMENT, èn-bark-men, s. m. em

barcation, embarking or shipping; also un-dertaking or engagement. Prendre un embarquement, Mar. to take shipping. Embarquer, en-bar-ka, v. a. Mar. to em-

bark, ship, put on shipboard; also to draw in, engage. Embarquer des troupes, to ship engage. Embarquer des troupes, to ship troops. Embarquer ses poudres, to take in one's powder. Embarquer un coup de mer, to ship a sea. Embarque les chalousiers. bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

man the launch. Embarquer les canots, to hoist the boats in. Embarque du pompeé, pompeys away, (general warning given by the cock-swain, etc. of a French boat, when on shore, to signify to the officers and crew of the ship, that the boat is about to put off.) S'embarquer, v. r. to embark, take ship or shipping; also to engage, undertake. Je m'embarquui à Nantes, I took shipping at Nantz. L'eau qui s'embarquoit par notre but-terie basse nous força d'en cesser le feu, the water that came in below obliged us to leave off firing our lower deck guns.

EMBARRAS, en-ba-ra, s. m. stop, crowd in a

way or passage; confusion, disorder, intricacy, embarrassment, crowd; trouble, incumbrance; puzzle, perplexity; impediment, hinderance.

EMBARRASSANT, E, en-ba-ra-sen, sent, adj. troublesome, cumbersome, perplexing, puzzling.

EMBARRASSÉ, E, adj. cumbered, etc. Etre embarrassé de sa personne, not to know what to do with one's self.

EMBARRASSER, èn-bh-rà-sà, v. a. to embarrass, cumber, stop; to perplex, intricate, confound; to clog, hinder, trouble, pester, encumber, to puzzle, confound, put to a nonplus or to a stand. S'embarrasser, v.r. to be puz-zled or perplexed; to confound one's self, be at a stand; to entangle one's self, engage. Sa tête s'embarrasse, he begins to be light-headed.

EMBARRER, (s') v. r. to get one's foot engaged in the pole that separates two horses. EMBATAGE, s. m. covering of the felloes of a wheel with bands of iron.

EMBATER, en-ba-ta, v. a. to put a pack saddle on, saddle (with something troublesome.)

EMBATONNER, v. a. to arm with a cudgel. EMBATRE, v. a. (like buttre but only with one t,) to cover the felloes of a wheel with hands of iron.

EMBATTES, s. m. pl. regular winds which blow in the Mediterranean after dogdays are

EMBOUCHAGE, s. m. the decoying of a man to enlist him as a soldier.

EMBAUCHER, cn-bo-sha, v. a. to engage a workman; aiso to entice (a man) to enlist as a soldier.

EMBAUCHEU-R, SE, en-bo-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. one that employs journeymen or decoys men to enlist as soldiers; also setter among sharpers.

EMBAUMEMENT, en-bom-men, s. m. em-

halming. EMBAUMER, èn-bò-må, v. a. to embalm.

Embéguiné, r., èn-bà-gi-nå, adj. muffi-n'.

up: also taken or infatuated or bewitched (with a thing or person.)

Embéguiner, v. a. to wrap or muffle up the head of, to infatuate or bewitch. S'embeguiner, to be taken or infatuated or be-

witched, (with a person, an opinion, etc.)

Enbellin, en-be-fir, v. a. to set off or set out, adorn, embellish, beautify, grace. Embellir, v. n. and S'embellir, to grow handsome or handsomer.

EMBELLISSEMENT, en-be-lis-men, embellishment, ornament, set off or setting off,

embellishing, beautifying.

*Emberl Quer, (s') v. r. to muffle one's self up.

*EMBERLUCOQUER, (s') v. r. to be foud of an opinion.

Embisogné, E, adj. busy.

EMBLAVER, en-bla-va, v. a. to sow with

EMBLAVURE, cn-bla-vur, s. f. piece of land sown with wheat.

EMBLÉE, (D') d'en-bla, adv. Ex. Prendre une ville d'emblée, to take a town at the first brunt or onset or without any opposition Emporter une affaire d'emblée, to bring a thing about quickly or in a trice

EMBLEMATIQUE, en-bla-ma-tik, adv. em blematick, emblematical.

EMBLEME, en-blem, s. m. emblem.
"Embler, v. n. to steal, purloin, take away. EMBOIRE, v. n. (like boire) to imbibe, soak

Emboiser, en-bwa-za, v. a. to gull, inveigle, draw in, decoy, deceive by fair words. Emboiseu-R, sr, en-bwa-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. inveigler.

Emboité, E, adj. put up in a box, jointed, set in.

EMBOÎTEMENT, ên-bwat-mên, s.m. jointing. Emsolten, en-bwa-th, v. a. to put in a box also to joint a thing into another, set or put

S'emboiter, v. r. to be jointed, set in.
Emboiture, en-bwa-tur, s. f. joint.
Embolisme, s. m. embolism, intercalation. Embolismique, adj. intercalary.

EMBONPOINT, en-bon-pwin, s. n. good case, good plight of the body, fleshiness. Per-

dre son embonpoint, to fall away.
EMBORDURE, E, adj. framed. Un tableau emborduré, a picture in a frame.

EMBORDURER, en-bor-do-ra, v. a. to put in a frame.

EMBOSSER un vaisseau, Mar. to bring the broadside of a ship to bear upon a fort or another ship, by clapping a spring upon the cable. S'embosser, v. r. to clap a spring on one's cable.

EMBOSSURE, s. f. Mar. spring. bossure, to clap a spring on the cable.

EMBOUCHEMENT, en-boosh-men, s. m. mouthing, putting a bit into a horse's mouth.

EMBOUCHER, en-boosha, v. a. to put in-to the mouth, bit, put the bit into a horse's mouth; (a wind instrument) to set to one's mouth. Emboucher quelqu'un, to instruct or prepare one beforehand, give one his cue, put words into one's mouth. S'emboucher, v. r. to fall, empty, discharge or disembogué itself (as a river does.)

EMBOUCHOIR, en-boo-shwar,s. m. boot-last. boot-tree; the small end of a trumpet or horn.

EMBOUCHURE, en-boo-shur, s. f. mouth or entrance (of a river;) muzzle, mouth, etc.; (of a wind instrument) mouth-piece or method of blowing; (of a candlestick) socket; bit (of a bridle.)

EMBOUDINURE, s. f. Mar. puddening (or an anchor.)

EMBOUER, v. a. to dirty with mud. EMBOUQUER, v. n. Mar. to enter into a strait or passage between several islands, etc.

EMBOURBER, 'n-boor-ba, v. a. to mire, put in the mire or mud. S'embourber, v. r. to be mired, stick or sink in the mire or mud; to engage in a dirty affair; to sink (in vice.) (dans la philosophie de l'école) to pester one's self (with school philosophy)

bose, bût : jêune, mêute, beurre : estant, cent, lies : vis : mos : brus.

EMBOURRER, en-boo-ra, v. a. to stuff (a chair, etc.)

EMBOURRURE, s. f. stuffing of a chair, etc.

EMBOURSEMENT, cn-boors-men, s. m. pocketing, putting into the purse or pocket.

EMBOURSER, cn-boor-sa, v. a. to purse or

pocket up, put or lay up in a purse or pocket.

Emboutir, en-boo-tir, v. a. to work upon

a stamp.

EMBRAQUER, v. a. Mar. to haul taught. Embraque le mou du câble, heave in the slack of the cable. Embruque l'amure de revers de rusaine, shorten in the lee fore tack.

EMBRASHMENT, en-braz-men, s. m. great fire, conflagration, violent burning; flames; combustion, disorder (in a state.)

EMBRASER, en-bra-zh, v. a. to fire, set on fire; inflame or burn. S'embraser, v. r. to

take fire, burn, be on fire, be inflamed.

Embrassade, en-bra-sad, s. m. embrace,

Embrassement, ėn-bras-mėn, s. m. em-

brace or embracing.

EMBRASSER, en-bra-sa, v. a. to fold in one's arms, embrace or hug; to encompass or environ; to comprehend, contain, include; (une affaire) to undertake or take upon one's self; (la querelle de quelqu'un) to espouse; (une opinion) to embrace or favour an opinion. Embrasser le parti de quelqu'un, to take one's part, side with one. Embrasser la profesion des armes, to choose the army, turn soldier.

EMBRASURE, en-brà zur, s. f. port-hole, embrasure, battlement; (de porte or de fenétre) chamfering.

EMBRENER, v. a. to befoul with excre-

EMBROCATION, s. f. embrocation, fomen-

EMBROCHER, èn-bro-sha, v. a. to spit or put upon the spit; to run through the body. EMBROMER, v. a. Mar. to marl.

EMBROUILLEMENT, en-brool-men, s. m.

confusion, perplexity, intricacy.

EMBROUILLER, en-broods, v. a. to embroil, perplex, entangle, confound. S'embroniller, v. r. to be embarrassed or perplexed.

EMBRUINER, èn-brûl-nå, v. r. to blast. Embrumé, r, èn-brû-må, adj. m. & f. fog-

S'embrumer, v. r. Mar. Ex. L'horizon s'em-

brume, the horizon is getting foggy.

Embryon, en-bri-on, s. m. embryo. Petit

embryon, dwarf, shrimp.

Embu, E, adj. (from Emboire) imbibed,

Емвисне, ės-būsh, s. f. ambush. Емвиссаре, ės-būs-kūd, s. f. ambuscade. Емвисодия, (г') sės-būs-kū, v. r. to lie in ambush or in wait.

EMERDER, v. a. (law term) to amend.

EMERDER, v. a. (law term) to amend.

EMERGERT, & mer-zen, adj. emergent.

EMERI OF EMERIL, & m.-rl, s. m. emery.

EMERILLON, & m.-rl-lon, s. m. mertin (a bird.) also large fishing hook.

EMERILLONNÉ, R, adj. brisk, sprightly,

erry, jovial, gay. Energre, a-ma-rit, adj. retiring from service to enjoy the aonours and rewards due to is merit

EMERSION, &-mer-slow, s. f. emersion.

EMERVEILLER, å-mer-ve-fa, v. a. to to tonish, surprise, amnze. S'émerceiller, v. r. to wonder, to marvel.

EMETIQUE, &-ma-tik, adj. & s. m. emetick EMÉTISER, v. a. to mix emetick in some drink, also to administer an emetick.

EMETTRE, v. a. to utter (an opinion, mo-

ney, etc.)
EMEUT, s. m. mute or muting (excrement

of hawks.) EMEUTE, a-meut, s. f. commotion, rising,

insurrection, uproar. EMEUTIR, v. n. to mute or dung as a hawk

does; to ask preferment (in the order of Mal-

ta.) Emier, å-ml-å, v. a. S'émier, v. r. to cram-

EMIETTER, å-mie-tå, v. a. S'émietter, v. r. to crumble (bread.)

EMIGRANT, E, &-ml-gren, grent, adj. &. s. emigrant.
Emigration, å-ml-grå-slon, s. f. emigra-

tion. EMIGRÉ, E, adj. & s. emigrated, person

who has emigrated.
EMIGRER, a-ml-gra, v. a. to emigrate. EMINCE de poularde, s. m. a minced fowl. EMINCER, v. a. to mince. Du veau émincé,

minced veal. EMIKEMMENT. 1-mi-nh-mes. adv. emi-

nently.

EMINENCE, à-mî-nens, s. f. eminence. hillock, hill, rising ground. Son éminence, vo-tre éminence, his eminence, your eminence, (a title.)

EMINENT, E, a-mi-nen, nent, adj. eminent, high, lofty, excellent, over topping. Péril éminent, imminent or apparent threatening danger.

EMINENTISSIME, 4-ml-nen-tl-sim, adj. most eminent, (title of cardinals.)

EMIR. s. m. emir

EMISSAIRE, &-ml-ser, s. m. emissary, spy.

Bone emissaire, scape-goat.
F.M. 1810 N. A. M. 1810 N. S. C. emission, ejection: solemn taking (of a row.)
EMMAGASINER, en-må-gå-zl-nå, v. a. te

put in a warehouse

EMMAIGRIE, V. Amaigrir,

EMMAILLOTTER, en-ma-/6-ta,v.a. to wrap

in swaddling clothes, swathe, swaddle.

EMMANCHER, en-men-shå, v. a. to helve, haft, to set on a haft or handle.

Emmancher, v. n. Mar. S'emmancher, v. r. Mar. to arrive in the British channel. D'après la sonde, nous devons être emmanchés, by our soundings we should be in the Channel.

EMMANCHEUR, èn-mèn-shèur, s. m. hafter. EMMANTELÉ, E, èn-mènt-là, adj. covered with a cloak. Corneille emmantelée, water-CTOW.

Emmariné, z. en-må-ri-nå, adj. hardened in sea service.

EMMARINER, ca-ma-ri-na, v. a. to man a ship.

EMMENAGEMENT, s. m. furnishing of a house, getting of household-goods or setting of them in order.

Emménagemens, s. m. pl. Mar. accommodstions, conveniences, etc. Ce paquebot a pou d'enménagemens pour des passagers, that packet-boat has few accommodations for passengers

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Emménager, en-må-nå-zå, v. a. to fur- | nish a house, get household goods, place fur-niture in order. S'emménager, v. r. to furn sh one's house, get household goods, set one's goods in order.

EMMENER, en-mnå, v. a. to carry, drive or lead away.

Eumenotter, ènm-no-ta, v. a. to mana-

ele, hand-cuff.

"EMMI, prep. in the middle of, amidst. EMMIELLE, E, adj. honied, sweet, soft. Paroles emmielles, sweet or fair words.

Emmieller, en-mia-la, v. a. to do over

or sweeten with honey.

EMMIELLURE, s. f. kind of ointment for

Emmitoufler, en-mi-too-fia, v. a. to

mussle up, mob up. S'emmilouster, v. r. to mussle one's self up. EMMITRER, v. a. to consecrate (a bishop.)

EMMORTAISER, en-mor-te-za, v. a. to put into a mortise.

Enmotté, E, adj. Arbre emmotté, tree the roots of which are still in clods of earth. Emmuseler, èn-můz-lå, v. a. to muzzle.

*Emol, s. m. care, anxiety, emotion.

Emollient, &-mô-liên, ênt, adj. emollient, softening, mollifying.

Emolument, &-mô-lô-mên, s. m. emolu-

ment, profit, advantage; perquisite.

EMOLUMENTER, v. n. to gain. EMONCTOIRES, s. m. pl. emunctories.

EMONDER, a-mon-da, v. a. to prune or lop (a tree.)

ENONDES, a-mond, s. f. pl. branches lopped from a tree.

EMOTION, a-mo-slon, s. f. stirring or motion; commotion, sedition, rising or insurrec-

tion; emotion, trouble, perturbation.

EMOTTER, v. a. to break clods of earth in a field with a mallet.

EMOUCHER, a-moo-sha,v.a. to drive flies

away (from a horse, etc.)

EMOUGHET, s. m. male hawk, tarsel.

EMOUGHETE, a.moo.shet, s. f. sort of cloth or net work laid on horses to keep flies from them.

*EMOUCHEUR, s. m. one that drives flies

EMOUCHOIR, &-moo-shwar, s. m. fly-flap. EMOUDRE, a-moodr, v. a. (like moudre) to

grind, to sharpen on a grind-stone.

EMOULEUR, &-moo-leur, s. m. grinder (of tools, etc.)

EMOULU, R. A-mão-là, là, adj. ground. EMOUSSER, A-mão-sa, v. a. to blunt, dul, make blunt or dull, take off the edge, also to take off the moss of trees. S'enouser, v. r.

to blunt, grow dull or blunt. Emouvoir, a-moo-vwar, v. a. (like mouvoir) to stir up, move, to raise, excite, to move or cause trouble or disorder; to move, soften, cause concern, affect, touch; (une question) to move or start; (une dispute) to start, begin. S'emouvoir, v. r. to be moved, troubled, concerned or affected; to be stirred up or

roused. Se laisser émouvoir aux pleurs d'une femme, to relent at a woman's tears. EMPAILLER, èn-pà-là, v. a. to cover or pack-up or stuff with straw, to bottom chairs

with straw. EMPAILLEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. one that makes straw-bottoms for chairs, or stuffs with straw. I emphasically, with an emphasis.

EMPALEMENT, en-pal-mên,s. m. empaling. EMPALER, en-pa-là, v. a. to empale. EMPAN, en-pen, s. m. span with the thumb

and little finger.

EMPANACHER, en-pa-na-sha, v. a. to adorn with a plume of feathers; also to hornify. EMPAQUETER, en-pak-ta, v. a. to pack up,

make up into a bundle, wrap up.

Emparer, (s') sen-pa-ra, v. r. to seize, take, invade, make one's self master of, pos-

sess or master, subject. EMPASME, s. m. empasm, (perfumed powder.)

EMPASTELER, v. a. to dye blue with pastel. EMPATEMENT, s. m. foot or base or wall or foundation of a wall or crane: the being clammy.

EMPATER, èn-pa-tà, v.a. to make clammy

or gluish, to cover with clay, to baste.

EMPATURE, S. f. Mer. scarf; also spread
of the lower rigging. La Ville de Paris a
beaucoup d'empdure, the Ville de Paris spreads her rigging well

EMPAUMER, en-po-ma, v. a. to strike with the palm of the hand or a battle-door. To grasp (with the hand;) to inveigle, draw in, wheedle, decoy, trepan. Emparamer (la parole) to engross the conversation; (une affaire) to conduct it well; (quelqu'un) to gain

ascendency over any one.

EMPAUMURE, s. f. the part of the glove which covers the palm of the hand.

EMPÉCHÉ, E, adj. hindered, busy, full of business, taken up with business. Faire Pem-péché, to pretend business, be a busy body. Etre empêché de sa personne, not to know what to do with one's self.

EMPÉCHEMENT, èn-pesh-men, s. m. Minderance, disturbance, let, opposition, obstacle,

impediment, rub, stop.

EMPECHER, en-pe-sha, v. a. to hinder or keep from, stop, let or prevent; to embarrass, disturb. Ce grand vent empéche la respiration, this great wind takes away one's breath. S'empécher de, v. r. to forbear, keep from.

EMPEIGNE, en-pegn, s. f. upper leather of a shoe.

EMPENNELLE, s. f. Mar. little anchor. EMPENNELLER, v. a. Mar. to back (an an-

chor.) Empennen, en-pen-na, v. a. to feather (an arrow.)

EMPEREUR, emp-reur, s. m. emperor. EMPESAGE, emp-zaz, s. m. starching. EMPESÉ, E, adj. starched; stiff, formal, af-

fected.

EMPESER, enp-za, v. a. to starch. EMPESEU-R, SE, enp-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f.

EMPESTÉ, E, adj. infected, corrupted,

stinking, infectious. EMPESTER, en-pes-ta, v. a. to infect with the plague; to infect, poison (said of feetid

Empfitren, èn-pe-trà, v. a. to entangle the feet; to engage. S'empêtrer, v. r. to get

entangled or engaged. EMPHASE, en-faz, s. f. emphasis, energy,

significancy; inflation of style. EMPHATIQUE, en-fâ-tik, adj. bombastick; emphatical, significant, forcible.

EMPHATIQUEMENT, en-få-tik-mån. adv.

buse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

EMPHYTÉOSE, en-fî-tà-oz, s. f. long lease. lease from ten to a hundred years or thereabouts.

EMPHYTEOTE, s. m. & f. he or she who

enjoys a long lease. Emphythotique, en-fl-th-ò-tik, adj. Ex. Faire un bail emphytéotique, to make a long lease of a hundred years or thereabouts. Re-deconce emphyteotique, ground rent. Empieres, en-pl-a-ta, v. a. &c. n. to en-

croach or entrench upon, invade.

Empiffer, en-pl-fra, v. n. to cram. eat to excess, to fatten, make fat. S'empiffer, v. r. to cram or stuff one's self, to grow fat. EMPIFFRERIE, s. f. cramming, stuffing

(with food.)

EMPILEMENT, s. m. piling up (shot.) EMPILER, èn-pi-là, v. a. to pile up (shot,

etc.)
EMPIRANCE, s. f. adulteration (of coin.) EMPIRE, en-plr, s. m. empire; (of an emperor) reign; government, lordship, dominion, rule, sway; command, government, power, influence, authority. Acce empire, importusily, stately, surilly. L'empire des lettres, the learned, the commonwealth of letters. Bas-Empire, the eastern division of the Roman empire.

EMPIRER, en-pl-ra, v. a. to make worse. v. n. to grow worse and worse, decay.

EMPIRIQUE, en-pl-rik, adj. empirical. Un

empirique, s. m. empirick, quack.
Empirisme, cn-pi-rism, s. m. empiricism. EMPLACEMENT, en-plas-men, s. m. place,

site; destined or proper place.

Emplatre, en-platr, s. m. plaster. Mettre un emplatre à une affaire, to patch up a busi-Un emplâtre de mari, a mere drone of a husband.

EMPLETTE, èn-plèt, s. f. bargain, purchase. EMPLIR, èn-plèr, v. a. to fill, to fill up. S'emplir, v. r. to fill. V. Remplir.

EMPLOI, ex-plwa, s. m. employ, employment, work, business; employ, employment,

place or office; use, using or employing; laying out (money;) part (in a theatre.)
EMPLOYER, ên-plwa-ya, v. a. to employ, use, make use of, bestow, lay out, spend; (quelqu'un) to employ, set atwork or set upon some business. Employer le vert et le sec, to turn every stone, leave no stone unturned. Employer mal, to misuse, make an ill use of, misemploy. S'employer, v. r. to bestow one's self, spend or bestow one's time, apply one's self; (pour quelqu'un) to use one's interest (for one.)

EMPLUMER, en-plu-ma, v. a. to feather. S'emplumer, v. r. to grow rich, feather one's

Емросики, èr oð-shå, v. a. to pocket

Empoiener, in pwa-gna, v. a. to take or lay hold of, seize, gripe or grasp, catch. Fliches empoignées, arrows tied in the mid-

Empois, en-pwa, s. m. starch.

EMPOISONNÉ, E, adj. poisoned. Donner à quelqu'un des louanges empoisonnées, to mock with praises.

Empoisonnument, en-pwd-zon-men, s.

m. poisoning. Empoisonnen, en-pwa-zô-na, v. a. to poison Empoisonner les actions or les paroles de | stamp or image.

quelqu'un, to put an ill construction upon one's actions or words, to misrepresent them.

EMPOISONNEU-R,SE, en-pwa-zo-neur, neus. s. m. & f. poisoner; nasty poisonous cook. EMPOISSER, v. a. to pitch over or do over with pitch.

EMPOISSONNEMENT, en-pwa-son-men, s. m. stocking of a pond with fish.

Empoissonner, en-pwa-so-na, v. a. to stock with fish.

EMPORTÉ, E, én-pôr-tâ, adj. carried, led, driven, gone, taken away. etc. V. Emporter, hot, hasty, passionate; (de passion) transported (with passion.)

EMPORTÉ, E, s. m. & f. hot, hasty or pas-

sionate person.

Emportement, en-port-men, s. m. pas-

sion, transport, raving, anger.

EMPORTE-PIÈCE, en-port-plès, a.m. nipping tool of a shoe-maker. Home jest, cut-

ting taunt, home argument.

EMPORTER, en-por-ta, v. a. to carry off or away, take or snatch away; to force, drive, cast; get, obtain; to carry, take, make one's self master of; to heal, remove (disease;) to take off, fetch out, get out (spots;) to carry, transport, convey; to lop off, cut away (branches;) to import, show, prove. porter, to carry it, prevail, get the better, have the advantage, excel, exceed. L'enporter sur, to outweigh, prevail over, get the better of, etc. Il emporte tous les esprits par son éloquence, he masters all minds by his eloquence. Ils ne l'emporteront pas de la emporte la pièce, he has a nipping, abusive way of jesting. Emporter & Enlever are emporte ta puec, ...
way of jesting. Emporter & Enlever are
often expressed in English by such words as
these, steal off or steal away, sweep off or
sweep away, break off, knock off, blow off or
blow away, shoet off or shoot away, etc. Un ball shot off his head.

Emporter, Mar. Le gouvernail sut em-porté au troisième coup de talon, the rudder was knocked off at the third thump she gave with her keel. Un grain emporta notre perroquet de fougue, a squall blew away our mizen top sail. La bouteille de tribord de ce narire est emportée, that ship's starboard quarter gallery is carried away. Tondes nos quarter gallery is carried away. Tondes nos embarcations furent emportées, all our boats were washed overboard.

S'emporter, v. r. to fly or fall out into a passion, be angry or transported with anger. Un jeune homme qui ne s'emporte point, a sober young man. Il s'emporte facilement, a little matter raises his passion. S'emporter en des cris, to break out in cries, fall a crying. Se laisser emporter à la flatterie, to give way to flattery.

EMPOTER, v. a. to put in a pot.

EMPOUILLE, s. f. hanging fruit, standing harvest.

EMPOURPRÉ, E, en-pôor-prå, adj. bloody,

imbued with blood or purple.

EMPOURPRER, J. a. to imbue with blood or purple.
EMPREINDRE, en-prindr, v. a. (see the

table at éindre) to imprint, engrave.

EMPREINT, E, adj. imprinted, engraved.

EMPREINTE, én-print, s. f. impress, print,

bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

EMPRESSÉ, E, èn-prê-så, adj. busy, full of

business, in haste, eager, forward. EMPRESSEMENT, en-pres-men, haste, eagerness, forwardness. Il témoigne assez d'empressement pour ces choses, he seems to be forward enough in those things. Aroir des empressemens pour quelqu'un, to be ar-dently officious to one.

EMPRESSER, (s') sen-pre-sa, v. r. to be busy, eager, earnest or forward; be a busy

body or an intermeddier.

EMPRISONNEMENT, èn-pri-zon-men, s. m. imprisonment.

EMPRISONNER, èn-pri-zô-na, v. a. to im-prison, put in prison or in a jail, lay up, lay by the heels.

EMPRUNT, en-prun, s. m. borrowing, loan. Faire un emprunt or des emprunts, to bor-row. Cheval d'emprunt, borrowed horse. Vivre d'emprunt, to live upon trust or upon tick.

EMPRUNTÉ, E, èn-prun-tà, adj. borrowed.

Avoir l'air emprunté, to have an awkward or constrained look. Nom emprunté, a fictitious name.

EMPRUNTER, èn-prun-tå, v. a. to borrow. EMPRUNTEU-R, SE, cn-prun-teur, teuz, s.

m. & f. borrower. EMPUANTIR, en-pû-en-tîr, v. a. to stink, infect, to poison. S'empuantir, v. r. to begin to stink.

EMPUANTISSEMENT, en-på-en-tis-men, s. m. stench

Empyrae, s. m. empyema. Empyrae, en-pi-ra, adj. empyrcan or empyreal. Le ciel empyrée or l'empyrée, s. m. the empyreal or highest heaven.

EMPTREUME, s. m. empyreuma.
EMPTREUMATIQUE, adj. empyreumatical.
EMU, E, a-mů, mů, adj. (from Emouvoir) moved, etc. Je ne l'ai jamais ru si ému, I never saw him in such a passion. Populace émue, enraged, angry or seditions multitude. Il a le pouls ému, his pulse beats high, his pulse is out of order.

EMULATEUR, å-må-lå-tèur, s. m. emulator. EMULATION, å-må-lå-ston, s. f. emulation. EMULE, å-mål, s. m. rival, competitor, an-

tagonist.

EMULGENT, E, å-můl-zčn, zènt, adj. reine emulgente, vein that carries the blood to the kidneys.

EMULSION, a-mul-slon, s. f. emulsion.

En, èn, is sometimes a preposition and sometimes a pronoun. When a preposition, it chiefly means in, into, to, etc. When a it chiefly means in, into, to, etc. When a pronoun, it chiefly means of him, of her, of it, of ilem, from him, etc. As the proper use of the word en has been but indifferently pointed out, the following observations will be of The pronoun en shall service to the student.

be explained in the last.

I. To express those progressive successions which in English are presented with from and then to, we are to use en for to, provided we repeat the word; but à if autre is to be introduced instead of repeating the word. Hence, de temps en temps or de temps à au-tre or d'un temps à l'autre, from time to time. De ville en ville or d'une ville à l'autre, from town to town. De deux en deux jours, every

other day.

II. In speaking of time, en denotes that

take up, and dans expresses the time after the expiration of which the thing is to begin or to take place. Il va à Windsor en deux heures, he is two hours going to Windsor. It ra à Windsor dans deux heures, two hours heure he is to go to Windsor. Many a good writer is not sufficiently aware of this distinc-

En is also used for pendant when we speak in an indeterminate sense. - En hirer, in winter or in winter time, etc. In the spring may however be au printemps or dans le printemps; and in the beginning of may be either au commencement de or dans le commencement

de.

III. With respect to countries and provinces introduced each barely with its name, en will do if we speak indeterminately of somewhere in or into; but dans should be used if we mean the whole, as well as if the word be determined and particularized by some other word. Etre en France, to be in France. Aller en France, to go into France or to go to France. Instead of en Angleterre, we may say dans la Grande-Bretagne, to express in or into in the sense of within.

When the name of a country or island proves to be one of those which have been discovered by Christopher Columbus, and other adventurers, we generally use au, à la, aux, instead of en, as we use du, de la, des, instead of de. He has been in Mexico and Jamaica, il a eté au Mexique et à la Jamaïque.

IV. As to a city, town, village, etc. a is used instead of en if we speak indeterminately of living in or being in some part of it; but dans if we mean the whole or wish to represent the place as containing. Il demeure à Paris, he lives at or in Paris. Il y a plus d'un million d'âmes dans Paris, there are above a million of people in Paris. Mon père est en ville, means my futher is not at home clut gone somewhere in town;) whereas, Mon père est à la ville, means my father is in town (not in the country.) We say en hant, above; en bas, below, down; en dedans, within side; en dehors, without side, etc.; d'en hant, of or

from above, etc.

V. After an expression which denotes change, en (into) is to be used instead of dans, even though the noun should be made defined. Elle fut métamorphosée en la rivière que vous voyez couler, she was metamorphosed into the river which you see flow

along.
After any verb which means to consist, we use en with the nouns taken indeterminately, dans before nouns properly defined, and a before infinitives; whether the preposition be in English in or of.

VI. En or dans are almost indifferently used before tout, pronouns, adjectives of number (followed by any noun not of time,) inde-finite articles, demonstrative and possessive ad-jectives; yet when we speak of a place wherein we put something, dans is better. Mettez cet argent dans votre poche, put this money into your pocket. We say en mon particulier, for my part. En toud, in all, etc. VII. In most other circumstances, en, de-

noting an indeterminate sense, is proper when the noun is not particularized or has not been length of time which the doing of a thing will I so and dans must be used to denote that the base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

nous to which it is prefixed is employed in a il precise and determinate sense or represented something which contains. Il est en pri son, he is in jail or in a jail (which jail he is in is matter of indifference or left out of the question.) Il est dans la prison, would imply that the kind of jail is sufficiently known. Hence He is in Clerkenwell jail, il est dans

la prison de Clerkenwell.

We say, En certu de for by virtue of, and en rabe de chambre, etc. for in a night gown, etc.

En is often equal to like, like a, like an, efter the manner of, etc.; hence, agir en roi, oac like a king. Its se comportent en gens d'esprit, they behave like people of sense.

VIII. En is the only French preposition

which can be used before a participle present (it is even suppressed when the participle present is compound,) to express, in, by, with, on, upon, etc. and even while he, etc. when he, otc.: as he, etc. This preposition serves then to form a detached or incidental phrase, that is to say, to express interjectively or explana-torily the circumstances of an action, etc. pointing out either the time when it happened or the manner in which it took place or the means used to make it happen. L'homme mourant, a virtuous man leaves off doing good only when he dies. Parlez-lui en passant, speak to him as you go by; (en passant is also used to express by the by.) Il me dit on partant, que, etc. he told me, as he set out, that, etc. On a guéri un prince de cete maladie en his faisant prendre tous les jours deux cuillèrées de vin d'Espagne, a prince was cured of that disorder by making him drink every day two spoonfuls of Spanish wine.

N. B. En prefixed to a participle present may generally serve to express those actions which are introduced in the sense of at the same time that I, (thou, he, she, it, we, you, they,) or of and mean while, I, etc. Blandford enriched himself in doing his duty while he did, at the same time that he did, and at the same time he did, his duty.) Blandford s'enrichit en faisant son devoir.

IX. The pronoun en is the representative of any noun which (if expressed instead of en) would have de, prefixed to it, or some other word equivalent to de, as touchant, etc. and here it is proper to refer the student to the observations made on de. He will then understand that en may mean not only of him, of her, of it, of them, of the action, etc. from him, from her, from it, from them, thence, hence, from the action, etc. of or from me, of or from thee, of or from us, of or from you; but also speaking of instruments not musical with it, with them, of musical instruments on it, on them; and to express the cause at it, at them, at the action, etc. for it, for them, for the action, etc. and even at me, etc. He will be able to understand that en with a passive expression may stand for by him, by her, by it, by them, and even by me, etc. and that with regard to quantity or number, it may be for some or any to denote an indeterminate portion of what has already been mentioned; and in this place I shall observe that en may serve to avoid repeating a noun which indeed is often left understood in English) after a numerical adjective; as in Na-t-il pas quatre frères? Il en avoit qua-tre; mais il n'en a plus que deux, has he not four brothers? he had four (brothers is understood;) but he has now only two (still, brothere is understood.)

Sometimes en is an energetick pronoun, the force of which seems to be lost in English; for instance, in such comparative phrases as this. Il en est des héros comme des autres hommes. it is with heroes as with other men. En rowloir à quelqu'un, to have a grudge against one, owe one a spite. Fen suis là, that is my case, that is my temper, as well as I left off

there. Jen tiens, I am caught. ENALLAGE, s. f. enallage.

*Enamouré, E, adj. enamoured, in love, smitten.

*Enarrhement, s. m. earnest, pledge. ENARRHER, v. n. to give earnest.

ENARTHROSE, s. f. enarthrosis.
ENCABLURE, s. f. Mar. cable's length.
Nous sommes monilles à une encâblere de terre,

we lie within a cable's length of the shore. ENCADREMENT, en-kadr-men, s. m. put-

ing in a frame, framing.

ENCADRER, en-ka-dra, v. a. to frame or

put in a frame Encager, en-kå-zå, v. a. to cage, put or

shut in a cage; to imprison. Encarssement, en-kes-men, s m. pack-

ing up in cases.

ENCAISSER, en-ke-sh, v. a. to pack up, put in a case; (de l'argent) to lay up.

ENCAN, en-kan, s. m. publick sale, auction.

Encanailler, (s') sen-kå-nà-là, v. r. to keep ill or mean company.

EECAPUCHONNER, (5') sèn-kâ-pâ-shô-kâ, v. r. to cover one's head with a sort of hox d. Encaquer, èn-kâ-kâ, v. a. to barrel up-Encastele, e, adj. houf-bound or narrow. beeled.

ENCASTELER, (s') v. r. to get hoof-bound or narrow-heeled, (said of horses.) ENCASTELURE, s. f. being boof-bound or

narrow-heeled.

ENCASTILLAGE, V. Accastillage.

ENCASTREMENT, s. m. setting into a

Encastrer, en-kas-tra, v. a. to set into a ENCAVEMENT, en-kav-men, s. m. laying

in a cellar.

ENCAVER, en-ka-va, v. a. to lay in, to

place or lay in a cellar. ENCAVEUR, en-ka-veur, s. m. wine porter. ENCAUSTIQUE, adj. Ex. peinture encaustique, picture, the colours of which are pre-

pared with wax. ENCEINDRE, en-sindr, v. a. (see-the table at eindre) to encompass, surround or enclose.

ENCEINTE, e. adj. encompassed, etc.
ENCEINTE, en-sint, adj. f. with child or big
with child. Elle est enceinte de son premier fruit, she goes with her first child.

ENCRINTE, s. f. compass, circumference, enclosure.

ENCENIES, s. f. pl. feasts among the Jews. ENCENS, en-sen, s. m. incense, frankin-ENCENS, en-sen, s. m. incense, transin-cense; praise, flattery, commendation. Don-ner de l'encens à, to praisc. ENCENSEMENT, én-sèrs-mên, s. m. cens-ing or perfuming with incense, etc. ENCENSER, én-sèn-sà, v. a. to cense or per-

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lerd : mood, good.

fame with frankincense; to praise or com-Encenseur, en-sen-seur, s. m. flatterer,

ENCENSOIR, èn-sèn-swar, s. m. censer, per-fuming pan. Mettre la main à l'encensoir, te encroach upon the authority of the church. Donner de l'encensoir par le nez, to be a fulsome flatterer.

ENCHAINE, E, adj. chained, bound in chains, etc. V. Enchainer. Des choses qui me enchaînées, things that are linked or join-

ed together.

Enchaînement, ên-shên-mên, s. m. concatenation, connexiou or connexity, train, series. Enchainen, en-she-na, v. a. to chain, bind

no in chains, put in irons; to captivate or enserve; to mite, link, connect, concatenate.

Enchalaure, énsabé-nûr, s. f. cl:aining, binding or fastening with chains; linking to-

ENCHANTE, E, adj. enchanted, etc. V. En-

chanter; enchanting, charming, bewitching, pleasant, delightful.

ENCHANTELER, v. a. to set hogsheads of

wine on the stilling or gauntree.

ENCHANTEMENT, en-shent-men, s. m. enchantment, charm, witchcraft; wonder, wondrous, thing; charm, charming quality, delight. ENCHANTER, en-shen-ta, v. a. to enchant,

charm or bewitch; to delight or ravish. ENCHANTERESSE, en-shent-res, s. & adj. f. enchantress, sorceress, witch; beauty, charm-

ing beauty, enchanting.
"Enchanterie, s.f. delusion, deceit, jug-

gling trick.

ENCHANTEUR, en-shen-teur, s. & adi. m. enchanter, sorcerer, charmer, conjurer, jug-gler, subtle or deceitful man; enchanting.

ENCHAPERONNER, v. a. to hood (a hawk,)

to put on a hood (at a funeral.)
ENCHASSER, en-sha-sa, v. a. to enchase,

set in, put in.

ENCHASSURE, en-sha-sur, s. f. enchasing, setting in.

ENCHAUSSER, v. a. to cover (a plant) with straw or dung, etc.

ENCHERE, en-sher, s. f. bid, out-bidding or enhancing of the price; port-sale, auction.

Mettre à l'euchère, to sell by auction. Mettre
une enchère, to out-bid, bid more than another. Vous en paierez la folle enchère, you shall pay dear for your rashness.

Enchange the price of, sell dearer, out-bid or bid more, enhance the price. Enchance the price. hance the price. grow dearer. Encherir sur, to outdo, excel

or exceed, improve upon.

ENCHÉRISSEMENT. en-sha-ris-men, s. m.

raising of the price, growing dearer. EnchErisseur, en-sha-ri-seur, s. m. outbidder or one that enhances the price. Le

dernier enchérisseur, the highest bidder.
ENCHEVÊTRER, ènsh-vè-tra, v. a. to put
on a halter, halter. S'enchevêtrer, v. r. to entangle one's self in an affair; get a foot en-tangled in the halter (said of a horse.)

ENCHEVETRURE, ensh-ve-trur, s. f. exco-

riation in the pastern of a horse.

ECHIFRENÉ, E, adj. who has got a stoppage in the head or nose.

Enchifrenement, en-shl-fren-men, s. m. pose or rheum stopping the nose

ENCHIFRENER, en-shlir-na, v. a. to cause u pose, to stop one's nose with a rheum.

ENCHYMOSE, s. f. sudden flush of the blood

in the face (caused by shame, anger, etc.)

ENCLAYE, E, adj. mortised, set within one
another, wedged in. Une principante enclavée dans un état, a principality enclosed or lying within the bounds of another state.

ENCLAVE, èn-klav, s. f. bound, boundary limit, what is enclosed in another.

ENCLAVEMENT, s. m. the act of enclosing

state of being wedged in.
ENCLAVER, en-klå-vå, v. a. to mortise or
set within another, en-close, wedge in.
ENCLIN, E, en-klin, klin, adj. inclined, inclinable, bent, prone, given to, apt, ready, willing.

EXCLITIQUE, en-kil-tik, s. f. enclitick. ENCLOSTRER, v. a. to cloister up, confine

in a monastery, immure, imprison. Exclore, en-klor, v. a. (like clore) to en-

close, encompass with an enclosure.

Enclos, E, èn-klò, klòz, adj. enclosed. Enclos, s. m. enclosure.

ENCLOUER, en-kloo-a, v. a. to spike (a piece of ordnance.) Enclouer un cheval, to prick or nail a horse in the shoeing. S'enclouer, v. r. to run a nail into the foot (speaking of a horse.)

ENCLOUURE, en-kloo-ur, s. f. prick in a horse's foot; obstacle. J'ai découvert où est l'enclouure, I have found out where the mischief lay. Ce n'est pas là l'enclouure, that is not the difficulty. C'est là où est l'enclouure, there the shoe pinches, there lies the mis-

ENCLUME, èn klûm, s. f. anvil; small bone in the ear. Souche d'enchune, anvil stock.

ENCLUMEAU or ENCLUMOT, s. m. little hand-anvil.

ENCOCHENENT èn-kôsh-mên, s.m. notching. ENCOCHER, èn-kô-sha, v. a. to notch. Encocher une flèche, to put the bow-string into the notch of an arrow.

Encoffren, v. a. to lay up in a chest or trunk.

ENCOGNURE or ENCOIGNURE, s. f. corner.

angle (of a wall.)
EXCOLURE, ên-kô-lùr, s. f. chest (of a man or horse;) looks, mien. Je le recomois à l'en-colure, I know him by his air.

*Encombre, s. m. encumbrance, cross

Encombrement, en-konbr-men, s. m. cumber, encumbering. Encombrement, Mar. lumber, incumbrance, space which light and

embarrassing goods occupy in the hold.

Encombren, en-kon-brå, v. a. to encumber, obstruct.

Encombrer, Mar. to lumber, etc. La rivière est encombrée de bâtimens, the river is crowded with shipping. Votre frégate doit être très-encombrée, your frigate must be much lumbered.

*Encontre, en-kontr, s. f. luck, chance fortune. Bonne encontre, good luck. Mal encontre, ill fortune. A l'encontre, against, against it. Aller à l'encontre d'une chose, to run counter with a thing, be against or contradict a thing.

ENCOR, poetical term for Encore, which see. ENCORE, en-kor, adv. yet, as yet, still; again, anew, still, more or once more; also too. evon; besides, over and above, morcover;

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre · enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Encore que, though, although. Encore si, it would not be so bad if, etc.

ENCORNÉ, adj. m. horned.

ENCOURAGEANT, E, adj. encouraging. ENCOURAGEMENT, en-koo-raz-men, s. m. encouragement.

Encourager, en-koo-ra-za, v. a. to en-

courage, incite, stir up, animate. Encourage, en-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir) to incur, run one's self into, fall under, draw upon one's self.

ENCOURU, E, adj. incurred.

ENCOURTINER, v. a. to close with curtains. ENCRASSER, en-krd-sh, v. a. to make nasty, daub, soil. S'encrasser, v. r. to rust (the

mind,) marry beneath one. Encre, enkr, s. f. ink.

Encuier, en-krl-å, s. m. ink-stand.

Encrouf, adj. Ex. un arhre encroue tree entangled in the branches of another (in felling.)

Encuirasser, (s') sen-kul-ra-sa, v. r. to grow stiff with nastiness, grow rusty.

ENCUVEMENT, S. m. putting into a tub. ENCUVER, én. kū. vā, v. a. to put into a tub. ENCUVER, én. adj. encyclical, circular. ENCYCLOPÉDIE, én. ad-kiò-pā-dl, s. f. en-

cyclopedia. ENCYCLOPÉDIQUE, adj. of or belonging to

an encyclopedia. ENCYCLOP ÉDISTE, s. m. one that has work-

ed or that works for the encyclopedia.

ENDECAGONE, s. m. endecagon.
ENDECASYLLABE, s. m. endecasyllable,
verse of eleven syllables.

ENDÉMIQUE, adj. endemial, endemical,

endemick. ENDERTÉ, E, adj. indented; also that has

eeth. ENDENTER, v. a. to put teeth to the wheel

of a machine.

ENDETTÉ, E, adj. in debt, indebted. ENDETTER, en-de-ta, v. a. to make (one) run into debt. S'endetter, v. r. to run into debt, contract debts.

Endêvé, e, adj. mad, outrageous. Endêver, en-dê-va, v. n. to be mad. Faire endêver quelqu'un, to make one mad. ENDIABLE, E, èn-dia-bia, adj. devilish,

mischievous, mad.

ENDIMARCHER, (s') sèn-dî-mèn-sha, v. r. to put on one's Sunday clothes, make one's self fine.

ENDIVE, s. f. endive.

ENDOCTRINER, en-dok-tri-na, v. a. to teach or instruct.

ENDOMMAGEMENT, s. m. deterioration. ENDOMMAGER, en-dô-ma-za, v. a. to da-mage, hurt. Notre mâture a été très-endommagée dans la dernière affaire, our masts were very much wounded in the last action. Ce vaisseau en touchant sur la barre a eu ses fonds endommages, that ship has damaged her bottom by striking on the bar. ENDORMEUR, en-dor-meur, s. m. whee-

dler, flatterer, coaxer, cajoler.

Endormi, E, adj. sleepy, drowsy, heavy with sleep; asleep, lulled asleep; drowsy, beavy, dull.

ENDORMI, s. m. sleeper. Les sept endor-

mis, the seven sleepers.

ENDORMIR, en-dôr-mîr, v. a. (like dormir) to make sleep, cast into a sleep, lay or lull

asleep; to decoy, wheedle, amuse or deceive by fair words; to beaumb. S'endersuir, v.r. to full asleep; (dans le péché) to be luiled asleep, side (in sin.) Il s'endort au spide fort de ses affaires, he neglects his business strangely.

ENDORMISSEMENT, s. m. sleepiness, drowsiness, numbness, stiffness.

ENDOSSE, en-dos, s. f. trouble, toil.

ENDOSSEMENT, en-dos-men, s. m. endoment

ENDOSSER, en-do-sa, v. a. to endorse, write on the back; also to put on the back. Endosseur, endoseur, s. m. endorser.

ENDOSSEUR, en-cu-seur, s. in. cuantos.

ENDROIT, én-drwh, s. m. place; (of a
book) passage; (d'une étofie) right side; (d'une
pièce de viande) bit; action, actions, deed,
behaviour, part of one's life. Vous ne comnoissez cet house que par ses manueus enmoissire cet house que par ses manuous en-droits, you only know him by his dark side. Je ne le connois que par cet endroit-là, I know him no other way. Montrer quelque chose par le bel endroit, to show as thing to the best advantage. C'est le plus bel endroit de sa vie, that is the best thing he ever did in his life. *En mon endroit, by me, towards

ENDUIRE, èn-dâhr, v. a. (see the table as sure) to do over, tay on with. Ensistive de platter, to pleaster, to do over with plaster. Enduire de poir, to pitch over, do over with pitch.

Enduit, E, adj. done over, laid on, payed Enduit, èn-dôl, s. m. plaster or plastering. Endurant, E, èn-dû-rên, rênt, adj. pa-

ENDURANCE, ch-dor-dr, v. a. to harden; to make strong; to inure. S'endurcir, v. r. to harden or grow hard, inure one's self, become unfeeling.

come unicering.

Endurciserment, chaddrade-men, a. m. hardness of heart, obduracy.

Endurce, chaddra, v. a. to endure, suffer, bear, bear with; suffer or permit.

Energie, a-ner-1, s. f. energy, officacy,

ENERGIQUE, a-ner-zik, adj. energetical, full of energy, forcible, emphatical.

Energiquement, a-ner-zik-men, adv.

ENERGIQUEMENT, a-mer-zia-mon, correctly, with energy.

ENERGUMENE, a-nër-gu-mën, s. m. & f.
one possessed with a devil.

ENERVER, a-nër-va, v. a. to enervate,
weaken, enfeeble, abate.

ENFAITÉ, E, adj. roofed, covered.

ENFAITEAU, én-fê-tô, s. m. ridge tile, gut-

ter tile. ENFAITEMENT, cn-fet-men, s. m. ridge of lead on the tops of houses.

ENFAITER, en-fè-là, v. a. to cover the ridge of a house with tile, lead. etc.

ENFANCE, èn-fèns, s. f. infancy, childhood; to cover the

childishness; puerility; first beginning. ENFANT, en-fan, s. m. & f. child, infant, little boy or girl, babe, son or daughter. Faire Penfant, to play like a child. Enfant trouse, foundling. Enfant de Londres, enfant de Paris, one born in London or in Paris. C'est l'enfant de sa mère, he takes after his mother. Etre hors d'âge d'avoir des enfans, to be past child-bearing. Faire un enfant à une Frame, to get a woman with child. Faire and

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good

enfant, to be brought to bed or delivered.

Les enfans perdus (of an army.) the forlorn hope, the perdues.

Courage, mes enfans, hope, the perdues. cheer up, my lads.

ENFANTEMENT, en-sent-men, s. m. delivery, bringing forth of a child. Les douleurs de l'enfantement, the pains of a woman in labour.

ENFANTER, en-fen-ta, v. a. to bring forth a child, to be delivered or brought to bed of a

Enfantillage, ên-sên-û-lâz, s. m. child-

ish talk or behaviour.

ish talk or behaviour.

ENFANTIN, z., èn-fèn-tin, the, adj. childish.

ENFANTIN, z., èn-fà-ri-nà, adj. white all

over with meal. Avoir la tête enfarinée, to be

over-much powdered. Il s'en est venu la

queule enfarinée, he came big with expecta
tion. Enfariné (d'une science,) superficially

acquainted, etc. (d'une opinion) prepossessed,

ENFARINER, v. a. to make white with

meal or with powder.

ENFER, en-fer, s. m. hell. Il a l'enfer chez
lui, there is a hellish noise at his house. Les en es, hell, the infernal regions (of the poets.) ENFERMÉ, E, adj. locked or shut in, etc.

Prisonnier qu'on tient étroitement enfermé,

close prisoner.

ENFERMÉ, s. m. Ex. Sentir l'enfermé, to

smell musty, to have a musty smell.

ENFERMER, en-fer-ma, v. a. to lock or shut in, lock up; enclose; hem in, pen up; also to contain, comprehend. Enfermer de murailles sme ville, to wall a town about.

ENFERRER, en-fe-ra, v. a. to run through. S'enferrer, v. r. to run one's self through or run upon an adversary's sword. And figuraticely, to stand in one's own light, burn one's own fingers.

ENFICELER, v. a. to tie close with a string. ENFILADE, en-fillad, s. f. range of room or doors, etc.; train. Une longue enfilade de discours, a long train of speech. Enfilade de

feu, ill-run at play (in backgammen.) Enfiler, en-fi-la, v. a. to thread; to string (beads, etc.) to run through (the body.) Enfiler un discours, to enter upon or begin a long story. Le rent enfile cette rue, the wind comes directly into that street. Enfiler une rue, to go through a street. Enfiler la venelle, to betake one's self to one's heels, run away. Une pyramide qui enfile un globe, a pyramid with a globe upon it. Enfiler un vaisseau, Mar. to rake a ship. S'enfiler, to rush upon the sword of an enemy.

Enrin, en-fin, adv. in fine, after all, at length, finally, in short, at last, in a word, to

conclude.

ENFLAMMÉ, E, adj. on fire, all in a flame,

Enflammer, en-fla-ma, v. a. to set all in a flame, set on hee; to inflame, heat, set on fire the heart of; incense, enrage or animate, put in a passion, provoke. S'enflammer, v. r. to be inflamed, be kindled, catch fire, fall into a passion.

ENFLE, E, adj. swelled, blown; puffed or listed up; proud, high minded, conceited, pussed up, elate, elated. Un style ensié, a bombastic or tumid style.

ENFLECHURES, en-sta-shur, s. f. pl. Mar. rattlings or rattlines. Mettre des enstéchures aux haubans, to rattle down the shrouds.

ENFLER, en-flå, v. a. to swell, make swell blow up; to elate, puff up, make proud Enster le cœur à quelqu'un or le courage de quelqu'un, to animate or encourage one, flush one's courage. Enfler son style, to write bombast. Enfler le cahier, to swell up the volume. Enfler, v. n. to swell, be puffed or blown up, be elated, grow proud.

ENFIGURE, én-fidure, s. f. swelling. "Enflure de style, bombast, bombastick or tumid or swelling style. Enflure de cœur, pride, vanity. ENFONCE, E, adj. sunk, broke open, etc. bollow. V. Enfoncer.

ENFONCEMENT, en-fons-men, s. m. sinking, forcing down, etc. breaking open, etc. bottom hole or hollow place; nook or corner; also back ground (in perspective or painting;) and Mar. Dans l'enfoncement de la baie, in the

bight of the bay.

ENFONCER, en-fon-så, v. a. to sink, thrust.

push, drive down or in; to hollow. Enfoncer une futaille, to clap on a bottom to a cask Enfoncer un bataillon or un escadron, to rout or break through a battalion or squadron. Enfoncer une porte, to break open a door. Enfoncer une matière, to dive into a subject, examine it thoroughly. Ce bâtiment eut deux de ses baux enfoncés, Mar. that vessel had two of her beams stove in.

L'oiseau enfonce, Enfoncer, v. n. to sink. L'oisenu enfonce, the hawk flies the bird to the mark. S'enfoncer, v. r. to sink; to go deep or a great

way into or penetrate.

ENFONÇEUR, en-fon-scur, s. m. one that breaks open a door. Enfonçeur de portes ouvertes, one who brags of things which have no difficulty in them.

Enfonçure, en-fon-sur, s. f. boarded bottom of a bedstead. Enfoncures d'une futaille pieces belonging to the bottom of a cask.

ENFONDRE, v. a. to break open.

ENFORCIR, en-for-sir, v. a. to strengthen.
v. n. & S'enforcir, v. r. to grow stronger, gather strength.

ENFOUIR, en-foo-ir, v. a. to hide or bury in the ground. Enfouir ses talens, to bury or hide one's talents.

Enfourcher, en-foor-sha, v. a. to stride, bestride, straddle (a horse.)

ENFOURCHURE, s. f. the straddle; fork of

a stag's horn. ENFOURNER, en-foor-na, v. a. to put into the oven. Il n'a qu'à bien enfourner d'abord, the main business is to begin well.

ENFREINDRE, en-frindr, v. a. (see the ta-ble at eindre) to infringe, break or transgress. ENFREINT, E, adj. infringed, broken

transgressed.

ENTROQUÉ, adj. turned monk or friar.

ENFROQUER quelqu'un, v. a. to make one turn monk or friar. S'enfroquer, v. r. to turn monk or friar.

ENFURE, (s') sen-fûlr, v. r. (like fuir) to fly, to run away; (said of liquor) to run.

ENFURE, z., adj. besmoked, smoked.

Jame enfune, smoky yellow.

Enfumen, en-fu-ma, v. a. to besmoke, smoke, fill or trouble with smoke, smoke

ENGAGÉ, E, adj. engaged, etc. La clef est engagée dans la serrure, the key is fast entangled in the lock. Navire engagé, waterlogged ship. Manaeuvre engage, foul cope. base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Engageant, E, èn-gà-zèn, zènt, adj. en-

gaging, alluring, charming. ENGAGEMENT, en-gaz-men, s. m. pawaing or mortgaging; engagement, promise, obligation, tie; enlisting, bounty money.

Engager, en-ga-za, v. a. to pawn, give

in pawn, mortgage, pledge, engage, draw in, persuade or oblige; (un soldat) to enlist. Engager le combat, to engage, fight, oblige to fight, bring on an action. Engager la clef dans la serrure, to entangle the key in the lock. Je vous engage ma parole que cela sera, I promise you, or I engage, or pass my word that it shall be so. Engager son cœur, to enuses it soau ue so. Engager son cestr, to engage one's heart, to love. Nous engagednes
le beaupré du vaisseau ennemi dans nos
grands haubans, we got the enemy's howsprit
entangled in our main rigging. Nos poudres
furent engagées au point d'interrompre le fex
de notre seconde batterie, we were so badly
supplied with powder as to be newented firsupplied with powder as to be prevented fir-ing our upper deck guns for some time. S'engager, v. r. to engage, promise, take upon one's self, pass one's word, run in debt, enlist one's self, inter one's self; to penetrate too deep (into scoods.) Bengager pour un ami, to stand bound for a friend. Notre navire s'engagea dans un lieu plein de rochers, our ship ran in amongst the rocks.

Engagists, en-ga-ziet, s. m. mortgagee

of the king's demesnes.

ENGAINER, en-gè-na, v. a. to sheathe. ENGEANCE, en-zens, s. f. offspring, generation, breed, brood.

Engranger, v. a. to embarrass.

ENGEIGNER, v. a. to trepan. ENGELURE, enz-ldr, s. f. chilblain.

ENGENDRE, E, adj. got, begot, etc.
ENGENDRER, en-eta-dra, v. a. to get, beget, engender, or procreate; to breed, cause or create. S'engendrer, v. r. to be bred or engendered; to grow, spring, rise or pro-· ceed.

*Engen, v. a. to encumber.

ENGERBER, en-zer-ba, v. a. to sheaf.

Engin, en-zin, s. m. engine, tool; finesse; industry; net, snare. Micux vant engin que force, policy goes beyond strength.
ENGLOBER, en-glo-ba, v. a. to join to-

gether, unite.

ENGLOUTIR, en-gloo-tir, v. a. to swallow up, devour; also to infect, poison, knock down (speaking of the breath;) to absorb, consume, dissipate.

ENGLUER, en-glo-a, v. a. to daub with oird-lime.

Engoncer, en-gon-så, v. a. to cramp, con-fine, (speaking of strait clothes.) Engonos, k, adj. choked up with filth and nastiness. La pompe est engorgée, Mar. the pump is choked.

Engorgement, en-gorz-men, s. m. be-

ing choked up.

Engorger, en-gör-zi, v. a. to choke up.

Sengorger, v. r. to be choked up, want a clear passage.

EMGOUEMENT, èn-gòo-mèn, s. m. chok-ing; also fondness, infatuation.
EMGOUEM, èn-gòo-à, v. a. to choke. S'en-gouer, v. r. to choke one's self with gree-diness. S'engouer de quelque chose, to be fond of a thing, be infatuated or possessed with it.

Engouffren, en-goo-frå, v. a. to swallow up, absorb. Sengonfrer, v.r. to get in-to, run into, get ingulfed. Engouler, en-goods, v. a. to swallow

down, gobble.

ENGOURDI, E, adj. benumbed, stiff.
ENGOURDIR, en goor-dir, v. a. to benumb,
make stiff, also to duli, stupify. S'engourdir, v. r. to get benumbed, grow stiff.

ENGOURDISSEMENT, èn-goor-dis-mên, a. m. numbness, stiffness, dulness.

ENGRAIS, èn-grè, s. m. fattening or cramming, putting up of beasts and fowls to feed; meat wherewith any thing is fattened; dung, muck, manure, compost. Etre à l'engrais, to be fattening.

ENGRAISSEMENT, s m. fattening, grow-

ing fat.

ENGRAISSER, èn-gi è-sà, v. a. to fatten, or make fat; to cram, make rich with manure, to crease or spot with muck, dung, compost; to grease or spot with grease. Engraisser arec de la marne, to marl. Engraisser, v. n. S'engraisser, v. r. to futten or grow fat; also to grow greasy. S'en-graisser des misères publiques, to fatten on publick distress.

Engranger, èn-gren-za, v. a. to inn, get

in, put into the barn (grain.)
ENGRAVEMENT, s. m. state of a boat run

aground.

ENGRAVER, en-gra-va, v. a. to run aground (speaking of boats or barges.) En-graver les pièces d'arrimage, Mar. to bury the casks in the ballast.

ENGRÊLÉ, E, adj. engrailed, indented. ENGRÊLER, v. a. to purl, deck with em-

broidery.
ENGRELURE, èn-grè-lur, s. f. puri or edg-

ing of lace.
ENGRENAGE, s. m. wheels whose teeth catch and turn others.

Engrener, engr-na, v. a. to put in the ENGRENER, ever-na, v. a. to put in the mill-hopper; to feed with good corn. Engrener, v. n. to begin; to catch said of the teeth of a wheel.) Sengrener, v. r. to catch. Il a bien engrené, he has begun well. Engrener la pompe. Mar. to fetch the pump.

ENGRENURE, engr-ndr, s. f. catching, (speaking of wheels that catch into one another) went of articulation.

ther;) sort of articulation.

Engris, s. m. sort of tiger. Engrosser, en-gro-sa, v. a. to get with child.

Engrumelé, e, adj. clotted, curdled. Engrumeler, (s') sen-gràm-là, v. r. to clot, clod, coagulate.

ENHARDIR, en-Ar-dir, v. a. to embolden, encourage. S'enhardir, v. r. to grow bold,

to take courage. ENHARNACHEMENT, s. m. barnessing, harness, trappings.

ENHARNACHER, en-ar-na-sha, v. a. to har-

ness, set out with trappings.
*Enhazé, E, adj. busy to little purpose. ENHERBER, v. a. to lay down to grass

(lund;) to poison with herbs.

Enhuché, E, adj. Mar. moon-sheered. Enignatique, å-nig-me-tik, adj. enigmatical, dark, obscure, mystical.

ENIGNATIQUEMENT, a-ni adv. enigmatically, mystically å-nig-må-tik-mčs,

ENIGME, å-nigm, s. f. riddle, enigma, dark saying.

bar, bat, base: there; ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, ford: mood, good.

ENIVRANT, E, adj. inebriating, etc. ENIVRE, E, adj. made drunk, drunk, fuddled, inebriated, intoxicated, infatuated, con-

Enivrement, en-nivr-men, s. m. being

drunk, getting drunk, intoxication, infatuation.

ENIVEER, en-hl-vrk, v. a. to fuddle, make
drunk; to infatuate, intoxicate, inebriate,
make proud or conceited. S'eniver, v. r. to make one's self drunk, fuddle one's self.

ENJALER une ancre, Mar. to stock an an-

Enjambée, èn-zèn-bå, s. f. stride. Enjambement, èn-zènb-mên, s. m. the running of a verse into another to complete the sense.

ENJAMBER, èn-zèn-bå, v. n. & a. to stride r stride over; to encroach upon, usurp; to jut, project. Vers qui enjambe sur le suivant, verse that runs into the next line to complete the sense.

ENJAVELER, en-zav-la, v. a. to bind into sheaves.

Enjeu, èn-zèu, s. m. stake at play.

Enjoindry, en-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to enjoin, bid, order, charge or command.

ENJOINT, E, adj. enjoined, etc. ENJOLER, en-zo-la, v. a. to wheedle, decoy or cajole.

Enjoleu-R, se, én-zò-lèur, lèuz, s. m. & f. wheedler, cajoler; also sweetener or setter

(among sharpers.) ENJOLIVEMENT, en-20-liv-men, s. m. set off, ornament, embellishment.

ENJOLIVER, en-20-11-va, v. a. to set off, make fine, beautify or adorn, embellish.

ENJOLIVEUR, en-zô-lî-veur, s. m. setter off; braid-makers, button-makers, and some other tradesmen call themselves *enjolineurs*. ENJOLIVURE, en-zô-ll-vur, s. m. V. En-

jolivement.

Exjour, R. èn-zôo-à, adj. gay, graceful, genteel, agreeable, merry, jovial, airy, good-numoured, pleasant, sprightly. Un air enjoué, a good grace, a genteel look, a merry countenance.

ENJOURNENT, en-zoo-men, s. m. sprightliness, gaiety, gracefulness, good grace, pleasant carriage, pleasantry, pleasantness, good

or jovial humour.
EMJOURR, v. a. to make merry.
EMILIDION, s. m. a little book containing secret remarks, precepts, and principles; manual.

ENLACEMENT, èn-làs-mên, s.m. entangling. ENLACEE, èn-là-sà, v. a. to entangle, twist. ENLAIDIE, èn-là-dìr, v. a. to make ugly or tomely; v. n. to grow ugly or homely.

ENLAIDISSEMENT, s. m. making or growing ugly.
ENLEVEMENT, è carrying off forcibly.

ėn-lėv-mėn, s. m. rape,

ENLEVER, ent-va, v. a. to lift; raise or beave up; to run away with, take or carry away by force; to carry off (by death;) to buy forestal: to charm. Enlever up, engross, forestal; to charm. Enlever (sme place) à l'ennemi, to take (a town) from the enemy. Enlever légèrement, to whip up. Enlever un bâtiment à l'abordage, Mar. to carry a vessel by boarding her. Enlever des tonneux vides (à l'aide d'un cartaheu passé carry a vessel by boarding her. Enlever des tonneme wides (à l'aide d'un cartaheu passé lans une poulie simple) Mar. to whip up empty proud, puss up. S'enorgueillir, v. r. to grow

casks. Enlever la pens, to make the skin come off, take off the skin. La mine a enlevé ce bastion, the mine blew up that bastion. En-

ver, v. r. to rise in pimples.

ENLEYURE, s. f. blister, pimple.

ENLEWURE, s. f. blister, pimple.

ENLUMINE, e. adj. coloured. Nex entumine, nose full of red pimples, red nose.

ENLUMINER, ex-16-mi-na, v. a. to colour entumine, nose full of red pimples, red nose.

(a print;) make (the face) red. Enluminguer, se, èn-là-mì-nèur, nèuz, s.

m. & f. colourer (of maps or prints.)
ENLUMINUEE, en-lû-mî-nur, s. f. colouring, coloured print, etc. far fetched ornament (of style.)

Enmancher, V. Emmancher.

ENNEAGONE, s. m. enneagon, figure of nine sides

ENNEMI, E, en-mi, mi, s. m. & f. enemy, foe. Je suis ennemi du mensonge, I hate a

ENNEMI, E, adj. unfriendly, hostile, adverse, of or belonging to an enemy. Le pays ennemi, the enemy's country. Fortune ennemie, cross or adverse fortune. Ennoblir, en-no-blir, v. a. to ennoble.

Anoblir.

Ennoir, s. f. sort of serpent whose tail is round and almost as big as his head, whence it is also called serpent a deux têtes.

ENNUI, en-nul, s. m. dulness, weariness, heaviness, tiresomeness, yexation, trouble, sorrow, disquiet. Donner de l'emui à quelqu'un, to trouble, vex or disquiet one, make one dull, etc. This word is one of those which cannot be fully expressed in English; hence it is that emmi is sometimes found in English authors. Besides a sort of lassitude, of pain, of trouble, and of vapourish condition, it de-notes a disgrust with or impatience at the con-tinuance of a thing. V. S'enunyer.

ERRUITER, () v. r. to be benighted. V.

Ennuyant, E, èn-nûl-yèn, yènt, adj. tire-some, tedious. See the observ. on Ennui.

Ennuyea, en-ndi-ya, v. a. to weary, tire, be wearisome or tiresome to, be tedious to, to dull or make dull, be an opiate to, make impatient of the continuance of something. As ensuryer is equal to donner or causer de l'emmi, à...., see the obs. on Emmi. S'emmiyer, v. r. to be weary or tired, grow impatient of the continuance of a thing, grow va pourish and dull. Sans s'ennayer or sans en sui, without finding the hours heavy, with out being dull, etc. Il m'enuie, v. imp. I am weary or tired. Il enuie à qui attend, he that waits has a weary time of it.

Ennuyeusement, èn-nal-yèuz-mên, adv

tediously, in a tedious manne

ENNUYEU-X, SE, en-nûl-yeu, yeuz, adj tedious, wearisome, troublesome, tiresome, dull.

ENONCÉ, E. A-non-să, adj. expressed, de clared. Un faux énoncé, a false declaration. ENONCER, à-non-sà, v. a. to express, declare or utter. S'enoncer, v. r. to express one's self.

Enonciati-f, ve, adj. expressive. Enonciation, a-non-sia-sion, s.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

roud, be proud or puffed up. Il s'enorgueillit

de peu de chose, a little matter makes him proud. ENORME, a-norm, adj. immoderate, vast, excessive, huge; enormous, great, heinous, grievous.

ENORMÉMENT, à-nôr-mà-mên, adv. un-

measurably, greatly, grievously.

Enormit, a-nor-mi-th, s. f. hugeness, vastness; also enormity, heinousness, atrocity.

ENQUERANT, E, en-kh-ren, rent, adj. inquisitive

ENQUÉRIR, (s') sèn-kā-rīr, v. r. (see the table at quérér) to inquire or make an inqui-

ry, ask.

ENQUERRE, v. a. (obsolete) to inquire, search for; s. m. inquiry, research.

ENQUERE, en-bet, s. f. inquest, inquiry,

eearch.

*Enquîter, (s') sèn-kè-th, v.r. to inquire or ask. Je ne m'enquête point de cela, i do not trouble myself about that.

ENQUETRUR, en-ke-teur, s. m. inquisitor, examiner.

Eveus, E, en-ld, klz, adj. asked, interro-

ENRACINÉ, E, adj. rooted, that has taken root. Mal caraciné, inveterate or old disease. EBRACINER, en-ra-si-na, v. n. S'enraciner,

v r. to take root ; also to grow inveterate. Енвлай, к, èn-rà-zà, adj. mad, enraged. Енвлаблят, е, èn-rà-zèn, zèni, adj. apt

to make one mad, vexing, provoking.

*Enragement, s. f. being mad or enraged. Enrager, en-ra-za, v. n. to enrage, to be mad. Faire enrager quelqu'un, to make one mad, provoke one

ERRAYER, en-ra-ya, v. a. to put the spokes to a wheel, to trig or skid (a wheel;) to make the first farrow; to stop.

ENRAYOIR, s. m. trigger. ENRAYURE, cn-re-yur, s. f. first furrow. ENREGUERTER, cn-ra-21-men-ta, v. a.

to embody, form into a regiment; to enrol. ENREGISTRÉ, E, adj. entered into a re-

gister, registered, recorded.

ENERGISTREMENT, enr-zistr-men, or En-REGITBEMENT, enr-zitr-men, s. m., enterin a register, registering or recording. Faire l'enregistrement des causes, to register CRINSES.

Enregistren, èur-zie-trà, v. a. to enter

into a register, register, record. Engumen, en-rd-ma, v. a. to cause Enrichmen, enrichen, v. r. to catch cold. Enrichmen, e. adj. enriched, made rich, dc. Une montre enrichte de diamans, a watch set with diamonds.

ENRICHIR, en-ri-shir, v. a. to enrich or make rich. S'eurichir, v.r. to grow rich, thrive. Enrichissement, en-ri-shis-men, s. m. sament, set off, embellishment.

ENRÔLEMENT, en-rol-mên, s. m. enrol-

ling, enlisting.
ERECLER, en-ro-là, v. a. to enlist or enrol.
S'enrôler, v. r. to enlist or enrol one's self, turn soldier.

Enroué, E, adj. hoarse. Un homme en-roué, a man with a hoarseness. Il parle-enroué, he speaks warse.

ENROUEMENT, s. m. hoarseness

ENROUER, en-roo-à, v. a. to make hoarse. self boarse.

ENROUILLER, en-roo-fa, v.a. to make rusty. S'enrouiller, v. r. to grow runy.

ENROULEMENT, s. m. rolling.

Engouer, v. a. to roll or wrap up. Ensablement, en-sabl-men, s. m. hosp

of sand, sand-bank, Ensabler, en-sh-bla, v. a. to drive or force into the sand. Sensabler, v. r. to stick

in or run upon the sand; run aground. ENSACHER, en-sh-sha, v. a. to put into a

sack or bag. Ensaisinement, ên-sê-zîn-mên, s. m. soi-

sin or investiture. Ensaisinen, en-se-zi-na, v. a. to inver.

Ensanglanten, en-een-glen-ta, v. a. to make bloody, imbrue with blood.

Enselone, en-segn, s. f. sign, sign post, mark or token; also banner, ensign's commission. A telles enseignes, by such a token. Elle ne rouloit rien éprouver de l'amour qu'à bonnes enseignes, she was resolved not to have any thing to do with love but upon honourable terms. Enseigne de pierreries, crotchet of precious stones.
Enseigne, s. m. ensign. Enseigne de vais-

sear, officer (in the French navy) next in rank to a lieutenant. Bâton d'enseigne, flag

Enseignement, en-segn-men, s. m. in-

struction, precept ENSEIGNER, en-se-gna, v. a. to teach. in-

struct; to learn or show

ENSELLÉ, E, adj. saddle-backed.
ENSEMBLE, èn-sèmbl, adv. together, one with another, all at once.

Ensemble, s. m. whole, whole piece, all the parts taken together. Les bondes de détail or d'ensemble de cette pièce de théâtre, the particular or collective beauties of this

Ensemencer, ens-mon-så, v. a. to sow (seed.)

ENSERRER, co-se-ra, v. a. to shut up, contain or comprehend; also to put into a green

ENSEVELIR, en-sev-fir, v. a. to bury or inter. S'ensevelir dans la solitude, to to live in

Ensevelissement, en-sev-ils-men, s. m.

Ensoncelen, en-sors-là, v. a. to bewitch or charm.

*Ensoncelleur, én-sôrs-lêur, s. m. be witcher.

Ensoncellement, en-sor-sel-men, a. m bewitching, witcheraft, charm. Ensoufren, en-soo-fra, v. a. to dip in w

mix with brimstone.

Ensouple, s. f. weaver's beam.
Ensuite, en-sûlt, adv. afterwards, then

Ensuite de, after.

*Ensurvant, E, adj. following, next. Ensurvae, (s') sen-sulve, v. r. (like sui vre) to follow, come after or next, ensue, proceed or spring. Il s'ensuit, it follows.

ENTABLEMENT, én-tabl-mên, s. m. enta-

blature.

ENTACHER, en-th-sha, v. a. to taint or

ENTAILLE, en-tal, s. f. jag or notch. ENTAILLER, en-th-fa, v. a. to jag or notch ENTAILLURE, en-th-fur, s. f. jag, notch. ENTAME, s. f. first cut (of a losf.)

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ENTAMER, en-ta-ma, v. a. to cut, make a small incision in, make the first cut; to begin, enter upon. Entamer la réputation de quelqu'un, to bespatter one's reputation. Se laisser entamer, to suffer an encroachment, suf-fer one's self to be prevailed upon. ENTAMURE, en-th-mur, s. f. cut, small in-

cision, first cut.

EN TANT QUE, adv. as, inasmuch as. ENTASSEMENT, én-ths-mên, s. m. heap. ENTASSER, én-th-sh, v. a. 10 heap, heap up. ENTE, ént, s. f. graft, seion grafted, grafted tree; handle of a pencil; sort of pilaster.

Thee; name of a pencir; sort of plaster.

ENTE, E, adj. grafted, etc.

ENTENDEMENT, en. grafting.

ENTENDEMENT, en. dead-men, s. m. understanding, intellect, intellectuals, judgment, mind, head or brain.

*Entendeur, èn-ten-deur, s. m. under-

stander, apprehender.

ENTENDRE, en-tendr, v. a. to hear; to understand or apprehend; have skill, be skilful Donner à in; to mean; to expect, intend. m; to mean; to expect, intend. Donner de entendre, to give to understand, insinuate, give a hist of. Donner bien de entendre, to explain well, make very plain. Faites comme nous Pentendrez, do as you think fit or best. Vous tentendez mal, you are mistaken, you are in the wrong box. Fentends que rous fassiez cela, I expect you to go that. Faire entendre, cela, I expect you to go that. Faire entendre, to represent, to set forth. S'entendre à or en, v. r. to understand, have skill, or be skilful in. S'entendre avec, to understand one another, have secret intelligence with. Cela s'entend, cela s'entend bien, that is to be supposed or understood.

ENTENDU, E, en-ten-da, da, adj, heard, understood, etc.; skilful, understanding, that has skill, that understands; contrived, ordered. Faire l'entendu, to be proud, carry it high, take too much upon one's self. Bien entendu que, upon condition or provided that. Bien entendu, well contrived, regular. Bien entendu, by all means, to be sure; also I mean (je veux dire.) On déchira tous les vivans, bien entendu tous les vivans qui n'étoient pas de ce diner, they tore in pieces all the living, I mean all the living who were not at this dinner. Un mal-entendu, s. m. a mistake, a misunderstanding.

ESTENTE, èn-tent, s. f. meaning; (in the exts) skill, judgment. Paroles à double entente, double entente, ambiguous words with double meaning. Parter à double entente, to speak with a double meaning or entente, to speak with a double meaning or entendre, speak ambiguously, equivocate.

ENTER, en-ta, v. a. to graft, graff, or inraft, to unite in a joint two pieces of wood.

Enter en œillet or en bouton, to inoculate.

*Enterinement, en-th-rin-mên, s. m.

Enter en œute or en touton, to incomme.

"Entérinement, én-tà-rin-mên, s. m.
grant, passing of a pardon or grant.

"Entérinem, én-tà-ri-nà, v. a. tó grant,
pass or confirm (an act,) to finish, complete.

Entérockle, s. f. enterocele, tumour formed by the prolapsion of the intestines into the scrotum.

ENTEROLOGIE, s. f. enterology. ENTERREMENT, enter-men, s. m. bury-mg, burial or funeral, interment.

ENTERRER, en-te-ra, v. a. to inter, bury,

kay or put in the ground; to hide.

ENTETE, E, en-te-ta, adj. fond, possessed, prepossessed, infatuated, conceited.

ENTRIE. E. s. m. & f. obstinate or opinionative person, one wedded to his or her own opinion

ENTETMENT, en-tet-men, s. m. infatuation. strong prejudice, conceited opinion, fondnes Revenir de ses entêtemens, to come to one's

self again.

ENTETER, en-te-ta, v. a. to disturb the head; cause the head-ache, make one's head ache; to possess or prepossess, infatuate. Vin qui entête, heady wine. Les louanges entétent, praises puff one up. S'entêter d'une chose, v. r. to take a strong fancy to a thing, be prepossessed or infatuated or find of a thing. Senteter de son savoir, to be proud or conceited of one's learning.

Enthousiasme, en-to-zl-asm, s. m en-

thusiasm, rapture, ecstacy; fanaticism. ENTHOUSIASMÉ, E, adj. ecstasied, in rap-

tures, in ecstasies.

Enthousiasmen, en-ido-zl-as-ma, v. a. to put in rapture. S'enthousiasmer. v. r. to be in a rapture.

ENTHOUSIASTE, ca-ido-zl-ast, s. m. & f.

ENTHYMENE, en-ti-mem, s. m. enthymeme. ENTICHER, en-ti-sha, v. a. to begin to spoil (as fruit.) Entiché d'une opinion, opi-nionated.

ENTIER, E, èn-tlà, tlèr, adj. whole, entire complete, full, absolute; obstinate, opinionative, wedded to his own opinion. Un chevul entier, a stone-horse

ENTIER, s. m. whole. Remettre la chose en son entier, to restore a thing to its first state. Lu chose est en son entier, the thing is entire.

ENTIREMENT, en-tièr-mên, adv. wholly, entirely, akogether, totally, absolutely. It m'a entièrement satisfait, he has paid me all.

Entité, s. f. entity. Entoilage, én-twa-laz, s. m. lawn or mus-

lin to which lace or edging is sewed.

ENTOILER, en-twa-la, une cravate, to put linen to a lace cravat. Emoiler, to paste upon canvass (a print.)

ENTONNEMENT, s. m. putting (liquor) into a cask.

ENTONNER, en-tô-na, v. a. to put into a cask; to tune or sing. Entonner la trompette, to sound or blow the trumpet. S'entonner. v. r. to blow down, rush in (said of wind.)

ENTONNOIR, en-tô-nwar, s.m. tunnel, fun-

Entorse, en-tors, s. m. sprain. Se donner or prendre une entorse à quelque partie du corps, to sprain some part of the body. Entorvillement, entor-ill-men, s. m.

winding about, twining or twisting, etc.
ENTORTILLER, en-tor-ti-ta, v. a. to wrap, wind, twine, twist or roll about, to entangle, perplex or confound. S'estortiller, v. r. to wrap itself up, twine itself, to be perplexed

and confounded. ENTOUR, s. m. environs, compass, what surrounds any thing; intimacy. A l'entour. V. Alentour.

ENTOURAGE, en-too-raz, s. m. whatever surrounds, ornamental work around a jewel. ENTOURER, èn-tôc-ra, v. a. to surround,

environ, encompass or compass about. ENTOURNURE, en-toor-nur, s. f. cuff, turn

ing up of the sleeve.

base, bat : jeane, mêute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brust.

ENTR'ACTE, én-trâkt, s. m. interlude. ENTR'ACCUSER, (s') sen-trâ-sû-zâ, v. rec. to accuse one another.

Entr'aider, (s') sen-trè-dà, v. rec. to

belo one another.

ENTRAILLES, ên-tral, s. f. pl. entrails, intestines, bowels; heart. Avoir de bonnes entrailles, to be tender-hearted or compassionate. Les entrailles de la miséricorde de Dieu,

the tender mercy of God. ENTR'AIMER, (s') sen-tre-ma, v. rec. to love one another.

ENTRAINEMENT, s. m. the act of drag-

ging along.

ENTRAINER, v. a. to drag or draw along, carry or carry away, hale, hurry or drag away. Ces naisseaux sont entrainés par la force des courans, those ships are carried away by strength of the currents.

ENTRANT, E, adj. forward, that puts himself forward, insimuating, engaging.

ENTR'APPELER,(s') sen-trap-la, v. rec. to

call one another

ENTRAVER, en-tra-va, v. a. to shackle or fetter.

ERTR'AVERTIR, (s') sen-trà-ver-tir, v. rec.

to give one another notice.

ENTRAYES, en-tray, s. f. pl. shackles or fetters for a horse's legs; shackles, fetters,

clog.
ENTRE, entr., prep. among, amongst; between, betwixt; in, into. Je vous tivre cet homme entre les mains, I deliver this man into your hands. Il est entre cinq et six heures, it is between five and six o'clock.

ENTRÉ, E, adj. (from Entrer) gone in. got

in, etc.
ENTRE-BAILLÉ, E, èstr-bà-Â, adj. half
open, a-jar, (said of doors and soindoss.)
ENTRE-BAILLER, v. a. to stand a little open.
ENTRE-BAIRER, (s') sèntr-bè-zà, v. rec. to

kiss one another.

ENTRI-BATTRE, (s') sentr-batr, v. rec. to beat one a nother.

Estre vlesser, (s') sentr-ble-sa, v. rec. to wound one another.

ENTRE-CHANGER de postes dans la ligne, Mar. to interchange stations in the line. ENTRECHAT, entr-sha, s. m. sort of step

(in dancing.) Entre-choquer, (s') seur-shô-ka, v.

rec. to hit against one another; to thwart.

ENTRE-COLONNE, s. f. or ENTRE-CO-LONNEMENT, s. m. intercolumniation or space betwixt two pillars.

ENTRE-COUPER, entr-koo-pa, v. a. to interrupt, break off. S'entrecouper, v. r. to cross or cut one another; also to contradict one's

self; to cut or interfere (speaking of a horse.) ENTRE-DEFAIRE, (s') sentr-de-fer, v. rec. to defeat one another.

ENTRE-DÉTRUIRE, (s') v. rec. to destroy each other.

ENTRE-DEUX, s. m. space or intermedium. Entre-deux, Mar. Entre-deux des lames, trough of the sea, hollow of the sea. Entredeux des mâts, distance between the masts. Ce navire au vent à nous a beaucoup d'entredeux de mâts, that ship to windward of us has a great distance between her masts.

ENTRE-DEUX, adv. so, so; indifferently.

ENTRE-DIRE, (s') v. rec. to say something to one another.

Entre-donner, (s') sentr-dô-na. v. rec.

to give each other.
ERTRÉE, entrà, s. f. entry; entrance, coming in; entrance money; avenue; solemn reception; entrance upon, beginning; impor-tation; also custom; course of dishes; introduction, insight, hint; access, admittance.

Droits d'entrée, duties on imports.

D'entrée, at first.

Entrée de ballet, dancing.

L'entrée de ma maison n'est sermée à personne, my door is shut to nobody, my house is sree sor all men. Il m'a désendu l'entrée de ce lieu, he has forbidden me to come into this place. On en a défendu l'entrée, there is an order to let nobody in. L'entrée de ce chapeau est trop petite pour moi, the crown of this hat is too narrow for me.

Entrée, Mar. entrance, etc. L'entrée de ce port est hérissée de canons, the entrance of that harbour is defended by a numerous artillery. L'entrée de la Manche, the chops of the Channel. Entrée (term of quarantine,) pratique. Avoir l'entrée, to have pratique. Prendre l'entrée, to get pratique.

ENTR'EMPRCHER, (s') v. rec. to clash, jar,

be contrary.

EXTREFACHER, (s') v. rec. to quarrel together.

ENTREPAITES, entr-fêt, s. f. pl. Ex. Dans or sur ces entrefaites, in the mean while, during these transactions, while these things were doing.

ENTREFOUETTER, (s') v. rec. to whip one another.

ENTRE-FRAPPER, (s') v. rec. to strike each other.

ENTREGERT, entr-zen, s. m. adroit and genteel way of pushing one's self forward in the world. Apoir de l'entregent, to know how to behave with every body.

Entr'Egorger, (s') v. rec. to cut one an-

other's throat.

ENTRE-HEURTER, (s') v. rec. to knock

one against another. ENTRELACEMENT, entr-las-men, s. m.

mixture, twisting together, twist. ENTRELACER, entr-là-sà, v. a. to intermingle, interlace, interweave, wind or twist

with one another.

ENTRELACS, s. m. pl. loveknot.
ENTRELARDE, E, adj. interlarded, etc.
Viande entrelardee, marbled meat, streaked with fat and lean.

ENTRELARDER, entr-lar-da, v. a. to interlard, mix lean with fat; to interlard, intermix, insert, interweave.

ENTRE-LIGNE, entr-lign, s. f. interlinea-

ENTRELIRE, v. a. to read cursorily. ENTRELOUER, (s') v. rec. to praise one another.

Entre-manger, (s) scatt-men-za, v. rec.

to eat together. ENTREMÈLER, entr-mê-là, v. a. to intermingle, intermix or insert. S'entremeller, v. r.

to mix together. ENTREMETS, entr-me, s. m. dainty dish, plates served at great men's tables just be fore the fruit.

ENTREMETTEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. media tor, mediatrix, manager between two par ties, go-between

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Entremettre, (s') sent-mêtr, v. r. (like

mettre) to intermeddle, interpose.

ENTREMISE, entr-miz, s. f. interposition, mediation, procurement, means, help, assist-

Entremises, s. f. pl. Mar. straight and square pieces fayed to the timbers over the clamps from beam to beam in French men of war, in the same place where English ship-ruilders put a horizontal or lodging knee.

Entremordre, (s') v. rec. to bite one another.

ENTRE-NUIRE, (s') sentr-ndir, v. rec. to burt each other.

ENTREPARLER, (s') v. rec. to talk together

Entreparleur, s. m. interlocutor. Entrepas, s. m. broken amble.

ENTRE-PERCER, (s') v. rec. to run each other through.

ENTREPONT, s. m. Mar. between-decks or interval between-decks. Les bâbordais à nettoyer l'entrepont, the larboard watch to clean the between-decks.

ENTREPOSER, v.a. to place goods (that are to be carried elsewhere) in an entrepot.

ENTRE-POSEUR, s. m. person appointed

for selling goods in entrepot.

ENTREPOT, entr-po, s. m. staple, mart, emporium. Ville d'entrepot, mart-town.

ENTRE-POUSSER, (s') v. rec. to push one another.

Entreprenant, e, entr-pre-nen, nent, adj. bold, venturesome, forward, rash.
Entreprendre, entr-prendr, v. a. (like

prendre) to undertake, take in hand, attempt or enterprise, take upon one's self; to set upon, attack, jeer. Entreprendre un bâtiment à prix fau, to undertake a building by the job. Entreprendre sur quelque chose, to encroach or intrench upon a thing, invade it. Entreprendre sur la vie de quelqu'un, to make an attempt upon one's life.

ENTREPRENEUR, entr-pre-neur, s.m. un-dertaker, undertaker of work by the job,

Entrepreneuse, entr-pre-neuz, s. m. under-taker, woman that undertakes work and gets it done by others.

ENTREPRIS, E, entr-pri, priz, adj. undertaken, etc.; impotent, that has lost the use of his limbs; awkward.

ENTREPRISE, s. f. undertaking, enter-prise, attempt or design, contract or contractors; also attempt, encroachment. Etre dans les entreprises, to be in the contracting way or line; to be a contractor.

Entre-Quereller, (s') sentr-ke-re-la,

v rec. to quarrel together.

ENTRER, en-tra, v. n. to enter, go in, come in. get or step in; to engage in, to begin, to sit; to fall (in love, etc.) Entrer à table, to sit down at table. Il entre trois verges de drap à mon justaucorps, it takes three yards of cloth for my close coat. Ce poète entre bien dans les passions, that poet expresses the passions very well. Ce comédien entre bien dans le caractère de son personnage, that stage-player humours his part very well. Entrer dans sa vingtième année, to enter upon the twentieth year of one's age. Entrer dans le détail des choses, to come or descend to particulars. Entrer en possession to take |

possession. Entrer dans les intérêts de quel qu'un, to side with one, espouse his interest. Entrer dans son sens or dans son sentiment, to embrace or follow or be of his opinion. Que vous entrex mal dans mes sentimens! how grossly you mistake my meaning! En-ter dans la pensée d'un asteur, to understand an author's meaning. Entrer dans le secrets de quelqu'un, to be admitted into one's secrets, be his confidant. Des médicamens où il entre de l'or et des pierreries, medicaments made (amongst other things) of gold and precious stones. Enter en discours, to enter upon a discourse, to begin it. Enter en proces, to begin a law-suit. Nous ne phones entrer dans le port qu'aux trois quarts du flot, Mar, we could not come (or get) into the harbour till the last quarter flood. Faire entrer un bâtiment dans le bassin, to take a vessel into dock. Fair entrer la clef dans un mât de hune or de perroquet, to enter the fid of a topmast or top-gallant mast.
Entre-regarden, (s') sêntr-rê-gâr-dâ,

v. rec. to stare at one another.

Entre-règne, V. Interrègne.

Entre-réfondre, (s') sentr-ré-pondr v. rec. to answer one another

ENTRE-SABORDS, s. m. pl. Mar. intervals between the ports of a ship's side. ENTRE-SALUER, (s') v. rec. to salute one

another.

ENTRE-SECOURIR, (s') sentr-se-kôo-rir, v. rec. to help each other.

ENTRE-SOL, entr-sol, s. m. room upon the ground floor.

EXTRE-SOURCIL, s. m. space between the eye-brows.

ENTRE-SUIVRE, (s') sentr-sûlvr, v. rec. (like suivre) to follow successively, to follow each other.

Entre-tailler, (s') v. r. to interfere, knock the legs one against the other (as a horse does.)

Entre-taillure, s. f. galling of the legs by their interfering

ENTRE-TEMPS, entr-ten, s. m. mean while, mean time. Un heureux entre-temps, a favourable opportunity.

ENTRETERSMENT, entr-ten-men, s. m. maintenance, keeping. V. Entretien. ENTRETERIR, entr-te-nir, v. a. (like tenir)

to keep, preserve, maintain, continue; to keep up, keep in repair; to hold fast or together; to converse with, to entertain, amuse. Entretenir sa douleur, to indulge one's grief.

Pour nous entretenir, as a matter of conversation. S'entretenir, v. r. to discourse or converse, to keep, continue or hold, keep one's self, etc. S'entretenir, Mar. to keep in the same position by manceuvring. Nous nous entretinmes bord sur bord, en attendant la marée, we held our own, making short tacks, waiting for the tide.

ENTRETENU, E, adj. kept, maintained.
V. Entretenir. Un régiment entretens sur
pièd, a standing regiment.
ENTRETIEN, évar-tien, s. m. maintenance

or keeping; conversation, discourse, talk; also company. Entretien de bouche et d'habits, charge of victuals and clothes. Les prairies sont de moindre entretien et de plus grand rerenu, meadows are less chargeable and more productive. Entretiens spiritucls, pious exbose, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vist : mon : brust,

gu'an, to find one in all his necessaries, to support or maintain or keep one.

ENTRETOILE, s. f. ornament of lace-work

between two pieces of linen.

ENTRETOISE, s. f. a cross piece of wood.

Entretoise d'affit, Mar. transom of a gun
carriage. Entretoise du mit de beaupré, sort of partners to the bowsprit placed vertically (in French ships of war) at a small distance before its step, on the lower deck.

ENTRE-TOUCHER, (s') v. rec. to be conti-

ENTRETRAVERSER, (s') v. r. Mar. to bring the broadside to bear upon some adjacent

object Entretuer, (s') séntr-til-å, v. rec. to kill

ENTREVOIR, entr-vwar, v. a. (like voir) to see or discover a little, have but a glimps of. S'entrevoir, v. rec. to see one another, visit one another, have an interview.

Entrevue, entr-vu, s. f. interview, meet-

ing, conference. ENTR'OUTE, en-troo-ir, v. a. (like outr) to overhear, or hear in an imperfect or indistinct manner.

ENTR'OUVERT, E, adj. opened half-way,

ENTR'OUVERT, E, adj. opened half-way, half-open, but a little open, gaping, a-jar.

ESTE'OUVEIR, én-trôo-vrir, v. a. (like ouvrir) to open but a little, open half-way.

ENTURE, én-tur, s. f. place where the graft is joined to the tree; pl. steps of a kind of ladder.

ENULA-CAMPANA, s. f. elecampane.

Enumérati-F, E, adj. that enumerates. Enumération, é-nû-mâ-râ-sion, s. f. enu-

meration, account. ENUMÉRER, v. a. to enumerate.

ENVAHIR, cn-va-ir, v. a. to invade, usurp, take by force.

*Envahissement, en-vå-le-men, s. m. in-

vasion, usurpation.

ENVASER, (8') v. r. Mar. to stick in the ud. Voila une galiote qui s'est envasée, mud. there is a galliot stuck fast in the mud.

• ENVELOPPE, env-lop, s. f. cover, envelope.
ENVELOPPE, E, adj. wrapped up, covered, etc. dark, mysterious, reserved. Se trouver exceloppé dans de mancaises affaires, to be entangled or involved or engaged in a scurvy business. Discours enveloppé, perplexed, dark. intricate or confused discourse.

ENVELOPPEMENT, env-lop-men, s. m.

wrapping or folding up.
Envelopers, env-16-på, v. a. to wrap up,
cover or envelop, fold up; hem in, beset; to
involve; to disguise. Enveloper un conte, to dress a smutty story in clean language. S'envelopper, v. r. to wrap one's self up, muffle one's self up.

Envenimen, env-nl-ma, v. a. to envenom, poison; (une plaie) make angry; (un discours) to poison, relate in an odious manner; (l'esprit de quelqu'un) to irritate, provoke, incense, exasperate one. S'envenimer, v. r. to fester or rankle.

ENVERGUER, en-ver-ga, une voile, Mar. to bend a sail (to its yard.) Ce brig envergue ses voiles, that brig is bending her sails.

ENVERGURE, s. f. Mar. length of the yards of a ship and the extent or spread of the

Fournir à l'entretien de quel- || sails upon them. Cette frégute a peu d'envergure, that frigate is by no means square rigged; also, extent of a bird's wings when

FAVERS, &n-ver, prep. to or towards.
ENVERS, &n. the wrong side. A Pencers, adv. the wrong side cutward. Un homme qui à l'esprit à l'envers, a cross-grained genius. Etre couché à l'envers, to lie upon one's back.

ENVI, en. vi, s. m. vie (at cards.) A l'envi, adv. Etudier à l'envi, to study with emulation. Ils travaillent à l'envi l'un de l'autre, they strive who shall work most or best. font à l'envi qui sera le plus diligent, they strive who shall be most diligent.

ENVIR, envi, s. f. envy; odium, hatred, blame; mind, desire, longing, fancy, humour; longing (of somen;) mark (on children, Avoir envie de faire, to have a mind or an inclination to do. Avoir envie d'étermer et ne pouvoir le faire, to try in vain to succe. S'il lui prenoit envie de le faire, if he should take it into his head to do it. Si l'envie m'en prend, if the humour takes me. Je meurs d'enrie de le voir, I die with impatience to see him. On lui a donné l'envie de ce tableau, see him. On the a donne l'envie de ce tablean, they have set him agog about that picture. L'envie hi prit d'aller à Rome, the fancy or humour took him to go to Rome. Cela fait envie, that makes one's mouth water. Il m'en a d'ét l'envie, he has put me out of conceit with it. J'ai quelque envie d'aller à la selle, I have a kind of motion to stool.

ENVIÉ, E, adj. envied. Une charge enviée de tout le monde, an office courted or desired

by every body.
"Envielli, E, adj. old, inveterate, of long standing.

Enviellin, v. a. to appear old. Envien, en-via, v. a. to envy; to desire, like, wish for. Envier le point, to vie at the ruff (at cards.)

ENVIEU-X, SE, èn-vî-èu, èuz, adj. & a. en-vious, jealous, that envies, envious person. Son mérite lui a fait des envieux, his merit has brought envy upon him.

ENVIRON, en-vi-ron, prep. about, therea-

bont.

Environner, èn-vî-rô-nă, v. a. to environ, encompass, surround or stand about, encompass about.

Environs, s. m. pl. environs, adjacent

parts, neighboring places.
Envisagen, en-vi-za-za, v. a. to look er

stare in the face; to look upon, consider.

Envol, en-vwa, s. m. sending; thing sent couplet at the conclusion of a ballad or song Envoising, E, en-vwa-zi-na, adj. that has neighbours.

ENVOLER, en-vo-là, v. n. S'envoler, v. r. to fly away, wing it away, pass rapidly. Envoyé, E, èn-vaw-ya, adj. sent.

ENVOYE, E, en-vaw-ya, adj. sent.

ENVOYER, s. m. envoy.

ENVOYER, en-vwa-ya, v. a. to send. Envoyer quérir, to send for. Mar. to send.

Envoie des hommes en vigie, send hands to the mast-head. Envoyez, down with the helm.

EOLIPYLE, s. m. eolipyle.

EPACTE, a-pakt, s. f. epact.

EPAGNEUL, E, a-pa-gueul, s. m. & f. spaniel, spaniel dog or bitch.

EPAIS, SER, a-pè, pès, adj. thick. Esprit énois. dull heavy wit, blockhead

épais, dull heavy wit, blockhead

bar, bat, base; thère; êbb, over: Add, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good.

EPAIS, s. m. thickness, thick. Pierre qui a deux pieds d'épais, a stone two feet thick. acaz picus a cpais, a stole two rect thick. Il doma le premier dans le pius épais de la cavalerie, he was the first that fell amongst the thickest of the cavalry.

EPAIS, adv. thick. Semer épais, to sow thick. EPAISSEUR, & pê-sêur, s. s. thickness. Il y a trois doigts d'épaisseur, it is three inches thick. Entere dans l'épaisseur d'un bois, to fall into the thick of a forest.

EPAISSIR, &-pê-sîr, v. a. to thicken or make thick; v. n. S'épaissir, v. r. to thicken, grow

or become thick.

EPAISSISSEMENT, å-pê-sis-mên, s. m. thickening.

EPAMPREMENT, &-penpr-men, s. m. stripping of the vine (of its leaves.)

EPAMPREN, &-pen-pra, v. a. to strip off the useless leaves (said of the vine.)

EPANCHEMENT, &-persh-men, s. m. effu-

son, shedding or pouring out. Epanchement de bile overflowing of the gall. Epanchement de cœur, opening or disclosing of one's heart.

EPANCHER, å-pèn-shà, v. a. to shed or

pour out. Epancher son cœur, to open or disclose one's heart. S'épancher, v. r. to over-flow or diffuse itself.

EPANDRE, a-pendr, v. a. to shed or pour out, scatter, spread, disperse, sow, throw here and there. S'épandre, v. r. to be shed out, spread itself, be scattered or dispersed.

EPANDU, E, adj. shed, poured out, etc. V.

Epandre.

LPANOUI, E, adj. blown

EPANOUIR, (s') să-pă-nôo-îr, v. r. to blow or blossom (as a flower.) Paire épanouir, to cause to bloom. Epanouir la rate, to make merry, cheer up.

EPANOUISSEMENT, à-ph-noo-ls-mên.s. m. blowing (of flowers.) Epanouissement de

cazier or de rate, cheerfulnes

EPARCET; s. m. sort of hay, the grain of which supplies the place of oats and barley.

which supplies the place of oats and barley.

EPARER, (s') v.r. to throw or jerk out with
the heels, fling the heels out (as horses do.)

EPARGNANT, E, å-pår-gnén, guênt, adj.
sparing, saving, good husband or housewife.

EPARGNB, å-pårgn, s. f. savingness, husbandry, way of saving, parsimony; public
treasury, exchequer. Trésorier de l'épargne,
king's treasurer. Aller a l'épargne, user d'épargue, to be saving, be a good husband, be close. Faire de l'épargue, to save or lay up.

Epargne du temps, husbandry or economy or management of one's time.

EPARGNER, å-pår-gnå, v. a. to spare or husband, be saving or a good husband; to save or lay up; to spare, save or exempt. It n'épargne personne, be spares nobody, he rails at every body. B'épargner, v. r. to spare one's self, avoid.

EPARFILLEMENT, å-pår-pil-mên, s. m. scattering or dispersing.

EPARPILLER, a-par-pl-la, v. a. to scatter, scatter about, spread, throw here and there. S'eparpiller la rate, to be merry.

EPARS, E, a-par, pars, adj. scattered, discreed. Elle marchoit les cheveux épars, persed. she went with her hair dishevelled or loose.

EPARVIN, 3-pår-vin, s. m. spavin. EPATÉ, å-på-tå adj. m. Ex. Verre épate, glass with the foot proken. Nez épaté, broad, flat nose.

EPATER, a-pa-ta, v. a. to break the foot of (a glass.)
EPAULARD, s. m. large fish like the dol-

phin.

phin.

EPAULE, &-pôl, s. f. shoulder; (of a bastion.)

flank. Regarder quelqu'un par-dessus l'épaule,

look down upon one with contempt. Préter l'épaule à quelqu'un, to back, help or countenance one. Pousser le temps avec l'épaule, to make a shift to keep life and soul

Pepaule, to make a same a copy to together.

EPAULÉ, E. å-pò-lå, adj. broken shouldered, or whose shoulder is out of joint. V. Epauler the bette epaulée, a cracked wench.

EPAULÉE, s. f. shouldering. Travailler hunc chose par épaulées, to do a thing by fits and starts.

EPAULEMENT, &-pol-mên, s. m. epaulment, shouldering piece or covert (in fortification;)

demi-bastion.

EPAULER, a-po-la, v. a. to break or dislocate the shoulder; to shoulder up, prop; to help, back or countenance; (terme de guerre, or faire un spaulement) to cover with an epaulment. S'épauler, v. r. to put one's shoulder out of joint.

der out of joint. EPAULETTE, &-pò-lèt, s. f. epaulet, shoul-der strap, shoulder piece. EPAULIÈRE, s. f. shoulder piece (of armour.)

EPAVE, å-pav, adj. strayed. Bête épave, strayed beast; also drifted.
EPAVE, s. f. strayed beast. Epaves, s. f. pl. Mar. wreck or whatever is thrown by the sea upon the coast and has no owner

EPEAUTRE, a-potr, s. m. kind of grain. EPEAUTRE, å-påt, s. f. sword. Officier d'épée, military officer. Epée romaine, seathers (frizzled hurse hair.) Passer l'épée au travers du corps de quelqu'un, to run one through. Passer au sti de l'épée, to put to the sword, be put to the sword. Prendre l'épée, prendre le parti or la profession des armes, to turn soldier. N'avoir que l'épée et la cape, to have little or nothing. La main de l'épée, horseman's right hand. Mettre quelque chose du côté de l'épée, to take a thing to one's self, sink it. Ils sont aux épées et aux couteaux, they are at daggers drawing. Enée de mer. they are at daggers drawing. Epee de mer, sword-fish..

EPELER, åp-lå, v. a. to spell.
EPELLATION, s. f. the art of spelling.
EPERDU, E, å-për-dò, dò, adj. dismayed,
astonished, in a maze, frighted.
EPERDUMENT, å-për-dò-mën, adv. desperately, passionately, violently, extreme-

EPERLAN, å-per-len, s. m. smelt. EPERON, å-pron, s. m. spur; buttress or arling. Donner un coup d'éperon à un starling. cheval, to clap spurs to a horse, spur a horse. Donnons un coup d'éperon jusques là, let us gallop thither. Il a besoin d'éperon, il faut lui donner un coup d'éperon, he wants to he spurred. N'avoir ni boucheni éperon, to have neither wit nor courage. Mar. head of a ship, beak; or more properly, cut water or knee of the head.

EPERONNÉ, E, adj. spurred.

EPERONNER, å-prò-nå, v. a. to spur, put on spurs.

EPERONNIER, E, å-pro-niå, ier s. m. & l. spurrier, spur-maker or seller.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

EPERVIER, &-per-via, s. m. sparrow hawk, also sweep-net; and bandage for fractures of the nose.

EPERVIN, s. m. spavin.

EPHEBE, s. m. a youth just come to the age of puberty.

EPHRURE, s. f. a sort of shrub; ancient wreatler

EPHÉLIDES, s. f. pl. a certain cuticular

EPHÉNÈRE, &-få-mèr, adj. ephemeral, of one day, or that lasts but one day. Fierre ephémère, ephemera, day ague, ague of one day. Cet ouvrage ne peut avoir qu'un succès éphémère, the success of that performance cannot be of long duration.

Ерн Ém ÉRIDEs, å-få-må-rld, s. f. pl. cphe-

meris, astronomical tables.

EPHÈTES, s. m. pl. Athenian magistrates who took cognizance of accidental murders.

EPHIALTES, s. m. night-mare.

ЕРНОD, s. m. ephod. ЕРНОRE, a-for, s. m. ephorus.

EPI, A-pl, s. m. ear (of grain;) also sort of bandage. Epi du vent, Mar. the wind's eye. EPIALE, adj. Ex. Fievre épiale, fever in

which the patient feels hot and cold at the same time.

EPIAN, s. m. the yaws.

EPICE, å-pls, s. f. spice. Pain d'épice, gingerbread. Epices, the judges' fees in a cause.
EPICE, E, adj. spiced, seasoned with spices.
EPICE, s. m. Ex. Il n'aime mi salé ni épicé, he loves nothing that is either salted or spiced.

EPICÈNE, adj. epicene, of the common

EPICER, a-pl-sa, v. a. to spice or season

with spices, also to charge exorbitant fees.

EPICERASTIQUE, adj. epicerastick.

EPICERIE, å-pls-rl, s. f. spices, groceries.

EPICERIE, å-pl-då, s. m. grocer.

EPICRANE, s. m. skin surrounding the skull.

EPICURIEN, NE, a-pl-ku-rien, rien, epicurean.

EPICURIEN, s. m. epicure. EPICURISME, s. m. epicurism.

EPICYCLE, s. m. an epicycle. EPICYCLOIDE, s. m. epicycloid

EPI-D'EAU, s. m. sort of plant that grows

in marshy places. EPIDENIE, a-pl-da-mi, s. f. epidemical

EPIDÉMIQUE, adj. epidemick, epidemical, generally prevailing.

EPIDERME, s. m. epidermis.

EPIDIME, s. m. epididymis.
EPILIME, s. m. epididymis.
EPIL, s. adj. eared, grown to an ear;
spied, watched, dogged, narrowly observed.
EPILE, å-pl-å, v. n. to ear, grow to an ear,
spire. Epier, v. a. to spy, watch, dog or ob-

EPIERRER, å-plè-rå, v. a. to take away

the stones (from a garden.)
EPIEU, a-pleu, s. m. kind of javelin or

spear. EPIGASTRE, s. m. (terme de médecine) epi-

gastrium. EPIGASTRIQUE, adj. epigastrick.

EPIGEONNER, v. a. to work with thick plaster.

EPIGLOTTE, à-pl-glot. s. f. epiglottis EPIGRAMMATIQUE, å-pl-grå-må-tik, epigrammatical.

EPIGRAMMATISTE, å-pl-grå-må-tist, s. m. epigrammatist or writer of epigrams. EPIGRAMME, s. f. epigram.

EPIGRAPHE, à pl-grafi, s. f. epigram.
EPILATOIRE, adj. tool that serves to pull out the hair, pluck off.

EPILEPSIE, å-pl-lép-si, s. f. epilepsy.

EPILEPTIQUE, å-pl-lép-tik, adj. epileptic.
s. m. & f. one troubled with the epilepsy.

EPILER, v. a. to pluck off the hair. EPILOGUE, a-pl-log, s. m. epilogue or con-

EPILOGUER, å-pl-lo-gå, v. a. & n to find

fault with, criticise upon, censure.

EPILOGUER, å-pl-lô-geur, s. m. fat lt-find

er, critic.

EPINARDS, å-pl-når, s. m. pl. spinege.

EPINE, å-pln, s. f. thorn; prickle, rub, obstacle. Epine blanche, noble epine or aubépine, white-thorn or haw-thorn. Epixe noire, black-thorn. Epine-rinette, barberry tree, or barberry-bush. Epine 'du dos, backbone, spine. Epines, pl. difficult points, intricacies, quiddities, subtilies; cosses, troubles Etre sur les épines, to be uneasy.

EPINETTE, a-pl-net, s. f. spinnet or virginals, pair of virginals.

EPINEU-x, se, a-pl-neu, neuz, adj thormy, prickly; crabbed, hard, difficult, full of difficulties.

EPINGARE, s. m. piece of ordnance for a

ball not above a pound weight.

EPINGLE, a-pingl, s. f. pin. Epingles, a present. Pour les épingles de, as a present to. Pour ses épingles, hy way of present. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar.

EPINGLETTE, s. f. priming-wire.
EPINGLIER, E, å-bin-gil-å, er, s. m. & f.
pin-maker, one that sells pins.

EPINIERE, adj. relating to the back-bone. EPINIERS, s. m. thicket or grove of thorns. EPINOCHE, s. m. best sort of coffee, sort o

EPINYCTIDES, s. f. pl. wheals which rise in the night on the skin.

Ерірнамів, å-pl-få-nl, s. f. epiphany or twelfth day.

Егірнопінк, s. m. epiphonema.

EPIPHORE, s. f. epiphora.

EPIPHYSE, s. f. epiphysis.

EPIQUE, å-plk, adj. epick, heroick.

EPISCOPAL, E, å-pls-kö-pål, adj. episcopal, of or belonging to a bishop. La maison episcopal, the bishop's house or palace.

EPISCOPAT, a-pis-ko-pa, s. m. episcopate.
EPISCOPAUx, a-pis-ko-po, s. m. pl. episcopalians or churchmen (in opposition to presbyterians.)

EPISODE, å-pl-zôde, s. m. episode.

EPISODIER, v. n. to make episodes. EPISODIQUE, k-pl-zo-dik, adj. episodick.

EPISONIQUE, a-pi-zo-cik, adj. episonick.
EPISSER, â-pl-să, v. a. Mar. to splice.
EPISSOIR, â-pl-swâr, s. m. Mar. marling
spike, fid, splicing fid.
EPISSURE, â-pl-sûr, s. f. splice.
EPISTOLIER, s. m. epistler, scribbler of

letters; also one appointed to read the epistle in a cathedral.

EPISTOLAIRE, å-pls-to-ler, adj. episto-

lary. Егітарни, å-pl-tåf, s. f. epitaph.

bar, bat, base; there, ebb, over . fleid, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

в play. Ерітнацами, й.рі-ій-ійm, s. m. epithala-

mium, wedding song or poem.

EPITHEME, s. m. epithem, outward application

Ерітність, å-pl-tet, s. f. epithet

EPITHYME, s. m. dodder (sort of herb.)
EPITOME, a-pl-tom, s. m. epitome, abridg-

EPITOMER, v. a. to epitomize er abridge. EPITRE, å-phr, s. f. epistle.

EPITRE, a-phr, s. 1. epistle.

EPITRUPE, s. m. arbitrator among the modern Greeks; point conceded.

EPLORÉ, E, a-pho-ra, adj. dissolved or bathed in tears, crying, all in tears.

EPLORÉ, E, adj. spread, displayed (said of an eagle's wings, in heraldry.)

EPLUCHEMENT, a-plush-men, s. m. picking of the interest of any thing superfluence of the strength of the production of the strength of the stre

ing or taking off of any thing superfluous, malicious prying into.

EPLUCHER, A-plū-shā, v. a. to pick or cull; to prune or lop or cut the dead branches off; to scan, sift or examine; to cut off or pare the ends. S'eplucher, v. r. to free one's

self from lice. EPLUCHEU-R, SE, å-plå-sheur, sheuz, s. m.

So f. picker, etc. EPLUCHOIR, s. m. basket-maker's knife, (such as he makes use of to pare his work.)

EPLUCHURES, a-plu-shar, s. f. pl. pickings. EPODE, s. f. epode. EPOINTER, a-pwin-ta, v. a. to take off the

point, blunt.

EPOIS, &-pwa, s. m. pl. trochings of decr. EPONGE, &-ponz, s. f. spunge. Passer l'é Passer l'éponge sur quelque chose de peint or d'écrit, to blot out a thing. Passons l'éponge là-dessus, let us wave that, let us not mind it. Presser l'éponge, to squeeze the spunge, make one refund.

EPONGER, v. a. to spunge.

EPONGIER, s. m. spunge bearer; loaded with spunges.

EPONTILLE, s. f. Mar. stanchion, shore. Epontille des écoutilles, Samson's post. Epontille de la cale, pillars of the hold.

EPONTILLER, v. a. Mar. to prop or shore

Eropee, a-pô-pa, s. f. epopee. Eroque, a-pôk, s. f. epoch, æra, period

EPOUDRER, a-pôo-dra, v.a. to béat or brush or wipe the dust off or from, clear from dust. EPOUFFER (s') v. r. to run away, steal

away, scamper away, scour off. EPOULLER, a-poo-la, v. a. to louse, rid

of lice. S'épouiller, v. r. to louse one's self. EPOUMONNER, à-pôo-mô-na, v. a. S'épou-

monner, v.r. to tire the lungs.
EPOUSAILLES, a-pôo-zal, s. f. pl. espou-

sals, wedding or marriage, nuptials.

Erouse, å-pôoz, s. f. bride, spouse, wife.

Le roi et la reine son épouse, the king and his

royal corsort.
EPOUSE, F., &-poo-za, adj. married, wed-

ed. Une épousée, s. f. a bride. EPOUSER, å-pbo-zå, v. a. to marry, wed or take in marriage; to espouse, embrace, take upon one's self. Epouser un parti, to side with a party. Epouser, v. n. to marry, wod. S'pouser, to marry each other.

Erouseu-R, se, h-pôo-zêur, zeuz, s. m. U

EPITASE, s. m. epitasis, development of || & f. one that has a mind to marry, one that makes love with a design to marry

makes love with a design to marry.

EPOUSSETÉR, å-pôos-tå, v. a. to brush or wipe off the dust; to bang, beat.

EPOUSSETTE, å-pôo-sét, s. f. brush.

EPOUVANTABLE, å-pôo-vên-tåbl, adj. dreadful, horrid, frightful, terrible, ghostly, horrible, marvellous, strange, incredible, excessive.

å-poo-ven-tabl-EPOUVANTABLEMENT, men, adv. dreadfully, horribly, frightfully, excessively.

EPOUVANTAIL, à-pôo-vèn-tal, s. m. scare-crow, bugbear. pl. Epouvantails.

EPOUVANTE, &-poo-vent, s. f. fright, terror, fear. Donner de l'épouvante, to mgm. Prendre l'épouvante, to be frightened, take

EPOUVANTÉ, E, adj. frighted, scared, terrified, in a great fright.

EPOUVANTEMENT, s. m. fright, terror. EPOUVANTER, å-pôo-ven-ta, v. a. to fright, scare, terrify, put in fear or in a fright. S'épouranter, v. r. to be frighted or scared, take

the alarm. e alarm. Eroux, å-pôo, s. m. bridegroom, new-mouse, husband. Epoux, married man, spouse, husband. Epoux, couple, man and wife. L'Hymen fit de ces amans les époux les plus fortunés, Hymen made these lovers the most happy couple. Il conscrutit que ces amans fussent époux, he consented that these lovers should be man and wife.

EPREINDRE, &-prindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to strain, wring, express, squeeze

out, (juice, etc.) EFREINT, E, adj. strained, wrung, squeez-

ed out. EFFEINTE, å-primt, s. f. griping pain caused by a tenesmus; dung of the otter.

EPRENDRE, (8') så-prendr, v. r. (like prendre) soldom used except in the infinitive, past particirle, and compound tenses. Ex.

Il est erris de sa beauté, he is taken or smitten with her beauty. V. Epris.

win ter Peauly. V. Epris.

Frheuve, à préuv, s. f. trial, proof, experiment, experience; trial, affliction, temptation; (with printers) proof, revise. A l'épreuve de, proof against, beyond the reach of, or above. A l'epreuve de la pluie, proof against the rain. A l'epreuve du mousquet, musket proof. Il est à l'epreuve de tout, il est à d'oute epreuve, he is proof against all temptations whatsoever. Sa vertu est à l'entreuve. tations whatsoever. Sa vertu est à l'épreure (or au-dessus) de la médisance, his virtue is above slander or above the reach of slander. Il n'est point à l'épreuve de la raillerie, ho cannot bear a jest. Je suis à toute épreure votre très-lumble serviteur, I am upon all occasions your most humble servant.

EPRIS, F., a-pri, priz. adj. taken, possess-ed, inflamed, smitten. V. Eprendre. EPROUVER, a-proo-va, v. a. to try, expe-

rience, prove; to make the trial or experience, from the trial or experiment of, find by experience. Il a epronve l'une et l'autre fortune, he has gone through good and bad fortune.

EPROUVETTE, &-proo-vet, s. f. surgeon's

probe; machine to prove gun-powder. EPTACORDE, s. f. lyre with seven strings. EPTAGORF, ép-id-gon, s. m. heptagon. EPUCER, d-pd-så, v. a. to flea, clean from fleas. S'épucer, v. r. to look for, and catch buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

EPUISABLE, å-půl-zabl, adj. that may be

EPUISÉ, E, adj. exhausted, drained, emped, etc. Terre épuisée, piece of ground out tied, etc.

of heart.

of heart.

EPUISEMENT, & pûlz-mên, s. m. exhausting or wasting (of one's strength) weakness,
faintness, draning, wasting. L'épuisement
des finances, the exhausting of the king's
treasure. Je seus un tel épuisement, que je ne sais comment reparer mes forces, I find myself so exhausted, so weak or so faint that I

know not how to recover my strength.
EPUISER, å-pôl-zå, v. a. to drain, empty; to waste, exhaust, spend or consume, drain; to exhaust (a subject;) to tire, wear out. Epuiser d'icommes tout un pays, to exhaust a country of men, to depopulate a country.

a country of men, to desputate a country.

EPULONS, S. m. pl. sort of Roman priests.

EPULOTIQUE, adj. epulotick.

EPURE, S. f. large plan of a building.

EPURE, S. f. a-pā-rā, adj. refined, clear, purged. Raison epurée, clear or sound reason, refined judgment. Avoir une vue trèsson, refined judgment.

EPUTER, a-po-ra, v. a. to refine, clear, purge; (un audeur) to clear from smutty expressions. S'épurer, v. r. to become finer, refined or purified.

EPURGE, s. f. spurge (a plant.)

EPURGE, S. I. spurge (a piant.)
EQUARRIE, à kà-ri-r, v. a. to square.
EQUARRIESAGE, à-kà-ri-saz, s. m. squareness, squaring. Mar. square of a piece of
timber. Cette pièce de bois a 18 ponces d'é-

quarrissage, that piece of timber is 18 inches square.

EQUARRISSEMENT, s. m. squaring.
EQUARRISSOIR, å-kå-rå-swår, s. m. small
square instrument, for drilling metals.
EQUATEUR, å-kwå-teur, s. m equator,

equinoctial line.

EQUATION, a-kwa-slon, s. f. equation. EQUERRAGE, s. m. Mar. bevil of a ship's timbers. Angle déquerrage, bevil. Tra-vailler une pièce de bois d'après son équer-rage, to bevil a pièce of timber. EQUERRE, à-kèr, s. f. rule, square, car-penter's rule. Pièce à l'équerre, square pièce

of timber. Pièce à fausse équerre, piece out

of square.

EQUESTRE, å-kûdstr, adj. on horseback, equestrian. Statue équestre, figure on horseback. Ordre équestre, order of knighthood.
EQUIANGLE, à-kûl-éngl, adj. equiangular.
EQUIDISTANT, E, å-kûl-dis-tên, tênt, adj.
equidistant, parallel.

Hudstant, paranes.

EQUILATÉRAL, B, å-kûl-lå-tå-rål, or

EQUILATÉRE, adj. equilateral.

EQUILIBRE, å-kl-libr, s. m, equilibrium or equal balance. Mettre en equilibre, tenir uuns l'équilibre, to put or hold in balance, keep the balance even betwixt parties. Faire

l'équilibre, to balance.
Equinoxial, E, a-kl-nôk-slål, adj. equinoctial. Ligne équinoxiale, equinoctial line,

equator, line.

EQUINOXIAL, s. m. equator.
EQUINOXIAL, s. m. equinox.
EQUINOXI, a-kl-noks, s. m. equinox.
EQUIPAGE, a-kl-paz, s. m. equipage, ature, furniture, attendance, servants; tools, implements, gear; (d'artillerie) train; (d'un raisseau) crew, men, company; (habillement) garb, dress: Faire déjeuner or diner

l'équipage, Mar. to let the ship's company go to breakfast or dinner. Etre en maurais, en pauvre, en triste équipage, to be at an ill pass,

be in a sorry condition.

Equipment, & Al-pa. s. f. foolish enterprise.

EQUIPMENT, & Al-pa. s. m. Mar. fitting out or out-fit (provisions and stores of a

ship) equipment.

EQUIPER, a-kl-pa, v. a. to equip, furnish, accourre, set forth or set out, provide with necessaries. Equiper un vaisseau, Mar. to fit out a ship, man and provide a ship with whatever is necessary. Equiper une flotte, to fit out a fleet.

EQUIPET, s. m. Mar. locker, small open locker.

Equipollence, a-ki-pòl-kers, s. f. equipollence.

EQUIPOLLENT, a-ki-pôl-lên, adj. equipollent, equivalent, of like value, that balances another.

EQUIPOLLENT, s. m. of equal value, equivalent. A l'équipollent, adv. proportionably. in proportion.

EQUIPOLLER, &-kl-pôl-là, v. a. to be of the like value, be equivalent, balance or

counterbalance. ·

EQUITABLE, å-kl-tabl, adj. equitable, just. righteous.

Equitablement, å-ki-tabl-men, adv.

equitably, justly. EQUITATION, s. f. riding, horsemanship. EQUITE, a-kl-ta, s. f. equity, justice, right

and reason. EQUIVALEMMENT, adv. in an equivalent

manner. EQUIVALENT, E, å-kl-vå-len, lent, adi.

equivalent, of equal value.

EQUIVALENT, s. m. equivalent. EQUIVALOIR, a-kl-va-lwar, (d,) v. n. (like

raloir) to be of equal value.
EQUIVOQUE, a-kl-vok, adj. equivocal, ambiguous, doubtful, that has a double mean-

ing; allusive.
Equivocation, double meaning, errour or mistake. Faire des équivoques, user d'équivoque, to equivocate.

Equivoques, a.kl.vo.th, v. n. to equivo-cate, speak ambiguously. S'équiroquer, v. r. to use one word instead of another which

would be the proper.

ERABLE, a-rabl, s. m. maple or maple-tree. ERADICATION, s. f. eradication.

ERADICATI-F, VE, adj. eradicative. ERAFLER, a-ra-fla, v. a. to scratch slight-

ly, graze upon. ERAFLURE, å-ra-flur, s. f. slight scratch. ERAILLE, E, adj. frayed. Œil ennile, bloodshot eye.

ERAILLER, å-rå-lå, v. n. & a. S'éro:ller, r. to fray or fret. Mar. to gall, chafe, grov thin. Le perroquet de fougue commence à s'érailler, the mizen-topsail begins to grow thin; cette manceuvre est beaucoup éraillée, that

the fire, a-ra-dur, s. f. fraying or be in trayed, thing frayed.

ERATÉ, E, adj. whose milt or spleen has

been taken out; brisk, merry, jovial, sprightly. ERATER, a-ra-ta, v. a. to take away or out the milt or spleen of.

ERE, er, s. f. sera, epoch.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ERECTEUR, s. m. (in anatomy) erector. ERECTION, å-rek-slon, s. f. erection, erecting or raising; institution, establishing or establishment.

EREINTER, a-rin-ta, v. a. & v. r. to break

the back; to fatigue one's self.

ERESTPÈLE, a ra-zl-pel. V. Erysipèle.

ERGO, er-go, s. m. ergo, therefore, where-fore. ERGO GLU, Quid tum? Where is the consequence? What of all that?

Consequence I W nat of all that I FROOT, êr-gô, s. m. spur. Se lever sur ses ergots, to stand upon one's pantofies.

ERGOTÉ, E, adj. spurred.

ERGOTEUR, êr-gô-tê, v. n. towrangle, cavil.

ERGOTEUR, êr-gô-têur, s. m. wrangler, caviller, sophister, pert disputant.

ERIGER, êr-l-zê, v. a. to set up, erect, rejec: consecrate, establish. S'ériver en. v. r.

raise; consecrate, establish. S'ériger en, v. r. to set up for, take upon one or pretend to be. ERMIN, s. m. custom or duty (in the Le-

vant) on imports and exports.

ERMITAGE, er-mi-taz, s. m. hermitage, solitude, desert.

ERMITE, er-mh, s. m. hermit, eremite. EROSION, å-ro-zlon, s. f. erosion. EROTIQUE, å-ro-uk, adj. erotick. De

éretique, love melancholy. Ecrits érotiques,

romances, love tales. ERRANT, E, er- rên rênt, adj. wandering, vagrant, going up and down; erroneous. Chevalier errunt, knight-errant. Chevalerie errante, knight-errentry. Etoile errante, planet. ERRATA, er-ra-ta, s. m. errata.

ERRATIQUE, adj. wandering, wild. Feux erratiques, wandering or wild fires. Etoiles

erratiques, planets.

sailing.) Aller grande erre, to go at a great rate, go very fast. Mar. slow or quick sailing of a ship.

"ERREMERS, èr-mèn, s. m. pl. reprendre les derniers erremens or erres d'une affaire, to resume an affair. V. Erres.
ERRER, èr-rà, v. n. to wander, ramble, rove or go about; to err, be in an errour, be out, mistake.

ÉRRES, s. f. pl. steps, traces, tracks. ERREUR, er-reur, s. f. errour or mistake; fault, folly, misconduct. Les erreurs d' Ulysse, the wanderings and travels of Ulysses.

Erroné, e, er-ro-na, adj. erroneous, false. ERRONEMENT, adv. erroneously. ERS, er, s. m. the bitter vetch or fitch.

ERTE, ex. Coucher à l'erte (or à l'air,) to lie in the open air. A l'erte, V. Alerte.

ERUCTATION, s. f. eructation.

ERUDIT, h-rù-dl, adj. learned.

ERUDITON, h-rù-dl-slon, s. f. erudition.

ERUGINEU-I, SE, adj. eruginous

ERUPTION, a-rap-slon, s. f. eruption.

ERTNGE, s. m. eringo (a plant.) ERTSIPELATEU-X, SE, adj. of or belonging to the erysipelas.

ERYSIPÈLE, s. m. erysipelas, St. Antheny's fire.

Es, ez, a contraction of en and legislinifying in the. It is only used in the phrase Mustire es arts, Master of arts, and a few law terms.

ESCABEAU, s. m. es-ka-bo, ESCABELLE, es-ka-bel, s. f. joint stool.

Escabellon és-kâ-bê-lon, s. m. pedestal.

ESCACHE, s. f. scatch (sort of bit.)
ESCADRE, es-kådr, s. f. Mar. squadron,
fleet. Escadre légère, flying squadron. Escadre d'observation, fleet of observation. Escadre d'évolution, fleet fitted out for the express purpose of exercising and practising naval evolutions.

ESCADRILLE, s. f. Mar. little squadron. ESCADRON, čs-kå-dron, s. m. squadron (o horse.)

Escadronner, es-kå-dro-nå, v. n. to form into squadrons.

ESCALIGNON, s. m. stink of one's feet. ESCALADE, es-ka-lad, s. f. escalade, scaling

or scalade. ESCALADER, es-kå-lå-då, v. a. to scale,

storm, carry by escalade.

ESCALE, s. f. Mar. faire escale, to anchor.

ESCALIER, es-kå-liå, s. m. stairs or stair-

Escalin, es-ka-lin, s. m. shilling, (a Low-country coin, worth about eleven cents.)

ESCAMOTE, es-ka-mot, s. f. juggler's cork

ESCANOTER, v. a. to palm, secrete a die or card by slight of hand, to filch or pilfer

ESCAMOTEU-R, SE, Es-kâ-mô-têur, teuz, s. m. & f. sharper, filcher or pilferer.

ESCAMPER, v. n. to scamper away. ESCAMPETTE, es-kan-pet, s. f. Prendre de

la pouler d'escampette, to scamper away.
ESCAPADE, ès-kà-pad, s. f. escapade, fling
of a horse. Faire une escapade, to fling. Mad prank (of a boy, etc.)
ESCAPE, S. f. shaft of a column next the base.

ESCARBALLE, s. f. elephant's tooth weigh-

ing twenty pounds br under.

ESCARBILLARD, E, es-kar-bi-lar, lard, adj. & s. brisk, sprightly, merry, jovial, gay, good-humoured ESCARBOT, es-kar-bo, s. m. a beetle, may-

bug, chafer. Escarbouche, ês-kar-bôokl, s. f. carbun-

cle *Escarbouiller, v. a. to squash, bruise or crush flat.

*Escarcelle, es-kar-sel, s. f. purse.

ESCARGOT, & kargo, s.m. snail, shell-snail ESCARGOTOIRE, s. f. escargoloire. ESCARLINGUE, V. Carlingue. ESCARMOUCHE, & kar-moosh, s.f. skirmish. Escarmoucher, es-kår-moo-shå, v. n

S'escarmoucher, v. r. to skirmish. ESCARMOUCHEUR, es-kar-moo-sheur, s. m.

skirmisher.

ESCARDTIQUE, V. Escharotique. ESCARPE, ès-karp , s. f. scarp (of a ditch.) ESCARPE, E, ès-kar-pa, adj. steep.

ESCARPEMENT, s. m. declivity. ESCARPER, es-kar-pa, v. a. to cut steep

ESCARPIN, es-kar-pin, s. m. pump, (sort of shoe;) in pl. sort of torture.

ESCARPINER, v. n. to run swiftly. ESCARPOLETTE, es kar-pô-lêt, s. f. swing

or flying chair ESCARRE, Cs-kar, s. f. eschar; also, gap (made by artillery in the enemy's ranks;) and sort of polypus.

ESCAVESSADE, s. f. check to a horse, jerk with the cavesson.

ESCAUT, s. m. ('he river) Scheld.

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base, but : jeune, meute, beurren enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ESCHAROTIQUE, adj. & s. m. escharotick, caustick.

*Esoient, & slen, s. m. Ex. à bon escient, in good earnest, seriously. A son escient. vingly.

ESCLANDRE, es klendr, s. m. disaster, misfortune.

ESCLAVAGE, es-klå-våz, s. m. slavery,

bondage, servitude.

ESCLAVE, es-klav, s. m. & f. slave. Etre esclare de, to be a slave to.

ESCLAVONIE, s. f. Sclavonia.

*Escoffion, s. m. a woman's head gear. Escogniffe, es-ko-grif, s. m. shark or

spunger, one that is ever upon the catch. Un grand escogriffe, a tall, shabby, ill-leoking tellow.

ESCOMPTE, es-kont, s. m. discount or deduction.

ESCOMPTER, es-kon-ta, v. a. to discount or deduct.

Esconding, v. a. to excuse.

Escop, & Escoupe, s. m. Mar. Escop à main, scoop, wooden shovel, boat's scoop.

Escop à vaisseau or grand escop, skeet.
Escoperche, s. f. machine to raise burdens, ec.

ESCOPETTE, es-kô-pêt, s.f. sort of carabine. ESCOPETTERIE, s. f. volley or discharge

of guns.
ESCORTE, es-kort, s. f. a guard or convoy, escort. Les bâtimens sous notre escorte ma chent très-mal, the vessels under our convoy

sail very badly. Esconten, es-kor-tå, v. a. to guard, es-

cort, convoy.

ESCOT, s. m. lower angle of a latteen sail; piece of slate attached to a bench.

Escouade, es-kwad, s. f. third part of a

company of foot.

Escoure, s. f. miner's shovel. Escoure £ e, & ko-za, s. f. whip, scourge, cat-o'-nine tails.

Escourgeon, es-koor-2000, s. m. sort of

early barley; strap of leather.
Escousse, ês-kôos, s. f. spring or run before a leap. Faire une escousse, to take a spring or run.

ESCRIME, es-krim, s. f. fencing, tilting. ESCRIMER, es-kri-ma, v. n. to fence, tilt. Escrimer l'un contre l'autre, sur quelque ma-tière d'érudition, to dispute or debate upon a point of learning, to engage in a trial of learning with another. Secrimer de quelque chose, v. r. to dabble in a thing or have a little notion of. Fuites-vous des vers? Je m'en escrime quelquefois, do you make verses? yes, sometimes. Joue-t-il du luth? Il s'en essometimes. crime un peu, does he play upon the lute? yes, a little.

yes, a little.

Escrimeur, ès-crì-mèur, s. m. fencer.

Escroc, ès-krò, s. m. shark or sharper, spunger, one that is upon the catch.

Escroquer, ès-krò-kh, v. a. to shark, sharp or spunge, trick or chouse out of.

Escroquerie, e-krok-ri, s. f. sharking,

Escroqueur, se, es-krô-keur, keuz, s. m.

& f. shark or sharper or spunger.
ESOPHAGE, å-zō-fåz, s. m. weasand, gullet or mouth of the stomach.

ESPACE, es-pas, s. m. space or distance, ESPACE, to place.)
(either of time or place.)
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ESPACÉ, E, adj. distanced, set at a convenient distance, spaced (in printing.)
ESPACEMENT, ds-pas-men, s. m. space, distance.

ESPACER, es-pa-sa, v. a. to distance, set at

a convenient distance; to space (in printing. ESPADE, a. m. brake (for dressing flax.) ESPADER lechanere, to tew or beat (hemp Espadon, es-ph-don, s. m. two-handed

sword, French back-sword; also sword-fish. ESPADONNER, es-pa-do-na, v. n. to fight with the back-sword.

Will the Berksword.

ESPAGNE, S. f. Spain.

ESPAGNOL, & Spain.

ESPAGNOL, E., adj. Spanish: langue Espagnole, Spanish: Spanish langue Espagnole, Spanish: Spanish langue Espagnole, Espagnole Espagnole Espagnole & S. f. sort of

rateen, also a sort of iron work for windows. ESPALE, s. f. space between the poop and

first seat of rowers in a galley.

ESPALIER, ès-pà-lià, s. m. espalier, hedgerow of fruit-trees set close together against a

fence or wall, etc., he that rows with the first oar in a galley.

ESPALIER, v. a. un arbre, to spread a tree

in a hedge-row.
ESPALMER, es-pal-ma, v. a. Mar. Es palmer un bâtiment or un bateau, to pay a ship's or boat's bottom; to careen.

ESPARGOUTTE, s. f. a sort of lily of the

valley.

ESPARRES, s. f. pl. Mar. spars. ESPARTE, s. f. V. Spartas. ESPATULE, es-pa-toll, s. f. spatula or slice.

sort of flag (an aquatic plant.)
ESPECE, es-pes, s. f. species, kind, sort; (in law,) case or cause. Espèces, pl. forms or mages (of sensible objects;) goods, commo-

dities; specie, money, coin. ESPÉRANCE, es-pa-rens, s. f. hope, expectation, trust. Un enfant de grande esperance, a very hopeful child.

ESPÉRER, es-pa-ra, v. a. to hope, hope for, trust, expect, promise one's self.

ESPERLUCAT, E, adj. & s. brisk, jovial, merry, pert.

Espiècle, es-piègl, adj. & s. m. & f. wag, waggish, lively, roguish.
EPIÈGLERIE, es-plegl-rl. s. f. waggish

trick, roguish prank, waggery, roguery.
Estion. es-plon. s. m. spy, informer.

Estion, es-plon, s. m. spy, informer. Estionnage, es-plo-naz, s. m. the being a spy, informing.
ESPIONNE, es-plon, s. f. spy.

ESPIONNER, es-plo-na, v. n. to be a spy.

to spy. Esplanade, es-pla-nad, s. f. esplanade or glacis.

Espoir, es-pwar, s. m. hope (more used in the elevated than familiar style.) ESPONTON, es-pon-ton, s. m. kind of half

ESPRINGALE, s. f. a sort of sling used in

former times ESPRIT, es-pri, s. m. spirit; ghost, soul, mind; wit, imagination, fancy; sense, judg-ment, discretion; genius, talent; person, man or woman; spirit, principle, motive, way, or woman; spirit, principe, moute, way, character or sense (of an author;) genius, humour, temper; (and in pleasantry) kidney; the mark of aspiration (in Greek.) Un bel esprit, a wit, a genius. Un esprit (ort. a free-thinker. Le St. Esprit, the bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Holy Ghost. Un homme d'esprit, a witty or ingenious man, a man of parts. Avoir l'es-prit malin or malicieux, to be mischievous or unlucky. Aveir l'esprit mal fait or de tra-vers, to be an ill-contrived or a cross grained genius or man. Etre bien dans l'esprit de quelqu'un, to be in one's favour. Il craint que fe ne le détruise dans votre esprit, he fears I should ruin him in your esteem. L'impiété perd les jeunes esprits, irreligion is the ruin of youth. Esprits vitaux et animaux, vital and animal spirits. Reprendre ses es-prits, to recover one's self, come to one's self again.

ESPURGE, s. f. spurge (a plant.) Esquif, es. ldf, s. m. Mar. skiff, yawl. Esquille, es. kll, s. f. splinter of a broken

ESQUINANCIE, ès-kl-nen-si, s. f. squinancy or quinsy, sore throat.

ESQUINE, s. f. back (of a horse, etc.;) sort

of plant. Esquipor, es-kl-po, s. m. barber's money-

Esquisse, es-kls, s. f. sketch, rough draught.

Graught.
Esquisser, &s-kl-sh, v. a. to sketch.
Esquiver, &s-kl-vh, v. a. to eschew, shun,
avoid. S'esquiver, v. r. to run, steal away, give one the slip. Faire esquiver quelqu'un, to help one to make his escape.

Essai, ê-se, s. m. essay, proof, trial, exeriment, attempt; taste, sample; taster, little tasting cup; essay, specimen. Faire l'es-exi de (l'or or de l'argent,) to assay or try (gold or silver.) Faire l'essai d'un canon, to prove a cannon.

ESSAIE, s. f. root made use of in India to

'ye scarlet.

Cye scariet.

ESSAIM, ê-sîn, s. m. swarm.

ESSAIMFR, ê-sê-niâ, v. n. to swarm. Cette

rache a essaimf, that hive has swarmed.

ESSANGER, ê-sên-zâ, v. a. to wet foul linen

before washing. Essarten, ê-sâr-tâ, v. a. to assart or grub

np.
ESSAYER, &-se-ya, v. a. to try, essay or asray, experiment; to taste. Essayer d'une
chose, to try a thing. Essayer de faire, to
try or endeavour or attempt to do. Essayer try or endeavour or attempt to do. à fuire, to try towards doing. S'essayer, v. r. to try or endeavour, to try one's strength or ability. S'essayer avec un vaisseau, Mar. to try a ship's sailing against another.

ESSAYERIE, s. f. assaying place (in the

nient.)

ESSATEUR, è-sè-yèur, s. m. assayer (an officer of the mint.)
ESSE, ès, s. f. the letter S; piece of iron like an S (used to hold together decayed buildings;) iron to hold stones in raising them. Esses d'affùt, fore locks of gun carriage wheels or trucks, linch pin.

Esseau, s. m. small, curved hatchet:

board to cover roofs.

Essence, è-sens, s. f. essence, nature, substance, being; aromatick oil extracted from flowers, etc.

Essentiat, LE, ê-sên-sîêl, adj. essential, natural; real, particular; necessary.

Essentiel, s. m. main point or chance, esential part.

ESSENTIELLEMENT, è-sèn-sièl-men, adv.

essentially, naturally, of itself, of its own na

ture, particularly, entirely.
*Esseule, e, e-seu-la, adj. lonesome, left

Essieu, s. m. axle-tree, second vertebra of the neck. Essieu de poulie, Mar. pin of a block. Essieu d'affût, axle-tree of a guncarriage.

ESSIMER, v. a. to make a bird grow lean that it may fly better.
ESSOR, e. sor, s. m. flight or soaring up (of a bird of prey.) Donner l'essor à l'oiseau, to let a hawk soar or fly. Essor d'imagination, flight of fancy. Donner l'essor à son imagination, to let one's fancy ramble. Prendre l'essor, to soar up, fly high; to fly or wing it away; to take wing or throw off subjection.

Essorer, e-so-ra, v. a. to air; s'essorer.

to soar up or aloft.

Essoriller, e-so-ri-la, v. a. to crop the Essouffler, e-sol-lay, v. a. to clop the ears; to crop the hair.
Essouffle, e, adj. out of breath.
Essouffler, e-so-fla, v. a. to put out of

breath.

Essui, è-sûi, s. m. drying place or weather. Essuver, e-sûl-min, s. m. towel.

wipe away; to dry, dry up; to bear, undergo, endure or go through, meet with, be exposed to. Le tent essuie les chemins, the wind dries up the ways. Essuyer un refus, to be repulsed or denied; take the foil. On essuie souvent de très-fortes rafales en entrant dans

soutent de tres-fortes rajates en euram unus False-Baie, very heavy squalls are often met with in going into False-Bay.

Est, ést, s. m. east. D'est, easterly, eastern. De l'est, à l'est, eastern. Le plus a l'est easternmost. Vers l'est, eastward. Est (il est, elle est, etc.) V. Etre.

Estacade, ès-tà-kàd, s f. staccado or radicada.

palisade. ESTAFFE, s. f. contribution-money paid at

faro or other games.

ESTAFETTE, ès-tà-fèt,s. f. express, courier.

ESTAFIER, ès-tà-fìà, s. m. footman in livery.

ESTAFILADE, es-ta-fi-lad, s. f. slash, cut. ESTAFILADER, es-ta-17-la-da, v. a. to slash. Estain, s. m. Mar. fashion piece, lower

part of the fashion pieces of the stern. Es-lain dévoyé, cant fashion piece. ESTAME, és-tâm, s. f. worsted. Bas d'es-tame, worsted stockings.

ESTAMINET, s. m. ale-house; club or society of people who meet for drinking and smoking.

ESTAMPE, es-tenp, s. f. cut or print, stamp, impress. ESTAMPER, Es-ten-på, v. a. to stamp; to

emboss.

ESTAMPILLE, s. f. excise stamp or any mark of cipher, stamped on commissions, patents, paper, etc.

ESTAMPILLER, v. a. to mark with a stamp *or* cipher.

ESTER à droit, to make one's appearance before the judge. Ester à jugement, to plead in one's own name.

ESTÈRE, s. f. rush mat.

ESTERLET, s. m. aquatick bird. ESTERLIN, s. m. weight of 28 1-2 grains

ESTEUBLE or ESTEULE, 5 f stubble.

base, bat : jèune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

esteemer, valuer, rater. Estimation, es-il-ma-slon, s. f. estimate, estimation, rating, prizing, valuation.

ESTIMATIVE, s. f. discerning faculty, or

judgment.
ESTIME, es-thm, s. f. esteem, value, account, regard; reckoning (of a ship.)

Estime, E, adj. esteemed, etc. Il n'est pas estime, he is a man of no esteem. Route

estimee, Mar. dead reckoning. ESTIMER, es-ti-ma, v. a. to estimate, value, prize, rate; to esteem or value, have an es-

teem or value for, make an account of; to believe, think or look upon, suppose or reckon. Estimer, v. a. & S'estimer, v.r. Mar. to value, reckon; à combien vous estimez-vous de la terre? how far do you reckon yourself from the land?

Estionene, adj. any thing that graws,

corrodes, etc. corrosive.

ESTIVE, es-tlv, s. f. Mar. trimming (of a ship, etc.) Mettre un beteau en estire, to trim a boat.

ESTIVER le chargement d'un navire, v. a. Mar. to screw down a vessel's cargo.

Estoc, estok, s. m. stock, pedigree, descent: long rapier, point of a sword, trunk of a tree. Brin d'estoc, quarter-staff, pole. Cela n'est pas de son estoc, that does not come from him, he is not the author or inventor of that. Frapper d'estoc et de taille, to thrust with the point and strike with the edge. Couper un arbre à blanc estoc, to cut a tree even

with the ground.

*ESTOCADE, es-tô-kad, s. f. rapier, also thrust, pass. Allonger une estocade, to borrow money without an intent to pay

ESTOCADER, es-tô-kà-dà, quelqu'un, v. a. to dun one. v. n. & S'estocader, v. r. to tilt or thrust, make passes at one another, fight.

ESTOMAC, es-tô-ma, s. m. stomach; breast. Estomaquer, (s') ses-tô-ma-ka, v. r. to stomach; resent

ESTRADE, es-trad, s. f. estrade, alcove. Battre l'estrade, to go about to get intelli-gence, scout. Batteurs d'estrade, scouts.

ESTRAGON, es-tra-gon,s. f. tarragon (herb.) ESTRAMAÇON, es-tra-ma-son, s. m. back-

ESTRAMAGON F. S. Ha-ma-son, S. H. Dates-sword or quarter-staff, also edge of a sword. ESTRAMAGONNER, &s-trā-mā-sō-nā, v. n. to play or fight at quarter-staff or back-sword. ESTRAMAGO, &s-trā-pād, s. f. strappado. Se domer l'estrapade, donner l'estrapade à son esprit, to put one's brains upon the rack or

stretch; puzzle one's brains. ESTRAPADER, es-tra-pa-da, v. a. to give

the strappado. ESTRAPASSER, v. a. to tire out, harass a

horse. ESTRAPER, v. a. to mow the stubble.

ESTRAPOIRE, s. m. instrument to mow stubble.

ESTRAPONTIN, s. m. cricket or loose seat, (to be put in the fore part of a coach on occasion;) hammock or sea-bed.

ESTROP, s. m. Mar. strop, etc. Estrop de pouile, block strop. Estrop de cordage, rope strop. Estrop de canon, strop applied to the breech of a gun. Estrop d'affit, strop in the train of a gun carriage (to which the train

ESTIMABLE, ès-d'-mabl, adj. of great lackles are hooked in French ships of war.) value, much to be valued, estimable.

Estimateur, ès-d'-ma-tèur, s. m. prizer, (servant à rider les haubans, etc.) selvages Estrop de rame, grommet of an oar. Estrop (servant à rider les haubans, etc.) selvagoe (used in setting up the rigging, etc.)

ESTROPER, v. a. Mar. to strop.

ESTROPIAT, s. m. lame beggar. ESTROPIS, E, adj. maimed, tamed, crippled, etc.; bungled, done bunglingly. Une façon de parler or une periode estropiée, un sens estropié, a lame expression or period or sense. Etre estropié de la bourse, to want mo-ney, be broken. Etre estropié de la cervelle, to want brains, be crack-brained.

ESTROPIÉ, s. m. lame or maimed body ESTROPIER, es-tro-pla, v. a to maim, lame or cripple. Estropier une besogne, to bungle a work, do it bunglingly. Estropier un passage de quelque auteur, to lame a passage. ESTURGEON, es-tur-zon, s. m. sturgeon.

Esule, s. f. spurge.
Et, a, conj. and. Je veux du bien et à mes amis et à mes ennemis, I wish well to both my friends and foes. Et catera, et catera, etc. and so forth.

etc. and so forth. d.-biåz, s. m. stabling.

ETABLE, d.-tåbl, s. f. stable. Etable d
bezufs, ox-stall. Etable d cochous, hog-sty.

Etable pour les chèrres, goat shed.

ETABLER, d.-tå-blå, v. a. to stable, put in

the stable, to house.

ETABLI, E, adj. settled, fixed, etc. V. Etablir.

ETABLI, å-tå-bil, s. m. tailor's shop-board. bench for a joiner, bank of a printing-press.

Etabli de boutique, counter in a shop.

ETABLIR, a-ta-blir, v. a. to establish, settle, fix; to establish, set, appoint, ordain or make; to state; to advance, aver, assert, affirm, lay down as matter of fact; (des impôts) to lay or impose taxes; (de nouvelles optinions) to broach new opinions; (une expression) to bring into use, make current. On a ctabli que, it is agreed or confessed that. Etablir par des exemples ce que l'on vient de dire, to make good by instances what one has discoursed of. Etablir l'état de la question, to state the question, Mar. to fix, etc. Etablir la marguerite, to clap a purchase on the cable. Etablir un levier pour mouvoir (un fardeau,) to pry. Etablir de fausses drisses aux vergues, etc. pour le combat, to sling the yards for action. Ce port est établi nordest et sud-ouest, this harbour lies north-east aud entité une de la combat et et sud-ouest, this harbour lies north-east and south-west. S'établir, v. r. to settle or set up; to procure or get or raise; to get into use.

ETABLISSEMENT, &-ta-blis-men, s. settlement or settling, establishment or estab-lishing; foundation; institution. Etablissement d'un fait, d'une question, stating of a matter of fact or question. Faire l'établissement de quelque droit nouveau, to lay a new duty. Etablissement d'un port, Mar. situation of a harbour and the time of high-water in it at full and change days. V. Etablir. Etablissement de la marée, time of high-water (at any place) on the days of the new and full moon the hours being designated by the point of the

ETAGE, å-tåz, s. m. story, floor; rank, de gree. Le plus bas étage de la maison, the ground floor. Menton à double étage, double chin.

bar, bat, base : thère ; êbb, ovêr : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ETAIR, å-te, s. f. prop, stay, support or supporter.

ETAIN, å-tin, s. m. carded-wool. ETAIN, å-tin, s. m. pewter. Etain fin, tin, fine pewter

ETAL, a-tal, s. m. butcher's or fish-mon-

ger's stall.

ETALAGE, å-tå-låz, s. m. laying out of goods upon a stall or exposing of them to sale, show; sample, specimen; stallage; show, finery. Faire étalage de sa science, to make a show or display of one's learning, to show or display one's learning.

ETALE, adj. Mar. slack. Mer étale, slack

water (at which time the tide apparently neither flows nor ebbs.) Le navire est étale, the ship is at a stand or has lost 'her way. La

mer est étale, it is slack water. ETALER, å-tå-lå, v. a. to lay out upon a stall, hang out or expose to sale, open a shop; to show, set forth, display, make a show or parade of. Mar. Etaler la marée, to tide it (to pursue a ship's course by means of the to pursue a snip's course by means of the tide, with a foul wind, anchoring during the intervals of the contrary tide.) Etaler un coup de vent à l'ancre, to ride out a gale at anchor. Etaler un coup de vent à la voile, to weather out a storm. Vous étalez les meilleurs voiliers out a norm. vous cauez tes metiteur vouters de l'éscadre, you sail as well as the best sailing ships of the fleet. V. Voilier.

ETALEUR, å-tå-låur, s. m. stall vender.

ETALIER, å-tå-lå, s. m. stall butcher.

ETALIER, å-tå-lin-gå, v. a. Mar. to

clinch or bend (a cable.)

ETALINGURE, S. f. Mar. clinch (of a cable.) ETALON, a-ta-lon, s. m. stallion; standard (of weights and measures.)

ETALONNAGE, & ETALONNEMENT, h-lâ-lôn-mên, s. m. sealing (of weights and mea-

ETALONNER, å-tå-lô-nå, v. a. to stamp with the public mark (as being full measure or full weight;) to cover (a mare.)

ETALONNEUR, s. m. officer appointed to seal measures and weights.

ETAMAGE, s. m. tinning or covering over with tin.

ETAMBORD or ETAMBOT, s. m. Mar. stern nost

ETAMBRAIE, s. m. Mar. partners.

ETAMER, v. a. to tin.

ETAMEUR, s. m. tin-man.

ETAMINE, å-tå-mîn, s. f. light sort of French stuff, bolting cloth. Il a passé par l'étamine, he has been put to the test, he has been strictly examined. Etamines, stamina (of flowers.) Mar. buntine.

ETAMINIER, s. m. maker of bohing cloth. ETAMPE, s. f. mould on which pieces of coin are stamped, blacksmith's tool for rivet-

ETAMPER un fer de cheval, to punch the holes of a horse-shoe.

ETANCHE, adj. Mar. stanch; bâtiment étanche, tight ship. V. Super.
ETANCHEMENT, å-tènsh-mên, s. f. stanch-

ETAI, s. m. Mar. stay. Grande etai, main || une voie d'eau, to stop a leak. S'étanches

v. r. to stanch or stop. ETANÇON, a-ten-son, s. m. prop, stay, sup port, shore. Etancons, Mar. stanchions. shore.

ETANÇONNER, &-ten-so-nă, v. a. to prop. stay or support, shore up

ETANFICHE, s. f. height of several strata of stones which make a solid mass together.

of stones which make a soft mass together.

ETANG, å-lèn, s. m. pond.

ETANG, h-lèn, s. m. pond.

ETANG, h-lèn, s. m. pond.

Des arbres en étant, standing trees.

ETAPE, å-lèn, s. f. staple or publick storehance, staple town, margine for soldiers house; staple town; magazine for soldiers upon the march; place where there is such a magazine; daily allowance for soldiers upon the march.

ETAPIER, a-ta-pla, s. m. officer appointed to give the soldiers their allowance on the

ETARQUER une voile, Mar. to hoist a sail taught up by the leech. Etarque, étarque

bien, hoist and a taught leech. ETAT, a-ta, s. m. state; condition, case, ETAT, a-ta, s. m. state; cononion, case, posture, way; account, design, purpose, resolution; establishment, list, register, account; office; government; state, dominion. Les Etats or les Trois Etats du royanne, the Estates or the Three Estates of the kingdom. Les Etats or l'assemblée des Etats, the Estates or the assembly of the Three Estates. Pays d'élats, countries where the estates are held. Les Etats or les Etats Généraux de Provinces Unies, the States or the States of Holland. Les Etats-Unie de l'Amérique Septentrionale, the United States of N. America. Une raison d'état, a reason of state. Un coup d'état, a master-piece of state policy, a decisive blow. Régler l'état, to settle the government of the nation. Un ministre d'état, a minister of stale. Etat-Major d'une armée, staff or superiour officers of an army or the list of the generals, etc. Etat-Major d'un regiment, staff or chief officers of a regiment or the list of them. Etat-Major d'une place de guerre, chief officers belonging to a fortified place or the list of them. L'état de la marine, the establishment of the navy. L'état des officiers de la maison d'un prince, the estab-lishment of the officers of a prince's household. Un état de recette et de dépense, an ac-count of receipt and expense. Etat de situation d'un vaisseau, state and condition of a ship or weekly account. Etat des malades, sick list. Etat des tués et blessés, return of killed and wounded. Etre en état de faire, to be in a way to do or make, to have a fine prospect of doing or making. Etre en état de faire, to have it in one's power to do, be able to do. Etre en état, to be ready or in readiness. Faire état, to presume, think or believe, sup-pose, reckon. Faire état d'une chose, to rely or depend upon a thing. Faire état de venir, to purpose or design to come. Faire état, to esteem, have a value for, care for. Se mettre en état de, to put one's self in a posmettre en etat ue, to put one's self for. Se mettre en état, to surrender one's self a prisoner. Mettre une chose en état, to make a thing fit, bring a thing to a proper state. Tenir une mg, stopping.

ETANCHER, å-tèn-shå, v. a. to stanch or bring a thing to a proper state. Tenir une stop: (see larmes) to dry up; (la soif) to chose en état, to hold a thing fast, to keep duench. Etancher un navire, to free a ship up; to keep a thing ready or in readinces of water, pump a ship out dry. Etancher base. bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

they are, to leave them as they are. En quel that est votre santé? how is your health? how do you do? Je suis en très mauvais état. I am very ill. Elle porte aussi grand état qu'une femme de qualité, she carries as much state or she goes as fine as a lady of quality.

ETAU, a-to, s. m. vice (a screw.)

ETAYEMENT, s. m. propping, supporting. ETAYER, å-tå-yå, v. a. to stay, shore, prop

or bear up, support. Eta, a-ia, s. m. summer. Un jour d'été, a summer's day. L'été de la St. Martin, the latter part of autumn, from All-saints day to Martinmes

ET £, a-ta, (participle of être.) V. Etre. ETEIGNOIR, a-te-gnwar, s. m. extinguish-

ETEINDRE, &-tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to put out, extinguish or quench; smother, appease; to extinguish, root out, abolish, destroy or externunate. Elemare, la soif) to quench; (la chaux) to kill. Elemare at amortir une rente, to redeem or buy out a rent charge. Elemare le feux, Mar. to put out the fire and lights. S'éleindre, v. r. to go out, be extinguished.

ETERT, E, adj. out, extinguished, quenched, etc. V. Eleindre. Des yeux éteints, duli or dying or languishing eyes. Cette famille est éteinte, that family is extinct.

ETERDARD, a. m. (in printing) lines on which printed sheets are hung to dry. Ce papier on se piquer, if faut le mettre sur l'étendage, those sheets will mildew unless bung un ETERDARD, à tên-dàr, s. m. standard, ban-

mer, colours.

ETENDEUR, s. m. (terme d'anatomie) ex-

ETENDOIR, a-ten-dwar, s. m. printer's peel. ETENDRE, a-tendr, v. a. to spread, stretch or stretch out, open, extend, enlarge; (un homme sur le carreau) to kill a man upon the spot. Eleudre un arrêt, to explain a sentence at large. Elendre les termes d'une loi, to stretch the sense of a law. S'élendre, v. r. to spread or stretch one's self, lay one's self down; to stretch, extend, reach, go; last, continue. Steendre en baillant, to stretch and gape. Steendre sur quelque sujet, to enlarge or dwell upon a subject. Cette chafne de rochers s'étend beaucoup dans le sud, this ledge of rocks stretches out a great way to the southward. Tant que la voix se peut éten-dre, as high as one's voice can reach. Tant que cet argent pourra s'étendre, as far as that money can go.

ETENDU, E. &-tên-dô, dô, adj. spread, stretched, stretched forth, stretched out, spacious, etc. V. Etendre. Large, long, prolix, tedious, long winded. Il est étendu sur son sû, he lies upon his bed. Il étoit étendu tout de son long, he lay sprawling along. Une ville étendue dons une belle plaine, a town seated

in a fair plain.

ETENDUE, s. f. extent, extension. ETENDUS, S. I. CAUCHI, CALCHAIR GRANDE ETENDUS, S. I. CAUCHI, CALCHAIR GRANDE ETENDUS, A vast tract of land. Une plaine qui a quatre lieues d'étendue, a plain extended four leagues in length. Donnée de la company wit, have a great deal or abundance of wit. Il berger, Venus, the morning or evening star.

ETERNEL, LE, å-ter-nel, adj. eternal, everlasting, endless; immortal, continual. L'Eternel, s. m. the Everlasting (God.)
"ETERNELLE, s. f. kind of plant that bears

yellow flowers in the form of a nosegay.

ETERNELLEMENT, a-têr-nêl-mên, adv.
eternally, everlastingly, for ever, evermore, always, to eternity, continually, incessantly, ever and anon.

ETERNISER, å-ter-ni-zå, v. a. to eternize,

immortalize, perpetuate. ETERNITE, a-ter-ni-ta, s. f. etcrnity, everlastingness, fi ture state, long while. De toeste eternite, time out of mind.

ETERNUER, å-ter-nd-å, v. n. to sneeze.

ETERNUER, s. m. sneezer

ETERNUMENT A-ter-nu-men,s.m. sneezing. ETESIEN, adj. m. Etesian (periodical

ETÉSIES, s. m. pl. Etesian winds (in the Mediterranean.)

ETÊTEMENT, s. m. cutting off of the top, lopping. ETRTER, å-tè-tå, v. a. to top, strike or cut

off the top.

ETEUF, &-teuf, s. m. tennis-ball. Courier après son éteuf, to try to recover a lost good.

ETEULE, å-teul, s. f. stubble.

Етнек, s. m. ether. Етнеке, e, a-ta-ra, adj. ethereal, subtle,

penetrating, formed of ether. ETHIOPS, s. m. mixture of mercury and

sulphur. ETHIQUE, s. f. ethicks.

ETHNIQUE, adj. & s. m. & f. ethnick, heathen.

ETHOLOGIE, s. f. ethology.

Етнория, s. f. Ethopoeia (picture of man-

ETIER, s. m. ditch either that runs into the sea or that conveys sea-water to the salt

ETINCELANT, E,å-tins-len,lent, adj. spark . ling, bright.
ETINCELER, å-tins-lå, v. n. to sparkle.

ETIRCELLE, s. f. spark.

ETINCELLEMENT, s. m. sparkling.
ETIOLER, (s') v. r. said of plants deprived
of light and thereby rendered inodorous, etc. ETIOLEMENT, s. m. alteration in plants deprived of light.

ETIOLOGIE, s. f. etiology. ETIQUE, å-tik, adj. hectick, consumptive; kar, lank, fallen away.
ETIQUETER, a-tk-ta, v. a. to title, write

or put a ticket, note, title or label to.
ETIQUETTE, s. f. ticket, note, title, label. Juger sur l'étiquette du sac, or sur l'étiquette, to judge slightly or without a perfect know ledge of the matter; also, etiquette, ceremonials.

ETISIE, s. f. phthisis, consumption. ETOFFE, &-tof, s. f. stuff, cloth; stock (of any manufacture.) Des artisans et autres gens de telle étoffe, tradesmen and such like people. Homme de basse étoffe, man of low condition.

ETOFFER, å-tô-få, v. a. to furnish, stuff.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ETOILÉ, E, å-twå-lå, adj. starry, full of ars. Bouteille étoilée, cracked bottle.

ETOILER, (s') v. r. to crack (a bottle.)

ETOLE, å-tôl, s. f. stole (a garment.)

ETONNAMMENT, å-tô-nå-mën, adv. astonishingly, amazingly, surprisingly.

ETONNAMT, E, å-tô-nën, nënt, adj. wonderful, amazing, marvellous, surprising,

ETONNÉ, E, adj. astonished, amazed, sur-

prised, that wonders, in a maze, etc.

ETONNEMENT, a-ton-men, s. m. astonishment, surprise, amazement; wonder, admiration: stunning or shaking. Tout le monde ration; stunning or shaking. Tout le monde est dans l'étonnement, every body wonders. Etonneme, à-tô-na, v. a. to astonish, sur-

prise or amaze; (le cerveau) to stun; (une muraille) to shake. S'étonner, v. r. to wonder, admire, marvel, be surprised; to be concern-

ed or frighted.

ETOU, s. m. butcher's trestle. ETOUBLE, a-toobl, s. m. stubble.

*ETOUPFANT, E. a. too-fen, fent, adj. sul-y. Temps étouffant. close sultry weather. ETOUFFEMENT, à-too-mên, s. m. stiffing.

suffocation or stopping of the breath. Il me prend quelquefois des étouffemens qui me font eur, my breath is sometimes so stopped that I am frighted at it.

ETOUFFER, a-too-fa, v. a. to stifle, smother, choke or suffocate; suppress; to stop or put a stop to. v. n. to be stifled or choked. Etoufde rire, to split one's sides with laughing.

ETOUFFOIR, s. m. extinguisher (for coals.) ETOUPE, s. f. certain quantity of tow. ETOUPE, a-toop, s. f. hards of hemp and fix, tow. Mettre le feu aux étoupes, to

throw oil into the fire, to blow the coals.

Etoupe. s. f. Mar. oakum. Etoupe noire or oudronnée, black or tarred oakum. Etoupe blanche, white oakum.

ETOUPER, &-tôo-pā, v. a. to stop.

ETOURDERIE, å-tôord-ri, s. f. blunder,

giddiness, heedlessness.

ETOURDI, E, å-tôor-dl, adj. stunned, etc.

Viande qui n'est qu'étourdie, meat half raw. ETOURDI, E, s. m. & f. heedless, rash, hotheaded, giddy-headed, hair-brained man or woman; blunderbuss. A l'étourdie, adv.

rashly, heedless inconsiderately.

ETOURDIMENT, adv. heedlessly, inconsiderately.

ETOURDIR, a-toor-dir, v. a. to stun; surprise; to break one's head; amaze. Etourdir la douleur, to allay or appease the pain. Etour-dir la riande, to half cook meat. Etourdir l'ezu to make water luke warm. Etourdir la grosse faim, to take off the edge of one's appetite, stay one's stomach. S'étourdir sur

quelque chose, v. r. to shake off the thought of a thing. ETOURDISSANT, E, a-toor-di-sen, sent, adj.

stunning. ETOURDISSEMENT, a-toor-dis-men, s. m.

stunning, numbness of the senses. ETOURNEAU, a-toor-no, s. m. starling (a

pird.) Poil d'étourneau, flea-bitten. ETOUTEAU, s. m. sort of peg.

ETRANGE, a-trenz, adj. strange; unusual, uncommon, extraordinary; silly, impertinent; foreign, out-landish, remote.

ETRANGEMENT, å-trènz-mên, strangely, after a strange manner, extremely ETRANGER, E, å-tren-2å, zèr, adj. strange, foreign, outlandish; of a foreigner; foreign

Corps étranger (in medicine,) extraneous

ETRANGER, E, s. m. & f. stranger; foreigner, outlandish man or woman.

ETRANGER, a-trèn-zh, v. a. to estrange or

drive away. S'etranger, v r. to be estran-

ETRANGLÉ, E, å-trèn-già, adj. strangled. etc. V. Etrangler, too scanty, too narrow.

ETRANGLEMENT, a-trèngl-mên, s. m. obstruction. Un étranglement de boyau, a contraction or ringing of the intestines, small ligament connecting the two parts of the body of some insects.

ETRANGLER, å-trèn-glå, v. a. to strangle, throttle, choke or stifle; to make too tigh too scanty, too confined, too narrow; to scold at ; (une affaire) to murder. Etrangler l'artimon, Mar. to balance the mizen. Erran-gler, v. n. to be stifled or choked. *Fétran-gle de soif, I am almost choked with thirst, I am very dry.

ETRANGUILLON, a-tren-gi-lon, s. m. (in Poire d'étranguillon, horses) strangles. choke-pear.

ETRAPE, A-trap, s. f. little sickle.
ETRAVE, s. m. Mar. stem (of a vessel.)
ETRE, etr., v. n. to be; to belong; signify, mean; to lie, consist; to go; to endure; to come, happen, follow, prove; (in the com-pound tenses of reflective or reciprocal verbs, and of neuter verbs announcing a change of condition, être is expressed by) to have. Ce livre est-il à votre frère? oui, c'est à lui, is this book your brother's? yes, it is his. C'est la tante qui me l'a dit, it was the aunt who told me so. Ce sont les dragons qui commencerent l'attaque, it was the dragoons who began the attack. Ce n'est pas que, not that. Cela est, that is true. Cela n'est pas, that is not true. Il n'est pas en vous de le faire, it is not or it lies not in your power to do it.

Dieu sait ce qu'il en sera, God knows what
will follow or come of it. Où en sommesnous? what is this we are come to? where did we leave off? what part are we now upon? Etre à une lieue d'un endroit, to be within a league of a place. Etre à faire, être après à faire, to be doing. Etre, d'une affaire, d'un traité, etc. to be concerned in a business, in a treaty, etc. Cela est bien de lui or de son génie, that is like him. Etre bien arec quelqu'un, to keep a good correspondence with one, to be even with him. Etre mal with one, to be even with him. Etre mal avec quelqu'un, to be out with one. Etre bien auprès de lui, to be in great favour with him. Etre de moitié, to go halves. Fy suis pour un tiers, I go a third part. Etre de garde, to keep. Cela n'est pas de mon goût, it does not agree with my palate. La féli-cité est (or consiste) dans le goût et non pas dans les choses, happiness lies not in the things themselves, but ir. the relish we have for them. Etre dans l'oisviet, to live in for them. Etre dans toisiveté, to live in idleness. Vous y êtes, you have hit the nail on the head, or you have hitti, you are in the right. Il est d'une ame forte de mépriser la morte, it is the part of a great soul, etc.

Etre. s. m. being. Le bien-être, the con-

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : êzdêzt, cêst, liên : vis : mos : brus.

veniences of a house. Savoir les êtres d'un logis, to be acquainted with a house.

ETRÉCIR, à-trà-sir, v. a. to straiten or

make straiter, make narrow or narrower. S'étrécir, v. n. to grow strait or narrow, grow straiter or narrower, shrink.

Strates or narrower, surnis.

ETRÉCISSEMENT, å-trå-sl-snen, s. m. straitening, making straiter or narrower.

ETRÉCISSURE, å-trå-sl-sur, s. f. straitness, state of being straiter.

ETFEIN, & trin, s. m. litter (for a horse.)
ETREINDER, & trindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to tie, bind, wring hard or close.
Qui trop embrasse mal étreint, all grasp all

ETREINT, E, adj. tied, bound, wrung hard or close.

*ETREINTE, a-trint, s. f. tying, binding, wringing hard or close.

ETRENE, a-tren, s. f. handsel. A bon jour, bonne étreune, the better day, the better deed.
Aroir l'étreune d'une chose, to handsel a thing,
use it first. Etreune or Etreunes, new year's gift, present.

ETRENNER, å-tre-nå, v. a. to make a present, give a new year's gift; to handsel. Etremer sene chose, to handsel a thing; v.n.

to take handsel.

ETRESILLON, s. m. a prop.

ETRESILLONNER, v. a. to prop up.

ETRÉSILLONNER, V. a. to prop ep.

TRIER, à trià, s. m. stirrup, bandage used
in bleeding in the foot; a bone of the ear.

Faire perdre les étriers à quelqu'un, to put one
to a nonplus, puzzle him. Vin de l'étrier, to a nonplus, puzzle him. Vin de l'étrier, stirrup cup. Mar. Etrier de marchepied, stirrups of a horse or of the yards. Erriers des chaines de haubans, lower kinks of the chain-plates of the dead-eyes, (which are bolted to the wales.)

ETRIEUX, s. m. pl. Mar. iron stirrups, or by corruption, iron strops. Etrieux de porte-haubans, iron stirrups of the channel. Etrieux de gouvernail, iron stirrup or strop placed at that end of the tiller which ships in the rudder (as a means to take out the butt of it, in case it should be broken short off in the rudder-head.)

*ETRIF, s. m. strife, scuffle, struggle.
ETRILIE, å-tril, s. f. horse comb, a curry
comb. Etre logé à l'étrille, to inn in a spun-

ging-house.

ETRILLER, &-trl-la, v. a. to curry; bang, maul or thrash

ETRIPER, à-trì-pà, v. a. to unbowel, unrip. ETRIQUÉ, E, adj. Mar. navire étriqué, narrow-floored vessel.

ETRIVIÈRE, à-trl-vièr, s.f. stirrup leather. Donner les étrivières à quelqu'un, to lash one

soundly.

Еткоїт, в, å-trwå, trwåt, adj. strait, narrow, close; strict, close, intimate; rigorous, exact. Etre dans une étroite amitié avec quelqu'un, to be intimate with one. Une stroite familiarité, an intimate familiarity. De droit étroit, according to the strictness or rigour of the law. Avoir une étroite obligation à quelqu'un, to be very much obliged to one. A l'étroit, adv. straitly, narrowly, in a narrow compass. Réduit à l'étroit, pinched, reduced to straits, hard put to it, strait-ened. Vivre à l'étroit, to live sparingly. Etre logé fort à l'étroit, to be very much straitened for room.

ETROITEMENT, å-trwåt-men, adv. strait ly, narrowly, in a narrow compass; strictly; straitly, particularly. Etroitement uni, strictly or closely united. Un prisonnier qu'on tient étroitement enfermé, a close prisoner.

ETRON, s. m. seces of animals.

ETRONÇONNER, å-tron-sô-nå, v. a to cut off the branches of (a tree.)

ETROUSSER, v. a. to adjudge, decree.
ETRUFFÉ, (chien) adj. lame (dog.)
ETRUFFÉ, a. lameness of a dog.
ETUDE, å-tåd, s. f. study; learning, scholarship; study, closet. Un homme d'étude, a learned man or scholar. Un homme sans étude. an illiterate man.

ETUDIANT, å-tå-di-en, s. m. student scholar.

ETUDIÉ, E, à-tû-dià, adj. studied, elabo-

rate; studied, affected, composed.
ETUDIER, å-td-dl-å, v. a. to study; medi tate or compose; mind, observe, have an eye upon. S'étudier, v. r. to study, labour, endeavour, give one's mind to. S'étudier à plaire, to study to please.

ETUDIOLE, a-tu-di-ol, s. m. scrutoire. ETUI, a-tui, s. m. case, box. Etui de poche à plusieurs instrumens, case of instru-ments. Case over the wings of some insects. ETUVE, a-tav, s. f. stove, bot-house, sweat-

ing room.
ETUVÉE, å-tå-vå, s. f. stewing; also stewed meat, stew. Carpe à l'étunée, stewed carp Mettre à l'étunée, to stew. ETUVEMENT, à-tuv-mên, s. m. bathing, fo-

menting.

ETUVER, å-tů-vå, v. a. to foment or bathe (speaking of a wound.)

ETUVISTE, å-tů-vîst, s. m. bagnio or bath

keeper.
ETYMOLOGIE, A-ti-mô-lô-zi, s. f. etymology. ETYMOLOGIQUE, adj. etymological. ETYMOLOGISTE, a-il-mô-lô-zist, s. m. ety-

mologist.

EUCHARISTIE, eu-ka-ris-ti, s. f. eucharist. EUCHARISTIQUE, du-ka-ris-tik, adj. eucharistical.

EUCRASIE, s. f. eucrasy. EUFRAISE, eu-frez, s. f. (herb) eye-bright. EUNUQUE, ed-nak, s. m. eunuch

EUPATOIRE, s. f. sweet maudlin (an herb.) EUPHONIE, s. f. euphony.

EUPHONIQUE, adj. euphonical. EUPHORBE, s. m. euphorbium.

EUROPÉEN, NE, s. m. & f. European.

EURTTHWIE, S. f. curythmy.
Eux, eu, (plural of lin) they, them.
EVACUANT, E, å-vå-ku-en, ent, or EVA

CUATI-F, VE, adj. evacuating.

EVACUATIF, A-và-kù-à-tif, s. m. evacuant

EVACUATION, à-và-kù-à-slon, s. f. eva cuation.

EVACUER, a-va-ku-a, v. a. to evacuate,

void or empty S'éracuer, v. r. to evacuate. EVADER, (s') sa-va-da, v.r. to make one's escape, get away, steal away. Faire évader

quelqu'un, to favour one's escape.

EVAGATION, à-và-gà-slou, s. f. evagation EVALTONNER, (s') så-vål to-nå, v. r. to be too free, give one's self airs. EVALUATION, å-vå-lo-å-slon, s. f. prizing

estimate, estimation, valuing, rating.
EVALUER, à-và-lù-à, v. a. to prize, esti mate, value or rate.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Evangilique, i-ven-za-lik, adj. evangelical.

EVANGÉLIQUES, s. m. pl. those that reject the Old Testament and receive the New. EVANG ÉLIQUEMENT, à vên-zâ-lîk-mên, adv. evangelically, according to the Gospel. EVANG ÉLISER, à vên-zâ-lî-zâ, v. a. &. n.

to preach the Gospel, evangelize.

Evangelists, a-ven-za-list, s. m. evangelist. Nouvel évangéliste, broacher of new opinions.

EVANGILE, å-vcn-zll, s. m. Gospel. L'é-

EVANOUI, E, adj. vanished away, gone out of sight; swooped away, in a swoon.

EVANOUIR, (s')så-vå-noo-ir, or EVANOUIR, v. n. to faint or swoon away, fall into a swoon; to vanish away, disappear, go out of sight.

EVANOUISSEMENT, a-va-ndo-ls-men, s. m.

fainting fit, swoon, or swooning away. Il lui a pris un évanouissement en se levant, as he got up, he swooned away or fell into a swoon.

EVAPORATION A-va-po-ra-sion, s.f. evaporation; rashness, inconsideration, foolishness.

ranon; rasnness, inconsideration, iooninness. Evapora, z. adj. evaporated. Evapora, s. m. giddy brained, rash or inconsiderate man, fool. Evaporar, a-va-po-ra, v. a. Ex. Evaporer son chagrin or sa bile, to vent one's grief or passion. S'écoporer, v. r. to evaporale. S'écoporer en vaines idées, en chimères, en imaginations, to fill one's head with airy, empty or chimerical notions; to be full of whims and crotchets.

EVASER, & vå-zå, v. a. to widen or open. EVASER, & vå-zå, v. a. to widen or open. EVASI-F, v. E, adj. serving to escape. EVASION, & vå-zlon, s. f. flight, escape. EVASURE, s. f. widening, opening. EVACHÉ, & vè-shå, s. m. bishoprick;

bishop's house or palace: episcopate.

Evelt, a-vel, s. m. awaking, warning, rousing. Donner à quelqu'un l'éveil d'une

chose, to rouse one upon a thing.

EVELLLÉ, E, A-vê-là, adj. awake; airy, brisk, lively, sprightly; watchful, careful, stirring, vigilant, diligent. Eveillé sur ses interêts, alive to one's interest.

EVEILLE, E. s. w. & f. brisk, sprightly per-

EVRILLER, and A.v. a. to wake or awake, rouse, break the sleep of; to quicken, brisk

p. Séveiller, v. r. to wake or swake.

Evinement, & van-men, s. m. event, issue, success, end; adventure. A tout événe-

sue, success, end; auventure. A som even-ment, adv. at all evenus. EVENT, a-vên, a.m. a bad smack or tang; open air; vent hole. Donner de l'évent à un musid de rin, to give vent to a hogchead of wine. Mettre des hurdes à l'évent, to air clothes.

EVENTAIL, å-von tål, s. m. fan.

EVENTAILLISTE, å-vèn-ta-fist, s. m. fan-maker or seller. Beutique d'éventailliste, fanshop.

EVENTAIRE, s. m. sort of flat basket. EVENTE, a vent, s. f. tallow-chandler's box. EVENTE, E, adj. fanned, etc. V. Eventer, giddy-headed, barebrained, rash, foolish, light-headed.

EVERTÉ, E, å-ven-tå, s. m. & f. harebrained, or giddy headed or volatile young man EVENTEMENT, s. m. airing.

EVENTER, &-ven-th, v. a. to fan; to air, (le grain) to winnow; (une mine) to give vent to, counterwork or countermine; battle, disappoint; to make take vent, divulge, discover, publish, spread abroad. Eventer la veine, to breathe the vein, let blood. Mar. éventer to breathe the vein, let blood. Mar. evenue une voile, to fill a sail. Evente le perroquet de fougue, fill the mizen top-sail. Eventer la quille d'un bâtiment, to heave down a vessel (so as to discover her keel.) La pempe est éventée, the pump blows. S'éventer, v. r. to take wind, die or evaporate, pall or lose in similier de secrét la take vent or wind he spirit; (of a secret) to take vent or wind, be discovered; to fan one's self.

EVENTILLER, (s') v. r. to flutter (as a bird.)

EVENTOIR, a-ven-twar, s. m. firefan. EVENTRER, & ven-tra, v. a. to embowel or open, to take out the entrails (of an animal.)

EVENTUEL, LE, & ven-ta-el, adj. eventual.

EVENTUELLEMENT, adv. eventually. Eveque, a-vek, s. m. bishop.

EVERRER, v. a. to worm a dog. EVERSION, å-ver-slon, s. f. eversion, ruin. EVERTUER, (s') så-ver-tdå, v. r. to labour, strive, study or endeavour, take pains, exert one's self.

one's self.

Eviction, å-vik-slon, s. f. recovery by law, evidence, eviction. V. Evincer.

Evidence, eviction. V. Evincer.

Evidenty, clearly, manifestly, plainly, apparently.

Evidence, å-vi-dens, s. f. evidence, demonstration, plainness. perspicuity. Mettre en évidence, to make plain or clear or evident, demonstration. demonstrate.

EVIDENT, E, å-vi-den, dent, adj. evident, clear, plain, manifest, apparent.

EVIDER, v. a. to unstarch (linen;) to hollow, cut hollow, cut sloping (in tailoring;) to hollow, groove, make a groove, to cut hol-low (in iron work, etc.)

EVIER, a-via, s. m. sink (of a kitchen.)

EVINCER, a-vin-sa, v. a. to evict, recover possession by law.

EVITABLE, a-vi-tabl, adj. avoidable.

EVITÉE, s. f. Mar. swing of a ship round her anchor at the length of her cable, breadth the channel of a river must have to be navigable, birth or sufficient space wherein a ship may swing round at the length of her moor ings. A son évitée, when tending or swinging, as she tends or swings. Faire son évitée. to swing or tend, be swinging or tending.

to swing or tend, he swinging to tending.

EVITER, &-VI-IR, V. a. to avoid, shun or eschew; keep clear of. Mar. to avoid, keep clear of, swing or tend. Eviter l'abordage, to avoid being boarded. Eviter le combat. to avoid coming to action. Eviter as vent, to swing head to wind. Eviter à la marée, to tend to the tide. Eviter du maurais este, to swing or tend the wrong way. Le vaisseau n'évilera pas avant midi, the ship will not tend

EVOCABLE, & vo-kabl, adj. that may be brought before a higher court.
EVOCATION, & vo-ka-sion, s. f. conjuration

or conjuring up, raising up; (d'une cause) bringing of a cause before a higher court,

(by order of the judges thereof.)

EVOCATOIRE, adj. Ex. Cédule érocatoire, summons to appear before a higher court

bûse, bût : jeane, mêute, beurre : enfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

EVOLUER, v. n. Mar. to manceuvre or work or perform the several evolutions practised at sea. Vaisseau qui évolue bien, ship that works well.

EVOLUTION, &-vo-lu-sion, s. f. evolution, military motion or movement. Mar. evolution, movement of a squadron or of a single ship in a particular manœuvre.

Evoques, &-vô-th, v. a. to conjure or raise up spirits; to bring before a higher court.

Evulder, V. Evider.

Ex, before a noun of dignity signifies that the person mentioned has once held the office. Ex-Président, the president that was.

Ex-President, the president that was.

Exact, m. dg-zakt, adj. exact, punctual.

strict, careful, diligent; accurate.

Exactxment, dg-zakt-men, adv. exactly,
punctually, duly, diligently.

Exacteur, dg-zak-dur, s. m. exacter, ex-

tortioner. Exaction, eg-zak-slow, s. f. exaction, ex-

tortion. EXACTITUDE, eg-zak-ti-tid, s. f. exact-ness. care, carefulness, accuracy, precision, diligence. Avoir de l'exactitude, to be exact,

punctual, careful or diligent.

Exagerateur, êg-zâ-zâ-râ-icur, s. m. one that exaggerates or aggravates, ampli-

for.

Exagérati-f, ve, êg-zâ-zâ-râ-tîf, tlv, adj. aggravating, exaggerating.

Exagération, êg-zâ-zâ-râ-slon, s. f.

exaggeration, aggravation or amplifying. Exagéren, eg-zå-zå-rå, v. a. to exagge-

rate, aggravate or amplity.

Exagone, V. Hexagone.

Exaltation, eg-zal-ia-sion, s. f. advancement, or raising up to the papal dignity; exaltation; exaggeration.

Exalter, eg-zal-ta, v. a. to exalt, praise,

extol or cry up; to exalt or refine, bring to greater purity.

EXAMEN, eg-za-min, s. m. examining or examination, diligent search or trial. Examinateur, eg-za-mi-na-teor, s. m.

examiner.

Examiner, egza-mi-na, v. a. to search er inquire into, to weigh, consider, discuss or sift. S'examiner, v. r. to examine, wearout. Linge examiné, worn out linen.

EXANTHEME, s. m. exanthemata, eruptions. Exarchat or Exarquat, eg-zar-ka, s. m. exarchate or exarchy, country subject to an exarch; dignity of an exarch.

Exarque, eg-zark, s. m. exarch. EXASPÉRATION, s. f. exasperation.

Exaspérer, v a. to exasperate.

EXAUCER, eg-zò-sà, v. a. to hear or grant

(a prayer.) EXCALCEATION, s. f. action of pulling off the shoe.

Excavation, êks-kû-vê-sîon, s. f. excava-

Excaver, êks-kâ-vâ, v. a. to excavate.

Excedent, s. m. overplus. Excedent, ek-sa-da, v. a. to exceed or go

heyond; to abuse, beat excessively, impor-tune. S'excéder de débauches, to fall iato excessive debauchery. Excellemment, êk-sê-lâ-mên, adv. excel-

lently, notably, rarely, well, extraordinarily.

EXCELLENCE, êk-sê-lêns, s. f. excellence or excellency. Par excellence, supreme, su-

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premely, excellently. La vertu par excel-

EXCELLENT, E, ek-se-len, lent, alj. excellent, notable, singular, extraordinary, choice, rare, good.
*Excellentissine, &k-så-len-ti-sim, adj.

most excellent, rare, good. Excellent, ek-se-la, v. n. to excel, sur-

pass, out-do or go beyond, be the best. Excentricité, ek-sen-tri-si-tà, s. f. ec centricity.

Excentrique, ek-sen-trik, s. m. eccentrick.

EXCEPTE, ek-sep-ta, prep. excepted, except, But, save.

Excepter, ek-sep-ta, v. a. to except

EXCEPTION, ek-scp-slon, a. f. exception; difference or distinction. A l'exception d'un seul, one only excepted, or except one. Suns exception d'age ni de condition, without regard either to age or condition.

Excès, êk-sê, s. m. excess, immoderation,

superfluity, too much; riot, debauchery, looseness of manners, intemperance; (law term) abuse, outrage. L'excès de votre bonté term) abuse, outrage. pour moi, the great kindness you have for

Excessi-F, vE, êk-sê-sîf, slv, adj. exceed-

ing, excessive, immoderate, extravagant.

Excessivement, êk-sê-siv-mên, adv. exceedingly, excessively, immoderately, extra-Excise, s. f. excise.

Excise, s. f. excise.

Excise, s. f. excise.

EXCITATI-F, VE, adj. strong, violent, exciting, stirring.

EXCITATION, ek-sl-ta-slon, s. f. stirring,

provoking, setting affoat.
Exciter, ck-sl-ta, v. a. to excite, incite, provoke, stir up, cause, quicken or encourage. Exclamation, eks-kla-ma-slon, s. f. exclamation, crying out. Point d'exclamation (!).

Exclu, E, adj. excluded, debarred, shut out, kept from.

EXCLURE, eks-klur, v. a. (see the table at

clure) to exclude, debar, shut out or keep fmm

Exclus, R, V. Exclu.

Exclusi-F, vr, eks-kld-zif, ziv, adj. exclusive.

EXCLUSION, êks-klû-zlon, s. f. exclusion. A l'exclusion d'un tel, such a one being excluded.

Exclusivement, êks-klû-slv-mên, adv. exclusively.

EXCOMMUNICATION, ěks-kô-mô-nì-kà. slon, s. f. excommunication.

Excommunit, z, adj. excommunicated. Excommunit, E, s. m. & f. person excemmunicated. Visage d'excommunié, ill look.

Excommunium, êks-kô-mâ-nîâ, v. a., to excommunicate.

EXCORIATION, eks-ko-ria-sion, s. f. excoriation, fretting of the skin.

Excorier, čks-kô-ría, v. a. to excoriate. Excrément, eks-kra-men, s. m. excrement; dregs, scum.

Excrémenteu-x, se, adj. excrementous or excrementitious.

Excrescence, s. f. excrescence or excres-

Excrétion, èks-krå-slon, s. f. excretion. Excrétoire, adj. excretory, excretive.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr,: fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, gôod.

Excroissance, eks-krwa-sens, s. f. V. Ex- ||

EXCURSION, eks-kur-slon, s. f. incursion, inroad, irruption; digression.

EXCUSABLE, eks-ku-zabl, adj. excusable.

EXCUSATION, eks-ko-za-don, s.f. excusa-

tion, plea.
Excuse, êks-kûz, s. f. excuse, reason, cloak.

Faire mille excuses, to ask a thousand pardons.

Excuser, eks-ku-za, v. a. to excuse or iustify, exculpate; admit one's excuse; bear with, pardon. Excuser quelqu'un de faire quelque chose, to excuse one or dispense with one for not doing a thing. S'excuser, v. r. to desire to be excused or dispensed with, decline

Exfat, eg-zå-åt, s. m. pass or leave to go out.

EXECRABLE eg-zå-krabl, adj. execrable, abominable, detestable, cursed, odious, hateful; wretched, pitiful.

Exécrablement, eg-zå-kråbl-men, adv.

execrably, abominably, cursedly.

Execration, s. f. abhorrence, detestation, execration, imprecation, curse.

Exécuter, v. a. to abhor. Exécuter, eg-zå-kû-tå, v. a. to execute; put in execution, perform; to execute, put to death by authority; to distrain the goods of. Executered a death of the executor. L'exécuteur, or l'exécuteur de la haute justice,

he hangman or executioner.

Execution, eg-za-ka-sion, s.f. execution, performance; distress or distraining of goods. Un homme d'exécution, a man fit for action. Exécution d'un criminel, execution of a male-

Exécutoire. eg-zå-ků-twar. s. m. writ

Exexecution.

Executoire, adj. by virtue of which goods may be distrained

Exécutrice, êg-zâ-kô-trîs, s. f. executrix. Exemplaire,êg-zên-plèr, adj. exemplary. EXEMPLAIRE, s. m. copy of a book; ex-

emplar, pattern, model. EXEMPLAIREMENT, eg-zen-pler-men,adv.

exemplarily.

EXEMPLE, èg-zènpl, s. m. example; pat-tern, model, copy; instance, precedent. Par-exemple, adv. as for example, for instance. Exemple, s. f. copy (for writing.) EXEMPT, E, èg-zèn, zènt, adj. exempt or

free.

EXEMPT, s. m. Exempt des gardes, exempt des gardes du corps, exempt, officer in the life-guards. Sort of ecclesiasticks.

Exempter, eg-zen-ta, v. a. to exempt,

free or discharge.
EXEMPTION, ee-zen-slon, s. f. exemption,

privilege, immunity, freedom.

EXERCE, E, adj. exercised, practised. Exerce dans l'art mi itaire, trained up in warlike discipline.

Exercer, eg-zer-sa, v. a. to exercise: train up; use or employ; practise; tire, harass; to bear. Exercer son corps, to exercise one's body, use exercise. S'exercer, v. r. to exercise one's self. S'exercer à, to use the exercise of, exercise one's self in. Exercise; eg-zer-sis, s. m. exercise; prac-

.ce; trade; trouble, vexation. Donner de

l'exercice à quelqu'un, to exercise one, veu one. Faire de l'exercice, to use exercise Faire faire l'exercice à des soldats, to exer-cise soldiers. Faire l'exercice du canon et de la mousqueterie, to exercise great guns and small arms. Mar. Faire l'exercice des voiles, to exercise sails. Exercices, exercises; (duncing, riding, fencing, etc.)
*Exercitation, s. f. exercitation, critical

comment

EXÉRÈSE, s. f. exeresis.

Exergue, eg-zerg, s. m. exergue (of a medal.)

EXFOLIATI-F, VE, adj. exfoliative. EXFOLIATION, eks-fo-ll-a-slon, s. f. exfoliation.

EXFOLIER, (s') sêks-fô-fi-å, v. r. to exfo-liate (as a bone does.) EXHALAISON, êg-zå-lê-zon, s. f. exhalation.

EXHALATION, s. f. exhalation.

EXHALATION, s. i. exnanation.

EXHALER, eg-zā-lā, v. a. to exhale or cast forth; (sa colère) to wreak or breathe forth; (sa douleur) to vent, give a vent to. S'ex-

haler, v. r. to exhale, evaporate.

Exhaussement, eg-zos-men, s. m. raising higher, height, being high. Ce plancher n'a pas assez d'exhaussement, that floor is not high

enough.

EXHAUSSER, eg-zò-sa, v. a. to raise, raise

higher. Exhérédation, ég-zå-rå då-slon, s. f. disinheriting, state of one disinherited. Exhéréder, ég-zå-rå-då, v. a. to disin-

herit. EXHIBER, eg-zi-ba, v. a. to exhibit or pro-

duce.

EXHIBITION, eg-zl-bl-slon, s. m. exhibiting or exhibition, producing.
EXHORTATION, eg-zdr-td-slon, s. f. exhor-

EXHORTER, eg-zôr-ta, v. a. to exhort, encourage, stir up or persuade. Exhorter à la courage, stir up or persuade.
mort, to fit or prepare for death.

EXHUMATION, eg-zd-ma-slon, s. f. exhumation.

EXHUMER, eg-zå-må, v. a. to dig (a corpse)

out of the ground. Exigence, êg-zî-zens, s. f. exigence or exigency, necessity, occasion. Selon l'exigence de la chose, as the case requires, as occasion

shall serve. Exiger, eg-zî-za, v. a. to claim, exact, demand, require.

EXIGIBLE, eg-zl-zlbl, adj. demandable, that may be demanded or exacted.

*Exigu, E, eg-zl-gû, gu, adj. exiguous, little, small, slender, scanty.

*Exiguité, eg-21-gu-1-ta, s. f. exiguity, smallness

EXIL, ég-zîl, s. m. exile, banishment. Envoyer en exil, to exile or banish.

EXILÉ, E, adj. exiled, banished.

EXILÉ, èg-zllå, s. m. exile, one that is exiled or banished.

EXILER, eg-zl-la, v. a. to exile or banish. S'exiler, v. r. to withdraw, retire. Existant, E, eg-zis-ten, tent, adj. exist-

ent, that is. Existence, eg-zls-tens, s. f. existence

EXISTER, eg-zls-ta, v. n. to exist, be, be in being.

Exode, eg-zod, s. m. exodus.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : eniant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

EXCINE, s. f. essoine (law term.)

EXCINER, v. a. to essoine, excuse absence. EXOMOLOGESE, s. f. publick confession. EXOMPHALE, s. m. & f. exomphalos.

Exorable, eg-zo-rabl, adj. exorable, that may be entreated.

Exorbitamment, eg-zor-bi-ta-men, adv. exorbitantly, extravagantly, immoderately, excessively.

EXORBITANT, E, èg-zôr-bl-tèn, tènt, adj. exorbitant, excessive, extravagant, immoderate. Faire une dépense exorbitante, to spend extravagantly.

Exorciser, eg-zôr-sî-zâ, v. a. to exorcise,

adjure, cast out evil spirits.

Exorcisme, eg-zor-sism, s. m. exorcism.

Exorciste, eg-zor-sist, s. m. exorcist. EXORCISTE, eg-200-388, s. m. exordist.
EXORDER, eg-200-488, s. m. exordium, beginning of a discourse.
EXOTERIQUE, adj. exoterick.
EXOTERIQUE, eg-20-18, adj. exotick, foreign.
EXPANSIBILITE, s. f. expansibility.

EXPANSIBLE, eks-pen-sibl, or EXPANSI-F,

VE, adj. expansive.

EXPANSION, eks-pen-sion, s. f. expansion. EXPATRIATION, s. f. the act of leaving

one's own country.

EXPATRIER, eks-på-tri-å, v. a. to oblige or force one to leave his country, drive one from his country. S'expatrier, v. r. to quit

one's own country.

Expectant, êks-pêk-tên, s. m. expectant.

Expectant-r, ve, êks-pêk-tâ-tî, tlv, adj.
to be expected. Ex. Grâce expectative, favour
in expectance. V. Expectative.

*Expectation, êks-pêk-tâ-sîon, s. f. expec-

EXPECTATIVE, s.f. reversion, survivorship; expectation, hope; certain bulls, wherein the Pope grants mandates for church livings be-fore they become void; publick theological disputation.

Expectorant, e, adj. expectorative. Expectoration, eks-pek-to-ra-sion, s. f. expectoration.

Expectorer, êks-pêk-tô-rå, v. a. to expectorate.

Expédient, éks-på-dî-èn, adj. expedient, fit or necessary.

EXPEDIENT, s. m. expedient, way, device means. En être aux expédiens, be put to or means. one's last shifts or expedients.

Expédier. èks-pà-di-à, v. a. to despatch, expedite, send; to despatch, put an end to, kill; to draw up or write out (law term.) v. n. to be expeditious.

Expéditi-F, VE, eks-på-di-tif, tlv, adj. ex-

peditions, of despatch, quick

Expédition, eks-ph-di-slon, s. f. expedition; despatch; copy, duplicate; military enterprise or adventure. Expéditions, despatches, orders, instructions; warrant, patent, or commission. L'escadre de Rochefort est partie pour une expédition secrète, the Roche fort squadron has sailed upon a secret expe dition.

Expéditionnaire, eks-på-dl-slo-ner s. m. officer at the Pope's court for despatches;

one who takes official copies

Expérience, éks-pà-ri-èns, s i experi-ment, trial, proof; experience, knowledge. Expérimental, E, èks-pà-ri-mèn-tàl adj.

experimental

Experimente, E, eks-på-ri-men-tå, adj. experienced, experimented, tried; experienced, skilful.

Experimenter, eks-på-ri-men-tå, v. a

to experience or experiment, try.

EXPERT, E, &ts-per, pert, adj. expert, skilful, of much experience. Experts, s. m. pl. viewers, jury of artists, most skilful or able men in any art or science appointed to make their report about any thing.

EXPERTISE, S. f. report made about any thing by a jury of artists.

EXPLATION, eks-pl-d-sion, s. f. expiation,

atonement.

Explatoire, êks-pî-â-twâr, adj. expiato-

ry, that makes an atonement.

EXPIER, čks-pl-å, v. a. to expiate or atone.

EXPILATION, s. f. expilation.

EXPIRATION, čks-pl-rå-slow, s.f. expiration.

EXPIRER, eks-pl-ra, v. n. to expire; die or breathe one's last; be out, end. v. a. to

expire, exhale, breathe out. Expléti-F, ve, êks-plå-tif, tlv, adj. exple-

tive EXPLICABILE, eks-plf-kabl, adj. explica-

ble, that may be explained. EXPLICATI-F, VE, eks-pll-ka-tif, tiv, adj.

explicative. EXPLICATION, eks-pfl-ka-slon, s. f. expli-

cation, explanation, exposition, interpretation Faites-nous-en l'explication, explain or ex pound it to us.

Explicite, êks-plî-sît, adj. explicit, plain Explicitement, êks-plî-sît-mên, adv. ex

plicitly, plainly, expressly. Expliquer, eks-pli-ka, v. a. to explicate explain, expound, interpret, unfold or open; to teach; to declare, signify. S'expliquer, v. r. to explain or signify one's thoughts, speak plain. Expliquez-vous mieux, car on ne vous entend pas, speak plainer, for you are not understood.

Exploit, eks-plwa, s. m. exploit, achievement, feat, great act, great deed. Exploit d'assignation, summons or subpoena. Exploit

de saisie, execution upon a judgment. EXPLOITABLE, čks-juwā-tabl, adj. that may be distrained ; fit for sale; manurable. EXPLOITANT, čks-plwā-tcn, adj. m. serv-

ing warrants or summonses. Exploitation, eks-plwd-td-slon, a. f. exe-

cution of some works in agriculture. EXPLOITER, cks-plwa-ta, v. n. to serve warrants or the tike; to do some exploit or achievement. do feats; (une forêt) to fell; (une terre) to manure and manage (a piece of ground or an estate.)

Explorateur, s. m. explorator, exami-

ner, searcher, discoverer.

FIFLORER, v. a. Mar. to explore. La Perouse a explore l'archipel des îles des Navigueurs, La Perouse explored the archipelago of the Navigators' islands.

EXPLOSION, eks-plo-zion, s. f. explosion. Expolition, s. f. expolition, (the explaining of the same thing by synonymous expres-

Exportation, eks-por-ta-slon, s. f. expor

EXPORTER, v. a. to transport goods out of a country.

EXPOSANT, E, čks-pô-zèn, zènt, s. m. & f. petitioner, patentee; alsc, a term in algebra. bar, bat, base; there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Expost, êks-pô-za, s. m. suggestion or exposition in a petition; preamble. Finax expose, false pretence.
Exposen, êks-pô-sa, v. a. to expose; show

or lay out; to expound, explain or unfold, set forth; to declare, show forth, open, represent, make known or signify, to show; to expose or turn; bring into danger, hazard or venture; (un enfant) to expose. Exposer en vente, to put to sale. Un homme qui s'expose à la risée de tout le monde, a man that makes himself a laughing-steck to every body.

*Exposit-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. expound-er, explainer or interpreter; also who puts

off counterfeit money.

Exposition, eks-po-zi-sion, s. f. exposition; showing, laying out; explanation; declaration, account, laying open; (d'un enfant) exposing; (d'un bâtiment) aspect or situation (east, west, north or south.) Un arbre planté à une mauvaise exposition, a tree set in an ill place.

Exprès, se, êks-prè, près, adj. express,

plain, clear, manifest, positive.

EXPRÈS, s. m. express, courier.

Express in ent, eks-pre-sa-men, adv. expressly, plainly, in plain terms, positively, explicitly.

Expressi-F, ve, êks-prê-sîf, slv, adj. ex-pressive, significant.

EXPRESSION, eks-pre-sion, s. f. straining, wringing or squeezing out; expression; way of expressing one's thoughts, elocution, phrase; representation.

EXPRIMABLE, eks-prl-mabl, adj. that may

be expressed.

EXPRIMER, eks-pri-ma, v. a. to wring, strain or squeeze out: to express, represent.

EXPULSER, eks-pûl-sa, v. a. to expel, to thrust or turn out; (terme de médecine) to ex-

pel, expulse, reject, purge

EXPULSI-F, VE, eks-pul-sif, slv, adj. ex-

pulsive. EXPULSION, eks-pal-slon, s. f. expulsion, expelling, thrusting or turning or driving

out. EXPULTRICE, adj. expulsive. La faculté expultrice, the expulsive faculty

EXPURGATION, s. f. expurgation.

EXPURGATOIRE, adj. expurgatory. L'in-dice expurgatoire, the expurgatory index. EXQUIS, E, eks-kl, klz, adj. exquisite, rare,

dainty, fine, curious, choice, excellent, precions.

EXSUDATION, s. f. exudation, sweating.

EXSUDER, v. n. to sweat, exude, exudate. *EXTANT, E, êks-tên, tênt, adj. extant. EXTASE, êks-tâz, s. f. ecstasy, trance, rap-

Extasié, E, adj. in ecstasy, in a trance, m a rapture.

Extasier, (s') sêks-tâ-zîâ, v. r. to fall

into an ecstasy or rance or rapture. Extatique, eks-ta-ilk, adj. ecstatick or ecstatical.

EXTENSEUR, adj. extensor, the muscle by which any limb is extended.

EXTENSIBILITÉ, s. f. extensibility.
EXTENSIBLE, adj. extensible.
EXTENSION, éks-tèn-sion, s. f. extension or stretching, extent.

EXTÉNUATION, êks-tâ-nû-â-slon, s. f. ex-

tenuation or lessening; growing thin or lean, falling away, gradual decay.

Extenue, E. adj. extenuated; lessened; thin or lean, fallen away.

EXTÉNUER, eks-ta-nd-a, v. a. to extenuate or lessen; to make thin or lean.

Extérieur, E, eks-tå-rieur, adj. exteriour outward, external.

EXTÉRIEUR, s. m. outside, outward ap pearance or show, exteriour

Extérieurement, êks-tå-rieur-men,adv. outwardly, on the outside, by the outward

appearance. Exterminateur, eks-ter-mi-na-teur, adj. or s. m. destroying, destroyer, exterminator. EXTERMINATION, s. f. extermination, ex-

tinction, extirpation.

EXTERMINER, êks-têr-mî-nâ, v. a. to ex-terminate, destroy, cut off or extirpate. EXTERNE, êks-têrn, adj. external, outward

EXTERNE, s. m. day-scholar.

EXTINCTION, eks-tink-slon, s. f. extinction, extinguishing, quenching or putting out. Ad-juger à l'extinction de la chandelle, to sell by inch of candle. Extinction d'une rente, extinguishment of a rent.

Extirpateur, eks-tir-på-teur, s. m. ex

tirpator. Extirpation, eks-tir-pa-slon, s. f. extirpation.

Extirper, eks-tir-på, v. a. to extirpate

EXTORQUER, êks-tôr-kâ, y. a. to extort, wrest or get by force or violence.

EXTORSION, s. f. extortion, exaction. EXTRACTION, s. f. extraction, drawing out,

taking out; descent, pedigree.

EXTRADITION, s. f. the giving up of a prisoner to his legitimate prince.

EXTRAIRE, eks-trer, v. a. (like traire) to

extract, draw or take out; (un livre) to abstract or abridge

EXTRAIT, E, eks-trè, trèt, adj. extracted, drawn *or* taken out.

EXTRAIT, s. m. extract; copy; abstract or abridgment. Extrait de procès, breviat. EXTRAJUDICIAIRE, adj. extrajudicial.

Extrajudiciairement, adv. extrajudicially.

EXTRAORDINAIRE, êks-trâ-ôr-dî-nêr, adj. extraordinary, unusual, uncommon, singular. Procédure extraordinaire, criminal process.

EXTRAORDINAIRE, s. m. extraordinary or uncommon thing; supplement to a gazette.

Extraordinaire des guerres, extraordinary treasury or fund appointed in time of war for the payment of the forces. Trésorier de l'extraordinaire, pay-master-general of the ar-

Extraordinairement, ěks-trå-ðr-dlner-men, adv. extraordinarily, in an extraordinary or unusual manner, extremely. Procéder extraordinairement contre quelqu'un, to prosecute one criminally.

EXTRATEMPORA, s. m. leave from the

pope to take orders at any time.

EXTRAVAGAMMENT, eks-tra-va-ga-men,

adv. extravagantly, strangely, idly, sillily, foolishly, impertinently.

*Extravagance, êks-trâ-vâ-gans, s. f. extravagance, extravagancy, impertinence, folly. Faire des extravagances, to do extravagant things.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ESTRAVAGANT, E, eks-trà-và-gan, gant, adj. & s. extravagant, foolish, silly, impertinent, idle.

EXTRAVAGANTES, s. f. decrees of the popes added to the canon law.

EXTRAVAGUER, Čks-trā-vā-gā, v. n. to talk foolishly or sillily or idly, dote, rave.

EXTRAVASATION, Čks-trā-vā-sā-slon, s. f.

extravasation.

EXTRAVASER, (s') seks-tra-va-za, v. r. to extravasate (as blood and humours do.)

EXTRÊME, êks-trêm, adj. extreme, great,

very great, excessive.

EXTRÊME, s. m. extreme, contrary. Le froid et le chaud sont les deux extrêmes, cold and heat are the two extremes.

Extrêmement, êks-trêm-mên, adv. extremely, extreme, very much, mightily, extraordinarily. Il a extremement d'esprit, he has a great deal of wit.

Extrême-onction, êks-trem-onk-slon, s. f. extreme unction.

Extrémité, éks-trå-mî-tå, s. f. extremity; extreme, utmost part, end; extreme state, strait, misery, necessity, worst or lowest condition, last or utmost; last or last moment, point of death; extreme, excess; utmost vio-ence. La Laponie est à l'extrémité du golfe Bothnique, Lapland borders upon the gulf of Bothnia. A toute extrémité, when the worst comes to the worst. Il est réduit à l'extrémité, he is reduced to straits. Ils sont ré-

solus à toute extrémité, they are resolved to stand it to the last. Dans cette dure extrémité, in this severe necessity. Etre à l'ex-trémité, to be dying. Malade à l'extrémité, dangerously sick.

Extrinsèque, êks-trin-sêk, adj. extrinsick, extrinsical.

Exubérance, èg-zû-bê-rèns, s. f. exuberance, super-abundance, luxuriance.

Exulciration, eg-zdl-sa-ra-slon, s. f.

exploeration.

EXULCÉRER, eg-zůl-så-rå, v. a. to exulcerate

EXULTATION, eg-zul-ta-slon, s. f. exulta-

tion, leaping for joy, rejoicing.

EXULTER, v. n. to leap for joy, exult.

EX-VOTO, s. m. votive picture (in a church.)

F.

F, &f, s. f. 6th letter of the French Alphabet. FA, fa, s. m. (note of musick) fa. FABLE, fabl, s. f. fable, apologue, fiction,

mythology, tale, story, romance. Servir de fable et de risée à tout le monde, to make one's self a common talk and a laughing stock.

FABLIAU, s. m. sort of story in verse very common in the beginning of French poetry.

FABRICANT, s. m. manufacturer.

FABRICATEUR, få-brl-kå-lèur, s. m. (de monnoie) coiner; (de faux actes) falsifier or forger of writings; (de faux témoins) falsifier of witnesses; (de nouvelles) forger of news or news-monger.

FABRICATION, fâ-brl-kâ-slon, s. f. (de la mounoie) coining. Fabrication d'un faux acte, falsifying or forging of a writing.

FABRICIEN, fâ-brl-slên, s. m. church-

warden.

FABRIQUE, få-brik, s. (fabrick or building, frame; manufacture make, making, fashion. Fabrique d'une église, fabric-lands, revenue of a church, plate and holy ornaments belonging to a church. La fabrique des

belonging to a church. La jourque we monnoies, the coinage or coining of money. FABRIQUER, fa-brl-ka, v. a. to manufacture or make; (des vaissenux) to build; (de la monnoie) to coin or mint; to forge or invent. Fabriquer un fanx testament, to forge a

*Fabulateur, s. m. story-teller. Fabuleusement, så-bå-leuz-men, adv. fabulously.

FABULEU-X, SE, få-bå-lèu, lèuz, adj. fa-bulous, feigned, fictitious, romantick. FABULISTE, få-bå-list, s. m. fabulist, writer

of fables

FACADE, fa-sad, s. f. front (of an edifice.) FACE, fas, s. f. face; visage; front or fore-front, surface, superficies; state or condition (of affairs;) pass (things are at;) (terme du jeu de bassette) fass. En face, to one's face or besore one's sace. Epouser en sace de l'église, to marry in publick. Ce château a une belle avenue en face, that castle has a fine avenue before it. A la face de, to the face or in the presence of, before. Faire face, to face. Ma maison fait face a la rivière, my house faces the river. Faire face à l'ennemi, to face the enemy. Faire volte-face, to face about.

*FACE, E, adj. Un homme bien face, a jolly, full-faced man.

FACER, fa-sa, v. a. (in heraldry,) to fass. FACETIE, fa-sa-si, s. f. merry conceit or humour

FACÉTIEUSEMENT, fâ-sâ-slèuz-mên, adv.

facetiously, pleasantly, comically.

FACETIEU-X, SE, fa-sa-sleu, sleuz, adj. facetious, merry, jovial, pleasant, comical.

FACETIE, fa-set, st. little face, facet. Diameter trill on facettes diamond cut facet. wise

mant taille en facettes, diamond cut facet-wise.

FACETTER, få-så-tå, v. a. to cut with facets.

FACHÉ, E, få-shå, adj. sorry; angry, vex-

ed, displeased. FACHER, fa-sha, v. a. to vex, anger, displease or teaze; to grieve. Il hui fache, he is sorry. Se facher, v. r. to be angry, fall into

a passion.

Facherie, s. f. grief, trouble, vexation. Causer, donnér de la fâcherie, to trouble, vex or teaze.

FACHEU-X, SE, fa-sheu, sheuz, adj. sad, grievous; troublesome, burdensome; hard, rugged, difficult, uneasy, troublesome, fro-ward, peevish, cross, humoursome.

FACHEU-X, SE, S. m. & f. troublesome per

FACILEDER, S. S. S. M. C. I. touniesduce per son, impertinent.

FACILE, få-sil, adj. easy; facile; conde-scending; ready, quick. Style facile, free, easy, natural style.

FACILEMENT, få-sil-men, adv. easily, with

2222

FACILITÉ, få-si-il-tå, s. f. easiness; quick ness, facility, readiness: easy temper, condescension. Apoir une facilité d'esprit admirable, to have a wonderful ready wit. Une grande facilité d'expression, a great easiness of expression, ready tongue, finem discourse. Facilité, E, adj. facilitated, made easy

or facile.

FACILITER, få-si-li-tå, v. a. 'o facilitate, make easy or facile.

bar, bât, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : ficia, fig ; rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

FACON, få-son, s. f. fashion; form, make: (travail de l'artisan) making ; manner, way . travat de carissan maning; mainer, way, mien or presence; compliment, ceremony, formality; ado; affectation; tillage, dressing. Elle fit quelques petites façons sur son incommodité, she made some faint excuses on Un homme sans account of her indisposition. account of ner indisposition. On home sains facon, a plain man, a man without ceremony. On vit sans façon entre amis, friends live freely together. Façon de parler, way of speaking, phrase. De quelque façon que cela soit, however or howsdever it be. Pourquoi faitesvous tant de façons? A quoi bon tant de façons? why do you make such ado? Donner à la igne la première, seconde et troisième façon, to dig the vineyard three several times. En che monde, en façon que conque, en quelque façon que ce soit, in no manner, in no wise, by no means, not at all. De fuçon que, so that, in-somuch that.

Façon, Mar. Fuçons d'un bâtiment, rising of a ship's floor afore and abaft.

FACONDE, s. f. obsolete word that means

eloquence. FAÇONNER, fâ-sô-na, v. a. to fashion; figure, polish or finish; to use, mould.

conner, v. n. to compliment, be ceremonious or formal. Vous façonnez trop, you compliment too much, you are too ceremonious. FACONNIER, E, få-sô-nlå, nlèr, s. m. & f. ceremonious or complimental or formal per-

Faconnier, artificer, manufacturer of

FACTEUR, fåk-teur, s. m. factor; post-man, or penny-post. Facteur d'orgue, organ-

FACTICE, fak-tis, adj. (mot) made, coined;

FACTIEU-X, SE, fak-sleu, sleuz, adj. & s. factious, seditious, mutinous, factious person.
Faction, fak-slon, s. f. faction, cabal, party; duty (as sentinel.) Etre en faction, to be upon duty, stand sentry.

FACTIONNAIRE, fak-sio-ner, adj. Ex. Sol-

dat factionnaire, private sentinel. Mettre un fuctionnaire, Mar. to put on a sentry.
Factorerie, fak-to-rl, s. f. factory.
Factorum, fak-to-ton, or Factoron, s.

m. factotum. FACTUM, fak-ton, s. m. case, one's case drawn in the form of a plea.

FACTURE, fåk-tur, s. f. invoice (particulars of the goods sent to a merchant by his factor or correspondent.)

FACULE, s. f. luminous spot seen sometimes on the sun.

FACULTATIF, adj. m. Ex. Bref facultatif, pope's license or dispensation.

Facult's, fa-kul-ds, s. f. faculty; power, virtue; facility, talent; power, right. La faculté de médecine, the faculty. Facultés, talents faculty. talents, fortune, property; (law term) de-

FADAISE, fa-dez, s. f. trifles, fiddle-faddle,

foolish or silly thing, silliness or foolery.

FADE, fad, adj. insipid, that has no taste; silly, witless, nauseous. Se sentir le cœur fade, to have a bad or squeamish stomach, have

one's stomach cloyed.

FADEUR, få-deur, s. f. insipidness, unsavouriness, insipidity, nauseousness, silliness; also loathsome praise.

FAGOT, fa-go, s. m. fagot; bundle. Conter des fagots, to telt stories, talk idly.

FAGOTAGE, s. m. making of fagots.
FAGOTAILLE, s. f. sort of hedge made with

fagots. FAGOTÉ, E, adj. tied or made into fagots; huddled in a confused or disordered trim

(said of clothes.)

FAGOTER, (1-go-ta, v. a. to tie or make

into fagots: to jumble together.

FAGOTEUR, fa-go-teur, s. m. fagot-maker
FAGOTIN, fa-go-tin, s. m. & adj. mountebank's merry-andrew or jack pudding.

FAGOUE, s. f. kernel (in beasts, like the

FAGUENAS, fåg-nå, s. m. rank smell, funk.
FAIENCE, få-yens, s. f. Dutch ware, Delft ware, fine crockery

FATENCERIE, s. f. Dutch ware or crockery manufactory.

FATENCIER, E, få-yèn-siå, slèr, s. m. & f. Dutch ware potter, one that sells fine crock-

ery, or keeps a china shop.

*FAILLI, E, adj. failed, misled. Il est arrive à jour failli, he came at the close of the evening.

FAILLI, s. m. bankrupt.

FAILLIBILITÉ, fà-fl-bl-fl-th, s. f. fallibility
FAILLIBLE, fà-flb, adj. fallible.
FAILLIBLE, fà-flb, v. n. irr. to fail; sin, do
amiss, offend or transgress, mistake or be out;
be extinct; be bankrupt, break. Faillir de faire or faillir de faire, to be very near doing. Ex. Je faillis à tomber or je faillis de tomber, I was like to fall, I was very near falling. Il a failli à vous nommer, he was tailing. It a joilin a voies nonmer, he was very near naming you. As this verb is il faut in the 3d person singular of the present indicative, and il faut is also the 3d person singular of the present indicative of fallor; which likewise denotes want, many have thought that in such expressions as these, il lui faut deux paires de bas, he or she wants two pairs of stockings, de bas, he or sie voures two pairs of stockings, if faut should be considered as from faillir: but as in the imperfect we say, il lui falloit deux paires de bas, and not il lui failloit deux paires de has, it is evident that il faut in the above phrase must be from falloir. It is the same with peu s'en faut, il s'en faut bien or beaucoup; tant s'en faut, etc. since the imperfect is peu s'en falloit, etc. Le cœur me faut, my heart fails me, I faint. Le jour commence à faillir, the day is almost spent, it draws towards night. Firai là sans faillir, I shall go there without fail

FAILLITE, fâ-fû, s.f. breaking, bankruptcy.
FAIM, fln, s. f. hunger, appetite, stomach.
Arvir faim, to be hungry. Mourir de faim, to die with hunger or be almost starved; also to starve or want bread. Se laisser mourir de faim, to starve one's self. Faire mourt de faim, to starve. Le faim insatiable des richesses et des honneurs the insatiable desire of riches and honours.

FAIM-VALLE, s. f. sort of epilepsy which attacks horses.

FAINE, fen, s. f. beech-mast or fruit.

FAINEANT, F. f. end. ent, ent, adj. & s. idle. lazy, slothful, sluggish, lazybones.

FAINEANTER, fend. en. ta, v. n. to be idle.

loiter, sit still, do nothing.

FAINÉANTISE, fê-na-en-tlz, s. f. idleness, laziness, sloth, slothfulness, sluggishness

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : emant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FAIRE, fcr, v. a. to do or make; to make, cause or be the occasion of; to bid, command or order; to do, observe or obey; to fashion, use, accustom, inure or train up; to busy or employ one's self about; to personate, play, act like; to set up for; to tell, relate; to finish, complete; to exercise, practise, profess; to see, endeavour, take care; to give out, publish; report, to bring, cause, get, raise; (des soldars) to make or raise; to do, commit or be guilty of. Combien faites-vous ce drap? how much do you ask for that cloth? what will you sell it for? Je n'en veux pas faire pour si peu, I will not sell so little of it. Je n'y saurois que faire, I cannot help it. Fuire, to be. Cela fait tous mes délices, that is all my delitat fait tous mes délices, that is all my de-Cela ne fait rien à notre propos, that is nothing or signifies nothing to our purpose. On le fuisoit mort, it was reported that he was On te fascu mort, it was reported that he was dead. It lache de rous faire quelque argent, he endeavours to get or raise some money for you. C'est à faire à moi d'y aller, it is my position de fair, it is for cowardly people to run away. C'est bien à vous à faire? does it become you? cela n'y fait rien, it is no matter. Je n'ai que fuire de cela, I have no meed of that. Aroir à faire à quelqu'un, to have business with one, have to do with him. Fen ai à faire, I have need of or occasion for it, I want it. Qu'en arez rous à faire? what is that to you? Il a à faire à moi or arec moi, I have done with him or I am out with him. Je vais où tu n'as que faire, I am going where thou hast no business. Etre à tout where thou hast no business. Etre a tout faire, to be for any thing. Faire, to go, walk, ride, etc. I ai difa fait trois lieues, I have already walked three leagues. Faire d'un prêtre un général, to turn a priest into a gene-Faire d'une mouche un éléphant, to turn a fly into an elephant, that is to say, to make a trifle appear important. Faire before an infinitive is sometimes suppressed in English. Ex. Il fait bâtir une maison superbe, he builds or is building a most elegant house, equivalent to, he causes a most elegant house to be built. In other cases faire before an infinitive is rendered by to cause or make. Faire chanter quelqu'un, to make one sing. Faire chanter une hymne à quelqu'un, to make one sing a hymn, to cause a hymn to be sung by one. V. A. Obs. 1, & Reflechi. We say besides faire faire, to bespeak, get made, cause to be made. Faire saroir, to let know, send word of, give an account of, give to understand. Faire dire, to send word of, cause to be told. Faire verter, to call or send for or, cause to be total.

Faire verter, to call or send for, bring, cause to come. Faire entrer, to call in, let in, introduce, drive into. Faire sortir, to call out, drive out, take out. Faire sortir par force, to force or drive out. Faire prêter serment à quelqu'un, to tender the oath to one, put one to his oath. Faire voir, to show, cause to be seen. Faire observer, to cause to be observed. Ne faire que before an infinitive signifies to The faire que before an infinitive signifies to have but just or to be but just. Ex. Elle ne fail que rire, she does nothing but laugh. Il we fail que de sortir, he is but just gone out. Il ne suit que de commencer, he has but just be-

Faire, v. n. to look, fit; (faire les cartes) to deal. Speaking of the temperature of the

air, its effect on us, the roads, etc. the French often employ this verb. Ex. Il fait mawais or mawais temps, it is bad weather. Il fait crotte, it is dirty. Il fait propre dans les rues, the streets are clean. Il fait chaud, it is warm weather. It fait jour, it is day-light. It se fait jour, it draws towards day-light, day-light comes on. It fait muit, it is night. It se fait comes on. It fait muit, it is night. It se fait muit, it draws towards night, night comes on. It fait noir or obscur, sombre or triste, it is dark or gloomy weather. It fait throuillard, it is foggy weather. It fait clair de lune, the moon shines. It fait du tennerre, it thunders. It fait des éclairs, it lightens. It fait du vent, the wind blows. It fait des horribles tempêtes sur ces chèseld there are desditt storms use. sur ces côtes-là, there are dreadful storms upon those coasts. Fail-il jour chez M. A.? is Mr. A. up? Il ne fait pas encore jour chez Mudume B. Mrs. B. is not yet up or to be secn. Speaking of the nature, condition or disposition, as well as of the qualities of cerdisposition, as well as of the qualities of certain places, in regard to dearness of provisions, personal safety, etc. this verb is used. Ex. Il fait ther rivre dans cet endroit, d'ailleurs it n'y fait pas sûr—Ne fuit-il pas melleur en Hollande?—Il y fait bon, mais pas si bon qu'ici, it is dear living in that place; besides, one is not safe there.—Is not Holland better? -It is a good country, but not so good as this part of the world. Il faisoit chaud dans ce combat, that was a warm fight. For the same reason we say, il fait dangereux de se jouer de son maître, it is dangerous to meddle with one's master, etc. Faire, used to avoid the repetition of a verb is rendered by to do, to be, etc. Ex. Il étudie mieux qu'il ne fuisoit, he studies better than he did or used to do. fait plus froid qu'il ne faisoit hier, it is colder than it was yesterday. Se faire, v. r. to be doing, be making, be growing, be improving, be getting, etc. also to be used, to be done, etc. to become, turn; to grow used or accustomed, make one's self used or accustomed inure one's self. Se faire des amis, to get friends. Se faire des affaires, to bring one's self into trouble. Se faire les ongles, to pare one's nails. Se faire roir, to show one's self. Se faire sentir, to work upon, make an impression upon, touch; also to be felt and to make to smart. Pouvoir se faire, to be pos make to smart. Pouvoir se faire, to be possible. Il peut se faire que, it is possible that. Se peut-il faire? is it possible? Jem'en suis fait pour deux guinées, I got myself in for two guineas, or it cost me two guineas. In se faire faire, se faire, may be rendered by to get, the other faire being passive; thus as faire la barbe is to share, & se faire la barbe is to share one's self, then se faire la barbe may be rendered to get one's self shared. shaved.

shaved.

Faire, Mar. le nord, le sud, l'est or l'ouest, to make northing, southing, casting or westing. Faire parillon blanc, to put out a white flag. Faire voile sur un vaisseau, to run down upon a ship, bear upon a ship. Faire du bois. to take in a provision of wood. Le courant fait sept nœuds par heure, the tide runs seven knots an hour. Le jusant se fait, the ebb is making. La brise de terre se fait, the landbreeze is springing up. La brise du large se fait, the sea-breeze is coming in. Ce vent s'est fait depuis le lever du soleil, this wind has

got up since sun-rise.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

FAISABLE, fê-zabl, adj. feasible, that may !! be done, lawful. FAISAN or FAISAND, fe-zen, s. m. phea-

sant, cock pheasant.

Faisande or Faisanne, fe-zan, s. f. hen-

FAISANDEAU, fê-zen-dô, s. m. young pheasant, pheasant-poult

FAISANDER, fê-zen-da, v. a. Ex. Faisander la riande, to keep meat till it gets a taste Se faisander, v. r. to get a taste of venison. of venison.

FAISANDERIE, fe-zend-rl, s. f. place where

pheasants are bred

FAISANDIER, fê-zên-dià, s. m. one who breeds or sells pheasants.

FAISANT, the present participle of faire.
FAISCEAU, fê-sô, s. m. bundle; pl. fasces.
FAISEU-R, se, fê-zêur, zêuz, s. m. & f.
maker. Faiseur de livres, scribbler or paltry Les grands diseurs ne font pas les grands faiseurs, great talkers are not always

great doers.

FAIT, E, fê, fêt, adj. done, made, etc. V. the verb Faire. C'est un homme fait, he is a the verb Faire. C'est un homme fait, he is a man, he is of full age. C'est une fille faite, she is a great girl. Tenez cela pour fait, you may depend upon that. Cela raut fait, that is as good as done. C'est le père tout fait, he is the very picture of his father. Un homme bien fait, a comely, handsome, or well-made man; a genteel or accomplished man. Une demoiselle bien faite, a handsome young lady. Pait à pluisir, fait à peindre, extraordinarily handsome. J'ai la tête mal faite, my head aches. Aroir la tête mal faite, in y head aches. Je suis tout mal fait, I am quite unwell. Paris n'a pas été fait tout en un jour, Rome was not huilt in a day. Le suis fait h Rome was not built in a day. Je suis fait à cela, I am used to it. Je suis ainsi fuit, I am of that temper, that is my humour. Un prix fait, a set rate or price. De compte fait, upon computation. Comme vous voili fait, how ill you look! what a pickle you are in! C'en est fait, it is done. C'est fait de moi, I am gone, I am undone. C'est fait, it is done, there is no remedy, the thing is past recovery. Il vient d'expirer, c'en est fait, he just now gave up the ghost, he is gone.

Fait, Mar. Ce vent de nord-est est fait, this northeaster is set in. C'est un temps fait, the

weather is settled.

FAIT, fc, s. m. fact, act, deed, action; feat, exploit, achievement; fact, or matter of fact, concern, case, matter, business, point. Met-tre or poser en fout to take for granted. Prendre le fait et cause de quelqu'un, or faire son propre fait des intérêts de quelqu'un, to take one's part, espouse one's quarrel or interest. Etre sur de son fait, to go upon sure grounds; be cocksure. Voie de fait, violent, forcible, and unlawful means. Cet homme sera bien cette charge seroit bien votre fait, that place would do very well for you. La poésie est son rrai fait, poetry is his element. Il nia les faits qu'on lui imputoit, he denied the charge or fact. Donner le fait à quelqu'un, lui donner son fait, to give one his own, pay him off. Il leur donna à chacun son fuit, he gave every one his share. J'ai besoin de mon fuit, I want my own. En fuit de littérature, in point of

point or business. En venir au fait et au prendre, to come to the push. Etre au fait d'une chose, to be fully apprized or informed of a thing, be master of a thing. Mettre quelqu'un au fail d'une chose, to apprize one of a thing, give one a true notion of a thing, let one into give one a true notion of a thing, let one into a thing. Vous voild au fait, now you are informed, now you understand the thing, etc. Tout-à-fait, altogether, wholly, totally, entirely. De fait, indeed. Si fait (an answer to a negative expression or its equivalent, by way of contradiction) but I do, but I did, etc. but I am, but I was, etc. but it is but it was, etc. I beg your pardon, yes in deed. deed.

FAITAGE, s. m. roof or top of a house; roof timber, ridge-piece of timber, ridge-lead that

covers the ridge-piece of timber.

*FAITARDISE, s. f. idleness, sluggishness, sloth.

FAITE, fêt, s. m. (d'un édifice) top or ridge; top, height; pinnacle. FAITIÈRE, fê-tlêr, s. f. ridge-tile, gutter-

tile; also pole (at the top of a tent.)
FAIX, fe, s. m. weight, burden. qui a pris son faix, building that has settled or sunk as much as it should. Faix de pont, Mar. part of the deck where it supports some great weight or strain (as the place where the capstan stands) and which requires to be strengthened and supported underneath by stanchions, etc.

FARIR, s. m. Mahometan friar.

FALAISE, få-lez, s. f. steep beach or shore, hill by the sea-side

FALAISER, få-le-zå, v. n. Ex. La mer falaise, the sea breaks upon the coast.

FALARIQUE, s. f. a sort of beam or dark used among the ancients.
FALBALA, fal-ba-la, s. m. furbelow.

*FALLACIEUSEMENT, adv. fallaciously.
*FALLACIEUSEMENT, adv. fallaciously.
*FALLACIEU-x, se, fâl-lâ-sicu, sicuz, adj.

fallacious, captious.

FALLOIR, få-lwar, v. n. to be requisite or necessary or needful or wanting. This verb can be used only with the nominative il, which so often proves that the French language has an antipathy to whatever is either neuter or passive. Now il fant, il falloit, il fallut, il faudra, etc. are proper to express what we are obliged to do, be or have, through complaisance or custom, as well as what personal interest bids us do, be or have, and what we should be right in doing, as also what, from circumstances, we conjecture must be or take place. See the observations hereafter. Comme il faut, as it should be, as it ought to be, as you ought, etc. and sometimes soundly, hand-somely. Vous faites ce qu'il faut, you do what should be done, you do what is right. Combien vous faut-il, (or que vous faut-il) pour conservous jau-u, (or que rous jau-u) polercela? What must you have (what do you ask) for that ? Il ne faut que cela pour or il ne faut pas davantage pour, that is enough (or sufficient, etc.) for. Plus qu'il ne faut, hore than is required (sufficient, needful, wanting, etc.) C'est un faire le faut, there is an absolute necessité fait that is forced and cessity for it, that is a forced put. Si faut-il que, yet it is necessary that. Combien s'en faut-il? how much is wanting? what is the deficiency? Il s'en faut de trois pouces, there learning. En venir au fait, to come to the || are three inches wanting; ou peu s'en faut

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : bruz.

or very near the matter. See Obs. VI.; see also Faillir. The following observations may prove useful.

1. In speaking indeterminately as to the person or persons who, and even thing or things which, must do or be or have, il faut, il falloit, il fallut, etc. may be used before the thing wanted (without any verb to express have) as well as before an infinitive. One (people) must have money to go to law, il faut de l'argent pour plaider. Money must be had de l'argent pour plaider. to curry on this war, il faut de l'argent pour continuer cette guerre. One (people) must study in order to learn a language, il faut étudier pour apprendre une langue

When, wishing to speak in a particufar and determined sense, we choose to name or point out the person or persons who, or the thing or things which, must do, or be, or have, then we may use if fant, if falloi, etc. be-fore that thing wanted (without any verb to express have), observing that the person or persons, etc. should then be considered as affected by to (a:) but if a verb is to be expressed to point out what is wanted, we should · use il faut que, il falloit que, etc. making the nominative of must become the nominative of the other verb to be in the subjunctive; hence it is obvious that any sentence which conveys an idea of something wanted should be so turned as to introduce must. Your brother wants (or must have) a horse, il faut un cheval à votre frère; he must also have a saddle, il hui faut aussi une selle. The garden must have more width, il faut plus de largeur au jardin. She must write a letter to them, il faut qu'elle leur ecrive une lettre. The garden must be wider, il faut que le jardin soit plus large. If, when speaking indeterminately as to the person or persons, we choose to use the indefinite pronoun on, as a nominative to the verb affected by must or any equivalent, it is obvious that it faut que, etc. may be introduced, as in Il faut qu'on soit fou pour agir autrement, it faut qu'on étudie pour apprendre une langue. See the examples above in Obs. I.

III. Sometimes, although the person or persons be determined in English, il faut may be used with the infinitive instead of il faut que with the subjunctive; but then the person or persons should appear fully determined or persons should appear taily determined either before or after, as in you must not give yourself so much trouble, il ne faut pas vous donner tant de paine. If I refuse to see him to-day, I must receive him to-morrow si je refuse de le voir aujourd'hui, il faudra le recevoir demain. You are a child, said Blamford to her, you should have confessed to me the shole woug stess une enfant his dit Blamford. whole, yous êtes une enfant, lui dit Blanford, il falloit me tout avouer.

Sometimes, instead of il faut que je, etc. with the subjunctive, we use il faut with the infinitive, and consider the person or persons as affected by to (\dot{a} ;) but this construction can take place only when a pronoun is to stand instead of the person or persons. have been obliged to confess the whole, il leur a fallu tout avouer.

V. Il faut (il falloit, etc.) before roir, entendre, etc. may, as well as il fait beau (il Familiarize, (sr.) 98-fa-mi-li-a-ri-za, faisoit beau, etc.) mean it is (it was, etc.) fine v. r. to familiarize one's self, make one's self siversion or fun; it gives (gave, etc.) one familiar, grow familiar, contract a familiarity.

pleasure, etc. Il ne m'échappoil pas un met qu'ils ne le relevassent comme un trait admirre-ble; et il falloit voir l'attention qu'ils avaient tous deux à me présenter de tous les mets, I did not drop one word but they took it up as an admirable stroke, and it was entertaining to see how attentive they were both of them in offering me of every dish.

VI. S'en falloir requires also particular attention. As it intimates of itself a deficiency, so on account of its negative signification, it requires the subjunctive in the verb of the action or situation which does not take place on account of that deficiency. Now if s'en falloir be presented with a full negative, or in a manner equivalent to a negative form, as with peu or with an interrogation, the deficiency is removed or partly removed or becomes doubtful, and therefore ne should be prefixed to the subjunctive in order to bring back an affirmation or an approximation to it. From this to an approximation to it. From this explanation and the phrases mentioned before the observations, it is presumed that the full force of s'en falloir will easily be recognised in the following phrases. Tant s'en faut que je le chérisse, qu'au contraire je le huis mortellement, so far from loving him, I mortally hate him. Il s'en faut bien (beaucoup or de heurocoup) avid me paise he is far from place. beaucoup) qu'il me plaise, he is far from pleasing me, he does not please me by a great deal. Peu s'en fallut (il s'en fallut peu, il ne s'en fal-lut guère, il ne s'en fallut de rien) que je ne tombasse, I was very near falling, a little more and I had fallen.

FALOT, få-lo, s. m. cresset, sort of large lantern; also jack-pudding or jackanapes.
FALOT, E, fa-lo, lot, adj. ridiculous, plea-

sant, merry, comical FALOTEMENT, få-lot-men, adv. ridicu-

lously, pleasantly

FALOTIER, få-lö tlå, s. m. light-man, he that sets up or lights the lamps or lanterns.

FALOURDE, få-löord, s. f. great fagot

fagot of large sticks. FALOUSE, få-lôoz, s. f. (plant) harts-sod

FALQUES, s. f. pl. Mar. wash-boards (of a boat.)

FALSIFICATEUR, fål-si-fi-kå-teur, s. m falsifier.

FALSIFICATION, fal-sl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. fal-

sifying, falsification, counterfeiting, or forging, counterfeit, forgery.

FALSIFIER, fal-sl-fl-å, v. a. to falsify, forge or counterfeit; (le vin) to adulterate or sophisticate; (la monnoie) to embase, counterfeit.

FALTRANK, s. m. a general name for the vulnerary herbs of Switzerland.

FAME, s. f. fame, reputation.
FAME, E, fa-ma, adj. Ex. Cet homme est bien famé, mal famé, that man bears a good

bien Jame, man parameter, or bad character.

FAMÉLIQUE, få-må-lik, adj. hungry, starved. Visage famélique, starved counterparameter.

FAMEU-X, SE, få-meu, meuz, adj. famous. renowned, celebrated.

FAMILIARISÉ, E, adj. familiarized, grown familiar.

FAMILIARISER, (SE) se-fâ-ml-ll-a-rl-za v. r. to familiarize one's self, make one's self

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

FAMILIARITÉ, få-ml-ll-à-rl-tà, s. f. familiarity, familiar way, converse, intimacy. Prendre un peu trop de familiarité, to make one's self too familiar.

FAMILIER, E, få-ml-liå, lièr, adj. familiar, intimate, free, easy, useful. Esprit familier, familiar, familiar spirit.

FAMILIÈREMENT, få-ml-ilèr-mên, adv. fa-

FAMILIER AND AND ASSESSED FROM THE ABOVE ABOVE ASSESSED FROM THE ABOVE ASSESSED FROM THE ABOVE ABOVE ASSESSED FROM THE ABOVE ASSESSED FROM THE ABOVE A

scarcity.

Fanage, få-nåz, s. m. foliage, leaved branches; hay-making, hay-maker's wages.
Fanaison, få-nå-zon, s. f. hay-making,

hay-time.
FANAL, fâ-nâl, s. m. light, lantern, watch-light. Tour où il y a un fanal, light-house.
Mar. lantern. Fanal de hune, top-lantern. Fanal de poupe, poop-lantern. Fanal de soute, store-room-lantern. Fanal de la soute aux poudres, powder-room-lantern. Fanaux pour les signaux, signal-lanterns. Funaux latéraux de la poupe, quarter-lanterns. Fa-naux de combat, fighting-lanterns. FANATIQUE, fà-nà-tlk, adj. & s. fanatick.

FANATISER, v. n. to play the fanatick. FANATISME, fâ-na-tism, s. m. fanaticism.

FANE, s. f. leaf (of a plant)

FANER, fâ-na, v. a. to make hay, dry up, cause to fade away or wither or decay. Se faner, v. r. to fade away, wither or decay, to

dry (as hay does.)
FANEU-R, SE, fâ-neur, neuz, s. m. & f.

hay-maker. FANFAN, sen-sen, s. m. & f. child, dear child, honey. FANFARE, sen-far, s. f. flourish of a trum-

pet, etc. ostentation, vain show or parade.

FANFARER, v. n. to make a flourish or a

concert with trumpets or French horns. concert with trumpets or French horns.

FANFARON, NE, fen-fâ-ron, rôn, adj. & s. m. swaggering, boasting, vain-glorious, bragging, braggadocio, swaggerer or swaggering fellow, bully or hectoring blade; great boaster, pretender to great matters.

FANFARONNADE, fên-fâ-rô-nâd, s. f. swag-

rering, ostentation, rodomontade, boasting,

bragging.

FANFARONNERIE, s. f. habit of bragging FANFRELUCHE, fenfr-lash, s. f. riff-raff. mean set off, bawble.

FANGE, fenz, s. f. dirt, mud, mire

FANGEU-X, SE, fen-zeu, zeuz, adj. dirty, muddy, miry.

Fanion, få-nion, s. m. kind of banner.

FANON, 1&-non, s. m. dew-lap (of an ox, com, etc.) beard or whiskers (of a whale;) (of horses) fetlock; (of priests) fannel or maniple. Les fanons d'une mitre, the pendants of a bishop's mitre. Fanons, s. m. pl. the dressings of a broken leg or thigh.

FANTAISIE, fen-te-zl, s. f. fantasy, fancy,

imagination; mind, thoughts; humour, de-sire; maggot, frolick, caprice, crotchet, whim, whimsey; fancy work; (demusicien) voluntary.

*FANTASIER, v. a. to vex, teaze.
FANTASQUE, fen-tåsk, adj. & s. fantastical, humoursome, capricious, whimsical, odd, humoursome or fantastical person.

FANTASQUEMENT, fên-tâsk-mên, adv. fan tastically, capriciously, whimsically, oddly. FANTASSIN, sen-ta-sin, s. m. foot-soldier

FANTASTIQUE, adj. fantastical, chimerical.

idle

FANTOME, fen-tom, s. m. a phantom, vision, spirit, ghost, sprite, apparition, spectre; chi-mera, lancy, bug-bear. C'est un vrai fan-tôme de roi, he is but the shadow of a king. Fautômes, images of sensible things.

FANUM, s. m. a pagan temple.

FAON, fan, s. m. fawn, young deer. FAONNER, fa-na, v a. to fawn, bring forth

FAQUIN, fa-kin, s. m. wooden-head or sta

tue to run a-tilt; sneaking fellow, sordid fellow, scoundrel. Un riche faquin, a rich miser, a penny-father. Faquine, fa-kin, s. f. sneaking, pitiful, sor-

did woman. FAQUIR, see Fakir.

FAQUINERIE, s. f. meanness.

FARAILLON, s. m. light-house, watch-house; also small sand-bank separated from a larger one by a narrow channel.

FARCE, fars, s. f. farce, droll; force-meat,

stuffing (in meat.)

*FARCER, v. n. to play the fool, droll, jest. FARCEUR, får-seur, s. m. farce-player, buf-

foon, droll, merry-andrew.

FARCI, E, adj. crammed, stuffed, etc.

FARCIN, far-sin, s. m. farcy, (a horse dis-

FARCINEU-X, SE, far-si-neu, neuz, adj. that has got the farcy. FARCIR, far-sir, v. a. to stuff, cram. Se farcir l'estomac, to fill one's guts, cram or

stuff one's self (with meat.) FARD, far, s. m. paint, rouge; figures or flourishes of rhetorick; disguise, pretence, dissimulation.

GISSIMULAUGH.

FARDAGE, s. m. Mar. dunnage.

FARDAGE, p. adj. painted, etc.

FARDEAU, far-dò, s. m. burden, load,
weight; dirt or rocks (in mines) ready to fall.

FARDEE far-dà v. s. to paint. Farder

FARDER, far-da, v. a. to paint. Farder son discours or son langage, to flourish one's discourse, use flourishes. Farder les marchandises, to trim up commodities, put a gloss upon them. Se farder, v. r. to paint, put on rouge.

FARE, V. Phare.

FARFADET, får-få-de, s. m. familiar spirit, or hobgoblin; also silly or trifling fellow.

FARFOUILLER, får-fôo-lå, v. a. to rummage, fumble about, poke, grope.
FARGUES, (des sabords) s. f. pl. Mar. side-

boards (of the ports.)

FARIBOLES, fa-ri-bol, s. f. pl. idle discourse, tale of a tub, trifles.

FARINE, fû-rîn, s. f. meal, flour. Folle farine, mill-dust. Gens de même farine, people of the same stamp

FARINER, v. a. to flour.

FARINEU-X, SE, (å-ri-neu, neuz, adj. farinaceous, white with meal. Dartre farineuse, white tetter.

FARINIER, få-ri-niå, s. m. meal-man.

FARLOUSE, s. f. species of lark.

FAROUCHE, få-roosh, adj. wild, fierce, savage, austere, severe, unsociable, intractable FASCE, s. f. (in heraldry) fesse. FASCE, E, adj. fessy

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FASCINAGE, få-sl-nåz, s. m. work made with fascines.

FASCINATION, s. f. fascination, bewitching.

FASCINE, a. f. fascine.
FASCINER, fa-sl-na, v. n. to fascinate, be-

witch; dazzle, deceive.

FASEOLE, fa-za-ol, s. f. kidney-bean or French-bean.

FASEYER or FASIER, v. n. Mar. to shiver (speaking of the sails.) Le bâtiment a tout à foséyer, the ship is all in the wind. Nos voiles sont prêtes à faséyer, our sails are lifting.

FASTE, fast, s. m. pageantry, ostentation, vain show, pomp; stateliness, pride, vain

FASTES, s. m. pl. calendar of the ancient Romans; also publick registers (of great and memorable events.)

FASTIDIEUSEMENT, fas-ul-dl-euz-men.adv.

fastidiously, nauseously.
FASTIDIEU-X, SE, fås-tl-dl-èu, èuz, adj. fastidious, nauseous, tedious.

FASTUEUSEMENT, fås-tå-duz-men, adv. stately, proudly.

FASTUEU-X, SE, fås-tå-èu, èuz, adj. proud, stately, vain, foppish, impertinent.

FAT, fat, s. m. coxcomb, silly fop.

FATAL, E., fâ-tâl, adj. fatal or fated, or-dered or appointed by fate; unlucky, unhappy. FATALEMENT, fâ-tâl-mên, adv. fatally.

FATALISME, s. m. doctrine of those who maintain that all things happen by an invincible necessity.

FATALISTE, s. m. fatalist.

FATALITÉ, få-tå-ll-tå, s. f. fatality, fate, destiny; misfortune, mischance; judgment. FATIDIQUE, adj. fatidical, fore-telling,

prophetick. FATIGANT, E, fa-ti-gan, gant, adj. tire-

some, toilsome, troublesome

FATICUE, fa-tig, s. f. fatigue, toil, hardship; weariness, lassitude, being tired. Fatigue des soidats, fatigue duty. Un homme de fudes soidats, fatigue duty. Un homme de fu-tione a hardy man. Un chapeau de fatigue,

a hat fit for service

FATIGUER, få-tl-gå, v. a. to tire, weary, fatigue, harass; tease, trouble or importune. Fatiguer ses soldats, to put soldiers to hard duty. Fatiguer, Mar. to strain, work, labour. Celle frégate a une mâture qui la futigue beaucoup, that frigate's masts strain her all to pieces. Vaisseau qui fatigue à la mer, bad sea-hoat, ship that strains and labours very much at sea. Fatiguer, v. n. to take pains, work hard, be laborious. Le bâton de foc fawork hard, be laborious. Le bâton de foc fa-tigue considérablement, Mar. the jib-boom complains very much. Sous voile notre bâtiw ni se compo≀te bien, mais au monillage il fatigue leaucoup, our ship is a good sea-boat, but a bad roadster.

FATRAS, fâ-tra, s. m. trifles, trash, paltry stuff, things insignificant; confused mass (of

papers, etc.)

FATRASSER, v. n. to trifle.

FATRASSEUR, s. m. trifler.

FATUAIRE, s. m. enthusiast who thinking himself inspired forebodes future events.

FATUITÉ, fà-tà-l-tà, s. f. foolishness, foppery, silliness, impertinence, simplicity.

FAUBERT, s. m. Mar. swab.

FAUBERTER, v. a. Mar. to swab

FAUBOURG, s. m. suburb. FAUCHAGE, fo-shaz, s. m. mowing.

FAUCHAISON, fo-she-zon, s. f. mowing time. FAUCHE, fosh, s. m. mowing. FAUCHEE, s. f. day's-work of a mower.

FAUCHER, fo-sha, v. a. to mow. FAUCHET, fo-she, s. m. rake.

FAUCHEUR, fö-sheur, s. m. mower; sort of fish.

FAUCHEUR or FAUCHEUX, s. m. spinner

(sort of spider.)
FAUCHON, 10-shon, s. m. falchion.

FAUCILLE, fo-sk, s. f. sickle.

FAUCILLON, s. m. little sickle. FAUCON, fo-kon, s. m. hawk, falcon; falcon-

FAUCONNEAU, fo-kô-nô, s. m. falconet: young falcon.

FAUCONFERIE, fô-kôn-rl, s. f. hawking. falconry, place where hawks are trained.

FAUCONNIER, 60-kd-nla, s. m. falconer.
FAUCONNIER, 60-kd-nla, s. m. falconer.
FAUCONNIER, 50-kd-nler, s. f. hawking bag.
FAUDRA & FAUDROIT, V. Fulloir & Failtr.
FAUFILER, 50-f1-la, v. a. (with tailors) to baste. Se faufiler, to keep company (with,) to consort (with,) intrude one's self into a

company.

FAULDES, s. f. pl. charcoal ovens.

FAUNE, fon, s. m. fawn.

FAUSSAIRE, fo-ser, s. m. forger (of writ-

ings.)
FAUSSE, (feminine of faux.) V. Faux.
FAUSSEMENT, fos-men, adv. falsely, wrongfully

FAUSSER, fo-så, v. a. to bend; (une serrure,) to spoil; (sa fox, sa parole) to break, violate, or go from. Fausser compagnie, to finch or turn flincher. Se fausser, v. r. to bend.
FAUSET, fo-e6, s. m. faucet (for a cask;)

faint treble (in musick.)
FAUSSETÉ, fôs-tå, s. f. falsehood, untruth, lie, tale, imposture, cheat, forgery, duplicity,

FAUT, V. Falloir & Faillir.

FAUTE, fot, 5.1. fault, errour, mistake, imperfection, defect; want, need, penury. Sans fande, without fail. Fante de, for want of.

FAUTEUIL, fo-teul, s. m. great chair, elbow *or* arm-chair. FAUTEU-R, TRICE, fô-teur, tris, s. m. & f.

favourer, fautor, cherisher, maintainer or abettor.

FAUTI-F, vz. fo-tif, tiv, adj. faulty. FAUVZ, fov, s. f. (bete faure) deer, fallowdeer.

FAUVE, adj. fallow.

FAUVE, a.u. cock-linnet.
Fauvette, & vet, s. f. tom-tit, hen-linnet.
Fau-x, sse, &, fds, adj. false; not true, untrue; forged, counterfeited, falsified; feigned, counterfeit, sham; treacherous, unfaithful; mischievous, malicious; jarring, disagreeing. Fausse-porte, back door. Faux brare, bully. Faux bourdon, church musick. Faux frais, idle expenses. Faux semblant, deceitful ap pearance. Fausse pointe, fausse raillerie, dull jest. Un faux galant, an awkward beau. Faux brillant, tinsel. Cheval faux or qui galope faux, horse that does not gallop true. Fausses manches, false sleeves, shams or coversluts. Faire faux bond à quelqu'un, to disappoint one, deal falsely with one. Faire fans bond à son honneur, to dishonour one's self

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Faux, adj. Mar. Faux coté, list. Faux Faux, adj. Mar. Faux cott, list. Faux beau, orlop-beam. Faux bras, preventer races. Faux clai, spring stay or preventer stay. Faux collier, collar of a spring stay. Faux foc, middle jib. Faux pont, orlop or orlop deck or spare deck. Faux haubans, preventer shrouds. Faux gabarits, slab timbers. Faux sabords, half ports or dead lights. Faux mantelets, dead lights. Fausse tiague, false eye. Fausse quille, false keel. Fausse voile d'étai, middle stay-sail. Fausse fausse, wooden guns. Fausse carous-boulines. lances, wooden guns. Fausses cargue boulines, quarter slab-line

FAUX, s.m. falsehood. Le faux, the waist or middle. A faux, falsely, undeservedly, wrongfully. Emprimé à faux, false printed. FAUX, adv. false. Chanter faux, to sing out of tune. Dater faux, to put a wrong date. S'inscrire en faux contre un acte, to undertake to prove that a writing is false.
FAUX-FUYART, s. m. shift, evasiou.

FAUX, S. f. sithe or scythe.

FAUEUR, få-veur, S. f. favour, kindness, benefit, good office, courtesy; benevolence; favour, interest; a lady's favour or small lavour, interest; a lady's lavour or small present. Les dernières faceurs d'une matiresse, the last favours or enjoyment of a mistress. Le procès a été jugé en ma faveur, the case went on my side. Il a testé en faveur du cadet, he has lest his estate to a younger son. Lettres de faveur, recommendatory letters or letters of recommendation. Aroir la faveur du peuple, to be popular. A la faveur de, by the tavour or means or help of.

FAVORABLE, fa-vo-rabl, adj. favourable, propitious, gracious, kind. Blessure favorable (or légère,) favourable or light wound. Le ciel vous soit favorable, heaven befriend or

Prosper you.

FAVORABLEMENT, fa-vô-rabl-mên, adv. favourably, graciously, kindly, lovingly.
FAVOR1, 7E, fa-vo-rl, rft, adj. favourite, darling, dearly beloved.

FAVORI, s. m. Favorite, s. f. favourite, minion.

FAVORISER, få-vo-ri-zå, v. a. to favour, countenance, help, back, assist or befriend.

FEAGE, s. m. feoffment; also freehold, free

tenur *FÉAL, få-ål, adj. (law term) trusty, pl. feaux.

FÉAL, s. m. liege, vassal, subject. FÉBRICITANT, E, få-brl-sl-ten, tent, adj. that has the ague, troubled with the ague.
FEBRIFUGE, fa-bri-fuz, adj. & s. m. febri-

FEBRILE, adj. febrile, constituting a fever.
FEBRILE, få-kål, adj. Ex. Matiere fécale,

Luman excrements.

FÉCES, s. f. pl. fæces, dregs, lees. FÉCOND, r., få-kon, kond, adj. fertile, fruit-

ful, copious, teeming.

Ficondation, s. f. fecundation.

FÉCONDER, v. a. to fecundify.
FÉCONDITÉ, fa-kon-til-ta, s. f. fertility, fecundity, fruitfulness, copiousness.

Figule, s. f. lees, sediment.
Figulerge, få-kå-lèns, s. f. feculency.
Figulerge, få-kå-lèn, adj. feculent.
Fipir/Lisme, s. m. federalism, league.

FÉDÉRALISTE, s. m. federalist. FÉDÉRATI-F, v. p., adj. federative. FÉDÉRATION, s. f. confederation.

FÉDÉRÉ, adj. & s. confederate, leagued. FEE, fa, s. f. fairy.

*FEER, v. a. to enchant.

FEERIE, fa-rl, fairy art or land.

FEINDRE, findr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to feign or dissemble, pretend, make as if, counterfeit; to feign or make fictions, devise, contrive, forge: v. n. to stand or stick, scruple; to go lame

FEINT, E, adj. feigned, counterfeited, etc.;

Gissembling.
FEINTE, fint, s. f. dissimulation, dissembling, disguise, feint; (in fencing) feint; (in musick) fiat or diesis. User de feinte, to use dissimulation, to dissemble. Faire feinte de,

tissimiration, ourseassis. Faire jesse de, to pretend to, make as if.

FEINTISE, S. f. dissembling.

FÊLE, E, atj. cracked.

FÊLER, fê-lâ, v. a. to crack.

FÉLICITATION, fâ-lâ-lâ-lâ-n, s. f. com-

gratulation, wishing joy. FÉLICITÉ, fà-li-si-tà, s. f. felicity, happi ness, blessedness

FÉLICITER, få-li-si-tå, v. a. to congratu

late or wish joy.

FÉLON, NE, fâ-lon, lôn, adj. fekonious, re bellious; also cruel, ferocious, inhuman. FELONIE, fa-lô-ni, s. f. felony, rebellion.

FÉLOUQUE, (8-10ok, s. f. Mar. felueca. FÉLURE, fè-lùr, s. f. crack. FEMELLE, fà-mèl, s. f. female; she (of

animals.)

FEMELLE, adj. (of birds) hen. Un moi-

neau femelle, hen-sparrow.

FEMELOTS, (the goarsernail) s. m. pl. Mar. googings (of the rudder.)

FEMININ, P. fa-ml-nin, nln, adj. feminine,

belonging to the woman; womanish, woman-like or effeminate.

FÉMINISER, få-ml-nl-zå, v. a. to make feminine or of the feminine gender (in gram-

FEMME, fam, s. f. woman; wife. Il a una reame, and, s. t. wontan, wite. It aura très-belle femme pour son épouse, he has a very handsome woman for his wife. Prendre femme, to marry. Une femme mariée, a mar-ried woman. Les femmes, women, wives. FEMMELETTE, [êm-lêt, s. f. silly woman.

FEMUR, s. m. the thigh-bone.

FENALSON, 18-ne-2001, s. f. mowing time, hay-harvest, hay-making time.
FENDANY, 16-n-640, s. m. cutting blow; huff, bully, hector or hectoring blade. Faire

Fendent, to half or hectors for hectors.

Fendent, to half or hector.

Fendent, s. f. cutting iron into bars; chafery, finery, place where bars are cut.

Fendeur, fendeur, s. m. cleaver, splitter.

Un fendeur de naseaux, a braggadocio, a bully, a hectoring blade.

FENDOIR, s. m. cleaving instrument. FENDRE, fendr, v. a. to cleave, slit, split or cut; (le ventre) to rip up; to crack; to break, get, go or squeeze through; (la tête) to break. Il gêle à pierre fendre, it freezes very hard L'ardeur du soleil fait fendre le tronc de l'arbre, the parching heat of the sun causes the trunk of the tree to chap.

Fendre, v. n. to split. La tête me fend, my head is ready to split in two, I have a violent head-ache. Le cœur me fend de douleur, my heart is ready to break for grief. Se fendre, v. r. to cleave, break asunder, split, slit,

crack, chap; gape, chink.

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bose, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênthat, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

FENDU, E, adj. cloft, slit, etc. V. Fendre te Se fendre. Des years bien fendus, large well cut eyes. Homme bien fendus, long-leg-god man. Qui a la bouche or la gueufe fen-due jusqu'aux oreilles, or qui est bien fendu de

gueule, wide-mouthed, sparrow-mouthed.
FENÊTEAGE, fê-nê-trêz, s. m. windows.
FENÊTEE, fê-nê-trêz, s. f. window or case-

FERIL, fê-nîl, s. m. hay-loft. FEROUIL, fê-nôol, s. m. fennel; (graine de fenouil) fennel-seed.

FENOUILLETTE, fè-ado-let, s. f. fennel-

water; also sort of apple.

FENTE, fent, s. f. shit, chap, cleft or rift; (d'une porte) chink; (d'une muraille) crack or chink; (d'une chemise) bosom. Fente, s. f. Mar. shake.

FENUGREC, s. m. a leguminous plant.
FÉODAL, E, fâ-ò-dàl, adj. feodal.
FÉODALEMENT, fâ-ò-dàl-mên, adv. Ex.
Saisir féodatement, to seize for the lord of the

Frodalite, s. f. faith and homage.

FER, let, s. m. iron; sword, dagger, etc. anchor; (d'une lance, d'une flèche) head; (de lacet or d'aigusilette) tag; (d'une canne, d'un bâten) ferrule. Fers, chains, irons, iron chains, fetters, slavery. Corps de fer, body of iron, strong robust body. Une tête de fer, a strong head piece. Un siècle de fer, an iron age. Be battre à fer émoulu, to fight in good ear-nest. Manier le fer, to wear the sword. Batnest. Manter te fer, so wear the sword. Datter le fer, to sence, till. Il y a long-temps qu'il bat le fer, he has been a long time at it. Fer à repasser le linge, smoothing iron. Fer de cheval, (or simply fer) horse-shoe. Un fer Cargent, a silver horse-shoe. Fer à cheval, (sort of fortification) horse-shoe. Fer-blanc, tin or white iron timed over. Mettre les fers a fer to fall stoutly to more.

un or waite from unned over. Meate les jers eu feu, to fall stouty to work.

Fer, s. m. Mar. iron, etc. Fer de calfat or à calfat, calking iron. Fer de calfat double, calker s marking iron. Fer de girouette, iron spindle of a vane, or spindle of a vane. Fer de boute-hors, studding-sail boom-iron. Fer de chandelier de pierrier, iron socket let into a swivel stock, in which the swivel rests and traverses. Fer d'arr-boutant, fork of a fire-broom. Fer de gaffe, hook of a boat-hook staff. Fers (de prisonniers,) fetters, bilboes. Mette un homme aux sers, to put a man in

irons.

FERAROIS, s. m. Ferarese. FERBLARTIER, fer-blen-th, s. m. tin-man. *FÉRIABLE, adj. that may be kept as a day of rest. Jour fériable, holy-day.
FÉRIAL, E, fâ-rfâl, adj. belonging to the

FÉRIE, fà-ri, s. f. (terme d'église) feria any day of the week between Sunday and Saturday.

*FÉRIR, få-rir, v. a. to strike. Ex. Sans

coup férir, without striking a blow.
FERLAGE, s. m. Mar. furling.
FERLER les voiles, Mar. to furl or hand the sails.

FERMAGE, fer-maz, s. m. rent (of a farm.) FERMAIL, fer-mal, s. m. clasp.

FERNE, ferm, adj. firm; fast, steady; hard, compact; constant, durable; sure, steadfast, anshaken, settled; resolute; strong, lusty. Parier d'un ton ferme, to talk hig. Je voss

attendrai de pied ferme, I shall not stir hence till you come. Combattre de pied ferme, to fight obstinately, stand one's ground, make a stout resistance. Terre ferme, firm land or continent.

FERME, adv. hard, fast. Faire ferme, to hold out stoutly, lose no ground. Fort et

ferme, stoutly.

FERME, s. f. letting to farm, letting of a lease; farm. Bailler à ferme, to let to farm, lease or let a lease, let. Prendre à ferme, to rease or ret a lease, ret. Frenure a ferme, lease. Rail a ferme, lease. V. Fermes.
FERMÉ, R, adj. (from Fermer) shut or shut up, etc. Un banc fermé, a pew.
FERMEMENT, fêr-mê-mên, adv. firmly, steadily, stoutly; firmly, resolutely, constantly,

mendfastly.

FERMENT, fer-men, s. m. ferment, leaven. FERMENTATI-F, VE, adj. fermentative. FERMENTATION, fer-men-ta-slon, s. f. fer-

menting or fermentation.

FERMENTER, fer-men-ta, v. a. to fer-

FERMER, fer-ma, v. a. to shut, or shut up; to stop up; (la veine, une plaie) to close; (une lettre) to make and seal up; to enclose, encompass; (les yeux) to close or shut. Fer-mer les yeux à quelque chose, to take no notice of or wink at a thing. Fermer à la clef, to lock or lock up. Fermer la main or le poing, to clatch or clinch one's fist. Fermer de murailles une ville, to wall a town in. Fermer de palissades, to rail in or pale in, palisade. Fermer de haies, to hedge in or about. Fermer la porte à quelqu'un, to shut one out. Fermer la porte sur quelqu'un, to shut the door upon one. Fermer la porte au nez de quelqu'un, to thrust one out. Fermer or faire fermer sa porte à quelqu'un, to refuse seeing one. Fer-mer, Mar. to shut, etc. Fermer les ports, to lay an embargo upon shipping. Fermer les sabords, to lower the ports down. Fermer l'écoutille de la soute aux poudres, to cover the magazine scuttle. Fermer les hublots, to shat the port scuttles. Le port est fermé par les glaces, the harbour is choked up with the ice. La pointe est fermée par le fort, the point is shut in with the fort. Fermer, v. n. to shut. Se fermer, v. r. to shut; to close or close up. Se fermer à la clef, to lock one's self in.

FERMES, s. f. pl. girders. FERMETÉ, ferm-ta, s. f. firmness, solidity, hardness; firmness, steadiness, constancy, courage, resolution, steadfastness.

FERMETURE, ferm-tur, s. f. fastening. Fermeture d'une boutique, shutters and fas-

tening of a shop

FERMIER, fêr-mîâ, s. m. farmer.
Fermière, fêr-mîêr, s. f. farmer's wife.
FERMOIR, fêr-mwar, s. m. clasp; chisel. FÉROCE, fà-ros, adj. fierce, wild, savage, cruel.

FÉROCITÉ, É-rò-sl-th, s. f. fierceness. FERRAILLE, É-rà-l, s. f. old iron. FERRAILLER, É-rà-lh, v. n. to fence, tilt, also to wrangle.

FERRAILLEUR, &-ra-leur, s. m. bully, fighting fellow.

FERRANDINE, s. f. ferrandine (silk and socollen cloth.)

FERRANDINIER, s. m. ferrandine weaver.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

FERRANT, fe-ren, adj. m. Ex. Maréchal

ferrant. farrier.

FERRÉ, E, fè-ra, adj. shod, etc. V. Ferrer. Eau ferrée, chalybeate-water. Style ferré, nam serree, canypeate-water. Style ferre, hard style. Chemin ferre, sirm, stony way. Ferré à glace, frost-nailed. Il est ferré à glace là-dessus, he is strong enough there. Un cabinet ferré d'argent, cabinet done with silver work about it.

FERREMENT, fer-men, s. m. tool or instru-ment of iron. Mar. iron-work (of a vessel.) FERRER, fer-å, v. a. to bind about with iron-work, (un cheval) to shoe; (un lacet or une aiguillette) to tag; (un bâton, une canne) to tip. Ferrer la mule, to cheat one, make one pay dearer for a thing than it cost, make

FERRET, fe-re, s. m. tag.
FERRET, fe-re, s. m. tag.
FERRETIER, fer-tla, s. m. farrier's hammer. FERREUR, s. m. Ex. Ferreur d'aiguillettes, tagger of laces.
FERRIERE, s. f. farrier's pouch.

FERRON, fe-ron, s. m. iron-monger

FERRONNERIE, fe-ron-rl, s. f. iron-monger's shop or warehouse.

FERRONNIER, E, fê-rô-nia, nièr, s. m. & f. iron-monger.

FERRUGINEU-X, SE, fe-ru-zi-neu, neuz,

adj. ferruginous.

FERRURE, fe-rur, s. f. iron-work; (de cheval) shoeing. Ferrures du gouvernail, ironwork of the rudder. FERS, V. Fer.

FERTILE, fer-til, adj. fertile, fruitful, plen-tiful. Fertile en, abounding with or full of. FERTILEMENT, fer-til-men, adv. fruit-

fully, abundantly, plentifully.

FERTILISER, fer-tl-ll-za, v. a. to fertilize,

make fruitful or plentiful.
FERTILITE, fer-il-il-th, s. f. fertility, fruit-

fulness, plenty, plentifulness.
*FÉRU, E, få-rå, å, adj. smitten, in love,

FERULE, få-růl, s. f. ferula, palmer, handclapper. Etre sous la férule de, to be under the correction of.

FERVEMMENT, fer-va-men, adv. fervently, ardently, with zeal.

FERVENT, E, fer-ven, vent, adj. fervent, full of fervour or zeal.

FERVEUR, fer-veur, s. f. fervency, fervour, great zeal.

FERZE, s. f. Mar. breadth of a sail.

FESABLE, fesant, feseur, from faire. V. Faisable, etc.

FESSE, fes, s. f. buttock, breech.

Fesses, s. f. Mar. buttocks of a ship, tuck. Vous n'y allez que d'une fesse, you go slackly to it, you hang an arse, you do things but by halves. See Fesser.

FESSEE, s. f. whipping (on the breech.) FESSER, fe-sa, v. a. to whip. Fesser son vin, to be a good toper. Fesser le cahier, to whip over a writing, to be a scribbling drudge. Un fesse cahier, a writing or scrib-bling drudge. Un fesse-cul, a whip-arse. Un fesse-bréviaire, a priest that mumbles over his breviary. Un fesse-mathieu, a miser or penny father.

FESSEU-R, SE, fê-seur, seuz, s. m. & f.

whipster, flogger.
FESSIER, fe-sia, s. m. breech or buttocks. FESSU, E, adj. that has large buttocks.

FESTIN, fes-tin, s. m. feast, banquet, enter tainment.

FESTINER, fes-ti-na, v. a. to feast or entertain.

FESTON, feston, s. m. festoon (in architecture;) also scollop, and wreath of flowers and fruits and leaves twisted together.

FESTONNER, fes-to-na, v. a. to work in festoon, scollop.

FESTOYER, v. a. to feast, entertain, make welcome.

FRIE, fet, s. f. holy-day, feast or festival day; feast, merry-making, entertainment; birth-day; (jour de la fête du saint dont on porte le nom) name day or festival of the Saint whose name one bears. Il n'est pas toujours fête, every day is not Sunday. Aux bonnes fêtes, hons coups, the better day, the better deed. La fête des Morts, All Souls day. La fête Dieu, Corpus Christi day. La pette fête Dieu, the octave of Corpus Christi day. Les fêtes du palais, days wherein no causes are heard, vacation time. Troubler la fête, to spoil the sport. Un trouble-fête, a trouble feast, a troublesome guest. Faire fête à quelqu'un, to make one welcome, make one kind-iy welcome, give one a kind entertainment. Se faire de fête, to make one's self necessary, be a busy body or an intermeddler or an officious coxcomb

FETER, fe-ta, v. a. to keep holy. Fêter quelqu'un, to make one welcome, give one a kind reception.

FETFA, s. m. an order from the musti. FÉTICHE, s. f. the name of idols among the

negroes.
FETIDE, fa-tld, adj. fetid, stinking. FÉTOVER, få-twå-yå, V. Festoyer

FÉTU-EN-CU, s. m. a tropical bird.

FATU, få-tå, s. m. straw, mote; iron bar wherewith the hangman breaks limbs upon the wheel. Je n'en donnerois pas un fétu, I would not give a rush or pin for it. Tirer on court fétu, to draw cuts.

FEU, feu, s. m. fire; burning, heat, inflammation; (de l'amour) flames; sparkling or brightness; combustion; mettle, briskness, liveliness, life; passion, anger; caustick; fire, shot; chimney; family, house; grate and other things belonging to a fire-place. Feu de joie, bonfire. Feu d'artifice, fire-work. Un feu de paille, a sudden blaze or flash. Le feu du ciel, thunder and lightning. Les feux de la muit, the stars. Feu St. Elme, or feu follet, Saint Elmo's fire, jack with the lantern, will-with-a-whisp, ignis fatuus, cor-posant or corposanto. Armes à feu, firearms. Mettre le feu à une chose, to set a thing on fire. Prendre feu, to catch or take fire. Jeter feu et flammes, to fret and fume. Jeter son feu, to wreak or vent one's passion; also to sow one's wild oats. Condamner au feu, to condemn to be burnt. Jeter de l'huile au feu, to throw oil into the fire, blow the coals. few, to throw of the fire, blow the coals.

Mettre le feu à su canon, to fire a great gus.

Faire un grand feu sur l'ennemi, to fire briskly upon the enemy. Faire faux feu, to flash
in the pan or miss fire. Village de cent
feux, village containing one hundred houses.

Donner le feu à un cheval, to cauterize a

Feu, Mar. fire, etc. light or light-bouse (on the sea-coast.) Feu (or faites feu) fire.

horse

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Bas le feu partout, leave off firing fore and aft. Feu bien nourri, fire well kept up. Fou roulant, constant fire. Few vif, brisk fire. Faire toire le feu d'une batterie, to silence a battery. Le feu d'Ouesant se voit bien ce soir, Ushant light shows itself very plain to night. Voilà un bâtiment qui a le feu à bord, there is a vessel on fire. Rester sous le feu d'un fort, to remain exposed to the fire of a fort. Feux, ights (whether within board or without, or made use of as signals.) L'escadre ememie a ses feux, the enemy's fleet have their lights aboard. Les feux sont éteints, the fire and lights are out.

FEU, E, seu, seu, adj. (declinable only when the article precedes the adjective) late, deceased. Le feu ro, the late king. Le feue reine, the late queen. Feu mon père, my deceased father. Feu ma mère, my deceased mother.

pl. Feux.

FEUDATAIRE, feu-da-ter, s. m. feudatory.

FEUDISTE, s. m. feudist.

FEUILLAGE, feu-Az, s. m. leaves or leaved branches; foliage or branched work.
FEUILLART, feu-lên, s. m. begging friar
of the order of St. Bernard.

FEUILLANTINE, feu-len-lin, s. f. a sort of pastry made of puff-paste; also nun of the order of St. Bernard

FRUILLE, feui, s. f. leaf; (de papier) sheet; (de metal) foil; (best du manche) top; (d'un homme en place) minute, list; (d'or, d'argent, etc.) leaf; (d'un mastre d'hôle) h' h'; (d'un paranent) leaf; (in eurgery) exfoliation; (fraille volante) loose sheet, pamphlet. Feuciles (ornament of architecture) foliage. Met-tre sur la feuille, to minute, minute down, put on the list. Vin de deux ou trois feuilles, wine two or three years old. Feuilles bretonnes, Mar. spirketting.

iar sprkeuing.
Fruillé, E, adj. leafy.
Fruillé, fèu-là, s. f. green arbour.
Fruille-morte, fèu-là, v. n. (in painting) to

draw the leaves of trees.

FEUILLET, fêu-ê, a. m. leaf of a book.
FEUILLETAGE, fêu-lûz, a. m. puff-paste.
FEUILLETAGE, fêu-lûz, a. m. puff-paste.
FEUILLETE, E, adj. turned over, read.
Pâte bien feuillete, good puff-paste.
FEUILLETER, fêul-tâ, v. a. to turn over, read or peruse. Feuilleter la pâte, to make

puff-paste.

FEUILLETTE, (du-let, s. f. measure of wine containing half a hogshead or only a pint English.

FEUILLU, R, feu la, lu, adj. leafy, full of leaves.

FEUILLURE, feu-lur, s. f. groove (into which windows or doors are in

FEURRE, s. m. straw (of any kind.

FEURS, s. m. pl. money expended for the cultivation of lands. FEUTRAGE, s. m. the act of stuffing with

FEUTRE, feutr, s. m. felt; also scurvy hat. FEUTRER, feutra, v. a. to stuff with felt. FEUK, the plural of Feu.

Fève, sev, s. m. bean. Fères de haricot, French-beans. Fèves de casé, cossee-borries. Trouver la sève au gâteau, to hit the nail on the head.

FÉVEROLE, sav-rel, s. s. little round

bean.

FEVRIER, få-vrlå, s. m. February. FI, fl, interj. fy, fy upon, out upon it. FIACRE, flakr, s. m. hackney-coach. FIAMETTE, fla-met, adj. f. couleur famette.

reddish colour.

FIANÇAILLES, flen-sal, s. f. pl. betrothing. FIARCE, E. Hen-sh, adj. betrothed, promised or made sure. Le fiance, the bride-groom. La fiancée, the bride.

FIANCER, flen-sh, v. a. to betroth, make

sure or promise in marriage.

FIAT, s. m. stress, dependance, interj. so be it.

FIBRE, fibr, s. f. fibre, filament or string. FIBRE, E, or FIBREU-X, SE, fil-breu, breuz,

adj. fibrous.
FIBRILLE, fi-bril, s. f. fibril, small fibre. Fic, fik, s. m. fig (a horse disease;) also fleshy excrescence about the anns.

FICELER, fls-la, v. a. to bind or tie with packthread.

FICELLIER, s. m. roller for packthread, reel.

FICELLE, fl-sel, s. f. packthread.
FICHE, fish, s. f. hook; counter (at cards, etc.) Mar. rag-bolt. Anneau à fiche, ringboli ragged.

FIGHER, fl-sha, v. a. to pitch, drive or thrust in, stick, fix, fasten.

FICHOIR, s. m. slit stick to fasten ballads

and pictures on a string.
*Figure z, fl-shû, shû, adj. sorry, pitiful, silly

FICHU, s. m. neck-kerchief.

*FICHUMENT, adv. sorrily, pitifully, poorly. FICTI-F, VR, fik-th, thy, adj. fictious. FICTION, fik-slon, s. f. fiction, invention,

lie, story, device, cheat.
FIDEICOMMIS, fl-de-l-kô-ml, s. m. feoffment of trust.

FIDEICOMMISSAIRE, s. m. feofee of trust. FIDELE, fl-del, adj. faithful, loyal, trusty, true, konest; faithful, true; sincere. Les fuèles, the faithful, the believers, Gou's

FIDELEMENT, fl-del-men, adv. faithfully,

loyally, honestly, truly, exactly.

Erdélité, fl-uk-ll-th,s. f. fidelity, faithfulness, loyalty, konesty, integrity, truth, exactness, sincerity.

FIDUCIAIRE, s. m. fiduciary.
FIEF, flêf, s. m. fee or fief, feedal tenure;
f manor. Hommes de fief, free-holders. fief manor. Tenir en fief, to hold in fee.

Tenur en hef, to hold in iee.

Fieffé, e., flè-fà, adj. arrant, downright, meer, very. Un ivrogne heffé, a very drunkard. Un fripen heffé, arrant knave.

Fieffé, e., adj. enleoffed.
Fieffer, flè-fà, v. a. to enfeof.
Fieffer, flè-fà, v. a. to enfeof.

FIRSTER, flents, v. n. (of enimals) to dang; (of birds) to mute.

FIER, 11-a, v. a. to trust (one) with. fier à, en, sur, v. a. to trust to, rely, depend upon. Se fier à quelque shose, to believe a

thing. Fier, E, sièr, sièr, adj. proud, haughty; stout, high spirited; stately, noble, tofty, fierce, cruel, barbarous. Un fier à bras, s. m a bully, a hector, a haff Faire le fier, to look hier look big.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

FIREMENT, fler-men, adv. stoutly, boldly;

haughtily, arrogantly, saucily, presumptuously.
FIRRTE, Mr-1A, a. f. pride, haughtiness, stateliness, loftiness, nobleness, fierceness, cruelty. Un chevat qui a de la fierté, a proud or stately horse

FIRTE, slert, s. s. shrine (of a saint.)
Firvre, slevr, s. s. sever; ague. Avoir
a sièvre, so be in a sever or have an ague. Donner la fièvre, to put in a fright. Avoir une fièvre de veau, to shake after meat. Fièvre

intermittente, intermitting fever.
FIÉVREU-X, SE, flå-vrèu, vrèuz, adj. a-

guish, feverish.

PIEVROTTE, s. f. little fever.

FIFRE, flfr, s. m. fife; also fifer. FIGÉ, E, adj. congealed, thickened, coagulated.

FIGEMENT, flz-men, s. m. congealing,

thickening, coagulating.

FIGER, fl-za, v. a. to congeal, coagulate TAUER, 11-2a, V. a. to congeat, coagulate or thicken. Se figer, v. r. to thicken, congeat or coagulate. La graisse fondue se fige en peu de temps, melted fat is soon cold.

Figure fig, s. f. fig. Faire la figue à quelqu'un, to laugh at one, make a fool of or

scorn one. FIGUERIE, flg-rl, s. f. plot of ground for

figures, fl-gla, s. m. fig-tree. Figures, V. Enfléctures.

FIGURATI-F, VE, fl-gd-ra-tif, tiv, adj. figurative, typical.

FIGURATIVEMENT, 11-gu-ru-tlv-men, adv.

figuratively.

Eguratively.

Figure, fil-gur, s. f. figure; shape, fashion, form; representation; person, figure. C'est une plaisante figure d'honsme, he is an odd kind of a man. Figure de rhetorique, rhetorical figure or flourish. Faire figure, to live expensively.

Figure, E, fl-gû-ra, adj. figured, etc. Danse figurée, a figured dance. Sens figuré, figurative or metaphorical sense. Le figure, s. m. figurative sense. Ce style est tout dans

le figure, this style runs all upon metaphors.
FIGURÉMENT, fl-gu-ra-men, adv. figura-

tively, in a figurative sense.

FIGURER, fl-gu-ra, v. a. to figure or represent, express, flower or draw figures upon, be a figure of: v. n. to look well, match or suit. Je ne veux pas figurer avec ees fuquins, I will not rank with those scoundrels. Se figurer, v. r. to fancy, imagine.

FIGURINES, s. f. pl. (in painting) very little and faint former.

tle and faint figures.

FIL, fil, s. m. thread; (des métaux) wire; edge, (de l'eau) stream, current; thread; (du bois) grain. Quitter le fil de son discours, to break off the thread of one's discourse. Donbreak off the thread of one's discourse. Don-mer du fil à retordre à quelqu'un, to cut out work for one. Mar. fil à voile, sail twine. Fil de caret, rope-yarn. Fil blanc, white rope-yarn. Fil goudronné, tarred rope-yarn. Mettre les humiers sur le fil de caret, to stop the top-sails with rope-yarn.

FILAGE, fl-laz, s. m. spinning. FILAMENT, fl-la-men, s. m. filament, thread-string

FILAMENTEU-X, SE, fl-la-men-teu, teuz, adj. that has filaments.
FILANDIÈRE, fi-lèn-dièr, s. f. spinster.

Les Sœurs filandières, the Fates.

FILANDRES, fi-lendr, s. f. pl. filanders (a disease in hawks,) white threads or motes flying in the air; sea-weeds that stick under a ship and make her sail heavy.

Filandrev., sz, fl-len-dreu, dreuz, adj.
full of filanders, filaceous.

FILARDEU-X, SE, adj. (parlant des pierres ou des marbres) full of filaments.

FILARETS, s. m. pl. Mar. rails (used to ex tend the netting on the ship's waist, etc. Filarets de bastingage, quarter-rails.
FILASSE, fl-las, s. f. flax or hemp (ready

to be spun.)

FILASSIER, E, s. m. flax or hemp-dresser. FILASSIER, E, s. m. flax or hemp-dresser.

streaks or strakes, ranges.

FILER, st. la, v. a. to spin; (de l'or, de l'argent, etc.) to wiredraw. Filer, v. n. (of liquors) to rope, he ropy; (of a cat) to purr; to file off; filer down, to give fair words, become submissive. Filer, Max. filer du chunre, to spin hemp. Filer un câlle ou autre orte, to spin namp. Filer un clible on autre cordage, to pay out (or pay away) a cable or other rope. Filer (un câble, etc.) par le bout, to slip (a cable, etc.) Filer du câble, to veer the cable, veer away the cable. File de la haussière, pay out the hawser. File un peu de la grande écoute, ease off a little of the main elect. sheet. File le grand canot de l'arrière, veer the barge astern. Filer un ou plusieurs nœuds, to run or sail one or more knots. Vaisseau qui file sur ses ancres par la tempéte, ship driven from her anchors by the storm V. Glène.

FILERIE, s. f. the place where hemp or flax is spun

flax is spun.

FILET, fl-le, s. m. small thread, string; fibre, filament, thread; met; (de quelques animaux) fillet, chine; (ornament of architecture) fillet; (d'une vis) thread; (of gold leaf) fillet; (de la langue) ligament; (d'une pièce de monnoie) ring; (de vinaigre) stream, drop or small quantity. Je n'ai plus qu'un filet de voix, my voice is almost gone. Il n'a pas le filet, lis tongue is well oiled. Tenir au filet, to keep at hav amuse, drill on. Un bon coup de filet, at bay, amuse, drill on. Un bon coup de files, a good catch. Filets or Filets de bastingage, Mar. nettings

FILEUR, fl-leur, s. m. spinner; stringmaker (for musical instruments;) he that draws

Halse (for musical instruments;) he that draws the silk out of the silk-worms; wiredrawer. Fileuse, fl-lèuz, s. f. spinster, wire-drawer. FILIAL, E. fl-lè-là, adj. filial. FILIALEMENT, fl-lè-là-mên, adv. son-like. FILIATION, fl-lè-a-slon, s. f. filiation, descent; also dependency (speaking of the church which depends on another.) FILIÈRE, fl-lè-r, s. f. wiredrawing iron;

FILIERE, fl-li-er, s. f. wiredrawing iron; rafter; (in falconry) creance.
FILIGRAME or FILIGRAME, fl-li-gran, s. m. filigrane.

FILIPENDULE, s. f. filipendula, dropwort. red saxifrage.

FILLATRE, s. m. son-in-law.

FILLE, fll, s f. girl; daughter; maid; lass Filles d'honneur, maids of honour. fille, grand-daughter, as well as little girl. Fille de joie, prositiute.

FILLETTE, fi-let, s. f. little girl, young lass
FILLEUL, fi-letl, s. m. god-son.
Filleule, fi-letl, s. f. god-daughter.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : êxfast, cêst, liês : viz : mos : brus.

FILOR, s. m vein of metal.

FILOSELLE, fl-lo-zel, s. f. ferret-silk. FILOU, fl-loo, s. m. thief, cut-purse or pick-pocket; sharper; swindler.

FILOUTER, 11-100-th, v. a. to cheat, bub-

ble; to pick one's pocket.

FILOUTERIE, fl-loot-rl, s. f. sharping, cheat, or cheating trick.

Fils, fl, s. m. (pron. fis at the end of phrases and before a voice) son, boy. Un petit-fils, a grand-child. Faire le beau fils, to set up for a beau. V. Beau. FILTRATION, sil-tra-slon, s. s. filtration or

straining.

FILTRE, fîltr, s. m. (terme de chimie) fil-tre; philtre, charm, allurement. See also Philtre.

FILTRER, v. a. to filter. FILURE, Il-lur, s. f. spinning or wire-draw-

Fis, E, fin, fin, adj. fine; thin, not coarse; pure, good; right, true; acute, ingenous; sly, cunning, subtile, sharp. Jouer au plus fin, to be upon the sharp, vie in cunning. Fin, Mar. fine, sharp, prime. Fin voilier, prime sailer. Horizon fin, clear horizon. Frégate fine dans ses fonds, sharp bottomed frigate. Fin, s. m. Ex. Faire le fin d'une chose, en faire le fin, to carry it cunningly. A quoi bon

faire tant le fin? to what purpose all this cunjust use to just to wrat purpose at this cul-ning. Le fin d'une affoire, the main or chief point of a business. Prendre le fin des choses, to come to the nicest point of things. C'est-là le fin de l'affaire, that is the cream of the light. This la fin has been accepted. Tirer le fin du fin, to extract the quintescence of things. Il s'en est alle tout fin seul, he went quite alone. Du fin fond de l'Ecosse, from the farthest part of Scotland.

FIN, s. f. end; conclusion, termination, last thing, last part, latter part, close; event; scope, aim, design, intention; death. La fin desa rie, the latter part of his life. Les quatre desa rie, the latter part of ms me. Les quate fins de l'homme, la mort, le jugement, le paradin, l'enfer, the four last things, death, judgment, heaven and hell. Sur la fin de ses jours, in his old age. Prendre fin, to end. A la fin (enfin), at last, at length. Pour fin de toutes parties, in full of all demands. Fin de non recevoir, exception (in law.) Fin, Mar. end, etc. Fin d'un voyage, end of a voyage. Fin d'un combat, close of an action. Fin de la marée, last of the tide. Fin d'un coup de vent, tail of a gale of wind. Finage, finaz, s. m. liberties or extent of

a jurisdiction.

Final, R, si-nal, adj. final, last. Final ement, si-nal-men, adv. finally, at

last, lastly.

FINANCE, fl-nens, s. f. finance, fine (a certain sum of money paid to the French king, for the enjoyment of some privilege.) Finance, ready-money, cash. Lettre de finance, round hand. Finances, finances, publick treasure r revenue, the exchequer. La cour des finances, the court of the exchequer.

FINANCER, fl-nen-sa, v. a. lo pay a fine to government. Financer, v. n. to find or pay money.

FINANCIER, fl-nen-sia, s. m. financier, receiver of the king's revenue; sort of type.

FIRASSER, fl-na-sa, v. n. to use cunning.

FINASSER, II-na-sa, v. m. a. craft, cunning, FLAGORRERIE, ma-bu-language of a pick thank. slyness. 32

FINASSEU-R, SE, fî-mă-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. artful, sly person.

FINAUD, E, fl-no, add, adj. erafty, sly. cunning.

FIREMENT, fin-man, adv. cunningly, erafti-ly, slyly; finely, wittily, ingeniously. FIRESSE, fi-man, s. f. fineness; finesse, cunning or cunning trick, guile, craftiness, wile, ning or cunning trice, guire, consuming wit, in-subilety, slyness; wit or delicacy of wit, inrenuity. Ceux qui n'y entendoient point de messe, they who were unacquainted with the jest, they who meant no harm. Les finesses d'une langue, the niceties or delicacies of a language. Les finesses du négoce, the myste

"FINESSER, V. Finasser.
FINET, TE, fine, net, adj. & s. sly, subtle, cunning, sly person.

Fini, E, ii-ni, nl, adj. ended, finished, etc.;

finite, limited; complete, accomplished.

Finiment, s. m. fluishing (of a picture.)

Finir, fi-nir, v. a. to end, make an end of, finish; v. n. to end or make an end, have an end; to end one's life, die.

FINISSEMENT, s. m. finishing.
FINISSEUR, fl-nl-seur, s. m. watch-finisher.
FIOLE, fl-ol, s. f. phial.

FIRMAMENT, fir-må-men, s. m. sky, firma-Il n'est rien de si beau sous le firmament. ment, that is the finest thing under the cope of beaven

Fisc, fisk, s. m. the publick treasure, revenue or exchequer.

FISCAL, E, fis-kål, adj. fiscal. Procureur fiscal, attorney, who prosecutes within his jurisdiction all causes wherein the lord paramount or the publick are interested.

FISSIPEDE, adj. fissipede, having the foot divided into several toes or claws.

FISSURE, s. f. fissure.

FISTULE, fis-tal, s. f. fistula (a kind of ulœr.

FISTULEU-X, SE, fis-tu-leu, leuz, adj. fistulous, fistular.

FIXATION, Ilk-sh-slon, s. f. fixation (in chymistry.) La fixation du prix des charges, the set rates for offices.

FIXE, fiks, adj. fixed, steady, settled. Un prix fixe, a set price.

FIRMENT, fiks-men, adv. earnestly, stead-fastly. On ne peut regarder fixement le soleil ni la mort, one cannot look the sun or death in the face.

FIXER, fik-så, v. a. to fix, settle, set or appoint. Se fixer, v. r. to settle, fix, be fixed. Fixit f, fik-sl-ta, s. f. fixity or fixidity.

FLACHE, flash, s. f. hole worn in the pave ment by wheels; also that place in a piece of wood where it still appears the bark was.

FLACHEU-X, SE, adj. wood that shows the several parts where the bark was.

FLACON, fla-kon, s. m. flagon or decamer. FLAGELLANS, s. m. pl. the name of fanaticks who whipped themselves in publick.

FLAGELLATION, flà-zel-là-slon, s. f. flagel-

lation, whipping, scourging.
*FLAGELLER, flå-zel-lå, v. a. to whip or scourge.

FLAGEOLET, fla-zo-le, s. m. flageolet. FLAGORNER, fld-gor-na, v. n. to be a pick hank.

FLAGORNERIE, fla-gorn-ri, s. f. ways or

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

*Fi.Agornzu-R, sz, flå-gör-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. pick-thank, whisperer, tale-bearer. FLAGRANT, flå-gren, adj. Ex. En flagrant

delit, in the fact, in the very act.

*FLAIR, s. m. smelling. Flair des chiens

de chasse, scent, smelling.

FLAIRER, fie-ra, v. a. to smell; (said of hounds) to hunt upon scent; to smell, fore-

FLAIRER, v. n. to smell. FLAIREUR, flè-reur, s. m. flaireur de cuisine, smell feast, parasite.

FLAMBAND, E, adj. Flemish. FLAMBANT, E, flên-bên, bênt, adj. in a

flame blazing.
FLAMBE, flenb, s. f. flag, a blue kind of

flower.

Filmer, E. flèn-bà, adj. singed, etc. V Flamber. Je suis flambé, I am undone. Mon ærgent et flambé, my money is gone or lost. Flambeau, taper,

light or link : a candle-stick ; candle or light. C'est lui qui est le flambeau de la guerre, it is he that has kindled the war. Un flambeau de sédition, a fire-brand of sedition, incendi-

FI.AMBER, flèn-ba, v. a. to singe. Flamber un chapon, to baste a capon. Flamber un bâtiment, Mar. to make a ship's signal for being out of her station, or to denote that some prior signal is not properly understood. On nous a flambés, the signal is made for us to keep our station. Flamber, v. n. to blaze or flash, be in a flame.

*FLAMBERGE, flên-bêrz, s. f. sword, rapier.
FLAMBOYANT, R., flên-bwa-yên, yênt, adj.

bright, glistering. Comète flamboyante, blazing

FLAMBOYER, flên-bwa-ya, v. n. to glister,

shine, be bright.

Sinie, De Drigni.

Flamme, S. m. priest among the Romans.

Flamme, flam, s. f. flame; amorous flame, love passion; fleam. Mar. pendant; flame d'ordre) pendant displayed by a senior officer to call officers of other ships, etc. on board for orders.

FLAMMECHE, flå-mesh, s. f. spark. FLAMMEROLE, flåm-röl, s. f. ignis-fatuus. FLAMMULE, s. f. trinity or heart's-ease (an herb.)

FLAN, flen, s. m. custard; piece of metal ready to be stamped or coined.

FLANC, flèn, s. m. flank, side; flank (in fortification,) also side of a ship.

FLANCHET, s. m. part of the sirloin of beef next to the thigh. FLANCONADE, flèn-kô-nåd, s. f. pass, or

thrust in the flank. FLANDRE, s. f. (province des Pays-Bas) Flanders.

FLANDRIN, flèn-drin, s. m. Ex. Un grand Flondrin, lath back, slim long-back, great he fellow.

FLANGUER, sla-nel, s. s. s. slannel.
FLANGUER, slen-ka, v. a. to slank or defend. Il lui a slangue un soussiet, he gave him. a box on the ear or slap on the chops. Je lui ai flanqué cela par le nez, I gave him that bone

to pick.
FLAQUE, flak, s f. or FLAQUE, (d'eau) mo-

rass plash, fenny ground.
FLAQUÉE, flà-kà, s. f. dash of water or other liquor

FLAQUER, flå-kå, v. a. to dash (water, etc.) against. FLASQUE, flask, adj. washy, faint. weak.

flabby, feeble. FLASQUE, s. f. flask (for gun-powder;) lazy FLASQUE, s. 1. fiask (for gun-powder;) lazy bones, drone. Mar. Flasques d'affitt, sides or cheeks of a gun carriage. Flasques de cabestan, whelps of a capstan. Flasques du guindaut, whelps of the windlass. Flasques de mitt, cheeks of the mast, hounds. Flasques de carlingue, particular pieces inserted in the step of a mast, on board French ships, in order to give it additional strangth. der to give it additional strength.

FLATIR, v. a. to flat (coins before stamping.)

FLATOIR, s. m. flatting hammer.
FLATRER, fla-tra, v. a. to burn a dog in the fore-head (after he has been bitten by a mad one.)

FLATTER, flå-tå, v. a. to flatter, praise or commend; tickle or please; cajole, coax or wheedle, fawn upon; to caress; to flatter, conceal the truth from, keep in the dark; (sa douleur, son déplaisir) to sooth, indulge; (le dé) to slide; (un mal, une plaie) to fa-vour. Flatter quelqu'un de quelque chose, to flatter one with a thing, entertain one with the hopes of a thing. Se flatter de quelque chose, to flatter one's self with or hope for a

thing.

FLATTERIE, flat-rl, s. f. flattery, fawning, adulation. Aimer la flatterie, to love to be

FLATTEU-R, se, int-teur, teuz, adj. flat-tering, deceitful, fawning. Esperance flat-

teuse, deceitful hope.
FLATTEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. flatterer, fawner, fawning person.
FLATTEUSEMENT, flå-tèuz-men, adv. flat-

teringly.

FLATUEU-X, SE, flå-tů-èu, euz, adj. flatuous, flatulent, windy.
FLATUOSITÉ, flå-tů-ò-zl-tå, s. f. flatuosity,

wind. FLÉAU, fik-o, s. m. flait; scourge or plague; (de la balance) beam; iron bar (to fasten fold-

ing gates behind.)

FLECHE, flesh, s. f. an arrow; spire; (de carrosse) beam; (de lurd) flitch; (de jeu de trictrac) point; (terme de fortification) bonnet. Faire de tout bois flèche, to make any shift. Il ne soit plus de quel bois faire flèche, he is put to his last shifts, he does not know which way to turn himself. Mar. forestaff, pole (of may to turn numsen. mar. forestan, pole (of a mast,) upper part of the knee of the head (in ships of war;) long boom projecting from the prow (in lateen vessels.) Notre mật de perroquet de fougue a beaucoup de flèche, our mizen top-mast has a very long pole. Flèche-encul s m Mar goff top-soil. en-cul, s. m. Mar. gaff top-sail.

FLECHIR, fla-shir, v. a. to bend, bow; to

subdue, soften; to prevail with, persuade; n. to bend; to submit, truckle under, buckle to; to relent. Se fléchir, v. r. to bend. Fléchissable, adj. flexible, pliant. Fléchissement, flå-shis-mên, s. m. bend

FLÉCHISSEUR, s. m. flexor (a muscle.)

FLECHISSEDR, S. in. lector (a master.)
FLEGMAGOGUE, adj. & s. phlegmagogue.
FLEGMATIQUE, flèg-mà-dk, adj. phlegmatick; also heavy, dull, melancholy.
FLEGMS, flègm, s. m. pllegm; patience, moderation; heaviness. Il a beaucoup de

Regme, he is dull on heavy.

buse, bût : jèune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FLEGMON, s. m. phlegmon (a swelling with inflammation.)

FLEGMONEU-X, SE, adj. phlegmonous.

FLETRIR, fla-trir, v. a. to tarnish; dry up, fade, dull; to stain, blemish, brand, disgrace shonour. Un opprobre si scandaleux les flétrit, so scandalous a reproach is a great blur to them; v. n. se fletrir, v. r. to wither, fade away, decay.

FLETRISSURE, flå-tri-sur, s. f. blemish, withering, decaying, fading away, brand; blemish, blur, stain, spot, blot, disgrace.
FLEUR, fieur, s. f. flower, bloom or blos-

som: lustre, brightness, liveliness: flower, choice, best; (of fraul) bloom; first sight, first wear, (de son dee) flower, prime; (du teint) bloom; (de rhétorique) flower, flourish. Pousser des steurs or être en steur, to blossom. Fleur de farme, flour, best of meal. Fleur de virgiwile, maidenhead, virginity. A fleur de terre, close to or even with the ground. A fleur d'eau, level with the water, near the edge of the water, even with the water's edge.

the water, even with the water's cage.

Fleurs, fieur, s. f. pl. flowers, monthly courses. Fleurs blanches, whites. Fleurs (d'un vaisseau.) Mar. floor-heads, rung-heads.

FLEURAISON, fieu-rê-zon, s. f. shooting of

the buds, season when flowers are in bloom.

FLEURDELISÉ, E, adj. adorned with one flower-de-luce or more. Il porte d'azzur à la croix d'or fleurdelisée, (in heraldry) he bears azure a cross floree or.

FLEURDELISER, fleur-dil-za, v. a. to flourish, set thick with flower-de-luces, brand or mark with a flower-de-luce.

FLEURER, flêu-rêt, v. n. to smell.
FLEURET, flêu-rêt, s. m. foil (to fence with;)
ferret, coarse silk. Ruban de soie grossière, ferret ribbon.

FLEURETTE, flèu-rêt, s. f. floret. Fleurettes, amorous discourses, sweet things, flat-

tering expressions

FLEURI, E. fieu-ri, ri, adj. blossomed, blown. Style fleuri, florid style, style full of flourishes. Teint fleuri, fresh and lively comblown.

Teint fleuri, fresh and nveny complexion.

Barbe fleurie, a white or hoary beard.

Pâques fleuries, Palm Sunday.

FLEURIR, fleuritr, v. n. to blossom, bloom boary or grey; to flourish,

or blow; to grow hoary or grey; to flourish, be in repute, vogue or esteem. In the last sense the pres. part. is florissant instead of fleurissant, and then the imperf. in the same sense should be florissoit, florissoital, etc.

FLEURISME, s. m. fondness of or taste for

flowers.

FLEURISSANT, E, fleu-ri-sen, sent, adj.

blossoming, blooming.
FLEURISTE, flèu-rîst, s. m. florist.

FLEURON, fleu-ron, s. m. flower work, (on or in books, clothes, etc.) C'est le plus beau fleuron de sa couronne, it is the brightest gem in his crown.

FLEUVE, flèuv. s. m. river.
FLEXIBILITÉ, flèk-sl-bl-ll-tå, s. f. flexibility, pliableness, pliantness.
FLEXIBLE, flèk-slbl, adj. pliable, flexible,

tender, supple, easy.

FLEXION, fick-slon, s. f. flexion, bend-

ing.
FLIBOT, fll-bd, s. m. fly-boat.
FLIBUSTIER, fll-bds-tla, s. m. freebooter,

FLIC-FLAC, thwick-thwack.

FLOC, or FLOCON, flok, flo-kon, s. m. tuft (of hair;) flock (of wool;) flake (of snow.)
FLORAISON, s. f. blossoming-time.

FLORAL, E, adj. floral. Jeux floraux, floral games or games of Flora.

FLORE, s. f. treatise on flowers.

FLOREAL, second month of spring in the French calendar.

FLORES, flores. Faire flores, to spead high, make a show, flourish. FLORES, florin, s. m. florin.

FLORISSANT, florissoit. V. Fleurir, flourishing.

Flor, fib, s. m. wave or surge; flood, tide, flood-tide. Les larmes lui tombent des yeux à grands flots, the tears trickle or run down his face in abundance. Y a-t-il encore flot?

Mar. is it flood yet? Quart de flot, first quarter flood. Demi-flot or mi-flot, half flood Trois quarts de flot, last quarter flood. Etrà flot, to be assoat. Mettre un bâtiment à flot, to bring a vessel assoat (after having lain aground.) Mettre un vaisseau à flot, to set a ship floating or affoat.

FLOTTABLE, adj. said of rivers that can carry a float of wood.

FLOTTAGE, fid-taz, s. m. carrying of a float of wood down a river. FLOTTAISON, s. f. that part of a ship's bot-

tom which lies near the water-line. FLOTTANT, z, flo-ten, tent, adj. floating,

meertain, wavering, irresolute.

FLOTTE, flot, s. f. (de vaissem:) fleet.

FLOTTE, E, adj. Ex. Bois flotté, float
wood; wood sent down the river upon a floatboat.

FLOTTER, slo-ta, v. n. to float, be affoat, hull; to be wavering, be at an uncertainty, fluctuate in one's mind. Faire flotter du bois. to carry a float of wood down a river. FLOTTILLE, s. f. flotilla.

FLUCTUATION, flak-td-a-slon, s. f. fluctua-

FLUCTUEU-X, SE, adj. fluctuant, unquiet. boisterous.

FLUER, flåå, v. n. to flow or run.

Fluer et refluer, to ebb and flow. I'LUET, TE, flû-ê, êt, adj. weakly, tender, washy.

FLUIDE, flu-ld, adj. fluid. fluent or easy or natural style. Style fluide.

FLUIDE, S. m. fluid. FLUIDITÉ, flo-I-dI-fl, s. f. fluidity, aptness to run. Fluidité de paroles, fluentness of ex-pression, fluency of speech, nimbleness of

tongue.

FLUORS, s. m. pl. crystals of different colours

FLUTE, flut, s. f. flute or pipe. Flute douce or flute à bec, flute with a lip. Flute allemande or flute traversière, German flute. Comment accordez-vous ces flites? how do you reconcile these things? how shall these things Ils ne sauroient accorder leurs flûtes agree? or leurs flites ne s'accordeni pas ensemble, they cannot set their horses together. Ce qui vient par la flûte s'en retourne par le tambour, lightly come, lightly go. Enter en flûte, to incoulate.
Mar. store ship. Vaisseau armé en flûte, store ship or ship armed en flute. Flûte Hollandaise, fly-boat.

FLUTEE, flå-tå, adj. f Ex. Voer flute

soft sweet voice.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

FLUTER, fid-ta, v. n. to pipe, play on the flute; tipple, guzzle. Se faire fluter au derrière, to take a glister.

FLUTEUR, flù-têur, s. m. piper.

FLUVIATILE, adj. of fresh water.

FOI

FLUVIATILE, adj. of fresh water.

FLUX, flu, s. m. flood, tide, flood-tide: (in
medicine) flux; (at loo) flush. Flux et reflux,
flux and reflux of the tide, flowing and ebbing.

Flux de sang, bloody flux. Flux de ventre,
looseness, lax. Flux d'urine, diabetes. Ma
bourse a le flux, my money melts like butter
against the sun. Flux de bouche, flux or selimention. Demone un flux de houche, to flux. vation. Donner un flux de bouche, to flux. Avoir le flux de bouche, to be fluxed or salivated. Avoir un flux de bouche (or de langue) continuel, to be always talking, have a tongue

running upon wheels.

FLUXION, fluk-slon, s. f. fluxion or defluxion. Fluxion de poitrine, inflammation of the

Inngs.
FLUXIONNAIRE, adj. apt to be inflamed.

*FOARNAIRE, act. apt to be instance.

*FOARNE, s. f. straw.

Foc, s. m. Mar. jib, stay sail. Grand foc, ib, standing jib. Second foc or faux foc, middle jib, fore top stay-sail. Clin foc, flying jib. Petit foc, fore stay-sail or fore top mast stay-sail. Foc d'artimon, mizen stay-sail.

FOCILE, fö-sil, s. m. focile. Le grand et le petit focile, the focile bones.

FOENE, s. f. Mar. fish-gig.

*FOERRE, s. m. straw.

FOETUS, s. m. foetus, embryo.
Foi, fwa, s. f. faith; doctrine, religion or persuasion; credit or belief; promise, word, parole; fealty; assurance, proof, testimony. Bonne foi, good faith, honesty, sincerity, fidelity, plain dealing. Mauraise foi, dis-Borne for, good latth, honesty, sincerity, fidelity, plain dealing. Mauxaise foi, disnonesty, knavery, treachery, perfidiousness. De bonne foi, bonà fide; also faith, indeed, truly. A la bonne foi, en bonne foi, truly, sincerely, honestly, candidly. Ma foi, sur ma foi, faith, upou my faith. Un homme de bonne foi, an houest man. Un homme de mauxaise foi, a knave, cheat. Laisser quelqu'un sur sa foi, to leave one to himself or qu'un sur sa foi, to leave one to himself or to his own conduct, let him be his own master. Voilà qui en fait foi, that proves the matter. Un homme digne de foi, a credible

Foible, feble, adj. weak, feeble, faint. L'âge foible, tender age, infancy. Le sexe foible, the weaker sex, women. Courage foible, weakness of courage, faint-heartedness. Be totoint foibles dinfanterie, they wanted foot. Foible de poids, too light, that wants

weight.

Weight.
Foible.e.s. m. weak part or side, weakness; defect; feebie, weak side or blind side.
Le foible the weak. Le foible de l'épée, the feeble or small of a sword. La justice ne regurde ni le fort ni le foible, justice has no respect of persons. Du fort au foible, le fort portant le foible, one with another.

FOIBLEMENT, febl-men, adj.

faintly, slightly.

FOIBLESSE, fê-bles, s. f. weakness, feebleness, faintness; fainting fit, swoon; imbecili-ty Foiblesse de courage, faint-heartedness. FOIBLIR, fe-blir, v. n. to give way, yield,

slacken, fail.

FOIR, fwa, s. m. liver. Foin, fwin, s. m. hay; (d'un artichaut) choke. Les foins sont beaux, there is a fine

show of hay. Foin d'arrière-seison, after math or latter math.

FOIN, interj. deuce.
FOIRE, fwar, s. f. fair or great market;
fairing; looseness or lax.

FOIRER, v. n. to have a diarrhoca.

Foireu-x, se, adj. & s. loose, troubled with a looseness, dirty boy or girl, brat Mine foireuse, dirty face.

Fols, fiva, s. f. time, bout. Une fois, once. Deux fois, twice. Trois fois, thrice or three times. Quatre fois, four times, etc. Une autre fois, another time, again. Une bonne fois or une fois pour toutes, once for all. Non pas même une seule fois, no not so mech as once. Une fois autant, as much again, as many again. Parfois, sometimes, now and then. A la fois, tout à la fois, altogether, at once, at one bout. De fois à autre, from time to time, now and then. C'est assez hour cette fois. that is enough for this bout. Toutes les fois, that is enough for this bout. fois que, autant de fois que, us often as. Toutes fois. V. Toutefois.

*Fois, s. m. Le fois du corps, the waist or middle of the body.

Foison, fwa-zon, s. f. plenty. A foison, in abundance, plentifully.

Foisonner, fwa-zô-na, v. n. to abound,

increase, multiply. For, fol. V. Fon.

FOLATRE, fô-latr, adj. & s. gamesome, wanton, full of play, waggish, wanton boy

wanton girl.
FOLATREMENT, adv. wantonly.
FOLATREE, fô-là-tra, v. n. to toy, play
wanton tricks, to play the wag or fool.
FOLATRERIE, fô-là-tra-rl, s. f. wanton

trick, waggishness, toying.
FOLICHON, NE, fo-ll-shon, shon, adj. & s. waggish, wag, gamesome or wanton boy or

Foliz, fo-ll, s. f. folly; madness; piece of folly; foolishness, simplicity; extravagant passion or fondness; folly of youth, debauchery, mad prank, frolick; merry or wanton discourse, agreeable nonsense. Faire folie de son corps, to prostitute one's self. Faire une folie, to play the fool with one's self, to foolishly. Les portraits sont sa folie, he is an extravagant lover of pictures.

FOLIA, Bolid, s. m. folio. Un in-folio or un livre in-folio, a folio, a folio book. Folio recto, first page of the leaf. Folio rerso, back of the leaf. Number of each page.

FOLLE, V. Fou.

FOLLEMENT, fol-men, adv. foolishly, ex-

FOLLEMENT, INCLUDE, and A. DOUBLIN, CONTROL THEY ARE THEY AND THE TENERS TO BE A SON HAIR, SON feathers. Un esprit follet, s. m. a familiar spiritor hobgoblin. Fau follet. V. Feu St. Elme. FOLLICULAIRE, s. m. he who publishes

periodical news-papers.

mentation.

FOMENTER, fô-mên-tå, v. a. to foment; also to cherish, nourish.

Force, E, fon-sa, adj. monied; skilled; deep (colour.)

FONCER, fon-sh, v. n. to fall upon; to pay, find or supply with. Foncer à l'oppointement

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : criant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FORCIER, E, for sile, sier, adj. belonging to the manor; also skilled, learned. Seigneur foncier, lord of the manor. Rente foncière, Cour foncière, court-baron. villain. Théologien foncier, ground rent. Serf funcier, learned divine.

FONCIÈREMENT, fon-sièr-mên, adv. tho-

roughly, at the bottom.
FONCTION, fonk-slon, s. f. function, duty or

discharge of one's office, duty, etc.
FUNCTIONNAIRE, s. m. & f. he or she who

has a public charge.

FOND, fon, s. m. bottom, ground; ground (of cloth;) further end, utmost part, remotest part, extremity; (of the heart) bottom, recesses or inward recesses; main, main point; depth; (de miroir, de carrosse) back, back part; (d'une futaille) head; (de lit) wooden bottom or sacking bottom. A fond, to the bottom, perfectly, exactly, fully. Au fond or dans le fond, at the bottom, when all is done or said, in the main. De fond en comble, from top to bottom, utterly, wholly, to all intents and purposes, to the very ground. Fosse à fond de cure, ditch broader and broader from the top to the bottom. Plat-fond, V. Platfond. Fuire fond sur, to depend or rely

upon, lay much or great stress upon. Fond, Mar. ground, bottom, number of fathoms between the surface of the water and the bottom, anchorage, etc. Fond dur, hard bottom. Fond mou, soft bottom or soft ground. Fond de bonne tenue, good anchoring ground. Fond de mauraise tenue, bad holding ground, foul ground. Bon fond, good anchorage. Manazis fond, had anchoring ground. Fond de vase, oosy ground. Bas fond or hant fond, shoal water. Il y a fond, there is ground. Il n'y a point de fond, there is no bottom. Il y a grand fond, there is deep water. Le fond diminue, the water shoals. Le fond augmente, the water deepens. Fond qui degrade or se perd, shelving bottom. Quel étoit le fond au dernier coup de sonde? what water had you the last cast? Fond d'un vaisseau, bottom or floor of a ship. Betit fond d'un vaisseau, bilge. Fond d'une hune, platform or flooring of a top. Fond de cale, hold of a or flooring of a top. Find the cate, now of a ship. A fond de cale, at the bottom of the hold. Fond d'une voile, foot of a sail. Let fonds d'une voile, the bunt of a sail. Buteau a fond plat, flat-bottomed boat. Vaisseau qui bes funds fins. sharp bottomed ship. Vaisseau qui de fonds fins. sharp bottomed ship. a les fonds fins, sharp bottomed ship. Vaisseas qui a les fonds larges, flat floored ship. V. Fin.

FONDAMENTAL, E, fon-da-men-tal, adj. fundamental. Pierre fondamentale, foundation stone.

FONDAMENTALEMENT, fon-då-men-tålmen, adv. fundamentally, upon a good foundation.

FONDANT, E, fon-den, dent, adj. melting; also dissolvent.

FONDANT, s. m. dissolvent.

FONDATEUR, fon-da-teur, s. m. founder.

FONDATION, for da-slor, s. f. foundation, basis, endowment. Une eglise qui a de bonnes fondations, a church well endowed.

FORDATRICE, fon-dâ-irîs, s. f. foundress.
FORDA, E, adj. that has a foundation, etc.
Fondé en droit, that has a just cause, that has

so pay the expenses, find money for the ex- || justice on his side. Nous sommes aussi bien fondés l'un que l'autre, we are both equally in the right. Etre fondé à, to have a right or cause to.

FONDEMENT, fond-men, s. m. foundation; basis; ground, cause, reason; principle, beginning, root; fundament.

FUNDER, fon-da, v. a. to lay the foundation

or groundwork of; to ground or establish; to found, build or institute; to endow. Il faut arant toutes choses fonder la cuisine, the kitch-en must be settled first. Se fonder, v. r. to be grounded.

FONDERIE, fond-rl, s. f. foundery, casing-

house; art of casting.

FONDEUR, fon-deur, s. m. founder.

FONDIQUE, s. m. hall (for a company of tradesmen.)

Fonds,'s. m. sinking (of the ground under a building.)

FONDOIR, s. m. melting-house, place where the butchers melt the fat of beasts for tallow. FONDRE, fondr, v. a. to melt, cast, dissolve or liquefy. Fondre la cloche, to wind up, come to a final resolution, make an end of the

business. Fondre, v. n. to melt, or be dissolved, liquefy; to melt away; to sink, fall in. Fondre en larmes, to meit or dissolve in tears. Fondre sur l'ennemi, to fall or rush upon the enemy. Fondre sur (said of birds of prey) to stoop down, make a stoop at. Fondre, y. n. or Se fondre, v. r. to melt. Cette famille s'est fondue, that family is extinct or goue.

FONDRIÈRE, fon-drier, s. f. bog or quag-

mire.

FONDRILLES, fon-drll, s. f. pl. grounds. settlings of liquors.

FONDS, fon, s.m. ground, land, soil; fund; stock. Mettre de l'argent à fonds perdu, to buy or purchase an annuity. Un grand fonds d'esprit, de savoir, etc. a great stock or deal of wit, learning, etc. FONDU, E, adj. (from Fondre) melted, etc. FONGIBLE, adj. said of articles of consump-

Fongeu-x, se, fon-zeu, zeuz, adj. spungy, of the nature of mushrooms. Fongus, s. m. excrescence.

FONTAINE, fon-ten, s. f. spring or fountain; fountain with water-spouts; cistern; cock of

a cistern or any other vessel.
FONTANCE, fon-tênz, s. f. top-knot.
FONTE, fost, s. f. casting or melting; cast
or font. Fer de fonte, cast-iron. Marmite de fonte, great cast-iron pot. Un canon de fonte, a brass gun.

FONTENIER, fost-nia, s. m. conduit-maker;

also water bailiff.

FORTICULE, s. m. fontanel; issue.

FORTS, font, s. m. pl. (of baptism) font. Tenir un enfant sur les fonts, to stand godfather or god-mother to a child.

For, for, s. m. Ex. For ecclesiastique, ec-

clesiastical court.

FORAGE, s. m. duty on wine.

FORAIN, E, fô-rin, rên, adj. foreign, outlandish, alien. Traite foreine, custom or ins-position upon certain commodities imported or exported. Rade feraine, Mar. open roadstead.

FORAIN, E, s. m. & f. alien, foreigner. FORANS, s. m. Mar. balks.

FORBAN, for-ben, s. m. Mar. pirate, rover.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

FORÇAT, for-så, s. m. galley-slave

Force, fors, s. f. force; strength; fortitude; constancy, resolution, magnanimiy; constraint, violence; force or necessity; might, power; energy, strength. Forces, forces, troops; (grands ciseaux) shears. A force, by force. A force oncerte, de vive force, with open strength or force. A tode force, by all means. A force de, by strength of the force, by all means. of, by dint of, by frequent repetition of, etc. De force, against one's will. De la première force, of the first rate. Corriger un enfant à force de le battre, to beat a child into better manners. La force de la verité, the force or forcibleness of truth. Une raison qui a beaucoup de force, a forcible or strong reason or argument. Toutes ses œuvres ne sont pas de la même force, all his works are not uniformly nervous, his works flag here and there. Je ne suis pas de sa force, I am not so strong as he, I do not come near him, I am not his match. S'il gèle plus long-temps de cette force, if this hard frost continue any longer. Prendre une wille de force, to storm a town, take it by storn. Si rous ne le fuites de bongré, je vous le ferai faire de force, if you will not do it by fair means, I shall make you do it by foul. Force, Mar. faire force de rames, to ply one's oars amain. Fuire force de voiles, to crowd sail, crowd all sails, carry a press of sail. Faire force de voiles au plus près du vent, to stretch.

FORCE, (indeclinable adjective) store of, plenty of, a great deal of, abundance of, much, many. Force argent, store or a great deal of money. Force amis, many friends. Force

ble, plenty of corn.

Force, E, for-sa, adj. forced, etc.; affected, unnatural. Donner un sens force à un passage, to wrest the sense of a passage. Force, Mar. temps force, stress of weather. Coup de went force, storm.

FORCEMENT, for-så-men, adv. forcibly, by force or constraint, being under a force.

FORCENE, E, fors-na, adj. mad, furious, in a fury, out of his senses.

*FORCENER, v. n. to be mad.

FORCEPS, s. m. pincers.
FORCER, for-sa, v. a. to force; compel or constrain; take by storm; (une fille) to force or ravish, (une porte) to break open; (une cheval) to over-ride, ride too hard, (une bête faure, or un lièvre) to hunt down; (un bataillon, un escadron) to break through; (une clef) to bend. Forcer, v. n. Mar. to force, etc. Le grain nous forca à tout carguer, the squall obliged us to clue all up. Nous fumes forcés d'amener, we were forced to strike. Forcer l'ennemi au combat de près, to bring the enemy to close action. Forcer un bâtiment à faire côte, to drive a vessel on shore. Forcer une passe défendue, to force through a channel defended by artillery. Forcer un mat, to wring a mast, (by setting up the rig-

ging too taught.)

Forcer, v. n. Mar. Le vent force, the wind freshens. Forcer à transers les glaces, to force through the ice. Forcer de valles, to carry a press of sail. Forcer de rames, to ply one's

nars amain.

Se forcer, v. r. to strain or to strain one's

Forcus, s. f. pl shears.

*Forclore, v. a. used only in the infin and part. forcios, to forejudge or debar, pre clude.

FORCLUSION, s. f. forejudging FOREINS, s. m. pl. Mar. bunt lines. FORER, fora, v. a. to drill or bore.

FORESTIER, s. m. forester, ranger. FORESTIERE, adj. f. Ex. Les villes fores-

tières, the forest-towns (in Germany. Foner, fo-re, s. m. piercer, gimblet, tap borer

FORET, fore, s. f. forest.
FOREAIRE, for-fer, v. n. (used only in the infinit. and part. Forfait) to trespass, fail.
Fille qui a forfait à son homeur, a maid that has forfeited or lost her honour.

Forfaire, v. a. to forfeit.

FORFAIT, for-fe, s. m. from Forfaire; offence, trespass, transgression, crime; undertaking by great or by contract.

FORFAITURE, for-fe-tur, s. f. forfeiture, forfeit.

FORFANTE, s. m. romancer, quack, charla-

FORFANTERIE, for-fent-rl, s. f. romancing. quackery, charlatanry. FORGE, forz, s. f. forge.

FORGLABLE, adj. that may be forged. FORGER, for-2a, v. a. to forge or hammer; to forge, contrive, frame, invent, make ondevise, coin (words.) Forger, v. n. to overreach (as some horses do.)

FORGERON, forz-ron, s. m. smith or black-

Forgeur, for-zeur, s. m. forger, hammer-

er; forger, contriver, inventor.

FORHUIR, v. n. (in hunting) to blow (a horn to call the hounds.)

FORJETER, v. n. to jut out. FORLANCER, v. a. to unharbour. dislodge (a heast.)

FORLANE, s. f. a sort of dance.

*FORLIGNER, for-Il-gua, v. n. to degenerate. FORLONGER, (SE) v. r. (said of the stag in hunting) to distance the hounds; to linger spin out.

FORMALISER (SE) se-for-ma-li-za, v. r. to take offence or exception, take ill, find fault with.

FORMALISTE, for-må-list, adj. or s. m. & f. formal, complimental person.
FORMALITÉ, for-ma-li-ta, s. f. form in law,

formality; form, ceremony.

FOR-MARIAGE, s. m. clandestine marriage, marriage without the licence of the lord of the manor.

FORMAT, for-ma,'s. m. size of a book. FORMATION, for-ma-slon, s. f. forming,

formation.

FORME, form, s. f. form; shape, figure, form E, form, s. 1. form; shape, figure, fashion; manner, way; form or formality; a last; (de chapeau) a block; (figure d'un chapeau) crown; (bois qu'on met dans les bas leg. Forme, lay of gravel; bone-spaxin (of horses;) form (of hares and printers;) dry-dock; basin of a dock; stuffed form or seat; du phene d'une delices seat. Mittee transdu chour d'une èglise) seat. Meltre un argunent en forme, to make or form a syllogism. Pour la forme, for fashion's sake, for fish. Four its forme put state, as follows. Sans autre forme de procès, without any further formality. Rechercher une fille dans ies formes to court a girl in the usual forms

base, bat : jeune, mê ue, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Prendre un lièvre en forme, to take a hare in !! the form

Formé, E, adj. formed, framed, made, fashioned, shaped.

FORMEL, LE, for-mel, adj. formal; plain,

express, explicit.
FORMELLEMENT, for-mel-men, adv. formally, plainly, expressly, explicitly. Il ment for mellement, he tells a downright lie.

FORMER, for-ma, v. a. to form, frame or

make; to fashion or mould; to inform, train make; to lassion or modul; to motin, train or bring up; (les temps d'un verbe) to form, conjugate; (un dessein) to frame or conceive; (une difficulté) to raise er start; (une plainte) to put up; (un siège) to lay. Former le procès à quelqu'un, to draw an indictment against one. Former, v. a. Mar. to form. Former la ligne de bataille dans l'ordre renversé, Mar. to invert the line of battle.

Se former, v. r. to be made or formed; to be bred; to arise; to come to some shape; (en parlant d'un jeune homme) to grow a man. Se former une idée de quelque chose, to srame an idea of a thing, conceive a thing in one's mind.

FORMERET, s. m. arch of a vault.

FORMEZ, s. m. a generical name that fal-coners give to hen-birds of prey. FORMICA-LEO, s. m. V. Fourmi-lion.

FORMICA-LEO, S. m. V. Fourm:-tion.
FORMIDABLE, för-mi-dabl, adj. formidable, terrible, frightful, dreadful. D'une manière formidable, formidably, in a formidable manner.

FORMIER, for-mia, s. m. last-maker.

FORMULAIRE, for-muller, s. m. formulary. FORMULE, for-mal, s. f. set form.

FORNICATEUR, for-nl-kå-teur, s. m. forgicator.

FORNICATION, for-nl-ka-slon, s. f. fornica-

FORNIQUER, v.n. to be guilty of fornication.

*FORNIQUER, v.n. to be gunty or normalistics.

*FORS, prep. save, except, but.

FORT, E, fôr, fôrt, adj. strong; stout, vigorous; thick; hard, tough, difficult, painful; strong, rank; powerful; great, violent, valiant, able, skilled. Ce gigot de mouton est trop fout that her of mutton is too big. Un ordifort, that leg of mutton is too big. Un ordinaire fort, copicus commons, a plentiful table.

Expression forte, hard expression; also emphatical or significant expression. Une railphatical or significant expression. Une rail-lerie forte, a tart, biting, nipping, sharp, close or dry jest. Chead fort en bride, unruly horse. Ville forte d'assiette, town strongly seated. Terre forte, strong tough soil. Que sauroil-on dire de plus fort? what can be said more to the purpose? A plus forte raison, much more. Il a l'esprit fort, or c'est une tête forte, Le has a strong er good head-piece. Un esprit fort, a free-thinker. Faire l'esprit fort, to set up for a free thinker. Fort de poids, that has over-weight. Se faire fort d'une chose, to undertake a thing, take it upon one's self. Se faire fort de son crédit, to rely much upon one's credit.

FORT, s. m. strongest part; strength, vigour, heat; skill; (d'un bois) covert, thicket; (d'un sanglier, etc.) hold; fort, strong-hold; (d'une boule) bies; (d'une affaire) main point. Dans le fort de sa colère, in the height of his passion Dans le fort du combat, in the heat of the action or of the fight. Dans le fort de la dispute, in the heat of the dispute. Dans le fort de l'hiver, in the middle of the winter.

C'est-là son fort, that is his chief excellence, it is in that he excels. Fort, s. m. Mar. extreme breadth (of a ship,) etc. Ce vaisseau a le fort kant, that ship's bearings are high. Le fort de notre vaisseau est très-bas, our ship's

Le fort de notre vaisseau est très-bas, our ship's bearings are very low.

Fort, fôr, adv. very much, extremely; hard, very hard. Forte et ferme, hard, very hard. Horte et ferme, hard, very hard, stouly. Le desire fort que cela soit, I have a great or strong desire it should be so. Jestime fort les gens de mérile, I have a great esteem for deserving persons.

FORTEMENT, fôrt-mên, adv. with force, stoutly, vigorously. Etre fortement persuade, to be strongly persuaded, have a strong belief.

to be strongly persuaded, have a strong belief.

FORTERESSE, fort-res, s. f. fortress. FORTIFIANT, E, adj. strengthening, fortifying, corroborative.

FORTIFICATION, for-ul-fl-ka-slon, s. f. for-

tification or fortifying.
FORTIFIER, for-il-fl-å, v. a. to fortify, make strong, strengthen, corroborate. Se for-

iffer, v. r. to gather strength or grow strong. FORTIN, för-tin, s. m. fortlet, little fort.

FORTRAIRE, för-trer, v. a. (like traire) to convey away, divest, steal.

FORTRAIT, FORTRAITURE, V. Fourbu.

Fourbure.

FORTUIT, E, for-td-1, h, adj. fortuitous, casual, accidental. Cas fortuit, mere chance. FORTUITEMENT, for-id-It-men, adv. casu-

aliv, accidentally, by chance.
FORTUNE, for ton, s. f. fortune; chance, luck; hazard; destiny; advancement, preferment, greatness; condition. De fortune, as fortune or luck or chance would have it. Officier de fortune, soldier of merit raised to the rank of officer. Avoir moins de fortune que de mérite, to be less fortunate than deserving. Dechoir d'une haute fortune, to have a great downsall. Pousser sa fortune auprès d'une belle, to put one's self forward to obtain a fair lady. Bonne fortune, amorous intrigue, kind mistress, last favours of a woman. Henri III. fuisoit part de ses bonnes fortunes à ses fuvoris, Henry III. was so kind as to share

his mistresses among his favourites.

Fortune de mer, Mar. unfortunate accident or disaster (to a vessel, when not occasioned by inattention or neglect.)

FORTUNÉ, E, fôr-tů-nå, adj. fortunate,

happy.

FORT-VETU, för-ve-tå, s. m. scoundrel or beggarly fellow richly dressed. FORUM, s. m. forum.

FORURE, fö-rår, s. f. bore, hole, key-hole. FOSSE, fös, s. f. grave; hole, ditch, pit; melling-kettle; (de l'estomac) pit; (or basse-fosse) dungeon. Mar. Fosse au lion, fore cockpit. Fosse aux mâts, mast pond. Fosse aux câbles, cable tier. Fosse pour le carénage, ponton hulk or vessel by which ships are hove down. Fosse sur un banc, pit or well upou a bank.

Fossé, fo-så, s. m. ditch, moat. Fosserre, fo-set, s. f. dimple; cherry-pu or chuck-hole. Jouer à la fossette, to play at

chuck-farthing.
Fossile, fo-sil, adj. & s. m. fossil, that is or may be dug out of the ground.

FUSSOYAGE. S. m. the act of digging. FUSSOYER, fo-swa-ya, v. a. to dig a ditch or trench, enclose with ditches, to ditch or moat about.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rôb, lord: moed, good.

FOSSOYEUR, fô-swâ-yêur, s. m. ditcher,

grave-maker, grave-digger.
Fou, foo, adj. (fou, m. before a consonant, fol, m. before a vowel or h mute, folle, f. foux, m. pl.) mad, out of his wits; senseless, extravagant; silly, foolish, credulous, fond; very fond, that doats upon; wanton, waggish. Devenir fou, to grow mad, become deranged. Faire devenir fou, to make mad.

Fou, s. m. Folle, s. f. fool, mad man or

woman; buffoon, jester; (at chess) bishop. FOUACE, s. f. cake or bun.

FOUAGE, S. n. chimney-money, hearth-money (paid to the lord of the manor.) FOUAILLE, S. f. V. Curée. FOUAILLE, (wh. la, v. a. to whip or lash. FOUDRE, foodr, s. f. thunder-both, light-ming thundar both weath. ning; thunder-bolt, wrath. Foudre, s. m. the symbol of ancient sculptors attributed to Jupiter, Jupiter's thunder-bolt. Le foudre venguerr, the avenging thunder. Un foudre de guerre, a thunder-bolt of war, a great con-queror. Un foudre d'éloquence, a powerful orator, Un foudre de vin, a large vessel orator, Un foudre de vin, a large vesses (used in Germany) containing several hogsheads of wine. We say être fruppé de la foudre rather than être frampé du foudre.
FOUDROIEMENT, foo-drwa-men, s.
striking with a thunder-bolt.

FOUDROYANT, E, foo-drwh-yen, yent, adj. thundering, terrible or dreadful.

FOUDROYER, foo-drwa-ya, v. a. to strike with a thunder-bolt, thunder strike, to thunder against, batter with cannon-shots; to fulminate or thunder out an excommunication against, to anathematize, condemn. droyer, v. n. to storm, keep a heavy clutter.

FOUET, swe, s. m. whip, scourge; whip, tash, jerk, rod. Donner le fouet, to whip. Avoir le fouet, to be whipped. Elle fait bien

claquer son fouet, she makes a great noise in the world. Du fouet, whip-cord.

FOUETTE, E, adj. whipt, lashed, scourged, jerked; thin streaked (fruits, etc.) De la crême fouettée, whipt cream; also empty,

frothy or flashy discourse.

FOURTIER, fwe-ta, v. a. to whip, lash, scourge or jerk; (de la crême) to whip; (un liure) to bind with pack-thread: v. n. Mar. to flap (said of the sails in a calm;) to cut, drive, blow, sweep (said of hail, snow, wind, cannon, etc.)

FOUETTEU-R, SE, fwê-têur, teuz, s. m. & f. whipper, lasher, flogger, whipping man or

Woman

FOUGADE or FOUGASSE, s. f. fougade, small mine in the shape of a well.

FOUGER, v. n. to root, dig (as a boar.)
FOUGERAIE, fooz-re, s. f. fern-plot, ferny ground.

Fougere, foo-zer, s. f. fern. rit dans la fougère, the wine smiles in the glass.

Fougon, s. m. Mar. camboose, (of small vessels in the dialect of Provence.)

FOUGUE, Toog, s. f. fury, heat, passion, transport; fermentation of humours. Fougues de la jeunesse, wildness or impetuosity youth. Fougue d'un cheval, mettle o unesse, wildness or impetuosity of Fougue d'un cheval, mettle of a Retenir la fougue d'un cheval, etc. to keep a horse in, curb him. Un arbre qui a poussé sa fougue, a tree that has shot forth

Fougueu-x, se, fôo-gêu, gêuz, adj fiery, hot, hasty, passionate, mettlesome, un-

rdy. F. adj. dug. Fouille, fool, s. f. trenching. V. Fouille. Fouille, fool, s. f. trenching. V. Fouiller. Fouille. Au-Por, s. m. scullion, turn-spit Fouilles, fools, v. a. to rake up, trench; by the rake into (quelqu'un) to search: v. n. to rake into search or search into, rummage. Fouiller dans l'avenir, to dive into futurity.

FOUINE, fwin, s. f. pole-cat.

FOUIR, fwir, v. a. to dig (the ground.)

FOULAGE, s. m. the pressing of herrings;

FOULE, s. m. the processing.

FOULE, fool, s. f. crowd, throng, press multitude; oppression; fulling (of cloths, etc.)

Se tirer de la foule, to distinguish onc's self from the crowd or vulgar. Una foule d'affaires.

Venir en foule, a crowd or multitude of affairs. Venir en foule, to flock or throng together. Entre à la foule,

to crowd in. Sortir à la foule, to crowd out.
Foules, foo-là, s. f. pl. foiling of deer.
Fouler, foo-là, v. a. to tread, stamp or trample upon; (un chapeau) to work; (du drup) to full or mill; (un cheral) to surbate or over-ride; (parlant de la selle, etc.) to hurt or gall; (un nerf) to sprain; to crowd or squeeze; to grind, oppress, overcharge. Se fonder les uns les autres, to be hard upon one another. Fouler aux pieds, to trample upon, trample or tread under foot, scorn, contemn.

FOULERIE, fool-ri, s. f. hatter's or fuller's ware-house; also place where grapes are pressed.

Fouleur, foo-leur, s. m. presser of

horse.

Fouloir, foo-lwar, s. m. or Fouloire, s. f. hatter's working-board, trough of a wine-

FOULON, fôo-lon, s. m. fuller of cloth. Terre à foulon, fuller's earth. Foul.Que, foolk, s. m. coot or moor-hen. Foul.unz, fôo-lûr, s. f. surbating of a

horse; sprain or bruise. Four, foor, s. m. oven; bake-house, crimping house, kind of secret prison to conceal men forced into service. Pièce de four, cake or tart. Faire cuire au four, to bake. Four à chaux, lime-kiln. Four à brique, brick-

FOURBE, foorb, adj. deceitful, crafty, cheat-

FOURBE, s. m. cheat, deceitful man, impostor, crafty knave.

Fourbe, s. f. cheat or cheating trick, imposture.

FOURBER, foor-ba, v. a. to cheat, gull or bubble.

FOURBERIE, foorb-ri, s. f. V. Fourbe, s. f. FOURBIR, foor-bir, v. a. to furbish. FOURBISSEUR, foor-bi-seur, s. m. furbish-

er, culler or sword-culler.
FOURBISSURE, foor-bl-sdr, s. f. furbishing.
FOURBU, E, foor-bd, bd, adj. foundered.
FOURBURE, foor-bdr, s. f. foundering of a

FOURCAT, s. m. pl. Mar. crotch, door timber (placed in the fore or after part of a ship.)
Fourcat d'ouverture or fourcat horizontal,
lower transom (generally forked.)
Fourca de porques, crotches of the riders. fourcut, cross chocks of the timbers.

bone, bot : jeune, moute, beurre : enfant, cent, lièn : vin : mon : brun,

FOURCHE, foorsh, s. f. fork or pitchfork; (d'un arbre) forked shoot. Fourches patibulaires, gibbet. V. Maté.

FOURCHÉ, R, adj. forked, split. Pieds fourchés, cloven feet. Pied fourché, tax upon cloven-footed animals.

FOURCHER, foor-sha, v. n. to split, grow forked. La langue lui a fourché, he has tript with his tongue. Ces arbres fourcheront, those trees will spread. Se fourcher, v. r. to split, grow forked.

FOURCHETTE, fdor-shet, s. f. fork, tablefork; (du pied du cheval) frush or frog; (pour appuyer un mousquet) rest for a musket. FOURCHON, foor-shon, s. m. prong. Four-

chete à trois fourchons, three-pronged fork.
FOURCHU, E, foor-sho, à, adj. forked.
Pied-fourchu, cloven-foot. V. Fourché. Chemin-fourchu, cross-way.

FOURCHURE, s. f. place split, splitting. Fourgon, foor-gon, s. m. coal-rake, oven rake, sort of carriage or wagon, covered

wagon, poker.

FOURGONNER, foor-go-na, v. n. to poke, to stir the fire with a fork or poker, poke or fumble about.

FOURMI, foor-mil, s. f. ant, pismire or emmet. Fourmi-lion, s. m. Formica-leo.

FOURMILLER, s. m. a sort of four-footed animal who lives on ants.

FOURNILLEMENT, foor-mil-men, s. m. pricking (like the running of ants on the skin.)
FOURNILLER, foor-mil-la, v. n. to swarm or abound with, crawl with or be full of. La main me four mille, I feel a pricking in my

hand like the stinging of ants.
FOURMILIERE, foor-mi-lier, s. f. anthillock or ant-hole, aut's nest; swarm, great throng or crowd.

FOURRAGE, foor-naz, s. m. fee that the lord takes of his vassals and tenants bound to bake in his common oven.

FOURNAISE, fdor-nez, s. f. furnace or kiln. FOURNEAU, foor-no, s. m. stove; mine (of ponder;) (d'une pipe à fumer) bowl.
Fournez, foor-na, s. f. a whole baking,

oven full

FOURNI, E, adj. furnished, provided, supplied, stocked, etc. full, thick.
FOURNIER, E, foor-ula, nier, s. m. & f.

one that keeps a public oven or an oven-tender; sort of bird.

FOURNIL, foor-ni, s. m. bake-house. FOURNIMENT, foor-si-men, s. m. powderflask.

FOURNIR, foor-air, v. a. to furnish, find, provide, stock or supply with, give or afford; to make up complete : (la carrière, la course) to run, run out. Fournir un vaisseau de monde, to man a shipe Fournir, v. n. to serve the turn, to hold out. Fournir à tout, to answer all demands. Je ne saurois fournir à unt de dépenses, I am not able to bear so much charge

FOURNISSEMENT, s. m. stock in trade, share.

FOURKISSEUR, foor-ni-seur, s. m. contractor. FOURNITURE, thor-nl-tur, s. f. furnishing, providing, provision; (d'une salade) sweet nerbs. (d'un iudu) Trinming; (d'une robe L'enfant) furniture.

FOURRAGE, foo-rat, s. m. fodder, forage. Aller au fourrage, to go a foraging.

FOURRAGER, fdo-ra-za, v. n. to forage,

v. a. to waste, ruin or ravage.
FOURRAGEUR, foo-rh-seur, a. m. forager.
FOURRAGEUR, foo-rh-seur, a. interchanged
thrust or blow. He se annt dorné des coups
thrust or blow. fourrés, they ran one another through. bois bien fourre, wood full of thickets. paix fourrée, a peace suddenly made and not likely to last long. Faire une paix fourrée, to clap up a peace. Pièce d'or or d'argent fourte, piece of money plated. Bottes de foin fourtes, trusses of hay mixed with good and bad. Langues fourtes, neats' tongues.

FOURELU, foorto, s. m. case; (de chaire)

cover; (d'épée) scabbard; (du membre d'un cheval) sheath; (de robe d'enfant) frock; (de pistolet) holster. Faux fourreau de pistolet, pistol bag. L'orge est en fourreau, the barley is not yet eared. Coucher dans son fourreau, to lie or sleep in one's clother

FOURRELIER, s. m. scabbard-maker. FOURRER, foo-ra, v. a. to put or thrust in, foist in, to cram or stuff with; to fur or line with fur. Fourrer quelque chose dans l'esprit, to beat a thing into one's brains. Fourrer un câble, etc. Mar. to serve a cable, etc. rer un câble avec de vieux cordages, to keckle a cable. Se fourrer, v. r. to introduce or intrude one's self, get or creep into, enter boldly; to clothe one's self well. Se fourrer dans e affaire, to engage in a business.
FOURREUR, foo-rear, s. m. furrier, skinser.

FOURBIER, foo-ria, s. m. officer who marks out the lodgings of troops.

FOURRIÈRE, s. f. wood-yard. Mettre wie vache, etc. en fourrière, to pound a cow, etc.

FOURRURE, foor-dr. s. f. fur; fur-lining, FOURRURE, foor-dr. s. f. fur; fur-lining, Fourrure, Mar. service (of plat, mat, hide, parlling, etc.) (succ de vieux cordages) keckling, plat; (terme d'architecture navale) fur,

*FOURVOIEMENT, foor-vwa-men, s. m. wandering or going astray, error, mistake.
FOUR VOYER, foor-vwa-ya, v. a. to lead

or put out of the way. Se fourcoyer, v. r. to go astray or out of the way, miss or mistake one's way; also, to err, be in an error, mistake. FOUTEAU, foo-to, s. m. beech-tree.

FOUTEAU, 100-00, s. m. beech-trees.
FOUTEAUE, s. f. a grove of beech-trees.
FOUEE, fwh-yh, s. m. hearth; beat or fire; focus; tiring-room (in theatres.) Foyer, house, habitation, dwelling place. Combattre pour see propres foyers, to fight for one's home.
FRACAS, frh-kh, s. m. great crash or crack or noise, clutter, havock, hurly-burly. Faire group from from the propression to make a

un grand fracas dans le monde, to make a great noise or figure in the world.

FRACASSER, fra-ka-sa, v. a. to destroy,

break in pieces, split in pieces, shatter.
FRACTION, frak-slon, s. f. fraction. Fraction du pain, breaking of bread.
FRACTIONMAIRE, frak-slo-ner, adj. frac-

tional.

FRACTURE, frak-tur, s. f. fracture, break-

ing.
FRACTURÉ, E, fråk-tå-rå, adj. broken.
FRACTURÉ, irå-ril, adj. fragile, brittle, apt
to break; brittle, frail or weak; uncertain, unstable.

FRAGILITÉ, frà-2l-il-tà, s. f. brittleness fragility, frailty or weakness, uncertainty, is stability.

bar. bat. base : thère, êbb, ovêr : f.eld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gêod,

FRAGMENT, fråg-men, s. m. fragment.
FRAI, frè, s. m. spawning of fishes, spawn
of fishes, young fish; alteration of money by

FRAICHE, the feminine of Freis.
FRAICHEMENT, fresh-mon, adv. freshly, newly, just or just now: also coolly. Nows somenes ici assex fraichement (or au frais) was are cool enough here. Le vent nous conduira fraichement chez nous, the wind will keep us cool in our way home.

FRAICHEUR, fre-sheur, s. f. cool, coolness; freshness, bloom. Fraicheur, Mar. light breeze of wind. Cette fracheur vient du sud, this light air comes from the southward.

Fraichir, frè-shir, v. n. Mar. to freshen.

Le vent fraichit, the wind freshens.

Frairie, frè-ri, s. f. merry-making, mer-

ry-bout.

FRAIS, FRAICHE, frè, frèsh, adj. fresh; cool; cold; fresh, new; fresh and clear; fresh not salted. Du pais or du beurre frais, new bread or butter. Plaie toute frache, green or raw wound. Des œufs frais, new-laid eggs. Vin frais, vine newly tapped. Cheval qui a la bouche frache, horse that has a moist mouth.

FRAIS, FRAICHE, adv. fresh, newly. Des herbes toutes fraîches cueillies, herbs fresh gathered. Frais renu, newly come.

FRAIS, s. m. cool, cool air, fresh air; charges, expenses, costs. Il est de grands frais, he is very chargeable or expensive.

Recommencer sur nouveaux frais, to begin

A peu de frais, cheap, with little expense.

FRAIS, frè, s. m. Mar. petit frais, light breeze.

Bon frais or vent frais, frès breeze, frais de frai breeze. Bon frais or vent frais, fresh breeze, gale of wind. Petil frais or petil vent frais, loom gale. Grand frais, stiff breeze. It went fon frais du nord-nord-est, there is a good breeze from the north-north-east. Les rents sont au sud-ouest grand frais, it blows a stiff breeze from the south-west.

FRAISE, frez, s. f. (fruit) strawberry; (for the neck) ruff; lamb or calf's caul or chawdron; drill (a blacksmith's tool.) Fraises, (term in fortification) fraises, pointed stakes.
FRAISER, fre-za, v. a. to plait; strengthen

with fraises or pointed stakes; to drill. Fraiser des fèves, to slip beans out of their skin. Fraiser la pâte, to beat or order the paste well.

Fraisette, s. f. a little ruff. Fraisier, frè-zlà, s. m. strawberry plant. Fraisil, frè-zl, s. m. cinders. Frais, V. Frais.

FRAMBOISE, fren-bwaz, s. f. raspberry. Franboist, E, adj. Ex. Hypocras fram-

boise, raspberry hypocras.
FRAMBOISER, fren-bwa-za, v. a. to give a

taste of raspberry to.
FRAMEOISIER, frèn-bwa-zla, s. m. raspberry-bush.

FRANC, HE, fron, frensh, adj. free; exempted, frank; very, arrant, mere; frank, downright, candid, sincere, open, plain; cultivated; (tree) grafted, not wild. J'y at resté deux jours francs, I staid there two whole days. Dire la franche vérité, to tell the naked truth. Franc-osier, osier, withy. Franc du collier, ready, forward. Franc-salé, yearly provision or allowance of salt. Un chercheur de lippées

franches, spunger, trencher fly, trencher friend.

Franc, Mar. bâtiment franc d'eau, ship pumped out dry. Franc bord d'un bâtiment, planks of a ship's bottom. Etre sur son franc bord, to be without any sort of sheathing. Franc-funin, white or untarred rope of (a large size usually roved on board French ships for winding tackle falls, etc.) Franc-tillac, lowermost deck.

FRANC, s. m. (French coin worth about 18 or 19 cents) livre, franc; (name given to christians in Turkey) Frank. Francs, Francs or Franks (the ancient inhabitants of France.)

FRANC, adv. frankly, freely, plainly, with-out dissimulation, flatly; clearly, entirely. FRANCATU, s. m. kind of russetin ap-

FRANCHEMENT, frensh-men, adv. frankly, freely, openly, boldly, plainly, flatly.

Franchir, free shir, v. a. to leap or get

or go over; to go beyond; (des difficultés) to overcome or surmount. Franchir le mot, to speak plainly, not to mince the matter. Franchir, Mar. to free the ship, etc. Franchir l'eau d'un bâtiment, to free a ship by the pumps. Frunchir la lame, to top the sea. Franchir un hunc en forçant de voiles, to force over a bank by carrying a press of sail. Le bâtiment franchissoit de cinq pieds à basse-mer, the ship sewed five feet at low water.

FRANCHISE, frèn-shlz, s. f. franchise, freedom, immunity, exemption; privileged place; freedom, plainness, candour, sincerity, openness; ireedom, liberty. Un cœur plein de franchise, a person of a free temper, an honest soul.

FRANCISCAIN, s. m. Franciscan friar. FRANCISER, fren-sl-zh, v. a. to frenchify

make French (foreign words.)
FRANCISQUE, s. f. battle-axe.

FRANÇOIS, E. frèn-se, sez, adj. French. Le françois, la langue françoise, the French. the French tongue or language. Un Fran-cois, a French-man. Une Françoise, a Frenchwoman. A la Françoise, after the French fashion. (François, Françoise, when chris-tian names, are to be pronounced Frang-swar; and they then mean Fran-and Frang-swar; and they then mean Fran-

cis, Frances.)
FRANCOLIN, frèn-kô-lin, s. m. a heathcock or rail.

FRAN-RÉAL, s. m. a sort of pear. FRANGE, frênz, s. f. fringe. Des gants à

frange, fringed gloves.
FRANGER, fren-2a, v. a. to fringe.

FRANGER, E, s. m. & f. fringe-maker. FRANGER, E. S. M. & I. Iringe-maker.
FRANGIPANE, freh-21-phn, s. f. kind of
perfume; also kind of pastry, made with
cream, pounded almonds, and pistachios.
FRANGUE, frehk, adj. Ex. La langue
Frangue, language used in the Levant, lingua

Franca, (mixture of the French, Italian, and Spanish.)

FRANQUETTE, sien-ket. Ex. A la fran-

FRANQUETTE, iren-ket. Ex. A la fran-quette, adv. frankly, freely, plainly, openly. FRANQUIÈME, s. m. immunity. FRAPPANT, E. fra-pen. pent, adj. striking, that strikes, affecting. FRAPPE, frap, s. f. stamping. FRAPPE, E., adj. struck, smitten. Frappe du tonnerre, thunderstruck. Frappé d'eton

bûse bût : jeune, mênte, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

nement, amazed, astonished. Aroir l'esprit frappe d'une opinion, to be obstinate or stiff a an opinion, get wedded to it. Un drap bien frappé, close, well wrought cloth.

FRAPPE-MAIN, s. m. hotcockies (a game.) FRAPPEMENT, frap-men, s. m. Ex. Frappe-

rent de mains, clapping of hands.
FRAPPER, frie-pl, v. a. to strike; smite or beat; (à la porte) to knock; (de la monnoie) to stamp. Frapper dans la main, to shake Frapper des mains, to clap. Fraphands. per d'Honnement, to strike with amazement, amaze or astonish. Frapper, amaze turn in. etc. Frapper d'Honnement, to strike with wonder or per une poulie sur une vergue, etc. to lash a block upon a yard, etc. Frapper un cordage, to seize. Les grands haubans sont frappés sur leurs caps de mouton, the dead eyes of the main rigging are turned in. Frappe in pa-lor sur l'écoute du vent du petit hamier, clap a tackle on the weather fore top-sail sheet. Frapper le tourne-vire sur le câble, to bring to the messenger. Frapper doubles garcettes sur le tourne-rire, to clap on thick and dry. FRAPPEU-R, SE, ITA-peur, peuz, adj. beater.

FRASE, fraz, s. f. drill. FRASER, fra-za, v. a. to drill or thrill; to put flour to paste.

FRASQUE, frask, s. f. a trick. Ex. Il m'a

fait une frasque, he has played me a trick.
FRATER, fra-ter, s. m. young barber or

FRATERNEL, LE, frå-ter-nel, adj. brother-

ly, fraternal, of a brother.

FRATERNELLEMENT, frå ter-bel-men, adv. brotherly, fraternally, lovingly, kindly.
FRATERNISER, fraternal-za, v. n. to live together like two brothers, fraternize.
FRATERNITE, fraternal-d, s. f. fraternity,

brotherhood, brotherly love, society.

FRATRICIDE, frit-tri-sid, s. m. fratricide. murdering of one's own brother, killer of his brother.

FRAUDE, frod, s. f. fraud, cheat. deceit, cozenage.

FRAUDER, fro-da, v. a. to cheat; to de-

fraud, cheat, or deprive by a trick. FRAUDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. defrauder, cheater.

FRAUDULEUSEMENT, frò-då-lèuz-mên, adv.

fraudulently, deceitfully, by a trick.
FRAUDULEU-X, SE, fro-du-leu, leuz, adj.

fraudulent, fraudful, crafty.

FRANIMELLE, s. f. bastard dittany (a plant)

FRAYANT, E, adj. expensive.

FRAYÉ, E, adj. beaten. Ex. Chemin frayé, beaten way.

FRAYER, fra-ya, v. n. to show, open, clear (a road;) to rub; to graze, touch lightly; to spawn; to agree.

FRAYEUR, fre-yeur, s. f. fright, dread, fear, terror. Donner de la frayeur, to fright. Etre saisi de frayeur, to be frighted. FREDAINE, fre-den, s. f. prank, mad prank,

frolick.

FREDON, fre-don, s. m. three cards of the same kind; (de roix) trilling, shake or quavering. Faire des fredons, to run a division, trill, quaver.

FREDONNER, fre-dô-na, v. n. to trill, shake

or quaver.

PREGATE, fre-gat, s f. frigate; a sort of pelican

FRÉGATÉ, E, edj. Mar. frigate built. FRÉGATON, s. t. Venetian frigate.

FREIN, frin, s. m. curb, bit, horse-bit; restrain, bridle, check, curb. Mettre un frein à sa langue, to bridle one's tongue. Il faut donner un frein à sa cruauté, his cruelty must be curbed. Prendre le frein aux dents, to be earnest in a business, pursue a resolution. Ronger son frein, to fret within one's self.

FRELAMPIER, s. m. mere scrub, good for

nothing fellow.

FRELATER, fre-la-ta, v. a. to sophisticate

or adulterate (soine.)
*FRELATERIE, frè-lât-ri, s. f. sophistica-

tion, adulteration (of liguors.)

FRELE, frel, adj. brittle, frail, faint, weak
(In some constries) damsel.

FRELOR, fre-lon, s. m. drone, wasp.

FRELUCHE, s. f. tuft. Boutons à freluche, tufled buttons.

FRELUQUET, fre-ld-ke, s. m. prig, spark. frivolous man.

FREMIR, frå-mår, v. n. to quake or tremble; to simmer; (de rage, de colère) to chafe, fret or fume. Son nom seul fait frémir, his name alone strikes terror. Je ne saurois y penser saus frémir, I cannot think on it without horror. Je ne saurois de la company de la contraction de la ror. La mer commence à frémir, the sea begias to roar.

FRÉMISSEMENT, frà-mis-men, s. m. qua-king or trembling; (des cloches après qu'elles

and our tenning; (as cookes apres queues out some) din or humaing; (de la ser) roaring. FRENE, frèn, s. m. ash-tree. FRENESIE, frà-nà-zl, s. f. frenzy, madness. FRENESIE, trà-nà-zl, adj. frantick, mad. Ardeur frénétique, adj. violent or vehement passion.

FRÉNÉTIQUE, s. m. & f. frantick or mad person,

FREQUENCERT, fra-ka-men, adv. frequently, often, oftentimes.

FRÉQUENCE, s. f. frequency. La fréquence de ses visites importane, his frequent visits are troublesome.

FRÉQUENT, E, frà-kàn, kant, adj. frequent, usual, common, ordinary. Pouls fréquent, quick pulse.
FRÉQUENTATIF, frà-kàn-tà-th, adj. or s

m. (in grammar) frequentative

FREQUENTATION, fra-kan-ta-sion, s. f haunting, frequenting, conversing, keeping company; frequent use.

FREQUENTE, E, adj. frequented, resorted to.
FREQUENTER, frâ-kân-tâ, v. a. (un lieu)
to frequent or haunt, to go or resort often to;
(la mer) to use; (quelqu'un) to frequent or
haunt, converse or keep company or society
with: v. n. to use a place, to go or be often

FRÈRE, frèr, s. m. brother; friar, monk. Bon frère, frère de la jubilation, good com-panion. Bâtimens or vaisseaux frères, Mar. panion. sister ships.

FRESAIE, s. f. screech-owl.

FRESQUE, fresk, s. fresco (a painting on a wall newly plastered.) Peindre à fresque, to paint in fresco.

FRESSURE, frê-sur, s. f. pluck (of an ani mal.) Fressure de cochon, a hog's harslet. FRET, frê, s. m. Mar. freight, hire of a ship.

Prendre un fret, to take a freight
FRETEMENT, fret-men. s. m. Mar. hiring

or freighting.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, i'lg : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

FRÉTER, frå-tå, v. a. Mar. to freight or

hire or take up.
FRETEUR, frå-teur, s. m. Mar. owner of a

ship, that lets her to hire

FRÉTILLANT, E, frå-ul-len, lent, adj. wagging, stirring, fluttering, frisking.
FRÉTILLE, s. f. straw. Con

frétille, to lie upon the straw.

FRÉTILLEMENT, frå-til-men, s. m. frisk-

ing, fluttering about.
FRETILLER, frå-tl-lå, v. n. to flutter, frisk

FRETIN, fre-tin, s. m. fry, young fish; trash, rubbish.

FRETTE, s. f. verril, ferrule. FRETTE, E, adj. fretton (in heraldry.)

FREUX, s. m. a sort of rook.

FRIABILITÉ, fri-à-bi-li-tà, s. f. friability. FRIABLE, fil-abl, adj. friable, apt to crum-

FRIAND, E, frien, end, edj. dainty mouthed, that loves tit-bits, lickerish, dainty or delicate. Gold friand, nice taste or palate. Friand de louanges, greedy of praise. Rasoir

friand, sharp razor. FRIAND, E, s. m. & f. dainty-mouthed er

FRIANDISE, Ind. et al. daintiness of ickerish person, sweet-tooth.

FRIANDISE, Irlandize de louanges, greediness of praise. Friandise de louanges, greediness of praise. Friandise, or viandes-friandes) dainties, kickshaws, tit-bits, delieacies.

FRICANDEAU, fri-ken-do, s. m. scotch-

collop.

FRICASSÉ, E, adj. made into a fricassee. Tout est fricasse, all is gone or squandered

FRICASSÉE, fri-ka-sa, s. f. fricassee.

PRICASSER, fri-kå-så, v. a. to make into a fricassee; to spend or squander away, waste riotously in eating and drinking.

FRICASSEUR, s. m. pakry cook.
FRICHE, fifsh, s. f. fallow ground, land untilled or over-grown with weeds. Laisser une terre en friche, to leave a piece of ground untilled, let it he fallow.
FRICTION, frik-sion, s. f. friction or rub-

bing. FRIGIDITÉ, fri-ei-di-ta, s. f. frigidity, impotency.

FRIGORIFIQUE, fri-go-ri-fik, adi, frigorifick.

FRILEU-x, se, fri-leu, leuz, adj. chilly. FRIMAIRE, s. m. third month in the new French calendar.

FRIMAS, fri-ma, s. m. hoar frost, rime.

FRIME, s. f. show, pretence. Il n'en que la frime, he only made a show of it, he only pretended or made as is

FRINGANT, E, frin-gan, gant, adj. mettlesome, full of mettle, brisk, airy, gamesome. Il fuit le fringant, he takes too much latitude.
FRINGUER, frin-ga, v. a. to wash, rinse:

FRIPE, E, adj. fumbled, etc. Tout est fripe, all is gone or squandered away.
FRIPE, it-pa, v. a. to fumble, rumple, or ruffle; (un livre) to spoil or abuse; (un habit) to wear out to rags; to gobble down, eat greedily, devour; to spend, consume or waste rotously. Friper les classes, to play the tru-ant. Friper un discours or une pensée d'un auteur, to play the plagiarist, to steal a cus-er urse or thought

FRIPERIE, frip-ri, s. f. broker's street. trade, brocage, broker's rag-fair; frippery, old clothes. Acheter un habit à la friperie, us buy a suit at the broker's. Se jeter sur la friperie de quelqu'un, to fall upon one's bones or jacket, belabour one's bones; also jeer or jacket, Denarous one, fall foul upon one. FRIFE-SAUCE, a. m. greedy gut. waster. Grand fripeu

d'habits, great waster of clothes.

FRIPIER, E, frl-pla, pler, s. m. & f. dealer

in old clothes. Friping at 15 min. 1. tener FRIPON, NE, fripon, pon, adj. & s. re-guish, waston; (un fripon) a knave, a cheat; a rogue; (une friponie) a knavish woman, a cheat, coquette; an idle girl; a rogue, a dear rogue. Un petit fripon, an idle boy. Une action de fripon, a knavish or cheating trick.

ACTION ME J. S. KRAVEN OF CREATING UTCK.
FRIPONNEN, fid-po-na, v. a. to cheat, cozen
or steal away, trick out of; v. n. to play knavish tricks, also to play the truent.
FRIPONNERIE, fid-pon-ri, a. f. knavish

trick, roguery, cheat.

FRIQUET, fri-ke, s. m. kind of sparrow;

prig; kitchen slice.
FRIRE, frir, v. a. to fry. Navoir pas de quoi frire, to have little or nothing to depend upon. Rn'y a pas de quoi frire, il n'y a rien à frire, there is nothing to be got by it.

FRISE, friz, s. f. frieze; chevaux de frise, chevaux de frise. Mar. kersey or baise, used for lining the gun ports and covering the scars of the keel. Frise de l'eperon or frise entre les jottereaux, trail-board.

FRISER, fri-zh, v. a. to curi, frizzle, crisp; to touch lightly, graze, glance upon; (une servietle) to ruffle; (du drop) to nap. Le vent frise Peau, the wind ruffles the water. La voile frise, Mar. (on dit pluttot la voile faséye or fasé) the sail shivers in the wind. FRISOIR, fit-zwar, s. m. bodkin (to part the hair with, etc.) tool for putting a nap to cloth.

FRISON, s. m. under-peticoat.

FRISQUETTE, s. f. frisket (of a printing

FRISSON, frl-son, s. m. shivering, cold fit shivering, quaking.

FRISSONNEMENT, fri-son-men, s. m. shivering, quaking or trembling.

FRISSONNER, fri-sô-na, v. n. to shiver, quake or tremble.

FRISURE, fri-zdr, s. f. curl or curling.
FRIT, E, adj. (from Frire) fried. Tout est
frit, all is gone to pot, there is nothing left.

FRITILLAIRE, s. f. a sort of lily, FRITURE, s. f. any thing that serves to fry

with; frying; fried fish.
FRIVOLE, fri-vol, ach frivolous, vain, slight,

sorry, trifling.
FRIVOLITE, frl-vo-11-th, s. f. frivolousness.

FRIZE, s. f. Friezland.

FROC, frok, s. m. a monk's habit. le froc, to abandon the life of a monk. le frec aux orties, to run away from the convent, apostatize.

FROID, E, frwa frwad, adj. cold, frigid, grave, close or reserved; slack, remiss, indifferent, backward, unwilling; bald, silly, poor, weak, dull. Eau froide, cold water. Zone froide, frigid zone Faire or battre froid à quelqu'un, le recevoir d'une manière froide

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : endant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to receive one coldly. Un homme froid dans ses discours, a man that speaks but little. Il slit cela d'une manière si froide, he speaks it so

Very coldy.
FROID, s. m. cold; reservedness, gravity.
Pai froid, I am cold. Mourir de froid, geler
starved with cold. Rouffer te chaud et le froid, to blow hot and cold.

FROIDEMENT, frwad-men, adv. in a cold place or condition; weakly, faintly; coldly,

reservedly.

FROIDEUR, frwa-deur, s. f. coldness; fri-gidity; cold reception, indifferency. Reception quelqu'un avec freideur, to give one a cold re-ception, receive one coldly. Parler d'une personne avec froideur, to speak of one with indifferency.

FROIDIR, frwa-dr, v. n. Se froidir, v. r.

to grow cold.
FROIDURE, frwik-dar, s. f. cold or cold weather.

FROIDUREU-X, SE, frwå-då-reu, reuz, adj.

chilly.
FROISSEMENT, frwds-men, s. m. bruising,

dashing against, collision.
FROISSER, frwå-så, v. a. to bruise, to fumble, rumple or ruffle, to break, tear or dash to pieces.
FROISSURE, frwå-sår, s. f. bruise.

FROLEMENT, frol-men, s. m. grazing or touching lightly

FRÔLER, fro-là, v. a. to graze, touch lightly.

FROMAGE, fro-maz, s. m. cheese. Entre la poire et le fromage, in the midst of their jollity, at the end of the feast.

FROMAGER, E, fro-ma-za, zer, s. m. & f.

cheese-monger.

FROMAGERIE, fro-maz-ri, s. f. cheesemarket, place where cheese is made or kept. FROMENT, fro-men, s. m. wheat. Pain de froment, wheaten-bread. Un pain de froment, a wheaten-loaf.

FROMENTÉE, s. f. frumenty or furmenty. FRONCEMENT, froms men, s. m. frowning,

knitting or contracting of the brows.

FRONCER, fron-sa, v. a. to gather, pucker; to bend or knit. Froncer te sourcil, to frown, knit one's brow.

FRORCIS, fron-sl, s. m. gather or gathering, pucker.

PRONCLE, s. m. bile, furuncle.

FRONCURE, s. f. gather, pucker.

FRONDE, frond, s. f. sling; also party that

opposes the administration.

FRONDER, fron-da, v. a. to sling or fling; to explode, turn into ridicule, rail at, have a fling at; to exclaim against the administration.

FRONDEUR, fron-deur, s. m. slinger; a

stickler (against the government.)

FRONT, fron, s. m. forehead; front; face, boldness, confidence, impudence. Front d'airain, brazen-face. Se faire un front d'airain, to put on a brazen-countenance. De quel front ose-t-il s'opposer à ce que fe veux? how dares he be so bold at to oppose my will. Un cheval qui a le fri nt ala, a mare-faced horse. Faire front de tous Obles, to face every way. De front, a-breast, in the front. De front de tous Coules front de house. front, Mar. a-breast. En front de bandière, in a line of battle, a-breast at half a cable's length distance.

FRONTAL, fron-tal, s. m. frontlet; also kind of rack tied hard about a man's forehead to make him confess something.

FRONTAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the forebead.

FRONTEAU, fron-to, s. m. frontlet, front-stall of a bridle. Mar. breast-work. Fronteau de la dunette, breast-work of the poop.

FROSTIÈRE, fron-tièr, s. f. frontiers, bor-

FRONTIÈRE, adj. frontier. Ville frontière,

a frontier town. FRONTIGNAC, fron-ti-guak, s. m. fronti-guac (sort of some.) FRONTISPICE, fron-tis-pls, s. m. front,

frontispiece.

FRONTON, fron-ton, s. m. pediment.

FROTTAGE, fro-taz, s. m. rubbing

FROTTEMENT, frot-men, s. m. rubbing or

friction.

FROTTER, fro-ta, v. a. to rub; to rub with, amoint, do over; to bang or beat. Mar. to chase. Se frotter à, v. r. to meddle with. Ne vous y frotter pas, do not meddle with it. Ne vous y frotter pas, do not meddle with it. I ne s'y faut pas frotter, it is no good meddling with it. Se frotter à quelqu'us, to keep company with one.

FROTTEU-R, SE, fro-teur, teuz, s. m. & f rubber, man or woman employed in rubbing

rooms, etc.

FROTTOIR, fro-twar, s. m. rubbing cloth

Frottoir de velours, rubber.

FRUCTIFICATION, s. f. fructification. FRUCTIFIER, fruk-ti-fla, v. n. to bring forth

fruit, be fruitful, fructify, thrive or prosper.
FRUCTUEUSEMENT, fruk-td-edz-men, adv

profitably, successfully.

FRUCTUEU-x, se, fruk-tu-eu, euz, adj. profitable, advantageous, of some advantage. FRUGAL, E, frd-gal, adj. frugal, thritty, sober, temperate.

FRUGALITE, frû-gâl-mên, adv. fru-gâlly, thriftily, soberly, temperately.
FRUGALITÉ, frû-gâ-l-tâ, s. f. frugality, thriftiness, soberness, temperance.
FRUGIVORE, adj. living on greens.
FRUIT, frûl, s. m. fruit; fruit of the womb,

child; dessert, last course; benefit, advantage, improvement, effect. Fruits, fruits, profits, rent, revenue. Il fait beaucoup de fruit par ses sermons, he does a great deal of good by his sermous. Ce sont pour moi des fruits nouveaux, these are rarities to me.

FRUITAGE, s. m. fruitage. FRUITERIE, fruit-ri, s. f. fruitery or fruit

loft.

FRUITIER, E, frui-la, tier, adj. fruit-bear ing. Ex. Un arbre fruitier, a fruit-bearing-tree, a fruit-tree. Jardin fruitier or un-frui-tier, s. m. an orchard, a fruit-garden.

FRUITIER, E, s. m. & f. fruiterer, fruit man

or woman.

*FRUSQUIN, frus-kin, s. m. property. Ila dépensé tout son frusquin, he has spent his ali.

FRUSTE, adj. (with antiquaries) defaced. FRUSTRATOIRE, adj. frustratory.

FRUSTRATURE, and it also frustrate, balk, disappoint, deprive of (one's due.)
FUGITI-F, VE, fd-zl-df, tlv, adj. & s. fugitive.

Fugue, fug, s. m. fugue or chace (in m. sick.)

Fúi, E, adj. fled, gone, run away

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: 1 leld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

FUIE, s. f. coop (for pigeons.)
FUIR, full, v. n. to fly or flee, run or run
away; to delay, put off, shuffle, shift; to fail. The succession we peut its fair, that reversion can never fail him. Empleher quelqu'un de fair, to hinder a man's flight. Mar. to run, etc. Feir vent arrière, to scud. La côte fuit dans le nord-ouest, the coast runs to the north-west. Fuir devant le temps, to bear up and scud. Fuir à la lame, to run before the sea. Fuir, v. a. to shun, avoid or eschew, fly or flee from. Un cheval qui fuit les talons, a horse that fears or minds the spur.

FUITE, fold, s. f. flight, escape, running away, shunning or avoiding; evasion, shift, subterfuge, shuffling. Prendre la fuite, to fly

or run away.

ful-gu-ra-slon, s. f. (in FULGURATION, for chemistry) fulguration.

FULIGINEU-X, SE, fu-ll-zl-neu, neuz, adj. faliginous, sooty.

FULMINART, E, fûl-mî-nên, nênt, adj. storming, mad. Or fulminant (or calcine par l'em forte,) aurum fulminans.

FULMINATION, ful-ml-nh-slon, s. f. fulmination. Faire la fulmination d'une sentence d'excommunication, to fulminate an excommunication.

FULMINER, fall-ml-na, v. a. to fulminate: v. n. to storm, be mad or desperately angry, chafe, fret and fume.

FUMANT, E. 16-men, ment, ad. smoking.

Fumant de colère, fuming, in a passion.

Fuméz, fd-mk, s. f. smoke; steam; smoke, air, wind, vain hope.

Fumézs, fumes, vapours; dung, excrement. S'en aller en fumée, to come to nothing. Se repaitre de fumée, to feed one's self with vain expectations.

Fumen, fû-ma, v. a. to smoke; to dung or muck; v. n. to smoke. Fumer de colère, to

fret and fume, chafe.

FUMERON, fum-ron, s. m. piece of char-coal not burnt enough, and which smokes a great deal.

FUMETE, fû-mê, s. m. flavour, fumette. FUMETERRE, fûm-têr, s. f. fumitory (a plant.)

Fumeu-R, se, fû-mêur, meuz, s. m. & f.

smoker (of tabacco.)
FUMEU-X, SE, fü-meu, meuz, adj. fumy, that sends fumes into one's head, heady.

FUNIER, 16-mlå, s. m. dung or muck, dunghill. Mourir sur un fumier, to die in a ditch.

FUMIGATION, fû-mî-gâ-sion, s. f. fumigation

Funican, fû-mî-za, v. a. to fumigate. FUMISTE, s. m. one whose particular busi-

ness is to prevent chimneys from smoking.
FUNAMBULE, få-nen-bål, s. m. & f. rope dancer.

FUNEBRE, få-nebr, adj. funeral, funereal dark, dismal. Une oraison funcbre, a funeral sermon.

*FUNER, få-nå, v. a. Mar. to rig. Funer les mâts, to rig the masts.
Fun Érailles, fû-nà-ral, s. f. pl. funeral

obsequies.

FUNERAIRE, fu-na-rer, adj. funeral. Frais funéraires, funeral expenses

FUNESTE, fû-nêst, adj. fatal, unlucky. FUNESTEMENT, fû-pêst-mên, adv. fatally FUNESTEMENT, fû-pest-mên, adv. fatally, in fital manner. Cela arriva le plus funeste-

ment du monde, that happened by the greatest fatality in the world.

*FUNIN, fû-nin, s. m. rigging (of a ship.) FUR, fûr, Ex. A fur et à mesure, or au fur et à mesure, gradually. A fur et à mesure que, or au fur et à mesure que, gradually as,

as soon as, as fast as.

FURET, fû-re, s. f. ferret. Un wrai furet, a ferreter.

FURETER, for-ta, v. n. to catch with a fer-Fureter, v. a. to ferret, search.

FURETEUR, for-teur, s. m. catcher of rabbits with a ferret; also busy inquirer. Fureteur de nouvelles, news-hunter.
FUREUR, fû-rêur, s. f. fury; rage, mad-

ness, frenzy; passion, rage; heat, transport, rapture; eager desire, eagerness; holy zeal. FURIBOND, E, fû-rî-bon, bond, adj. furious,

raging mad.
FURIE, fû-rl, s. f. fury; passion; fierceness, heat; a fury; violent or raging woman.
FURIEUSEMENT, fû-rleuz-mên, adv. extremely, mightily, very much, deadly, pro-

digiously.

FURIEU-X, SE, få-rieu, rieuz, adj. furious, fierce. great, exceed

ing, extravagant, prodigious.
FUROLLES, s. f. pl. fiery exhalations.

FURONCLE, få-ronkl, s. m. furuncle. FURTI-F, ve, får-tlf, tiv, adj. done by stealth, stolen, secret.

FURTIVEMENT, adv by stealth, secretly, in hugger-mugger.

FUSAIN, s. m. spindle-tree or prick-wood (a shrub.)

Fuseaux, fû-so, s. m. spindle. Jambes de fuseaux, spindle shanks. Fuseaux à dentelle. bobbings to make lace.

Fuser, fû-za, s. f. spindle full; squib; fasee; (d'um enontre fiusee; (d'um tourne-broche) barrel; (en architecture) fillet; (terme de blacon) fusil; (terme de marine) mouse. Fusée volante, rocket, sky-rocket. Ma fusée est achevée, my life is spent or come to an end. Démêler une fusée (or une intrigue,) to clear an intricate busines

Fuske, adj. f. slaked (said of lime.) Fuself, adj. fusile (in heraldry.) FUSER, v. a. to slake; spread

FUSER, V. 8. to SEARC; Spireou.
FUSIBILITÉ, S. f. fusibility.
FUSIBILITÉ, S. f. fusibility.
FUSIBLE fû-zlb, adj. fusible, fusile.
FUSIL, fû-zl, s. m. (of a tinder-box) steel;
fusil or fusee, gun or light gun, musket, firelock. Fusil de bord, Mar. ship's musket. Pierre à fusil, flint.

FUSILE, adj. fusil or fusible, that may be melted.

FUSILIER, få-zl-llå, s. m. fusilier, musketeer.

FUSILLER, fd-z1-la, v. a. to shoot (a soldier.) FUSION, 10-zlon, s. f. fusion or melting. FUSTE, s. f. kind of galley. FUSTET, s. m. a sort of tree.

FUSTIGATION, fds-tl-gd-slos, s. f. whip-

ping, flogging.
FUSTIGER, fds-tl-za, v. a. to whip or lash

Fûr, fût, s. m. stock of a gun or pistol; cask; (d'un tantour) barrel; (d'une hallebarde) staff; (d'une colonne) shaft or shank.

Fit de giroueite, Mar. vane-stock. V. Etre. FUTAIR, fû-tê, s. f. wood or forest of high or lofty trees

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

FUTAILLE, fû-tâl, s. f. cask. Pretailles Mar. water and provision casks (of a ship.)
Futaille sui coule, leaky cask.
FUTAISE, fû-tên, s. f. fustian, dimity.

FUTAIRIER, s. m. fustian or dimity-weaver.

FUTALRIER, S. II. IUSUARO O URBINA WORKER.
FUTÉ, E., 10-41, adj. futile, frivolous, vain,
trifling, whiffling.
FUTILITÉ, 10-4-11-41, s. f. futility, vanity.

FUTUR, Z, fû-tûr, tûr, adj. future, to come, that is to be.

FUTUR, s. m. (in grammer) future or fu-ture tense. Contingent futur, future contingent.

FUTURITION, s. f. futurition.

FUNANT, E, adj. (from fuir) flying, etc. Couleur fuyante, light fading colour. Un faux fuyant, a shift or evasion.

FUYARD, z, adj. apt to run away, scarfel. FUYARD, fûl-yar, s.m. runaway, coward.

G, zh, s. m. the seventh letter of the French alphabet.

GABAN, s. m. gabardine, a felt-cloak (for-merly used in rainy weather.)

GABARE, gå-bår, s. f. Mar. lighter, flatpottomed barge; also sort of store-ship or vessel of burden.

GABARER ame embarcation, Mar. to scull a heat.

GABARIER, gå-bå-rå, s. m. lighter-man, lonner.

GABARIER une pièce de bois, Mar. to mould

a piece of timber. . GABARIT or GABARI, gå-bå-rl, s. m. Mar. mould. Mattre gubarit, mould of the mid-ship frame. Tracer les gubarits d'un vaisseas, to lay down the moulds of a vessel.

GABATINE, a.f. Ex. Bonner de la gabatine, to give one the bag, to sell one a bargain, put upon him.

GABELAGE, s. m. drying of the salt in the magazine; also mark to distinguish magazine salt from the smuggled.

GABELER, ghb-là, v. a. to let salt dry in the magazine

GABELLEUR, gåb-lèur, s.m. gabel-man.
GABELLE, gå-bel, s. f. gabet, excise upon
salt; the king's magazine of salt; excise, duty, tax.

"GABER, v. a. to banter, jeer, flout. GABET, s. m. Mar. vane (of a quadrant,

GABIER, s. m. Mar. top-man. Gabiers de Gabiers de la hune de misaine, fore-top-men. la grande hane, main-top-men. Gabiers de

"GABION, gå-blon, s. m. gabion.

"GABION, gå-blon, s. m. gabion.

"GABIONNADL, s. f. gabionade.

GABIONNER, gå-blo-nå, v. a. to stop or cover with gabions.

GABORD, s. m. Mar. garboard streak.
GABUROOS, s. m. pl. Mar. clamps.
GACHE, gash, s. f. staple; wail-hook (to support a fumsel, etc.)
GACHER, gash, v. a, to wet and mix mortar. (the first of) to rise.

tar: (du linge) to rinse."
GACHEU-X, SE, ga-sheu, sheuz, adj. alab-

by, sloppy, plashy, miry.
Gachis, gh-shl, s. m. slab or slop, plash.
Faire un gâchis, to make a slab, wet a room.

GADELLE, s. f. sort of current.

GADELLIER, s. m. sort of current bush.

GADOUARD, s. m. night-man, who empties GADOUR, s. f. filth that comes out of s

bouse of office.

GAFFE, gåf, s. f. Mar. boat-hook.

GAFFER, v. a. Mar. to book.
GAGE, gaz, s. m. pawn, pledge, badge, token, mark, proof, testimony. Gages, wages, salary. Eire casse aux gages, to be turned out of place, be disgraced, have lost one's favour.

GAGER, gå-2å, v. a. to lay, bet; to give wages, hire. GAGEU-R, SE, gå-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f.

better.

GAGEURE, gå-2ur, s. f. wages, bet, lay. Faire une gageure, to lay a wager, to bet or lay.

GAGISTE, gå-zist, s. m. under-strapper, supernumerary or hired man in a play-house;

one bired but not a servant.
GAGRAGE, ga-gnaz, s. m. place where cattle and deer are wont to feed

GAGNAGES, s. m. pl. crop.

GAGNART, E., ga-guên, guênt, s. m. & f. adj. winnen (at play.)
GAGNÉ, E., adj. gotten, etc. Donner gagné, to own one's self worsted; cross the cudgels, yield.

GAGNE-DENIER, gagn-de-nia, s. m. wharfporter, labourer.

GAGNE-PAIN, gagn-pin, s. m. livelihood, that by which one gets his livelihood.

GAGNE-PETIT, gagn-pe-tl, s. m. travelling grinder (of knices, etc.)

GAGRER, ga-gni, v.a. & n. to get or gain; win, obtain or carry; to carry or make one's self master of; to get or reach, arrive at, come to; to get or catch; to deserve; to earn or get; to prevail upon or with, make yield; to win, draw in; to practise upon, bribe; to prevail; to get, reach, spread. Gagner quelqu'un, to beat or overcome one, get the betqu'un, to beat or overcome one, get ine bet-ter of one. Gegner son procès, to carry the cause, have judgment given on one's side, cast one's adversary. Gagner pays, gagner chemin, to get ground, advance, to go forward. Gagner pays, gagner au pied, gagner la guerite, la coltine, les champs, le hand, to run or scanner away. healts one's self to one's or scamper away, betake one's self to one's heels. Gagner de la main, to get the start of, be before-hand with, prevent. Gagner, v. a. Mar. gagner pour la marche, to be im proved in sailing. Gagner le vent d'un vaisacas, to get the weathergage or wind of a ship. Gagner as vent, to get to windward. Gagner les vents alieés, to get into the trade-Gagner to venus anses, we get the winds. Gagner la brise, to catch the breeze. Gagner un bâtiment, to gain upon or forereach a ship. Gagner un noutlage, to reach a harbour. Gagner un moutlage, to reach as harbour. anchorage. Gagner la terre, to get close in with the land. Gagner de l'avant, to gain ground. Gagner d'un or de plusieurs quaris, to come up one or more points. Gagner dans l'est or dans l'ouest, to get to the eastward or to the westward. L'ests nous gagne d ne pouvoir franchir, the water gains upon us so that we cannot free the ship. Se gagner, v. r. to be catching. Ex. La peste es bar, bat, base; there, ebb, over; field, fig; robe, rob, ford; mood, good,

winner.

GAGUI, gil-gi, s. f. jolly plump girl or wo-

man.

GAI, E, gê, gè, adj. gay, merry, cheerful, pleasant, frolicksome. Couleur gaie, gay or ively colour. Chembre gaie, light and pleasant room. Temps gai, clear and serene weather.

GAI, adv. merrily. Allons gui, come, let

us be merry.

GATAC, s. m. or bois de gatae, guaiacum, ñgnum-vitæ.

GAIEMENT, gè-men, adv. merrily, cheer-

GALETE, geth, s. f. gaiety, mirth, cherrfulness, good humour, pleasantness; frolick.

De gaieté de cœur, on purpose, wantonly, in

wanten sport, for the nonce.

wanten sport, for the nonce.

GALLARD, E. ga-lår, Ard, adj. brisk, merry, blithe, jolly, pleasant, light-hearted or cheerful; brisk, jolly; merry, tipsy, half trank: gallant, bold; wanton, amorous, rognish. It s'est battu contre deux, le coup est gaillarde, he fought against two, that is a bold action. Le tour est gaillard, it is a pleasant trick. Vent gaillard (or frois) cool wind.

GAILLARD, S. m. jolly fellow, jolly com-

panion.

Goillard, s. m. Mar. Gaillard d'arant, fore-eastle. Gaillard d'arrière, quarter-deck. Les guillards, the fore-castle and quarter-

Gaillarde, s. f. brisk gay woman; also sort

of dance.

GAILLARDEMENT, gå-fard-men, adv. merrily, briskly, boldly, rashly.
GAILLARDISE, gå-far-diz, s. f. gaiety,

frolick.

GAIN, gin, s. m. gain, profit, lucre; winning or gain (at play), (de bataille) gaining, winning or carrying of the day. Ne faire aucun gain, to get nothing. Avoir gain de cause, to carry one's cause, cast one's adver-

GAINE, gen, s. f. sheath.

Gaine, s. f. Mar. gaine de flamme or de pavillon, etc. tabling or canvass edging of a pendant, ensign, etc.

GAINIER, genit, s. m. sheath or casema-ker, a tree that grows in warm countries.

GALA, gå-la, s. m. feast, entertainment. GALACTITE, s. f. kind of jasper.

GALAMENT, g. I. RING Of Jasper.

GALAMENT, g. I.A. mén, adv. with a good grace, gracefully, bandsomely; elegantly, neatly, gentecily, sprucely; galantly. like a man of honour; skifully, cunningly, wisely.

GALANGA, s. m. sort of medicinal root.

GALANT, E, gå-kn, knt, adj. (before honne) honest, brave, polite, sociable, accomplished, clever, or the like; (after homme) of gallantry, complaisant to the ladies; (after of gallantry, complaisant to the ladies; (after femme) of gallantry, wanton: (after any noun, or relating to any noun but komme and femme) genteel, pleasing, lively, done with taste, elegant, nice, or the like. Un billet galant, a love-letter, a billet-doux.

GALANT, s. m. gallant, spark, sweet-heart; also cunning, dangerous fellow, cheating fellow; facour, knot of ribands. Un vert galant,

gagne, the plague is catching, the plague is a brisk spark. Faire le galant auguès des an infectious disease.

"GAGNEUR, gà-guêur, s. m. Ex. Ce gagneur de tant de batailles, that great conqueror, behaviour, genteelness; genteel or courtly way, galiantry, courtship, piece of gallantry, intrigue or amour. Avoir quelque galanterie, to have an intrigue.

GALANTIN,s.m. a man ridiculously gallant.

*GALANTISER, gå-lèn-tl-zå, v. a. to court
admire, be ridiculously gallant

GALBANUS, Så-Galaxy, milky-way.
GALBANUS, gål-bå-non, s. m. galbasum
(sort of gum.) Donner du galbanum, to put
a sham upon one, lead one into a fool's para-

GALE, gål, s. f. scab, itch. Gale de chien,

GALÉACE OF GALÉASSE, gå-là-às, s. f.

Mar. galeas or Venetian galley.
GALÉE, s. f. galley (printer's tool.) *GALEFRETIER, s. m. idle vagabond,

poor shabby rogue, secundrel.
GALEGA, s. m. leguminous plant.

GALERA, S. m. Regumnous plant.
GALERE, gâ-ler, s. m. Mar. galley. Galèse à rames, row-galley. Demi-galèse, half galley. Les galères, the galleys. Temir galère, to arm a galley at one's own expense.
Vogue la galère, hap what may, let the world go how it will.

GALERIE, ghl-ri, s. f. gallery.

Galerie, s. f. Mar. stern gallery.

Galerie de poupe, gallery, balcony. Galerie de faux pont, gangway. Clarecins de la galerie, quarter-gallery.

GALERIEN, gå-lê-riên, s. m. galley-slave. GALERNE, gå-lêrn, s. f. or rent de Galerne,

erly wind. s. m. northwes

GALET, ga-le, s. m. shuffle board, also pebble. GALETAS, gal-ta, s. m. room at the top of

a house, garret.

GALETTE, gå-lêt, s. f. broad thin cake.

Mar. round and flat sea-biscuit.

GALEU-X, SE, gå-lèu, lèuz, adj. & s. scab-

by, scabby person,
GALHAUBARS, s. m. pl. Mar. back-stays or breast back-stays. Galhaubans volans, preventer back-stays, shifting back-stays.

GALIMAFRÉE, gå-li-må-frå, s. f. gallimau-

GALIMATIAS, gå-II-må-tlå, s. m. gallima-

tia, nomense, fusian, baklerdash. Galion, gå-lide, s. m. galleon. Galiote, gå-lidt, s. f. Mar. galliot. Galiote à bombes, bomb-ketch. Galiote burba-GALLES, S. f. Wales.
GALLER, S. f. Wales.
GALLER, S. f. Wales.

GALLICAN, E., gå. il.-kan, kån, adj. Galli-can. L'église Gallicane, the Gallican church. GALLICISME, gål-li-sism, s. m. gallicism. GALLICO, (DE.) briskly, unexpectedly. GALLOIS, E. adj. & s. Welsh, Welsh per-

GALOCHE, gå-losh, s. f. galoche. Galoche Mar. cleat, belaying cleat, shoe-black. Galoches de fer, hanging clamps.

GALON, ga-lon, s m. galloon, lace, a gro

cer's box. GALONNER, gå-lô-nå, v. a. to lace, to bind or ornament with galloon. buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

GALOP, gå-lå, s. m. gallop. Grand galop, il sallop. Petit galop, hand gallop. Aller ull gallop. Petit galop, hand gallop. Aller grand galop à l'hôpital, to run full speed to one's ruin.

GALOPADE, gå-lò-pàd,s.f. gallop, galloping. GALOPER, gå-lò-pà, v. n. & a. to gallop, go at a gallop. Galoper quelqu'un, to hunt or pursue one.

GALOPIN, gå-lô-pin, s. m. a cook's boy, scullion; errand boy.

GALVAUDER, gal-vo-da, v. a. to scold at, check, reprimand.

GAMACHES, s. m. pl. gambade or spatterdashes.

GAMBADE, gan-bad, s. f. gambol; drollery or jest. Gambader, gan-ba-da, v. n. to gambol,

play or show gambols.

Gambage, s. m. sort of excise or malt tax.

Gambes de hame, s. f. Mar. futtock shrouds, foot book shrouds.

GAMBILLER, gan-bl-fa, v. n. to wag one's

leg, kick.

GAMELLE, ga-mel, s. f. wooden bowl or porringer or platter. Faire gamelle, to mess

together.
GAMMB, gam, s. f. gamut (in musick.)
On lui a bien chante sa gamme, he was soundly chid or reprimanded. C'est du latin qui passe votre gamme, that is past your skill or above your reach. Changer de gamme, to alter one's conduct.

GANACHE. gå-nåsh, s. f. nether jaw (of a horse) thick-skulled fellow.

GANCHE, s. f. sort of gallows (in Turkey.)

GAND, Ghent.

GANGLION, s. m. ganglion.

GANGRÈNE, kan-gren, s. f. gangrene. GANGRENER, kangr-na, se gangrener, v. r. to gangrene, become mortified, turn to a mor-

GANGRENEU-x, se, kangr-neu, neuz, adj. gangrenou

GARIVET, s. m. an instrument used in chirurgery.

GARSE, gans, s. f. loop.

GANT, gan, s. m. glove. Somple comme un cant, as pliant as a willow, accommodating. Il n'en aura pas les gants, he is not the first. Jeter les gants, to challenge.

GANTÉ, E, adj. that has gloves on. GANTELÉE, s. f. fox-glove.

GANTELET, gant-le, s. m. gauntlet.

GANTER, gan-ta, v. a. to help one on with his gloves. Gants qui gantent bien, gloves that fit very well. Se ganter, v. r. to put on one's gloves.

GANTERIE, gant-rl, s. f. glove making or

glove selling.

GANTIER; E, gan-tla, tier, s. m. & f. glover. GARAMANTITE, s. f. a precious stone. GARANCE, ga-rens, s. f. madder (an herb.)

GARANCER, ga-ren-sa, v. a. to dye with madder.

GARANT, ga-ren, s. m. guarantee, surety; author cited. Jen suis garant, I warrant you, I pass my word or I answer for it. Mar. fall of a tackle. Gurant de capon, cat-rope, cat-· fall. Garant de pulan, tackle-fall, tackle-rope. Garant de candelette, fish tackle-fall. Garans des palanquins de sabord, laniards of the gun-

GARANTI, B, adj. warranted, etc.

GARANTIE, gă-ren-ti, s. f. guarantee or warranty, contract to make good. GARANTIR, gà-ren-tir, v. a. to warrant, engage, make good; to make good, make amends, indemnify, save harmless; to warrant, vouch, assure or maintain; to keep, defend or secure.

*GARBE, s. f. garb, looks, countenance. Garbe, s. m. make and rigging (of a vessel.) Ils recomment on garbe du voisseau qu'il civit Turc et de Sallé, they perceived by the make and rigging of the ship, that she was a Turk and a Sallee rover.

GARBIN, s. m. south-west wind.

GARBURE, s. f. sort of pottage.

*GARÇAILLER, v. n. to whore, wench.

*GARCE, s. f. wench or whore.

GARCETTE, s. f. Mar. garnet, gasket, knit-tle, etc. Mattresse garcette or garcette de fond, bunt gasket. Garcettes de bonts de vergues, yard-arm gaskets. Garcettes de ris, points, yaru-arın gassets. Carcettes de ris, points, pointing, reef lines. Garcettes de tournevire, nippers; nipper-men.
Garçon, gar-son, s. m. boy, lad, or youth; bachelor; (de café) waiter; (d'auberge)

waiter, boy, man; man, journeyman. Gar-con de bord, Mar. younker, youngster. Les garçons de la chambre or de la garde-robe (chez le roi.) pages of the back-stairs. Faire

le maurais garçon, to hector, huff.
GARÇUNNIÈRE, gâr-sô-nlèr, s. f. tomboy,

romp, rig or tom-rig.

GARDE, gard, s. f. guard; guards; watch; attendants; defence, protection; keeping, custody, charge; (in fencing) guard; (d'une épé) hilt; nurse; wards of a lock; (un fruit de garde) fruit that keeps or will keep; (poire de garde) winter-pear, (chern de bonne garde) good house-dog; (corps de garde du guet) the round house or watchbonne house; (faire la garde) to be upon the guard; (donner en garde) to give to keep, commit to one's keeping; (avoir en garde) to have in one's keeping or custody; (prendre garde) to regard, observe, mind, have an eye upon, notice; (prendre garde de faire or à ne pas faire) to lake care not to do; (prendre garde que quelqu'un ne fasse) to take care one does not do, or shall not do; (n'avoir gurde) to take care not, be far from being inclined to a thing; (n'avoir garde de faire) to take care not to do, not to be able to do, be far from wishing or being inclined to do; (se donner de garde d'une personne or d'une chose) to be aware of a person or thing; (se donner de garde qu'une chose ne se fasse) to take heed or care that a thing shall not be done; (prenez garde or donnez-vous de garde) take care; (prenez-y garde) be upon your guard against that; (être or se tenir en garde contre une chose) to guard or be upon one's guard against a thing; (prenez garde qu'elle ne vous échappe) take heed or care she does not run away from you; (tout cela se passa sans qu'il y prit garde) all that came to pass, and he never the wiser; (il m'offense sans y prendre garde) he offends me when he does not mean it. Je n'ai garde de commettre désormais cette faute, I shall take care never to commit such a fault again. Il n'a garde de courir, il a une jambe de rompue, he cannot run or how can he run when one of his legs is broken. Je n'ai garde d'y aller (je ne suis pas si sot

bár, bắt, base : thère, čbb, over : rield, fig : ròbe, rôb, lord : mòod, gôod.

que d'y aller) I am not such a fool as to go thither. Il n'a garda d'être aussi savant que son frère, he is far enough from being so good a scholar as his brother. Three compound words in which garde comes first are feminine. Garde-bourgeoise, guardianship of a freeman's children. Garde-noble, guardianship of a nobleman's children. Garde-robe, vard-robe; house of office, close-stool, closet. For the other compounds see Garde, s. m.

Garde, s. m. keeper, warden; one of the guards. Garde des sceaux, keeper of the seals, lord keeper. Garde des monnoies or juge garde, warden of the mint. Garde d'un metier, warden of a company of tradesmen. Garde des coffres, cofferer. Garde-bois, s. m. forest-keeper. Garde-boutique, s. m. mere drug, commodity that sticks by one or will not go off. Garde chasse, s. m. game-keeper. Garde-cote, s. m. cruiser. Garde-feu, s. m. iron-bars before a fire to keep young children from falling into it, fender. V. Garde, Mar. Garde-fou, s. m. rails on the outside of bridges, etc. to keep people from falling. Garde-magasin, s. m. keeper of a store-house. V. Garde, Mar. Garde-manges, s. m. buttery. Garde-meuble, s. m. ward-robe; yeoman of the ward-robe. Garde-nappe, s. m. wickerstand. Garde-note, s. m. notary. Garde-rôle, master of the rolls. Garde-vaisselle, gentleman of the ewry, also yeoman of the scullery. Garde, Mar. watch. La garde, the anchor watch. Prendre la garde, to take charge of the deck in harbour. Garde de la marine, midshipman. Garde-côte, sort of militia employed to defend the coasts. Bâtiment garde-côte, vessel of war employed to cruise on the coast to protect it from an enemy and to seize smuggling vessels. Garde-corps man-rope. Garde-corps to beaupre, man-ropes of the bowsprit. Garde-feu, cartridge-

to per of the bowsprit. Garae-jeu, considered box. Garde-magasin, store-keeper.

GARDER, går-då, v. a. to keep or preserve, to keep or lay up; to guard, keep, defend, look to or after; (un malade) to nurse; observe, fulfil; (son rang) to keep, maintain; (an homeomet) to keep, hold. Garder la (un lavement) to keep, hold. Garder la chambre or le lit, to keep one's chamber or bed. Garder bien le change en suivant la bete, to avoid the change in hunting. Dieu nous en garde, God forbid, God keep us from it. Il a gardé la fievre quarte deux ans, he has had a quartan ague two years together. Vous ne savez pas ce que Dieu vous garde. you know not what God has got in store for you. En garder une à quelqu'un, or la lui garder bonne, to owe one a spite. En donner à garder à quelqu'un, to put or impose upon one. Se garder, v. r. to have a care or take heed. Se bien garder de faire une chose, to be sure not to do a thing, forbear doing a thing, keep or abstain from doing a thing, take care not to do a thing. Il s'en gardera bien, he will take care not to do it.

GARDEUR, SE, går-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. keeper. Gardeur de cochons, swine-herd.

gun-room (in English men of war;) gunners' vacman (on board French ships.) Gardien yeoman (on board French skips.) de la fosse au lion, boatswain's yeoman. Gardien des rechanges du maître-charpestier, the carpenter's yeoman. Gardiens, men em-ployed to take care of ships of war laid up in ordinary.

Gardienne, går-dien, s. f. guardian, keeper. Gardon, går-don, s. m. sort of roach, freshwater mullet. Sain comme un gardon, as

sound as a roach.

GARE, gar, (imperative of garer) have a care, make way, stand out of the way; also take care of, be aware of. Gare au câble, Mar. stand clear of the cable. Gare dessous. Mar. stand from under.

GARENNIER, gå-rån, s. f. warren.
GARENNIER, gå-rå-nlå, s. m. warrener.
GARER, gå-rå, v. a. to moor (a boat;)
formerly, to take care. V. Gare. Se garer,
v. to stand out of the way which care.

v.r. to stand out of the way, take care of.
GARGARISER, gar-ga-t-za, v.a. to gargle or wash (the throat.) Se gargariser, v.r.

to gargarize, gargle.
GARGARISME, gar-ga-rism, s. m. gar-

gling, gargarism, gargle.

GARGOTAGE, går-gð-tåz, s. m.a nasty meal.

GARGOTE, går-gðt, s. f. eating-house for the common sort of people, six-penny ordina-

ry, blind tippling house.

GARGOTER, går-go-tå, v. n. to fuddle or tipple in a nasty tavern or ale-house, sot, sit

GARGOTIER, E. går-gå-tlå, tlèr, s. m. & f. one that keeps a six-penny ordinary; also tippler, sot.

GARGOUILLADE, s. f. sort of step in dancing.

GARGOUILLE, gar-gdo./s. f. spout of a gutter. GARGOUILLER, s. f. spouting. GARGOUILLEMENT, gar-gdol-men, s. m. noise of water falling from a spout; also noise in the throat or stomach or bowels (occasioned by wind.)

GARGOUILLER, går-gåo-lå, ven. to pad dle, dabble (in water.)

GARGOUILLIS, s. m. noise of water falling from a spout.

GARGOUSSE, gar-goos, s. f. powder to charge a cannon, cartridge of a cannon. La gargousse dans le canon, load with cartridge.
GARGOUSSIÈRE, s. f. a pouch for cartridges.

GARNEMENT, gårn-men, s. m. rake, wicked lewd fellow.

GARNI, s. m. middle or filling up of masonry work in the middle.

GARM, z, adj. furnished, trimmed, etc. Macomerie garnie, masonry, filled up in the middle. Une perruque bien garnie, a very full peruke. Chambre garnie, ready furnishfull peruke. Chambi

GARRIR, gar-nir, v. a. to furnish, provide; (des gants or un chapeau) to trim; (une boutique) to furnish, store or stock: (un endroit foible) to strengthen or fortify; to garnish, adorn, set off or enrich. Garnir les poches d'un galon, to bind or edge the pocket with galloon. Garnir, v. a. Mar. to rig, etc. Gar-Gardeuse de vaches, cow-herd.

GARDIEN, gar-dien, s. m. keeper, guardian; sequestiree; (d'un couveut) guardian or superiour. Ange gardien, guardian-angel.

Gardien, Mar. Gardien d'un quai, wharfinger.

Gardien de la sainte-barbe, lady of the base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : cufant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : bfun.

to seize upon; to furnish or arm one's self with. Se garnir contre le froid, to guard or provide against the cold.

GARNISON, går-ni-zon, s. f. garrison; bai-liffs quartered on a debtor till he pays. Uneville où il y a bonne garnison, a town well garrisoned.

GARNISSEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. haberdasher, batter.

GARRITURE, går-nl-tur, s. f. furniture, trimming; set. Garniture de toilette, set of things belonging to a toilet. Blocks that separate the pages of a form (in printing.) Gar-miture, s. f. Mar. rigging (of a ship.) Garniture de posspe, pump gear. Garniture de la buse, alings of the buoy. Garniture des ancres, ground tackle.

GAROU, s. m. Ex. Courir le gurou, to haunt bawdy-bouses. V. Loup. Also, a small evergreen tree.

GAROUAGE, gå-rdo-åz, s. m. stews, baw-dy-house, brothel

GARROT, ga-rò, s. m. the withers of a horse; packing stick. Garrot de l'arçon, saddle bow.

GARROTTER, gå-fo-tå, v. a. to tie fast. or ound with cords

*GARS, s. m. lad, boy, youth, or stripling, fellow, blade, spark.

GARUS, s. m. elixir good for the stomach. GASCON, NE, gås-kon, kon, s. m. & f. Gas-con; also great boaster, cracker, pretender

o great matters.
GASCONISME, gås-kô-nåsm,s.m. gasconism.
GASCONINADE, gås-kô-nåd, s. f. gasconade. boasting or cracking, bravado or ostentation. Faire des gasconnades, to gasconade, brag, crack, or boast.

GASCONNER, v. n. to brag, boast.

GASPILLAGE, gls-pl-laz, s. m. wasting,

spoiling, squandering.

GASPILLER, glas-pl-fa, v. a. to lavish or squander away, waste or consume, spoil, put out of order.

GASPILLEU-R, SE, gas-pl-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. lavisher, spendthrift.

GASTADOUR, s. m. pioneer.

GASTER, s. m. belly, sometimes stomach.
GASTERQUE, adj. & s. f. gastrick. La gastrick reine, or da reine gastrique, the gastrick vein.
GASTROMANIE, s. f. daintiness, or foudness for one's belly.

GASTROTAPHIE, s. f. gastroraphy.
GASTROTAPHIE, s. f. gastrotomy.
GATÉ, E., adj. spoiled, etc. V. Géter. Voilà
bien du papier gété, there is a good deal of
paper wasted to no purpose.
GATEAU, gà-tô, s. m. cake. Géteau de
miel, honey-comb. Trouver la fève au géteau, to hit the nail on the head. Avoir part au

them. to have a hand in the husinese. Pargatean, to have a hand in the business. Por-

lager le gâteau, to share the profit, go snacks.
GATER. ga-ta, v. a. to spoil, waste; indulge too much: to spoil, spot; to spoil, mar. corrupt, deprave or debauch. Gater le métier, to undersell one's goods or undervalue one's labour; hence

GATE-MÉTIER, gat-ma-tia, s. m. one that undersells his goods or undervalues his labour.

Se gâter, v. r. (said of meat) to taint; (of wine) to be spoiled. Se gâter duns le monde,

toget in ill name in the world.

"GATEUR, s. m. waster, spoiler de papier, waster of paper.

GAUCHE, gosh, adj. left; untoward, ill contrived; silly, ridiculous.

Gauche, s. f. left hand or left side. A gauche, on the left.

GARCHERS

GAUCHERIERT, adv. awkwardly.
GAUCHERIERT, adv. awkwardly.
GAUCHERIER, E. go-shâ, shêr, s. m. &t. f. left-handed, left-handed person.
GAUCHERIER, gobst-ri, s. f. piece of stupidity, blunder, silly or ridiculous action.
GAUCHIR, go-shîr, v. n. to shrink back or turn aside; (dans sme affaire) to double, use shifts, odden play fast med loose. Grankin med fift. dodge, play fast and loose. Gauchir oux difficulties, to shun or decline or wave difficulties

GAUCHISSEMENT, s. m. shrinking back.

GAUDE, god, s. f. woad.

"GAUDEARUS, S. m. (Latin word) merry making, merry bout, drinking bout GAUDER, go-da, v. a. to dye with woad; lay the foundation of a colour.

GAUDEROB, GAUDEON, V. Goudron a

God ron.

GAUDERONNER, V. Godronner. *GAUDIR, v. a. to solace, cheer. Gaudir le papa, to live in clover. Se gaudir. v. r. to be merry.

GAUFRE, gofr, s. f. boney-comb; wafer

(sort of thin pastry.)
GAUFRER, go fra, v. a. to figure stuffs. GAUFREUR, go-freur, s. m. one that figures etnffe

GAUFRIER, go-fri-å, s. m. wafer iron.

GAUFRURE, go-frdr, s. f. figuring (stuffs.) GAULE, gol, s. f. switch; great rod, long pole; diso Gaul or France. GAULER, gol-lå, v. a. to beat down (frasit)

with a long pole or rod.

GAULIS, s. m. long sprig or small branch.
GAULOIS, E, go-lwa, lwaz, adj. & s. Gaul
or Gallic. La nation Gauloise, the Gauls, the ancient Gauls. La langue Gauloise, old French. Façon de parler Gauloise, od, ob-solete expression. C'est un bon Gaulois or un vieux Gaulois, he is a plain bonest man, he means no harm. C'est du Guulois, that is old French.

GAUPE, s. f. slut, trollop.

*GAUSEER, go-så, v. a. to banter, jeer. A fut gausse de tout le monde, he was joered or bantered by every body. Il se fit gausser de toute la compagnie, he was the jest or langh-ing stock of all the company.

**GAUSSERIE, s.f. jeering, jest, banter, rail-

kery. Gausseu-R, se, go-seur, seur, s. m. & f jeerer, banterer.

GAVACHE, s. m. pitiful fellow, scoundrel.

*GAVION, gå-vlon, s. m. throat.
GAVOTTE, gå-vlot, s. f. (desec) gavot.
GAZ, gåz, s. m. gas, aromatick volatile
part of a plant.

GAZE, gåz, s. f. ganze.
GAZELLE, gåzel, s. f. antelope.
GAZER, gåzel, v. a. to cover with gause
GAZETIER, gåzdå, s. m. gazetteer; hawker or crier of gazettes, news-man.

GAZETIN, gåz-tin, a. m little gazette, m telligence extraordinary. GAZETTE, gå-zèt, a. f. gazette, newspaper

news-monger.

GAZEU-X, SE, adj. of or belonging to the GAZIER, ga-zil, s. m. gauzo maker.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

GAZON, gå-zon, s. m. turf, green turf. GAZONNEMENT, gů-zôn-mên, s. m. cover-

ing with turf.
GAZONNER, gå-zô-nå, v. a. to line or cover with turf.

GAZOUILLEMENT, gå-zôol-mên, s. m. chirping, warbling, singing or chattering, purling, gurgling or soft murmur.

GAZOUILLER, gå-zôo-/å, v.n. (des oiseaux) to chirp, warble, sing or chatter; (d'un ruisseas) to purl, warble, gurgle, murmur softly. GAZ DUILLIS, ga-zoo-fi. V. Gazouillement.

GEAI, ze, s. m. jack or jackdaw. GEANT, ak-en, s. m. giant.

GÉANTE zh-ènt, s. f. giantess. GEHENNE, V. Géne.

GEINDRE, v. n. (See the table at eindre) to whine, whimper, pule, gruntle, complain, be ailing something.

GEINDRE, zindr, s. m. baker's foreman. GÉLATINEU-X, SE, adj. gelatinous, viscous,

formed into a jelly.

GELE, E, adj. frozen. Avoir le bec gelé,

to be tongue-tied.

GELEE, ze-la, s. f. frost, frosty weather; jelly.

GELEE, ze-la, v. a. to freeze. Geler, v. n. to freeze; to be starving with cold, be extremely cold. Il gèle, it freezes. Se geler, v r. to freeze or be frozen.

*GELINE, s. f. hen.

GELINOTTE, ze-li-not, s. f. wood-hen; good

fat pullet. Gelinotte d'eau, water-quail. GEMEAUX, 24-mo, s. m. pl. Gemini. GEMELLES, s. f. pl. Mar. clamps.

GÉMIR, za-mir, v. n. to groan or lament; to coo (as doves.)

GÉMISSANT, E, za-mi-sen, sent, adj. groan-

mg, lamenting. Ginissement, zā-mis-mēn, s. m. groan,

or groaning, lamentation; cooing.
GEMME, zem, adj. m. Ex. Sel gemme (or fossile,) mineral salt.

GÉMONIES, s. f. pl. place of execution among the Romans.

GÉNAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the cheek. GÉNANT, E, zè-nèn, nènt, adj. troublesome,

GENCIVE, zen-slv, s. f. gum (wherein the teeth are set.)

GENDARME, zen-darm, s. m. horseman in complete armour. Gendarmes, soldiers; sparks of fire; (d'un diamant) flaws. Cette , femme est un vrai gendarme, she is a virago or termagant.

GENDARMER, (SE) sē-zen-dār-mā, v. r. to bluster, take pet, fall into a passion; also GENDARMER, (SE) se-zen-dar-ma,

to disquiet one's self.

GENDARMERIE, zèn-darm-ri, s. f. horse of the king's household.

GENDRE, zendr, s. m. son-in-law. GENE, zen, s. f. rack, torture; torment, pain ; constraint.

GÉNÉ, E, adj. constrained, etc. V. Géner. Géné par le terrain, straitened for want of

GÉNÉALOGIE, zå-nå-å-lô-zl, s. f. pedigree,

genealogy. GENEALOGIQUE, 28-nå-å-lô-zik, adj. nealogical. Arbre généalogique, tree of con-

sanguinity. Généalogiste, 2å-nå-å-lö-2ist, s. m. ge-

GÊNER, zè-na, v. a. to constrain, confine, put under restraint, put out of one's bias; to clog, trouble, be troublesome to. Se Gêner.

v. r. to constrain one's self.
GÉNÉRAL, E, zå-nå-rål, adj. general, uni-

versal.

GÉNÉRAL, s. m. general or chief. En général, in generally. La peuple en général, the generally of the people. Le général, the generality. Général d'une armée navale, admiral or commander in chief of a fleet of men of war. Officier général, Mar.

flag officer.

GÉNÉRALAT, 24-na-ra-la, s. m. generalship, chief command; time during which the

general continues in office.

GÉNÉRALE, zå-uå-rål, s. f. general (beat-GÉNÉRALE, ZU-INGTA, S. I. GENERAL (OCASE IN OF GENÉRALEMENT, zå-uh-rāl-mēn, adv generally, universally, in general. Généralement, generally, commonly, ordinarily.

GÉNÉRALISATION, s. f. the act of generalizing. Généraliser, 2å-nå-rå-ll-zå, v. a. to

generalize. GÉNÉRALISSIME, zå-nå-rå-lî-sim, s. m. generalissimo.

GÉNÉRALITÉ, zå-nå-rå-ll-tå, s. f. generality; also district or precinct (of the public office of the treasurers of France.) Générali-tés, general(not direct or particular) discourses. GÉNÉRAT-EUR, RICK, 2å-nå-rå-leur, tris, adj. (in geometry) generating. GÉNÉRATI-F, VE, 2å-nå-rå-lif, tiv, adj.

generative. GÉNÉRATION, za-na-ra-sion, s. f. generation; propagation, production; progeny; de-

GÉNÉREUSEMENT, zå-nå-reuz-mên, adv. generously, nobly; valiantly, stoutly, bravely. GÉNÉREU-x, se, zå-nå-reu, reuz, adj. ge

nerous, noble ; valiant, stout, brave ; liberal,

GÉNÉRIQUE, zå-nå-rîk, adj. generical. GÉNÉROSITÉ, zå-nå-rô-zî-tå, s. f. gene rosity, greatness of soul; generous act, piece of generosity.
GENES, Genoa.

Genèse, zê-nes, s. f. Genesis. Genet, zê-ne, s. m. broom. Genet épineux, furze.

GENET, s. m. Spanish genet (sort of horse.

GÉNÉTHLIAQUE, adj. genethliacal.

Généthliaques, s. m. pl. genethliaticks. GÉNETIN, s. m. sort of French sweet wine. GENETTE, 2ê-nêt, s. f. (de cheval) kind of bit or snaffle. Aller à cheval à la genette, to ride short; sort of cat.

GENÈVRE or GENIÈVRE, s. m. juniper-

GENEURIER, ze-na-vrl-a, or GENIÈVRE.

s. m. juniper-tree. GÉNIE, 2å-nl, s. m. genius, familiar spirit; humour; temper; talent, parts; fortification, enginery

GENIÈVRE, ze-nlèvr, V. Genèvre & Genévrier.

GÉNISSE, za-nis, s. f. heifer.

GENITAL, E, za-ni-tal, adj. genital, gene-

rative, serving to generation.
Generation.
Generation. tive case

base, bût : jeane, meute, beurre : éathat, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CÉNITOIRES, 24-nl-twar, s. m. genitals, privy parts.
"GERITCRE, s. f. child, offspring.
GEROIE, s. dj. Genoese.
GEROPE, s. f. Mar. temporary racking.

GENOU, ze-noo, (anciently Genouil) s. m. knee. Eire à genoux, to be on one's knees. Se mettre à genoux, to kneel, kneel down. Genou, s. m. Mar. lower futtock (of a timber.) Genoux de fond, lower futtocks (of the timbers) amidships. Genoux de porques, lower futtocks of the riders or riders futtocks. Genoux de revers, lower futtocks of the timbers fore and aft.

GENOUILLÈRE, 28-nôo-lèr, s. f. (de botte) top of a boot; (de l'armure) pulley-piece (an armour for the knee.)

GENOUILLEU-X, SE, adj. kneed, knouy. GENRE, zenr.s. m. kind or genus; species, sort; (in grammar) gender; style, way or man-ner of writing, strain; kind, way, course, man-

ner.

GENS. zen, s. m. men, people, folks ; men servants, attendants, domesticks. Les gens de lettres, the learned or scholars. Les gens de lettres, the learned or scholars. Les gens du monde, the king's council. Gens d'épie, sword-men. Gens d'épies, church-men, ckergymen. Gens d'affaires, people of business. Gens de guerre, sodiers. Gens de mer, seafaring people. V. Gent.

N. B. Though gens be masculine of itself, yet the adjective belonging to it, if not ending with e mute in the masculine, is to be made

feminine, when to be placed immediately before gens; observe however with regard to tout, that, if placed before les gens simply, it is to be tous; and also when an adjective ending with e mute in the masculine is to be between les and gens; but that as any other adjective immediately before gens must be made feminine, so toutes must also be used before les instead of tous. A following relative pronoun or adjective is notwithstanding to be in the masculine. Hence, tous les gens, all people, every body. Tous les honnétes gens, all houest people, every honest person. Toutes les bonnes gens, all good people, every good person. De telles gens, such people. Diverses gens, several people, several persons. Ne vous familiarisez pas avec les petites gens, ils vous insulteroient bientôt, do not get familiar with the low sort of people, they would soon insult you. La phipart des vicilles gens que vous arez connues étoient soupconneux, the generality of those old people whom you have known were suspicious. When the adjective is to be placed after gens, it must of course be masculine. Ce sont des gens fort dange-

GENT, s. f. (terme poetique) people or nation. Le droit des gens, the law of nations,

the rights of nations.

*GENT, E, zen, zent, adj. neat, spruce, well made.

GENTIANE, s. f. gentian, fellwort.

GEFTIL, zen-ti,-adj. & s. m. gentile, hea-then, pagan. Les gentils, s. m. pl. the gentiles or pagans or heathens.

GENTIL, LE, zen-tl, tll, adj. pretty, genteel, neat, handsome, fine. Faucon gentil, tercel gentle.

GENTILHOMME, zen-d-lom, s. m. gentle-

man (either by noble descent or by place;)

(gentilshommes) gentlemen.

*GENTILHOMMERIE, zen-tl-lom-ri, s. f. gentility.

GENTILHOMMIÈRE, zen-ti-lo-mier. s. f.

small country-house of a gentleman. Gentilité, zèn-ti-li-tà, s. f. gentiles, heathens.

GENTILLATRE, zen-ti-latr, s. m. p.or gentleman, laird.

GENTILLESSE, zen-tl-les, s. f. pretty way. genteel carriage, grace; legerdemain, pretty trick; pretty toy or knack; witty or merry

GENTIMENT, zen-ti-men, adv. prettily. neatly, handsomely, cleverly.

GENUFLEXION, za-nd-flek-slon, s. f. genu-

flection, kneeling.

GLOCENTRIQUE, adj. geocentrick. GLODESIE, s. f. geodæsia, art of measuring land

GÉODÉSIQUE, adj. geodæsical.
GÉOGRAPHE, zå-ò-grà-î, s. m. geographer.
GÉOGRAPHIE, zà-ò-grà-î, s.f. geography.
GÉOGRAPHIQUE, zà-ò-grà-îk, adj. geographical. Carte geographique, map.
GEÒLAGE, zò-làz, s. m. jailer's fees, carce-

lage. Geóler, zől, s. f. gaol, prison. Geólier, ző-lős, s. m. gaoler. Geólière, ző-lőr, s. f. gaoler's wife. Géomarcir, zå

GEOMANCE or GEOMANCIE. 28-3-mensl, s. f. geomancy. Geomancien, ne, zå-d-men-slen, sien,

s. m. & f. geomancer.

Gromantique, adj. geomantick. Grometral, 28-0-ma-tral, adj. Ex. Plan géométral, geometrical plan or draught, ground-plot.

GÉOMÈTRE, zà - metr. 9. m. geometrician

or geometer. Geométrie, zå-ô-må-tri, s. m. geometry. GEOMÉTRIQUE, zå-d-må-trik, adj. geometrical

GEOMÉTRIQUEMENT, zå-d-må-trik-mên. adv. geometrically.

GÉORGIQUES, 22-or-2lk, s. f. pl. Georgicks Virgil's books of husbandry.)

GERANIUM, 2a-ra-nlon, s. m. geranium, stork-bill.

GERBE, zerb, s. f. sheaf. GERBEE, s. f. bundle of straw (wherein some grain remains.)
GERBER, zer-bå, v. a. to make up inte

sheaves.

GERCE, zers, s. f. wood-louse. GERCER, zer-sa, v. a. to chap. Le froid gerce les lèvres, cold weather chaps the lips. Gercer, v. n. Se gercer, v. r. to chap, chink, crack or flaw.

GERCURE, zer-sur, s. f. chap, cleft, chink, crack, flaw or crevice. Mar. shake, flaw.

GÉRER, za-ra, v. a. (in law) to manage. Gérer le bien d'un mineur, to manage the es. tate of one under age.

GERFAUT, zêr-fô, s. m. gerfalcon. GERMAIN, E, zêr-min, mên, adj. german. Cousin germain, cousin german, first cousin Cousin issu de germain, second cousin. Germandres, zer-men-dre, s. f. Ger-

mander.

GERMANIQUE adj. of or belonging to the " Germans.

bar, bat, base : thère, chb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, ford : meod, good.

GERMANISME, s. m. particular way of speaking belonging to the German tongue.

GERME, zerm, s. m. germ, germin, young bud or shoot; seed, cause. Germe d'œuf, soerm of an egg. Un œuf sans germe, an addle egg. Germe de fère, mark in a horse's mouth. Faux germe, false conception, moon calf.

GERMER, zer-må, v. n. to come or shoot

up, spring out, bud.
GERMINAL, s. m. 7th mouth of the French calendar.

GERMINATION, zer-mi-na-sion, s. f. germination.

GÉRONDIF, tå-ron-dif, s. m. gerund.

GERZEAU, s. m. weed that grows amongst grain in May. Gésier, za-zia, s. m. gizzard.

GESIEE, s. f. lying in.

*GESIR, v. n. only used in the following tenses, git, gisons, gisant, gisori, and gisoient, to lie. Ci-git here lies. Tout git en cela, the whole business lies in that point or depends upon it. La côte git nord-nord-ouest et sud-sul-est, the coast lies north-north-west and south-s and south-south-east.

GESSES, zes, s. f. pl. chick-peas.

GESTATION, S. f. gestation.
GESTE, zêst, s. m. action, gesture. Geste de tête, nod. Gestes, gests, exploits, achieve-

GESTICULATEUR, zes-ti-ka-la-teur, s. m. man too full of action, when he speaks.

GESTICULATION, s. f. gesticulation, too much action.

GESTICULER, zes-ti-kū-lå, v. n. to use too much gesture, be too full of action.

GESTION, zes-tion, s. f. (from Gerer) ma-

nagement, administration, conduct. GEUM, s. m. a sort of healing plant.

GIBBEU-X, SE, zl-beu, beuz, adj. gibbous, punching out.

GIBBOSITÉ, zî-bô-zî-ta, s. f. gibbosity or gibbousness

GIBECIÈRE, zib-sier, s. f. pouch, bag, poke or scrip. Faire des tours de gibecière, to show 'uggling tricks, play tricks by virtue of hocus pocus, play tricks of legerdemain.

GIBELET, s. m. gimblet

GIBELINS, s. m. pl. (partizans of the popes in Italy, during the 12th, 13th & 14th centuries) Gibelins.

GIBELOTTE, s. f. kind of fricassee of chickens, hares, etc.

GIBERNE, 21-bêrn, s. f. cartridge-box.
GIBERNE, 21-bê, s. m. gallews, gibbet.
GIBIER, 21-bis, s. m. game. Gibier à precott, gibier de potence, Newgate-bird, villain. Cela n'est pas de rotre gibier, that is
none of your business, that is above your skill. GIBOULÉE, 21-boo-la, s. f. shower. Temps

à giboulées, showery weather.
"GIBOYER, zi-bwa-ya, v. n. to go a fowling or hawking. Arquebuse à giboyer, fowling-piece. Epée à giboyer, long rapier.
"GIBOYEUR, 21-bwa-yeur, s. m. fowler.

GBOYEU-x, SE, adj. abounding in game. GIGANTESQUE, 21-gan-têsk, adj. gigantick. Gigor, zi-go, s. m. leg of mutten; also hind leg of a horse. Etendre ses gigots, to stretch one's legs.

GIGOTTE, E., adj. trussed. Un cheral bien gigotté, a horse well trussed, strongly built

GIGOTTER, zl-go-ta, v.n. to kick (as a hare does in dying;) shake one's legs, jump about *Giguz, zig, s. f. romp, tall frisky girl.

also jig.

*GIGUER, v. n. to jump or romp, play wanton tricks; play gambols, frisk about.
GILET, 21-le, s. m. under-waistcoat

*GILLE, zil, s. m. Ex. Il a fait gille, he is gone, he is run away, he has scampered away.
GIMBLETTE, zin-blet, z. f. kind of pastry

in the form of a ring.

GINGEMBRE, zin-zenor, s. m. ginger.

GINGLYME, s. m. ginglymus.
GINGUET, TE, zin-ge, get, adj. of little value, poor, insignificant. Habit ginguet, scanty suit of clothes; also s. m. weak sort of wine. GINSENG, s. m. ginseng.

GIRAFE, s. f. four footed animal found in

Africa.

GIRANDOLE, zi-ren-dol, s. f. girandole; branch or branched candlestick, chandelier, set of diamonds and precious stones.

GIRASOL, 21-ra-sol, s. m. girasol (kind of

opal.)

GIROFLE, zi-roff, s. m. cloves. Un clou de girofle, a clove.

GIROFLÉE, 21-rô-flå, s. f. stock-gilliflower or July flower.

GIROFLIER, 21-rô-filh, s. m. stock-gilli-flower, stock-gilliflower plant; also clove-tree. GIRON, 21-ron, s. m. lap; (in heraldry) giron. Legiron de l'église, the bosom or pale of the church.

GIRONNÉ, E, adj. rounded; (in heraldry) gironnee.

GIRONNER, v. a. to round,

GIROUETTE, zl-rwet, s. f. vane or weathercock.

GISANT, E, adj (from Gésir) lying, extended. GISANT, 21-20n, s. m. Ex. Le gisant de la meule d'un moulin, the bed or nether mill-

GISEMENT, 21z-men, s. m. Mar. direction of a coast.

Gîт, V. Gésir.

Gire, s. m, form of a hare, also lodging, habitation; and place where one lies at night upon a journey. Payer son gite, to ray for one's night's lodging.

Giter, 21-ta, v. n. to lie. GIVRE, zlvr, s. m hoar-frost, or rime; (in

heraldry) snake or serpent.
GLACANT, E, adj. freezing.
GLACE, glas, s. f. ice; glass; flaw (in a

diamond.)

GI.ACE, F., adj. frozen, frozen up, conge lated, etc. V. Glacer; glazed. Les boissons glacees tuent beaucoup de gens, drinking with ice kills a world of people. Un amant glace, a cold lover.

GLACER, gla-sh, v. a. to freeze, congeal or turn into ice; (des confitures) to ice; (une doublure) to stitch down; (le sang, l'esprit) to chill or damp. Cet auteur là me glace, that author does not affect me in the least, Glacer, v. n. Se glacer, v. r. to freeze or be frozen, chill.

GLACEU-X, SE, adj. that has a flaw or

flaws (said of precious stones.)
GLACIAL, E, gla-sial, adj frozen. La mer glaciale, the frozen sea, the northern ocean GLACIÈRE, gla-sier, s. f. ice-house. GLACIERS, s. m. pl. heaps of ice, glaciers

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

GLACIS, glà-sì, s. m. glacis, slope. Le glacis d'une contrescarpe, the glacis of a counterscarp.

GLAÇON, glà-sôn, s. m. ice, piece of ice.
Un gros glaçon, a flake of ice.

GLADIATEUR, gill-dil-teur, s. m. gladia-tor, sword player or prize fighter (among the Romans,) duellist or bully.

GLAIEUL, gla-yeul, s. m. corn-flag. GLAIRR, gler, s. f. glaire, white of an egg, slimy or ropy matter.

GLAIRER, v. a. to glaire, to smear with the white of an egg (with book-binders.)

GLAIREU-X, SE, gle-ren, reuz, adj. slimy or ropy, full of slimy matter.

GLAIS, s. m. knell.

GLAISE, glez, s. f. or terre glaise, potter's earth, clay.

GLAISER, gle-zh, v. a. to do over with clay.

GLAISEU-X, SE, adj. clayey.
GLAISIÈRE, s. f. place where potter's earth is found.

GLAIVE, glev, s. m. (in poetry) sword. La puissance du glaive, the power of life and death.

GLAMA, s. m. four footed animal of Peru.

GLAMA, s. m. four footed animal of Peru. GLAMAGE, glånaz, s. m. gleaning. GLAMD, glen, s. m. (fruit du chêne) acorn; (du hêtre, etc.) mast; (de mouchoir) button; (de cravate) tassel. Gland de criet, handstring. Gland de mer, sort of shell.

GLANDE, glènd, s. f. gland or kernel. Glandes au cou, mumps or tonsils (an inflammation about the inwa).

mation about the jaws.

GLANDÉ, E, adj. that has the glanders (speaking of a horse or mare.)

GLANDEE, glenda, s. f. crop of mast. Une bonne glandee, a good store of mast, a good year for mast.

GLANDULE, glen-dol, s. f. glandule or littie kernel.

GLANDULEU-X, SE, glen-då-leu, leuz, adj. glandulous, kernelly, fu'll of kernels.

GLANE, glan, s. f. gleaning, ears of corn leaned; (d'ognons) rope; (de poires) cluster.

Faire glane, to glean.
GLANER, gla-na, v. a. to glean or lease. GLANEU-R, SE, glà-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. gleaner.

GLANURE, s. f. gleaning.

GLAPIR, gla-pir, v. n. to yelp, bark or bowl; to squeak.

GLAPISSANT, E, già-pi-sèn, sènt, adj. squeaking, shrill.

GLAPISSEMENT, s. m. yelping, squeaking. GLAS, gla, s. m. knell.

GLATTERON, V. Gratteron. GLAUCOME, s. m. glaucoma.

GLAYEUL, s. m. corn-flag. GLEBE, gleb, s. f. glebe, land, ground; ore; clod.

GLENE, s. f. (in anatomy) sort of small Mar. coil. Filer sa glène, to drop the coil from one's hand.

GLENER, V. a. (une manazere) Mar. to coil up (1 10pc.) V. Glane & Glaner. GLISSADE, gll-såd, s. f. slip or slipping, sliding. Faire une glissade, to slip or slide. Faire une glissade anec la pique, to move the pike forward or backward.

GLISSANT, E, gli-sen, sent, adj. slippery.

GLISSE, s. f. a step in dancing. GLISSEMENT, s. m. the act of sliding.

GLISSER, v. n. to slip or slide. Comment avez-vous laissé glisser cette méprise? how came you to oversee that mistake ? how did that mistake escape you? Glisser l'gèrement sur quelque chose, to glance upon a thing, touch it lightly.

touch it lignuy.

GLISSER, gfl-så, v. a. to slip, convey; to insimuate. Il glissa sa main dans ma poche, ha clint his hand into my pocket. Glisser he slipt his hand into my pocket. Glisser quelque chose dans un discours, to bring in a thing in a discourse. Se glisser, v. r. to slip or creep in or into, insinuate one's self. Des fautes qui se sont glissées dans l'impression,

crrors that have escaped the press.
GLISSEUR, gill-seur, s. m. slider.

GLISSOIRE, gil-swis, m. snice. GLISSOIRE, gil-swis, s. f. slide. GLOBE, glôb, s. m. globe. GLOBULE, gib-bâl, s. m. globule. GLOBULEU-x, sz., glô-bâ-lêu, lêuz, adj. globulous, globular.

GLOIRE, glwar, s. f. glory; honour, esteem, name, fame, reputation; pride, vanity. vain-glory; ornament; glory or heaven. Vaine gloire, vain-glory, conceit, conceitedness. La gloire du paradis, the blessedness of heaven. Faire gloire de quelque chose, to glory in a thing, take pride in it, value one's self upon it. Aimer la vaine gloire, to be vain-glorious or conceited. Il est la gloire de notre scriété, he is the ornament or bonour of our society.

GLORIUSEMENT, glò-rì-èuz-mên, adv. gloriously, honourably; with honour.
GLORIEU-x, s.e. glò-rì-èu, euz, adj. glorious, illustrious, famous, honourable; proud, haughty, vain-glorious, conceited; blessed, glorified. GLORIEU-X, SE, s. m. & f. vain-glorious

or conceited or proud person.
GLORIFICATION, gld-ri-fl-kd-slon, s. f.

glorification.

GLORIFIER, glò-rì-fià, v. a. to glorify, put among the blessed. Se glorifier de, v. r. to be proud of, take a pride or glory in, boast or brag of.

GLORIOLE, s. f. vanity, pride (in trifles.) GLOSATEUR, V. Glossateur.

GLOSE, gloz, s. f. gloss, comment, exposi tion, interpretation; sort of parody.

GLOSER, glo-za, v. a. to gloss or comment upon, expound or interpret. Gloser sur, v. n. to carp at, censure or criticise, find fault with.

GLOSEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. censurer, carper. GLOSSAIRE, glo-ser, s. m. glossary, dictionary for hard or obscure words.

GLOSSATEUR, s. m. glossographer. GLOSSOPETRE, s. m. tooth of petrified fish;

precious stone in the form of a tongue.

GLOTTE, s. f. glottis.
GLOUGLOU, gloo-gloo, s. m. gurgling of a narrow-mouthed pot or straight-necked bottle when it is emptying.
GLOUGLOUTER, v. n. to gobble (said of

the cry of turkies.)

GLOUSEMENT, gloos-men, s. m. clucking GLOUSSER, gloosa, v. n. to cluck. Poul: qui glousse, clucking hen. GLOUTERON, V. Gratteron.

GLOUTON, NE, gloo-ton, ton, adj. & s greedy, glutton, great eater, greedy gut. GLOUTONNEMENT, gloo-ton-men,

greedily. GLOUTONNERIE, gloo-ton-ri, s. f. gluttony, greedy feeding.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleta, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

GLU, glà, s. f. bird-lime

GLUART, E, glå-in, ent, adj. clammy, gluey, viscous, glutinous.
GLUAU, glå-ö, s. m. limed twig.
GLUER, glå-å, v. a. to do over with bird ime, glue, make clammy.

GLUI, s. m. thatch.

GLUTIMATI-F, VE, adj. agglutinative.
GLUTIMEU-X, SE, glò-tl-neu, neuz, adj.
glutinous, gluey, clammy, viscous.
GRIOLE, S. f. dent made by the preg of a top.

GROME, gnom, s. m. gnome. GROMIDE, s. f. the female of a gnome.

GROMIQUE, adj. sententious.

Gronon, s. m. gnomon, hand of a dial.

GNOMONIQUE, S. f. guomonicks, dialing. Go, Ex. Il est entre tout de go, he went in at once freely or without ceremony.

GOBBE, s. f. poisoned gobbet.

"GOBE, s. m. dainty bit.
GOBELET, gob-le, s. m. goblet or cup, drinking cup; juggler's box; the king's buttery. Joueur de gobelets, juggler.
GOBELINS, s. m. pl. (nom d'une célèbre manufacture de teinture et de tapisseries à

Paris) Gobelins. Gobelin, sing. hobgoblin. GOBELOTER, gob-lo-ta, v. n. to guzzle or tipple.

GOBE-MOUCHE, s. m. lizard very dexterous in taking flies: silly man who believes too eagerly. Also a small bird.
GOBER, gô-bâ, v. a. to gulp down; also to swallow, believe too easily; and to nab.
GOBERGER, (SE) sê-gô-bêr-zâ, v. r. to make much of one's self, take pleasure; also to hanter make grame.

to bauter, make game.
Goberges, go-berg, s. f. pl. boarded bottom of a bedstead. In sing. sort of cod-fish. GOBET, go-be, s. m. morsel swallowed up greedily. Prendre un homme au gobet, to

take one napping: pl. sort of cherry GOBETER, v. n. to plaster the joints of a

GOBEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. one who gulps down or swallows eagerly or believes too easilv.

Gobin, go-bin, s. m. hump-back.

GOBLIN, s. m. hobgoblin. GODAILLE, go-dal, s. f. small, thin, paltry

GODAILLER, go-da-la,v.n. to guzzle, tipple. GODELUREAU, god-lo-ro, s. m. beau, spark,

GODENOT, s. m. juggler's puppet, jack in a box, ill shaped little fellow.

GODER, v. a. to fold, plait. GODERON, V. Godron, and its derivatives accordingly.

GODET, go de, s. m. cup or mug. Godet de fleur, cup of a flower.

GODIVEAU, go-di-vo, s. m. sort of ment-pie. GODRON, go dron, s. m. puff, ruffle or fold. GODRONNER, go dro-na, v. a. to set ruf-fling, make into puffs. Vaisselle godronnée, plate wrought on the edges.

GORLETTE, s. f. Mar. schooner.

Gormon, s. m. Mar. sca-weed.

GOFFE, gof, adj. awkward, ill-shaped, illcontrived.

GOFFEMENT, adv. awkwardly.

GOGAILLE, go-gal, s. f. merry-making. Faire gogaille, to be or make merry, drink

Gogo, go-go. Ex. Viere à gogo, to live in clover.

GOGUENARD, E, gog-nar, nard, adj. & s. bantering, banterer, buffoon.

GOGUENARDER, gog-nar-da, v. n. to ben-

ter, amuse a company with low jests.

GOGUERARDERIE, s. f. low jest.

GOGUER, (se) v. r. to be or make merry.

Gogues, s. f. pl. merry mood.

GOGUETTES, go-gei, s. m. pl. merry moo or merry humour.

GOINFRE, gwinfr, s. m. guttler.

GOINFRER, gwin-frå, v. a. to make mer-

ry, guttle. Goinfrerie, gwin-frè-ri, s. f. merry-

making, guzzling.

GoiTRE, gwatr, s. m. great swelling or wen (like a bag under the throat or the hernia gutturis.)

Goitreu-x, se, gwa-trèu, trèuz, adj. of the nature of the goitre.

GOLFE, golf, s. m. gulf.

GOMME, gom, s. f. gum.

GOMMER, go-ma, v. a. to gum, stiffen with

GOMMEU-X, SE, gồ-mèu, mèuz, adj. gum my, full of gum; gummed, stiff with gum.

GOMMIER, s. m. gum-tree. GOND, gon, s. m. hinge. Faire sortir or mettre quelqu'un hors des gonds, to unhinge one, anger one. Gonds de sabord, Mar port-hooks.

GONDOLE, gon-dôl, s. f. gondola; kind of drinking cup.

Gondolf, E, adj. Mar. round-sheered.

GONDOLIER, gon-dô-lià, s. m. gondolier. GONFALON OF GONFANON, s. m. gonfalon or gonfanon, banner of the church.
GONFALONIER or GONFANONIER, s. m.

holy standard-bearer; chief of some Italian republics.

GONFLEMENT, gonfl-men, s. m. swelling.
GONFLER, gon-lia, v. a. to swell or puff,
fill with wind. Se gonfler, v. r. to swell or puff, be puffed up.

GONIN, go-nin, Ex. Un maître gonin, s.m. cunning fox, a sly dog. Un tour de maître gomin, a scurvy trick.

GONIOMÉTRIE, s. f. the art of measuring

angles.

(lonne, s. f. (sea term) cask, sea cask. GONORHÉE, go-no-A, s. f. gonorrhœa. "GORE, s. f. a sow.

GORET, go-re, s. m. pig, young hog; also shoe-maker's head journeyman.

Goret, s. m. Mar. hog or large, brush (for scrubbing a vessel's bottom under water.)

GORETER un bâtiment, Mar. to hog a vessel GORETER un bâtiment, Mar. to hog a vessel GORETER in bâtiment, Mar. to hog a vessel cor gullet; (d'sme femme) neck or breast; (de montagne) straits or narrow passages; (de montagne) straits or narrow passages; (de colonne) gorge, gule or breast; (de colonne) gorge, gule or neck. Tour de gorge, tucker. Gorge de pigeon, changing colour. Gorge chaude, hawk's fee. Faire une gorge chaude de quelque chose, to regale one's self with a thing, make a thing the subject of one's mirth make a thing the subject of one's mirth Rendre gorge, to cast up, spew, vomit; also to refund. Cette affaire m'a coupé la gorge, that business broke my neck or has been the ruin of me. Il coupe la gorge à bien des gens qui ne hui ont point fait de mal, he does a

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

world of injury to a great many people that never did him any. Il his tient le pied sur la gerge, he has the whiphand of him. Il nous met le pied sur la gorge, he tramples upon us, he uses us as his slaves. Son ris ne passe pas le nœud de la gorge, he laughs but from the toeth outward. Il a dit des paroles of fensantes, mais on les lui fera rentrer dans la gorge, he has been abusive, but we shall make him eat his words.

GORGÉE, gôr-zā, s. f. gulp, mouthful, swal-low (of any liquor.) GORGER, gôr-zā, v. a. to gorge, cram or stuff. Gorger de richesses, to fill with riches. Se gorger, v. r. to glut one's self, fill or stuff, er cram one's belly. Se gorger d'or et d'ar-gent, to heap up gold and silver. Gorgère, s. f. Mar. knee bolted close to

the outer part of the stern in French ships, which forms what the English call the upper and inner part of the knee of the head.

GORGERETTE, gôrz-rêt, or GORGETTE, s. f. sort of neck-cloth or collar for women.

GORGERIN, gorz-rin, s. m. gorget, neckpiece.

Gosier, go-zla, s. m. throat, gullet or wea-sand, also pipe or windpipe. Elle a un charmant gosier, she has a sweet voice. Chan-

ter à plein gosier, to sing at full stretch.
GOSSAMPIN, s. m. great tree, resembling

the pine-tree.

GOTHIQUE, go-tik, adj. gothic. Lettre go-thique, black letter.

GODACHE, S. f. a painting in water colours. GOUDRON, goo-dron, s. m. Mar. tar. GOUDRONNER, goo-dro-na, v. a. Mar. to

tar, pay or do over with tar. Goudronner une couture, to pay a seam. Gouesmon, V. Goemon.

GOUESMON, V. Goemon.
GOUFFRE, gooff, s. m. gulph, whirlpool, pit, abyss or swallow; bottomless pit. La guerre est un gouffre d'argent, war consumes immense treasures.

GOUGE, gooz, s. f. (a tool) gouge. Une franche gouge, trollop, common whore, camp whole.

Gouge, E, Mar. V. Pomme.

GOUINE, s. f. whore, crack, flirt, trull, wench.

GOUJAT, goo-sa, s. m. waiter in an army, black-guard. Gonjut de maçon, a mason's or brick-layer's hod-man.

GOUJON, gôo-zon, s. m. gudgeon; also iron or wooden pin.
GOUJURE, s. f. Mar. score.

Gouler, s. f. gulp, a large mouthful.
Gouler, ghole, s. m. Mar. straight, entrance (of a harbour.) V. Goulot.
Gouliafre, goo-liaft, adj. & s. greedy,

greedy gut, glutton.

GOULUT, goo-lo, s. m. gullet, neck (of any vessel, etc.)

Goulu, E, goo-la, la, adj. & s. greedy, that eats greedily; glutton, greedy gut.

Goulu, shark. Pois goulus, sugar peas.

GOULUMENT, goo-ld-men, adv. greedily.

*GOUPILE, s. m. young fox.
GOUPILER, goo-pll, s. f. pin or peg, bok.
Goupille, Mar. fore-lock.

GOUPILLER une cheville, Mar. to fore-lock

a bolt.

GOUPILLON, goo-pi-lon, s. m. bottle-brush; holy-water sprinkle.

*Goupillonner, v. a. to cleanse or make clean with a bottle-brush

Goun, s. m. hole made by a water-fall.

GOURD, E, adj. numb, stiff with cold. GOURDE, goord, s. f. gourd bottle; a lie.

GOURDIN, goor-din, s. m. cudgel.

GOURDINER, v. a. to cudgel.

GOURE, s. f. any sophisticated drug. Goureur, s. m. one who suphisticates drugs, deceiver.

GOURGANDINE, geor-gan-din, s. f. firt.

truli, quean, crack

GOURGANE, s. f. sort of little wild bean. GOURMADE, goor-mad, s. f. cuff, or fisticuff. GOURMAND, E, goor-men, mend, adj. & s. greedy, ravenous, greedy gut, glutton.

GOURMANDER, goor-men-da, v. a. to abuse, check, rattle, scold at, snub, snap up; (le vice) to reprove or check; (see passions) to master, curb, keep under. Se laisser gourmander, to suffer one's self to be abused, truckle under.

GOURMANDISE, goor-men-diz, s. f. gluttony, gormandizing, immoderate eating and drink-

ing.
GOURNE, goorm, s. f. strangles (a disease in horses.) Cet enfant fette sa gourme (or a la gale,) that child has the scab or itch. Jeter sa gourme, to sow one's wild oats.

GOURMÉ, E, adj. curbed, etc.; proud, affected.

GOURMER, goor-ma, v. a. to curb; to cuff or box.

GOURMET goor-me, s. m. wine-connoisseur. GOURMETTE, goor-met, s. f. curb.

GOURNABLES, s. f. pl. Mar. tree-nails. GOUSSE, goos, s. f. cod, husk or shell;

(a'ail) clove. Gousset, goo-se, s. m. fob; (d'une chemise) gusset; bracket; arm-pit or arm-hole. Sentir le gousset, to smell rank under the

arm-pit. Gour, goo, s. m. taste; palate; taste, discerning faculty, judgment, parts, skill; re-lish, liking; manner, way, fancy, contrivance, genius. Viande de haut goût, meat high seagenius. Viande de haut goût, meat high sea-soned. Viande qui a bon or mauvais goût. sevoury or unsavoury meat. Avoir le goût dépravé, to have one's mouth out of taste. Avoir le goût bon, to love good things, love that which is good. Il n'a point de goût pour la musique, he does not relish musick, he is not affected with musick. Trouver une chose à son golt, to relish a thing, like or fancy it. Je ne crois pas que cela soit de votre golt, I do not think that will please you or fit your pa late. Se faire le golt à quelque chose, to bring one's humour to a thing. Donner du goût à un ouvrage, to finish a piece of work, improve it

gott, (in painting) noble design.

GOUTER, goo-ta, s. m. alternoon's nun-

chion, collation GOUTER, goo-th, v. a. to taste or relish, to try or have a taste of; to relish, like or approve; delight or take delight in, please one's self with.

Gotter, v. n. to make collation or eat one's afternoon's nunchion.

GOUTTE, goot, s. f. gout; drep. Goude à geutle, by drops, drop by drop. Dans tout son discours il n'y a pas une goutle de bon sens, in all his discourse there is not a jot or whit of

oar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Du vin de la première goutte, good sense. or de la mère-goutte, unpressed wine (that which comes first of itself from the grapes without pressing.) Je n'entends goutte, I do not hear at all, I am quite deaf. Je ne vois goutte. I see nothing, I do not see at all. Je ne vois goutte en tout cela, it is all a mystery to me.

GOUTTELETTE, s. f. small or little drop. GOUTTEU-X, SE, goo-teu, teuz, adj. & s. gouty, troubled with or subject to the gout; gouty person.

GOUTTIERE, goo-tier, s. f. gutter, rain-spout, spout; (de carrosse) cornice. Gouttières, s. f. pl. Mar. water-ways (of the decks.) Gouttières remersées, straight and long pieces of timber placed on the sides (in some French ships of war) to support the beams in the wardroom, instead of hanging knees.

GOUVERNAIL, goo-ver-ual, s. m. Mar. rudder, and (when speaking in general terms) helm. Tenir le gouvernail, to sit at the helm. GOUVERNANCE, s. f. a sort of jurisdiction established in some towns of the low-coun-

GOUVERNANTE, goo-vêr-nênt, s. f. govern-or's lady; also house-keeper; governess, governant; (des filles d'honneur) mother. GOUVERNÉ, E, adj. ruled, guided, govern-

ed, etc.
GOUVERNEMENT, gho-vern-men, s. m. go-vernment; (d'un vaisseau) steerage. Avoir vernment to have

quelque chose en son gouvernement, to have the management of a thing, have it in charge, GOUVERNER, goover-nh, v. a. to govern, or rule; manage, look to or take care of; to husband; (quelqu'un) to govern or manage, to do what one pleases with. Se gouverner, v. r. to carry or govern or behave one's self.
Mar. to steer. Faire gowerner, to cun. Gouverner sur son ancre, to sheer (a ship) to her anchor. Gouverner à la voile, to steer with the sails (when the rudder is unshipped or lost and no substitute provided.) Gouverner à la lame, to steer by the sea (when it runs high.) Gouverne là, steady. Gouverne sans donner beaucoup de barre, steer small. Gouverne au plus près, keep her close to the wind. Gouverne où est le cap, steer as you go. Vaisseau qui gouverne bien, ship that answers her helm quickly. Vaisseau qui gouverne mal, ship that steers badly

Gouverneur, goo-ver-neur, s. m. go-

vernor; tutor.

GRABAT, grå-bå, s. m. little bed or couch, truckle bed.

GRABATAIRE, adj. one habitually sick. one who defers baptism till death.

GRABUGE, gra-buz, s. m. quarrel, debate,

squabble, wrangling.

GRACE, gras, s. f. grace; favour, kindness, courtesy; agreeableness; pardon; thanks, acknowledgement. Coup de grace, coup de grace (the blow which the executioner gives to dispatch a criminal.) graces a dispatch a criminal. Graces, (grayer after meat) grace; (d'une langue) beauties; (grâces infuses,) infused gifts or parts. Les Grâces, the Graces. Bonnes grâces, favour, benevolence. Bonne grâce (du lit) head curtain; (dans les manières, etc.) good grace, gracefulness, comeliness, handsome or genteel way Mauvanse grace, ungenteel way, awkwardness, awkward way. L'an de grâce 1825, the year of our Lord 1825. Dire grâces, rendre grâces, to say grace. Grâce à Dieu or grâces à Dieu or thank God, God be thanked. Grâce à votre bonde, grâces à cette dame, thanks to your goodness, thanks to that lady. unants to your goodness, thanks to that lady. Faire grace a quelqu'un, to favour one. Etre en grace auprès de quelqu'un, to be in favour with one. De grace, dites moi, ce que c'est, pray, be so kind as to tell me what it is. Je pray, 0e so kind as to let me what it is. re rous fais grâce de la moitié des depens, I for-give you half the charges. Dieu m'en fasse la grâce, God grant I may. S'habiller de bonne grâce, to dress genteelly. Vous avez mauvaise grâce de rous plaindre de cela, there is no reason for you to complain of that. Vraiment, vous avez bonne grâce de croire que or results, tous are a sortine grace are consequently man to think I would consent to it. Waterois-je pas bonne grace de le dire? would it not become me well to say it? Un discours qui a de la grace, a neat, handsome or graceful discours qui a de la grace, a neat, handsome or graceful discours de la grace a la grace a la grace de la grace d course. L'action donne de la grâce au discours, action sets off a discourse.
GRACIABLE, gra-sl-abl, adj. pardonable.

GRACIEUSEMENT, gra-sleuz-mên, adv.

graciously, kindly.

GRACIEUSER, grå-sieu-zå, v. a. to show a great kindness to.

GRACIEUSETÉ, s. f. gratification, gift, pre-

sent; kindness, civility GRACIEU-X, SE, grā-sieu, sieuz, adj. graceful, fine, delicate, genteel, pleasant, kind, civil, courteous.

GRACILITÉ, gr3-si-li-tà, s. f. shrillness or slenderness (of voice.)
GRADATION, grà-dà-sion, s. m. gradation,

climax.

GRADE, grad, s. m. degree.

GRADIN, gra-din, s. m. steps of the altar on which the candlestick stands. Gradins, steps; seats raised one over another.

GRADUATION, gra-du-a-sion, s. f. graduation.

GRADUÉ, E, gra-dû-a, adj. that has taken a degree in the university. Carte graduce, map on which the degrees of longitude and latitude are marked. Feu gradue, gradual fire.

GRADUÉ, s. m. graduate.

GRADUEL, LE, adj. gradual. Psaumcs graduels, gradual psalms.

GRADUEL, s. m. gradual (part of the mass sung between the epistle and gospel;) choir-

GRADUELLEMENT, adv. gracually.
GRADUER, gra-du-a, v. a. to graduate,
mark the degrees on, dignify with a degree. GRAFIGNER, v. a. to scratch (as cats do.)

GRAILLEMENT, s. m. hoarse sound. GRAILLER, v. n. to sound the horn to call

back the dogs. GRAILLON, gra-lon, s. m. remains, scraps

(of a feast.) GRAIN, grin, s. m. grain or corn; grain, berry, kernel, bead, stone; (poids) grain; (narlant des étoffes ou du cuir) grain, nap. Grain de sel, grain, or corn of salt. Grain de grenade, kernel of a pomegranate. Grain de lierre, ivy berry. Grain de mondarde, grain of mustard-sced. Grain de corail, bead of coral. Grain de ruisin, berry of a grape. Grain de petite rérole, pimple of the small pox. Grain de grele, hail-stone Futaine à

bûse, bût : jekne, mêute, bêurre : êmfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

grain d'orge, napped fustian. Futaine à gros grain, big-napped fustian. Avoir ses petit grain de folie, to be a little foolish or crack-brained. Il n'a pas un grain de bon sens, be has not a grain of sense.

Grain, s. m. Mar. squall. Temps à grains, squally weather. Le bâtiment chasse n'a pas amené un pouce de voile dans le grain, the chase has carried through the squall. Ungrain mous vient de l'avant, a squall is coming a-head. Il y a du vent dans ce grain-là, there is wind in that squall.

GRAINE, gren, s. f. seed, plant seed. Graines de ver à soie, eggs of a silk-worm. GRAINER, V. Grener.

GRAINIER, E, s. m. & f. one who retails all sorts of grains.

GRAIRIE, V. Gruerie.

GRAISSAGE, s. m. the act of greasing.

GRAISSE, grès, s. s. fat. Graisse fondue, rease. Taché de graisse, greasy. Graisse de rôti, dripping of roast meat.

de ron; ciriping or roass mean.

Graisse, s, adi, greased, liquored, etc.

Graisse, gre-sa, v. a. to grease; {des souliers} to liquor. Graisser la pate à quelgr'am, to grease one in the fist, doub one, tamper with one, tip one's hand. Graisser la morter in order to greate one.

le marteau, to fee the porter in order to get admittance. Graisser les mâts de hume, to grease the top-masts.

GRAISSET, s. m. ruddock (kind of frog.) GRAISSEU-X, SE, gre-seu, seuz, adj.greasy. GRAMEN, gra-men, s. m. cow-grass, quick-

GRAMMAIRIEN, grå-mer, s. f. grammar. GRAMMAIRIEN, grå-mer, s. m. gram-

GRAMMATICAL, E, gra-ma-ti-kal, adj. grammatical.

grà-mà-tl-kàl-GRAMMATICALEMENT. men, adv. grammatically.

GRAMMATISTE, s. m. one who teaches grammar.

GRAND, E, gren, grend, adj. (The d is only sounded before a vowel, and then sounds like the great the sounds side t.) great; big, vast, hage or large; loag; tall or high; noble, generous; grand, chief, main, extraordinary; excellent, eminent. Grand jour, broad day-light. Le grand couve, the philosopher's stone. Grand-croix, s. m. one of the chief dignities of the knights of Malia. Grand-mattre, grand master, Lord Steward of the king's bousehold. Grand-mattre (de cérémonies) chief master (of the ceremonies.) Grand-mattre (de la garde-robe de l'urillerie de Malle) great master (of the ward-robe, of the ordinance of Malta.) Grand-maître (de collége) head master (of a college.) Grand-merci, s. m. thanks. Abso-bately, I thank you. Le grand ressort, the main spring, the master spring. Les grands fours (cour extraordinaire) a general and extraordinaire session. Before several nouns feminine which begin with a consonant grand is written instead of grande. Ex. Grand'-mère, grand-mother. Grand'tante, great aunt. Grand'messe, high mass. Faire grand'chère, to live well or sumptuously. Cest grand'pitié, it is a great pity. Grand'peine, with much ado, etc.

Grand, Mar. (parlant de cabestans, de mâts, de roiles, ctc.) main. La grande flotte, the

grand flee'.

Grand, s. m. great man; great things, crime, s. m. great man; great inings, sublimity. Faire queique chose en grand, to do a thing in great. Peindre en grand, to paint at full length. Faire le grand, to carry it high or stately. If y a dis grand dans tous ses écrits, there is à sublimity in all his writsee ecrus, there is a sublimity in all his writings. Les grands d'un royanme, the grandees or great men of a kingdom. Les grands d'Espagne, the grandees of Spain. Monsitur le grand (le grand écuyer du roi) the master of the horse to his majesty.

"GRANDAT, s. m. V. Grandesse.
GRANDELET, TE, grên-lê, lêt, adj. pretty hie.

big. GRANDEMENT, grend-men, adv. greatly,

very much, extremely.

GRANDESSE, s. f. quality of a grandee of

Spain.

GRANDEUR, gren-deur, s. f. hugeness, bigness, size, tallness; greatness, grandeur, excellency, dignity, nobleness, sublimity; enormity; importance; lordship; grace (a title.)
GRANDIR, gren-dir, v. n. to grow big or tall.
"GRANDISSIME, gren-di-sim, adj. very

great.

GRANGE, grenz, s. f. barn. GRANGER or GRANGER, s. m. farmer. Grangière, s. f. farmer's wife.

GRANIT, grå-nit, s. m. granite. GRANITELLE, adj. marble that resembles granite.

GRANULATION, s. f. granulation.
GRANULER, grå-nå-lå, v. a. to granulate.
GRAPHIE, s. f. description.

GRAPHIQUE, adj. graphick.
GRAPHIQUE, adj. graphick.
GRAPHIQUE, grap, s. f. bunch or cluster; (oux pieds de chevour) kind of scab. Mordre à la comme de hite at the health grappe, to bite at the hook

GRAPPILLER, gra-pi-la, v.n. to glean after vintage. Grappiller, v. a. to scrape up, get (some little thing.)

GRAPPILLEU-R, SE, grå-pl-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. grape-gleaner

GRAPPILLON, gra-pl-lon, s. m. little clus-

ter or bunch. ter or bunca.

Grappin, gra-pin, s. m. grapple or grappling iron. Grappin, s. m. Mar. grapnel, grappling. Grappin à main, hand grapnel, Grappin d'abordage, fire-grapnel. Grappin de chaloupe, boat grapnel. Grappins de bout de vergus, grapnel iroas (such as are fixed to the yard arms of a fire-ship.) Grappin de vaisseut de bas bord, a sort of anchor for small

vessels.

GRAS, SE, grå, grås, adj. fat, fail of fat; greasy; oily, thick; fertile, fruitful; bawdy, obscene, smutty. Terre grasse, clay or fuller's earth. Du son gras, fine bran that has some meal among it. Mortier trop gras, mortar that has too much lime in it. Avoir la langue grasse, to lisp or speak thick. Parler gras, to lisp, speak thick; also to speak bewdy or-smutty. Les joints de cette mièce de bois sont trop gras, the joints of special Deway or-similary. Les joines at cette price de bois sont trop grass, the joints of that piece of wood are too thick. Excre grasse, thick ink. Jour gras, fiesh-day. Chetal gras fondit, horse that has got the molten grease. Dormir la grasse mainete to sloop, very late overselers one's self. Il to sleep very late, over-sleep one's self. en fait ses choux gras, he gets well paid for it. Vous en êtes bien plus gras d'avoir fait cela? what have you got by doing that? what are bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

you the better for it? Horizon gras, Mar. hazy weather, hazy horizon.

Fuire gras, to GRAS, s. m. fat, fat piece. eat flesh or meat (against the church and orcat ness or meat (against the church and or-dinunc.) Le gras de la jambe, the calf of the leg (iras-double, tripe. Gras fondu, s. m. & adj. Gras-fondure, s. f. molten grease (a horse disease. V. Gras, adj.) GRASSE, the feminine of Gras.

GRASSEMENT, gras-men, adv. plentifully; argely. Vivre grassement, to live plentifully, to live in clover. Récompenser grassement, to give large or ample rewards.
GRASSET, TE, gra-se, set, adj. pretty fat,

pretty plump.

GRASSETTE, s. f. a sort of plant. GRASSETEMENT, gra-sey-men, s. m. lisp-

ing. Grassever, grå-sè-yå, v. n. to lisp, to speak thick.

GRASSOUILLET, TE, gra-soo-le, let, adj.

plump.

GRAT, s. m. seraping place. Envoyer quel-qu'um on grat, to send one a grazing, turn one away, adj. grateful.
GRATERON, s. m. bur-dock, clotbur.

GRATICULER, v. a. to square (an original drawing or picture in order to take a copy.) GRATICATION, grad-if-fike-slow, s. f. gratification or gratmity, bounty, liberality,

present. GRATIFIER, gra-tl-fl-a, v. a. to gratify.
GRATIF, gra-tis, s. m. that which sticks to the bottom of a skillet, etc.; in which any

thing was boiled.

thing was botted.

GRATIS, grà-tl-s, adv. gratis, for nothing.
GRATITUDE, grà-tl-tud, s. f. gratitude, thankfulness, gratefulness, acknowledgment.
Avoir de la gratitude, to be thankful or grateful. Je vous témoignerai ma gratitude, la shall show myself grateful or thankful to

GRATTE, s. f. Mar. scraper.

GRATTE-CUL, grat-ka, s. m. hip or fruit of the briar.

GRATTELLE, grå-tel, s. f. itch.

GRATTELEU-X, SE, grat-leu, leuz, adj. that has got the itch.

GRATTER, gra-ta, v. a. to scratch, scrub or claw; to scrape or rake off; (le papier) to scrawl, write fast and ill; (une rentraiture) to smooth down with the nail; to pilfer, cab-

bage. Du monde à gratter l'entrepont, Mar. some hands to scrape the between decks.
GRATTOIR, gra-twar, s. m. scratching

knife, scraper.

GRATUIT, E, gra-tal, talt, adj. gratuitous, free or freely given. Un don gratuit, a free giñ.

GRATUITÉ, grà-tôl-tà, s. f. mercy, good-ness; free gift, gratuity. GRATUITEMENT, grà-tôlt-mên, adv. free-

y, frankly, gratis, for nothing.

GRAVE, grav, adj. heavy; grave, serious, sober; weighty, of weight or importance.

L'accent grave, the grave accent, the grave.

Son grave, dull or hollow sound.

GRAVE, s. m. gravity. Je suis dégoûté du grane et du sérieux, I am weary of gravity.

GRAVE, E, adj. engraved or engraven, imprinted, etc. Avoir le nez gravé de la petile vérole, to have one's nose pitted with the mail-pox, to have pock holes in one's nose.

GRAVELÉE, grav-la, s. f. tartar, old lees of wine.

GRAVELEU-X, SE, grav-lèu, lèuz, troubled with the gravel. Fruit graveleux. stony fruit. Urine graveleuse, urine full of gravel, sandy urine.

GRAVELLE, gravel, s. f. gravel or stone. GRAVELURE, gravelur, s. f. obscenity,

smuttiness

GRAVENENT, grav-men, adv. gravely, seriously.

GRAVER, grå-vå, v. a. to engrave or grave.

Graver à l'eau-forte, to etch. Graver quelque chose dans l'esprit, to imprint a thing on one's mind.

GRAVEUR, gra-veur, s. m. engraver GRAVIER, gra-via, s. m. gravel. Comrir de granier une allee, to gravel a walk. Urine où il y a beaucoup de gravier, sandy urine.

GRAVIR, gra-vir, v. n. to climb or clauber up. Ex. Gravir au haut d'une montagne. to climb up a hill.

GRAVITATION, grd-vi-th-sion, s. f. gravitation.

GRAVITÉ, grà-vl-tå, s. f. gravity; heaviness; soberness, seriousness, i Gravité de son, despness of sound.

GRAVITER, v. n. to gravitate.

GRAVOIS, gra-vwa, s. m. ruins, rubbish. shards; coarse gravel.

GRAVURE, gra-vur, s. f. engraving. GRE, gra, s. m. will, accord, consent; fan-GRÉ, grê, s. m. will, accord, consent; famcy. Bon gré, mal gré, will he, nill he (willing or unwilling, whether one will or no.)
De son gré, de son bon gré, of one's own accord. Contre son gré, against one's will. An
gré de, at the will of, at the mercy of. Se baisser aller au gré des flots, to commit one's self
to the waves. Voild ce qui est à mon gré, or
selon mon gré, that suits my humour or
pleases me; I like that very well. Elle en
assez à mon gré, I like her well enough. Savoir gré or bon gré d'une chose à quelqu'un,
to take a thing kindly of one, be obliged to
him for it. Leti en savoir mauvais gré, te
take ill of him. Je m'en sais mauvais gré, te
take ill of him. Je m'en sais mauvais gré, to
am angry with myself for it. Prendre en
gré, to submit to, bear with patience. Prencz
en gré l'aris que fe vous donne, take in good

en gré l'avis que je vous donne, take in good part the advice I give you. De gré à gré, GREC, GRECQUE, grek, adj. Greek, Grecian. La langue Grecque, the Greek tongue, Greek. Il est Gree la-dessus, he has a great talent that way.

GREC, s. m. A Greek or Grecian. Le Gree, Greek, the Greek tongue. Un homme sarant en Gree, a great or able Grecian. Cest du Gree pour moi, this is #lebrew to me, I know not what to make of it.

GRÈCE, grès, s. f. Greece (an ancient republick.)

GRECQUES, s. f. Mar. sky-scrapers.
GREDIN, E. gre-din, din, adj. & s. beggarly, shabby; beggarly or shabby person. small shaggy dog.

GREDINERIE, gre-dîn-ri, s. f. beggarliness, shabbiness.

GRÉEMENT, s. m. Mar. rigging. Ce vais-seau a un gréement tien lourd, that ship is very beavily rigged.

buse, bût : jênne, mêute, beurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

GRÉER, v. a. Mar. to rig. Gréer une pompe, to rig a pump. Grée les avirons, get your oars to pass. Ho de la hune de misais grée la bonnette de perroquet à bâbord, fore-top there, set the top-gallant studding-sail on the larboard side

GREFFE, gref, s. m. registry, place where registers are kept, the rolls.

Greffe, s. f. graft or graff.

Greffe, s. f. graft v. a. to graff or graft. V.

GREFFIER, gre-fil, s.m. register or keep-

er of a register.

GREFFOIR, grd-fwar, s. m. grafting-knife. GREGEOIS, grd-zwa, adj. m. Ex. Feu gre-geois, wild-fire, greek-fire that burnt in wa-

GRÉGORIEN, NE, adj. Gregorian. Année Grégorienne, reformed in 1582 by Grego-ry XIII. "GRÉGUER, v. a. to pocket. "GRÉGUES, s. f. pl. breeches. Tirer ses

gregues, to run or scamper away.

GRELE, grel, s. f. hail. fleches, a shower of arrows.

GRÉLE, adj. slim, thin, slender, lank.
Voix gréle, shrill, squeaking voice.
GRÉLÉ, adj. spoiled with or by the hail.
It a le visage grélé, he has pock-holes in his face. Il est un peu grélé, he is low in the face.

GRELER, gre-la, v. n. to hail: v. a. to spoil or ruin by or with the hail.

GRELIN, s. m. Mar. cablet (cable from 2 to 5 inches in circumference,) warp, tow-rope.
GRELON, gre-lon, s. m. large hail-stone.
GRELOT, gre-lo, s. m. little bell.
GRELOTTER, gre-lo-la, v. n. to shiver,
quake (with cold.)

GRELUCHON, s. m. a secret gallant.

GRÉMIAL, s. m. gremial. GRÉMIL, s. m. (plant) grummel or stone-

GRENADE, grê-nad, s. f. pomegranate; grenade.

GRENADIER, grè-nà-dià, s. m. pomegra-nate-tree; grenadier.

Grenadiere, grè-nà-dièr, s. f. grenade-

GRENAILLE, gre-nal, s. m. small shot GREMAILLER, gre-na-fa, v.a. to granulate. GREMAISON, s. f. plants forming into seeds. GREMASSE, s. f. Mar. little showery squali

(of wind.)

GRENAT, gre-na, s. m. granite; sort of small bird; lemon peel.

GRENAUT, s. m. chub, gurnard or garnet. GRENELER, v. a. to make (a skin) rough ike shagreen.

GRENER, gre-ma, v. m. to seed; to granulate, pound.

GRENETERIE, grên-trl, s. f. corn-trade.
GRENETIER, E, grên-dâ, tlêr, s. m. grain
dealer; controller of the king's magazine of

GRENETIS, greatl, s. m. ingrailed ring (round a coin.)

GRENIER, gre-nla, s. m. granary, corn-loft or corn-house; garret. Grenier a foin, hay-loft. Grenier a set, magazine of salt.

poure en grenier à Bencoolen, we loaded with pepper in bulk at Bencoolen. GRENOUILLE, gre-ndo., s. f. frog. GRENOUILLER, gre-ndo. d., v. n. to gus-

GRI

zle or tipple

GRENOUILLERE, gre-noo-ler, s. place full of frogs; damp unwholesome spot.

Grenouillet, s. m. solomon's seal (a plant.) GRENU, E, gre-nu, nu, adj. full of grain. Marbre grenu, granite marble. Cuir grenu, leather that has a good grain. Huile grenue,

clotted oil.

clotted oil.

GRES, grè, s. m. sort of brown free-stone.

Boutcille de grès, stone boutle.

GRÉSII., grà-zll, s. m. sort of rime or hoarfrost that blasts vines, fine sort of hail.

GRÉSILLEMENT, grà-zl-lmên, s. m. skrivelling, wrinkling; falking of fine hail.

GRÉSILLER, grà-zl-la, v. n. Il grésille,
there is a rime, it is rimy weather, it is a boarfrost. Se grésiller, v. r. to wrinkle, skrivel.

GRESSERIE, s. f. brown free-stone; stoneware, sone-bottles.

ware, stone-bottles.

GRÈVE, grèv, s. f. sandy shore; place of execution (at Paris.) Empoyer en Grève, to send to Tyburn or to the gallows. *Grèves, reaves

GRÉVER, grà-và, v. a. to oppress, aggrieve, wrong.

GRIANNEAU, s. m. a young moor cock.

GRIBANE, s. f. kind of small vessel.
GRIBLETTE, s. f. slice of pork broiled.

GRIBOUILLAGE, s. m. scrawl, daub. GRIBOUILLETTE, gri-bdo-let, s. f. scramble or scrambling (the throwing of a thing among several people to make them scramble for it.)

GRIÈCHE, gri-èsh, adj. speckled. Ex. Pie grièche, speckled magpie; vixen. Ortic grièche, male or Roman or Greek nettle. GRIE-F, VE, gri-èf, èv, adj. grievous, enor-

GRIEF, s. m. grievance, wrong, injury. GRIÈVEMENT, gri-èv-mên, adv. grievous

ly, extremely.
GRIÈVETÉ, gri-èv-th, s. f. grievousness, enormity.

GRIFFE, grif, s. f. claw or clutch. Se tirer des griffes des sergens, to get out of the bailiff's clutches.

GRIFFON, gri-fon, s. m. griffin. GRIFFORNAGE, grl-fo-nlz, s. m. scribbling or scrawling, scrawl.

GRIFFONNÉ, E, adj. scrawled, writ fast

and ill.

GRIFFORNEMENT, s. m. rough drawing.
GRIFFORNER, gri-fo-nh, v. a. to scribble
or scrawl; draw roughly, sketch.
GRIGHON, gri-gnon, a. m. piece of crust.

GRIGHOTER, gri-gnô-th, v. a. to nibble. GRIGOU, gri-gôo, s. m. shabby or beggar-ly fellow; sordid miser.

GRIL, gri, s. m. gridiron. Etre sur le gril,

to be upon thorns. GRILLADE, gri-fad, s. f. broiled meat, grillade. Faire une grillade d'une cuisse de

chapon, to broil the leg of a capon. Grillade de chidaignes, roasted chemuts.

GRILLE, gril, s. f. grate; (de tripot) grill or hazard. Faire an coup de grille, to strike abill into the mills.

a ball into the grill.

En grenier, unpacked (in sucks.)

En grenier, Mar. in bulk. Chargé en greor roast; to grate up; (d'impatience) to burn,
nser, ladea in bulk. Nous chargeames du fry. La chalcur du soleil a grillé toutes les GRILLER, gri-la, v. a. to grill, broil, burn bar, bât, bâse : thère, êbb, ove : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

herbes, the neat of the sun has parched or

burnt up all the grass.

GRILLON, gri-lon, s. m. cricket (insect.)

GRIMACE, gri-mas, s. m. cricket (meect.)
GRIMACE, gri-mas, s. f. grimace, face or
wry mouth or crabbed look; grimace, dissimulation, show; box pincushion-like. Faire la grimace à quelqu'un, to look sour or grim upon one. Cet habit fait la grimace, that coat puckers.

GRIMACER, gri-ma-sa, v. n. to make faces, make wry faces, wry the mouth, grin; to

pucker.

GRIMACIER, E, gri-mà-sià, sièr, s. m. & f. one that makes mouths or grimaces, prim or precise person; also hypocrite.

GRIMAUD, gri-mo, s. m. young school-boy,

raw scholar, ignorant.

GRIME, s. m. dirty, low school-boy, brat. GRIMELIN, grim-lin, s. m. dirty boy, young boy; gamester that plays for trifles only

GRIMELINAGE, grim-il-naz, s. m. playing for a trifle, trifling play; small trifling gains. GRIMELINER, grim-il-na, v. n. to play for

a trifle. Grimeliner, v. a. & n. to make some small gains or stand upon trifles.

GRIMOIRE, grl-mwar, s. m. conjuring book, obscure sayings, illegible scrawls. GRIMPER, grin-pa, v. n. to climb or clamber up, swarm up.

GRIMPEREAU, s. m. wood pecker.

GRIMPEU-R, SE, grin-pêur, peuz, s. m. & f. climber.

GRINGEMENT, grins-men, (de dents) s. m. grinding or gnashing (of teeth.)
GRINGER, grin-sa, v. a. Ex. Grincer les dents, to grind or gnash the teeth.
GRINGEROUTER with the teeth.

GRINGOTTER, grin-go-ta, v. n. to chatter, to warble (as birds do.) Gringotter un air, to quaver or hum a tune.

GRINGUENAUDE, s. f. fartleberry, ex-

GRIOTTE, grl-ôt, s. f. kind of black cherry; sort of marble.

GRIOTTIER, gri-o-til, s. m. kind of blackcherry-tree.

GRIPPE, grip, s. f. whim. Se prendre en grippe contre quelqu'un, to be prejudiced against one without any cause.

GRIPPER, grl-pa. v. a. to gripe, catch, lay hold of. Se gripper, to grow or be whimsical; also to shrivel, shrink.

GRIPPE-SOU, s. m. penny sharper.

GRIS, E, grl, grlz, adj. gray. Cassonade grise, brown sugar. Lettre grise, flourished letter. Temps gris, cold gloomy weather, rawweather. Etre gris or un peu gris, to be times or a bittle fluered. tipsy or a little flustered.

GRIS, S. m. gray, gray colour. Etre habillé de gris, to wear gray clothes. Gris de fer, iron gray. Gris de lin, gridelin. Vert de gris, verdigrise. Gris tanné or enfumé, puke colour.

GRISAILLE, gri-zal, s. f. picture done in black and white, mixture of dark and white hair (for wigs.)

GRISAILLER, gri-za-la, v. a. to daub with black and white.

also tradesman's daughter or wife; plain girl,

GRISON, NE, gri-zon, zôn, adj. & s. gray, gray-haired, boary, gray-haired person. Gri-

haired or hoary, hegin to have gray hairs.
GRIVE, griv, s. f. thrush (bird.)
GRIVELE, E, adj. dappled, speckled, griz-

zled. GRIVELÉE, griv-la, s. f. secret robbing or

cheating, extortion. GRIVELER, v. a. & n. to embezzle, rob or

cheat the public. GRIVELERIE, grl-vel-rl, s. f. embezzle-ment, extortion, plunder.

GRIVELEUR, grlv-leur, s. m. robber of the public, extortioner.

GRIVOIS, gri-vwa, s. m. merry blade, good companion, rake GRIVOISE, gri-vwaz, s. f. tobacco grater; also free bold wench, soldier's trull.

GROGNARD, E. s. m. & f. grumbler.
GROG, s. m. Mar. grog. Boire du grog, to
splice the main brace. Retrancher à un ma-

elot sa portion de grog, to stop a sailor's grog. GROGNE, grdgn, s. f. grumbling. Faire la grogne, to grumble, look gruff.
GROGNEMENT, grdgn-men, s. m. grunting.

grumbling. GROGNER, gro-gnå, v. n. to grunt or grun-tle; to growl, grumble.

GROGNEU-R, SE, grö-gnéur, gnéuz, s. m. & f. grumbler, grumbling person.
GROIN, grö-in, s. m. snout (of a hog.) Il lui a donné sur le groin, he gave him a slap on the chaps.

GROLLE, s. m. rook. GROMMELER, grom-la, v. n. to grumble or mution.

GRONDEMENT, s. m. grumbling or rumbling noise

GRONDER, gron-da, v. n. to grumble, mut-ter or growl. L'orage gronde, the wind roars. Le tomerre gronde, the thunder roars or rumbles. Grander, v. a. to chide, scold at, reprimand, snub or rattle.

GRONDERIE, groad-rl, s. f. scolding, chid-

GRONDENIE, growers, according to the series of the series

scoid, scoiding person.

GROS, s.g., grò, gròs, adj. big, great, huge;
thick, coarse; large, great, high. Parler des
grosses dents à queiqu'sm, to rattle one.
Faire le gros dos, to look big, take state upon
one. Avoir le cœur gros de quelque injure, to stomach or resent an injury. Grosse viande, coarse meat, butcher's meat. Grosse soie, coarse or stitching silk. Une femme grosse coarse or stitching silk. Une femme grosse (or emceinte,) a woman big or great with child. Unegrosse femme, a big bellied woman. Grosse de trois mois, that has gone three months with child. Elle est grosse d'un tel. such a one has got her with child. Envie de femme grosse, a woman's longing. Elle est grosse de deux enfans, she goes with twins. Etre gros de savoir (de dire, de faire) quelque chose, to long mightily to know (say or do) any thing. Un gros animal, une grosse tête, un gros lourdaut, a blockhead, a GRISATRE, grl-zatr, adj. grayish.

GRISER, grl-zatr, adj. grayish.

GRISET, s. m. young gold-finch.

GRISETTE, grl-zatr, adj. grayish.

GRISETTE, grl-zatr, adj. grayish.

Etre gros de savoir (de dire, de foure), avelque chose, to long mightily to know (say or do) any thing. Un gros amimal, ure doublet the grosse téte, un gros lourdaut, a blockhead, a dunce, a dull pated or awkward fellow. Ils se sont dit de grosses paroles, there passed some

buse, but : jeune, mêute, beurre enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

hard words betwirt them. La grosse faim, the edge of one's stomach. Gros temps. the edge of one's stomach. Gros temps, Mar. blowing weather, stormy weather, foul weather. Gross coup de mer, Mar. heavy sea. Grosse aventure, Mar. bottomry.

GROS, s. m. biggest part; draehm, eighth part of an ounce; (d'un arbre) trunk or body; (d'un armée) body; (d'un armée) body. En gros, by wholesale, by the great; also in genera, in general terms. Tout en gros, in all, only. Le gros du monde, she generality all, only. Le gros du monde, the generality of men. Le gros d'une affaire, the general, principal, main or chief point of a business. Gros de Naples, grogram.

GROS, adv. much. Il grele fort gros, it

hails very big.

GROSEILLE, grd-zel, s. f. gooseberry. Groseilles rouges, currants or red currants. Groseilles blanches, white currants. Groseilles noires, black currants.

GROSEILLIER, grd-zê-lià, s. m. goose-

berry-tree, currant-tree.

GROSSE, S. f. gross or twelve dozen; engrossed copy of a publick deed or instrument. Emprunter de l'argent à la grosse, Mar. to take money on bottomry. V. Gros.

GROSSERIE, s. f. iron-ware; also whole-

sale dealing.

GROSSESSE, gro-ses, s. f. great belly, being with child. Achever sa grossesse, to go out her time.

GROSSEUR, gro-seur, s. f. bigness, size; swelling. Prendre la grosseur d'un homme, to take measure of one (said by tailors.)

GROSSI, E, adj. grown bigger, etc. GROSSIER, E, grò-sià, sièr, adj. coarse, thick; cearse, rough, homely, unwrought; cearse, clownish, rustical, raw, unpolished, not polite, rude; gross, palpable. Marchand grossier, wholesale-dealer.

GROSSIÈREMENT, grò-slèr-mên, adv. coarsely, grussly, in a coarse or gross manner; clownishly; also summarily, in general.

GROSSIÈRETÉ, grò-sièr-tà, s. f. coarse-ness; rudeness, clownishness, want of man-ners; atso rade thing, ill language, unmannerly expression.

GROSSIR, gro-sir, v. a. to enlarge or swell; make greater, thicker, or bigger; magnify, increase. Se grossit, v. r. Grossir, v. n. to grow big or thick; swell, increase.

GROSSOVER, gro-swa-ya, v. a. (law term)

to engross.

GROTESQUE, gro-tesk, adj. comical, plea-aut, apt to make one laugh, ridiculous. GROTESQUES, s. f. pl. or Figures gro-

tesques, grotesque figures, grotesque works.
GROTESQUEMENT. grotesk-mên, ad
pleasantly, comically, ridiculously, oddly.

GROTTE, grot, s. f. grot or grotto, cave.

GROUETTEU-T, SE, adj. stony, gravelly.
GROUILLANT, E, groo-len, lent, adj. rumbling, stirring, etc. V. Grouilter.

GROUILLEMENT, s. m. the grumbling of

the belly.

GROUILLER, groc-la, v. n. to turn or stir about. Le ventre lui grouille, his belly grumb.es. La tête lui grouille, his head shakes again. Grouiller de vers or de fourmis, to crawl with worms or ants.

GROUPE, groop, s. m. (in painting or sculpture) group or knot of figures. Groupe d'iles,

Mar. group or cluster of islands.

GROUPER, grôo-på, v. a. to group, make a group of, make a complication (of figures.) Grouper, v. n. Ces figures grouper bien en semble, those figures look well in a group GRUAU, grô-ô, s. m. oat-meal; gruel owater-gruel; coarse or brown bread; young

GRUE, grd, s. f. (bird) crane; (machine, crane; fool, bubble. Un cou de grue, a long neck. Faire le pied de grue, to dance attend ance, wait. Le monde n'est pas grue, the world is cunning now-a-days.

GRUERIE, gru-rl, s. f. court of justice in

eyre of the forest

GRUGER, grd-zk, v. a. to crack or craunch Gruger quelqu'un, to live upor also to eat.

GRUME, s. f. bark. Vendre les b grume, to sell timber with the bark on. Vendre les bois en

GRUMELEU., SE, grüm-le, leurs auf.

GRUMELEU., ST.

GRUMELEU.

GRUMELEU., SE, grüm-le, v. r. toclot.

GRUMELEU., SE, grüm-le, leur; adj.

rugged, that feels rugged; grumous, clotted GRUPER, E, adj. belonging to a crane. Faucon gruyer, hawk made for the crane. Faisand gruyer, pheasant like a crane.

Faisand gruyer, pheasant like a crane.
Gruyer, s. m. chief forester or warden of
a forest, justice in eyre.
GRUYERE, grd-yèr, s. m. sort of cheese
from Gruyere in Switzerland.
GOAHEUX, gd-à-èu, s. m. wild-ox.
GUÉ, gå, s. m. ford.
gué, to ford the river. Sonder le gué, to
sound a business, see whether a thing be feasible. sible

GUÉABLE, gå-abl, adj. fordable. GUÈDE, s. f. (pastel) woad, dyer's woad. GUEDER, v. n. to woad. Gueder, v. a. to cram or stuff with victuals.

GUERR, gala, v. a. to ford; (un cheval, du linge) to wash.

GUENILLE, gê-ul, s. f. rag or tatter. Re-faire ses guenilles, to patch up one's clothes. GUENILLON, gê-ul-lon, s. m. little rag. GUENIFE, gê-ulp, s. f. slet, trollop; crack

or wench, prostitute.

GUENON, ge-non, s. f. ape, monkey bomely puss; prostitute, whore.

GUENUCHE, ge-nash, s. f. young ape so

GUÊPE, gep, s. f. wasp.
GUÊPIER, gepla, s. m. wasp's nest or hole
midwall (a bird.)

Guêrière, s. f. wasp's nest.

*GUERDON, s. m. guerdon; reward.

*GUERDONNER, v. a. to reward. GUERE, or GUERES, ger, adv. As this word is only used with ne, and is equivalent to pas beaucoup it may be rendered not muck. but little, when the noun is sing. not many, but few, when plural, and not very before an adverb or adjective. Navoir guere d'argent, not to have much money, to have but little money, to have hardly any money. Na-voir guere d'amis, not to have many friends, to have but few friends, to have hardly any friends. Je ne me porte guere bien, I am not very well. It n'est guere sacant, he is not very learned. Je ne sors guère, I do not go out very often, I seldom or hardly ever go out. Il ne demeurera guere à venir it will

bar, bar, base; thère, êbb, ovêr; field, fig; rôbe, rôb, lôrd; môod, gôod,

not be long before he comes. It n'y a guère que les rois qui puissent, etc. there are few but kings, there are hardly any but kings, that

may, etc.
Goffin etc., gh.-rd, s. m. fallow ground.
Guérêts, (en poésie) fielda.
Goffin et al., adj. healed, cured, etc.
Guéritou, gh.-rl-don, s. m. stand (sort of Lible)

GUÉRIR, gh-rir, v. a. to cure or heal; re-claim from; case or soften. Guérir d'une erreur or d'une opinion, to free from an error, rectify a mistaken opinion, undeceive or disabuse. Guérir, v. n. Se guérir, v. r. to be cured or healed, heal, amend, recover one's

GUÉRISON, gh-ri-zon, s. f. cure, recovery, bealin

GUÉRISSABLE, gå-ri-shbi, adj. curable, that may be cured or healed. Qui n'est pas guérissable, incurable.

GUÉRITE, gl-rit, s. f. sentry-box; also

hurred.

GUERRE, ger, s. f. war; war or warfare. Des gens de guerre, soldiers, military mea. Déclarer la guerre, to declare war. Aller à la petite guerre, to go upon a party, go plun-dering about. It y a guerre perpetuelle entre les sens et la raison, there is a continual war or conflict betwirt the senses and reason. Faire la guerre, to wage or make war.

Faire la guerre à ses passions, to struggle
with one's passions. Faire la guerre au vice,
to declare one's self an enemy to vice. Les culture se font une guerre d'esprit, authors contend for wit. Faire la guerre à l'œil, to take one's measures according to the emesrake one's measures according to the emer-gency of affairs. Faire la guerre à quelqu'un g'une chose, to teaze, rally or banter one about a thing. De boune guerre, fairly, by fair play. Place de guerre, strong place or hold, fortified town. Vaisseau de guerre, Mar. ship of war, man of war. Guerrer, e, gè-rià, rièr, adj. & s. war-

like or martial, warfaring, warriour, warlike

person.

*Guerroyer, gê-rwâ-yâ, v. n. to war, to make war.

"GUERROYEUR, gê-rwh-yêur, s. m. warrior. GUET, gê, s. m. watch. Avoir l'oril au gust, to watch, to look about, look every way. La maison du guet, the round house. Passer des marchandises à feux guet, to smuggle goods or commodities. Guet-apens, s. m. am-bush or ambuscade. Deguet-apens, on set purpose, wilfully. Meurtre commis de guet-apens, wilful murder. Mot du guet, watchword.

GUETRES, getr, s. f. spatterdashes. Tirer res guétres, to march off, scamper away.
Guîtri, E, adj. that has spatterdashes on.
Juge guétré, country justice of the peace.
Guîtrer, ge-tra, v. a. to put spatter-

dashes on.

GUETTER, gê-tâ, v. a. to watch, wait for,

dog, waylay. "GUETTEUR, s. m. footpad that lies in wait.

GUEULARD, s. m. bawler, loud talker. GUEULE, geul, s. f. mouth; belly, gluttony. Avoir la gueule morte, to be down in the mouth. Il n'a que la gueule, he has nothing but talk. Une femme trop forte en gueule, a woman that has an ill tongue. Mots de gueule, bawdy expressions, bawdry. Gueule

droite, (in architecture) casement. Gueules, (in heroldry) gules. Guente de ruie, Mar. cat's paw (made in a rope.)
GURULEE, gêu-lê, s. f. large mouthful.
Gueuldes, sanuty or bawdy expressions, baw-

dry.
GUEULER, gèn-ià, v. n. to bawl.
GUEUSAILLE, gèn-zà/, s. f. company of

beggare, scoundreis.
GUEUSAILLER, gen-zh-ta, v. n. to beg

be a lasy beggar, mump.

GUEUSANT, E, adj. Ex. Un gueux gueusont, une gueuse gueusante, a street beggar, a

GUEUSE, s. f. beggar, peor weman; strum-pet, whore, crack; (terme de forgeron) sow, great lump of melted iron.

GUZUSZR, geu-zk, v. n. to beg, mump. GULUSERIE, genze, v. a. w. we ge, mann. GULUSERIE, genze-t, s. f. beggary, peverty, misery; sorry pitiful stuff, trash, riff-raff. GULU-X, SE, gen, genx, adj. beggarly, pon. Un gueux rectus, a na beggar, a poor man. Un gueux rectus, a na upstant, beggar grown rich. V. Gueuse.

GUI, gl, s. m. midletoe (sort of plant growing on some trees.) Gui, Mar. main-boom (of a cutter, brig, etc.) Gui de bame er de prigastin, spanker-boom. V. Mettre.
GUIRRE, s. f. Mar. knoe of the head, cut-

water.

GUIGHET, gl-she, s. m. wicket ; (de fenêtre) shutter. Armoire à six guichets, cup-board with six doors.

GUICHETIER, gish-tik, s. m. turn-key or door-keeper of a prisen.

GUIDE, gld, s. m. a guide, or leader; tu-tor. Un guide-due, a directory (of feasts in the church;) without s in the plantal. See the

Guide, s. f. rein. La guide des pécheurs, the guide of sinners. La guide des chemins, the traveller's guide.

GUIDE, E, adj. guided, led, conducted GUIDEE, gl-da, v. a. to guide, bring, lead er conduct.

GUIDON, gl-don, s. m. standard; the standard-bearer; ensigncy, sight (of a gun.) Gui-don, Mar. bread pendant, triangular flag; see also Griton.

GUIGNARD, s. f. kind of plover.

GUIGNE, gign, s. f. large black cherry. GUIGHER, v. a. & n. to leer, peep or peep

at; to have an eye or design upon.
Guignizn, gi-gui-a, s. m. large black cherry-tree.

Guignon, gl-gnon, s. m. ill luck.

GUILDIVE, s. f. rum. GUILEE, s. f. shower. Une petite guilée, a small shower.

GUILLAGE, s. m. fermentation of newly brewed beer.

GUILLAUME, s. m. kind of plane; William. GUILLEDIN, gll-din, s. m. English gelding or nag, pacer, ambler.

GUILLEDOU, gll-doo, s.m. stew. Ex. Courre le guilledou, to haunt bawdy-bruses or stews. GUILLEMETS, gll-me, s. m. pl. commas

turned in a margin thus, " " (to show that the thing said is of another author.) GUILLERET, TE, gil-re, ret, adj. sprightly,

gay, merry. Guilleri, s. m. sparrow's singing. Guillettes, s. f pl. Mar. V. Gullisttes buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

'HALOT, s. m. rabbit's hole or burrow. HALOTECHNIE, s. f. that part of chemis-

try relating to salts.

'HALTE, halt, s. f. halt; refreshment (during a halt.) Firre halte, to halt. Halte-la, halte ladessus, hold, stop there.

'HALURGIE, S. f. V. Halotechnie. 'HAMAC, ha-mak, s. m. hammock. Hanac à l'Anglaise, cot. En bas les hamacs, down all hammocks.

HAMADRYADE, s. f. hamadryad.
'HAMEAU, hamo, s. m. hamlet.
HAMEÇO, am-son, s. m. hook, fish-hook.
'HAMPE, hamp, s. f. staff or shaft of a halberd or javelin, etc. breast of the stag.

'HAN, s. m. a sort of caravansary. 'HANAP, s. m. sort of a drinking cup, bowl,

mug, can.

HANCHE, hensh, s. f. haunch, hip.

Hanche, Mar. quarter. Nous canonnames
te vaisseau ennemi dans la hanche, we played upon the enemy's quarter. L'ennemi nous aborda par la hanche, the enemy boarded us upon the quarter. Cette voile par la hanche est un bâtiment carré, that sail on the weather-quarter is a square rigged vessel. Le peu de vent qu'il y a vient de la hanche de bâbord, what little wind there is, is on the larboard quarter.

'HANGAR, hen-gar, s. m. cart-house, coach-house, shed. Mar. boat-house.

HANNETON, han-ton, s. m. May-bug. HANOVRE, (electorat et ville) Hanover.

HANOVRIÉN, NE, adj. & s. Hanoverian, of Hanover.

HANSCRIT, s. m. Sanscrit, language in which the religious books of the East-Indians are written.

'HANSE, hens, s. f. Ex. La hanse teutonique, the teutonic hanse, hanseatic league.

'HANSKATIQUE, hen-sal-a-lik, adj. hanse. 'HANSIERE, hen-sler, V. Haussiere. 'HANTER, hen-sler, V. Haussiere. 'HANTER, ben-ta, v. a. & n. to haunt, frequent, converse or keep company with. Hanter un lieu, to haunt or frequent a place, go or resort often to it.

'HANTISE, s. f. keeping company, fellow-

ship, society.

'HAPPE, s. f. piece of iron at the end of the axle-tree of a coach; kind of cramp iron. 'HAPPE-CHAIR, s. m. catchpole, bailiff,

bum-bailiff.

'HAPPELOPIN, s. m. catchbit; glutton.
'HAPPELOPIN, s. m. catchbit; glutton.
'HAPPELOPIN, hap-loord, s. f. false stone, counterfeit jewel; empty fop, silly fellow; showy horse worth nothing.
'HAPPER, ha-pa, v. a. to snap at, catch un-

expectedly,

HAQUENÉE, hak-na, s. f. pacing-horse or
mare pad; Spanish genet. Haquenée de gobelet, sumpter-horse or mare that carries provisions for the king upon a journey. Haquenée des cordeliers, stick or staff. Il est venu sur la haquenée des cordeliers, he came on foot.

HAQUET, hå-ke, s. m. dray, open-cart;

hand-cart.

'HAQUETIER, hak-tla, s. m. dray-man;

hand-cart-man. 'HARANGUE, ha-reng, s. f. speech, oration, harangue; long, tedious speech or story,

preaching. 'HARANGUER, ha-ren-ga, v. a. & n. to harangue, make a speech; to preach, be tedious in remonstrances

'HARANGUEUR, hå-rèn-geur, s. m. speechmaker, preacher, or tedious, long-winded talker.

'HARAS, hā-rā, s. m. stud, race or breed of horses; sort of large parrot.
'HARASSER, hā-rā-sā, v. a. to harass, tire or

fatigue.
'HARCELER, hårs-lå, v. a. to tire or harass;

to teaze, provoke or vex; annoy

'HARDE, hard, s. f. herd of fallow-deer, tie that holds dogs together six and six. V. Har-

'HARDER, v. a. to tie dogs together six and

six; also to swop or change.

'HARDES, S. I. pl. clothes, apparel, goods, furniture. It y a de helles hardes dans cette maison, there is very fine furniture in that house. Hardes (des matelots) Mar. slops, slopclothes.

'HARDI, E, har-dl, dl, adj. bold; courageous, daring, stout; confident, impudent; noble, high, elevated, free. V. Saillir, Mar.

'HARDIESSE, har-dl-es, s.f. boldness; courage, assurance, daringness, confidence, impudence. J'ai pris la hardiesse de vous écrire, I made bold to write to you. Hardiesse d'un dessein, boldness or nobleness of a design.

'HARDIMENT, har-dl-men, adv. boldly

stoutly, courageously, confidently, plainly roundly, freely.

'HARENG, ha-ren, s. m. herring. Hareng blanc, fresh herring. Hareng saur, red her-

HARENGEAISON, hå-rèn-2ê-20n, s. f. her ring-season, herring-fishery.
'HARENGERE, ha-ren-zer, s.f. fish-woman;

also scold or billingsgate.

'HARENGERIE, s. f. herring-market.
'HARGNEU-X, se, bar-gnèu, gnèuz, adj.

peevish, morose, cross.

'HARICOT, ha-rl-kô, s. m. French bean, kidney-bean; also sort of French ragout of mutton and turnips

'HARIDELLE, hå-ri-del, s. f. jade, sorry horse or mare.

'HARLEQUIN, s. m. harlequin, buffoon. HARLEQUINADE, s. f. harlequin's trick or

'HARMALE, s. f. kind of wild rue (herb.) HARMONIE, ar-mo-nl, s. f. harmony, agreement of sounds, melody, due proportion, consonance.

HARMONIEUSEMENT, år-m3-n1-èuz-men. adv. harmoniously.

HARMONIEU-X, SE, år-mô-nì-èu, èuz, adj. harmonious, melodious, musical.

HARMONIQUE, adj.harmonick, harmonical HARMONIQUEMENT, år-mo-nik-men, adv. harmoniously.

'HARNACHEMENT, har-nash-men, s. m. harness or harnessing.
'HARNACHER, hår-nå-shå, v. a. tc harness.

HARNACHEUR, har-na-sheur, s. m. har

ness maker.

'HARNOIS, har-ne, s. m. harness, horsetrappings; dray; (d'un homme d'armes) harness, armour. Il s'échauffe en son harnois; he falls into a passion. Blanchir sous le harnois, to grow grey in the service. Endosser le harnois, to turn a soldier, to go to the army, aisc

to put on one's gown or uniform, ctc.

'HARO, ha-ro, s. m. hue and cry. Crier or faire haro sur. to raise a hue and cry after

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

not be long before he comes. Il n'u a guère que les rois qui puissent, etc. there are few but kings, there are hardly any but kings, that may, etc.
Guínet, ga-re, s. m. fallow ground.

Guerêts, (en poésie) fields. Guera, E, adj. healed, cured, etc. Guerados, garidon, s. m. stand (sort of

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hirret.

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GUETRES, gêtr, s. f. spatterdashes. Tirer

ses guêtres, to march off, scamper away.
Guêtra, e, adj. that has spatterdashes on.
Juge guêtre, country justice of the peace.
Guêtrer, ge-tra, v. a. to put spatter-

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dog, waylay.
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droite, (in architecture) casement. Gueules. (in heraldry) guies. Gueule de raie, Mar.
cat's paw (made in a rope.)
Gueule, geuld, s. f. large mouthful.
Grueules, smutty or bawdy expressions, baw-

GUEULER, gêu-là, v. n. to bawl.
GUEUSAILLE, gêu-zàl, s. f. company of beggars, scoundrels.
GUEUSAILLER, gêu-zà-là, v. n. to beg, be a hazy beggar, mump.
GUEUSANT, E, adj. Ex. Un gueux gueusante, a street beggar, a

GUEUSE, s. f. beggar, peor woman; stram-pet, whore, crack; (terms de forgeron) sow, great hump of meked iron.

GUEUSER, geu-zh, v. n. to beg, mump. GUEUSERIE genze, t. a. woog, mamp.
GUEUSERIE genze, s. f. beggary, poverty, misery; sorry pitiful stuff, trash, riff-raff.
GUEU-X, SE, gen, genz, adj. beggarly, poor. Un gueux, s. m. a beggar, a poor man. Un gueux revets, an upstart, beggar grown rich. V. Gueuse.

Gui, gl, s. m. mistletoe (sort of phint growing on some trees.) Gui, Mar. main-boom (of a cutter, brig, stc.) Gui de baume er de brigantin, spanker-boom. V. Mettre. Guirr, s. f. Mar. knee ef the head, cut-

GUIGHET, gl-she, s. m. wicket ; (de fenêtre)

shutter. Armoire à six guichets, cup-board with six doors.

GUICHETIER, gish-tik, s. m. turn-key or door-keeper of a prison.

Guide, gld, s. m. a guide, or leader; tu-tor. Un guide-due, a directory (of feasts in the church;) without s in the plantal. See the

Guide, s. f. rein. La guide des pécheurs, the guide of sinners. La guide des chemins, the traveller's guide.

GUIDE, E, adj. guided, led, conducted GUIDER, gl-da, v. a. to guide, bring, lead er conduct.

GUIDON, gl-don, s. m. standard; the standard-bearer; ensigncy, sight (of a gun.) Gui-don, Mar. bread pendant, triangular flag; see also Guiton.

GUIGNARD, s. f. kind of plover. GUIGNE, gign, s. f. large black cherry. GUIGNER, v. a. & n. to leer, peep or peep at; to have an eye or design upon.

Guienian, gl-gul-a, s. m. large black cherry-tree.

Guignon, gl-gnon, s. m. ill luck.

GUILDIVE, s. f. rum. GUILEE, s. f. shower. Une petite guilée, a smali shower.

GUILLAGE, s. m. fermentation of newly brewed beer.

GUILLAUME, s. m. kind of plane; William.
GUILLEDIN, gll-din, s. m. English gelding
or nag, pacer, ambler.

GUILLEDOU, gll-doo, s.m. stew. Ex. Courir le guilledou, to haunt bawdy-bruses or stews. GUILLEMETS, gll-me, sr.m. pl. commas

turned in a margin thus, " " (to show that the thing said is of another author.)

GUILLERET, TE, gil-re, ret, adj. sprightly,

gay, merry.
Guilleri, s. m. sparrow's singing. GUILLETTES, s. f pl. Mar. V. Gulliettes bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

GUILLOCHER, gl-10-sha, v. a. to wave or curve.

GUILLOCHIS, gl-lo-chi, s. m. waved work, curved work.

Guillor, gl-10, s. m. cheese magget.

GUIMAUVE, gi-mov, s. f. sort of mallows. GUIMPE, grap, s. f. nun's neckerchief,

stomacher. GUIMPER, v. n. to turn nun.

Guimper, v. a. to make (one) a nun.
Guimper, v. a. to make (one) a nun.
Guimpage d'un vaisseau, Mar. the unloading and even loading of a ship.

GUINDANT, s. m. Mar. hoist; windlass.
GUINDÁ, R., gin-dh, adj. hoisted, hoisted
up; starched, affected, over-strained. Style guindé, high strain, fustian or bombastic style.
GUINDER, gin-dh, v. a. to hoist or hoistup;
(en parlant de l'esprit or des choses d'esprit) to

strain high or too high, over-strain. Guinder, v. a. Mar. to sway up, hoist. Les milts de perroquet sont ils guindés? are the top-gallant masts on end? Se guinder, v. r. to soar

up.
SGUINDERIE, a. f. bombast, too high a

GUINDERESSE, s. f. Mar. top rope (used to

sway up or strike the top-masts. GUINÉE, S. f. (pays d'Afrique or monnoie d'or d'Angleterre) Guines.

GUINGOIS, gin-gwh, s. m. crookedness or over-thwartness. Il y a un guingois dans son esprit, he is a cross-grained man. De guin-gois, all awry, crookedly, over-thwartly, cross-ly. Marcher tout de grangois, to waddle, sidle, go sidling. Avoir l'esprit de guingois, to be cross-grained. Cette étoffe est comple de guin-gois, this stuff is cut awry.

GUINGUETTE, gin-get, s. f. sort of ale-house near a city, public-garden, tea-garden,

snug country-box.
GUIPER, gl-pa, v.
whip about with silk. v. a. to gimp, cover or

GUIPOR, s. m. Mar. mop. GUIPURE, gl-par, s. f. gimp or vellum lace. GUIRLANDE, gh-lend, s. f. garland. Guirlande, s. f. Mar. fore-hook, breast-hook, etc. Guirlande du premier pont, lower deck breasthook. Guirlande des écubiers, breast-hook nearest the hawse-holes. Guirlande du faux pont, the orlop deck-hook. Guirlande d'amarpone, the of op deck-nook. Gravanue a anal-rage, making of a seizing.
Guise, glz, s. f. way; humour, fancy. En guise de, instead of, by way of, like.
Guitare, gl-tar, s. f. guitar.
Guiton or Guidon, s. m. Mar. dog-watch.
Gulpes, s. m. golpes (in heraldry.)
Guess, s. f. guess (in heraldry.)
Gueration. s. f. gustation.

GUSTATION, S.f. gustation.
GUTTURAL, E, go-to-râl, adj. guttural.
Une lettre gutturale, a guttural letter, a letter
prenounced in the throat.

GYMNASE, 21m-naz, s. m. gymnasium. GYMNASIARQUE, s. m. chief of the gymanium.

*GYMNASTIQUE, zîm-nas-tik, adj. gymnas-

GYMKASTIQUE, s. f. gymnasticks.

GYMNOUE, adj. gymnick.
GYMNOSOPHISTE, s. m. gymnosophist (sort
of Indian philosophers that used to go naked.)
GYMCEE, s. m. apartment of the ladies

among the Greeks.

GTH ÉLOCRATIE, s.f. gynecocracy, petticont

GYNÉCOCRATIQUE, adi, relating to gynecocracy.

GYPSE, zipe, s. m. parget stone

GYPSEU-E, SE, adj. stony, chalky. GYROMANCE or GYROMANCIE, zi-rô-mêze sl, s.f.gyromancy, divination by walking round. GYROVAGUE, s. m. monk-errant.

H, ash, s. f. eighth letter of the French alphabet.

When this mark (') is prefixed to words, it is a sign that the initial H is to be

aspirated.
'Ha, à, interj. oh! ah! 'Ha! je te tiens,

fripon, now I hold thee fast, rogue.

HABILE, a-bil, adj. fit, able; nimble, active, quick; clever, skilful, ingenious, excellent, learned.

HABILEMENT, &-bil-men, adv. cunningly, ingeniously, cleverly; nimbly, quickly.

HABILETÉ, å-bil-tå, s. f. ability, address,

cunning, art, skill, ingenuity, parts.

*Habilishme, adj. very able or skilful.

Habilité, E. à-b-ll-tâ, adj. capacitated.

Habiliter, & b-ll-tâ, v. a. to capacitate

or qualify.

HABILLE, E, adj. dressed; clad or clothed. Il est habille tout de neuf de pied en cap, he

has got new clothes on from top to toe.

HABILLEMENT, &-bl/-men, s. m. apparel, clothes, clothing, raiment, garb, attire. Ha-

billement de tête, head-piece.

HABILLER, à-bl-la, v. a. to clothe; to dress, to put on the clothes of; to work or make clothes for; to clothe or find clothes for; (du channes to dress or hatchel; (la volaille) to draw; (un veau) to skin or flay. Souvent j'habille en vers une prosemaligne, I often make a biting piece of prose into verses. Cette étoffe habille fort bien, that stuff sits very well. S'habiller, v.r. to dress one's self, put on one's clothes; to clothe one's self, get one's clothes. S'habiller bien, to dress to the best advan-

tage.
HABILLEUR, å-bl-leur, s. m. skin-worker. HABIT, a-bl, s. m. suit, clothes or suit of clothes; habit, garb, dress, attire, garment, weeds. Prendre Phabit, to take the religious habit, go in a monastery. L'habit ne fait pas le moine, a tattered cloak may cover a hard drinker, men are not to be judged of by outward appearance

HABITABLE, a-bi-tabl, adj. habitable or inhabitable, that may be inhabited. La terre

habitable, the land of the living, the world.

HABITACLE, å-bi-tåkl, s. m. Mar. binnacle, bittacle; poor habitation or dwelling.

HABITANT, E, &-M-Len, tent, adj. & s. in-habiting, living, dwelling, inhabitant, dweller. HABITATION, &-b-l-d-slore, s. f. habitation, abode, house, dwelling, dwelling-place, lodg-ing; colony, settlement; plantation; co-habitation.

HABITER, à-bi-tà, v. a. & n. to inhabit, live or dwell in. Habiter avec une femme, to cohabit with a woman.

Habitudz, &-bl-tud, s. f. habit, use, cus-

tom; habit, temper or constitution; acquaintance, fellowship correspondence commerce

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, flg: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, good.

'HARPAILLER, har-pa-la, v. n. Se harpailler, v. r. to grapple, seize each other, wran-

gle, scuffle.

HARPE, harp, s. f. harp; Jouer de la harpe, to play on the harp; also to pilfer, steal; also stone left to join walls.

'HARPÉ, E, adj. Ex. Un lèvrier bien harpé, a well-snaped hound. 'HARPEAU, har-po, s. m. grappling-iron.

V. Harpon.

'HARPER, har-pa, v.n. to harp, or play upon the harp; v.a. to gripe or grapple.
'HARPES, harp, s. f. pl. (pierres d'attente.)

V. Attente.

HARPIE, hår-pl, s. f. harpy; scold, shrew. HARPIGNER, V. Harpailer. HARPISTE, s. m. & f. a player on the harp,

herper.

'Harpon, har pon, s. m. Mar. harpoon; cramp-iron.

'HARPONNER, hår-på-nå, v. a. to harpoon. 'HARPONNEUR, har-pô-neur, s. m. har-

Pooner.

HART, hart, s. f. band of fagoto; also rope

or halter (for hanging.)
'HASARD, ha-zar, s. m. hazard, chance, fortune, peril, danger. Par hasard, by chance. A tout hasard, let the worst come to the worst. Jeu de hasard, game of chance. Au hasard de passer pour téméraire, running the chance of being accounted a rash man.

HASARDÉ, E, adj. ventured, hazarded. Expression hasardée, bold expression. Viande un peu hasardée, meat a little touched or

tainted.

'HASARDER, hå-zår-då, v. a. to venture, hazard, run the hazard of, lay at stake. Se hasarder, v. r. to venture.

adj. hazardously, by chance.

HASARDEU-X, SE, hå-zår-deu, deuz, adj.
venturesome, bold; also dangerous, hazardous, perilous.

'HASE, haz, s. f. doe hare or doe coney. Une vieille hase, an old woman who has many children.

'HAST, s. m. spear, hafted weapon.

'HATE, hat, s. f. haste, speed, hurry. Avoir hate, to be in haste. A la hate, hastily, in

'HATER, ha-ta, v. a. to hasten or quicken, press or push on; to hasten or forward; (les fruits) to force. Hater le pas, to mend one's pace, go fast or make haste. Se håter, v. r. to haste, make haste. Se hâter de fuire son coup, to hasten the execution of one's design.

'HATEUR, ha-teur, s. m. overseer of the roast meat in the king's household.

'HATIER, ha-tia, s. m. rack (to turn the spit on.)

'HATI-F, VE, ha-lif, tiv, adj. hasty, forward, untimely. Fruits hattifs, hasty or forward fruits, hastings. Esprit hatif, forward wit.

'HATIVEAU, ha-ti-vo, s m. sort of forward

or hasty pear.
'HATIVEMENT, ha-thv-men, adv. before

the season, forwardly.

'HATIVETE, ha-tiv-ta, s. f. forwardness.

'HAUBANS, ho-ben, s. m. pl. Mar. shrouds, rigging. Grands haubans or haubans du grand måt, main shrouds. Haubans du grand måt de hune, main-top-mast shrouds or main-top shrouds. Haubans du måt du grand per-

roquet or haubans du grand perroque!, main-top-gallant shrouds. Hunbans du petit perroquet, fore-top-gallant shrouds. Haubans du perroquet de fougue, mizen-top-mast shrouds. Haubans du petit mât de hune, foreshrouds. Haubans du petit mât de hune, foretop-mast or fore-top shrouds. Haubans de
misaine, fore-shrouds. Haubans d'artimon,
mizen-shrouds. Haubans de la perruche, mizen-top shrouds. Haubans du mât de perruquet de fougue, mizen-top-gallant shrouds.
Haubans de beaupré, bowsprit shrouds. Haubans de bâton de foc, jib guys. Haubans
de misnois, bump-kin shrouds. Haubans de
fortune or faux haubans, preventer-shrouds,
swifters. Haubans impairs, swifters. Haubans de revers futtock shrouds. Haubans de
fans de revers futtock shrouds. bans de revers, futtock shrouds. Haubans à colonne, shrouds that set up with a runner and tackle; (chiefly used in xebecs, tartans, and other lateen vessels.)

'HAUBERGENIER, s. m. habergeon maker. 'HAUBERGEON, s. m. small hauberk, ha-

bergeon.
'HAUBERT, s. m. hauberk. Fief de haubert,

tenure by knight's service.

'HAUSOIS, ho-bwh, V. Hauthois.
'HAUSER, hos, s. m. piece of leather that
underlays the shoe; what serves to elevate or raise.

'HAUSSÉ, E, adj. (from hausser) raised, listed up, etc. 'HAUSSE-COL, hos-kol, or HAUSSE-COU, s.

m. neck-piece or gorget. No s in the pl. 'HAUSSEMENT, hos-men, s. m. raising, lift ing up, etc. (de la voix) elevation, raising;

ing up, etc. (de lu roix) elevation, raising; (des épaules) shrug or shrugging.

'HAUSER, hô-sh, v. a. to raise; list or heave up; increase, heighten, enhance; (un soulier) to underlay; (les épaules) to shrug up. Hausser le coude, hausser le temps, to drink hard. Hausser le cœur, toraise or heighten one's spirits, animate. Hausser le cœur, to flush, make proud. Nous haussons cette frégate à cosp d'œil, Mar. we raise that frigate very fast. Se hausser. v. r. to stand on tiploe. very fast. Se hausser, v. r. to stand on tiploe, stand upon one's toes; to clear up (said of weather.

"HAUSSER, v. n. to raise, oo raised. Cela hausse trop, that is too high. La rivière a bien hausse, the river is swelled very high. Le prix du ble a hausse, corn is risen. Les actions haussent, the stocks rise.

'HAUSSIÈRE, s. f. Mar. hawser, hawserlaid rope, warp; and in general, any rope made of two or four strands, and only once

made of two or four strands, and only once laid. Haussière à touer, tow-rope, tow-line. 'HAUT, x, hò, hòt, adj. high, tall; deep; (des sons) loud: (des pays) higher, upper; great, excellent, eminent, sublime, lofty; (le haut mal) the falling sickness. Tenir la bride haute à quelqu'un, to keep one short, keep a strict hand over one. Chien de haut nex, well-seanted dog. Etc. haut en couleur, to well-scented dog. Etre hant en couleur, to have a great colour, be high coloured. Tapisserie de haute lice, suit of tapestry hangings. Haut à la main, hasty, with whom there is but a word and a blow. Haute-contre, counter-tenor, he that sings the countertenor. Haute-taille (in musick,) treble. Hautepaye, high pay, extraordinary pay. Emporter quelque chose de la haute lutte, to carry a thing by main force or by authority. Un haut-le-corps, a bound or skip. Ce cheval fuit des haut-le-corps, that horse bounds and base, bat : jeune, meute beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

skips. C'est un mur haut de cent pieds, or c'est un mur de cent pieds de haut, or ce mur est haut de cent pieds, or ce mur est de cent nicds de hand, or ce mur a cent pieds de land, it is a wall a hundred feet high, that wall is a hundred feet high. 'Hand, Mar. high, lofty, etc. Haude-somme, contingent money expended for extraordinary charges in commerce by sea. Haut-pendu, small cloud charged with a heavy squall. Haut mât or haute mûture, neary squan. Plant mat or haute mature, taunt mast. Qui a une haute mature, taunt masted. Il n'y a que les voiles hautes qui portent, none but the small sails draw. La marée est haude, it is high water. Hautes marées, spring tides. Vaisseau de haut bord, large ship (not low bottomed.) Vaisseau hant sur l'eau, ship that sits high upon the water.

'HAUT, s. m. height, elevation ; top ; (d'une rivière) head. Au haut de la rivière, up the river. Tomber de son haut, to be in amaze, be much surprised. Il y a du haut et du bas dans la vie, there are ups and downs in this Un haut-de-chausse or un haut-de-chausses, hose, breeches. Un haut à-bas, a ped-lar. Sur le haut du jour, towards noon. En haut, up, above. Traiter quelqu'un de haut en bus, to use one with contempt. Regarder quelqu'um de haut en bus, to look down upon one with contempt. 'Haut, Mar. les hauts (d'un bâtiment) the upper works (of a vessel.) Le navire satigue par ses hauts, the ship strains a good deal in her upper works. Haut de la bouteille, quarter gallery. La terre se voit d'en haut, land is seen from aloft. En haut un homme en rigie, a hand to look out at the mast bead. En haut tout le monde, all hands a hoy. En haut à larguer les perroquets, away up, loose top-gallant sails.

'Had, adv. high. Parler had, to speak loud, to speak big. La dépense monte had, the expenses come to a great deal of money. Faire hand le pied, gagner le hand, to run away, betake one's self to one's heels. Haut le mousquet, weigh the musket. Hand les bras, fire. Faire une chose hand la main, to do a thing with a high hand; also to do a thing readily or out of hand.

'HAUTAIN, E, bò-tin, tên, adj. proud, high-

fown, haughty, stately.
'HAUTAINEMENT, hô-tên-mên, adv.haugh-

tily, proudly.

'HAUTBOIS, s. m. hautboy.

'HAUTEMENT, hôt-mês, adv. boldly, plainly, openly; bravely, stoutly; with open force, briskly, openly.

'HAUTESSE, ho-tes, s. f. Ex. Sa hantesse (le grand seigneur.) his highness (the grand

seignior.)
'HAUTEUR, hô-tềur, s. f. height; depth; hill or rising ground; (du pôk) height or elevation; (d'un bataillon) depth; boldness, assurance, confidence; open or main force, authority; pride, haughtiness, loftiness, stateliness; scorn, contempt; greatness, perfection, excellency, sublimity. One statue de or qui et de or qui a 20 pieds de hauteur, a statue 20 feet high. We often use de hauteur (in beight) for de haut, in speaking of dimension, (V. Hand.) Un portrait du roi de sa handeur, a (V. Pana.) On portrue of the king. Elle se moque de la hauteur de leurs spéculations, she laughs at their high speculations.

'Hauteur, s. f. Mar. height, depth, rising, etc. also observation (of the sun's meridian al titude ;) à la hauteur de, off. A la hauteur de cette ile nous eumes connoissance de deux batimens croiseurs, off that island we saw two cruisers. Handeur de l'entrepont sous les baux, height hetween decks under the beams. Hadeur des sabords, depth of the gun ports. Hanteur de la quille, depth of the keel. Hanteur des feuillets, depth of the port sells (from the deck immediately beneath them.) Han-teur des façons de l'awant, rising of the floor forward. Hanteur des façons de l'arrière, ris-ing of the floor abaft. Prendre hanteur, to take an observation of the sun's meridian altitude. Nous n'aurons pas de hauteur aujour-d'hui, we shall get no observation to-day.

'HAUTURIER, V. Pilote.

'HAVE, hav, pale, wan; ghastly, dismal, dreadful.

'HAVERON, s. m. wild oats.
'HAVIR, ha-vir, v. n. to scorch or burn.
Le trop grand feu havit la viande, too green a fire burns the meat. Havir, v. n. Se havir, v. r. to get scorched or burnt.

'HAVRE, havr, s. m. Mar. harbour, haven, port. Have de toutes marées, port accessible at any time of tide. Have brut, harbour formed entirely by neture. Le Havre-de-Grace, Havre or Havre-de-Grace.

'HAVRE-SAC, havr-sak, s. m. soldier's

knaprek. Plural, havre-sacs.

'H£! interj. eh! o! alas! ho; hola, soho.

H£ bien! well!

HEAUME, hom, s. m. helm or helmet. 'HEAUMERIE, s. f. place where helmets are

made or sold.

'HEAUMIER, hô-miã, s. m. helmet-maker. HEBDOMADAIRE, êb-dô-mã-dêr, adj.weekly. Nouvelles hebdomadaires, weekly news.
HEBDOMADIER, E, &b-do-mà-dh, dlèr, adj. &s. whose week it is to officiate.
HÉBERGER, à-bèr-za, v. a. to lodge or

harbour

HÉBÉTÉ, E, å-bå-tå, adj. & s. besotted, rown dull or heavy, dunce, block-head. HÉBÉTER, å-bå-tå, v. a. to besot, dull,

make dull, heavy or stupid.

HÉBRAIQUE, å-brå-ik, adj. Hebrew. La

langue Hébratque, Hebrew or Hebrew tongue. HÉBRAISANT, a-bra-l-zèn, s. m. Hebraist, bebrician.

HÉBRAISHE, &-brè-lism, s. m. Hebraism. HÉBREU, &-breu, adj. Hebrew. Le peuple Hébreu, the Hebrews, the Jews.

HEBREU, (L') s. m. Hebrew or the Hebrew tongue. Les Hébreux, the Hebrews, the

HECATOMBE, a-ka-tomb, s. f. hecatomb. HECATOMPHONIE, s. f. sacrifice in which

a hundred men were immolated.

HEGIRE, 8-zir, s. f. hegira (Mahometam epoch) A. D. 622.

HEGOMENE, s. m. chief, leader. HEIDUC or HEIDUQUE, s. m. Hungarian foot soldier; also kind of footman. HELAS, A-las! interj. alas.

HÉLAS! s. m. alas! sigh, complaint. U hélas bien passionné, a very pathetick alas.

'Hélén, há-lå, un vaisseau, v. a. Mar. te

hail a ship. HÉLIAQUE, &-Ilak, adj. (terme d'astronomie)

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

HELICE, s. f. helix, also sort of sea shell. . HÉLIOCENTRIQUE, adj. heliocentrick. HÉLINGUE, s. f. strep.

HELIOSCOPE, s. f. helioscope.

HÉLIOTROPE, à l'hé-trôp, s. f. kind of jas-per. Héliotrope, s. m. sun-flower. HELLÉRISME, è-là-nism, s. m. Hellenism.

'HEM, hem, interj. hem.

HÉMATITE, s. f. a sort of precious stone.

HEMICRANIE, s. f. megrim.

HÉMÉROCALE, s. f. day-lily. HÉMICYCLE, å-ml-sikl, s. m. hemicycle, semi-circle or half-circle.

HÉMINE, s. f. hemina (a Roman measure.) HÉMIPLÉGIE or HÉMIPLEXIE, s. f. hemi-

Plegy.

HENISPHERE, &-mis-fer, s. m. hemisphere. HÉMISPHÉRIQUE, a-mis-fa-rik, adj. he-

mispherick. HÉMISTICHE, å-mis-tish, s. m. hemistick.

HÉMORRAGIE, a-mo-ra-zi, s. f. hemorrhage, bleeding at the nose.

HEMORROIDAL, E, adj. hemorrhoidal.

HÉMORROIDALE, s. f. pilewort. HÉMORROIDES, à-mô-rô-ld, s. f. pl. hemorrhoids, piles.

HÉMORROISSE, hà-mô-rô-is, s. f. woman troubled with the bloody flux.

HENDECAGONE, s. m. endecagon.

HENDÉCASYLLABE, adj. endecasyllable.

'HENNIR, hê-nîr, v. a. to neigh. 'HENNISSEMENT, hê-nîs-mên, s. m. neigh-

HÉPATIQUE, å-på-tik, adj. hepatical or hepatick, belonging to the liver.

HEPATIQUE, s. f. liver-wort.

HÉPTARCHIE, S. f. heptarchy. HÉRALDIQUE, adj. Ex. L'art heraldique (or du blason) heraldry or the art of blazon-HÉRAUT, s. m. herald.

HERBACEE, adj. herbaceous. HERBAGE, er-baz, s. m. herbage, grass,

pasture, pasture-ground, greens.

HERBE, erb, s. f. grass, herb. Herbes marines, sea-weeds. Manuaises herbes, herbes sawages, weeds. Ce cheval aura quatre ans aux herbes, that horse will be four years old out for a cuckold. Manger son ble en herbe, to spend one's revenue before it comes in. Couper l'herb: sous le pied à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels, supplant one. Il a marché sur quelque mauvaise herbe, he has pissed upon a nettle.

HERBEILLER, v. a. to graze (said of the wild tour.)

HERBER, v. n. to lay on the grass (linen cloth in order to bleach it.)

HERBETTE, er-bet, s.f. tender grass, herb-

let, green HERBEU-X, SE, er-beu, beuz, adj. grassy, herbous.

HERBIER, er-bia, s. m. herbal.

HEBBIERE, er-bler, s. f. herb-woman, green-woman. MERBORISATION, s. f. the act of going

about gathering physical herbs.

HERBORISER, êr-bô-rî-zâ, v. a. to go a

simpling, go about gathering physical herbs.
HERBORISEUR, s.m. he who goes a simpling.
HERBORISTE, Ar-bd-rist, s. m. herbalist or

HERBU, E, er-bå, bù, adj. grassy, full of

HERCO-TECTONIQUE, s. f. art of fortifying places or of entrenching a camp, a post, etc.
'Here, her, s. m. Ex. Un pawere here, a poor wretch, a poor silly fellow.

HÉRÉDITAIRE, à-rà-di-ter, adj. heredita-

ry, of inheritance.

HÉRÉDITAIREMENT, à-rà-dl-tèr-mên, adv hereditarily, by inheritance or succession.

HÉRÉDITÉ, A-ra-di-la, s. f. inheritance,

heritage, succession.

HERÉSIARQUE, å-rå-zlårk, s. m. heresiarch, arch-heretick, broacher of heresy.

HÉRÉSIE, å-rå-zl, s. f. heresy.

HÉRÉTICITÉ, s. f. heretical meaning.

HÉRÉTIQUE, à-ra-tik, adj. & s. heretical, beretick.

heretick.

'Herone, V. Hernie.

'Herone, V. Hernie.

'Herone, L. ha-ri-sa, adj. whose hair or bristles stand up on end or stare, bristling. Cheval herisse, a rough-coated horse. Un pedant herisse de Grec et de Latin, a pedant bristling with Greek and Latin. Un port hérissé de mâts de navires, a port thick set with the masts of shipping. Une côte hérissé de rochers, a coast guarded by rocks.
'Hérisser, hå-ri-så, v. n. Se hérisser, v. r.

to stand on end, stare.
'HERISSON, ha-ri-son, s. m. hedge-hog or urchin, drainer, turning-bar with iron-pikes, canting-wheel.

HÉRITAGE, a-ri-taz, s. m. inheritance or heritage, patrimony, estate, piece of ground. HERITER, a-ri-ta, v.a. & n. to inherit, get

by inheritance or succession, be the heir of.

HÉRITIER, å-rl-tlå, s. m. heir or inheritor.

Héritière, å-rl-tlèr, s. f. heiross or inheritrix, heiress or fortune.

HERMAPHRODITE, er-må-fro-dit, adj. & s. hermaphrodite.

HERMÉTIQUE, er-må-tik, adj. hermetick, hermetical. La science hermétique, the hermetical science, chymistry.

HERMÉTIQUEMENT, er-må-tik-men, adv. hermetically, chymically.

HERMINE, êr-mîn, s. f. ermine.

HERMINE, E, adj. ermine (in heraldry.)

HERMITAGE, HERMITE, V. Ermitage, Ermite.

HERMINETTE, s. f. Mar. adze. Herminette courbe, hollow adze.

'HERNIAIRE, adj. Chirurgien herniaire, surgeon who is skilled in or applies to the cure of hernias.

'HERNIE, her-nl, s. f. hernia, rupture. 'HERNIEU-X, SE, her-ni-eu, euz, adj. burst-

en, that has a rupture.

HERNIOLE, s. f. rupture-wort.

HEROT-COMIQUE, adj. heroi-comical. HEROTDE; s. f. heroid.

HÉROINE, &-rô-în, s. f. heroine, heroical woman.

HÉROTQUE, adj. heroick, heroical. HÉROIQUE, a-rô-ik, s. m. sublime, lofty or heroic style.

HÉROIQUEMENT, à-rô-îk-mên, adv. hero-

HÉROISME, å-ro-ism, s. m. neroism.

HÉRON, hã-ron, s. m. hern or heron. HÉRONNEAU, hã-rô-nô, s. m. young hern. HERONNIÈRE, s. f. hero-shew.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

'HERONNIÈRE, hà-rô-nièr, adj. Ex. Peau | or crasse heronniere, dry, lean skin or thigh.

'HÉROS, ha-ro, s. m. hero.

'HERPES de l'eperon, s. f. pl. Mar. rails of the head. Herpes marines, the natural treasures of the sea

'HERSAGE, her-saz, s. m. harrowing.
'HERSE, hers, s. f. harrow; (in fortification) portcullis; rails; (dans les églises) sort of candlestick.

Herse, Mar. sort of hoop or salvage; also Herses de fer, iron-cringles or thimbles of a larger fort.

'HERSEAU, s. m. Mar. cringle in the bolt-

HERSER, her-så, v. a. to harrow.
HERSER, her-så, v. a. to harrow.
HERSEUR, her-såur, s. m. harrower.
HESITATION, å-zl-tå-slon, s. f. hesitation,

HÉSITER, à-zì-tà, v. n. to hesitate, falter, be at a stand, stop; to waver, be in suspense. Sans hésiter, readily, freely, without any more

НÉTÉROCLITE, å-tå-го-klh, adj. (in grammar) heteroclitical, irregular. Etre un peu hétéroclite dans ses manières, to be a little singular in one's way. Hṛṛṇṇnooxa, ā-tā-rō-dōks, adj. heterodox.

HÉTÉRODOXIE, s. f. heterodoxy. HÉTÉROGÈNE, å-tå-rô-zên, adj. heteroge-

HÉTÉROGÉNÉITÉ, s. f. heterogeneity. HÉTÉROSCIENS, à-tà-rô-sì-in, s. m. pl. he-

'HRTRE, hetr, s. m. beech, beech-tree. Bois

de hêtre, beech.
'HEU, s. m. Mar, sort of hoy or coasting vessel. V. Maté.

HEU! Int. good lack!

HEU! Int. good lack!

HEUR, s. m. luck, happiness, good fortune.

HEURE, eur, s. f. bour, time. Quelle heure est-il? what is it o'clock? Il est sept heures, it is seven o'clock. A quelle heure serez vous là? at what hour or time will you be there? Dernière heure, heure dernière, last hour, dying hour. A cette heure, adv. at this hour or ing hour. A cette heure, adv. at this hour or time, at this present time, at present, now. Tout à l'heure, tout à cette heure, forthwith, by and by, presently, just now, in a moment. D'heure en heure, hourly, every hour. A l'heure nême, at that very instant. Sur l'heure, tout sur l'heure, forthwith, incontinently, immediately. De bomme heure, betimes. Il est de bonne heure, it is early, it is not late. A l'heure noil fellight in the very nick of time. De qu'il falloit, in the very nick of time. De meilleure heure, sooner or earlier. De trop bonne heure, too soon, too early. A la bonne heure, in good time, well and good, in God's name, in the name of God; also fortunately, in a good hour or time. [See the last phrase of this article.] S'en est il alle? à la bonne heure, is he gone? God speed him well. S'il est riche, à la bonne heure, if he be rich, I am est ricne, a ta comme neure, it us to trin, i un glad of it. Sa femme est accouchée d'un fils, à la bonne heure, his wife is brought to bed of a son, I wish him joy of it or much good may it do him. A la bonne heure pour lui, so much the better for him. A la mal heure, unluckily, unfortunately. A la mal heure, with a vengeance. Citer un auteur à toute heure, to quote an author at every turn. A la bonne heure, Mar. aye, aye; (French salors make that reply to general orders delivered verbally, by the boatswain and his mates. after having answered Commande, to the first wind of their call.)

HEURES, s. f. pl. primer, prayer-book. HEUREUSEMENT, eu-reuz-men, adv. happily, luckily, fortunately; by good luck or chance or fortune. Il est arrive heureusement, he is come home safe. Tout hu réussit heureusement, every thing succeeds or prospers with him. Il imagine heureusement les choses, he has a happy fancy. Rimer heureusement, to be happy in one's rhymes

HEUREU-X, SE, eu-reu, reuz, adj. happy, lucky, blessed, fortunate, favourable, kind advantageous, excellent. Vivre heureu content, to live happily and contentedly. Vivre heureux et Reine Marie d'heureuse mémoire, Queen Mary

of blessed memory.

HEURLER, etc. V. Hurler, etc.
HEURT, heurt, s. m. knock, knocking or
dashing one against the other, also anciently mischance, mishap.

HEURTER, lièur-là, v. a. & n. to knock, hit; dash or run against; (à la porte) to knock. Les boucs se heurtent de leurs têtes, the goats butt one another. Cela heurte le sens commun, that is contrary to common sense, that clashes with or shocks reason. Vous ne sauriez faire cela sans heurter force gens, you can never de that without offending or disobliging a great many people. Se heurter, or s'entreheurter, v. r. to hit, knock or dash one against ano ther. On se heurte toujours où l'on a mal, that part is most apt to be hurt which is sore al ready.

HEURTOIR, heur-twar, s. m. knocker. HEUSE DE POMPE, s. f. Mar. lower box of

a pump, pump box.

HEXAGONE, eg-za-gon, s. m. hexagon.

HEXAGONE, adj. hexagonal.

HEXAMÈTRE, eg-zå-metr, adj. & s. m bexameter.

HIATUS, l-à-tůs, s. m. hiatus. HIBOU, hi-bêo, s. m. owl. HIBRIDE, adj. hybridous.

H10, s. m. knot or principal difficulty (of a

transaction.)

'HIDEUSEMENT, hi-deuz-men, adv. hideously, dreadfully, frightfully.
'HIDEU-x, se, hi-deu, deuz, adj. hideous,

dreadful, ghastly, frightful.

'Hie, hi, s. f. rammer, paviour's beetle.

Hieble, 1-bl, s. f. wall-wort, dane-wort

or dwarf elder.

HIÈNE, î-ên, s. m. hyena.
'Hirr, hî-â, v. a. (from Hie) to ram in, bea' or drive in with a rammer.

'HIER, yer, adv. yesterday. Hier au soir, yesternight, yesterday night, last hight. 'HIERARCHIE, hl-a-rar-shi, s. f. hierar-

chy, church government. 'Нієкавсні que, hi-à-rar-shik, adj. hierarchical.

'Hiérarchiquement, hì-à-ràr-shìk-mên, adv. hierarchically. Нійкосцурне, la-rd-glif, s. m. hierogly-

HIÉROSLYPHIQUE, la-rô-gli-fik, adj. hie-

roglyphick or hieroglyphical. HIEROGLYPHIQUEMENT, là-rd-gil-fik

men, adv. hieroglyphically.

Нійкорнанть, s. m. bierophant.

HILARITÉ, s. f. joy, gayety,

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

HÉLICE, s. f. helix, also sort of sea shell.

HÉLICENTRIQUE, adj. beliceen rick.

HELINGUE, s. f. strep

HÉLIOSCOPE, S. f. helioscope.
HÉLIOTROPE, Å-lið-tröp, s. f. kind of jas-per. Héliotrope, s. m. sun-flower.
HELLÉNISME, É-là-nism, s. m. Hellenism.

HEM, hem, interj. hem. HÉMATITE, s. f. a sort of precious stone.

HEMICRANIE, s. f. megrim.

HÉMÉROCALE, s. f. day-lily. HÉMICYCLE, å-mî-sîkl, s. m. hemicycle, semi-circle or half-circle.

HEMINE, s. f. hemina (a Roman measure.) HÉMIPLÉGIE or HÉMIPLEXIE, s. f. hemi-

plegy.

H #misphire, a-mis-fer, s. m. hemisphere.

-mis-fa-rik, adj. hemispherick.

HENSTICHE, å-mås-tish, s. m. hemistick. HÉMORRAGIE, å-må-nå-zi, s. f. hemor-rhage, bleeding at the nose.

HÉMORROIDALE, s. f. pilewort. HÉMORROIDES, &-mô-rô-ld, s. f. pl. he-

morrhoids, piles.

'HÉMORROISSE, hà-mò-rò-is, s. f. woman troubled with the bloody flux.

HENDÉCAGONE, s. m. endecagon.

HENDÉCASYLLABE, adj. endecasyllable.

'HENNIR, hê-nîr, v. a. to neigh.
'HENNISSEMENT, hê-nîs-mên, s. m. neigh-

HEPATIQUE, a-pa-tik, adj. hepatical or hepatick, belonging to the liver.

HEPATIQUE, s. f. liver-wort.

HÉPTARCHIE, s. f. heptarchy. HÉRALDIQUE, adj. Ex. L'art heraldique (or du blason) heraldry or the art of blazon-HERAUT, s. m. herald.

HERBACEE, adj. herbaceous. HERBAGE, er-baz, s. m. herbage, grass,

pasture, pasture-ground, greens.

HERBE, etc., s. f. grass, herb. Herbes ma-rines, sea-weeds. Manusiese herbes, herbes sauanges, weeds. Ce cheval aura quatre are aux herbes, that horse will be four years old in the spring. Etre cocu en herbe, to be cut out for a cuckold. Manger son blé en herbe, to spend one's revenue before it comes in. Couper l'herb: sous le pied à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels, supplant one, ll a marché sur up one's heels, supplant one. Il a marché sur quelque mauvaise herbe, he has pissed upon a nettle.

HERBEILLER, v. a. to graze (said of the wild boar.)

HERBER, v. n. to lay on the grass (linen cloth in order to bleach it.)

HERBETTE, er-bet, s. f. tender grass, herb-

let, green HERBEU-x, se, êr-beu, beuz, adj. grassy, rerbous.

HERBIER, êr-bîâ, s. m. herbal.

HERBIÈRE, er-bler, s. f. herb-woman, green-woman. MERBORISATION, s. f. the act of going

about gathering physical herbs.

HERBORISER, er-bo-rl-za, v. a. to go a simpling, go about gathering physical herbs.

HERBORISEUR, s.m.he who goes a simpling. HERBORISTE, Ar-bo-rist, s. m. herbalist or botanist

HERBU, E, er-bå, bù, adj. grassy, full of

HERCO-TECTONIQUE, s. f. art of fortifying places or of entrenching a camp, a post, etc. 'Here, her, s. m. Ex. Un pauvre here, a

poor wretch, a poor silly fellow.

HÉRÉDITAIRE, à-rà-di-ter, adj. heredita-

ry, of inheritance.
HÉRÉDITAIREMENT, å-rå-dl-ter-men, adv hereditarily, by inheritance or succession.

HÉRÉDITÉ, å-rå-dl-lå, s. f. inheritance,

heritage, succession.

HÉRÉSIARQUE, å-fà-zlark, s. m. heresiarch, arch-heretick, broacher of heresy.

HÉRÉSIE, å-fà-zl, s. f. heresy.

HÉRÉTICITÉ, s. f. heretical meaning.

HÉRÉTIQUE, å-rå-tik, adj. & s. heretical, beretick.

HERGNE, V. Hernie.

HÉRISS, L. bà-fi-sà, adj. whose hair or bristles stand up on end or stare, bristling. Cheval hérissé or qui a le poil hérissé, a rough-coated horse. Un pédant hérissé de Grec et de Latin, a pedant bristling with Greek and Latin. Un port hérissé de mâts de navires, a port thick set with the masts of shipping. Une côte hérissé de rochers, a coast guarded by rocks.
'HÉRISSER, hå-rl-så, v. n. Se hérisser, v. r.

to stand on end, stare.
'HERISSON, ha-rl-son, s. m. hedge-hog or urchin, drainer, turning-bar with iron-pikes, canting-wheel.

HÉRITAGE, A-rl-tâz, s. m. inheritance or heritage, patrimony, estate, piece of ground. HÉRITER, A-rl-tâ, v. a. & n. to inherit, get

by inheritance or succession, be the heir of.

HÉRITIER, å-rl-tlå, s. m. heir or inheritor.

Héritière, å-rl-tlèr, s. f. heiress or inheritrix,

heiress or fortune. HERMAPHRODITE, er-må-fro-dit, adj. & s. hermaphrodite.

HERMÉTIQUE, er-ma-tik, adj. hermetick, hermetical. La science hermétique, the hermetical science, chymistry.

HERMÉTIQUEMENT, ér-må-tik-men, adv.

hermetically, chymically.
HERMINE, cr-min, s. f. ermine.

HERMINE, E, adj. ermine (in heraldry.) HERMITAGE, HERMITE, V. Ermitage, Ermite.

HERMINETTE, s. f. Mar. adze, Herminette courbe, hollow adze.

'HERNIAIRE, adj. Chirurgien herniaire, surgeon who is skilled in or applies to the cure of hernias

'HERNIE, her-ni, s. f. hernia, rupture. 'HERNIEU-x, sE, her-ni-eu, euz, adj. burst-

en, that has a rupture.

HERNIOLE, s. f. rupture-wort.

HEROI-COMIQUE, adj. heroi-comical.

HÉROIDE; s. f. heroid.

HÉROINE, a-rô-în, s. C. heroine, heroical

HÉROIQUE, adj. heroick, heroical. HÉROIQUE, à-rô-lk, s. m. sublime, lofty or

heroic style. HÉROTQUEMENT, å-rð-ik-men, adv. hero-

ically any. Hérotsme, å-rð-ism, s. m. neroism.

'HERON, ha ron, s. m. hern or heron.

HÉRONNEAU, hà-rô-nò, s. m. young hern. HERONRIÈRE, s. f. hero-shew.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

HERONNIÈRE, hà-ro-nièr, adj. Ex. Penn ! or coasse heronnière, dry, lean skin or thigh.

HÉROS, ha-ro, s. in. hero.

'HERPES de l'éperon, s. f. pl. Mar. rails of the head. Herpes marines, the natural treasures of the sea

'HERSAGE, hêr-sâz, s. m. harrowing.
'HERSAGE, hêrs, s. f. harrow; (in fortifica-tion) portcullis; rails; (dans les églises) sort of candlestick.

Herse, Mar. sort of hoop or salvage; also Herses de fer, iron-cringles or traveller. tumbles of a larger fort.

'HERSEAU, s. m. Mar. cringle in the bolt-

rope of a sail.

HERSER, hêr-sâ, v. a. to barrow.

HERSEUR, hêr-sêur, s. m. harrower.

HESITATION, â-zl-tâ-zon, s. f. hesitation,

hesitancy.

HÉSITER, a-zi-ta, v. n. to hesitate, falter, be at a stand, stop; to waver, be in suspense. Sans hésiter, readily, freely, without any more

HÉTÉROCLITE, à-tà-rò-kih, adj. (in gram-mar) heteroclitical, irregular. Etre un peu hétéroclite dans ses manières, to be a little sin-

gular in one's way. HÉTÉRODOX E, å-tå-rð-döks, adj. heterodox. HÉTÉRODOX E, s. f. heterodoxy. HÉTÉRODÈNE, å-tå-rð-zên, adj. heteroge-

HÉTÉROGÉNÉITÉ, s. f. heterogeneity. HÉTÉROSCIENS, à-tà-rô-si-in, s. m. pl. heteroscians.

'HRTRE, hetr, s. m. beech, beech-tree. Bois

de hêtre, beech.
'HEU, s. m. Mar. sort of hoy or coasting vessel. V. Maté.

HEU! Int. good lack!
HEUR, s. m. luck, happiness, good fortune.
HEURE, dur, s. f. hour, time. Quelle heure
est-il? what is it o'clock? Il est sopt heures,
it is essure check. it is seven o'clock. A quelle heure serez vous là? at what hour or time will you be there? Dernière heure, heure dernière, last hour, dying hour. A cette heure, adv. at this hour or ing hour. A cette heure, adv. at this hour or time, at this present time, at present, now. Toud à l'heure, tout à cette heure, forthwith, by and by, presently, just now, in a moment. D'heure en heure, hourly, every hour. A l'heure même, at that very instant. Sur l'heure, tout sur l'heure, forthwith, incontinently, immediately. De bonne heure, betimes. Il est de bonne heure, it is early, it is not late. A l'heure qu'il falloit, in the very nick of time. De meilleure heure, sooner or earlier. De trop bonne heure to soon, too early. A la boune heure, heure, too soon, too early. A la boune heure, in good time, well and good, in God's name, in the name of God: also fortunately, in a good hour or time. [See the last phrase of this article.] See est il alle? à la bonne this article.] S'en est u aute i in the observer, is he gone? God speed him well. S'il est riche, à la bonne heure, if he be rich, I am glad of it. Sa femme est accouchée d'un fils, à la bonne heure, his wife is brought to bed of a son, I wish him joy of it or much good may it do him. A la bonne heure pour his, and the state of the him. so much the better for him. A la mal heure, unluckily, unfortunately. A la mal heure, with a vengeance. Citer un auteur à toute heure, to quote an author at every turn. la bonne heure, Mar. aye, aye; (French lors make that reply to general orders del

ed verbally, by the boatswain and his mates, after having answered Commande, to the first wind of their call.)

HEURES, s. f. pl. primer, prayer-book.

HEUREUSEMENT, èu-reuz-mên, adv. happily, luckily, fortunately; by good luck or chance or fortune. Il est arrive heureusement, he is come home safe. Tout tui réuseit heureusement, every thing succeeds or prospers with him. Il imagine heureusement les choses, with him. Il imagine henreusement tes choses, he has a happy foncy. Rimer heureusement, to be happy in one's rhymes.

HEUREU-X, SE, ču-rču, rčuz, adj. happy lucky, blessed, fortunate, favourable, kind, advantageous, excellent. Viere herreux et content, to live happily and contentedly. La Reine Marie d'heureuse mémoire, Queen Mary

of blessed memory.

HEURLER, etc. V. Hurler, etc.

'HEURT, heurt, s. m. knock, knocking or dashing one against the other, also anciently mischance, mishap.

HEURTER, hour-ta, v. a. & n. to knock, hit; dash or run against; (à la porte) to knock. Les boucs se heurtent de leurs têtes, the goats butt one another. Cela heurte le sens commun, that is contrary to common sense, that clashes with or shocks reason. Vous ne saurie: faire cela sans heurter force gens, you can never de that without offending or disobliging a great many people. Se heurter, or s'entreheurter, v. r. to hit, knock or dash one against ano ther. On se hearte toujours on l'on a mal, that part is most apt to be hurt which is sore al ready

HEURTOIR, heur-twar, s. m. knocker. HEUSE DE POMPE, s. f. Mar. lower box of

a pump, pump box.

HEXAGONE, eg-zh-gon, s. m. hexagon. HEXAGONE, adj. hexagonal.

HEXAMÈTRE, eg-zà-mèir, adj. & s. m hexameter.

HIATUS, 1-4-tds, s. m. hiatus. HIBOU, hi-boo, s. m. owl.

HIBRIDE, adj. hybridous. H10, s. m. knot or principal difficulty (of a

transaction.) HIDEUSEMENT, hi-denz-men, adv. hide-

ously, dreadfully, frightfully.

'Hinger's, se, hi-deu, deuz, adj. hideous, dreadful, ghastly, frightful.

'Hie, hi, s. f. rammer, pav.our's beetle.

HiEnte, l-ebl, s. f. wall-wort, dane-wort or dwarf elder.

HIERE, I-en, s. m. hyena. HIER, hi-a, v. a. (from Hie) to ramin, bea or drive in with a rammer

'Hier, yer, adv. yesterday. Hier au yesternight, yesterday night, last high 'Hierarchie, hi-a-rar-shl, s. I

chy, church government.

HIERARCHIQUE, hl-&-rar-ship rarchical.

HIERARCHIQUEMENT, hil-he

adv. hierarchically. HIÉROGLYPHE, la-ro-glif

HIEROSLYPHIQUE, the

roglyphick or hieroglyphic HIEROGLYPHIQUEME All men. adv. hieroglyphical HANTE, S. III.

£, s. f. joy, g

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ove field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

HILOIRES, s. f. pl. Mar. binding streaks of a deck or oak-planks of the deck (by the sides of the coamings of the hatches, through which the ring bolts are fixed.) Hiloires renversées, fore and aft tarlings under the beams.

HIPPIATRIQUE, s. f. art of knowing and curing the diseases of animals.

HIPPOCENTAURE, 1-pd-sen-tor, s. m. hippocentaur.

HIPPOCRAS, 1-pô-kras, s. m. hippocras.

HIPPOROME, s. m. a place for horse-races, riding-house, hippodrome. HIPPOROTIFFE, 1-pd-griff, s. m. hippogriff. HIPPOPOTAME, 1-pd-pd-tam, s. m. hippo-

potamus, river-horse.

HIRONDE, V. Aronde.

HIRONDELLE, 1-ron-del, s. f. swallow. Hisser, h.-så, v. a. Mar. to hoist, sway. Hisser les basses vergues, to sway up the low-er yards. Hisse la brigantine, hoist the spanker. Hisse la voile d'étai de hune, hoist away the main top-mast stay-sail. Hisse le perre nuet de fougue, hoist away the mizen top-sail.

Hissed courir, a run, a run.
Histoire, İs-twar, s. f. history, story.
Voilà bien des histoires, what a world of com-

pliments or ceremonics you make.

HISTORIEL, E, adj. historical.

HISTORIE, E, is-iô-ri-ā, adj. embellished or set out with small figures.
HISTORIEN, Is-tô-riên, s. 10. historian.

HISTORIER, v. a. to embellish or set out

with figures. HISTORIETTE, Is-tô-rî-êt, s. f. pretty story,

novel.

HISTORIOGRAPHE, Is-to-ri-o-graf, s. m.

Ilistorique, is-tô-rîk, adj. historical. Cela est historique, that is matter of fact, it is certainly so.

HISTORIQUEMENT, Is-to-rik-men, adv. historically.

HISTRION, is-tri-on, s. m. stage player, stroller, buffoon.

HIVER, I-ver, s. m. winter. Nos derniers hivers, our latter years or old age.

HIVERNAGE, s. m. Mar. winter-time, win-

the reason; also wintering place.

HIVERNAL, E, adj. hibernal, belonging to
the winter. Fleur hibernale, a winter-flower.

HIVERNER, I-ver-na, v. n. to winter.

Hiverner, Mar. to winter, lie up (in a port)
during the winter season. S'hiverner, v. r. to

grow hardy, inure one's self to cold.

Ho! interj. ho! hoa! hoay! halloo! Ho du bâtiment, Mar. ho, the ship a hoay (manner of hailing a ship.)

'HOBEREAU, hob-ro, s. m. (sort of hawk) a hobby; country gentleman, country squire,

squire.
'Hoo, hok, s.m. sort of game at cards.
Cela m'est hoc, I am sure of that, that is as sure as a gun.

'Hoca, s. m. sort of game of chance.

HOCHE, hosh, s. f. notch, tally. HOCHEMENT, hosh-men, s. m. shaking, logging or wagging (of the head.)
HOCHEPOT, s. m. hodgepodge, mingle-

HOCHEQUEUE, s. m. wagtail.

'HOCHER, ho-sha, v. a. to shake, jog, wag er toss.

'HOCHET, ho-she, s. m. child's coral.

HOGNER, v. n. to grumble, mutter. HOIR, wer, s. m. Héritier, heir (law term.)

HOIRIE, we'rl, s. f. inheritance.

'HOLA, ho'là, interj. adv. & s. ho there
holla! also hold, no more, enough. Met
tre le holà, to part the fray. Holà, Mar. hol-

'HOLLANDE, hô-lènd, s. f. Holland. the name of a production we say d'Hollande, without aspirating the H. Toile d'Hollande, hollands. Fromage d'Hollande, Dutch cheese. Porcelaine d'Hollande, fine Dutch ware, etc. We say also without aspirating the H, Demi-Hollande, (sort of cloth) Isingham Holland, Gulic Holland.

'HOLLANDÉ, E, adj. Ex. Plume Holland'e,

Dutch quill.

'HOLLANDER, hô-lên-da, une plume, v. a. to pass a quill through hot ashes, to make a Dutch quill.

'HOLLANDOIS, E, hô-lèn-dè, dèz, adj. & s. Dutch, Dutch person. Le hollandois, la langue hollandoise, Dutch, the Dutch language.

HOLOCAUSTE, ô-lô-kôst, s. m. & f. burnt-sacrifice, burnt-offerings.

ACTINCE, DUTAL-OHERINGS.
HOLOGRAPHE, adj. & s. V. Olographe.
'HOMARD, hō-mar, s. m. great lobster.
HOMBRE, orbor, s. m. ombre.
HOMELE, ō-mā-il, s. f. homily.
HOMICIDE, ō-mā-ild, s. m. homicide, murder; also murderer. Homicide involontaire, manslaughter.

HOMICIDE, adj. homicidous, murderous, bloody. Des yeux homicides, killing eyes.

*Hommage, ö-måz, s. m. homage. Номмаge, ö-måz, s. m. homage. Номмаgen, ö-måz, adj. & s. m. held by

homage, homager.

Hommasse, ô-mas, adj. (said of women,)
masculine or manly. Elle est hommasse, she is

a masculine woman, she is a virago. Homme, om, s. m. man. Un h Un homme de querre, a soldier, a martialist. Un combat d'homme à homme, a single fight. D'homme d'homner, upon my honour. Les bons hommes, good men; also the Minims (sort of monks.) Mar. man, hand. Un homme à la mer, there's a man overboard. Encore un homme à la barre, another hand to the helm. Un homme à chaque bras des huniers, attend the top-sail braces.

*HOMMEAU, s. m. little man.

Hommer, s. f. as much ground as a vine dresser can dress or a mower mow in one

Homogène, 8-m8-zên, adj. homogeneal, homogeneous

Homogénéité, s. f. homogeneity, homogenealness.

Homologation, 8-m8-l8-ga-slon, s. f. (law term) allowance, approbation, confirma-

Homologue, adj. homologous.

Homologuen, ô-mô-lô-ga, v. n. to allow, approve of, confirm, authorize.
HOMONYME, ô-mô-nim, adj. homonymous.

HOMOPHONIE, s. f. concert of several persons who sing together.
'Hon! interj. hum!

'Hongre, hongr, adj. & s.m. gelt. Cheval hongre, gelding.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mos : brun,

of use.

of use.

'Hongrie, a.f. Hungary.

'Hongrie, a.f. Hungary.

'Hongrie, a.f. Hungary.

'Hongrie, b.net, adj. bonest, good, virtuous; decent, handsome, fine; bonourable or creditable, handsome; specious; civil, or creditable, handsome; specious; civil, courteous, obliging, kind, genteel. Prix homelle, moderate or reasonable price. Un honelte homme, an honest or good man, a man of bonour; also a genteel man, a gentleman. Un homme honnête, a decent, polite, genteel man; a man who observes every social decorum and custom. En honnête homme, genteelly, in a genteel manner. Une femme honnéte, an honest, modest, virtuous or chaste woman. Une honnête débauche, an innocent merry-making or mirth

HONNÊTE, s. m. honest. Joindre l'utile avec l'honnête, to join what is profitable and ho-

nest together.

Honnetement, &-net-men, adv. honestly, in an honest way, like a man of honour; handsomely, decently, finely, well; pretty well, sufficiently; civilly, genteelly, kindly. HONNETETE, o-net-ta, s. f. honesty, ho-

nour; chastity, modesty, civility, civil or handsome carriage, courtesy, kindness. Faire un-hométeté à quelqu'un, to make one a present.

HONNEUR, ô-neur, s. m. honour; respect, worship, reverence; reputation, glory, fame, credit, esteem; ornament; honesty, virtue; chastity, modesty. Faire les choses avec honseur, to do things handsomely or honourably. Agir en homme d'honneur, to act like an ho-nest man. Une femme d'honneur, an honest woman. Je me donnerai l'honneur de vous aller voir, I shall do myself the honour to wait on you. Se faire honneur d'une chose, to make a pride of a thing, to pride or glory in it. Sauf votre honneur, under correction. Faire honneur à une lettre de change, to honour a bill of exchange (pay it when it becomes due.)

Honneurs, regalia; honours, dignities. Honneurs funcbres, funeral solomnities. Faire les honneurs de la maison, to receive and enter-

tain guests.

'HONNI, E, adj. confounded, abashed, despised. Honni soit qui mal y pense, evil to him

who evil thinks.

HONNIR, hô-nîr, v. a. to bring to disgrace.
HONORABLE, ô-nô-rabl, adj. honourable,
creditable, noble, magnificent, sumptuous, splendid.

HONORABLEMENT. 8-n8-rabl-men, honourably, with honour, nobly, magnificent-y, sumptuously, splendidly. HONORAIRE, ô-nô-rèr, adj. honorary, titu-

HONORAIRE, s. m. lawyer's fee.

HONORER, d-nd-ra, v. a. to honour, respect or reverence; to value or esteem; to do credit

to, be the honour or ornament of; to favour.

"Honords. Ex. Ad honords, honorary.

Honords. Ex. Ad honords, honorary.

titular.

'HONTE, hont, s. f. shame; confusion; modesty; disgrace, infamy, reproach, ignominy. Avoir honte, to be ashamed. Rougir de houte, to blush. Faire houte à quelqu'un, to shame or disgrace one. Témoigner de la houte, to show that one is ashamed. Une

HONGRELINE, s. f. woman's dress now out || chose out doit donner de la honte, a thing to be ashamed of.

HONTEUSEMENT, hon-téuz-mên,

shamefully, diagracefully, ignominisusly.
HONTEU-X, SE, hon-teu, teuz, adj. bashfut, shamefaced, askamed; shamefal, to beashained of, disgraceful, ignominious, infamous. Les parties honteuses, the privy or secret parte. Le morceau honteux, manners (last piese in the

HOPITAL, 0-pl-thi, s. m. hospital, alma-

house 'Hoquet, bo-ke, s. m. hiccough.

'Hoqueton, hok-ton, s. m. necough.
'Hoqueton, hok-ton, s. m. particular sort
of coat; also the guard who wears it.
Horaire, ô-rêr, adj. horary.
'Horne, hôrd, s. f. (de Tariares) hordo.

'HORION, s. m. great blow or streke:

Horizon, &-ri-zon, s. m. horizon. HORIZONTAL, E, d-ri-zon-tal, adj. borizontal.

HORIZONTALEMENT, 8-rl-zon-thi-mèn

adv. horizontally.

adv. horizontally.

Horloge, or-loz, s. f. clock, horologe, time-piece. Horloge solaire or au soleit, dial or sindial. Horloge de sable, hour-glass. Horloge de sable, Mar. sandglass, glass, watch-glass. Horloge marine, time keeper, sea time-piece. Horloge astronomical time-piece.

HORLOGER, or-lo-za, s. m. clock-maker, watch-maker,

watch-maker.

Horlogère, s. f. or-lô-zèr, clock maker's or watch-maker's wife.

HORLOGERIE, or-lôz-ri, s. f. clock-making

or watch making.
HORMIS, Ör-mi, (i. e. mis hors) but, saving. except, excepting.

HOROGRAPHIE, s. f. horography, art of making dials.

Honoscope, d-ros-kop, s. m. horoscope. nativity.

HORREUR, ô-rêur, s. f. horror, dread or trembling for fear, fright, awe; detestation, aversion, hatred, antipathy; confusion, desc lation; grievousness, enormity, heinousness. Lai horreur de le dire, I dread to speak it. La horreur d'y penser, I hate to think of it. Accer

en horreur, to abominate, detest, abber, bate.
HORRIBLE, 5-fibl, adj. horrid; horrible, fearful, ghastly, dreadful, hideous, frightful; exceeding great, extreme; atrocious, grievous, beinous.

HORRIBLEMENT, &-ribl-men, adv. hotri-

bly, fearfully; extremely.

'Hors, prep. out; but, saving or save; except or excepting. Hors de la ville, out of town. Hors de saison, out of season. Hors de doute, without question. Hors de raison, unreasonable. Hors de blâme et de souppon, free from blame and suspicion. Hors d'heuve,

beyond the hour, late, unseasonable.

'Hors, hor, Mar. Ex. Hors les perroquets, let fall the top gallant sails. Hors la bomaste basse à tribord, set the lower studding seil on the starboard side.

HOSPICE, ds-pls, s. m. sort of hospital for monks.

HOSPITALIER, E, ds-pl-ta lla, sler, adj. hospitable, using hospitality.

HOSPITALIER, E, S. m. & f. (religious or religieuse qui fait vocu d'assister les passeres. Une || les passans, etc.) hospitaller.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Un prêtre qui a une habitude dans sa paroisse, a priest that has leave of the incumbent to officiate with him.

HABITUÉ, E, adj. used, accustomed, etc.; habituated, settled. Un habitué, un prêtre habitué, a priest that has leave of the incumbent to officiate with him

HABITUEL, LE, å-bl-tůěl, adj. habitual. HABITUELLEMENT, å-bl-tå-êl-mên, adv.

habitually, by habit.

HABITUER, å-bi-tů-å, v. a. to use, accusom or inure. S'habituer, v. r. to use or ac-custom one's self, get a habit. S'habituer en quelque lieu, to settle or settle one's self in a place.

'HABLER, hå-blå, v. n. to romance, tell

lies or stories.

'HABLERIE, s. f. romancing lies.

'HABLEU-R, SE, hå-bleur, bleuz, s. m, & f.

romancer, liar

'HACHE, hash, s. f. axe or hatchet. Avoir un coup de hache, to be a little crack-brained. Hache d'armes, a battle-axe. Hache, Mar. hatches. Hache d'armes, pole-axe. Grande hache, axe. Petite hache or hache à main, small hatchet

'HACHER, hå-shå, v. a. to hash, mince; (in drawing, etc.) to hatch; to hack and hew, cut. Toutes nos manœuvres furent hachées, all our rigging was cut to pieces.

'HACHEREAU, hash-ro, s. m. little axe or

batchet.

'HACHETTE, hå-shet, s.f. small axe, hatchet. 'Hachis, ha-shi, s. m. minced meat, dish of minced meat, hash.
'HACHOIR, ha-shwar, s. m. chopping board,

large knife.
'HACHURE, ha-shar, s. f. hatching, (shading

produced by cross lines.)

'HAGARD, E, hå-gar, gard, adj. fierce, wild or haggard. Un esprit hagard, a wild unsociable man. Faucon hagard, haggard hawk. HAGIOGRAPHE, adj. hagiographick.

HAGIOGRAPHE, s. m. hagiographer.
'HAHA, s. m. opening prospect. V. Saut de losp at Saut.

long at Saut.

'Hal! interj. hoy.
'Hal! interj. hoy.
'Hal, z, adj. (from hair) hated, odious.
Digne d'être hat, hateful.
'Hale, he, s. f. hedge. Se mettre or se ranger en haie, to stand in a line, make a line.
'Hale, (with waggoners) geeho. Hate au bout, something over and above.
'Halllon, ha-lon, s. m. rag, tatter, tatterad clothes

ed clothes.

HAINE, hen, s. f. hatred, grudge, spleen, ill-will, spite ; aversion. Avoir de la haine pour or avoir en haine, to hate. En haine de, out of spite.

'HAINEU-X. SE, hè-nèu, nèuz, adj. full of

hatred, malicious.

'HAIR, ha-lr, v. a. to hate, have a spite or ill-will against; to hate or abhor, detest, not to be able to endure. Se faire hair de tout le monde, to make one's self hated by every body.

'HAIRE, her, s. f. hair-cloth, hair-shirt, pe-

nitential shirt.

'HAISSABLE, ha-i-sabl, adj. hateful, odious,

deserving to be hated.

'HALAGE, ha-laz, s. m. Mar. tracking or towing (of a ship or boat along the banks of a river, etc.) Chemin du halage, road used for tracking boats, etc.

'HALBRAN, hål-bren, s. m. young wilc duck.

'HALBRENÉ, E, adj. that has the feathers or wings shattered, fatigued, in a sad pickle.

'HALBRENER, v.a. to shoot at wild ducks. 'HALE, hal, s. m. drying wind or hot weather. It fait im grand hale, or le hale est fort grand, the weather is extremely hot. Elle ne sort point à cause du hâle, she does not stir out for fear of being sun-burnt.

'HALE, E, adj. tanned, sun-burnt, of a

swarthy or tawn complexion.

Hale, Mar. hauled, etc. V. Håler.

'HALE-BAS, s. m. Mar. down-haul.

HALE-BOULINE, s. m. raw seaman.

HALEINE, &-len, s. f. breath. Courte haleine, shortness of breath, asthma. Courir à perte d'haleine, to run one's self out of breath. Tout d'une haleine, at a stretch, at one bout, without intermission. Faire or tenir des diswithout intermission. Tare or tentr are use userours à perte d'haleine, to make long-winded or tedious speeches. Oppression d'haleine, stoppage (such as hinders the respiration.) Ouvrage de longue haleine, long winded piece of work. Tentr en haleine, to keep in exercise to inverse allei to keep in elevent cise, to inure; also to keep in play or at bay. Haleine de vent, breath of wind, gentle gale, breeze.

HALENÉE, al-na, s. f. unpleasant breath. breathing. Jeter une halenée de vin à quelqu'un, to breathe upon one a strong smell of wine.

HALENER, hal-na, v. a. to smell one's breath. Halener quelqu'un, to smell one, dis-

cover or find out his weak side.

HALER, ha-la v. n. (from Hale) to tan, make tawny or of a swarthy complexion. Se håler, v. a. to be sun-burnt.

'Haler, v. a. des chiens après quelqu'un, to

set dogs at or upon one.

'Haler, v. a. Mar. to haul, pull upon any rope, track, warp. Se haler, to haul or be warping. Haler un bâtiment, to track or warp a vessel. Se haler dans le vent, to haul the wind. Les vents se halent de l'avant, the wind hauls forward. Une frégate se hale dans le port, a frigate is warping into harbour. tarbour. Hale de force sur la bouline de revers de mi-saine, haul taught the fore bow-line. Hale les boulines d'avant, haul the head bow-lines. Hale bas la fausse voile d'étai et la voile d'étai de perroquet, haul down the middle and topgallant stay sails. Hale le grand canot à l'échelle, haul the barge to the gang-way, Hale la chaloupe le long du bord, haul the launch up along side.

'HALETANT, E, hal-ten, tent, adj. out of

breath, panting,
'HALETER, hal-ta, v. n. to pant, fetch one's breath short and fast, breathe short.

'HALEUR, s. m. one that hales.

'HALLE, hal, s. f. market. I Langage des halles, Billingsgate rhetorick.

'HALLEBARDE, hål-bård, s. f. halberd. 'HALLEBARDIER, hål-bår-dlå, s. m. hal-

berdier. 'HALLEBREDA, s. m. & f. lubberly fellow.

HALLECRET, s. m. sort of corslet.

'HALLIER, hå-liå, s. m. thicket, thick bush' keeper of a market; kind of net.

HALO, s. m. halo.

'HALOIR, s. m. place for drying hemp.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . biun.

'HALOT, s. m. rabbit's hole or burrow. HALOTECHNIE, s. f. that part of chemis-

HALUTE, halts.

'HALUE, halts, f. halt; refreshment (during a halt.) Fuire halte, to halt. Halte-la, halte ladessus, hold, stop there.

'HALURGIE, S. f. V. Halotechnie. 'HAMAC, ha-mak, s. m. hammock. Hamac à l'Anglaise, cot. En bas les hamacs, down all hammocks.

HAMADRYADE, s. f. hamadryad.
HAMEAU, hamo, s. m. hamlet.
HAMEÇON, am-son, s. m. hook, fish-book.
'HAMPE, hamp, s. f. staff or shaft of a halberd or javelin, etc. breast of the stag.

'Han, s. m. a sort of caravansary. 'HANAP, s. m. sort of a drinking cup, bowl,

mug, can.

'HANCHE, hènsh, s. f. haunch, hip.

Hanche, Mar. quarter. Nous canonnames
le vaisseau ennemi dans la hanche, we played upon the enemy's quarter. L'ennemi nous aborda par la hanche the enemy boarded us upon the quarter. Cette voile par la hanche est un bâtiment carre, that sail on the weather-quarter is a square rigged vessel. Le peu de vent qu'il y a vient de la hanche de bâbord, what little wind there is, is on the larboard quarter.

'HANGAR, hen-gar, s. m. cart-house, coach-house, shed. Mar. boat-house.

'HANNETON, han-ton, s. m. May-bug. HANOVRE, (electorat et ville) Hanover.

HANOVRIÉN, NE, adj. & s. Hanoverian, of Hanover.

HANSCRIT, s. m. Sanscrit, language in which the religious books of the East-Indians

are written. 'HANSE, hens, s. f. Ex. La hanse teutonique,

the teutonic hanse, hanseatic league.

'HANS ÉATIQUE, hen-så-å-tik, adj. hanse. 'HANSIÈRE, hen-sler, V. Haussière.

'HANTER, hen-ta, v. a. & n. to haunt, frequent, converse or keep company with. Hanter un lieu, to haunt or frequent a place, go or resort often to it.

'HANTISE, s. f. keeping company, fellow-

ship, society.

'HAPPE, s. f. piece of iron at the end of the axle-tree of a coach; kind of cramp iron. 'HAPPE-CHAIR, s. m. catchpole, bailiff,

bum-bailiff.

"HAPPELOPIN, s. m. catchbit; glutton.
'HAPPE-LOURDE, hap-loord, s. f. false stone, counterfeit jewel; empty fop, silly fellow; showy horse worth nothing.
'HAPPER, ha-pa, v. a. to snap at, catch un-

expectedly.

HAQUENÉE, håk-nå, s. f. pacing-horse or
mare pad; Spanish genet. Haquenée de gobelet, sumpter-horse or mare that carries provisions for the king upon a journey. Haquenée des cordeliers, stick or staff. Il est venu sur la haquenée des cordeliers, he came on foot.

'HAQUET, hå-ke, s. m. dray, open-cart;

hand-cart.

'HAQUETIER, hak-tla, s. m. dray-man; hand-cart-man.

'HARANGUE, ha-reng, s. f. speech, oration, harangue; long, tedious speech or story, preaching.

'HARANGUER, hå-ren-gå, v. a. & n. to harangue, make a speech; to preach, be tedious in remonstrances

'HARANGUEUR, hå-rèn-geur, s. m. speechmaker, preacher, or tedious, long-winded talker.

'HARAS, ha-ra, s. m. stud, race or breed of horses; sort of large parrot. 'HARASSER, ha-ra-sa, v. a. to harass, tire or

fatigue.
'HARCELER, hårs-lå, v. a. to tire or harass;

to teaze, provoke or vex; annoy.

'HARDE, hard, s. f. herd of fallow-deer, tis
that holds dogs together six and six. V. Har-

'HARDER, v. a. to tie dogs together six and

six; also to swop or change.

'HARDES, S. f. pl. clothes, apparel, goods, furniture. It y a de belles hardes dans cette maison, there is very fine furniture in that house. Hardes (des matelots) Mar. slops, slopclothes.

'HARDI, E, har-di, di, adj. bold; courageous, daring, stout; confident, impudent; noble, high, clevated, free. V. Saillir, Mar. 'HARDIESSE, har-dl-es, s.f. boldness; cou-

rage, assurance, daringness, confidence, impudence. J'ai pris la hardiesse de vous écrire, I made bold to write to you. Hardiesse d'un dessein, boldness or nobleness of a design.

'HARDIMENT, har-dl-mên, adv. boldly stoutly, courageously, confidently, plainly roundly, freely.

'HARENG, har-ring, Harseng son, red her-

blanc, fresh herring. Harreng saur, red her-

ring.
'HARENGEAISON, hā-ren-zē-zon, a. f. her ring-scason, herring-fishery.
'Harengère ha-ren-zèr, s.f. fish-woman;

also scold or billingsgate.

'HARENGERIE, s. f. herring-market.
'HARGNEU-X, se, har-gneu, gneuz, adj.

peerish, morose, cross.

'Haricot, ha-ri-kô, s. m. French bean, kidney-bean; also sort of French ragout of mutton and turnips.

'HARIDELLE, hå-ri-del, s. f. jade, sorry horse or mare.

'HARLEQUIN, s. m. harlequin, buffoon. HARLEQUINADE, s. f. harlequin's trick or

'HARMALE, s. f. kind of wild rue (herb.) HARMONIE, ar-mo-nl, s. f. harmony, agreement of sounds, melody, due proportion, consonance.

HARMONIEUSEMENT, år-m3-n1-èuz-men,

adv. harmoniously.

HARMONIEU-X, SE, år-mô-nl-èu, èuz, adj.
harmonious, melodious, musical.

HARMONIQUE, adj.harmonick, harmonical HARMONIQUEMENT, ar-mo-nik-men, adv. harmoniously.

HARNACHEMENT, har-nash-men, s. m. harness or harnessing.
'HARNACHER, hår-nå-shå, v. a. tc harness.

HARNACHEUR, har-na-sheur, a. m. har ness maker.

'HARNOIS, har-ne, s. m. harness, borse-trappings; dray; (d'un homme d'armes) har-ness, armour. Il s'échauffe en son harnois; he falls into a passion. Blanchir sous le harnois, to grow grey in the service. Endosser le harnois, to turn a soldier, to go to the army, also

to put on one's gown or uniform, etc
'HARO, ha-ro, s. m. hue and cry. Crier or faire haro sur, to raise a bue and cry after

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good,

HYDROPISIE, 1-dro-pl-zl, s. f. dropsy. HYDROPOTE, s. m. & f. hydropotist, drinker of water.

HYDROSTATIQUE, s. f. hydrostaticks.

HYDROTIQUE, adj. & s. hydrotick. HYGROMETRE or HYGROSCOPE, I-gro-

metr, i-gros-kop,s.m. hygrometer, hygroscope. Hymen or Hymener, i-men, i-ma-na, s.

m. Hymen or Hymenæus, marriage, wedlock, matrimony, hymen.

HYMNE, imn, s. m. & f. hymn, spiritual

song.
HYPALLAGE, s. f. hypallage.
HYPERBOLE, I-per-bol, s. f. hyperbole.
HYPERBOLIQUE, I-per-bol-fk, adj. hyper-

HYPERBOLIQUEMENT, î-per-bo-lik-mên,

adv. hyperbolically.

Hyperborie, i-per-bo-ra, or Hyperbo-

REEN, NE, adj. hyperborean. HYPERCRITIQUE, I-per-kri-tik, s. m. hy-

percritick, mighty critick. HYPERDULIE, s. f. worship of the holy virgin.

HYPOBOLE, s. f. hypobole.

HYPOCAUSTE, s. m. stove.

HZPOCHIME, s. m. HYPOCHISE, s. f. hy-pochyma, hypochyses.

HYPOCONDRE, 1-pô-kondr, s. m. hypo-

HYPOCONDRE OF HYPOCONDRIAQUE, 1-pokon-dri-ak, adj. & s. hypochondriack, troubled with the spleen or melancholy, hippish, splenetic, peevish, half mad or distracted.

Hypogras, s. m. hypogras, medicated wine. Hypograsic, 1-po-kri-zl, s. f. hypogrisy. Hypogratz, 1-po-krit, s. m. & f. hypogrite,

dissembler, counterfeit, religious cheat.

HYPOCRITE, adj. hypocritical, counterfeit. Il est extrêmement hypocrite, he is a great hypocrite.

HYPOGASTRE, s. m. hypogastrium, lower part of the belly.

HYPOGASTRIQUE, adj. hypogastrick.

HYPOGLE, s. m. hypogeum.
HYPOGLOTTIDE, s. f. hypoglottis.
HYPOSTASE, i-pos-taz, s. f. hypostasis, personality or personal substance; sediment (in urine.)

HYPOSTATIQUE, 1-pos-ta-tik, adj. hypostatical.

HYPOSTATIQUEMENT, 1-pos-ta-tik-men, adv. hypostatically.

HYPOTHÉNUSE, s. f. hypotenuse or hypotenusal line

HYPOTHÉCAIRE, 1-pô-th-kèr, adj. belong-

ing to a mortgage.

Hypothecairement, 1-po-ta-ker-men,

adv. by an action of mortgage.

HYPOTHEQUE, 1-pô-lêk, s. f. mortgage.

HYPOTHEQUE, 1-pô-lê-kâ, v. r. to mortgage, dip. Cehi an hypothèque, the mortgager.

Celui à qui l'on hypothèque, the mortgager.

Hypothesis, 1-pò-tèz, s. f. hypothesis, supposition. HYPOTHÉTIQUE, 1-pô-tå-tik, adj. hypo-

thetical, conditional. HYPOTHÉTIQUEMENT, 1-pô-tå-tîk-mên,

adv. hypothetically.

HYPOTYPOSE, I-pô-ti-pôz, s. f. hypotyposis Hysope, i-zôp, s. f. hyssop.

Hystérique, îs-tê-rîk, adj. hysterical. Passions or affections hystériques, hystericks.

I, I, s. m. ninth letter of the French alpha-

et.

IACHT, V. Yacht.

IAMBE, 1-ènb, adj. & s. m. Iambick.

IBIS, 1-bls, s. m. kind of stock.

*ICELUI, 1s-lôl, pr. m. he, him.

*ICELLE, 1-sel, pr. f. she, her.

ICHNEUMON, ik-neu-mon, s. m. ichneumon. ICHNOGRAPHIE, ik-no-gra-fl, s. f. ichnography.

ICHNOGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging to ichnography.

ICHOREU-x,se, l-ko-reu,reuz,adj. ichorous.

ICHTYOLITES, s. m. pl. petrified fishes. LEHTYOLOGIE, ik-il-d-ld-21, s. f. ichthyology, natural history of fishes.

ICHTYOPHAGE, s. m. that lives upon fish.

lct, l-sl, adv. here, hither, in this place; at this time. D'ici, hence, from this place. D'ici en avant, henceforward, henceforth. Qui est le maître d'ici? who is master here? Je suis d'ici (je suis né d'ici) I was born here, this is my birth place. Je viens d'ici près, I was bred hard by. D'ici là, thither. Jusqu'ici, bitherto, to this place, to this time. Instead of cet homme ici, we usually say cet homme-ci.

V. Ci.
ICONOCLASTE, 1-kô-nô-klást, s. m. icono
clast, image breaker.

NEW PROPRIES. S. f. iconography.

ICONOGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging to .

iconography. ICONOLATRE, s. m. name given by the iconoclasts to the cathelicks whom they ac-

cused of worshipping images.

ICONOLOGIE, 1-kô-nô-lô-zl,s.f. iconology. ICONOMAQUE, adj. that opposes the wor-

ICONOMAQUE, adj. that opposes the worship of images.

LOTERE, s. m. jaundice.

LOTERE, s. m. jaundice.

LOTERIQUE, lk-th-rlk, adj. icterical.

IDEAL, E. dda 41, adj. ideal, imaginary.

IDEE, l-da, s. f. idea, notion, opinion, thought, hint; design, project; airy notion, conceit, fancy. Jen ai perdu l'ide, I have forgot it, 'tis quite out of my mind.

IDEM, l-ddm, (a Latin word) ditto, the same.

IDEMTIFIER, l-ddn-d-fl-d, v. a. to imply or

IDENTIFIER, I-dên-tl-sl-å, v. a. to imply or comprehend two things under the same idea.

IDENTIQUE, I-den-tik, adj. identical, the IDENTIQUEMENT, !-den-tik-men, adv. iden

tically. IDENTITÉ, i-dèn-ti-tà, s. f. identity, same

IDEOLOGIE, s. f. the science of ideas; also a

metaphysical reverie.
IDES, ld, s. f. pl. ides.
IDIOME, l-dlom, s. m. idiom, dialect.
IDIOPATHIE, s. f. idiopathy; particular inelination for.

IDIOPATHIQUE, adj. Ex. Maladie idiopathique, idiopathy.

IDIOT, E, I-dI-O, Ot, adj. & s. m. & f. idiet,

silly, simple, foolish, natural fool, ninny, sim pleton.

IDIOTISME, Î-dÎ-Ô-tÎsm, s. m. idiotism, po culiar phraseology of a language.

buse, but : jéune, mêute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*IDOINE, adj. fit (law term.)
IDOLATEE, 1-do-late, adj. idolatrous; extrevnely fond.

IDOLATRE, s. m. & f. idolater, worshipper of idols.

IDOLATRER, 1-dő-14-trå, v. n. to worship idols. *Idolátrer*, v. a. to idolize, be extreme-

ly fond of, dote upon.

IDOLATRIE, I-dô-là-tri, a. f. idolatry, worshipping of idols, also extreme fondness, ado-

IDOLATRIQUE, adj. of or belonging to idolatry.

IDOLE, I-dol, s. f. idol. Pourquoi vous tenezvous-là comme une idole? what makes you stand there like a statue or like a post?

IDYLLE, 1-dl, s. m. & f. idyl.

ir, if, s. m. yew, yew-tree IGNARE, l-guar, adj. ignorant, illiterate. IGNE, E, lg-uk, adj. igneous, fiery. Les météores ignés, the fiery meteors.

IGHICOLE, adj. an adorer of fire.
IGHITIOH, ig-al-sion, s. f. ignition.
IGHOBLE, l-gnobl, adj. ignoble, base, vile.
IGHOBLEMEHT, l-gnobl-men, adv. ignobly, ignominiously.

IGNOMINIE, l-gud-ml-nl, s. f. ignominy, disgrace, dishonour, infamy, shame, reproach, scredit.

IGNOMINIEUSEMENT, l-gno-ml-nl-èuz-mên. adv. ignominiously, disgracefully, dishonourably, shamefully.

IGHOMINIEU-X, SE, i-gno-mi-ni-èu, èuz, adj. ignominious, disgraceful, shameful, dishonourable, infamous.

IGHORAMMENT, I-gno-ra-men, adv. igno-

AUDURAN RENT, PERU-TA-MERS, 80%. Ignorandly, unwittingly, by oversight.

IGNORANCE, I-gno-ress, s. f. ignorance, want of knowledge. Par ignorance, ignorandly, through ignorance. Prétendre cause

**Ignorance, to plead or pretend ignorance.

IGNORANT, E, Igno-ren, rent, adj. ignorant, illiterate, unlearned; that knows nothing of, unacquainted with.

IGNORANT, E, s. m. & f. ignorant person, noramus. Un ignorant fieffé, a perfect moramens. dunce, a mere ignoramus.

"IGHORANTISSIME, adj. most ignorant.
IGNORÉ, E, l-gnô-rà, v. a. to be ignorant of, not to know, be unacquainted with, be a stranger to. Ne pas ignorer, to know, be acquainted with, etc.

IL, Il, pronoun pers. he, it. See what has been said at Falloir; see also what is said at the words Impersonnel and Reflechi.

ILE, il, s. f. island, isle. Les the du vent, the windward islands. Les thes sous le vent, the leeward islands. Ile de glace, bank of ice, island of ice. V. Hes.

ILEON or ILEUM, s. m. (in anatomy) ileum intestinum.

ILES, s. m. pl. (in anatomy) iha.
ILIAQUE, î-lî-ak, adj. Iliac.- Ex. La passion iliaque, the iliac passion, wind in the small

ILION, s. m. (is castomy) os ilium.

*ILLEC, adv. there, in that place.

ILLECAL, E, B-là-gàl, adj. illegal.

ILLECALITÉ, B-là-gà-l-tà, s. f. illegality.

ILLECALITÉ, B-là-zì-tìm, adj. illegal, unlawful; illegitimate, bastardly; unjust, unreasonable.

ILLÉGITIMEMENT, îl-là-zi-tim-mên, adv. illegally, unlawfully, against the law, unjustly, illegitimately.

ILLÉGITIMITÉ. Îl-lâ-zÎ-tÎ-mÎ-tâ.s. f. unlaw-

fulness; illegitimacy.

ILLIBERAL, E, adj. servile, mecoanical. ILLICITE, Il-II-sit, adj. illicit, unlawful, not

allowed of, unwarrantab ILLICITEMENT, Îl-Îl-dît-mên, adv. unlaw-

fully, illegally.\ ILLIMITÉ, E, Il-Il-ml-th, adj. unlimited, illimited, unbounded.

ILLISIBLE, adj. that cannot be read. ILLUMINATI-F, VE, Il-ld-ml-na-tif, tiv, adi. illuminative.

ILLUMINATION, Il-id-ml-na-slon, s. f. illamination.

ILLUMINÉ, E. Àl-là-mì-nà, adj. enlightened, illuminated. Avoir l'esprit extrémement illuminé, to have a clear mind, be quick sighted.

ILLUMINÉ, E, s. m. & f. a fanatick. ILLUMINER, fi-ld-mi-na, v. a. to illuminate,

enlighten, give light to.

ILLUSION, îl-ld-zlon, s. f. illusion, fancy; fallacy, cheat.

ILLUSOIRE, îl-lû-zwar, adj. illusory, fallacious, deceitful.

ILLUSOIREMENT, A-là-zwar-men, adv. de. ceitfully, fraudulently

ILLUSTRATION, N-lûs-trà-slon, s. f. illustration, explanation. Illustration divine, di-

ILLUSTRE, adj. illustrious, eminent, noble, famous, noted, great, considerable.

ILLUSTRE, s. m. & f. an illustrious, or famons, or noted person.

ILLUSTRER, Il-los-tra, v. a. to illustrate or explain, to make famous or illustrious, adorn, sei off.

ILLUSTRISSIME, il-lus-tri-sim, adj. most il-

hustrious.

ILOT, 1-10, s. m. small island, islot, air.

ILs, the plural of il, they.

IMAGE, I-maz, s. f. picture, image, representation, description; cut, print; resentablance, likeness; form, appearance.

IMAGER, E, l-ma-za, zer, s. m. & f. imagemaker; also, print-seller. Boutique d'ima.

ger, print-shop.
IMAGINABLE, I-mā-zī-nable, adj. imagina-

ble, that can be imagined.
IMAGINALRE, I-ma-zi-ner, adj. imaginary, fantastical.

IMAGINATI-F, VE, I-ma-zl-na-tif, tiv, adj. that has a good imagination, full of invention or device.

IMAGINATIVE, s. f. fancy, imagination, IMAGINATION, I-mā-zī-nā-skvi, s. f. imagination; fancy, apprehension; invention; conceit or thought; belief, opinion; whise,

crotchet. IMAGINER, î-mă -zî-nă, v. a. to fancy, imagine, conceive; to imagine, devise, invent, contrive, or find out. Simaginer, v. r. w

imagine, faucy, think, believe, conceive.
IMAN, s. m. priest among the Turks.

IMARET, s. m. hospital among the Turks. Imbécile, in-ba-sil, adj. feeble, weak, faint, crazy, decayed; also silly, simple.

IMBÉCILE, s. m. idiot, silly or simple man, ninny, simpleton, natural fool.

IMBÉCILEMENT, adv. with imbecility.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

IMBÉCILLITÉ, in-ba-sl-ll-ta, s. f. imbecili-

ty, weakness of mind.

IMBERER, adj. beardless.

IMBIER, in-bl-bå, v. a. to imbibe, soak, drink in, draw in, suck in. S'imbiber, v. r.

to imbibe, soak.

IMBIBITION, s. f. the power of imbibing. *IMBRIAQUE, s. m. drunk, intoxicated, tipsy

IMBRICÉE, adj. a crooked or gutter-tile. IMBROGLIO or IMBROILLE, s. m. intricacy, confusion.

IMBU, E, in bû, bû, adj. imbued, instructed Imbu de quelque opinion, imbued

or possessed with an opinion.

INITABLE, i-mi-tabl, adj. imitable, to be imitated or that can be imitated.

IMITAT-EUR, RICE, Î-mÎ-tâ-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. imitator, follower.

IMITATI-F, VE, adj. imitative.
IMITATION, 1-mi-ta-sion, s. f. imitation. A l'imitation de, after the manner of.

IMITER, î-mî-tă, v. a. to imitate, follow. IMMAÇULE, îm-mă-kû-lâ, adj. immaculate,

IMMANENT, E, adj. immanent, inherent. IMMANGEABLE, adj. that cannot be eaten. IMMANQUABLE, îm-men-kabl, adj. infallible, that cannot fail, certain.

IMMANQUABLEMENT, îm-mên-kâbl-mên, adv. infallibly, without fail, certainly.

IMMARCESSIBLE, adj. immarcessible, ne-

ver fading,
IMMATERIALITÉ, s. f. immateriality.

IMMATÉRIEL, LE, îm-mâ-tâ-rî-êl, adj. immaterial, without matter.

IMMATRICULATION, s. f. matriculation, registering, state of being registered.

IMMATRICULE, s. f. matriculation, enter-

ing (in a book or register.)

matriculate or enter one's name. Se faire immatriculer, to get one's name entered.

IMMATURITE, s. f. immaturity, unripeness.

IMMÉDIAT, E, îm-mâ-diâ, diât, adj. imme-

Immédiatement, îm-mâ-dîât-mên, adv. immediately, without any thing between. Pétois assis immédiatement après lui, I sat next to him.

IMMENORIAL, E, îm-mâ-mô-rî-âl, adj. im-memorial, out of mind.

IMMENSE, îm-mêns, adj. immense, vast, prodigious, huge, exceedingly great.

IMMENSEMENT, îm-mêns-mên, adv. immensely, excessively.

IMMENSITÉ, îm-mên-sî-tâ, s. f. immensity,

IMMERSI-F, VE, Îm-mêr-sîf, siv, adj. im-mersive (in chemistry.) IMMERSION, Îm-mêr-sîon, s. f. immersion. IMMEUBLE, îm-meubl, adj. & s. m. im

moveable, immoveable goods, real estate.

IMMINENCE, s. f. imminence.

IMMINENCE, s. f. imminence.

IMMINENT, z. im-mi-nen, nent, adj. imminent. Ex. Péril imminent, imminent danger.

IMMISCER, (s') Sim-mi-sh, v. r. to intermeddle or take upon one's self (law term.)

IMMISÉRICORDIEU-X, SE, adj. unmerciful. IMMIXTION, s. f. the act of intermeddling. IMMOBILE, îm-mô-bil, adj. unmoveable, :mmoveable, still.

IMMOBILIER, E, adj. immoveable, real.

IMMOBILITÉ, Îm-mô-bl-ll-ta, s. f. immobili-

ty, unmoveableness.
*Immoderation, s. f. immoderation, in-

temperance, excess.

IMMODÉRÉ, E, Îm-mô-dâ-râ, adj. immode-

rate, intemperate, excessive, violent.

IMMODÉRÉMENT, îm-mô-dâ-râ-mên, adv.

immoderately, intemperately, excessively.

IMMODESTE, im-mo-dest, adj. immodest, wanton, impudent.

Immodestement, îm-mô-dêst-mên, adv.

immodesily, wantonly, impudently.

IMMODESTIE, im-mō-dēs-tl, s.f. immodesty, wantonness, impudence.

IMMOLATION, im-mō-lā-slon, s. f. immola-

tion, sacrificing.

Two.er. im-mo-là, v. a. to sacrifice. IMMOLER, îm-mô-là, v. a. to sacrifice. S'immoler à, to hazard one's life for, fall a sa-crifice to. S'immoler à la risée publique, to make one's self a laughing stock

IMMONDE, îm-mond, adj. unclean, foul.

Esprit immonde, demon.

IMMONDICE, îm-mon-dis, s. f. filth, dirt.

Les immondices or excrémens des chiens, the dung or excrement of dogs.

IMMORAL, E, adj. immoral. IMMORALITÉ, s. f. immorality

Immortaliser, îm-môr-tâ-lî-zâ, v. a. to

immortalize, eternize or perpetuate.

IMMORTALITÉ, Îm-môr-tâ-lî-tâ, s. f. immortality, everlastinguess, eternity.

IMMORTEL, LE, îm-môr-tâl, adj. immortai,

everliving, everlasting, eternal.

IMMORTEL, (L')s. m. the eternal or immortal God, God, the Almighty. Les immortels, (in poetry) the immortal gods, the gods.

IMMORTELLE, im-mortel, s. f. amaranth.

IMMORTIFICATION, s. f. said of one not subdued by sorrow and severities lmmontifik, E, îm-môr-tl-fik, adj. un-

mortified. IMMUABLE, Îm-mû-âbl, adj. immutable, unchangeable, unakerable, not subject to

change, constant. IMMUABLEMENT, îm-mû-kbl-mêz, adv. immutably, unchangeably.
IMMUNITÉ, îm-mû-nl-th, s. f. immunity,

privilege, exemption.

IMMUTABILITÉ, îm-mů-tå-bi-fi-tå, s. f. immutability, unchangeablenes

IMPAIR, in-pèr, adj. m. odd. Ex. Nombre impair, odd number as 5, 7, 9.
IMPALPABLE, in-pèl-pèbl, adj. impalpable,

not to be felt.

IMPANATION, in-pa-na-sion, s. f. impanation or being in the bread (said of J. C.) IMPANÉ, adj. in the bread. Ex. Les Luthé-

riens croient que Jesus-Christ est impané, the Lutherans believe Christ to be in the bread.

IMPARDONNABLE, in-par-dô-nable, adj. unpardonable, not to be pardoned or forgiven.

IMPARFAIT, E, in-par-fe, fet, adj. imperfect, unfinished, defective, lame

IMPARFAITEMENT, in-pār-fèt-mên, adv. imperfectly, lamely. Il nous en a fait ie récit, mais assez imparfaitement, he gave us au imperfect or lame account of it.

IMPARTABLE, adj. that cannot be divided. IMPARTIAL, É, m-par-si-al, adj. impanial IMPARTIALEMENT, adv. impartially IMPARTIALITÉ, in-par-si-à-li-tà, s. f. im .

partiality.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

IMPASSE, s. m. & f. (word proposed by Voltaire) turn-again-alley, alley or lane with-out a thoroughfare.

IMPASSIBILITÉ, in-på-sl-bl-ll-tå, s. f. impassibility.

IMPASSIBLE, in-pa-sibl, adj. impassible, incapable of suffering.

IMPATIEMMENT, adv. impatiently, with impatience, hardly.

IMPATIENCE, in-på-slèns, s. f. impatience, anxiety, unquietness; also hastiness, passion. IMPATIENT, E, in-pa-sien, sient, adj. im-

patient, that has no patience, unquiet; also hasty, passionate.

IMPATIENTER, in-på-slen-tå, v. a. to tire

the patience of. S'impatienter, v. r. to grow impatient; also to grow angry, fret.

IMPATRONISER, (s') sin-pa-tro-nl-za, v. r.

to take possession of er become master in (a

family;) get footing in (a place.)
IMPAYABLE, in-pe-yabl, adj. invaluable,

admirable. IMPECCABILITÉ, in-pè-kâ-bl-ll-tà, s. f. im-

peccability. IMPECCABLE, in-pe-kahl, adj. impeccable, that cannot sin, infallible.

*Impécunieu-x, se, adj. moneyless, that

has no money. Impénétrabilité, in-på-nå-trå-bl-il-tå,

s. f. impenetrability. IMPÉNÉTRABLE, in-pa-na-trabl, adj. ins-

penetrable, not to be penetrated; also secret, close, not to be discovered.

IMPERETRABLEMENT, adv. impenetrably, after an impenetrable manner.

IMPÉNITENCE, in-pa-nl-tens, .. f. impeni-

tence or impenitency, hardness of heart. IMPENITENT, E, in-pa-ul-ten, tent, adj. & s. impenitent, hardened in sin.

IMPENSE, s. f. expense IMPÉRATI-F, VE, iz-på-rå-tif, tiv, adj. im-

perative; imperious, authoritative.

IMPÉRATIF, s. m. (in grammar) impera-tive. V. Subjonctif. IMPÉRATIVEMENT, in-på-rå-ilv-mên, adv. imperiously.

IMPERATOIRE, s. f. master-wort.
IMPERATRICE, is-pa-ta-tris, s. f. empress.
IMPERCEPTIBLE, in-pa-sep-tibl, adj. imperceptible, unperceivable.

IMPERCEPTIBLEMENT, in-per-sep-tibl-men, adv. imperceptibly, insensibly. "IMPERDABLE, in-per-dabl, adj. that can-

no! be lost.

IMPERFECTION, in-per-fek-son, s. f. imperfection, defect. Imperfections, (with booksellers) imperfect book

IMPÉRIAL, E, in-pa-ri-al, adj. imperial, of or belonging to the empire or emperor. Les

impériaux, s. m. the imperialists.

IMPÉRIALE, s. f. imperial lily or crown im perial; roof (of a carriage.) Mar. Impériale de tenelet, roof of a boat's awning. Impériale des cuisines d'un bâtiment, roof of a ship's galley.

IMPÉRIZUSEMENT, in-på-ri-èuz-men, adv. imperiously.

IMPERIEU-K, SE, in-på-ri-èu, euz, adj. im-perious, magisterial, haughty, stately, surly. IMPERISSABLE, in-på-ri-sabl, adj. impe-

IMPÉRITIE, in-på rl-sl, s. f. ignorance, unskilfulness.

IMPERMÉABLE, adj. that cannot be wet through.

IMPERSONNEL, in-per-so-nel, adj. m. Ex Verbe impersonnel, verb impersonal. Imper-sonal verbs are so called not because they have no persons, but because they have only one, the third person singular. See the observa-tions on Faillir, Falloir, and Réflechi, and the 3d observation on De before an infinitive.

Impersonnellement, in-per-so-mel-men,

adv. impersonally.

IMPERTINEMMENT, in-pêr-il-nâ-mên, adv. impertinently, sillily, foolishly, nonsensically. IMPERTINENCE, in-pêr-il-nêrs, s. f. impertinence, silliness, extravagance, folly.

tmence, shimess, extravegance, four, ment, adj & s. impertinent, absurd, silly, foolish, nonsen-sical, impertinent or silly or foolish person. IMPERTURBABLITÉ, in-pêt-thr-bâ-bl-ll th, s. £ immobility, steadiness, immoveable-

IMPERTURBABLE, in-per-ter-babl, adj. un-moved, immoveable, unshaken.

IMPERTURBABLEMENT, in-per-ter-babl men, adv. steadily, in an immoveable manner. IMPETRABLE, in-pa-trabl, adj. impetrable,

obtainable. IMPÉTRANT, E, in-på-trèn, trènt, s. m. &

f. grantee, patentee.
IMPETRATION, in-ph-trh-slow, s. f. impetration, getting or obtaining (of something in a court of Judicature.)

IMPETRER, in-på-trå, v. a. to impetrate, get or obtain.

IMPÉTUEUSEMENT, in-på-tů-buz-měn, adv. impetuously, violently, vehemently, furiously. IMPÉTUEU-x, se, in-på-tů-bu, èuz, adj. impetuous, violent, vehement, raging, boistorus furious reput

terous, furious, rapid.

uerous, jurious, rapid.

In Patuositt, in-på-tå-5-21-tå, s. f. impetuousness, impetuosity, violence, vehemency, furiousness, fury, rapidity. Parler arec impetuosité, to speak eagerly or in a great heat.

In Pie, in-pl, adj. & s. impious, ungodly, wicked, irreligious, atheistical, profane, impious or ungodly nerson.

pious or ungodly person.

IMPIÉTÉ, in-pl-à-tà, s. f. impiety, ungodliness, wickedness, profaneness, irreligion; also impious or wicked or ungodly discourse, act

or piece of ungodliness.
IMPITOYABLE, in-pl-twk-yabl, adj. unmerciful, pitiless, incompassionate, cruel, barba-

IMPITOYABLEMENT, in-pl-twa-yabl-men, adv. unmercifully, without mercy, cruelly, barbarously.

IMPLACABLE, in-pla-kabl, adj. implacable, inexorable.

IMPLEXE, adj. implex.

IMPLICATION, in-pli-ka-slon, s. f. implica tion, entanglement, involution; contradiction IMPLICITE, in-pli-sit, adj. implicit.

IMPLICITEMENT, in-pll-sit-men, adv. im plicitly.

IMPLIQUER, in-pil-kå, v. a. to engage, entangle, involve. Impliquer contradiction, to imply contradiction.

IMPLORER, in-plo-ra, v. a. to implore, beg,

request.

IMPOLI, E, in-pô-ll, ll, adj. unpolite, unpolished, clownish.

IMPOLITESSE, in-pô-lî-tês, s. f. unpoliteness. clownishness, unmannerliness, ill manners.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

IMPORTANCE, in-por-tens, s. f. importance, consequence, moment, concernment, concern.

Un homme d'importance, a man of note, an eminent man. Faire l'homme d'importance, to pretend to great matters, take state upon one's self, carry it high.

IMPORTANT, z, in-por-ten, tent, adj. im-portant, material, main; of great consequence,

considerable.

IMPORTANT, E, s. m. & f. man or woman of consequence. Ex. Faire l'important, to be a busy body, pretend to great matters, take much upon one's self, be impertinent.

IMPORTATION, in-por-th-slon, s. f. impor-

IMPORTER, in-por-ta, v. a. to import (mertampore, m-poreus, v. a. to impore (mer-chandise.) Importer, v. n. to concern, im-port, matter or signify. Il importe pour la skreté publique, it concerns the public safety. Il m'importe de la vie, my life is concerned or at stake. Qu'importe? what matters it? what of that? what signifies that? what does it signify? Que lui importe-i-il? what's that to him? N'importe, that's nothing, 'tis no

IMPORTUN, E, in-pôr-tun, tûn, adj. troublesome, grievous, sad; also importunate, impertinent. Un demandeur importun, a dun-

IMPORTUR, E, s. m. & f. troublesome man

woman, impertinent person.

or woman, impertinent person.

IMPORTURÉ, E, adj. troubled, importuned.

IMPORTURÉMENT, im-pôr-tà-nà-mên, adv.
importunately, in a troublesome manner. E
me presse importunément de le payer, he duns
me for his money

IMPORTUNER, in-pôr-tô-na, v. a. to trouble, be troublesome, to importune, tease, vex. Importuner ses débiteurs, to dun one's debtors. IMPORTUNITÉ, in-pôr-tâ-nî-tâ, s. f. impor-

tunity, trouble, dunning.

IMPOSABLE, in-pô-zabl, adj. liable to be

IMPOSANT, E. in-pô-zèn, zènt, adj. imposing, etc. (V. Imposer.) commanding, commanding respect, awful, important, solemn,

stern, brow-beating.
IMPOSER, in-pô-za, v. a. to impose or lay on; (in printing) to impose; (un nom, le nom) to give. Imposer un crime à quelqu'un, to lay a crime to one, charge one with a crime.

Imposer une taxe sur, to impose or lay a tax
upon. Imposer quelqu'un à la taille, to make
one liable to the land tax. En imposer, v. n.
to impose, lie, romance. En imposer à quelqu'un, to impose, or put upon one, deceive er cheat one; also to abuse or brow-beat one; to

impose, lay, enjoin, prescribe, bid.
IMPOSITION, in-po-zi-sion, s. f. imposition, laying on; impost, duty or tax. L'imposition

IMPOSSIBILITÉ, in-pô-sî-bî-lî-la, s. f. im-

possibility. IMPOSSIBLE, in-pô-sibl, adj. impossible.

IMPOSSIBLE, s. m. impossibility. IMPOSTE, s. f. (in architecture) impost.

IMPOSTEUR, in-pôs-têur, s. m. impostor, cheat, false pretender, calumniator, slander-

eneat, laise precenter, chamman, per las deceifful.

Imposture, in-pôs-tùr, s. f. imposture, cheat, illusion; calumny, slander.

Impôr, in-pô, s. m. impost, imposition, ax, duty, custom.

Impôt sur chaque tête, poll-

money, poll-tax, capitation. Impôt sur chaque feu, chimney-money, hearth-money. IMPOTENT, E, in-pô-tèn, tènt, adj. impo-

tent, infirm, maimed, lame.

IMPOURYU. Ex. A l'impouren, unawares. on a sudden.

IMPRATICABLE, in-pra-ti-kabl, adj. impracticable, that cannot be used. Chemin impraticable, impassable way or road. Maison impraticable, house that nobody can live in. Un homme impraticable, an unsociable or un-

ATION, in-pra-ka-sion, s. f. impreurse or cursing. Faire des impréca-re quelqu'un, to imprecate or curse one. Intrace queup un lo imprecate or curse one. Intrace constitution, s. f. impregnation. Imprecate or imbibe.

IMPRENABLE, in-pre-nabl, adj. impreguable, not to be taken (said of batteries, etc.) IMPRESCRIPTIBILITÉ, s. f. imprescripti-

bility. IMPRESCRIPTIBLE, in-pres-krip-tibl, adj.

imprescriptible. IMPRESSION, in-pre-sion, s. f. impression; stamp; printing; print; edition; character, opinion; influence, persuasion, suggestion.

*IMPRÉVOYANCE, s. f. improvidence, want

of forecast.

*IMPRÉVOYANT, E, adj. improvident.
IMPRÉVOY, E, in-prå-vå, vå, adj. unforeseen, unexpected, unbought of, unlooked for. IMPRIMÉ, E, adj. printed, imprinted, in print. IMPRIMÉ, in-pri-må, s. m. pamphlet. IMPRIMER, in-pri-må, v. a. to print, or

imprint; to impress, stamp; to imprint, engrave; (de la terreur) to strike, strike with. (imprimer une toile) to prime a cloth or can-vass. Imprimer quelqu'un, to put one in print. Se faire imprimer, to appear in print, set up for an author. Imprimer le mouvement à un corps, to give motion to a body, move it. Imprimer le cachet sur la cire, to set the seal to the wax.

IMPRIMERIE, in-prim-ri, s. f. printing. printing-house.

IMPRIMEUR, in-pri-meur, s. m. printer press-man.

IMPRIMURE, in-pri-mar, s. f. priming or ground of a picture-cloth.

IMPROBABLE, in-pro-babl, adj. improbable, unlikely.

IMPROBAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. one who disapproves.

IMPROBATION, in-pro-bha-sion, s. f. impro-bation, disproving, dislike. IMPROBITÉ, s. f. improbity.

IMPROMPTU, s. m. impromptu, extempora-

ry production.

IMPROPRE, in-propr, adj. improper. IMPROPREMENT, in-propr-men, adv. im-

properly. IMPROPRIÉTÉ, in-prô-prì-à-tà, s. f. impropriety.

IMPROUVÉ, E, adj. disapproved, disallowed, disliked.

IMPROUVER, in-proc-va, v. a. to disap prove, disallow, dislike, not to approve of

IMPROVISAT-EUR, RICE, S. m. & f. one who makes extemporary verses.

IMPROVISER, v. n. to make extemporary

IMPROVISTE, in-pro-vist. Ex. A l'impro viste, unawares, on a sudden.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

IMPRUDEMMENT, in-prd-då-men, adv. im-

IMPRUDEMMENT, in-pru-da-men, adv. imprudently, unwisely, indiscreetly, foolishly, unadvisedly, unwittingly.

IMPRUDENCE, in-pru-dens, s. f. imprudence, foolishness, indiscretion, unadvisedness: imprudence, ignorance, inadvertency, baselles process. beedlessness.

IMPRUDENT, E, in-prů-dén, dént, adj. & s. imprudent, unwise, foolish, indiscreet, inconsiderate, unadvised, improvident; fool, foolish person.

IMPUBÈRE, in-på-ber, adj. & s. not adult,

under the age of puberty.
IMPUDEMMENT, in-pu-da-men, adv. im-

pudently, saucily, malapertly.

IMPUDENCE, in-pd-dens, s. f. impudence,

sauciness, shamelessness, malapertness; impudent or saucy word or action

IMPUDICITÉ, in-pd-dl-al, s. f. lascivious-lapudent, s. impd-den, dent, adj. & s. impudent, saucy, shameless, brazen-faced, malapert, bawdy, lewd, impudent person. IMPUDICITÉ, in-pd-dl-al-da, s. f. lascivious-

ness, wantonness, unchasteness, lewdness, obscenity, immodesty.

IMPUDIQUE, in-på-dik, adj. & s. lascivious, wanton, unchaste, immodest, lewd, dis-klute, loose, impure, obscene; lewd or lascivious person.

IMPUDIQUEMENT, in-på-dik-men, adv. lasciviously, wantonly, unchastely, obscenely, lewdly, immodestly.

IMPUSSANCE, in-pûl-sêns, s. f. impotency, weakness, inability. It est dans l'impuissance de payer, he is unable to pay.

IMPUSSANT, E, in-pûl-sêns, sênt, adj. impotent, weak, unable, vain, fruitless.

IMPULSI-F, VE, in-pûl-sîn, sênt, adj. impul-sive driving og thrusting forward.

sive, driving, or thrusting forward.

IMPULSION, in-pulsion, s. f. impulsion, driving or thrusting forward, impulse, persuasion, instigation.

IMPUNENENT, in-på-nå-men, adv. with im-punity, without punishment, unpunished; also to no purpose, without fearing the consequences. Fera-t-il toujours ces désordres impunément? shall he cause these troubles, and always go unpunished?

IMPUNI, E, in-pd-ni, nl, adj. unpunished,

free from punishment. IMPUNITÉ, in-pů-nî-tà, s. f. impunity, indulgence, pardon

IMPURE ENT. in-par, pur, adj. impure, foul, filthy; lewd, obscene, immodest.

IMPUREMENT, in-par-men, adv. impurely,

uncleanly, filthily.

IMPURETE, in-pur-ta, s. f. impurity, filthiness; impurity, obscenity, lewdness, lascivi-

ousness, uncleannes IMPUTATION, in-på-tå-slon, s. f. imputa-

tion, charge; (in law) deduction, compensa-tion; (in heology) imputation. IMPUTER, in-pd-da, v. a. to impute, lay upon, charge with, lay to one's charge. Imter à bien or à mérite, to ascribe or attribute the merit to one, to commend one for a hing. Imputer les untres au principal, to do-duct the usuries from the principal. Elle est grosse, et rous impute le fait, she is with child, and fathers it upon you.

In, a Latin preposition that enters into the composition of words, sometimes in a negative sense, as in Inaction, and sometimes in the sense of within, as in Incorporer. Before B M, P, it is changed into Im, before L into I, and before R into Ir.

INABORDABLE, I-nå-bor-dåbl, adi. inac-

cessible, not to be come at.

INACCESSIBLE, I-nak-se-sibl, adj. inaccessible, unapproachable.

INACCOMMODABLE, î-nâ-kô-mô-dâbl, adj.

that cannot be made up.
INACCORDABLE, adj. that cannot be tuned,

agreed, etc. INACCOSTABLE, I-na-kos-tabl, adj. unso-

ciable, that will admit of no company.

INACCOUTUME, E, 1-n2-koo-tū-ma, adj. unaccustomed, unusual, uncommon.

INACTI-F, ve, adj. inactive. INACTION, I-nak-sion, s. f. inaction.

INACTIVITÉ, s. f. inactivity

INAUMISSIBLE, 1-nad-ml-sibl, adj. inadmissible.

INADVERTANCE, î-nâd-vêr-têns, s. f. inad vertence, or inadvertency, oversight, heed lessness.

INALIÉNABILITÉ, s. f. state of a thing that cannot be alienated.

INALIÉNABLE, 1-nå-11-å-nåbl, adj. unalienable.

INALIJABLE, î-nă-lî-abl, adj. that cannot be allayed or mixed (said of metals.)

INALTÉRABLE, î-nâl-tâ-rabl, adj. unalterable.

Inamissibilité, s. f. inadmissibility. Inamissible, l-na-ml-abl, adj. inadmissible. INAMOVIBILITÉ, s. f. unremoveableness. INAMOVIBLE, adj. unremoveable. INANIMÉ, E, adj. inanimate, without life or

soul.

INANITION, I-na-ni-slon, s. f. inanition. INAPERCU, E, adj. that is not perceived.
INAPPLICABLE, adj. that cannot be applied.
INAPPLICATION, 1-na-pli-ka-sion, s. f. in-

application, heedlessness.
INAPPLIQUÉ, E, Î-nâ-plî-ka, adj. unmind-

ful, careless, heedless, inattentive.

INAPPRÉCIABLE, adj. invaluable.
INAPTITUDE, l-nāp-tl-tôd, s. f. unfiness.
INARTICULÉ, E, l-nār-tl-kō-lā, adj. inarti-

INATTAQUABLE, i-na-ta-kabl, adj. that cannot be attacked

INATTENDU, E, I-na-ten-du, du, adj. unexpected.

INATTENTI-F, VE, I-na-ten-tif, tlv, adj. inattentive.

INATTENTION, 1-na-ten-slon, s. f. inattention, heedlessness.

INAUGURAL, E, adj. of or relating to inauguration.
INAUGURATION, I-nd-gd-ra-slon, s. f. inau-

guration.

INAUGURER, I-nô-gů-rå, v. a. to initiate, inaugurate.

INCAGUER, v. a. to dare, defy, challenge. INCANDESCENCE, s. f. whiteness produced by heat.

INCANDESCENT, E, adj. whitened by heat. INCANTATION, s. f. incantation, charm, spell. INCAPABLE, in-kå-pabl, adj. incapable,

unfit, not able, not capable.

INCAPACITÉ, in-ka-pa-si-ta, s. f. incapaci-

ty, inability, disability.

INCARCÉRATION, s. f. incarceration

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

INCARCÉRER, v. a. to incarcerate, imprison. Incarnadin, E, in-kar-na-din, din, adj. & s. faint carnation, of a faint carnation colour. INCARNAT, s. m. carnation, flesh colour. Un temt mêlé de blanc et d'incarnat, a face

coloured with white and red.

INCARNAT, E, in-kar-na, nat, adj. of the carnation or flesh colour.

Incarnati-F, ve, adj. incarnative. Incarnation, in-kar-na-slon, s. f. incar-

INCARNATION, in the analysis and an analysis and an antion or assuming of flesh.

INCARNE, E., in-kār-nā, cdj. incarnate, and flesh.

Un diable incarné, a devil incarnate, and a devil in the shape of a man, a devilish man.

S'incarner, sin-kar-na, v. r. to take flesh,

assume the human nature

INCARTADE, in-kar-tad, s. f. inconsiderate quarrel or insult; also foolish or silly action.

INCENDIAIRE, in-sen-dler, s. m. incendi-

INCENDIE, in-sen-dl, s. f. great fire, conflagration or burning of houses, combustion, trouble in a state, civil war, broils.

INCENDIER, in-sen-dî-a, v. a. to burn, burn down, destroy by fire.

INCÉRATION, s. f. inceration.
INCERTAIN, NE, in-sêr-tin, tên, adj. uncertain, doub ful; inconstant, changeable; irresolute, wavering, in suspense; undeter-mined, indefinite. Cheval incertain, restiff

INCERTAIN, s. m. uncertainty

INCERTAINEMENT, in-scr-ten-men, adv.

uncertainly, doubtfully

INCERTITUDE, in-ser-ti-tad, s. f. uncertamiy, doubtfulness; quandary, wavering condition, suspense; perplexity, loss.

INCESSAMMENT, in-se-sa-men, adv. con-

tinually, incessantly, without intermission; presently, forthwith, out of hand, immediately.

INCESSIBLE, adj. (law term) that cannot be given up or yielded, unalienable.
INCESTE, in-sest, s. m. incest.

INCESTUEUSEMENT, in-sês-tâ-cuz-mên, adv. incestuously, in an incestuous manner.
INCESTUEU-X, SE, in-sês-tâ-cu, cuz, adj. incestuous.

messuous.
*Incharitable, adj. uncharitable.
Incharite, ve. adj. inchative.
Incidenment, in-si-da-mên, adv. incidently, or incidently, occasionally.
Incidence, in-si-dêns, s. f. incidency, in-

cidence.

INCIDENT, s. m. incident, accident, adventure, event; incident, new difficulty which perplexes a cause. Faire nattre des incidens dans un proces, to split a cause.

INCIDENT, E, in-si-den, dent, adj. incident, accessary.

INCIDENTAIRE, s. m. caviller or one who introduces incidents.

INCIDENTER, in-sl-den-da, v. n. to introduce incidents.

Incinération, in-sl-na-ra-slon, s. f. incineration, reducing to ashes.

INCIRCONCIS, E, in-slr-kon-sl, slz, adj. & s. m. & f. uncircumcised, man uncircumcised.
INCIRCONCISION, s. f. uncircumcision.
INCISER, in-sl-za, v. a. to cut, make an incision in the separate land of facility and the separate land of facility a

sion in; to separate (said of food in the stomach.)
INCISI-F, VE, in sl-zlf, zlv, adj. incisive,
cutting Dens incisives, the fore teeth or cutters

INCISION, in-si-zlon, s. f. incision or cutting. INCISOIRE, adj. incisory, incisive. Ex. tooth, a butter tooth

INCITATION, in-si-ta-sion, s. f. incitation, enticement, motion, instigation, persuasion.

INCITER, in-si-ta, v. a. to incite, entice,

encourage, set or spur on, persuade, stir up, move or induce.

INCIVIL, E, in-si-vil, adj. uncivil, clownish, rude, ill bred, unmannerly. Demande incivile, unreasonable demand.

INCIVIL, E, s. m. & f. uncivil (ill bred,

rude, clownish) or unmannerly person.
INCLVILEMENT, in-sl-vil-men, adj. unci villy, clownishly, rudely, unmannerly

INCIVILISE, E, adj. one who is not civilized.
INCIVILITE, in-si-vi-li-ta, s. f. incivility, clownishness, rudeness, unmannerliness; piece of rudeness or incivility.

INCIVISME, s. m. incivism, disaffection to the welfare of the country.

INCIVIQUE, adj. inimical to the country.

INCLEMENCE, in-kla-mens, s. f. inclemency, sharpness.
INCLEMENT, adj. inclement; stern, severe,

rigorous.

Inclination, in-kli-ne-zon, s. f. (in geometry) inclination. Inclinaison de l'aignille aimantée, Mar. dip of the magnetic needle.

INCLINANT, E, adj. inclining, inclined.
INCLINATION, in-kil-na-slon, s. f. inclination; bowing or bending downwards; proneness, disposition; affection, love; mistress, object of love. A ros inclinations, to your best Verser par inclination, to pour affections. gently.

INCLINER, in-kil-na, v. a. to bow or bow down, incline or bend. S'incliner devant une personne, to bow down to one. Incliner, v. n. to incline or bend to, lean, have a propension.

INCLUS, E, in-klu, kluz, adj. inclosed.

INCLUSE, s. f. inclosed or inclosed letter.

*Inclusi-F, ve, adj. inclusive. Inclusivement, in-klu-slv-men, adv. in-

clusively. Incoencible, adj. that is not coercible.
Incognito, in-ko-gni-to, adv. incognito.

Incognito, s. m. Ex. Garder l'incognito,

to remain or keep incog.
INCOHÉRENCE, s. f. incoherence.
INCOHÉRENT, adj. incoherent.

INCOMBUSTIBILITÉ, s. f. incombustibility. INCOMBUSTIBLE, in-kon-bus-tibl, adj. in-combustible, not to be burnt.

INCOMMENSURABILITÉ, s. f. incommensurability.

INCOMMENSURABLE, in-kô-men-sû-rabl, adj. incommensurable, not to be measured with one common measure (in mathematicks.) INCOMMODANT, E, adj. troublesome, in-

commodious. Incommone, in-kô-môd, adj. troublesome, inconvenient, burdensome, incommodious, un-

easy, grievous, impertinent. INCOMMODE, s. m. & f. troublesome or

impertinent person.

Incommoné, E, in-kô-mô-da, adj. troubled, disturbed, etc. sick; out of order, indisposed, troubled with some disorder or other; low, poor, hard put to it, in want, at a pinch. Bâtiment incommodé, Mar disabled ship. bûse, bût : jêtine, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Incommondement, adv. inconveniently, in-

commodiously, uneasily.

Incommodér, v. a. to trouble, hinder. disturb; to incommode, trouble, be troublesome to, tire, fatigue, to injure, annoy, hurt, do harm to; to make poor, put to hard shifts, reduce to straits. Ce soulier m'incommode, this shoe

INCOMMODITÉ, s. f. inconvenience, incommodity; poverty, strait, pinch, want; ail-ment, indisposition. Mar. distress. Faire le signal d'incommodité, to make the signal of distress. Le serve-file a fait signal d'incommodité, the rear ship in the line has made the signal of distress.

Incommunicable, in-kô-mô-nî-kabl. adi. incommunicable, not to be communicated.

Incommutabiliti, in-kô-mô-tâ-bî-lì-tâ,

s. f. quality of being incommutable.

IECOMMUTABLE, in-kô-mû-tabl, adj. in-

commutable.

Incommutablement, in-ko-mū-tābl-mēn, adv. incommutably, so as to have a legal title. INCOMPARABLE, is-kon-pa-rabl, adj. in-comparable, not to be compared, matchless, eerless.

Incomparablement, in-kon-på-råbl-mên,

adv. incomparably, without comparison.
Incompatibilitá, in-koz-pa-ti-bi-li-ta, s. f. incompatibility, antipathy, inconsistency. INCOMPATIBLE, in-kon-pa-tibl, adv. in-

compatible lисомратеммент,in-kon-på-tå-men.adv.

incompetently.

Incompétence, in-kon-på tens, s. f. incompetency.
INCOMPETENT, E, in-kon-på-ten, tent, adj.

incompetent.

Incomplet, E, in-kon-ple, plet, adj. incomplete, imperfect.

INCOMPLEXE, adj. that is not complex. Incompréhensibilité, in-kon-prå-èn-sî-

bi-li-ta, s. f. incomprehensibility.

INCOMPRÉHENSIBLE, in-kon-prå-en-sibl, adj. incomprehensible, that cannot be com-prehended or conceived, inconceivable. C'est an homme incomprehensible, he is a strange man.

INCOMPRESSIBLE, adj. incompressible. INCONCEVABLE, in-kons-vabl, adj. inconceivable, not to be imagined or conceived, incomprehensible.

Inconcevablement, adv. inconceivably. Inconcelliable, in-kon-si-li-abl, adj. that cannot agree, irreconcilable.

Inconduite, in-kon-dait, s. f. want of conduct

Incongru, z, in-kon-gru, gru, adj. incongruous; apt to trespass against the rules of decorum.

INCONGRUMENT, in-kon-gru-men, adv. incongruously.

Incongnutti, in-kon-gra-1-ta, s. f. incongruity of speech, impropriety; incongruity, indecency, unsuitableness, unseemliness, ir-

regularity, offence against decorum.
Inc. nnu, E, in-kô-nů, nů, adj. unknown, obscure, of no reputation; also unusual, to which one is not used on accustomed. Il est tout à-fait incomme en ce pays, he is a perfect stranger in this country. Cette voile incomme n'a son grand hunier qu'à mi-mât, Mar that strange sail has a main-top-sail only half mast bigh.

Inconnu, s. m. unknown person.

Inconséquence, in-kon-sa-kens, s. f. inconsequence, inconclusiveness, incongruity, inconsistency

Inconséquent, E, in-kon-sa-kan, kant, adj. inconsequent, inconsistent, incongruous.

Inconsideration, in-kon-si-da-ra-sion, s. f. inconsideration, imprudence, rashness, unadvisednes

Inconsidéré, e, in-kon-si-da-ra, adj. inconsiderate, rash, foolish, unadvised, unwise. indiscreet, imprudent.

INCONSIDERÉMENT, in-kon-sl-dà-rà-mên, adv. inconsiderately, rashly, foolishly, indiscreetly, unadvisedly, imprudently.

INCONSOLABLE, in-kon-so-labl, adi. inconsolable, not to be comforted.

INCONSOLABLEMENT, adv. inconsolably. INCONSTABLENT, in-kons-la-men, adv. inconstantly, lightly.

INCONSTANCE, in-kons-tens, s. f. inconstancy, fickleness, levity, changeableness, lightness; inconstancy, uncertainty, instability.

Inconstant, E, in-kons-ten, tent, adj. inconstant, fickle, light, changeable; unstable, uncertain.

Inconstitutionnel, LE, adj. not constitutional.

Inconstitutionnellement, adv. against

the constitution. INCONTESTABLE, in-kon-tes-tabl, adj. indisputable, incontestable, undoubted, unques-

tionable, not to be questioned, most certain. Incontestablement, in-kon-tes-tablmen, adv. undoubtedly, unquestionably, most

certainly. INCONTESTÉ, E, in-kon-tês-ta, adj. not contested.

INCONTINEMMENT, adv. incontinently.
INCONTINENCE, in-kon-tl-nens, s. f. incon-

tinence, incontinency, lust, lustful affection.
INCONTINENT, E, in-kon-ti-nen, nent, adj. incontinent, unchaste.

INCONTINENT, adv. presently, by and by. immediately, straightway.

INCONVENIENT, in-kon-vå-nl-en, s. m. inconvenience, cross accident or disappointment,

trouble, difficulty, absurdity, inconsistency.
INCORPORALITÉ, in-kôr-pô-râ-fl-tâ, s. f incorporality.

Incorporation, in-kor-po-ra-sion, s. f incorporation.

Incorporet, LE, in-kor-po-rel, adj. in

corporeal, bodiless, without a body.

INCORPORER, in-ker-po-ra, v. a. to incor porate; imbody, mix together; receive or ad mit into a society; to incorporate, annex ex unite. S'incorporer, v. r. to incorporate, get incorporated.

INCORRECT, adj. that is not correct.

Incornection, in-kô-rêk-slon, s. f. want of correction.

INCORRIGIBILITÉ, in-ko-rl-gl-bl-ll-iå, s. f incorrigibleness.

Incorrigible, in ko-rl-zibl, adj. incorrigible, that cannot be mended.

Incorruptibilité, in-ko-rap-ti-bl-II-ta,

s. f. incorruptibility, integrity.

INCORRUPTIBLE, adj. incorruptible, not subject to corruption, not to be bribed.

INCORRUPTION, s.f. that cannot grow rotten. INCRASSANT, E, adj. that incrassates or thickens the blood.

bar, bat, base thère, cbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

INCREDIBILITÉ, in-krå-dl-bl-ll-tå, s. f. in-

INCREDULE, in-kra-dal, adj. & s. incredu-lous, hard of belief, unfaithful, unbelieving, incredulous person, unbeliever

INCRÉDULITÉ, in-krå-dů-lî-tå, s. f. incredulity, hardness of belief, unbelief.

INCREÉ, E, in-kra-a, adj. uncreated.

INCROYABLE, in-krwa-yahl, adj. incredible, past all belief, not to be believed, vast, huge, excessive.

INCROYABLEMENT, adv. in an incredible manner.

INCRUSTATION, in-krds-ta-slon, s. f. incrus-

INCRUSTER, in-krus-tå, v. a. to incrustate, line (with marble, jasper, etc.)

INCUBATION, s. f. incubation

INCUBE, s. m. Incubus, night mare, devil

ledge of a woman (a ropular error.)
INCULPATION, in-kul-ph-slon, s. f. laying

of a fault to one's charge.

INCULPER, in-kûl-på, v. a. to charge one

with a fault.

INCULQUER, in-kal-ka, v. a. to inculcate, beat into one's head or brains.

INCULTE, in-kalt, adj. uncultivated, untilled, unmanured, waste; also coarse, homely, unpolished, wild.

INCULTURE, s.f. state of land not cultivated.

INCURABILITÉ, in-kå-rå-bl-fl-tå, s. f. incurableness.

INCURABLE, in-ku-rabl, adj. incurable. INCURABLES, (LES) s. m. pl. hospital for people desperately sick.

INCURIE, in-ka-rl, s. f. want of care, negli-

INCURIOSITÉ, s. f. neglect of learning what one is ignorant of.

INCURSION, in-kar-slon, s. f. incursion, inroad.

INDAGATEUR, s. m. indagator. INDE, ind, s. f. India. Coq d'Inde, turkey, turkey-cock. Poule d'Inde, turkey-hen. Les Indes, Indies. Les Grandes Indes or les Indes orientales, the East Indies. Les Indes occidentales, the West Indies.

INDEBROUILLABLE, adj. that cannot be disentangled.

INDÉCEMMENT, in-då-så-men, adv. indecently, unbandsomely, unseemly, misbecomingly.
INDÉCENCE, in-då-sens, s. f. indecency, in-

decorum, unbecomingness. INDÉCENT, E, in-dà-sèn, sènt, adj. indecent, unhandsome, unbecoming or misbeco-

ming, unseemly, ugly. INDÉCHIFFRABLE, in-då-shî-frabl, adj. that cannot be deciphered, not legible. ob-

scure, intricate. INDÉCIS, E. in-dà-sl, slz, adj. undecided, undetermined, irresolute, fluctuating.
INDÉCISION, s. f. indecision.

Indeclinable, in-då-kli-nabl, adj. inde-

clinable, that cannot be declined

INDÉCROTTABLE, in-dà-krô-tabl, adj. unpolite, clownish, rude, unpolishable; also dark, obscure, inexplicable. Un animal indécrottable, an unpolished, clownish fellow.
INDEFECTIBILITÉ, in-då-fek-ti-bi-li-tå, s.

f. indefectibility

INDÉFECTIBLE, in-da fêk-tîbl, adj. inde-Actible.

INDÉFENDU, E, adj. defenceless, helpless. unprotected, undefended.

INDÉFINI. E, in-da-fil-ni, ni, adj. indefinite.

undetermined, unlimited, unbounded.
INDEFINIMENT, in-da-f1-n1-men, adv. in-

definitely, undeterminately.
INDEFINISSABLE, in-da-ff-nf-sabi, adj.

not to be or that cannot be defined.

INDÉLÉBILE, in-då-lå-bil, adj. indelible.

that cannot be blotted out.
INDÉLIBÉRÉ, E, in-då-lì-bå-rå, adj. indeliberate, sudden.

INDEMNE, adj. that is indemnified.

INDEMNIFICATION, s. f. indemnification. INDEMNISER, in-dêm-nî-za, v. a. to save harmless, indemnify, make amends for.
INDEMNITÉ, in dem-ni-ta, s. f. indemnity.

indemnification, saving harmless.

INDÉPENDAMMENT, in-då-pen-då-men. adv. independently, without any dependence or regard or relation. Vivre independanment, to depend upon nobody, be one's own

INDÉPENDANCE, in-da-pen-dens. s. f. in-

dependence, liberty, full liberty.
INDÉFENDANT. E, in-dê-pên-dên, dênt, adj. independent, free, that has no dependence upon any one. Les indépendans (la secte des indépendans en Angleterre,) the independents or congregationalists.

INDEPENDANTISME, s. m. sect of the inde-

pendents.

INDESTRUCTIBILITÉ, in-des-trûk-ti-bl-titå, s. f. indestructibility. INDESTRUCTIBLE, in-des-trak-tibl, adj. in-

destructible. INDÉTERMINATION, in-då-ter-mi-na-sion,

s. f. irresolution, uncertainty, suspense. INDÉTERMINÉ, E, in-dà-tèr-mi-nà, adj. indetermined or indeterminate, indefinite, un-limited, undecided, uncertain, irresolute.

INDÉTERMINÉMENT, in-da-têr-mî-na-mên, adv. indeterminately, in general. INDÉVOT, E, in-dà-vô, vôt, adj. indevout,

irreligious. INDÉVOTEMENT, în-dâ-vôt-mên, adv. irre-

ligiously, in an indevout manner. INDÉVOTION, in-da-vô-slon, s. f. indevo-

tion, irreligion. INDEX, in-deks, s. m. index, table of a book; fore-finger.

INDICATEUR, & & adj. one who shows, points out; sort of bird that discovers wild bees Indicati-f, ve, in-di-ka-tif, tiv, adj. indi-

cative, showing. INDICATIF, s. m. indicative or indicative mood. V. Subjonctif.

INDICATION, in-dl-ka-slon, s. f. indication sign, symptom.

INDICE, in-dis, s. m. index, table of a book, sign, token, mark, probable evidence, notice. Ces goémons sont de très-incertains indices de terre, these sea-weeds are very uncertain signs of land.

Indicible, in-dl-sibl, adj. unspeakable. unexpressible, not to be expressed.

Indiction, in-dik-sion, s. f. proclaiming or calling of a council; indiction, space of fisteen years.

Indicute, s. m. that which shows, announces.

Indien, ne, in-dien, nien, adj. & s. Indian. Indicane, printed celico

buse, but : jeune, meure, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Indifféremment, in-di-få-rå-mên, adv. indifferently, coldly, carelessly, without caring much for it, without distinction. Vivre indif féremment or dans l'indifférence, to live unconcerned or without concern.

INDIFFERENCE, in-di-fa-rens, s. f. indiffe-

rence, carelessness, unconcernedness. V. In-

différemment.

INDIFFÉRENT, E, in-di-fà-rèn, rènt, adj. & s. indifferent, indifferent man or woman. INDIGENCE, in-ull-zens, s. f. indigence, po-

INDIGENCE, in-di-zers, s. i. indigence, po-verty, need, want, penury. INDIGENE, in-di-zen, adj. indigenous. INDIGENT, E. in-di-zen, zent, adj. &s. in-digent, poor, needy, indigent person. INDIGENEE, in-di-zest, adj. undigested,

raw, hard to be digested, confused, disordered.

Estomac indigeste, weak or bad stomach.

Indigestion, in-di-zes-don, s. f. indiges-

tion, surfeit.

INDIGNATION, s. f. indignation, anger. INDIGNE, in-dign, adj. unworthy, ill, base,

shameful. Indigné, E. in-di-gnå, adj. very angry,

full of indignation.

Indignement, in-dign-men, adv. unworthily, basely, shamefully.
INDIGNER, in-dl-gna, v. a. to irritate, ex-

asperate, provoke. Sindigner, v. r. to grow

angry, fret, fume or chafe.
INDIGNITÉ, in-dl-gul-ta, s. f. unworthiness,

indignity; hemousness, enormity, grievous-uess, baseness; unworthy usage, outrage. INDIGOTERIE, s. f. particular place where indign; in wade or present

indigo is made or prepared.
Indiquer, in-di-ka, v. a. to show, teach,

irect to; to call, summon, appoint to meet.
Indirect, E, in-di-rêkt, adj. indirect.
Indirectement, in-di-rêkt-mên, adv. in-

directly.

INDISCERNABLE, adj. indiscernible.

INDISCIPLINABLE, in-dl-sl-pil-nabl, adj. undisciplinable, unruly, untoward; that will not bear with good discipline, indocible.

INDISCIPLINE, E, in-dl-sl-pil-na, adj. not

disciplined.

INDISCIPLINE, s. f. want of discipline.

INDISCRET, E, add. & s. indiscreet, unwise, unthinking, rash, foolish, inconsiderate, unadvised, unguarded, indiscreet man or woman. INDISCRETEMENT, adv. indiscreetly, un-

advisedly, foolishly, inconsiderately, rashly Ir DISCRETION, s. f. indiscretion, foolish-

ness, unadvisedness, piece of indiscretion, extravagance, folly.

INDISPENSABLE, adj. indispensable, not to be dispensed with, necessary.

INDISPENSABLEMENT, adv. indispensably.

unavoidably, necessarily. INDISPONIBLE, adj. said of an estate that cannot be disposed of by will.

INDISPOSE, E., adj. indisposed, distempered, out of order: disaffected, estranged, alienated, averse, disinclined.

INDISPOSER, in-dls-po-za, v. a. to disaffect, estrange, alienate.

Indisposition, in-dls-po-zl-slon, s. f. indisposition; illness, distemper; disinclination, averseness, disaffection, estrangement.

INDISPUTABLE, adj. indisputable, not to be disputed. INDISPUTABLEMENT, adv. indisputably.

Indissolubilité, in-dl-so-la-bl .l-tà, s. f. indissolubility.

INDISSOLUBLE, in-dî-sô-lûbl, adj. indissoluble, not to be dissolved.

INDISSOLUBLEMENT, in-dl-so-labl-men.

adv. indissolubly. Indistinct, E, in-dis-tinkt, adj. indistinct.

confused, disorderly. INDISTINCTEMENT, in-dis-tinkt-men, adv. indistinctly, confusedly; indifferently, without any distinction.

Individual, sin-di-vi-da, s. m. individual, singular, or particular thing or person. Aroir soin de or conserver son individu, to take care of one's carcass or of number on

Individuel, LE, in-dî-vî-dû-ê., adj. individual, inseparable, singular.

Individuellement, in-dl-vl-dd-el-men.

adv. individually.

INDIVIS, R. in-di-vi, viz, adj. unparted, unseparated, undivided. Par indivis, jointly, in coparceny.

INDIVISIBILITÉ, in-dl-vl-zl-bl-ll-tå, s. f. indivisibility, indivisiblenes

INDIVISIBLE, in-di-vi-sibl, adj. indivisible,

not to be divided. Indivisiblement, in-dî-vî-sîbl-mên, adv.

indivisibly. Indocine, in-dô-sil, adj. indocible or in-

docile, untoward. Indocilité, in-dô-si-li-ta, s. f. indocility. untowardness.

"Indocte, adj. unlearned, ignorant.
Indoctement, adv.unlearnedly, ignorantly.

INDOLEMMENT, adv. indolently

INDOLENCE, in-dô-lèns, s. f. indolence, in-sensibility, indifference, carelessness, supino

INDOLENT, E, in-do-len, lent, adj. indolent

insensible, careless, supine.
INDOMPTABLE, in-dôm-tabl, adj. invincible, untameable, unruly, not to be tamed or curbed, ungovernable

INDOMPTÉ, E, in-dôm-ta, adv. not tamed, not curbed. V. Indomptable.

IN-DOUZE, in-dooz, s. m. duodecimo or twelves.

INDU, E, in-dd, du, adj. undue, unlawful. Heure indue, undue or unseasonable hour. Se retirer à heure indue, to come home at un-due hours or unseasonably, to keep bad or ill hours.

INDUBITABLE, in-dû-bl-tabl, adj. indubitable, not to be doubted, undoubted, unquestioned tionable, not to be questioned, most certain,

INDUBITABLEMENT, in-do-bl-tabl-men, adv. indubitably, undoubtedly, unquestionably, most certainly.

INDUCTION, in-duk-slon, s. f. induction, inducement, persuasion, enticing, drawing on; inference or conclusion, consequence.

INDURE, in-dûlr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to induce, lead, entice, persuade, draw on: to infer or conclude, draw a consequence. INDUIT, E, adj. induced, led, persuaded, V. Induire.

INDULGEMMENT, adv. indulgently, mildly,

tenderly, gently, kindly.
INDULGENCE, in-důl-zèns, s. f. indulgence, toleration, gentleness, pardon, remission of

INDULGENT, E, in-dûl-zen, zent, adj. in-dulgent, gentle, kind, mild, tender bearted.

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bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

INDULT, in-dult, s. m. indult (special grant from the pope for conferring benefices;) (ce que les intéressés payent au roi d'Espagne de tout l'argent d'Amerique qu'on reçoit à Cadix) indulto,

INDULTAIRE, in-dûl-ter, s. m. one that has

obtained an indult.

INDUMENT, in-du-men, adv. unduly, tinlawfully.

INDUSTRIE, in-das-tri, s. f. industry, ingenuity. User d'industrie, to use cunning. Vivre d'industrie, to live by or spon one's nuity.

Industrieusement, in-das-trl-èuz-mên,

adv. industriously, ingeniously.

INDUSTRIEU-X, SE, in-dus-tri-lo, euz, adj.

industrious, ingenious.

Inébranlable, i-na-brèn-labl, adj. unmoveable, unshaken, not to be shaken, steady, firm, resolute, constant.

INÉBRANLABLEMENT, î-na-brên-labi-mên,

adv. steadily, constantly, resolutely.

INEFFABILITÉ, Î-nê-fâ-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. ineffability, unspeakableness

INEFFABLE, 1-ne-fabl, adj. ineffable, un-

speakable, not to be expressed.

INEFFAÇABLE, i-nê-fâ-sabl, adj. indelible, that cannot be blotted out.

INEFFICACE, î-nê-fî-kas, adj. inefficacious,

ineffectual, vain, fruitless.

INEFFICACITÉ, Î-nê-fî-kâ-sî-tâ, s. f. inefficaciousness; want of force or virtue or

strength. INEGAL., E, ?-nā-gāl, adj. unequal, uneven. Le rent est inegul, Mar. the wind comes in

INÉGALEMENT, I-nh-gàl-màn, adv. unequally, in an unequal manner. V. Egalement. INÉGALITÉ, I-nh-gà-ll-tà, s. f. inequality, unevaness. V. Egalité.

INÉLÉGAMMENT, adv. without elegance. INÉLÉGANCE, s. f. want of elegance.

INÉLEGANT, E, adj. one who has no elegance. INÉLEGANT, E, adj. one who has no elegance. INÉLIGIBLE, Î-nâ-Îl-zîbl, adj. not eligible. INÉNARRABLE, Î-nâ-na-rabl, adj. unspeakable, inexpressible, not to be expressed, de-

scribed or related. INEPTE, I-nept, adj. inept, unapt, unfit, foolish, simple, silly, nonsensical, impertinent. INEPTIE, 1-nep-si, s. f. folly, silliness, fool-

cry, impertinence.
INÉPUISABLE, l-na-pûl-zabl, adj. inexhaustible, unexhausted, not to be exhausted.

INERT E, adj. inert, dull, sluggish.

INERT E, adj. inert, dull, sluggish.

INERTIE, s. f. dulness, sluggishness.

INERUI IT, adj. without learning or erudition.

INESPERÉ, E, l-ues-på-rå, adj. unexpected,
unhoped or unlooked for.

INESPERÉMENT, l-nes-på-rå-men, adv. un-

expectedly, beyond all hope, beyond all ex-

pectation. INESTIMABLE, î-nes-tî-mabl, adj. inestima-

ble, of an infinite value.

INÉTENDU, E, adj. unextended.

INÉTENDU, E, adj. not clear, not evident.

INÉVIDENT, E, adj. not clear, not evident.

INÉVITABLE, i-nå-vi-tabl, adj. inevitable,
unavoidable, not to be avoided or shunned.

INÉVITABLEMENT, î na-vî-tabl-mên, adv. inevirably, unavoidably

INEXACT, E, I-neg-zakt, adj. inaccurate; not exact, careless, negligent. INEXACTITUDE, I-neg-zak-il-tud, s.f. care-

lessness, negligence, inaccuracy.

INEXCUSABLE, I-neks-ku-sabl, adi, inexcusable, not to be excused, unpardonable.

INEXÉCUTABLE, adj. that cannot be executed. INEXECUTION, I-neg-za-ka-slon, s. f. non-

performance, want of performance.

INEXERCE, E, adj. that is not exercised.

INEXURABLE, I-neg-zo-rabl, adj. inexora-

ble, inflexible.

INEXORABLEMENT, indexibly. 1-neg-zd-rabi-men,

INEXPÉRIENCE, Î-nêks-pâ-rî-èns, s. f. in-experience, want of experience. INEXPÉRIMENTÉ, E, î-nêks-pâ-rî-mèn-tâ,

adj. inexperienced, raw.

INEXPIABLE, I-neks-pl-abl, adj. inexpiable, not to be expiated or atoned for.

INEXPLICABLE, i-neks-pli-kabl, adj. inex-+ plicable, that cannot be explained or unfolded.

INEXPLICABLEMENT, adv. in a manner not to be explained.

INEXPHIMABLE, î-nêks-prî-mabl, adj. in-expressible, not to be expressed.

INEXPUGNABLE, 1-neks-pag-nabl, adj. inexpugnable, impregnable.
INEXTINGUIBILITE, s. f. quality of being

inextinguishable. INEXTINGUIBLE, i-neks-tin-gaibl, adj. in-

extinguishable, unquenchable INEXTRICABLE, 1-neks-trl-kabl, adj. inex-

tricable. INFAILLIBILITÉ, In-få-A-bl-ll-tå, s. f. in fallibility.

INFAILLIBLE, in-fâ-fibl, adj. infallible. INFAILLIBLEMENT, in-fâ-fibl-mên, adv. infallibly, certainly, without fail. INFAISABLE, adj. unfeasible, not to be

done, impossible. INFAMANT, E. in-få-men, ment, adj. infamous, disgraceful, ignominious.
INFAMATION, in-få-må-sion, s. f. mark of.

infamy.

INFAME, in-fam, adj. infamous, defamed, noted or branded with infamy; of no credit, lost to his reputation; base, disgraceful, unworthy, shameful, villanous, sordid; nasty, filthy.

INFAME, s. m. & f. infamous man or wo-

man, one noted with infamy.

INFAMIE, in-fa-ml, s. f. infamy, disgrace, discredit, dishonour, shame, reproach, base or shameful or unworthy or villanous action, abusive language. Il lui a dit mille infamies, he has called him a thousand names.

INFANT; in-fen, s. m. infant (son of the king of Spain or Portugal.)

Infante, in-fent, s. f. infanta (daughter of the king of Spain or Portugal.)

INFANTERIE, in-fent-rl, s. f. infantry, foot.

INFANTERIE, in-fent-rl, s. f. infantry, foot.

INFANTERIE, in-fent-rl, s. f. infantry, foot.

INFATIGABLE, in-fâ-ti-gabl, adj. indefatigable, unwearied, not to be wearied.

INFATIGABLEMENT, in-få-u-gåbl-men adv. indefatigably.

INFATUATION, in-fa-td-a-slon, s.f. infatuation strong prejudice, conceited opinion, fondness

INFATUE, E, adj. infatuated, infoxicated prepossessed, fond, bewitched. INFATUER, in-fa-ta-a, v. a. to infatuate

intoxicate, prepossess, bewitch.

INFÉCOND, E, in-få-kon, kond, adj. barren. unfertile, unfruitful, sterile.

INFÉCONDITÉ, in-få-kon-dl-tå, s. f. infecupility, barrenness, unfertileness, infertility.

cundity, barrenness, unfertileness, infertility, unfruitfulness, sterility.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre . ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

IMPECT, E, in-fêkt, adj. tainted stinking. infectious, contagious.

INFECTER, in-ick-ta, v. a. to infector taint;

(les esprits) to infect, corrupt, taint, poison. INFECTION, in-fek-slon, s. f. infection, con-

tagious stink or corruption, taint.
INFELICITE, s. f. infelicity, unhappiness,

misery, calamity.

INFEODATION, in-få-o-då-slon, s. f. enfe-

offing, enfeoffment

IN MEODE, E, adj. enfeoffed, settled in a fee.

Rente in feodee, rent charge, rent with which land is charged for ever. Dimes in feodees, impropriations of tithes; s. m. impropriator.
INFEODER, in-fa-6-da, v. a. to enfeoff.

INFÉRER, in-fa-ra, v. a. to infer, gather or conclude. Que peut-on inférer de là? what can be inferred from that?

INFÉRIEUR, E, in-fâ-rì-èur, adj. & s. lower, nether, inferiour, of a lower degree or merit.

INFÉRIEUREMENT, in-få-rl-èur-mên, adv. below.

INFÉRIORITÉ, in-få-rl-d-rl-tå, s. f. infericrity, lower degree.

INFERNAL, E, in-fer-nal, adj. hellish, in-fernal, devilish.

INFERTILE, in-fer-ul, adj. infertile, barcen, unfruitful, sterile.

INPERTILITE, in-fer-ti-fi-ta, s.f. infertility, parrenness, unfruitfulness, sterility

INFESTER, in-fes-ta, v. a. to infest or trou-

la più la più inroads.

Inpiù Litt, in-fl-dà-ll-là, s. f. infidelity, unfaithfulness, disloyalty, treachery, piece of treachery of treachery. infidelity or unfaithfulness, treachery or trea-cherous act; also unbelief. Il bi a fait une grande infidelité, he has been very false or unfaithful to him.

INFIDÈLE, in-fl-dêl, adj. unfaithful, trea-cherous, faithless, false, disloyal, perfidious, unbelieving, that believes not. Mémoire in-

fidèle, treacherous memory.

INFIDÈLE, s. m. & f. false or unfaithful

man or woman; infidel, unbeliever. INFIDÈLEMENT, in-fl-del-men, adv. un-

faithfully, treacherously, falsely, perfidiously. INFINE, adj. last, lowest degree.
INFINI, E, in-(1-ni, ni, adj. infinite, bound-

less, unbounded, endless, innumerable. Avoir des obligations infinies à quelqu'un, to be infinitely obliged to one.

INFINI, s. m. infinite being. A l'infini, infinitely, without end.

INFINIMENT, in-fl-ul-men, adv. infinitely, without end or measure, exceeding, extremely.

Infinite, in-fl-nl-ta, s. f. infiniteness, infinity, endlessness; infinite or vast number, vast deal.

INFINITIF, in-fil-ni-ilf, s. m., infinitive, infaitive mood. De In order to know when the infinitive is to be preceded by à, de, pour, see A, De, Pour; and in order to know when an infinitive is to come in without any prefix, see the articles 3 and 4 of Obs. ix. on De.

INFIRMATI-P, VE, in-fir-ma-tif, tiv, adj. annulling, invalidating, making void.

INFUNE, in-firm, adj. & s. infirm, weak, crazy, feeble, sickly, faint, frail; infirm or rickly person.

INFIRMER, in-fir-ma, v. a. to weaken, irfable or invalidate, annul, repeal.

INFIRMERIE, in-firm-ri,s. f. infirmary.

Infirmier, E, in-fir-mia, mier, s.m. & f.

overseer of the infirmary (in a monastery.)
INFIRMITÉ, in-fir-mi-là, s. f. infirmity INFIRMITÉ, in-fir-nil-ta, s. f. infirmity, weakness, sickliness, feebleness, frailty, defect. imperfection.

INFLAMMABILITÉ, s. f. inflammability. INFLAMMABLE, in-fia-mabl, adj. inflammable, combustible.

INFLAMMATION, in-fla-ma-slon, s. f. inflammation.

INFLAMMATOIRE, in-flà-mà-twar, adj. inflammatory.

Inflexibilité, in-flèk-sî-bî-lî-lâ. s. f. in-

flexibility, unrelenting spirit.
INFLEXIBLE, in-flek-sibl, adj. inflexible, inexorable, unrelenting, stiff, not to be prevailed upon.

INFLEXIBLEMENT, in-flek-sibi-men, adv.

inflexibly, stiffly, obstinately, stubbornly.

INFLEXION, in-flek-slort, s. f. inflexion, bending, turning, winding; (de la roix) mo dulation.

INFLICTI-F, VE, adj. inflictive.

INFLICTION, in-filk-slon, s. f. infliction.

INFLIGER, in-fil-za, v. a. (une peine) to inflict or lay (a punishment) upon.

INFLUENCE, in-fluence, in-fluence.

INFLUENCER, v. a. to influence.
INFLUER, in-flû-å, v. a. & n. to influence, have an influence. La bonne ou mauvaise éducation influe sur toute la vie, a good or bad education has an influence upon the whole

Information, in-for-ma-slon, s. f. (law term) inquest, information.

INFORME, in-form, adj. unformed, without fashion, shapeless.

INFORMER, in-for-ma, v. a. to inform, animate; to inform, tell, acquaint, give information to.

Informer, v. n. to inform, inquire or examine into, make an inquest. S'informer d'une chose, v. r. to inquire about, or make an in-

chose, v. r. to inspendence quiry after a thing.
INFORTUNE, in-för-tån, s. f. misfortune, imischance, disaster, infelicity, adversity.
INFORTUNE, E, in-för-tå-nå, adj. & s.

Theory inducty: unfortunate unfortunate, unhappy, unlucky; unfortunate

INFRACTEUR, in-frak-teur, s. m. infringer, breaker, transgressor

INFRACTION, in-frak-sion, s. f. infraction infringement, breach, violation

INFRUCTUEUSEMENT, :n-frak-ta-euz-men,

adv. unprofitably, in vain, to no purpose.

INFRUCTUEU-x, SE, in-fruk-tu-eu, euz, adj. unfruitful, barren; unfruitful, fruitless, unprofitable, vain.

INFUS, E, in-fû, fûz, adj. infused, inspired. INFUSER, in-fd-za, v. a. to infuse, or steep. INFUSIBLE, adj. not to be melted, infusible. INFUSION, in-fû-zlon, s. f. infusion. lnGAMBE, in-garb, adj. nimble, light.

INGENIER, (s') sin-zā-nīā, v. r. to set one's mind about finding the means of succeeding in a business.

Ingenieur, in-zå-nl-eur, s. m. engineer. Ingénieur-constructeur, Mar. naval architect, ship-builder, builder.

INGENIEUSEMENT, adv. ingeniously, wit-

Ingknieu-x, sr, in-zå-nl-èu, èuz, adj. in genious, witty, full of wit, industrious.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over . ; lel ., fig : rèbe, rèb, lord : mood, good,

lngénu, E, in-zå-nů, nù, adj. ingenuous.

free, open, frank, sincere, plain.
lwgknuith, in-2a-nul-ta, s. f. ingenuity or ingenuousness, frankness, freedom, plainness. INGENUMENT, in-a-nd-men, adv. ingenu-

ously, freely, plainly, frankly.

INGERER, (8') sin-za-ra, de, v. r. to meddle or intermeddle with, undertake, intrude into (other people's concerns,) be a busy body

or an officious coxcomb, take upon one's self.

INGRAT, E. in-grat, grat, adj. & s. ungrateful or ingrate, unthankful, unmindful; ingrate, ungrateful person; ungrateful, unpro-

fitable, unfruitful.

INGRATEMENT, adv. ungratefully, un-

thankfully.

INGRATITUDE, in-gra-ti-tud, s. f. ingratitude, ungratefulness, unthankfulness, piece of

ingratitude, etc. Ingrandent, in-gra-dlên, s. m. mgredient. Ingunnssable, in-ga-rl-sabl, adj. incu-

INGUINAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the

INHABILE, I-na-bil, adj. (law term) incapable, unable, unfit.

коге, шпане, ппак. Імнавісктѣ, s. f. want of ability. Імнавістѣ, l-nå-bl-ll-tå, s. f. (law term)

Incapacity, inability.

INHABITABLE, I-nâ-bl-tabl, adj

Ditable, or that cannot be inhabited. adi, uninha-

INHABITÉ, E, l'-na-bl-ta, adj. uninhabited. INHABITUDE, s. f. want of habitude, of custom

INHÉRENCE, 1-nh-rèns, s. f. inherency. INHÉRENT, E, 1-nh-rèn, rènt, adj. inherent. INHIBER, 1-n1-bh, v. a. (law term) to inhi-

bit, forbid, prohibit, INHIBITION, I-nl-bl-slon, s. f. inhibition, prohibition, forbidding.
INHOSPITALIER, E., adj. inhospitable.
INHOSPITALIER, E., adj.-inhospitable.

bospitality.

INHUMAIN, E, I-nů-min, mên, adj. & s. inhuman, cruel, void of humanity, barbarous, savage; cruel man or woman.

INHUMAINEMENT, î-nû-mên-mên, adv. inhumanly, cruelly, barbarously, after an inhu-

man or cruel or barbarous manner.

INHUMANITÉ, Î-nû-mâ-nî-lâ, s. f. inhumanity, cruelty, barbarity; piece of cruelty

or inhumanity. INHUMATION, I-nd-ma-sics, s. f. inhuma-

tion, burying or putting into the ground, interment. INHUMER, î-nû-mâ, v. a. to inhume, bury

or inter. INIMAGINABLE, I-ni-ma-zi-nabl, adj. unimaginable, incomprehensible, not to be ima-

INIMITABLE, 1-n1-m1-tabl, adj. inimitable, incomparable, not to be imitated or paralleled.

*Inimitablement, adv. inimitably.
Inimitié, 1-n1-m1-11a, s. f. enmity, hatred,

grudge, aversion, antipathy ININTELLIGIBLE, 1-nin-te-11-27bl, adj. un-

intelligible, not to be understood. *Inintelligiblement, adv. unintelligi-

INTQUE. I-nik, adj. unjust, unrighteous, partial, wicked.

INIQUEMENT, 1-nik-men, adv. unjustly, partially.

INIQUIT f. ?-n?-i?-ta.s. f. iniquity, injustice unrighteousness, partiality, corruption, wick edness.

INITIAL, E, I-ni-sial, adi, initial, that begins a word.

INITIATION, 1-n1-sla-slon, s. f. initiation. INITIER, I-nl-sl-a. v. a. to initiate, enter or admit.

INJECTER, v. a. to inject.
INJECTION, in-jek-slon, s. f. injection.
INJONCTION, in-zonk-slon, s. f. injunction or command. Faire inforction de la part du

roi, to command in the king's name.

INJURE, in-zûr, s. f. injury, wrong, outrage, cffence, abuse, base or ill or abusive. language, reproach; (du temps, de la saison) inclemency.

INJURIER, in-20-rl-a, v. a. to abuse, rail

at, revile or vilify, offend, call names.
INJURIEUSEMENT, in-zû-rî-euz-mên, adv. injuriously, basely, outrageously, reproachfully.

Injurieu-x, se, m-zů-rì-èu, èuz, adj. injurious, outrageous, abusive, offensive, unjust, wrongful, hurtful,

INJUSTE, in-zūst, adj. unjust, wrongful, unreasonable.

INJUSTEMENT, in-20st-men, adj. unjustly,

wrongfully, unreasonably. lnjustice, in-zus-us, s. f. injustice, unjust act, piece of injustice, wrong, hard dealing, ill usage.

INLISIBLE, adj. that cannot be read.

INNAVIGABLE, adj. innavigable.

INNÉ, E, În-na, adj. innate. Ex. Les idees innées, innate ideas.

INNOCEMMENT, 1-no-sh-men, adv. innocently, harmlessly.

INNOCENCE, s. f. innocence, innocency, guildessness, integrity, harmlessness, simplicity, silliness.

INNOCENT, E, I-nô-sên, sênt adj. innocent, guiltless, inoffensive, harmless, simple, silly. INNOCENT, E, s. m. & f. innocent, simple, silly or half-witted person. Les innocens, la fête des Innocens, Childermas-day.

"INNOCENTER, I-no-sen-ta, v. a. to acquit, declare innocent.

INNOMBRABLE, 1-non-brabl, adj. innumerable, not to be numbered, numberless, infi-

INNOMBRABLEMENT, adv. innumerably. Innomé, E, adj. that has not yet received a name.

INNOVATEUR, în-nô-vâ-têur. V. Nova-

Innovation, în-nô-vâ-slon, s. f. innovation, change, alteration.

INNOVER, h-no-va, v. a. & n. to innovate or make innovations, change old customs and bring up new ones.

INOBSERVATION, I-nob-ser-va-slon, s. f. infringing or not observing.

INOCCUPÉ, E, adj. one that has no occupation.

INOCULATEUR, 1-nd-kd-lå-teur, s. in. inoculator.

INOCULATION, Î-nô-ků-lå-slon, s. f. inoculation.

INOCULER, î-nô-kû-lâ, v. a. to inoculate. INOCULISTE, 1-no-ka-list, s. r. partisan of inoculation.

INODCER, adj. inodorous.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Inofficieu-x, se, i-nô-fî-slèu, slèuz, adj. (law term) that sets aside the heir at law without cause.

INOFFICIOSITÉ, s. f. caveat to a will which sets aside the heir at law without cause.

sets aside the nerr at law without cause. Inondation, flood, over-flowing; also great multitude. Ce mirucle figuroit les inondutions de la grâce de Jesus-Christ crucifié, that miracle was a figure of the over-flowing grace of our crucid Saviour.

INONDER, I-non-då, v. a. to overflow, put under water; to overrun, come pouring on, pour on, overspread. S'inonder (dans le vin,

pool on order seek in some case to us, etc.) to drown one's self (in wine, etc.) Inoring m. h-nô-pl-nâ, adj. unthought of, unexpected, unlooked for, sudden.

INORINGMENT, l-nô-pl-nâ-mên, adv. una-

wr.es, unexpectedly, suddenly.
INOUT, E, I-ndo-I, i, adj. unheard of, strange, uncommon.

In-QUARTO, s. m. a book in quarto.

INQUIET, E, in-kle, klet, adj. unquiet, rest. less, uneasy, inconstant, troublesome, peevish, Malade inquiet, sick person that can never be at rest, that is very uneasy. Sommeil inquiet, broken sleep.

INQUITTER, in-kik-th, v. a. to disquiet, trouble, vex, perplex, disturb, make uneasy, put in pain. Notre division impideta l'arrière garde ennemie toute la muit, Mar. our division harassed the enemy's rear all night. S'inquider, v. r. to be vexed or disquieted, disquiet one's self, fret, be uneasy.

INQUIÉTUDE, in-klà-tūd, s. f. unquietness,

disquiet, restlessness, trouble, anguish of mind

uneasiness, wearisome pain of weariness.

INQUISITEUR, in-kl-zl-teur, s. m. inquisi-

tor, judge of the inquisition.

INQUISITION, in-kl-zl-slon, s. f. inquisition, strict search or inquiry; inquisition (ecclesiastical tribunal.)

INSAISISSABLE, adj. that cannot be seized. INSALUBRE, adj. unwholesome, insalubri-OUR

Insalubrité, s. f. unwholesomeness. Insatiabilité, in-så-sì-à-bì-lì-tà, s. f. in-

satiableness, greediness INSATIABLE, in-så-sl-abl, adj. insatiable,

that cannot be satisfied, insatiate. INSATIABLEMENT, in-så-sl-abl-men, adv.

insatiably, greedily.

INSCIEMMENT, adv. unwittingly, ignorant-

ly, without knowing.

INSCRIPTION, ins-krip-slon, a. f. inscription. Inscription en faux, (in law) act by which a paper is maintained to be a forgery.

INSCRIRE, ins-krir, v. a. (like écrire,) to inscribe, enter a person's name. S'inscrire contre quelqu'un, v. r. to undertake a charge S'inscrire against one.

INSCRIT, E, adj. inscrutable, unsearchable, unfathomable.

Insçu, in-su, s. m. Ex. A l'insçu de, without the knowledge of or unknown to. A mon insex, without my knowledge or unknown to

me.
*Insculper, v. a. to engrave, carve or cut,

INSECTE, in-sekt, s. m. insect, little living

In-szize, s. m. a book in sixteens

INSENSÉ, E, in sèn să, adj. & s. frantick, senseless, foolish; senseless or foolish or mad person, poor fool of silly creature.

Insunsibility, in seven-bl-ll-th.s. f. in

sensibleness.

INSERSIBLE, in-sen-sibl, adj. & s. insensible, not sensible, that has no sense, imperceptible, not felt, unfeeling for, deaf to; insensible person.

INSENSIBLEMENT, in-sen-sibi-men, insensibly, imperceptibly, by degrees, by lit-tle and little.

INSÉPARABLE, in-sh-ph-rabl, adj. inseparable.

Inséparablement, in-sk-på-råbi-men,

adv. inseparably.
INSERER, in-ch-ra, v. a. to insert, put or bring in, join or add to.

INSERTION, in-ser-sion, s. f. insertion; (de la petite vérole) inoculation. Donner la petite verole par insertion, to inoculate the small

INSIDIEUSEMENT, in-sì-di-cuz-men. adv. insidiously, treacherously

Insidizu-x, sz, in-sl-dl-èu, èuz, adi. insidious, treacherous, deceitful, ensnaring.

INSIGNE, in-sign, adj. signal, great, famous, egregious, remarkable, notable, notorious, noted, arrant.

*Insignment, adv. egregiously, notably. lnsignificance, s. f. insignificancy, in-

significance.
"INSIGNIFIANT, E, edj. insignificant.
INSIGNIFIANT, E, edj. det, edj. insignificant.
INSIGNIFIANT, E, edj. insignificant. ing, insinuative, engaging, winning, pleasing.
Insinuation, in-al-nd-a-don, s. f. insinuation; also registering or entering into a

register book.
Insinual, in-sl-nd-a, v. a. to insignate, infuse, instil, hint or give a hint, import, intimate, give to understand; also to register or enter in the register book, set down upon re-cord. S'instituer, v. r. to creep or wriggle or steal in, wind or screw or insinuate one's self in *or* into.

INSIPIDE, in-sl-pld, adj. insipid, unsavoury tasteless, that has no taste or relish; insipid, flat, witless.

INSIPIDEMENT, adv. insipidly.

Insipidity, in-sl-pl-dl-ta, s. f. insipidity, unsavourifiess.

Insister, in-sis-ta, v. n. to insist, dwell or stand much upon; urge or press hard, be instant, persist in one's demands.

INSOCIABILITE, in sed-sl-a-bl-il-ta, s. f.

want of sociableness, inconsistency (of one thing with another.)

Insociable, in-so-sl-abl, adj. insociable unconversable; also inconsistent, incompatible.

INSOLATION, s. f. insolation. INSOLEMMENT in so-la-men, adv. insolently, saucily, malaperily; also haughtily, proudly INSOLENCE, in so-lens, s. f. insolence,

auciness, impudence, arrogance, pride. haughtinéss.

Insolent, E.in-so-len, lent, adj. & s.insolent, saucy, Impudent, malapert, proud, haughty

*Insolutelities, in-solutelities, insolutelities, etc.

*Insolute, in-soliit, adj. unusual.

lusolutelité, a. f. quality of being insolu-

INSOLUBLE, in-so-labl, adj. insoluble, that cannot be solved.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : flexi, flg : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

INSOLVABILITÉ, in-sôl-và-bl-ll-tà. s. f. insolvency.

INSOLVABLE, in-sôl-vabl, adj. insolvent. INSOMNIE, in-som-ni, s. f. inability to sleep,

distemper that keeps one constantly awake.

INSONDABLE, in-son-dabl, adj. unfathom-

able.

INSOUCIANCE, in-soo-si-ène, s. f. indifference, carelessness. Insouciant, E, ix-soo-si-èn, ènt, adj. care-

less, indifferent

INSOUMIS, E, adj. not submitted.
INSOUTENABLE, in-soot-nabl, adj. unwarrantable.

INSPECTER, v. a. to inspect.
INSPECTEUR, inspekteur, s. m. inspector, overseer, compiroller. Inspecteur des constructions, Mar. surveyor of the navy.

INSPECTION, ins-pek-slon, s. f. inspection, overseeing, narrow and close survey, superintendence, looking narrowly into.

INSPIRATEUR, s. m. one who inspires.
INSPIRATION, ins-pi-ra-sion, s. f. inspiration.

INSPIRER, ins-pi-ra, v. a. to inspire with, suggest, put into one's head; to breathe into. INSTABILITÉ, ins-tå-bi-li-ta, s. f. instabili-

ty, uncertainty, inconstancy.
"INSTABLE, adj. unstable, inconstant, uncertain, changeable.

INSTALLATION, installa-slon, s. f. installation or instalment.

Installer, ins-tå-lå, v. a. to instal. Instamment, ins-tå-mên, adv. instantly,

earnestiv.

Instance, ins-tens, s. f. instance, entreaty, motion, solicitation, importunity, eager suit, earnesiness; demand or suit, or cause depending at law. Jugement en première in-stance, judgment upon the first demand or

point in controversy.

INSTANT, E, ins-lên, tênt, adj. instant, ear-

net, urging, pressing.
INSTANT, instant, minute, moment. Un instant, un seul instant de fausseté, any the least falsehood. A l'instant, at the very moment, presently, in a moment, forthwith, immediately, straight. Au même instant

que, as soon as, at the very moment when. INSTANTANÉ, E, ins-tèn-tà-nà, adj. instan-

Instantanéité, s. f. instantaneousness Instantanément, ins-tèn-tà-nà-mèn, adv. instantaneously.

"INSTAR, ins-tar, s. m. Ex. A l'instar de, like, or in the same manner as.

INSTAURATION, instô-ra-slon, s. f. instau-

ration or restauration. Instigat-eur, Rice, ins-il-gå-teur, s. m. & f. instigator, abettor, encourager, enticer,

setter on. Instigation, instigation, s. f. instiga-

tion, solicitation, encouragement.

INSTIGUER, ins-ti-ga, y. a. to instigate, en-

tice, spur, egg, set on, encourage.
INSTILLATION, s. f. instillation.
INSTILLER, ins-ti-la, v. a. to instil, four in gently or by drops.

INSTINCT, ins-tin, s. m. instinct, inspiration. INSTITUÉ, E, adj. instituted, appointed, ordered, made, ordained. Un enfunt bien institué, a child well trained up or instructed or

Instituer, institute, v. a. to institute. appoint, order, make, ordain, found; to instruct, teach, inform, train, bring up.

INSTITUT. ins-tl-tu, s. m. institute, order, rule of life; literary or scientific academy.

INSTITUTAIRE, s. m. reader of the institutes, he that teaches the institutes of the civil law. INSTITUTES, s. f. pl. institutes, (abridg-

ment of the Roman laws.) INSTITUT EUR, RICE, ins-ti-th-teur, tris. s. m. & f. founder.

INSTITUTION, ins-tl-td-slon, s. f. institution, establishment, appointing, founding, etc. V. Instituer. Instruction, teaching, bringing or

training up, education.

*INSTRUCTEUR, s. m. instructer, teacher.
Instructeur de procès, solicitor.
INSTRUCTI-F, VE, ins-trük-üf, üv, adj. in-

structive.

INSTRUCTION, ms-truk-slon, s. f. instruction, education, bringing or training up, breeding, precept or document, order, knowledge, (instruction d'un procès) the preparing things for the trial or hearing of a cause; the counsel's instruction, breviat of the case. Instructions pour naviguer sur une côte, etc. Mar, sailing directions for a coast, etc. Le capi taine a reçu ses instructions, the captain has received his sailing orders.

INSTRUIRE, instruir, v. a. (See the table at wire) to instruct or teach, train or bring up, educate; to instruct or give instructions; to inform, give notice, tell, apprize. Instruire un proces, to make a case ready, prepare things for a hearing or trial.

INSTRUISANT, E, adj. instructive, full of instruction.

INSTRUIT, E, adj. instructed, taught, trained up, etc. V. Instruire.

INSTRUMENT, instru-men, s. m. instru-ment; tool, implement; contract, instrument,

deed; (de paix) treaty; means, help.
INSTRUMENTAL, E, ins-trû-men-tâl, adj. instrumenta).

Instrumenter, instrů-mên-tå, v. n. to make deeds, instruments, indentures, etc. lnsu, V. Insçu.

Insubordination, in-su-bor-di-na-sion, s. f. insubordination.

Insubordonné, E, adj. not subordinate. INSUFFISAMMENT, adv. insufficiently. INSUFFISANCE, in-sh-fl-zens, s. f. insuffi-

ciency, incapacity. INSUFFISANT, R, in-sti-fl-zen, zem, adj.

insufficient. Insulaire, in-så-ler, adj. & s. m. & f. m-

sular, belonging to an island, islander. INSULTABLE, adj. assailable.

INSULTANT, E, in-sul-ten, tent, adj. in-sulting, abusive, outrageous.

INSULTE, in-salt, s. f. insult, abuse, affront, outrage. Faire insulte à quelqu'un, to insult one, abuse or affront one. En cas d'insulte one, abuse or affront one. En cas d'insulte de la part de l'ennemi, if the enemy should offer any insult or should attack.

Insulter, in-sûl-tû, v. a. & n. to insult, abuse, affront, be outrageous. Insulter une contrescarpe, to storm or attack a counterscarp openly and smartly. Insulter à quelqu'un, to insult, or crow over one.

INSUPPORTABLE, in-su-por-tabl, adj. insupportable or insufferable, intolerable, griev-

ous, not to be suffered or borne.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : êmant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

INSUPPORTABLEMENT, in-sû-pôr-tâbl-mên, adv. insupportably, insufferably. INSURGENS, in-sûr-zêns, s. m. pl. insurin-så-pår-tåbl-

gents; Hungarian troops hastily levied.

INSURMONTABLE, in-sur-mon-tabl, adj. insuperable, invincible, unconquerable, not to be overcome.

INSURRECTION, in-så-rek-slon, s. f. insur-

rection.

INTACT, E, adj. full, entire, untouched.
INTACTILE, adj. intactible, not perceptible

to the touch. INTARISSABLE, in-th-ri-sabl, adj. that never dries up, inexhaustible.

INTEGRAL, E, in-th-gral, adj. integral.

INTÉGRALE, s. f. integral.
INTÉGRANT, E, adj. Ex. Parties intégrantes, integral parts.

INTEGRATION, S. C. (ix mathematicks) integration, finding of the whole.

INTEGRE, in-tegr, adj. upright, honest, just, incorrupt, not to be bribed.

INTEGRER, v. a. to find the integral of.
INTEGRITE, in-ta-gri-ta, s. f. integrity;
honesty, innocence, uprightness; chilstity; soundness, wholeness; (de l'action épique) entireness

INTELLECT, in-te-lekt, s. m. intellect, understanding.

INTELLECTI-F, VE, in-tel-lec-tif, tlv, adj. intellectual.

INTELLECTION, s. f. intellection.

INTELLECTUALITE, s. f. faculty of under-

INTELLECTUEL, LE, in-tê-lêk-tû-êl, adj. intellectual; also spiritual.

Intelligemment, in-tê-lî-zâ-mên, adv. knowingly.

INTELLIGENCE, in-te-Il-zens, s. f. intelligence; understanding; knowledge; judgment, skill; correspondence; familiarity, union, concord, good understanding; spirit, spiritual substance. Ils sont d'intelligence, ils s'entendent, they act in concert and unanimity, they harp on the same string, they juggle, they play booty together.

INTELLIGENT, E, in-tê-lî-zên, zênt, adj. in-telligent, understanding, knowing, skilled, skillul.

INTELLIGIBILITÉ, S. f. intelligibility.
INTELLIGIBLE, in-tê-ll-zîbl, adj. intelligible, plain, easy to be understood; audible, loud; spiritual, immaterial, intellectual.
INTELLIGIBLEMENT, in-tê-ll-zîbl-mês, adv.

intelligibly.

INTEMPÉRAMENT, in-ten-pa-ra-mên, adv. intemperately, immoderately.

INTEMPÉRANCE, in-ten-pa-rèns, s. f. in-temperance, immoderation, excess. Intemperance de langue, too great freedom of speech, being too free with one's tongue.

INTEMPÉRANT, E, in-ten-på-ren, rent, adj. intemperate, not master of his own appetites,

disorderly.

INTEMPÉRÉ, E, in-ten-på-rå, adj. intemperate, immoderate

INTEMPÉRIE, in-tèn-på-ri, s. f. intemperature; (des humeurs) intemperateness

INTENDANCE, in-ten-dens, s. f. direction, administration, management; place or office or district of an intendant. Il a l'intendance de sa maison, he is the steward or comptroller of his house.

INTENDANT, in-ten-den, s. m. intendant or provincial overseer, lord lieutenant; commissioner, overseer, comptroller or surveyor; steward or comptroller of a great man's house. Intendant de la marine, commissioner, resident of one of the dock-yards. Intendant des armées navales, officer appointed to regulate the expenses, police, etc. of naval armaments.

Intendante in-ten-dent, s. f. an intendant's lady.

Intense, adi, intense,

Intension, s. f. intension. Intensité, in-ten-sl-th, s. f. intenseness.

INTENSIVEMENT, adv. intensely.

INTENTER, in-ten-ta, v. a. butanter une action contre quelqu'un, to enter an action against one, sue one at law. Intenter une accusation contre, to bring an accusation

against. INTENTION, in-ten-slon, s. f. intention, intent, purpose, drift, design, mind, meaning Je le disois à bonne intention, I meant wel when I spoke it. Porter son intention au gain, to aim at profit, have profit in one's eye or in prospect. Il l'a fait à voire intention, he has done it upon your account.

INTENTIONNÉ, E, adj. affected. Mal intentionné, disaffected les étoient mal intentionnés pour la paix, they were averse to peace.

INTERTIONNEL, LE, adj. intentional.

INTERCADENCE, s. f unevenness of the

beating of the pulse.

INTERCADENT, adj. m. irregular (pulse.) INTERCALAIRE, in-ter-ka-ler, adj. intercalary. Jour intercalaire, the intercalary or odd day in l'ebsuary (in leap-year.) Vers intercalaires, the burden of a song or bai-

INTERCALATION, in-ter-ka-la-sion, s. f. intercalation.

INTERCALER, in-ter-ka-la, v. a. to intercalate.

Intercéder, is-ter-sa-dà, v. a. to intercede, make intercession, pray for.

INTERCEPTER, in têr-sep-ta, v. a. to intercept. Nous interceptames une corvette chargée de dépêches, we intercepted a corvette with despatches on board.

INTERCEPTION, in-ter-sep-sion, s. f. inter-

ception or intercepting.
INTERCESSEUR, in-ter-se-seur, s. m. intercessor, mediator.

INTERCESSION, in-ter-se-slon, s. f. intercession, mediation.

INTERCOSTAL, E, adj. intercostal.

INTERDICTION, iz-têr-dîk-slon, s. f. in-terdiction, prohibition, suspension. INTERDIRE, in-têr-dir, v. a. (like dire, except the 2d per. of the plur. of the pres. indic. and imperat. interdisez) to interdict, prohibit or forbid; to put to a stand, stun, strike speechless, disconcert, astonish, amaze, strike with amazement. On a interdit nos églises, our churches are shut up. Interdire la chaire à un prédicateur, to suspend one from preach-

ing.
INTERDIT, E, in-ter-dl, dit, adj. forbidden, prohibited, interdicted; struck speechless, at a loss, put to a stand, stunned, amazed.

INTERDIT, s. m. interdiction or suspension (church censure.)

bar, bât, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleld, flg: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

INTÉRESSANT, E, m-ta-re-sen, sent, adj. interesting, moving, affecting, engaging, of great concern, material, remarkable.

Intéressé, E, in-ta-re-sa, adj. interested, concerned, or engaged, etc.; covetous, selfish, self-interested. Etre interessé à une chose, to be interested in or derive advantage from a

INTÉRESSÉ, s. m. party concerned, one of

the proprietors.

INTERESSER, in-th-re-sh, v. a. to interest, concern, engage; to prejudice; to give concern, burt, move, affect, interest. S'interesser, v. n to interest or concern one's self, be concerned, have a concern; be moved or affected. Mon coeur s'intéresse pour lui, my heart is

concerned for him.

concerned for him.

INTÍRÎT, in-tă-re, s. m. concern, incitement, allurement, pleasure; interest, good, benefit, advantage; profit, gain; usury, interest, use of money. J'ai interêt en cette perte, I am concerned in that loss. Prendre interêt à l'afficition de quelqu'un, to be concerned for one's grief. Il y ra de mon interêt, it concerns me. Je le ferai si j'y trouve mon interêt, I will do it if I find it beneficial to me. Entere dans les interêts de mellou'un, to side Enter dans les intérêts de quelqu'un, to side with one, be for one. Gagner l'intérêt de quelqu'un, to get one's self in favour with one. Exciter un intérêt puissant, to prepossess people strongly in one's favour.

INTERJECTION, in-ter-zek-slon, s. f. interjection. Interjection d'appel, lodging of an

appeal.
INTERJETER, in-terz-ta, v. a. (appel or un appel) to bring in or lodge an appeal, to ap-

INTÉRIEUR, E, in-ta-ri-èur, èur, adj. in-ternal, inward, iuner, interiour, intrinsick.

INTERIEUR, s. m. inward, or inner part (d'une maison) inner rooms. Dieu seul connoît l'intérieur, God alone knows the beart.

ÎNTÉRIEUREMENT, in-tâ-rî-êur-mên, adv.

internally, inwardly.

INTÉRIM, in-ta-rim, s. m. interim, mean time.

INTERLIGNE, in-ter-lign, s. f. interline.

Interlinéaire, in-têr-fl-nå-er, adj. interlined.

INTERLINEATION, s. f. interlineation.

INTERLOCUTEUR, in-ter-lô-kâ-teur, s. m. interlocutor.

. Interlocution, in-ter-lo-ka-slon, s. f. interlocution, interlocutory order.

INTERLOCUTOIRE, in-ter-lo-ka-twar, adj. & s. m. interlocutory order, interlocution, em-

parlance.

INTERLOPE, in-ter-lop, s. m. & adj. Mar. smuggler, contraband trader. Le commerce interlope, the smuggling trade. Faire un commerce interlope, to smuggle.

Interloquer, in-ter-lo-ka, v. a. (law term) to grant an emparlance, determine some small matter in a cause till such time as the principal cause be fully discussed.

INTERMEDE, in-ter-med, s. m. interlude (in a play.)

Intermediaire, in-ter-ma-dier, adj. in-

termedial. Intermédiate, e, in-têr-mâ-dlà, dlât, adj.

INTERMINABLE, in-ter-mi-nabl, adj. inter minable.

INTERMISSION, in-ter-mi-sion, s. f. intermission, pause, discontinuance, interruption.

INTERMITTENCE, in-ter-mi-tens, s. f. interruption (of the pulse.)

INTERMITTENT, E, in-ter-mi-ten, tent, adj. intermittent or intermitting. INTERNE, in-tern, adj. inward, internal. INTERNONCE, in-ter-nons, s. m. internun-

INTERPELLATION, in-ter-pel-la-sion, s. f.

summons, demand. INTERPELIER, in-têr-pêl-lå, v. a. (in law)

to summon, challenge, require.

INTERPOLATEUR, in-ter-po-la-teur, s. m.

interpolator. INTERPOLATION, in-ter-po-la-sion, s. f. in-

terpolation. INTERPOLER, in-têr-pô-là, v. a. to inter-

polate.

INTERPOSE, E, adj. interposed. Personnes interposées, mediators, arbitrators.

INTERPOSER, in-ter-po-zh, v. a. to inter-se on put between. Interposer son jugement, pose on put between. Interposer son jugement, to give in one's verdict among the rest. Interposer un acheteur, to buy under another person's name. S'interposer, v. r. to interpose or intermeddle.

INTERPOSITION, in-ter-po-zi-sion, s. f. in-

terposition.

INTERPRÉTATI-F, VE, in-têr-pra-ta-tif, tlv, adj. interpretative.

Interprétation, in-ter-pra-th-slon, s. f. interpretation, explanation, explication.

INTERPRÉTATIVEMENT, adv. interpretatively. INTERPRÈTE, in-têr-prêt, s. m. interpreter,

expounder, expositor, explainer, translator.
INTERPRETE, adj. interpreted, expounded,

explained.
INTERPRÉTER, in-ter-pra-ta, v. a. to interpret, expound, explain, tell the meaning of Interpreter une chose en bonne or marcuies part, to interpret a thing well or ill, take a thing in good or bad part, take well or ill, put a good or bad construction upon a thing. Vous interprétez mal ce que je dis, you misinterpret what I say, or my words; you mistake me.

Interrègne, in-ter-regn, s. m. interreign, interregnum.

INTERROGANT, adj. m. Ex. Point interrogant, s. m. point or note of interrogation (?).

INTERROGAT, s. m. interrogation, question. INTERROGATEUR, in-te-ro-ga-teur, s. m. interrogator.

INTERROGATI-F, VE, in-te-ro-ga-tif, tiv,

adj. interrogative. Interrogation, in-tê-rô-gå-sîon, s. f. interrogation, question, demand

Interrogatoire, in-te-ro-ga-twar, s. m. interrogatory, examination.

Interroger, in-tê-rô-zh, v. a. to interro-

gate, examine, ask a question.
INTERROMPRE, in-te-ronpr, v. a. to interrupt, disturb, take off, break off, leave off. Interrompre le cours d'une rivière, to interrupt or stop or divert the course of a river. qui interrompt une allée, ditch that interrupue or crosses a walk.

INTERROMPU, E, adj. interrupted, disturbed taken off. etc.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

INTERRUPTION, in-te-rap-sion, s. f. interruption, breaking off, discontinuance.

INTERSECTION, in-ter-sek-slon, s. f. inter-

INTERSTICE, in-ters-tis, s. m. interval or

space of time, interstice INTERVALLE, in-ter-val, s. f. interval, space or distance. Un fou qui a de bons intervalles, a madman who has lucid intervals.

INTERVENANT, E, in-terv-nen, nent, adj. intervening.

INTERVENIR, in-terv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to intervene or come betwixt, mediate, inter-

INTERVENTION, in-ter-ven-sion, s. f. inter-vention, mediation, interposition.

Intervenu, e, adj. intervened. Interversion, in-ter-ver-sion, s. f. disorder, derangement.

INTERVERTIE, in-têr-vêr-têr, v. a. to dis-order, overturn, derange.

INTERVERTISSEMENT, s. m. the act of de-

ranging or putting into disorder.

INTESTAT, in-testa, adj. (law term) Ex.

Héritier ab intestat, beir of one that dies intestate. Mourir intestat, to die intestate.

INTESTIN, E, in-testine, tin, adj. intestine, that is in the intestines or entrails. Une guerm

intestine, an intestine or civil wa.

INTESTINAL, E, in-tes-ti-adi, adj. intestinal. INTESTINS, s. m. pl. intestines, entrails,

INTIMATION, in-til-ma-slos, s. f. intimation,

INTIME, in-tim, adj. intimate, hearty. INTIME, s. m. intimate friend, great crony.
INTIME, s. adj. de. s. summoned; defendant.
INTIMEMENT, in-thm-men, adv. intimately,

with interacy.
IN THE ER, is ti-ti-ma, v. a. to signify, give

notice, summon. Intimidation, in-tl-ml-dh-slon, s. f. intimidating, frightening, threatening; frighten-

ing or fright; threatening, awe.

INTIMIDER, in-ti-nd-da, v. a. to intimidate, fright, seare, terrify, discourage.

INTIMITÉ, in-ti-mi-tà, s. f. intimacy, close connexion.

INTITULATION, in-tl-th-la-slow, s. f. title of

INTITULER, in-tl-th-la, v. a. to entitle, give a title to. S'intituler, v. r. to entitle or call one's self.

INTOLERABLE, in +6-là-rabl, adj. intolerable, unsufferable, not to be suffered or borne. INTOLERABLEMENT, adv. intolerably.
INTOLERANCE, in-to-la-rens, s.f. intolerance.

Intolerant, E, in-tô-là-ren, rem, adj. one who opposes toleration.

INTOLERANTISME, in-tô-là-ren-tism, s. m. sentiment of those who will not tolerate any religion but their own.

Interation, in-to-na-slor, s. f. intenation. INTRADOS, s. m. the concave part of a vault. INTRADUISIBLE, adj. that cannot be translated.

Intraitable, is-trê-tâbi, adj. untractable, harsh.

INTRANSITI-F, ve, adj. intransitive.
INTREPIDE, in-tra-pkl, adj. intrepid, stout, bold, fearless, dauntless, undaunted.

INTRÉPIDEMENT, in-trà-pid-mên, adv. intrepidly.

INTRÉPIDITÉ, in-trà-pl-dl-tà, s. f. intrepidity, fearlessness, stoutness, great courage greatness of courage, resolution.

greatness of courage, resonution.

INTRIGART, E. m.-til-gan, gant, adj. & a. intriguing, cunning, fit for business, that puts himself forward; intriguer.

INTRIGUE, int-tilg, a. f. intrigue; plot; plunge, scrape, difficulty; amour, love affair or affair with a lady. Femme d'intrigue, to pot bawd, procuress. Se tirer d'intrigue, to get out of the scrape.

out of the scrape.

INTRIGUER, in-tri-gh, v. a. to embroil or confound, puzzle. Intriguer, v. a. to intrigue, plot or cabal. S'intriguer, v. r. to puzzle one's self, engage in some intrigue; also to put one's self forward, thrust one's self into business, screw one's self into profitable acquaintance.

INTRIGUEU-R, SE, S. m. &cf. intriguer; also pimp or procurer, and bawd or procuress. INTRINS QUE, in-trin-sek, adj. intrinsick.

INTRINSÈQUEMENT, in-trin-sêk-mên, adv. intrinsically.

Introducteur, is-tro-dok-teur, s. m. in-L'introducteur des ambassadeurs troductor. the introductor of ambassadoss or master of the ceremonies.

INTRODUCTI-F, VE, adj. introductive.
INTRODUCTION, in-tro-duk-sion, s. f. in troduction.

INTRODUCTRICE, s. f. woman that introduces a person.

duces a person.

INTRODURE, in-trò-ddir, v. a. (See the table at sire,) to introduce, bring or bring in, broach or set a-broach. S'introduire, v. r. to broach or set a-broach. S'introduced, introduced one's self, be introduced.

INTRODUIT, E, adj. introduced, brought

in, etc.
INTROIT, m-tro-k, s. m. entry, or beginning (of mass.)

INTROMISSION, in-tro-mi-sion, s. f. intromission.

Intronisation, in-tro-ni-za-sion, s. f. enthroning (a bishop.)

INTRONISER, in-trò-nì-zà, am évêque, v. a. to enthrone or install a bishop.

INTROUVABLE, in-tròc-vabl, adj. not to be

found.

intruder. R s'est intrus là-dedans, he intruded, intruder. R s'est intrus là-dedans, he intruded himself there. Un pape intrus contre toutes sortes de formes, a pope illegally chosen. INTRUSION, in-trà-zion, s. f. intrusion. INTUITI-F, v. K. in-th-l-dif, thy, adj. intuitive. INTUITIVEN in-th-l-don, s. f. intuitive. INTUITIVENENT, in-th-l-d-lavens, s. f. intuition.

tuitively.

Intumescence, in-tû-mê-sêrs, s. f. intumescence.

INTUS-SUSCEPTION, s. f. (introduction d'un suc or d'une matière quelconque dans un corps organise) intus-susception (manner in which living bothes increase or grow). *INVAINCU, E, in-vin-kh, kh, adj. unvan-

quished.

INVALIDE, in-vå-lid, adj. invalid, void, of no force, that does not stand good in law; me valid, infirm. Les invalides or hôpital des in

valides, hospital for disabled soldiers. INVALIDEMENT, in-vå-fid-men, adv. with out force.

INVALIDER, in-vå-fi-då, v. a. to invalidate or make void,

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

INVALIDITÉ, in-vå-ll-dl-tå, s. f. invalidity, nullity.

Invariabilité, in-vå-:1-å-bl-il-tå, s. f. in-

variableness, constancy.
INVARIABLE, in-va-ri-abl, adj. invariable, immutable, unchangeable, constant.

INVARIABLEMENT, in-vå-rl-abl-men. adv.

invariably, firmly, steadfastly, constantly.
INVASION, in-va-zlon, s. f. invasion. INVECTIVE, in-vek-tly, s. f. invective, rail-

ing expression, opprobrious language.
INVECTIVER, in-vek-tl-va, contre, v. n. to

inveigh or rail at.

INVENDABLE, adj. that cannot be sold.

INVENDU, E, adj. unsold.

INVENTAIRE, in-ven-ter, s. m. inventory; also sale of goods set down in an inventory; and sort of flat basket.

INVENTER, v. a. to invent, devise, find out,

contrive, forge, or feign.

INVENT-EUR, RICE, in-ven-teur, tris, s. m. & f. inventor, author or contriver, forger. INVENTI-F, VE, in-ven-tif, tiv, adj. inven-

tive, ingenious.

INVENTION, in-ven-slon, s. f. invention, contrivance, device, trick, way. Vivre d'in-vention, to live upon one's wit. L'invention de la Sainte-Croix, the invention of the holy

INVENTORIER. in-ven-to-ria, v. a. to inventory.

INVERSABLE, in-ver-sabl, adj. that cannot be overturned. INVERSE, in-vers, adj. inverse, inverted.

INVERSION, in-ver-slon, s. m. inversion, transposition.

Investigateur, in-vês-ti-gå-teur, s. m. one who investigates.

Investigation, s. f. investigation. Investir, in-vestir, v. a. to invest or vest put in possession of; to invest, surround (with troops.) Investir, v. n. Mar. to run aground.

INVESTITURE, in-ves-ti-tur, s. f. investi-

ture or vesting.
INVÍTÉRÉ, E, adj. invoterate.
INVÉTÉRER, in-va-ta-ra, v. n. or s'invéterer, v. r. to grow inveterate or old.

INVINCIBLE, in-vin-sibl, adj. invincible, unconquerable, not to be vanquished.

INVINCIBLEMENT, in-vin-sibl-men, adv. vincibly. Il le prouve invinciblement, he mvincibly.

gives invincible proofs of it. INVIOLABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being in-

violable. INVIOLABLE, in-vl-d-labl, adj. inviolable, not to be broken, not to be violated, inviolate. INVIOLABLEMENT, in-vl-d-labl-men, adv. inviolably, a basolutely. INVIOLE, E, adj. unviolated. INVISIBILITÉ, in-vl-zl-bl-il-th, s. f. invisi-

cility. INVISIBLE, in-vi-zibl, adj. invisible, not to be seen. Devenir invisible, to disappear,

vanish out of sight. INVISIBLEMENT, in-v1-zlbl-men, adv. invisibly.

INVITATION, in-vl-ta-slon, s. f. invitation. INVITATOIRE, in-vi-ta-twar, adj. & s. m invitatory.

INVITER, in-vi-ta, v. a. to invite, allure, incite.

INVOCATION, in-vo-ka-slon, s. f. invocation calling upon.

INVOLONTAIRE, in-vô-lon-ter, adj. involuntary, done against one's will, forced, natural (though involuntarily.)

INVOLONTAIREMENT, in-vo-lon-ter-men,

adv. involuntarily, against one's will.
INVOLUTION, s. f. involution.
INVOQUER, in-vô-kå, v. a. to call upon, invoke.

NUSITÉ, E, l-nû-2l-lâ, adj. unusual, un-wonted; not in use, not used. INUTILE, l-uù-dl, adj. useless, needless, unnecessary, of no use, unprofitable, unser-viceable, idle, silly, frivolous, impertinent, without business, not employed.

INUTILEMENT, 1-nd-ull-men, adv. need-

lessly, to no purpose, in vain.
INUTILITE, 1-nd-tl-tl-ta, s. f. inutility, uselessness, unprofitableness, vainness, idle ness, unserviceableness, idle or impertinent things, impertinence.

Invraisemblable, adj. unlikely. Invraisemblance, s. f. unlikelihood. In threability, s. f. invulnerability.

INVULNERABLE, in-vål-nå-rabl, adj. invulnerable, not to be wounded or hurt.

IONIEN, NE, 1-0-nien, nien, adj. Ionian,

Ionien, ne, Ionick, of Ionia

IONIQUE, 1-0-nik, adj. Ionick. lonique, the Ionick order.

IOTA, lo-ta, s. m. iota; (a Greek letter.) When used negatively, it means, with the negative, not a jot, not a tittle, etc. Je n'y retrancherai pas un iota, I will not bate a tittle.

INE.

IPÉCACUANHA, s. m. ipecacuanha.

IRASCIBLE, Î-ră-sîbl, adj. irascible.

IRASCIBLE, s. m. irascible appetite.

IRE, îr, s. f. wrath, anger.

IRIS, Î-rîs, s. f. (of the eye, flower, etc.) iris;

rainbow.

IRLANDE, îr-lènd, s. f. Ireland.

IRLANDAIS, E, adj. & s. Irish, Irish man, Irish woman.

IRONIE, l-re-ni, s. f. irony. IRONIQUE, l-re-nik, adj. ironical.

IRONIQUEMENT, 1-rd-nik-men, adv. ironically.

IRRADIATION, Ir-ra-di-a-slon, s. f. irradiation.

IRRAISONNABLE, Ir-re-ze-nabl, adj. irrational.

*IRRAISONNABLEMENT, îr-rê-20-mâbl-mên, adv. irrationally, without any reason.

IRRATIONNEL, LE, adj. that has no ratio

or proportion.
IRRÉCONCILIABLE, ir-ra-kon-si-il-abl, adj.

irreconcileable.

IRRÉCONCILIABLEMENT, Îr-ra-kon-sî-liabl-men, adv. irreconcileably.

IRRECUSABLE, adj. that cannot be object-

ed_against.

IRRÉDUCTIBLE, î-râ-dûk-tîbl, adj. irreducible.

IRRÉDUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being irreducible.

IRRÍFORMABLE, adj. not to be reformed.
IRRÍFRAGABLE, İr-râ-frâ-gabl, adj. irrefragable, invincible, undeniable.
IRRÍGULARITÍ, İr-râ-gablâ-rî-tâ, s. f. irra-palaiti.

regularity. Un ouvrage où il y a beaucour d'irrégularités, a piece of work very irregular base, bût : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

IRRÍOULIER, E, fr-rh-gå-llå, ller, adj. irregular, not according to rule, out of rule,

IRRÉGULIER, s. m. irregular man, one that by reason of some misdemeanour cannot be admitted into orders or officiate if he be in orders.

IRRÉGULIÈREMENT, Îr-râ-gd-lièr-mên. adv. irregularly.

IRRÉLIGIEUSEMENT, Îr-ra-ll-zleuz-men,

adv. irreligiously, profanely.
IRRÉLIGIEU-X, SE, Îr-râ-Îl-zlêu, zlêuz, adj irreligious, contrary to religion, that has little or no religion; profane, impious, ungodly, atheistical.

IRRÉLIGION, Ir-ra-Il-2lon, s. f. irreligion. want of religion, profaneness, ungodliness,

atheism

IRRÉMÉDIABLE, îr-râ-mâ-dî-âbi, adj. irremediable,remediless,desperate, irrecoverable. IRREMÉDIABLEMENT, hr-rå-må-dlåbl-mên,

adv. irremediably, desperately, irrecoverably.
IRREMISSIBLE, ir-ra-mi-sibl, adj. irre-

missible, unpardonable, not to be forgiven. IRRÉMISSIBLEMENT, h-rā-ml-sībl-mēn, adv. irremissibly, without any pardon. IRRÉPARABLE, h-rā-pā-rābl, adj. irrepa-

rable, irrecoverable.

IRRÉPARABLEMENT, Îr-ra-pa-rabi-mên,

adv. irreparably, irrecoverably.

IRRÉPRÉHENSIBLE, îr-ra-pra-en-sibl, adj. irreprehensible, unblameable, unreprovable, faultless, blameless, without blame or blemish, of an unspotted life.

IRREPRÉHENSIBLEMENT, Îr-râ-prâ-ên-sîbl-mên, adv. irreprehensibly, blamelessly,

without fault.

IRRÉPROCHABLE, îr-râ-prô-shabl, adj. ir-reproachable, liameless. Témoins irréprochables, unexceptionable witnesses (against whom

nothing can be objected.)
IRREPROCHABLEMENT, ir-ra-pro-men, adv. irreproachably, blamelessly. îr-ra-pro-shabl-

IRRESISTIBILITE. s. f. irresistibility. IRRESISTIBLE Jr-ra-zls-t bl, adj.irresistible. IRRÉSISTIBLEMENT, îr-ra-zîs-tîbl-mên, adv. irresistibly.

IRRESOLU, E. Ir-ra-zo-lu, lu, adj.unresolved, trresolute, fickle, uncertain, wavering, in suspense, undecided, not decided or determined.

IRRÉ OLUBLE, adi. irresoluble, unanswerable.

IRRÉSOLUMENT, ir-rà-zò-là-mên, adv. irresolutely.

IRRESOLUTION, Ir-ra-zd-ld-sion, s. f. irresolution, uncertainty, suspen

IRRÉVÉREMMENT, ir-rà-và-rà-mên, adv. irreverently, rudely.

IRRÉVÉRENCE, îr-râ-vâ-rens, s. f. irrever-

cnce, want of respect or reverence, rudeness.
IRRÉVÉRENT, E, ir-rà-va-rèn, rènt, adj. irreverent, rude.

IRRÉVOCABILITÉ, Îr-râ-vô-kâ-bî-lî-tâ. s. f. quality of being irrevocable.

IRRÉVOCABLE, ir-rå-vô-kabi, adj. irrevocable, unrepealable, not to be revoked or called back.

IRRÉVOCABLEMENT, îr-râ-vô-kâbl-mên, adv. irrevocably. Juger irrévocublement, to give an irrevocable judgment.

IRBIGATION, s. f. irrigation (of lands.)
IRRISION, s. f. irrision, scorn, contempt.
Chasser quelqu'un avec irrision, to laugh one out of a place.

IRRITABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being irrita

IRRITABLE, adj. irritable.

IRRITANT, adj. (law term) annulling. IRRITATION, ir-ri-ta-sion, s. f. irritation exasperation.

IRRITÉ, E, adj. irritated, etc. Une mer irritée, an angry sea. Les flots irrités, the bois-

terous waves

IRRITER, Îr-rî-ta, v. a. to irritate, incense, urge, provoke, exasperate, anger. Irriter les humeurs, to irritate or provoke or stir up the humours. Irriter l'appétit, to sharpen the appetite.

IRRORATION, s. f. irrigation (in chemistry.) IRRUPTION, fr-rup-slon, s. f. irruption, in-

mad

Isabelle, î-zâ-bêl, s. m. isabella (sort of colour which partakes of the white, the yellow, and the carnation.)

ISABELLE, adj. of an isabella colour. Ru ban isabelle, isabella riband. Ch-oul isabelle, yellow dun horse.

Ischurétique, adj. ischuretick.

ISCHURIE, s. f. ischury.
ISLANDE, is-lend, Iceland.
ISLE, V. Ile.

Isocèle, adj. that has two sides equal. ISOCHRONE, adj. isochronal, isochronous. ISOLÉ, E, 1-zô-lå, adj. that stands by itself

independent, free from all attachment. ISOLER, v. a. to stand by itself, to be inde-

pendent. ISRAÉLITE, s. m. C'est un bon Israélite, he

is a man without guile.

Issant, E, adj. issant or issuent (in heruld

ry.)
*Issin, v. n. to issue, come from.

Issu, E, is-û, ù, adj. come, born, sprung, descended, extracted. Les rois dont il est issu, nis royal predecessors or progenitors.

Issue, I-sa, s. f. issue; passage, outlet or going out; end, success, event; way, means, expedient. Issues d'une ville, avenues of a town. Issue d'agneau, lamb's pluck or purtenance. A l'issue de, at the going or coming out of.

ISTHME, Istm, s. m. isthmus, neck of laud. Irague, s. m. Mar. runner, tye or pendant. l'ague (de palan, etc.) runner. L'ague de drisse. tye. Ilugue de drisse de hunier, top-sail tye. llague de drisse du grand hunier, main top-sail tyc. llague de drisse de perroquet, top-gallant tye. Rague de palan de ris, reef-tackle pendant or reef-tackle tye.

ITALIE, î-tâ-lî, s. f. Italy. ITALIEN, NE, î-tâ-liên, liên, adj. & s. Italian. L'Italien, la langue Italienne, Italian, the Italian tongue

ITALIQUE, I-tå-lik, adj. Italick. ITALIQUE, s. f. or lettre Italique, Italick or Italick letter.

ITEM, 1-tem, adv. item, moreover. ITEM, s. m. item, article. Voilà l'item, that

is the main point. ITÉRATI-F, VR, l-iå-rà-tîf, tiv, adj. uerat-

ed, repeated. ITÉRATIVEMENT, I-tà-rà-tlv-mên, adv. re

peatedly. ITINERAIRE, 1-tl-nå-rer, s. m. itinerary. book of roads.

ITYPHALE, s. f. a sort of amulet. Ivoire, l-vwar, s. m. ivory. Ivraie, l-vre, V. Icroie.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

of a side or set; play-house; booth, show; jest or jesting; manner of playing on musical instruments; action, performance, acting, nistrumens; action, performance, acting, play, game or gaming. Un jeu de mail, mail. Un jeu d'echecs, chess-men. Un jeu de paume, a tennis-court. Un jeu de billard, a billiard-table. Un jeu de boule, a bowling-green. Un jeu de quilles, a set of pins. Jeu d'argues, the row of pipes in an organ. Jeu de cartes, pack of cards. Tenir jeu, to play on ; also to keep a gaming-house or ordinary. carries, pack of cards. Tent yeu, to play on; also to keep a gaming-house or ordinary. Jouer le jeu, to play fair or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play. Mettre au jeu (mettre son enjeu) to stake, lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand or gros jeu, to play high. Jouer à jeu sur, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deax de jeu, to be upon even terms. Je sais son jeu, I know his way. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game at play. Avoir mausais jeu, to have bad cards; also to have a hard game at play. Jeu d'es-prit, ritty conceit, piece of wit, witticism. Jeu de paroles, feu de mots, quibble, pun, clinch. Jeu de intatre, dumb-show, attitude, gesture. Jeux, games, public games; plays. Les jeux, les ris, et les grâces, the sports, the

smiles, and the graces.

Jeu, Mar. play; also complete suit. Jeu de voiles, complete suit of sails. En donnant du feu à notre grand mêt, nous gagnerons de la marche, by giving our main-mast some play, we shall sail the faster.

JEUDI, zeu-di, s. m. Thursday. Jeudi-Saint, Maundy Thursday. La semaine des trois jeudis, when two Sundays come together.

JEUN, zun, Ex. A jeun, fasting. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.

JEUNE, zeun, adj. young, youthful, brisk; vigorous; younger, junior; young, not mature. It y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.

JEUNE, zeun, s. m. fast, fasting.

JEUNEMENT, adv. (terme de chasse) new-

JEUNER, zeu-na, v. n. to fast. Jehner au pain et a l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.

JEUNESSE, zeu-nes, s. f. youth, youthful days, youth, young man or young people; folly of youth, mad prank, gayety, frolick.

JEUNET, TE, zêu-nê, nêt, ad; very young.

JEUNEU-R, SE, zêu-nêur, neuz, S. m. & f.

Ex. Un grand jedneur, a great faster.

JOAILLERIE, vændri, s. m. jeweller's trade, jeweller's ware, jewels.

JOAILLER, zwå-flå, s. m. jeweller.

*JOBELIN, s. m. fool, cuckold.

*Toolises Alles m simpletin, cot.

*Jocrissi, zo-kris, s. m. simpleton, cot,

cot-quean.
*JODELET, zôd-lê, s. m. buffoon, fool, mer-

ry andrew.

Joir, zwa, s. m. joy, mirth, delight, pleasure, content, gladness. H est à la joie de san cozur, he has his heart's delight or desire. Donate and control in the san and co ceets, he has in seart's delight or desire. Donner de la joie à quelqu'um, to make one glad,
rejoice one. Sentir or recevoir de la joie, to be
joyful or well pleased or glad. Comblé de
joie, over-joyed. Title or femme de joie, woman or lady of please.

Jeconate prop. next or next to, by, hard
by near, bordering upon.

JOIGNANT, E. zwa-gnen, gnent, adi. adjoining, next.

JOINDRE, zwindr, v. a. (See the table at oindre) to join; put together, close; add to, put to; unite, ally or reconcile; to overtake; to meet. Joindre un homme, to accost a man, come up to a man. Joindre, v. n. to close, shut close, lie close. Il ne veut pas joindre (or con-descendre) he will not buckle to or condescend. Se joindre, v. r. to join or close; to join or meet, come together; to associate, side or combine. Se joindre au parti contraire, to take the contrary side.

Joindry, Mar. to join, etc. Deux vaisseaux de ligne ont joint notre escadre ce matin, two ships of the line have joined our squadron this morning. Nous joindrons les premiers le bâtiment chasse, we shall be the first up with the chase. Les écoutes du petit hunier sont à joindre the foreston-sail sheets apre home.

dre, the fore-top-sail sheets are home.

JOINT, E, adj. joined, etc. Joint que, conj. besides, besides that, to which add (or you

may add) that.

may adoj inat.

John, zwin, s. m. joint or article; (in architecture) joint or seam.

Joint E. g. zwin-tä, adj. jointed.

Joint E. g. f. two handfuls.

Joint L. zwin-tår, s. f. joint.

Joli, E, 20-il, il, adj. pretty, fine, agreeable, genteel.
Joli, s. m. prettines

JOLIET, TE, 20-fl-ê, êt, adj. pretty. JOLIMENT, 20-fl-mên, adv. prettily, handsomely, neatly.

JOLIVETES, zo-liv-ta, s. f. pl. pretty things, knacks, trifles, toys, gewgaws. Un enfant qui dit cent folivetes, a child that says a hundred pretty things.

Jonc, zon, s. m. rush, bulrush; ring without a bezel. Jonc marin, sea-rush.
Jonché, E, adj strewed, covered, spread

JONCHEE, 201-slift, s. f. strewing flowers, herbs or branches strewed. Jonchee de crême, kind of cream-cheese made in a frail of rushes.

JONCHER, zon-sha, v. a. to strew, cover, to spread over (will flowers.)

JONCHETS, zon-she, s. m. pl. set of small

JONCHETS, 2018-310, and provided to play with.

JONCTION, 2018-310n, s. f. joining, conjunction, coming together. La jonction des deux escadres s'est effectuée, the two fleets have effected a junction

JONGLERIE, s. f. trick, cheat.

Jongleun, zon-gieur, s.m. juggler, mountebank.

JONQUE, s. f. Mar. Chinese junk.

JONQUILLE, 20n-kll, s. f. jonquille. JOTTEREAU. s. m. Mar. hound, cheek. Jottereaux des mâts, cheeks of the masts, hounds. Courbes de jottereaux, cheeks of the

JOUAILLER, 200-a-la, v. n. (diminutive of the verb jouer) to play for trifles or for diver sion.

JOUBARBE, 200-barb, s. f. house-leek.

Jour, 200, s. f. cheek. Donner sur la joue a quelqu'un, hi couvrir la joue, to give one a box on the ear or a slap over the face. Joues (d'une poutle) Mar. cheeks. JOUER, zoo-a, v. a. to play or act. Jouer

quelqu'un, to play upon one, jeer or ridicule one, make sport with one; also to make s

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

fool of one, mock one, play the fool with one, amuse or cheat one. Jouer was pièce or un tour à quelqu'un, en jouer d'un à une personne, to play or serve, or show one a trick, put a trick upon one. Jouer les deux, to play the ambidance forme des contrations of the contration of the the ambidexier. Jouer deux or trois parties, to play two or three games. Faire jouer une pièce d'artillerie, to fire or discharge a piece of ordnance. Faire jouer une fougade, to spring a mine.

Jouer, v. n. to play, play the fool or the wag, sport, game. Jouer, to game, be a gamester. Jouer d'un instrument de musique, to play upon a musical instrument. Jouer à, to venture or hazard, run the hazard of. Jouer à tout perdre, to venture all, stake all at once. If joue à se faire tuer, he hazards or ventures his life. Jouer aux cartes, auz dés, etc. to play at cards, at dice, etc. Jouer des gobelets, to show tricks of legerdemain, play juggler's tricks. Donner à jouer, to keep a gaminghouse. Jouer à la fausse compagnie, to leave in the lurch, also to turn flincher, steal away. Jouer à quitte or à double, to run all hazards, win the horse or lose the saddle. Jouer de son reste, to use one's last shifts, make one's last push, be at one's last stake. des conteaux, to fight with swords. Jouer au plus fin avec quelqu'un, to vie in cunning with one. Jouer (or se jouer) sur des mots, to play upon words, pun. Se jouer, v. r. to play, sport. Se jouer de quelqu'un, to play the fool with one, make sport with one, jeer or banter one. Se jouer de l'écriture sainte, to play with or droll upon the scripture, abuse it. Se jouer, to be in jest. Il se joue des choses les plus difficiles, the most difficult which se makes nothing of things are play to him, he makes nothing of them. Ne rous jouez pas à cela, ne rous y jouez pas, do not fool with that, do not meddle with it, let that alone. Ne rous jouez pas à lui, do not meddle with him, take care of

Jouer, v. n. Mar. to play, etc. Les vents ne font que jouer, the wind is continually flying about. It nous fallut faire jouer toutes les pompes, we were obliged to keep all the pumps going. Le bâtiment joue de partout, the ship works from stem to stern. Les mâts jouent beaucoup dans leurs étambrais, the masts have

a good deal of play in the partners.

JOUEREAU, zoo-ro, s. m. sorry gamester or player, bungler at play: one that plays for

a small matter or for a trifle.

JOUET, 200-e, s. m. play-thing, toy, sport; laughing stock, sport or make-game. Etre le jouet de la fortune, to be fortune's foot ball. Jouets, Mar. plates of iron used to prevent the bolt heads from cutting the timber into which

they are driven.

Joueu-R, se, 200-eur, euz, s. m. & f. gamester or player. Joueur a ristruments, punical instruments, musician. Joueur de gobelets, juggler. C'est un rude joueur, he wan to meddle with. Une ster or player. Joueur d'instrumens, player rule joueuse en critique, a very critical woman.

JOUFFLU, E, zoo-fld, u, adj. bloated, chub-

Jung, zoog, s. m. yoke, subjection, slavery, sondage. Subir le joug, to yield or submit. Junjoy, zoo-zoo, s. m. play-thing.

Journ toolr, de, v. n. to enjoy, possess.

JOUISSANCE, zoo-l-sens, s. f. enjoying, en-

joyment, possessing or possession.

JOUISSANT, E, adj. enjoying, in possession,

in full possession.

Jour, zoor, s. m. day, day-light, light; way, means, insight; life; aperture through which light enters; light (in painting.) space, which light enters; light (in painting;) space, clear space; a day. Bon jour (jour de set fet) holy-day. Faire son bon jour, to receive the sacrament. Bon jour, good-morrow. Un donneur de bons jours, one that gives nothing but sair words. Si je vois jour à cela, if I find the thing seasible. Perdre le jour, to lose one's life, die. Se faire jour, to make way, break through. Percé à jour, bored through. Mettre au jour, to publish, set sorth or put out. Mettre une chose dans un beau jour, to set off a thine. Dut the best gloss upon it, show it to the thing, put the best gloss upon it, show it to the best advantage. En plein jour, devant tout le monde, at noon-day, in the face of the whole world. Etre de jour, to be upon duty twenty four hours as a general officer. Est-il jour ici? Is such a one up or stirring? Au premier jour, with the first opportunity, as soon as possible. Vivre au jour la journée, to live from hand to mouth.

Jourd'hui, V. *Hu*i.

JOURNAL, zoor-nal, s. m. journal, diary, day-book; acre of land. Mar. Ex. Journal de navigation or journal nautique, journal, log book. Journal du loch, traverse-table. Journalier, e, zdor-na-lfa, lier, adj

daily, diurnal; uncertain, fickle, inconstant.

JOURNALIER, s. m. journey-man. JOURNALISTE, #oor-nå-list, s. m. journal-

Journée, coor-na, s. f. day; day's work, day's journey; day (of battle) light, battle. Journellement, zoor-nel-men, adv.dai-

ly, day by day, every day.

Joure, 2001, s. f. just or joust, tilting. Joule de coqs, cock-fighting.

JOUTER, 200-ta, v. n. to just or joust, run a

tilt; (de coqs) to fight.
JOUTEUR, 200-teur, s. m. juster or jouster,

one that runs a tilt. *JOUVENCE, 200-vens, s. f. youth. La fon-taine de jourence, the mill that grinds old peo-

ple young.
"JOUVENCEAU, 200-ven-20, s. m. youth or

"JOUVERCEAU, 200-ven-30, s. m. youth or lad; young man, stripling.

"JOUVERCELLE, 200-ven-30, s. f. young maid, young virgin, lass.

"JOUNTE, prep. Ex. Jouxte la copie imprimée à Paris, according to the copy printed at Paris. Jouxte le palase, near the palace.

JOVIAL, E. 20-vl-31, adj. jovial, merry, pleasant, jouvel, s. m jewel

Joyau, zwa-yo, s. m. jewel.

JOYEUSEMENT, zwa-yeuz-men, adv. joy-fully, gladly, cheerfully.

*JOYEUSETÉ, zwa-yeuz-ta, s. f. jest, joke,

humour.

numour.

JOYEU-X, SE, zwa-yeu, yeuz, adj. merry,
cheerful, glad, joyful, joyous.

JUBE, xd-ba, s. m. lobby or gallery (in
a great church between the choir and the body
of the church.) Venir à jubé, to buckle to,

come to reasonable term JUBILATION, 2d-bi-la-slon, s. f. jubilation, rejoicing, merry-making, feasting.

Junick, zů-bl-là, s. m jubilee, plenary in-

bar, bât, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

JUBILÉ, adj. s. m. jubilate (ecclesiastick who

JUCHE, E, adj. roosted. Elle étoit juche comme une poule au haut du bagage, she sat roosting like a hen upon the goods.

JUCHER, zū-shā, v. n. se jucher, v. r. to

roost. Juсноїк, zů-shwar, s. m. roost.

JUDA, s. m. (in a floor) hole, opening.
JUDATQUE, zd-da-lk, adj. Jewish, judaical
or judaick. A la judatque, according to the
Jews, after the Jewish manner.

JUDAISER, zū-dā-i-zā, v. n. to judaize. JUDAISER, zū-dā-ism, s. m. Judaism, the

Jews' religion or doctrine.

JUDELLE, S. f. sort of aquatick bird.

JUDICATURE, zů-dî-kå-tur, s. f. judicature, law, knowledge of the law. Office or charge

INW, KNOWINGE OF the INW. Unice or charge the judicature, a judge's place or office.

JUDICIAIRE, zā-dī-sī-ēr, adj. judicial or judiciary, legal, done in due form of justice. L'astrologie judiciaire, judicial astrology.

JUDICIAIREMENT, zā-dī-sī-ēr-mēn, adv. judicially, in a judicial way, according to the course of law.

due course of law.

JUDICIEUSEMENT, zū-dī-sì-èuz-men, adv. judiciously, wisely, rationally, with judgment. Judicieu-x, se, zû-dî-sî-êu, êuz, adj. ju-

dicious, rational, wise, prudent.

Juag, rux, s. m. judge; umpire, arbitrator. Eire juge d'une chose, to be judge of or have skill in a thing.

JUGEMENT, zůz-měn, s. m. a judgment, sentence, decree, order; judgment, reason, understanding; opinion, mind. Le jour du

fugement, the day of judgment, doomsday.

JUGER, 20-28, v. a. to judge, decide, derunnie; try, be a judge of; to give or pass
sentence, judgment or verdict; to judge,
guess, conjecture; think, believe, suppose; conceive, imagine.

JUGOLINE, S. f. sesame (a plant.)
JUGOLAIRE, zā-gā-lèr, adļ. jugular. La
seine fugulare, the jugular vein.
JUL-7, VE, žūlf, zulv, adj. & s. Jewish, of
the Jews; Jew Jewess, (à la juire) Jew-like, after the Jewish manner.

JUILLET, zů-lê, s. m. July. JUIN, zuin, s. m. June.

JUJUBE, s. f. (sort of fruit) jujube. JUJUBER, s. m. jujube-tree. JUIVERIE, zdiv-ri, s. f. part of a town JUIVERIE, 21
where Jews live.

JULE, s. m. an insect; Italian five-pence.

JULEP, 2d-lêp, s. m. julap. JULIEN, s. m. St. Julian plum. JULIENNE, 2d-lên, s. m. gilliflower. JULIENNE, adj. f. Ex. La période Julienne,

the Julian period.

JUMART, s. m. Jumart.

JUM-EAU, ELLE, zå-mo, mel, adj. twin. Deux frères fumeaux, twin brothers. Sa sœur fumelle, his twin sister. Cerise jumelle, twin or double cherry.

JUMEAU, S. m. twin. Les gémeaux, Gemi-

JUMELLE,'s. f. female twin. Les deux jumelles d'une presse, the cheeks or side-beams of a press. Mar. fish (of a mast or yard,) of a press. Mar. fish (of a mast or yard.)
side-piece (in making a mast.) Jumelles de rechange, spare fishes.

JUMELLER, v. a. Mar. to fish (a mast or yard.)

JUMENT, zů-měn, s. f. mare; mould to make money

JUNTE, s. f. name given to several coun cils in Spain.

JUPE, zup, s. f. petticoat.

"Jupin, s. m. Jove.

JUPITER, zů-pl-ter, s. m. Jupiter (one of the planets.)

JUPON, 20-pon, s. m. under or short petticoat.

JURADE, s. f. court of aldermen or sheriffs. JURANDE, s. f. wardenship, being a warden in a company of tradesmen; wardens in a company of tradesmen.

JURAT, zu ra, s. m. jurat, an alderman or

sheriff.

JURATOIRE, 20-ra-twar, adj. juratory, swearing or to be sworn.

swearing or to be swoin.

Jurg, E, ed.-fa, adj. sworn or sworn to, etc.

V. Jurer. Un ememi jure, a sworn, open, declared or professed enemy. Matrone jurée, sworn matron. Lingère jurée, sworn seam-

JURÉ, s. m. a tradesman sworn by the master of a company, warden or livery man in a company of tradesmen; juryman.

JUREMENT, 20r-men, s. m. profane swear-

ing, oath, blasphemy.

JURER, 20-ra, v. n. & a. to swear or swear to, take an oath; to make a vow; to swear,

curse, blaspheme; to clash; to jar. JUREU-R, SE, 20-reur, reuz, s. m. & f. swearer, swearing man or woman.

JURI or Y, s. m. jury. JURIDICTION, zd-rl-dik-slon, s. f. jurisdic-

JURIDIQUE, zů-ri-dík, adj. juridical, law-

ful, legal, according to law.

JURIDIQUEMENT, 20-11-dik-men, adv. juridically, legally, according to law

JURISCONSULTE, zd-ris-kon-sdit, lawyer, a man learned in the law, civilian, counsellor.

JURISDICTION, V. Juridiction.

JURISPRUDENCE, zů-rîs-prů-dèns, s. f. jurisprudence, science of the law.

JURISTE, 2d-rist, s. m. jurist, writer on

law.
*JURON, zd-ron, s. m. affected oath. Jus, zu, s. m. juice; (of meat) gravy. Jusant, zu-sen, s. m. Mar. ebb-tide, ebb.

Le jusant est à sa fin, the ebb is almost spent. JUSQU'A, 2018-kh, or JUSQUES, 2018k, A, prep. to, even to, as far as, till, until. Depuis Paris jusqu'à Rome, from Paris to Rome. (See Observ. 6 on A.) Jusqu'à ce point or jusques à ce point, to that point, to that height, to that degree. Jusqu'à présent, till now, until now, hitherto. Sa libéralité s'est étendue jusqu'à moi, his liberality extended even to partie de la libéralité s'est étendue jusqu'à moi, his liberality extended even to partie de la liberalité s'est étendue. me. Crier jusqu'à s'enrouer, to bawl one's self hoarse. Brûler du vin jusqu'aux deux tiers, to burn two thirds of wine away. Il n'y avoit pas jusques aux plus abjects des hommes qui ne criassent contre lui, even the worst or the very worst of men did cry out upon him. Il a veridis jusqu'à sa chemise, he has sold the very shirt off his back. Jusques dynam? How long? Jusques-ld, to that place, so far, thither S'il va jusques là que de dire, i' he te so band as to say.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

JUSQUIAME, zds-kiam, s. f. (plant) henbane, hog's bane

JUSSANT, V.

JUSSION, 20-sion, s. f. (in chancery) com-

Justaucorps, zůs-tò-kör, s. m. close coat ;

sonabe; righteous, upright; fit, fitting; exact, true, even; close, strait. Juste Dieu! good God. JUSTE, 20st, adj, just, 1 ight, equitable, rea-

JUSTE, s. m. just. Au juste, justly, precise-

ly, exactly. A country-woman's dress.

JUSTE, adv. Ex. Parler juste, to speak proper; also to speak to the point. Chanter juste, to sing correctly. Il est chausse trop puste, his shoes pinch him.

JUSTEMENT, zůst-měn, adv. justly, rightfully; just, exactly; justement; vous aver ren-contre, right, you have hit the nail on the

JUSTESSE, 20s-tes, s. f. exactness, regulari-

ty, due proportion.

JUSTICE, 20s-tis, s. f. a justice; justice, moral virtue; right, equity, reasonableness, justness; justice, law; jurisdiction, court; righteousness, uprightness; gallows. Rendre fustice à quelqu'un, au mérile, etc. to do are justice to queiqu'un, au merue, etc. to co pustice to one, to merit, etc. or to give one bis due, etc. Se faire justice, to be one's own judge. Administrer lu justice, to administrer justice. Appeler queiqu'un en justice, to sue one at law, go to law with one, take the law of one. La justice videra notre différent, the court shall decide our controversy. Un four id set a magnific a feel. qui de ses revenus engraisse la justice, a fool who with his income fattens the lawyers. Faire justice d'un criminel, to execute a male-

JUSTICIABLE, zos-il-sl-abl, adj. cogniza-

JUSTICIER, s. m. that does justice, severe; that has a jurisdiction, justice or judge.

JUSTICIER, 20s-1l-sl-å, v. a. to punish cor-

porally, execute, hang.

JUSTIFIABLE, adj. justifiable.

JUSTIFIANT, E, zůs-ll-fl-en, ent, adj. justifying.

JUSTIFICATI-F, VE, 20s-ti-fl-ka-tif, tlv, adj. justifying, seeming to justify or prove.

Pièce justificative, voucher.

JUSTIFICATION, s. f. justification, defence; justification, action and effect of justifying

JUSTIFIER, 20s-tl-fi-a, v. a. to justify or clear; to justify, verify, show or prove, make good; to justify or bring into a state of grace. Justifier les lignes, (in printing) to make the lines even. Se justifier, v. r. to justify or clear one's self.

JUTEU-x, SE, adj. juicy.

JUXTA-POSITION, 20ks-12-po-21-sion, s. f. juxta-position.

K, kå, kė, s. m. 11th 'etter of the French alphabet, seldom found except in foreign

KABAK, s. m. public house (in Russia.) KABIN, s. m marriage for a limited time. KABY, s. m. tree of which negro-men make cannes.

KAKATOES, s. m. Mar. royal. Le petit kakatoes, the fore top gallant ruyal. I grand kakatoes, the main top gallant royal.

KAHOUANNE, s. f. a sort of tortoise.

Kalı, kå-lî, s. m. kali.

KAN, kan, s. m. Kan (commander among the Tartars.)

KARMESSE, kar mes, s. f. annual fair (in Holland and the Low-Countries.)

KARUTA, s. m. a sort of aloes

KASINE, s. f. the Grand Seignior's treasury KERMES, s. m. kermes.

KETCH, s. m. Mar. ketch.
KIBLA, s. m. kibla (the place which the
Mahometans turn to when they pray.)

KINANCIE, s. f. ulcerated quinsey. KIOSQUE, M. osk, s. m. Mar. sort of turret elevated on the poop of a Turkish caravelle.

A pavilion in a garden.

Koff, s. m. Mar. sort of Dutch vessel of

burden.

KYRIÉ-ÉLÉISON, s. m. Lord have pity on me (part of the mass.

KYRIELLE, kl-rl-el, s. f. litany; legend or long tedious story.

KYSTE, klst, s. m. cyst or cystis.

L, el, la, s. f. 12th letter of the French alphabet.

LA, l'4, (article of feminine nouns) the. La femme, la maison, the woman, the house. When the noun is used in a general sense, la is not expressed in English. Aimer la vertu, to love virtue.

La, (Relative pronoun, the feminine of le) her, it. Je la cherche, I look for her. La roici

here she is, here it is.

Là, adv. there, yonder, in that place. When this particle follows a nown which is preceded by ce, cet, cette, ces, it is not expressed in English. Cet homme-ta, that man. Ces femmes-la, those women. See also Celui-là, etc. at the word Celui. Là même, in that very place. Là où, where; or when? Là had, above, up there. La-bas, down, down there, below. Là-dessus, on or up there; sur cela, upon that, thereupon. La-dessous, under there. Dela, off, thence, from that, from that place. De-là, means also beyond, over that side or on the other side; and de de-là, of or from beyond. Passer de-là l'ean, to go over the water, to go on the other side the water. Ceci vient de de-là les Alpes, this comes from beyond the Alps. Au de-là, par de-là, en de-là, that side, on that side, on the other side, also above or over. Au de-là, as well as par de-là de, beyond, on the other side. De-là de-là, up and down, this side and the other. de-là, up and down, this side and the other. Aller à cheval jambe de-là, to ride astraddle. De là où, from or of that place, where. Que faites-vous là? what are you doing? Fen suis là, c'est mon hameur, I am just so, that is just my humour. La, lu, so so, pretty well, indifferent. La, la, nous nous trouverons ailleurs, come, come, we will meet elsewhere. La, la, ne faites point tant de bruit, peace there, do not make so much noise.

La, s. m. (note of musick) la. LABARUM, s. m. Constantine's imperial standard.

LABDANUM, V. Ladamen.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

LABRUR, là-beur, s. m. labour. Terre en ! labeur, ploughed and sown land.

Deur, ploughed and sown land.

*Labeurer, v. n. to labour, operate.

Labiat, e, la-bl-âl, adj. labial.

Labie, e, adj. labiated.

Labie, lâ-bl, adj. Ex. Mémoire labile, weak, bad or treacherous memory.

LABIRINTHE, V. Labyrinthe. LABORATOIRE, la-bo-ra-twar, s. m. labo-

ratory. LABORIEUSEMENT, lå-bð-rì-cuz-men, adv.

laboriously, painfully, hardly.
LABORIEU-X, SE, la-bo-ri-èu, èuz, adj. laborious, that works hard, that takes a great

deal of pains, painful, hard, toilsome.

LABOUR, 'a-boor, s. m. tillage, ploughing.

Terre en labour, ploughed land ready for sowing. V. Labeur. Donner un premier labour à la terre, to break up the ground, plough a field the first time. Donner un la-

bour à la vigne, to dress a vine.

LABOURABLE, la-boo-rabl, adv. arable, to

be ploughed or tilled

LABOURAGE, la-boo-raz, s.m. husbandry,

tillage, agriculture, pleughing.
LABOURER, M.-boo-ra, v. a. to till, plough or break up the ground; to dig. Labourer la vigne, to dress or cultivate the vine.

Labourer, v. a. Mar. Ex. Labourer arec son oncre, to drag. L'ancre laboure, the anchor comes home. Labourer le fond avec la quille, to touch the ground with the keel (so as not to hang.)

LABOUREUR, là-boo-reur, s. m. husband-

man, tiller, ploughman

LABYRINTHE, la-bi-rint, s. m. labyrinth, maze; perplexity, trouble; intricate or perplexed business.

Lac, lak, s. m. lake.

LACER, là-sa, v. a. to lace, tie with a lace. Lacer un ruban, to run a ribbon round the skirt of a garment

Laceration, la-sh-ra-sion, s. f. laceration. Lacerate, la-se-ra, v. a. to lacerate, rend,

tear or tear in pieces.
LACERON, V. Laiteron.
LACET, la-se, s. m. cord to lace with,

enare, gin, spring, noose.

LAGHE, lash, adj. slack, loose, soft, unbent; slothful, sluggish, lazy, slow, dull; remiss, easy, soft; cowardly, faint or faint-hearted, easy, soit; cowardly, name or lami-nearest, unmanily; base, shameful, unworthy, ungenerous. Avoir le ventre lâche, to be relaxed, have a looseness. Le temps est lâche, it is faint, these or sultry weather. Le bâtiment est lâche, Mar. the ship carries a slack-helm.

LACHE, s. m. coward, cowardly man, pol-troon; a base, sordid, sneaking, pitiful fellow. LACHÉ, E, adj. (V. lâcher) let out, loose or

loosened, etc.

loosened, etc.

Lachement, lash-men, adv. cowardly, shamefully; slackly, remisely, faintly, faintheartedly; sluggishly, slowly.

Lacher, la-sha, v. a. to slack or slacken, loosen, make loose, unbind or let out; to release, let loose, let go. Lâcher prise, to let go one's hold. Lâcher la main à quelqu'un, to give one more liberty. Lâcher des chiens arres guelqu'un, let dous after one. Ma après quelqu'un, to let dogs after one. Ma-lade qui làche tout sous lui, one unable to re-tain his excrements. Lâcher de l'eau, to make water, piss. Viande qui lâche le ventre, loosening meat. Lâcher un rent to break

wind, fart. Lâcher le pied, to lose ground; also to scamper or run away. Lâcher une bordée à un bâtiment, Mar. to pour a broadside into a ship.

Lâcher, v. n. to go off (as a gun or pistol does;) (at cards) to revoke, let go. Se lâcher, v. r. to slacken, grow loose, unbend.
Lacherti, lâsh-â, s. m. cowardliness, cowardice, faint-heartedness, baseness, base

or unworthy action; slackness, sluggishness, slothfulness, dullness

LACINIÉ, E, adj. lacinated (in botany.)
LACIS, là-sl, s. m. net-work.
LACONIQUE, là-kô-nik, adj. laconick,
short, concise, brief. Un style laconique, a laconick or concise style.

LACONIQUEMENT, lå-kô-nik-mên, adv. laconically, after a laconick way, concisely. LACONISME, la-ko-nism, s. m. laconism,

short and pithy way of expressing one's self.

LACRYMAL, E. lå-kri-mål, adj. lachrymal. Fistule lacrymale, weeping fistula.
LACRYMATOIRE, la-kri-ma-twar, s. m.

lachrymatory.

LACS, lå, s. m. string; net, gin, snare, spring, noose; difficulty, embarrassment.

Lacs d'amour, love-knot.

Lactée, låk-lå, adj. lacteal, milky. Les

veines lactées, the lacteal veins.

LACUNE, là-kân, s. f. gap, blank place in a book, something lest out that is lost. Lacunes, Mar. too great openings or spaces be-tween ships in a line of battle.

LADANUM, s. m. labdanum, a soft resin. LADI, s. f. lady, woman of rank. LADRE, ladr, ad, leprous; insensible, that has no feeling; sordid, base, stingy, covetous.

Un cochon ladre, a measled hog.

LADRE, s. m. LADRESSE, lådr, låd-res, s. f. leper, leprous man or woman, lazar; also miser or sordid person. Maison de ladres, lagge-base laggerette. lazar-house, lazaretto.

LADRERIE, lå-dre-ri, s. f. leprosy, stingi-

ness, sordid a varice; lazaretto, lazar-house.
LADRESSE, s. f. V. Ladre.

LAGUE, lag, s. f. Mar. track or wake of a ship.

LAGUNE, la-gun, s. f. a pond caused by marshy ground.

LAI, E, lê, lè, adj. & s. lay, secular, temporal; lay-man. Moine lai, disabled soldier maintained in an abbey. Complaint, dole,

sorrow, a plaintive song or lay.

LAICHE, s. f. weed that blisters a horse's

LAID, E, IÈ, Ièd, adj. & s. ugly, ill-favour-ed, homely, not handsome, deformed, disa-greeable, base, unseemly. LAIDERON, Ièd-ron, s. f. homely young

LAIDEUR, le-deur, s. f. ugliness, ill-favour-

edness, deformity, baseness.

LAIE, lê, s. f. wild sow; riding or lane (through a forest.)

LAINAGE, le-waz, s. m. woollen goods.

LAINE, len, s. f. wool.

LAINEU-X, SE, lê-neu, neuz, adj. woolly, full of wool.

LAINIER, le-nia, s. m. dealer in wool. Lainière, s. f. wife or widow of a dealer in

LATQUE, lå-ik, adj. lay, secular, temporal.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

LATQUE, s. m. lay or secular man. Les Latques, the laity, the people.
LAIS, le, s. f. standard-tree.

LAISSE, les, s. f. hat-band; leash to bind bounds. Laisses de la mer, Mar. sea-wreck, whatever the sea casts upon the beach.

LAISSÉES, le-sa, s. f. pl. the dung of a

wolf, bear or wild boar.

LAISSER, le-sa, v. a. to leave; forsake or abandon; to leave, trust, deposit, commit; yield, give way; to permit, suffer, allow; bequeath; to leave off, forbear. Il a laissé une quesan; to reave on, torrear. It a tasse une femme et quatre enfans, he has lest a wise and four children. Laissez-moi, let me alone, be quiet. Laissez, laissez, forbear, forbear, enough, enough. Laisser une chose à certain prix, to let a thing go or to part with a thing at a certain price. Laisser la vie, to lose or lay down one's life. Laissez-le dire, et him talk. Je vous laisse (or donne) à penser, I leave you to imagine. Laisser tomber, to let fall, drop down. Se laisser tomber, to fall, get a fall or tumble. Se laisser battre, to suffer one's self to be beaten. Se laisser aller, to yield. Se laisser aller à, to give way or yield to give one's self up to. Se laisser entendre sur quelque offaire, to intimate, give to nadorstand. Je me suis laissé dire, I have heard, I was told. Bien qu'il soit fort punvre, il ne laisse pas d'être heureux, although he is very poor yet he is happy. Quelque bien traite qu'il soit, il ne laissera pas de se nlaindre, though he is very well used he will complain for all that. V. the observation on Reau.

Laisser, v. a. Mar. Ex. Laisser un hâtiment de l'arrière, to drop a vessel. Laisser une bouée sur un câble, to leave a ship-buoy upon a cable. L'ancre n-t-elle laissé? Is the anchor weighed? Laisse arriver, let her go off. Laisse abattre, let her fall off. Laisse aller, launch, ho. Laisse aller partout, let go fore and ast. Laisse venir en route, bring her to the course. Laisse venir au rent, bring her to the wind. Laisse venir sur tribord, give her the port helm. Laisse venir sur båbord, give her the starboard helm. Laisser courir un bâtiment sur sa panne, to right the helm (so as to let the ship forereach) with the main or fore top-sail to the mast. Laisser tomber l'ancre, to drop the anchor. Laisser tomber une aucre à pic, to let go an auchor under foot. Laisser tomber une basse voile, to drop a course (when going large.) Laisse tomber la misaine, down sore-sail. Laisse tomber le point de dessous le vent de grande roile, let run the lee main cluegarnet. Se laisser coiffer, to be taken aback (through inattention or neglect.)

LAISSER-COURRE, s. m. time or place where the hounds are let loose.

Laisse-tout-faire, s. m. a voman's breast-knot.

LAIT, le, s. m. milk. Du petit lait, du lait clair, whey. Mere de lait, a foster-brother. Scenr de lait, a foster-sister. La voie de lait or la vrie lactée, the milky way. Lait de chaux, whiting or size. Cochon de lait, sucking pig. Deuts de lait, the first teeth. Actoir une deut de lait contre quelqu'un, to have a grudge or spleen against one, owe one a spite.

LAITAGE, le-taz, s. m. milk or milk food; butter, cheese, whatever is made of milk.

LAITANCE, ke-tens, s. f. whiting, white

lime; also soft roe (of a fish.)

LAITE, let, s. f. soft roe (of a fish.)

LAITE, z., lê-tâ, adj. that has a soft roe.

Hareng luité, soft-roed herring.

LAITERIE, let-ri, s. f. dairy.

LAITERON, s. m. sow-thistle. LAITEU-x, se, le-teu, teuz, adj. milky

(fuice of plants.)
LAITIÈRE, lè-tlèr, s. f. milk-woman, milk-

maid.

LAITON, 18-tôn, s. m. latten, brass. LAITUE, 18-tû, s. f. lettuce. LAIZE, s. f. breadth of cloth between the two lists.

LAMA, s. m. priest among the Tartars. LAMANAGE, la-ma-naz, s. m. coasting, pilotage or the piloting of a vessel into or out

of any harbour or river.

LAMANEUR, là-mà-neur, s. m. barbour or

river-pilot.

LAMANTIN, s. m. lamentine or sea cow. LAMBDOIDE, adj. formed like the Greek letter Lambda.

LAMBEAU, lên-bò, s. m. rag, shred, tatter; label; ragged coat of a deer.

LAMBEL, len-bel, s. m. label (in heraldry.) LAMBIN, E., len-bin, bin, s. m. & f. slow-

LAMBINER, lên-bî-na, v. n. to move slowly. LAMBIS, s. m. large sea-shell fish found in the West-Indies.

LAMBOURDE, s. f. a joist. A sort of stone. LAMBREQUIN, s. m. label. Lambrequins

mantles (in heraldry.)

LAMBRIS, lên-brl, s. m. ceiling; wainscot. LAMBRISSAGE, len-bri-saz, s. m. ceiling;

wainscot or wainscotting.

Lambrisser, lên-bri-sa, v. a. to ceil, make the ceiling; to wainscot.

LAMBRUCHE or LAMBRUSQUE, len-brask,

s. f. wild vine.

LAME, lam, s. f. a blade (of a sword or knife,) thin plate of metal; trendle of a loom.
Metal mis en lame, plated metal. Une fausse lame, une bonne lame, une fine lame, a cunning or sharp blade. Mar. wave, surge, etc. Lame de fond, ground swell. Les grosses lames, the high seas. Cette lame courte fatigue le bâtiment, this short sea strains the ship. lame neus prend par la hanche, the sea takes : us on the quarter. La lame vient de l'avant, us on the quarter.

It is a use longue lame du sud-ouest, there is a long swell from the south-west. Présenter à la lame, to bow the

LAMENTABLE, ka-men-tabl, adj. lamentable, doleful, moanful, mournful, woeful, pi-tiful deplorable.

LAMENTABLEMENT, là-mèn-tàbl-mèn, adv. lamentably, dolefully, mournfully.

LAMENTATION, là-mèn-tà-slon, s. f. la-

mentation, bemoaning, bewailing, mournful complaint.

LAMENTER, v. a. to lament, bemoan, bewail, mourn for, deplore. Se lamenter, v r to lament, bewail, bemoan one's self. Lamiz, s. f. sea-monster of an extraordi-

nary bigness.

LAMINAGE, là-mì-naz, s. m. plating of

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

LABRUR, lå-beur, s. m. labour. Terre en labeur, ploughed and sown land.

labeur, ploughed and sown tand.

*LABEURER, v. n. to labour, operate.

LABIAL, E, lā-bl-āl, adj. labial.

LABILE, B, ādj. labiated.

LABILE, lā-bll, adj. Ex. Mémoire labile,
weak, bad or treacherous memory.

LABIRINTHE, V. Labrrinthe.

LABORATOIRE, là-bô-râ-twar, s. m. labo-

ratory.

LABORIEUSEMENT, lå-bö-rl-èuz-mên, adv.

laboriously, painfully, hardly.
LABORIEU-X, SE, la-bo-ri-eu, euz, adj. laborious, that works hard, that takes a great

deal of pains, painful, hard, toilsome.

LABOUR, 'a-boor, s. m. tillage, ploughing.

Terre en labour, ploughed land ready for sowing. V. Labeur. Donner un premier labour à la terre, to break up the ground, plough a field the first time. Donner un labour à la vigne, to dress a vine.

Labourable, ià-bôo-rabl, adv. arable, to

be ploughed or tilled LABOURAGE, la-boo-raz, s.m. husbandry,

LABOURACE, 18-b00-raz, s.m. husbandry, tillage, agriculture, laughing.

LABOURER, 18-b00-ra, v. a. to till, plough or break up the ground; to dig. Labourer la vigne, to dress or cultivate the vine.

Labourer, v. a. Mar. Ex. Labourer arec son arcre, to drag. L'ancre laboure, the archor comes home. Labourer le fond avec la quille, to touch the ground with the keel (so se not to home.) as not to hang.)

LABOUREUR, lå-boo-reur, s. m. husband-

man, tiller, ploughman.

LABYRINTHE, lå-bl-rint, s. m. labyrinth, maze; perplexity, trouble; intricate or perplexed business.

LAC, lak, s. m. lake. LACER, la-sa, v. a. to lace, tie with a lace. Lacer un ruban, to run a ribbon round the skirt of a garment

LACÉRATION, là-sh-rà-sìon, s. f. laceration. LACÉRER, là-sè-rà, v. a. to lacerate, rend,

tear or tear in pieces.
LACERON, V. Laiteron.
LACET, la-se, s. m. cord to lace with,

nare, gin, spring, noose.

LACHE, lash, adj. slack, loose, soft, unbent; slothful, sluggish, lazy, slow, dull; remiss, easy, soft; cowardly, faint or faint-hearted, unmanally, hear the started in the started of the s unmanly; base, shameful, unworthy, ungenerous. Avoir le ventre lâche, to be relaxed, have a looseness. Le temps est lâche, it is faint, den or sultry weather. Le bâtiment lache, Mar. the ship carries a slack-helm. Le bâtiment est

LACHE, s. m. coward, cowardly man, poltreon; a base, sordid, sneaking, pitiful fellow. LACHE, E, adj. (V. lâcher) let out, loose or

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Lachement, lash-men, adv. cowardly, shamefully; slackly, remisely, taintly, faintheartedly; sluggishly, slowly.

Lacher, la-sha, v. a. to slack or slacken,

lossen, make losse, unbind or let out; to release, let losse, let go. Lâcher prise, to let go one's hold. Lâcher la main à quelqu'un, to give one more liberty. Lâcher des chiens après quelqu'un, to let dogs after one. Ma-lade qui lâche tout sous lui, one unable to retain his excrements. Lacher de l'eau, to make water, piss. Viande qui lâche le ventre, loosening meat. Lâcher un vent to break

wind, fart. Lâcher le nied, to lose ground; also to scamper or run away. Lâcher une bordee à un bâtiment, Mar. to pour a broadside into a ship.

Lâcher, v. n. to go off (as a gun or pistol does.) (at cards) to revoke, let go. Se lâcher, v. r. to slacken, grow loose, unbend.
LACHETÉ, lash la, s. m. cowardliness,

cowardice, faint-heartedness, baseness, base or unworthy action; slackness, sluggishness, slothfulness, dullness.

LACINIÉ, E, add. lacinated (in botany.) LACIS, là-sl, s. m. net-work. LACONIQUE, là-kò-nik, add. laconick, short, concise, brief. Un style laconique, a laconick or concise style

LACONIQUEMENT, la-kô-nik-mên, adv. laconically, after a laconick way, concisely.

LACONISME, lå-kô-nism, s. m. laconism, short and pithy way of expressing one's self.

LACRYMAL, E. lå-krì-mål, adj. lachrymal.

Fistule lacrymale, weeping fistula.
LACRYMATOIRE, la-kri-ma-twar, s. m.

lachrymatory. LACS, lå, s. m. string; net, gin, snare, spring, noose; difficulty, embarrassment.

Lacs d'amour, love-knot.

Lactée, låk-tå, adj. lacteal, milky. Les veines lactées, the lacteal veins.

Lacune, lå-kån, s. f. gap, blank place in a book, something left out that is lost. Lacters, the lacteal openium or spaces have the constant of the lacteal openium or spaces have the constant of the lacteal openium or spaces have the constant of the lacteal openium.

cunes, Mar. too great openings or spaces be-tween ships in a line of battle.

LADANUM, s. m. labdanum, a soft resin.
LADI, s. f. lady, woman of rank.
LADRE, fådr, adj. leprous; insensible, that
has no feeling; sordid, base, stingy, covetous.
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Un cochon ladre, a measled hog.

LADRE, s. m. LADRESSE, ladr, lad-res, s. f. leper, leprous man or woman, lazar; also miser or sordid person. Maison de ladres, lazar-house, lazaretto.

LADRERIE, lå-dre-rl, s. f. leprosy, stinginess, sordid a arice; lazaretto, lazar-house.

LADRESSE, s. f. V. Ladre.

LAGUE, lag, s. f. Mar. track or wake of a

LAGUNE, la-gun, s. f. a pond caused by marshy ground

Lai, E, lê, lè, adj. & s. lay, secular, tem-poral; lay-man. Moine lai, disabled soldier maintained in an abbey. Complaint, dole, sorrow, a plaintive song or lay.

Laiche, s. f. weed that blisters a horse's

tongue.

LAID, E, le, led, adj. & s. ugly, ill-favoured, homely, not handsome, deformed, disa-greeable, base, unseemly.

Laideron, led-ron, s. f. homely young

LAIDEUR, le-deur, s. f. ugliness, ill-favour-

edness, deformity, baseness.

Lair, le, s. f. wild sow; riding or lane (through a forest.)

Lainace, le-gaz, s. m. woollen goods.

Lainace, len, s. f. wool.

LAINEU-X, SE, lê-neu, neuz, adj. woolly. full of wool.

LAINIER, !ê-nîa, s. m. dealer in wool. Lainière, s. f. wife or widow of a dealer in

LAIQUE, lå-ik, adj. lay, secular, temporal.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

LATQUE, s. m. lay or secular man. Les Latques, the laity, the people.

LAIS, lè, s. f. siandard-tree.

LAIS, lè, s. f. hat-band; leash to bind hounds. Laisses de la mer, Mar. sea-wreck, whatever the sea casis upon the beach.

Laissers, le-sa, s. f. pl. the dung of a
wolf, bear or wild boar.

Laisser, le-sa, v. a. to leave; forsako or

abandon; to leave, trust, deposit, commit; yield, give way; to permit, suffer, allow; bequeath; to leave off, forbear. Il a laissé une femme et quatre enfans, he has lest a wife and four children. Laissez-moi, let me alone, be quiet. Laissez, laissez, forbear, enough, enough. Laisser une chose à certain prix, to let a thing go or to part with a thing at a certain price. Laisser la vie, to lose or lay down one's life. Laissez-le dire, et him talk. Je vous laisse (or donne) à penser, I leave you to imagine. Laisser tomber, to let fall, drop down. Se laisser tomber, to fall, get a fall or tumble. Se laisser battre, to suffer one's self to be beaten. Se luisser aller, to yield. Se laisser aller à, to give way or yield to give one's self up to. Se laisser entendre sur quelque officire, to intimate, give to naderstand. Je me suis laissé dire, I have heard, I was told. Bien qu'il soit fort pauvre, il ne laisse pas d'être heureux, although he is very poor yet he is happy. Quelque bien traite qu'il soit, il ne laissera pas de se nlaindre, though he is very well used he will complain for all that. V. the observation on Beau.

Laisser, v. a. Mar. Ex. Laisser un bâtiment de l'arrière, to drop a vessel. Laisser une bouée sur un câble, to leave a ship-buoy upon a cable. L'ancre a-t-elle laissé? Is the anchor weighed? Laisse arriver, let her go off. Laisse abatre, let her fall off. Laisse aller, launch, ho. Laisse aller partout, let go fore and aft. Laisse venir en route, bring her to the course. Laisse venir au rent, bring her to the wind. Laisse venir sur tribord, give her the port helm. Laisse venir sur babord, give her the starboard helm. Laisser courir un bâtiment sur sa panne, to right the helm (so as to let the ship fororeach) with the main or fore top-sail to the mast. Laisser tomber l'ancre, to drop the anchor. Laisser tomber une aucre à pic, to let go an auchor under foot. Laisser tomber une basse voile, to drop a course (when going large.) Laisse tomber la misaine, down foresail. Laisse tomber le point de dessous le vent de grande voile, let run the lee main cluegarnet. Se laisser coiffer, to be taken aback (through inattention or neglect.)

LAISSER-COURRE, s. m. time or place where the hounds are let loose.

Laisse-tout-faire, s. m. a voman's breast-knot.

LAIT, le, s. m. milk. Du petit lait, du lait clair, whey. Frère de lait, a foster-brother. Scarr de lait, a foster-aster. La voie de lait or la vrie lactée, the milky way. Lait de chaux, whiting or size. Cochon de lait sucking pig. Dente de lait, the first teeth. Avoir une dent de lait contre quelqu'un, to have a grudge or spleen against one, owe one a spite.

LAITAGE, ke-taz, s. m. milk or milk food;

butter, cheese, whatever is made of milk.

Lattance, le-tens, s. f. whiting, white lime; also soft roe (of a fish.)

LAITE, let, s. f. soft roe (of a fish.)

LAITE, E, let, adj. that has a soft roe.

Hareng laid, soft-roed herring.

LAITERIE, let-rl, s. f. dairy.

LAITERON, s. m. sow-thistle.

LAITEU-X, SE, le-teu, teuz, adj. milky (juice of plants.)
LAITIERE, le-tler, s. f. milk-woman, milk-

maid.

LAITON, ke-ton, s. m. latten, brass. LAITUE, le-tu, s. f. lettuce.

LAIZE, s. f. breadth of cloth between the two lists.

LAMA, s. m. priest among the Tartars. LAMANAGE, là-mà-nàz, s. m. coasting, pi-lotage or the piloting of a vessel into or out of any harbour or river.

LAMANEUR, lå-må-neur, s. m. barbour or

river-pilot.

LANANTIN, s. m. lamentine or sea cow. LAMBDOIDE, adj. formed like the Greek

letter Lambda.
Lambeau, lên-bô, s. m. rag, shred, tatter;

label; ragged coat of a deer LAMBEL, len-bel, s. m. label (in heraldry.) LAMBIN, E, len-bin, bin, s. m. & f. slow-

belly. LAMBINER, len-bl-na, v. n. to move slowly. LAMBIS, s. m. large sca-shell fish found in the West-Indies.

LAMBOURDE, s. f. a joist. A sort of stone.

LAMBREQUIN, s. m. label. Lambrequins

mantles (in heraldry.)

LAMBRIS, len-brl, s. m. ceiling; wainscot. LAMBRISSAGE, len-brl-såz, s. m. ceiling; wainscott or wainscotting

LAMBRISSER, lên-bri-sa, v. a. to ceil, make the ceiling; to wainscot.

LAMBRUCHE or LAMBRUSQUE, len-brosk,

s. f. wild vine. LAME, lâm, s. f. a blade (of a sword or knife,) thin plate of metal; trendle of a loom. Métal mis en lame, plated metal. Une fausse lame, une bonne lame, une fine lame, a cunning or sharp blade. Mar. wave, surge, etc. Lame de fond, ground swell. Les grosses lames, the high seas. Cette lame courte futigue bâtiment, this short sea strains the ship. La La bâtiment, this short sea strains the sup. La lame neus prend par la hanche, the sea takes us on the quarter. La lame vient de l'avant, there is a head sea. Il y a une longue lame du sud-ouest, there is a long swell from the south-west. Présenter à la lame, to bow the s

LAMENTABLE, lå-men-tabl, adj. lamentable, doleful, moanful, mournful, woeful, pi-tiful, deplorable.

LAMENTABLEMENT, lå-mèn-tåbl-mèn, adv. lamentably, dolefully, mournfully. LAMENTATION, lå-mèn-tå-sion, s. f. la-

mentation, bemoaning, bewailing, mournful complaint.

LAMENTER, v. a. to lament, bemoan, bewail, mourn for, deplore. Se lamenter, v r to lament, bewail, bemoan one's self.

LAMIE, s. f. sea-monster of an extraordinary bigness.

LAMINAGE, là-mì-nàz, s. m. plating of metal

bar, bât, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

LAMINER, lå-mi-nå, v. a. to flatten metals. LAMINOIR, là-mî-nwar, s. m. machine to flatten metals.

LAMPADAIRE, s. m. name of an officer who bore lamps, or flambeaus, before the emperor, empress, and some other personages: Lampas, lên-pas, s. m. lampass, lump in

the mouth of horses.

LAMPER, lèn-pà, v. n. to guzzle wine.

*LAMPER, lèn-pà, s. f. lamp.

*LAMPER, lèn-pà, s. f. bumper of wine.

*LAMPER, lèn-pà, v. n. to guzzle wine.

LAMPERON, lenp-ron, s. m. the tube of a lamp that holds the wick.

LAMPION, lenplon, s. m. crystal vase or

lamp-glass, small lamp for illuminations.

LAMPON, s. m. hat hook; drunken song.

LAMPROIE, lèn-prwa, s. f. lamprey. LAMPROYON, lèn-prwa-yon, s. m. young

lamprey. LANC, s. m. Mar. yaw.

LANCE, lens, s. f. lance or spear; lancer, horseman that bears a lauce. Lauce fournie, man of arms furnished at all points. Lauce à feu, squib. Lance à boîte or courtoise or mousse or fretiee or mornée, lance with a blunt head. Main de la lance, a horseman's right hand. Coucher la lance, to couch or rest the lance. Buisser la lance, to buckle to, submit. Rompre une lance avec quelqu'un, to enter the lists with one.

LANCER, len-så, v. a. to burl, dart, fling, throw, shoot; to unharbour, rouse, dislodge (a deer.) Lancer des celludes or des regards, to cast sheep's eyes, ogle. Se luncer sur, v.r. to shoot or fly at, rush upon. Lancer, v. a. Mar. to launch, yaw, etc. Luncer un bâtiment, to launch a vessel. Lance sur tribord, yaw her to starboard. Sams lancer sur aucum bord, bring her to a small helm.

LANCETTE, lèn-set, s. f. lancet.

LANCIER, len-sia, s. m. horseman bearing

LANCIÈRE, lên-slêr, s. f. sluice to let the water out of a mill-dam.

LANCOIR, lèn-swar, s. m. mill-dam. LANDE, lènd, s. f. a heath. Landes de hune, Mar. futtock plates or foot-book plates.

LANDGRAVE, s. m. Landgrave (German

count or prince.) LANDGRAVIAT, s. m. territory of a Land-

grave. LANDIER, lên-dîa, s. m. great andiron. *LANDREU-x, sE, adj. puling, peaking, lin-

LANERET, lân-rê, s. m. male lanuer (a

hawk.) LANGAGE, lèn-gâz, s. m. tongue, lan-guage; style, manner of expression. Il a bien changé de langage, he now sings to another tune. Ils tiennent tous le même langage, they all harp on the same string, they all tell the same story. Il n'a que du langage, he

has nothing but talk.

Lange, lenz, s. m. swaddling-clothes or clouts for children; child's blanket; blanket

used by printers.

LARGOUREUSEMENT, lên-gôo-rêuz-mên,
sdv. languishingly, droopingly.
LARGOUREU-x, se, lên-gôo-rêu, rêuz, adj.
languishing, drooping, puning, lingering.
LARGOUSTE, lên-gôost, s. f. kind of lobster.

LANGOUSTIN, s. m. prawn (a shell fish.) LANGUR, leng, s. f. the tongue; tongue, language, speech; nation. Langue de terre cape, uarrow piece of land (running into the sea.) Coup de langue, jest, reflection. Une manvaise or méchante langue, une langue de serpent or de vipère, au ill tongue, a malicious or venomous or slanderous tongue. Prendre langue, to inquire, learn news, get intelli-gence, discover. Avoir beaucoup de langue, avoir la langue bien longue, ne savoir tenir sa langue, to be a blab, have too much tongue, not to be able to hold one's tongue. Beau parler n'écorche langue, good words cost nothing. Donner du plat de la langue, to cajole, coax, flatter.

LANGUEDOCIEN, NE, adj. & s. of Langue-

doc, one born in Languedoc.

LANGUETTE, len-get, s. f. tongue (of several things.) Languettes, Mar. thin sort of wedges.

LANGUEUR, lèn-geur, s. f. languor, consumption, faintness, weakness, want strength; languishment, pining away.

LANGUEYER, v. a. un cochon, to examine a hog's tongue to see if it be measly.

LANGUEYEUR, s. m. examiner of hog's tongues for the measles.

LANGUIER, s. m. smoked hog's tongue. LANGUIE, lên-gîr, v. n. to languish, linger, faint, pine, consume away, droop, drag heavily. *Un discours qui languit*, a discourse that flags.

LANGUISSAMMENT, len-gl-sa-men, adv.

languishingly.

languishingly.

Languissant, E, lên-gl-sên, sênt, adj.
languishing, faint, weak, feeble; amorous;
flagging, poor, weak (style.)

Lanice, lâ-nia, s. m. lanner (a hauk.)

Lanier, lâ-nia, s. m. lanner (a hauk.)

Lanière, lâ-nièr, s. f. long strap of leather; hawk's lure; lash (to whip a top.)

Lanistre, lâ-ni-fêr, adj. bearing wool.

Lanistre, s. m. name of him who bought or sold gladiators.

or sold gladiators.

LANQUERRE, s. f. engine to bear a man upon the water.

LANSQUENET, lènsk-nê, s. m. German footsoldier; game at cards.

LANTERNE, len-tern, s. f. lantern; (of a mill) trundle-head; (in architecture) lantern, little dome, cupola, turret. Lanterne sourde, dark lantern. Lanternes, trifles, fiddle-fad dle, fooleries, silly stories, nonsense, stuff.

Lanternes des mâts de lune, hounds of the
top-masts. V. Fanal. Il veut faire accroire que ressies sont lanternes, he would make one believe the moon is made of green cheese. LANTERNER, len-terna, v. a. to bamboo-

zle, talk nonsense to, tire or plague with non sense.

Lanterner, v. n. to dally, trifle, play the fool. LANTERNERIE, len-tern-ri, s. f. irresolution, nonsense, impertinence.

LANTERNIER, E, len-ter-nia, nièr, s. m. & f. lantern-maker; lamp-lighter; irresolute man, trifler, one that puis off a thing perpetually; fool, impertinent coxcomb

*LANTIPONNAGE, len-ul-po-naz, s. m. teazing.

*LANTIPONNER, len-ti-po-na, v. a. to

*LANTURLU, s. m. scornful denial Il hai a

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

LANUGINEUL, SE, Boj. lanuginous, woolly; downy (in botany.)

LAPER, là-pà, v. n. to lap or lick up.

LAPEREAU, làp-rò, s. m. young rabbit.

LAPIDAIRE, là-pì-dèr, s. m. lapidary.

LAPIDAIRE, adj. Ex. Style lapidaire, style

peculiar to inscriptions on marble, etc.

LAPIDATION, là-pì-dà-sìon, s. m. stoning

to death.

LAPIDER, là-pl-dà, v. a. to stone, stone to death, lapidate.

LAPIDIFICATION, la-pl-dl-fl-ka-slor, s. f.

formation of stones.

LAPIDIFIER, la-pl-dl-fla, v. a. to turn into stone.

· LAPIDIFIQUE, adj. proper to form stones. LAPIR, la-pin, s. m. rabbit, buck-rabbit. Lapine, la-pin, s. f. doe-rabbit. LAPIS, or LAPIS LAZULI, or LAPIS AZU-

LI, s. m. lapis lazuli, lazuli.

LAPMUDE, s. f. a deer-skin gown. LAPOR, la-pon, s. m. Laplauder. LAPORIE, la-po-nl, s. f. Laplaud.

LAPREAU, s. m. a young rabbit. LAPS, E, adj. lapsed, fallen off.

LAPS, laps, s. m. Ex. Laps de temps, lapse on period of time.

LAQS, s. m. V. Lacs.

LAQUAIS, la-ke, s. m. lackey, foot-boy.

LAQUE, s. f. lac, kind of gum.

Laque, s. m. lacker (kind of varnish.)

LAQUELLE, la-kel, (the feminine of Lequel) that, which, who, whom.

LARAIRE, s. m. chapel where the lares were placed.

LARCIN, lar-sin, s. m. theft, robbery; pla-giarism. Quand les larrons s'entrebattent, les larcins se découvrent, when thieves fall out, honest men come by their own.

LARD, lar, s. m. bacon ; lard. Petit lard, streaked bacon. Quartier de lard, flitch of

bacon.

LARDER, lar-da, v. a. to lard; to prick (a card.) Larder de coups d'épée, to stick or run through with a sword. Mar. to thrum. Larder une baderne, to thrum a mat. Une baderne lardée, a thrummed mat.

LARDOIRE, lar-dwar, s. f. a larding-pin. LARDON, lar-don, s. m. small slice of lard or bacon; a wipe, dry knock; supplement to a newspaper. Donner un lardon à quelqu'un, to give one a clean wipe or dry knock, rub one up, wipe one down, give one a rub.

LARE, lar, s. m. a domestic god.

LARGE, larz, and a contest gent.

LARGE,

ra large, horse that goes wide.

LARGE, s. m. breadth, wideness. Ce drap a une aune de large, this cloth is an cll wide.

V. Haut, adj.—Au large, Ex. Etre logé au large, to have a great deal of room. Se metter au large, to get more room. Etre au large, to have elbow-room, be at ease. Au

arge, to have eibow-room, be at ease. Au long et au large, far and wide.
Large, s. m. Mar. offing, main sea. Le could du large, the offing. Au large, in the offing. Courir au large, awair le bord au large, to stand for the offing. Au large de, without.
V. Mouiller. Prendre du large, to gain an effing, stand out to sea, sheer off. Ces bittied

répondu lanturlu, he answered him in a conten pituous manner.

LANUGINEU-X, SE, adj. lanuginous, woolly; downy (in badany.)

Lanugineus prennent le large, those vessels are standing away. Il y a très-grosse mer au large, the sea ruis very high in the offing.

La mer au large est très-belle, there is no sea in the offing.

Des vente d'est ques éviteurs ou la contract page (all page) est page (all pag in the offing. Des vents d'est nous jeterent au large, easterly winds blew us off the coast Le ressac nous jeta au large de la roche, the surf rebounding from the rock set us clear of

LARGEMENT, lårz-mên, adv. fully, entire-ly; largely, well, plentifully, abundantly. LARGESSE, lår-zês, s. f. largess, liberality, gist, dole, present, donation. Pièces de lar-

LARGEUR, lâr-zêur, s. f. breadth, width, wideness, largeness. V. Haut, adj. Largeur des aubords, Mar. width of the ports. Largeur d'un bâtiment, extreme breadth of a

ship.

LARGO, adv. (in musick) very slowly.

LARGUE, lårg, adj. & s. Mar. Vent largue,

LARGUE or leading wind. largue, wind on the quarter or quartering wind. After or courir vent largue, to sail large. Le bâtiment chassé a du largue dans

ses voiles, the chase is going free. LARGUER, v. a. & n. to cast off, let go, let out, loose or loosen, strain and open, etc. Larguer une manœuvre, to let go a rope. Larguer une voile, to loose a sail. Larguer les ris, to let the reefs out. Largue un ris dans chaque hunier, shake a reef out of the dans chaque humer, snake a reer out of the fore and main top-sails. Largue la remorque, cast off the tow-rope. Largue les galhaubans de dessous le vent, let go the lee back stay falls. Largue la bouline du grand humer, let go the main top bowline. Largue les humers, loose the top-sails. Largue la voile d'étai de hume, clear away the main top-mast struccil. Largue la hale hat, du grand for stay-sail. Largue le hale-bas du grand foc, let go the jib down-haul. Largue le bras du grand hunier et le grand bras sous le vent, let go the lee main and main top-sail braces. Largue tout, let go behind. Largue en dou-ceur le lof de misaine, ease off the fore tack. Largue en douceur le raban de pointure du vent, ease down the weather earing handsomely. Notre navire largue de partout, our ship strains and opens fore and aft. Voilà un bordoge qui a largué, there is a butt that is sprung.

LARIGOT, la-rl-go, s. m. kind of flute, or pipe. Boire à tire-larigot, to quaff briskly.

LARINX, s. m. larynx, windpipe.

LARIX, la-riks, s. m. larch-tree.

LARME, larm, s. f. tear; drop. Larmes (in architecture) drops. Pleurer à chaudes larmes or à grosses larmes, to weep bitterly, shed bitter tears.

LARMIER. lar-mia, s. m. eave or gutter (of a house;) brow or coping (of a wall;) the eye vein (of a horse;) head of the shaft (of a chimney.)

*LARMOYANT, E, lâr-mwā-yèn, yent, adj.

weeping, crying, in tears.
*LARMOVER, lår-mwå-yå, v. n. to weep, cry, shed tears.
"LARMOYEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. weeper.

LARRON, la-ron, s.m. thief, stealer, rogue; pith of a quill; leaf (of a book) turned down

which has not been cut with the rest. LABRORNEAU, s. m little or young thief bar, båt, båse: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

LARRONNESSE, lå-rô-nes, s. f. thief, thiev-

LARROWESSE, la-ro-nes, s. f. thief, thieving or pilfering woman.

LARVES, larv, s. m. pl. hobgoblins.

LAS, SE, la, las, adj. wearied, tired, fatigued, with walking, etc.

"LAS, interj. V. Helas.

LASCI-F, VE, la-df, slv, adj. lascivious, lecherous, wanton, goatish, lustful.

LASCIVEMENT, la-slv-men, adv. in a lascivious or lecherous manner, wantonly.

LASCIVETÉ, la-slv-ta, s. f. lasciviousness, lecherv, wantonness, lust smuttiness.

lechery, wantonness, lust, smuttiness.

Lassant, z, la-sen, sent, adj. wearisome,

tedious, tiresome, unpleasant.

LASSER, la-sa, v. a. to weary, tire, fatigue.

Be lasser, v. r. to grow or be weary or tired.

LASSITUDE, la-si-tad, s. f. weariness, faintness, lassitude.

LASTE, last, s. m. last (generally two tons or 4000 lb weight.)

LATANIER, s. m. a sort of palm-tree.

*LATENT, E, adj. latent, hidden, conceal-

ed, secret.
LATERAL, E, là-tà-ràl, adj. lateral, belonging to the side. Les parties latérales d'un chapileau ae colonne, the sides of a pillar's capital.

LATÉRALEMENT, lå-tå-rål-mên, adj. ob-liquely, laterally, side-ways. LATICLAVE, s. m. a tunick worn by the Roman senators.

LATIN, E, la-tin, tin, adj. Latin. Latin, the university, the school. Voile latine, Mar. lateen-sail. Batiment latin, lateen ves-

LATIN, s. m. Latin or the latin tongue. Les Latins, the Latins. Latin de cussine, bad latin. Il y a perdu tout son Latin, he has lost his labour, he can make nothing of it. Je suis au bout de mon latin, I am past my latin, I am at my wit's end. Piquer en latin, to ride like a novice.

LATINISER, là-tl-nl-tà, s. f. latinist.

LATINISER, là-tl-nl-zà, v. a. to latinize.

Latiniser, v. a. to speak latin at every turn.

LATINISER, là-tl-nlsm, s. m. latinism.

LATINISER, là-tl-nlst, s. m. latinist.

LATINITÉ, là-tl-nl-tà, s. f. latinity, the

latin tongue.

LATITUDE, lå-tl-tud, s. f. latitude. tudes croissantes, meridional parts. Etre en latitude nord or sud, to be in north or south latitude. Se mettre en latitude d'un cap, etc. to get into the latitude of a cape, etc.

titudinarian.

LATRIE, là-tri, s. f. latria. Culte de latrie, service or worship due to God alone.

LATRINES, la-trin, s. f. pl. privy, jakes,

house of office.

LATTE, lat, s. f. lath. Lattes, s. f. pl. Mar. broad but thin beams (placed alternately, between the larger deck beams in French ships.) Lattes de la dunette, beams of the poop. Lattes de caillebotis, or des écoutilles, battens of the hatches.

Stens of the hatches.

LATTER, Rada, v. a. to lath.

LAUDANUM, 10-dh-non, s. f. laudanum.

LAUDANUM, 10-dh-non, s. f. laudanum.

LAUDES, 10d., s. f. pl. lauds, praises.

LAUREAT, s. m. laureate.

LAUREAT, s. f. spurge-laurel.

LAURIER, 18-ria, s. m. laurel or bay-tree. Feuilles de laurier, laurel or bay leaves. Laurier mâle, laurel. Laurier femelle, bay-tree. Lauriers, (of soarriours) laurels, (of poets) bays.

LAVAGE, la-vaz, s. m. washing ; puddle,

slop, hog-wash.
LAVANCHE, s. f. drifts of snow that fall suddenly from the mountains.

LAVANDE, la-vend, s. f. lavender. Lavande aspic, lavender-spike.

LAVANDIER, la-ven-dla, s. m. yeoman of the laundry to the king of France.

Lavandière, là-ven-dièr, s. f. laundress. washer-woman. LAVARET, s. m. a whitish trout (in the

lakes of Savoy.)

LAVASSE, la-vas, s. f. great shower.

LAVE, s. f. lava.

LAVE, E, adj. washed, etc. V. Laver. Cou-leur lare, faint colour. Cheval de poil bai lave, light bay horse.

LAVE-MAIN, lav-min, s. m. standing-ewer (with a cock to it, to wash one's hands.) LAVEMENT, lav-men, s. m. washing;

clyster. LAVER, là-và, v. a. to wash, scour, clean, etc.; to lather. Laver la tête à quelqu'un, to chide or reprimand one. Laver les hamacs, Mar. to scrub the hammocks. Lelaver, v. r. to wash one's self. Se laver d'un crime, to clear or justify one's self from a crime. Je m'en lave les mains, I wash my hands of it, I will not be concerned in it.

LAVETON, s. m. short wool. LAVETTE, lå-vêt, s. f. dish-clout. LAVEU-R, sE, lå-vêur, veuz, s. m. & f. washer, scourer.

LAVIS, la-vl, s. m. wash (in drawing.) LAVOIR, la-vwar, s. m. wash-house; sink, and great dish-water kettle; laver.

LAVURE, la-var, s. f. dish-water ; also wash.

Lavure de gantier, a glover's wash.

LAXATI-F, VE, lak-sa-tif, tlv, adj. laxative, loosening, opening.

LAYE, V. Laie, etc.
LAYER, le-ya, v. a. to cut a lane through

(a forest.)

LAYETERIE, s. f. box-making business. LAYETIER, lêy-dâ, s. m. box-maker. LAYEET, lê-yêt, s. f. box; drawer; child-bed clothes or linen.

LAZARET, lå-zå-rê, s. m. a Lazaretto, pest-house

LAZZY, s. m. dumb-show, pantomine.

LE, le, (article of masculine nouns) the.

Le fils, the son. When the noun is used in a general sense le is not expressed in English. Je hais le vice, I hate vice

Le, (relative pronoun) him, it. Je le vois, I see him. Ne le voyez-vous pas? do you not see it? Le voici, here he is, here it is. Je ne le puis, I cannot (I cannot do it.) Je le veux bien, I will, the le being suppressed.

LE, la, s. m. breadth, width (of cloth or

stuff.)
*LEANS, adv. within, in there.
Mar. southwo

LÉBÈCHE, s. m. Mar. southwest wind (in the dialect of Provence.)

LECHE, lesh, s. f. slice or collep. V. Lecher

жсни, к, adj. licked, licked up. LECHEFRITE, lesh-frit, s. f. dripping-pan. bûse, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : enfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

LECHER, là-shà, v. a. to lick, lick up. A lèche doigts, sparingly, in small quantity. Il nous a donné d'assez bonnes choses, mais il n'y en avoit qu'à lèche doigts, he gave us tolerably good things, but we had only a taste of them.

of them.

LECON, 18-son, s. f. lesson, lecture, instruction, precept. Faire lecon, to read or explain a subject in hand.

LECTEUR, 18th: thur, s. m. reader; professor, reader of lectures. Lecture, one of the four

minor orders in the church.

LECTISTERNES, s. m. pl. feasts to which the Romans invited the gods whose statues were placed on beds around the table.

Lectrice, lek-tris, s. f. nun whose turn it is

to read in the refectory.

LECTURE, lek-tur, s. f. reading: study.

LEGAL, r., lagal, adj. legal; justifiable
by law; honest, just, faithful, upright.

LEGALEMENT, lagal-men, adv. legally,

honestly.

LÉGALISATION, là-gà-il-zà-sìon, s. f. making authentick or lawful.
LÉGALISER, là-gà-il-zà, v. a. to legalize.
LÉGALITÉ, V. Loyanté.
L.ÉGALITÉ, v. lawfun nonchi lawfun

LÉGAT, là-gà, s. m. legate, pope's legate. LÉGATAIRE, là-gà-tèr, s. m. & f. legatee. LÉGATAIRE, là-gà-tèr, s. m. & f. legatee. LÉGATION, là-gà-sion, s. f. office of legate, embassy.

LÉGATOIRE, adj. governed by a liente-nant under the Roman emperors. Lège, adj. Mar. light or in ballast.

bâtiment lège, a light vessel or a vessel in bal-

LÉGENDAIRE, là-zèn-dèr, s. m. writer of

legends.

Légende, là-zènd, s. f. legend; long tedious narrative or list. Inscription on coins or medals.

LÉGER, E, la-za, zer, adj. light, of small weight; light, not of full weight; easy to be ar; easy to be digested; swift, annole; slight, small, inconsiderable, trifling; fickle, uncertain; adroit, small, superficial. Ligère teinture or comoissance, smattering. Cheval leger à la main, light-borne horse. V. Cheval & Chevau-liger. De liger, adv. lightly, easily. Il croit de lèger, he is light of belief. A la lègère, adv. lightly, rashly, foglishly. Liger, adj. Mar. small, light. Bâliment lèger, small vessel. Voiles légères, small sails. Embarcation lègère, light boat.

LÉGÈREMENT, là-vèr-mên, adv. lightly; slightly, superficially; rashly, foolishly, unwarily, easily; nimbly, swiftly.

LÉGÈRETE, là-vèr-dà, s. f. lightness, levity, fickleness; imprudence, foolery, folly, weight; light, not of full weight; easy to bear;

ty, fickleness; imprudence, foolery, folly, piece of folly; nimbleness, swiftness; smallness; delicacy

LÉGION, là-zlon, s. f. legion (Koman.) LÉGIONAIRE, là-zlò-ner, s. m. soldier be-

longing to a legion; legionary. Legislat-rur, rice, la-els-la-teur, tris, s. m., & f. law-giver, law-maker, legislator. LEGISLATI-F, vz., lå-zls-lå-tif, dv., adj.

legislative. Ligislation, lå-zls-lå-slon, s. f. legisla-

LEGISLATURE, s. f. legislature.

Ligitimation, lå-zld-må-slon, s. f. act by which a natural child is made legitimate.

LEGITIME, là-zl-tlm, adj. lawful, just, reasonable.

LEGITIME, s. f. portion, part or share that a child has by law in his parent's estate. LEGITIMEMENT, lk-zl-tlm-men, adv. law-

fully, justly, reasonably.

LEGITIMER, la-zl-tl-ma, v. a. to render

legitimate. Authenticate (a commission.) LEGITIMITE, la-zl-tl-ml-ta, s. f. legitimacy

LEGS He, s. m. legacy, gift by will.
LEGURE, v. a. to bequeath, leave by will.
LEGURE, W. a. to bequeath, leave by will.
LEGURE, M.-gum, s. m. legume, pulse.
LEGURIS Det herbs, groens, vegetables.
LEGUMINEU-1, SE, adj. leguminous.
LEMME, lem, s. m. lemma (in geometry;)

an aquatick plant.

LÉMURES, s. m. pl. hobgoblins.

LENDEMAIN, lend-min, s. m. next day,

LENDORR, len-dôr, s.m. & f. hum-drum. LENDORR, len-dôr, s.m. & f. hum-drum. LÉRITIER, lèn-d-ffs, v. a. to lenify, soften. LÉRITIF, lèn-d-ff, s.m. lenitive, allay.

LEHT, E, len, lent, adj. slow, stack, back ward, dull, lazy, dilatory, lingering. Paulent, a slow or soft pace. Fiebre lente, hectick fever.

LENTE, lent, s. f. nit, egg of a lonse. LENTEMENT, lent-men, adv. slowly, heavily. LENTEUR, lên-têur, s. f. slowness, heavings, duliness, slackness, laziness. Voyez avec quelle lenteur il s'applique à son travail, see how dull he is at his work.

LENTICULAIRE, len-tl-kû-lêr, adj. lenticular.

LENTILLE, len-th, s.f. lentil; freckles; lens.

LENTILLEU-X, SE, adj. freckly. LENTISQUE, lentisk, s. m. lentisk, mastick tree.

LEONIN, E, la-ô-nin, nin, adj. leonine. Ex. Vers léonins, leonine verses. Société léonine, unequal society in which the strongest have the advantage

LÉOPARD, là -6-pàr, s. m. leopard. LÉOPARD L. adj. Ex. Lion léopardé, lion passant, guardant (in heraldry.)

LEPRE, lepr, s. f. leprosy

LÉPREU-X, SE, là-préu, préuz, adj. leprous, troubled with a leprosy.

troubled with a leprosy.

LÉPRUS, s. m. leper, lazar.

LÉPROSERIE, là-pròz-ri, s. f. lazaretto,

LEQUEL, lè-kèl. LAQUELLE, (pronom relatif or interrogatif) that, which, who, when.

LES, lè, (article of plural nouns) the. "Je

connois les frères et les sœurs, I know the

bruthers and the sisters. When the noun is

used in a general seuse les is not expressed
in English. Etudies les hommes, study mes. in English. Etudiez les hommes, study men. V. Le. Les, (pronoun relative) them.

LESE, lèz, adj. (qui lèse.) Ex. Crime de lèse-majesté, high-treason. LESER, là-zà, v. a. to wrong, aggrieve.

LESINE, la-zin, s. f. sordid parsimony,

sparingness.
Listner, la-zi-na, v. a. to be sordid or

niggardly or sparing.

LÉSINERIE, s.f. sparingness, niggardliness.

LÉSION, là-zlon, s. f. (in laso) wrong,
damage, grievance.

LESQUELIS, LESQUELLES, lè-kêl, (plural of laquel, laquelle) that, which, who, whom.
LESSE. V. Lasse.

bar, bat, base: thè.e, êbb, over: fiela, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

a discourse that hangs well together. Vaisseau bien lié, Mar. strong-built ship.

Liker, liax, s. m. cork-tree; cork. Boushon de liège, cork (stopple.)

LIEGER, 13 ch, v. a. to cork. Ex. Lieger

um filet, y meane le liège, to cork a net.

LIEN, fièn s. m. string, tie, band, bond;

string place of a hat; tie, band, knot. Liens, bonds, chains. irons; bondage, servitude. Méchant chien, court lien, a curst cur must be

LIENTERIE s. f. lientery; vom ing, loose-

tied short.

LIER, Il-å, v. a. to tie, bind, knit, fas-ten, make fast; to tie or make a knot; to join or put together; unite; to thicken or make thick; to tie up, bind, oblige, lay an obligation upon; to join in, engage in. Lier bien un discours, to make a coherent or connected discourse. Lier un partie de chasse, to make a hunting match. Lier, v. a. Mar.

to make a hunting match. Lier, v. a. Mar. to lash. Se lier, v. r. (faire une ligue) to form a connexion; to thicken or grow thick.

LIERER, [l-er, s. m. ivy.
*Liese, [l-er, s. f. (in the scriptures) gladness, joy, exceeding joy.

Lieu, lieu, s. m. place or room; place, rank; time; cause, reason, matter; way, occasion; family, birth, extraction; place; passage (of a book;) room, stead. Au lieu de, instead of, in lieu of. Au lieu que, whereas, whereas on the other hand, instead of which. En tout lieu, every where, in any place. En whereas on the other hand, instead of which. En tout lieu, every where, in any place. En aucun lieu, no where, in no place, not any where. En quelque lieu que, wherever, wheresoever, whithersoever. Tenir lieu de père à quelqu'un, to be or behave as a father to one. Tenir lieu de récompense, to serve instead of a reward. La vertu hai tieut lieu de very lieu lieu of every de tout, virtue stands him in lieu of every thing, virtue is every thing to him, virtue sup plies the place of every thing with him. Ces bas lieux, the earth. Lieu de plaisance, fine seat (in the country.) Un villan or un mau-vais tieu, a stew, a bawdy-house. Il vient de vais lieu, a stew, a Dawuy-nouse.

bon lieu, he comes of a good family. Aimer
or faire l'amour en bon lieu, to fix one's love
upon a deserving person. Je tiens or je sais or fatte t union con sum sum, to upon a deserving person. Je tiens or je sais cela de bon lieu, I have that from very good hands. Les lieux, house of office, convonient or necessary-house.

LIEUR, s. m. he that ties up the sheaves in harvest.

LIEUTENANCE, lieutenan-

man of war. Lieutenant en pied, first lieu-tenant (of a ship of war.) Lieutenant d'un cuisseau marchand, mate of a merchant-ship. Lieutenante, fleut-nent, s. f. lieutenant's

lady.

LIÈVRE, lièvr, s. m. hare. Mémoire de lièvre, short or bad memory. Lever le lièvre, to broach a subject.

LIGAMENT, Il-gå-men, s. m. ligament. LIGAMENTEU-X, SE, adj. full of ligaments,

LIGATURE, Il-ga-tur, s. f. ligature or band; binding, bandage.

LIGE, liz, s. m. duty paid by the tenant to the lord or landlord.

Light, adj. liege, subject, vassal. Hom-mage lige, full homage, allegiance.

LIGEMENT, adv. upon the conditions of

vassalage.

LIGENCE, s. f. allegiance, the vassal's duty *LIGNAGE, ll-gnaz, s. f. family, lineage, race.

LIGNAGER, Il-gua-za, s. m. one of the

same lineage. LIGNAGER, adj. Ex. Retrait lignager.

right or power of redemption

LIGNE, ling, s. f. line. Mettre or tirer en ligne de compte, to set or put to account, charge. Ecrire or mettre or tirer une somme

hors ligne, to set a sum on the margin. Ligne, s. f. Mar. line, etc. Vaisseau de ligne, ship of the line or line of battle-ship. Ligne d'aximètre, spurling line. Ligne blanche, white or untarred line. Ligne noire or goudronnée, tarred line. Ligne d'arrimage, or goudronnee, tarred nne. Lagne à arrunage, seizing or lashing stuff. Ligne d'amarrage, lashing. Ligne de loch, log linc. Ligne d'eau, water line. Ligne d'eau en charge or ligne de flotaison, load water-line. Ligne dysonde, lead line or deep sea-line. Petite ligne de sonde, hand line. Ligne de pêche, fishing-line. Mettre des lignes dehors, to put fishing-lines overboard. Cette frégate a de belles lignes d'eau, that frigate has a very handsome bottom. Ligne de fregut line of hattle absonct bottom. Ligne de front, line of battle abreast. Ligne du plus près, line a-head, close-hauled. Ligne de vitesse, line formed without regard to station. Ligne d'ancienneté, line formed according to the seniority or rank of the cap-tains of the different ships. V. Former, and Tenir.

LIGNÉE, Il-gna, s. f. stock, family, offspring. issue, race.

LIGNETTE, s. f. small packthread to make

LIGNEUL, li-gneul, s m. shoe-maker's thread.

LIGNEU-X, SE, adj. ligneous, woody. LIGUE, lig, s. f. league, confederacy, combination, faction, club, party.

LIGUER, v. n. to unite or join in a league.

Se liguer, v. r. to confederate, combine.

Lieueu-R, se, fl-geur, geuz, s. m. & f. leaguer.

LILAS, Il-la, s. m. lilach, Arabian bean. pipe-tree.

LILIUM, s. m. a sort of cordial.

LIMACE, Il-mas, s. m. slug, slug-snail, dewgnail.

LIMAÇON, si-ma-son, s. m. snail. Limaçon de mer, periwinkle. Escalier en limaçon, winding-stair-case

LIMAILLE, Il-mal, s. f. file-dust, filings. LIMANDE, il-mend, s. f. burt or bret-fish.

LIMAS, s. m. V. Limace. LIMBE, s. m. limb, border

LIMBES, linb, s. m. pl. limbo.

Passer la lime sur un LIME, lhn, s. f. file. ouvrage, to polish or finish a piece of work. Lime, lime, sort of lemon. Lime de marée, sea-froth.

LIMER, Il-ma, v. a. to file, file off, to polish, finish.

LIMEUR, s. f. filer.

LIMIER, Il-mia, s. m. blood-hound or lime

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : extant, cent, lien : vin : mon : bruss,

LIMINAIRE, adj. f. Ex. Epitre liminaire, epistle dedicatory, dedication.
LIMITATION, B-ml-th-slon, s. f. limitation,

restriction, modification.

LIMITATI-F, VE, adj. that confines, restrains.

LIMITER, il-ml-th, v. a. to limit, set bounds, to stint, confine.

LIMITES, Il-mit, s. f. pl. limits, bounds, boundaries, borders.

LIMITROPHE, Il-ml-trof, adj. neighbouring, bordering upon, adjacent, contiguous. conterminous

Limon, Il-mon, s. m. lemon or pome-ci-tron; mud, slime; shaft (of a chaise or cart;) string-board (of a staircase.)

LIMONADE, il-mò-nàd, s. f. lemonade. LIMONADIER, il-mò-nà-dià, s. m. maker

er seller of lemonade or liquors.

LIMONEU-X, SE, fl-mô-neu, neuz, adj. sli-

my, muddy; oozy, marshy.
Limonier, fi-mò-nia, s. m. lemon or citron-tree; thiller, thill-horse.

LIMONIRE, s. f. a sort of litter.

Limousin, fl-moo-zin, s. m. Limosin; ma-son or brick-layer, rough-waller.

LIMOUSINAGE, s. m. laying a wall of rough stones.

LIMOUSINER, v. a. to lay bricks or rough efones.

Limpide, lin-pld, adj. limpid, clear. Limpidité, lin-pl-di-ta, s. f. limpidness, - clearness.

Toile

LINURE, Il-mar, s. f. filing. Lin, lin, s. m. lint, flax, linseed. claire de lin or toile de fin lin, lawn. LINAIRE, s. f. wild linseed.

LINCEUL, lin-scul, s. m. winding-sheet. LINEAIRE, Il-na-er, adj. linear.

LINEAL, E, adj. lineal. Succession lineale, succession in a lineal or direct descent.

Linkament, il-nå-å-mån, s. m. lineament.

feature. LINGE, linz, s. m. linen, linen clothes, rag, linen-rag, cloth. Linge à barbe, shaving-

cloth. LINGER, E, lin-zå, zer, s. m. & f. maker

or seller of linen, seamstress, she that has the care of the linen in a nunnery. LINGERIE, linz-rl, s. f. linen-trade; place

in a numery where the line is kept.

Lingor, lin-go, s. m. ingot, wedge; slag.

Lingorika, lin-go der, s. f. ingot-mould, wedge-mould.

LINGUAL, E, lin-gwal, adj. lingual. LINGUETS, Mar. V. Elinguets.

LINIERE, s. f. flax-woman; flax-plat or plot. LINIMENT, Il-nl-men, s. m. liniment, ointment.

Linon, il-non, s. m. lawa.

LINOT, s. m. cock-linnet.

LINOTTE, ff-not, s. f. linnet, hen-linnet. LINTEAU, lin-to, s. m. lintel, bead-piece over a door or window.

Lion, 13-on, s. m. lion; Leo. Mar. prop (used instead of knee) for the stanchious of the hold.

LIONCEAU, Il-on-so, s. m. lion's whelp, young lion.

LIONNE, Il-on, s. f. lioness.

LIPOTHYMIE, s. f. lipothymy, fainting, swooning.

LIFFE, Ilp, s. f. great or pouting under-lip.

LIPPEE, lî-pa, s. f. mouthful. Chercheur de ranches lippées, spunger or smell-feast

LIPPITUDE, s. f. lippitude, blearedness LIPPU, E, II-pū, pū, adj. blubber lipped.
*Liquation, s. f. liquation.
Liqueraction, il-kūā-fāk-sion, s. f. li

quefaction, melting,

LIQUEFIER, v. a. to liquefy, melt, dissolve, make liquid. Se liquefier, v. r. to liquefy, grow or become liquid, melt.

LIQUET, s. m. a sort of pear.

LIQUEUR. lekeur, s. f. liquor, drink. Vin qui a de la liqueur, luscious wine.

LIQUIDAMBAR, s. m. a sort of liquid and reddish resin.

LIQUIDATEUR, s m. one who is to settle an account. LIQUIDATION, Il-kl-da-slon, s. f. settling

or clearing up (accounts.)
LIQUIDE, Il-Idd, adj. liquid, clear.

LIQUIDEMENT, adv. clearly.
LIQUIDEM, ff-kl-da, v.a. to clear up, settle
LIQUIDITE, ff-kl-df-ta, s. f. liquidity. Liquoreu-x, se, il-ko-reu, reuz, adj. kus-

cious.

LIRE, Ik, v. a. to read. Lire dans l'avenir, to foresee future events. Lire dans le cour de quelqu'un, to read one's heart.

Likon, s. m. dormouse. Lis, il, s. m. lily. Fleur de lis, flower-de-luce, mark wherewith malefactors are brand

LISÉRAGE, s. m. embroidery.
LISÉRAGE, s. m. embroidery.
LISÉRER, Îl-ză-ră, v. a. to embroider.
LISERON, s. m. bind-weed, rope-weed,

withy-weed.

Liset, Il-zê, s. m. (insect) vine-fretter.

Lisetr, s. fl-zêur, zêuz, s. m. & f. reader

Lisetr, s. fl-zêur, zêuz, s. m. & f. reader

Lisible, fl-zêu, adj. legible, easy to read.

Lisiblement, fl-zêu-nên, adv. legibly.

Lisière, fl-zêu, s. f. list of cloth or of

stuff; selvage; leading-strings; limits, bor

ders. De grandes lisières de montagnes, a

long chain or ridge of bills.

long chain or ridge of hills.

Lisse, ils, adj. slock, smooth.
Lisse, s. f. Mar. riband or ribbon, rail, etc. Lisses des couples, ribands. Lisses des œuvres mortes, top timber ribands or ribands of the upper works. Lisse des fa cons, floor riband or rising line. Lisse du fond, riband between the floor riband and the keel. Lisse du fort, extreme breadh line. Lisses d'accastillage, rails. Lisses de herpes, rails of the heads. Lisses de batayoles de bois, rough tree-rails. Lisses de vibord, waist rails or waist tree-rails. Lisses de plat bord, drift rails. Lisses d'hourdi, wing transoms.

LISSER, Il-sa, v. a. to sleek, smooth or make smooth.

LISSOIR, fl-swar, s. m. or LISSOIRE, s. f.

LISTER, H. SUR, S. H. OF LISSUIRE, S. I. stone to smooth linen, paper, etc.

LISTER, H. Sur, S. f. isleeking.

LISTER, Hay, S. f. list, roll, catalogue.

LISTERAU or LISTER, Ha-Ed), S. m. cincture, fillet, small square.

Listeas de hune, Mar.

top brim, or top rim.

LISTON, s. m. (in heraldry) the band on which the device is written.

LIT, Il, s. m. bed; bedstead; bed or channel; hed or layer of sand or clay. Faire le lit, to make the bed. Un enfant du premier or du second lit, a child by the first or second wife

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

LAMINER, lå-mi-nå, v. a. to flatten metals. LAMINOIR, lå-ml-nwar, s. m. machine to flatten metals.

LAMPADAIRE, s. m. name of an officer who bore lamps, or flambeaus, before the emperor, empress, and some other personages: LAMPAS, len-pas, s. m. lampass, lump in

LAMPAS, len-pas, s. m. lampass, lump in the mouth of horses.

LAMPASSÉ, E, adj. langued, having the tengue out (in heraldry.)

LAMPE, lenp, s. f. lamp.

*LAMPEE, len-pa, s. f. bumper of wine.

*LAMPERON, leny-ron, s. m. the tube of a lamp that holds the wick.

LAMPION, len-plon, s. m. crystal vase of lamp-glass, small lamp for illuminations. LAMPON, s. m. hat hook; drunken song.

LAMPROIE, lên-prwa, s. f. lamprey. Lamproyon, lên-prwa-yon, s. m. young

lamprey.

LANCE, lens, s. f. lance or spear; lancer, horseman that bears a lauce. Lance fournie, man of arms furnished at all points. Lance à feu, squib. Lance à boîte or courtoise or moussé or frétée or mornée, lance with a blunt head. Main de la lance, a horseman's right hand. Coucher la lance, to couch or rest the lance. Baisser la lance, to buckle to, submit. Rompre une lance avec quelqu'un, to enter the lists with one.

LANCER, len-så, v. a. to hurl, dart, fling, throw, shoot: to unharbour, rouse, dislodge (a deer.) Lancer des ættades or des regards, to cast sheep's eyes, ogle. Se lancer sur, v. r. to shoot or fly at, rush upon. Lancer, v. a. Mar. to launch, yaw, etc. Lancer un bâtiment, to launch a vessel. Lance sur tribord, yaw her to starboard. Sans lancer sur aucun bord,

bring her to a small helm.

LANCETTE, len-set, s. f. lancet.

LANCIER, len-set, s. m. horseman bearing

LANCIÈRE, lên-slèr, s. f. sluice to let the water out of a mill-dam.

LANCOIR, lèn-swar, s. m. mill-dam. LANDE, lènd, s. f. a heath. Landes de hune,

Mar. futtock plates or foot-book plates. LANDGRAVE, s. m. Landgrave (German count or prince.)

LANDGRAVIAT, s. m. territory of a Land-

grave.

LANDIER, lên-dia, s. m. great andiron. *LANDREU-x, se, adj. puling, peaking, lin-

LANERET, lân-rê, s. m. male lanuer (a hawk.)

LANGAGE, len-gaz, s. m. tongue, lan-guage; style, manner of expression. Il a bien changé de langage, he now sings to another tune. Ils tiennent tous le même langage, they all harp on the same string, they all tell the same story. Il n'a que du langage, he has nothing but talk.

LANGE, lenz, s. m. swaddling-clothes or clouts for children; child's blanket; blanket used by printers.

LANGOUREUSEMENT, lèn-gảo-rèuz-mên, adv. languishingly, droopingly. LANGOUREU-x, se, lèn-gảo-rèu, rèuz, adj. languishing, drooping, pining, lingering.
LANGOUSTE, len-goost, s. f. kind of lobster.

Langoustin, s. m. prawn (a shell fish.) LANGUE, leng, s. f. the tongue; tengue, language, speech; nation. Langue de terre cape, uarrow piece of land (running into the sen.) Coup de langue, jest, reflection. Une manuaise or méchante langue, une langue de serpent or de vipère, an ill tongue, a malicious or venomous or slanderous tongue. Prendre langue, to inquire, learn news, get intelligence, discover. Avoir beaucoup de langue, avoir la lungue bien longue, ne savoir tenir sa lungue, to be a blab, have too much tongue, not to be able to hold one's tongue. Beau parler n'écorche langue, good words cost nothing. Donner du plat de la langue, to cajole, coax. flatter.

LANGUEDOCIEN, NE, adj. & s. of Langue-

doc, one born in Languedoc.

LANGUETTE, len-get, s. f. tongue (of several things.) Languettes, Mar. thin sort of

LANGUEUR, len-geur, s. f. languor, consumption, faintness, weakness, want of strength; languishment, pining away. LANGUEYER, v. a. un cochon, to examine

a hog's tongue to see if it be measly. LANGUEYEUR, s. m. examiner of hog's

tongues for the measles.

LANGUIER, S. m. smoked hog's tongue.
LANGUIER, lê-r-gîr, v. n. to languish, linger, faint, pine, consume away, droop, drag heavily. Un discours qui languit, a discourse that flags.

LANGUISSAMMENT, lèn-gl-så-men, adv.

languishingly. LANGUISSANT, E, len-gl-sen, sent, adj. languishing, faint, weak, feeble; amorous; flagging, poor, weak (style.)
LANICE, la-nis. V. Bourre.

LANIER, la-nia, s. m. lanner (a hawk.) LANIERE, la-nier, s. f. long strap of lea-

ther; hawk's lure; lash (to whip a top.)

LANIFERE, lå-nl-fer, adj. bearing wool.

LANISTE, s. m. name of him who bought or sold gladiators.

LANQUERRE, s. f. engine to bear a man upon the water.

LANSQUENET, lènsk-nê, s. m. German footsoldier; game at cards.

LANTERNE, len-tern, s. f. lantern; (of a mill) trundle-head; (in architecture) lantern, little dome, cupola, turret. Lanterne sourde, dark lantern. Lanternes, trifles, fiddle-fad-dle, fooleries, silly stories, nonsense, stuff. Lanternes des mâts de hune, hounds of the top-masts. V. Fanal. Il veut faire accroire que ressies sont lanternes, he would make one believe the moon is made of green cheese.

LANTERNER, len-ter-na, v. a. to bamboozle, talk nonsense to, tire or plague with non

sense.

Lanterner, v. n. to dally, trifle, play the fool. LANTERNERIE, len-tern-ri, s. f. irresolution, nonsense, impertinence

LANTERNIER, E, lên-têr-nia, nièr, s. m. & f. lantern-maker; lamp-lighter; irresolute man trifler, one that puts off a thing perpetually; fool, impertinent coxcomb.

*LANTIPONNAGE, len-ti-po-naz, s. m. teazing.

*LANTIPONNER, len-ti-po-na, v. a. to teaze.

*Lanturlu, s. m. scornful denial. Il hai a buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enthat, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

répondu lanturlu, he answered him in a conten pluous manner.

LANUGINEU-X, SE, adj. lanuginous, wool-

LAPURINE, as, adj. Manginous, would, downy (in botany.)

LAPER, la-pa, v. n. to lap or lick up.

LAPEREAU, lap-ro, s. m. young rabbit.

LAPIDAIRE, lab-pi-der, s. m. lapidary.

LAPIDAIRE, adj. Ex. Style lapidaire, style peculiar to inscriptions on marble, etc.

LAPIDATION, la-pi-da-sion, s. m. stoning to death.

LAPIDER, là-pl-dà, v. a. to stone, stone to death, lapidate.

LAPIDIFICATION, la-pl-dl-fl-ka-sion, s. f.

formation of stones

LAPIDIFIER, la-pl-dl-fla, v. a. to turn into stone.

LAPIDIFIQUE, adj. proper to form stones. LAPIN, la-pin, s. m. rabbit, buck-rabbit. Lapine, la-pin, s. f. doe-rabbit. LAPIS, or LAPIS LAZULI, or LAPIS AZU-

LI, s. m. lapis lazuli, lazuli.

LAPMUDE, s. f. a deer-skin gown.

LAPON, la-pon, s. m. Laplauder.

LAPONIE, la-pd-nl, s. f. Lapland.

LAPRAU, s. m. a young rabbit.

LAPS, E, adj. lapsed, fallen off.

LAPS, laps, s. m. Ex. Laps de temps, lapse on period of time.

t period of time. LAQS, &m. V. Lacs. LAQUAIS, lå-kë, s. m. lackey, foot-boy. LAQUE, s. f. lac, kind of gum. Laque, s. m. lacker (kind of varnish.) LaQUELLE, lå-kël, (the feminine of Lequel)

that, which, who, whom.

LARAIRE, s. m. chapel where the lares

LARCIN, lar-sin, s. m. theft, robbery; pla-giarism. Quand les larrons s'entrebattent, les larcine se discussiones les larcins se découvrent, when thieves fall out, honest men come by their own.

LARD, lar, s. m. bacon ; lard. Petit lard, streaked bacon. Quartier de lard, flitch of

LARDER, lar-da, v. a. to lard; to prick (a card.) Larder de coups d'épée, to stick or run through with a sword. Mar. to thrum. Larder une baderne, to thrum a mat. Une baderne lardée, a thrummed mat.

LARDOIRE, lar-dwar, s. f. a larding-pin. LARDON, lar-don, s. m. small slice of lard

or bacon; a wipe, dry knock; supplement to a newspaper. Donner un lardon à quelqu'un, to give one a clean wipe or dry knock, rub one up, wipe one down, give one a rub.

LARE, lar, s. m. a domestic god.

LARGE, larz, adj. broad, wide, large; free, iberal, bountiful. Un casuiste large, a casuist too easy, remiss or indulgent. Cheval qui ist too easy, remiss or indulgent. ra large, horse that goes wide.

LARGE, s. m. breadth, wideness. Ce drap a une cune de large, this cloth is an ell wide. V. Haut, adj.—An large, Ex. Etre loge au large, to have a great deal of room. Se mettre au large, to get more room. Etre au large, to have elbow-room, be at ease. Au

targe, to have elbow-room, be at ease. Au long et an large, far and wide.

Large, s. m. Mar. offing, main sea. Le côté du large, the offing. Au large, in the offing. Courir au large, avoir le bord au large, to stand for the offing. Au large de, without.

V. Mouiller. Prendre du large, to gain an effing, stand out to sea, sheer off. Ces bâtis descriptions.

mens premned le large, those vessels are standing away. Il y a très-grosse mer au large, the sea runs very high in the offing. La mer an large est très-belle, there is no sea in the offing. Des vents d'est nous felèrent an large, easterly winds blew us off the coast Le resser nous jeta an large de la roche, the surf rebounding from the rock set us clear of

LARGENEKT, Harz-men, adv. fully, entirely; largely, well, plentifully, abundantly.

LARGESSE, Harzes, s. f. largess, liberality, gift, dole, present, donation. Prices de largesse, doles.

LARGEUR, lar-reur, s.f. breadth, width, wideness, largeness. V. Hand, adj. Largeness des sabords, Mar. width of the ports. Largeur d'un bâtiment, extreme breadth of a ship.

LARGO, adv. (in musick) very slowly. LARGUE, larg, adj. & s. Mar. Vent largue large wind, free or leading wind. Vent gre largue, wind on the quarter or quartering wind. After or courir vent largue, to sail large. Le bâtiment chassé a du largue dans

ses voiles, the chase is going free.

LARGUER, v. a. & n. to cast off, let go, let out, loose or loosen, strain and open, etc. Larguer une managure, to let go a rope. Larguer une voile, to loose a sail. Larguer les ris, to let the reels out. Largue un ris dans chaque hunier, shake a reef out of the fore and main top-sails. Largue la remorque, cast off the tow-rope. Largue les galhaubans de dessous le vent, let go the lee back stay falls. Largue la boutine du grand hantier, lel go the main top bowline. Largue le huniers, loose the top-sails. Largue la voile d'étai de hune, clear away the main top-mast stay-sail. Largue le hale-bas du grand foe, let go the jib down haul. Largue le bras du grand hunier et le grand bras sous le vent, let go the lee main and main top-sail braces. Largue tout, let go behind. Largue en douceur le lof de misaine, ease off the fore tack. Largue en douceur le raban de pointure du vent, case down the weather earing hand-somely. Notre navire largue de parlout, our ship strains and opens fore and aft. Voilà un bordoge qui a largué, there is a butt that is sprung.

LARIGOT, la-ri-go, s. m. kind of flute,

LARIES, laries, s. m. land of nute, or pipe. Botre à tire-larigot, to quaff briskly.

LARIES, S. m. laryns, windpipe.

LARIES, laries, s. m. larch-tree.

LARIES, laries, s. f. tear; drop. Larmes (to architecture) drops. Pleurer à chaudes larmes or à grosses larmes, to weep bitterly, shed bitter tears.

LARMIER, lår-miå, s. m. eave or gutter (of a house;) brow or coping (of a wall;) the eye vein (of a horse;) head of the shaft (of a chimney.)

*LARMOYANT, E, lâr-mwā-yen, yent, adj.

weeping, crying, in tears.

*LARMOVER, lår-mwå-yå, v. n. & weep,

cry, shed tears.
*LARMOYEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. weeper.

LARRON, la-ron, s.m. thief, stealer, rogue; pith of a quill; leaf (of a book) turned down which has not been cut with the rest.

LARRONNEAU, s. m. little or young thief

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

LOTIER, s. m. herb melilot.

LOTION, lo-slow, s. f. lotion, washing. LOTIB, lo-th, v. a. to share, divide into

LOTISSEMENT, 18-tils-men, s. m. sharing, dividing into shares.

LOTISSEUR, s. m. distributor.

LOTISEUR, S. m. sort of game.
Lotte, bt, s. f. eel-pout (sort of fish.)
Lotte or Lotos, s. m. an Egyptian plant.
Louable, 180-abl, adj. commendable, to
be commended, laudable, praiseworthy, worthy of praise; approved, good (medicine.)
LOUABLEMENT, loo-abl-men, adv. lauda-

bly, commendably.

LOUAGE, ko-kz, s. m. letting out, hiring; hire; rent. Carrosse or cheval de louage, a hackney coach, or horse

LOUANGE, loo-enz, s. f. praise, commenda-tion. Digne de louange, praiseworthy. "LOUANGER, loo-en-za, v. a. to praise or

commend.

*Louangeu r, se, loo-èn-zeur, zeuz, s. m.

& C. praiser, flatterer.
LOUCHE, 1808h, adj. squint-eyed; ambiguous, dubious; roiled (190me.)
LOUCHER, 180-sha, v. n. to squint, look

askew.

LOUCHET, s. m. a sort of mattack.

LOUE, E, adj. hired, let or let out, praised, commended, etc. V. Louer.
LOUER, looa, v. a. to hire; to let or let

out; to praise or commend; to praise or thank God. Se lover, v. r. to praise or commend one's self. Se lover de, to be well satisfied with.
LOUEU-R, SE, Bo-eur, euz, s. m. & f. praiser or flatterer; also one who lets out.

LOUGRE, s. m. Mar. lugger. Louis, lwi, or Louis D'or, s. m. a French coin.

Loup, loo, s. m. wolf; eating-ulcer; velvet-mask. Loup-marin, sea-wolf. Un loupgarou, lycanthropist, also an owl or unsocia-ble man. Quand on parle du loup on en voit la queue, talk of the devil and he will appear. Qui se fait brebis, le loup le mange, daub yourself with honey, and you will never want flies.

LOUP-CERVIER, s. m. lynx. LOUPE, loop, s. f. a wen; knob; magnify-

ing-glass, glass convex on both sides.

Loureu-x, sz, adj. that has knobs. Lourdy z, toor, loord, adj. heavy, clouter-ly, unwieldy; stupid, dull, blockish; diffi-cile) difficult, hard. Lourde faute, gross or great fault.

LOURDAUD, E, loor-do, dod, s. m. & f. awkward fellow or wench, loggerhead, dunce, blockhead.

LOURDEMENT, loord-men, adv. heavily,

LOURDERIE, Bord-rd, s. f. blunder.
LOURDERIE, Bord-rd, s. f. blunder.
LOURDEUR, s. f. heaviness, weightiness.

"LOURDISE, s. f. blockishness, dulness, awkwardnes

LOUTRE, kotr, s. f. otter. Un loutre, s. m. hat made of otter's hair.

LOUVE, loov, s. f. she-wolf; lascivious woman, common whore, punk; slings or iron

LOUVER, v. a. to make a hole in a stone to

heave it up.
Louver, loo-ve, s. m. wolf of a moderate size: horse hair colour of a wolf's.

LOUVETEAU, loov-to, s. m. young wolf wedge of iron.

LOUVETER, loov-ta, v. n. to whelp (as a she-wolf.)

LOUVETERIE, loov-tri, s. f. wolf-hunting.
LOUVETIER, loov-tia, s. m. master of the
wolf-hunters, officer appointed for wolf-hunt-

LOUVETTE, s. f. (insect) tick.
LOUVETTE, blo-vvler, s. f. haunts of a wolf.
LOUVOYER, blo-vvley, v. n. Mar. to beat,
beat about, ply or turn to windward, laver.
LOUVER, lovr, s. m. (palace of the kings
of France) Louvee.

Lové, E, adj. Mar. coiled. Lover un cable, Mar. to coil a cable.

LONODROMIQUE, adj. Mar. Ex. Tables loxodromiques, tables of difference of latitude and departure.

LOYAL, E, lwa-al, adj. loyal, faithful, trusty, honest. • Vin loyal et marchand, marketable wine. Cheval loyal, gentle horse that gives exact obedience to the rider.

LOYALEMENT, lwa-yal-men, adv. loyally, faithfully, honestly.

LOYAUTE, lwa-yo-ta, s. f. loyalty, fidelity,

honesty. LOYER, lwa-ya, s. m. rent; hire; salary,

wages; reward, recompense.

Lu, z, adj. (from Lire) read, etc.
Lubiz, ld-bl, s. f. magget or crotchet,
ridiculous fancy, whim.

LUBRICU-X, SE, adj. maggot-headed, mag-goty, full of crotchets, whimsical. LUBRICITÉ, lû-bri-si-ta, s. f. lubricity, le chery, lasciviousness, wantonness, incontinen

cy. Lubrifier, v. a. to lubricate. Lubrique, lu-brik, adj. lecherous, wanton, lascivious.
LUBRIQUEMENT, lå-brik-men, adv. wan-

tonly, lasciviously LUCARNE, lin-karn, s. f. dormer-window.

a loover.

LUCIDE, lå-sid, adj. lucid, bright, light. LUCRATI-F, VE, lå-krå-df, dv, adj. lucrative, profitable. LUCRE, lukr, s. m. lucre, gain, profit.

LUETTE, la-et, s. f. palate or uvula. Lu-

ette abattue, pelate of the mouth down.

LUEUR, ld-eur, s. f. light or glimmering, glimmering light, glimpse, hint, information, also brightness

LUGUBRE, lu-gubr, adj. mournful, doleful, moanful, sad, melancholy.

LUGUBREMENT, 18-gdbr-mên, adv. mournfully, dolefully, moanfully.

LUI, lûl, he, him, to him, to her. Lui avezvous parlé? did you speak to him or her?

(R is always masculine except before a verb, and after the imperative.)

LUIRE, ldlr, v. n. (See the table at sure) to shine, glister, give light.

LUISANT, E. ldl-2m, zent, adj. shining, glittering, bright, light. Ver luisant, glow-

worm.

LUISANT, s. m. gloss (of cloths.)
LUITES, s. f. pl. testicles of a wild boar.
LUMIÈRE, ld-mièr, s. f. light; brightness,

rays, brilliancy; candle, lamp; understanding, intelligence, parts, sagacity, knowledge, experience, insight, hint, instruction; eminent or base, bat : jeane, mente, beurie . imant, cent, lien : vin : mon: brun.

illustrious man; touch-hole of a gun. Mettre un livre en lumière, to publish a book. Commencer à voir la lumière or la lumière du jour, to be born. Les himières de Dieu découvrent nos défauts jusque dans les replis de nos àmes, the mort secret recesses of our souls lie open to God's all-seeing eye. Lumière d'un canon, Mar. vent of a canon. Lumière d'une pompe, hole in the side of a pump for the pump nose or hose.

LUMIGNON, la-mi-gnon, s.m. snuff (of a can-

dle or lump.)

LUMINAIRE, lå-ml-ner, s. m. luminary or light; (of a church) lights; eyes, eye-sight.
LUMINEU-X, sE, lå-ml-neu, neuz, adj. luminous, lucid, bright, clear, full of light.

LUNAIRE, la-ner, adj. lunar. Ex. Mois or

LUNAIRE, s. f. moon-wort, honesty (a

plant.

LUNAISON, lå-ne-zon, s. f. lunation. LUNATIQUE, lå-nå-tik, adj. lunatick, made frantick, sick at certain times of the moon. Cheval lunatique, a moon-eyed horse.

LUNATIQUE, s. m. lunatick or mad man; also whimsical fellow.

LUNDI, lun-dl, s. m. Monday. LUNE, lun; s. f. moon. Vouloir prendre la hune avec les dents, to attempt impossibilities. Tenir de la lune, to be a little crack-brained. Avoir des lunes, to be full of whims or crotch-

LUNETIER, s. m. spectacle-maker. LUNETTE, lå-net, s. f. glass. Lunette d'approche, or de longue vue, prospective glass, telescope. Lunette à facettes, multiplyingglass. Lunettes à puces, microscope, magnifying-glass; seat (of a privy;) forked bone in the breast of a fowl; case (of a watch.) Lunette de toit, little dormer-window. Lunettes, spectacles.

Lunette, breeches (at draughts.) Mar. spy-ing-glass. Lunette de muit, night-glass. LUNULE, s. f. crescent or small half-

moon.

LUPERCALES, s. f. pl. Lupercalia. LUPIN, 10-pin, s. m. lupine (sort of pulse.) LUSIN, s. m. Mar. housing. LUSTRALE, 10s-tral, adj. f. Ex. Eau lus-

trale, lustral or holy water.
LUSTRATION, lustration. LUSTRE, låstr, s. m. lustre, gloss, splen-dour, brightness; branched candlestick, chan-

delier; lustre (space of five years.)
LUSTRE, E, adj. that has a gloss upon it.
LUSTRE, s. m. lustring or lutestring. LUSTRER, lås-trå, v.a. to set a gloss upon. LUSTREUR, s. m. glosser, polisher. LUSTRINE, s. f. a sort of stuff, lustring. LUT, lot, s. m. lute or chymists' clay. LUTÉ, E, adj. luted.

LUTER, v. a. to lute or close with clay.

LUTH, s. m. a lute.

LUTHÉRANISME, ld-ta-ra-nism, s. m. Lutheranism LUTHÉRIEN, NE, là-tà-riên, riên, adj. & s.

Lutheran. LUTHIER, lå-tiå, s. m. maker of lutes and

other stringed instruments.

Lutin, lå-tin, s. m. hobgoblin; also cross-

grained, noisy child.
LUTINER, la-ti-na, v. n. to torment or disturb one like a hobgoblin.

LUTRIN, lu-trin, s. m. reading-desk, chorister's desk

LUTTE, låt, s. f. wrestling. Lieu de combat à la lutte, wrestling-place. De haute lutte, by main force.

LUTTER, la-ta, v. n. to wrestle, be wrest-

ling. Lutter contre, to struggle with.
LUTTEUR, lå-teur, s. m. wrestler.
LUXATION, låk-så-slon, s. f. luxation or be

ing out of joint.

LUXE, lüks, s. m. luxury, pomp, sump tuousness, profuseness, greatest plenty, afflu

ence, riot, extravagance.

Luxer, låk-så, v. a. to luxate, disjoint.

Luxure, låk-sår, s.f. lechery, wantonness

lust, lasciviousness.

LUXURIEU-X, SE, låk-så-rlèu, rieuz, adj lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lustful. LUZERNE, lå-zern, s. f. clover, Spanish

trefoil.

LUZERNIÈRE, s. f. field sown with clover. Ly, s. m. measure (of distance) in China. Lycanthrope, ll-kan-trop, s. m. lycan thropist.

LYCANTHROPIE, s. f. lycanthropy.

LYCÉE, s. m. lyceum.

LYCIUM, s. m. a sort of thorny shrub. LYMPHATIQUE, lin-få-tik, adj. lymphatiek. LYMPHE, linf, s. f. lymph, watery humour. LYNX, links, s. m. lynx. Avoir des yeux de

lynx, to be lynx-eyed or keen-sighted Lynx, lir, s. f. lyre, viol, harp. Lynique, il-rik, adj. lyrick.

M, êm, mê, s. f. thirteenth letter of the French alphabet.

Ma, må, adj. (feminine of mon) my.
Macaron, må-kå-ron, s. m. macaroon.
Macaronée, s. f. macaronick composi-

tion, sort of mock poetry.

MACARONI, ma-ka-ro-ni, s. m. macaroni.

MAGARONIQUE, må-kå-rô-nik, adj. macaronick.

MACARONISME, s. m. macaronick compo-

MACÉRATION, mà-sà-rà-slon, s. f. maceration; also soaking or steeping.

MACÉRER, ma-sh-ra, v. a. to macerate or

make lean; to soak or steep.

MACHE, mash, s. f. sort of herb for salad. MACHÉ, E, adj. chewed, bruised; prepar-

ed, made ready.

Machecoulis, s. f. part of ancient fortifications.

MACHEFER, mash-fer, s. m. cross of iron. MACHELIÈRE, mash-flèr, adj. f. Les dents mâchelières, the hind teeth, grinders.

MACHEMORE or MACHEMOURE, s. f. Mar.

broken pieces of ship-bread.

MACHER, ma-sha, v. a. to chaw or chew;

to eat much or with avidity; to prepare business, make it ready. Cheval qui mâche son frein, horse that champs the bit.

MACHEU-R, SE, ma-sheur, sheuz, s. m. &

f. great eater; chewer.
MacHicatoire, mā-shī-kā-twār, s. m.
Ex. Prendre du tabac en machicatoire, to chew tobacco.

MACHICOT, s. m. chanter (in a church.) chorister.

MACHICOULIS, V. Machecoulis

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fielu, (lg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

-Lit, Mar. bed, etc. Bois de lit, bed-stead. Lit et convertures, bedding. Lit d'une ri-vière, bed of a river. Lit d'un courant, bed of a current or part of the sea where a current runs with great velocity. Lit de marée, tide way. Le lit du vent, the wind's eye. LITANIE, il-tà-nl, s. f. litany. Faire une longue titanie de see exploits, to give a long-

winded story of one's achievements.

LITEAU, s. m. haunt of a wolf.

LITHARGE, Il-tarz, s. f. litharge. LITHOCOLLE, s. f. cement for fastening precious stones.

LITHOGRAPHIE, s. f. lithography.

LITHOLOGIE, s. f. that part of natural his-

tory which treats of stones. LITHOLOGUE, s. m. author who has writ-

ten on stones. LITHORTRIPTIQUE, adj. & s. lithontrip-

tick. LITHOPHAGE, s. m. little worm in slate. LITHOTOME, s. m. instrument for extract-

ing the stone.
LITHOTOMIE, s. f. lithotomy LITHOTOMISTE, s. m. & adj. lithotomist. LITIÈRE, Il-tlèr, s. f. litter; litter of straw Cheval sur la litière, sick or lame horse. est sur la litière, he is sick a-bed. Faire bitière de quelque chose, to throw a thing about like dirt, lavish a thing.

LITIGANT, E, adj. & s. litigant, one that is

at law.

LITIGE, Il-tiz, s. m. litigation, strife, law-LITIGIEU-X, SE, Il-tl-zieu, zieuz, adj. liti-

gious. LITISPENDANCE, s. f. time during which a

lawsuit is pending.

LITORNE, S. f. a sort of thrush. LITRE, fitr, s. m. black girdle (with coats of arms, round the upper part of a church.)

LITRON, N-tron, s. m. wooden measure, (containing somewhat more than a pint.) LITTÉRAIRE, II-là-rèr, adj. literary. LITTÉRAL, E, II-là-ràl, adj. literal. LITTÉRALEMENT, II-là-ràl-mên, adv. lite-

LITTERALITÉ, s. f. literality.

LITTÉRATEUR, II-ta-ra-teur, s. m. man of letters.

LITTÉRATURE, Il-ta-ra-tur, s. f. literature, learning, erudition.

LITURGIE, Il-tar-21, s. f. liturgy.

LITURGIQUE, or adj. relating to the litur-

LIURE, s. f. binding. Liures, Mar. seizings. Liures de beaupré, lashings, gammoning of the bowsprit.

LIVARDE, s. f. Mar. sprit. Voile à livarde. strit sail.

LIVARDER une voile, v. a. Mar. to sprit a sail.

LIVÈCHE, s. f. lovage.

LIVIDE, li-vid, adj. black and blue, livid. LIVIDITE, li-vi-di-ta, s. f. lividity.

LIVOURNE, Il-voorn, s. f. Leghorn. LIVRAISON, Il-vre-zon, s. f. delivery of goods purchased at vendue; part of a work printed in numbers; a number.

LIVRE, s. m. book. Livre de loch. Mar.

log-book.
Livre, flvr, s. f. adj. pound; livre. Livre sterling, pound sterling, twenty shillings

LIVRÉ, E, adj. (V. livrer) delivered, delivered up, etc.

LIVRÉE, ll-vrå, s. f. livery; (gens de li-vrée) livery-men, also servants in livery; footmen; board wages or allowance. de la noce, a wedding-favour.

LIVRER, Il-vra, v. a. to deliver or deliver up; to give up, abandon, devote; to discover, betray; to warrant. Livrer bataille, to engage or join battle. Livrer un assaut à une place, to storm a place. Se livrer, v. r. to give one's self up or over, surrender or abandon one's

self; to betray one's self.
LIVRET, II-vre, s. m. little book.

LIXIVIATION, s. f. lixivium. LIXIVIEL, adj. lixivial. Sel lixiviel, lixiviate salt.

LLAMA, s. m. animal of Peru resembling a small camel.

LOBE, lob, s. m. lobe; cod or shell (of pulse and seeds.)

LOBULE, s. m. small lobe.

LOCAL, E, 10-kal, adj. local.

LOCAL, s. m. every part or the different parts belonging to a place. LOCALITE, s. f. locality.

LOCANDE or LOCANTE, adj. s. Ex. Cham-

bre locande, room to be let, hired lodgings.
LOCATAIRE, 16-kå-ter, s. m & f. tenant. or lodger; lessee.

LOCATI-F, VE, 10-kh-uf, tiv, adj. of or belonging to the tenant.

nging to the tenant.
LOCATION, lo-kā-slon, s. f. letting-out.
LOCATIS, lô-kā-tls, s. m. hired horse, hack.
LOCH, s. m. Mar. log.
LOCHE, lô-sha, v. n. to be loose and ready

to fall (said of a horse-shoe.)

LOCMAN, S. m. Mar. V. Lamaneur. LOCUTION, 18-k8-slon, s. f. locution, expression, phrase, manner of speaking.

LODIER, 18-dfa, s. m. quitted counterpane.
Lods, lo, s. m. pl. Ex. Lods et ventes,
fines of alienation.

Lor, lof, s. m. Mar. loof, weather side, luff, tor, iol, s. in. mar. non, weather stee, inth, weather tack, etc. Le grand lof, the main tack. Couples de lof, hoof frame or loof timbers. Le lof du bâtiment, the weather side of the ship. Le lof d'une basse voile, the luft or weather tack of a course. Aller or venir an lof, bouter de lof, to luff, spring the luff, sail near the wind. Etre an lof, to be to the windward, have the weather-gage. Tenir de lof, to keep the luff, keep the ship close to the wind. Faire lof pour lof, to tack about. (Words of command) loof, luff or luff boy, luff. Au lof, spring your luff, luff up. Loj tout, luff round or hard a lee. Lof a la risee

LOGARITHME, Id-garithms.

LOGE, 10z, s. f. shed, lodge, hut, cabin;

box; booth; cell. Log £, E, adj. lodged. J'en suis logé là, 1 am of that mind, that is my mind, that is my humour or temper. Vous voyez où nous en sommes logés, you see how our case stands.

LOGEABLE, 18-2abl, adj. convenient (for lodging.)
LOGEMENT, s. m. lodging or apartment;

lodgment in a siege. Logemens d'un vaissem

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

Mar. accommodations or rooms in a ship.

Logement (des matelots,) the steerage.
Logen, lo-zh, v. a. to lodge, harbour, give a lodging; to quarter (soldiers.) Loger, v. n. to lodge, lie, live or dwell. Se loger, v. r. to build a bouse for one's own use; to take a lodging; make a lodgment (in a siege.)

LOGETER, 16-zet, s. f. little lodge or cabin.
LOGETER, s. m. lodger.
LOGICIER, 16-z1-slên, s. m. logician.
LOGIQUE, 16-zk, s. f. logick.

LOGIQUEMENT, adv. logically.
LOGIS, 10-zl, s. m. house, home, habitation, lodging: inn. Corps de logis, main-house; detached part of a house, apartment.

*LoGISTIQUE, s. f. art of calculating with

letters, algebra.

LOGOGRIPHE, ld-gd-grif, s. m. kind of symbol in enigmatical words.

LOGOMACHIE, S. f. logomachy. Loi, lwa, s f. law, statute, ordinance, decree, precept, command, power, dominion. Gens de loi, lawyers. Ranger un état sous ses lois, to subdue a state, bring it under one's dominion. Les lors du devoir m'y obligent,

my duty binds me to it.

LOIN, lwin, adv. far, far off, afar, a great way, a great way off, at a distance or great distance. De loin, from afar, from a great distance. Loin à loin or de loin à loin, at a great distance. Au loin, a great way off.
Loin de, far from, a great way from, at a
great distance off or from. Bien loin de, far
from, very far from, instead of Bien loin
ten from Very in missead of bien loin que, far from. Voir venir quelqu'un de loin to see whereabout one is, see what one would be at. Aller loin, to go far, go a great way. Cela va plus loin que vous ne pensez, that is of greater consequence than you imagine.

Parens de loin, very distant relations. Une
le porteru pas loin, he shall not go long unpunished, I will soon be even with him. Bien loin qu'il ait été pani, far from his having been punished. Loin d'ici, loin de nous, away, avaunt, be gone. Qui est loin des yeux est loin du cœur. Out of sight out of mind. Ils sont encore tous deux loin du compte, or bien loin du compte, they two still differ very much.

LOINTAIN, R, lwin-tin, ten, adj. far, re-

LOINTAIN, s. m. remote part or parts; (in painting) deepening, what appears to be most distant. Les lointains, s. m. pl. the distances or remotest views of a picture.

Loir, iwar, s. m. dormouse.

*Loisible, lwa-zibl, adj. permissible.
Loisible, lwa-zibl, adj. permissible.
Loisible, lwa-zir, s. m. leisure, spare time;
sufficient time. A loisir, leisurely, at leisure.
Low, lok, s. m. an anodyne potion.
Lowbaire, lon-ber, adj. pertaining to the

LOMBARD, lon-bar, s. m. Lombard (a man born in Lombardy;) a pawnbroker's office. LONBES, lonb, s. m. pl. the loins.

L'on, V. On.
Long, UE, lon, long, adj. long; great; tedinis, slow. Long temps, great or long while.
Bul à longues années, long lease. Assignations à longs yours, summons to a long day. Je ne l'ui pas vu depuis long-temps or il y a long-temps que je ne l'ai ru. I have not seen him this great while. Assez long-temps, a pretty while V. Haut. Long, s. m. length. Au long, tost au long, at large. Tout du long, all at length. Le long de, along. Tout le long de la mai, all the night long. Une chambre qui a 20 pieds de long, a room 20 feet in length or 20 feet long. V. Haut. A la longue, in the long run, in time or in length of time. Je le connois de longue main, I have known him long or long ago, or a long while since, he is an old acquaintance of mine. Tirer de longue, to go a great way off; also to put off from day to day. Savoir le court et le long d'une affaire, to know the short and the long of a business. ral long jointe, a long jointed horse.

LONGARIMITE, lon-gh-nl-ml-th, s.f. long-

suffering, forbearance, patience.

Longe, lone, s. f. loin (of meat;) strap or thong of leather. Une longe de veau, a loin of veul.

LONGER, lon zå, v. a. to go or walk aleng (a river, wood, etc.) Longer, v. a. Mar. to coast along.

Longiviti, s. f. longevity.
Longimitrie, s. f. longimetry.
Longis, s. m. longing or long-winded or
slow man, slow-belly, drowsy or dreaming

fellow, lingerer, lounger.

LONGITUDE, lon-zl-tild, s. f. longitude. Etre en longitude Est or Ouest, Mar. to be in East or West longitude. Par quelle longitude arez-rous coupé la ligne? in what longitude did you cross the line?

LONGITUDITAL, E, adj. longitudinal.

LONGITUDINALEMENT, adv. in length. LONGUE, the feminine of Long

LONGUEMENT, long-men, adv. long, a long time, a great while.

LONGUET, TE, lon-ge, get, adj. pretty long. LONGUEUR, lon-geur, s. f. length, delay. Tirer en longueur, to lengthen, put off, pro-long, delay, spin out. V. Hut longueur. Mar. length. Longueur de la quille portant sur terre, tread or length of the keel upon a right line.

LOPIN, lô-pin, s. m. lunch, bit, morsel. LOQUACITÉ, lô-kwâ-sî-ta, s. f. loquacity

LOQUE, lok, s. f. rag tatter.
LoQUE, lok, s. f. rag tatter.
LoQUETEAU, lok-tô, s. m. latch (of a door.)
LoQUETEAU, lok-tô, s. m. little latch.
LoQUETEL, s. f. little piece.
LoRD, lôr, s. m. Lord (a title.)

LORGNER, v. a. to ogle, leer. LORGNERIE, s. f. ogling, leering.

LORGNETTE, s. f. opera glass. Lorgnev-r, se, lor-gneur, gueuz, s. m. & f. ogler.

& f. ogler.

Lorior, 10-r10, s. m. sort of bird.

que, even when.

*Los, s. m. praise.
Losange, lozenze, s. f. lozenge, rhomb.
Losange, s., adj. lozenged.
Lot, lo, s. m. lot, portion, share; prize.
Lote, V. Motelle.

LOTERIE, lot-ri, s. f. lottery.

LOTI, E, adj. shared. Le voilà hien loti he has made a fine choice of it truly!

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fiel 1, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, gôod.

LOTIER, s. m. herb melilot. LOTION, 18-slow, s. f. lotion, washing. LOTIE, 18-tir, v. a. to share, divide into

LOTISSRMENT, 10-th-men, s. m. sharing, dividing into shares.

LOTISSEUR, s. m. distributor.

LOTISEUR, s. m. sort of game.
LOTO, s. m. sort of game.
LOTTR, löt, s. f. eel-pout (sort of fish.)
LOTUS or LOTOS, s. m. an Egyptian plant.
LOUABLE, löe-abl, adj. commendable, to
be commended, laudable, praiseworthy, wor thy of praise; approved, good (medicine.)
LOUABLEMENT, loo-abl-men, adv. lauda-

bity, commendably.

LOUAGE, 100-Az, s. m. letting out, hiring; hire; rent. Carrosse or cheval de louage, a

hackney coach, or horse LOUANGE, loo-enz, s. f. praise, commenda-

tion. Digne de louange, praiseworthy.

*Louanger, loo-en-za, v. a. to praise or

commend.

*Louangeu R, se, lõo-en-zeur, zeuz, s. m.

& C. praiser, flatterer.
LOUCHE, 180sh, adj. squint-eyed; ambiguous, dubious; roiled (wine.)
LOUCHER, 180-shk, v. n. to squint, look

askew.

LOUCHET, s. m. a sort of mattack.

LOUGHET, s. m. a sort of mattack.

LOUÉ, E., adj. hired, let or let out, praised, commended, etc. V. Louer.

LOUER, lòo-à, v. a. to hire; to let or let out; to praise or commend; to praise or thank God. Se louer, v. r. to praise or commend one's self. Se louer de, to be well satisfied with.

LOUEU-B., SE, lòo-èur, èuz, s. m. & f. praiser or flatterer; elso upe who let out

ser or flatterer; also one who lets out.

LOUGRE, s. m. Mar. lugger. Louis, lwi, or Louis D'or, s. m. a French coin.

LOUP, loo, s. m. wolf; eating-ulcer; velvet-mask. Loup-maris, sea-wolf. Un loup-garou, lycanthropist, also an owl or unsociable man. Quand on parle du loup on en volta queue, talk of the devil and he will appear. Qui se fait brebis, le loup le mange, daub yourself with honey, and you will never want flies.

LOUP-CERVIER, s. m. lynx. LOUPE, loop, s. f. a wen; knob; magnifying-glass, glass convex on both sides.

LOUPEU-x, se, adj. that has knobs.
LOURD, x, loor, bord, adj. heavy, clouterly, unwieldy; stupid, dull, blockish; (difficile) difficult, hard. Lourde faute, gross or great fault.

LOURDAUD, E, loor-do, dod, s. m. & f. awkward fellow or wench, loggerhead,

dunce, blockhead.

tourdement, flord-men, adv. heavily, blockishly, grossly; awkwardly.
LOURDERIE, blord-ri, s. f. blunder.
LOURDERIE, beaviness, weightiness.
*LOURDISE, s. f. blockishness, dulness, awkwardness

LOUTRE, Rotr, s. f. otter. Un loutre, s. m. hat made of otter's hair.

LOUVE, loov, s. f. she-wolf; lascivious woman, common whore, punk; slings or iron pincers.

LOUVER, v. a. to make a hole in a stone to

heave it up.
LOUVET, loo-ve, s. m. wolf of a moderate size; horse hair colour of a wolf's.

LOUVETEAU, loov-to, s. m. young wolf wedge of iron.

LOUVETER, LOOV-ta, v. n. to whelp (as a she-wolf.)

LOUVETERIE, loov-trl, s. f. wolf-hunting. LOUVETIER, loov-tila, s. m. master of the wolf-hunters, officer appointed for wolf-hunt-

LOUVETTE, s. f. (insect) tick.
LOUVETTE, s. f. (insect) tick.
LOUVER, 100-vvd-ya, v. n. Mar. to beat, beat about, ply or turn to windward, laver.
LOUVER, 100vr, s. m. (palace of the kings of France) Louve.
Love a sid Mar coiled

LOVE, E, adj. Mar. coiled.
LOVER un câble, Mar. to coil a cable.
LONDROMIE, s. f. Mar. loxodrom.
LONDROMIQUE, adj. Mar. Ex. Tables
loxodromiques, tables of difference of latitude and departure.

LOYAL, E, lwa-al, adj. loyal, faithful, trusty, honest. • Vin loyal et marchand, marketable wine. Cheval loyal, gentle horse that gives exact obedience to the rider.

LOYALEMENT, lwa-yal-men, adv. loyally,

faithfully, honestly.
LOYAUTE, lwa-yo-ta, s. f. loyalty, fidelity,

honesty. LOYER, lwa-ya, s. m. rent; hire; salary,

wages; reward, recompense.

LU, E, adj. (from Lire) read, etc.
LUBE, 13-bl, s. f. maggot or crotchet,
ridiculous fancy, whim.

LUBIEU-K, SE, adj. maggot-headed, maggoty, full of crotchets, whimsical.

LUBRIGITÉ, lû-brl-sl-ta, s. f. lubricity, le

chery, lasciviousness, wantonness, incontinen

cy.
LUBRIFIER, v. a. to lubricate.
LUBRIQUE, ld-brfk, adj. lecherous, wanton, lascivious.

Lubriquement, lå-brik-mën, adv. wan-

tonly, lasciviously.

LUCARNE, lå-kårn, s. f. dormer-window,

a loover.

LUCIDE, lå-sid, adj. lucid, bright, light. LUCRATI-F, VE, lå-krå-tif, tiv, adj. lucrative, profitable. LUCRE, lakr, s. m. lucre, gain, profit.

LUETTE, 1û-êt, s. f. palate or uvula. Luette abattue, palate of the mouth down.
LUEUR, 1û-êur, s. f. light or glimmering.
glimmering light, glimpse, hiat, information,

also brightness

LUGUBRE, lö-göbr, adj. mournful, doleful, moanful, sad, melancholy. LUGUBREMENT, lö-göbr-men, adv. mourn-

LUI, hall, he, him, to him, to her. Lui aver-wous parle? did you speak to him or her? (It is always masculine except before a verb, and after the imperative.)

Luirr, ldr, v. n. (See the table at uire) to shine, glister, give light.
Luisan, E. 1dl-zen, zent, adj. shining, glittering, bright, light. Ver luisant, glowworm.

LUISANT, s. m. gloss (of cloths.)
LUITES, s. f. pl. testicles of a wild boar.
LUMLER, id-mile, s. f. light; brightness,
rays, brilliancy; candle, lamp; understanding, intelligence, parts, sagacity, knowledge, experience, insight, hint, instruction; eminent or

base, bat : jeune, moute, beurre . imant, cent, lien : vin : mon: brun.

illustrious man; touch-hole of a gun. Mettre un livre en lumière, to publish a book. Commencer à voir la lumière or la lumière du jour, to be born. Les hunières de Dieu découvrent nos défauts jusque dans les replis de nos àmes, the most secret recesses of our souls lie open to God's all-seeing eye. Lumière d'un canon, Mar. vent of a canon. Lumière d'une pompe, hole in the side of a pump for the pump nose or hose.

Lumienon, lå-mi-gnon, s.m. snuff (of a can-

dle or hamp.)

LUMINAIRE, lu-mi-ner, s. m. luminary or light; (of a church) lights; eyes, eye-sight.
LUMINEU-X, SE, ld-ml-neu, neuz, adj. lu-

minous, lucid, bright, clear, full of light.

LUNAIRE, ld-ner, adj. lunar. Ex. Mois or

smele lunaire, lunar month or year.

LUNAIRE, s. f. moon-wort, honesty (a plant.)

LUNAISON, lunation.

LUNATIQUE, lunatick, made frantick, sick at certain times of the moon. Cheval binatique, a moon-eyed horse.

LUBATIQUE, s. m. lunatick or mad man;
also whimsical fellow.

LUNDI, lun-dl, s. m. Monday. LUNE, lun; s. f. moon. Vouloir prendre la hane avec les dents, to attempt impossibilities. Tenir de la hme, to be a little crack-brained. Avoir des lunes, to be full of whims or crotch-

LUNETIER, s. m. spectacle-maker. LUNETTE, ld-net, s. f. glass. Lunette d'approche, or de longue vue, prospective glass, telescope. Lunette à facettes, multiplying-glass. Lamettes à puces, microscope, magnitying-glass; seat (of a privy;) forked bone in the breast of a fowl; case (of a watch.) Lunette de toit, little dormer-window. Lamettes, spectacles.

Luncite, brooches (at draughts.) Mar. spying-glass. Luncite de mai, night-glass.
LUNULE, s. f. crescent or small halfmoon.

LUPERCALES, s. f. pl. Lupercalia.

LUPIN, 10-pin, s. m. lupine (sort of pulse.)
LUSIN, s. m. Mar. bousing.
LUSTRALE, 10s-tral, adj. f. Ex. East lustrale, lustral or holy water.
LUSTRATION, 10s-tra-30s, s. f. lustration.

LUSTRE, lustr, s. m. lustre, gloss, splendour, brightness; branched candlestick, chan-

delier; lustre (space of five years.)
LUSTRE, E, adj. that has a gloss upon it.
LUSTRE, s. m. lustring or lutestring. LUSTREUR, s. m. glosser, polisher. LUSTREUR, s. m. glosser, polisher. LUSTRINE, s. f. a sort of stuff, lustring. Lut, lut, s. m. lute or chymists' clay.

LUTÉ, E, adj. luted. LUTER, v. a. to lute or close with clay. LUTH, s. m. a lute.

LUTHERANISME, ld-ta-ra-nism, s. m. Lu-

LUTHÉRIEN, NE, là-tà-rièn, rièn, adj. & s. Lutheran

LUTHIER, lå-tiå, s. m. maker of lutes and other stringed instruments.
LUTIN, ld-tin, s. m. hobgoblin; also cross-

grained, noisy child.

LUTINER, ld-tl-na, v. n. to torment or diszurb one like a hobgoblin.

LUTRIN, lå-trin, s. m. reading-desk, chorister's desk.

LUTTE, lût, s. f. wrestling. Lieu de combat à la lutte, wrestling-place. De haute lutte, by main force.

LUTTER, lå-tå, v. n. to wrestle, be wrestling. Lutter contre, to struggle with.
LUTTEUR, ld-teur, a. m. wrestler.
LUXATION, ldk-sk-slon, s. f. luxation or be

ing out of joint.

LUXE, luks, s. m. luxury, pomp, sump tuousness, profuseness, greatest plenty, afflu

ence, riot, extravagance.

LUXER, luk-sa, v. a. to luxate, disjoint. LUXURE, luk-sur, s.f. lechery, wantonness lust, lasciviousness.

LUXURIEU-X, SE, låk-så-rlèu, rleuz, adj lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lustful.
Luzerne, lu-zern, s. f. clover, Spanish

trefoil. LUZERNIÈRE, s. f. field sown with clover.

Ly, s. m. measure (of distance) in China. LYCANTHROPE, Il-kan-trop, s. m. lycan thropist.

LYCANTHROPIE, s. f. lycanthropy.

LYCÉE, s. m. lyceum. LECIUM, s. m. a sort of thorny shrub.

LYMPHATIQUE, lin-få-tik, adj. lymphatick. LYMPHE, lize, s. f. lymph, watery humour. LYNX, lizes, s. m. lynx. Avoir des yeux de lynx, to be lynx-eyed or keen-sighted LYRE, lir, s. f. lyre, viol, harp.

LYRIQUE, Il-rik, adj. lyrick.

M, em, me, s. f. thirteenth letter of the French alphabet.

Ma, må, adj. (feminine of mon) my.
Macaron, må-kå-ros, s. m. macaroon.
Macaron ir, s. f. macaronick composi-

tion, sort of mock poetry.

Macaroni, må-kå-rò-ni, s. m. macaroni.

Macaronique, må-kå-rò-nik, adj. maca-

ronick. MACARONISME, s. m. maceronick compo-

sition. MACÉRATION, mà-sà-rà-sion, s. f. macera-

tion; also soaking or steeping.

MACÉRER, må-så-rå, v. a. to macerate or

make lean; to soak or steep.

Mache, mash, s. f. sort of herb for salad.

Mache, E, adj. chewed, bruised; prepar-

ed, made ready. MACHECOULIS, s. f. part of ancient fortifi-

cations.

MACHEFER, mash-fer, s. m. cross of iron.
MACHELIRRE, mash-fler, adj. f. Les dente
machetières, the hind teeth, grinders.

MACHEMORE OF MACHEMOURE, s. f. Mar. broken pieces of ship-bread.

Macher, ma-sha, v. a. to chaw or chew; to eat much or with avidity; to prepare business, make it ready. Cheval qui mache sou frein, borse that champs the bit.

MACHEU-R, SE, ma-sheur, sheuz, s. m. &

f. great eater; chewer.
MACHICATOIRE, mâ-shl-kâ-twar, s. m.
Ex. Prendre du tabac en machicatoire, to chew to bacco.

MACHICOT, s. m. chanter (in a church,) chorister.

MACHICOULIS, V. Machecoulis

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: flent, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

MACHINAL, E, må-shì-nal, adj. machinal,

MACHINALEMENT, må-shì-nàl-mên. adv. mechanically.

MACHINATEUR, må-shì-nà-tèur, s. m. contriver, plotter.

MACHINATION, mà-shì-nà-sìon, s. f. ma-

chination, device, plot, plotting, contriving.

MACHINE, ma-shin, s. f. machine, engine; sly-trick, crafty device, plot; the human body.

Machine ronde, the earthly ball, the world.
Machine de cordonnier, paint for shoes.
Machine, S. Mar. Ex. Machine à cornette,
gia. Machine à purifer Feau, machine for
swettening water. Machine à mâture or à matter, machine for masting ships (they are, in France, mostly erected on shore.) Machine à mater flottante, sheer-hulk or vessel sitted with shears. Machine à curer, ponton or lighter furnished with large forked ladles and machinery to work them (to raise mud or

MACHINER, må-shl-nå, v. a. to plot, hatch, devise. Machiner les points d'un soulier, to

paint a shoe.

MACHINISTE, må-shl-nist, s. m. machinist. MACHOIRE, må-shwår, s. i. jaw, jaw-bone, chaps. Branler la måchoire or jouer de la måchoire, to set one's chaps agoing, to eat. Máchoires d'étau, chaps of a vice.

MACHONNER, ma-shô-nê, v a. to chew with

difficulty or negligence

MACHURER, ma-shu-ra, v. a. to daub black. MACIS, ma-sl, s. m. mace.

MACLE, s. f. water-chesnut; (in heraidry)

MAÇON, må-son, s. m. mason, brick-layer. MAÇONNAGR, må-sô-nåz, s. m. mason's

MAÇONNER, må-sô-nå, v. n. to work or build with stone, brick, etc.; wall up; to bungle, botch.

MAÇONSERIE, må-sôn-rl, s. f. masonry, mason's work, muring or walling, stone or brick-work.

MACQUE, mak, s. f. instrument to break hemp.

MACQUER, må-kå, v. a. to break hemp.
- MACREUSE, må-kreuz, s. f. sea-duck.
MACULATURE, må-ků-lå-tůr, s. f. bad sheet

of printed paper; very coarse brown paper.

*MACULE, ma-kal, s. f. macula, spot, blemish, blot, stain. Sans macule, unspotted.

MACULER, må-ku-lå, v. a. & n. to spot or

MACULER, ma-au-a, ...

blot (printed paper.)

MADAME, ma-dam, s. f. my lady, madam, ladyship, mistress. Montieur vaut bien madame, he is as good as she, pl. Mesdames.

MADEMOISELLE, måd-mwå-zel, s. f. miss.

MADRÉ, E, ma-dra, adj. speckled, spotted; cunning, sharp. man, sharp blade. Un fin madre, a cunning

MADRIER, må-driå, s. m. thick plank or board.

MADRIGAL, må-drl-gål, s. m. madrigal, kind of amorous song.

MADRIGALET, s. m. short madrigal.

MADRIGALIER, s. m. writer of madrigals. MADRURE, s. f. speck or spot.

*MAESTRAL, s. m. north-west wind (in the Mediterranean.)

*MAESTRÉLISER, v. n. to incline to the

MAFFLE, E, må-flå, adj. chub-cheeked bloated.

MAGASIN, må-gå-zin, s. m. magazine, a ware-house, store-house. Marchand en magasin, wholesale-dealer or merchant. Magasin général, naval store-house in a dock yard. Magasin particulier, store-house containing the igging, etc.; of a particular ship or class of ships.

MAGASINER, v. a. to store up, lay up in a store house.

MAGASINIER, må-gå-sî-nfå, s. m. warchouse-keeper.

MAGE, maz, s. m. wise man (among the Persians.) Juge mage, chief-justice.
MAGICIEN, NE. ma-21-sien, sien, s. m. & f.

magician, wizard, conjurer, sorcerer, witch, sorceress.

MAGIE, må-2l, s. f. magick, black-art, sor-cery, witcheraft.

MAGIQUE, adj. magical, magick, conjur-

ing.
MAGISME, s. m. religion of the Magi. MAGISTER, må-zls-ter, s. m. country

school-master. MAGISTERE, ma-2is-ter, s. m. magistery; also grand-mastership of Malta.

MAGISTRAL, E, ma-zis-tral, adj. magisterial, imperious, belonging to a master.

MAGISTRALEMENT, ma-zis-tral-men, adv magisterially, imperiously.

MAGISTRAT, må-21s-trå, s. m. magistrate. MAGISTRATURE, må-21s-trå-tur, s. f. magistracy.

MAGNANIME, må-gnå-nim, adj. magnani-mous, generous, brave, of great soul. MAGNANIMEMENT, adv. magnanimously.

MAGNANIMITÉ, må -gnå-nî-mî-tå, s. f. magnanimity, courage, generosity, greatness of

MAGNÉTIQUE,måg-nå-tik,adj.magnetical. MAGNÉTISME, mag-na-tism, s. m. magnet-

MAGNIFICAT, s. m. magnificat.

MAGNIFICENCE, må-gni-fl-sens, s. f. mag nificence, state, greatness, generosity, gal lantry, stateliness.

MAGNIFIER, må-gnl-flå, v. a. to magnify,

exalt, praise highly, extol.

MAGNIFIQUE, magnificent, stately, noble, great, that lives in great state, sumptuous, splendid. Style magnifique, lofty or high strain, lofty or sublime style.

MAGNIFIQUEMENT, må-gul-fik-men, adv. magnifcently, stately, nobly, royally, splendidly, sunptuously.

MAGOT, ma-gO, s. m. baboon; booby, ill favoured coxcomb, nasty fellow, puppy;

hoard of money, hidden treasure.

MAHEUTRE, s. m. (used in the time of the league, and now out of use) soldier.
MAHOMÉTAN, E, mã-ð-mã-ten, tân, adj. &

s. m. & f. Mahometan.

MAHOMÉTISME, må-ô-må-tism, s. m. Mahometism.

MAHONNE, s. f. Mar. mahone Turkish ship. MAI, me, s. m. May; may-pole.

MAIDAN, s. m. a market place in the east. MAIDAN, S. m. a market place in the east.

MAIGAR, mê_gr, adj. lean, meager, poor (in
flesh.) thin, scraggy; hungry; dry, barren
jejune, slender; that gapes open, does not
join close; sorry, pitiful. Faire maigrechère,
to make pitiful cheer, fare very hard or sad!y base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

or pitifully. Jour maigre, fish day. (Mar. ban-1) yan day.)

MAIGRE, s. m. lean (neat;) any food which is not meat. Manger maigre, faire maigre, to eat no flesh, keep Lent, forbear meat.

MAIGRELET, TE, megr-le, let, adj. lean, poor, out of case, thin.

MAIGREMENT, adv. poorly, slenderly, pitifully.

MAIGRET, TE, mê-grê, grêt, adj. rather

lean, poor, thin, out of case

MAIGREUR, mê-greur, s. f. leanness. Elle est d'une grande maigreur, she is very lean or

MAIGRIR. me-grir, v. n. to grow lean or

thin, fall away.

MAIL, mål, s. m. mallet; (game) mall.

MAILLE, mål, s. f. ancient base coin of
France; a stitch (in knitting or sewing;)

mesh (in net work.) mail (steel net-work.)
web (spot on the eye.) haw (on the eye of cuttle.; eye (of a hook.) speck (on the feathers of
a young partridge.) Pince-maille, pinch-fist,
pinch-penny, stingy-fellow.

Mailles, s. f. Mar. intervals or space left between a ship's timbers. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup de mailles, ship the timbers of which

stand very wide.

MAILLÉ, E, adj. (of partridges) speckled. Maconnerie, net-masonry.

MAILLER, ma-la, v. a. to arm with a coat of mail; also to make the meshes of.

Mailler, v. n. or se mailler, v. r. to grow

matter, v. 1. of semanter, v. 1. w gow speckled (as young partridges.) MAILLET, må-le, s. m. mallet, wooden ham-mer. Maillet, Mar. mållet. Maillet de bois, wooden mallet. Maillet de fourrer, serving mallet. Maillet de episer, driving mallet or reeming beetle.

MAILLETAGE, s. m. Mar. sheathing or filling of a ship's bottom with scupper nails or broad-headed nails.

MAILLETER, v. a. Mar. to fill or sheath a vessel's bottom with scupper nails or broadheaded nails.

MAILLOCHE, må-losh, s. f. large wooden mallet.

MAILLOT, ma-10, s. m. swaddle, swathing or swaddling clothes. Enfant au maillot, infant. Il est encore au maillot, he is still at nurse. MAILLURE, s. f. spot on the feathers of a

bird of prey (in falconry.)
MAIN, min, s. f. hand; hand-writing; power, virtue, quire (of paper;) trick (at cards;) a sort of shovel (for money;) book (on which hangs the bucket;) tassel (in a coach;) paw (of a bear.) Main de fer, grapple. Main de morue, two salt-cods. Main-d'œuvre, workmanship. ain forte, help, succour, aid, assistance. Main-levée, replevy. Main-morte, mortmain; (hence adj. main-mortable, in mortmain.) A pleines mains, plentifully, liberally, largely. A toutes mains, every way. De longue main, long since, of a long or of an old standing. De main en main, from hand to hand, from one to another. Sous main, under-hand, privately, secretly. En un tour de main, in a trice, in the turn of a hand. Ils sont amis de longue main, they are old friends or old cronies. Donner de main en main. to hand about,

every way. Coup de main, bold action. Coup. Coup de mains, handy blows. Combat de main à main, close action. Homme de main, active or stirring man, man fit for action. Cheval de main, led horse. Cheval qui est sous la main, off horse. Sous la main, under one's nose. Elle est sous ma main, she is under me, she depends upon me. Avoir la main rompue à quelque chose, to be used or in-ured to a thing. Tendre la main, to beg; alured to a thing. so to lend a helping hand, assist, come to the assistance of. Donner or preter la main à quelqu'un, to favour one, support or counte-nance one. J'en meltrois la main au feu, I would take my oath on it. I would swear to it. Tout ce qui vient de votre main, all that comes from your hands or from you. Faire crédit de la main à la bourse, to trust no farther than one can see. En venir aux mains avec l'ennemi, to fight with the enemy. Donner les Mettre la main sur quelqu'un, to lay hands upon one, to beat or bang one. Mettre la main sur quelqu'un, to lay hands upon one, to beat or bang one. Mettre la main sur le collet à quelqu'un, to apprehend or arrest one. Mettre la main sur une chose, to lay one's hand upon or seize a thing. Tenir la main haute, to keep a strict hand over one. Il est haut à la main, he is a proud, surly man. Donner les mains, to yield, to cross the cudgels. Acheter de la viande à la main, to buy meat by the hand or by guess. Prendre en main la cause de quelqu'un, to take one's part, espouse one's cause or quarrel. Ils nous ôtent le pain de la main, they take the bread out of our mouths. Il a été formé or élevé par une telle main, he was brought up under such a one. Jouir d'une terre par ses mains, to im prove or occupy one's estate. Il part de la main et va trouver son maître, he goes off hand or presently to his master. Donner la main à un cheval, to give a horse the bridle. Main avant or main sur main, Mar. hand over hand. Hisse main sur main, hoist away hand over hand. V. Route.

*MAINT, E, min, mint, adj. many, several.

Mainte fois, many a time, often.

MAINTENANT, mint-nen, adv. now, at this time, now-a-days. Des maintenant, from this time forth or forward, henceforth, hereaster.

MAINTENIR, mint-nir, v. a. (like tenir) to maintain, uphold, bear up, keep up, countenance, support; to hold or affirm. Se mainte mir, v. r. to keep up or together.

MAINTENU, E, adj. maintained, kept up, upheld, borne up, countenanced, supported,

MAINTENU, mint-nu, s. f. a possession adjudged upon a full trial. Demander la maintenue, to demand possession.

MAINTIEN, min-tien, s. m. maintenance, maintaining, countenance, preservation; countenance, face, looks, carriage.

MAIRE, mer, s. m. mayot.
MAIRIE, merl, s. f. mayoralty.
MAIS, me, conj. adv. and sometimes used substantively. But (signifying contrariety, exception, difference.) Elle n'est pas si belle que sa sœur, mais elle à plus d'esprit, she is not o handsome as her sister, but she is more sensible. Je suis fliché qu'il vous ait insulté, mais aussi pour quoi rechercher sa compagnie? I am sorry he has insulted you, hand down. Presidre à toutes mains, to take il but then why seek his company? Vous verbar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

rons-nous demain? Mais, je ne sais, shall we see you tomorrow? why, I do not know. Je w'en puis mais, I cannot help it. Y puis-je mais? can I help it? Il ne loue guire sans quelque mais, he seldom praises without a

MATS, s. m. maize.

MAISON, mê-zon, s. f. house, home, habitation; house, family; parentage, extraction. Maison de ville, town-house. Maison de force, house of correction, bridewell. La muison du roi, the king's household or servants, or troops. Les petites maisons, bedlam. Faire sa maison, to begin house-keeping, to go to housekeeping. Faire une bonne maison, to establish one's family.

MAISONNÉE, mê-zô-nà, s. f. house, the whole house or family.

MAISORNETTE, me-zo-net, s.f. small house. MAITRE, metr, s. m. master, teacher, lord, landlord; trooper. Petit mattre, beau, fribble, fop, coxcomb. Grand mattre d'Angleterre, high steward of England. Mattre des ponts, he that takes the toll for bridges. Il a trouvé son maltre, he has met with his match. Il est maître de sa matière, he has a perfect com-mand of his subject. Parler en maître, to speak magisterially or imperiously.

Mattre, s. m. Mar. Ex. Mattre or maitre d'équipage, boatswain of a man of war. Mat-tre d'un bâtiment marchand, master of a mer-

chantman.

MAITRE, adj. m. head, chief, principal, main, arch, arrant, master. Mattre autel, high altar. Mattre aliboron, a busy body. Mattre, Mar. head, master, chief, main, etc. Mattre milet, head pilot. Mattre.alfut, master calker. Mattre miletur, master master. Maître mâteur, master mastmaker. Mattre voilier, master sail-maker.
Mattre charpentier, master carpenter. Maitre cordier, master rope-maker. Maître valet, steward's mate or purser's steward. Maitre bau, mid-ship beam. Maître couple, mid-ship frame. Maître gabarit, bevel or mould of the mid-ship frame. Maître cable, sheetcable.

Maltresse, mè-très, s. f. mistress.

MAITRESSE, adj. f. principal, chief. C'est une maîtresse femme, she is a notable woman. Maîtresse ancre, Mar. sheet anchor

MAITRISE, me-triz, s. f. mastership, quali-

ty of master.

Maitriser, me-tri-za, v. a. to domineer or have the dominion over; to command; to master, conquer, subdue, have the command of (one's passions.)

MAJE, V. Mage. MAJESTÉ, mã-zês-tã, s. f. majesty; stateliness, greatness, nobleness, loftiness, subli-

MAJESTUEUSEMENT, må-zes-tå-euz-men, adv.majestically,stately,in great state, nobly.

MAJESTUEU-X, SE, ma-es-tû-êu, euz, adj. majestick, majestical, full of majesty; noble, stately, great, lofty, sublime.

MAJEUR, E. må-zeur, zeur, adj. of legal age; senior. Nos majeurs, our foresathers or ancestors or predecessors. L'excommunication majeure, the greater excommunication. Force majeure, greater force, superiour power. Tierce majeure, quatrième majeure, cinqui-tme majeure, sixième majeure, septième ma-feure (au piquet,) sequence of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

cards of the same suit which begins from the

MAJEURE, s. f. major proposition of a syllogism. Majeure ordinaire, act at the univer

MAJOR, ma-tor, s. m. major. V. Etat.
Major, Mar. Ex. Major d'une escadre, first vuisseau, commander.

MAJOR, adj. major.

MAJORAT, s. m. birth-right.

MAJORDOME, må-zår-döm, s. m. major-domo or steward (in Italy and Spain.) MAJORITÉ, må-zå-rì-tå, s. f. majority or

being of age; major's place. Etre en majorité, to be of age.

MAJUSCULE, må-zås-kål, adj. Ex. Lettre majuscule, capital letter, capital.

MAKI, s. m. animal resembling a mon-

Mal, mal, s. m. (the opposite of bien) ill, evil, harm, vice; pain, ache; sickness, dis case, distemper; pox, foul disease; contagion, plague; misfortune, inconvenience;

hardship, ado, difficulty; hurt, prejudice, da-mage. Mal d'enfant, travail. Mal d'aventure, little mis-chance; also whitlow. Le mal des yeux, sore eyes. Le mal caduc, le haut mal, le mal de St. Jean, the failing siekness. Mal de mer, sen-sickness. Avoir le mal de mer, to be Le mal caduc, le haut mal, le sea-sick. Vous me faites mul, you hurt me. La tête me fait mul, my head aches. J'ai mai à la tête, I have a pain in my head. Expliquer une chose en mal, to put an ill construc-tion upon a thing. Mettre une fille à mal, to debauch a virgin. Der du mal de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one. bien ni en mal, that does not concern me, either

one way or another. MAL, adv. ill, not well, badly, wrong. De mal en pis, worse and worse. Mal à propos, improperly, unseasonably, preposterously. Vous vous y prenez mal, you go the wrong way to work. Vous entires mal damagnes sentimens, you grossly mistake my meaning. Etre mal auprès de quelqu'un, to be out of favour with one. Faire mal ses affaires or être mal dans ses affaires, to go down the wind. Il est mal à cheval, he is at an ill pass. Cet habit vous sied mal. that dress does not become you.

MALACHITE, s. f. malachite (a precious stone.)

MALACIE, må-lå-si, s. f. woman's craving desire for some food or longing.

MALADE, må-låd, adj. sick, ill, sickly, diseased, disordered, distempered, affected.

MALADE, s. m. & f. sick body, sick person, patient. Les malades, the sick.

MALADIE, må-lå-dl, s. f. disease, distem-

per, sickness, fit of sickness, malady, indisposition; pestilence, plague; fondness, do-tage or doting.

MALADI-F, ve, må-lå-dif, dlv, adj. sickly, crazy, weakly, infirm.

MALADRERIE, må-lå-drê-rl, s. f. a lazaretto, hospital for lepers

MALADRESSE, må-là-drês, s. i. awkwardness, unskilfulness.

MALADROIT, E, må-lå-drwå, drwåt, adj. & s. unhandy, awkward, ungainly, an awkward person, fumbler.

MALADROITEMENT. må-lå-drwåt-men. adv. awkwardly.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre · count, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MALAGNE, s. m. emollient, cataplasm or !!

MAL-AGRÉABLE, adj. unpleasant, unacceptable.
MALAGUETTE, s. f. clove-pepper

MALAI, s. m. name of the purest language in the East-Indies

MALAISE, må-lez, s. m. trouble, sad case,

sad condition, misery, uneasiness
MALAISÉ, E, må-lê-zå, adj. hard, difficult,

troublesome, uneasy, inconvenient; poor, that has little to depend upon. MALAISÉMENT, må lê-zå-mên, adv. hard-

ty, with much ado.

MALANDRE, s. f. malanders; also rot (in 2000d.)

MALANDREU-X, SE, adj. rotten, unsound (1000d.)

*MALANDRIN, ma-len-drin, s. m. leper.
MALAND or MALART, s. m. wild he-duck.

MALAVENANT, E, adj. ungainly, ungenteel, clownish.

MALAVENTURE, s.f. mischance, misfortune.
MALAVISÉ, E, må-lå-vl-zå, adj. ill-advised, unwise, silly, foolish, imprudent.

MALAXER, v. a. to malaxate, soften (drugs.) MALBATI, E, mal-ba-tl, tl, adj. ill-shaped, awkward, ill-contrived.

awkward, ill-contrived.

MALCONTENT, E, mål-kon-ten, tent, adj. discontented, displeased, dissatisfied.

MALE, mål, adj. & s. male; manly, masculine, stout, strong; vigorous; (of birds, etc.) he, cock. Vaisseau qui a l'air måle, Mar. ship that has a very warlike appearance. Un bon måle, a stout champion in love-business.

MALEBETT, mål-bet, s. f. foul fiend.

MALEBETT, mål-bet, s. f. foul fiend.

diction, curse, imprecation.

MALEPAIM, s. f. hunger. MALÉFICE, ma-là-fis, s. m. witchcraft, en-chantment, fascination; ill-deed, wicked action.

MALÉFICIÉ, E, må-lå-fi-siå, adj. bewitched, languishing, pining, sickly, ill-treated, skinned, scratched.

Malifique, ma-la-fik, adj. malignant

(stars.)

MALEHEURE, (à la) adv. unfortunately.

MALEMORT, s. f. fatal death.

*MALENCONTRE, må-len-kontr, s. f. mischief, ill-luck.

*MALENCONTREUSEMENT, må-len-kontreuz-men, adv. unfortunately.

*MALENCONTREU-x, SE, må-len-kon-treu, treuz, adj. unlucky, ominous, fatal, unfortu-

*Malengin, s. m. deceit.

MAL-EN-POINT, adj. in bad condition. MALENTENDU, ma-len-ten-du, s. m. er-

rour, mistake; misunderstanding.

MATE-NUIT, s. f. ill-night. MATEPESTE, mål-pest, interj.ods-boddikins. MALERAGE, s. f. violent desire, rage.

MALES-SEMAINES, s. f. pl. a woman's monthly courses or flowers

*Malévole, må-lå-vôl, adj. malevolent.

MALFAON, s. f. defect, defect in a piece of work; also trick; under-hand dealing, cheat. MALFAICTEUR, mål-fê-têur, V. Malfaiteur. MALFAIRE, mål-fêr, v. n. (like faire) to do mischief mischief.

MALPAISANCE, s. f. inclination to do mischief, mischievousness.

MALFAISANT, E, mal-fe-zen, zent, adi.

mischievous, unlucky, malicious; hurtful, un-

wholesome, bad, apt to make sick.

MALFAIT, E, adj. ill-made, ill-done, ill-contrived, ill-shaped, ugly.

MALFAITEUR, s. m. malefactor, offender. MALFAMÉ, E, mål-få-må, adj. ill-famed. MALGRACIEUSEMENT.adv. uncivilly rude-

ly, clownishly.

Malgracizu-x, sz, mål-grå-slèu, slèuz, adj. uncivil, ungenteel, unmannerly, rude,

clownish.

clownisa.

Maloré, mål-grå, prep.in spite of, maugre, against one's will, notwithstanding. V. Gré.

Malmabile, må-lå-bll, adj. silly, igaorant, incapable of a thing, unfit for it, awkward.

Malhabilement, adv. awkwardly, ig-

norantly.

MALHABILETÉ, må-lå-bîl-tå, s. f. unskil

fulness, inability, awkwardness.

MALHEUR, må-leur, s. m. misfortune, mischance, ill-fortune, disaster, mischief, woe misery, trouble, calamity, ill-luck, ill-fortune; woe. A quelque chose malheur est bon, it is as ill wind that blows nobody good. Par malheur, adv. unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately Malheur aux impies, woe to the wicked.

MALHEUREUSEMENT, ma-adj. unhappily, unluckily, wretchedly, poorly, miserably. må-leu-reuz-men unfortunately

MALHEUREU-X, se, mâ-lêu-reu, reuz, adv unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky, that has or brings ill-luck; wicked; unlucky, untoward

ill, ominous; wretched, pitiful, sorry.

MALHEUREU-X, SE, S. m. & f. unhappy
person, wretch, wicked person.

MALHONNETE, må-lö-net, adj-dishonest

ungenteel, indecent, unseemly, uncivil, rude Malhongetement, må-lo-net-men, adv

dishonest, not honestly; uncivilly, rudely.

Malhonnetere, må-lo-net-tå; s. f. incivi

lity, rudeness, indecency, unseemliness.

MALICE, ma-ils, s. f. malice, malignity mischief, mischievousness, wickedness, rogue

ry, roguish trick.

Malicieusement, ma-il-sleuz-men, adv
maliciously, with malice, with a malicious or mischievous design.

MALICIEU-X, SE, må-ff-slèu, slèuz, adj malicious, mischievous, delighting in mis chief, unlucky.

MALIGNE, the feminine of Malin.

Malignement, ma-fign-men, adv. mali ciously, with a malicious design. Malignith, ma-fi-gnl-ta, s. f. malice, mis

chievousness; malignity.

MAL-IK, IGNE, mallin, lign, add. malicious, mischievous, arch, unlucky; malignant, hurt ful, bad, mischievous. Le malin esprit, the evil spirit, the devil.

MALIN, s. m. the evil one, the devil.

MALINE, s. f. Flanders lace, Mechlin lace Maline, s. f. Mar. spring-tide.

MALINGRE, adj. peaked, puling, sickly poor looking.

Malintentionné, e, må-lm-tèn-slò-nå adj. ill-affected.

MALITORNE, må-il-torn, adj. & s. m. awk

ward, ungainly, awkward booby.

Mal-Jugk, mål-zå-zå, s. m. illegal decree

or judgment, errour in a sentence.

MALLE, mal, s.f. mail, trunk or box. Faire sa malle, to pack up one's goods for a jour nev.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

rons-nous demain? Mais, Je ne sais, shall we see you tomorrow? why, I do not know. Je we'en puis mais, I cannot help it. Y puis-je mais? can I help it? Il ne loue gue're suns quelque mais, he seldom praises without a

Mais, s. m. maize.

Maison, mê-zon, s. f. house, home, habitation; house, family; parentage, extraction. Maison de ville, town-house. Maison de force, house of correction, bridewell. La mutison du roi, the king's household or servants, or troops. Les petites maisons, bedlam. Faire sa maison, to begin house-keeping, to go to housekeeping. Faire une bonne maison, to establish s family.

MAISONNÉE, mê-zô-nà, s. f. house, the whole house or family.

MAISORNETTE, mé-zô-net, s. f. small house. MAITRE, metr, s. m. master, teacher, lord, landlord; trooper. Pctit maître, beau, fribble, fop, coxcomb. Grand mattre d'Angleterre, high steward of England. Mattre des ponts, he that takes the toll for bridges. Il a trouvé son mastre, he has met with his match. Il est maître de sa matière, he has a perfect command of his subject. Parler en maitre, to speak magisterially or imperiously.

Maitre, s. m. Mar. Ex. Maitre or maitre

d'équipage, boatswain of a man of war. Mat-tre d'un bâtiment marchand, master of a mer-

chantman.

MATTRE, adj. m. head, chief, principal, main, arch, arrant, master. Mattre autel, high altar. Mattre aliboron, a busy body. high altar. Mattre aliboron, a busy pouy.

Mattre, Mar. head, master, chief, main, etc.

Muttre pilote, head pilot. Mattre.calfut, master
calker. Mattre matter, master master
maker. Mattre voilier, master sail-maker.

Mattre voilier, master carpenter. Mat-Mattre charpentier, master carpenter. Mai-tre cordier, master rope-maker. Maitre va-let, stoward's mate or purser's steward. Maitre ban, mid-ship beam. Maître couple, mid-ship frame. Maître gabarit, bevel or mould of the mid-ship frame. Maître câble, sheetcable.

MAITRESSE, mè-très, s. f. mistress.

MAITRESSE, adj. f. principal, chief. C'est une maîtresse femme, she is a notable woman. Maîtresse ancre, Mar. sheet anchor
Maîtresse, me-trîz, s. f. mastership, quali-

ty of master.

MAITRISER, me-tri-za, v. a. to domineer or have the dominion over; to command; to master, conquer, subdue, have the command of (one's passions.)
MAJE, V. Mage.

MAJE, V. Mage. MAJESTÉ, ma-zês-ta, s. f. majesty; stateliness, greatness, nobleness, loftiness, subli-

mity.
MAJESTUEUSEMENT, må-2es-tû-euz-men,

adv.majestically,stately, in great state, nobly.

MAJESTURU-X, SE, ma-es-ta-eu, euz, adj.
majestick, majestical, full of majesty; noble,

stately, great, lofty, sublime.

MAJEUR, E. ma-zeur, zeur, adj. of legal age; senior. Nos majeurs, our forefathers or ancestors or predecessors. L'excommunication majeure, the greater excommunication. Force majeure, greater force, superiour power. Tierce majeure, quatrième majeure, cinqui-ème majeure, sixième majeure, septième ma-feure (au piquet,) sequence of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

cards of the same suit which begins from the

MAJEURE, s. f. major proposition of a syllogism. Majeure ordinaire, act at the univer

MAJOR, marcor, s. m. major. V. Etat.
Major, Mar. Ex. Major d'une escadre, first vaisseau, commander.

MAJOR, adj. major.

MAJORAT, S. fa. birth-right.

MAJORDOME, ma-zor-dom, s. m. major-domo or steward (in Italy and Spain.)

MAJORITÉ, ma-zô-ri-ta, s. f. majority or being of age; major's place. Etre en majorité, to be of age.

MAJUSCULE, mā-zās-kāl, adj. Ex. Lettre majuscule, capital letter, capital.
Maki, s. m. animal resembling a mon-

Mal, mål, s. m. (the opposite of bien) ill, evil, harm, vice; pain, ache; sickness, dis case, distemper; pox, foul disease; conta-gion, plague; misfortune, inconvenience; hardship, ado, difficulty; hurt, prejudice, damage. Mal d'enfant, travail. Mal d'aventure, little mis-chance; also whitlow. Le mal des yeux, sore eyes. Le mal caduc, le haut mal, de yeux, sore eyes. Le mal caduc, le haut mal, le mal de St. Jean, the failing siekness. Mal de mer, sea sickness. Aroir le mal de mer, to be sea-sick. Vous me faites mal, you hurt me. La tête me fait mal, my head aches. J'ai mal à la tête, I have a pain in my head. Expliquer une chose en mol, to put an ill construc-tion upon a thing. Mettre une fille à mal, to debauch a virgin. Des du mal de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one. La ne me touche ni en bien ni en mal, that does not concern me, either one way or another.

MAL, adv. ill, not well, badby, wrong. De mal en pis, worse and worse. Mal à propos, improperly, unseasonably, preposterously. Vous vous vy prenez mal, you go the wrong way to work. Vous entrez mal dangenes sentimens, you grossly mistake my meaning. Etre mal auprès de quelqu'un, to be out of favour with one. Faire mal ses affaires or être mal dans ses affaires, to go down the wind. Il est mal à cheval, he is at an ill pass. Cet habit vous sied mal. that dress does not become you.

MALACHITE, s. f. malachite (a precious

MALACIE, må-lå-si, s. f. woman's craving

desire for some food or longing.

MALADE, ma-lad, adj. sick, ill, sickly, dis-

eased, disordered, distempered, affected. MALADE, s. m. & f. sick body, sick person, patient. Les malades, the sick.

MALADIE, må-lå-dl, s. f. disease, distemper, sickness, fit of sickness, malady, indisposition: pestilence, plague: fondness, do-tage or doting.

MALDIF, VE, må-lå-dif, div, adj. sickly, crazy, weakly, infirm.

MALADRERIE, må-lå-drê-rl, s. f. a laza-

retto, hospital for lepers. MALADRESSE, må-lå-dres, s. f. awkward-

ness, unskilfulness. MALADROIT, E, må-lå-drwå, drwåt, adj. & s. unhandy, awkward, ungainly, an awkward

person, fumbler. MALADROITEMENT. må-lå-drwåt-mën. adv. awkwardly.



base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre · enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

MALAGNE, s. m. emollient, cataplasm or | poultice.

MAL-AGRÉABLE, adj. unpleasant, unacceptable.
MALAGUETTE, s. f. clove-pepper.

MALAI, s. m. name of the purest language in the East-Indies

MALAISE, må-lez, s. m. trouble, sad case,

sad condition, misery, uneasiness
MALAISÉ, E, ma-le-za, adj. hard, difficult,

troublesome, uneasy, inconvenient; poor, that has little to depend upon. MALAISÉMENT, må lê-zå-mên, adv. hard-

fy, with much ado.

MALANDRE, s. f. malanders; also rot (in

1000d.)

MALANDREU-X, SE, adj. rotten, unsound (1000d.)

*MALANDRIN, må-lèn-drin, s. m. leper. MALAND or MALART, s. m. wiki he-duck. MALAVENANT, E, adj. ungainly, ungenteel, clownish.

MALAVENTURE, s.f. mischance, misfortune.
MALAVISÉ, E, ma-la-vi-za, adj. ill-advised, unwise, silly, foolish, imprudent.

MALAXER, v. a. to malaxate, soften (drugs.) MALBATI, E, mal-ba-tl, tl, adj. ill-shaped, awkward, ill-contrived.

awkward, ill-contrived.

MALCONTENT, E, mål-kon-tèn. tènt, adj.
discontented, displeased, dissatisfied.

MALE, mål, adj. & s. male; manly, masculine, stout, strong; vigorous; (of birds, etc.)
he, cock. Vaisseau qui a l'air måle, Mar. ship
that has a very warlike appearance. Un bon
måle, a stout champion in love-business.

MALEBETE, mål-bèt, s. f. foul fiend.

MALEBETE, mål-bet, s. f. foul fiend.
diction curse impression.

diction, curse, imprecation. MALEFAIM, s. f. hunger.

MALÍFICE, må-lå-fis, s. m. witchcraft, en-chantment, fascination; ill-deed, wicked action. MALÉFICIÉ, E, må-lå-f l-slå, adj. bewitch-

ed, languishing, pining, sickly, ill-treated, skinned, scratched. MALÉFIQUE, må-lå-fik, adj. malignant

(stars.) MALEHEURE, (à la) adv. unfortunately.

MALEMORT, s. f. fatal death.

*MALENCONTRE, må-len-kontr, s. f. mischief, ill-luck.

*MALENCONTREUSEMENT, må-len-kontreuz-men, adv. unfortunately.

*MALENCONTREU-x, SE, må-lèn-kon-trèu, trèuz, adj. unlucky, ominous, fatal, unfortu-

*Malengin, s. m. deceit.

MAL-EN-POINT, adj. in bad condition.
MALENTENDU, må-len-ten-då, s. m. er-

rour, mistake; misunderstanding.

MALE-NUIT, s. f. ill-night. MALERAGE, s. f. violent desire, rage.

MALES-SEMAINES, s. f. pl. a woman's monthly courses or flowers.

"MALÉVOLE, må-la-vol, adj. malevolent. MALFASON, S. f. defect, defect in a piece of work; also trick; under-hand dealing, cheat.
MALFAICTEUR, mål-fê-teur, V. Malfaiteur.
MALFAIRE, mål-fèr, v. n. (like faire) to do

mischief.

MALFAISANCE s. f. inclination to do mis-

chief, mischievousness. MALFAISANT, E, mål-fê-zèn, zènt, adj. || ney.

mischievous, unlucky, malicious; hurtful, un-wholesome, bad, apt to make sick. MALFAIT, E, adj. ill-made, ill-done. ill-contrived, ill-shaped, ugly.

MALFAITEUR, s. m. malefactor, offender. MALFAME, E, mål-få-må, adj. ill-famed.

MALGRACIEUSEMENT, adv. uncivilly, rudely, clownishly.

MALGRACIEU-X, SE, mål-grå-slèu, slèuz,

adj. uncivil, ungenteel, unmannerly, rude, clownish.

MAIGRÉ, mål-grå, prep.in spite of, maugre, against one's will, notwithstanding. V. Gré.
MALHABILE, må-lå-bll, adj. silly, ignorant, incapable of a thing, unfit for it, awkward.

MALHABILEMENT, adv. awkwardly, ignorantly.

MALHABILETÉ, må-lå-bîl-tå, s. f. unskil

fulness, inability, awkwardness.

MALHEUR, må-leur, s. m. misfortune, mis-MALHEUR, må-leur, s. m. misfortune, mischance, ill-fortune, disaster, mischief, woe misery, trouble, calamity, ill-luck, ill-fortune; woe. A quelque chose malheur est bon, it is as ill wind that blows nobody good. Par malheur, adv. unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately. Malheur aux impies, woe to the wicked. MALHEUREUSEMENT, må-leu-reuz-mêr, adj. unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately, wretchedly, poorly, miserably.
MALHEUREUS, SE, må-lèu-rèu, rèuz, adv.

MALHEUREU-x, se, ma-leu-reu, reuz, adv unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky, that has or brings ill-luck; wicked; unlucky, untoward

MALHOUNDET male not consider the constraint of t

ungenteel, indecent, unseemly, uncivil, rude MALHONRETEMENT, ma-lo-net-men, adv

dishonest, not honestly; uncivilly, rudely.
MALHONNETETÉ, må-lô-nêt-tå, s. f. incivi lity, rudeness, indecency, unseemliness.

MALICE, ma-ils, s. f. malice, malignity

mischief, mischievousness, wickedness, rogue

ry, roguish trick.

Malicieusement, må-li-sleuz-men, adv
maliciously, with malice, with a malicious or mischievous design.

MALICIEU-X, SE, må-fl-sleu, sleuz, adj malicious, mischievous, delighting in mis chief, unlucky.

MAILIGNE, the feminine of Malin.

MALIGNEMENT, må-fign-mån, adv. mali ciously, with a malicious design. MALIGNITÉ, må-fi-gul-tå, s. f. malice, mis

chievousness; malignity.

MAL-1K, IGNE, ma-lin, Ilgn, add. malicious, mischievous, arch, unlucky; malignant, hurt ful, bad, mischievous. Le malin esprit, the evil spirit, the devil.

MALIN, s. m. the evil one, the devil.

MALINE, s. f. Flanders face, Mechlin lace Maline, s. f. Mar. spring-tide. MALINGRE, adj. peaked, puling, sickly

poor looking.

MALINTENTIONNÉ, E, må-lun-tèn-sìò-nà adj. ill-affected.
Malitorne, må-ll-törn, adj. & s. m. awk

ward, ungainly, awkward booby.

MAL-JUGE, mal-zd-zd, s. m. illegal decree

or judgment, errour in a sentence.

Malle, mål, s. f. mail, trunk or box. Faire
sa malle, to pack up one's goods for a jour

bar, bat, base . thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MALLEABILITE, mål-lå-å-bi-li-tå, s. f. 1

MALLÍABLE, mål-lå-abl, adj. malleable, that may be wrought with a hammer.

MALLETIER, s. m. trunk-maker. MALLETTE, må-let, s. f. little trunk.

MALLIER, må-liå, s. m. sumpter-horse, pack-horse, shaft-horse, horse that carries the inail

MALMENÉ, E, adj. abused, ill or scurvily

MALMENER, mål-më-nå, v. a. to abuse, use

ill or scurvily, reprimand. MALOTRU, E, må-lô-trå, trå, adj. & s. awkward, wretched, sad, pitiful, sorry, piti-

ful wretch, sad soul.

MALPLAISANT, E, mal-ple-zen, zent, adj.

unpleasant, disagreeable, cross.
MALPROPRE, mal-propr, adj. unfit, slovenly, sluttish.

MALPROPREMENT, mai-propr-men, adv. slovenly.

MALPROPRETÉ, mål-propr-tå, s. f. sloven-

MALSAIN, E, mal-sin, sen, adj. unwholesome, unhealthful; unhealthy, sickly. Côte malsaine, Mar. dangerous coast.

MALSEANT, E, adj. unseemly, unbecoming. MALSONNANT, E, mal-so-nen, nent, adj. ill-

sounding, shocking, repugnant.

Malt, s. m. malt (barley prepared for

MALTALENT, s. m. grudge, spite, ill-will, spleen.

MALTÔTE, mål-tôt, s. f. tax, impost; an il-

legal exaction from the people.

MALTOTIER, mal-to-ila, s. m. tax-gatherer, exciseman.

MALTRAITÉ, E, adj. ill-used, abused, etc. Maltraité par le manyais temps, Mar. weatherbeaten.

MALTRAITER, mål-tre-tå, v. a. to use ill, abuse, wrong.

MALVEILLANCE, mal-ve-lens, s. f. male-

volence, hatred, ill-will, odium. MALVEILLANT, mål-vê-len, s. m. enemy,

adversary, one that bears ill-will MALVERSATION, mål-ver-så-sion, s. f. misdemeanour, misconduct in office.

MALVERSER, mål-ver-så, v. n. to be guilty of a misdemeanour in office.

MALVOISIE, mål-vwå-zi, s. m. malmsey

(wine.)
"MAL-VOLONTIERS, mål-vå-lon-tiå, adv. unwillingly.

MALVOULU, E, adj. hated. MANAN, ma-men, s. f. mamma. M'AMIE, s. f. sweetheart, honey, child.

MAMELLE, må-mel, s. f. breast, pap; teat, ig. Un enfant qui est à la mamelle, a suckdug. Un enfant qui est à la mamelle, à sucking child.

MAMEION, mam-lon, s. m. nipple.

MAMELU, E, mam-lô, là, adj. full-breasted, that has great breasts.

M'AMOUR, ma-moor, s. m. love or my love,

dear, dove, honey.

MANANT, ma-nen, s. m. inhabitant of a country town or village; clown.

MANCEAU, s. m. one born in the Maine (a province of France.)

MANCELLES, man-sel, s. f. pl. great iron rings (whereby the thill-horse, etc. is fastened to a cart.)

MANCENILLIER, s. m. manchineel tree MANCHE, mensh, s. m. handle; helve haft; neck (of a musical instrument;) tail (of a plough.) Il branle au manche, he is wavering:

he begins to stagger.

Manche, s. f. sleeve. Bouts de manches, cufis. Manche d'aviron, Mar. loom of an oar. C'est une autre paire de manches, that is quite another thing. La manche, Mar. the channcl. La manche d'Angleterre, the British channel. Manche à eau, hose. Manche de toile, canvass hose. Manche de cuir, leather hose. Manche de pompe, pump hose. Manche à vent, wind sail.

MANCHERON, s. m. the plough-tail or han-

MANCHETTE, men-shet, s. m. ruffle. Manchettes des bras de la grande vergue, Mar. span fixed to the mizen-rigging (at the extremities of which two bull's eyes are spliced to keep up the bight of the main-brace.)

Manchon, men-shon, s. m. muff. Manchot, E, men-sho, shot, adj. maimed,

that cannot use one hand or arm, lame; that has but one hand. Il n'est pas manchot, he is no fool.

MANDARIN, s. m. mandarin.

MANDAT, men-da, s. m. mandate, mandamus; order (on a banker.)

MANDATAIRE, men-då-ter, s. m. mandatory, one that comes to a benefice by a mandamus.

MANDEMENT, mend-men, s. m. order or mandate; order (on one's banker.) MANDER, menda, v. a. to call, send for; to

send word, acquaint with, give notice of, write, advise.

MANDIBULE, men-dl-bal, s. f. mandible,

MANDILLE, men-dll, s. f. foetman's great MANDOLINE, s. f. sort of stringed instru-

MANDORE, mèn-dor, s. f. (instrument)

stringed instrument. MANDRAGORE, men-dra-gor, s. f. a mandrake.

MANDUCATION, men-do-ka-slon, s. f. eat

ing (applied only to the Eucharist.)
Maneage, ma-nu-nz, s. m. Mar. labour in loading or unloading a ship with planks, timber, green or dried fish, etc. for which the crew can demand no additional pay.

MANEGE, s. m. manege, riding-academy or riding-house; managing of a horse; ma-

nagement, intrigue, game, play, sport.
MANES, man, s. m. pl. manes, spirit, ghost.
MANGANÈSE, s. f. manganese.

MANGEABLE, men-zabl, adj. eatable. MANGEAILLE, men-zal, s. f. eatables, any

thing to eat, victuals, meat.

Mangeoire, men-zwar, s. f. manger. MANGER, men-zh, v. a. to eat; to spend, waste, consume; to eat up, ruin; to corrode, eat into (as rust, etc.) S'abstenir de manger, to forbear eating. Manger des yeux, to devour with one's eyes. Manger de caresses, to kill with fondness or kindness. Manger de la vache enragée, to suffer from hunger. Ils se mangent, they are at daggers drawing. It mange ses mots, he clips his words. Salle à manger, dining-room. Manger, v. n. to diet. eat, dine, sup, etc.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : estant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Manger, Mar. Manger le vent à un bâtiment, to becalm a vessel. Manger du sable, to sweat the glass, flog the glass. La hine mangera le mauvais temps, we shall have fine weather when the moon rises. Etre mange par la terre, to be so close under the land that par is erre, to be so close indeed the admit used the vessel is conceeded by the colour of it, and not distinguishable by other ships in the offing. Etre mangé par la mer, to ride hawseful, lie in the trough of the sea (when it runs high and often breaks aboard.)

MARGER, s. m. meat, food, victuals. Le manger et le boire, eating and drinking.
MARGERIE, menz-rl, s. f. eating; exaction, extortion. Relever mangerie, to fall to eating

MAKGEU-R, SE, mên-zêur, zeuz, s. m. & f. eater.

MANGEURE, men-zur, s. f. nibbling, gnawing, place nibbled or gnawed, (by mice, etc.) feeding (hunting term.)

*MANGONEAU, s. m. engine for throwing stones into a besieged place; mangon or man-

gonel. MANIABLE, ma-ni-abl, adj. easy to be handled, wieldy; easily wrought; tractable, easy, supple. Maniable, Mar. Ex. Bâtiment easy, supple. Maniable, Mar. Ex. Bâtiment maniable, handy vessel. Vent maniable, commanding breeze. Temps maniable, moderate weather.

MANIAQUE, må-nlåk, adj. & s. maniac, mad, furious.

MANICHORDION, s. m. claricord.
MANICLES, ma-nikl, s. f. pl. hand-cuffs.

MARIE, ma-ni, s. f. madness, fury, rage;

also fancy, passion.

MANIEMENT, ma-nl-men, s. m. handling, act of handling, use of one's arm or leg; ma-nagement, conduct.

MANIER, ma-nla, v. a. to handle, feel, meddle with, touch; (conduire) to manage, have the management of. Manier un cheval, to manage a horse. Manier un sujet, to handle or treat a subject. Manier le blé, to stir the corn. Cet officier manie bien son bâtiment, Mar. that officer manages his ship very well.

MANIER, s. m. touch, feeling. Vous reconnoîtrez la bonté de cette étoffe au manier, you will see the goodness of that cloth by the feel-

ing.
MANIÈRE, må-nlèr, s. f. manner, fashion, wise, way, rate; kind, sort, manner; style.
Manière de parler or de sénoncer, way of exde dire, as it were, as one should say. Par manière d'entretien, by way of conversation. De manière à, in such a manner as to, so as to. De manière que, conj. so that. Manières,

pl. way, behaviour, carriage.

MANIERÉ, E, mã-nia-ra, adj. affected, peculiar in his manner.

MANIEUR, s. m. Ex. Un manieur de blé, a stirrer of corn.

MANIFESTATION, må-nl-fes-tå-manifestation or making manifest. må-nl-fes-tå-slon, s. f.

MARIFESTE, ma-nl-fest, adj. manifest, clear, plain, open, apparent, evident. MANIFESTE, s. m. manifest or publick de-

claration. MANIFESTÉ, E, adj. manifested, declared, published, revealed, made manifest

MANIFESTEMENT, må-nl-fest-men, adv. manifestly, clearly, plainly.

MANIFESTER, må-nî-fès-tå, v. a. to manifest, declare, publish, reveal, show, make manifest. Se manifester, v. r. to show one's self.

MANIGANCE, manifesters, s. f. intrigue or

underhand dealing.

Manigancer, må-nl-gån-så, v. a. to brew,

contrive, hatch, plot, intrigue.

MANILLE, ma-nlt, s. f. manille (at ombre.)

MANIMENT, V. Maniement.

MANIPULATION, må-ni-pů-là-slon, s. f. manipulation, manner of preparing chymical

MANIPULE, s. m. manipule (said of a priest's band, and of a small band of soldiers;)

handful. MANIQUE, s. f. leather to guard the hand. MANIVEAU, s. m. little basket.

MANIVELUE, må-nl-vėl, s. f. handle; rounce (of a printing press.)

Manivelle, Mar. Ex. Manivelle de gouver-nail, whip-staff of the helm. Manivelle de ponspe, pump-winch. Manivelle de roues, crank. Manivelle de corderie, laying-hook or winch. Manivelle double, double laying-hook or winch. Manivelle de fer, ironwinch.

MANNE, man, s. f. manna; basket or flasket; (d'enfant) cradle. Manne à desservir, voider. Mar. sort of ballast-basket.

Voider. mar. sort of ballas-basket.

Mannequin, man-kin, s. m. large basket, hamper, manikin (figure of a man on sohich drapery is disposed by painters.)

Mannequin E, E, adj. disposed with affectation (said of draperies.)

Manguvre, man-neuvr, s. m. labourer;

mason's man.

Manœuvre, s. f. manœuvre; conduct; work, piece of work.

Manaeuvre, s. f. Mar. rope ; rigging, ropes (of seamen) work; employment; (of vessels) manoeuvre, motion, manner of working or managing. Amarre cette managuvre, belay that rope. Les managuvres, the rigging. Mameuvres courantes, running rigging. Manaeuvres dormantes, standing rigging. Manaeuvres de rechange, spare rigging. Manaeuvres de combat, prevenier rigging (used only in ac-tion.) Manœuvres degagees, clear ropes. Manœuvres de revers, ropes out of use (whether on the lee or the weather side.) Manonwre hande, work aloft (or employment of the sailors in the tops, at the mast heads or upon the yards.) Manœuvre basse, work upon deck (or employment of the sailors upon deck.) Ms-neuture prompte, expeditious manner of ma-aging a ship. Manocurre habite, skifful ma-nocurre (practised to extricate a ship from an embarrassing situation.) Manœuvre délicate or fine, precise but dexterous manner of handling a ship. Manœuere décisive, decided manner of working a ship. Manaeurre indécisive, undecided manœuvre (such as first bearing up and then luffing, when nearing a ship on the contrary tack.) Manœuvre hardie, bold manœuvre. La manœuvre hardie du capitaine Perry est sans exemple, the bold manoeuvre of Captain Perry is unprecedented. Le gé. neral rend sa manœuvre indépendante, the admiral's motions are not to be an example to the rest of the fleet.

MANGUVRER, må-neu-vrå, v. a. & n. Mar. to manceuvre, work, direct the motions of. Manaeuvrer un bâtiment, to work a ship. Notre CC

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: flelu, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Atiment manaeuvre bien, our ship works well. Les deux escadres passèrent deux jours à ma-naeuvrer en présence l'une de l'autre, the two fleets spent two days in manceuvring in sight of each other.

MANGUVRIER, må-neu-vrlå, s. m. person skilled in working a ship. Bon manaeuvrier,

able and expert sea-officer.

MANOIR, ma-nwar, s. m. manor, dwellinghouse, habitation.

MANOQUE de tabac, s. f. roll of tobacco. MANOUVRIER, ma-noo-vria, s. m. labour-

MANQUE, menk, s. m. want, need, lack. Il

MANQUE, menk, s. m., want, need, lack. II y a cela de manque, that is wanting or missing. If n'a pas manque de cœur, he does nof want courage. Manque de, for want of.

MANQUEMENT, mênk-mên, s. m. fault, failure, slip. Manquement de foi or de parole, break or breaking of one's word or faith.

MANQUÉ, E, adj. missed, etc. V. Manquer, also imperfect. Un bâtiment manqué, Mar. a vessel in the construction of which the builder has either mistaken the plan or failed through ignorance. Un projet manqué, an abortive plan.

MANQUER, men-ka, v. n. to fail; to commin a fault, offend, do amiss; to break; to miscarry; miss; forget, neglect, decay, faint, die; to be missing; to fail or fall short. Manquer de, to want, lack, need, stand in need of, be short of. Manquer d, to fail in, be wantier in the bank bank them. ing in; to break, break through. Arme à feu qui manque, a gun that misses fire. Manquer de parole à quelqu'un, to fail or balk one, disappoint one. La potence ne te peut manquer, thou wilt be hanged without fail. L'argent bui a manqué, money failed him, his money fell short. Il ne lui manque rien or il ne manfell short. Il ne his manque rien or il ne manque de rien, he wants nothing. Manquer au rendez-vous, to break the appointment. Le pied lui a manqué, his foot slipped. Le cœur leur manque, they are ready to faint, their courage fails them. Marchand qui a manqué, broken merchant. Pai manqué d'être tué, I was within a hair's breadth of being killed; I was near being killed. V. Faillir and Falloir, and hereafter. Manquer, v. a. to miss, not to hit, let slip. Se manquer, v. r. to want, be wanting. Il se manque ici un écu, here wants a crown, a crown is wanting here. Il ne se manqua presque rien qu'il ne fut pris, it wanted but little of his being taken, he was very near being taken.

Manquer, v. a. & n. Mar. Manquer le moutillage, to miss one's anchorage or the birth in which it was intended to bring up. Manquer sa traversée, to lose one's passage manufact at intersec, to loss one s passage for the season. Manquer un convoi, to miss a carvoy, to miss an enemy's convoy, with which it was expected to fall in. Manquer son abordage, to be unsuccessful in boarding an enemy. Manquer son battiment, to be left between the collection of the child. hind at the sailing of the ship. Manquer à virer, to miss stays. Manquer de monde, to be short of hands. Manquer d'eau, de vivres, etc.; to be in want of water, provisions, etc. L'équipage du corsaire manqua au premier feu, the crew of the privateer ran away from their quarters at the first broadside. Les vents nous manquèrent au milieu de la passe, the wind failed us in the fair way of the channel. Nous manquames de nous perdre dans la baie d'Au-

dierne, we were very near being lost in Audiern bay. Les écoutes de notre petit hunier manquèrent, et la voile fut toute en morceaux, our fore-topsail sheets gave way, and the sails went all to rags.

MANSARDE, men-sard, s. f. the roof of a

house (the top of which is almost flat, and the

sides nearly perpendicular.)
*Mansuftude, men-så-å-tåd, s. f. mansuctude, meekness, gentleness, tenderness of nature.

MAKTE, ment, s. f. deep mourning, mantle

or veil.

MANTEAU, men-to, s. m. mantle, cloak;
(de femme) mantua; (de cheminée) mantletree;
cloak, pretence, show, colour, blind. Man-teau royal, royal mantle.

MANTELÉ, E, ment-la, adj. mantled (in he-

raldry.)

MANTELET, ment-le, s. m. mantelet, man tle; machine to cover besiegers. Mantelets de sabords, Mar. port-lids.

MANTELINE, ment-lin, s. f. ridinghood.

MANTELURE, s. f. hair on a dog's back of a colour different from the rest.

MANTILLE, s. f. little cloak.

MANTURE, s. f. Mar. shipping a heavy

MANUEL, LE, må-nå-êl, adj. manual, done with the hand. Signe manuel, one's hand or mark to a writing.

MANUEL, s. m. manual.

MANUELLEMENT, må-nû-êl-mên, adv. manually.

MANUFACTURE, må-nå-fåk-tår, s. f. ma-

nufacture, manufactory.

MANUFACTURER, må-nû-fåk-tå-rå, v. a.
to manufacture, work in a manufactory. MANUFACTURIER, må-nd-fåk-td-rlå, s. m. manufacturer.

MANUMISSION, ma-nd-mi-sion, s. f. manumission.

MANUSCRIT, E, må-nå-skrl, skrlt, adj. & m. manuscript.

MANUTENTION, ma-nd-ten-slon, s. f. maintaining, preserving, preservation, upholding.
MAPPEMONDE, map-mond, s. f. map of the

MAQUEREAU, mak-ro, s. m. mackerel; pimp, procurer. Maquereaux, reddish spots in one's legs caused by overheating them.

MAQUERELLAGE, s. m. pimping, pimp's or bawd's trade.

MAQUERELLE, s. f. baswd, procuress.
MAQUIGNON, ma-kl-gnon, s. m. horsejockey, pimp; broker. Maquignon, (de béne fices) one that drives a trade in livings; (de mariages) a match-maker.

MAQUIGNONNAGE, må-kl-gnô-nåz, s. m. horse-coursing, jockey's trade; intrigue. MAQUIGNONNER, må-kl-gnô-nå, v. a. to jockey or trir up, pamper (a horse) for sale. to pimp or intrigue to promote the sale of any

thing.

MAQUILLEUR, s. m. Mar. mackerel-boat.

MARABOUT, s. m. Mahometan priest; ill-

MARAICHER, må-re-shå, s. m. marsh cultivator.

MARAIS, ma-re, s. ni. marsh, fen, moor, morass, bog; low garden-plot Marais salans, salt-pits.
MARASMR, må-råsm, s. m. marasmus.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : e sant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MARATRE, ma-ratr, s. f. step-mother, sails incomparably well. Vous arez la marche mother-in-law (used only in a bad sense.) sur toute l'escadre, you beat the whole tiest in

MARAUD, ma-re, s.m. varlet, a rascal, base knave.

Maraude, ma-rod, s. f. quean, jade; ma-

MARAUDER, må-ro-då, v. n. to go a marauding.

MARAUDEUR, må-ro-deur, s. m. marauder. MARAVÉDIS, s. m. maravedis (a Spanish coin.)

MARBRE, marbr, s. m. marble.

MARBRÉ, E, adj. marbled. Bas marbrés, mixt-coloured stockings.

Marbrer, mår-brå, v. a. to marble.

MARBREU-R, SE, mar-breur, breuz, s. m. & f. marbler, one that marbles.

MARBRIER, mar-bria, s. m. stone cutter. MARBRIÈRE, s. f. quarry which produces marble.

MARBRURE, mar-brur, s. f. marbling.

MARC, mar, s. m. mark, eight ounces; ross or thick substance that remains of a thing pressed or strained.

MARCAIGE, s. m. tax on sea fish. MARCASSIN, mar-ka-sin, s. m. a young

wild boar.

MARCASSITE, mår-kå-sit, s. f. marcasite. MARCHAND, mar-shen, s. m. merchant, dealer; tradesman or shop-keeper, seller, chapman. Marchand en gros, wholesalo-dealer. Marchand en détail, retail dealer. Marchand libraire, book-seller. Marchand drapier, woollen draper. Marchand d'herbes, herb seller. Marchand de soie, silk-man. see, nerb solver. Marchana ac tove, sur-man. Il n'en sera pra bon marchand, he will get nothing by it. Il veut être riche marchand on pawre pouluillier, he will win the horse or lose the saddle. Marchand qui perd ne neut rire, let him laugh that wins. Marchand chargeur d'un bâtiment, freighter of a ship.

MARCHAND, E, mår-shên, shênd, adj. mercantile, trading; tradesman-like; merchantable, vendible, fit for sale. Ville marchande, trading town, town of great trade. Place marchande, trading place, thoroughfare. Rivière marchande, navigable river. Vaisseau marchand, merchant-man, merchant-ship.

Marchande, s. f. merchant's wife; trading

woman; citizen's wife

MARCHANDER, mar-shen-da, v. a. to cheapen, haggle for, beat down the price of; v. n. to haggle or stand haggling, be irresolute or in suspense, be at a stand, hesitate.

MARCHANDEU-R, SE, mar-shen-deur, deuz,

s. m. & f. cheapener, haggler, MARCHANDISE, mar-shen-dlz, s. f. commodity, goods, ware; merchandise, trade. Faire marchandise, to trade. Marchandise qui platt est à demi-vendue, please the eye, and pick the purse. Marchandises fines, Mar. dry-goods. Marchandises trouvées flottantes or en dérive, flotson or flotzam.

MARCHE, marsh, s. f. march; marching; journey, way; move; step; treadle; marches, borders, frontiers (of a country.)

Marche, Mar. progressive motion or head vay (of a ship through the water.) Marche d'une horloge marine, rate of a time-keeper. La marche de ce navire est un quart largue, that ship sails best a point free. Votre frégale a une marche supérieure, your frigate

sailing.

MARCHÉ, mår-shå, s. m. market, marketplace; rate; bargain. Acheter or vendre à bon prace; raue; pargain. Acheter or vendre à bon marché, to buy or sell cheap. Vous en avez en bon marché, you had a good bargain of it. Paire bon marché de quelque chose, to be lavish of a thing. On n'a jamais bon marché de mau-vaise marchandise, best is cheapest.

MARCHECOULIS, V. Michecoulis.
MARCHEFIED, marsh-plk, s. m. foot-stock; foot-board. Mar. Marchepied d'une vergue, horse or foot-rope of a yard.

MARCHER, mar-sha, v. n. to walk, go, tread; to march, be upon the march; to rank, self well. Marcher sur les pas des grands hommes, to follow the steps of great men, imitate great men. Marcher sur quelque chose, to tread upon something. Il a marché sur usue mauvaise herbe, he has pissed upon a mettle. Je le ferai bien marcher droit, I will keep him to his good behaviour. Ces deux affaires mur-chent d'un même pied, those two things keep

ciela a ar mene pres, inse two inings keep an equal pace together.

Marcher, v. n. Mar. to sail or go (through the water.) Notre bâtiment ne marche pas depuis son radoub, our ship does not sail since she has been repaired. Vous marchez bien and the sail of t plus près, you sail well upon a wind. Il nous faut du vent frais pour bien marcher, we re-quire a fresh breeze to sail well.

MARCHER, s. m. gait, pace, going or tread.

MARCHETTE, s. f. kind of trap for birds. MARCHEU-R, SE, mar-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. walker. V. Rouleur.

MARCOTTE, mår-kot, s. f. layer or young

MARCOTTEB, mår-kð-tå, v. a. to set layers or young twigs in the ground for increase.

MARDELLE, V. Margelle.

MARDI, mar-dl, s. m. Tuesday. March
gras, Shrove-Tuesday.

MARE, mar, s. f. pond, pool or puddle, hole (full of standing water,) moor.

MARÉAGE, s. m. Mar. hire or pay of a sailor for the run (i. e. for a particular voyage.)
MARÉCAGE, mà-rà-kāg, s. m. marsh or
marshy place, fen, bog.
MARÉCAGEU-X, SE, mā-rà-kā-zēu, zēuz

adj. marshy, fenny, moorish. Markehal, ma-ra-shal, s. m. farrier; mar shal. Maréchal des logis, quarter master

MARÉCHALAT, s. m. marshalship. MARÉCHALERIE, s. f. farrier's trade.

MARÉCHAUSSÉE, må-rå-shò-så, s. f. marshalsea, jurisdiction of the marshals of France;

also sort of troopers that patrol the country
MARKE, ma-ra, s. f. Mar. tide; also fresh water. Marée haute, high water. Marée hause, low water. Marée haute, high water. Marée montante, flood. Marée morte, neap tides or dead nip. Grandes marées, spring tides. Marée contraire au vent, windward tide. Marée qui porte sous le rent or marée qui porte du même côté que le vent, leeward tide, lee tide. Marée qui porte au vent, weather tide. La marée monte, the tide comes in, it is flood tide. La marée descend, the tide goes out, it is ebb tide. Haute marte, pleine marte, high water.

MARELLE, V. Merelle

bar, bât, bâse: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

MARGAJAT, mar-ga-za, s. m. little ugly MARGE, marz, s. f. margin, margent,

marge; also marginal notes, annotations.

MARGELLE, mar-sel, s. f. curb stone, brink

er brim of a well.

MARGINAL, E, mar-zi-nal, adj. marginal.

MARGOT, mar-go, s. f. magpie.
MARGOUILLET, s. m. Mar. buil's eye ; also seizing truck.

MARGOUILLIS, mar-goo-ff, s. m. plash, puddle.

MARGRAVE, s. m. margrave.

ÍARGRAVIÁT, s. m. margravate

MARGUERITE, mar-grit, s. f. deisy; mar-

Marguerite, s. f. Mar. messenger, pur-base of any sort clapped on the messenger. Faire marguerite, to elap a messenger on a cable.

MARGUILLERIE, s. f. church-wardenship. MARGUILLIER, mar-gl-M, s. m. churchwarden.

MARI, må-ri, s. m. husband; spouse. MARIABLE, må-ri-abl, adj. marriageable. MARIAGE, ma-riaz, s. m. marriage, match, matrimony, wedlock, conjugal hie; wedding or marriage or nuptials; downy or portion.

Prendre une fille en mariage, to take a woman to wife, marry her. Mariage dus tourneure, Mar. lashing together of the eyes of the mes-senger. Faire le mariage du tournevire, to lash the eyes of the messenger.

MARIAUD, E, s. m: & f. brisk lively child,

pert child.

MARIÉ, E, må-riå, adj. married.

MARIÉ, s. m. (nouveau marié) bride-MARIÉE, ma-ri-a, s. f. (nouvelle mariée)

MARIER, må-rl-å, v. a. to marry, to match; ally, unite, join, reconcile. Se marter, v. r. to

MARIE-SALOPE, s. f. Mar. sort of lighter er large flat-bottomed boat to carry away the

mud. MARIEU-R, SF, S. m. & f. match-maker.

MARIN, E, ma-rin, rin, adj. marine, of or
belonging to the sea. Monate marin, seamonster. Carle marine, chart or sea-chart.

Plante marine, sea-weed. Avoir le pied marin, to be used to the sea, have sea legs, tread the

deck like a sailor.

MARIN, s. m. Mar. sea-man, sea-faring
man. Marin d'eau douce, lubber, fresh-water

spilor.

MARINADE, ma-ri-nad, s. f. pickled meat.
MARINE, ma-rin, s. f. navigation; navy,
marine, science and knowledge of maritime affairs; sea-coast, beach; sea-piece or view; taste or smell of the sea. Officier de la marine, officer in the navy. Gens de marine, sea-men. Termes de marine, sea-terms. La marine de France, the French navy. Marine marchande, merches bervice. Cela sent la marine, that smells of the sea. Ceci a un goût de marine, this tastes of the salt water.

MARINE, E, adj. marinated, pickled. Des marchandises marinées, goods damaged at sea. (In heraldry) fish-tailed.

MARINER, ma-ri-na, v. a. to marinate,

MARINIER, må-ri-nia, s. m. mariner, s man; barger, barge man, water man. cier marinier, warrant and petty officer.

MARIOLES, s. f. waddles of a cock. MARIONNETTE, må-ri-o-net, s. f. puppet.
MARITAL, E, må-ri-täl, adj. marital, matrimonial, belonging to a husband.

MARITALEMENT, må-ri-tal-men, adv. like

a husband.

MARITIME, ma-ri-tim adj. maritime, near or bordering on the sea. Forces maritimes, maritime or sea-forces. Les puissances maritimes, the maritime powers.

MARITORNE, s. f. a sluttish, ill-shaped we-

MARJOLAINE, mår-zð-lên, s. f. marjoram, sweet marjoram.

MARJOLET, mår-zô-lê, s. m. fop. Un plaisant marjolet, pleasant silly fellow.

MARLI, s. m. a sort of gauze.

MARMAILLE, mar-mal, s. f. little children, brats.

MARMELADE, marm-lad, s. f. marmalade.
MARMITE, mar-mit, s. f. kettle or pot, seething-pot. Nez en pied de marmite, pugnose. Ecumeur de marmites, a parasite.

"MARMITEU-I, SE, adj. & s. whimpering,

whining, wretched

MARMITON, mar-mi-ton, s. m. scullion,

kitchen drudge. MARMONNER, v. n. to mumble, mutter,

grumble. MARMOT, mår-mò, s. m. marmoset, mon-

key; little ugly figure; young rogue, little monkey.

MARNOTTE, mår-möt, s. f. marmot, young jade or minx. Mar. small match tub. MARMOTTER, mår-mô-tå, v. a. to mutter,

mumble. MARMOTTIER, s. m. virtuoso (who collects

little ugly figures.)

MARMOUSET, mar-môo-sê, s. m. marmo-set; grotesque figure; little monkey.

MARNE, marn, s. m. marl; Marne (river in France.)

MARNER, v. a. to marl.

MARNERON, s. m. one that works in a marlpit.

MARNIÈRE, mar-nièr, s. m. marl-pit.

MARNOIS, s. m. sort of boat.

Maroquin, s. m. Turkey, Spanish, Russia or marocco leather.

MARQUINER, v. a. to dress leather marocco fashion.

MAROQUINERIE, s. f. the art of making Turkey leather or marocco.

MAROQUINIER, s. m. marocco-manufacturer.

MAROTIQUE, må-rô-tik, adj. marotick

(style.)
MAROTTE, må-röt, s. f. fool's bauble; folly,

fancy, whim, maggot, foolish conceit.

MAROUFLE, ma-roofl, s. m. scoundrel; also scum, booby, rascal.

MARQUE, mark, s. f. mark; mark or marking iron; trace, print, mole, spot; mark or token of honour; rank, note; love token; character, sign, token; (at cards) counter; proof, testimony; token or ten quires of paper. Homme de marque, man of note. Marque blanche, star (on a horse's forehead.) Marque s f. Mar. Marque de la ligne de loch, forc-run MARINGOUIN, ma-rin-gwin, s.m. musquutto. Il ner. Lettre de marque, letter of marque.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

MARQUÉ, E, adj. marked, denoted, etc. ! Marqué de petite vérole, pitted with the small

MARQUER, mår-kå, v. a. to mark, set a MARQUER, mar-ka, v. a. to mark, set a mark upon; to score up, set up; to mark, leave a mark or print; to denote, show, argue; to make out, tell, signify, specify, set ut; tin fencing) to make a fall or clear pass. Marquer avec de la craie, to chalk. Marquer la romnoie, to stamp coin. Cheval qui commence à marquer, young nag or horse that begins to show his age by his teeth.

MARQUETÉ, E, adj. speckled, spotted; inlaid.

MARQUETER, mårk-tå, v. a. to speckie or spot; to inlay.

MARQUETERIE, mår-ke-tri, s. Linlaid work. MARQUEUR, mår-keur, s. m. marker;

scorer (at play.) MARQUIS, mar-kl, s. m. marquis. MARQUISAT, mar-ki-za, s. m. marquisate. MARQUISE, mar-kiz, s. f. marchioness, tilt ever a tent, marquee.

ever a teat, marquee.

MARQUISER, (SE) sê-mâr-lê-ză, v. r. to
assume the title of a marquis.

MARRAINE, mâ-rês, s. f. god-mother.

MARRAU, V. Mêreast.

"MARRAU, V. Mêreast.

"MARRAU, V. mâ-rê, rî, adj. sorry, troubled,
mardau opperned."

eved, concerned.

MARRON, mak-ron, s. m. chestnut, great chestnut; (d'Inde) horse chestnut; curl or lock of hair; a book printed secretly; sort of square cracker. Negre marron, a runaway

megro. Манковини, ma-ro-na, v. a. to do up hair

in large curls.

MARRONIER, ma-ro-nil, s. m. chestnuttree; (d'Inde) horse chestnut-tree.
MARRUBE, s. m. hoarhound (an herb.)

MARRUBIASTRE, s.m. species of hoarhound.
MARS, mars, s. m. March; any grain sowed
in March; also Mars (the planet and god of

er.)
*Marseche, s. f. barley. MARSILIANE, mar-si-lian, s. f. kind of Venetian ship.

MARSOUIN, mar-swin, s. m. porpoise or

Marsonin d'avant, Mar. stemson. souis d'arrière, inner or false stern-post,

Martagos, mår-tå-gen, s. m. mountain or many-flowered lify. Martz, V. Martre.

MARTEAU, mår-tö, s. m. hammer; (of a door) knocker. Marteau à dents. Mar. clawhammer or clench-hammer or fid-hammer.

MARTEL, mar-tel, s. m. V. Marteau. Mar-

tel en tête, inquietude, uneasiness

MARTELAGE, mart-laz, s. m. mark set on trees that are to be cut down.

MARTELÉ, E, adj. hammered, etc. Martelé de coups, pounded or bruised, soundly beaten. MARTELER, mart-la, v. a. to hammer, beat or work with a hammer; also to trouble, tor-

ment, perplex, plague, teaze, vex.
MARTELET, s. m. little hammer.

MARTELEUR, s. m. one that hammers at a

forge.

MARTELISE, s. f. pick.

MARTIAL, E. mar-sial, adj. martial, warlike. valiant: also ferruginous.

ce

MARTICLES, s. f. pl. Mar. V. Martinets. MARTINET, mar-ti-ne, s. m. hammer; flat or hand candlestick; martlet or martin. Mar-tinet pecheur, king-fisher. Disciptione de cor-des, cat-or-anno talls. Martinete du pic, Mar.

peak haliards. MARTINGALE, mar-tin-gal, s. f. martingal.

lover à la martingale, to double or quit. MARTIN-SEC, mar-tin-sek, s. m. stony kind

of pear.

MARTRE, martr, s f. marten; marten skin. Martre zibeline, sable. Prendre martre

pour renard, to catch a tartar. MARTYR, mar-tir, s. m. & f. martyr, great

sufferer. MARTTRE, mår-tir, s. m. martyrdom, great

sufferings.

MARTYRISÉ, E, adj. martyred, that has suffered martyrdom, tormented, put to great pains.

MARTYRISER, mår-ti-ri-zå, v. a. to make suffer martyrdom; put to a great deal of pain,

MARTYROLOGE, mar-ti-ro-loz, s. m. martyrology.

MARTYROLOGISTE, mar-ti-ro-lo-zist, s. m.

writer of martyrology.

Mascanadz, mās-kā-rād, s. m. masquer

ade, mask. Mascaret, mås-kå-rê, s. m. eddy (of wa-

ter.) Mascaron, más-ká-ron, s. m. (in architecture) mask.

Mascutin, E, mas-kd-lin, iln, adj. mascu-line, male, of or belonging to the male. Mascutintr E, E. masculineness. Masque, mask, s. m. mask, visor, visor

mask; masquerader, one that has a visor on; time mask; masquerader, one that has a visor on; (is sculpture) head (by itself;) mask, blind, colour, pretence, cloak; ugly witch. Que la peste soit de la masque, deuce take her for a witch.

witch. Masque, Mar. smoke sail.

Masque, E, adj. masked, that has a mask
on. V. Masquer. Counterfeit, false; close, dissembling.

MASQUER, mås-kå, v. a. to mask, put a mask on; cloak, cover, disguise. Masquer, v. n. Se manuer, v. r. to mask, go to a maq-querade. Masquer, v. a. & n. Mar. to back, take a-back, etc. Masquer une voile, to lay a sail a-back. Masque tout, lay all flat a-back. Notre metelot d'avant est masqué, our leader is taken a-back. Le commandant a tout masqué, the commander has thrown all a-back.

MASSACRE missker, s. m. massacre, slaughter, murder; head of a deer newly killed; also bungler; bungling piece of work.

MASSACRER, missk-kri, v. a. to massacre, butcher, also to bundle

butcher; also to bungle.

MASSACREUR, s. m. murderer; also bun-

MASSE, mas, s. f. mass, lump, heap; funds or stock; stake, pool; (at hilliards) mass; mace, club; mace, mace royal; mallet, hammer. Or

ou argent en masse, gold or silver in bullion.

Masse, s. f. Mar. Masse de fer, maul or peamaul.

Masse de bois, commander.

Massepain, mås-pin, s. m. march-pane. Masser, må-så, v. a. to stake, to mass, lay

or set.
MASSICOT, s. m. yellow colour to paint

MASSIER, må-sfå, s. m. mace-bearer.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Massi-F, v.E., må-slf, slv, adj. massy, mas-sive, solid, heavy; stupid, dull. MassiF, s. m. thicket; masonry to support

MASSIVEMENT, adv. heavily, dully.
MASSIVEMENT, adv. heavily, dully.
MASSIVETÉ, s. f. massiness, massiveness.
MASSUE, må-så, s. f. club.
MASTIC, mås-tik, s. m. mastich.

MASTICATION, mas-ti-ka-sion, s. f. masti-

cation, chewing. MASTICATOIRE, mas-ti-ka-twar, s. m. mas-

ticatory. MASTICADOUR, s. m. kind of bit promoting

mastication in horses

MASTIQUER, mas-ti-kh, v. a. to cement with mastick.

MASURE, må-zår, s. f. house ruined, ruins or rubbish of a house, also paltry decayed

MAT, ma, s. m. Mar. mast. Mat de misaine, fore-mast. Mat d'artimon, mizen-mast. Grand mat, main-mast. Grand mat mast. Grand mât, main-mast. Grand mât de hune, main top-mast. Pâti mât de hune, fore top-mast. Mâts de hune, top-masts. Mâts de perroquet, main top-gallant mast. Mâts de perroquet, top-gallant masts. Mâts de perroquet, top-gallant masts. Mâts de perroquet a fleche, long or pole top-gallant masts. Mâts de perroquet as fleche, short or stump top-gallant masts. Mâts de perroquet masts. Mâts de perroquet masts. Mâts de perroquet masts. Mâts de perroquet masts. Mâts de perroquet top-gallant masts. Mits de perroquet volant, top-gallant mosts.

Mit de grand kakatots or de grand perroquet volant, main top-gallant royal masts. Mit de grand kakatots or de petit perroquet volant, fore top-gallant royal mast. Mit de de petit kakatots or de petit perroquet volant, fore top-gallant royal mast. Mit de Mâts de ruche, mizen top-gallant mast. kakutors de perruche, mizen top-gallant roy-al mass. Môt de beaupré, bowsprit mast. Mit de perroquet de fougue, mizen top-mast. Mits majeure, lower masts, standing masts. Mits majeure, lower masts, standing masts. Mit a paile, pole mast. Mit de pavillon, flag stali. Mits de rechange, spare masts. Mit composé or mit de plusieure pièces or mot d'assemblage, made mast. Mit de fortune, jury mast; also spare mast. Mit qui a consent, sprung mast. Mit forcé or tendu or déjeté, wrung mast. Mit brut, rough mast. Mit d'un brin, mast made of a single stick. Mit de cinq or de sept pièces, mast made of five or seven pieces. Mit or arbre de mestre, main mast (of a sebec, felucca, etc. Mât de perroquet de fougue, mizen top-mast. the metric, main mast (of a sebec, feluca, etc. in the dialect of Provence.) Must or arbre at trinquet, fore-mast (of the like vessels in the same dialect.) Etre à mute et à cordes, to be under bare poles.

MAT, mat, s. m. mate. Echec et mat, check-mate. Donner echec et mat, to check-Echec et mat, mate. Il est mat, he is check-mated or mated.

MAT, TE, mat, adj. unpolished, unwrought.

MATADOR, ma-tà-dòr, s. m. matadore.

MATAMORE, mà-tà-mòr, s. m. bully, bravado. Matamore, s. f. dungeon.

MATASSINADE, s. f. wanton trick, frolick.

*MATASSINER, v. a. to play the wanton, be frolicksome, caper about.

MATASSINS, s. m. pl. matachin (sort of dance;) also matachin dancers.

MATE, z, adj. Mar. masted, furnished with masts. Maté en vaisseau, masted like a ship.

Maté en heu, masted like a Dutch hoy.

Maté à calcet, masted for lateen sails. Maté en fourche or à corne, masted with a standing gaff (like a Dutch galliot.) Mûté à pible,

pole-masted. Haut mate, taunt masted. V

Male, (at chess) mate or mated; dejected quelled, mortified, etc. V. Mater.

MATELAS, ma-tla, s. m. mattress, quilt;

also squab, cushion.

MATELASSER, må-tlå-så, v. a. to cover or furnish with mattresses or squabs or cushions. MATELASSIER, mā-tlā-slā, s. m. mattress-

maker, etc. MATELOT, må-tlo, s. m. Mar. sailor. Matelots gardiens. V. Gardiens. Vaisseau matelot, consort or second (to a ship in a fleet or squadron.) Mutelot d'avant, leader or second a-head. Le Terrible étoit notre matelot d'avant, et l'Intrépide celui d'arrière, the Terrible was our second a-head, and the Intrepid our second a-stern. Matelots provenant de la presse,

pressed men. MATELOTAGE, må-tlå-tåz, s. m. seaman's

pay.
MATELOTE, ma-uôt, s. f. fish dressed as sailors dress theirs. A la matelot, seaman-like

MATER, må-tå, v. a. to mortify, macerate, weaken, keep under; to dash, damp, blunt, harass, tire out, quell, break, bear down, daunt, take down, curb; to mate (at chess.)
Mar. to mast, furnish with masts. Mâter un
betiment, to mast a ship. Mâter l'étambord
d'un bâtiment, to erect the stern-post of a ship. Mâter une épontille, to set a shore an-end. Mâter des bigues, to set up a pair of sheers in a dock-yard. Mâte le canot, toss the boat's masts up.

MATEREAU, s. m. Mar. small mast, spar. MATÉRIALISME, må-tå-riå-lism, s. m. materialism.

MATÉRIALISTE, må-tå-riå-list, s. m. materialist.

MATÉRIALITÉ, må-tå-rlå-ll-tå, s. f. materiality.

MATÉRIAUX, mã-tā-rio, s. m. pl. materials MATÉRIEL, LE, mã-tā-riel, adj. material;

ccarse, thick, heavy, lumpish, dull.

MATÉRIELLEMENT, ma-ta-rièl-mên, adv materially.

MATERNEL, LE, må-ter-nel, adj. motherly, maternal, of or belonging to the mother.

MATERNELLEMENT, må-ter-nel-men, adv.

motherly, like a mother.

MATERNITÉ, må-ter-ni-ta, s. f. maternity, motherhood.

MATEUR, s. m. Mar. mast-maker

MATHÉMATICIEN, må-tå-må-tl-slen, s. m. mathematician.

MATHÉMATIQUE, må-tå-må-tik, adj. ma thematical.

MATHÉMATIQUEMENT, må-tå-må-tik-men,

adj. mathematically.

MATHEMATIQUES, S. f. pl. mathematics.

MATIÈRE, ma-tlèr, s. f. matter; stuff; sub stance; subject; cause, reason, account, occasion; pus; excrement; bullion. En matière de, in point of, in business of.

MATIN, mâ-tin, s. m. morning, forencon.

Demain matin or demain au matin, to-morrow

morning.

MATIN, ma-tin, s. m. great cur, mastiff dog. Un grand vilain matin, a great hibberty fellow.

MATINAL, må-ti-nål. V. Matineux MATINEE, må-tl-nå, s. f. morning.

buse, but : joune, moute, bourre : entant, cont, lien : vin : mon . brun.

snub, rattle.

MATINES, ma-tln, s. f. pl. matins, morning prayers.

MATINEU-K, SE, må-ti-neu, neuz, adj. that rises betimes, early riser.

MATINIER, E, må-tl-nlå, nlèr, adj. Ex. L'étoile matinière, the morning star.

MATIR, v. a. to make unpolished. MATOIS, E, må-twå, twåz, adj. & s. cun-Un fin matois, a cunning blade, ning, sharp.

a sharper. Une fine matoise, a cunning gipsy.

MATOISERIE, ma-twaz-ri, s. f. cunning cheat, trick.

MATOU, må-tỏo, s. m. boar cat. MATRAS, må-trå, s. m. arrow for a cross bow, matrass.

MATRICAIRE, s. f. mother-wort.

MATRICE, ma-tris, s. f. womb, matrice, matrix; mould; also matrix (of mint-men and letter founders.)

MATRICE, adj. Ex. Eglise matrice, mother church. Langue matrice, mother tongue. Couleur matrice, simple, unmixed colour.

MATRICIDE, s. m. matricide

MATRICULAIRE, må-tri-kå-ler, adj. matriculate.

MATRICULE, må-trl-kål, s. f. matriculation book or register.

MATRIMONIAL, E, må-trl-md-nlål, adj. matrimonial.

MATRONE, må-tron, s. f. matron : also mid-

MATURATI-F, VE, må-tå-rå-tif, tiv, adj. maturative or conducive to the suppuration of a sore.

MATURATION, må-tå-slon, s. f. maturation

MATURE, ma-tur, s.f. masting or art of masting or manner of masting or masting machine; also all the masts (of a ship;) and a general name for the masts and yards. V. Haut. Notre mature est sur tribord, our masts Votre vaisseau a mainhang over starboard. tenant sa mâture complète, your ship's masts and yards are now all made. Mâture de longre, way or manner of masting a lugger.
MATURITE, må-tå-rå-tå, s. f. maturity,

ripeness.

MATUTINAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the morning.

MAUDIRE, mò-dìr, v. a. to curse or accurse.

MAUDISSON, s. m. curse. MAUDIT, E, mò-dì, dìt, adj. cursed, ac-

cursed. MAUGÈRE, s. f. Mar. cow-hide. Clou à

maugère, scupper nail.

*Maugrebleu, interj. deuce take it. *Maugréer, mo-gré-à, v. a. & n. to curse

MAUPITEU-X, SE, adj. Ex. Faire le maupi-

tenx, to whine, complain, groan.

MAUSOLEE, mo-zo-la, s. m. mausoleum. MAUSSADE, mo-såd, adj. slovenly, sluttish,

masty, disagreeable.

MAUSSADEMENT, mo-sad-men, adv. slo-

venly sluttishly, nastily, disagreeably.

MAUSSADERIE, s.f.slovenliness, clumsiness. MAUVAIS, SE, mò-vè, vèz, adj. ill, evil, bad, nanghy; hurtful, unwholesome; ominous; ill, troublesome, dangerous, mischievous, unlacky. Trouver une chose mauvaise, not to

MATINER, ma-tl-na, v. a. to line (as a | like a thing. Maupaise santé, imperfect bealth. cur does a bitch;) to abuse (with words,) | Prendre en mauvaise part, to take ill. Mauvais Prendre en mauvaise part, to take ill. Mauvais temps, Mar. stormy weather. Manuais temps. Mar. foul wind.

MAUVAIS, s. m. bad, bad thing, bad things; troublesome or quarrelsome or noisy fellow. Faire le manuais, to be obstreperous. Il faut prendre le bon et le manuais, one must take the good with the bad.

MAUVAIS, adv. Sentir manuais, to have an ill-smell, to stink. Trower manuais, to find fault with; take ill, take offence at. Il fait maurais, it is dangerous, it is not safe.

MAUVE, mov, s. f. mallows

MAUVIETTE, mo-viet, s. f. kind of lark. MAUVIS, mo-vi, s. m. mavis (a sort of thrush.)

MAUX, the pl. of mal. V. Mal.

MAXILLAIRE, mak-sil-ler, adj. maxillar. MAXIME, mak-sim, s. f. maxim, rule, principle, axiom.

MAYON, s. m. mayoon, (a Chinese coin.)
MAZETTE, ma-zet, s. f. tit or sorry little horse; also bungler, novice at any game.

ME, me, (pronoun) me; to me, me; for me; (with reflective verbs) me, myself, to me, to myself; Me roici, here am I. Vous me donnex, you give me or to me. Vous m'aimez, you love me. Ne m'en parlez plus, say no more Vous m'y attendrez, you will to me about it. attend me thither.

MÉANDRE, må-èndr, s. m. meander, maze MÉCANICIEN, må-kå-nl-slên, s. m. mecha

MÉCANIQUE, ma-ka-nik, s. m. mecha

nicks, mechanism.

Mécanique, adj. mechanical, mechanick

pitiful, sordid, mean. MÉCANIQUEMENT, ma-ka-nik-mêz,

mechanically; meanly, sordidly, pitifully.
MECANISME, ma-ka-nism, s. m. mechanism MÉCHAMMENT, må-shå-men, adv. wick-

MECHANCETE, ma-shens-la, s. f. wickedness, malice; wicked act; roguish trick, roguery, evil propensity.

MÉCHANT, E, ma-shen. shent, adj. ill, evil, bad, naughty, scurry; sad, sorry, pitiful, pal-try, silly, wretched, mischievous, unlucky, arch, roguish; wicked.

MECHANT, s. m. ill or wicked man. Faire le mechant, to bully, buff, bector.

Micha, mesh, s. f. match or cotton (of a lamp.) wick (of a candle.) match (for guns.) worm (of a cork screw.) also tinder, point (or a wimble.) Mar. Miche à canon, match or quick match. Meche du gouvernoil, main piece or chock of the rudder. Meche du cabestan, barrel of the capstan. Meche d'un mât, main or middle piece of a lower mast (when composed of several pieces.)

MÉCHEF, må-shef, s. m. mischief, mis-

hap. Macher, må-shå, v. a. to fumigate (a cask) with burning brimstone.

MÉCHOACAN, s. m. white rhubarb. MÉCONPTE, ma-kont, s. m. mistake er mis-

reckoning, miscalculation. MÉCOMPTER, ma-kon-ta, v. n. Se mécompter, v. r. to misreckon, mistake, be under a mistake.

MÉCONIUM, ma-kô-niôm, s m mecomum, li juice of poppy.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MÉCONNOISSABLE, må-kô-nê-sabl, adi. not easily recognised. *MÉCONNOISSANCE, s. f. ingratitude, un-

gratefulness, unthankfulness

MECONNOISSANT, E, må-kö-nê-sên, sênt, adj. ungrateful, untbankful. Miconnoitre, ma-ko-netr, v. a. (See the table at oftre) not to know, take for another; to forget. Se méconnoître, v. r. to forget ene's former low condition, disavow one's re-

MECONNU, E, adj. not known, forgotten. MECONTENT, E, mā-kon-tên, tênt, adj. discontented, ill-satisfied, dissatisfied.
MECONTENS, s. m. pl. malecontents, dis-

sontented people.

MICONTENTEMENT, må-kon-tent-men, s. m. discontent, dissatisfaction, disaffection.

MÉCONTENTER, v. a. to discontent, dissatisfy, displease.
"MÉCRÉANT, må-krå-èn, s. m. misereant,

infide).

MÉCREDI, V. Mereredi. *MÉCROIRE, v. a. (like eroire) to disbe-

MEDAILLE, ma-dal, s. f. medal. La mé-daille est renversée, the tables are turned, the cese is altered.

MÉDAILLIER, må-då-då, s. m. cabinet of medals.

MÉDAILLISTE, må-då-*li*st, s. m. medallist. MÉDAILLISTE, må-då-*lon*, s. m. medallist. MÉDECIN, måd-sin, s. m. physician, doctor of physick.

MÉDECINE, mad-sin, s. f. physick; medi-

cine, purge, dose.

MEDECINER, mad-sl-na, v. a. to physick. MEDIAKE, adj. & s. f. Ex. La veine médiane or la médiane, the median vein.

MEDIANOCHE, s. m. flesh-meal, just after midnight (among the Roman catholicks.)

MÉDIANTE, må-dl-ent, s. f. (in musick) mediant.

MEDIASTIN,s.m.mediastinam (*in anatomy*.) MÉDIAT, E, må-dlå, åt, adj. mediate. MÉDIATEMENT, må-dlåt-mên, adv. medi-

ately, by means.

MEDIATEUR, må-dl-å-teur, s. m. mediator.

MEDIATEUR, må-dl-å-slon, s. m. mediation.

MÉDIATRICE, s. m. mediatrix. *MÉDIATRICE, adj. Ex. Des puissances mé-

diatrices, mediating powers.

MEDICAL, E, ma-dl-kal, adj. medical. MÍDICAMENT, må-di-kå-men, s. m. medicament, medicine.

MEDICAMENTAIRE, adj. that treats of me-

dicaments. MEDICAMENTAL, E, adj. medicamental,

physical, medicinal. MÉDICAMENTER, må-di-kå-men-tå, v. a.

to give or apply medicaments, to physick.
MEDICAMENTEU-X, SE, ma-di-ka-mezteu, teuz, adj. medicamental.

MÉDICINAL, E, må-di-sl-nål, adj. physical,

medicinal, healing.
MEDIOCRE, ma-dlokr, adj. moderate, indifferent, mean, middle, ordinary, neither too big nor too little.

MEDIOCREMENT, må-dlokr-men, adv. in-differently, so so: Avoir du bien médiocrement,

to have a comfortable estate.

MÉDIOCRITÉ, ma-dio-kri-ta, s. f. mediocrity, mean, medium, moderation

MEDIRE de, må-dir-de, v. n. (like dire, ex cept the second person plural of the present indicative, and of the imperative, vous medisez, médisez) to slander, rail, speak ill of, re-

vile, backbite, detract, traduce.
M£DISANCE, ma-di-zens, s. f. slander, slandering, obloquy, detraction, evil speaking, railing, reviling or vilifying, backbiting, tra-

ducing

MEDISANT, E, må-dl-zen, zent, adj. & s. slanderous, slandering, foul-mouthed, apt to slander, detracting, abusive, apt to rail at, backbiting, backbiter, slanderer, railing person, ili tongue. MÉDITATI-F, VE, må-dî-tâ-tîf, tiv, adj. me-

ditative.

MÍDITATION, må-dî-tà-slon, s. f. meditation. Faire quelque méditation sur, to meditate or reflect upon. MÉDITER, mã-dl-ta, v. a. & n. to meditate,

think, muse or reflect, consider; also to pro-

ject, design or intend.
MEDITERRANEE, ma-di-tê-râ-nâ, adj. me-diterranean, inland. La mer Méditerranée or

la Méditerranée, the Mediterranean sea.

MÉDIUR, ma-dlom, s. m. medium; also a plant

MÉDOC, s. m. Medoc-stone.

MÉDULLAIRE, må-då-lèr, adj. medullar. *MÉFAIRE, må-fèr, v n. (like faire) to misdo, do wrong.

"MÉFAIT, s. m. misdeed.

MÉFIANCE, må-flens, s. f. distrust, mis-

trust, diffidence, suspicion, jealousy.

MEFIANT, E, ma-fi-en, ent, adj. distrustful,

mistrustful, apt to mistrust, diffident.

Mérier, (se) se-ma-fl-à, de, v. r. to dis-

trust, mistrust, suspect.

*MÉGARDE, ma-gard, s. f. over-sight, heed-

lessness, carelessness, inadvertency. Par megarde, heedlessly, inadvertently.

Médire, må-er, s. f. bitter seold, shrew.
Mícir, s. f. tawing or dressing of a deli-

cate skin for gloves, purses, etc.

MÉGISSERIE, mā-zls-rl, s. f. tawer's trade.

MÉGISSIER, må-zl-slå, s. m. tawer. MEIGLE, s. f. a sort of pickaxe.

MEILLEUR, E, mê-lêur, lêur, adj. better. Le meilleur, the best, the best way. Le meilleur du conte, the cream of the jest or story.

MÉLANCOLIE, mã-lên-kô-li, s. f. melancho-

ly, black choler; sadness.
MÉLANCOLIQUE, må-lèn-kô-lik, adj. & s. melanchely, sad, gloomy; melanchely man or woman.

MÉLANCOLIQUEMENT, må-lèn-kô-lik-mên, adv. in a melancholy manner, sadly.

MÉLANGE, må-lènz, s. m. mixture, medley, mingling or mixing, alloy.

MÉLANGER, må-lèn-zå, v. a. to mingle or

mix together, blend.

M£Lassz, s. f. molasses, treacle.

*M£Lz, V. Nefte.

MELE, v. Avene.
MELE, r. adj. mingled, mixed, bleuded, etc. V. Méler.
MELEAGRIS, s. f. fritillery,
MELEA, mè-là, s. f. fight, battle, engage ment: fray, shuffle, altercation, dispute.
Mer we make a to mined with blade.

MELER, me-la, v. a. to mingle, mix, blend: to entangle or ravel; (une serrure) to break. Mêler quelques mots pour rire dans son discours, to interlard one's discourse with some pleasant jests. Se meller, v. r. to mingle or base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun-

mix together; mix or couple promiscuously; moddle or intermeddle, go among, intrude one's self. Se mèler de, to meddle with, be concerned in, take upon one's self.

MELET, me-le, s. m. sort of sea-fish (a foot

long, but not bigger than one's little finger.)
MELETTE, s. f. sprat or sea-groundling. MÉLÈZE, må-lez, s. f. larch tree. MÉLILOT, må-li-lo, s. m. melilot.

MÉLISSE, ma-lls, s. f. balm-gentle. MÉLODIE, ma-lo-di, s. f. melody, harmony,

MÉLODIEUSEMENT, må-lô-dî-èuz-mên,

melodiously, harmoniously, musically MÉLODIEU-X, SE, må-lô-dî-èu, èuz, adj. melodious, harmonious, musical, well tuned.

MELON, me-lon, s. m. melon. *MELONNIER, E, s. m. & f. one that sells

melons. MELONNIÈRE, mê-lô-nièr, s. f. bed of me-

MÉMARCHURE, må-mår-shur, s. f. sprain (in a horse.)

MEMBRANE, men-bran, s. f. membrane. MEMBRANEU-X, SE, men-bra-neu, neuz,

adj. membranous MEMBRE, member, s. m. member; limb; (of real) joint; (in architecture) moulding. Membres d'un bâtiment, Mar. ribs of a ship, timbers of a ship.

MEMBRU, E, men-bru, bru, adj. strong or well-limbed.

MEMBRURE, men-brur, s. f. squares in which pannels are put; also split board or shingle; and cord to measure wood. Membrure, Mar. ribs or frames of a ship.

MEME, mem, adj. same, all one, self; same, very same. Moi-même, toi-même, luimême, elle-même, soi-même, nous-mêmes, vous-même, vous-mêmes, eux-mêmes or elles-mêmes, myself, thyself, himself or itself, herself or itself, one's self or itself, ourselves, yourself, yourselves, themselves. C'est la même chose, it is the same thing, it is all one. C'est la chose the self it is the himself it is the himself. chose même, it is the thing itself, it is the very thing. Vous êtes la bonté même, you are all goodness, you are goodness itself. C'est la

chose même que je vous ai dite, it is the very thing which I told you.

Mans, adv. even, over and above, very.

Et même, and even. Mais même, but even. Non pas même pour cent livres, no, not for a hundred pounds. De même, tout de même, so, just so, thus, in like manner. De même que, tout de même que, as, even as, just as. Quand même, quand bien même, though, even though. Lors même que, even when, at the very time when. A même (with être, mettre, luisser, and the like) within reach, at the fountair head, in the best situation possible for doing a thing; hence it is that, être à même, means to be able, and mettre à même means to enable, put in a condition. Boire à même la bouteille, to drink out of the bottle. Vous aimez les figues, en voilà, vous êtes à même, you like figs, there are some, indulge your taste or

eat as many as you please.

MEMENENT, mem-men, adv. likewise, in like manner.

MEMENTO, s. m. memento.

MÉMOIRE, ma-mwar, s. f. memory, remembrance, name, repute. Les filles de mémorre, the muses.

Mémoire, s. m. memorandum, note, memo-rial, bill. Mémoires, s. m. pl. memoirs. Mémorable,ma-mo-rabl,adj.memorable.

"MÉMORATI-F, VE, adj. that remembers. MÉMORIAL, ma-mo-rial, s. m. memorial, monument; waste-book

MENACANT, E, me-na-sen, sent, adj. me-nacing, threatening.

MENACE, me-nas, s. f. threat, threatening. menace.

MENACER, mê-nâ-sâ, v. a. to threaten, menace, swagger, huff, vapour. Bâtiment qui menuce ruine, building in decay or ready to fall.

MENACEUR, s. m. threatener, swaggerer. MENADE, ma-nad, s. f. priestess of Bac-

chus

MÉNAGE, mã-naz, s. m. house, household. family; house-keeping; goods, household stuff; husbandry, housewifery, sparingness. C'est un heureux menage, they are a happy couple.
Mettre une fille en menage, to marry a girl. Se
mettre en menage, to marry. Tenir menage, to
keep house. Remuer menage, to remove. Vitre keep house. Remuer ménage, to remove. Vivre de ménage, to live sparingly. Gâte ménage, retrenchment of expenses.

MÉNAGEMENT, ma-naz-mên, s. m. regard. respect, caution, discretion; also manage-

ment, conduct.

MENAGER, må-nå-zå, v. a. to husbaud or spare; to manage, mind, take a special care of; to conduct; to manage, procure; to make a prudent use of; to be frugal or sparing; to forbear being troublesome to; to have a regard or respect for, keep fair with, use gently, humour. Menager l'occasion, to improve an opportunity. Il n'y a rien à menager avec lui, there are no more measures to be taken with him. Ménager, Mar. Ménageons nos mâts de hune, nous n'en avons plus de rechange, let us favour our top-masts, we have no spare ones left. Nous devrions plus menager notre eau, we should be more careful of our water. Se menager, v. r. to take care or make much of one's self. Se ménager bien avec tout le monde, to live well or be on good terms with every body.

MÉNAGERIE, må-nå-zå, zer, adj. & s. t city, frugal, saving, sparing, provident; thrifty or saving person, careful or provident person. Ménagère, house-keeper.

MÉNAGERIE, må-nåz-rl, s. f. yard for poul-

try, hogs, etc.; menagerie.

MENDIANT, E, men-dien, dient, adj. & s. begging, beggar. Des quatre mendians, a dish of raisins, figs, almonds, and filberts.

MENDICITE, men-dl-sl-ta, s. f. beggary or

MENDIER, men-di-a, v. s. to beg, beg for. MENDOLE, s. f. a sort of sea-fish found in the Mediterranean sea.

MENÉ, E, adj. carried, led, brought, etc. V. Mener.

Menée, mê-na, s. f. secret contrivance, un

derhand dealing, plot, conspiracy.

MEMER, mē-nā, v. a. to lead; to carry, bring; command; drive (anisads;) to lead about, amuse, keep at bay; to carry on; to govern, lead by the nose. Mener du bruit, or make a role.

Mener muleus' un durement govern, lead by the nose. Mener au orun, to make a noise. Mener quelqu'un durement to use one scurvily, abuse one. Mener quelqu'un doucement, to use one gently. L'or at l'argent ne le mênent pas, gold or silver cannot prevail with him or have no power over bar, bat, base: thère, êbb; over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

him. Mener une dame (in a dance) to be a lady's partner. Mener deuil, to mourn, grieve. Mener, Mar. Une frégate nous mena parler au général, a frigate carried us down to speak to the admiral. La Constitution doit mener l'es-cadre au feu, the Constitution is to lead the fieet into action.

*MÉRÉTRIER, må-nå-triå, s. m. fiddler, mu-

MENEUR, mô-nœur, s. m. gentleman usher; driver, coachman; (in dancing) partner; (d'ours) bear-ward; also governour or tutor (to MENILLES, s. f. pl. Mac. shackles.

MENILLES, s. m. minion, favourite.

MENINGE, s. f. meninge.

MÉNISQUE, s. m. a glass convex on one side and concave on the other.

Menologe, s. m. menology. Menotte, menot, s. f. little hand. Menottes, manacles.

MENSE, mens, s. f. income for the table. MENSONGE, men-sonz, s. m. lie, falsehood;

also errour, illusion, vanity.

MENSONGER, E, men-son-za, zer, adj.

false, deceitful, counterfeit. MENSTRUEL, LE, mens-tru-el, adj. men-

strual or menstruous. MENSTRUES, s. f. pl. catamenia.

MENSTRUE, s. m. menstruum.

MENTAL, E, men-tal, adj. mental,

MENTALEMENT, men-tal-men, adv. men-tally, with a mental intention, wilfully.

MENTE, ment. V. Menthe.
MENTERIE, men-tri, s. f. lie or untruth, fib. MENTEU-R, SE, men-teur, teuz, adj. lying, false; deceitful, treacherous.

MENTEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. lying man or woman, liar.

MENTHE, s. f. (herb) mint.

MENTION, men-slon, s. f. mention, men-

tioning, naming. MENTIONNER, men-sio-na, v. a. to men-

tion, take notice of, speak of, name.

MENTIR, men-tir, v. n. to lie, tell a lie or
untruth, tell stories, fib, romance. Sans mentir, indeed, truly.

MENTON, men-ton, s. m. chin. Lever hand le menton, to huff, domineer. MENTONNIÈRE, men-tô-nier, s. f. chin-

cloth.

MENU, E, me-nd, nd, adj. slender, spare, small, thin, inconsiderable. Menus plaisirs, pocket-money, pocket-expenses. Le menu peuple, the vulgar, the mob, the meaner sort. Me-nus droits, hounds fees. Les menus, les menus du

raise droits, nounces tees. Les menus, les menus du roi, the king's privy purse. Menus platsirs chez le roi, the king's privy purse or pocket-money. MENU, s. m. particulars. Je vous écriros par le menu tout ce qui se passe, I shall give you a particular account of every thing that passes. Un paquet de menu linge, a bundle of

small linen.

MENU, adv. small. Couper fort menu, to cut very small. Frapper dru et menu, to give quick strokes

MENUAILLES, me-nu-al, s. f. small money; small fish; trash.

Menuseri, me-nû-ê, s. m. minuet.

Menuserie, me-nûl-zrl, s. f. joinery,
joiner's trade or work.

*MENUISIER, me-nůl-zla, v. a. to do join-

er's work.

MENUISIER, s. m. joiner. MÉPHITIQUE, adj. mephitick. MÉPHITISME, s. m. quality of being mephitick.

MÉPRENDRE, (SE) se-ma-prendr, v.r. (like prendre) to mistake, be under a mistake.

prendre) to mistake, De under a mistake.

MÉPRIS, må-pri, s. m. contempt, scorn, slighting, despising, d. sdain. Avoir du mepris pour quelqu'un, to slight or despise one. Par mépris, out of contempt, disdainfully, scornfully. Au mépris des lois, in contempt of the laws, without any regard to the laws.

MÉPRISALE, må-pri-zabl, adj. contemptible, despisable, må-pri-zabl, adj. contemptible.

ble, despicable.
MEPRISABLEMENT, adv. contemptibly. MÉPRISANT, E, må-pri-zèn, zènt, adj slighting, scornful, disdainful. MÉPRISE, må-priz, s. f. mistake, oversight,

error, blunder, inadvertence.

MÉPRISER, må-pri-zå, v. a. to despise, slight, scorn, contemn, undervalue, set light

MER, mer, s. f. sea; tide, water. Bras de mer, gulf, bay, arm of the sea. Salé comme mer, as salt as brine. C'est la mer à boire, it is an endless business. Porter de l'eau à la mer, casa la la Newcastle. Homme de mer, to carry coals to Newcastle. Homme de mer, seaman, sea-faring man. Mer, Mar. sea, tide, surf, etc. Mer haute or pleine, high water. Mer basse, low water. Mer conductuse, chopping sea. Mer dure, heavy sea. Grosse mer, high sea. La pleine mer, the main sea, the offing. Une mer de l'avant, a head sea. Une mer sans fond, an unfathomable sea. Une mer parsemée d'écueils, a sea strewed with shoals La mer monte or rapporte, it is flood tide. La mer monte or rapporte, it is flood tide. La mer descend or perd, it is ebb tide. Il y a de la mer, there is a good deal of sea. Il n'y a plus de mer, the sea is quite gone down. La mer grossii, the sea gets up. La mer tombe, the sea falls. La mer blanchit or montonne, the sca froths or foams. La mer se creuse, the sea runs hollow. La mer est belle, the water is smooth. La mer est unie comme une glace, the sea is smooth as glass. La mer est changée de cou-leur, the colour of the water is changed. La mer est démontée or déchaînée, the sea runs very high. Etre en haute mer, to be at sea or out of sight of land.

MERCANTILE, adj. Ex. Un homme de pro*fession mercantile*, a merchant, a trader.

MERCANTILEMENT, adv. merchant-like. MERCANTILLE, mer-kan-til, s.f. Ex. Faire la mercantille, to carry on a small trade.

MERCELOT, s. m. pedlar, hawker.
MERCENAIRE, mers-ner, adj. mercenary,
done for money; greedy of gain, easy to be

MERCENAIRE, s. m. & f. hireling, jurneyman, mercenary man or woman

MERCENAIREMENT, mers-ner-men, adv mercenarily.

mercenarily.

MERCERIE, mers-rl, s. f. mercery, mercer's ware. Menue mercerie, small ware.

MERCEROT, V. Mercelot.

MERCI, mer-sl, s. f. mercy, pity, compassion. A la merci de, at the mercy of. Grana merci, I thank you. Dieu merci, God be thank ed, thanks be to God. Merci de ma vie! gramercy! elegable younds! mércy! sdeath! zounds!

MERCIER, E, mer-sia, sier, s. m. & f. mercer; haberdasher (of small wares.) Un petit

mercier, a pedlar or hawker

base, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

MERCREDI, mêrkr-dî, s. m. Wednesday.

MERCURE, mer-kar, s. m. mercury. MERCURIALE, mer-ka-rial, s. m. mercury speech of the president or the king's council in parliament; check, reprimand, lecture.

MERCURIEL, LE, mer-ka-riel, adj. mercu-

MERCURIFICATION, s. f. mercurification. *MERDAILLE, s. f. brats, pack of children. MERDE, merd, s. f. turd (in vulgar use

MERDEU-X, SE, mêr-deu, deuz, adj. beshit.
MÈRE, mêr, s. f. mother; womb; professed
Bun; cause, occasion. Dure mère et pie mère, dura mater and pia mater (two membranes that infold the brain.) Mere laine, best wool that comes off the sheep's back.

MÉREAU, s. m. ticket or token (distributed to those who had assisted at divine service or some ecclesiastical function, or to those who were to receive the sacrament.)

MÉRELLE, s.f. Jeu de mérelle, merils or five-

penny-morris (a boyish play.)
MERIDIEN, ma-ri-lien, s. m. meridian.

MÉRIDIEN, NE, adj. meridian.

MÉRIDIENNE, må-ri-dien, s. f. Ex. Faire
la méridienne, to take a nap after dinner.

MÉRIDIONAL E, må-ri-di-ð-nål, adj. south-

ern, southerly, south, meridional.

Mirise, man, s. f. kind of small bitter

cherry

MERISIER, ma-ri-zla, s. m. small cherry-

MÉRITE, må-rit, s. m. desert, merit, worth. Se faire un grand mérite d'une chose, to glory

MÉRITER, ma-ri-ta, v. a. to deserve, merit.

MÉRITER, ma-ri-ta, v. a. to deserve, merit.

MÉRITOIRE, ma-ri-twar, adj. meritorious, deserving.

MÉRITOIREMENT, ma-ri-twar-men, adv.

meritoriously, deservedly.

MERLAN, mer-len, s. m. whiting (fish.) MERLE, merl, s. m. black-bird; a sort of

fish not unlike a perch.

MERLESSE, s. f. hen-black-bird. MERLETTE, s. f. (in heraldry) martlet. MERLIN, s. m. conjurer, wizard. Merlin,

Mar. marline. Merlin noir, tarred marline. Merlin blanc, white marline. MERLINER, (une voile,) v. a. Mar. to mari

(a sail.) MERLON, s. m. merlon (part of a parapet.)

MERLUCHE, mer-lash, s. f. melwell (small

cod, whereof stock fish is made.)
MERRAIN, me-rin, s. m. oak sawed into in planks; also substance of a stag's horn.

MERVEILLE, mer-vel, s. f. wonder, mar-vel, miracle : also perfect beauty, wonder of nature. Faire merveilles, to perform or do wonders. Pomme de merveille, (herb) balm apple. A merveilles, adv. admirably, rarely, perfectly well.

MERWEILLEUSEMENT, mer-ve-leuz-men, adv. wondrously, wonderfully, admirably, ex-

MERVEILLEU-X, SE, mer-ve-leu, leuz, adj. marvellous, wondrous, wonderful, admirable. MERVEILLEUX, (LE) s. m. the marvellous. Mxs, me, (plural of mon, ma) my. "Misalse, ma-sez, s. m. indisposition, ill state of health.

MESALLIANCE, ma-za-ll-ens, s. f. marrying below one's self.

MÉSALLIER, må-så-llå, v.a. to undermatch.

Se mésallier, v. r. to marry below one's self. MÉSANGE, ma-zènz, s. f. titmouse, tom-tit MESARATQUE, adj. mesaraick, meseraick.

MESARAIQUE, adj. mesaraick, meseraick veins.

MÉSARRIVER of MÉSAVENIR, må-zåv-når,
(like verir) v. n. to happen unluckily, take an
ill-turn. Ex. Prenez garde qu'il ne rousen mésavienne, take heed that you come to no harm by it.

MÉSAVENTURE, må-zå-vèn-tur, s. f. misadventure, mischance, mishap, misfortune. Mésentère, må-zén-tèr, s. m. mesentery. Mésentérique, må-zén-tå-rik, adj. me-

senterick or meseraick.

*Mesestime, s. f. disesteem, contempt. Mésestimer, ma-zés-tl-ma, v. a. to discsteem, slight, undervalue.

MÉSINTELLIGENCE, må-zin-tê-lî-zèns, s. f.

misunderstanding.
MESOFFRIR, må-zô-frir, v. a. (like offrir) to underbid, offer less than the value.

MESQUIN, E, mês-kin, kin, adj. & s. mean iggardly, sordid, pitiful, stingy, sneaking.

MESQUINERIE, mes-kin-men, action, niggardly man or woman.
MESQUINEMENT, mes-kin-men, adv. meanly, niggardly, pitifully, sneakingly, sordidly.
MESQUINERIE, mes-kin-ri, s, f. niggardli-

ness, stinginess, meanness.

MESSAGE, mê-sâz, s. m. message, errand.

MESSAGER, E, mê-sâ-zâ, zêr, s. m. & f. messenger, post, courier.

MESSAGERIE, me-saz-ri, s. f. post, the pub-

lick couriers; post-office; post revenue.

MESSE, irès, s. f. mass.

MESSEANCE, mè-sà-èns, s. f. unseemliness, indecency.

MESSIANT, E, mê-sa-en, ent, adj. misbecoming, unbecoming, indecent, unhandsome.

MESSEIGNEURS, me-se-gueur, (plural of

monseigneur) my lords.
*MESSEOIR, me-swar, v. n. (like seoir) not

to suit, not to become.

*Messer, md-ser, s. m. master.

MESSIE, me-sl, s. m. Messiah. MESSIER, me-sla, s. m. keeper or overseer

of vineyards or gardens.

MESSIEURS, inc. sieu, (plural of Monsieur)
sirs, gentlemen, messieurs. Messire, particular title of honour given to persons of quality, lord, noble, etc. Messire-Jean, kind of winter pear

MESTRAL, V. Maëstral.

MESTRE, arbre de Mestre. V. Mât. Mestre de camp, mêstr-dê-kan, s. m. colo

MESVENDRE, v. a. to undersell, sell under

value. MESVENTE, s. f. selling of a thing under its value.

MESURABLE, mê-zû-rabl, adj. measureable.

MESURABLE, me-zu-ran, sur, measuring.
MESURA, mè-zòr, s. f. measure; extent, size, time or measure; foot; (in terse) measure or metre; (in fencing) just distance to make a measure or metre; the section of the section pass; rule, mediocrity. Mesures, measures means. Ne garder point de mesures avec que qu'un, to have no regard or respect for one. A mesure, gradually. A mesure que, gradually as, in proportion as, even as, according to. Outre mesure, excessively.

MESURÉ, E, mê-zû-râ, adj. measured; cau-

tions, discreet, circumspect, regular.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleid, fig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

MESURER, mê-zû-rû, v. a. to measure, rate, proportion. Se mesurer avec quelqu'un, v. r. to compare one's self with one, vie with one.

MESUREUR, mê-zû-rêur, s. m. measurer, meter.

MÉSUSER de, v. n. to misuse, abuse, make an ill-use of.

MÉTACARPE, s. m. metacarpus. MÉTACENTRE, s. m. Mar. metacentre.

MÉTACHROSISME, s. m. metachronism. MÉTAIRIE, må-tê-ri, s. f. farm let out.

MÉTALL, ma-tal, s. m. metal.
MÉTALEPSE, s. f. metalepsis.
MÉTALLIQUE, ma-tal-lik, adj. metallick, metalline.

MÉTALLIQUE, s. f. metallurgy.

MÉTALLISER, v. a. to impregnate with metal, give a metalline form.

MÉTALLURGIE, må-tå-lur-zl, s. f. metal-

lurgy. MÉTALLURGISTE, må-tå-lår-2ist, s. m. metallurgist,

METAMORPHOSE, må-tå-mor-foz, s. f. me-

METAMORPHOSE, martine, change.

METAMORPHOSE, E, adj. metamorphosed, turned. Il est tout métamorphose, he is quite altered, he is quite another man.

MÉTAMORPHOSER, må-tå-môr-fô-zå, v. a.

to metamorphose, transform or turn. Se métamorphoser, v. r. to transform one's self, change.
METAPHORE, må-tå-för, s. f. metaphor.
METAPHORIQUE, må-tå-fö-rik, adj. meta-

phorical, figurative.

MÉTAPHORIQUEMENT, må-tå-fö-rik-men, metaphorically, figuratively.

METAPHRASE, s. f. metaphrase. METAPHRASTE, må-tå-fråst, s. m. literal translator.

MÉTAPHYSICIEN, må-tå-fi-zi-sien, s. m. adv. metaphysician.

METAPHYSIQUE, ma-ta-fl-sik, adj. meta-physical, abstracted.

MÉTAPHYSIQUE, S. f. metaphysicks. MÉTAPHYSIQUEMENT, ma-ta-fl-sik-mên, adv. metaphysically.

METAPHYSIQUER, v. a. to treat in a metaphysical manner, treat abstractly.

MÉTAPLASME, s. m. metaplasm. MÉTASTASE, ma-tâs-taz, s. m. metastasis. MÉTATARSE, s. m. metatarsus.

MÉTATARSE, må tå têz, s. f. metathesis. MÉTATHÈSE, må tê-yà, s.m. who hires a farm. Métayère, må tê-yèr, s. f. farmer's wife or

widow.

MÉTEIL, mã-têl, s. m. meslin, mixed grain.

MÉTENPSYCOSE, mã-tênp-si-kôz, s. f. me-

tempsychosis or transmigration of souls.

METEORE. ma-ta-or, s. m. meteor.

METEOROLOGIE, s. f. meteorology. MÉTÉOROLOGIQUE, må-tå-0-rô-lô-zik,adi. meteorological.

way. Un discours sans méthode, an immethodical discourse. MÉTHODE, ma-tod, s. f. method, order,

MÉTHODIQUE, ma-tô-dik, adj. methodical. MITHODIQUEMENT, må-tô-dik-men, adv. methodically.

METIER, ma-tla, s. m. trade or handicrant, profession, business, company of tradesmen; de tisserand) loom; (de brodeur) frame. Petit métier, sort of cake. Un homme de métier, a tradesman. Un gâte-métier, a marMÉTI-F, VE, or MÉTIS; SR, må-tis, adj. mongrel. Chien métis, mongrel dog.
*MÉTIVAGE, s. m. duty upon corn. *MÉTI: E, s. f. harvest or harvest time. *MÉTIVIER, s. m. harvest-man, reaper.

MÉTONYMIE, ma-tô-nî-mi, s. f. metony-

METONYMIQUE, adj. metonymical.

MÉTOPE, s. m. metope.
MÉTOPOSCOPIE, ma-tô-pôs-kô-pl, s. f. metoposcopy, divination by one's face.

*METRE, metr., s. m. metre, verse-mea-

sure, numbers.

MÉTRIQUE, adj. metrical. MÉTROMANE, s. m. who has a violent desire of making verses

METROMANIE, ma-tro-ma-ni. s. f. poetica! madness, violent desire of making verses.

Métropole, må-tro-pol, s. f. metropolis,

a metropolitan or capital city, archbishop's

MÉTROPOLITAIN, ma-tro-po-ll-tin, s. m. metropolitan or archbishop. metropolitan or archiestop.

Métropolitan, E., må-trö-pò-lì-tin, tên, adj. metropolitan or archiesiscopal.

METS, mė, s. m. mess, dish.

METTABLE, må-tabl, adj. wearable, passable, that will pass or go.

METTEUR, s. m. Ex. Metaur en œuvre,

stone-setter. METTRE, metr, v. a. to put, to set, lay, place. Mettre le sceau à une affaire, to make an end of a business, conclude it, to sign and seal. Mettre au desespoir, to drive to despair. Mettre en vente, to expose to sale, to vend. Mettre quelque chose sous les pieds, to tread a thing under foot, slight it. Mettre ureau a using under soot, signs it. Meare une pistole, to put off a pistole, make it go or pass. Mettre aux abois, to put at bay, to drive to extremity. Mettre un cheval au pas or au galop, to make a horse pace or gallop. Mettre la paix dans une maison, to set all right in a house. Mettre en haleine, to inure. Mettre en musique, to set to muto inure. sick. Mettre en tête, to oppose. Mettre du Français en Anglais, to put or translate or turn French into English. Mettre par terre, mettre à bas, to throw or pull down. Mettre en terre, to put into the ground, bury. Mettre dehors, to turn out. Mettre en peine, to bring into trouble, trouble, make uneasy, per-plex, grieve. Mettre la tête d'un homme à prix, to set a price upon a man's head. Mettre en pièces, to cut, pull or tear in pieces. Mettre son argent à intérêt, to put one's mon to use. Mettre en gage, to pawn. Mettre to use. Mettre en gage, to pawn. Mettre en poudre, to reduce to powder. Mettre quelqu'un en jeu, to bring one into play. Mettre chausser de l'eau, to warm water, get water warmed. Mettre sécher du linge, to set linen to dry. Mettre bas, to bring sorth young. Mettre sur table, to set the table. Mettre de côté, to lay up (money.) Se mettre, v. r. to put one's self, set one's self, etc. Mettez-cous devant moi, stand before me. Se mettre en disposition de survey. besore me. Se mettre en disposition de faire. V. Se mettre en état or en devoir at Etat. Devoir. Se mettre à pleurer, to fall a crying, begin to cry. Se mettre à l'étude de la philosophie, to betake one's self to the study of bilosophy. Se mettre à son aise, to taka one's ease. Se mettre à l'ombre, to go to or get into the shade. Se mettre en réputation, to get a name.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

grow out of favour at court. Se mettre sur son quant à moi, to staffd upon high terms, talk big. Se mettre bien, to dress well or to the hest advantage. Se mettre après quelqu'un, to fall upon one. Se mettre en possession, to enter into or take possession. Se mattre à la raison, to be ruled by reason; also to bid any thing reasonable, make a fair offer. Se mettre, to dress one's self.

Mettre, v. a. Mar. Mettre à bord, to ship, put on board. Mettre à la roile or sous voile, to set sail, get under sail or under way.

Mettre de la voile, to make sail. Mettre les voiles au vent, to set the sails. Mettre les voiles sur le mât, to back the sails. Mettre dehors or à la mer, to put to sea. V. Ligne. Mettre les Mettre Mettre à la cape, to bring to (in a gale of wind.) Mettre en panne or en travers, to bring to (a fare or main top-sail to the mast.) Mettre à sec, to hand all. Mettre les voiles sec, to loose sails to dry. Mettre dehors bâton de foc, to get out a jib-boom. Metdehors un boute-hors, to rig out a boom. Mettre toutes les voiles dehors or mettre tout dehorn, to crowd sail, set every sail that can draw. Mettre la bouée à l'eau, to stream he buoy. Mettre du monde sur une manocurre, to man a rope. Mettre le gui au repos or sur la corne de crutch the boom. Metire le les en translation en compartimens, to trench the ballast. Mettre la batterie à l'eau, to the names. Mettre in nameric at easily to beel or lie along so as to bring the guns into the water. Mettre le cap en route, to steer the course. Mettre le feu à un bâtiment, to set fire to a vessel. Mettre l'enmemi entre deux feux, to place the enemy between two fires. Mettre le platbord à l'eau, to be down upon the beam ends. Mettre les course down to be the course down. canons dans la cale, to strike the guns down into the hold. Mettre les embarcations à bord or à la mer, to hoist the boats in or out. Met-tre ses couleurs, to hoist the colours. Mettre le convoi en sûreté, to place the convoy in sasety. Mettre un bâtiment en radoub, or en refonte, to put a vessel under a partial or thorough repair.

MEURLE, meubl, adj. & s. moveable, personal goods or estate, piece of furniture.

Terre meuble, light soft ground. Meubles, household goods or household stuff, furniture, goods.

MEUBLER, meu-bla, v. a. to furnish, stock MEVENDRE, må-vendr, MEVENTE.

Mesvendre, etc. MEUGLEMENT, mèugl-mên, s. m. bellow-

ing or lowing.

MEUGLER, meu-già, v. n. to bellow or low.

MEULE, meul, s. f. mill-stone; grinding
de foin) mow or cock; (de paille) stone; (de foin) mow or cock; (de paille stack; cabbage or burt (on a stag's horns.) MEULIÈRE, s. f. millistone quarry.

IER, men-nia, s. m. miller; pollard (a fi

Mamière. mêu-nièr, s. f. miller's wife.

MEURTRE, meurtr, s. m. murder. MEURTRI, E, adj. bruised, black and blue,

MEURTRIER, E, mêur-trîk, êr, adj. & s. murdering, sanguinary; murderer. MEURTRIERE, s. f. loop-hole.

MEURTRIR, meur-trir, v a. to bruise; al-

MEURTRISSURE, mêur-tri-sûr, s. f. bruise, contusion.

MEUSE, s. f. (river) Maese.

MEUTE, meut, s. f. pack or cry or kennel (of hounds.)

MEXICAIN, E, adj. & s. Mexican, of Mexico. MEXIQUE, s. m. Mexico.

MÉZELINE, s. f. kind of linsey-wolsey.

MÉZÉRÉON, s. m. mezereon

MEZZANINE, s. f. order of architecture two stories high.

MEZZO-TINTO, s. m. mezzo tinto.

MI, ml, s. m. (note of musick) mi.

MI, mid, middle. La mi-aoùt, the middle of August. La mi-mai, the middle of May.

La mi-carême, mid-lent. La mi-été, midsummer. A mi-chemin, half-way. A mi jambe, to the middle of the leg. Portrait or figure à mi-corps, half length picture or figure, etc. A mi-mat, Mar. at half mast.

MIASMES, s. m. pl. miasm.

MIAULEMENT, mlol-men, s. m. mewing. MIAULER, mlo-la, v. n. to mew. MICHE, mlsh, s. f. small loaf of bread.

Miche, s. m. nizy, cully.

Michac, mlk-mak, s. m. secret management, knack, mystery.

Microcosar, mf-krô-kôsm, s. m. micro

cosm.

MICROGRAPHIE, s. f. micrography. MICROMETRE, ml-krd-metr, s. m. micro

MICROSCOPE, ml-krôs-kôp, s.m. microscope. MIDI, ml-di, s. m. south, noon, midday, twelve o'clock. Du côte du midi, southward.

MIE, ml, s. f. soft part (of bread;) (said of a nurse) dear; also not, none. Tu n'en tâte Tu n'en tâteras mie, thou shalt have none of it.

MIEL, miel, s. m. honey, (rosée) honey dew. Ruche à miel, bee-hive.

MIELLEU-X, SE, mlel-lèu, lèuz, adj. ho-nied. Vin mielleux, luscious wine. Un ton mielleux, a silky toné.

MIEN, NE, mien, mien, adj. & s. mine, my own; it is now only used with the article, le mien, la mienne, les miens, les miennes, mine. Du mien, de la mienne, des miens, des miennes. of mine, etc.

MIETTE, miet, s. m. crum, little crum; little bit.

MIEUX, mi-èu, adv. better, more, rather, best. Le mieux, the best. Jamerous mieux, 1 had rather. Lequel aimez-vous mieux mich do you love best. A qui mieux mieux, in emulation of one another. Du mieux, tout du mieux, tout au mieux, in the best manner possible. Il vant mieux, it is better or more convenient. Il fera de son mieux, he will de his best.

MILVEE, mievr, adj. unlucky, roguish. MIÈVRERIE, mie-vre-ri, s. f. piece of

roguery, prank.

MIGHARD, R., ml-gnår, gnård, adj. pretty
quaint, nice, delicate, soft, mineing, smooth
fine, tender. Mignard en paroles, fair spok

en, smooth-tongued, precise.

MIGNARDÉ, E, adj. dandled, fondled, far dled, cockered.

MIGHARDEMENT, nicely, tenderly, softly. ml-gaård-men, ad.

MIGNARDER, mi-gnår-då, v. a. to dandle fondle, cocker, also to affect delicacy.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MIGNARDISE, ml-gnår-dlz, s. f. delicacy, fineness of features; fair or kind words, endearments, allurements; (in painting) delicacy, beauty; affectation of gentility; sort of gridelin pinks. Mignardise de style, quaintness of speech.

MIGNATURE, V. Miniature.

MIGNON, NE, adj. pretty, delicate, fine. D'une manière tout à fait mignonne, most delicately. Argent mignon, spare money. Péché mignon, darling sin. Papa mignon, dear papa. Muman mignonne, dear mainma.

MIGNON, NE, ml-gnon, gnon, s. m. & minion, darling, favourite.

MIGNONNE, s. f. (in printing) pearl (type.) MIGNONNEMENT, mi-gnon-men, adv. de-

licately, finely, curiously.

MIGNONNETE, mi-gno-net, s. f. sort of

lace; minionette.

MIGNOTER, mi-gnò-tà, v. a. to faddle, fon-dle, cocker or dandle. MIGNOTISE, S. f. flattery, caress. MIGRAINE, mi-grèn, s. f. megrim, head-

MIGRATION, ml-gra-slon, s. f. migration. MIJAURÉE, ml-zo-ra, s. f. Ex. Voilà une belle mijaurée, she is a fine piece indeed (said

of an affected woman.)

MIL, mil. adj. thousand. Ex. L'an mil huit cent, the year one thousand eight hundred.

MIL, s. m. (grain) millet.
MILAN, mi-len, s. m. kite; gurnard (a

MILANEZ, s. m. Milancse.

MILIAIRE, mî-lî-èr, adj. miliary. MILICE, mî-lîs, s. f. war, warfare, exercise of war; militia, trained bands; soldiem, diery.

MILICIEN, mî-lî-siên, s. m. militia man.

MILIEU, mi-flèu, s. m. middle, midst; alw mean, medium, expedient. Au milieu de, among, amongst: Au milieu de tout cela, yet, for all that. Milieu du vaisseau, Mar. midships.

MILITAIRE, mi-li-ar, adj. & s. military, warlike, martial; soldier.

MILITAIREMENT, mî-lî-ter-mên, adv. mi-

litarily.

MILITANTE, mi-Il-tent, adj. f. Ex. L'église militante, the church militant.

MELITER, mi-li-ta, v. n. to militate. Cette raison milite contre vous, that reason makes against bu.

MILLE, mil, s. m. mile.

MILLE, adj. & s. thousand.

MILLE-FEUILLE, mil-feul, s. f. milfoil, yarrow, nose bleed.

MILLE-FLEURS, mîl-flèur, s. f. eau de mille fleurs (urine de vuche que l'on prend en re-mède) all-flower-water.

MILLÉNAIRE, mi-la-nèr, adj. & s. millenary, of a thousand; millenary, thousand years; millenarian.

John's wort, St. John's grass.

MILLE-PIEDS, s. m. millepedes.

MILLESIME, mil-lå-zim, s. m. year or date of money or of a medal.

MILLET, mi-le, s. m. millet.

MILLIAIRE, mil-il-er, adj. Ex. Colonne milliaire, mile-stone.

MILLIARD, mi-liar, s. m. thousand millions. dun colour.

MILLIASSE, mi-liks, s. f. thousands and thousands; vast number or world.

MILLIÈME, mi-lièm, adj. thousandth.

MILLIÈME, s. m. thousandth part.

MILLIER, mi-lik, s. m. thousand; thousand weight.

MILLION, mil-llon, s. m. million, great

many.

Millionième, adj. millionifi.

Millionnaire, mi-lio-ner, s. m. extreme-

MILORD, mi-lands, s. m. lord.
MIME, mim, s. marce, mime, mimick. MINAGE, ml-maz, s. m. duty on grain.

MINARET, s. m. minaret, dome.

MINAUDER, mi-nò-da, v. n. to be full of affected ways, be prim; be precise.
MINAUDERIE, S. f. prim or diected way.
MINAUDERIE, E, mi-nò-dià, dier, adj. & s.

precise, affected, prim, precise or affected

MINCE, mins, adj. thin, small, slend west MINE, min, s. f. mien, looks, outside, countenance; mouth, grimace; looks, showtonea-sure of six bushels; mine; ore; (in fortification) mine. (Grecian money) pound. Avoir la mine de, to be like, look like. Porter li mine de, to look like, have the face of. Fair la mine à quelqu'un, to pout thone. Faire one. Faire mauvaise mine à quelqu'un, to look sourly or crabbedly upon onc. Faire bonne mine à quelqu'un, to look kind upon one, pretend fair to one. Fuire bonne mine à mauvais jeu, to set a good face on a bad game. Faire mine de, to seent, make as if, pretend. Pierre de mine, stone or lead for pencils. Faire sauter la mine, to spring the mine. La mine est éventée, the plot is discovered.

MINER, mi-na, v. a. to mine, undermine, sap, hollow, consume or waste by degrees, impair or weaken by little and little, prey

upon.

MINÉRAL, mi-na-ral, s. m. mineral, ore. MINÉRAL, E, mi-na-ral, adj. & s. mine-

MINERALISATION, s. f. combination of sul-phur or arsenick with other mineral bodies. MINÉRALOGIE, mî-nå-rå-lô-zl, s. f. mine-

ralogy.
MINERALOGIQUE, adj. relating to minera-

MINERALOGISTE, s. m. mineralogist MINÉRALOGUE, s. m. mineralist.

MINET, s. m. MINETTE, mi-ne, net, s. f. puss, kitten.

MINEUR, mi-neur, s. m. miner; also n or one under age. Les quatre mineurs, the four lesser orders (of the Roman church.)

MINEUR, E, adj. (en bas age) under age;

less, smaller.

MINEURE, s. f. minor, maid under theological disputation; minor prop a syllogism; minority or smaller number of yotes.

MINIATEUR or MINIATURISTE, S. m. miniature painter.

MINIATURE, mi-nia-tur, s. f. miniature. MINIÈRE, mi-ni-er, s. f. mine.

.MINIME, mi-nim, s. m. minum monk;) also dark brown, tawny or dun colour. Minime, s. f. minim (in musick.)

MINIME, adj. a dark brown, tawny or

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MINISTERE, mi-nis-ter, s. m. ministry; office, place; ministers, administration; service, assistance.

MINISTERIAT, s. m. ministry, office of prime minister of states MINISTÉRIEL, áni-nis-ta-riél, adi.

ministerial. MINISTÉRIELLEMENT, adv. ministrially.

MINISTRE, s. m. minister.

MINIUM, s. m. minium, red paint.

Manois, ml-nwa, s. m. face. Minois, Mar. bumpkin, outlicker.

Minon, mi-non, s. m. puss, cat.

MINORATIF, s. m. gende purge. MINORITÉ, mi-nô-ri-ta, s. f. minority; non-

age, under age. bushels.

MIROTAURE, ml-nô-tôr, s. m. minotaur. MIRUTT, ml-nûl, s. m. midnight. MIRUSCULE, ml-nûs-kûl, s. f. small capital

MINUTE, mi-nut, s. f. minute, moment, small hand writing, rough or original draught

of a writing. MINUTER, mi-nû-tå, v. a. to draw up, make a rough draught; to design, purpose, contrive. MINUTIE, mi-nu-sl, s. f. trifle, trifling nice-

ty. Minutieu-x, se, mî-nû-slêu, slêuz, adj. &

s. who stands upon trifles

MI-PARTI, E, mi-par-ti, tl, adj. parted, divided into two, bipartite. Chambre mi-partie, court of justice whose judges were one half Roman catholicks and the other protestants.

MIQUELET, s. m. bandit of the Pyrenees.

MIQUELOT, s. m. young pilgrim that begs his way, hypocritical beggar. MIRABELLE, ml-ra-bel, s. f. sort of plum, MIRAGLE, ml-rakl, s. m. miracle, wonder, wondrous thing. A miracle, adv. wonderfully well, extremely well.

MIRACULEU-x, se, ml-ra-kū-lėu, lėuz, adj. miraculous, wonderful, marvellous, admirable.

MIRACULEUSEMENT, ml-ra-ku-lèuz-mên, adv. miraculously, wonderfully. MIRAGE, s. m. Mar. looming (of a distant

MIRAGE, S. m. Mar. nooming (of a distant object.)
MIRCOTOR, S. m. sort of yellow peach.
MIRE, mir, S. f. aim. Mettre un canon en mire, to lough a gun.
MIRÉ, adj. Ex. Sanglier miré, old wild boar whose tusts are no longer dangerous.
MIRER, mi-rå, v. a. to aim, take one's aim.
Se mirer, v. r. to look in a glass, admire one's self.

MIRLICOTON, V. Mircoton. MIRLIROT, V. Mélilot.

MIRMIDON, mir-mi-don, s. m. small insignificant person; also one who presumes to

MIROIR, mi-rwar, s. m. glass or looking lass; mern. Miroir ardent, burning glass. Valet descrip, desk of a table looking glass. Mar. carved work (on the stern of a vessel.)

MIROITÉ, E, adj. dappled back (horse.) MIROITEBIE, mi-rwa-trl, s. f. looking-

MIROITIER, mi-rwa-tla, s. m. looking glass-maker or seller.

Mirothère, s. f. looking-glass-maker's wife.
Mis, z, ml, mlz, adj. (from mettre) put,
set, laid, etc. Bien mis, was clothed, genclothed, gen- ||

teelly or sprucely dressed. Mal mis, ill clad,

ill accoursed, in a sad garb or pickle.

MISAINE, ml-zen, s. f. Mar. fore-sail.

MISANTHROPE, ml-zen-trop, s. m. misan thrope.

MISANTHROPIE, ml-zen-tro-pl. s. f. misan

thropy.

MISCELLANÉES, s. f. pl. miscellany.

MISCELLANÉES, f. quality of being miscible.

Mise, mlz, s. f. expense, disbursement or laying out; stake; bid or bidding. De mise, faril of money) current, that will pass or go: (of persons) genteel or accomplished; (of things) allowable, that may be admitted.

MIEKRABLE, mi-zā-rābl, adj. miserable,

sad or poor; wicked, wretched, sad, pitiful, paltry.

MISÉRABLE, s. m. miserable or unfortu name man, wretched man, scoundrel, paltry fellow; also s. f. a decried woman.

MISÉRABLEMENT, mî-za-rabl-mên, miserably, wretchedly, pitfully; wickedly; unhappily; unluckily; sadly, poorly, in misery.

Miser, ml-zer, s.f. misery, poverty, want;

misers, mi-zer, s.i.misery, poverty, want trouble, calamity, misortune, and or grievous thing. Miseres, pl. trifles.
Miseren her mi-za-ra-ra, s. m. time it would require to say the psalm "Miserere mei;" a very short time; also violent colick.

Miséricorde, mi-zå-ri-kord, s. f. mercy, pity, compassion, tenderness; goodness; par-don. Crier misericorde, to cry out for help Miséricorde! bless me!

Miséricordieusement, ml-zå-rl-kor-dl cuz-men, adv. mercifully, compassionately

Miséricordieu-x, se, mi-zà-ri-kôr-di-èu euz, adv. merciful, compassionate. pitiful.

MISOGAME, s. m. misogamist. MISOGAMIE, s. f. misogamy. MISOGURE, s. m. misogynist.

MISSCUNIE, S. f. misogyny.
MISSEL, ml-sēl, s. m. missal.
MISSION, ml-sidn, s. f. mission, commission, orders. Faire to mission, to be a mis sionary, go on a mission

MISSIONNAIRE, mi-sid-ner, s.m.missionary Missive, mi-siv, adj. & s. f. missive, let ter sent, letter, epistle. MITAINE, mi-ten, s. f. mitten. V. Miton.

*MITAN, s. m. middle. MITE, mit, s. f. mite.

MITHRIDATE, mî-trì-dat, s. m. mithridate. MITIGATION, ml-tl-gh-slon, s. f. migration. MITIGER, ml-tl-zh, v. a. to mitigane or alleviate.

MITON, mi-ton, s. m. furred glove. Onguent miton-mitaine, remedy that does neither harm nor good.

MITONNÉ, E, adj. soaked (said of bread in broth,) etc.

MITONNER, mi-tô-nh, v. a. & n. to soak or let soak (bread in broths) etc. to cocker, fondle, dandle; to manage tenderly, humour; to ma-

nage gently, let (an affair) ripen.
MITOYEN, NE, ml-twa-yên, yên, adj. mid
dle. Ex. Un mur mitoyen, a partition wall.
MITRAILLE, ml-tral, s. f. broken brass o

copper; old iron; brass made use of to sol der iron-monger's ware. Mitraille, Mar. lan grage or langrel. Charge à mitraille, case

MITRE, mitr, s. m. mitre.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

MITRÉ, mî-trà, adj. mitred. MITRON, mî-trôn, s. m. journeyman baker. MIXTE, mîkst, adj. mixed. Les corps mix-

tes, mixed bodies.

MIXTE, s. m.: mixed body.

MIXTON, miks-tion, s. f. mixture (of drugs.)

MIXTIONNER, miks-tiò-na, v. a. to mix,

mingle.
Mobby, s.m. mobby, drink made from po-

MOBILE, mo-bil, adj. moveable, that moves or may be removed; light, inconstant, changeable, fickle. Fites mobiles, moveable Consts.

MOBILE, s. m. mover. Le mouvement dépend nécessairement du mobile, motion does necessarily depend on the body that moves. Le premier mobile, the primum mobile or first

mover, also the ring leader.

MOBILIAIRE, adj. & MOBILIER, E, adj

lating to personal property or furniture.

MOBILITÉ, mô-bi-li-ta, s. f. mobility. moveableness.

'MODALE, adj. f. modal

Modalité, s. f. modality.
Mode, mod, s. f. mode, fashion, vogue;

way, manner, fashion.

Mode, s. m. (manière d'être) modality, manmer of existing, (of verbs) mood; (in musick) modulation, measure.

Model, mo-del, s. m. model, pattern. MODELER, mod-lå, v. a. to make a model,

model, fashion.

MODÉRAT-EUR, RICE, mô-dâ-râ-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. moderator, director; chairman.
MODERATION, moda-ra-slon, s. f. moderation. temperance; abatement, diminution.

Modérage, e, mô-dà-rà, adj. moderated, abated, allayed; moderate, sober, temperate. Modérage, modérage, modérage, modérage, modérage, modérage, mô-dà-rà-mên, adv. modérage, mod

derately, soberly, temperately, derately, soberly, temperately.

Moderer, mo-da-ra, v. s. to moderate, temper, allay, qualify; diminish or lessen, abate. Se moderer, v. r. to refrain, contain one's self. Le chaud se modere, the heat abates.

MODERNE, mô-dêrn, adj. & s. modern, re-cent, of this time. Les modernes, the mo-

derns.

MODERNER, v. a. to modernize.
MODESTE, mo-dêst, adj. modest, sober,
grate, moderate, discreet, humble.
MODESTEMENT, mo-dêst-mên, adv. mo-

MODISTIE, mô-dês-ti, s. f. modesty, mode-

ration, discretion; bashfulness.

MODICITÉ, mô-dl-sl-tâ, s. f. smallness.

MODIFICATI-F, VE, adj. modificable.

MODIFICATION, mô-dl-fl-kâ-slon, s. f. modification, limitation, restriction, mitigation;

modality. MODIFIER, mo-di-fia, v. a. to modify, li-

mit, moderate, qualify or regulate; to modify, give modality.

Modillon, modillon, s. m. modillon,

bracket or shouldering piece. Modique, mô-dík, adj. moderate, small. Modiquement, mô-dík-mên, adv. moderately, but little.

MODULATION, mô-dù-là-slon, s. f. modu-

Module, model or model or model (architecture ;) diameter of a medal.

MODULER, v. a. to modulate. Moéde, s. f. moidore.

MOELLE, mwel, s. f. marrow; substance quintessence; pith (of wood.)

dunnessence; pin (of wood.)

MOELLEU-x, ser, punct-len, leuz, adj. fall
of marrow, pithy; standal; strong, rich,
racy (wine;) strong, standal (cloth;) mellow (wood, painting.)

MOELLEUSEMENT, adv. substantially.

MOELLON, mwe-lon, s. m. rough or ragged

or unhewn pieces of stone.
Moeuf, meuf, s. m. mood (in verbs.)

MŒURS, mêurs, s. f. pl. manuers, customs. Conversation, behaviour. MOFETTE, V. Moufette.

Mo1, mwa, pr. I, me, to me, etc. C'est moi, it is I. Donnez moi, give me. Cela est à moi, that belongs to me. Moi is never used as a nominative, some other pronoun being expressed or understood; but after a preposi-tion or conjunction Moi is always used. Pour moi: Mon frère et moi.

Moi, s. m. self, my person. Moidor, s. m. moidore.

Moignon, mwa-gnon, s. m. stump (of an

amputated limb.)
MOINDRE, mwindr, adj. less, meaner. Le moindre, the least, the meanest.

Moine, mwan, s. m. monk, friar; warm

ing pan.
MOINEAU, mwa-no, s. m. sparrow. sa poudre aux moineaux, to make a vain attempt. lose one's labour,

Moinerie, mwan-ri, s. f. the fraternity of monks; monkery, monkhood.

Moinesse, s. f. nun.

MOINILLON, mwa-ni-lon, s. m. little friar.

Moins, anwin, adv. less; but, except.

Moins de, less (in the singular) fewer (in the plural.) Ni plus ni moins, neither more nor less, just so much. Il est moins honnête homme que son père, he is not so honest a man as his father. Parlez moins haut, do not speak so loud. Je l'estime moins que je ne faisois, I value him less than I did. Il ne s'agu de rien moins que de cela, that is not the question in the least. La dernière maison moins une, the last house but one. Il est trois heures moins un quart, it wants a quarter of three. Le moins, the least. Le moins importun, the least troublesome. Moins de, less than, under. A moins de, pour moins de, for less than, under. A moins de cela, for less than that; also otherwise, else, were it not for that. A moins de or à moins que de, (with the infinitive) unless by, without. A moins que, (with the subjunctive and ne) unless, without. Ni plus ni moins que, neither more nor less than; also just as. Sur et tant moins, on account, in part

Moins, s. m. Ex. Le moins, the least, the least thing. C'est le moins que vous puissies faire, it is the least thing you can do. moins de, le plus petit nombre de, the least computar;) the fewest (plural.) Le moins dargent qu'il est possible, as little money as any be. guar;) the tewest (pturat.) Le moit argent qu'il est possible, as little money as ay be. Le moins de gens qu'il se pourra, as few people as may be. It s'agit du plus et du moins, the question is about the quantity. Le moins du monde, ever so little. Du moins, tout du moins, au moins, tout au moins, à tout le moi pour le moins, at least, however. En moins de rien, in a trice, in a moment. (In algebra)

minus

base, but : jeune, moute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Moine, mwar, s. f. mohair.

MOIRÉ, E, adj. daubed, watered (as moliair.) Mois, mwa, s. m. month. Les mois d'une femme, a woman's monthly courses.

Moisi, F, mwa-zi, zl, adj. mouldy, hoary. Morsi, s. m. mouldy, what is mouldy or hoars

Moisin, mwa-zîr, v. a. to make mouldy or hoary. v. n. & Se moisir, v. r. to grow mouldy or hoary.

Moisissure, mwa-zl-sur, s. f. mouldiness,

hoariness, s. f. pl. sort of mushroom.

Moison, mwa-zon, s. f. rent of a farm or tenement paid in corn or other things in kind; dimension of cloth.

MOISONNIER, s. f. farmer or tenant, that shares with his landlord the produce of his land.

Moissine, mwa-sln, s. f. vine-branch (or bundle of vine-branches) with the grapes hanging on them.

Moisson, mwa-son, s. f. harvest, crop, harvest-time.

MOISSONNER, mwa-so-na, v. a. to reap, harvest, crop, get in harvest.

Moissonneu-e, se, mwå-so-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. reaper, harvest man or woman.

Moite, mwat, adj. wet, moist, damp. Moiteur, mwa-leur, s. f. wet, moisture. Moitik, mwa-tla, s. f. half, moiety; one's

spouse or wife. Etre de moilié avec quelqu'un, to go halves with one. La moilié du temps, most commonly, most times. A moitie, half, Mol, Molle, mol. V. Mou.

Molaire, molèr, adj. Ex. Les dents mo-

taires, the grinders, cheek teeth.

Mole, mol, s. m. mole.

Môle, s. f. mole; mooncalf. MOLECULE, mô-là-kûl, s. f. particle.

MOLESTER, mô-lês-ta, v. a. to molest;

moler; windgall. Molettes, Mar. whirls.

MOLLERE, mo-lièr, adj. Pierre molière. mill-stone, grind-stone. Dents molières. V. Molaire.

Mollasse, mõ-lås, adj. flabby.

MOLLEMENT, mol-men, adv. softly; faintly, faint-heartedly, slackly; effeminately. Etre

couché mollement, to lie soft.

Molesse, molès, s. f. softness, flabbiness; luxury, effeminacy; also faint-heartedness,

timorousness; softness (in painting.)
MOLLET, TE, mo-le, let, adj. soft, softish. Pain mollet, light or spongy bread. Des œufs

mollets, soft boiled eggs. MOLLET, mo-le, s. m. small fringe for curtains and the like ; (de la jambe) calf. Mollets,

nippers or pincers.

Molleton, mol-ton, s. m. kind of soft flannel.

MOLLIÈRE, s. f. said (in some provinces)

of swampy grounds

MOLLIFIER, mol-Il-fla, v. a. to mollify.

MOLLIR, mol-Ir, v. n. to soften or grow soft; to slacken or grow slack, faint; to yield, give way. Mollir, v. a. & n. Mar. to ease, slack or slacken, etc. Mollir les haubans, to ease the shrouds. Mollis la barre au tangage, ease her when she pitches. Mollis du bras du vent à la demande de la vergue, ease off the weather-braces as the ard goes up. Molard goes up. Mol-

lis un peu de la drisse du petit hunier, settle the fore top-sail haliards. Mollis de ta grande écoute, ease off a little of the main sheet. Mollis du palan de retenue de la brigantine, case its au pain a retenue a la originane, case away the spanker guy. Notre gréement a beaucoup molli, our rigging has stretched a good
deal. Le vent a molli, the wind is gone down. A quelle heure la marée mollira-t-elle? what time will the tide slack 1

MOLY, s. f. moly (a kind of garlick.)
MOMENT, mo-inen, s. m. moment, instant, minute; impulsive weight, momentum. tout moment or à tous momens, adv. every moment, at every turn. Un moment de beau temps, Mar. a snatch of fair weather.

Momentané, E, mô-mên-tâ-na, adj. momentary, of a moment, momentaneous

MOMENTANÉMENT, adv. momentally. MOMERIE, mom-rl, s. f. grimace, hypoerisy; mummery, foolery.

Monie, mo-ml, s. f. mummy.

Momon, s. m. money that maskers offer to play at dice.

ay at arce. Mon, môn, adj. my. Monacal, E, mô-nâ-kâl, adj. monkish. Monacalement, mô-nâ-kâl-mên, adv. like a monk.

Monachisme, mô-na-shìsm, s. m. monachism.

MONADE, s. f. monad, monade. Monarchie, mô-nàr-shì, s. m. monarchy. Monarchique, mô-nàr-shìk, adj. monar-

chical. MONARCHIQUEMENT, adv. monarch-like,

as a monarch, monarchically. MONARQUE, mô-nark, s. m. monarch, ab-

solute prince or king, sovereign.
MONASTERE, mo-nas-ter, s. m. monastery,

convent, friary, nunnery.

Monastique, mo-nas-tik, adj. monastick, monkish, monachal.

Monaut, mô-no, adj.m. that has only one ear.

Monceau, mon-sò, s. m. heap. Mondain, e, mon-din, den, worldly,worldly-minded, proud.

MONDAIN, s. m. worldling.

MONDAINEMENT, mon-den-men, adv. after a worldly manner.

MONDANITÉ, mon-då-nl-tå, s.f. worldliness. MONDE, mond, s. m. world; universe; earth; men, mankind, folks, people, imperial sign, golden globe; servants. Le monde poli, le beau monde, the genteel part of the world. Le monde savant, the learned world, the learned. Tout mon monde, all my retinue, all my men. L'autre monde, the next or the other world. Monde, s. m. Mar. world, people, ship's company. Ce bătiment a fait le tour du monde, that ship has been round the world. Avez vous perdu beaucoup de monde dans cette affaire? had you many people killed in this action? La fievre jaune nous enlève du monde tous les jours, the yellow fever carries off some of our people every day. Le commandant a du monde sur ses vergues, the commodore has some people upon his yards. Du monde à la pompe, man the pump. En haut tout le monde, all hands ahoy. Du monde oux drisses et aux écoutes des huniers, stand by the top-sail ha liards and sheets. Mettre du monde à terre su une côte ennemie, to land people on an ene my's coast. Prendre du monde à bord d'un bâ timent, to take men out of a ship.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid. tig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, good.

*MONDE, adj. clean.

Monpf, z, mon-da, adj. cleansed, peeled. MONDER, mon-da, v. a. to cleanse. Monder de l'orge, to peel barley.

MONDIFICATI-F, VE, adj. mundificative.
MONDIFIER, V. a. to mundify, cleanse.
MONTAIRE, md-na-ter, s. m. maker of

ancient coins or medals.

*Moniale, mo-nial, s. f. nun.

MONITEUR, s. m. monitor.

MONITION, md-nl-slon, s. f. monition, ec-

clesiastical warning.
MONITOIRE, mo-ni-twar, s. m. or Lettres

monitoires, adj. monitory.

MONITORIAL, E, mo-nl-to-rial, adj. Ex.

Lettres monitoriales, monitory.

MONNOIE, mô-nè, s. f. money; coin; mint; also small-money, change.

MONNOYAGE, mô-nè-yàz, s. m. minting or

coining money.

Monnork, R, adj. minted, coined, stamp-

ed, made into money.

MONNOYER, mô-nê-ya, v. a. to mint, coin;

to stamp. MONNOYERE, s. f. V. Nummulaire.

MONNOYERIE, s. f. stamp room in a mint. Monnoveur, mô-nê-yêur, s. m. coiner, mint-man. Faux monnoyeur, counterfeiter.
MONOCORDE, mô-nô-kôrd, s.m. monochord.
MONOGRAMME, mô-nô-gram, s. m. mono-

MONOLOGUE, mô-nô-lôg, s. m. monologab. MONOMACHIE, mô-nô-mâ-shì, s. f. monomachy, duel.

Monoma, mô-nòm, s. m. monome.

Monopétale, mô-nô-på-tål, adj. mono-

MONOPOLE, mô-nô-pôl, s. m. monopoly, engrossing of commodities, tax.

MONOPOLER, mô-nô-pô-là. v. a. to monopolize, engross.

MONOPOLEUR, mô-nô-pô-lêur, s. m. monopolisi; tax gamerer.

Monorime, s. m. piece of poetry consisting only of one rhyme MONOSYLLABE, mo-no-sl-lab, adj. mono-

syllabical. MONOSYLLABE, s. m. monosyllable.

MONOSYLLABIQUE, adj. monosy labical. MONOTONE, mo-no-ton, adj. of one and the same sound, uniform in sound.

MONOTONIE, mo-no-to-ni, s. f. monotony. MONSEIGNEUR, mon-se-gueur, s. m. lord. MONSEIGNEURISER, v. a. to give the title

of lord to one.

Monsieur, mò-sièu, s. m. sir, master, or gentleman; also master of the house; (the eldest brother of the French king is called) Monsieur.

Monson, s. m. V. Mousson.

MONSTRE, monstr, s. m. monster.

MONSTRUEUSEMENT, mons-tra-euz-men, adv. monstrously, prodigiously

Monstrueu-x, se, mons-tru-eu, euz, adj. monstrous, prodigious.

MONSTRUOSITÉ, s. f. monstrousness.

MONT, mon, s, m. hill, mount, mountain, heap. Les monts, the Alps. Le double mont, the Parnassian hill. Promettre monts et mervailles, to promise great matters. Mont-joie, s. m. or Mont-joie St. Denis, the ancient military cry of the French; also title of the first king at arms in France. Mont-Joie. s. f.

heap of stones made by a French army as a monument of victory

MONTAGE, mon-taz, s. m. coming up.

Montagnard, E, mon-là-gnar, gnard, adj. or s. mountaineer, highlander. Montagn, s. f. hill, mountain. Un pays de montagnes, a hilly or mountain. ous country.

MONTAGNEU-X, SE, mon-ta-gnèu, gnèuz,

MONTANTO, and incompared adj. hilly, mountainous.

MONTANT, mon-ten, s. m. upright beam or post, or stone or iron bar (in building;) amount, sum or whole sum. Vin qui a du montant, strong heady wine.

Montans or joints montans, mounters or mounting of stones. Montant de la marée, Mar. flood. Montans, stan chions, upright pieces. Montans de tentes, stanchions. Montans de volte, counter-timbers. Montans des bittes, bitt-heads, main vertical pieces of the bits.

MONTANT, adj. next for promotion.

MONTE, E, adj. gone up, etc. V. Monter; (à cherul) mounted. Monté en, supplied or furnished with, that has a set of. Vaisseau monté de 50 canons, ship carrying 50 guns. Vaisseau monté de 150 hommes, a ship of 150 men. Votre bâtiment est-il bien monté en équimen. your ship well manned?

MONTE, s. f. coupling or time for coupling

stallions and mares

Montée, mon-tå, s. f. stairs or staircase step; (de voûte) rising part; (d'une colonne)

height; rising, ascent; going up. MONTER, mon-ta, v. n. & a. to rise; go or come or get up, mount, ascend; to arrive, be advanced or preferred; be preferred; to grow, grow up, increase; to carry up, lift up; to make up; (la garde) to mount, go upon; (les degrés) tog up, come up; (un instrument à cordes) to string; (une horloge, un tourne-broche, etc.) to wind up; (en graine) to grou up to seed; (sur une hauteur) to get up a rising ground; (un cheval) to ride. Monter à cheval, to ride. Apprendre à monter à cheval, to learn to ride. Monter or se monter à, to amount or come to. Le vin lui monte à la tête, the wine flies up into his head. Monter, Mar. Monter au vent, to get to windward. Monter sur mer, to embark, go on board, take shipping. Monter un bûtigo on noard, take suppung. monter un butterment, to take or have command of a ship. Monter les camos, to mount the guns (upon their carriages.) Monter la garde, to take charge of the deck (in harbour.) Faire monte les carriages to turn the hands up Monte A ter le monde, to turn the hands up. Monte à bord les chaloupiers, launches, come in out of the boat.

MONTICULE, mon-ti-kal, s. m. small hill. MONTOIR, mon-twar, s. m. horse-block. Cheval facile au montoir, easy horse to get upon. Le pied hors du montoir, the off-foot, the far-foot. Le pied or le côté du montoir, the near-foot or side of a horse.

MONTRE, montr, s. f. show or sample; cloth (exposed before stalls for sale;) showglass; spot for showing or manner of showing horses; show, ostentation, parade; appearance review, muster; soldier's pay when they are mustered; (d'orgues) out-side; dial; watch.

MONTRER, mon-tra, v. a. to show; indi

cate, point out, direct; exhibit to view, let see; to show, distaver give signs of; prove;

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cêst, liês : vis : mos : brus.

to teach, instruct in. Montrer à faire, to teach how to do. Montrer à écrire, etc. to teach writing, etc. Montrer du doigt, to point at with writing, ac. monrer au acogt, to point at with one's ingers. Montrer au doigt, to point at or out; also laugh at. Montrer les talons, to saake off, run away. Se montrer, to show one's self, appear, to show, let see, discover. MONTURU-X,SE, mon-th-eu, euz, adj. hilly,

mountainous.

MONTURE, mon-tur, s. f. beast for the sad-MONTURE, mondur; (de scie) wooden frame; (d'arme à feu) stock; (d'éperon) leather; mounting, setting; also workmanship.

MONUNENT, mô-nd-nên, s. m. monument.
MOQUE, s. f. Mar. heart, bull's eye, deadeye; (those excepted which are used in set-

eye, tunese excepted which are used in set-ting up the shrouds.)

MOQUER, (sx) se mo-ka, v. r. to laugh at, ridicule, mock, scoff or deride, scora, make authing of; baffle or fool; jeer, be in jest. Sans se moquer, seriously, in good earnest. V. Refeicht.

MOQUERIE, mok-rl, s. f. mockery, raillery, jest, banter; also silly thing. Faire des moqueries de, to ridicule, jeer; banter, deride.

MOQUETTE, s. f. kind of stuff.

MOQUEU-R, SE, mô-kêur, keuz, s. m. & f. mocker, jeerer, jeering man or woman, ban-

MORAILLES, mô-rh/, s. f. pl. barnacies, sort of piacers to hold the upper lip of a borse.

MORAILLON, mô-rh-lon, s. m. hasp.

MORAINE, s. f. wool of dead animals taken

off with lime. Moral, E, mô-rål, adj. moral.

MORALE, s. f. morals or morality, moral philosophy, ethicks.

MORALENENT, mo-ral-men, adv. moral-

MORALISER, mô-râ-lî-zâ, v. n. to make moral reflections, moralize, descant. MORALISEUR, mô-rà-lì-zèur, s. m. mora-

lizer. MORALISTE, mô-râ-lîst, s. m. moralist.

MORALITÉ, moralité, s. f. morality, moral reflection. Meralité d'une fable, moral of a fable: pl. ancient theatrical pieces.

MORBIDE, mor-bld, adj. of a bright or

lively carnation (in painting.)

MORBIFIQUE, mor-bl-fik, adj. morbifick.

MORBIEU or MORBLEU, mor-bleu! zooks!

zo ands, odslive!

MORCEAU, mor-so, s. m. piece; bit, scrap, morsel, gobbet, mouthful. Morceau trempe, sop. Morceau de toile pour fourrer, Mar. par-celling.

Morceler, mors-la, v. a. une terre, to cantle or disjoint or divide an estate.

MORDACHE, s. f. gag tongs, pincers. MORDACITÉ, môr-tlà-sl-tla, s. f. corrosiveness, mordacity; also sharpness, biting, bit-

terness of speech. MORDANT, E, mor-den, dent, adj. biting,

sharp, smart, satirical. MORDANT, s. m. saddler's two-pointed nail;

(in printing) visorium; sort of varnish to fasten gilding.

MORDICANT, E. adj. sharp, corrosive; also mart, biting, nipping, satirical.

MORDIENNE, adv. à la grosse mordienne,

with sincerity, frankly.

MORDILLER, v. a. to bite a little and often, carp at.

MORDRE, mordr, v. n. & a. to bite; to cor rode, gnaw; carp, find fault; censure, slan der, rail at. L'eau forte mord sur les métaux, aqua fortis eats into metals. Mordre à la aqua torus cans him inventor.

besogne, to fall to work, set one's hands to it.

Il s'en mordra les doigts or les pouces, he will

rue or repent it. Il s'en mord les doigts, he is mad at it. J'ai beau mordre mes doigts, in vain I trouble myself. Mordre la poussière, to bite the dust or ground, be killed. Mor-dre, Mar. to bite, take fast hold (said of the anchor.)

MORDU, E, adj. bit or bitten, etc. V. Mor-

MURE, mor, s. m. Moor, black-moor, black

or negro; Moorish speech or tongue.

Morray, må-ro, s. m. black, shining black;
s. m. small basket or bag for cattle to eat in

while travelling.

MORELLE, morel, s. f. morel, petty morel

more or black-moor, black; morris or

morris dance; moorish work in painting.

MORFIL, morfil, s. m. wire-edge, thread, rough edge; also elephant's teeta.

MORFONDRE, morfondr, v. a. to make (one) catch cold: v. n. or se morfondre, v. r. to catch coid; wait in vain, dance attendance, spend one's self.

MORFONDURE, mor-fon-dur, s. f. cold tak en after being heated.

MORGELINE, s. f. chick-weed.

MORGUE, morg, s. f. proud or big or stately look, surliness or surly look; little grated room (in which a new prisoner is set, and must continue some hours, that the jailer's ordinary servants may the better take notics of his face;) bone-house or place where per-sons found dead are laid, that they may be owned by their friends. Tenar sa morgue, to look surlily or haughtily, look big.

MORGUER, mor-ga, v. a. to brave, bully,

huff, dare or defy.

MORGUEUR, s. m. insolent man, huff, hector, turnkey who looks attentively at a prisoner to know him again.

Moribond, E, mo-ri-bond, adj. dying, in

a dying condition.

Moricaud, E, mô-rl-kô, kôd, adj. & s.

black man or woman, brownish.

MORIGÉRER, mo-rl-28-nh, v. a. to tutor, to bring up or educate; also to correct, reprimand, school.

MORILLE, mo-rll, s. f. morel (sort of mush room.)

Morillon, s. m. sort of sweet black grape, sort of duck: pl. rough emeralds.

MORINE, s. f. sort of plant. MORION, mo-ri-on, s. m. morion (sort of head piece;) also sort of military punishment.

MORNE, morn, adj. dull, sad, sullen.

cloudy, pensive.

Cloudy, pensive.

MORNE, S. f. ferret (in heraldry;) mountain or high hill (in the language of the inhabitants of the French West India Islands.)

MORNE, E, adj. tipped or tipt; blunt or blunted. Une baguette mornée d'argent, a rod

tipt with silver. MORNIFLE, mor-niff, s. f. box on the ear.

slap on the chaps.

Morose, mo-roz, adj. morose. Morosita, s. f. moroseness

bar, bat, base, thère, ebb, over; flell, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Morpion, mor-plon, s. m. crab-louse Mons, mor, s. m. (d'un cheval) bit; (d'étau)

chaps.

MORSURE, mor-shr, s. f. mark of a bite. MORT, E, mor, mort, adj. dead, deceased. MORT, E, môr, môr, adj. dead, deceased.

Bas morte, standing water. Morte eau, Mar.

dead water. Morte-marée, Mar. neap tide.

Couleur morte, dead or pale or faint colour.

Argent mort, money that lies dead. Un fonds

mort, a piece of lund held in mort-main.

Mort-ne, e, adj. still born. Morte paye, s. f. soldiers in ordinary pay during life. Morte saidiers in ordinary pay during life. Morte sai-sen, s. f. dead time of the year. MORT, E, s. m. & f. dead body, dead man

or woman. Les vivans et les morts, the quick and the dead. La fête des morts, All-soul's-

day

MORT, s. f. death, decease; bane; great or violent pain. A mort, to death, mortally, extremely. Mort aux rats, rat's-bane. Mettre la mort au cœur, donner la mort, to break one's heart. Faire une belle mort, to die well, to die like a good christian; also to die nobly or honourably. Mourir de sa belle mort, mourir de sa mort naturelle, to die a natural death.

Mort de ma vie! Par la mort! 'sdeath! blood and sons!

MORTADELLE, mor-ta-del, s. f. sort of

sausage.

MORTAISE, mor-tez. V. Mortoise.

MORTALITE, mor-th-fl-th, s. f. mortality,

frequency of death.
MORTEL, LE, mor-tel, adj. mortal; perishable; deadly; great, grievous, bitter, extreme, cruel.

MORTEL, LE, s. m. & f. mortal, mortal man or woman.

MORTELLEMENT, môr-têl-mên, adv. mortally, deadly; cruelly, bitterly, grievously.

MORTIER, mor-tla, s. m. mortar; a mor-

tar; sort of cap. Mortier or mortier de cire, piece of wax with a wick.

MORTIFERE, adj. mortiferous.

MORTIFIANT, E, mor-u-fl-en, em, adj.

mortifying, unpleasant, sad, grievous.

MORTIFICATION, mortification; s. f. mortifying or mortification; grief, shame, trouble, cross, misfortune

MORCIFIER, mor-ti-fl-a, v. a. to mortify subdue, conquer, vex, trouble; (la viande) to make tender.

MORTOISE, s. f. mortise. Mortoise de gou-

vernail, Mar. mortise of the rudder.

MORTUAIRE, mortis-er, adj. funeral, funereal. Dry mortuaire, pall. Cloche mortuaire, knell or passing bell. Livre mortuaire, register book of burials.

MORUE, mo-ra, s. f. cod or codfish. Morue

fraiche, preen fish. Morue salée, salt fish.
MORVE, morv, s. f. mucus of the nose, snot;

glander: (a horse disease.)

gianners (a norse aisease.)

MORY EU-z, se, môr-vêu, vêuz, adj. snotty. Cheud morveux, horse that has the glanders. Petit morveux, slovenly, snotty boy.
Petite morveuse, a snotty-nosed girl, young elist

Mosaique, mô-zâ-îk, s. f. mosaick work. Ouvrage à la mosatque, mosaick work, work

of small inlaid pieces.

MOSCATELINE, s. f. moscatel. MOSCOVIE, s. f. Múscovy. Moscovite, adj. & s. Muscovite. Mosquer, mos-ka, s. f. mosque.

Мот, mo, s. m. word; saying, apotherm or sentence; motto. Bon-mot, bon-mot, witty saying, smart repartee. Mot du guet or mot de guerre, watch-word. En un mot, in a word,

in short. Mot à mot, word for word.

MOTELLE or MOTELLE, s. f. eelpout

MOTET, mo-te, s. m. anthem.

MOT-EUR, RICE, mo-teur, tris, s. m. & f.

mover; contriver, author. Мотіг, mò-df, s. m. motive, incitement, encouragement; end, aim or design; mo-

Motives, cause, occasion.

Motiver, mosion, s. f. motion.

Motiver, mo-il-va, v. a. to explain the motives which led to the making of a decree or an edict.

MOTRICE, adj. f. Ex. La faculté motrice. the motive faculty.

MOTTE, mot, s. f. clod, lump of earth; little hill or eminence. Motte à britler, peat, turf or lump of tan.

MOTTER, (SE) se-mo-ta, v. r. to lurk be hind a turf or clod (as a partridge.)

Moves, interj. hush, not a word. Mov. Mou. t, moo, mol, adj. soft, tender; flabby; mellow; close, faint; sluggish, slow, dull, lazy, inactive, faint; easy, weak; voluptuous, effeminate, loose, womanish.

Mou, s. m. soft part: lights (of a calf or lamb.) Mou de l'oreille, tip or lug or soft part

of the ear.

Mou, adj. & s. m. Mar. slack. Embraque le mou de l'écoute de misaine, haul in the slack of the fore sheet. V. Embraquer. Embraque le mou de la drisse sous le vent du grand hunier, haul down the slack of the lee main top-sail haliards. Donne du mou à la croupière, slack out the stern-port. Il y a beaucoup de mou duns nos amarres, we are very slack moored. Le bâtiment est-il mou? does the ship carry a slack helm?

MOUCHARD, mon-shar, s. m. spy, observer,

informer, setter, bumbailiff.

MOUCHE, moosh, s. f. fly; patch (for the face;) spy, setter, bumbailiff. Une fine mouche, a sly blade, a cunning gipsy. Mouche à miel, bee. Elle vous sert de mouche, she is a fool to you. Pieds de mouche, pot-hooks and hangers, scrawlings. Prendre la mouche. V. Prendre la chèvre at Chèvre. Etre tendre aux mouches, to be touchy or exceptious. Quelle mouche l'a piqué? what ails him? La mouche y est, (said meat) it is fly-blown.

MOUCHER, moo-sha, v. a. to blow the nose of; (la chandelle) to snuff. Se moucher, v. r. to blow one's nose. Ne se moucher pas du pied,

to be no fool.

MOUCHEROLLE, s. m. a sort of little bird.
MOUCHERON, moosh-row, s. m. gnat, little
fly; also snuff of a candle.

MOUCHET, s. m. tarsel.

MOUCHETE, R., adj. spotted, pinked; V. the verb. Cheval mouchete, flea-bitten horse.

MOUCHETER, moosh-ta, v. a. to spot; pink

mark with small spots.

MOUCHETTES, moo-shet, s. f. pl. snuffers also joiner's plane.

MOUCHETURE, moosh-tur, s. f. spot; spotted work, pinking, cutting with small spots.
MOUCHEUR, moo-sheur, s. m. Moucheur de

chandelles à la comedie, condle snuffer at the play-house.

base, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : e-tant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Mouchoir, môo-shy chief; (de ccu) kerchief môo-shwar, s. m. handker-

MOUCHURE, moo-shur, de chandelle, s. f. snuff of a candle.

MOUDRE, moodr, v. a. to grind. Moudre de coups, to maul, beat soundly. bruise.

Moun, moo, s. f. mouth, wry face. Faire la more, to pout, make mouths.

MOUETTE, môo-êt, s. f. sea-mew, gull.

MOUPETTE, s. f. foul air (in mines;) animal of the martin kind.

MOUFLARD, E, moo-flar, flard, adj. bloat-

MOUFLE, moofl, s. m. mitten; bloated face; assemblage of pullies; sort of chymical vessel.

Mouillage, moo-Az, s. m. Mar. anchorage, auchoring place or station. Bon mouil-lege, good anchoring ground. Maurais mouillage, foul ground, bad anchoring ground. e mouillage étoit si maurais que nous y per dimes not sear ancres de poste, the ground was so foul that we lost both our bowers. Nous aurons de là peine à déplanter, tant ce mouillage est bon, we shall have some trou-ble in starting the anchor from such good ground. Prendre un mouillage, to take up an anchorage. V. Futiguer. Venir au mouillage, to come to an anchorage. Le vent nous refusant, nous ne pames gagner le movillage, the wind scanting upon us, we could not fetch the anchorage.

MOUILLER, moo-la, v. a. to wet or moisten, bathe, soak, dip in the water. Pluie qui mou-

ille, soaking rain.

Mouiller, v. a. & n. Mar. to anchor, drop anchor, cast anchor, come to an anchor, bring up, etc. Mouiller une ancre, to let go an anchor. Eter mouillé, to ride at anchor. N'etre mouillé que sur une scule ancre, to be only at single anchor. V. Travers. Mouille, let go the anchor. Mouiller en barbe, to come to with two anchors a-head. Mouiller en croupière, to moor head and stern. Mouiller en pagaie, to come to all standing. Mouiller en faisant embossure, to bring up with a spring on the cable. Mouilter en pale d'oie, to moor with three anchors a-head (equally distant from each other.) Mouiller arec la quille, to stick hard and fast. Nous mouillerons an large des frégates, et en terre de tous les vaisseaux de ligne, we will come to without the frigates, and within all the line of battle ships. Mouil-ler ies voiles, to wet the sails. Mouiller les ponts, to wet the decks.

MOUILLETTE, moo-let, s. f. long narrow size of bread to dip in eggs boiled soft.

MOUILLOIR, moo-lwar, s. m. little vessel

of water for spinners to wet their fingers in. MOUILLURE, moo-lor, s. f. wetting or be-

ing wet. MOULAGE, moo-faz, s. m. moulds; part of the mill which sets the mill-stones agoing;

fee for grinding in a publick mill.

MOULE, mool, s. m. mould; model, tern. Il y laissa le moule du pourpoint, there be was killed, he lest his carcass there.

MOULE, mool, s. f. muscle, a kind of shell-th. Moules, shells to make grottoes. Moule, E, adj. moulded, cast into a mould;

for measuring it. Se mouler sur quelqu'un, to frame or square one's life by another man's.

MOULETTES, moo-let, s. f. pl. small shells. Mouleur, moo-leur, de bois, s. m. assizer or meter of wood.

Moulin, moo-lin, s. m. mill.

Moulinage, moo-li-naz, s. m. last dress-

ing of silk before it is dyed.

MOULINET, moo-li-ne, s. m. mill (to coin money;) milled money, a turn-sile, hand-mill. Moulinet de chocolatière, chocolate suck or mill. Moulinet à bitord, Mac. spun-yara winch.

"Moult, adv. much, very much.
Moult, E, adj. ground, bruised. Or mouls, water goid, painter's gold. MOULURE, moo-lar, s. f. moulding. Mou-

lures des bonteilles, Mar. gallery rim.
MOURANT, E, moo-ren, rent, adj. dying;

languishing or lingering; pale or faint.

MOURIR, moorth, v. n. to die; to go out.

Faire mourir, to put to death, kill. Faire mos-

rir de chagrin, to vex to death. Mourir d'envie de faire, to long to do. Se mourir, v. r. to be dying, be at the point of death.

Mouron, moo-ron, s.m. chick weed, pimpernel; also yellow lizard with black spots. MOURRE, s. f. morra (the Italian play of

love with the fingers.)
Mousquer, moos-ke, s. m. musket.

*Mousquetade, moosk-tad, s. f. musket

MOUSQUETAIRE, moosk-ter, s. m. mus-keteer. Mousquetaires, mousquetaires (horsemen.

MOUSQUETERIE, moos-ke-tri, s. f. volley of musket shot, small shot. Un feu de mous queterie soudenu, a constant fire with small

Mousqueton, moosk-ton, s. m. musketoon, blunderbuss.

Mousse, moos, s. f. moss; lather, froth. Mousse, s. m. Mar. younker, youngster, ship-boy. Mousse de chambre, cabin-boy. Mousses destinés à aider le coq, shifters.

*Movssk, adj. dull, blunt.

Mousseline, moos-lin, s. f. muslin. Mousser, moo-sa, v. n. to lather, froth Mousseron, moos-ron, s. m. white kind of mushroom.

Mousseu-x, se, moo-seu, seuz, adj. lather

ing, frothy, foaming.

Mousson, moo-son, s. f. Mar. monsoon.

Mousson, e, moo-so, su, adj. mossy, full of

Moustache, moos-tash, s. f. whiskers. Moustaches de la civadière, s. f. pl. Mar. spritsail lifts, standing lifts of the sprit-sail yard. Moustaches de la vergue sèche, standing lifts of the cross jack yard.

MOUT, moo, s. m. must, new or sweet wine. MOUTARDE, moo-tard, s. f. mustard. Su crer sa mondarde, to qualify one's jest, take off the edge of. S'amuser à la moutarde, to stand trifling.

MOUTARDIER, môo-târ-dla, s. m. mustard pot; mustard man.

MOUTIER, môo-tia, s. m. church, monaste-

ry, convent.
Mouror, moo-ton, s. m. wether, sheep, mutton, sheep's leather; standard (to support the braces of a coach;) beetle or rammer a mould, to print; (du bois) to pile up wood Mar. a foaming billow. MUE MUN

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, i'lg : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MOUTONNAILLE, moo-to-nal, s. f. flock of

MOUTONNE, s. f. tower of false bair.

MOUTONNER, môo-tô-na, v. a. to frizzle, curl. Moutonner, v. n. Mar. to foam or froth. La mer moutonne, the sea foams

MOUTONNIER, E, moo-to-nik, nier, adj. fleecy, bleating, led by example like sheep.
MOUTURE, moo-tur, s. f. grinding; corn ground; miller's toll for grinding.

MOUVANCE, indo-vens, s. f. Ex. Mourance de fief, dependence of a fee upon another.

MOUVANT, E, moo-ven, vent, adj. moving. Sable mouvant, quick-sand. Fief mouvant, fee holding or depending upon another.

MOUVEMENT, moov-men, s. m. motion, Evoving; movement, managuvre; time, measure; impulse, disposition, inclination. Mouremens, commotions, troubles, broils. Les mouremens qu'a faits l'escadre aujourd'hui ont été bien exéculés, the manceuvres of the fleet have been well executed to day. Votre batiment a les mouvemens bien durs, yours is a very uneasy ship.

MOUVER, v. a. (in gardening) to stir up

(the mould in a pot,) etc.

Mouveir, moo-vwar, v. a. to move or stir; incite, stir up; (une question) to start. Mou-voir querelle, to pick a quarrel. Se mouvoir,

v. r. to move, stir or wag.

MOVER, s. m. means, course, way, expedient, power; possibility, argument, (in plural) means, riches, etc. Il n'y a pas moyen de leur parler, there is no speaking to them, there is no possibility of speaking to them. Y a-t-il no possibility of speaking to them. Y a-t-il moven de leur parler? Is there any speaking to them? is there any possibility of speaking to them? Le moyen que cela soit? how can that possibly be? Le moyen de lui parler? how can one speak with him? Au moyen de, by means of, in consequence of, in consideration of.

MOYEN, NE, mwå-yen, yen, adj. middle, mean. Temps moyen, apparent time. Moyen age, the middle or dark ages. Moyenne lati-nite, from the reign of Severus to the fall of the empire.

MOYENNART, mwa-yê-nên, prep. for, by means of. Moyennant que, provided, provided that.

Movenné, E, adj-mediated, procured. MOYENNEMENT, adv. indifferently, so so.

MOYENNER, mwa-ye-na, v. a. to mediate or procure.
MOYENNEUR, s. m. mediator.

MOYER, v. a. to saw free stones.

MOYEU, mwa-yeu, s. m. nave or stock (of
a wheel;) yolk (of an egg;) also sort of plum.

Mu, E, adj. (from Mouvoir) moved, started,

MUABLE, mu-abl, adj. mutable, changeable, inconstant.

MUANCE, mu-ens, s. f. change of note (in

MUCILAGE, md-sl-låz, s. m. mucilage MUCILAGINEU-x, SE, mů-sì-là-zì-nèu, nèuz,

adj. mucilaginous. MUCOSITE, mů-kô-zì-tà, s. f. mucous-

MUDER, v. n. Mar. to gibe.
MUE, mu, s. f. moulting, muing; slough, skin; moulting time, etc. mew coop.

MUER, mů-å, v. n. io moult, mew, cast horns or skin or slough; (parlant de la voix) to break.

MUET, TE, mu-ê, êt, adj. dumb, speechless, mute; (in grammar) mute, unpronounced, not heard, not sounded. Rendre muet, to put to silence or non-plus.

MUET, TE, s. m. & f. mute, dumb man o

woman.

MUETTE, s. f. place for stags' horns that are cast.

MUFLE, mull, s. m. muzzle. Il lui a donné bien serré sur le mufle, he gave him a good slap on the chaps.

Muge, muz, s. m. mullet (a fish.)
Muger, mu-21r, v. n. to bellow or to low:

to roar (said of the sea.)

Mugissement, mû-zîs-mên, s. m. bellow

ing or lowing; roaring (of the sea.)
MUGUET, md-ge, s. m. lily of the valley; spark, beau, fop.

MUGUETER, måg-tå, v. a. to cajole, wheedle, court, make love to, have an eye upon, aim at.

MUID, mul, s. m. sort of measure for corn, salt, etc. (de ble) about five quarters; (de vin) about 60 gallons

MULATRE, må-latr, adj. & s.m. & f. mulatto. MULCTER, můlki, s.f. mulet, fine.
MULCTER, můlk-tå, v. a. to fine.
MULE, můl, s. f. mule, she-mule; slipper;

kibe. Mules traversières or traversines, (au

boulet du cheval) kibes.

MULET, mû-lê, s. m. moyle, great mule;
(sea fish) mullet. Garder le mulet, to dance attendance.

MULETIER, mål-tlå, s. m. muleteer.

MULETTE, mû-lêt, s. f. maw of a calf, etc craw (of birds.)

MULOT, mu-lo, s. m. field-mouse.

MULOTTER, v. n. to dig into the holes made by field-mice.

MULTIPLE, mål-tipl, adj. multiple. MULTIPLIABLE, mål-ti-pli-abl, adj. multipliable, that may be multiplied.

MOLTIPLIANS, s. m. Adamites (a sect.) MULTIPLICANDE, mul-il-pli-kand, s multiplicand.

MULTIPLICATEUR, mol-il-pil-ka-teur, s. m. multiplicator.

MULTIPLICATION, multi-pli-ka-slon, s. f. multiplying, multiplication.

MULTIPLICITÉ, multi-pli-si-ta, s. f. multiplicity, multitude.

MULTIPLIER, můl-tí-pll-å, v. a. & n. to multiply, increase.

MULTITUDE, mål-tl-tåd, s. f. multitude,

great number, mob.

MUNI, E, adj. (from Munir) stored, fur-

mun, E, auf. (Iron manar) sured, in-nished, enjoyed or possessed.

MUNICIPAL, E, mû-nl-sl-pål, adj.municipal.

Le droit municipal, municipal law, common law. Ville municipale, corporation town.

MUNICIPALITE, s. f. municipality.

MUNIFICENCE, mu-nf-fl-sens, s. f. munifi-cence, liberality, bounty.

MUNIA, mû-nlr, v. a. to turnish, store or provide. Se munir de, to furnish one's self with, provide, arm one's self with. MUNITION, mû-nl-alon, s.f. ammunition. Pain de munition, ammunition bread. Muni-

tions, stores. Munitions de bouble, provisions. Munitions, Mar. stores.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre ? ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

MUNITIOFNAIRE, md-nl-sid-ner, s. m. commissary of the store, officer that provides ammunition for the army.

Muqueu-x, se, adj. mucous.

Mur, mdr, s. m. waii. Mur, mdr, adj. ripe, mellow, mature. Ur homme mar, a discreet, sober, staid man.
MURAILLE, må-rål, s. f. Ex. Couronne s

rele, murai crown.
MORE, mur, s. f. mulberry

MÜREMENT, mur-men, adv. ripely, maturely.

MURÈNE, mû-rên, s. f. sort of lamprey.

MURENGER, s. m. murenger. MURER, md-rå, v.a. to wall, wall about or up, mure up.

MCRIER, mu-ril, s. m. mulberry-tree.

MORIE, mu-rir, v. n. to ripen, grow ripe.

Mirir, v. a. to ripen, make rij MURMURATRUR, mdr-md-ra-teur, s.

murmurer, grumbler.

MURNURE, mar-mar, s. m. murmur, buz-ATORNOUS, BAUT-BAUT, S. M. IMATIMAT, DUE-sing or bermaning noise? Mumbhling, murmur-ing, grumbling; (des ressecaux) murmur or puring; (des ventre) rumbhing; (des zépturs, des arbres) whispering; (also a humaning bird. MURMURER, mûr-mûr-k, v. n. to murmur,

grumble, mutter; to purl, warble; to whisper.
MUSARAIGNE, md-za-regu, s. m. shrew-

MUSARD, E, må-zår, zård, adj. & s. loiter-

ing, loiterer. Musc, måsk, s. m. musk-cat, musk. Muscade, mås-kåd, s. f. nutmeg. Fleur de muscade, mace.

Muscade, adj. f. musky. Rose muscade, musk rese.

Muscapet, mus-kå-de, s. m. muscadel er muscadine.

MUSCADIER, s. m. nutmeg-tree.

MUSCADIN, mos-ka-din, s. m. sort of musk pastil; also fop, sweet-scented beau.

Musca-t, Be, adj. musky. Vin muscat, muscatine wine. Noix muscade, nutmeg.

Musca-t, mas-kå, s. m. muscade or muscadine

Muscle, můski, s. m. muscle.

MUSCULAIRE, můs-ků-lèr, adj. muscular. MUSCULAIRE, můs-ků-lèr, adj. muscular. MUSCULEU-I, SE, můs-ků-lèu, lèuz, adj. musculous.

MUSE, Muz, s. f. muse.

MUSEAU, md-zo, s. m. the muzzle, sneut,
mose or face, mouth (of some things.)

Muser, md-za, s. m. museum. Muserière, mus-lièr, s. f. & a. muzzle.

"Muser, md-za, v. n. to loiter, trifle. Muserolle, mdz-rol, s. f. nose-band of a porse bridle.

Muserre, må-zet, s. f. þag-pipe.

Muskum, s. m. m

Musical, E, md-zl-kal, adj. musical, harmonione.

MUSICALEMENT, mů-zì-kàl-mêz, adv. musically.

MUSICIEN, NE, md-zl-slên, slên, s. m. & f.

Musique, mů-zik, s. f. musick.

Musque, E, adj. musky, perfumed with musk, that smells of musk. Paroles musquees, fair words, compliments.

Musquer, mos-ka, v.a. toperfume with musk.

Musquer, mos-ka, v.a. toperfume with musk.

*Musser, (se) v.r. to lurk in a corner. A musse-pot, in secret. Musulman, md-zůl-měn,s.m. Musulman.

Turk.

Musulman, e, adj. Turkiso, Mahometau. Mutabilité, mů-tå-bî-lî-tå, s. f. mutabi-

lity.

MUTATION, mû-tâ-slon, s. f. mutation,

change MUTILATION, mutila-slow, s. f. mutila-

MUTILER, md-tl-lå, v. a. to mutilate, maim,

curtail; to castrate or geld.
MUTIN, E, md-tin, tin, adj. & s. refractory

headstrong, froward, stubborn, sullen, seditious, mutinous, factious, rebellious; mutineer, tous, mutinous, sections, recommendations or seditions person, stabbors person.

MOTINER, må-ti-nå, v. n. to mutiny or rise
up in arms. Se mutiner, v. r. to be froward

er refractory; to rage; to mutiny, rise up in

MUTINERIE, mû-tîn-ri, s. f. mutiny, com motion, sedition, revolt, frowardness, refractoriness, peevishuess, perverseness.
*MUTIR, mu-tir, v. n. to mute.

MUTISME, s. m. dumbness, muteness. MUTUEL, LE, mû-tû-êl, adj. mutual, reci procal, interchangeable

MUTUELLEMENT, md-td-el-men, adv. mumally, reciprocally, interchangeably.

MUTULE, s. f. corbel, or bracket (in archifacture.)

MYAGRUM, s. m. myagrum (sort of plant.); MYOLOGIE, ml-3-18-zl, s. f. myography, myology.

MYOPE, mil-do, s. m. & f. myops, near ar

MYOPE, ma-op, s. m. et a. myope, mees a short-sighted person.

MYOPIE, md-ò-pl, s. f. myopy.

MYOTOMIE, s. f. myotomy.

MYEROBOLAN, ml-rò-bò-lèn, s. m. myroba-

MYROBOLANIER, s. m. myrobalan-tree. MYRRHE, mlr, s. f. myrrh.

MYRRHIS, s. m. sort of fragrant chervil

MYRTE, mirt, s. m. myrtle-tree. MYRTIFORME, adj. myrtiform.

MYSTAGOGUE, s. m. mystagogue.
MYSTARR, mis-tèr, s. m. mystery, secret.
Sans autre mystère, without any more ado.
MYSTÉRIEUSEMENT, mis-tà-ri-èuz-mèn,

adv. mysteriously. MYSTERIEU-X, SE, mls-ta-rl-eu, euz, adj. & s. mysterious, mystical, obscure; hidden,

secret; mysterious or reserved person.

Mysticité, mis-ti-sl-th, s. f. mysticalne

MYSTIQUE, mls-lik, adj. & s. mystical, mysterious, emblematical, sacredly obscure, refining in matters of devotion; mystick person who professes a sublime and perfect devotion.

MYSTIQUEMENT, mls-tik-men, adv. mysti

cally.
Mystre, s. m. sort of liquid measure

among the ancient Greeks. MYTHOLOGIE, ml-to-lo-zl, s. f. mythology MYTHOLOGIQUE, mi-to-lo-zik, adj. mytho-

logical. Mythologiste, ml-tô-lô-2ist, s. m. my thologist.

MYURE, adj. Ex. Pouls myure, pulse that

NAT

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

N, en, (anciently) ne, (recently) s. f. four-teenth letter of the French alphabet.

NABOT, E, na-bo, bot, s. m. & f. dwarf, little person.

NACARAT, E, nā-kā-rā, rāt, adj. & s. m. of a lively orange red (without s in plural.)

NACELLE, nā-sēl, s. f. boat, small skiff or

wherry (without mast or sail.) La nacelle de S. Pierre, the Roman catholic church.

NACRE, pakr, or NACRE DE PERLE, s. f. mother of pearl

NADIR, na-dir, s. m. nadir.

NAFFE, naf, s.4. Eau de naffe, orange-flow-

er water.

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NAGE, naz, s. f. Mar. row lock (of a boat.) Donner la nage, to pull the stroke oar. Donmer une nage, to give a stroke (in rowing.) Etre en nage or test en nage, to be all in a sweat. A nage pataud, swimming like a cur; also in plenty. A la mage, swimming or by swimming. Se jeter à la nage, to throw one's self into the water. Passer une rivière à la

mage, to swim over a river.

Nageoire, na-zwar, s. f. fin (of a fish,) bladder or any other thing to hold up one that learns to swim; thin piece of wood floating in the pail of a water-bearer (to prevent him

from being splashed.)

NAGE, na-ta, v. n. to swim; (dune son sang) to welter. Nager entre deux eaux, to wrim, be a trimmer. Nager en grande eau, to swim in deep water. Mon pied nage daus swins in deep water. Much near wage upin mon soulier, my shoes are a great deal too big for my feet. Nager, v. n. Mar. to swim; to pull or row. Nager see or à see, to row dry, row aground, touch the bottom with the ears in rowing. Nager debout, to row stand-ing with the head towards the boat's head. Nager en arrière, to back a-stern. Nage à venir sur tribord, pull to starboard. Nage tribord, pull the starboard. Nage de force, tribord, pull the startoard. Nage at force, stretch out. Nage à bord, come aboard in the boat. Nage à faire abaltre, pull to lee-ward. Nage à venir sur bâbord, pull to port. Nage au vent, pull to windward. Nage ensemble, pull together.

NAGEUR, nå-zèur, s. m. swimmer; waterman, rower; s. m. pl. an order of birds.

*NAGUÈRE OF NAGUÈRES, nå-gèr, (consention) de la lave a qu'est pewill but nearly a

Traction de in 'y a guère) newly, but newly, a little while ago, lately.

NAIDE, uê-yêd, s. f. naiad.

NAID, ye, nê-l'f, iv, adi, genuine, plain, native, natural, not counterfeit, true, lively, ingenuous, downright, open, fair, candid, innocent, simple, silly. Au nat'f, to the lie.

Peindre au nat'f, to draw to the like.

NAINE Nain And a m At Chies.

NAIN, E, nin, nen, s. m. & f. dwarf, shrimp. Naine, s. f. sort of beau. Un arbre nain, a

dwarf tree, a dwarf.

NAISSANCE, ne-sens, s. f. birth; nativity, rise, spring, beginning; extraction, descent; noble birth, or extraction; (in architecture) roof of a vault or of a corbel, etc.

NAISSANT, E, ne-sen, sent, adj. growing, rising, newly born, coming forth, primitive;

(in heraldry) naissant.

NAITRE, netr, v. n. to be born or to come mto the world, breed, come out; spring, grow, arise, proceed, be bred, begin, take rise, come Faire naître, to breed. produce, cause,

give rise or beginning to, occasion; (des raisons) to suggest; (une occasion) to start.

NAIVEMENT, na-lv-men, adv. ingenuously

plainly, downright.

NAIVETÉ, nå-lv-tå, s. f. ingenuousness

plainness, sincerity; simplicity, innocence; naturalness, simplicity of expression.

NANTIR, nen-tir, v. a. to give to, down, deliver into the hands of, ensure. Se nantir de, v. r. to seize upon, secure (a debt;) to provide one's self with, make sure of, secure. Nantissement, nen-ils-men, s. m. secu-

rity (fer a dest.)
NAPOLITAIN, E, adj. & S. Neapolitan.
NAPTHE, S. f. naphtha.

NAPPE, nap, s. f. cloth, table cloth; deer's skin; sort of net to catch wild fewls with; (d'eau) sheet; (de blé) show.

NAQUETER, (upon the great.) v. n. to dance attendance

NAQUETTE, s. f. milliner. NARCISSE, når-sis, s. m. narcissus. NARCOTIQUE, når-kö-ilk, adj. narcotick.

NARD, nar, s. m. nard, spikenard. NARGUE, de, narg-de, s. f. a fig for. Dire urgue de, to laugh at. Faire nargue à, to nargue de, to laugh at. Faire sargue à, to excel, beat or surpass, be far superiour to. Faire sargue aux autres, to excel, etc.

NARGUER, nar-ga, v. s. to scorn, defy, set

at defiance.

NARINE, på-rin, s. f. nostril. NARQUOIS, E, når-kwa, kwaz, s. m. & f. sharper. Parler narqueis, to use cant lan-

guage. Narratzun, nå-rå-teur, s. m. relater, tel-

NARRATI-F, VE, na-ra-tif, tiv, adj. narra-

tive, declarative. NARRATION, na-ra-slon, s. f. narration, relation, account, report, recital.

NARRATIVE, na-rā-th, s.f. way of relating or making or telling a story. NARRÉ, p. adj. related, told, reported. NARRÉ, na-rā, s. m. narration, narrative, recital.

NARRER, nå-rå, v. a. to relate, make a narrative of, tell or report.

NARVAL, s. m. great fish of the frozen sea, nar-whale.

NASAL, E, na-zal, adj. nasal; s.m. part of a helmet that covers the nose.

NASARD, E, ma-zar, zard, adj. that speaks

through the nose. Live d'un ton nasard, to read through the nose.

NASARRE, nå-zård, s. f. fillip, rap on the nose

NASARDER, na-zar-da, v. a. to fillip or rap on the nose; to banter, jeer.

NASEAU, na-zò, s. m. nostril (of a beast.) NASILLARD, E, na-zì-lar, lard, adj. & s.

that speaks through the nose.

NASILLER, na-21-la, v. n. to speak through

the nose. NASILLEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. that speaks

through the nose.

NASILONNER, v. n. to speak through the nose (diminutive of Nasiller.)
NASSE, nas, s. f. sort of net of osiers, weel;

also kirch, plunge, scrape; univalve shell.

NATAL, E, nå-tål, adj. native. Respirer l'air natal, to breathe one's own country's air

bûse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brust.

swimming.

NATI-F, VE, nå-df, tiv, adj. native, born.
NATION, nå-slon, s. f. nation, people; also
race (ironically.) Les nations, the nations; the heathens, the gentiles.

NATIONAL, E, na-slo-nal, adj. national.

NATIONALEMENT, adv. nationally.
NATIVITÉ, na.-il-vi-ta, s. f. nativity, birth. NATTE, nat, s.f. mat; twist, braid. de cheveux, twisted or plaited hair.

NATTER, na-ta, v. a. to mat; to twist,

braid, plait. NATTIER, nå-tlå, s. m. mat-maker.

NATURALISATION, Da-tu-ra-li-za-slon, s. f. naturalization.

NATURALISER, na-tu-ra-Il-za, v. a. to naturalize.

NATURALISME, s. m. naturalness.

NATURALISTE, s. m. naturalist, natural philosopher.

NATURALITE, nå-tå-rå-ll-tå, s. f. naturali-

NATURE, na-tor, s. f. nature, universe, world, property, natural reason, temper, hu-mour, condition, essence, sort, kind, situation; (in Marmontel's works) parent, parents, father or mother, father and mother.

NATUREL, LE, na-tō-rēl, adj. natural, na-tuve; plain, downright, right, not counterfeit, easy, iree, unaffected. Juge naturel, a proper judge. Fils naturel, natural or base son,

bastard.

NATUREL, s. m. nature, propriety, temper, constitution, natural affection, natural parts, talent, aptiess, genius, disposition, inclination, humour, life; also native or original inhabitant. D'um bon or mauxais naturel, good or ill-natured, good or ill-humoured. De son naturel, do mon naturel, etc. naturally. Imiter le naturel, to imitate life. Prendre au naturel, to draw to the life.

NATURELLEMENT, ma-tu-rel-inen, adv. naturally, by nature, plainly, freely, openly,

frankly.

NAUFRAGE, no-fraz, s. m. shipwreck, ruin, wreck. Faire naufrage, to be cast away, suffer shipwreck, be wrecked.

NAUFRAGE, E, no-fra-za, adj. Mar. cast away, wrecked.

Bâtiment naufrage, wreck.

NAULAGE, no-laz, s. m. naulage, wreck.
NAULAGE, no-laz, s. m. naulage.
NAUMACHIE, no-mā-shl, s. f. naumachy.
NAUSÉE, no-za, s. f. qualm, retching to vomit.

NAUTIQUE, no-tik, adj. nautick, nautical. NAUTONIER, no-to-nia, s. m. sailor, ma-

riner (in poetry.)

NAVAL, E, nd-val, adj. naval, of or belonging to the sea or ships. Armee navate, fleet of men of war. Forces navales, sea forces.

fleet of men of war. Forces narates, sea iones.

Combat naral, bataille narale, sea fight.

NAYEE, nā-vā, s. f. barge full.

NAYET, nā-vē, s. m. turnip.

NAYETTE, nā-vēt, s. f. rape or wild turnip;
also rape-seed; (de tisserand) shuttle; (de plomb) wedge; (de l'encensoir) pan or box.

NAYIGABLE, nā-vī-gābl, adj. navigable.

NAYIGATEUR, nā-vī-gā-tēur, s. m. navigates salvas salvas salvas salvas man.

tor, sailor, sea-man, sea-faring man.
NAVIGATION, navl-gd-slot, s. f. navigation, sailing, voyage. Après douze jours de
mangation, nous domaimes dans le détroit de Gibraltar, after 12 days sail we entered the

NATATION, s. f. natation, the art or act of || straits of Gibraltar. Notre navigation a ble

fort heureuse, we have met with no crosses (or accidents) at sea. NAVIGUER, na. vi-ga, v. n. to sail, navi gate, travel by sea. Depuis ringt ans que je navigue, je n'ai jamais été si près de me perdre, during 20 years that I have been at sea I never was so near being lost. Naviguer à vue de terre, to coast within sight of land. Naviguer, v. a. to navigate, direct the course of.

NAVIRE, na-vir, s. m. ship, vessel, sail. Un navire marchand, a merchantman. vire au vent à nous, a sail to windward (the sight of a vessel is thus aunounced from the mast head, on board of French men of war.) V. Bâtiment and Vaisseau. Navire, s. f. Ex

V. Bátiment and Vaisseau. Navire, s. f. Ex La navire Argo, the ship Argo.

*NAVRER, nå vrå, v. a. to wound, grieve.

Pen ai le cœur navré, I am very sorry for it.

Nk, ně, adv. no. V. Pas, adv. Je n'en sais rien, I know nothing of it. Je ne l'aime ni ne le cruins, I neither love nor fear him. Il dit plus qu'il ne fait, he talks more than he does.

NK r. ně adi from natíreh born. L'hee

NE, E, na, adj. (from naître) born. âme bien née, a generous soul. Mort-né, still-

born

NÉANMOINS, na-èn-mwin, adv. neverthe-

NEARMOUND, marker man, and nevertue-less, and yet, for all that, however. NEART, na -en, s.m. nothing, nought, nothing-ness, little worth, insignificance or insignifi-cancy, trifle, trifling thing, inconsiderable matter. Mettre au neant, to nake void or of no effect.

NÉBULEU-x, se, nå-bå-leu, leuz, adj.

cloudy, dark, gloomy, overcast.

NECESSAIRE, na-se-ser, adj. necessary, needful, requisite, indispensable, infallible, inevitable, unavoidable. Nécessaire, s. m. nccessaries, competency; also box or case with the things necessary or convenient upon a journey. Faire le nécessaire, to be a busybody or an intermeddler.

NÉCESSAIREMENT, na-se-ser-men, necessarily, needs, of necessity, infallibly.

NÉCESSITANTE, no-se-sl-tênt, adj. Ex. De nécessité nécessitante, of an absolute or indispensable necessity, by all means.
NECESSITE, na-se-si-ia, s. f. necessity,

want, need, indigence, poverty, compul-sion. Aller à ses nécessités, to go to do one's s. Nécessités de la vie, necessaries of De nécessité, of necessity, needs, necesneeds. sarily

NÉCESSITER, na-sè-sì-tà, v. a. to necessi

tate, force, compel.
NECESSITEU-X, SE, na-se-si-teu, teuz, adj needy, poor, in want, indigent.
NECROLOGE, nå-krô-lôz, s. m. register o

the dead.

NÉCROMANCE OF NÉCROMANCIE, Bå-krômen-si, s. f. necromancy.

NÉCROMANCIEN, NE, na-krô-mèn-sièn

sien, s.m. & f. necromancer, conjurer.

NECTAR, nck-lår, s. m. nectar. NEF, nck, s. f. (in poetry) a ship, sail; (d'une église) nave or body; (du roi) vase in the form of a ship (where the king's and queen's napkins arê kept.)

NÉFASTE, adj. Ex. Jour néfaste, unlucky or inauspicious day.

Nèfle, nell, s. f. medlar.

NÉFLIER, nå-filå, s. m medlar-tree.

par, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleta Ag : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MEGATI-F, VE, nh-gà-tif, tiv, adj. negative La négative, s. f. tl.e negative. NÉGATION, nà-gà-sion, s. f. negation. NÉGATIVEMENT, nà-gà-tiv-mên, adv. ne-

Nigligi, E, acj. (from Negliger) neglected, slighted, etc. also care.ess, in an undress,

incurrect. Niglioi, uk-gil-sk, s. m. undress, careless dre

NÉGLIGEMENT, s. m. the act of neglecting intentionally.

NEGLIGEMMENT, nå-gil-zå-men, adv. ne-

gligently, carelessly, supinely.
NEGLIGENCE, na. gli-zens, s. f. negligence, neglect, carelessness, heedlessness, supineness. Avoir des négligences dans son style, to be incorrect or careless in one's style.

to be incorrect or carriess in one s syre.

NÉGLIGERT, E. na-gfl-za, zênt, adj. negligent, neglectful, careless, supine.

NÉGLIGER, na-gfl-za, v. a. to neglect, not
to take care of, let go, plet slip. Négliger quelqu'um, to slight one. Se négliger, v. r. to neglect one's self, not to take care of one's self. Se negliger en, to grow slack or careless or negligent in.

NEGOCE, na-gos, s. m. trade, trading, com-merce, traffick, intrigue. Faire le negoce, to carry on trade, be a merchant. Faire un

grand negoce, to drive a great trade.
NEGOCIABLE, na-go-slabl, adj. negotiable. NEGOCIANT, nå-go-sien, s. m. merchant, dealer by wholesale.

NEGOCIATEUR, na-go-sla-teur, s. m. nego-

NÉGOCIATION, nã-gô-slà-slon, s. f. negotiation.

NÉGOCIATRICE, s. f. negotiatrix.
NÉGOCIER, na go si à, v. a. & n. to trade,
deal, drive a trade; to negotiate, manage,

negotiate for.
Nigre, negr, s. m. negro-man.
Nigre, negr, s. m. negro-man.
Nigrene, negre-ri, s. f. negro-yard;
place where negroes are kept for sale.

NÉGRESSE, ne-gres, s. f. negro-woman. NÉGRIER, adj. m. Ex. Vaisseau négrier, a slave-ship.

NEGRILLON, NE, na-gri-lon, lon, s. m. &

f. negro-boy, negro-girl.

NEIGE, nez, s. f. snow; whiteness; sort of lace in fashion some years since. Il tombe de

la neige, it snows.

Neiger, ne-za, v. a. to snow.

Neigeru-x, se, ne-zeu, zeuz, adj. snowy, full of snow.

NEMERNS, adj. pl. Ex. Les jeux Néméens,

the Nemean games.
Nines, na.nl, s. f. pl. nenia (funeral songs among the Romans.)

NENNI, në-ni, no, no forsooth, not at all. NENUPHAR, na-nu-far, s. m. nenuphar, water lily, or water rose.

NÉOGRAPHE, s. m. who admits of a new orthography.

NÉOGRAPHISME, s. m. new orthography. NÉOLOGIE, nã-ò-lò-zl, s. f. neology, art of making and introducing new words or of using old ones in a new sense.

NÉOLOGIQUE, nã-ô-lô-≉ik, adj. neologick, consisting of new coined words and phrases.

NÉOLOGISME, nã-ò-lò-zîsm, s. m. neolo-gism, affected coining of words and phrases

NÉOLOGUE, nã-ô-lôg, s. m. neologist, one fond of introducing new words and expres-

NÉOMÉRIE, s. f. new moon, feast at new

NÉOTÉRIQUE, adj. new, modern. NÉOPHYTE, nã-6-lit, s. m. & f. neophyte

Náphrátique. nå-frå-tik, adj. nephritick Nápotisme, nå-pô-tism, s. m. nepotism. Náráides, nå-rà-id, s. f. pl. Nereids, sea-

nymphs; sort of sea-worm.

NERF, nerf, s. m. nerve, sinew; sinews, strength; (of books) band. Nerfs, pl. is pronounced ner. Nerf ferure, s.f. upper attaint. NERPRUN, ner-prun, s. m. buckthorn.

NERVER, ner-va, v. a. to cover with sinews. NERVEU-x, se, nêr-vêu, vêuz, adj. sinewy, nervous, strong, lusty, brawny

NERVIN, E, adj. good for the nerves. NERVURE, ner-vur, s. f. raised parts of a

NET, TE, net, adj. clean; pure, cleanly, neat; clear, innocent, blameless, unspotted; smooth, fair; easy, plain; downright; empty, clear. Sain et net, fresh and sound; sound, Elle fit væu d'en avoir le cœur net, she vowed

to ease herself of it. Fen ai le cœur net, I wash my hands of it, I am satisfied. NET, s. m. Ex. Mettre au net, to write or

draw a fair copy of.

NET, adv. plainly, freely, openly, clean, cleverly. Cela s'est cassé tout net, it snapt

short. NETTEMENT, net-men, adv.clearly, purely, neatly, plainly, freely, fairly, frankly.

NETTETÉ, net-ta, s. f. cleanness, cleanliness, clearness, neatness, pureness, plainness. NETTOIEMENT, net-wa-men, s. m. clean-

ing, cleansing, clearing, scouring.
NETTOVER, nc-twa-ya, v. a. to clean, make clean, cleanse, clear, scour, sweep away. Se nettoyer, Mar. Ex. L'horizon se nettoye, the

Neuf, ve, neuf, neuv, adj. new; also raw, unexperienced, simple, silly. Refaire a neuf, to rebuild, build up anew or again. S'habiller de neuf, to put on new clothes. Tout baltant neuf, brand new. Neuf, adj. (indeclinable) nine; the ninth; ninth. The F is pronounced when not followed by a nown or adj.; before a nown beginning with a vowel or silent H it sounds like V. Charles neuf, Charles the Ninth. Neuf hommes, nine men.

NEUF, neuf, s. m. nine. Neuf de chiffre, figure nine.

Neutralement, neu-tral-men, adv. neutrally, in a neutral manner or sense

NEUTRALISATION, s. f. neutralization. NEUTRALISER, v. a. to neutralize. NEUTRALITÉ, neu-tra-li-ta, s. f. neutrality.

NEUTRE, neutr, adj. neuter, neutral.

NEUVINE, neutr, adj. neutr, neutral envison.
NEUVINE, nëu-vien, s. f. nine days devotion.
NEUVIEME, nëu-vien, adj. a ninth.
NEUVIEME, s. m. ninth day, ninth part.
NEUVIÈMEMENT, nëu-viem-mên, adv.

ninthly.

NEVEU, ne-veu, s. m. nephew. Petit neveu, grand nephew. Nos nevera, our offspring,

after ages, posterity.
NÉVRITIQUE, adj. good for the nerves.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

NÉVROLOGIE, s. f. neurology.

NEZ, na, s. m. nose; face; scent. Avoir toujours le nez sur quelque chose, to pore over a thing. Avoir bon nez, to have a good nose, be sagacious or cunning. Rire au nex, to laugh in (one's) face. Nex, s. m. Mar. head, beak, bow, fore part (of a ship.) Notre batiment est trop sur le nez, our ship is too much by the head. Nous virtumes le nez sur les risons, we put about with the breakers close ead of us.

NI, ni, conj. nor, neither. Il w'est ni bon mi manuais, he is neither good nor bad. Je ne l'ai famais trouvé ni bon ni manuais, I never found him either good or bad, I always found

MIABLE, nl-abl, adj. deniable.

NIABLE, nl-abl, adj. deniable.

NIABLE, nl-abl, ez, adj. & s. silly, dull, simple, innocent, foolish, silly man or woman, simpleton. Un fancon siais, a nias hawk.

NIAISEMENT, nl-èz-mên, adv. simply, sillily,

innocently.

NIAISER, nl-è-zh, v. n. to play the fool,

stand trifling or fooling.
NIAISERIE, nl-ez-ri, s. f. silly thing, trifle,

foolery, nonsense, silliness.
NICE, adj. foolish, silly (obsolete.)

NICHE, nish, s. f. niche; spiteful trick. NICHE, E, adj. placed, put. NICHEE, ni-sha, s. f. whole nest, brood.

NICHER, ni-sha, v. a. to place or put. Nicher, v. a. or se micher, v. r. to nestle, build or make one's nest.

Nichet, s. m. nest-egg. Nicholk, nl-shwar, s. m. a canary bird's breeding-cage.

NICOLAITES, s. m. pl. Nicolaitans.

NID, ni, s. m. nest. Il n'y a plus que le nid, the birds are flown. Nid à rats, a mean

NIDOREU-X, SE, adj. that smells rotten or

Nunce, nies, s. f. niece.
Nunce, nies, s. f. niece.
Nunce, nies, s. f. mildew or blasting, gith, bishop's wort, St. Catherine's flower, cockle.
Nunce, nies, v. a. to blast.
Nunce, nies, v. a. to deny, gainsay, dis-

NIGAUD, E, ni-go, god, adj. & s. silly, simple, foolish; simple man or woman, simpleton, fool; sort of cormorant.

NIGAUDER, nl-go-da, v. n. to stand fooling or trifling, play the fool.

NIGAUDERIE, ni-god-ri, s. f. silliness, fool-

ery.
NIL, s. m. (fewe d'Egypte) Nile.
NILLE, nil, s. f. tendril, twining-sprig of a

NIMBE, ninb, s. f. glory or circle of light (around the head of saints, etc.) NIPPEE, nl-pa, v. a. to rig out, fit up. Se

apper, v. to rig one's self out.

NIPPES, nlp, s. f. pl. clothes, dress, goods.

NIQUE, nlk, s. f. Ex. Faire la nique à, to laugh at by a slighting gesture, not to care

For, slight.

NITOUCHE, nl-toosh, hypocrite. Ex. Faire 1: sainte nitouche, to look demure as if butter would not melt in one's mouth.

NITRE, nitr, s. m. nitre.

NITREU-X, SE, ni-treu, treuz, adj. nitrous. NITRIÈRE, ni-trier, s. f. nitrous vein of earth

NIVEAU, nl-vo, s. m. level. De nivear arec, au niveau de, level with, even with, upon a level with.

NIVELER, niv-là, v. a. to level, take the

level; also to trifle

NIVELEUR, nlv-leur, s. m. leveller, also trifling man, one that stands upon trifles.

NIVELLEMENT, ni-vel-men, s. m. levelling, surveying.
Niver, s. m. a discount allowed one who

purchases on commis Nivose, 4th month of the French calendar. Nobiliaire, no bl-fl-er, s. m. peerage,

history of peerage.

NOBLE, nobl, adj. & s. noble, excellent, illustrious; nobleman. Une terre noble, a lordship. Les nobles, the noblity. Noble à la rose, s. m. noble [gold cois.]

NOBLEMENT, nobl-mên, adv. nobly, gen-

tleman-like, excellently.

NOBLESSE, no-bles, s. f. nobleness, nobility gentility, excellence or excellency, loftiness also noblesse or nobility and gentry.

Noce, nos, s f. nuptials, marriage. Noce or Noces, wedding, marriage; the company

at a wedding.

Nocher, no-sha, s. m. pilot or steersman,
Nocher, no-sha, s. m. pilot or steersman, boatswain of a man of war (in the dialect of Provence.) Caron, le pâle nocher, Charon,

the grim ferry-man.
*Nocier, E, adj. nuptial, that presides at

a wedding.

NOCTAMBULE, nok-ten-bal, s. m. & f. one that walks in his sleep.

NOCTAMEULISME, s. m. the disease of those

who walk in their sleep.
NocTILUQUE, nok-ti-luk, adj. & s. noctiluce, that shines or glows in the night. Les vers luisans sord des noctiluques, glow-worms are noctiluces.

NOCTUBLABE, s. m. a nocturnal. NOCTUBNE,nok-torn,adj.nocturnal, nightly. NOCTURNE, s. m. nocturnal part of the church-service among the papists.
Nodus, no-dus, s. m. node (soelling.)

NoEL, no-el, s. m. Christmas; carol or Christmas-song.

NGUD, neu, s. m. knot, knob, knuckle, joint, tie, band, stress, difficulty, main or chiel point. Nocuds (d'une planète) nodes. Neud, s. m. Mar. knot, bend, hitch, marine mile or knot. Næud marin, reef knot. Næud plat or de garcette, carrick bend. Næud aanknot. Næud marin, reet knot. Næud pas or de garcette, carrick bend. Næud d'an-guille, timber hitch. Næud de bois, janming hitch or knot. Næud d'agni à élingue, standing bowline knot. Næud de boulene, bowline bend or knot. Næud de haubens, shroud knot. Næud d'econte, sheet knot. snroud knot. Noeud a écoule, sheet knot. Noeud de trache, granny's knot. Noeud de diamant, diamond knot. Noeud de rose, rose knot. Noeud dan un mâtereau, etc. knot in a spar, etc. Noeud de la grande ligne de sonde, knot of the deep sea-line. Noeud de la ligne de lach heat fact. loch, knot of a log-line or marine mile. Nous filons neuf næuds, we are going nine knots. La grande roile nous donne deux næuds de plus, we sail two knots faster with the main sail set.

Noir, nwar, adj. black, blackish, brown, dark, darkish, gloomy, sad, dismal, sullen, melancholy, black and blue foul nasty, filthy.

wicked, base

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Noir, s. m. black, negro. Noir à noircir, blacking-ball.
Noiratre, nwa-ratr, adj. blackish, some-

what black.

Noiraud, E, nwa-rò, ròd, adj. & s. m. & f. black, black man or woman.

Noirceur, nwar-seur, s. f. blackness, black

spot, heinousness, atrocity.

Noircir, nwar-sir, v. a. to black, blacken,
make black, disgrace, defame, asperse.

Noircir, v. n. & Se noircir, v. r. to blacken, grow black.

Noircissure, nwar-si-sur, s. f. blacken-

ing, black spot.
Noire, nwar, the fem. of Noire. Noire, s. f. crotchet, black note (in musick.

Noise, nwaz, s. f. strife, squabble, quarrel. dispute.

NOISETIER, s. m. small nut-tree, hazel-tree,

filbert-tree. NOISETTE, nwa-zet, s. f. small nut, hazel-

nut, filbert.
Noix, nwa, s. f. nut, walnut; (du genou)

knee-pan.

NOLI ME TANGERE, (latin) s. m. (touch me not) sort of plant; bad ulcer. "NoLIS, no-ll, s. m. freight or hire (of a

vessel, in the dialect of Provence.)
*Nolises, no-li-za, v. a. to freight.

*Nolissement, s.m. act of freighting.

Nom, non, s. m. name, quality, title, reputation, renown, character; (in grammar) noun. Nom de guerre, supposititious name, travelling name, nickname.

NOMADE, no-mad, adj. & s. wandering, errant, without a fixed habitation.

NOMANCE or NOMANCIE, s. f. divination by the letters that go into one's Christian name.

Nombles, s. m. pl. numbles (of deer.)

NOMBRE, nonbr, s. m. number; a great umber, a world, a multitude; harmony. number, a world, a multitude; harmony. Nombre d'or, golden number. Nombres, (livre de Motse) book of Numbers. Du nombre de, au nombre de, of or in the number of, among.

Nombrer, non-bra, v. a. to number, sum

up, tell, count, compute. Nombreu-x, sx, non breu, breuz, adj. numerous, great, manifold; harmonious

Nombril, non-brl, s. m. naval. Nombril de l'écu, nombril of the escutcheon.

Numenclateur, no-men-kla-leur, s. m. nomenclator, remembrancer.

Nomenclature, no-men-kia-tur, s. f. nomenciature, vocabulary, word-book.

Nominataire, no-mi-na-ter, s. m. the

king's presentee.

Nominateur, no-mi-na-teur, s. m. patron, that has the right of presenting to a benefice. Nominatif, no-mi-na-tif, s. m. nominative, nominative case.

Nomination, no-mi-na-sion, s. f. nomination, naming, appointing, right of naming,

gift Nommé, adj. à point nommé, adv. in the nick of time.

NOMMEMENT, no-ma-men, adv. namely,

particularly, specially, expressly.
Nommer, no-ma, v. a. to name, give a name o, nominate, appoint, call. Se nommer, v. r. be called, go by the name of

Non, non, adv. no, not, nay,

Non, s. m. Ex. Ils se sont querellés pour un now, they quarrelled for a no.

Nonagenaire, no-na-za-ner, adj. four-

score and ten years of age.

*Nonante, no-nest, adj. ninety.
*Nonantième, adj. ninetieth.

Nonce, nons, s. m. nuncio. NONCHALAMMENT, non-sha-la-men, adv.

carelessly, supinely, negligently.
Nonchalance, non-sha-lens, s. f. care-

lessness, supineness, negligence

Nonchalant, E, non-sha-len, lent, adj. & s. careless, supine, negligent, idle; careless, idle man or woman.
NONCIATURE, non-sia-tur, s. f. nunciature.

Nonconformiste, non-kon-for-mist, s. m.

& f. non-conformist, dissenter.

None, non, s. f. None, one of the popish canonical hours. Nones, non, s. f. pl. the nones of every

month (among the Romans.) NONNAIN or NONNE, no-nin, non, s. f. nun.

NONNETTE, no-net, s. f. young nun. NONOBSTANT, no-nobs-ten, prep. notwith-

standing. Nonobstant que, for all that.
Non-Pair, non-pèr, adj. odd, not even.
Nonparril, Le, non-pà-rêt, adj. matchless, incomparable, unparalleled.
Nonparrillele, s, f, crimp riband; kind of

small sugar plum; nonpareil (small size of

NONUPLE, adj. that contains nine times.

NONUPLE, ag., that contains nine times.

NONUPLER, v. a. to repeat nine times.

NON-VALEUR, non-vå-låur, s. f. waste, deficiency (said of the produce of land.)

NON-VUE, s. f. Mar. thick fog.

NORD, nor, s. m. north. Nord-est, s. m. north-west.

Nord-ouest, s. m. north-west. Du nord, northern, northerly. Vent du nord, northerly wind. Vent de nord-est, north-eastnortherly wind. ern. Vent de nord-ouest, north-western. plus au nord, northernmost. Au nord, vers le nord, northward. Nord-est 3 degrés est, northeast 1-4 east. Entre le nord-ouest et le nord-ouest quart de nord, north-west 1-4 porth.

NORDESTER, nor-des-ta, v. n. to vary towards the east (speaking of the magnetick needle.)

NORDOUESTER, v. n. to decline towards the west (speaking of the magnetick needle.)
NORMAL, E, adj. (in geom.) perpendicular.

Ecoles normales, schools where the art of teaching is acquired.

NORMAND, E, nor-men, mend, adj. Norman, of Normandy.
NORVEGE, nor-vez, s. f. Norway.
NORVEGIEN, NE, adj. Norwegian, of Norway.

Nos, no, the pl. of notre, our. Nota, no-ta, note, mark.

Nota, s. m. note.

NOTABLE, no-table, adj. notable, remarkable, eminent, considerable, excellent, singular. NOTABLES, s.m. pl. chief men, notables. NOTABLEMENT, no-tabl-men, adv. nota

bly, considerably, very much.

Notaire, no-ter, s. m. notary, scrivener.

Notamment, no-ta-men, adv. especially, particularly.

NOTARIAT, no-ta-ria, s. m. notary's place or office; time during which one has been no

buse, but : jeune, meute, peurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun:

Note, not, s. f. note, mark, remark, annotation. Notes, notes, short-hand.
NOTER, no-ta, v. a. to note, take notice of,

observe, mark; to prick (an air in musick.)

NOTEUR, s. m. copier of musick.

NOTICE, no-tis, s. f. Ex. La notice de l'emnire, an account of the present state of the

NOTIFICATION, po-tl-fi-ka-slow, s. f. notifi-

cation. NOTIFIER, no-tl-fla, v. a. to notify, signi-

fy, make known, give notice of.
Nоттон, no-slon, s. f. notion, idea, know-

ledge, conception. Nototre, no-twar, adj. notorious, evident, plain, manifest.

Notoirement, no-twar-men, adv. notori-

ously, openly, manifestly.
Notorieté, no-to-ri-a-ta, s. f. notorious-

ness; evidence, affidavit.

NOTRE, nour, adj. our. When joined to a moun it always precedes it, when alone it takes the article and circumflex accent. Notre pere, notre mère. Le nôtre, la nôtre, les nôtres, ours, our own. Du nôtre, de la nôtre, des nôtres, of ours, of our own. Au nôtre, aux notres, to ours, to our own. Les nôtres, our people. Des nôtres, of us, of our compa-By.

Noue, noo, s. f. pantile; rich field.

Nout, E, adj. tied, knotted. Elre noue, to be tied; also to be rickety or have the rickets.

*Nouement, noo-men, s. m. tying.
Nouement, noo-a, v. a. to tie, knit. Nouer, v. n. or Se nouer, v. r. (en parlant des boutons des arbres) to set or to knit; (purlant de la goutle) to knot or grow knotted; (parlant des enfans) to grow rickety.
Nouet, noo-e, s. m. rag in which some derro is tied to make an infusion.

drug is tied to make an infusion. Noueu-x, se, noo-eu, euz, adj. knotty.

NOUGAT, s. m. sort of cake.

Nourrain, noo-rin, s. m. young fry. Nourri, e, adj. nourished, kept, etc. V.

Nourri, s. m. Ex. Faire un petit nourri dans une maison de campagne, to keep poultry, hogs, and cows, in a country house.

Nourrice, noo-ris, s. f. nurse. Nourrice, noo-risis, s. f. nurse. Nourricier or un père nourricier, a later-fa-ther, a nurse's husband.

NOURRIR, noo-rir, v a. to nourish, feed, keep, maintain, nurse up, bring up, nurture, educate, instruct, find victuals for, entertain: nurse or suckle (a child.) Se nourrir de, v. r. to live or feed upon.

NOURRISSACE, s. f. feeding or raising (o) cattle.)

Nourrissant, E, noo-ri-sen, sent, adj. nourishing, nutritive

Nourkisson, noo ri-son, s. m. nurse-child, foster-child, pupil, scholar. Les nourrissons des nuses or du Parnasse, Apollo's suns, poets, bards.

NOURRITURE, noo-ri-tur, s. f. nourishment, food, sustenance, nurture, education.

Nous, noo, pron. we, us, to us: pl. of Je or Moi.

NOUVEAU, m. before a consonant, nouvel m. before a vowel or h mute, nouvelle, f. and for the plural nourraux. m. nourelles, f. adj. !!

new. De nouveau, again, over again, newly, lately

NOUVEAU, noo-vo, adv. newly, new. NOUVEAUTÉ, noo-vo-ta, s. f. newness, no-

velty, new thing, innovation, change.
Nouvel or Nouvelle, noo-vel, adj. V.

Nouveau.

NOUVELLE, s. f. news, tidings, intelligence, account; a novel. Mander or donner de ses nouvelles à une personne, to let a person hear from one. Vous aurez de mes nouvelles, you shall hear from me. Dire des nouvelles de l'école, to tell tales out of school,

Nouvellement, noo-vel-men, adv. new-

Nouvelliste, noo-vê-list, s. m. news-

monger, intelligencer, news-writer.

Novale, no-vål, s. f. new ploughed land.

Novateur, no-vå-teur, s. m. novator, in-

novator. NOVATION, s. f. povation.

Novelles, no vel, s. f. pl. novels of the civil law (of Justinian.)

Civil law (of Justinian.)

November.

Novice, no-vis, adj. & s. raw, unexperienced, unskilled; novice, new beginner, probationer, new monk or nun; also young sailor, younker, green-hand.
Noviciat, no-vl-sla, s. m. noviciate.
Novissiat, no-vl-sl-må, adv. lately, just

now. Novale, maa-yal, s. f. hemp-cloth to make

NOYAU, nwa-yo, s. m. stone of a fruit; kernel in the stone; mould within a piece of ordnance when it is cast; newel (of a wind-

ing stair-case.)
Nover, nwa-ya, v. n. to drown, put under water; (la boule de son adversaire) to throw out of the green or into the ditch. Se noyer, v. r. to be drowned, be drowning, drown one's self. Noyer, Mar. Noyer la terre, to lay or settle the land. Noyer un bâtiment, to drop a vessel, lose sight of a vessel by degrees, run a ship entirely out of sight. Votre bâtiment a ship entirely out of sight. Votre bâtiment a see préceintes noyées, your ship is very much down in the water. Le vaissean a sa batterie noyée, this ship carries her guns very low. En visitant nos poudres, nous les tronschus toutes noyées, on examining our powder, we found it all wet. Nous eames trous gabiers de noyés par la clute de notre petit mât de hune, we had three top-men drowned by our foretop mast going over the side.

NOYER, s. m. walnut-tree, walnut-wood. Noyon, nwa-yon, s. m. ditch of a bowling-

green.

Nu, s. m. naked part. A nu, naked, bare, plainly, freely, openly, ingenuously. Monter a cheval a nu, we ride a horse bare backed. Nuage, no-az, s. m. cloud, mist; crowd, multitude; doubt, obscurity, darkness. Les nuages chassent du sud-ouest, Mar. the clouds come from the small-busset. come from the south-west.

NUAGEU-X, SE, adj. cloudy. NUAISON, nu-e-zon, s. m. Mar. wind set in, steady wind. Un nucleon de nord-est nous fit bientot gagner les vents alisés, a steady north-easter soon ran us into the tradewinds.

NUARCE, not-less, s. f. gentle gradation (of colour,) shadowing with light colours upon dark of the same kind or with dark colours

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : fleia, fig : ròbe, rôb, lord : mòod, good,

upon lighter of the same kind, shade of differ-Nuances de langage, neat variety of expressions.

NUANCER, nd-en-sa, v. a. to mix with dif-

ferent colours

NUBILE, nu-bil, adj. marriageable. NUBILITE, s. f. quality of being marriageable.

Nun, V, Nu. Nunta, nå-dl-tå, s. f. nakedness; nudity. Nuz, R, nû, nû, adj. naked; bare, unco-vered; plain; plain. open, without disguise; épée nue, drawn sword.

NUE, no. s. f. cloud. V. Nu. NuEx, no. a, s. f. cloud; crowd (of people;) Bock or flight (of birds.)

NUEMERT, nu-men, adv. nakedly, plainly, freely, ingenuously.

NUER, no. a, v. a. to shade with colours. NUIRE, null, v. n. (See the table at uire) to hurt, prejudice, do hurt or harm or mis-

*Nuisance, ndi-zèns, s. f. nuisance, an-

noyance, damage.
NUISIBLE, adi-zibi, adj. karmful, hurtful, prejudicial, obnoxious, noisome, offensive,

mischievous, dangerous.

Nurt, núl, s. f. night, darkness. A nuit fermée, à nuit close, when quite dark. De nuit, in the night. Se mettre à la muit, to be benighted.

NUITAMMENT, nol-ta-men, adv. by night,

in the night.

NUIT ÉE, nůl-tå, s. f. night's lodging; night's

NUL, LE, nol, adj. void, that does not stand good in law, of no force; no, not one, not any, (if the sentence be already negative) any

NULLE, s. f. dish made of yolks of eggs and sugar; null, cipher, standing for nothing.
NULLEMENT, noll-men, adv. no, by no means, in no wise, not at all.
NULLITE, noll-li-ta, s. f. nullity, invalidity,

Numéraire, nû-mâ-rêr, adj. numerary Numéral, e, nû-mâ-râl, adj. numeral Numérateur, nd-må-rå-teur, s. m. nu-

Numeration, nume-ra-sion, s. f. nume-

ration, payment of money.

NUMERIQUE, nd-ma-rik, adj. numerical.

ber, mark with a number.
Numismatique, nû-mis-ma-tik, adj. numatick

NUMISMATOGRAPHIE, S. f. numismatogra-

phy, description of ancient medals.

NUMMULAIRE, nům-mů-ler, s. f. moneywort, called also monoyère.

NUNCUPATI-F, VE, nun-kû-pa-tif, tiv, adj. nuncupative, verbal or nominal.

NUNDINALES, adj. f. pl. Lettres nundinales, mundinal or nundinary letters (indicating the

market-days among the Romans.) NUPTIAL, E, nup-sial, adj. maptial, bridal, belonging to a wedding.

NUQUE, nak, s. f. nape (of the neck.) NUTATION, s. f. balancing (in astronomy;) surning (of plants) towards the sun.

NUTRITI-F, v E, no-tri-tif, tiv, adj. nutritive.

NUTRITION, nu-trl-slon, s. f. mutrition. NUTRIUM, s. m. sort of ointment.

NYCTALOPE, s. m. nyctalops, one who sees best in the night.

NYMPHE, ninf, s. f. nymph, lady, beauty, - goddess; chrysalis; nymphæ.

O, o, s. m. 15th letter of the French ulphabet, also cipher standing for nothing. Les O de Noel, Christmas anthems.

O! int. oh! U cà; now. ORÉDIENCE, ô-bà-dièns, s. f. obedience. OBÉDIENCIEL, LE, ô-ba-dièn-sièl, adi.

obediential.

obediential.

OBÉDIENCIER, ô-bà-dì-èn-sià, s. m. obedientiary, priest who is to obey his superiour.

OBÉIR, ô-bà-lr, v. n. to obey, be obedient or dutiful, yield, submit, bend, be pliant, yield. Se faire obéir, to make one's self be obeyed.

OBÉISSANCE, ô-bà-l-sèns, s. f. obedience, dutifulness, subjection, submission. Se ranger sous l'obéissance de, to submit to. Les terres de son obéissance, his dominions.

OBÉISSANT, E, ô-bà-l-sèn, sènt, adj. obedient, obsequious, dutiful, subject, pliant.

dient, obsequious, dutiful, subject, pliant.
Obřilsque, ô-ba-lisk, s. m. obelisk.
Obřik, x., adj. greatly indebted, in debt

over head and ears

OBÉRER, Ö-bå-rå, v. a. to run in debt S'obérer, v. r. to run one's self in debt.
OBÉSITÉ, Ö-bå-zì-tå, s. f. obesity.
OBIER, V. AUBIER.
OBIT, Ö-bì, s. m. obit, dirge.
OBITUAIRE, Ö-bì-tå-èr, s. m. book of bu-

rials, register book of the dead.

OBJECTER, Ob-zek-tå, v. n. to object, make an objection, oppose, reproach, cast in

the teeth of. OBJECTI-F, VE, Ob-zek-df, tlv, adj. & s. objective, ideal; object-glass.
OBJECTION, Ob-zek-sion, s. f. objection,

difficulty.

OBJET, ob-ze, s. m. object, subject, matter, aim, end, prospect, view, consideration, motive. Un objet de risée, a laughing stock.

OBJURGATION, s. f. violent reproach, ob

jurgation, reprimand.
OBLAT, ô-blå, s. m. oblat, disabled soldier maintained as a monk in an abbey.

OBLIGATION, ô-blâ-slon, s.f. oblation, offering.
OBLIGATION, ô-blf-gâ-slon, s.f. obligation, tie, engagement, bond, duty.
OBLIGATOIRE, ô blf-gâ-twar, adj. obliga

tory, binding.

OBLIGEAUMENT, ô-bli-zê-mên. adv. ob-gingly, courteously, kindly, officiously, ligingly, friendly.

DELIGEANCE, s. f. inclination to oblige.

OBLIGEANT, E, ô-blf-zên, zênt, adj. obliging, courteous, kind, officious, friendly.

OBLIGER, ô-blf-zê, v. a. to oblige, force,
compel, bind, lay an obligation upon, do a
kindness or good turn to.

OBLIGUE, ô-blfk, adj. oblique, slope, awry,
across; ill, wicked, fraudulent, indirect.

OBLIGUERREY & Ablikmag, adv. oblignes

OBLIQUEMENT, ô-bilk-mên, adv. ohlique-ly, awry, sloping; fraudulently; indirectly. OBLIQUITÉ, ô-bil-kl-ta, s. f. obliquity.

OBLITERER, v. a. to obliterate, efface, OBLONG UE, ob-lon, long, adj. oblong.
OBOLE, o-bol, s. f. obole a copper coin of

little value, coin.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

OBREPTICE, op-rep-tis, adj. subreptitious. OBREPTICEMENT, adv. in a subreptitious

OBREPTION, op-rep-slon, s. f. obreption; omission or concealment of part of the truth. OBSCÈNE, Ob-sen, adj. obscene, filthy, bawdy, smutty.

OBSCENITE, ob-sa-ni-ta, s. f. obscenity,

filthiness, smuttiness, bawdry.
OBSCUR, E, Obs-kur, kur, adj. dark, full of darkness, gloomy; dark and deep; diffi-

cult, obscure; private, retired.

OBSCURCIR, Obs-kur-sir, v. a. to darken, bedin, obscure, cloud, eclipse, drown; (la rue) to dim. S'obscureir, v. r. to darken, grow dark or gloomy or overcast, be obscur-ed, or eclipsed, grow clouded.

OBSCURCISSEMENT, obs-kur-sis-men, s. m.

an obscuring or darkening or dimming.

OBSCURÉMENT, adv. obscurely, in the dark.

OBSCURITÉ, ôbs-kû-ri-lå, s. f. obscurity,

darkness, gloominess; (de vue) dimness.
OBSECRATION, Ob-sa-kra-slon, s. f. obse-

cration

OBSÉDER, ob-så-då, v. a. to beset. OBSEQUES, Ob-sek, s. f. pl. obsequies, fu-

neral, funeral rites.

Obsequieu-x, se, adj. obsequious.
Observable, adj. observable.
Observance, ob-ser-vens, s. f. observance or rule (in a monastery;) ceremony,

OBSERVANTIN, s. m. observant or observantin (sort of monk.)

OBSERVAT-EUR, RICE, Ob-ser-va-teur, tris, s. m. & f. observer, observator.
OBSERVATION, Ob-ser-va-sion, s. f. obser-

vance, keeping, remark, observation. Etre en observation devant un port, Mar. to be off a port, watching the enemy's motions within. Faire des observations de distance, Mar. to take lunar observations.

OBSERVATOIRE, Ob-ser-va-twar, s. m. observatory.

OBSERVER, ob-ser-va, v. a. to observe, keep, follow, consider, study, contemplate, watch, spy, eye, have a strict eye over. Qui observe les signaux que fait le général? Mar, who is looking out for the admiral's signals? Nous ne pourons, depuis quinze jours. observer la latitude, Mar. we have not been able to get an observation this fortnight. S'observer, v. r. to look to one's self, be weary or cautious or circumspect. V. Réfléchi.

OBSESSION, Ob-se-sion, s.f. obsession; pos-

session (by an evil spirit.)
OBSIDIONALE, Ob-si-di-o-nal, adj. f. obsidional.

OBSTACLE, Öbs-tåkl, s. m. obstacle, hin-derance, let, rub, impediment, bar. OBSTINATION, Öbs-tl-nå-slon, s. f. obstina-

cy, wilfulness, stubbornness.
OBSTINE, E, obs-tl-na, adj. & s. obstinate, wilful, stiff necked, stubborn, self-willed, wilfully resolved, stiff, firm (in a design,) obstinate or stubborn person.

OBSTINÉMENT, ôbs-tl-nå-mên, adv. obsti-

nately, wilfully, stubbornly, stiffly.
OBSTINER, Obstina, v. a. to make obsti-

nate or stubborn, maintain stiffly, stand out. S'obstiner, v. r. 'o be obstinate or stubborn, be costinately reso red, insist upon. S'obstiner contre quelqu'un to be stiffly bent against one.

OBSTRUCTI-F, VE, Obs-trûk-tif, tiv, adj. obstructive, stopping, that makes a stoppage OBSTRUCTION, Obs-trûk-slon, s. f. obstruc tion, stoppage.

OBSTRUER, v. a. to obstruct.
*OBTEMPÉRER, ob-tên-på-rå, v. n. to ob

temperate, obey.

Obtenie, ob-te-nie, v. n. (like tenie) to OBTENTION, ob-ten-sion, s. f. obtaining.

OBTENU, E, adj. obtained, got, had. OBTUS, E, ob-tů, tůz, adj. obtuse. OBTUSANGLE, adj. obtusangular.

OBUS or OBUSIER, d-bd-zl-d, s. m. howit

zer. OBVENTION, s. f. obvention; ecclesiastical

OBVIER, ôb-vl-å, (à,) v. a. to obviate, prevent, hinder.

OCCASE, s. m. westerly (said only of ampli-

tude, in aztronomy.)
Occasion, ô-ka-zlon, s. f. occasion; opportunity; cause, pretence, reason, matter, handle to do a thing, action or fight. A l'occasion de, on account of, in the behalf of. Prendre l'occasion, to take or improve the opportunity. Par occasion, occasionally

OCCASIONNEL, LE, ô-kå-ziô-nel, adj. oc-

casional.

OCCASIONNELLEMENT, ô-kà-ziô-nêl-mên, adv. occasionally.

OCCASIONNER, ô-kâ-ziô-na, v. a. to occasion, cause.

Occident or à l'occident, western, westerly, west.

OCCIDENTAL, E, ok-si-den-tal, adj. west.

westerly, western, occidental.
OCCIPITAL, R., Ök-sl-pl-tål, adj. occipital.
OCCIPITAL, R., ök-sl-pl-tål, adj. occipital.
*OCCIRE, Ök-slr, v. a. (occisont, occis,) to

slay or kill.
*Occis, E, adj. slain, killed.

*Occusion, s. f. slaughter, murder. Occultation, ô-khi-tà-slon, s. f. occulta-

Occulte, ô-kûlt, adj. occult, secret, hidden. Occupant, E, ô-kû-pên, pênt, s. seizer, possessor, occupier.

OCCUPATION, 8-kd-pa-sion, s. f. occupation, employment, business.

OCCUPER, adj. busy, taken up, employ ed; taken up, possessed, etc.
OCCUPER, d-kd-pa, v. a. to busy or em-

ploy,occupy, possess, be seized or possessed of, take up, hold. Occuper, v.n. to plead. S'occuper, v. r. to be busy, employed or taken up.
Occurrence, o-ku-rens, s. f. occurrence,

ocasion, emergency, accident.
Occurrency, accident.
Occurrency, e., ok-th-th, rent, adj. occurring, accidental, emergent.
Ockan, o-th-th, s. m. ocean. Les ports de l'Ockan, the sea-port towns (in France) situated on the Ocean in consosition to these of ated on the Ocean (in opposition to those of the Mediterranean.

Oceane, d-sa-an, adj. Ex. La mer oceane.

the Ocean

OGRE, ôkr, s. f. ochre. OCTAEDRE, ôk-tâ-êdr, s. f. octoedrical. OCTAÉTÉRIDE, s. f. eight years (*in astro*nomy.)

OCTANT, ok-ten, s. m. Mar. quadrant. *OCTANTE, ok-tent, adj. fourscore, eighty bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, ilg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

*OCTANTIÈME, ôk-ten-tiem, adj. eightieth. OCTAVE, ok-tav, s. f. octave.

OCTAVO, ôk-tã-vô, s. m. octavo.

OCTIA, adj. octile.
OCTOBRE, Ök-jÖbr, s. m. October.
OCTOGENAIRE, Ök-tÖ-zä-ner, adj. & s.
fourscore years old.
OCTOGONE, Ök-tÖ-gön, adj. octangular,

octagonal.

OCTOGONE, s. m. octagon.
OCTRO1, ök-trwå, s. m. grant. Derniers
d'octrci, toll or tax levied to pay city expen-

OCTROYER, ôk-trwå-yå, v. a. to grant. OCTUPLE, adj. cightfold.

OCTUPLER, v. a. to repeat eight times. Oculaire, adj. ocular. Témoin oculaire,

ocular or eye witness OCULAIRE, ô-kû-ler, s. m. or verre oculaire,

eye glass of a telescope.
OCULAIREMENT, ô-kô-lèr-mên, adv. visi-

OCULATREMENT, O-RU-IET-IHER, AUV. VISA-bly, sensibly, plainly, Oculist. Oculist. Oculist. Ocules-Christi, s. m. (sort of flower.) Ode, ôd, s. f. ode. Odeur, ô-dêur, s. f. odour, smell, scent, flavour; reputation, name, fame. Odieusement, ô-dê-de-ne'n, adv. odious-lining of odious manner: maliciously.

ly, in an odious manner; maliciously.
ODIEU-x, se, ô-dl-èu, euz, adj. odious, hateful, heinous.

ODOMETRE, s. in. odometer, instrument for measuring the distance travelled.

ODONTALGIE, s. f. tooth-ache.

ODONTALGIQUE, adj. good for the toothache.

ODORANT, ô-dô-rên. V. Odoriférant. ODORANT, ô-dô-rên. s. odoriférant. ODORAT, ô-dô-râ, s. m. smelling the smell,

one of the natural senses.

ODORIFÉRANT, E, ô-dô-ri-fâ-ren, rent, adj. sweet, sweet-smelling, that smells sweet, 8-d8-rl-få-ren, rem, ragrant, odoriferous, odorous.

CECNOME, etc. V. Econome, etc.

CECUMENICITÉ, s. f. quality of being occu-

menical.

Œcuménique, adj. œcumenical.

Œcuméniquement, adv. in an œcumenicai manner.

ŒDÉMATEU-X, SE, adj. cedematous.

CEDÉMATEU-X, SE, adj. cedematous.

CEILADER, s. m. cedema.

CEIL, éul, s. m. eye; (of plants) bud; (of eloths) gloss, lustre; (of pearts) water; (de la volute) eye; (du mors) eye. CEil de bœuf, (in architecture) oval; (en termes de marine,) ox-eye. A vue d'œil, by the sight, by looking upon; also visibly, plainly. Avoir bon pied, bon œil, to be brak, and vigorous; also to have a watchful eye. V. Yeux, the plural.

CEILLADE, éu-du, s. m. look, cast or glance of the eye; ogle; sheep's eye.

CEILLADER, v. a. to cast a sheep's eye on, ogle.

ogle

ŒILLERE, eu-ler, adj. f. Ex. Les dents œilleres, the eye-teeth.

CILLERE, s. f. eye-flap (of a horse.)
CILLET, eu-le, s. m. pink, eylet-hole.
Cillet d'Inde, African. Cillet de poète, sweet-william.

Eillet, s. m. Mar. eye (spliced on the head of any rope.) Eillet de fer, eye of an iron bolt. Eillet de l'ancre, eye of the anchor. Eillet d'estrop de poulie, eye of a block strop.

Œiliet d'étai, eye of a stay. Œillets de voile, eyelet hoies. Œillets des ris, eyelet holes of the reef bands. C'illets de tournevire, eyes of the messenger.

CEILLETERIE, s. f. spot planted with

pinks or carnations.

ŒILLETON, eul-ton, s. m. young sucker

of a pink or artichoke.

CENAS, s. m. wild pigeon; kind of insect.

CESOPHAGE, d-zô-faz. V. Esophage.

Eur, êuf, s. m. egg. Czijs de poissons, spawn of fishes. Pl. pron. eu.
Euv z, z, êu-vâ, adj. having me.
Euv rz, euvr, s. f. work, workmanship, ded setjen booth or colletie thurch work. deed, action; bezel or collet; church wa den's pew, church reparations or fabrick lands. Œuvre pie, charitable deed, charitable uses. L'œuvre de chair, carnal copulation. Œuvres, (ouvrages d'esprit) works, composures. Œuvres nélées, miscellanies. Maître des œuvres, overseer. Maître des handes œuvres, hangman, executioner. Maître des basses œuvres, nightman; also cleanser of wells. Dans œuvre, (in architecture) without the clear. Hors d'œuvre, m. means also, outwork, digression, out of its place; and by dish, kickshaw. Se jeter hors d'œuvre, to jet out. Reprendre un nur sous œuvre, to underpin a wall. Eurres mortes, Mar. upper works or dead works of a ship (all that part which is above water.) Eurres vives, Mar. quickworks or lower works (all that part which is under water.) Œuvres de marée, graving, calking or repairing of a ship's bottom (when left dry aground during the recess of the tide) called also tide-work. V. Œwre, m.

CEuvre, s. m. (parlant des ouvrages des musiciens or des graveurs) work. Le grand œuvre, the philosopher's stone ; (dans le style soutenu) ce grand œuvre, that great or admira-ble work. Un si grand œuvre, so stupendous a work. Hors d'œuvre, see under Œuvre, f. OFENSANT, F., ô-lên-sên, sênt, adj. offen-sive injurious abusine outrogens

sive, injurious, abusive, outrageous.
Offense, ô-fens, s. f. offence, sin, trespass,

transgression, wrong, injury, abuse, outrage. Offense, s. m. injured party.

Offenser, ofen-sa, v. a. to offend, sin against, wrong, injure, abuse, hurt, wound. S'offenser de, v. r. to be offended or angry at.

OFFENSEUR, &-fen-seur, s. m. injurer, offender. Offensi-F, ve, &-fen-slf, slv, adj. offen-

OFFENSIVEMENT, &-fen-slv-men, adv. of

fensively.

OFFERT, E, adj. offered, etc. V. Offrir.
OFFERTE, ô-fêrt, s. f. offering.
OFFERTOIRE, ô-fêr-twar, s. m. offertory
OFFICE, ô-fis, s. m. office; duty, part, basiness, devoir; pleasure, turn or good turn, service, benefit, kindness, courtesy; place, employment; divine service. Le saint office, the inquisition. Faire une chose d'office, to do a thing of one's own accord.

Office, s. f. office, buttery, pantry.
OFFICIAL, ô-fl-siâl, s. m. official (judge

of a bishop's court.)
OFFICIALITÉ, ô-fi-si-à-li-tà, s. f. officialty.
OFFICIANT, ô-fi-sièn, adj. or s. m. officialty.

official. OFFICIELLEMENT, adv. officially. base, bat : jeune, mêute, beurre : cufant, cent, lien : vm : mon : brun.

OFFICIER, & sl-sla, s. m. officer; (de mai-son) butler. Officier, Mar. Officer. Officier charge du détail, first lieutenant (of a man of war.) Officier de garde, officer of the deck (in harbour.) Officier de quart, officer of the watch (at sea.) Officier de manœuvre, officer (selected from among the lieutenants of a French man of war) to assist the captain on the quarter-deck in time of action. Officier de ronde, officer that rows guard (in a port or elsewhere.) Officiers de port, officers (in a dock yard) appointed to see that the shipping be properly moored, masted, rigged, ballast-ed, etc. V. Rendre. Officiers majors, principal officers (of a fleet or of each particular ship.) Officiers de santé, officers who superintend the affairs relating to quarantine in a

OFFICIER, v. n. to officiate, read the di-

vine service.

Officieusement, d-fi-sièuz-mên. officiously, friendly, courteously, obliging-

ly.
Officieu-x, se, 8-f1-sleu, sleuz, adj. offi-

OFFRAND, different, serviceable, courteous.
OFFRAND, different, s. f. offering, oblation.
OFFRAND, adj. bidder.
Au plus offrant, to the highest bidder.

OFFRE, ôfr, s. f. offer, proffer, tender.
OFFRE, ô-frir, v. a. to offer, tender, profer, bid, expose to view, put or present before

OPFUSQUER, d-fûs-ka, v. a. to dim, darken or cloud, dazzle, eclipse; affront, displease.

OGIVE, Ö-zlv, S. f. ogee (in architecture.) OGNON, Ö-gnon, s. m. cnion, bulbous root. OGNONIÈRE, s. f. spot planted with onions.

OGRE, s. m. ogre (an imaginary monster.) Ex. Il mange comme un ogre, he eats im-moderately.

OH, o, interj. ho! oh!
OH, wh, s. f. goose. Petite oic, giblets, goose giblets; trimmings (as stockings, hat, gloves, to complete a suit of clothes;) also the small favours which a lover receives from his mistress.

*OIGNEMENT, s. m. anointing. OILLE, &, s. f. oglio.

OINDRE, windr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to anoint or grease.

OING, win, s. m. Ex. Vieux oing, hog's grease

OINT, E, win, wint, adj. anointed.
OINT, s. m. Ex. L'oint du Seigneur, the Lord's anointed.

Olseau, wa-zò, s. m. bird, fowl; hawk; (or Augeot) hod. A vol d'oiseau, in a straight line. Plan à rue d'oiseau, bird's eye view.

OISELER, waz-la, v. a. to bring up (a hawk,) to lay snares, etc. (for birds.)

OISELER, v. n. to fowl

*OISELET, s. m. little bird.

OISELEUR, waz-leur, s. m. fowler, birdcatcher.

OISELIER, waz-lia, s. m. bird-seller.

OISELLERIE, wa-zêl-ri, s. f. bird-trade, fowling.

OISEU-x, SE, wa-zeu, zeuz, adj. idle. Olsi-F, ve, wa-zif, zlv, adj. idle; that lies dead or useless

Oisillon, wa-zl-lon, s. m. young or small

OISIVEMENT, adv. idly.

OISIVETÉ, wà-zly-tà, s. f. idleness, sloth. laziness

Oison, wa-zon, s. m. gosling, green or

young goose; also nordle, ninny, simpleton. OLEAGINEU-X, SE, ô-là-à-zì-neu, neuz, adj. oleaginous, oily. Ex. Une liqueur oléagi-

adj. obegginous, ony. Del. One equate occuga-neuse, an oily liquor.

OLEANDRE, s. m. oleander, rose bay-OLFACTI-F, ve, adv. olfactory.

OLFACTOIRE, ôl-fâk-twâr, adj. olfactory.

OLIGARCHIE, ô-fl-gâr-shl, s. f. oligarchy.

OLIGARCHIQUE, ô-fl-gâr-shlk, adj. oligar-

chical.

OLIM, adj. formerly. OLINDE, s. f. a sword-blade.

OLINDER, v.a. to fence, fight with a sword.

OLINDEUR, s. m. bully, hector. OLIVAISON, &-ll-ve-zon, s. f. crop of olives, clive season.

OLIVÂTRE, ô-Îl-vâtr, adj. olive-coloured.
OLIVE, ô-Îlv, s. f. olive; olive-tree. Olives
(sorte d'embouchure) olive bit.
OLIVET, ô-Îl-vê, s. m. olive yard.
OLIVETTE, ô-Îl-vê, s. f. dance (after the olives are gathered.)

OLIVIER, & Il-via, s. m. olive-tree.
OLOGRAPHE, & Il-ora, adj. Ex. Testament olographe, holograph (a will written with the testator's own hand.)

OLYMPE, Ö-linp, a. m. aky, heaven. OLYMPIADE, Ö-lin-piid, s.Olympiad(space of four years among the Grecians.) OLYMPIEN, NE, Ö-lin-pien, pien, adj.

Olympian.

OLYMPIQUE, ô-lin-pîk, adj. Ex. Les jeux Olympiques, the Olympic games. OMBELLIE, on-bêl, s. f. umbel. OMBELLIFÈRE, on-bêl-fî-fêr, adj. umbel-

liferous.

Ombilic, on-bi-lik, s. m. navel. Ombilical, e, on-bi-li-kal, adj. umbilical. OMBRAGE, on-braz, s. m. shade, shady place; umbrage, suspicion, jeakousy, distrust or mistrust.

OMBRAGER, on-bra-za, v. a. to shade or shadow.

OMBRAGEU-X, SE, on-bra-rèu, rèus, adj. staring, apt to start, skittish; suspicious, distrustful or mistrustful; jealous.

OMBRE, order, s. f. shadow or shade; protection, patronage; colour, pretence; shadow, appearance; sign. figure shadow; shadow. appearance; sign, figure, shadow; shade, ghost, spirit; (poisson) gray ling. Les ombres de la nuit, the shades or darkness of the night. Ombres, (in painting) shadows, shadows, or V. Hamber night. Ombres, (in shadowing. V. Hombre.

OMBRER, on-bra, v. a. to shadow

OMBREU-X, SE, on-breu, breuz, adj. shady.

OMELETTE, 5m-let, s. f. omelet.
OMETTE, 5m-let, s. f. omelet.
OMETTE, 6-metr, v. a. (like mettre) to
omit, pass by or over; forgot or leave out,
take no notice of.

OMIS, E, adj. omitted, passed by, forgot-

ten, left out, etc.
OMISSION, d-ml-slon, s. f. omission, neglect OMNISCIENCE, s. f. omniscience

OMOPLATE, ò-mò-plat, s.m. shoukler-blade

OMPHALOPTRE, adj. omphaloptick.
OMRAS, s. m. title of the lords belonging to the court of the Mogul.

On, on, (a contraction of homme into hom and then on; or of l'homme, l'hom and l'on) man, any man, one, any person, somebody

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

any body, every body, men, people, they, we, a woman, women, etc. This on or Pon which is considered an indeterminate pronoun, is always singular in French, and only used in the nominative. It is often repeated in comthe nominative. It is often repeated in com-plex phrases, but care must be taken that the repetition does not refer to different persons from the first on. This is particularly em-ployed to avoid the passive form. V. Reflechi. As on or l'on (the V being added for the sake of exphony) is indeterminate, it must be readered indeterminately in English, Ex. On the control of the control of the control of the diff, people say, they say, it is said. On the parte, somebody speaks to him (or to her.) he (or she) is spoken to. Qu'en diract-or, what will the world say about it? Se maquer du qu'en dira-t-on, être audessus du qu'en dira-t-on, not to care what the world will say.
On dit et l'on assure que, people say and assure that. On ne me persuadera jamais le contraire, nobody will ever persuade me to the contrary. Quand on s'est écarté du sentier de la vertu, on doit tâcher d'y rentrer, when one has deviated from the path of virtue, he (or she) ought to endeavour to get into it again. On a souvent besoin d'un plus petit que soi, one has often need of his inferiour's assistance. On peut être belle, et par son affectation, se faire mépriser, a woman may be hand-some, and yet make herself despised through her affectation.

ONAGRE, s. m. wild ass; ancient warlike

engine.
Onc, onk, adv. V. Jamais. Oncz, ons, s. f. ounce : lynx, ounce. once de sens commun, a grain of sense

ONCLE, onkl, s. m. uncle. Oncle à la mode de Bretagne, cousin once removed.

*Oncques, V. Jamais.

ONCTION, onk-sion, s. f. unction.

ONCTUBUSEMENT, adv. with unction.

ORCTUEU-X, se, onk-tů-èu, èuz, adj. unctnous, oily.

ONCTUOSITÉ, onk-tů-ô-zî-tå, s. f. unctuosity. ONDE, ond, s. f. wave, surge, billow; water

ide; undulation, undulating ray; (du bois) grain. Camelot à ondes, watered camelot. Onde, x, adi, undulated, made in fashion of waves, watered (speaking of suffs,) grained (speaking of wood,) wavy or waving (in beraldry.)
OND iz, on-da, s. f. shower.

ONDOIEMENT, s. m. private baptism.

ONDOYANT, E, adj. waving, undulary, undulatory.

ONDOVE, E, adj. sprinkled or christened,

or baptized privately.
Ondover, on-dwa-ya, v. n. to rise in waves, swell with waves or billows, undulate, wave, wave to and fro. Ondoyer, v. a. to sprinkle or christen or baptize (a child) privately.

ONDULATION, on-du-la-slon, s. f. undulation.

ONDULATOIRE, adj. undulatory.

ONDULER, V. n. to undulate.
ONDULEU-X, SE, V. Ondoyant.
ONERAIRE, 8-na-rer, adj. Ex. Tuteur one-

ure, guardian in trust. Oneneu-x, se, ô-na-rèu, rèuz, adj. bur-

densome, heavy, hard, chargeable.
ONGLE, ongl, s. m. nail (of a finger or toe;) claw. Boire la goutte sur l'ongle or hoire rubis sur l'ongle, to drink supernaculum

ORGLE, E, adj. armed (in heraldry.) ONGLEE, on-gla, s. f. whitlow; numbress

at the finger's ends (caused by cold.)
ONGLET, on-gie, s. m. sharp graver; (*book binding) guard; lower part of a peta.

Onguent, on-gan, s. m. salve, ointment. Onirocritie, ô-ni-rô-kri-si, s. f. interpretation of dreams.

ONIROCRITIQUE, ô-nî-rô-krî-trîk, adj. & s. m. oneirocritical, oneirocritick.

ONIROCRITIQUE, s. m. oneirocriticism.

act of interpreting dreams.

ONOCROTALE, s.m. fenny bird larger than a goose, pelican. Омоматория, д-nd-må-td-på, s. f. onoma-

topæia. On Ques, V. Jamais.

ONTOLOGIE, s. f. ontology. ONYx, 8-niks, s. m. onyx

Onze, onz, adj. eleven, (in dates) eleventh Before onze the final consonant is never pro-nounced, nor the vowel cut off.

ONZE, s. m. eleven. Le onze du mois.

Onzième, on-ziem, adj. eleventh. Onzième, s. m. eleventh part. V. obs. at onze which applies also to onzième.

ONZIEMENENT, on-zlèm-men, adv. eleventhly, in the eleventh place.

OPACITÉ, ô-pâ-sì-là, s. f. opacity. OPALE, s. f. opal. OPAQUE, ô-pâk, adj. opaque. OPÉRA, ô-pà-rà, s. m. (It takes no s in the olural) opera; opera-house; master-piece; hard matter.

OPÉRATEUR, ô-på-rå-teur, s. m.(in surgery) operator; empirick, quack.
Or ERATION, ô-pa-ra-sion, s. f. operation,

action, working, effect.
OPERATRICE, 0-pa-ra-tris, s.f. she-empirick. OPÉRER, ô på rå, v. a. to operate, work or

OPES, s. m. holes in a wall of a house that is repairing for scaffolding.

OPHTHALMIE, ôf-tâl-mi, s. f. ophthalmy.

OPHTHALMIQUE, ôf-tâl-mik, adj. ophthal-

OPIAT, s. m. or OPIATE, 8-pl-At, s. f. opiate. OPILATI-F, VE, ô-pî-lâ-tîf, tiv, adj. oppilative, obstructive.

LIVE, ODSTRUCTIVE.

OPILATION, Ö-pl-lå-slom, s. f. oppilation.

OPILER, Ö-pl-nån, v. a. to obstruct.

OPINART, Ö-pl-nån, s. m. voter.

OPINAR, Ö-pl-nå, v. n. to opine, vote, give in one's vote m opinion.

OPINIÂTRE, Ö-pl-nlåtr, adj. & s. oppilative, obstinate, stubborn, wilful, stiff, sell-will-del, heady: opiniator, obstinate man or woman.

ed, heady; opiniator, obstinate man or woman.
OPINIATRÉ, E, adj. obstinate, obstinately maintained.

maintained.

Opiniâtrement, ô-pi-niâ-trâ-mên, adv. obstinately, wilfully, stiffly, stubbornly.

Opiniâtrem, ô-pi-niâ-trâ, v. a. obstinately to maintain, be stiff or obstinate in; make stubborn. S'opiniâtrer, v. r. to be obstinate or stubborn, be hent or obstinately resolved.

Opiniâtrement, ô-pi-niâtr-th, s. f. obstina cv. stubbornpess. headiness. stiffuess in opi-

cy, stubbornness, headiness, stiffness in opinion, wilfulness.

OPINION, 8-pl-nlon, s. f. opinion, mind, thought, sentiment, belief; vote, conceit, thoughts.

OPIUM, 8-plom, s. m. opium.

OPOBALSAMUM, s. m. opobalsamum

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

OPOPONAX, s. m. opoponax (sort of gum.) OPPORTUN, E, ô-pôr-tôn, tôn, adj. oppor-tune, convenient, seasonable, favourable.

*OPPORTUNITÉ, d-por-ta-ni-tà, s. f. oppor-

tunity, convenient time.

OPPOSANT, 0-pd-zen, s. m. opponent.

OPPOSANT, E, d-pô-zen, zeni, adj. & s. one that accepts or protests against an order of the court.

Opposés, E, d-pd-zh, adj. opposed, set against, etc. opposite, contrary. Bordées opposées, Mar. contrary tacks.

Oppose, s. m. opposite, contrary.
Opposer, d-pd-za, v. a. to oppose, set against, object, allege, put in competition, set in balance against. S'opposer à, v. r. to oppose, hinder, set, set one's self against.

*Opposite, ô-pô-zit, adj. & s. f. opposite, contrary. A l'opposite de, opposite to, over

against.

OPPOSITION, 8-pô-zì-sion, s. f. opposition, hinderance; rub, stop, obstacle, contrariety, disagreement; (in law) exception, protesta-

OPPRESSER, ô-prê-så, v. a. to oppress,

overload, stifle.

OPPRESSEUR, ô-pre-seur, s. m. oppressor. OPPRESSION, ô-pre-sion, s. f. oppression.

OPPRIMER, O-pri-mā, v. a. to oppress.
OPPROBRE, Ö-pribn, s. m. reproach, ignomisy, shame, blemish, disgrace, opprobrum.
OPTATIF, Öp-ta-tif, s. m. optative, optative sand. V. Subjenctif.

Огтек, бр. ц., v. a. to choose. Огтісієн, бр. ц. siën, s. m. optician. Огтімізме, бр. ц. mism, s. m. optimism. Огтімізтк, бр. ц. mism, s. m. optimist.

OPTION, op-slon, s. f. option, choice.

OPTIQUE, op-tik, adj. optick, pertaining to sight.

OPTIQUE, s. f. optick.

Opulennent, ô-pô-là-mên, adv. opulent-ly, plentifully, richly.

Opulence, ô-pô-lêns, s. f. opulence,

wealth, riches.

OPULENT, E, ô-pô-lên, lênt, adj. opulent, wealthy, rich.

OPUSCULE, d-pas-kal, s. m. little book; small piece.

OR, or, s. m. gold, golden coin; or (in heraldry.) Siècle d'or, golden age.
OR, conj. now, but. Or çd, now or well

now.

ow. Or sus, come on.
ORACLE, ô-raki, s. m. oracle.
ORAGE, ô-raz, s. m. storm, tempest, broils,

troubles (in a state.) ORAGEU-X, SE, Ö-rå-zeu, zeuz, adj. stormy,

tempestuous.

ORAISON, ô-rê-zon, s. f. oration, speech, harangue; prayer, collect. Parties d'oraison, parts of speech. Oraisons funèbres, funeral

ORAL, E, &-ral, adj. oral.

ORANGE, ô-rênz, s. f. orange. ORANGÉ, E, ô-rên-zh, s. f. & adj. orange-

coloured, orange-colour.
ORANGEADE, ô-rên-zad, s. f. sherbet, sort

ORANGEAU,

ORANGEAT, Ö-rèn-zh, s. m. orange-peel.

ORANGER, Ö-rèn-zh, s. m. orange-tree.

ORANGERIE, Ö-rènz-ri, s. f. orangery.

ORATEUR, Ö-rè-tèur, s. m. orator, spokes-

man; speaker

ORATOIRE, d-ra-twar, adi, oratorical, of or belonging to an orator.

ORATOIRE, s. m. oratory.

ORATOIREMENT, 6-ra-twar-men. orator-like, like an orator, rhetorically, eloquently.

ORBE, orb, s. m. orb, orbit. ORBE, adj. Ez. Comp orbe, heavy olow, contusion.

ORBICULAIRE, or-bi-ku-ler, adj. orbicular. round.

ORBICULAIREMENT, or-bi-ko-ler-men.

adv. orbicularly.
ORBITE, ôr-blt, s. f. (d'une planète) orbit. (de l'æil) socket

ORCADES, or-kad, s. f. pl. Orkney-islands. ORCAPÈTE, s. f. orchanet (a plant.)
ORCHÉSOGRAPHIE, s. f. art and descrip

tion of dancing.

ORCHESTIQUE, s. f. art of dancing and throwing off the tennis-ball.

ORCHESTRE, or-kestr, s. f. or m. orchestra.

ORCHIS, s. m. sort of plant. *ORD, E, adj. filthy, nasty. ORDALIE, s. f. ordeal.

ORDINAIRE, adj. ordinary, common, usual, wonted, vulgar, indifferent; in ordinary ORDINAIRE, or-di-ner, s. m. common way common, ORDINAIRE, Or-di-ner, s. m. colamon way or practice, custom; (dioceam bishop) ordinary; ordinary, eating-house; commons; post, courier. L'ordinaire des guerres, the fund established to pay the troops. Or linaires, (des femmes) monthly courses. D'ordinaire, pour l'ordinaire, commonly, usually, ordinairly, most commonly, generally, most times, mostly. A l'ordinaire, at the old rate, at the payal rate as hefore as formerly. at the usual rate, as before, as formerly.

ORDINAIREMENT, or-di-ner-men, adv. commonly, usually, ordinarily, generally, most commonly.

ORDINAL, E, or-di-nal, adj. ordinal Ex. Les nombres ordinaux, the ordinal numbers. ORDINAND, s. m. one who applies for or-

ders ORDINANT, or-di-nen, s. m. bishop who

confers holy orders. ORDINATION, Or-di-na-sion, s. f. ordina-

ORDONNANCE, ordoners, s. f. ordinance. decree, order, law, statute; ordonnance, order; (de payer une somme) order, warrant; (d'un médecin) prescription. Habit d'ordonnance, uniform, regimentals. Compagnies Ordonnan-

d'ordonnance, free companies. Ordonnan-ces de la marine, regulations of the navy. OR DONNATEUR, or-do-na-teur, s. m. order-

ORDONNALEUR, Or-do-na, v. a. to set in order, dispose; to order, enjoin, command; to prescribe; to order, enjoin, command; to prescribe; to order, enjoin, confer holy orders. Ordon ner d'une chose, to dispose of a thing, have

the disposal or command of a thing.

ORDRE, ordr, s. m. order, disposition, command, method, warrant, ordinary course, rate, rank; orders, word (of command.) Made en order, disordered, out of order. En sous ordre, in subordination to another, subordinately. Ordre, Mar. Ordre de bataille, order of battle. Ordre de croissant, line of battle formed in the shape of a crescent or half moon. Ordre de front de bandière, line of battle abreast at half a cable's length. Ordre renrersé, line inverted. Ordre de marche,

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: fleld, rig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

order of sailing. Ordre de marche en échiquier, bow and quarter line. Ordre de retraite, order of retreat. On a donné à l'ordre que l'escadre se tint toujours prête à mettre sous voile, orders are given for the fleet to keep in constant readiness for sailing.

ORDURE, ôr-dùr, s. f. fikh, dirt, dust, excrements, matter, fithy stuff, lewdness, filthiness, dishonesty, filthy or smutty expression.

Ordures, (balayures) sweepings.
ORDURIER, ôr-dô-ria, s. m. dust-basket;
also obscene talker or writer.

*OR £E, ô-ra, s. f. border or skirts of a wood or forest.

OREILLARD, E, adj. V. Orillard.
OREILLE, orel, s. f. ear; (de livre) dog's
ear; (de soulier) latchet. Oreille d'ours, auricula. Avoir les oreilles délicates, to be touchy or exceptious. Vin à une oreille, good wine. Vin à deux oreilles, bad wine.

Vin à deux oreilles, bad wine.

Oreilles, s. f. pl. Mar. Oreilles d'une ancre,

flukes of an anchor. Oreilles d'ane, kevels

(for belaying the tacks and sheets.) Oreille de lieure or à tiers point, lateen sail.

OREILLER, ò-rè-là, s. m. pillow.
OREILLETTE, ò-rè-lèt, s. f. wire in a women's ear; rag put behind a chid's ear. Oncillettes du cœur, auricles of the heart.

OREILLONS, ô-rê-lon, s. m. pl. imposthume

or swelling about the ears, mumps.

ORÉMUS, s. m. orison, collect, prayer.
OREMUS, s. m. orison, collect, prayer.
ORFEVRE, ôr-fêvr, s. m. goldsmith.
ORFEVRERIE, ôr-fê-vrê-rl, s. f. goldsmith's

trade or ware.
ORFRAIE, or-fre, s. f. osprey.
ORFROI, or-frwa, s. m. broad welts of gold,

Silver embroidery.
ORGANE, or-gan, s. m. organ, means, instrument.

ORGANEAU, s. m. Mar. ring (of an anchor,

Organique, ôr-gå-nik, adj. organical. Organisation, ôr-gå-ni-zå-sion, s. f. or-

ganization. ORGANISER, or-ga-ni-za, v. a. to organize.
Sorganiser, v. r. to be or become organized.
ORGANISTE, or-ga-nist, s. m. organist.

ORGANSIN, s. m. twisted silk.

ORGANSINER, v. a. to twist twice, pass twice through the twisting mill.

ORGASME, s. m. orgasm. ORGE, orz, s. f. barley. Futaine à grains

d'orge, napped fustian.

Orge, s. m. Ex. Orge mondé, cleaned bar-ley. Orge perlé, hulled barley. Orge perlé, hulled barley. Orgeat, drink made of water, sugar, and almonds.

ORGIES, or-zl, s. f. pl. orgies.

OROUE, s. m. Orgues, org, s. f. organ, pair of organs. Orgues à eau, water-organs. Orgues a eau, water-organs. Orgues, port-cullis; Mar. scuppers or scupper holes.

Orguzil, or-geul, s. m. pride, haughtiness, vanity, presumption, loftiness, arrogance. Noble orgueil, noble spirit.

ORGUEILLEUSEMENT, Orgeu-kuz-mên, adv. proudly, lohily, haughtily, arrogantly.
ORGUEILLEU-x, se, or-geu-keu, keuz, adj.

& s. proud, haughty, arrogant, presumptuous, lofty; proud man or woman.

OBIENT, d-rien, s. m. east. Vers l'orient,

ORIENTAL, E, ô-rièn-tâl, adj. oriental, east, eastern. Les crientaux, s. m. pl. the eastern nations.

ORIENTÉ, E, adj. that faces the east, placed eastward, situated towards the east. carte bien orientée, a map exactly drawn.
ORIENTER, ò-rien-ta, v. a. to set towards

the east, to mark the east upon. S'orienter, v. r. to find out the east of the place a man is in, to consider where one is; consider the

matter in every point of view.

Orienter, v. a. Mar. to brace up, trim. Orienter les voiles, to trim the sails. Les roiles d'avant sont mal orientées, the head sails are badly trimmed. Notre vaisseau oriente bien, our ship's yards brace up very sharp. Oriente au plus pres partout, trim all sharp fore and ast. Oriente le grand hunier, brace up the main-yard.

ORIFICE, &-rl-fls, s. m. orifice, opening. hole.

ORIFLAMME, ô-rì-flàm, s. f. oriflamo. ORIGAN, ô-rì-gàn, s. m. origan. ORIGINAIRE, ô-rì-zì-nèr, adj. originally come from.

ORIGINAIREMENT, ô-rî-2î-nêr-mên, adv. originally, primitively.
ORIGINAL, E, 6-ri-21-nall, adj. original,

ORIGINAL, s. m. original, pattern, model;
ORIGINAL, s. m. original. Savoir une chose
man. an original. d'original, to have a thing from the first hand. ORIGINALEMENT, adv. in an original

ORIGINALITÉ, d-rl-2l-nå-ll-tå, s. f. origi-

nalness, originality.
ORIGINE, &-rl-zln, s. f. origin, original.

beginning, first rise, pedigree, extraction, cause, occasion, etymology.

ORIGINEL, E, ô-rl-zl-nêl, adj. original.

ORIGINELLEMENT, d-ri-zl-nel-men, adv.

originally, from the beginning.
ORILLARD, E, &-ri-lar, lard, adj. that has long ears or that flaps his ears (speaking of a horse.)

ORILLONS, s. m. pl. kind of casemate (in fortification.) Ecuelle à orillons, eared porringer V. Oreillons.

ORIN, s. m. buoy rope.

ORIOR, S. m. Duoy rope.
ORIOR, G-rion, S. m. Orion (constellation.)
ORIPEAU, Ö-ri-ph, S. m. brass leaf, tiusel.
ORLE, S. m. orl (in heraldry.)
ORME, örm, S. m. elm.

ORMEAU, ôr-mô, s. m. young elm.

ORMILLE, s.f. bed or nursery of young elms. ORMIN, s. m. sort of clary (an herb.)

ORMOIE, or-mwa, s. f. elm plot.

ORNE, orn, s. m. wild ash. ORNEMENT, orn-men, s. m. ornament, set off, finery, dress, attire, grace, set off, beauty, commendation, flourish, figure, embellishment. Ornemens de la poulaine, Mar. mouldings or carved work of the head.

ORNER, or-na, v. a. to adorn, set off, trim

up, grace, beautify, attire; embellish.

ORKIERE, δr-nler, s. f. rut of a wheel.

ORNITHOGALE, s. f. star of Bethlehem (a flower.)

ORNITHOLOGIE, s. f. ornithology. ORNITHOLOGISTE, s. m. ornithologist.

OROBANCHE, s. f. choke-vetch or weed, strangle-weed, broom-rape.

ORPHELIN, E. orf lin, lin, s. m. & f. orphan.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ORPHELINAGE, s. m. orphanage.

ORPIMENT or ORPIN, or-pin, s. m. (mine-

rul) orpiment; (plant) orpine.

ORRE, Mar. luff (in the dialect of Pro-

rence and Italy.)

ORT, s. m. Ex. Feser ort, to weigh with the packing-cloth.
ORTELL, Or-tel, s. m. great toe.
ORTEODOR, Or-to-doks, adj. & s. orthodox. ORTHODOXIE, or-to-dok-sl, s. f. orthodoxy.

ORTHODROMIE, S. f. orthodromy.
ORTHOGONAL, E, adj. orthogonal.
ORTHOGRAPHE, or-to-graf, s. f. orthogra-

phy, spelling.
ORTHOGRAPHIE, s. f. orthography.
ORTHOGRAPHIER, or-to-gra-fla, v. a. to

spell, write correctly.

ORTHOGRAPHIQUE, or-to-gra-fik, adj. orthographical.

ORTHOGRAPHISTE, s. m. orthographer. ORTHOPNÉE, s. f. orthopnæa.

ORTIE, or-u, s. f. nettle.

"ORTIER, v. a. to hettle.

ORTIVE, adj. f. ortive, easterly (speaking of amplitude.)

ORTOLAN, ôr-tô-lên, s. m. ortolan. ORVALE, s. f. clary (sort of herb.) ORVIETAN, ôr-via-tên, s. m. orvietan.

Os, o, s. m. bone. Il ne fera pas de vieux os, he will not live long, he will die young.
Oscillation, o-sli-la-slon, s. f. oscillation.

OSCILLATOIRE, ô-sh-là-twar, adj. oscilla-

Osciller, ö-sil-lå, v. n. to move backward and forward like a pendulum.
Os £, E, ò-za, adj. bold, daring.

Oser, o-za, v.a. & n. to dare, be so bold as to. OSERAIE, oz-re, s. f. willow-plot.

OSIER, ô-zia, s. m. osier, water-willow,

twig of ozier.
OSMONDE ROYALE, s. f. sort of plant. OSSELET, os-le, s. m. small or little bone,

cockle; tumour on a horse's leg.
OSSEMENS, Øs-mėn, s. m. pl. bones.
OSSEMENS, Øs-mėn, s. m. pl. bones.
OSSEMENS, Sch. selu, selu, adj. bony.
OSSIFICATION, Ø-3-11-ka-slon, s. f. ossifica-

tion.

Ossifier, & sl-fl-å, (s') v. r. to ossify. Ossifrague, & sl-fråg, s. m. ossifrage. Ossu, e, &-så, så, adj. bony, full of bones,

large-boned.

*Ost, ost, s. m. host, army.

Ostensible, os-ten-sibl, adj. Ex. Lettre
murpose to be ostensible, letter written on purpose to be

OSTENSIBLEMENT, adv. ostensibly.
OSTENTATEUR, adj. & s. m. proud, boast-

ing.
OSTENTATION, Os-ten-ta-sion, s. f. ostentation, boasting, vain-glory, bragging, vaunt-ing, cracking, parade.

OSTE, s. f. Mar. sort of brace used to stea-

dy a lateen yard. OSTEOCOLE, Osta-O-kol, s. f. osteocolla.

OSTÉOLOGIE, Os-tà-O-lô-zi, s. f. osteology. OSTRACÉ, E, adj. ostraceous. OSTRACISME, os-trà-sism, s. m. ostracism.

OSTRACITE, s. f. ostracités.

OSTRILIN, s. m. easterling, people who live east of England.

OSTROGOT, Ös-trö-gö, s. m. out-landish man; barbarian; Ostrogoths or Eastern-goths. FF

OTAGE, ô-tâz, s. m. hostage. lage, cautionary towns.
OTALGIE, ô-tâl-zì, s. f. ear-ache. Villes d'o-

OTE, E, adj. taken, put away, removed, etc. also save, except, but.
OTER, 6-th, v. n. to take away, remove, ett off, diminish, curtail, rob, deprive, bereave, fetch out, cure, get out, beat out, take off, pull off. S'ôter, to get off, get away, remove, get out of.

Oter, v. a. Mar. Oter la fourrure d'un cable, to take the service off a cable. Ote les cabrions de la batterie, unquoin the guns. Ote les élinguets, take out the pawls. Ote les barres des sabords, unbar the ports. Oter du monde à un bâtiment, to take away men from a ship. Oter à un officier le commandement d'une escadre, to deprive an officer of the command of a squadron. Le mût de misaine étant trop porté de l'avant, nous ôte de la marche, our foremast standing too far forward

which, to what, to which, de. Doù, whence, by which; also which way. Partout ou, wherever. Par où va-t-on à? which is the way to? Où suis-je? where am I? Où alway to 1 Ou setting! whither do you go? La prison où il fut mis, the prison wherein he was put. Où me réduisez-rous? what do you reduce me to? D'où êtes-vous? what countryman are you?

OUAICHE, wesh, s. m. Mar. track or wake of a ship.) Tirer un vaisseau en ouaiche. (of a ship.)

to tow a ship.

*OUALLE, deal, s. f. sheep (speaking of a Christian in regard to his pastor.)

OUAIS, we, interj. hey-day!
OUATE. do-at, s. f. wad, wadding (to line

garments.)

OUATER, ĉo-â-ta, v. a. to furnish or stuff with wadding.
OUBLI, do-bli, s. m. forgetfulness, oblivion

Mettre en oubli, to forget.

*OUBLIANCE, s. f. forgetfulness.

OUBLIE, do-bli, s. f. wafer.

OUBLIE, E, adj. forgot, forgotten, out of one's mind or memory, etc. a'so out, left out.
OUBLIER, ôo-bli-a, v. a. to forget, neglect.

leave behind, leave out, omit, be wanting in The very benind, sewe out, only, he wanting in Cublier and Fonest, to forget one's self, grow proud. S'oublier, v. r. to forget one's self, forget one's promises, he forgotten.

OUBLIETTES, Oo-bilet, s. f. pl. dungeon.

OUBLIETTES, Oo-bilet, s. m. one who makes and wands was fore.

makes and vends wafers

OUBLIEU-X, SE, do-bil-eu, euz, adj. forgetful, unmindful, apt to forget.

getful, unmindful, apt to lorget.

OUEST, \(\delta\)-cist, s. m. west. D'ouest, westerly. De l'ouest, \(\delta\) l'ouest, western. Le plus \(\delta\) l'ouest, western. Vent \(\delta\) l'ouest, western ward. Vent \(d'\) ouest, westerly wind.

OUF, \(\delta\) of, interj. (of \(\rho\) uin) oh!

OUI, \(\delta\), \(\delta\) old, adv. yes; ay. Cela est-it vrai? is that true? out, yes. On lui dit que out or \(\quad qu'\) out, he was told so. Je crois que out or \(\quad qu'\) out, l believe so. It a dit telle chose, out? he said such a thing, is it true? or \(\rho\) os sible? of \(\quad \text{dit}\) of id he so? sible? or did he so?

Out, s.m. yes. Le oui et le Out, E, (from Outr) heard. Le oui et le non.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleid, rig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

order of sailing. Ordre de marche en échiquier, bow and quarter line. Ordre de retraite, order of retreat. On a donné à l'ordre que l'escadre se tint toujours prête à mettre sous voile, orders are given for the fleet to

where your, orders are given for the neet to keep in constant readiness for sailing.

ORDURE, or-dor, s. f. filth, dirt, dust, excrements, matter, fithy stuff, lewdness, filthiness, dishonesty, filthy or smutty expression.

Ordures, (balayures) sweepings.

ORDURIER, or-do-rih, s. m. dust-basket;
also obscene talker or writer.

*OREE, &-ra, s. f. border or skirts of a wood or forest.

OREILLARD, E, adj. V. Orillard.
OREILLE, ö-rel, s. f. ear; (de livre) dog's
ear; (de soulier) latchet. Oreille d'ours, auricula. Aroir les oreilles délicates, to be touchy Vin à deux oreilles, bad wine.

Vin à deux oreilles, bad wine.

Oreilles, s. f. pl. Mar. Oreilles d'une ancre, kayels

Oreilles, s. f. pl. Mar. Oreilles d'une carer, fukes of an anchor. Oreilles d'âne, kevels (for belaying the tacks and sheets.) Oreille de lieure or à tiers point, lateen sail.

OREILLER, ò-rè-lèt, s. f. wire in a women's ear; rag put behind a child's ear.

OREILLOR, ò-rè-lon, s. m. pl. imposthume excelling about the ear. Purite parties and the ear.

or swelling about the ears, mumps.

ORÉMUS, s. m. orison, collect, prayer.
ORFÈVRE, òr-fèvr, s. m. goldsmith.
ORFÈVRERIE, òr-fè-vrè-ri, s. f. goldsmith's

trade or ware.

ORFRAIR, or-fre, s. f. osprey. ORFROI, or-frwa, s. m. broad welts of gold,

silver embroidery.

ORGANE, Or-gan, s. m. organ, means, instrument.

ORGANEAU, s. m. Mar. ring (of an anchor, etc.)

ORGANIQUE, or-gå-nik, adj. organical. ORGANISATION, Or-ga-nl-za-slon, s. f. or-

ganization.

Organiser, v. r. to be or become organized.
ORGANISTE, or-ga-nist, s. m. organist.

ORGANSIN, s. m. twisted silk.

ORGANSINER, v. a. to twist twice, pass twice through the twisting mill. ORGASME, s. m. orgasm. ORGE, orz, s. f. barley. Futaine à grains

d'orge, napped fustian.
Orge, s. m. Ex. Orge mondé, cleaned bar-ley. Orge perlé, hulled barley.

ORGEADE, s. f. or ORGEAT, ôr-zh, s. m. orgeat, drink made of water, sugar, and almonds.

ORGUE, år.zl, s. f. pl. orgies.
ORGUE, s. m. Orgues, årg, s. f. organ, pair
of organs. Orgues à cau, water-organs. Orgues, port-cullis; Mur. scuppers or scupper
holes.

ORGUEIL, Or-geul, s. m. pride, haughtiness, vanity, presumption, lostiness, arrogance. Noble orgueil, noble spirit.

ORGUEILLEUSEMENT, ör-gêu-kuz-mên, adv. proudly, loftily, haughtily, arrogantly.
ORGUEILLEU-X, SE, or-gêu-ku, kuz, adj.

& s. proud, haughty, arrogant, presumptu-ous, lofty; proud man or woman.

enstward.

Orient, & rien, s. m. east. Vers l'orient,

ORIENTAL, E, ô-rien-tâl, adj. oriental, east, eastern. Les crientaux, s. m. pl. the eastern nations.

ORIENTÉ, E, adj. that faces the east, placed eastward, situated towards the east.

carte bien oriente, a map exactly drawn.
ORIENTER, ö-rièn-tà, v. a. to set towards
the east, to mark the east upon. S'orienter, v. r. to find out the east of the place a man is in, to consider where one is; consider the

matter in every point of view.

Orienter, v. a. Mar. to brace up, trim. Orienter les roiles, to trim the sails. Les roiles d'avant sont mai orientées, the head sails are badly trimmed. Notre vaisseau oriente bien, our ship's yards brace up very sharp. Oriente au plus près partout, trim all sharp sore and ast. Oriente le grand hunier, brace up the main-yard.

ORIFICE, &-rl-fls, s. m. orifice, opening, hole.

ORIFIAMME, ô-rl-flàm, s. f. oriflamo. ORIGAN, ô-rl-gha, s. m. origan. ORIGINAIRE, ô-rl-2l-nèr, adj. originally come from.

ORIGINAIREMENT, 8-rl-21-ner-men, adv. originally, primitively.
ORIGINAL, E, & rl-2l-2l, adj. original,

first, primitive.

ORIGINAL, s. m. original, pattern, model; singular man, an original. Savoir use chose d'original, to have a thing from the first hand. ORIGINALEMENT, adv. in an original

ORIGINALITÉ, ô-rì-zì-nà-lì-tà, s. f. origi-

nalness, originality.
ORIGINE, 6-ri-2ln, s. f. origin, original.

beginning, first rise, pedigree, extraction, cause, occasion, etymology.

ORIGINEL, E, Ö-rl-zl-nel, adj. original. ORIGINELLEMENT, d-rl-zl-nel-men, adv.

originally, from the beginning.
ORILLARD, E, ô-ri-lar, lard, adj. that has long ears or that flaps his ears (speaking of a

horse.) ORILLONS, s. m. pl. kind of casemate (In retification.) Ecuelle dorillons, eared porrinfortification.) Ecu-ger. V. Oreillons.

ORIN, s. m. buoy rope.

ORION, 6-rion, s. m. Orion (constellation.)
ORIPEAU, 6-ri-po, s. m. brass leaf, tiusel.
ORLE, s. m. orl (in heraldry.)

ORME, ôrm, s. m. elm.

ORMEAU, ôr-mò, s. m. young elm.

ORMELLS, s.f. bed or nursery of young elms.
ORMILLS, s.f. bed or nursery of young elms.
ORMIN, s. m. sort of clary (an herb.)
ORMOIE, örnway, s. f. elm plot.
ORNE, örn, s. m. wild ash.
ORNEMENT, örn-mön, s. m. ornament, set

off, finery, dress, attire, grace, set off, beauty, commendation, flourish, figure, embellishment. Ornemen de la poulaine, Mar. mouldings or carved work of the head.

ORNER, or-na, v. a. to adorn, set off, trim

up, grace, beautify, attire; embellish.

ORKIÈRE, δr-nler, s. f. rut of a wheel.

ORNITHOGALE, s. f. star of Bethlehem (a flower.)

ORNITHOLOGIE, s. f. ornithology. ORNITHOLOGISTE, s. m. ornithologist. OROBANCHE, s. f. choke-vetch or weed,

strangle-weed, broom-rape. ORPHELIN, E. orf lin, lln, s.m. & f. orphen. buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

ORPHELINAGE, s. m. orphanage.
ORPINENT or ORPIN, or pin, s. m. (mine-

rul) orpiment; (plant) orpine.
ORRE, Mar. luff (in the dialect of Pro-

rence and Italy.)
ORT, s. in. Ex. Peser ort, to weigh with the packing-cloth.

ORTHIL, Ör-têd, s. m. great toe.
ORTHODOXE, Ör-tö-döks, adj. & s. orthodox.
ORTHODOXIE, Ör-tö-dök-si, s. f. orthodoxy.

ORTHODROMIE, s. f. orthodromy

ORTHOGONAL, E, adj. orthogonal. ORTHOGRAPHE, or-to-graf, s. f. orthography, spelling.

ORTHOGRAPHIE, s. f. orthography. ORTHOGRAPHIER, or-to-gra-fila, v. a. to

spell, write correctly. ORTHOGRAPHIQUE, or-to-gra-fik, adj. or-

thographical.
ORTHOGRAPHISTE, s. m. orthographer.

ORTHOPNÉE, s. f. orthopnæa.

ORTIE, or-u, s. f. neule.

"ORTIER, v. a. to hettle. ORTIVE, adj. f. ortive, easterly (speaking of amplitude.)

ORTOLAN, or-to-len, s. m. ortolan. ORVALE, s. f. clary (sort of herb.) ORVIETAN, or-vik-ten, s. m. orvietan.

Os, o, s. m. bone. Il ne fera pas de vieux os, he will not live long, he will die young.
Oscillation, o-sli-la-slon, s. f. oscillation.

OSCILLATOIRE, ô-sil-là-twar, adi. oscilla-

Ósciller, ô-sh-là, v. n. to move backward

OSCILLER, 0-58-18, v. 1. to move backward and forward like a pendulum.

Osé, E, ô-2å, adj. bold, daring.

GERILLE, ô-2ể, s. f. sorrel.

OSER, ô-2å, v.a. & n. to dare, be so bold as to.

OSERALE, ôz-rè, s. f. willow-plot.

OSIER, 8-zil, s. m. osier, water-willow,

twig of ozier.
OSMONDE ROYALE, s. f. sort of plant.

OSSELET, ds-le, s. m. small or little bone, cockie : tumour ou a horse's leg.

Ossemens, ds.men, s. m. pl. bones.
Osseu-x, sx, d-seu, seuz, adj. bony.
Ossification, d-sl-fl-kd-slon, s. f. ossifica-

tion. Ossifier, & si-fi-å, (s') v. r. to ossify.
Ossifragur, & si-fråg, s. m. ossifrage.
Ossu, z., &-så, så, adj. bony, full of bones,

large-boned.
"Ost, 5st, s. m. bost, army.
Ostrasselle, 3c-ten-sibl, adj. Ex. Lettre
ostensible, letter written on purpose to be shown.

OSTENSIBLEMENT, adv. ostensibly.
OSTENTATEUR, adj. & s. m. proud, boast-

OSTENTATION, Os-ten-ta-sion, s. f. ostentation, boasting, vain-glory, bragging, vaunt-ing, cracking, parade.

OSTE, s. f. Mar. sort of brace used to stea-

dy a lateen yard.
OSTEOCOLE, Osta-o-kol, s. f. osteocolla. OSTÉOLOGIE, ds-tà-d-ld-zl, s. f. osteology.

OSTRACÉ, E, adj. ostraceous. OSTRACISME, ostra-sism, s. m. ostracism.

OSTRACITE, s. f. ostracites.

OSTRILIN, s. m. easterling, people who live east of England.

OSTROGUT, Os-tro-go, s. m. out-landish man; barbarian; Ostrogoths or Eastern-goths.

OTAGE, d-taz, s. m. hostage. lage, cautionary towns.
OTALGIE, d-tal-2l, s. f. ear-ache.

OTE, z, adj. taken, put away, removed, etc. also save, except, but.

OTER, 6-th, v. n. to take away, remove, cut off, diminish, curtail, rob, deprive, becave, fetch out, care, get out, beat out, take off, pull off. Sider, to get off, get away, remove, get out of.

Oter, v. a. Mar. Oter la fourrure d'un cable, to take the service off a cable. Ote les cabrions de la batterie, unquoin the guns. Ote les élinguets, take out the pawls. Ote les barres des sabords, unbar the ports. Oter du monde à un bâtiment, to take away men from a ship. Oter à un officier le commandement d'une escadre, to deprive an officer of the command of a squadron. Le mât de missine étant trop porté de l'avant, nous ôte de la marche, our foremast standing too far forward impedes our sailing.

Ou, do, conj. or, either, else.

Où, adv. where, whither; wherein, in which, to what, to which, dc. Doù, wheace, wherefrom, from which. Par eù, whereby, by which; also which way. Partout où, wherever. Par où va-t-on à l' which is the by which; also which way. Furture on, wherever. Par où ra-t-on à l' which is the way to? Où suis-je? where am I? Où al-lez-cous? where or whither do you go? La prison où il fut mis, the prison wherein he was put. Où me réduisez-cous? what do you reduce me to? D'où êtes-vous? what country-man are you?

OUAICHE, wesh, s. m. Mar. track or wake f a ship.) Tirer un vaisseau en ouaiche. (of a ship.)

to tow a ship. *OUALLE, doal, s. f. sheep (speaking of a Christian in regard to his pastor.)

OUAIS, we, interj. hey-day! OUATE, do-at, s. f. wad, wadding (to line garments.)

Ouater, do-a-ta, v. a. to furnish or stuff

with wadding.
OUBLI, do-bli, s. m. forgetfulness, oblivion

OUBLI, 00-DII, S. m. norgenumess, convice Mettre en oubli, to forget.

**OUBLIANCE, S. f. lorgetfulness.

OUBLIE, 00-bil, s. f. wafer.

OUBLIE, E, adj. forgot, forgotten, out of one's mind or memory, etc. a'eo out, left out.

OUBLIER, 00-bil-å, v. a. to forget, neglect, leave heabind leave out. omit. be wanting in

leave behind, leave out, omit, be wanting in Dublier and Fone st, to forget one's self, grow proud. S'oublier, v. r. to forget one's self, forget one's promises, he forgotten.

OUBLIEUR, do-bilet, s. f. pl. dungeon.

OUBLIEUR, do-biletur, s. m. one who

makes and vends wafer

OUBLIEU-X, SE, do-bil-eu, euz, adj. for-getful, unmindful, apt to forget.

gettul, unmindful, apt to forget.

OUEST, do-est, s. m. west. D'ouest, westerly. De l'ouest, à l'ouest, western. Le plus à l'ouest, westernmost. Vers l'ouest, westeward. Vent d'ouest, westerly wind.

OUF, dof, interj. (of p.in) oh!

OUI, wi, dol, adv. yes; ay. Cela est-it vrai? is that true? out, yes. On lui dit que out or qu'oui, he was told so. Je crois que out or qu'oui, I believe so. Il a dit telle chose, out? he said such a thing, is it true? or possible? qu'id he so? sible ? or did he so ?

Oui, s.m. yes. Le oui et le Oui, E, (from Outr) heard. Le oui et le non. bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

OUI-DIRE, wi-dir, s. m. hearsay. Par out-dire, by hearsay.
OUIE, oo-l, s. m. hearing; (d'un instrument de musique) sound-hole. Les outes d'un poisson, the gills of a fish.
OUILLE, V. Gille.
OUIR, oo-lr, v. a. (hardly used, except in the infaither.

the infinitive, preterite and compound tenses)

to hear, grant a hearing.

OURAGAK, δο-rā-gān, s. m. hurricane.

OURDIR, δοr-dīr, v. a. to warp; frame,

brew, plot.

OURDISSOIR, cor-di-swar, s. m. loom. OURDISSURE, cor-dl-sor, s. f. warp, warp-

ing.

OURLER, ôor-lê, v. a. to hem.

OURLET, ôor-lê, s. m. hem.

OURQUE, ôork, s. f. ork (a great sea-fish.)

Ourse, dors, s. f. she-bear. Ourses d'artimon, Mar. mizen bowlines.

OURSIN, s. m. sea hedge-hog. Ourson, dor-son, s. m. bear's cub.

OUTARDE, do-tard, s. f. bustard. OUTARDEAU, do-tar-do, s.m. young bustard.

OUTIL, do-ti, s m. tool.

OUTILLE, E, do-tl-/h, adj. furnished with

OUTFLEER, v. a. to furnish with tools.
OUTFRAGE, do-traz, s. m. outrage, abuse, affirent, offence, contumely, wrong, nighty.
OUTFRAGEANT, E., do-trazen, zent, adj.
eutrageous, abusive, injurious, contumelious.
OUTFRAGER, do-trazen, v. a. to abuse, affront, revile, offend, wrong, injure, rail at.
OUTFRAGEUSEMENT, do-trazeuz-men, adv.

out ageously, injuriously.

OUTRAGEU-X, SE, čo-tra-zeu, zeuz, adj. abusive, offensive, contumelious, wrongful, injurious.

OUTRANCE, do-trens, s. f. Ex. A outrance, à toute outrance, to the utmost, to the utmost rigour, beyond or out of measure.

OUTRE, dotr, prep. besides, above, over

and above; beyond.

OUTRE, adv. beyond, further. Tout outre, quite through. En outre, moreover. D'outre en outre, through, quite through. Outre que, besides that.

OUTRE, s. f. leather-bottle (usually made of

goat-skin.

OUTRE, E, do-tra, adj. incensed, urged, provoked, vexed, exasperated, enraged, turious, extravagant: over-strained, over-done, over-stretched, etc. V. Outrer. Cheval outre, a horse jaded or over-ridden. Papiste oure, rank papist.

*Outreculdance, s. f. presumption, pride, arrogance, insolence.
*Outreculdé, E, adj. proud, foolish, preenontame

*Outrement, do-tra-men, adv. beyond measure, excessively.

OUTREMER, dotr-mer, s. m. ultramarine

(the finest sort of blue.)
OUTREMESURE, s. f. beyond measure.
OUTRE-PASSER, dotr-pa-sa, v. a. to trans-

gress, go beyond.
OUTRER, oo-tra, v. a. to over-load, overwork, over-harass; to incense urge, provoke, exasperate, enrage; to stretch too far, over-stretch, over-strain, over do (un cheral)

to over-ride, jade. Vous outrez les choses, you run upon extremes. S'outrer, v. r. to strain. overdo or to over-strain one's self.

OUVERT, E, adj. (from Ouvrir) open, free, open-hearted, free-hearted, frank, candid, sincere. Ella a la gorge ouverte (or mae) her neck is bare. Nous sommes à l'ouvert de la Manche, Mar. we have the channel open, or we are open with the channel

OUVERTEMENT, do-vert-men, adv. openly.

publickly, in open view, freely, frankly.

OUVERTURE, do-ver-tur, s. f. opening, hole, slit, chink, gap; overture, proposal; way, means, opportunity; hint, insight, light; penetration, parts, genius, aptness to learn. Ouverture de ceur, openness of heart, sincerity, frankness.
Ouvrable, co-vrabl, adj. Ex. Jour ouvra-

ble, work-day, working-day.
Ouvrage, bo-vraz, a. m. work, piece of
work; workmanship; production (of the mind.)

OUVRAGÉ, E, če-vrå-zå, adj. wrought, figured, flowered.

OUVRANT, E, adj. opening. A portes ouvrantes, at the opening of the gates. A jour ouvrant, at or by break of day. Ouvar, E, čo-vra, adj. diapered.

ouvré, diaper. Fer ouvré, wrought iron. OUVRER, v. n. & a. to work ; (la monnoie)

to coin.

OUVREU-R, SE, do-vreur, vreuz, s. m. & f. opener. Ouvreur de loge, box-keeper (at the theatre.)

OUVRIER, S. m. work-man, artificer, work-er, labourer; author, maker. Dieu est l'ou-vrier de teutes choses, God is the maker of all things. Ouvriers, Mar. artificers. OUVRIER, E, ôo-vrl-a, êr, adj. Un jour ouvrier. V. Ouvrable. Cheville ouvrière, pole-bolt (of a coach.)

bolt (of a coach.)

OUVRIERE, s.f. work-woman, contriver.
OUVRIERE, S.f. work-woman, contriver.
OUVRIER, Oo-vrir, v. a. to open, set open,
(Pappétit) to whet, sharpen; (les bras, les jambes) to open, stretch; (la terre) to break up; (la campagne) to open, begin; (le parkement) to open. Ouvrir un avis, to make a menti) to open. Univers in auis, to make a motion, move or propose a thing. Ouvrir, v. n. to open. Cette porte n'oscore jamais, that door never opens. S'ouvrir, v. r. to open, get opened; to declare or lay open one's mind. Ouvrir, Mar. Ouvre les hublots, open the scuttles. Ouvre les écoutilles, take off the hatches. Chause les enhords haul nu the ports. hatches. Ouvre les sabords, haul up the ports. Ouvrir les ports, to take off the embargo. Nous ouvrimes assez la baie pour découvrir des bitiments s'il y en avoit en, we opened the bay enough to see vessels, if any had been lying there. Il ne nous faut pas ouvrir les amers de plus de la largeur d'une voile, we must not open the marks more than a sail's breadth. OUVROIR, 00-vrwar, s. m. work-shop, work-

house.

OYAIRE, s. m. ovary, ovaria.

OYAIRE, adj. that has an oval shape.

OYALE, adj. oval.

OYALE, d-val, s. m. oval.

OYATION, d-va-slon, s. f. ovation.

Ovr, dv, s.m. egg (ornament in architecture.)

OVIPARE, 8-vî-pâr, adj. oviparous. Oxycrat, ôk-sî-krâ, s. m. oxycrate. Oxygone, ôk-sî-gôn, adj. oxygou.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : êntânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

OXYMEL, čk-si-měl, s. m. oxymel.

OXYRRHODIN, ôk-sl-rô-din, s. m. oxyrrho dine.

OYANT E, adj. & s. before whom an account is examined, auditor.

OYEZ, (imperat. of Outr) hear! Ozing, s. m. ozcena, ulcer in the nose.

P.

P, på, s. m. 16th letter of the French alpha-

PACAGE, på-kåz, s. m. pasture, pastureground.

PACAGER, v. n. to feed, graze. PACE, (IN,) s. m. prison for life in a monas-

Pacificateur, på-si-fi-kå-teur, s. m. pa-

cifier, peace-maker, appeaser, reconciler.
PACIFICATION, på-d-fl-kå-slon, s. f. pacification, peace-making.
PACIFIER, på-d-fl-å, v. a. to pacify, make

peace, appease

PACIFIQUE, på-sl-fik, adj. pacifick, peace-able. Mer Pacifique or Mer du Sud, Pacifick or South Sea.

PACIFIQUEMENT, på-sl-fik-men, adv.

peaceably, quietly, in peace.
PACOTILLE, pa-kd-ul, s. f. small quantity

of goods, venture.
PACTE, pakt, s. m. pact, paction, covenant,

bargain, agreement, treaty, contract. Paction, s. f. V. Pacte. *Pactisér, v. n. to covenant, bargain, agree, make a contract.

Panou, på-doo, s. m. sort of ferret or rib-

bon (half thread, half silk.)
PAGALE, pa-ge, s. f. Mar. paddle.
PAGANISME, pa-ga-alsm, s. m. paganism, beathenism.

PAGAYER, v. a. to paddle.

PAGE, phz, s. m. page (an attendant.) Etre hors de page, to be free or at liberty, be one's own man. Mettre hors de page, to unboy, make independent.

Page, s. f. page or side of a leaf.

PAGINATION, s. f. paging of a book. PAGNE, s. m. pungar (seafish:) also wrapper (piece of cotton cloth with which negroes cover themselves from the girdle down to the knees.)

PAGNON, s. m. sort of superfine black cloth. PAGNOTE, på-gnôt, s. m. & f. coward.

see an atlack or a battle.)
Plenoterie, på-guði-ri, s. f. cowardice;
silly thing, impertinence, bull, Oxford jests.
Pleode, på-gdd, s. f. pagod, pagoda.
Plen, Ne, adj. & s. pagan, heathenish,

beathen.

PAILLARD, E, pa-lar, lard, adj. & s. lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lewd, lecher, harlot. *PAILLARDEMENT adv.lasciviously,lewdiy.
*PAILLARDEMENT adv.lasciviously,lewdiy.
*PAILLARDEMENT adv.lasciviously,lewdiy.
*PAILLARDEMEN, på-lår-då, v. n. to whorecommit whoredom. La loi de Dieu defend
de paillarder, toe aw of God proliibits whore-

PAILLASSON, på-lå-son, garden mat ev layer of straw (to defend plants from the cold;) umbrella for windows; mat (to clean the feet

on.)
PAILLE, pal, s. f. straw; chaff; (dans les métaux, les aiamans, ctc.) flaw. Feu de paille, sudden blaze, flash of fire. Homme de paille, man of straw, mean pitiful fellow. Rompre la paille avec quelqu'un, to fall out with one. Tirer à la courte paille, to draw cuts. Il est dans la paille jusqu'au ventre, or il vit comme rat en paille, he lives in clover. Bi j'y vais jamais, croix de paille, if ever I go there, I will make a cross

PAILLE-EN-CUL, s. m. Mar. gaff top-sail or driver.

PAILLER or PAILLET, s. m. Pailler, farm yard, barn door. Mar. mat.
PAILLET, på-lê, adj m. Ex. Vin paillet,

pale wine.

PAILLETTE, på-lêt, s f. spangle, gold sand or dust; (de fer) flaw. PAILLEU-R, se, på-lêur, lêuz, s. m. & f.

seller of straw.

PAILLEU-X, SE, på-leu, leuz, ach. brittle flawy (metal.)
PAILLIER, V. Pailler or Palier.

PAILLON, pa-lon, s.m. small piece of solder PAIN, pin, s. m. bread; bread, livelihood; PAIN, pin, s. m. bread; bread, uvennou; (of bread, sugar, etc.) loaf; (de blanc à blam-chir) ball; (de bougie) book or roll. Pain d'un sou, penny loaf. Un petit pain, a roll. Pain d'épice, ginger-bread. Pain d'épicier, seller of ginger-bread. Pain bénét, holy bread. Pain à cacheter, wafer. Pain à dellatter surfain fur the communion. Pain de chanter, wafer for the communion. Pain de mouton, sort of cake. C'est pain bénit pour tui, it is nuts to him. De tout s'avise à qui pain faut, want is the mother of industry. écrit pour du pain, he writes for bread or to get a livelihood. Je lui ai mie le pain à la main, I put him into a way to live.

mann, 1 put num muo a way so live.

PAIR, pèr, adj. even; peer, equal; mate (of birds.) Pair ou non, or pair ou non pair, even or odd. Pair à pair, even. Soms pair, peerless, matchless. Le change est au pair, change is at par. De pair or du pair, upon the square, without odds. Aller de pair avec quelqu'un, to be upon the level with one. Se liver du sepir, to set one's self above the comtirer du pair, to set one's self above the com-mon level, distinguish one's self. Tirer du

mon level, distinguish one's seil. There as pair, to get out of a plunge.

PAIR, s. m. peer. Jugé par ses pairs, judged by his peers.

PAIRE, per, s. f. pair, two of a sort, couple.

PAIRE, pe-rl, s. f. peerdom, peerage.

PAISINLE, pe-zlb, adj. peaceful, peaceable still quiet calm. gentle.

ble, still, quiet, calm, gentle.
PAISIBLEMENT, pe-zibl-men, adv. peacefully, peaceably, in peace, quietly, calmly.

PAISSEAU, pe-so, s. m. prop (for vines.)

PAISSELER, v. a. to prop vines.

Paisson, pe-son, s. f. mast, browse Paisson, s. m. stretcher (for skins.)

PAISSONNER, v. a. to stretch (a skin.) PAITRE, petr, v. a. to feed, graze, feed upon; to feed (one.)

commit whoredom. La tot de Dieu defend de paillarder, toe aw of God prohibits whoredom.

PAILLAFDISE, på-far-diz, s. f. whoredom, formication, lechery.

PAILLASE, på-fas, s. f. straw-bed, whore.

Laisser quelqu'um est paix to let one alone

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gòod.

let him be quiet. Dieu lei fasse paix, God rest his soul. Tout est en paix, all is quiet.

PAIX! peace, hist, be quiet, hush, make no noise, silence!

PAL, s. m. pale (in heraldry.)
PALADIN, ph.-là-din, s. m. knight-errant.
PALAIS, ph.-lè, s. m. palace; (de la bouche)
palate or roof; tasto; cour., hail. Gens de palais, lawyers. Jours de palais, court days. Terme de palais, law term.

PALAN, s. m. Mar. tackle. Palan simple, single tackle. Palan double, two-fold tackle. Palan à fouet, tail tackle, jigger. Palan d'amure, tack tackle. Palan de bout de vergue, yard tackle. Palan de candelette, sore tackle. Palan de drosse, truss tackle. Palan c'émi, stay tackle. Palan de sabord, port tackle. Palan d'écoute de brigantine, spanker sheet. Palan de retenue, vang or reheving tackle (used in heaving down a ship.) Palan de roulis, rolling tackle. Palan de guinderesse, top tackle. Palan de surpente, guinderesse, top tackie. Fauon we surpense, tackle of a guy (used to hoist in and out the cargo of a merchantman.) Palanderis, reef tackle. Palan de canon, gun tackle. Palan de retraite or de recul des canons, tram tackle or relieving tackle for the guns.

PALANQUE, på-lènk, s. f. piece of fortification made with poles or stakes.

PALANQUER, v. a. & n. to bowse or draw (any thing by means of a tackle.) Palanque hardi, bowse hearty. Palanquer les haulans,

to set up the shrouds PALANQUIN, på-lèn-kin, s. m. palanquin, Mar. small tackle, burton. Palanquins de ris, reef tackles. Palanquins de sabords, port tackles. Palanquins des mâts de hune, bureons.

PALATIN, på-lå-tin, adj. & s. m. palatine :

also relating to the palate.

PALATINAT, på-lå-tl-nå, s. m. palatinate.

PALATINE, på-lå-tln, s. f. countess pala-

PALE, pal, adj. pale, sallow, wan, bleak.
PALE, s. f. square pasteboard, covered PALE, s. f. square pasteboard, covered with a white cloth laid upon the chalice; dam, flood gate; broad and flat end of an oar.

PALEE, på-lå, s. f. broad and flat end of an

ear; piles of a wooden bridge.

PALEPRENIER pal-fre-nia, s. m. groom (o) the stable.)

*PALEFEO1, pål frwå, s. m. palfrey

PALEOGRAPHIE, s. f. knowledge of ancient writings.

PALERON, pål-ron, s. m. shoulder-blade. PALESTRE, på-lestr, s. f. place for wres-

tling, etc., the exercise itself.

PALET, på-lêt, s. m. coit or quoit.

PALETTE, på-lêt, s. f. battledore;

ture) pallet; (d'imprimeur) slice; porringer
to receive the blood out of an opened veiu.

PALEUR, på-leur, s. f. paleness. PALIER, på-liå, s. m. platform (on a stair-

PALINGÉNÉSIE, s.f. palingenesia, regeneration.

Palinodie, på-si-nô-di, s. f. palinody, re-cantation. Chanter la palinodie, to retract.

PALINTOCIE, s. m. payment of interest; second nativity of Bacchus.

PALIR, på-lir, v. n. to grow or turn pale, v. a to cause to look pale.

Palis, på-li, s. m. pale; pale-fence.
Palissade, på-fi-såd, s. f. palisade. Palissade d'arbres, hedge row of trees set close

PALISSADER, på-fl-så, v. a. to pañsade Palissen, på-fl-så, v. a. to fasten the branches of trees to a wall.

PALLE, s. f. sort of vessel built in the East Indies. V. Pale.

PALLIATI-F, VE, pal-Ha-tif, tiv, adj. pal-

Mative. PALLIATION, pål-Hå-slon, s. f. palliation,

paliating, mitigation.

PALLIER, pal-lia, v. a. to paliate, colour, cloak. Pallier is mal, to paliate or patch up a disease.

Pallium, pål-il-dm, s. m. pall.
Palme, pålm, s. m. palm or hand's
breadth; (d'une rame) blade.

Palme, s. f. branch of a palm-tree. Remporter la palme, to carry the day, get the victory. Palme de Christ, s. f. palma-Christi. Palme, s. f. Mar. Palm (measure for mea-

suring masts in the rough.)

PALMIER, pal-mia, s. m. palm-tree, date-

PALMISTE, s. m. sort of squirrel; sort of merlin.

PALMITE, s. f. palm-tree pith. PALONBE, pa-lond, s. f. kind of pigeon. PALONBEAU or PALONNIER, pa-lo-nia, s

m. spring-tree bar (of a coach.) PALOT, s. m. clown, churi, lubberly fellow,

looby.

PALPABLE, pål-påbl, adj. palpable, plam, clear, manifest, evident

PALPABLEMENT, pal-pabl-men, adv. palpably, plainly, evidently

PALPER, v. a. to feel, touch

PALPITANT, E, pal-pi-ten, tent, adj. panting, palpitating.
PALPITATION, plil-pl-th-slon, s. f. palpita-

tion, panting.
PALPITER, pål-pî-tà, v. n. to pant, go pit-

a-pat, palpitate. PALSAMBLEU, interj. by the blood of Da-

gon, zounds. .
PALSANGUÉ, interj. ods-buds, zookers.
PALTOQUET, pål-tö-te, s. m. clownish, awk ward fellow

Palus, på-ids, s. m. marsh, moor, fen. PAMER, pa-ma, v. n. Se pamer, v. r. to swoon, swoon away, fall into a swoon, faint.

PAMOISON, pa-mwa-zon, s. f. swoon, fainting fit.
PAMPHLET, pen-fie, s. m. pamphlet.
m. vine-branch

PAMPRE, penpr, s. m. vine-branch full of leaves

PAMPRÉ, E, adj. decked with vine leaves. PAN, pen, s. m. pane, flat front or face; (de robe) skirt, flap or flaps, lappet.

PANACEE, pan-a-sh, s. f. panaces.

PANACHE, panash, s. f. pea-hen.

Panache, s. m. plume or bunch of feathers; pretty mixture of colours in a flower.

PANACHÉ, E, adj. of several colours, set out or diversified with several colours.

PANACHER, på-nå-shå, v.n. Se panacher v. r. to begin to be streaked with several colours.

Panade, på-nåd, s. f. panado. Se panader, så-på-nå-då, V. Se pavaner. Panais, på-nė, s. m. parsnip.

bûse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PANARIS, på-nå-ri, s. m. felon or whitlow (at the end of the finger.)

PANATHÉNÉES, s. f. pl. feasts at Athens in bonour of Minerva.

PARCARTE, pen-kårt, s. f. paper or sign-board containing the rates of toll. Vieilles passcartes, old writings.

PANCRÉAS, pen-kra-as, s. m. pancreas.

PANCRÉATIQUE, adj. pancreatick.
PANDECTES, pên-dêkt, s. f. pl. pandects or digests (body of the civil law.)
PANDÉMIE, PANDÉMIQUE, V. Epidémie,

Epidémique.
PANDORE, s. f. pandore, sort of lute.

PANDOURE, S. m. Hungarian soldier.
PANDOURE, S. m. Hungarian soldier.
PANE, E, adj. covered with crumbs of bread. De l'eau panée, toast and water.
PANEGYRIQUE, på-nå-21-rik, s. m. pane-

gyrick.

Panégyrique, adj. panegyrical. Panégyriste, på-nå-zl-rist, s. m. pane-

PANER, pa-na, v. a. to strew over with crumbs of bread. Paner des cotelettes, to dress cutlets with crumbs of bread.

PANERÉE, pan-ra, s. f. basket full. PANET, V. Panais.

PANETERIE, pan-trl, s. f. the king's pan-

PANETIER, pan-tia, s. m. pantier, master

of the pantry to his majesty.

PANETIERE, pan-lier, s. f. shepherd's scrip, bag or poke wherein the shepherd puts his

PANETON, pan-ton, s. m. key bit.
PANETON, pan-ton, s. m. key bit.
PANIC, pa-ni, or PANICUM, s. m. pannick
or pannicke (kind of millet.)
PANIKR, pa-ni-a, s. m. basket, hamper,
pannier; (of a petticoat) hoop. Jupe à panier, hoop petticoat

PANIQUE, på-nik, adj. f. panick. Ex. Terreur or frayeur panique, panick, fear, or terrour.

PANIS, V. Panic.

PANNE, pan, s. f. plush, shag; (de la pecu du cochon, etc.) fat; (de charpenterie) beam that supports the rafters. En panne, Mar. lying to or by. Un visseau en panne, a ship lying to. L'escadre ennemie est en panne, the enemy's fleet is lying to or by. Mettre cn

enemy's neet is symmetric, to lie by or to.

Pannead, panne, to lie by or to.

Pannead, panne, panne; (de selle or de vitrage or de lambris) pane; (de selle or de vitrage or de lambris).

Pannead, snare, gin, trap. bât) pannel; snare, gin, trap. Donner dans le panneau, to be trapped, fall into the snare. Panneau, Mar. hatch, cover or lid of a hatchway. Les panneaux, the hatches.

PANNEAUTER, v. a. to lay snares.

PANKICULE, s. f.fleshy membrane.

PANONCEAU, pa-non-so, s. m. escutcheon (on a paper posted up to give it the stamp of

authority. or on a post to mark a jurisdiction.)
PANSARD, pen-sar, adj. V. Pansu.
PANSE, pens, s. f. paunch, belly, maw, guts.
Panse d'a, oval of an a. Il n'a pas fait une

PARSE a a, oval of an a. It is a par fact une pusse a'a, he has not written a single letter.

PARSEMENT, pensandu, s. m. dressing.

PARSER, pensa, v. a. to dress (a wound,) look to or after, take care of.

PARSU, E, pensa, sò, adj. paunch-bellied, thet has a warenessen.

that has a great paunch.

PANTALON, pen-ta-lon, s m. pantaloon, buffoon; pantaloons.

PANTALONNADE, pen-ta-lo-nad, s. f. pan-taloon's dance, drillery, buffoonery.

*PANTELANT,1:,pent-len,lent, adj.panting.

*PANTELER, pent-la, v. n. to pant.
PANTENNE, Mar. Ex. Mettre une voile en

pantenne, to top a yard. Ce bâtiment a ses vergues en pantenne, that ship's yards are hanging up and down. Voiles en pantenne, sails flying about or hanging in disorder.

PANTHÉRE, pen-der, s. f. panther. PANTHÈRE, pen-der, s. f. panther. PANTHÈRE, pen-der, s. f. draw net for

wendeneks. PANTIN, s. m. dancing jack (a toy.)
PANTOIMENT, s. m. difficulty of breathing

in a hawk.

*Pantois, E, pen-twå, twaz, adj. shortwinded, out of breath.

PANTOMIME, pen-to-mim, s. m. pantomime; s. f. the pantomimick art.

PARTOUFLE, pen-tooff, s. f. slipper. Soutier en pantoufle, slip shoe. Mettre son soulier en pantoufle, to slip one's shoe on. Raisonner pantoufle, to talk idly. En pantoufles, at ease

PARTURE or PENTURE, s. f. the iron work of a door or window.

PAON, pen, s. m. peacock; sort of butterfly.

Paonne, pan, s. f. pea-hen.
Paonne au, pa-no, s. m. young peacock.
Papa, pa-pa, s. m. papa, father.
Paparer, pa-pabl, adj. m. that may be

made a pope.

PAPAL, E, pa-pal, adj. papal, of or belonging to the pope. Couronne papale, pope's triple crown.

PAPAUTÉ, på-pô-tå, s. f. papacy, popedom,

the pope's dignity.

PAPE, pap, s. m. pope.

PAPEGAI, pap-ge, s. m. popinjay, wooden

bird to be shot at; paroquet.
PAPELARD, pap-lar, adj. & s. m. hypocritical, hypocrite or false zealot.

PAPELARDER, v. n. to play the hypocrite. PAPELARDISE, pap-lar-diz, s. f. hypocrisy. PAPELINE, s. f. poplin (kind of cloth.) PAPERASSE, påp-rås, s. f. waste paper, old

dusty manuscripts. dusty manuscripts.

PAPERASSER, pap-ra-sa, v. n. to rummage
papers; also to scribble, or waste paper.

PAPERASSIER, s. m. a man who is fond of
rummaging old and useless papers.

*PAPEESE, på-pĉs, s. f. she-pope. Ex. La papesse Jeanue, pope Joan.
PAPETERIE, påp-trl, s. f. paper-mill; also

paper-trade.
PAPETIER, pap-tia, s. m. paper-maker; stationer. Papetier-colleur, s. m. paste-board-

maker.

PAPIER, på piå, s. m. paper; book; bills, notes, paper securities. Papier à écrire, writing paper. Papier gris, brown paper. Papiers ouveille, newspaper. Papiers, papers, writings, manuscripts.

Papiers et enpers, writings, manuscripts. Papiers et en-seignemens, Mar. papers of a ship (compre-hending the bills of lading, manifests, cockets, etc.) Etre sur les papiers de quelqu'un, to be in one's books, owe one money

PAPILLON, på-pl-lon, s. m. butterfly. PAPILLONNACEE, på-pl-lô-nå-så, adj. pa pilionaceous.

PAPILLONNER, på-pi-fô-nå, v. n to flutter about.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleki, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good

PAPILLOTAGE, på-pl-lo-laz, s. m. curling of hair in papers; also twinkle or twinkling of

PAPILLOTE, på-pl-iðt, s. f. paper to keep the hair in curl; also spangle. PAPILLOTER, på-pl-ið-tå, v. a. to put hair in paper, curl hair; also to twinkle, dazzle. PAPIK, s. m. V. Bouillie.

PAPISME, på-plsm, s. m. popery.
PAPISTE, på-plst, s. m. & f. papist or Roman catholick.

PAPYRUS, s. m. sort of plant used ancient-

ly instead of paper.

PAQUE, s. f. passover. Pâque (or oftener)
Pâques, s. f. Easter. V. Pâques.
PAQUEBOT, pak-bô, s. m. Mar. packet-

boat, packet.

PAQUERETTE, pak-ret, s. f. Easter-daisy. PAQUES, pak, s. f. Enster devotions. Ex. Paques closes, Rogation Sunday. Paques Reuries, Palm Sunday. V. Paque.

PAQUET, på.ke, s. m.bundle, parcel, pack-et. Donner le paquet à quelqu'un, to father a thing upon one. Donner à quelqu'un son paquet, to return one a sharp answer. Faire son paquet, to pack off. Le grain nous força d'amener nos voiles en paquet, the squall forced us to let the yards go amain as quick as we could.

PAQUET-BOT, V. Paquebot.

PAQUETER, v. a. Mar. to roll up. Paquète bien la voile, roll the sail snug up.

PAQUIS, s. m. pasture, pasture-ground *PAQUIS, s. m. pasture, pāsture-ground.
PAB, pār, prep. by; out of, from, through; for; pour, by means of; about; during, in, while it is, while there is; with; for every, by the, per, a or an. Par ici, this way, through that place; also by that, thereby. Par ci par th, here and there, now and then. Par de ch, this side, on this side. Par de th, that side, on that side, on the other side. Par dedans, within, through Par delors, without. Par ausprès, by. Par derrière, par devant, par devers. V. Derrière, devant, devers. Par-dessus, under, underneath. Par-dessus. par devers. V. Derrière, devant, devers. Par-dessous, under, underneath. Par-dessus, above, beyond, over and above, besides. Par haut, upwards. Par le haut, par en haut, up-wards, towards the top, by the top. Par le bas, par en bas, downwards. Par haut et par bas, upwards and downwards. Partout, every where. Par trop, a great deal too much. Par terre et par mer, by land and water. De par le roi, by the king, by the king's com-mand. Par ordre du roi, by the king's order. Par non moyen, through my means. Je l'ai fait par cette raison; I did it for that reason. Par passe-temps, by way of diversion. Il a passe par Paris, he went through Paris. Il se passe par Paris, he went through Paris. It se promêne par la rue, he walks about the street. Jeter par la fenêtre, to throw out of the window. Tant par senaine, so much a week. Par, Mar. in, on, etc. Nous mouillêmes par 10 brasses, fond de vuse, we brought up in 10 fathoms over a muddy bottom. Par quelle latitude aviez vous établi votre croisère? in what latitude did you cruise? Ce bâtiment par le bossoir, that vessel on the bow. Partout, fore and aft.

tout, fore and aft. PARABOLE, på-rå-böl, s. f. parable or si-militude; parabola or crooked line made by

PARACENTÈSE, pa-rà-sèn-tèz, s. f. para centesis.

PARACENTRIQUE, adj. paracentrick. *PARACHEVENENT, PARACHEVER. V Achèvement, Achever.

Achievement, Achiever.

Paracheronisme, s. m. parachronism.

Parachute, s. m. parachute.

Paracher, parachete, s. m. parachete,
Comforter (a title of the Holy Spirit.)

Parabe, parad, s. f. parade, show, state,
ostentation; parrying or putting by; (terme de
guerre) stop or stopping; (de bateleurs) burlesque prelude. Lit de parade, bed of state.

Habit de varade prope of state. Mar Habit de parade, robe of state. Mar. Ex Les avirons en parade, toss your oars up.

PARADIS på-rå-digm, s. m. paradigm.
PARADIS på-rå-di, s. m. paradigm, s. m. paradigm.
PARADIS på-rå-di, s. m. paradise, heaven, place of bliss; (dans les thédtres) upper galery, slips. Le paradis terrestre, the paradise

or garden of Eden.
PARADISIER, s. m. bird of paradise.

PARADOXAL, E. adj. paradoxical.
PARADOXE, paradoxes, s. m. paradox
PARADOXE, adj. paradoxical.
PARAFE, paraff, etc. V. Paraphe, etc.

*PARAGE, på-råz, s. m. lineage, descent. Mar. latitude, space of sea comprehended be tween two parallels of latitude; part of the sea near a coast. Etre en parage, to be in a latitude and longitude assigned for a rendezvous

PARAGOGE, s. f. paragoge.

PARAGOGIQUE, adj. paragogical.
PARAGRAPHE, på-rå-gråf, s.m. paragraph.
PARAGUNTE, på-rå-gråd, s. f. pair of gloves, present for a service rendered.

PARALLACTIQUE, adj. parallactick.
PARALLAXE,på-rå-låks,s.m. & f. parallax.
PARALLÈLE, på-rå-lål, adj. parallel,

equally distant.

PARALLELE, s. f. parallel line. Parallèle, s. m. parallel, circle of the sphere; parallel, comparison, competition. Mettre en parallèle, to put in competition, compare

Parallélipipède, s. m. parallelopiped. PARALLÉLISME, pà-rà-là-lism, s. m. pa rallelism.

PARALLÉLOGRAMME, på-rå-lå-ld-gråm, s.

m. parallelugram.
PARALOGISME, på-rå-lò-zlsm, s. m. paralogism.
PARALYSER, v. a. to paralyse.

PARALYSIE, på-rå-il-zl, s. f. paralysis. PARALYTIQUE på-rå-il-tik.adj. & s. paralytick; man or woman troubled with the palsy.

PARANGON, pa-ren-gon, s. m. comparison, parallel; paragon, model, pattern; sort of black marble; (sort of type) primer.

*PARANGONNER, v. a. to compare.

PARANT, E, adj. adorning.
PARANT, E, adj. adorning.
PARANTHPHE, på-rå-ninf, s. m. paranymph, bride-man; also solemn speech at the university in praise of those that are commen-Cing doctors.

PARAPEGME, s. m. parapegm.

PARAPET, på-rå-pë, s. m. parapet, breast-

PARAPHE, s. m. paraph, mack or flourish after one's signature.

PARAPHER, v. a. to mark with a parapla. PARAPHERNAUK, på-rå-fer-no, a. m. pl the cutting of a cone or cylinder.

PARAPHERNAUX, på-rå-fer-no, s. m.

PARAPHERNAUX, på-rå-fer-no, s. m.

Ex. Biens paraphernaux, paraphernalia.

base, but : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

PARAPHIMOSIS, s. m. paraphimosis. PARAPHRASE, pa-ra-fraz, s. f. paraphrase. PARAPHRASER, på-rå-frå-zå, v. a. to paraphrase, comment upon; to amplify, romance, add to a story.

PARAPHRASEUR, s. m. commenter, ex-

plainer (term of reproach.)
PARAPHRASTE,pa-ra-frast,s.m.paraphrast. PARAPLUIE, på-rå-piùi, s. m. umbrella.

PARASANGE, s. f. parasang. PARASELENE, s. f. paraselene, mock moon,

false appearance of a moon.

PARASITE, på-rå-zit, s. m. parasite, spunger, smell-feast, hanger on, trencher-friend, shark.

PARASITIQUE, s. f. parasitick art. PARASOL, på-rå-sol, s. m. parasol, small canopy to screen from the sun.

PARATITLES, s. m. pl. summary explica-tion of the law titles or law books.

PARATONNERRE, s. m. conductor, (light-

ning rod.)
PARAVENT, på-rå-ven,s. m.screen (against

wind) folding screen, outside shutter.
PARBLEU, PARBLEU, pår-blêu,
zookers, udsbuddikins.

Parbouillir, par-boo-fr, v. a. (like bou-

illir) to parboil.

PARC, park, s. m. park; fold, pen, sheep-feld; grazier's fold. Parc d'artillerie, park of artillery. Mar. Parc de construction, dock-yard. Parc à moutons, sheep-pen. Parc à boulets, shot locker.

PARCAGE, par-kaz, s. m. time that sheep remain upon a field; acknowledgment paid

for the liberty of having a park.

PARCELLE, par-sel, s. f. a small parcel, par-

ticle.

PARCE QUE, pars-ke, conj. because. PARCHEMIN, parsh-min, s. m. parchment.

PARCHEMINERIE, parsh-min-ri, s. f. place, where parchment is made or sold, parchmentmaking, parchment-trade.

PARCHEMINIER, parsh-mi-nia, s.m. parchment-maker or seller.

PARCIMONIE, s. f. savingness, parsimony. PARCOURIR, par-koo-rir, v. a. (like courir) to travel or run over, survey, read cursorily. Mar. Ex. Parcourir l'horizon avec une lunette, to sweep the horizon with a spying-glass Parcourir les coutures, to try the seams with a calking-iron. Nous avons purcouru toutes les mers du Nord dans cette campagne, we ran all over the north sea in that cruise,

PARDON, par-don, s. m. pardon, forgiveness. Pardons, indulgences (of the pope.)

PARDONNABLE, par-dô-nabl,adj. pardon-

able (said of things.)
PARDONNER, pår-dö-nå, v. a. & n. to pardon, forgive; excuse. La mort ne pardonne à personne, death spares nobody.

PARÉ, E, s dj. set out, etc. V. Parer.

PARÉATIS, pa-ra-a-is, s. m. writ or war-

rant in chancery.

PAREGORIQUE, adj. paregorick. PAREIL, LE, pa-rel, adj. like, equal.

PAREIL, S. m. equal, match.
PAREILLE, (LA) s. f. Rendre la pareille, to requite, render like for like, be even with one. A la pareille, je vous le rendrai à la pareille, I shall be even with you.

PAREILLE, Shall be even with you.

PAREILLEMENT. på-rel-men, adv. like-

wis . in like manner.

PARÉLIE, på-rå-li, s. m. parhelion. PARELLE, s. f. bastard rhubarb.

PAREMENT, par-men, s. m. altar-ornament; surface of a stone; facing of a garment; speckle (on a bird's wings.) Parement de puraille, course of stones.

PARENCHYME, s. m. parenchyma. PARENESE, s. f. parenesis, moral discourse PARÉNÉTIQUE, adj. that relates to morality. PARENT, på-ren, s. m. relation, kinsman. Parens, parents, ancestors.

*Parentage, på-ren-tåz, s. m. parentage,

kindred.

PARENTE, på-rent, s. f. kinswoman.

PARENTE, på-rèn-tà, s. f. kinswoman.

PARENTÉ, på-rèn-tà, s. f. kindred, consanguinity, relations, kinsfolk; parentage, family.

*PARENTELLE, på-rèn-tèz, s. f. v. Parenté.

PARENTELLE, på-rèn-tèz, s. f. parenthesis.

PAREN, på-rà, v. a. to set off, set out, deck, adorn, trim, trick, prink up, embellish; to parry, put by or keep off, ward off: (des cuirs) to dress or curry; (le pied d'un cheval) to pare a horse's hoof. Parer or fuire parer un cheval, to stop a horse. Se parer de, to deck poe's self from. one's self with; also to screen one's self from, guard against. Parer, v. n. (use cheral) to stop; (un coup) to parry. Parer, v. a. Mar. Parer un bâtiment, to dub a ship; (un bâtiment) to get clear of a ship. Parer un écueil, to clear a shoal, give a good birth to a shoal.

Parer une ancre, to get an anchor all clear for running. Parer la batterie, to clear the gundeck. Parer la lampe d'habitacle, to trim the binnacle-lamp. Parer un câble, to see a cable clear? Le câbie est-il paré? is the anchor clear? Le câbie est-il paré? is the cable all clear ? Pare à mouiller, see all clear for coming to. Pare à virer, ready about. Pare à rirer lof pour lof, see all clear for wearing ship. Pare tes galhaubans de lu hune, bear the back stays clear of the top-brim. Pare manueuves, coil the ropes up. Arant qui à paré, give way with the oars that are shipped. Pare le grand canot, get the barge ready. V. Toucher.

PARÈRE, s. m. opinion of merchants upon commercial questions.

PARESSE, på-res, s. f. laziness, idleness, sloth, slothfulness, sluggishness

PARESSER, v. n. to play the sluggard.
PARESSER, v. n. to play the sluggard.
PARESSEU-I, SE, pa-re-seu, seuz, adj. & s. lazy, idle, slothful, sluggish, a sluggard, lazybones: s. m. the sloth (animal.)
PARFAIRE, par fer, v. a. (like faire, but seldom used except in the infinitive and particulal that the seldom used except in the infinitive and particulal that the seldom used except in the infinitive and particulal that the seldom used except in the seldom us ciple) to perfect or bring to perfection, finish. Faire et parfaire le procès à un criminel, to arraign and convict a criminal.

PARFAIT, E, par-fe, fet, adj. perfected, brought to perfection, finished; perfect, complete, excellent, accomplished.

PARFAITEMENT, par-fet-men, adv. perfect ly, rarely, well, entirely, wholly.
PARFOIS, par-fwa, adv. sometimes, now

and then.

PARFONDER, v. a. to melt; to blend uniformly (in enamelling.)

PARFUM, Parfum, a. to complete.
PARFUM, Parfum, a. m. perfume.
PARFUMER, parfuma, v. a. to perfume, sweeten.
Parfumer un bâtiment, Mar. to

smoke or fumigate a ship.
PARFUMEU-R, SE, pår-fd-meur, meuz, s.

m. & f. perfumer.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, tig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PARI, på-ri, s. m. wager, bet.

PARIADE, på-rl-åd, s. f. pairing time, brace of partridges.
Parier, på-rl-å, v. z. to bet, lay, lay a

wager.
Pariétaire, på-riå-ter, s. f. pellitory of

the wall (herb.)

Parieur, pa-ri-cur, s. m. bettor (that bets.)

PARISIEN, NE, på-rl-zlen, zlen, adj. Parisian. Parisienne, small character a size above pearl (in printing.)
PARITE, pa-rl-ta, s. f. parity, equality.

PARJURE, par-zur, adj. & s. m. perjury;

also perjurer.

PARJURER, (SE) se-par-2d-ra, v. r. to be

forsworn, to forswear one's self.

PARLAGE, s. m. verbosity.
PARLANT, E., adj. speaking. Ex. Unetrompete variant, a speaking trumpet. Portrait parlante, striking likeness.

PARLEMENT, parl-men, s. m. parliament, supreme court of judicature; session cr term

(during which the parliament sits.) PARLEMENTAIRE, pårl-men-ter, adj. & s. parliementary; round-head, whig. Bateau or bâtiment parlementaire, Mar. cartel flag of truce.

PARLEMENTER, parl-men-ta, v. n. to par-

PARLER, par-la, v. n. to speak, talk. Je lui apprendrai à parler, I will teach him to rule his tongue. J'en ai out parler, I have heard of the lui apprendrai con the state of the lui apprendrai de parler, i have heard of the lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de lui lui apprendrai de of it. On en parle fort, it is a thing much talked of. On n'en parle plus, there is no more talk of it. Trouver à qui parler, to bâtiment avant de prendre des ris, Mar. we will speak with that vessel before we rect.

Parler, y a to espaik Ex. Parler françois

Parler, v. a. to speak. Ex. Parler françois or la langue françoise, to speak French. Par-ler françois, to speak plain. Parler chicane, to use law-terms. Se parler, v. r. to speak to one another, talk together, talk to one's self; also to be spoken. La langue françoise se parle par toute l' Europe, the French tongue is spoken all over Europe.

PARLER, s. m. speech or manner of speak-

ing. PARLERIE, pårl-ri, s. f. prating, talkative-

PARLEU-R, SE, par-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. talker. Un beau parleur, a well-spoken man,

a good spokesman or speaker.

Parloir, par-lwar, s. m. parlour (of a

monastery.)

PARMESAN, s. m. Parmesan; Parmesan

PARMI, par-mi, prep. among, amongst, amidst. It is only joined to an indefinite plural of more than two or to a collective singular. Ex. Parmi mes livres, amongst my books. Parmi la foule, amidst the crowd. PARNASSE, par-nas, s. m. Paruassus, poe-

ry, poets.

PARODIE, på-rô-dl, s. f. parody.

PARODIER, på-rô-dlå, v. a. to parody.

PARODISTE, på-rô-dlst, s. m. writer or

PAROI, på-rwa, s. f. wall, partition. Parci, s. m. coat (of the stomach;) bridge (of the wose.)

PAROIR, s. m. farrier's buttress.

Paroisse, pa-rwas, s. f. parish; parish-church; parishioners.

PAROISSIAL, E,pa-rwa-sial, adj. parochial, for belonging to the parish. Une eglise of or belonging to the parish. paroissiale, a parochial or parish church.

Paroissien, ne, på-rwå-sien, sien, s. m.

ARUISTIAN, A.M., FA.

6. parishioner.

PAROTRE, på-retr, v. n. (See the table at oitre) to appear, be seen; to appear in the world; make a show or some figure; to appear to the seen of the seen of the seed of t pear, to seem or look. Son esprit paroit en cela, he shows his wit in that. Faire paroitre, to show, bring forth, declare, discover. It purost bien quel parti il a pris, it appears how he roth viet quet y paroit, there are the marks or prints of it. Vruiment, it y paroit pen, troth, there is little sign of it. I paroit pen, troth, there is little sign of it. I paroit un beau livre, there is a fine book come out. Paroitre, v. n. Mar. Paroitre dans le brouillard or dans le lointain, or par le mirage, to loom. La terre paroît très-élevée par le mirage, the land looms very high. Le mirage fait parof-tre très-gros ces batimens, those vessels loom very large. Cette voile inconnue paroît être un bâtiment de guerre, that strange sail has the appearance of a man of war.

PAROLE, pà-ròl, s. f. speech; discourse; word; saying; promise, parole. Porter lu parole, to speak, be the spokesman. Reprendre la parole, to resume the discourse. Prendre la parole, to company to company to the la parole. dre la parole, to answer, reply. Tenir parole or sa parole, to be as good as one's word. Avoir la parole à commandement, to have one's tongue well hung, be well-spoken. La parole éternelle, incrée or incarnée, the eternal Word. Jesus Christ. Paroles, words, hard words (d'un air, d'une chanson) words. Se prendre

de paroles, to rail at one another. PAROLI, pa-ro-li, s. m. paroli.

PARONOMASE, S. f. paronomasia.
PARONYCHIE, S. f. felon or whitlow.
PAROTIDE, parolid, s. m. parolid.

PAROXISME, på-rôk-sism, s. m. paroxysm.
PARPAILLOT, E, pår-på-lò, lôt, s. m. & f.
nickname given to French protestants; impi-

PARPAING, par-pin, s. m. large stone in a building as thick as the wall.

PARQUE, park, s.f. Destiny, one of the fatal sisters.

PARQUER, par-ka, v. a. to park, enclose in a park; (des moutons) to fold. Faire parquer, to fold.

PARQUET, par-ke, s. m. bar (of a court of judicature;) pew where the French ministers and elders sit together; inlaid floor. PARQUETAGE, park-taz, s. m. inlaid work.

PARQUETER, park-ta, v. a. to inlay. Ex. Parqueter une chambre, to inlay a room.

*PARQUOI, conj. therefore.

PARRAIN, pa-rin, s. m. god-father; one chosen by a soldier about to be shot to blind

PARRICIDE, pa-ri-sid, s. m. parricide. PARRICIDE, adj. parricidal, murderous.

PARSEMER, pars-ma, v. a. to strew seed;

spread or scatter.

PART, par, s. f. part; share, portion; concern ; side ; place. Quelque part, some place, somewhere, somewhere or other. Autre part or quelqu'autre part, somewhere else. En quelque part que, wherever whithersoever. Nulle part, no where De part ct base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enant, cent, lieu : vin : mon : brun.

d'autre, on each side, on both sides. De a care, on each side, on both sides. De toute parts, every where, on every side. De part en part, through and through. La plus part. V. Plupart. A part, aside, separately, to one's self, apart, by one's self, by itself, by themselves. Raillerie à part, seriously, without jesting, in good earnest. A part soi, to one's self. Mettre à part, to lay aside or by. Tirer à part, to take aside. Fuire bande part, to part from the company. Fuire lit à part, to have a separate bed or separate beds. De la part de, on the part of, by the desire of, commissioned by, from. Venez-vous ici de la part de M. votre père l' Do you come here by your father's desire! De ma part, for my part, as for me. Saluez le de ma part, remember me or present my service or respects to him. Je le sais de bonne part, I have it from good hands. Prendre en bonne part, to take well. Prendre en mauvaise part, to take well. Prendre en mauvaise part, to take ill. Aroir part à to have a share or hand in, be concerned in, contribute to. V. Partager. Faire part de, to impart. Etre à la part, Mar. to have a share in the profits of

Part, s. m. (law term) birth, child, infant. Supposition or suppression de part, concealed

PARTAGE, par-taz, s. m. parting, partition, sharing, dividing, division; lot, share. C'est-là cotre partage, that is fallen to your lot or share. If a partage (les juges sont partagés) the court is divided.

PARTAGER, pår-tå-zå, v. a. to part, share. divide, make parts, give a share; (prendre part à) to take part with, be concerned for, share in. Partagez mon amour, return my love. Etre partagé des dons du corps et de l'ame, to be endowed with the gifts of the body and mind. Je sens votre surprise et je la partage, I am sensible how much you are surprised, and I am as much so. Son pere l'a partagé en ainé, his father gave him an elder brother's stiare. La nature l'a bien partage, he has good natural parts or accomplishments.

PARTANCE, par-tens, s. f. Mar. setting sail or sailing from a place, time and act of sailing or departing from a place. Le coup de pur tance, the sailing gun. Etre en partance, to be ready for sailing. Faire une belle partance, to sail with a fair and steady breeze.

*PARTANT, par-ten, adv. therefore, where-

fore, consequently.

*PARTEMENT, s. m. V. Départ.
PARTEMENE, par-tèr, s. m. parterre, level
or even plot of ground; flower-garden; pit (in a play-house,) people that are in the pit. Parterre de gazon, green or grass plot.

PARTI, E, adj. gone, gone away, departed, parted, divided; party (in heraldry.)

PARTT, par-il, s. m. party, side; match; offer, conditions, terms; body, detachment; expedition, way, means; business, calling, profession: resolution, choice, course, course of life, line of conduct; contract, farming; (chef de parti) ringleader. Prendre le parti de quelqu'un, to take one's part or defence. Prendre le parti des armes, de l'église, etc. to take to the army, to the church, etc. Prendre parti dans les troupes, to list one's self a solparti dans tes troupes, to use o seu a son-dier. Prendre son parti, to come to a deter-mination, be resolved upon it. Tirer parti de quelqu'un or de quelque chose, to reap some advantage by a person or thing. Il faut prendre un parti, I (you, we, etc.) must take to some profession or other, I (you, we, etc.) must come to some resolution or other. Le parti qu'il prend, the resolution he takes; also the line of conduct he takes to, the course he takes to. Elle a pris parti ailleurs, she has provided elsewhere for herself. J'ai pris parti ailleurs, I am engaged another way. J'ai pris le parti du silence or de me taire, I chose to be silent.

PARTIAL, E, par-sial, adj. partial, not to-

tal; biassed to one's party or interest. PARTIALEMENT, par-sial-men, adv. per-

tially.

PARTIALISER, (SE) se-par-sia-il-za, v. r. to be partial or biassed to a party.

PARTIALITÉ, par-sia-il-ta, s. i. partiality.

PARTICIPANT, E, par-u-si-pen, pent, adi.

partaking.

PARTICIPATION, par-u-al pa-sion, s. f. par-ticipation, share. Sans ma participation, unknown to me, without imparting it to me.
PARTICIPE, par-ti-sip, s. m. participle;

PARTICIPER, par-ti-si-pa, à, v. n. to participate or partake of, have a share in, take part with, be concerned for. Particirer de, partake of the nature or properties of.

PARTICULARISER, par-ti-tu-la-ri-za, v. a. to particularize, insist on particulars, give a

particular account of.

PARTICULARITÉ, par-il-rd-là-rl-tà, s. f. particular or particularity.

PARTICULE, par-ti-kal, s.f. particle : small

or little part, crumb.

PARTICULIER, E, par-ti-cu-lia, lier, adj. particular, proper, peculiar, singular, extraordinary, uncommon, private.

PARTICULIER, s. m. private man. En particulier, in particular, apart, aside, privately, in private. Virre en particulier, to live a private life. Etre en son particulier, to be private. En mon particulier, for me, for my

PARTICULIÈREMENT, pår-tl-kû-flêr-mên, adv. particularly, especially, in a particular or

special manner.

PARTIE, par il, s. f. part; client; party; (de joueurs) match, party; game; combination; sum, sum of money; (d'un compte) article. Partie adverse, adverse party, adversary, antagonist, opposer. Partie double (au jeu) lurch. Etre de la partie, to be one of the company, put in for one. Parties, parts, qualifications, accomplishments; (compte) bills. Vous êtes sur mes parties, I remember you. Pour fin de toutes parties, in full of all demands Faire les parties d'une sentence, to parse a sen tence. Partie or en partie, adv. partly, in part Partie, the feminine of Parti. V. Parti.

PARTIEL, LE, adj. not the whole, partial. *PARTIE, partir, v. a. (only used in the infinitive) to part, divide. Ils ont toujours maile à partir, they have always a crow to pluck, they are always squabbling.

Partir, v. n. to go, go away, set out or forth, depart; to come or proceed, to flow or result, be the effect; to come or go out, dart; (parlant d'un lièvre) to start; (parlant d'un personne) to spring. Faire portir, to sead or send away; (un lièvre) to start; (une perdris! bar, bat, base : there, cbb, over : field fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

to spring; (un cheval) to put on. Un coup de : canon étant parti du vaisseau ennemi, one gun being discharged from the enemy's ship. PARTIR, s. m. departure, setting out; (d'un

cheval) starting.
PARTISAN, par-ti-zen, s. m. partisan, stickler, favourer of a party; contractor, farmer, leader, commander, partisan. Chaque parti avoit d'homètes gens pour ses partisans, each party had honest men on its side.

PARTITI-F, VE, par-ti-tif, tlv, adj. partitive,

denoting only part

PARTITION, par-ti-sion, s. f. partition.

PARURE, pa-rur, s. f. set-off, ornament, sery, attire, dress. Une parure de diamans, finery, attire, dress. Une parure de diamans, a set of diamonds. Parures, shags or parings. PARVEKIR, parv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to

arrive, come, get, attain, reach, come to pre-

ferment, make one's fortune.

PARVENU. E, adj. arrived, etc. V. Parvenir. Il est parvenu à sa f.n., he has got his aim. Le paysan parvenu, the fortunate countryman.
Un officier parvenu, an officer who had been a common soldier, etc. Un parvenu, an upstart.

Parvis, s. par-vi, s. m. court before a

church, porch.

PAS, pa, s. m. pace; step; sill, threshold; stile; going backward and forward, labour, trouble, pains; footstep, track; straits, narrow passage, defile. Pas-d'ane, colt's-foot (a plunt;) sharp bit; basket hilt. Dece pas, tout de ce pas, straight, presently. Pas à pas, step hy step. Cheral qui ra bien le pas, a horse that paces well. Cheral de pas, pacing horse, pad. Aller d'un bon pas, marcher à grands pas, to go on at a good rate, to walk at a great rate. A petits pas, à pas serrés, with short and thick steps. Marcher à pas de loup, to go softly or gingerly. Marcher à pas comptés, to go stately on, go with a great deal of gravity. Pas à pas on v. bien loin, fair and softly go far. Aller à la mort d'un pas ferme, to encounter death with great resolution. Retourner sur ses pas, to go back, go back again, go the same way one came. A quatre pas d'ici, hard by. Faire un pas, to make or set a step. Fuire un faux pas, to make a false step, slip, trip, missone's footing. Avoir le pas, to go first, have the precedency. Prendre le pas devant, to go first. Porter ses pas à or vers, to walk to or towards.

Où portez-vous ros pas? where are you going?

Porter ses pas tremblans à or vers, to totter to or towards. Nous ne sommes encore qu'au premier pas, we are vet but at the be-ginning of all. Le Pas de Calais, the straits of Dover

Pas, adv. no, not. Non pas, not. Cela n'est pas bon, that is not good. Pas un, no, not

one

PASCAL, E, pas-kal, adj. paschal, of or belonging to the passover or Easter. L'agneau pascal, the paschal lamb; the passover.

*PASQUIK, s. m. old mutilated statue at Rome to which placards are attached.

PASQUINADE, pås-kl-nåd, s. f. pasquin. pasquinade, lampoon.

PASSABLE, på-sabl, adj. passable, toleraole, indifferent.

PASSABLEMENT, på-såbl-men, adv. tolerably, indifferently, so so. Faire des vers passablement bons, to make indifferent verses.

PASSACAILLE, s. f. sort of tune and dance. PASSADE, pas-sad, s. f. passing, going through; (d'un cheval) turn, course backward and forward; relief or alms to a poor passenger. Il n'y a fait qu'une passade, he only went through it. Demander la passade, to

beg one's way. Passace, pa-saz, s.m. passage, way, ave-nue, liberty to pass: passage-money or toll; (in musich) trill, quaver. Passage, Mar. pas-Bateau de passage, passage boat. payé 20 louis pour mon passage, I paid 20 guineas for my passage. Passage de la lune

guineas for my passage. Passage de la lume au méridien, southing of the moon. PASSAGER, E, pà-sà-zà, zèr, adj. transito-ry, transient, temporary. Oiseaux passagers, birds of passage.

PASSAGER, s. m. passenger (of a coach,

etc.)
PASSAGER, v. a. un cheval, to manage a

horse in turning. PASSAGÈREMENT, adv. transitorily, tran-

siently.

PASSANT, E, på-sen, sent, adj. Ex. Chemin passant, rue passante, thoroughfare. En passant, going along, by the by, by the way, slightly, cursorily.

PASSANT. s. m. passenger, traveller. V Pussager.

PASSATION, s. f. act of making a deed. PASSAVANT, V. Passe-avant.

PASSE, pas, s. f. (in fencing) pass, push, thrust; (at billiards) port; (at play) stake. Passe des monnoies, odd money, overplus. Etre en belle passe, to have a fine prospect, be in a fair way. Etre en passe d'avoir quelque emploi, to be in a fair way to get, or stand fair for getting an employment. Passe, Mar. channel between two banks.

Passé, E, pa-sa, adj. past, etc. V. Passer, past, over, last; out, out of use, out of fashion; out of doors; dead and gone.

PASSÉ, (LE,) s. m. the time past. Par le passé, in time past, formerly, heretofore; things past.

PASSE-AVANT, pas-a-ven, s. m. pass for one to continue his journey, permit to land goods. Passe-avant, Mar. gangway.

PASSE-CHEVAL, s. m. ferry for horses. PASSE-DROIT, pas-drwa, s. m. favour; in-

justice, wrong.

PASSÉE, pa-sa, s. f. passage (of troops through a place or of birds of passage.)

PASSE-FLEUR, V. Anémone. PASSEMENT, pas-mên, s. m. lace.

PASSEMENTER, pas-men-ta, v. a. to lace PASSEMENTIER, pas-men-tla, s. m. lace maker.

Passe-parole, s. m. pass parole.

PASSE-PARTOUT, pas-par-too, s. m. mas-ter-key, double key, key that opens many doors, saw fit to saw great trees.

PASSE-PASSE, s. m. juggler's tricks, leger-demain. Faire des tours de passe-passe, to juggle. Un jouen de passe-passe, a juggler. PASSE-PIED, pas-pià, s. m. sort of jig.

PASSE-PIERRE, pas-pier, s. f. sea-fennel PASSE-POIL, pas-pwal, s. m. chain lace or

edging.
PASSE-PORT, pas-por, s. m. pass or pass-

PASSER, pa-sa, v. n. & a. to pass, come or go through, come or go by, come or go over; base, bût : jeune, meute. beurre : enfam, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to go beyond, exceed, pass, surpass, excel, out-do, go or run away; to run, run through; to go over, be transferred; to pass on, come to; to be over, cease, leave off; to skip, leave out; pass over, omit, not to speak of; to satisfy, gratify; to dissipate, drive away; to spend, employ; to strain; to bolt, sift; to go away, die, expire ; (faire par-devant notaire) to draw, to fade away, decay; to last, serve; (au jeu) to pass or not play; out-go, outstrip; to pass or go, be reputed or accounted or locked upon; (un penu) to dress; to be taller than, overtop; to pass, be admitted, commence; to go or become current; to sharpen, set; to allow; (une piece de monnoie) to put' off, make go; (dans une assemblée) to pass, be resolved upon or carried; to touch lightly; to touch, glance upon; to be beyond or above the reach or capacity of; to pass, carry over; to be communicated or imparted. Passer sur quelqu'un, to make a pass at one. Passer jar-dessus une chose, to over-look a thing. Passer par-dessus quelqu'un, to trample upon one. En passer par-là, to submit to that. Passer à la montre or en revue, to pass muster, be mustered or reviewed. Passer le pas, to die, kick the bucket, kick up one's heels, go the way of all flesh. Il faut passer le pas, it must be so, there is no help for it. Passer maître, to make a freeman; to be made a freeman. Passer par les mains de quelqu'un, to fall into one's hands, have need of him. Passer de mode, to be out of fashion. Passez par-ici, come this way. Passez par-là, go that way. Passez devant, go before. Passez plus arant, go farther. Passer outre, to go on, go forward, proceed. Passer une rivière, to go over a river. Passer le temps, to pass away the time, divert one's self. Passer mal son temps, to have an ill time of it, suffer. Faire passer un mal, to cure a distemper. Il ne passera pas l'année, he will not live the year out. Passe, let that pass, be it so, I grant it. Passe pour cette fois-ci, mais qu'il n'y revienne pas, I excuse him for this once, but let it be the last.

Passer, v. a. Mar. to pass, etc. Faire passer du monde sur le bord, to man the side. Passer du monde sur une manaeuvre, to man Passe du monde à la sonde, pass the line along and man the guns. Passe du monde aux palans d'étai, man the stay tackles. Passer une manœuvre dans ses poulies, etc. to reeve a rope. Passer les manauvres etc. to reeve a rope. Tasser us minusures des bonnettes, to reeve the studding-ail gear. Passer la clef dans un mût de hune or de perroquet, to fid a top-mast or top-gallant mast. La clef est-elle passée dans le mût? is the mast fidded? Faire passer sur mall is the mast nation. If there passer sur-son bord les prisonniers d'une prise, to shift the prisoners from a prize. Nos malts de perroquet sont passés sur l'arrière, our top-gallant masts go abaft the top-masts. Le général a passé son par 'lon sur une frégate, the admiral has shifted his flag to a frigate. Passer des canons de chasse or de retraite, to run out bow or stern chasers. Passer des canons d'un bord à l'autre, to shist guns over from side to side. En passant quelques canons, nous nous battons à 80, by shifting canons, nous nous battons à 30, by shifting

PASSIF, s. m. passive verb.

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autre, to change the disposition of a fleet or squadron from one order of sailing or of battle to another. Passer des poudres, to hand along powder. Passer du lest rolant, to move shifting ballast. Passer en consonmation des rivres, munitions, etc. to expend provisions, stores, etc. Passer à poupe or provisions, stores, ac. Passer à poupé or sous le beaupré d'un bâtiment, to puss close a-stern or a-head of a ship. Passer à vue d'un cap, d'une île, etc. to pass in sight of a cape, of an island, etc. Passer un détroit, to pass through a strait. Passer sur un danger, to go over a shoal. Passer au large or en terre d'un écueil, to go without or within a shoal. Passer sur des bancs de poisson, to run through shoals of fish. Passer poisson, to run tirrough snoats of issn. Passer pardessus un bâtiment, to run down a ship Passer sous le vent d'un raisseau, to go to leeward of a ship. Passer au vent d'un bâtiment, to go to windward of a vessel weather a ship. Passer au travers d'une escadre ennemie, to pass through an enemy's fleet. Passer sur un bâtiment or à bord d'un bâtiment, to take a passage on board a vessel go on board for the completion of a voyage Passer la ligne or les tropiques, to cross the line or the tropicks. Passer une barre, to cross the bar of a harbour. Passer la revue, to be mustered. Passer, to founder. Passer hiver, to winter. Passer un raban aux barres du cabestan, to swift the capstan bars. Passer un nât de hune or de perroquet, to point a top-mast or top-gallant mast through the cap. Les vents ont passé à l'est, the wind has got round to the eastward. Le fort du rent est passe, the height of the gale is over. Le grain nous passera de l'arent, the squall will go a-head of us. Combien passe-t-ill what is the glass running for l Nous passâmes trois jours et trois muits en branlebas, we were three days and three nights at quarters. Votre bâtiment passe pour bon voilier, your ship is reckoned a fast sailer.

Passer, (se,) v. r. to pass, be doing, happen; to fade away, decay; to pass, go or run away. Se passer de or à, to be comented or satisfied with, make shift with. Se passer de, to for bear, make shift without, be contented with

PASSERAGE, s. f. (herb) dittany.

PASSEREAU, pas-ro, s. m. sparrow. PASSE-ROSE, s. f. hollyrose.

PASSE-ROUTE, s. f. master (or main) trick PASSE-TEMPS, pas-ten, s. m. pastime, sport recreation, diversion.

Passe-velours, s. m. amaranth, flower gentle, velvct-flower.

PASSE-VOGUE, s. f. rowing amain. passe-rogue, to row amain, ply one's gars.

amain. PASSE-VOLANT, pas-vo-len, s. m. fagot (at a muster.)

Passe-volant, Mar. false muster on the ship's books; pl. Passe-volant.

Passeur, på-seur, s. m. ferry-man.

Passibilitt, på-sl-bl-fl-th, s. f. passibi-

lity.

PASSIBLE, på-sibl, adj. passible.

PASSI-F, VE, på-sif, sky, adj. passive. Deta
passive, debt owing to another.

Passive of passive verb.

bar, pat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mòod, good.

suffering: sermon preached on Good Friday upon Christ's passion. Passionné, É, adj. passionate, affection-

ate, fond, amorous, passionately in love, prepossessed. Passionné pour, greedy or desireus r ambitious or fond of.

Passionnément, på-sið nå-mån, adv. pas-

sionately.

Passionner, på-sid-nå, v. a. to humour (as a good singer or good actor.) Se passionner, v. r. to have a strong passion or desire; also to fly out into a passion.

Passivement, på-slv-men, adv. passive-

ly, in a passive manner or sense.

PASSOIRE, pas-war, s. f. colander.

PASTEL, pas-tel, s. m. woad; pastel or cra-

yon, picture in crayons.

PASTENADE, V. Panais.

PASTEUR, pas-teur, s. m. shepherd, pastor or minister.

PASTICHE, s. m. picture in which the colouring of a painter is imitated; opera composed of parts of others.

PASTILLE, pås-til, s. f. pastil.

PASTURAI., E, pås-tö-rål, adj. pastoral, of
or belonging to a shepherd or pastor.

PASTORALE, s. f. pastoral.

PASTORALEMENT, pas-to-ral-men, adv. like a good pastor.

PASTOUR-EAU, ELLE, pas-too-ro, rel, s. m. & f. little shepherd or shepherdess, swain, lass.

PAT, på, s. m. stale mate (at chess.)
PATACHE, på-tåsh, s. f. tender, revenue
cutter. Patache d'avis, advice-boat.

PATAGON, på-tå-gon. s. m. patacoon. PATARAFIE, på-tå-råf, s. f. dash in writ-

ing, scrawl.
PATARAS, s. m. pl. Mor. preventer shrouds.
PATARASSE, s. f. Mar. horsing iron; calk-

PATATE, s. f. potatoe.

PATAUD, s. m.. thick-footed young whelp

Pataud, e, pa-to, tod, s. m. & f. great plump or chopping boy, young plump girl, ill shaped

PATAUGER, på-to-zå, v. n. to walk in the

mud or mire.

PATE, pat, s.f. paste, dough; constitution, temper; lute, clay, loam. C'est une bonne pate d'homme, he is a good honest soul. Tandis que vous avez la main à la pate, while your hand is in; also while you have

the fingering of the money.

PATÉ, pà-tà, s. m. (with printers) pie;
(d'encre) blot; (sorte de fortification) pate.
Paté de venaison, venison-pasty. Des petits

pates, petty-patties.

PATE, E, adj. pasted over.

PATEE, pa-ta, s. f. paste (wherewith poultry is fattened.)

PATELIN, pat-lin, s. m. wheedler sharper, tricker, tricking fellow.

PATELINAGE, pat-Il-naz, s. m. sharping,

tricking, wheedling.
PATELINER, pat-il-na, v. a. to wheedle, gull, inveigle or decoy, trick. Pateliner, v. n. to trick.

PATELINEU-R, SE, pat-Il-neur, neuz, adj. wheedler, crafty man *o*r woman.

PATENK, på-len, s. f. patine.
PATENÔTRE, påt-nôtr, s. f. pater noster or
Lord's prayer; prayer. Patenôtres, beads.

PATENOTRIER, påt-no-triå, s. m. bead or chaplet maker or seller, button-maker. PATENT, E, adj. patent. Lettres-patentes.

letters patent.

PATENTE, pa-ient, s. f. or LETTRES-PA-TENTES, patent, letters patent.

PATER, s. m. pater or pater noster, great bead of a chaplei; father.

PATER, ph. 18, v. a. to paste. Pâter talon de soulier, to paste the heel of a shoe.

PATERE, s. m. kind of ancient cup. Pâter un

PATERNEL, LE, på-ter-nel, adj. paternal, fatherly. Parens paternels, relations on the father's side.

PATERNELLEMENT, på-ter-nel-men, adv.

paternally, like a father

PATERNITÉ, på-ter-ni-ta, s. f. paternity

PATERNOSTER: s. m. paternoster.
PATEU-X, SE, på-teu, teuz, adj. clammy
PATHÉTIQUE, på-te-tik, adj. pathetical.
PATHÉTIQUEMENT, på-te-tik-mên, adv pathetically.

PATHOGNOMONIQUE, adj. pathognomonick PATHOLOGIE, pa-to-lo-zl, s. f. pathology. PATHOLOGIQUE, på-tô-lô-zik, adj. patho-

PATHOLOGIQUE, pa-to-to-zik, adj. paino-logical.

PATHOS, på-tòs, s. m. pathos.

PATIBULAIRE, på-ti-bå-lèr, adj. patibulary. Mine patibulaire, a gallows-look.

PATIENNENT, på-siè-men, adv. patiently.

PATIENCE, på-sièrs, s. f. patience; quietdock (an herb.) Demeurer en patience, to equiet. Patience / have a little patience, patience, well and good.

PATIENT, E, på-slen, slent, adj. patient, suffering, enduring, constant.

PATIENT, s. m. patient, prisoner, condemned to die and going to be executed: sick per-

Patienter, på-sièn-tå, v. n. to take patience.

PATIN, på-tin, s. m. patten, clog; skate; sort of horse-shoc

PATINER, på-ti-nå, v. a. to feel, fumble,

paw. Patiner, v. n. to skate.
PATINEUR, pa-ti-neur, s. m. fumbler, palmer; skater

PATIR, pa-tlr, v. n. to suffer. PATIS, pa-tl, s. m. pasture-ground, pas-

Patisser, på-tl så, v. a. to make pastry or pastry-work. Patisserie, på-tls-ri, s. f. pastry, pastry-

work, pastry-trade. PATISSIER, E, på-ti-siå, sier, s. m. & f.

pastry-cook. PATISSOIR, s. f. padasuoy.

PATOIS, pa-twa, s. m. gibberish, provincial dialect.

PATON, pa-ton, s. m. inside leather, piece of leather wherewith the toe of a shoe is lined, also paste to fatten poultry.

PATRAQUE, s. f. gewgaw, old stuff.
PATRE, patr, s. m. herdsman, shepherd.
PATRES, (AD) Ex. Alter ad patres, to die, go the way of all flesh. Envoyer ad patres, to send (one) to sleep with his fathers.
PATRIARCAL, E, på-tri-år-kål, adj. patri-

archal.

PATRIARCAT, på-trl-år-kå, s. m. patriar-chate, dignity of a patriarch. PATRIARCHE, på-trl-årsh, s. m. patriarch PATRICE, på-trls, s. m. patrician.

bose, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

PATRICIAT, på-trl-slå, s. m. patriciate, parician's dignity.

PATRICIEN, NE, på-trl-sien, sien, adj. patriciau, noble, descended of Roman senators.

PATRICIEN, s. m. patrician. PATRIE, på-trl, s. f. one's native country,

one's native soil, one's own country.

PATRIMOINE, på-tri-mwan, s. m. patrimo-

ay. Ратвінокіль, к, på-trl-mô-n?al, adj. patrimonial.

PATRIOTE, på-tri-ôt, s. m. patriot, publick-

FATRIOTE, particular, spirited man.
PATRIOTIQUE, på-trl-0-dk, adj. patriotick.
PATRIOTIQUEMENT, adv. patriotically.
PATRIOTISME, på-trl-0-dkm, s.m. patriotism.
*PATROCINER, på-trl-d-nå, v. n to argue,

to preach.

PATRON, på-tron, s. m. pattern, model, example; patron, protector, defender; he that has the gift of a benefice. Patron, Mar. master or commander of a merchant ship or boat (in the dialect of Provence and Languedoc.) Patron de chaloupe, cockswain, patron of the launch, patron of the long boat (of a man of war.) Patron de canot, cockswain of a boat.

PATRONAGE, på-tro-nåz, s. m. advowson, right of patronage.

PATRONAL, E, adj. patronal, of or belong-

ing to the patron.
PATRONIMIQUE, på-tro-ni-mik, adj. patro-

nymick.

PATRONNE, på-tron, s. f. patroness. PATROUILLAGE, på-troo-laz, s. m. puddle, paddling.

PATROUILLE, på-trôol, s. f. pairole, rounds.

Aller en patrouille, to pairole.

PATROUILLER, på-trôo-lå, v. n. to puddle,

paddle; to paw or funble; to patrole.

*PATROUILLIS, pa-troo-il, s. m. puddle.

PATTE or PATE, pat, s. m. paw; (d'une

pêche) flap ; (d'un verre) foot.

Patte or pate, s. f. Mar. Pattes (d'une ancre) flukes; (de bouline) bridles. Pattes d'élingues, can-hooks. Pattes de voiles, tabling of the sails at the bolt-ropes.

us at the bon-ropes.

Patté, e, or paté, e, (in beraldry) patee.

Pattée or Patée, s. f. rap with a ferula.

*Patte-pr.: U, E, or Patte-velu, E, pat-

velô, là, s. m. hypocrite, treacherous villain.
PATTU, s, or PATU, s, på-tò, tò, adj. Pigeon pattu, rigeon with feathers down to his
ket.

PATURAGE, på-tå-råz, s. m. pasture, pasture-ground, feeding.

PATURE, pa-tur, s. f. food, meat; also pasture, pasture-ground, provender.

PATURER, pa-ta-ra, v. n. to feed.

*PATUREUR, pa-tu-reur, s. m. one that leads horses to grass.

PATURON, pa-iu-ron, s. m. pastern of a horse.

pò-lêt, s. f. paulet, kind of PAULETTE, pò-lêt, s. 1 yearly tax paid to the king.

PAULETTER, v. n. to pay the paulet. PAUME, pom, s. f. palm of the hand; hand

(in measuring the height of a horse;) tennis. PAUMELLE, s. f. sort of barley; (de portes légerès) hinges, Mar. (de voilier) palm; (de cordier) list.

*PAUMER, v. a. to slap, Ex. Je te paumerai la gueule, I shall give thee a slap on the chaps.

PAUMIER, pô-mia, s. m. tennis-court-keep-er, master of a tennis-court. Paumière, s. f. she-keeper of a tennis-court,

wife of the master of a tennis-court.
PAUMOYER, V. Pomoyer.
PAUPLERE, po-pler, s. f. eye-lid; hair of the eye-lid.

PAUSE, pôz, s. f. pause, stop, rest. PAUSER, pô-za, v. n. to pause, make a pause or stop.

PAUVE, pove, adj. poor, needy, in want, not rich, not copious, sorry, pitiful, wretched.

Pauve en amis, destitute of friends.

PAUVRE, s. m. & f. poor man or woman, beggar. Les pauvres, the poor, the poor sort beggar.

of people.
PAUVREMENT, povr-men, adv. poorly,

beggarly.
PAUVRESSE, s. f. a poor woman who begs in the street.

PAUVRET, TE, pô-vrê, vrêt, adj. & s. m. & f. poorish, needy, in want; poor creature.
PAUVRETÉ, pôvr-tå, s. f. poverty, want,

need, indigence, poorness, silly thing, impertinence.

PAVAGE, på-våz, s. m. paving. PAVABE, på-vån.s. m. sort of dance. PAVABER, (SR) så-på-vå-nå, v. r. to strut,

have a proud gait.

Pavi, pavia, s. m. pavement, stones of a paved place: paved place. Le hant du pavi, the wall. Etre sur le pave, to be out of office.

PAVEMENT, s. m. paving, pavement, paved floor.

PAVER, pa-va, v. a. to pave.

PAVESADE, påvežid, s. f. Mar. nettings. PAVEUR, påveur, s. m. pavior. PAVIE, påvel, s. m. nectarine.

PAVIERS, på-vi-å, s. m. Mar. nettings.
PAVIERS, på-vi-lon, s. m. pavilion; tentbed; side of a bouse; (de trompette) broad

end Pavillon blanc, flag of truce.

Pavillon, Mar. flag; also flag-ship. Pavillon national or pavillon distinctif de chaque nation, colours. Pavillon de commandement. nation, colours. Tanuon ae communement, flag. Pavillon de beunyré, jack. Pavillon de poupe, ensign. Pavillons de signaux, signal flags. Pavillons supérieurs, superior flags. Pavillons inférieurs, inférior flags. Vaisseau pavillon, flag ship. Bâton de pavillons of C. S. Landon de pavillons de la colour d lon, flag staff. Sur quel vaisteau le général doit-il hisser son pavillon? on board what ship is the admiral to hoist his flag?

snip is the admiral to hoist his flag?
PAVOIS, på-vwå, s. m. great shield.
Parois, Mar. waist cloths, quarter cloths.
Parois de hune, top armours, top armings.
PAVOISER, på-vwå-zå, UN BATIMENT, v.
a. to dress a ship with nettings and a variety of flags, pendants, etc.

on mags, pendams, etc.

PAVOT, på-vö, s. m. poppy.

PAYABLE,på-yåbl, adj. payable, to be paid.

PAYE, på, s. f. pay; pay-master.

PAYEMENT, på-mån,s.m.payment, paying.

PAYER, på-yå, v. a. to pay, pay off. Payer de sa personne, to show one's self a man. Payer de raison, to give good reasons. Payer d'ingratitude, to repay with ingratitude.

a ingrantiade, to repay with ingratitude.

Payer d'effronterie, to get out of a scrape by
dint of impudence, stand it out.

PAYEUR, pê-yeur, s. m. pay-master.

Paye, pê-yeur, s. f. pay-mistress.

Pars, pê-l, s. m. country, land, region, native land, native soil, also country-man. Le

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : flud, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good

nys Latin, the school or university. Vous tes bien de votre pays, what a silly man you are! Etre en pays de connoissance, to be among PAYSAGE, pe-l-zaz, s. m. landscape.

PAYSAGISTE, pe-1-za-zist, s. m. landscape-

painter.

PAYSAN, pê-1-zên, s. m. peasant, countryman, clown, country clown; (d'Allemagne) boor; clown, churl. Manière de or qui sent

le paysan, clownish or rustical way.

Paysame, pê-l-zân, s. f. country-woman,
clownish or rustical woman.

A la paysame,

country-like, like a clown.

Piack, pa-az, s. m. toll, custom, toll-booth, custom-house, turnpike.

PÉAGER, på-à-zå, s. m. toll-gatherer,

publican, turnpike man. PEAU, pò, s. f. skin; hide; rind; peel.

Crever or enrager dans sta peau, to fret, be mad. PEAUSSERIE, s. f. skinner's trade or ware. PEAUSSIER, po-sia, s. m. skinner, felimon-

PEC, sdj. m. Ex. Hareng pec, pickled her-

ring.
PECCABLE, pê-kâbl, adj. peccable.
PECCABLE, pê-kâ-dl, s. f. peccadillo, mall fault, venial sin.

Akân kânt. adj. peccant.

PECCANT, E, pê-kân, kânt, adj. peccant. Ex. Une humeur peccante, a peccant humour. PECCANI, pê-kâ-vî, s. m. Ex. Un bon pec-

cari, a sincere contrition, a true repentance. PECHE, pesh, s. f. peach; fishing. La pêche, etc. the fishery. PECHE, pa-sha, s. m. sin.

PECHER, pa-sha, v. n. to sin, offend, commit a fault, be wanting.

Pêcher, pe-sha, v. a. to fish; (un étang) to draw; to fish up. Pêcher à la ligne, to angle, fish with a line; to fish, try for fish. Pêcher une ancre, Mar. to sweep an anchor.

PÉCHER, s. m. peach-tree. PÉCHERESSE, pash-rès, s. f. sinner, sinful

PECHERIE, s. f. fishery, spot for fishing. PÉCHEUR, på-sheur, s. m. sinner, sinful

PECHEUR, s. m. fisher, fisherman. Bateau pecheur, fisherman, tishing boat.

PÉCORE, på-kôr, s. f. animal, beast; (also) blockhead, fool.

PECQUE, pek, s. f. silly or impertinent wo-

PECTORAL, E, pêk-tô-râl, adj. pectoral, good for or belonging to the breast.
PECTORAL, s. m. breast-plate.

Proular, pa.kū-lā, s. m. peculation, embezzling of the public treasury.

Proule, pa.kūl, s. m. estate got by saving

Prouse, pa-kan, s. f. ready money.

PECUNIAIRE, pa-ku-nier, adj. pecuniary Prounieu-x, se, pa-ku-nieu, nieuz, adj. monied, full of money

PÉDAGOGIE, ph-da-gô-zi, s. f. pedagogy, instruction of youth.

PÉDAGOGIQUE, på-då-gð-zik, adj. peda-

gogical. Pédagogue, på-då-gåg, s. m. pedagogue

or pedant.
PEDAIRE, adj. Pedarian.

PÉDALE, på-dal, s. f. pedal, low key of organs.

PÉDANÉ, på-då-nå, adj. m. Ex. Juge p dané, pedaneous judge, country judge, inferior judge.

PEDANT, på-den, s. m. pedant, school pedant, pedantick or peremptory coxcomb, sir-

positive in all things

Přidant, adj. pedantick. Přidante, på-dėst, s. f. pedantick woman. Přidanter, på-dėst, v. n. to be a school pedant.

PÉDANTERIE, pa-dent-rl, s. f. pedantry, pedantick way or humour, profession of a school-master.

PÉDANTESQUE,på-dèn-tèsk,adj.pedantick. adv. pedantically, like a pedant.

PÉDANTISER, på-den-ti-så, v. n. to play or

act a pedant's part

PÉDANTISME, ph-den-tism, s. m. pedantry. PÉDÉRASTE, s. m. sodomite.

PÉDÉRASTIE, s. f. sodomy. PÉDESTRE, adj. pedestrious.

PÉDESTREMENT, adv. on foot. PÉDICULAIRE, ph-dî-kû-lêr, adj. pedicu-

lar, lousy.
Proteule, på-dl-kål, s. m. pedicle, stalk of fruits and plants.

PEDON, s. m. foot-courier.

PÉGASE, på-gåz, s. m. Pegasus. PÉGOLIÉRE or PÉGOULIÈRE, s. f. Mar.

house or shed where they melt and heat pitch in a dock yard; also boat (furnished with a furnace and kettle) employed for the same

PEIGNE, pegn, s. m. comb; (pour la laine) card; (detisserand) stay; (pour le lin, le chan-vre) brake; also a sort of shell. Peigne de cheval, crown scab.

PEIGNER, pê-gna, v. a. to comb, comb the head of; (de la laine) to comb cr card; (du lin) to hackle; (du chanve) to hatchel. Se prigner, v. r. to comb one's head.
PEIGNIER, pe-gnia, s. m. comb-maker.

PEIGNOIR, pe-gnwar, s. m. cloth put over the shoulders when combing the head.

PEIGNURES, pê-gnûr, s. f. pl. combings of hair, hair combed off,
PEINDRE, pindr, v. a. (see the table at

eindre) to paint, draw, set in colours; to daub; to write; to describe. Se peindre, v. r. to paint. Se faire peindre, to sit for one's picpaint. Se Jaire penuare, to sit of one s pre-ture. Cela rous va à peindre, that becomes you very well. Fait à peindre, remarkably handsome, very well made. Ce bâtiment est peint de frais, Mar. that ship is newly painted.

PEINE, pen, s. f. pains, trouble, toil, labour; ado, clifficulty, punishment; pain, suffering, torment, affliction, grief, sorrow; anxiety, concern. A peine, with pain, hardly, scarce, but just. A grand peine, with much ado. Pai peine à croire cela, I can hardly believe that. Etre en peine, to be in trouble; also to be in pain, be troubled or concerned. Se mettre en peine, to trouble one's self, trouble one's head.

Priné, E, pê-na, adj. pained, etc. V. Petof work.

Peiner, pê-na, v. a. to pain, trouble, put to trouble.

Peiner, v. n Se peiner, v. r. to take pairs,

bose, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

*Peineu-x, se, pê-neu, neuz, adj. V. Pé-Rible. La semaine peineuse, the holy week.
Peint, E, adj. painted, drawn, etc. V.

Peindre.

PRINTRE, pintr, s. m. painter, picturedrawer.

PEINTURAGE, s. m., the act of painting only

with one colour, daubing.
PEINTURE, pin-tur, s. f. painting, art of

painting; picture, piece of painting; picture, description; (au jeu) court card. En peinture, imaginary, fictitious, duil.
Fintruf, E, adj. painted only with one colour, daubed.

PEINTURER, v. a. to daub, paint with one colour only.

PEINTUREUR, s. m. dauber.
PELADE, pe-lad, s. f. falling off of the hair.
PELAGE, pe-laz, s. m. colour of the hair (of

horses, deer, etc.)

PÉLAMIDE, på-lå-mid, s.f. pilcher or sprat. PÉLAMD, på-lår, adj. Ex. Bois peturd, wood stripped of its bark.

PÉLATRE, s.m. pan or broad end of a shovel.
PELÉ, E, pê-lâ, adj. bald; clso peeled, bianched, etc. V. Peter.

PELE, s. m. bald pated fellow.
PELE-MELE, pel-mell, adv. pell-mell, in a

confusion, confusedly.

PELER, pê-lê, v. a. (le poil) to make bald;
(un cochos de luit) to scald; (l'écorce) to peel;
(des amandes) to blanch; (des allées de jardin) to mow or shave the grass of; (la terre) to take off the turf.

PÉLERIN, E, pâl-rin, rîn, s. m. &. f. pil-grim. Une bonne pélerine, a cunning gipsy. PÉLERINAGE, pâl-ri-nàz, s.m. pilgrimage. PÉLICAN, pâ-li-kân, s. m. pelican (large fowl.) also sort of chymical vessel, and dentist's instrument.

Pélican, Mar. iron dog (to steady and cou-

fine pieces of wood.)
PELISSE, pe-lis, s. f. furred robe or cloak.

PELISSON, s. m. furred petticoat.
PELLE, pel, s. f. shovel. Pelle de four,
oven-peel. Pelle, (d'aviron) Mar. blade or wash (of an oar.)

PELLÉE or PELLEREE, pê-lå, pôl-rå, shovel-full.

PELLERON, s. m. little oven-peel.
PELLETÉE, pêl-tâ, s. f. shovel-full.
PELLETERIE, pêl-tê-ri, s. f. pettry, skins or
furs: furrier's or skinner's trade.

PELLETIER, E, s. m. & f. skinner, furrier, fell-monger.

PELLICULE, pe-II-kal, s. f. pellicle, cuticle, thin skin.

PELOTE, plot, s. f. ball; clew (of thread etc.;) pellet; pin-cushion; star (on a horse's forehead.)

PELOTER, plo-th, v. n. to play at tennis for amusement; to throw snow-balls. Jeter des pelutes de mangeaille aux poissons, to throw baiting-pellets for fishes. Peluter, v. a. to

Cuff, beat, bang.
PELOTON, plo-ton, s. m. bottom or clew (of thread, etc...) (a épingles) pin-cushion; (d'infunierie) platoon, small division; (de mouches à miel) cluster; (de personnes) knot: a tennis-ball not covered. Cette rolaille est un peloton de gransse, that is a very fat fowl.

Priotonner, v.a.to run into heaps, cluster. PELOUSE, plooz, s. f. mossy ground, down. I in.

PELU, E. pê-lô, lû, adj. hairy. Une nate pelue, a sly fellow, a treacherous villain. PELUCHE, plûsh, s. f. shag; tuft; plassh. PELUCHE, E. plû-shâ, adj. tufted. PELURE, plûr, s. f. paring; (d'agnos)

peel.

PENAILLON, pê-nà-lon, s. f. rag ; monk or fria

PÉRAL, R, ph-nhl, adj. penal.
PÉRARD, ph-nhr, s.m. Ex. Un vieux ph-nard, old fusty fellow, old dotard or liber-

PÉNATES, ph-nat, adj. pl. Ex. Dieux pe-nates, household gods. PERAUD, E, pe-no, nod, adj. speechless,

dashedout of countenance, dejected, abashed. Penchant, E, pen-shen, shent, adj. leaning or bending downward, inclining, stooping, shelving; also declining.

PENCHANT, s. m. sleepness, declivity, bending, shelvingness, bias, brink, decline, inclination, proneness; propension, propensity.

Donner du penchant à un corps, to bias a body.

PENCHÉ, E, adj. bent, bowed down, etc. V. Pencher. Un air penché, lolling. Se donner des airs penchés, to loll.

PENCHEMENT, pensh-men, a. ra. bending, bowing, leaning. Penchement de tête, mod.
PENCHER, pen-sha, v. a. to bend or bow

down, make to lean; to incline. v. n. to lean or bend down, bend downwards, hang; to lean, incline, be inclined. Se pencher,

to bow or bend down, stoop, lean, loll. PENDABLE, pen-dabl, adj. hanging, deserves hanging. Un cas pendable, a hang-

ing matter.
PENDAISON, pen-de-zon, s. f. hanging, execution.

PENDANT, E, pen-den, dent, adj. hanging, depending, left undecided.
PENDANT, pen-den, prep. during. Pendant que, conj. whitst, white.

PENDART, s. m. companion (picture or painting;) (de boudrier) hanger; (d'oreille,) pendant, eur-knob; (d'un navire) pendant, streamer. V. Pendeur.

PENDARD, pen-dar, s. m. rogue, villain, knave.

Pendarde, pen-dard, s. f. villainous jade. Pendeloque, pend-lok, s. f. bob, dangling

jewels. *PENDERIK, V. Pendaison.

PENDEUR, s. m. Mar. pendant. Pendeurs de bras, brace pendanis. Pendeur de la caliorne de misaine, fore-tackle pendant, fore-runner pendant. Pendeur de grande caliorne or du grand palan, main-tackle-pendant, main-runner-pendant. Pendeur de palan du grand étai, main-stay-tackle-pendant. Pen-deurs de palanquins du mât de hune, button pendants. Brider les pendeurs de caliorne, to span in the runner-pendants.

PENDILLER, v. n. to dangle to and fro, hang danglingly, bob.

PENDOIR, s. m. cord to hang a flitch of

PENDRE, pendr. v. a. to hang, hang up. Il m'a dit pis que pendre, he has railed at me most bitterly.

Pendre. v. n. to hang from, to hang down or fall. Les 'mes lui pendent, his cheeks fall

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

PENDU, E, pen-du, du, adj. hanged, hung. Proces pends an croc, lawsuit that is at a stand:

PENDU, s. m. one that is hanged.
PENDULE, pendulu, s. m. pendulum.
Pendule, s. f. pendulum clock.
PENE, pen, s. m. bolt. Serrure à pene linguage, stock lock.

PÉNÉTRABILITÉ, på-nå-trå-bl-U-tå, s. f. etrability.

PÉNÉTRASLE, på-nå-trabl, adj. penetra-

PÉNÉTRANT, E, på-nå-trèn, trènt, adj. penetrating; penetrant, penetrating, piercing, quick, sagacious, sharp.
PÉNÉTRATI-F, VE, på-nå-trå-tif, tiv, adj.

penetrative, penetrating.
PENETRATION, ph-nh-trh-slow, s. f. pene-

tration, sagacity, quickness.

Pinitren, pa-na-tra, v. a. & n. to penetrate; to go or get through or into, pierce into or through; to apprehend, understand, find out, discover, dive or pierce into; to move, affect, work upon. La pluie pénétré mon justaucorpe, the rain has soaked through my coat. Nous penetrames au travers des glaces jusqu'à Cuxhaven, we got through the ice into Cuxhaven.

PÉNIELE, på-nibl, adj. painful, toilsome, troublesome, hard, laborious.

PÉNIBLEMENT, på-nibl-men, adv. pain-

PÉNITENCE, Pâ-ni-côl, s. f. peninsula.
PÉNITENCE, Pâ-ni-côl, s. f. peninsula.
PÉNITENCE, Pâ-ni-côl, s. f. peninsula. pentance, penance, punishment

PÉRITERCERIE, på-nl-téns-rl, s. f. peniten-tiary's court or dignity.

PÉRITERCIER, på-nl-tén-slå, s. m. peni-

tentiary.

PÉNITENT, E, på-nì-tèn, tènt, adj. & s. penitent, sorrowful, repenting.
PÉNITERTIAUX, pã-nì-tèn-sìò, s.m. pl.Ex.
Les psaumes pénitentiaux, the penitential psalms.

PÉNITENTIEL, LE, adj. penitential.

PÉNITENTIEL, s. m. penitential, penance book.

PENNAGE, pe-idz, s. m. feather of a hawk. PENNAUT, Mar. Faire pennaut, to cockbill the anchor.

PENNE, pen, s. f. beam feather (of a hawk.) Penne d'une antenne or vergue latine, Mar. peek of a lateen yard.

Pennon, pe-non, s. m. pennon.

PÉNOMBRE, s. f. penumbra.
PENON, s. m. Mar. dog-vane. Change le penon, shift the dog-vane over.

PERS, V. Guet.

PENSART, E, adj. thinking. Mal pensant, that has ill or uncharitable thoughts.
PENSE, pèn-sh, s. f. thinking, thought, thoughts, meaning, notion, mind, opinion, behef, design, fancy, sketch, first draught; pansy (a little flower.)

PENSER, pen-sh, v. n. to think, conceive in one's mind, consider, reflect, make reflection, remember, imagine, suppose, believe. Pensez à rous, look to yourself, have a care. Donner à penser à quelqu'un, to put one to his trumps. Penser, (followed by an infinitive,) to be like to, be within a hair's breadth of, etc. V Faillir & Manquer.

Penser, v. a. to think, have in one's thoughts Qu'es pensez-vous? what do you think of it?

"PENSER, s. m. (pensée) thought.

PENSEUR, s. m. thinker.

PERSEUR, s. m. thinker.
PERSEUR, v. m. thinker.
PERSEUR, v. p. pen-sif, siv, adj. pensive, thoughtful, in a brown study, sad.
PERSEUR, pen-sion, s. f. board, boarding-place pension, yearly pension during life.
Prendure in pension, to board. Vivre en pension, to board. Se mettre en pension, to go to board. board. Mettre en pension, to put on board, also to pawn. Etre en pension, to board; also to be in pawn. Demi-pension, half board.

Pensionnaire, pen-sio-ner, s. m. & f.

boarder, pensioner.

PENSIONNAT, s. m. boarding-school. PENSIONNER, v. a. to gratify with a pen-

sion, allow a pension. PENSUM, pin-son, s. m. additional task re-

quired of a scholar.

PENTACORDE, s. m. pentachord. PENTAGONE, pen-ta-gon, adj. pentagonal

PERTAGONE, s. m. pentagon.
PENTAMÈTRE, pen-tà-mètr, adj. & s. m.
pentameter, verse of five feet.

PENTATEUQUE, pen-ta-teuk, s. m. Pentateuch.

PERTE, pent, s. f. declivity, propensity, inclination: (de hi) valance. Pente de tente, Mar. side of an awning. V. Penchant, s. m. PERTECOTE, pent-kôt, s. f. Whitsunday or Pentecost. Le temps de la Pentecôte, Whit-

sun-tide

PENTURE, pen-tur, s. f. iron work (of a door or window.) Penture, Mar. hinge. Pentures de sabords, port-hinges, googings of the port-lids. Pentures en fer à theval, scuttle

hinges.
PENULTIEME, på-nůl-třem, s. f. penultima
penultimate.

PÉNULTIÈME, adj. pemultimate. PÉNURIE, på-nå-ri, s. f. penury, want. PÉOTTE, på-dt, s. f. round vessel much used in the gulf of Venice.

PÉPASTIQUE, adj. & s. m. peptick, pepas-

PÉPIE, på-pl, s. Ppip. Oier or arracher la pepie à une poule, to pip a hen.
PÉPIER, pà-pl-à, v. n. to pip or chirp (as

a sparrow.)

Pépin, pa-pin, s. m. kernel (of apples, pears, and such like fruit.) Pépin de raisin, grape stone

PÉPINIÈRE, pà-pl-nièr, s. f. nursery, seed-

plot, seminary.
PEPINIERISTE, s. m. nursery-gardener.

PEPTIQUE, pep-ilk, adj. peptick.
PEQUE, V. Pecque.
PERCANT, E, per-sen, sent, adj. piercing

boring, sharp, acute, po acute, penetrating, quick.

PERCE, Pets. Ex. Mettre en perce, to pierce, roach. Etre en perce, to be broached.
PERCE, E, adj. bored, etc. V. Percer.
PERCE-FEUILLE, S. f. a sort of umbellifer-

ous plant.

PERCE-FORET, pers-fo-re, s.m. great hunter. PERCE-LETTRE, pers-letr, s. m. piercer (steel instrument for making holes for the cord to which the seal of letters was affixed.)

PERCEMENT, s. m. the act of boring, piercing.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent. lien : vin : mon : brun.

Perce-neige, pers-nez, s. f. snow-drop (a flower.)

PERCE-OREILLE, per-so-rel, s. m. ear-wig. PERCE-PIERRE, pers-pler, s. f. parsley-pert. PERCEPTEUR, s. m. tax-gatherer, collector. PERCEPTIBILITÉ, s. f. perceptibility.

PERCEPTIBLE, per-sepubl, adj. percepti-

Perception, per-sep-sion, s. f. receipt,

collection (of rents, rerenues, etc.) perception. Percen, per-sa, v. a. to pierce, bore, make a hole into, tap or broach, run through, break through, break, penetrate, peep through. Per-cer l'avenir or dans l'avenir, to foresee things to come. Percer les haliers, les forêts, to go through the thickets or forests. Percer avec le bec, to peck through. Percer un apostème, to lance or open an impostinume. Percer des sabords à un bâtiment, Mar, to scuttle a vessaurus a un nomment, mar, to sculle a ves-sel. La prise est percée à 24 canons, the prize is pierced for 24 guss. Notre vaisseus est percé à 15 et à 16, our ship has 15 ports of a side on the lower, and 16 on the upper deck. Perer, v. n. (said of teeth, horns) to peep through, appear; (of an abscess) to break. Masson qui perce d'une rue à une autre, house which is a thoroughfare.

PERCEUR, s. m. Mar. artificer that bores the holes for the tree-nails, bolts, and all iron

work of a ship.

PERCEVOIR, pers-vwar, v.a. (like concevoir) to receive or collect (revenues, etc.) to perceive.

PERCHE, persh, s. f. pole, perch, rod; perch (a fish.) Perche de tête de daim, beam of a buck's head. Perche de tête de cerf, branch of a stag's head.

PERCHER, per-sha, v. n. or Se percher, v.

r. to perch, roost. PERCHOIR, per-shwar, s. m. perching stick

or roost. PERCLUS, E, per-kin, kidz, adj. impotent, that has lost the use of his limbs. Acoir lecer-

veau perclue, to be crack-brained.

Percoir, per-swar, s. m. piercer.
Percu, e, adj. received or gathered.
Percussion, per-ku-sion, s. f. percussion, knocking, stroke.

PERDART, per-den, s.m. loser. Le perdant,

Mar. the ebb

PERDITION, per-di-slon, s. f. perdition, dam-nation, destruction. Tout son bien s'en va à perdition, all his estates go to wreck. Etre en perdition, Mar. to be on the point of being lost or cast away. Nous restances en perdition sur la côte pendant la duré du coup de rent, we were in the most imminent danger of being cast away on the coast while the gale lasted.

PERDRE, perdr, v. a. to lose; throw away, waste, spend foolishly; to let slip; to ruin, corrupt, debanch; to spoil; to undo, bring to ruin. Perdre courage, to be discouraged or disheartened, despond. Perdre de use, to lose sight of. Perdre de rientation, to defame. Be perdre de rientation, to lose one's character. Perdre son procès, to be cast. Perdre, to the lose beautiful despondent en recommendation. w. n. to lose, be a loser. Seperdre, v. r. to lose one's self, lose one's way, not to know where one is, be dashed out of countenance, he lost, wander, have a rambling way of arguing, etc. according to the different significain the of Perdre.

Perdre & Se perdre, Mar. to lose, be lust or cast away, etc. Perdre de vus, to lose sight of. Perdre du monde, to lose men. Perdre ses voiles, to have the sails blown away. Perdre sa mature, etc. to luse one's masts, etc. Perdre une saison, to lose a fair and steady wind. Perdre une marée, to lose a tide. Perdre son poste dans la ligne, to lose one's station in the line of battle. Perdre Paramage du vent, to lose the weather gage.

Perdre sur un bord et gagner sur l'autre, to
lose upon one tack and gain upon the other. Perdre en virant vent devent, to lose ground in stays. Perdre la sonde or le fond, to lose all bottom, get out of soundings. Perdre fond, to drive with the anchors. Perdre d'un or to drive with the anchors. Perdre dress or de plusieurs quarts, to break off one or more points. Perdre à Paccalmie, to fall to leeward for want of wind, to keep close to. La mer a perdu, the tide has fallea. Cette frégate a beauconp perdu de au morche, that frigate has much fallen off in her sailing. Le bâtiment commence à perdre son air, the ship hering to bee her way. Le missent à trait. begins to lose her way. Le vaisseau à trois ponts ne perdit pas un boulet de notre volée, not a shot of our broadside missed the three decker. Deux bâtimens se sont perdus, corp det. Det. Datimens so some persuit, corps et biens, sur les sorlingues, two ships, with their crews, have been entirely lost upon Scilly. L'Apollon se perdit sur la côte de Hollande, mais son équipage se saura, the Apollo was lost on the coast of Holland, but her crew was saved

PERDREAU, per-dro, s.m. young partridge. PERDRIGON, per-dri-gon, s. m. sort of plum.

PERDRIX, pêr-dri, s. f. partridge.
PERDU, E, pêr-dû, dû, adj. (from Perdre)
lost, thrown away, not to be found, etc. V.
Perdre, lewd or debauched. Perdu de dettes, in debt over head and ears. Clous à tête per Heures perdues, odd hours, due; brads. spare time.

PERDUE, s. f. abandoned whore, lewd wo-

man, prostitute.

*Perdurable, adj. perdurable.

Père, pèr, s. m. father. Nos pères, our forefathers or ancestors.

*Pérégrination, på-rå-gri-nå-slon, s. C

peregrination.
PERÉGRINATÉ, s. f. quality of being fo-

reigner. · Ре́кемртіоя, ра́-ге́пр-slon, s. f. Ех. Ре́remption d'instance, non-suit.

PÉREMPTOIRE, pa-renp-twar, adj. per-

emptory. Premptoirement, på-renp-twar-men, adv. peremptorily.

PERFECTIBILITÉ, adj. quality of being brought to perfection.

PERFECTIELE, adj. that can be brought to perfection.

PERFECTION, per-fek-slon, s. f. perfection, perfectness, accomplishment. En perfection,

perfectivess, accompnional perfectly, rarely well.
PERFECTIONNÉ, E, adj. perfect, brought to perfection, finished, improved.
PERFECTIONNEMENT, S. m. perfecting,

perfectness, act of making perfect.
PERFECTIONNER, per-fek-slo-sa, v. a. to perfect, make perfect, bring to perfection, inish. Se perfectioner, v. r o improve, grow perfect, dc.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PREFIDE, per-fid, adj. & s. perfidious, treacherous, false; base or perfidious wretch. PERFIDENERT, per-fid-men, adv. perfidiously, basely, treacherously.

PERFIDIE, per-fi-dl, s. f. perfidiousness, baseness, treachery, falsehood.

PERFORATION: a f. perforation

PERFORETION, S. f. perforation.

*PERFORER, per-fo-ra, v. a. to perforate.

PÉRICARDE, pa-fi-kard, s.m. pericardium.

PÉRICARDE, pa-fi-kard, s.m. pericardium. PÉRICARPE, på-rl-kårp, s.m. perica ium. PÉRICLITER, på-rl-kll-tå, v. n. (terme de

palais) to be in jeopardy or danger.
PERICRANE, pa-ri-kran,s. m. pericranium. PERIDOT, s. m. peridot, green coloured

Péricée, s. m. perigee.
Péricée, s. m. perigee.
Péricée, på-ri-grà, s. m. perigree.
Périhélie, på-ri-å-il, s. m. perihelium.
Péril, på-rit, s. m. peril, danger, hazard.
Périlleusement, på-ri-lèuz-mên, adv.

perilously, dangerously

PÉRILLEU-X, SE, på-ri-lèu, lèuz, adj. perilous, dangerous, hazardous. Saut périlleux, somersault, somerset.

PÉRIMÉ, E, adj. Ex. Instance périmée, non-

PERIMER, på-ri-må, v.n. Ex. Laisser périmer l'instance, to let fall a suit, be non-suited.
PÉRIMETRE, ph-1-mêtr, s. m. perimeter.
PÉRIMÉR, ph-1-hå, s. m. perimeum.
PERIODE, ph-1-ôd, s. f. period.

Période, s. m. pitch, summit, end.
PÉRIODIQUE, pà-rlò-dik, adj. periodical.
Style périodique, full style.
PÉRIODIQUEMENT, pà-rlò-dik-mèn, adv.

periodically.

PÉRIOECIENS, s. m. Periœci, people who

live under the same parallel.

PÉRIOSTE, på-rlöst, s. m. periosteum.

PÉRIPATÉTICIEN, NE, på-rl-på-tå-tl-slên, slên, adj. & s. m. & f. peripatetic, follower of Aristotle.

PÉRIPATÉTISME, s. m. Aristotle's philosophy.

PERIPÉTIE, på-rl-på-sl, s. f. sudden turn
of fortune, unexpected chance.

PÉRIPHÉRIE, s. f. periphery. PÉRIPHRASE, pa-ri-fraz, s. f. periphrasis, circumlocution. Cette manière de parler tient de la périphrase, this manner of speaking is periphrastical. Dire une chose par périphrase, to speak a thing periphrastically.

PÉRIPHRASER, på-rl-frå-zå, v. n. to peri-phrase, use circumlocutions, speak periphras-

tically.

PERIPNEUMONIE, på-rip-neu-mô-ni, s. f. peripneumony, inflammation of the lungs. PERIPNEUMONIQUE, adj. peripneumonical.

Prints, pe-rir, v. n. to perish, go to ruin or wreck or decay, be ruined, go down the wind, die, come to one's end. Faire périr, to destroy. Périr, v. n. Mar. to perish, be cast away. Plusieurs bâtimens ont péri sur la côte d'Irlande, several vessels have been cast away upon the Irish coast.

PÉRISCIENS, s. m. Periscii, inhabitants of the frigid zones (so called because at certain seasons their shadow goes round them.)

PÉRISSABLE, på-rl-såbl, adj. perishable, of no duration, frail, brittle.

PÉRISTALTIQUE, adj. peristaltick. PÉRISTYLE, pa-ris-til, s. m. peristyle.

PÉRISYSTOLE, s. f. perisystole.
PÉRITOINE, pa-ri-twan, s. m. peritoneum.
PERLE, perl, s. f. pearl. Perle d'arbalète, aim of a cross-bow. Herbe aux perles, stone

Perle fine, real pearl.

Perlef, E, per-là, adj. pearled, set out with pearls; (du bois des cerfs) curled. Bouillon

perle, good jelly bloth. PERLURES, per-lur, s. f. pl. curlings (of a

dezr's horns.)

PERMANENCE, per-ma-nens, s. f. permanence, permanency

PERMANENT, E, per-ma-nen, nent, adj. per-manent, constant, durable, continuing, lasting. PERMEABILITE, s. f. quality of being per-

meable.

PERMÉABLE, adj. permeable. PERMETTRE, per-metr, v. a. (like mettre) to permit, suffer, let, allow, give leave, indulge in, wink or connive at, tolerate.

Permis, E, per-mi, miz, adj. permitted,

etc. lawful. A vous permis, you may do what you please.

PERMISSION, per-mi-sion, s. f. permission. allowance, leave.

PERMUTANT, per-mu-ten, s, m. permuter PERMUTATION, per-mu-ta-sion, s. f. per

mutation or exchange (of livings.)

PERMUTER, per-md-ta, v. a. to permute or exchange (livings.)

PERNICIEUSEMENT, per-ni-sieuz-men, adv.

perniciously, mischievously.

Pernicieu-x, se, per-nl-sleu, sleuz, adj.

pernicious, dangerous, destructive, mischiev-

Ous, hurful.

PÉRONNELLE, på-rô-něl, s. f. silly woman.
PÉRONAISON, på-rô-rê-zon, s. f. peroration. PÉROU, s. m. Peru.

PERPENDICULAIRE, per-pen-di-ku-ler. adj. perpendicular.
PERPENDICULAIRE, s.f. perpendicular line.

PERPENDICULAIREMENT, per-pen-di-kaler-men, adv. perpendicularly. PERPENDICULARITÉ, s.f. perpendicularity.

PERPENDICULE, per-pen-di-kul, s. m. perpendicular.

Perpatrer, për-på-trå, v. a. to perpetrate, commit.

PERPÉTUATION, s. f. perpetuation.
PERPÉTUE, z., adj. perpetuated, eternized.
PERPÉTUEL, LE, pêr-pâ-tû-ê!, adj. per
petual, continual, constant, oternal, endless.

PERPÉTUELLEMENT, per-pa-tû-êl-mên, adv. perpetually, continually, without intermission, always.

PERPÉTUER, per-pa-tu-a, v. a. to perpetu ate, or eternize. Se perpetuer, v. r. to be perpetuated.

PERPETUITÉ, per-pa-tu-1-ta, s. f. perpetuity, perpetual duration, endlessness. A perpetuite, adv. for ever and ever.

PERPLEXE, per-pieks, adj. perplexed, wa-vering, irresolute, uncertain what to do.

Rendre perplexe, to perplex, confound.

Perplexite, per-plek-si-ta, s. f. perplexity, irresolution, uncertainty, doubt, trouble. quandary.

PERQUISITION, per-kl-zl-slon, s. f. perquisition, diligent search, scrict inquiry.

PERRIÈRE, s. f. (provincial word used for earrière) quarry.

PERRON, pe-ron, s. m. steps, steps raised before the door of a great house, etc.

buse, bût ; jeune, meute, beurre ; enfant, cent, lien ; vin ; mon ; brun.

PERROQUET, pê-rê-kê, s. m. sort of parrot; folding-chair with a back. Soupe à perroquet, bread dipped in wine. Perroquet, Mar. Ex. Perroquets, fore and main top-gallant sails.

Perroquets volums, royal sails. Le petit per-Perroquets volums, royal sails. Le petit roquet volunt, the fore top-gallant royal. grand perroquet volunt, the main top-gallant royal. Le petit perroquet, the fore top-gal-lant sail. Le grand perroquet, the main topgaliant sail. Le perroquet de fougue, the mizen top sail. La roile du perroquet, the top sail. Temps à perroquet, fine weather. Serrer.

PERRUCHE, pê-rûsh, s. f. parroquet. Perruche or Perruche d'artimon, Mar. mizen top-gallant-sail.

PERRUQUE, pe-rak, s. f. peruke, periwig,

PERRUQUIER, pê-rô-kla, s. m. peruke-maker. Perruquier is often used in familiar conversation, in the sense of hair-dresser.

Perruquière, s. f. peruke-maker's wife. PERSAN, NE, pers, adj. bluish gray. PERSAN, NE, persen, san, adj. Persian,

of Persia. PERSE, pers, s. f. Persia. Perse or toile de Perse, chints.

PERSÉCUTANT, E, pêr-så-ků-tèn, tènt, adj.

persecuting, troublesome, teasing.

Persecuter, per-si-ku-ia, v. a. to perse-

c.ne, vex, torment, trouble, haunt, dun.
PERSECUT-EUR, RICE, pêr-sê-kû-têur, trils, s. m. &f. persecutor, troublesome person.
PERSECUTION, pêr-sê-kû-slon, s. f. perse-

cution. Persévéramment, adv. with persever-

ance, perseveringly. PERSÉVÉRANCE, per-sa-va-rens, s. f. per-

severance, constancy, steadiness, resolution.
Perseverant, e. per-sa-va-ren, rent, adj. persevering, steadfast, steady, constant, reso-

PERSÉVÉREA, pêr-sà-và-rà, v. n. to per-severe, persist, continue, be steadfast, hold on constantly, be constant.

Persicaire, per-si-ker, s. f. arse-smart. Persicot, per-si-kô, s. m. kind of spirit-

mous liquor.

Persienne, per-sien, adj. Persian. PERSIENNE, s. f. Venetian window blind. PERSIFLAGE, per-si-flaz, s. m. idle talk,

monsense, jeering.
PERSIFLER, per-si-fik, v. a. & u. to jeer,

ridicule, talk nonser

PERSIFLEUR, per-si-deur, s. m. jeerer, one who purposely talks nonsense.

PERSIL, per-si, s. m. parsiey; (d'estu or de marcis) with parsiey; (de Macédoine) ce-

lery.

Persillade, per-si-lad, s. f. seasoning

Persillade, made with parsley. Dubouf à la persillade, slices of salt beef seasoned with parsley.

Parsique, s. f. large peach; order in ar-

chitecture. Golfe persique, Persian gulf.
Persister, persista, v.n. to persist, continue, stand or hold on.

PRRSONNAGE, per-so-naz, s. m. person, man, personage; (d'un thédtre) character; part. ... Un sc. personnage, a silly fellow. Tapisserie à personnages, imagery. Faire personnage, to stand it out, face it down; also to dissem-

ble. Faire le personnage de, to personate.

Jouer le personnage d'un sot, to play the fool.

PERSONNALISER, per-sò-nà-lì-zà, v. a. te personify.

PERSONNALITÉ, per-so-na-fi-tà, s. f. per-schality; also abuse, ill name.

PERSONNAT, per-so-na, s. m. sort of bene-

fice or title in a collegiate church.

Personne, person, s. f. person, man or woman; figure, personal appearance. personne, ta personne, etc. pour moi-même, toi-même, etc. myself, thyself, etc. Il aime m personne, he loves his dear self or his carcass. Il est bien fait de sa personne, he is a handsome man.

Personne, s. m. no person, no body no man, no one, none or not any person, not any body, not any man, not any person, not any person, etc. (in interrogations) any person, any man, any one, any body. Personne oseru-t il nier? Yat-il quelqu'un ici ? personne.

Personnel, LE, adj. personal. Action personnelle, action in personality.

PERSONNELLEMENT, per-so-nel-men, adv personally, in person, in one's own person.
Personnifier, per-so-ni-fia, v. a. to per

sonify.

PERSPECTI-F, VE, adj. perspective. PERSPECTIVE, pers-pek-tlv, s. f. perspec-

tive; landscape; vista, prospect, expectation. PERSPICACITÉ, pers pl-ka-sl-ta, s. f. perspicacity, quickness of apprehension, sagacity,

penetration. Parspicuité, pers-pl-ku-l-th, s. f. perspicuity, clearness, plainness.

PERSPIRATION, pers-pl-ra-slon, s. f. per-

spiration. PERSUADANT, E, adj. persua ling, persua

PERSUADER, per-su-à-dà, v.n.to persuade, satisfy, make to believe; advise, put one upon induce. Se persuader, v. r. to persuade one's self, think, fancy, imagine, believe.

Persuasible, adj. persuadable. Persuasi-f, ve, per-su-a-zlf, zlv, adj. persuasive, persuasory

Persuasive, persuasory.

Persuasior, persuasion, s. f. persuasion, opinion, belief.

Perte, pert, s. f. loss, losing, damage, prejudice, disadvantage, detriment, ruu.

Fuire une perte, to have a loss. Perte an jeu, loss, lossings. Se retirer sur as perte, to go of a loser. A perte, to lose, with loss. A perte de use, farther than the eye can reach. Discourie à perte de rue, to discourse at random. Vendre à perte, to sell at loss, lose by what one sells.

Pertinemment, pêr-tî-dâ-mên, adv. pertinently, to the purpose.

PERTINENT, E, per-ti-nen, nent, adj per-tinent, pat, fit, to the purpose.

PERTUIS, per-tal, s. m. hole, defile, narrow pass, dam. strait, narrow channel. Le pertuis d'Antioche, the channel of Antioch

PERTUISANE, per-tol-zan, s. t. partisan. kind of halberd.

PERTUISANIER, s. m. partisan-bearer. Pertuisaniers, guards of the galley-slaves in the French dock-yards.

PERTURBAT-EUR, RICE, per-ter-ba-teur tris, s. m. & f. perturbator, disturber. PERTURBATION, per-ter-ba-don, s. f. per-

turbation, disturbance, troubte

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

PERLENCHE, s. f. periwinkle.
PER VERS, E, per-ver, vers, adj. perverse,
wicked, froward, untoward. Les pervers, s.
m. pl. the wicked, wicked men.

ERVERSION, per-ver-sion, s. f. perverse-

PERVERSITE, per-ver-die, s. f. perverse-ness, or perversity, fir-wardness, untoward-ness, malice, wickedness. PERVERTIR, per-ver-dir, v. a. to pervert,

seduce; deprave, spoil, debauch, corrupt.
Prauvien, ne, adj. Peruvian.
Prande, s. f. pesade (said of a horse's fore

feet.)

PESAMMENT, po-zh-men, adv. heavily.
PESAMT, E., po-zen, zent, adj. heavy,
weighty, ponderous; unwieldy; heavy, dull,
slow, troublesome, birdensome, cumbersome,
Un cheval pesant à la main, a bard mouthed

PESANT, s. m. weight. Il rout son pesant d'or, he is worth his weight in gold. Elle en avingt livres peant, she has twenty pounds weight of it. Un mulet portant cinq cents peant, a mule that carries five hundred weight.

PESANTEUR, pe-zen-teur, s. f. weight, ravity, heaviness, unwieldiress; dulness, Howner

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PESER, pe-za, v. a. to weigh, pender, examine, consider: v. n. to weigh, be heavy, be of weight; also to dwell or remain long. ser, v. n. Mar. Peser sur une monocuere, to hang or haul downward upon a rope (over head.) Peser sur un levier, to heave or pur-chase with a handspike. Pèse sur la balancine de gui, top up the spanker boom. Pèse sur les balancines de missine, bowse taught the fore-lifts. Pèse sur les palanquins de ris, haul out the reef tackles. Pèse sur les carguefonds de grande voile, haul up the main buntlines

PESEUR, pê-zeur, s. m. weigher. PESON, pê-zon, s. m. steel-yard; (de fuscau)

whirt.

PESSAIRE, s. m. pessary. PESSE, pes, s. f. pitch-tree.

PESTARD, pestar, s. m. tell-tale.
PESTE, pest, s. f. pest, plague, pestalence, sickness; also pestalerous or dangerous person. Peste, deuce. Peste or la peste soit du fou, deuce take him for a fool. Peste, interj. I swear, bless me.

PESTER, pes-ta, v. n. to be mad or enraged.

storm, bluster, inveigh.
PESTIFERE, pes-tl-fer, adj. pestiferous, infectious, contagious

PESTIFÉRÉ, E, pês-ti-fà-ra, adj. infected with or that has got the plague. Un pesti-fere, s. m. a person infected with the plague.

PESTILENCE, pes-ti-lens, s. f. pestilence,

plague.
PESTILENT, E, pås-ti-len, lent, adj. pestiplague.
PESTILENT, E, pås-ti-len, lent, adj. pestiplague. lent, pestiferous, pestilential, infectious, con-

em, posure us, posure, proming it sagious.
Pretilentiel, le, or Pestilentieu-x, se, pôs-il-ièn-sièt, pôs-il-ièn-sièu, sièue, adj. petilent, pestilential, infagious, contagious.
Pret, pô, s. m. fart; bounce, report, crack;

sort of puffed fritter. Fuire or lacher un net

to fart, let a fart; break wind behind.
PÉTALE, pa-tal, s. m. (in botuny) petal.
PÉTALISME, s. m. petalism (mode of ba-

nishment in Syracuse.

PITARADE, ph-th-rad, s.m. a horse's fart ing and yerking; also similar noise made

with the mouth.

PÉTARD, på-tår, s. m. petard ; cracker. PÉTARDER, på-tår-då, v. a. to blow up with a petard.

PETARDIER, på-tår-diå, s. m. one who applies the petard

PETASE, pê-tâz, s. m. Mercury's winged

PETAUD, pê-tô, s. m. Ex. La cour du ros Petaud, Dover-court, where all are speakers and none hearers.

PETAUDIÈRE, po-to-dier, s. f. hurly-burly, bear-garden. Cette maison-là est une petaudière, that house is a bear-garden.
PETECHIES, s. f. pl. pestilential spots, the

purples.

PETER, pê-th, v. n. to fart, let a fart, break

wind; bounce, crackle PETEU-R, SE, pê-têur, teuz, s. m. & f.

farter, farting person PETILLANT, E, po-u-len, lent, adj. crack-

ling, sparkling.
PETILLEMENT, po-th-men, s. m. crackling.

sparkling. PETILLER,pê-tl-la,v.a. to crackle, sparkle. Petiller de fuire, to long to do, be eager to be at.

PETIT, E, pe-tl, tlt, adj. little, small, short, young ; petty ; small birds good to eat. Petit feu, gentle or slow fire. Brûler quelqu'un à petit feu, to make one linger or pine away.

Petit à petit, by degrees, by little and little.

PETIT, S. m. Hille one; young one. Les petits et les grands, the little and the great ones. Les petits, the young (of any animal.)
Paire des petits, (parlant des bêtes) to bring forth young come. forth young ones.

PETIT-GRIS, s. m. sort of fur.

PETITEMENT, pê-tît-mên,adv. little; mean-

ly, poorly.

PETITESSE, pê-tî-tês, s. f. littleness, smallness, low stature; meanness, lowliness; sleaderness.

PÉTITION, på-tl-slow, s.f. petition, demand; postulate.

PÉTITIONNAIRE, s. m. & f. petitioner.

PETITOIRE, på-ti-twar, s. m. demand. PETON, pë-ton, s. m. hitle foot.

PÉTONCLE, ph-tonkl, s. f. cockle. PÉTRÉE, ph-trà, adj. f. stony. L'Arabie pétrée, Arabia Petræa.

PÉTRI, E, adj. kneaded; full

PETRIFICATION, pa-tri-fi-ka-slon, s. f. pe-PÉTRIFIER, på-tri-flå, v. a. to petrify. Se

pétrifier, v. r. to petrify.

PÉTRIN, pa-trin, s. m. baker's kneadirg-

trough.

PÉTRIR, på-trir, v. a. to knead, to form. PÉTRISSEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. kneader.

PÉTROLE, s. m. petrol.

PÉTULAMMENT, pli-th-th-mên, adv. petu-lantly, saucily, malapertly.

PÉTULANCE, på-tå-lèns, s. f. petulance. sauciness, malapertness.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PÉTULANT, E, på-tå-lèn, lènt, adj. petulant, Rucy, malapert.
**Prtun, på-tun, s. m. tobacco.
*Prtuner, på-tu-nå, v. n. to smoke, take

tobacco.

tobacco.

PEU, pèu, adv. little, but little, but a little.
Peu de, (before a subst. sing.) little, but little;
(before a subst. pl.) sew, a sew, but sew. Manger peu, to eat little, but little or but a little.
Elle a peu d'esprit, she has but little sonse.
At-elle beaucoup d'esprit? Elle n'en a que
peu, Has sue much sonse? She has but little.
Peu d'amis, sew friends. At-elle beaucoup
d'amis? Elle n'en a que peu, Has she many
friends? She has but sew. Peu de chose, a
small matter. Peu de santé, craziness. Tant
soit peu, ever so little. Peu or point. little or soit peu, ever so little. Peu or point, little or sou pea, ever so nue. Feu or pous, nuer on mothing. A peu près, nearly, near, almost, thereabout, about. A peu de chose près, within a small matter. Si peu que rien, very little. Dans peu, within a little while, soon, speedily. Peu souvent, seldom, not often. Peu à peu, by degrees, by little and little. Pour peu que rous mangiez, if you eat ever so little, though you eat ever so little. V. Observ. on Falloir.

PEU, s. m. little. Un peu, a little, some, somewhat, a small matter. Le peu, the little,

the few.

PECILLE, s. f. piece of new coin broke off for an essay.

PEUFLED Bêu-plad, s.f. colony, plantation. PEUFLE, Rupl, s. m. people; nation; folks; the people, commonalty, meaner sort, mobile, vulgar; fry (to stock a pond.)

PEUPLER, pêu-plâ, v. a. to people; (un étang) to stock: v. n. to increase or multiply.
PEUPLIER, pêu-plâ, s. m. poplar, poplar.

PEUR, peur, s. f. fear, fright, dread. Atoir peur, to stand in fear, fear, be afraid. Avoir grand' peur, to be in great fear. Faire peur, to fright, make afraid, put in fear. De peur de, for fear of. De peur que, (with the subj. and ne) for fear, for fear that, lest.

PEUREU-x, SE, peu-reu, reuz, adj. fearful, timorous, faint-hearted. Cheval peureux. Cheval peureux,

starting-horse.

PEUT, V. *Pouroir*. PEUT-ETRE, peu-tetr, adv. may be, it may be, perhaps.

PEUT-ETRE, s. m. may be.

PEUX, V. Pouvoir.

Рил Еток, få-å-ton, s. m. a light chaise : sort of water fowl. PHAGÉDÉNIQUE, adj. phagedenick, cor-

maive. PHALANGE, fà-lènz, s. f. phalanx ; bones

of the fingers and toes.

Риацанств, s. m. phalangarian. Риацене, få-len, s. f. night butterfly. PHARAON, fa-ra-on, s. m. a game at cards. faro.

PHARE, får, s. m. Mar. light-house. PHARISATQUE, fa-ri-za-ik, adj. pharisaical. PHARISAISME, fa-ri-za-ism, s. m. hypocri-

PHARISIEN, få-ri-zien, s. m. pharisee. PHARMACEUTIQUE, adj. pharmaceutick. PHARMACEUTIQUE, s. f. pharmacy. PHARMACIE, far-ma-sl, s. f. pharmac, PHARMACIEN, far-ma-slen, s. m. preparer

of medicines, apotherary.

PHARMACOPÉE, får-må-kô-på, s. f. dispen-

*PHARNACOPOLE, får-må-kô-pôl, s. m. pharmacopolist, apothecary.
PHARNACOTOME, s.m. instrument for making an incision into the windpipe.
PHARNACOTOMIE, s.f. pharyngotomy.

PHARYNX, s. m. windpipe.

PHASE, S. f. phasis.
PHEBUS, fa-lous, a. m. Apollo; bombast.
Parter phébus, domer dans le phébus, employer le phébus, to speak (or write) bombast or fustian.

PHÉNISSEAU, s. m. young phenix.
PHÉNIX, fâ-nks, s. m. phenix.
PHÉNOMENE, fâ-nô-mên, s. m. phenomenon, wonder. Des phénomènes, phenomena
PHILANTHROPE, fî-lên-trôp, s. m. philan-

thropist. PHILANTHROPIE, 11-len-tro-pl, s. f. phi-.

lanthropy.

PHILANTÉE, s. f. self-love.

Ригороди, s. f. philippick. Ригороди, fl-ld-ld-zl, s. f. philology. PHILOLOGIQUE, fi-18-18-zik, adj. philolo-

gical.

PHILOLOGUE, f1-18-18g, s. m. philologer. PHILOMELE, f1-18-mel, s. f. philomel, philomela, nightingale.

PHILOSOPHAL, E, 11-10-20-fal, adj. Ex. La pierre philosophole, the philosopher's stone. PHILOSOPHE, f1-10-zof, s. m. philosopher, wise man, student in philosophy, free thinker.

Chymist.

Ригоорне, adj. philosophical.

Ригоорне, 11-10-26-13, v. n. to philosophy, argue like
sophize, speak or write philosophy, argue like a philosopher, moralize or talk morals; sub-tilize or talk with too much refinement.

*PHILOSOPHERIE, s. f. affectation of philo sophizing.

PHILOSOPHIR, f1-10-20-f1, s. f. philosophy;

also a sort of type. PHILOSOPHIQUE, fî-lô-zô-fîk, adj. philo-

sophical.
PHILOSOPHIQUEMENT, f1-18-28-fik-men,

adv. philosophically, philosopher-like. *PHILOSOPHISER, v. n. to play the philo-

sopher, philosophize.
PHILOSOPHISME, s. m. false philosophy. PHILOSOPHISTE, s. m. pretender to philo-

sophy. PHILTRE, filtr, s m. philter.

Phimosis, s. m. phimosis. Philebotomie,flå-bo-to-ml,s.f.phlebotomy Phiebotomiser, flå-bo-to-ml-zå, v. n. to

phlebotomize, open a vein.

PHLEGMASIR, s. f. inflammation.

PHLOGISTIQUE, fld-zls-tlk, s. m. phlogiston. PHOENICURE, s. m. a sort of nightingale with a red tail.

Pноque, s. m. phoca, the seal. Рнозриоке, fos-for, s. m. phosphorus. PHOSPHORIQUE, adj. of or belonging to phosphorus.

PHRASE, fraz, s. f. phrase, sentence.

PHTHISIE, fti-zl, s. f. plathisick, consump-

PHTHISIQUE, ful-zik, adj. phthisical, con sumptive.

PHYLACTÈRE, 17-lak-tèr, s. m. phylactery. PHYSICIEK. [1-z]-sion, s. m. natural philosopher, one who studies natural philosophy.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbh, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mond, good.

PHYSICLOGIE, 17-z1-6-10-z1, s. f. physiology. PHYSIOLOGIQUE, adj. physiological.

PHYSIOLOGISTE, s. m. physiologist. PHYSIONOMIE, fl-zl-d-nd-ml, s. f. physiog-

Physionomiste, fl-zl-d-nd-mlst, s. m.

physiognomist.
Physique, fl-zlk, s. f. physicks, natural

philosophy.

PHYSIQUE, adj. physical, natural. PHYSIQUEMENT, 11-zik-men, adv. physi-

cally, naturally. Piaculaire, pla-ku-lèr, adj. piacular, pi-

Plaffe, plaf, s. f. strutting, vain-glorious show, parade, state.
Plaffer, plafa, v. n. to strut, make a vain-glorious show of one's self, take upon one; to strive to go on although restrained by the

PIAFFEUR, plaf-feur, s. m. (cheral piaffeur) proud or stately horse.

PIAILLER, pla-la, v. n. to pip (as a hen;) to squall, brawl, scold.

PIAILLERIE, plal-ri, s. f. squalling, brawl-

ing, scolding.

Piailleu-R, se, pla-lcur, leuz, s. m. & f.
brawler, squaller, brawling man or woman. *PIAN, s. m. venereal disease.

Piano, pla-no, (in musick) piano.

PIASTE, s. m. one originally descended from an ancient Polish family.

PIASTRE, plastr, s. m. piaster (coin.)
*PIAULER, plo-la, v. a. to squall, bawl; to

cry as chickens do.

PIAUTRE, s. m. Ex. Envoyer quelqu'un
u mautre, to send one packing (in contempt.)
PIBLE, V. Måt & Måte.

Pic, plk, s. m. pick-ax; peak (of a mouna 10, pis, s. in. pick-ax; peak (of a mountain;) wood-pecker; (at piquet) peak. Faire pis, to peak. A pic, perpendicularly. Pic, Mar. gaff. Pic d'artimon, mizen peak. A pic, a peak; also under foot. Ce bâtiment est à pic, that ship is a-peak or up and down. Nous laissames tomber à pic une seconde ancre quand le coup de vent commença, we let go another anchor when the gale began.

Pica, s. m. longing.
Picard, e, adj. & s. of Picardy.
Picholine, pi-kò-lin, s. f. sort of small olive.

Picorée, pl-kô-ra, s. f. plundering. Ex.

Aller à la picorée, to go marauding.
PICORER, pl-kô-ra, v. n. to plunder, go
plundering about.

PICOREUR, pl-kô-rêur, s. m. freebooter, marauder; plagiary.
PICOT, pl-kô, s. m. (de dentelle) purl; (de bois) prickly bit on wood that has not been cut even.

PICOTANT, E, adj. prickling, stimulating. PICOTÉ, E, adj. marked with the small pox. Picoter.

PICOTEMENT, pl-kot-men, s. m. pricking. PICOTER, pl-ko-ta, v. a. to prick, to stimu-late; to peck; to tease, provoke, anger.

PICOTERIE, pl-kot-rl, a. f. bickering, quarrelling.

Picotin, pl-kô-tla, s. m. peck. Picotin waroine, peck of oats.

ed blade-hone of mutton; (cheval pie) pied horse, piebald horse. Pie de mer, bird of the size of a crow, with red beak and feet, and piebald feathers. Elle cause comme une pie borgne or comme une pie denichée, she is a pratting one. Il croit avoir trouvé la pie au nid, he thinks himself cock-sure.

PIE, adj. pious, godly, holy, charitable. Ex. Fraude pie, holy cheat. Œuvres pies, good

works.

PIE, V. Pied.
PIECE, ples, s. piece; bit, part; (de viande, de terre, etc.) piece; (de ble, etc.) field; (de nin) butt; patch; stomacher; (at chess) piece; trick, roguish trick; writing, paper, document; sum. La pièce, a-piece, each, sor every one. Donner la pièce à quelqu'un, to grease the fist of one, bribe him. La petite pièce, the Cette fille est une grosse pièce de chair, that girl is a great lump of flesh. C'est une bonne pièce, une fine pièce, une méchante pièce, he or she is a cunfiing or sharp blade. Il est bien près de ses pièces, he is very low ineash. Mettre or tailler en pièces, to cut to pieces, rout, defeat.

Pièce, Mar. piece. Pièce d'artillerie, piece ordnance. Pièce de bois, piece of timber. of ordnance. Pièce de construction, piece of timber fit for ship-building. Pièce de tour, piece of crooked snip-building. Fièce de tour, piece of crooked timber (such as is fit to be sawed into planks for the harpings.) Pièces de quartier, harpings. Pièce de quille, piece et straight timber (fit for a ship's keel.) Pièce de l'eau, watercasks. Pièce de quatre, tun, dur hogsheads. Pièce de trois, pipe. Pièce de deux, butt. Petites pièces d'arrimage, small casks for wingers. Le corsaire fut mis en pièces, the privateer went to pieces or was dashed to pieces.

to pieces.
PIRD, pia, s. m. foot; pass, condition; track. Sur le pied de, at the rate of. Pied cornier, main pillar of a coach; tree left at the end of an estate as a boundary. Pied à pied, gradually, by degrees, by little and little, as well as foot by foot. Un vase à trois pieds, a threeas foot by foot. On each a quatre pieds, a four-footed vessel. Une bête à quatre pieds, a four-footed beast. Des pieds de mouton, trotters. Des mieds de cochon, petitioes. Haut le Des pieds de cochon, pettitoes. Des pieds de cocion, petitioes. raum e pied, away. Gens de pied, foot, foot-soldiers. Valet de pied, footman, footboy, lackey. Pied droit, square pillar, part of which is in the wall; also post of a door or window. Porter bien le pied, to stand handsomely. Porter son pied en dedans or en dehors, to turn one's toes to grow. Foire, un mied de nez à nuelan'un. in or out. Faire un pied de nez à quelqu'un, to make a fool of or laugh at one. Avoir un pied de nez, to come off pitifully or unsuccessfully, to be laughed at or derided. successfully, to be laughed at or deritled. Cinq cents pieds d'arbres, five hundred trees. Si vous lui donnez un pied il en prendra quatre, give him an inch and he will take an ell. Aller pied à pied, to act with deliberation. Prendre pied, to come within one's depth, find footing. Une coutume qui prend pied, a custom that gets footing. Prendre quelqu'un pied leré, to take or snap one up Il ur na him d'un mutre mied, he takes another Il y va bien d'un autre pied, he takes another course. Mettre quelqu'un sur le bon pied, to order one right. Mettre une armée sur pied, to raise an army. Entretenir une armée Pictoresque, V. Pittoresque.

Pie, pl, s. f. pie, magpie. Pie-grièche, bon pied to be a good footman or a stout speckled magpie; shrew, a very scold: broil- walker. Fuire le pied de veau, to make a

bose, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

bow, scrape. Sentir le pied de messager, to stink, have a stinking smell. Chercher à pied et à cheal, to look every where.

Pied, Mar. Pied de mat, heel or foot of a mast. Le pied de l'étambord, the heel. Pied droit, stanchion, any piece of timber uprigat or an end. Avoir le pied marin, to have sealegs, tread the deck like a sailor. Nous arrivames à Brest avec six pieds d'eau dans la cale, we arrived at Brest with six soct water in the hold.

PIÉDESTAL, pla-des-tal, s. m. pedestal. PIÉDOUCHE, pla-doch, s. m. little stand. pedestal.

Piéce, plaz, s. m. snare.

PIÉMONT, s. m. Piedmont,

PIERRAILLE, ple-ral, s. f. heap of pebbles,

small stones.

PIERRE, plèr, s. f. stone. PIERRE, plè-rà, s. f. drain. PIERRERIES, plèr-ri, s. f. pl. jewels, precious stones.

PIERRETTE, s. f. little stone. Jouer à la pierrette, to play at marbles.

PIERREU-K, SE, plè-reu, reuz, adj. stony, full of stones.

Pierrier, ple-rla, s.m. swivel, swivel gun.

PIERRIER, ple-ffa, s.m. swivel, swivel gun. PIERRIERE, s. f. quarry.
PIÉTÉ, pla-ta, s. f. piety, godliness, religion, devotion; also natural affection or love. Gens saus pièté, ungodly men.
PIÉTER, pla-ta, v. n. to take one's stand.
Ex. D'où pièterons-nous? what place shall we play from? Piètez bien, stand fair. Pièter Pètrave et l'étambord, Mar. to mark the section post with feat (in order to secretain past with feat (in order to secretain and stern post with feet (in order to ascertain the ship's draught in water.)

PIETINER, pla-1-na, v. n. to kick about, keep moving the feet.
PIETON, NE, pla-ton, ton, s. m. & f. walker; foot-soldier.

er; foot-soldier. Pixter, pletr, adj. sorry, wretched, piti-

ful, paltry.
Pirterment, pie-tre-men, adv. sorrily,
wretchedly, pitifully.

13.1.2.1 a f. sorry or pitiful

PIÈTRERIE, ple-tre-rl, s. f. sorry or pitiful thing, wretched or paltry stuff.

PIETTE, s. f. a sea-fowl.
PIEU, pleu, s. m. stake.
PIEU, pleu, s. m. stake.
PIEUSEMENT, pl-euz-men, adv. piously,

godly, religiously.

PIEU-E, SE, pl-eu, euz, adj. pious, godly, devout, religious.

Oevou, rengious.

PIFFRE, s. m. Piffresse, plir, pl-frès, s. f. swag-bellied person, fat guts.

PIFFRER (SE) V. S'empifrer.

PIGEON, pl-zon, s. m. pigeon, dove; dupe gull. PIGEONNE, s. f. Ex. Venez ici, ma petite vigeonne, come hither my little dove or my duck.

Pigeonneau,pl-20-no, s. m. young pigeon. Pigeonnier, pl-20-nla, s.m. pigeon-house, dove-cote.

Pignochen, pl-guð-shå, v. n. to piddle,

eat squeamishly.

Plunon, pluguon, s. m. gable end or cope of the ridge of a house; (of the pine apple) kernel; small cog-wheel.

el; small cog-waces.
PIGNORATI-F, VE, adj. Ex. Contrat pignoratif, sale of an estate with perpetual right of redemption and leasing of it to the seller for the interest of the purchase money

PILASTRE, pl-låstr, s. m. pilaster. PILAU, s. m. rice boiled in butter or put

into broth

PILE, pll, s. f. pile; also grinding or pounding stone; side of a coin on which the arms

PILER, pl-la, v. a. to beat, pound, bruise.

bray.
PILEUR, pl-leur, s. m. Ex. Cest un grand pileur, he is a great trencherman br feeder or eater.

PILIER, pl-sla, s. m. post; pillar. Piliers des billes, Mar. bitt beads.

PILLARD, E. pl-låz, s. m. plunder, pillage.
PILLARD, E. pl-låz, fård, adj. & s. thievish,
pillager, filching; robber, spoiler, plunderer.
PILLER, pl-lå, v. a. to plunder, pillage; to
set a dog on or at; (at cards) to take in.
Piller les auteurs, to play the plagiary, pirate. Pille chou, pille, (said to a dog) take it up,

snap.
PILLERIE, pll-rl, s. f. plundering, robbery,

PILLEUR, pl-leur, s. m. plunderer, robber.

PILORIER, pl-10-rid., v. a. to set in the pil-

lory.
Piloris, s. m. musk-rat good to eat. Piloselle, pi-lò-zel, s.m. mouse-ear (sort

of herb.) PILOTAGE, pl-lo-taz, s. m. piling or pile-

work, thing made of or strengthened with piles: Mar. pilotage.

Pilote, pl-lot, s. m. pilot. Pilote côtier, coasting-pilot. Pilote hadurier, sea-pilot. Pilote pratique, harhour or river-pilot. V. Pratique, adj. Prendre un pilote, to take a pilot.

PILOTER, pl-lô-ta, v. a. & n. to strengthen with piles, drive in piles. Piloter un vaisseau,

Mar. to pilot a ship.

Pilotis, pl-lôti, s. m. pile, wooden stake.
Pilole, pl-lâl, s. f. pill. Dorer la pilule, to gild the pill.
PIMBECHE, pin-besh, s. f. impertinent or

silly woman.

PIMENT, pl-men, s. m. pimento.

PIMENT, pi-men, s. m. pimento.
PIMPART, s. pin-pen, peni, adi. fine,
spruce, gaudy, flaunting.
PIMPESOUE, s. f. fine lady, formal piece.
PIMPRENELLE, pin-pre-mel. s. f. pimpernet.
PIN, pin, s. m. pine-tree. Pomme de pin,

pine-apple.

PINACLE, pl-nakl, s. m. pinnacle, battle-PINASSE, pl-nas, s. f. Mar. pinnace.

PINADE, pirias, s. i. mar. pinadee.
PINATE, s. m. will pine-tree.
PINCE, birs, s. f. crow, lever, iron bar; (de pæeur) twibil; sharp pointed plait; pincers, nippers; (du nied du cheral) toe. Les pinces, (d'un cheral) the gatherers. Les pinces des bltes fames, edge of a deer's boof.
Processes de la constant bursh. Est

PINCEAU, pin-so, s. m. pencil, brush. Pin-

ceau à goudronner, tar-mop. Pinces, pin-sa, s. f. pinch.

PINCELLER, s. m. any thing wherein a painter cleans his pencils.

PINCE-MAILLE, s.m. pinch-renny, pinch fist. PINCER, pin-sa, v. a. to piuch, to nip off, pinch off; to nip, jeer, play upon, give a wipe, Pincer les cordes d'un instrument bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : fleia, fig : ròbe, rob, lord : mòod, good.

de musique, to play upon a musical string-instrument. Pincer le vent, Mar. to hug or haul the wind.

PINCETER, pins-ta, v. a. to nip off (the hair.)

PINCETTE or PINCETTES, pin-set, s. f. nippers, tweezers; tongs, pair of tongs; pincers.
Pinchina, pin-shi-na, s. m. sort of coarse

PINDARISER, pin-da-ri-za, v. a. to speak

Pindari v. Pinson.

Pindarique, pin-dà-rik, adj. (qui est à
Pindarique, pin-dà-rik, v. a. to speak affectedly, have an affected way of speaking.

PINDARISEUR, pin-dà-ri-zeur, s. m. one that speaks affectedly.

PINEALE, pi-nà-àl, adj. Ex. Glande pinéale, pineal gland.

Pingoin, s. m. sea-fowl that cannot fly because of the shortness of its wings, penguin.
PINULE, pl-nall, s. f. pinnule, piece of copper at each end of an alidada.
PINOCHER, V. Pignocher.
PINQUE, pink, s. m. Mar. pink.
PINQUE, pink, s. m. Mar. pink.

Pinson, pin-son, s. m. chaffinch.

Pinsonne, s. f. hen chaffinch. PINTADE, pin-thd,s.f. kind of speckled hen.

PINTADE, pintade, in the process of the Pinter, pintage, f. pint.

PINTER, pintage, v. a. to tipple, guzzle.

*PINTEREAU, s. m. sorry painter, dauber.

PIOCHE, plosh, s. f. kind of pick-axe.

PIOCHER, ploshè, v. a. to dig or break up the ground with a pick-axe.

*PIOLÉ E, adj. speckled, spotted.

Provenione em nawn (at chess.) man (at

Pron, pion, s. m. pawn (at chess,) man (at draughts.)

Pionnier, plo-nia, s. m. pioneer.

Piot, s. m. wine

PIPE, plp, s. f. pipe, tobacco-pipe; pipe (a wine-vessel.

PIPÉ, E, adj. V. Piper.

PIPEAU, pi-po, s. m. pipe or oaten pipe, bird-call.

PIPÉE, pî-pa, s. f. way of catching birds

with a bird-call.

PIPER, v. a. (des oiseaux) to trepan with a bird-call, counterfeit the voice of birds in order to catch them; (au jeu) to bubble, cheat; also to excel. Piper les des or le dé, to cog the dice.

the dice.

PIPERIE, plp-rl, s. f. trick, flight, cheat.

*PIPEUR, plp-dur, s. m. cheat, sharper.

PIPEUR, pl-dur, s. m. cheat, sharper.

PIQUANT, E, pl-kan, kant, adj. pricking, stinging, nipping, prickly, sharp, tart, biting, cutting, satirical, keen, poignant, piquant, abusive, bitter; smart, pleasing, enticing.

PIQUANT, s. m. prickle (of some plants.)

PIQUE, plk, s. f. pike, pike-man; pique, spleen, grudere.

spleen, grudge.

Pique, s. m. spade (at cards.)
Pique, z. ad, pricked, etc. V. Piquer. Un
bâtiment piqué de vers, Mar. a worm-eaten

Pique-Boeuf, pik-beuf, s. m. ox-driver,

PIQUE-NIQUE, plk-nlk, s. m. clubbing. Faire un repus à pique-nique, to club for a dinner or supper.

Pique-Puce, plk-pds, s. m. order of Fran-

Prouen, pi-ka, v. a. to prick; sting; to !!

mark; to lark; to stitch, to nettle, touch, of fend, exasperate; to spur on, stir up, encou rend, exasperate; to spur on, stir up, encourage, animate; (un cheral) to spur, put on, (des pierres) to indent; (du lafédas) to pink; (une jupe) to quilt. Piquer un matelas, to make a quilt. Piquer la mazette, to ride a bad horse. Piquer quelqu'un d'homeur, to nettle one's honour, persuade one that his honour requires his doing or not doing a thing. Piquer l'horloge, Mar. to strike the bell. Piquer six, strike the bell six.

Plouer R. v. n. to he sharm tart or poissont

PIQUER, v. n. to be sharp, tart or poignant. Se piquer, v. r. to be offended, to take in dudgeon, to take pet, be angry; (with de) to pretend to, set up for. Se piquer d'honneur, to stand upon the point of honour , also to wish not to be thought behind others (in generosity, or in doing a good action, or in cutting a figure, etc.) Se piquer au jeu, to be obstinate in playing on though a loser. Se piquer, (in

printing) to mildew.

Piquer, pi-ke, s. m. stake, peg: minutemen, piquet.

Piquette, pl-ke, s. m. bad wine.
Piquette, pl-keur, s. m. pricker, huntsman
on horseback; larder of meat; overseer of

buildings; rook (one who lends to players.)
PIQUIER, pl-klh, s. m. pike-man.
PIQUER, pl-klr, s. f. prick, sting, quilting, pinking, mark, etc. hole made by insects. V.

PIRATE, pl-rat, s. m. pirate. PIRATER, pl-ra-ta, v. n. to pirate, exercise

or committe, pi-ra-ta, v. n. to pindle, exercise or commit piracy.

PIRATERIE, pl-rât-rl, s. f. piracy.

PIRE, plr, adj. worse. Le pire, the worst.

PIROGUE, pl-rôg, s. f. canoe. Pirogue à balanciers, canoe with out-riggers.

Datanciers, canoe with out-riggers.

Pirole, pl-rol, s.f. winter green.

Pirolette, pl-rwet, s.f. whirligig; whirling about, turning on one leg.

Piroletter, pl-rweth, v. n. to whirl about, turn on one leg.

Pis, pl, s. m. udder, dug; breast.

Pis, adv. worse. Le pis, the worst. De

pis en pis, worse and worse.

Pis, s. m. worse or worst. Faire du pis qu'on peut, to do one's worst. Le pis aller, the worst that can come or happen. Ce sero son pis aller, that will be his last resource. Au pis aller, at the worst, let the worst come to the worst.

PISCINE, pf-sin, s. f. pool or pond. PISSAT, pl-sa, s. m. piss, urine. Pissat de

cheral, horse-piss or stale

Pisse en Lit, pi-sch-li, s. m. piss-a-bed. Pisser, pi-sa, v. a. & u. to piss, make wa-

Pissour, prod. v.a. water prod. pissour

PISSOTIÈRE, s. f. pissing-place, water-spout. PISTACHE, pls-tash, s. f. pistachio, pistachio-nut.

PISTACHIER, pls-th-shih, s. m. pistachio-

PISTE, pist, s. f. track, print of the foot, footing.

PISTIL, s m. (in botany) pistil.

PISTOLE, pis-tol, s. f. pistole (sort of gold coin.) Cousu de pistoles, rich.

PISTOLET, pis-to-le, s. m. pistol. Mar. pistol, also bumpkin.

base, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PISTOLIER, pls-to-file, s. m. Ex. Bon pisto-tier, one that shoots well with a pistol, good marksman.

Piston, pis-ton, s. m. piston; sucker of a pump. Piston de pompe, s. m. upper box of

a pump. PITANCE, pl-tens, s. f. pittance, monk's mess, commons, allowance for a meal.

PITANCIER, s. m. pittancer.

PITAUD, pl-to, s. m. country lob, clown, hubberly feilow.

Pitaude, pl-iod, s. f. coarse woman.
*Pitre, pit, s. f. base coin of old, mite.
Pitreusement, pl-ieuz-mên, adv. sadly,
grievously, pitifully, wofully, wretchedly, la-

PITEU-X, SE, pl-teu, teuz, adj. sad, grievous, pitiful, woful, wretched, lamentable.
PITIÉ, pl-tla, s. f. pity, compassion, com-

miseration, concern. Avoir pitté de, to pity, take pity. Il vout mieux faire envie que pitté, better be envied than pitted. Par pitté pour, in pity to. A faire pitié, wrong, badly, wretchedly, miserably, so as to make one's heart ache. Faire pitié à quelqu'un, to make one's heart ache, to make one laugh in his sleeve. Ce petit homme remuant me fait une pitié que je ne saurvis dire, that bustling little tellow is offensive to me beyond expression.

PITON, pi-ton, s. m. nail with a hole in its head

PITOYABLE, pi-to-yabl, adj. pitiful, compassionate, tender-hearted, woful, sad, lamentable, to be pitied; wretched, miserable.

PITOYABLEMENT, pl-to-yabl-men, adv. sadly, wretchedly, pittiully, miserably.
PITTORESQUE,pl-to-re-k, adj. picturesque.

PITTORESQUEMENT, pl-10-resk-men, adv.

in a picturesque manner

PITUITAIRE, pl-tul-ter, adj. belonging to the pituita or phlegm.

PITUITE, pl-tdit, s. f. phlegm.
PITUITEU-x, se, pl-tdi-eu. teuz, s. pituitous, phlegmatick, waterish, phlegmatick person.

PIVERT, pl-ver, s. m. wood-pecker or green beak.

Pivoine, pl-wan, s. m. gnat-snapper.

Piroine, s. f. peony.
Pivot, pi-vo, s. m. pivot; (de meule de moulin) trendle; (d'arbre) great perpendicu-

Pivot de cabestan, Mar. spindle of the capstan. Pivot de boussole, brass center pin of a compass.

PIVOTER, pl-vô-tà, v. n. to sink the main not perpendicularly into the ground.

PLACAGE, pla-kaz, s. m. veneering (a sort

of joiner's work.)
PLACARD, pla-kar, s. m. bill or paper posted up; libel posted up or dispersed about,

placard or proclamation. PLACARDER, plå-kår-då, v. n. to post or

libel (one.) PLACE, p.as, s. f. place; room; town, hold, fortress; square, place; exchange; office, employment, dignity. Place du marché, mar-ket-place. Jour de place, exchange-day. Il fut tué sur la place, he was killed upon the spot. Mettre en place le gouvernail, to ship or hang the rudder. Mettre en place la barre du gouvernail, to ship the tiller. Mettre en

place un foc or une voile d'étai, to bend a jib or stay-sail. Mettre en place l'urcosse ou l'étrace, to raise the stern frame or the stern Mettre en place des munitions, vivres, etc. to stow awny stores, provisions, etc. Mettre en place les caillebotis, to lay over the gratings.

Place Es caillebotis, lay over the gratings.
Place E, E, adj. placed, put, laid; that has got a place or an employment, in place. V.

got a Placer.

PLACEI., s. m. Mar. rocky shoal, near the surface of the water and of great extent.

PLACEMENT, s. m. the act of letting or laying out money; money placed at interest.
PLACER, pla-sa, v. a. to place, put, lay,

seat ; (de l'argent) to place at interest. Placer bien ses charités, to bestow well one's charities. Placer quelqu'un, to get one a place or employ, put one in a place. Se placer, v. r. to place one's self, take one's place.

PLACET, pla-se, s. m. stool, low stool; petition.

PLACIER, E, s. m. & f. owner of a market-

place. PLAFOND, pla-fon, s. m. ceiling; (d'un bâ-timent) Mar. floor or bottom.

PLAFONNER, pla-fô-na, v. a. to ceil, make

a ceiling.

PLAGE, plaz, s. f. country, climate, place; region. Plage, Mar. strand, beach, sandy beach, flat shore (without any capes or head lands to form a road or bay for ships to anchor Voilà un bâtiment jeté sur la plage, there is a ship stranded upon the beach.

PLAGIAIRE, pla-zl-èr, s. m. plagiary. PLAGIAT, pla-zla, s. m. plagiarism. PLAID, V. Plaids.

PLAIDANT, adj. m. Ex. Avocat plaidant,

barrister, pleading counsellor.
PLAIDER, ple-da, v. n. to plead, be at law. Phrider, v. a. to plead; (quelqu'un) to sue at

law, go to law with; (une cause) to defend; (une succession) to claim, demand.
PLAIDEU-R, SE, ple-deur, deuz, s. m. & f.

litigious person, one that has a lawsuit or is at law.

PLAIDOIRIE, ple-dwa-rl, s. m. pleading, law, law-suit, term, term time.
PLAIDOYABLE, ple-dwa-yabl, adj. Ex.

Jour plaidoyable, court-day. PLAIDOYER, ple-dwa-ya, s. m. pleading,

brief. PLAIDS, ple, s. m. court-leet. Les plaids

tenans, the court sitting. PLAIE, s. f. wound, sore, trouble or affliction. Il ne demande que plaie et bosse, he is al-ways for mischief. Les plaies d'Egypte, the

plagues of Egypt. Les plaies de son cœur se rouvrirent, his or her heart bled afresh. PLAIGNANT, E, plê-gnên, gnênt, s. m. & f. plaintiff.

PLAIN, E, plin, plen, adj. plain, even, flat. Chambres de plain pied, rooms on a floor. R y a beaucoup de plain pied dans cette maison, there are a great many rooms on a floor in that house. En plain champ, en plaine cam-Velours pagne, in the open country. Velours plain, cut velvet. Linge plain, undamasked linen.

PLAINDRE, plindr, v. a. (See the table at aindre) to pity, bewail, bemoan, lament, be sorry or concerned for; to grudge, repine at, bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Se plaindre, v. r. to complain, lament, groan, bemoan one's self, expostulate; also to grudge to one's self. Il est à plaindre, he is to be pitied.

PLAINE, plen, s. f. plain. Les plaines li-uides, humides, salées, or azurées, the main, the sea.

PLAINT, E, adj. pitied, etc. V. Plaindre. PLAINTE, plint, s. f. complaint, groan, lamentation, expostulation.

PLAINTI-V, VE, plin-tif, tiv, adj. moanful, doleful, groaning, whining, whimpering.
PLAINTIVENENT, plin-tiv-men, adv.moan-

PLAINTIVEMENT, plin-tiv-men, adv. moanfully, dolefully, whiningly.

PLAIRE, pler, v. n. to please, be acceptable or agreeable; to please, will, be pleased. It a plu à Dieu de l'offliger, it pleased God to afflict him. Pluise au roi, may it please his majesty. A Dieu ne pluise, God forbid. Plut a Dicu que, would to God that. S'il leur plait, if they please, if it is their pleasure Il leur plait de faire ceia, they please or it is their pleasure to do that. Se plaire à, v. r. to be pleased with. like or love, delight or take be pleased with, like or love, delight or take pleasure in. Se plaire en or dans, to like, love, delight in; also to thrive in.

PLAISAMMENT, plê-zh-mên, adv. pleasantly, merrily, comically, ridiculously.

PLAISANCE, ple-zens, s. f. Ex. Un fardin, une maison, un lieu de plaisance, a garden, a house, a place of pleasure or which is delightful.

PLAISANT, E, plê-zèn, zènt, adj. pleasant, pleasing, agreeable, sweet; merry, comical, ridiculous, impertinent.

PLAISANT, s. f. jester, buffoon. PLAISANTER, ple-sen-ta, v. n. to jest, jcke, droll, banter.

PLAISANTERIE, plê-zênt-ri, s. f. pleasantry, jest, joke, banter, humour, drollery, buffoonery. Plaisanterie à part, seriously, in good earnest. PLAISH, plê-zir, s. m. pleasure; joy, delight, satisfaction, content; pastime, diversion, divertisement, recreation, sport, will, approbation, consent; favour, kindness, good turn, friendly office, courtesy. Les plaisirs du roi, the king's game or liberties. A plaisir, at pleasure, at one's case, carefully, so as to give pleasure. Par plaisir, for sport's sake, for pastime or recreation; also by way of trial. Prendre plaisir à, to be pleased with, love, delight or take pleasure in. Donner du plaisir, to please, be pleasing, delight.
PLAMER, s. f. lime (to take hair from

skins.)

PLANUSE, s. f. box on the ear, cuff.
PLAN, plen, s. m. plan; draught, model,
ground-plot; design, scheme, project; plane,
superficies. Plan, s. m. Mar. plane, draught,
etc. Plan d'elvation, sheer draught, plane of elevation. Plun horizontal, horizontal plane. Plan de projection or plan vertical, vertical plane. Plan d'arrimage, tier. Premier plan, ground tier. Second et troisième plant, second and third tier. Plan du milieu, middle tier.

PLAN, E, adj. plain. Carte plane, Mar-plain chart. Navization plane, plain sailing. PLANCHE, plensh, s. f. plank, board, shelf; (de jardin) bed, border; plate, copper-plate,

print; precedent

Planche, s. f. Mar. plank. board; wainscot. Planches de doublage, suff. Planche à de-

barquer, gang board (of a boat.) Hale is planche dedans, haul in the gang board Planches de roulis, side boards of a standing bed-place. Planches à feu, boards put on a vessel's bottom to prevent the flames from ris-PLANCHER, plen-sha, s. m. (d'unechambre)

foor; ceiling. Le plancher des raches, the land. Plancher, s. m. Mar. platform, etc. Plancher de la cale, platform of the hold. Plancher de la fosse aux poudres, platform of the magazine. Plancher de la fosse aux cables, platform for the cables, cable-stage, cable-tier. Pluncher de la poulaine, gratings of the head. Plancher des malades, cock-pit.

PLANCHETTE, plen-shet, s. f. little board

or shelf.

PLANÇON, plen-sun, s. m. set or twig, slip, icker. Plançon, s. m. Mar. plank timber.

PLANE, plan, s. m. plane-tree.

Plane, s. f. plane (a lool.)
PLANER, pla-na, v. n. to hover; to trim, be a trimmer. Planer, v. n. to plane; (de la raisselle) to planish

PLANETAIRE, pla-na-ter, adj. planetary. PLANÉTAIRÉ, s. m. orrery, planetarium. PLANÈTE, plà-net, s. f. planet.

PLANEUR, plå-neur, s. m. planisher. PLANIMÉTRIE, plå-ni-må-tri, s. f. planime-

Planisphère plå-nls-fèr,s. m. planisphere. PLANT, plen. s. m. plant, set; also nursery. PLANTAGE, plen-taz, s. m. planting; (de

sucre, de tabac, etc.) plantation.
PLANTAIN, plen-tin, s. m. plantain.

PLANTARD, plen-tar, s. m. set or twig (to

be planted.)

l'LANTATION, s. f. plantation; planting.

PLANTE, plent, s. f. plant, vegetable; vine-

yard newly set; (des pieds) sole.
PLANTER, plen-tå, v. a. to plant, set, set up. Se planter, v. r. to set or place or put one's self.

PLANTEUR, plen-teur, s. m. planter or

PLANTOIR, plen-twar, s. m. planting or setting-stick, dibble.
PLANTUREUSEMENT, plen-tu-reuz-men,

adv. plentifully, in abundance.

PLANTUREU-X, se, plen-tu-reu, reuz, adj. plentiful, abundant.

PLANURE, pla-ndr, s. f. shaving, chip; level, plain, even ground.

PLAQUE, plak, s. f. (de métal) plate; [de la garde d'une épée) shell ; (de feu or de chemi-née) back ; (d'une perruque) crown ; plate or hand candlestick.

PLAQUER, plå-kå, v. a. to clap on. Plaquer un soufflet, to give a slap on the cheps. Vais-selle plaquée, plated ware.

PLASME, s. f. an emerald used in medicine.

PLASTIQUE, plas-tik, adj. plastick. PLASTRON, plas-tron, s. m. plastron.

PLASTRONNER (SE) v. r. to put on a plas

PLAT, E, pla, plat, adj. flat; low, mean, common, ordinary, insipid, dull. Il est bien plat, sa bourse est bien plate, he is very low, his purse is very low. Aroir le ventre pat, to have an empty belly. Un pied plat, a puor wretched fellow. A plate terre, flat upon the ground. Plate-bande, plat-band (in archi-

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bone, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

tecture:) bed or border (of a flower garden.)

Plote forme flat-roof, platform. Vaisselle Plate-forme, flat-roof, platform. plate, plate in one piece. Rimes plates, cou-plets. Plat, adj. Mar. Cite plate, flat const. Bâtiment à vurangues plates, flat floored ves-el. Bateau plat, flat-bottomed boat, flat boat. Plate-forme, platform. Plate-bande d'affût, cap-square or clamp of a gun carriage. Plat-bord, gunnel or gunwale. Nous avions le plut-bord à l'eau dans la chaloupe en renant à berd, we were gunnel to in coming on board in the launch. Borde l'artimon tout plat, haul the mizen sheet flat aft. Le grand for est-il borde tout plat? Is the jib sheet flat afi 1

PLAT, s. m. dish; dish, mess; flat side; (d'une balance) scale. Plat de son métier or de sa façon, trick of trade, trick of one's own. Plat, s. m. Mar. Plat d'un aviron, blade or wash of an oar. Plat des varangues, fiat or horizontal part of the floor timbers. Plat, mess. Plats de maîtres, warrant officer's Plat des malades, the sick mess. Plat de matelots, sailors' mess. Plat de l'équipage, mess for seven men.

Tout plat, adv. flat. Tout à plat, flatly, flat and plain, freely, plainly, downright. PLATANE, platan. V. Plat, adj. m. plane

tree, platane.

PLATEAU, pla-to, s. m. a wooden scale; trencher; tea-board. Platedux, dung of deer. PLATÉE, s. f. dish-full.

PLATEMENT, adv. meanly, commonly.
PLATFOND, V. Plafond.
PLATINE, pla-tin, s. f. round copper plate: (de montre) plate; (de presse d'imprimeur) platen; (de servure) scutcheou; (d'urme à feu) plate, brass plate; (de cauon.) Mar. apron. PLATITUDE, plà-tl-tld, s. f. flatness, dul-

ness, nousense.

PLATONICIEN, NR, s. m. & f. platonist

PLATORICIER, RK, S. m. & I. piatonist.
PLATORIQUE, pla-to-nik, adj. platonick.
PLATORISME, pla-to-nism, s. m. platonism.
PLATRAGE, pla-tra, s. m. plaster work.
PLATRAS, pla-tra, s. m. rubbish, pieces of

old and dry plaster.
PLATRE, platr, s. m. parget, white lime plaster ; paint (for the face.)

PLATRE, E, adj. pargetted, plastered. Paix plûtree, patched up peace.

PLATRER, plå-trå, v. a. to plaster, parget; to patch up; to palliate, cloak, daub over, patch up. Se plâtrer, v. r. to paint (one's fuce.) PLATREU-R, SE, plå-trèu, trèuz, mixed with reddish chalk or clay.

PLATRIÈRE, plå-trì-å, s. m. plasterer.
PLATRIÈRE, plå-trì-èr, s. f. place where plaster is made.

plaster is made.

PLAUSIBILITÉ, plo-zi-bi-li-tà, s f plausi-

. bleness.

PLAUSIBLE, plo-zibl, adj. plausible, spe-

PLAUSIBLEMENT, plo-zibl-men, adv. plau-

sibly, in a plausible manuer.
PLEBEIER, KE, pla-ba-yen, yen, adj. plebeian.

PLÉBISCITE, plå-bl-sk, s. m. decree from the body of the Roman people.

Pi. Éi ADES, plà-yad, s. f. pl. Pleiads. "PLEIGER, v. a. to bail, be or become a

pledge or surety.

PLEIR, E, plin, plen, adj. full; abounding

with; covered, close, set, worked close; entire, absolute, whole, unlimited. Pleine, with young, great with young. En plein, en pleine, in full, openly, in the middle or midst of. A plein, fully, to the full. A pleines mains, liberally, largely. A pleine the, a pleine gorge, (with crier, etc.) as loud as one can, with all one's might.

Plein, Mar. Les voiles de l'arrière sont pleines, the after-sails are full. Plein la voile. keep her full. Voguer à pleines roiles, to go full sail, drive before the wind. Pres et plein, full and by. Les roiles portent à plein, the

sails are full.

PLEIN, s. m. full; (or espace plein) full space. Le plein de la lune, the full of the moon. La lune est dans son plein, the moon is at the full.

PLEIN, prep. full. Avoir de l'argent plein ses poches, or avoir plein ses poches d'argent, to have one's pockets full of money. Tout plein de, a great deal of, a great many, abun dance of, a world of. Tout plein, a great deal, a great many, abundance.
PLEIN, adv. full, entirely, absolutely, per-

fectly.

PLEINEMENT, plen-men, adv. fully, entire-

ly, to the full, abundantly. PLÉNIER, E, pla-nia, nier, adj. plenary.

full. Plénière, adj. f. full, plenary

PLÉNIPOTENTIAIRE, plà-nì-pò-tèn-sièr, s

m. plenipotentiary.
PLÉNITUDE, pla-ni-tild, s. f; fulness, pleni-

tude.

PLEORASME, plå-ô-nåsm, s. m. pleonasm PLÉTHORE, plå-för, s. f. plethora. PLEURANT, E, adj. crying, weeping. PLEURE-MISÈRE, s. m. said of a covetour

man who always complains.

PLEURER, pleu-ra, v. n. to weep, cry, shed tears; (purlant de la vigne) to drop. Pleurer,

v. a. to weep or cry or shed tears or lamen for, lament, bemoan, bewail. Il pleure le pain qu'il mange, he grudges himself what he eats.

PLEURÉSIE, pleu-ra-zl, s. f. pleurisy. PLEURÉTIQUE, pleu-ra-uk, adj. pleuritick PLEUREU-R, SE, pleu-reur, reuz, s. m. & f. crying, weeping, weeper, one apt to cry. Les pleureuses weepers, open sleeves; also women hired to weep at funerals.

PLEUREU-x, sr., adj. crying, weeping. PLEURNICHER, v. n. to feign weeping.

PLEURS, pleur, s. m. tears.

PLEUTRE, adj. & s. witness, simpleton.
PLEUTRE, adj. & s. witness, simpleton.
PLEUVOIR, pleu-vwar, v. n. to rain, fall as
the rain does. Pleuvoir à petiles goultes, to Pleuvoir à verse or en grande drizzle. quantité, to pour down, pour down rain. V. Verse

PLEVRE, plevr, s. f. pleura.

PLEVOR, ple-yon, s. m. osier or twig.
Pl.1, plf, s. m. plait or fold; rumple; habit
or custom; (du coude, du jarret) bending, bent;
(de câble, Mar.) fake, coil.
PLIABLE, plf-abl, adj. pliant, pliable, flex

ible, that bends easily

PLIACE, s. m. folding or folding up.
PLIACE, s. m. folding or folding up.
PLIACE, s. dij. pliant, pliable, flexible, that bends casy, supple. Siege pliant or use pliant, s. m. a folding chair.

PLICA, V. Plique.

bar, pat, base: there, ebb, over. field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

PLIE, pll, s. f. plaice (a sea-fish.)
PLIER, plia, v. a. to fold or fold up, plait;
to bend or bow; (les voiles) to furl. Plier, v. a. to bend, bow or sink, yield, stoop; to lose or give ground. Fire plier l'infanterie, to beat back the foot. Plier, Mar. to heel, lie along, etc. Plier à lu bande, to heel. V. Bande. batiment plie beaucoup, the ship lies along very much. L'ennemi a piié, the onemy has bore up. Faire plier l'ennemi, to make the enemy bear up.

l'Lieu-R, se, pli-eur, euz, s. m. & f. a folder (of books;) plaiter (of clothes.)

PLINTHE, s.m. plinth, square foot of a pillar. PLIOIR, plf-war, s. m. folding-stick. PLIQUE, s. f. or plique polonoise, plica (a dis-

case of the hair common in Poland.)

PLISSURE, pli-six, v. a. to plait, make plaits, fold. Plisser, v. n. Se plisser, v. r. to plait. PLISSURE, pli-six, s. f. plaiting, folding. PLOC, s. m. Mar. sheathing hair, hair and tar put between the bottom planks of a ship

and the sheathings.

PLOMB, plon, s. m. lead; plummet, plumb-line, level; bullets, leaden bullets, shot. Mine de plomb, lead and silver ore. A plomb, directly, perpendicularly; also by the level. Jeter son plomb sur, to have a design upon, have in one's eye. PLOMB, Mar. lead. Plomb de sonde, lead. Petit plomb de sonde, handlead. - Grand plomb de sonde, deep sea-lead. Plombs des écubiers, hawse pipes.

PLOMBAGINE, ploz-ba-zin, s. m. plumba-

gin, lead and silver ore.
PLOMBE, E, plon-ba, adj. (from plomber) leaded, etc. Avoir le visage or le teint plombé, to have a livid complexion.

PLOMBER, plon-ba, v. a. to lead; cover or colour with lead; mark on stamp with lead,

level by the plummet.

PLOMBERIE, plonb-rl, s. f. plumbery. PLOMBIER, plon-bik, s. m. plumber.

PLONGÉ, E, adj. dipped or dipt, plunged, involved.

PLONGEON, plon-zon, s.m. plungeon. Plonecon de mer, puffin. Fuire le plongéon, to dive, to stoop as a coward on hearing the report of

fire arms.

PLONGER, plon-2a, v. a. to dip, duck, immerse, plunge, overwhelm, cast into. Plonger un poignard dans le cœur, to stab, strike a dagger into the breast. Se rlonger, v r. to dive or duck under water. Se plonger dans, to plunge or run one's self into. Plonger, v. n. to dive or duck. Le canon plonge, the gun is pointed too low. Tirer (une arme) en plongeant, to shoot downwards.

PLONGEUR, plon-zeur, s. m. diver. PLOYER, plwa-ya, v. a. to bend, bow. V.

PLOQUER, v. a. Mar. to apply the sheath-

ung hair to the bottom of a ship. PLU, V. Pleuvoir and Plaire.

PLUIE, plu-l, s. f. rain. Temps de pluie, rainy weather. Pays sujet à la pluie, rainy country. Vent de pluie, southerly wind.

PLUMAGE, pld-maz, s. m. plumage, feathers of a bird.

PLUMART, s. m. fcather-broom.

PLUMASSRAU, plū-mā-so, s. m. pledget (for a wound,) also quill (for musical instruments,) and broom of feathers

Plumassier, plu-må-siå, s.m. feather-man.

PLUME, plam, s. f. feather; plume, plume of feathers; quill; (taillée) pen; style, manner of writing; writer, author. Donner des plumes à un cheval, to rowel a horse. Etre au poil et à la plume, to be fit to hunt hares and partridges, etc. hence, to be fit for any thing.

PLUMEE, pld-ma, s. f. penful of ink. Plumer, pld-ma, v. a. to pick or plume. Plumer quelqu'un, to fleece one.

PLUMET, pld-me, s. m. plume, feather: beau, a spark; porter, lighterman.

PLUMETIS, s. m. foul paper. *PLUMEU-X, SE, adj. feathery.

PLUMITIF, pld-mi-tif, s. m. minutes or

minute book.

PLUPART, plu par, s. m. most, most part, the greatest part. La plupart du temps, most times, mostly, generally. Pour la plupart, for the most part, generally.

PLURALITÉ, pld.-rd.-il-ia, s. f. majority.

PLURIEL, LE, pld-ri-el, adj. plural.

I'LURIEL, s. m. plural or plural number Plus, plo, adv. more; besides, moreover, item. Plus de, more; more than, above; past. De plus, furthermore, moreover, be-

sides, again. Au plus, tout au plus, at the most. De plus en plus, more and more. Il y a plus, more than that. Peu plus, peu moins, more or less, or thereabouts. Plus marks the comparative, and Le plus the superlative in French. Ex. Plus loin, farther. Le plus loin, the farthest, etc. V. Plus tôt, & Plusloin, part.

PLUSIEURS, plù-sieur, adj. & s. pl. many,

a great many, abundance, many people.

PLUTÔT, plu-to, adv. sooner. Le plutôt, the soonest. Au plutôt, as soon as possible. Le plutôt que vous pourrez, as soon as possibly Plutôt mourir que de faire une lachete, rather or sooner die than commit a bad action.

PLUVIAL, pld-vlal, s. m. pluvial, a priest's

cape. PLUVIALE, plů-vlál, adj. Ex. Eau pluviale, rain-water. PLUVIER, pld-via, s. m. plover (a bird) PLUVIEU-x, sE, pld-vl-eu, euz, adj. rainy,

pluvious. PNEUMATIQUE, pneu-ma-tik, adj. pneu-

matick.

PNEUMATOLOGIE, pneu-mā-to-lo-zi, s. f. pneumatology

PNEUMONIQUE, pneu-mô-nik, adj. & s. m. pneumonick.

POCHE, posh, s. f. pocket; poke, pouch, bag; purse-net; (d'oiseau) crop, craw; round stroke of a pen, round top or bottom of a let-ter; kit, (a small fiddle.) Mettre en poche, to pocket up.

Pocher, pô-shà, v. a. (les yeux à quelqu'un) to beat one's eyes black and blue; (une lettre) to make a round top or bottom to; (des œufs)

to poach.

Pocheter, posh-ta, (des fruits) v. a. to pocket (fruit,) mellow fruit in one's pocket. POCHETTE, pô-shêt, s. f. (diminutive of poche) pocket, little pursenet, also kit.
PODAGRE, pô-dâgr, adj. & s. m. gouty,

gouty man.

Podestate, pô-des-ta, s. m. podestate (a

kind of magistrate.) Poèle, pwal, s. m. stove; stove-room;

canopy ; pall.

bine, bût : jenne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Polle, pwel, s. f. frying-pan.

Pollier, pwe-la,s.m.pan-maker,brazier. Pollon, pwe-lon, s. m. sauce-pan, skillet. Pollonner, pwa-lo-na, s. f. skillet-full.

PURME, po-em, s. m. poem, piece of poetry,

copy of verses.
Possis, pod-zl, s. f. poesy, poetry, poem,

piece of poetry, versification. POLTE, poet, s. m. poet.

POÉTEREAU, pô-ât-rô, s. m. poetaster, a

Poetesse, s. f. poetess.

Poérique, pô-à-tik, adj. poetick, poetical. POKTIQUE, S. f. poeticks, art of poetry.
POKTIQUENT, pd-a-tik-men, adv. poet-

ically, poet-like, like a poet.
Portiser, po-a-d-zà, v. n. to poetize,
rhyme, make verses.

Poge, poz, s. m. Mar. (in the Levant) star-

Poids, pwa, s. m. weight; load, burden, ponderosity; a weight; importance, moment, ponderosity; a weight; importance, moment, consideration; force, authority Poids de marc, avoir-du-pois, avoirdupois weight. Poids braid, gross weight. Poids braid, gross weight. Poids de Poids braid, gross weight. Poids de Por, excessively dear. Avec poids et mesure, with circumspection, by rule and compass. Personse de poids, person of weight or of consequence. Courbé, (gémisand compass. Personne de poids, person of weight or of consequence. Courbé, (gémissant,) etc., sous le poids de, sinking or crouching (groaning, etc.) under the pressure or weight or burden of. Donner du poids or plus de poids à un signal, Mar. to enforce a signal.

Poignant, E, pwa-gnèn, gnèm, adj. poi-

gnant, sharp.

POIGNARD, pwa-gnar, s. m. dagger, poignard. Coup de poignard, stab.
POIGNARDER, pwa-guar-da, v. a. to stab,

wound, grieve to the heart.

Poigner, pwa-gna, s. f. handful, grasp; (d'une épée, d'un pistolet) handle.

POIGNET, pwd-gnd, s. m. wrist; wristband. POIL, pwal, s. m. hair; beard, nap. Etoffe à poil long, high-napped or shagged cloth. De poil d'elourneou, (a colour) flea-bitten. Rerendre du poil de la bête, to take a hair of the same dog.

Poiloux, pwa-loo, s. m. wretch, wretched fellow.

Postu, E, adj. hairy.

Poinçon, pwin-son, s.m. bodkin; a punch;

puncheon.

Puncheon.

*Poindre, pwindr, v. a. to prick, sling, nettle. Oignez vilain, il vous poindra, save a thief from the gallows, he will cut your throat. Poindre, v. n. (used only in the infinitive, and speaking of day-light, herbs and the beard) to peep, shoot, dawn.

Poing, pwin, s. m. fist; hand. Sc battre 1 coups de poing, to box, fight with the fist, go

to cuffs.

Point, pwin, s. m. point; stitch; point [lace;] (at cards) count; point; ruff; stitch [pain:] hole (for the tongue of a buckle,) point, pass, state, case, condition; (d'honneur) point; height, pitch, degree, period; moment; (du four) point, dawn; (d'un discours) point, part, bead: (d'une affaire) point, thing, matter, business, subject: mark; dot, title (over letter l, etc.) (in punctuation) point, stop. Point à la fin d'une période, stop, full point. Les deux!

points, a colon. Le point et la virgule, a semicolon. Le point interrogant, a point or note of interrogation. Le point admiratif, a point or note of admiration. Les figures ralent dix points, the court cards are worth ten. Comhen de points avez-vous? how many are you, what is your count? En combien de points va la partie? how many are up? A combien de points se chaussed-il? of what size are of death. Etre sur le point de mourir, at the point of death. Etre sur le point de faire, to be near doing or ready to do. An dernier wint. to the highest degree, extremely. A point nomine, tout à point, in time, in the nick of time. De tout point, totally, utterly, quite and clean. De point en point, exactly, to the full.
De point en blanc, point-blank, directly.
Point, Mar. day's work; also the ship's

place pricked on a nautical chart. Faire le point, to work a day's work. Point de depart or de partance, place from which the de-parture is taken. Point d'une voile, clue of a sail. Point du rent, weather-clue of a sail; also speaking of the main sail and fore sail tack. Point nélique, (dans une route directe)
point in a perpendicular (raised from the centre of gravity of the horizontal surface of the ship at the floating-line) which is intersected by the direction of the absolute impulse of the sea on the vessel's head (in a direct course.)

POINT, adv. no, not. Point d'argent, point de Suisse, no money, no pater-noster.

POINTE, pwint, s. f. point, sharp end; top, peak, sharp-top; mourning coif; (de chemise) gore; print, graving-tool for etching; sprig, nail without a head; (d'imprimeur) bodkin; quick taste: (des hameurs, des fruits, etc.) edge, sharpness, acrimony, point; design, aim (de jour) break, dawn. Tailler en pointe, to cut pointwise. Se terminer en pointe, to end in a point, have a sharp top. Marcher sur la pointe du pied, to walk on tip-toe. Tourner la pointe du pied en dedans or en dehors, to turn one's toes in or out. Pointe d'esprit, quibble or quibbling, clench, pun, joke, wit, witty conceit or fancy. Etre en pointe de vin, to be a little elevated with the juice of the grape, be boozy.

Pointe, toile de pointe, Mar. gore or goring or goring-cloth. Voile qui a beaucoup de toile de pointe, a sail cut with a great deal of gore. Pointe de compas, point of the compas, Pointe (de terre) point, foreland. La pointe orientale de l' Re Longue, the cast end of Long-Island. S'en aller avec la pointe du vent, to gale away.

Pointen, pwin-th, v. a. to prick or stick; to dol; (un canon, un niveau) to point, level.

Pointer, v. n. to tower, soar kinds. Pointer,
Man. to point. Pointer la carte, to price the

POINTEUR, pwin-teur, s. m. pointer (of a

POINTILLAGE, pwin-tl-faz, s. m. dotting . (a manner of engraving.)

*Pointille, s. f. punctilio, cavil.

POINTILLER, pwin-tl-fa, v. n. & a. to dot; to prick; to cavil, carp, quarrel.

POINTILLERIE, pwin-tll-rl, s. f quarrel, bickering.

bar, bat, base; there, ebb, over; fleig, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

de musique, to play upon a musical string-in-Pincer le vent, Mar. to hug or strument. haul the wind.

PINCETER, pins-ta, v. a. to nip off (the

huir.)

PINCETTE or PINCETTES, pin-set, s. f. nip-

pers, tweezers; tongs, pair of tongs; pincers.
PINCHINA, pin-shl-na, s. m. sort of coarse

PINCHINA, pincou ..., woolen cloth. Pincon, s. m. mark on the skin after being pinched. V. Pinson.
PINDARIQUE, pin-dà-rik, adj. (qui est à Pimilation de Pindare) Pindarick.
PINDARISER, pin-dà-ri-zà, v. a. to speak

PINDARISEUR, pin-da-ri-zeur, s. m. one that speaks affectedly.

PINEALE, pl-na-al, adj. Ex. Glande pineale, pineal gland.
Pingoin, s. m. sea-fowl that cannot fly be-

cause of the shortness of its wings, penguin.
Pinnule, pl-ndl, s. f. pinnule, piece of copper at each end of an aldada.
Pinocher, V. Pignocher.
Pinque, pink, s. m. Mar. pink.

Pinson, pin-son, s. m. chaffinch.

Pinsonne, s. f. hen chaffinch. PINTADE, pin-thd,s.f. kind of speckled hen.

PINTE, pint, s. f. pint.

PINTER, pin-th, v. a. to tipple, guzzle *PINTEREAU, s. m. sorry painter, dauber. PIOCHE, plosh, s. f. kind of pick-axe. PIOCHER, plo-shà, v. a. to dig or break up

the ground with a pick-axe.
*Prole.e., adj. speckled, spotted. Pion, pion, s. m. pawn (at chess,) man (at

draughts.)

Pionnier, plo-nia, s. m. pioneer. PIOT, s. m. wine.

PIPE, pip, s. f. pipe, tobacco-pipe; pipe (a wine-vessel.

PIPÉ, E, adj. V. Piper.

PIPEAU, pl-po, s. m. pipe or oaten pipe, bird-call.

PIPER, pi-pa, s. f. way of catching birds with a bird-call.

PIPER, v. a. (des oiseaux) to trepan with a bird-call, counterfeit the voice of birds in order to catch them; (au feu) to bubble, cheat; also to excel. Piper les des or le de, to cog the dice.

PIPERIE, pip-ri, s. f. trick, flight, cheat.

FIFERIE, plp-rl, s. f. trick, flight, cheat.

*PIFETTE, s. f. little pipe.

PIPEUR, pl-peur, s. m. cheat, sharper.

PIQUART, E, pl-kan, kant, adj. pricking,
singing, nipping, prickly, sharp, tart, biting,
cutting, satirical, keen, poignant, piquant,
abusive, bitter; smart, pleasing, enticing.
PIQUE, plk, s. f. pike, pike-man; pique,
place, grades.

spieen, grudge.

Pique, s. m. spado (at cards.)
Pique, s. m. spado (at cards.)
Pique, s. m. spado (at cards.)
Pique, s. m. spado (at cards.)
Pique, s. m. spado (at cards.)
Pique, s. m. spado (at cards.)

Pique-Bogur, pik-beuf, s. m. ox-driver, drover.

Pique-nique, pik-nik, s. m. clubbing. Faire un repas à pique-nique, to club for a dinner or supper.

Pique-Puck, pik-pas, s. m. order of Frantiscan friars.

Piquen, pl-ka, v. a. to prick; sting; to

mark; to lark; to stitch; to nettle, touch, of fend, exasperate; to spur on, stir up, encourage, animate; (un cheval) to spur, put on, des pierres) to indent; (du taffetus) to pink; (une jupe) to quilt. Piquer un matelas, to make a quilt. Piquer la mazette, to ride a (une jupe) to quilt. Piquer un matelas, to make a quilt. Piquer la mazette, to ride a bad horse. Piquer quelqu'un d'homeur, to nettle one's honour, persuade oue that his honour requires his doing or not doing a thing. Piquer thorloge, Mar. to strike the

Piquen, v. n. to be sharp, tart or poignant. Se piquer, v. r. to be offended, to take in dudgeon, to take pet, be angry; (with de) to pretend to, set up for. Se piquer d'honneur, to stand upon the point of honour; also to wish not to be thought behind others (in generosity, or in doing a good action, or in cutting a figure, etc.) Se piquer au jeu, to be obstinate in playing on though a loser. Se riquer, (in printing) to mildew.

Piquet, pi-ke, s. m. stake, pcg; minutemen, piquet.

Piquette, pl-ke, s. m. bad wine.
Piquette, pl-keur, s. m. pricker, huntsman
on horseback; larder of meat; overseer of

buildings; rook (one who lends to players.)
PIQUIER, pl-kin, s. m. pike-man. PIQURE, pl-kur, s. f. prick, sting, quilting, pinking, mark, etc. hole made by insects. V.

Piquer.

PIRATE, pi-rat, s. m. pirate. PIRATER, pi-ra-ta, v. n. to pirate, exercise

or commit piracy.

PIRATERIE, pl-fat-rl, s. f. piracy.

PIRE, plr, adj. worse. Le pire, the worst.

PIROGUE, pl-rog, s. f. canoe. Pirogue à balanciers, canoe with out-riggers.

PIROLE, pl-rôl, s. f. winter green.
PIROUETTE, pl-rwêt, s. f. whirligig; whirl

ing about, turning on one leg.

Pirouetter, pi-rwè-ia, v. n. to whirl

about, turn on one leg.
Pis, pl, s. m. udder, dug; breast.
Pis, adv. worse. Le pis, the worst. De mis en mis, worse and worse.

Pis, s. m. worse or worst. Faire du pis pu'on peut, to do one's worst. Le pis aller, the worst that can come or happen. Ce sero son pis aller, that will be his last resource. Au pis aller, at the worst, let the worst come to the worst.

PISCINE, pl-sin, s. f. pool or pond. PISSAT, pl-sa, s. m. piss, urine. Pissat de

cheral, horse-piss or stale.

Pisse En Lir, pl-sèn-ll, s. m. piss-a-hed. Pisser, pl-sh, v. a. & u. to piss, make wa-ter, urine; to stale.

PISSEU-R, SE, pl-sèur, sèuz, s. m. & f. pisser. PISSOIR, pl-swâr, s. m. pissing-place. PISSOTER, pl-so-ta, v. n. to piss often.

Pissotière, s. f. pissing-place, water-spout. Pistache, pls-tash, s. f. pistachio, pistachio-nut.

PISTACHIER, pls-th-shift, s. m. pistachio-

PISTE, pist, s. f. track, print of the foot, footing.

PISTIL, s m. (in botany) pistil. PISTOLE, pis-tôl, s. f. pistole (sort of gold

coin.) Cousu de pistoles, rich.
PISTOLET, pls-tô-lê, s. m. pistol. Mar. pistol, also bumpkin.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon: brun.

PISTOLIER, pls-to-Ila, s. m. Ex. Bon pistolier, one that shoots well with a pistol, good marksman.

Piston, pls-ton, s. m. piston; sucker of a pump. Piston de pompe, s. m. upper box of pump.

PITANCE, pl-tens, s. f. pittance, monk's mess, commons, allowance for a meal.

PITANCIER, s. m. pittancer.
PITAUD, pl-to, s. m. country lob, clown, hubberly fellow.

Pitaude, pl-10d, s. f. coarse woman. *PITE, plt, s. f. base coin of old, mite.

PITEUSEMENT, pi-teuz-men, adv. sadly, grievously, pitifully, wofully, wretchedly, lamentably.

PITEU-X, SE, pl-teu, teuz, adj. sad, grievous, pitiful, woful, wretched, lamentable.
PITIÉ, pl-ua, s. f. pity, compassion, commiseration, concern. Avoir pitie de, to pity, take pity. Il vaut mieux faire envie que pitie, better be envied than pitied. Par pitie pour, in pity to. A faire pitie, wrong, badly, wretchedly, miserably, so as to make one's heart ache. Faire pitie à quelqu'un, to make one's heart ache, to make one laugh in his sleeve. Ce petit homme remuant me fait me pitie que je ne saurvis dire, that bustling little tellow is offensive to me beyond expres-

PITON, pl-ton, s. m. nail with a hole in its

head.

PITOYABLE, pi-to-yabl, adj. pitiful, compassionate, tender-hearted, woful, sad, lamentable, to be pitied; wretched, miserable.

PITOYABLEMENT, pl-10-yābl-mēn, adv. sadly, wretchedly, pitibilly, miserably.
PITTORESQUE, pl-10-rēsk, adj. picturesque.
PITTORESQUEMENT, pl-10-rēsk-mēn, adv.

in a picturesque manner.

PITUITAIRE, pl-tul-ter, adj. belonging to the pituita or phlegm.

PITUITE, pl-tali, s. f. phlegm.

PITUITEU-X, SE, pl-tdl-teu. teuz, adi. & . pituitous, phlegmatick, waterish, phlegmatick person.

Pivent, pl-ver, s. m. wood-pecker or green

PIVOINE, pi-wan, s. m. gnat-snapper.

Pivoine, s. f. peony.
Pivot, pi-vo, s. m. pivot; (de meule de moulin) trendle; (d'arbre) great perpendicu-

Pivot de cabestan, Mar. spindle of the cap-stan. Pivot de boussole, brass center pin of a compass.

PIVOTER, pl-vô-tà, v. n. to sink the main not perpendicularly into the ground.

PLACAGE, pla-kaz, s. m. veneering (a sort

of joiner's work.)
PLACARD, pla-kar, s. m. bill or paper posted up; libel posted up or dispersed about, placard or proclamation.

PLACARDER, plå-kår-då, v. n. to post or

libel (one.)

PLACE, p.as, s. f. place; room; town, hold, fortress; square, place; exchange; office, employment, dignity. Place du marché, market-place. Jour de place, exchange-day. Il fut tué sur la place, he was killed upon the spot. Mettre en place le gouvernail, to ship or hang the rudder. Mettre en place la barre du gouvernail, to ship the tiller. Mettre en

place un foc or une voile d'étai, to bend a jib or stay-sail. Mettre en place l'arrosse ou l'étrave, to raise the stern frame or the stern Mettre en place des munitions, vivres, etc. to stow away stores, provisions, etc. Mettre en place les caillebotis, to lay over the gratings. En place les caillebotis, lay over the gratings.

PLACE, E, adj. placed, put, laid; that has ot a place or an employment, in place. V. got a Placer

PLACEL, s. m. Mar, rocky shoal, near the surface of the water and of great extent.

PLACEMENT, s. m. the act of letting or lay-

ing out money; money placed at interest.
PLACER, pla-sa, v. a. to place, put, lay, seat; (de l'argent) to place at interest. Placer bien ses charités, to bestow well one's charities. Placer quelqu'un, to get one a place or employ, put one in a place. Se placer, v. r. to place one's self, take one's place.

PLACET, plå-se, s. m. stool, low stool; peti-

PLACIER, E. s. m. & f. owner of a market-

PLAFOND, pla-fon, s. m. ceiling; (d'un bâ-timent) Mar. floor or bottom.

PLAFONNER, pla-fô-na, v. a. to ceil, make a ceiling.

PLAGE, plaz, s. f. country, climate, place; region. Plage, Mar. strand, beach, sandy beach, flat shore (without any capes or head lands to form a road or bay for ships to anchor Voilà un bâtiment jeté sur la plage, there is a ship stranded upon the beach.

PLAGIAIRE, plazzler, s. m. plagiary. PLAGIAT, plazzla, s. m. plagiarism. PLAID, V. Plaids.

PLAIDANT, adj. m. Ex. Avocat plaidant. barrister, pleading counsellor.

PLAIDER, ple-da, v. n. to plead, be at law.

Phrider, v. a. to plead; (quelqu'un) to sue at law, go to law with; (une cause) to defend; (une succession) to claim, demand.
PLAIDEU-R, SE, ple-deur, deuz, s. m. & f.

litigious person, one that has a lawsuit or is at law.

l'LAIDOIRIE, plé-dwa-rl, s. m. pleading, law, law-suit, term, term time.

PLAIDOYABLE, ple-dwa-yabl, adj. Ex.

Jour plaidoyable, court-day.
PLAIDOYER, plê-dwa-ya, s. m. pleading, brief.

PLAIDS, ple, s. m. court-leet. Les plails tenans, the court sitting.

PLAIE, s. f. wound, sore, trouble or affliction. Il ne demande que plaie et bosse, he is al-ways for mischief. Les plaies d'Egypte, the plagues of Egypt. Les plaies de son cœur se rouvrirent, his or her heart bled afresh.

PLAIGNANT, E, ple-gnen, gnent, s. m. & f. plaintiff.

PLAIN, E, plin, plen, adj. plain, even, flat.

Chambres de plain pied, rooms on a floor. R
y a beaucoup de plain pied dans cette muison, there are a great many rooms on a floor in that house. En plain clump, en plane compagne, in the open country. Veloura plain, cut velvet. Linge plain, undamasked linen.

PLAINDRE, plindr, v. a. (See the table at aindre) to pity, bewail, bemoan, lament, be sorry or concerned for; to grudge, repine at, har, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

POINTILLEU-X, SE, pwin-tl-lèu, lèuz, adj. cavilling, carping, captious, exceptious, full of cavile.

POINTU, E, pwm-tů, tů, adj. pointed, sharp that has a point, sharp pointed; also full of

POINTURE, V. Raban. Poire, pwar, s. f. pear; (à poudre) power-born

Poirt, s. m. perry.

POIREAU, s. m. (herb) leek; wart.

POIREAU, s. m. (herb) leek; wart.
POIRÉE, pwå-rå, s. f. beet, white-beet.
PCIRIER, pwå-rå, s. m. pear-tree.
POIS, pwå, s. m. pea, peas. Pois hátifs,
green hasfings.
POISON, pwå-zon, s. m. poison, venom,
stink, deadly sink; evil, mischief.
PAISARD E nwh-sår, sård. adj. Ex.

Poissard, sillingsgate style.

Poissard, billingsgate style.

Poissardz, s. f. fish-woman; also nasty

jade.

Poisser, pwa-sa, v. a. to pitch, do over with pitch; to daub, glue.

Poisson, pwa-son, s. m. fish; also measure containing about a quarter of an English pint.

Poissons, Pisces. Poisson d'avril, april fool. Donner un poisson d'avril à quelqu'un, to make one an april fool.

Poissonnaille, pwd-so-nat, s. f. fry,

young fish.

Poissonnerie,pwa-son-ri,s.f. fish-market Poissonneu-x, sr, pwa-sô-neu, neux, adj. fishy, full of fish.

Poissonnier, pwå-so-nia, s. m. fish-mon-

Poissonnière, s. f. fish-woman; fish-pan.

POITRAIL, pwa-tral, s. m. breast of a horse; poitrel; architrave.

POITRINAIRE, adj. & s. one disordered in the breast or lungs.

POITRINAL, E, adj. that affects the breast

or lungs. POITRINE, pwa-trin, s. f. breast, chest,

lungs, voice.
Poivrade, pwa-vrad, s. f. sauce in which

POIVRDE, pwa-vrau, s. I. sauce in which pepper predominates.
POIVRE, pwa-vra, s. I. pepper.
POIVRE, pwa-vra, s. I. pepper-wort.
PoivRE, pwa-vra, v. a. to pepper, season with pepper; also infect with the venereal dis-

POIVRETTE, s. f. bishop's wort. POIVRIER, pwa-vifa, s. m. pepper plant,

also pepper-box; and one who sells pepper. POLVRIERE, pwa-vrier, s. f. spice-box.

Poix, pwa, s. f. pitch. Poix-resine, rosin,

POLACRE, po-lakr, s. f. Mar. polucre; also foresail, or jib of a fishing boat (in the dialect

foresail, or jit of a maning poat (m ine amer.
of Proceace.)
Polacre, s. m. Polish horseman.
Polatre, pô-lêr, adj. polar, near the pole.
Polatre, pô-lêr, adj. polar, near the pole.
Pole, pôl, s. m. pole.
Pole, pôl, s. m. pole.
Polemique, pô-lê mik, adj. polemical.
I'oli, g. pô-lî, il, adj. polished, smoothed;
polished, clear, bright; (style) neat; polite,
genteel, accomplished, civil, well bred, complaisant. plaisant.

POLI, s. m. gloss, lustre, brightness, polish. POLICE, pô-lis, s. f. police, civil government. Juge de police, civil judge. Chambre or cour de police, civil court. Police, Mar.

Police d'assurance, policy of insurance. Police de chargement, bill of lading.

POLICER, po-ll-sa, v. a. to govern or order by the laws of police.

Polichinelle, pô-li-shi-nêl, s. m. pun

POLIMENT, po-li-men, s. m. polishing

brightness, lustre, polish.
POLIMENT, adv. politely, neatly, finely.
POLINE, pô-flr. v. a. to polish, smooth, brighten, make clear or bright, burnish; make polite, civilize.

Polissku-R, sk, po-li-seur, seuz, s. m. &

f. polisher.
Polissoir, po-il-swar, s. m. polisher, polishing-iron. Polissoir E,po-Il-swar, s. f. soft shoe brush

POLISSON, po-il-swar, s.n. solt suce to usa Polisson, po-il-son, s.m. blackguard slovenly boy, wag, rakish youth.

Polissonner, po-il-so-na, v. n. to fool, to play the wag or blackguard, play pranks or months in the same property tricks.

wanton tricks, play apish or monkey tricks.

Polissonnerie, po-ll-son-rl, s. f. black-

guard trick, fooling, waggery, waggish or wanton trick, prank, apish or moukey trick. Polissure, polishr, s. f. polish, politure,

polishing, smoothing, gloss.
Politess, politics, s. f. politeness, good manners. Avoir de la politesse, to be polite.

POLITIQUE, pô-ll-lik, adj. politick or political; crafty, subtle, cunning.

POLITIQUE, s. m. a politician, statesman; also a politick, crafty, subtle or cunning man Politique, s. f. politicks or polity; conduct, policy.

Politiquement, po-li-lik-men, adv. po

litically, politickly, cunningly,
Politickly, politickly, cunningly,
liticks; settle the state.

POLLICITATION, s. f. engagement, made by one without being accepted by the other

party.
*Pollu, z, adj. polluted, defiled, unclean
Polluzz, pol-lu-a, v. a. to pollute, defile, profane.

POLLUTION, pol-lu-sion, s. f. pollution, un-cleanness, profanation.

Pologne, pologn, s. f. Poland.
Pol.TRON, NE, pol-tron, tron, adj. & s.
cowardly; poltroon, coward.

POLTRONNERIE, pôl-trôn-ri, s. f. cowardice, cowardliness, cowardly act.
POLYARTHEA, pô-lièn-tâ-a, s. m. polyan

thos; common-place book.

POLYANTHEE, po-lien-ta, adj. bearing many flowers, polyanthus.

any nowers, polyantius.
POLYCHRESTE, s. m. polychreston.
POLYCHRE, s. m. polyedron.
POLYGAME, pô-ll-gâm, s. m. polygamist.
POLYGAME, pô-ll-gâ-ml, s. f. polygamy
POLYGAME, pô-ll-glât, adj. polyglot.
POLYGLOTTE, pô-ll-glât, adj. polyglot.
POLYGLOTTE, s. f. polyglot bible, bible in

several languages.
Polygone, po-li-gon, adj. polygonal.

POLYGONE, s. m. polygon.

Polygone, Mar. sort of sham battery where young quarter gunners are trained to the exercise of gunnery.

POLYGRAPHE, s. m. polygrapher. POLYGRAPHIE, po-ll-gra-fl, s.f. polygraphy Polype, po-lip, s. m. polypus. POLYPETALE, adj. polypetalous.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : énînst cênt, liès : vis : mass : brust.

POLYPODE, s. m. polypody.

POLYSPASTE, s. m. polyspast. Polysyllabe, po-li-si-lab, adj. & s. m.

polysyllabical; polysyllable.
Polyrh£ism£, pô-li-tâ-ism, s. m. polythe-

POLYTHEISTE, po-11-ta-1st, s. m. polytheist. PUMMADE, po-mad, s. f. pomatum, also po-

mada, vaultiug trick (on horseback.)

Pommader, (se) se-pô-mā-dā, v. r. to use

pomatum.

Pomme, pôm, s. f. apple; (de canne, de chou, de laitue) head; (de lit) cup. Pommerainette, pippia. Pomme saucuge, crab. rainette, pippin. Pomme saucage, crab. Pomme de pin, pinc-apple. Pomme d'Adam, Adam's apple, protuberance in the throat. Poume dorée or pomme d'amour, love apple.

Pomme de terre, potato.

Pomme, Mar. truck, mouse, etc. Pomme d'étai, mouse of a stay. Pommes de tournerive, mouses of the messenger (not used on the messengers of English men of war.) Pomme du l'aton de pavillon, truck of the ensign staff. Pomme de racage, parrel trucks.
Pommes gougées, seizing trucks or trucks of
the shrouds. Pommes de girouettes, trucks of
the mast head or vane trucks. Pomme de

Aname or de girouette, acorn.

Pommé, E, rô-må, adj. headed; pomed.

Laitue pommée, headed lettuce, cabbage let-

tuce

POMNÉ, s. m. cider.
POMNÉAU, pô-mò, s. m. pommel, knob.
POMNELÉ, E. adj. dapple. Cheval gris
pommelé, a dapple grey horse. Ciel pommelé,
curdled sky.

Pommeller, (se) se-pôm-la, v. r. (des che-vaux) to grow dapple; (du ciel) to curdle. Pommelle, pô-mêl, s. f. plate of lead (with

holes) fixed at the top of a pipe to prevent

filth from going through.
POMNER, po-na, v. n. to cabbage, grow into a head, pome

POMMERAIE, pôm-rè, s. f. orchard of apple-trees.

Pommeté, e, adj. pometty. Pommette, pô-mêt, s. f. ball, knob; cheek bone; knotted work on wristbands.

Pommier, pô-mià, s. m. apple-tree, applemaster

POMONE. s. f. Pomona

POMOYER un câble, Mar. to under-run a cable.

POMPE, ponp, s. f. pomp, solemnity, glory, state, magnificence, pageantry; (du style)

lostiness; a pump.

Pompe, Mar. pump, well, engine. Pompe à chapelet or à l'Anglaise, chain pump. Pompe de l'avant du vaisseau, head pump. d'incendie, fire-engine. Pompe pour futailles, hand pump. Pompe de mer trombe, water-spout. La pompe est franche, the pump sucks. La pompe est-elle chargée? is the pump fetched! La pompe est prise, the pump is fetched. Etre à une pompe, (à plusieurs pompes) to have one pump (several pumps) constantly going. Plusieurs boulets entre deux eaux nous going. Plusieurs boulets eure acux cuar remainent à toules pompes, several shots between pumps wind and water made us keep all our pumps

Pompén, 3. m. V. Embarquer.

Pomper, pon-pa, v. n. & a. to pump.

PONPEUSEMENT, pon-peuz-mên, adv. with

great pomp or state, pompously, stately.
POMPEU-x, sz, pon-peu, peuz, adj. pom pous, stately, glorious, magnificent, lefty.

PONPIER, s. m. pumper, pumpmaker.

Powron, post-post, s. m. ornament in a wo-man's head dress.

POWPONNER, v. a. to adorn with trinkets PONANT, pô-nen, s. m. backside, arse. Le ponant, Mar. the western ocean; also the west, the west wind, the western parts and coasts of France (in the language of the Mediterra nean.) Ponant et lébeche, west-south-west nean.) Po V. Lébèche.

PONANTIS or PONANTIN, adj. & s. m. that serves upon the western ocean, seamen of the

western coasts of France.

Ponce, pons, s. f. pounce, coal-dust, pumice. Pierre-ponce or pierre de ponce, pumice stone

Poncé, z, adj. pounced, rubbed over with

a pumice stone; porous, rough (stone.)
Ponceau, pon-so, s. m. red or si

poppy, corn rose; scarlet.
Ponceau, adj. scarlet.
Poncer, pon-sa, v. a. to pounce, sprinkle with pounce, rub over with the pumice stone or with coal-dust.

PONCHE, ponsh, s. m. punch.

PORCIRADE, s. f. briony.

PUNCIRE, pon-sir, s. m. sort of large lemon

Poncis, pon-si, s. m. design pricked and rubbed over with coal-dust.

Ponction, ponk-sion, s. f. tapping, pune-

PONCTUALITÉ, ponk-tů-à-il-tà, s. f. punctuality.

PONCTUATION, ponk-th-a-slon, s. f. punctuation.

Ponctue, E, adj. pointed, s. m. lizard. PONCTUEL, LE, ponk-tu-el, adj. punctual.

PONCTUELLEMENT, ponk-tů-êl-mên, adv. punctually, exactly.

PONCTUER, ponk-to-a, v. a. to point, to make stops.

*Pundage, s. m. poundage.

PONDERATION, s. f. ponderation.

*Pondeuse, s. f. egg-layer.

PONDRE, pondr, v. a. & n. to lay eggs. PONDU, E, adj. laid (speaking of eggs.)
PONENT, V. Ponant.

PONT, pon, s. m. bridge. Pont l'Ereque, sort of cheese made in Normandy. Pont, Mar. deck. Premier pont, main deck, lower deck, lower gun-deck. Second pont, upper deck (in a ship with two decks,) middle deck (of a three decker.) Troisième pont, upper deck (of a three decker.) Pont entier, flush deck. Pont arqué, cambered deck. Pont coupé, deck open amidships. Pont sur gueule, spar-deck run across from the quarter deck to the forecastle of a deep waisted vessel. Pont flottant, floating stage. Pont flottant de caflottant, floating stage. Pont flottant de ca-rène, punt. Pont volant, hanging stage. Vaisseau à trois ponts, three decker.

PONTAGE, V. Pontonage.

PONTE, pont, s. m. punter (at basset,) pun to (at ombre.)

Ponte, s. f. laying of eggs, laying time. La ponte des oiseaux, birds' eggs.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : flela, / lg : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

Pontí, pon-th, adj. m. Mar. decked. Bátiment ponté, decked vessel. Bateau non-ponté, open boat.

Ponter, pon-th, v. n. (au jeu de bassette) to be the punter, to punt.

PONTIFE, pon-til, s. m. pontiff. Sourceain pontife, the pope.

PONTIFICAL, E, pon-ti-fi-kal, adj. pontifi-

cal, priestly.

Pontifical, s. m. pontifical, book of pontifical rites.

pon-ti-fi-kai-men, PONTIFICALEMENT, adv. pontifically.

PONTIFICAT, pon-ti-fi-ka, s. m. pontificate. Ponton, pon-ton, s. m. ponton, bridge of boats; ferry boat.

Ponton, Mar. ponton for careening or de-livering ships; also sort of lighter. Ponton à curer. V. Machine à curer.

PONTONAGE, pon-tô-naz, s. m. pontage,

bridge-toll. PONTONIER, pon-to-nia, s. m. ferry-man; lighter-man.

POPE, s. m. priest (in Russia.)

POPLITAIRE or POPLITÉ, E, adj. poplitic,

belonging to the ham. POPULACE, pô-pû-lâs, s. f. populace, rab-

ble, common people, vulgar or mobile or mob.
POPULAIRE, po-puler, adj. popular, of or belonging to the people, mean, low, vulgar; also that has or courts the favour of the peo-

ple. Maladis populaire, epidemical disease.
POPULAIREMENT, pô-pô-lèr-mên, adv.
popularly, in a popular manner, vulgarly.
POPULARITÉ, pô-pô-là-rì-tà, s. f. popula-

POPULATION, s. f. population.

POPULEU-X, a.F., adj. populous.
POPULO, pô-pô-lò, s. m. sort of beverage;
also plump little boy.
Poracz, pô-ra-sa, V. Porrace.

Porc, pork, s. m. hog; swine or boar; pork; sea-hog. Porc-épic, porcupine. Porc-sanglier, wild boar.

PORCELAINE, pors-lan, s. f. porcelain; china, china-ware; sea-snail or Venus shell, purple fish; purslain.

Porchaison, por-she-zon, s. f. season fit for eating wild boar.

Porche, porsh, s. m. porch. Porcher, e, por-sha, sher, s. m. & f. swine-herd

Pore, por, s. m. pore.

POREU-I, SE, po-reu, reuz, adj. porous. Porosité, po-ro-zi-ia, s. f. porosity. Porphyre, por-fir, s. m. porphyry.

PORPHYRISER, v. a. to grind or pound on

porphyry.
Porques, s. f. pl. Mar. riders. Porques
Oremost riders. Por-

ques de fond, floor riders, midship riders.
PORRACE, E, adj. green, leek green.
PORREAU, V. Poireau.
PORRÉE, V. Poirée.

PORRECTION, s. f. porrection.

PORT, por, s. m. burden, portage, carriage, bringing, wearing, etc. (de lettres) postage; fare for carriage; carriage, gait, presence, countenance; (at cards) going out; haven, harbour, shelter, place out of danger. Port, Mar. port, sca-port, harbour, haven; (d'une rivière) wharf; (d'un vaisseau) burden, tonunge. Port en touneaux, tonuage Port de reach of. A la porte du fusil, withir mus

barre, harbour with a bar. Port franc, free port. Port franc or port permis, tonnage or space allowed to officers in East Indiamen. Vaisseau de grand port, ship of great burden. La Junon, du port de 400 tonneaux, the Juno, burden 400 tons. Etre dans le port, to be in harbour. Prendre port, entre dans le port, to come or get into harbour. Arriver en bon port, to come or arrive safe.

PORTAGE, por-taz, s. m. portage, carriage; space allowed officers or sailors in a vessel.

PORTAIL, por-tal, s. m. front gate of a church.

PORTANT, E, adj. bearing, etc. V. Porter. L'un portant l'autre, le fort portant le foible, one with another.

PORTANT, s. m. handle or, ring of a trunk (or the like.)

PORTATI'F, VE, porta-lif, tlv, adj. porta-ble, that may easily be carried.

PORTE, port, s. f. door, gate; frontier-town; strait, narrow passage; Porte, Grand-Seignior's court; door, gap, occasion. C'est ouvrir la porte à toutes sortes de crimes, this opens a door to this makes way for) all manner of crimes. Forcer la porte de quelqu'un, to force one's way to one, go up to one in spite of the servant or servants. Portes de preue, Mar. head doors of a ship. Portes de bassin, gates of a dock. Parte in initial composition denotes bearer or supporter of; and the compound word is then masculine. Those belonging to the navy, will be found after the others. Porte-arquebuse, the king's gun-bearer. Porte-assiette, stand to set a plate or dish upon. Porte-balle, pedlar. Porte-bouquet, stand to lay nosegays upon. Porte-chape, cope-bearer. Porte-crayon, pencil case. Porte-croix, cross-bearer. Porte-crosse, crosier-bearer. Porte-Dieu, priest that carries the host to sick peo-ple. Porte-diner, vessel used to carry in the dinner to workmen. Porte-drapeau, colourbearer. Porte-enseigne, ensign, ensign-hearer. Porte-free, belt. Porte-stendard, standard-bearer Porte-saix, porter, street-porter. Porte-feuille, port solio, pocket-book. Porte-immon-dice, dust-basket. Porte-lettre, letter-case, pocket-book. Porte-mail, the king's mail-bearer. Porte-manteau, cloak-bearer, trainbearer, portmanteau, peg. Porte-missel, mass-book desk. Porte-mitre, mitre-bearer. Portemouchettes, snuffers-pan. Porte-mousqueton, swivel. Porte-pièce, shoe-maker's punch. Porte-presse, book-binder's shaving tub. Porte-tapisserie, frame fixed to the top of a door and covered with tapestry. Porte-vent, pipe of a bag-pipe or of an organ. Porte-rerge, verger. Porte-voix, speaking trumpet. Porte-bossoire, Mar. supporter of the cat-head. Porte-colliers. V. Toquets de mât. Porte-haubans, chainwales, chains, channels. Porte-haubans de misaine, fore chains. Porte-haubans d'artimon, mizen chains or mizen chain-wales. grands porte-haubans, the main chains or main chain. wales. Porte-regues, iron horse. Portete, porta, s. f. brood or litter of an

animal; reach, shot; ability, capacity; length; that part of a piece of timber, that bears upon a wall or pillar. Portée, boughs which a deer bru ses or bears down with his head in traversing thickets. A la portée de, within the reach of. Hors de la portée de, beyond the



blue, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : Anhat, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ket shot. A la portée du canon, within cannon [] set soc. A la portee au caron, winn cannon shot. Cela n'est pas à la portée de mon bras, that is above or beyond my reach. A la portée de la voix, within hearing, within call. Portée, s. f. Mar. range, etc. Portée des canons, range of cannon. Portée des mortiers, range of mortars. Portée entière, random shot. Portée de but en blanc, point blank rangen. Etc à mortée de crome, to be withrange. Etre à portée de canon, to be with-in gun shot. Venir à demi-portée de canon, to come within half gun shot. A portée de canno au vent à nous, on voit des bri-sens, there are breakers in sight to wind-ward of us, within gun shot. A portée de pistolet de l'île, il y a un brassiage consi-dérable, within pistol shot of this island, there is a considerable depth of water. Tenesvous à portée de voix de nous, keep within hail of us. Venir à portée de la voix, to come within bail.

PORTER, por-ta, v. a. to bear; to carry; to have about one; to wear; to bear, bring forth, yield, produce; to breed, be breeding, got with child or with young; to bear up, countenance, support or uphold; to suffer, endure, abide; (at piquet) to go out with; to import; to direct; to fix, bend; (un coup de bâton, de hache, etc.) to give, strike, aim at with; (malhear) to bring; (amitié, etc.) to bear; (son fugement) to give; to incline, put forward, induce, move, persuade, incite; suffer, permit, give leave; to contain, mention, say. Ainsi qu'il est porté sur la lettre ci-incluse, according to the list enclosed. Le porter haut, to carry it high, set up for a man of quality. Le porter beau, le porter en beau lieu, lo go fine, neat or genteel; make a figure. Porter la main au chapeau, to put the hand to one's main an chapean, to put the hand to one's hat. Porter la main à l'épée, to lay one's hand uvon one's sword. Il porte la mine d'avoir fait cela, be looks as if he had done that. Vous en porteres le péché, the siu will lie at your door. Porter, v. n. to carry, bear, rest, iee, lean; to reach; to import. Il porte d'avoir d'in heraldrul he bears rest, lie, lean; to reach; to import. It porte d'azur aution d'argent, (in heraldry) he bears azure a lion argent.

Porter, v. a. & n. Mar. Porter bien la voile, to carry sail stiffly. Porter mal la voile, to be crank. Toutes nos voiles portent bien, all our sails draw well. Les voiles d'awant ne portent pas, the head sails do not stand. Porter plein, to keep the sail full. Faire porter, to keep the sails full. Fais porter, keep her full. Nous arons de la voile tant que le bâtiment en peut porter, we have as nuch sail out as the ship can carry. Le brig au cent fail porter sur nous, the brig to windward is edging down to us. Porter sur Pennemi, to run or bear down upon or stand after the enemy. Nous reclimes tout le feu de l'ennemi en nous portant (or en portant) sur lui, we received the whole of the enemy's fire as we bore down. La quille porte de long en long, the keel takes the ground fore and aft. Porter dehore une amarre, to run out a hawser. Porter une ancre au large, to carry out an anchor. Porter en route, to stand on upon the course. Porter an large, to stand off, stand off shore. Porter à terre or porter la bordée à terre, to stand in for the land or in shore. Porter au vent or sous le vent d'un navire, to look up for going to wind-ward or to leeward of a ship. Nous portous bien

au vent du cap, we work well up to windward of the cape. Porter au nord, au sud, à l'est or à l'ouest, to stand to the northward southward, eastward, or westward. Cette roile incomme porte au sud-est, that strange sail is standing to the south-west. La marée portera au rent jusqu'à midi, the tide will run to windward till noon. Les courans portent dans la baie, the current sets into the bay. Portés par les courans, nous perdimes bien-tit-la terre de rue, drifted by the currents we soon lost sight of the land. Porter à 11 quarts sur les deux bords, to lie within 5 1-2 points of the wind on each tack. Ce cutter peut porter à cinq airs de vent, this cutter will lie within five points of the wind. Notre vaisseau porte du 32 et du 24, our ship carries 32 and 24 pounders. Cette fréship carries 32 and 24 pounters. Cette fre-gate ne porte que du 18, that frigate carries only 18 pounders. Le vice amiral doit porter son pavillon sur votre bâtiment, the vice-ad-miral is to shift his flag to your ship. Porter des dépêches à un géneral, to carry despatches to an admiral. Porter la flamme et le pavilon. to wear the colours of a man of war. Porter des secours à un bâtiment, to assist a ship. Porter des troupes, munitions, etc. to carry troops, stores, etc. Porter une personne sur le rôle d'équipage, to put a person on the ship's hooks.

Se porter, v. r. to be or do (in point of health;) to be inclined, tend, incline, apply one's self; to carry or bear or behave one's one's self; to carry or bear or behave the self; to go, repair; to run (into), give one's self up (to.) Se porter pour appelant, to enter an appeal. Se porter pour accusatur, to impeach. Se porter pour heriter, to bear one's self as heir, declare one's self beir, claim the succession. Il y a tant de monde à ha comédie qu'on s'y porte, there are so many people at the play-house that they seem to be on the top of one another.

PORTERIE, s. f. porter's lodge.

PORTEU-R, SE, por-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. porter, bearer, carrier; the postillion's horse. PORTIER, por-tia, s. m. porter, door-keep-

Portière, por-tier, s. f. door-keeper; door of a coach;) piece of a tapestry, etc. hung before a door to keep out the wind.

PORTION, por-sion, s. f. portion, share, part, piece, allowance.

PORTIQUE, pôr-tîk, s. m. portico, piazza Le Portique, Zeno's sect.

PORTOR, s. m. black marble variegated with veins like gold.

*PORTRAIRE, por-trer, v. a. (used only in the infinitive) to portray.

PORTRAIT, por-tre, s. m. picture, portrait;

portraiture, description.

*PORTRAITURE, por-tre-tur, s. f. portraiture. Livre de portraiture, drawing-book. PORTUGAIS, E, adj. & s. m. & f. Portu

guese, of Portugal. PORTUGAISE, s. f. Mar. cross lashing of

the head of a pair of sheers. Posage, s. m. or Pose, po-zaz, poz, s. f.

laying (of a stone, dc.)
Posé, E, pô-za, adj. laid, set; sober, staid,

POSÉMENT, pô-zì-mên, adv. soft y, gia gerly; gravely, with deliberation. Poser, pô-zà, v. a. to lay, put set to lay

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

down; to take for granted; to grant, suppose, admit. Poser, v. n. to bear, rest, lean, lie.

POSITIF, s. m. layer of stones.

POSITIF, v. p. pò-zi-if, dv, adj. positive, certain, constant, sure, true, real.

Positif, s. m. (degré positif) positive, positive degree.

Position, po-zl-slon, s. f. position, situa-tion; laying down; position, maxim, assertion. Position de la clef de musique, setting of a song to the right key.

POSITIVE, s. f. (or theologie positive) dog-

matick theology.

POSITIVEMENT, pd-21-tiv-mên, adv. posi-tively, plainly, certainly, assuredly. POSPOLITE, s. f. the armed Polish nobility. POSEDITE, s. pd-8a-dh, adj. possessed, en-joyed, held; possessed with or by the devil.

Possini, E, s. m. &. f. man or woman possessed with or by the devil; also bedlamite,

madman.

madman.

Posséder, pó-så-då, v. a. to possess, have, enjoy, be in possession of, be possessed of; to be master of, have the mastery or command of, understand. Se posseder, v. a. to command (have an entire command of) one's self; master (or have the mastery of or over) one's passions, keep ene's temper. Il se possède à mer-veille, he has a wonderful temper or presence of mind.

POSSESSEUR, po-se-seur, s. m. possessor. Possessir, po-se-se, adj. possessive. Possession, po-se-sion, s. f. possession, en-

joyment, possessing, fruition; being possessed by the devil; induction or installation. Possessions, possessions, estates

Possessoire, pô-sê-swar, adj. & s. m.

possessory.

Possessoierment, adv. possessorily. Possibilité, pô-si-bi-li-ta, s. f. possibility, likelihood.

Possible, possible, likely, that may be : adv. perhaps.

Possible, s. m. power, might. De mon possible, with all my power or might. *Posson, s. m. V. Poisson. De tout

Post-communion, post-ko-mu-nion, s. f. post-communion.

*Postcrit, s. m. postscript.

Postex, post, s. m. post, station, standing; place, employment. Un petit poste, a sprightly boy, a restless boy, a wag. Poste, Marbirth, station, etc. Poste des malades, sick birth. Poste des chirungiens, the surgeon's birth. Postes de combat, quarters. Poste d'un vaisseau, station of a ship (in a fleet or squadron.) Dix hommes sont entres au poste aujour-d'hui, ten men are come into the sick birth to-day. Les ancres sont à poste, the anchors are stowed clear for running. V. Demeure. Mettre une ancre à poste, to stow an anchor so that it may be got ready for letting go at the shortest notice. Prendre poste dans la ligne, to get into the line of battle without regard to station. Prendre son poste dans la ligne, to get into one's station in the

Poste, s. f. post; post-house or post-office, postage, post-boy: hail-shot or small shot. Bateau de poste, pt :ket-boat. La poste (jeu) skip-frog or leap-frog. A poste, at fixed or limited terms. A sa poste, to one's mind or

unmour or liking.

Poster, pôs-tà. v. a. to post, put in post; place, put in place or employment. Poster, v. n. to run up and down. Se poster, v. r. to post one's self, take a post. Se bien poster, to take a good place.

POSTERE, s. m. backside, posteriors. Postérieur, E, pos-tà-ri-eur, adj. later, that comes after; hind, hinder. Postérieurement, pos-ta-ri-cur-men.

adv. after. Postériorité, pos-ta-ri-o-ri-ta, s. f. posteriority, being or coming after

POSTERITE, s. f. posterity, offspring, issue.

children, after-times, after-ages.

Pовтними, pôs-tům, adj. & s. m. & f.
posthumous; posthumous child.

POSTICHE, post-unous child.

Postiche, post-unous child.

Postiche, post-unous delegations, borrowed, false, sham, fictuious, out of place.

Postillon, post-ul-lon,s. m. postillion, post-

*Postiquerie, a.f. waggish trick.

*Postposen, v. a. to disregard, make less account of, esteem less.

POST-SCRIPTUM, s. m. postscript. POSTULANT, adj. Ex. Un avocat postulant,

an exercent or practising barrister.

Postulant, p., pos-td-len, lent, s. m. & f. candidate, one that stands for preferment. one that demands admittance into a monas-

tery.

POSTULATION, s. f. functions of a barrister

Postuler, postala, v. a. & n. to sue or stand for preferment; demand admittance into

a monastery; (in law) to plead. POSTURE, postur, s. f. posture.

bonne posture de faire fortune, he is in a fair

bonne postare us pare por me, as a many way of making his fortune.
Pot, pô, s. m. pot. Un pot en tête, a headpiece. Pot à feu, pot or hand grenado. Décourir le pot aux roses, to find out or unfold hab a segret. the mystery; also to reveal all, blab a secret. the mystery; and to reveal all, blab a secret. Un pot pourri, medley, hotch-potch; flowerpot filled with a variety of flowers. Pot à brai, Mar. pitch-pot.

POTABLE, pô-tabl, adj. potable, drinkable.

POTABLE, pô-taz, s. m. pottage, broth.

Pour tout potage, upon the whole, in all, when all is done and said.

Potager, E, pô-tâ-zâ, zêr, adj. belonging to or for soup or broth. Herbe polagère, pot herb. Jardin polager, kitchen-garden.
Potager, pô-tâ-zâ, s. m. kitchen-garden;

stove; earthen or pewter vessel; kitchen offi

cer in the king's house.

Potasse, po-tas, s. f. pot-ash.

Pote, pot, adj. Main pote, swollen hand. Poteau, po-to. s. m. post, stake. Poter, s. f. potful; putty. Potere, e, pot-la, adj. plump, full.

POTELET, s. m. little post.

POTENCE, po-tens, s. f. three posts or pieces of wood in the form of a gibbet; gallows, gibbet, crutch; iron work of a sign. Potence, Mar. gallows bitts. Potence de pompe, sui-crum (of a common pump.)

Potencé, E, adj. potent (in heraldry.) Croix potencée, cross with a cross-piece at both ends.

Potentat, po-ien-ia, s. m. potentate, monarch, king.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

V. Subfonctif.

POTENTIELLEMENT, adv. potentially.
POTENIE, pôt-ri, s. f. potter's ware, earthen ware ; a potter's v -house

POTERNE, pô-teru, s. f. postern gate, backdoor.

POTIER, po-th, s. m. potter. Potier d'étain,

POTIN, po-tin, s. m. brittle brass. Potion, po-tion, s. f. potion, draught.

POTIRON, po-ti-ron, s. m. mushroom, toad stool, pompion.

Pou, poo, s. m. louse. Des pour, lice. Pou de soie, sort of ferandine

POUAGRE, pwaker, adj. & s. m. nasty, beast-ly, slovenly, filth; nasty fellow, etc. POUAGRERIE, s. f. nastiness, leastliness, filthiness, nasty or beastly or filthy thing.

POUACRESSE, s. f. nasty shut.
POUAH, pwa, interj. fy! fy upon! foh!
POUCE, poos, s. m. thumb, inch.

Poucien, s. m. thumb-stall.

POUDING, s. m. pudding, plum pudding.
POUDRE, pood, s. f. powder; dust; (for
paper) sand. Poudre à canon, gun powder. Jeter de la poudre aux yeux, to cast a mist before the eyes, to blind.

POUDRER, poo-dra, v.a. to powder; make

dust fly about.

Poudreu-x, se, pôo-dréu, dréuz, adj.dusty. Poudrier, poo-drh, s. m. powder or sand-box; gun-powder-maker.

Pour! interj. plump! bang! s. m. sort of head-dress.

Pouffer, poo-fa, v. n. (de rire) to burst

out a laughing.
Poullit, poo-la, s. m. register of livings. "Poulles, poo-â, v. a. to rail at, call names. Se pouller, v. r. to louse one's self. Poulles, pool, s. f. pl. railing names. Poulles, x, s. p. pooleu, leuz, adj. & s.

lousy, full of lice; lousy one.

POUILLEUSE, s. f. Mar. main stay sail. Poullier or Poullis, poo-4, s. m. paltry inn, hedge ale-house

POULAILLER, poo-là-la, a. m. hen-house;

Poulain, poolin, s. m. colt or foal bubo er swelling in the groin; pulley.

Poulaine, s. f. Mar. bead of a ship. V. Ba-

tayole. POULANDE, poo-lard, s. f. pullet, large and

Poule d'eau, moor-hen, fen-duck coot.

Poule d'eau, moor-hen, fen-duck coot.

Poule d'eau, moor-hen, fen-duck coot.

letter.

Poulette, pôc-lêt, s. f. young hen.

POULETTE, POO-IEI, S. I. YOUNG BEB.
POULEVRIN, S. m. priming powder.
POULICHE, poo-lish, S. f. young mare.
POULIE, poo-lish, S. f. young mare.
Poulie simple, single block. Poulie simple à fouet, tail-block.
Poulie simple à crc, single hook-block. Poulie double, double block. Poulie double de palan, long-tackle block. Poulie à dent or comme santch-block. Poulie de sa de comme couple, snatch-block. Poulie de or à capon, cat block. Poulie à moque, dead block. Poulie à moque, dead block with a swivel block, iron bound block with a swivel book. Poulie de guinde-

POTENTIEL, LE, pô-tèn-sièl, adj. potential. || caliorne, jeer block. Poulie de drisse des bonnettes, jewel block. Poulie de bout de vergue, top sail sheet block. Poulie de sousrergue, top sail shoot block. Poutie de balancine, list block. Poutie de balancine, list block. Poutie de cargue-point, cluegarnet-block. Poutie de tournevire, viol block. Pouties d'augue de triuse des haniers, hoblock blocks. Pouties accomplées, plock. Journal of the property pouries se touchent ou se brisent, block and block. Poulie d'amure de la grande voile. V. Pouliot.

Poulier, v. a. to boist.

POULIERE, s. f. Mar. shop where blocks are made.

Poulieur, s. m. Mar. block-maker.

POULINE, s. f. young mare.
Pouliner, pooli-na, v. n. to foal, bring forth a colt.

POULINIÈRE, pôo-st-nièr, adj. f. Jument poulinière, mare for breed. Une bonne poulinière, a good breeder.

Pouliot, s. m. penny-royal. Pouliot d'arucre, Mar. chestree or chesstree.

POULPE, poolp, s. f. pulp.

POULPETON, s. m. sort of hashmest.

Pouls, poo, s. m. pulse. Ther le pouls à quelqu'un, to feel one's pulse.

Pouson, poo-mon, s. m. lungs.

*Poupard, poo-par, s. m. babe, child baby or doll.

POUPE, pôop, s. f. Mar. stern. Sometimes poop. Poupe étroite, pink stern. Partie in-férieure de la poupe or fesses d'un bâtiment, tuck. Poupe carree, square tuck, or square stern. Nous recumes à bord par la poupe un gros coup de mer, we were pooped by a very heavy sea. Vent en poupe, wind right aft. Hence, avoir le vent en poupe, to have good

kuck or good fortune, be in favour.
Pour ke, poo-pa, s. f. baby or doll; rag

about a sore finger.
Pourziln, poop-lin,s. m. sort of soft cake Poupin, E, poo-pin, pla, adj. beauish,

Poupon, NE, poo-pon, pon, s. m. & f babe, chubby-cheeked child.

POUPONNE, s. f. honey, duck, child, love. Pour, poor, prep. for, because of, spoathe account of, for the sake of, considering, in favour of, in behalf of, on the side of. Pour cela, nevertheless, for all that. Pour cette raison, for that reason, therefore. Pour ce effet, therefore, and therefore. Pour le moins, at least. Pour lors, then, at that moins, at least. Pour lors, then, at that time. Pour l'heure, (le présent) for the present, as for now. Chambre pour chambre, faime mieux celle-ci que l'autre, since I must have one of these two rooms, I like this better than the other. Mourir pour mourir il naut mieux mourir en combattant qu'en fuyant, when a man must die, it is better for him to die fighting than running away. [From will, in general, be properly used with respect to verbs;—lst. when asking the question why or what for I after what precedes, the infinitive will come in answer, though the English corresponding expression for chiefly requires the participle present. He will do any thing to the present of the control of the con resse, top block. Poulie de conduite or de oblige you, (he will do any thing, why? or retour, leading block.

Poulie de drisse à what for?—to oblige you,) il fera tout pour

bar. bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

vous obliger. Men are born to work as birds to fly, les hommes sont nes pour travailler, comme les oiseaux pour voler.—2dly. When what precedes the infinitive implies sufficiency or excess. He has not health enough to undertake that, il n'a pas assez de santé pour entreprendre cela. He has too much good sense to do a thing which would prejudice his family, if a trop do bos sens pour faire une chose qui feroit tort à so famille. He is very weak to ride on horseback, il est bien foible pour monter à cheval.—Sdly. When the agent of the second verb is the very agent of the first, the infinitive may be used with the second; but if the agent of the second be different, the infinitive should not come in, uness we speak undeterminately. Now when the use of the infinitive is to be avoided, because that which is the agent is to be expressed, pour que may be introduced with the subjunctive. I sous too unlucky for such a thing to happen to me, j'étois trop malheureux pour qu'une telle chose m'arrivât.—4thly.Sometimes we find one infinitive with pour or afin de, and then another verb in the subjunctive with que (instead of pour que or afm que) because the agent of the second verb is the very agent of the first, but the agent of the third is a different person or thing. Ce que f'en fais c'est pour (afin de) vous convaincre, et que vous n'en doutiez plus, the reason why I do this is that I may convince you, and that you should doubt it no longer.—5thly. Pour ne pas or afin de ne pas, may denote fear. La pris des mesures pour ne pas échouer dans son entreprise, he has taken measures for not miscarrying (for fear of miscarrying, that he might not miscarry, lest he should miscarry) in his enter; rise,—Gibly, Pour, with the infinitive, may be used in other circumstances which the following examples will elucidate: Les Scythes, pour être (encore white notice there are an earth Scruthes qu'ils soient, parce qu'ils sont) Scythes, cessent-ils d'être des hommes, et pour avoir été (parce qu'ils ont été) nos ennemis, sont-ils indignes de compassion? are not the Scythians men, although Scythians; and be-cause they have been our enemies, are they unworthy of our compassion ? Corée n'attendoit pas qu'elle acherât pour avouer (avant qu'il avoult, mais il avoua aussitôt) qu'il avoit tort, Coree did not wait till she had done before he confessed (but readily consessed) that he was in the wrong. Sourent pour vouloir (en voulant, purce qu'on veut) être poli, on donne dans l'affectation, ostentimes in wishing (because one wishes, while one wishes) to be polite, one sinks into affectation. If faut que vous m'aimiez bien peu, pour rous défier (tous qui rous défiez) ainsi de moi t, vou must love me very little, mis de moi t, vou must love me very little, moi can thus distrust me!—7thly. Pour, befor an adjective or adverb with que and the subjunctive is equivalent to quelque que or tout que. Pour protégé qu'il soit, (quelque protégé qu'il soit, tout protégé qu'il est,) however protected he may be, let him be ever so well protected, protected as he is. Pour aimable qu'il puisse être, however amiable he may be, how amiable soever he may be, let him be ever so amiable, amiable se he may be. (See the observation on Atour hour at Beau.) Hence it is that pour peu

que with the subjunctive may be Englished by if ever so little. Pour peu que je m'étendiese sur cette matière, je pourrois faire voir, etc., if I enlarged (were I to enlarge) ever so little

Pour, s. m. Ex. Savoir le pour et le contre, to know the pro and con. V. Contre, s. m.

POURBOIRE, s. m. drinkmoney.
POURCEAU, pôor-sô, s. m. hog, swine.
Pourceau de mer, sea-hog, porpoise. Pourceau de St. Antoine, spunger.

*Pourchas, s. m. purchase (colained after

long pursuit.)
*Pourchasser, poor-shâ-sâ, v. a. to sees, seek after, pursue, follow, follow after.

POURFENDEUR, s. m. splitter, one who cuts in two (a man.)

*Pourfendre, poor-fendr, v. a. to cut in two, split down (a man.)

Pouri, E, adi. corrupted.

Pouri, s. m. Ex. Sentir le pouri, to smell

rotten.

Pourir, poo-rir, v. a. to rot, corrupt, make to rot. Pourir, v. n. Se pourir, v. r. to rot, grow rotten, putrefy.

POURITURE, poo-ri-tur, s. f. rottenness, putrefaction. POURPARLER, pôor-par-la, s. m. parley.

conference, treaty.

Pourpier, poorpia, s. m. pursiain.
Pourpoint, poorpim, s. m. doublet.
Pourpoint de pierre de taille, a stone doublet, jail.

*Pourpointerie, s. f. doublet-making. *POURPOINTIER, s. m. doublet-maker

POURPRE, poerpr, s. m. (colour) purple; purples, spotted fever. Pourpre, s. f. (dignité de roi, etc.) purple.

Pourpre, E, poor-pra, adj. purple, of a purple colour. Fieure pourprée, spotted fever,

*POURPRIS, poor-pri, s. m. enclosure, whole compass of a ground or place.

Pourquoi, poor-kwa, conj. why, for why, upon what account, wherefore.

Poursuite, poor-suit, s.f. pursuit, running after, proceeding, prosecution

POURSUIVANT, poor-soll-ven, s. m. candidate, one that stands or puts in for a thing.

Poursouvi, E, adj. pursued, prosecuted.
Poursouver, pôor-salve, v.a. like suivre,
to pursue; go or run after; to go on, prosecute; to stand or put in for. Poursouver en
justice, to prosecute at law. Nous poursuirimes cette goëlette jusques sous les batteries. Mar. we chased that schooner close under the

batteries. Poursuivre, v. n. to pursue, go on. POURTANT, poor-ten, conj. however, how-

soever, yet, for all that.

POURTOUR, poor-toor, s. m. compass, circumference, periphery.

Pourvoir, poor-vwar, v. n. to provide.

see, look, take care.

Pourroir, v. a. to provide, supply or surnish with, gratify with, bestow or confer upon.

Pourroir see enfans, to provide for one's children. Se pourroir en justice, v. r. to sue at law. Se pourvoir, to make application for redress, complain.

POURVOIRIE, s. f. procurement of victuals, purveyance.

Pourvoyeur, poor-vwa-yeur, s. m. pur veyor, provider.

buse. bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Pourvu, R, adj. provided, furnished, that has, etc. Pourvu que, provided, provided

Pourvu, poor-vu, s. m. incumbent.

Pousse, poos, s. f. short wind, pursiness; shoot (of a tree.)

Poussé, R, adj. pushed, thrust, etc. V. Poussé, R, adj. pushed, thrust, etc. V. Poussé. Vin poussé, wine that is turned. Poussé. pôo-så, s. f. flying out or spreading of any thing. Poussée de la terre, swelling of the earth. Donner la poussée à quelling of the pushe flea in pous etc. Pushe flea in pous etc. Pushe flea in pous etc. Pushe flea in pous etc. Pushe flea in pous etc. Pushe flea etc. Pushe flea in pous etc. Pushe flea etc. ing of the earth. Donner la poussée à quel-qu'un, to put a flea in one's ear, make one take to his heels.

POUSSER, pão-sã, v. a. to push, thrust, shove; to carry on, extend, enlarge; to spur or put on, put forward, egg on; to induce, move, entice, persuade, encourage; to urge, provoke; to push or put forward, prefer; to thrust or drive; to drive out or back, expel; (sa voix) to raise or lift up; (le dé) to throw. Pousser une matière, to dive into, discuss or examine a subject. Pousser les beaux sentimens, to make fine speeches to the ladies. Pousser la raillerie trop loin, to carry one's jest too far.

Pousser, v. n. to shoot or bud, bourgeon, sprout out, blossom; to jut. Pousser, to be Pousser à la roue, to help on or forward, be a second. Poussons jusque là, let us go to that place. Se pousser, v. r. to push

one's fortune, put one's self forward.

Pousser, Mar. pousser dehors un bâton de foc or un boute-hors de bonnette, to get out a jib-boom or rig out a studding-sail boom.

Pousse dehors le boute-hors de bonnette du petit hunier à tribord, rig out the starboard fore top mast studding sail boom. Pousser au

large, to shove off, put off.
POUSSETTE, s.f. push-pin. Jouer à la poussette, to play at push-pin.

Pousseu-R, sE, s. m. & f. pusher or shover. Pousseur de beaux sentimens, one that makes fine speeches to the ladies

Poussier, s. m. coal dust

POUSSIERE, poo-slêr, s. f. dust. V. Poudre. Poussière, poo-slêr, s. f. dust. V. Poudre. Poussière d'au de mer, Mar. (qui couvre toute la surface des eaux duns un coup de vent) spoondrift.

Poussi-F, ve, poo-sif, slv, adj. pursy, broken winded, short-winded.

Poussin, pdo-sin, s.m. little or young chick. Poussiniere, pdo-si-nier, s. f. the seven stars, the Pleiads.

POUTRE, pootr, s. f. beam, great piece of

timber.

POUTRELLE, pôo-trêl, s. f. small beam.
POUTRELLE, pôo-trêl, s. f. small beam.
POUVOIR, pôo-vwar, v. n. & a. (see the table) to be able, may, can, may do, can do. Se pouvoir, to be possible. If y peut or il peut dans cela, (cela peut contenir,) that may hold, there is the peut contenir.) there is room for.

Pouvoir, s. m. power, authority, ability, interest, credit, possession, keeping.

POUZZOLANE, s.f. pozzolana (kind of sand.) PRAGMATIQUE, prag-ma-uk, adj. & s. m. Ex. La pragmatique sanction or la pragma-

Aque, the pragmatic sanction.
PRAIRIE, prê-rl, s. f. meadow.
PRAIRIE, prê-lin, s. f. or Amande à la praline, crisp almond (sugared.)

PRAME, s. f Mar. prame, sort of lighter PRATICABLE, pra-d-kabb, adj. practicable, feasible, possible.

PRATICIEN, pri-ti-slen, s. m. practitioner (in the law.)

PRATIQUE, prå-tik, adj. practical. Pra-tique, Mar. skilled in piloting. Ex. Exre pra-tique d'un lieu, to be a good pilot for a place; be well acquainted with the marks for going in or out, with the soundings, setting of the tide, etc.

PRATIQUE, s. f. practice; practical part; r karique, s. i. practice; practical part; custom, usage; custom, customer, customers; frequenting or keeping company, intercourse, converse; experience, skill, use, exercise, work, intrigue, device, plot, design; practice, course of pleading, law or rules of law; all the business of an attorney or of a notary.

Terme de pratique, law-term. Domer practice to the province of the p tique à un vaisseau, Mar. to allow or permit a ship free intercourse with the inhabitants of the country.

PRATIQUEMENT, adv. practically.
PRATIQUER, pra-u-da, v. a. to practice;
put into practice; to exercise; to frequent, converse, keep company want, or and endeavour to bring over, win, bribe, corand endeavour to bring over, wind endeavour to bring over, with the contract of the corand endeavour to bring over, with the contract of the bright endeavour to bright endeavour to bring over, which is the contract of the bright endeavour to bright endeavou verse, keep company with; to practise upon rupt, tamper with, sources, to get intelligence.

Pratiquer des cabales, to contrive cabals, plot, cabal. Pratiquer, Mar. to have free intercourse with the inhabitants of the country af ter having obtained permission. Se pratiquer, v. r. to be in use or practice, be practised, be practicable, etc.

PRÉ, prå, s. m. meadow, green field. Re corter sur le pré, to go to the place appointed

for a duel.

PRÉADAMITE, s.m. Pre-Adamite.

*PRÉALABLE, prà-À-làbl, adj. & s. m. & f. previous, going before; previous thing. Au préalable or préalablement, adv. previously, first of all, in the first place. La question pré alable, the previous question.

PREALLEGUE, E, adj. before quoted, be

fore-alleged.

PRÉAMEULE, prà-cn-bul, s. m. preamble.

preface, prologue.
PREAU, pra-o, s. m. little meadow; green before a prison; open place in the middle of a cloister or monaster

PRÉBENDE, prà-bend, s. f. prebend. PRÉBEND É, adj. m. Ex. Chanoine prebende,

prebendary, canon.

PRÉBENDIER, prå-ben-diå, s. m. preben-

dary, one that has a prebend.

PRÉCAIRE, pra-ker, adj. & s. precarious;
precarious thing or things. Par précaire, precariously, upon sufferance.

PRÉCAIREMENT, pra-ker-men, adv. precariously.

PRÉCAUTION, prå-kô-sion, s. f. caution, precaution, foresight, provident care.

PRÉCAUTIONNÉ, E. adj.wary, considerate. PRÉCAUTIONNER, (se) se-pra-ko-sid-na, v. r. to provide, be cautious, take a provident

care, guard against. Preседениемт, prå-så-då-mën, adv. for-

TRECEDENT, PR-Sa-Ga-men, act. for-merly, heretofore.

PRÉCÉDENT, E, prà-sà dèn, dènt, adj. foregoing, preceding, former.

PRÉCÉDEN, prà-sà-dà, v. a. to go before, go first, precede, have the precedency, to sur-

pass, precede, excel. PRÉCEINTE, s. f. Mar. wale. Préceinte basse or plus basse préceinte or préceinte du

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

fort, main wale. Préceinte de vibord, sheer rail. Préceinte supérieure or seconde et troieme preceintes, channel wale (this is separated in two on board French ships of war.)

PRECENTEUR, s. m. precentor.
PRECEPTE, pra-e-pt, s. m. precept, rule, eson, command.

PRECEPTEUR, pra-sep-teur, s. m. precep-

tor, tutor or master.
PRÉCEPTORAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the preceptor.

PRÉCEPTORAT, prå-sep-to-rå, s. m. tutor-

ship, tutor's place, preceptorship.
PRECEPTORIALE, pra-sep-10-rial, adj. &
s. f. Une préceptoriale or une prébende précepturiale, adj. preceptorial prebend. Préceptoturiale, adj. preceptorial prebend. Précepto-

riale, adj. preceptorial.
PRICESSION, prik-se-slon, s. f. (terme d'ason.

tronomie) process

PRECHER, presh, s. m. sermon; also meeting or church or chapel.
PRECHER, presh, v. a. & n. to preach; to cryup, praise, extol, to maintain.
PRECHEUR, pre-sheur, s. m. preacher.

PRÉCIEUSEMENT, prà-sièuz-mên, adv. choicely, charily.

PRÉCIEU-X, SE, prå-slèu, slèuz, adj. precious, of great price or value; dear; affected, finical, over-nice, precise. Une précieuse, an affected, finical or precise woman.

*PRECIOSITÉ, s. f. affectation, preciseness,

prudery.

PRÉCIPICE, prå-sl-pls, s. m. precipice.
PRÉCIPITAMENT, prå-sl-pl-tå-men, adv.
with precipitation, hastly, in haste, rashly.
PRÉCIPITATION, prå-sl-pl-tå-slon, s.f. pre-

cipitation.

PRÉCIPITÉ, E, prà-si-pi-tà, adj. precipitat-ed, thrown or fallen headlong into a precipice, rash, over hasty, precipitate, abrupt, hurried.

PRÉCIPITÉ, pra-si-pl-ta, s. m. (in chemis-

try) precipitate.

PRECIPITER, pra-si-pi-ta, v. a. to precipitate, throw or cast down headlong; hurry, precipitate. Se précipiter par or dans, to run swiftly or with violence upon or into, rush upon or into; make a stoop at.

PRECIPUT, pra-si-pù, s. m. (in law.) Le préciput d'une femme, a woman's jointure. PRECIS, E, pra-si, siz, adj. precise, cer-

tain, fixed, particular, distinct, exact.
PRECIS, s. m. substance, summary

PRÉCISÉMENT, pra-si-zh-mên, adv. pre-

cisely, exactly.
PRÉCISION, prå-sl-zlon, s. f. precision.

Avec precision, precisely.

Pricocz, pra-kos, adj. forward, soon ripe,

early ripe. PRECOCITÉ, pra-ko-si-ta, s. f. precosity.

PRÉCOMPTER, pra-kon-ta, v. a. to discount, deduct

PRÉCONISATEUR, s. m. (celui qui préconise.)

V. Préconiser.

*PRÉCONISATION, prà-kô-nì-zà-sion, s. f.
(l'action de préconiser.) V. Préconiser.

*Priconiser, pra-ko-ni-za, v. a. to make a report in the pope's consistory, that the person presented to a benefice is qualified for it; also to cry up, praise extravagantly.

PRÉCONISEUR, s. m. extoller, praiser. PRÉCURSEUR, pra-kur-seur, s. m. forerunner, harbinger.

PRÉDÉCÉDER, prå-då-så-då, v. n. to de

cease or die before.

PREDECES, pra-da-se, s. m. decease or death before that of another.

PRÍDÉCESSEUR, prå-då-sê-sêur, s. m. pre-

PRÉDESTINATION, prà-dès-ti-nà-slon, s. f. predestination.

PRÉDESTINÉ, E, prå-destina, adj. pre-destinated. Les prédestines, s. m. those that are predestinated.

PRÉDESTINER, prå-des-ti-na, v. a. to predestinate

PREDÉTERMINATION, pra-da-ter-mi-na-

slon, s. f. predetermination.

PREDITERMINER, v. a. to predeterminate.
PREDITERMINER, v. a. to predeterminate.
PREDICABLE, pra-dl-kabl, adj. predicable.
PREDICAMENT, pra-dl-kab-men, s. m. predicament (in logick.) Etre en bon or mauvais prédicament, to have a good or an ill name.
PREDICANT, pra-dl-kan, s. m. protestant

preacher (in contempt.)

PREDICATEUR, prå-di-kå-teur, s. m.

preacher. PRÉDICATION, pra-di-ka-slon, s. f. preach-

ing; sermon.
PREDICTION, prå-dik-slon, s. f. prediction, prophecy:

prophecy.

PRÉDILECTION, prå-di-lèk-slon, s. f. partiality; preference of affection.

PRÉDIRE, prå-dir, v. a. (like dire, except
in the second pers. of the pres. of the indicat.) vous prédisez, and of the imperative prédisez.)

to foretel or prophesy.

PRÉDOMINANT, E, prå-dô-mì-nèn, nènt, adi predominant, prevailing.
PRÉDOMINER, prå-dô-mì-nà, v. n. to predominate, prevail.
PRÉMINENCE, prå-å-mì-nèns, s. f. pre-

eminence, advantage, prerogative. PRÉEMINENT, E, pra-a-mi-nen, nent, adj. pre-eminent.

PRÉTABLIR, v. a. to pre-establish.

PRÉEXISTANT, E, adj. pre-existent. PRÉEXISTENCE, prå-èg-zis-tèns, s. f. preexistence.

PRÉEXISTER, v. n. to pre-exist.

PREFACE, pra-fas, s. f. preface, preamble. PREFECT, V. Prefet. PRÉFECTURE, prå-fêk-tůr, s. f. prefec

ture

Préférable, prå-få-råbl, adj. preferable. Préférablement, prå-få-råbl-mên, adv. preferably, by preference

PRÉFÉRENCE, prà-fà-rens, s. f. preference. PRÉFÉRER, prà-fà-rà, v. a. to prefer, make more account of, esteem more, set more by.
PREFET, pra-fe, s. m. prefect; overseer or

chief master (of a college.)

PREFINIR, v. a. to set, determine, or appoint (law term.)

point (law term.)

PRÉTIX, E, prå-fiks, adj. prefixed, appoint
ed, determined, set, settled.

PRÉTIXION, prå-fik-sion, s. f. (law term)
prefixion. Pour tout préfixion de délai on hai
a donné deux mois, the farthest time the court
les alleuned him is but two months. has allowed him is but two months.

PREGNANT or PREIGNANT, E, adj. acute. violent, sharp.

PRÉJUDICE, prå-zů-dís, s. m. prejudice, damage, hurt, harm, detriment, loss.

*PRÉJUDICIABLE, prå-zů-dí-slåbl, adj

prejudicial, hurtful

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PRÉJUDICIEL, LE, adj. Ex. Question mésudicielle, to be determined before the main question.

PREJUDICIER, pra-zd-dl-sla, v. n. to pre-

judice, hurt, be hurtful.

PRÉJUGÉ, prå-zå-zå, s.m. precedent; sign, omen, presage; prejudiciate opinion, prepossession, prejudice.

PRÉJUGER, prå-zů-zå, v. a. to prejudge, judge beforehand; to conjecture, guess at. PRÉLART, Mar. V. Prélat.

*PRÉLASSER, (SE) se-pra-là-sa, v. r. to

*PRÉLASSER, (81) **Print, strut, walk with great gravity.
PRÉLAT, prå-là, s. m. prelate, dignitary.
Prélat, Mar. tarpauling. Prélat à canot, hoat's covering. Prélats de bastingage, boat's covering. hammock cloths. Prélats des passe-avants, waist cloths.

PRÉLATION, s.f. prelation, preference given to one whose father held the same office. PRÉLATURE, pra-là-tur, s. f. prelacy, prelatur

lature.

PRÉLE, prèl, s. f. shave-grass or horsetail.

PRÉLEGS, prèl-lé, s. m. legacy to be discharged before any other.

PRÉLEGUER, prèl-lè-gà, v. a. to make a bequest to be discharged before any other le-

PRELER, pre-la, v. a. to rub with shave-

grass or horse-tail.

PRÉLEVEMENT, s. m. deduction. PRÉLEVER, prål-vå, v. a. to deduct. PRÉLIMINAIRE, prå-ll-ml-nèr, s. m. pre-

PRÉLIMINAIREMENT, adv. previously.

PRÉLIMENTALES, s. m. pl. preliminaries.
PRÉLIMENTIN, s. m. Ex. De la poudre de préliminaries, powder of post, medicine that neither does hurt nor good.
PRÉLUDE, prà-làd, s. m. prelude, flourish;

fore-runner.

PRÉLUDER, prå-lå-då, v. n. to prelude, put an instrument in tune

PRÉMATURÉ, E, prå-må-tå-rå, adj. for-

ward, early, soon ripe, untimely.

PRÉMATURÉMENT, prå-må-tů-rå-mên, adv. prematurely, untimely, before due time. PREMATURITE, s. f. prematurity.

PREME d'émerande, s. f. base or coarse kind of emerald.

PRÉMÉDITATION, prå-må-dl-tå-slon, s. f. premeditation.

PRÉMÉDITER, prå-må-dl-tå, v. a. to pre-meditate, think of before-hand, design, pur-

PREMICES, prå-mis, s. pl. first fruits.
PREMIER, E, prè-mis, micr, adj. first, former, chief, principal; imperfect. Le premier ne, the first born.
PREMIER, s. m. Ex. Monsieur le premier,

the first gentleman of the horse to his ma-

l'REMIER-NÉ, s. m. first born.

PREMIÈREMENT, prê-mièr-mên, adv. first, in the first place, first of all, first and foremost.

PRÉMISSES, prå-mis, s. f. pl. the premises.

PRÉMOTION, s. f. predetermination. PRÉMONTRÉ, E, s. m. & f. Norbertin friar

PRÉMUNIR, prå-må-nir, v. a. to forewarn. Se prémunir, v. r. to fortify one's self beforehand, provide one's self with

PRENABLE, pre-nabl, adj. that may or can be taken (said of a city;) that may be seduced,

or bribed (of persons.)
PREMANT, E, pre-nen, nent, adj. (from

prendre) taking, etc. PRENDRE, prendr, v. a. to take; to lay hold of; to snap at or up; to seize upon, catch; nous or; to snap at or up; to seize upon, catch; arrest, apprehend; to receive, accept of; to swallow down; to taste, drink, cure; to take or snuff up; to take away, steel; to pat on (clothes;) to take up, engage in; to interpret, construe, put a construction upon; to understand, apprehend, conceive; to get; to as sume, take upon one's self, arrogate to one's self, claim or seize unjustly; to consider; to deal with; to suppose; to collect or levy (taxes;) to charge (for work;) to attack, fall upon; to search, fetch, look for. Je n'y prends npon; to search, jetch, note nor. See ny premsen in 'ny mets, I neither meddle nor make with it. Se laisser prendre, to yield, to give way. Prendre naissance, to be born. Prendre vie, to come to life. Prendre à honte, to be ashamed. Prendre sur soi, to take upon one's self, undertake, warrant, to get the better of one's self. Prendre sur son nécessaire, to take from or abridge one's self of necessaries. Prendre à témoin, to call to witness. Prendre pour, to take for, mistake for. Il fallut un peu prendre sur ha pour se défaire de sa passion, it was a great self denial or mortification to him to part with his pas-sion. L'absence n'a rien pris sur l'amitié qu'il a pour vous, absence has not in the least abated, lessened or impaired the friendship he has for you. Prendre, v. h. to catch at, seize on. Prendre, (prendre racine) to strike, strike root. Se prendre, v. r. to be taken; to thicken, coagulate, settle ; to be frozen up. Se prendre a, to begin, set about. S'y prendre hien or mal, to go the right or wrong way to work, take a right or wrong course. S'en prendre à, to lay the blame or fault upon, blame, com plain of, charge with; to catch at, take, lay hold of, seize on. On a tout de moi quand on s'y prend de ta bonne sorte, one may have any thing of me by fair means. S'il ne me paye, *je m'en prendrai à rous*, if he does not pay me I shall come upon you. Je ne m'en prends pas a rous, I do not complain of you, I do not

quarrel with you for it. Prendre, v. a. Mar. to take, take in, get in, get up, take up, etc. Prendre des prisonniers à son bord, to take on board prisoners. Prendre langue, to get intelligence. Prendre son artillerie et ses poudres, to take on board the guns and powder. Prendre un bâtiment par la hanche or par le bossoir, to lie upon a ship's quarter or bow. Prenant les amures à ships quality of them. It comes to unative to the before nous gagnames le large pour la mait, hauling upon the larboard tack, we gained an offing for the night. Pris de calme, notre corps de bataille ne mut soutenir l'arant-garde qui combattoti, being becalmed, our center could not support the van which was engaged. Nous avons pris deux bâtimens marchands et un corsaire, we have taken two merchants en and a privater. On dit que l'embuscade est prise, it is said that the arabuseade is taken. Nous primes cotre corvette pour une l'égate, we took your sloop for a frigate. Ce bâtinent est bien pris, that skip will certainly stay. Les bâtimens charbonniers sont pris par les glaces the colliers arc bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good,

La rivière etoit-elle prise? was the river frozen ?

PRENEUR, pre-neur, s. m. taker; (in law) lessee. Preneur de labac, snuff-taker. Preneur de taupes, mole-catcher. Preneur de café, coffee drinker. Preneur, Mar. captor. Vaisu preneur, captor.

PRÍNOM, prá-non, s. m. prænomen, first name, proper name.

PRENOTION, pra-no-sion, s. f. prenotion, surmise, conjecture.

PRÉCCCUPATION, prå-ö-kû-på-slon, s. f. preoccupation, prejudice, prepossession.
Précoccuper, prà-ö-kû-pà, v. a. to preposses, prejudice, posses with a conceit.
PRÉCCCUPER, (sr) v. r. to be prepossessed

or prejudiced or conceited.
PREOPINANT, pra-ō-pl-nen, s. m. he that votes before another.

PRÉOPINER, prà-ò-pi-nà, v. n. to vote first, vote before another.

PRÉPARANT, E, adj. preparative, prepar-

ng.
PRÉPARATI-F, VE, prå-på-rå-úf, tiv, adj.
preparatory, preparative.
PRÉPARATIF, s. m. preparation.
PRÉPARATIF s. m. preparation.

PRÉPARATION, s. f. preparation. PRÉPARATOIRE, prå-på-rå-twar, adj. pre-

PREPARER, pra-pa-ra, v. a. to prepare, get or make ready, fit or fit up. Se preparer, v. r. to prepare, prepare one's self, get or make one's self ready.

PRÉFONDÉRANCE, s. f. preponderancy.
PRÉFONDÉRANT, E, pra-pon-dà-rèn, rènt,
preponderating. Voix prépondérante,

casting vote.
Préposé, pra-pô-za, s. m. overseer. PREPOSER, pra-pd-za,v. a. to prepose, set before; to set over, give one the charge of, appoint as overseer.

PRÉPOSITION, prà-pô-zi-sion, s. f. prepoaition

Prépuce, pra-pas, s. m. prepuce. Prérogative, pra-rô-ga-dv, s. m. prerogative, privilege.

PRES, de, prep. near, almost, nearly, hard by, nigh. If y a pres de vingt ans, it is almost 20 years. Sometimes de is suppressed before words of several syllables. Près le pont de Westminster, near Westminster bridge. Près, de près, adv. near, nearly, near by, hard by, near at hand, close or closely. Pres à près, close, close together, near each other. Plus près à près, closer. A cela pres, save or except that, that excepted. A

peu irrès, nearly, near about, almost.

Près, Mar. near, etc. Au plus près, close hauled. Près et plein, full and by. Ce bâ-timent au large est oriente au plus près, that vessel in the offing is close hauled. Trop

près du vent, too near the wind.

PRÉSAGE, prå-zåz, s. m. presage, omen, sign, portent, conjecture, prognostication. De maurais presage, ominous.

PRÉSAGER, pra-za-za, v. a. to presage, portend, bode, betoken, conjecture, foretel, prognosticate.

PRESBYTE, pres-bit, s. m. & f. one who can see only at a distance,

PRESBYTÉRAL, E, pres-bi-ta-ral, adj. of or belonging to a priest.

PRESBYTÈRE, pres-bi-ter, s. m. the priest's house or parsonage.

PRESETTERIANISME, pres-bi-ta-ria-ulsm s. m. sect and tenets of the presbyterians.

PRESENTÉRIAT, s. m. eldership, office of an elder among presbyterians, presbytership. PRESENTÉRIEN, NK, prês bl-tā-riễn, riễn, adj. & s. presbyterian.

Prescience, pre-si-ens, s. f. prescience foreknowledge, foresight.

PRESCRIPTIBLE, pres-krip-tibl, adi. prescriptible.

PRESCRIPTION, pres-krip-sion, s. f. pre-scription; right of property acquired by pos-

PRESCRIRE, pres-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to prescribe, order, ordain; get by prescription. Se prescrire, v. r. 10 be held by prescription; also to prescribe to one's self.

PRESCRIT, E, adj. prescribed, ordered, got

by prescription.
PRÉSÉANCE, prà-sà-èns, s. f. precedency
or taking place before.

PRÉSENCE, prà-zèns, s.f. presence; (d'esprit, e mémoire) readiness. Chambre de présence. de mémoire) readiness. the presence or presence-chamber. Etre en présence de l'ennemi, Mar. to be in sight of the enemy

PRÉSENT, pra-zen, adj. present. La p sente lettre or la présente, s. f. this present. a l'esprit présent, he has a ready wit.

PRESENT. prå-zen, s. m. present, gift ; present or present time; present tense. De présent, at present, now. A présent, at present, now, at this time. Dès à présent, now, from this very instant, from this time forwards. Pour le présent, for the present, now.

PRÉSENTABLE, adj. presentable.

PRÉSENTAT-EUR, RICE, prà zen-tà-teur,

tris, s. m. & f. patron of a living.

Présentation, présén-tà-slon, s. f. presentation to a living; attorney's appearance in court in his client's behalf, bill in a court.

PRÉSENTEMENT, prå-sent-men, adv. now,

at this time, at present.

PRÉSENTER, pra-zen-ta, v. a. to offer, present or tender, to put up; to present or introduce. Se présenter, v. r. to come or appear ; to offer or present one's self. Présenter, Mar. Présenter le travers, to show the broad-side or length of a ship. Présenter un bordage, une allonge, etc. to apply a plank, a futtock, etc. to the place for which it is intended (to see whether it fits.) Présenter un mât de hune or de perroquet, to get a top-mast or top-gallant mast on end (ready for pointing through the cap.) Présenter les canons aux sabords, to place the guns in the ports (ready for running out.) Nous présentons au nord-est quarte de nord, we look north east by north. Ce bâtinord, we look north east by north. Ce bâti-ment présente de deux quarts plus au vent que nous, that vessel lies up two points to wind-ward of us. Présente la tireveille, swing off the side-rope.

PRÉSENTES, s. f. pl. presents.

Préservati-f, ve, prå-zer-vå-uf, tlv, adj. preservative.

PRÉSERVATIF, s. m. preservative, coun-

ter-poison.

PRÉSERVER, prå-zer-vå v. a. to preserve or keep (from evil.)

bose, bot : jeune, meute, beurre, enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

PRÉSIDENCE, prà-zì-dèus, s. f. president-

ship, presidency.
PRÉSIDENT, pra-zi-den, s. m. president;

chairman; speaker.

Présidente, pra-zl-dent, s. f. president's

PRESIDER, pra-21-da, v. n. and sometimes a. to preside or be president; have the rule,

tuition, care or management of, overrule. PRESIDIAL, pra-21-dial, s. m. presidial, a court of judicature.

PRÉSIDIAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the

presidial court. PRÉSIDIALEMENT, pra-zl-dlal-mên, adv.

peremptorily, without appeal.

PRÉSIDIAUX, s. m. pl. judges of the presidial court.

PRÉSOMPTI-P, VE, prà-zonp-tif, tiv, adj. presumptive, apparen

PRÍSOMPTION, pra-zonp-sion, s. f. pre-sumption, conjecture, suspicion, pride, arro-

gance, self-conceit. PRÉSOMPTUEUSEMENT, prå-zonp-tå-èuzmen, adv. presumptuously, proudly.

PRÉSOMPTURU-X, SE, prê-zomp-tû-êu, êuz, adj. presumptuous, proud, vain, self-conceited. PRESQUE, prêsk, adv. almost, even, very near, nearly

Presqu'ile, près-kil, s. f. peninsula. Pressamment, prè-sà-mèn, adv. pressing-

ly, earnestly.
PRESSANT, E, pre-sen, sent, adj. pressing,

FRESSART, E, pre-sen, sent, adj. pressing, urgent, cernest; troublesome.

PRESSE, pres, s. f. press, crowd, throng; (machine) press, mangle; kind of peach. Se tirrer de la presse, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Presse, s. f. Mar. press. V. Madelot.

PRESSÉ, E, pre-sa, adj. (from presser) pressed, crowded; in haste.

PRESSEMENT, pres-men, s. m. pressing,

compression.

PRESSENTI, E, adj. V. Pressentir.

PRESSENTIMENT, pre-sen-ul-men, s. m. sur-mise, guessing, or foresight. Jen ai le pressentiment, something tells me so.

PRESSENTIR, pre-sen-ur, v. a. (like sentir) to foresee, perceive beforehand, have a fore sight of, try to discover, endeavour to find out. Pressentir quelqu'un, to feel one's pulse, try to discover the intention or disposition of on

PRESSER, pre-sa, v. a. to press, squeeze or crowd; to set or put close; to urge or press, see in earnest or pressing with; to press, follow close, haunt or dun; to press or hasten; to press hard, follow close; (une entreprise) to carry on or push with vigour; (un chevul) to ride hard; (les coutures) to smooth with a hot iron, (le siège) to carry on vigorously. Pres-ser quelqu'un dans ses bras, to clasp a person in one's arms. Pressez un peu vos rangs, close your ranks a little. Pressez un peu plus rotre écriture, write a little closer. L'affaire presse, the business requires haste, it is an urgent business. Se presser, v.r. to crowd, to lie close, be in haste, make haste.

PRESSIER, pre-sla, s. m. pressman (in

printing.)

Pression, pre-sion, s. m. pression.

PRESSIS, pre-si, s. m. gravy squeezed out of meat, juice out of herbs.

PRESSOIR, pre-swar, s. m. press (for cider, wine, etc.) press-house, salting-tub for bacon.

PRESSURAGE, pre-sd-raz, s. m. pressing, any liquor extracted with a press. Pressurage de vin, press wine. Droit de pressurage, fee

to the owner of a common press.

Pressurer, pre-su-ra, v. a. to press,

wring, squeeze.

PRESSUREUR, pre-sd-reur, s. m. pressman (at a wine-press.)

PRESTANCE, pres-tens, s. f. presence. noble carriage, dignified mica.

PRESTATION, pres-ta-slon, s. f. Ex. Prestation de serment, oath, taking of an oath.
PRESTE, prest, adj. quick, nimble.

Preste, adv. quick.

PRESTEMENT, prest-men, adv. bluntly, hastily.

PRESTESSE; pres-tes, s. f. agility, nimble-

ness, quickness, slight of hand.
PRESTIGE, pres-tlz, s. m. prestige, delu-

sion, imposture, deceit.

PRESTO, adv. (in musick) presto, quick. PRESTOLET, pres-to-le, s. m. priest with-

out birth or preferment (used in contempt.) PRÉSUMER, prà-zů-må, v. a. to presume,

Prisuppose, suppose, imagine.
Prisuppose, pra-sd-po-za, v. a. to presume, think, conjecture, suppose, pra-sd-po-za, v. a. to presuppose, suppose, take for granted.
Prisuppose, suppose, take for granted.
Prisupposition emposition pra-sd-po-zi-slon, s. f

presupposition, supposition.

PRESURE, pra-zur, s. f. runnet.
PRET, E, pre, pret, adj. ready, in readiness, at hand, prepared. Elle est prete à accoucher. she is near her time. Votre bâtiment est-il pret à mettre sous roile? Mar. is your ship ready for sea?

PRET, s. m. loan, money lent, lending, money advanced to soldiers before pay-day.

*PRÉTANTAINE, s. f. Ex. Courir la prélantaine, to ramble about, gad up and down.
PRETENDANT, E, pra-ten-den, dent, s. m.

& f. candidate, competitor, pretender.

PRÉTENDRE, pra-tendr, v. a. to claim, challenge, demand, expect.

Prétendre, v. n. to pretend to, aim or as-

pire at, stand for; to pretend, maintain, affirm; to intend, design, mean, purpose; to pretend, expect; to will, command, insist upon.

PRÉTENDU, E, pra-lèn-dù, dù, adj. (from prétendre) claimed, etc. pretended, supposed, false.

PRÉTENTION, prå-tèn-sion, s. f. pretension,

claim, aim, design.

PRRTER, pre-ta, v. a. to lend; to give, afford; to ascribe, father. Preter Foreille, preter audience, to lend an ear, give a hearing.

Preter serment, to take an oath, to swear. Vous leur prêtez cela, you father that upon them. Préter le côté à un bâtiment, Mar. to range a-breast of a ship (in order to give her a broadside.) Prêter, v. n. to stretch. Se prêter, v. r. to give one's self up to, comply with, fall in with, become a tool to; humour, grati-

fy, countenance, back, support, undergo.
PRETER, prè-ta, s. m. lending, loan.
PRETERIT, prà-ta-ri, s. m. preterit.

PRETERITION, s. f. leaving out of an heir's name in a will; feigned omission of something mentioned.

PRÉTEUR, s. m. prætor (among the Romans.

PRÉTEU-R, SE, prà-têur, thuz, s. m. & f. lender, given to lend. Prêteur sur gages, pawnbroker.

bar, bat, base : there, elb, over field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PRÉTEXTE, prå-tekst, s. m. pretence, pretext, cloak, colour, blind, show, appearance.
PRÉTEXTER, prå-têks-th, v. a. to pretend,

to cloak under a pretence.

PRÉTIRTAILLE, s. f. woman's trimmings,

** TATINTALLE, S. I. woman's trimmings, trinkets, gewgaws, etc.

*PRÉTINTAMLER, v. a. to furbelow, trim.
PRÉTOIRE, prà-twar, s. m. prætor's house
or palace; judgment hall, common hall; place
where the prætorian bands were lodged.

PRETORIEN, NE, pra-to-rien, rien, a ij. prætorian.

PRETRAILLE, s. f. injurious name used by those who rail at priests.

PRÎTRE, prêtr, s. m. priest.

Prêtresse, prê-três, s. f. priestess.
PRÎTRISE, prê-três, s. f. priesthood. PRETURE, pra-tur, s. f. proetorship, pra:-

tor's dignity. • PREUVE, preuv, s. f. proof, argument, evidence, ordeal.

*PREUX, preu, s. m. brave, stout. Les neuf preux, the nine worthies.

PRÉVALOIR, pra-va-lwar, v. n. to prevail, be prevalent, carry it. Se prévaloir de, v. r. to take advantage of, make use of, glory or pride in, value one's self upon

PRÉVARICATEUR, prà-và-rl-kà-têur, s. m. prevaricator, dcuble dealer, jack of both

sides, ambidexter.

PRÉVARICATION, pra-va-ri-ka-sion, s. f. prevarication, collusion, double dealing.

PRÉVARIQUER, prå-vå-rl-kå, v. n. to prevaricate, betray a cause.

PRÉVENANCE, prav-nens, s. f. officious-ness, readiness to do a service before it is asked or expected.

PRÉVENANT, E, prav-nèn, nènt, adj. pre-venting; agreeable, pre-engaging, kindly officious, obliging, ready to do a service be-fore it is asked or expected. Soins prévenans, engaging ways or manners or attentions.

PREVENIR, prav-nir, v. a. (like venir) to guard against, prevent, obviate, come before, outstrip or get the start of, anticipate, be beforehand (with one in or by, doing,) pre-enforehand (with one in or by going,) pre-via-gage, prepossess, prejudice, bias, acquaint (one with,) inform (one of.) Cette femme le prévint par des attentions flatteuses, that wo-man came forward and met him with a flattering show of kindness. Ici pourtent tous mes voux sont prévenus et satisfaits, here nevertheless they meet and gratify all my wishes. Se prévenir pour or en fareur de, to be prepossessed in favour of, take a liking to. Se prévenir contre, to be prejudiced

to. Se present course, to be prejudiced against, take a dislike to.

PREVENTION, pra-ven-slon, s. f. prevention, forestalling, anticipation; prejudice, prepossession. Condomner par prevention, to condemn before a due trial.

PRÉVENU, E, prav-nů, nů, adj. prevented, etc. V. Prévenir also accused, arraigned, at-

tainted and forestalled.

PREVISION, pra-vi-zion, s. f. foresight, fore-

seeing, foreknowledge.
PREVOIR, pra-vwar, v. a. to foresee, fore-

know, expect.
PREVOT, pra-vo, s. m. provost. Prévôt des maréchaux, provost-marshal. Prévôt d'équi-page, Mar. loblolly boy (on board French men war, who is also employed to inflict punishments on the crew.)

PRÉVÔTAL, E, prå-vô-tål, adj. belonging to the jurisdiction of the provost. Un crime prévôtal, a crime punishable by the provostmarshal.

PRÉVÔTALEMENT, prå-vô-tål-mên, adv.

by the provost, in the provost's court.

PRÉVÔTÉ, prå-vô-tå, s. f. court of a provost-marshal; precincts and jurisdiction of a provost-marshal; provost's office or dignity.

PRÉVOYANCE, prå-vwå-yens, s. f. foresight

PRÉVOYANT, E, pra-vwa-yen, yeni, adj. provident, wary.

PRIAPE, s. m. Priapus (lascivious god of gardens.)

PRIAPÉES, s. f. pl. bawdy or smutty verses.

PRIAPISME, s. m. priapism.
PRIAPISME, s. m. priapism.
PRIE, prl. å, s. m. guest. V. Prier.
PRIE-DIEU, prl. delu, s. m. private chapei;
desk to kneel and pray upon.

PRIER, pri-a, v. a. to pray, beseech, entreat, beg. desire, intercede, pray to, call upon; invite, bid. Prier quelqu'un, to ask one. Prier pour quelqu'un, to intercede for one. Prier au ciel, to pray to heaven. Prier

à diner, to invite to dine.

PRIÈRE, pri-er, s. f. prayer, supplication, entreaty, request, desire, petition.

PRIEUR, pri-cur, s. m. prior.

Prieure, s. f. priores

PRIEURÉ, pri-eu-ra, s. m. priory, prior's house.

PRIMAT, pri-ma, s. m. primate, metropolitan.

PRIMATIAL, E, adj. belonging to a primale.

PRIMATIE, pri-ma-si, s. f. primacy.
PRIMAUTE. pri-mo-ta, s. f. pre-eminence,
priority; the being elder (at play.)

PRIME, prim, s. f. primero; prime. De prime abord, at first, at first sight, at first blush. Prime (d'assurance,) premium of insu-

PRIMER, pri-ma, v. n. to be the first, excel others (top or overtop or surpass others.) Primer, v. a. to prevent, get the start of, be be-forehand with.

PRIMEUR, pri-meur, s. f. first coming in (of certain fruits.) Du vin dans la primeur, new wine.

PRIMEVÈRE, prim-ver, s. f. cowslip. PRIMICÉRIAT, s. m. deanery. PRIMICIER, pri-mi-sià, s. m. dean (of some churches.)

PRIMIPILE, s. m. first centurion among the Romans.

PRIMITI-F, VE, pri-mi-tif, tiv, adj. primi tive, first.

PRIMITIF, s. m. primitive, radical. PRIMITIVEMENT, pri-mi-tlv-men, nrimitively.

PRIMO, adj. firstly, in the first place. PRIMOGENITURE, pri-mo-za-ni-tar, s. 1 birth right, primogeniture.

PRIMORDIAL, E, pri-môr-diâl, adj. primi tive or primordial.

PRIMORDIALEMENT, adv. primitively.

PRINCE, prins, s. m. prince.

PRINCERIE, s. f. deanery, deanship.
PRINCESSE, prin-ses, s. f. princess; mis tress, miss, lady of pleasure.

PRINCIPAL, E, prin-sl-pal, adj. principal, chief, main

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PRINCIPAL, s. m. principal, main thing, main business or point or chance; head mas-

PRINCIPALEMENT, prin-si-pal-men, adv. principally, chiefly, mainly, above all, pariiculariy.

PRINCIPALITÉ, prin-sl-pà-ll-tà, s. f. Ex. Principalité de collège, place of a principal or head master of a college. PRINCIPAUTÉ, prin-sl-pò-tà, s. f. principal-

PRINCIPE, prin-sp, s. m. principle, first cause, maxim, undoubted truth, mouve, first rule or precept, element

PRINCIPION prin-sl-plon, s. m. petty

prince.

PRINTANIER, E, prin lå-nlå, nler, adj. spring, of or belonging to the spring.
PRINTEMPS, prin-ten, s. m. spring, spring

PRIORITÉ, pri-6-ri-th, s. f. priority.
PRIS, E, adj. (from Prendre) taken, etc.; frozen up. Bien pris, well-shaped.
PRISE, priz, s. f. taking; hold; scuffle, quarrel, bickering; (de médecine) dose; (de cajé) dish; (de tabac) pinch. Prise de corps, décret de srise de corps, warrant. Prise de possession, entering into or taking possession; induction. Prise d'habit, ceremony perform-

induction. Prise d'habit, ceremony performed at one's taking of a monk's or nun's habit. Etre en prise, to lie open or exposed, be in danger. Lâcher prise, to let go one's hold. Dommer prise, to give an advantage or opportunity, give a hold, expose one's self. Etre sax: prises, to engage, fight, come to blows, fall to loggerheads. Prise, Mar. prize. Faire une prise, to make a prize or capture. Prendre possession d'une prise, to take possession of a prize. Mettre du monde à bord d'une prise, to put people on board a prize. Nous conchasons nos prises à Falmouth, we carry our prizes to Falmouth. Déclarer de bonne prise, to declare a prize. Rester en possession

d'une prise, to remain in possession of a

PRISÉE, pri-za, s. f. prizing, valuing, rating, appraising.
PRISER, pri-za, v. a. to prize or appraise,

value, rate, set a price on; value or esteem.
PRISEUR, pri-zeur, s. m. appraiser, auctioneer.

PRISMATIQUE, pris-ma-tik, adj. prismatick. PRISME, prism, s. m. prism.

PRISON, pri-zon, s. f. gaol or jail, prison, custody, hold; imprisonment, confinement.
PRISONNIER, E, pri-zo-nia, nier, s. m. & f. prisoner.
PRITAINE, s. m. sort of magistrate at Ath-

PRIVABLE, adj. deprivable.

*PRIVANCE, s. f. intimacy (with great people.)

PRIVATI-F, VE, prl-vå-tif, tiv, adj. privative

PRIVATION, pri-va-sion, s. f. privation, want; privacy.

PRIVATIVEMENT, pri-va-tiv-men, adv. exclusively.

PRIVAUTE pri-vo-ta,s. f. privity, intimacy, familiarity, private commerce

PRIVE, E, pri-và, adj. deprived, bereft; privy; familiar, privy; tame.

PRIVÉ, s. m. privy, a house of office, necessary house.

PRIVEMENT, pri-va-men, adv. familiarly,

intimately, freely.

PRIVER, pri-va, v. a. to deprive, bereave, rcb, withhold from. Se priver, v. r. to deprive one's self, abstain

PRIVILÉGE, pri-vi-lèz, s. m. privilege, prerogative, special grant, pre-eminence, li-

PRIVILEGIÉ, E, pri-vi-là-ra, adj. & s. privileged, privileged person.
PRIX, pri, s. m. price, rate; value, worth;

expense. De prix, dear, precious, of value. Hors de prix, qui n'a point de prix, extraor-dinary dear, invaluable, inestimable. A prix d'argent, by dint of money. Au prix de, in comparison of, when compared with. Prix comparison of, when compared with. pour prix, according to the value of things.

Probabilité, pro-ba-bl-ll-la, s. f. probability, likelibood.

PROBABLE, pro-babl, adj. probable, likely. PROBABLEMENT, pro-babl-men, adv. probably, likely.

*PROBAGE, s. m. layer of a vine. PROBANTE, pro-bent, adj. f. En forme probunte, in an authentical form. Raison pro-

bante, convincing reason. PROBATION, pro-ba-sion, s. f. probation, trial.

PROBATOIRE, adj. probatory. PROBITÉ, pro-bi-ta, s. f. probity, honesty,

integrity, uprightness, goodn PROBLÉMATIQUE, pro-bla-ma-tik, adj

oroblematical. PROBLÉMATIQUEMENT, pro-bla-ma-tik

men, adv. problematically.
PROBLEME, pro-blem, s. m. problem.

PROBOSCIDE, s. f. proboscis PROCATHARTIQUE, adj. procathartick. Procathe, pro-sh-da. s. m. proceeding,

procedure, dealing, carriage; quarrel, dispute; (en chimie) proce

PROCEDER, pro sa-da, v. n. to proceed, come, be derived, spring, rise; to proceed, act, deal, behave; (en justice) to proceed (in course of law.)

PROCEDURE, pro-sa-dur, s. f. proceeding, course of pleading, process, practice or rules of a court.

PROCES, pro-se, s. m. action, suit, law-suit, cause, process, case; quarrel; particulars of a case, papers, writings belonging to a law-suit. Process rerbal, verbal process. Faire le process. , to condemn, reject. Faire un proces à quelqu'un, to enter an action- against one, a quesqu'un, to enter an action sue one at law. Fuire le procès à quelqu'un, to try or arraign oue. Juger un procès en fareur de quelqu'un, to give judgment in one's behalf.

Processi-F,ve, pro-ae-sif, slv, adj. litigious or quarrelsome.

PROCESSION, pro-se-sion, s. f. procession "

(in theology) proceeding.
PROCESSIONNAL, pro-se-sio-nal, s. m. processional book.

PROCESSIONNELLEMENT, pro-se-sio-nelmen, adv. in a procession.

PROCHAIN, E, pro-shin, shen, adj. next nigh or near at hand.

PROCHAIN, s. m. neighbour; also fellow creature.

*Prochainement,pro-chen-men,adv.bext

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PRÉTEXTE, pra-takst, s. m. pretence, pretext, cloak, colour, blind, show, appearance. PRÉTEXTER, pra-teks-ta, v. a. to pretend, to cloak under a pretence.

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PRÉVENANT, E, prav-nèn, nènt, adj. pre-venting: agreeable, pre-engaging, kindly officious, obliging, ready to do a service be-fore it is asked or expected. Soins prévenans.

fore it is asked or expected. Souns precedures, engaging ways or manners or attentions.

Preventa, prav-nir, v. a. (like venir) to guard against, prevent, obviate, come before outstrip or get the start of, anticipate, be beforehand (with one in or by doing,) pre-engage, prepossess, prejudice, bias, acquant (one with,) inform (one of.) Cette femme te prevint par des attentions flatteuses, that woman came forward and met him with a flattering show of kindness. Ici pourtant tous mes vœux sont prévenus et satisfaits, here nevertheless they meet and gratify all my wishes. Se prévenir pour or en faneur de, to be prepossessed in favour of, take a liking to Se prepasses in lavour of the a laring to Se prevenir contre, to be prejudiced against, take a dislike to.

PREVENTION, pra-ven-sion, s. f. prevention, forestalling, anticipation; prejudice, prepassessing. Condenses our expension.

possession. Condamner par prevention, to condemn before a due trial.

PRÉVENU, E, prav-nů, nů, adj. prevented, etc. V. Prévenir also accused, arraigned, attainted and forestalled

PRÉVISION, pra-vi-zion, s. f. foresight, fore-

seeing, foreknowledge.
PRÉVOIR, pra-vwar, v. a. to foresee, fore-

expect. PREVOT, pra-vo, s. m. provost. Prévôt des maréchaux, provost-marshal. Prévôt d'équi-page, Mar. loblolly boy (on board French men of war, who is also employed to inflict punishments on the crew.)

PRÉVÔTAL, E, prå-vô-tål, adj. belonging to the jurisdiction of the provost. Un crime prevotal, a crime punishable by the provost-

PRÉVÔTALEMENT, prå-vô-tål-mên, adv.

by the provost, in the provost's court.

Prevore, pra-vo-ta, s. f. court of a provost-marshal; precincts and jurisdiction of a provost-marshal; provost's office or dignity.

PRÉVOYANCE, prà-vwa-yens, s. f. foresight

PRÉVOYANT, E, prå-vwå-yen, yeni, adj. provident, wary.

PRIAPE, s. m. Priapus (lascivious god of gardens.)

PRIAPÉES, s. f. pl. bawdy or smutty verses.

PRIAPISME, s. m. priapism

PRIE, pri-a, s. m. guest. V. Prier. PRIE-DIEU, pri-dieu, s. m. private chapel; desk to kneel and pray upon.

PRIER, pri-a, v. a. to pray, beseech, entreat, beg. desire, intercede, pray to, call upon ; invite, bid. Prier quelqu'un, to ask one. Prier pour quelqu'un, to intercede for one. Prier pour quelqu'un, to intercede for one. Prier au ciel, to pray to heaven. Prier à diner, to invite to dine.

PRIERE, pri-èr, s. f. prayer, supplication, entreaty, request, desire, petition.

PRIEUR, prl-cur, s. m. prior.

Prieure, s. f. priore

PRIEURÉ, pri-eu-ra, s. m. priorys prior's house.

PRIMAT, prl-må, s. m. primate, metropolitan.

PRIMATIAL, E, adj. belonging to a primale.

PRIMATIE, pri-ma-si, s. f. primacy.
PRIMAUTE. pri-mo-ta, s. f. pre-eminence,
priority; the being elder (at play.)

PRIME, prim, s. f. primero; prime. Drime abord, at first, at first sight, at first blush Prime (d'assurance,) premium of insurance.

PRIMER, pri-ma, v. n. to be the first, excel others (top or overtop or surpass others.) Primer, v. a. to prevent, get the start of, be beforehand with.

PRIMEUR, pri-meur, s. f. first coming in (of certain fruits.) Du vin dans la primeur, new wine.

Primevère, prim-vèr, s. f. cowslip.

PRIMICERIAT, s. m. deanery PRIMICIER, pri-mi-sia, s. m. dean (of some churches.)

PRIMIPILE, s. m. first centurion among the Romans.

PRIMITI-F, VE, pri-mi-tif, tlv, adj. primi tive, first.

PRIMITIF, s. m. primitive, radical. PRIMITIVEMENT, pri-mi-tlv-men, primitively.

PRIMO, adj. firstly, in the first place. PRIMOGENITURE, pri-mô-za-ni-tur, s. 1

birth right, primogeniture. PRIMORDIAL, E, pri-mor-dial, adj. primi tive or primordial.

PRIMORDIALEMENT, adv. primitively.

PRINCE, prins, s. m. prince.

PRINCERIE, s. f. deanery, deanship. PRINCESSE, prin-ses, s. f. princess; mis tress, miss, lady of pleasure

PRINCIPAL, E, prin-sî-pal, adj. principal, chief, main

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brus.

PRINCIPAL, s. m. principal, main thing, main business or point or chance; head mas

PRINCIPALEMENT, prin-sl-pal-men, adv. mincipally, chiefly, mainly, above all, particularly.

PRINCIPALITÉ, prin-sì-pà-sì-tà, s. f. Ex. Principalité de collége, place of a principal or head master of a college.

PRINCIPAUT É, prin-al-pô-ta, s. f. principal-

PRINCIPE, prin-sip, s. m. principle, first cause, maxim, undoubted truth, motive, first

rule or precept, element

PRINCIPION prin-sl-plon, s. m. petty prince. PRINTANIER, E, printa-nia, nier, adj.

spring, of or belonging to the spring.
PRINTEMPS, printless, s. m. spring, spring time

PRIORITÉ, pri-0-ri-th, s. f. priority.
PRIS, E, adj. (from Prendre) taken, etc.;
frozen up. Bien pris, well-shaped.
PRISE, priz, s. f. taking; hold; scuffle,
quarrel, bickering; (de méderne) dose; (de café) dish; (de tubac) pinch. Prise de corps, décret de prise de corps, warrant. Prise de possession, entering into or taking possession; Prise d'habit, ceremony performinduction. ed at one's taking of a monk's or nun's habit.

Etre en prise, to lie open or exposed, be in danger. Lâcher prise, to let go one's hold.

Donner prise, to give an advantage or opportunity, give a hold, expose one's self. Etre enx prises, to be engaged. En renir aux prises, to engage, fight, come to blows, fall to loggerheads. Prise, Mar. prize. Faire une prise, to make a prize or capture. Prendre possession d'une prise, to take possession of a prize. Mettre du monde à bord d'une prise, to put people on board a prize. Nous conduisons nos prises à Falmouth, we carry our prizes to Falmouth. Déclarer de bonne prise, to declare a prize. Rester en possession d'une prise, to remain in possession of a prize.

PRISÉE, pri-za, s. f. prizing, valuing, rating, appraising.
PRISÉE, pri-za, v. a. to prize or appraise, value, rate, set a price on ; value or esteem.

Priseur, pri-zeur, s. m. appraiser, auc-

tioneer. PRISMATIQUE, pris-må-tik, adj. prismatick.

PRISME, prism, s. m. prism.

Prison, pri-zon, s. f. gaol or jail, prison, custody, hold; imprisonment, confinement.

PRISONNIER, E, pri-zò-nia, nier, s.m. & f. prisoner.
PRITAINE, s. m. sort of magistrate at Ath-

PRIVABLE, adj. deprivable.
*PRIVANCE, s.f. intimacy (with great people.

PRIVATI-F, VE, pri-va-tif, tlv, adj. privative

PRIVATION, pri-va-sion, s. f. privation, want; privacy.

PRIVATIVEMENT, pri-va-tiv-men, adv. exclusively.

PRIVAUTE pri-vo-ta,s. f. privity, intimacy, familiarity, private commerce

PRIVE, E, pri-va, adj. deprived, bereft; privy; familiar, privy; tame.

PRIVÉ, s. m. privy, a house of office, necessary house.

PRIVÉMENT, pri-va-mên, adv. familiarly, intimately, freely.
PRIVER, pri-va, v. a. to deprive, bereave, rcb, withhold from. Se priver, v. r. to de-

prive one's self, abstain. PRIVILÉGE, pri-vi-lêz, s. m. privilege, prerogative, special grant, pre-eminence, li-

PRIVILEGIÉ, E, pri-vi-là-zh, adj. & s. privileged, privileged person.
PRIX,pri, s. m. price, rate; value, worth;

expense. De prix, dear, precious, of value. Hors de prix, qui n'a point de prix, extraor-dinary dear, invaluable, inestimable. A prix dinary dear, invaluance, incommended, in d'argent, by dint of money. Au prix de, in Prix pour prix, according to the value of things.

PROBABILITÉ, pro-ba-bi-li-ta, s. f. proba-

bility, likelihood.

PROBABLE, pro-babl, adj. probable, likely. PROBABLEMENT, pro-babl-men, adv. probably, likely.

*PROBAGE, s. m. layer of a vine.

PROBANTE, pro-bent, adj. f. En forme pro-bante, in an authentical form. Raison probante, convincing reason.

PROBATION, pro-ba-sion, s. f. probation, trial.

PROBATOIRE, adj. probatory.
PROBITÉ, pro-bi-tà, s. f. probity, honesty,

integrity, uprightness, goodness.
PROBLÉMATIQUE, prô-blà-mà-tîk, adj problematical.

Problématiquement, pro-bla-ma-tik men, adv. problematically.

PROBLÈME, pro-blèm, s. m. problem. PROBOSCIDE, s. f. proboscis.

PROCATHARTIQUE, adj. procathartick. PROCEDE, pro-sa-da. s. m. proceeding, procedure, dealing, carriage; quarrel, dis-

pute; (en chimie) proces PROCEDER, pro sa-da, v. n. to proceed, come, be derived, spring, rise; to proceed, act, deal, behave; (en justice) to proceed (in course of law.)

Procedure, pro-sa-dur, s. f. proceeding, course of pleading, process, practice or rules

Procis, pro-se, s. m. action, suit, law-suit, cause, process, case; quarrel; particulars of a case, papers, writings belonging to a law-suit. Proces verbal, verbal process. Faire le proces, to condemn, reject. Faire un proces à quelqu'un, to enter an action- against one, sue one at law. Fuire le procès à quelqu'un, to try or arraign one. Juger un procès en foreur de quelqu'un, to give judgment in one's behalf.

Processi-F,ve, pro-ae-sif, slv, adj. litigious

or quarrelsome.
PROCESSION, pro-se-sion, s. f. procession (in theology) proceeding.
PROCESSIONNAL, pro-se-sid-nal, s. m. pro-

cessional book.

Processionnellement, pro-se-sio-nelmen, adv. in a procession.

PROCHAIN, E, pro-shin, shen, adj. next nigh or near at hand.

PROCHAIR, s. m. neighbour; also fellow *Prochainement,pro-chen-men,adv.next bar, bat, base : thère, êbo, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PROCHE, prosh, adj. near, next; near at | hand; s. m. near kinsman, relation.

Proche de, tout proche de, prep. near, next hard by, close to. The observation on pres is applicable to proche.

PROCHE, adv. hard by, just by. De proche en proche, close, one after another.

PROCHEMISME, s. m. prochronism (dating of a fact too far back.)

1 ROCLAMATION, pro-kla-ma-slon, s. f. pro-

elamation, proclaiming.
PROSLAMER, pro-kla-ma, v. a. to proclaim,

publish. Proconsul, pro-kon-sal, s. m. proconsul. Proconsular, pro-kon-så-lå, s. m. pro-

consulship. PROCRÉATION, pro-kra-a-slon, s. f. procreation.

PROCRÉER, pro-kra-a, v. a. to procreate,

beget.
PROCURATEUR, prô-ků-rå-têur, s. m. procursior.

PROCURATION, pro-ku-ra-sion, s. f. letter

or power of attorney.
PROCURATRICE, pro-kû-râ-tris, s. f. proxy.
PROCURER, pro-kû-râ, v. a. to procure, get, help to, cause, draw or bring upon.

PROCUREUR, pro-ku-reur, s. m. attorney ;

Procureuse, pro-ka-reuz, s. m. attorney's wife.

PRODIGALEMENT, pro-dl-gål-men, adv. prodigally, profusely, lavishly, wastefully. PRODIGALITÉ, pro-dl-gå-ll-lå, s. f. prodigality, profuseness, lavishness, wastefulness. PRODIGE, pro-dlz, s. m. prodigy, prodigious or wondrous thing, wonderful piece of, wonderful person for. Un prodige de cruanté, a monetar of cruality.

a monster of cruelty.

PRODIGIEUSEMENT, pro-dl-zleuz-men, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully, extremely, vastly.

PRODIGIEU-x, SE, pro-dl-zleu, zleuz, adj. prodigious, wondrous, extreme, vast.
PRODICUE, pro-dig, adj. & s. prodigal,
profuse, lavish, wasteful, riotous; spendthrift.

PRODIGUER, pro-di-ga, v. a. to spend pro-digally, consume, lavish, be prodigal or lavish of, waste. Prodiguer sa rie, to expose or venture or hazard one's life.

PRODITOIREMENT, pro-di-twar-men, adv.

traitorously.

PRODUCTION, pro-dak-slon, s. f. production,

product, work; proof or evidence produced.

PRODUIRE, pro-dulr, v. a. (See the table at uire) to produce, yield, bring forth; to yield, be worth, to beget; to cause, occasion; to make, write, compose; to show; to introduce, make known; to prostitute, expose. Se pro-duire, to make one's self known, put one's self forward.

PRODUIT, E, adj. (from produire) produced, yielded, brought forth, etc.
FRODUIT, pro-ddi, s. m. product, produce.

RODUIT, pro-dûl, s. m. product, produce. *PROEME, s. m. proem.

PROÉMINENCE, s. f. prominency.

PROÉMINENT, adj. prominent. PROFANATEUR, pro-få-nå-teur, s. m. pro-

PROFANATION, pro-fa-na-sion, s. f. profanation.

PROFANE, pro-fan, adj. profane, irreligious, impious.

PROFANE, s. m. profane, ungodly or impious man.

PROFANER, pro-fa-na, v. a. to profane or abuse.

PROFÉRER, pro-få-rå, v. a. to utter, speak. PROFES, SE, pro-fe, fes, s. m. & f. a pro-

fessed monk or nun PROFESSER, pro-fe-sa, v. a. to profess, be professor of, teach, practise.
PROFESSEUR, pro-fe-seur, s. f. professor

a publick reader.

PROFESSION, pro-fe-sion, s. f. profession, calling; condition, trade, art, entering into any religious order, confession or acknowledgment. Faire profession d'une religion, to profess a religion.

PROFESSORAL, E, adj. belonging to a professor.

PROFESSORAT, s. m. professorship.
PEOFIL, pro-fil, s. m. profile, side (of a thing.)

l'ROFILER, pro-ff-là, v. n. to draw or paint in a profile.

PROFIT, pro-fi, s. m. profit, gain, benefit, emolument, advantage, interest; progress, advancement, proficiency, improver improvement.

PROFITABLE, pro-ff-tabl, adj. profitable, useful, beneficial, advantageous.

PROFITER, pro-ff-ta, v. n. to get, profit be profitable, reap advantage, take advantage improve, thrive, make some progress, get (by PROFORD, E. pro-fon, fond, adj. deep, not shallow, profound, high, great, deeply learned; low, abstruse, difficult.

PROFONDÉMENT, prô-fon-dà-mên, adv. deeply, deep, profoundly, very low.

PROFUSEMENT, pro-fin-deur, s. m. deepness, depth, profundity, height.
PROFUSEMENT, pro-fin-zā-mēn, adv. profusely, prodigally, lavishly.

Profusion, pro-fu-zion, s. f. profuseness, profusion, lavishness, prodigality, plenty, excessive plenty.

PROGNOSTIC, V. Pronostic.

PROGRAMME, pro-gram, s. m. bill set up to give publick notice of the exercise to be performed in the school or college.

PROGRESSI-F, VE, pro-gre-sif, slv, adj. progressive.

ROGRESSION, prò-grè-slon, s. f. progression.

PROGRESSIVEMENT, adv. progressively. PROHIBER, pro-1-ba, v.a. to prohibit, forbid

PROHIBITION, pro-1-bi-sion, s. f. prohibi-

PROIE, prwa, s. f. prey, booty. Etre en proie à, to be a prey to, be exposed to.
PROJECTILE, pro-zek-til, adj. & s.m. pro-

jectile. PROJECTION, pro-2ek-sloz, s. f. projection.

casting. Poudre de projection, projection powder.

PROJET, pro-2e, s. m. project, design, pur pose, intent; rough draught, scheme.

PROJETER, prôz-tå, v. a. to project, de sign, purpose or intend.

PROLATION, pro-là-sion, s. f. prolation

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PROLÉGONÈNES, pro-là-go-men, s. m. pl. |

PROLIFIED BY DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESS OF THE PROCESS OF THE PROLIFICUES, PROLIFICUES, PROLIFICUES, PROLIFICUES, PROLIFICATION, PROLIXEMENT, PRO-HKS-men, adv. tedious-

PROLIXITÉ, prò-lik-sl-tå, s. f. prolixity.

PROLOGUE, pro-log, s. m. prologue. PROLOGGATION, pro-lon-ga-sion, s. f. pro-

longing, lengthening, delay.
PROLONGEMENT, adv. extension, continuation

PROLONGER, pro-lon-zh, v. a. to prolong,

lengthen, spin or stretch out.

Prolonger, Mar. Prolonger un bâtiment, to lay a ship along side of another. Il faut prolonger notre bordée jusqu'à terre, we must stretch close in shore. La côte se prolonge dans le sud-est, the coast stretches to the south-east.

PROMENADE, prom-nad, s.f. walk, walking. PROMENER, prom-na, v. a. to walk, lead about. Promener sa vue sur plusieurs objets, to carry one's sight from one object to another. Promener son esprit sur, to run over in one's mind. Se promener, v. r. to walk, take a walk; to take an airing; (en voiture, à cheval) to ride; (sur l'eau) to go in a boat, etc. Envoyer promener quelqu'un, to send one a packing.
PROMENOIR, prom-nwar, s. m. walk, walk-

ing-place.
PROMESSE, pro-mes, s. f. promise; note of hand.

PROMETTEU-R, SE, pro-me-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. promiser; one that promises much and performs but little.

PROMETTRE, pro-motr, v. a. (like mettre) to promise, engage, give hopes, give reason to expect. Se prometre, v. r. to promise one's self, hope, expect, be resolved.

PROMINENCE, s. f. prominency.

PROMINENT, adj. prominent.

PROMINER, v. n. to rise above a thing. PROMIS, E, adj. (from Promettre) promised, ec.

PROMISSION, s. f. Ex. La terre de promission, the promised land.

PROMONTOIRE, pro-mon-twar, s. m. pro-montoy, cape, head and

PROMOTEUR, pro-mo-teur, s. m. promoter; proctor (in an ecclesiastical court;) overseer (of the schools.)

PROMOTION, pro-mo-slon, s. f. promotion, advancement.

*Promouvoir, pro-moo-vwar, v. a. (like

mouroir) to promote, raise, advance, prefer.
PROMPT. E, pron, pront, adj. quick, sudden, speedy, swift, ready, nimble, active, has-

ty, soon angry, passionate.
PROMPTEMENT, prost-men, adv. readily,

quickly, nimbly.

PROMPTITUDE, pron-ti-tod, s.f. readiness, quickness, speed, haste; hastiness; passion, fit of anger.

PROMPTUAIRE, s. m. abridgment (of the civil law.)

Promu, E, adj. promoted, etc. V. Promounoir.

PROMULGATION, pro-mul-ga-sion, s. f. promulgation.

PROMULGUER, pro-mail-ga, v. a. to promulgate, promulge.

*Pronation, pro-na-sion, s. f. pronation. PRONE, pron, s. m. a kind of homily or discourse made every Sunday by the priest &s the instruction of his parishioners : preaching. lecture, remonstrance.
*Proner, pro-na, v. n. to make a discourse.

preach.

Proner, v. a. to praise, cry up, preach up ;

to preach, hold forth.
PRÔNEU-R, SE, prò-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. great talker; also praiser.

PRONOM, pro-non, s. m. pronoun.
PRONOMINAL, E, pro-no-mi-nal, adj. pronominal.

PRONONCER, pro-non-sa,v.a. to pronounce, speak, deliver; to pass one's verdict or judgment, decide. Prononcer la sentence à criminel, to pass sentence upon or read the sentence to a criminal. Traits prononcls, striking features.

Prononciation, pro-non-sid-sion, s.f. pronunciation, pronouncing, speaking, delivery;

(d'une sentence) reading.
PRONOSTIC, prò-iòs-tik, s. in. prognostick,

presage, omen, conjecture.

*Pronostication, s. f. prognostication,

PRONOSTICATION, S. 1. Prognostication, prognosticale, Propagation of the prognosticale, presage, foretel, conjecture. Pronostiqueur, pro-nos-tl-keur, s. m. prognosticator, foreteller. Propagand, s. f. society for the propagation of the gospel.

PROPAGATEUR, pro-pà-gà-teur, s. m. pro

pagator.
PROPAGATION, prò-pà-gà-slon, s.f. propagation.

PROPAGER, (SE) v. r. to spread, extend itself, increase.

Propension, pro-pen-slon, s. f. propension,

propensity, inclination.
PROPHETE, prô-fêt, s. m. prophet.
Prophétesse, prô-fêt-dês, s. f. prophetess.
PROPHÉTE, prô-fê-dis, s. f. prophecy.
PROPHÉTIE, prô-fê-dis, adj. prophetek. PROPHETIQUEMENT, pro-fa-ilk-men,adv.

prophetically. Prophétiser, pro-få-d-zå, v. a. to prophesy.

PROPHYLACTIQUE, s. f. prophylactick. PROFICE, pro-pis, adj. propitious. Dieu me soit propice, so help me God.

PROPITIATION, pro-pl-sla-slon, s. f. propitiation, atonement.

PROPITIATOIRE, pro-pi-sia-twar, adj. & m. propitiatory.

PROPOLIS, s. f. wax (with which bees stop the cracks of their hives.)

PROPORTION, pro-por-sidn, s. f. proportion. Compas de proportion, sector. A proportion de, adv. proportionable, proportionably or according to.

PROPORTIONNALITA, s. f. proportionality. PROPORTIONNÉ, E, prò-pòr-siò-nà, adj. proportioned, proportionable, commensurate, fit, fitted.

PROPORTIONNÉMENT, adv. proportions-

bly, with or in proportion.
PROPORTIONNEL, LE, pro-por-sio-nel, ad.

proportional.
Proportionnellement, PROPORTIONNELLEMENT, pro-por-site nel-men, adv. proportionably, with or in proportion.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

PROPORTIONNER, prô-pôr-siô-nå, v. a. to [proportion, adjust, fit, proportionate.

proportion, adjust, fit, proportionate.

Propos, pro-po, s. m. discourse, words, talk; purpose, design, resolution; also proposel. A propose, fit, fitting, convenient, proper; to the purpose, opportunely, seasonably, in time, partly, a-propos; now I think of it (and similar expressions implying recollection.) A propose de bottes, without sense or reason. A propose de riem, without any relation to what propos de rien, without any relation to what went before, without any introduction, for nothing at all. A lost propos, ever and anon, of every turn. Hors de propos, mal à propos, unfit, improper, imperiment, unescasunable; and adverbially, improperly, unseasonably,

Proposed or offered or moved.
Proposed or offered or moved.
Proposed or offered or moved.
Proposed or offered or moved. fers ; also student in divinity so far a proficient as to make sermons.

Proposer, pro-po-za, v. a. to propose, propound, offer, set forth, move.

Proposer, v. n. to propose, to affer for examination or trial. Se proposer, v. r. to purnose, mean, intend, design.

Proposition, pro-pd-zl-slon, s. f. proposition; proposal; motion; (sermen de proposant) trial sermon. Proposition d'erreir, writ of errour. Pain deproposition, shew-bread.

or errour. Pain acproposition, snew-nead.
PROPRE, probp, adj. proper; peculiar, particular; fit, convenient; grod; apt; neat, decent, spruce, fine, genteel; very, very same, own. See propree paroles, his own words.
Le nom propre, the family name.

PROPRE, s. m. natural disposition, property, part; proper sense or signification; estate of inheritance, real estate. Posseder en propre, to be the rightful owner.

PROPREMENT, propr-men, adv. properly, proper, in a proper sense, in a clean manner, neatly, finely. A proprement parler, strictly speaking.

PROPRET, TE, pro-pre, pret, adj. neat,

Propreté, propr-ta, s. f. neatness, clean-

, cleanliness PROPRIÉTAIRE, pro-pri-à-ter, s. m. & f.

proprietor, proprietary, owner, possessor, landlord or landlady.
PROPRIETE, pro-pri-A-th, s. f. property, right, exclusive right, natural virtue or quali-

ty, essential quality; propriety.
PRORATA, (AU) de, o-pro-ra-ta-de, in propertion of, proportionably to.

PROROGER, pro-ro-gation, s.f. proro-gation, putting off, delay, PROROGER, pro-ro-za, v. a. to prolong, prorogate, put off, the parlement) to prorogue PROS, a. m. Mar. proa (boat peculiar to the

Ladrones or Marianne islands.)
PROSATQUE, pro-za-lk, adj. prosaick.

PROSATEUR, pro-za-teur, s. m. prose-wri-

ter, writer in prose.
PROSCRIPTION, pros-krip-sion, s. f. proeription, out-lawry

PRUSCRIRE, pros-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to proscribe, out-law, banish; (un mot) to ex-

PROSCRIT, E, pros-kri, krit, adj. proscribed, ort-lawed, banished; (mot proceed) word | model, original. out of use, obsolete expression

PROSCRIT, s. m oui-law

PROSE, proz, s. f. prose.

PROSELYTE, pro-zh-lh, s. m. & f. proselyte. new convert.

P ROSÉLYTISME, s. m. proselytism. PROSÉLYTISME, s. m. proselytism. PROSODIĘUE, pró-zô-dĺk, adj. of or belong-

ing to prosody.
PROSOPOPEE, pro-zô-pô-på, s. f. prosopo-

pœia.

PROSPECTUS, pros-pek-tus, s. m. plan or specimen of an intended publication.

PROSPÈRE, pros-per, adj. propitious, fa-

vourable, prosperous.
PROSPÍRER, pros-pa-ra, v. n. to prosper, thrive, be fortunate or successful. Faire pros-

prier, to Prosper.

PROSPÉRITÉ, pros-pà-ri-tà, s. f. prosperity, happiness, good luck, good forunc, good success. Sacrifice de prospérité, sacrifice of peace-offering.

PROSTERNATION, pros-ier-na-slon, s. f.

prostration.

PROSTERNÉ, E, adj. prostrate.

PROSTERNEMENT, pros-tern-men, s. m. prostration.

PROSTERNER, (SE) sê-prôs-têr-na, v. r. to prostrate one's self, to cast one's self at a person's feet.

PROSTITUÉ, z, pros-ti-tu-a, adj. prostituted exposed, devoted, addicted.

PROSTITUÉE, s. f. prostitute, whore, com-

mon strumpet. PROSTITUER, pros-ti-ta-a, v. a. to prostitute, expose, make prostitute of.

PROSTITUTION, pres-ti-tu-sion, s. f. life of

a prostitute, lewdness, prostitution.
PROSTRATION, s. f. prostration.
PROTARL, prodicts, s. f. protasis.
PROTE, prodicts, s. f. protasis.
PROTECTEUR, prodick-teur, s. m. protected of the press. tor, defender.

PROTECTION, pro-tek-slon, tion, desence, patronage. Le bâtiment chassé se retire sous la protection de ce fort, Mar. the chase gets under cover of that fort.

PROTÉE, pro-ték-tris,s.f. protectress.
PROTÉE, pro-tá, s. m. Proteus; also a kind
of reptile, animalcule and plant.

Protégé, E, pro-ta-za, adj. & s. protected, defended; countenanced, patronised, one who is protected, etc.

PROTEGER, pro-ta-za, v. a. to protect, defend, countenance, patronise. Nous decons protéger le débarquen ient des troupes, Mar. we are to cover the landing of the troops.

PROTEST, V. Protet

PROTESTANT, pro-tes-ten, tent, adj. & s. protestant.

PROTESTANTISME, pro-tes-ten-tism, s. m. protestant religion. PROTESTATION, pro-tes-ta-sion, s. f. pro-

testation, declaration; solemn promise or vow. PROTESTER, pro-ids-th, v. n. to protest, solemnly to promise, affirm, declare, vow or swear; (une lettre de change) to protest.

PROTET, pro-te, s. m. protest.
PROTOCOLE, pro-to-kol, s. m. protocol. PROTONOTAIRE, pro-to-uo-ter, s. m. pro-

thonotary. PROTOTYPE, pro-to-tip, s. m. prototype,

PROTUBÉRANCE, pro-td-ba-rens. s. f. protuberance

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : bran.

PROU, proo, adv. enough, sufficiently,

much, many.
PROUE, s. f. Mar. prow, beak; also head or Voir par proue, to see fore part of a ship. before one.

*PROUESSE, proo-es, s. f. prowess, valiant

or mighty act, exploit (in pleasantry.)
PROUVER, proo-va, v. a. to prove, make good, make out, evisce.

PROVENANT, E, prove-di-teur, s. m. prove-ditor (a magistrate of Venice.) PROVENANT, E, prov-nen, nent, adj. pro-

ecoding, issuing out, coming, accruing. PROVENÇAL, E, adj. & s. of or belonging to

Provence.

*PROVENDE, s. f. provender, provisions.
PROVENDE, prov-nir, v. n. (like venir) to come, proceed, issue, accrue.

PROVENU, E, prov-nů, nů, adj. come or proceeded.

PROVENU, s. m. profit, produce. Net provems, neat proceeds.

PROVERBE, pro-verb, s. m. proverb, saying, common saying.
PROVERBIAL, 2, pro-ver-bild, adj. pro-

verbial.

pro-ver-bial-men, PROVERBIALEMENT,

adv. proverbially, by way of proverb.

PROVIDENCE, pro-vi-dems.f. providence.
PROVIGNÉ, E, adj. propagated, laid down er set for increase.

PROVIGNER, pro-vi-gna, (la vigne) v. a. to propagate the vine, lay a vine-stock in the ground that others may come from it.

Provigner, v. n. to breed, increase, multiply. Provin, pro-vin, s. m. layer of a vine; new vine-sprig.

PROVINCE, pro-vins, s. f. province; county, shire; the country. Gens de province, coun-

try-people. Terme de province, provincial or country word.

PROVINCIAL, E, pro-vin-sial, adj. provincial, of or belonging to a province; country-like.
PROVINCIAL, s. m. a provincial. Provincial, e, s. m. & f. one born and bred in the country, country-man or woman

PROVINCIALAT, pro-vin-sia-là, s. m. pro-

vincial's dignity, provincialship.
PROVISEUR, pro-vi-zeur, s. m. provisor or master of a college.

PROVISION, pro-vi-zlon, s.f. provision, stock; grant or patent, nomination, presentation. Provision atimentaire, provision for one's mainte-nance, estover. Provisions de guerre et de bouche, stores, provisions and warlike stores.

PROVISIONNEL, LE, pro-vi-zio-nel, adi. provisional.

PROVISIONNELLEMENT, prô-vi-ziô-něimen, adv. provisionally, by provision.

PROVISOIRE & PROVISOIREMENT, pro-yl-zwar, pro-vl-zwar-men. V. Provisionnel, Provisionnellement.

PROVOCATION, pro-vo-ka-slon, s. f. provo-

Provoquer, pro-vo-ka, v. n. to provoke,

urge, challenge, stir up, cause.
PROXENETE, s. m. broker (in a bad sense.) PROXIMITÉ, prok-si-mi-ta, s. f. proximity,

nearness; kindred. PRUDE, prud, adj. & s. discreet, wise, sober, staid; precise man or woman.

PRUDEMMENT, prå-då-men, adv. prudent ly, wisely, discreetly, advisedly.

PRUDENCE, prů-dess, s. f. prudence, wisdom, discretion, advisedne

PRUDENT, E, prů-dên, dênt, adj. prudent wise, discret, advised.

PRUDERIE, průd-ri, s. f. prudery, precise ness, affected virtue, reserve, shyness.

"PRUD'HOMME, prů-dôm, s. m. (law term)

viewer, skilful person.

*PRUD'HOMMES, s. m. pl. Mar. men chosen from the oldest and most reputable fishermen (in a French sea-port) to have an authority over the rest, and to keep good order among them.

"Prud'Hommin, pru-do-mi,s.f. probity, honesty, prudent carriage or behaviour.

PRUNE, prun, s. f. plum. Ce ne sont pas là des prunes, those are no triffing things. PRUNEAU, prù-no, s. m. prune.

PRUNELAIE, prûn-lè, s. f. field planted with plum-trees.

PRUNELLE, prit-nel, s. f. sloe, bufface, wild plum; (de l'œil) apple, ball or sight. Jouer de la prunelle, to cast sheep's eyes, leer

or ogle. Prunellier, prů-nê-lià, s. m. sloe or bul lace-tree.

PRUNIER, prů-ník, s. m. plum-tree

PRUNIT, prū-rī, s. m., pum-ree.
PRUNIT, prū-rī, s. f. inch or itching.
PRYTANĒE, s. m. council-house at Athens.
PSALMISTE, psāl-mīst, s. m. psalmist.
PSALMODIE, psāl-mō-dī, s. f. psalmody.
PSALMODIER, psāl-mō-dīa, v. n. to sing

psalms.

PSALTÉRION, psål-tå-rlon, s. m. psakery.

PSAUME, s. m. psalm.
PSAUTIER, pso-tia, s. m. psalter.

PSEUDONYME, pseudonim, adj. pseudonymous.

Psora, s.m. itch. PSORIQUE, adj. having the nature of the itch.
PSORIQUE, psi-kô-lô-zl, s. f. psychology.

PTARMIQUE, adj. that causes sneezing. PTISANE, V. Tisane.

PTYALAGOGUE, adj. & s. m. ptysmagogue PTYALISME, s. m. ptyalism. PUAMMENT, pd-a-men, adv. stinkingly, in

a stinking manner. Mentir puamment, to tell

a great or an impudent or a rousing lie.

PUANT, E., puen, ent, adj. & s. stinking, strong; stinking man or woman. Deventry punt, to begin to stink.

PUANTEUR, på-en-teur, s f. stink or stench. ill or strong smell.

PUBÈRE, på-ber, adj. of age for marriage, pubescent.

PUBERTÉ, på-bër-tå, s. f. puberty.
PUBLI-c, Que, på-blik, adj. publick or
common; publick, publickly known.
PUBLIC, s. m. publick. En public, in pub-

lick, publickly.

PUBLICAIN, på-bil-kin, s. m. publican. PUBLICATION, på-bil-kå-sion, s. f. publication.

PUBLICISTE, pu-bil-sist, s. m. one who writes or makes lectures on the common law. PUBLICITÉ, pů-blî-sî-ta, s. f. (d'un crime)

publickness, notoriousness or notoriety

publickness, notoriousness or notorious.
Publikr, på-blå, v. a. to publish, make
publick, make known, divulge, noise abroad.
Publicky, in publick, openly, before all the world.
Puce, pås, s. f. a flea. Herbe aux puces,

flea-bane, flea-wort.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

Proportionner, pro-por-sio-na, v. a. to proportion, adjust, fit, proportionate.
Propos, pro-po, s. m. discourse, words, talk; purpose, design, resolution; also proposal. A propos, fit, fitting, convenient, proper; to the purpose, opportunely, seasonably, in time, partly, a-propos; now I think of it (and similar expressions implying recollection.) A gropos de battes, without sense or reason. A propos de rien, without any relation to what went before, without any introduction, for nothing at all. A tout propos, ever and anon, every turn. Hors de propos, mal à propos, unfit, improper, impertinent, unseasonable; and adverbially, improperly, unseasonably, preposterously, without a cause.
PROPOSABLE, pro-po-zabl, adj. that may be proposed or offered or moved.

PROPOSANT, pro-po-zen, s. m. one that of-

fers; also student in divinity so far a proficient as to make sermons

PROPOSER, pro-po-za, v. a. to propose,

propound, offer, set forth, move.

Proposer, v. n. to propose, to affer for examination or trial. Se proposer, v. r. to purpose, mean, intend, design.

Proposition, pro-pd-zl-slon, s. f. propo-

aition; proposal; motion; (sermen de proposant) trial-sermon. Proposition d'erreur, writ of errour. Pain deproposition, shew-bread.

PROPRE, propr, adj. proper; peculiar, par-ticular; fit, convenient; good; apt; neat, decent, spruce, fine, genteel; very, very same, own. Ses propres paroles, his own words. Le nom propre, the family name. PROPRE, s. m. natural disposition, proper-

ty, part; proper sense or signification; estate of inheritance, real estate. Posseder en

propre, to be the rightful owner.
PROPREMENT, propr-men, adv. properly, proper, in a proper sense, in a clean manner neatly, finely. A proprement parler, strictly speaking.

PROPRET, TE, pro-pre, pret, adj. neat,

spruce.

PROPRETÉ, propr-ta, s. f. neatness, cleanes, cleanliness

PROPRIÉTAIRS, prò-prì-à-tèr, s. m. & f. proprietor, proprietary, owner, possessor, landlord or landlady.
PROPRIÉTÉ, prò-prì-à-tà, s. f. property, right, exclusive right, natural virtue or quali-

ty, essential quality; propriety.
PRORATA, (AU) de, o-pro-ra-ta-de, in propertion of, proportionably to.

PROROGATION, pro-ro-gasion, s. f. proro-gation, putting off, delay.
PROROGER, pro-ro-za, v. a. to prolong, prorogate, put off, (le parlement) to prorogue PROS, s. m. Mar. proa (boat peculiar to the Ladrones or Marianne islands.

PROSATQUE, pro-za-ik, adj. prosaick. PROSATEUR, pro-zh-teur, s. m. prose-wri-

ter, writer in prose.

PROSCRIPTION, pros-kr/p-sion, s. f. pro-

ecription, out-lawry.

PRUSCRIRE, pros-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to
proscribe, out-law, banish; (un mot) to ex-

PROSCRIT, E, pros-kri, krit, adj. proscrib-ed, ort-lawed, banished; (mot proscrit) word sui of use, obsolete expression

PROSCRIT.s. m out-law

PROSE, proz, s. f. prose. PROSELYTE, pro-za-lit, s. m. & f. proselyte, new convert.

PROSELYTISME, s. m. proselytism. PROSODIE, pro-zo-dl, s. f. prosody

PROSODIQUE, pro-zo-dlk, adj. of or belong-

ing to prosody.
Prosoporés, prô-zô-pô-på, s. f. prosopopœia.

PROSPECTUS, pros-pek-tus, s. m. plan or specimen of an intended publication.

PROSPÈRE, pros-per, adj. propitious, fa-

vourable, prosperous.
PROSPÉRER, pros-pa-ra, v. n. to prosper, thrive, be fortunate or successful. Faire pros-

pérer, to prosper.
PROSPÉRITÉ, pros-pa-ri-ta, s. f. prosperity, happiness, good luck, good fortune, good success. Sucrifice de prospérité, sacrifice of peace-offering.

PROSTERNATION, proster-na-sloz, s. f.

prostration.

PROSTERNÉ, E, adj. prostrate.

PROSTERNEMENT, prostern-men, s. m. prostration.

PROSTERNER, (SE) se-pros-ter-na, v. r. to prostrate one's self, to cast one's self at a person's feet

PROSTITUÉ, E, pros-ti-tu-a, adj. prostituted exposed, devoted, addicted.

PROSTITULE, s. f. prostitute, whore, com-

mon strumpet. PROSTITUER, pros-ti-ta-a, v. a. to prosti-

tute, expose, make prostitute of.
PROSTITUTION, prostitute of., s. f. life of a prostitute, lewdness, prostitution. Prostration, s. f. prostration.

PROTASE, pro-taz, s. f. protasis.
PROTE, prot, s. m. corrector of the press. PROTECTEUR, pro-tek-teur, s. m. protector, defender.

PROTECTION, pro-tek-slon, s. f. protection, defence, patronage. Le bâtiment chassé se retire sous la protection de ce fort, Mar. the chase gets under cover of that fort.

PROTECTRICE, pro-tek-tris,s.f. protectress. PROTÉE, pro-ta, s. m. Proteus; also a kind

of reptile, animalcule and plant.

PROTÉGÉ, E, pro-ta-za, adj. & s. protected, defended; countenanced, patronised, one who is protected, etc.

PROTÉGER, pro-ta-za, v. a. to protect, de-fend, countenance, patronise. Nous devons protéger le débarquement des troupes, Mar. we are to cover the landing of the troops.

PROTEST, V. Protei

PROTESTANT, pro-tes-ten, tent, adj. & s. protestant.

PROTESTANTISME, pro-tes-ten-tism, s. m.

protestant religion.

PROTESTATION, pro-tes-ta-sion, s. f. pro-testation, declaration; solemn promise or vow.

PROTESTER, pro-ids-ta, v. n. to protest, so-lemnly to promise, affirm, declare, vow ar swear; (une lettre de change) to protest.

PROTET, pro-tè, s. m. protest.
PROTOCOLE, pro-tô-kôl, s. m. protocol.
PROTONOTAIRE, pro-tô-nô-tèr, s. m. pro-

thonotary.

PROTOTYPE, pro-to-tip, s. m. prototype, model, original.

PROTUBÉRANCE, pro-tu-ba-rens. s. s. s. protuberance

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênflut, cênt, liên : vin : mon : bran.

PROU, proo, adv. enough, sufficiently,

PROUK, s. f. Mar. prow, beak; also head or come nart of a ship. Voir par prose, to see before one.

*Prouesse, proo-es, s. f. prowess, valiant

er mighty act, exploit (in pleasantry.)
PROUVER, proo-va, v. a. to prove, make good, make out, evince.

PROVEDITEUR, pro-va-di-teur, s. m. prove-

ditor (a magistrate of Venice.)
PROVENANT, E, provenen, nent, adj. pro-

eceding, issuing out, coming, accruing PROVENÇAL, E, adj. & s. of or belonging to

Provence. *PROVENDE, s. f. provender, provisions. PROVENIR, proventr, v. n. (like venir) to come, proceed, issue, accrue.

PROVENU, E, prov-na, na, adj. come or pro-

ceeded. PROVERU, s. m. profit, produce. Net prove-

me, neat proceeds. PROVERBE, pro-verb, s. m. proverb, say-

ing, common saying.
PROVERBIAL, 2, pro-ver-bild, adj. pro-

verbial. PROVERBIALEMENT, pro-ver-bial-men,

adv. proverbially, by way of proverb.
PROVIDENCE, pro-vi-dems.f. providence.
PROVIGNÉ, E, adj. propagated, laid down

er set for increase.

PROVIGNER, pro-vi-gna, (la vigne) v. a. to propagate the vine, lay a vine-stock in the ground that others may come from it.

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PROVISIONNEL, LE, prô-vi-ziô-nel, adj. provisional.

PROVISIONNELLEMENT, prů-vi-ziô-něimen, adv. provisionally, by provision.

PROVISOIRE & PROVISOIREMENT vi-zwar, pro-vi-zwar-men. V. Provisionnel, Provisionnellement.

PROVOCATION, pro-vo-ka-sion, s. f. provoeation.

PROVOQUER, pro-vo-ka, v. n. to provoke,

urge, challenge, stir up, cause.
PROXENETE, s.m. broker (in a bad sense.) PROXIMITÉ, prok-si-mi-ta, s. f. proximity, nearness; kindred.

PRUDE, průd, adj. & s. discreet, wise, so-

ber, staid; precise man or woman. Рипреммент. prd-da-men, adv. prudent ly, wisely, discreetly, advisedly.

PRUDENCE, prů-dens, s. f. prudence, wisdom, discretion, advisedne

DRUDENT, E. prd.-clen, dent, adj. prudent wise, discreet, advised.
PRUDENIE, prdd-rl, s. f. prudery, precise ness, affected virtue, reserve, shyness.
*PRUD'HOMME, prd-dôm, s. m. (law term)

viewer, skilful person.

*PRUD'HOMMES, s. m. pl. Mar. men chosen from the oldest and most reputable fishermen (in a French sea-port) to have an authority over the rest, and to keep good order among them.

"PRUD'HOMMIE, prů-dô-mi,s. f. probity, honesty, prudent carriage or behaviour. PRUNE, prun, s. f. plum. Ce ne sont pas

là des prunes, those are no triffing things.

PRUNEAU, prd-nd, s. m. prune.
PRUNEAU, prd-nd, s. f. field planted with plum-trees.

PRUNELLE, prd-nell, s. f. sloe, bufface, wild plum; (de l'ocil) apple, ball or sight.

Jouer de la prunelle, to cast sheep's eyes, leer

PRUNELLIER, prů-nê-lià, s. m. sloe or bul lace-tree.

PRUNIER, prů-nía, s. m. plum-tree.

PRURIT, pru-rl, s. f. itch or itching. PRYTANEE, s. m. council-house at Athens. PSALMISTE, psål-måst, s. m. psalmist.
PSALMISTE, psål-må-dl, s. f. psalmody.
PSALMODIER, psål-må-dlå, v. n. to sing

psalms.

PSALTÉRION, psål-tå-rlon, s. m. psakery.

PSAUME, s. m. psalm. PSAUTIER, pso-th, s. m. psalter.

PSEUDONYME, pseu-do-nim, adj. pseudonymous.

PSORA, s. m. itch. PSORIQUE, adj. having the nature of the itch. PSTCOLOGIE, psi-kô-lô-zl, s. f. psychology. PTARMIQUE, adj. that causes sneezing. PTISANE, V. Tisane.

PTYALAGOGUE, adj. & s. m. ptysmagogue

PTYALISME, s. m. ptyalism. PUAMMENT, på-a-men, adv. stinkingly, in a stinking manner. Mentir puamment, to tell

TOANT, E., pû-ên, ênt, adj. & s. stinking, strong; stinking man or woman. Deventry punt, to begin to stink.

PUANTEUR, på-en-teur, s f. stink or stench. ill or strong sm

PUBÈRE, på-ber, adj. of age for marriage, pubescent.

PUBERTÉ, pů-běr-th, s. f. puberty.
PUBLI-c, QUE, pů-bířk, adj. publick or
common; publick, publickly known.
PUBLIC, s. m. publick. En public, in pub-

lick, publickly. PUBLICAIN, på-bil-kin, s. m. publican. PUBLICATION, på-bil-kå-slon, s. s. publi-

cation. PUBLICISTE, pu-bif-sist, s. m. one who writes or makes lectures on the common law.

Publicité, på-bli-si-ta, s. f. (d'un crime)

PUBLICITE, pu-bil-as, s. i. (an crame) publickness, notoriousness or notorioty.

PUBLIER, på-bil-å, v. a. to publish, make publick, make known, divulge, noise abroad.

PUBLIQUEMENT, på-bilk-mån, adv. publickly. in publick, openly, before all the world.

Puce, pås, s. f. a flea. Herbe aux puces,

flea-bane, flea-wort.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, ghod.

PUCEAU, po-eo, s. m. man that retains his

PUCELAGE, pos-laz, s. m. maiden-head, virginity.

UCELLE, på-sel, s. f. maid, virgin.

PUCERON, pås-ron, s. m. vine-fretter. PUDEUR, på-deur, s. f. pudicity, chastity, odesty, virtue, honesty, bashfulness, shame cedae

Pudibond, E, på-dl-bon, bond, adj. bashful, modest.

Publicita, pu-dl-d-th, s. f. pudicity, chastity, modesty, virtue, honesty.

Punique, pû-dîk, adi, chaste, modest, bo-

Pudiquenent, på-dik-men, adv. chaste-

ly, modestly, honestly.
Puzz, pd-a, v. n. to stink, to smell strong. This verb has no preterit, and its singular in the present indicative was je pus, tu pus, il pud, but is now je pue, tu pues, il pue. It is considered an indelicate word, and Sentir mauvais is used in its stead.

Pufril, I, på-å-ril, adj. puerile.

Purrient, på å-ril-men, adv. child-

ishly, like a child.
PUERILITE, pd-4-rl-11-th, s. f. puerility, childish trick.

Pugilat, pd-zl-la, s. m. boxing. Pugila, s. m. pugil, a pinch (of any thing.)

Puing, s., pdl-na, adj. & s. younger. Puis, pdl, adv. then, after that, afterwards. Puisand, pdl-zar, s. m. waste well, drain-

ing well.
Pulser, půl-zå, v. a. & n. to draw up. Consult the original authors.
Puisat, V. Puint.
Puicque, pdisk, conj. seeing, since, seeing that, since that.

Puissamment, pål-så-men, adv. with main force, powerfully, mightily, extremely, very much.

Puissance, poli-sens, s. f. power, authority, might, dominion, empire, away, state or sovereign state, virtue, faculty, natural quality. Puissance du glaire, power of life and death.

Puissance des clefs, power to remit sins.
Puissant, E, pul-sen, sent, adj. powerful, mighty, puissant, potent; strong, stout,

PULTULER, půl-lå-lå, v. n. to pullulate, in-

crease, multiply. PULMONAIRE, půl-mô-nèr, adj. pulmonar

PULMONAIRE, s. f. lung wort, lady's wild wort.

PULMONIE, pål-mo-ni, s. f. consumption. PULMONIQUE, půl-mô-ník, adj. & s. consumptive, consumptive person.
PULPE, pullp, s. f. pulp.
PULSATION, pull-sä-slon, s. f. pulsation or

beating of the pulse.

PULVÉRISATION, s. f. pulverization.
PULVÉRISER, půl-và-rl-zk, v. a. to pulverize, reduce to or beat into powder.

Pumicin, s. m. palm-oil. Punais, E, på-ne, nez, adj. & s. that has a stinking nose.

PUNAISE, s. f. bed-bug.

Punique, adj. punick, false.

PUNIR, pa-nir, v. a. to punish, bring to punishment, inflict a punishment.

PUNISSABLE, på-nl-såbl, adj. punishable.
PUNITION, på-nl-slon, s. f. punishment.
PUPILLAIRE, på-pll-lå-rl-tå, s.f. pupillary.
PUPILLARIE, på-pll-lå-rl-tå, s.f. pupilage.
PUPILLE, på-pll, s. m. & f. pupil, ward,
orphan under age, scholar; s. f. eyeball, pupil, or apple of the eye

PUPITRE, pů-plu, s. m. desk.
Pun, z., půr, pur, adj. pure, unmixed,
without mixture, clear, downright, entire, whole, honest, innocent, upright, clean, neat, fair, unspotted. En pure perte, in vain, to no purpose. A pur et à plein, to all intents and purposes, entirely.

FURÍE, pů-ra, s. f. pease-soup or pease-

porridge.

PUREMENT, par-men, adv. uprightly, honestly, innocently; purely, neatly, exactly; wholly, fully, entirely; merely, clearly.

PURETÉ, par-ia, s. f. pureness, clearness, uprightness, neatness, exactness, purity, integrity, honesty, innocence; chastity, modes-

Purgati-F, vz., por-gå-tif, tiv, adj. purgative, purging.

PURGATIF, s. m. purge, purging medicine. PURGATION, purge, slos, s. f. purge, purg-

ing medicine.

PURGATOIRE,purga-twar,s.m. purgatory. PURGER, pur-za, v. a. to purge, clear, cleanse, refine. Se purger, v. r. to take a purge, take physics; clear one's self from the imputation of. Purger la côte, to scour the

PURIFICATION, pd-rl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. purification.

PURIFICATOIRE, på-ri-fi-ka-twar, s. m. purificatory. PURIFIER, pu-ri-fi-a, v. a. to purify, cleanse, purge, clear. Se purifier, v. r. to purify one's self, be purified or cleaneed or cleared.

PURIM, s. m. (Jewish festival) purim. PURISME, pů-rism, s. m. the being over nice

in point of language.

Puriste, purist, s. m. purist.

Puritain, puritin, s. m. puritan, presbyterian.

PURITANISME, s. m. puritanism, the notions of a puritan.

PURPURIN, E, par-pa-rin, rin, adj. purplish.

PURULENCE, s. f. purulency.

Purulent, z, på rå-lès, lèst, adj. purulent.

Pus, på, s. m. matter, corruption. Pusillanime, på-zil-lå-nim, adj. pusillanimous, faint-hearted, cowardly

Pusillanimité, pû-zîl-lâ-nî-mî-tâ, s. f. pusillanimity, faint-beartedness, cowardice. PUSTULE, pas-tal, s. f. blister, wheal, pim-

PUTAIN, s. f. whore, wench, harlot, prostitute, strumpet, doxy.

PUTANISME, s. m. whoring, wenching, whoredom.

PUTASSERIE, s. f. whoredom.

PUTASSIER, s. m. whoremaster, wencher, fornicator.

PUTATI-F, VE, på-tå-tif, tlv, adj. reputed, supposed. Ex. Un père putatif, a reputed or supposed father.
l'UTOIS, pd-twa, s. m. pole cat.

Putréfaction, på-trå-fak-slon, s. f. pu trefaction, rottenness, corruption.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

PUTRÉFAIT, E, pů-trå-fê, fêt, adj. putrefied, rotten, corrupt, stinking.

PUTRÉFIER, pû-trà-fià, v. n. to putrefy, rot, corrupt. Se putréfier, v. r. to putrefy, corrupt, rot, grow rotten.

Coriup, ro., grow rouen.
PUTRIDE, pde-trid, adj. putrid.
PTGMEE, plg-må, s. m. pigmy, dwarf.
PTLORE, pl-lör, s. m. pylorus.
PTRAMIDAL, E. pl-rå-ml-dål, adj. pyramidal, pyramidical.

PYRAMIDE, pl-ra-mid, s. f. pyramid, heap, funeral pile.

Pyrénées, (LES) s. f. pl. or les monts Pyénées, s. m. pl. the Pyrenees, the Pyrenean

PYRITE, pl-rlt, s. f. pyrites.

Pyroboliste, s. m. fire worker.

Pyromancie,pl-rd-man-sl,s.f. pyromancy.

Pyrophores, s. m. pyrophorus.
Pyrotechnie, pi-ro-tek-ni, s. f. pyro-

techny. Pyrotechnique, pl-ro-tek-nik, adj. pyrotechnical.

Pyrotique, adj. & s. m. pirotick, caus-

tick. Pyrrhique, s. f. sort of military dance. Pyrrhonien, ne, pl-rd-nien, nien, adj.

& s. pyrrhonian, sceptick.

PYRRHORISME, pl-ro-nism, s. m. pyrrhonism, scepticism

PYTHON, pl-ton, s. m. Python, familiar and prophesying spirit or one possessed there-

PYTHONISSE, pl-to-nls, s. f. pythoness, sorceress, witch, prophetess.

Q.

Q, ku, s. m. 17th letter of the French alphabet.

QUADERNES, s. m. two fours.

QUADRAGENAIRE, kwa-dra-za-ner, adj. forty years old.

QUADRAGESIMAL, E, kwa-dra-za-zl-mal adj. quadragesimal, of or belonging to Lent. QUADRAGESIME, kwā-drā-zā-zīm, s. f. quadragesima, the first Sunday in Lent.

QUADRAIN, V. Quatrain.

QUADRANGLE, kwil-dresgl, s. m. quad-

rangle. Quadrangulaire, kwâ-drên-gû-lêr, adj.

quadrangular. quadrangular.
QUADRAT, kå-drå, s. m. (in printing)
quadrat; (in astrology) quartile.
QUADRATURE, kwå-drå-tur, s. f. quadra-

ture.

QUADRIPOLIUM, s. m. sort of four-leaved

QUADRIGE, s. m. two wheeled car drawn

hy four horses, a sort of bandage.
QUADRILATERE, kwå-dri-lå-ter, s. m.

quadrilateral figure QUADRILLE, kh-drll, s. m. troop of horse for a carousal or tournament; four-handed game at cards.

QUADRUPEDE, kwå-drå-ped, s. m. quadruped or four-footed beast.

ped or four-footed beast.
QUADRUPLE, kwå-drůpl, s. m. quadruple,
four-fold, double Spenish pistole.
QUADRUPLER, kwå-drů-plå, v. a. & n. to
quadruplicate, be increased four fold.
QUAI, kč, s. m. quay, key, wharf.
QUAI (HE, kčsh, s. f. Mar. ketch.

QUAKER or QUACRE, kwåkr, s. m. quaker. Quaqueresse, kwå-krës, s. f. quaker-woman. QUAKERISME, kwå-kå-rism, s. m. quaker-

ism, the sect and doctrine of the quakers. QUALIFICATEUR, kå-ll-fl-kå-icur, s. qualificator; an officer of the Inquisition.

QUALIFICATION, ka-Il-fl-ka-slon, s. f.

name, character. QUALIFIER, kå-ll-fl-å, v. a. to qualify, call, give the character of, describe; give a title, entitle. Se qualifier gentilhomme, to call or entitle one's self a gentleman, take upon one's self or assume the quality of gentleman.

QUALITÉ, ka-fl-ta, s. f. quality, condition,

property, nature, title, noble birth.

QUAND, kan, adv. when. Quand or quand même, though, although. Jusques à quand? how long? Quand et quand, at the same time with, together with.

QUANQUAN, kan-kan, s. m. Ex. Faire un grand quanquan pour peu de chose, to make a great noise about a trifle.

QUANT d, kan-ta, prep. as to, as for, con-

cerning, touching.

*QUANTES, kant, adj. f. pl. Ex. Toutes fois et quantes que vous voudrez, whenever and

GUANTIER, kar-d-ta, s. f. quantity, bigness, QUANTIER, kar-d-ta, s. f. quantity, bigness,

extent; a great quantity, abundance, a world.
QUARANTAINE, ka-ren-ten, s. f. forty. Une quarantaine de, forty or about forty.

Quarantaine, Mar. quarantine. Faire quaran taine, to perform quarantine. Prendre quarantaine, to commence quarantine. Mettre un bâtiment en quarantaine, to put a vessel under quarantine.

QUARANTE, kå-rent, adj. forty.

QUARANTENIER, s. m. Mar. rattling, stuff for rattling.

QUARANTIE, s. f. (court of judicature at Venice) quaranty.

QUARANTIÈME, kå-rên-tlèm, adj. fortieth.

QUARRÉ, etc. V. Carré, etc. QUART, kar, s. m. quarter or fourth part. Le tiers et le quart, every body. Quart de rond, moulding. Quart de rang, quarter rank. Quart de cercle, quadrant. Quart de vent or quart de rumb, quarter wind or point of the compass. Quart, Mar. watch; also point (of the compass.) Faire bon quart, to Bon quart, keep a good watch, look well out. keep a good waten, look well out. Don quan, all's well. Fais bon quart de l'arant, look well out ahead there. Nous arons gagné de

trois quarts, we have come up three points.

QUART, E, adj. fourth. Le quart denier, the fourth penny. La sièvre quarte, a quartan ague.
QUARTAINE, adj. Ex. *Vos sièvres quar-

taines, pox take you.

QUARTANIER,s.m. wild boar four years old QUARTATION, s. f. quartation, a chymical operation (\(\frac{1}{4} \) of gold with \(\frac{3}{4} \) of silver.)

QUARTAUT, kar-to, s. m. fourth part of a

hogshead.
QUARTE, kart, s. f. quart; (in musich)
fourth; (at piquet) quart or fourth. V. Quart,

edj. QUARTERTIR, V. Quartizier. QUARTERON, kart-ron, s. m. quarter of s

QUARTERON, NE, S. m. & f. same given to the offspring of a mulatto and a white.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

QUARTIER, kår-tå, s. m. quarter, fourth part; (de soulier) quarter piece; (d'une ville, et.) part; ward, neighbourhood, quarter; quarter's rent; quarterage; quarter-allow-ance, quarter-salary or wages; descent; querters. Faire quartier, to spare, give quarter. Quartier d'assemblée, rendezvous. Quartiers (d'une province, etc.) parts, country, coast, etc. Par quartier, by the quarter, quarterly. A quartier, out of the way, aside. Faire or donner quartier, to spare, give quar-ter. Demander quartier, to beg quarter.

ter. Demanaer quarter, to beg quarter. Quartier mattre, quarter-master.
Quartier, Mar. Ex. quartier anglois, quadrant. Quartier spherical quadrant (used by the French pilots in working

their day's work.)
QUARTILE, adj. quartile.
QUARTISIER, kar-ti-nia, s. m. alderman of a ward.

QUARTO, (IN) in-kwar-to, s. m. a quarto, a book in quarto (having four leaves to a sheet.)
Quast, kh-zl, adv. almost, in a manner,
even; s. m. piece of a fillet of veal.
Quastmono, s. f. Low Sunday.

QUATERNAIRE, adj. quaternary. *QUATORZAINE, s. f. space of fourteen

Quatorze, kā-törz, adj. fourteen; (in dates and surnames) fourteenth.

QUATORZE, s. m. quatorze or fourteen

(at piquet.)
(LUATORZIÈNE, kå-tor-zièm, adj. & s. fourteenth; a fourteenth.

QUATRAIN, ka-trin, s. m. quatrain; also farthing.

QUATRE, kåtr, adj. four. Il se met en quatre pour ses amis, he will do any thing to serve his friends. Henri Quatre, Henry Fourth.

QUATRE, s. m. four; (aux dés) cater. Le quatre du mois, fourth of the month.

QUATRE-VINGT, or QUATRE-VINGTS, adj.

fourscore, eighty.

QUATRE-VINGTIÈME, adj. eightieth. QUATRIÈME, ka-tri-em, adj. fourth. QUATRIEME, s. m. fourth or fourth part. It loge du quatrième, in the fourth story.

Quatrième, s. f. (au piquet) fourth. QUATRIÈMEMENT, ka-trl-em-men, adv.

fourthly, in the fourth place.

QUATRIENNAL, E, kå-tri-en-nål, adj. eve-

ry fourth year, quadrennial.
QUAYAGE, ke-yaz, s. m. wharfage. QUAYAGE, kê-yûz, s. m. wharlage.

QUE, kê, (accusative singular & phural of
Qui) that, which, whom; what; (used as a
conjunction) that; (for jusques à ce que) till;
(after aussi, autant, si, tant) as; fafter plus,
moins, moindre, mieux, meilleur, pis, pire)
than; (after le plus, le moins, le moindre, etc.)
that; (preceded by ne) but, only; nothing
but; (followed by ne, it has the sense of the
following adverbe, viz.) but; (lorsque) when;
lafts me) that in order that to the end that (afin que) that, in order that, to the end that: (depuis que) since ; (comme) as ; (si) if ; (pourquoi why; (de peur que, de crainte que) lest, for sea; (marking the third persons of the imperative) let; how; (followed by de) how much, how many; (followed by si) but if, now if; (after a neum or adverb of place or time) where; when; (after tant) both. Que, of where; when; (after tant) both. Que, of whom of which, from whom, from which to

whom, to which, etc. The que, whether accusative, or conjunction, is often suppressed in English; Ex. La personne que vous con noissez, the person you know. Je crois qu'il viendra, I think he will come. In exclamations que may supply the place of a tense of the verb etre. Ex. Le grand homme que ce général! what a great man that general is! C'est un trésor qu'un ami, a friend is a trea-sure. Ce seront toujours des tourmens que les désirs, desires will over be torments. Qu'estce que cela (qu'est-ce que c'est que cela?) what is that? Qu'est-ce que nous (qu'est-ce que c'est que nous?) what are we? C'est une grande folie que de se croire infaillible, to believe ono's self infallible is a great folly.

QUEL, QUELLE, pl. QUELS, QUELLES, kel, Quel que soit, quels que soien, etc. whatever or whatsoever be or may be.
QUELCONQUE, kel-konk, adj. whatever,

whatsoever, any; none, none at all.

QUELLEMENT, kêl-mên, V. Tellement,

QUELQUE, kêlk, adj. some, any; (followed by qui or que of the subjunctive) etc. whated by qui or que & the subjunctive) etc. whatever, whatsoever, any, any whatever; a little.
Quelque peu, a little. Quelque purt, somewhere. Quelque autre, some other and substantively somebody else, something else, etc.
Quelque chose, something, any thing. Quelqu'un, quelqu'une, (pl. Quelques-uns, quelqueunes) some, any. Quelquefois, sometimes,
now and then. En quelque lieu qu'il soit,
wherever he is or may be. En quelque temps
oue es soit at any time. que ce soit, at any time.

QUELQUE, adv. about; (with que & the subjunctive) however, howsoever, etc. V. Observation on Aroir bear at the word Beau

Quémander, v. n. to beg secretly (par-ticularly said of those who go and beg in private houses.)

QUÉMANDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. he or she who begs in private houses.

QUENOTTE, ke-not, s. f. tooth (in murrery)

lenguage.)
QUENOUILLE, ke-nool, s. f. distaff; (de lit) bed post. Le royaume de France ne tombe point en quenouille, the kingdom of France never falls to a woman.

QUENOUILLÉE, s. f. distaff-full.

QUENOUILLETTE de trelingage, s. f. Mar. futtock staff, foot-hook staff.

QUERATS, s. m. pl. Mar. shares into which the property of a ship is divided between the owners, masters, etc. (in the Mediterranean.)

QUERELLE, ke-rel, s. f. quarrel, difference, dispute, debate, strife, variance, wrangling, falling out.

QUERELLER, kê-rê-lâ, v. a. to pick a quarrel with, quarrel with one, scold at.

QUERELLEU-R, SE, ke-re-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. quarrelsome man or woman.

QUÉRIMONIE, s. f. complaint to an ecclesiastical court.

QUERIR, ka-rir, v. a. (is only used in the infinitive with the verbs aller, envoyer, frenir, and signifies chercher) to fetch. Aller

que'ir, to fetch, go for.
QUESTEUR, kuesteur, s. m. quester (among the ancient Romans;) burser or purser (in a university.)

QUESTION, kes-tion, s. f. question, interrogation, demand; proposition, query; matter, buse, bût : jèune, mêute, beurre : entant, cent. lien : vin : mon : brun.

businers, question; rack, torture.) Plus d'un en avant qu'il fût question de lui, above a year before he was talked of.

QUESTIONNAIRE, kes-tio-ner, s. m. tormentor.

QUESTIONNER, kes-tid-na, v. a. to ques tion, interrogate, examine, ask questions of. QUESTIONNEU-R, SE, kes-tid-neur, neuz,

. m. & f. questioner, examiner, one that is full of questions.

QUESTURE, kûês-tûr, s. f. questor-ship.

QUÊTE, ket, s. f. quest, search; (pour les nuvres) gathering, collection. Quete, Mar. pauvres) gathering, collection. Quete, Mar. rake. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup de quete, ship that has a great rake in the stern. Ce bátiment a beaucoup de quête, that vessel's stern rakes a great deal. Quête de l'étambord, rake of the stern post. Quête de la poupe, rake of the stern or length of the rake abaft.

QUETER, ke-ta, v. a. & n. to quest, go in quest of, hunt, to beg, go a begging (as mendicant friars do,) make a gathering or collec-

QUETEU-R, sz, kê-têur, têuz, s. m. & f.

one that makes a gathering or that goes begging; also mendicant friar.
QUEUE, keu, s. f. tail; (d'an paon) train; (d'une robe) train; (de mouton) loin; (de poèle) handle; (des lettres de chancellerie) la-bel; (de moulin) handle; (d'une armée) rear; (de quelque chose) end, latter end ; (d'un prince, etc.) train, retinue; (d'une affaire) tail, consequence; (au billard) cue; (d'un animal) cue, tail; (à aiguiser) hone, whet-stone; (fu-taille) vessel holding a French hogshead and a half. Queue à faux, rubber. Queue à queue, a nan. Queue d'aux, runoer. Queue à queue, one after another, one by one, on the neck of another. Queue, Mar. Ex. Queue d'un grain, tail of a squall. Queue d'une armée navale, rear of a fleet of ships of war. Queue de rat, point, pointing. Manœuvre en queue de rat, pointed rope. Mettre un câlde ou une manœuvre queue de ret, te point a cable or a rope. Etre en queue d'une rade, to lie in the inner-most part of a road-stead. Flamme blanche à queue rouge, white pendant with a red fly. Queue d'aronde or d'hironde. V. Aronde. Vaisseau de queue d'une escadre, sternmost ship of a fleet or squadron.

QUEUSSI-QUEUMI, adv. quite the same. *QUEUX, keu, s. m. Ex. Maître queux, the king's master cook.

Qui, ki, relative pronoun, m. & f. who, UII, Et, relative promoust, m. & f. who, which, that; (when an accusative case or governed by a preposition) whom; which; he who, he that, whoever, whosoever, him who or whom, etc. A qui (with a tense of être) whose. De qui, whose or of whom. V. Dont, Qui que ce soit, qui que ce puisse être, whoever he may be. Qui que ce soit (used negatively) nobody, nobody whatever. Qui que execut qui (in the nominative) qui que ce soit ce soit qui (in the nominative) qui que ce soit que or qui que (in the other cases,) whoever, whossever, whomever, whomsoever, any one who or whom, all those who or whom, etc. Un je ne sais qui, one I do not know whom, a mean low bred fellow. C'est à qui le fera, each tries who shall do it. Qui-va-là? who's there? who goes there? Aroir réponse à tout hormis à qui-ra-là, to be unable to answer a

Quia, kôi-a. Ex. A quia, at a stand, to a stand, at a nonplus, to a nonplus.

Quiconque, M-konk, pron. m. & f. whoever, whosoever, any one who

QUIDAM, s. m. Quidane, ki-dan, dan, s. f a certain man or woman, a certain person. one

QUIET, E, adj. quiet, at rest.
QUIETISHE, kûl-k-ilsm, s. m. quietism.
QUIETISTE, kûl-k-ilst, s. m. quietism. QUIÉTUDE, kai-à-taa, s. f. quietness, quiet

RUIGNON, El-guon, s. m. great lunch & piece of bread.

QUILLAGE, s. m. Mar. ship toll.
QUILLE, kil, s. f. nine-pin or kaylo. Jeu
de quilles, nine-pins, kayles; skittle-ground.
V. Rabat. Quille, Mar. keel. Nous cround. ici de l'eau sous la quille, there is no fear of our touching the ground here.

Quiller, ki-la, v. n. to throw at the bowl with pins to know who and who are toge-

QUILLETTE, s. f. planting of slips of osier. QUILLIER, kl-fla, s. m. square or place for nine-pins.

QUILLON, kl-lon, s. m. cross bar of the hik of a sword.

QUINA, V. Quinquina.

QUINAIRE, s. m. quinary, consisting of five

*QUINAUD, E, adj. that looks silly, abashed, ashamed, out of countenance.

QUINCAILLE, QUINCAILLERIE, QUIN-CAILLIER, kin-kal, kin-kal-fi, kin-kal-fi, V. Clincaille, etc.

QUINCONCE, kin-kons, s. m. quincunx. QUINCONNEAU, s. m. Mar. toggel.

QUINDÉCAGONE, kin-da-ka-gon, s. m.

quindecagon. QUINE, kin, s. m. pl. two cinques or two

fives at dice.

Quinola, kl-no-la, s. m. knave of hearts at the game called Reversis, the same as Pane is at Loo.

Quinquagénaire, kôin-kwà-2à-nèr, acj. fifty years old. Quinquag Ésime, kain-kwa-2a-zim, quin-

quagesima Sunday. Quinquennal, e, kuin-kuen-nal, adj.

quinquennial.

QUINQUENTIUM, s. m. five years' course of study (two in philosophy, and three in the-

ology.)
QUINQUENOVE, s. f. quinquenove (a kind

of game with two dice.)
QUINQUILLE, s. m. sort of ombre at five.
QUINQUINA, kin-ki-na, s. m. jesuit's pow-

QUINT, kint, adj. fifth. Ex. Charles-Quint, Charies the fifth. Le quint denier or le quint. the fifth penny.

QUINTAINE, s. f. quintin.

QUINTAL, kin-tal, s. m. quintal or hundred

weight; stone pitcher.

QUINTE, kint, s. f. quint (at piquet;) fifth
(in musick:) humour, fancy, pet, whim,
crotchet, freak, caprice; great cough.

QUINTEFRUILLE, s. f. cinquefoil or five-

teaved grass.

QUINTELAGE, s. m. Mar. ballast.

QUINTESSENCE, kin-tê-sens, s. f. quintes ence, substance.

QUINTESSENCIER, kin-te-sen-sih, v. n. to refine, be nice or critical.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

moursome, fanciful, whimsical, pettish, mag goty, freakish. QUINTIL,

adj. quintile.

QUINTIN, s. m. kentin or kentin-cloth (so called from Quintin in France.)
QUINTUPLE, kdin-tdpl, adj. & s. m. quin-

tuple.

QUINTUPLER, v. a. to repeat five times.

QUINZAIN, kin-zin, s. m. (au jeu de paume) fifteen all round.

QUINZAINE, kin-zen, s. f. fisteen, about fif-

teen; (quinze jours) formight.

QUINZE, kinz, adj. fifteen. Quinze jours, fifteen days, a formight; (after names and dates) filleenth.

Quinzième, kin-zlèm, adj. fisteenth. Quinzième, s. m. a fisteenth or fisteenth

QUIPROQUO, kl-pro-kò, s. m. blunder, mistake, wrong medicine.

Quis, s. m. a sort of marcasite.

QUITTANCE, ki-tens, s. f. acquittance or QUITTANCER, kl-ten-sa, v. a. to write a

receipt.

QUITTE, kh, adj. quit, clear; free, rid. Je vous tiens quitte pour dix écus, I excuse or acquit you for ten crowns. Nous sommes quittes or a quitte or quitte a quitte, we are quit. En the quitte pour, to be excused in consideration of, to come off or get clear with no other (without suffering any other) punishment or harm or loss than. En être quitte à bon marché, to come off easily.

QUITTEMENT, klt-mên, adv. (in law) clear.

QUITTER, kl-tå, v. a. to quit; leave, for-sake, go from or part with; to pull or cast off; to leave off, quit, give over, leave, lay down; to break one's self of; to quit, yield, part with or give up; to let go; to give over, desist from; to forgive, excuse. Quitter Mar. L'ancre a quitté, the anchor is a-trip. Quitter le commandement d'un vaisseau, to give up the command of a ship. Notre matelot d'arrière quitta son poste dans le combat, our second a-stern lest her station in the action.

QUITUS, s. m. receipt in full, full dis-

charge.
QUI-VA-LA, who's there?
QUI-VIVE, Elre sur le qui-vive, to be very and fearful.

QUOAILLER, v. n. to shake one's tail (said

of a horse.)

Quoi, kwa, pron. that, which, what. je ne sais quoi, a something I know not what. A quoi, how. Quoi! what! how! He quoi! how! what! De quoi, of what, about what, etc. wherewith, enough, sufficiently, plenty. matter enough; reasons enough; reason, cause; wealth, riches, money. Avoir de quoi, to have it in one's power, to be able, can; also to have enough or a sufficiency, etc. Voilà bien de quoi se fàcher, those are great reasons for making one angry. Iln'y a pas dequoi, there is no occasion for it or for this, I don't see why such a trifle should, etc. Quoi que ce soil, quoi que ce maisse être, whatever it may be. Quoi que ce soil, (negatively) nothing, nothing whatever. Quoi que ce soil qui (in

QUINTEU-X, SE, kin-teu, teuz, adj. hu- || the nominative,) quoi que ce soit que or quoi que (in the other cases with the subjunctive whatever, whatsoever, any thing which, all those things which.

QUOLIBET, kwak, conj. (with the subjunctive) though, akhough.
QUOLIBET, kd-li-be, s. m. jest, quirk, joke

QUOLIBÉTIQUE, adj. abounding or over

loaded with puns.

QUOLISKTISTE, s. m. punster. QUOTE, köt, adj. f. Ex. Quote part, quota. QUOTER, köt ü. V. Coter. QUOTER, NE, köt ü. dien, dien, adj. daily, quotidian.

QUOTIENT, kô-siên, s. m. quotient. QUOTITÉ, kô-ti-ta, s. f. (le pro rata de chacun) quota.

R, er, re, s. f. 18th letter of the French afphabet.

RABACHAGE, rå-bå-shåz, s. m. tiresome repetition of what has been said already by way of reproach.

RABACHER, rå-bå-shå, v. n. to tease or fa-tigue one with tiresome repetitions. RABACHEU-R, SE, rå-bå-shèur, shèuz, s.

m. & f. he or she who teases with tiresome repetitions.

RABAIS, rå-bė, s. m. abatement, lessening,

RABAISSEMENT, rå-bes-men, s. m. pulling down, humbling, humiliation, fall, lessen-

ing.
RABAISSER, rå-bê-så, v. a. te bring dewn, abate; te pull or bring down, check, humble. Se rabuseser, v. r. to debase or humble one's

Rabaisser, v. n. de prix, to fall in price er value.

RABAN, s. m. Mar. gasket, earring, knittle, etc. Rabans de ferlage, gaskets, furfing lines. Rabans de tétère, rope-bands. Rabans de peinture, earrings. Passe le raban aux barres printure, earrings. Passe le raban aux barres du cabestan, swift the capstan bars. RABANEN une voile, Mar. to fit a sail with

rope-bands, earrings and points, ready for

RABAT, ra-ba, s. m. (pour le cou) band; (au jeu de quilles) tipping. Fai fait cinq quilles de venue et six de rabat, I have carried five pins and tipped six.

RABAT-JOIE, ra-ba-zwa, s. m. a trouble-some guest, one that spoils the sport of the

company; any thing that checks our joy, dis-comfort, disappointment, balk.

RABATTRE, rå-båtr, v. a. (like battre) to bate, abate, beat down, break, ward off, parry, put by, pull or bring down, press down, lay, rebate, quell, check; beat down again, demolish; (au jeu de quilles) to tip. Rabettre, v. n. to turn, bend one's march or steps. Rabattre de, to yield, give up. Se rabattre, v. r. to fall down or upon, light, descend, come down.

RABATTU, E, adj. bated, abated, etc. V Rabattre.

RABATTUES, s. f. pl. Mar. hances or falls of the rails (from the stern to the gangways; also from the forecastle to the gangways.)

RABBIN, rå-bin, s. m. rabbin, rabbi.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien vin : mon . brun.

RABBINAGE, ra-bi-naz, s. m. study of the Jewish rabbis.

RABBINIQUE, adj. rabbinical.

RABBINISME, ra-bi-nism, s. m. rabbinism, the rabbis' opinion or doctrine.

RABBINISTE, rå-bi-nist, s. m. rabbinist.
RABDOMANCE, s. f. rhabdomancy.
RABÈTIR, rå-bè-lir, v. n. to grow dull or
suppid, be suppified or besotted, v. a. to dull,

stupify, besot, make dull or stupid.

RABLE, rabl, s. m. back or loins of a hare or rabbit; rake for an oven.

RABLU, E, ra-blû, blû, adj. that has a good back, strong-backed, vigorous.
RABLURE, S. f. Mar. rabbet or rabbit.

*RABOBELINER, v. a. to botch, patch up, Piece again.

RABONNIR, ra-bo-nir, v.-a. to meliorate, improve.

Rabot, ra-bò, s. m. joiner's plane, plas-

terer's beater. RABOTER, rå-bå-tå, v. a. to plane, make smooth with a plane; polish; (le mortier) to

RABOTEU-X, SE, rå-bô-teu, teuz,

rough, rugged, uneven, coarse, unpolished.

RABOUGRIR, ra-boo-grir, v. a. to stunt. Se rabougrir, v. r. to grow stunted, grow crooked and low. RABOUILLÈRE, rà-bòo-lèr, s. f. rabbit's

burrow.

RABOUTIR, ra-bôo-tir, v. a. to piece, patch.
RABROUER, ra-broc-a, v. a. to snub, give
a sharp or crabbed answer.

RABROUEU-R, SE, adj. or s. snappish man or woman.

RACAGE, s. m. Mar. parrel.

RACAILLE, ra-kal, s. f. the riff raff, rabble,

mob, rascality; sad paltry stuff, trash.

RACAMBEAU, s. m. Mar. traveller. iron traveller. Racambeau du grand foc, jib traveller, jib iron.

RACCOISER, rå-kwå-så, v. a. to quiet, calm. RACCOMMODAGE, rå - kô - mô - dåz, s. m.

mending, piecing, patching, botching.
RACCOMMODEMENT, ra-kô-môd-mên, s. m.
reconcilement, reconciliation.

RACCOMMODER, rå-kô-mô-då, v. a. to mend, piece, patch, botch, repair; set right, adjust, correct, amend, make up, make amends for, make friends again, reconcile. Seraccom-moder, v. r. to be friends again, be reconciled.

RACCORDEMENT, s. m. (in architecture)

levelling.

RACCORDER, rå-kör-då, v. n. (in architecture) to make a levelling (of old work to new.)
RACCOURCI, E, rå-köor-si, si, adj. shortened, made shorter, abridged.
RACCOURCI, s. m. abridgement; (in paint-

ing) fore-shortening. Peindre en raccourci, to fore-shorten.

RACCOURCIR, rå-koor-sir, v. a. to shorten, make or cut shorter, abridge; (in painting) to fore-shorten.

RACCOURCISSEMENT, rå-kdor-sis-mên, s m. shortening, abridging; (in painting) foreshortening.

RACCOUTREMENT, s. m. mending.
*RACCOUTRER, rå-kôo-trå, v. a. to mend.
RACCOUTUMER, (se) se-rå-kôo-tå-må, v. r. to use one's self again, to resume a habit.

RACCROC, s. m. Coup de raccroc, lucky chance which repairs a misfortune.

RACCROCHER, rå-kro-shå, v. a. to hook again; catch or get again, recover; also, to act the bawd or procuress. Se raccrocher, to get reconciled, be friends again.

RACCROCHEUSE, s. f. bawd, procuress

RACE, ras, s. f. race, family, stock, genera-tion, sort, kind, breed. La race future, les races futures, future or after-times, posterity.

RACHALANDER, rå-shå-len-då, v. a. to get back or retrieve custom or customers.

RACHAT, ra-sha, s. m. redemption, re-deeming, recovery, deliverance.

RACHE, s. f. sediment of tar; scurf on the

RACHETABLE, rash-tabl, adj. redeemable. RACHETER, rash-ta, v. a. to redeem, buy again, buy off, recover.

RACHEU-X, SE, adj. that has a scald head. RACHITIQUE, rā-shī-tik, adj. rickety. RACHITIS, rā-shī-ti, s. m. rickets. RACHITISNE, s. m. the disease of the rick

ets (in grain.)
RACINE, ra-sin, s. f. root; principle, beginning, radical or primitive word.

RACINER, v. n. to spring up, dye with roots.

RACLE, s. f. Mar. scraper.

RACLER, rå-klå, v. a. to scrape; to strike (corn.) level.

RACLEUR, ra-kleur, s. m. (de violon) scur-

vy player. Ractoir, rå-klwår, s. m. scraper or grater; (de jardinier) rake.

RACLOIBE, S. f. strickle. RACLOIBE, rd. kldr, s. f. scrapings. RACOLAGE, rd. kd. ldz, s. m. the enticing men to list themselves.

RACOLER. rå-kò-lå, v. a. to entice men to

list themselves.

Racoleur, rå-kô-lêur, s. m. one who eu tices men to list themselves.

RACONTER, rå-kon-tå, v. a. to tell or relate. give an account of.

RACONTEU-R, SE, rå-kon-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. relater, teller.

RACORNIR, rå-kor-nir, v. a. to make hard or tough as horn. Se racornir, to grow tough and hard, shrivel (in the fire as feather does.)

RACORNISSEMENT, s. m. the shrivelling, the growing hard and tough.
RACQUITTER, rå-kl-tå, v. a. to win back,

bring or get home again, indemnify, make up for, make amends for. Se racquitter, v. r. to win one's money back again, get home, be

brought home, retrieve or recover a loss.

RADE, rad, s. f. Mar. road, road-stead Grunde rade, great road, outer road. rade, little road. Mettre en rade, to go out of the harbour, into a neighbouring mad stead. Etre en rade, to be in a road-stead near the harbour that a ship has recently left.)

RADEAU, rã-dò, s. m. float of timber, raft. Mur. Radeau de bois de construction, raft of timber for ship-building. Rudeau de carène, floating-stage

RADER, rå-då, v. a. Mar. to bring a ship into a road, anchor in a road. Rader, v. a. to level the top in measuring salt.

RADEUR, s. m. salt-meter. RADOIRE, s. f. strickle for salt

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid. fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

RADIATION, ra-dia-slos, s. f. cross, cross-

ing or striking out : radiation.

RADICAL, E, ra-di-kål, adj. radical.

RADICALKMENT, rå-di-kål-men, adv. ra-

dically, originally.

RADICULE, rå-di-kůl, s. f. radicule.

RADIÉ, E, rå-di-k, adj. radiated.

RADIER, s. m. Mar. apron in a dock. RADIEU-x, se, ra-di-eu, euz, adj. radiant,

shining, glittering, beaming.
RADIS, ra-dl, s. m. kind of radish.

RADIUS, s. m. radius (a bone of the arm.)
RADOTAGE, rå-dö-tå, s. m. dolage, raving.
RADOTER, rå-dö-tå, v. n. to dote, rave,

talk idle. RADOTERIE, rå-dôt-ri, s. f. dotage, extra-

vagance. RADOTEU-R, se, rå-då-teur, teuz, s. m. &

1 dotard, doting man or woman.

RADOUB, s. m. Mar. repair; partial re-pair. Notre batiment est en radoub, our ship is repairing.

RADOUBER, rå-dôo-bå, v. a. Mar. to repair. Se radouber, to be repairing.

RADOUBEUR, s. m. Mar. one employed in

repairing ships.

RADOUCIR, rå-dôo-sir, v. a. to sweeten, soften, make milder, appease, allay; mitigate, pacify. Se radoucir, v. r. to grow mild, be appeased, relent, grow gentle, be sweet; to be amorous.

RADOUCISSEMENT, rå-dôo-sis-mên, s. m.

softening, allaying, mitigation, diminutica, (of heat or cold.)

RAFALE, s. f. Mar. squall, squall of wind. Forte rafale, hard squall. Le vent est par ra-faics, it blows hard in the squalls. RAFFAISSER, (SE) so-ra-fe-sa, v. r. to sink

again. RAFFE, V. Rafle.

RAFFERMIR, ra-fer-mir, v. a. to strengthen, fasten, make more fast or firm, fortify, harden, make hard, stiffen, establish, confirm settle, secure, corroborate, keep up. Se raj fermir, to grow stronger, gather strength, Le confirmed or settled.

RAFFERMISSEMENT, rh-fer-mis-men, s. m.

establishing, confirmation, settlement.
RAFFINAGE. rå-fl-nåz, s. m. refining; re-

fined sugar. RAFFINÉ, z, adj. & s. refined, subtle, nice,

critical, cunning or shrewd person, sharp

RAFFINEMENT, rå-fin-men, s. m. fineness,

refining, subtilty, nicety.
RAFFINER, ra-fl-na, v. a. & n. to refine, be nice or full of niceties, be critical. Raffimer, (se) v. r. to grow sharp, learn wit; be or get refined.

RAFFINERIE, rå-fin-ri, s. f. sugar baker's

RAFFINEUR, rå-f1-neur, s. m. refiner, one that is too nice or over critical, hypercritic.

Raffineur de sucre, sugar-baker.
RAFFOLER, ra-fô-la, v. n. to be passionately fond, be distractedly in love.

*RAFFOLIR, rd-fo-lir, v. n. Ex. Vous me feriez raffolir, you would make me mad. RAFLE, rdl, s. f. stalk stem; (jeu aux dés)

pair royal, doublets. Faire rafte, to sweep off the whole, sweep-stakes.

RAFLEF ra-fla, v a. to sweep away the

RAFRAICHIR, rà-frè-shir, v. a. & n. to cook make cool, grow cool, refresh; (une muraille) make cool, grow cool, refresh; (une muraille) to repair; (une tapisserie) to mend; (un tableau) to varnish; (sa douleur) to renew, revive; (une place) to recruit; (les chereux) to crop. Se faire rafratchir les cheneux, to get one's hair cropped. Se rafratchir, v. r. to cool, grow cool, take some refreshment. Se rafratchir hammoire, to refresh one's memory, call to mind. Rafratchir, Mar. to freshen. Ex. Nous profiterons de la première accaimie pour rafratchir le chôle, we shall take advantage of the first kull to freshen the advantage of the first kill to freshen the

RAFRAICHISSANT, E, ra-fre-shl-sen, sent,

adj. cooling.
RAFRAICHISSEMENT, rå-fré-shis-men, m. cooling, refreshment, provisions. Rafraichissemens, Mar. supply of fresh provisions, stores supplied for the use of the sick on board.

RAGAILLARDIR, ra-ga-far-dr, v. a. to

brisk up, make merry.

RAGE, raz, s. f. madness of hydrophobia; rage, fury, madness. Avoir la rage de, to be mad for or after. Faire rage contre, to be mad at or enraged against. Faire rage en faceur de, to be eager or leave no stone un-turned to serve. Faire rage en sa profession, to do wonders in one's profession. Faire rage des pieds de derrière, to be eager, leave no stone unturned. Dire rage de, to rail most bitterly at.

RAGOT, TE, ra-go, got, adj. & s. little and short, or thick and short, little man or woman,

shrimp:

RAGOUT, ra-goo, s. m. ragout : incitement,

incentive, provocative, pleasure, delight.

RAGOUTANT, E, ra-goo-tên, tênt, adj. relishing, agreeable, pleasurt, pleasurg, delightful, savoury. Mets ragoutant, tit-bit.

RAGOUTEN, ra-goo-tâ, v. a. to revive the
appetite. den 16 mishan stêt in province.

appetite; also to quicken, stir up, provoke (desire.)

RAGRAFER, rd-gra-fa, v. n. to new clasp. RAGRANDIR, v. a. to make larger what

was already large.

RAGRIER, rå-grå-å, v. a. to pick over the front of a wall; to finish (a piece of join er's work;) to repair.

RAGRÉMENT, ra-gra-men, s. m. finishing. touching up.

RAGUER, v. n. Mar. to chafe, rub. Voire second câble est tout ragué près de l'étalingure, your best bower-cable is very much rubbed near the clinch.

RAIE, re, s. f. line ; (sur les marbres, etc.) straaks; (sur une éloffe) stripe; (des cheveux) seam or parting; (des sillons) furrow; (dus cul) cleft; ray (a fish;) thorn-back. Etoffe à raies, striped stuff. A la raie, one with another.

RAIFORT, rè-fòr, s. m. horse-radish. RAILLER, ra-là, v. a. & n. to rally, play upon, jeer, banter, joke, droll, jest. Se rail-ler, v. r. to jeer or banter, jest, be in jest,

mock, laugh at. RAILLERIE, rål-ri, s. f. raillery, banter-ing, jeering, jesting, jeer, jest, joke, banter. Il traitoit de raillerie l'autorité royale, he made a jest of the king's power. Il n'entend pas raillerie, he cannot take a jest.

RAILLEU-R, SE, rå-leur, leuz, adj. & s jeering, bantering; jester, banterer, jeerer

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RAINCEAU, V. Rinceau.
*RAINE, s. f. frog.
RAINETTE, s. f. a sort of apple; French

rennet.
RAINURE, re-mbr, s. f. groove.
RAIFUNCE, re-poss, s. f. rampions (salad.)
*RAIRE, rer, v. a. to shave or trim. A
barbe de fous on apprend à raire, by trimming
barbe de fous on apprend à raire, by trimming. fools a barber's prentice learns his skill.

RAIS, re, adj. (from Raire.) Il ne se sou-sie des rais ni des tondus, he cares for nobody. RAIS, s. m. ray, beam of light; spoke of a

wheel, point of a star.

RAISIN, re-zin, s. m. grape. Raisins secs, raisins. Raisins de Corinthe, dry currants.
RAISINE, re-si-na, s. m. thick confection

of grapes.
RAISON, re-zon, s. f. reason, reasoning faculty, sense, judgment, proof, argument,

ractury, sense, judgment, proof, argument, cause, matter, account, motive, consideration, right, justice, equity, proportion, reparation, satisfaction. A plus forte raison, much more; also much less. Pour raison de quoi, wherefore, for which cause. A raison de, at the rate of.

RAISONNABLE, re-zô-nabl, adj. rational, reasonable; just, right, conscionable; wise; competent, moderate, of a good size, pretty good, pretty large, dc.

RAISONNABLEMENT, re-zo-nabl-men, adv. rationally, reasonably, justly, indifferently well, pretty well, moderately, competently.

RAISONNÉ, E, rê-zô-na, adj. rational, ac-

curate, argumentative

RAISONNEMENT, re-zon-men, s. m. rea-son, judgment, reasoning, argument, ration-al discourse.

RAISONNER, rê-zô-nâ, v n. to speak sense, discourse, reason, argue, contend with rea-sons, chop logick, argue the case. Mar. to give an account of one's self before coming to anchor.

RAISONNEU-R, SE, rê-sô-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. arguer, impertinent prater. Taisez-vous, et ne faites pas ici le raisonneur, hold you tongue, and do not stand arguing the case or chopping logick with me. RAIZ, V. Rez.

RAJEUNIR, ra-zeu-nir, v. a. & n. to make young again, make look younger, grow young again; (les arbres) to prune, or lop; (les cheveux) to colour.

RAJEUNISSEMENT, s. m. growing young again.

Rajustement, rå-zåst-men, s. m recon-

ciliation or reconcilement, adjustment. RAJUSTER, rå-zůs-tå, v. a. to set in order again, set to rights again, reconcile, make friends again; retrieve (one's affairs.)

RALE, s. m. rail (a bird.)

RALE or RALEMENT, ral, ral-men, s. m. rattling in the throat.

RALENTIR, rå-len-tir, v. a. to make slow slacken or slack, abate, lessen, diminish. Se relentir, to slacken, grow cold or remiss, relent

RALENTISSEMENT, rå-len-tis-men, s. m.

slackening or relenting, remissness.

RALER, ra-la, v. n. to rattle, have a rat-

fond, soot-rope. Ralingue de tétière, head-rope. Mettre une voile en ralingue, to shiver a sail. En ralingue le perroques de fougue, shiver the mizen topsail.

RALLEGUER, v. a. & n. Mar. to lift and shiver (speaking of the sails.) Ralinguer une voile, to sew the bolt-ropes to a sail. Lof à

RALLIER, rå-li-å, v. a. to rally. Se ral-

lier, to rally.

Rallier, se rallier, Mar. to rally, etc. Rallier au vent, to haul the wind. Vaiseeau qui weatherly ship. Rallier was weatherly ship. Rallier ter at vent, to main the wind. Yanceau quit rallie bien au vent, weatherly ship. Rallier la terre, to stand in for the land. Plusieurs bâtimens ont rallié l'escadre, several vessels have stood in to the fleet. Nous me ralliances are stood in the neet. Notes we radiamise que dix vaissemen de ligne le lendemain du combat, we mustered only ten sail of the line the day after the action. Rallier un bâtiment, to stand towards a ship. V. Se courvir.

RALLOBGER, v. a. to lengthen. Se al-

longer, v. r. to grow longer, lengthen.
RALLUMER, ri-lû-mâ, v. a. to kindle or

INALLOWER, TR-IU-MA, V. R. to KIRGHE OF light again, stir up again. Se rallume, v. r. to kindle again, break out again.

RAMADAN, râ-mâ-dên. V. Ramazan.

RAMAGE, râ-mâe, s. m. singing, chirping, warbling; flowering.

Ourrage à ramage, flowered work.

RAMAGER, rå-må-zå, v. n. to sing, chirp or warble.

RAMAIGRIB, ra-me-grir, v. a. & n. to make leaner, grow lean again.
RAMAS, ra-ma, s. m. collection, heap.

RAMASSE, rå-mås, s. m. collection, heap.
RAMASSE, rå-mås, s. f. sledge (used on mountains:) also low, vulgar language. Ex.
Donner la ramasse à quelqu'un, to belabour one, to curry one's hide, abuse one.
RAMASSE, k, adj. gathered, got together, etc.; also well set, short and stout.
RAMASSER, rå-må-så, v. a. to gather, get together, collect; to take up, pick up; to draw in a sled or sledge; to cuff, bang. Ramasser, Mar. V. Rester. Se ramasser, v. r. to gather one's self or to gather one's self or gather or get together, gather one's self or gather, knit (as a horse does.)

RAMASSEUR, ra-ma-seur, s. m. driver of a

sledge.

RAMASSIS, ra-ma-el, s. m. confused collection. RAMAZAN, s. m. fasting month of the Turks.

RAMBADE, s. f. bend or wale of a galley RAMBERGE, s. f. ramberge, (kind of advice-boat.)

RAMBOUR, s.m. Pomme de rambour, summer apple, kind of russetting.

RAME, ram, s. f. (de papier) ream; (to prop vines) stick or stake; oar or scull. Tirer à la rame, to tug at the oar.

Ramé, E, adj. rowed. Pois ramés, pease that grow upon sticks or stakes. Balle ramée. cross bar-shot.

RAMEAU, ra-mò, s. m. bough; branch. Le dimanche or le jour des rumeaux, palm-sun day. Rameaux, branches of veins or arte

Ramée, ra-ma, s. f. green arbour, boughs branches with their leaves.

tling in the throat said of the dying.)

RALINGUE, rh-ling, s. f. Mar. bolt-rope.

Ralingue de chule, leech-rope. Ralingue de chule, leech-rope. Ralingue de chule, leech-rope.

bar, hat. base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

son marché, he did not mend his bargain, he f got nothing by it.

RAMENER, ram-na, v. a. to bring again, bring back; (au jeu de dés) to fling; (quelqu'un) to reclaim.

RAMENTEVOIR, v. a. to recollect, remem-

RAMEQUIN, ram-kin, s. m. toasted cheese and bread or toast and cheese, Welsh rabbit. RAMER, ra-ma, v. n. to row, pull, tug at the oar, to work hard, labour, toil, ply. Nager. Ramer, v. a. (ramer des pois, du lin, ctc.) to set up sticks (for pease, flax, etc. to grow upon.)

RAMEREAU, ram-ro, s. m. young ring-dove or stock-dove.

Rameur, râ-mèur, s. m. rower. Rameu-x, sz., râ-mèu, mèuz, adj. ramous,

branchy.

RAMIER, rå-mia, s. m. or Pigeon ramier, ring-dove or wood-pigeon.
RAMIFICATION, rk.m. 41-kå-slom, s. f. ra

mification, branching out.

RAMIFIER, ra-mi-. I-a, v. n. Se ~zmifier, v. r. to ramify.

RAMINGUE, ra-ming, adj. resuff (speak-

ing of a horse.)
RAMOINDRIR, V. Amoindru.
RAMOITIR, ra-mwa-tlr, v a. to moisten. make damp.

RAMOLLIR, ra-mo-lir, v. a. to soften, make soft or softer; to unman, enervate. Se ra-mollir, to soften, grow softer.

RAMOLLITI-F, VE, adj. emollient, mollify-

RAMON, s. m. broom or besom.

RAMOKER, ra-mô-na, v. a. (une cheminée) in sweep.

RAMONEUR, rå-mô-neur, s. m. chimney-

sweeper.

RAMPANT, E, ren-pen, pent, adj. creeping, rawling; rampant; cringing, crouching, humble, servile, mean. Lierre rampant, ground ivy. RAMPANT, s. m. kind of truss used by sur-

RAMPE, renp, s. m. Rampe d'escalier, flight in a stair-case, steps from one landing-place

to another; balustrade; (dans un jardin)

slope, bank.
RAMPEMENT, renp-men, s. m. creeping, crawling.

RAMPER, ren-pa, v. n. to creep or crawl; creep and crouch, cringe, be low in the world, write in a low style.

RAMURE, ra-mur. s. f. branches; also horns (of a deer)

RANCE, rens, adj. rancid, musty. Ex. Du

lard rance, musty bacon.

RANCE, s. m. Lard qui sent le rance, ba-

con that smells musty

RANCÉ, E, adj. Mar. Ex. Bâtiment rancé, old ship strengthened with timbers (fayed on from the sheer rail to the top of the bends.)

RANCHER, s. m. a sort of ladder. RANCI, E, adj. mus y, grown musty. RANCIDITÉ, s. f. rancidity, rancidness,

mustiness.

RAKCIR, ren-sir, v. n. to grow musty or

RANCISSURE, ren-sl-sur, s. f. mustiness,

musty part or parts.
RANÇON, ren-son, s. f. ransom. Mettre à rançan, to set a ransom upon, to ransom.

RANÇONNEMENT, rên-sôn-mên, s. m. ran-

soming; exacting, extortion, exaction.
RANÇONNER, ren-so-na, v. a. to ransom; exact from, extort money from.

RANÇONNEU-R, SE, ren-sô-neur, neuz, s.

m. & f. exacter, extortioner.
RANCUNE, ren-kun, s. f. grudge, feud, ani-

mosity, spleen, spite, inveterate hatred. RANCUNIER, E, ren-kū-nia, nier, adj. ran-

corous, spiteful. *RANDON, s. m. great gush or gushing,

spouting, plenty. RANDONNÉE, s m. course or coursing (of

hunters.)

RANG, ren s. m. row, range; (de soldats) rank; place; turn, order; rank degree, note, quality, rate. De rang, a-breast. Paroitre sur les rangs, to enter the lists. Mettre au rang de, to put (rank, place, reckon) amongst.
Rong, Mar. rank; (de canons) tier; (de câ-le) tier; (de naisseaux) rate, etc. Vaisseau He) tier; (de raisseaux) rate, etc.

Me) tier; (de raisseaux) rate, etc. Vansseau du premier rang, first rate ship.

RANG K, E, adj. ranged, ordered, set, placed, disposed, drawn, etc. V. Ranger. Batallie rangée, pitched battle. En batalle rangée, in battle array. Un homme rangé, an orderly man, a regular or punctual man.

RANG ER, rên-2 h, s. f. row.

RANG ER, rên-2 h, v. a. to range, put, set, place or order; to rank or put or place or

place or order; to rank or put or place or reckon amongst; to draw or pull back. Ranger ses troupes sur deux lignes, to draw one's troops up in two lines. Ranger une armée en troops up in two iness. Ranger une armée en betaille, to draw up an army in battalia. Ranger à la raison, to bring to reason. Ranger sous sa domination or puissance, to subdue, bring into subjection. Se ranger, to draw or step aside, fall back, stand by. Se ranger du côté de or auprès de quelqu'un, to side or take part with or go over to oner Ranger et se ranger, Mar. Ex. Ranger une côte, to range along a coast, coast along, keep close to shore Le vent se range au nord, the wind veers to the north. Le vent se range de l'avant, the wind hauls forward. Le vent se range de l'arrière, the wind draws aft. On peut ranger cette côte à jeter une pierre à terre, you may range along this coast within a stone's throw of the shore. Ranger à honneur un écueil, to give a good birth to a shoal. Se ranger sur une vergue, to lay out upon a yard. Faire ranger du monde sur les rergues, to man the yards. Ranger du monde sur une manacuvre, to man a rope. Range du monde sur la vergue du petit hunier, lay out upon the fore top-sail yard. Range du monde sur les cargues des huniers, man the fore and main top-sail clue-lines and buntlines. Range du monde sur les palans de bout de vergue, man the yard tackles. Range à carguer la grande voile, clap on the main cluegarnets briskly.

RANGETTE, s. f. Ex. A la rangette, in or-

der, one after another.

*RANGIER, s. m. rein-deer.

RANIMER, ra-ni-ma, v. a. to re-animate, revive, spirit again, re-inflame, stir up.

RANULAIRE, rd-nd-ler, adj. ranular. RANULE, rd-ndl, s. f. ranula.

RAPACE, ra-pas, adj. rapacious, ravenous RAPACITÉ, ra-pa-si-ta, s. f. rapacity, ra-

Paciousness, greediness, ravenousness. RAPATELLE, 4. f. hair cloth

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : Aufant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RAPATRIAGE or RAPATRIEMENT; rå-påtrl-az, ra-pa-trl-mên, s. m. reconciliation, re-

RAPATRIER, ra-pa-tri-a, v. a. to reconcile, set to rights, make friends again.

RAPE, rap, s. f. grater, rasp, raspatory, rrier's rasp. Donner de la râpe douce, to farrier's rasp. coax or flatter.

RAPÉ, E, adj. grated.
RAPÉ, ra-pa,s. m. grapes put in a vessel of spoiled wine to mend it, wine that has been mended by putting grapes into the vessel; (tabac rûpé) rappee. Rûpé de cepeaux, chips (tabac rûpé) rappee. put into wine to refine it.

RAPER, ra-pa, v. a. to grate. RAPETASSER, rap-ta-sa, v. a. to patch,

piece, botch.

RAPEDE, rapid, adj. rapid, swift, violent, RAPEDE, rapid, adj. rapid, swift, swift, less or shorten; grow less or short. Se repetisser, v. r. to shorten; grow less or short, lessen; to shrink (said of cloth.)

RAPIDE, rapid, adj. rapid, swift, violent,

quick.

RAPIDEMENT, rå-pid-men, adv. rapidly, swiftly, fast

RAPIDITÉ. rå-pl-dl-tå, s. f. rapidity, swift-

RAPIÉCER, rà-plà-sà, v. a. to patch, piece.
RAPIÉCETAGE, rà-plà-sàz, s. m. patched
work, clothes full of patches or pieces.
RAPIÈCETER, rà-plà-sà. V. Rapiècer.
RAPIÈRE, rà-plèr, s. f. rapier.
RAPIÈRE, rà-plèr, s. f. rapier, orbbery, ransacking, pillaging. Oiseau de rapine, ravenous bird, bird of prey.
RAPIÈRE, rà-la-la-v. s. to uso rapine and

RAPINER, ra-pi-na, v. a. to use rapine and

extortion, steal or rob, get by rapine.

RAPIQUER, v. a. Mar. to peek again. Raiquer au vent, to haul the wind again (after having bore up.)

RAPAISER, v. a. to pacify or appease again. RAPPAREILLER, v. n. Mar. to set sail again. RAPPEL, ra-pel, s. m. recall, recalling, being recalled; (d'une cause) second calling.

RAPPELER, rap-la, v. a. to call over and

over; to call back; (la sève) draw back again; (um ambassadeur, etc.) to recall, call home; (dans sa mémoire) to recall to memory, call to mind; to direct, assume; (ses sens) to recover, come again to. Se rappeler, v. r. to call or trace back, recollect, recall to memory, call

to mind, rub up one's memory.

RAPPETISSER, V. Rapetisser.

RAPPLIQUER, ra-pil-ka, v.a. to apply again. Se rappliquer, v. r. to apply one's self again.
RAPPORT, ra-por, s. m. report, account,

relation, information; report or false tale, story; relation, respect, regard; affinity, likeness, proportion, resemblance, conformity, agreeableness; (rapeur désagréable qui monte à la bouche) rising; produce, revenue. Terre de grand rapport, very fruitful soil. Pièces de rapport, inlaid work. Par rapport

à, as to, in comparison of, in regard to.

RAPPORTÉ, E, adj. brought back, etc.

Ouvrage de pièces rapportées, inlaid work.

RAPPORTER, ra-portées, inlaid work. back to bring along or out with one; to report relate, tell, say, give an account of; to report, tell again; to tell tales or stories, make raise reports; to draw, reap, get; (Pétat d'un procès) to report, make the report of; to deduce, refer, trace back, ascribe; to allege; if the water

quote, cite, relate, bring in; to yield, bring forth, bear; to direct, ascribe, refer; (du jour nal au grand livre) to post (from the journal to the ledger.) Se rapporter, v. r. to relate, answer, be agreeable or answerable; to relate to; (an jugement de quelqu'un) to refer or leave or put (a thing to one's judgment.) Je m'en rapporte à rous, I refer or leave it (the matter) to you. Je m'en rapporte à notre serment, I put it to your oath. Rapporter, Mar-to yield, etc. La mer rapporte, it is flood. Rapporter des relèvemens, distances, etc sur une carle, to set off bearings, distances, etc. upon a chart. La sonde, à 65 brasses, a rapporté fond de sable et de coquillages brisés, we sounded in 65 fathoms over a bottom of sand and broken shells.

RAS

RAPPORTEUR, rà-pôr-têur, s. m. one that reports a case; tell-tale or tale-bearer; protractor.

Rapporteuse, s. f. tell-tale or tale-bearer. RAPPRENDRE, ra-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to learn again, learn anew.
RAPPRIS, E, adj. learnt again, new-learnt.

RAPPRIVOISER, v. a. to tame again.

RAPPROCHEMENT, ra-prosh-men, s. m drawing near again, state of being drawn near again; reconcilement, accommodation.

RAPPROCHER, ra-pro-sha, v. a. to draw near again; bring together, bring together for a reconciliation. Les vents rapprochent toujours, Mar. the wind keeps scanling upon us. V. Sillage. Se rapprocher, v. r. to approach, draw near again; draw towards a reconciliation.

RAPSODE, s. m. name given to those who used to go from town to town and sing un-

connected parts of Homer's poetry.

RAPSODIE, rap-so-dl, s. f. rhapsody. RAPSODISTE, rap-so-dist, s. m. rhapsodist. RAPT, rapt, s. m. rape. Faire un rapt, to

commit à rape.

RAPURE, rå-pur, s. f. raspings, gratings. RAQUETIER, råk-då, s. m. racket-maker RAQUETTE, rå-ket, s. f. racket; snow-shoe. RAQUITTER, V. Racquitter.
RARE, rar, adj. rare; uncommon, unusual,

extraordinary, that happens but seldom; excellent, extraordinarily good, exquisite; scarce, hard to be got; thin, loose, not compact. Pouls rare, slow puise.

RAREFACTI-F, VE, rā-fā-fāk-tlf, tlv, adj.

rarefactive.

RARÉFACTION, ra-ra-fak-slon, s. f. rarefaction.

RARÉFIANT, E, adj. rarefacient. RARÉFIER, ra-ra-fil-a, v. a. to rarefy. Se rarefter, v. r. to rarefy, grow thin.

RAREMENT, rar-men, adv. rarely, soldom, not often.

RARETÉ, rar-tå, s. f. rarity, rareness, scarceness, uncommonness, unusual or uncommon

*RARISSIME, adj. very rare, very scarce. RAS, E. rh, raz, adj. shaved close. Velours ras, cut velvet. Etoffe rase, bare cloth or stuff without wool. Or ras, smooth gold. Rase campagne, open field. Couper ras, to cut off close. Ras, Mar. Bateau ras, open heat. Cut off close. boat. Cette fregate est arrive rase comme un ponton, that frigate came in without a stick standing. Vaisseau ras, skip that sits low on bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

RAS, a m. Ex. Ras de Châlons, shalloon. Rus, s. m. Mar. race, etc. Le ras de Port-land, the race of Portland. Le ras des saints, the race of the saints. Ras de carène, punt, floating stage. Ras de courant, race. RASE, V. Race.

RASEMENT, raz-mên, s. m. razing, demo-

lishing, pulling down.

RASER, ra-za, v. a. to shave, trim or barb; to raze, lay even with the ground, pull down; to graze or glance upon. Raser, v. a. Mar. Raser un vaisseau, to cut down a ship. Raser la côte, to coast along, keep close to the shore.

*Rasibus, adv. close; (du nez) under (one's

nose)

RASOIR, ra-zwar, s. m. razor.

RASSASIANT, E, ra-sa-zi-en, ent, adj. all-

ing, cloying.
RASSASIÉ, E, adj. satisfied, full, filled, that

has his belly full.

RASSASIEMENT, rå-så-zå-men, s. m. satisfying or filling of one's belly, satisty, being satiated.

RASSASIER, rå-så-zl-å, v. a. to satisfy, fill, fill one's belly, cloy or glut. Se russasier, to fill one's belly, eat one's belly full. Ne pas se rassasier de, not to be tired of.

RASSEMBLEMENT, s. m. meeting, joining,

gathering together.

RASSEMBLER, rå-sen-blå, v. a. to join or put or clap together again, gather together; to reassemble or call together again. Serussembler, to reassemble, meet or get or gather together again. Rassembler, Mar. Nous rassemblanes le convoi avant le coucher du soleil, we collected the convoy before sun-set. L'escadre doit se rassembler à Torbay, the fleet is to rendezvous at Torbay.

RASSEOIR or RASSOIR, ra-swar, (like as-

seoir) v. n. to settle; (un fer de chevul) to fix ou, fasten. Se russeoir, to sit down again. Rasskrener, v. a. to make serene, clear (the weather.) Se russéréner, v. r. to clear up, grow serene and clear; clear one's brow, look cheerfully.

RASSIÉGER, v. a. to besiege again, lay a new siege to.

RASSIS, E, ra-si, siz, adj. settled; sedate, sober, staid. De sens rassis, with a sound judgment, in one's right senses. Du pain rassis, stale bread.

RASSOTER, ra-sô-ta, v. a. to infatuate, in-

toxicate, besot.

RASSURER, ra-sū-ra, v. a. to encourage; hearten, put in heart again, remove one's fears, keep up. Se rassurer, v. r. to take courage again, cheer up again, take fresh courage, pluck up a heart, recover one's self; settle (speaking of the weather.)

RAT, ra, s. m. rat. Mort aux rats, ratsbane. Avoir des rats, to be maggoty or whimsical. Prendre un rat, to flash in the

pan, miscarry, miss one's aim.
RATAFIA, ra-ta-fla, s. m. ratafia.
RATAN, V. Rotin.

RATATINE, E, adj. shrivelled, shrunk in.

to be merry.

RATEAU, ra-to, s. m. rate; ward of a lock. Rateau, s. m. Mar. rack. Rateau en poulies, rack with running sheeves. Rateunx à che-villots, cross pieces. V. Ratelier.

RATELEE, rat-la, s. f. raking (as much hay, grass, etc. as is taken at once with a rake.) Dire sa ratelée, to tell freely one's story or tale, speak what one knows or thinks.

speak what one knows or hinks.

RATELEUR, råt-lå, v. a. to rake.

RATELEUR, råt-leur, s. m. raker.

*RATELEUR, s., råt-leu, leur, adj. splenetick, troubled with the spleen.

RATELIER, råt-llå, s. m. rack to put hay in

for horses to feed on; rack to set or hang things on; set of teeth. Ratelier, s. m. Mar. rack, etc. Ratelier as beaupre, rack or range (of blocks placed on each side of the gammoning) of a ship's bowsprit. Rateliers à cherillots, cross-pieces (of a windlass,) ranges fixed to the shrouds, etc. (in which belaying pins

RATER, ra-ta, v. n. & a. to miss, miscarry, snap, flash in the pan.
RATER, E. ra-tla, tler, adj. maggoty, whimsical.

RATIERE, rå-tler, s. f. rat or mouse trap. KATIFICATION, rå-tl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. ratification.

RATIFIER, rå-tl-fl-å, v. a. te ratify. RATINE, rå-tln, s. f. rateen. RATIOCINATION, s. f. ratiocination, reasoning, discourse, argument.

RATIOCINER, v. n. to ratiocinate, reason

RATION, ra-slon, s. f. daily allowance (of provisions or forage.) Demi-ration, half allowance. Mettre l'équipage à demi-ration, to put the crew on half allowance. V. Réduire.

RATIONNEL, LE, rå-sið-nél, adj. rational. RATISSER, rå-ti-så, v. a. to scrape or rake

RATISSOIRE, rå-ti-swår, s. f. iron-rake. RATISSURES, ra-tl-sur, s. f. pl. scrapings. RATON, s. m. penny or half-penny tart, cheese-cake, young rat. RATTACHER, ra-ta-sha, v. a. to tie again.

RATTEINT, É, adj. overtaken again.

RATTEINDRE, rå-tindr, v. a. (see the table

at eindre) to over-take, catch again.
RATTRAPER, ra-tra-pa, v. a. to catch or overtake again, come up with, recover, retrieve or regain.

RATURE, ra-tur, s. f. erasement, rasure, dash (through any writing.) Ratures de

parchemin, scrapings of parchment.
RATURER, a.td-ra, v. a. to blot, rase, put

or scratch out; (le parchemin) to scrape.
RAUCITÉ, rô-si-th, s. f. raucity, hoarseness. RAUQUE, rok, adj. noarse, harsh.

RAVAGE, ra-vaz, s. m. havock, waste, spoil, ruin, devastation; bustle.

RAVAGER, ra-va-za, v. a. to ravage, spoil, ransack or lay waste.

ransack or lay waste.

RAVALEMENT, "ā-vāl-mēn, s. m. plastering or rough casting (of a wall;) fall, disgrace, contempt, disparagement. Ravalement, Mar. fall (of a ship's deck.)

RAVALER, "ā-vā-lā, v. a. to swallow down

RATATINER, (SE) V. n. to shrink, shri-again; to put or bring lower; to under-value, vilify, debase; (un mur) to finish or perfect; (de priz) to fall (in its price.) Faire ravaler be morry.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : fant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

words, make one recant. Se ravuler, v. r. to under-value or debase one's self; descend.

RAVAUDAGE, ra-vò-daz, s. m. mending, botching, botched or bungled work.

RAVAUDER, ra-vò-da, v. a. & n. to botch, mend, bustle about in the house, rattle or scold at, teaze or plague.

RAVAUDERIE, ra-vo-drl, s. f. silly or im-

per tinent or idle stuff, nonsense, impertinence. RAVAUDEU-R, SE, rå-vò-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. botcher, impertinent, nonsensical creature.

RAVE, rav, s. f. radish; turnip.

RAVELIN, rav-lin, s. m. ravelin.
RAVI, E, rav-l, vl, adj. ravished, etc. according to Ravir. Ravi de, ravished with, wrapped up in, glad of.

RAVIGOTE, s. f. scallion sauce.

RAVIGOTER, rå-vi-gô-tå, v. a. to brisk up

again, revive.

RAVILIR, rå-vi-lir, v. a. to debase, vilify; disgrace or under-value, disparage, make or render despicable.

RAVIN, ra-vin, s. m. gutter made by a flood

or torreut.

RAYINE, ra-vin, s. f. flood, great flood;

gutter made by a flood.

RAVIR, ra-vir, v. a. to ravish, rob, steal, snatch away, take by force, wrest from; (par un excès de joie) to ravish, charm, please exceedingly, rapture. A ravir, to admiration, wonderfully well.

RAVISER, (SE) se-ra-vi-sa, v. r. to change one's mind, bethink one's self, think better

of it. RAVISSANT, E, ra-vi-sen, sent, adj. ravenous, rapacious; ravishing, admirable, charm-

RAVISSEMENT, rå-vis-men, s. m. ravishing or ravishment, carrying off by force, rape;

rapture, ecstasy.

RAVISSEUR, ra-vi-seur, s. m. ravisher, one

that has committed a rape; robber.

RAVITAILLEMENT, ra-Vi-th/-men, s. m.
supplying of a place with fresh provisions or
ammunium, supply of provisions and ammu-

RAVITAILLER, ra-vi-ta-la, v. a. to victual,

supply with provisions.

RAVIVER, rå-vi-vå, v. a. to revive, brisk up.

RAVOIR, rå-vwar, v. a. (only used in the infinitive) to have again, recover, get again. Seravoir, v.r. to recover, gather new strength;

pick up one's crumbs.

RAYÉ, E, rê-ya, adj. blotted, scratched;
crossed out, barred, etc. striped, full of stripes;

(exid of fire-arms) screwed or rifled.

RAYER, re-ya, v. a. to bar, cross or strike out, erase, cancel; to streak, make streaks or lines, furrow; (une arme à feu) to rife or screw.
RAYON, re-yon, s. m. beam, ray; (d'un

cercle) radius; radius (larger bone of the forearm;) furrow; (d'une roue) spoke; (terme de monnoie) bar; (de bon sens) grain. Rayon de miel, honey-comb.

RAYONNANT, E, re-yô-nen, nent, adj. ra-diant, beamy, sparkling, shining. RAYONNEMENT, re-yôn-mên, s. m. radia-tion, casting forth of beams.

RAYONNER, re-yo-na, v. n. to cast forth beams, radiate, shine; spread.

RAYURE, re-yur, s. f. (dans une étoffe)

stripe or stripes; (dons une arme à feu) rifle. !!

RAZE, s. f. calking pitch; kind of serge.

Ri, rà, s. m. adj. musical note.
Ri, rà, s. m. adj. musical note.
Riaction, rà-âk-slon, s. f. reaction.
Riacgrave, rà-â-gràv, s. m. last threat
ening monitory, last commination.
Riacgraver, rà-â-grà-và, v. a. to reag

gravate. V. Réaggrave.

RÉAGIR, v. n. to act again, re-act. RÉAJOURNEMENT, ra-à - 20orn-mên, s. m new summons or re-summons.

RÉAJOURNER, rå-å-zôor-nå, v. a. to sum-

mon again. REAL, ra-al, s. m. (réaux, pl.) Réale, s. f (réales,) pl. real (Spanish coin.)

RÉALE, s. f. the commander's galley. . RÉALGAR, s. m. realgar.

RÉALISATION, s. m. realizing. RÉALISER, ra-à-ll-zà, v. a. to realize, make real

RÉALITÉ, rå-å-ll-tå, s. f. reality, real existence, real presence.

RÉAPPOSER, v. a. Ex. Réapposer le scellé, to seal again.

RÉASSIGNATION, rå-å-sl-gnå-sion, s. f. new assignment; new summons into court, resummons.

RÉASSIGNER, rå-å-sl-gnå, v. a. to assign anew; summon again.

REATU, (être in) to be impeached of a crime.

REBAISER, re-be-za, v. a. to kiss again. REBANDER, re-be-da, v. a. (us arc) to new-bend or bend again; (un pistolet) to cock again; (une blessure) to bind up again.
REBARTISER, re-ba-il-za, v. a. to re-bap-

tize, haptize again.

RÉBARBATI-F, vE, rå-bår-bå-tif, tiv, adj.
snappish, crabbed, sour, cross.

REBATER, v. a. to put on the pack saddle again.

REBATIR, re-ba-tir, v. a. to rebuild, build

up again.
REBATTRE, re-batr, v. a. (like battre) to beat again, beat over and over; repeat, tell over and over; (les cartes) to shuffle again.

REBATTU, E, adj. beaten again, etc. Rebattre. REBAUDIR, v. a. (terme de chasse) to caress

(dogs.)
REBEC, s. m. rebeck.
REBELLE, re-bell, adj. & s. rebellious, disobedient; rebel. Métaux rebelles, hard to be

REBELLER, (SE) sê-rê-bê-là, v. r. to rebel,

rise up, revolt.

RÉBELLION, ra-bè-lion, s. f. rebellion, re-

volt, rising, insurrection.

Rebenin, re-ba-nir, v. a. to new-consecrate.

Rebequer, (se) se-re-ba-na, v. r. to make

repartees, be saucy or malapert.

REBLANCHIR, re-blen-shir, v. a. to newwash or wash again; new white or white again. REBOIRE, re-bwar, v. a. (like boire) to drink again. Reboire sa sueur, to soak in one's sweat.

REBONDI, E, re-bon-di, di, adj round, plump and hard

REBONDIR, re-bon-dir, v. n. to rebound, bounce up again.

REBONDISSEMENT, re-bon-dis-men, s. m.

rebounding, rebound, rebouncing.
REBORD, re-bor, s. m. border, edge, hem, (in architecture) border or ledge.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field fig: robe, roh, ford: mood, good.

REBORDER, re-bor-da, v. a. to new-border or new-bind. ♥
REBOTTER, re-bo-ta, (sr) v. r. to put on

boots again.

REBOUCHEMENT, s. m. blunting.
REBOUCHER, re-bôo-sha, v. a. to stop
again: blunt, make blunt or dull. Se reboucher, to grow blunt or dull.

REBOUILLIR, re-boo-dr. v. a. (like bouil-

lir) to boil again.

REBOURGEONNER, v. n. to bud or shoot

REBOURS, re-boor, s. m. wrong side of a stuff; also contrary sense and meaning. rebours or an rebours, the wrong way, prerevours or air recours, the wrong way, pre-posterously, cross, quite contrary. A rebours de poil, against the hair, the wrong way. REBOURS, E., adj. cross, cross-grained. REBOUTONNER, rê-bôo-tô-na, v. a. to but-

ton again.

REBRASER, v. a. to solder again. REBRASSER, re-bra-så, v. a. & n. to brew *Se rebrasser, to tuck or turn up one's again.

REBRIDER, re-bri-da, v. a. to bridle again. REBRODER, v. a. to embroider over again. REBROUILLER, re-broo-fa, v. a. to jum-

ble, mix, entangle, embroil, confound again. REBROUSSE POIL, (A) adv. against the bair or the grain, the wrong sense, the con-

trary sense or meaning.
REBROUSSER, re-broo-sa. v. a. & n. (les cheveux) to turn up; (chemin) to turn or go back, return.

REBROYER, re-brwh-ya,v.a. to grind again. REBRUNIR, re-brd-nir, v. a. to burnish again, new-burnish

REBUFFADE, re-bu-fad, s. f. rebuff, re-

pulse, denial, snappish answer.
REBUS, s. m. rebus, clinching, witticism or

device; silly pun, foolish conceit, impertinence, nonsense.

REBUT, re-bå, s. m. repulse, rebuff, foil, denial; outcast, refuse, trash, riff-raff, sad paltry stuff. De rebut, unfit for service, cast

off. Papier de rebut, waste or refuse paper.
REBUTANT, E, re-bû-tên, tênt, adj. loathsome, tedious, crabbed, hard, discouraging; forbidding, odious, hateful, disagreeable, crabbed.

REBUTER, re-bû-ta, v. a. to repulse, reject, deny, refuse, thrust or turn away; to dishearten, discourage, dispirit, deter, forbid, disgust, tire. Se rebuter, v. r. to despond, be

discouraged or disheartened.

RECACHER, re-kā-shā, v. a. to hide again.

RECACHETER, re-kāsh-tā, v. a. to seal up

again.

RÉCALCITRANT, E, rå-kål-sl-trèn, trènt, adj. reluctant, refractory.
*RÉCALCITRER, v. n. to be averse or re-

luctant or refractory.

RÉCAPITULATION, ra-ka-pl-tu-la-slon. s. f. recapitulation, summing up.
RECAPITULER, rå-kå-pl-tå-lå, v. a. to re-

capitulate, sum up.

RECARRELER, re-kar-la, v. a. to new-pave.

RECÉDER, v. a. to give back. RECÉLÉ, or RECÈLEMENT, a. m. conceal-

ment or concealing.

RECELER, res-la, v. a. to conceal or receive (stolen things,) secrete, harbour.

RECÉLEU-R, SE, res leur, leuz, s. m. & f. re ceiver of stolen things, one that harbours or lodges or receives stolen things.

RECEMMENT, rå-så-men, adv. recently

newly, lately, freshly, of late.

RECENSEMENT, re-sens-men, s. m. hearing or examination of witnesses; also new verification of goods (of their quality, quantity or weight.)

RECENSER, re-sen-sa, v. a. to hear wit-

nesses, verify goods again.
RÉCENT, E. rà-sen, sent, adj. recent, new, fresh, lately done or happened.

Etre récent d'une lecture, to have that fresh in one's me mory which has been read lately.

RECEPAGE, res-paz, s. m. lopping a tree of its branches.

RECEPÉE, s. f. that part of the wood that has been lopped.

RECEPER, rés-på, v. a. to lop. RÉCÉPISSÉ, rå-så-pl-så, s. m. receipt. RÉCEPTACLE, rå-sép-tákl, s. m. sink, sew-

er or common shore; also receptacle, shelter,

RECEPTION, s. f. reception or receiving, receipt; welcome, entertainment, reception; admittance.

RECETTE, re-set, s. f. receipt; the receiver's office; recipe.

Recevable, res-vabl, adj. receivable, fit

to be admitted, good, right, lawful, allowable. RECEVEU-R, SE, res-veur, veuz, s. m. & f.

receiver; (d'un seigneur) steward; (d'une

wille) chamberlain or treasurer.

Recevoir, res-vwar, v. a. (see evoir at concevoir) to receive; take; admit, allow or approve of; to welcome, entertain or treat, make a reception; to lodge or harbour; to occept, accept of, like; to feel; (une opinion) to take up. Recevoir, Mar. to receive, etc. Vous reclutes plusieurs boulds dans votre mature, you received several shots in your masts and yards. Recevoir une grosse lume à bord. to ship a heavy sea.

RECEZ, s. m. Ex Le recez de l'empire d'Allemagne, the register of the resolutions of the Imperial diet.

RÉCHAFAUDER, rå-shå-fò-då, v. a. to make

fresh scaffolding, new-scaffold.

RECHANGE, re-shenz, s. m. (terme de négoce) re-change. Mar. spare stores and rigging. Rechanges du maître, the boatswain's spare stores. Voiles de rechange, spare sails. Mâls et vergues de rechange, spare masts and yards.

RECHANGER, re-shen-za, v a. to change

again.

RECHANTER, re-shen-ta, v. a. to sing again, sing over and over, tell over and over, tell often. RÉCHAPPER, ra-sha-pa, v. n. to escape, re-cover. Réchappé de la potence, scape-gallows. RECHARGE, re-sharz, s. f. additional tax,

increase of taxes; (d'une arme à feu) second

RECHARGER, re-shar-za, v. a. to charge or load again; (l'ennemi) to make a second charge upon; to repeat an order.

RECHASSER, re-sha-sa, v. a. to beat back.

drive back again, turn out again; also to hunt again.

RÉCHAUD, rå-shò, s. m. chafing-dish. RÉCHAUFFEMENT, s. m. new coat of fresh manure applied to a hot-bed.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RÉCHAUFFER, rå-sho-få, v. a. to warm or heat again, make or keep warm; to stir up or kindle again, to give new life or warmth or spirit to; (le combat) to renew. Se réchauffer, v. r. to warm one's self or get one's self warm again, grow warm again; also to break out or be kindled again. RECHAUFFOIR, ra-sho-fwar, s. m. kind of

stove to warm again the dishes brought from

a distant kitchen.

RECHAUSSER, re-sho-sa, v. a. to put on again; to beat over again (a metal.) Ex. Il rechaussa ses bas, he put on his stockings again. Rechausser un arbre, to lay new earth about the root of a tree

RÉCHAUT, V. Réchaud. RÉCHE, adj. rough, rude. RECHEOIR, V. Rechoir. RECHERCHE, rè-shèrsh, s. f. search, re-

search, inquiry, quest, seeking after, curious research or observation; affectation; (des actions) calling to an account, bringing into question; courting, wooing, making love, amorous addresses. D'Entrecasteaux fut envoyé à la recherche de l'infortuné La Pérouse, D'Entrecasteaux was sent in quest of the unfortunate La Perouse. Faire la recherche d'une chose, to inquire into a thing.

RECHERCHÉ, E, rê-shêr-shâ, adj. sought or inquired after, searched into, etc. V. Rechercher, laboured; affected. Pensee trop re-

cherchée, far-fetched thought.

RECHERCHER, re-sher-sha, v. a. to seek again, to look a second time for, call to an account; to court, sue for; (un tableau, etc.) to correct, finish, polish.

RECHIGNÉ, E, re-shl-gnà, adj. & s. grim gruff, grim-faced, pouting, gruff or grim-faced

creature.

RECHIGNER, regshl-gua, v. n. to look grim or gruff or crabbed, have a sour look, pout.
RECHOIR, re-shwar, v. n. (like choir) to fall again; also to fall sick again, relapse.

RECHU, E, adj. fallen again, relapsed. RECHUTE, re-shut, s. f. second fall; also

RÉCIDIVE, rà-sì-div, s. f. recidivation, re-

Récidiven, rå-sl-dl-vå, v. n. to relapse. Récipé, rå-sl-på, s. m. recipe, physician's

prescription. RÉCIPIENDAIRE, rà-sì-plèn-dèr, s. m. one who stands to be admitted into some office, society, etc.

RÉCIPIENT, rå-sl-pl-en, s. m. recipient. RÉCIPROCATION, rå-sl-prò-kå-slon, s. f. re-

ciprocation, interchanging.

RECIPROCITE, ra-si-pro-si-ta, s. f. recipro-

RÉCIPROQUE, rà-sì-prok, adj. reciprocal mutual, interchangeable. [] A verb is called Reciprocal when the pronouns Se, Nous, Vous, mean one another or each other. But reciprocity is expressed in some verbs by S'entre, nous entre, vous entre, instead of the simple se, nous, vous, which might appear ambiguous without the word muduellement or reciproquement, which are equivalent to entre, which becomes entr' when the verb begins with a vowel. We may say in French, s'entr'aimer, to love one another, nous nous entraimons, we love one another. Vous vous entr'aimez, you love one another. Ils s'entr'aiment, or elles | ciscan friar or nun.

s'entr'aiment, they love one another. And so of the other tenses, s'entre-blesser, nous nous entre-blessons, vous vous entre-blessez, ils s'en-tre-blessent. If we say simply s'aimer, it would not only signify to love one another, but also to love one's self; then nows nows aimons would signify both we love one another, and we love ourselves. This remark will apply to all infinitives with s'entre or s'entr', since to the meaning of the infinitive, which may be found at its proper place in the alphabet, it is only necessary to add one another, each other, and sometimes to one another, to each other, as in 'entre-parler, to talk to each other or together.

RÉCIPROQUE, s. m. return, like for like. Je vous rendrai te réciproque, I shall make you a return, I shall requite you, I shall be even

with you.

RÉCIPROQUEMENT, rå-sî-prôk-mên, adv. reciprocally, mutually, interchangeably.
RÉCIPROQUER, v. n. to reciprocate, re-

quite, be even with.

RÉCIRER, ra-si-ra, v. a. to new-wax, to wax again.

RÉCISION, rå-sì-zìon. V. Rescision. RÉCIT, rå-sì, s. m. recital, account, relation, report, narration; (in musick) recitative. RÉCITATEUR, rä-sì-sì-sì-tèur, s. m. reciter.

rehearser.

RÉCITATIF, rå-si-th-tif, s. f. recitative. RÉCITATION, ra-si-ta-sion, s. f. recitation. RÉCITER, rà-sl-tà, v. a. to recite, rehearse.

tell or relate. RÉCLAMATION, rå-klà-må-slon, s. f. recla-

mation. RÉCLAME, rå-klåm, s. f. (in printing,)

catch word RÉCLAME, s. m. (in falconry) reclaiming

Oiseau qui revient au réclame, bird that returns readily to the lure.

RÉCLAMER, rå-klå-må, v. a. to sue or beg for, implore, call upon; to claim, challenge demand or sue; (un oiseau) to reclaim. clamer, v. n. to contradict or gainsay, com-plain, expostulate, protest. Se réclamer de quelqu'un, v. r. to make use of one's name, say that one belongs to him, challenge one's acquaintance with him.

Reclamper, rê-klên-på, v. a. Mar. to repair a broken mast or main yard.

RECLINANT, E, adj. reclining.

RECLINER, v. n. to recline.
RECLOUER, re-kloo-a, v. a. to nail again
RECLURE, re-klor, v. a. (part. reclus) (onla used in the infinitive and compound tenses) to

cloister up, shut up in a cloister. RECLUS, E, re-klu, kluz, adj. & s. cloister-

ed up, recluse.

RECOGNER, re-kô-gna, v. a. to knock to thrust in again; also to drive or beat back, give a warm or smart reception to, pay off. RECOIFFER, re-kwa-fa, v. a. to dress one's head again.

RECOIN, re-kwin, s. m. corner, nook, by

place, recess. RÉCOLEMENT, rà-kôl-mên, s. m. re-examination.

RÉCOLER, rå-kô-lå, v. a. to re-examine witnesses.)

RECOLLECTION, ra-ko-lek-sion, s. f. recollection.

RÉCOLLET, TE, s. m. & f. Recollect, Fran-

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleld, flg : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

RECOLLER, re-kô-la, v. a. to paste or glue again.
RÉCOLLIGER, (SE) số-rà-kô-ll-zh, v. r. to

RÉCOLTE, ra-kôlt, s. f. crop, harvest. RÉCOLTER, v. a. to reap, obtain. RECOMMANDABLE, re-kô-mên-dabl, adj.

commendable, praise-worthy, estimable.
RECOMMANDARESSE, re-ko-men-da-res, s.

f. woman that keeps an office of intelligence.
RECOMMANDATION, re-ko-men-da-slon, s. f. recommendation, recommending; esteem, value, request; (in law) detainder; (for stolem goods) advertisement, notice. Avoir l'hon-

Recommandation, to value one's bonour. Recommander, re-kô-men-dâ, v. a. to recommend; to desire, charge; to recommend or leave to the care of; (in law) to lodge a detainer against; to send an advertisement or a notice (about stolen goods.) Recommun-der quelqu'un aux prières de l'église, to pray for one at church. Se recommander à, v. r. to commend or recommend one's self to, im-

plore the protection of. RECOMMENCER, re-kô-mèn-så, v. a. & n.

to begin again, begin anew, renew.
RECOMPENSE, ra-kon-pens, s. f. recompense, reward, requital, compensation, punishment. En recompense, to make amends, by

way of recompense, etc.
RÉCOMPENSER, ra-kon-pên-sa, v. a. to recompense, reward, requite; reward or punish,

make up for, make up. RECOMPOSER, re-kon-pô-za, v. a. to com-

pose again, set again, recompose. RECOMPOSITION, re-kon-po-21-slon, s. f. (terme de chimie) recomposition. RECOMFTER, re-kon-ta, v. a. to tell over

or reckon again.

RÉCONCILIABLE, ra-kon-si-ll-abl, adj. reconcileable.

RÉCONCILIAT-EUR, RICE, ra-kon-sî-lî-a-

teur, tris, s. m. & f. reconciler. RÉCONCILIATION, rà-kon-sl-fl-à-slon, s. f. reconcilement, reconciliation. Réconciliation

d'une église, new-consecrating of a church. Réconciller, ra-kon-si-li-à, v. a. to re-concile: (une église) to new-consecrate. Se réconcilier (avec) v. r. to reconcile one's self, make one's peace, be reconciled (with.)

*Réconduction, s. f. Ex. Tacite réconduction, enjoyment of the premises upon the same condition as before, without a renewal of the lease.

RECONDUIRE, re-kon-dåir, v. a. (see the table at uire) to wait upon (one) back, recon-Cuct; also to drive away, send packing.
RECONDUIT, E, adj. brought back again,

reconducted.

*Reconfirmer, re-kon-ffr-må, v. a. to confirm again.

*Réconfort, rå-kon-for, s. m. comfort, consolation.

RÉCONFORTATION, s. f. the act of com-

*Reconforter, ra-kon-for-ta, v. a. to comfort, console.

RECONFRONTATION, ra-kon-fron-la-sion, P. f. confronting again.

RÉCONFRONTER, ra-kon-fron-tà, v. a. to confront again, bring again face to face.

RECONFORSABLE, re-kô-nê-sabl, adj. easy

to be known again

RECONNOISSANCE, re-kô-ne-sens, s. f. acknowledgment or knowing again, recogni-tion, recognizance, discovery; acknowledg-ment, gratitude, thankfulness; requital, re-ward; acknowledging, acknowledgment, own ing; confession, recognizance, bond. Reconmark; also the act of reconnoitring. Reconnoissance certaine, leading-mark. Reconnoissance qui cadrant avec une autre, détermine la position où l'on doit être, thwart mark. volcan de l'île de Bourbon est un bon point de reconnoissance la nuit, the volcano of the isle of Bourbon is an excellent land-mark by

night.

RECONNOISSANT, E, rê-kô-nê-sên, sênt, adi, grateful, thankful.

RECONNOITRE, rê-kô-nêtr, v. a. (see the table at ottre) to know or know again; to find out, see, discover, perceive, be satisfied; to acknowledge, own or confess; to consider, be thankful or grateful for; to reconnoitre, observe, view, take a view of. Reconnoitre une rente, to recognise a rent. Se reconnoître, v. r. to come to one's self; repent or acknowledge one's fault; know where one is; to reledge one's self: v. a. Mar. to reconnoitre, make out, etc. Reconnoitre la terre, to reconnoitre the land. Depuis que le bâtiment par la hanche nous a reconnu, il est arrivé, since the ship on the quarter has made us out, she has bore up. Reconnectre un bâtiment, to approach a vessel in order to discover her force and of what nation she is.

RECONNU, E, adj. known, acknowledged,

V. Reconnoître.

RECONQUERIR, re-kon-ka-rir, v. a. (see the table at querir) to conquer again.

RECONQUIS, E, adj. conquered again.
RECONSTRUCTION, S. f. building again.
RECONSTRUIRE, Te-kons-tult, v. a. (see the table at sare) to build up again.

RECONSULTER, re-kon-sůl-tå, v. a. to con-

sult again.

RECONTER, re-kon-tå, v. a. to relate or tell again. RECONVOQUER, rê-kon-vô-kå, v. a. to con-

vene again, call together again, reassemble. RECOPIER, re-kd-pla, v. a. to copy again,

write fair again.
RECOQUILLÉ, E, adj. curled, curled up, turned up.

RECOQUILLEMENT, re-kô-kil-mên, s. m

curling up, shrinking, turning up.
RECOQUILLER, re-kd-kl-da, v. a. to curl curl up, turn up, shrink up, shrivel; (son cha peau) to cock up. Se recoquiller, v. r. to curl

or curl up, shrink up, turn up.
RECORDER, re-kor-da, v. a. (quelqu'un) to instruct; (sa leçon) to get without book (in law) to record. Exploits recordes, sum mous before two witnesse

RECORRIGER, re-ko-ri-za, v. a. to correct again, revise

RECORS, re-kor, s. m. sergeant's or bailiff's assistant, setter.

RECOUCHER, re-koo-sha, v. a. to put to bed again.

RECOUDRE, re-koodr, v. a. (like coudre) to

sew, sew up again.

RECOUPE, reskop, s. f. waste. s
rubbish or stones; middle sort of bran. s. f. waste. shards RECOUPER, re-kôo-på, v. a. to cut again base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RECOURBER, v. a. to crook, make crook-ed, to bend. Se recourber, v. r. to grow crooked, to bena

RECOURTR, re-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir) to run again; have recourse, fly for succour or help or relief. Mar. Faire recourir une manoeuvre, to light along a rope. Recourir les coutures d'un bâtiment, to run over the seams of a ship (in calking.)

*RECOURRE, re-koor, v. a. (only used in the infinitive and participle recous) to rescue

(a prisoner.)
RECOURS, rê-koor, s. m. recourse, refuge; relief, remedy, redress.

*Recous, E, adj. (from Recourre) rescued. Recousse, re-koos, s. f. rescue, help. RECOUSU, E. adj. (from Recoudre) sewed

egain. RECOUVER, re-koo-va. v. a. to brood or

sit on again.

RECOUVERT, E, adj. covered again, new covered; recovered. V. Recouper.

RECOUVRABLE, re-koo-vrabl, adj. recoverable.

RECOUVREMENT, rê-kôovr-mên, s. m. recovery, recovering, regaining, re-obtaining;

gathering, levy, receipt (of laxes.)
RECOUVRER, re-kdo-vra, v. a. to recover,

regain, retrieve, levy, gather.
RECOUVEIR, re-koo-vrir, v. a. (like cou-

erir) to cover again, new cover. RECRACHER, re-kra-sha, v. n. & 2. to spit

often, spit out again.

RECREANCE, re-kra-ens, s. f. provisional possession given in a suit to one of the parties till the cause be determined. Lettres de récreance, recredentials.

RÉCRÉATI-F, VE, râ-krâ-k-tif, tlv, adj. re-creative, diverting, pleasant, delightful, entertaining.

RÉCRÉATION, rå-krå-å-slon, s. f. recrea-

tion, refreshment, sport, diversion. RÉCRÉDENTIAIRE, rå-krå-den-sier, s. m.

recredentiary, one who holds a living in liti-

gation conditionally. RECREER, rå-krå-å, v. a. to recreate, refresh, divert or delight, make merry, enliven, relieve. Se récréer, v. r. to recreate or divert or refresh one's self, unbend one's spirit.

RÉCRÉMENT, s. m. recrement.

RECREPIR, v. a. to parget or plaster again. RECREUSER, re-kreu-za, v. a. to dig up

again or deepen.

RECRIBLER, rê-krî-blî, v. a. to shift again. RÉCRIER, (SE) sê-râ-krl-a, v. r. (contre or sur) to cry out upon, exclaim at, clamour against.

Récrimination, rå-krl-ml-nå-slon, s. f. recrimination.

RÉCRIMINER, rå-kri-mi-nå, v. n. to recriminate, return an accusation.

RÉCRIRE, ra-krlr, v. a. (like écrire) to write again, write over again, answer or write an answer.

RÉCRIT, E, adj. writ over again.

RECROITRE, v. n. to grow again. RECROQUEVILLER, (SE) se-re-krok-vi-la, v. r. to curl or turn or roll up; to rivel, shri-

vel, shriuk up. RECRUTTER, (SE) se re-kro-ta, v. r. to get

fresh dirt, be dirty again. RECRU, E, re-k. û, krû, adj. tired, weary, spent, out of hear . jaded.

RECRUE, rê-kra, s. f. recruit, recruiting. RECRUTER, re-kru-ta, v. a. to recruit or fill up.

RECRUTEUR, s. m. one who recruits soldiers.

RECTA, rik-ta. adv. directly, punctually. RECTANGLE, rek-tengl, adj. rectangular; s. m. rectangic.

RECTANGULATRE, adj. rectangular.

RECTEUR, rêk-têur, s. m. rec

RECTIFICATION, rek-ti-fi-kh-sion, s. f. rectification, rectifying or refining.

RECTIFIER, rek-ti-fi-h, v. a. to rectify, car-

rect, redress, mend, better, sot to rights again; (in chymistry) to rectify or refine.

RECTILIGNE, rêk-if-lîgn, adj. rectilineal,

fore

RECTITUDE, rek-ti-tud, s. c. uprightness, rectitude, honesty, probity, integrity; (de la vue) directness.

Rесто, rek-to, s. m. first page of a leaf.

RECTORAL, E, attj. rectorial.

RECTORAL, E, attj. rectorial.

RECTORAT, rek-to-ra, s. m. rectorship.

REÇU, E, adj. received, admitted, etc. V

Recevoir. REÇU, rê-sû, s. m. receipt or discharge. RECUEIL, rê-kêul, s. m. collection. RECUEILLEMENT, rê-kêul-mên, s. m. re-

collection.

RECUEILLIR, re-keu-fr. v. a. (like cueillir) to gather, reap, get in, get; to get together; to select, pick out, compile; to receive or estertain; to gather or infer; (les brecits) to pick up; (ses esprits) to recollect one's self. Se recueillir, to recollect one's self; also to sum up or recapitulate what one has said be-

RECUIRE, rê-kûlr, v. a. (see the table at uire.) Recuit, to broil or bake or roast again; to neal (metals.)

RECUIT, TE, re-kûl, kûlt, adj. boiled or baked or roasted again; nealed; (trop cuit) over-boiled or baked or roasted, over-done.

RECUIT, s. m. Recuite, s. f. nealing, baking. RECUITEUR, re-kûl-teur, s. m. blancher or boiler (in the mint.)

RECUL, re-kûl, s. m. recoil, recoiling (of cannon.)

RECULADE, rê-kû-lâd, s. f. drawing backwards (as of a carriage or carriages;) putting

off (of a final settlement.)
RECULÉ, E, re-kd-la, adj. put or pulled or

drawn back, étc. remoté, far.
*Reculée, s. f. Ex. Feu de reculée, scorch-

TREGULEE, s. I. Ex. Feu ae recute, scorcing fire that makes people draw back.

RECULEMENT, re-kil-men, s. m. delaying, delay, putting off; breeching (of a harness.)

RECULEMENT, re-kil-ia, v. a. to put or pull or draw back; to put off, delay, retard; to put off, remove; to extend, enlarge, carry farther: v. n. to go or fall or draw back; give ground, recoil; to go back, hang an arse, shift. It n'y a plus moyen (or il n'est plus per mis) de reculer, there is no going back. Se reculer, to go or fall or draw back.

RECULONS, (A) ar-ku-lon, adv. backward; down the wind, cross, preposterously.

RÉCUPÉRER, (se) sê-râ-kû-pâ-râ, v. r. to recover, retrieve, make up (one's losses.) RÉCUSABLE, râ-kû-zâbl, adj exceptiona-

ble, liable to exception.

RECUSATION, ra-ku-za-slow, s. f challenge, exception in law.

bar. bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

RÉCUSER. rà-kû-zà, v. a. to challenge, except against. REDACTEUR, rå-dåk-teur, s. m. compiler,

digester. RÉDACTION, rå-dåk-slon, s. f. digesting. REDAN, rå-dèn, s. m. redan (in fortifica-

RÉDARGUER, rê-dâr-gû-å, v. a. (pron. the

a) to rebuke, reprove.

REDDITION, red-di-slon, s. f. (d'une place) reddition, surrender, surrendering; (de comptes) giving in, rendering.

REDÉBATTRE, v. a. irr. (like battre) to de-

bate or examine or cauvass again.

REDECLARER, re-da-kla-ra, v. a. to declare again.

REDÉDIER, rê-dâ-dî-â, v. a. to dedicate

REDÉFAIRE, re-da-fer, v. a. (like faire) to

undo again. REDEJEUSER, rê-dâ-zêu-na, v. a. to eat a

second breakfast. REDÉLIBÉRER, v. a. to reconsider, to de-

liberate again upon REDELIVRER, rê-dâ-H-vrâ, v. a. to set at

liberty a second time.

REDEMANDER, red-men-da, v. a. to demand again; require back (any thing lent or given.)
REDEMOLIR, re-da-mo-ilr, v. a. to de-

nolish or pull down again. REDEMPTEUR, ra-denp-teur, s. m. Re-

deemer or Saviour.
RÉDEMPTION, ra-denp-sion, s. f. redemp-

tion, redeeming. REDÉPÉCHER, v. a. to despatch again.

REDESCENDRE, re-de-sendr, v. n. to come down again.

REDEVABLE, rêd-vabl, adj. who is still in ene's debt, indebted; beholden, bound, obliged.
REDEVANCE, red-vens, s. f. duty, rent or service (paid or rendered annually.

REDEVANCIER, E, red-ven-sia, sier, s. m.

REDEVENIE, re-dev-ner, v. n. (like remir)

REDEVENIE, re-dev-ner, v. n. (like remir)

REDEVENIE, re-dev-ner, v. n. (like remir)

REDEVENIE, red, grown or become again.

REDEVENIE, re-da-vl-da, v. a. to wind again (a chie of thread, etc.)

REDEVOIR, red-vwar, v. a. (like dereir) to remain in one's debt, owe still.

REDHIBITION, s. f. redhibition.

REDIGER, ra-di-ra, v. a. to digest, put into

erder. Rediger par ecrit, to write or write down, couch in writing, commit to writing.

REDIMER, (SE) se-ra-dl-ma, v. r. to free or

exempt one's self. REDINGOTE, re-din-got, s. f. riding-coat,

great coat. REDIRE, re-dir, v. a. (like dire) to repeat,

my or tell over again, tell again, blab. Trou-REDISEUR, s. m. a repeater or rehearser:

a tell tale. REDISTRIBUER, rê-dîs-trî-bû-â, v. a. to

distribute again.

REDITE, re-dit, s. f. new distribution. REDITE, re-dit, s. f. repetition, tautology. REDOMPTER, v. a. to subdue again.
REDOMDANCE, re-don-dens, s. f. redun-

dance, superfluity.

REDONDANT, E, rê-don-dên, dênt, adj. redundant, superfluous

REDONDER, rê-don-dâ, v. n. to redound be superfluous.

REDONNER, re-dô-na, v. a. to give again, give over and over, give back again, restore. Redonner, v. n to fall on again charge again; to redouble.

REDCRER, re-do-ra, v. a. to gild over again, new-gild.

REDORMIR, rê-dôr-ma, v n. irr. (like

dormir) to sleep again.

REDOUBLEMENT, re-doobl-men, s. m. in-

crease, redoubling

REDOUBLER, re-doo-bia, v. a. to new-line or line again (a garment;) redouble, double, increase, reiterate. Redoubler, (de jambes) v. n. to redouble or increase (one's speed.)

REDOUTABLE, re-doo-tabl, adj. dreadful. formidable.

REDOUTE, rê-dôot, s. f. redoubt. REDOUTER, rê-dôo-tâ, v. a. to sear, dread.

REDRESSEMENT, s. m. reforming. REDRESSER, re-dre-sa, v. a. to make straight, make straight again, put in the right way, set up again; (les torts) to redress, re-form, correct; to redress, rectify, set to rights again; (au jeu) to over-reach, nick. Be re-dresser, v. r. to grow straight again, get up dresser, v. r. to grow straight again, get up again; also smug up, trim up one's self. Redresser, v. a. se redresser, v. r. Mar. to right. Ex. Redresser un raisseau, to right a ship. Le bâtiment ne se redressa qu'après que nous eûmes compé tous nos mâts, the ship did not

right till we had cut away all our masts.

"REDRESSEUR, re-dre-seur, s. m. cheat, swindler; also redresser. Ex. Les cheveliers errans se disoient redresseurs de torts, knights-

errant se disonen rearesseure de torts, knignis-errant called themselves redressers of wrongs. RÉDUCTIBLE, rå-dåk-ild, adj. reducible. RÉDUCTIP, VE, rå-dåk-ild, ilv, adj. re-ductive. Ex. Sel réductif, reductive sak. RÉDUCTION, rå-dåk-slon, s. m. reduction

reducing, being reduced.

RÉDUIRE, rê-dûlr, v. a. (See the table at airs) to reduce; to subdue, bring to subjection; force, compel; to reclaim, reform; to digest; to confine; to diminish, abridge; to turn; (à la raison) to bring; (au désespoir) to drive; um cheval) to break; (son axis) to sum up. Réduire quelqu'un au petit pied, to bring one into (reduce one to) straits. Se réduire, v. r. to be reduced; confine one's self; come or amount; be reclaimed, to mend or reform.

Réduire, v. a. Mar. to reduce, etc. l'équipage fut réduit à un tiers de ration par la longueur de la traversée, the whole ship's company was reduced to one third allowance by the length of the passage. Le fort fut reduit par deux de nos vaisseaux de ligne, the fort was reduced by two of our line of battle

ships.
RÉDUIT, R, adj. (from réduire) reduced.

etc. Rźduit, rā-důl, s. m. by-place, nook, cor-

ner; intrenchment. REDUPLICATI-F, VZ, rå-då-pli-kå-tif, tiv, adj. reduplicative.
RÉDUPLICATION, rå-då-pll-kå-slon, s. f.

reduplication. REDIFICATION, ra-a-dl-fl-ka-slon, s. f.

re-edifying, rebuilding.
RÉÉDIFIER, rà-à-dì-flà v. a. to re-edify build again.

bûse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RÉEL, LE, ra-el, adj. real, true, that is ined. Monnoie réelle, current coin or money. RÉ-ÉLECTION, rå-å-lèk-slon, s. f. re-elec-

tion, or second election.

RÉELLEMENT, rà-èl-mên, adv. really, indeed.

RÉENGENDRER, rà-èn-zèn-drà, v. a. to regenerate

REER, ra-a, v. n. (terme de chasse) to bel-

low (as a red deer,) to croyn (as a fallow deer.)
REFAIRE, re-fer, v. a. (like faire) to do
again, do over again; make again; begin again; mend, repair, recover, refresh; also deal again. Se refaire, v. r. to recover, mend, recruit or refresh one's self.

REFAIT, E, re-fe, fet, adj. done over again,

Un gueux refait, an upstart.

REFAIT, s. m. drawn game; new borns (of deer.)

RÉFECTION, rå-fek-slon, s. f. repair or repairing; refection.

RÉFECTOIRE, rà-fèk-twar, s. m. refectory REFECTORIAIRE, s. f. nun that takes care of the refectory, house-keeper (in a nunnery. REFEND.re-fen, s. m. Ex. Mur de refend

partition wall. Bois de refend, wood sawed lengthwise.

REFENDRE, re-fendr, v. a. to cleave, split, cut, divide in two; saw lengthwise.

RÉFÉRÉ, TÀ-TÀ-TÀ, s. m. report.
RÉFÉRÉ, TÀ-TÀ-TÀ, s. m. report.
RÉFÉRENDAIRE, TÀ-TÀ-TÈ-T-dèr, s. m. referendary. Tiers référendaire, referee.
RÉFÉREN, TÀ-TÀ-TÀ, v. a. to refer. Référer le serment, to put it to one's oath. Ré-Se réferer, v. n. to report, make a report.

férer, v. r. to be referred. REFERMER, re-fer-ma, v. a. to shut again; close up again. Refermer, v. n. or se refer-mer, v. r. (une plaie) to close up again. REFERRER, rê-fê-râ, v. a. Ex. Referrer an cherel, to new-sho a horse. REFICHER, rê-fî-shâ, v. a. to drive or stick

in again. REFIXER, v. a. to fix or settle again.
REFLECHI, E, ra-fla-shi, shi, adj. reflecting, reflective. Reflective verbs commonly drop the pronoun which marks reflection after faire, voir, laisser, outr or entendre, which gives them the appearance of neuter verbs. V. Cubrer. There are few active verbs which may not be made reflective; and they especially become so when the neuter verb is wanting in French, and a neuter sense is to be expressed. This is also the case when the object is to avoid the passive form without employing on or l'on, which are used for the same purpose. But the French naturally seek to give their expressions the same activity which characterises themselves, and hence many phrases passive in English have the reflective form in French, which in fact is a verb active, for the agent is found not only in the nominative but in the accusative also. Retirer, v. a. signifies to draw back, v. a. or to withdraw, v. a. but Retirer cannot be neuter. The French, to express to retire or withdraw, v. n. use se retirer, the true meaning of which is to draw one's self back or to withdraw one's self. In English, the agent is sometimes understood and the verb passive, when in French the indeterminate on or l'on is introduced, rendering what was the nominative in English the accusative in French, as well as in

cases, where, rendering the verb reflective, it gives it for nominative what was the nominative in English, and for the accusative a pronoun which relates to the same nominative. On dira cela demain or cela se dira demain is equivalent to that will be told or mentioned tomorrow, or people will tell or mention that to-morrow, and ces bus se font à Boston or on fait ces bas à Boston is the same as these stockings are made at Boston. Observe, moreover, that often, in French, when the agent may be understood, il is used for the nominative of a reflective verb, placing what would naturally be the nominative of the reflective verb where the accusative would be placed; and this kind of construction is a new proof that the genius of the French tongue employs circum-locutions where the verb appears active. A Frenchman, to say in his language, a considerable fleet is fitting out at Boston, would naturally say, il s'équipe à Boston une flotte considerable; to render into his language, men are found or there are men found of that very disposition, he would say, il se trouve des hommes de ce même caractère, or on troune des temmes de ce même caractère. And, things which never happen to others are daily happening to me, would be, il m'arrive tous les jours des choses qui n'arrivent jamais aux autres. V. the re-mark on A and De. The remark just made will be so much the more useful as more than half the reflective verbs are omitted in dictionaries, and the grammars do not explain the different ways in which the genius of the French language endeavours to avoid the ambiguities which would result from the too frequent repetition of on or l'on, whether to avoid confounding ce qui se fait with ce qui est fait, or to avoid a departure from the true charac-ter of the French people, which, as we have said, is activity.

RÉFLÉCHIR, rå-flå-shir, v. n. to reflect; to be reflected or beaten back; to reflect or return: (penser mûrement) to consider, think. Réfléchir, v. a. to reflect, reverberate. Se réfléchir, v. r. to reflect, be reflected.

RÉFI ÉCHISSEMENT, rå-flå-shis-men, s. m. reflection, reverberation, resilition or turning back.

back.

REFLET, re-fig., s. m. reflex or reflection (of the light, which one object throws upon another) (in painting.)

REFLETER, re-fig.4, v. a. (in painting) to reflect or throw (the light or colour on the

nearest object.)

REFLEURIR, re-fleu-rir, v. n. to blossom

again; flourish again. RÉFLEXIBILITÉ, rå-flèk-sì-bì-lì-tå, s. f. reflexibility.

RÉFLEXIBLE, rå-flèk-sîbi, adj. reflexible

RÉFLEXION, rà-fièk-sion, s. f. reflection, returning back, meditation, consideration.

REFLUER, rà-fià-1, v. n. to reflow, run back.

REFLUX, rè-fià, s. m. reflux, ebb or ebbing, vicissitude.

REFONDER, re-fon-da, v. a. les dépens, to refund or pay back the charges or costs.

REFONDRE, re-fondr, v. a. to melt or cast again, new-cast; to reform or new-mould. Refondre un hâtiment, Mar. to give a vessel a thorough repair.

REFONDU. E. adj. melted or cast again

new-cort.

bar, bat, base: there ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

REFORTE, re-font s. f. melting down again, etc. new-coining. Refunte, Mar. complete or thorough repair. Etre en refunte, to be undergoing a thorough repair.

REFORCER, v. a. to force or compel or

press again.

REFORGER, re-for-zk, v. a. to forge anew,

new hammer and forge.

REFORMABLE, adj. that may be reformed. RÉFORMAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. reformer. RÉFORMATION, ra-for-ma-sion, s. f. reformation, reforming, reform.

RÉFORME, râ-fôrm, s. f. reform, reforming or reformation; (des troupes) reduction, disbanding.

REFORME, R, rå-för-må, adj. & s. re-formed, etc. puritan; protestant; reformist.

Officier reforme, half-pay officer.
Réformer, ra-for-ma, v. a. to reform, redress, improve; (des troupes) to reduce, dis-

band.

REFORTIFIER, re-for-ti-fla, v. a. to refor-

lify or new-fortify

tify or new-fortify.

REFOUETTER, re-fwa-ta, v. a. to whip again.

REFOULLER, re-foo-la, v. a. to rake up
again, trench again, etc.

REFOULER, re-foo-la, v. a. to full again;
(la rendange) to stamp again. Refouler la
marke, Mar. to stem the tide. La marke refulle, it is ebb tide. foule, it is ebb tide.

REFOULOIR, re-foo-lwar, s. m. rammer.

Refouloir de corde, Mar. rope-rammer. REFOURBIR, re-foor-blr, v. a. to new furbish, furbish again.

REFOURNIR, re-foor-nir, v. a. to stock or furnish again.

RÉFRACTAIRE, ra-frak-ter, adj. refractory, rebellious, froward.

REFRACTER, v. a. to refract, break the matural course of rays.

REFRACTION, ra-frak-slon, s. f. refraction.

REFRAIN, re-frin, s. m. burden (of a song.) Refrains de la mer, continual tossing of the

REFRANGIBILITE, rå-frèn-21-bi-11-tå, s. f.

refrangibility. RÉFRANGIBLE, ra-frèn-zibl, adj. refran-

REFRAPPER, re-fra-pa, v. a. to strike

REFRAPPER, re-ira-pa, v. a. to strike again, new-stamp or stamp again.
REFRAYER, re-ire-ya, v. a. polish or smooth (pottery before baking it.)
REFREIN V. Refrain.
REFREINER, re-ira-na, v. a. to refrain or restrain, curb, bridle or repress
REFRIGERANT, E, ra-iri-za en, rent, adj.
refrigerant cooling

refrigerant, cooling.

REFRIGERANT, s. m. cooler refrigeratory

RÉFRIGÉRATI-F, VE, s. m. & adj. cooler, cooling medicine.

REFRIGERATION, ra-fri-za-ra-slon, s. f.

refrigeration, cooling. REFRINGENT, E, rå-frin-zen, zent, adj. refractive.

REFRIRE, v. a. (like frire) to fry again.
REFRISER, re-fri-zh, v. a. to curl again.
REFROGNE, E. re-frò guà, adj. & s. grim,
grim-faced, gruff, that has a sour or crabbed

Countenance, grim-faced man or woman.

REFROGNEMENT re-frogn-men, s. m. sour, crabbed, dogged, sullen look; bending or unitting of one's brows.

REFROGNER, (SE) se-re-fro-gna, v. r. to put on a sour look or grim countenance, to bend or knit one's brown

REFROIDIR, re-frwa-dr, v. a. & n. to make cold, cool, take away the heat; slacken, relent, lessen, cool or grow cold. Se refroidir, v. r. to cool, grow cool, lose its heat; relent, lessen, grow colder or less

REFROIDISSEMENT, rê-frwâ-dis-mên, s.m.

REFROTER, re-frô-th, v. a. to rub again. REFUGE, re-frô-th, v. a. to rub again. tuary, pretence or excuse.

REFUGIE, E, ra-fû-zî-a, adj. & s. sheltered,

fled to a place of refuge, refugee.

REFUGIER, (SE) se-ra-fu-zi-a, v. r. to fly (to a place or to one) for shelter or refuge, take sanctuary.

REFUIR, v. n. (like fuir.) Ex. Le cerf re-

fuit sur soi, the stag doubles.

REFUITE, re-full, s. f. the doubling of the

stag; shift, evasion.
REFUS, re-fu, s. m. refusal, denial, repulse; refuse, thing refused (by others.) Une chose qui n'est pas de refus, a thing not to be refused. Avoir une chose au refus de quelqu'un,

to have the refusal of another. Cela n'est pas à votre refus, it is not in your choice.

REFUSER, re-fd-za, v. a. to refuse, deny. Se refuser quelque chose, to deny one's self a thing, deprive or abridge one's self of a thing. Refuser, Mar. to refuse, scant, head. Le bâtiment refuse à virer, the ship refuses or misses stays. Les vents nous refusent, the wind heads us. V. Adonner & Mouillage.
REFUSION, s. f. (law term) refunding or

paying back.
REFUTATION, rå-få-tå-slon, s. f. refuta tion, confutation

RÉFUTER, ra-fû-ta, v. a. to refute or confute. REGAGNER, re-ga-gna, v. a. to regain, recover, win back, get again: (un lieu) to reach; (le chemin) to get again into, return to. Regagner, v. a. Mar. Le César fait de la voile pour regugner son poste, the Casar is making sail to regain her station. Nous regagnerons dans ce bord-ci ce que nous avons perdu dans l'autre, we shall regain upon this tack what we lost upon the other.

REGAILLARDIR, V. a. to revive, make cheerful or merry, cheer up.
REGAIN, re-gin, s. m. after-grass, aftermath

REGAL, rå-gål, s. m. regale, noble treat or entertainment; entertainment, divertisement. Envoyer un regal de vin, to send a present of

REGALE, ra-gal, s. f. regale or prerogative of the king of France of disposing of benefices during the vacancy of an episcopal see.

Régale, s. m. regal (sort of portable organ.) RÉGALE, adj. Ex. L'eau régale, aqua regalis.

RÉGALÉ, E, adj. regaled, treated, nobly treated or entertained, etc.
REGALEMENT, ra-gal-men, s. m. assess-

ment; also levelling or laying even.

REGALER, ra-ga-la, v. a. to regale, treat,

feast or entertain, divert ; to present ; (les

tailles) to assess; to level, lay or make even.
REGALIEN, ra-ga-sten, adj. m. Ex. Droits régaliens, the royalties, the king's preroga tives, regale, regalia.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RÉGALISTE, rå-gå-l'st, s. m. incumbent of a benefice by virtue of the king's gift and pre-

rogative of regale.

REGARD, re-gar, s. m. look, view eyes, glance of the eyes; looks, countenance; (des astres) aspect; (in painting) two pictures that look at one another; opening in an aqueduct. Au regard de, in comparison with or of.

REGARDANT, re-gar-den, s. m. looker on, spectator.

REGARDANT, adj. too saving, close, nig-

gardly; (in heraldry) regardant.
REGARDER, regarda, v. a. to look upon, see, behold; to face, front, be situated over against; to look, mind, take heed or notice of, consider, to concern. Regarder fixement, os, consider, to concern. Regarder Jusemen, to stare at, look steadlastly. Regarder de près, v. n. to he short-sighted; also to look aurouvely or nicely into things, be too nice, be close or near. Regardez à ce que rous allez dire, mind what you are going to say. Regarder du haut en bus, to scrutinize (one) contemptuously. Regarder en pitié, to look upon with contempt.

REGARNIR, re-gar-ulr, v. a. to furnish

again, to new-trim

REGELER, rez-la, v. a. & n. to freeze again. RÉGENCE, rè-zèns, s. f. regency, adminis-tration of the government; the regent, the tords deputies during the king's absence; also school-mastership.

RÉGÉNÉRATEUR, s. m. one who regene-

RÉGÉNÉRATION, rå-zå-bå-rå-sloz, s. f. regeneration, reproduction, growing again. REGENERE, E, adj. & s. regenerated, new-

born; regenerated person.
REGENERER, ra-ta-na-ra, v. a. to regene-

ite. Se régénérer, to grow again. RÉGENT, E, ra-zèn, zent, adj. & s. regent;

protector; ford deputy; teacher, master. RÉGENTER, ra-zen-ta, v. a. & n. to teach, be a school-master; domineer, rule, master.

Regenter une classe, to teach a form.
REGERMER, re-zer-ma, v. n. to bud or

grow again.

RÉGI, E, adj. (from régir) governed, ruled. RÉGICIDE, ra-2l-sld, s. m. regicide. RÉGIE, ra-2l, s. f. administration, manage-

REGIMBEMENT, re-zinb-men, s. m. kicking. REGIMBER, re-zla-ba,v.n. to kick er wince. REGIME, ra-zim, s. m. diet, course of diet, regimen, government, administration; (in grammer) regimen, case governed.

Régiment, ta-tl-mên, s. m. regiment.

*Réginglette, ra-zin-glêt, s. f. gin or

trap (to catch birds.)

RÉGION, rå-zlon, s. f. region; country; (d'une carte géographique) quarter; (ducosur) region or seat. Riggra, rk-zk, v. a. to govern, rule. Riggrasseus, rk-zk-scur, s. m. manager, ad-

ministrator.

REGISTRE, re-zistr, s. m. register, registerbook or record, chronice, history; stop of an organ; (it printing) register. It est sur mes registres, I have him in my books. Bâtiment registre, Mar. Spanish register ship REGISTRER, rê-zh-tra, v a. to register,

enrol, record.

REGITRE & REGITRER, V. Registre, Re

REGLE, regl, s. f. rule; ruler; procept; law, statute, institute; custom, common practice; example, model, guide, pattera; regularity, order, method. Règles, (des femmes)

monthly terms, menses.

RÉGLÉ, E, ra-gla, adj. ruled; determined, settled, agreed upon; set, certain, regular regulated, ordered, governed, orderly, sober. Horloge bien right, clock that keeps good time. Vent réglé, Mar. trade-wind.

REGLEMENT, regl-men, s. m. regulation, law, statute. REGLEMENT, adv. regularly, strictly, by

rule, constantly, always. REGLÉMENTAIRE, adj. of or belonging to

the statutes.

RÉGLER, rå-glå, v. a. to rule; to regulate, order, direct, guide, frame or square; to decide, determine, settle; (une horloge) to set right. Régler les parties sur leur différent, to give a rule in a cause. Se regler sur, to imitate, follow, go by. Regler, Mar. Votre octant est-il bien regle? is your quantrant well

adjusted? Le commandant a réglé sa voilure pour la muit, the commodore has regulated his sail for the night.

RÉGLET, rå-glè, s. m. rule or ruler; (in architecture) small fillet.

REGILEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. ruler (of paper or books.)

RÉGLISSE, rà-g'l., s. f. licorice. RÉGLURE, s. f. ruling or drawing of fines with a rule, the lines themselves.

when a rule, the lines themselves.

RÉGRANT, E. riè gnèn, gnèn, adj reigning. Le goût régrant, the present taste Vents régrants, Mar. prevailing winds.

RÈGRE, règn, s. m. reign; vogue, fashion; (du pane) triple-crown; kingdom, genus. Le règne animal, the animal kingdom.

RÉGNER, ra-gna, v. n. to reign; be a king. rule as a king; to sway or bear sway rule or bear rule, have the upper band, to be in great favour or credit, have great interest; to be in vogue or fashion, be cried up; to reach along; to abound.

RÉGNICOLE, rê-gul-kôl, s. m. & f. native or inhabitant of a kingdom. Etranger régni-

cole, denizen.

REGONFLEMENT, re-gonfl-men, s. m.

swelling of waters stopt by some obstacle.

RECONFLER, re-gon-fla, v. n. to swell or
overflow (as waters stopped.)

REGORGEMENT, re-gorz-men, s. m. over-

flowing.

REGORGER, re-gor-22, v. n. to overflow or run over; to vomit or cast up; (de quelque chose) to abound with, swim in, be full of.

REGOULER, v. a. to snub, give a sharp or crabbed answer; to glut, cloy.

REGOURNER, v. a. to hox or cuff again. REGOUTER, re-goo-ta, v. a. to taste again.

REGRAT, re-gra, s. m. regrating, buckster's commodities or trade.

REGRATTER, re-grk-th, v. a. to scratch

again; to new-vamp; to mend or new-vamp. correct, criticise upon; (une muraille) to rul: or finish down; (une maison) to scrape or new coint. Regratter, v. n. to regrate, drive a huckster's trade; also stand upon trifles.

REGRATTERIE, s. f. regrating, buckster's

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

REGRATTIER, E, re-grà-tlà, tlèr, s. m. & f. regrater or huckster, huckstress. Regrat-tier de tivres, stall bookselier.

REGRÉER, v. a. Mar. to rig again. REGRÉFFER, rè-grè-fà, v. a. to graft again. REGRÈS, rè-grè, s. m. regress or return mto a benefice one had resigned.

REGRET, re-gre, s. m. regret, grief, sor-row, affliction, concern, reprining at, grudg-ing; grief, sorrow, discontent, pain. Regrets, lamentation, ecomplaints, woe. Avoir bien du regret de, to be very sorry for. J'ai tous les regrets du monde d'être obligé, etc. it grieves me exceedingly that I am forced, etc.
Aregret, with regret, hardly, with reluctancy,
against the grain, grudgingly.
REGRETTABLE, re-gre-tabl, adj. to be

lamented.

REGRETTER, re-gre-ta, v. a. to regret, mourn, lament, bewail, miss or want, be sor-

ry for, grudge.

REGUINDER, v. a. to hoist or lift up again. Reguinder, v. n. to sour again (as a hawk does.)
REGULARITE, ra-gu-la-rl-ta, s. f. regula-

rity, exactuess, strictness.
Rigule, s. m. regulus.
Riguler, s. m. regulus.
Riguler, e. rå-gå-liå, iler, adj. regular, done according to some rule; exact, punctual; (dans les mœurs) sober, steady; (le clergé)

RÉGULIÈRE, s. m. regular monk.
RÉGULIÈREMENT, ra-gd-llèr-mên, adv.
regularly, according to rule, punctually, con-

REHABILITATION, ra-à-bi-fi-tà-slon, s. f.

RÉHABILITER, rå-å-bl-fl-tå, v. a. to reablish. enable, re-instate, restore, re-establish. Réhabituer, (se) sé-ra-à-bì-tuk, v. r. to

REHACHER, rea-sha, v. s. to mince sgain, mince smaller.

REHANTER, v. a. to frequent again, keep

REHASARDER, v. a. to venture again.
REHASARDER, v. a. to venture again.
REHAUSSE, s. f. (des monnoies) raising.
REHAUSSEMENT, rê-ò-mên, s. m. raising,
augmentation in value or amount.

REHAUSSER, re-0-sk, v. a. to raise; to beighten, advance, set off.
REHAUTS, re-0, s. m. pl. (in painting) skies or sky parts, places where the colours are

REHEURTER, v. a. & n. to knock or hit or

run a second time against.
Réimposen, ra-in-po-za, v. a. to re-assess.

RÉIMPOSITION, rà-m-pô-zl-slon, s. f. re-

assessment. REIMPRESSION, ra-in-pre-slon, s. f. re-

printing, new edition. REIMPRIMER, rå-in-prl-må, v. a. to reprint.

REIN, rin, s. m. rein or kidney. Reins, (les tombes) reins, loins, back. Reine, ren, s. f. queen.

Reine-claude. green gage (sort of plum.

REINFECTER, rå-in-fêk-tå, v. a. to infect er taint again.

RKINTÉ, E., rin-ta, adj. Ex. Un chien bien reint. strong backed dog. REINTEGRANDE, ra-m-th-grend, s. f. re-

plevy, replevin.
REINTEGRATION. S. f. restoring of one to

RÉINTÉGRER, rk-in-th-grà, v. a. to restore (one) to his own.

RÉINTERROGER, v. a. to interrogate again, re-examine, cross examine.

RÉINVITER, v. a. to re-invite, invite again. REISTRE, V. Reitre. RÉITÉRATION, ra-l-th-ra-sion, s. f. reitera-

tion, repetition. RÉITÉRER, rå-I-tå-rå, v. a. to reiterate, re

REJAILLIR, re-zk-fir, v. n. to spirt or spout spirt out or up, spout out or up, rebound, fly or turn back, reflect or return.

REJAILLISSANT, E, adj. spirting up or out. REJAILLISSEMENT, re-2a-Ils-men, s. m.

resiliation, flying or turning back.

REJAUNIR, re-20-nir, v. a. & n. to make

or grow yellow again.
REJET, re-2c, s. m. new assessment of a tax; also young shoot, sprig, sprout, sucker.
REJETABLE, adj. that deserves to be re-

jected.

REJETER, rez-tà, v. a. to throw agam, cast up or vomit, throw back, east out, shoot again, make over, transfer, to reject, shight, despise; (une taxe) to lay or assess a second time; (une faute sur quelqu'un) to lay or east upon, shift or shuffle off (to.) Rejeter, v. n. to shoot again.

REJETON, rez-tom, s. m. young shoot, such

er, sprig, offspring, new swarm (of becs.)
REJOINDREJE-zwindr, v. a. to join again rejoin, come again to, get together, put or set together again. Se rejoindre, to come together again, be joined together again, meu again, meu again. L'escadre Russe nous rejoignit hier, the Rus sian squadron rejoined us yesterday

REJOUNT, E. adj. (from Rejoundre) joined again, rejoined, etc.

REJOULE, re-20-8, v. a. to play again.

REJOULE, r. fa-20-1, i, adj. & s. joyfut, overjoyed, full of joy, glad, pleased; merry

or jovial man or woman.
Rejouin, ra-200-ir, v. a. to rejoice, overjey, divert, make merry, cheer up, revive, exhikarate. Serijonir, v. r. to rejoice, be or make merry, take ene's pleasure, be glad or over-joyed. Se rejouir area quetqu'un de, to wish one joy about.

RÉJOUISSANCE, rå-zôo-i-sèns, s. f. rejoicing, joy, merry-making. Cris de réjouissance.

shouts of joy, huzzas. RÉJOUISSANT, E, ra-200-l-sen, sent, adj.

rejoicing, cheering, comfortable, that has a good deal of humour.

REJOUTER, v. n. to just or tilt again. RELACHE, re-lash, s. m. intermission, discontinuance, relaxation, rest, respite, refreshment, breathing-time, abating of a disease, good interval. Relâche, s. f. Mar. touching at or putting into a port, sheher, refreshing-place, stay a ship makes in a port. Faire une relache, to put into a port. La baie de Cro-martie est la seule relache sur la côte du nordest de l'Ecosse, Cromarty bay is the only shelter upon the north-east coast of Scotland Les fles de Sandwich seroient une bonne re tâche pour les gulions, the Sandwich islands would be a good refreshing-place for the gal-leons. Nous fines une relache de dix jours à Gibratar, we staid ten days at Gibrattar. Le contre-amiral ne fera aucune relache qu'en cas de nécessité absolue, line rear

bose, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

admiral will not put into any port but in case

of absolute necessity.

RELACHÉ, E, re-là-shà, adj. (from relâcher)

slackened, etc.; also loose, remiss.

Relachement, re-lash-men, s. m. un-bending, slackened, loosening, relaxation, diversion, rest, refreshment, remissuess, looseness of manners or discipline, slackness, or negligence, concession, yielding; (de froid) abatement; (de la pieté) decay; (de courage) faint heartedness.

RELACHER, re-la-sha, v. a. to slacken, loosen, unbend, relax, release, let go, set at liberty, remit, yield, forego, give up, bate or abate, forgive. Relâcher de, v. n. to fail in, adate, forgive. Accurate ue, v. n. to fail in, fall from, remit or abate of, grow slack or remiss in. Se relâcher, v. a. to slacken, grow slack or remits, abate, yield or remit, forego. Se relâcher l'esprit, to unbend one's mind, give it some relaxation. Relâcher, v. n. Mar. to touch (at.) put (into.) stand in (for.) be driven (into.) La tempête nous fit relâcher dans ce (into.) La tempête nous fit relâcher dans ce havre, the storm drove us into that harbour, L'escadre ne relâchera pas à Lisbonne avant de se rendre devant Cadiz, the squadron will not touch at Lisbon before it goes off Cadiz. Relâcher un bâtiment, to suffer a detained ship to

proceed on her voyage.

Relais, re-le, s. m. fresh horse or horses relay; fresh dog or dogs, cry or kennel of fresh bounds, place where fresh bounds are kept, stage where the horses are changed or where fresh horses are kept. Chevaux de relais (or de louage,) hackney horses. Etre de relais, to stand idle; have nothing to do.
RELAISSER, v. a. Relaisser un lièvre, to re-

cover a hare.

RELANCÉ, E, adj. imprimed (as a deer.)

recovered (as a hare, etc.)
RELANCER, re-len-sa, v. a. to imprime (a deer,) recover (a hare,) repulse or beat back (the enemy;) also beat the quarters of or fetch out; and pay off with a sharp answer, fit with

a smart reply.

RÉLANT, V. Rélent.
RELAPS, ré-làps, s. m. Relapse, s. f. re-lapse, one that has relapsed into heresy.

RÉLARGIR, rå-lår-zlr, v. a. to make wider

again.

RELATER, v. a. to relate, tell. RELATI-F, VE, re-la-tif, tiv, adj. relative.

RELATIF; s. m. relative (in grammar.) RELATION, re-la-sion, s. f. relation or reference; acquaintance, correspondence, account, parration.

RELATIVEMENT, re-la-tiv-men, adv. relalively, with relation.

RELATTER, v. a. to new-lath. RELAVER, re-la-va, v. a. to wash again. RELAXATION, re-lak-sa-slon, s. f. reiaxa-

RELAXÉ, E, adj. relaxed. RELAXER, re-lak-så, un prisonnier. Relacher,

RELAYER, rê-lê-ya, v. n. to take fresh borses or dogs. Reloyer, v. a. to relieve. Se relayer, v. r. to rest, refresh one's self; relieve one another.

RELÉGATION, re-là-gà-sion, s. f. confine-

ment, banishment.
RELEGUER, re-la-ga, v. a. to banish, exile, send away, confine to a place at a distance. RELENT, re-len, s. m. fosty or musty smell. | term.)

Sentir le relent, to have a musty or fusty smell.

RELEVAILLES, rel-val, s. f. pl. churching of a woman after childbirth.

RELEVÉ, E, rél-và, adj. raised, listed, got or taken up again, etc. V. Relever; high; high, losty, sublime, elevated. Mine relevée, great or noble look.

RELEVÉE, rel-va, s. f. (law term) the afternoon. A deux heures de relevée, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

n the anternoon.

Relèvement, ré-lèv-mên, s. m. raising up again. Mar. Relèvement du pont, sheer of a ship's deck, gradual spring of the deck afore and abast. Relèvement d'une côte, survey of a coast. Faire or prendre des relèvemens, to take bearings. Prendre les relèvemens d'une côte d'une île, etc. to survey a coast, au island, etc. Les relèvemens que nous fimes ne laissent rien a désirer, the bearings we took were as satis-factory as we could desire.

RELEVER, rel-va, v. a. to raise, get or take up again; (une femme après ses couches) to church; (une muraille) to raise, build up again; (ses moustaches) to turn up; (un service de table) to take away in order to serve up another course; (le courage) to raise up, heighten, increase; (une ruine) to repair, raise up again: to heighten, set off, advance; to cry up, extol, heighten; to relieve, ease, comfort; to take away, take off; to reprimand or take up; (in war) to relieve; (in law) to relieve, restore. Relever un appel, to being a cause had appel, to being a cause had to relieve. sue an appeal, to bring a cause before a judge appealed unto. Se faire relever de ses vœux, to get one's vows annulled. Relever, v. n. (être dans la féodalité) to hold; (parlant des terres) to be held. Relever de maladie, to recover, be on the mending hand. Relever de couche, to be churched, be up, go out after lying in. Se relever, v. r. to get up, rise, get up again, appeal. Se relever de quelque perte, to recover or repair or retrieve a loss.

Relever, se relever, Mar. Ex. Relever une ancre, to weigh an anchor again. Relever une côte, to survey a coast.

Relever une sentinelle, to relieve a sentry.

Relever le quart or la garde, to relieve the sea-watch, or the anchor watch; (relever le quart is also to set the watch.) Relever la terre avec la boussole, to set the land by the compass. Relever un bâtiment coulé, to weigh a vessel that is sunk. Relever un bâtiment échoué, to bring or set a ship affoat (after having lain a-ground.) Relever un bâtiment or une es-cadre, to relieve a ship or a squadron. Vaisseau qui se relève, a ship which rights. Relever le monde à la pompe, to spell the pump. Il faut forçer de roiles pour nous relever de la côle, we must carry a press of sail to beat off the coast. La variation nous relève de la dérire, the variation makes up for our lee-

RELIAGE, re-ll-az, s. m. new-hooping (of casks.)

casks.)

Relif, E, V. Relier.

Relier, re-fiel, s. m. relief, relievo, embossed work; embroidery work; (in painting), relief, seeming prominence; foil to set off; lustre, consideration, rank in the world; fine, money paid by a tenant to his landord upon first entry; (d'appel) relief, remedy (lasse

bar, bat, base; thère, ebb, over; field, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good.

RELIER, re-II-A, v. a. to tic again; (un) tirre) to bim', bind up; (une futaille) to nowhoop, hoop again.
RELIEUR, re-il-cur, s. m. binder or book-

binder.

RELIGIEUSE, V. Religieux.
RELIGIEUSEMENT, re-li-zleuz-men, adv. religiously, godly, piously, strictly, exactly, punctually.

RELIGIEU-X, SE, re-li-zieu, zieuz, adj. & s. religious, pious, godly, devout, strict, punctual; monastick friar or monk, nun.

RELIGION, re-li-zlon, s. f. religion, worship of a deity; reformed or protestant religion; Justice, equity, piety, godliness, devo-tion, religious order; religious house, monas-tery, convent; order of Malta. La religion du serment, the sacredness of an oath.
RELIGIONNAIRE, re-ll-210-ucr, s. m. one

RELIGIOURA RESIDENTAL RECIMENTAL RELIMENTE STATE OF THE RESIDENT RELIGIOURAGE OF THE RESIDENT RESIDENTAL RELIGIOURAGE OF THE RESIDENTAL RESIDEN

relicks.

RELIQUAT, re-fl-ka, s. m. remainder. Reliquats de riande, scraps, table remnants, offals.

RELIQUATAIRE, re-il-ka-ter, s. m. one be-

hind-hand in his accounts.

Relique, re-lik, s. f. relick or relicks. Reliques, relicks or remainders.

Relire, re-lir, v. a. (like lire) to read over

again.

RELIURE, re-II-ur, s. f. binding.

RELOGER, re-io-za, v. n. to lodge or dwell

or live again (in the same place.)
RELOUER, re-loo-h, v. a. to under-let, let

RELUIRE, re-luir, v. n. (see the table at uire) to shine, glitter, glisten, be conspicu-

RELUISANT, E, rê-lûl-zên, zênt, adj. shin-ng, glittering, glistening. RELUQUER, v. a. toogle, cast sheep's eyes,

or leer upon.

REMACHER, re-ma-sha, v. a. to chew again, revolve in one's mind.

REMAÇONNER, v. a. to repair (as a bricklayer does.)

REMANDER, re-men-da, v. a. to send word again; send for back.

REMANGER, re-men-za, v. a. to eat again. REMANIEMENT, re-ma-nl-men, s. m. handling again ; (en termes d'imprimerie) running

of a sheet over again.
REMANIER, re-ma-nl-a, v. a. to handle again; (in printing) to alter the types according to the proof.

REMARCHANDER, re-mar-shen-da, v. a. to

cheapen again.

REMARCHER, v. n. to walk again. REMARIER, re-ma-ri-a, v. a. & se rema-

rier, v. r. to marry again.
REMARQUABLE, re-mar-kabi, adj. re-markable, observable, notable.

REMARQUE, 78-mark, s. f. remark, observation, taking notice of, note. Remarque, s. f. Mar. land-mark. Faire des remarques, to take minutes, make remarks.

REMARQUER, re-mar-ka, v. s. to mark, remark, mind, consider, observe or take no-tice of; to mark a second time, make another mark. Se faire remarquer, to be remarkaele, to be taken particular notice of.

REMASQUER, (SE) sê-rê-mâs-kâ, v. r. to put on one's mask again. REMBALLER, ren-ba-la, v. a. to pack up

again.
REMBARQUEMENT, ren-bark-men, s. m

re-embarking, shipping or embarking again. REMBARQUER, ren-bar-ka, v. n. to ship or embark again, re-embark; to embark or engage a-new, draw in again. Se remburquer, v. r. to re-embark, take shipping again; also to re-embark or re-engage one's self. Rem-barque le canot, hoist the boat in again. Les troupes se rembarquèrent dans la nuit, the troops were re-embarked in the night.

REMBARRER, ren-ba-ra, v. a. to beau back or repulse; to pay off, fit with a smart

or sharp answer.

REMBLAI, s. m. the bringing of dirt for a

bank or causey or to fill up a ditch.

Remelaver, ren-bla-va, v. a. to sow again with grain.

Remboltement, rên-bwat-mên, s. m. set-

ting into joint again.
Remeolter, ren-bwa-ta, v. a. to put into joint again.

REMBOURREMENT, ren-boor-men, s. m stuffing up.

REMBOURRER, ren-boo-ra, v. a. to stuff up

stop up with flocks. REMBOURSEMENT, rèn-boors-men, s. m.

re-imbursement, paying off.
REMBOURSER, ren-boor-sa, v. a. & n. to

re-imburse, pay again. REMBRAQUER, v. a. to haul taught. Rem braque la grande écoute, haul in the slack on the main sheet.

REMBRASER, ren-bra-za, v. a. to rekindle

kindle again. REMBRASSER, ren-bra-sa, v. a. to re-em

REMBROCHER, rên-brô-shâ, v. a. to sp

or lay on the spil again. REMBRUNI, E, adj. made darker. Un tein. rembruni, a sallow complexion.

REMBRUNIE, ren-brd-nir, v. a. to make darker.

REMBRUNISSEMENT, ren-brû-nîs-mên, s m. being darker.

REMBUCHEMENT, s. m. driving back (of a

stag) into the lair.

REMBUCHER, v. a. to drive back into the lair. Se rembucher, v. r. to go back into the lair; to hide one's self, skulk.

REMEDE, re-med, s. m. remedy, physick cure, medicine, remedy, cure, help, ease, com fort ; clyster. Grands remèdes, sanvauon Mal sans remède, incurable disease. Remède de Remède de

à tous maux, plaster for all sores. Remède de droit, remedy, redress, relief at law. REMEDIR, rê-mê-dî-lê, v. n. to remedy. cure, help. On a remédié à la voie d'eau, Mar

the leak is stopped in a temporary manner.

Remeler, re-me-la, v. a. to mix again
(les cartes) to shuffle again.

*REMEMBRANCE, s. f. remembrance, me mory

Remémorati-f, ve, rê-mê-mô-rê-**û**, tiv adj. that puts in mind or brings back to re membrance.

*Remémorer, rê-mâ-mô-râ, v. a. to pie in mind. Se remémorer, to recollect.

REMERCIER, remend, v.a. to carry back again REMERCIER, re-mer-si-a, v. a. to thank re

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent. lien : vin : mon : brun.

turn or give thanks, acknowledge a kindness; refuse handsomely or courtier-like.

REMERCIMENT, re-mer-si-men,s.m. thanks, Faire des remercimens, to acknowledgment. thank. Faire mille remercimens, to thank a thousand times.

Réméré, ra-ma-ra, s. m. power of redemption

REMESURER, rem-zů-rå, v. a. to measure

one.

again. REMETTRE, rê-mêtr. v. a. (like mettre) to put or set again, etc.; to restore; to deliver up; to remit; to drive or put off, delay; to communicate; lay before; to reruit, to forgive; to remit or forgive part of a debt; to put into the hands of, commit to, trust with, to recover, make well; to recover spirit again, hearten, put in heart again; (son epele) to put up; (un os) to set again; (un benefice) to resign, make a resignation of. Remettre des troupes sur pied, to raise new forces. mettre les rangs et les files, to bring back into rank and file. Remettre à l'a, b, c, to make begin again. Remettre devant les yeux à begin again. Remettre devant les yeux à quelqu'un, to lay before one, remonstrate with one. Remettre un dégolité en appétit, to get one a good appetite who had none at all. Se remetire, to recover one's self, come to one's self again; to surrender one's self; to recover, grow well again, be on the mending hand; to remember, call to mind, know again, recollect: (purlant des perdrix) to light. Seremette à, to fall to again, set one's self again to. Se remettre en sa place, to take one's place again. Se remettre d'une chose a quelqu'un, to leave or refer a thing to one, make one the judge of a thing. Se remeter bien avec quelqu'un, to be reconciled to

Remettre, v. a. Mar. Remettre un bâtiment à flot, to bring a ship afloat again. Remettre à la voile, to sail again, set sail again. Re-mettre en route, to stand on again. Remettre la garde, to give up the charge of the deck in harbour. Remettre le quart, to deliver up the charge of the watch at sea. Remets en place la bitture du maître câble, pay down the range of the sheet cable.

REMEUBLER, rê-mêu-blå, v. a. to furnish again, new-furnish.

Réminiscence, rh-mi-ni-sèns, s. f. remem-

brance, memory.
REMIS, E, adj. (from remettre) set again, restored, etc.

restored, etc.

Remise, rè-miz, s. f. delay, put off; coachhouse; place where a partridge lights; thicket; (d'argent) remittance; abatement; surrendering one's self as prisoner.

REMISER, v. a. to back, put into the coach-

REMISSIBLE, ra-mi-sibl, adj. remissible, pardonable, to be remitted, forgiven.

REMISSION, ra-mi-sion, s. f. remission, pardon, forgiveness; (in medicine) abatement, relaxation.

REMISSIONNAIRE, rasmi-sid-ner, s. m. & f. party who has obtained a pardon.

REMMAILLOTER, rèn-mà-lò-lå, v. a. to
wrap up in swaddling clothes again.

REMMARCHER, rèn-mèn-shå, v. a. to new-

haft, set a new handle on.

REMMENER, renni-na, v. a. to carry back. REMMARKH, (SE) se-re-RÉNOLADE, ra-mô-lad, s. f. kind of sharp feuce or intrench one's self.

sauce; also application to cure sprains in

RÉMOLE, rå-môl, s. f. Mar. whirlpooi.

eddy.
RÉMOLLIENT, E, adj. RÉMOLLITI-F, VE.

adi. emollient, mollifying, sotiening.
REMONTE, re-mozt, s. f. new horses.
REMONTER, re-mozt-ta, v. n. to go or get up again; to run back, turn back, ascend, rise; to trace back or up higher. Remonter sur sa bête, to recover one's loss. Remonter, v. a. to go or get up again; (un montre) to wind up again; to put together again; (am pistolet) to new-mould; (des bottes) to newsole; (un instrument de musique) to new string; (les cavaliers) to remount, give new horses to; to stork anew or again, set up again.

Remonter, Mar. Remonter une rivière, to go up or turn up a river. V. Sonde. Re-monter à la faveur de la marée, to tide it up. Les vents remontent au nord, the wind is get. ting round to the northward. Nous avons remonté la côte de Malabar du cup Comorin à Surate, we went up the coast of Malabar from cape Comorin to Surat. L'escadre re-monta de St. Domingue à lu Martinique vent largue, the squadron went up from St. Domingo to Martinico with a leading wind.

REMONTRANCE, re-mon-trens, s. f. advice, counsel, admonition, warning; remonstrance; a president's speech at the opening of a court of Parliament.

REMONTRER, re-mon-tra, v. a. to remon-strate, show by reason and instances, make appear, lay before

RÉMORA, rà mò rà, s. m. remora, or sea-lamprey: also let, obstacle, hindrance, pull

REMORDRE, re-mordr, v. a. (like mordre) to bite again.

REMORDS, re-mor, s. m. remorse, check sung of conscience

RÉMORE, s. f. V. Rémora. REMORQUE, rê-môrk, s. f. Mar. tow-rope. Donner la remorque, to tow. Etre à la re-morque, to be in tow. Prendre un bâtiment à la remorque, to take a vessel in tow. Remener

à la remorque, to bring back in tow. REMORQUER, re-mor-ka, un bâtiment, Mar. to tow a vessel, take a vessel in tow.

REMOTIS, A REMOTIS, by, aside. Mettre à remotis, to lay or put by, set aside. Remoucher, re-moo-sha, v. a. to blow

again the nose of; (une chandelle) to snuff again. Se remoucher, to blow one's nose again. REMOUDRE, re-moodr, v. a. (like moudre)

to grind again.

REMOUILLER, re-mdo-la,v. a. to dip again.

Mar. to anchor again. Remouiller une aucre, to let an anchor go again.

REMOULADE, s. f. hotch-potch. REMOULEUR, s. m. grinder.

REMOULU, E, adj. ground again. REMOUS, 8 m. Mar. eddy, eddy water. Lemous du sillage d'un vaisse.u, dead-water.

Remous du sillage d'un vaisse REMPAILLER, v. a. des chaises, to bottom chairs with straw.

REMPAILLEU-R, SE, S.m. & f. chair-mender. REMPAQUETER, ren-pak-ta, v. a. to pack up again.

REMPARÉ, E. adj. fenced, intreuched. REMPARKE, (SE) se-ren-pa-ra, v. r. 10 bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fle:d, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

REMPART, ren-par, s. m. rampart; fence, | bulwark.

REMPLACEMENT, rên-plâs-mên, s. m. replacing, compensation, recompense. Remplacement, Mar. supply. rivres, supply of provisions. Remplacement de

REMPLACER, ren-pla-sa, v. a. to replace, fill up again, make up, make amends, com-pensate; (use personne) to be instead of, suc-

pensate; (use personne) to be instead of, succeed; (son argent) to lay out again, let out again or buy something with.

REMPLAGE, s. m. filling up of a wine-vessel. Faire le .emplage, to fill up a wine-vessel that has leaked, etc.; (de muraille.) V. Remplissage.

REPPLI, E, ren-pli, pli, adj. full, filled up, etc. V. Remplir.

REMPLIER, ren-pll-å, v. a. (in tailoring) to turn in or down.

REMPLIR, ren-pilr, v. a. to fill or fill up; to fill again; (un écrit) to fill up; (une place) to fill, be in; (l'espérance de quelqu'un) to anwe mi, we mi, it esperance use quelqu'un) to answer; (son devoir) to discharge or do, acquit one's self of; (de la dentelle) to mend. Remplir, v. a. Mar. Remplir d'étoupe une couture or une fente, to chinse. Il faut remplir toutes mos pièces vides, we must fill up all our empty casks.

REMPLISSAGE, rèn-pll-Az, s. m. filling up; de dentelle) mending. Remplissage de nu-aille, ragged stone, with which the inside of a wall is filled up. Remplissage, Mar. filling piece, piece of timber employed to fill up a

vacancy in ship-building.

REMPLISSEUSE, ren-pli-seuz, s. f. (de dentelle or de point) mender.

REMPLOI, ren-plwa, s. m. compensation or filling up again, replacing (of money,) laying REMPLOYER, ren-plwa-ya, v. a. to employ

or use again.

REMPLUMER, ren-plå-må, v. a. to new feather. Se remplumer, v. r. to put on new feathers; (rétablir ses affairse) to mend one's affairs or circumstances, thrive, amend.

REMPOISONNER, rén-pwa-20-na, v. a. to

poison again.

REMPOISSONNER, ren-pwa-so-na, v. a. to new-stock with fish.

REMPORTER, ren-por-ta, v. a. to carry back or away; to get or obtain, carry off.

REMPRISONNER, ren-pri-zô-na, v. a. to remand to prison, confine again.

REMPRUNTER, ren-prun-ta, v. a. to borrow again.

REMUAGE, s. m. the act of moving or stir-

ring (any thing.)
REMUANT, E, rê-mô-èn, ènt, adj. stirring, facactive, lively, sprightly; also stirring, factious, seditious, unquiet, restless.

Remué, E, adj. removed, stirred, jogged, etc. V. Remuer. Cousin remué de germain, cousin once removed, second cousin.

REMUEMENT, re-mu-men, s. m. motion, stirring or jogging, turning up; (d'humeurs) fermentation; sur, trouble, hurly-burly, disturbance.

REMUE-MÉNAGE, rê-mû-mâ-nâz, s. m. re-

moving, change, confusion, disturbance, hur-ly-burly.

REMUER, re-ma-a, v. a. to move, stir, reck, jog. wag; (la terre) to turn up, dig; [un onfant) to unswathe and dress; (les pas-

sions) to move, affect, work upon. Remue ciel et terre, to leave no stone unturned. Il a remué ciel et terre contre moi, he has done his worst against me. Remuer, v. n. to stir, move; to stir or rise, make a disturbance. Faire remuer les puissances, to set the great springs a-going. Se renuer, to stir, bestir springs a-going. one's self.

REMUEU-R, SE, rê-mû-èur, èuz, s. m. & f. one who rocks a cradle. Remueuse, means also the woman that dresses and cleans a

RENUGLE, re-mugl, s. m. mustiness. Sen-

tir le renugle, to smell musty. Rémunérateur, ra-ma-na-ra-teur, s. m.

remunerator, requiter or rewarder RÉMUNÉRATION, ra-ma-na-ra-slon, s. f. remuneration, recompense, reward.

REMUNÉRATOIRE, adj. given in lieu of a reward.

RÉMUNÉRER, rå-må-nå-rå, v. a. to remunerate, recompense, reward, requite.

RENACLER, v. n. to snuffle, to breathe hard through the nose, snore. RENADER, V. Renasquer.

RENAISSANCE, re-ne-sens, s. f. new-birth.

regeneration.
RENAISSANT, E, re-ne-sen, sent, adj. new-

born or springing up again.

RENAÎTRE, re-netr, v. n. (like naître) to be born again or new born, grow or spring up again, be re-produced. Renaître par la grace, to be new-born or regenerated by grace. La nature renaît au printemps, na-ture renews or is revived in the spring. Cette rivière se perd sous terre et renaît en cet endroit, that river loses itself under ground, and rises again at such a place. Cela a fait renastre les soupçons d'antrefois, that has revived the former jealousies.

RENARD, re-uar, s. m. fox; cunning fox, sly cunning man. Ecorcher le renard, to spue after excessive drinking. Le renard prêche aux

after excessive strinking. Le renara preche aux poules, the devil rebukes sin. Renard. Mar. dog, canthook, traverse board.

Renarde, rê-nârd, s. f. she-fox.

RENARDEAU, rê-nâr-dô, s. m. fox's cub.

RENARDIER, rê-nâr-dîêr, s. f. fox's hole.

RENARDIER, rê-nâr-dîêr, s. f. fox's hole. RENASQUER, v. n. to snuff or snuffle.

RENCHAÎNER, rên-shê-na, v. a. to chain up again.

RENCHÉRI, E, rèn-sha-rì, ri, adj. risen, grown dearer. Fuire le renchéri or la renchérie, to take upon one, be shy. Etre renchéri, to be reserved.

RENCHÉRIR, rèn-shà-rìr, v. a. to raise the price of. Renchérir, v. n. to rise or grow Renchérir sur, to out-do, top upon, go beyond, excel.

RENCHÉRISSEMENT, ren-shà-ris-mên, s. m. raising of the price (of a commodity.)

RENCOGNER, v. a. to push, drive (one) into a corner.

RENCLOUER, (SE) v. r. to get a nail again

in the foot (speaking of a horse.)
RENCONTRE, ren-kontr, s. f. meeting, rencounter; accident, chance, hit, adventure; rencounter, accidental fight; occasion, opportunity; pun, quibble; joke, jest; (des planètes) conjunction. Roue de rencontre, balance-wheel of a clock or watch. Acheter quelque chose de rencontre, to meet with a

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

bargain. J'ai acheté une robe de rencontre. I !! bought a gown that was offered me by chance. Il a fait rencontre d'unc femme fort jolie et fort riche, he had the luck to find (or to marry) a very pretty woman and a fortune. Dans cette rencontre d'affoires, in this juncture of affairs. Aller or venir à la rencontre de, to go or come to meet, go or come and meet.

RENCONTRER, ren-kon-tra, v. a. to meet, meet with, find, light upon; to pun; to hit or Vous avez bien rencontré, you hit the nail on the head, you guessed right. Se rencontrer, v. r. to meet or meet with; to hit upon the same thought. Rencontrer, & Se rencontrer, Mar. to fall in with, meet, etc. Rencontre, meet her. Les escadres se rencontrèrent à la hauteur du cap Spartel, the fleets met off cape Spartel. Une de nos frégates rencontra le convoi par 46 30 de lat. N. et 8 de long. O. one of our frigates fell in with the convoy in lat. 46 30 N. and long. 8 W.

Rencorser, ren-kôr-så, v. a. to make a new boddice or stays.

RENCOURAGER, ren-koo-ra-2a, v. a. to spirit up again, give fresh courage.

RENDETTER, (SE) se-ren-de-ta, v. a. to run in debt again.

RENDEZ-vous, rèn-då-vòo, s. m. rendezvous, assignation, appointment, meeting; meeting-place.

RENDORMI, E, adj. lulled or fallen asleep

RENDORMIR, ren-dor-mir, v. a. (like dormir) to lu!l asleep again. Se rendormir, v. r. to fall asleep again.

RENDORMISSEMENT, s. m. falling asleep again.

RENDOUBLER, ren-dôo-bla, v. a. to turn in or down; (une serviette) to fold up.

RENDRE, rendr. v. a. to restore, return, give back again, repay, pay again, make restitution; to render, to make; to deliver, give up, surrender; to render, turn, translate; to express; to carry. Rendre, (une lettre) to deliver; to yield, beas, produce; (une sentence) to give or pass; (un arrêt) to make; (une risue) to give or pay; (grâces) to give, return. V. Grâces: (hommage) to pay or make; (a justice) to do; (comme l'écho) to return, repeat; to cast, void; to cast up, vomit, void upwards; (raison or compte) to give; (ses comptes) to render, give in, deliver. Rendre le sang par le nez, to bleed at the nose. dre par en bas, to void downwards. Rendre Cesprit or l'âme, to give up the ghost, expire, die. Rendre le pain bénit, to make the bread offering; also to distribute the bread offering. Rendre le rest d'une pièce de monnoie, to give the change. Rendre, v. n. to lead, go. Se rendre, v. r. to yield, lay down one's arms, surrender, submit; to render or make one's self, become, turn; to repair, resort, go; to be spent, be tired, give up. Les fleures se rendent à la mer, the large rivers run into the son. Rendre, Se rendre, Mar. to return, salute or surrender, etc. Le fort nous renadi le salut coup pour com, the fort returned our salute gun for gun. Le Tigre se rendid à notre exisseus, the Tigre surrender our ship. Render un 'ditiment aux officiers de port, to deliver a ship into the charge of the officers of the put up: forbear saying (what one was going LL)

vard. Rendre le bord, to cast anchor, drop anchor, come to an anchor

RENDU, E, adj. restored, returned, etc. V. Rendre, come, arrived. Le vin de Bordeaux coûte tant, rendu à Paris, Burgundy costs so much delivered (or all charges paid) at Pa-

RENDU, s. m. descrier; also tit for tat.

RENDUIRE, ren-dalr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to new-plaster, daub over again. RENDUIT, E, adj. new-plastered, daubed

over again. RENDURCIR, rên-dûr-sîr, v. a. to barden; make harder or tougher.

Rène, rèn, s. f. rein. Renzgat, e, rè-nà-gà, s. m. & f. renegade.

RENEIGER, re-na-za, v. n. to snow again.

RÉNETTE, s. f. pippin. RENETTOYER, rè-ne-twa-ya, v. a. to clean again.

RENFAITER, rèn-fè-tà, v. a. to mend the

top of a house, new-tile it. Renfermé, e, ren-fer-må, adj. shut up again, hid or lying hid, shut up; also close,

RENFERMÉ, s. m. Ex. Il sent ici le renfermé, here's a musty smell

RENFERMER, ren-fer-ma, v. a. to shut up again; to enclose; to shut up, confine; to inagain; to encose, to saut up, comme, as a clude, contain, comprehend; to reduce. Se renfermer en soi, to recollect one's self. Se renfermer en soi seul, to be all for one's self. REMPILER, rén-fi-là, v. a. to thread again. RENFLAMMER, rén-flà-mà, v. a. to set on

fire again, re-kindle, re-inflame.

RENFLEMENT, renfl-men, s. m. belly or swelling (of a pillar before it begins to di-

RENFLER, ren-fla, v. a. to swell again. Se renster, v. r. to swell again.

RENFONCEMENT, rèn-fons-men, s. m. deep or hollow place.

RENFONCER, ren-fon-så, v. a. to set a new head or bottom to a cask.

RENFORCÉ, E, adj. re-enforced, strength-ened, fortified, thick, strong, made thicker; also downright.

RENFORCEMENT, ren-fors-men, s. m. re-

enforcing, strengthening. V. Renfort.
RENFORCER, ren-for-sh, v. r. to re-en-REFORCER, ren-for-sa, v. r. to re-en-force, strengthen, fir-tify; to increase, add to, (sa roix) to raise. Se renforcer, to gather stronger, Renforcer, v. a. Mar. Renforcer une vergue, to strengthen a yard. Renforcer les contures des voiles, to prick the sails. Notre escadre est renforcée de quatre vaissenux de ligne, our squadron is re-enforced by four sail of the

RENFORT, res-for, s. m. re-enforcement,

supply, recruit, relief, succour.

RENFROGNEMENT, SE RENFROGNER, V.

Refrognement, se refrogner. Rengagement, ren-gåz-men, s. m. re-ongagement.

gagement.

Rengager, ren-ga-ta, v. a. to re-engage or engage again; to pawn or mortgage again, etc. V. Engager. Le combat se rengagea au.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleid, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

to say.) Rengelnez votre compliment, put up ! your compliments, forbear compliments.

RENGORGER, (SE) se-ren-gor-2a, v. r. to bridle, bridle up, bridle it.

RENGOUFFRER, (SE) v. a. to get into again, be ingulphed again.

RENGOURDI, R, adj. benumbed, grown stiff again.

RENGOURDIR, (SE) sê-ren-goor-dîr, v. r. to

grow stiff again. RENGRAISSER, ren-gre-sh, v. a. to fatten,

make fat again. Se rengraisser, v. r. to grow fat again.
*RENGRÉGEMENT, ren-graz-men, s. m. in-

crease or exasperating (of a disease or pain.) *Rengrégen, ren-gra-an, v. a. to increase, make worse or exasperate one's disease. Se rengréger, y. r. to increase or grow worse.

RENGRÉNER, ren-grà-na, v. a. to put grain gain into the mill hopper; to restamp a me-

dal that has taken a bad impression. RENHARDIR, ren-år-dir, v. a. to spirit up

again. Se renhardir, v. r. to pluck up one spirit. RENIABLE, re-ni-abl, adj. that may be de-

ried or disowned.

RENIEMENT, re-ni-men, s. m. disavowing,

renouncing, abjuration.

RENIER, re-nl-å, v. a. to deny or disown; to deny, forswear, abjure.

RENIEU-R, SE, re-nl-èur, euz, s. m. & f.

blasphemer, swearer.

RENIFLEMENT, s. m. snuffing up. RENIFLER, re-ul-fis, v. n. to snuff up;

snuffle (at.)

RENIFLERIE, s. f. snuffing up

RENIPLEU-R, SE, re-nl-fleur, fleuz, s. m. & f. snuffler.

RENIVELER, rê-niv-là, v. a. to take again the level.

RENNE, ren, s. f. rein-deer.

RENOIRCIR, re-nwar-sir, v. a. to blacken again.

RENOM, re-non, s. m. renown, name, fame,

note, reputation.

RENOMME, E, adj. renowned, famous, noted. RENOMMÉE, re-no-ma, s. f. fame, reputa-

tion, name, common report, renown.

RENOMNER, re-no-ma, v. a. (only used in the infinitive with a tense of faire; hence fuire renommer) to get a name or fame, to make one's name famous. Se renommer de quelqu'um, to make use of one's name, chal-

lenge or claim acquaintance with one.

RENONCE, re-nons, s. f. Ex. Je renonce à pique, I trump spades. Se faire une renonce,

pages, tuting spaces. So there are removed to throw away a card with a design to trump when that suit is played.

RENONCEMENT, re-nons-men, s. m. re-nouncing, denial, forsaking. Renoncement à

soi-même, self denial. RENORCEE, re-non-sa, v. a. to renounce, deny, disown. Renoncer a, v. n. to renounce, quit, forsake, give over, wave; (an fen de cartes) not to follow suit.

RENONCIATION, re-non-si-a-sion, s. f. renunciation.

RENONCULE, re-non-kal, s f. ranunculus. RENOVATION, re-no-va-sion, s.f. renovation. RENOUEMENT, re-noo-men, s. m. renew-

mg, renewal.
RENOURR, re-noo-a, . . a. to tie again; to

assume: (ami.ie) to renew, join or knit again; to patch up. Renouer l'amitié entre, to reconcile, make friends again. Renouer, v. n. te be reconciled.

RENOUEUR, re-noo-eur, s. m. boue-setter RENOUVEAU, re-ndo-vo, s. m. spring, new

season of the year.

RENOUVELER, re-noov-la, v. a. to renew, revive, regenerate, begin afresh, refresh, repeat. change. Renoureler, v. n. or Se re-noureler, v. r. to renew, revive, be renewed or revived. Renouveler de jambes, to walk briskly again. Renouveler d'appétit, to fall to afresh.

RENOUVELLEMENT, rê-nôo-vêl-mên, s. m renewing, reviving, setting on foot again; repeating, repetition, reiteration.

RENSEIGNEMENT, ren-segn-men, s. m. mark, token, information, hint, document.

RENSEIGNER, v. a. to teach again. RENSEMENCER, rens-men-sk, v. a. to sow again, new-sow.

RENTAMER, ren-tâ-ma, v. a. to cut again,

begin again.
RENTASSER, ren-ta-sa, v. a. to heap up

RENTE, rent, s. f. rent, yearly revenue or income. Il a dix mille écus de rente, he has ten thousand crowns a year. Rente riagère or constituée, annuity. Rente féodale, rentor constituée, annuity. service, fee-farm, rent.
RENTÉ, E, adj. endowed; that has a year-

ly income.

RENTER, ren-ta, v. a. to endow.

RENTERRER, rên-tê-râ, v.a. to bury again. RENTIER, E, rên-tla, tlêr, s. m. & f. annuitant : also tenant.

RENTOILER, ren-twa-la, v. u. to put other linen to.

RENTONNER, v. a. to barrel up again. RENTORTILLER, ren-tor-ti-fa, v. a. to twist again. V. Entortiller.

RENTRAINER, v. a. to carry back, force again away.

RENTRAIRE, rên-trêr, v. a. (like traire) to fine-draw; to darn.

RENTRAIT, E, adj. fine-drawn, darned. RENTRAITURE, ren-tre-tur, s. f. fine-draw-

ing, darning.
RENTRAYEU-R, SE, rèn-trê-yêur, yèuz, s. m. & f. fine-drawer.

RENTREE, ren-tra, s. m. (d'une parlement, etc.) opening of the session, beginning of the term; (au jeu de cartes) taking in; (is hund-ing) return. Rentrée, s. f. Mar. Rentrée, (des œuvres morres) housing in, tumbling home, tumbling home of the top timbers. Vaisseau qui a de la rentrée, ship the upper works of which tumble in considerably.

RENTRER, ren-tra, v. n. to come or go or get in; to retouch with the graver. Rentrer en soi-même, to recollect one's self, descend into one's self. Rentrer en son bon sens, to come to one's senses again. Rentrer dans le devoir, to return to one's duty or obedience Rentrer dans les bonnes graces de quelqu'un, to regain one's favour. Faire rentrer un homme dans son néant, to put a man in mind of his nothingness. Rentrer, v. a. to get in

Rentrer, to get in, drive in, etc.

Rentrer, v. n. Mar. Rentrer un bâten de foc, to rig in a jib-boom. Faire rentrer un renew; to resume, take again in hand, re- l'boute-hors de bonnette, to rig in a studding

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

sail boom. Rentre la bonnette du grand hunier à tribord, haul down the starboard main top-mast studding-sail. Rentre de desms lu rergue du petit hunier, lay in off the fore top-sai yard. Rentre dedans, lay in. Rentre le grand for à mi-biton, get the jib half boom in. Rentre lu bouée, haul in the buoy. Rentre ze cordage, haul in that rope. Rentre les canons, run in your guns. Rentre les avirons, boat your oars. L'armée ennemie est rentrée, the enemy's fleet is returned to port.

REKVAHIR, ren-va-ir,v. a. to invade again. RENVELOPPER, ren-vio-pa, v. a. to wrap

up again.

RENVENIMER, renv-ni-må, v. a. to make

a sore fester again.

REKVERSE, (A LA) ren-vers, adv. back-ward, upon one's back.

RENYERSÉ, E, adj. thrown down, over-thrown, etc. V. Renerser. Une famille renrersée, a ruined or decayed family. Remer-sé sens dessus dessous, turned upside down or copsy-turvy. Il a la cervelle renrersée, his trains are turned.

RENVERSEMENT, ren-vers-men, s. m. pulling down, destroying, overturning, overthrow, ruin, disorder, confusion, subversion.

RENVERSER, ren-ver-sa, v. a. to throw or pull or lay down; to defeat, overthrow, rout; to break; to ruin, destroy; to turn upside down or topsy-turvy, confound, overturn, sub-vert, pervert. Des troupes qui se renrersent les unes sur les autres, troops that tread upon or overturn one another. Cela lui renrersera la cerrelle, this will turn his brain.

RENVIER, ren-vi-a, v. n. to revie (at play.) Renrier sur quelqu'un, to go beyond one, ex-

RENVOI, ren-vwa, s. m. sending back or returning; reference; let-in; (in lun) reference to another judge; dismission, leave or order to be gone. Murchandise de renroi, returnable commodity. Chevaux or chaise de

renroi, return horses or chaise.
RENVOYER, ren-vwh-yh, v. a. to send again, send back, send back again, return; to dismiss; to refer; to put off; to deny, repulse; to push or drive back, reflect. Ren-royer de Capphe à Pilate, to bandy from one to another. Renroyer quitte et absons, to clear and acquit. Renroyer un domestique, to dismiss a servant.

REORDI 'ATION, rå-dr-dl-nå-slon, s. f. reordaining or re-ordination.

REORDONNER, rå-or-do-nå, v. a. to reordain, confer holy orders a second time.

REPAIRE, re-per, s. m. haunt or den (of a wild beast.) receptacle, shelter, nest, lurking hole (of thieves;) crotels or dung (of rabbits, etc.)

REPAIRER, v. n. to haunt.

REPAISSIR, v. a. & n. to thicken again.
REPAITRE, re-petr, v. n. (like pulte) to
feed, ent; to bait. Repulte, v. a. to feed.
Se repaitre, to feed one's self (de is then with.)

REPANDRE, ra-pendr. v. a. to spill, shed; to scatter, distribute; to spread, diffuse, disperse. Répandre, (des fleurs) to stre w. pandre, v. n. to run or leak. Se répand Se répandre, v. r. to spread, diffuse, spread itself. Se repundre en, to lau ich forth or out into, run into, engage in.

RÉPANDU, E, adj. spilt, shetl, etc.
RÉPANABLE, rà-pà-ràbl, adj. reparable.
RÉPARATEUR, rà-pà-rà-deur, s. m. restorer.
RÉPARATION, rà-pà-rà-slon, s. f. repair-

ing; also reparation, satisfaction.
REPARER, ra-pa-ra, v. a. to repair, give satisfaction, make amends, make up, retrieve, restore, recover. recruit; (les torts) to redress. Réparer l'honneur de quelqu'un, to repair one s honour, to make him a reparation. Ré parer, v. a. Mar. to repair, put in order, etc. Réparer le gréement or la voilure d'un bûti-ment, to rest. Notre gréement sera réparé en entier d'ici à trois jours, our rigging will be completely put in order in three days.

RÉPARLER, ra-par-là, v. n. to speak again.
REPAROÎTRE, re-pa-reir, v. n. (see the table at oitre) to show one's self or appear

again.

RÉPARTI, E. adj. (from répartir) shared,

divided again, etc.

REPARTIE, s. f. repartee, reply, answer. REPARTIR, ra-par-tir, v. a. to share, divide again, assess; to reply, answer again. Les prisonniers seront répertis sur nos six ruis-seure, the prisoners will be distributed among our six ships.

REPARTIR, re-par-tir, v. n. (like partir)

to set out again.

RÉPARTITION, ra-par-il-slos, s. f. repartition, subdivision, assessment.

REPAS, re-pa, s. m. meal, repast, dinner, supper. Repus prié, entertainment. Fui ses quatre repus, to make sour meals a day.

REPASSER, re-pa-sa, v. a. to repass, pass or go or cross again; to carry or lerry over again; to consider, reflect upon, ponder or revolve; to repeat; (lu l'ime sur) to file over again, smooth, polish, revise, correct; to set, whet; to trim, codgel, give a dressing to; to chide, reprimand, scold at; (des cuirs) to dress or curry a second time; (du linge) to iron; (les allées a'un jurdin) to rake over. Repusser, v. n. to repass, pass or go or cross again. Cela me repasse souvent dans l'esprit, that often runs in my mind. Repusser, v. a. Mar. Repasser des manaeueres, to reeve running rigging in lieu of any which has been cut in action. A peine acions-nous repassé nos mâts de hune que le combat commença, we had hardly shifted our fore and main top-masts

when the action was renewed.

REPAVER, re-pa-va, v. a. to new pave.

REPAVER, re-pe-ya, v a. to pay a second

REPÈCHER, re-pe-sha, v. a. to fish up again, take out of the water.

REPEIGNER, re-pe-gua, v. r. to comb again. REPEINDRE, v. a. to paint again. REPEENDRE, re-pendr, v. a. to hang up again.

REPERSU, E., adj. hung up again. REPERSER, re-pen-sa, v. n. to think again revolve in one's mind. Jy ai pense at repense,

REPENTANCE, re-pen-lens, s. f. repentance, sorrow for one's faults, penitence.

REPENTANCE, re-pen-lens, s. f. repentance, sorrow for one's faults, penitence.

REPENTANT, E, re-pen-len, tent, adj. penitent, sorry for his faults, repentant.

REPENTI, E, adj. & s. f. repenting. Les

repenties, the repenting maids; also Magda-len or Magdalen house. REPENTIR, re-pen-tir, s. m. repentance,

sorrow.

bar, bat, base: thère, cbb, over: flekt, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

REPENTIR. (SE) se-re-pen-tir. v. r. to repent, be sorry.

REPERCER, re-per-sa, v. a. to new pierce

or pierce again. Répercussi-F, vz, rå-për-kå-sif, siv, adj. repercussive.

RÉPERCUSSION, rå-per-ku-slon, s. f. repercussion.

Cussion.

RÉPERCUTER, râ-pêr-kû-tâ, v. a. to repercuss, drive or strike back, reflect.

REPERDRE, rê-pêrdr, v. a. to lose again.

REPÈRE, s. m. a mark (on parts to show how they should be put together.)

RÉPERTOIRE, râ-pêr-twar, s. m. repertory.

REPESER, v. a. to weigh over again, new-

weigh.

RÉPETAILLER, v. a. to repeat over and

RÉPÉTER, ra-pa-ta, v. a. to repeat, to tell over and again, say over again, rehearse; (en justice) to recover (and then sur is from.) Gugner su rie à répéter la philosophie, to get one's livelihood by teaching philosophy in private. Se répéter, to say the same things over again.

RÉPÉTITEUR, rå-på-ti-teur, s. m. tutor, a private master, one that teaches (in private) Greek, Latin, philosophy, etc. Repetiteur, s. m. Mar. repeater, ship that repeats signals

in a fleet or squadron.

RÉPÉTITION, ra-pa-il-slon, s. f. repetition, tautology, rehearsal; (at law) recovery; (montre à repetition) repeater, repeating watch or clock.

REPEUPLEMENT, s.m. the act of repeopling. REPEUPLER, re-peu-pia, v. a. to repeople, people again, (un élang) to new stock.

REPIC, re-pik, s. m. repeck (at piquet.) Faire repic, to repeek.

REPILER, re-pl-la, v. a. to repound, beat again in a mortar.

RÉPIT, ra-pl, s. m. respite, delay, rest, continuation of time

REPLACER, re-pla-sa, v. a. to place again, put in its place again

REPLAIDER, re-ple-da, v. n. to go to law

again. REPLANCHÉYER, re-plen-she-ya, v. a. to

new-floor, new-board.

REPLANTER, re-plen tå, v. a. to replant, transplant, plant or set again. Replanter des fleurs arec le doigt, to set out flowers with one's finger.

REPLATRAGE, s. m. new plastering, patch-

REPLATRER, re-pik-tra, v. a. to row pleater, new-parget; also to mend, cover, patch up. REPLET, TE, IE pie, plet, alj. 10.5 fz. (ne-rer applied to animals.)

Repletion, ra-pla-slon, s. L. repletion;

mirfeit.

REPLI, re-pli, s. m. fold; (de la peau) wrinkle; (d'une rivière) the winding or turning; (d'eau humain) winding or turning,

REPLIER, re-pl-A, v. a. to fold again or turn in. Se repher, v. r. (as a serpent) to wriggle; (said of props) to fall back. REPLIQUE, ra-plik, s. f. reply, answer, repartee. Reptique or repliques, (in luw) re-plication.

plication.

RÉPLIQUER, ra pli-ka, v. a. to ceply, answer, make a reply or repartee.

REPLISSER, re-pli-sa, v. a. to plait again. REPLONGER, re-plon-2a, v. a. to dio or duck again. Replonger, v. n. or Se replon-

ger, v. r. to dive again.

Repoli, E, adj. polished again.

Repolir, re-po-lir, v. a. to polish again, polish over and over.

REPOLON, s. m. (said of horses) half volt.

RÉPONCE, s. f. rampions.

RÉPONDANT, ra-pon-den, s. m. bail, secu

rity, surety; respondent.

RÉPONDRE, ra-pondr, v. a. & n. to answer, reply, make answer; to answer, agree; to lead or go or strike into; to warrant, be responsible or accountable or answerable, be bound to make good; to equal, be answerable; to answer, correspond, make a suitable return, return; (parlant de l'écho) to answer again; (soutenir des thèses) to be a respondent. Répondre pour quelqu'un, to bail one, pass one's word or be security for one. Je vous en réponds, I warrant you, I pass my word for it. Répondre à l'attente de, to come up to or answer the expectation of; fall out or succeed according to the expectation of. Pour répondre à votre lettre, in answer to your Ces bâtimens au vent ne répondent pas au signal de reconnvissance, those ships to windward do not answer the private signal.

RÉPONDU, E, adj. answered, etc. RÉPONS, ra-pon, s. m. response (in divine

service.)

RÉPONSE, rh-pons, s. f. answer. Faireréponse à, to answer, write or give an answer to. REPORTER, re-por-la, v. a. to carry back.

Repos, s. m. Mar. V. Metre.
Repos, s. m. pest, repose, quiet, peace, quietness; quiet life, repose, sleep; landing-place or broad step; (in poetry) pause; being uncocked, (said of fire-arms.)
Repos, s. m. Mar. V. Metre.
Reposée, rê-pô-za, s. f. lodge or lair (of a

deer.)

REPOSER, re-pô-zh, v. n. to get rest, rest one's self; to rest or repose, sleep or slumber; to lie, be buried; (said of liquor) to settle. Laisser reposer un ouvrage, to let a piece of work lie by. Laisser reposer une terre, to let a piece of ground lie fallow. Se reposer, v. r. to rest, take rest, rest one's self, be or lie still; (said of birds, etc.) to rest, light, settle. Se reposer sur quelqu'un de quelqu'e affaire, to rely upon one about a concern, trust or entrust him with it, commit or have it to his care. Reposer, v. a. to rest, lay. Cela repose le teint, that gives a fresh complexion.

REPOSOIR, re-po-zwar, s. m. altar for the Corpus Christi procession; resting-place.

RÉPOUSER, v. a. to marry again.

REPOUSSANT, adj. disgusting.
REPOUSSENENT, re-poos-men, s. m. re
pulsing, repelling, recoiling.
REPOUSSER, re-poo-sh, v. a. to repulse,
push or beat or force or thrust or drive back, repel. Arbre qui repousse des branches, a tree that shoots new branches. Nous repoussames Pennemi à l'abordage, we repulsed the enemy when they boarded us. Repousser, v. n. to

spring; recoil; bourgeon; shoot or bud again. REPOUSSOIR, re-poo-swar, s. m. deutist's instrument to extract stumps; a farrier's tool; light objects in the fore-ground of a picture to make the others appear more distant. Mar

buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre. Lufant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

drive-bolt or driving-bolt, Repoussoir à manches, starting.

RÉPRÉHESSIBLE, ra-pra-èn-sibl, adj. reprehensible.

RÉPRÉHENSIBLEMENT, adv. reprehensibly. RÉPRÉHENSION, ra-pra-en-sion, s. f. repre-

hension, reproof, reprimend, rebuke.

REPRENDRE, re-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to retake, take again, recover; to resume, begin again, renew, take in hand again, set on foot again; (des mailles) to take up; to re-buke, check, blame, reprimand, chide, reprove, find fault or amiss, carp, criticise. Reprendre le chemin de, to return or go back to. Reprendre haleine, or son haleine, to fetch breath again. Reprendre sa parole, to recal one's word or promise. Reprendre une route, to go the same way again. Reprenons la chose d'un peu plus loin, let us go a little higher, let us resume or fetch the thing a little higher. Reprendre, v. n. to return or come or seize again upon; to reply, answer, rejoin, resume; to take root again. Se reprendre v. r. to close up again; to recollect one's self.

Reprendre, v. a. Mar. Reprendre un palan, to fleet or shift or overhaul a tackle. Reprendre un hauban, or un étai, to fleet a shroud or stay. Reprendre les pendeurs des palans de bout de vergue, to take up the yard tackle pendants. Reprendre les ensléchures des haubans, to square the railings. A reprendre, break off and clap on again. Reprendre un bitiment, to retake a vessel. Reprendre son poste, to resume one's station. La frégute, après le coup de vert, reprendra notre prise à la remorque, the frigate will take our prize in tow again after the gale of wind. Notre gree-ment neuf aura bientôt besoin dêtre repris, our new rigging will soon want flecting

*REPRÉSAILLES, rê-prâ-zal, s. f. pl. repri-ls. Par le droit de représailles, by way of retaliation, by way of reprisals.

REPRÉSENTANT, re-prà-zen-ten, s. m. re-

presentative, proxy.

REPRÉSENTATI-F, VE, rê-prâ-zên-tâ-tîf, tiv,adj. representative (only applied to things.) REPRÉSENTATION, rê-prâ-zên-fâ-sion, s. f

representation; presence, figure; effigy of a dead person. Representation d'une personne en justice, forthcoming or bringing forth of one before a judge. Donner la représentation d'une pièce de théâtre, to represent or act a play. C'est la première représentation de la pièce, this is the first acting or the first time that

this play was acted.

REPRÉSENTER, rê-prà-zèn-tà, v. a. to bring forth produce, lay before, represent, describe, express; to represent, lay before, let see, show; (une pièce de thédire) to act; to act the part of; to put in mind of; to look act the part of; to put in mind of; to look like; (tenir la place) to represent, hold or be in the place of, the representative or proxy of, personate. François T. représente trèshumblement à Votre Majesté, to the King, Francis T. humbly showeth. Représenter, v. n. to personate, to make a figure. Représenter bien, to have a fine presence; also to act up to one's self or to one's character. Se représenter, v. r. to recollect, to fancy : to look upon; (in law) to be forthcoming, make one's appearance.

REPRESSI-F, VE, adj. repressive.

REPRÉTER, rê-prê-ta, v. a. to lend again.

REPRIER, v. a. to pray again. REPRIMABLE, adj. that may or ought to be repressed, restrained.

REPRIMANDE, ra-pri-mend, s. f. repri-mand, rebuke, reproof, check, chiding, lecture. REPRIMANDER, ra-pri-men-da, v. a. to

reprimand, rebuke, reprove, check, chide. RÉPRIMER, ra-pri-ma, v. a. to repress,

curb, stop, stay, quell, bound, restrain.

REPRIS, E, adj. retaken, taken again, etc. V. Reprendre.

V. Reprendre.

Represse, ré-priz, s. f. retaking ; (d'um procès) renewing or reviving; (de chansons) repetition or burden; (de maladie) return; (au jeu d'ombre) party game; (in architecture) underpinning; a time. A diverses reprises, at several times, by fits and starts, by snatches, by degrees. Reprise, s. f. Mar. retaken vessel.

REPRISER, ré-pri-zà, v. a. to appraise

again, new-prize. RÉPROBATION, ra-pro-ba-slos, s. f. repro-

bation.

REPROCHABLE, re-pro-shabl, adj. reproachful, shameful, dishonest; that may be excepted against

REPROCHE, re-prosh, s. m. reproach, imputation; exception or charge against a with ness; twitting in the teeth. Faire des repro-ches à, to reproach or upbraid, to twit in the teeth with a thing. Sans reproche, blameless, unblameable, unspotted, without blemish. Sans reproche, je l'ar aidé dans sa misère, without any reflection upon bim I have assist-

ed him in his distress.

REPROCHER, re-pro-sha, v. a. to upbraid or reproach, twit, tax; charge, lay to one's charge, fling into one's dish; also to grudge. Reprocher des témoins, to except against wit-

REPRODUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being reproduced.

REPRODUCTIBLE, adj. that can be reproduced.

REPRODUCTION, re-pro-dak-slon, s. f. reproduction.

REPRODUIRE, re-pro-doir, v. a. (see the

REPRODUIRE, re-pro-ddir, v. a. (see the table at sire) to reproduce.

REPROBETTRE, re-pro-metr, v. a. (like mettre) to promise again or over and over.

RÉPROUVÉ, E. ra-pro-va, adj. & s. re-proved, rejected, reprobated; reprobate.

RÉPROUVER, ra-pro-va, v. a. to reprove, reject, disallow, disown; also to reprobate, and to prove again.

REPROUVE ra-sit out opposing

REPTILE, rep-til, adj. creeping.

REPTILE, s. m. reptile, creeping animal REPUBLICAIN, E, ra-pu-bli-kin, ken, adj. & s. republican ; commonwealth's man, member of a commonwealth. Avoir l'esprit ré-publicain, to be a republican, be a commonwealth's man.

RÉPUBLIQUE, rå-på-blik, s. f. republick,

commonwealth. RÉPUDIATION, ra-pa-dl-à-slon, s. f. repudiation.

RÉPUDIER, ra-pu-di-à, v. a. to put away

divorce or repudiate.

R frugnance, ra-pu-guens, s. f. repugnancy, contrariety or being contrary, contradiction, reluctancy, averseness. Il fait cela arec tant de répugnance, he does it so much against the grain.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

RÉPUGNANT, E, rh-pû-guèn, guènt, adj.

RÉPUGNANT, a, imposite.
repugnant, contrary, opposite.
RÉPUGNER, rà-pò-gnà, v. n. to repugn, be contrary or against, clash with. boisson répugne à mon tempérament, that drink goes against my somach. Cela répugne, that contradicts itself.

RÉPULLULER, râ-pûl-iù-ià, v. n. o re-pullulate, bud afresh, sprout anew. Répulsi-F,vr, râ-pùl-sif, siv, adj. epul-

RÉPULSION, rà-pùl-sion, s. f. repulsion.
REPURGER, rè-pùr-zà, v.a. to purge again.
RÉPUTATION, rà-pù-tà-sion, s. f. repulsion, fame, report, credit, name. Etre en réputation de bel esprit, to pass for a wit.
RÉPUTER, rà-pù-tà, v. a. to repute, think,

count, look upon as.

REQUERABLE, adj. demandable. REQUERANT, E, re-ku-ren, rent, s. m. & f. suitor, plair tiff.

REQUERIR, re-ka-rir, v. a. (see the table ALQUERIN, 16-AR-111, v. a. (see the table at Querir) to request, require, pray, beg; (en fustice) to require, demand; (after aller, venir, emoryer) to fetch again. Cela requier celerite, that requires despatch.

REQUERE, 78-k6; s. f. request, supplication which the des requises.

Maître des requêtes, master of tion, petition. requests. Chambre des requêtes, court of requests. Les requêtes de l'hôtel chez le roi, the court of the green cloth. Etre de requête, to be in request or much in vogue.

REQUETER, v. a. (in hunting) to quest again. REQUIEM, s. m. requiem, rest, quiet, peace. REQUIN, re-kin, s. m. shark.

REQUINQUER, (see) see-re-kin-kh, v. r. to smug or trim one's self up.
REQUINT, re-kin, s. m. fifth part of a fifth

REQUIPER, v. a. to new-rig.
REQUIS, E, re-kl, klz, adj. (from Requerir)
required, requested, etc. requisite; necessary, convenient.

REQUISE, s. f. request. Cela sera de requise, that will be in request or scarce.

Ríquisition, rà-kl-zl-slon, s. f. request, petition.

RÉQUISITOIRE, ra-kl-zl-twar, s. m. suit, request. RERE, V. Réer.

RESACRER, v. a. to re-consecrate.
RESAIGNER, V. Resaigner.
RESAISIR, V. Resaigner.
RESALER, v. a. to salt or powder again.
RESALUER, v. a. to re-salute, salute ancw.

RESARCLER, v. a. to weed again. RESASSER, V. Ressasser.

RESCRILER, re-sé-là, v. a. to seal again.
RESCINDANT, re-sin-den, s. m. demand
to obtain a rescision.

RESCINDER, re-sin-da, v. a. to rescind,

cancel, null, vacate, make void.
RESCISION, re-si-zion, s. f. rescision, rescinding, abrogating, cancelling; also execu-tion of a rescissory demand.

RESCISCIRE, re-si-zwar, s. m. execution

of a rescissory demand.

RESCRIPTION, s. f. order for paying a sum

RESCRIRE, V. Récrire.
RESCRIP, rès kri, s. m. a rescript (chiefly from the Pope or Emperor.)

RESEAU, s. m. little net, bag-net; net-work.

RESECHER, V. Ressecher, V a. & n. to dry

up again. Réséda, s. m. reseda, a sort of odornferous plant.

RESELLER, V. Resseller. RESEMELER, V. Ressemeler. RESEMER, V. Ressemer. RESERRER, V. Resserrer.

RÉSERVATION, rà-zèr-và-slon, s. f. reservation.

RÉSERVE, ra-zerv, s. f. reservation, reserve, proviso or caveat (in law;) reserve, reservedness, discretion, caution, circumspection. Corps de réserve, reserve or body of re-serve. Une chose de reserve, a spare thing. Temps de réserve, spare time. Poires de ré-serve, pears that will keep, winter-pears. A la réserve de, except, reserving, but. Sans réserre, without exception or reserve. Donner sans réserve, to give freely or prodigally. En réserve, adv. in store. Il a toujours quelque argent en réserve, he has always some money in store. Mettre en réserve, to lay up.

RÉSERVÉ, E, ra-zer-va, adj. reserved, laid up, saved, excepted; reserved, close, wary,

shy, cautious.
RÉSERVÉ, E, s. m. & f. Ex. Il fait bien le réserré, he is a very close or reserved man. Elle fait bien la réservée, she is very shy, coy

or reserved.

RÉSERVER, rà-zêr-và, v. a. to reserve, keep, lay up, except, save. Se réserver, v. r. to reserve or keep one's self. Se réserver à faire quelque chose, to delay doing a thing till it is convenient. Le général réserva son feu pour deux vaisseaux à trois pouts qui se suivoient, the admiral reserved his fire for two three delayers that vene fellowing each the three-deckers that were following each other.

RÉSERVOIR, rà-zêr-vwar, s. m. reservoir (for water,) also fish-pond; (d'un buteau pê-

cheur) well.

RESEUIL, V. Réseau.

RESIDANT, E, ra-zl-den, dent, adj. resid-

ing, dwelling.

Résidence, ra-zl-dèns, s. f. residence, dwelling in a place, abode, dwelling place, residentship; (de liqueur) sediment, grounds, settlings. RÉSIDENT, ra-zi-den, s. m. resident.

RÍSIDER, rã-zì-dã, v. n. to reside, stay, continue, abide.

RÉSIGNANT, ra-zl-dů, s. m. residue, remainder. RÉSIGNANT, ra-zl-guen, s. m. resigner. RÉSIGNATAIRE, ra-zl-gua-ter, s.m. resignee. RESIGNATION, ra-zl-gna-slon, s.f. resigne-

RÉSIGNER, ra 21-gna, v. a. to resign, yield up, surrender, make over. Se résigner, to

resign or give up or submit one's self.

RESILIATION, ra-zl-ll-d-slon, s. f. cancel

ling, annulling, making void.

RESILIER, ra-si-ll-a, v. n. to cancel, annul make usid nul, make void.

RÉSINE, rà-zin, s. f. or poix résine, resin, rosin

RÉSINEU-X, SE, rå-zi-neu, neuz, adj. resinous

RÉSIPISCENCE, rà-zì-pis-ens, s. f. resipiscence, amendment of life

RÉSISTANCE, ra-zis-tens, s. f. resistance, opposition. Pièce de résistance, piece of meat

where you may cut and come again.
RESISTEP a, ra-zis-ta, v. n. to resist, be

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

proof against, withstand, be against, oppose, hear, endure. Résister, to resist, oppose force to force, defend oue's self. On ne peut résister à la fumée, there is no bearing smoke.

Résolu, z, ra-zô-lů, lů, adj. resolved, etc. V. Résoudre, resolute, strut, bold. Résolu, s.m. Ex. Vous faites bien le résolu, you are very stout.

RÉSOLUBLE, adj. that may be resolved. RÉSOLUBENT, ra-20-10-men, adv. resolutely, stoutly, boldly; absolutely, peremptorily, obstinately. Il veut résolument ce qu'il real, he is a peremptory man, what he will have he must have.

RÉSOLUTI-F. VE, rå-zô-lå-tif, tiv, adj. resolutive, dissolving.

RESOLUTIF, s. m. resolutive or dissolving medicine.

RÉSOLUTION, rà-zô-là-sìon, s. f. resolution, resolve, determination, mind, full purpose or injention, courage, stoutness, decision, determination; (d'un corps en ses principes) resolution. reduction; (d'un contrat) cancelling, an-

nulling, making void; (d'une tumeur) discussion.
Résolvable, adj. that may be resolved

ar determined. RÉSOLVANT, E, rà-zôl-vên, vênt, adv. resolving, solving, clearing up. Un résolvant, a resolvent.

RÉSONNANCE, s. f. resonance, sound.

RESUNDANT, E, ra-zô-nên, nêm, adj. sounding, that makes a sound; that sounds

again, resounding, ringing.
Risonnement, A. zon-men, s.m. resounding. RESONNER, ra-zô-na, v. n. to resound, make

er yield a sound, sound or ring again. Resouder, ra-zoodr, v. a. (See the table at Soudre) to resolve; to persuade or induce or bring to; to resolve upon, determine; to solve, clear, determine; to soften, dissipate or melt; to reduce, turn; to null, make void. Resoudre, v. n. or Se résoudre à, v. r. to resolve, be resolved, determine, purpose. Je ne saurois m'y résoudre, I cannot find in my heart to do it. Se resoudre, to resolve or turn; be resolved or reduced.

Résous, adj. m. Ex. Brouillard résous en phue, mist resolved into rain.

RESPECT, res-pe, s. m. respect, consideration, regard; reverence, veneration. Bendre ses respects à quelqu'un, to pay one's respects or duty to one. Se fuire porter respect, to keep in awe. *Au respect de, in respect of, in comparison to.

RESPECTABLE, respecta-

ble, venerable, to be respected or reverenced.
RESPECTER, 22-pek-tå, v. a. to respect;
honour, regard, revere, show respect to; to reverence, spare. Se respecter, to maintain one's dignity, act suitable to one's station or age or character.

RESPECTI-F, VE, res-pêk-tif, tlv, adj. respective, mutual, reciprocal, relative.
RESPECTIVEMENT, res-pêk-tiv-men, adv.

respectively, mutually, interchangeably, reciprocally.

RESPECTUEUSEMENT, res-pek-tu-euzmen, adv. respectfully, humbly

RESPECTUEU-X, se, res-pek-td-eu, euz, adj. respectful, full of respect, humble, submissive.

RESPIRABLE, adj. that may be breathed. RESPIRATION. res-pl-ra-slow, s. f. respiration, breath, breathing.

RESPIRER, respire, v. a. to breathe, breathe in, suck in; to breathe or gape a der, be bent upon. Respirer, v. n. to breathe, fetch one's breath; to have a respite or breathingtime. Respirer après, to gape after, long for.

*RESPLENDEUR, s. m. brightness. RESPLENDIR, res-plen-dir, v. n. to shine,

glitter, glister.

RESPLENDISSANT, E, res-plen-di-sen, sent, adj. shining, glistering or glittering, bright.
RESPLENDISSEMENT, es-plen-dis-men, s. m. brightness.

RESPONSABILITÉ, s. f. responsibility.
RESPONSABLE, responsable, adj. respons

sible, answerable, accountable. RESSAC, s. m. Mar. surf.

RESSAIGNER, v. a. to bleed or let blood again.

RESSAISIR, v. a. to seize again. RESSASSER, re-sa-sa, v. a. to sift again; also to call one to an account.

RESSÉCHER, v. a. to dry up again. RESSELLER, v. a. to saddle again. RESSAUT, s.m. a jutty or jutting out.
RESSEMBLANCE, re-sen-blens, s. f. resemblance, likeness, similitude, picture.

RESSEMBLANT, E, re-sen-blen, blem, adi. resembling, like.

RESSEMBLER, re-sen-bia, v. n. to resemble, be like, favour. Ils se ressemblent fort, they are

much alike, they favour one another much.

RESEMBLER, re-sem-la, v. a. (des souliers) to new-sole; (des has) to new-sol.

RESSEMER, v. a. to sow again. RESSENTIMENT, re-sen-ti-men, s. m. return, grudging, relicks of a disease; (d'une injure) resentment, sense; formerly, gratitude, gratefulness, thankfulness, acknowledgment.

RESSENTIR, re-sen-tir, v. a. (like sentir) to feel, resent, be sensible of, have a deep sense of, acknowledge; (un affront) to resent. On resent ici toute la force du courant, the whole strength of the current is felt here. Se ressentir (d'injure) to resent, show one's resentment for, be sensible of, take to heart, stomach, feel for; (de mal, de perte,) to feel still, have still some gradging or relicks of, not to be well recovered of; to share in, suffer or be affected by.

RESSERREMENT, re-ser-men, s. m. ol-

struction, stoppage; (de cœur) oppression.
RESSERRER, re-se-ra, v. a. to lay up, lay
up again; tie tighter, bind up, fasten, contract, bring into a narrow compass; (un prisonnier) to keep closer than before; (le ventre) to bind, be hinding; to bind, restrain, limit, check. Se resserver, to contract itself, lie or stance close together.

RESSIF, s. m. Mar. reef, ridge. Deux ba. timens marchands se sont brisés sur le ressif au large, two merchant ships are gone to pieces on the reef in the offing.

RESSORT, re-sor, s.m.spring; wheel, secret way, resort; jurisdiction, district or extent of

a jurisdiction; verge or cognizance or province.

RESSORTIR, re-sor-tir, v. n. (like sortir, sortant) to go out again; (like bâtir, batissant) to be under the jurisdiction of.

RESSORTISSANT, E, re-sor-ti-sen, sent, adj

belonging to or lying under a jurisdiction.
RESSOURER, re-soo-da,v.a. to solder again.
RESSOUREE, re-soors, s. f. resource, shift, remedy, help, refuge, aftergame.

Mallew

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

sans ressource, irreparable or irrecoverable. J'ai fait une perte qui n'a point de ressource, I sustained a loss without hopes of recovery.

RESSOUVENIR, re-soov-nir, s. m. remembrance, memory, touch, resentment. ressourenir de, v. r. (like venir) to remember, call to mind. Faire ressourenir, to remember or put in mind of.

RESSUAGE, s. m. sweating; also separating of silver from copper (by means of lead.)
RESSUER, re-sû-å, v. a. to sweat; also to

part silver from copper.
RESSUI, re-soll, s. m. lair (of a deer.) RESSUSCITE, E, adj. risen, raised from the

dead.

RESSUSCITER, re-sd-sl-th, v. a. to raise, raise from the dead; bring to life again; to revive, remow. Ressusciter, v. n. to rise again from the dead. Faire ressusciter, to revive. RESSUYER, re-shb-ys, v. a. to wipe again. RESTANT, E, res-ten, tent, adj. remaining,

RESTANT, s. m. remainder.

RESTAURANT, res-to-res, s. m. restorative, restorer.

RESTAURATEUR, res-tô-ra-teur, s. m. re-

storer, re-establisher; sort of victualler.
RESTAURATION, res-to-ra-slon, s. f. restoration, re-establishment.

RESTAURER, res-10-ra, v. a. to restore, repair; (ses forces) to recover, pick up.

RESTE, rest, s. m. rest, remainder, remannt, scrap, residue, remains; leavings, refuse. Etre en reste, to be behind, be in arrears, be still in debt, be behind hand with one. Au reste, du reste, as for the rest, besides, and besides, nevertheless, otherwise, in other respects. Les restes d'un heros, his ashes. Reste de potener, hang dog, Newgate bird. A ce coup de dé il joue de lout son reste, this very cast of the dice runs for all. Il y cu de notre reste, all we have lies at stake. Il n'y a rien de reste, there's nothing left. J'en ai de reste, I have more than enough, I have some to spare. Il y parviendra de reste, he will get it fast enough.
*RESTE, s. f. Ex. A toute reste, with might

and main.

RESTER, res-ta, v. n. to be left, remain, be exiant; to stay, remain, continue. Le nom lui en est reste, he was afterwards called by that name. Rester sur la place, to be killed on the spot. Il me reste à vous dire que, etc. I have still to tell you that, etc. Rester, Mar. Rester à la mer, to remain at sea. Rester à l'ancre, to remain at anchor, lay fast. Rester à pic, to remain a-peak or up and down. Rester à long pic, to ride short. Rester à sec de voiles, to continue under bare poles. Rester à sec sur le rivage, to remain high and dry a-ground. Rester en brancle bas, to keep the hammocks stowed, and the ship clear for ac-tion. Rester en station, to remain on a par-ticular station. Rester de l'arrière, to remain astern (through the inferiority of the ship's sailing.) Rester de l'arrière, (pour couvrir un comos) to remain astern (for the protection of a convoy.) Rester en croisière, to remain to cruise or cruising. Rester en panne, (pour attendre le convoi) to continue lying to (to wait tendre teconors to continue tying to the convoy.) Rester on calme, to lie be-calmed. Rester as movillage, (pour rumasser les hommes qui sont à terre) to remain at anchor (to pick up the people that are ashore.)

Rester sur rade, (pour ramasser un comoi) to remain in a road-stead (in order to collect a convoy.) Rester en presence de l'emmeni, to remain in sight of the enemy. Rester en ob servation devant un port, to remain off a port watching the enemy's motions within. nous restent ces voiles inommues ? how do those strange sails bear? Un bâtiment nous reste par le travers, a vessel is on the larboard beam. Selon l'estime, le cap Finisterre nous reste au sud-ouest, by our reckoning, Cape Finisterre bears south-west.

RESTITUABLE, res-ti-tû-abl, adj. restora-

RESTITUER, res-ti-tu-a, v. a. to restore. return, give back again, refund, make good, repair.

RESTITUTEUE, restil-td-teur, s. m. restorer, critick that restores the passages of an

RESTITUTION, res-il-td-slon, s. f. restitution, refunding, making good; (d'un passage) restoring.

RESTREINDRE, rés-trindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to bind, astringe, be astringent; to comfine, stint, limit, abridge. Se restreindre, v. r. to use a restriction.

RESTREINT, E, adj. bound, confined, stinted, limited, abridged. RESTRICTIF, VE, res-trik-tif, dv, adj. re-

strictive, binding. RESTRICTION, res-trik-slow, s. f. restric-

tion, limitation.

RESTRINGENT, I, res-trin-zen, zent, adj. restringent, binding, restrictive.

RESTRINGENT, S. m. restringent. RÉSUER, V. Ressuer. RÉSULTANT, E, ra-zûl-tên, tênt, adj. re-

RESULTAT, rå-zůl-tå, s. m. result, upshot, resolve, consequence

RÉSULTER, rå-zůl-tå, v. n. to result, follow. RÉSUMÉ, ra-zd-ma, s. m. Ex. Le résumé d'un discours, the summary or recapitulation of a discourse.

RÉSUMER, rå-zů-må, v. a. to resume, recapitulate, sum up.

RÉSUMPTE, s. f. act of a doctor of di-

vinty. Resumption, rd-roup-slon, s. f. recapitulation, summing up.

RÉSURRECTION, rà-zd-rek-sion, s. f. resur-

rection. RETABLE, s. m. altar piece.

RÉTABLIR, ra-tà-tafr, v. a. to repair, restore, re-instate, re-establish, recover, renew, retrieve, set up again. Rétablir, Mar. Rétablir les braules, to hang up the hammocks again. Rétablir l'ordre dans la ligne, to form the line again (after it has been broken.)

RETABLISSEMENT, ra-ta-bils-men, s. m. repairing, restoration, re-establishment, reco-

repairing, residuation, re-continuous, renewing.

RETAILLEMENT, s. m. recutting.

RETAILLER, re-ta-ta, s. f. pl. shreds.

RETAILLER, re-ta-ta, s. f. pl. shreds.

RETAPER, re-ta-ta, s. f. pl. shreds.

RETAPER, re-ta-ta, s. m. or netapeau) to cock up, mould the form (of a hat.) Un chapeau bien retape, a well cocked hat.

RETARD, re-ta-ta, s. m. or RETARDATIONS.

of delaw nutting off (in law.)

s. f. delay, putting off (in law.)
RETARDEMENT, re-tard-men, s. m. stay. stop, delay, hinderance

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RETARDER, rê-târ-dâ, v. a. to retard, hin-der, stop, keep or put off, delay, obstruct. Retarder, v. n. to go too slow, come later. Re-tarder, Mar. to delay, etc. Les charrettes du convoi nous ont beaucoup retardés dons la traversée, the heavy sailing-ships of the convoy delayed us very much in the passage.

RETATER, re-ta-ta, v. a. to feel or touch

again, taste again; (un ouvrage d'esprit) to

RETAXER, re-tak-sa, v. a. to re-assess.
RETEINDRE, ra-tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to extinguish, put out again.

RETEINDRE, re-tindr, v. a. (see the table

at cindre) to dye again.
RETEINT, E, adj. dyed again.
RETENDRE, ra-ièndr, v. a. to stretch er pull

out again.

RETERIR, re-tair, v. a. (like tenir) to get hold again; to keep, detain, withhold; to keep to one's self, reserve; to stop, stay; to hire, to our sen, reserve, we sorp, say, selection, bespeak, take; to retain, remember, mind; (in arithmetick) to carry; to hold back, hinder; to restrain, curb, bridle, keep in, contain. Retenir, Mar. Ce vent nous retiendra ou mouil-lage, this wind will keep us at anchor. Nous avons retenu un bâtiment neutre pendant plusieurs jours, we detained a neutral vessel several days. Resenir, v. n. to conceive; to keep the carriage or cart steady going down Se retenir, to forbear, contain one's self. Se retenir à, to get hold of.

RETERTER, v.a. to try again, make a fresh

trial or attempt.

RETENTI-F, VE, adj. retentive. RETENTION, ra-ten-slon, s. f. reservation; (d'urine) retention.

RETENTIR, re-ten-thr, v. n. to ring or echo again, resound, ring with. Toute la terre retentit de ses louanges, the whole world resounds with his praises.

RETENTISSANT, E, re-ten-ti-sen, sent, adj.

ringing, echoing, resounding.
RETENTISSEMENT, re-len-tis-men, s. m. sound, great sound.

RETENTUM, s. m. clause, proviso, tacit

clause or reservation.

RETENU, E, ret-no, no, adj. (from Retenir) kept or retained, etc. staid, sober, discreet, grave; reserved, circumspect, cautious, shy, wary.

RETENUE, ret-nu, s. f. moderation, soberwariness, discretion, caution, circum-ion recorvedness, modesty, decorum. ness, spection, reservedness, modesty, decorum. Qui n'a point de retenue, rash, indiscreet. Vivre dans l'ordre et dans la retenue, to live a sober or regular life.

RÉTICENCE, rà-tl-sèns, s. f. reticence : concealing or concealment.

RÉTICULAIRE, adj. reticular.

RÉTI-F, VE, ra-tif, dv, adj. restiff, that will not go forward, stubborn, froward. Rétif aux remedes, averse to physick.

RETINE, ra-tln, s. f. net-like tunicle (of the eye,) retina.

RETIRADE, re-ti-rad, s. f. intrenchment.

RETIRATION, s. f. turning of a sheet to print the other side.

RETIRÉ, E, re-ti-ra, adj. drawn out, etc. retired, solitary, lonesome.

RETIREMENT, re-tir-men, s. m. (des nerfs) contraction shrinking.

RETIRER, re-ti-ra, v. a. to draw, take, fetch, get out; to get or take off; to fetch out of pawn, redeem; lo get, recover, get again; (aa parole) to call in, call back; to draw or pull again; (arec sene arme) to shoot again; to harbour, lodge, shelter, entertain, receive; to draw, get, reap; (in law) to redeem, re-lease. Se retire, v. r. to retire, withdraw, depart, go away, be gone; to retire, make one's retreat; to shrink; to draw or fall or go back, stand by. Se retirer de, to retire or withdraw from, leave, leave off, quit, forsake; to retire or go home. Retirez-rous d'ici, get you gone. Se retirer de la foule, to go out of the crowd. Faire retirer la foule, to disperse the crowd. Tout le monde fut retiré de la frégate avant qu'elle sandt, Mar. every body was got out of the frigate before she blew up.

RÉTIVE, V. Réif. RETOISER, rê-twk-zk, v. a. to measure

over again.

RETOMBÉE, s. f. declivity (in architecture.) RETOMBER, 8. declivity (in architecture.)
RETOMBER, Récon-bl, v. n. to fall again,
get another fall, fall sick again, relapso.
Porte qui retombe, a pulley door. Le blame
retombers aur but, the blame will fall upon
him. Retomber, Mar. to fall back, etc. Les vents retomberont au sud-ouest, the wind will go round again to the southwest. Le lougre est retombé en culme, the lugger is again be-

RETONDRE, rê-tondr, v. a. to shear agam.

RETONDU, É, adj. shorn again. RETORDEMENT, s. m. twisting again (in a

manufacture.) RETORURE, re-tordr. v. a. to twist again wring again.

RETORQUER, rê-tôr-kh, (un argument) v

a. to retort or turn against one. RETORS, E, re-tor, tors, adj. writhed, twisted, wrung again, also shrewd, cunning.
RETORSION, re-tor-slon, s. f. (d'argument)

retortion. RETORTE, re-tort, s. f. retort, (a chemical vessel.)

RETOUCHE, s. f. revising.
RETOUCHER, re-too-sha, v. a. to touch again; also to revise again.

RETOUR, re-dor, a. m. return or coming back, arrival, turn, return, vicissitude, change; decline, turn; return, suitable return; repentance, repenting, conversion. Faire retour or un retour à Dieu, to turn to God, be convert-ed. Beauté sur le retour, declining or decayde l'ag, to be in a declining age, be old.

Arbre sur le retour, old tree. Il a de fâcheux Arbre sur le retour, old tree. retours, he is a cross or peevish sort of a man. Tours et retours, turnings and windings. retour, to boot; back again. Retour, Mar. Retour de courant, eddy of a stream. Retour de marke, turn of the tide. Retour d'une ma-nœuvre, hauling part of a rope (which is led through a leading block.) Prendre un retour arec une manaeuvre, to take a turn with a rope (for the purpose of holding on.) Ces bâtimens sont sur leur retour, those ships are homeward bound.

RETOURNE, re-toorn, s. f. trump or turned up card.

RETOURNER, re-toor-na, v. n. to return, go back. Retournons à notre propus, let us rebar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, roh, lord: mood. good.

turn to (or resume) our former discourse. Non, je n'y retournerai plus, no, I will do so no more. Retourner à Dieu, to turn to God, be converted. Y retourner, to commit the same fault, do it over again. Retourner, v. a. to turn or turn up. Se retourner, v. r. to turn, face about; also to fly to or find an expedient. S'en retourner, to return, go back, go home. Retourner, s'en retourner, Mar. L'armée doit retourner en croisière, the fleet is to go upon another cruise. Voilà le capitaine to go upon another cruise. Voilà le capitaine qui s'en retourne à bord, the captain is going on board again. Des vents contraires ont fait retourner le convoi, contrary winds have made the convoy put back. Les vents sont retournés au sud-est, the wind has got back to the southeast

RETRACER, re-tra-sa, v. a. to draw again;

also to relate, describe, recount. RETRACTATION, ra-trak-ta-slon, s. f. re-

tractation, recantation.

RÉTRACTER, rå-tråk-tå, une opinion or se rétracter d'une cpinion, v. r. to retract au opimion, recent.

RETRAIRE, rê-trèr, v. a. (like traire) to re-

deem (law term.)
RETRAIT, rê-trê, adj. (parlant des blés)

RETRAIT, s. m. redemption, redeeming; privy, house of office. niglitman. RETRAITE, rê-trêt, s. f. retiring or going

home; (du tambour) tattoo; retreat; retirement, privacy, private life; retiring place; refuge, shelter, sanctuary, harbour; receptacle, nest, lurking hole; (in architecture) diminishing or lessening of a wall, making of it thinner. Donner retraite, to shelter, harbour. Faire retraite, to retire, go home. Cloche qui sonne la retraite, cursew bell. Se battre en retraite, to maintáin a running fight. V. Coup, Mar.

RETRAITER, v. n. to retreat, retire from a

superiour enemy.

RETRANCHEMENT, re-trensh-men, s. m. retrenching, lessening, diminishing, abridging, retrenchment; bye-place, corner; refuge; intrenchment.

trenchment.

RETRANCHER, rê-trên-shâ, v. a. to re-trench, lessen, diminish, cut off, abridge; to lessen, suppress, retrench. Retrancher, to take away, cut off; to intrench, fortify. Les mé-decins lai ont retranche le vin, the physicians have forbidden him wine. Se retrancher, v. r. to confine one's self; to retrench one's expenses, abridge one's self, live within compass, pinch; to intrench, fence or fortify one's self

RETRAYANT, E, rê-trê-yên, yênt, adj. that redeems, redeeming. V. Retraire.
RÊTRE, s. m. reister (sort of German trooper.) C'est un vieux rêtre, he is an old fox or a cunning fellow.

RÉTRÉCI, E, adj. straitened, shrunk, etc. RÉTRÉCIR, ra-tra-sir, v. a. to straiten; make straiter, make narrow or narrower, cramp. Se rétrécir, v. r. to grow strait or narrow or make narrow or narrower, cramp. straiter or narrower, shrink.

RÉTRÉCISSEMENT, ra-trà-sis-men, s. m.

shr nking, contraction, taking in.

RETREINDRE, ra-trindr, v. a. (see the table

RÉTRÉINT, E, adj. raised.

RETREINT, s. f. raising (of metal.) RETRESSER, v. a. to new-weave.

*RETRIBUER, v. a. to retribute, requite,

repay, reward.
RETRIBUTION, ra-tri-ba-sion, s. f. retribution, requital, recompense, reward, fee.

RÉTRILLER, ra-til-fa, v. a. to curry again. RÉTROACTI-F, vE, ra-tro-ak-tif, tiv, adj.

retroactive, driving back. RETROACTION, s. f. effect of what is retro-

RÉTROCÉDER, rå-tro-så-då, v. a. to make over again. RÉTROCESSION, rå-trô-se-sion, s. f. making

over again.

RÉTROGRADATION, ra-uro-gra-da-sion, s.

f. retrogradation. RÉTROGRADE, adj. retrograde.

RÉTROGRADER, rå-tro-grå-då, v.n. to re-

trograde.
RETROUSSÉ, E, adj. cocked up, turned up, tucked up. Un nez retroussé, a nose that turns up.

RETROUSSEMENT, s. m. turning or tucking

up again, cocking up.

RETROUSSER, re-troo-sa, v. a to cock or turn or tuck up.

RETROUSSIS, re-troo-si, s.m. cock (of a hat.) RETROUVER, re-troo-va, v. a. to find, to find again, recognise. Nous retroupimes l'escadre après avoir battu les mers pendant dix jours, Mar. we found the squadron again after having heat the seas for ten days.

RETS, re, s. m. net, snare. RÉTUDIER, ra-ta-di-a, v.a. to study or learn

RÉTUVER, v. a. lo bathe over and over foment.

RÉUNION, ra-ordon, s. f. re-union, re-unit-

ing, re-annexing, reconciliation.
REUNIR, ra-ti-uir, v. a. to re-unite, join together again, re-annex, unite, annex; to recon-

cile. Se réunir, v. r. to unite, centre, agree.
Réussir, ra-d-sir, v. n. to succeed, thrive or prosper, come to a good issue, have good success.

RÉUSSITE, rà-d-sit, s. f. success, good success, issue.

 REVALOIR, (SE) se-re-va-lwar, à quelqu'un. v. n. (like raloir) to be even with one, return one like for like.

REVANCHE, re-vensh, s. f. revenge; re turn, requital, retaliation. En revanche, in return or requital. En reconche de, by way of retaliation for. Il m'a maltraité, j'en aurai ma recanche, he has used me ilt, I will be revenged. Vous m'avez donné de bons offices, je to-cherai d'en avoir ma revenuche volt bava dona cherai d'en avoir ma revanche, you have done me several good offices, I will endeavour to re-

nesseveral good offices, I which had avoid to re-turn (requite, acknowledge, repay) them.

REVANCHER, re-ven-sha, v. a. to take the part of, espouse the quarrel of, side with. Se revancher, to defend one's self, strike again, make one's party good, return like for like; be even with one, retaliate. Se revancher de, to be revenged on, retaliate, requite, return, acknowledge, repay.

*Revancheur, rê-vên-shêur, s. m. re

venger, requiter.

REVASSER, re-va-sa, v. n. to have a great many dreams; also to be full of thought, he in a brown study.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : bufant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Reve, rev, s. m. dream; chimerical idea. Reveche, re-vesh, adj. harsh, crabbed, rough; unruly, stubborn, heady, froward.

REVECHE, S. f. baize.

RÉVELL, ra-vél, s. m. the time when one awakes. A mon rével, when I am awake. A l'heure de son réveil, when he or she wakes.

RÉVEILLE or RÉVEILLE MATIN, 8. m. larum watch or clock; also awaker, bell-man.

V. Réveilleur.

RÉVEILLER, ra-vê-là, v. a. to awake or wake, rouse from sleep, call up; to stir up, re-Il réveilla vive, raise or quicken; to renew tout son courage pour cette entreprise, he summoned all his courage for that enterprise. Se réveiller, v.r. to awake or wake; begin anew, be revived.

RÉVEILLEUR, s. m. awaker, bell-man.

RÉVEILLON, rà-vê-lon, s. m. meal just after midnight, small collation between supp and bed-time (when people sit up late.) V. Médianoche.

RÉVÉLATION, rà-và-là-slon, s. f. revelation, revealing. La révélation d'un secret, the re-

vealing or disclosing of a secret.

RÉVÉLER, ra-va-la, v. a. to reveal, dis-

close, discover, lay open.

REVENANT, E, rev-nen, nent, adj. (reprir) coming back, etc. likely, taking nent, adj. (from

REVENANT-BON, s. m. perquisites, profits, emoluments; (deniers revenand-bons) remainder of a sum.

REVENANT, s. m. spirit (that walks or haunts a house.)

BEVENCHE, etc. V. Revanche, etc. REVENDEU-R, SE, re-ven-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. huckster, retailer, broker.

*REVENDICATION, re-ven-di-ka-sion, s. f.

claiming or claim, demanding or demand. REVENDIQUER, re-ven-di-ka, v. a. to

claim, demand, challenge.

REVENDRE, re-vendr, v. a. to sell again, sell by retail. Il en a à revendre, he has enough of it, and to spare.

REVENDO, E, adj. sold again. REVENIR, ev-nir, v.n. (like venir) to come again, come back, come back again; to grow again, grow up again; to come to, amount to, cost, stand (one) in; to return or come again; to arise, accrue, result; to suit, match; to please; to recover, recover one's self, come to one's self again; to be reconciled or appeased, be friends again, forgive; (said of ghosts) to appear, walk; to rise up in one's stomach. Recenir de, to recover, repair, make up; to be out of conceit with, be off with; to leave off, be weaned from; to be cured of. Faire revenir, to call back or home; to parboil, boil a little; to cheer up, revive. Faire revenir quelqu'un de pamoison, to recover one out of a swoon. Revenir sur l'ezu, to come above water again. Revenir à la charge, to return to the charge, charge again. Il ne m'en revient rien, I get nothing by it. L'un revient à l'aurre, it comes to the same thing, 'tis all

REVERTE, re-vent, s. f. resale, selling again. De revente, at second hand.

REVENTER une voile, Mar. to fill a sail again (after it has been shivering or lying aback.)

REVENU, E, rev-nů, nů, adj. come back, ceturned, etc. V. Revenir.

REVENU, revenue, rents, income, profits, advantage. Un bien dont les revenus sont petits, an estate that yields small profits.

REVENUE, rev-nd, s. f. young wood sprout-ing up after the coppice is felled, growth of

young wood. REVER, re-va, v.n. & a. to dream, be in a dream; to rave, be light-headed; to talk idly, rave, dote; to think or consider, muse, chew the cud upon. Un lieu propre à rêver,

a proper place for meditation.

RÉVERBÉRATION, rã-vêr-bā-rā-slon, s. freverberation, reflection, repercussion.

RÉVERBÉRR, rā-vêr-bēr, s. m. reverbera-

tory plate behind a lamp or candie, reflector of a lamp. Feu de réverbère, reverberant fire.

RÉVERBÉRER, rà-ver-ba-rà, v. a. to re-verberate, reflect, throw back.

REVERDI, E, adj. painted green, become green again.

REVERDIE, s. f. increase of the tides immediately after the nesps. Reverdies, spring tides.

REVERDIR, rê-vêr-dîr, v. a. to paint green again. Reverdir, v. n. to become green again; (parlant des dartres, de la gale) to break out again.

Reverdissement, re-ver-dis-men. s. m.

growing green again.
Révéré, E, adj. revered, reverenced, respected.

RÉVÉREMMENT, rà-và-rà-mên, adj. reve-

rently, with reverence.

REVERENCE, ra-va-rens, s. f. reverence, respect; bow, conge or congee; courtesy or curisy; (titre) reverence. Sauf réverence, rétérence parler, save your presence, an't please you, under favour. Paire la révérence à quelqu'un, (parlant d'un garçon or d'un homme) to bow to one; (parlant d'une fille or d'une femme) to curtsy or make a curtsy

REVERENCIELLE, adj. f. reverential. *RÉVÉRENCIEU-X, SE, rà-và-rèn-sièu, sièuz, adj. fuil of bows or cursies.

RÉVÉREND, E, ra-va-rèn, rènd, adj. reve-

Révérendissime, rå-vå-rèn-dl-sim, adj.

right reverend, most reverend.
Révéren, ra-va-ra, v. a. to revere, reve-

REVERER, revery, s. f. revery or reverie, loose musing, fit of musing, irregular thought; idie fancy or notion, foolish conceit, extrava gance; raving, delirium, idle talking.

REVERNIR, re-ver-mr, v. a. to glaze or var-

nish over again.

REVERS, re-ver, s. m. (d'une médaille, etc.) the reverse; (de la main) back; back stroke; de fortune, etc.) misfortune, cross fortune, turn of the tide; (d'un feuillet) back page, opposite page. Revers, Mar. piece of timber, the convexity of which lies inwards. Amures de revers, lee-tucks. Boulines de revers, lee-bowlines. Ecoules de revers, weather-sheets. Alonges de revers, top-timbers. Revers de l'éperon, flaring of the cut water. Revers du coltis, flaring of the kauckle timber.

V. Hauban & Genou.
REVERSER, re-vêr-sa, v. a. to pour again.
Reverser, Mar. Reverser la cargaison d'un
bâtiment dans un autre, to shift a cargo from

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: tiel. 1 g rube, rob, ford: mood, good.

d'un bâtiment our un autre, to turn over a ship's

company from one vessel into another.

REVERSI, re-ver-sl, s. m. a game at cards.

REVERSIBLE, re-ver-slbl, adj. subject to reversion, reversible.

REVERSION, re-ver-sion, s. f. (in law) re-

REVESTIAIRE, re-ves-tier, s. m. revestia-

ry, and by contraction vestry.

REVETEMENT, re-vet-men, s. m. lining of

a ditch, etc. (in stone, etc.)
REVETIR, re-ve-tlr, v. a. (like vetir) to clothe; (de pierre) to line, face, overcast; to endue, endow, set out; to confer, bestow; to vest, invest, give possession. Se revêtir, v. r. to put on one's clothes again.

REVÎTISEMENT, s. m. (in law) vesting,

investiture.

REVETU, E, rê-vê-tû, tû, adj. clothed, etc. V. Revêtir. Le roi revêtu de ses habits royaux, the king in his royal robes. Les magistrats revêtus de leurs robes, the magistrates in their

formalities.

RÉVEU-R, SE, rè-veur, veuz, adj. & s. dreaming, musing, pensive, in a brown study, full of idle fancies, lost in wild imagination;

dreamer, visionary, dotard, doting fool.
REVIREMENT, re-vir-men, s. m. Mar. act of going about again either by tacking or wearing.

REVIRER, re-vi-ra, de bord, v. a. Mar. to put about again, bring the ship again on the tack she was before.

RÉVISER, v. a. to revise, examine again. RÉVISEUR, rå-vl-zèur, s. m. reviser. RÉVISION, rå-vl-zìon, s. f. revising, review-g or review, koking over again. Faire réing or review, looking over again.

sion, to revise or review. REVISITER, re-vi-zi-ta, v. a. to revisit, visit

again.
REVIVIFICATION, S. f. revivification, act A recalling to life.

REVIVIPIER, regvi-vi-fi-a, v. a. to revive,

put life againinto; revivificate.

REVIVER, revivir, v. n. (like vivre) to revive, come to life again, live again. Faire reviver, resuscitate, to bring to life again, revive

RÉVOCABLE, rå-vô-kabl, adj. revocable, reversible, which may be revoked or recalled.
REVOCATION, ra-vo-ka-sion, s. f. revoking,

revocation, repealing; loss of place.

RÉVOCATOIRE, adj. that revokes.

REVOICI, ré-vwa-si, Ex. Me revoici, here

am I again. REVOILA, re-vwa-la, Ex. Vous recoilà?

what, are you here again?
REVOIR, re-vwar, v. a. (like voir) to see

again, wait upon one again; revise, look over again.

REVOIR, s. m. Ex. Adieu, jusqu'au revoir,

REVOLER, re-vô-la, v. n. to fly again.
REVOLER, re-vô-la, v. n. to fly again.
REVOLIN, re-vô-la, s.m. Mar. gust of wind.
REVOLTANT, E, adj. revolting, shocking.
RÉVOLTE, ra-vôtt, s. f. revolt, rebellion,

nsing, insurrection, mutiny.
RÉVOLTÉ, E, rå-vôl-tå, adj. revolted, re-

belled.

RÉVOLTES, (LES) s. m. pl. the rebels. RÉVOLTER, ra-vol-ta, v. a. to cause to reoel or revolt, turn or stir up against, raise re-

one vessel to another. Reverser l'équipage || bellion; shock. Se révolter, v. r. to revolt, rebel or rise, mutiny.

RÉVOLU, E, ra-vô-là, là, adj. come about, revolved

RÉVOLUTION, rå-vô-lå-slon, s. f. revolution. REVONIR, rå-vô-mir, v. a. to vomit *or* cast

or spue up again. RÉVOQUER, rà-vô-kà, v. a. to revoke, re-

cal, repeal, reverse, make void (un ambassadeur) to recel; (un commis) to turn away, dismiss. Révoquer en doute, to call in question.

REVUE, adj. (from revoir) revised.

REVUE, re-vu, s. f. review, diligent search.

Faire la revue, to take a review, to muster, to roview; (de gens de guerre) review, muster. Faire la revue de, passer en revue, to review, muster. Revue, Mar. muster.

RÉVULSI-F, VE, adj. revulsive (in medicine.) RÉVULSION, rh-vul-sion, s. f. revulsion, forcing of humours to contrary parts.

REZ de, rad, prep. close to, even or level with. Rez pied, rez terre, even or level with the ground. Rez de chaussée, s. m. level ground, superficies of the ground. L'appartement de rez de chaussée, the ground floor. A rez de chaussée, level with the ground.

RHABILLAGE, ra-bl-/az, s. m. mending,

old clothes mended.

RHABILLER, rå-bl-lå, v. a. to dress again, new-clothe, new-vamp, mend, patch up.

RHÉTEUR, ra-teur, s. m. rhetorician, rhetorick master, orator. RHÉTORICIEN, rå-tô-rl-slên, s. m. rheto-

RHÉTORIQUE, rå-tô-rik, s. f. rhetorick, ora-

RHIN, s. m. Rhine

RHINOCÉROS, rl-no-sa-ros, s. m. rhinoceros. RHOMBE, romb, s. m. rhomb, any point of the compass. Rhombe de vent, (sur la carte) rhomb line; (de la boussole) point of the com-

RHOMBOTDE, ron-bo-ld, s. f. Rhomboid. RHUBARBE, rd-barb, s. f. rhubarb.

RHUMATISME, rd-må-tism, s. m. rheuma-

RHUME, ram, s. m. rheum, cold (in one's head.)

Rнутные, ritm, s. m. rhythm. Rнутныі que, rit-mik, adj. rhythmical.

RIANT, E, ri-en, ent, adj. smiling, cheerful, that looks pleasant and pretty. En riant, in jest, with a sneer. Denis riantes, fore teeth.

RIBAMBELLE, s. f. a great many, series.

*RIBAUD, E, ri-bo, bod, adj. & s. lecherous, lewd; fornicator, lecher, wench, leche-

rous woman. V. Roi.

RIBAUDERIE, s. f. the act of a lecherous man or woman.

*RIBLER, v. p. to ramble, walk the streets. RIBLETTE, ri-blet, s. f. slice or collop of

pork, bacon, veal or beef broiled. *RIBLEUR, s.m. night-rambler, pick-pocket *RIBON-RIBAINE, adv. will he nill he, by

all means, whether one will or not. RIC-A-RIC, adv. exactly, to a farthing, strictly.

RICANEMENT, s. m. giggling, sneering, sniggering.

RICANER, ri-ka-na, v. n. to giggle, sneer,

snigger. RICANEU-R, SE, rl-kå-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. giggler, sneerer.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RICH, s. m. lynx (of Sweden and Poland.) RICHARD, ri-shar, s. m. rich man.

RICHE, rish, adj. rich; wealthy, opulent; plentiful, copious; costly, magnificent; lofty, sublime, noble. Riche en bétail, well stocked with cattle. Riche en argent, monied, well lined. Riche en laideur, consoundedly ugly. Il a fait un riche mariage, he has married a fortune. Riche taille, tall, proper size. Un

riche parti, a great match, a great fortune. RICHE, s. m. Ex. Le mauvais riche,

Dives.

RICHEMENT, rish-men, adv. richly, splen-didly, magnificently, nobly. Marier sa fille richement, to get one's daughter a rich hus-band. Elle est richement laule, site's extremely ugly.

RICHESSE, ri-shes, s. f. riches, wealth, richness, magnificence; vast or great estate;

(d'une langue) copiousness.

RICOCHET, rl-kô-shê, s. m. skipping (of a flu stone on the water) duck and drake. Faire des ricochets, to make ducks and drakes.

Nouvelle venue par ricochet, roundabout news. RIDE, rid, s. f. wrinkle. Le vent fait des rides sur l'cau, the wind ruffles the water. Ride, Mar. laniard. Rides des haubans, la-niards of the shrouds. Rides des galhaubans, laniards of the backstays. Ride du grand étai, laniard of the main stay. Rides des marchepiels, laniards of the horses of the yards. Ride à palan, tackle serving by way of laniard to a stay.

RIDE, E, adj. wrinkled, full of wrinkles,

shrivelled.

RIDEAU, rl-dò, s. m. curtain; mask, veil. RIDELLE, rl-dèl, s. f. rack or side (of a wain.)

Rider, rl-då, v. a. to wrinkle, make wrinkles, shrivel. Ce qui égayoit les autres ridoit son front, that which diverted others, made him frown or knit his brow. Le moindre petit vent fait rider la face des eaux, the least wind that blows ruffles the water. Rider, v. n. Se rider, v. r. to wrinkle, become wrinkled or shrivelled; to bend or knit the brow, frown, pout, lower.

pout, lower.

Rider, Mar. to set up or taught, stay. Rider les haubans, to set up the shrouds. Ride bien les galhaubans, set the back-stays well up. Ride l'étai du grand mât de perroquet, stay the main top-gallant mast. L'étai du petit mût de perroquet est-il ride? is the fore top-gallant

mast stayed?

RIDICULE, rl-dl-kul, adj. & s. ridiculous, fit to be laughed at ; ridiculous creature, foppish creature; ridicule, ridiculousness, foppo-ry, foppishness, silly trick or way; reticule (a small bag.) Trailer quelqu'un de ridicule, to make a fool or an ass of one. Tourner en ridicule, to turn into ridicule, to turn off with a droll. Tomber dans le ridicule or se donner un ridicule, to fall into ridicule, make one's self ridiculous. Les Précieuses ridicules, de Molière, the romantick ladies of Moliere.

RIDICULEMENT, rl-dl-kul-men, adv. ridiculously, in a ridiculous manner.

Ridiculiser, ri-di-ku-li-za, v. a. to make ridiculous, turn into ridicule, laugh at.

*RIDICULITÉ, s. f. ridiculous or foolish thing said or done.

RIEN, rien, s. m. nothing, any thing (s'il y a déjà une négation ;) (dans les phrases inter

rogatives ou dubitatives) any thing. Un rien, a trifle, the least thing. Des riens, trifles. Rien du tout, rien au monde, nothing at all, not the least thing. Je ne dis rien, I say no thing. Je n'ai jamais rien vu de plus magnifique, l never saw any thing more magnificent. Voulez-vous rien mander à Londres? have you any thing to send to London? Je doute qu'il en sache rien, I doubt whether he knows any thing about it. Y a-t-il rien de noureau? is there any news! Je n'en ferai rien, I will not do it. Qui n'a santé n'a rien, he who wants health wants every thing. It nous fait bien prendre de la peine pour des riens, he puts us to a great deal of trouble for nothing. Un rien presque suffit pour le fâcher, he takes exception at the least thing in the world. Comme si de rien n'étoit, without tak ing the least notice. Il n'en est rien, no such thing, it is no such thing, it is not true. N'être pour rien dans, to have nothing to do with. Note bon a rien, to asswer no purpose, be of no service, not to be good for any thing. B rit pour rien, the least thing makes him laugh. Si peu que rien, very little. Un homme de rien, a man of no family. Cet homme ne m'est rien, that man is neither a relation nor an acquaintance of mine. Il ne tint à rien qu'il ne se noyât, he was near being drowned. Je ne se noyat, he was near being drowned. Le ne pense à rien moins qu'à vous choquer, I have not the least thought to offend you. Ce n'est rien moins aux cela it is rien moins que cela, it is quite another thing. En moins de rien, instantly. RIEU-R, SE, ri-eur, euz, s. m. & f. laugher,

laughing man or woman; one apt to laugh at any thing or that will laugh at a feather; jeer-

er, a jeering man or woman, banterer.
RIFLER, v. a. to rifle, take or sweep

Rigide, rl-zld, adj. rigid, strict, severe, rigorous, stern.

RIGIDEMENT, rl-zld-men, adv. rigidly. strictly, severely, rigorously.
RIGIDITE, ri-2i-di-ta, s. f. rigidity, strict-

ness, severity, sternness.

ness, severity, sterimess.
Rigodon, rl-gô-don, s. m. rigadoon.
Rigode, rl-gôl, s. f. trench, gutter, ditch, furrow (to convey water;) treuch (to plant in.)
*Rigoder, (se) v. r. to make merry.

RIGORISME, ri-go-rism, s. m. rigidity, strictness, puritanism.

RIGOREUSEMENT, ri-go-rist, s. m. puritan.
RIGOUREUSEMENT, ri-go-riuz-mên, adv.
rigorously, severely, hardly, sternly.
RIGOUREUS, SE, ri-go-rieu, rieuz, adj. ri-

orous, sharp, severe, hard, stern, cruel. RIGUEUR, rl-geur, s. f. rigour, severity, hardness, cruelty, sternness, rigidity, strictness. Traiter quelqu'un avec rigueur or à la rigueur, to be severe upon one, use one severely. A la rigueur, à la dernière rigueur, à toute rigueur, rigorously, too strictly, in too strict a manner. A toute rigueur, when the worst comes to the worst.

RIMAILLE, s. f. rhyme, doggrel, paltry verses, sad stuff.

RIMAILLER, rl-ma-la, v.n. to rhyme, make sorry verses, poetize.
RIMAILLEUR, rf-ma-leur, s. m. sorry

rhymer, poetaster.
RIME, rim, s. f. rhyme. Rimes, verses.

RIMER, rl-ma, v. n. to rhyme, jingle, make verses. Rimer, v. a. to rhyme, put in

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mocd, good.

metre or verse. Des bouts rimés, rhymes or words given to be filled up in as many verses.

RIMEUR, rl-meur. s. m. rhymer.

RIMPRIMER, V. Reimprimer.

RINCEAU, s. m. foliage (in painting and architecture.)

RINCER, rin-sh, v. a. to rinse or wash.

RINCURE, rin-sur, s. f. rinsing water. RINGRAVE, s. f. sort of breeches, with

points and ribands. *RIOLÉ, E, adj. streaked, diversified, set out with several colours.

*RIOTE, s. f. quarrel, bickering.
*RIOTER, rl-6-th, v. n. to quarrel or wrangle; also to giggle, laugh.

*RIOTEU-R, SE, adj. quarrelsome, full of scolding, brawling.
RIPAILLE, rl-pal, s. f. Ex. Faire ripaille,

to junket, feast, banquet.
RIPER, v. a. Mar. to slip through the nip pers. Le câble ripe, the cable goes out as much as it comes in

Riporéz, ri-pô-på, s. f. bad mixture (of remains of wine, etc.) mixture of different liquors or sauce: confused composition.
Ripostx, ri-pôst, s. f. reply, smart reportee;

retort, return; parry and thrust.
RIPOSTER, ri-pos-ta, v. n. to reply, retort, rejoin, make a quick and smart repartee; repel warmly; to parry and thrust at the same time (in fencing.) Mar. to reply, answer. Quand on nous cria d'amener, nous ripotâmes de notre volée, when they called out to us to strike, we answered with our broadside.

RIRE, rir, v. n. to laugh; be merry; to joke, be in jest; to smile, look pleasant. Rire de puelque chose, to laugh at a thing, not to care for a thing. Faire rire, donner sujet de rire, to make sport, give occasion to laugh.

Crever or se crever de rire, to burst with laughing, split one's sides with laughing.

Avoir le mot pour rire, to be facetious or jocose or full of jokes, be merry. Je le disois pour rire, I spoke it in jest. Apprêter à rire à la compagnie, to make one's self a laughing-stock, make one's self ridiculous. Rire au nez de quelqu'un, to laugh in one's face. On verra bientit rire, we shall have fine sport presently. Marchand qui perd no peut rire, let him laugh that wins. Si vous m'échauffee la tête, je vous ferai rire d'une autre sorte, if you anger me, I will make you sing to another tune or I'll ratile you to some tune. La fortune hai rit, fortune smiles upon him. Tout rit dans cet appartement, every thing is beautiful in this apartment. La rose rit au soleil, the rose spreads itself towards the sun. Se rire de, v. r. to laugh at, make sport with. On s'en est bien ri, he was much laughed at. Je me ris de nos menaces. I laugh at your threat. me ris de vos menaces, I laugh at your threatenings. laugh. Rire du bout des dents, to force a

RIRE, rlr, s. m. laughter, laughing, smile. Ris, rl, s. m. laughter, laughing, smile. Les rise its graces suivent partout see pas, the smiles and graces attend her every where.

Ris de venu, sweet-bread (of a breast of veal.) Ris, s. m. Mar. reef (of a sail.) Ris de chasse, first reef. Bas ris, last reef. Pren-dre im ris, to take in a reef. Prendre un ris à l'artimon, to balance the mizen. Prendre des ris, to reef take in reets. Prendre les ris à une voile, to reef, reef in. Etre au bas ris,

to be close reefed. Prenez deux ris dans chaque hunier, take two reefs in the fore and main top-sails. Ho de la hune d'artimon, prends tous les ris au perroquet de fougue, mizen top there, close reef the mizen top-sail. RISBAN, s. m. flat ground with cannons,

for the defence of a port.

RISDALE, S. f. rixdollar, about 47 cents.
RISDALE, S. f. laughter; laughing at, derision, mocking; laughing-stock. Mar. gust, squall. Lo à la risée, luff when it blows.

RISBILITÉ, rl-zl-bl-fl-fl, s. f. risibility, RISBLE, rl-zlbl, adj. risible, capable of laughing, comical, pleasant, merry; ridiculous. RISQUE, rlsk, b. m. risk, hazardous. RISQUE, rlsk, s. m. risk, hazard, venture,

peril, danger.

Risquer, rls-ka, v. a. & n. to venture, hazard, expose, bring into danger, run the risk or hazard. Risquer le tout pour le tout, to run all hazards, lay all at stake.

RISSE, s. f. Mar. gripe. Risses de chaloupe, gripes (ropes by which a boat is secured on a

vessel's deck.)

RISSER, v. a. Mar. to lash or frap. Risser

Rissolt, ri-sol, s. f. sort of minced pie.
Rissolt, ri-sol, s. f. sort of minced pie.
Rissolt, r., adj. fried or roasted brown or
crisp. Vieille rissolte, old shrivelled wainscot-face.

RISSOLER, rl-so-la, v. n. Se rissoler, v. r.

to grow brown or crisp.
RIT or RITE, rl, rk, s. m. rite, church cere-RITOURNELLE, ri-toor-nel, s. f. flourish,

voluntary (before or after a song.)
RITUALISTE, s. m. ritualist, who writes on

the ritual.

RITUEL, s. m. ritual.

RIVAGE, rl-vaz, s. m. bank, water-side; beach, shore, strand. Rivage haut or elect strand. Droit de rivage, shorage. RIVAL, E, rl-val, adj. & s. rival, competitor

RIVALISER, v. a. to rival. RIVALITE, rl-va-ll-ta, s. f. rivality, rivalry competition.

Rive, rlv, s. f. bank, shore-side, water side. Il n'y a ni fond ni rive, 'tis above any man's reach.

RIVER, ri-7å, v. a. to rivet, clinch. River le clou à quelqu'um, to fit one, to pay him off RIVERAIN, rlv-rin, s. m. one that inhabits the banks of a river or the borders of a forest

or wood.

RIVET, rî-vê, s. m. rivet. RIVIÈRE, rî-vièr, s. f. river. Gens de vière, water-men. Oiseau de rivière, warivière, water-men. ter-fowl. Porter de l'eau à la rivière, to carry coals to Newcastle.

RINDALE, V. Risdale. RINE, s. f. combat, conflict, scuffle

RIZ or RIS, rl, s. m. rice. RIZIÈRE, rl-zièr, s. f. rice ground or field. RoB, s. m. rob.

ROB, S. III. 100.

ROBE, rob, S. f. (de femme, etc.) gown;
(de magistrate, etc.) robe; habit, religious habit. Robe de chambre, night or morning gown. Gens de robe, gown men. Juges de longue robe, judges of the long gown. Je porre respect à sa robe, I have a respect fer his gown.

his gown.
*Robin ro-bin, s. m. lawyer

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

canule, spigot of a tap.

ROBORATI-P, VE, adj. strengthening.
ROBUSTE, ro-bust, adj. robust, strong,
strong-limbed, lusty; hardy.

ROBUSTEMENT, adv. strongly, stoutly. Roc, rok, s. m. rock; rook (at chess.)

ROCAILLE, ro-kal, s. f. little stones or peb-

bles or shells for a grotto.

ROCALLEUR, ro-ka-leur, s.m. grot-maker. ROCAMBOLE, ro-kan-bol, s. f. rocambole. ROCHE, rosh, s. f. rock. Un cour de roche, a heart of flint, a hard-hearted man or woman.

ROCHER, ro-sha, s. m. rock, flint, heart of nt. Pour n'aimer pas de si beaux yeux, il faut être un rocher, one must be made of flint not to love such fine eyes. Parler aux rochers, to preach to the stones. Rocher, s. m. Mar. rock. Rocher sous l'eau, sunken rock. Rocher qui décourre à mi-marée, half tide rock. Rocher qui veille, rock above water. Rochet, ro-shè, s. m. rochet (bishop's

robe.)

ROCOU, V. Roucou.
RODE, s. f. Mar. (in the Mediterranean) upper part of the stem and of the stern-post.

Rode de proue, upper part of the stem. Contre-rode de proue, apron. Rode de poupe, upper part of the stern-post. Contre-rode de

poupe, back of the stern-post.
RODER, ro-da, v. n. to roam, rove, range, ramble, go up and down. Mar. to sheer. Le bâtiment rôde sur son ancre, the ship sheers

about her anchor

RÔDEUR, rồ-đềur, s. m. rover, rambler. RODEUR, rồ-đồ-mon, s. m. bully, huffing blade, huff; braggadocio, vapouring hector. Faire le rodomont, to rodomontade, swagger, hector it, huff, vapour.

RODOMONTADE, ro-do-mon-tad, s. f. rodo-

montade, vain-glorious bravado, vapouring. ROGATIONS, ro-ga-slon, s. f. pl. rogation-week, gang-week, grass-week before Whit-

ROGATON, ro-ga-ton, or ROGATUM, s. m. brief (in order to beg money from door to door,) beggar's petition, waste paper, old lum-ber. Rogatons, (restes de viandes) scraps.

ROGNE, rogn, s. f. scab, scurf, mange. ROGNE-PIED, S. m. farrier's paring-tool.-ROGNER, ro-gna, v. a. to cut, pare, clip, shred. Rogner les ongles à quelqu'un, to clip one's wings. Il est le maître, il rogne, il wille, he is the master; he does what he lists.

ROGNEU-R, SE, rô-gnêur, gnêuz, s. m. & f. clipper (of money.)
ROGNEU-X,SE, rô-gnêu, gnêuz,adj.scabby,

ROGNON, ro-gnon, s. m. kidney; testicle, Mettre les mains sur les rognons, to put one's arms a kimbo. Etre chaud du rognon, to be hot-spurred.

ROGNONER, ro-gno-na, v. n. to growl,

grumble. ROGNURE, ro-gnur, s. f. shreds, parings,

clippings.

ROGUE, rog, adj. surly, haughty, proud. Roi, rwa, s. m. king, sovereign, prince crowned; (au jeu de cartes ou des échecs) king; head, first, leader; officer who superintends or looks to. Roi d'armes, king at arms. roi des victors, the head man of the king's musick. Le roi du bal, the manager

ROBINET, ro-bi-ne, s. m. cock. Robinet de [] of the ball. Le roi des ribauds, officer who formerly looked to the vagabonds and idle persons that haunted the court. Vous êles le roi des hommes, you are a brave man. Les rois, le jour or la fête des rois, twelsth day, Epiphany. Faire les rois, to choose king and queen. Aune de roi, ell. Pied de roi, twelve inch foot.

ROIDE, rêd, adj. stiff; inflexible, opinia-tive, obstinate, hard. Une sauce roide de sel or de poivre, a sauce too high seasoned. cours de cette rivière est roide, that river has a rapid or violent stream. Un vol roide, a swift flight. Une montagne roide, a steep hill. Se tenir roide, to be stiff or obstinate. Il tomba roide mort, he fell stone dead. Aussi roide qu'un trait d'arbalète, us swist as an

*ROIDEMENT, adv. stiffly.
ROIDEUR, re-deur, s. f. stiffness, rapidity,

swiftness, violence, steepness; obstinacy.
ROIDILLON, re-dl-lon, s. m. rising in a mad.

ROIDIR, re-dir, v. a. to stiffen, make stiff, stretch out. Roidir, v. n. to be stiff. Seroidir, stretch out. Kondar, v. n. to be sun. Keronar, v. r. to stiffen, grow stiff; to be stiff, reals, withstand, bear up against, be obstinately bent. Roidir, v. a. Mar. to haul taught. Roidir les bras du petit hunier, to haul taught the fore top-sail braces. Roidis bien les drisses du grand hunier, haul well taught the main top-sail haliards.

ROITELET, rwa-tle, s. m. little or pet'y

king; wren.
ROLE, rôl, s.m. roll, list, scroll, catalogue; register: (d'une pièce de thédire) part, character, cue. Faire des rôles d'écriture, to write wei, cue. raire aes roies a certure, to write whole sheets of law business. A tour de rôle, in course, one after another. Jouer bien son rôle, to play well one's part. Rôle, s. m. Mar. Rôle d'equipage, complete book or exact muster-book of the ship's company. Rôle de postes, station bill. Rôle de combat, quarter bill. Rôle de august watch bill. Rôle de quart, watch bill.

Rôlen, v. a. to write rolls. V. Rôle.
Rôlen, v. a. to write rolls. V. Rôle.
Rôlet, rô-lê, s. m. under part.

Jouer bien
son rôlet, to play one's part well.

Je suis au
bout de mon rôlet, I know not what to say

ROMAIN, NE, rô-min, mên, adj. Roman. Laitue romaine, Cos-lettuce.

ROMAIN, s. m. roman (a printing letter.) Romaine, ro-men, s. f. steel-yard, Roman balance (a sort of weight.)

Roman, rô-mên, s. m. romance, novel. Parler roman, to use a romantick style (in one's speech.)

ROMANCE, ro-mens, s. f. romance, sort of ballad.

ROMANCIER, ro-men-sia, s. m. writer of romances. ROMANESQUE, rô-må-nêsk, adj. roman-

tick. ROMANESQUEMENT, adv. in a romantick

manner.

ROMANTIQUE, adj. romantick. ROMARIN, rô-må-rin, s. m. rosemary. ROMBAILLET, s. m. Mar. burr (in a piece

of timber.) ROMESCOT, s. m. Peterpence.
*ROMINAGROBIS, rô-ml-nâ-grô-bl, s. m
grave piece of formality, grimalkin.
ROMPEMENT, romp-mên, s. m. Ex. Rompe

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

ment de tête, troublesome noise; vexatious!

business, vexation of spirit.

ROMPRE, ronpr, v. a. to break; to break off; to keep off, turn off, divert; to use, bring, train up, exercise; to break through, rout, put to the rout; to dismiss, disband, turn away; (*l'assemblée*) to break up; (*le de*) to brak up; (*le de*) to brak up. Rompre le camp, to break up. Rompre le silence, begin to speak. Rompre les chemins, to make the roads deep. A tout rompre, at the most. Rompre, v. n. to break, break off, part in two or several pieces; to break with, fall out. Rompre en pieces; to break with, tall out. Exempte a quelqu'un, to out-face one. Se rompre, v. r. to break, break off, break down, part in two or several pieces. Se rompre un bras, une jambe, to break an arm or leg. Se rompre la tête à quelque chose, to beat one's brains about a thing.

Rompre & se rompre, v. a. & r. Mar. to break, etc. Rompre la ligne, to break the line. Rompre des bordages, etc. to break uper rip off planks, etc. Le bâtiment chassé a rompu son boute-hors de bonnette de petit husier, the chase has carried away her fore-top-set middline silt her server server. meer, me chase has carried away her fore-top-mast studding-sail boom. La remorque rompit dans la nuit, the tow-rope broke in the night. La rergue sèche se rompit dans le fort du grain, the cross-jack yard snapped in the height of the squall.

ROMPU, E, adj. (from Rompre) broke or roken, etc. Chemin rompu, deep way. broken, etc. Rompu de travail, mightily wearied or tired.

RONCE, rons, s.f. bramble, briar; difficulty. ROND, E, ron, rond, adj. round, circular. Il est tout rond or rond comme une boule, he is thick as he is long. Il est rond et franc, he is a plain downright man. Dufil rond, coarse thread. Compte rond, even accompt or even money. Faire le compte rond, to make even money. Voix ronde, round full voice. Mar. Le vent est rond, the wind is steady.

ROND, s. m. round, circle, ring; compass, circumference. Tourner en rond, to turn round or in a round. Danser en rond, to

dance in a ring.

RONDACHE, ron-dash, s. f. shield, buckler. RONDE, rond, s. f. rounds. Ronde d'eau, water-work in form of a round cup. A la ronde, round about. Dix milles à la ronde, ten miles round or round about. Boire à la ronde, to drink round. Faire la ronde, to go the rounds, walk the rounds; and Mar. to

row guard.
RONDEAU, ron-dò, s.m. rondeau; baker's-

RONDELET, ron-dle, s. m. roundelay (sort

of Spanish poem.) RONDELET, TE, ron-dle, dlet, adj. rather plump.

RONDELETTES, s. f. pl. sail-cloth manufactured in Brittany.

RONDELLE, ron-del, s. f. little shield. RONDEMENT, rond-men, adv. roundly, sincerely, plainly, frankly, even.

RONDEUR, ron-deur, s. f. roundness, ro-

RONDIN, ron-din, s. m. billet of wood; cudgel.

RONDINER, ren-di-na, v. a. to cudgel. RONFLEMENT, ronfi-men, s. m. snoring, morting, rumbling.

RONFLER, ron-fin, v. n. to snore, snort; to rumble; (parlant des chevanx) to sport. RONFLEUR, SE, ron-fleur, fleuz, s. m. &

f. snorer, snoring man or woman.

RONGER, ron-zà, v. a. to gnaw, nibble, pick; (parlant de l'eau-forte, de la rouille) to eat, eat up. Donner un os à ronger à quelqu'un, to give or throw one a bone to pick. Ronger ses ongles, to bite one's nails Cheval qui ronge son frein, a horse that champs the bit. V. Frein. Se ronger le cœur or l'esprit, to fret oue's self. La tristesse ronge l'esprit. grief gnaws or vexes or torments the mind. geur, the never-dying worm. Pl. An order of quadrupeds. RONGEUR, ron-zeur, s. m. Ex. Le ver ron-

*Roquantin, s. m. Ex. Un vieux roquan-

tin, an old hunks.

ROQUEFORT, s. m. cheese made of ewe's milk.

ROQUER, ro-ka, v. a. to castle (at chess.) ROQUET, ro-ke, s. m. shock-dog; also short cloak; and worthless man.
ROQUETTE, ro-ket, s. f. rocket (a sort of

cabbage.)

abbage.)
ROQUILLE, ro-kll, s. f. gill (a measure.)
ROSAIRE, ro-zèr, s. m. rosary, great beads.
ROSAIT rh-zh. adi. of roses. Huile rosat, ROSAT, ro-za, adj. of roses. Huile oil of roses. Miel rosat, mel rosatum. guent rosat, rose-ointment.

Roser, s. m. roast beef.

ROSE, roz, s. f. rose. Rose d'Inde, French marigold, Indian rose; also, a large round window and a river fish. Bouche de rose, rosy mouth. Rose des vents, Mar. card of a compass. Rosk, E, rô-za, adj. of a faint red (said of

wine.)

Roseau, rô-zò, s. m. reed. Roseau aromatique, sweet calamus.

ROSE-CROIX, roz-krwa, s. f. Rosicrucian

Rosée, ro-za, s. f. dew.

ROSERAIE, roz-re, s. f. ground planted with rose bushes.

ROSETTE, rô-zêt, s. f. rose; red ink; red brass, molten copper; trunk-maker's nail.

Rosier, ro-zia, s. m. rose bush.

Rosière, s. f. roach. Rosse, rôs, s. f. sorry horse; roach. Rosser, rô-sa, v. a. to bang, maul, belabour.

Rossignor, ro-si-guol, s. m. nightingale; pick-lock. Rossignol d'Arcadie, ass.

ROSSIGNOLER, v. n. to sing as a nightingale.

ROSSINANTE, s. f. sorry horse.

Rossolis, s. m. rosa solis

ROSTRALE, adj. rostrated. ROSTRE, s. m. beak.

ROSTURE, ROSTURER, V. Rousture, Rousturer.

Rot, rd,s. m. belch, breaking wind upward.

ro, s. m. roast meat. Rôt-de-bif, Rôт, saddle of mutton or loin of venison roasted. ROTATION, ro-th-slon, s. f. rotation.

ROTE, rot, s. f. rota (chief jurisdiction of the court of Rome.)

ROTER, ro-th, v. n. to belch, break wind upwards.

Rôti, E, rò-ti, ti, adj. roasted, roast.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Roti, ro-ti, s. m. roast meat. Accommoder un homme tout de rôti, to maul one sound-

ROTIE, s. f. roast. Rotie au beurre, buttered toast.

ROTIN, s. m. sort of Indian reed which serves to make furniture.

Rôtir sur le gril, to broil. Rôtir au four, to bake. Rôtir e balai, to play pranks, grow old in an employment without being the better for it. Rôtir, v. n. Se rôtir, v. r. to roast, be roasting, be parched.

ROTISSERIE, ro-tis-ri, s. f. cook's shop. ROTISSEU-R, SE, ro-il-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. cook, one that keeps a cook's shop.
ROTONDE, s. f. kind of starched band for-

merly worn; rotundo.

ROTONDITÉ, roton-di-là, s. f. rotundity.
ROTULE, rot-di, s. f. knee pan, ball or
whirlbone of the knee.

ROTURE, rd-tur, s. f. soccage or villanage, noble tenure. Gens de roture, ignoble perignoble tenure. sons, plebeians.

ROTURIER, E, rô-tů-rlå, rièr, adj. held by soccage, ignoble, meanly extracted, plebeian. Droits roturiers, mean or inferiour services.

ROTURIER, E. s. m. & f. plebeian. ROTURIÈREMENT, rô-tů-rièr-mên, adv. ignobly, meanly. Terre possédée roturièrement, land held by soccage or villanage.

ROUABLE, s. m. rake for coals in an oven. ROUAGE, roo-az, s. m. wheel-work.

ROUAN, roo-en, adj. roan. Ex. Cheval rouan, roan horse

ROUANNE, roo-an, s. f. instrument to mark casks.

ROUANNER, roo-â-na, v. a. to mark (casks.) ROUANNETTE, s. f. instrument with which timber is marked.

ROUANT, roo-en, adj. m. Ex. Paon rouant, peacock in his pride.
ROUBLE, roobl, s.m. rouble (a Russian coin.)

Rouc, s. m. a sort of fabulous bird.

ROUCHE, roosh, s. f. Mar. hull of a ship (or ship on the stocks) that is not yet masted

Roucou, s. m. sort of plant, sort of paste made of that plant.

ROUCOTLER, rôn-kôn-lå, v. n. to coo.
ROUE, rôo, s. f. wheel. Faire la roue, to
wasel about. Le paon fait la roue, the peacock is in his pride or spreads his tail. Pousser à la roue, to keep on, promote. Roue de gouvernail, Mar. steering wheel.

Rous, z, adj. broken upon the wheel; harassed, with fattgue, jaded, knocked up.

Rout de coups, soundly banged or beaten,
mauled. Rout de fatigue, bruised.

ROUELLE, rôo-èl, s. f. slice. Rouelle de

ROUELLE, roo-el, s. f. since. Roueue ae reau, veal steak.
ROUER, roo-a, v. a. to break upon the wheel. Rouer de coupe, to beat or bang soundly, thrash, maul. Rouer, v. a. Mar. to coil. Rouer à tour, to coil with the sun. Rouer à contre, to coil against the sun. Rouer à contre, to coil against the sun. Rouer à contre, to coil against the sun. (Rouer à contre, to coil desire de la contre de la

to silence one, stop one's mouth, Faire le rouet, to purr (as cats.) Rouet, Mar. wheel in a tope yard, Rouets de fonte, brass sheaves. Rouets de gayac, lignum viue sheaves. Rouets de gayac a des de fonte, lignum vitee sheaves.

with brass cogs. Rouets de poulie, block sheaves. V. Poulie.

ROUGE, rooz, adj. red. Devenir rouge, to blush, be put to the blush. Rouge bord, m. brimmer, bumper.

ROUGE, s. m. red, red colour; rouge, paint; ruddock (a fish.) Elle met du rouge, she paints. Elle a un peu de rouge aux joues, she has a colour in her cheeks. Le rouge lui monte au visage, his or her colour rises, he or she colours or blushes.

ROUGEATRE, roo-zatr, adj. reddish, somewhat red.

ROUGEAUD, E, roo-zo, zod, s. m. & f. red face, red-faced or ruddy complexioned man or Woman.

ROUGE-GORGE, s. m. robin-red-breast.

ROUGE-BORD, s. m. bumper. ROUGEOLE, roo-201, s. f. measles.

ROUGE-QUEUE, s. m. red-tail (small bird.) ROUGET, roo-ze, s. m. roach; red-streak apple.

ROUGETTE, s. f. a sort of bat; vampyre. Rougeur, roo-zeur, s. f. redness; pimple or red spot.

Rougin, roo-zîr, v. n. to redden, make red. Rougir l'eau, to colour water.

Rougir, v. n. to redden, grow red; blush or colour, be ashamed. Rougir de honte, to blush for shame.

ROUI, E, adj. steeped, watered. ROUI, S. m. Ex. Viande qui sent le roui, ROUI, s. m. Ex. Viande qui sent le roui, meat that tastes of the copper or pot it was boiled in.

ROUILLE, rool, s. f. rust, blast, mildew.

ROUILLER, roo-la, v. a. to rust, make rusty. Se rouiller, v.r. to grow rusty. L'esprit se rouille à la campagne, wit grows rusty in the country.

ROUILLURE, roo-lur, s. f. rust, rustiness. ROUIR, roo-lr, v. a. (du lin, du chanvre) to steep, water, soak.

ROULADE, roo-lad, s. f. trill, trilling, qua-

vering; rolling down.

ROULAGE, rolling, m. rolling; wheeling.

ROULANT, E, rolling, ent, adj. Ex. Carrosse bien roulant, easy coach. Chemin rollant, easy roach. roulante, yein that vacillates.

Roule, E, adj. (from Rouler) rolled or rolled up, etc.

ROULEAU, roo-lo, s. m. roll; rolling pin; ROULEMENT, rool-men, s. m. rolling; trill,

quaver (in musick.)

ROULER, roe-la, v. a. to roll; to roll or roll up. Rouler dans son esprit, to revolve in one's mind. Rouler ses eaux, (d'un fleuve) to run. Se rouler sur l'argent, to swim in mo-ney. Rouler sa vie, to rub through the world, make shift to live, keep life and soul toge ther. Rouler, v. n. to roll; to ramble, range, tuer. Acouer, v. n. to rou; to ramble, range, range, roam, rove, go up and down; (des eaux) to run; to live, get a livelihood. Sa haraugue rouloit là dessus, his speech ran upon that Rouler carrosse, to keep a coach. Faire roule, a presse, to print. L'argent roule, money stirs or is stirring. Mille pensées tai roulent dans l'esprit, a thousand thoughts revolve in his mind mind.

Rouler, v. a. Mar. to roll. Nous rouions à mettre les grands porte-haubans à l'eau, we bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fielu, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

roll our main chains in. Ce raisseau roule à découvrir presque sa quille, that ship almost rells her keel out.

ROULETTE, roo-lêt, s. f. little wheel, castor; book-binder's roll; truckle-bed; go cart; port of game of chance.

ROULEUR, s. m. Mar. ship that tolls. Ex. Grand rouleur, grand marcheur, the deeper a ship rolls, the faster she sails.

ROULIER, roo-lia, s. m. carrier, wagoner. ROLLIS, roo-17, s. m. Mar. roll, rolling, rolling motion (of a vessel.) Ce dernier coup de roulis a rompu deux de nos chaines de haubans, that last roll broke two of our chain

ROUPIE, roo-pi, s. f. snivel, drop at the nose; rupee (coin.) Il a toujours la roupie au nez, his nose drops perpetually.

ROUPILLE, s. f. short coat (of old.)

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ROUPILLE, s. f. short coat (of old.)

ROUPILLE, r. fo-pl-la, v. a. to doze.

ROUPILLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. dozing, do-

ROUSSATRE, roo-satr, adj. ruddy, reddish,

between red and yellow.

ROUSSEAU, roo-so, s. m. red haired man.

ROUSSELET, roos-le, s. m. sort of delicate

small pear. ROUSSEUR, roo-seur, s. f. redness.

seurs or taches de rousseur, freckles. Roussi, E, adj. (from Roussir) reddened,

Roussi, rôo-sì, s. m. Russia leather; smell of a thing burnt. Sentir le roussi, to smell of a thing burnt.

Roussin, rôo-sin, s. m. strong horse, horse fit for war service. Roussin d'Arçadie,

ROUSSIE, roosir, v. a. & n. to redden, make look red or yellow, grow red. Faire roussir du beurre, to brown butter, fry butter till it looks yellow.

ROUSTER or ROUSTURER, v. a. Mar. to woold.

ROUSTURE, s. f. Mar. woolding.

ROUTAILLER, v. a. to pursue a beast with bloodhounds.

ROUTE, root, s. f. road, way; means; route; (dans un bois), riding, lane. A rau de route, precipitately and in disorder or confusion. Route, s. f. Mar. course, route, track (of a ship.) Route du vaisseau, course. Faire route, to stand on a course. Faire route arce un vent favorable, to gale away. Faire route pour le nord, to stand to the northward. Faire fausse route, to alter the course (in order to avoid an enemy in the night or in a log.) Etre en route, to be standing on the course required to be steered. Faire valuir la roule, to make good the course. En roule, steer the course. Laisse revenir en roule, bring her to the course again. En faisant fausse route de nuit, nous échappanes à deux frégates qui nous gagnoient main sur main, by altering our course in the night we got away from two frigates, which were overhauling us. Notre route prendra de l'ouest aujourd'hui, we shall make westing to-day. La Pérouse, voulant faire de non-velles découvertes, ne suivit aucune des routes te Crok, La Perouse wishing to make new il in business

discoveries, did not follow any of Cook's tracks. Le capitaine a donné la route au nord. est, the captain has ordered a northeast course to be steered. Nous ferons route à l'est jusqu'ù midi; et si nous n'avons pas connois-sance de l'escadre, nous changerons de route, we will stand to the eastward till noon, and if we do not get sight of the fleet we will alter our course.

ROUTIER, roo-ta, s. m. Ex. C'est un vieux routier, he is a shrewd old dog. Routier, s. m. Mar. quarter wagoner; book of charts,

ROUTINE, roo-tin, s. f. rote or practice. ROUTINE, E, adj. used (to a thing,) that has a knack (of it.)

ROUTINER, v. a. to teach one by rote. ROUTINIER, s. m. one who acts by rote,

who does a thing habitually.
Routoir, roe-twar, s. m. pond to soak hemp or flax in.

Rouvenin, adj. brittle, friable.

ROUVIEUX, s. m. mangy horse. ROUVRE, roovr, s. m. oak of the hardest kind.

ROUVRIR, roo-vrir, v. a. (like ouvrir) to open again; (une plaie) to open afresh. Se rouvrir, v. r. to open again. V. Plaie.

Rou-x, ssz, roo, roos, adj. red or ruddy, red-haired. Papier roux, brown paper. Beurre rour, browned butter.

ROUN, S. m. red, red colour; sort of gravy.
ROUN, S. m. red, red colour; sort of gravy.
ROYAL. E, rwd-ydl, adj. royal, regal,
princely; noble, magnificent, generous, liberal. Sucre royal, double refined sugar. A la
royale, after the king's taste or fashion. Porter la barbe à la royale, to wear two short whiskers. Bœuf à la royale, beef rarely well

ROYALEMENT, rwa-yal-men, adv. royally, princely, nobly. Il nous a traites royalement, he has given us a princely entertainment.
ROYALISTE, rwa-ya-list, s. m. royalist, loy-

al man, tory. ROYAUME, rwa-yom, s. m. kingdom, realm.

ROYAUTÉ, rwa-yò-ta, s. f. royalty, dignity, crown. Les marques de la royauté, the regalia.

Ru, ra, s. m. channel of a little stream. RUADE, rd-Ad, s. f. horse's kicking, winc-ing, yerking or flinging out with his heels. Detacher or faire une ruade, to fling, kick up one's heels.

RUBACE or RUBACELLE, s. m. ruby of a yellowish colour.

RUBAN, rd-ben, s. m. riband.

RUBANERIE, s. f. riband-trade. RUBANIER, E, rå-bå-nlå, nler, s. m. & f. riband-weaver.

RUBANTÉ, E, adj. trimmed with ribands RUBARBE, V. Rhubarbe.

RUBICAN, adj. m. Ex. Cheval rubican, true mixt roan horse.

RUBICOND, E, rå-bi-kon, kond, adj. rud-

dy, red (face.)
Rubis, ru-bi, s. m. ruby; red pimple.
Rubricaire, ru-bi-ker, s. m. one the-

roughly versed in the rubrick.

RUBRIQUE, rå-brik, s. f. reiorick or titles of law-books; rubrick or title-rule; trick, cunning, skill. Il entend la rubrique, lic is skille.! buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, hen : vin : mon : brun.

RUCHE, rush, s. f. hive; cavity of the ear. RUDANIER, E, rå-då-nlå, nler, adj. surly, pettish, gruff.

RUDE, rud, adj. rough, harsh; rugged, uneven, crabbed, sharp, hard, severe churl-ish, cross, ill-natured; sharp, bitter, violent, ish, cross, ill-naturea; snarp, pinen, room, nipping, severe; violent, fierce; troublesome, uneasy, hard; that grates the ear. Cherd rude, horse that does not ride easy. Des veux rudes, wild eyes, wild look. Visage yeux rudes, wild eyes, wild look. rude, coarse face.

RUDEMENT, rad-men, adv. roughly, severely, sharply, harshly, rigorously, cuttingly, hard. Alter rudement en besogne, to work hard. Manger rudement, to eat a great deal.

RUDENTÉ, E, adj. rudented or rudentured filled with the figure of a rope or staff (said of the fluting of a column.)

RUDENTURE, s. f. rudenture, figure of a rope or staff.

RUDESSE, rů-des, s. f. harshness, ruggedness; severity, hard, rough or severe usage; grating thing. Rudesse d'humeur, roughness, harshness, crossness, ill nature. Rudesse de

style, harshness, ruggedness of style.
RUDIMENT, rd-dl-men, s. m. book of accidents, accidence, rudiment, rudiments. Rudimens, rudiments, elements, principles, first

principles.

RUDOYER, rå-dwå-yå, v. a. to use rough-

RUDOYALA, ... | ly; spur violently, Rus, rd, s. f. street, lane; (herb) rue. Rue de tracerse, theoreughfare. Rue de tracerse, ... | les rues. cross street. Une nouvelle qui court les rues, common report. Courir les rues, to run distracted. V. Courir. La grande rue, Mar. the waist, that part of the main deck comprised between the quarter deck and forecastle.

Ruf, E, adj. flung, etc. V. Ruer. Les plus

grands coups sont rues, the worst is past.
RUELLE, rd-el, s. f. narrow street, narrow lane, court; bedside; the society of women.

RUELLER, v. a. to tump a vine, RUER, rd. 4, v. a. to fling. Ruer de grands coups, to strike hard, deal heavy blows. Se ruer sur, to rush or fall upon. Ruer, v. n. to fling, kick up one's heels, wince, yerk (as a horse.\

*Rufien, s. m. lecher, whore-master.

Rugine, rd-zh, s. f. steel instrument wherewith teeth or hones are cleaned.

RUGINER, ru-zi-na, v. a. (les dents) to

clean; (un os) to scrape.

Rugir, ru-zir, v. n. to roar like a lion.

RUGISSANT, E, ra-zi-sen, sent, adj. roar-

ng.
RUGISSEMENT, rå-zå-mån, s. m. roaring.
RUGOSITÉ, s. f. roughness, unevenness.

RUINE, roin, s. f. ruin; fall, decay; loss, overthrow, destruction. Ruines, undoing, overthrow, destruction. Ruines, ruins. S'elever sur les ruines d'un autre, to

raise one's self by the ruin of another.
Ruine, E, adj. ruined, etc. V. Ruiner, ruinous, decayed, in decay, ready to fall.

RUINER, rul-na, v. a. to ruin, destroy, pull down, bring to decay, undo, spoil, lay waste, destroy, subvert, impoverish; (la sante) to impair; (un dessein) to baffle, disappoint; (un cheral) to spoil. Se ruiner, v. r. to decay, fall to decay, ruin one's self.

RUINEU-X, SE, rūl-nėu, nėuz, adj. ruinous, decayed, in decay, ready to fall; harmful, buttul prejudicial destructive.

burtist, prejudicial, destructive.

Ruisseau, rul-so, s. m. brook, stream, ri-vulet, street-bennel, flood, river, stream. Verser des pleurs à grands ruissemux, to shed a flood of tears.

RUISSELANT, E, adj. gushing.
RUISSELER, ruis-la, v. n. to gush or run
out. Le sang funant ruisseloit de toutes parts,
the smoking blood streamed every where. Rum, s. m. any room made or contrived in the hold of a ship to put in the lading:

(liquor) rum.

RUMB, ronb, s. m. rhomb, any point of the compass. Rumb de vent, (sur la carte) rhomb line; (de la boussole) point of the com-

Rumeur, rå-meur, s. f. rumour, uproar, tumult, alarm; flying report, bruit.

RUMINANT, E, rū-mi-nen, nent, adj. ruminating, chewing the cud.

RUMINATION, rd-ml-nd-slon, s. f. chewing the cud, rumination.

RUMINER, rd-mi-na, v. a. to chew the cud, ruminate; to ruminate upon, chew the cud upon, ponder, consider of.

RUNIQUE, adj. runick.

RUPTOIRE, s. m. ruptory, a caustic medi-

RUPTURE, rop-tur, s. f. rupture; breaking, rent; breach of a treaty or friendship, falling RURAL, E, rd-rdl, adj. rural.
RUSE, rdz. s. f. trick, cunning, slight, wile,

craftiness, device, subtilty. Ruses, (des bêtes) doublings, shifts, changes.

Ruse, E, ru-za, adj. & s. cunning, sly, crafty, subtle, sharp; cunning or sly man or woman, sharp blade, sly gipsy.
Ruser, rd-za, v. n. to shift, double, dodge,

use stratagem.

Russe, rds, adj. & s. Russian, of Russia. Rustaud, E, rûs-tô, tôd, adj. clownish, boorish, rustical.

RUSTAUD, s m. clown, churl, clouterly

RUSTICITÉ, rusticity, s. f. rusticity, clownishness, rudeness, churlishness.

RUSTIQUE, rūs-tlk, adj. rural, of or be-longing to the country; rustical, rustick, rough, savege: (peu poli) rustick, rustical, rude, boorish, clownish, homely. Vie rustique, country-life.

RUSTIQUENENT, rds-tik-men, adv. rusti-

cally, rudely, clownishly. Rusтiquen, rus-tl-ka, v. a. to make rustick like.

RUSTRE, rustr, adj. rustical, rude, clownish, boorish.

RUSTRE, s. m. clown, clouterly fellow, boor, churl; ancient kind of lance.

RUT, rat, s. m. rutting, lust or copulation of deer.

RUTOIR, V. Routoir. RyE, s. m. sea-shore.

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S, es, se, s. f. 18th letter of the French alphabet. Faire des ss, to make ss or make the figure of S, reel or stagger (like a drunk-en man.) V. Esse. SA, sh, (fem. of Son) his, her, its, one's.

SABATTES, s. f. Mar. (corruption de Sa

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: flekt, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ratte) shoe. Sabatte de l'ancre, shoe of the

SARRAT, så-bå, s. m. sabbath, day of rest; nocturnal meeting of witches; devilish noise, caterwauling, squalling, rattle, scolding, bawling, Faire un sabbat à quelqu'un, to rattle one, scold and bawl at one

SABBATINE, så-bå-lin, s. f. thesis, or disputation upon any part of logick or moral

philosophy.

SABBATIQUE, så-bå-ik, adj. sabbatical.

SABÉISME, så-bå-ism, s. m. religion which
has for its object the adoration of fire, of the sun and stars

sun and stars.

SABINE, så-bln. V. Savinier.

SABINE, så-bln, s. m. sand, gravel; hourglass; sable or black (in heraldry.) Faire du sable, to piss gravel. Jeter un verre de vin en sable, to drink a glass of wine at one gulp, (gulp it down.) Mar. Ex. Sable mouvant, mickeand shifting sand-bank. Manger du saquicksand, shifting sand-bank. Manger du sa-ble (tourner le sablier avant que le sable soit écoulé, afin que le quart soit plus court) to flog

2r sweat the glass.

SABLER, så-blå, v.a. to gravel, cover with gravel. Subler un verre de vin, to gulp down

a glass of wine. SABLEU-X, SE, adj. sandy.

SABLIER, s. m. hour-glass. Sablier, s. m. Mar. sand-glass, glass. Vire le sablier, turn the glass or turn. the glass or turn. Le sablier est-il pare? is the glass clear? Sablier de quatre heures, glass watch. Sablier d'une heure, hour-glass, glass half watch. Sablier d'une demi-heure, glass halfhour. Sablier d'une demi-minute, glass half-minute or long glass. Sablier d'un quart de minute or long glass.

Sablier, V. Poudrier.

Sabliere, sa bil-er, s. f. sand-pit, gravel-

pit; also piece of timber in which rafters are inserted, grove-wood of a partition.

SABLON, så-blon, s. m. sand, fine sand. SABLONNER, så-blo-nå, v. a. to scour with sand.

Sabionneu-x, se, så-blo-neu, neuz, adj. sandy, full of sand.

SABLONNIER, så-bio-niå, s. m. seller of sand.
SABLONNIÈRE, så-blö-nièr, s. f. sand-pit,

gravel-pit. SABORD, så-bor, s. m. Mar. port. Sabord de charge, rast port. Sabords de la première batterie, lower deck ports. Sabords de la seconde batterie, upper deck ports (in a ship of two decks,) middle deck ports (in a three decker.) Sabords de troisieme batterie, upper deck ports (in a three decker.) Sabords per deck ports (in a three deckets, Saboras de la batterie (d'une frégate, etc.) main deck ports (of a frigate, etc.) Sabords des gaillards, gun ports of the quarter deck and fore-castle. Sabords de la sainte-barbe, gun room ports. Sabords de retraite, stern chase ports or stern ports. Sabords de chasse, ports of the bow chases. Faux sabords, half ports. Sabords brisés, half ports (the upper part of which lets down for the admission of air.) Sabords des chambres d'officiers, light ports. Sabords vitrés, sash ports. Sabords des avirons, row ports. Mettre les canons aux sabords, to run the guns out.
Sabot, så-bo, s. m. wooden shoe; horse's

hoof; whip-top.

SABOTER, så-bo-tå, v. n. to whip a top. SABOTEUR, sa-bo-teur, s. m. one that whips a top.

SABOTIER, si . bo-tin.s. m. maker of wooden shoes.

*Sabouler, så-boo-lå, v. a. to toss, tum-

ble, touse, pull about.

SABRE, sabr, s. m. sabre, hanger, simitar cutlass. Sabre d'abordage, Mar. ship's cut lass

SABRENAS, s. m. workman who works

coarsely and in a slovenly manner.

SABRENAUDER, v. 2 to work in a coarse and slovenly manner.

SABRER, sa-bra, v. n. to slash, cut with a hanger; to huddle up, determine hastily.

hanger; to hudde up, determine meany.

Sac, såk, s. m. sack, bag; sackcloth; (d'une plaie) bag, gathering; (d'une ville) sack, sacking, pillaging, ransacking. Un sac à vin, a drunkard, a wine-bibber. Homme de sac et de corde, rogue, bully, villain, rascal. ger son pain dans son sac, to eat one's victuals privately or in hugger-mugger. Tirer d'un sac double monture, to take double fees. Donner à quelqu'un son sac et ses quilles, bo take one out, put one away, send one packing. Prends ton sac et tes quilles, et sauvetoi, take thy bag and baggage, and get thee away or pack away. Affuire qui est dans le sac, business in good train. Juger sur l'étiquette du sac, to judge hastily.

SACCADE, 8ª-kåd, s. f. jerk (with a bridle,)

jerk, pull, pulling; check, reprimand, reproof, rebuke. Mar. violent jerk or shake (of the sails in light wind and a heavy swell.)

SACCAGE, s. m. total overthrow, disorder.

SACCAGE, s. m. total overthrow, disorder, confusion, confused heap.

SACCAGEMENT, så-kåz-mën, s. m. sacking, ransacking, pillagring, plundering.

SACCAGE, så-kåz-å, v. a. to sack, ransack, plunder, pillage; to destroy, break, overthrow.

SACERDOCE, sk-ser-dos, s. m. priest-hood SACERDOTAL, E, så-ser-do-tål, adj. priest ly, sacerdotal.

, Sachann, (part. of savoir) knowing.
Sacháe, så-shå, s. f. sack full.
Sachee, så-shå, s. m. satchel, little bag.
Sacohe, så-koh, s. f. messenger's bag.
Sacoramentaires, så-krå-men-ter, s. m.

& f. pl. sacramentarians, sacramentaries. Sacramental, e, så-krå-men-tål, adj. sa-

SACRAMENTALEMENT, så-krå-men-tål-

men, adv. sacramentally. SACRAMENTEL, SACRAMENTELLEMENT,

V. Sacramental, etc. v. Sacramenua, etc.

Sacre, såkr, s. m. coronation; (d'un
évêque) consecration; saker (kind of hawk.)

Sacré, e, så-krå, adj. consecrated, sacred, holy, hallowed.

SACREMENT, sakr-men, s. m. sacrament; matrimony. Le Saint-Sucrement, le saint sacrement de l'autel, the consecrated host.

SACRER, så-krå, v. a. to consecrate; (272 roi) to crown: v. n. to swear, blaspheme. SACRET, så-krë, s. m. sakeret.

SACRIFICATEUR, så-krl-fl-kå-teur, s. m.

priest, sacrificing-priest, sacrificator.
SACRIFICATURE, så-kri-fl-kå-tur, s. f. priesthood.

SACRIFICE, sa-kri-fls s. m. sacrifice, of-

huse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : cnfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

fering up. Faire un sacrifice à quelqu'un, to sacrifice something for one.

SACRIFIER, så-krl-fiå, v. a. to sacrifice;

offer up in sacrifice: make a sacrifice of. Se sacrifier pour quelqu'un, to lay down one's life and fortune for one.

e and fortune for one. Sacrillege, så-krl-låz, s. m. sacrilege, rofanation, church robbing; *also* church profanation, church rob robber, sacrilegious man

SACRILÉGE, adj. sacrilegious, guilty of sa-

crilege.

SACRILÈGEME så-krl-lêz-mên, adv. sacrilegiously. SACRISTAIN, sa-kris-tin, s. m. sacrist, sa-

cristan, sexton, vestry-keeper. SACRISTIE, sa-kris-ti, s. m. sacristy, vestry.

SACRISTINE, sa-kris-tin, s. f. vestry-nun.

SADUCÉENS, s. m. pl. Sadducees. SADUCÉISME, s. m. Sadduceism.

SAETTE, s. f. arrow.

SAFRAN, så-fren, s. m. saffron. Safran de gouvernail, Mar. after piece of a rudder (applied to augment its breadth.)
SAFRANE, E, så-frå-nå, adj. saffroned, saf-

fron, of saffron colour

SAFRANER, så-frå-nå, v. a. to saffron, paint or make yellow with saffron.

SAFRANIER, så-frå-nlå, s m. & f. broken merchant, bankrupt.

SAFRE, s. m. kind of blue.

SAFRE, adj. greedy.
SAGACE, s. f. sagacious.
SAGACITÉ, så-gå-si-lå, s. f. sagacity, quick
parts, sharpness of wit.

SAGE, sate places of wite.

SAGE, safe, adj. sage, wise, discreet, prudent, considering; sober, moderate: honest, modest. Une femme sage, a discreet or modest woman. Une sage femme, a midwife.

Soyez sage, (to a child) be good. Un enfant sage, a good child.
SAGE, s. m. sage, wise man, philosopher.

Les seul sages de la Grèce, the seven wise

men or sages of Greece.

SAGEMENT, såz-men, adv. sagely, wisely,

disreelly, prudently.

Sagesse, så-tes, s. f. wisdom, sageness, rudence, soberness, moderation; modesty, rhastity; wisdom, knowledge of things human and divine. La sagesse, la sagesse éternelle or incréée, or incarnée, the second person of the trinity.

SAGETTE, s. f. sort of water-plant.

SAGITTAIRE, sa-zl-ter, s. m. Sagittarius. SAGITTALE, adj. sagittal.

SAGOU, s. m. sago.

SAGOUIN, så-gwin, s. m. little monkey.

SAGOUIN, E, adj. & s. slovenly, sloven, slovenly creature.

SAIE, sè, s. f. soldier's coat (of old,) small brush (used by goldsmiths.)
SAIETTE, s. f. sort of silk or woollen serge.

SAIGNANT, E, se-gnen, gnent, adj. bleed-

ing, bloody.

SAIGNÉE, R, adj. bled, blooded, let blood.
SAIGNÉE, sé-guå, s. f. letting of blood, blood-letting, breathing of a vein, being let blood; draining, letting out of the water. Craindre la saignée, to fear being let blood. Faire plusieurs saignées en un jour, to bleed many people in a day.

SAIGNEMENT, segn-men, s. m. bleeding. Il lui prit un saignement de nez, his nose fell a 59

bleeding.

SAIGNER, sê-guh, v. a. to let blood, blood, breathe or open a vein; drain, let the water out. Saigner, v. n. to bleed. Le nez lui saigne, his nose bleeds. Saigner du nez, to bleed at the nose. Se saigner, v. r. to give to the utmost of one's ability.

SAIGNEUR, se-gneur, s. m. bleeder.

SAIGNEU-X, SE, se-gneu, gneuz, bloody. Bout saigneux, scraggy end of a neck of mutton.

SAILLANT, E, så-len, lent, adj. jutting out; SAILLARY, salent angle, sulling out; (style) striking, great, beautiful, sublime. Angle saillant, salient angle.

SAILLARY, s. f., in architecture) jutting or leaning out, projecture; gushing out, spout-

ing out, sudden spirt ; sally, brunt, heat, fury,

sudden fit; (d'espri') sally, flash of wit, flight.

SAILLIE, sh-fir, v. n. (see the table at
Saillir) to leap or cover. Saillir, v. n. to gush or spout out; to jut out, bear out, pro-ject. Ce balcon saille trop, that balcony projects too much. Saillir, v. a. & n. Mar. to bowse or hawl upon a hawser, etc. Saitle hardi, bowse cheerly.

SAIN, E, sin, sen, adj. sound, wholesome, healthy, healthful; whole; true; Sain, Mar. Ex. Rocher sain, rock steep-to. V. Côte. SAIN, s. m. Fx. Les sains n'ont pas besoin

de médccine, the sound want no physick. SAIN-DOUX, sin-doo, s. m. lard, hog's grease. SAINEMENT, sen-men, adv. sound and well;

soundly, aright, rationally, judiciously.

Sainfoin, sin-fwin, s. m. sainfoin.

Sainf, E, sin, sint, adj. holy, sacred, blessed, godly. Le Vendredi saint, Good Friday.

La saint Bartheleni, St. Bartholomew's day.

La saint Michel, Michaelmas-day. La saint Jean, Midsummer-day. La saint Martin, Martinmas-day. Mal de saint Jean or mal de saint, falling-sickness. Saint Augustin in printing) English. La sainte barbe, Mar. the gun room.

SAINT, E, s. m. & f. saint, godly person. Le saint des saints, the holy of holies.

SAINTEMENT, sint-men, adv. holily.

saintement, to live hoilly, lead a holy life.

SAINTETÉ, sint-la, s. f. holiness, sanctity, sacredness. Sa sainteté, his holiness, the pope of Rome.

SATQUESca-ik, s. f. saik (a Turkish or Grecian ketch.)

SAISI, E, adj. seized, seized upon, taken or laid hold of; (de peur) struck or possessed with fear, awed.

SAISIE, se-zl, s. f. distraint, distress, seizure, attachment.

SAISINE, se-zln, s. f. seizin, possession. Mar. spilling line. Saisine des huniers, har-bour leech-lines.

Saisir, se-zir, v. a. to seize; seize upon, take or lay hold of, catch; distrain, attach; to seize or come upon, strike, possess. La peur les a saisis, fear is come upon them, they are struck with fear. Se saisir, v. r. to be struck, be strongly affected, be moved. Se saisir de, to seize, seize upon, lay hold of, possess one's self of, take possession of, make one's self master of.

Suisir, Mar. to lash, nip, etc. Saisir la ride d'un hauban, to nip the laniard of a shroud. Il nous faut saisir les canons avec doubles bragues, we must double breech the guns.



bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

BAISISSANT, E, sè-zì-sèn, sènt, adj. (froid). striking, sudden. SAISISSANT, E. s. m. & f. (law term) seizer,

distrainer

SAISISSEMENT, sê-ds-mên, s. m. sudden qualm or oppression or the heart, sudden motion at the sight of some unforeseen event or on hearing some had news, violent oppression, shock, violent shock, violent shock of grief, etc. ord wherewith the hangman ties the prisoner's hands and arms.

SAISON, se-zon, s. f. season; time; proper time. La saison nouvelle, the spring. De saison, seasonable. Hors de saison, unseasonable. Saison, Mar. Vent de saison, tradewind. Enter en scison, to be in time for making a passage. V. Contre-saison.

SALACE, sk-lås, adj. salacious, lecherous,

hustful, wanton, provoking, exciting to lechery.
SALADE, salad, s. f salad, sallet, sallet-

ing ; (sorte de casque) head-piece.

SALADIER, så-lå-dlå, s. m. salad-dish; basket to drain salad in.
SALAGE, så-låz, s. m. salting, salt; (droit

de salage) salt-duty.
SALAIRE, sa-ler, s. m. salary, wages; re-

ward, fee.

SALAISON, sh-le-zon, s. f. salting, time for salting. Salaison or salaisons, Mar. salt prosions.

"BALAMALEC, så-lå-må-lek, s. m. profound how.

SALAMANDRE, så-lå-mendr, s.f. salamander. SALANT, så-len, adj. Ex. Marais salant,

Salt-mark, Salta, Puils salant, salt-pit.

*Saltarier, salfa-ria, v. a. to pay or reward, give a salary or reward to.

SALAUD, E, adj. slovenly, dirty, nasty.

SALB, sål, adj. foul, nasty, slovenly, sluttish, dirty, filthy; beastly, obscene, impure, smutty, bawdy; foul, base, ungenerous; sordid. Gris sale, sallow. Code sale, Mar. coast full of shelves. Vaisseau sale, foul ship.

SALE, E, sa-la, adj. salted; salt, brackish, brinish.

SALE, s. m. salt meat, salt pork; also yearly allowance or provision of salt. Petit de, corned pork, young salted pork.
SALEMENT, sal-men, adv. nastily, filthily,

slovenly, uncleanly, dirtily.
SALEP, s. m. a bulbous and mucilaginous plant.

SALER, sa-la, v. a. to salt, season with salt; du poisson) to cure; to make (one) pay dear

for, put an exorbitant price upon.

SALERON, s. m. the hollow part of a saltcellar.

SALETÉ, sål-tå, s. f. (from Sale) nastincss, filthiness, slovenliness, sluttishness, dirt, filth, beastliness, obscenity, smuttiness, foulness, hageness.

SALEUR, så-leur, s. m. salter, one who cures fish.

SALI, E, adj. (from Salir) fouled, dirty, soiled.

SALICAIRE, s. f. plant which grows among willow-trees.

SALICOQUE, s. f. prawn.

SALIÈRE, så-ller, s. f. salt-cellar, salt-box, bollowness or bollow pit (about the breast or neck.)

Saligaud, E, sa-II-go, god, adj. nasty, slovenly, sluttish.

Salignon, så-ll-gnon, s. m. cake made of white salt.

SALIN, E, så-lin, sin, salt, brinish. Sang fort salin, very sharp blood.

SALINE, s. f. salt fish; salt meat; salt-pit. salt-house.

SALIQUE, så-lik, adj. salic. Ex. La loi sa-lique, the salic law.

SALIR, så-lir, v. a. to foul, soil, dirty, spot, stain, sully. Se salir, v. r. to soil, dirty or spot one's self, befoul one's self.

SALISSANT, E. så-li-se, sent, adj. that fouls or dirties; that soils or spots easily.

SALISSON, så-li-son, s. f. young slut.

SALISSURE, så-Il-sur, s. f. spot of dirt, speck of dust or dirt.

SALIVAIRE, sa-Il-ver, adj. salival, salivary. SALIVATION, sa-li-va-slon, s. f. salivation. fluxing.

SALIVE, så-llv, s. f. spittle, saliva. SALIVER, så-ll-vå, v. n. to spit a great deal. SALLE, sal, s. f. hali or parlour; (des hibritaux) ward; bower, arbour; (de la comédie, dc l'opéra) house; (d'assemblée) room. Salle d'armes, sencing school. Salle à danser, dancing school. On lui a donné or il a eu la salle, il a été fouetté en salle, he was whipt in the common hall. Salle, Mar. Salle des gabarits, mould loft.

SALMIGONDIS, shl-ml-gon-dl, s. m. salma-

gundi, hotch-potch.

SALMIS, s. m. hash, minced meat.

SALOIR, så-lwar, s. m. salting tub; salt-tub or salt-box.

SALON, så-lon, s. m. saloon, great hall or parlour.

SALOPE, så-lop, adj. nasty, beastly, slovenly, sluttish; s. f. slut, wench. SALOPEMENT, sa-lop-men, adv. slovenly

sluttishly. SALOPERIE, så-lop-ri, s.f. filthiness, sloven-

liness, sluttishness, smutty conversation. SALORGE, s. m. heap of salt.

SALPETRE, sal-petr, s. m. saltpetre. Fa peter le salpêtre, to shoot, waste a great de of powder.

SALPĒTRIER, sāl-pē-trī-ā, s. m. he who makes salt-petre.

SALPETRIÈRE, sal-pe-tri-er, s. f. saltpetre house; sort of house of correction at Paris.

SALSIFIS, sal-sl-fi, s. m. salsify or goat's beard (a root.)

SALTIMBANQUE, sål-tin-benk, s. m. saltinbanco, quack, mountebank; ungraceful orator. *SALUADE, så-lå-åd, s. f. salutation, salute, bow, reverence

SALUBRE, så-låbr, adj. wholesome, health-

ful, salubrious. Salubrité, så-lå-bri-tå, s. f. salubrity, wholesomenes

SALUER, sà-là-à, v. a. to salute, greet, how to, drink to, kiss, wait upon, pay one's respects or duty to, recommend one's self to, desire one's service or respect or love to. On. le salua empereur, he was saluted or pro-claimed emperor. Saluer, Mar. to salute. Saluer du pavillon, to salute by hauling the colours down. Saluer des voiles, to salute by lowering the top-gallant sails or top-sails. Saluer du canon, to salute with guns de la voix, to salute with cheers

SALURE, så-lur, s. f. saltness, brackishness,

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brine.

buse, bût : ieune, meute, beurre : en fant, cent, lien : vin : n.on : brun,

SALUT, så-lå, s. m. salute, saluting, salutation, greeting; safety, preservation, welfare; life; salvation; evening prayers (in Roman catholick churches.) Mar. Faire un salut, to give a salute. Rendre un salut, to return a salute.

SALUTAIRE, så-lå-ter, adj. salutary, sound, wholesome, good, useful, profitable, comforta-

SALUTAIREMENT, sa-lo-ter-men, adv. usefully, profitably.
SALUTATION, så-lå-tå-sion, s. f. salutation,

greeting.

SALVAGE, sål-våz, s. m. salvage, salvage money.

SALVATEILE, s. f. branch of the cephalick vein.

SALVATIONS, sål-vå-slon, s. f. pl. bill or

reply or pleading.
SALVE, salv, s. f. volley or discharge. Mar.

platoon or number of guns fired at once.
SALVÉ, s. m. salve regina, a prayer to the Virgin Mary.
SAMEDI, sam-di, s. m. Saturday.
Mar. to founder, k

SANCIR, v. n. Mar. to founder, founder at anchor. Ce bâtiment risque de sancir sur ses amarres, à moins qu'il ne mette dehors, that vessel stands a chance of foundering at her anchors, unless she puts to sea

SANCTIFIANT, E, senk-il-fl-en, ent, adj.

sanctifying.

SANCTIFICATION, senk-u-fi-ka-sion, s. f. sanctification.

SANCTIFIER, senk-d-fl-å, v. a. to sanctify or hallow, make holy. Sanctifier le jour du dimanche, to keep the Lord's day.

SANCTION, senk-slow, s. f. sanction.

SANCTIONNER, senk-slo-na, v. a. to sanc-

tion; to confirm. SANCTUAIRE, senk-td-er, s. m. sanctuary, the holy of holies; chancel; secrets of the king's council, mysteries of the state.

FANDAL, sen-dal, s. m. surreur room.

SANDALE, sen-dal, s. f. sandal. Sandale,

Far. sort of lighter or large boat used in the ANDAL, sen-dål, s. m. samlal-wood. Levant.

Sandalier, s. m. sandal-maker.

SANDARAQUE, s. m. sandarac; red ar-

senick or orpiment.

SANG, sen, s. m. blood: race, extraction, parentage. Sang-froid, cold blood, presence of mind. De sang-froid, in cold blood, with great composure, without the least emotion. Sang de dragon, dragon's blood. Le baptlemede sang, martyrdom. Il a le sang chaud, ha is a passionate man. Mettre quelqu'un en ang, to make one bleed. Mettre à feu et à sang, to make one bleed. Mettre à feu et à sang, to make one bleed. sang, to put to fire and sword

SANGLADE, sen-glad, s. f. lash. V. San-

gler.

*Sanglamment, adv. bloodily, cruelly,

sadly, grievously.

SANGLANT, E, sèn-glèn, glènt, adj. bloody, covered with blood, cruel, outrageous, deadly, grievous, cutting. La plaie est encore san-glante, the wound bleeds sull.

SANGLE, songl, s. f. girth. Mar. mat or

paunch (made of spun-yarn.)
SANGLER, sen-già, v. a. to gird, to lash, heat, trounce: (de plut d'épée, de fouet à quelqu's n, etc.) to strike or beat (one) with,

SANGLIER, sên-gila, s m wild boar.

SANGLOT, sen-gio, s. m. sob, sigh, groan, sobbing, sighing, groaning.

SANGLOTER, sen-gio-ta, v. n. to sob, sigh, groan.

SANGSUE, sèn-sù, s. f. leech, horse-leech;

blood sucker, oppressor, extortioner SANGUIFICATION, s. f. sanguification.

SANGUIN, E, sen-gin, gln, adj. sanguine of a sanguine constitution, red as blood, s. m Ex. Les sanguins sont ordinairement joyeux, those of a sanguine constitution are commonly cheerful.

SANGUINAIRE, sen-gl-ner, adj. blood-

thirsty, bloody, cruel, sanguinary.

SANGUINAIRE, s. f. blood-wort or knot-

grass. SANGUINE, sen-gin, s. f. red-lead; bloodstone.

SANGUINOLENT, E, sen-gi-no-lèn, lènt, adj. bloody (said of swords, etc.)
SANHÉDRIN, s. m. sanhedrim.

SANICLE, s. f. sanicle, self-heal (a plant.) SANIE, sa-ni, s. f. sanies, matter discharged from pleers.

Sanieu-x, se, så-nî-èu, euz, adj. sanious, purulent.

SANNES, s. m. pl. sixes (at backgammon.) SANS, sen, prep. without, beside, besides; but for, were it not for, if it were not for, had it not been for, if it had not been for. Same argent, without money, moneyless.

amis, without friends or friendless. word sans before an infinitive is usually rendered by without with the present participle; and sometimes by not to with the infinitive. Sans parter de, without speaking of, or not to speak of. Sans rien dire, without saying any thing. Sans y penser, without thinking of it, unawares, unwittingly. Il ne fut pas long-temps sans s'en repentir, he was not long without repenting of it. Sans les autres dépenses que j'ai failes, beside the other ex-penses I have been at. Il le fit sans ma connoissance, he did it without my knowledge or without my knowing it. Vous ferez bien celà sans que j'y aille, sure you will do that without my going thither. Il viendra sans que rous l'envoyiez chercher, he will come without your sending for him. Il viendroit sans que votre sour l'envoyât chercher, he would come without your sister's sending for him. Je partirois demain sans votre frère, I should set out to-morrow without your brother, or I should set out but for your brother. Sans moi il mourroit de faim, but for me be would starve. Sans que, without. SARS-PEAU, s. f. summer-pear.

SANSONNET, sen-so-ne, s. m. starling ; also small mackerel.

SANTAL, V. Sandal.

SANTÉ, sên-tâ, s. f. health, good health; toast, health; pest-house. Etre en santé, to be in health, be in good health, have health, be well. Etre en mauraise sauté, to be indisposed, be out of order, be ill. A votre santé or je salue votre santé, your health, my service to you.

Santon, s. m. name of an order of monks among the Mahometans.

SANVE, s. f. kind of weed or tare growing amoug corn.

SAOUL, V. Soul, and its derivatives accordingly

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, tord : mood, good.

SAP, s. m. Mar. (abbreviation of Sapin) fir, deal. Planches de sap d'un pouce, one-inch deals. Bordages de sap du nord de quatre pouces, four-inch deals.

Mcce, jour-inen ueuss.
SAPA, s. m. V. Raisiné.
SAPAJOU, så-på-200, s. m. marmoset.
SAPAN, s. m. die-wood.
SAPE, såp, s. f. sap, undermining of a wall or digging under it; way cut by steps under ground. SAPER, så-på, v. a. to sap, undermine, dig

into, cut open

SAPEUR, så-peur, s. m. underminer or sap-

SAPHIQUE, sa-ifk, adj. sapphic. Ver. phique, sapphic verse (of eleven syllables.)

prigur, sappnic verse (of elever syllaber.)

Saphir, sa-fr. s. m. sappnire.

"Saphir, sa-fr. s. m. sappnire.

"Saphirec, Normandy, Yorkshire.

Saphiralux, saphen-so, adj. m. pl.
(livres de l'Ecriture sainte) of wisdom.

SAPIN, sa-pin, s. m. fir-tree; fir or deal.

V. Sap. SAPINE, s. f. deal-board.

SAPINIERE, s. f. forest of fir-trees.

SAPORIFIQUE, adj. saporifick. SAPOTE, s. f. a fruit (of the West Indies.)

Sapotier, s. m. the tree.
SAQUEBUTE, såk-bût, s. f. sackbut.
SARABANDE, så-rå-bård, s. f. saraband.

SARAMBEAU, s. m. Mar. fishing raft of Manilla.

Sarbacane, sår-bå-kån, or Sarbatane, s. f. tube to shoot or speak with. Parler par sarbacane, to speak or treat by proxy.

sarbacane, to speak or treat by proxy.

SARCASME, shr-khsm, s. m. sarcasm, biting or nipping jest, taunt,

SARCELLE, V. Cercelle,

SARCLER, shr-khå, v. a. to weed.

SARCLEU-R, se, shr-kleur, kleuz, s. m. & f.

weeder.

SARCLOIR, sar-klwar, s. m. weeding-hook.

SARCLURE, sår-klur, s. f. weeding. SARCOCELE, sår-kl-sel, s. m. sarcocele.

SARCOLOGIE, s. f. sarcology.
SARCOME, sår-kôm, s. m. sarcoma.
SARCOPHAGE, sår-kô-fåz, s. m. sorcophagus, coffin at a funeral or its representation at a fearly obit.

SARCOTIQUE, sår-kô-tik, adj. & s. sarcouck, incarnative.

SARDAIGNE, s. f. Sardinia

SARDINE, sår-din, s. f. pilcher. SARDOINE, sår-dwån, s. f. sardonyx.

SARDONIEN or SARDONIQUE, adj. Ex.

Ris sardonique, sardonick laughter.
SARMENT, sår-mén, s. m. vine-branch, sprig or twig of a vine. Sarment arec la racine, quickset sprig.

SARMENTEU-X, SE, adj. Ex. Vigne sarmenteuse, vine that shoots up many twigs.

SARRASIN, sa-ra-zin, s. m. or BLE SAR-

RASIN, buckwheat, French wheat.
SARRASINE, så-rå-zin, s. f. aristolochy, heart-wort, birth-wort; portcullis. SARRAU, så-ro, s. m. groom's or wagon-

er's frock. SARRIETTE, s. f. savory (plant.)

SART, s. m. sea-weed. SARTIE, s. f. Mar. the rigging (in the Le-

Tant.) SAS, sa, s. m. sieve.

Sassafras, s. m. sassafras.

SASSE, S. f. SCOOP

SASSENAGE, s. m. a sort of cheese.
SASSER, sa-sa, v. a. to sift, search; see n.

examine.

SASSET, 5. m. little sieve.

SATAN, så-tén, s. m. satan, the devil. SATANIQUE, adj. satanical, devilish, in fernal.

SATELLITE, så-të-lit, s. m. satellite, life-guard-man, attendant, ruffian. SATIÉTÉ, så-si-å-tå, s. f. satiety, fulucs,

surfeit.

SATIN, så-tin, s. m. satin. Doux comme du satin, as soft as velvet.

SATINADE, så-ti-nåd, s. f. silk in imitation

of satin, peeling satin.

SATINÉ, E, SA-Il-na, adj. Ex. Ruban satiné, satin riband. Peau satinée, skin as soft as velvčt.

SATINER, så-il-nå, v. a. to make satin-like. SATIRE, så-tir, s. f. satire, lampoon. SATIRIQUE, så-il-rik, adj. satirical, biting,

nipping, cutting, tart, sharp, abusive, censorious, critical.

SATIRIQUEMENT, så-ti-rik-men, adv. satirically.

SATIRISÉ, E, adj. satirized, criticised upon, lampooned

SATIRISER, så-tl-ri-zå, v. a. to satirize, lampoon, criticise upon. SATISFACTION, så-tis-fak-sion, s. f. satis-

faction. Satisfactoire, så-tis-fåk-twår, adj. satisfactory.

SATISFAIRE, sh-ils-fer, v. a. & n. (like faire) to satisfy, humour, please, content, pay. Satisfaire à, (une obligation) to discharge acquit; to obey; to answer. Se satisfare, v. r. to satisfy or please or content one's self, make one's self satisfaction.

SATISFAISANT, E, sh-tis-fe-zen, zent, adj. satisfactory, pleasing.
SATISFAIT, E, adj. satisfied, contented, etc. V. Satisfaire.

SATRAPE, så-tråp, s. m. satrap. -SATRAPIE, s. f. satrapy.

SATURATION, s. f. the state of being saturated, saturity.

SATURER, v. a. to saturate, impregnate till no more can be received.

Saturnales, så-tår-nål, s.f. pl. saturnalia. Saturne, så-tårn, s. m. Saturn. SATURNIEN, NE, adj. Saturnine, heavy,

dull, gloomy, melancholy.
SATTRE, sa-tir, s. m. satyr.
satyre, an old lecher. V. Satire.

SATYRION, s. m. satyrion, rag-wort.

SAUCE, sos, s. f. sauce. SAUCER, so-sa, v. a. to dip in the sauce or some other liquor; to souse, drench; to check, scold, rebuke, reprove sharply.

SAUCIÈRE, sò-sièr, s. f. sauce dish.

SAUCISSE, sò-sis, s. f. sausage; pudding

(such as they use in sieges.)
SAUCISSON, so-si-son, s. m. thick and short

sausage; large sort of rockets.

Savetes, saveta, v. a. to cobble or bungle.

Savetes, saveta, v. a. to cobble or bungle.

Savet, ve., sof, sov, adj. safe. Sauf-conduct, s. m. safe conduct, pass. Revenir sam es sauf, to come home safe and sound.

SAUF, prep. save, under; without preju dice to, saving, except, but. SAUGE, soz, s. f. sage (herb)

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

SAUGRENÉE, sogr-na, s. 1. seasoning with | salt and water.

SAUGRENU, E, sogr-nů, nů, adj. imperti-nent, foolish, silly, ridiculous, absurd. SAULE, soi, s. m. sallow-tree, willow, wil-

low tree.

SAUMATRE, adj. briny, brackish.

SAUMON, so-mon, s. m. salmon; (de plomb or de cuivre) pig. Saumon. Mar. Ex. Sau-mons de fer pour lest, kentledge. Saumons de fer faits pour entrer dans les vides des anguillères, limber kentledge.

SAUMONEAU, sò-mò nò, s. m. little salmon.

SAUMONÉ, E, sò-mô-na, adj. Truite saumo-SAUMURE, sò-mar, s. f. brine.

SAUNAGE, so-naz, s. m. salt-selling, salttrade. Faux saumage, smuggling of sait. SAUNER, v. n. to make sait.

SAUNERIE, son-rl, s. f. salt-house. SAUNIER, so-nik, s. m. sait-maker, salter. Faux-saunier, smuggler of salt.

Saunière, so-uler, s. f. salt-box.

SAUFIQUET, so-pl-ke, s. m. tart kind of onion sauce, high relished sauce.

SAUPOUDRER, so-poo-dra, v. a. to corn, pewder or sprinkle with salt.
SAUR, sor, adj. (contraction of Saure) Ex.
Harng saur, sed herring.
SAURE, sor, adj. sorrel. Cheval saure, sor-

rel horse.

SAURER, so-ra, v. a. to dry in smoke. Saurer des harengs, to dry herrings, make herrings red in the smoke.

AURET, so-re, adj. Ex. Hareng sauret, red herring.

SAUSSAIE, so-se, s. f. a willow plot.
Saut, so, s. m. leap, jump, skip; leap, fall, tumble. Saut de Breton, Cornish hug, tripping up of one's heels. Saut de la carpe, ping up of one's heets. Same we u curpe, somersult or somerset, turning topsy turry or heels over head. Saut de loup, ditch so wide that a wolf cannot jump over it, and which at the bottom of a walk leaves a full prospect. Au saut du lit, at one's up rising. Faire un Au sant du lit, at one's up rising. Faire un sant, to take a leap. Monter de plein sant or tout d'un sant à une dignité, to leap into pre-ferment. On lui a fait faire un sant en l'air, they made him swing, he was hanged.

SAUTE, s. f. Mar. Saute de vent, sudden

shift of wind.

SAUTELLE, s. f. twig transplanted with its

SAUTER, sò-tà, v. n. to leap, jump or skip; (sur un théatre) to tumble; (sur un cheval) to vault. Sauler au cou de quelqu'un, to fall about one's neck, embrace one. Sauler au visage, to fly in one's face. Sauter d'un sujet à un autre, to digress from the matter, make a rambling digression. Cela saut aux yeux, it is plain enough, that is obvious to the eye, one cannot but see it. Sauter aux nues, to fly into a great passion. Faire sauter en l'air, to blow up into the air. Faire sauter la cervelle à quelqu'un, to dash one's brains out. Il fant que je le fasse sauter, I must blow him up. Sauter, v. a. to loap or jump or skip over; (omettre) to skip, pass by, omit. Sinder les degrés, to run down stairs is a great hurry. Sauter le bâton, to buckle to, submit.

Sander, v. n. Mar. Ex. Sander à l'abordage, to board, jump on board an enemy's ship sword in hand. Sauter sur la vergue de misaine pour affaler les cargues, to jump on the fore yard and over-haul the bunt-lines and looch-lines. Sauter sur le beaugré à larguer le petit foc, to step out on the bow-sprit and clear away the fore top-mast staysail. Faire sauter un bâtiment, to bloy up a ship. Un des vaisseaux espannols sonta dans ship. Un des vaisseaux espagnols sauda dans ce combat, one of the Spanish ships blew up in that action. Les vents out saudé à l'est, the wind has chopped round (or shifted suddenly) to the eastward. Le vent a sauté de quatre quarts, the wind has shifted four points.

SAUTERRAU, sot-ro, s. m. jack. Ex. Les sauterenux d'une épinette, the jacks of a spinnet or virginal.

SAUTERELLE, sot-rel, s. f. locust, grass-

hopper; shrimp.
SAUTEU-R, SE, sò-teur, teuz, s. m. & fleaper, jumper; (sur un thédre) tumbler.
Sauteur, (cheval d'académie) vaulter.

SAUTILLEMENT, so-ill-men, s. m. hop-

ping, skipping, tripping along.
SAUTILLER, so-tl-da, v. n. to frisk, skip, leap, trip along: digress from the matter, make a rambling digression.

SAUTOIR, so-twar, s. m. (in heraldry) sal-

fier.

SAUVAGE, so-vaz, adj. wild, savage, fierce. untamed, uncultivated, desert, unsociable, SAUVAGE, V. Salvage.

SAUVAGE, V. Sauvage.

SAUVAGEON, so-va-zon, a. m. wild stock, tree that was never grafted.

SAUVAGIN, E, so-va-zin, zin, adj. that has a wild or rammish taste. Oisean qui sent ke sawagin, fowl that has a rammish taste.

SAUVAGINE, so-va-zin, s. f. wild fowl. Cela sent la sauvagine, that has a rammish taste.

SAUVE, (Jem. of sauf) safe. SAUVE, E, adj. saved, etc. V. Sauver. SAUVEGARDE, sov-gård, s. f. safeguard, protection, shelter, defence, trooper employed for the protection of a person or place; letters for the security of a place. Sauvegarde, Mar. Ex. Sauvegarde de beaupre, main rope of the bowsprit. Sauvegarde du gouvernail, rudder pendant.

SAUVER, s. w. Mar. salvage. SAUVER, so-va, v. a. to save, keep, deliver, preserve; bring to salvation, spare, excuse, justify. Se souver, v. r. to save one's self, think of or work out one's own salvation, flee or fly, make one's escape, get away, go away, retire, get, make one's self amend.

SAUVE RABANS, s. m. pl. Mar. puddenings, or puddings of the yards (used to preserve the rope-bands from being chafed by

the top-sail sheets.)

SAUVETAGE, s. m. Mar. salvage, act of saving things wrecked on the beach or recovering goods from the sea.

SAUVETÉ, s. f. safety. Etre en sauveté, to be safe.

SAUVEUR, so-veur, s. m. saviour.

SAUVE VIE, s. f. a plant that grows in the chinks of walls or rocks.

SAVAMENT, S. vå-nå-nën, adv. learnedly. SAVANT, E., Så-vėn, vėn, adj. & s. learned, good scholar, full of learning. Les savans. s. m. the learned, the scholars.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

SAVANTASEE, så-ven-tås, s. m. pedantick (scholar, pedaut. Savantissine, så-vèn-tl-sim, adj. & s.

very learned, very great scholar. SAVATE, sa-vat, s. f. old shoe.

la savate, to go ragged.
SAVATERIE, sa-vat-ri, s. f. street or place

where old shoes are sold.

SAVETIER, sav-ta, s. m. cobbler; bungler, totcher.

SAVEUR, sh-veur, s. f. savour, taste, re-

SAVINIER, s. m. savin, savin-tree.

SAVOYARD, E, adj. & s. of or belonging

to Savoy.

SAVOIR, sa-vwar, v. a. to know; have knowledge of; to have skill or be skilled in, understand, know; to have by heart, have in uncerstand, know; to have by heart, nave in one's memory; to have the way or knack of; to be informed of, hear, learn. Faire savoir à quelqu'un, to let one know or understand, acquaint or inform one, give one intelligence of. Savoir gré or bon gré à quelqu'un d'une chose, to take a thing well or kindly of one, be pleased with one for a thing. Savoir mausais gré à quelqu'un d'une chose, to take a thing ill or unkindly of one, be displeased with one for a thing. Savoir viere, to understand one's self, have manners. V. Savoir, s. m. Savoir, v. n. to be learned. Il sait mieux qu'il ne dit, he knows better things, he speaks against his conscience. Je ne saurois, I cannot. Savoir, à savoir, c'est à savoir, to wit, viz. that is, that is to say. C'est à savoir si, the question is whether. C'est un à savoir, it is a question, that is a question. Je me sache, I do not know. Personne que je sache, nobody that I know of. Rien que je sache, nothing that I know of. Non pas que je sache, not that I know of.

SAVOIR, s. m. learning, scholarship, science, erudition.

Savoir-faire, s. m. skill, industry, ingenuity, wit.

Savoir-vicre, s. m. manners, behaviour, mannerliness

SAVON, sa-von, s. m. soap.

SAVONNAGE, så-vo-nåz, s. m. Ex. Mettre le linge au savonage, to soap the linen, lay it to soak in suns. Eau de savonnage, soap-

SAVONNÍ, E, adj. soaped, washed in soap; checked, scolded.

SAVONNER, så-vo-nå, v. a. to soap, wash Les toiles de coton des Indes se sain soap. Les toiles de coton vonnent, India-calicoes wash.

SAVONNERIE, sa-von-ri, s. f. soap-manu-

SAVONNETTE, så-vå-net, s. f. wash-ball. SAVONNEU-I, SE, Sâ-vô-nêu, nêuz, adj. soapy, of a soapy quality.
SAVONNEERE, s. f. soap-wort.

SAVOUREMENT, sa-voor-men, s. m. sa-vouring, taste, relish.

SAVOURER, sa-voo-ra, v. a. to savour, taste, relish, smack.

SAVOURET, sa-voo-re, s.m. marrow bones. SAVOUREUSEMENT, sh-vòo-reuz-men, adv. savourily.

SAVOUREU-X, SE, så-vdo-reu, reuz, adj. savoury, well-tasted, well-relished. Baiser seroureur, smack, smacking kiss

SAXATILE, adj. that grows or is found among stones

SAKE, S. f. Saxony.

SAKE, S. f. Saxony.

SAXIFRAGE, sak-si-fraz, s. f. saxifrage, medicine good for the stone.

SAXON, NE, adj. Saxon. SAYETTE, V. Safette. SBIRE, sbir, s. m. sort of watchman. Mar. salvagee.

SCABELLON, skå-be-lon, s. m. pedestal. stand.

SCABIEUSE, skå-bl-èuz, s.f. scabiosa(herb.) SCABIEU-X, SE, adj. scabby.

SCABRU-X, SE, adj. regged, rough, un-even; dangerous, slippery, ucklish. SCALENE, skâ-lên, adj. Scalene. SCALERI, skâ-lên, adj. Scalene. SCALERI, skâ-lên, adj. Scalene. SCALERI, skâ-lên, adj. Scalene.

SCANDALE, skan-dål, s. m. scandal or stumbling block, offence, shame.

SCANDALEUSEMENT, skan-då-leuz-men, adv. scandalously.

SCANDALEU-X, SE, skån-då-lèu, lèuz, adj. scandalous, giving offence, shameful.

SCANDALISER, skån-då-li-zå, v. a. to scan-

dalize, give offence to, give a bad example to, incite to sin, raise a scandal upon. Se scandaliser d'une chose, v. r. to be scandalized

or offended at a thing.

Scander, skan-då, v. a. to scan (verse.)

Scapulaire, skå-på-ler, s. m. scapulary sanctified piece of stuff about a foot broad (which monks and nuns wear.) Said of most things supported by the shoulders, as a ban-dage, fins, the part of a wing that joins the

body, etc. SCARABÉE, skå-rå-bå, s. m. boetie. SCARAMOUCHE, skå-rå-moosh, s. m. scaramouch.

SCARE, s. m. kind of seafish.

SCARIFICATEUR, s. m. scarificator.

SCARIFICATION, skå-rl-fl-kå-slon, s. f. scarification, scarifying.
SCARIFIER, skå-rl-fl-å, v. a. to scarify,

cut or lance.

SCARLATINE, skår-lå-tin, adj. f. Ex. Fieure scarlatine, scarlet fever.
SCAVOIR, V. Savoir.
SCEAU, 80, 8. m. seal. Peti

Petit sceau, privy seal. Grand seem, great seal. Garde des sceaux, lord keeper of the great seal, lord chancellor. Sous le sceau de la confession, under an oath of secrecy.

SCEL, sel, s. m. Ex. Le scel secret du roi,

Schlerat, e., sh. La.

Schlerat, e., sh. la.-h, rat, adj. & s. wicked, profligate, flagitious, rascally, lewd; wicked or profligate creature, rascal, rogue.

Schleratesse, sh. lh.-ra-les, s. f. wicked-

ness, villany.

Scelle, E, sê-là, adj. sealed, under seal. Sa grace a été scellée, his pardon is sealed.

SCELLE, s. m. seal. Mettre le scellé, to apply the seal. Lever le scellé, to take off the seal (applied only to seuls upon locks,

SCELLEMENT, sêl-mên, s. m. act of clamping an iron hook into the wall.
SCELLER, sê-lê, v. a. to seal, seal up; stop (a vessel or bottle:) to confirm, strengthen; clamp (an iron hook into a wall, etc.)

SCELLEUR, se-leur, s. m. sealer. Scène, sen, s. f. stage, scene.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Scénique, så-nik, adi, scenick,

SCÉNOGRAPHIE, så-no-grå-fl, s. f. sceno-

graphy. Schnographique, så-nô-grå-fik, adj. scenographical.

SCEPTICISME, sep-ti-sism, s. m. scepticism. SCEPTIQUE, sep-tik, s. m. sceptick or sceptical.

SCEPTIQUE, s. m. sceptick.
SCEPTRE, septr, s. m. sceptre.
SCHELLING, she-lin, s. m. shilling.

SCHISMATIQUE, shis-ma-tik,adj. & s. schis-

matick or schismatical, one guilty of schism.

SCHISME, shism, s. m. schism. Faire schisme, to separate from a church or communion.

SCIAGE, sl-åz, s. m. sawing. Bois de sciage, wood fit to be sawed lengthwise.

SCIATÉRIQUE, adj. sciatherick, marking the hour by means of the sun's shadow.

SCIATIQUE, st-å-tik, adj. sciatical, sciatick. Goutte sciatique, sciatica, hip-gout. Veine sciatique, sciatick vein.

SCIATIQUE, s. f. sciatica, hip-gout. SCIE, sl, s. f. saw; saw-fish. Scie à main,

aand-saw. Sciemment, sl-a-men, adv. wittingly,

Science, si-ens, s. f. science, knowledge

learning, erudition, skill, knack, way. Je le sais de science certaine, I know it for certain. Scientifique, sl-en-tl-fik, adj. scienti-

fical, learned. sl-en-tl-flk-men.

SCIENTIFIQUEMENT, adv. scientifically, learnedly.

SCIER, sl-à, v. a. to saw; (les bles) to reap, cut down. Scier, Mar. Scier arec les evirons, to back water. Scie babord, back water with the larboard oars. Scie tribord, back water with the starboard oars. Scie tout à culer, back astern of all.

Scieur, si-eur, s. m. sawyer; (de blés) reaper.

SCILLE, s. f. squill, sea-onion.

SCINTILLATION, sin-til-la-sion, s. f. scintillation, twinkling.

SCINTILLER, v. n. to twinkle, scintillate. Scion, slon, s. m. scion, sprig, twig, young shoot.

Scissile, si-sil, adj. scissible, scissile. Scission, sl-slon, s. f. scission, separation,

division.

SCIURE, si-ur, s. f. saw-dust.

SCLEROTIQUE, adj. sclerotick. SCOLASTIQUE, sko-lås-tik, adj. scholastick, scholastical; s. m. school-divine, school-man; s. f. school-divinity.

SCOLASTIQUEMENT, adv. scholastically. SCOLIASTE, sko-liast, s. m. scholiast.

Scolie, sko-li, s. f. scholium, short exposition, commentary.

SCOLOPENDRE, scô-lô-pendr, s. f. scolo-

pendra (insect.) hart's tongue (plant.)
Scorbut, skôr-bå, s. m. scurvy.
Scorbutique, skôr-bå-tik, adj. & s. scor-

butick, scorbutical; one who has the scurvy. Scordium, skor-di-om, s. m. scordium (herb.)

Scorie, skô-rl, s. f. scoria, dross. Scorification, skô-rl-fl-kâ-slon, s. f. act

of scorifying or reducing to dross.
Scorificatoire, sko-ri-fi-ka-twar, s. m. wessel for scorifying or reducing to scoria.

Scorifier. skô-ri-fil-à, v. a. to scorify. Scorpiojelle, skor-plô-zel, s. f. oil of

SCORPION, skor-plon, s. m. scorpion; Scorpio (one of the twelve signs of the zodiack.) SCORSONÈRE, skôr-sô-nèr, s. f. scorzone

ra, (a sort of plant.)
Scotie, s. f. rundle (in the bottom of a

pillar.) SCRIBE, skrib, s. m. scribe; transcriber,

copier. SCRIPTEUR, skrip-teur, s. m. writer of the

pope's bulls.
SCRIPTURAIRE, s. m. scripturist. SCROFULAIRE, s. f. blind nettle, pile-wort,

fig-wort. SCROFULES, skrô-fôl, s. f. pl. scrofula.

Scrofulku-x, se, skro-fu-leu, leuz, adj. scrofulous.

SCROTON OF SCROTUM, s. m. scrotum. Scrupule, skrå-pål, s. m. scruple; third part of a dram; the least trifle, utmest nicety; nicety, minute observation, cautious treatment, matter of conscience; perplexing doubt, tenderness of conscience, scrupulosity; doubt, difficulty of determination. scrupule or un scrupule de, to scruple, make a scruple or conscience of, stick at. Faire un scrupule à quelqu'un d'une chose, to make one scruple a thing, raise doubts in one about a thing.

SCRUPULEUSEMENT, skrå-på-leuz-men,

adv. scrupulously.

SCRUPULEU-X, SE, skru-pu-leu, leuz, adj. scrupulous, full of scruples, strict, precise.

SCRUTATEUR, skru-ta-teur, s m searcher, secutator.

SCRUTER, v. a. to scrutinize, examine.

SCRUTER, skru-tin, s. m. scrutiny, determination by suffrages or votes: also ballot. Faire une election par scrutin, to choose by ballot, ballot for an election.

Sculpter, skul-ta, v. a. (sur de la pierre, du marbre, du bois) to carve; (sur du métal) to grave, engrave.
Sculpteur, skůl-těur, s. m. carver, sculp-

Sculpture, skal-tar, s. f. sculpture, carving, carver's work; mouldings of the head and stern (of ships.)

Scurrile, shu-ril, adj. scurrilous, scurril. saucy, scoffing.

SCURRILEMENT, adv. scurrilously, saucily, buffoon-like.
SCURRILITÉ, skû-rî-lî-tû, s. f. scurrility, buffoonery, drollery, scurrilous jest.

Scythe, adj. & . (de Scythie) Scythian.
Se, se, reflective pron. one's self, himself, herself, itself, themselves, one another, each other, to one's self, to himself, etc. V. Réflé-chi & Réciproque.

SÉANCE, sa-ens, s. f. sitting, meeting, ses-

sion. assembly; id table) sitting; place.
SEANT, E, sh. on, ont, adj. sitting; becoming, decent, fitting.
SEANT, sh. on, s. m. sitting posture.
Met.

tre un malade sur son seant, to make a sick person sit up in his bed.

SEAU, so, s. m. pail, bucket; bucket-full. Il pleut à seaux, it is very pleasing. SEBESTE, s. m. a fruit of Egypt.

SÉBILE, s. f. wooden bowl.

SEC, sèche, sek, sesh, adj. dry without

our, but, hase: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: rohe, rob, lord: mood, good.

moisture, withcred or dead ; dry, rough, tart, sharp, severe, cutting, lean, all skin and bones; barren, empty, poor, thin, flat. Du vin sec, sack, canary. Du son sec, coarse

bones; barren, empty, poor, thin, fat. Duvis see, sack, canary. Du son sec, coarse bran. Toux seche, tight cough. Argent see, cash. Bain see, sweating room. V. Bèche.
S.C., s. m. dryness. A see, in a dry condition. Etre à see, to be dried up, be aground. Boire see, to drink wine without water, drink hard. Répondre see, to give a blunt answer. Parler see, to talk bluntly.
See, Mar. A see, high and dry, etc. Au see, so as to dry. Ex. Etre à see, to be under poles or a hull. Voilà un biltiment à see sur le franze, there is a vessel high and dry une

le rivage, there is a vessel high and dry upon the beach. Ce navire par le bossoir a mis à sec, that ship on the bow has handed all. Le sec, that snip on the bow has handed all. Le commondant est à la cap à sec, the commodore is lying hull to. Voile au sec, sail loosed to dry. Le général va mettre ses voiles su sec, the admiral is going to loose suils to dry. V. Seche.

SECABLE, så-cabl, adj. divisible, scissile,

that may be cut

SÉCANTE. sa-kant, s. f. secant, secant line. SECHE, sesh, s. f. cuttle-fish, sound. Seches, Mar. sands or rocks left dry in the sea or mear the sea-coast. Siche, being the feminine of Sec. V. Sec.

Sichi, E, adj. dried, dried up.
Sichement, sish-men, adv. dry, in a dry
place; coldby, dryly, roughly.
Sichen, sisha, v. a. to dry, dry up; v.n.

to dry, grow dry, wither, waste, consume, inger or pine away, waste one's self. Steher mer pied, to be consumed with grief or ennut. SECHERESSE, Sash-res, s. f. drought, dry-

ness; roughness; barrenness, emptiness.
Sécheresse de sens, want of sense.
SECHOIR, sa-shwar, s. m. drier, board to

dry things on.

SECOND, E, se-gon, gond, adj. second.
Sans second, matchless, peerless.

SECOND, s. m. second, partner, assistant. Etre en second, to be a second or an assistant. Officier en second, under officer, officer bearing a second part or acting as a substi-tute. Second, Mar. (aun vaisseau marchand,) mate. Second maître d'équipage, boatswain's male.

SECONDAIRE, se-gon-der, adj. secondary.
SECONDE, se-gond, s. f. second, sixtieth part of a minute. Secondes, V. Secondines & Second.

SECONDÉ, E, adj. seconded, backed, help-

okuonus, a, eq.
ed, assisted.
Skcondement, sê-gond-mên, adv. secondly, in the second place.
Skcondem, sê-gondâ, v. a. to second; to
back, help, assist, favour, countenance.
Skcondines, s. f. pl. secundine, after

SECOUEMENT, s. m. shaking, jogging,

tossing, jolting.
SECOURR, se-koo-å, v. a. to shake, jog, toss, jolt; shake off; to bang, abuse. Seco les oreilles, to be inattentive to what is said. Se secouer, to shake one's self.

SECOUMENT, sê-kôo-mên. V. Secouement. SECOUMENT, sê-kôo-nêhl, adj. helpful, ready or willng to help; that can be relieved, SECOURIR, sê-kôo-nîr, v. a. (like courir) to

serocour, help, assist, relieve, aid.

SECOURS, se-koor, s. m. assistance, succour, help, relief, supply, use, benefit; cha-

SECOURU, E, adj. succoured, helped. assisted, relieved.

sisted, relieved.

Skooussk, sekos, s. f. shake, toss, jolt, sudden pull, jerk, jogging, jolting; check, blow, toss, violent fit.

Skorker, E, sekre, kret, adj. secret, private, close, hidden. Scat secret, privy-scal

Conseil secret, privy counsel. SECRET, se-kre, s. m. secret, mystery, way, means, knack, invention. En secret, secretly, privately, in secret or private. Secret, Mar. Ex. Secret d'un brûlot, that part of a fireship to be set on fire by the captain when retreating.

SECRÉTAIRE, se-kra-ter, s. m. secretary, clerk; confident; desk, for papers, etc. Secrétairerie, se-krå-ier-ri, s. f. secre-

tary's office.

SECRÉTARIAT, sê-krâ-tâ-fâ, s. m. secre-taryship, secretary's place; secretary's office. SECRÈTE, sê-krêt, s. f. secret prayer. SECRÈTEMENT, sê-krêt-mên, adv. secret-luin secret priyately in priyate

ly, in secret, privately, in private.
Secretion, se-kra-sion, s. f. secretion.
Secretioner, sa-kra-twar, adj. secretory.
Secratiner, sak-ter, s. m. sectary.

SECTATEUR, sek-tå-teur, s. m. sectator.

Secte, sekt, s. f. sect.
Secteur, sek-teur, s. m. sector.
Section, sek-ston, s. f. section.
Seculaire, sek-ko-ter, adj. secular. Année séculaire, last year of a century

SECULARISATION, så-kd-lå-ri-zå-sion, s. £ secularization or secularizing

SÉCULARISER, så-ků-ka-ri-zå, v. a. to secularize, make secular. SECULARITE, sh-ku-la-ri-ta, s. f. secular life,

ecclesiastical jurisdiction in temporal mattera. SÉCULIER, E, så-kå-lia, lier, adj. secular,

lay, temporal; worldly. Seculier, s. m. layman.

SECULIEREMENT, sh-ku-fler-men, adv.

like worldly men, secularly.
SÉCURITÉ, så-kå-rl-tå, s. f. security, assurance, unconcernedness

SÉDANOISE, s. f. pearl (a printing type.) SÉDATI-F, VE, adj. anodyne.

SÉDENTAIRE, så-den-ter, adj. sedentary, sitting much; that keeps at home; fixed or settled in a place.

SEDIMENT, så-df-men, s. m. sediment, set-

tling, dregs, grounds. SÉDITIEUSEMENT, så-dl-slèuz-mên, adv. seditiously.

SÉDITIEU-X, SE, så-di-sièu, sièuz, adj. & s. seditious, factious, mutinous; seditious o factious man or woman, rebel.

SÉDITION, så-di-sion, s. f. sedition, commotion, mutiny, insurrection, rising, uprear. SEDUCT-EUR, RICE, så-dåk-teur, tris, s. m.

& f. seducer, seducing, deceiver, cheat; corrupter, debaucher. SEDUCTION, sa-duk-slon, s. f. seduction,

seducing, misleading, deceiving, corrupting, debauching.

SÉDUIRE, så-důlr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to seduce, mislead, abuse, deceive cheat, corrupt, debauch, to please, affect. SEDUISANT, E, så-dål-zen, zent, adj. en

snaring, engaging, seducing.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

SÉDUIT, E, adj. seduced, misled, abused, deceived, etc. V. Séduire.

Segment, seg-men, s. m. segment

SEGREGATION, så-grå-gå-slon, s. f. segregation.

SEIGLE, segl, s. m. rye. Seigle blanc, amelcorn or French rice.

SEIGNEUR, se-gneur, s. m. lord, seignior; noble or nobleman, lord of the manor. seigneur, le seigneur créateur, the Lord God, God Almighty. Notre seigneur (Jésus-Christ) our Lord (Jesus-Christ.)

SEIGNEURIAGE, s. m. seignorage.

SEIGNEGRIAL, E, se-gneu-rial, adj. of or belonging to the lord of a manor; lordly, noble, magnificent; that confers the rights and privileges of a lord.

SEIGNEURIALEMENT, adv. like a lord, no-

SEIGNEURIE, se-gueu-ri, s. f. lordship, seigniory; (jocosely) worship. Je baise les mains à votre seigneurie, I kiss your worship's

"SEILLE, s. f. pail or bucket.

SEIN, sin, s. m. breast, bosom, mind, heart,

womb; heart, middle; gulph, bay.

SEINE, s. f. seine. Un coup de seine dans la baie donna du poisson à tout l'équipage, one cast of the seine in the bay, supplied the whole ship's company with fish.

SEING, sin, s. m. name, signature, sign-manual, hand. Seing prive, signature not made in presence of a magistrate.

SÉJOUR, sa-zoor, s. m. abode, residence,

SEJUIN. Sacon, s. in aboue, residence, stay, dwelling-place, mansion.

SÉJOURNER, så-zôor-nå, v. n. to sojourn, stay, remain in a place, abide or live in it.

SEJER, sèz, adj. sixteen; the sixteenth; (un in-seize,) a book in sixteens.

SEIZE, (UN,) s. m. a sixteenth, sixteenth part. Un seize, sixteenth of an ell.
SEIZIRME, sê-ziem, adj. sixteenth.

SEIZIÈME, s. m. sixteenth, sixteenth part. SEL, sel, s. m. salt; wit.

SELENITE, s. f. selenite (a mineral.)

SELENITEU-X, SE. adj. that partakes of the nature of the selenites.

SÉLÉNOGRAPHIE, s. f. sclenography. SÉLÉNOGRAPHIQUE, adj. selenographick.

SELLE, sel, s. f. stool; evacuation; (d'un cheval) saddle, pinion; selle de calfut, calking-box (which contains the tools of a calker, and serves him as a seat.)

SELLER, v. a. to saddle, put on the saddle. Se seller, v. r. to harden, close up(said of land.) SELLERIE, sel-ri, s. f. place to put horse-harness and saddles in.

SELLETTE, s. f. stool (on which the prisoner sits while tried.)

SELLIER, s. m. saddler; coach-maker.

SELON, set lon, prep. according to, agreeably, or answerably to, pursuant to, proportionally to. Selon or c'est selon, 'tis as it happens, it may be. Selon que, conj. as, accord-

ing as. SEMAILLES, se-mal, s. f. pl. sowing ; grain

sown; seed time, sowing-season. SEMAINE, se-men, s. f. week, week's work,

week's earnings, week's duty.
SENAINIER, se-me-nia, s. m. septimarian,
prebendary whose week it is to officiate.

SEMAINIER, E, adj. weekly; of or for the week. 60

SEMAQUE. s. f. Mar. smack.

SEMBLABLE, sen-blabl, adj. like, not unlike, alike, such.

SEMBLABLE, s. m. like, equal, match. *SEMBLABLEMENT, sen-blabl-men, adv.

likewise, in like manner.

SEMBLANCE, s. f. likeness.

SEMBLANT, sen-blèn, s. m. show, pretence, appearance, outside. Faire semblant de, to make as if or though, feign or pretend, dissemble, or counterfeit. Ne faire semblant de rien, to take no notice of any thing.

rien, to take no notice of any thing.

SEMBLER, sèn-blà, v. n. to appear, seem or look. Il me semble, it seems to me, methinks, I think, or fancy. Il lui semble, he thinks, he fancies. Ce me semble, methinks, it seems to me. Que vous semble de ce tableau? what do you think of that picture? Si bon rous semble, if you please.

SEMELLE, sè mèl, s. f. sole (of a shoe, boot, etc.) (de bas) froit of the foot. Rattre la

etc.) (de bas) foot; of the foot. Battre la semelle, to peditate. Mar. Ex. Semelles de derive, lee-boards. Semelle d'affit, bottom of a gun-carriage.

Semence, se-mens, s. f. seed; remote

SEMER, se-ma, v. a. to sow, strew; to spread, propagate, publish abroad, scatter; to seed, set thick, cover.

SEMESTRE, se-mestr, adj. that continues six months, on furlough for six months. Un parlement semestre, a parliament that sits half

SEMESTRE, s. m. six months, six months together, officer on a furlough of six months.

SEMEUR, se-meur, s. m. sower.

SEMI, sê-mî, adj. semi, half.
SEMILLANT, E, så-mî-lên, lênt, adj. fluttering, frisking, frisky, airy.
SEMINAIRE, så-mî-nêr, s. m. seminary;

nursery.
SÉMINAL, E, så-mi-nål, adj. seminal.

SÉMINARISTE, sa-mi-na-rist, s. m. one brought up in a seminary.

SEMIS, s. m. seed-plot.

SEMOIR, se-mwar, s. m. seed-bag, seedlip, seedlop, machine for sowing.
Semonce, se-mons, s. f. invitation, sum-

mons, call; admonition, warning.

*SEMONDRE, se-mondr, v. a. (only used in the infinitive) to invite. Semondre quelqu'un de sa parole, to challenge one's word, put one in mind of his promise.

*Semonneur, se-mo-neur, s. m. he that carries cards of invitation.

SEMOULE, s. f. grouts.

SEMPER VIRENS, s. m. ever-green *Sempiternel, Le, sin-pi-ter-nel, adj.

sempiternal, ever-lasting.

SÉNAT, så-nå, s. m. senate, senate-house. SÉNATEUR, så-nå-teur, s. m. senator; alderman.

SÉNATORIAL, LE, så-nå-tô-riål, adj. senatorial.

Sénatorien, ne, så-nå-tô-rien, rien, adj. senatorian.

SÉNATRICE, sa-na-tris, s. f. senator's wife. SÉNATUS-CONSULTE, sa-ma-ius-kon-suit, s. m. decree of the Roman senate.

Senau, s. m. Mar. a snow. Sene, sa-na, s. m. senna, senna-tree. SÉNÉCHAL, så-nå-shål, s. m. seneschal.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

Sénéchale, s. f. seneschal's wife.

SÉNÉCHAUSSÉE, så-nå-shò-så, s. f. seneschal's jurisdiction.

SENEGRE, s. m. fenugreek (herb.)

SENELLE, s. f. (fruit de l'cube-épine) haw. SENER, sê-nâ, v. a. (un cochon) to geld; (une truie) to spade.

*Sinestre, adj. lest (in heraldry.) Sinevi, san-va, s. m. mustard-plant or

SÉRIEUR, s. m. (in a society) senior.

SERS, sen, before a consonaut, senz, before a consonaut, senz, before a consonaut, senz, before a consel, s. m. sense; judgment, wit; opinion, advice, mind, thoughts, sentiments; meaning, signification: construction, interpretation; (coté d'une chose) way, side. Sens dessus-dessous, topsy-turvy, upside down. Sens-devantderrière, preposterously; the cart before the

SENSATION, sen-sa-slon, s. f. sensation. SENSÉ, E, sen-sa, adj. sensible, conside-rate, rational, judicious, discreet.

SENSÉMENT, sen-sa-mên, adv. rationally, wisely, judiciously, discreetly.

SENSIBILITÉ, sen-si-bl-il-tà, s. f. sensible-

ness, sensibility, tenderness.

SENSIBLE, sensibl, adj. sens. ble, perceptible, that may be felt or perceived by the senses; that feels, apt to perceive; touchy, exceptious, tender, nice; sad, grievous.

SENSIBLE, s. m. sensible part. SENSIBLEMENT, sen-sibl-men, adv. sensibly, perceptibly, very much, greatly, highly. SENSITI-F, VE, sen-si-tif, thy, adj. sensitive.

SENSITIVE, s. f. sensitive plant.

SENSURIUM, s. m. sensorium. SENSUALITÉ, sen-sû-a-ll-ta, s. f. sensuality. SENSUEL, LE, sen-su-el, adj. sensual, voluptuous.

Bensuellement, sen-så-el-men, adv. sen-

SERTENCIE, sèn-tèns, s. f. sentence; saying, maxim, apothegm, judgment, decree. De fou juge brière sentence, a fool's bolt is soon shot, a foolish judge decides hastily.

SENTENCIEN, sèn-tèn-slâ, y. a. to sentence.

SENTENCIEUSEMENT, sèn-tèn-slêuz-mèn,

adv. sententiously, by sentences.

SENTENCIEU-X, SE, sen-ten-sleu, sleuz, adj. sententious, pithy.
SENTEUR, sen-teur, s. f. smell, scent, odour.

Senteurs, perfumes, sweets.

Sentiers, sen-ila, s. m. path, by-way, way.

Sentiment, sen-il-men, s. m. sense; feelobstriment, serbu-ment, s. m. sense; sering, sensation, sensibility; sentiment, thoughts, mind, opiniou, meaning; inclination, passion; (dans les chiens) smelling, nose. Sentimens maturels, natural sense or affection.

Sentine, sen-tin, s. f. Mar. well; stinking

water that lies in the well of a boat or in the

sink of a vessel.

SENTINELLE, sèn-ti-nel, s. f. sentinel, sentry. Faire sentinelle or faire la sentinelle, to stand sentry. Sentinelle avancée or perdue,

perdue, scout.
SENTIR, sen-tir, v. a. to feel, be sensible of: (par l'odgrut) to smell or scent; (par le golt) to taste; to smell, have a smell; to taste, savour, have a taste or savour; to be taste, savour, have a taste or savour; to be sensible of, have a sense of; resent; to savour of, smell of; to perceive, see, know; to !!

feel; to look like. Sentir sou bien, to look like a gentleman or gentlewoman. Sentir, v. n. to smell, have a smell, smell strong, sti Se sentir, v. r. to feel or know one's self. sentir de, to feel; feel still, have some relics of, smart still for, have still something of, also to share in. So faire sentir, to work upon, make an impression upon, touch; to occasion pain, make to smart. Sentir, v. a. Mar. Le navire sent bien sa barre, the ship answers her helm very well. Le bâtiment sent-il son gouvernail? does the ship feel her helm ?

SEOIR, swar, à (seyant, etc.) v. n. to besit or become, sit well upon. Il sied mul à un homme de faire, it does not become a man to

nomme de faire, it does not decome a man to do. "Seori, séant, sis, to sit, sit down.

SEP, s. m. Mar. Ex. Seps d'écoutes, topsail sheet bits. V. Cep.

SÉPARATION, sh-pà-rà-slort, s. f. separa-tion diverse d'incomparable. tion, parting, divorce, partition.

SEPARATISTE, s. m. & f. separatist or dissenter.

SEPARE, E, sa-pa-ra, adj. separated, severed, parted, etc. V. Separer, separate, distinct, different.

SÉPARÉMENT, så-på-rå-mên, adv. asun-

der, separately, severally.

SEPARER, så-på-rå, v. a. to separate, sever, part, divide or put asunder. Se separar, v. r. (with de or d'arec) to part with or from, leave, separate one's self from, go from; (with en) to divide one's self into; (parlant d'une assemblée) to separate, break up. Il c'est séparé d'avec sa femme, he is parted from his wife, he and his wife are parted. Mar. Un coup de vent nous sépara de notre conserve, a gale of wind separated us from our consort. Separer le lest par des cloisons or retranchemens, to trench the ballast. Les escadres se séparèrent par le travers du Cap St. Vincent, the squadrons parted company a-breast of Cape St. Vincent.
Sipke, sa-pa, s. f. cluster of sprigs shoot-

ing from the same root.
SEPS, s. m. lizard very much resembling a serpent from the shortness of its legs.
SEPT, set, (before a consonant se,) adj. se-

ven; the seventh.

SEPT, s. m. seven. SEPTANTE, se-tent, adj. seventy, three-score and ten. Ex. Les septante, s. m. the septuagint or the seventy interpreters of the

Holy Bible. SEPTEMBRE, sep-tenbr, s. m. September. SEPTENAIRE, sep-ta-ner, adj. F.A. Nom-bre septenaire, septenary number, seven.

SEPTÉNAIRE, s. m. septenar

SEPTENNAL, E, adj. septennial.
SEPTENTRION, sép-tén-tri-on, s. m. north.
SEPTENTRIONAL, E, sép-tén-tri-on-all, adj.
septentrional, northern, northerly, north.

SEPTIÈME, se-tiem, adj. seventh. En sep-

SEPTIEME, Seventhly.
Septieme, s. m. seventh or seventh part.
Septieme, s. f. seventh (at piquet.)
Septiemement, sc-dem-men, adv. seventhly.

SEPTIQUE, sep-tik, adj. septick, septical. SEPTUAGENAIRE, sep-tik-a-2a-ner, adj., threescore and ten years old, sertuagenary Septuagesime, sep-th-a-ra-: im, s. f sep

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin. mon : brun.

SEPTUPLE. s. m. & adj. seven times told, weven fold

SEPTUPLER, v. a. to make seven times as much, to multiply by seven.

SÉPULCRAL, E, så-pål-krål, adj. sepulchral, funereal, monumental.

SÉPULCRE, så-půlkr, s. m. sepuichre, tomb, grave.

SEPULTURE, så-pål-tur, s. f. sepulture, in-

terment, burial, burying, burying-place.
SEQUELLE, sa. kel, s. f. gang, party, crew.
SEQUENCE, s. f. sequence (at cards.)

SEQUESTRATION, sa-kes-ira-slon, s. f. sequestration.

SÉQUESTRE, så-kestr, s. m. sequestration; also sequestrator.

SÉQUESTRER, så-kës-trå, v. a. to seques-ter or sequestrate; separate or put asunder.

Se sequestrer, to retire from the world.
SEQUIF, skin, s. m. zechin.
SERAIL, så-rål, s. m. seraglio; harem;
women shut up in the seraglio and their attendants; house where women are kept for debauchery.

SERAN or SERANS, sa-ren, s. m. hatchel.

SIRANCER, så-ren-så, v. a. to hatchel, dress (flax or hemp.)
SIRANCER, så-ren-slå, s. m. hatcheller, dresser (of flax or hemp.)

SERANCOLIN, s. m. a sort of marble.

SÉRAPHIN, så-rå-fin, s. m. seraph; (plural) seraphim.

SÉRAPHIQUE, så-rå-fik, adj. seraphick, seraphical.

SÉRASQUIER, s. m. general of an army among the Turks.

SERDEAU, s. m. office in the king's household, to which all the dishes that come off the king's table are carried; officer that takes the said dishes from the gentleman sewer.

SEREIN, E, se-rin, ren, adj. serene, clear, open, fair ; cheerful, quiet, auspicious. Goutte ereine, gutta serena, amaurosis, dimness or

loss of sight.

SEREIN, se-rin, s. m. dampish and un-wholesome vapour that falls after sunset in bot countries, sort of mildew.

SÉRÉNADE, så-rå-nåd, s. f. serenade. SÉRÉNISSIME, så-rå-nl-sim, adj. most se-

SÉRÉNITÉ, så-rà-nl-lå, s. f. sereneness, serenity, clearness; (title) Serenity.
SÉREU-X, SE, så-rèu, rèuz, adj. serous,

watery. SER-F, VE, serf, serv, adj. in bondage SERF, s. m. bondman, slave, (en matières féodales, willain, serf.

SERGE, sêrz, s. f. serge.
SERGENT, sêr-zên, s. m. sergeant, catchpole or bailiff; also sergeant (among soldiers.)
Rergent de menusier, Mar. bold-fast.

SERGENTER, ser-zen-ta, v. a. to send bailiffs after, to arrest (for debt;) urge, be importunate with.

SERGENTERIE, ser-zent-ri, s. f. office of sergeant.

SERGER or SERGIER, ser-21a, s. m. maker or seller of serge. SERIE, sa-ri, s. f. series

SÉRIEUSEMENT, så-rièuz-men, adv. se-riously, gravely, earnestly, in earnest; coldly.

grave, earnest, sincere, true, important. weighty, not trifling.

SERIEUX, s. m. gravity, seriousness, serious countenance or carriage. Duts le st. rieux, in earnest.

SERIN, se-rin, s. m. Serine. s. f. thistle-

SERIN, 88-rin, 8. m. Service. 8. i. missenfinch. Serin de Canarie, canary-bird.

SERINETTE, 88-rin-gå, 8. m. seringa (shrib.)

SERINGUE, 88-rin-gå, 8. f. syringe.

SERINGUER, v. a. to syringe, squirt. Seringuer, v. a. to syringe, squirt.

SERINGUER, v. a. to syringe, squirt. ringuer un bitiment, Mar. to rake a ship.

SERMENT, sêr-mên, s. m. oath, swearing. SERMON, sêr-mon, s. m. sermon; tedious lecture or admonition.

SERMONNAIRE, ser-mo-ner, s. m. sermonizer; collection of sermons. Sermonner, ser-mo-na, v. n. to preach,

find fault, make a tedious lecture.

SERMONNEU-R, SE, sêr-mô-nêur, nêuz, s. m. & f. preacher, one that is always reading lectures, fault-finder.
Sérosité, så-rô-zl-tå, s. f. serosity, water

ishness, scrous matter

SERPE, sêrp, s. f. bill, Ledging bill.
SERPENT, sêr-pên, s. m. serpent, snake

kind of musical instrument.

SERPENTAIRE, ser-pen-ter, s.f. dragonwort. Serpentaire, s. m. Serpentarius, SERPENTE, s. f. sort of paper (to make

paper-windows.)

Serpente, s. f. Mar. snaking.

SERPENTEAU, ser-pen-to, s. m. young ser-pent or snake; kind of fire-work.

SERPENTER, ser-pen-ta, v. n. to go winding about, be full of turnings and windings. Serpenter, v. a. Mar. to snake. Serpenter les étais, to snake the stays down.

SERPENTIN, E, ser-pentin, in, adj. spiral, winding. Marbre serpentin, green marble streaked with red and white. Langue serpentine, ill tongue.

SERPENTIN, s. m. cock of a musket; worm of a still.

SERPENTINE, s. f. serpentine stone, kind of marble; small-dragons or grass-plantain.

SERPENTINE, adj. f. Ex. Langue serpentine, an ill tongue.

SERPER, v. n. Serper l'ancre, Mar. to weigh the anchor (without either capstan or windlass.)

SERPETTE, sêr-pê. a. f. hooked knife, vine-knife, small bill. SERPILLIÈRE, ser-pl-flèr, s. f. sarplier,

sarp-cloth, packing-cloth. Serpolet, ser-po-le, s.m. creeping thyme,

wild thyme.

SERRE, ser, s. f. green-house, fruit-house; act of squeezing or pressing; (d'oiseau de proie) pounces or talons. Serre-file, s. m. bringer up, last soldier of a file. V. Ci-après. Serre papiers, s. m. back closet or shelves with partitions to keep papers in proper order.

Serre, Mar. Ex. Canons en serre, housed guns. Metre les canons à la serre, to house the guns. Les canons de la secre, to house the guns. Les canons de la secrede batterie sont à la serre, the middle deck guns are housed. Serre-bauquières, s. f. pl. thick stuff placed under the clamps in a ship's side. Serre-baue, f. the house the serre-baue serve file a partie de la serve file. s. f. shank-painter. Serre-file, s. m. rear ship of a fleet or squadron (when drawn up in a line of battle.) Serre gouttieres, s. f. planks (of SÉRIEU-X, SE, sa-rièu, rièuz, adj. serious, ii the decks) placed close to the water ways.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

SERRÉ, E, sè-ra, adj. (from Serrer) laid (up, locked up, etc.; close, compact; closefisted, close, covetous, niggardly; reserved, secret; concise. Nœud serré, fast or tight knot. J'ai le cœur serré de douleur, my heart is oppressed or shrunk with grief.
SERRÉ, adv. hard, soundly. Jouer serré,

to play a sure game,
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Sent a su Serrement de cœur, oppression of the heart,

great grief, heart breaking.

SERRER, sc-ra, v. a. to lay or lock up; les bles) to inn or house; to tie, tie tight or hard, bind hard or fast; to squeeze, wring, strain; to follow or pursue close; to bind, constipate; to close, draw or join or pull close or closer; to shorten, abridge, gather in a small compass; (entre ses bras) to clasp, lock; les genoux à quelqu'un) to clasp; (le poing) to clinch; (la forme, in printing) to lock up; [la bride) to pull in; (un cheral) to keep (a numeracy to put in; tun cherul to keep la horse from going too wide; (un cheval du genou) to clap one's knees close to the sides of a horse. Serrer les sangles d'un cheval, to gird a horse pretty hard. Serrer le cœur, to make one's heart ache or grieve. Serrer les soules à surfacilient de frances les soules de surfacilient de frances les soules de surfacilient de frances de server les soules de surfacilient de frances rer les pouces à quelqu'un, to force or compel one to confess. Serrer le bouchon à quelqu'un, to press or urge one, bear hard upon him. Se serrer, v. r. to sit or stand or lie close.

Serrer, v. a. Mar. Serrer la ligne, to close the line. Serrer la terre, to keep the land close a-board. Serrer le vent, to hug or haul the wind. Serrant le vent de près, close hauled, luffing up. Serrer le jât de l'ancre contre le bord, to stock an anchor. Serrer l'antre le bord, to stock an anchor. Serrer l'ordre de marche, to close the order of sailing. Serrer, (les roiles) to furl, hand, take in or stow (the sails.) Serrer les huniers en chemise, to furl the top-sails in a body. Serrer les huniers en perroquet, to furl the top-sails in a bunt. Serre le pavillon, haul down the in a bunt. Serre te pavition, nati acoust the jib. Serre le grand foc, stow the jib. Serre le grand lunier, take in the main top sail. Serre les bonnettes, haul down the studding-sails. Serre le perroquet de fougue, hand the mizen top-sail. En haut à serre le perroquet de fougue, hand the mizen top-sail. les perroqueis, away up hand top-gallant sails. Serre les fonds de la misaine, bunt the fore sail. Serre bien les fonds de la voile, skin the sail well up in the bunt. Serre la brigantine, lower down the spanker. Scrre la voile d'étai de hune, stow the main top mast stay sail. Nous serrames te corsaire entre la terre et nous, we hemmed in the privateer between us and the land. L'arrière-garde ennemie fut servée de près par notre escatre, dont elle essuya tout le feu, our fleet closed upon the enemy's rear, which received the whole brunt of its fire. V. Temps. of its fire. V. Temps.

Serre-tete, s. m. night-cap band.

Serron, se-ron, s. m. box containing im-

ported drugs.

Serrure, sé-rår, s. f. lock.

SERRURERIE, se-rar-ri, s. f. locksmith's trade or work.

SERRURIER, sè-rà-rià, s. m. lock-smith. BERTEAU, s. m. Ex. Poire de serteau, ala-bester-peur, bell-peur. BERTI, z., adj. Ex. Diamant serti, diamond

Sertir, ser-tir, une pierre dans un chaton to set a stone in a bezil.

SERTISSURE, ser-ti-sur, s. f. setting of a stone.

SERUM, s. m. serum.

*Servage, ser-vaz, s. m. slavery, bondage. SERVANT, E, ser-ven, vent, adj. in waiting. Frères servans, lay-brothers.

SERVANTE, ser-vent, s. f. servant-maid, maid, servant; small table at which domesticks eat. Je suis votre servante, I am your servant, and sometimes, I differ from you.

SERVE, V. Serf. SERVI, E, adj. served, attended on, etc. V

Servir.

SERVIABLE, ser-vi-abl, adj. serviceable. officious

SERVICE, ser-vis, s. m. service; (chez un SERVICE, SET-VIS, S. m. SERVICE; (chez um prince) waiting; office; good office or turn; dirge, mass or prayers (for the dead;) divine service; service (of plate;) course, set (of dishes;) (d'une chose) service, use; (au jeu de paume) service.

SERVIETTE, ser-viet, s. f. napkin; towel;

bandage (in surgery.)
SERVILE, servil, adj. servile, slavish, servant-like; mean, pitiful, sordid. Traduction servile, too literal.

SERVILEMENT, ser-vil-men, adv. servilely, slavishly, servant-like; meanly, sordidly, pitifully.

SERVILITÉ, s. f. servility.

SERVIR, ser-vir, v. a. to serve, walt on, attend, be the servant of, do a service to, help, assist, do something for, help with one's interest; worship; to serve, be in the service of, bear arms or be a soldier for; (sur table) to serve up, bring in the meat, lay the meat on the table; (la balle au jeu de paune) to give service, serve the ball; (une batterie) to serve, see that the guns play well; (d'une viande à quelqu'un) to help (one) to (some meat.) Servir, v. n. to serve, be a servant, want; to help, be serviceable or of use or useful, do service, avail. Servir de, to serve for, be instead of, be as. Servir à, to assist. Servir de témoin contre, to be an evidence or come in a witness against. Il leur a servi de père, he has been a father (or as a father) to them. Cela ne m'a servi de rien, that has availed me nothing. Cela serviroit à ma gloire, that would turn to my glory. Faire servir au crime la vertu même, to make virtue itself subservient to villany. Servir aux plaisirs de quelqu'un, to be instrumental or subservient to one's pleasures. Se servir d'une chose, to-make uso of a thing, use or employ a thing. On a servi, the meat is on the table. Dites qu'on serve, send in dinner or supper. Servez-vous vous même, help yourself.

Servir, v. n. Mar. Faire servir, to fill the sails (after they have lain aback.) Le vice-amiral a fait servir son grand lumier, the vice-admiral has filled his main top-sail. Notre artillerie fut bien servie dans le dernier combat, our guns were well fought in the last action. Nous ne primes nous servir de la première batterie, tant la mer étoit grosse, the sea ran so high that we could not fight our lower deck guns. Le câble d'affourche ne peut plus servir, the small bower cable is quite unserviceable. Le grand perroquet nous servira à remplacer le, perroquet de buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

fougue qui a été emporté, the main top-gal-lant sail will servo to replace the mizen topsail that has blown away. La corvette se servit de ses avirons dans le calme, et nous echappa, the sloop pulled her sweeps in the calm, and got away from us. Nous nous servirons de nos embarcations pour changer de movillage, we will make use of our boats to shift our birth. En se servant des cartes et instructions, by using charts and sailing directions.

SERVITEUR, sêr-vî-têur, s. m. a servant. Faites serviteur à monsieur, bow to the gen-

tleman; or say, your servant, sir. SERVITUDE, ser-vi-tud, s. f. servitude, bon-

dage, slavery; service; confinement, thraldom. Ses, se, (plur. of Son and Sa) his, her, its, one's. V. Son.

SÉSAME, s. m. sesame.

SESAMOIDE, s. f. starwort; small bone in the joints resembling sesame.

SÉSÉLI, s. m. hartwort.

SESQUIALTÈRE, adj. sesquialter. SESSION, se-slon, s. f. session or sitting (of a council or parliament.)

SESTERCE, ses-ters, s. m. sesterce. SETIER, se-tia, s. m. twelve bushels; eight

pints of Paris or two English gallons.

SETON, sa-ton, s. m. seton, rowel.

SEUIL, seul, s. m. threshold of a door. SEUILLET, s. m. little threshold. Seuillets, s. m. pl. Mar. or Seuillets de sabords, port-

واامه SEUL, E, seul, adj. alone, lonely, only, sole. Un seul, une seule, one. Le seul, la seule, the

SEULEMENT, seul-men, adv. only, but,

solely, even.

SEULET, TE, sêu-lê, lêt, adj. alone, lonely.
SEVE, sêv, s. f. sap; the rise of the sap.
Vin qui a de la seve, tart wine. SÉVÈRE, så-ver, adj. severe, strict, rigid,

rough, stern, sharp, rigorous, harsh.
SEVEREMENT, sa-ver-men, adv. severely,

strictly, rigidly, rigorously, sharply.
SÉVÉRITÉ, sã-va-ri-ta, s. f. severity, strict-

ness, rigour, rigidity.

SEVERONDE, sev-rond, s. f. eaves (of a

bouse.)
SÉVICES, så-vis, s. f. pl. rough or iil usage.
SÉVIR, så-vir, v. n. (with contre) to mis-

Sevrage, s. m. the act of weaning a child. Sevrer, se vra, v. a. to wean. Sexagénaire, sék-sá-zá-ner, adj. & s. six-

y, threescore years old, man sixty years old. Sexagésime, sêk-sâ-zâ-zîm, s. f. sexage-

SEX-DIGITAIRE, s. m. & f. one who is born with six fingers.

SEX-DIGITAL, E, adj. said of a foot or hand that has six fingers.

SEXE, seks, s. m. sex. Le sexe, le beau sexe, the fair sex, the sex, the fair, women.

SEXYANT, seks. ten, s. m. sextant.
SEXYANT, seks.t, s. f. sixth in (music;) sexte
(one of the canonical hours.)

SEXTIL, E, seks-til, adj. sextile. SEXTULE, s. m. weight of four scruples. SEXTUPLE, seks-topl, adj. & s. m. sextuple.

SEXTUPLER, v. a. to repeat seven times, to make seven times as much; to multiply by

SEXUEL, LE, adj sexual. SGRAFFIT, s. m. mezzo-tinto

SHERIF, shå-rif, s. m. she

SI, s. m. if, supposition, condition; fault, objection.

SIF

SI, sl, adv. so, so very, to such a degree, to that degree; as, such; yes, so or it is so, etc. Si bien que, so that, insomuch that Si fait, yes, yes though, but I shall or win, etc.
*Si ferai, si ferai je, yes, I will. Si-tôt, so
soon. Si-tôt que, so soon as, as soon as. Si (followed by a subjunctive) however. Si petit qu'il soit, however little he may be, how little soever he may be.

St, conj. if, in case that; whether. Si ne, but that, but. Si ce n'est que, unless, except, but. *Si est-ce que, yet, however, neverthe-*Si, yet, however, nevertheless, for all peq that, moreover, besides. Sometimes the conjunction is omitted in English. Si vous m'aimiez? did you love me? si je l'avois vu? had I seen him? s'il étoit honnéte-homme? were he an honest man? The i of si is sup-pressed before il and ils. Thus we say s'il, s'ils, instead of si il, si ils.

SIAMOISE, s. f. coarse cotton cloth.
SIBYLLE, sl-bil, s. f. sibyl, stale maid.
SIBYLLIN, E, sl-bi-lin, lin, adj. sibylline. SICAIRE, s. m. murderer, assassin. SICCITÉ, sik-si-ta, s. f. siccity, dryness.

SICILE, s. f. Sicily.

SICILIQUE, s. m. weight of six scruples. SICILIEN, NE, adj. Sicilian. SICLE, siki, s. m. shekel.

SIDÉRAL, E, adj. sideral. Année sidérale

time of the earth's revolution. SIDERITIS. V. Crapaudine.

SIÈCLE, sickl, s. m. age or century, age, time; world. Aux siècles des siècles, à tous les siècles, for ever and ever, eternally.

SIED, (IL.) Il-sià. V. Seoir.

Siége, siez, s. m. seat, chair, stool; (de cocher) box; (des juges) seat, bonch; court, tribunal; jurisdiction; (épiscopal or pontifical) see; seat, capital city; fundament;

(d'une place) siege. Siéger, slà-zà, v. n. to hold the papacy or one's see.

SIEN, NE, sien, sien, adj. (with the article) his, his own, hers, her cwn; its, its own, one's, one's own.

SIEN, LE, s. m. his own, her own, one's own. Les siens, his relations, his man, his people. Faire des siennes, to play pranks.

SIER, Mar. V. Scier. SIESTE, sl-est, s. f. nap after dinner. *SIEUR, sl-eur, s. m. (diminutive of mon-

sizur) sir or master; lord (of a place.)
SIFFLENENT, siff-men, s. m. whistling, hissing; hiss, hissing at, whizzing; (de boulets) whistling.

SIFFLER, sl-fik, v. n. to whistle; hiss; whiz, drink hard, swig. Siffler, v. a. (us. air) to whistle a tune; (us. oiseau) to whistle to; to hiss or hiss at, damn, explode; to promp, instruct beforehand. Siffler la linotte, to drink hard, swig.

SIFFLET, sl-fie, s. m. whistle, windpipe. Sifflet, s. m. Mar. boatswain's call.

SIFFLEU-R, SE, sl-fleur, fleuz, s. m. & f. whistler or hisser. Siffleur, private teacher of the law.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

SIGILLÉE, sl-211-14. adj. Ex. Terre sigillée,

terra sigillata, sort o'red earth.

SIGNAL, sl-gfffdl, s. m. signal or sign.

SIGNALÉ, B, sl-gnå-lå, adj. signalized, also signal, notable, remarkable.

SIGNALEMENT, sl-guâl-mên, s. m. sign, note of resemblance, description (of a man.)

Signaler, si-gna-la, v. a. to signalize, make famous; also to take down in writing the description of (a soldier, etc.) Se signaler, v. r. to distinguish one's self, signalize one's self.

SIGNATAIRE, s. m. signer.
SIGNATURE, sl-gna-tur, s. f. signature, sign
manual, one's hand to a writing.

SIGNE, sign, s. m. sign; mark, token; omen, presage; symptom: wonder, miracle; constellation; mark, mole; (de la main) beck; (de la tête) nod; (des yeux) wink. Paire signe de la tête, to nod. Faire signe de la tête; to nod. Faire signe de la tête; to nod. Faire signe de la tête; to nod. Faire signe de la main, to beckon with the hand. Faire signe des yeux, to wink.

SIGNER, sl-gnd, v. a. to sign, subscribe, put one's hand to; also to sign as a witness.

SIGNET, s. m. tassel; riband fastened to the top of a book to mark the place.

SIGNIFIANT, E, adj. significative, expres-

BIGNIFICATI-F, VE, si-gui-fi-ka-uf, dv,

adj. significant.
Signification, sl-gnl-fl-ka-sion, s. f.

signification, meaning, sense.
SIGNIFIER, sl-gnl-fla, v. a. to signify, denote, mean, notify, declare, intimate, give notice of.

SIL, s. m. sil (sort of ochre.)

SILENCF, sl-lens, s. m. silence, stillness, quiet; (de la nsit) dead of night. Silence silence! hush! Silence!

SILENCIEU-K, SE, si-len-sieu, sieuz. adi. silent, still, of few words.

SILIQUASTRE, s. m. pimenta, all-spice. SILIQUE, sf-lik, s. f. husk or cod or shell

of pulse.

SILLAGE, sl-laz, s. m. Mar. wake, way, steerage way. Faire bon sillage, to have fresh way through the water. Le bâtiment fait grand sillage, the ship is going fast through the water. Cette frègate double notre sillage, that frigate sails two feet to our one. Le sillage a hien diminué, depuis que les rents ont rapproché, we go very little ahead, since the wind has hauled forward.

SILLE, s. m. satirical poem (among the

Greeks.)

SILLER, sî-la, v. n. Mar. to have headway. SILLON, si-lon, s. m. furrow ; (de lumière) glimpse, flash.

SILLORNER, sl-lo-na, v. a. to furrow. Sil-lorner les mers, to plough the main. SILVES, s. f. pl. collection of miscellaneous

SIMAGRÉE, si-mà-grà, s. f. grimace, affocted way, apishness, apish trick

SIMAROUBA, s. m. tree of Jamaica. SIMARRE, sl-mar, s. f. simar. SIMILAIRE, sl-ml-ler, adj. similar. SIMILITUDE, sl-ml-ll-tod, s. f. similitude,

comparison; parable.
Similor, sl-ml-lor, s. m. metallick composition that imitates gold (copper and zinc.)
SIMONIAQUE, si-mo-nikk, s. m. simoniacal.

Simonia, sl-mo-ni, s. f. simoniack.

SIMPLE, simpl, adj. simple, pure, unmixt, uncompounded; single; only, bare; com mon, ordinary, private; plain, without orna-ment; simple, weak. silly; plain, downright, honest, without decent.

SIMPLE, s. m. simple, physical herb or ant; plain song. Parier le double contre le plant; plain song. simple, to bet two to one.

SIMPLEMENT, simpl-men, adv. plain, without any ornament, roundly, downright, plain-

ly, only.

SIMPLESSE, sin-ples, s. f. Ex. Il ne demande qu'amour et simplesse, he is all for love and a quiet life.

SIMPLICITÉ, sin-pli-si-ta, s. f. simplicity, plainness, plain-dealing, downright honesty; silliness, foolishness.

SIMPLIFICATION, s. f. the act of simplifying. SIMPLIFIER, sin-pli-fi-a, v. a. to simplify,

make simple, render more simple. SIMULACRE, sî-mû-lâkr, s. m. image or

representation, phantom, ghost, shadow.
Simulation, s. f. simulation, deceit.
Simular, sl-mola, v. a. to feign, pretend. SIMULTANÉE, sî-mûl-tâ-na, adj. simulta-

SIMULTANÉITÉ, s. f. existence of several things at the same time.

SIMULTANÉMENT, adj. in the same time. SINAPISME, sl-nå-pism, s. m. sinapism. SINCÈRE, sin-ser, adj. sincere, honest,

true, true-hearted, plain, ingenuous, candid.
Sincerement, sin-ser-men, adv. sincerely, henestly, roundly, plainly, truly.
Sincerent, sin-sa-ri-la, s. f. sincerity, honesty, integrity, plainness, candour.

SINCIPUT, s. m. top or crown (of the head.) SINGE, sinz, s. m. ape; mimick, imitator, windlass or draw beam.

SINGER, v. a. to imitate, counterfeit. SINGERIE, sinz-rl, s. f. trick, apish trick,

SINGLER, v. n. Mar. to sail (on a particular course.) V. Cingler.

Singulariser, (sr) se-sin-gd-la-rl-za, v. r. to be odd or singular, affect singularity. Singularité, sin-gd-la-rl-la, s. f. singularity, being singular, excellence, rarity, affected way, affectedness, particular way.

Singulier, e, sin-gà-lià, llèr, adj. singu-

lar, peculiar, particular, special, rare, excellent, extraordinary, natchless, choice, affected. Combat singulier, single fight.

SINGULIER, s. m. singular, singular number. SINGULIEREMENT, singular particular-especially, singularly, peculiarly, particular-

ly, excellently, passingly, affectedly.
Sinistrae, si-nistr, adj. sinister, untoward, unlucky, unfortunate, inauspicious, sinistrous, perverse, wicked, bad.

SINISTREMENT, sl-nistr-men, adv. unto-wardly, unluckily, unfortunately. Sinon, si non, (for si-non, if not) else. Sinon que, save, but, save that, but that.

SINOPLE, s. m. sinoper, ruddle. Sinueu-x, se, si-nû-èu, èuz, adj. sinuous. crooked.

Sincosité, si-nu-d-zi-ta, s. f. sinuosity. Sinus, si-nus, s. m. sinus; (in mathema ticks) sine.

SIPHON, sl-fon. s. m. siphon or crane, cock tap, faucet. Siphon, Mar. spout.

SIRE, sir, s. m. sir; also lord

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin . mon : brun.

SIRÈNE, sî-rên, s. f. siren, mermaid.

SIRERIE, s. f. lordship. Sirius, si-rius, s. m. Sirius. dog-star.

SIROC, si-rok, s. m. south-east wind, siroc-Siroe, sl-ro, s. m. sirup.
Siroe, sl-ro, s. m. sirup.
Siroter, sl-ro-ta, v. n. to sip, tipple.

SIROTEUR, s. m. sipper, tippler.
SIRTES, s. f. pl. Mar. moving sand, quick

sand, shelf.

Sis, E, si, siz, adj. (from Scoir) seated, situated.

SITE, sit, s. m. site.

SITUATION, sl-ta-å-sloz, s. f. seat, site, situation, placing; sitting, posture, state, pass, condition, circumstance.

SITUER, sl-id-8, v. a. to seat or situate. Six, sis, adj. & s. m. six, half a dozen; the sixh; (aux dés) sice or six. Sixhi, sl-zln, s. m. sextain; six or half a

dozen packs of cards. Sixième, si-zlèm, adj. sixth; sixthly.

SIXIÈME, s. m. sixth, sixth part; a school

_ boy of the sixth form. Sixième, s. f. sixth form (in a school ;) six

following cards (at piquet.)
SIXIEMEMENT, si-ziem-men, adv. sixth-

ly.

SIXTE, sikst, s. f. sixth (in musick.)

SI.OOP, s. m. Mar. sloop.
SMAQUE, V. Semaque.
SMILLE, s. f. a pointed hammer.

SMILLER, v. a. to pick with a pointed ham-

mer (free stone, etc.)
SMECTIN, smêk-tin, s. m. fuller's earth.
SORRE, sôbr, adj. sober, temperate, mo-

derate, cautious, discreet. SOBREMENT, sobr. men, adv. soberly, tem-

perately, moderately, cautiously.
Sobrieté, sô-bri-à-tà, s. f. sobriety, tem-

perance, moderation.

Sobriquet, so-bri-ke, s. m. nickname. Soc, sôk, s. m. share, plough-share. V.

Soque.
Sociabilité, s. f. sociability.
Sociable, sò-slabl, adj. sociable.

Sociablement, adv. sociably. Social, F., s3-s7al, adj. social. Societé, s8-s7a-là, s. f. society, commerce,

intercourse, company, fellowship, club, part-nership, friendship, familiarity. Socinianisme, so-si-ni-a-nism, s. m. soci-

nianism.

Socinien, sô-sì-niên, s m. socinian. Socie, sôkl, s. m. socie.

Socque, sok, s. f. sandal, wooden patten or clog (worn by some monks;) also sock (theatrical shoe for comedies.)

SOLCHIE, s. f. sodomy.

SODOMITE, s. m. sodomite.

SŒUR, seur, s. f. sister, nun. Les neuj sœurs, (les muses) the sacred nine. Frégules sœurs, Mar. sister frigates.
Sofa, so-fa, s. m. sofa.

SOFA, 30-18, S. In. Sola.

SOFATE, S. f. arch, ceiling.

Soft, swa. (pron.) one's self, himself, herself, one, him, her, itself. Soi-disant, self-styled, pretended or would be. Soi-mêne, one's self, himself, herself, itself. Etre à soi, to depend on no one.

S HE, swa, s. f. silk ; (d'un épagneul) long hair ; (de cochon) bristle ; (d'une lame de cou teau or d'épée) tongue. Paroles de soie, soft flattering words Jours filés d'or et de

soie, happy and glorious life.
Soierie, swa-rl, s. f. silk stuffs, silk, silk

trade, silk manufacture.

trade, sisk manufacture.
Soir, swaf, s. f. thirst, being dry, dryness, thirst, greedy or eager or immoderate desire Avoir soif, to be dry, to thirst.
Soigken, swagna, v. a. to look after, take care of, tend or attend. Soigner ô, v. n. to

look after, be about, take care of.

SOIGHEUSEMENT, swa-gheuz-mên, adv. carefully, with care, diligently, exactly. SOIGHEU-X, SE, swa-gheu, ghèuz, adj. careful, that takes great care, diligent.

Soin, swin, s. m. care; application, dili-gence; racking care, trouble, solicitude, anguish of mind.

Soir, swar, s. m. evening, night.
Soirkée, swarah, s. f. evening or night.
Soir, swa, conj. Soit Pun, soit l'autre,
either; (an elliptical expression) be it so, let it be so, I grant it, well and good, I consent to it. Soit que, (with the subjunctive) whether; and the soit que or ou que which follows is rendered or.

SOIXANTAINE, swa-sen-ten, s. f. sixty,

about sixty, three score.

SOUXANTE, swa-scnt, adj. sixty, three score. Soixantième, swà-sen-tièm, adj. sixtieth.

SOIXANTIÈME, S. m. sixtieth, sixtieth part. SOL, sôl, s. m. ground or soil; ground or ground plot; (note in musick) sol; [de la mer] bottom, ground at the bottom of. V. Sou.

SOLATER, v. a. to comfort, console, strengthen one s mind under some calamity SOLATER, soler, adj. solar: s. m. a ban

dage; muscle.
Solandres, s. f. pl. malanders.
Solbatu, E, sol-bā-tū, tu, adj. surbated SOLBATURE, sôl-ba-tur. s. f. surbating. SOLDANELLE, s. f. bind-weed.

Soldat de marine, marine.

SOLDAT, sol-da, adj. Ex. R a l'air soldat, he looks like a soldier

SOLDATESQUE, sôl-dâ-têsk, adj.soldier-like. Soldatesque, s. f. soldiery, soldiers (in derision.) A la soldatesque, after the soldier's

SOLDE, sold, s. f. pay, soldier's pay; (de compte) balance

SOLDER, sol-da, v. a. to close or settle an

SOLDER, SOL-da, v. a. to close or scure an account (by paying off the balance.)
Sole, sol, s. f. (poisson) sole; (d'un cherul, etc.) hoof; (de terre) extent of ground on which wheat is sown the first year, oats or barley, etc. the next, and which lies fallow the third year. Sole, Mar. Sole de l'ancre, shoe of the auchor. Sole d'affit, sole or bottom of a un carriage. Sole d'affit, sole or bottom of a un carriage. tom of a gun carriage. Sole de sabord, sole or sell of a gun port. Sole de taquet, step (of a kevel.) Sole de tigues, step for the heel of small sheers used in a dock-yard.

Solecisme, sold-sism, s. m. solecism.
Solecisme, sold, s. m. sun; also pyx; sunflower. Il fait drig grand soleil, it is still
broad day. Marcher entre daux soleils, to march between sun-rise and sun-set. Adorer le soleil levant, to join the rising party.
Solennel, LE, soland, adj. solemn.

SOLENNELLEMENT, so-la-nel men, adv

solemniy.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

SIGILLÉE, sl-211-14. adj. Ex. Terre sigillée, |

STORLES, BESTIFFE, MILE EXTENSIBLES, STORT OF red earth.

SIGNAL, sl-gnal, s. m. signal or sign.

SIGNALE, s., sl-gnal-la, adj. signalized, also signal, notable, remarkable.

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manual, one's hand to a writing.

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SIGNIFIANT, E, adj. significative, expressive.

BIGNIFICATI-F, VE, si-gni-fi-ka-tif, dv, adj. significant.

Signification, sl-gnl-fl-ka-sion, s. f.

signification, meaning, sense.
SIGNIFIER, sl-gnl-fla, v. a. to signify, denote, mean, notify, declare, intimate, give notice of.

SIL, s. m. sil (sort of ochre.)
SILENCE, si-lens, s. m. silence, stillness, quiet; (de la mait) dead of night. Silence silence! hush! Silence!

SILENCIEU-K, SE, sl-len-sleu, sleuz, adj. silent, still, of few words.

SILIQUASTRE, s. m. pimenta, all-spice. SILIQUE, si-lik, s. f. husk or cod or shell

of pulse.

SILLAGE, sl-laz, s. m. Mar. wake, way, steerage way. Fuire bon sillage, to have fresh way through the water. Le bâtiment fait grand sillage, the ship is going fast through the water. Cette frègute double notre sillage, that frigate sails two feet to our one. Le sillage o hien diminué, depuis que les rents ont rapproché, we go very little ahead, since the wind has hauled forward.

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SILVES, s. f. pl. collection of miscellaneous

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comparison; Parable.
SIMILOR, st-ml-lor, s. m. metallick composition that imitates gold (copper and zinc.)
SIMONIAQUE, st-mo-nick, s. m. simoniacal

SIMONIAQUE, s. m. simoniack. SIMONIE, sl-mo-nl, s. f. simony.

SIMPLE, simpl, adj. simple, pure, unmixt, uncompounded; single; only, bare; com mon, ordinary, private; plain, without orna-ment; simple, weak. silly; plain, downright, honest, without decent.

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SIMPLEMENT, sinpl-men, adv. plain, without any ornament, roundly, downright, plain-

ly, only.

SIMPLESSE, sin-ples, s. f. Ex. Il ne deand a quict life.

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SIMULATION, S. f. simulation, shadow.
SIMULATION, S. f. simulation, deceit.
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SIMULTANÉITÉ, S. f. existence of several things at the same time.

SIMULTANÉMENT, adj. in the same time.

SINAPISME, si-na-pism, s. m. sinapism. SINCÈRE, sin-sèr, adj. sincere, honest,

Sinciput, s. m. top or crown (of the head.) SINGE, sinz, s. m. ape; mimick, imitator, windlass or draw beam.

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SINGLER, v. n. Mar. to sail (on a particular course.) V. Cingler.

SINGULARISER, (SE) se-sin-gd-la-ri-za, v. r. to be odd or singular, affect singularity. SINGULARITE, sin-gd-la-ri-la, s. f. singularity, being singular, excellence, rarity, affected way, affectedness, particular way.

Singulier, e, sin-ga-lia, lièr, adj. singu-

lar, peculiar, particular, special, rare, excel-lent, extraordinary, natchless, choice, affect-cd. Combat singulier, single fight.

SINGULIER, s. m. singular, singular number. SINGULIEREMENT, sin-gå-lier-men, adv.

especially, singularly, peculiarly, particularly, excellently, passingly, affectedly.

Sinistre, si-alstr, adj. sinister, untoward, unfucky, unfortunate, inauspicious, sinistrous, perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous, perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous, perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous perverse, wicked, bad, in the sinistrous perverse, with the sinistrous perverses and the sinistrous perverses and the sinistrous perverses are sinistrous perverses.

Sinistrement, sl-nistr-men, adv. unto-

wardly, unluckily, unfortunately.

Sinon, si non, (for si-non, if not) else.

Sinon que, save, but, save that, but that

Sinopie, s. m. sinoper, ruddle. Sinueu-x, se, si-nd-eu, euz, adj. sinuous. crooked.

SINCOSITÉ, si-nů-ò-zi-tů, s. f. sinuosity. Sinus, si-nus, s. m. sinus; (in mathematicks) sine.

SIPHON, sl-fon. s. m. siphon or crane, cock tap. faucet. Siphon, Mar. spout. Sire, sir, s. m. sir; also lord

buse, but : jeune, moute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin . mon : brun.

SIRÈNE, sî-rên, s. f. siren, mermaid.

SIRERIE, s. f. lordship.
SIRIUS, si-rids, s. m. Sirius. dog-star.
SIROC, si-rok, s. m. south-east wind, sirocco (in the Mediterranean.)

Sirop, sl-rd, s. m. sirup. Siroter, sl-rd-ta, v. n. to sip, tipple.

SIROTEUR, s. m. sipper, tippler. SIRTES, s. f. pl. Mar. moving sand, quick sand, shelf.

Sis, E, sl, slz, adj. (from Scoir) seated, situated.

SITE, sit, s. m. site

SITUATION, si-ta-a-slow, s. f. seat. site, situation, placing; sitting, posture, state, pass, condition, circumstance.

Situer, sl-10-8, v. a. to seat or situate.
Six, sis, adj. & s. m. six, half a dozen;
the sixh; (aux des) sice or six.
Sixain, sl-2m, s. m. sextain; six or half a

dozen packs of cards.

Sixième, sl-zlèm, adj. sixth; sixthly.

SIXIÈME, s. m. sixth, sixth part; a school boy of the sixth form.
Sixieme, s. f. sixth form (in a school;) six

following cards (st piquet.)
SIXIEMEMENT, si-ziem-men, adv. sixth-

SIXTE, sikst, s. f. sixth (in musick.)

St.oop, s. m. Mar. sloop.

SMAQUE, V. Semaque

SMILLE, s. f. a pointed hammer.

SMILLER, v. a. to pick with a pointed ham-

mer (free stone, etc.)
SMECTIN, smêk-tin, s. m. fuller's carth.
SORRE, sôbr, adj. sober, temperate, mo-

derate, cautious, discreet.

SOBREMENT, sobr-men, adv. soberly, temperately, moderately, cautiously.
Sobrieté, sô-bri-â-tâ, s. f. sobriety, tem-

perance, moderation

Sobriquet, sô-bri-kê, s. m. nickname.

Soc, sôk, s. m. share, plough-share. V. Soque.
Sociabilité, s. f. sociability.
Sociable, sò-slabl, adj. sociable.

Sociablement, adv. sociably. Social, f., s3-s7a1, adj. social. Societé, s3-s7a-1a, s. f. society, commerce,

intercourse, company, fellowship, club, partnership, friendship, familiarity

SOCINIANISME, so-si-ni-a-nism, s. m. socinianism.

Sociale, sokl, s. m. sociale.

Socque, sok, s. f. sandal, wooden patten or clog (worn by some monks;) also sock (theatrical shoe for comedies.)

SOLCHIE, s. f. sodomy.

SODOMITE, s. m. sodomite. SOUR, seur, s. f. sister, nun. Les neuf sœurs, (les muses) the sacred nine. Frégates sœurs, Mar. sister frigates.

Sofa, sô-fa, s. m. sofa. SOFFITE, s. f. arch, ceiling

SQ1, swh, (pron.) one's self, himself, herself, one, him, her, itself. Soi-disant, self-styled, pretended or would be. Soi-même, one's self, himself, herself, itself. Etre à soi, the desendent page self. to depend on no one

Size, swa, s. f. silk; (d'un épagneul) long hair ; (de cochon) bristle ; (d'une lame de couteau or d'épée) tongue. Paroles de soie, soft flattering words Jours filés d'or et de

soie, happy and glorious life.
Soierie, swa-rl. s. f. silk-stuffs, silk, silk

trade, silk manufacture.

Soir, swaf, s. f. thirst, being dry, dryness thirst, greedy or eager or immoderate desire Avoir soif, to be dry, to thirst. Soigner, swa-gua, v. a. to look after, take

care of, tend or attend. Soigner d, v. n. to look after, be about, take care of.

Soigneusement, swa-gneuz-men, adv. carefully, with care, diligently, exactly.

Soigneu-x, se, swa-gneu, gneuz, adj. careful, that takes great care, diligent.

Soin, swin, s. m. care; application, diligence; racking care, trouble, solicitude, anguish of mind.

Sorn, swar, s. m. evening, night.

Soirée, swâ-râ, s. f. evening or night.
Soir, swâ, conj. Soit l'un, soit l'autre,
either; (un elliptical expression) be it so, let it be so, I grant it, well and good, I consent to it. Soit que, (with the subjunctive) whether; and the soit que or ou que which follows is rendered or.

SOIXANTAINE, swå-sen-ten, s. f. sixty, about sixty, three score.

SOLXANTE, swa-sent, adj. sixty, three Soixantième, swà-sen-tièm, adj. sixtieth.

SOINANTIÈME, s. m. sixtieth, sixtieth part. Sol, sõl, s. m. ground or soil; ground or ground plot; (note in musick) sol; (de la mer) bottom, ground at the bottom of. V. Sou.

SOLACIER, v. a. to comfort, console strengthen one s mind under some calamity Solaire, so-ler, adj. solar : s. m. a ban

dage; muscle.
SOLANDRES, s. f. pl. malanders.

Soleatu, E, sol-ba-tu, tu, adj. surbated SOLDANELLE, s. f. bind-weed.

SOLDAT, s. m. soldier. Soldat de marme. marine.

SOLDAT, sôl-dâ, adj. Ex. Il a l'âir soldat, he looks like a soldier.

SOLDATESQUE, sôl-dâ-têsk, adj.soldier-like. SOLDATESQUE, s. f. soldiery, soldiers (in derision.) A la soldatesque, after the soldier's

Solde, sold, s. f. pay, soldier's pay; (de

compte) balance.
Solder, sõl-då, v. a. to close or settle an

account (by paying off the balance.) Sole, sol, s. f. (poisson) sole; (d'un cheval, etc.) hoof; (de terre) extent of ground on which wheat is sown the first year, oats or barley, etc. the next, and which lies fallow the third year. Sole, Mar. Sole de l'ancre, shoe of the anchor. Sole d'affit, sole or botsnoe of the auchor. Sole d'afful, sole or bottom of a gun carriage. Sole de sabord, sole or sell of a gun port. Sole de taquet, step (of a kevel.) Sole de bigues, step for the heel of small sheers used in a dock-yard.

Solecisme, sô-lê-sîsm, s. m. solecism.
Soleci, sô-lêl, s. m. sun; also pyr; sunflower. Il fuit dijh grand soleil, it is still broad day. Marcher entre days soleils, to march between sun reas and singer a

march between sun-rise and sun-set. Adorer

le solcil levant, to join the rising party.

Solennel, Lr., so-la-ndl, adj. solemn.

Solennellement, so-la-ndl men, adv solemniy.

har, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

oude, to warp out of a harbour. Sortir d'un détroit en leuroyant, to work out of a strait. Bortir le boutefeu à la main, to sail prepared (in every respect) for immediate action.

L'escadre de Brest est sortie, the Brest fleet is at sea. Nous sortimes avec peine du milieu des écueils ois nous nous étions engagés, we got out with difficulty from the midst of the shoals among which we had been. Le bâtiment est un bou qui sortis de ses bauqui-ères par la force du roulis, the ship rolled one of her beams out of the clamps.

SORTIR, s. m. Ex. Au sortir de, at the

time or instant of getting out of:
Sot, TE, so, soi, adj. & s. soitis, silly,
simple, foolish, foppish, dull; sot or fool, a silly
creature, simpleton, blockhead.

SOTTEMENT, sot-men, adv. foolishly, sim-

ply, idly. Sottise so-tlz, s. f. sottishness, folly, or silliness; folly, piece of folly, foolish trick; abusive language

SOTTISIER, s. m. collection of trash.

Sou, sdo, s. m. sou or sous, French penny, pennyworth. [[] As some vortiers use sou in compound words instead of sous, V. Sous. Soubassement, sho-bas-men, s m. base

and foot of a pillar, patten of a pillar, bases of a bed.

SOUBRESAUT, sõobr-sõ, s. m. gambol. SOUBRETTE, sõo-brêt, s. f. waiting-woman. SOUBREVESTE, sõobr-vêst, s. f. upper coat without sleeves.

Souche, shosh, s. f. log or stump, blockhead; stock (of a race, of an anvil;) stack (of thimneys.)

SOUCHET, s. m. kind of free stone (and the worst sort of it;) kind of rush, sort of duck.
SOUCI, soosi, s. m. care, carking care, so-

licitude, thought, concern; also marigold.
Soucier (se) se-so-sl-a, de. v. r. to care or have a respect for, to mind, be careful or take care of, be anxious for.

Soucieu-x, se, soo-si-eu, euz, adj. careful,

morose, carking, anxious.
Soucoupz, soekoop, s. f. salver, saucer.

Soudain, E, son-din, den, adj. sudden, unlooked for.

Soudain, adv. suddenly, upon a sudden; forthwith, presently.

SOUDAINEMENT, sho-den-men, adv. suddenly, upon a sudden.

SOUDAINETÉ, s.f. suddenness.

Soudan, s. m. sultan.

"SOUDARD, soo-dar, s. m. soldier, old weather-beaten soldier

Soude, sood, s. f. kali or salt-wort, soda.

SOUDE, E, adj. soldered.
SOUDER, soo-da, v. a. to solder.
SOUDEUR, s. m. solderer.
SOUDOYER, soo-dwa-ya, v. a. to keep (soldiers) in pay.

"SOUDRE, soodr, une question, v. a. to resolve a question.

Soudrille, soo-dril, s. m. & adj. rascal-

ly, pilfering soklier.
SOUDURE, soo-dar, s. f. soldering, solder, part where metal is soldered.

Southert, E, adj. (from Souffrir) suffered, endured, etc.

Soufflage, soo-flaz, s. m. glass-blowing. Mar thick sheathing of a ship which gradually decreases (till reduced to nothing.) SOUFFLANT, E, adj. blowing.

Souffle, soofl, s. m. breath; puff or blowing. Il n'y a pas un souffle de rent, there is not a breath of wind.

SOUFFLER, soo-fla, v. n. to breathe, fetch . one's breath, blow, to breathe thick and short, puff and blow; to reply, object, complain, take notice of; to work in chymistry. Souffler aux oreilles de quelqu'un, to whisper in one's ear, prompt one to, put one upon. Souf-fler, v. a. to blow; (une chandelle) to blow out; (de la poussière) to blow off; to prompt or suggest, whisper. Souffler la discorde or le feu de la discorde, to blow the coals, sow dissension. Souffler une dame, (au jeu de dames) to huff, blow a man. Souffler un emploi à quelqu'un, to blow one up, trip up one's heels.
Souffler, v. a. Mar. Souffler les canons, to

scale the guns. Souffer in bitiment, to sheathe a ship (by increasing the bearings of her with a thick sheathing which diminishes in thickness every quarter of an inch till it is

reduced to nothing.)

Soufflerie, s.f. bellows, bellows of a pair of organs; also, the working in chymis-

SOUFFLET, soo-fie, s. m. bellows, pair of bellows; box or cuff or blow on the ear; also calash.

SOUFFLETADE, s. f. repeated blows on the

SOUFFLETER, soofl-ta, v. a. to box or cuff, give a box on the ear.

Souffleteu-R, se, soofl-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. boxer or cuffer.

Souffleu-R, se, soo-fleur, fleuz, s. m. & f. blower, whisperer or prompter, blower (sort of whale) also one that is in search of the philosopher's stone.

Soufflure, s. f. hollow, cavity.

Souffrance, soo-frens, s. f. suffering, misery, trouble, affliction, grief; toleration, counivance.

Souffrant, E, soo-fren, frent, adj. suffer-

ing; patient.
Souffre-pouleur, soofr-do-leur, s. m. drudge.

Souffreteu-x, se, soofr-teu, teuz, adj. needy, poor, miserable.

Souffrin, soo-frir, v. a. to suffer; bear, abide or endure, undergo, bear with, tolerate, wink or connive at, permit, allow, give the leave of, let, admit of, be liable to; (un assaut, un siege) to stand; (un affront) to brook, put up with. Souffrir, v. n. to suffer. Mar. to suffer, etc. Votre mâture a-t-elle souffert dans le coup de vent? how did your masts and yards stand the gale? Vaisseau qui a sonffert dans le mauvais temps, weather-beaten

ship.
Soufre, soofr, s. m. sulphur, brimstone. Sourren, soo-frå, v. a. to do over or smoke with brimstone, dip in brimstone. Soufrer du vin, to sophisticate wine with brimstone burn brimstone in a vessel, and fill it with wine afterwards.

Sougande, soo-gard, s. f. guard (of a gun. lock.)

Sougonge, soo-gorz, s. f. throat-band of a bridle.

Souhait. soo-e, s. m. wish, desire, vow. A souhait, to one's wish, to one's h art's desire, according to one's mind as one would have it buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

SOUHAITABLE, soo-ê-tabl, adj. desirable, to be wished or desired.

SOUHAITER, soo-ê-ta, v. a. to wish, desire, wish or long for, to be pleased to have. Souhaiter le bonjour à quelqu'un, to wish one good day.

Souller, s. f. soil or slough or mire (of a wild hoar.) Soulle, Mar. hed (of a ship or impression made by her bottom on the mud

after having lain aground.)
SOUILLER, soo-la, v. a. to foul, dirty, stain; desile or pollute, spot or stain. Se souiller, v. r. to wallow in the soil; also to stain one's self, etc.

Southern, soo-lon, s. young sloven or slut;

scullion.

Souillure, soo-lur, s. f. spot, stain, ble-mish, blot, blur, filth, filthiness, uncleauness,

SOUL, E, soo, sool, adj. full, glutted, surfeited, satiated, cloyed, wearied, tired, sick; drunk, fuddled.

Sout, soo, s. m. fill, belly-full.

Soulageant, E, adj. easing, comforta-

Soulagement, soo-laz-men, s. m. ease, relief, comfort.

Soulager, soo-la-za, v. a. to ease, disburden, lighten, help, relieve, comfort, lessen, abate, allay or alleviate. Se soulager, v. r. to comfort one's self, grow easy, etc. Soulager les coins d'un mât, Mar. to ease the wedges of a mast.

Soulandres, s. f. V. Solandres. Soulant, E, soo-lên, lênt, adj. filling,

cloying. "Soulas, soo-la, s. m. comfort, solace. Souler, soo-la, v. a. to fill one, give one his fill, satiate; make drunk, fuddle. Se sonler, v. r. to fill or glut or cloy or surfeit one's self, to eat one's belly full, drink too much, to make one's self drunk

Soulevement, soo-lev-men, s. m. rising, insurrection, revolt, rebellion, sedition : indignation; (des flots) swelling; (de cœur) sick-

Souleven, sool-va, v. a. to lift or raise or heave up; to excite rebellion, revolt or insurrection; to raise the indignation of; (comme les flots) to raise, toss. Se soulever, v. r. to take up arms, rise, rise up in arms, revolt; (purlant de la mer) to swell. Soulerer, v. n. Ex. Le cœur lui soulère, his or her heart Faire soulever le cœur, to turn one's stomach, to make one's stomach rise or wamble.

Souteur, soo-leur, s. f. sudden fright. Soulier, soo-lia, s. m. shoe.

Souligner, soo-Il-gua, v. a. to underline,

underscore (a word or phrase.)
*Soutour, soo-lwar, v. n. (only used in the imperfect.) (Je soulois, il souloit) to be wont or used.

Soumettre, soo-metr, v. a. (like mettre) to subdue, subject, bring under, bring under subjection, humble, submit, refer. Se soumettre, v. r. to sabinit or yield, consent, engage one's seif, he bound.

Soumis, E, adj. subdued, etc. according to Soum-ttre.

SCOMISSION, son-mi-sion, s. f. submission, humility, respect; also subscription; and recognizative

Soumissionnaire, s. m. subscriber for an undertaking.

SOUMISSIONNER, v. a. to subscribe for an undertaking.

SOUPAPE, soo-pap, s. m. sucker (of a pump,) valve (of the heart.)

Sourcon, soop-son, s. m. suspicion, jea-lousy, distrust, fear; surmise, conjecture; slight appearance; very small quantity.
Sourcunner, soop-so-na, v. a. to suspect,

fear or distrust; surmise, conjecture, or think.
Sourconneu.x, se, soop-so-neu, neux,
adj. suspicious, distrustful, jealous, full of

fears.

Soupe, soop, s. f. soup, porridge, pottage; sippet or sop. Inre comme une soupe, as drunk as a toast. Aller or venir manger la soupe (or de la soupe) de quelqu'un, to go or come and dine with one. Soupe au perroquet or soupe au rin, soup with wine. Soup £, V. Souper, s. m.

Soupente, soo-pent, s. f. the main braces (of a coach,) loft for a servant's bed.

Souper, soo-pa, v. n. to sup, eat one's

SOUPER or Soupe, soo-ph, s. m. supper. Faire un bon souper, to eat a good supper. Après-souper, between supper and bedtime.

Souresen, soop-za, v. a. to weigh or poise with the hand.

Soupière, soo-pier, s. f. soup-dish.

Soupir, so-pir, s. m. sigh; (in musick) minim rest. Un soupir de Bacchus, a belch. Pousser des soupirs, to sigh, fetch sighs. Le

dernier scopir, the last gasp.
Sourinair, soo-pi-rai, s. m. a breathing-hole, vent, air-hole, spiracle.

Soupirant, soo-pi-ren, s. m. lover, admirer.

SUPPLRER, soo-pi-ra, v. n. to sigh, fetch sighs. Soupirer pour, to be in love with. Soupirer après, to pant after, long for, wish earnestly for, court.

Soupireur, s. m. Ex. Un soupireur uni-

versel, a general lover, a dangler.

Sourle, soopl, adj. supple, limber, pliant, easy to be bent, flexible, pliable, tractable, docile, easy, humble, complaisant

SourLEMENT, adv. submissively. Souplesse, soo-ples, s.f. suppleness, plian-

ness, nimbleness, tractableness, complaisance. Souquenille, sook-nil, s. f. frock (for a conchman or groom.

Souquen, v. a. Mar. to taughten, heave close (any seizing, etc.) Attention à bien souquer les garcettes de tournerire, mind how you clap your nippers on. Souque bien les garcettes de ris, tie your points close.

Source, stors, s. f. source, head, spring, fountain, fountain head, root, cause, occasion,

Bourciller, soor-si-la, v. n. to move the eye-brow, knit the brow.

Sourcilleu-x, se, soor-si-leu, leuz, adj.

high, lofty, steep. Sourd, E, soor, soord, adj. deaf, that cannot hear, inexorable, dull, hollow, confused, secret. Nombre sourd, surd number. Lanterne sourde, dark lantern. Lime sourde fine smooth file. Il court un bruit sourd, 'tis whispered about. Faire la sourde oreille

to pretend to be deaf, give no ear or heed to

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

Sourd, E., s. m. & f. deaf man or woman. | Sourd, V. Sourdre. SOURDAUD, E, soor-do, dod, s. m. & f. sne that is deafish or thick of hearing.

SOURDELINE, s. f. kind of bag-pipe. Sourdement, soord-men, adv. in a dull manner, secretly, confusedly, without noise, underhand, privately. On entendoit gronder le tonnerre sourdement, the thunder made a

hollow rumbling noise.
SOURDINE, soor-din, s. f. little pipe put into the mouth of a trumpet to make it sound low; mute (for a fiddle.) A la sourdine, si-

lently, privately.
Source, scorde, v. p. (only used in the infinitive and third person pres. indicat. sourd)

to spring, rise or issue (as waters do.)
Souriceau, soc-ri-so, s. m. little or young mouse.

Souricière, so-ri-sièr, s. f. mouse-trap. Sourire, so-rir, v. n. (like rire) to smile

er simper. Sourire à, to smile at or upon. Sourier, soo-rir, s. m. smile or simpering.

Souranois, E, adj. & s. sullen, silent, saturnine, gloomy, close, that conceals his designs; sullen or silent or reserved creature.

Sous, soo, prep. under; upon. Etre sous la main de quelqu'un, to depend upon one, be main as quein un, to depend upon one, be under one. Passer sous silence, to pass over or by in silence. Sous le vent, Mar. leeward. This preposition (instead of which some write Sou) is joined to several substantives to express what is under some person or thing, either by position or quality. Most of these compounds are here given, and for those which are not here, the reader is referred to the simple word, which may be rendered compound in English by adding to it Sub or Under. Sous-bail, s. m. underlease. Sousbibliothécaire, m. under-librarien. Sous-brigadier, m. sub-brigadier. Sous-chantre, m. sub-chanter. Sous-commit, m. under-clerk, sub-commissioner. Sous-depensier, m. under-caterer. Sous-diaconat, m. sub-deaconship. Sous diacre, m. sub-deacon. Sous doyen, m. sub-dean. Sous doyenné, m. sub-deanship. Sous-ferme, f. under-lease. Sous-fermier, m. under-farmer. Sous-gouvernante, f. undergoverness. Sous-gouverneur, m. under-go-vernor. Sous-ingénieur-constructeur, m. Mar. builder's assistant. Sous-locataire, m. undertenant. Sous-mattre, m. under-master, usher.
Sous-mattrese, f. under-mistrese, under-teacher.
Sous-pénitencier, m. sub-penitentiery. Sous-precepteur, m. under-tuter, under-pre-ceptor. Sous-prieur, m. sub-prior. Sous-prieure, f. sub-prioress. Sous-sacristain, m. under-sexton, under-sacristan. Sous-secrétaire, m. under-secretary, under-elerk. Sous-vicare, m. sub-vicar. Sous-vicariat, m. sub-vicarabip Some other words, thus com-pounded, and especially verbs, follow in alphabetical order.

Sous-Affermer, v. a. to under-lease, un-

der-let, take an under-lerse of.

Sous-Barbe, s. f. chick under the chin. Sous-barbe, Mar. Sous barbe de bempré, bob stay. Sous-barbe, shore (placed under the stern-post of a ship while on the stocks.)
SOUSCRIPTEUR, soos-keip-teur, s. m. sub-

monber.

Souscription, soos-krip-slon, s. t. subscription, signature.

Souscrine, soos-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to subscribe, set one's hand or name to. Souscrire à, v. n. to subscribe or consent to.

Sous-Entendre, soo-zen-tendr, v. a. to understand, leave understood. Cela se sous-entend, that's understood.

Sous-ENTENDU, E, adj. understood, lest understood.

Sous-entente, sooz-en-tent, s. f. menta. reservation

Sous-frater (un bâtiment.) Mar. to un-

der-freight (a vessel.)
Sous-fermen, V. Sous affermer.
Sous-gueule, s. f. riband worn by women.

Sous-Louer, v. a. to rent a part of a house that another holds on a lease

Sous-multiple, s. m. sub-multiple.

Soussient, E, soo-si-gna, adj. signed, subscribed, under-written.

Soussignun, soo-si-gna, v. a. to sign, subscribe, set one's name to.

Sous-tangenter, s. f. subtangent.
Sous-tangenter, s. f. subtangent.
Sous-tak-sion, s. f. subtraction; also drawing or taking away. Sous-

traction obedience, withdrawing of obedience.
Soustraire, soos-trer, v. a. (like traire)
to draw, to take, withdraw, keep from, purloin, abridge, get away, draw away, entice away; (is arithmetick) to subtract. Se soustraire à, v. r. to set one's self free from, shake off, shake off the yoke of, ily from. Se soustwine and the state of the stat traire de la puissance paternelle, to forsake one's duty to a father.

Soustrait, E, adj. (from soustraire) got

away, purloined, etc.

Sous-ventrière, s. f. large band of lea-ther fixed by both ends to the shafts of a cart, and placed under the thill horse's belly.

SOUTANE, soo-tan, s. f. cassock. SOUTANELLE, soo-ta-nel, s. f. short cas-

Soute, soot, s. f. balance of an account. Soute, Mar. store-room. Soute on pain. bread-room. Soute aux hardes, slop-room. Soute aux poudres, magazine, powder-room. Soute aux roiles, sail-room. Soute du commis,

He steward's-room. Soute virre, light-room. Soutenable, soot-nabl, adj. warrantable, maintainable, that may be defended. Soutenant, soot-nea, s. m. respondent.

SOUTENEMENT, s. m. prop; (in law) de-

Souteneur, soot-neur, s. m. bully (in

houses of ill fame.)
SOUTENIR, soot-nir, v. a. (like tenir) to sustain; bear, hold up, uphold or support; to bear, endure, stand to; to strengthen, give strength to, fortify; to maintain, assert, vouch, hold, justify, defend, refute the arguments made against; to stand, stand out, maintain, hold out, make good; to keep up, maintain, support; to countenance, assist, defend, back, support. Se soulesir, v. r. to stand up or upon one's legs; also to hear or keep one's self or itself up, hold, hold out, wear well; to hold, hold out, not to flag.

Soutenir, Mar. La marée nous soutient, we have the tide under our lee. Nous nous soutiendrons en metiant la grande voile et por tant plein, we shall hold our cwn by setting

buse, but : jêune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

the main sail and keeping clean full. Le gémeral neus envoya pour soutenir les chasseurs, the admiral sent us to support the chasing ships. Notre chef de file soutint tout le feu de la ligne ennemie, our van-ship stood all the tire of the enemy's line.

Soutenu, E, adj: (from soutenir) borne or

kept up, etc.

Souterrain, E, soo-te-rin, ren, adj. sub-

terraneous, under-ground.

Souterrain, s. m. vault, subterraneous place or passage; also secret practice, under-hand dealing.
Soutten, ado-tien, s. m. stay, prop, support.
Souttenage, soo-d-raz, s. m. racking.

SOUTIERR, soo-ti-ra, v. a. to rack (!iquer.)

SOUTRAITANT, s. m. under-farmer. SOUTRAITER, y. a. to under-farm.

"Souvenance, soov-nens, s. f. remem-

brance. Souvenia, soov-nir, s. m. remembrance, memory, recollection.

Souvenir, (SE) de, v. r. (like venir) to re-member, recollect, call to mind, have in memory, mind, be mindful of, take care of.

Heur sourient, they remember.

SOUVENT, sho-ven, adv. often, oftentimes, frequently. Le plus souvent, most times, most-

frequently. Le plus souvers, most times, must-ly, generally, most frequently.

"SOUVERIES, soo-vent-fwa, adv. often.

SOUVERIES, E. soov-ris, ren, adj. sove-reign, chief, highest, excellent; absolute, su-preme. Le souverain bies, the supreme good or chief happiness.

SOUVERAIR, s. m. sovereign.
SOUVERAINEMENT, soov-ren-mon, adv.
sovereignly, independently, absolutely, like a sovereign, magisterially; perfectly, most, excellently, extremely, entirely. Souveraiment, soov-ren-th, s. f. sove-

reignty, supreme power; dominions of a

sovereign prince.

SOYEU-x, se, swa-yeu, yeuz, adj. thick, silky, silken, soft, fine.

SPACIEUSEMENT, spl-slèuz-men, adv.

spaciously, widely, at large.
SPACIEU-X, SE, spa-sieu, sieuz, adj. spa-

cious, broad, large, wide.

Bradassin, spå-då-sin, s. m. bully, hector.

Spadille, spå-då, s. m. spadille.

SPAGIRIQUE or SPAGYRIQUE, adj. f. spa-

gyrick. SPAH1, spå-1, s. m. spahi (Turkish trooper.)

SPAHI, Spain, S. M. Spain I William tooper.)

SPARI, S. M. Spair, founder's stone.

SPARS, S. M. V. Spath.

SPARSILE, adj. f. scattered (star.)

SPARSILE, adj. f. scattered (star.)

SPARSILE, adj. Spartan, of Sparta or

Lacedemon. SPARTIATE, s. m. Spartan.

SPARTAN, s. m. Mar. sort of junk or grass employed to make cordage.

SPASME, spåsm, s. m. spasm. SPASMODIQUE, spås-mo-dik, adj. spasmodick.

SPATH, s. m. spar, crystal. SPATULE, spå-idl, s. f. spatula, slice. SPACIAL, E, spå-slål, adj. special, particu-

lar, singular.

- Specialement, spå-siål-men, adv. specially, especially, particularly, singularly. Specialité, spa-sià-li-tà, s. f. speciality,

specification, particular or special expression.

Spécieusement, spå-sleuz-mên, adv. speciously, plausibly.

SPECIEU-X, SE, spå-sleu, sleuz, adj. specious, fair, plausible.

SPECIFICATION, spå-si-fi-kå-sion, s. f. specification or specifying.
SPECIFIER, spa-si-II-a, v. a. to specify or

particularize, mention in express terms

SPÉCIFIQUE, spa-si-fik, adj. specifick, or specifical, particular.

Spécifique, s. m. specific or specific remedy.

SPÉCIFIQUEMENT, spå-si-fik-men, adv. specifically

SPECTACLE, spěk-tákl, s. m. spectacle, show or sight, pageant,

SPECTATEUR, spêk-tå-teur, s. m. specta-tor, beholder or looker on, ocular witness. SPECTATRICE, spek-ta-tris, s. f. female beholder.

SPECTRE, spektr, s. m. spectre, sprite, phantom, ghost, spirit, apparition, vision.

SPECULAIRE, adj. f. (art) specular art.

SPECULAIREN, spå-kå-lå-lå-lå-t, s. m. speculat; observer (af the stars. etc.)

SPECULAIT-F, vz., spå-kå-lå-lif, tv, adj. speculative, contemplative.

SPÉCULATIF, s. m. speculative, mad speculator

SPÉCULATION, spå-kû-lû-slon, s. f. speculation, contemplation; theory.

SPÉCULATIVE, s. f. speculation, theory.

SPÉCULATIVE, sp. kû-lû, v. a. to speculate, contemplate, view or observe. Spéculer sur, v. n. to speculate, or contemplate, or meditate upon.

SPERMATIQUE, sper-ma-tla, adj. spermatical.

SPERMATISER, v. n. to spermatize, eject

SPERMATOCÈLE, s. f. spermatocele. SPERMATOLOGIE, s. f. spermatology

SPERME, sperm, s. m. sperm or seed.
Sperme de baleine, spermaceti.

Sperme ac busens, mortissecus.
Sphackle, s. m. sphacelus, gangrene.
Sphackle, g, adj. sphacelated.
Sphkre, sfer, s. f. sphere, globe, circle or

SPHIRE, siér, s. f. sphere, globe, circle or orb (of a planet,) knowledge of astronomy, province, way, employment, authority, reach of power, compass. Apprendre la sphère, to learn the globes or the use of the globes. SPHIRICITE, si å-ri-d-da, s. f. sphericity. SPHIRIQUE, si å-rik, adj. spherical, orbicular, found.

cular, round SPHÉRIQUEMENT, Må-rik-men, adv. sphe-

rically, round.

SPHERISTIQUE, s. f. the art of playing at tennis.

SPHÉROTOE, sfå-rô-ld, s. f. spheroid. SPHINE, sfinks, s. m. sphine.

SPICILEGE, s. m. collection. SPINAL, E, adj. spinal, belonging to the back bone.

SPINELLE, adj. spinel. Rubis spinelle, spinel ruby.

SPIRAL, E, spi-ral, adj. & s. f. spiral.

SPIRALE, s. f. spiral line.

SPIRALEMENT, adv. spirally. SPIRATION, s. f. spiration. SPIRE, spir, s. f. spire or curve line.

SPIRITUALISATION, spi-ri-id-a-li-za-sion s. f. spiritualization.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, gôod,

SPIRITUALISER, spl-rl-tå-å-ll-zå, v. n. to spiritualize; explain in a spiritual manner, give a godly or mystical sense to; to extract spirits from mixed bodies.

SPIRITUALITÉ, spl-rl-tu-å-fl-tå, s. f. spi-

rituality.

SPIRITUEL, LE, spi-ri-tu-el, adj. spiritual, incorporeal, witty, ingenious, godly, allegorical

SPIRITUEL, s. m. Ex. Le spirituel et le temporel d'une église, the spiritualities and temporalities of a church.

SPIRITUELLEMENT, spi-ri-tù-êl-mên, adv. spiritually, wittily, ingeniously, acutely, mystically, in a spiritual or mystical sense.

Spiriturus, sr, spiritue, euz, adj.

spirituous, full of spirits.

SPLEEN, s. m. spleen, melancholy, hypochondria.

SPLENDEUR, spèn-deur, s. f. spiendour, brightness, glory, magnificence, pomp. SPLENDIDE, splen-did, adj. splendid, glo-

rious, maguificent, stately, noble.

SPLENDIDENENT, splen-did-men, adv.
splendidly, gloriously, magnificently, nobly. SPLENIQUE, adj. splenick. SPODE, s. f. spodium.

SPOLIATRUR, s. m. plunderer, robber.
SPOLIATION, spd-H-a-sion, s. f. spoliation,
spoiling, despoliation.

SPOLIER, spo-li-à, v. a. to spoliate, spoil, bereave, strip.

SPONDAIQUE, adj. Ex. Vers spondatque, spondaick verse.

SPUNDÉE, spon-då, s. m. spondee. SPONDYLE, s. m. spondyle, vertebre. Spongieu-x, se, spon-zl-eu, euz, adj.

spongious or spongy.

Spontant, z, spon-th-nh, adj. spontaneous, free, voluntary.

SPONTANÉITÉ, spon-tà-na-1-tà, s. f. spontaneity.

SPONTANÉMENT, adv. spontaneously, voluntarily.

SPONTON, V. Esponton.

SPORADIQUE, adj. sporadical, not epidemick.

SPORTE, sport, s. f. mendicant friar's basket

SPUTATION, spu-ta-sion, s. f. sputation.

SQUARMEUSE, adj. squamous, scaly. SQUELETTE, ske-let, s. m. skeleton, anato-

my; very lean person.
SQUILLE, s. f. squill, sea-onion, sea-leek;

sort of fish. SQUINANCIE, V. Esquinancie.

SQUIRE, skir, s. m. scirrhus

SQUIRREU-X, EUSE, ski-rcu, reuz, adj. acirrhous.

ST, interj. hush, peace here; here, here.
ST, interj. hush, peace here; here, here.
STABILITÉ, stå-bl-ll-tå, s. f. firmness,
strength, stableness, stability; permanency
Rabilité, s. f. stiffness. Le bâtiment a perdu
de sa stabilité depuis sa dernière sortie, the ship is not so stiff as she was when she last sailed.

STABLE, stabl, adj. firm, strong, solid, stable, sure, constant, durable, lasting.
STACTE, s. m. stacte.

STADE, s'id, s. m. stadium, race, furlong. STAGE, s m. residence (of a monk in his prebend.)

STAGNANT, E, ståg-nen, nent, adj. stagnant. STAGNATION, ståg-rå-sion, s. f. stagnation.

STALACTITE, 8, f. stalactites.

STALAGMITE, s. f. stalagmites. STALLE, stål, s. m. seat or stall in a choir for a dignified clergyman.

STAMPE, s. m. marking-iron for negroes. Interval between the veins of a mine

- STANCE, stens, s. f. stanza; (in the plural) stanzas, odes, copies of verses.

STANTE, E, adj. stiff, elaborate, not free. STAPHILOME, s. m. tumour on the corner

of the eye resembling a grape seed.
STARIE, s. f. Mar. demurrage. Jours de

starie, lay-days. STAROSTE, s. m. Polish lord.

STAROSTIE, s. f. fief granted by the kings

of Poland.

STASE, s. f. stagnation of blood or humours. STATÈRE, stå-ter, s. f. Roman weight, steelyard.

STATHOUDER, stå-too-der, s.m. Stadtholder. STATHOUDERAT, stå-tôo-då-rå, s. m. office of the Stadtholder.

STATION, stå-sion, s. f. station, pause; visit to a church to obtain indulgencies. Mar. station, cruising ground. on a (particular) station Etre en station, to be

STATIONNAIRE, stationary.
STATIONNAIRE, st. f. church where stations are made. V. Station.

STATIONNER, v. a. & n. Mar. to station Notre bâtiment fait partie de l'escadre sta-tionnée devant le Texel, our ship belongs to the squadron stationed off the Texel.

STATIQUE, stå-tik, s. f. staticks. STATUAIRE, stå-tid-er, s. m. statuary, car-

ver, stone-cutter. STATUE, stå-tå, s. f. statue, figure.

STATUER, stå-td-å, v. a. to enact, ordain, decree or determine.

STATURE, stå-tur, s. f. stature, height, size. STATUT, stå-tå, s. m. statute, by-law.

STÉATITE, s. f. sonp-stone. STÉATOCÈLE, V. Spermutocèle.

STÉATOME, s. m. steatoma (sort of tumour.) STÉGANOGRAPHIE, stå-gå-nd-grå-fl, s. f

steganography.
STÉGNOTIQUE, adj. stegnotick.
STELLIONAT, s. m. stellionate, cheat, cozenage.

STELLIONATAIRE, s. m. cheat that has mortgaged or sold a thing twice.

STENTE, adj. m. stiff, not free STENTORÉE, adj. f. Ex. Voix stentorée,

stentorian or very strong voice.
Stereography.

STEREOMETRIE, s. f. stereometry STEREOTOMIE, s. f. the art of cutting all

sorts of solid bodies. STEREOTYPAGE, s. m. act of stereotyping.

STÉRÉOTYPÉ, adj. stereotyped.

STERIOTYPER, v. a. to stereotype (in France, to solder moveable types into a solid body, in England and U. States, to cast a solid plate of types.)

STERILE, sta-ril, adj. sterile, barren, un

fruitful, fruitless, of scarcity, empty, dry

SOTTY, poor.
STÉRILEMENT, adv. barrenly. Ex. Elle vécut stérilement les six premières années de son mariage, she was barren the first six years of her marriage

STERILITE, stå-rl-II-tå, s. f. steriity, bar renness, unfruitfulness; (de blé) scarcity base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

(d'un sujet) etc. poorness, emptiness, dry-

STERLING, ster-lin, adj. m. & s. sterling. STERNUM, sternom, s. m. sternon, breastbone

STERNUTATI-F, ve, sier-nu-ta-tif, tiv, adj. sneezing, sternutative.

STERNUTATOIRE, ster-nu-ta-twar, adi & il s. m. sternutatory, succeing powder.
STIBLE, E, adj. stibial (medicines.)

STIL DE GRAIN, s. m. yellow colour used

in painting.
Stigmates, etc. V. Stygmates, etc.
Stile, Stiler, Stilet, stile. V. Style,

STIMULANT, E, adj. pungent.

STIMULER, v. a. to stimulate, excite by some pungent motive.

STIPERDIAIRE, sti-pen-dier, adj. & s. stipendiary, receiving a stipend.
STIPENDIER, sti-pen-dia, v. a. to keep in

pay, allow a stated pay to.
STIPULANT, E, sti-pa-len, lent, adj. stipu-

lating, covenanting.
STIPULATION, sil-pu-la-slon, s. f. stipulation, covenant, clause

STIPULER, sti-pū-la, v. a. to stipulate, covenant or agree.

STOICIEN, NE, sto-i-sien, sien, adj. stoical, evere, austere, rigid.

STOICIEM, s. m. stoick, philosopher.
STOICISME, sto-I-sism, s. m. stoick fortitude or austerity; philosophy of Zeno.
STOIQUE, sto-Ik, adj. stoical, unconcerned,

insensible. Storquement, sto-ik-men, adv. like a

stoick.

STOCKPICHE, s. m. stockfish.

STOMACAL, LE, stô-mà-khi, adj. cordial, good for the stomach.

STOMACHIQUE, stô-mà-shìk, adj. & s. m. stomachial, stomachick.

STORAX, s. m. storax (tree and gum.) STORE, stor, s. m. curtain for a window.

STRABISME, s. m. strabism, squinting. STRANGULATION, stren-gu-la-slon, s. strangulation.

STRANGURIE, stren-gd-ri, s. f. strangury.
*STRAPASSER, v. a. to drub, bang, thrash. STRAPASSONNER, stra-pa-so-na, v. a. to paint in a rough or unskilful manner.

STRAPONTIN, strå-pon-tin, s. m. stool or cricket. Mar. hammock.

STRAS, strå, 2. m. paste (in mitation of diamonds, invented by Stras.)

STRAISE, s. f. the tow, refuse of silk.
STRAIAGEME, stra-la-zem, s. m. strata-gem, trick (of war;) cunning, subtlety, device.

STRATIFICATION, s. f. stratification. STRATIFIER, v. a. to arrange in strata.

STRATOCRATIE, s. f. stratocracy, military government.

STRIBORD, stri-bor. V. Tribord.

STRICT, E, strikt, adj. strict.

STRICTEMENT, adv. strictly, exactly, with rigorous accuracy.

STRIÉ, E, adj. striate, striated.

STRIES, s. f. striæ, hollows or chamferings.

STROPHE, strof, s. f. strophe, stanza.

STRUCTURE, struk-tur, s. f. structure, building, construction

STRYGES, s. m. sort of hobgoblin, vampire. STUC, sidk s. m. stucco.

STUCATEUR, stå-kå-teur, s. m. maker of stucco-work

STUDIEUSEMENT, stå-dleuz-men, adv. stu diously, sedulously.

STUDIEU-x, se, siù-dlèu, dlèuz, adj. studi ous, bookish.

STUPEFACTI-F, VE, adj. stupefactive.

STUPEFACTION, std-på-fak-slon, s. f. stupefaction.

STUPÉFAIT, E, stů-pê-fê, fêt, adj. stupi-fied, astonished, amazed.

STUPEFIANT, E, adj. stupifying, benumbing. Stupffier, std-pa-fla, v. a. to stupify or

benumb, astonish, amaze.
STUPKUR, std-peur, s.f. stupor, numbness. STUPIDE, adv. stupid, blockish, dull; as

tonished, amazed, stupified.
STUPIDE, stå-pld, s. m. & f. blockhead

dunce, loggerhead.

STUPIDITÉ, stů-přd-měn, adv. stupid-ly, blockishly, dully. STUPIDITÉ, stů-př-dř-tů, s. f. stupidity, dulness, blockishness.

STYGMATES, s. m. pl. prints or marks,

stigmata.
STYGMATISÉ, E, adj. stigmatized, lisgrac-

ed with marks of reproach. STYGMATISER, v. a. to stygmatize, mark

with a brand.

STYLE, stil, s. m. style; pin; (d'un cadrant pin, cock, needle; way, humour; (du palais)

practice. STYLER, sti-la, v. a. to train or bing up.

use or accustom. STYLET, s. m. stiletto.

STYPTIQUE, adj. styptick. STYRAX, V. Storax.

STYX, s. m. Styx.

Su, E, adj. (from savoir) known. Su, s. m. Ex. Sans le su (à l'insu) du roi,

SUABE, s. f. Suabia.
SUABE, s. f. Suabia.
SUAIRE, sd-èr, s. m. winding sheet.
SUAIRE, adject, s. m. winding sheet.
SUASION, s. f. persuasion, enticement, in-

stigation. Suavz, så-åv, adj. sweet. Suavirá, så-å-vi-tå, s. f suavity, sweet-

SUBALTERNE, så-bål-tern, adj. & s. m. subaltern, subordinate, inferiour, inferiour officer · judge; understrapper. Subdélégation, såb-då-l**å-gå-sion, s. (.**

subdelegation.
Subprinte unit subdelegation. gate or deputy.

SUBDÉLÉGUER, sûb-då-là-gå, v. a. to subdelegate or substitute, appoint to act under one's self.

Subdiviser, såb-dl-vl-zå, v. a. to subdi vide. Se subdiviser, v. r. to be subdivided. SUBDIVISION, sub-di-vi-zion, s. f. subdivi-

sion.

SUBGRONDE, s. f. V. Severonde. SUBHASTATION, sub-has-ta-sion, s. f. port sale, open sale, sale by auction.

SUBHASTER, v. a. to sell by auction. SUBI, E, adj. undergone, etc.

SUBJONCTIF, sub-zonk-tif, adj. & s. m. subjunctive. Le mode subjonctif or le subjonctif, s. m. the subjunctive mood or the subjunctive. The French subjunctive is used on'n on account of a circumlocution by which the bar. bat. base : thère, êbb, over : field, tig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

verb of that action or situation which is the principal subject of the discourse is (by means of the conjunction que; or of a conjunctive promoun, such as qui, que, dont, quoi, on, etc.)
rendered dependent on another verb, which
deprives it of its natural function or form or of that full tone of some affection of the mind with which that verb would be pronounced if employed singly. Ex. It is proper you should take your precuntions, (for take your precutions, (for take your precutions with the tone of advice,) it est a propos que vous prenien vos précautions. Do you believe he intends to speak of it? (he ing nearly equal to does he sistend to speak of it?) croyez-vous qu'il ait dessein d'en parler? I do not believe that he intends to speak of it? I do not believe that he intends to speak of it? (being nearly equal to he does not intend to speak of it) je ne crois pas qu'il ait dessein d'en parler. He is the greatest orator I ever knew. (I never knew a greater orator,) c'est nounced if employed singly. Ex. It is proper den parier. He is ine greatest crator I ever heseo, (I sever knew a greater orator), c'est le plus grand orateur que j'aie jamais connu. I do not see amy body hat agrees that he is ruth, (cerry body agrees that he is ruth,) je no vois personne qui ne convienne qu'il est tambérie I me sorre that he he conve in temeraire. I am sorry that he has come, je s faché qu'il soit venu.

SUBIR, så-bir, v. a. to undergo, suffer. Subir la loi du vainqueur, to yield to or receive

laws from the conqueror.

SUBIT, B, sû-bî, bît, adj. sudden, unthought
st, nulooked for, subitaneous.

SUBITEMENT, sû-bit-mên, adv. suddenly. SUBJUGUER, sûb-2û-gå, v. a. to subjugate, subdue, conquer, bring under or into subjec-

SUBLIMATION, så-bil-må-slon, s. f. subli-

SUBLIMATOIRE, s. f. matrass used in sublimation.

SUBLIME, så-blim, adj. sublime, lofty,

high, great.
SUBLIME, s. m. sublime, lofty style.
SUBLIME, sd-blimat, s. m. sublimate.
SUBLIMEMENT, sd-blim-men, adv. sub-

SUBLIMER, sû-blî-mâ, v. a. to sublimate. SUBLIMITE, sû-blî-mî-tâ, s. f. sublimity,

loftiness, greatness.
Sublingual, placed under the tongue.

SUBLUNAIRE, så-blå-ner, adj. sublunary. SUBMERGER, såb-mer-zå, v. a. to sub-

merge, drown, put under water, sink.
SUBMERSION, sub-mer-sion, s. f. submer-sion, inundation, drowning.

SUBMISSION, sub-mi-sion, s. f. submission. SUBORDINATION, sd-bor-dl-na-slon, s. f. subordination, dependence.

SUBORDINÉMENT & SUBORDONNÉMENT,

ad 7. subordinately. Subordonner, så-bor-do-nå, v. a. to subordinate, set under another.

"Subornateur, s. m. suborner. Subornation, sù-bòr-nà-slot, s. f. suborn-

ing er subornation. Suborner, så-bör-nå, v. a. to suborn, depauch, corrupt, draw in, tamper with; (des timoins) to procure or prepare false wit-BOSCS

SUBORNEU-R, SE, sû-bôr-neur, neuz/s. m. & f. suborner, debaucher.

SUBRÉCARGUE, så-brå-kårg, s. m. supercargo.

SUBRÉCOT, sô-brå-kô, s. m. new reckon

ing, after reckoning.
SUBREPTICE, sub-rep-tls, adj. subreptitious, got by stealth.

SUBREPTICEMENT. så-brep-tis-men. adv

subreptitiously. SUBREPTION, su-brep-sion, s. f. subreption.

SUBROGE, E, adj. surrogate, surrogated. SUBROGER, sû-brû-za, v. a. to surrogate, substitute, depute.

Subsequemment, sab-sh-ka-men. adv subsequently or after.

SUBSEQUENT, E. süb-sä-kan, kant, adj. subsequent, next following, coming after.

Subsidence, s. f. sediment, subsidence. Subsidence, s. f. sediment, subsidence. Subsidiane, sab-si-dier, adj. subsidiary

auxiliary.

Subsidiairement, sob-si-der-men, adv. subsidiarily.

SUBSISTANCE, shh-sis-tens, s. f. sabsistence, sustenance, subsistence money

Subsister, sub-sis-is, v. n. to subsist, exist, stand or be, continue, have a being, live; be in force. Faire subsister, to maintain.

SUBSTANCE, sabe tens, s. f. substance, be ing, matter, subsistence, wealth, means of life. En substance, summarily, in substance. Substantiel, le, sabs-len-sièl, adj. sal-

stantial. SUBSTANTIELLEMENT, sobs-ten-siel-men.

adv. substantially. SUBSTANTIF, subs-ten-tif, adj. & s. m.

substantive. SUBSTANTIVEMENT, sübs-ten-tiv-men.

adv. substantively. Substituer, subs-ti-tua, v. a. to substi-

tute, surrogate; entail. SUBSTITUT, sõbs-tl-tů, s. m. substitute; deputy. Substitut du procureur général du roi, deputy attorney or solicitor-general.

SUBSTITUTION, sabs-ti-ta-sion, s. f. entail; substitution.

SUBTILEMENT, sub-tièr-füz, s. m. subter-füge, shift, evasion, escape, hols to creep out at. SUBTIL, E, süb-til, adj. subtile, tias, fine, small, quick, keen, sharp, couning, ready. SUBTILEMENT, süb-til-men, adv. suit.le-

ly, cunningly.
Subtilisation, sub-u-il-za-slow, s. f. sub-

tilization.

SUBTILISER, suh-ti-fi-zà, v. a. to subtilize. Subtiliser, v. n. to subtilize, use subtilties;

SUBTILITÉ, sub-th fi-th, s. f. subt sity, craft, subtle trick or cunning fetch.

SUBVENIR, Subv.nir, (a) v. n. (like venir) to relieve, help, assist or supply, be able to do or bear; (with the auxiliary avoir.)

SUBVENTION, sab-ven-sion, s. f. supply, aid, subsidy.

Subversion, såb-ver-slon, s. f. subversion, ruin, overthrow.
Suc, såk, s. m. moisture, juice, gravy, sub-

stance, quintessence.

Succépanée, adj. succedaneous. Succéper, sûk-så-då, (d) v. n. to succeed; come next or after; prosper; inherit.

Succits, suk-se, s. m. success, issue, event, prosperity, good luck.

Successeur, såk-så-sånr, s. m. successon Successi-F. ve, såk-sê-sif, siv, adj. suc cessive, succedaneous.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Succession, sak-se-sion, s. f. succession, [inheritance, lineage, process, course

Successivement, såk-sê-siv-mên, adv. necessively.

Succin, s. m. amber.

SUCCINCT, E, sik-sin, sint, adj. succinct, short, brief, coucise, but small.

Succinctament, sak-sint-men, adv. briefly, succinctly, in few words, lightly. Succion, suk-slon, s. f. sucking.

Succomber, so-kon-ba, v. n. to fall or sink, faint, yield, be overcome. SUCCUBE, s. m. devil that under the shape

of a woman lies with a man (popular super-

SUCCULENT, E, så-kå-len, lent, adj. juicy,

full of gravy, nourishing, strong.
SUCCURSALE, så-kår-sål, adj. f. Eglise
succursale, chapel of ease.

SUCEMENT, sûs-mên, s. m. sucking. SUCER, sû-sû, v. a. to suck; drain by little and little another's purse, suck the substance of

SUCEUR, så-seur, s. m. sucker or one who sucks a wound.

Sucoin, s. m. sucker, what serves to suck

Suçon, sñ-son, s. m. red spot made on the skin by sucking it, or an eager kiss.
Suçoten, sñ-sô-tâ, v. a. to suck over and

over.

SUCRE, sukr, s. m. sugar.

Sucrat, E, su-kra, adj. sugared, sweet, luscious; coy, precise, demure, shy, reserved. Sucrer, su-kra, v. a. to sugar, sweeten

with sugar. SUCRERIE, su-kre-ri, s. f. sugar-house or work. Sucreries, sweet things, things done with sugar, sweetments.

Sucrier, så-krl-å, s. m. sugar-box.

Sucrin, sa-krin, adj. m. Ex. Melon sucrin,

SUCRIN, SO-KINI, ACI. IN. EX. Meton sucrin, sugar or luscious melon.

SUCTION, S. f. suction, sucking.

SUD, 50d, S. nt. south. Sud, Mar. south. Du sud, southerly, southern. Sud-est, southeast. Sud-ouest, south-west. Vent du sud, southerly wind. Vent de sud-est, south easter. Vent de sud-ouest, south-wester. Le caster. Vent de sud-ouest, south-wester. Le caster. phis au sud, southern-most. De sud, au sud, southward. Bud-onest 3 degrés ouest, southwest 1-4 west. Entre le sud et le sud quart stud-est, south 1-2 east. Sudorifère or Sudorifique, adj. su-

dorific.

Suporifique, så-då-rå-fik, s. m. sudorific. Suède, s. f. Sweden.

Sufrois, R. adj. & s. Swede. c "Sufr. sh-h, s. f. sudden and great fear. Il a eu la suée, he has been frightened, he even sweated for fear.

Ster, så-å, v. n. to sweat, be in a sweat, labour, toil and moil, take pains.

Sugur, su-eur, s. f. sweat or sweating, labour, toil. Mettre en sueur, to make sweat, put in a sweat.

cient or enough, be sufficiently able, answer, SUFFIRE, su-fir, v. n. to suffice, be suffisuffices, it is sufficient or enough.

SUPPISAMMENT, su-fl-za-men, adv. sufficiently, enough, well enough, abundantly.

SUFFISANCE, sh-fl-zens, s. f. sufficiency, fill, that which is enough, competency; ability,

capacity; pride, vanity, conceit, presumption. A sufficienty.

BUFFISART, E, så-fl-zén, zént, adj. sufficient, enough, able; arrogant, proud, haugh-

ty, conceited.
SUFFISANT, s. m. proud man, conceited coxecmb.

SUFFOCANT, E, så-fô-kan, kunt, adj. suf-

SUFFOCANT, E, SUI-VERN, AUM., CAJ. RESTRICTION, CONTROL SIGNAL SI

choke, suffocate, smoth

SUFFRAGENT, st. fragen, adj. m. Ex. Ereque suffragant or Suffragant, s. m. suffragan b shop, suffragan.
SUFFRAGE, st. frag. s. m. vote, voice, suffrage: a nurophation commendation.

frage: approbation, commendation

Suffunigation, sa-fa-mi-ga-sion, s. f. suffumigation.

Surrusion, så-få-zion, s. f. suffusion.

Suggérer, sûg-zå-rå, v. a. to suggest or prompt, put upon.

Suggestion, sig-zes-tion, s.f. suggestion, persuasion or prompting, solicitation.

Suicide, sui-sid, s. m. suicide, self-murder, self-murderer.

Suie, shi. s. f. soot.

SUIF, soil, s. m. tallow, suet. Suif, Mar coat, stuff, (coat of tallow, soap, sulphur, etc. with which a vessel's bottom is payed.) Donner un suif or le suif à un bâtiment, to pay a

ship's bottom, grave a ship.
SUIRT, sain, s. m. Ex. Suint de laine, filth or oiliness of sheep's wool before it is

washed.

wasned.

SUINTER, sain-la, v. n. to run out, sweat, drop or give (said of liquors, humours, etc.)

SUISE, sais, s. f. Switzerland.

Suisse, s. m. Swiss, Switzer; porter (in a great man's house.)

Un cent suisse, a yeoman of the guard.

A la suisse, after the Swiss way or fashion.

SUISSERIE, s. f. porter's lodge. SUITE, sult, s. f. retinue, train, attendance, attendants; series, order, succession; sequel, consequence, what follows; (dans un discours) coherency, agreement, connection; sequel, continuation; set; mortgage. De suite, together, one after another. Tout de suite, together, one after another. Now we sture, immediately, allogether, at once. Dans la suite du temps, in time, in process of time, in succeeding times. V. Ensuite.

Sulvant, E, sûl-vên, vênt, adj. next, following. Une demoiselle suivante, a waiting

gentlewoman. Un gentilhomme suivant, a

gentleman waiter. SULVANT, sul-ven, s. m. the next.

Sulvant, prep. according or agreeable or pursuant to. Suivant que, as, according as. Suiver, v. a. to tallow. Suiver un vaisseau, Mar. to grave a ship, pay a ship's bot-

Sulvi, E, adj. followed, etc. V. Siavre also coherent; contrived, laid; flocked to or frequented.

SUIVRE, stivr, v. a. to follow, go or come after, guard, attend, accompany, wait upon, go along with, pursue, prosecute, give way to, gratify, indulge one's self in; (la loi) to conform to.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

SUJET, TE, adj. subject, obliged, bound, fiable, in subjection, apt, inclinable.
SUJET, TE, så-zê, zêt, s. m. & f. subject

or vassal.

Sujet, s. m. occasion, motive, cause, reason, matter; also person. Un bon sujet, a

person fit for an employment.

SUJÉTION, sô-zā-slon, s. f. subjection, slavery, dependence: troublesome assiduity.

SULPHUREU-I, SE, sôl-fò-rèu, rèuz, adj.

sulphureous, sulphurous, full of brimstone, like brimstone

SULTAN, sål-ten, s. m. sultan.

Sultane, s. f. sultaness.

SUPER, v. n. Mar. to stop or close itself (speaking of a leak.) Il fant que la roie d'eau ait supé, car le bâtiment est étanché, the leak must be accidentally stopped, for the ship makes no water.
"SUPERBE, så-perb, s. f. pride, arrogance,

haughtiness, vain-glory.
SUPERBE, adj. proud, stately, high-flown, arrogant, self-conceited, magnificent, rich, costly, noble.

SUPERBEMENT, sû-pêrb-mên, adv. proud-ly, haughtily, arrogantly, stately, sumptuous-ly, coatly, magnificently, nobly, richly. SUPERCHERIE, sû-pêrsh-ri, s. f. cheat,

trick, fraud.

SUPERFÉTATION, sû-pêr-få-tå-sion, s. f. superfetation.

SUPERFICIE, sd-per-fl-sl, s. f. superficies, surface, outside.

Superficiel, LE, så-per-fil-siel, adj. superficial, outward.

Superficiellement, sû-pêr-fî-sîêl-mên, adv. superficially, in a superficial manner.
Superfin, e, sû-pêr-fin, fîn, adj. & s. m.

superfine.

Superflu, e, sû-pêr-flû, flû, adj. superfluous, over-much, enough and to spare, un-

necessary, needless.
SUPERFLU, s. m. superfluity, overplus,

more than is needed.

SUPERFLUITE, sû-pêr-flû-Î-ia, s.f. superfluity, overplus, more than is needed, excess. SUPÉRIEUR, E, sû-pa-rieur, adj. superiour,

upper or uppermost.
SUPERIEUR, E, s. m. & f. superiour; one

of our betters.

Supérieurement, sû-på-rieur-mên, adv. better, nobly, in a masterly manner.
Supériorité, sû på-ri-b-ri-ta, s. f. superi-

ority, pre-eminence, excellence

SUPERLATI-F, VE, su-per-la-uf, tiv, ad & s. m.Ex. Le degré superlatif or le superlatif, s. m. the superlative degree. Au degré su-perlatif, superlatively, in the highest de-

SUPERLATIVEMENT, sû-pêr-lâ-tiv-mên, adv. superlatively.

SUPERPURGATION, s. f. superpurgation. SUPERSEDER, sû-pêr-sâ-dâ, v. n. Ex. Superséder aux poursuites, to supersede or de-

mur the proceedings. SUPERSTITIEUSEMENT, sû-pêrs-tî-sleuzmen, adv. superstitiously, scrupulously

sů-pěrs-ů-sièu, Superstitieu-x, SE, sicuz, adj. & s. superstitious, scrupulous, overnice; superstitious man or woman, bigot.

Superstition, su-pers-ti-sion, s. f. superstition, scrupulousness, over-nicety.

Supin, su-pin, s. m. (in grammar) supine.

SUPINATION, s. f. supination.

SUPPLANTATEUR, sû-plèn-tâ-têur, s. m.

supplanter (said of Jacob.)
Supplanter, said of Jacob.)
Supplanter, suppler-la, v. a. to sapplant;
undermine, trip up the heels of.
Suppliker, su-pla-la, v. a. to supply or
make up, fill up. Suppler à, v. n. to supply,

make up, recompense, make amends for.
SUPPLEMENT, sû-plâ-mên, s. m. comple-

ment, supplement.
SUPPLIANT, E, så-pli-èn, ènt, adj. suppli-

ant, humble.

SUPPLIANT, E, s. m. & f. petitioner, suppliant.

Supplication, su-pil-ka-slon, s. f. sup-

plication or prayer, petition or suit.

SUPPLICE, sh-plls, s. m. punishment; torment, pain. Le dernier supplice, death.

SUPPLICIER, sû-plî-slâ, v. a. to execute. SUPPLIER, sû-plî-â, v. a. to beg, humbly

to beg, entreat, pray, supplicate.
SUPPLIQUE, så-plik, s. f. petition.
SUPPORT, så-por, s. m. support, prop, help, assistance, protection, defence. Sup-ports, (in heraldry) supporters.

SUPPORTABLE, så-pôr-tabl, adj. supporta-

ble, tolerable.

Supportablement,

sů-pôr-tâbl-mên, adj. tolerably well, pretty well.
SUPPORTER, su-por-ta, v. a. to suffer, bear,

bear with, endure; bear up, prop up, countenance, back, favour.

Supposed, etc. supposed, counterfeit, supposititious, false. Supposé que, suppose that, suppose the case to be that.
SUPPOSER, su-po-za, v. a. to suppose or

grant, take forgranted, put the case; pretend, forge, counterfeit.

Supposition, sd-pô-zl-slon, s. f. supposi-

tion, supposal, supposing, forging or counterfeiting; forgery.

SUPPOSITOIRE, sû-pô-zî-twar, s. m. sup-

pository.
Support, sû-pô, s. m. pimp, agent; member or fellow (of the university of Paris.)
Suppression, sû-prê-slon, s. f. suppressing or suppression; (d'usine) stoppage, stran-

gury.
SUPPRIMER, sû-prî-mâ, v. a. to suppress or put down, smother, take off, conceal, or pass over in silence.

SUPPURATI-F, VE, sů-pů-rå-tif, tlv, adj suppurative.
Suppuration, sû-pû-râ-sîon, s. f. suppu-

ration, imposthumation

SUPPURER, så-på-rå, v. n. to suppurate, gather to a head, matter, run with matter.

Supputation, sd-pd-ta-slon, s. f. supputation, computation, reckoning. SUPPUTER, så-på-tå, v. a. to compute

reckon or cast up. SUPRALAPSAIRE, adj. & s. supralapsarian

SUPRÉMATIE, sû-prå-må-si, s. f. supremacy.

SUPRÈME, sû-prèm, adj. supreme, sove-

reign, highest.
SUR, sur, prep. on, upon, ever, by, near, in, about, towards, out of. Anoir or porter sur soi, to have or carry about one. Sur part de paradis, as I hope to be saved. sont en différent sur un seul point, they differ only in one point. Je me réglerai sur son exemple, I shall regulate myself by his exambuse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand on tip toe. Sur-le-champ, extempore, off hand, immediately. Sur et tant moins de, on account of. Surtout, over all, above above all things, above any thing, socially.

above all things, above any thing, socially.

Sorn, E, sor, sor, adj. sure, certain, unquestionable, infallible, steady, safe, secure, out of danger, trusty, faithful. A coup sûr, infallibly, certainly, without fail.

Sur, E, adj. sour, sourish.

SURABONDAMMENT, så-rå-bon-då-men, adv. superabundantly, more than enough.
SURABONDANCE, sû-râ-bon-dêns, s. f. su-

perabandance, excess, superfluiry.
SURABONDANT, E, sû-râ-bon-dên, dênt, adj. superabundant, excessive, superfluous.
SURABONDER, sû-râ-bon-dâ, v. n. to su-

perabound, predominate

SURACHETER, sû-râsh-tâ, v. a. to huy too dearly, pay too much for.

SURAIGU, E, adj. (in musick) very sharp. SURANNATION, su-ran-na-slon, s. f. grow-

ing out of date, superannuation. S. E. glow-ing out of date, superannuation.
SURANNÉ, E., sū-rā-nā, adj. superannuat-ed, grown out of date, stale, snitquated.
SURANNER, v. n. Ex. Lorser varanner une

date, to let the time elapse

SUR-ARBITRE, sur-ar-bitr, s. m umpire. SURARD, adj. of elder. Vinaigre surard,

vinegar of elder flowers SURBAISSÉ, E, sur-be-sa, adj. elliptick

(said of arches.) SURBANDE, sur-bend, s f. fillet rolled over another.

SURCENS, s. m. additional charge over

and above the quit rent. SURCHARGE, sur-sharz, s.f. new or increas-

ed charge or burden or load, surcharge.
SURCHARGER, sûr-shâr-zâ, v. a. to overcharge, oppress, over-burden. Mar. to overpress, over-load. Surcharger un bâtiment,
to over-load a vessel. Le bâtiment se trouva si surchargé de voiles qu'il manqua de cha-virer, the ship was so overpressed with sail,

that she had like to overset. SURCHAUFFURES, s. f. pl. flaws, defects

in steel.

SURCOMPOSÉ, E, adj. doubly compound (said of tenses, as après que j'ai eu fini ma lettre, je l'ai envoyée à la poste.)

Surcompose, s. m. result of the combina-tion of compounded bodies.

SURCONCEPTION, s. f. superfetation. SURCEOISSANCE, sur-krwa-sens, s. f. excrescence.

Surcroit, sår-krwå, s. m. increase, addi-

tion, surplusage, overplus.
SURCROITEE, sur-krwatr, v. n. eroftre) to grow out (as an excrescence.)

SURDENT, sur-den, s. f. gag-tooth. dents d'un cheral, wolves' teeth.

SURDITÉ, sur-di-ta, s. f. surdity, deafness. SURDORÉ, E, sur-do-ra, adj. double-gilt.

SURDORER, v. a. to double-gild. Sundos, s. m. perter's pad, leather strap

that holds up the traces (of a coach horse.) SUREAU, sd-r', s. m. elder-tree, elder. SURÉCOT, s m. new-reckoning, after-

reckoning. SUREMENT, sur-men, adv. surely, cer-

tainly, safely securely.

SURENCHERE, suren-sher, s. f. outbidding.

SURENCHÉRIR, sû-rèn-shâ-rîr, v. a. to outbid, give more than another.
SURÉROGATION, sû-râ-rô-gâ-slon, s. f. su-

pererogation.

SURÉROGATOIRE, sû-râ-rô-gâ-twar, adi.

supererogatory.
SURET, TE, sû-rê, rêt, adj. sourish.
SURETÉ, sûr-tâ, s. f. safety, security; (de

main) steadines SURFACE, sur-fas, s. f. surface, superficies.

SURFAIRE, sur-fer, v. a. (like faire) to ask too much for (merchandise.)

SURFAIX, sur-fe, s. m. surcingle, ong girth. SURGEON, sur-zon, s. m. sucker, shoot, sprig; issue, descendant; (d'eau) spout, gush.

SURGIR, sur-zir, v. n. to come to land, to land (used chiefly in the infinitire.)

SURHAMSEMENT, sû-ros-mên, s. m overrating.

Surhausser, sů-rò-så, v. a. to over-rate. raise the price too high; (un mur, une volte) to raise higher.

SURHUMAIN, E, adj. supernatural. SURINTENDANCE, su-rin-ten-dens, s. f. su-

∽rintendency.

SURINTENDANT, så-rin-ten-den, s. m. superintendent; chief overseer or surveyor.

Surintendante, s. f. the superintendent's wife.

SURJALÉ, E, adj. Mar. foul of the ancher stock.

SURJET, sår-2e, s. m. whip or seam, overcasting.

SURJETER, sårz-tå, s. m. to whip or seam, overcast.

SURLENDEMAIN, sur-lend-min, s. m. the day after the morrow, two days after, third

day. Surlier, (un cordage) Mar. to whip (a

SURLIURE, s. f. Mar. whipping (of a repe.)
SURLIURE, sdr-lone, s. f. sirloin (of beef.)
SURMENEER, sdrm-nå, v. a. to founder,
over-ride, jade (beasts.)

SURMESURE, s. f. over-measure. SURMEULE, s. f. runner, upper stone of a

mill. SURMONTER, sår-mon-tå, v. a. to go over,

overwhelm; to surmount, go beyond, excel, pass, out-do, surpass

SURMOUT, sur-moo, s. m. must, new wort or wine.

SURMULET, s. m. a sea-fish. SURNAGER, súr-nå-zå, v. n. to swim over,

on, upon or at the top; to float.
"SURNATTRE, v. n. (like natire) to grow upon or over.

SURNATUREL, LE, sůr-nå-tů-rê, adj. supernatural, beyond nature.

Surnaturellement, sår-nå-tå-rèl-mên, adv. supernaturally, preternaturally.

Surnom, surname.

SURNOMMER, sůr-nô-må, v. a. to surname, give the surname.

SURNUMÉRAIRE, sûr-nû-mâ-rer, adj. su-

pernumerary.
Suros, sû-rô, s. m. splent. Suros cheville

or double, screw or thorough splent.

Surpasser, sur-pa-sa, v. a. to go over, overtop; to go beyond. exceed or excel.

SURPAYER, sår-pë-yå, v. a. to overpay.

bar, bat, base : thère, cbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

SURPENTE, s. f. Mar. guy (extending from the head of the main must to that of the fore mast, to which a tackle is fixed for hoist-ing in or out weighty goods in merchant ships.) Surpentes des Sasses vergues. V. Sus-

SURPLIS, sår-pli, s. m. surplice.

SURPLOMB, s. m. slopeness (not plumb.) SURPLOMBER, v. n. to slope, not be plumb.

BURPLUS, sår-plå, s. m. over-plus, remainder, surplus, surplusage. Au surplus, furthermore, for the rest. Pour le surplus, moreover, besides.

SURPRIENANT. E, sûr-prê-nên, nênt, adj.
SURPRIENANT. E, sûr-prê-nên, nênt, adj.
SURPRIENANT. E, sûr-prê-nên, nênt, adj.
SURPRIENDRE, sûr-prê-nên, v. a. (like
prendre) to surprise, to take napping, come unawares upon, interrupt, amaze, astonish, overreach, abuse, deceive, circumvent, impose upon, be too cunning for, get surreptituously, (des lettres) to intercept. La mui me surprit, night overtook me. La pluie nous

surprit, we were caught in the rain.

Surprit, we were caught in the rain.

Surprendre, Mar. Nous surprimes au mouillage un lougre qui débarquoit de la contrebande, we came unawares on a lugger at anchor that was landing smuggled goods. Ce vaisseau fut surpris par le grain ayant toutes voiles dehors, that ship was caught in the

squall with every sail set.

Surpress, E, adj. (from Surprendre) sur-

prised, etc.

SURPRISE, surprise or surprising, amazement, oversight, errour, mis-take, cheat, fraud, trick, deceit, fallacy, abuse, conjourness

SURSAUT. sår-sò, s. m. surprise, sudden surprise. S'éveiller en sursaut, to start out of

one's sleep.

SURSEANCE, sur-sa-ens, s. f. demurrer, stop

put to the proceedings

SURSEMER, sårs-må, v. a. to sow over again.

Surszoir, sår-swår, v. a. to suspend, demur, put off, stop, reprieve. Surseoir au fugement d'un procès, to put off the judgment of a cause.

SURSEUIL, s. m. head piece of a door, lintel. SURSIS, E, adj. (from Surseoir) superseded, put off, stopped, etc.
SURSIS, sur-si, s. m. demurrer, delay, re-

prieve.

Sursolide, s. m. sursolid. Surstarie, s. f. Mar. demurrage. Surstav, sår-tö, s. m. over-assessment. Surtaver, sår-tåk-så, v. a. to over-rate, over-assess.

SURTOUT, sur-too, s. m. surtout, upper coat. V. Surtout at Sur.
SURVECU, part. V. Survivre.

SURVEILLANCE, s. f. superintendence, inspection.

SURVEILLANT, sur-ve-len, s. m. inspector, overseer, overlooker.

SURVEILLE, sår-vel, s. f. day before yesterday, two days before.
SURVEILLER, sår-ve-lå, à or sur, v. n. to

inspect oversee, everlook, have an eye upon,

"SURVENANCE, sorv-nens, s. f. coming in unexpectedly, sudden arrival

SURVENANT, E, sûrv-nên, nênt, adj. & s.

that comes in by chance, chance guest.
SURVENDRE, sûr-vêndr, v a. to sell too dear, exact, over-rate.

SURVENDU, E, adj. (from Surrendre) solu too dear, etc.

SURVENIR, sarv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to come in unlooked for or unexpectedly.

SURVENTE, surv-vent, s. f. overrate, ex cessive rate, selling extravagantly dear,

SURVENTER, v. n. Mar. to over-blow blow hard. Si his vents pussent au andouest, in surventera, should the wind fly round to the south-west it will blow hard.

SURVENU, E, adj. come upon suddenly, come in unlooked for.

SURVENU, s. m. Ex. A la santé des survenans et des survenus, here is a health to all the chance-guests come or to come in.

SURVIDER, sûr-vî-dâ, v. a. to lighten a vessel or sack which is too full.

SURVIE, sår-vi, s. f. survivance, out-living SURVIVANCE, sur-vi-vens, s. f. survivorship, reversion.

SURVIVANCIER, sår-vî-vên-sîk, s. m. be

that has got a reversion or survivorship.

SURVIVANT, E, sur-vi-ven, vent, s. m. &

f. survivor, longest liver.

SURVIVRE, sår-vlvr, à, v. n. (like viere) to survive, out-live. Il a survecu à son honneur, he has outlived his character. Se survivre à soi-même, to lose one's faculties.
Sus, sûs, interj. up, come, come on, come

away.

Sus, prep. (sur) Ex. Courir sus à quel-qu'un, to fall upon one. En sus, besides, over and above, more.

Susceptibilité, s. f. susceptibility. Susceptible, sû-sép-übl, adj. susceptible, capable.

SUSCITER, SO-SI-tà, v. a. to raise, raise

SUSCITER, SO-SI-tà, v. a. to raise, raise

up, create.
Suscription, sas-krip-slon, s. f. super-

scription, direction (of a letter.)
"Suspit, E, sus-di, dit, adj. aforesaid, before or above mentioned.

Suserain, V. Suzerain. Suspect, e, sus-pekt, adj. suspicious, suspected, mistrusted.

Suspecter, v. a. to suspect.

SUSPENDRE, suspendry v. a. to hang up, hang; to suspend; put off, stop, delay, stay, supersede; to keep in suspense or doubt.

Suspendu, E, adj. hanged up, etc. V. Suspendre.

Suspens, sus-pen, adj. m. Ex. Pretre suspens, priest suspended. En suspens, in suspense, in doubt, in a quandary, still depend-

ing, undecided.
Suspense, sås-pens, s. f. suspension. Etre en suspense, to be suspended.

Suspensi-F, vr, adj. suspending

Suspension, suspension, s. f. suspension, cessation.

Suspensoire, sås-pen-swår, a. m. mispender, truss.

Suspente, it des Suspente, s. f. Mar. sling. Suspentes des basses vergues, slings of the lower yards. Suspection, suspicion.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

SUSTENTATION, s. f. sustenance.

Sustenten, sos-ten-ta, v. a. to sustain,

maintain, feed or keep alive (with food.)
SUTURE, sti-tur, s. f. suture. Les sutures

du crâne, the sutures or scams in the skutl. Suzeaain, E, saz-rin, adj. paramount.

Beigneur suzerain, lord paramount SUZERAINETÉ, sůz-rên-tå, s. f. quality of

the lord paramount. SVELTE, svelt, adj. fine, slender, slim (in

painting.)

Sybille, V. Sibylle. Sycomore, si-ko-mor, s. m. sycamore-tree. SYCOPHANTE, si-ko-fent, s. m. sycophant.

SYLLABAIRE, s. m. primer.
SYLLABAIRE, s. f. syllable.
SYLLABIQUE, s. lablk, adj. syllabical.
SYLLABIQUE, s. lablk, adj. syllabical.
SYLLOGISME, sl-lablk, adj. syllabical. Syllogistique, al-lô-zis-tik, adj. syllogistical.

SYLPHE, SYLPHIDE, silf, sil-fid, s. m. sylph, aerial genius.

SYLVAIN, sil-vin, s. m. Sylvan (a god of

the woods.) SYMBOLE, sin-bol, s. m. symbol, badge,

sign or token; creed.

SYMBOLIQUE, sin-bo-lik, adj. symbolical. SYMBOLISER, sin-bo-li-zh, v. n. to symbol-

ine, concur. SYMÉTRIE, sî-ma-tri, s. f. symmetry, due

proportion of parts, uniformity.
SYMÉTRIQUE, sl-ma-trik, adj. symmetrical.

SYMETRIQUEMENT, si-ma-trik-men, adv. with symmetry.

SYMÉTRISER, sî-ma-trì-za, v. n. to be or stand in symmetry.
SYMPATHER, sin-pa-tl, s. f. sympathy.

SYMPATHIQUE, sin-pa-tik, adj. sympathetick or sympathetical.

Sympathiser, sin-på d-zå, v. n. to sym-

Symphonie, sin-fo-nl, s. f. symphony, harmony, concert.

STMPHONISTE, sin-fo-mist, s. m. symphonist, performer, composer.

SYMPHYSE, s. f. symphysis.

Symposiack or philosophical table-talk.

Symptomatique, sinp-to-ma-tik, symptomatick or symptomatical.

SYMPTOME, simp-tom, s. m. symptom. Synagogue, si-na-gog, s. f. synagogue.

STRALEPHE, s. m. synalepha.

SYNATHROSE, s. f. synarthrosis.
SYNCHONDROSE, s. f. synchondrosis.
SYNCHRONE, adj. synchronous, synchronical.

SYNCHRONISME, s. m. synchronism. Syncope, sin-kop, s. f. syncope, swoon.

SYNCRÉTISME, s. m. syncratism, reconciliation of different sects

Symperise, sin-da-rez, s. f. remorse, prick or sting of conscience.

SYNDIC, sin-dik, s. m. syndick.

SYNDICAL, E, sin-dl-kål, adj. syndical.
SYNDICAT, sin-dl-kå, s. m. syndicate or
syndickship, syndick's place.

Syndicate, v. a. to syndicate, criticise upon, find fault with.

SYNECDOCHE, si-něk-dôsh, s. f. synecdoche. STRÉRESE, s. f. synecphonesis.

Synévrose, s. f. sineurosis. Synopal, e, sl-nd-dål, adj. synodal. PP

Synodalement, sl-no-dal-men, adv. in

a synod or convocation.

Synode, si-nod, s. m. synod or convocation.

Synodique, si-no-dik, adj. synodick.

Synonyme, si-no-nim, adj. synonymous

SYNONYME, s. m. synonymous word. Sunonymes, synonyma

·Synonymie, al-no-nl-ml, s. f. synonymy.

SYNOPTIQUE, adj. synoptical.
SYNOQUE, adj. & s. f. synochus, synocha.
SYNOVIAL, adj. Ex. Glandes synoriales, synovial glands.

SYNOVIE, s. f. synovy, mucilage of the

SYNTAXE, sin-taks, s. f. syntax, construction of words and phrases.

SYNTHÈSE, sin-tez, s. f. synthesis. Synthétique, sin-th-tik, adj. synthetick. SYNTHÉTIQUEMENT, adv. by a synthetick method,

SYRINGUE, V. Seringue, and its derivatives accordingly.

SYRINGOTOMIE, s. m. syringotomy.

SYROP, V. Sirop. SYRTES, s. f. V. Sirtes.

Systematique, sis-tå-må-tik, adj. systematical.

Systématiquement, sis-tà-mà-tik-mên, adv. systematically.

Système, sis-tem, s. m. system, hypothesis; supposition, scheme, project, plan, state or posture (of affairs at court.)

SYSTOLE, s. f. systole.

T.

T, th, te, s. m. 20th letter of the French alphabet. Ta, ta, (fem. of Ton) thy.

TABAC, ta-ba, s. m. tobacco; (en pondre) snuff.

TABAGIE, th-ba-zl, s. f. smoking-room; set of smokers; small box for tobacco, pipes, and the smoking-utensils. TABARIN, tå-bå-rin, s. m. merry-andrew,

jack-pudding. Tabarinage, ta-ba-ri-naz, s. m. buffoon 🦠

ry, merry-andrew's tricks.

TABATIÈRE, ta-ba-tièr, s. f. snuff-box.

TABELLION, tà-bè-sion, s. m. notary or scrivener.

TABELLIONAGE, tå-bê-llô-nåz, s. m. nota

ry's place or office.

TABERNACLE, tâ-bêr-nakl, s.m. tabernacle.

TABIDE, in-bid, adj. tabid, consumptive.

TABISE, la-loi, adj. tabia, consumptive.
TABISER, tâ-bl. s. m. tabby.
TABISER, tâ-bl-zâ, v. a. to make tabby-like.
TABLATURE, tâ-blâ-tûr, s. f. musick-book.
Donner de la tabluture à, to puzzle, ronplus,
cut out work for, create trouble to.

Cut out: Work for, create trouble to.

TABLE, tabl., s. ft table, board, house; (de cuisine) dresser. Tables (pour jouer au trictrae) men. Toutes tables, backgammon.

[Diumant] en table, with a flat surface. Tables, Mar. Table de loch, log board, traverse

table. Tables de la route d'un bâtiment, tables

of the route of a ship.

TABLEAU, th-blo, s. m. picture, description, representation, list, catalogue. Tableau (de raisseau.) Mar. taffarel, flat part of the taffarel between the cove and the upper moulding whereon is placed some sculpture bearing an allusion to the ship's name,

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

TABILER, tå-blå, v. n. (at backgammon) to set or play one's men, to rely, depend; to

feast, make merry.

TABLETIER, tåbl-tlå, s. m. toy-man, maker of backgammon tables or chess-boards. Tabletière, s. f. toy-woman, one that keeps

a toy-shop.

toy-shop.
TABLETTE, tå-blet, s. f. shelf; lozenge, phylozenge: (in minting) bank. Tablettes, sical lozenge; (in printing) bank. Tablettes, memorandum book with ivory leaves. Tablette, Mar. rising staff, form or scale used by ship wrights when erecting the frames of the timbers

TABLETTERIE, tå-blet-rl, s. f. toys, toy-

man's business.

tå-blî-å, s. m. chess-board; TABLIER, apron. Tablier des voiles, Mar. tabling in the bunt of top sails.

T'A EOURET, th-boo-re, s. in. stool, low stool,

ericket; sort of plant.
TABOURIN, etc. V. Tambourin.

TAC, tak, s. m. rot among sheep.

TAC-TAC, s. m. tick tack (noise regularly

repealed.)
TACET, s. m. Ex. Fuire le tacet en musique, to make a pause in musick.

TACHE, tash, s. f. stain. spot, blot, speck; freckle; blur, blemish, defect. TACHE, s. f. task.

TACHEOGRAPHIE, V. Tochygraphie.

TACHER, tā-shā, v. a. to stain, spot, dirty, bur, blemish. Tucher, (de) v. n. to endeawur. strive, labour, attempt, strain; tacher à, aini at.

TACHETER, tåsh-tå, v. a. to speckle or spot. TACHYGRAPHIE, adj. tachygraphy, short-

baml TACHYGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging

to short-hand.
TACITE, th-sit, adj. tacit, not expressed,

implied, silent. L'actement, tå-sit-men, adv. tacitly, im-

plicitly, silently. TACITURNE, tå-si-torn, adj. silent, of few words, reserved.

TACITURNITÉ, 13-si-tur-ni-ta, s. f. tacitur-

TACT, take, s. m. feeling, touch, quick per-

ception; correct judgment in matters of taste.
Tactile, adj. tactile.
Taction, s. f. taction.
Tactique, tak-tik, s. f. tacticks, military discipline or manoeuvres. Tactique navale, naval tacticks.

TAFETAS or TAFFETAS, taf-ta, s.m. taffeta. Taffeta lastr. lutestring, lustring, alamode.
TAFIA, la-sia, s. m. rum.
TAGE, s. m. Tagus.

TAIAUT, (rri des chesseure) tally-ho.
TAIE, te, s. f. pearl or web (in the eye:)
(d'weiller) pillow-beer; (d'un lit de plume) tick.

TAILLABLE, ta-labl, adj. Hable to the landtax or poll-tax.

TAILLADE, ta-lad, s. f. slash, gash, cut. TAILLADER, ta-/a-da, v. a. to slash, gash, cut

TAILLANDERIE, th-len-drl, s.f. iron-ware. TAILLANDIER, ta-len-dia, s. m. iron-mon-

TAILLANT, the len, s. m. edge (of a knife, etc.)
TAILLANT, the len, s. m. edge (of a knife, etc.)
TAILLE, tal, s. f. (d'une épée) edge; cut,
eutting; seam; (de la vigne) cutting, dresslower end; (de rasoir) tongue; (aux cartes)

ing; (des arbres) pruning, lopping; cut, print ; tally, score ; size, stature, pitch ; shape, waist; (de monnoie) proportion, stated part; tallage; tax, subsidy; coppice-wood; (in surgery) cutting for the stone; (in musick) tenor. Pierre de taille, free stone. Taille de bois, wood cut. Taille-douce, cut or print from a copper plate (done with the graver alone.) Taille réelle, land-tax. Taille personnelle, poll-tax. Tailles de point or tailles de fond, Mar.

tacks.

TAILLÉ, E, adj. (from Taillir) cut, etc.
also shaped, cut out for or born to. Votre
frégate est bien taillé pour la marche, your frigate is built for sailing.
TAILLE-MER, s. m. Mar. cut water, gripe

or lowest part of the ship's cut water.

TAILLER, ta-la, v. a. to cut, cut cut; (la vigne) to cut, dress; (des arbres) to prune, lop; (la soupe) to cut slices of bread for; (des pierres) to cut, hew; (une plume) to make,

Tailler, v. n. (à certains jeux de cartes) to deal, play; (tailler de l'arant) Mar. to go fast through the water.

TAILLEUR, ta-/cur, s.m. tailor : (de pierres) cutter; (de monnoie) engraver; (à la bassette,

etc.) banker. TAILLIS, ta-fl, adj. & s. m. Ex. Bois tail-

lis, or taillis, s. m. coppice-wood or copse,

na, or tauties, s. m. coppiee-wood or copies, coppiee or under wood.

TAILLOIR, th-/war, s. m. trencher (in architecture.) V. Abaque.

TAILLON, th-lon, s. m. tax raised towards the maintenance of the gendarmes.

TAILLURE, s. f. (terme de brodeur) patch.

TAIN, tin, s. m. tin-plate (for mirrors.)

TAIRE, ter, v. a. to conceal, keep close or secret. Se taire, v. r. to hold one's tongue or peace or prattling, be silent, keep silence, forbear talking, be quiet or still, make no noise, be hush, yield, acquiesce, obey. Faire taire, to command or impose silence, silence, stop the mouth of, make hold his tongue, hush, still, make (a noise) cease.

TAISSON, te-son, s. m. badger. V. Tesson. TALAPOIN, s. m. eastern mendicant, hea-

then monk; sort of ape.

Tale, talk, s. m. talcum or talk (transparent stone.)

TALED, s. m. veil used by the Jews in

their synagogues.

TALENT, th-len, s. m. talent, or sum of money among the ancients; talent, gift, en-

dowment, parts, ability, capacity.

TALINGUER, V. Elulinguer.

TALION, tå-llon, s. m. retaliation, like for like.

TALISMAN, tå-Ils-men, s. m. talisman. TALISMANIQUE, tå-lls-må-nik, adj. talismanick.

TALISMANISTE, s. m. talismanist. TALLE, s. f. sprig that shoots at the foot

of a tree.

TALLER, v. 2. to shoot forth sprigs at the foot (said of a tree.)

TALMOUSE, tâl-môoz, s. f. cheese-cake.

TALMUD, s. m. talmud.

TALMUDIQUE, adj. talmudical.

TALMUDISTE, s. m. talmudist, *TALOCHE, ta-losh, s. f. rap, cuff, TALON, ta-lon, s. m. heel; spur; (de prque

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

cards that remain after dealing. Montrer les talons, to make off. Mar. (de la quille) heel (after part of the keel into which the foot of

the stern post is tenoned.)

TALONNER, tå-lô-nå, v. a. to kick, urge or press hard, be close at the heels of, pursue or follow close. Mar. to strike with the (vessel's) heel. Le bâtiment talonna de manière a nous faire craindre pour le gouvernail, the ship struck with her heel so as to put us in fear for the rudder.

TALONNIER, s. m. heel-maker.

TALONNIÈRE, tà-lô-nièr, s. f. Ex. Les ta-'onnières de Mercure, the winged shoes of Mercury. Tulonnières de moine, heel-pieces ued over the instep of a monk.

Talus, talu, s. m. slope, shelving.

TALUTER, tà-lû-ta, v. a. to make sloping or shelving.

TAMARIN, tå-må-rin, s. m. tamarind.

TAMARIS or TAMARISE, s. m. tamarisk, a

TAMBOUR, ten-boor, s. m. tambour, drum, drummer; (de basque) tambour; (d'une mon-tre) barrel; (de jeu de paume) tambour; (in scrhitecture) tambour or vase; (de menuiserie) portal. Tumbour de l'éperon, Mar. wash-boards under the cheeks, doubling of the cut water. Tambour de la roue, (or de la sole) du gouvernuil, barrel of the steering wheel.

TAMBOURIN, ten-boo-rin, s. m. timbrel, tabourine, tabouret, tabret, tambarine; also ta-

bourer.

TAMBOURINER, ten-boo-rl-na, v. n. to ta-bour, drum, heat the drum or timbrel.

TAMBOURINEUR, tên-bôo-ri-neur, s. m. drummer, tabourer.

TAMIS, ta-ini, s. m. serse or sieve.

TAMISAILLE or TAMISE, &. f. sweep of

the tiller.

TAMISER, tâ-mì-zâ, v. a. to bolt or sift. Mar. to let the wind through (as sails worn very thin.) Ces voiles neuves ne tamisent point, mais nos vieilles voiles tamiscient beaucoup, these new sails hold the wind well, but our old ones let it all through.

TAMPON, tên-pon, s. m. bung, stopple, stopper, plug. Tampon, Mar. plug. V. Ecubiers. Tampon de canons, tompions.

TAMPORNER, ten-po-na, v. n. to bung or TAN, ten, s. m. tan (bark.)

TANAISIE, s. f. (herb) tansy.

TANCER, ten-sa, v. a. to check, rebuke, reprimand, scokl at.
TARCHE, tensh, s. f. tench (fish.)

TANDIS QUE,ten-di-ke, conj. whilst, as long

as, so long as.

TANGAGE, s. m. Mar. pitching. Ce bâtimenta le tangage bien doux, that ship pitches very easy.

TANGENTE, ten-zent, s. f. tangent, tangent fine.

TANGUER, v. a. Mar. to pitch. Nous tangnons beaucoup pour le peu de mer qu'il y a, we pitch very much for the little sea there is.

TANGUEURS, s. m. pl. lumpers. TANIBER, ta-nier, s. f. hole, lurking-hole.

den (of bands.)
Tinne, s. f. little black spot on the face or hard pimple growing in the pores of the skin. TANNER, ta-na, v. a. to tan ; to tire, tease. TANKERIE, tan-ri, s. f. tan-house.

TANNEUR, tå-neur, s. m. tanner.

Tanneuse, s. f. tanner's wife or widow.

Tanguese, S. I. tanuer's wife or wife.

Tangueurs, s. m. pl. quay-porters.

Tangueurs, ten. pl. quay-porters.

Tangueurs, ten. que de) so much, as much (in sing.) so many, as many (in pl.) Soirante et ent de guinées, threescore and odd guineas.

Nous sommes tant à tant, (au jeu) we are Tous tant que nous sommes, every one of us. Tant, adv. so much, so very, so very to, to that degree. Tant-que, both much, so, to that degree. and. Tant petits que grands, both small and great. Tant de part que d'autre, on both sides. Tant plein que vide, full or empty Tant bon que maurais, good and bad. plus tant moins, the more the less. plus vous l'obligerez, moins il vous aimera, the more you oblige him, the less he will love you. Tant plus que moins, more or less or thereabouts. Tant et plus, very much, extremely. Tant mieux, so much the better. Tant pis tant Tant pis, so much the worse. Tant pus so much the worse. I am pus tan mieux, be it so or not, it is all one to me. Tant y a que, however it be. Si tant est, if so be. Tant que, as long as, so long as. Tant que, as far as, so far as. En tant que, as, considered as. Faire tant que, to labour or endocuerate faith. deavour so far that, contrive it so that, go so far as to, do so much as to. Tant s'en faut, falloit, etc. V. Falloir.

TANTE, tent, s. f. aunt.

TANTIN or TANTINET, s. m. little bit, drop,

spoonful, mouthful, etc.

TANTÔT, ten-to, adv. sometimes, now and then, one while, another time; anon, by and by, presently, forthwith; a little while ago: almost

TAON, ton, s. m. ox-fly; dun-fly, brize or gad-fly. Taon marin, s. m. sea-brize. TAPABOR, s. m. riding cap.

TAPAGE, tá-paz, s. m. racket, noise. TAPAGEUR, tá-pá-zeur, s. m. noisy fel-

TAPAGIMINI, s. m. noisy. TAPE, tap, s. f. tap, pat or slap. Tape de canon, Mar. tompion. Les tapes aux canons, put in your tompious.

put in your tompions.

TAPECU, tap-ka, or TAPEAU, s. m. sort of swipe or falling gate. Tapecu, Mar. driver.

TAPER, ta-pa, v. a. to rap, slap or strike; (ses chereux) to frizzle; (du pied) to stamp (with one's feet.) Mar. Taper les canons, to put the tompions in the muzzle of the guus.

TAPI, E, adj. squat. TAPINOIS, (ER) c'n-tà-pl-nwà, adv. secretly, cunningly, covertly.

TAPIR, (SE) sè-tà-plr, v. irr. to squat or

lie equat, crouch.

TAPIS, tâ-pl, s. m. a carpet; (rert) a green or a grass-plot. Mettre sur le tapis, to brung (one) upon the stage, speak of or for, propound, move. Anuser le terns, to trifle, say nothing to the purpose.

TAPISSER, thepi-sh, v. a. to hang or furnish with hangings, deck.

TAPISSERIE, thepis-ri, s. f. hangings, suit

of hangings; tapestry.
TAPISSIER, ta-pi-sia, s. m. tapestry-maker, upholsterer.

Tupissière, un-pl-sièr, s. f. upholsterer's wife; tapestry-maker.

TAPON, s. m. bundle (of linen, silk, etc.) TAPOTER, th-pô-th, v. s. to pat, tap. TAPURE, s. f. frizzling (of hair.)

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

TAQUER, v. a. (in printing) to plane (the | form) down.

TAQUET, s. m. Mar. cleat, kevel, wedge, &cc. Taquets de manacuores. cleats. Taquets Taquets simples, cleats (formed nearly in the shape of a wedge, and used to support or chuck up any weighty body.) Taquets à cœur or à oreilles or de tournage, kevels. Taquets à corne, common belaying cleats. Taquets à dent or common belaying cleats. Taquets à dent or à gueule, snatch cleats. Taquets de beaupré, saddle of the bowsprit. Taquets de cabestan, whelps of a capstan. Taquets de rergues, cleats of the yards, yard arms. Taquets de bout de vergue, cleats of the yard arms. Tu-quets du guindant or du rindas, whelps of the windlass. Taquets de fer, hanging clamps. Tuquets de mût, cleats on the lower masts serving to support the collars of the stays; (coins) wedges to confine a mast in the partners. Tuntets de la barre du gouvernail, gooseneck of the tiller. Tanuets de hune, knees of a top. Tanuets d'échelle, steps which are nail. ed on the gang-way (to ascend and descend a ship's sides.)

TAQUIN, E, ta-kin, kin, adj. niggardly, penurious. sordid, covetous, stingy; also refrac-

tory, stubborn, sullea.

TAQUIN, s. m. niggardly man, miser.

TAQUINEMENT, tå -din-men, adv. niggard-

ly, penuriously, sordidly, pitifully.

TAQUINERIE, th-kin-ri, s. f. penuriousness, sordidness, n'ggardliness; covetousness, stinginess.

TAQUOIR, s. m. (in printing) planer.
TAQUOR, s. m. (in printing) platen.
TARABUSTER, thera-bas-they. a. to pester,

plague, tease (by unseasonable talk.)
TARANDE, s. m. kind of wild beast TARARE, ta-rar, interj. fiddle-stick! also

fan (to wissow grain.)
TARAU, th-rò, s. m. screw tap. 7
TARAUDER, th-rò-dh, v. a. to bore through and make a hole so as to fit a screw.

Tard, tår, adv. late.

TARD, s. m. Ex. sur le tard, late in the

TARD, s. m. Ex. sur le tard, late in the evening. Il se fait tard, it grows late. Au plus tard, pour le plus tard, at farthest.

TARDER, thr-da, v. n. to tarry or stay, put off, delay, linger, dally, loiter. Tarder à quelqu'um de faire or qu'une chose se fasse, to think the time long before one does or before a thing is done. (Hence, il me tarde, I long. Il tui tarde, he longs or she longs, etc.)

TARDI-F, vE, thr-dff, dlv, adj. terdy, late, slow. lingering: backward that comes too

slow, lingering; backward, that comes too

*TARDIVEMENT, tår-div-men, adv. slowly, slackly.

TARDIVETÉ, s. f. tardity, slowness, slack-

TARE, tar, s. f. tare and tret, waste of goods; blemish, defect, default.

TAREAU, V. Taran.

TARE, F, adj. blemished, corrupted, de-

praved, vitiated.

TARERTISME, ta-ren-tism, s. m. sickness said to be caused by the bite of the tarantula. TARENTULE, ta-ren-tal, s. f. tarantula.

TARER, v. a. to cause waste of goods; to blemish; to weigh a vessel before filling it.

TARGE, tarz, s. f. target, shield. TARGETTE, tar-zet, s. f. little bolt or hasp (to fasten doors . windows, etc.)

TARGUER, (SE) se-tar-ga, v. r to pretend to, stand upon, he proud of.

TARI, r, adj. dried up, drained.

TARIÈRE, ta-rièr, s. f. auger or wimble.

Bout or cuiller de la tarrière, the auger-bit.

Tige or verge de la tarrière, trough of the auger.

Manche de la tarrière, trough of the auger.

Tarrière de dance livre any inch auger. auger. Tarière de douze lignes, an inch au-

ger.
TARIF, therif, s. m. custom book, book or rates, tariff.

TARIR, tå-rir, v. a. to drain or dry up, exhaust, stop, put a stop to. Tarir, v. n. to dry up or be dried up. Ne point tarir sur, to be inexhaustible upon.

TARISSABLE, th-ri-sabl, adj. that can be drained.

TARISSEMENT, tå-ris-men. s. m. draining

or drying up. TAROT, it-rd, s. m. bassoon. Tarots, cards checkered on the back.

TAROTÉ, E, tå-ro-tå, adj. (parlant de car-

tes) checkered on the back.

TAROUTE, s. f. hair grown between the

eye-brows, space between them.

TARSE, s. m. Tarsus; also part of the foot; leg (of quadrupeds and birds:) artery of the eye-lid.

TARTANE, tar-tan, s. f. Mar. Tartan or

Tartane (a small vessel in the Mediterra-

TARTARE, tår-tår, adj. Tartar, Tartarian, of Tartary.

TARTARE, s. m. Tartar or Tartarus : Tartar, Tartarian speech or language.
TARTAREU-X, SR, târ-tâ-reu, rèuz, adj
tartareous, consisting of tartar.
TARTARIE, S. f. Tartary.

TARTARISER, v. a. to tartarize.

TARTE, tart, s. f. tart

TARTELETTE, târt-lêt, s. f. little tart. TARTRE, tartr, s. m. tartar, argal, hard

TARTUFE. tår-tåf, s. m. hypocrite. TARTUFERIE, s. f. hypocrisy. TARTUFIER, v. n. to cant, be an hypo-

TAS, ta, s. m. heap; (of persons) gang, set,

pack; (de gerbes) shock.

TASSE, tas, s. f. cup, bowl, drinking cup. TASSEAU, ta-so, s. m. little anvil; brack-

et.
TASSÉE, s. f. bowl-full, a cup-full.

TASSER, ta-sa, v. a. to heap up. Tasser, v. n. to grow, multiply, grow thick.

TASSETTE, s. f. tass. Ex. Tassettes de cuirasse, tasses of a cuirass.

TATA, s. m. leading-strings (for children)

TATEPOULE, tht-pool, s. m. cotquean.

TATEPOULE, tht-pool, s. m. cotquean.

TATER, th-th-y v. a. to feel, fumble; try, pump.

Tâter le pane, to demur, boggle, go about the bush.

Tâter de, to taste. Se tâter, arout the bush. Taler ac, to taste. Se tâter, v. r. to sound or examine one's self; also tamper with one's self. Tâter, Mar. to feel, seek, etc. A force de tâter la marche du bâ-timent, nous fimirons par la trouver, by dint of seeking for the ship's trim we shall find it at

TATE-VIN, s. m. wine conner or taster. TATEUR, ta-teur, s. m. (de vin) conner or taster; feeler, fumbler; boggler, irresolute buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TATILLON, s. m. meddler, meddling man or woman. TATILLONAGE, th-ti-to-naz, s. m. med-

dling. TATILLONER, ta-ti meddler, be meddling. tá-ti-10-nå, v. n. to be a

*TATIMER, v. a. to grope, feel over and

TATONNEMENT, th-ton-men, s. m. feeling

in the dark, Ac. TATONNER, ta-tô-na, v. a. to feel, fumble,

grope: v. n. to grope along, grope, feel one's way; also to boggle, demur, be irresolute.

TATORNEU-R, SE, tà-tò-neur, neuz, s. m.

TATONS, (A.) & da-toss, adv. groping or groping along in the dark, uncertainly.

TAUDION, s. m. V. Taudis.

TAUDIS, to-dl, s. m. paltry house or lodg-

TAUPIS, to-d., s. m. patry nouse or long-ing, place in confusion.

TAUPIE, top, s. f. mole.

TAUPIERE, to-pla, s. m. mole-catcher.

TAUPIERE, to-pler, s. f. mole-trap.

"TAUPIER, tapla, s. s. black, that has black hair; black, swarthy creature. French

militia under Charles VII. TAUPINAMBOUR, s. m. potatoe. V. Topi-

namhour. TAUPINÉE or TAUPINIÈRE, tô-pl-nièr, s.

f. mole-hill.

TAURE, tôr, s. f. heifer.
TAUREAU, tô-rô, s. m. bull; Taurus (a celestial sign.) Taureau, Mar. two handed saw. TAUROBOLE, s. m. sacrifice of a bull.

TAUTOGRAMME, adj. & s. m. poem in which all the words begin with the same letter.

TAUTOLOGIE, tò-tò-tò-zì, s.f. tautology, needless repetition.

TAUTOLOGIQUE, adj. tautological.

TAUX, to, s. m. rate, price, assize, asset ment.

TAVATOLLE, tå-vå-yôl, s. f. child's mantle. TAVELER, tav-la, v. a. to spot, speckle. Se taveler, v. r. to grow or become brindled.

TAVELLE, s. f. small edging-lace, crownlace.

TAVELURE, tav-lur, s. f. spots, speckles. TAVERNE, tå-vern. s. f. paltry tavern. TAVERNIER, tå-ver-niå, s. m. vintner, ta-

vern-keeper.

Tavernière, s. f. vintner's wife, tavern-

keeper's wife.

TAXATEUR, s. m. principally said of the clerk who settles the prices of letters at the post office.

TAXATION, s. f. the act of taxing.

TAXATIONS, tak-sa-slon, s. f. pl. exchequer ices, poundage.

TAXE, taks, s. f. rate or price, assize; tax, assessment; tax or fine.

TAXER, tak-så, v. a. to rate or set a rate upon, settle the price of, tax, lay a tax upon, assess, fine; charge, accuse, blame

TE, te, pron. thee, thyself, to thee, to thy-

self, ec. TECHNIQUE, têk-nîk, adj. technical, be-

longing to the arts.
TE DEUM, s. m. Te Deum. Chanter le
Te Deum, to sing Te Deum.

"Tidieu-x, se, adj. tedious. Tidument, tå-gå-men, s. m. tegument. Teignasse, tê-gmas, s. f. rusty wig, nasty head of hair.

TEIGNE, tegn, s. f. scurf or scall on the head; moth, worm; thick weed or strangled

TRIGNERIE, s. f. hospital for those that are troubled with the scurf.

TEIGNEU-X, SE, tê-guèu, gnèuz, adj. scurtroubled with the scurf, scald-headed.

fy, troubled with the scurr, scan-neuron. TRIGNON, s. m. nasty greasy head of hair, frowzy bead.

TRIGNONÉE, adj. f. (il se dit d'une femme

mal coiffee frowzy.

TEILLE, têl. s. f. rind of hemp or flax.

TEILLER, tê-fâ, v. a. to peel hemp or

TEINDRE, tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to dye or colour, stain.

TEINT, E, adj. dyed, etc.

TEINT, tint, s. m. dye or hue, complexion, colour (of one's face.)

TEINTE, tint, s. f. teint. Demi-teinte, mezzotiplo.

TRINTURE, tin-tur, s. f. dying or tincture; die, hue, colour; tincture, smattering, superficial knowledge, impression, habit. TEINTURERIE, s. f. dye-house.

TEINTURIER, in-to-file, s. m. dyer.
Teinturière, s. f. dyer's wife or widow.
Teir, Le, têl, adj. such, like. Tel maître,
tel valet, like master, like man. Tel quel, so

so; indifferent, mean.

Tiligraphe, s. m. telegraph.

Tilescope, the less kop, s. m. telescope. TELLEMENT, têl-mên, adv. so, in such a manner. Tellement quellement, so so, indif-

TENERALRE, th-ma-rer, adj. & s. rash, bold, fool-hardy, inconsiderate, unadvised, indiscreet; rash man or woman.

TEMERAIREMENT, th-ma-rer-men, adv. rashly, unadvisedly, inconsiderately, head-

long, at random.

Timiriti. tā-mā-rī-tā, s. f. rashness, temerity, fool-hardiness.

TÉMOIGNAGE, ta-mwa-gnaz, s. m. testimo-ny, report, witness, evidence, deposition;

proof, token, mark, sign; certificate, testimo-nial; (d'une personne) character. Porter te-moigrage, to bear witness, be a witness. TÉMOTONER, tâ-mwagna, v. a. to testify,

show, demonstrate, express, make known, make appear, take notice of, depose, give in one's evidence. Temoigner du mepris, de la

Timogn, alement, etc.

Timogn, id-mwin, s. m. witness, evidence, deponent, proof, testimony. En témoin de quoi, in testimony or witness whereof. En el la militare de la mi timoin de, to witness, testify. Dieu m'en est témoin, God knows I speak the truth.

TEMPE, tèmp, s. f. temple (of the head.)

TEMPÉRAMENT, tên-pa-rà-mên, s. m.

TEMPÉRAMENT, temper, constitution; temperament, medium, mean, modification.

TEMPÉRANCE, ten-pa-rens, s. f. temperance, moderation, soberness

TEMPÉRANT, TE, tên-pā-rên, rênt, adj. temperate, moderate, sober. TEMPÉRATURE, tên-pā-rā-tūr, s. f. tem-

perateness, temperature.
TEMPERE, z, temperature.
Tempere, z, temperature.
Tempere, z, temperate, neither too hot nor too cold, in a good temper, sober, moderate.

TEMPÉRER, ten-på-rå, v. a. to temper, al-

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: flek, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

lay, qualify, moderate, abate, rule, govern, restrain. TEMPESTUEU-X, SE, tên-pê-tû-êu, êuz,

adj. tempestuous, stormy.
TEMPETE, ten-pet, s. f. tempest, storm; thundering noise, great bustle; commotion, sedition, trouble.

TEMPÉTER, tên-pê-tê, v. n. to storm, bluster, make a heavy noise, rage.
TEMPÉTUEU-X, sz., adj. tempestuous,

stormy.

TEMPLE, templ, s. m. temple, church. TEMPLET, ten-ple, s. m. (de relieur) press

stick. TEMPLIER, ten-pll-&, s. m. templar, knight-

TEMPORAL, B, adj. (terme d'anatomie) plac-ed at the temples.

TEMPORALITÉ, tèn-pô-rà-si-tà, s. f. tem-poralities, temporals.

TEMPOREL, LE, ten-pô-rel, adj. temporal, temporaneous, temporary, transient, secular.
TEMPOREL, s. m. temporals; also royal

or civil power.
TEMPORELLEMENT, ten-po-rel-men, adv.

for a time, temporally.

TEMPORISATION, s. f. the act of temporiz-

ing, lingering.
TEMPORISEMENT, ten-po-riz-men, s. m. lingering, prolonging of time, dilatoriness, delay, delaying.

TEMPORISER, ten-po-ri-za, v. n. to tempo-

rize, linger, delay, spin out time.
TEMPORISEUR, ten-po-ri-zeur, s. m. temporizer, lingerer, dallier, procrastinator.
TEMS or TEMPS, ten. s. m. time; delay; leisure; season, opportunity, occasion; age, days; while; (in grammar) tense; weather. Les quaire temps, ember weeks; also all sorts of weather. A temps, in time, opportunely, seasonably, at the time appointed. Au même temps, at or about the same time, soon after. Tout d'un temps, at the same time, at one bout. En même temps, at the same time, at one bout, at one dash, together, withal. De tout temps, at all times, ever. De temps en temps, de temps à autre, now and then, sometimes, from time to time. En temps et lieu, in a proper time and place. Depuis le temps que, since.

Temps, s. m. Mar. weather. Temps à perroquets, top-gallant gale. If fait un temps à nous faire tout serrer, it blows hard enough to make us take in every stitch of canvass.

Le tempe est pris de partout, the whole sky is
eaerged with clouds.

TENABLE, tê-nabl, adj. (from tenir) tena-

ble, capable of defence.

TEWACE, tenas, adj. viscous, clammy, sticky, tough; tenacious; niggardly, covet-

ous, stubborn, obstinate.

Tinaciti, ta-na-si-ta, s. f. clamminess, viscosity, tenacity, niggardliness, covetous-ness, tenaciousness, stiffness in opinion, obsti-

nacy.
TENAILLE, te-nal, s. f. or ouvrage à tesaille, tenail (in fortification.)
Tenailles, s. f. pl. pincers or nippers.
TENAILLER, te-na-fa, v. a. to pinch or tear off the flesh with red hot pincers; to torture

TENANCIER, E, tê-nên-sîâ, siêr, s. m. & f. temant, copy-holder

TENANT, E, tê-nen,nent, adj. holding, etc.

also hold-fast, covetous, penurious, close-fisted. TENANT, te-nen, s. m. supporter (in heraldry;) opponent or defendant or champion (in a controversy.) Tout un en tenant, tout (in a controversy.) I we see the controversy.)

d'un tenunt, contiguous, all in one piece. Les
tenans et aboutissans, (d'une terre) the abutments or bounds or limits (d'une affaire) the circumstances or particulars. Les tenans d'un tournoi, the first challengers in a tournament, Tenant. V. Tenement.

TÉNARE, s. m. bell (in poetry.)

TENDANCE, ten-dens, s. f. tendency. TENDANT, E, ten-den, dent, adj. tending,

TENDINELET, tèn-diễ, s. m. Mar. tilt or awning (of a boat.)

TENDINELET, sen, tèn-di-nèu, nèuz, adj. tending, deriving (of a boat.)

tendinous, sinewy.
TENDON, tendon, s. m. tendon.

TENDON, ten-ton's, in tenton:
TENDOR, tendry, v. a. to bend; (un filet) to
spread; (un piége) to lay; (une souricière) to
set; (un fil) to set up; (un pavillon) to set
up, pitch; (une tapisserie) to hang up; (une
chambre) to hang; to reach, hold forth,
stretch out; to raise or hold or lift up. Tendre les chaines d'une ville, to chain the streets. Tendre le main, to stretch out one's hand, to beg. Tendre, v. n. to go, tend, have a tendency, to drive or aim at; (aux bécasses, etc.) to spread nets for or for catching.

TENDRE, adj. tender, soft; sensible; soft,

moving; (in painting) soft, delicate. Pain

tendre, soft or new broad.

TENDRE, s. m. tenderness or mighty fancy TENDREMENT, tendr-men, adv. tenderly,

heartily, affectionately, delicately.
TENDRESSE, tenderess, s. f. tenderness, sen-

sibility, love, kindness, passion, affection.
TENDRETÉ, s. m. (parlant de viandes, de fruits, de légumes) tenderness.
TENDRETTE, ten-drêt, s. f. new radish.

TENDRON, ten-dron, s. m. tendril, !atle gristle; tendril, young shoot; young iass or

TENDU, E, adj. (from Tendre) bent, etc. TÉNEBRES, tā-nebr, s. f. pl. darkness, dark, hell; errour, blindness, ignorance; also tene-

bree or tenebres. TÉNÉBREU-x, se, ta-na-brèu, brèuz, adj.

tenebrous, dark, gloomy, obscure.
TENEMENT, the men, s. m. tenement.
TENESME, tenesmus.

TENETTE, s. f. pincer (to extract stones from the bladder.)

TENEUR, te-neur, s. m. Ex. Un teneur de livres, a book-keeper.

Teneur, s. f. tenour, contents, purport, substance.

TENR, tênîr, v. a. to hold, have hold of, have, be possessed of; to keep, defend; (au jeu) to hold, answer; (occuper) to take up, keep; (le lii, la chambre) to keep; to sing; to play, act; (boulique, école, hôtellerie, banque) to keep; to entertain to contain to keep in to keep; to entertain; to contain; to keep in to keep; to entertain; to contain; to keep in restrain, rule; to detain, take up; to count, account, believe, look upon as, take as; (an chemin, une route) to keep, follow, go; to keep, perform; to keep up, retain. Tenir une chose de quelqu'un, to hold a thing of one, owe a thing to one; also have a thing from one (because told by him.) Tenir les livres, base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to keep the books, be a book-keeper. Se le 11 tenir pour dit, to expect a thing, assure one's self, be sure. Tenir un discours, to hold or entertain a discourse, speak, talk. Se tenir à, v. r. to take, lay hold of, hold fast by, keep to, stand to, stick to, stand upon: (à cheral) to sit on. Se tenir, to keep, be, stand, lie, live, dwell, lodge; to hold or think or account one's self; (parlant d'assemblées) to be kept or held, sit; to lie close together, be contigu-ous, hang one upon another, stick together, hand in hand. Se tenir de, to bold or forbear, keep one's self from. Tenir, v. n. to hold fast, be fastened, stick; to be close together, be contiguous; to keep, remain; to bold, be of opinion, think, believe; (être) to hold, be contained; (parlant d'assemblées, de foires, etc.) to sit, be kept or held; to stick, belong to prevent, be the fault of, be the difference, be the matter. A quoi tient-il que fe ne rous batte? what prevents me from beating you? I have a good mind to beat you. It tint a peu de chose qu'ils ne se battissent, they were very near coming to blows. Faire tener, to send, convey, cause to be delivered. Tenir de quelqu'un, to hold of one, depend upon one; also take after one or be like one, be of the nature of. Tenir, tenir bon, tenir ferme, to hold, hold out, stand, stand out, bear,

ferme, to hold, bold out, stanu, stanu and, some, resist. En tenir, to be caught. Tenez, here, take it; hark ye; lo, look, see, behold.
Tenir, v. a. Mar. Tenir le vent or le lof, to work to windward, keep the luff, keep the wind. Keep the shind. Tenir wind, keep the ship close to the wind. Tenir le plus pres, to keep close to the wind. Tenir le trarers au vent, to keep the broadside to the wind. Tenir la mer, to keep the sea. Tenir le large, to keep an offing. Tenir la bordée du large, to stand off shore. Tenir la bordée de terre, to stand in for the land. Tenir en route, to stand on upon the course. Tenir une route, to steer a particular course. Tenir une croisière, to keep on a particular cruising station. Tenir sur une côte, to remain upon a coast. Tenir une escadre main upon a coast. Tenir une escuare bloquée, to keep a fleet blocked up. Tenir tête à un bâtiment, to cope with a ship. Tenir sur ses amarres, to ride without dragging the anchors. Tenir son poie, to keep one's station. Tenir ses bonnettes de hume sur les basses vergues, to keep the top-mast studding-sails upon the lower yards. Tenir ses huniers sur fils de caret, to keep the top-sails stopped with rope-yarns. Tenir une suits stopped with rope-yards. I reductive embarration sur les palans, to hang a boat in the tackles. Tenir un bâtiment à la remorrue, to keep a vessel in tow. Tenir un fournal or une table de loch, to keep a journal or a log-book. Tenir à retour une manceurre, to bold on a rope with a turn. Tenir ver, to hold on a rope with a turn. Trair bon une manceuver, to hold on upon a rope, cease hauling on a rope. Trair bon une voile, to keep a sail in a particular situation. Tenir compagnie à un bâtiment, to keep company with a vessel. Tenir conseil, to hold a council of war. Tiens bon là, avast. Tiens ferme le tournevire, hold on the messenger. Tiens bon tù les bras de derrière, keep fast the after braces. Tiens bon là les roiles d'arant, the head sails will do, keep fast the braces. Tiens

la vergue du petit hunier, hold yourself fast upon the fore top-sail yard. Tiens ce bâti-ment par le bossoir de dessous le vent, keep that vessel on the lee bow. Ce vent ne tiendra pas, this wind will not hold. Si ce vaisseau tient le vent, il fant que nous arrivions, if that ship keeps her luff, we must bear up. Nous tenons ce vaisseau en lui donnant la grande voile, we hold way with that ship, and spare her the main-sail. Nous tiendrons ce brig sous notre écoade en attendant que le temps nous permette de le visiter, we will keep this brig under our lee till the weather will permit us to voard her. Le fond étant cure, nos ancres ne tinrent pos, the ground being hard, our anchors did not hold. Le vent par travers, peu de bâtimens peuvent nous tenir, with the wind a-beam, few ships can keep why with us. En tenent toujours as même point de relevement un bâtiment que Fon chasse sous le vent, on le joint par le chemin le plus court, by constantly keeping in the same point of bearing a vessel you are in chase of to leeward, you take the quickest method of coming up with her. Pour parer le bas fond il faut tenir les deux amers l'un par l'autre, to go clear of the shoal, you must keep the two marks in one. Ce batiment a tenu bon dans le grain sans rien amener, that vessel has not started any thing in the squall. Notre greement n'est pas tenu, our rigging wants setting up. Les balancines de grande vergue ne sont pas tenues the main lifts are all slack. Les haubans du bâton de foc sont-ils bien tenus? are the gib-guys well up? Les bras du petit perroquet sontwen up 1 Les ords au peut perroque sont-ils tenus? are the fore top-gallant braces steadied? Voild une frégate qui est bien tenue, there is a frigate which is in high or-der. Se tenir à l'ancre, to continue at anchor. Se tenir à long pic, to ride short. Se tenir à pic, to ride a-peak. Se tenir sous voile, to keep under sail. Se tenir sous les quatre corps de voiles, to stand on under the courses and fore and main top-sails. Se tenir à sec, to keep under bare poles. Se lenir sous les humiers, to keep under the top-sails. Se tenir sous la terre, to keep under the land. Se tenir sous le vent or au vent, to keep to loeward or to windward. Se tenir à vue de terre, etc. to keep in sight of land, etc. Se tenir en terre d'un danger, to keep within a shoal. Se tenir en terre d'une escadre, to keep in shore of a squadron. Se tenir à portée (or à demi-portée) de canon, to keep within gun (or within half-gun) shot. Se tenir hors de portée des canons, to keep out of gun-shot. Se tenir à portée de la voix, to keep within bail. Se tenir à l'ouverture d'un détroit, etc. to keep a strait, etc., open. Se tenir en panna neer a state, etc., open. So tenir en panua or en travers, to continue lying to, fore or main top-sail to the mast. Se tenir en croissère, to continue cruising. Se tenir au large, to keep in the offing. Se tenir au large d'un banc, etc., to keep without a bank, etc. Se tenir dans les eaux d'un bâtiment, to keep in a ship's wake. Se tenir bord sur bord, to make short tacks, stand off and on. Se tenir en latitude d'ume ile, d'um cap, etc. to keep in the latitude of an island, of a cape, bon an cubestan, avest heaving. Tiens bon etc. Se tenir sur les sondes, to keep in sound-le perroquet de fougue en ralingue, keep the mixen top-sail shivering. Tiens-toi ferme sur single anchor. Se tenir sur une seule amarre, to lie at mixen top-sail shivering.

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bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fie.d, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

to ride by a kedge or stream anchor. Se tenir tout à terre, to keep quite close in shore. Be tenir vergue à vergue d'un bâtiment, to continue along side of a ship yard arm and yard arm. Se tenir hors de la ligne, to keep out of the line of battle. Notre division se tient prête à appareiller, our division keeps in readiness to get under way. L'escadre se tint en ligne beaupré sur poupe pour ne pas être coupée, to prevent the line from being broken, the fleet kept their jib-booms close to each other's taffarels.

to each other's sunarers.

TENON, thenon, s. m. tenon; (d'arquebuse)
loop; (de montre, d'horloge) steel piece;
(scion, tendron) sprig. Tenon, Mar. tenon,
etc. Tenon de l'étambord, tenon of the stern
post, beel. Tenons de l'ancre, nuts of the

anchor.

TENOR, tenor (in musick.)
TENSION, tension, s. f. tension or bend-

ing, contention; great application.
TENTART, E, tenten, tent, adj. tempting.
TENTAT-EUR, RICE, tenta-teur, tris, adj. & s. tempter, enticer. L'esprit tentateur or

le tentateur, s. m. the tempter, the devil.

TENTATION, ten-ta-sion, s. f. temptation. TENTATIVE, ten-th-tly, s. f. attempt, trial,

effort.

TENTE, tent, s. f. tent. Tente, Mar. awning. Grande tente, main deck awning. Tente de dunette, poop awning. Tente de gaillard, quarter deck awning. Tente de nage, boat's awning that reaches from stem to

TENTER, ten-th, v. a. to tempt, invite, try, attempt. Tenter, Mar. to attempt, etc. also to spread an awning. Tenter un passage, to attempt a passage. Les deux corsaires tenterent à plusieurs reprises de nous aborder, the two privateers made several attempts to board us.

TENTURE, ten-tur, s. f. suit of hangings. TENU, E, te-nu, nu, adj. (from Tenir) held, kept, etc. bound, obliged; tenuous, thin,

TENUE, te-nu, s. f. sitting or session; (in be pronounced without aspiration; firm sitting on horse back; (de plume) holding; hold; firmness, constancy, resolution; principles; where one plies or keeps, place of resort; (in musick) continuing upon the same tone; (fef) tenure. Tous d'une tenue, contiguous, all in one place.

Tenue, Mar. hold that an anchor has of

the ground in which it is sunk, quality of the ground as to holding. Fond de bonne tenue, good anchorage in the bay. Il y a bonne tenue dans cette rade, there is good anchorage in

this road-stead.

TENUITÉ, S. f. tenuity, thinness.
TENUITÉ, S. f. tenuity, thinness.
TENUITÉ, S. f. tenuite (manner of bolding a tenement, lands or houses of the head landlord.)
Тковве, V. Tuorbe.
Телскт, ter-se, s. m. tiercet, triplet.

TEREBENTHINE, ta-ra-ben-tin, s. f. tur-

Такавитне, tå-rå-bint, s. m. the turpen-

TERGETTE, V. Targette. TERGIVERSATEUR, s. m. shuffler, flincher,

dodger.

TERGIVERSATION, têr-zî-vêr-sâ-sîon, s. f.

tergiversation, shuffling, flinching, fetch.
TERGIVERSER, terzi-ver-sa, v. n. to shuf-

fle, flinch, dodge, use fetches or shifts. TERIAQUE, V. Thériaque.

TERME, têrm, s. m. term, bound, end, goal, limit; (de payement) time, term, day; (loyer) rent; (d'accouchement) time; (in archiecture) supporter; word, expression.

dieu Terme, god Terminus. Termes, terms, case, state, pass, condition, foot or footing.

Mesurer ses termes, to weigh one's words.

TERMINALSON, têr-mi-nê-zon, s. f. termi-

TERMINER, têr-mî-na, v. a. to terminate or bound, limit, set bounds to, end or finish, determine or decide.

TERMINER, (SE) v. r. to end or come to

an end, terminate.

TERMINTHE, s. m. terminthus, a tumour. TERMINTHE, ter-ner, adj. Ex. Le nombre ternaire or le ternaire, s. m. ternion, number three.

TERME, tern, adj. dull, tarnished.

TERNER, tern, adj. dun, ternisned.
TERNER, tern, s. m. pl. two treys (at dice.)
TERNER, ternir, v. a. to dull, ternish, obscure, blast, cast a blemish upon, bring to decay. Se ternir, v. r. to ternish, grow dull, decay, be blasted or obscured.

TERNISSURE, ter-ni-sur, s. f. tarnishing. TERRAIN, V. Terrein.

TERRAL, s. m. land-breeze.
TERRAL, s. m. land-breeze.
TERRASSE, tê-râs, s. f. terraqueous.
TERRASSE, tê-râs, s. f. terrace or terracewalk, flat roof; (d'un paysage) front.
TERRASSER, tê-râ-sâ, v. a. to throw or fling

down, throw on the ground; to cast or pull down, discourage, damp the spirits of, nonplus; (une muraille) to strengthen with earth, fill up in the inside with earth.

TERRASSIER, te-ra-sia, s. m. terrace-ma-

TERRE, ter, s. f. earth, ground, land, soil, estate, dominions, country, world, earthly goods or pleasures, men, every body. Tant que terre nous pourra porter, as far as we can go. L'homme n'est que terre or qu'un ver de terre, man is but dust or clay. Vaisselle de terre, earthen ware. Donner du nez en terre, to fall upon one's face. Tant que terre, sioully, hardly, very much, extremely. Terre-Neure, Newfoundland.

Terre, Mar. land, shore, ground, coast, sea-coast, etc. A terre, ashore, aground. Enterre, in shore. Terre, terre, land, land. La terre est bien prononcée, the land is very distinct. Prendre terre, to touch at any port or place. La terre est fort embrumée, the land is covered with fog. La terre que nous croyions voir étoit une terre de beurre, the land we thought we saw was cape fly away. Combien voit-on de voiles sous la terre? how many sails are seen under the land? Notre conserve coupa la terre à la goëlette, et elle TÉRÉBRATION, th-rà-brà-slon, s. f. tereration.

Térébriasin, s. m. a sort-of liquid manna.

Térébriasin, s. m. a sort-of liquid manna. buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

gone ashore. Le bâtiment est à terre par notre point, the ship is ashore by our reckon-Ces bateaux pecheurs sont tout à terre, those fishermen are quite close in shore. A la Guadeloupe les bâtimens movillent le beaupré à terre, ships anchor close in shore at Guadaloupe. Etre en terre d'un bâtiment, to be in shore of a ship. Nous mouillames en terre du récif, we anchor within the reef. V. Mouiller.

TERREAU, te-ro, s. m. mould.

TERREIN, ter-rin, s. m. ground, soil.

TERRE-NEUVIER, s. m. Mar. banker, Newfoundland fishing-vessel or man.

Terre.
Terre-Plein, ter-plin, s. m. platform of earth

TERRER, (SE) se-te-ra, v. r. to take shelter behind banks of earth; hide one's self under ground.

TERRESTRE, te-restr, adj. terrestrial,

earthly.

TERRESTRÉITÉS, s. f. pl. (in chymistry.)

the most terreous parts (of any substance.)
TERREUR, te-reur, s. f. terrour, consternation, great fear or fright.

TERREU-I, SE, têreu, reuz, adj. earthly, terreous, dirty with earth or clay.

TERRIBLE, têr-ribl, adj. terrible, dreadful,

fearful, dismal, strange, unmerciful.
TERRIBLEMENT, ter-ribl-men, adv. terri-

bly, etc.
TERRIEN, NE, te-rien, rien, s. m. & f. landed man, person that has a vast estate or

extensive lands or dominions. TERBIER, te-ria, s. m. burrow, kennel; purch-yard. Terrier or papier terrier, church-yard. Terrier court-roll or land-book.

TERRINE, tê-fîn, s. f. pan, earthen pan. TERRINÉE, tê-fîn, s. f. earthen pan-full. TERRIR, tê-fîr, v. n. to lay one's eggs on

land (speaking of a tortoise.) Terrir, Mar. to land.

TERRITOIRE, tê-rî-twar, s. m. territory, jurisdiction.

TERROIR, tê-rwar, s. m. ground soil. TERTRE, têrtr, s. m. hill, little hill. Tertre, Mar. hammock.

TES, (pl. of ton and ta) thy.

TESSON, s. m. shard or sheard or sherd, fragment of earthen ware.
TESST, têst, s. m. t. st, oath imposed upon all recusants. V. Test.
TESTACE, E, tês-tê. så, adj. testaceous.
TESTAMENT, tês-tê-mên, s. m. testament,

will, covenant.

TESTAMENTAIRE, tes-ta-men-ter, adj. belonging to or concerning a will. Disposition testamentaire, disposition by will.

TESTATEUR, tes-th-teur, s. m. testator.

Testarice, tës-të-trës, s. f.-testatrix. Tester, tës-të, v. n. to make one's will. Testicule, tës të kël, s. m. testicle.

*Testifier, V. Témoigner.
Testigué or Testiguienne, int. udsbud, oddsuiggers, uds-buddikins

TESTIMOBIAL, R, tes-ti-mo-nial, adj. testimonial. Lettres testimoniales or testimoniales, s. f. pl. a testimonial.

TESTON, s. m. testoon, an old silver-coin. TESTONNER, v. a. to frizzle the hair or trim the head of, also to cut off.

Trr. te. s. m. skull; test; sherd.

TETARD, te-tar, s. m. bull-head (fish.)

TETASSE, s. f. swagging breast or dug.
TETE, tet, s. f. head; neck, life; person,
man; front or first rank; pate, noddle, brains, fancy; sense, judgment, discretion; head of hair. Tête-à-tête, tete-a-tete, face to face, cheek by jowl. Un tête-à-tête, a tete-a-tete, a private conversation. The pour the, head for head: also full butt, face to face. Telebleu! gad-zookers! zookers! Avoir martei en tête, to have a fiea in one's ear, be restless

or uneasy at any thing.

Tete, Mar. De tête en tête, from stem to stern. Tête de bordage, butt of a plank.

Têtes de varangues, flour heads, rung heads.

Tête des mêts, head of the masts. Tête de Menter de la land. gouvernail, rudder head. Tête de More, Turk's head (sort of knot.) Tete d'une escadre, van of a fleet or squadron. Etre en tête d'une rade, to lie in the outermost part or birth of a road-stead. Faire tête, to come head to wind or to the tide. Vaisseau de tête d'une escadre, headmost ship of a fleet or

squadron.

TÉTER, ta-ta, v. a. to suck (a teat.) TÉTIÈRE, tè-tièr, s. f. head stall of a bridle; stay band for a new born child. tière d'une voile, Mar. head of a sail.

Trin, thetin, s. m. nipple.

TETINE, ta-tin, s. f. udder or teat; (sur une chose) dint.

Tiros, ta-ton, s. m. breast, a woman's

TETONNIÈRE, tâ-tô-nlèr, s. f. tucker, modesty, modesty bit or bosom bit.

TETRACORDE, s. m. lyre with four chords.

TETRACORDE, S. m. lyre with four chords.
TÉTRAGOIE, th. "da-gon, adj. tetragonal.
TÉTRARCHIE, s. f. tetrarchy.
TÉTRARQUE, th.-trark, s. m. tetrarch.
TETTE, tèt, s. f. teat or dug.
TÊTU, z., tè-th, th, adj. headstrong, obsti-

nate, stubborn, wilful.

TEUTOBIQUE, teu-tô-nik, adj. Teutonick. TEXTE, tekst, s. m. text. Petit texte, (in printing) brevier.

TEXTILE, teks-til, adj. textile.

TEXTUAIRE, têks-tû-èr, s. m. textuary. TEXTURE, têks-tûr, s. f. texture.

THAMISE, s. f. Thames

THE, ta, s. m. tea. The bou or noir, bo-

THÉATIN, E, s. m. & f. theatin, theatine monk or nun.

THEATRAL, E, ta-a-tral, adj. theatral
THEATRE, ta-atr, s. m. stage, theatre,
play-house, collection of all the plays (of an author,) scene. Pièce de théâtre, play, come-

dy or tragedy.

THEBAIDE, s. f. Thebais (in Egypt.)

THEIRE, theyer, s. f. tea-pot.

THEISME, s. m. theism, deism.

Tнеізте, s. m. theist, deist. THIME, tem, s. m. theme, subject, exercise, THEOGRACIE, the o-kra-sl, s. f. theocracy. THEOGRATIQUE, the o-kra-tik, adj. theo-

cratical.

THEOGORIE, s. m. theodolite.
THEOGORIE, th-o-go-nl, s. f. theogony.
THEOLOGAL, E, th-o-lo-gal, adj. divine. THEOLOGAL, s. m. doctor of divinity, pre-

bendary of a cathedral, theologist.

Theologale, s. f. prebend bestowed upon none but doctors of divinity.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Thrologia, theologia, theologia, s. f. divinity or

theology.
Theologian, the 8-18-21en, s. m. divine or

theologist, theologian.
Theologique, id-d-ld-zlk, adj.theological. THEOLOGIQUEMENT, ta-d-lo-zik-men, adv. theologically.

THEORBE, V. Tuorbe.

THEOREME, theorem, s. m. theorem.

THEOREMS, ta-o-rem, s. m. theorem.
THEORICIEN, s. m. theorist.
THEORIE, th-ò-ri, s. f. theory, speculation.
THEORIQUE, th-ò-rik, adj. theorical, theorick, theoretical.
THEORIQUEMENT, th-ò-rik-môn, adv. the-

oretically.

THEORISTE, s. m. theorist.

THERAPEUTE, s. m. sort of Jewish monk. THERAPEUTIQUE, s. f. art of curing diseases, therapeuticks.

seases, therapeuticks.
THERIACAL, E., th.-ffl-khl, adj. theriacal.
THERIAQUE, th.-fl-kk, s.f. treacle, theriaca.
THERMAL, E., têr-mhl, adj. thermal.
THERMOSE, têrm, s. m. pl. hot baths.
THERMOMÈTRE, têr-mô-mêtr, s. m. ther-

THÉSAURISER, tå-zô-rì-zà, v. n. to treasure up, hoard or heap up.

THESAURISEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. one who

hoards, treasures money.
Turse, tez, s. f. thesis; thesis sheet; disp tation.
THESMOTHETE, s. m. name given at Athens

to those magistrates who kept the laws.

THEURGIE, th-dr-2l, s. f. theurgy, magic.

THON, ton, s. m. tunny (a fish.)
THORACHIQUE, adj. thoracick, belonging

to the breast.

THORAX, s. m. thorax, breast.
Thuriffraire, to-ri-fe-rer, s. m. clerk
that carries the frankincense pan.

THYM, tin, s. m. thyme (herb.)
THYRSE, the, s. m. thyrsus.
TIARE, tider, s.f. tiara.
TIBIA, ti-bla, s. m. inward bone of the leg.
TIBE, s. m. Tiber.

Tic, ilk, s. m. tick, convulsive motion or fit; also habitual trick. The et tac or tic et

Tion E, ued adj lukewarm, cold and indifferent.

TIÈDEMENT, tied-men, adv. coldly, with indifference.

TIÉDEUR, tla-deur, s. f. lukewarmness TIEDIR, the dr, v. n. to cool, grow luke-Warm.

TIEN, NE, tlen, tlen, adj. thine, thy own. TIEN, (LE,) s. m. thy own. Les tiens, thy own, thy relations.

Tierce, tiers, s. f. (en musique) tercet or third; (dans l'escrime, etc.) tierce; (in printing) second revise; (en mathématique) third. V. Tiers.

Tierce, têr-sa, adj. trifallowed; (in he-reldry) divided into three parts. Bâtiment tierce, Mar. vessel the breadth of which is equal to one third of her length.

Tiercelet, tiers-le, s. m. tarsel. Tierce-

let de gentilhomme, petty squire.

TIERCEMEST, tiers-mên, s. m. tertiating.

TIERCEMEST, tiers-mên, s. m. to tertiate,
trifallow, enhance the price by a third, be a

Tiercon, s. m. tierce. TIER-S, CE, adj. third. Fieure tierce, ter-

tian ague.

tian ague.

Tiers, tier, s. m. third person, third part.

Le tiers et le quart, every body.

Tier, dr., s. f. (d'une plante) stalk, stem,
blade, shank; (d'un arbre) trunk, body;
(d'une botte) leg: (d'une colonne) shaft; (d'une
paston) rod; (d'un chandelier, d'une clef)
shank; (d'une famille) stock, head. Tige de
l'ancre, Mar. shank of the anchor.

Tigne, etc. V. Teigne.
Tigne, etc. V. Teigne.
Tignon, dignon, s. m. back part of a woman's head of hair; also cap, head-dress.
Tignoner, digno-nh, v. a. to buckle (the

hair,) curl; pull caps. Se tignoner, v. r. to pull caps.

TIGRE, tigr, s. m. tiger; also spotted like a tiger, cruel person, kind of speckled insect.
TIGRÉ, E, il-grà, adj. spotted, speckled.
TIGRESSE, il-grès, s. f. tigress.
TIL, V. Tilleul.

TILLAC, tl-fak, s. m. Mar. deck.
TILLAU, V. Tilleul.
TILLE, tll, s. f. rind of a young linden-tree; kind of hatchet and hammer united.

Thilett, it-ball, s. m. linden, linden-tree.
Tinballe, tin-ball, s. f. tymbal; pot; battedore; kind of drinking cup.
Timballer, im-ba-lla, s. m. that plays on

the tymbal, kettle-drummer.

TIMBRE, timbr, s. m. bell struck by a ham-mer, sound of the bell, voice, sound, helmet,

crest (of a coat of arms;) stamp (on paper or parchment,) head, noddle.

TIMBRÉ, E, adj. (from Timbrer) crested, stamped. Cerveau bien timbré, good head-

piece.
TIMBRER, tin-brk, v. a. to crest, to stamp.

TIMBREUR, S. m. stamper. TIMIDE, ti-mid, adj. timid, fearful, timorous, bashful.

TIMIDEMENT, ti-mid-men, adv. timorous-

ly, fearfully.
TIMIDITÉ, tl-ml-dl-th, s. f. timidity, fear, timorousness, bashfulness.

Timon, ti-mon, s. m. beam (of a cart or wain,) pole (of a coach,) helm. Timon, Mar. tiller, helm.

TIMONIER, d-mô-nh, s. m. thiller or thill-horse. Timonier, Mar. helmsman, steers-man. Relève le timonier, relieve the helm. Change le timonier, get another helmsman. Un timonier à la barre, a hand to the helm. Timoné, E, tl-mo-rà, adj. timorous, fess,

ful, scrupulous.

TIMPAN, etc. V. Tympan.

TINE, tln, s. f. tub, open tub. TINEL, s. m. common hall for servants to

eat in.

TINETTE, ti-net, s. f. tub with ears. TINS, s. m. pl. Mar. blocks on which the keel of a ship is laid while building.

TINTAMARRE, tin-th-mar, s. in. noise, thundering noise, bustle or hurly-burly

TINTAMARRER, v. n. to make a great noise. TINTEMENT, tint-men, s. m. tingling. Tintement d'oreilles, tingling or glowing of

Tinter, tin-ta, v. a. to toll (a bell.) Twe-ter, v. n. to be tolled, tingle or jingle. Tintin, tin-tin, s. n. jingling. Tinton s.m. tingling or neise(in one's cars.)

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TIQUE, tik, s. f. tick (a vermin.)

Tiquer, ti-ka, v. n. Ex. Un cheval qui sique, a horse that has got the tick.

Trouers, z., th.-th, adj. speckled.
Trouers, s. m. horse that has got the tick.
Trands, th-rid, s. f. long train or series
(of words.) Tout d'une tirade, of a stretch; without intermission, all at once.

TIRAGE, tl-raz, s. m. pulling; drawing;

press-work (in printing.)
TIRAILLEMENT, il-ral-men, b. m. pulling sr haling about.

TIRAILLER, ti-ra-fa, v. a. to pull or hale about. Tirailler, v. a. to shoot unskilfully.

TIRAILLERIE, s f. the act of pulling or haling about.

TIRAILLEUR, tl-ra-leur, s. m. bad marks-

man, one that shoots unskilfully.

Tirant, di-ren, s. m. boot-strap, purse-string; slip of parchment to tie papers with, sort of tough gristle in meat, beam reaching from one wall to another. Tirant d'eau, Mar. draught of water. La marche de notre bâtiment est d'être sans aucune différence de tirant d'eau, our ship sails best upon an even kool

TIRASSE, tl-ras, s. f. net (for quails, ec.) TIRASSER, tl-ra-sa, v. a. or n. to catch with

TIRE, thr, s. f. Ex. Tout d'un tire, all at once, all together, without any stop. A tire d'aile, with quick jerks of the wing, as swift as possible.

Tiré, E, adj. (from Tirer) drawn, etc.

TIRE-BOUCHON, s. m. cork-screw. TIRE-BOURRE, s. m. worm (to unload a gun.)

TIRE-BOUTON, s. m. buttoner.

TIRE-CLOU, s. m. nail-drawer. TIRE-FOND, s. m. cooper's turrel; surgeon's piercer.

Tire-Laisse, s. m. balk.

TIRE-LARIGOT, adv. Ex. Boire à tire-la-rigot, to drink hand to fist or hard or briskly.

Tire-ligne, s. m. drawing-pen, ruler.

Tirelire, s. m. christmas-box.

TIRE-MAILLE, S. m. usurer.

TIRE-MORLLE, s. m. marrow spoon.

TIRE-PIED, s. m. shoe-maker's stirrup.

TIRE-PLONB, s. m. glazier's vice.
TIRER, ti-ra, v. a. to draw, pull, lug, pluck or tug, draw out, pull or lug or loll out, pull off, draw off, take out or up or off, get out, get obtain, get off, bring off, deliver, free, rid, receive, reap, extract, collect, pick, squeeze out, pull out, stretch; to draw; (in printing,) to draw, print, work off; (le vin de la lie) to rack; (an fusil) to fire, let off; (un canon) to fire, discharge; (une arbalèle) to hack off shoot off or shoot with; (un lièvre, un oiseau) to shoot; (un feu d'artifice) to let off. Tirer des armes, to sence. Tirer une estocade or un coup d'estocade, to make a pass. Tirer, v. n. to shoot, let off, discharge, go off: to play: to go. Tirer sur, to incline to. Se tirer, to fence. Tirer une estocade or

v. r. to get out or off.

Threr, Mar. Notre bâtiment tire 18 pieds
d'ean de l'arrière, et 17 pieds 4 pouces de l'arant, our ship draws 18 feet abaft and 17 feet 4 inches forward. Vaisseau qui tire beaucoup d'em, ship of a great draught of water. Vuissam qui tire peu d'eau, ship of an easy draught

of water. Ce navire tire si neu d'eau au'il est propre à toute espèce de commerce, that ship is of so easy a draught of water that she is fit for any trade. There was embarcation a terre, to haul a boat ashore. Tirez un bâtiment à terre, to ground a vessel. Tirer an adutment a terre, to ground a vessel. Tirer du camon, to fire guns. Tirez un coup de camon sur ce brick pour le faire mettre en pame, fire a shot at that brig to make her bring to. Le coup de camon de retraite est tiré, the evening gun is fired. Le coup de camon de diane est-d tire? is the morning gun fired?

Tire-sou, s. m. usurer. Tiret, ti-re, s. m. slip of parchment, division or hyphen.

TIRETAINE, tir-ten, s. f. linsey-woolsey. Tire-veille, tir-vel, s. f. Mar. man-rope entering-rope, ladder-rope; side-rope. Mettre les tire-veilles, to ship the side-ropes. Les tire-veilles à l'échelle, ship the ropes.

Tireur, il-feur, s. m. shooter, game-keeper, fencing-master, fencer; (d'une lettre de change) drawer. Tireur d'arc, archer. Tireur d'or, gold wire drawer. Tireur de

laine, thief.

TIROIR, il-rwar, s. m. drawer fof a desk

etc.)
TISANE, tl-zan, s. f. ptisan.
TISAN, tl-zon, s. m. brand, fire brand.
the fire.

TISONNER, ti-zô-na, v. a. to poke or stir the fire.

Tisonneu-R, se, tî-zô-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. poker or one that pokes the fire.

TISONNIER, tl-20-nla, s. m. poker (of

iron.)

Tissen, ti-sa, v. a. to lay the ground-work of (lace.)
TISSERAND, tis-ren, s. m. weaver.

Tisserande, s. f. weaver's wife or widow. TISSERANDERIE, s. f. weaver's trade

Tissu, E, ti-su, su, adj. (from Tistre) woven, spun.

Tissu, ti-sû, s. m. tape; (de cheveux) lace; (d'or et d'argent) tissue; contexture; series.
Tissure, s. f. weaving or texture; web er

west, contexture or ordering or framing.

TISSUTIER, tl-su-th, s. m. riband-weaver. TISTRE, v. a. (only used in the participle Tissu) to weave. C'est lui qui a tissu cette intrigue, he is the manager of that intrigue.

TITHYMALE, s. m. milk-thistle.

TITILLANT, E. adj. tickling. TITILLATION, il-ilblå-slon, s. f. titillation, tickling.

TITILLER, v. a. to titillate.

TITRE, thr, s. m. title; right, standard of coin: deed, record, voucher. A titre de, under colour of, under the pretence of.

TITRE, E, ti-tra, adj. honourable, of quali-

ty, that has a title of honour.

TITRER, v. a. to give a title of honour to one. TITUBATION, s. f titubation, the act of stumbling.

TITULAIRE, tl-tû-lêr, adj. titular. TITULAIRE, s. m. incumbent. Toc! (son d'un chec) tack!

TOC: (son a un case) tack:
TOCANE, tō-kha, s. f. wine that runs from
the grapes without pressing, new wine.
TOCSIN, tōk-sin, s. m. alarm, alarm-bell.
TOI, twa, pron. thou, thee, thyself.
TOILE, twal, s.f. cloth, linen-cloth; (de
rast un théâtre) curtain. Toiles, toils, snare,

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, tord: mood, good,

Trap; (de moulin à vent) sails; (draps) sheets.
Troile, Mar. canvass. Troile à prélet, thick canvass for tarpawlings. Troile à voile, sailcanvass for tarpawlings. Toile à voile, sail-cloth. Toile à voile de Hollande, Holland Toile à voile de Russie, Russia duck. Toile de pointe, goring cloth. Toile écrue de 7-8, thin canvass like the English No. 8.
Toile de cotonnine, sail cloth used for the sails of xebecs and other vessels of the Mediterranean. Toile de Mélis, de Noyale, d'Olonne, sail cloth fabricated at Melis, Noyale, Olonne.

Toile, twa-la, s. m. ground of a lace.
Toilerie, twal-ri, s. f. linen cloth trade,
Toilette, twa-let, s. f. toilet; also a

babe's mantle.

Toiler, s. m. linen-cloth maker.
Toise, twiz, s. f. measure containing six feet in length, fathom.

Toisí, E, adj. measured by the fathom; concluded, settled; s. m. measurement, mea-

Toisen, twa-za, v. a. to measure by fathom. Toiseur, twa-zeur, s. m. measurer.

TOISON, (wh-zon, s. f. fleece.
TOIT, twd, s. m. top (of a house,) roof, sty.
TOLE, tol, s. f. iron plates.
*TOLERABLE, tol-la-rabl, adj. tolerable.

TOLÉRABLEMENT, adv. tolerably. Tolérance, to-la-rens, s. f. toleration TOLERANT, E, to-la-ren, rent, adj. & s

friend to toleration.

TOLÉRANTISME, s. m. system of toleration. Toléren, tô-là-rà, v. a. to tolerate, connive at.

Tolle, Ex. Crier tolle sur quelqu'un, to

raise an outery against one.
TOLLET, s. m. Mar. thole.
TOLLETIRES, s. f. pl. Mar. row-locks.
TOMBAC, ton-bak, s. ni. pinchbeck.

Tombe, tomb, s. f. tomb-stone; also a tomb

TOMBÉ, E, adj. fallen, etc. V. Tomber. TOMBEAU, ton-bo, s. m. tomb, monument;

grave, sepulchre.

TOMBELIER, s. f. carman, dung-cart-man.
TOMBER, ton-ba, v. n. to fall, tumble, get
a fall or tumble, drop, drop down, fall off, sin, fall out or happen, abate, flag, fail, sink, lower, decay, lose one's reputation; to fall, light; to hang; to rush. Tomber dans, to fall into. Tomber daccord, to agree, coniess, our, grant. Tomber malude, to be taken sick. If

gram. I omoer manue, to be taken sick. It tombe de la neige, it snows.

Tomber, v. a. Mar. to fall, etc. Tomber à la mer, to fall overboard. Tomber sous le vent, to sag or fall to leeward. Tomber à la bande, or sur le côte, to fall over (speaking of a ship aground.) Tomber au milieu d'une escadre ennemie, to fall into the middle of an enemy's fleet or squadron. Un de nos vais-seaux de 64 tomba dans la ligne ennemie, et seaux de 64 tomba dans la ligne ememie, et ful fort maltraité, one of our 64 gun-ships dropped iato the enemy's line and was very roughly handled. Nos fins voilières tombèrent sur l'arrière-garde ennemie, dont ils coupèrent deux naisseaux, our prime sailers made a dash at the enemy's rear, from which they cut off two ships. Nous serious tombés sur une frégate, si l'ancre de miséricorde n'avoit pris, we should have fallen on board of a frigate but that our sheet anchor brought as up. Tombant de douze brasses par quaire,

nous mimes tout à culer, falling from twelve fathoms into four we threw all aback. grand mût tombant du côte de l'ennemi, engagea une partie de nos canons, our main mast falling on the side we were engaging, interrupted the fire of some of our guns. La mâture de cette corvette tombe beaucoup sur l'arrière, that sloop's masts hang aft very much. Le convoi tomba en calme sous la Dominique, the convoy got becalmed under Dominica. Le tonnerre tomba deux notre bord dans la campagne, our ship was twice struck by lightning while we were out. Le vent tombera an coucher de soleil, the wind will die away at sun-set. La mer est-elle tombée? is the sea gone down?
TOMBERAU, von-bro, s. m. tumbrel, dung cart or the like; (for criminals) cart.

TOME, tom, s. in. tome, volume, pare

Ton, n. Ta, f. Tes, pl. adj. thy, thine.
Ton, ton, s. m. tone, voice, tune, note, strain, sound. Ton de couleurs, agreement of the colours. Parter d'un ton feer or d'en ton résolu, to speak boldly or confidently, talk big. Ton, Mar. (d'wn mât) head, cap, space compreheuded between the cap and the trestle-trees. Nos huniers sur le ton, nous tenons toute l'escadre qui les a à tête de bois, with our topsails on the cap, we hold way with all the fleet with theirs at the mast head.

TONDAILLE, ton-dal, s. f. shearing, shear-

ing-time.
TONDRUR, ton-deur, s. m. a shearer; shearman or cloth worker; barber.

TONDRE, tondr, v. a. to shear; cut the hair of, shave.

TONDU, E, adj. shorn. Une brebis tondue, a shorn sheep. Il n'y a que trois tondue et un pelé, there are only tag-rag and bob-tail.

TONIQUE, to-nik, adj. tonick.

TONLIEU, s. m. duty to the ord of a manor

for a place in the market.

TONNAGE, to-naz, s. m. tonnage. Tonnant, E, to-nen, nent, adj. thundering. TONNE, ton, s. f. ton; butt, eask of two

hogsheads.
TONNEAU, tô-no, s. m. cask or vessel; tun. Un bâtiment de quatre cents tonneaux, a ship of 400 tons burden

Tonneler, ton-la, v. a. to tunnel, take

with a tunnel, entrap, ensnare.
Tonneleur, ton-leur, s. m. tunneler.

TONNELIER, ton-lik, s. m. cooper.

Tonneliere, s. f. cooper's wife or widow. TONNELLE, to-nel, s. f. tunnel, arbour.

Tonnellerie, tô-nêl-ri, s. f. cooperage. sted where casks are made.

TONNER, tô-na, v. n. to thunder, roar, ir

veigh. Il tonne, it thunders.

TONNERRE, to-ner, s. m. thunder, lightning or thunderbolt. Frappé du tonnerre, thunderstruck.

TONNES, s. f. pl. a kind of shelk.

TONSURE, ton-sdr, s. f. tonsure.
Tonsure, adj. that has got the tonsure.
Tonsure, s. m. priest with a tonsure,

shaveling.

Tonsurer, ton-sa-rh, v. a. to shave the crown of. TONT, tont, s. f. shearing; shearing time TONTICE, adj. V. Bourre. TONTINE, ton-tln, s. f. toutine.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

TONTINIER, E, ton-tl-nlk, nlèr, s. m. & f. || annuitant on survivorship.

TONTURE, s. f. shearing, shorn wool. Mar. sheer of the wales and decks, convexity of the transoms and beams of a ship. Tonture des bans, round up or convexity of the beams. Tonture des ponts, sheer of the decks. Vaisseau qui a de la tonture, ship with a great sheer. Vaisseau qui a perdu de sa touture,

TONTURE, E, adj. Mar. Bâtiment tonturé, vessel buil. with a great sheer.

Top, Mar. stop.

TOPAZE, tô-paz, s. f. topaz.

TOPE, top, int. done, I consent.

TOPER, (0-på, v. n. to agree or consent; also to tope. Tope or je tope, done, l agree to it. Je tope partout, l am at al.

TOPINAMBOUR, (0-pl-nen-boor, s. m. spe-

cies of sun-flower; Jerusalem artichoke. V. Taupinambour

Topique, to-pik, adj. topical.
Topique, s. m. topick or common place.
Topographie, to-po-gra-fl, s. f. topogra-

phy. Topographique, to-po-gra-fik, adj. to-

pographical.
Toque, ok, s. f. cap (such as is worn in

the universities.)

*Toquer, v. a. to touch, strike.

Toquer, to ke, s. m. sort of cap.

TORCHE, torsh, s. f. torch or taper.

TORCHE-CUL, s.m. bum-fodder.

TORCHER, tor-sha, v. a. to wipe, make or rub clean; (quequ'un) to beat (one.)
TORCHERE, tor-sher, s. f. high stand to put

lights upon. Torchis,

tor-shl, s. m. mud or mortar made of mud and straw or hay.

TORCHON, tor-shon, s. m. rubber, dusting

c'oth, dish-clout, wisp of straw; a slut.
TORDEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. twister of wool; silk throwster

TORDRE, tordr, v. a. to twist, wrest, wring, writhe, wreath, throw, wind about.

TORDU, E, adj. twisted, wrung, wrested, etc.
TORE, tor, s. m. round member in the base

of a pillar. TORMENTILLE, tor-men-til, s. f. tormentil. Toron, s. m. Mar. strand. Cordage à

quatre torons, rope of four strands. Un des torons de tournerire a manqué, the messenger is stranded.

TORPHUR, s. f. numbness, torpor.
TORPHLE, tor-pil, s. f. torpedo.
TORQUET, tor-ke, s. m. Ex. Donner le or un torquet à quelqu'un, to put a sham upon one, deceive him.

TORQUETTE, tor-ket, s. f. certain quantity of fish wrapped up in straw.

TORREFACTION, s. f. torrefaction.

TORRÉGIER, v. a. to torrefy.

TORREAR, to-ren, s. m. torrent.
TORRIBE, tör-rid, adj. torrid.
TORS, m. TORSE, törs, or TORTE, f. adj.
(from Tordre) twisted; twined, wreathed, stc. Cou tors, wry neck. Mar. lay. Corders in the state of the state

dage qui a trop de tors, rope too hard laid.
Torse, s. m body of a statue without a
head, arms or legs. Torse, s. f. twisted piece

of wood, twisted work.

TORT, tor, s. m. wrong, injury, fault, blame.

A tort, wrongfully. A tort et a travers, at
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random, right or wrong. Avoir tort, to be in

Torricolis, tor-tl-ke-ll, s. m. crick in the neck; also hypocrite and wry-necked man or woman.

TORTIL, s. m. torse (in heraldry.)

TORTILIAGE, s. m. shuffling, evading, the using of shifts (in conversation.

TORTILLE, E, adj. twisted.

TORTILLEMENT, tor-til-mên, s. m. twisting; shifting, shuffing, finesse.

TORTILLER, tôr-tl-fâ, v. a. to twist; (use air) to trill over. Tortiller, v. n. to shuffle, defen we shifter the world to trill over. dodge, use shifts; also to waddle.

TORTILLON, tor-ti-lon, s. m. roll or wisp; also sort of mean cap and servaut maid taken from the country.

TORTIONNAIRE, tôr-siô-ner, adj. extor-sive, unjust, unlawful.

TORTIS, s. m. wreath, garland; also threads

twisted together. TORTU, E, tor-to, tu, adj. crooked, bowing

in and out; untoward, perverse.
TORTUE, tôr-tů, s. f. tortoise.
TORTUER, tôr-tů, s. v. a. to bend, make
crooked. Se tortuer, v. r. to grow crooked,

TORTUEUSEMENT, tôr-tå-èuz-mên, adv.

crookedly, with windings in and out.
TORTUEU-x, SE, tor-to-eu, euz, adj. wind-

ing, turning in and out, crooked.
TORTUOSITÉ, tôr-tû-ô-21-tâ, s. f. tortuosity.
TORTURE, tôr-tùr, s. f. torture, rack.

TORTURER, to put to the torture; (le sens

d'un mot) to wrest, pervert. TORY, s. m. tory, one who is for and votes with the ministers (in England.)

Toste, tost, s. m. toast, a health.

TOSTER, tos-ta, v a. to toast, drink one's

Tôr, tô, adv. quick, quickly, soon. Aussi-

tôt que, when, as soon as.

TOTAL, E, tô-tâl, adj. total, whole, entire, utter.

TOTAL, s. m. whole total or whole sum. TOTALEMENT, to-tal-men, adv. totally, ut-

terly, entirely.
Totalite, tô-tâ-lî-tâ, s. f. totality, total.

TOTON, to-ton, s. m. whirlbone, tetotum. TOUAGE, too-az, s. m. Mar. warping or towing.

Touaille, tòo-àl, s. f. towel, roller. Touchant, в, tòo-shèn, shènt, adj. sensible, sad grievous, afflicting; pathetick, moving, powerful; prep. touching, concerning,

TOUCHE, toosh, s. f. stop or fret of organs, etc. string of a musical instrument, touch or trial, stroke or touch, fescue; drove of fatted cattle. Pierre de touche, touch-stone.

Toucher, too-sha, v. a. & n. to touch, meddle with, handle or finger, shake hands with one, try or put to the touchstone, drive, strike, hit, express, play upon, receive, be or draw near, reach, be next or adjoining or contiguous, be related or of kin, concern, move, affect. Toucher de près à, to be nearly related to. Se toucher, v.r. to touch one another, be contiguous or adjoining.

Toucher, v. a. & n. Mar. to touch, meddle

with, strike or touch upon the ground, etc. Toucher et parer, to touch and go. La bâti-

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

ment toucha en entrant dans le port, the ship touched in coming into harbour. Le compas a besoin d'être touché, the compass wants to be touched. Les deux raisseaux amiraux étoient à se toucher dans le combat, the two lag ships were rubbing against each other's sides in the action. Pour peu que nous touchions d'Aurimage, le brig perd de sa marche, if we meddle at all with the brig's stowage,

nt hurts her sailing.
TOUCHER, tôo-sha, s. m. feeling, touch;
manner of playing on instruments.

TOUCHEUR, s. m. Ex. Toucheur de bœufs,

drover. Tour, s. f. towing ; ferry-boat. V. Toule. Toure, s. f. Mar. warp, tow-line. Entrer dans un port à la tou'e, to warp into a harbour. Sortir du port à la touée, to warp out

of the barbour.

Tough, took v. a. b. warp, tow. Grelin

Bateau seror laussière à touer, tow-rope. Bateau servant à touer, tow-hoat. L'on nous toua pour sortir du port, we were towed out of the harsorter al por, we were towed dut of the half-bour. La frégale se toueroit de préférence à se faire remorquer, the frigate might be warp-ed faster than she could be towed. Tougun, tôo-êur, s. m. kedge anchor. Touffer, tôof, s. f. tuft; thicket.

TOUFFEUR, s.f. exhalation that one feels on entering a warm room.

Touffu, E, too-fu, fo, adj. thick, bushy.
"Toulllaut, s. m. Ex. Un gros touillaut,

a lusty bade, a stout fellow.

Tourours, the action always, ever, evermore, continually, in the mean while, or time, generally; without exception, mostly, commonly, at least, for all that, but still, nevertheless.

TOULET, V. Tollet.
TOUPET, to-pe, s.m. little tust (of hair, etc.)
Toupee, to-pl, s. s. gig or castle top; also strumpet.

TOUPIER, v. n. to whirl about. TOUPILLER, too-pl-la, v. n. to whirl about,

run up and down.
Tourillon, too-pl-lon, s. m. little tuft.

TOUPIN, s. m. Mar. top for laying ropes.
Tour, toor, s. f. tower, spire, rook (at chess.) Tour à feu, Mar. light-house.

Tour, s. m. turn, turning, going round, circular motion or revolution, circumference, tour, compass, contour, turn-lathe, turning-wheel, turning-box (in a nunnery,) game (at backgammon,) turn or gloss, turn or way of writing or of expressing one's self, turn or sense or construction, turn or office or courtesy or service; trick or wile or fetch; turn or order (according to rank) or place; turn or walk. Tour a tour, by turns, one after ano-Tour de reins, sprain in the back.
Tour de lit, suit of bed curtains. Tour de chereux, false hair (for women.) Tour de cou, neckcioth; also cloakloop. Tour de cou cou, neckcioth; also cloakloop. Tour de cou d'un rabat, neck of a band. Tour de plume, feather about one's hat. Tout du bâton, byprofits. Faire un tour de promenade, to take

prohis. Faire in tour de promenade, to take a turn, walk a turn or a little way.

Tour, s. m. Mar. Tour à bitord, reel for making apun yarn. Tour pour or de loch, log reel. Tour de la grande ligne de sonde, deep ses reel. Tour mort avec deux demicles, clove hitch with a round turn. Tour de able or dans les chiles, turn in the hawse.

Demi-tour dans les câbles, elbow in the hawse. Prendre des tours dans les câbles, to take turns Tiens le tour à loch, hold the in the hawse. reel. Le vent fait le tour du compas, the wind flies all round the compass. Nous dépasse-rons les tours de nos câbles avant la fin de la marée, we will clear hawse before the tide has done. Notre navire prend le bon tour, et nous n'aurons plus de croix dans les câbles, our vessel is going the right way, and we shall have an open hawse. It bottiment n'a-t-il pas pris le mauvais tour 1 is not the ship gone the wrong way? It faut donner du tour à la pointe,

you must not borrow too near the point.

TOURBE, toorb, s. f. turf (for fuel;) disorderly or lawless multitude of people. Enquête

par tourle, general inquest.
TOURBILLON, toor-bi-lon, s. m. whirlwind; vortex, whirl or whirling. Tourbillon or Tourbillon de vent, Mar. tornado.

Tourd, s. m. a sea-fish.
Tourd or Tourdelle, s. f. a particular species of thrush.
TOURELLE, too-rel, s. f. turret.

TOURELLE, too-rei, S. I. turrei.
Tourer, too-re, S. m. small wheel turned by a larger. Touret, Mar. winch (on which the yarn is wound up in a rope walk.)
TOURIERE, too-rier, S. f. maid that looks to the turning-box in a nunnery.
TOURILLON, too-ri-lon, S. m. trunnions.

TOURMENT, toor-men, s. m. torment, pain,

racking thought, anxiety, grief, sorrow.
TOURMENTANT, E, toor-men-ten, tent, adj. tormenting, troublesome

Tourmente, toor-ment, s. f. storm, tempest. Mar. violent storm, stormy weather.

TOURMENTER, toor-men-ta, v. a. to torment, torture, rack or put to great pain, disquiet, grieve, vex, afflict, plague, tire, trouble, importune, dun, be troublesome, toss, tumble, jolt, deaden (the colours.) Se tourmenter, v. r. to torment one's self, toss, tumble, labour much, take or be at a great deal of pains, be very busy, warp (speaking of wood.)

TOURMENTEU-X, SE, add. tempestuous.

TOURMENTIN, s. m. Mar. fore top-mast *

stay-sail or fore stay-sail.
TOURNAILLER, v. n. to turn, go round a thing, go up and down.

TOURNANT, toor-nen, s. m. turning; whirl-pool. Tournant d'eau, Mar. whirlpool. TOURNA, E. toor-na, adj. (from Tourner)

turned, etc. Il est bien tourné, he is a very genteel man.

TOURNE-BOUT, s.m. sort of musical instrument.

TOURNEBRIDE, s. m. a little ale house near a castle for the servants and horses of the strangers who visit there.

TOURNEBROCHE, toorn-brosh, s. m. jack, turnspit.

Tourne-feuillet, V. Signet.

TOURNÉE, tôor-nā, s. f. circuit, progress or visit; round or walk or turn. Tournelle, tôor-nēl, s. f. court for crimi-

nal causes.

TOURNEMAIN, toorn-min, s. m. Ex. Enun tournemain, in the turning of a hand, in a moment.

TOURNER, toor-na, v. a. to turn, turn or wind round; to turn or turn up; translate or Tourner a blame or d louange, to blame or praise. Tourner, v. n. to turn, turn round,

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : onfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

change, grow ripe, grow rotten. Faire tourner, to turn. Se tourner, v. r. to turn or turn about; change, become. Tourner, Mar. to turn, etc. Les vents tourneront à l'ouest, the wind will come round to the westward. Tourne le sablier, turn the glass or turn.

TOURNESOL, toorn-sol, s. m. turnsol. Tournette, s.f.yarn-windle; rolling-cage. TOURNEVIRE, s. m. Mar. messenger, royal. Garnis le tournevire au cabestan, get the mos-

ger to pass.

Tournevis, toorn-vis, s. m. key for a Tourneur, toor-neur, s. m. turner.

Tourneuse, s. m. turner's wife.

TOURNIQUET, toor-nl-ke, s. m. turn-stile, turn-pike, whimsey-board. Tourniquet, Mar.

Tournoi, toor-nwa, s. m. tourney.

Tournoiement, toor-nwa-men, s. m. whirling or turning round, winding about; (de tête) dizziness.

Tournois, toor-nwa, adj. Ex. Une livre tournois, a French livre

Tournois, s. m. farthing.

TOURNOYANT, adj. turning, winding.
TOURNOYANT, adj. turning, winding.
TOURNOYEMENT, V. Tournoiement.
TOURNOYER, toor-nwa-ya, v. n. to turn or go about, whiri about; dodge, shuffle.
TOURNURE, toor-nur, s. f. turning or turn-

er's work; turn.

Tourte, toort, s. f. pie; turtle-dove.

TOURTRAU, toor-to, s. m. crusty little loaf; also link or wreath of pitched cord.

TOURTEREAU, toort-ro, s. m. young turtledove.

Tourterelle, toort-rel, s. f. turtle-dove.

Tourtière, toor-tier, s. f. pan, baking-pan. TOURTOUSE, s. f. the rope which the hang-man puts about the prisoner's neck.

Tourre, toos, v. Tout.

TOUSSAINT, (LA) tho-sin, s. f. all-saints-day, all-hallow-day,
TOUSSER, tho-så, v. n. to cough, hem.
TOUSSEU-R, SE, tho-seur, seuz, s. m. & f.

cougher.

Tour, E, too, toot, adj. Tous, toutes, pl. all, whole, any, whatever, every; mere. all, whole, any, whatever, every; mere. Tous les jours, every day. Toutes les semaines, every week. Tout ce que f'ai d'amis, all the friends I have. Tout, adv. (by a all the Iriends I have. Tout, adv. (by a strange custom this adverb becomes feminine when it falls upon an adjective feminine, which vegins with a consonant) wholly, entirely, quite, thoroughly, all, altogether, all over; as, through, for all. Il est tout malade, he is quite sick. Elle est toute malade, she is quite sick. Ils sont tout malades, they are quite sick. Ses sœurs sont toutes malades, his sisters are quite sick, as well as his sisters are sort, sick as they are, as sick as they are.

Toutes malades que sont ses soeurs, sick as his sisters are, as sick as his sisters are, as sick as his sisters are, though his sisters are sick, for all his sisters are sick. Il a laissé la porte tout ouverte, he has lest the door quite (wide) open. Tout ouverte A datase to porte tota ouecrie, ne has lett the door quite (wide) open. Tout ourcrie qu'étoit la porte, for all the door was open. P'sint du tout, not at all. Rien du tout, nothing at all. Tout à fait, entirely. En tout, without exception. Partout, every where, Après tout, all things considered. Tout. s. m.

whole, all. Toutes les personnes, all, all cen, every body. Le tout ensemble, all tog in, the whole. C'est le tout, 'tis all in all. Ce n'est pas tout, it is not enough, it does not suffice. this is not all. V. Atout.

Toutzfois, toot-fwa, conj. yet, neverthe-

less, however.
TOUTE-PRÉSENCE, s. f. omnipresence.
TOUTE-PUISSANCE, tôot-pôl-séns, s. f. almighty power, almightiness, omnipotency; the almighty, God almighty.

Tour-Puissant, E, too-pul-sen, sent, adj.

almighty, omnipotent.

Tout-Puissant, (LE) s. m. the Almighty. God Almighty.

Toutou, too-too, s. m. little dog or whelp, puppy.
Toux, too, cough.

Toux de renard qui nène au terrier, churchyard cough. TOXIQUE, tôk-sik, s. m. poison.

TRABAN, s. m. a soldier of the imperial guard in Germany.

*TRAC, trak, s. m. track, gait, pace. TRACAS, tra-ka, s. m. hurry, bustle, noise,

confusion, disorder

TRACASSER, trå-kå-så, v. n. to be busy, be full of bustle, be always in action or in a hurry, be a busy body or an intermeddler. Tra-

casser, v. a. to plague, trouble, vex, disquiet.
TRACASSERIE, tra-kas-rl. s f. shuffle, shuffling, trick, piece of malice malicious trick, broil, bickering.

TRACASSIER, E, trå-kå-slå, sler, s. m. & f. busy-body, intermeddler, shifting or shuffling

TRACE, tras, s. f. footstep, track or print or footing, traces, step, sign, mark, example;

drawing or draught.

TRACE, E, adj. whereof a draught or model is made, etc.

TRACEMENT, tras-men, s. m. drawing,

draught, delineation. TRACER, tra-sa, v. a. to make a draught

or model of, draw, chalk out, show, point out, describe (les arbres) to set or plant in order. Tracer, Mar. to draw, lay down. TRACHÉE-ARTÈRE, tra-sha-ar-tèr, s. f.

wind-pipe.

TRADITEURS, s. m. pl. traditors (of the sacred books to their persecutors.)
TRADITION, tra-di-sion, s. f. delivery; tra-

dition.

TRADITIONNAIRES, s. m. pl. (Juifs qui expliquent l'ancien testament par les traditions de leurs pères) traditioners.

TRADITIONNEL, LE, trà-di-siò-nel, adj. traditional.

TRADITIONNELLEMENT, adv. traditionally. TRADITIVE, s. f. tradition.

TRADUCTEUR, trå-dåk-teur, s. m. transla-

tor. TRADUCTION, trå-dåk-slon, s. f. translation

TRADUIRE, trà-dulr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to translate, to remove or transfer. Traduire en ridicule, to ridicule, traduce, expose.
TRADUIT, E, adj. translated, etc.

TRADUISIBLE, adjuraducible.
TRAFIC, tra-fik, s. m. traffick, trade.
TRAFIQUART, tra-fi-kan, s. m. trader,

merchant, dealer. TRAFIQUER, tra-fi ka, v n. to trade, deal, ber, bat, base; there, ebb, over; field, flg; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

traffick, drive a trade: v. a. to negotiate or !!

TRAGACANTE, s. f. tragacanth, gum-dra-

TRAGÉDIE, tra-za-dl, s. f. tragedy. TRAGÉDIEN, s. m. tragedian.

TRAGI-COMÉDIE, trà-zì-kô-mà-dì, s. f. tragi-comedy.

TRAGI-COMIQUE, tra-zi-kô-mik, adj. tragi-comical.

TRAGIQUE, tra-zik, adj. tragical, tragick. TRAGIQUE, (LE) s. m. the writing of tra-

TRAGIQUEMENT, trå-zîk-mên, adv. tragically.

TRAHIR, tra-ir, v. a. to betray, be false, disclose, discover, belie, speak or act contrary to. Se truhir soi-même, to betray one's self. TRAHISON, tra-1-zon, s. f. treachery, trea-

son, falsehood.

TRAIN, trin, s. m. pace, rate; rate, way, course; way; action, movement, disposition: rogues, wenches; (d'un seigneur) train, retimue; (de bois) float; (de bateaux) train; (d'artillerie) train (d'un carrosse) part on which the body rests; also track. Train de devant the body rests; also track. and train de derrière (d'un carrosse) fore wheels and hind wheels. Train de devant and train de derrière (d'un cheval) fore legs and shoulders and hind part. Train de and snoutders and inno part. I rain de presse, entire press. Mettre en troin, to set on, set going. Se mettre en train de faire, to set one's self about. Etre en train, to be in, be at it; go on. Etre en train de faire, to be in a mood or humour for doing. Tout d'un train, all at once, at one bout, all to-gether. Aller bon train, to go quickly. Faire du train, to make a noise.

au Iran, to make a noise.

TRANANT, E, trè-nèn, nènt, adj. trailing, dragging, drawling, languid.

TRAINE, trèn, s. f. Ex. Perdreaux en traine, young partridges that cannot fly.

Traine, s. f. Mar. any thing towing overboard. A latraine, towing, in tow. Ce raiseau a beaucoup de traines dehors, that ship has many things towing overboard. Laisse le canot à la traine, let the boat tow astern.

TRAINÉ, E, adj. (from Trainer) drawn,

dragged along, etc.

TRAINEAU, tre-no, s. m. sledge or sled, dray; trammel or draw-net.
TRAINEE, tre-na, s. f. train, track to al.

fure wolves, etc.

TRAINER, trè-na, v a. to draw, trail, drag or draw along; to carry away or along, be attended with, bring, be the cause of; to amuse, keep at bay; to put off, prolong, spin out, aduse, keep at bay; to plut on, protong, spinout, protract, make linger; (une vie languissante) to lead a wretched or lingering life; (ses paroles) to drawl or drag out one's words, speak very slowly. Trainer, v. n. to trail, drag or drag along; lie about, lie scattered; linger or languish, be long doing, hold out long, struggle, stay behind. Se trainer, v. r. to struggle, stay behind. Se trainer, v. r. to crawl or creep along.

TRAINEUR, tre-neur, s. m. straggler,

poacher or one that catches game with a trained. Un trained d'épée, a sword dangler, vagabond.

TRAIRE, trer, v. a. to milk.
TRAIT, tre, adj. m. wire-drawn. Or or TRANCHER, S. TRAIT, e, s.-m. dart, arrow, shaft, bolt, or griping pains

shot; stroke, dash, touch; act, piece, instance; passage; turn or office, trick; draught, sup, gulp; (du visuge) feature, lineament; (d'un carrosse) trace; (aux échecs) move; (in heraldry) bar; point of the compass; gold or silver wire; part of a psalm between the TRAITANT, E, adj. (from Traiter) treating

or discoursing, etc.
TRAITANT, tre-ten, s. m. farmer of the

king's revenues.

TRAITE, tret, s. f. journey or way or stage; exportation or transporting (of commodities;) draught or bill of exchange; custom or duty. Tout d'une traite, at once, without stopping or baiting by the way. Traite, s. f. Mar. ping or baiting by the way. Traite, s. f. Mar. trade or traffick carried on between shipping and the inhabitants of a country. La traile des nègres, the slave trade. Sur cette côte on ne fait pas beaucoup de traite, there is little trading on that coast.

TRAITÉ, E, adj. treated, etc. V. Traiter. TRAITÉ, trê-ta, s. m. tract, treatise, dis-

course; treaty or agreement.

TRAITEMENT, trêt-mên, s. m. treatment. entertainment, usage; salary; honours (paid to;) attendance or care or medicines or dress-

ing, etc.
TRAITER, tre-ta, v. a. & n. to treat or handle, discourse of or upon, treat of or about, be upon a treaty or bargain, treat or compound for; to treat or use, deal with, act with, behave to; treat or entertain, give an entertainment to, dress meat; to cure, have under cure or under one's hands. Traiter de, to call, give the title of. Se bien trailer, to eat well, fare or live well.

TRAITEUR, tre-teur, s. m. cook (that keeps

an ordinary.)

TRAÎTRE, TRAÎTRESSE, trêtr, trê-três, adj. traitorous, treacherous, false, perfidious, daugerous

TRAÎTRE, s.m. traitor, betrayer, treacherous man.

Traîtresse, s. f. traitress, perfidious woman.
TRAÎTREUSEMENT, trè-trèuz-mên, adv. treacherously or traitorously.

TRAJECTOIRE, s. f. (in geometry) trajectory. TRAJET, tra-ze, s. m. way, passage, going or passing or crossing over, jaunt, trip.
TRAMAIL, tra-mal, s. m. trammel or drag-

net. TRAME, tram, s. f. woof; plot; (de la vie) course.

Tramer, tra-ma, v. a. to weave; to plot or contrive, brew.

TRAMONTAIN, s. m. tramontane.

TRAMONTANE, tra-mon-tan, s. f. north wind; north star; north. Gréco-tramontane, north-north-east. Mestre-tramontane, north-north-west. Perdre la tramontane, to be at a loss or beside one's self, be discomposed.

TRANCHANT, E, trèn-shèn, shènt, adj. sharp, cutting, strong, glaring.
TRANCHANT, trèn-shèn, s. m. edge. A

deux tranchans, two-edged.

TRANCHE, trènsh, s. f. slice, cut; edge. TRANCHÉ, E, trèn-sha, adj. cut, cut off, etc. V. Trancher.
TRANCHEE, s. f. trench or trenches, gripes

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TRANCHEFILE, trènsh-fil, s.f. bar in a shoe; head-band in a book; little chain about a bit. TRANCHEFILER, trensh-fi-là, v. a. to make head-bands for books.

TRANCHELARD, trènsh-làr, s. m. a cook's

great knife.

*Trancher, tren-sha, v. a. to cut or cut off; to decide, resolve, determine to speak or be plain; (parlant des couteurs) to glare, show. Trancher le mot, to speak the word, be plain. Truncher net, not to mince the matter; tell one's mind plainly. Trancher du, to set up for, assume the ways or character of.

TRANCHET, tren-she, s. m. shoe-maker's

cutting-knife.

TRANCHOIR, tren-shwar, s. m. trencher. TRANQUILLE, tren-kil, adj. quiet, still, calm, peaceable, undisturbed, sedate, com-

TRANQUILLEMENT, trèn-kil-mên, adv.

tranquilly, quietly, peaceably.
TRANQUILLISER, trên-kî-lî-ză, v.a. to quiet. Se tranquilliser, v. r. to grow quiet, be at rest. TRANQUILLITE, trèn-ki-li-ta, s. f. quiet,

ranquillity, calmness, sedateness.
TRANSACTION, tren-zak-sion, s. f. transac-

tion, agreement, articles.

TRANSCENDANCE, trèn-sen-dens, s. f. transcendence, transcendency.

TRANSCENDANT, E, trên-sên-dên, dênt. adj. transcendent.

TRANSCRIPTION, trens-krip-slon, s. f. tran-

scription or transcribing.
TRANSCRIRE, trens-krir, v. a. (like écrire)

to transcribe or copy.

TRANSCRIT, E, adj. transcribed, copied.

TRANSE, treus, s. f. trance, agony, pangs, apprehension of danger.

Transférer, trèns-få-rå, v. a. to trans-

fer, translate or remove, make over TRANSFIGURATION, trens-fl-gu-ra-sion,

s. f. transfiguration.

TRANSFIGURER, trens-fl-go-ra, v. a. to transfigure. Se transfigurer, v. r. to be transfigured.
TRANSFORMATION, trens-for-ma-slon, s. f.

transformation, transforming.

TRANSFORMER, trens-for-ma, v.a. to transform, turn, change. Se transformer, v. r. to

be transformed, turn, change.
TRANSFUGE, trens-fuz, s. m. deserter, turncoat

Transfuser, trèss-fû-zå, v.a. to transfuse TRANSFUSION, trens-fu-zlon, s. f. transfu-

sion Transgresser, trèns-gré-så, v. a. to

transgress, trespass, violate, go beyond. Transgresseur, trens-gre-seur, s.

transgressor, offender. TRAFSGRESSION, trèns-grê-slon, s. f. trans-

gression, transgressing.

TRANSI, E, adj. chilled, benumbed with cold. etc. V. Transir.

TRANSIGER, trèn-zì-ea, v. a. to transact,

TRANSIGEN, users—agree or covenant, article.
TRANSIR, trenstr, v. a. to chill or benumb, annul daunt. damp. Transir, v. n. to be appal, daunt, damp. Transir, v. n. chilled or benumbed, shiver; be afraid.

TRANSISSEMENT, tren-zls-men, s. m. chilness, numbness.

TRANSITI-F, VR, tren-sl-ilf, tlv, adj. transitive.

TRANSITION, trèn-z'-sion, s. f. transition, passing (from one thing to another.)

TRANSITGIRE, tren-zi-twar, adj. transito-

ry, transient.
*TRANSLATER, v. a. to translate.

TRANSLATEUR, s. m. translator.

TRANSLATION, trèns-là-sion, s. f. translation, removal.

TRANSMETTRE, trèns-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre)to make over, pass away, transmit, convey.
TRANSMIGRATION, trens-ml-gra-slon, s. f.

transmigration; emigration.
TRANSMIS, E, adj. made over, transmit-

ted, etc.

TRANSMISSIBLE, trens-mi-sibl, adj. con-

veyable.
TRANSMISSION, s. f. transmission

TRANSMUABLE, trens-mū-abl, adj. transmutable.

TRANSMUER, trèns-mû-å, v. a. to transmute, change or transform.

TRANSMUTABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being transmutable.

TRANSMUTATION, trèns-mû-tà-sion, s. f. transmutation, change

TRANSPARENCE, trèns-på-rèns, s. s. trans-

parency. TRANSPARENT, E, trêns-på-rên, rênt, adj.

transparent. TRANSPARENT, s. m. lines (placed under a leaf, to make one write straight;) oiled pa-

per (for transparencies.) TRANSPERCER, trèns-per-sa, v. a. to pierce or run through, transpierce

TRANSPIRABLE, trèns-pl-rabl, adj. perspirable.

TRANSPIRATION, trèns-pl-rà-sion, s. f. transpiration, perspiration.
TRANSPIRER, trèns-pl-rk, v. n. to trans-

pire, perspire. TRANSPLANTATION, trens-plen-ta-sion.

s. f. transplantation.

TRANSPLANTÉ, E, adj. transplanted, removed.

TRANSPLANTEMENT, s. m. transplanting. TRANSPLANTER, trens-plen-ta, v. a. to transplant, remove

TRANSPORT, trèns-pôr, s. m. transport, exporting, transporting or transportation, carporting, transporting or transportation, carriage, conveyance, assignment, transfer, going of a judge upon a contested spot, violent motion or transport, violent fit of rapture, ecstasy; (au cerveou) delirium, light-headedness. Bâtiment de transport, transport

TRANSPORTER, trèns-pôr-th, v. a. to trans-

port or export, remove or carry, transfer, convey or make over, pass away; to transport, put beside one's self. Se transporter, v. r. to go or repair; also to fly out into a passion.

TRANSPOSER, trèns-pô-zå, v. a. to transpose, misplace.

TRANSPOSITION, trest transposition, misplacing. trèns-pô-zî-sion, a. f.

TRANSSUBSTANTIATION, trèn sobs-ten-alå-sion, s. f. transubstantiation

TRANSSUBSTANTIER, trèn-sûbs-tên-sîå. v. a. to transubstantiate.

*Transsudation, s. f. transudation. Transsuder, tren-sd-da, v. n. to transude.

TRANSVASER, v. a. to decent

TRANSVERSAL, E, trèm-vêr-sâl, adj. transverse, transversel, athwart, crossing.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : fleki, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gêod.

TRANSVERSALEMENT, trèns-vêr-shì-mên, adv. athwart, across, cross-wise, TRANSVERSE, adj. transverse, being in a

cross direction

*Trantran, trèn-très, s. m. way, knack.

TRAPÈZE, s. m. trapezium.

TRAPÉZOIDE, s. m. trapezoid.

TRAPEZOIDE, S. in. trapezoid.
TRAPE, S. i. a trap-door, trap.
TRAPU, E, tra-pa, ph, adj. thick and short, strong-limbed, stubbed, squat.
TRAQUENARD, trak-nar, s. m. kind of ambling pace of a horse; ambling nag; brisk sort of a dance; trap.

TRAQUER, v. a. to make an enclosure for hunting.

TRAQUET, tra-ke, s. m. trap, snare; mill-clack or mill-clapper; a small bird.

TRAQUEUR, s. m. one of those employed in making an enclosure for hunting.

TRAVADE, s. f. whirlwind at sea.

TRAVAIL, tra-val, s. m. work, labour, pains, piece of work, (de martchal) trave, travel, travise; (pour accoucher) labour, trav-vail, (in the two last senses the plural is tra-vails.) Homme de travail, labourer. Traraux, works, labours. Notre équipage est ex-ténué de travail. Mar. our ship's people are

worked off their legs.

TRAVAILLÉ, E, adj. (from Travailler)
wrought, etc. also elaborate, done with exact-

TRAVAILLER, tra-va-fa, v. n. to work or be at work, labour, be busy; be about; to labour, be in pain; (parlant de bois) to warp; to work, ferment. Trurailler, v. a. to work; to labour, do with great care; (un cheval) to ride, manage; to trouble, disorder, discompose. Se travailler, to toil and moil, fret.

Travailler, Mar. to work, strain, etc. Le batiment travaille beaucoup par ce gros temps, the ship strains very much in this bad weather. Le câble travaille beaucoup, there is a great strain on the caple.

TRAVAILLEUR, tra-va-lbur, s. in. labourer; also pioneer.
TRAVAUX, V. Travail.

TRAVÉE, trà-va, s. f. space between two

joists.

TRAVERS, tra-ver, s. m. side or breadth; irregularity, whim, caprice, oddity. A travers, au travers de, prep. across, thorough or through. De travers, en travers, side-wise, cross, cross-wise. De travers, cross, across, cross-wise. De travers, cross, across, cross-wise, awry, a-skew, a-stope, the wrong way or side. Parler à tort et à travers, to talk inconsiderately.

Travers, Mar. Ex. Etre par le travers de,

to be off, be abreast of. En travers du vaisseau, athwart ship. Etre en travers, to be lying to. Mettre en travers pour attendre un canot, to heave to for a boat. Etre en travers à la lame, to be in the trough of the sea.

Prendre la marée en travers, to take the tide on the beam. La marée nous prend par le trapers, the tide takes us on the beam. Une frigate a monille par notre travers, a frigate has come to a breast of us. Monille par le travers de Belle-sle, at anchor off Belle-sle. Ce bâtiment est monille en travers de la passe, that ship rides athwart the channel. Le Foudroyant a un travers, the Foudroyant appears to great advantage when you are abreast of

TRAVERSE, trå-vers, s. f. cross way, short cut; cross piece of timber; cross in traverse (in fortification:) cross, trouble, mis-fortune, rub, disappointment. Se feter, venir à la traverse, to come between, fall across, cross or thwart.

TRAVERSÉ, E, adj. crossed, etc. V. Tra-

TRAVERSÉE, trå-ver-så, s. f. Mar. passage, run. Faire une traversée, to make a passage or run. Faire une belle traversée, to have a quick passage. Notre traversée a été très dure,

we have had a very rough passage.

TRAVERSER, traversa, v. a. to cross, go or pass over; go across or through, traverse, run through; thwart or cross, trouble, disturb, vex. Mar. Traverser vancre, to make the constant in the anchor. Traverser les voiles, to flat in the anchor. Mar. Traverser l'ancre, to fish the anchor. Traverser les voiles, to flat in the sails. Traverser une vergue, to cross a yard, get a yard across. Traverse la missime et les focs, flat in forward. Traverser une ringer à la fuveur des marées, to tide it over. Les boilles nous traversoient d'un bord à l'autre, boilles nous traversoient d'un bord à l'autre. the shot came in at one side of us and went out on the other. Traverser une escadre enne-

out on the other. Traverser time excave eme-mic, to cross through an enemy's fleet. TRAVERSIER, E, trâ-vêr-siâ, siêr, adj. Ex. Filite traversière, german flute. Barque traversière, packet-boat. Vent traversier, wind that blows right into a harbour, and hinders the sailing out of it; also wind that blows in such a direction as to enable a ship to proceed from one port to another and to

return without tacking.

TRAVERSIER, s. m. Mar. small fishing vessel on the coast of Rochelle; wind which prevents the sailing out of a harbour. Traversier d'écoutilles, gutter-ledge. Traversier de chaloupe, fore thwart of a launch or long boat. Le traversier de ce port est le nord, the north wind will prevent any ship from sailing out of that harbour

TRAVERSIN, trå-ver-sin, s. m. bolster;

beam of a balance.

Traversin, Mar. Traversin d'écoudille, gutter-ledge. Traversin de taquets, cross-piece of the main and fore sheet kevels and other kevels. Traversin des bittes, cross piece of the bitts. Traversin d'élingues, beams into which the pawis of the capstan are bolted. Traversins des baux, small carlings (placed between the beams in French ships of war.) Traversins (pour les pieds des rameurs) stretch-

ers.
TRAVESTIR, trå-ves-tir, v. a. to disguise; to travesty. Se travestir, v. r. to disguise

TRAVESTISSEMENT, trå-ves-tis-mer, s. m.

TRAYON, tre-yon, s. m. dug.
TRAYON, tre-yon, s. m. dug.
TRÉBUCHART, R. tra-bū-shēn, shēnt, adj.
that weight, of full weight.
TRÉBUCHARMENT, tra-būsh-mēn, s. m. fall,

downfall; offence or stumbling-block.

TRESUCHER, tra-ba-sha, v. n. to stumble, slip or trip; fall or tumble; fall, perish, come to ruin; also to be of full weight; to weigh

down another weight.

TRÉEUCHET, trà-bù-shè, s. m. weights:
gold weights; snare (for birds.)

TRÈFLE, trèfl, s. m. trefoil, clover, club
(at cards.) Trèfle d'eau, duck-bean.

Tréfle t, z, adj. (in heraldry) like trefoil

buse, bût : jeune, meute, peurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TREILLAGE, tre-laz, s. m. arbour-work, pole arbour, pole hedge.

TREILLE, trel, s. f. arbour, vine-arbour,

TREILLIS, trê-li, s. m. trellis; buckram; enckeloth.

TREILLISSAGE, s. m. pole hedge. TREILLISSER. trê-li-sa, v. a. to grate, cross-bar, lattice.

TREIZAINE, s. m. thirteen.

TREIZE, trez, adj. thirteen; (surnom) the thirteenth; (date) thirteenth.
TREIZIÈME, tre-zlem, adj. thirteenth.

TRELINGAGE, s. m. Mar. quilting. lingage de la bouce, slings of the buoy. linguge des lumbans sous les hunes, cat-harp-TRÉLUCHER, v. a. Mar. to gybe, shift

(lateen sails.)

TRÉMA, trâ-ma, s. m. (se dit des royelles §, 1, 0, lorsqu'elles sont marquées de deux points) discresis.

TREMBLAIR, trèn-blè, s. f. grove of asps or aspen-trees.

TREMBLANT, E, adj. trembling, shaking. TREMBLE, trembl, s. in. asp or aspen-tree.

TREMBLEMENT, trembl-men, s. in. trembling; quaking, shaking, shivering, fear; (de dents) chattering; (en musique) quavering, shake, trill. Tremblement de terre, earthquake.

TREMBLER, tren-bla, v. n. to tremble, quake or shiver, fear; (en musique) to quaver, make a shake.

TREMBLEU-R. SE, trên-blêur, bleuz, s. m. & f. one who is afraid; also quaker.

TREMBLOTANT, R, adj. trembling, quak-

ing, shivering. TREMBLOTER, trèn-blo-tà, v. n. to trem-

ble, quake or shiver. TRÉMIE, trà-mi, s. f. hopper or mill-hop-

per; measure for salt.

TRÉMOUSSEMENT, trà-moos-men, s. m. fluttering.

TRÉMOUSSER, trå-moo-så, v. n. to flutter. Se trémousser, v. r. to move or stir or flutter about, tremble, shake, quake, stir or bestir one's self.

TREMPER, tremps, s. f. temper or tempering (of iron:) disposition.

TREMPER, tremps, v. a. to dip, soak or

steep, imbrue: bathe (parlant des yeaz;) di-lute (parlant de vin;) temper (parlant de fer or d'acier.) Tremper, v. n. to soak or steep, souse; be concerned or have a hand in. TREMPIS, s. m. salt-fish water.

TREMPURE, s. m. trendle (of a mill.)
TRÉMUE, s. f. sort of hood or companion (to the batchway of a fishing-boat.)

TRENTAIN, tren-tin, s. m. (au jeu) thirty

TRENTAINE, s. f. thirty.

TRENTANEL, s. m. sort of plant used for dying.

TRENTE, trent, adj. thirty; (du mois) thir-

TRENTE-ET-UN, s. m. (jen) thirty-one.

TRENTE-ET-QUARANTE, s. m. (jeu) thirty-forty.

TRENTIÈME, trên-tièm, adj. thirtieth. TRENTIÈME, s. m. thirtieth part. TREOU, s. m. Mar. square sail.

TRÉPAN, trà-pen, s. m. trepan; trepauning.
TRÉPANER, trà-ph-nà, v. a. to trepan.

TREPAS, tra-pa, s. m. death, decease.

TREPASSE, E, adj. deceased, dead, de-

TRÉPASSÉ, s. m. dead body. Les trépas-

sés, the dead.
*Trépassement, tra-pas-mên, s. m. point

of death, decease, death.

TREPASSER, tra pa-sa, v. n. to die, depart

this life, give up the ghost.

TREPIDATION, s. f. trepidation.

TREPIDD, tra-pla, s. m. trevet; tripod.

Trépignement, tra-pign-mên, stamping, clattering motion with the feet.

TRÉPIGNER, trà-pl-gnà, v. n. to make a clattering motion with the feet, stamp with one's feet.

TRÉPOINT, trà-pwis, s. m. or TRÉPOINTE, s. f. well.

TRES. tre, adv. most, very.
TRESEAU, V. Trezeau.
TRESOR, tra-zôr, s. m. treasure; exchequer, treasury-chamber; treasury or treasure ry-house; charters, records.

TRÉSORERIE, trà-zôr-ri, s. f. treasury. TRÉSORIER, trå-20-rlå, s. m. treasurer.

Trésorière, s. f. treasurer-nun; a treasur er's lady.

TRESSAILLEMENT, trè-sal-men, s. m. start, starting or starting up.

TRESSAILLIR, tre-sa-fir, v. n. to start, start

up, leap.
TRESSE, tres, s. f. west, twist, tresses, hair. Tresse, Mar. sennit.

TRESSER, tre-sa, v. a. to weave, twist. TRESSEU-R, st, tre-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. weaver (of hair for wigs.)

TRESSOIR, tre-swar, s. m. frame to weave

hair.

TRÉTEAJ, trã-tô, s. m. trestle. TRÈVE, trèv, s. f. truce; intermission, rest, breathing-time.

TRÈVES, s. m. TREVES or TRIERS (in Germany.) TREUIL, treul, s. m. roll or axle-tree of a

hand mill. Mar. windlass or Spanish wind-TRÉVIRE, s. f. parbuckle, rope used as

slings.
*TREUVER, v. a. to find.

TREZEAU, s. m. eighth part of an ounce. Tri, s. m. a sort of game at cards. "Triacleur, tria-kleur, s. m. quack mountebank, seller of treache or theriaca.

TRIAGE, triaz, s. m. choice or choosing. TRIAIRES, s. m. pl. triarians.

TRIANGLE, tri-èngi, s. m. triangle. TRIANGULAIRE, tri-èn-gu-lèr, adj. trian-

TRIBADE, s. f. woman too familiar with a woman.

TRIBORD, s. m. Mar. starboard. tribord d'un bûtiment, starboard side of a ship. Tribord un peu, starboard. Tribord tout, hard a starboard. Sans venir sur tribord, mind your starboard helm. Fen tribord, fire the starboard guns.

TRIBORDAIS, S. m. starboard watch, starbowlines.

"TRIBOUILLEMENT, s. m. sudden trouble of the mind

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

*TRIBOUILLER, v. n. to be troubled, put in a flutter.

TRIBOULET, s. m. triblet. TRIBU, tri-bū, s. f. tribe, clan.

TRIBULATION, tri-ba-la-sion, s. f. tribulation, trouble, affliction, cross, adversity.

TRIBUN, trl-bun, s. m. tribune

TRIBUNAL, tri-bu-nal, s. m. tribunal. TRIBUNAT, trì-bû-mì, s. m. tribune's office and dignity.

TRIBUNE, trl-ban, s. f. rostrum, pulpit, gallery in a church.

TRIBURITIKN, NE, adj. tribunitial.

TRIBUT, tri-bû, s. m. tribute, tax, duty, custom, homage.

TRIBUTAIRE, tri-bå-ter, adj. & s. tribu-

tary.
TRICHER, trl-shå, v. a. to cheat, bubble.
TRICHERIE, trlsh-rl, s. f. cheating trick. TRICHEU-R, SE, trl-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f.

sharper, cheat.

TRICOISES, S. f. pl. pincers.
TRICOLOR, S. m. (plant) tricolor.
TRICON, trl-kon, s. m. gleek.

TRICOT. trl-ko s. m. cudgel.
TRICOTAGE. trl-ko-ta, s. m. knitting.

TRICOTER, trl-kô-tà, v. a. to knit; weav (lace.)

TRICOTETS, tri-kô-tê, s. m. pl. sort of dance, Cheshire round.

TRICOTEU-R, SE, trl-kô-têur, tcuz, s. m. & f. kuitter.

TRICTRAC, trik-trak, s. m. backgammon tables, the game itself.

TRIDE, adj. quick, swift.

TRIDENT, tri-den, s. m. trident.

TRIÉ, E, adj. (from Trier) picked, picked out, culled.

TRIENNAL, E, trl-ên-nâl, adj. triennial. Triennalité, trl-ên-nâ-ll-tâ, s. f. term of three years.

TRIENNAT. s. m. that lasts three years; for three years.

TRIER. tri-å, v. a. to pick or pick out, choose, cull.

TRIÉRARQUE, s. m. trierarch. TRIGAME, adj. & s. trigamist

TRIGAMIE, s. f. trigamy.

TRIGAUD. E, tri-go, god, ali & s. shuffler, shamnwr.

TRIGAUDER, trl-go-da, v. n. to shuffle. play foul.
TRIGAUDERIE, trl-god-rl, s. f. shuffling.

TRIGLYPHE, s. m. triglyph. TRIGONOMÉTRIE, trl-gô-nô-må-trl, s. f.

trigonometry.
TRIGONOMÉTRIQUE, adj. trigonometrical. TRIGONOMÉTRIQUEMENT, adv. trigono-

TRILATERAL, E, adj. trilateral; having three sides.

TRILLION, s. m. trillion, a million of milhons

*TRIMER, v. n. to haste, run.

TRIMESTRE, trl-mestr, s. m. quarter, term of three months.

TRIN or TRINE, adj. m. trine.

TRINGLE, tringl, s. f. curtain rod; a lath; wooden rule; triangle; bar with hooks on Tringle, which a butcher hangs his meat.

TRINITAIRE, tri-ni-ter, s. m. Trinitarian, Matnurin.

TRINITÉ, tri-ni-tà, s. f. trinity

TRINQUER, trin-ka, v. n. to drink, tipple, tope or carouse.

TRINQUET, trin-kê, or arbre de tringuet.

V. Mat.
TRINQUETTE, s. f. Mar. foresail of a curter or of a sloop-rigged vessel, fore stay sail TRIO, tri-o, s. m. musick in three parts,

three part song; triumvirate, company of three TRIOLET, trl-0-16, s. m. little piece of poetry of eight verses (the first repeated after the third, and the first and second repeated after the sixth.)

TRIOMPHAL, E, tri-on-fal, adj. triumphal. TRIOMPHALEMENT, adv. in a triumphant

TRIOMPHANT, E, trl-on-fen, fent, adj. triumphant, triumphing, victorious; glorious,

TRIOMPHATEUR, trl-on-få-teur, s. m. triumpher.
TRIOMPHE, tri-onf, s. m. triumph, victory.

Arc de triomphe, triumphal arch.
Triomphe, s. f. the trump card; trump.

TRIOMPHER, tri-on-fa, v. n. to triumph; to excel; be pleased. Triompher de, to triumph over, conquer, vanquish, subdue, master, glory cr pride in.

TRIPAILLE, trl-pal, s. f. garbage.
TRIPARTITE, adj. tripartite, divided into

three parts.

TRIPE, trip, s. f. tripe, gut, scrap; (tripe de relours) mock velvet. Tripe-madame, house-leek, tripmadam.

TRIPERIE, trîp-rl, s. f. tripe-house. TRIPETTE, s. f. little tripe.

TRIPHTHONGUE, s. f. triphthong. TRIPIER, E, trl-pià, pler, s. m. & f. tripeman or tripe woman.

TRIPLE, adj. triple, treble. TRIPLE, s. m. treble.

TRIPLE, E, adj. trebled.

TRIPLEMENT, tripl-men, adj. trebly; in three ways or manners.

TRIPLEMENT, s. m.threefold augmentation. TRIPLER, tri-pla, v. n. & a. to treble. TRIPLICITÉ, tri-pli-si-ta, s. f. triplicity.

TRIPLIQUER, v. n. to make a sur-rejoinder. TRIPLIQUES, s. f. pl. sur-rejoinder.

TRIPCLI, s. m. tripoly, rotten stone. TRIPOLI, E, adj. made bright, polished.

TRIPOLIR, v.a. to make bright, polish with

tripoly.
TRIPOT, trl-pô, s. m. tennis-court, gaming

house, bad company.
TRIPOTAGE, !rl-po-taz, s. m. mingle-mangle, medley, confused and disgusting mass. TRIPOTER, tri-po-la, v. a. to mash or make a mish-mash, jumble.

TRIPOTIER, E, s. m. & f. master or mistress of a tennis-court.

TRIQUE, trik, s. f. cudgel.

"TRIQUENIQUE, s. f. trifle.

TRIQUER, v. a. to cull and set aside.

TRIQUET, s. m. sort of battledore.
TRIREME, tri-rem, s. m. trireme; a galley with three benches of oars on a side.

TRISATEUL, tri-zh-yeul, s. m. great great grandfather.

Trisateule, tri-zà-yeul, s. f. great great grandmother.

TRISECTION, s. f. trisection. TRISSOTIN, s. m. triple fool. bone, bût : jeûne, mêute, beurre : emlant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TRISSYLLABE, tri-si-lab, adj. & s. m. trisyllabical, word of three syllables

TRISTE, trist, adj. heavy, sad, sorrowful, afflicted, cast down; sorry, melancholy, pensive, dull, dark, pitiful, grievous, tedious.

TRISTEMENT, trist-men, adv. sadly, sor-

rowfully, heavily.

TRISTESSE, tris-tes, s. f. sadness, heaviness, grief, sorrow; melancholy, pensiveness.
TRITHEISME, s. m. tritheism.

TRITHÉISTE, s. m. & f. tritheist.

TRITON, trl-ton, s. m. Triton.
TRITURABLE, trl-to-rabl, adj. triturable. TRITURATION, trl-td-ra-slow, s. f. tritura-

tion

TRITURER, tri-tû-râ, v. a. to triturate.

TRIVIAIRE, adj. where three ways meet. TRIVIAL, E, tri-vial, adj. trivial, ordinary. TRIVIALEMENT, tri-vial-men, adv. tri-

TRIVIALITÉ, trì-vià-lì-tà, s. f. trivialness. TRIUMVIR, trì-òm-vir, s. m. triumvir. TRIUMVIRAT, trl-om-vl-rå. s. m. triumvi-

rate.

TRUC, trôk, s. m. truck, exchange.

TROCAR, s. m. trocar (in surgery.)
TROCHANTER, s. m. (pron. ch like k) tro-

chanter (in anatomy.)
TROCHÉR, trô-shà, s. f. trochee.

TROCHET, tro-she, s. m. flowers or fruit growing in clusters.

TROCHISQUE, s. m. trochisk (a medicinal

cake.)

TROCHURE, s. f. trochings, TROENE, tro-en, s. m. privet (a shrub.)

TROGLODYTE, adj. & s. troglodyte.

TROGNE, trogu, s. f. phiz, face.

TROGNE, s. m. stump; core.
TROIS, trwa, adj. three; (surnom) the third; (date) third.

TROIS, S. m. three; (aux dés) trey.
TROISIÈME, trwa-ziem, adj. & s. third.
La troisième, the third form in a school.

Troisièmement, trwa-zièm-mên, adv. thirdly

*TROLER, tro-la, v. a. to carry up and down, lead about, stroll.
TROMBE, tronb, s. f. Mar. water-spout.

TROMPE, tromp, s. f. horn, hunter's horn;

TROMPE, tromp, S. I. norn, hunter's born; trumpet; jew's harp; proboscis or trunk, trunk (of a fly, bee, etc.) periwinkle, set of stones justing out for supporters In pl. spiral shells. Trompes de Fullope, Fallopian tubes. TROMPER, trom-på, v. a. & n. to deceive, delude, beguile, cheat, gull, trick, cozen, catch, bubble, chouse, divert or assuage. Se tromper, v. r. to mistake or be mistaken, be

tromper, v. r. to mistake or be mistaken, be ia an errour.

TROMPERIE, tromp-rl, s. f. cheating, cheat,

trick, deceit, fraud. TROMPETER, tromp-ta, v. a. to proclaim, trumpet, publish, blab out.

TROMPETTE, tron-pet, s. f. trumpet; a sackbut. Trempette marine, trump marine. Trompette parlante, speaking trumpet.

Trompette, s. m. trumpeter.

TROMPEU-R, SE, tron-peur, peuz, adj. & s. decentul, cheating, fallacious; cheat.

TRONG, tron, s. m. trunk, stump, stem, stock, family, church box or box for the poor; shaft (of a pillar;) dock of a horse's tail.

TRONCHET, a. m. three legged block (of a ecoper.)

TRONCON, tron-son, s. m. stump or broken piece : (de la queue d'un cheval) dock ; (de vigne, etc.) trunk. Tronçon de lance, trunked apear.

TRONCONNER, tron-so-ph, v. a. to shiver, break or cut in pieces.

TRÔNE, tròn, s. m. throne, crown

TRONQUER, tron-ka, v. a. to maim, mutilate, mangle; curtail, cut off, lessen or dimi nish, lame.

nish, iame.

Thop, trd, (the p pronounced before vowels,) adv. (with de or employed relatively) too much, in the singular; too many, in the plural; (when adding to a rerb) too much; (when adding to an adjective or adverb) 1.0. Pas trop, but little, not very, not much. Par trop, too, too much, over much.

TROP, s. m. excess, exuberance, superfluity

TROPE, trop, s. m. trope.
TROPHEE, tro-fa, s. m. trophy. Faire tro phée de, to boast of, glory or pride in. Tropique, trô-pik, s. m. tropick. Tropologique, trô-pô-lô-zik, adj. tropo

logical.

TROQUER, tro-ka, v. a. to truck, barter,

chop, exchange, swap.
TROQUEU-R, SE, tro-keur, keuz, s. m. & f. trucker, swappe

TROSSE, s. f. Mar. parrel (of a lateen yard.) TROT, tro, s. m. trot.

TROTTADE, s. f. a short ride on horseback

TROTTE. trot, s. f. way, jaunt, stretch.
"TROTTE. trot, s. f. way, jaunt, stretch.
"TROTTE-MENU, E, adj. small trotting.
TROTTER, tro-ta, v. n. to trot or be trot-

ting, run. TROTTEU-R, SE, tro-teur, teuz, s. m. & f

trotter, trotting horse, gadder.
TROTTIN, tro-tin, s. m. foot-boy, lackey.

TROTTINEE, v. n. to trot, run up and down TROTTOIR, tro-twar, s. m. foot-way or

TROTTOIR, tro-twar, s. m. foot-way or foot-path (along bridges, streets, etc.)

TROU, troo, s. m. hole, gap, orifice. Petit trou, (au jeu de paume) hazard. Troumadame, (espèce de jeu) troll-madame. Je n'en donnerois pas un trou (trognon) de chou, l would not give a fig or pin's p int far it. Trou, s. m. Mar. hole. Trou du chat, lubber-hole. Trous d'amure, holes of the chess trees. Trous de cap-de-mouton, holes of a dead cyc. Trous de cap-de-mouton, holes of a dead cyc. Trous de fecoutes, sheave-holes (in a stip's side, through which the main and fore sheets are rove.) Trous de la civadire, holes in the clues of a sprit-sail (to let out the water.) Trous de boulets, shot holes.

TROUBADOUR, z. m. troubadour (name given to the ancient poets of Provence.)

given to the ancient poets of Provence,
TROUBLE, troobl, adj. thick, muddy, troubled, turned, dull, cloudy.

TROUBLE, s. m. trouble, confusion, dis-turbance, disorder, broil.

TROUBLE-FÊTE, s. m. & f. troublesome guest.

TROUBLER, troo-bla, v. a. to trouble, make thick or muddy, turn; disturb, embroil, confound, put out, interrupt, hinder, spoil. Se troubler, v. r. to grow thick or muddy, turn; be over-cast; be out or confound one's self.

TROUE, E. adj. with a hole or holes. Les voiles de ce bâtiment sont toutes troues par les boulets, that ship's sails are full of shotholes.

TROUÉE, troo-à, s. f. opening or gap or breach (in a wood or hedge.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

TRUUER, troo-a, v. a. to make a hole or

TRUUER, troo-a, v. a. to make a hole or holes, break through. Se trouer, v. r. to grow full of holes.

TROUPE, troop, s. f. troop, company, band, set, gang, crew; (de pousons) shoal; (de foups) herd; (d'oies, etc.) flock. Troupes, troops, forces, men, soldiers.

TROUPEAU, troo-po, s. m. flock, drove,

TROUSSE, troos, s. f. quiver; (de barbier) case; truss, bundle, bunch. En trousse, behind (on horseback.) Trousse à peignes, comb-case. Trousses, trunk-breeches, trouse, trowsers. Aux trousses de, at the heels of,

in pursuit of.

TROUSSÉ, E, adj. tucked or pinned up, etc.

Bien troussé, well trussed, well set, well con-

TROUSSEAU, troo-so, s. m. (de ficches) quiver; (de clefs) bunch; (nippes, bifoux) wedding-clothes or jewels, paraphernalia.

TROUSSE-GALART, s. m. cholera morbus,

anyusog-ualant, s. m. cholera morbus, sharp violent disease which carries one off quickly.

TROUSSE-QUEUE, s. m. leather strap for a horse's tail

horse's tail, crupper.

TROUSSE-QUIN, s.m. sort of French saddle. TROUSSER, troo-sa, v. a. to truss or tie up, tuck up or in, pin up; to despatch or expedite.

TROUSSIS, troo-si, s. m. hem, folding, or

TROUVAILLE, troo-val, s. f. finding; thing found by chance, piece of luck. Droit de

trouvaille, trovage or salvage.

TROUVER, troo-va, v. a. to find, meet or meet with, find out, invent, contrive or devise, like. Aller trouver, to go to, go to see, wait upon. Se trouver, v. r. to meet, be wait upon. Se trouver, v. r. to meet, be found, be present, happen to be, appear, be, find one's self. Il ne s'en est pas bien trouve, be got nothing by it, he did not fare the better for it. Se trouver mad, to be taken sick. Trouver, v. a. Mar. to find. Trouver fond, to get bottom, strike soundings. Nous ne planes trouver fond à 170 brasses, we could not strike ground with a line of 170 fathoms.

"TRUAND, s. m. truant, idle rogue, vagabond.

*TRUANDAILLE, s. f. truants, beggars.

TRUANDE, s. f. quean, idle jade.
TRUANDER, v. n. to play the truant, mump

TRUANDERIE, s. f. beggar's trade.
TRUBLE, trubl, s. m. sort of little net.
TRUCHEMAN, trush-men, s. m. interpreter. *TRUCHER, v. n. to beg or mump.

TRUCHEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. beggar or mumper.

TRUELLE, trd-êi, s. f. trowel.
TRUELLÉE, trd-ê-lâ, s. f. trowelful.
TRUFFE, trdf, s. f. truffle.

TRUFFER, v. a. to deceive, cheat.
TRUIE, trul, s. f. sow (female swine.)
TRUITE, trult, s. f. trout. Truit. saumonee, salmon trout.

TRUITÉ, E, trůl-ta, adj. red spotted or speckled (like a trout.)

TRUMEAU, tru-mo, s. m. shin of beef; pier glass ; also pier or wall that parts two windows. Tv, th, pron. thou.

TUABLE, td-abl, adj. that can be killed. TUAGE, tå-å2, s. m. killing and dressing (of a hog.)

TUANT, E, tu-en, ent, adj. killing, toil some, laborious, tiresome. TU-AUTEM, s. m. main thing, short and

long (of a business.)
TUBE, tub, s. m. tube or pipe.
TUBERCULE, tuber-kul, s. m. tubercle

TUBÉREUSE, tử-bà-rêuz, s. f. tuberose. Tobéreu-x, se, adj. tuberous. Tubérosité, s. f. tuberosity.

TUBULÉ, E, adj. tubulous.
TUCHOU, interj. odsbud! zounds!
TUDESQUE, td-desk, s. m. old Teutonic

language.
TUDIKU! interj. odsbud! zounds!

Turn, tu-a, v. a. to kill, slay, murder; (& feu, la chandelle) to put out; (le temps) to pass away. Se tuer, v. r. to kill one's self. Se tuer le corps et l'ame, to toil and moil, take abundance of pains, be ready to die with fatigue.

TUERIE, s. f. slaughter, carnage, slaughter house.

TUE-TETE, tù-tet, adv. Ex. Crier à tue tele, to hawl.

TUEUR, id-eur, s. m. Un tueur de cochons, a hog butcher. Un tueur de gens, a bully.
TUF, idf, or TUFFEAU, s. m. soft gravel

stone, sandy stone.

TUIAU, V. Tuyau.

TUILE, tall, s. f. tile.

TUILEAU, tall-ri, s. f. tile-kiln. Les Tuileries, the Tuileries (a garden near the Louvre

TULLER, tolffå, s. m. tiler or tile-maker. TULIPE, tolffp, s. f. tulip. Tuméraction, tolma-fak-sion, s. f. tume-

faction.

TUMÉFIER, td-må-fia, v. a. to tumefy. TUMEUR, td-meur, s. f. tumour.

TUMULTE, th-malt, s. m. tumult, uproar, riot, bustle, stir.

TUMULTUAIRE, tā-māl-tā-èr, adj. tumul tuary, tumultuous, hasty, disorderly

tuary, tumultuous, hasty, disorderly.
TUMULTUAIREMENT, tû-mûl-îd-êr-mên
adv. tumultuarily, tumultuously, hastily.
TUMULTUKUSEMENT, tû-mûl-îd-êuz-mên, adv. tumultuously.

TUMULTUEU-x, se, tû-môl-tû-êu, êuz, adi.

tumultuous, riotous, seditious.

TUNICELLE, s. f. tunicle, short tunick, jacket or jerkin.

TUNIQUE, to-nik, s. f. tunick; tunicle.

TUORBE, tu-orb, s. m. theorbo.

Tuque, s. f. tarpawling. TUQUET, s. m. sort of owl.

TURBAN, tůr-ben, s. m. turban.

TURBE, s. f. troop, crowd.
TURBINE, F., adj. turbinated.
TURBINITE, s. f. turbinated shel

TURBITIR, s. m. turbith.
TURBOT, tūr-bō, s. m. turbot.
TURBOTIN, tūr-bō-tin, s. m. little turbot.

TURBULEMMENT, tår-bå-lå-men, adv. turbulently.

TURBULENCE, s. f. turbulence, turbulency. TURBULENT, E, tår-bå-len, lent, adj. turbulent, boisterous, mettlesome.

Turc, turk, s. m. Turk: Turkish language; sort of little worm that breeds between the bark and the wood of a tree. TURC, TURQUE, adj. Turkish. V. Turque.

TURCIE, s. f. mole, pier or levee.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TURELURE, tur-lur, s. f. burden of a song. C'est toujours la même turelure, it is always the same thing or way.

TURLUPIN, tdr-ld-pin, s. m. benterer, wit-less or silly buffoon, silly jester or fool; also sort of heretick in the fourteenth century.

TURLUPINADE, tur-id-pl-nad, s. f. silly

jest, silly way of jesting, banter.

TURLUPINER, dr-ld-pl-na, v. n. & a. to play the fool, be full of silly jests, banter, jeer, play upon.
Turlut, s. m. kind of lark.

TURPITUDE, tår-pl-tåd, s. f. turpitude. TURQUE, s. f. Turk or Turkish woman. A la turque, adv. after the Turks' way.

*TURQUERIE, S. f. cruelty, barbarity.
TURQUERIE, S. f. cruelty, barbarity.
TURQUERQUE, adj. Turkish. A la turquesque, after the Turkish way.
TURQUET, S. m. sort of little dog.
TURQUIR, tår-kin, adj. Ex. Bles turquin,

deep blue.

TURQUINE, s. f. sort of turquoise.

TURQUOISE, tur-kwaz, s. f. turquoise. TUTAYER, V. Tutoyer.

Tutélaire, tô-tâ-lèr, adj. tutelar, guardian.

TUTELLE, th-tel, s. f. guardianship or tuition

TUTEUR, tå-teur, s. m. guardian; defend-

er; protector, prop. Tutie, s. f. tutty

TUTOIEMENT, tu-twa-men, s. m. thouing, theeing. Le tutoiement, thee and thou, the words thee and thou.

TUTOYER, td-twk-yk, v. a. to thou, thee and thou, use thee and thou.

TUTRICE, tå-tris, s. f. guardian.

TUTAICE, lut-iris, S. I. guardidai.

TUTAICE, lut-iris, S. I. gipe; (d'une plume)
quill; (de cheminée) tunnel; (de soufflet) nozzle, ssout; (d'une pipe à famer) shauk; (de
chandelier) nozzle, (du blé, du chanore, etc.)
stalk. Monter en tuyan, to grow up. Tuyan,
s. m. Mar. hose. Tuyan d'une cheminée de cuisine, hood.

TYMPAN, tin-pen, s. m. tympanum, cog wheel of a mill, indented watch or clock wheel.

TYMPANISER, tin-på-ni-zå, v. a. to defame, slander, traduce or lampoon.

TYMPANITE, s. f. tympany. TYMPANON, tin-pa-non, s. m. dulcimer. TYPE, up, s. m. type, figure, shadow, mo-

Typique, ti-pik, adj. typical, allegorical.

TYPOGRAPHE, s. m. typographer.
TYPOGRAPHE, il-pô-gra-fl,s.f.typography.
TYPOGRAPHIQUE, il-pô-gra-flk,adj.typographical.

TYRAN, tl-ren, s. m. tyrant; usurper, tyrannical person.

TYRANNEAU, s. m. petty tyrant.

TYRANNICIDE, s. m. tyra: nicide. TYRANNIE, tl-ra-nl, s. f. tyranny, cruelty,

TYRANNIE, U-ra-in, s. 1. tyranny, crueny, oppression, tyrannical power.

TYRANNIQUE, il-râ-nik, adj. tyrannical, tyranaous, unjust, violent.

TYRANNIQUEMENT, il-râ-nik-mên, adv. tyrannically, tyranuously.

TYRANNISER, il-râ-ni-zâ, v. a. to tyranmise over, oppress, torment, constrain.

U, d, s. m. 21st letter of the French alpha-

UBERTÉ, s. f. abundance.

UBIQUISTE, û-bî-kûîst, s. m. ubiquitary person, doctor of divinity that belongs to no particular college, one who believes that the body of Christ is every where

UBIQUITAIRE, s. m. one who believes that the body of Christ is every where.

UBIQUITE, å-bl-kål-tå, s. f. ubiquity. ULCERATION, di-sa-ra-sion, s. f. u.ceration

ULCERE, al-ser, s. m. ulcer, running sore, wound

ULCÉRÉ, E, adj. (from Ulcère) ulcerated, ulcerous, troubled with an ulcer or ulcers.

ULCÉRER, ůl-så-rå v. a. to ulcerate, exulcerate, provoke, incense, imbitter, exaspe-

rate. ULTÉRIEUR, E, ûl-tå-rî-cur, cur. adj. ulte-

riour, farther, farthermost.

ULTINATUM, s. m. ultimatum.

ULTRAMONTAIN, E, Ol-trâ-mon-tin, tên,

adj. ultramontane.
Un, E, un, ûn, adj. & art. one, a, an. uns, some. C'est tout un, it is all one, it is the same thing, it is no matter. En donner d'une à, to put a trick or sham upon. Un à un, one after another.

UNANIME, u-na-nim, adj. unanimous, of

one mind or accord.

Unanimement, d-nå-nîm-mën, adv. unanimously, jointly, with one consent or accord.
UNANIMITÉ, d-nd-nl-ml-ta, s. f. unanimity,

common or general consent.

Uni, e, d-nl, nl, adj. (from *Unir*) united, etc. smooth, even, level, piain.
Uni, adv. even. A l'uni, level. Mettre d

l'uni, to level. Unième, d-nièm, adj. Ex. Vingt et untème,

UNIEME, d-nlem, adj. Ex. Vingt et imieme, one and twentieth or twenty-first.
UNIFORME, d-nl-form, adj. uniform, even, regular, of one fashion.
UNIFORME, S. m. regumental dress.
UNIFORMEMENT, d-ul-for-må-mån, adv. uniformity, consistently, after the same fashion.
UNIFORMITÉ, d-nl-for-ml-tå, s. f. unifor-

mity. UNIMERT, d-ni-men, adv. smooth, even, at an even rate, plain.

- Union, d-nion, s. f. union, conjunction combination, unity, concord, society, intelli gence, agreement.

Unique, d-nik, adj. only, sole; notable,

URIQUEMENT, û-nîk-mên, adv. only, sin-gularly, exclusively of all others, entirely,

without reserve. Unir, d-nir, v. a. to unite, join together, make (a horse) go an even gallop; also to smooth, level, make even. Sumir, v. r. to smooth, level, make even. Sunir, v. r. to unite or he united, join together; also to go an

even gallop.
Unisson, d-nl-son, s. m. unison. UNITAIRE, d-nl-ter, s. m. unitarian. Unité, d-nl-th, s. f. unity, unit.

Uniti-f, ve, adj. unitive. Univalve, d-ni-valv, adj. univalve.

Univers, d-nl-ver, s. m. universe, world, earth.

Universaliste, s. m. universalist, one who helieves universal grace

d-nl-ver-sa-ll-ta, a f Universality, generality

Universaux, V. Universel, s. m.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Universel, LE, &-nl-ver-sel, adj. univer-

sal, general.
Universal, s. m. Universale, pl. univer-

sal, predicable. Universellement, d-nl-ver-sei-men,

adv. universally, generally.
URIVERSITE, 0-nl-ver-sl-th, s. f. university.

UNIVOCATION, s. f. character or property of what is univocal.

Unanographie, s.f. description of beaven URBANISTES, s. f. pl. urbarists (sort of

URBARITÉ, ůr-bå-nî-tå, s. f. urbanity, civility, good manners or breeding, courtesy, politen

URE, s. m. sort of wildox, urus.

UREBEC, s. m. insect that gnaws the buds of trees

URETÈRE, s. m. ureter. URÈTEE, û-rèir, s. m. urethra.

URGERCE, s. f. urgency, pressure of difficulty

URGENT,E, dr-zen, zent, adj. urgent, press

ing, cogent.
URINAIRE, urinary. Mar. piss dale.
URINAI., û-rl-nâl, s. m. urinal.

URINATEUR, s. m. diver (for pearls, etc.)
URINE, å-rin, s. f. urine, stale, water.
URINER, å-ri-nå, v. n. to usine, stale, make

URINEU-X, SE, û-ri-nêu, nêuz, adj. uri-

URNE, årn, s. f. urn, pitcher, jar.

URSULINE, s. f. sort of nun.

Us, ûs. s. m. pl. ways, practice, custom. Les us et coutumes de la mer, the uses and customs of the sea or at sea.

Usage, d-zaz, s. m. usage, use, custom, way, fashion, common practice, using, wear, advantage, benefit, common pasture ground, commonage; book of devotion, prayer-book. USAGER, d-24-28, s. m. commoner.

USANCE, d-zens, s. f. usance, month; also

unciently, usage, custom, use.
Usa, x, adj. worn out or off. V. User.
User, d-za, v. a. to wear out or off; (en termes de miroitier) to polish ; (de chirurgie) to eat off. User de, v. n. to use, make use of. En user avec, to deal or do by, use, deal with. Suser, v. r. to wear out or off, decay, waste.

USER, d.-zh, s. m. wear, service. Il est bon & Puser, he is a very obliging or officious man. Usiré, E., d.-zl-th, adj. used, in use, usual, common, ordinary.

USQUEBAC, s. m. usquebaugh.
USTENSILE, ds-tèn-sil, s. m. utensil; implement, tool, tackling, piece of furniture; also free quarters or the use of kitchen tackling, free, salt and caudle (furnished soldiers.) Ustensiles, Mar. tools, utensils. Ustensiles de calfat, calker's tools. Ustensiles de pêche, fish-

ustion, s. f. ustion, burning, calcination.

USUCAPTION, S. f. usucaption.
USUCASSION, V. Prescription.
USUEL, LE, d-zdel, adj. usual, common, ordinary.

Usuellement, adv. usually, commonly. Usufructuaire, d.zd-frdk-td-cr, adj. usufractuary.

Usuru r, a-sa-fral, s. m. usufruct.

Usufruitier, E, å-2å-frål-tlå, tler. s. m. usufructuary.

Usuraire, û-zû-rêr, adj. usurious. Usurairement, û-zû-rêr-mês, adv. in a

usurious manner. Usure, 6-zur, s. f. usary, unlawful use or

interest; also wearing, wearing out.
USURIER, E, ŭ-zŭ-ria, rier, s. m. & f. usu-

USURPAT-EUR, RICE, d-zdr-på-teur, tris, s. m. & f. usurper USURPATION, d-zdr-pa-sion, s. f. usurpa-

tion.

Usurper, û-zûr-pâ, v. a. to usurp. UT, at, s. m. ut (musical note.)

UTÉRIN, E, û-th-rin, rin, adj. uterine. UTILE, adj. useful, of use, beneficial, pro-

fitable, serviceable, good, advantageous.
UTILE, u-ill, s. m. utility. Joindre Putile à l'honnéte, to join what is honest and profitable together. Joindre l'agréable à l'utile, to join profit to pleasure.

UTILEMENT, &-til-men, adv. usefully, pro-

fitably, to good purpose.

UTILITÉ, å-tl-ll-tå, s. f. utility, usefulness,

benefit, advantage, profit, use.
Uv EE, s. f. uvea (one of the tunicks of the

eye.)
UVULE, û-vûl, s. f. palate, uvula.
UZIFUR, s. m. cinnabar.

V, va, ve, s. m. 22d letter of the French

alphabet.

VA, va, (imperative of the verb aller) go; done; (third person of the pres. indic.) goes,

VA-TOUT, va-too, s. m. Faire va-tout or un va-tout (à certains jeux) to sweep the stakes. VACANCE, va-kans, s. f. vacancy. Vacances,

pl. holy-days; vacation.
VASANT. E, va-kan, kant, adj. vacant,

void; empty.
Vacarme, vå-kårm, s. m. noise, stir, bustle, hurly-burly, tumult, uproar.
Vacarios, vå-kå-slore, s. f. trade, calling,
profession; time, sisting. Vacations, s. f. pl. vacution.

f;

VACHE, våsh, s. f. cow; (cuir de rache) neat's leather. Vache de Russie, Russia leather. Vache de loit, milch cow or any source of profit. Poil de vache, red hair.

VACHER, z. vå-shå, shèr, s. m. & f. cow-

herd, cow-keeper.

VACHERIE, vash-ri, s. f. cow-house.

VACIET, s. m. blackberry or whortleberry

VACILLANT, E, vå-sil-len, lent, adj. reeling, staggering, waggling; wavering, irreso-

luie, uncertain.
VACILLATION, vå-sil-lå-sion, s. f. vacillation, reeling, flaggering; wavering, uncertainty; (d'un vaisseau) rolling,
Vaciller, va-sil-là, v. n. to reel, stagger,

waggle, shake, totter, joggle, be wavering or irresolute.
VACUITÉ, vå-kůl-tå, s. f. vacuity.

VADE, s. f. go or stake (in gaming.)

VADÉ-MECUM, s. m. vade-mecum.
VAGABOND, E, va-gà-bon, bond, adj. wan-dering, vagrant, rambling.

VAGABOND, s. m. vagabond.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Jer, be vagabond. VAGIN, s. m. vagina

VAGIR, E. M. Vagina.
VAGISSEMENT, vå-zis-men, s. m. squall or squalling (of children.)
VAGUE, våg, adj. vague, loose, indefinite,

indeterminate, unconfined, uncertain, rambling, extravagant.

VAGUE, s. m. Le vague de l'air or des airs. the airy way, the airy plains.

VAGUE, s. f. wave, surge, billow.

VAGUEMENT, våg-mcn, adv. in a vague or indeterminate manner.

VAGUEMESTRE, s. m. master of the wagons (in an army.) *VAGUER, va.ga, v. n. to wander, rove or

range about, stray or straggle, ramble.
VAIGRAGE, s. m. Mar. ceiling or foot-wail-

VAIGRE, s. f. Mar. plank or clamp or piece VAIGRE, S. t. mar. prans or campo pro-of thick stuff (used in the ceiling of a ship.) Vaigres épaisses, thick stuff. Vaigres de fleurs, thick stuff and ceiling placed next to those about the floor-heads. Vaigres de fond, thick stuff and ceiling placed next to the keel, over all the floor timbers. Vaigres d'empâture, thick stuff and ceiling placed between

the floor-heads and the clamps.

VAIGRER, v. a. Mar. to place the planks and thick stuff of a ship's ceiling.

VAILLAMMENT, va.d.-men, adv. valiantly, stoutly, courageously. "Vaillance, va.dens, s. f. valour, bravery,

courage, stoutness. VAILLANT, E, và-lèn, lent, adj. valiant,

stout, brave, courageous.
VAILLANT, vallen, s.m. all a man is worth,

a man's estate. Il n'a pas quatre sous vaillant, he is not worth a groat

*VAILLARTISE, va-len-tlz, s. f. valiantness, prowess, achievement, feats.

VAIN, E, vin, ven, adj. vain, fruitless, unprofitable, empty, foolish, frivolous, vain-glo-rious, proud, haughty; faint, sultry. En vain, vainly, in vain.

VAIRCRE, vinkr, v. a. to vanquish, subdue, conquer, worst, get the better of, overcome, surmount, master, outdo, surpass. Se vaincre, v. r. to conquer one's self, etc. Se laisser

vaincre à, to yield to, give way to.
Vaincu, E, adj. vanquished, subdued, overcome or conquered.

VAINCU, s. m. one that is vanquished or

VAINEMENT, vên-mên, adv. vainly, in vain,

to no purpose. VAIRQUEUR, vin-keur, s. m. (from Vain-

value or victor or vanquisher.

Value or victor or vanquisher.

Value or value (is heraldry.)

Value, s. m. vaire (is heraldry.)

Value, s. adj. vairy.

VAIRON, vê-ron, adj. Qui a l'œil vairon, wall-eyed or silver-eyed, that has one eye different from the other.

VAISSEAU, ve-so, s. m. vase; vessel; also vein or artery; and interior of a building, or

Vaisseau, Mar. ship, vessel, sail. Vaisseau bien battant, ship that carries her guns a good beight out of the water. Vaisseau que a beaucoup d'apparence, shir that appears to be of greater force than she is. Vaisseau qui a peu d'apparence, ship that appears to be of less RR

*VAGABONDER, vå-gå-bon-då, v.n.to wan- " force than she is. Vaisseau qui capeye bien, ship that lies well to in a gale of wind. Vais-seau d'approvisionement, store-ship. Vais-seau (in English, ship) properly means a vessel of war or of great burden, but as it is often considered synonymous with Bâtiment and Navire, see their also.

VAISSELLE, ve-sel, s. f. dishes and plates. Vaisselle d'étain, pewter. Vaisselle d'or or

Val., val, s. m. valley, dale. Les vaux de Cernai, the valleys of Cernai Courir par Cernai, the valleys of Cernai Courir par monts et par vaux, to run over hill and dale,

monts at par value, we run up an analysm, run up and down or every where.

VALABLE, vå-låbl, adj. valid, good, faw, allowable, good in law, done in good form.

VALABLEMENT, vå-låbl-niën, adv. Ex. Un pupille ne peut pas contracter valablement, one under age cannot make a legal or valid con-

VALANT, worth: part. of Valoir. VALANT. s. m. V. Vaillant, s. VALÉRIANE, s. f. valerian.

VALET, vå-le, s. m. man-servant, ALET, Valet; aux curtes knave; (à débotter) jack or boot jack; (crochet de fer) holdfast; (de porte) weight of a pully door; (de miroir) desk of a table looking-glass. Faire te bon valet, to be too officicus. Valet, Mar. Valet valet, to be too officious. Valet, Mar. Valet de menuisier, holdfast. Valet à canon, jack. Valet de la soute au pain, jack of the bread room.

VALETAGE, s. m. service, the being a servant.

VALETAILLE, vål-tål, s. f. pack of inferior men servants, footmen.

VALETER, våll-tå, v. n. to drudge, wait,

trot, attend, criage.

VALÉTUDINAIRE, vå-lå-då-då-ner, adj.
valeudinary, infirm, sickly.
VALEUB, vå-låur. s. f. valour, courage,
stoutness, bravery; value, worth, price; import, meaning, signification. La valeur de, a matter of, about, as much as, the worth of.
VALEUREUSEMENT, va-leu reuz-men, adv.

valiantly, bravely, stoutly.
VALEUREU-X, SE, va-leu-reu, reuz, adj. valiant, stout, brave, courageous.

*VALIDATION, va-ll-da-sion, s. f. confirm-

ing, ratifying.
VALIDE, vå-lld, adj. valid, legal, good in
law. Mendiant valide, sturdy beggar.
VALIDEMENT, vå-lld-men, adv. validly,

legally.
VALIDER, vå-li-då, v. a. to ratify or con-

firm, make valid VALIDITÉ, và-lì-dì-tà, s. f. validity, the be-

ing good in law.

VALISE, vå-lk, s. f. cloak-bag, portmanteau.

VALLÉE, vå-lk, s. f. side of a hill, ascent or descent of it; also valley, vale, dale or bottom; and place (at Paris) where poultry and game are sold.

VALLON, valon, s. in. valley or dale. VALUE, value, and value of worth, be of some value, be good for worth, procure, yield, stand for, be good for. Ne radior rien, to be good for nothing, be worth nothing. Valor son prir, to be worth something Valor mieux, to be better. A ruloir sur, in part of, on account of. Faire valoir, to improve, make the best or most of, set off, lay great or much stress upon, make good, claim and probar, bat, base : thère, cbb, over : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

secute. Se faire valoir, to mamman right or claim or title, keep one's importance; also to put one's self forward. Vaille que vaile, tout coup vaille, at all hazards. Ne faire rien qui vaille, to do quite wrong. Un homme qui ne vaul rien, a man of no principles, a knave, a roque. Un averti en vaul deux, forewarned, forearmed.

VALVE, s. f. shell.

VALVULE, val-val, s. f. valvule, valve. VAMPIRE, ven-plr, s. m. sort of spirit or

goblin, sort of large bat.

Van, ven, s. m. winnowing van or fan, cib-

VANDOISE, s. f. dace (fish.). VARILLE, vå-pil, s. f. vanilla (plant.) VANITÉ, vå-ni-tå, s. f. vanity, emptiness,

pride, vain-glory, presumption.

VANITEU-X, se, adj. full of vain-glory. VANNE, van, s. f. flood-gate, water-gate. VANNÉ, z., adj. (from Vanner) winnowed.

VARNERIE, vå-nå, s. m. lapwing. VANNER, vå-nå, v. a. to winnow. VANNERIE, vån-ri, s. f. basket-making.

VANNET, s. m. (in heraldry) scollop shell.
VANNETTE, va.net, s. f. flat and shallow busket.

VANNEUR, vå-neur, s. m. winnower.

VANNIER, vå-nåk, s. m. basket-maker.
VANTAIL, vå-nåk, s. m. leaf of a folding-door or window abutter.
VANTARB, E, vå-når, tård, adj. boaster,

VANTER, ven-th, v. a. to cry up, commend, praise or extol. Se vanter, v.r. to vaunt, boost, brag, glory or vapour, commend or praise or extol one's self. Se vanter d'une chose, to pretend to a thing, undertake a

VANTERIE, vent-ri, s. f. boasting, glorying,

VANTEUR, s. m. boaster.

VAPEUR, va-peur, s. f. vapour, fume, steam; smoke; in pl. vapours, hypochondria.

VAPOREU-X, SE, vå-pô-rèu, rèuz, adj. vaporous, full of vapours, flatulent.
VAQUANT, V. Vacant.
VAQUER, vå-th, v. n. to be vacant or void, be amply the investment. be empty, be in vacation time, not to sit. quer à, to attend or mind, apply one's self

VARANGUE, vå-rèng, s. f. Mar. floor-timber.

Varangue plaie, flat floor-timber.

Varangue
fort acculée, rising floor-timber.

Varangue
accure and timbers. acculees, croiches or floor-timbers, afore and abent. Varyagues demi-acculées, floor-timbers placed between the crotches and the midship floor-timbers. Varyagues de fond, midship floor-timbers. Varangues de fond, midship floor-timbers. Varangues de porques,

VARE, s. f. measure of an ell and a half. VARECH, s. m. sea-weed; also wrack or

wreck.

VARENNE, s. f. extent of ground or liberties kept for a prince's game, warren; uncultivated ands.

VARIABILITÉ, s. f. variableness. VARIABILE, va-rl-abl, adj. variable, changeable, fickle, uncertain,

VARIANT, E, vå-rl-en, em, adj. variable, changeable, fi kle, uncertain.

VARIAN FE", va-rl-ent, s. f. pl. various read-

VARIATION, vå-ri-å-slon, s. f. variation. change, alteration, inconsistency, contraction Mar. Variation nord-est, east variation. Variation nord-ouest, west variation. La variation et la dérive sont du même côté, the variation and the lee way are on the same side.

VARICE, vå-ris, s. f. swollen vein.

VARIER, vå-rl-å, v. a. to vary, or diversify. Varier, v. n. to vary, alter or change, be fickle or unsteady, falter. Mar. Les vents varient beaucoup sous ces îles, the winds are very variable under those islands. Le brassiage ne varie pas dans toute cette passe, the depth of water is the same all through this channel

VARIÉTÉ, vå-ri-å-tå, s. f. variety. VARIQUEU-X, SE, adj. varicous.

VARLET, s. m. page.
VARLOPE, s. f. large plane.
VASCULAIRE, vås-kh-ler, adj. vascular.
VASC, s. m. vessel, vase. Vase de fatence, fine Dutch ware. Vases de pore-laine, Caina ware.

Vase, s. f. mud, slime, mire, dirt.

VASEU-X, SE, vå-zèu, zèuz, adj. muddy, miry, onzy.

Vassal, E, vå-sål, s. m. & f. vassal, tenant

in fee.

VASSELAGE, vas-laz, s. m. vassalage.
Vassoles, des écontilles, s. f. pl. Mar.
coamings of the hatches.

VASTE, vast, adj. vast, large, spacious, great.

VA-ET-VIENT, s.m. Mar. pass-rope made fast to a ship and to a wharf (by means of which a boat may be hauled backwards and forwards by one man.)

VAU, Ex. Tout est à van l'eau, all goes to

wreck, all's lost.

VAU-DE-ROUTE, Ex. A rau-de-route, in confusion. Mettre une armée en vau-de-route, to rout an army.

VAUDEVILLE, vôd-vîî, s. m. baîlad. VAURIEN, vô-riên, s. m. idle rascal or rogue.

good for nothing wretch. VAUT, V. Valoir.

VAUTOUR, vo-toor, s. m. vulture.
VAUTRAIT, vo-tre, s. m. equipage for the hunting of wild boars.

Vautrer, vô-tra, v. a. to tumble. Se rosstrer, v. r. to tumble, wallow, welter, grovel.
VAUX, V. Val.

VAVASSEUR, s. m. vavasour.

VAYASSORERIE, s. f. estates of a vavasour. VAYVODE, s. m. vayvode (sort of prince or governour.)

VEAU, vo, s. m. calf; (chair de veuu) veal; (ruir de veau préparé) calf-skin, calf; alse silly fool, simpleton. Avoir une sièvre de only root, simpleton. Aron une fiere de reus, to have a little shivering.

VEAUTRER, V. Vautrer.

VÉCU & VÉCUSSE, V. Vivre.

VEDETTE, vé-dét, s. f. sentinel on horse hack, scoul secution and hack.

back, scout, scout watch.
VELLER, V. Véler.
VÁGÍTABLE, vå-zå-tàul, adj. capable of

growing, vegetative.
VEGETAL, vå-så-tål, s. m. vegetable.
VEGETAL, E, adj. vegetable, vegetive. VÉGÉTANT, adj. growing, vegetating. VÉGÉTATI-F, VE, vå-så-tå-lå, dv. adj

vegetative

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VEGETATION, va-za-ta-slon, s. f. vegetaion, growth.
VEGETAUK, s. m. pl. vegetables.

· VEGETER, vå -: d-iå, v.n. to vegetate, grow. VÉHÉMENCE, va.a.mens, s. f. vehemence

эг vehemency, impetuosity. VEHEMERT, E, vå-å-men, ment, adj. vehement, cager, sharp, violent, boisterous, fierce,

#2 FRESI

VEHEMENTEMENT, adv. vehemently. VÉHICULE, vå-Î-kål, s. m. (terme de phy-sique) vehicle. Cette considération a servi de réhicule pour le résondre, this has made him esolve upon the business.

VEILLANT, E, adj. awake, awaking. VEILLE, vel, s. f. watching, waking, siting up; watch or part of the night. La veille de, the day before or preceding, the eve or vigil of. A la reille de, upon the brink of, near, within a few moments of, etc. Chandelie de ceille, rushlight or rush caudle. Veilles, lucubrations, labours, study, business

Veille, s. f. Mar. La bouée est à la veille, the buoy waches. L'ancre de ce bâtiment n'est-elle pas à la veille? is not that ship's anchor a

cock-bill ?

VEILLÉ, F. adj. watched, etc. V. Veiller.
VEILLÉE, vê-fâ, s. f. night's rendezvous
for neighbours and friends to pass friendly
and socially, either at work or in diverting
themselves; some part of the long winter's

mights.

VEILLER, ve-la, v. a. & n. to watch, sit up in the night; wake, be or lie awake; be ap in the night; wake, be or lie awake; be vigilant or watchful, have an eye upon, mind or take care of. Veiller sur soi-même, to be vigilant or watchful, stand upon one's guard. Veiller sur quelqu'un, to watch one, have an eye or a watchful eye upon one. Veiller quelqu'un, to watch or observe one, have an eye or a watchful eye upon him. Veiller, v. Mort owatch autoni to take care of Veille. n. Mar. to watch, attend to, take care of. Veille, ceille, watch, watch, (words passed from the man who heaves the deep sea line to those who hold the line, all of whom in their turns repeat the same on dropping the coil from their hands.) Veille bien de l'avant, look well out afore there. Veille bien aux signaux, keep a good look out for signals. Veille aux drisses de perroquet, stand by the top-gallant haliards. Veille aux écoutes des huniers, stand by the topsail sheets. Veille aux feux dans la cambuse, take care of the lights in the steward-room.

VEILLEUR, s. m. watcher. VEILLEUSE, s. f. little lamp that burns all

uight long in a bed-room.
VEILLOIR, s. m. shoe-maker's stool for his tools or candle.

VEILLOTE, ve-18t, s. f. mow or little heap of hay.

VEINE, vên, s. f. vein; (du bois) grain. VEINÉ, E, vê-na, adj. veiny, streaked. VEINEU-X, SE, vê-neu, neuz, adj. veiny,

full of veins. VÊLER, vê-lå, v. n. to calve, bring forth a

VÉLIN, vå-lin, s. m. vellum. VÉLITS 3, s. m. Velites (sort of light-armed vellette, vel-la-l-ta, s. f. velleity.

VÍLOCE, adj. quick, sw'ft (in astronomy.) VÍLOCITÉ, vå-16-si tå, s. f. velocity. swiftse, nimbleness

VELOURS, vêllor, s. m. velvet. Chemin as

velours, carpet way.
VELOUTE, E, veloo-ta, adj. velvet, velvetlike, tufted; strong bodied (speaking of redwine.)

Velouté, vê-l3o-tå, s. m. velvet-lace.

VELOUTIER, s. m. velvet-maker. VBLU, E, ve-ld, lu, adj. hairy.

VKNAISON, ve-ue-zon, s. f. venison, venison

time or season; suet of venison, grease, fat. VÉNAL, E, vå-nål, adj. venal, vendible, mercenary.

VÉNALEMENT, vå-uål-men, adv. in a venal manner, mercenarily

VÉNALITÉ, vå-nå-il-tå, s. f. venality. VENANT, ve-uen, s. m. (from Venir) comer.

VEND. V. Vendre.

VENDABLE, adj. that may be sold. VENDANGE, ven-denz, s. f. vintage; vin-

tage-time.
VENDANGE, E, adj. (from Vendanger) the grapes whereof are gathered. Tout est vendanger, all is gone, all is lost or gone to wreck.
VENDANGER, ven-den-sh, v. a. to gather (the grapes,) sweep away or off; v. n. Ex. On vendangera dans quinze jours, the vintage will begin a fortnight hence

Vendangeu-R, se, vên-dên-zêur, zeus, s.

m. & f. vintager, grape-gatherer.

VENDERESSE, vend-res, s. f. (law term)
vender, seller. V. Vendeur.

VENDEU-R, se, vên-dêur, deuz, s. m. & f. seller. Vendeur d'écailles, oyster-man. Vendeur de marée, fish-monger. Vendeur de charbon, coal-man. Vendeuse de fruits, fruiterer, fruit-woman. Vendeur de mithridate. quack. fruit-woman. Vendeur de m mountebank. V. Venderesse.

VENDICATION, s. f. vindication, claiming,

challenging, claim.

VENDIQUÉ, E, adj. vindicated, claimed, challenged.

VENDIQUER, v. a. to vindicate, challenge or claim.

VENDITION, s. f. vendition, sale.

VENDRE, vendr, v. a. to sell, part with or
make over (for a certain price;) to betray.

Se vendre, v. r. to be sold; to fall or go of; to hetray one's self, sell or betray one another. Une chose à rendre, a thing to be sold. Expe-ser une chose à vendre, to expose for sale or to be sold. Vendre tout, to sell all off.
VENDREDI, vendr-di, s. m. Friday.

VENDU, E, adj. (from Vendre) sold or sold

off, etc.

VERÉ, E, adj. (from Vener) hunted. Viande vence, tainted meat, meat that smells as strong as hunted venison.

Vánéfice, vå-nå-fls, s. m. venetice, poisoning.

VENELLE, vê-nel, s. f. Ex. Enfiler la ve nelle, to scamper er run away, make une's escape.

VÉMÉNEU-X, SE, vå-nå-neu, neuz, adj. venomous, poisonous.

VENER, ve-na, v. a. to hunt. Faire vener de la viande, to keep meat till it smells liks venison, or is tainted.

VÉNÉRABLE, vå-nå-råbl, adj. venerable. VÉNÉRATION, vå-nå-rå-slon, s. î. venerabar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

VENERER, vå-nå-rå, v. a. to venerate, reverence, bonour, respect VENERIE, van-ri, s. f. venery, hunting of

VÍNÍRIEN, NE, vå-nå-rlên, rlên, adj. venereal, venereous

VENETTE, s. f. fright, disquiet, uneasiness. VENEUR, vê-neur, s. m. hunusman. VENGEANCE, vên-zêns, s. f. vengeance, re-

VENGER, ven-zå, v. a. to revenge, avenge, vindicate, take vengeance tor. Venger un affront. Be venger de, to be revenged of, take

vengennce for, revenge oue's self upon.
VENGEUR, ERESSE, ven-zeur, venz-res,
adj. avenger, revenger, revengeful, of revenge

er vengeance.

VENGEUR, s. m. revenger, avenger VENIEL, LE, va. niel, adj. venial. VENIELLEMENT, vå-niel-men, adv. Ex.

Pécher véniellement, to commit a venial sin. VÉNIMEU-X, SE, và-nl-mèu, mènz, adj. venomous or poisonous, malignant.

WENIR, ve-nir, v. n. venom, poison, viru-nry, spite, grudge, malice, hatred. WENIR, ve-nir, v. n. to come; be coming;

Vania, ve-nir, v. n. to come; we come; be come in, arrive; to come apon, chance, happen, fail out; to come of fail to; to come of, be born or descended; to issue, run; to proceed; to grow, thrive. Vestr bien, to fit, bocome, suit. Venir faute de, to fail, die. Il en faut eenir là, all must die. En venir, te come to, use. En venir à son honneur, to come off with honour. S'envenir, to come or chance or happen to do, to say, etc. Venir d'arrive, etc. to come or chance or happen to do, to say, etc. Venir d'arriver, to be just arrived. Venir de faire, to have just done. A venir, to come, future.

Venir, v. n. Mar. to come, etc. Venir an ment, to come to the wind. Vener en travers, to bring to, heave to. Venir sur tribord or sur babord, to haul to starboard or to port. Sans venir sur båberd, mind your port-below.
Sans venir sur tribord, mind your starboardhelm. Sans venir sur aucum bord, keep her to
a small helm. D'où venez vous? where (do you come) from ? Le bâtiment vient toujours au vent, the ship still comes to. Ces batimens viennent avec la brise, those vessels are bring-ing up the breeze with them. Voilà un canot ing up the breeze with them. Folia wre carnoma vient de bord, there is a boat coming aboard. It nous vient des grenauses de terre à chaque instant, we get little showery squalls from the land every moment. Le général a fait signal à la frégate de venir hai parler, the admiral has made the frigate a signal to come within hait. La chaloupe vient de faire de l'eau, the langel is instructured from watering. Notre launch is just returned from watering. Notre escadre vient de faire une croisière, our fleet is just returned from a cruise.

VENT, ven, s. m. wind, gale, air; vent, scent; wind or breath; inkling, bint, notice; vanity, emptiness. Donner vent à un tonneau, or à une liqueur, to give vent to a cask or to a liquor. Ce cheval a du vent, that horse begins to be pursy or short-winded. Prendre le vent, to wind or scent. Le vent du bureau, the knowledge of the turn that things are likely to take.

Vent, s. m. Mar. wind. Les vents, the wind, the winds. Vent favorable, fair wind. Vent contraire, foul wind. Vent de bouline or rent

qui refuse, scant wind. Vents dominans, reigning winds. Vent de bout, wind right an end. yent arriver or en poupe, wind right aft. Vent par le travers, wind upon the beam. Vent par le bossoir, wind upon the bow. Vent par par le bossoir, wind upon the bow. Vent par la hanche, wind upon the quarter. Vent échars or qui saute, shifting or veering wind, wind that veers often. Vents variables, variable winds. winds. Vents periodiques, periodical winds. Vents généraux et constans, general and constant winds. Vents de terre et de mer, land and sea-breezes or winds. Vent dessus, situ-Vent dedans, ation of the sails that are full. situation of the sails that are laid aback. Vent dessus, vent dedans, lying to. Au vent, to windward. Sous le vent, to leeward. Contre vent et marée, against wind and tide. Prendre vent devant, to be taken aback by a shift of wind. Faire prendre rent or vent devant à un vaisseau, to stay a ship. Mettre la barre au vent or sous le vent, to put the helm up or down. Manche à vent, wind-sail. Retenu au mouillage par des vents contraires, wind-bourd. Vent d'une pièse d'artillerie, (différence entre le calibre de l'âme et le diamètre du boulet) windage. Gagner au rent, monter au vent, to get to windward. Hes she vent, windward islands. Le vent est d pie, the wind is right up and down. Le vent bat en pleine côte, the wind blows dead on the shore. Le vent mollit, the wind abates. Où sont les vents ? how is the wind? Le vent vient de l'avant or nous avons le vent debout, the wind is in our treth or quite contrary. Les vents sont au conseil, there is no knowing how the wind is. Il n'y a presque pas de vent, there is hardly any wind at all. Vous êles trop au vent, you are too near the wind. Pas au vent or sans chicaner le rent, do not hanker in the wind. Vent de terre force, stiff land breeze. Il n'y a plus de vent, the wind has died away. Nous aurons du vent au coucher de la lune, we shal. have it blow when the moon goes down. Au rent à nous se voit le mont Saint-Elie, à près de quarante lieues de distance, mount Saint-Elias is seen to windward of us at the distance of near forty lengues. Il nous reste un port sous le veut, s'il nous arrive quelque avarie, should we meet with any accident, we have a port under our lee. Dans quel air de vent est cette voile inconnue? in what point of the compass is that strange sail?

VENTAIL, s. m. folding-door. VENTE, vent, s. f. sale, selling or vendition, auction; place where wine is had by wholesale; (terme d'eaux et forêts) felling. Jeunes, ventes, coppice that shoots forth again. Ventes. et lionneurs, fine er duty payable by the pur chasers. Qui est de vente, saleable, that sells

Chasers. See to the control of the chasers. See the chasers or goes off well.

VENTER, ven-tå, v. R. Ex. R vente, the wind blows, 'lis windy weather. Venter, Mar. to blow, etc. R vente tourment, it blows are the chaser to be control on the chaser to be chaser a strong gale. Il nevente pas, there is not much wind. Il vente grand frais, it blows very fresh. Il cente at fort que nous ne pouvons mettre un pouce de voile dehors, it blows so bard that we cannot show a rag of canvass

VENTEU-x, se, vèn-tèu, tèuz, adj. windy. VENTILATEUR, vèn-ti-là-tèur, s. m. venis-

bûse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VENTILATION, ven-ti-là-sion, s. f. estimate, stimation, valuation; canvassing or sifting,

VERTILER, ven-ti-là, v. a. to ventilate, es-timate, prize or value, debate, canvass, sist or examine.

VENTOSITÉ, vên-tô-zl-ta, s. f. wind (collect-

ed in the body of an animal.)

VENTOUSE, ven-tooz, s. f. vent or air-hole;

cupping-glass. VENTOUSER, ven-too-zå, v. a. to cup.

VENTRE, ventre, s. m. belly, paunch or guts; womb. Bas ventre, lower belly. Petit ven-Avoir le ventre, stomach, breast, ventricle. trelibre, to be loose. Lâcher te ventre, to re-lax. Flux de ventre, looseness. Muraille qui fait un ventre, a wall that bellies or bunches

VENTRÉE, vèn-trå, s. f. litter or birth (of animals.)

VINTRICULE, ven-tri-kul, s. m. ventricle,

VENTRIÈRE, ven-tri-èr, s. f. belly-band. VENTRILOQUE, vên-trî-lôk, adj. & s. m. ventriloquist.

VENTRU, E, ven-tru, tru, adj. big-bellied, gor-bellied.

VENU, E, adj. (from Venir) come. Mon-sieur, soyez le bien-venu, welcome, Sir. Un

venue, venue, a new comer.

VENUE, vê-nd, s.f. coming, arrival. Alles et venues, going backwards and forwards. Tout d'une venue, all together, all at once, at the same time; also, all of a size; all of a piece.

VÉNULE, s. f. little vein.

VÉNUS, s. f. Venus.

VEPRE, s. m. evening, close of the day. VÎPRES, vepr, s. f. pl. vespers, evening

VER, ver, s. m. worm; magget or mice; moth or moth worm. Le ver de la conscience, the remorses, stings or checks of conscience. Tirer les rers du nez à quelqu'un, to pump or sift one, worm a secret out of one. Ver à soie, silk-worm.

VÉRACITÉ, vå-rå-si-tå, s. f. veracity.

VERBAL, E, ver-bal, adj. verbal, derived trom the verb; verbal, by word of mouth. Proces verbal, verbal process.
Verbalement, ver-bal-men, adv. ver-

bally, by word of mouth.

VERBALISER, ver-ba-ll-za, v. n. to make a verbal process; to be long-winded or tedious in one's discourse, make many words.

Verbe. verb. s. m. verb. Le Verbe, the

VERBE, verb, s. m. verb. Le Verbe Word, the second person of the Trinity. VERBÉRATION, s. f. verberation.

VERBEU-X, SE, ver-beu, beuz, adj. ver-

VERBIAGE, vêr-bî-êz, s. m. idle words, empty, frothy discourse.
VERBIAGER, vêr-bî-êz-ê, v. n. to be verbose or prolix, be tedious by a prolixity of

words. VERBIAGEU-R, SE, vêt-bl-â-zêur, zeuz, s. m. & f. verbose or prolix talker.
VERBOSITÉ, S. f. verbosity, too many words,

talkativeness.

VERCOQUIN, s. m. maggot; whim, idle fan-

cy, crotchet.

VERD, VERTE, or VERT, E, ver, vert, adj.
g:een, unripe, tart, tender, brisk, lusty,
66

strong, fresh, mettlesome, resolute, sharp.

Tele verte, giddy-brained or hare-brained fellow. Cuir vert, raw leather. Morue verte, codfish not dried.

VERD, s. m. green or green colour; tartness. Verd de gris, verdigrise. Verd de terre, verditer. Mettre un cheval au verd, to put or turn a horse to grass. Manger son bien en vert, to spend one's income before it is due.

VERDATRE, ver-datr, adj. greenish. *VERDAUD, adj. m. Ex. Vin verdaud, tart

VERDÉE, s. f. white Florentine wine. VERDELET, TE, vêrd-lê, lêt, adj. m. Ex. Vin verdelet, tart wine.

VERDERIE, s. f. verderer's jurisdiction.

VERDET, ver-de, s. m. verdigrise. VERDEUR, ver-deur, s. f. greenness, VERDEUR, vér-déur, s. f. groenness, green verdure; sap; harshness, tariness; briskness, strength; (de l'dge) green years, youth. VERDI, E, adj. painted green, grown or be-come green.

come green.

VERDIER, ver-dia, s. m. verderer, also green-finch.

Verdière, s. f. hen-green-finch.

VERDIR, ver-dir, v. a. to paint green. Verdir, v.n. to grow or become green.

VERD-MONTANT, s. m. a little kind of

bird.

VERDOVANT, E, vêr-dwâ-yên, yênt, adj. green, verdant.

*Verdoyer, vêr-dwâ-yâ, v. n. to grow

green, be verdant. VERDURE, ver-dur, s. f. greenness or ver-dure; green, green grass; forest-work in ta-

pestry. VERDURIER, s. m. herbman.

VEREU-X, SE, va-reu, reuz, adj. wormy, rotten, naught, defective, suspicious.

VERGE, verz, s. f. rod; switch, wand; (pour

mesurer) yard-stick; (d'un arpent) sort of land measure: (de mariage) ring, wedding ring; (de bedeau) verge. Sergent à rerge, verger, Verges, rods; gauntlet; affliction; beams of light. Verge, Mar. Verge d'une aucre, shank of an anchor. Verge de pompe, pump-

VERGÉE, s. f. sort of measure of lanc. V.

Verge.
Verger, ver-zå, s. m. orchard. VERGER, v. a. to measure with the yard-

stick. VERGETER, verz-tå, v. a. to brush (cloth.) VERGETTES, ver-zet, s. f. pl. a brush.

VERGETIER, s. m. or Vergetier-brossier, brush-maker or seller.

VERGLACER, v. n. Ex. Il verglace, it is glazed with ics.

VERGLAS, s. m. rain that glazes what it falls upon by freezing.

*VERGOGNE, ver-gogn, s. f. shame; auso nakedness.

VERGUE, verg, s. f. Mar. yard. Grande vergue, main yard. Grange vergue d'un brigantin or d'un sloop, main boom. Vergues carrées, square yards. Vergue de misaine, fore yard. Vergue de petit hunter, fore top Vergue de grand hunier, main top sail yard. sail yard. Vergue de petit perroquet, fore top-sail yard. Vergue de petit perroquet, main top-gallant yard. Vergue de petit per-roquet relant or de petit kakalo*s, fore top-gallant royal yard. Vergues de kakalo*s or bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

hole

de perroqueis volans, royal yards. Vergue de grand perroquei volant or de grand kukatoës, main top-gallant royal yard. Vergue de permain top-gallant royal yard. Vergue de per-roquet de fougue, mizen top-gallant yard. Vergue de perruche, mizen top-gallant yard. Vergue de kakaloes de perruche, mizen top-gallant royde kakatots' de perruche, misen top-gallant roy-al yard. Vergue sèche or de Jougue, cross-jack yard. Vergue d'artimon, mizen yard. Vergue de civadière, sprit-sail yard. Vergue de de contre civadière, sprit-sail top-sail yard. Vergue de tape cul, driver yard. Vergue de bonnette, studding-sail yard. Vergue de tréou, jenny or square-sail yard. Vergue de tréou, jenny or square-sail yard. Vergue datine, la-teen yard. Vergue à corne, gass yard attach-ed to the mast by a pair of cheeks (like the boom or gass of a brie, schooner, etc.) Vergue à rergue, yard arm and yard arm. Avoir le vert sous vergue, to be going right be fore the wind. Metre les voiles en vergue, to fore the wind. Mettre les roiles en vergue, to bring the sails to the yards. Nous attendimes à être rergue à vergue arant de faire feu, we waited till we were yard arm and yard arm before we fired a shot.

VÉRICLE, s. f. spurious diamond.

VERIDICITE, s. f. veracity. VERIDIQUE, va-ri-fik, adj. veridical. VÉRIFICATEUR, vå-rl-fl-kå-teur, s. f. ex-

aminer.

VÉRIFICATION, vå-rl-fl-kå-slan, s. f. verification.

VÉRIFIER, vå-rl-sl-å, v. a. to verify, prove, examine and compare. Vérifier, Mar. (des relèvemens, des sondes, etc.) to verify; (la ligne de loch) to examine. Vérifier la marche d'une horloge marine, to ascertain the rate of a time

VERIN, s. m. Mar. instrument very similar to a jack-screw, and used occasionally in launching a vessel from the stocks or raising heavy burdens.

VERITABLE, vå-ri-tabl, adj. true, genuine. VERITABLEMENT, vå-ri-tabl-men, adv.

VERITABLEMENT, variety and truly, really, indeed.

VERITE, vå-ri-lå, s. f. truth, verity. En vérité, adj. truly, verily, in truth, indeed, I confess. A la vérité, indeed, it is true, I con-

VERJUS, ver-zu, s. m. verjuice; sour grapes. VERJUTÉ, E, ver-zů-tå, adj. Ex. Vin ver-

fute, sharp or tart wine.

VERMEIL, LE, ver-mel, adj. vermilion, fine or lively red. Levres vermeilles, red cherry

lips. Vermeil or Vermeil dorf, s.m. silver

VERMEILLE, s. f. sort of precious stone.
VERMICELLE, ver-mi-sel, s. m. vermicelli.
VERMICULÉ, z., adj. vermiculated.
VERMICULAIRE, ver-mi-kū-ler, adj. ver-

micular.

VERMIFORME, adj. vermiform, having the

shape of a worm.

VERMSFUGE, ver-mi-fuz, adj. vermifuge.
VERMILLER, v. n. to scratch for worms,
grub up the earth for worms. VERMILLON, ver-mi-lon, s. m. vermilion,

red les i, natural red, cherry red; scarlet grain.
VERMILLOI NER, v. n. to grub up the earth

for worms; to colour with vermilion.
VERMINE, ver-min, s. f. vermin; rabble.

VERMISSEAU, ver-ml-so, s m. little or small Worm.

VERMOULER, ver-moo-la, v.n. Se ver moules v. r. to grow worm-eaten

VERMOULU, E, vêr-môo-lů, là, adj. worm-

eaten, rotten. VERMOULURE, vêr-môo-lâr, s. f. worm-hole, rottenness in wood, dust from a worm-

VERNAL, E, adj. vernal.

VERNIR, ver-nir, v. a. to varnish. VERNIS, ver-ni, s. m. gum of juniper-trees:

varnish, gloss, glazing.
VERNISSER, verni-sa, v. a. to glaze.
VERNISSEUR, ver-ni-seur, s. m. varnisher.

VERNISSURE, s. f. varnishing. VEROLE, và-rol, or GROSSE VÉROLE, s. f. pox, French pox. Petite vérole, small pox. VÉROLÉ, E, adj. & s. that has the pox,

pocky man-or woman. VEROLIQUE, va-rô-lik, adj. pocky.

VERON, s. m. minnow

VÉRONIQUE, va-rô-nik, s. f. speedwell, veronic or veronica (a plant.)
VERRAT, ve-ra, s. m. boar or boar-pig.

Rouleau de chair de verrat, brawn. VERRE, ver, s. m. glass, a glass. Cul de

verre, web in the eye.

VERRERIE, ver-ri, s. f. glass-full, brimmer. VERRERIE, ver-ri, s. f. glass-house, glass-

making: glass-ware, glasses.
VERRIER, vė-rla, s. m. glass-maker; glassseller, glass-man; glass-frame, glass-basket.
VERRIÈRE OF VERRINE, s. f. glass (put

before pictures, relicks, etc.)

VERROTERIE, ve-rôt-ri, s. f. small articles of glass-ware. VERROU or VERROUIL, ve-roo, s. m. bolt

(for a door, etc.)

VERROUILLER, ve-roo-la, v. a. to bolt. VERRUCAIRE, s. f. wart-wort.

VERRUE, vê-rû, s. f. wart. VERS, vêr, s. m. verse. Vers blancs, blank

VERS, prep. toward, towards, to: about. Vers le large or vers la pleine mer, Mar. offward.

VERSADE, s. f. overturning.

VERSANT, E, ver-sen, sent, adj. apt to overturn.

VERSATILE, ver-så-til, adj. versatile, flexible.

VERSE, (A) a-vers, adv. Il pleut à verse, it rains hard, it pours down, it rains as hard as it can pour.

VERSÉ, E, vêr-sâ, adj. (from Verser) pour-ed, etc. versed, skilled, experienced. VERSEAU, vêr-sô, s. m. Aquarius.

VERSER, ver-sa, v. a. to pour, fill (by pouring,) spill or shed; to decant, pour off; (les bles) to lay, lodge, beat down; (une roiture) to over-turn. Verser, v. n. to over-turn, be over-turned; (les bles) to lay, lodge. Faire verser

les blés, to lodge the corn.

VERSET, ver-se, s. m. verse or stanza or staff.

VERSIFICATEUR, vêr-sî-fî-kâ-têur, s. m. versifier, versificator; maker of verses. Versification, ver-si-fl-ka-sion, s. f. ver-

sification. VERSIFIER, vêr-sî-fî-â, v. n. to versify.
VERSION, vêr-sîon, s.f. version, translation.
VERSO, vêr-sô, s. m. back of the caf.
VERT, V. Verd.

VERTÉBRAL, E, vêr-tâ-brâl, adj. vertebral.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VERTÈBRE, ver-tebr, s. f. vertebre, chine pone; in pl. animals having vertebrae.

VERTEMENT, vert-men, adv. briskly, smart-

ly, stoutly.

VERTEVELLY, s. f. staple of a bolt.

VERTICAL, E, vêr-tî-kâl, adj. vertical. VERTICALEMENT, vêr-tî-kâl-mên, adv.

vertically, perpendicularly.
VERTICALITÉ, s. f. verticality. VERTICILLE, E, adj. verticillate.

VERTIGE, ver-tlz, s. m. dizziness, giddiness or swimming in the head, vertigo.

VERTIGINEU-E, SE, ver-ti-zi-neu, neuz,

adj. giddy.
VERTIGO, ver-tl-go, s. m. maggot, crotch-

et, whim, vertigo; (de cheval) staggers.
VERTU, ver-tu, s. f. virtue, honesty, chastity, efficacy, force, power, property. En vertu de, by virtue of, on account or in consequence of. Vertu de ma vie! vertu bleu! rertu chou! odsbud! zooker!

VERTUEUSEMENT, ver-to-euz-men, adv.

virtuously, uprightly, worthily. VERTUEU-x, se, ver-tu-eu, cuz, adj. virtuous, honest, well principlea, upright, worthy, chaste.

Vertugade, s. f. Vertugadin, s. m. far-

dingale.

VERVE, verv, s. f. poetical rapture or sally or rage, heat of a poet's fancy; a frolick, fancy, maggot or crotchet.
VERVEINE, ver-ven, s. f. vervain.

VERVELLE, ver-vel, s. f. label, varvel. VERVEUX, ver-veu, s. m. fru. basket,

sweep-ret.

VESCE, ves, s. f. vetch, fitch. VESCERON, s. m. small wild vetch, or fitch.

VÉSICAIRE, S. f. alkekengi, winter cherry. VÉSICATOIRE, va-si-ka-twar, adj. & s. m. Ex. Emplâtre vésicatoire or un résicatoire, s. m. vesicatory, blistering plaster, blister.
Visicule, va-si-kul, s. f. vesicle.

VESPÉRIE, vês-pa-rl, s. f. vesperies, last act of divinity amongst the Sorbonists; also

lecture, reproof or reprimand,
VESPERISER, vês-pâ-rî-zâ, v. a. to school,
check, reprimand, rebuke, chide.
VESSE, s. f. foist or fizzle. Vesse-de-loup,

faux champignon) fuzzball, puck or puffball. Vesce.

VESSER, v. n. to foist or fizzle.

VESSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. fizzler. VESSIE, vê-si, S. f. bladder; blister.

*VEST, s. m. vesting, putting in possession.

on. Vestale, vêstâl, s. f. vestal. Veste, vêst, s. f. vest, waistcoat. *Vestes,* s. f. pl. Mar. haliards (of a lateen

VESTIAIRE, ves-ti-er, s. m. friar's vestry, place where the monks' clothes are kept; ex-

pense of clothing.

17-APTRULE. ves-ti-boll, s. m. vestible, en-

try, porch.
VESTIGE, ves-tlz, s. m. vestige; step, footstep, sign, mark, remain, trace

ESTPHALIE, s. f. Westphalia.

VÎTEMENT, vet-mên, s. m. vestment, rai-

ment, garment, vesture. / VETÉRAN, va-ta-rèn, s. m. veteran, veteran sold er, old officer of twenty-four years standing school-boy of two years standing in the saute form.

VÉTÉRANCE, vå-tå-rèns, s. f. the being s veteran

VÉTÉRINAIRE, adj. veterinary. VÉTILLARD, E, vå-d-lår, Ard. V. Vétil

leur. VÉTILLE, vå til, s. f. trifle.

VITILLER, vå-tl-/å, v. n. to trifle, stand upon trifles.

VÉTILLEU-R, SE, va-ti-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. trifler, punctilious man or woman.

VÉTILIEU-x, SE, adj. trifling, full of little difficulties.

VRTIR, ve-tir, v. a. to clothe, find clothes for, put on. Se vetir, v. r. to dress one's self, put on one's clothes. Se vetir de, to put on.

VITU, E, adj. clad, arrayed, clothed, hav-VETURE, ve-tor, s. f. ceremony of giving

the habit to a friar or nun.

*VÉTUSTÉ, vå-tůs-tå, s. f. ancientness.
VEUF, věuf, s. m. widower. V. Veure.

VEULE, adj. soft, weak, light. VEUVAGE, veu-vaz, s. m. widowhood, vi-

duity.

VEUVE, veuv, s. f. widow. VEXATION, vek-sa-sion, s. f. vexation.

VEXATOIRE, adj. vexatious. VEXER, vek-sa, v. a. to vex, trouble, op-

press, harass, plague.

*VIABLE, vi-labl, adj. likely to live.

VIAGER, E, vi-la-za, zer, adj. for life, during life. Pension viagère, pension for life, an

milty. VIANDE, viend, s. f. meat, flesh, viauds,

victuals, food, VIANDER, vièn-da, v. n. (terme de chasse) to feed, go to feed

VIANDIS, vièn-dl, s. m. feeding or viands or pasture of deer.
VIATIQUE, vi-a-tik, s m. viaticum.

VIBORD, s. m. Mar. waist (of a ship,) part comprehended between the quarter-deck and fore-castle.

VIBRATION, vi-bra-sk n, s. f. vibration. VIBRER, v. n. to vibrate, make vibra tions.

VICAIRE, vî-ker, s. m vicar; curate. VICAIRIE, vl-ke-rl, s. f. vicarship, curate

ship.
VICARIAL, E, vî-kâ-rî-âl, adj. vicarious, of a vicar.
VICARIAT, vi-ka-ri-a, s. m. vicarship, cu-

rateship. VICARIER, vî-ka-rî-a, v. n. to do curate's

VICE, vls, s. m. vice; sin, lewdness, de-bauchery; fault, defect, imperfection, blemish, flaw. Vice is used in some compound words, and signifies instead of Ex. Vice-amiral, vice-admiral, also vice-admiral's ship. Vice-amiraul, vice-admirally. Vice-bailit, vice-bailit, Vice-chancelier, vice-chancellor. Vice-consul, vice-consul. Vice-legat, vice-legate. Vice-legat. puty. Vice-egate, vice-rogate. vice-roy's or deputy's wife. Vice-roi, vice-roy, deputy-king. Vice-roi d'Irlande, lord-lieutenant Ireland. Vice-royauté, s. f. place and dignity of a vice-roy or deputy. Vice-sénéchal, vice-seneschal.

VICENNAL, E, adj. vicenary. VICIER, vi-si-a, v. a. to vitate, taint, cor rupt. Vicier. v. n. to vitiate; annul (in lant bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

VICIEUSEMENT, vl-sleuz-men, adv.vicious-

ly, wickedly, lewdly.
VICIEU-X, SE, vl-sleu, sleuz, adj. & s. vicious, wicked, sinful, lewd, naughty, head-strong, faulty, imperfect; full of errours.

VICISSITUDE, vi-si-si-tidd, s. f. vicissitude. VICONTE, vi-kont, s. m. viscount.

VICOMTE, s. f. dignity or quality and jurisdiction of a viscount

VICOMTESSE, vl-kon-tes, s. f. viscountess. VICTIME, vlk-tlm, s. f. victim, sacrifice.

VICTIMER, v. a. to immolate, sacrifice one (in pleasantry.) VICTOIRE, vik-twar, s. f. victory

VICTORIFUSEMENT, vik-tô-ri-èuz-mên, adv. victoriously.

VICTORIEU-X, SE, vlk-tô-rl-èu, èuz, adi.

VICTUAILLE, vîk-tů-àl, s. f. Mar. victuals; provisions.

VICTUAILLEUR, s. m. victualler. V. Avitaiileur.

VIDAME, vî-dâm, s. m. vidam, judge that holds some of the lands of a bishoprick on condition that he shall defend the temporalities of the bishop

VIDAMÉ, vî-dâ-mâ, s. m. or VIDAMIE, s. f.

vidamship.

VIDANGE, vl-denz, s. f. clearing, emptying, rémoving. Tonneau en vidange, cask broached or upped. Vidanges, filth out of a house of office or common sewer, rubbish(of a house;) flooding, lochia.

VIDANGEUR, vl-den-zeur, s. m. night-man.

VIDE, víd, adj. empty, void. VIDE, s. m. void, empty or void space, vacuum, blank or white (in writing,) gap, chasm. A vide, empty.

VIDE, E, adj. (from Vider) emptied, etc. VIDE-BOUTEILLE, s. m. small summer souse in a garden near the town.

VIDELLE, s. f. jagging iron.
VIDER, vi-da, v. a. to empty, clear, make roid or empty; (une volaille) to draw, draw out the guts of; (un aiseau de proie) to enseam; (un étang) to drain ; (les terres) to level ; (ses tate early to void; (un lieu) to leave, a void, mach away or off, go out of, clear; (du satin, du relours) to pink or cut into flowers, etc.: (une clef) to bore; to determine, decide, end, make an end of, make up. V. Evider. Se vider, v. r. to empty, void, be cide, end, make an end of, make up. V. Evider. Se vider, v. r. to empty, void, be determined or decided or ended. Vider l'eau d'un buteau à l'aide d'un escop à main, to bail

VIDIMER, vi-di-må, v. a. to compare a copy

with the original, and certify its conformity.
VIDIMUS, s. m. Ex. Mettre le ridinus à un
acte, to certify an act conformable to the ori-

VIDRECOME, s. m. tumbler. ViDuité, vl-důl-tå, s. f. viduity, widowbood.

VIDURE, s. f. pinking or cutting into flowers. VIE, vl, s. f. life; days; livelihood, food, bread; way of living, course of life; delight; noise, reprimand, lecture. A vie, for life, during lis. Fuire la vie, to be merry, make merry. Ne pas donner le moindre signe de vie sur une chose, not to take the least notice of a thing. East's-rie, brandy. Eau-de-rie de VIEDASE,

m. scoundrel, oss-face.

VIEIL, LR, adj. V. Vieux. Formerly vich was used instead of vieux. Vieil was afterwards retained before nouns beginning with a vowel or h mute; but now vieux is always used, except in these scripture phrases. Le ricil Adam, Le vieil homme, the old Adtm, the old man or man of sin. Vieille is always used when the noun it precedes or relates to is feminine.

VIEILLARD, viê-lar, s. m. old man, ancient

VIEILLE, viel, s. f. old woman. VIEILLERIE, viel-ri, s. f. old clothes or goods, old rubbish or stuff.

VIEILLESSE, vici-les, s. f. old age, age. VIEILLI, E, adj. grown old, grown out of

VIEILLIR, vie fir, v. n. to grow old, grow out of date, look old, be broken. a. to make grow old or look old.

VIEILLISSEMENT, s. m. the growing old. VIEILLOT, TE, viê-lô, lôt, adj. oldish, some-

what old, stale.

VIELLE, viël, s. m. cymbal (vulgarly called hurdy-gurdy.)

NITCLER, viê-lâ, v. n. to play upon the cymbal, stand fiddling or trifling. V. Vielle.
VIELLEU-R, se, viê-lêur, lêuz, s. m. & f. player on the cymbal. V. Vielle.
VIERGE, viêrz, s. f. virgin, maid, Virgo (one of the twelve celestial signs.)

VIERGE, adj. maid, maiden, virgin. VIEUX, vieu, m. VIEILLE, viel, f. old; ancient, stricken or advanced in years, of old continuance, of an old standing; worn out; obsolete, antiquated, out of date. V. Vieil.

VI-F, VE, vlf, vlv, adj. quick, alive, living; iively, brisk; sprightly, fiery, mettlesome; sharp, violent, smart, lively; sanguine, confident. Esprit 17f, quick, sharp, keen wit. Vif-argent, quicksilver, mercury. VIF, s. m. quick; wood or inside of a tree;

(del'eau) high water. Couper dans le rif, to cut in the fleshy or substantial part. Couper jusqu'au vif, or jusqu'à la chair vire, to cut to

the quick.
Vigie, vi-2l, s. f. Mar. rock always above water in the open sea; also look out, look out house, man on the look out, hand to look out. Etre en vigie, to be on the look out.

VIGIER, v. a. Mar. Ex. Vigier une escadre, to dodge or watch the motions of a fleet or

squadron.

etc.)

Vigilamment, vî-zî-lâ-mên, adv. vigilantly, watchfully, warily.
VIGILANCE, vi-zl-lens, s. f. vigilance or vi

rilancy, watchfulness, wariness.
VIGILANT, R, vl-2l-len, lent, adj. vigilant,

watchful, wary, careful, diligent.
Vigile, vl-2ll, s. f. vigil, eve; also service

or prayers.
VIGINTIVIRAT, s. m. vigintivirate.
VIGINT, vign. s. f. vine, vine-yerd, country
house about Rome.

Vigrenon, vign-ron, s. m. vinc-dresser. VIGNETTE, vi-gnêt, s. f. a printer's flower, flourish or border, head piece (of a chapter

VIGNOBLE, vi-gnobl, s. m. vincy ard-plot. VIGOGNE, vi-gogn, s. m. vigone, sort of Spanish wool, hat made of Spanish worl

Vigoureusement, vî-gêo-rèuz-mên adv. vigorously, briskly, stoutly.

bose, bot : jeune, meute, leurre : ensant cent, lie : vin : mon : brun.

VIGOUREU-X, SE, vl-gdo-reu reuz, adj. vi-gorous, stout, strong, lusty, brisk. VIGUERIE, vlg-rl, s. f. place or jurisdiction of a viguier. V. Viguier.

VIGUEUR, vi-geur, s. f. vigour, strength,

stoutness, mettle, courage, force.
VIGUIER, vi-gla, s. m. sort of magistrate in Languedoc and Provence.

VIL, E, vil, adj. vile, mean, contemptible, despicable. A vil prix, very low or cheap.
VILAIN, E, vi-lin, len, adj. nasty, dirty, filthy, slovenly, sluttish; ugly, homely; villanous, base, unworthy, shameful; obscene, bawdy, dishonest; sordid, covetous, niggardly. VILAIN, s. ni. villain or bondman; nasty

man, sloven; miser, covetous fellow.

Vilaine, s. f. slut; a prostitute.
VILAINEMENT, vi-len-men, adv. nastily, filthily, dirtily, obscenely, basely, shamefully, unworthily.

VILEMERQUIN, vil-brê-kin, s. m. wimble.
VILEMERT, vil-mên, adv. vilely, basely.
VILEMIE, vil-ni, s. f. filth, filtniness, masti-

ness, nasty thing, affronting word, abuse, villany, base thing or action, shameful thing or action, bawdry, obscenity, sordidness, sordid avarice, covetousness; also trash, unwholesome food.

VILETÉ, vîl-tà, s. f. vileness, meanness,

cheapness.

VILIPERDER, vi-li-pen-da, v. n. to undervalue, vilify *or* despise.

VILLACE, s. f. great scambling town (of which the houses are scattered.

VILLAGE, vî-laz, s. m. village.

VILLAGEOIS, E, vi-la-zwa, zwaz, adj. of the country or village.

VILLAGEOIS, s. m. country-man, clown,

bumpkin.

Villageoise, s. f. country-woman, country-lass. A la villageoise, adv. after the countryfashion.

VILLANEILE, s. f. country-ballad or lay. VILLE, vil, s. f. town, city.

VILLETTE, vi-let, s. f. small town.
VIN, vin, s. m. wine. Vin or pot de vin, nomething to drink, pair of gloves, etc. (given

VINAIGRER, vi-ne-gra, v. a. to season with vinegar.

Vinaiorrite, vi-ne-gret, s. f. assuce with vinegar and pepper, etc. kind of two wheeled-chair drawn by a man.
Vinaiorier, vi-ne-gri-a, s. m. vinegar-seller; cruet for vinegar.

VINDAS, vin-das, s. m. Mar. windlass.

VINDICATI-F, VE, vin-dl-ka-tif, the, adv. vindictive, revengeful. Vin £E, vi-na, s. f. vintage.

VINETTE, s. f. sorrel.
VINEU-x, se, vi-neu, neuz, adj. vinous; full of vineyards; wine like. Vin vineux, strong

VINGT, (vin, before a consonant, and vint before a vowel,) adj. twenty, a score ; (date) twentieth. Multiplied by another number and immediately followed by a nows, it takes an S. Quatre-ringts ans, 80 years. Le vingt du mois, the 20th of the month.
VINGTAINE in-ten, s. f. score.

VINGTIÈME, Vin-tlèm, adj. twentieth.

Viol, viòl, s. m. rape. Violat, viòlà, adj. m. Ex. Si op riolat, syrup of violets.

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Violat-eur, rice, viò-là-teur, tris, s. a.

& f. breaker, infringer or transgressor.
VIOLATION, vio-la-slon, s. f. violation, infringement, infraction, breach.

Viole, viòl, s. f. viol. Violé, e, adj. (from Violer) violated, etc. VIOLEMENT, viol-men, s. m. violation.

breaking, transgressing, rape. VIOLENMENT, violatmen, adv. violently.

outrageously, eagerly, earnestly.

VIOLENCE, vio-lens, s. f. violence, fierceness, vehemence, boisterousness, eagerness, earnestness, outrage, oppression, torce. Faire violence à, to offer violence to, fall violently upon.

VIOLENT, E, viò-len, lent, adj. violent, fierce, boisterous vehement, hasty, passion-

ate, eager, sanguine, hard, toilsome.
VIOLENTER, viò-len-tà, v. a. to force, com-

VIOLER, viò-là, v. a. to violate, break, transgress, infringe; ravish or force, commit a rape upon.
VIOLET, TE, viò-lè, lèt, adj. purple, of a

VIOLET, s. m. purple or violet colcur.

VIOLEGTE, s. f. violet. VIOLIER, viò-sià, s. m. wall flower. VIOLOR, viò-lon, s. m. viol n, siddle; fiddler.

Violons de beaupré, Mar. B's of the bowsprit. VIOLONCELLE, viò-lon-sel, s. m. violoncello.

Viorne, viorn, s. f. wild vine, hedge-plant.

VIPERE, vi-per, s. f. viper.
VIPEREAU, vi-la-ro, s. m. young viper.
VIRAGO, vi-ra-go, s. f. virago, termagant.
VIREBREQUIN, V. Vilebrequia.

VIREBREQUIN, V. Vil VIRELAI, s. m. virelay.

VIREMENT, vir-men, s. m. transfer, paying

of a creditor with a debt owing to us or with

VIRER, vi-ra, v. n. Ex. Virer partie to transfer, pay a creditor with a debt owing to us or with bills; (une vis, une roue) to turn. Tourner et virer quelqu'un, to pump one. Virer, v. n. Ex. Tourner et virer, to go about the bush.

Virer, Mar. Virer un vaisseau en carène, to heave down a ship. Virer un bâtiment en quille, to heave a ship's keel out. eaupré à terre, to tack close in shore. au cabestan or au vindas, to heave at the capstan or windlass. Virer de force au cabestan, to heave astrain at the capstan. Virer a pic, to heave apeak. Virer a long pic, to pic, to heave apeak. Virer à long pic, to heave short. Virer de bord, to put about, heave short. stay, go about. En hand tout de bord, all hands about ship. En haut tout le monde à virer Virer vent devant, to tack. Virer vent arrière or lof pour lof, to wear, veer, boxhaul. Virer par la contre-marche, to tack or wear in succession. Virer par la Virer tous ensemble, to tack or wear to successive. Virer tous ensemble, to tack or wear together. Virer dans les eaux d'un bâtiment, to put in about a ship's wake. Vire hardi, beave cheerly. Vire pour deplanter, heave and start the anchor. Vire pour mettre l'ancre haute, heave and toss the anchor up. pour mettre les élinguets, heave and pawl. Vire l'horloge, turn the half-hourglass. V. Manquer & Resuser

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod,

VIREVAUT, or VIRTVEAU, s. m. Mar. winch, roller, small windlass.

VIREVOLTE, vir-volt, or VIREVOUSTE. s.

VIREVOLTA, VIR-VOIR, OF VIREVOUSTE, S. f. turning and winding, quick turning.
VIRGINAL, E, vir-zi-nāl, adj. virginal, maidenly, virgin-life.
VIRGINTÉ, vir-zi-nī-tā, s. f. virginity.
VIRGOULEUSE, vīr-gōo-lèuz, s. f. sort of

pear.

VIRGULE, vîr-gûl, s. f. comma. VIRIL, E, vî-rîl, adj. of a man, male, virile, manly, stout.

VIRILEMENT, vi-ril-men, adv. manly,

stoutly. VIRLITÉ, vi-ri-ii-tà, s. f. virility, manhood.
VIROLE, vi-ròl, s. f. ferrule. Virole, Mar.
small iron ring for the end of a bolt when

thinching.

VIRTEMBERG, s. m. Wirtemberg. VIRTUALITÉ, vir-tô-à-il-tà, s. f. virtuality. VIRTUEL, LE, vir-tô-èl, adj. virtual.

VIRTUELLEMENT, vîr-tû-cl-men, adv. virmally.

VIRTUOSE, vir-td-oz, s. m. & f. virtuoso. VIRULENCE, s. f. virulency, virulence. VIRULENT, E, vl-ra-len, fent, adj. virulent.

de gabord, garboard streak, garboard. Virus, vi-rus, s. m. virus, virulency, vecom

V18, vls, s. f. screw; (de presse) vice, spindle , (d'escalier) spindle-tree. Escalier à vis.

cockle or winding stair-case.
V15-A-V15, v1-zā-v1, s. m. vis-a-vis, sort of berlin. Vis-à-vis de, prep. and ris-à-vis, adv. over-against, opposite, over the way, across

Visage, vi-zaz, s. m. face, visage; also look. Changer de visage, to colcur, blush, to turn pale. Faire bon or mancais visage à quel-qu'un, to receive one kindly or unkindly.

VISCERAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the intestines.

Viscère, vi-ser, s. m. intestine, any part of the entrails or bowels. Les viscères, the entrails or bowels.

Viscosité, vis-kô-zi-tå, s. f. viscosity, clamminess, sliminess.

Visée, vi-zà, s. f. aim; design.

VISER, vi-za, v. n. to aim or take one's aim; drive at, have in view.

Viser, v. a. to revise and examine (an act.)
VISIBILITÉ, vl-zl-bl-ll-tå, s. f. visibility.
VISIBLE, vl-zlbl, adj. visible, manifest,

plain, clear, apparent

VISIBLEMENT, vi-zibl-men, adv. visibly.
VISIERE, vi-zier, s. m. aim er sight (of a gm.) sight or place through which he that

wears a head-piece can see and breathe. Vision, vi-zion, s. f vision, sight; apparition; idle fancy.

vl-ziò-ner, adj. fanciful, VISIONNAIRE, whimsical, fanatick.

VISIONNAIRE, s m. & f. fancifu man or woman, fanatick.

VISITATION, vi-zl-th-slon, s. f. visitation. VISITE, vi-zlt, s. f. visit or visiting; search,

searching, inspecting, attendance; (ecclésiastique) visitation. Visiter, vi-zi-th, v. a. to visit, go to see,

give or make a visit, search, inspect, view or rv y; to make a visitation. Visiter, v. a Man. to examine, etc. Le signal nous est fuit Mid rivant, ill liver. lewd fellow

pour visiter cette voile inconnue qui reste dans le nord-est, our signal is made to examine that strange sail in the north-east. Nous visitimes tous les bâtimens que nous rencontrâmes dans notre croisière, we boarded all the vessels that we fell in with in our cruise. En visitant notre mâture, nous trouvâmes que plusieurs boulets y étoient restés, on examining our masts and yards we found that several shots had lodged in them. Après avoir visité notre ancre, nous la remouillerons, aster inspecting our anchor, we will let it go again.

VISITEUR, vi-zi-teur, s. m. visiter; search-

VISORIUM, s. m. (in printing) visorium. Visqueu-x, se, vis-keu, keuz, adj. viscous, slimy, clammy.

VISSER, v. a. to screw. VISU, Ex. Savoir une chose de visu, to know

a thing from having seen it with one's own eyes. VISUEL, LE, vî-zû-êl, adj. visual.

*Visum-visu, adv. over against, just oppo-

site, facing, face to face.
VITAL, E, vi-tål, adj. vital.
VITE, vit, adj. quick, nimble, swift, speedy,

VITE, adv. quickly, speedily, fast.
VITELOTS, s. m. pl. kind of Italian-kickshaws.

VITEMENT, vit-mên, adv. quickly.

VITESSE, vi-les, s. f. quickness, nimbleness, ewiftness

VITONNIÈRES, & C. pl. Mar. limber-holes. VITRAGE, vi-tris, s.m. glazing, glass-window

VITRAUX, vi-tro . m. pl. large glass window (of a church.)

VITRE, vitr, s. f. glass window; glass or

VITRE, vis., s. ... game of glass. or done with glass. Humeur varee, one of the three

VITREC, s. m. white tail (a bird.) VITRER, vi-trå, v. a. to glaze. VITRERIE, vi-trå-ri, s. m. glazier's busi-

VITRESCIBLE, V. Vitrifiable. VITREULS, SE, adj. vitreous, glassy. VITREER, vî-trî-a, s. m. glazier. VITRIFIABLE, vî-trî-fî-abl, adj. converti-

ble into glass.

VITRIFICATION, vl-trl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. vitrification.

VITRIFIER, vi-tri-fi-å, v. a. to vitrificate. VITRIOL, vi-tri-ol, s. m. vitriol.

VITRIOLÉ, E, adj. done with or having vitriol. VITRIOLIQUE, vi-trl-o-lik, adj. vitriolous.

*VITUPÉRE, s. m. blame, reproach.

VITUPÉRER, v. a. to blame. VIVACE, vi-vàs, adj. vivacious. VIVACITÉ, vi-và-si-tà, s. f. vivacity, liveliness, sprightliness, mettle, fire, brightness, quickness, sudden start or sally of passion.

VIVANDIER, E, vî-vên-dîa, dîêr, s. m. & f. suttler.

VIVANT, E, vî-vên, vênt, adj. living, alive. VIVANT, s. m. Ex. Leguer quelque chose an dernier vivant or au plus vivant, to bequeath a thing to the longest liver. Durirunt de, in the life time of. Bon rivent, good fellow, good companion, jovial and harmless man

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VIVAT, vî-våt, interj. bravo.

VIVE, viv. s. f. sea-dragon. VIVE, V. Vivre et Vij.

VIVEMENT, viv-men, adv. briskly, sharply,

rigorously; to the quick.
Vivier, vl-vla, s. m. pond, fish-pond.
Vivier, Mar. well (of a fishing boat, wherein fish are intended to be kept alive.)

VIVIFIANT, E, vi-vi-fi-en, ent, adj. vivifying, vivifical, quickening.
VIVIFICATION, vi-vi-fl-kd-slon, s. f. vivifi-

cation, vivifying or quickening.
VIVIFIER, vi-vi-fl-a, v. a. to vivify or

quicker, revive.

Vivirique, vi-vi-fik, adj. vivifical, vivifying, that gives life. VIVIPARE, vi-vi-par, adj. viviparous.

VIVOTER, vi-vo-ta, v. n. to live from hand to mouth, just make shift to live; to rub and go.

VIVRE, vivr, v. n. to live, be living or alive, exist, feed, maintain one's self, spend, lead a life, behave, carry or understand one's self. Faire riere, to maintain, keep, feed, or enter-tain. Vive le roi, God save or bless the king, long live the king. Vive M. A., God bless Mr. A., Mr. A. is the man for me, give me Mr. A. Vive Dieu, (forme de sermen) as God lives. Qui vive? whom are you for? who's there? who goes there? Etre sur le qui vive, to keep a good look out, be very attentive to what is doing.

VIVRE, vivr, s. m. food, diet. Vicres, provisions, victuals. Faire des vivres, Mar. to take in provisions.

VIVRIER, Mar. Ex. Batiment vivrier, victualling ship, victualler.

Vizir, s. m. vizier.

VIZIRAT or VIZIRIAT, s. m. viziership. Vocabulaire, võ-kā-bū-lèr, s. m. vocabu-

lary.
VOCABULISTE, s. m. author of a vocabulary.
VOCAL, E, võ-käl, adj. vocal, oral. *VOCALEMENT, adv. out, aloud.

VOCATIF, vô-kà-tif, s. m. vocative, vocative

Vocation, võ-kã-sloz, s.f. vocation, calling. VOCAUX, s. m. pl. voters

VOEU, veu, s. m. vow; wish, desire, prayer, request; vote, suffrage. Vœux, (d'un amant) addresses, requests, desires.

VOGUE, vog, s. f. vogue, esteem, repute. ogue, Mar. rowing. Vogue-avant, s. m. Vogue, Mar. rowing. strokesman.

rokesman.
Voguer, vo-gå, v. n. Mar. to row, pull.
Vogueur, vo-gåur, s. m. rower.
Voici, vwil-si, prep. behold, here is, this is, ere are, these are.
Voici qu'il vient or le here are, these are. roici qui vient, here he comes. Me voici, here I am, behold me here.

Voie, wwa, s. f. way, road, conveyance, means, method, course; space between two wheels, track they leave behind; also scent, wheels, track they leave belind, and train (of a deer.) Wies de fait, violence, blows. Voie, (d'uncar osse) riding bed. Voie de charbon. chaldron of coals. Voie d'eau, load of water, two pails full of water; also Mar lenk.

VOIERIE, vwd-rl, V. Voirie.
VOILA, vwd-la, prep. behold, there is, there are, that is, those are. Les roilà, there they sre (beheld them there.) Voilà qu'on m'ap-pelie there, somebody calls me, I am called

Voile, vwal, s. m. veil, cloak, colour, cover, !

pretence, show, mask, figure, allegory crêpe, crépon) crape. Avoir un voile devant les yeux, to have a mist before one's eyes. Voile, s. f. Mar. sail; vessel. Les busses voiles, the courses. Grande voile, main sail. Grande voile d'étai, main stay-sail. Grande voile d'étai de lume, main top stay-sail. La voile d'artimon, the mizen. La voile de mi saine, the fore-sail. Voiles de lune, top-sails Voile de grand hunier, main top-sail. Voile de petit hunier. fore top-sail. Voile de perrode petit lumier, fore top-sail. quet de fougue, mizen top-sail. Voiles de perroquet, top-gallant sails. Voile du grand perroquet, main top-gallant sail. Voile du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant sail. Voile de la perruche d'artimon, mizen top-gallant sail. Voile du grand perroquet rolunt, main top-gallant royal. Voile du petit perroquet count, fore top gallant royal. Voile de civadière (or à livarde, or à baleston or à targuier) sprit-sail. Voile de contre-civadière, sprit top sail. Voiles d'étai, stay-sails. Voiles d'étai d'artimon, mizen stay-sails. Voile d'étai de perroquet de fougue, mizen top stay-sail. Voile d'étai du Voile d'étai d'artimon, mizen stay-sails. Voiles d'étai d'artimon, mizen stay-sails. Voiles d'étai d'artimon, mizen stay-sails. Voile d'étai de perroquet de fougue, mizen stay-sails. grand perroquet, main top stay-sail. Voile d'étai de la perruche, mizen top gallant stay-sail. Voiles à gui, boom sails. Voiles de forture, cross jack sails, lug sails, square sails. Voiles de tréou, square sails, lug sails. Voiles de tréou, square sails, lug sails. Voiles latines, lateen sails. Voiles de reclange, spare sails. Voiles de l'arvant, head sails. Voiles de senant, try sails. Voile déchirée par le rent, split sail. Voile cuflée or qui porte, taught sail. Voile neuve, new sail. Voile usée, old sail. Voile hissée, sail hoisted. Voile servée, sail taken in or furled or handed or stowed. Voile bordée. sail the sheet or sheets of which are hauled aft sail the sheet or sheets of which are hauled at or home. Voile en bande, sail the sheets of which are let fly. Voile déferble or larguée, sail loosed or cleared away. Voile garnie, sail bent (said of a stay-sail or jib.) Voile dégarnle, sail unbent (speaking of jibs and stay-sails.) Voile désenverguée, sail unbent from its yard. Voile enverguée, sail bent to its yard. Voile dérainguée, sail, the bolt-rope of which is carried away. Voile en ralingue, sail shivering. Voile défoncée, sail split Voile carquée or sur les carques, sail ched Voile carguée or sur les cargues, sail clued up or hauled up in the brails. Voile coiffée or up or hauled up in the brails. up or hauled up in the brails. Voile coiffe or masquée or sur le mât, sail laid aback or masquée or sur le mât, sail laid aback or taken aback. Voile criblée, sail shot through in several places. Etre à la voile, to be under sail. Faire voile, to set sail. Faire petites voiles, to carry litule sail, be under easy sail. Faire de la voile, to make sail. V. Force, Forcer, Fatiguer.

Voilé, E, adj. (from Voiler) veiled, etc. Bâtiment bien voilé, Mar. vessel that spreads a great deal of canvass and the saile of which

a great deal of canvass, and the sails of which

are well cut, well proportioned, and well set.
Voller, vwa-la, v. a. to veil or cover with
a veil, give the veil; to cloak, cover, hide, conceal.

VOILERIE, s. f. Mar. sail-loft, sail yard. VOILIER, vwå-liå, s. m. sail-maker, sailor that takes care of the sails.

Voilier, E, s. m. & f. sailer, sailing-ship. Votre frégate est une fine voilière, your trigate is a prime sailer.

VOILURE, was-lar, s. f. Mar. suit of sails, sails, trim of the sails, quantity of sail carried, way or manner of sailing. Nous arous note bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld. fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

voihure complète, we have our suit of sails complete. Toute la voihure de ce navire est de loug e lug sails. Voilure à baleston, sprit sails. Voilure de chébec, xebec sails. Nous réglerons toujours notre voilure sur le plus maurais voilier du convoi, we will constantly regulate our sails by the heaviest sailing vessel of the convoy. Sous la même voiture que votre bâtiment, nous filerions deux noruds de plus, under the same sail as your ship we should sail two knots faster. Le général ra se mettre sous la petite roilure your la nuit, the admiral is going to carry an easy sail for the night. Une bonne voilure pour le gros temps, c'est d'être sous le foc de cap d'artimon, la porilleuse et la voile d'étai de misaine, a snug sail to be under in bad weather is the three storm stay-sails.

VOIR, vwar, v. a. & n. to see, perceive, discera, behold, look, look at, look upon, consider, examine, observe, mind, take notice, keep company with, know, be sensible of, penetrate into, apprehend, understand, taste, feel, smell, hear. Faire voir, to let see, show, discover. Se roir, v. r. to look at or upon one's self, find one's self; see or frequent or visit one another, keep company with one another. Se faire voir, to appear, show one's self or itself. Il semble à roir, it seems, it looks. Voir sur, to look over, overlook, survey. Voir, Mar. to see, etc. Cet officier roit bien dans la lunette de nuit, that officer can distinguish objects very well through a night glass. Nous verrous bientôt tout le bois de ce bâtiment, we shall soon have that ship hull out.

VOIRE, vwar, adv. ay marry, nay. *Voirement, adv. Ex. Mais rowenent, but now I think of it

Voirie, s. f. lay-stall; blood and garbage of a heast killed by a butcher; place or office

of surveyor of the highways.
Voisin, E, vwh-zin, zin, adj. neighbouring,

bordering, adjacent, adjoining.
Voisin, E, s. m. & f. neighbour.
VoisinAGE, vwå-zl-nåz, s. m. neighbourbood, vicinity.

Voisinen, vwa-zl-na, v. n. to be neighbourly, visit one's neighbours.

VOITURE, vwa-tur, s.f. carriage, fare, load, or whatever serves to transport persons or things.

VOITURER, vwa-ta-ra, v. a. to convey or

Carry.
VOITURIER, vwa-ta-ria, s. m. carrier; (par eau) bargeman, boatman.

VOITURIN, vwh-ta-rin, s. m. one that lets

lorses.

Voix, wa, s. f. voice, cry, vote or suffrage, singer, note. Voix active, power to elect. Voix passive, eligibility. Voix, Mar. song employed by sailors in heaving, hoisting, haufing de A la voix, mind the song. Donne ing, etc. A la noix, mind the song.

ling, etc. 1 work, mind the soil a roix quelqu'un, sing out there a hand.

Vol., vôl, s. m. robbery, theft, stolen goods; also flight or flying (of a bird.) cast (of hawks.) wings expanded (in heraldry.) It a le vol pour cela, he has an admirable talent that

way. Volable, vô-labi, adj. that may be stolen or robbed.
Volage, vo-laz, adj. fickle, inconstant,

light, unsteady. Feu rolage, wild fire, sore Embarcation voluge, Mar. ticklish or crank boat.

VOLAILLE, vo-la/, s. f. poultry, fowls, market where poultry is sold

VOLANT, E, vo-len, lent, adj. flying. VOLANT, s. m. shuttle-cock, wing of a wind-

mill.

VOLATIL, E, vô-lâ-tîl, adj. volatile. Volatīle, s. m. volatile, llying creature. Volatīlisation, vô-lâ-ti-li-zâ-sion, s. f. volatilization.

Volatiliser, võ-lå-tl-ll-zå, v. a. to volatilize, make volatile.

tilize, make volatile.

VOLATILIE, võ-lå-tl-l-th, s. f. volatility.

VOLATILIE, võ-là-tl-l, s. f. fowls.

VOLCAN, võl-khn, s. n. volcano.

VOLE, võl, s. f. vole or flam (at cards.)

VOLE, e, adj. robbed, stolen.

VOLE, võlh, s. f. flight or flying, brood, company, club, rate, rank, quality, degree; (de perdreaux) covey; (de cailles) bevy, (où les chevaux sont attelés) spring-tree-bar. A la volée rashlv inconsiderately, at random, les chevaux som alletes) spring-tree-bar. A la rollée, rashly, inconsiderately, at random, headlong, unadvisedly. Prendre une balle à la volée or de rolée, to take a ball flying. Une roléc de canon, a cannon-shot. Une rolée de rolee de canon, a cannon-snot. Une voice de canon, a volley of cannon-shot. Une volée de coups de bâton, brisk blows with a cudgel. Volée, Mar. broadside. Sous la rolée d'un bâtiment, close under a ship's guns. Un boulet à toute volée, a random Un corsaire se trouva sous notre volée à la pointe du jour, a privateer was or happened to be under our guns at day break. Notre première volée démâta l'ennemi de son mât d'artimon, we shot away the enemy's mizen

mast the first broadside.
Voler, vola, v. n. to fly, fly about, flutter

run, post away.
Voler, v. a. to fly, fly at; to rob, take away, to steal.

VOLEREAU, s. m. little thief.
VOLERIE, vôl-rl, s. f. flight (of a bird of prey at some game or other;) also robbery,

theft. Volet, vô-lê, s. m. dove-cote, dove-cote door, trap-door; flyer (of a clock or watch;) shutter (of a window;) little board to pick seeds and pulse upon. Volet, Mar. little sea-

compass (used in a boat.)

VOLETER, vol. ta, v. n. to flutter, flicker.

VOLEU-R, se, vol. cur, leuz, s. m. & f. thief, robber.

VOLIRE, vô-lî-er, s. f. aviary, great bird-

cage. Volière à pieds, dove-coté.
Volige, vo-liz, s. f. thin plank (of deal or

other white wood.) VOLITION, s. f. volition.

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VOLONTAIRE, vo-lon-ter, adj. voluntary, spontaneous; wilful, heady.

VOLONTAIRE, s. m. wilful man; spare horse; volunteer.

Volontairement, vô-lon-têr-mên, adv.

VOLONTAIREMENT, VO-108-ter-men, adv. voluntarily, spontaneously, freely.

VOLONTE, s. f. will; mind or pleasure.

VOLONTIERS, vô-lon-tla, adv. willingly, readily, gladly, freely, easily.

VOLTE, vôlt, s. f. ring; volt or bounding, turn, rubbers, two sets won.

Volte-face, wheeling about. Faire volte-face, to wheel

about, turn (upon a pursuer.)
VOLTER, v. n. to shift one's place in fencing.

base, bat : jeune, mente, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VOLTIGEMENT, vol-dz-men, s. m. vaulung. Voltigen, vol-d-zh, v. n. 10 fluuer, begin to fly; ride about, vault, tumble upon a rope, atter about, he rambling or roving, to float in the wind.

Voltigeur, vol-il-zčur, s. m. vaulier of

mmbler.

Volubilis, s. m. bindweed, rope-weed, Volubilité, vô-là-bl-ll-là, s. f. volubility; (de langue) volubility, glibness, fluentness, rimblenes

Volume, vo-lam, s. m. volume, book; bulk,

aize.

VOLUMINEU-X, SE, adj. voluminous, bulky. Volupta, vô-lôp tâ, s. f. pleasure, sensuality or voluptuousness, delight, satisfaction, enjoyment, lust, luxury.
Voluptueusement, vå-låp-tå-èuz-men,

adv. voluptuously, sensually.
Voluptueu-x, se, vô-lūp-tū-ėu, ėuz, adj. & s. voluptuous, sensual, libidinous; delight-

ful; voluptuary, epicure. Volute, volute.

VOLUTER, v. a. to wind.

Vonique, vo-mik, adj. Ex. Noix vomique, vomick nut.

Vomique, s. f. vomica.
Vomir, vo-mir, v. a. to spue, vomit, cast or bring up, belch out.

Vonissement, vo-mls-min, s.m. vomiting. VORITI-F, VE, vo-mi-tif, tlv, adj. vomitive.

VONITIF, s. m. vomit.

"VONITIF, s. m. vomit.

"VONITOIRES, s. m. pl. oudets of the Roman theatres, vomitoria.

Vorack, vô-ras, adj. voracious, ravenous. Voracité, vô-ra-si-ta, s. f. voracity, gree-**Sness**, gluttony. Vos, (pl. de *Votre*.) V. *Votre*.

VOTANT, 8. m. voter. VOTATION, voils-slow, s. f. voting.

VOTER, vo-ta, v. n. to vote or give one's

VOTI-P, VE, vo-iff, tlv, adj. votive.
VOTIE, votr, adj. (in pl. Vos) your. Le
votre, la rôtre, les vôtres, (without the noun)

Vouer, vôc-å, v. a. to devote or promise solemnly, to consecrate.

VOUGE, S. f. boar-spear or hunter's staff.
VOULANT, (part. of Vouloir) willing.
VOULOIR, voo-war, v. n. to will or be willing, please or be pleased, have a mind. Vou-leur, v. a. to wish, want, wish or choose to have; to require. If la roulu ainst, he would have it so. Si elle saroit ce que rous tui roulez, if she knew what design you have upon her.

Vouloir dire, to mean, signify. Vouloir, to be for. En rouloir à, to bear an ill will or owe a spite to, hate, have a grudge against; also to have a design upon. A qui en rest-il? what ails him? what is the matter with him? whom dues he look for ! whom does he mean to attack or offend?
Vouloir, s. m. wiff, pleasure, intention,

Voul.v, vša-lů, adj. Ex. Mal vouls, hated. Bien roulu, loved.

Vous, voo, (pers. pron. pl.) you, ye. Que diles-rous, messieurs? what do you sny, gen-tlemen? Comment rous ra, mon cher am? how do you do, dear friend? Je suis lout à vous, 1 am whelly yours.

Voussurg, vôo-sùr, s. f. arch er bending

(of a vault.)

VOUTE, voot, s. f. yauk, arched roof; roof vouts, vouts, s. t. vaus, arched roof; roof arch or canopy (of heaven.) Volte, Mar. counter. La grande rolle, the lower counter. La rolle de la galerie, the cove. Vaissem qui a beaucom de volte, ship has that a very hollow counter.

Vouté, E, adj. vaulted, arched, crooked, round-shouldered. Fer de cheval voûté, horse-

shoe bollowed.

VOUTER, voo-tå, v. a. to vault, arch, make archwise; (un fer de cheval) to bollow or make hollow. Se voiter, v. r. to bend like a vault, stoop, grow round-shouldered.

VOYAGE, vwh-yaz, s. m. voyage, travel,

journey, excursion; voyages, travels. Voyager, vwa-ya-za, v. n. to travel.

VOYAGEU-R, SE, vwh-yh-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. traveller.

VOYANT. E, vwa-yen, yent, adj. (from Voir)

seeing, dc. gaudy, very gay.
VOYANT, s. m. one that has his eye-sight;

VOYERLE, vwd-yêl, s. f. vowel.
VOYERLE, vwd-yêl, s. f. vowel.
VOYER, vwd-yê, s. m. surveyor or vverseer
of the highways.
VOYERIE, V. Voierie.
VRAI, E, vre, adj. true, right, teal, ge-

nuine, it. very exact; mere, arrant. Temps vrai, Mar. true time. Un vrai filou, a mere or an arrant cheat. Au vrai, truly, in truth.
VRAI, s. m. truth. Vous dites vrui, you say

right. Au wai, truiy, really, sincerely; for certain. On n'en sail rien au vrai, there is no

certainty of it.

VRAIMENT, vrê-mên, adv. indeed, truly. VRAISEMELABLE, vrê-sên-blabl, adj. likely, probable.
VRAISEMBLABLE, s. m. probability, like-

libood. VRAISEMBLABLEMENT, vrd-sen-blabl-men.

adv. likely, probably, with some appearance or semblance of truth VRAISEMBLANCE, vrd-sên-blêns, s. f. like

lihood, probability, semblance of truth.
VEEDER, vre-da, v.n. to run up and down,

ramble about. VRILLE, vell, s. m. wimble, drill. Vrille à canon, Mar. bitt or long gimblet (for clearing

the touch-hole of a cannon.) Vu, E, va, va, (from Voir) seen, etc. see

ing, considering. Vu que, seeing or consider-

Vu, s. m. sight, preamble (of a decree on the tout le monde, before every body.

Vun, vu, s. f. sight, eye-sight, view, eye or eyes, look, looking, seeing; look or prospect; vista, view; light, window or casement; view. survey, examination; aim, design, consideration, respect, account, score : sight, ponetra-tion; the being conscions, conscience, con-sciousuess, knowledge. Point de race, propert, view, aim; also true light; and in perspective, point of sight, eye or term or con A rue d'oril, visibly. A rue de pays, A rue d'ori, visilly. A rue de paps, by guess, at first aght or view. Lettre payable à rue, draft payable at sight. Longue rue, Mar. spying-glass. Etre à rue de terre, to be in sight of land. Etre en une de la terre, to be seen from the land without discovering land.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

etc.
VULGAIRE, vul-ger, adj vulgar, common, general, ordinary, low, mean, base, vile, tri-

VULGAIRE, s. m. vulgar, mobile, rabble, rude multitude.

VULGAIREMENT, vôl-ger-mên, adv. vul-

garly, commonly, meanly.
VULGATE, vol.-gat, s. f. vulgate, Catholick
translation of the Bible in Latin.

Vulkerable, vůl-nå-rabl, adj.vulnerable.

VULNÉRAIRE, vůl-nå-rèr, adj. vulnerary. VULNERAIRE, s. f. vulnerary plant. VULVE, valv. s. f. womb, matrice, uterus.

W.

W. s. m. this double letter does not belong WHERRY, S. m. V. Honari.
WIGH or rather WHIG, S. m. whig, one not

a tory, one in the opposition.

X, s. m. 23d letter of the French alphabet. XARTHIUM, s. m. sort of plant. XÉROPHAGIE, s. f. xerophagy XÉROPHTALMIR, s. f. xerophthalmy. XIPHIAS, s. f. Xiphias (a constellation.) XIPHOIDE, adj. xiphoid. XYLOBALSAME, s. m. xy XYLON, s. m. cotton plant. s. m. xylobalsamum. XYLOSTÉUM, s. m. sort of shrub or bush.

Y, I-grek, s. m. 24th letter of the French

alphabet.

Y, i, (sort of adverbial pronoun) there, thinker, here, hither, therein, to it, to them, to that, in it, in them, in that, about it, etc. and sometimes to me, to thee, to him, to her, to us, to you, etc. Prenez-y garde, mind it, look to it. Py enserai; I shall think of it or of them. Jy ai remarqué quelques fautes, I spied some faults in it or in them. Jy ai ajouté tusieurs choses, I have added several things to it or to them. Vous y êtes, you are in the right, you have hit the nail on the head. Vous are wy etes pas, you have not hit it right, you are out, you are mistaken. Vous rous y prenez wat, you go the wrong way to work, you do not take a right course in it. Il y a, etc. V. Avoir. YACHT, yat, s. m. yacht.

XACHT, yal, s. m. yacht.
YEUS. yèu, s. f. French oak, holm.
YEUS. yèu, s. m. (plural of œil) eyes.
Les yeur, the eyes, one's eyes, sight, view, look. Yeux de chat, (herb) snap-dragon.
A yeux cles, blindfold. Il a de bons yeux, he is sharp-sighted; he is sharp or cunning. Regarder arec des yeux de mépris, to look with contempt upon. Cela this blesse les seure or hei feit and aux yeux, that is an eveyear or bai fail mal aux year, that is an eye-sore to him. Aroir des affaires jusque par-dessus les years, to be full of business, have more business than one can turn one's hands Commencer à ouvrir les yeux, to begin to have one's eyes open, begin to see. Phil-tis n'a des yeux (or d'affection) que pour vous, Phillis loves none but you. Ouvrir de

VUIDANGE, VUIDE, etc. V. Vidange, Vide, grands yeux, to stand gaping, to be assonish ed. Regarder quelqu'un entre deux yeux, to stand gaping, to be assonish ed. Regarder quelqu'un entre deux yeux, to stand gaping, to be assonish ed. Regarder quelqu'un entre deux yeux, to stand gaping, to be assonish ed. wistfully at him. Je ne saurois le regarder wistuily at him. Je ne saurois le regarder arec des yeux de complaisance, I cannot kuk pleasantly upon him. Ce n'est pas pour ras beaux yeux, 'tis not upon your account, 'tis not for your sake. Cela crère les yeux or cela saute aux yeux, 'tis as plain as can be, it is obvious to every body, 'tis as clear as noon day. Yeux de la circulière, Mar. holes in the charge of the projectif the let with he mules. YOLE, s. f. Mar. yawl.
YPRÉAU, s. m. elin-tree, Dutch elin.

7.

Z, zed, ze, s. m. 25th letter of the French

alphabet.

ZAGAIE, zå-gė, s. f. long kind of dart used among the Mcors.

ZAIM, s. m, Turkish soldier.

ZAIR, zin, adj. m. Ex. Cherul zain, a horse all of one dark colour, without any star, spot or mark about him.

ZANI, s. m. zany, jack-pudding, merry-an drew

ZÉBELINE, V. Zibeline. ZÉDOAIRE, s. f. zedoari, sort of ginger. ZÉLANDE, s. f. Zealand.

ZÉLAT-EUR, RICE, zh-là-tiur, tris, s. m. & f. zealot, stickler, one who is zealous of or for a thing.

ZELE, zel, s. m. zeal, ardent affection. ZELE, E, zā-lā, adj. zealous.

ZÉLÉ, E. 22-10, au. zeasous.
ZÉNITH, zh-nh, s. m. zenith.
ZÉPHYR, zh-fh, (or poeticul'y) Zéphire, a.
in. Zephyr, Zephyrus.
ZÉRO, zh-rô, s. m. a cipher or nought.
ZEST, zèst, s. m. powdor-bag. C'est entre
le zist et le zest, it is middling.
ZEST, interj. pshaw! fiddlestick!
ZEST, vést. s. m. zest. division of a wal-

ZESTE, zest, s. m. zest, division of a wal-mut's kernel. Je n'en donnerois pas un zeste, I would not give a straw or rush or pin's head for it

r it, Zźrźrique, adj. zetetick, Zibeline, złb-lin, s. f. sable, sable-skin. Ziezag, złg-zag, s. m. zigzag, Zinc, s. m. zinc, speher.

ZINZOLIN, s. m. reddish, violet colour. ZIST, zîst, V. Zest. ZIZANIE, zî-zâ-ni, s. f. darnel; dissension Semer la zizanie, to sow dissension, make dif ferences.

Zoniacal, E, zô-dî-â-kâl, adj. zodiacal. ZODIAQUE, zô-dî-âk, s. m. zodiack. Zolle, zô-îl, s. m. snarling critick. Zône, zôn, s. f. zone.

ZOOGRAPHE, s. m. zoographer. ZOOGRAPHIE, zo-o-gra-fl, s. f. zoography ZOOLATRIE, zo-o-la-trl, s. f. zoolatry (ado

ration of animals.) Zoologie, zô-ô-lô-el, s. f. zoology. Zoophore, zô-ô-fêr, s. n. zoophorus. Zoophyrt, zô-ô-fît, s. m. zoophyte. Zootome, zô-ô-tô-ml, s. f. zootomy

Zopissa, s. f. pitch and tar scraped from old ships. *ZYMOZIMÈTRE, s. m. thermometer to

measure the degree of fermentation. ZYMOTECHNIE, s. f. that part of chymistry which has fermentation for its object.

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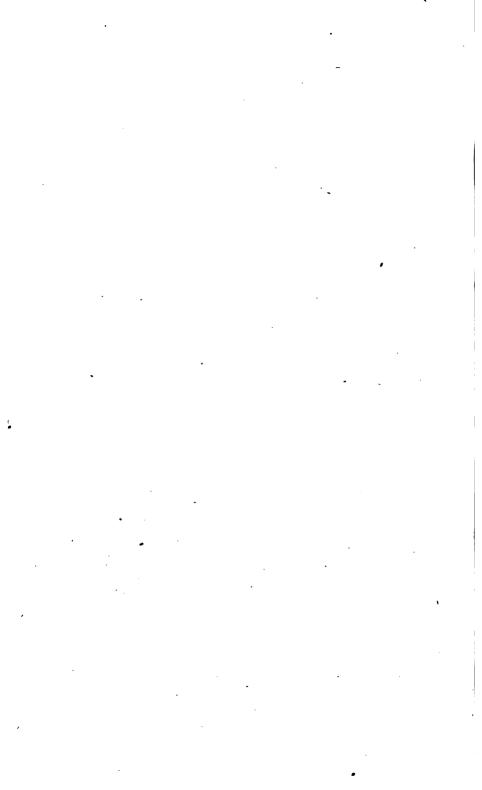
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DICTIONNAIRE

ANGLOIS & FRANÇOIS.

ABI

ABR

A, art. indef. un, une. It is sometimes trans-lated by le. la. l', per A, sur, de. ABJECT, adj. abject, vil, bas, méprisable. lated by le, la, l', par A, sur, de. ABACK, adv. derrière, par derrière. ABACOT, è. espèce de bonnet royal. ABACUS, s. abaque, tailloir. ABALT, s. la poupe, adv. en poupe. ABALIENATION, s. alienation, f. vente, f. ABANDON, v. a. abandonner, quitter. ABANDONER, s. celui qui abandonne. ABANDONING, abandonnement, m. delaiss [ment, m. ment, m. ABANDONMENT, s. abandon, m. abandonne-ABASE, v. a. abaisser, hamilier, baisser. ABASEMENT, s. abaissement, m. humiliation, f. ABASH, v. a. rendre honteux, or confus. ABASHMENT, subst. confusion, f. honte, f. ABATE, r. a. abattre, diminuer, rabattre, rabaisser, détruire ; annuller. baisser, détruire ; annuller. [tement, m. ABATEMENT, s. rabais, m. remise, f. abat-ABATING, s. rabais, m. diminution, ABATURES s. pl. abatures, f. trace. f. pas, m. ABBA, s. [a Syriac word] père, m. ABBACT, s. abbaye, f. droits d'un abbé. ABBESS, s. abbesse, ABBEY, s. abbaye, j Aввот, s. abbé, m. chef d'une abbaye. Аввотянге, s. la diguité d'abbé. ABBREVIATE, v. a. raccourcir, abréger. ABBREVIATION, s. abbréviation, f. abrégé, m ABBREVIATOR, s. abbreviateur, m ABBREVIATURE, s.abbréviation, f.abrégé,n ABDICATE, v. a. abdiquer, se démettre de. ABDICATION, s. abdication, f. resignation, f. ABDOMEN, s. abdication, m. le bas-ventre. ABDOMINAL, adj. qui a rapport à l'abdomen. ABDUCE, v. a. tourner, détourner. [muscle.) ABDUCTOR, s. abducteur, m. (se dit d'un ABECEDARY, adj. abecedaire. ABED, or A-BED, adv. au lil.
ABERRANCE, s. égarement, m. méprise, f.
ABERRANT, adj. errant, qui s'égare.
ABERRATION, s. erreur, f. aberration, f. ABET, v. a. exciter, aider, assister, appuyer. ABETMENT, s. encouragement, m. appui. m ABETTER OF ABETTOR, s. instigateur, m partisaa, m. ABEYANCÉ, s. terres-jacentes, f. ABHOR, v. a. abhorrer, detester. ABHORRENCE, s. horreur, f. aversion, f. ABHORRENT, adj. qui déteste, contraire à. ABHORRER, s. celui qui abborre, ennemi jurė, m. ABHORRING, s. horreur, f. aversion, f. ABIDE, v. a. & n. souffrir, supporter, demeurer; - with, proteger; - thing, se tenir à une chose. -by, or in a ABIDIFG, s stabilité, f. demeure, f.

ABJECTION, ABJECTNESS, s. bassesse lacheté, f. ABJUSTATUR, adv. bassement, lachement. [ABILITY, adv. bassement, lachement. [ABILITY, f. habileté, f. pouvoir, m. capaci ABINTESTATE, adj. abintestat. ABJUSTATOR, s. abjuration, f. exil, m. ABJURE, v. a. abjurer, renoncer à. ABLACTATE, v. a. sévrer un enfant. ABLACTATION, s. l'action de sévrer, f. ABLATION, s. depossession. ABLE, adj. capable, habile, expert. To able, pouvoir, être capable. ABLE-BODIED, adj. fort, robuste, membru. ABLEGATE, v. a. envoyer, députer, déleguer. ABLENESS, s. pouvoir, m. habileté, ABLEPSY, s. aveuglement, m. imprudence, f ABLOCATE, v. a. louer, amodier. ABLUTION, s. ablution, f. ABNEGATION. s. abnegation, f. renoncement ABNEGATE, v. a. renier, renoncer. ABOARD, adv. à bord, à bord de navire. ABODE, s. séjour, m. demeure, résidence, f. To Abode, v. a. presager, annoncer d'avance. ABODEMENT, s. presage, m. pressentiment, m ABOLISH, v. a. abolir, détruire, annuller. ABOLISHABLE, adj. qui peut être aboli. ABOLISHMENT, ABOLITION, s. abolition ABOMINABLE, adj. abominable, détestable. ABOMINABLY, adj. abominablement. Abominate, v. a. détester, avoir en horrenr ABONINATION, s. abomination, f.
ABORIGINES, s. pl. Aborigènes, m. Premiers naturels d'un pays, m. pl ABORT, v. n. avorter, faire une fausse conche.
ABORTION, s. avortement, m. fausse couche. ABORTIVE, adj. and s. abortif, un avorten. ABORTIVELY, adv. avant terme. ABOVE, adv. en haut, là haut. ABOVE, prep. au dessus de. plus de, plus ABOVE-ALL, adv. surtout, principalement ABOVE-BOARD, adv. ouvertemen Abound, v. n. abonder, être en abondance. ABOUT, prep. autour, environ, à l'entour de, aux environs, vers, concernant, pour, sur, près, dans, par.

ABOUT, adv. à la ronde, cà & là, de tour.

ABRADE, v. a. user en frottant. ABRASION, s. l'action de miner en frottant, f ABREAST, adv. de front, à côte l'un de l'autre.
ABRIDGE, v. c. abréger, diminuer, retrancher
ABRIDGER, s. qui abrége, abréviateur, m.
ABRIDGER, s. parèce, m. diminution, f. ABROACH. adv en perce, près de se répen-

ABROAD, adv. dehors, hors de chez soi, dans | ACADEMICIAN, s. académicien, m. les pays étrangers, au loin, dans le public. | ACADEMIST, s. académicien, m. ABROGATE, v.a. abroger, annuller, révoquer. ABROGATION, s. abrogation, f. cassation, f. ABROGATION, s. auroune, f. herbe.
ABROTONUM, s. auroune, f. herbe.
ABRUPT, acf. précipité, brusque, cassé, séparr. ABRUPTION, s. separation, f. rupture. f. ABRUPTLY, adv. busquement. ABRUPTNESS, s. brusquerie, f. rudesse, f. ABRUPTNESS, s. abcès, m. apostème, m. ABSCIND, v. a. couper, fendre, trancher. ABSCIND, v. a. couper, rendre, trancher.
ABSCISSION, s. Raction de couper, f.
ABSCOND, v. n. se cacher, se dérober.
ABSENT, adj. absent, éloigne, distrait.
To absent onc's self, v. r. s absenter.
ABSENTEE, s. absent de son poste, de son DRYS. ABSOLVE, v. a. absoudre, décharger, justifier. ABSOLUTE, adj. absolu, parfait, achévé. ABSOLUTELY, adv. absolument, entièrement. ABSOLUTENESS, s. pouvoir absolu. ABSOLUTION, s. absolution, f. pardon, f. ABSOLUTION, adj. qui absout, de pardon. ABSONANT, adj. discordant, absurde. ABSORB, v. a. absorber, engloutir, ablmer. ABSORBENT, s. absorbant, m. absorbant, adj. ABSORPTION, s. l'action d'absorber, f. ABSTAIN, v. n. s'abstenir, se priver de. ABSTEMIOUS, adj. sobre, abstème, m.
ABSTEMIOUSLY, adv. sobrement. A BSTEMIOUSNESS, s. sobriété, tempérance, f. ABSTERGE & ABSTERSE, v. a. essuyer, net-ABSTERGENT & ABSTERSIVE, adj. détersif. ABSTERSION, s. l'action de nettoyer, f. ABSTINENCE, s. abstinence, f. sobriété, f. ABSTINENT, adf. sobre, modère, temperc. ABSTORTED, adj. force, enlevé de force. ABSTRACT, s. extrait, m. abregé, m. abstraction, f. ABSTRACT, v. a. extraire, separer, abreger. ABSTRACTED, part. adj. extrait, abstrait. ABSTRACTEDLY, adv. par abstraction. ABSTRACTION, s. abstraction, f. separation, f. ABSTRACTI.Y, adv. d'une manière abetraite. ABSTRUSE, adf. abstrus, obscur, caché. ABSTRUSKLY, adv. d'une manière obscure. ABSTRUSENESS, s. obscurité, f. difficulté, f. ABSUNE, v. a. consumer, detruire, gater, user. ABSURD, adj. absurde, ridicule. ABSURDITY, s. absurdité, f. déraison, f. ABSURDLY, adv. absurdement, deraisonablement. ABUNDANCE, s. abondance, f. beaucoup. ABUNDANT, adj. abondant, qui abonde. ABUSE, s. abus, m. affront, m. injuré, f. ABUSE, v. a. abuser, injurier, tromper, seduire. ABUSER, s. abuser, m. seducteur, m. ABUSIVE, adj. choquant, injurieux, abusif. ABUSIVELY adv. abusivement, improprement. AI USIVENESS, s. impertinence, f. insulte, f. ABUT UPON, v. n. aboutir, confiner à. ABUTMENT, s. but, m. borne, f. limite, f. ABUTTAL, s. limite, f. borne, f. ABUSTAL, s. limite, f. borne, f. ABYSSAL, adj. qui n' a point de fond. ABYSSA & ABYSSA, s. abime, m. goufre, m. ACADEMICK, Academical, adj. academique ACADEMICES, s. pl. académiciens

ACADEMY, s. académie, f. école, f. manège ACANTHUS, s. acanthe, f. branche-ursine, f ACATALEPTIC, adj. incomprehensible. ACCEDE, v. n. acceder, consentir. ACCELERATE, v. a. accelerer, hater. Acceleration, s. acceleration, f. vitesse, f. Accension, s. l'action d'enflammer, d'allumer. ACCENT, s. accent, m. ton, m. chant, m. ACCENT, v. a. accentuer, marquer d'un ac-Accept, r. a. accepter, recevoir, agréer. ACCEPTABLE, adj. agreable, reçu avec plaisir. ACCEPTABLY, adv. agreablement. ACCEPTANCE, s. acceptation, f. agreement, m. ACCEPTATION or ACCEPTION, s. acception.f. ACCEPTER, s. celui qui accepte, or agrée. ACCEPTILATION, f. une quittance verbale. Access, f. access, m. entrée, f. retour, m. Accessible, adj. accessible, abordable. Accession, s. surcroit, m. avenement, [plice: eession. ACCESSORY, s. and adj. accessoire, m. com-Accidence, s. rudiment, m. accidens de grammaire, m. ACCIDENT, s. accident, m. hazard, m. mode, Accidental, adj. accidentel, casuel. ACCIDENTALLY, adv. accidentellement. ACCLAMATION, s. cri de joie, m. acclamation, f. ACCLIVITY, s. montée, f. élévation, f. Accloy, v. a. affadir, rassasier. ACCOMMODABLE, adj. qui peut s'accorder avec une autre chose. ACCOMMODATE, v. a. accommoder, arranger. ACCOMMODATION, s. accord, m. commodites, f. aisances, f. ACCOMPANIMENT, s. accompagnement, m Accompany, v. a. accompagner, suivre. ACCOMPLICE, s. complice, m. & f. Accomplish, v. a. accomplir, achever, perfectionner, executer, finir. [perfection, f. Accomplishment, s. accomplishement, m. ACCOMPT, s. compte, m. calcul, m. supputation, f. ACCOMPTANT, s. calculateur, m. arithméti-ACCORD, s. accord, m. union, f. convention, f. of his own accord, volontairement. Accord, v. a. & n. accorder, accommoder [nance, f. ACCORDANCE, s. f. accord, m. union, conve-ACCORDANT, adj. convenable, conforme, accordant. ACCORDING TO, prep. suivant, selon. ACCORDING AS, selon que, comme. ACCORDINGLY, adv. conformement, en constquence. Accost, v. a. accoster, aborder, joindre. Accostable, adj. abordable, qui est d'un facile accès. ACCOUNT, s. compte, m. calcul, m état, m. estime, f. cas, m. relation, f. avis, m. recit, m. examen, m. raison, f. cause, f. pretexte, m. sujet, m. dessein, m. gain, m. profit, m. Upon your account, en votre consideration. Upon all accounts, dans toutes les occasions, en tout Account, v. a. & n. compter, rendre compte, estimer, penser, tenir, regarder, croire, rendre raison. ACCOUNTABLE, adj. comptable, responsable ACCOUNTANT,adj.s.comptable, calculateur m

ACCOUTEN, part. a.j. estimé, réputé, re-ACCOUPLE, v. a. accoupler, joindre. [gardé. ACCOUTEN, v. a. ajuster, parer, accourc, babiler, équiper. [m. équipage, m. ACCOUTENENENT, s. accoutrement, m. habit, Accretion, s. accroissement, m. ACCRUE, v. a. accroître, s'accroître, résulter [amasser. ACCUMULATE, v. a. accumuler, entasser, ACCUMULATION, s. accumulation, f. amas, m. ACCUMULATIVE, adj. qui accumule, ajouté. ACCUMULATOR, s. celui qui accumule. ACCUMACTOR ACCUMENTENESS, s. exactitude, f. soin, m. ACCURATE, adj. exact, soigneux, soignė. ACCURATELY, s. exactement, soigneusement. ACCUSABLE, adj. blamable, coupable. ACCUSATION, s. accusation, f. blame, m. reproche, m. ACCUSATIVE CASE, le cas accusatif. Accuse, v. a. accuser, blamer, reprocher. ACCUSER, s. accusateur, m. accusatrice, f. Accuston, v. a. accoutumer, habituer. ACCUSTOMABLE, adj. commun, habituel.
ACCUSTOMABLY, adv. communement, habituellement. Accustomany, adj. accoutumé, ordinaire. ACCUSTOMED, part. adj. accoutumé, ACE, s. as, m. de carte or de dé. acha ACEPHALOUS, adj. acephale, sans tête. ACERB, adj. acre, aigre, vert, apre, rude, douloureux. ACERBITY, s. aigreur, f. amertume, ACERVATE, v. a. amasser, accumuler, ACERVATION, e. amas, m. tas, m. ACESCENT, adj. qui s'aigrit. ACETOSE, adj. aigre, acide, piquant. ACETOSITS, e. aigreur, f. acidité, f. ACETOSITS, et aigreur, j. acidité, f. ACETOSITS, et aigreur, j. acidité, f. ACETOUS, adj. aceteux, aigre. ACHE, s. ache, f. persil, m. sorte d'herbe. ACHIRVE, v. a. achever, executer, obtenir, acquerir. acquerur.
ACHIEV EMENT, s. exploit, s. armoiries, f. pl.
ACID, s. and adj. acide, aigre.
ACIDITY, s. acidité, f. aigreur, f. [aigre.
ACIDULATE, v. a aciduler, rendre un peu ACKNOWLEDGE, v. a. reconnoître, avouer. ACKNOWLEDGMENT, s. aven, m. reconnoissance, f. ACONITE, s. aconit, m. herbe venimeuse, f. ACORUS, s. acorus, m. herbe odoriférante. ACORR, s. gland, m. fruit du chêne, m. Acousticus, s. accoustique, f. science des sons, f. [quer. Acquaint, v. a. avertir, informer, communi-ACQUAINTANCE, s. connoissance, f. habitude, f. ACQUEST, s. acquet, m. acquisition, f. Acquisce, v. a. acquiescer, comentir. Acquiescence, s. acquiescement, m. consentement, m. Acquirable, adj. qui peut-être acquis. Acquier, v. a. acquerir, gagner, obtenir. Acquierment, s. acquisition, f. possession, f. Acquisition, s. acquisition, f. acquet, sa. Acquisitive, adj. acquis, gagne, appris. Acquit, v. a. acquitter, decharger, absoudre. Acquitment or Acquittal, s. decharge, f. ACQUITTANCE, s. quittance, f. reçu, m. ACRE, s. acre, m. mesure de terre. ACRIMONIOUS, adj. acre, aigre. Acrimony s. acrimonie, f. aigreur, f. apreté, f. acreté f.

ACRITUDE, s. acreté, f. aigreur, f. apreté ACROSS, prep. à travers, au travers, croisé Acrostic, s. acrostiche, m. espèce de poesie, Act, s. acte, m. action, f. fait, m. coup, m.
Act of oblivion, amnistic, f.
Act, v. n. and a. faire, agir, se conduire. jouer, animer. [bat, m. ACTION, s. action, f. geste, m. proces, m. com ACTIONABLE, adj. qu'on peut actionner. ACTIONARY or ACTIONIST, s. actionnaire, m. ACTIVE, adj. actif, agissant, agile. ACTIVELY, adv. agilement, activement.
ACTIVITY, s. activité, f. vivacité, f.
ACTOR, s. agent, m. acteur, m. comédien, m. ACTRESS, s. actrice, f. comédienne, f. ACTUAL, adj. actuel, effectif. ACTUALLY, adv. actuellement, effectivement. ACTUALNESS, s. existence actuelle, f. ACTUARY, s. sécretaire, m. greffier, m. ACTUATE, v. a. animer, exciter, pousser. ACUATE, v. a. aiguiser, exciter, pousser. Acumen, s. pointe aigue, penetration, f. genie, m. Acute, adj. aigu, perçant, spirituel. Acute, s. acut, m. accent aigu, m. Acutely, adv. subtilement, inement. ACUTERESS, s. penetration, f. esprit, m.
ADAGE, s. adage, m. proverbe, m. [m
ADAMANT OF ADAMANT-STONE, s. diamant, ADAMATTINE, alij. de diamant.
ADAMITES, s. pl. adamites, m. pl. multipl.
ans, m. pl. ADAPT, v. α. adapter, ajuster, appliquer. ADAPTATION, ADAPTION, s. application, f. ADAYS, adv. a present, maintenant ADD, r. a. ajouter, joindre, augmenter. ADDABLE or ADDIBLE, adj. qui peut être aiouté. Addecimatr, v. a. dixmer, lever des dixmes. ADDER, s. couleuvre, f. serpent, m.
ADDER's-TONGUE, s. langue de serpent, f.
ADDICE or ADZE, s. doloire, f. [(herbe, f.)
ADDICT, v. d. adonner, appliquer, devouer.
ADDITION, s. addition, f. augmentation, f advantage, m. Additional, adj. ajoute, de surplus. ADDLE, adj. vuide, sterile. ADDLE-PATED, écervelé, étourdi, stupide ADDLE, s. tartre, m.; v. a. rendre stérile. ADDRESS, s. dédicace, f. requête, f. placet m. addresser, f. industrie, f. habileté, f graces, f. pl. ADDRESS, v. a. addresser, dedier, supplier ADDRESSER, s. presenteur d'adresses, st. ADDUCENT, s. un puissant motif. ADEROGRAPHY, s. description des glandes, ADEPT, s. adepte, m.; adj. savant, profond. ADEQUATE, adj. egal, equivalent ADEQUATELY, adv. proportionnément. ADEQUATENESS, s. proportion, f. éga.ité, f. ADHERE, v. n. adhérer, être attaché à. ADHERENCE and ADHESION, s. adherence, f. adhésion, f. ADHERENT, s. adherent, m. partisan, m. ADHESIVE, alj. fortement attaché à. ADJACENCY, a. contiguité, f. voisinage, sa. ADJACENCY, a. contiguité, f. voisinage, sa. ADJACENT, adj. and a. adjacent, contigu. ADJECT, v. a. ajoùter, joindre. [voisin, sa. ADJECTIVE, s. and adj. adjectif, sa. ADJECTIVE, adv. adjectivement. ADJECTIVE, adv. adjectivement. ADIRU, s. adieu, m Adjoin, v. a. adjoindre, associer, ajouter. Adjourn, v. a. remettre, renvoyer, ajournes.

Aprirous, adj. adipeux, gras. ADJUDGE, r. a. adjuger, condamner. ADJUDGATE, v. a. adjuger, concamer.
ADJUDGATE, v. a. adjuger, determiner.
ADJUNCT, s. adjoint, m. associe, m. accambunction, s. adjoint, n. f. addition, f.
AD-URATION, s. adjuration, f. conjuration, f. ADJUTAN, e. aider nonjurer. miner. ADJUTANT, e. aide-major, m. adjutant, m. ADJUTANT, e. aide-major, m. adjutant, m. ADJUTANT, e. assistant, m. aide, m. ADJUVATE, n. a. aider. ADMEASUREMENT, s. mesurage, m. ADMENSURATION, s.egalisation, mesurage, m. ADMINISTER, v. a. administrer, donner, re-[donner. ADMINISTRATE, v. a. administrer, appliquer, ADMINISTRATION, s. administration, f. conduite, f. ADMINISTRATOR, s. administrateur, m. ADMINISTRATORSHIP, s. administration, f. ADMINISTRATRIX, s. administratrice, f. ADMIRABLE, adj. admirable, surprenant. ADMIRABLY, adv. admirablement, tres-bien. ADMIRAL, c. amiral, m ADMIRALSHIP, s. la charge d'amiral. ADMIRALTY, s. amiraute, f. ADMIRATION, s. admiration, f. ADMIRE, v. a. admirer, s'étonner, aimer. Admirer, s. admirateur, m. qui admire. Admissible, adf. admissible. Admission, s. admission, f. reception, f. Admit, v. a. accorder, admettre, permettre. ADMITTABLE, auj. admissible. [cès, m. ADMITTANCE, s. admission, f. entrée, f. ac-ADMIX, v. a. méler, brouiller. [mélange, m. ADMIXTION OF ADMIXTURE, s. mixtion, f. ADMONISH, v. a. admonéter, reprendre. ADMONISHER, s. admoniteur, m. qui exhorte. ADMONITORY, adj. monitorial.

ADMOVE, r. a. approcher, reunir.

ADO, s. peine, f. difficulté, f. tumulte, m. ADOLESCENCE, s. adolescence, f. jeunesse, f. ADOPT, v. a. adopter, s'approprier. ADOPTION, s. adoption, f. ADOPTIEE, adj. adoptif, qui est adopté. ADORABLE, adj. adorable, vénérable. ADORABLY, adr. d'une manière adorable. ADORATION, s. adoration, f. homage, m. ADORE, v. a. adorer, aimer passionnement. ADORER, s. adorateur, m. ADORN, v. a. orner, parer, embellir, décorer. ADORNMENT, s. ornement, m. perure, f. ADown, prep. en bas, sur la terre. ADRIFT, adv. au gre des flots, au hazard. ADROIT, adj. adroit, habile, agile. ADROITNESS, s. adresse, f. dextérité, f.
ADRY, adj. altéré, qui a soif.
ADSCITTIOUS, adj. ajouté, controuvé, interADULATION, s. adulation, f. flatterie, f. ADULATOR, s. adulateur, m. flatteur, m. ADULATORY, adj. flatteur, plein de flatterie. ADULT, s. and adj. adulte, m. and f. ADULTERATE, v. a. alterer, corrompre. ADULTERATE, adj. corrompu, altere. ADULTERATERESS, s. corruption, f. ADULTERER, s. un adultère, corrupteur. ADULTERESS, une femme adultère. ADULTERINE, adj. adulterin. ADULTEROUS, adj. coupable ADULTERY, s. adultere, m. adultère. dadultère,

ADUMBRATE, v.a. ombrager, tracer, ébaucher. ADUMBRATION, sebruche, f. ressemblance

idgere.

ADUNCITY, s. courbure, f. sinuosité, f. Adunque, adj. courbé, crochu. Adust or Adusted, adj. aduste, brôlé. ADUSTIBLE, adj. combustible.

ADUSTIBLE, adj. combustible.

ADUSTION, s. l'action de brûler, f. brûlure, f. ADVANCE, s. avance, f. progres ADVANCE, v. a. avancer, produire, pousser. ADVANCEMENT, s. avancement, m. ADVANCER, s. promoteur, m. ADVANTAGE, s. avantage, m. profit, m. bien, ADVANTAGE, v. a. avantager, gratifier. ADVANTAGEOUS, adj. avantageux, utile. ADVANTAGEOUSLY, adv. avantageusement ADVANTAGEOUSNESS, s. avantage, m. profit, ADVENE, v. a. accéder, être ajouté. ADVENT, s. venue, f. arrivée, f. avent, m. ADVENTITIOUS, adj. accessoire, accidentel, casuel. ADVENTURE, s. aventure, f. hazard, m. Adventure, v. a. & n. aventurer, s'aven-Adventurer, s. aventurier. m. qui risque. Adventurous, adj. hardi, hazardeux. ADVENTUROUSLY, adv. hardiment, avec té-ADVERB, s. adverbe, m. [mérité. Adverbial, adj. adverbial. ADVERBIALLY, adv. adverbialement. ADVERSARY, s. adversaire, m. ennemi, m Adverse, adj. contraire, adverse, oppose. ADVERSITY, s. adversité, f. infortune, f. ADVERSELY, adv. malheureusement. ADVERT, v. a. remarquer, observer. ADVERTENCE and ADVERTENCY, s. attention, f. ADVERTISE, v. a. avertir, donner avis. ADVERTISEMENT, s.avertissement, m.avis, m. ADVERTISER, s. papier d' avis, m. avertis-ADVESPERATE, v. n. se faire tard. [seur, m. ADVICE, s. avis, m. conseil, m. avertissement, st. ADVISABLE, adj. convenable, expedient. [f. ADVISABLENESS, s. convenance, f. propriete, ADVISE, n. a. and n. donner avis, examiner, considerer. ADVISEDLY, adv. prudemment, sagement. ADVISER, s. qui donne des conseils. ADVOCATE, s. avocat, m. protecteur, m. de fenseur, m. ADVOCATION, s. apologie, f. intercession, f. ADVOWEE, s. avoue, m. patron en chef, m. ADVOWSE, s. a root, m. ADVOWSE, s. f. ADVOWSE, s. f. poque, f. periode, f. AERIAL, adf. aerien, d'air.
AERY, s. aire, f. le nid d'un oiseau de proie. AEROLOGY, s. aerologie, f. AEROMANCY, s. aeromancie, AEROMETRY, s. aérométrie, f. AEROSCOPY, s. l'observation de l'air, f AFAR, adv. loin, de loin, loin d'ici AFFABLETY or AFFABLETESS, 4. affabilité, f. AFFABLE, adj. affable, complaisant, courtois. AFFABLY, adv. affablement, honnétement. AFFAIR, s. affaire, f. intrigue, f. combat, m. AFFECT, v. a. affector, toucher, interesser. AFFECTATION, s. affectation, f.
AFFECTED, part. adj. affecté, recherché, touché. Affected with, attaqué, atteint de. AFFECTEDLY, adv. avec affectation AFFECTEDINES, s. affectation, f. affeterie, f AFFECTING, adj. pathétique, intéressant. AFFECTION 2. affection, f. amour, m. désir AFFECTIONATE, adj. affectionné, zèlé. AFFECTIONATELT, ado. affectueusement

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AFFECTIVE, adj. touchast, qui affects. APPIANCE s. finepatiles, f. pl. confinece, f. Ryviance, j. a. finecer, avoir confinece. APPIDAVIT, s. déclaration, f. serment, m. APPILIATION, s. afhitation, f. adoption, f. APPINAGE, s. affinage, m Appinity, s. affinité, f. parenté, f. rapport, m. connexion, f.
AFFIRM, v. c. affirmer, assurer.
AFFIRM ABLE, adj. qui peut être affirmé.
AFFIRMATION, s. affirmation, f. confirm tion, f. [matif. AFFIRMATIVE, s. affirmative, f.; adj. affir-AFFIRMATIVELY, edv. affirmativement. AFFIX, v. a. attacher, lier, joindre. AFFIATION, v. l'action de souffier, f. Afflatus, s. inspiration, f. enthousrasme, m. Afflatus, s. a. affliger, chagriner, accabler. Afflictrus, s. a. affliger, chagriner, accabler. Afflictrus, s. affliction, f. calamité, f. malheur, m. APPLUENCE, s. affinence, f. abondance, f. APPLUENT, adj. abondant, opulent.
APPLUENT, s. ames, m. arilluene, f. [calié de. AFFOREST, v. a. produire, fournir, avoir la fa-AFFOREST, v. a. mettre des terres en forêt. AFFRANCHISE, v. a. affranchir, affray; s. querelle, f. [m. bagarre, f. Affricut, s. frayeur, f. épouvante, f. effroi, AFFRIGHT, v. a. effrayer, epouvanter. AFFRORT, s. affront, m. outrage, m. insuite, f. AFFRORT, v. a. affronter, outrager, insulter. [fensant. AFFRONTER, & offenseur, m. AFFRORTIKG, adj. outrageant, injurieux, of-AFFUSE, v. a. verser sur, meler avec. APPUSION, e. l'action de verser, f. AFFT, v. n. finncer, se fier à. AFLOAT, ade. à flot, en mouvement. AFOOT, adj. à pied, sur pied, en action. AFORE, prep. avant; adv. devant, aupura AFORE-GOING, adj. précédent. [vans (vant. AFORE-HAND, par avance.
AFORE-SAID, acj. sus-dit, sus-mentionne.
AFORE-TIME, adv. antrefess, jadis. AFRE'II, adv. de nouveau, derechef. AFT. See Abaft, la poupe.

AFT. See Abaft, la poupe.

AFTER, prep. après, derrière, concernant, pour, après ; par, selon, survant, à, de.

AFTER, adc. ensuite, puis, après que, de là.

AFTER-AGES, s. pl. les siècles à venir. AFTER-ALL, adv. après tout, au fond, enfin. AFTER-BIRTH OF AFTER-BURDEN, s. arrière-faix, m. AFTER-COST, s. surcroit de dépenses. AFTER-CROP, s. seconde récolte, regain, m AFTER-EVE, v. a. garder à vue. [rité, AFTER-LIVERS, s. pl. descendans, m. post-AFTER-MATH or AFTER-GRASS, s. regnin, m. APTER-NOON, s. après-midi, m.
APTER-PAUS, s. pl. tranchèse après l'accouchement, f. pl.
APTER-PAUS, s. la dernière partie, le dèclis. AFTER-PROOFS, s. pl. preuves ultérieures. AFTER-RECKONING, s. revision, f. AFTER-TASTE, s. déboire, m. [tard, [tard, f. AFTER-THOUGHT, s. reflexion qui vient trop AFTER-TIMES, s. pl. les âges futurs. AFTERWARDS, adv. ensuite, après cela, puis. AFTER-WIT, s. esprit tardif, m. un après-[cune, f. AFTER-WRATH, s. ressentiment, m. ran-Aga, a aga, m. ofbeier Ture, m.

AGAIN, adr. une seconde fois, de nouveai encore, de plus, pareillement, en récom-pense, une fois autant. As much again, une fois autant. Back-aguin, de retour. As big again, une fois plus gros. Over-again, en-core une fois, de reches. Again and again, plusieurs fois, souvent. AGAINST, prep. contre, près, auprès, vers, sur. Over-aguinst, vis-à-vis, à l'opposite.
AGAPE, adv. la bouche beante. AGARIC, s. agaric, m. espèce de champigne b, AGART or AGHAST, adj. étoané, surpris. AGATE, s. (a kind of stone) agute, j. AGATE, adj. de la nature de l'agate. AGATT, my, on a manufer of regame.
AGE, s. age, m. ans, siècle, m.
AGED, adj. agé, quoi est sur l'age.
AGENT, s. intervention, f. agence, f.
AGENT, s. agent, m. régisseur, m. supplés, m.
AGLOMERATE, v. s. and s. assember, se AGGLUTINATE, v. a. coller, joindre avec. AGGLUTINATION, s. union, haison, f. [ver AGGRANDIZE, v. a. agrandir, augmenter, ele AGGRARDIZEMENT, s. agrandimement, m. AGGRAVATE, v. a. aggraver, augmenter. AGGREGATE, aij. assemble, ramasse, incorporé. AGGREGATE, s. collection, f. résultat, m. AGGREGATION, s. collection, f. total, m. AGGRESS, v. n. attaquer, aggresser. [saut. AGGRESSION, s. attaque, f. aggression, f. as-AGGRESSOR, s. aggre eur, AGGRIEVANCE, s. injuno, f. affront, m. den-leur, f. affliction, f. AGGRIEVE, v. a. chagriner, affliger, grever. AGGROUP, v. a. grouper, faire us groupe. AGILE, adj. agile, actif, dispos, souple. AGILITY, s. agilité, f. légèreté, f. AGIO, s. agio. m. prix du chango, AGITABLE, s. qui pent être agné. AGITATE, v. a. agiter, emouvoir, discuter. AGITATION, s. agitation, f. mouvement, st. AGITATOR, s. agration, f. mayerican, m. AGITATOR, s. agrat, m. agitator, m. AGITT, s. aiguillette, f. petite lame de métal. AGNAIL, s. onglée, f. apostume à l'ongle, f. AGNATIOR, s. agration, f. parentage, m. AGNATOR, s. agration, f. parentage, m. AGNIZE, r. a. reconnoître, avouer. AGNITION, s. reconnoissance, f. souvenir, m AGO, adv. passé. Long ago, il ya longtemps AGOG, adr. avec empressement Agonist and Agonistes, s. rival, m. AGONIZE, v. n. agoniser, être à l'agonic. AGONY, s. agonie, f. ahois, m. AGRARIAN, adj. agraire. [convenir AGREE, r. a. and n. accorder, s'accorder AGREEABLE, adj. convenable, conforme, gra [ment, sa. cieux. AGREEABLENESS, s. conformité, f. agré AGREEABLY, adv. conformément, agréable AGREEN, part. adj. convens d'accord. [mest. AGREENE, p. conformité, f. convenance, f. AGREENENT, s. conformité, f. accord, m accommodement, m. convention, f. trans action, f. AGRESTIC, adj. champetre, rustique, grossiet AGRICOLTURE, a. agriculture, f. AGRICOLTURE, a. agriculture, f. AGRIMONY, s. agrimoise, f. (de plante.)
AGRIMON, s. agriculte, f. griotte, guigne.
AGROUND, adv. échoué, ensablé, engrave
AGUE, s. fievre avec accès. Aguish, adf, fic reus. AH! interf. Ah! Hélas! Quoi! AHA! interf. Aha!

AHEAD, d'avance, en avant.

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ALKALI, ALCALI, (espèce de sel minéral.) ALKERMES, s. alkermes, m. ALL, pron. adj. tout, le tout tous. For good and all, tout-à-fait. ALL, adv. entièrement, tout, aussi. Not at all, point du tout. All over, d'un bout à l'autre-ALL-ALONG, adv. tout du long, toujours. ALL-HEAL, s. (an herb) panacee, f. ALLAY, s. melange, m. alliage, m. soulagement, m. ALLAY, v. a. allier, mêler, alléger, adoucir. ALLAY, b. a. amer, meter, ameger, acoucus.
ALLEGATION, s. allegation, f. citation, f.
ALLEGE, v. a. déclarer, alléguer, citer.
ALLEGABLE, adj. qu' on peut alléguer.
ALLEGANCE, s. loyauté, f. fidélité, f.
ALLEGORIC, ALLEGORICAL, adj. allégorique. ALLEGORICALLY, adv. allégoriquement. ALLEGORIZE, v. a. allégoriser. ALLEGORY, s. allegorie, f. metaphore suivie, ALLEGORY, s. allegorie, f. incuspiore surve, ALLEGO, s. allegor, m.; adv., gai et vite. ALLEVIATE, v. a. alleger, soulager. ALLEVIATION, s. allegement, m. soulage-ALLEV, s. ruelle, f. petite rue, f. [ment, m. ALLIANCE, s. alliance, f. confederation, f. ALLIGATION, s. l'action de lier, ALLIGATION, s. l'action de lier, f.
ALLIGATION, s. espèce de crocodile, f.
ALLOCATION, s. allocation, f. accord, m.
ALLOCUTION, s. allocution, f. harangue, f
ALLODIAL, adj. allodial, en franc alleu.
ALLODIUM, s. franc-alleu, m. allodialité, f. ALLOT, v. a. adjuger, départir, assigner. ALLOTHENT, s. la portion que chacun reçoit. ALLOW, v. a. allower, donner, accorder, permettre, avouer, déduire.
ALLOWABLE, adj. allowable, estimable, juste ALLOWABLENESS, s. legitimité, f. ALLOWANCE, s. consentement, m. indul-gence, f. allucation, f. portion, f. remise. ALLOY, s. aloi, tire de l'or & de l'argent, m. ALLUDE, v. n. faire allusion. ALLUMINOR, s. enlumineur, m. ALLURE, v. a. amorcer, engager, attirer. ALLUREMENT, s. amorce, f. appat, m. charme. ALLURING, adj. and s. amorce, f. attrayant. ALLURINGLY, adv. d'une manière attrayante ALLURINGNESS, s. attrait, m. amorce, f. ALLUSION, s. allusion, f. rapport, m. ALLUSIVE, adj. figure, qui fait allusion ALLUSIVELY, adv. par allusion. ALLUSION, s. alluvion, f. ALLUSION, s. alluvion, f. allusion. ALLY, v. a. allier, unir, joindre. ALMANACK, s. almanac, m. calandrier, m. ALMANDINE, s. almandine, f. sorte de rubis. ALMIGHTINESS, s. tou.e puissance, f. ALMIGHTY, adj. tout-puissant, f. ALMOND, s. amande, f. fruit de l'amandier ALMONDS, of the ears, s. les oreillons, re. ALMONDS, of the throat, s. les amygdales, f. Almoner, s. aumônier, m. chapelain. ALMONRY, s. aumônerie, f. ALMOST, adv. presque, quasi, environ.
ALMOST, adv. presque, quasi, environ.
ALMS-DEED, s. ceuvre de charié. f.
ALMS-GIVER, s. aumônier, f. charitable, ALMS-HOUSE, s. maison des pauvres, f. bôpital, m. ALNAGE, s. aunage, m. mesure, Alnage, s. aunage, m. mesure, f. Alnagen, s. receveur de droit d'aunage, m ALOES, s. (a medicinal plant) aloes, m. ALOETIC, ALOETICAL, adj. d'aloes.

ALONE, adv. haut, en-haut; prep. au-dessus. ALONE, adj. seul; adv. seulement ALONE, prep. se long, le long de.

AID, s. aide, f. secours, m. assistance, f. AID, v. a. aider, secourir, assister. AIDER, s. aide, m. qui assiste, suppôt, m. AIDERSS, adj. délaissé, sans secours. AIGULET, s. aiguillette, f. [disposition, f. AIL or AILMENT, s. mal, m. douleur, f. in-AIL, v. a. faire mal, causer de la douleur. Alling, part. sej. qui se porte mal, maladif. Ain, e. visée, f. but, m. dessein, m. Ain, v. n. viser, tendre, aspirer à. [son, f. Air, s. air, st. mine, f. contensuce, f. chan-Air v. a. aerer, secher, chausser. AIR v. a. aerer, secher, chauffer.
AIR-HOLE, s. soupirail, m. jour, m.
AIRINESS, s. vivacité, f. activité, f.
AIRINES, s. l'action d'aèrer, f. promenade, f.
AIRLING, s. un jeune étourdi.
AIRLING, s. un jeune étourdi.
AIRLING, s. un jeune étourdi.
AIRLING, s. un jeune étourdi.
AIRLING, s. mal, m. douleur, f. peine, f.
AKE, v. m. faire mal, ètre douloureux.
ARES v. di parent « ullià m. ARIN, adj. parent, m. ullie, m. ARING, adj. qui fait mal, douloureux. ALABASTER, s. albâtre, m. ALAE, interj. helas! Alak-a-day! Ouais! ALACRIOUSLY, adv. gaiement. ALACRITY, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. ardeur, f. ALAMODE, adv. à la mode. ALARM or ALARUM, slarme, f. épouvanto, f. ALARM-BELL, s. tocsin, m. beffroi, m. ALARM, v. a. slarmer, épouvanter, effrayer. ALAS, saterj. hélas! las! ALB, s. une aube de prêtre. ALBRIT, conj. quoique, bienque. ALBREGE, s. alberge, f. sorte de pêche. ALBRGIBEOUS, adj. bianchâtre. (ta ALBUGO, s. albugo, f. maladie de l'osil, f. ALCALI or ALKALI, s. alcali, m. alcaline salt, sel alcaline. ALCHYMICAL, adj. alchymique ALCHYMIST, s. alchymiste, m. ALCHYMY, a. alchymie, f. Alcohol, s. alcohol, m. poudre très fine. Alcoholisa, v. a. réduire en poudre très fin ALCOVA, s. alcove, f. place pour mettre un lit. ALDER, s. aune, m. Aldern, adj. d'aune. ALDERMAN, s. commissaire; échevin, m.
ALE, s. aile, f. bière douce, f. [brasseurs.
ALE-CONNER, officier qui a inspection sur les ALE-HOUSE, cabaret a bière. ALRHOOF, s. lierre de terre, m. [tiller, m. ALEMBIC, s. alembic, m. vaisseau pour dis-ALERT, adj. alerte, vif, actif, eveille. ALERTMES, s. activité, f. vivacité, f. pétu-ALEXANDRINE, alexandrin adj. [lance, f. ALEXIPHARMICK, adj. alexipharmaque.

ALGEBRA, s. algèbre, f. | brique. ALGEBRAIC OF ALGEBRAICAL, adj. alge-ALGEBRAIST, s. algébriste, m. ALIAS, adv. autrement, f. sorte de décret ALIBI, s. alibi, m. absence du lieu mentionnė, f. ALIEN, s. aubain, m. étranger, contraire. ALIEN and ALIENATE, v. a. aliener. ALIENATION, s. alienation, f. desunion, ALIGHT, v. n. descendre, mettre pied à terre. ALIKE, adj. semblable, pareil, tout de même. ALIKE, adv. également, de même. ALIMENT, s. aliment, m. nourriture, f. ALIMENTAL, ALIMENTARY adj. alimenteux. ALIMONY, s. pension alimentaire, f.
ALIQUANT, adj. aliquante, f.
ALIQUOT, adj. aliquote, f.
ALIVE adj vif, vivant, qui est en vie

Aloor, adv. de loin, au large; prep. loin de. || AMBURY, s. sorte de furoncle. [embûche, f. ALOSE, s. alose, f. (poisson, m.) ALOUD, adv. haut, d'une voix élevée. ALPHABET, s. alphabet, m. abécé, m.
ALPHABETICAL, adj. alphabetique. {tique.
ALPHABETICALLY, adv. per ordre alphabéALRADY, adv. déjà, jusqu'alors. Also, adv. or conj. aussi, de plus, encore, aussi bien que. ALTAR, s. autel, m. religion. ALTER, v. a. changer, altérer. ALTERABLE, adj. changeant, alterable.
ALTERATION, s. alteration, f. changement, m.
ALTERCATION, s. alteration, f. debat, m.
ALTERNATE, adj. alternatif, alterna-ALTERNATE, v. a. exercer alternativement. ALTERNATION, s. tour, m. vicissitude, ALTERNATIVE, adj. alternatif; s. alternative, f. ALTERNATIVELY, adv. alternativement. ALTHOUGH, conj. quoique, bien que. ALTIMETRY, s. alumétrie, f. ALTITUDE, s. hauteur, f. grandeur, f. fake, m. ALTOGETHER, adv. tout-à-fait, entièrement. ALVEARY, s. une ruche à miel. ALVEOLI, s. alvéoles, m. petites cellules. ALUM, s. alun, ss. sorte de sel minéral. ALUMÍBOUS, adj. alumineux AMABILITY, s. qualité aimable, f. amabilité, f. AMADOT, s. (a sort of pear) amadote, f. AMAIN, adv. vigoureusement. Amalgam, s. amalgame, f. melange. Amalgamate, v. a. amalgamer. AMANUENSIS, s. un secrétaire or copiste. AMARANTH, s. amaranthe, f. passe-velours, AMARITUDE, s. ameriume, f. Amassment, s. amas, m. fas, m. monceau, AMASS, v. a. amasser, entasser, accumuler. AMATORY, adj. amoureux, m. AMAZE, v. a. surprendre, etonner. AMAZE, AMAZEMENT, s. surprise, f. étonnement, m. Amazing, adj. surprenant, étonnant. Amazingly, adv. d'une manière surprenante. AMAZON, s. amazone, f. AMBAGES, s. pl. détour, m. circonlocution, f. Ambassade, Ambassage, Embassy, amhassade, f. Ambassadon, s. ambassadeur. m. AMBASSADRESS, c. ambassadrice, f. Amber, s. ambre, m. succin, m. Ambered, adj. ambre, parfumé d'ambre. Anbergris, s. ambregris, m. Anbidexter, s. ambidextre, m. un fripon. AMBIDENTROUS, adj. trompeur, fourbe. AMBIENT, adj. qui environne. Ambigu, s. ambigu, m. mélange, m. Ambiguitt, s. ambiguité, f. équivoque, f. Ambiguous, adj. ambigu, équivoque. Ambiguously, adv. d'une manière ambigue. AMBIT, s. la circonférence d'une fig are. AMBITION, s. ambition, f. desir, m. Ambition, v. a. ambitionner, sounaiter Ambitious, adj. ambitieux. [ambition. AMBITIOUSLY, adr. ambitieusement, avec AMBLE, s. amble, m. sorte d'allure d'un che-AMBLE, v. a. aller l'amble. Ambler, s. un cheval qui va l'amble. AMBROSIA, s. ambroisie, f. [broisie. AMBROSIAL, adj. delicieux comme l'am-AMBRY, s. buffet, m. garde manger, m. AMBS-ACE, besas or beset, m. Ambulation, s. promenade, f.
Ambulatore, ambulant.

AMBUSCADE, AMBUSH, s. embuscade, Ambushed, adj. embusque. AMEL-CORN, s. seigle blanc. AMEN, adv. amen, ainsi soit-il. AMENABLE, adj. responsable. ANEND, a. amende, f. peine pécuniaire, f. AMEND, v. a. amender, corriger, s'amender AMENDMENT, s. amendement, correction, f. AMENDS, s. compensation, f. dédommage ment, m. AMERITY, s. aménité, f. agrément, m. AMERCE, v. a. mettre à l'amende. AMERCEMENT, s. amende pecuniaire, f. AMETHYST, s. améthyste, f. pierre precieuss. AMIABLE, adj. aimable. AMIABLE, adj. amable.

AMIABLENESS, s. amabilité, f. bonne grace.

AMIABLY, adv. d'une manière aimable.

AMICABLE, adj. (friendly) aimable.

AMICABLENESS, s. amité, f. cordialité, f.

AMICABLY, adv. à l'aimable, en ami.

AMID and AMIDST, prep. au milien, parmi.

AMISS, adv. aud adj. mal, mal à-propos.

To take graise, prendre au malujes parties parties. take amiss, prendre en mauvaise part. AMITY, s. amitie, f. affection, f. Amission, s. perte, f. abandon, m. Ammoniac, s. ammoniac, m. AMMUNITION, a. munition de guerre, f. AMMESTY, s. amnistie, f. pardon, m. [avec. AMONG and AMONGST, adv. parmi, catro Amorist, s. un amoureux, un amant. Amorous, adj. amoureux, passionne. AMOROUSLY, adv. amoureusement. AMORT, adj. abattu, amorti, taciturne. Amovable, *adj.* amovible. Amount, s. le montant, le total. AMOUNT, v. n. monter, revenir, se réduire. AMOUR, s. amour, m. intrigue, f. AMPHIBIOUS, adj. amphibie.

AMPHIBOLOGICAL, adj. amphibologique. AMPHIBOLOGICALLY, adv. amphibologique-AMPHIBOLOGY,s.amphibologie, f.équivoque. AMPHISCII, s. pl. amphiscien AMPHITHEATRE, s. amphithéatre, m. AMPLE, adj. ample, large, étendu. AMPLENESS, s. grandeur, f. ampleur, f. [rer. AMPLIATE, v. a. grossir, sugmenter, exage-AMPLIATION, s. exageration, f. delai, m. AMPLIFICATE. See Amplify.
AMPLIFICATION, s. amplification, f. ſm. AMPLIFIER, s. amplificateur, m. exagerateur, AMPLIFY, v. a. amplifier, étendre, exagérer. AMPLITULE, s. amplitude, f. capacité, f. AMPLY, adv. amplement, largement AMPUTATE, v. a. couper, separer. AMPUTATION, s. amputation, f. AMULET, s. amulette, m. preservatif. m. Amuse, v. a. amuser, divertir, décevoir. ANUSEMENT, s. amusement, m. amusette, f. AMUSIVE, adj. amusant, divertissant. AMYGDALATE, s. and adj. un amaude, fait. AN, art. un, une. See A. [d'amandes. ANA, s. ana, m. sorte de co ection, f. Anabaptism, s. anabaptisme, m. ANABAPTIST, s. anabaptiste, m. [mite, m. Anachoret, s. anachorete, m. moine, m. her-Anachronism, s. anachronisme, m. Anagram, s. anagramme, f. ANAGRAMMATIST, s. anagrammatiste, m. ANAGRAMMATIZE, v. n. anagrammatiser. Analeptic, adj. analeptique, restaurant, a ANALOGICAL, adj. analogue, analogue. ANALOGICALLY, adv. par analogie

ABALSONIE, v. a. empliquer par amalogia.
ABALOGUS, adj. analogue, similaire.
ABALOGUS, s. analogie, f. rapport, ss.
ABALUSIS, s. analyse, f. abrogé, m. extrait, ss.
ABALUTICALIN, adv. par analyse.
ABALUTICALIN, adv. par analyse. ABALTZE, v. a. analyser, extraire. ARANAS, s. (the pine-apple) ananas, m. ARARCHY, s. anarchie, f. AMARCHICK, AMARCHICAL, adj. anarchique. ANASARCA, s. anasarque, f. sorte d'hydropi-Anastonosis, s. anastomose, f. [sie. ANATHEMA, s. anathème, m. un excommu-ASATHESATIZE, v. d. amethematiser, ex-ASATOMICAL, adj. anatomique. ASATOMICAL ARATOMICALLY, adv. anatomiquement. Aratomise, v. a anatomiser, dissequer. ANATOMIST, s. anatomiste, m. ARATOMY, s. anatomie, f. un squelette. ARCESTORS, s. pl. ancètres, m. aleux, m. ARCESTREL, mj. héréditaire. ARCHSTRY, s. race, f. extraction, f.
ARCHSTRY, s. race, f. The sheet anchor, la
maitresse ancre. The bow anchors, les deux ancres d'affourche. Stream ancher, ancre Anchon, v. n. ancrer, jeter l'ancre, rester. ARCHORAGE, s. ancrage, m. monillage, m. ARCHOSE, s. orcanette, f. (plante) ANCHOVY, s. anchois, m. petit poisson de mer. ANCIENT, adj. ancien, vieux, antique. Anciently, adv. anciennement, autrefois. ARCIERTRESS, s. antiquité, f. ancienneté, f. ARCIERTRY, s. ancienneté d'extraction. ANCIENTS, s. pl. les anciens, m. l'antiquité, f. ASCOMR, s. froncie, m. tumeur. And, conj. et, &c. A toust and butter, une rôtie an beurre. To go and see, after voir. Butter and better, de mieux en mieux. And therefore, c'est pourquoi. And yet, nean-moins. Without ifs or ands, sans si ni mais. ANDIRON, s. chenet, m. un feu. Androgynal, adj. d'hermaphrodite. Androcynus, s. hermsphrodite, m. ANECDOTE, s. anocciote, f. histoire socrète. ANEMONE, s. (wind-flower) anémone, f. AREW, adv. de nouveau, à neuf, encore. ANFRACTUOUS, adj. anfractuoux. ANFRACTUOSITY, s. anfractuosité, f. ARGEL, s. ange, m. esprit crée, m. ASGELICA, s. (a plant) angélique, f. ASGELICAL, adj. angélique, beau comme un ANGELST, s. (a sort of cheese) angelot, m.
ANGER, s. colère, f. emportement, m.
ANGER, v. a. facher, irriter, aigrir, provoquer.
ANGIOGRAPHY, s. angiographie, f.
ANGLE, s. angle, m. hameçon, m. ligne pour pecher, f. Angle, v. n. pêcher à la ligne.
Angle, s. pêcheur, m. qui pêche à la ligne.
Angle, rop, s. ligne à pêcher. ANGLICISM, s. anglicisme, m. Angling, e. pêche à la ligne, f. ARGRILY, adv. avec colère, avec aigreur.
ARGRY, adj. faché, aigri, irrité.
ARGUISM, a. angoisse, f. chagrin, m. detresse,
ARGULAR, adj. angulaire.
ARGULAR, adj. angulaire. Angu Lous, adj. anguleux, qui a des angles. Angu Lours, adv. ia nuit, toutes les muits. ANIMADVERSION, s. censure, f. observation, f. remarque, f

ATIMADVERT, v. c. censurer, remard ATIMAL, s. animal, m.; adj. animal ATIMALCULE, s. animalcule, m. ANIMALITY, s. faculté animalo. ARIMALITY, s. meaner summers.
ARIMATE, v. m. animer, excitet.
ARIMATION, s. le pouvoir d'animer.
ARIMATOR, s. celui qui denne la vie.
ARIMOSITY, s. animosité, f. haine, f. pique, f. ANISE, s. (a plant) anis, m ANKLE, s. la jointure de la jambe au pied. ANKLE-BONE, s. la chevide du pied. ANNALIST, s. analiste, m.
ANNALIST, s. analiste, m.
ANNALST, s. pl. annales, f. livre d'histoire.
ANNATS or ANNATES, s. pl. annales, f. pl.
ANNEAL, v. m. peindre en apprèt, builer.
ANNEX, v. d. annèxer, joindre, réanir. ANNEX, s. (the thing annexed) annexe, f. Annihilate, v. a. anéantir, détruire. ANNIHILATION, s. ancantissement, m. Ansiversaky, s. anniversaire, m. Annotation, s. note, f. remarque, f. Annotator, s. commentatour, m. [mer. Announce, r. a. annower, publier, procla-Annor, v. a. nuire, incommoder, préjudicier. Annor, Annorance, s. tort, m. préjudicier. Annoran, s. celui or celle qui fait tort. Annual, adj. annuel. ANNUALLY, adv. annuellement, par an, tous les ans. Annuitant, s. rentier, m. ANNUITY, s. rente constituée. Annul, v. a. annuller, abroger, révequer. Annulan, adj. annulaire.
Annulan, adj. annulaire.
Annulan, a. (a little ring) petit anneau. Annualing, s. cessation, f. revocation, f. Annualing, v. a. mettre au nombre. ANNUNCIATE, v. a. annoncer. ANNUNCIATION, s. l'annonciation. Anodyne, adj. anodin, qui adoucit Anoint, v. a. sindre, fretter d'huile. Anointed, part. adj. sint, consacre. Anumalous, adj. anomal, irregulier. Anomalously, adv. irregulièrement. Anomaly, s. anomalie, f. irrégularité, f Anomy, s. violation de la loi, f. Anon, adj. tout-à-l'heure, sur le champ Anonymous, adj. anonyme. ANOTHER, adj. autre, un autre, l'autre. Answer, s. réponse, f. réplique, f. Answer, v. a. and n. répondre, se rapporter à,être caution, acquitter, satisfaire, suffire. Answerable, adj. a quoi l'on peut répendre, responsable, proportionné, analogue. Answerableness, s. rapport, m. analogic. ANSWERABLY, adv. conformement.

Answerer, s. répondant, m.

An'T, s. (for and it, and if it, am not, are not.) ART, s. fourmi, f. An ant's hole, nest or hill lock, une fourmilière. [m. and f. ANTAGONIST, s. antagoniste, m. adversaire, ANTARCTICK, adj. antarctique, austral. ANTECEDE, v. n. précéder, dévancer. ANTECEDENCE, s. priorité, f. antériorité, f. ANTECEDENT, adj. antécédent, antériour. Antecedent, s. préalable, m. antécedent, sa. ANTEUEDENT, s. preakble, m. antecedent, m. ANTEUEDENTLY, adv. preakblement.
ANTEDATE, v. a. antidater; s. antidate, f. ANTELUPE, s. gazelle, f. (espèce de chèvre.)
ANTEPENULT, adj. s. antépénukièm; f. ANTERIOR, adj. antérieur.

ANTERIOR, adj. antérieur. ANTERIORITY, s. antériorité, f. pricrité de Anthem, s. antienne, f. motet, m. Anthony's-fire s crisipele, f.

ASTHOLOGY, s. authologie. [et f. ANTHROPOPHAGI, s. pl. authropophages, s. ANTI, (a Greek preposition, which, in composition, signifies contravy) anti, contre; (sometimes it signifies before) avant, de-ANTICHAMBER, s. antichambre, f. ANTICHRIST, s. Antochrist, m. ANTICHRISTIAN, adj. Antichretien. ANTICHRISTIANISM, s. Antichristianisme, m ANTICIPATE, v. a. anticiper, prevenir.
ANTICIPATION, s. anticipenion, f. préjugé, m.
ANTICE, adj. grotesque, bouffon, gothique.
ANTICE, s. bouffon, m. grotesque, f.
ANTIDOTAL, adj. qui sert d'antidote.
ANTIPOTE, s. antidote, m. préservafi, m.
ANTIPERRILE, adj. febrifuge, m. ANTICIPATE, v. a. anticiper, prevenir. ARTIMORARCHICAL, adj. antimonarchique. Antimonial, adj. composé d'antimoine. AKTIMONY, s. antimoine, m ARTIPATHETICAL, adj. antipathique, opposé. ARTIPATHY, s. antipathie, f. aversion natu-ANTIPHRASIS, & antiphrase, f. ARTIPODES, s. pl. antipodes, m. ANTIPOPE, s. antipape, m ſm. ANTIQUARY OF ANTIQUARIAN, s. antiquaire, ANTIQUATE, v. a. abolir, abroger. Antique, adj. antique, ancien. Antique, s. antique, f. antiquité, f. Antiqueness, s. ancienneté, f. ANTIQUITY, s. antiquite, f. les anciens, m. pl. Antiscii, s. pl. antisciens, m. Antisconbutique. ARTITHESIS, s. antithèse, f. contraste, m. ARTITYPE, s. antitype, m. figure, f. ARTIVEREREAL, adj. antivénérien. ANTLER, s. andouiller, m. Antorci, s. pl. antécions, m. trin Antocow, s. avant-coeur, m. tumeur à la poi-ANTRE, s. antre, m. caverne, f. ANVIL, s. enclume, f. Anus, s. anus, f. [d'esprit, f. Anxiete, f. inquietude, f. peine Anxious, adj. inquiet, chagrin. ANXIOUSLY, adv. avec inquietude. ANY, adj. or pron. quelque, quelqu'un, tout, qui que ce soit, quoi que ce soit, aucun, l'un ou l'autre. Any further, plus loin. Any longer, plus long-temps. Any more, plus, davanage. AORIST, s. aoriste, m. AORTA, s. aorte, f. grande artère. APACE, adv. vite, promptement. APART, adr. apart, à l'écart. APARTMENT, s. appartement, m. APATHY, s. apathie, f. insensibilite, f. APE, s. singe, m. guenon, f. APE, v. a. imiter, contrefaire. APEAR or APEEK, (a sea term) à pic. APERIENT and APERITIVE, adj. aperitsf. APERTURE, s. ouverture, f. passage, m. APERTLY, adv. ouvertement, à découvert. APEN, J. Sommet, m. extrémité, f. bout, m. APHELION, s. aphélie, m. APHELION, s. aphélie, m. APHORIAM, s. aphélie, m. maxima, f. APIECE, adv. chacun pour sa part, par tête. APIECE, adv. chacun pour sa part, par tête. APIECE, adv. chacun pour sa part, par tête. APIECE, adv. bouliannement, ca singe. APISHNESS, s. humeur imitatrice, singerie, f. APOCALYPER, s. apocalypse, f. [velation. APOCALYPTICAL, adj. apocalyptique, de rè-APOCATPHA, s. pl. livres apocryphes, st. pl. APOCATHAL, adj. apocryphes, st. pl. APOCATHAL, adj. demonstratif

[et f. APOGEON and APOGEO, a. apogue, m. APOLOGETICALL, eds. apologetique:
APOLOGETICALLY, adv. en inrme d'apologis
suire;
APOLOGIST, v. a. apologiste, m.
APOLOGIST, v. a. deloudre, justifier. APOLOGIZE, v. a. debeadre, justifier. APOLOGUE, s. apologue, se. fable, f. APOLOGY, s. apologue, f. justification, f. APOPHLEGMATIC, adj. bon contre les Com APOPHTHEGM, s. apophthegme, m. sentence APOPLECTIC. APOPLECTICAL, adi. apoplectique. APOPLEXY, s. apoplexie, f. mal cadac. APOSTACY, s. apostasie, f. APOSTATE, s. apostat, m. renégat, m. APOSTATIZE, v. n. apostasier, renoncer à m religion. APOSTEMATE, v. n. apostumer, abcèder. APOSTEME, s. apostème, s. abcès, s. APOSTLE, s. apotre, s. disciple, s. me ger, m. APOSTLESHIP, s. apostolat, m. prédication. APOSTOLIC OF APOSTOLICAL, adj. apa lique. A POSTOLICALLY, adv. apostoliquement. APOSTROPHE, s. apestrophe, f. contraction, f. APOSTROPHIZE, v. a. apostropher.
APOSTROPHIZE, v. a. apostropher.
APOTHECARY, s. apothicaire, m.
APOTHECARY, s. apothicaire, m.
APOZEM, s. apozème, m. decoction, f.
APOZEM, s. apozème, m. decoction, f. APPAL, v. Meffrayer, faire palir de peur. [ss. APPALEMENT, s. frayeur, f. decouragement. APPARAGE, s. apanage, m. accessoire, m. APPARATUS, s. équipement, m. appareil, m. APPAREL, s. vêtement, m. habillement, m. APPAREL, v. a. vetir, habiller, ajuster APPARENT, adj. apparent, evident, clair. APPARENTLY, adv. suivant toute apparence APPARITION, s. apparition, f. fantome, se illusion, f. (dead, # APPARITOR, s. huissier, m. serge APPAY, v. a. satisfaire, contenter. APPEACHMENT, s. accuser, reprocher. [tion, APPEACHMENT, s. accusation, f. denone; APPEAL, s. annel APPEACH, v. a. accuser, reprocher. APPEAL, s. appel, m. accusation, f.
APPEAL, v. n. appeller, accuser, dénoncer.
APPEALANT OF APPEALER, s. appelant, m. APPEAR, v. n. paroltre, se montrer, compe roltre. To make appear, faire voir, démon APPRABANCE, s. apparence, f. exteriour, w. vraisemblance, f. figure, f. concours, m. comparution, f. apparition, f. APPEASABLE, que l'on peut reconciler. APPEASE, v. a. appaiser, calmer, pecifier APPELLANT, s. appelant, m APPELLATION, s. nom, qualification. APPELLATIVE, adj. appellatif.
APPELLATORY, adj. qui contient un appel.
APPEND, v. a. appendre, pendre, attachen.
APPENDAGR, a. dependance, f. accossoire, s APPENDANT, adj. dependant, amoré. APPENDIX, s. supplément, m. dépendance, f. appendice, m. appendice, m. appartenin. [m. pd. APPERTAIN, v. m. appartenin. [m. pd. APPERTAINMENT, s. departenant. f. acces
APPERTHENT, adj. appartenant. [soire, m. appartenant. adj. appartenant. adj. appartenant. [soire, m. appartenant. adj. appartenant. adj. appartenant. [soire, m. appartenant. adj. appartenant.] [m, pt. APPETENCE, APPETENCY, s. désir sens f. envie, f. APPETIBLE, adj. soubaitable, desirable. APPETIBILITY, s. la qualité d' être désirabi APPETITE. s. appeut, m. cupidité, f. fai APPETITIVE, asj. qui désire concupisei

APPLAUD, v. a. applaudir, louer. APPLAUDER, s. qui applaudit, approbateur, APPLAUDER, s. applaudisement, m. APPLE, s. pomme, f. la prunelle de l'œil. APPLE-TREE, s. pommier, m. Apple core, le trognon d'une pomme. Apple-coman, fruitière. Apple-roaster, pommier. Apple-loft, APPLIABLE OF APPLICABLE, adj. applicable, conforme. APPLICABILITY, s. convenance, f. rapport, m. APPLICATION, s. application, f. recours, m. assiduité, f. étude, f. attention, f emploi, m. usage, m. [plique. APPLICATORY, adj. qui supplique, ce qui ap-APPLY, v. a. appliquer, attacher, addresser.
APPOINT, v. n. établir, prescrire, nommer, regier. APPOINTMENT, s. arrangement, m. regle-ment, m. ordre, m. rendez-vous, m. assignation, f. APPORTION, v. a. diviser (également.) APPOSE, v. a. examiner, considérer. APPOSITE, adj. propre, bien appliqué, convenable. APPOSITELY, adv. convenablement, à propos APPOSITENESS, s. convenance, f. propriete, f. APPOSITION, s. apposition, f. application, f. APPRAISE, v. a. estimer, evaluer, apprecier. APPRAISER, s. priseur, m. appréciateur, m. APPREHEND, v. a. prendre, crandre, comprendre. [vable. APPREHENSIBLE, adf. apprehensible, conce-APPREHENSION, s. entendement, m. concep-tion, f. apprehension, f. crainte, f. soup-con, m. saisie, f. APPREHENSIVE, adj. penetrant, craintif. APPREHENSIVENESS, s. conception, f. crainte, APPRENTICE, s. apprenti, m. ie, f. APPRENTICE, v. a. mettre en apprentissage. APPRENTICESHIP, s. apprentissage, m. APPRIZE, v. a. informer, instruire. APPROACH, s. approche, f. accès, m.
APPROACH, v. n. approcher, s'approcher.
APPROACHABLE, adj. accessible. APPROACHLESS, a.j. inaccessible. APPROBATION, s. approbation, f. suffrage, m. APPROPRIATE, adj. approprié, designé. APPROPRIATE, v. a. approprier, adapter.
APPROPRIATION, s. possession, infecdation, f.
APPROVABLE, adj. digne d'approbation. APPROVAL, s. approbation, f. APPROVE, v. a. approuver, confirmer, mon-APPROVENENT, s. approbation, f. APPROVER, s. approbateur, m. APPROXIMATE, adj. prochain. Δ PPROXIMATE, v. n. approximer, approcher. APPROXIMATION, s. approximation, f. APPULSE, s. choc d'une chose contre une autre, m. APRICOCK OF APRICOT, s. abricot, m. APRICOT-TREE, s. abricotier, m. APRIL, s. Avril. m. APRON, s. tablier, m. APSIS, s. abside, m.
APT, adj. propre, convenable, enclin.
APTITUDE and APTNESS, s. aptimde, f. APTLY, adv. bien à propos, fort bien. AQUA FORTIS, s. cau forte AQUA MARINA, aigue marine, f. AQUA MIRABILIS, cau sans pareille, f.
AQUA REGIA Or REGALIS, cau royale, cau AQUARIUS, s. le verscau. [régale. AQUATIC OF AQUATILE, adj. aquatique.

[m || AQUEDUCT, s. aqueduc, m. canal d'ean, m. AQUEDUS and AQUOSE, adj. squeux,
AQUILINE, adj. Aquilin, recourbe.
ARABICK, adj. Arabe, Arabique, Arabesque
ARABILE, adj. labourable. ARACK or RACK, s. arac, arack or rack, m. ARANEOUS, adj. qui ressemble à l'araignée. ARATION, s. labourage, m. ARATORY, adj. qui concerne le labourage. ARBALIST, s. (a cross bow) arbalète, f. ARBITER, s. arbitre, m. maitre. ARBITRAGE, s. arbitrage, m. ARBITRAGE, s. volonte, f. choix, m. ARBITRARILY, adv. absolument, despotique-[tique. ARBITRARY, adj. arbitraire, absolu, despo-ARBITRATE, v. n. arbitrer, decider, juger. ARBITRATION, s. arbitrage, m. compromis.
ARBITRATOR, s. arbitre, m. juge, m. [m.
ARBITRAMENT, s. un compromis, arbitrage, [178. ARBORARY, ARBOREOUS, ARBOROUS, adj qui concerne les arbres. ARBORET, s. arbuste, m. arbrisseau, m. ARBORIST, s. arboriste, m.
ARBOUR, s. berceau champetre, m. treille, f. ARBUTE or ARBUTE-TREE, & arbousier, m ARBUTE-BERRY, s. arbousé, f. ARC, s. arc, or segment d'un cercle, m. ARCADE, s. (a continued arch). arcade, f. ARCANUM, s. arcane, m. secret, m. ARCH, s. arche, f. arc, m. arcade, f. voute.f. arceau, m. ARCH, v. a. batir en forme d'arches, voûter. ARCH, adj. maître, insigne, archi (en composition.) ARCHANGEL, s. archange, m. ARCHBISHOP, s. archéveque, m ARCHBISHOPRICK, s. archévêché, m. ARCHDEACON, s. archidiacre, m ARCHDEACONRY, s. archidiacone, m. ARCHDEACONSHIP, s. archidiaconat, m. ARCHDUKE, s. archiduc, m. ARCHDUKEDOM, s. archduché, f. ARCHDUCHESS, s. archduchesse, f. ARCHER, s. archer, m. qui tire de l'arc. ARCHERY, s. l'art de tirer l'arc. ARCHETYPAL, adj original. [dèle. ARCHETYPE, s. archetype, m. premier mo-ARCH-HERETICK, s. hèrèsiarque. ARCHIDIACONAL, adj. archidiaconal. ARCHIEPISCOPAL, adj. archiepiscopal. Architect, s. architecte, m. ARCHITECTONICK, adj. savant dans l'art de l' architecture, f. ARCHITECTURE, s. architecture, f. ARCHITRAVE, s. architrave, m. ARCHIVES, s. pl. archives, f. ARCHWISE, adv. en forme d'arc. ARCTIC, adj. arctique, septentrional. ARCUATE, adj. courbé en arc. [d'un arc, f. ARCUATION and ARCUATURE, s. courbure
ARDENCY, s. chaleur, f. ardeur, f. feu, m.
ARDENT, adj. ardent, vif, violent, passionne. ARDENTLY, adv. ardemment. ARDOUR, s. ardeur, f. chaleur, f. passion, f. empressement, m. Arduous, adj. elevé et escarpé, difficile. ARDUOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. difficulte, f. ARE, indic. pres. pl. of Be, être. AREA, s. aire, f. surface, f. AREFACTION, s. dessechement, s. ARENACEOUS, adj. sabionneux. arrneux. AREUPAGITES, s. juges de l'arropage, m. AREUPAGUS, s. l'arropage, m. tribunal, m.

ARROGANT, adj. arrogant, presomptueux.

ARGENT, adj. d'argent, blanc. ARGIL, s. argile, f. terre blanche, f.
ARGILLACEOUS, ARGILLOUS, adj. argileux.
ARGONAUTS, s. pl. les Argonautes, m.
ARGUE, v. n. raisonner, disputer; v. a. prouver, conclure, discuter, debattre. ARGUER, s. raisonneur, m. argumentateur, m. ARGUMENT, s. argument, m. sujet, m. ARGUMENTATION, s. argumentation, f. dis-ARGUMENTATIVE, adj. raisonnė. [pute, f. ARGUTE, adj. aigu, dėliė, ingėnieux, subtil. ARIAN, s. Arien, m. Arianism, f. Arianisme, Arid, adj. aride, sec, stérile.
Aridity, s. aridité, f. secheresse, f.
Aries, s. e belier (signe du Zodiaque.) ARIGHT, adv. droitement, sainement, bien. ARISE, r. n. se lever, s'élever, procéder, provenir, nahre, attaquer. ARISTOCRACY, s. aristocratie, f. [tocratique. ARISTOCRATIC, ARISTOCRATICAL, acj. aris-ARISTOLOCHY, s. (an herb) aristoloche, f. ARITHMETICAL, adj. arithmetique. ARITHMETICALLY, adv. arithmetiquement. ARITHMETICIAN, s. arithmeticien, m. ARITHMETICIAN, s. arithmétique, f.
ARK, s. arche, f. batteau, m. arceau, m.
banche f. arme, f. The ARM, s. bras, m. branche, f. arme, f. The arm-pit, or arm-hole, l'aiselle, f. An arm-chair, une chaise à bras, un fauteuil. An arm-full, une brassee. ARMS, s. pl. armes, guerre, armoiries, f. ARM, v. a. and n. armer, donner des armes. ARMADA, s. flotte, f. escadre, f. ARMAMENT, s. armement, m. ARMATURE, s. armure, f. ergot, m. Armed cap-à-pee, arme du pied en cap. ARMIGER, s. écuyer, m. gendarme, m. ARMILLARY, adj. armillaire, circulaire. ARMINIAN, s. Arminien, m ARMINIANISM, s. Arminianism, m. ARMISTICE, s. armistice, m. ARMLET, s. petit bras, brassart, m. bracelet, m. ARMORER, s. armurier, m. qui fait des armes. ARMORIAL, adj. armorial. ARMORIST, s. hérault, m. armoriste, m. ARMORISI, s. aradin, m. a morisse, m. ARMORY, s. arsenal, m. armore, f. armories, f. Armour, s. armore, f. harnois, m. [lant. ARMY, s. armée, f; flying-army, camp vo-Aronatick, Aroaatical, adj, aromatique. AROMATICKS, s. pl. aromates, m. AROMATIZE, v. a. parfumer d'aromates AROUND, prep. autour de, tout autour de. AROUSE, v. a. éveiller, exciter, réveiller. ARQUEBUSE, s. arquebuse, f. gros fusil. ARRAIGN, v. a. citer, accuser, assigner. ABRAIGNMENT, s. procès criminel. ARRANGE, v. a. arranger, mettre en ordre. ARRANGEMENT, s. arrangement, m.
ARRANT, adj. insigne, grand, infame.
ARRAS, s. pl. tapisserie de haute-lice, f. [m. ARRAY s. habit, m. ornement, m. ordre, m. rang, ARRAY, r. a. vétir, équiper, arranger, choisir. ARRAYERS, s. pl. officiers charges d'équiper les soldats d'une armée, m. ARREAR, adr. arrière, en arrière. Arrear, s. reliquat, m. arrerages, s. pl. ar-rière-garde. [Jugement, m. Arrest, s. arrèt, m. saisie, f. prise de corps, f. Arrest, r. a. arrèter, saisir. [tion. ARRIERE-BAN, s. arrière-ban, m. convoca-Arriere-Fee, or Fief, s. arrière-fief, m. Arriere-Guard, s. arrière-garde, f. Alrieval, s. arrivée, f. venue, f. arrivage, m. ARRIVE. v. n. arriver, ver-r, parvenir.

ARROGANTLY, adv. avec arrogance. [buer. ARROGATE, v. a. usurper, s'arroger, s'attri ARROW, s. flèche, f. The arrow-head, la pointe d'un flèche ARSE, le cul, le derrière. A short arse, un avorton, un ragot. ARSE-SMART, (an herb) persicaire, f. ARSENAL.s arsenal. m. magasin d'armes, m ARSENICAL, s. qui contient de l'arsenic ARSENICK, s. arsenic, m. (poison mortel.) ARSEVERSY, adv. sens dessus dessous. ART, s. art, m. adresse, f. industrie, f. ta lent, m. science, f. A master of arts, mattre dès-arts. ARTERIAL, adj. artériel, des artères. ARTERIOTOMY, s. ouverture d'ane artère, f ARTERY, s. artère, f. [ment fait ARTFUL, adj. artificiel, fait avec art. artiste-ARTFULLY, adv. artistement, ingenieusement. ARTFULNESS, s. habilite, f. art, m. industrie,f. ARTHRITICK, ARTHRITICAL, adj. gouteux ARTICHORE, s. artichaut, m. ARTICLE, s. article, m. chef, m. point, m. condition, f. articulation, f. joint, m. jointure, f. ARTICLE, v. n. stipuler, faire un pacte, pas ser des articles; r. a. actionner, accuser. ARTICLED, part. adj. range par articles, sti ARTICULATE, adj. articulaire. [pulé, engagé. ARTICULATE, adj. articulé, distinct. ARTICULATE, v. a. articuler, stipuler. ARTICULATELY, adv. distinctement. ARTICULATION, s. articulation, f. jointure. ARTIFICE, s. artifice, m. art, m. metier, m. ARTIFICER, s. artisan, m. ouvrier, m. artiste, m. ARTIFICIAL, ARTIFICIOUS, adj. artificiel, ARTIFICIALLY, adv. artificiellement. ARTILLERY, s. artillerie, f. attirail de guerre. ARTISAN, s. ouvrier, m. artisan, m. artiste, m. ARTIST. s. artiste, m. ARTLESSLY, adv. sans art, simplement. ARTLESS, adj. naif, sans art, simple. ARUSPICE, s. aruspice, m. As, adv. and conj. comme. Aussi ... que si ... que. Tandis que, pendant que, si Aussi . . . que ; que. As for, as to, quant à, pour ce qui est de. As yet, encore, As if, comme si. As much, autant. As though, comme si As soon as, des que, aussitôt que. As mere, pour ainsi dire, en quelque manière. As well as, aussi bien que, autant que. As rich as he is, quelque riche qu'il soit. ASARABACCA, s. (a plant) cabaret, m. ASBESTINE, adj. incombustible. Asbestos, s. asbeste, m. amiante, m ASCARIDES, s. pl. ascerdes, m. amilante, m.
ASCARIDES, s. pl. ascardes, m. (petits vers.)
ASCEND, v. n. and a. monter, s'elever, gra
ASCENDABLE, adi. où l'on peut moster. [vir
ASCENDANT, s. élévation, f. ascendant, m
influence, f. ASCENDENCY, s. influence, f. ascendant, m. ASCENSION, s. ascension, f. elévation. f. ASCENSIONAL, adj. ascensionnel.
ASCENT, s. élévation, f. hauteur, f. montée, f.
ASCERTAIN, v. a. assurer, certifier, affirmer, fixer, déterminer, établir. ASCERTAINER, s. qui détermine, &c. [blie, f. ASCERTAINMENT, s. règlement, sa. règle éta-ASCETICK, adj. ascétique, de dévotion. ASCII, s. pl. asciens, sa. Ascites, s. ascite, m. sorte d'hydropisie. Ascititious, adj. ajouté, controuvé, apr

APPLAUD, v. a. applaudir, louer. APPLAUDER, s. qui applaudit, approbateur, APPLAUSE, s. applaudissement, m. APPLE, s. pomme, f. la prunelle de l'œil. APPLE-TREE, s. pommier, m. Apple core, le trognon d'une pomme. Apple-woman, fruie. Apple-roaster, pommier. Apple-loft, fruiterie. APPLIABLE OF APPLICABLE, adj. applicable, conforme. APPLICABILITY, s. convenance, f. rapport, m. APPLICATION, s. application, f. recours, m. assiduité, f. etude, f. attention, f emploi, m. usage, m. [plique. APPLICATORY, adj. qui supplique, ce qui ap-APPLICATORY, adj. qui supplique, ce qui ap-APPLY, v. a. appliquer, attacher, addresser. APPOINT, v. n. établir, prescrire, nommer, APPOINTMENT, s. arrangement, m. régle-ment, m. ordre, m. rendez-vous, m. assignation, f. APPORTION, v. a. diviser (également.) APPOSE, v. a. examiner, considérer. Apposite, adj. propre, bien applique, convenable. APPOSITELY, adv. convenablement, à propos. APPOSITEMESS, s. convenance, f. propriete, f. APPOSITION, s. apposition, f. application, f. APPRAISE, v. a. estimer, evaluer, apprecier. APPRAISER, s. priseur, m. appreciateur, m. APPREHENSIBLE, adj. appréhensible, conce-APPREHENSION, s. entendement, m. conception, f. apprehension, f. crainte, f. soup-con, m. saisie, f. APPREHENSIVE, adj. pénétrant, craintif. APPREHENSIVENESS, s. conception, f. crainte, APPRENTICE, s. apprenti, m. ie, f. [f. APPRENTICE, v. a. mettre en apprentissage. APPRICESHIP, c. a. inette en apprentissa, APPRICESHIP, v. a. informer, instruire. APPRICE, v. a. informer, instruire. APPROACH, s. approche, f. access, m. APPROACHABLE, adj. accessible. APPROACHLESS, a.j. inaccessible. APPROBATION, s. approbation, f. suffrage, m. APPROPRIATE, adj. approprie, designe. APPROPRIATE, v. a. approprier, adapter.
APPROPRIATION, s. possession, infecdation, f.
APPROVABLE, adj. digne d'approbation. APPROVAL, s. approbation, f. APPROVE, v. a. approuver, confirmer, mon-APPROVEMENT, s. approbation, f. APPROVER, s. approbateur, m. APPROXIMATE, adj. prochain. APPROXIMATE, v. n. approximer, approcher. APPROXIMATION, s. approximation, f. APPULSE, s. choc d'une chose contre une autre, m. APRICOCK OF APRICOT, s. abricot, m. APRICOT-TREE, s. abricotier, m. APRIL, s. Ayril, m. APRON, s. tablier, m. APSIS, s. abside, m. APT, adj. propre, convenable, enclin.
APTITUDE and APTNESS, s. aptitude, f. APTLY, adv. bien à propos, fort bien. AQUA FORTIS, s. eau forte AQUA MARINA, aigue marine, f. AQUA MIRABILIS, cau sans pareille, f.
AQUA REGIA or REGALIS, cau royale, cau
AQUARIUS, s. le versoau. [régale. AQUATIC OF AQUATILE, adj. aquatique.

[m | AQUEDUCT, s. aqueduc, m. canal d'ean, m. AQUEOUS and AQUOSE, adj. aqueux. AQUILINE, adj. aquilin, recourbe.
ARABICK, adj. Arabe, Arabique, Arabesque
ARABLE, adj. labourable. ARACK or RACK, s. arac, arack or rack, m. ARANEOUS, adj. qui ressemble à l'araignée. ARATION, s. labourage, m. ARATORY, adj. qui concerne le labourage. ARBALIST, s. (a cross bow) arbaiète, f. ARBITER, s. arbitre, m. maitre. ARBITRAGE. s. arbitrage, m. ARBITREMENT, s. volonte, f. choix, m. ARBITRARILY, adv. absolument, despotique-MESITAARY, adj. arbitraire, absolu, despo-ARBITRATE, v. n. arbitrer, décider, juger. ARBITRATION : arbitrer, décider, juger. ARBITRATION, s. arbitrage, m. compromis. ARBITRATOR, s. arbitre, m. juge, m. [m. ARBITREMENT, s. un compromis, arbitrage, ARBORARY, ARBOREOUS, ARBOROUS, adj qui concerne les arbres. ARBORET, s. arbuste, m. arbrisseau, m. ARBORIST, s. arboriste, m. ARBOUR, s. berceau champêtre, m. treille, f. ARBUTE OF ARBUTE-TREE, 1. arbousier, m ARBUTE-BERRY, s. arbouse, f. ARC, s. arc, or segment d'un cercle, m. ARCADE, s. (a continued arch). arcade, f. ARCANUM, s. arcane, m. secret, m. ARCH, s. arche, f. arc, m. arcade, f. voute.f. arceau, m. ARCH, v. a. batir en forme d'arches, voûter. ARCH, adj. maître, insigne, archi (en composition.) ARCHANGEL, s. archange, m. ARCHBISHOP, s. archéveque, m. ARCHBISHOPRICK, s. archévěché, m. ARCHDEACON, s. archidiacre, m. ARCHDEACONRY, s. archidiaconé, m. ARCHDEACONSHIP, s. archidiaconat, m. ARCHDUKE, s. archiduc, m. ARCHDUKEDOM, s. archduché, f. ARCHDUCHESS, s. archduchesse, f. ARCHER, s. archer, m. qui tire de l'arc. ARCHERY, s. l'art de tirer l'arc. ARCHETYPAL, adj original. ARCHETYPE, s. archetype, m. premier mo-ARCH-HERETICK, s. heresiarque. ARCHIDIACONAL, adj. archidiaconal. ARCHIEPISCOPAL, adj. archiépiscopal. ARCHITECT, s. architecte, m. ARCHITECTONICK, adj. savant dans l'art de l' architecture, f. ARCHITECTURE, s. architecture, f. ARCHITRAVE, s. architrave, m. ARCHIVES, s. pl. archives, ARCHWISE, adv. en forme d'arc. ARCTIC, adj. arctique, septentrional. ARCUATE, adj. courbe en arc. [d'un arc. f. ARCUATION and ARCUATURE, s. courbure ARDENCY, s. chaleur, f. ardeur, f. fcu, m. ARDENT, adj. ardent, vif, violent, passioune. ARDENTLY, adv. ardemment. ARDOUR, s. ardeur, f. chaleur, f. passion, f. empressement, m. Arduous, adj. élevé et escarpé, difficile. ARDUOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. difficulte, f. AREA, s. aire, f. surface, f. AREFACTION, s. dessechement, si. ARENACEOUS, adj. sabionneux. arrneux. AREUPAGITES, s. juges de l'aréopage, m. AREUPAGUS, s. l'aréopage, m. tribunal, m.

ARGENT, adj. d'argent, blanc. ARGIL, s. argile, f. terre blanche, f.
ARGILLACEOUS, ARGILLOUS, adj. argileux.
ARGONAUTS, s. pl. les Argonautes, m.
ARGUE, v. n. raisonner, disputer; v. a. prouver, conclure, discuter, debattre. ARGUER, s. raisonneur, m. argumentateur, m. ARGUMENT, s. argument, m. sujet, m. ARGUMENTATION, s. argumentation, ARGUMENTATIVE, adj. raisonnė. [pute, f. ARGUTE, adj. aigu, dėliė, ingėnieux, subtil. ARIAN, s. Arien, m. Arianism, f. Arianisme, ARID, adj. aride, sec, stérile. ARID, adj. aride, f. sécheresse, f. ARIDITY, s. aridité, f. sécheresse, f. ARIES, s. e belier (signe du Zodiaque.) ARIGHT, adv. droitement, sainement, bien. ARISE, r. n. se lever, s'élever, procéder, provenir, nahre, attaquer. ARISTOCRACY, s. aristocratie, f. [tocratique. ARISTOCRATIC, ARISTOCRATICAL and aris-ARISTOLOCHY, s. (an herb) aristoloche, f. ARITHMETICAL, adj. arithmetique. ARITHMETICALLY, adv. arithmetiquement. ARITHMETICIAN, s. arithmeticien, m. ARITHMETICIAN, s. arithmeticien, m.
ARITHMETICE, s. arithmetique, f.
ARIK, s. arche, f. batteau, m. arceau, m.
ARIK, s. bras, m. branche, f. arme, f. The
arm-pil, or arm-hole, l'aiselle, f. An armchair, une chaise à bras, un fauteuil. An
arm-full, une brassée.
ARIS, s. pl. armes, guerre, armoiries, f.
ARIS, s. pl. armes, guerre des armes.
ARIS, s. pl. armes, f. escadre f. ARMADA, s. flotte, f. escadre, f. ARMAMENT, s. armement, m. ARMATURE, s. armure, f. ergot, m. Armed cap-à-pee, armé du pied en cap. ARMIGER, s. écuyer, m. gendarme, m. ARMILLARY, adj. armillaire, circulaire. ARMINIAN, s. Arminien, m. ARMINIANISM, s. Arminianism, m. ARMISTICE, s. armistice, m. ARMLET, s. petit bras, brassart, m. bracelet, m. Armorer, s. armurier, m. qui fait des armes. ARMORIAL, adj. armorial. ARMORIST, s. hérault, m. armoriste, m. Armory, s. arsenal, m. armore, f. armoiries f. Armour, s. armure, f. harnois, m. [lant. Army, s. armée, f. fhying-army, camp vo-Aromatick, Aromatical, adj. aromatique. AROMATICKS, s. pl. aromates, m. AROMATIZE, v. a. parfumer d'aromates. AROUND, prep. autour de, tout autour de. AROUSE, v. a. éveiller, exciter, réveiller. ARQUEBUSE, s. arquebuse, f. gros fusil. ARRAIGN, v. a. citer, accuser, assigner. ARRAIGNMENT, s. procès criminel. ARRANGE, v. a. arranger, mettre en ordre. ARRANGEMENT, s. arrangement, m. ARRANT, adj. insigne, grand, infame.

ARRAS, s. pl. tapisserie de haute-lice, f. [m. ARRAY, s. habit, m. ornement, m. ordre, m. rang, ARRAY, v. a. vetir, equiper, arranger, choisir. ARRAYERS, s. pl. officiers charges d'équiper les soldats d'une armée, m. ARREAR, adr. arrière, en arrière. ARREAR, s. reliquat, m. arrerages, s. pl. ar-rière-garde. [jugement, m. ARREST, s. arrêt, m. saisie, f. prise de corps, f. ARREST, r. a. arrêter, saisir. [tion. ARRIERE-FEE, or FIEF, s. arrière-fief, m. ABRIERE-GUARD, s. arrière-garde, f. Al. RIVAL, s. arrivée, f. venue, f. arrivage, m. ARRIVE. v. n. arriver, ver r. parvenir.

ARROGANT, adj. arrogant, presomptueux. ARROGANTLY, adv. avec arrogance. [buer. ARROGATE, v. a. usurper, s'arroger, s'atri Arrow, s. fèche, f. The arrow-head, la The arrow-head, la pointe d'un flèche. ARSE, le cul, le derrière. A short arse, un avorton, un ragot. ARSE-SMART, (an herb) persicaire, ARSENAL.s arsenal, m. magasin d'armes, m ARSENICAL, s. qui contient de l'arsenic. Arsenick, s. arsenic, m. (poison mortel.)
Arseversy, adv. sens dessus dessous. ART, s. art, m. adresse, f. industrie, f. talent, m. science, f. A master of arts, maître dès-arts. ARTERIAL, adj. artériel, des artères. ARTERIOTOMY, s. ouverture d'ane artère, f.
ARTERY, s. artère, f. [ment fast
ARTFUL, adj. artificiel, fait avec art, artiste-ARTFULLY, adv. artistement, ingenieusement. ARTFULNESS, s. habilité, f. art, m. industrie, f. ARTHRITICK, ARTHRITICAL, adj. gouteux ARTICHORY, s. artichaut, m. ARTICLE, s. article, m. chef, m. point, m. condition, f. articulation. f. joint, m. jointure, f. ARTICLE, v. n. stipuler, faire un pacte, pas ser des articles; r. a. actionner, accuser. ARTICLED, part. adj. range par articles, sti ARTICULAR, adj. articulaire. [pulé, engage. ARTICULATE, adj. articulé, distinct. ARTICULATE, v. a. articuler, stipuler. ARTICULATELY, adv. distinctement. ARTICULATION, s. articulation, f. jointure. ARTIFICE, s. artifice, m. art, m. metier, m. ARTIFICER,s. artisan,m. ouvrier,m. artiste, m. ARTIFICIAL, ARTIFICIOUS, adj. artificiel, ARTIFICIALLY, adv. artificiellement. ARTILLERY, s. artillerie, f. attirail de guerre. ARTISAN, s. ouvrier, m. artisan, m. artiste, m. ARTIST, s. artiste, m. ARTLESSLY, adv. sans art, simplement. ARTLESS, adj. naif, sans art, simple. ARUSPICE. s. aruspice, m. ARUSPICE. s. aruspice, m. A.s., adv. and conj. comme. Aussi...que; si...que. Tandis que, pendant que, si, que. As for, as to, quant à, pour ce qui est de. As yet, encore, As if, comme si. As much, autant. As though, comme si As soon as, dès que, aussitôt que. As it were, pour ainsi dire, en quelque manière. As well as, aussi bien que, autant que. As rich as he is, quelque riche qu'il soit. ASARABACA, s. (a plant) cabaret. m. ASABABACCA, s. (a plant) cabaret, m. ASBESTINE, adj. incombustible. Aspestos, s. asbeste, m. amiante, n ASCARIDES, s. pl. ascerides, m. eminne, m.
ASCARIDES, s. pl. ascerides, m. (petits vers.)
ASCEND, v. n. and a. monter, s'elever, gra
ASCENDANT, s. élévation, f. ascendant, m
influence, f. fixer, déterminer, établir. ASCERTAINER, s. qui détermine, &c. [blie, f. ASCERTAINMENT, s. règlement, m. règle éta-ASCETICE, adj. ascétique, de dévotion. ASCII, s. pl. asciens, m. Ascites, s. ascite, m. sorte d'hydropisie. Ascititious, adj. ajouté, controuvé, apr crypbe

ASCRIBARLE, adj. qu'on peut attribuer. ASCRIBE, v. a. attribuer, imputer. Ash, s. (a tree) frêne, m. Asham ke, adj. bouteux, confus. Asham adj. de frêne, fait de bois de frêne. ASHES, s. pl. cendres, f. Ash-Wednesday, le jour des cendres ASH-PAN, s. un cendrier. Ashore, adv. à terre, à berd. Ashr, adj. cendreux, plein de cendres. Aside, adc. à parl, à côlé: s. un à parlé. Asibary, or Asirine, adj. ssine. Ask, v. a. demander, requerir, exiger. ASKAUNCE OF ASKAUNT, de côte, oblique ment. ASKER, s. qui demande, demandeur, m. ASKER, s. qui demande, demandeur, m. ASKER, s. qui demande, demandeur, m. mépris. ASLOPE, adv. de biais, obliquement. ASLEEP, adj. endormi, assoupi. Asp, or Aspick, s. aspic, m. sorte de serpent. Asr, or Aspen, a tremble, m. sorte de peu-plier. ASPECT, s. aspect, m. vue, f. air, m. mine, f. ASPECT, v. a. regarder, voir. ASPECTABLE, adv. visible, exposé. ASPECTION, s. vue, f. aspect, a Aspen, adj. (from asp) de tremble ASPERATE, v. a. rendre rude or inégal. ASPERITY, s. rudesse, f. durete, f. aprete. ASPEROUS, adj. rude, dure, inegal.
ASPERSE, v. a. diffamer, noircir, injurier. ASPERSION, 4. aspersion, f. diffamation, f. ASPHALTICK, adj. bitumineux. ASPHALTOS, s. asphalte, m. [piration. ASPIRATE, v. a. aspirer, prononcer avec as-ASPIRATION, s. aspiration, f. desir ardent. ASPIRE, n. s. souther, aspirer à, desirer. ASQUINT, adv. de travers, de côté Ass, s. ane, m. An ass's colt, un anon. Assail, v. a. assaillir, attaquer. Assailable, adj. qui peut être attaqué. Assailant, or Assailer, s. assailant, m. ag-Assart, v.a. essarter, arracher. [gresseur, m. Assassin, Assassinator, s. assassin, m. Assassinate, & Assassination, s. assassi-Assassinate, v. a. assassiner. [nat, m. Assault, s. assault, m. attaque, f. . Assault, v. a. assaillir, donner assaut. Assaulten, s. assailant, m. aggresseur, m. Assay, s. essai, m. épreuve, f. examen, m. Assay, n. a. essayer, éprouyer, gouter. Assayer, v. a. essayeur, m. (officier de la Assecution, s. acquisition, f. [monnoie.) Assemblage, s. assemblage, m. combinaj-Convoquer. 90n, m. Assemble, v. a. and n. assembler, amasser, Assembly, s. assemblée, f. concours de peuple, m. [aveu, m. Assent, s. consentement, m. approbation, f. ASSENT, v. n. approuver, consentir.
ASSENTATION, s. flatterie, f. condescendance, f. Assentment, s. consentement. m. Assert, v. a. affirmer, soutenir, dire, main-ASSERTION, s. assertion, f. affirmation, f. Assertive, adj. affirmatif, dogmatique. Assertor, s. defenseur, m. protecteur, m. Assessment, s. taxe, f. cotisation, f. Assesson, s. cotiseur, assesseur, m ASSETS, e. pl. biens suffisans laissées par un testateur pour payer ses dettes et ses legs.

ASSETS, and ASSEVERATE, n. a. affirmer, protester

Asseveration, c. affirmation, protestation, Ass-head, s. un esprit lourd, un franc is porant. Assiduité, f. diligence, f. soin .m Assiduous, adj. assidu, diligent. [ment. Assiduously, adv. assiduement, constam-Assignto, assiente, s. marché d'esclaves, m. Assign, v. a. assigner, désigner, nommer, substituer, résilier, montrer. Assignable, adj. qu'on peut assigner. Assignation, s, rendez-vons, m, transport, m. Assigner, s. ayant-cause, m. ageut, m. substitut, m. Assigne, cemi qui assigne, commettant,m. Assignment, s. assignation, f. destination, f. Assignment, assignation, f. destination, f. Assimilation, f. assimilation, f. Assimilate, adj. qui peut être comparé. Assimilate, v. a. assimiler, comparer. Assimilation .. assimilation, resemblance, f. Assimulate, r. a. simuler, assimiler. Assimulation, s. simulation, f. faux-semblant, m. [sent. Assist, v. a. and n. assister, aider, être pre-Assistance, s. assistance, f. aide, f. secours, Assistant, s. & adj. assistant, m. aide. [m. Assize, s. assises, f. Cour de justice, f. réglement, m. mesure, f. taux, m.
Assize, v. a. régler, fixer, taxer. [sures.
Assizer, s. celui qui règle les poids et me-Associate, v. a. associer, mettre en societé. Associate, s. & asj.associé, m. compagnon, m. ASSOCIATION, a. association, f. societé, f. ligue, ASSOIL, v. a. absoudre, décharger. ASSONANCE, a. resemblance de son. As soon As, adv. aussitht-que, des que. Assort, v. a. assortir, ranger par classes Assort, v. a. assoter, infatuer. Assuage, v. a. adoucir, appaiser. Assuasive, adj. touchant, adoucissant, dour Assume, v. a. prendre, s'arroger, s'attribuer, supposer, s'en faire accroire, s'approprier. Assumer, s. arrogant, m. glorieux. Assumere, adj. arrogant, hautain. Assumption, s. supposition, f. assemption, f. Assumptive, adj. qui peut être attribué. Assumptive, adj. qui peut être attribué. Assumptive, s. assumance, f. caution, f. har-Assume, r. a. assurer, promettre. [diesse, f. Assuredly, adv. assurement, certainement. Assurer, s. assurer, m. répondant. Assuage, v. a. & n. adoucir, calmer, s'adou-Assuagement, s. adoucissement, m. Assuagen, s. pacificateur, m. Asteristisk, s. astérisque, m. (marque en forme d'étoile.) ASTERISM, s. asterisme, m. constellation, f. ASTERN, adv. par derrière; en poupe. ASTERT, v. a. effrayer, faire peur. ASTHMA, s. asthme, m. [matique. ASTHMATICAL, and ASTHMATICK, adj. asth-ASTONISH, v. a. etonner, surprendre. ASTONISHMENT, s. etonnement, m. surprise f. ASTOUND, v. a. consterner, epouvanter. A-STRADDLE, adv. à califourchous. ASTRAGAL, s. astragale, f. fusée, f. ASTRAL, adj. astral, étoile, brillant. ASTRAY, adv. hors du droit chemin. To go To lead astray, egarer, astray, s'egarer. detourner. ASTRICT, v. a. resserrer, bander, contractes ASTRICTION, s. resserrement, m ASTRICTIVE, adj. astringent, qui resserre ASTRIDE, adv. les jambes ouvertes. ASTRINGE, v. a. serrer, resserrer, contracter ASTRINGENCY, s. qualite astringente. ASTRINGENT. adj. astringent, qui resserre

ASTROLABE, s. astrolabe, m. ASTROLOGER, s. un astrologue ASTROLOGICAL, edj. astrologique. ASTROLOGICALLY, adv. astrologiquement. ASTROLOGIZE, v. n. exercer l'astrologie. ASTROLOGY, s. astrologie, f. ASTRONOMER, s. un astronome. ASTRONOMICAL, adj. astronomique. [astres. ASTRONOMY, s. astronomie, f. la science des Asunder, adv. séparément, à part. ASUNDADA,

AS WELL AS, adv. aussi bien que,

AS YLUM, s. asile, m. refuge, m.

AT, prep. à, en, du, de la, à la, chez, par.

At a stand, at a loss, en peine, en défaut.

At odds, en quercile, en dispute. At last,

at length, enfin, à la fin. At first, d'abord,

tout à coup. At once, tout d'un coup. At

all du tout, par tout. To be hard at it, s'y

[sions. ATARAXY, s. ataraxie, f. le calme des pas-ATCHIEVE, v. a. exécuter, faire. ATCHIEVEMENT, s. exploits m. armoiries, pl. f. Атнёвы, s. athéisme, m. impiété. Атнизт, s. athée, s. qui nie la divinité. ATHEISTICAL, adj. athée, impie. ATHEISTICALLY, acv. en athèe.
ATHEROMA, s. atherome, m. espèce d'abcès.
ATHEROMATOUS, adj. athéromateux. ATHIRST, adv. à sec, altéré. ATHLETA, s. athlète, m. champion, m. ATHLETICE, adj. d'athlète, robuste, fort. ATHWART, adv. & prep. de travers, à travers, ATILT, adv. en lutteur, en combattant. [sur. ATLANTICK, adv. Atlantique. [graphiques, f. ATLAS, s. atlas, m. collection de cartes géo-ATMOSPHERE, s. atmosphère, m. ATMOSPHERICAL, adj. de l'atmosphère ATOM, s. atôme, m. corpuscle indivisible. ATOMICAL, adj. composé d'atômes. Atone, v. a. expier, reconcilier, réparer ; v. n. s'accorder. ATOP, adv. au sommet, au haut. [lique. ATRABILARIOUS, adj. attrabilaire, mélanco-ATRAMENTAL, adj. d'encre, noir. ATROCIOUS, adj. alroce, énorme. ATROCIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière atroce. ATROCIOUSNESS, and ATROCITY, s. atroci-ATROPHY, s. manque de nonrriture, m. [té, f. ATROPHY, s. manque de nontriure, m. [ue, j. ATTACH, r. a. arrêter, attacher, gagner. ATTACHNERT, s. saisie, f. attachement, m. ATTACE, v. a. attaquer, assaillir. [affection, f. ATTACE, v. a. attaquer, assaillir. [affection, f. ATTACH, v. a. atteindre, obtenir, acquérir. ATTAINABABLE, adj. ce qu'on peut obtenir. ATTAINABER, s. bil de proscription. ATTAINABER, s. acquisition, f. [mer. ATTAINABER], a. acquisition, f. [mer. ATTAINABER], a. acquisition, f. [mer. ATTAINABER], a. acquisition, f. [mer. ATTAINABER], a. acquisition, f. [mer. ATTAINABER], acquisition, f. [mer. ATT ATTAINT, v. a. convaincre, corrompre, diffa-ATTAINT, s. tache, f. reproche. Upper Attaint, neri ferrure, f. ATTAINTLE, s. reproche, m. imputation, f. ATTEMPER, v. a. ado scir, temperer. ATTEMPERATE, v. a. tempérer, adoucir. ATTEMPT, v. a. entreprendre, essayer, ta cher, attenter. ATTEMPT, s. entreprise, f. essai, m. tentative, ATTEMPTABLE, adj. expose à des entreprises. ATTEMPTER, s. qui entreprend, tente, essaie. ATTEND, v. a. servir, prendre soin, suivre, accompagner, attendre; v. n. écouter, considérer, différer. AUGUROUS, adf. qui présage.

AUGUROUS, adf. qui présage.

AUGURY, s. augure, m. présage, m.

AUGURY, s. augure, m. présage, m.

AUGURY, adf. auguste, respectable, s.

To dance attendance, friends aind tége, m. de grue. ATTENDANT, s. serviteur, m. suite, f. cortege. ATTENDER, s. compagnon, m. associé, ATTENT, adj. attentif, attaché, applique ATTENTION, s. attention, f. coin, m. m. ion, f. ATTENTIVE, adj. attentif, applique, coigness ATTENTIVELY, adv. attentivement ATTENTIVENESS, s. attention, soin, ATTENUANT, adj. attenuant, diminuant. ATTENUATE, r. a. auenuer, diminuer. ATTENUATION, s. attenuation, f. ATTEST, v. a. attester, temoigner, certifier.
ATTESTATION, s. attestation f. temoignage, s.
ATTICSK, s. atticisme, s. finesse de gont, f.
ATTICK, adj. attique, delicat. ATTIRE, v. a. parer, ajuster, orner. ATTIRE, s. pardre, f. ornement, m. ATTIRES, s. pl. ramures du bois des cerfs, &ce ATTITUDE, s. attitude, f. posture, f. [f. nl.
ATTORNEY, s. procureur, w. A letter of altorney, procuration, m. ATTORNEY, v. a. faire par procuration. ATTRACT, v. a. attirer, tirer à soi, gu ATTRACT, s. attraits, pl. m. emerce, f. ATTRACTICAL, adj. attractif. ATTRACTION, s. attraction, f. (great) ATTRACTIVE, cdj. attractif, attrayant, enga-ATTRACTIVE, s. attrait, m. charme, m. amorce, f. ATTRACTIVELY, dev. par attraction.
ATTRACTOR. attrahent, s. agent qui attire, m. ATTRIBUTE, v. a. attribuer, imputer. ATTRIBUTE, s. attribut, m. qualité, j ATTRIBUTION, s. attribution, f. privilege, m. ATTRITE, adj. use par le frottement.
ATTRITION, s. l'action d'user en frottant, et-ATTUNE, v. a. accorder. [trition, f. ATWEEN, ATWING outre doux. AUBURNE, s. brun obscur. Auction, s. enchère, f. encan, m. Auction, r. a. vendre à l'enchère. AUCTIONEER, s. crieur d'encan, m Audacieux, temeraire AUDACIOUSLY, adv. audacieusement, imp demment. AUDACIOUSNESS, s. audace, f. impudence, AUDICITY, s. audace, f. hardiesse, f. tem AUDIBLE, adj. qu'on peut entendre. [risé, AUDIBLY, adc. de manière à être entenda. AUDIENCE, s. audience, f. auditoire, sa. AUDIE, s. déposition, f. audition, f. AUDITION, s. audition, f. (de comptes.)
AUDITION, s. audition, f. (de comptes.)
AUDITION, s. auditeur, m. qui écoute. Auditoire, s. auditoire, m AUF, s. sot, m. fou, m. benêt, m AUGER, s. tarrière, f. vilebrequin, s. AUGHT, pron. quelque chose, aucune chos AUGMENT, v. a. augmenter; v. st. s'augmen-AUGMENT, and AUGMESTATION, s. angme tation, f. accroissement, m. Augure, m. devin, m. devin, m. AUGUR, and AUGURATE, v. a. augurer, pob-AUGURATION, s. divination, f. presage, a Augurial, adj. augural. Augurise, v. a. faire le métier d'augur.

ADEUSTRESS. s. dignité, f. majesté, f. AULICE, adj. aulique, souverau. AULH, s. aune, f. (arbre.) AUNCEL-WEIGHT, s. sorte de Romaine. AUNT, s. une tante. AURICLE, s. la partie extérieure de l'oreille, et les oreillettes du cœur. AURICULA, s. auricule, f. oreille d'ours, f. AURICULAR, adj. auriculaire. AURICULARLY, adr. à l'oreille, secrètement. AURIFEROUS, adj. qui produit de l'or. AURORA, s. aurore, f. le point du jour. Auspice, s. auspice, m. production, f. Auspicious, adj. favorable, heureux. Auspiciously, adv. sous d'heureux auspices Auspiciousness, s. bonheur, m. prosperité, f. AUSTERE, adr. austere, severe, apre au gout. AUSTERENESS, s. austérité, f. rigueur, f. AUSTERITY, s. austérité, f. rigueur, f. dure-AUSTIN-FRIAR, s. Augustin. AUSTRAL, adj. austral, meridional. AUSTRALIZE, v. n. tendre au sud. [tique. **AUTHENTICAL**, AUTHENTICK, adj. authen-AUTHENTICALLY, ade. authentiquement. AUTHENTICITY, s. authenticité, f. AUTHOR, s. auteur, m. inventeur, m. cause, f. AUTHORITATIVE, adj. autorise. AUTHORITATIVELY, adv. par autorité. AUTHORITY, s. autorité, f. crédit, m. témoignage, m. AUTHORIZATION, s. autorisation, f. AUTHORIZE, v. a. autoriser, approuver, ra-AUTOGRAPHICAL, adj. autographe. AUTOGRAPHY, s. autographe, m. original, m. AUTOMATICAL, adj. machinal, d'automate. AUTOMATON, s. automate, m. machine, m. AUTOMATOUS, adj. qui se meut de soi-même. AUTOPSY, s. le témoinage de ses propres AUTOPTICAL, adj. queon voit de ses propres AUTOPTICALLY, adm par ses propres yeux. AUTUMN, s. automme, f. (m. in poetry.) AUTUMNAL, adj. automnal, d'automme. AUXILIAR, AUXILIARY, udj. and s. confederé, auxiliaire. AUXILIARIES, s. pl. troupes auxiliaires, AVAIL, v. a. servir, aider; v. n. être utile. AVAIL, s. profit, m. avantage, m. utilité, f. AVAILABLE, adj. utile, profitable, avantageux. AVAILABLENESS, s. utilité, f. efficace, f. AVAILMENT, s. avantage, effet. AVALE, v. n. s'abaisser, tomber. AVANT-GUARD, s. avant-garde, f. AVANT-MURE, s. avant-mur, m. AVANT-PEACH, s. pêche précoce, f. AVARICE, s. avarice, f. AVARICIOUS, adj. avaricieux, avare. AVARICIOUSLY, udv. avec avarice. AVARICIOUSNESS, s. avarice, f. AVAST, adv. cessez, c'est assez, (terme de ma-AVAUNT, interj. fi, sortez d'ici, retirez-vous, AVEL, AVULSE, v. a. arracher. Ave-Mary, s. un Avé-Maria AVENAGE, s. cens, m. or rente d'avoine. AVENGE, v. a. venger, punir. AVENGEANCE. OF AVENGEMENT, 8. vengeance, f. punition, f. AVENGER, s. vengeur, m. Avenou, s. controlour des écuries du roi, m. AVENUE, s. avenue, f. passage, m. AVER, r. a. averer, verifier, certifier, AVERAGE, s. égalité, f. généralité, f. calcul, m. corvée, f. avarie, f. répartition égale.

AVERNUT s. verification, f. preuve, f. AVERRUNCATE, v. a. deraciner. [degout, a AVERSATION, s. aversion, f. repuguance, J Averse, adj. qui a de l'aversion, contraire. Aversely, adv. avec répugnance. [goût, m. AVERSENESS, AVERSION, s. aversion, f. de-AVERT, v. a. détourner, éloigner.
AVERY, s. grenier, m. où l'on tient l'avoine.
AVIARY, s. une volière, grande cage. AVIDITY, s. avidité, f. empressement, m. AVIZE, v. a. aviser, conseiller. AVOCATE, v. a. détourner, dissuader. Avocation, s. distraction, f. diversion, f. AVOCATORIA, s. lettres avocatoires, f. pl.
AVOID, v. a. fuir, éviter, échapper, vider.
AVOIDABLE, adj. qu'on peut éviter.
AVOIDANCE, s. fuite, f. evacuation, f. Avoider, s. la personne qui evite, qui AvoidLESS, adj. inevitable. [échappe. AVOIR-DU-POIS, s. un poids à 16 onces la livre. AVOLATION, s. l'action de s'envoler, fuite, f. Avouch, v. a. declarer, soutenir. Avouch, s. preuve, f. lemoignage, m. Avouchable, adj. probable, soutenable. Avoucher, s. celui qui prouve un fait. Avow, v. a. avouer, confesser. Avowable, adj. qui peut être avoué. Avowal, s. aveu, m. declaration, f. Avowedly, adj. ouvertement, sans mystere. Avower, s. pairon, m. avoue, m. Avower, s. celui qui avoue, qui affirme. Avowry, s. defense, f. justification, f. Avowral, s. aveu, f. confession, f. Avulsion, s. l'action d'arracher. AWAIT, v. a. attendre, épier, guetter. Await, s. embuche, f. guet-à-pens, m. Awake, v. a. & n. éveiller, s'éveiller, exciter. AWAKE, adj. éveillé, sensible. AWARD, v. a. adjuger, juger, parer. AWARD, s. jugement, m. sentence, AWARE, adj. precautionne, attentif. AWARE, v. a. se précautionner, prendre garde. AWARE, prenez garde, gare.

Away, interj. hors d'ici, allez. Away with this! emportez ceci! Away, adv. absent, dehors. To go away, s'en aller, s'absenter. To run away, s'en aller, s'absenter. To take fuir. To drive away, chasser. away, emporter, desservir, ôter. To steal away, se dérober. AWE, s. crainte, f. frayeur respectueuse. AWE, v. a. imprimer du respect AWFUL, adj. terrible, respectable, imposant. AWFULLY, adr. respectueusement. AWFULNESS, s. respect, m. solemnité, f. AWHILE, adr. pendant quelque temps. AWKWARD, adj. mel-adroit, gauche. AWKWARDLY, adv. de mauvaise grace. AWKWARDNESS, s. manque d'addresse, m AwL, s. alène, f. [grossièreté, f. • AWELESS, adj. qui n'a point de respect. AWN, s. cosse, f. barbe, f. AWNING, s. voile pour se garantir du soleil. AWORK, AWORKING, adv. au travail. AWRY, adj. oblique, de travers, mal fait. Awny, adr. obliquement, de travers. Axe, s. hache, f. A calle-are or pole-are hache d'armes, f. Bec-de-corbin, m. A broud-axe or chip-are, une doloire. A besaigue. A pick-are, une besaigue. [fève de loup, f. Axe-verch or Axe-worth, s. grave of AxILLA, s. aiselle, f. AXILLAR and AXILLARY, adj. axillaire.

Axiom, s. axiome, m maxime, f. vérité, f. Axis, Axie and Axie-tree, s. axe, m. ARLE-PIN, s. l'esse d'une roue, m. AY, adc. oui. Ay marry, oui dà. [suis! AYE, interj. ahi. Ay me, malheureux que je AYE, adc. à jamais, pour toujours. Azımous, adj. sans levain. AZIMUTH, s. azimut. m. ; adj. azimutal. AZURE, adj. azur , bleu céleste. AZURE-STONE, s. lapis lazuli, m. AZYMA, s. la fête des azymes.

BAA, s. bélement, m.; v. n. béler. BABBLE, v. n. babiller, caqueter, jaser. BABBLE, s. babil, m. caquet, m. verbiage, m. BABBLER, s. babillard, babillarde. [derie, f. BABBLING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. bavar-BABERY, s. bambin, m. poupon, m.
BABERY, s. babiole, f. jouets, (d'enfans) m. pl. BARISH, adj. cufantin, puerile. Bysoon, s. babouin, m. magot, m. BABY, s. bambin, m. petit enfant, poupce, f. BACCHANALIAN, s. debauché, m. ivrogue, m. BACCHANALS, s. pl. bacchanales, f. BACHELOR, s. bachelier, m. garçon, m. BACHELORSHIP, s. baccalaureat, m. celibat, BACK, s. le dos, les reins, m. pl. les lombes, m. pl. l'échine, f. le derrière, m. Back of a knife, le dos d'un couteau. Back of a couch, le derrière d'un corosse. Back of a chuir, lo dossier d'une chaise. Back of a chimney, la plaque de seu d'une cheminée. Buck of the hand, le revers de la main. BACK, adv. en arrière, derechef. BACK, v. a. monter (un cheval) appuyer. BACK-BITE, v. a. médire de quelqu'un. BACK-BITER, s.medisant, w. calomniateur, BACK-BASKET, s. hotte, f. BACK-BLCW, s. coup de revers, m. BACK-BONE, s. l'épine du dos, le rable. BACK-CLOUTS, s. brayes, f. BACK-DOOR, s. porte de derrière, f. pôterne, f. BACKGAMMON, s. toutes tables.

BACK-PIECE, s. la cuirasse qui couvre le dos. BACK-ROOM, s. chambre de derrière, f. BACK-SHOP, s. arrière-boutique, f. BACK-SIDE, s. le derrière, le revers. BACK-SLIDE, v. a. reculer, biaiser, tergiver-BACK-SLIDER, s. qui biaise, qui tergiverse. BACK-SLIDING, s. tergiversation, f. BACK-STAIRS, s. escalier dérobé, m. BACK-STAYS, s. les étais des mâts de navire, BACK-SWORD, s. estramaçon, m. escadon, m. BACKWARD, adj. lent, negligent, tardif.
BACKWARD, adc. par derrière, à reculons.
BACKWARDLY, adr. malgré soi. BACK WARDNESS, J. lenteur, f. repugnance, f. BACK-YARD, s. arrière-cour, f. BACON, S. lard, m. pore sale Ban, adj. mauvais, mechant, vicieux. To be bad, eire malade, se porter mal. BADGE, s. marque, f. signe, m. caractère, m. BADGER, s. blaireau, m. taisson, m. BADLY, adr. mal, à peine, avec peine.
BADLYAGE, s. badinage, m. badinerie, f.
BADNESS, s. méchancet. f. vice, m. BAFFLE, r. a. amuser, d'concerter, détruire. BAJFLE, s. amusement, m. tromperie, f. BAFFLER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m BAG, s. sac, m bourse, f. poche. Bag and baggaze, bagage, m. A black-bag, une coiffe de femme. A clouk-bag, un valise, port-

manteau, m. A hawking-bag, une gibecière. A leather bag, une poche de cuir, une bouguette. A sweet-bag, un sachet. A tinker's bag, une drouine. BAG, v. a. mettre en sac; v. n. être enflé. BAGGAGE, s. bagage, m. une garce. BAGNIO, s. un bain, une étuve. BAGPIPE, s. musette, f. cornemuse, f. BAG-PIPER, s. joueur de musette, BAIL, v. n. cautionner, être repondant. BAIL, s. caution, f. cautionnement, m. BAILABLE, adj. recevable à caution.
BAILIFF, s. bailli, m. sergent, m. receveur, m BAILLIVICK, s. haillage, m.
BAIL, r. a. amorcer, attirer, inciter, harceler; v. n. refraichir en voyage. baiting place, a. cabaret, m. hotellerie, f.

A bull-baiting, un combat de taureaux. BAIZE, s. reveche. f. sorte de fianelle. BAKE, r. a. chauffer or cuire au four. BAKE-HOUSE, s. boulangerie, f. BAKER, s. un boulauger, m. BAKER-LEGGED, adj. qui a les jambes en de-BAKING, s. cuisson, f. fournée, f. BAKING-PAN, une tourtière BALANCE, s. balance, f. balancement, m. contre-poids, m. solde (d'un compte.) A balance-wheel, une roue de recontre. BALANCE, r. a. peser, balancer, examiner, regler, solder (un compte.) BALASS-RUBY, rubis balais. BALBUCINATE, v. n. balbutier. BALCONY, s. balcon, m. perron, m.
BALD, adj. chauve, pelé, use, sot, fade.
BALDERDASH, s. mélange, m. galimathias, m.
BALDERDASH, v. a. mélanger, frelater.
BALDERDASH, v. a. mélanger, frelater. BALDLY, adv. nuement, plettement. BALDNESS, s. l'état d'être cha_ve, s BALDRICK, s. un baudrier, reinture, f. BALE, s. balle, f. paquet, misére, f. malheur. BALE, v. n. emballer, vuider l'eau. BALEFUL, udj. malheureux, funeste, triste. Balk. s. poutre, f. élévation de terre, contre-temps, m. revers, m. préjudice, m. Ball, v. a. manquer, passer, tromper. Ball, s. balle, f. boule, f. bal, m. Ballad, s. vaudeville, m. balade, f. BALLAD, v. n. chanter des vandevilles. BALLAST, s. lest, m.; v. a. lester. BALLET, s. ballet, m. danse figurée. Balloon, s. boule, m. globe, m. hallon, m. Ballot, s. ballotte, f.; v. n. balloter. BALM, s. baume, m. menthe, f. BALM-APPLE, s. pomme de merveilles, f. BALM-GENTLE, s. (a plant) melisse, f. BALM, r. a. embaumer, adoucir. BALMY, adj. balsamique, odoriferant. BALNEARY, s. bain, m. étuve, f. BALNEATION, s. bain, m. usage du bain, m. BALNEATORY, adj. qui a rapport au lain. BALSAMI, s. baume, m. onguent, m. BALSAMICK, adj. balsamique, de baume. BALUSTER, s. balustre, petit pillier, m. BALUSTRADE, s. balustrade, f. BAM, s. fourberie; v. a. tromper. BAMBOOZLE, v. a. tromper, fourber. BAMBOUZIER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. BAK, s. ban, m. publication, f. interdiction. BAN, r. a. maudire, interdire. BAND, s. bande, f. bandage, m. attache, f. lien, m. collet, m. rabat, troupe, f. Ahond band, un bandeau, serre-tête, m. A has band, un cordon de chapeau. A sucthing

BANDAGE, s. bandage, m. bandeau, m. BAND-BOX, s. boite de carton, f. BANDITTI, s. bandit, m. proscrit, BARDOG, s. matin, m. gros chien, dogue, m. BANDOLEEP, s. bandoulière, f. BANDY, s. crosse, f; adj. tortu. BANDY, v. a. bander, se liguer, debattre. BANE, s. poison, m. mort, f. peste, f. Rat's-bane, mort aux rats. Wolf's-bane, aconit, realgal, m. arsenic, m. BANEFUL, adj. empoisonné, mortel, veni-BANEFULNESS, s. empoisonnement, m. BANEWORT, s. morelle, f.
BANG, s. coup, m.; v. a. battre, étriller, rosser. BANGLING-EARS, oreilles pendantes. BANISH, v. a. bannir, exiler, chasser. BANISHER, s. celui qui bannit. BARISHMENT, s. banissement, m. exil, m. BANE, s. hauteur, f. élevation de terre, f. rive, f. rivage, m. bord, m. banc de sable, m. banc, m. établi, m. banque, f. BANK, v. a. élever une digue BANK-BILL, s. billet de banque, m BANKRUPTCY, s. banqueroute, f. faillite, f. BANKRUPT, s. & adj. un banqueroutier, m. BANKRUPT, v. n. faire banqueroute BANNER, s. bannière, f. étendard, m. drapeau, m. BANNERET, s. banneret, m. chevalier, m. BANNIAN, s. robe de chambre, f. BANQUET, s. gateau d'avoine.
BANQUET, s. banquet, m. festin, m.
BANQUET, v. n. faire bonne chère. BANQUETTING-HOUSE, s. salle de festin, f. BANTER, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. ridi-BANTER, v. a. railler, plaisanter. [cule, m. BANTERER, s. railleur, m. plaisant, m.
BANTERER, s. railleur, m. plaisant, m.
BAPTISM, s. baptéme, m.
BAPTISM, at, baptismal.
BAPTIST, adj. baptiste, celui qui baptise. BAPTISTERY, s. baptistère, m. les fonts, m. pl. BAPTIZE, v. a. baptiser. BAR, s. barre, f. barreau, m. levier, m. barrière, f. obstacle, m. exception, f. BAR, (in a shoe) tranchefile de soulier. BAR, (of lace) bride de dentelle, BAR, v. a. barrer, exclure, interdire. BARB, s. barde, f. armure de cheval, pointe recourbée, cheval barbe, m. BARBACAN, s. barbacane, f. échauguette, f. BARBARIAN, s. barbarisme, m. sauvage, m.
BARBARISM, s. barbarisme, m. grossièreté, f.
BARBARITT, s. cruauté, f. barbarie, f. BARBAROUS, adj. barbare, sauvage, cruel. BARBAROUSLY, adv. barbarement. BARBAROUSTESS, s. crnaute, f. barbarie, f. BARBED, part. adj. rase, barde, barbele. BARBEL, s. barbeau, m. (poisson.) BARBER, s. barbier, m. [vinette, m. BARBERRIES s. pl. fruit rouge de l'épine-BARBERRY-T LEE, s. epine-vinette, BARBLES, s. (a horse's disease) barbes, f. BARD, s. barde, m. poëte, m. BARE, adj. nu, découvert, ras, pelé, simple, seul, usé, pauvre, destiné. BARE, v. a. découvrir, dépouiller, priver. BARE-BONE, s. décharué BARE-FACED, adj. sans masque, effronté. BARE-FACEDLY, ddv. à découvert, sans honte.

band, lenges. Train-bands, milice bourgebise.

ANDAGE, s. bandage, m. bandeau, m. AND-BOX, s. boite de carton, f.

AND-BOX, s. boite de carton, f.

ANDITTI, s. bandit, m. proscrit, m.

BARE-FACEDNES, s. effronterie, f.

BARE-FOOTED, adf. qui a les pieds nucls.

BARE-LEGGED, adf. qui a les pieds nucls.

BARE-LEGGED, adf. qui a les pieds nucls.

BARE-LEGGED, adf. qui a les pieds nucls.

BARELY, adv. nuclennt, simplement, scule ment, pauvrement, à peine.
BARGAIN, s. marché, m. necord, m.
BARGAIN, v. n. marchander, faire marché. BABGAINEE, s. celui qui accepte un marché. BARGAINER, s. celui qui offre un marché. BARGAIN-MAKER, s. feseur de marchés, m. BARGE, s. grand bateau, m. barge, f. BARGER or BARGEMAN, s. le battelier. Barge-master, s. inspecteur des mines, m. BARGE-MOTE, s. cour des mines, f. BARK, s. écorce, f. quinquina, m. barque, BARK, v. n. aboyer, japper, glapir, crier contre; v. a. ôter l'écorce. BARKER, s. qui aboye, qui ôte l'écorce. BARKING, s. aboiement, m. invective, BARLEY, s. orge, f. Barley-broth, bière forte, Barley-sugar, sucre d'orge. Barley-water, cau d'orge, f. tisane, f. Barley-snow, un tas d'orge.
BARM, s. levain, m. lévure, f.
BARMY, adj. où il y a du levain. BARN, s. grange, f. grenier, m. The t floor, l'air d'une grange, m. pallier, m. The barn-BARNACLE, s. moraille, f. macreuse, f. es-BAROMETER, s. baromètre, m. [père d'oie. BAROMETRICAL, adj. éprouvé par le baromètre. BARON, s. baron, w. juge, m. [ron. BARONAGE, s. baronne, f. dignité d'un ba-BARONESS, s. baronne, f. BARONET, s. baronet, m. BARONY, s. baronie, f. BARRACAN, s. bouracan, m.
BARRACAN, s. bouracan, m.
BARRACK, s. baraque, f. caserne, f.
BARRATOR, s. chicaneur, m. plaideur, m.
BARRATRY, s. chicane, f. fraude, f. [lot.
BARRAEL, s. barril, m. canon, fit, fusée, baril-BARREL, v. a. mettre en barril, entonner. BARREN, adj. sterile, infructueux. [ment. BARRENLY, adv. sterilement, infructueuse-BARRENLES, s. stérilité, f. [der. BARRICADE, s. barricade, f. v. a. barrica BARRIER, s. barrière, f. barricade, f. [der. BARRIERS, s. pl. barres, f. sorte de jeu de BARRISTER, s. avocat, m. BARROW, s. verrat, m. porc châtre, ture, à bras or à la main. A hand-barrow, une civière. A wheel-barrow, une brouette. BARTER, v. a. troquer, échanger BARTER, BARTERY, s. troc, m. échange, m. BARTERER, s. troqueur, m. BARTON, s. manoir, m. poulailler.
BASE, adj. bas, vil, deshonnête, infame.
BASE, s. base, f. fondement, m. soulasse ment, m. basse, f. la basse contre.
BASELY, adv. bassement, honteusement. BASENESS, s. bassesse, f. le bas. BASH, v. n. rougir, avoir honte. Bashaw, s. un bacha, un despote. BASHFUL, adj. honteux, modeste. BASHFULLY, adv. modestement, avec timidité. BASHFULNESS, s. honte, f. pudeur, f. modes Basil, s. basilic, m. (plante.) BASILICA, s. basilique, f. magnifique église. BASILICA, s. la veine basilique. BASILISK, s. basilic, m. serpent or gres canon Basin, s bassin, m. reservoir, m. baie, f.

Basis, s. base, f. fondement, m. soutien, m. Basis, v. a. chauffer; v. a. se chauffer au soleit. BASKET, s. un panier, une corbeille. basket, un corbillon. [lief, m. BASS-RELIEF OF BASSO-RELIEVO, s. bas-re-Basson, Bassoon, s. basson, m.
Bastard, s. bâtard, m.; adj. bâtard, faux.
Bastard, Bastardizz, v. a. convaincre
quelqu'un d'étre bâtard; faire un bâtard. BASTARDLY, adv. en bâtard, faussement. BASTARDY, c. batardise, f. BASTE, s. cordes or nattes de tilleul, BASTE, v. a. bastonner, arroser, faufiler. BASTIKADO, s. bastonnade, f. Bastikade, v. a. bastonner, donner des coups de bâton. BASTION, s. bastion, m. boulevard, m. BAT, s. crosse, f. massee, f. chauve-souris, f. Brick-bat, eclat de brique. Whirl-bat, ceste. BAT-FOWLING, s. chasse pendant la nuit, f. BATABLE, adj. disputable, limitrophes. BATER, s. fouraée, trempe, qualité. BATER, s. débai, sa. dispute, f. querelle, f. BATER, v. a. rabattre, diminuer, baisser. BATH, s. hain, m. lieu où l'ou se baigne. BATHE, v. a. & n. se baigner, bassiner, étuver. A bathing-place, un bain. A bathingtub, un baignoire or un bain. BATING, s. rabais, m.; prep. hormis, excepté. BATLET, s. battoir (pour battre la lessive) m. BATOON, s. baton, m. tricot, m. BATTAILED, adj. orné de créneaux, crenelé. BATTALLOS, adj. guerrier, militaire.
BATTALLA, s. bataille, f. ordre de bataille, m.
BATTALLON, s. bataillon, m. corps d'infanterie, m. BATTEN, v. a. and n. engraisser, fertiliser, s'engraisser, se veautrer, s'étendre. Batter, v. a. battre, frapper, écraser. BATTLE, e. bataille, f. combat, m. batterie, f. BATTLE, e. bataille, f. combat, m. [ter, f. BATTLE, v. n. combattre, batailler, contes-BATTLE-ARRAY, s. ordre de bataille, m. BATTLE-AXE, s. hache d'armes, f. BATTLEDORE, s. battoir, m. palette, f. BATTLEMENT, s. creneau, m. BAVIN, s. espèce de fagot de menu bois. BAWBLE, s. babiole, f. jouet d'enfant, m. BAWBLING, adj. de nulle valeur. BAWD, s. un maquereau, une maquerelle. BAWD, r. z. faire le meuer de maquereau. BAWDILY, adn. d'une maniere obscène. BAWDINESS, s. obscenité, f. impudicité, f. BAWDRICK, s. ceinturon, m. baudrier, m. BAWDRY. s. maquerellage, m. [nête. BAWDRY. s. maquerellage, m. [nête. BAWDY, adj. obscène, impudique, deshoabawDY, s. obscènié, f. saleté, f. [Dauche. BAWDY-HOUSE, s. bordel, m. lieu de dé-BAWL, n. n. crier, criailler, clabauder. BAWLER, s. criard, m. clabaudeur, m. BAWLING, s. cristillerie, f. clabauderie, f. BAWREL, s. espèce de faucon. [cris, m. BAWSIN, s. blaireau, m. taisson, m. BAY, s. baie, f. rade, f. travée, f. bonde, f. abois, m. laurier, m. BAY, adf. bai, d'un poil rouge brun.
BAY, n. n. biler, aboyer, environner.
BAY-SALT, g. sel gris, m. sel de mer.
BAY-NINDO M, s. fenêtre cuntrée or ronde. BAYARD, s. un cheval bai, un balzan. BAYING, s. bélement, m. aboiement, m. BAYONET, s. hayonette, f.
BE, v. n. ètre, exister, devoir. Be at, pré-

tendre à, aller à. Be in, être dans, être attrappe. Be well, se bien porter. Be set with one, être brouille avec quelqu'un. Be out, se tromper, n'y être pas. Be better, valoir mieux, se porter mieux: to be cold, hot, hungry, dc. avoir froid, chaud, faim, &c. There is, there be, there was, il y a, il y avoit. Here he is, le voici. BEACH, s. rivage, m.
BEACON, s. signal, m. faual, m. [signal. Beaconage, s. depense pour l'entretien d'un Bead, s. grain, m. de collier, de chapelet, sec. BEADLE, s. bedeau, m. sergent, m BEAGLE, s. basset, m. un homme de néant. BEAK, s. bec, m. l'éperon d'un navire, pro BEAK-FULL, s. becquee, f. BEARED, wy. qui a un bec. BEALE, s. tasse, f. un golelet, un coup.
BEALL, s. apostume, f. pustule, f. bouton, m.
BEALL, v. a. apostumer, se former en apostume.
BEALL, v. a. apostumer, se former en apostume.
BEALL, v. a. apostumer, so loive, rayon, m. rais, m.
timon (d'un clariot,) dèche (d'un carrosse),
tasse (d'un carrosse). verge (d'une antre,) le bois (d'un cerf,) déau (d'une balance.) BEAM, v. n. lancer des traits de lumière. BEANY, adj. rayonnant, radieux. BEAN, s. feve, f. haricots, m. faséoles, ľibe, BEAR, s. ours, m. ourse, f. BEAR's-BREECH, s. branche-ursine, acan BEAR'S-FOOT, See Hellebore. BEAR'S-EAR, s. oreille d'ours, f. auricule, f. BEAR, r. a. & R. porter, soutenir, agir, faire, produire, souffrir, supporter, être, adinettre, avoir; permettre; comporter; bear hard, traiter durement; bear one's self as, se comporter comme; bear one's self upon, se glo-rifier de; bear in hand, amuser par de vains prétentes; bear aions, remporter, obsenir, prendre chasse; bear dorn, abattre, renverser, ruiner, faire baisser, s'enfoncer: bear in with the harbour, être porté d'un vent frais dans le port; bear off, obtenir par force, courir un large; bear on or upo porter, poser sur; bear out, supporterede-fendre, justifier, avancer, faire saillie; lear towards, naviguer vers; bear up, se tenit ferme, se soutenir; bear up, se hausser, s'elever; bear with, supporter, pardonner. BEARD, s. barbe, fibre. BEARD, v. a. braver, ébarber, tondre. BEARDED, adj. barbu, ayant barbe. BEARDLESS, adj. sans barbe, jeune. BEARER, s. porteur, m. support, m BEARING OUT, s. avance, f. saillie, f. Bearing of a town, or ser-coust. la hauteur a situation d'une ville, d'une côte SHURIOG d'une ville, d'une cote.

BEARING, s. port, m. mine, f. tulérance, f

BEARWARD, s. celui qui gerde les ours.

BEAST, s. béte, f. un siupide, un anima

BEASTLINESS, s. bestialité, f. brutalité, f.

BEASTLY, adj. bestial, brutal, sale.

BEAT, v. a. & n. battre, frapper, piler, bue

yer, palpiter, être agité, balancer.

BEAT AGAINST. p. a. nd n. se briser contra: BEAT AGAINST, v. a. and n. se briser contre; beat back, r. a. repousser, faire retirer; bea down, abatire, renverser; best up, attaquer subitement; best out, arracher, faire sortir par force; best obost, faire des efforts, ten ter; best upon, lancer, darder sur; ussister sur; best flat, applatir; best in, enfoncer coigner; best into, inculquer; best of

BEATIFICAL, BEATIFICK, adj. béatifique.
BEATIFICALLY, adv. en bien-heureux.
BEATIFICATION, s. béatification, f.
BEATIFY, v. a. béatifier, rendre heureux. BEATING, s. battement, m. [cité, f. BEATITUDE, s. béatitude, f. bonheur, m. féli-BEAU, s. un élégant, un petit maître. BEAU-HONDE, s. le beau-monde. BEAUIS, adj. pimpant, élégant.
BEAUISOUS, adj. beau, or bel, bien fait.
BEAUITFULLY, adv. d'une belle façon.
BEAUITFUL, adj. beau, bel, bien fait. BEAUTIFUL, adv. agréablement, avec grace.
BEAUTIFULMESS, s. beauté, f. agrément, m.
BEAUTIFY, r. a. and n. embellir, s'embellir. BEAUTY, s. beauté, f. agrément, m.
BEAUTY-SPOT, s. mouche pour le visage, f.
BEAVER, s. bièvre, m. castor, m. chapeau de BECALICO, s. becfigue, m. (oiseau.) [castor. BECALIC, v.a. calmer, mettre à l'abri du vent. BECAUSE, conf. parce que, à cause, de ce que. BECK, s. signe, m. de la main, or de la tête. BECK, BECKON, v. a. faire signe. BECOME, v. n. devenir, être fait, être digne, être convenable, convenir, être propre à. Becoming, adj. scant, bienséant. [ment [ment. BECOMINGLY, adv. convenablement, propre-BECOMINGNESS, s. bienséance, f.
BED, s. lit, m. couche, f. carreau, m. flasque,
m. planche d'affût, cosse de legume. BED, r. a. and n. coucher, planter. BEDABBLE, v. a. tremper, mouiller. BEDASHLE, v. a. cremper, mounter.

BEDASH, v. a. éclabousser, couvrir de boue.

BEDAUB, v. a. barbouiller, gâter, salir.

BEDAZZLE, v. a. éblouir, aveugler.

BED CLOTHES, BEDDING, s. les couvertures.

BED-CLOTHES, BEDDING, s. les couvertures. BED-CURTAIN, s. un rideau de lit. BEDECK, v. a. parer, orner, embellir BEDEW, v. a. arroser, couvrir de reséc. BEDFELLOW, s. compagnon de lit, m. BEDIGHT, v. a. parer, orner, embellir. BEDIM, v. a. obscurcir, rendre sombre. BEDIZEN, v. a. parer, attiffer, orner. BEDLAM, s. hôpital des fous, m. petites mai-BEDLAMITE, s. un fou, une folle. BEDLAM-LIKE, adv. en fou, en insensc. BED-POST, s. colonne de lit, f.
BEDRID, adj. alité, qui garde le lit.
BEDROP, v. a. tacher, arroser, mouiller. BEDSTEAD, s. bois de lit, m. BED-STRAW, or STRAW-BED, s. paillasse, f. BED-TIME, s. temps de s'aller coucher, m. BEDUNG, v. a. fumer, couvrir de fumier. BEDUST, v. a. couvrir de poussière, épousseter. BEDWARF, v. a. empécher de croître, BEE, s. abeille, f. mouche à miel, f. BEE-GARDEN, s. rucher, m.; bee-hive, s. ruche, f. Веесн, s. hêtre, m. or fouteau, m. chair-de-bœuf, BEEF, s. boeuf, m. chair-de-boeuf, f. steaks, des tranches de boeuf en grillade. BEEF-EATER, s. mangeur de bœuf, m. garde du roi. BEEMOL, s. kemol (terme de musique.)
BEER, s. bière, f. trame (de tisserand, m.
BEER, s. poirée, f. bette blanche, f. Red
beet, s. betterave, f. bette rouge. BEETLE, s. escarbot, m. buttoir, hie. REFILE, v. n. avancer, faire saillie. REETLE-BROWED, adj. refrogué, de mauvaise humcur. BEETLE-HEADED, adj. lourdaud.

BEETLE-STOCK, s. manche de battoir, m. BEEVES, s. (the plural of Beef,) boeufs, m. BEFALL, v. n. arriver, survenir, avenir. BEFIT, v. a. convenir, ere propre à. BEFITTING, adj. convenable, séant. BEFOAMED, adj. couvert d'écume. BEFOOL, v. a. infatuer, séduire, duper. BEFORE, prep. and adv. avant, avant-que plutôt que ; devant, en présence de, au dessus, plusque, auparavant. BEFORE-HAND, adv. d'avance, en avance. BEFORE-TIME, adv. autrefois, jadis. BEFOUL, v. a. salir, gâter, souiller. BEFRIEND, v.a. favoriser, traiter en ami. BEFRINGE, r. a. orner or garnir de franges. BEG, v. a. & n. demander avec soumission. mendier, quèter, prier, supposer.

BEGET, v. a. engendrer, produire, causer.

BEGETTER, s. celui qui engendre, père, m. BEGGAR, s. mendiant, m. gueux, m.
BEGGAR, r. a. appauvrir, riduire à la besace.
BEGGARLINESS, s. mendicité, f. pauvreté.
BEGGARLY, adi, pauvre, indigent, gueux.
BEGGARLY, adv. pauvrement, misérablement. BEGGARY, s. pauvreté, f. mendicité, f. mi-BEGGINGLY, adv. en mendiant. [sère, f. BEGIN, v. a. commencer, naître, débuter. Begin house-keeping, v. a. lever menage. BEGIN THE WORLD, v. a. entrer dans le monde. BEGIN AGAIN, v. a. and n. recommencer. BEGINNER, s. premier auteur, commençant. BEGINNING, s. commencement, d. origine, f. BEGIRT, v. a. ceindre, enfermer, environner. BEGNAW, v. a. mordre, ronger, détruire.
BEGNAW, v. a. mordre, ronger, détruire.
BEGONE, interj. loin d'ici, va, va-t-en.
BEGOT, and BEGOTTEN, part. adj. engendre.
BEGREASE, v. a. graisses, frotter de graisse.
BEGREASE, v. a. praisses, frotter de graisse. BEGRIME, v. a. noircir avec de la suie. BEGUILE, v. a. tromper, décevoir, duper. BEGUILER, s. trompeur, m. imposteur, m. BEHAVE, s. faveur, f. consideration, f. BEHAVE, v. a. conduire, agir, se comporter. BEHAVIOUR, s. conduite, f. mœurs, f. mine, f. extérieur, m. air, m. BEHELD, v. a. décapiter, trancher la tête. BEHELD, part. adj. regardé, contemplé. BEHEST, s. ordre, m. commandement, m. BEHIND, prep. and adv. derrière, par der-BEHIND-HAND, adv. en arrière. frière. BEHOLD, v. a. regarder, contempler. BEHOLD, interj. voici, voilà, tenez, voyez. BEHOLDEN, part. adj. oblige, redevable. BEHOLDER, s. spectateur, m. observateur, m. BEHOOF, s. avantage, m. utilité, f. BEHOOVE, v. n. être utile, avantegeux.
BEING, s. être, m. existence, f. état particulier, place, f. demeure, f. BELABOUR, v. a. battre, rosser, étriller. BELACE, r. a. amarrer, attacher. BELACED, adj. galonné, chamarré. BELAGGED, adj. qui est demeuré derrière. BELATED, part. adj. anuité, surpris par la nuit. BELLAY, v. a. lier, dresser des embuches. BELCH, v. a. vomir, répandre. Beich, s. rot, m. vent sorti de l'estomac. BELCHER, s. qui rote, qui vonit, roteur.
BELDAM, s. une vieille, vieille sorcière.
BELFACUER, v. a. assièger, attaquer, pressen
BELL-FLOWER, or BLUE-BELL, s. campa nelle, f. BELFRY, s. beffree m. tour. f. clocher, m.

BELIE, v. a. contrefaire, calonnier. BELIEF, s. foi, f. croyance, f. sentiment, m. BELIEVABLE, adj. croyable. Believe, r. a. croire, ajouter foi à, penser. BELIEVER, s. qui croit, croyant, m. BELIEVIKGLY, adv. avec foi, sincèrement. BELIKE, adr. selon toutes les apparences Bell, s. clocke, f. calice d'une deur. Aring of bells, la sonnerie. A claime of bells, un carillon. A little bell, une sonnette, une clochette. BELL-BIT, s. mors de bride fait en cloche, m. BELL-CLAPPER, s. battant de cloche, m Bell-Pear, (gourd) poire de serteau, f. Bell-Man, s. réveil-matin, m. BELL-FOUNDER, s. fondeur de cloches, m. BELL, v. a. fleurer en forme de cloche. Belles-Lettres, s. pl. belles lettres, f. la littérature. BELLIGERENT, adj. belligerant, en guerre. BELLIFEROUS, adj. qui cause la guerre. Belligerate, v. n. faire la guerre. BELLIGEROUS, adj. qui fait la guorre. BELLOW, v. a. beugler, meugler, mugir. BELLOWS, s. soufflet à souffler le seu, m. BELLUINE, adj. bestial, brutal. BELLY. s. venire, m. panse, f. BELLY-ACHE, s. mal de venire, colique, f. BELLY-BAND, s. ventrière de cheval, f. BELLY-FULL, s. Tassasiement, m. a hate, la table d'un luth. [hors. BELLY, v. n. devenir ventru, pousser cu de-BELLY-BOURD, adj. constipé, resserré. BELLY-PINCHED, adj. effamé. BELLY-ROLL, s. rouleau or cylindre, m. BELLY-WORM, s. ver solitaire. BELOCK, v. a. fermer à la clef. [cerner. Below, v. n. appartenir, regarder, con-Beloweine, adj. apparteniat, dépendant. Belowed, adj. aime, bien-aimé, favori. Below, adv. en bas, là-bas, ci dessous. BELOW, prep. au dessous de. BELOWT, v. a. injurier, outrager. BELSWAGGER, s. rodomont, m. fanfaron, m. BELT, s. ceinturon, m. baudrier, m. BENAD, r. a. rendre fou, dementer. BEMOAN, v. a. embourber, crotter. BEMOAN, v. a. plaindre, déplorer. BENOANER, s. qui se plaint, affligé, m. BENCH, s. banc, m. etabli, siège. BENCH, v. a. mettre sur un banc; mettre des BENCHER, s. assesseur, m. [bancs. BEND, s. courbure, f. bande, f. BEND, v. a. bander, tendre, plier, courber, forcer, fermer, diriger, fixer, attacher. BEND-BACK, v. a. & n. courber, se recourber. Bend-forward, v. n. s'accroupir. BENDABLE, adj. pliable, souple.
BENDER, s. celui qui bande, tendon.
BENDING, s. courbure, f. pli, m. BENDING, adj. penchani, qui va en pente. BENDLET, s. petite bande, bandelette. BENDUTTI, s. (a sort of plant) viorne, f. BENEATH. prep. sous, dessous, au dessous. BENEATH, adv. en bas, au-dessous. BENEDICTION, s. benediction, f. DENERACTION, s. benediction, f. (veur, f. BENEFACTION, s. bienfait, m. grace, f. fa-BENEFACTOR , biometican BENEFACTOR, s. bienfaiteur, m. patron, m. Benefactress, s. bienfaitrice, f. Benefice, m. avantage BENEFICED, adl. qui a un bénéfice

BENEFICENCE, s. bienfaisance, f. générosité. BENEFICIAL, adj. bienfaisant, généreux. BENEFICIAL, adj. avantageux, profiteble. BENEFICIALIX, adv. avairageus, pronteins. BENEFICIALIX, adv. avairageusement. BENEFICIALNESS, s. utilité, f. profit, ss. BENEFICIARY, s. bénéficier, ss. adj. dépes dant Benefit, s. bienfait, m. grace, f. faveur, f. bonté, f. profit, m. avantage, m.
Benefit, v. a. & n. favoriser, v. n. profiter. BENET, v. a. prendre au filet, attraper. BENEVOLENCE, s. bienveillance, f. affections.
BENEVOLENT, adj. bienveillant, affectionse.
BENJANIN, s. benjoin, rt. lait virginal. Benight, v. a. couvrir de ténèbres. BENIGHTED, part. adj. anuité, surpris par la BENIGHTED, part. adj. anuité, surpris par la BENIGHTED, bénin, doux, généreux. BENIGHTE, adv. béniguité, f. douceur, f. BENIGHTE, adv. beniguement, favorablement. BENT, part. adj. bandé, attaché. BENT, s. pli, m. penchant, m. tendance, f BENUMB, v. a. engourdir, stupesier. BENUMBINGNESS, s. engourdissement, m Benzoin, s. benjoin, m. substance resineuse. BEPAINT, r. a. peindre, colorer. Верінси, v. a. pincer, marquer en pincant. BEPISS, v. a. pisser sur, tremper d'urinc. BEQUEATH, v. a. léguer, laisser par testament BERAY, r. a. embrener, souiller, salir. BEREAVE, v. a. priver, dépouiller. BERGAMOT, s. bergamote, f. BERMYME, v. a. célébrer en mauvais vers. BERRY, s. grain, m. graine, f. baie, f. BERRY, v. n. produire de la graine BERTON, s. une métairie, une ferme. BESCREEN, v. a. couvrir, cacher. BESEECH, r. a. prier, supplier, demander. BESEEM, v. s. convenir, être bienséaut. BESET, r. a. assieger, environner, obseder. BESHREW THY HEART, malheur à toi! Beside, and Besides, prep. à côté, près, auprès, au-dessus, outre, excepté; hers de; adr. d'ailleurs, de plus, en outre, d'un autre cůté. Besiege, v. a. assiger. [siège, s BESIEGER, s. assiegeant, m. celui qui au BESMEAR, v. a. tacaer, salir, barbouiller. BESMEARER, s. un barbouilleur. Besmoke, v. a. ensumer, noircir avec de la BESMUT, v. a. noircir avec de la suie. Resom, s. balai, m. BESOT, v. a. accaguarder, abrutir. BESOUGHT, part. adj. supplié, prié. [lettes. BESPANGLE, v. a. orner de brillant, de pail-BESPATTER, v. a. éclabousser, crotter, diffamer. BESPAWL, v. a. couvrir de crachats. BESPEAK, v. a. commander, demander d'avance, retenir, prévenir, gagner. BESPECKLE, v. a. tacheter, marqueter. BESPEW, v. a. vomir sur. BESPICE, v. a. épicer, assaisoner d'épices. BESPIT, v. a. cracher sur, couvrir de crache BESPOKE, BESPOKER, part. adj. commande retenu, prévenu. BESPOT, v. a. tacher, salir, gâter. BESPREAD, v. a. couvrir de, tendre, étendre. BESPRINKLE, v. a. arroser, repandre. BESSE, or BESSE-FISH, s. un loup marin. BEST, adj. meilleur, le meilleur, le mieux. BEST, adv. mieux, le mieux, plus à propos BESTEAD, v. a. favoriser, servir, accommode BESTIAL, udj. bestial, brutal, animal. BESTIALITY, s. bestialité, f. brutalité.

OTEALLY, adv. en bête, brutalement. BESTICE, v. a. percer de traits. fteur. BESTIFE, v. a. empuantir, remplir de puan-BESTER, v. recip. se mettre en action. BESTOW, v. 4. donner, faire présent, accorder, coaférer, donner, employer. [m. BESTOWER, s. celui qui donne, qui dépense, BESTREW, v. a. arroser, repandre. BESTRIDE A HORSE, v. a. monter un cheval. BESTUD, v. a. orner, garnir de clous. BET, s. pari, m. gageure, f. enjeu, m. BETAKE, v. a. s'adonner, avoir recours à.
BETHIBE, v. a. s'adonner, avoir recours à.
BETHIBE, v. recip. s'aviser, considérer, pen-BETHRAL, v. a. asservir, subjuguer. BETIDE, v. n. arriver, survenir. BETIMES, adv. à propos, de bonne heure. BETOKEN, c. a. signifier, marquer, presager. BETONT, s. bétoine, f. (sorte de plante.) BETOSS, r. a. agiter, troubler, remuer. BETRAY, v. a. trahir, livrer, révéler. BETRAYER. s. un traitre, celui qui trahit, m. REFROTH, v. a. promettre, fiancer. CHTROTHING ... Sançailles pl. f. accordailles, BETTER, v. a. confier, déposer. BETTER, adj. meilleur; adv. mieux, plus BETTER, s. supériorité, f avantage, m. Our betters, s. pl. nos supérieurs, m. BETTER, v. a. améliorer, amender, avancer. BETTOR, s. parieur, m. gageur, m. BETWEEN and BETWIXT, prep. entre. BEVEL OF BEVIL, s. equerre de maçon, f. BEVEL, adj. qui est biais, ensoncé. BEVEL. v. a. couper à angle aigu. BEVER, s. gouté, m. collation, f.
BEVERAGE, s. breuvage, m. hoisson, f.
BEVY, s. compagnie, f. troupe, f. volce, f.
BEVY-SERASE, s. de la graisse de chévreuil, f.
BEWAILE, v. a. plaindre, déplorer, regretter.
BEWAILE, s. c. plainte, f. lamentation, f. BEWARE, v. n. se garder, prendre garde. Bawilder, v. a. egarer, embarrasser. [ter. BRWITCH, r. a. ensorceler, charmer, enchau-BEWITCHERY, s. ensorcellement, m. BEWITCHING, s. enchantement, m. BEWITCHING, adj. enchauteur, séducteur. Brwkay, v. s. trahir, décèler, divulguer. Bry, s. le bey, gouverneur. BETOND, prep. au dessus, au delà, delà, outre. BEZANTLER, s. second andouiller. BEZEL, s. chaton d'une bague, m. BEZOAR, s. bezoar, m. pierre animalo, f. BRENLE, v. n. gargotter, chopiner, ivrogner.
BRANOUBATED, adj. qui a deux angles.
BRAN, s. fort, m. force, f. pente, f. penchaut,
m. inclination, f. objet, m. but, m. BIAS, adb. de biais, de travers. Bias, v. a. pencher, incliner, porter à. Bis, s. bavette, f. un tablier à bavette. Bis, v. a. siroter, boire souvent. Bibactous, adj. buveur, ivrogne. BIBBER, s. un biberou, un buveur. BIBLE, s. bible, f. la sainte écriture. BIBLIOGRAPHER, s. bibliographe, m. copiste, BIBLIOTHECAL, udj. de bibliothèque. BIBULOUS, adj. spongieux, poreux. BIGANE, s. raisin sauvage, m. BICIPITAL, adj. qui a deux têtes. BICERR, v. a. disputer, contester, quereller. BICKERER. s. disputeur, m. querelleur, m. BICKERING, s. dispute. f. querelle, f. contes-BID, mf commandé, ordonné. [tation, f. Bip, v. a. de namer, inviter, commander, ordonner, di. e, offrir, proposer, souhaiter.

RIDDER, s. enchérisseur, m. offrant, se. BIDDING, s. commandement, m. ordre, BIDENTAL, adj. qui a deux dents.

BIENNIAL, adj. de deux ans, qui dure de BIER, s. bière, f. cercueil, m.
BIFARIOUS, adj. en deux manières, f.
BIFEROUS, adj. qui porte deux fois l'amée. BIFID, BIFIDATED, adj. fendu en deux. Bifolin, adj. double, en deux manières. BIFOROUS, adj. qui a deux postes
BIFURCATED, adj. fourchu.
BIG, adj. gros, plein, épais. haut, brave, fier. A big man, un gros homme. A woman big with child, une femme grosse. Big words, paroles grossières, fanfaronades. BIGAMIST, s. bigame, m. BIGAMY, s. bigamie, f. BIG-BELLIED, adj. ventra, enceinte (en parlant d'une femme.) lant d'une temne.)
Big-Bodled, adj. gros, gras, replet, ventre.
Biggir, s. bèguin, m. coeffe d'enfant.
Biglir, adv. haut, férennent, avec arrogance.
Bignapped. adj. à gros grain.
Bignapped. adj. à gros grain.
Bigot, adj. bigot, faux superstitieux.
Bigotism, or Bigotiry s. bigotirie f.
Bignapper. mat. adj. devenu bigot. fort sélé. BIGOTTED, part. adj. devenu bigot, fort zelle. BILEERRY, s. mure de ronce, f. [matelota. BILEOES, s. pl. les fers, m. pl. chatanest des BILE, s. bile, f. froncle, colère. [cher. BILLE, v. n. toucher, se briser contre un re-BILLARY, adf. biliaire, de la bile. BILINGSGATE, s. paroles sales, f.des halles. BILINGUOUS, adj. qui parle deux langues.
BILIOUS, adj. bileux, colère, facheux.
BILL, a. a. tromper, frustrer, ne point payer.
BILL, s. bec, m. hallebarde, f. billet, écritean, affiche, une obligation, une promes or cedule, un bill, or projet d'acte. Bill exchange, une lettre de change. Bill of mortality, haie des morts. Bill of lading, connoissement, lettre de cargaisen BILL, r. w. s'entre-baiser comme font les pt-BILLET, s. billet, m. hingot, m. [geons. BILLET, v. a. domer un billet de logement.
BILLIARUS, s. pl. billard, m. Billiard-ball, BILLIARD-STICK, s. masse, f. queue, f. BILLOW, s. vague, f. flot, m. lame de mer, f. BILLOW, v. n. s'enfier comme les vagues. BIR, s. reduit, m. office, m. dépense, f. BINARY, adj. binaire, double BIND, s. espèce de houblon, f. tige, f. BIND, v. a. lier, attacher, serrer, obliger, engager, arrêter, border; v. n. resserrer, constiper, être obligatoire.
BINDER, s. un relieur, m. Binding, s. liaison, f. reliure, f. bandage, m. BINDING, adj. obligatoire, astringent. BINDWEED, s. liseron, er liset, m Binocle, s. binocle, m. sorte de télescope. BINOCULAR, adj. qui a deux yeux. . BIOGRAPHER, s. un biographe. BIOGRAPHY, s. biographie, f. BIPARTITE, adj. divise en deux. BIPARTITION, s. l'action de diviser en deux BIPED, s. bipède, m. animal à deux pieds. BIPEDAL, adj. qui a deux pieds. BIPENNATED, adj. qui a deux ailes. Birch, s. (a tree) houleau, f. BIRCHEN, adj. de bouleau. Bird, s. oiseau, m.; v. n. chasser aux oiseaux. BIRD-CAGE, s. cage, f. volière, f. BIRD-CALL, s. appeau sa. pipeau, sa.

BIRD-CATCHER s. oiseleur, pipeur, m BIRD-LIME, s. glu, f. poix, f. BIRDS-EYE, s. (a plant) ceil d'oiseau, f. BIRDS-FOOT, s. pied d'oiseau, m. BIRDS-NEST, s. (an herb) nid d'oiseau, m. BIRDS-TONGUE, s. (an herb) langue d'oiseau BIRGAPPER, s. oie sauvage, f. BIRT, s. espèce de turbot. BIRTH, s. naissance, f. nativité, f. extrac-tion, f. couche, f. portée, f. source, f. com-mencement, m. parage, m. Untimely birth, avortement, fausse conche. The after-birth, l'arriere faix. BIRTH-DAY, s. jour de naissance, m. BIRTH-PLACE, s. lieu de la naissance, m. BIRTH-RIGHT, s. droit d'ainesse, m. BIRTH-WORT, s. aristoloche, f. sorte d'herbe. BISCUIT, s. biscuit. m. massepain, m. BISECT, v. a. couper en deux. BISECT, v. a. couper en deux.

BISECTION, s. division en deux parties, f.

BISHOP, s. évêque, m. prêlat, m. Bishop at chess, un fou, au jeu des échecs.

BISHOPRICK, s. évêché, m.

BISHOPS-WORT, s. (an herb) poivrette, f.

BISK or BISQUE, s. bisque, f. BISMUTH, s. bismuth, m. (sorte de minéral.) BISSEXTILE, s. bissexte, m. : adj. bissextile. BISTRE, s. bistre, f. suie détrempée. Bir, s. morceau, m. pièce, f. mors, m. frein, m BIT, v. a. emboucher. BITCH, s. chienne, f. femelle, carogue, f. BITE, s. morsure, f. bouchée, f. amorce, f. BITE, s. m. a. mordre, piquer, blesser, duper. Bite of, emporter la pièce en mordant. BITER, s. qui mord, trompeur, m BITING, s. morsure, f. piqure, f. &c.
BITING, sulf. mordant, piquant.
BITINGIN, adv. d'une manière piquante, saBITINGIN, adv. d'une manière piquante, saBITINGIN, bittes, f. (terme de marine.)
BITTACLE, s. habitacle, m. terme de marine. BITTER. adj. amer, mordant, piquant, choquant, cruel, rude, facheux, mochant.

BITTER. v. a. bitter le cable. BITTERLY, adv. amerement, aigrement. BITTERN, or BITTOUR, s. butor, m. BITTERNESS, s. amertume, f. aigreur. f. BITTERVETCH, s. crs, m. or vesce noire BITTERWORT, s. gentiane, f. (sorte d'herbe.) BITUMEN, s. bitume, m. BITUMINOUS, adj. bitumineux. BLAB, r. a. divulger, bavarder. BLAB, and BLABBER, s. bavard, m. BLABBER-LIPPED, adj. lippu. BLABBER-LIPS, s. grosses levres.
BLACK, adj. noir, obscur, sombre, atroce, mechant, infame, fatal, malheureux. and blue, meurtri de coups, livide. BLACK AND BLUE, s. meurtrissure. f. BLACK, s. noir, m. deuil, un noir, un nègre. BLACKAMOOR, s. un more, un nègre. BLACK-CATTLE, s. gros bétail, vaches, f. BLACKEN, v. a. & n. noircir, rendre noir. BLACKING, s. (black for shoes) noir, m. BLACK-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux noirs. BLACK-FACED, adj. noiraud, qui a le teint brun. BLACK-GUARD, adj. goujat, m. BLACKISH, adj. Loiratre, tirant sur le noir. BLACKNESS, s. noirceur, f. BLACKSMITH, s. forgeron, m. serrurier, m. BLADDER, s. vessie, f. BLADE, s. feuille, f. tise, f tuyau, m lame.

The shoulder-blade, or blade-bone, Yomo piate, f. The breast-blade, le sternum. A cumning blade, un fin merle. A stout blade un vaillant champion. BLAIN, 4. pustule, f. froncle, m.
BLAMABLE, adv. blamable, digne de blame BLAMABLENESS, s. faute, f. transgression, f. BLAMABLY, adv. d'une manière blamable. BLAME, s. blame, m. faute, f. offense, f. BLANE, v. a. blamer, censurer, condamner. BLAMEFUL, adj. blâmable, digne de blâme. sible. BLAMELESSLY, adv. sans reproche. BLAMELESS, adj. irréprochable, irréprehen-BLAMELESSNESS, s. innocence, f. BLAMER, s. censeur, m. critique, m. BLANCH, v. a. blanchir, peler, biaiser, éludes. BLANCHER, s. blanchisseur, m. recuiteur, m. BLAND, adj. doux, aimable, affable. BLANDISH, v. a. adoucir, flatter, caresser. BLANDISHMENT, s. caresse, f. BLANK, adj. blanc, pale, confus. Blank verse, vers non rimes. BLAKE, s. un blanc ; but, flan, billet blane; v. a. confondre, effacer, abolir BLANKET. s. couverture de lit, BLARE, v. n. mugir, meugler, fondre. BLASPHEME, v. a. & n. blasphemer. BLASPHEMER, s. blasphémateur, m. BLASPHEMOUS, adj. blasphématoire, impie. BLASPHEMOUSLY, adv. avec blasphème. BLASPHEMY, s. blasphème, m. BLAST, s. bouffee, f. souffle, brouse, f. nielle, BLAST, s. bouffee, f. souffle, brouse, f. nielle, BLAST, r. a. brouir, brüler; ruiner. [lure, m. BLAZE, s. flanme, f. bruit, m. rapport, m. BLAZE, v. n. jeter des flammes, divulguer. BLAZER, s. celui qui fait courir des bruits. BLAZING, adj. brillant, étincelant. BLAZON, s. blason, m. la science des armoiries. BLAZON, r. a. blasonner, dépeindre. BLEACH, v. a. blauchir à l'air. BLEACHER, s. blanchisseur, m. BLEACHING, s. blanchiment, m. blanchissage, BLEAK, or BLEAKY, alj. pâle, blême. BLEAKNESS, s. froid, m. froidure. f. BLEAR, adj. obscur, trouble, offusque. BLEAR, v. a. obscurcir, offusquer, troubler. BLEAREDNESS, s. chassie, f. BLEAR-EYED, adj. chassieux. BLEAT, v. n. beler, crier comme les brebis. BLEATING, s. l'action de béler, bélement, m. BLEB, s. ampoule, f. vessie, f. [du sang. BLEED, v. a. & n. saigner, perdre or tires BLEEDER, s. saigneur, m. phlebotomiste, sa. BLEEDING, saignement, m. saignée, f. BLEEDING, adj. saignant, qui saigne. BLEMISH, s. tache, f. défaut, m. BLEWISH, v. a. tacher, souiller, ternir. Blencu, v. a. empêcher, arrêter. BLESD, v. a. meler, melanger, confondre. BLESS, v. a. benir, louer. [Misericon BLESS, v. a. benir, louer. [Miséricorde' BLESS ME! interj. Bon Dieu! Juste ciel! BLESSED, purt. adj. beni, benit, divin, saint. BLESSED, s. pl. les bienheureux. BLESSEDLY, adr. heureusement. [saintete, f. BLESSENG, s. celui qui bénit, m. Édicité, f. BLESSENG, s. brouée, f. brune. f. nonbeur, m. BLESSING, s. brouée, f. brune. f. nielle, f. BLIGHT, s. brouëe, f. brune. f. nielle, f. BLIGHT, r. a. brouër, rendre stérile, gâter. BLIND, adj. aveugle, obscur, faux. blind, qui a la vue courte. BLIND, s. voile, m. masque, m. faux prétexte, m. jalousie, f. treillis, m.

BLIND, v. a. aveugler, chlouir, obscureir.
BLINDFOLD, v. a. bander les yeux.
BLINDFOLD, adj. qui a un voile sur les yeux. BLINDLY, adv. aveuglement, sans examen. BLINDMAN'S-BUFF, s. cligne-musette, f. BLINDNESS, s. aveuglement, m. BLIND-NETTLE, s. scropulaire, BLIND-SIDE, s. côté foible, le foible. BLIND-WORM, s. petit serpent nomme l'aveu-BLINK, v. n. faire les petits yeux, clignoter. BLINKARD, s. qui clignote, qui a la vue foible. BLINKING, adj. qui cligne les yeux; qui ne voit guère; qui n'éclaire guère. Bl.188, s. bonheur, m. félicité, f. BLISSFUL, adj. heureux, bienheureux. BLISSFULLY, adv. heureusement. BLISSFULNESS, s. félicité, f. [vésicatoire, m. BLISTER, s. pustule, f. ampoule, f. vessie, f. BLISTER, v. a. appliquer les vésicatoires; v. n. s'élever, se former en vessies. BLISTERED, part. adj. couvert de pustules. BLISTERING-HEAT. inflammation avec pustules BLISTERING-PLASTER, s. vésicatoire, m. BLITERING-PLASTER, s. Vesicaiore, m.
BLIT, or BLITS, s. (an horb) blette, f.
BLITHE, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoue.
BLITHLY, adr. gaiment, joyeusement.
BLITHSOME, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. allégresse, f.
BLITHSOME, adj. enjoue, gai, joyeux.
BLOAT, r. a. & n. enfler, s'enfler. BLOATEDNESS, s. enflure, f. bouffissure, f. BLOBBERLIPPED, adj. qui a de grosses lèvres. BLOCK, s. bloc, m. billot, m. tête de bois, un esprit lourd, obstacle, m. empechement, poulie, f. cap de mouton, m. Problock, s. encrier d'imprimerie, m. Printer's ink-BLOCK, v. a. bloquer, environner, enfermer. BLOCKADE, s. blocus, m. siège. BLOCKADE, r. a. faire un blocus autour d'une BLOCK-HEAD, s. un lourdaud, un stupide. BLOCK-HOUSE, s. fort, forteresse, f. BLOCKISH, adj. stupide, lourd, grossier. BLOCKISHLY, adv. stupidement, betement. BLOCKISHNESS, s. stupidité, f. sottise, f. BLOOD, s. sang, m. race, f. famille, f. To let one blood, saigner quelqu'un. To be iet blood, être saigne. Cold blood, sang froid, presence d'esprit. BLOOD, v. a. ensanglanter, couvrir de sang. BLOOD-HOUND, s. limier, m. BLOODILY, adv. d'une manière sanglante. BLOODLESS, adj. qui n'a point de sang; nonsanglant, sans effusion de sang. BLOOD-LETTER, s. phlébotomiste, m. saigneur, BLOOD-LETTING, s. saignée, f. BLOOD-RED, adj. d'un rouge de sang. BLOOD-SHED, s. meurtre, m. effusion de saug, BLOOD-SHEDDER, s. meurtrier, m. [guin. BLOOD-SHOT, adj. rouge, plein de sang, san-BLOOD-STONE, s. sanguine, f. BLOOD-SUCKER, s. sangsue, f. [aire. BLOOD-THIRSTY, adj. aliere de sang, sanguin-BLOOD-WORT, s. sanguinaire, f. BLOODY, alj. sanglant, ensanglant, sanguin-BLOODY-FLUX, s. flux de sang, m. BLOODY-MINDED, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. BLOOM, s. fleur des attres, f.; v. n. fleurir. BLOOMY, adj. fleuri, rempli de fleurs. BLOSOM, s. fleur des arbres. BLOSSOM, v.n. pousser des fleurs, être en fleur. BLOT, s. rature, f. tache, f. flétrissure, f. BLOT, (at backgammon) dame non couverte. BLOT, v. a. & n. tacher, ternir, faire des taches. Blot out, effacer, raturer, rayer.

This paper blots, ce papier boit. BLOTCH, s. pustule, f. tache sur la peau, f. BLOTE, v. a. secher à la fumée, se pouffir. BLOTTING-PAPER, s. papier brouillard, m. BLOW, s. coup, malheur, epanouissement des fleurs, m. fleur, f. piqure de mouche. BLow, v. n. souffler, s'ouvrir, s'épanouir, fleurir; blow over, passer sans effet, se dis siper; blow away, écarter, emporter en soufflant; blow down, abattre, renverser en soufflant; blow out, éteindre en soufflant souffler; blow up, faire sauter, élever en l'air, exciter; blow upon, décrier, décréditer; hiow in, faire entrer en soufflant blow off, dissiper en soufflant. It blows, v. imp. il vente, il fait du vent. BLOWER, s. souffleur, f. qui souffle, &c.
BLOWING, adj. orageux, fleurissant. [rouge.
BLOWZE, s. une fille joufflue et à trogne BLOWZY, adj. brûle par le soleil. BLUBBER, s. graisse ou huile de baleine. BLUBBER, v. n. s'ensier les joues à force de pleurer. BLUDGEON, s. bâton court pour se battre, m.
BLUE, ady. bleu; s. bleu, m. BLUE, v. n. rendre bleu, teindre en bleu. BLUE-BOTTLE, 8. bluet, m. barbeau, m. BLUE-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux bleus, BLUENESS, s. couleur bleue, le bleu. BLUFF, adj. fier, arrogant, insolent. BLUISH, adj. bleustre, tirant sur le bleu. BLUISHNESS, s. bleu foible, m. bleu pale, m. BLUNDER, s. faute, f. méprise, f.
BLUNDER, r. n. se méprendre, se tromper, confondre; blunder out, dire sans y penser. BLUNDERBUSS, s. gros mousqueton. BLUNDERER, or BLUNDER-HEAD, s. stupide, m. ctourdi, m. sot, m. lourdaud, m. BLUNT, adj. émoussé, obtus, grossier. BLUNT, v. a. émousser, réprimer, adoucir. BLUNTLY, adv. sans pointe, grossièrement. BLUNTNESS, s. grossièreté, f. brusquerie, f. BLUNTWITTED, adj. stupide. [flètrissure, f. BLUR, s. tache, f. rature, f. paté d'encre, m. BLUR, v. a. tacher, raturer, ternir, flétrir. BLURT OUT, v. a. dire étourdiment, sans y BLUSH, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m. [penser, BLUSH, v. n. rougir par pudeur or de honte. BLUSHY, adj. rouge de honte BLUSTER, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. tapage, m. BLUSTER, v n. faire grand 'ruit. BLUSTERER, s. tapageur, m. tanfaren. m. BLUSTERING, adj. bruyant, violent. BLUSTEROUS, adj. bruyant, remuant. Boar, s. verrot, m. cochon male. A sorta boar, un sanglier. A young wild boar, un marcassin, m. BOARD, s. ais, m. plenche, f. table, f. con-seil, m. assemblee, f. cour de jurisdiction, f. pension alimentaire, f. bord, m. navire, m. A chess-board, une cchiquier. A falling-board, une trape. A side-board, buffet, m. board, une trape. BOARD, v. a. planchéyer, aborder. BOARD, v. n. êtte or vivre en pension. BOARDER, s. pensionnaire, m. & f. BOARDING, s. abordage, m. (d'un vaisseau.) BOARDING, s. abordage, m. (u un vaisseau.)
BOARDING-HOUSE, s. pension, f.
BOARDING-SCHOOL, s. école où l'on prend
des pensionnaires, f. pensionnal, m.
BOARISH, adj. de sanglier, grossier, brutal.
BOAST, r. a. vanter, faire parade de . . . BOAST IN, or OF, v. n. se vanter, se glorifier de Boas ren, e. qui se vante, faufaron, m.

BOASTFUL, adj. vain, glorieux, orgueilleux. BOASTINGLY, adv. par ostentation BOAT, s. bateau. m. barque, f. chaloupe. Passage-hoat, paquet-bot, paque-bot, Fly-boat, flibot, m. Ferry-boat, un bac. Adrice-boat, patache d'avis, f. BOATMAN OF BOATS-MAN, s. un batelier. BOAT-STAFF, s. croc, m. perche de batelier, BOATSWAIN, s. bosseman, m. contre-maître. BoB, s. pendant d'orcille, m. refrain, m. sarcasme, pointe, f. perruque ronde.

Bob-Tail, s. la pointe d'une fièche; adj. écourté. Bon, v. n. frapper, pendre, vaciller. Bobbin, s. bobine, f. fuseau à dentelle, m. BoB-wig, s. perruque courte, perruque d'ab-BOCCASINE, s. bougran fin. BOCKLAND, s. terres inaliénables. BODE, v. a. & n. prognostiquer, présager. BODICE, s. corset de femme, m BODIED, part. adj. corpulent, fort.
BODILY, adj. corporel; adr. corporellement. BODKIN, s. poincon, m. aiguille de tête, f. fer à friser, m. une pointe d'imprimeur. Body, s. corps, m. matière, f. substance, f. personne. f. homme, m. société, f. collection d'hommes or de choses, f. recueil, m. nef (d'une église;) tronc (d'un arbre) réalité, f. force, BODY, v. a. produire or donner une forme. Bog, s. marais, m. marécage, m. BOG-TROTTER, s. coureur de marais, m. BOGGLE, v. n. reculer, hesiter, balancer. BOGGLER, s. un homme timide, irrésolu. Boggy, adj. marecageux. BOG-HOUSE, s. les lieux, m. pl.; le privé, f. BOHEA, s. thé bou, m. or thé noir. BOIL, s. ulcère, m. froncle, m. clou. Boil, v. n. & a. bouillir, faire bouillir. anoay, diminuer à force de bouillir. over, se répandre à force de bouillir. BOILARY, s. saline, f. [bouilloire, f. BOILER, s. fourneau de cuisine, chaudron, m. BOISTEROUS, adj. violent, impétueux. BOISTEROUSLY, adv. avec impétuosité, BOISTEROUSKESS, s. violence, f. impetuosi-BOLD, adj. hardi, entreprenant. To make bold, or to be bold, prendre la liberté, oser, avoir la hardiesse. BOLDEN, v. a. enhardir, encourager, oser. BOLDLY, adv. hardiment, librement. BOLDNESS, hardiesse, f. courage, m. BOLE, s. tronc d'arbre, m. tige, f. bol, m. BOLL, s. tige, f.; v. n. s'élever en tige.
BOLSTER, s. traversin de lit, m. chevet, m. BOLSTER, s. traversin de ilt, m. chevet, m. batte de selle, f. compresse, f.
BOLSTER, v. a. soutenir avec un traversin.
BOLT, s. javelot, m. trait, m. flèche, f. verrou, m. fers, m. pl. liens de fer, m. pl.
BOLT, v. a. verrouiller, bluter, sasser.
BOLT out, v. a. sortir, faire sortir subitement. BOLT IN, v. n. entrer subitement. BOLTER, s. bluteau, m. passoir, m. tamis, m. BOLTHEAD, s. matras, m. bouteille à distiller. BOLTING-HOUSE, s. bluterie. f. BOLT-ROPE, s. corde qui attache la voile, f. BOLTSPRIT, or BOWSPRIT, s. beaupre, m. BOLUS, s. bol, m. bolus, m. pillule, f. BOMB, s. bombe, f. vacarme, m. bruit, m. BOMB-KETCH, s. galiote à bombes, f. BOMBARD, v. a. bombarder, battre avec des BOMBARDIER, s. bombardier, m

BOMBARDMENT, s. bombardement, m. Bombasin, s. bombasin, m. sorte d'etoffe. BOMBAST, s galimatias, m. phébus, m. BOMBAST, adj. ampoulé et vide de sens. BOND, s. lien, m. obligation, f. promesse, BOND, adj. esclave, captif. [billet, n BONDAGE, s. servitude, f. emprisonnement, m. BOND-MAN, s. un esclave, un serf. BOND-SERVICE, s. esclavage, m. servitude, BOND-SLAVE, s. esclave, m. captif. BONE, s. os, m. arête, fuseau, des, m. BONE, v. a. desosser, dissequer. BONE-LACE, s. dentelle faite au fuseau, f. Boneless, adj. qui n'a point d'os. BONE-SETTER, s. chicurgien qui remet les or disloqués, m. BONESPAVIN, s. éparvin, m.
BONFIRE, s. seu de joie, m.
BONNET, s. bonnet, m. calote, f. bonnette, f. Bonny, adj. gentil, joyeux, gai, agreable. Bony, adj. oseeux, plein d'os. BOOBY, s. sot, m. stupide, m. nigaud, m. BOOK, s. livre, m. A paper book, un livre en blanc. A day-book, un journal. BOOK, v. a. coucher par ecrit, enregistrer. BOOK-BINDER, s. un relieur. BOOKISH, adj. studicux, pédant. BOOKISHNESS, s. application, outrée à l'étude. BOOK-KEEPER, s. teneur de livres, m BOOK-KEEPING, s. l'art de tenir les livres. BOOK-MAN, s. homme d'étude. m BOOK-MATE, s. compagnon d'étude, m. Book-seller, s. libraire, m. marchand de livres. BOOK-SELLING, or BOOK-TRADE, s. librairie Book-worm, s. attaché à ses études. Boom, s. mât de navire, m. barre d'un port, Boon, v. n. porter toutes ses voiles Boon, s. grace, f. faveur, f. bienfait, m. Boon, adj. bon, gai, enjoué, joy eux. Boor, s. un paysan, un villageuis, un rustre Boorish, adj. rustique, grossier. Boorishness. s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. Boose, s. etable à vaches, f. Boosy, adj. qui est en pointe de vin. Boot, v. a. servir, faire du bien. Boot, s. profit, m. gain, m. ivantage, m. botte, f. To loot, de retour, par dessus le marché. Boot of a coach, le coffre d'un carrosse. To boot, v. n. mettre des bottes, se botter. Bootes, s. le bouvier, le gardien de l'ourse. BOOTH, s. cabane, f. loge, f. BOOT-HOSE, s. guètres, f. pl. BOOTLESS, adj. inutile, vain. BOOT-STRAP, s. tirant de botte, m. BOOT-TREE, s. embouchoir de botte, m. BOOTY, s. proie, f. butin, m. pillage, m. BOPEEP, s. coup d'œil, m. œillade, f. BORACHIO. s. bouc, m. outre, f. un ivrogne BORAGE, s. bourache, f. herbe. BORAGE, s. borax, m. sel artificiel. BORDER, s. bord, m. bordure, f. extremité frontière, borne, limites. BORDER, r. a. border; v. n. confiner à BORDERER, s. qui demeure aux frontières BORDERING, adj. frontière, voisin. BORD-HALF-PENNY, s. droit d'étal. BORDURE, s. (in heraldry) hordure, f. Bone, r. a. percer avec une tarière. BORE, s. trou, m. calibre, m. ouverture, f. BOREAL, adj. boreal, du nord. BOREAS, s. vent du nord, m. borée, m. BORER, s. tarière, f. perçoir, m. vrille, m.

BORE-TREE, s. (the elder tree) sureau, m. Born, part. adj. porté, supporté; né. To born, r n. pass. naître, venir au mondé. BOROUGH, s. bourg, m. communauté, f. Borrow, v. a. emprunter; s. emprunt, m. Borrower, s. qui emprunte, emprunteur, m. Borrowing, s. emprunt, m. Boscage, s. bocage, m. bosquet, m.
Bosry. See Woody, and Boosy, boisé.
Bosow, s. le sein, cordialité, f. cour, m. Bosom, s. le sein, cordialité, f. cour, m. Bosom of a shirt, le jabot d'une chemise. Boson, v. a. cacher dans le sein, tenir secret. Boss, c. bosse, f. bossette, f. Botanical, adj. qui concerne la botanique. [plantes. BOTARIST, s. botaniste, m. BOTANY, 2. botanique, f. la science des BOTARGO, s. saucisson (à l'Italienne, m.) BOTCH, s. ulcère, m. bubon, m. pièce, f. BOTCH, v. a. raccommoder, rapetasser. BOTCHER, s. ravaudeur, m. fripier, m. BOTCHINGLY, adv. grossièrement. [et l'autre. BOTCHY, adj. rapetasse. BOTH, pron. tous deux, tous les deux, l'un BOTTLE, s. bouteille, f. une botte. A sucking-bottle, biberon, m. suceron, m. BOTTLE-BRUSH, s. goupillon, m. BOTTLED, part. adj. mis en bouteilles, bottelé. BOTTLE-FLOWER, s. (a plant) bluet, m. BOTTLE-NOSED, adj. qui a un gros nez. BOTTLE-SCREW, s. tire-bouchon, m.
BOTTOM, s. le fond, le bas, le bout, la fin, sediment, m. base, f. motif, m. vaisseau, m.
Bottom of thread, peloton de fil, m. Bottom of an inkhorn, cornet d'écritoire, m. BOTTOM, v. a. & n. fonder, se fonder. BOTTOMLESS, adj. sans fond, impénétrable. BOTTOMRY, s. bomerie, f. grosse aventure. Bouge, v. n. s'enfler, se goufler. Bough, s. une grosse branche, rameau, m. Bounce, r. a. faire du bruit, heurter. BOUNCE, s. éclat, m. fracas, m. vanterie, f. Bouncen, s. bavard, m. fanfaron, m. BOUND, s. borne, f. limite, f. bond, m.
BOUND, r. a. & n. borner, limiter, bondir.
BOUND, part. adj. lié, obligé, destiné.
BOUNDARY, s. borne, f. limite, f.
BOUNDEN, part. adj. lié, qui lie, obligatoire.
BOUNDEN, part. adj. lié, qui lie, obligatoire.
BOUNDEN, part. adj. lién, qui lie, obligatoire.
BOUNDENSS, adj. infini, sans bornes. [saut. BOUND-SETTER, s. arpenteur, aborneur, m. BOUND-STONE, s. borne, f. limite. f. BOUNTEOUS, adj. bienfaisant, libéral. [reux. BOUNTEOUSLY, adv. liberalement. BOUNTIFUL, adv. bienfaisant, liberal, gene-BOUNTIFULLY, adv. libéralement BOUNTIFULNESS, s. générosité, f.
BOUNTY, s. bonté, f. générosité, f.
BOUNTY, s. borne, f. limite, f. torrent, m.
BOUSE, r. n. boire avec excès, s'enivrer. BOUT, s. coup, m. fois, f. tour, m. BOUTFFEU, s. boutefeu, m. incendiaire, m. Bow, v. a. plier, courber, fléchir, incliner; v. n. s'incliner, faire la révérence. Bow, s. révérence, f. arc, m. demi-circle, m. Bow of a riolin, archet de violon, m. Bow of a saddle, aroon de selle, m. Bow of a ship, l'avant du vaisseau, m. Bow of a sword-hill, la branche de la garde d'une épée. Bow of a key, l'anneau d'une clef, m. The hone anchors, les ancres d'affourche.
BOW-BEARER, s. officier subalterne de forèt.
BOW-BENT, adj. crochu, tortu. courbé. Bowes, r. a. percer les entrailles, eventrer. Bowes s, s. pl. entrailles, f. boyaux, m.

Bower, s. berceau, m. treille, bearmet, a voute, f. aucre d'affourche, f. Bowers, adj. pleiu de berceaux. Bowess or Bower, s. oiscau branchier. Bowl, s. golet, m. grande tasse, jane, f. boule, f. hune, f.; bowl of a pipe, be fourneau d'une pipe; bowl of a spoon, le cuilleron d'une cuiller.

[boule, f. bowl of a spoon, le cuilleron d'une cuiller. [boule. Bowl, v. a. & n. jouer à la boule, jeter ure Bow-Legged, part. adj. eagneux, bancal. Bowler, s. joueur de boule, m. BOWLING-GREEN, s. boulingrin, m. BOWLINE, s. bouline (corde amarrée, &c.)
BOW-MAR, s. archer, m. qui tire de l'arc.
BOWSPRIT. See Boltsprú, beaupré, m.
BOWYER, s. archer, m. laiseur d'arcs, m. Box, s. buis, m. boite, f. caisse, f. cassette, f. coffre, m. loge, f. soufflet, coup de poing, m. trou, m. reduit, m. cessetin, m. Dust or sand-box, s. poudrier, m. sabière, f. Dressing-box, une boite de toilette. Poor-box trg-oox, the tronc. Dire-box, cornet, m. Box of a coach, le coffre d'un carrosse. Coachbox, le siège du carrosse. Christmas-box, étrennes, f. tire-lire, f. Box of a screw, écrou d'une vis, m. Juggler's box, gobelet d'escamoleur, m. A country box, une peritamican de camparne, une guinguette. tite maison de campagne, une guingvette. Box, n. a. mettre dans une boite, souffleter, donner un coup de poing, se battre à coups du poing. Boxen, adj. de buis. BOXER, s. qui se bat à coups de poing. Boy, s. garçon, m. enfant, m. A singing-boy, un enfant de chœur. A cabin-boy, un mousse. A school-boy, un ecolier. A soldier's boy, un goujat. Boyrsu, adj. puerile, enfantin. Boyishly, adr. puerilement, en enfant. BOYISHNESS, s. puérilité, f. enfantillage, m. BRABBLE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f. débat, m. BRABBLE, v. n. disputer, se quereller, m. Brabbler, s. querelleur, m. chicaneur, m. Brace, s. paire, f. couple, f. attache, f. lien, m. bandage, m. brassard, m. bras de vergue, m. crampon, cheville de fer, m. f. ancre, agraffe, f. cruchet, m. Braces of a ship, bras, m. les cordages amares aux bouts de la vergue, m. pl. Braces of a coach, soupentes de carrosse. BRACE, v. a. lier, attacher. BRACELET, s. brasselet, or bracelet, m. BRACER, s. bandage, m. ceinture, f. BRACHIAL, adj. brachial (terme d'anatomic.) BRACHYGRAPHY, s. l'art d'abréger. BRACHYLOGY, s. laconisme, m. brièveté, J BRACK, s. paille, f. petit défaut, bréche, f BRACKET, s. tesseau, m. gousset, m. BRACKISH, adj. salé, saumâtre, apre. BRACKISHNESS, s. salure, f. apreté, f. BRAD, s. clou sans tête, clou étêté, m. BRAG, s. vanterie, f. ostentation, f. BRAG, v. n. se vanter, se glorifier. BRAGGADOCIO. s. bravache, m. faux brave, m. BRAGGET, s. boisson galloise. BRAGGING, s. vanterie, f. ostentation, f. BRAID, v. a. tresser, entrelacer, cordonuer. BRAID, s. tresse, f. entrelacement, m. BRAILS, s. cargues, f. cordages de navire.m. BRAIN, s. cerveau, m. cervelle, BRAIN, r. a. faire sauter la cervelle. BRAIFISH, adj. furieux, violent; s un crane BRAINLESS, adj. ècervelè, etourdi.

BRAINPAN, s. crane, m. sensorium, m. BRAIN-SICK, adj. frenetique, fou, insense. BRAIN-SICKNESS, s. folie, f. frenesie, f. BRARE, s. buisson, m. fougeraie, f. brisoir, brimbale, f. huche pour petrir, f.
BRAKE, v. a. briser, rompre, casser (see Break.) BRAKY, adj. epineux, rude, rabolcux. BRAMBLE, s. ronce, f. cpine, f. BRAMIN, s. brachmane, or brahmin, m. BRAN, s. son, m. pellicule du grain, f. BRANCH, s. branche, f. chevillure, bras. vine-brancii, un sarment. BRANCH, v. n. jeter des branches, se diviser. BRANCHED, part. adj. garni de branches; à BRANCHER, s. branchier, m. [ramage. BRAKCHY, adj. branchu, touffu. BRAND, s. tison, m. marque, f. flétrissure, f. Fire-brand, boutefeu, m. incendiaire, m. Brand-iron, fer chaud, trepied. new, tout battant neuf. BRAND, r. a. marquer d'un fer chaud, flétrir, noircir, diffamer, injurier. BRANDISH, r. a. brauler, secouer, brandir. BRANDY, s. brandevin, m. eau-de-vie, f. BRANGLE, e. querelle, f. dispute, f. BRANGLE, v. n. quereller, se quereller. BRANGLER, s. querelleur, m. satirique, m. BRANGLING, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. BRANK-URSIN, s. branque ursine, j BRANT-GOOSE, s. oie sauvage, f. BRASED, adj. divise en croix de S. André. Brass, e. airain, m. cuivre, m. bronze, m. effronterie, f. impudence, f. A brass pot, un coquemar. BRASS ORE, s. calamine, f. BRASSETS, s. brassard, m. armure de bras, f. BRAT, s. un petit babouin, marmot, m. BRAVADO, s. bravade, f. rodomontade, f. BRAVE, adj. brave, courageux, honnête, galant, bien vêtu, beau, excellent. BRAVE, v. a. braver, défier, morguer. brare it, faire le brave. BRAVELY, adv. bravement, courageusement, d'une manière honnête. BRAVERY, s. courage, m. valeur, f. mcgnificence, f. splendeur, f. ostentation, f. Bravo, s. meurtrier, m. assassin, m. Bravo! interj. vivant! bien, très bien! BRAWL, s. querelle, f. tapage, m. branle, s. BRAWL, v. n. quereller, disputer, criailler. BRAWLER, s. querelleur, m. criailleur, m. BRAWN, s. chair, f. parte charme.
BRAWNNESS, s. brce, f. fermete, f.
BRAWNY, adj. charnu, fort, robuste.
BRAY, s. bruit, m. cri, m. BRAY, v. a. broyer; v. n. braire, bramer. BRAYER, s. brailleur, m. broyon, m. BRAZE, v. a. braser, souder. BRAZEN, adj. d'airain, de bronze, effronté. BRAZEN, v. n. être impudent, soutenir. BRAZEN-FACED, adj. impudent, effronte. BRAZIER, s. chauderonnier, m. BRAZIER'S WARE, s. chauderonnerie, f.
BRACH, s. brèche, f. rupture, f.
BREAD, s. pain, m. nourriture, f. subsistance,
f. Unlearened bread, pain azyme. Sheebread, pain de proposition.

[f. BREAD-BASKET, s. panier à pain, m. manne, BREAD-ROOM, s. (in a ship) soute, f. BREADTH, s. largeur, f. le, m BREAK, s. ouverture, f. vide, m. un blanc.

Break of the day, le point du jour, l'aube, f.

BREAK, v. a. rompre, casser, briser, violer, enfreindre, forcer, enfoncer, dompter, re- BRIBER, s. corrupteur, m. suborneur, s

primer, ruiner, perdre, déranger, lacher, donner issue; r. n. se rompre, se briser, éclater, percer ; faire banqueronte, décli-ner, se détacher. Break doien, abattre, démolir, renverser; break off or from, deshabituer, empêcher, discontinuer; break up, rompre, briser, dissoudre, congédier; break from, se separer avec violence, se détacher break in, se précipiter, fondre sur; break into, entrer par force; break off s: désister, quitter, finir; break out, sortir avec violence, jaillir, se repandre; break through, forcer, surmonter, enfoncer; break up, s separer, avoir vacances, cesser; break with one, rompre avec quelqu'un, cesser d'être BREAKER, s. qui rompt, &c. infracteur. BREAKFAST, s. dejeune, m.; v. n. dejeuner. BREAKING, s. rupture, f. fracture, f. A break-ing up of school, vacances. BREAK-NECK, s. precipice, m. casse-cou, f. BREAM, s. (a sort of fish) brême, f. BREAM, v. a. donner le feu à un batiment. BREAST, s. poitrine, f. gorge, f. sein, m. une mamelle, un téton, cœur, m. BREAST, v. a. rencontrer, attaquer de front. BREAST-BONE, s. le sternum. BREAST-CLOTH, s. pièce d'estomac, f. BREAST-HIGH, adj. à hauteur d'appui. [m. BREAST-KNOT, s. nœud or échelle de rubans. BREAST-PLATE, s. cuirasse, pectoral. BREAST-WORK, s. parapet, m. [fle, m BREATH, s. haleine, f. vie, f. respiration, souf-BREATHE, v. n. & a. respirer, vivre, prendre haleine, se reposer, exhaler, inspirer: souf-fler, ouvrir, tenir en haleine. To breathe a vein, ouvrir la veine, saigner. To breating out, exhaler, expirer. [pir, m. BREATHING, s. haleine, f. aspiration, f. sou-BREATHING-HOLE, s. soupirail, m. Breathing-place, s. repos de période, m. Breathing-time, s. relache, f. repus, m. Breathless, adj. hors d'haleine, essouffié. BRED, part. adj. engendre, produit. BREE, s. taon, m. (espèce de mouche.) BREECH, v. a. culotter, mettre en culotte BREECHES, s. pl. chausses, f. culotte, f. BREED, s. race, f. une couvée. BREED, v. a. engendrer, produire, élever, pousser; v. n. s'engendrer, multiplier. BREEDER, s. fertile, qui nourrit, qui élève. BREEDING, s. l'action d'engendrer, d'élever, &c. naissance, f. éducation, f. BREEDING, adj. grosse or enceinte.
BREEZE, s. vent frais, brise, f.
BREEZY, adj. refraichi par los zephirs.
BREME, adj. cruel, dur, severe. BRET or BURT, s. plic, f. limande, f. BRETHREN OF BROTHERS, s. pl. frere BREVE, s. une note entière or blanche. BREVIARY, s. abrege, m. breviaire, s BREVIAT, s. court abrege, un extrait BREVIATURE, s. abreviation, f. BREVIER, s. petit texte.
BREVIET, s. brievete, f. precision, f.
BREW, v. a. mélanger, altérer, machiser. BREW or BREWING, s. manière de bramer; brassin de bière, m BREWER, s. brasseur, m. BREW-HOUSE, s. brasserie, f. į quelqu'un. BRIBE, s. présent donné pour corrompre BRIBE, v. a. corrompre, suborner, gagnes

BRIBERY, s. subordination, f. corruption, f. BRICK, s. brique, f. petit pain. BRICK, v. a. garnir de briques. BRICKEN, v. n. se rengorger. BRICKENT, s. pièce de brique, f. BRICK-CLAY, s. terre à brique, f. BRICK-DUST, s. poussière de brique pilée, f. BRICK-KILN, s. briqueterie, f. tuilerie, f. BRICK-LAYER, s. macon, m. BRICK-MAKER, s. briquetier, m.
BRICOLE, s. bricole, f.; v. n. bricoler.
BRIDAL, adj. nuptial; s. noces, f.
BRIDE, s. épousé, pouvéle mariée. BRIDE-BED, s. lit miptial. BRIDE-CAKE, s. gateau de noces, m BRIDE-CHAMBER, s. chambre nuptiale, f.
BRIDEGROOM, s. époux, épousé
BRIDEWELL, s. maison de correction.
BRIDEW, s. pont, m. chevalet. Bridge of the nose, la paroi du nez. Bridge of a comb, champ de peigne, m. BRIDGE, v. n. construire un pont. BRIDLE, s. bride, f. frein, m.
BRIDLE, r. a. brider, reprimer, refrener; r. n. tenir la tête haute, se rengorger. BRIEF, adj. court, bref, succinct, concis. BRIEF, s. bref, m. brevet, m. extrait, m. BRIEFLY, adv. brievement, en bref. BRIEFNESS, s. brièveté, f. précision, BRIER OF BRIAR, s. ronce, f. églantier. BRIG OF BRIGANTINE, s. brigantin, m. BRIGADE, s. brigade, f. BRIGADIER, s. brigadier, m. [min, m. BRIGAND, s. brigand, m. voleur de grand che-BRIGARDINE, s. cotte de maille, f. BRIGANTINE, s. brigantin, m. BRIGBUTE, s. portenage, m.
BRIGBUTE, s. portenage, m.
BRIGBUTE, s. portenage, m.
BRIGHT, adj. brillant, éclatant; clair, évident; illustre, gloricux; pénétrant
BRIGHTEN, n. a. éclaireir, polir; éclairer,
éinceler; v. n. s'éclaireir, s'auguiser. BRIGHTISH, adj. luisant, étincelant. BRIGHTLY, adv. splendidement, avec éclat.
BRIGHTLY, adv. splendidement, avec éclat.
BRIGHTNESS. s. lustre, m. éclat, clarté, f.
splendeur, f. pénétration, f.
BRIGUE, s. parti, m. cabale, f. faction, f.
BRILLIANCY, s. éclat, rr. splendeur, f.
BRILLIANCY, s. brillant, éclatant, étineclant,
BRILLIANT, s. brillant, m.
[lustré. BRIM, s. bord, m. extrémité, f. BRIM, v. a. remplir jusqu'au bord. BRIMFUL, adj. plein jusqu'au bord. BRIMMER, s. rasade, f. rougebord, m. lam-BRIMSTONE, s. souffre, m. [pée, f. BRINDLE, s. tavelure, f. taché, f. raie, f. BRINDLED, adj. tavelé, tacheté, roussâtre, BRINE, s. saumure, f. la mer. BRING, r. a. apporter, amener, mettre, porter, amener, mener, réduire, intenter, engager, persuader, procurer, produire, cau-ser, apporter, faire. To bring a woman to bed, acconcher une semme. To be brought to bed, ctre acconchee. To bring shout, executer, effectuer; to bring again, or back, rapporter, ramener; to bring away, emporter, einmener; to break down, apporter, amener en bas, descendre : to bring forth, enfanter, mettre au monde, produire, représenter; to bring forward pousser: to bring in, réduire, introduire, alleguer, déclarer; to bring lev, abattre, abaisser, humilier; to bring of, degager, sauver, justifier, disquelqu'un en jeu, le faire agir ; to bring || BROOMY, adj. couvert de genete.

over, amener, attirer; to bring out, montrer, mettre en évidence, raconter, tirer, faire venie: to bring under, soumetire, as-sujettir, subjuguer; to bring up, apporter, or amener en haut, elever, former, introduire, faire avancer; to bring upon, mettre or attirer sur. BRINGER, s. porteur, m.
BRINISH, adj. sale comme de la saumure. BRINISHNESS, s. salure, f. saumure, f. BRINK, s. bord, m. extremité, f. BRINK, s. bord, m. extremité, f. BRINK, adj. salé, salin, amère. BRISK, adj. sif, gai, enjoué, spiritueux. BRISK, adj. vif, gai, enjoué, spiritueux. BRISK UP, v. n. prendre un air gal. BRISKET, s. brechet, m. (or brichet.) BRISKEY, s. bréchet, m. (or brichet.)
BRISKLY, odv. vivement, vigourcusement.
BRISKLY, odv. vivement, vigourcusement.
BRISTLE, s. soie de cochon, f. [risser.
BRISTLE, v. a. hérisser, ensoyer; v. n. se héBRISTLY, adj. qui a des soies, qui a le poil
BRITTLE, adj. Britannique.
BRITTLE, adj. fragile, frèle, cassant.
BRITTLE, add. d'une manière fragile.
BRIZE, s. (acon. m. BRIZE, s. taon, m BROACH, s. broche (à faire rôtir la viande, BROACH, s. broche (a faire rout a viance, BROACH, r. a. mettre en perce or en bruche, percer, débiter, semer, inventeur, m. BROAD, adj. large, grand, grossier. BROAD, s. le palme, or plat d'une rame, m. BROADEN, v. n. s'élargir, s'aggrandir. BROADEN, v. n. s'élargir, s'aggrandir. BROAD-EYED, adj. qui a de grands yeux.
BROAD-EACED, adj. qui a le visage large et
plein, qui marche tête levée. BROADLY, adv. largement, amplement. BROADNESS, s. largeur, grossièreté, obscénité. BROAD-SIDE, s. bordée, f. volée. BROAD-SWORD, s. salvre, m. coutelas, m. BROADWISE, adv. en largeur. BROCADF, s. brocart, m. (sorte d'étoffe.) BROCAGE, BROKAGE, and BROKERAGE, S. BROCCOLI, s. broccoli, m. [c BROCH, s. bléreau, m. taisson, m. [courtage, m. BROCKET, s. daguet, m. jeune cerf.
BROCKET, s. soulier à cordons, jargon, m.
BROIL, s. brouillerie, f. trouble, m. tumulte,
m. sedition, querelle, f. débat, m.
BROIL, r. a. & n. griller, bruler.
Broile, meat grillade, f. BROKE and BROKEN, part. adj. rompn, brist, casse, intercompu, abattu, &c. Broken meat, reliefs, m. pl. graillons, m. A broken leart, un coeur brisé de douleur, un coeur contrit. A broken sleep, un sommeil inter rompu. A broken roice, une voix entre coupée. A broken spirit, un esprit abattu A broken language, un languge corrompu, un jargon. BROKER, s. courtier, m. frippier, m. BROKERAGE. See Brocage, courtage. BROKER'S ROW, s. friperie. f. BRONCHIAL VESSELS, s. les bronches, f. pl. BRONZE, s. bronze, m. figure de bronze, f. BROOCH, s. joyau, m. ornement, m. BROOD, s. race, f. lignée, f. convée, BROOD, r. n. conver, faire murir, menager. BROOK, s. ruisseau, m. BROOK, v. a. endurer, souffrir patiemment. BROOM, s. genet, m. bruyère, f. balai, m. BROOM-RAKE, s. (an herb) teigne, f. BROOM-STAFF, s. manche à valai, m.

BROTHEL, s. bordel, m. maison de débauche, BROTHER, s. frère, m. Brother-in-law, beau frère. Foster-brother, frère de lait. Brother's children, cousins-germains. BROTHERHOOD, s. fraternité, f. BROTHERLY, adj. fraternal de frère. BROTHERLY, adv. fraternellement, en frère. BROUGHT, part. adj. apporté, amené, &c. Brought to bed, accouchée. [sommet, m. Brow, s. sourcil, m. front, m. hardiesse, f. Brow, r. a. border, borner, limiter. BROW-BEAT, r. a. regarder d'un air fier. BROWN, adj. brun, gris, noir, or bis. BROWNISH, adj. brunâtre, brunet. BROWNESS, s. couleur brune, brun, m. BROWSE, s. brout, m., v. a. and n. brouter. BRUISE, s. contusion, f. meurtrissure, f. BRUISE, v. a. meurtrir, froisser, piler. BRUIT, s. bruit, m. nouvelle, f. rapport, m. BRUMAL, adj. d'hiver, hivernal. BRUNETTE, s. brunette, f. BRUNION, s. brugnon, m. sorte de prine. BRUNT, s. choc, m. attaque, f. desastre, m. BRUSH, s. brosse, f. vergette, f. decrotoire, p. pinceau, choc violent, attaque, f. les etrivières, f. pl. queue de renard, f. brous-· sailles, f. BRUSH, r. a. vergeter, brosser; r. n. passer rapidement; brush away, decamper, s'en-fuir; brush off, emporter, enlever; brush through, brosser, passer. BRUSHER, s. celui qui vergete, rasade, f. BRUSH-MAKER, s. vergetier, m. BRUSHY, adj. rude, herissé. BRUSTLE, r. n. petiller, craquer, affronter. BRUSTLE, r. n. petiller, craquer, affronter. BRUTAL, adj. brutal, cruel, inhumain. BRUTALITY, s. brutalité, f. cruauté, f. BRUTALIZE, v. a. & n. abrutir et s'abrutir. BRUTALLY, adr. brutalement. [béte, BRUTSH, adj. & s. brute, sauvage, brute, BRUTISH, adj. propre de la brute, sensuel. BRUTISHLY, adr. brutalement. BRUTISHNESS, s. brutalité, f. insensib BRYONY, s. (a sort of herb) brioine, f. f. insensibilité, f. Bun, s. sorte de bière forte. BUBBLE, s. bouteille d'eau, boules de savon, hagatelle, f. niaiscrie, f. duperie, dupe. BUBBLE, r. n. bouillomer; v. a. duper. BUBBLER, s. trompeur, m. BUBBLING, s. bouillounement, duperie, f. BUBBY, s. t ton, m. mammelle, f. BUBO, s. bubon, m. poulin, m. BUBONOCLE, s. bubonocèle, f. [rate, m. BUCANIER, s. boucanier, m. flibustier, m. pi-Buck, s. lessive, f. daim, m. débauche, m. le mâle de certaines bêtes. Buck, v. a. laver, lessiver; r.n. être en rut. BUCK-BASKET. s. cuvier à lessive, m. Bucket, s. seau de cuir, m. baquet, m.
Buckle, s. boucle, f. The tongue of a
buckle, l'ardillon d'une boucle, m. Buckle, r. a. boucler, agraffer, préparer. BUCKLER, s. bouclier, m. BUCKRAM, s. bougran, m. BUCKS-HORN, (an nerb) chiendent, m. BUCK-THORN, s. nerprun, m. BUCK-WILLAT, s. ble sarrasin, m. ble noir, m Bucolicus, s. pl. bucoliques, m. pastorale, f. Bun, s. bouton, m. bourgeon, m. Bun, r. n. & a. boutonner, bourgeonner, greffer, bourger, se remuer. Bunce, s peau a agneau, f. filou. BUDGE, v 1. bouger, se remuer.

BUDGE-BARREL, s. baril à poudre, m. BUDGET, s. bougette, f. une pouche de cuir compte, m. BUFF, s. buffle, m. peau de buffle, f. BUFFALO, s. buffle, m. bœuf sauvage, m. BUFFET, s. soufflet, m. buffet, m. Burroon, s. bouffon, m. plaisant, m. BUFFOONERY, s. bouffonnerie, f. Bug, s. punaise, f. A May-bug, hanneton, m. Bug or Bug-bear, s. fantôme, m. eponyan-Buggy, adj. plein de punaises.

Bugle, s. Lowif sauvage, bugle, f.

Bugloss, s. buglose, f. (herbe.)

Bull, v. a. balir, construire; v. n. se fier. tail, m BUILDER, s. qui batit, architecte, m. BUILDING, s. bâtiment, m. édifice. m. BULB, s. bulbe, f. oignon de plante, m. BULBOUS OF BULBACEOUS, adj. bulbeux. BULGE, r. n. pencher en avant, se briser BULK, s. masse, f. volume, m. quantite, f. bloc, m. grandeur, f. groseur, f. BULKINESS, s. grande taille, gros volume. Bulky, adj. grand, gros, massif. Bulky, r. n. faire ventre, pancher en devant. Bull, s. taureau, bulle, f. absurdité, f. Bull Acl, s. prunelle, f. [des chiens, m. BULL-BAITING, s. combat de taureaux avec Bull-nog, s. espèce de dogue. BULLEN, s. chenevottes, f. pl. BULLET, s. balle, f. boulet, m. BULLFINCH, s. rouge queue, m. (oiseau.) BULL-FEAST, s. combat des taureaux. BULL-FLY or BULL-BEE, s. taon, m. BULL-HEAD, s. tétard, m. un lourdaud. BULLION, s. or, or argent en lingot. Bullock, s. un jeune taurezu. BULLY, s. un tapageur, un bretteur. BULLY, v. n. faire le fanfaron. Bulrush, s. jone, m. BULWARK, s. boulevard, m. bastion, m. re.m part, m. caution. f. garant, m. Bulwark, v. a. fortifier, reuforcer. Bum, s. le cul, les fesses, le derrière. BUMBARD, s. un gros canon, un tonneau. BUMBAST, s. bourre, f. galimatias, m. BUMBAST, r. a. battre, bourrer. Bumbastick, adj. ampoulé, enflé, ronflant. Bump, v. a. ruer; v. n. s'enfler, crier. Bump, s. un coup, coffure, f. bosse, f. Bumper, s. rasade, f. rougebord, m. Bumpern, s. paysan, lourdaud, m. Bun, s. fouace, f. gateau, m.
Bunch, s. bosse, f. tumeur, f. trousseau, m.
foisceau, m. grape, f. botte, f. fagot, m.
touffe, f. panache, m. bouquet, m. Buncii, r. n. s'élever en bosse. BUNCH-BACKED, adj. bossu, voute. Bunchy, adj. bossu, noueux. BUNDLE, s. paquet, m. faisceau, m. BUNDLE, r. a. empaqueter, mettre en paquet BUNG, s. bondon, m. tampon. Bung, r. a. bondonner, boucher avec un Bungle, s. faute, bevue, f. [b Bungle, v. a. remplir de fautes, gâter [bondon. BUNGIER, s. mauvais ouvrier, un mal-adroit. BUNGLINGLY. adr. grossièrement. BUNT, s. partie qui s'enfle, creux. BUNT, r. n. enfler comme une voile. BUNTER, s. un gueux, un belitre BUNTING, s. traquet, m. (oiseau.) Buoy, s. bouee, f. [appuyer. Buoy, r. a. & n. soutenir sur l'eau, fictier, BUOYANT, adj. flottant, leger. BUR or BURDOCK, s. bardine ; f. glouteron,

Burden s. fardeau, m. charge, f. Burden of a song, le refrain d'une chanson. BURDEN, v. a. charger, embarrasser. BURDENSOME, adj. qui est à charge, incom-BURDENSOMENESS, 8. poids, m. I mode. BUREAJ, s. bureau, m. commode, f. BURGAMOT, s. bergamote, f. (sorte de poirc.) BURGANET, s. bourguignote, f. BURGEOIS OF BURGESS, s. bourgeois, m. Burgess, s. représentant d'une communauté. BURGH, s. bourg, m. gros village BURGHER, s. bourgeois, m. citoyen, m. BURGHERSHIP, s. droit de bourgeoisie, m. BURGLAR, s. voleur, m. brigand, m. BURGLARY, s. vol, fait avec effraction, m. BURGOMASTER, s. Lourginestre, m. BURIAL, s. scpulture, f. funérailles, f. 11. BURINE, s. burin, m. ciscau à graver. BURLESQUE, adj. & s. burlesque, comique. BURLESQUE, r. a. travestir, tourner en ridi-BURLY, adj. replet, gros et gras. BURN, s. brulure; v. a. & n. brûler. up, brûler, consumer, se secher; burn faint and dim, ne jeter qu'une foible lumière; burn away, se brûler, se consumer. BURNET, s. pimprenelle, f. BURNING, s. brulure, f. incendie, m. BURNING, adj. brulant, chaud, allume. Burning-coal, charbon allumé, braise, f. Burning-gluss, verre-ardeut. BURNISH, r. a. brunir, polir; r. n. se polir. BURNISHER, s. brunisseur, m. brunisseir, m. BURNISHING, s. brunissage, m. BURNISHING-STICK, s. brunissoir, m. BURR, s. meule, f. le bout de l'oreille, m. BURREL, s. beurré, m. (poire.) BURREL-FLY, s. taon, m. pronounced ton. BURROUGH. See Borough, bourg, m. Burnow, v. n. percer la terre, se terrer. Bu trow, s. terrier de garenné, m. Bu tsar or Burser, s. boursir de college, m. BURSE, s. bourse, place du change. BURST, v. n. & a. crever, se crever. Burst, s. éclat, m. crevasse, f Bursten, part. adj. qui a une hernie. BURSTENNESS, s. rupture, f. hernie, f. BURSTWORT, s. herniaire, f. BURT, s. (a flat fish) limande, f. Bury. s. maison, f. or cour seigneuriale. BURY, r. a. enterrer, ensevelir, cacher. BURYING, s. enterrement, m. funcrailles, f.pl. BURYING-PLACE, s. sepulture, f. Bush, s. buisson, m. arbuste, m. arbrisseau, m. bouchon de cabaret, m. tousse, queue de renard, f. Bush, v. n. devenir touffu. Bushel, s. boisseau, m. mesure de 2 gallons. Bushy, adj. epcis, tooffu, plein de buissons.
Bushess, adj. sans affaires, sans occupation.
Bushey, ade. ayec activité, ardenment. Business, s. affaire, f. occupation, f. Buskin, s bottine, f. petite botte, brode-Buskin, s bottine, f. petite botte, brode-Buskined. udj. en orodequins. [quin, m. Buss, s. baiser, m. petite barque. Buss, v. a. & n. baiser, se toucher. BUST or BUSTO, s. buste, m. Bustle, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. empressement, m. Bustle, r. n. s'empresser, s'intriguer. BUSTLER, s. un homme intrigant. Bust, adj. affaire, occupe, empresse, actif. Bust, v. a. occupier, employer. Bur, cong. mais, que seulement, hormis, ex-

cepth. But that, si ce n'étoit que. Not les that, non que. BUT, s. bout, m. limite, f.
BUT-END, s. le gros bout, la crosse.
BUTCHER, s. boucher, m. homme sangurnaire. But her's meat, viande de boucheria. BUTCHER, v.a. (gorger, tuer, massacrer. BUTCHERLY, adj. cruel, sanguinaire. BUTCHERY, s. boucherie, f. massacre, m. BUTLER, s. bouteillier, m. sommelier, m. BUTLERSHIP, s. Poffice d'un sommelier.
BUTT, s. butte, f. but, m. botte, f. gros tonBUTT, r. a. heurter de la tête. [neau. BUTTER, s. beurre, m.; v. a. beurrer. Futter-sur, s. grande-bardane. BUTTER-FLOWER, s. jaunet, m. BUTTER-FLY, s. papillon, m. BUTTER-MILK, s. babeurre, m. lait de beurre, BUTTERIS, s. boutoir, m. BUTTERY, adj. qui tient de la nature du BUTTERY, s. depense, f. sommelerie, f. BUTTOCK, s. fesse, f. croupe, cimier, m. BUTTON, s. bouton, m. bourgeon, m. BUTTON-HOLE, s. boutonnière, f. BUTTON, r. a. boutonner. [tien, m. BUTTRESS, s. arcboutant, m. eperon, m. sou-BUTTRESS, v. a. scutenic, appuyer. BUXOM, adj. obcissant, docile, gai, enjoue. BUXOMLY, adv. amoureusement. BUXONNESS, s. gaicté, f. enjouement, m. Buy, v. a. acheter. To buy and sell, trafiquen BUYER, s. acheteur, m. acquereur. Buzz, v. a. bourdonner, divulguer. Buzz, s. bourdonnement, m. bruit, m. rap-Buzzaro, s. buse, f. busard, m. [port. Bv, prep. par, de, a, au, en, près, proche, sur, suivant, selon. By course, by turns, tour a tour. By the vay, en passant. By the bulk, en bloc, en gros. By retail, en detail. By this time, en ce temps-ci, à-présent. By that time, en ce temps-là, alors. 'To sit by one, s'asscoir près de quelqu'un. Hard by, teut près. By the town, près de la ville. Day by day, tous, les jours, journellement. By all meurs, absolument. By no morme By all means, absolument. By no means, en aucune manière, point du tout. To be by, être présent. By and by, tout à l'heure, incontinent. By, s. uron the by, by the by, en passant. By-blow, un coup de hazard, un batard.
By-LANE, s. allée écartée. [nauté, ss. BY-I.AW, s. statut, m. reglement de commu-By-NAME, s. sobriquet, m. injure, f. By-Place, s. lieu-écarté, réduit, m. BY-PROFITS, s. pl. tour du bâton, m. le casuel. BY-RESPECT, s. vue particulière. By-ROOM, s. petit appartement écarté. BY-STANDER, s. spectateur, m. BY-STREET, s. rue obscure, rue detournée. By-way, s. chemin de traverse, m.

C.

By-works, s. pl. hors d'œuvre, m.

CABAL, s. cabale, f. faction, f.
CABAL, n. n. cabaler, tramer un complot.
CABALIST, s. cabaliste, m. [balistique.
CABALIST, s. cabaliste, m. intrigant, m.
CABALER, s. cabaleur, m. intrigant, m.
CABBAGE, s. chou, m.; cabloge-lettuce, lattue
pommée; cubbage-tree, espèce de palmer
CABBAGE, v. a. & n. pommer, s'arrondir.

CABIN, s. cabane, f. petite loge. CABIN, v. n. & a. vivre or renfermer cans une cabane. CABINET, s. cabinet, m. armoire à tiroir, f. CABINET-MAKER, s. tourneur, m. cheniste, m. CABLE. s. cable, m. grusse corde.
CABLISH, s. brossailles, f. pl. bois chablis, m.
CABURRS, s. pl. fils de carret, m. pl. CACAO, CACAO NUT, s. noix de cacao, f. CACHECTICAL, CACHECTICE, adj. cacochyme. CACHERY, s. cachexie, f. cacochymie, f. CACK, v. n. chier, faire caca. CACKLE, v. n. glousser, ricaner. CACKLE, s. cri d'une poule, gloussement, CACKLER, s. oiseau qui glousse, m. babillard, m. CACKLING, s. gloussement, m. CACOCHYMY, s. cacochymie, f. depravation des humeurs, f. CACOPHONY, s. cacophonie, f. CADAVEROUS, adj. cadavéreux, de cadavre. CADDIS, OF CADE-WORM, s. ver de paille, m. CADE, s. une caque, un baril. CADE, adj. doux, prive, domestique. CADE, v. a. élever délicatement CADENCE, CADENCY, s. cadence, f. CADET, s. cadet, m. le plus jeune.

[f. CADUCEUS, s. caducce, m. verge de Mercure, CADI, s. cadi, m. juge de paix, m. C.ESURA, s. césure, f. repos, m. CAG, s. caque, f. baril, m. tonneau, m. CAG, s. cage, f. volière, ménagerie, f. CAGE, v. a. encager, mettre en cage.
CAIMAN, s. caiman, m. crocodile d'AméCAJOLE, v. a. cajoler, enjeler. [rique, m.
CAJOLING, s. cajolerie, f. flatterie, f.
CAISSON, s. caisson de bombes, m. CAITIFF, s. un esclave, un pendard. CAKE, s. gâteau, m. pain, m. masse, f. CARE, v. n. se durcir, se former en croûte. CALAMARY, s. calemare, f. (poisson.) [m. CALAMINE, s. calamine, f. lapis calaminaris, CALAMINT, s. calament, m. calamenthe, f. CALAMITOUS, adj. calamiteux. malheureux. CALAMITY, s. calamité, f. malheur, m CALAMUS, s. roseau, m. canne aromatique, f. CALASH, s. calèche, f. voiture lègere. CALCAR, s. fourneau pour calciner, se. CALCINATION, s. calcination, f. CALCINE, r. a. & n. calciner, & se calciner. CALCULATE, v. a. calculer, compter, adapcompte, m. ter. CALCULATION, s. calcul, m. supputation, f. CALCULATOR, s. calculateur, m. CALCULATORY, adj. qui a rapport au calcul. CALCULOSE, CALCULOUS, adj. pierreux, graveleux. CALCULUS, s. calcul, m. la pierre CALDRON, s. chaudron, m. chaudière, f. CALEFACTION, s. calefaction, f. CALEFACTIVE, CALEFACTORY, *adj*. qui rend chaud. CALEFY, v. z. devenir chaud, s'échauffer. CALENDAR, s. calendrier, m. almanac, m CALENDER, s. charanson, m. calendre, f. CALENDER, v. a. calendrer, lisser. [mois. CALENDRER, s. calendreur, m. [mois. CALENDS, s. pl. calendes, f. le premier du CALENTURE, s. fièvre inflammatoire, f. Calf, s veau, m. faon, m. le gras de la jambe; culf's pluck, fressure de veau, f. culf's gather, or chaldro 1, fraise de veau. CALIBER, s. calibre, creu cilindrique.

CALICO, s. toile de coton des Indes, f. CALIDITY, s. chaleur, f. ardeur, f. CALIF or CALIPH, s. calife, m. CALIGINOUS, adj. obscur, noir, trouble. CALIGRAPHY, s. belle écriture. CALIVER, s. petit mousquet, pierrier, sa. CALIX, s. calice d'une fleur, sa. CALK, v. a. calfater, radouber, boucher. CALKER, s. calfat, m. calfateur, m. CALKIEG, a. calfat, m. radoub, m. CALL, v. a. appeler, nommer, convoquer; call one names, dire des injures à quelqu'un; call one's game, accuser son jeu; call after one, appeler quelqu'un à haute voix; call again, rappeler, faire revenir; call aloud, s'ecrier, se récrier; call aside, tirer à côte. prendre à part; call at a place, passer par un endroit; call ascay, faire sortir, emme-ner; call back, révoquer, rétracter, rappeler; call for, appeler, demander; call forth, faire sortir, evoquer; call in, faire entrer, revoquer; call off, detourner, dissuader; call on, solliciter, sommer; call over, appearance. ler à haute voix ; call out, faire sortir ; call to one, appeler quelqu'un, reclamer, rappeler; call together, assembler, convoquer; call up, faire monter, evoquer, animer, exciter; call upon, implorer, invoquer, visiter, aller voir. CALL, s. appel, m. invitation, f. appeau, sa pommelle d'une pompe, f. ordre, m. vocation, f. emploi, m.
CALLER, s. celui or celle qui appele. CALLIMANCO, s. calmande, f. (sorte d'étoffe.) CALLING, s. vocation, f. profession, f. CALLIPERS, s. pl. compas pour calibrer. CALLOUS, adj. calleux, endurci, insensible.
CALLOUS, adj. calleux, endurci, insensible.
CALLOUS, ms. s. insensibilité, f. calus, m.
CALLOUS, adj. qui n'a point de plumes.
CALLUS, s. calus, m. cal, m. durillou, m. CALM, adj. calme, tranquille. CALM, s. calme, m. bonace, f. tranquillité, f CALM, v.a. calmer, appaiser, adoucir. CALMLY, adv. tranquillement, paisiblem CALMNESS, s. calme, ss. tranquillité, f. CALMY, adj. tranquille, paisible. CALOTTE, s. calotte, f. [espèce de cape.] CALUMENTE, s. calover, m. moine grec.
CALTROPS, s. pl. chausse-trape, f.
CALUMET, s. calumet, m. grande pipe.
CALUMENTATE, v. a. calomniateur, diffamer.
CALUMENTATOR, s. calomniateur, m. CALUMNIOUS, adj. calomnieux. CALUMNY, s. calomnie, f. fausse accusation. CALVE, v. z. vėler, fair un veau. CALVINISM, s. Calvinisme, m. CALVINIST, e. Calviniste, m. CALE, s. chaux, f. substance calcinée. CAMAIEU, s. dendrite, f. camaïeu, ss. CAMBERING, adj. cambré, voôté. CAMBRICK, s. toile de cambrai, f. batiste, f CAMEL, s. chamean, m. CAMELEON, s. caméléon, m. CAMELEOPARD, s. caméléopard, m. CAMBLOT OF CAMLET, s. camelot, s CAMERA-OBSCURA, s. chambre obscure, CAMERADE, s. camarade, m. compagnos, m. CAMERATED, adj. vouté, fait en arc CAMISADO, s. camisade, f. attaque de muit, f CAMMOCK, s. arrête-bœuf, f. CAMP, s. camp, m.; v. n. camper. CAMPAIGN, s. campagne, f

CAMPESH-WOOD, s. bois de campêche, se. CAMPHIRE, s. camphre, m. (sorte de gomme.) CAMPHORATE, adj. camphre. CAMPING, s. l'action de camper, m. CABPING, 3. Taction to Camper, m. CAB, s. bidon, m. pot à boire.
CAB, v. m. and defective, pouvoir, & savoir.
CABAILLE, s. canaille, f. populace, f.
CABAR, s. canal, m. conduit, m. passage, m.
CABARY, s. vin de Canarie, m.
CABARY-BIRD, un serin de Canarie. CANCEL, v. a. canceller, biffer, annuller. CANCELLING, s. cancellation, f. CANCER, s. cancer, m. un chancre. CANCERATE, v.n. dégénérer en cancer. CANCEROUS, adj. chancreux. CANDIDATE, s. candidat, m. pretendant, m. CANDIDLY, adv. ingenument, sincerement. CANDIDNESS, s. candeur, f. ingenuité, f. CANDLE, s. chandelle, f.; wax-candle, bou-CANDLEMAS, s. la chandeleur. [gie. CANDLESTICK, s. chandelier, m.; branched candlestick, lustre or girandole, m.f. CANDOUR, s. candeur, f. franchise, f. CANDY, v. a. confire, faire candir; v. n. se candir; sugar-candy, sucre candi. CANE, s. canne, f. roseau, m. bâton, m. CANE, v. a. donner des coupsede canne. CANEL, s. cannelle, f. canelier, m. CANEL-BONE, s. l'os du gosier, m. CANICULAR, adj. caniculaire. CANINE, adj. canine, de chien. CANISTER, s. petite corbeide; cabaret, m. CANKER, s. chancre, m. chenille, f. CANKER, v. a. & n. corrompre, se corrompre. CANNIBAL, s. cannibale, m. CANNON, s. canon; camon-shot, coup de CANNONADE, s. canonnade, f. [canon. CANNONADE, v. a. & n. canonner. CANNONIER, s. canonnier, m.
CANOA, or CANOE, s. canot, m. pirogue, f.
CANON, s. canon, m. statut, m. chanoine, m. CANONESS, s. chanoinesse, f. CAMONICAL, adj. canonique, canonical. CARONICALLY, adv. canoniquement. CANONIST, s. canonist, m. docteur en théolo-CANONIZE, v. a. canoniser. [gie, m. CANONIZATION, s. canonisation, f. CANONSHIP or CANONRY, s. canonicat, m. CANOPY, s. dais, m. pavillon, m. CANOPY, v.a. couvrir d'un dais. CANOROUS, adj. sonore, harmonieux. CANT, patois, m. jargon, m. encan, m. CART, v. a. jargonner, tromper. CANTATA, s. cantate, f. grand air. CANTER, s. hypocrite, m. faux dévet. CANTHARIDES, s. pl. cantharides, f. CANTHUS, s. canthus, m. coin de l'œil, m. CANTICLE, s. cantique, m. hymne, m. & f. CANTING, s. langage affecté, narquois, m. CANTLE, s. morceau, m. chanteau, m. CANTLE, v. a. mettre en pièces, morceler. CANTLET, s. morceau, m. fragment, m. CANTO, s. chant d'un poëme, m. CANTON, s. canton, m. contree, f. CANTON, v. a. diviser en petites parties. CARTONIZE, v. a. diviser en cantons. CARVASS, s. canevas, m. grosse toile. CANVASS, v. a. examiner, briguer, solliciter. CANVASSING, s. examen, m. brigue, f. CANY, adj. plein de roseaux. CAP, s. bonnet, m. chapeau, m. tête, f. chouquet, m. cap de more, f. m.; cap-a-pre, de pied en cap. CAP, v. a. saluer, découvrir.

CAP-PAPER, s. papier gris & épais, m. CAPABILITY, s. capacite, f. habileté, f. CAPABLE, adj. capable, propre, intelligent CAPACIOUS, adj. spacieux, large, vaste. CAPACIOUSNESS, s. capacité.) CAPACITATE, r. a. rendre capable. CAPACITY, s. capacité, f. intelligence, f. por-tée, f. habilité, f. pouvoir, m. qualité, f. CAPARISON, s. caparason, m. CAPARISON, v. a. caparasonner. CAPE, s. cap, m. promontoire, m. le colle d'un manteau, manteau à capuchon. CAPER, s. cabriole, f. capre, f.; caper-tree_ or caper-bush, caprier, m.
CAPER, v. n. cabrioler, faire des cabrioles. CAPERER, s. cabrioleur, m. sauteur, m. CAPILLAMENTS, s. pl. étamines, f. pl. CAPILLARY, adj. capillaire. CAPILOTADE, s. capilotade, f. ragout, m. CAPITAL, adj. capital, grand, principal. CAPITAL, s. chapiteau, m. capitale, f. CAPITALLY, adv. capitalement. CAPITATION, s. capitation, f. taille person CAPITOL, s. capitole, m. [nelle. [nelle. CAPITULAR, s. & adj. capitulaire, m. CAPITULATE, v. n. capituler, traiter, conve-CAPITULATION, s. capitulation, f. [nir. CAPON, s. chapon, m. ; v. a. chaponner. CAPOT, s. capot, m. ; v. a. faire capot. CAPOUCH, s. capuchon, m. capuce, m. [tade, f. CAPPER, s. un bonnetier. CAPRICE, s. caprice, m. fantaisie, f. bou-CAPRICIOUS, adj. capricieux, fantasque. CAPRICIOUSILY, adv. capricicusement. CAPRICIOUSNESS, s. caractère capricieux. CAPPICORN, s. Capricorne, m. CAPRIOLE, s. cabriole, f. saut, m. CAPSTAN, s. cabestan, m. CAPSULAR, CAPSULARE, adj. capsulaire. CAPTAIN, s. capitaine, m. chef, m. comman-CAPTAINRY, s. capitainerie, f. [dant, m. CAPTAINSHIP, s. charge de capitaine. CAPTATION, s. brigue, f. flatterie, f. CAPTION, s. arret, m. certificat, m. CAPTIOUS, adj. captieux, ambigu, querel-CAPTIOUSLY, adv. captieusement. [lear. CAPTIOUSNESS, s. humeur querelleuse, f CAPTIVATE, v. a. captiver, charmer, capter. CAPTIVE, s. captif, m. esclave, m. CAPTIVITY, s. captivité, f. esclavage, m. CAPTOR, s. vainqueur, m. preneur, m. CAPTURE, s. prise, f. capture, f. proie, CAPUCHINS, s. pl. capucins, m. mantelet, m. CAR, s. charrette, f. char, m. chariot, m. CARABINE, CARBINE, s. carabine, f. CARABINIER, s. carabinier, m CARRACK, s. carraque, m. gallion. CARRACUIE, s. caracole, CARRACOLE, v. n. caracoler, faire des cara-CARAMOSIL, s. caramoussail, m. CARAT, s. carat, m. titre de l'or CARAVAN, s. caravane, f. course CARAVANSARY, s. caravansera, J. CARAWAY, or CARWAY, s. carvi. CARBUNADO, s. carbonade, f. CARBUNCLE, s. escarboucle, f. charbon, m. CARBUNCULATION, s. brouissaire des plantes, f. CARCASS, s. carcasse, f. squelette, m. les restes, m. CARCELAGE, s. géolage, m. CARCINOMA, s. carcinome, f. ulcère, m. CARD, s. carte à jouer, f. carde à carder. CARD-MAKER. s. cartier, m. cardier. m.

porter dans, faire entrer; carry off, em-

CARD, v. a. jouer aux cartes; carder de la ! CARDAMONUM, s. cardamome, m. CARDER, s. cardeur, m. cardeuse, f. CARDES, s. bardes, f. cardes, f. pl. CARDIACE, adj. cardiaque, cordial. CARDINAL, s. & adj. cardinal, principal. CARDINALATE, CARDINALSHIP, s. cardina-CARDOON, s. cardon, m. cardes, f. [lat, m. CARE, s. soin, m. souci, m. inquietude, f.
CARE, v. a. & n. se soucier, se mettre en
CAREER, v. a. carriere, radouber.
[peine.
CAREER, s. carriere, f. course, f. route, f.
CAREFUI, adj. soigneux, attentif, prudent. CAREFULLY, adv. soigneusement. CAREFULNESS, s. soin, m. attention, f. CARELESS, adj. nonchalant, negligent. CARELESSLY, adv. nonchalamment, sans soin. CARELESSNESS, s. negligence, f. inattention, f. CARESS, s. caresse, f.; v. a. caresser, flatter. CAREAX, s. un carre-four. CARGO, s. cargaison. f. charge, f. CARIOSITY, s. carie, f. pourriture d'un os, f. CARIOUS, adj. carie, pourri. CARLE, s. un rustre, un homme brutal. CARLING, s. carlingue, f. or contrequille, f. CARMAN, s. cocher, m. charretier, m. CAPMELITE, s. carme, m. carmelite, f. CARMINATIVE, adj. carminatif. CARMINE, s. carmin, m. rouge, m. fard, m. CARNAGE, s. carnage, m. massacre, m. CARNAL, adj. charnel, de chair, sensuel. CARNALITY, s. convoitise charnelle, f. CARNALLY, adv. charnellement, sensuelle-CARNATION, s. couleur de chair, f. [ment. CARNAVAL or CARNIVAL, s. carnaval, m. CARNEOUS, adj. charnu, plein de chair. CARNIFY, v. a. convertir en chair. CARNIVOROUS, adj. carnassier. CALNOSITY, s. excrescence de chair, f. CAROB, s. caroube or carouge, f. CAROL, s. chanson, f. noël, m. CAROL, r. a. chanter, louer, célébrer. CAROTIDS, s. pl. carotides, f. pl.
CAROUSAL, s. carrousel, m. course, f.
CAROUSE. s. débauche de vin, f. carrousse,
CAROUSE, v. n. boirc, faire la débauche. CAROUSER, s. un grand buveur, un biberon. CARP, s. carpe, f. A young carp, un car-CARP, v. a. & n. censurer. fpillon. CARPENTER, s. charpentier, m CARPENTRY, s. charpenterie, f. CARPER, s. critique, m. censeur, f. CARPET, s. tapis, m.; v. a. couvrir de tapis. CARPING, s. critique, m.; adj. caustique. CARPINGLY, adr. malignement. CARRIAGE, s. port, m. transport, m. voiture, f. charroi, m. nine. f. air, m. Carriage for ordnance, affut, m.; carriage of a coach, le train d'un carrosse. [teur, m. CARRIER, s. voiturier, m. roulier, m. por-CARRION, s. charogne, f. carcasse pourrie. CARROT, s. carotte, f. un rousseau. CARROTY, adj. rougeâtre, poil de carotte. CARRY, v. a. porter, mener, gagner, remporter, montrer, avoir; carry in a ear, charier, voiturer; cc-v it, l'emporter, avoir l'avantage; carry it high, le porter haut, trancher du grand; carry one's self, se comporter, se conduire; carry about one, porter sur soi; carry away, emporter, emmener; carry buck, rapporter, ramener; carry before, porter devant ; carry down, porter or mener en bas; carry forth or out, tirer, menurer, avancer, soutenir; carry in or into,

porter dais, l'aire entre ; carry (f), ens-porter, dissiper, tuer ; carry on, pousser, conduire, continuer ; carry over, trans porter ; carry to and fro, porter çà et là; carry through, soutenir, faire triompher, venir à bout. CARRY-TALE, s. rapporteur, rapporteuse. CART, s. chariot, m. charrette, f. A dungcart, un tombereau; a sling-cart, trique balle, m.; a cart-loud, charretee, f. CART, v. a. se servir d'une charrette CARTAKER, s. un vaguemestre. [seing, m CARTE-BLANCHE, s. carte-blanche, f. blanc-CARTEL, s. cartel, m. défi, m CARTER, s. charretier, m. voiturier, m. CARTESIAN, adj. & s. cartesien. CARTHUSIAN, s. chartreux, m. CARTILAGE, s. cartilage, m. tendon, m. CARTILAGINOUS, adj. certilagineux. CART-LOAD, s. charretee, f. voiture, f. CARTOON, s. carton, m. dessein en grand, m. CARTOUCH, CARTRIDGE, s. cartouche, m. CARTOUCH-BOX, giberne, f.
CARTRUT, s. ornière, f.
GARTULARY, s. cartulaire, m. serre-papiers, CART-WRIGHT, s. charron, m. CARVE, v. a. tailler, ciseler, sculpter, couper, découper la viande, graver. CARVER, s. sculpteur, m. graveur, m. écuyer CARUNCLE, s. earoncule, f. graveur, m. ecuyer CARUNCLE, s. earoncule, f. [tranchant. CASCADE, s. cascade, f. chûte d'eau, f. CASE, s. holte, f. étul, m. fourreau, m. housse, cas, m. chose, f. matière, f. fait, m. sujet, m. cause, f. affaire, f. condition, f. état, m. circonstance, f. Case of bottles, cave, çan-tine, f.; case for pens, casse, f. A letter case, un porte lettres, une casse (d'imprimerie.) poser. CASE, r. a. mettre dans un étui; n. a. sup-CASE-HARDEN, v. a. tremper, endurcir. CASE-HARDER, v. a. tremper, enquerir, CASE-HARDER, v. a. tremper, enquerir, CASE-MATE, s. tasemate, f. barbacane, f. CASEMENT, s. fenètre, f. ferrure, f. CASEOUS, adj. caseux. from ageux. CASERN, s. caserne, f. logement de soldats, CASH, s. argent, m. numéraire, m. caisse, CASHEN or CATERNE s. cachon ... CASHEW or CATECHU, s. cachou, m. CASHIER, s. caissier, m. banquier, m CASHIER, v. a. casser, annuller. Casing, bouse de vache séchée. Cask, s. baril, m. tonneau, m. casque, m. CASKET, s. cassette, f. petite boite. CASSIDONY, s. cassidoine, f. (plante.) CASSOCK, s. soutane, f. soutanelle, f CAST, v. a. jeter, lancer, compter, supputer, condamner, fondre, jeter en moule, examiner, changer, rendre, perdre; v. n. se déjeter. Cast in one's mind, considèrer, méditer; cust his skin, changer de peau; cast one's nativity, dresser l'horoscope de quelqu'un. Cast about, penser or songer à ; cast against, reprocher; cast away, jeter, abandonner, ruiner, échouer, bannir; cast behind, laisser derrière; cast down, abaisser, humilier, abattre; cast forth, exhaler, repandre; cast headlong, precipiter; cast in or into, jeter or mettre dans; cast of, casser, renvoyer, rejeter, devancer; cas out, lacher, chasser, calculer, compter, lever, dresser. CAST, s. jet, m. coup, m. vol, fonte. Cast of, rebut, m. Cast of the eye, coup d'œil, œillade, f. CASTARETS, s. castagnettes, f. pl.

CASTLAWAY, s. un homme perdu; adj. inntile.
CASTELLAIN, s. châtelain, m. gouverneur de
CASTELLAIN, s. châtelenie, f. [château, m.
CASTER, s. calculaieur, m. ville forte.
CASTIGATE, v. a. chatier, punir, corriger.
CASTIGATION, s. châtiment, m. punition, f.
CASTING-HOUSE, fonderie, f.
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CASTING-HOUSE, fonderie, f. CASTING-NET, épervier, m. filet à pêcher, CASTLE, s. château fort. CASTLE, v. n. roquer (au jeu d'échecs.) CASTLED, adj. chargé de châteaux. CASTLE-WARD, s. châtellenie. CASTLING, s. avorton, s CASTOR, s. castor, m. chapeau de castor, m. CASTRAMETATIOF s. custrametation, f. CASTRATE, v. a. chatrer, couper. CASTRATION, s. castration, CASUAL, adj. casuel, accidentel, fortuit. CASUALLY, udv. casuellement, par accident. CASUALTY, s. accident, m. hasard, m. avcn-CASUIST, e. caquiste, m. [ture, f. CASUISTICAL, aaf. qui a rapport aux cas de conscience. CASUISTRY, s. science du casuiste, f.
CAT, s. chat, m. chatte, f. Cai in the pan,
déserteur, f. révolté, m. transluge, m. Cat
o'nine tails, fouet à neuf courroles, m. O'une unis, iouet a neu controis; m. CAT's-mit s, e. coniot souvage, m. CATACHRESIS, s. catacrèse, f. CATACOMES, p. catacombes, f. CATACOMES, s. pl. catacombes, f. CATALOGUE, s. catalogue, m. liste, f. rôle, m. CATAMITE, s. bardache, m. CATAPLASM, s. cataplame, s. compresse, f. CATAPLASM, s. catapiame, m. compresse, f. CATAPULT, s. catapratle, f. Chûte d'eau, f. CATARRH, s. cataracte, f. chûte d'eau, f. CATARRH, s. catarre, m. fluxion, f. CATARRHAL, CATARRHOUS, adj. catarreux. CATASTROPHE, s. catastrophe, f. dénouement. CAT-CALL, s. sifflet, m. appeau, m. CATCH, v. a. prendre, saisir, attraper, atteindre, surprendre, découvrir. To catch cold, s'enrhumer; to catch a fall, tomber; to catch one's death, s'attirer la mort. Catch de, tâcher de, prendre. chercher. donner: at, tacher de, prendre, chercher, donner; catch up, prendre, empoigner, saisir. CATCH, s. capture, f. butin, m. chanson à re-frain or à reprise, f. canon, pause, f. tein-ture, f. impression légère. To be upon the catch, être aux aguets. To lire upon the catch, vivre de butin. Catch for a hawk, leurre d'niseau, m.; catch of a door, anneau d'une porte, m.; catch of a latch, crampon de loquet, m. Catch-bil, parasite, m. écornifleur, m. CATCHER, s. qui preud, qui attrape. CATCHING, adj. contagieux. CATCH-POLE, s. sergent, m.
CATCH-POLE, s. sergent, m.
CATCH-WORD, s. réclame, f. [réponses.
CATECHISE, adj. par demandes et par
CATECHISE, a. catéchiser, instruire. CATECHISM, s. catéchisme, m. instruction du CATECHIST, s. catéchiste, m. [dogme. CATECHUMEN, s. catéchumène, m. & CATEGORICAL, adj. categorique, convenable. CATEGORICALLY, adv. categoriquement. CATEGORY, s. categorie, f. ordre, m. classe, f. CATENATION, s. enchainement, m. CATER, s. quatre, au jeux de cartes or de dés. CATER, v. a. pourvoir, faire provision. CATER-COUSIN, s. parasite, ecornifleur. CATELER, s. pourvoyeur, m. CATERES, s. pourvoyeuse, f. CATEAPILLAR. s. chenille, f.

[tamarre, m. CATHOLICE, adj. catholique, universel, gé CATHOLICOS, s. catholicon, s. remède à tous maux. CATKINS, s. pl. (cat's-tail) chatons, m. pl. CATLING, s. couleau à dissequer, m. CATOPTRICAL, adj. de catoptrique. CATOPTRICES, s. catoptrique, CAT-PIPE, s. pipeau, m. sifflet, m CAT's-TAIL, s. chaion, m. emouchette, f. CATTLE, s. bétail, m. troupeau, m. CAUDLE, s. chaudeau, m. réveillon, m. CAUDLE, s. coffre percé, banneton, m. CAUGHT, part. adj. pris. Caught up, ravi, enlévé. CAUL, s. fond de coiffe, m. la coiffe. CAULIFLOWER, s. chou-fleur, m. CAUSAL, adj. causale, causative. [cipe, # CAUSALITY, s. causalité, f. cause, f. prin-CAUSE, s. cause, f. source, f. raison, f. su-jet, m. licu, m. parti, m. procès, m. CAUSE, v. n. causer, faire, exciter. CAUSELESSLY, adv. sans cause, sans objet. CAUSELESS, adj. sans cause, sans raison. CAUSER, s. agrent, m. auteur, m.
CAUSER, s. agrent, m. auteur, m.
CAUSERVAY, s. chaussee, f. digue, f. [rosis.
CAUSTICAL, CAUSTICK, adj. caustique, corCAUSTICK, s. un caustique. Caustick-stone,
pierre infernal. CAUTELOUS. adj. circonspect, ruse, fourbe. CAUTELOUSLY, adv. avec precaution, avec CAUTERIZATION, s. cauterisation, f. [ruse. CAUTERISE, v. a. cautériser, brûler. CAUTERY, s. cautère, m. fer brulant. CAUTION, s. prudence, f. precaution, f. CAUTION, v. a. avertir, donner avis. CAUTIONARY, udj. donné en ôtage. CAUTIOUS, adj. circonspect, prudent, avisé CAUTIOUSLY, adv. prudemment. CAUTIOUSNESS, s. circonspection, f. retenue CAVALCADE, s. cavalcade, f. CAVALIER, s. cavalier, m. un royaliste. [libre CAVALIER, adj. gai, cavalier, guerrier, fier CAVALIERLY, adv. cavalierement. CAVALRY, s. cavalerie, f. troupes à cheval. CAVE, s. caverne, f. antre, st. cave, f. CAVEAT, s. avertissement, m. empêchement, CAVERN, s. caverne, f. antre, m. CAVERNOUS, adj. caverneux, creux. CAVERS, s. voleursdes mines, m. CAVESSON, s. caveçon, m. bridon, m. CAVIL, s. chicane, f. sophisme, m. CAVIL, s. chicane, f. sophisme, m. CAVIL, v. a. chicaner, trouver a redire. CAVILLATION, s. pointillerie, f. chicane, f. CAVILLER, s. chicaneur, m. sophiste, m. CAVILLOUS, adj. captieux, pointilleux. CAVITY, s. cavilé, f. creux, m. CAW, v. n. croacer or croasser. CEASE, v. n. & a. cesser, discontinuer. CEASELESS, adj. continuel, perpetuel. With out ceasing, sans cesse. CECITY, s. aveuglement, m. CEDAR. s. cèdre (arbre.) CEDRINE, adj. de cèdre. CEIL, v. a. plafonner, lambrisser.

CELLING, s. plafond, m. lambris. CELLINDINE, s. (a plant) éclaire, f. CELEBRATE, v. a. célébrer, solemniser. CELEBRATED, adj. célébre, fameux. CELEBRATION, s. éloge, m. louange, f. célé-CELEBRIOUS, adj. célébre, famoux, renommé. CELEBRITT, s. célébrité, f. renommée, f. CELERITY, s. célébrité, f. vicesoc Tapidité, f. CELERY, s. (an herb) céléri, s. CELIACK, adj. céliaque, du bas ventre. CELIBACT, s. célihat, m. vie de garçon, f. CELL, s. cellule, f. cavité, f. caveau. CELLAR, s. cave, f. cellier, n CELLARAGE, s. caves, f. celliers m. CELLERAUS, s. cellerier, m. caviste, m. CELLULARIST, s. cellerier, m. caviste, m. CELLULAR, adj. cellulaire, caverneux. CEMENT, s. ciment, m. lien, m. CEMENT, v. s. cimenter, affermir. CEMETERY, s. cimetière, f. CENOBITICAL, sdf. cénobitique. CENOTAPH, s. cénotaphe, m. cataphalque, m. CENSE, s. taxes, f. pl. impôt, m. CENSE, v. s. encenser, parfumer. CENSER, s. encensoir, m. CENSOR, s. censeur, m. magistrat Romain. CENSORIOUS, adj. critique, médisant. CENSORIOUSLY, adv. en censeur, en critique CENSORIOUSESS, s. humeur critique, f. CENSORIOUSESS, s. humeur critique, f. CENSORIOUS, s. dignité de conseur, f. CENSURABLE, adj. censurable, reprehensible. CENSURE, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. CENSURE, v. c. censurer, reprimander. CENSURER, s. frondeur, m. critique, m. CENT, s. cent, m. CENTAUR, s. centaure, ss. CENTAURY, s. (a plant) contaurée, f. CENTENARY, adj. centenaire ; s. centaine, f. CENTESIMAL, s. contième, m. CENTINADY, s. resouée, f. centinode, f. CENTO, s. centon, m. habit fait de pièces. CENTRAL; adj. central, qui est au centre. CENTRE, CENTER, s. centre, m. milieu. CENTRE, v. n. aboutir, se terminer à. CENTRIPETAL, adj. centriage.
CENTRIPETAL, adj. centripete.
CENTRY, SENTRY, a. sentispete.
CENTRY-BOX, a. guerite, f.
CENTRY-BOX, a. guerite, f.
CENTRY-BOX, a. guerite, f. CENTURIATOR, s. centuriateur, m. CENTURION, s. centurion, m. centenier, CENTURY, s. centaines, f. centurie, f. siècle, CEPHALALGY, s. céphalaigie, f. CEPHALIQUE, adj. céphalaque. CRRATE, s. cérat, m. CERB, v. a. enduire de cire. CERELLOTH, c. toile cirée, sparadrap, m. CEREMONIAL, adj. & c. m. cérémonial. CEREMONIOUS, adj. cérémonicux. CEREMONIOUSLY, adn. avec cérémonie. CEREMONY, s. cérémonie, f. formalité, f. fa-CERILLA, s. cédille, f. [con, f. CERTAIN, adj. certain, assuré, sûr, quelque. CERTAINLY, adr. certainement, assurement. CERTAINTY, s. certitude, f. assurance, f. CERTIFICATE, s. certificat, m. temoignage. CERTIFY, v. a. certifier, declarer, notifier. CERTITUDE, a. certifier, f. assurance, f. CERULEAN, CERULEOUS, adj. bleu. CERUMEN, s. cérumen, m. matière jaune de CERUSE, c. céruse, f. blanc d'Espagne. CREAREAN, adj. césarienne. CESS, s. (tax) taxe. f. cotisation, f.

CESS, v. a. taxer, imposer, cotiser. CESSATION, s. cessation, f. relàche, f. CESSION, s. cession, f. transport, ss. CESSION, s. cession, f. transport, ss. CESSIONARY, adf. cessionnaire. CESTUS, s. ceste, m. ceinture de Vénus, f. CETACEOUS, adj. cétacée, de baleine. CHAFE, v. c. & n. chauser, échauser, irriter, s'echauffer, s'ecorcher. Chafe, s. chaleur, f. colère, f. emporteme CHAFER, s. escarbot, ss. un poilon. CHAFF, s. paille, f. CHAFFER, s. merchandise, f.; v. n. trafiques, marchander. CHAFFERER, s. marchand, m. acheteur, m. CHAFFERING, CHAFFERY, s. traffic, m. commerce, m. CHAFFERN, s. chaudière, f. CHAFFIRCH, s. (a sort of bird) pinson, m. CHAFFLESS, adf. sans peille. CHAFFL, adf. plein de paille. CHAFING-DISH, s. rechaut, s CHARIN, e. chagriner, inquiétade, f. CHAGRIN, e. d. chagriner, inquiéter. CHAIN, e. chaine, f. servitude, f. Cha lace, un passe-poil, cordonner, m. CHAIN, e. a. enchaîner, mettre à la chaîne. CHAINING, s. enchaînement, m. CHAIN-PUMP, s. sorte de pompe double Снати-sнот, s. un ange, m. terme d'artillerie. CHAIN-WALES, s. p. porte-haubans, m.
CHAIN-WALES, s. p. porte-haubans, m.
CHAIR, s. chaise, f. chaise à porteurs. Armchair, fauteuil. Privy-chair, chaise percés.
CHAIRMAN s. porteur de chaise, m. président
d'une assemblée, m. CHAISE, s. chaise, f. phaëton, m. cabriolet, m. CHALCEDOBY, s. chalcédoine, f. CHALDER, CHALDROK, s. mesure de 36 hoisseaux. CHALICE, s. calice, m. coupe, f. [chaur. CHALK, s. craie, f. CHALE, s. crave, f. CHALE, c. d. crave, f. Chale, v. d. crayonner, fumer avec de la CHALK-OUT, v. d. tracer, frayer.
CHALLENGE, e. défi, m. appel, m. cartel, m. demande, f. sommation, f. récusation, f. CHALLENGE, v. d. défier, provoquer, reclamer, sommer, recuser, accuser. CHALLENGER, s. agresseur, m. appellant. CHALYBEATE, adj. imprégué de fer, ferrée. CHAMADE, s. chamade, f. CHAMBER, s. chambre, f. [une chambre. CHAMBER, v. n. libertiner, être, résider dans CHAMBER-COUNSELLOR, c. avocat consultant, m. CHAMBERER, s. libertin, m. débauché, m. Chamber-fellow, s. camarade, m CHAMBERLAIS, s. chambellan, m. trésorier. CHAMBER-MAID, s. femme de chambre, soubrette, f. CHAMPLEON, s. cameléon, m. CHAMPER, v. a. canneler; s. cannele re, f. CHAMPERING, s. cannelure, f. embraure, f. CHAMOIS, s. chamois, m. chévre sauvage. CHAMOILLE, s. (a plant) camomille, f. CHAMP, v. s. mâcher, mordre. CHAMPAIGN, s. campagne, f. pays découvert. CHAMPERTOR, s. un chicaneur. CHAMPIGNON, s. champignon, m. CHAMPIGNON, s. champion, m. guerrier, m. CHAMPION, v. a. défier au combal. CHANCE, s. basard, m. accident, m. CHANCE, v. n. arriver, se rencontrer. CHANCEL, s. le sanctuaire, le presbytère

CHANCELLOR, s. chancelier, m. [lier. | CHARCELLGRSHIP, s. la charge de chance-CHANCE-MEDLEY, s. cas fortuit, accident, m. CHANCERY, s. chancellerie, f. CHANCRE, s. chancre, m. ulcère. CHANCROUS, adj. chancreux. CHANDELIER, s. un lustre, un candelabre. CHANDLER, s. chandelier, m. regratier, revendeur. A wax-chandler, un cirier. Cornchandler, vendeur de grains, m. CHANGE, v. a. & n. changer, échanger. CHANGE, s. changement, st. varieté, change, st. échange, st. la bourse. CHANGEABLE, adj. changeant, variable, inconstant. CHANGEABLENESS, s. inconstance, f. CHANGEABLE, adv. d'une manière incon-CHANGELING, c. enfant suppose. CHANGER, s. changeur, m. CHANGING, s. changement, m. CHANNEL, s. canal, m. lit (d'une rivière), passe, f. la manche, cannelure. CHANNEL, v. a. canneler, ciseler. CHANT, r. a. chanter, célébrer. CHANTER, s. chanteur, m. chantre, m. CHANTICLEER, s. coq, m. CHARTRESS, s. chanteuse, f. CHANTRY, s. chapelle, chanterie, f. CHANTRY, s. chaos, m. confusion, f. désordre, m. CHAP, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. ouverture, f. gercure, f. bajoue, mâchoire, f. CHAP, v. n. se fendre, s'ouvrir, se gercer. CHAPE, s. attache, f. crampon, m. bout, m. CHAPEL, s. chapelle, f. CHAPERON, s. chaperon, m. bonnet. CHAPITER, s. chapiteau, chef, m. CHAPLAIN, s. chapelain, m. aumonier, m. CHAPLAINSHIP, s. office de chapelain, f. CHAPLET, s. guirlande, f. chapelet, m. CHAPMAN, s. acheteur, m. chaland, m. CHAPS, s. pl. gueule, f. embouchure, f. CHAPTER, s. chapitre, m. assemblee, f. CHAR, c. ouvrage journalier, tache, f. CHAR, v. n. travailler à la journée. CHARACTER, s. caractère, m. lettre, f. qualité, f. témoignage de conduite, m CHARACTERISTICAL, adj. caracteristique. CHARACTERISTICE, s. marque distinctive CHARACTERIZE, v. a. caractériser, peindre. CHARCOAL, s. charbon de bois, m CHARD, s. charde, f. feuille d'artichaud. CHARE, s. tache, marche, m. petite affaire. CHARGE, r. a. charger, imputer, accuser.
CHARGE, s. charge, f. soin, m. depôt, m.
ordra, m. précepte, m. emploi, m. accusation, f. imputation, f. exhortation, f. avis, m. mercuriale, f. frois, m. dépense, f. attenue f. fond. taque, f. fardeau, m. CHARGEABLE, adj. cher, conteux; qu'on peut accuser. CHARGEABLY, adv. dispendieusement. CHARGER, s. grand plat, un bassin; cheval de guerre or de bataille, chargeoir, m. Charlly, adv. soigneusement, avec écono-CHARIOT, s. char, m. phaeton, m. CHARIOTEER, s. cocher, m. conducteur, m. CHARITABLE, adj. charitable. CHARITABLY, adv. charitablement. CHARITY, s. charité, f. bienveillance, f. CHARK, v. a. réduire en charbon. CHARLATAN, s. charlatan, m. trompeur, m. CHARLATANRY, s. charlatanerie, f. tromperie, f. CHARLES'S-WAIN, s. la grande ourse.

ftrait, m. CHARLOCK, s. sorte de jaunet. CHARM, s. charme, m. enchantement, m. at-CHARM, v. a. charmer, enchanter. CHARMER, s. enchanteur, m. enchanteres CHARMING, adj. charmant, ravissant. CHARMINGLY, adv. d'une manière charmante. CHARNEL-HOUSE, s. charnier, m. CHART, s. carte des côtes, f. ftentes. CHARTER, s. charte or chartre, f. lettres pa-CHARTER, adj. privilégié. CHARTER-ROUSE, s. chartreuse, f. CHARTER-PARTY, s. charte-partie, f. CHARY, adj. soigneux, econome. CHASE, v. a. chasser, poursuivre, ciseler. CHASE, s. chasse, f. foret, f. coulisse. CHASER, s. chasseur, m. ciseleur. CHASM, s. ouverture, f. creux, f. abime, m. CHASTE, adv. chaste, pudique, honnête. CHASTEN, v. a. châtier, punir, corriger. [m.] CHASTE-TREE, s. agnus-castus, m. (arbuste, CHASTISE, v. a. chatier, punir, corriger. CHASTISEMENT, s. châtiment, m. punition, f. CHASTISER, s. celui or celle qui châtie. CHASTITY, s. chasteté, f. pureté, f. conti-CHASTELY, adr. chastement. [nence, f Chasuble, s. chasuble, f. Chat, v. n. babiller, causer, jaser. CHAT, s. babil, m. caquet, m CHATELLANY, s. châtellanie, f. CHATTEL, s. biens mobiliaires. flaquer. CHATTER, v. n. caqueter, jaser, gazouiller, CHATTER, CHATTERING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. ramage, m. claquement. Chatterer, s. babillard, m. causeur, m CHATWOOD, s. brossailles, f. CHAW, s. bajoue, f.; r. a. macher. CHAWDRON, s. entrailles, f. pl. CHEAP, adj. à bon marche, à bas prix. CHEAPEN, v. a. marchander, faire decheoir. CHEAPENER, s marchandeur, marchan-CHEAPLY, adv. à bon marché. [deuse. CHEAPNESS, s. bon marche, bas prix. CHEAT, v. a. tromper, duper, friponner. CHEAT, s. tromperie, f. fraude, f. filoutérie, f. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. CHEATER, s. trompeur, m. fripon, m. CHEATINGLY, adv. par supercherie. CHECK, v. a. arrêter. reprimer, reprendre. CHECK, s. echec, m. frein, m. reprimande, f. chagrin, m. obstacle, m. paraphe, m. CHECKER, CHEQUER, v. a. marqueter, bi-CHECKER-WORK, s. marqueterie, f. [garrer. CHECKER-WISE, adv. en echiquier. [quete. CHECKERED, CHECKY, adj. marquete, echi-CHECKMATE, s. echec et mat, m CHEEK, s. joue, f. face, f.; cheek-by-jole, tête-à-tête, m. CHEEK, s. jumelles, f. gemelles, f. chasses, CHEEKED, adj.; blub-cheeked, joufflu. CHEER OF CHEAR, s. chère, f. régal, m. courage, m. mine, f. visage, m.
CHEER, v. a. réjouir, égayer, animer.
CHEER-UP, n. n. se réjouir, prendre courage.
CHEER-UP, e. oise f. un boute-en-train CHEER-UP, n. n. se rejouir, prendre courage. CHEERER, s. joie, f. un boute-en-train. CHEERFUL, adv. gai, joyeux, enjoué, dispos. CHEERFULNESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. [ment CHEERLESS, adj. triste, mélancolique. CHEERY, adj. gai, enjoué, agréable. CHEESE, s. fromage, m. CHEESE-CARE, s. talmouse, f. CHEESE-CURDS, s. lait caille, m. CHEESEMONGER, s. fromager, m. CHEESEVAT. s. éclisse, f. rond, m.

CHEESY, adj. fromageux, de la nature du CHIMMEY, s. cheminée, f. fromage. CHIMMEY-CORNER, s. le coin d'une cheminée. fromage. CHERISH, v. a. chérir, aimer, entretenir. CHERRY, s. cerise, f.; adj. vermeil. CHERRY-ORCHARD, s. cerisaie, f. CHERRY-PIT, s. (a child's play) fossette, f. CHERRY-TREE, s. cerisier, m. CHERRY-STONE, s. noyau de cerise, m. CHERUB Or CHERUBIM, s. chérubin, m. CHERUBICK, adj. angélique. CHERVIL, s. (an herb) cerfeuil, m. CHEST, s. echecs, m. jeu des échecs, m.
CHESS-BOARD, s. échequier, m.
CHESS-BOARD, s. échiquier, m.
CHESS-MAN, s. une pièce des échecs.
CHEST, v. a. mettre en caisse, entasser. CHEST-FOUNDERED, adj. courbattu, surmené CHEST-FOUNDERING, s. courbature, f. CHESTNUT, s. châtaigne, f. maron, m. CHESTNUT-COLOUR, s. châtain, m. CHESTNUT-PLOT, s. châtaigneraie, f. CHESTNUT-TREE, s. châtaiguier, m. CHEVALIER, s. chevalier or cavalier, m. CHEVEN, s. cabilleau, m. CHEVERIL, s. chevereau, m. peau de chèvre, CHEVRON, s. chevron, m. CHEVRONET, s. étaie, f. CHEW, r. a. mâcher, méditer, tramer. CHIBBOUT, s. ciboule, f. ciboulettes, f. pl. CHICANE, s. chicane, f. fausse subtilité. CHICANE, v. n. chicaner, subtiliser. CHICANER, s. chicaneur, m. sophiste, m. CHICANERY, s. chicanerie, f. sophisme, m. CHICK OF CHICKEN, s. poulet, m. poussin, m. CHICKEN-POX, s. petite vérole volante. CHICKEN-HEARTED, adj. peureux, timide. CHICK-PEAS, s. pois chiches, m. CHICK-WEED, s. (a plant) morin, m. CHIDE, v. a. & n. gronder, censurer, querel-CHIBER, s. grondeur, m. censeur, m. CHIBER, s. grondeur, m. censeur, m. CHIBER, add. principal, premier, capital. CHIEF, s. chef, m. commandant, general, m. CHIEFLES, adj. sans chef. CHIEFLES, adj. sans chef. CHIEFTAIN, s. capitaine, m. champion, m. CHILBLAIN, s. engelure, f. CHILD, s. enfant, m. & f. To get a woman with child, engrosser une semme. To be with child, être enceinte. From a child, with child, être enceinte. From a child, dès l'enfance. A god-child, un filleul or une filleule. Grand-child, s. petit fils, m. petite fille, f. CHILD-BED, s. couches, f. pl. [ment, m. CHILD-BIRTH, s. travail d'enfant, m. enfante-CHILDHOOD, s. enfance, f.
CHILDISH, adj. enfantia, puérile.
CHILDISHLY, adv. puérilement, en enfant. CHILDISHNESS, s. puerilité, f. cafantillage, CHILDLESS, adj. sans enfant. CHILDREN, s. pl. of child, enfans, m. pl. CHILLAD, s. un mille, un millier. CHILL, adj. froid, frileux. CHILL, s. froid, m. froideur, f.
CHILL, v. a. & n. rendre froid, rendre frileux, glacer, transir de froid. [son, m. CHILLINESS, CHILLNESS, s. froidure, f. fris-CHIME, s. harmonie, f. carillon, m.
CHIME, v. a. & n. carillonner, convenir. CHIMER, v. a. c. r. cal monnes, convenant CHIMERA, s. chimère, f. vision, f. CHIMERICAL, adj. chimèrique, imaginaire. CHIMERICALLY, adv. chimèriquement. CHIMMAR OF SIMAR, s. simarre, f.

CHIMNEY-HOOK, s. croissant de cheminée, m. CHIMNEY-MONEY, s. fouage, m. CHIMNEY-PIECE, s. tableau de cheminée. CHIMNEY-SWEEPER, s. ramoneur de chemi-[née, m. CHIN, s. menton, m. CHIN-CLOTH, mentonnière, f. CHINA, s. porcelaine de la Chine, f. CHINA-MAN, CHINA-WOMAN, falencier, M. CHINA-OUGH, s. coqueluche, f. toux violente. CHINE, s. échine, m. échinée, f. les reins. CHINE, v. a. échiner, rompre les reins. CHINK, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. lézard, f. CHINK, v. a. & n. faire sonner, tinter. CHINKY, adj. crevasse, plein de fentes. CHIRTZ, s. pl. perses, m. pl. Indienne, f. CHIRTZ, s. pelit morceau, miette, f. échantillon, m.; chip of wood, copeau, m. plénure, m.; chip of bread, chapelures de pain, CHIP, v. a. hâcher, aménuiser, chapeler. CHIRARGICAL, adj. qui a la goutte. CHIROGRAPHER, s. scribe, m. ecrivain, m. CHIROGRAPHY, s. l'art d'ecrire, m. [= CHIROMANCER, s. diseur de bonne aventure, CHIROMANCER, s. discur de bonne aventure, CHIROMANCER, s. chiromancie, f. CHIRP, c. n. ramager, gazouiller, pépier. CHIRP, CHIRPER, s. qui ramage, m. gazouil-CHIRPING, s. ramage, m. leur, m. CHIRPING, adj. réjouissant, qui rend joyeux. CHIRURGICAL, adj. chirurgique. CHISEL, s. cissau à sculpier, m.; v. a. cissel CHISEL, warder s. cisselve f. Teeur f. CHISEL-WORK, s. ciselure, f. CHIT, s. enfant, poupon, m. petit chat, rous CHIT, r. n. germer, pousser. CHITCHAT, s. babil, m. caquet, m. f. pl. tripasilles, f. pl. boyaux, m. pl. tripes, f. pl. tripasilles, f. pl. andouilles, f. boudins, Chitty, adj. enfantin, niais. CHIVALRY, s. chevalerie, f. fief noble, m. CHIVES, s. pl. fillets des fleurs, m. pl. CHLOROSIS, s. chlorose, f. les pales couleurs. CHOCOLATE, s. chocolat, m. CHOCOLATE-POT, s. chocolatière, f. CHOICE, s. choix, m. élite, f. triage, m. assortiment, m. variété, f. CHOICE, adj. choisi, trié, recherché, d'élite. CHOICELY, adv. avec soin, avec choix. CHOICENESS, s. délicatesse, discernement. CHOIR, s. chœur, m. CHOKE, r. a. étrangler, étouffer, suffoquer, engorger, boucher. CHOKER, s. qui étrangle, qui arrête. CHOKE-VETCH OF CHOKE-WEED, s. tignes, f. CHOKY, adj. suffoquant, qui étouffe. CHOLAGOGUES, s. pl. remèdes contre la bile, CHOLER, s. bile, f. colère, f. [m. pl. CHOLERICK, adj. bilieux, colère. CHOLERICKNESS, s. emportement, m. Choose, v. a. choisir, elire; choose rather, aimer mieux; choose out, trier, prendre, choisir. CHOP, v. a. & n. couper, troquer. CHOP, s. tranche, f. morceau, sa. cotelette, f. CHOP-HOUSE, s. petit cabaret, gargote, f. CHOP-ING, adj. cros et gras, been nourri. CHOPFING-BLOCK, s. hachoir, sa. dressoir, sa. CHOPPING-KNIFE, s. couperet, m. CHOPS, s. pl. bouche, f. gueule, f. machoire, CHOPPY, adj. troub, perce.
CHORAL, adj. de choeur. CHORD, s. corde d'instrument, f. er d'un arz. CHORDEE, s. chaudepisse, cordée.

CHORISTER, s. choriste, m. enfant de chœur, CHYMISTRY, s. chimie, f. CHOROGERAPHER, s. chorographe, m. [m.] CIEGL OF CIEGULE, s. ciboule, f. CHOROGRAPHICAL, chorographique. CHOROGRAPHY, s. chorographie, f. CHORUS, s. chorus, m. le choeur. CHORUS, s. chorus, m. le choeur. CHORUS, s. espèce de corneille, choucas. CHORUS, s. le jabot d'un oiseau. CHOUSE, v. a. tromper, duper. [terie, f. CHOUSE, s. dupe, f. niais, m. duperie, f. filou-CHOWTER, v. n. murmurer, grommeler. CHRISM, s. chrême, m. oint, m. CHRISON-CLOTH, s. chrêmeau, m. CHRIST, s. Christ, le Sauveur du monde. CHRISTEN, v. a. baptiser, nommer. CHRISTENDOM, s. chrétienté, f. CHRISTENING, s. baptéme, m CHRISTEN-NAME, s. nom de baptême. CHRISTIAN, s. & adj. chretien, m. CHRISTIANISM OF CHRISTIANITY, s. Christianisme, m. CHRISTIANIZE, v. a. convertir. CHRISTIANLY, adv. chrétiennement. CHRISTIAS, s. Roel, m.; Christmas-b tweenes, f. pl. tire-lire, f. CHRIST'S-THORN, s. aubepine, f. GHROMATICK, adj. chromatique. CHROMICAL, CHRONICK, adj. chronique. CHROMICAL, CHRONICK, adj. chronique. Christmas-box, CHRONICLE, s. chronique, f. annales, f. CHRONICLE, v. a. mettre daus les annales. CHRONICLER, s. chroniqueur, m. anualiste, CHRONOGRAM, s. chronogramme, m. [m. CHRONOLOGER, CHRONOLOGIST, s. chronologiste, m. [chronologique. CHROFOLOGICALLY, adv. suivant Fordre CHRONOLOGY, s. chronologie, f. CHRONOMETER, s. chronomètre, m. Chrysalis, s. chrysalide, f. nymphe, f. CHUE, s. chabot, m. an paysan, un rusire.
CHUEBED, adj. qui a la tete grosse.
CHUE-CHEEKED, adj. joufflu.
CHUEKE, s. a. & n. imiter le cri d'une poule, chanter, donner un petit coup sous le men-CHUCK. s. le cri de la poule, soubarbe, f. CHUCK-PARTHING, s. fossette, f. [ner. CHUCKLE, v. n. & a. rire avec éclat, rica-CHUFF, c. paysan, rustre, rustaud. CHUFFLY, adv. grossièrement. CHUFFY, adj. grossier, rustique. Caren, s. camarade de chambre, m CHUMP, s. gros morceau, piece, f. billot, m. CHUMP, s. eglise, f. l'office divin. CHURCH, v. a. relever une femme de couches. CHURCH-BOOK, s. Laptistère, m. CHURCHING, s. relevailles, f. pl.
CHURCHING, s. relevailles, f. pl.
CHURCHING, s. pl. biens d'église, m. pl.
CHURCH-LANDS, s. pl. biens d'église, m. membre
de l'église Anglicane, m. CHURCH-WARDEN, s. marguillier, m. un an-CHURCH-YARD, J. cimitière, f. CHERLY, s. un paysan, un rustaud, un avare. Churlish, adv. rustique, grossier, avare. Churlishhur, adv. grossierement, brutako-Ghurlishness, s. rusticité, f. [ment. CHURME, s. bruit confus, m. tapage, m. CHURN, s. baratte, f. ; v. a. battre, agiter vielemment. CHURK-STAFF, s. baratte beurre, f. CHOSE or rather CHOSE which see. CHYLE, s. chyle, m. le suc des alimens. CHYLOUS, adj. de chyle, chyleux. CHYMICAL, CHYMICA, adj. chimique. CHYMIST, s. chimiste, m. drogiste, m

CICATRIX, s. cicatrice, f. CICATRIZE, v. a. cicatriser. CICHORACEUUS, adj. chicoracee. CICURATE, v. a. apprivoiser, rendre tranable CICURATION, s. l'action d'apprivoiser. CID, s. un vaillant homme, un héros. CIDER, s. cidre, m. CIDER-HOUSE, s. cabaret à cidre, m. CIDERIST, CIDER-MAN, s. fescur or vendeur de cidre, m. CIDERKIN, s. de petit cidre. CIDERKIN, 5. de pent emiss.

CIERER, s. cierge, m.

CILLARY, adj. ciliaire, qui appartient aux

CIMETER, s. cimeterre, m. sabre, m.

CINOTURE, s. ceinture, f. ceinturon, m.

CINDER, s. fraisil, m. charbon éteint, m. CINDER-WENCH, s. une femme de néant. CINERITIOUS, adj. en cendres. CINGLE, s. sangle, f. sanglon, m. CINNABAR, s. cinabre, f. vermillon, m. CINNAMON, s. einnamome, su. cannelle, f CINNAMON-TREE, s. cannellier, m. CINOPER, s. cinabre factice, m. vermillon, m. CINQUE, s. un cinq, aux des et aux cartes. CINQUE-FOIL, s. quinte-feuille, f. CION, s. rejetton, m. scion, m. CIPEROS, s. souchet, m. espèce de jonc, f. CIPHER or CYPHER, s. chiffre, m. zéro, m. CIPHER, v. n. chiffrer, calculer. CIPHERING, s. l'action de chiffrer, calcul, m. CIRCLE, s. cercle, m. rond, m. assemblee, f. CIRCLE, v. a. mouvoir en rond, limiter. CIRCLET, s. cercle, m. orbe, m. porteassiette, CIRCLING, adj. circulaire, rond. CIRCUIT, s. circuit, m. contour, m. CIRCULAR, adj. circulaire, en rond, borne. CIRCULARLY, adv. en forme de cercle. CIRCULATE, v.n. circuler, se mouvoir en rond. CIRCULATION, s. circulation, f. CIRCULATORY, adj. circulaire CIRCUMAMBIENCY, s. enceinte, f. CIRCUMAMBIENT, adf. qui entoure, d'alentour. CIRCUMANBULATION, s. promenade tout an-[tour, f. CIRCUMCISE, v. a. circoncire. CIRCUMCISER, s. circonciseur, m. CIRCUMCISION, s. circoncision, f. CIRCUMDUCTION, s. abolition, CIRCUMFERENCE, s. circonference, CIRCUMFLEX, adj. circonflexe. flour, m. CIRCUMPLUENT, adj. qui coule autour. CIRCUMFORANEOUS, adj. ambulant, vulgaire. CIRCUMFUSE, v. a. répandre autour, étendre. CIRCUMGYRATION, s. tournoiement, m. CIRCUMJACENT, adj. qui est aux environs. CIRCUMLOCUTION, s. circonlocution, f. CIRCUMBAVIGATE, v. n. naviguer autour de. CIRCUMSCRIBE, v. a. circonscrire, borner, CIRCUMSCRIPTION, s. limitation, f. [limiter CIRCUMSPECT, adj. circonspect, reservé. CIRCUMSPECTION, s. circonspection, CIRCUMSPECTIVE, adj. attentif, vigilant. CIRCUMSPECTLY, adv. prudemment. CIRCUMSTANCE, s. circonstance, f. condition, CIRCUMSTANCE, v. a. circonstancier. CIRCUMSTANTIAL, adj. accidentel, acces-CIRCUMSTANTIALLY, adv. en détail. [soire. CIRCUMSTANTIATE, v. a. circonstancier CIRCUMVALLATION, s. circonvallation, f. CIRCUMVENT, v. a. tromper, surprendre. CIRCUMVENTION a. tromperie. f surprise f

CIRCUMVOLUTION, s. circonvolution, f. CLARIFICATION, s. elanification, f. CLARIFY, v. a. clarifier, eclairer. CIRQUE or CIRCUS, s. cirque, m. Cista, s. tegument, m. enveloppe, f. Cistarcians, s. pl. religieux de citeaux, m CISTERN, s. citerae, f. fontaine, f.
CIT. s. citoyen, m. bourgeois, in.
CIT. s. citoyen, m. bourgeois, in.
CITATION, s. citatdelle, f. forteresse, f.
CITATION, s. citation, f. assignation, f.
CITE, v. a. citer, assigner, alleguer.
CITER, s. celei qui cite, rapporteur, m. CITESS, s. bourgeoise, f. CITHERN, s. cistre, m CITIZEN, s. & adj. citoyen, bourgeois, m. A fellow citizen, concitoyen. CITRINE, adj. citrin, de couleur de citron. CITRON, s. citron, m. limon, m. CITRON-TREE, s. citronier, m. limonier, m. CITRON-WATER, s. citronelle, f. CITROR-WATER, s. citronelle, f.
CITRUL, s. citrouille, f.
CITY, s. ville, f. cite, f.; adj. de ville.
CIVET or CIVET-CAT, s. civette, f.
CIVICE, adf. civique, de citoyen.
CIVIL, adj. civile, civilisé, poli, obligeant.
CIVILIAN, s. docteur en droit civil, m. CIVILITY, s. civilisé, f. politesse, f. arbanité. CIVILIZATION, s. civilisation, f. CIVILIZE, v. a. civiliser, humaniser, polir. CIVILLY, adr. civilement, poliment.
CLACK, s. bruit continuel, claquet.
CLACK, v. n. claquer, cliqueter. sood, couper la marque des brebis. CLACKING, s. cliquetis, m. claquement, m. CLAD, part. adj. habille, vetu. CLAIM, s. demande, f. pretention, f. CLAIM, s. d. réclamer, prétendre, sommer. CLAIMABLE, adj. réclamable. CLAIMANT, CLAIMER, s. prétendant, m. CLAMBER, v. n. grimper, monter. CLAMM, r.a. prendre avec de la glue. CLAMMINESS, s. viscosite, f. CLAMMY, adj. visqueux, gluant, pâteux. CLAMROUS, adj. bruyant, tumulueux. CLAMOUR, s. bruit, m. clameur, f. CLAMOUR, v. a. crier, faire du bruit or des clameurs. CLAMP, s. clamp, m. gémelle, CLAMP, v. a. acclamper, joindre. CLAMPS, s. pl. jumelles, f. pl. gaburons, m. pl. CLAM, s. famille, f. race, f. secte, f. clique, f. famille écossoise, tribu, f.
CLAN TOGETHER, v. n. cabaler, faire un parti.
CLANDESTINE, adj. clandestin, furtif, caché. CLANDESTINELY, adv. clandestinement. CLANG, s. cri, m. bruit, m. son aigu. CLANG, r. a. rendre un son aigu. CLANGOUR, s. son, m. fanfare, f. CLANK, s. cliquetis, m. tintement, m. CLANK, v. n. tinter, faire du bruit. CLAP, v. a. battre, battre des mains, applaudir, claquer, appliquer à, mettre sur.

CLAP, s. bruit, m. éclat, m. claquement, m. comp, m. tape, f. chaudepisse, f. CLAP-BOARD, s. douve, f. chranteau, m.
CLAP-BOARD, s. douve, f. chranteau, m.
CLAPPER, s. qui bat des mains, approbateur, m.; clapper of a bell, le battant d'une
porte; clapper of a door, le marteau d'une
porte; clapper of a mill, claquet de moulin,
m. clapper of rabbits, clapier, m. [ment, m. CLAPPING, s. battement, m. applaudisse-CLARENCIEUX, s. le second roi d'armes. CLARE-OBSCURE, s. clair-obscur, m. CLARET, s. vin clairet, m. CLARICORD, s. claveçin, m épincite.

CLARY, s. (an herb) orvale, f. CLASH, v. n. se choquer, se contrarier, se CLASH or CLASHING, s. choc, m. cliquetis, m. CLASP, s. agraffe, f. boucle, f. CLASP, v. a agraffer, embrasser. CLASPER, s. tenon, m. tendron, m CLASP-KNIFE, s. couteau qui se ferme, m. CLASS, s. classe, f. rang, m. ordre, m. CLASS, v. a. ranger par classes. CLASSICAL or CLASSICK, adj. classique. CLATTER, v. n. faire du bruit, disputer; v. a frapper. CLATTER, CLATTERING, s. bruit, # CLAVICLE, s. clavicule, f. CLAUSE, s. clause, article, maxime, la fin CLAUSE, s. ciause, article, maxime, f. a. — CLAUSTRAL, adj. claustral. [serre, f. CLAW, s. griffe, f. pinces, f. pl. defenses, f. pl. CLAW, v. a. gratter, stratigner, flatter; clau away, or off, grander, quereller, de pecher, expedier. [du limon CLAY, s. argile, f. terre glaise; de la boue, CLAY, v. a. enduire d'argile. CLAYES, s. pl. claies, f. pl.
CLAYISH, CLAYEY, adj. argileux.
CLEAN, adj. propre, net, pur, clair, blanc.
CLEAN, adv. tout-à fait, clair et net. CLEAR, v. a. nettoyer, rendre propre CLEANLINESS, s. nettete, f. proprete, f. CLEANLY, adj. propre, pur, innocent. CLEANLY, adv. proprement, nettement. CLEANNESS, s. nettete, élégance, pureté. CLEANSE, v. a. purifier, nettoyer, écurer. CLEANSER, s. qui purifie, qui nettoie. CLEAR, adj. clair, serein, pur, net, innocent juste, evident, clair et net, sûr. CLEAR, adv. tout-à-fait, entièrement. CLEAR, aar. tout-a-tait, enterement.
CLEAR, s. (in the) dans-couver.
CLEAR, v. a. éclaireir, nettoyer, purifier, clarifier, purger, justifier, absoudre, vider, laquider, libérer. To clear the room, vider
la chambre; to clear accounts, liquider
des comptes; to clear the table, desservir.
CLEAR UP, v. n. se découveir, s'éclaireir.
CLEAR UP, v. n. se découveir, s'éclaireir. CLEARANCE, s. acquit, m. decharge, f. CLEARLY, uav. clairement, entièrement. CLEARNESS, s. clarté, f. lumière, f. sérénite, f. netteté, f. pureté, f. CLEAR-SIGHTED, adj. clair-voyant, péné-CLEAR-SPIRITED, adj. franc, sincère. CLEAR-STARCH, v. a. empe CLEAVE, v. n. s'attacher, adhérer, se fendre, s'entrouvrir ; r. a. fendre. CLEAVER, s. couperet, m. fendeur, m. CLEF, s. clef, f. (on musique.) CLEFT, s. fente, f. ouverture, f. crevasse, CLEMENCY, s. clemence, f. indulgence, f. CLEMENT, adj. clément, miséricordieux CLEPSYDRA, s. une clepsidre, un sablier. CLERGY, s. clergé, m. les gens d'église. CLERGYMAN, s. ecclésiastique, s CLERICAL, adj. clerical, ecclesiastique. CLERK, s. clerc, homme d'église, un savant, secretaire, greffier, commis, m CLERKSHIP, s. l'office de clerc, de commis. CLEVER, adj. habile, adroit, bien fait. CLEVERLY, adr. adroitement, vien. CLEVERNESS, s. dextérité, f. adresse, f. hahileté, f. CLEW or CLUE, s. peloton, m. CLICE, v. n. faire tictae or tac-tac. CLICKER, s. garçon de frippier, aboyeur, m

CLICKET, s. marteau, m. cliquette, f. CLIENT, s. client, m. partie, f. protégé, m. CLIENTED, part. adj. qui a des clients. CLIFF or CLIFT, s. rocher escarpé, m. le penchant d'un colline or d'une montagne, morceau, éclat de bois fendu, m. une fente, une crevasse, clef de musique, f. CLIMACTERICE, adj. climaterique. CLIMATE, s. climat, m. region, f. pays, m. CLIMAX, s. gradation, f. CLIMA, s. graduon, J.

CLIMA, v. a. & s. n. monter, grimper.

CLIMBER, s. celui qui monte, grimpeur, m.

CLIMCH, s. climat, m. region, f pays, m.

CLINCH, s. cquivoque, f. serrement, m.

CLINCH, v. a. serrer, fermer, river.

CLINCHER, s. crampon, m. barque, f. CLING, v. n. se coller, se tenir, adherer. CLINGY, adj. visqueux, gluant. CLINICAL and CLINICK, adj. clinique, alité. CLINE, v. n. tinter resonner. CLINK, s. son aign tintement. CLINQUANT, s. clinquant, m. faux éclat. CLIP, v. a. embrasser, rogner, tondre. CLIPPER, s. rogneur, m. tondeur, m. CLIPPINGS, s. rognures, f. pl. CLIVER, s. (sort of berb) melilot, m. CLOAK, s. manteau, m. pretexte, m. CLOAK, v. a. couvrir d'un manteau, cacher. CLOAK-BAG, s. portemanteau, m. valise, f. CLOCK, s. horloge, f. What is it of the clock or o'clock, quelle heure est il 1 Clock of a stocking, le coin d'un bas. CLOCK-MAKER, s. horloger, m. CLOCK-MAKING, s. horlogerie, f. CLOCK-WORK, s. mouvement, m. CLOD, s. motte de terre, f. grumeau, m. CLOD, v. a. se coaguler, se cailler. CLODDY, adj. plein de mottes, grumelé. CLOG, s. poids, m. entraves, f. embarras, m. obstacle, m. charge, f.
CLogs, s. pl. sabots, m. patins de bois, m. claques, f. pl. CLog, v. a. charger, embarrasser, empêcher. CLOGGY, adj. pesant, embarrassant. CLOISTER, s. cloître, m. mcnastère, m. CLOISTER, v. a. cloitrer, enfermer. CLOISTERAL, adj. monastique, reclus. CLOSE v. a. fermer, clorre, finir, terminer; v. n se fermer, se rejoindre, convenir, s'accorder. To close in, renfermer, enfermer, joindre. To close with, s'accorder avec, en venir aux mains avec. CLOSE, s. clos, m. enclos, m. fin, f. CLOSE, adj. fermé, enfermé, étroit, serré, concis, caché, secret, renfermé, compacte, plein. Close fight, une melée. coat, un justaucorps. A close baliards, une bille collée sous bande. A close ball at bil-CLOSE, adv. de près, d'une manière serrée. To live close, vivre avec economie. To the close, vivre avec economic.

CLOSELY, adv. de près, secrètement.

CLOSELY, adv. de près, secrètement.

CLOSENESS, s. clòure, f. proximité, f. liaison, f. connection, f. rèserve, f. secret, m.

CLOSE, strool, s. chaise percée.

CLOSET, s. cabinet. m. petit appartement.

CLOSURE, s. clòure, f. cloison, f.

CLOSURE, s. clòure, f. cloison, f.

CLOSE, congulation, f. grumeau. m. To CLOSER, s. congulation, f. grumeau, m. To CLot, s. congulation, f. grumeau, m. To Clot. See To Clod, se cailler. CLOTH, s. toile, f. linge, m. drap, m. nappe, CLOTH, s. toile, f. linge, m. drap, m. nappe, CLOTHERAM, s. rouet de disserand, m. CLOTH-HAT, s. chapeau sans apprêt, m.

CLOTH-WEAVER, s. tisserand, m. CLOTHE, v. a. pret. Clad, habiller, couvris, CLOTHES, s. pl. vetement, m. habit, m. CLOTHIER, s. drapier, m. qui fait du drap. CLOTHING. s. habiltement, m. vetement, m. CLOUD, s. nue, f. nuèe, f. nuage, m. veine, f. CLOUD, v. a. couvrir de nuages, obscurcir. CLOUD, v. n. se couvrir de nuages. CLOUDED, part. adj. obscurci, triste, onde. CLOUDILY, adv. obscurement. CLOUDINESS, s. obscurité, f. pesanteur, f. CLOUDY, adj. sombre, couvert, nébuleux. CLOUT, s. torchon, m. brales d'enfant, f. pièce à un habit, or à un soulier, bandes de fer, f. pl. CLOUT, v. a. raccommoder, rapetasser. CLOUTED, part. adj. raccommodé, coagule. CLOUTED, part. adj. raccommone, congum. CLOUTERLY, adj. epais, grossier. CLOVE, s. clou de girofie, m.; clove of gar-lick, gousse d'ail, f.; clove gilly flower, s girofiee musquée, f. CLOVER, part. adj. fendu, fourchu. CLOVEN-FOOTED, adj fourchu, fendu. CLOVER, CLOVER-GRASS, s. sorte de trèfle. CLOWN, s. un paysan, un rustre, un brutal. CLOWNERY, s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. CLOWNISH, adj. grossier, rustique, incivil. CLOWNISHLY, adv. grossièrement. CLOWNISHNESS. s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. CLOY, v. a. rassasier, souler, enclouer. CLOYLESS, adj. qui ne peut rassasier. CLUB, s. massue, f. un gourdin, trèfle, m. coterie, f. société, f. rendezvous, cabale. CLUE, v. a. & n. payer son écot, se cottiser. CLUB-LAW, s. la loi du plus fort. CLUCK, v. n. clousser or glousser, appeler. CLUCKING, s. gloussement, m. CLUMP, s. bloc de bois inform, m. CLUMSILY, adv. grossièrement, sans grace. CLUMSINESS, s. grossièreté, f. maladresse, f. CLUMSY, adj. grossier, maladroit. CLUMG, pret. & part. of Cling. CLUSTER, s. amas, m. essaim, grappe, f. tas, m. CLUSTER, v. a. mettre en tas; v. n. croître en CLUSTERY, adj. en grappes. CLUTCH, v. a. empoigner, serrer. CLUTCH, s. prise, f. les griffes, f. les pattes, f. CLUTCH-FIST, un gros poing. CLUTTER, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. foule, f. CLUTTER, v. n. faire du bruit. CLYSTER, s. clistère, m. lavement, m. COACERVATION, s. amas, m. tas, m. assem COACH, s. carrosse, m. voiture. [blage, m. COACH-HIRE, s. louage de carrosse, s COACH-HOUSE, s. remise de carrosse, f. COACH-MAKER, s. carrossier, m. COACH-MAN, s. cocher, m. COACT, v. a. agir de concert COACTION, s. contrainte, f. force, f. COADJUTOR, s. coadjuteur, m COAGULATE, c. a. & n. coaguler, épaissir. se coaguler. Coagulation, s. épaississement, m COAL, s. charbon, m. Sea-coal or Pit-coal, charbon de terre. Charcoal, charbon de bois. COAL, v. n. faire du charbon, charbonner. COAL-BLACK, adj. noir comme charbon. COALERY, s. mine de charbon, f. COALESCE, v. n. s'unir en une masse Coalescence and Coalition, s. réunion COAL-HEAVER, s. un portefaix de charbon

COAL-HOLE, COAL-HOUSE, s. charbonnière, f. || COFFEE-TREE, s. cafier, m. COAL-MAN, COAL-MERCHANT, s. charbonnier, m. COAL-MINE, s. mine de charbon, f. COAL-PIT, s. trou pour tirer le charbon.

COALT, adj. plein de charbon.

COARSE, adj. grossier, brut, épais, matériel,
COARSELY, ado. grossièrement, rudement. COARSENESS, s. grossièreté, f. rudesse, f. COAST, s. côte, f. côté, m. part, f. COAST, v. n. raser la côte, côtoyer. COASTER, s. côtier, m. navigateur timide. COASTING, s. cabotage, m.
COAT, s. habit, m. robe, f. jaquette, f. cotte,
f. la peau, le plumage, &c. d'un animal.
COAT, v. a. couvrir, revêtir. COAX, v. a. flatter, amadouer, enjoler. COAXER, s. flatteur, m. enjôleur, m. Cob, s. mouette, f. un taquin, une piastre. Cobalt, s. cobalt, m. marcassite, f. COBBLE, v. a. raccommoder des souliers. COBBLER, s. savetier, m. COBWEB, s. toile d'araignée, f. COCHINEAL, s. cochenille, f. COCHINEAL, s. cochenile, f.
COCHLEARY, adj. fait en forme de vis.
COCK, s. coq, m. le mâle, robinet, m. coq de
clocher, m. girouette, f.; cock of hay,
meule de foin, f.; cock of a water pipe, robinet, m.; cock of a hat, le troussis d'un
chapeau; cock of a hat, le troussis d'un
chapeau; cock of a sun-dial, style d'un
cadran, m.; cock of a gun, serpentin de mousquet, m Cock, v. a. relever, retrousser, bander, mettre en meules; v. n. se redresser. COCKADE, s. cocarde, f. COCKATRICE. s. (a sort of serpent) basilic, m. COCKER, v. a. caresser, dorloter. [coq. COCKERL, COCKERL, s. cochet, m. jeune COCKET, s. cachet de la douane, m. acquit, COCKES, adj. lascif, pétulant. [m. COCKLE, s. pétoncle, f. ivroie, f. COCKLE-STAIRS, s. pl. escalier en spirale, m. COCK-LOFT, s. grenier, m. galetas, m. COCK-MASTER, s. celui qui dresse des coquides controlles des coquides controlles des coquides controlles des coquides controlles des coquides controlles controlles des coquides controlles con de combats. Cockney, s. un badaud de Londres. Cock-PIT, s. l'endroit ou combattent les COCK'S-COMB, s. crète de coq, f. [C COCK'S-HRAD, s. (a plant) sainfoin, m. COCK-SHUT, s. la fin du jour, la brune. Cock-sure, adj. sûr, sûr de son fait. Cockswain, s. celui qui commande une chaloupe armée en guerre. Cocoa, s. cacao, m. COCTION, s. coction, f. digestion, f. Cop, s. cosse, f. gousse, f. merlache, f. Cope, s. code, m. recueil de loix. CODDLE, v. a. bouillir, cuire dans de l'eau. CODDLING, s. pomme cuite dans l'eau. Coeliace, adj. céliaque, du bas ventre. COEQUAL, adj. coegal, pareil. COERCE, v. a. retenir, restreindre, reprimer. COERCION, s. contrainte, f. violence, f. COERCIVE, adj. coërcitif, coactif, réprimant. COESSENTIAL, adj. de même essence. COETANEOUS, COEVAL, adj. de même âge, contemporain. COETERNAL, adj. co-éternel. COEXIST, v. n. exister en même temps. COFF EE, s. cafe, m. COFFEE-POT, s. cafetière, f.

COFFER, s. coffre, m. caisse, f. l'epargne, f. COFFER, v. a. mettre en coffre, coffrer. COFFERER, s. trésorier de l'épargne. COFFIN, s. bière, f. cercueil, ss. coffre, sa. cornet (de papier, ss.) tablettes, f. pl. Cog, s. la dent d'une roue, alluchon, ss. Cog, v. a. flatter, cajoler, enjôler. Cogency, s. force, f. conviction, f. COGENT, adj. fort, puissant, pressant. COGENTLY, adv. irresistiblement. COGGER, s. flatteur, m. cajoleur, m. pipeur, m. Cogging, s. flatterie, f. ; adj. trompeur. COGGLE-STONE, s. un petit caillou. COGITATION, s. pensée, f. réflexion, f. COGITATIVE, adj. pensant, pensif. COGNATION, s. parente, affinite, f. COGNITION, s. connoissance, f. conviction, f. COGNIZANCE, s. connoissance, f. marque, f. COHABIT, v. n. habiter ensemble, cohabiter. COHABITATION, s. cohabitation, f. COHEIR, s. coheritier, m. CCHEIRESS, s. cohéritière, Сснеікеss, s. cohéritière, f. Сонеее, v. n. convenir, s'accorder, assortir. Соневенсе, Соневенсу, s. cohérence, f. liaison, suite, f. rapport, m. Coherent, adj. lie, suivi, consequent. COHESION, s. liaison, f. connexion, f. [m. COHORT, s. conorte, f. corps de combattans, Coif, s. coiffe, f. COIFFURE, s. coiffure, f. Coil, r. a. lover, mettre en rond. Coil, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. corde lovée. Coin, s. encoignure, monnoie, f. coin, m. Coin, r. a. battre, monnoyer, lorger. Coinage, s. monnoyage, m. invention, f. Coincide, v. n. coincider, s'accorder. Coincidence, s. rencontre au même point, f. COINCIDENT, adj. qui se rencontre. COINER, s. monnoyeur, m. inventeur, m. COIT or QUOIT, s. un palet. COITION, s. colt, m. accouplement, m COKER, s. batelier, m. batteau de pêcheur, f. COLANDER, s. passoire, f. tamis, m. COLATION and COLATURE, s. filtration, f. COLD, alj. froid, serieux, indifferent. COLD, s. froid, m. froideur, f. froidure, f. COLDISH, adj. un peu froid. [rhume COLDLY, adv. froidement, avec froideur. COLDNESS, s. froideur, f. Cole, s. chou, m Colewort, s. choux verts, m. pl. Colick, s. colique, f. tranchées dans le ventre. Coll, v. a. accoler, embrasser. Collapse, v. n. tomber ensemble, affaisser. COLLAR, s. collier, m. collet, m. Collar of iron for offenders, le carcan. COLLAR, v. a. colleter, rouler. [ferer. COLLATE, v. a. comparer, collationer, con-COLLATERAL, adj. collateral. COLLATION, s. comparaison, f. confrontation, COLLATOR, s. collateur, m. COLLEAGUE, s. collègue, m. associé, m. COLLECT, s. collegue, m. associe, m. COLLECT, s. collecte, f. courte prière. COLLECT, v. a. recueillir, lever, conclure. COLLECTION, s. collection, f. recueill, compilé. COLLECTION, s. collection, f. recueil, m. COLLECTIVE, adj. collectivement. COLLECTIVE, adv. collectivement. COLLECTOR, s. collectivement, collective COLLEGIAL, adj. collègial.

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COLLET. s. chaton de bague, m. [bonnier. [COLLIER, s. charbonnier, m. bâtiment char-COLLIERY, s. mine de charbon, f. COLLISION, s. choc, m. froissement, m. COLLOCATE, v. a. placer, ranger. COLLOCUTION, s. entretien. f. conversation, f. COLLOGUY, s. tranche, f. riblette, f. poupon, m. Colloguy, s. colloque, m. dialogue, m. COLLUDE, v. n. conniver, s'entendre avec **qu**elqu'un. COLLUSION, collusion, f.
COLLUSIVE, COLLUSORY, adj. collusoire. Collusively, adv. collusoirement. Colly, s. suie, f. or noir, m. Colly, v. a. barbouiller de suie, noircir. COLLYRIUM, s. collyre, m.
COLON, s. deux points (:) le gros boyau.
COLONEL, s. colonel, m. COLONISE, v. a. établir une colonie. COLONY, s. colonie, f. peuplade, f. COLOPHONY, s. colophane, f. résine, f. COLOQUINTEDA, s. coloquinte, f. COLORATION, s. art de colorer, m. Colosse and Colossus, s. colosse, m. COLOUR, s. couleur, f. coloris, m. teint, m. prétexte, m. enseigne, f. drapeau, m. traits, m. caractère, m. COLOUR, v. a. colorer, colorier. enluminer, pallier; v. n. rougir, prendre couleur. Colourable, adj. specieux, plausible. Coloured, part. adj. coloro, peint, culumine. COLOURIST, s. coloriste, m. COLT's poulain, m; colt of an ass, un anon. COLT's root, s. (an herb) pas-d'ane, m. COLT's rooth, s. dent de lait, f. COLUMBARY, s. un columbier COLUMBINE, s. couleur changeante. COLUMN, s. colonne, f. pilier, m. COLUME, s. (circle of the sphere) colure, m. COMA, s. coma, f. espèce de lethargie. Comb., s. peigne, m. crête de coq, f. rayon. Comb-case, êtui à peigne, m. une trousse. COMB-MAKER, 4: peignier. [rancer. COMB, v. a. peigner, se peigner, carder, sé-COMBAT, v. a. & n. combatte, se battre. COMBAT, s. combat, m. duel, m. COMBATANT, s. combattant, m. champion, m. fbinaison, f. Comber, s. cardeur, m. COMBINATION, s. complot, m. ligue, com-COMBINE, v. a. & n. conspirer, se liguer, combiner. COMBING-CLOTH, s. peignoir, m. COMBURGESS, s. concitoyen, COMBUSTIBLE, adj. combustible. COMBUSTION, s. incendie, m. embrasement, m. combustion, f. desordre, m. Comm, v. n. venir, devenir, se faire, aborder, se reduire, revenir, s'addresser, accoster, aboutir, reussir, se terminer. To come about, changer, tourner; to come again, revenir, retourner; to come after, suivre; to come along, s'en venir, marcher; to come asunder, se defaire, se désunir, &c.; to come at or by, obtenir, atteindre, parvenir à; to come away, s'en venir, se retirer; to come back, revenir; to come down, descendre; to come forward, avancer, faire des progrès; to come from, venir de ; to come in, entrer, se rendre à, se porter pour; to come in for. prétendre; to come in to, se joindre à, se-courir, cousenir, condescendre; to come sear, approcher; to come next, the im-médiatement; to come of, vents de : to

come off, s'écarter, se tirer d'une affaire, tomber, dépérir; lo come off from, laisser, omettre; lo come on, avalucer, s'avancer; lo come over, se dissiper, s'en aller; lo come out or forth, sortir, devenir public, se montrer sur l'horison, paroître ; to come out with, donner issue, echapper, lacher; to come to, venir, parvenir, consentir, se rendre, reve nir à, aboutir à ; to come together, s'assembler, se marier, s'unic ; to come up, mouter, s'établir ; to come up to, s'approcher de, s'élever à ; to come back, revenir à ; to come upon, attaquer, surprendre. COMEDIAN, s. un comédien, un acteur. COMEDIA, s. comédie, f. [grâce. COMELINESS, s. beaute, f. bonne mine, bonne COMELY, adj. beau, bien fait, décent. Comery, adv. avec grâce, decemment. Comer, s. venant, f. venu, m. COMET, s. comète, f. Comfit, s. confiture; v. n. confire. COMFIT-MAKER, s. confiseur, m. confiturier, COMFORT, v. a. fortifier, consoler, soulager. COMFORT, s. secours, m. consolation, f. CONFORTABLE, adj. consolant, doux. COMFORTABLY, adv. agréablement, bien. COMFORTLESS, adj. inconsolable, au deses-COMFORTLESS, adj. inconsolable, au deses-COMFORT, consolde, f. consolida, f. COMICAL, COMICE, adj. comique, plaisant, COMICALLY, adv. commement destate. COMICALLY, adv. confiquement, drôlement. COMICALNESS, s. qualité comique. COMING, s. approche, f. venue, f. arrivée, f. Coming, adj. prêt à venir, enclin. in, fevenu, m. rentes, f. [g [générales. COMITIA, s. les comices, f. pl. assemblées COMMA, s. virgule, f. COMMAND, s. commandement, m. ordre, m. autorité, f. force, f. créance, f COMMAND, r. a. commander, ordonner. COMMANDER, s. commandant, m. hie, f. COMMANDERY, s. commanderie, f. COMMANDMENT, s. commandement, m. COMMEMORABLE, adj. mémorable, notable. COMMEMORATE, v. a. célébrer la mémoire. COMMEMORATION, s. commémoration, f. COMMEMORATIVE, adj. commémoratif. COMMENCE, v. a. & n. commencer, devenir. COMMENCEMENT, s. commencement, m. COMMEND, v. a. louer, vanter. [bla. COMMEND, v. a. louer, vanter. COMMENDABLY, adv. glorieusement. COMMENDABLY, s. un bénéfice en commande. Commendataire. COMMENDATION, s. louange, f. eloge, m. re-commandation, f. complimens, m. Commendatory, adj. de recommandation. COMMENDER, s. loueur, m. prôneur, m. COMMENSALITY, s. l'habitude de manger ensemble. COMMENSURABILITY, COMMENSURABLE-NESS, s. commensurabilité, f. proportion, f. COMMENSURABLE, adj. commensurable. COMMENSURATE, adj. proportionne. COMMENSURATION, s. proportion, f. COMMENT, v. n. commenter, gloser. COMMENT, COMMENTARY, s. commentaire. COMMENTER, COMMENTATOR, s. commenta-COMMENTITIOUS, adj. imaginė, inventė, con-COMMERCE, s. commerce, m. traffic, m. no goce, m. liaison, f. correspondance, f. COMMERCE, v. n. entretenir une correspondence (dance-

dance

COMMIGRATION, s. emigration f. COMMINATION, s. commination, f. menace f. COMMINATORY adj comminatoire. COMMISCRATER, v. a. voir pité, plaidre.
COMMISCRATE, v. a. voir pité, pulvérisation, f.
COMMISCRATE, v. a. avoir pité, plaindre.
COMMISCRATER, v. a. avoir pité, plaindre.
COMMISCRATER, adit tandre sancible COMMISERATING, adj. tendre, sensible. COMMISERATION, s. commisération, . pitié, COMMISSARY, s. commissaire, m. COMMISSION, s. brevet, m. COMMISSION, v. a. commettre, établir. COMMISSIONER, s. commissaire, m. Commit, v. a. remettre, confier, mettre, mettre en prison, commettre, faire. COMMITMENT, s. emprisonnement, m. COMMITTEE, s. comité, m. des commissaires. COMMITTER, s. celui qui commet. Commiz, v. a. méler, unir, mélanger. Commixion, Commixture, s. mélange, m. Commodious, adj. commode, convenable. Commodiously, adv. commodément, à l'aise. COMMODIOUSNESS, s. commodité, f. COMMODITY, s. commodité, f. aise, f. utili-té, f. denrée, f. marchandise, f. COMMODORE, s. chef d'escadre, m. Common, adj. commun, public, ordinaire. The common council, conseil de ville. common law, le droit coutumier. A A common sewer, égout, m. cloaque, m. people, menu peuple, le vulgaire. soldier, simple soldat, fantassin. Common Common COMMON, s. commune, f. commun, m. Common, v. n. avoir droit aux communes COMMONAGE, droit de pâture. [multitude. COMMONALITY, s. le peuple, le vulgaire, le COMMONALTY, s. communauté, f. corps, m. société, f. les communes, f. pl. COMMONER, s. roturier, m. membre de la chambre des communes, une prostituée, étudiant du second rang, communensal. COMMONITION, s. avis, m. avertissement, m. COMMONLY, adv. communement, ordinaire-COMMONNESS, s. fréquence, f. [ment. COMMON-PLACE, v. n. ranger sous des titres COMMONS, s. pl. les communes. [généraux. COMMONWEAL, COMMONWEALTH, s. état, m. COMMORANCE, s. demeure, f. [republique. COMMORANCE, s. demeure, f. [répu COMMOTION, s. émente, f. sedition, f. COMMUNE, v. a. conferer, parler, converser. COMMUNICABLE, adj. communicable. COMMUNICANT, s. communiant, m. COMMUNICATE, v. n. & a. communiquer.
COMMUNICATION, s. communication, f. entretien, m. commerce, f. familiarité COMMUNICATIVE, adj. communicatif COMMUNICATIVE, asj. communication, f. communication, f. communication, f. communion, f. Communion-cup, le calice.
COMMUNITY, s. communauté, f. société, f. COMMUNITABLE, adj. qu'on peut échanger.
COMMUNITABLE, adj. (communation, f. échange, f. f. échange, f. COMMUTATIVE, adj. commutatif.
COMMUTE, v. a. changer, echanger.
COMMUTUAL, adj. mutuel. réciproque. COMPACT, s. pacte, m. contrat, m.
COMPACT, s. pacte, m. contrat, m.
COMPACT, o. a. assembler, joindre, lier.
COMPACTEDNESS, s densité, f. solidité, f.
COMPACTLY, adv. s ec solidité, avec préci-COMPACTURE, s. structure, f. COMPANION, s. compagnon, m. tamarade, m. Companionable, adj. sociable. COMPANY, s. compagnie, f. assemblée, f. troupe, f. bande, f. horde, f. volée, f.

COMPANY, v. a. accompagner; v. n. s'asso COMPARABLE, adj. comparable.
COMPARABLY, adv. en comparaison.
COMPARATIVE, adj. relatif, comparatif. COMPARATIVELY, adv. relativement. COMPARE, v. a. comparer, conferer. COMPARE, v. a. comparer, comes.

COMPARISON, s. comparaison, f. analogie, f. COMPARTITION, s. division, f. compartiment Compass, v. a. environner, faire le tour, ob-tenir, venir à bout de, comploter. COMPASS, s. circuit, m. tour, m. espace, m enceinte, f. compas de mer, m. boussole, j COMPASSES, s. pl. compass, m. COMPASSION, s. compassion, f. pitié, f. COMPASSIONATE, adj. compatissant. COMPASSIONATE, v. a. avoir pitié. COMPASSIONATELY, adv. avec compassion. COMPATIBILITY, COMPATIBLEMESS, s. com-COMPATIBLE, adj. compatible. [patibilité. f. COMPATIBLY, adv. d'une manière compatible. COMPATRIOT, s. compatriote, m. & COMPEER, s. compère, m. compagnon, m. COMPEER, r. a. aller de pair avec. COMPEL, r. n. forcer, contraindre. COMPELLABIE, adj. contraignable.

[/COMPELLATION, s. apostrophe, f. contrainte,
COMPELLATION, s. celui qui contraint.
[gé.
COMPERDIARIOUS, COMPENDIOUS, adj. abré-COMPENDIOUSLY, adv. succinctement. Compendiousness, s. brièveté, f.
Compendium, s. abrege, m. épitome, m. un Compensable, adj. qui peut être compensé Compensate, v.a. compenser, dédommager COMPENSATION, s. compensation, f. COMPENSATIVE, adj. equivalent. COMPETENCE, COMPETENCY, s. le nécessaire Competency, s. (in law) competence, f. COMPETENT, adj. suffisant, convenable. COMPETENTLY, adr. suffisamment. [ble COMPETIBLE COMPATIBLE, adj. convens LPP4 COMPETIBLENESS, s. convenance, COMPETITION, s. concurrence, f. brigue, f. COMPETITOR, s. compétiteur, m. COMPILATION, s. compilation, f. recueil, m Compiler, v. a. compiler, ramasser. COMPILEMENT, s. amas, m. collection, f. COMPILER, s. compilateur. COMPLACENCY, s. plaisir, m. satisfaction, f. COMPLACENT, adj. complaisant, civil. COMPLAIN, v. a. se plaindre; v. a. déplorer COMPLAINANT, s. demandeur, m. plaignaut, m. COMPLAINER, s. complaignant, m. COMPLAINT, s. plainte, f. mécontentement, m COMPLAISANCE, s. complaisance, f. COMPLAISANT, adj. complaisant. COMPLAISANTLY, adv. avec complaisance. COMPLAISANTNESS, s. complaisance, civilité COMPLANATE, COMPLANE, v. a. unir, polir. [] COMPLEMENT, s. accomplissement, m. per fection, f. comble, m. complement, m. k total, le complet, ornement, # COMPLETE, adj. complet, parfait, fini, ac compli, entier, beau, bien fait, regulier. COMPLETE, v. a. achever, accomplir.
COMPLETELY, adv. entierement, complète ment, COMPLETENESS, s. perfection, f. beaute, f. COMPLETION, s. accomplissement, s. COMPLEX, adv. complexe, compose. COMPLEX, COMPLEXEDNESS, s. assemblage COMPLEXION, s. complexion, f tempera-

COMPLEXIONAL, adj. de tempérament. COMPLEXIT, adv. d'une manière compliquée. COMPLEXNESS, s. compléxité, m. COMPLEXURE, s. assemblage, m. COMPLIANCE, s. complaisance, f. soumission, COMPLAINT, adj. condescendant, complaisant. COMPLICATE, v. a. compliquer, unir. COMPLICATE, adj. complique, joint. COMPLICATED, part. adj. complique. COMPLICATENESS, COMPLICATION, s. com-COMPLICE, s. complice, f. m. [plication, f. CUMPLICE, s. complice, f. m. COMPLIER, s. complaisant, m COMPLIMENT, s. compliment, m façons, f. COMPLIMENT, v. a. complimenter, flatter. COMPLIMENTAL, adj. poli, honnète, flatteur. COMPLIMENTER, s. complimenteur, m. COMPLINE, s. complies, m. prières du soir, f. COMPLOT, s. complot, m. conspiration, f. COMPLOT, v. a. comploter, tramer, machi-COMPLOTTER, s. conspirateur, m. conjuré, COMPLY, v. n. condescendre, se soumettre. To comply with the times, temporiser. COMPLYING, s. condescendance, f. COMPONENT, adj. qui compose, qui constitue. COMPORT, v. n. convenir, se comporter. COMPORT, COMPORTMENT, s. conduite, m. COMPORTABLE, adj. qui s' accorde à. Composer, v. a. composer, arranger, acommoder, disposer, calmer, appaiser. COMPOSED, part. adj. composé, tranquille. COMPOSEDLY, adv. tranquillenient. Composedness, s. calme, m. tranquillité, f. Composer, s. compositeur, m. auteur, m. COMPOSING-STICK, s. composteur, m. COMPOSITE, adj. composé, composite. COMPOSITION, s composition, f. arrange-COMPOSITOR, s. compositeur, m. [ment, m. COMPOST, s. engrais, m. fumier, m. COMPOST, r. a. engraisser, fumer. COMPOSURE, s. composition, f. arrangement, COMPOTATION, s. repas, m. festin, m. buvette, COMPOUND, adj. composé. COMPOUND, s. un composé. [s'accommoder. COMPOUND, v. a. composer, arranger; v. n. COMPOUNDER, s. compositeur, m. COMPREHEND, v. a. comprendre, renfermer. COMPREHENSIBLE, adj. intelligible, concevable. COMPREHENSIBLY, adv. énergiquement. COMPREHENSION, s. étendue, f. intelligence, f. conception, f. connoissance, f. sommaire, m. abrege, m. COMPREHENSIVE, adj. significatif, court. COMPREHENSIVENESS, s. énergie, f. Compress, v. a. comprimer, reserrer, en-COMPRESS, s. compresse, f. [grosser. Compressibility, s. compressibilité, f. Compressible. [tion, f. COMPRESSION, s. compression, f. condensa-COMPRINT, v a. imprimer secrétement. COMPRISE, r. a. contenir, renfermer. COMPROMISE, s. compromis, m. [commoder. Compromise, v. n. compromettre; v. a. ac-COMPTIBLE, adj. comptable, responsable. C IMPTROL, v. a. contrôler, opposer. COMPTROLLER, s. contrôleur, m. censeur, m. COMPULSATIVELY, adv. par force. COMPULSATORY, adj. coactif. COMPULSION, s. contrainte, f. violence, f. Compulsive, Compulsory, adj. qui force. COMPUNCTION, s. contrition, f. regret, m.

ment, m. teint, m. la couleur de la peau du visage.

OMPLEXIONAL, adj. de tempérament.

COMPUTABLE, adj. ce qui peut être estimé.

COMPUTATION, s. supputation, f. calcul, m. COMPUTE, v. a. compter, supputer, calculer COMPUTE, s. compte, m. résultat, m. COMPUTOR, COMPUTIST, s. calculateur, m. COMRADE, s. camarade, m. compagnon. Con, abbreviated for contra, contre CON, v. a. apprendre par cœur, rendre. CONCAMERATE, v. a. voûter, faire en arche. CONCATENATE, v. a. enchaîner, lier ensemble. CONCATENATION, s. enchaînement, m. suite, CONCATENATION, s. enchanemen, m. sunc, CONCAVE, CONCAVOS, adj. concave. CONCAVITY, s. concavité, f. creux, m. CONCEAL, v. a. céler, cacher, tenir secret. CONCEALABLE, adj. qui peut être caché. CONCEALMENT, s. recèlement, m. secret, m. CONCEALMENT, s. recèlement, m. secret, m. CONCEALMENT, s. recèlement, m. secret, m. CONCEALMENT, s. recèlement, m. secret, m. concealment, m. secret, NCEDE, v. a. ceder, accorder. CONCEIT, s. pensee, f. imagination, f. of conceit with any thing, degoûte. CONCEIT, v. a. s'imaginer, peuser, croire. CONCEITED, part. adj. conçu, affecté, re-cherché, glorieux, vain, entété, infatué. CONCEITEDLY, adv. singulièrement. Conceitedness, s. vanité, f. amour-propre, Conceivable, adj. concevable, intelligible. CONCEIVABLENESS, s. conception, f. CONCEIVABLY, adv. intelligiblement. Conceive, v. a. & n. concevoir, penser. CONCENT, s. harmonie, f. consonance, f. CONCENTRATE, CONCENTRE, n. a. concen-CONCENTRATION, s. concentration, f. [trer. Concentrical, Concentrick, adj. concentrique. CONCEPT, s. projet, m. formule, f. CONCEPTACLE, s. receptacle, m. CONCEPTIBLE, adj. intelligible. Conception, s. conception, f. idee, f. Conceptious, Conceptive, adj. fecond. CONCERN, v. a. concerner, toucher, interesser, importer, troubler, inquieter. CONCERN, CONCERNMENT, s. affaire, f. in-térêt, f. importance, f. inquictude, f. CONCERNED, part. adj. intéressé, inquiet. CONCERNING, prep. concernant, touchant, As concerning me, pour ce qui me regarde. CONCERT, v. a. concerter, prendre des me-CONCERT, s. concert, m. [sures ensemble. Concession, s. concession, f. cession, f. CONCESSIVELY, adv. en forme de concession Conch, s. conque, f. grande coquille. CONCILIATE, v. a. concilier. gagner, attirer. CONCILIATION, s. conciliation, J. Conciliator, s. conciliateur, n CONCILIATORY, adj. conciliatoire.
CONCINITY, s. décence, f. justesse, f. grace Concinnous, adj. gracieux, bean, agreable. CONCISE, adj. concis, court, succinct. Concisely, adj. d'une manière concise CONCISENESS, s. concision, f. brièveté, f. Concision, s. coupurc, f. destruction, f. CONCITATION, s. remuement, m. CONCLAMATION, s. acclumation, J. vacarme, CONCLAVE, s. conclave, m. CONCLUDE, v. a. conclure, finir, inferer. CONCLUDANT, adj. concluant, decisif. CONCLUSION, s. conclusion, f. fin, f const-CONCLUSIVE padj. concluant. [quence, f Conclusive Padj. concluant. [quence, f Conclusive L.Y, adv. décisif, pour conclusion. CONCOAGULATE, v. a. conguler avec. CONCOCT, v. a. cuire, digérer, purifier. CONCOCTION, s. digestion, f. concoction, f.

CONFESSIONAL, CONFESSIONARY, s. confes-

CONCOMITANCE, s. concomitance, f. CONCOMITANT, adj. concomitant. Concord, s. concorde, f. union, f. accord, m. concordance, f. harmonie, f. Concordant, adj. qui s'accorde, à l'unisson. CONCORDATE, s. concordat, m. convention, f. CONCORPORATE, v. a. incorporer. CONCOURSE, s. concours, m. foule, f, afflu-CONCREMENT, s. concrétion, f. [ence, f. CONCRETE, v.n. se coaguler; v. a. coaguler. CONCRETE, adj. coagule, fige, concret. CONCRETION, s. concretion, f. CONCRETIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir de coagu-Concubinage, s. concubinage, m. fornica-CONCUBINE, s. concubine, f. CONCUPISCENCE, s. concupiscence, f. CONCUPISCENT, adj. libidineux, qui con-CONCUPISCIBLE, adj. concupiscible. [voite. Concur, v. n. concourir, convenir, s'accorder. CONCURRENCE, CONCURRENCY, s. concours, m. accord, m. consentement, m. CONCURRENT, adj. & s. concurrent. Concussion, s. secousse, f. concussion, f. CONCUSSIONARY, adj. concussionaire. COND, v. a. faire signe, diriger. CONDEMN, v. a. condamner, désapprouver. CONDEMNABLE, adj. condamnable, blâma-CONDEMNATION, s. condamnable in f. [ble. CONDENSATE, CONDENSE, v. a. & n. condenser. CONDENSATION, s. condensation, f. CONDENSITY, s. densité. [mer, consentir. CONDESCEND, v. n. condescendre, se confor-CONDESCENSION, s. condescendance, f. CONDESCENDINGLY, adv. obligemment. CONDESCENSIVE, adj. condescendant. CONDIGN, adj. digne, mérité, proportionné. CONDIMENT, s. assaisonnement, m. CONDISCIPLE, s. condisciple, m. CONDITE, v. a. assaisonner, accommoder. CONDITION, s. condition, f. ctat, m. CONDITION, v. n. stipuler, faire un accord. CONDITIONAL, adj. conditionnel. CONDITIONALLY, adr. conditionnellement. CONDITIONARY, adj. stipulé, convenu. CONDITIONATE, adj. réglé, conditionné. CONDOLATORY, adj. de condoléance. CONDOLATORY, adj. de condoléance. CONDOLEMENT, s. chagrin, m. affliction, f. CONDOLENCE, s. condoleance, f. chagrin, m. CONDUCE, s. celui qui s'afflige avec quel-CONDUCE, v. n. servir, contribuer. [qu'un. CONDUCIBLE, CONDUCIVE, adj. qui contri-CONDUCTYENESS, s. utilité. [b CONDUCTYs. conduite, s. direction, s. CONDUCT, v. a. mener, conduire, diriger. CONDUCTOR, s. conducteur, m. guide, m. CONDUIT. s. conduit, m. tuyau, m. canal, CONE, s. cône, m. [ment ensemble. CONFABULATE, v.n. parler, causer familière-CONTABULATION, s. entretien familier. CONFECT, CONFECTION, s. confiture, f. [m. CONFECTIONER, s. confiturier, m. confiseur, CONFEDERACY, s. confederation, f. ligue, CONFEDERATE, v. n. conspirer, se confederate CONFEDERATE, adj. ligue: s. confédéré, m. CONFEDERATION, s. confédération, f. CONFER, c. a. conférer, comparer, donner. CONFERENCE, s. comparaison, f. conference, CONFESS, v. a. avouer; v. n. se confesser. [f. CONFESSEDLY, adr. ouvertement. COMPESSION, s. confession, f. aveu, m.

CONFESSOR, s. confesseur, m. Ísional, m. CONFESTLY, adv. évidemment. CONFIDE, v. a. se fier, faire fond, compter. CONFIDENCE, s. confiance, f. hardiesse, f. CONFIDENT, adj. sûr, assure, hardi. CONFIDENT, s. confident, m. [fiance. CONFIDENTLY, adv. confidenment, avec con-CONFIGURATION, s. configuration, f. CONFINE, s. confins, m. pl borne, f. limite, f. CONFINE, v. n. confiner; v. a. borner, limiter, confiner, releguer, emprisonner. CONFINEMENT, s. emprisonnement, m. con-trainte, f. assujétissement, m. exil, m. CONFINITY, s. voisinage, m. proximité, CONFIRM, v. a. confirmer, assurer, ratifier. CONFIRMATION, s. confirmation, f. ratifica-CONFIRMATORY, adj. confirmatif. [tion, f. CONFISCABLE, s. crolui qui confirme, qui at-CONFISCABLE, adj. confiscable. [teste. CONFISCATE, v. a. confisquer, saisir. CONFISCATION, s. confiscation, f. saisie, f. CONFITURE, s. confiture, f. fruits confis. CONFLAGRATION, s. incendie, m. embrase-CONFLICT, v. a. lutter, combattre. [ment, m. CONFLICT, s. choc, m. combat, m. dispute, f. CONFLUENCE CONFLUX, s. confluent, m. concours, m. affluence, f. foule, f. CONFORM, v. a. & n. conformer CONFORMABLE, adj. conforme, consequent. CONFORMABLY, adv. conformement. Conformation, s. conformation, f. figure, CONFORMIST, s. conformiste, m. CONFORMITY, s. conformité, f. convenance, Confound, v. a. confondre, troubler, decon-certer, renverser, ruiner, détruire. CONFOUNDED, part. adj. confondu, confus, détruit, détestable horrible, maudit. CONFOUNDEDLY, adv. horriblement. Confounder, s. destructeur, m CONFRATERNITY, s. confrérie, f. société, f. CONFRICATION, s. frottement, m.. CONFRONT, v. a. attaquer en face, confronter. CONFRONTATION, s. confrontation, f. CONFUSE, v. a. brouiller, deconcerter. CONFUSEDLY, adv. confusement, en désordre, CONFUSEDLY, adv. confusément, en désordre, CONFUSEDLY, adv. confusément, en désordre, CONFUSEDLES, s. confusion, f. désordre, m. CONFUSION, s. confusion, f. désordre, m. houleversement, m. embarras, m. CONFUTABLE, adj. qui peut être répté. CONFUTATION, s. réfutation, f. seté. CONFUTE, n. a. réfuter, convaincre de faus-CONGE, s. révèrence, f. congè, adieu, m. CONGEAL, v. a. & n. geler, se congeler. CONGELATION, s. congeler, se congeler. CONGELATION, s. congelation, f. [espèce. CONGENIAL, adj. de même gene, de même CONGENIALITY, s. affinité de genie, f. Congenite, adj. ne ensemble, inne CONGER, s. (the sea-eel, a fish) congre, m. Congest, v. a. rassembler, entasser. CONGESTION, s. tas. m. amas, m. assemblage, CONGIARY, s. congiaire, m. Congius. s. conge, mesure Romaine, m CONGLACIATE, r. n. se congeler, devenir CONGLOBATE, adj. conglobe. [glace. CONGLOMERATE, v. a. arrondir. CONGLUTINATE, v. a. conglutiner, coller, unir; v.n. r'anir. CONGLUTINATION, s. conglutination, f. CONGRATULATE, v. a. & n. sciliciter, se ré-CONGRATULATION, s. scilicitation, s. [Jonin. CONGRATULATORY, adj. de scilicitation. CONGREE, v. n. accorder, joindre, unir.

CONSENT, s. consentement, m. accord, m.

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CONGREET, v. s. se saluer l'un l'autre.
 CONGREGATE, v. a. & n. assembler, se ras-
    sembler.
 CONGREGATION, s. congregation, f.
 CONGREGATIONAL, adj. de congrégation.
CONGRESS, congrès, m. assemblée, f.
 CONGRESSIVE, adj. qui se rencontre
 CONGRUE, v. a. convenir, être conforme.
 CONGRUENCE, s. rapport, m. convenance, f. CONGRUENT, CONGRUOUS, adj. convenable.
 CONGRUITY, s. convenance, f.
CONGRUOUSLY, adv. convenablement.
 CONICAL, CONICK, adj. conique.
                                                      Freur.
                                                conjectu-
 Conjector, Conjecturer, s.
 CONJECTURAL, adj. conjectural.
 CONJECTURALLY, adr. par conjecture.
 CONJECTURE, s. conjecture, f. soupçon, m. CONJECTURE, v. a. conjecturer, deviner.
CONJOIN, v. a. joindre ensemble, univ.
CONJOINED, CONJOINT, adj. conjoint, uni.
CONJOINTLY, adv. conjointement, ensemble.
 CONJUGAL, adj. conjugal, matrimonial. CONJUGALLY, adj. conjugalement.
 CONJUGATE, v. a. marier, unir, conjuguer.
CONJUGATION, s. conjugaison, f.
CONJUNCTION, s. union, f. conjonction, f. CONJUNCTIVE, adj. & s. conjonctif. CONJUNCTIVELY, CONJUNCTLY, adv. con-
   jointement.
CONJUNCTURE, s. conjuncture, f. CONJUNATION, s. conjunation, f. complet, m.
CONJURE, v. a. conjurer, prier, evoquer, con-
    spirer, charmer, ensorceler.
 CONJUREMENT, s. injonction scricuse, f.
CONJURER, s. sorcier, m. enchanteur, m.
 CONJURING UP, s. evocation.
 CONJURING-BOOK, & grimoire m.
 CONNASCENCE, s. naissance commune.
 CONNATE, adj. ne avec une autre, inne.
CONNATURAL, adj. naturel, d'une nature
CONNECT, v. a. joindre, unir. [commune.
 CONNECTIVELY, adr. conjointement.
CONNEXTON, s. connexion, f. liaison, f. Connexity, s. connexité, f. rapport, m.
CONNIVANCE, s. connivance, f. dissimula-
CONNIVE, v. n. conniver, tolerer. [tion, f.
CONNOISSEUR, s. un connoisseur, un critique.
CONNUBIAL, adj. conjugal, matrimonial.
CONOID, s. conoide, f. espèce de cone.
CONQUER, v. a. & n. conquérir, vaincre.
CONQUERABLE, adj. domptable, surmonta-
CONQUEROR, s. conquerant, m. vainqueur,
CONQUEST, s. conquête, f. victoire, f.
CONSANGUINEOUS, adj. consanguin.
CONSANGUINITY, s. consanguinité,
CONSCIENCE, s. conscience, f.
                                                [rente, f.
CONSCIENTIOUS, adj. conscientieux.
Conscientiously, adj. conscientieusement.
Conscientiousness, s. scrupule, m.
Conscionable, adj. juste, raisonnable.
Conscionableness, s. équité, f. justice, f
CONSCIONABLY, adv. equitablement.
Conscious, adj. qui sait, sensible.
Consciously, adv. sincèrement.
CONSCIOUSNESS, s. connoissance interieure. Conscript, adj. conscrit, enregistre.
CORSECRATE, v. a. consacrer, dédier, dé-
CONSECRATION, s. consecration, f. [m.
Consecution, s. suite, f. enchaluement, m. Consecutive, adj. cr secutif, successif. Consecutively adv consecutivement.
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CONSERT, v. n. consentir, acquiescer. CONSENTANEOUS, adj. conforme, m. CONSENTANFOUSLY, adv. conformément. Consentient, adj. d'accord, uniforme. CONSENTING, s. consentement, m. CONSEQUENCE, s. consequence, f. effet, By consequence, consequemment. CONSEQUENT, s. consequence, f. consequent, Consequent, Consequential, adj. conséquent. Consequently, adv. par consequent. Conservable, adv. de garde. Conservancy, s. la conservation de la pêche dans la Tamise. CONSERVATION, s. conservation, f. garde, f. CONSERVATOR, s. conservateur, m CONSERVATORY, s. lieu à préserver quelque chose. CONSERVE, s. conserve, f. CONSERVE, v. a. conserver, confire. Conserver, s. conservateur, m. CONSIDER, v. a. & n. considérer, examiner, méditer, estimer, avoir égard à. Considerable, adj. considérable, grand. CONSIDERABLENESS, s. importance, f. CONSIDERABLY, adv. considerablement. CONSIDERATE, adj. sense, discret, m. CONSIDERATELY, udv. avec prudence, mare ftion, CONSIDERATENESS, s. prudence, f. discre Consideration, s. consideration, f. cause, f. égard m. importance, f. mérité CONSIDERER, s. un homme qui réfléchit. Consign, v. a. consigner, confier. [nation, f. CONSIGNATION, CONSIGNMENT, s. consig-CONSIST, v. n. être, consister, s'accorder. CUNSISTENCE, s. consistance, f. stabilité, f. rapport, m. liaison, f. conformité, f. Consistent, adj. conforme, lié, solice. Consistently, adv. conformement. CONSISTORIAL, adj. consistorial. CONSISTORY, s. consistoire, m. CONSOCIATE, v. a. & n. associer et s'associer. CONSOCIATE, s. associé, m. complice, m. CONSOCIATION, s. association, f. alliance, f. [ment, # CONSOLABILE, adj. consolable. CONSOLATION, s. consolation, f. soulag CONSOLATORY, adj. consolant, qui console. Console, Consolate, v. a. consoler. CONSOLIDATE, v. a. & n. consolider, se con-Consolidation, s. consolidation, f. CONSONANCE, s. consonance, f. accord, m. CONSONANT, adj. d'accord, conforme, conve-CONSONANT, s. consonne, f. Consonantly, adv. conformement, suivant. Consonous, adj. harmonieux, consonant. Consort, s. compagnon, m. compagne, f. associe, m. consort, m. époux, m. CONSORT, v.n. & a. s'associer, accompagner. CONSORTABLE, adj. compatible, égal. CONSPICUITY, s. clarté, f. éminence, f. CONSPICUOUSLY, adv. visiblement. Conspicuousness, s. clarté, f. célébrité, f. Conspiracy, Conspiration, s. conspira-CONSPIRANT, adj. conjuré. [f. complot, m. Conspirator, Conspirar, s. conspirateur, CONSPIRE, v. n. conspirer, conjurer. Constable, s. connetable. m. commissaire, CONSTABLESHIP, s. connétablie. CONSTANCY, s. constance, f. fermeté, f. CONSTANT adi. constant, durable, continuel.

CONSTANTIN, adv. constamment. CONSTRILLATE, v. a. & n. briller, comme une constellation. CONSTELLATION, s. constellation, f. CONSTERNATION, s. consternation, f. epouvante; f. CONSTIPATE, v. a. condenser, resserrer. Constipation, s. condensation, f. CONSTITUENT, subst. & adi. qui constitue. CONSTITUENT, s. commettant, m. [députer. CONSTITUTE, v. a. constituer, commettre, CONSTITUTER, s. constituant, m CONSTITUTION, s. constitution, f. état, m. institution, f. complexion, f. [tutiòn. CONSTITUTIONAL, adj. conforme à la consti-Constitutive, adj. constitutif, essentiel. CONSTRAIN, v. n. contraindre, forcer, répri-CONSTRAIN, v. n. contraignable. [mer. CONSTRAINEDLY, adv. par force, à contrecœur. CONSTRAINER, s. celui qui contraint. CONSTRAINT, s. contrainte, f. gêne, f. Constriction, s. constriction, f. compres-CONSTRICTOR, s. constricteur, m. [sion, CONSTRINGE, CONSTRICT, v. a. resserrer. [sion, f. CONSTRINGENT, adj. astringent. CONSTRUCT, v. a. construire, bâtir. CONSTRUCTION, s. construction, f. sens, m. CONSTRUCTIVE, adj. qui se peut construire. CONSTRUCTURE, s. structure, f. fabrique, m. CONSTRUE, v. a. construire, interpréter. CONSTUPATION, s. viol, m. violement, m. CONSUBSTANTIAL, adj. consubstantiel. CONSUBSTANTIALITY, s. consubstantialité, CONSUBSTANTIATE, v. a. unir dans la même substance CONSUBSTANTIATION, s. consubstantiation, CONSUL, s. consul, m. CONSULAR, adj. consulaire, de consul.

CONSULAR, CONSULSIIP, s. consulat, m.

CONSULT, v. n. & a. consulter, délibérer, donner son avis, avoir égard. [f. avis, m. CONSULT, CONSULTATION, s. consultation, CONSULTER, s. qui demande avis, consultant. Consumable, adj. qui peut être consumé. Consume, v. a. consumer, ruiner, anéantir. Consume AWAY, v. n. se consumer, dépérir. Consumer, s. dissipateur, m. qui consume. CONSUMMATE, v. a. consommer, achever. CONSUMNATE, adj. consommé, parfait. CONSUMMATION, s. accomplissement, m. CONSUMPTION, s. consomption, f. CONSUMPTIVE, adj. destructif, pulmonique. Consumptiveness, s. déperissement, m. CONTACT, CONTACTION, s. coatact, rs. CONTACTON, s. contagion, f. infection, f. CONTAGIOUS, adj. contagieux, postilentiel. CONTAGIOUSNESS, s. qualité contagieuse. CONTAIN, v. a. contenir, renfermer. CONTAINABLE, adj. qui peut être contenu. CONTAMINATE, adj. souille; v. a. souiller. CONTAMINATION, s. souillure, f. CONTEMN, v. a. mépriser, dédaigner. CONTEMPER, CONTEMPERATE, v. a. tempé-CONTEMPLATION, s. contemplation, f. CONTEMPLATIVE, adj. contemplatif. CONTEMPLATIVELY, adr. attentivement. CONTEMPLATOR, s. contemplateur, m. CONTEMPORARY. s. contemporain, m. CONTEMPORARY, adj. contemporain. CONTEMPORISE, v. a. rendre contemporain. CONTEMPT, s. m pris, m. dédain, m. CONTEMPTIBLE, adj. vil. inbprisable.

CONTEMPTIBLEMESS, s. vileté, f. CONTEMPTIBLY, adv. avec mepris, basse-CONTEMPTUOUS, adj. meprisant, dedaigneus. CONTEMPTUOUSLY, adv. avec mepris. Contemptuousness, s. mepris, m. CONTEND, v. a. & n. contester, disputer. CONTENDENT, CONTENDER, s. rival, m. CONTENDING, s. contestation, f.; adj. con CONTENTION, s. contention, f. Content, adj. content, satisfait. Nendant. CONTENT, s. contentement, m. capacité, gran-deur, étendue. f. le contenu. Contents le deur, étendue, f. le contenu. précis, sommaire, m. CONTENT, v. a. contenter, satisfaire, plaire. CONTENTED, part. adj. content, satisfait. CONTENTEDLY, adv. avec satisfaction. CONTENTEDNESS, s. contentement, m. CONTENTFUL, adj. content, heureux. CONTENTION, s. débat, m. dispute, f. CONTENTIOUS, adj. contentieux, querelleur. CONTENTIOUSLY, adv. contentieusement. CONTENTIOUSNESS, s. humeur querelleuse [ment, # CONTENTILESS, adj. mécontent. CONTENTMENT, s. satisfaction, f. contente-Contest, r. a. & n. contester, disputer. CONTEST, s. contestation, f. dispute, f. CONTESTABLE, adj. contestable, disputable CONTESTATION, s. contestation, f. dispute, f. CONTEXT, adj. lie, entrelace. [tissu, m. CONTEXT, s. liaison, f. enchainement, CONTEXTURE, c. contexture, f. tissu, m. CONTIGNATION, s. charpente d'un édifice, f. CONTIGUITY, s. contiguité, f. contact, m. CONTIGUOUS, adj. contigu, joignant. CONTIGUOUSLY, adv. d'une manière contigue. CONTIGUOUSNESS, s. contiguité. CONTINENCE, CONTINENCY, s. continence. CONTINENT, adj. continent, chaste, continu. CONTINENT, s. continent, m. terre ferme, CONTINENTLY, adv. modérément. CONTINGENCE, CONTINGENCY, s. pos CONTINGENT, adj. contingent, casuel. CONTINGENT, s. accident fortuit, contingent CONTINGENTLY, adv. casuellement, par ha-CONTINUAL, adj. continuel, continu. [jours. CONTINUALLY, adv. continuellement, CONTINUANCE, s. continuation, f. durée, f. CONTINUATE, adj. continu, continuel. CONTINUATION, s. continuation, f. CONTINUATOR, s. continuateur, m. CONTINUE, v. n. continuer, rester, persister, CONTINUEL, adj. continu, continuel. [jours Continuelly, adv. continuellement, total CONTINUITY, s. continuité. f. liaison, CONTINUOUS, adj. continu, non interro CONTORTION, s. contorsion, f. CONTOUR, s. contour, m. ligne qui termine une figure. CONTRA, s. & prep. contra, le contre. CONTRADAND, adj. prohibé, de contrebande. CONTRACT, v. a. & n resseiver, rétrecir, ccatracter, convenir, fiancer, traiter. CONTRACT, s. contrat, m. convention, f. CONTRACTIBLE, adj. susceptible de contrac-CONTRACTILE, adj. qui se resserre. [tion. CONTRACTION, s. contraction, f. resserre ment, m. raccourcissement, m CONTRADICT, v. a. contredire, contrarier. CONTRADICTER, s. contradicteur, m. CONTRADICTION, s. contradiction, f. CONTRADICTIOUS, adj. contradictor CONTRADICTIOUSNESS, s. contradiction.

CONTRADICTORY, adj. contradictoire. CONTRADISTINCTION, s. opposition. CONTRADISTINGUISH, v. n. mettre en oppo-CONTRARIETY, s. contrariété, f. opposition, f. CONTRARILY, adv. de différentes manières. CONTRARIOUS, adj. contraire, opposé. CONTRARIWISE,adv. autrement, au contraire. CONTRARY, adj. contraire, opposé. CONTRARY, s. le contraire; prep. contre. CONTRAST, v. a. contraster, confronter. CONTRAST, s. contraste, m. opposition, f. CONTRAVALLATION, s. contrevaliation, f. CONTRAVENE, v. a. enfreindre, contrevenir. CONTRAVENER, s. contrevenant, f. CONTRAVENTION, s. contravention, f. CONTRIBUTE, v. a. & n. contribuer, payer. CONTRIBUTION, s. contribution, f. taxe, f. CONTRIBUTOR, s. contribuant, m. qui sert à. CONTRIBUTORY, CONTRIBUTARY, adj. con-CONTRITE, adj. brise, contrit. [tribuable. CONTRITEMESS, s. contrition, f. repentir, m. CONTRITION, s. brisement, contrition, f. CONTRIVABLE, adj. qui peut être inventé. CONTRIVANCE, s. invention, f. dessein, m. CONTRIVE, v. a. inventer, imaginer, concerter, menager, trouver, pratiquer, tramer, machiner; v. n. comploter. CONTRIVER, s. inventeur, m. auteur, m. CONTRIVING, CONTRIVEMENT, s. invention, CONTROL, s. contrôle, m. censure, f. CONTROL, v. a. contrôler, vérifier, censurer. CONTROLLER, COMPTROLLER, s. contrô-[dance, f. leur, m. CONTROLLERSHIP, s. inspection, f. inten-CONTROLMENT, s. autorité, f. inspection, f. CONTROVER, s. auteur de faux bruits, m. CONTROVERSIAI., adj. de controverse. CONTROVERSY, s. dispute, f. different, m. CONTROVERT, v. a. disputer, debattre. CONTROVERTIBLE, adj. disputable. CONTROVERTIST, s. controvertiste, m CONTUNACIOUS, adj. obstiné, désobéissant. CONTUNACIOUSLY, adv. opiniâtrement. CONTUMACY, CONTUMACIOUSNESS, s. obstination, f. opiniâtrete, f. contumace, f. CONTUMELLOUS,adj. outrageux, diffamatoire. CONTUMBLIOUSLY, adv. injurieusement. CONTUMELY, CONTUMELIOUSNESS, s. ou-CORTUSE, v. a. meurtrir, faire une contusion. CONTUSION, s. contusion, f. [valescence, f. CONVALESCENCE, CONVALESCENCY, s. con-CONVALESCENT, adj. convalescent. CONVENABLE, adj. convenable, assortissant. CONVENE, v. a. & n. assembler, s'assembler. CONVENIENCE, CONVENIENCY, &. convenance, f. CONVENIENT, adj. convenable, commode. CONVENIENTLY, adv. convenablement. CONVENT, s. convent, m. monastère, m. CONVENT, v. a. citer, ajourner, assigner. CONVENTICIE, s. conventicule, m. CONVENTION, s. assemblée, f. convention, f. CONVENTIONAL, CONVENTIONARY, adj. conventionnel, stipulé, réglé par convention. CONVENTUAL, adj. conventuel; s. religieux, CONVERGE, v. n. tendre au même point. [m. CONVERGENT, CONVERGING, adj. convergent. CONVERSABLE, adj. sociable, communicatif.
CONVERSART, adj. familier, qui converse,
verse, expérimente, qui a pour objet.

CONTRADICTORILY, adv. contradictoirement. || CONVERSATION, s. conversation, f. entreties familier, commerce, f. conduite, f. [cické. Conversative, adj. qui a rapport à la so-Converse, s. conversation, f. habitude, f. proposition, converse or contraire, CONVERSE, r. s. converser, s'entretenir. CONVERSELY, adv. reciproquement. [m. CONVERSION, s. conversion, f. changement, CONVERSIVE, CONVERSIBLE, adf. sociable. Convert, v. a. convertir; v. n. se changer. CONVERT, CONVERTITE, s. un converti. CONVERTER, s. convertisseur, m. CONVERTIBLE, adj. qui peut être change. CONVEX, adj. convexe; s. convexité. CONVEXED, part. adj. de forme convexe. CONVEXEDLY, CONVEXLY, adv. en forme com-Convexity, Convexness, s. convexité, f. Convey, v. a. porter, transporter, transmet-tre, envoyer, introduire, conduire; convey away, emporter, faire emporter; conver out, mettre dehors, sauver; convey one's self out, se sauver, s'enfuir. CONVEYANCE, s. transport, m. voiture, f. envoi, m. cession, f. menees sourdes. CONVEYANCER, s. un notaire. Conveyen, s. voiturier, m. qui transporte. CONVICT, v. a. convainere; adj. convaincu. CONVICT, s. atteint et convaincu d'un crime. CONVICTED, adj. convaincu. CONVICTION, s. conviction, f. refutation, f. CONVICTIVE, adj. convaineant. [stration. f. CONVICTIVENESS, s. évidence, f. démon-Convince, v. a. convaincre, prouver, mon-CONVINCIBLE, adj. incontestable. Cante. CONVINCINGLY, adr. d'une manière convain-CONVIVAL, CONVIVIAL, adj. de convive. CONVIVE. v. a. regaler, traiter. CONUNDRUM, s. jeu de mots, m. CONVOCATE, v. a. convoquer, assembler, Convocation, s. convocation, f. assemblée Convolution, s. l'action de rouler; rouleau, Convoy, r. a. convoyer, escorter. Convoy, s. convoi, m. escorte, f. CONVULSE, v. a. agiter, bouleverser. CONVULSION, s. convulsion. f. agitation vio-CONVULSIVE, adj. convulsif. [lente, f. CONY, s. lapin, m.; young comy, lapereau. CONY-BURROW, s. clapier, m. terrier, m. CONY-CATCHER, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. CONY-WARREN, s. garenne de lapins. Coo, r. n. roucouler, gémir, caracouler. [seur.: Cooing, s. roucoulement, m. Cook, s. cuisinier, m. cuisinière, f. rôtis-Cook, v. a. faire la cuisine. cuisiner COOKERY, s. l'art du cuisinier, cuisine, f. Cook-maid, s. servante de cuisine. Cuon-room, s. foyer or cuisine d'un vais-seau, m. Cook's-shop, une rôtisserie. Cool, adj. frais, froid, indifferent. Cool, s. fraicheur, f. le frais. Cool, r. a. & n. rafraichir, se rafraichir. COOLER, s. un réfrigérant, brassin. m. COOLING, s. rafraichissement, m. ralentisse-Cooling, adj. rafraichissant. [ment, m. Coolly, adr. fraichement, de sang froid. COOLNESS. s. fraicheur, f. frais, m. COOM, s. suic, f. vieux oing, marc, m Coom or Comb, s. mesure de ble le 4 bois Coop, s. un barrique. [seaux, m. Coop, r. a. enfermer, mettre en cage Coorer, s. tonnelier, m.

COOPERAGE, s. tonnellerie, f. COOPERATE, v. a. cooperer, concourir. COOPERATIVE, adj. cooperant. COOPERATION, s. cooperation, f. COOPERATOR, s. cooperateur, COORDINATE, adj. du même ordre, egal. COORDINATION, s. égalité de rang, Coot, s. poule d'eau, f. foulque, f. Cop, s. sommet, m. cime, f. huppe, f. COPAL, s. (a sort of gum) gomme copal, COPARCENER, s. copartageant, m. cohéritier, COPARCENY, s. cohéritage, m. [m. COPARTNER, s. associé, m. collègue, m. COPATVA, s. capahu, m. (sorte de baume.) COPE, s. calotte, f. chape, f. COPE, v. a. & n. couvrir, faire tête à, combattre, recompenser, changer. COPIER, s. copiste, m. scribe, m. CUPING, s. faite, m. chaperon, m. combat, m. Corious, adj. copieux, abondant. [ment. COPIOUSLY, adv. copieusement, abondam-COPIOUSNESS, s. abondance; f. profusion, f. COPIST, s. scribe, m. écrivain, copiste, m COPPED, adj. huppé, qui s'élève en pointe. COPPEL, s. coupelle, f. COPPER, s. cuivre, m. chaudière, f. COPPERAS, s. couperose, f. [cuivre. COPPER-COLOUR, adj. basane, couleur de COPPER-NOSE, s. nez rouge, m. nez coupe-COPPER-PLATE, s. taille douce. [rose, m. COPPER-SMITH, s. chaudronnier. COPPERY, adj. qui contient du cuivre. COPPICE or COPSE, s. taillis, m. COPPLE, CUPPLE, s. creuset, m. coupelle, f. [pler. Corse, v. a. conserver les taillis. COPULATE, v. a. joindre, unir; r. n. s'accou-COPULATION, s. copulation, f. accomplement, COPULATIVE, adj. copulatif. [m. COPY, s. copie, f. manuscrit, m. COPY, s. a. copier, transcrive, imiter. COPYHOLD, s. terre qui relève d'un fief. COPY-HOLDER, s. tenancier, m. vassal, m. COQUET, adj. coquet. Coquette, s. coquette, f. COQUET, v. a. & n. faire l'amour, coqueter. COQUETRY, s. coquetterie, f. CORAL, s. corail. m. hochet de corail CORALLINE, adj. de corail; s. coraline, CORANT, s. courante, f. (sorte de dance.)
CORBEN, s. tronc, m. offrande, f.
CORBEL, s. corbeille, f. corbeau, m. console,
CORD, s. corde, f. cordon, m. lien, m.
CORD, s. a. lier avec des cordes, corder. CORDAGE, s. cordage, m. funiu, m. CORDELIER, s. (a friar) cordelier, m CURD-MAKER, s. cordier, m. fescur de cordes, CORDIAL, s. cordial, m. restaurant; adj. sin-CORDIALITY, s. cordialité, f. sincérité, f. CORDIALLY, adv. cordialement, sincèrement. CORDON, s. cordon, m. rangée, f. CORDWAIN, s. sorte de cuire d'Espagne, m. CORE, s. le cœur, l'intérieur, le trognou. CORIACEOUS, adj. de cuir, coriace. CORIANDER, s. (a plant) coriandre, f. CORIETHIAN, adj. Corinthica. CORK, s. liège, m. bouchon de liège, m [liége. CORK-SCREW, s. tire-bouchon, m. CORK, r. a. boucher avec un bouchon de CORKING-PIN, s. espèce de grande épingle. CORKY, adj. de liége, fait de liége. CORMORANT, s. cormorant, m. un glouton. CORN, s. ble, m. g. n. m. un cor au pied. CORN, r. u. saler, require en grains. CORN-CHANDLER, s. vendeur de grains, m.

Corn-cutter, s. coupeur de cor, m. CORNEL OF CORNELIAN-CHERRY, &. COF nouille, f. CORNEL OF CORNELIAN-TREE, s. cornoun-CORNELIAN-STONE, s. cornaline, f. [ler, m. CORNEOUS, adj. de corne, calleux. CORNER, s. coin, m. encoignure, f. angle, m CORNET, c. cornet, m. cornette, f. corne, un cornette, porte étendard, m. campagne, f. CORN-FIELD, s. champ, m. terre arable. Corn-Floor, s. grenier à ble, m. CORN-FLOWER, s. bluct, m. blavet, m. CORNICE or CORNISH, s. corniche, f. CORNIGEROUS, adj. cornu, ayant cornes. CORN-MERCHANT, s. marchandde ble. CORN-ROSE, s. coquelicot, m CORN-SALLAD, s. mache, f. doucette, f. CORNUCOPIE, s. corne d'abondance, f. CORNUTE, v. n. faire cornard, vulcaniser. CORNUTED, part. adj. cornard.
CORNY, adj. de corne, calleux, graineux.
COROLLARY, s. corollaire, m. [coro CORONARY, s. couronne, f. guirlande, f.; adj. CORNAL, adj. coronaire. CORONATION, s. couronnement, m. CORONER, s. officier charge d'informer concernant les personnes trouvées mortes. CORONET, s. couronne de seigneur, f. CORPORAL, s. caporal, m. corporal, m. CORPORAL, adj. corporel, qui concerne le CORPORALITY, s. materialité, f. [corps. CORPORALLY, adr. corporellement. CORPORATE, adj. uni en corps CORPORATION, s. communaute, municipalité, CORPOREAL, adj. qui a un corps, materiel. CORPOREITY, s. materialité, f. corporeité, f. CORPORITY, v. a. corporifier, corporiser. CORPS, s. corps, m. CORPSE, s. corps mort, cadavre, m. CORPULENCE, s. corpulence, f. embonpoint, CORPULENT, adj. gros et gras, replet, charme. CORPUS-CHRISTI-DAY, s. fete-dieu. CORPUSCLE, s. corpuscule, m. atome, m. CORPUSCULAR, adj. corpusculaire. CORRADE, v. u. user par le frottement. CORRADIATION, s. réunion des rayons. CORRECT, r. a. corriger, punir, temperer. CORRECT, adj. correct, exact, châtie. CORRECTION, s. correction, f. châtiment, m. Under correction, sauf correction. CORRECTIVE, adj. correctif. qui corrige. CORRECTIVE, s. correctif, m. restriction, f. CORRECTLY, adr. correctement, exactement. Correctness, s. exactitude, f. CORRECTOR, s. correcteur, m. reformateur, CORRELATE, s. objet, correspondant. CORRELATIVE, adj. correlatif. CORRELATIVENESS, s. correlation, f. correspondance, f. Correspond, v. n. correspondre, repondre. CORRESPONDENCE, s. correspondance, CORRESPONDENT, adj. & s. correspondent. CORRESPONSIVE, adj. sortable, conforme. CORRIDOR, s. chemin couvert, corridor, s CORRIGIBLE, adj. corrigible, qui peut être CORRIVAL, s. rival, m. [corrige. CORROBORANT, adj. fortifiant, corroboratif. CORROBORATE, v. a. corroborer, fortifier CORROBORATION, s. corroboration, CORROBORATIVE, adj. corroboratif, qui for-CORRODE, v. a. corroder, rouger. CORRODENT, CORRODING. adj rongeant.

CORROSIBLE, adj. susceptible de corrosion. CORROSIBLE, adj. susceptible de corrosion. CORROSION, s. corrosion, f. [grinant. CORROSIVE, aef. &t. corrosif, rongeur, cha-CORROSIVENESS, s. qualité corrosive, f. CORRUGATE, v. a. rider, froncer. CORRUGATION, s. crispation, f. CORRUPT, v. a. corrompre, gâter, débau-cher, seduire, infecter; v. n. se corrompre. CORRUPT, adj. corrompu, gâté, dépravé. CORRUPTER, s. corrupteur, m. suborneur, m. CORRUPTIBILITY, s. corruptibilité, f. CORRUPTIBLE, adj. corruptible. CORRUPTION, s. corruption, f. pourriure, f. pus, m. matiere, f. depravation, f. CORRUPTIVE, adf. pestilentiel, qui corrompt. CORRUPTILESS, adf. incorruptible, inaltera-CORRUPTLY, adv. d'une manière corrompue. CORRUSCANT, adj. brillant, resplendissant. CORRUSCATION, s. éclat, m. lueur, f. CORSAIR, s. corsaire, m. pirate, m. CORSE-PRESENT, s. present mortuaire, m. CORSLET, CORSELET, s. corselet, m. cui-CORTICAL, adj. cortical, de l'écorce. CORYMBUS, s. corymbe, f. COSECANT, s. cosecante, f. COSINE, s. co-sinus, m COSMETICE, adj. cosmétique, qui embellit. COSMETICES, s. pl. cosmètiques, m. COSMICAL, adj. qui a rapport au monde. COSMICALLY, adv. avec le soleil. COSMOGRAPHER, s. cosmographe, m. COSMOGRAPHY, s. cosmographie, f. COSMOPOLITAN, COSMOPOLITE, s. cosmopolite, m. Cosset, s. agneau, veau, &c. élevé sans la Cost, v. s. couter COST, s. frais, m. dépens, m. dépense, f. COSTAL, adj. qui appartient aux côtes. COSTARD, s. la tête; espèce de pomme ronde. COSTIVE, adj. constipe, d'un tissu serré. COSTIVENESS, s. constipation. COSTLINESS, s. somptuosité, f. grande dé-COSTLY, adj. cher, dispendieux, somptueux. COSTREL, s. bouteille, f. flacon, m. COT, s. cabane, f. hutte, f. étable, f. CUTANGENT, s. cotangente, f. COTEMPORARY, adj. contemporain. COTQUEAN, s. un jocrisse, un tâte-poule. COTTAGE, s. cabane, f. chaumière, f. COTTAGER, s. qui demeure dans une cabane. COTTON, s. coton, m. toile de coton, f. COTTON-TREE, s. cotonnier, m. COTTON, v. n. se cotonner, s'accorder. Couch, v. n. & a. se coucher, coucher. COUCH, s. couchette, f. couche, f. COUCHANT, adj. couche, couchant. COUCH-GRASS, s. (an herb) chieudent, # Cough, s. toux, f. Church-yard cough, toux mortelle. Cough, r. n. tousser. COUGH OUT, v. a. rendre en toussant, expec-COUGHER, s. tousseur, m. [tore COUGHER, s. l'action de tousser, toux, f. [torer. Coul, s. une cuve, une cuvette.
Could, I could, je pouvois, je pourrois.
Coulter, s. soc de charrue, m. [blée COUNCIL, s. conseil, m. concile, m. assem-cution-board, s. table du conseil, f. Courcil-chamber, s. chambre du conseil, f. COUNSEL, s. conseil, m. avis, m. deliberation.

COURSEL, v. a. conseiller, donner conseil. COUNSELLABLE, adj. qui prend volontiers COUNSELLOR, s. conseiller, m. [conseil. Count, v. a. compter, calculer, estimer. COURT, v. n. compter, faire fond sur. Count, s. calcul, m. compte, m. un comte (titre), demande, f. declaration. COUNTABLE, adj. qui peut être compté. COUNTENANCE, s. contenance, f. air, m. mine, f. appui, m. soutien, m. COUNTENANCE, v. a. favoriser, appuyer. COUNTENANCER, z. protecteur, m. fauteur, m. COUNTER, s. jeton, m. comptoir, m. Counter, adv. contre, en opposition. COUNTERACT, v. a. agir contre, contrarier. COUNTERBALANCE, v. a. contre-balancer. COUNTERBALANCE, s. contre-poids, m. COUNTER-BATTERY, s. contre-batterie, f. COUNTER-BOND, s. obligation, f. rance, f. COUNTER-CHANGE, s. échange, m.; v. a. échanger. COUNTER-CHARGE, s. recrimination, COUNTER-CHECK, v. a. contre-carrer, cpp COUNTER-CHECK, s. opposition, f. COUNTER-CUNNING, s. contre-ruse, Counter-current, s. courant contraire, m. COUNTER-DISTINCTION, s. par opposition. COUNTER-DRAW, v. a. contre-tirer COUNTER-EVIDENCE, s. temoignage contraire. COUNTERFEIT, v. a. contrefaire, imiter, feindre, controuver, supposer, forger. COUNTERFEIT, adj. contrefait, forge, sup posé. Counterfeit, s. fourbe, m. fourberie, f. COUNTERFEITER, s. faussaire, m COUNTERFEITLY, adv. avec deguisement, faussement. COUNTERFOIL, s. contre taille, f. [loppe, f. COUNTERFUGUE, s. contrefugue. COUNTER-GUARD, s. contre-garde, COUNTER-LATH, s. contre-latte, f.; v. a. con-COUNTER-LIGHT, s. contre-jour, m. Countermand, v. a. contremander. COUNTERMAND, s. contre-ordre, m. nullité, f. COUNTER-MARCH, v. a. revenir sur ses pas. Counter-march, s. contre-marche, Counter-mark, s. contre-marque, J.; v. a. contre-marquer. COUNTER-MINE, s. contre-mine, f.; v. a. contre-miner. Counter-miner, s. contre-mineur, s. COUNTER-MURE, s. contre-mur, m. Counter-natural, adj. contre-nature. COUNTER-PACE, s. mesure opposee. COUNTERPANE, s. courte-pointe, f. couverture de lit piquée, f.
Counterrant, s. double, m. copie, f. contre-partie, f. COUNTER-PLEA, s. opposition à produire, f. COUNTER-PLOT, v. n. opposer une ruse. COUNTER-PLOT, s. contre-ruse, f. [m. Counter-point, s. (in musick) contre-point, COUNTERPOISE, v. a. contre-peser. Counterpoise, s. contre-poids, équilibre, m. COUNTER-POISON, s. contre-poison, m COUNTER-RAIL, s. double talustrade, f. COUNTER-ROUND, s. contre-ronde, Counterscarp, s. contrescarpe, f.; v. a contrescarper. COUNTER-SIGN, v. a. contre-signer; s. con tre-seing, m.

COUNTER-TALLY, s. contre-taille, f. COUNTER-TENOR, s. haute-contre, f. COUNTERVAIL, v. a. egaler, compenser. COUNTERVAIL, v. a. egaler, compenser. COUNTERVAIL, v. equilibro, sa. compenser. tion, f. COURTER-VIEW, s. opposition, f. contra-COURTERWORK, v. a. contre-miner. {m. COUNTESS, s. comiesse, femme d'un comi Counting-House, e. comptoir d'un négociant, m. COUNTLESS, adj. innombrable. COUNTRY, e. contrée, f. pays, m. région, f. champ, m. campague, f. patrie, f. COUNTRY, adj. rustique, campagnard, champeure; countryman, un paysan, un villa-geois; country dance, contre-danse, f.; country squire, un gentilloname campa-gnard; country house, une maison de campagne; country life, une vie champetre. COUNTY, s. comie, m COUPEE, s. (a step in dancing) coupé, m. Couple, s. couple, m. & f. paire, f. Couple, v. a. & n. coupler, joindre ensemble, accoupler, s'accoupler, marier et se Coupley, s. deux vers rimés. COURAGE, s. courage, m. intrépidité, f. COURAGEOUS, adj. courageux, hardi. COURAGEOUSLY, adv. courageusement. COURANT, s. courante, gazette, f. COURSE, s. cours, m. course, f. carrière, f. ordre, m. tour, m. rang, m. suite, f. cou-tume, f. train, m. procede, m. conduite, f. methode, f. moyen, m. voic, f. mesure, f. woile, f. route, f. service, m. Course of humours, fluxion, f.; course of stones, parement de muraille, m. assise de pierres, f.; courses of sooman, regles or mois des femances, f. m. Of course, ordinaire, ordipairement. [sant. nairement.
COURSE, v. a. courre, courir, forcer en chas-COURSER, s. coursier, m. chasseur, m.
COURT, s. cour, f. jurisdiction, f. Court-ba-ron, cour foncière. Court-leet, cour fon-cière qui regarde proprenent les offenses. COURT on regarde profession to deliver, the court of the mour, flatter, briguer, solliciter.
COURT-CARD, s. carte figurée, f. figure, f. COURT-COUR, adj. affable, honnète, civil.
Courteous reader, ami l'ecteur, bénévole. COURTEOUSLY, edr. poliment, civilement. COURTEOUSLY, MAT. POINTERN, CYVIERNEM.
COURTESAN OF COURTERAN, E. COURTISAN, F. COURTESAN, E. COURTISAN, F. COURTESAN, F. COURTESY, C. COURTESY, C. S. faire la révérence. COURTIER, s. courtisan, m. homme de cour. COURTLINE, s. courtine, f. rideau, m. COURTLINE, adj. poli. clegant. COURTLINESS, s. elégance, f. grâces, f. pl. COURTLY, adj. poli, comme un homme de COURYSHIP, s. cour, f. civilité, f. [cour. COURT, s. cousin, m. cousine, f. COVE, s. crique, f. couver, m. houlin, m. COVERANT, s. contrat, m. convention, f. COVENANT, v. n. convenir, contracter. COVERANT D. R. CONVERIE CONTRACTOR.
COVERANTER, a. ligueum, m. Cromwelliste, m.
COVEROUS, adj. frauduleux, trompeur.
COVER, v. a. couvrir, cèler, eacher, voiler, dégaisor, couver, s'accoupler, remplir.
COVER, a. couvercle m. couverture, f. en-

veloppe, f. ahri, m. couvert, m. couvert de table; couvreplat, m. prétexte, m. voile, m. masque, m. COVERING, s. converture, f. COVERLET, s. converture de lit, f. converture de paradé, f. COVER-SLUT, s. une fluese-manche. COVERT, s. couvert, m. abri, m. asile, m. retraite, f. lieu couvert d'arbres ; fort, m. Covert, adj. à couvert, à l'abri, caché, se-cret, en puissance de mari, mariée. COVERTLY, adv. en secret, accrètement. Coverture, s. abri, m. défense, f. protebtion, f. COVERT-WAY, s. chemia couvert. COVET, v. a. convoiter, ambitionner,; v. A. COVETABLE, adj. désirable. [aspi Coverous, adj. avide, passionné, avare. COVETOUSLY, adv. avec avarice sordidem COVETOURNESS, s. avarice, f. convoitise, f. COVEY, s. une couvée, une volée d'oiseaux, Covin or Covine, s. collusion, f. fraude, f. Cow, s. vache, f. A milch-coo, une vache à lait, une dupe. Cow, v. a. intimider, épouvanter. COWARD, s. lâche, m. poltron, m. COWARDICE, COWARDLINESS, s. poltrosnerie, f. COWARDLY, adj. poliron, m. liche; adt. làchement. Cower, v. z. se baisser, se courber. Cow-Herd, Cow-Keeper, s. vacher, m. Cow-House, s. étable à vaches, f. Cow-LEECH, s. celui qui guérit les vachés malades Cowl, s. capuce, m. capuchon. Cowslip, s. primevère, f. primerolle, f. Coxcoms, s. crète de coq, f. un sot. COXCOMICAL, adj. sot, impertinent, faquin. Co y, adj. modeste, reservé, retenu. COY, v. s. se comporter avec réserve. COYLT, adr. avec réserve, précieusement. COYMES, e retenue, f. réserve, f. pruderie, f. Coz, s. cousin, cousine. COZEN, v. a. tromper, duper, cajoler COZENAGE, s. fraude, f. fourberie, f. COZENER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. CRAB, s. conspect, m. nouse, m. C. CRAB, s. crabe, f. cancre, m. l'écrevisse, f. Crab-tree, pommier sauvage, m. CRAB, adf. aigre, de mavais goût, dégénéré. CRABEED, adf. dur, sévère, bourru. CRABEEDLY, adv. durement, tristement. CRABEEDLY, adv. avendé de monté. CRABBEDNESS, s. apreté de goût, f. CRAB'S EYES, s. pl. pierres or your d'écrevisse, f. m CRACK, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. cclat, m. bruk d'un corps qui creve or tombe, m. crac, m. craquement, m. un crane, une putain, un vanteur, un fanfaron. CRACK, v. a. fendre, briser, fêler, casser;
v. a. se fendre, se fêler, s'entrouvrir, craquer, se vanter, se glorifier. [timbre.
CRACK-BRAINED, adj. qui a le cerveau mai CRACKER, s. menteur, un enfileur. CRACK-HEMP, CRACK-ROPE, s. un pendard. CRACKLE, v. n. craqueter, petiller. CRACKLING, s. craquement, m. bruit, m. CRACENELL, s. craquelin, m. échande, m. CRADLE, s. berceau, m. CRADLE, v.a. mettre dans un berceau, berces. CRAFT, s. metier, s. art mechanique, ss. finesse, f. ruse, f. fourberie, f. art, s. barques, f. bateaux, ss. CRAFTILY, ado. avec finesse, artificieuse-

CRAFTINESS, e. finesse, f. ruse, f. CRAFTSMAN, e. artisan, m. ouvrier, m. CRAFTS-MASTER, s. un artiste, un maître. CRAFTY, adj. fin, adroit, rusé, artificieux. CRAG, s. rocher escarpe, m. le chignon du CRAGGED, CRAGGY, adj. raboteux. [cou. CRAGGINESS, CRAGGEDNESS, s. roideur, f. CRAM, v. a. remplir, farcir, gorger, enfoncer. CRAMBO, s. sorte de jeu de rime, CRAMP, s. crampou, m. crochet, m CRAMP, v. a. cramponner, accrocher. CRAMPOONS, s. des crampons de fer, m, pl. CRAMP-FISH, s. (the torpedo) torpille, f. CRAME-IRON, s. crainpon, m. crochet, m. CRAME, s. grue, f. siphon, m. [d'une grue. CRAME UP, n. a. lever, hausser, par le moyen CRAME, s. levier, m. poutre. m. détour, m. CRANE, adj. dispos, vigoureux, vif. CRANKLES, s. m. serpenter, couper en zig-zag.
CRANKLES, s. pl. replis, m. détours, m.
CRANFILED, adj. fendu, crevassé, plein de
CRANKY, s. fente, crevasse, f.

[fentes. CRAPE, s. crêpe, m. crêpon, m. CRAPULENCE, s. crapule, f. ivrognerie, f. CRAPULOUS, adj. crapuleux, ivrogne. CRASH, v. a. froisser, briser, craquer. CRASH, s. froissement, m. craquement, m. CRASHING, s. froissement, m. fracas, m. CRASIS, s. temperament, m. constitutors, f. CRASSITUDE, s. épaisseur, f. grossièreté, f. CRASTITUDE, s. épaisseur, f. grossièreté, f. CRASTINATION, s. édain, m. prolongation, f. CRATCH, s. ratelier, m. [du cheval, m. du cheval, m. au paisurons CRASIS, s. temperament, m. constitution, f. CRATCH, s. ratelier, m. [du cheval, m. CRATCHES, s. crevasse, f. ulcère au paturons CRAUNCH, v. a. croquer, casser avec les CRAVAT, s. cravate, CRAVE, v. a. demander avec instance. CRAVEN, s. un coq vaincu, un poltron; r. a. intimider. CRAVING, adj. insatiable, affamé CRAVINGNESS, s. humeur insatiable, f. CRAW, s. jabot, m. estomac des oiseaux, m. CRAW-FISH OF CRAV-FISH, s. écrevisse, f. CRAWL, v. n. ramper, se trainer, s'insinuer. CRAWLER, s. reptile, m. créature rampante. CRAYON, c. crayon, m. pastel, m. CRAYON, c. crayon, m. pastel, m. GRAZE, v. a. briser, froisser, affoiblir. CRAZENNESS, s. foiblesse, f. déchilité, f. CRAZINESS, s. coiblesse, f. débilité, f. CRAZI, adj. cassé, caduc, foible, fou. OREAK, v. a. craquer, crier. CREAKING, s. craquement, m. cri, m. CREAM, s. crême, f. le fin, la fleur. Cream-cheese, fromage à la crême. CREAM, v. n. crêmer ; v. a. écrêmer. CREAM, v. n. crèmer; v. a. écrèmer.
CREAMY, adj. plein de crème.
CREAMY, adj. plein de crème.
CREAME, s. crèance, f. confiance, f.
CREABE, s. un pli, plissure, f.; v. a. plisser.
CREATE, v. a. crèer, établir, causer.
CREATION, s. crèation, f. les êtres crèés, nomination, f. établissement, n.
CREATIVE, adj. qui crée, créateur, inventif.
CREATIVE, ad. créature, f. protégé, n.
CREATOR, s. le Créateur, auteur, m.
CREATOR, s. le Créateur, f. protégé, n.
CREDENE, s. foi, f. créance, f. [de tot.
CREDENT, adj. crèdule, accrédité.
CREDENTIALS, s. pl. ettres de créance, f. CREDENTIALS, s. pl. lettres de créance, f. CREDIBILITY, s. crédibilité, f. probabilité, f. CREDIBLITY, s. crédibilité, f. crezible, digne de foi. CREDIBLENESS, s. crédibilité, f. vraisemblance, f. CREDIBLY, adv. probablement. CREDIT, s. foi, f. croyance, f. temoignage, CRINKLE, v. n. serpenter faire des zig-zags

m. créance, f. crédit, m. autorité, f. pou voir, m. honneur, f. réputation, f. confi ance, f. [crédit. CREDIT, v. a. croire, faire honneur, faire CREDITABLE, adj. honorable, estimable. CREDITABLENESS, s. crédit, m. réputation, f. CREDITABLY, adv. avec bonneur. CREDITABLY, auv. avec nonneur.

CREDITOR, s. créancier, m. préteur, m.

CREDULITY, s. crédulité, f. facilité de croire.

CREDULOUSMESS, s. crédulité, f. [ment.

CREBUL, s. symbole, m. confession de foi, f. CREEK, s. une petite baie, un crique. CREEKY, adv. plein de détours, de baies. CREEP, v. n. ramper, se trainer, s'abaisser: creep in or into, se couler, se glisser, s'in-sinuer; creep out, sortir subtilement, se sauver à petit bruit; creep on, s'approcher insensiblement. CREEPER, s. une plante rampante. CREEP-HOLE, s. une échappatoire, une ex-CREEPING, s. l'action de ramper, bassesse. CREEPING, adj. qui rampe, rampant; a creep ing thing, un reptile; creeping thyme, du serpolet. CREEPINGLY, adv. en rampant, bassement. CREMOR, s. substance semblable à la crême CREMATED, adj. entaille, crènelé. CREPITATE, v. n. pétiller, craqueter. CREPITATION, s. petillement, m. craquement, m. CREPUSCULE, s. crépuscule, m. CREPUSCULOUS, adj. qui jette une foible CRESCENT, adj. qui eroit, eroissant, m. CRESS, s. (in the pl. cresses, water-cresses) cresson, m. CRESSET, s. falot, m. trepied, m. CREST, s. crete, f. huppe, f. vivacite, f. Serté, f. cimier, m. timbre, m. l'encolure d'un cheval, f. [huppé. CRESTED, adj. qui port une crète, un cimier, CRESTED, adj. découragé, abattu. CREVICE, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. CREW, s. bande, f. troupe, f. ias, m. l'équi-page d'un vaisseau, m. l.: a fit. page d'un vaisseau, m.
CREWEL, s. estame fine, laine filée.
CRIB, s. crèche, f. muageoire, f. cabane, f.
CRICRE, s. le bruit d'une porte, cric-crac.
CRICRET, s. grillon, m. la crosse. *
CRICRET, s. crieur public, m. CRIME, s. crime, m. méchante action, péché, CRIMINAL, adj. criminel; s. un criminel. CRIMINALLY, CRIMINOUSLY, adv. criminellement. CRIMINALNESS, CRIMINALITY, s. mechan-CRIMINATION, s. accusation, f. CRIMINATORY, adj. accusatoire. CRIMINOUS, adj. criminel, mechant, inique CRIMINOUSLY, adv. criminellement. CRIMINOUSNESS, s. méchanceté, f. CRIMOSINESS, s. mechanicae, j. CRIMOSIN, adj. cramoisi.
CRIMPI, adj. fragile, cassent, contradictoire.
CRIMPIER, v. a. rétrécir, plisser, froncer.
CRIMPIENG, adj. mal à son aise, boileux.
CRIMPT, adj. frisb. plié.
CRIMSON, s. cramoisi, m. adj. eramoisi. CRIMSON, v. z. teindre en cramoisi, en rouge. CRINCUM, s. contraction, f. bizarrerie, f. CRINGE, s. soumission servile, bassesse, f. CRINGE, v. a. froncer, rider, ramper. CRINGING, s. bassesse, f. soumission servile CRINIGEROUS, adj. couvert de poil.

CRIPLINGS, s. tour, m. détour, m. CRIPLINGS, s. des solives, f. des pieux, m. CRIPPLE, adj. impotent, perclus, estropic. CRIPPLE, v. a. estropier. CRIPPLENESS, s. l'état d'une personne percluse de ses membres, m. CRISIS, s. crise, f. effort, m.
CRISIS, adj. frise, fragile, cassant, croquant.
Crisp-almonds, des pralines. CRISP, v. a. rendre cassant, friser. CRISPING, CRISPA FION, s. frisure, f. crispa-CRISPING-IRON, CRISPING-PIN, s. fer à CRISPY, adj. frise, friable, fragile. CRITERION, s. règle de jugement, m CRITICAL, adj. critique, exact, dé crise. CRITICALLY, adv. en critique, avec exacti-CRITICALNESS, s. exactitude. CRITICISE, CRITICE, r. a. & n. critiquer. CRITICISM. s. critique, f. jugement critique, CRITICK, s. la critique. CROAK, v. a. coasser et croasser. CROAK or CROAKING, s. coassement, croasse-CROCEOUS, adj. de safran. CROCK, s. cruche or pot de terre, f. m. CROCK-BUTTER, beurre salé. CROCKERY, s. poterie, f. faiencerie, f. CROCODILE, s. (an animal) crocodile, m. CROCUS, s. crocus, m. fleurs de safran. CROFT, s. petit clos, enclos, m CROISADE, CROISADO, s. croisade, f. guerre CROISES, s. pl. croisés, m. pélerin, m. CRONE, s. une vieille brebis, une vieille CRONY, s. une vieille connoissance. [femme. CROOK, v. a. courber, plier, voîter. CROOK-BACK, s. un homme voûté, un bossu. CROOK-BACKED, adj. bossu, voûté. CROOKED, part. adj. courbe, courbe, plié, tortu, tortueux, voûté, bossu, crochu. CROOKEDLY, adv. de travers, tortueusement. CROOKEDNESS, s. courbure, f. tortuosité, f. CROOL, v. n. murmurer, grommeler. CROP, s. récolte, f. moisson, f. jabot, m. che-val écourté, la verge d'un fouet. CROP, v. a. écourter, tondre, rogner, mois-sonner, cueillir, brouter; v. a. faire la moisson. CROSIER, s. (a bishop's staff) crosse, f. CROSLET, s. petite croix. CRoss, s. croix, f. affliction, f. traverse, f Cross, adj. de travers, oblique, mechant, dur, choquant, contraire, malheureux, contrariani, facheux, revêche. CRoss, adv. de travers, en travers, à rebours. CROSS, prep. à travers, au travers. CRoss, v. a. croiser, traverser, passer au travers, contrarier, être contraire, contracarrer, facher, tourmenter, chagriner, contrarier; cross out, effacer, rayer; cross over, passer au-delà, traverser. CROSS-BARS, s. pl. croisees, f. barres qui se croisent. Cross-bar-shot, balle ramee. CROSS-BITE, s. tromperie, f. revers, m. CROSS-BITE, v. a. tromper, duper. CROSS-BOW, s. arbalète, CROSS-BOWER, s. ai balètrier, m. CROSS-CAPER, s. entrechat, m. CROSS-EXAMINE, v. a. examiner par des questions captieuses. CHOSS-FORTUNE, s. revers de fortune, m. CROSS-GRAIVED, adj. revêche, intraitable. CROSS-LY, adv. & prep. de travers, mal, à

contretemps, mal-à-propos, d'une manière contraire à. CROSSNESS, s. mechancete, f. lumeur re-CROSS-MATCHES, s. pl. mariages entrelacts. CROSS-ROW, s. abece, m. alphabet, m. CROSS-STAFF, s. croix geometrique, f. CROSS-WAY, s. chemin de traverse, m. CROTCH, s. hameçon, m. fourche d'arbre, CROTCHET, s. crocne, cruchet, fantaisie, CROTELS, s. repaire. f. fiente de lièvre, CROUCH, v. n. coucher, se topir, s'abaisser, CROUP, s. croupe, f. croupion, m. CROUPEER, s. croupier, (au jeu) m CROW, s. corneille, f. pince, f. levier, m. CROW, v. n. chauter, se vanter, triompher CROWD, s. foule, f. presse, f. le vulgaire. CROWD, s. violon, m. CROWD, n. a. presser, fouler, serrer, enforcer. To crowd all sails, forcer de voiles. CROWD, v. n. abonder, se rassembler en foule. CROWDER, s. ménétrier, m. CROWFOOT, s. renoncule, f. chausse-trape, f. CROW-TOES, s. hyacinthe, f. CROWN, s. couronne, f. guirlande, f. le som met de la tête, le sommet d'une montagne, la forme d'un chapeau, la plaque d'une perruque, écu de cinq schellings, m. con ronne de tête de cerf, f. CROWN, v. a. couronner, damer. Crowning, s. couronnement CROWN-LANDS, domaine de la couronne, f. CROWN-SCAB, s. teigne, m. CROWN-WORK, s. ouvrage à couronne, m. CRUCIAL, adj. crucial. CRUCIATE, v. a. tourmenter. CRUCIBLE, s. creuset, m. CRUCIFIX, s. crucifix, m. CRUCIFIXION, s. crucifiement, m CRUCIFY, r. u. crucifier, attacher à une croix. CRUDE, adj. cru, qui n'est pas cuit, imparfait. CRUDELY, adv. cruement. [gestion, f. CRUDELY, adv. cruement. [gestion, f. CRUDENESS, CRUDITY, s. crudité, f. indi-CRUDLE, r. n. se cailler, coaguler. CRUEL, adj. cruel, inhumain, terrible. CRUELLY, adv. cruellement. [manite, f. CRUELTY, CRUELNESS, s. cruauté, f. inhu-CRUENTATE, adj. sanglant, ensanglanté. CRUET, s. burette, f. vinaigrier, m CRUISE, s. petite coupe, cours, ss. course, f. CRUISE, r. a. croiser, aller en course. CRUISER, s. croiseur, m. garde-côte, m CRUISING, s. en course, cours, m. course, f. CRUM, CRUMB, s. mie, f. miette, f. CRUM, CRUMBLE, r. a. émier; v. n. ton en poussière. CRUMP, adj. qui a beaucoup de mie, tea-CRUMP, CRUMPED, adj. voûte, bossu. CRUMP-FOOTED, adj. qui a les pieds tortus. CRUMPLE, v. a. tordre, chiffoner, rider. CRUME, CRUMELE, v. n. crier comme en CRUMPER, s. croupière, f. croupe, f. [gru CRUSAIVE, CRUSADO, s. croisade, f. CRUSE, s. cruche, f. pot à l'eau, m. CRUSH, s. froissement, m. choc, m. CRUSH, v. a. ecraser, briser, opprimer. CRUST, s. croûte, f. incrustation, f. CRUST, v. a. & n. couvrir, se couvrir.
CRUSTACEOUS, adj. crustacee. [crust
CRUSTED, part. adj. couvert d'une croîte, s CRUSTILY, adv. de mauvaise humeur. CRUSTINESS, s. croûte dure. CRUSTY, adj. croûteux.de mauvaise humeur CRUTCH, s. potence, f. bequille, f.; v.a. sou-

DRY, v. a. & n. crier, s'écrier, pleurer, se || recrier, proclamer, publier, appeller; cry down, decrier, abaisser; cry out, jeter des eris, être en travail d'enfant; cry out, with, of, against, on, upon, blamer, censurer, se recrier contre; cry unto, invoquer, réclamer; cry up, exalter, louer, vanter.

GRY, s. cri, m. lamentation, f. proclamation, f. GRYPTIGAL, CRYPTICK, adj. caché, secret.

GRYPTOGRAPHY, s. manière secrète d'écrire. CRYPTOLOGY, s' manière de parler obscure. CRYSTAL, s. crystal, m. CRYSTAL, CRYSTALLINE, adj. de cristal, clair, cristallin. CRYSTALLIZATION, s. cristallisation, f. CRYSTALLIZE, v. a. & n. cristalliser et se cristalliser. CUB, s. le petit de l'ours or du renard. CUB, v. a. mettre bas, faire des petits. CUBE, s. cube, m. nombre cubique. CUBICAL, CUBICK, adj. cubique, cube. CUCKOO, s. (a bird) coucou, m. CUCK-QUEAN, s. une putain, une garce. CUCUMBER, s. (a plant) concombre, m. CUCURBITE, s. cucurbite, f. [estomac. CUD, s. la nourriture qui est dans le premier To chew the cud, raminer, remâcher. CUDDEN, CUDDY, s. adj. un sot niais, sot. CUDDLE, v. n. se tapir; r. a. dorioter. CUDGEL, s. baton, m. tricot, m. arme, f. CUDGEL, v. a. battre à comps de bâton. Cuz, s. la fin d'une chose quelconque, mot du guet, m. rôle, m. queue, f. CUERPO, s. corps, m. à corps [découvert. Curr, s. manchette, f. CUFF, r. a. hattre à coups de poing, soufleter. CUIRASSIER, s. cuirasse, f. CUIRASSIER, s. cuirassier, m. Cuish, & cuissart, m. CULERAGE, s. (an herb) persicaire, f. CULERAGE, s. (an herb) persicaire, f. CULIBARY, adj. de cuisine. CULL, s. a. choisir, trier, recueillir. CULLENDER, COLANDER, s. passoire, f. CULLION, s. un coquin, un gueux, bisque, f. Gelly, s. dupe, dupé par des femmes. Cully, v. a. duper, jeuer, tromper. Culm, a. petit charbon de terre. COLMINATE, v. a. être au méridien. CULPABLE, adj. coupable, blamable. CULPABLENESS, CULPABILITY, s. faute, f. CULPABLY, adv. criminellement. [blame, m. OULPRIT, s. accusé, m. [les huitres. CULTCH, s. le fond de la mer ou s'engendrent CELTIVATE, v. a. cultiver, améliorer, per-CULTURE, s. culture, f. CULTIVATOR, s. cultivateur, m. Tiectionner. COLVER, s. un pigeon, pigeon ramier, m. COLVER-TAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. OULVERIN, s. coulevrine, f. CUMBER v. a. embarrasser; s. embarras, m. CUMBERSOME, adj. embarrassant, incom-CUMBERSOMELY, adv. incommodément. CUNBERSOMENESS, s. empêchement, m. CUNBRANCE, s. embarras, m. gêne, f. CUMIN, s. (a plant) cumin, m. [ler. CUMULATE, v. a. entasser, amasser, accumu-CUMULATION, s. tas, m. amas, m. CUNCTATION, s. d lai, m. retard, m. CUNCTATOR, s temporiseur, m.

CUNEAL, CUNEIFORM, adj. en forme de coin. CUNNING, adj. adroit, subtil, fin, ruse. CURNING, s. adresse, f. art, m. artifice, m. CUNNINGLY, adv. subtilement, artificiouse CUNNINGNESS, s. adresse, f. art, m. [mont. CUP, s. coupe, m. tasse, gobelet, m. CUP, s. a ventouser, appliquer les venteuses. CUP-BEARER, s. échanson, m. CUP-BOARD, s. buffet, m. armoire, f. CUPIDITY, s. cupidité, f. convoitise, f. CUPOLA, s. dôme, m. coupole, f. CUPPER, s. ventousseur, m. CUPPING-GLASS s. ventouse, f. cucurbute, f. CUR, s. un chien dégénéré, vilain, m. CURABLE, adj. curable, susceptible de gué-CURACY, s. charge de vicaire, f. CURATE, s. vicaire, m. cure, m. CURATIVE, adj. curatif, qui guerit. CURATOR, s. curateur, m CURB, s. gourmette de bride, frein, m. courbe. CURB, v. a. gourmer, reprimer, retenir. CURD, s. lait caillé. CURD, v. a. coaguler, cailler, figer. CURDLE, v. a. & n. cailler et se cailler. CURDLED, CURDY, adj. coagulé, caillé CURE, s. remède, m. cure, f. guérison, f. CURE, s. a. guéris, traiter, preparer, saler. CURELESS, adj. sans remède, incurable. CURER, s. médecin, m. CURFEW, s. couvresen, m. [rareté, f. CURIOSITY, s. curiosité, f. recherche, f. CURIOUS, adj. curieux, délicat, recherche, rare, exact, élégant, artistement fait. CURIOUSLY, adv. curieusement, artistement. CURIOUSNESS, s. exactitude, f. CURL, s. boucle, f. frisure, f. ondulation, f. CURL, v. a. & n. friser, se friser. CURLEW, s. courlis or corlieu, m. CURLING, s. l'action de friser, frisure, Curling-iron, fer à friser, m. paper, papillote, f. Curling-CURLINGS, s. pl. perlures, f. CURRANT, s. groseille, f. Currant-tree, groseillier, m. CURRANTS, s. raisins de Corinthe. CURRENCY, s. circulation, f. cours, m. CURRENT, adj. qui a cours, courant, recu. CURRENT, s. courant, m. torrent, m. CURRENTLY, adv. couramment, sans s'arre-CURRENTNESS, s. fluidité, f. cours, m. CURRIER, s. corroyeur, m. tanneur, m. CURRISH, adj. mechant, brutal, hargneux. CURRY. v. a. corroyer, préparer le cuir, étril-ler un cheval, battre, flatter, courtiser. CURRY-COMB, s. étrille, f. CURSE, s. malédiction, f. imprécation, f. CURSED, v. a. maudire; v. n. jurer. CURSED, part. adj. maudit, détestable. CURSEDLY, adv. abominablement. CURSEDNESS, s. caractère mauvais, noirceur, CURSHIP, s. brutalité, f. bassesse, f. CURSITOR, s. praticien, m. clerc de la chancellerie. CURSORILY, adv. légèrement, à la liâte. CURSORY, adj. léger, fait à la hâte. Curst, adj. mechant, execrable. CURSTNESS, s. méchanceté, f. rigueur, f. CURT, adj. court. CURTAIL, s. salope, f. CURTAIL DOG, s. chien qui a la queue coupés CURTAIL, v. a. écourter, mutiler, retrancher CURTAIN, s. rideau, m. courtme, f. toile f. CURTAIN, v. a. garnir de rideaux.

CURTAIN-LECTURE, s. censure, f. mercu- [CYNEGETICES, s. l'art de la chasse, » CURTAIN-ROD, s. verge de ler, f. tringle, f. CURTAIN-ROD, s. verge de ler, f. tringle, f. CURTAIN, s. épée royale et sans pointe, f. CURVATED, adj. courbé, plié, fait en arc. CURVATON, CURVATORE, s. courbure, f. CURVATORE, s. courbure, f. CURVE, adj. & a. courbe, une courbe. CURVE, v. a. courber, bander, plier. CURVET, s. courbette, & saut; v. a. sauter. CURVILINEAR, adj. curviligne. CURVITY, s. courbure, f. CURULE, adj. curule, de sénateur, triomphal. Cushion, s. coussin, m. carreau, m. bande, f. CUSPATED, CUSPIDATED, adj. pointu.
CUSPATED, CUSPIDATED, adj. pointu.
CUSTARD, s. flan, m. une dariole.
CUSTODY, s. garde, f. emprisonnement, m.
CUSTOM, s. coutume, f. habitude, f usage,
m. chalandise, f. pratique, f. Customhouse, la douane CUSTOMABLE, adj. commun, accoutumé. CUSTOMABLY, adv. communément. CUSTOMARILY, adr. habituellement. CUSTOMARY, adj. d'usage, coutumier. CUSTOMED, adj. ordinaire, achalande. CUSTOMER, s. chaland, m. pratique, Custrel, . valet de soldat, m. une futaille. Cur, v. a. couper, tailler, trancher, hacher; cut a book rogner un livre; cut the vein, ouvrir la veine; cut cupers, faire des ca-brioles; cut the beard, faire la barbe, rabrioles; ca ule ocara, laire la balve, laser; cut a figure, faire figure, trancher du grand; cut the ground, labourer la terre; cut a bull, riser une balle; cut cupons, châirer des cochets, les chaponner; cut lots, tirer à la courte paille; cut a comb smooth, vider un peigne; cut away, ster, retrancher; cut down, couper, abattre, surpasser; cut off, trancher, tailler en pièces, retrancher, priver, empêcher; cut out, couper, tailler, former, faire; cut short, couper court, abréger, interrompre ; cul up, couper, découper, disséquer, déraciner. Cur, v. n. percer, tailler, se couper. Cut, s. coupe, f. taille, f. morceau, m. tranche.
f. coupure, f. espèce, f. trempe, taille douce, f. figure, f. CUTANEOUS, adj. cutane, de la peau. CUTE, s. du mout, m. du vin doux. CUTICLE, s. l'épiderme, s. pellicule, f. CUTICULAR, adj. cutané, de la peau. CUTLASS, CUTLLCE, CUTLEAX, s. contelas, m. CUTLER, s. coutelier, m. fourbisseur, m. CUTLETS, a. côtelettes de veau, f. pl. CUT-PURSE, s. coupeur de bourses, m. CUTTER, s. coupeur, m. tailleur, m. un instrument tranchant, un bateau. CUTTERS, les dents incisives, f. CUT-THROAT, s. un coupe jarret, un coupe-CUTTING, s. coupe, f. taille, f. CUTTING, adj. piquant, choquant, satirique. CUTTLE, s. sèche, f. un calomniateur. CYCLE, s. cycle, m. course, f. revolution, f. CYCLOID, s. cycloide, f CYCLOPÆDIA, s. encyclopedie, f. CYCLOPS, s. cyclope, m. CYGNET, s. jeune cygne, m. Cylinden, s. cylindre, m. Cylindrical, Cylindrick, adj. cylin-CYMAR, s. echarpe, f. CYMBAL, s. cymbale, f. [drique.

CYNICAL, CYNICE, adj. sovere, brutal, CTRICAL, CIRICK, asy. BIVETE, DIUMA, CTRIC, s. cynique, m. un misanthrope. CYNOSURE, s. la petite ourse, l'étoile pelaire CYPRESS-TREE, s. cypres, m. CYST, s. tumeur, f. kiste, m. Czar, s. czar, m. empereur, m. chef, m CZARINA, s. czarine, f. imperatrice, f.

DAB, s. morceau, m. un maître, un expert,

un petit soufflet, une tape. DAB, v. a. frapper légèrement. DABBLE, v. a. éclabousser, mouiller, tremper; v. a. barboter, se vautrer, se mêler. DABBLER, s. barboteur, m. un charlatan. DACE, s. (a river fish) vandoise, f. DACTYLE, s. dactyle, m. DAD or DADDY, s. papa, m.
DÆDÆ, adj. varie, savant, habile.
DAFFODIL, DAFFODILLY, s. asphodèle, m. DAFT, v. a. jeter de côté, rejeter; adj. ste-DAG, v. u. pistolet, poignard, m. [pide. DAG, v. a. tondre, harbotter. Dag-locks, ce qu'on a coupé de la toison. DAGGER, s. poignard, m. dague, f. une croix. DAGGLE, r. a. crotte, éclabousser. DAGGLED-TAIL, adj. tout crotté. DAILY, add. journalier, de chaque jour.
DAILY, ado. journellement, tous les jours.
DAINTILY, adv. délicatement, délicieuse-DAINTINESS, s. délicatesse, f. DAINTY, adj. delicat, friand; s. friandise. DAIRY, s. laiterie, f. Dairy-maid, laitière, f DAISY, s. marguerite, f. (sorte de fleur.)
DALE, s. vallon, m. vullée, f.
DALLIANCE, s. badinage, m. caresses, f. pl.
DALLIANCE, s. badin, m. folâtre, m. [délai, m. DALLY, v. n. badiner, folâtrer. cajoler. DAM, s. mère, f. mole, m. écluse, f. DAM, r. a. enfermer, retenir par une écluse DAMAGE, s. dommage, m. préjudice, m. DAMAGES, s. pl. dédommagement, m. Conts and damages, dommages et interêts, m. DAMAGE, v. a. endommager, nuire. DAMAGRABLE,udj. qui peut être endommagé. DAMASCENE, s. prune de damas, f. DAMASK, s. damas, m.; adj. damass DAMASK, v. a. damasser, damasquiner. DAMASKENING, s. damasquinure, f. DAMASK-PLUM, s. prune de damas, f. DAMASK-ROSE, s. rose incarnate. DAME, s. dame, maîtresse, femme. DAME, v. a. damner, condamner. DAMNABLE, adj. damnable, mechant. DAMNABLY, adv. mechamment, borriblement. Damnation, s. damnation, f. DAMNED, part. adj. & s. damné DAMNIFY, r. a. endommager, gâter, mire. DAMP, adj. humide, abattu, consierné. DAMP, s. humidite, f. brouillard, # DAMP, r. a. humecter, abattre, ralentir. DAMPISH, adj. un peu humide. DAMPISHNESS, DAMPNESS, s. humidite, f. DAMPY, adj. triste, abattu, sombre. DAMSEL, s. demoiselle, une jeune fille. DAMSON, s. prune de damas, f.
DANCE, v. a. & n. danser; dance attendance, faire le pied de grue DANCE, DANCING, s. danse, f. DANCER, s. danseur, m. danseuse, f. DANCING-MASTER, s. maitre à dan Dancing-Room, s. salle de danse.

coupure.

DAW, v. a. souffrir, endurer, boire. DAWK, s. coupure; v. a. marquer par une

DAWN, s. le point du jour, l'aube.

DANDELION, s. deut de lion, f. pissenlit, m. DANDLE, r. a. agiter sur ses genoux. DANDLER, s. celui qui berce, flatteur, m. DANDRUFF, DANDRIFF, s. crasse de la tête. DANE, s. un Danois, une Danoise. DANE-GELT. s. impôt que le Danois mirent sur les Saxons, n DANE-WORT, s. (an herb) hieble, f. DANGER, s. danger, m. risque, m. peril, m. DANGER, v. a. exposer an danger. DANGERILESS, adj. sans danger, qui n'est pas dangereux. DANGEROUS, adj. dangereux, périlleux, ha-DANGEROUSLY, adv. dangereusement DANGEROUSNES, s. danger, m. péril, m.
DANGEROUSNES, s. danger, m. péril, m.
DANGLE, v. n. pendiller, être pendu.
DANGLER, s. amant, m. galant, m.
DANK, DANKISH, adf. humide, moite.
DAP, v. n. laisser tomber doucement dans DAPPER, s. & adj. vif, m. actif, m. DAPPERLING, s. un nain, un ragot. DAPPLE, adj. DAPPLED, part. adj. Sigarre. DAPPLE, v. a. bigarrer, pommeler. DARE, v. n. & a. oser, risquer, defier. DARING, adj. hardi, audacieux, temeraire. Daring-glass, miroir pour chasser aux alou-DARINGLY, adv. avec intrépidité. DARINGNESS, s. hardiesse, f. audace, DARK, adj. obscur, noir, sembre, triste. dark lantern, lanterne sourde. A A dark saying, énigme, f. [nèbres, f. pl.

DARK and DARKNESS, s. obscurité, f. téDARK, DARKEN, v. a. & n. obscurcir, s'obscurcir. DARKENING, s. obscurcissement, m. DARKISH, adf. un peu obscur, sombre. DARKLY, adv. obscurement, aveuglement. DARKNESS, s. obscurité, f. ténèbres. DARRSOME, adj. obscur, sombre.

DARLING, adj. & s. chéri, bien-aimé, mignon, favori, favorite. DARN, s. rentraiture, f.; v. a. rentraire.

DARNEL, s. (a weed) ivraie, f. DARRAIN, v. a. ranger en bataille. DART, s. dard, m. trait, m. javelot, m. DART, v. a. darder; v. n. se précipiter. DASH, v. a. heurter, froisser, briser, tacher, éclabousser, mêler, mélanger, renverser, détruire, effacer; v. n. s'écouler, se répandre, se briser. DASH, s. froissement, m. coup, m. trait, m. un trait de plume, mélange, m. DASTARD, s. un poltron, un lâche. DASTARD, DASTARDISE, v. n. intimider, épouvanter.

DAWN, v. n. poind ut jour, raube.
DAWN, v. n. poindre, commencer à paroltre.
DAY, s. jour, m. clarté, f. lumière, f. Every other day, de deux jours l'un, de deux en deux jours. To-day, this day, aujourd'hui.
The day before festerday, avant hier. A fish-day, un jour maigre. New-year's day, fish-day, un jour maigre. New-year's day, le premier jour de l'an. This many a day, il y a long-temps. This day se'nnight, il y a aujourd'hui huit jours, dans huit jours DAYS, s. pl. jours, m. temps, m. siècle, m. DAY-BED, s. lit de repos, m. sopha, m. DAY-BOOK, s. journal d'un marchand, m. DAY-EREAK, s. le point du jour. DAY-LABOUR, s. tâche d'un jour, f. journée, f. DAY-LABOURER, s. journalier, m. DAY-LIGHT, s. la lumière du jour, jour, m. DAY-SPRING, s. l'aurore, f. le point du jour. DAY-STAR, s. l'étoile du matin, f. DAY-TIME, s. le temps qu'il fait jour, le jour DAY-WORK, s. journée, f. le travail d'un jour. DAZE, DAZZIE, v. a. éblouir; v. n. être ébloui. DAZZLING, s. éblouissement, m.; adj. éblou-DEACON, DEACONESS, s. diacre, m. diacon-DEACONRY, DEACONSHIP, s. diaconat, m. DEAD, adj. mort, engourdi, tranquille, sombre, obscur, pesant, froid, sans saveur, sans force, qui ne profite point. Dead-drink, boisson eventée, sans saveur. Dead-fire, feu presqu'éteint. DEAD, s. pl. les morts, m. silence profond. DEAD, DEADEN, v. a. amortir, assoupir. DEAD-DOING, part. adj. meurtrier. DEAD-LIFT, s. état désespéré, m. dernière ex-DEADLY, adj. mortel, funeste. DEADLY, adv. mortellement, impitoyablement. DEADNESS, s. froid, m. froideur, f. DEADS or DEAD-HEAPS, s. terre dont I'on a tiré la mine. DEAF, adj. sourd: v. a. assourdir, rendre DEAFISH, adj. un peu sourd, sourdaud.
DEAFISH, adj. solitaire, triste; adv. sourdeDEAFNESS, s. sourdite, f. [ment. DEAL, s. partie, f. quantité, f. donne, la main (aux cartes,) sapin, m.

DEAL, v. a. & n. donner, distribuer, pandre, trafiquer, commercer, faire, don-DASTARDLY, adj. lache, timide, sans courage. DASTARDY, s. lacheté, f. timidité, f. ner des cartes, se comporter, agir. To deal by, traiter; to deal in, se mêler de, DATE, s. date, f. durée, f. datte, f. (fruit.)
DATE, v. a. dater, mettre la date.
DATELESS, adf. sans date. s'engager dans; to deal with, en user, en DEALER, s. un marchand, un negociant. DATIVE, s. & adj. datif, m. ordonné, dative. plain dealer, un homme franc. A double DAUB, v. a. barbouiller, enduire, surcharger, dealer, un homme à deux visages, un tromdéguiser, pallier, flatter. DAUBER, s. un barbouilleur, un flatteur. DEALER, celui or celle qui donne des cartes. DEALING, s. trafic, m. affaires, f. pl. Fatr dealing, bonne foi, probité, f. Foul deal-ing, mauvaise foi. Easy to be dealt with, DAUBY, adj. gluant, visqueux. Daucus, s. sorte de carotte sauvage. DAUGHTER, s. fille. A daughter-in-law, une belle fille, une bru, épouse du fils. A grand-daughter, une petite fille. God-daughter, accommodant, facile. DEAN, s. doyen, m. DEANERY, DEANSHIP, s. doyenné, m. DEAR, adj. & s. cher, bien-aimé. DAUNT, v. a. intimider, effrayer, decourager. · DAUNTLESS, adj. intrépide. courageux, sans DEAR, adv. cher, beaucoup. Oh interj. Onais! vous me suprenez! DAUNTLESSNESS, s. intrépidité, f. DAUPHIN, s. dauphin, m. DEAR-BOUGHT adj. achete fort cher

DEARLY, adv. chèrement, tendrement, cher, DEARRESS, s. tendresse, f. [à grand prix. DEARTH, s. cherté, f. famine, f. disette, f. DEARTH, s. la mort, le trépas, cause de la DEATH-BED, s. lit de mort, m. [mort, f. DEATHFUL, adj. mortel, meurtrier. DEATHLESS, adj. immortel, qui n'est pas sujet à la mort. DEATH-LIKE, adj. qui ressemble à la mort, léthargique.

DEATH'S-MAN, s. bourreau, m. DEATH-WATCH, s. (an insect) grillon, m. DEATH'S-WOUND, s. plaie mortelle. DEAURATE, v. a. dorer. DEAURATION, s. dorure, DEBAR, v. a. exclure, priver, empêcher. DEBARK, v. a. débarquer. DEBARRING, s. l'action d'exclure, exclu-DEBARRING, s. l'action d'exclure, exclu-DEBASS, v. a. abaisser, avilir, falsifier. DEBATABLE, adj. disputable. DEBATE, s. debat, m. dispute, f. querelle, DEBATE, v. a. débattre, discuter, deliberer. DEBATER, s. disputeur, m. controversiste, m. DEBAUCH, s. débauche, f. excès, m. DEBAUCH, v. a. débaucher, corrompre. DEBAUCHEE, s. un débauché, un libertin DEBAUCHER, s. corrupteur, m. qui débauche. DEBAUCHERY, s. débauché, f. libertinage, f. DEBAUCHMENT, s. corruption, subornation, f.

DEBELLATE, v. a. subjuguer, vainDEBELLATION, s. conquête, f. defaite, f. DEBENTURE, s. billet pour se faire payer d'une dette, m. debentur, m. Debile, adj. debile, foible, languissant. DEBILITATE, v. a. affoiblir, enerver, débiliter. DEBILITY, s. débilité, f. foiblesse, f. DEBONAIR, adj. civil, honnête, doux, gai. DEBONAIRLY, adv. galamment. élégamment. DEBT, s. dette, f. devoir, m. DEBTED, adf. endetté.
DEBTOR, s. débiteur, m.
DECADE, s. décade, f. dixaine, f.
DECADERCY, s. décadence, f. chûte, f. DECAGON, s. décagone, m.
DECALOGUE, s. décalogue, m. les dix commandemens de Dieu. DECAMERON, s. décameron, m. DECAMP, v. n. décamper, lever le camp. DECAMPMENT, s. décampement, m. DECANT, v. a. verser, transvaser. DECANTATION, s. l'action de transveser, f. DECAPITATE, v. u. décapiter, trancher la tête. DECAY, v. n. déchoir, décliner, tomber en ruines, aller en décadence, dégénérer, se ternir, se gâter, se passer; v. a. gâter, ru-iner, détruire. DECAY, s. déclin, m. dépérissement, m. ruine. DECAYER, s. qui cause la décadence. DECRASE, s. décès, m. mort, f. trépas, m. DECEASE, v. n. décéder, mourir. DECEIT, s. imposture, f. fraude, f. artifice, m. DECEITFUL, adj. trompeur, fourbe, décevant. DECEITFULLY, adv. par supercherie. [f. DECEITFULNESS, s. déception, f. imposture, DECEIVABLE, adj. trompeur. DECEIVABLE, adj. trompeur. DECEIVE, v. a. décevoir, tromper, en imposer. DECEIVER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. impos-DECEMBER, s. Décembre, m. [teur, m. DECEMVIR, s. decemvir, m. DECEMVIRATE, s. décemvirat, m

DECENCY, & décence, f. bienséance, f. mo destie, f. DECENKIAL, adj. de dix ans, décennal. DECENT, adj. décent, bienséant, convenable DECENTLY, adv. décemment, convenable DECEPTIBLE, adj. sujet à être trompé. DECEPTION, s. tromperie, f. fraude, f. DECEPTIVE, adj. trompeur, seduisant. DECHARM, v.a. desenchanter. DECIDE, v. a. décider, déterminer, résoudre DECIDENCE, s. chûte, f. l'action de tomber DECIDER, s. arbitre, m. juge, m.
DECIDEUS, adj. qui tombe, qui passe, qui périt tous les aus. DECIMAL, adj. decimal. DECIMATE, v. a decimer, dimer DECIMATION, s décimation, f. dime, f. DECIPHER, v. a. déchiffrer, expliquer, dé-DECIPHERER, s. déchiffreur, m. [crire. DECISION, s. décision, f. détermination, f. DECISIVE, DECISORY, adj. décisif, décisoire. DECISIVELY, adv. décisivement. DECISIVENESS, s. pouvoir de terminer. DECK, v. a. couvrir, parer, orner, embellir. DECK, s. tillac, m. pont, m. (d'un vaisseau.) DECLAIM, v. n. déclamer discourir. DECLAIMER, s. déclamateur, m. rhéteur, m. DECLAMATION, s. déclamation, f. discours public, m. DECLAMATORY, adj. déclamatoire. DECLARABLE, adj. qui peut être prouvé. DECLARATION, s. déclaration, f. demande, DECLARATIVE, DECLARATORY, adj. declaratif. DECLARATORILY, adv. expressement. DECLARE, v. a. déclarer, notifier, publier; v. n. se déclarer. DECLARER, s. qui déclare. DECLARING, s. déclaration, f.
DECLENSION, s. décadence, f. déclin, m. dé perissement, m. depravation. f. descente, f. pente, f. penchant, r. déclinaison, f. DECLINABLE, adj. déclinable. DECLINE, DECLINATION, s. déclin, m. décadence, f. baissement, m. inclination, f. DECLINATOR, DECLINATORY, s. declinatoire, f. DECLINE, v. n. décliner, aller en décadence, déchoir, dégénérer, s'abaisser, baisser, éviter, éluder, s'excuser, s'éloigner de l'équateur; v. a. incliner, baisser, éluder, conjuguer. DECLINE, s. déclin, m. décadence, f. DECLIVITY, s. inclination, f. pente, penchant, m. DECLIVOUS, adj. qui va en pente. DECOCT, v. a. faire bouillir dans de l'eau. DECOCTION, s. decoction, f. digestion. DECOLLATION, s. décollation, f. [pose. DECOMPOSITE, DECOMPOUND, adj. décom-DECOMPOSITION, s. decomposition, f. DECOMPOUND, v. a. décomposer, récompo-DECORATE, v. a. décorer, orner. DECORATION, s. decoration, f. ornement, DECORATOR, s. décorateur, m. qui embellit. DECOROUS, adj. décent, bienséant, honnéte. DECORTICATE, v. a. peler, ecosser. DECORUM, s. décorum. m. déceuce, DECOY, v. a. attraper, leurrer, seduire. DECOY, s. leurre, m. appât, m. piège, m DECOY-DUCK, s. canard dressé au leurre. DECREASE v. a. & n. din.inuer, décroltre. DECREASE, s. décroissement, m. déclin. m.

DECREE v. s. & n. decerner. ordonner.
DECREE, s. decret, m. 101, f. édit, m. statut,
m. ordonnance, f. jugement, m. arrêt, m. une sentence, un précepte, un dogme, répolution, f. cessein, m.

DECREMENT, s. déchet, m. décroissement, m. DECREPITALS or DECREPITUDE, s. décrépitude. DECRESCENT, adj. qui diminue, qui va en décadence. DECRETAL, adj. qui contient un décret. DECRETALS, s. pl. décrétales, f. pl.
DECRETARY, adf. décisif, définitif, critique.
DECRY, v. a. décrier, censurer, décréditer. DECUMBENCE, s. l'action d'être couché. DECUPLE, s. décuple, m. dix fois autant. DECURION, s. décurion, m. capitaine de 10 bommes DECURSION, s. l'action de se précipiter. DEDECORATE, v. a. deshonorer, diffamet. DEDECOROUS, adj. deshonorable. [dents. Delentition, s. la chûte or la perte des Dedicate, v. a. dédier, consacrer, dévouer. DEDICATE, adj. DEDICATED, part. adj. dedié. DEDICATION, s. dédicace, f. consécration, f. DEDICATOR, s. dédicateur, celui qui dédie. DEDICATORY, adj. dedicatoire. DEDITION, s. reddition, f. [rer, dériver. DEDITION, s. reddition, f. tree, deriver. DEDUCE, v. a. déduire, conclure, inférer, tiDEDUCEMENT, s. conséquence, f. [férer.
DEDUCIBLE, adj. qu'on peut déduire, or inDEDUCT, v. a. déduire, soustraire, ôter. DEDUCTION, s. consequence, f. deduction, f. DEDUCTIVELY, adv. consequemment. DEPUCTIVELIT, adm. consequemment.

DERD, s. action, f. acte, m. fait, m. un contrat, agent, m. réalité, f.

DEEDLESS, adj. inactif, languissant, lâche.

DEEM, v. a. & n. juger, penser, croire.

DEEMSTER, s. un juge (dans l'île de Jersey et l'île de Man.) DEEP, adj. profond, creux, grand, secret, caché, sourd, abstrus, pénétrant, rusé. DEEP, s. la mer, l'abime, m. obscurité, f. DEEPLY, v. a. ensoncer, creuser, obscurcir. DEEPLY, udv. prosondement, fort, beaucoup. DEEP-MOUTHED, adj. de grand aboi.

DEEP-MUSING, adj. absorbé dans ses penDEEPNESS, s. profondeur, f. [sées. DEER, s. daim, m. cerf, m. biche, DEFACE, v. a. detruire, ruiner, gâter. DEFACEMENT, s. l'action d'effacer, destruc-Dr. Facto, adv. de fait, reellement. DEFAILLANCE, s. defaut, m. manque, m. DEFALCATE, v. a. déduire, rétrancher. DEFALCATION, s. déduction, f. rabais, m. DEFAMATION, s. diffamation, f. infamie, DEFAMATORY, adj. diffamatoire, calom-DEFAME, v. a. diffamer, calomnier. [nieux. DEFAMER, s. diffamateur, f. calomniateur, DEPATIGATE, v. a. fatiguer, lasser. DEFAULT, s. defaut, m. faute, f. crime, m. DEFAULT, s. deiaut, m. iaute, f. crime, m.
DEFAULT, v. a. violer, rompre, manquer à.
DEFEASANCE, s. contre-lettre, f. révocation,
DEFEASIBLE, adj. qui peut être annullé. [f.
DEFEAS, s. défaire, f. déroute, f.
DEFEAT, v. a. défaire, mettre en déroute,
ruiner, renverser, abolir, annuller.
DEFEATURE, s. changement de traits sur le DFFEATURE, s. changement de traits sur le visage, m. DEFECATE, v. a. raffiner, épurer. DEFECATE, DEFECATED, part adj. raffiné.

DEFECT, s. defaut, m. fante, f. vice, m. fin DEFECTIBILITY, s. imperfection, f. defaut, DEFECTIBLE, adj. defectueux, imparfait. DEFECTION, s. defection, f. abandonnement, DEFECTION, s. defection, f. ahandonnement, DEFECTIVE, adj. defectueux, imparfait. [m. DEFECTIVENESS, s. defectuosité, f. DEFENCE, s. defense, f. garde, f. soutien, m. protection, f. apput, m. justification, f. prohibitions, f. resistance, f. DEFENCELESS, adj. sans defence. DEFENDA, v. a. defendre, soutenir, proteger. DEFENDANT, s. defenseur, m. intimé, m. DEFENDANT, s. defenseur, m. intimé, m. DEFENDANT, s. defenseur, m. protectour, m. DEFENDER, s. défenseur, m. protectour, m. DEFENDANT, s. defenseur, m. protectour, m. DEFENSATIVE, s. défense, garde, f. DEFENSATIVE, s. défense, garde, f. DEFENSIBLE, adj. capable de défence. DEFENSIVE, adj. défensif, défensive. DEFENSIVE, s. sauvegarde, m. defensive, f DEFENSIVELY, adv. en etat de défense. DEFER, r. a. & n. différer, remettre. DEFERENCE, s. deference, f. egard, m. DEFERENT, adj. deferent; s. véhicule, m. DEFERRING, s. l'action de differer, renvoi DEFIANCE, s. défi, m. appel, m. [delai. DEFICIENCE, DEFICIENCY, s. defectuosité, f. imperfection, f. defaut, m. manquement, DEFICIENT, adj. defectueux, impariait. [m. DEFIRR, s. celui qui défie, qui provoque. DEFILE, v. a. salir, tacher, souller, corrompre, violer, deshonorer; r. n. défiler. DEFILE or DEFILEE, s. défile, m. DEFILEMENT, s. tache, f. souilbare, f. DEFILER, s. celui qui souille, corrupteur, DEFINABLE, adj. qui peut être défini.
DEFINE, v. a. définir, décrire, déterminer.
DEFINER, s. celui qui définit, qui détermine.
DEFINER, adj. défini, déterminé, limité. DEFINITENESS, s. détermination, f.
DEFINITION, s. définition, f.
DEFINITION, s. définition, décisif, pérempDEFINITIVE, adj. désinit, décisif, pérempDEFINITIVELY, adv. définitivement. DEFINITIVENESS, s. décision DEFLAGRATION, s. déflagration, f.
DEFLECT, v. a. détourner, écarter.
DEFLECTION, s. détour, m. écart, m. dérivé, f.
DEFLORATION, s. défloration.
DEFLORE p. a. défloration. DEFLOUR, v. a. déflorer, ravir la virginité. DEFLOURER, s. ravisseur, m. DEFLUOUS, adj. qui coule en bas. DEFLUXION, s. fluxion, f. DEFORM, v. a. défigurer, rendre difforme. DEFORMEDLY, adv. d'une manière difforme DEFORMITY, s. laideur, f. ridicule, m. des-DEFORCER, s. usurpateur, m. [honneur, m. DEFRAUDER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. DEFRAUDER, s. frompeur, m. tourbe, m. DEFRAY, v. a. défrayer, payer la dépenso. DEFRAYER, s. celui qui défraie. [défrayer. DEFRAYMEN, S. l'action de DEFT, adj. beau, gentil, leste, adroit. DEFUNCT, adj. défunt, décédé, mort, feu. DEFY, v. a. défier; s. défi. [ment, m. DEGLNERACY, s. dépravation, f. abàtardisse-DEGENERATE, v. n. dégénérer, s'abâtardir. DEGENERATE, adj. DEGENERATED, part déspénére. dégénéré. DEGENERATION, s. corruption, f. DEGENEROUS, adj. qui de génère, bas, vil, DEGENEROUSLY, adv. bassement. [homes. DEGLUTINATION, s. l'action de déguer. DEGLUTINATION, s. l'action de déguer. DEFECATE, DEFECATED, part. adj. raffinė. DEGLUTITION, deglutition, f. [dissemult DEFECATION, s. raffinement, m. raffinage, m. DEGRADATION, s. degradation, f. alatur dissement

DEGRADE, v. a. dégrader, démettre de quel-DEGRADING, s. dégradation, f. [que grade. DEGREE, s. grade, m. rang, m. condition, f. DEHDER, v. a. décomeiller, disuader. DEHORTATORY, adj. propre à dissuader. DEHORTATION, s. dissuasion, f. [courager. DEJECT, v. a. abattre, accabler, affliger, dé-DEJECTEDLY, odv. d'un air abattu, triste-DEJECTEDNESS, DEJECTION, s. abattement, m. tristesse, f. affliction, f. melancolie, ∫. DEJECTURE, s. les excremens, m. déjection, f. DEIFICATION, s. apothéose, f. DEIFY, v. a. déifier, mettre au rang des Dieux. Drion, v. a. daigner, permettre. DEISM, s. déisme, m. DEIST, s. deiste, m.
DEIST, s. déiste, m.
DEISTICAL, adj. de déisme or de déiste.
DEITY, s. Divinité, f. Déité, f.
DELACERATION, s. déchirement, m. DELATE, v. a. porter, transmettre. DELATION, s. délation, f. accusation, f. DELATOR, s. délateur, m. accusateur, m. DELAY, v. a. differer, retarder; v. n. tarder. DELAY, s. délai, m. rétard, n. remise, f. DELAYER, s. qui differe, temporiseur DELECTABLE, adj. délectable, agréable. DELECTABLENESS, s. agrément, m. DELECTABLY, adv. agréablement, cieusement. DELECTATION, s. délectation, f. délices, f. pl.
DELECATE, v. n. déléguer, députer,
DELEGATE, s. député, m. délégué, m.
DELEGATE, s. député, m. délègué, envoyé.
DELEGATION, s. commission, f. députation, f.
DELEGATION, DELEGATO, del partie de la commission, f. députation f. DELETERIOUS, DELETERY, adj. mortel, destructif. DELETION, s. l'action d'effacer.
DELF or DELFE, s. carrière, f. mine, f.
DELIBERATE, v. n. délibérer, considèrer. DELIBERATE, adj. prudent, avisé, circonspect. DELIBERATED, part. adj. délibéré, résolu. DELIBERATELY, adv. prudemment, à des-DELIBERATION, s. deliberation, f. DELIBERATION, s. deliceration, f.

DELIBERATIVE, adj. & s. délibératif.

DELICACY, s. délicatesse, f. friandise, f. propreté, f. élégance, f. urbanité, f.

DELICATE, adj. délicat, friand, exquis, agréable, excellent, choisi, pur, serein, mou, efféminé, tendre, seusible.

DELICATELY, ads. délicatement, avec grâce. DELICATENESS, s. délicatesse, f.
DELICATES, s. pl. choses délicates.
DELICIOUS, adj. délicieux, agréable, exquis. DELICIOUSly, adv. délicieusement. DELICIOUSNESS, s. délices, f. pl. plaisir, m.
DELIGHT, s. délice, m. délices, f. pl. plaisir,
m. contentement, m. satisfaction, f. joie, f. charme, m. douceur, f.

DELIGHT, v. a. plaire, réjouir; v. n. se plaire,
DELIGHTFUL, adj. agréable, charmant. DELIGHTFULLY, adv. delicieusement, DELIGHTFULNESS, s. délices, f. plaisir, m. DELIGHTSONE, adj. agréable, charmant. DELIGHTSONELY, adv. délicieusement. DELIGHTSOMENESS, s. agrement. DELIBEATE, v. a. ébaucher, tracer, dessiner. DELINEATION, s. ébauche, f. esquisse, f. DeLINEATION, s. faute, f. délit, m. DELINQUENT, s. délinquant, m. criminel, m.

DELIQUATE, v. n. se fondre, se dissoudre. DELIQUATION, s. dissolution, f. DELIRATE, v. n. être en délire, extravaguer. Deliration, s. délire, m. folie, f. DELIRIOUS, adj. qui est en délire, radoteur. DELIRIUM, s. délire, m. égarement d'esprit. DELIVER, v. a. délivrer, donner, rendre, remettre, affranchir, accoucher, prononcer, débiter; delirer over, livrer, transmettre, faire passer; delirer up, rendre, remettre, abandonner. DELIVERY See Deliverance. DE-LUCE, de lis, m. DELUDABLE, adj. facile à tromper. DELUDER, v. a. tromper, abuser, duper. DELUDER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. DELUGE, s. déluge, m. inondation considérable, f. DELUGE, v. a. noyer, inonder.

DELUGE, v. a. noyer, inonder.

DELUSION, s. illusion, f. Iromperie, f.

DELUSIVE, DELUSORY, adj. illusoire, tromDELVE, v. a. creuser, fouir, fonder.

DELVE, s. creux, m. fosse, m. cave, f. DELVER, s. celui qui creuse, mineur. DEMAGOGUE, s. le chef d'un tumulte populaire. laire. [maine, m. Demain, Domain and Demesne, s. do-DEMAND, s. demande, f. requête, f. DEMAND, v. a. demander, reclamer. DEMANDABLE, adj. exigib'e, reclamable.

DEMANDANT, s. demandeur, m. demandeDEMANDER, s. demandeur, m. [resse, f. DEMANDER, s. demandeur, m. [resse, f. DEMEAN, v. a. se comporter, se conduite, f. manière d'agir, DEMEANS, s. pl. domaine, m. DEMERTATION, s. folie, f. démence, f. DEMERIT, s. démérite, m. DEMIGRATION, s. depart, m. chalagement de DEMIGRATION, s. depart, m. chalagement de DEMISE, s. décès, m. [demeure, m. DEMISE, s. décès, m. [demeure, m. DEMISE, s. décès, m. [demeure, m. DEMISE, s. décès, m. [demeure, m. DEMISE, s. décès, m. [demeure, m. presentation] DEMISE, v. a. léguer, donner par testament. Demission, s. relâchement, m. décadence, f. DEMOCRACY, & démocratie, f. DEMOCRATICAL, adj. democratique, popu-Demolish, r. a. démolir, abattre, renverser. DEMOLISHER, s. démolisseur, m. celui qui DEMON, s. esprit, m. démon, m. [démolit. DEMONIACAL, DEMONIACK, adj. diabolique. DEMONIACE, s. démoniaque, m. & f. DEMONOCRACY, s démonocratie, f. DEMONSTRAELE, adj. démonstrable. [ment. DEMONSTRABLY, adv. clairement, evidem-DEMONSTRATE, v. a. démontrer, prouver. DEMONSTRATION, s. démonstration. f. DEMONSTRATIVE, DEMONSTRATCRY, adj. démonstratif. [ment, DEMONSTRATIVELY, adv. démonstrative-DEMONSTRATOR, s. démonstrateur, m. DEMULCENT, adj. adoucissant, émollient. DEMUR, v. n. &c. a. objecter, alléguer, hésiter, délibérer, douter, différer. DEMUR, s. doute, m. hésitation, f. délai. DEMURE, adj. réservé, grave, froid. DEMURE, v. n. avoir une reserve affectée. DEMURELY, adv. d'un air froid, réservé. DEMURENESS, s. décence, f. réserve, f. DEMURRAGE, s. permission de rester dans un port. DEMURRER, DEMURRING, s. smrséadce.

DEN. s. caverne, f. antre, m.
DENDRITIS, s. deutrite, f. pierre arborisée.
DENDROLOGY, s. l'histoire naturelle des ar-DENIABLE, adj. qui peut être nié, récusable. DENIARL, aa., qui peut etre ine, recusaise. Deniar, s. refus, m. rebuffade, f. Denier, s. celui qui nie, denier, m. Denigrate, v. a. dénigrer, ternir la réputa-DENIGRATION, s. dénigrement, m. DENIZATION, s. affranchissement, m. DENIZEN, DENISON, s. aubain affranchi. DEKIZEN, v. a. uffranchir, naturaliser. DENOMINATE, v. a. nonmer, denommer.
DENOMINATION, s. denomination, f. nom, m.
DENOMINATIVE, adj. denomination
DENOMINATIVE, adj. denomination
DENOMINATOR, s. denominateur, m.
DENOTATION, s. denotation, f. marque, f. DENOTE, r. a. dénoter, marquer, désigner. DENOUNCE, v. a. denoncer, publier, declarer. DENOUNCEMENT, DENOUNCING, s. dénon-DENOUNCER. s. dénonciateur, m. DENSE, adj. dense, épais, compact. DENSITY, s. densité, f. compacité, f. DENT, s. dent, (d'une roue, d'une scie.) DENT, r. a. deuteler, saconner en sorme de DENTILLI, s. pl. dentale, adj. f. [dents. DENTILLI, s. pl. denticule, f. or modillon, m. DENTIFRICE, s. poudre à nettoyer les DENTITION, s. dentition, f. sortie des dents, f. DENUDATE, DENUDE, v. a. dénuer. DENUDATION, s. dénuement, m. privation, f. DENUNCIATION, s. denonciation. f. DENUNCIATOR, s. dénonciateur, f. délateur, n. DENY, v. a. nier, dénier, refuser, renier, abjurer, renoncer; deny one's self, taire dire qu'on n'est pas chez soi. DEOBSTRUCT, r. a. déhoucher, ouvrir. DEORSTRUENT, s. remède propre à ôter les obstructions, m. DEOPPILATE, v. n. desopiler, ôter les obstruc-DEOPPILATION, s. désopilation, f.
DEOPPILATIVE, adj. désopilatif.
DEOSCULATION, s. baiser, m. baisement, m. DEPAINT, v. a. dépeindre, représenter. DEPART, v. n. partir, mourir; depart from, se départir, se désister, s'écarter, renoncer, quitter; r. a. quitter, abandonner, sortir de, separer, diviser. DEPART, s. départ, m. mort, f. séparation, f. DEPARTER, s. affineur, m. DEPARTMENT, s. département, m. DEPARTURE, s. départ, m. mort, f. désistement, m. DEPASTURE, v. a. paître, paîturer. DEPAUPERATE, v. a. appauvrir, consumer. DEPECTIBLE, adj. visqueux, gluant. DEPECULATION, s. pèculat, m. DEPEND v. n. perculat, m.
DEPEND v. n. perculat, m.
DEPEND v. n. perculat, dépendre, pocéder, se reposer, faire fond.
DEPENDANCE, s. dépendance, f. connexion,
f. rapport, m. sujetion, f. confiance, f.
DEPENDANT, adj. & s. dépendant.
DEPENDENCE, DEPENDENCY. See Dependance. DEPENDENT, adj. & s. dependant, m. DEPENDING, adj. dependant, se fiant. DEPERDITION, s. perte. f. perdition, f. DEPHLEGM, DEPHLEGMATE, v. a. dé-DEPICT, v. a. peindre, dépeindre, représenter. DEPILATION, s. depilation, f.

DEPILATORY, s. & adj. depilatoire. DEPLICUS. adj. sans poil, depletion.

DEPLICUS, s. déplétion, f. vide, m.

DEPLORABLE, adj. déplorable, lamentable. DEPLORABLENESS, s. misère, f. état déplo rable, m. DEPLORABLY, adv. déplorablement. DEPLORE, v. a. deplorer, plaindre. DEPLORING, DEPLORATION, s. lamentation, DEPLORING, DEPLOKATION, F. Lamentonian, DEPLOMATION, F. Taction de plumer. [7. DEPLUME, v. a. plumer, ôter les plumes. DEPONE, v. a. déposér, donner en gage. DEPONENT, s. & adj. déposant, m. déponent. DEPOPULATE, v. n. dépeupler, dévaster. DEPOPULATION, s. ravage, m. dégat, m. DEPOPULATOR, s. celui qui dépeuple. DEPORT, v. a. se comporter, se conduire. DEPORT, s. air, m. port. m. conduite, f. DEPORTATION, s. transport, m. exil, m. [f DEPORTMENT, s. conduite, f. manière d'agir, DEPOSE, v. a. déposer, destituer, témoigner. DEPOSITARY, s. dépositaire, m. & f. DEPOSITE, v. a. poser, déposer, mettre. DEPOSITE, s. dépôt, m. gage, m.
DEPOSITION, s. déposition, f. témoignage, m.
DEPOSITORY, s. dépositaire, m. magazin, m. DEPRAVATION,s. depravation, f. alteration,f DEPRAVE, v. a. depraver, gater, alterer.
DEPRAVITY, DEPRAVEDNESS, DEPRAVEMENT, s. depravation, f. corruption, f. alteration, f. DEPRECATE, v. a. demander pardon. DEPRECATION, s. prière, f. supplication, f. Deprecative, Deprecatory, adj. suppliant. DEPRECIATE, v. a. dépriser, déprimer.
DEPREDATE, v. a. piller, ruiner, ravager.
DEPREDATION, s. déprédation, f. pillage, m.
brigandage, m. dégât, m. ravage, m. repine, f. concussion, f. DEPREDATOR, s. voleur, m. concussionnaire, DEPREHEND, v. a. surprendre, prendre sur le fait, découvrir. DEPREHENSIBLE, adj. apprehensif, compréhensible. DEPRESS, v. a. abaisser, enfoncer, humilier. DEPRESSION, s. dépression, f. déjection, f. DEPRESSOR, s. abaisseur, m. oppresseur, m. DEPRIVATION, s. privation, f. deposition, f. DEPRIVE, v. a. priveron, f. uepositich, f. DEPRIVE, v. a. priver, dépouiller.
DEPTH, s. profondeur, f. hauteur, f. le milieu.
DEPURATE, DEPURE, v. a. purifier, dépurer.
DEPURATE, DEPURED, part.
adi. purifié, dépuré. DEPURATION, s. dépuration, f.
DEPURATION, s. députation, f. envoi, m.
DEPURE, v. a. députer, envoyer, déléguer.
DEPURE, v. a. depute, un envoye, un commis DERAIGN, v. a. prouver, faire voir. DERAIGNMENT, s. preuve, f. moyen, m.
DERANGE, r. å. déranger, mettre en désordre.
DERANGED, part. & adj. dérangé, fou.
DERANGEMENT, s. désordre, m. folie, f. DERAY, s. tumulte, m. desordre, m.
DERELICTION_s. delaissement, m.
DERIDE, v. a. railler, persister, se moquer. DERIDER, s. moqueur, railleur, m. DERIDING, DERISION, s. dérision, f. DERISIVE, DERISORY, adj. moquer, railleur DERIVATION, s. dérivation, f. etymologie, f. DERIVATIVE, adj. & s. dérivé, dérivauf. DERIVATIVELY, adr. par dérivation. DERIVE, v. a. & n. dériver léduite, venir. DERNIER, s. dernier, m

DEROGATE. v. a. déroguer ; r. n. dégénérer. | DESPITE, s. malice, f. méchanceté, défi DEROGATION, s. dérogation, f. dérogeance. DEROGATIVE, DEROGATORY, adj. deroga-DEROGATORILY, adv. d'une manière dérogatoire. DERVIS. s. dervis, m. derviche, m. DESCANT, s. commentaire, m. discours, m. DESCANT, v. n. discourir, commenter. DESCEND, r. a. & n. descendre. DESCENDANT, s. descendant, m. postérité, f. DESCENDENT, adj. qui descend, qui provient.
DESCENDENT, adj. qui descend, qui provient.
DESCENSION, s. chite, f. dégradation, f. DESCENT, s. descente, f. pente, f. extraction, f. descendans, m. pl. heritiers, m. pl.

DESCRIBE, v. a. decrire, tracer. DESCRIBER, s. celui qui decrit. DESCRIBING, DESCRIPTION, s. peinture, tableau, m. portrait, m. caractère. DESCRY, v. a. découvrir, reconnoître. DESCRY, DESCRYING, s. découverte, f. DESERT, s. désert, m. solitude, f. mérite, m. DESERT, adj. désert, solitaire, inhabité. DESERT, v. a. déserter, délaisser, abandonner. DESERTER, s. déserteur, m. transfuge, m DESERTING, DESERTION, s. desertion, f. DESERTLESS, adj. saus merite, indigne. DESERVE, v. a. mériter, être digne.
DESERVEDLY, adr. justement à bon droit.
DESERVER, s. celui qui mérite. DESERVING, adj. de mérite, qui mérite. DESICCANTS, s. pl. remèdes dessicatifs, m.pl. DESICCATE, r. a. desiccher. DESICCATION, s. dessechement, m. DESICCATIVE, auj. dessicatif, qui desseche. Design, v. n. se proposer, projeter, avoir dessein, tramer, destiner, designer. DESIGN, s. dessein, m. intention, f. projet, m.
DESIGNABLE, s. qui peut être d'signé.
DESIGNATION, s. designation, f. destination f.
DESIGNEDLY, adv. à dessein, exprès. DESIGNING, part. adj. mal-intentionn's. DESIGNLESS, adj. sans dessein, sans le vouloir. DESIGNI.ESSLY, adr. sans le savoir. Гm. DESIGNMENT, s. mauvaise intention, dessein, DESIRABLE, ulj. désirable, à souhaiter.
DESIRE, s. désir, m. souhait, m. envie, f.
DESIRE, v. a. désirer, souhaiter, avoir envie. DESIRER, s. celui qui desire; adj. desireux. DESIROUS, adj. qui désire, passioné. DESIST, r. n. se désister, cesser, s'arrêter. DESISTANCE, DESISTING, s. désistement, m. DESK, s. pupitre, m. un lutrin. DESOLATE, v. a. désoler, ravager, désolé, ra-DESOLATE, v. a. désoler, ravager, dévaster. DESOLATELY, adr. sans habitans, en ruines. DESOLATELY, adr. sans habitans, en ruines. DESOLATILY, s. désolation, f. ravage, dégat, m. saccagement, m. affliction, f. DESPAIR, s. desespoir, m. ; r. n. desesperer. DESPAIRER, s. celui qui desespere. DESPAIRINGLY, adr. en désespéré. DESPERADO, s. un désespéré, un enragé. DESPERATE, adj. désespéré, sans espoir, dangereux, enragé, furieux, terrible. DESPERATELY, adr. en désesperé, en furieux. DESPERATENESS, e. furie, f. violence, f. DESPERATION s. desespoir, m. furie, J DESPICABLE, adj. meprisable, bas, vil. DESPICABLENESS, s. bassesse, f. vilete. DESCICABLY, adr. bassement, vilement. DESPISABLE, adj. m'prisable. DESPISER, s. celui qui méprise, dédaigneux. DESPISIEG, s. mépris, m. dédain m

ance, J DESPITE, v. a. vexer, tourmenter, depiter. DESPITEFUL, adj. mechant, haineux. [ment. DESPITEFULLY, adv. par depit, mecham-DESPITEFULNESS, s. malice, f. haine, f. DESPOND, v. a. desesperer, se decourager.
DESPONDENCY, s. desesperer, se decourager. DESPONDENT, adj. désespéré, sans espoir. DESPONSATE, v. a. fiancer, promettre DESPOT, s. despote, m. monarque absolu. DESPOTICAL, DESPOTICK, adj. despotique. DESPOTICALILY, adr. despotiquement. DESPOTISM, s. despotisme, m. gouvernement arbitraire, m. DESPUMATION, s. despumation. Dessert, s. dessert, m. (dernier service de table.) DESTINATE, DESTINE, v. a. destiner. DESTINATION, s. destination, DESTINIES, s. pl. les trois parques, f. pl. DESTINY, s. destince, f. destin, m. sort, m. DESTITUTE, adj. delaissé, destitué, dénué. DESTITUTION, s. manque, m. privation, f. Destroy, v. a. détruire, ruiner, renverser, désoler, dévaster, saccager, défaire, gâter, tuer, donner la mort. DESTROYER, s. destructeur, m. meurtrier, m. DESTRUCTIBLE, adj. perissable. [structeur. DESTRUCTIBLE, adj. perissable. [structeur. DESTRUCTION, s. destruction, f. ruine, f. DESTRUCTIVE, adj. destructeur, ruineux. DESTRUCTIVELY, adv. funestement. DESTRUCTIVENESS, s. pouvoir destructeur. DESTRUCTOR, s. destructeur, m. Desudation, s. sucur excessive, f. Desuctude, s. le non-usage, desaccoutupassager. mance, f. DESULTORIOUS, DESULTORY, adj. volage, DESUME, r. a. tirer, emprunter. DETACH, r. a. detacher, separer. DETACHMENT, s. détachement, DETAIL, s. détail, m. ; r. a. détailler, particulariser. DETAIN, v. a. détenir, retenir, arrêter. DETAINDER, s. décret d'emprisonnement, m. DETAINER, s. celui qui détient ou retient. DETAINING, DETENTION, s. retardement, st DETECT, r. a. découvrir, révéler, déclarer. DETECTER, s. délateur, m. celui qui décou-DETER, v. a. détourner, retenir. [vre DETERMENT, s. empêchement, m. obstacle. DETERGE, v. a. deterger un plaie, nettoyer.
DETERGENT, adj. qui déterge, propre à netDETERGENT, adj. qui déterge, propre à netDETERMINABLE, adj. qu'on peut juger or
DETERMINATE, r. a. détermine. [décider.
DETERMINATE, adj. déterminé, décide. DETERMINATELY, 2ar. déterminément. DETERMINATION, s. détermination, f. DETERMINATIVE, adj. determinatif DETERMINATOR, s. čelui qui décide. DETERRATION, s. l'action de décerrer. DETERSION, s. détersion, f. l'action de dé DETERSIVE, adj. & s. détersif. [terger [terger. DETEST, r. a. détester, hair, abhorrer. DETESTABLE, adj. detestable, abominable. DETESTABLY, adv. abominablement. DETESTATION, s. detestation, f. haine, f. DETHRONE, r. a. detrôner, ôter la couronne. DETONATION, s. detonation, f. bruit. DETCHIZE, v. a. faire detonuer, calciner

DETORT, v. a. tordre, altérer, perverur. DETRACT, v. a. diminuer, retrancher, medire. DETRACTER, s. un détracteur, un médisant. DETRACTING, DETRACTION, s. medisance, f. DETRACTORY, DETRACTIVE, adj. diffamatoire. DETRIMENT, s. détriment, m. tort, m. DETRIMENTAL, s. désavantageux. DETRUDE, v. a. précipiter, pousser en bas. DETRUNCATE, v. a. couper, tailler, ebr. u-DETRUSION, s. l'action de précipiter. [cher. DEUCE or DEUSE, s. deux, m. diable, m. diantre, m DEUTERONOMY, s. Deuteronome, m. DEVASTATION, s. devastation, f. dégat, m. DEVELOPE, v. a. déveloper, déplier. DEVERGENCE, s. pente, f. penchant, m. DEVEST, v. a. dépouiller, déposséder. DEVIATE, v. n. s'égarer, s'écarter ; adj. DEVIATION, s. égarement, m. [écarté. Deviatory, adj. de déclinaison, changeant. DEVICE, s. invention, f. moyen, m. expedient, m. artifice, m. dessein, m. DEVIL, s. diable, m. esprit malin, m. THE DEVIL! interj. diable! du diable! DEVILISH, adj. de diable, diabolique. DEVILISH, DEVILISHLY, adr. diablement. DEVILISHNESS, s. humeur or action diabo-DEVILKIN, s. diablotin, m. [lique. DEVIOUS, adj. égaré, errant, écarté. Devise, v. a. & n. imaginer, méditer. Devise, s. legs, m. expédient, m. projet, m. Devisee, s. un légataire, une légataire. DEVISER, s. inventeur, m. autcur, m DEVISOR, s. testateur, m. celui qui legue.
DEVOIR, s. devoir de bienséance, m.
DEVOLVE, v. a. transmettre, faire passer; v. n. rouler en bas, échoir, tomber en par-DRYOLUTARY, s. dévoltaire, m. [ta]
DEVOLUTION, s. chûte, f. dévolut, m.
DEVOTE, v. a. dévouer, consacrer, livrer. [tage. DEVOTEDNESS, s. dévouement, m. DEVOTEE, s. un bigot, un faux dévot. Devotion, s. devotion, f. picte. f. DEVOTIONAE, adj. devot, religieux. DEVOUR, v. a. dévorer, consumer, ravager. DEVOURER, s. gourmand, m. destructeur, m. DEVOURINGLY, adr. goulument. DEVOUT, adr. devot, pieux, religieux. DEVOUTLY, adv. dévotement, pieusement. DEVOUTNESS, s. dévotion, f. zèle, m. DEW, s. la rosée; v. a. arroser, mouiller. DEW-BERRY, s. mure de baie, f. DEW-RESPRENT, part. adj. couvert de rosée. DEW-DROP, s. une goutte de rosée. DEW-LAP, s. fanon, m. DEW-LAPT, adf. qui a un fanon. DEW-WORM, s. ver qu'on trouve dans la rosee, m. DEWY, adj. de rosée, couvert de rosée. DEXTERITY, s. dextérité, f. adresse, f. DEXTEROUS, adj. adroit, habile, expert DEXTEROUSLY, adv. adroitement, habille-DEXTRAL, adj. droit, qui est à droite. DEY, s. dey, m. gouverneur, m. [rine, f. Diabetes, s. diabetes, m. incontinence d'u-DIABETES, s. quancies, m. incontinence d'u-DIABOLICALLY, adv. diablement. DIABOLICALLY, adv. diablement. DIABOTANUM diabotanum (emplâtre,) m. DIACODIUM, s. discode, m. strop de pavôts DIACOUSTICS, s. ys. diacoustique, f. [blancs. DIADEMED, s. diadème, m. bandeau royal. DIADEMED, adf. ceint d'un diadème.

DIÆRESIS, s. le trema ou deux points surune DIAGNOSTICK, s. diagnostique, f. [voyelle. DIAGONAL, adj. diagonal, diagonale, f. DIAGONALLY, adv. diagonalement. DIAGRAM, s. plan, m. dessein, m. figure, f.
DIAGRYDIATES, s. diagrède, f. [laire.
DIAL, s. cadran, m. A sun-dial, cadran so-DIALECT, s. dialecte, m. langue, f. DIALECTICAL, adj. de dialectique. DIALECTICALLY, adv. dialectiquement. [m. DIALECTICIAN, s. dialecticien, m. logicien, DIALECTICK, s. dialectique, f. logique, f. DIALING, s. gnomonique, f. DIALIST. s. fescur de cadrans, m. DIALOGIST, s. un auteur de dialogues. DIAI OGUE, s. dialogue, m. entretien, m. con-DIAMETER, s. diametro, m. [ference, DIAMETRAL, DIAMETRICAL, adj. diametral.

MANETRALLY, DIAMETRICALLY, ado. dia-ואחסאם, s. diamant, או. [métralement. DIAPALMA, s. diapalme, m. (onguent.) MAPASM, s. diapasme, m. parfum, m. DIAPASON, s. diapason, m. octave en musique. DIAPENTE, s. diapente, m. quinte, f. DIAPER, s. linge cuvré, damassé DIAPER, r. a. travailler à fleurs, draper. DIAPHANEITY, s. transparence, f.
DIAPHANICK, DIAPHANOUS, adj. diaphane.
DIAPHORETICK, adj. & s. diaphoretique, sudorifique. SHOPINGER, s. diaphragme, m.
DIAPHRAGM, s. diarthee, f. flux de ventre, m.
DIARRHETICH adj. surgatif.
DIABRY, s. journal, m. livre journal.
DIABTOLE, s. diastole, f. dilatation du coeur.
DIBBLE, s. houe, f. hoyau, m. DIBSTONE, s. petit caillou pour jouer. DICE, s. pl. des, m. ; v. n. jouer aux des. DICE-BOX, s. cornet, m DICER, s. joueur aux des, un joueur, m. DICKER OF LEATHER, s. une dizaine de cuirs. DICTATE, v. a. declarer, dicter, prescrire.
DICTATE, s. règle, f. precepte, suggestion, f.
DICTATOR, s. dictateur, m. chef, m. DICTATORIAL, adj. de dictateur, magistral. DICTATORSHIP, DICTATURE, s. dictature, j DICTATORSHIP, DICTATURE, s. dictature, f. DICTION, s. diction, f. style, m. langage, m. DICTIONARY, s. dictionnaire, m. DIDACTICAL, DIDACTICK, adj. didactique. DIDAPPER, DAB-CHICK, s. plongeon, m. DIDDER, r. n. frisonner de froid, grelotter. DIE, s. (the pl. dice,) de, m. hazard, m. DIE, pl. Dies, teinture, f. teinte, f. DIE, v. a. teindre; r. n. mourir, perdre la vie expirer languir, s'éventer. vie, expirer, languir, s'éventer. Dien, s. teinturier, m. régime de vivre, m diète, f. Diet-drink, espèce de tisanne, f. Diet-v. a. & n. nourrir, etre au régime. DIFFER, v. n. differer, être different. DIFFERENCE, s. différence, f. différent, m. DIFFERENCE, v. a. différencier, distinguer. DIFFERENT, adj. different, divers, distinct.
DIFFERENTIAL, adj. differentiel. [men [ment, DIFFERENTLY, adv. differemment, diverse-DIFFERING, adj. different, dissemblable DIFFICULT, adj. difficile, mal-aisé, gênant. DIFFICULTLY, adv. difficilement, avec peine. DIFFICULTY, s. difficulté, f. embarras, m. re-Diffide, r. a. se défier. DIFFIDENCE, s. défiance, f. méliance, f.

DIFFIDENT, adj. défiant, méfiant, timide DIFFIDENTLY, adv. avec défiance, umidement. DIFFLUENCE, DIFFLUENCY, s. fluidité, f. DIFFLUENT, adj. fluide, aisé à couler. DIFFORM 17, a. difformic, fisc a coner.

DIFFORM 17, s. difformic, f. laideur, f.
DIFFORM 17, s. difformic, f. laideur, f.
DIFFRANCHISEMENT, s. perte d'immunités, f. DIFFUSE, r. a. répandre, étendre. DIFFUSE, adj. étendu, épars, dispersé. DIFFUSEDLY, adv. d'une manière éparse, diffusément. DIFFUSEDNESS, s. diffusion, f. DIFFUSELY, adv. diffusément, d'une manière DIFFUSION, s. dispersion, f. DIFFUSIVE, adj. étendu, répandu, qui s'é-DIFFUSIVELY, adr. diffusément. [tend. [tend, DIFFUSIVENESS, s. extension, f. sion, f. Dig, n. a. creuser, fouir, bêcher, déterrer. DIGESTS, s. leadigestes paudectes, f. pl. DIGEST, v. a. digerer; v. n. suppurer. DIGESTER, s. qui digere, digestif, m. DIGESTIES. adj. qu'on peut digérer.
DIGESTION, s. digestion, f. reduction, f.
DIGESTIVE, adj. digestif; s. digestif, m.
DIGGER, s. fossoyeur, m. celui qui creuse, Digit, s. les trois quarts d'un pouce, f. la douzième partie du diamètre du soleil or de la lune. Un seul chiffre d'arithmétique. DIGITATED, adj. digité. DIGITATED, adj. digité. [m. dispute, f. DIGLADIATION, s. combat à coups d'épée, DIGNIFIED, adj. revêtu de quelque dignité. DIGNIFY, v. a. élever à quelque dignité. DIGNIFICATION, s. élévation à quelque dignitė, f. DIGNITARY, s. dignitaire, m. prélat, m DIGRITT, s. dignite, f. rang, m. grandeur. DIGRESS, v. n. s'ecarter, faire une digression. DIGRESSION, s. digression, f. écart, m. [ties. DIJUDICATE, v. n. juger entre deux par-DIJUDICATION, s. jugement, m. décision, f. DIKE, s. fossé, m. canal, m. digue, f. DILACERATE, v. a. déchirer, mettre en pièces. DILACERATION, s. déchirement, m. DILAPIDATE, v. a. ruiner, détruire, laisser, dépérir. DILAPIDATION, s. ruine. f. dépérissement, m. DILATABILITY, s. dilatabilité, f. DILATABILI, adj. dilatable, qui peut être DILATATION, s. dilatation, f. [étendu. DILATE, v. a. dilater; v. n. se dilater. DILATOR, s. dilateur, m. dilatoire, m. DILATORINESS, s. lenteur. f. faineautise, f. DILATORY, adj. lent, tardif, qui diffère. DILEMMA, s. dilemme, m. embarras, m DILIGENCE, s. diligence, f. exactitude, f. DILIGENT, adj. diligent, exact, assidu.
DILIGENTLY, adr. diligemment, exactement. DILL, s. anet, m. (sorie d'herbe.) DILLING, s. mignon, m. l'enfaut qu'on aime le plus. DILUCID, adj. transparent, clair. DILUCIDATE, r. a. eclaircir, expliquer. DILUCIDATION, s. Sclaircissement, m. DILUENT, adj. qui attenue, qui dissont. DILUENT, s dissolvent, m. frer, aff frer, affoiblir. DILUTE, r. a. detremper, delayer, tempé DILUTER, s dissolvant, m. DILUTION, s. l'action de dissoudre, detrempe, DILOVIAN, adj. qui a rapport au déluge. Dim. adj. qui a la vue trouble, obscur.

DIM, v. a. offusquer, obscureir. DIMERSION, s. dimension, f. etenane, f. DIMINISH, v.a. & n. diminuer, rabattre. de croitre. DIMINISHING, s. diminution, f. Diminishingly, adv. avec mepris. DIMINUTION, s. diminution, f. rabais, m.
DIMINUTIVE, adj. petit; s. diminuti, m.
DIMINUTIVELY, adv. chetivement, potitement. DIMINUTIVENESS, s. petitesse, f.
DIMISSORY, adj. dimissorial; s. un dississoire.
DIMITY, s. basin, m. (sorte de futaine.) DIMLY, adv. obscurément. DIMNESS, s. obscurcissement de la vue, DIMPLE, s. fossette, f. petit creux aux joues or au menton. DIMPLE, v n. faire un fossette. DIMPLY, adj. plein de fossettes, creux. DIN, s. bruit, m. tapage, m.; v. a. étourdir. DINE, v. n. diner. [bossuer. DING, v. a. froisser, heurter avec violence, DINGLE, s. vallon, m. vallee, f. DINING-ROOM, s. salle à manger, f. DINNER, s. dine or diner, m. DINNER-TIME, s. l'heure de diner, f. DINT, s. ccup, m. force, f. pouvoir, m.
DINT, s. a. marquer en frappant, froisser.
DIOCESAN, s. évêque diocessin, m. : adj. di DIOCESSA, s. diocèse, f. évèché. (cèsaia. DIOPTRICKS, s. pl. dioptrique, f. DIP, v. n. tremper, plonger, mouiller, engager. DIPLICMA, s. diplome, f. chartre, f. DIPPER, s. plongeur, m.
DIRE, adj. terrible, affreux, cruel, inhumain. DIRECT, adj. direct, droit, clair, ouvert. DIRECT, v. a. diriger, ordonner, regler, rec-tifier, conduire, montrer, enseigner, adres-ser (une lettre), aller droit, faire route, por-ter, faire voile. DIRECTER, s. qui dirige, directeur, m. DIRECTION, s. direction, f. ordre, m. im tion, f. l'adresse (d'une lettre, f.) tion-word, (in printing) reclame, J DIRECTLY, adj. qui dirige, directrice. DIRECTLY, adv. droit, immediatement DIRECTNESS, s. droiture, f. rectitude, f. DIRECTOR, s. directeur, m. chef, m.
DIRECTORY, s. liturgie, f. formule, f.
DIREFUL, adj. affreux, terrible, horrible. DIRENESS, s. horreur, f. chose horrible. DIREPTION, s. pillage, m saccagement, m. DIRGE, s. chant funchre, is. obit, m. DIRK, s. sorte de poignard, f.
DIRK, s. boue, f. lange, f. ordure, f. saleté, f.
DIRK, v. a. tacher, souiller, crotter.
DIRKILY, adr. salement, vilainement. DIRTINESS, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. vilense, f DIRTY, adj. crotté, sale, vilain, bas, houteur. DIRTY, r. a. salir, crotter. DISABILITY, s. incapacité, f. impuissance, f. DISABLE, v. a. rendre incapable, ruiner DISABUSE, v. a. désabuser, détromper. DISADVANTAGE, s. desavantage, m. tort, m. DISADVANTAGE, v. c. préjudicier, nuire. DISADVANTAGEOUS, adj. désavantageux. DISADVANTAGEOUSLY, adv. desavantageusement. DISAFFECT, v. a. indisposer. DISAFFECTED adj.indispose, mal intentionne DISAFFECTEDLY, adv. sans affection. DISAFFECTEDNESS, s. mauvaise intention. DISAFFECTION s. indisposition. f.

DISAFFECTIONATE, adj. mal-intentionné, mecantent DESAFROREST, v. a. ôter les privilèges de fu-DISAGREE, v. R. disconvenir, ne pas s'accor-DISAGREEABLE, adj. contraire. DISAGREKABLENESS, s. disconvenance, f.
DISAGREMENT, s. difference, f. discorde, f.
DISABLOW, v. a. desapprouver, blamer. DESALOWABLE, udj. qu'on ne doit pas per-DESALLOWARCE, s. defense, f. [metire. DISANCHOR, v. a. lever l'aucre, desaucrer. DISAMBUL, v. a. anueller, abolir, abroger. DISAMBUL, v. a. anueller, abolir, abroger. DISAMBUL, v. a. anueller, abolir, abroger. DISAPPOINT, v. a. frustrer, tromper. DESAPPOINTMENT, s. attente trompée, contre-temps, m. traverse, manquement de parole, m. DISAPPROBATION, s. condemnation, f. censare, f. blame, s DISAPPROVE, v. a. desapprouver, condamner. DISARM, v. a. désarmer, dier les armes. DISARRAY, s. désordre, m. confusion. f. DISASTER, s. désastre, m. malheur, m. DISASTER, r.a. affliger, porter malheur. DISASTROUS, adj. malneureux, funeste. DISASTROUSLY, adr. malheureusement. Disavow, v. a. désavouer, désapprouver. DISAVOWAL, DISAVOWMENT, s. désaveu, m. DISBARD, v. a. débarquer.

[retirer. DISBELIEF, s. doute, m. défiance, f. DESBELIEVE, r. a. ne pas croire, regarder comme faux. DISBELIEVER, s. incredule, m. DISBRANCH, v. a. ébrancher. DISSURDEN, v. a. decharger. Dienurse, v. a. débourser, dépenser. DISBURSEMENT, s. déboursement, m. DISBURSER, s. celui qui débourse, payeur, m. DISCALCRATED, adj. dechausse. Discand, v. a. écarter, démettre, congédier. DISCERNER, v. a. discerner, découvrir.

DISCERNER, z. celui qui discerne, qui disDISCERNERLE, adj. visible, sensible. [tingue. DISCERBIBLY, adv. visiblement, sensiblel'éclairé. ment DISCERNING, s. discernement, m.; DISCERNINGLY, adv. judicieusement. DISCERNMENT, s. discernement, m. DISCERP, v. a. déchirer, dépécer. [paré. DISCERPTIBLE, adj. qui peut être brisé, se-DISCERPTION, s. déchirement, m. DISCHARGE, v. a. décharger, débarrasser, sequitter, absoudre, dispenser, exempler, clargir, faire, executer, remplir, làcher, laisser, echapper; v. n. se décharger, fon-CHESTARGE, s. decharge, f. exemption, f. elargissement, m. absolution, f. justification, f. quittance, f. congé. m.

DISCHARGER, s. celui qui décharge ou paye.

DISCHIP, v. a. diviser, mettre en pièces. Disciple, s. disciple, m. élève, m. écolier, m. DISCIPLESHIP, s. l'état or la condition de disciple, m. DISCIPLINABLE, adj. disciplinable. DISCIPLINARIAN, adj. de discipline. DISCIPLINARIAN, s. puritain, m. un rigoriste. DISCIPLINARY, adj. qui concerne la disci-Discipline, s. discipline, f. ordre, m. règle, f. conduite, f. institution, f. instruction, f. || DISCOURTEOUSLY, adv. incivilement.

education, f. art, m. science, f. châtiment. m. correction, f. DISCIPLINE, v. a. discipliner, élever, instruire, régler, gouverner.

DISCLAIM, v. a. désavouer, rénoncer à, renier. DISCLAIMER, s. qui desavoue, qui renie. DISCLAIMING, s. desaveu, st. renoucement, s. DISCLOSE, v. a. découvrir, révéler, déclarer faire éclorre ; v. n. bourgeonner. DISCLOSER, s. qui découvre or révêle. DISCLUSURE, s. découverte, f. déclaration. f DISCOLORATION, s. changement de conleur, m. Discolour, v. a. altérer la couleur. décolorer. Discomfit, v. a. défaire, tailler in pièces. DISCOMFIT, DISCOMFITURE, s. defaite, DISCOMFORT, s. affliction, f. desolation, f. DISCOMFORT, v. a. affliger, désoler. DISCOMMEND, v. a. blamer, désapprouver. DISCOMMENDABLE, adj. blamable. DISCOMMENDATION, s. blame, m. censure, f. DISCOMMODE, v. a. incommoder. Discommonious, adj. incommode, à charge DISCOMMODITY, s. incommodité, Discompose, r. a. déranger, troubler. DISCOMPOSURE, s. desordre, m. [ranger. DISCONCERT, r. a. déconcerter, troubler, de DISCONFORMITY, DISCONGRUITY, s. dis convenance, f. DISCONSULATE, adj. désolé. DISCONTENT, s. mecontentement, m. afflic-DISCONTENT, adj. mécontent. ftion, f. DISCONTENT, v. a. mecontenter, chagriner. DISCONTENTEDLY, adv. avec chagrin. DISCONTENTEDNESS and DISCONTENT-MENT. See Discontent, s. DISCONTINUANCE, s. discontinuation, f. DISCONTINUATION, s. separation, f. DISCONTINUE, v. a. discontinuer; r.n. cesser. DISCONTINUING, s. discontinuation, f. DISCONTINUITY, s. desunion. f. DISCONVENIENCE. s. disconvenance, Discorp, s. discorde, f. desunion, f. di sion, f. division, f. defaut d'accord, m. Discord, v. n. discorder, n'être pas d'accord. DISCORDANCE, DISCORDANCY, s. See Discord. DISCORDANT, DISCORDING, adj. discordant, contraire, oppose, incompatible. DISCORDANTLY, adv. contradictoirement. DISCOVER, v. a. découvrir, révéler, trouver.
DISCOVERABLE, adj. qu'on peut découvrir.
DISCOVERER, s. espion, m. délateur, m. Discovery, s. découverte, f. Discount, s. escompte, m. rabais, m. decomple, m. Discount, r. a. escompter, déduire, rabattre DISCOUNTENANCE, v. a. décourager, de contenancer. DISCOUNTENANCE, s. froideur. DISCOURAGE, v. a. décourager, intimider. DISCOURAGEMENT, & decouragement, m. DISCOURAGER, s. celui qui décourage. DISCOURAGING, adj. rebutant, qui décourage. Discourse, s. discours, m. propos, m. conversation, f. entretien. m. traité, m. DISCOURSE, v. n. discourir, converser, parler. DISCOURSER, s. discoureur, m. dissertateur. m. DISCOURSIVE, adj. qui appartient au rai sonnement. Discountrous, adj. désobligeant.

DISCOURTEST, s. incivilité, f. injure, f. DISCOUS, adj. large, plat. factrissure, f. DISCREDIT, s. déshonneur, m. ignominie, f. DISCREDIT, c. a. décréditer, déshonorer. DISCREET, adj. discret, prudent, circonspect. DISCREETLY, adv. discretement. DISCREENNESS, s. discretion, f. prudence, f. DISCREPANCE, s. difference, f. opposition, f. DISCRETE, adj. discret, disjonctif. DISCRETION, DISCREETNESS, s. discretion f. prudence, f. circonspection, f. retenue, f. volonté, f. merci, f. DISCRETIGNARY, adj. illimité, à discrétion. DISCRIMINATE, v. a. distinguer, separer. DISCRIMINATION, s. distinction, f. difference. DISCRIMINATIVE, adj. distinctif.
DISCRIMINATIVE, adj. distinctif.
DISCRIMINOUS, adj. dangereux, périleux.
DISCUMBER, r. a. dégager, débarrasser.
DISCURSIVE, adj. errant, vague. Discursively, adv. par voie de raisonne-Discus, s. disque, m. (sorte de palet.) Discuss, v. a. discuter, examiner, agiter. Discussion, s. discussion, f. examen, m. DISCUSSIVE, DISCUTIENT, adj. resolutif, qui dissout. DISDAIN, s. dédain, m. mépris, m. DISDAIN, v. a. dédaigner, mépriser. DISDAINFUL, adj. dédaigneux, méprisant. DISDAINFULLY, adr. dédaigneusement. DISDAINFULNESS, s. dédain, m. mépris, m. DISEASE, s. maladie, f. indisposition, f. DISEASE, v. a. rendre malade, incommoder. DISEASED, part. adj. malade, indispose. DISKMBARK, v. a. & n. debarquer. DISEMBARKING, s. débarquement, m DISEMBITTER, v. a. adoucir, oter l'amor-DISEMBOGUE, v. a. & n. décharger, se dé-DISEMBROIL, v. n. débrouiller. [charger. DISENABLE, r. n. readre incapable. DISENCHANT, v. a. désensorceler, désenchau-DISENCUMBER, v. a. dégager, débarrasser.

DISENCUMBRANCE, s. délivrance, f.

DISENGAGE, v. a. dégager, débarrasser.

DISENGAGED, part. adj. vacant, à loisir.

DISENGAGEMENT, s. dégagement. m.

DISENTANGLE, v. a. débarrasser, dégager. DISENTHRAI., v. a. mettre en liberté. DISENTHRAL, v. a. mettre en merec.
DISENTHRONE, v. a. détrôner.
DISESTEEM, s. mésestime, f. mépris, m.
DISESTEEM, r. a. mésestimer, mépriser.
DISESTEEM, r. a. mésestimer, mépriser.
DISEAVOUR, s. défaveur, f. déplaisir, m.
DISEAVOUR, r. a. disgracier, abandonner.
DISFIGURATION, s. difformité, f. DISFIGURE, v. a. déligurer, rendre difforme. DISPIGUREMENT, 1. enlaidissement, m DISFOREST, v. a. abattre les arbres d'une DISPRANCILISE, v. a. ôter la franchise. DISFRANCHISEMENT, s. privation de franchise, f. DISTURNISH v. a. priver or dépouiller de. DISGARMISH, v. n. degarnir. [ment. DISGLORIFY, r. a. deshonorer, traiter indigue-Disgorge, c. a. degorger, voinir. Disgrace, s. deshoineur, m. honte, f. DISGRACE, r. a. deshonorer, diffamer. DISGRACEFUL, adj. honteux, ignominicux. DISGRACEFULLY, adr. honteusement. DISGRACEFULNESS, s. ignominie, f. infamie, DISGRACIOUS, adj. désobligeant. DISGUISE, s. déguisement, m. hypocrisie, f.

DISGUISE, v. a: deguiser, masquer, femdre. DISGUISEMENT, s. deguisement. Discouser, s. qui déguise, qui travestie.
Discouser, s. dégoûte, m. aversion, f.
Discouser, s. dégoûter, causer du dégoût.
Discouser, vu. dégoûter, causer du dégoût.
Discuser, put, adj. dégoûtant, rebutant.
Dist, s. plat, m. écuelle, f. tasse, f. DISH-CLOUT, s. torchon, m. DISH-WASH OF DISH-WATER, & lavure CE cuelles, f. DISH, v. a. servir dans un plat, cresser.

DISHABILLE, adj. en négligé; s. déshabilié DISHERIT, v. a. decourager, abaure. DISHERIT, v. a. desheriter. DISHEVEL, r. a. échéveler. DISHONEST, adj. deshonnete, malhonnete, in-DISHONESTLY, adv. deshonnétement. DISHORESTY, s. mal-honnêteté, f. DISHONOUR, s. déshonneur, m. infamie, f. DISHONOUR, v. a. déshonorer, fletrir. DISHONOURABLE, adj. deshonorable. DISHONOURABLY, adr. mal-honnètement. DISHONOURER, s. qui déshonore, séducteu DISHUMOUR, s. mauvaise humeur. [#. DISIMPROVEMENT, & décadence, f. DISINCLINATION, s. dégoût, m. aversion, f.
DISINCLINE, v. a. donner du dégoût.
DISINGENUITY, s. mauvaise foi, dissimulation, ∫. Disingenuous, adj. artificieux, dissimulé. DISINGENUOUSLY, adv. avec dissimulation. DISINHABITED, adj. dépeuplé, desert, sans DISINHERIT, r. a. déshériter. [habitans. DISINTER, v. a. déterrer, exhumer. DISINTERESTED, adj. désintéresse. DISINTERESTEDLY, adv. impartialement. DISINTERESTEDNESS, a dejoindre, separer, desuar; r. a. demettre, disloquer, demembrer. DISJUNCTION, s. disjonction, f. separation, f. DISJUNCTIVE, adj. disjonctif. Disjunctively, adr. séparément, à part. DISK, s. disque, m. palet, m. DISKINDNESS, s. mauvaise intention, tort, m.
DISLIKE, s. dégoût, m. répugnance, f.
DISLIKE, v. a. désapprouver, blâmer.
DISLIKE, v. a. rendre différent, changer. DISLIKEN, v. a. teinde dinteen, changer.
DISLIKEN, s. désapprobateur, m.
DISLIKER, s. désapprobateur, m.
DISLIKING, s. dégoût, m. répugnance, f.
DISLIMB, v. a. déwembrer, arracher les mem-DISLIMB, v. a. dépeindre. [bres.
DISLOCATION, s. diépocation, f. luxation, f.
DISLOCATION, s. dislocation, f. luxation, f.
DISLOCATION, c. dé, mettre debors, chasser.
DISLOYALLY adr. infidèlement déloyalement. DISLOYALTY, s. déloyauté, f. infidélité, f. DISMAL, adj. sinistre, affreux, terrible.
DISMALLY, adv. horriblement, affreusement.
DISMALNESS, s. horreur, f. mélancolie, f. DISMANTLE, v. a. priver, dépouiller. DISMASK, v. a. démasquer, découvrir. DISMAY, v. a. épouvanter, intimider. DISMAY, s. épouvante, f. peur, f. DISMAYEDNESS, s. frayeur, f. épouvante, f. DISMEMBER, r. a. démembrer, déchirer. Dismiss, v. a. renvoyer, congédier. [sion, f. Dismission, s. renvoi, m. congé, m. démis-DISMOUNT, r. a. démonter, désarconner. DISNATURALIZE, r. o. ôter le droit de nata-DISOBEDIENCE, s. des beissance, f. [ralité. DISOBEDIENT, adj. désobéissant, réfractaire. DISOBEDIENTLY dv. en désobé ssant

Disobet, v. a. désobéir, transgresser. Disoblication, s. déplaisir, m. mauvais office DISOBLIGE, v. a. désobliger, desservir. DISOBLIGING, part. adj. désobligeans. DISOBLIGINGLY, adv. désobligeanment. DISOBLIGINGNESS, s. manières désobligeantes, f. pl. bison ber, s. désordre, m. dérangement, m. écafinion, f. tumulte, m. trouble, m. égarement d'esprit, m. mal, m. maladie, f. ivresse, f. dégât, m. fbler. DISORDER, v. a. déranger, incommoder, trou-DISORDERED, part. adj. dérèglé, désordonné. DISORDEREY, adj. copfus, en désordre, dé-sordonné, dérèglé, débauché. DISORDERLY, adv. sans ordse, confusément. DISORDERLY, adj. désordonné, dérèglé. DISORDINATELY, adv. desordonnément. DISOWN, v. a. désavouer, renier. DISPARAGE, r. a. mal assortir, depriser, avi-DISPARAGEN, s. qui déshouore, qui déprise.
DISPARAGEN, s. qui déshouore, qui déprise.
DISPARITY, s. disparité, f. inégalité, f. diffé-DISPARK, v. a. ouvrir un parc. [rence. DISPART, v. a. diviser, partager, calibrer. DISPASSION, s. exemption de passion, f. DISPASSIONATE, adj. de sang froid. DISPATCH, s. expédition, f. dépêche, f. DISPATCH, s. a. dépêcher, envoyer, expédier. DISPATCH, v. a. chasser, dissiper. DISPEND, v. a. dépenser, consumer. DISPENSE, adj. dont on peut dispenser. DISPENSARY, s. dispensaire, m. DISPENSATION, s. distribution, f. dispense, f. DISPENSATOR, s. dispensateur, m. distribu-DISPENSATORY, s. pharmacopce, f. [teur, m. DISPENSE, v. a. dispenser, distribuer. DISPENSE, s. dispense, f. exemption, f. DISPENSER, s. distributeur, m. DISPEOPLE, v. a. déponpler, désoler, rava-DISPEOPLER, s. qui dépeuple, qui désole. DISPERSE; v. a. disperser, répandre, dissiper. DISPERSEDLY, adv. d'une manière cparse, çà et là. ça et 1a.
DISPERSEDNESS, s. dispersion, f.
DISPERSER, s. qui disperso, qui sême.
DISPERSION, s. dispersion, f. séparation, f.
DISPIRIT, v. a. décourager, intimider.
DISPLACE, v. a. déplacer, ôter de sa place.
DISPLACENCY, s. impolitesse, f. déplaisir, m.
DISPLACING, s. déplacement, m. [ter.
DISPLANT. v. a. arracher que plant déplau-DISPLANT, v. a. arracher une plant, déplan-DISPLAY, v. a. déployer, étendre, dévelop-peré, étaler, montrer, expliquer, exposer, découvrir, déclarer, manifester. DISPLAY, s. developpement, m. montre, f. DISPLEASANT, adj. deplaisant, désagréable. DISPLEASE, v. a. déplaire, mécontenter. DISPLEASINGNESS, s. deplaisir, m. chagrin, w. DISPLEASURE, s. deplaisir, m. disgrace, f. peine, f. mécontentement, m. chagrin, m DISPLOUE, v. a. dispersor avec grand bruit. DISPLOSION, s. explosion, f. décharge, f. DISPORT, s. passe-temps, m. amusement, m. DISPORT, v. a. & n. se divertir. DISPOSAL, s. disposition, f. pouvoir, m. Dispose, v. a. & n. disposer, préparer. Disposen, part. adj. disposé, arrangé. DISPOSER, s. dispensateur, m. arbitre, m. DISPOSITION: s. disposition, f. ordre, m. talout, m. aptitude, f. dessein, m.
DISPOSSESS, v. a. deposseder, dessaisir. DISPOSURE, s. posture, f. conduite, f.

Dispraise, s. blame, m. reproche, m. Dispraise, v. a. blamer, censurer. DISPRAISER, s. censeur, m. critique, m DISPREAD, v. a. étendre de côté et d'aute DISPROFIT, s. perie, f. dommage, m. tori, m. DISPROFIT, s. réputation, f. [préjudice. DISPROFORTION, s. disproportion, f. inégalité, DISPROPORTION, v. a. disproportionner. [f. DISPROPORTIONABLE, DISPROPORTION-ATE, adj. disproportionné. DISPROPORTIONABLY, adv. inegalement. DISPROVE, v. a. réfuter, convaincre de faux. DISPUTABLE, adj. disputable, problematique. DISPUTANT, 3. disputeur, m.; adj. qui dis-DISPUTATION, s. dispute, f. controverse, f. DISPUTATIOUS, DISPUTATIVE, adj. dispu-DISPUTE, s. dispute, f. débat, m. querelle, f. DISPUTE, v. n. disputer, débattre, agiter. DISPUTELESS, adj. incontestable. DISPUTER, s. disputeur, m. controversiste, m. DISQUALIFICATION, s. incapacité, f. [ble. DISQUALIFY, v. a. rendre inhabite or incapa-DISQUIET, s. inquiétude, f. trouble, m. DISQUIET, v. a. inquieter, chagriner, tour-DISQUIETER, s. perturbateur, m. [menter DISQUIETLY, adv. sans répos.

DISQUIETLY, adv. sans répos.

DISQUIETNESS, DISQUIETUDE, s. inquiéDISREGARD DISQUISTION, s. recherche, f. examen, m.
DISREGARD, s. mépris, m. indifference, f.
DISREGARD, v. a. négliger, mépriser.
DISREGARD, v. a. hégliger, mépriser.
DISREGARDFUL, adj. méprisant. [vor.
DISRELISH, s. dégoût, m.; r. a. désapprou-DISREPUTABLE, adj. honteux, infamant. DISREPUTATION, s. deshonneur, m. DISREPUTE, s. mauvaise reputation, infamie, f. DISRESPECT, s. incivilité, f. mépris, m. DISRESPECT, v. a. mepriser, traiter incivile-DISRESPECTFULLY, adj. incivil, gressier. DISRESPECTFULLY, adv. incivilement. DISROBE, v. a. deshabiller, depouiller. DISRUPTION, s. rupture, f. fente, f. DISSATISFACTION, s. mecontentement, m. DISSATISFACTORY, adj. désagréable, déplaisant. DISSATISFY, v. a. mécontenter, déplaire. DISSECT, v. a. disséquer, unatomiser. DISSECTION, s. dissection, f. anatomie, f. DISSEIZE, v. a. dessaisir, deposseder. Disseizee, s. celui qui est dépossédé. Disseizin, s. dessaisissement, m. déposses-SIOR DISSEIZER, s. usurpateur, m. [pallier, DISSEMBLE, v. a. & n. feindre, dissimuler, DISSEMBLER, s. qui dissimule, hypocrite, m. DISSEMBLING, s. dissimulation, f.; adj. dissimulé. DISSEMBLINGLY, adv. avec dissimulation. DISSEMINATE, r. a. semer, rependre ça et la. DISSEMINATION, s. l'action de semer. DISSEMINATOR, s. semeur, m. qui repand. DISSENSION, s. dissension, f. division, f. DISSENTIOUS, adj. factieux, remuant DISSENT, v. a. étre d'une opinion contraire. DISSENT, s. contrariété d'opinion, f. DISSENTANEOUS, adj. contraire, opposé.
DISSENTER, s. dissident, m. nonconformiste, m.
DISSERTATION, s. dissertation, f. discours, m.
DISSERVE, v. a. desservir. desobliger, auire.

DISSERVICE, s. manvais office, tort, m. [tal

DISSERVICEABLE, adj. nuisible, funeste, for

DISSETTLE, v. a. déranger, mettre en dé- n enndre DISSEVER, v. a. désunir, séparer. DISSILATION, s. l'action de se fendre. DISSIMILAR, adj. dissimilaire, hétérogène.
DISSIMILARITY, DISSIMILATUDE, & diversité, f. DISSIPABLE, adj. qui se dissipe assement.
DISSIPABLE, adj. qui se dissipe assement.
DISSIPATE, v. a. dissiper, disperser, prodi-DISSIPATION, s. dissipation, f. dispersion, f. DISSOCIATE, v. a. séparer, désunir. DISSOLVABLE, DISSOLUBLE, adj. dissolutif, dissoluble. DISSOLVE, v. a. dissoudre, résoudre, fondre, separer; r. n. se dissoudre, se fondre. DISSOLVENT, DISSOLVER, s. dissolvant, m. DISSOLVENT, adj. dissolvant, m. resolutif, m. DISSOLUTE, adj. dissolu, debauché DISSOLUTEI. Y,adv. dissolument, en débauche. DISSOLUTENESS, s. dissolution, f. debauche, f. DISSOLUTION, s. dissolution, f. resolution, f. Dissolution, s. dissolution, f. destruc-fonte, f. separation, f. division, f. destruc-tion, f. rupture, f. cessation, f. Dissonance, s. dissonance, f. contrariete, f. Dissonant, adj. dissonant, discordant. DISSUADE, v. a. dissuader, détourner de. DISSUADER, s. celui qui dissuade. DISSUADING, DISSUASION, s. dissuasion, f. DISSUASIVE, adj. propre à dissuader. DISSULLABLE, s. dissyllabe, f. DISTAFF, s. quenouille à filer. DISTAIN, v. a. tacher, ternir. DISTARCE, s. distance, f. intervalle, m. respect, m. Out of distance, an delà des bornes. DISTANCE, v. a. espacer, laisser derrière. DISTANCING, s. espacement. m. DISTANT, adj. distant, loin, cloigne. DISTANT, a.g., cusann, toin, croigne.
DISTANTs, s. degotit, m. deplaisir, m.
DISTASTE, v. a. degotiter, mécontenter.
DISTASTEFUL, adj. degotitent, désagréable.
DISTEMPER, s. mafadie, f. maf., m. [der.
DISTEMPER, v. a. rendre malade, incommo-DISTEMPERATURE, s. intemperie, f. DISTENPERED, part. adj. melade, dérangé.
DISTEND, v. a. élargir, étendre, ensier. [m.
DISTENSION, s. distension, f. élargissement, DISTERNINATE, v. a. separer, borner. DISTICH, s. distique, m. deux vers Latins. DISTIL, r. a. & n. distiller, degouter. DISTILLABLE, adj. qui se peut distifler. DISTILLATION, s. distillation, f. DISTILLER, s. distillateur, m. ftiller. DISTILLING, s. distillation, f. l'action de dis-DISTINCT, adj. distinct, separe, clair. DISTINCTION, s. distinction, f. difference, f. DISTINCTIVE, adj. distinctif, judicieux. DISTINCTIVE, adv. distinctement. DISTINCTNESS, & netteté, f. clarté, f. DISTINGUISH, v. a. & n. distinguer. DISTINGUESHABLE, adj. qu'on peut distin-DISTINGUISHER, s. qui distingue. DISTINGUISHINGLY, adr. avec distinction. DISTINGUISHMENT, s. distinction, f. DISTORT, v. a. tordre, tourner, contourner. DISTORTION, s. contorsion, f. grimace, f. DISTRACT, v. a. distraire, diviser. DISTRACTED, part. adj. separe, divise, fou.

DISTRAIMER, s. qui saisit.
DISTRAIMT, s. suisie, f. arrêt, m.
DISTRESS, s. saisie, f. arrêt, f. misère, f. dé
fresse, f. malkeur, m. DISTRESS, v. a. reduire à la misère, affliger, DISTRESSPUL, adj. misérable, malheuroux. DISTRIBUTE, v. a. distribuer, partager, divi-DISTRIBUTER, s. distributeur, m. ser. DISTRIBUTION, s. distribution, f. partage, DISTRIBUTIVE, adj. distributif. DISTRIBUTIVELY, adv. distributivement. DISTRICT, c. district, m. jurisdiction, f.
DISTRUST, v. c. se defier, se médier.
DISTRUST, s. défantee, f. médiance, f.
DISTRUST, s. défant, médiant, soupçon DISTRUSTFULLY, adv. avec défiance. [neux. DISTRUSTFULNESS, DISTRUSTING, s. 2009-DISTURB, v. a. troubler, déranger. DISTURBANCE, s. trouble, m. agitation, réglement, m. désordre, m. confusion, f. u-DISTURBER, s. perturbateur, m. DISVALUE, v. a. dépriser, décréditer, décrier. DISUNION, s. desunion, f. separation, f. DISUNITE, v. a. & n. desunir, diviser. DISUNITY, s. desunion, f. separation, f. DISUSAGE, DISUSE, s. non-usage, m. [mer. DISUSE, v. a. désaccoutumer, se désaccoutu-Ditch, s. fossé, m. ; v. n. & a. fossoyer. Ditcher, s. fossoyeur, m. DITHYRAMB, DITHYRAMBIC, s. dithyrambe, DITTANDER, s. (an herb) passe-rage, f. DITTANY, s. (an herb) dictame, m. Ditto, le même, de même, susdit. DITTY, s. chanson, f. chansonnette, f. DIURETICK, s. un diurétique; adj. diurétique. DIVARICATE, n. a. & n. partager, se parta-DIVARICATION, s. separation, division, f. DIVER, v. a. & n. plonger, approximatir. DIVER, s. plongeur, m. un plongeon. DIVERGE, v. n. être divergent. DIVERGENT, adj. divergent. DIVERSE, adj. plusieurs, divers, différens. DIVERSE, adj. divers, différent, varié. DIVERSIFICATION, s. changement, m. DIVERSIFY, n. a. diversifier, changer, varier DIVERSION, s. diversion, f. changement do Cours, m. recreation, f. amusement, m. DIVERSITY, s. diversité, f. différence, f. DIVERSITY, adv. diversement, différence DIVERT, v. a. divertir, detourner, distraire, réjouir, amuser, voler, dérober. Diverting, adj. divertissant, plaisant DIVERTISE, v. a. divertir, rejouir, recreer. DIVERTISEMENT, s. divertissement, m. DIVERTIVE, adj. divertissant, amusant. Divest, v. a. depouiller, deposseder, ôter, enlever. DIVESTURE, s. dépocillement, s DIVIDE, v. a. diviser; v. n. se diviser. DIVIDEND, s. dividende, m. part, m. portion, DIVIDER, s. qui divise, diviseur, m DIVINATION, s. divination, f. prédiction, f. DIVINE, adj. divin, de Dieu, excellent. DIVINE, s. theologien, m. ecclesiastique, m. DIVINE, n. a. & n. deviuer, prédire. DIVINELY, adv. divinement, excellemment. DISTRACTEDLY, odn. comme un fou.

DISTRACTION, s. listraction, f. confusion, f.

DIVINER RSS, s. prophetesse, f.

DIVINER RSS, s. prophetesse, f.

DIVINER, s. divinité, f. Dieu, m. théologie,

DIVISIBILITY, s. divisibilité, f.
DIVISIBLE, adj. divisible, séparable.
DIVISION, s. division, f. séparation, f. dis-[corde, f. DIVISOR, s. diviseur, m. DIVORCE, s. divorce, m. separation, f. Divorce, v. a. repudier, separer de. DIVORCEMENT, s. divorce, m. repudiation, f. DIVORCER, s. qui fait divorce. DEVULGE, v. a. divulguer, publier, manifes-DIVULGER, s. qui divulgue, qui publie.
DIZZINESS, s. vertige, m. étourdissement, m.
DIZZY, adf. sujet aux vertiges, écervelé.
DIZZY, v. a. fairo tourner la tête. Do, v. a. faire, exécuter, produire, expedier, readre, mettre, finir, conclure; to do meat, préparer la viande, la cuire; to do again, refaire; to do away, ôter, defaire, effacer; to do off, défaire, liver, ôter; to do on, mettre; to do open, ouvrir; to do applier, empaqueter : to do over, enduire, couvrir de. To Do, v. n. faire, en user, en agir, se porter, finir, terminer, conclure. Do, s. bruit, m. vacarme, m. efforts, m. pl DO-ALL, s. un factotum. [table, Docible, Docible, ddf. docile, souple, trai-Docility, Docibleness, s. docilite, f. Dock, s. le tronc de la queue, la croupe du cheval, le trousse-queue, bassin d'eau, m. darse, f. chantier, m. forme, (pour la construction de vaisseaux,) f. sorte d'oseille or de patience. Bur-dock, bardane, gloute-DOCK, v. a. couper la queue, écourter. DOCKET, s. abregé, m. extrait, étiquette, f. DOCTOR, s. docteur, médecin, m. Doctor, v. a. mediciner. DOCTORS-COMMONS, s. Pofficialité. f. DOCTORAL, adj. doctoral. DOCTORALLY, adv. en docteur. furine. DOCTORSHIP, s. doctorat, m. DOCTRINAL, adj. qui contient quelque doc-DocTRINAL, adj. qui contient quelque doc-DocUMENT, s. document, m. instruction, f. DOCUMENT, s. (an herb) épithyme, m. DODDLE, v. n. se trainer, aller comme un DODECAGON, s. dodécagone, m. fenfant. DODECATEMORION, s. dodécatémorie, f. Dodge, v. n. biaiser, tergiverser, dissimuler. Doder, s. chicaneur, m. amuseur, m. DODGERY OF DODGING, s. amusement, n Don, s. daine, f. femelle du daim. A doerabbit, lapine, f.
Doer, s. qui fait, fesour, m.
Dog, s. chien, m. un mâle, chênet, m. mastiff-dog or band-dog, un matin, un dogue d'Angleterre. A lap-dog, un bichon. A setting-dog, un chien couchast, un chien d'arrèt. A bear-dog, un chien propre à combattre avec les ours. A bull-dog, un chien propre à combattre avec les tau-Dog of iron, crampon de fer, m. chenet, m. Dog, v. a. suivre, épier, guetter quelqu'un. Dog-BERRY, s. (a fruit) cornouille, f. DOG-BERRY-TREE, s. cornouiller, m. DOG-BRIAR, s. églantier, m. [prix. DOG-CHEAP, adj. à fort bon marché, à vil DOG-DAYS, s. pl. la canicule. Dogr, s. doge de Venise or de Gênes, m. Dog-Fish, s. chien de mer, m. Doggen, adj bourru, brutal, suivi, épié. Deggedly, adv. d'un air bourru. DOGGEDNES:, s. mauvaise humcur, caprice, Dougen, s. 1 crte de pétit navire, dogre, m.

Doggish, adj. de chien, brutal. DOG-KENNEL, s. chenil, m. DOG-LOUSE, s. tigne or teigne.

DOGMA, s. dogme, m. principle, m. croyasce,
DOGMATICAL, DOGMATICK, adj. dogma-DOGMATICALLY, adv. dogmatiquement. DOGMATICALNESS, s. ton dogmatique. DOGMATIST, DOGMATIZER, s. dogmatiseur, Dogmatizz, v. n. dogmatiser.

Dod-Rosz, s. rose or fleur de l'églantier, f.

Dog's-ear, (a plant) oreille de lièvre, f. Dog-sleep, sommeil feint or prétendu. Dog's-grass, s. (an herb) chiendent, m. Dog-star, s. sirius, m. le chien celeste. Dog's-Tongue, s. (a plant) langue de chien. Dog's-Tooth, s. (a plant) chiendent, m. Dog-TRICK, s. mauvais office. Dog-weed, s. (an herb) ciboulette, Dog-WEARY, adj. las comme un chien. Doire, s. feit, m. affaire, f. action, f. Dolle, s. part, f. portion, f. présent, m. lar-gesse, f. chagrin, m. peine, f. DOLE, v. a. donner, distribuer, faire présent. Doleful, adj. triste, chagrin, lugubre.
Dolefully, adv. tristement, d'un ton plain DOLEFULNESS, s. tristesse. f. chagrin, m Dolesome, adj. sombre, triste, chagrin. [tif. DOLESOMELY, adv. tristement, d'un ton plain-DOLESOMENESS, s. tristesse, f. chagrin, m. Doll., s. poupée, une poupe DOLLAR, s. rixdale or risdale, f. un dollar, DOLLAR, s. rixdale or risdale, f. un dollar, DOLORIFICK, DOLOROUS, adj. doloureux, DOLPHIN, s. dauphin, m. [triste, lugubre. DOLT, s. un sot, un imbécile, un idint, DOLTISH, adj. stupide, lourd, hébété. DOLTISHLY, adv. pesamment DOLTISHUT. act. pesariment.

DOLTISHNESS, s. stupidité, f. bêtice, f.

DOMAIN, s. domaine, m. possession, f.

DOME, s. dome, m. coupole, f.

DOMESTICAL, DOMESTICA, adj. domesti

DOMESTICK, s. domestique, m. famille, f [private DOMICIL, s. domicile, m. habitation, f DOMINATION, s. dominer, surpasser.
DOMINATION, s. domination, f. empire, m.
DOMINEER, r. s. dominer, maîtriser. DOMINEERING, adj. impérieux, altier. Dominical, adj. dominical, du dimanche. DOMINION, s. empire, m. domination, f. pe-issance, f. Don, s. don, m. monsieur. Donary, s. don pieux. DONATION, s. donation, f. legs, se. DONATISTS, s. pl. donatistes, m. DONATIVE, s. don, m. présent, largesse, f. DONE, part. adf. fait, fini, conchi, cuit. DONEE, s. donataire, m. & f. DonoR, s. donateur, m. DOODLE, s. fainéant, m. un baguenaudies. Doom, v. a. juger, condamner, destirer. Doom, s. sentence, f. condemnation, f. Doomsday, s. le jour du jugement. DoomsDAY-BOOK, s. le grand cadastre. Door, s. porte, f. passage, m. entreo, f. Next door to, à la porte de, voisin de. DOOR-BAR, s. penture or barre de porte, f. DOOR-CASE, s. chambranle, m. DOOR-REEPER, s. portier, m. snisse, m.
DOOR-POSTS, s. pl. les jambages d'une porte
DOOR-SILL, s. le seuil de la porte. DORADO, s. (a sea-fish) dorade, f. Dorick, adj. derique

DORMEN, adj. dorment, mort, caché, secret. DORMER, s. (a dormer window,) lucarne, f. DORMITORY, s. dortoir, m. cimetière, f. DOR-MOUSE, s. (an animal) loir, m. [dir. DOR or DRONE, s. bourdon, m. ; v. a. étour-DORSEL or DORSER, s. panier, m. hotte, f.
DORTURE, s. dortoir, m. chambre à coucher.
DOSS, s. dose, f. prise, f.; v. a. doser.
DOSSL, s. bourdonnet, m. compresse, f. Dot, s. compresse, f. petit point; v. n. pointer, faire des points. DOTAGE, s. radotage, m. réverie, f. délire, m. DOTAL, adj. qui concerne la doi, dotal. DOTARD, s. un vieux radoteur. DOTE, D. N. radoter, rever, aimer à la folie.
DOTINGLY, adv. follement en radoteur.
DOTINGLY, adj. radoteur, qui radote.
DOUBLE, adj. double, faux, fourbe.
DOUBLE, BITING, adj. à deux tranchans. Double chin, s. menton à double étage, m. DOUBLE-DEALER, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. DOUBLE-DEALING, s. artifice, m. fourberie, f. DOUBLE-DIE, v. a. teindre deux fois. DOUBLE-LOCK, v. a. fermer à double tour. DOUBLE-MINDED, adj. double; dissimule. Double-tongued, adj. faux, menteur. DOUBLE, s. le double, plis, m. replis, m. copie, f. une fourberie, doublon, m DOUBLET, s. odoubler, user d'artifice.

DOUBLET, s. pourpoint, m. doublet, m.

DOUBLING, s. l'action de doubler, ruses, f. pl. Doubley, adv. doublement. [conner [conner. DOUBT, v. a. & m. douter, se douter, soup-DOUBT, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. DOUBTFUL, udj. douteux, incertain, irresolu. DOUBTFULLY, adv. en doutant, avec doute. DOUBTFULNESS, s. incertitude. f. doute, m. DOUBTLESS, adj. indubitable, sans peur. DOUBTLESS, adn. sans doute, indubitable-Doucet, s. espèce de flan, f. [ment. Dougu. s. pâte, f. Dough-BAKED, adj. à demi-cuit, imparfait. DOUGHTY, adj. brave, vaillant, à demi-cuit, pâteux. Douse, v. a. & n. jeter or tomber. Dove, e. pigeon, m. colombe, f. A ring-dove, un ramier. A turtle-dove, une tourte-relle. [colombier, m. DOVE-COT, DOVE-HOUSE, s. pigeonnier, m. DOVETAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. DOWAGER, s. douairière, f. [dondon, f. Downy, s. une grosse femme sans mamères, Dower and Dowery, s. dot, f. douaire, m. Dowlas, s. sorte de grosse toile. Down, s. duvet, m. coton, m. une plaine. Down, prep. en bas, à terre. To sit down, s'asseoir. To set down, mettre en écrit. Up and down, ch et là. Down, v. a. & n. être reçu, admis. DOWNEAST, adj. baissé, tourné en bas. Downfall, s. chûte, f. décadence, f. DOWNHILL, adj. & s. incliné, descente, f. DOWN-LOOKED, adj. triste, morne. DOWN-LYING, adj. pret d'accoucher. DOWNRIGHT, adv. droit en has. DRAW-BEAM, s. (an engine) vindas, m. s [nuvert. DO WHRIGHT, adj. palpable, evident, franc, DC WHWAED, DOWNWARDS, adr. en bas. DRAW-BRIDGE, s. pont-levis, m. DRAWER, s. tireur, m. arracheur, m. de Downward, adj. qui tend en has, incline. DRAWERS, s. pl. caleçons, m. pl. DRAWING, s. dessein, m. plan, m. Downy, adj. cotonneux, couvert de duvet, deux, mollet. Downy beard, poil follet. DRAWING-ROOM, s. appartement, m. auti-chambre, assemblée à la cour, f. Dowse, s. une mornifie, un soufflet; v. a. DRAWL, v. a. trainer, parler lentement. souffleter. DOXY, s. une semme de mauvaise vie. DRAY or DRAY-CART, s. haquet, ss.

Doze, v. a. & n. être assoupi, sommelber, Dozen, s. douzaine, f. fastoupir. Doziness, c. assoupissement, m. Dezr, adj. assoupi, à demi endormi. DRAB, s. une prostituée, sorte de gros drap. DRAB, v. n. faire le métier de putain. DRABLER, s. bonnette, f. DRACHM, s. drachme or dragme, f. DRAFF, s. lavure, f. belayures, f. pl. lie, f DRAG, v. a. & n. tirer de force, trainer. DRAG, s. harpou, m. crochet, m. croc, w. DRAG or DRAGNET, s. tramail, m. traineau, DRAGANT, s. adragant, m. [m., DRAGGLE, v. a. & n. crotter, salir, trainer dans la boue, se salir. DRAGON, s. dragon, m. Dragon-wort, ser pentaire, f. Sea-dragon, s. (a sea-fish) DRAGOON, s. dragon, m.; v. a. dragomer. DRAIN, v. a. faire écouler, saigner, épuiser. DRAIN, s. tranchée, f. saignée, f. égout, m. DRAINABLE, adj. qu'on peut saigner, égous-DRAINER, s. un égouttoir. DRAKE, s. canard, m. coulevrine, f. DRAM, s. dragme, f. un peu, un grain, tone goutte, liqueurs distillées, f. pl. DRAMA, s. drame, m. poeme en action, m. DRAMATICAL, DRAMATICE, adj. drama-DRAMATIST, s. poëte dramatique, m. DRAP, s. drap, m. gros drap.
DRAPE, v. a. faire du drap, draper, smiriner.
DRAPER, s. drapier, m. marchand de drap, m. DRAPERY, s. drap, m. draperie, f.
DRASTICK, adj. qui opère promptement.
DRAUGHT, s. l'action de boire, coup, m. trait. m. effort qu'on fait en tirant, m. sur-poids, m. desseia, m. plan, m. extrait, m. un coup d'arbalète or d'arc, diversion, f. détache-ment, m. les lieut, m. pl. égoût, m. prête, m. latrines, f. pl. ce qu'un vaisseau târe d'eau. DRAUGHTS, s. pl. dames, f. le jeu de dames. DRAUGHT-BOARD, damier. DRAW, r. a. tirer, trainer, arracher, sucer, aspirer, attirer, pomper, gagner, porter, ea-trainer, déduire, peindre, tracer. To draw a pond, secher un etang; to draw a book, courber or plier un arc; to draw a fond, vider un oiseau; so draw a bridge, lever un pont; to draw again, retirer, retracer; to draw along, trainer; to draw away, oter, enlever, ravir, detourner, distraire; to draw away, oter, enlever, ravir, detourner, distraire; to draw back, retirer, reculer: to draw in, gagner, attirer, attrainer; to draw of tires entrainer; to. draw off, tirer, extraire, detourner; to draw on, occasionner, engager, attirer, concilier; to draw over, distiller, at tirer, gagner; to draw out, tirer dehors, etendre, tracer, détailler; to draw together, assembler; to draw up, tirer en haut, mettre en ordre, ranger. A drawn battle, une bataille à forces égales.

DRAWBACK, s. rabais, m. recui d'un canox, m.

DRAY-HORSE, s. cheval de baquet, m. DRAY-MAN, s. haquetier, m. charretier, m. DRAZEL, s. un homme très méprisab e. DREAD, s. peur, f. crainte, f. terreur, f. DREAD, adj. terrible, redoutable, auguste. DREAD, v. a. & n. craindre, redouter. DREADER, s. un homme craintif, timide. DREADFUL, adj. terrible, redoutable. DREADFULLY, adv. terriblement, horriblement. DREADFULNESS, s. terreur, f. épouvante, f. DREADLESS, adj. intrépide, sans peur. DREADLESSNESS, intrépidité, f. hardiesse, f. DREAM, s. songe, m. rêve, m. rêverie, f. DREAM, v. w. songer, rever, s'imaginer. DREAMER, s. réveur, m. visionnaire sombre. DREAMING, adj. lent, sombre, pesant.
DREAMINGLY, adv. lentement, nonchalam-DREAR, DREARY, adj. terrible. [ment. DREDGE, s. sorte de filet, tramail, 18. DREDGE, v. a. enfariser, saupondrer. [ble. DREGGISH, DREGGY, adj. chargé de lie, trou-DREGS, s. la lie, le sédiment. DRENCH, v. a. abreuver, arroser. [animal. DRESS, v. a. habiller, parer, dresser, preparer, ajuster, accommoder, appreter. To dress victuals, préparer à manger; to dress agarden, parerun jardin; to dress a wound, panser une plaie; to dress leather, apprêter du cuir; to dress flax, seruncer du lin; to dress a tree, tailler, dresser un arbre; to dress one's head, coiffer quelqu'un. DRESS, s. habit, m. habillement, m. parure, f. DRESSER, s. coiffeur, appréteur, m. DRESSING, s. pansement, m. appareil, m. Dressing-cloth, une toilette. DRESSING-ROOM, s. chambre, f. or cabinet de toilette, m. DRIBBLE, v. n. & a. degoutter, tomber or repandre goutte à goutte. DRIBLET, s. petite somme, chiquet, m. DRIER, s. dessicatif, m. qui scche. DRIFT, s. but, m. dessein, m. objet, m. cc qui flotte, tourbillon, m. monceau, m. DRIFT, v. n. pousser, chasser, mettre en tas. DRILL, s. touret, m. fraise, f. magot, m. gros singe, sillon, m. semoir, m. DRILL, v. a. perçer, fraiser, amuser. DRINK, v. n. boire; to drink round, boire à la ronde; to drink one's health, boire à la santé de quelqu'un : to drink away one's time, perdre son tems à boire; to drink one down, enivrer quelqu'un; to drink off or up, boire tout; to drink out, boire, vider en buvant.

DRINK, s. boisson, f. boire, m. breuvage, m.

DRINKABLE, adj. bon à boire, potable. DRINKER, s. buveur, un ivrogue. A drinking-crap, tasse, f. coupe, f.

DRIP, v. n. & a. dégoutter, faire dégoutter

DRIPPING, s. la graisse qui tombe du rôsi. DRIPPING-PAN, s. léchefrite, f. DRIVE, v. a. conduire, mener, entrainer, pousser, forcer, contraindre, porter. To drive away, chasser, bannir; to drive back, repousser; to drive in or into, enfoncer, faire entrer de force; to drive off, chasser, renvoyer; to drive on, pousser, presser, toucher; to drive out, chasser, faire sortir. DRIVE, v. n. être poussé or porté, se jeter. chasser, tendre, buter, viser. DRIVEL, v. n. haver, écumer, radoter. DRIVEL, s. bave, f. écume, f. salive. f. DRIVELLER, s. radoteur, m. mans. m.

DRIVER, s. conducteur, m. cocher, m. cooper's driver, s. chassoir, m.
DRIZZLE, v. a. & n. distiller, bruiner. Drizzling, s. bruine, f. petite pluie.
Drizzly, adj. de bruine, humide.
Droll, s. plaisant, m.; v. n. faire le bouffen. DROLL, s. un bouffon, une farce.
DROLL, v. n. faire le bouffon, plaisanter.
DROLLERY, s. bouffonnerie, f. plaisanterie, f. DRONEDARY, s. dromadaire, m. DRONE, s. paresseux, m. faineant, m. DRONE, v. a. vivre dans l'oisiveté. DRONISH, adj. paresseux, fainéant. DROOP, v. n. languir de chagrin, être aceable, tomber en defaillance, s'affoiblir. DROOPING, s. accablement, m. tristesse. DROOPING, adj. foible, abattu, languissaut. DROOPINGLY, adv. languissament DROP, s. goutte, f. pendant d'oreille, m. DROPS, s. pl. gouttes médicinales, f. pl. Drop, v. a. distiller, verser on petites gouttes, laisser tomber, lâcher. DROP, r. n. dégoutier, tomber, vaquer, mouvir ; to drop in, entrer ; to drop off, decheoir, tomber; to drop out, disparentre, se dissiper. DROPPING, s. ce qui dégoutte. DROPSICAL, adj. bydropique. DROPSY, s. hydropisie, DROP-WORT, s. (a sort of herb) filipendule, f. DROSS, s. Vécume des métaux, f. les sceries, f. pl. rebut, m. reste, m. ordure, f. Drossiness, s. salete, f. ordure, f. ccume, f. Drossy, adj. plein d'ordure or d'écume, sale. DROVE, s. troupeau, m. foule, f. DROVER, s. bouvier, m. meneur, m DROUGHT, s. sécheresse, f. temps sec, soif, f. DROUGHTY, adj. sec, aride, brûlant, altéré. DROWF, v. a. noyer, inonder, submerger, plonger, couvrir, absorber, étouffer. DROWNING, s. inondation, f. DROWSE, v. a. & n. assoupir et s'assoupir. Drowsily, adv. en dormant, nonchalamment. DROWSINESS, s. assoupissement, m. [lourd. DROWSY, adj. assoupi, assoupissant, lache, DRUB, s. coup, m. [de bâton. DRUB, v. a. battre, étriller, donner des coups DRUBBING, s. bastonnade, f. étrivières, f. pl. DRUDGE, v. a. travailler, se donner beaucoup de soins et de peines. DRUDGE, s. souffre-douleur, m. esclave, m. DRUDGERY, s. occupation servile. meat. DRUGGINGLY, adv. péniblement, laborieuse-DRUG, s. drogue, f. ingrédient, m. DRUG, v. a. méler avec des drogues. DRUGGET, s. (a sort of stuff) droguet. DRUGGIST, DRUGSTER, s. droguiste, m. DRUID, s. druide, m. pretre des Gaulois, m. DRUM, s. tambour, m. caisse, f. tympan, m. DRUM, r. n. battre le tambour. DRUMBLE, v. n. être paresseux. DRUMBLE, v. n. être paresseux. [caisse. DRUMMER, s. tambour, m. celui qui bat la DRUM-STICK, s. baguette de tambour, f. DRUMBING, s. bruit de tambour, m. DRUM-STRINGS, s. pl. timbre, m. DRUNK, DRUNKEN, adj. ivrc, ivrogne. DRUNKARD, s. ivrogue, m. ivroguesse, f. DRUNKERLY, adv. en ivrogue. DRUNKENNESS, 8. ivrognerie, f. ivresse, f. Duy, adj. sec, aride, desseche, tari, à sec, altere, qui a soif, maigre, saus ornement, insipide, dur, sevère. DRY, r. a. & n. secher, rendre sec. up dessécher, turir, mettre à sec.

DRVAD, s. dryade, f. nymphe des bois, f. DRYLY, adv. sichement, sans humidite. DRINESS, s. sécheresse, f. aridité, f. DRY-FURSE, s. une nourrice seche, une garde. DRY-SHOD, adj. a pied sec.
DUAL, adj. qui designe deux choses.
DUB, v. a. faire, creer, conferer quelque dig-DUB, s. coup, m. accolade, f. [n. Dubious, adj. douteux, incertain, indécis. [nite. DUBIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière douteuse. DUBIOUSNESS, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. DUBITABLE, adj. douteux, incertain. DUBITATION, s. l'action de couter, doute, m DUCAL, adj. ducal, appartenant à un duc. DUCAT, s. (a sort of coin) ducat, m. DUCATOON, s. un ducaton, une bageoire. Duck, s. canard, m. cane, f. poulette, in-clination, f. l'action de baisser la tête. DUCK, v a. & n. plonger, baisser la tête. DUCKER, s. plongeur, m.
DUCKING, s. l'action de plonger, cale, m. DUCKING-STOOL, s. cage pour plonger, f. DUCK-LEGGED, adj. qui a les jambes courtes. DUCKLING, s. jeune canard, m. caneton, m. DUCK-MEAT, DUCK-WEED, s. lentille sau-Duckov, s. piège, m. amorce. f. DUCKOY, v. n. amorcer, attirer dans le piège. DUCT, s. conduite, f. direction, f.
DUCTILE, adj. ductile, souple, complaisant,
DUCTILENESS, DUCTILITY, s. ductilité, f. DUDGEON, s. petite dague, rancune. / DUE, adj. dù, propre, convenable, requis. DUE, adv. duement, convenablement. DUE, s. du, m. juste prétention, f. dette, droit, m. impôt, m. redevance, DUEL, s. duel, m. combat entre deux, m. DUEL, v. a. & n. se hattre en duel. DUELLING, s. duel, m. l'action de se battre en duel. DUELLIST, DUFILER, s. duelliste, m. DUENNA, s. duègne, f. vielle gouvernante. DUET or Duo, s. un duo. Dug, s. mamelle, f. trayon, m. pis, m. DUKE, s. duc, m. DUKEDOM, s. duché, m. DULL-BRAINED, adj. qui a l'esprit lourd. DULCET, adj. doux, agréable au gout. DULCIFY, DULCORATE, r. a. duicifier, édulcorer, adoucir. DULCIMER, s. tympanon, m. Dulcoration, Dulcification, s. adoucissement, m. DULIA, s. dulie, f. sorte de culte inférieur. DULL, adj. stupide, émousse, obtus, lourd, pesant, hébèté, dur, leut, triste, lugubre, sombre, mélaucholique, ennuyeux, desagrèable, pénible, lache, paresseux, engourdi, fade, foible, sourd, terne. Dull, v. a. hébèter, engourdir, appesantir, émousser, affoiblir, ternir. DULI.Y, adr. stupidement, pesamment. DULNESS, s. stupidité, f. pesanteur, f. lenteur, f. nonchalance, f. engourdissement, m. l'état d'une chose émoussée, f. DULY, adr. duement, régulièrement. DUMB, adj. muet. silencieux. DUMBLY, adr. sans parler, à la muette. DUMBNESS, s. l'état d'une personne muette, DUMP, s. chagrin, m. tristesse, f. DUMPISH, adj. triste, chagrin, morne. DUMPLING, s. sorte de boudin à l'Angloise. Dun, adj. brun-obscur. sombre. Dux, s. créancier importun.

DUR, v. a. importuner un débiteur.
DUR-BER or DUR-FLY, s. (an insect) un taou. Dunce, s. lourdaud, m. sot. m. héhété, m. Dung, s. fumier, f. fiente, f. crotte, f. Duxe, v. a. sumier, engraisser avec du sumier. DUNG-CART, s. tombereau, f. DUNGEON, s. cachot, m. basse-fosse, f. DUNG-HILL, s. un tas de fumier, un famier. Dungy, adj. abondant en fumier, sale. DUNNER, s. solliciteur de dettes, m. DUODECIMO, s. in-douze, m. in-12mo. DUPE, s. dupe, f. ; v. a. duper, tromper. DUPLICATE, v. a. double, plier en double. DUPLICATE, adj. double, double. DUPLICATE, s. double, m. copie d'un écrit, f. DUPLICATION, s. duplication, f. pli, m. DUPLICATURE, s. pli, m.
DUPLICATURE, s. pli, m.
DUPLICATY, s. duplicité, f. fourberie, f.
DURABLLITY, DURABLENESS, s. durée, f.
DURABLE, adj. durable, qui dure.
DURABLY, adv. d'une manière durable. DURANCE, s. emprisonnement, m. prison. DURATION, s. durce. f. continuité, f DURE, r. n. durer, continuer. DURELESS, adj. passager, qui ne dure pas. DURING, prep. durant, pendant. DURITY, s. durcto, f. fermete, f. solidite, f. Dusk, s. le commencement de la nuit. Dusk, r. a. & n. rendre obscur. DUSKILY, DUSKISHLY, adv. obscurement. Duskiness, s. obscurité, f DUSKISH, DUSKY, adj. qui s'obscurcit. noiratre, sombre. Dust, s. poussière, f. poudre, f.
Dust, (of a house) ordures, f. pl. balayures,
Dust-Box, s. poudrier.

[f. pl. Dust-man, s. boueur, m Dust, v. a. épousseler, ôter la poussière, cou-vrir de poussière. DUSTER, s. torchon, m DUSTINESS, s. quantité de poussière. DUSTY, adj. couvert de poussière, poudreux. DUTCH, s. Hollandois, m.; adj. Hollandois. DUTCHESS, s. duchesse, f. DUTCHY, s. duche, m. DUTEOUS, DUTIFUL, adj. obéissant, soumis, obligatoire. DUTIFULLY, adv. avec soumission. DUTIFULLY, s. občissance, f. soumission, f.
DUTY, s. devoir, m. fonction, f. devoirs, f. pl
respects, m. pl. taxe, f. impôt, m. DWARF, s. un nain, un nabot. DWARF-ELDER, s. hièble, f. DWARF, v. a. rendre petit, empécher de crol-DWARFISH, adj. petit, méprisable. [tre. DWARFISHNESS, s. petitesse de taille, f DWELL, r. n. demeurer, vivre, habiter, resider, rester, insister, peser. DWELLER, s. habitant, m DWELLING, s. demeure, f. habitation, f.
DWELLING-HOUSE, s. demeure, f. logis, m.
DWINDLE, v. a. se resserrer, diminuer, decroître, décheoir, dégénèrer.
DYING, s. teinture, f. la teinturcrie. Dying, s. la mort ; adj. mourant, expirant. DYNASTY, s. gouvernement, m. dynastie, f. DYSENTERY, s. dyssenterie, f. flux de sang, s. DYSURY, s. difficulté d'uriner, f. dysurie, f.

E

EACH, pron. adj. chaque, chacun. Each other, l'un l'autre.

EAGER adj. violent, véhémont, vif, empressé, || désireux, aigu, aigre, affamé. EAGERLY, adv. ardemment, passionnément. EAGERNESS, s. ardcur, f. violence, f EAGLE, s. aigle, m. & çante. EAGLE-SPEED, adj. qui a la vue forte & per-EAGLE-SPEED, s. vitesse de l'aigle, f. EAGLE-STONE, s. pierre d'aigle, f. EAGLET, s. aiglon, m. EAGRE, s. un sot qui en surmonte un autre. EAR, s. oreille, f. anse, m. épi, m. EAR, v. a. labourer; v. n. mouter en épi. EARABLE, adj. labourable, arable. EARL, s. comte, m. EARLDOM, s. comté, m. EAR-LAP, s. la partie extérieure de l'oreille EARLINESS, s. vitesse d'action, f. diligence, f. EARLY, adj. précoce, hatif, avance, matineux, matinal; adv. de bonne heure, bientôt. EARN, v. a. gagner, mériter. [taché. EARNEST, adj. ardent, empresse. diligent, en-EARNEST, s. sérieux, m. prémices, f. arrhes, f. In ca. nest, sérieusement, tout de bon.

EARNESTLY, adv. instamment, attentivement, diligemment, sérieusement. EARNESTNESS, s. ardeur, f. chaleur, f. sérieux, m. zele, m. empressement, m. soin, m. EAR-PICKER, s. cure-oreille, m. EAR-RING, s. boucle d'oreilles, EARSHOT, s. la portée de l'oreille. EARTH, s. terre, f. sol, m. le globe. EARTH, v. a. & n. couvrir de terre. EARTHEN, adj. de terre. An earthen-pan, un terrine. EARTHEN-WARE, s. poterie, f. EARTHLINESS, s. qualité terrestre. EARTHLING, s. & adj. créature terrestre, mortel, m. EARTHLY, EARTHY, adj. de terre, terrestre. EARTHQUAKE, s. tremblement de terre, m. EARTH-WORM, s. ver de terre, m. EAR-WAX, s. l'ordure des oreilles, le cerumen. EAR-WIG, s. (an insect) perce-oreille, m. EAR-WITNESS, s. témoin auriculaire, m. EASE, s. aise, f. repos, m. commodité, f. chapel of ease, une annexe. EASE, v. a. soulager, adoucir, alléger, déchar-EASEL, s. chevalet, m. cheval de peintre, m. EASPLY, s. chevalet, m. cheval de peinte, m. adoucissement, les aisances, f. les lieux, m.

EASILY, adv. à l'aise, aisèment, conmodèEASILESS, s. aisance, f. facilité, f. [ment.
EAST, s. l'est, m. l'orient, m. EASTER, s. paque, m. or pâques, m EASTERLING, s. un ostrelin. [oriental. EASTERLY and EASTERN, adj. d'est, d'orient, EAST WARD, adv. à l'orient, vers l'orient. EASY, adj. aisé, facile, dans l'aisance, tranquille, content, bon, complaisant, accommodant, libre, naturel. LAT, v. a. manger, se nourrir, ronger. EATABLE, adj. bon a manger. EATABLES, s. pl. vivres, m. mangeailles, f. EAT-BEE, s. (a bird) guipier, m. EATER, s. mangeur, m. mangeuse, f. EATING, s. l'action de manger, le manger. EATING-HOUSE, s. un ordinaire. EAVES, s. pl. les bords du toit, m. pl. EAVESDROP, v. n. écouter aux portes. EBB, s. reflux, m. èbe, f. jusant, m. EBB, v. n. descendre, refluer, refouler. EBBING, s. l'action de refluer, reflux, m. EBEN, EBON and EBONY, s. ébéne, f.

EBORIST, c. ébéniste, m. EBRIETY, EBRIOSITY, c. ivrognerie, EBULLITION, c. ébullition, f. [ivrese ivresse, ECCENTRICAL, ECCENTRICE, adj. excen Eccentricity, s. excentricité. **Strigge** ECCLESIASTES, s. ecclesiaste, m. ECCLESIASTICAL, Ecclesiastick, adj. ecclésiastique. Ecclesiastick, s. ecclésiastique, m. Ecclesiasticus, s. l'ecclesiastique, m ECHINATE, ECHINATED, adj. hérissé de ECHINUS, s. hérisson, m. [pointes. ECHO, s. écho, m.; v. a. répéter, retentir. ECLAIRCISSEMENT, s. éclaircissement, m. ECLAT, s. éclat, m. le brillant. ECLECTIC, adj. éclectique, à recherche. ECLIPSE, s. éclipse, f. [tre, effacer. ECLIPSE, v. a. faire éclipser, faire desparos-ECLIPTICA, s. écliptique, m.
ECLOGUE, s. écliptique, f.
ECONOMICAL, ÉCONOMICK, adj. économique, économe. ECONOMICKS, s. l'économique. ECONOMY, s. économie, f. épargne, f. ECSTASY, EXSTASY, s. extase, f. transport ECSTATICAL, EXSTATICK, adj. extatique. ECTYPE, s. copie, f. ectype, f. ECUMENICAL, ECUMENICK, adj. écuménique, EDACIOUS, adj. vorace, f. goulu. EDACITY, s. voracité, f. gourmandise, f. EDDY, s. mascaret, m. tournaut, m. An eddy wind, un vent de tourbillon. EDGE, s. tranchant, m. coupant, m. taillant, m. morfil, m. fil, m. bord, m. marge, f. extremite, f. la tranchet (d'un livre) le vive arrête, apreté, f. pointe, f. Enge, v. a. aiguiser, affiler, border. Edgeless, adj. obtus, émoussé, rebouché. EDGE-LONG, EDGE-WISE, adj. de côté. EDGE-TOOL, s. instrument tranchant, m. EDGING, s. bordure, f. bord, n EDIBIE, adj. mangeable, bon à manger. EDICT, s. édit, m. arrêt, ordonnance, f. EDIFICATION, s. édification. f. instruction, EDIFICE, s. édifice, f. bâtiment, m. EDIFIER, s. celui qui édifie, édificateur, m. EDIFF, v. a. édifer, bâtir, construire. EDIFF, v. a. édifer, bâtir, construire. EDIFFING, adj. édifiant. EDITION, s. édition, f. impression, f. EDITION, s. édition, f. impression, f. EDUCATE, v. a. élever, instruire, former. EDUCATION, s. education, f. instruction, f. EDUCE, v. a. tirer, extraire. EDUCTION, s. l'action de tirer. EDULCORATE, v. a. édulcorer, rendre doux. EDULCORATION, s. edulcoration, f. EEK, r. a. elargir, alonger. EEL, s. anguille, f. An eel-pout, barbotte, f. lotte, f. motelle or moteille, f. An eel-spear, un trident. E'EN, adr. contracted from Even, which sec. EFFABLE, adj. qui se peut exprimer. EFFACE, v. a. effacer, détruire. EFFECT, s. effet, m. conséquence, f. réalité, EFFECTS, s. pl. effets, m. biens, m. EFFECT, v. a. effectuer, exécuter, accomplir EFFECTIBLE, adj. faisable, possible. EFFECTIVE, adj. efficace, effectif, réal. EFFECTIVELY, adv. efficacement, reellement. EFFECTLESS, adj. sans effet, impuissant. EFFECTUAL, adj. efficace, puissant. Effectually, adv. efficacement, avec suc-

EFFECTUATE, v. a. effectuer, exécuter. EFFEMIRACY, s. mollesse, f. fénervé. EFFEMIRATE, adj. efféminé, voluptueux, EFFEMIRATE, r. a. & n. efféminer. [énervé. EFFEMINATELY, adv. d'une manière efféminée. EFFERVESCENCE, s. effervescence, f. EFFETE, adj. casse, use, qui ne porte plus. EFFICACIOUS, adj. efficace, effectif. EFFICACIOUSLY, adv. efficacement, avec ef-Efficacy, s. force, f. vertu, f. [ficace. Efficience, Efficiency, s. la vertu productrice. EFFICIENT, s. principe producteur, agent, m. EFFICIENT, adj. qui produit son effet. EFFIGIEN, EEFIGY, s. effigie, portrait, m. EFFICRESCENCE, s. production des fleurs, éruption, f. EFFLUENCE, s. emanation, f. EFFLUVIA, s. écoulement. m. exhalaison, f. EFFLUX, EFFLUXION, s. flux, m. effusion, f. EFFORM, r. a. former, façonner, donner la EFFORMATION, s. formation. EFFORT, s. effort, m. violence, f.
EFFRONTERY, s. effronterie, f. impudence, f. EFFULGERCE, s. splendeur, m. eclat, m. EFFULGENT, adj. eclatant, resplendissant, EFFUSION, s. effusion, f. epanchement, m. [brillant. EFFUSIVE, adj. qui répand, débordé.

EFT, s. espèce de petit lézard. [vent.

EFT, adv. bientôt, vite, promptement, sou
EFT, adv. de temps en temps. EFTSOOMS, and. de temps en temps. EGRSTION, s. evacuation, f. selles, f. EGG, s. ceuf, m. The shell, la coque. The yolk of an egg, le jaune d'un ceuf. A nece-laid egg, un ceuf frais. An addle egg, un ceuf saus germe. A rare egg, un ceuf noi-[ger, pousser. let. EGG, v. a. exciter, inciter, porter, encoura-EGGER OH, s. instigateur, m. celui qui incite. EGLANTINE, s. rose sauvage, f. églantier, m. Egotism, s. égoisme, m. EGOTIST, s. égoiste, m. EGOTIZE, v. n. égotiser. [tre, insigne. EGREGIOUS, adj. excellent, rare, grand, illus-EGREGIOUSLY, adr. parfaitement, extrême-EGRESS, EGRESSION, s. sorte, f. EGRET, s. peut marine EGRET, s. cerise aigre, f. Eighteen, dix-huit. EGRET, s. petit heron blanc, aigrette, f. Eighten, ad., buileme. Eighten, dix-nuit.
Eightente, ad., dix-huiteme.
Eighten, ad., buileme. Eighty, quatre-vingt.
Eighten, ad., qualre-vingtième.
Eightente, ad., builèmement. EIGHT-SCORE, adj. cent-soixante. EISEL, s. vinaigre, m. verjus, m. EITHER, prom. adj. l'un ou l'autre, l'un, l'un des deux, chaque, chacun. EITHER, conf. soit, ou, soit que. EJACULATE, v. a. lancer, darder, jetter. EJACULATION, s. élancement, m. élan, m. EJACULATORY, adr. subit, momentane EJECT, v. a. jeier, chasser, pousser dehors.

EJECTION, s. expulsion, f. dejection.

EJULATION, s. cri, m. plainte, f.

EKE, conj. aussi-bien que, même, en outre. ERE, v. a. & s. augmenter, aggrandir. ELABORATE. r. a. travailler avec soin. ELABORATE, adf. peiné, travaillé avec soin. ELABORATELY, adr. avec soin, exactement. ELABORATION, s. elaboration, f.

ELANCE, v. a. lancer, darder. ELAPSE, r. n. passer, s'écouler. ELASTICAL, ELASTICE, adj. élastique, qu fait ressort. ELASTICITY, s. élasticité, f. vertu élastique, ELATE, adj. enorgueilli, fier, altier. ELATE, v. a. enorgueillir, enser, rendre fier. ELATION, s. coflure, f. orgueil, m. FLEOW, s. le coude, un angle, un pli. ELEOW, v. a. pousser avec le coude, coudoyer, repousser; n. n. faire un coude. [m. ELBOW-CHAIR, s. chaise à bras, f. fauteuil, ELBOW-ROOM, s. coudees-franches. ELDER, adj. age, aine; s. un ancien. ELDER, ELDER-TREE, s. sureau, m. ELDERLY, adj. qui commence à vieillir, vieillo ELDEST, adj. le plus agé, l'aine de tous. ELECAMPANE OF STARWORT, se enulla cam-ELECT, adj. élu, choisi; s. élu, prédestiné. ELECT, v. a. clire, choisir, nommer. ELECTION, s. election, f. choix, m. nomina-ELECTIVE, adj. electif. [tien, f. [tien, f. ELECTIVELY, adv. par choix. ELECTOR, s. electeur, m. qui choisit, qui elit. ELECTORAL, adj. électoral. ELECTORATE, s. électorat, m. Electoress, s. électrice, f. [teur, ELECTORSHIP, s. électorat, m. dignité d'élec-ELECTRE, s. ambre, m. ELECTRICAL, ELECTRICK, adj. electrique. ELECTRICITY, s. électricité, ELECTRIFY, r. a. électrifier, électriser. ELECTRIFY, a. dectuner, electriser.
ELECTUARY, s. dectunire, m.
ELEGMOSYNARY, adj. qui vit d'aumenes.
ELEGARCE, s. elegance. f. bon goût.
ELEGART, adj. élégant, gracieux, délicat.
ELEGARTLY, adn. élégamment, avec grace. ELEGY, s. elégie, f. plainte, f. ELLMENT, s. élément, m. principe, m ELEMENTAL, ELEMENTARY, adj. élémen-ELEPHANT, s. éléphant, m. ELEPHANTINE, adj. d'éléphant. ELEVATE, v. a. élever, hausser, exalter, égayer, enfler. ELEVATION, s. élévation, f. ELEVEN, adj. onze. Eleventh, adj. onzième. ELF, s. un esprit follet, un lutin, un nain. ELF, v. a. entortiller, méler les cheveux. ELICIT, v. a. extraire, tirer. ELICITATION, s. production formelle. ELICITED, adj. reduit en acte, forme, formel ELIDE, v. a. couler en pièces ELISIBLITY, s. éligibilité, f.

ELIGIBLE, adj. éligible, digne d'être choisi.

ELISION, s. élision, f. division, f.

ELISION, s. élision, f. division, f.

ELISIR, s. élisir, m. extrait, m. quintessence,

ELISIR, s. élisir, m. extrait, m. quintessence, ELK, s. (a wild animal) élan, m. ELL, s. aune, f. (quarante cinq pouces.) ELLIPSIS, s. ellipse, f. ovale, f. ELLIPSIS, s. ellipse, f. ovale, f. [ovale. ELLIPTICAL, ELLIPTICK, adj. elliptique, ELM or ELM-TREE, s. orme, m. A young cim, un ormeau. ELN, s. mesure de trois pieds et un pouce, f. ELOCUTION, s. elocution, f. diction, f. ELOGY, ELOGIUM, s. eloge, m. panegyrique, m. ELONGATE, r. a. éloigner, étendre. ELONGATION, s. prelongement. m. départ m. ELOPE, v. n. s'en aller, s'évader. ELOPEMENT, s. évasion, f. ELOQUENCE, s. éloquence, f. l'art de bien dire et de persuader. ELOQUENT, adj. eloquent, persnasif. ELOQUENTLY, adv. éloquemment, avec éloquence. ELSE, pron. adj. autre; adv. autrement. ELSEWHERE, adv. ailleurs, quelqu'autre ELUCIDATE, v. a. éclaircir, expliquer. [part. ELUCIDATION, s. éclaircissement, m. jour, m. ELUCIDATOR, s. qui explique, commenta-ELUCUBRATED, adj. poli, travaille, lime. ELUCUBRATION, s. des vieilles, f. pl. ELUDE, n. a. éluder, éviter, esquiver.
ELUDE, n. a. éluder, éviter, esquiver.
ELUSION, s. fraude, f. artifice, m.
ELUSIVE, adj. qui élude, qui échappe par arELUSIVE, adj. t. impeur, illusoire. [tifice.
ELISIAN, adj. elisée, des bienheureux. ELYSIUM, s. les champs élisées, m.
Em, contracted from Them, eux, elles, les, EMACERATE. v. a. amaigrir. fleur. EMACERATION, s. amaigrissement, m. EMACIATE, v. a. & n. amaigrir, maigrir. EMACIATION, s. amaigrissement, m. EMACULATION, s. l'action d'ôter des taches. EMANATION, s. émanation, f. écoulement, m. EMANATIVE, EMANATORY, adj. émané. EMANCIPATE, v. a. emanciper. [vrauce, f. Emancipation, s. emancipation, f. deli-EMASCULATE, r. a. châtrer, efféminer. EMASCULATION, s. castration, f. effemination, EMBALM, v. a. embaumer. EMBALMING, s. l'action d'embaumer. EMBAR, v. a. fermer, arrèter, empêcher. Embargo, s. embargo, m. EMBARK, r. a. & n. embarquer, et s'embar-EMBARKATION, EMBARKING, s. embarque-ENBARRASS, v. a. embarrasser. [ment, m. EMBARRASSMENT, s. embarras, m EMBASE, v. a. alterer, affoiblir, falsifier. EMBASSADOR, s. ambassadeur, m. EMBASSADRESS, s. ambassade. f. EMBASSAGE, EMBASSY, s. ambassade. f. EMBAY, v. a. mouiller, enfermer dans une F.MBELLISH, r. a. embellir. orner, parer. EMBELLISHMENT, s. embellissement, m EMBERS, s. pl. cendres chaudes, f. pl. EMBER-WEEK, s. semaine des quatre temps, EMBEZZLE, v. a. gâter, dissiper, voler. EMBEZZLEMENT, s. degât, m. dissipation, f. EMBLAZE, r. a. orner d'armoiries. EMBLEM, s emblème, f. symbole, m. EMBLEM, v. a. représenter, figurer. EMBLEMATICAL, EMBLEMATICK, adj. emblématique. EMBLEMATICALLY, adv. d'une manière figu-EMBLEMATIST, s. un feseur d'emblèmes. EMBLEMENTS, s. pl. rapport d'une terre. EMBOLISM, s. intercalation, f. cubbolisme, m. EMBOSS, v. a. relever en bosse, graver en re-EMBOSSMENT, s. relief, m. saillie, f. [lief. EMBOWEL, v. n. arrac!:er les entrailles. [lief. EMBRACE, v. a. embrasser, saisir, adopter. EMBRACEMENT, EMBRACE, s. embrassade, EMBRAZURE, s. embrasure, f. EMBROCATE, v. a. frotter, fomenter. EMBRUCATION, s. embrocation, f. fomenta-EMBROIDER, v. a broder. [tion, f. EMBROIDERER, s. brodeur, m. brodeuse, EMBROIDERING. EMBROIDERY, s. broderie, f

EMBROIL, r. a. brouiller, diviser, désunir. EMBROILING, s. brouillerie, f. EMBRYO, EMBRYON, s. feetus, m. embryon, EMENDABLE, adj. susceptible de correction. EMENDATION, s. correction, f. amendement, m. reforme, f.
EMERALD, s. éméraude, f.
EMERGE, v. a. sortir, s'élever, se tirer. EMERGENCE, EMERGENCY, s. apparition, f. occurrence, f rescontre, f. incident, m. occasion, f. evenement fortuit. EMERGENT, adj. qui paroît, naissant, impré-EMERSION, s. emersion, f. [v EMERV, s. emeri, (picrre à polir,) m. EMIGRATE, v. n. sortir d'un pays, emigrer. EMETICAL, EMETICK, adj. émetique. EMETICK, s. émétique, m. vomitif, m. ENIGRATION, s. emigration, f. EMINENCE, s. hauteur, f. éminence, f. EMINENT, adj. éminent, élèvé, illustre. EMINENTLY, adv. éminemment, par excellence. Emissary, s. émissaire, m. espion, m. EMISSION, s. émission, m. espiro, m. EMISTON, s. émission, f. influence, f. EMIT, v. a. jeter, pousser dehors, darder, languett, s. lourmi, f. [cer. EMOLLIENT, adj. émollient, lénitif, adoucissant; s. pl. lénitif. [gain, m. EMOLUMENT, s. émolument, m. profit, m. ÉMOTION, s. émotion, f. agitation, f. EMPALE, v. a. palissader, entourer, empaler. EMPANNEL, s. nomination or choix de jurés. EMPANNEL, v. a. nommer or choisir pour EMPASSION, v. a. passionner. EMPEOPLE, v. a. former un peuple. EMPERESS, s. impératrice, EMPEROR, s. empereur, m. [d'expression, f. Emphasis, s. emphase, f. energie, f. force Emphatical, Emphatica, adj. emphatique. EMPHATICALLY, adv. emphatiquement. EMPHYSEMATOUS, adj. emphysemateux. EMPIRE, s. empire, m. commandemeut, m. EMPIRICAL, EMPIRICK, adj. empirique. EMPIRICALLY, adr. en empirique. EMPIRISM, EMPIRICISM, s. empirisme, m. EMPLASTER, s. emplatre, f; v. a. mettre en EMPLASTICK, adj. visqueux. [emplâtre. EMPLEAD, r. a. poursuivre en justice. EMPLOY, v. a. employer, occuper, se servir. EMPLOY, s. affaire, f. emploi, m. office, m. EMPLOYER, s. celui qui emploie. EMPLOYMENT, s. emploi, w. charge, f. office, EMPOISON, v. a. empoisonner. EMPOISONER, s. empoisonneur. EMPOISONMENT, & empoisonnement, m. EMPORIUM, s. ville marchande, ville d'entrepot. EMPOVERISH, r.a. appauvrir, rem're pauvre. EMPOVERISHMENT, s. appauvrissement, m. EMPOWER, v. a. autoriser, commettre. EMPRESS, s. impératrice, f. EMPTINESS, s. vide, m. vanité. f. EMPTION, s. achat, m. emplette, f. EMPTY, adj. vide, vain, superficiel, lager. EMPTY, r.a. vider, depouiller, priver. EMPURPLE, r. a. empourprer, teindre en EMPUZZLE, r. a. embrouiller. [ponirre. Empyreal, Empyrean, adj. empiree EMPYREAN, s. l'empyrée, m. EMROD, s. emeril, m. diamant de vitrier, m. Emrods, les hemorroides. f. pl. EMULATE, v. a. imiter, tacher d'égaler, en-EMULATION, s. émulation, f. rivalité, f. EMULATIVE, adj. qui a de l'émulation.

EMULGE, v. a. tirer, traire, faire venir. EMULOUS, adj. qui a de l'emulation. EMULOUSLY, adr. avec émulation, à l'envie. EMULSION, s. émulsion, f. EMUNCTORY, s. emonctoire, m. ENABLE, v. a. rendre capable, mettre en état. ENACT, v. a. faire, effectuer, arrêter. ENACTING, s. établissement, m. ENACTOR, s. celui qui établit, qui exécute. ENALLAGE, s. énallage, f. ENAMEL, s. émail, m.; v. a. & n. émailler. ENAMELLER, s. émailleur, m ENAMELLING, s. émaillure, f. l'art d'émailler. ENAMOUR, v. a. rendre amoureux. ENAMOURED, part. adj. amoureux, ainoura-ENARRATION, s. narration, f. recit, m. ENCAGE, v. a. mettre en cage, enfermer. ENCAMP, v. a. & n. former un camp. Енсамриент, в. сатрешен, м. сатр, м. ENCHAFE, v. a. facher, irriter, enrager. ENCHAIN, v. a. enchaîner, charger de fers EXCHANT, v. a. enchanter, ensorceler, ravir. ENCHANTER, s. enchauteur, m. magicien, m. ENCHANTINGLY, adr. par enchantement. ENCHANTMENT, s. enchantement, m. ENCHANTRESS, s.onchanteresse, magicienne, soccière ENCHASE, v. a. enchasser. ENCIRCLE, v. a. circonscrire, environner. ENCLITICE, s. enclitique, m. ENCLOSE, v. a. clorre, euclorre, renfermer, environner. ESCLOSURE, s. clôture, f. enclos, m. Encomiast, s. panegyriste, m. Encomium, s. eloge, m. panegyrique, m. ENCOMPASS, v. a. entourer, environner. ENCOMPASSMENT, s. circonlocution, f. ENCORE, adc. encore, une autre fois. Encounter, s. combat, m. melée, f. ENCOUNTER, v. a. & n. rencontrer. ENCOURAGE, n. a. encourager, exciter. ENCOURAGEMENT, s. encouragement, m. ENCOURAGER, s. protecteur, m. instigateur, ENCROACH, v. n. empieter, usurper. [m. Encroacher, s. usurpateur, m. [tion, f. ENCROACHING, ENCROACHMENT, s. usurpa-ENCUMBER, v. a. embarrasser, empêcher. ENCUMBRANCE, s. embarras, m. obstacle, m. ENCYCLICAL, adj. circulaire. ENCYCLOPEDIA, ENCYCLOPEDY, s. encyclopédie, f.

End, s. fin, f. bout, m. extrémité, f. conclusion, f. mort, f. issue, f. suite, f. lut, m. desein, m. intention, f. intérêt, m. To no end, sans effet, en vain, inutilement. To the end that, afia que. At an end, expiré, Exp, r. a. & n. finir, achever, conclure, terminer, cesser, prendre fin. ENDANAGE, v. a. cudommager, nuire, faire ENDANGER, v. a. meure en danger, exposer. ENDEAR, v. a. rendre cher, faire aimer ENDEARMENT, s. agrément, m. caresses, f. pl. ENDEAVOUR, s. effort, m. ENDRAVOUR, n. m. s'efforcer, faire ses efforts. Endecagons, s. endecagons, f. ENDECASYLLABLE, s. endecasyllabe, m. Endemial, Endemick, adj. propre à un ENDING, s. conclusion, f. terminaison, f. ENDICT, ENFITE, r. a. accuser, denoncer. ENIICTMENT. ENDITEMENT, s. accusa-ENDITER, s. accusateur. m. dénonciateur. m.

ENDLESS, adj. infini, sans fin, perpetuel. ENDLESSLY, adv. continuellement, sans fin. ENDORSE, v. a. endosser, mettre sur le dos. ENDORSEMENT, s. endossement, m. ENDORSER, s. endosseur, m ENDOW, v. a. renter, doter, fonder, douer, or-ENDOWMENT, s. rente, f. fondation, f. ENDUE, v. a. douer, reveur, enrichir, orner. ENDURANCE, s. durce, f. patience, f. ENDURE, v. n. endurer, souffrir, supporter; v. n. durer, continuer, souffrir, tolerer. END WISE, adr. perpendiculairement. ENECATE, v. a. tuer, détruire ENEMY, s. ennemi, m. adversaire, m. ENERGETICE, adj. puissant, fort, energique. ENERGY, s. énergie, f. force, f. pouvoir, m. ENERVATE, ENERVE, v. a. énerver, affoiblir. ENERVATING, ENERVATION, s. énervation, f. ENFEEBLE, v. a. affoiblir, rendre foible. ENFEOFF, v. a. infeoder, donner l'investiture. ENFROFFMENT, s. infeodation. f. ENFETTER, v. a. enchaîner, mettre aux fers. ENFILADE, s. enfilade; r. a. enfiler. Enforce, v. n. fortifier, forcer, obliger. Enforcement, s. contrainte, f. nécessité, f. ENFRANCHISE, v. a. affrancher, naturaliser. Enfranchisement, s. affranchissement, m. ENGAGE, r. a. engager, mettre en gage. obliger, entraîner, combattre, attaquer ENGAGEMENT, s. engagement, m. obligation, ENGAGING, adj. engageant.

ENGAGING, adj. engageant.

ENGENDER, v. a. engendrer, produire, causer.

ENGENDERING, s. génération, f.

ENGINE, s. machine, f. instrument, m. pomps

(pour les incendies), f. ruse, f.

ENGINEER, s. ingéniour, f. ENGINERY, s. artillerie, f. ENGIRD, v. a. environner, entourer. ENGLISH, adj. Angleterre, f.
ENGLISH, adj. Anglois, d'Angleterre.
ENGLISH, adj. Anglois, un Anglois.
ENGLISH, (a printing letter) Saint Augustin, ENGLISH, v. a. traduire, rendre en Anglois. Engorge, v. a. & n. dévorer. Engrain, v. a. teindre en cramoisi. ENGRAPPLE, v. a. se battre près à-près. EXGRAVE, r. a. graver, imprimer. Engraver, s. un graveur. ENGRAVING, s. l'art de graver, la gravure. Engross, v.a. grossir, grossoyer, accaparet Engrosser, s. monopoleur, m. Exgrossment, s. monople, m. ENHANCE, v. a. enchérir, hausser le prix, exagérer. ENHANCER, s. enchérisseur, m. ENHANCING, ENHANCEMENT, s. enchère, f. ENIGMA, s. énigme, f. question obscure, f. ENIGMATICALLY, adj. énigmatique, obscur. ENIGMATICALLY, adv. énigmatiquement. ENIGMATIST, s. feacur d'enigmes, f. ENJOIN, v. a. enjoindre, ordonner, prescrire. ENJOINMENT, s. commandement, m. Enjoy, v. a. & n. jouir, possèder.

Enjoying, s. jouissance, fi l'action de jouir Enjoyment, s. jouissance, f. possession, f. Enkindle, v. n. & a. s'allumer, exciter. Enlarge, v. a. & n. augmenter, étendre, agrandir, accroître, traitre au long. ENLIGHTEN, v. a. cclairer, illuminer. ENLIVE, ENLIVEN, v. a. animer, rendre vif. ENLIVENER, s. qui anime, mobile, m. ENMITY, s. inimitié, f. haine, f.

ERNOBLE, v. a. anoblir, élever, exalter. ENOBLEMENT, s. anoblisement, m. Enountry, ethousement, m. solution, f. ENORMITY, ENORMOUSNESS, s. énormité, f. ENORMOUS, adj. confus, sans règle, atroce. ENORMOUSLY, adr. excessivement. Enough, s. suffisance, f.; adj. suffisant; adr. assez, suffisamment, en suffisance. Enow, assez de, nombre suffisant de. Enquire, v. n. s'informer. ENRAGE, r. a. irriter, faire enrager. ENRANGE, ENRANK, r. a. mettre en rangs. ENRAPTURE, ENRAVISH, v. a. ravir, enchan-ENRAVISHING, adj. ravissent. ENRAVISHMENT, s. ravissement. st. ENRICH, v. a. enrichir, rendre riche, embellir. ENRICHMENT, s. enrichissement, m. Enripen, v. a. & n. faire mûrir. Enrollment, s. régistre, m. rôle, m. enrégistrement, m. ENROOT, v. a. euraciner. Ensample, s. modèle, m.; r. a. représenter. ENSANGUINE, v. a. ensanglanter. Ensconce, v. a. couvrir, défendre. Ensureld, r. a. protéger, défendre. Ensuring, r. a. enchasser, preserver. Ensign, s. enseigne, f. drapeau, m. enseigne, m. signal, m. marque, ENSLAVE, r. a. rendre esclave. Enslavement, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. Enslaver, s. celui qui rend esclave. Ensue, r. a. suivro, v. n. s'ensuivre. Ensurance, s. assurance, f. prime d'assurance, m. Ensune. r. a. assurer, garantir. Ensurer, Ensurancer, s. assureur, m ENTABLATURE, ENTABLEMENT. s. entable-ENTAIL, s. substitution, f. [ment, m. ENTAIL, r. a. substituer, tailler, graver. ENTANGLE, r. a. embrouiller, meler. ENTANGLEMENT, s. conbarras, m. confusion, ENTANGLER, s. un étourdi, un esprit brouillon. ENTER, r. a. & n. entrer, initier, introduire, admettre, enrogistrer, coucher par écrit, s'enrôler, intenter; v. n. entrer, pénetrer, ENTERABLE, adj. recevable. ENTERING, s. citree, f. admission, f. ERTERLACE, v. a. entrelacer. ENTEROCELE, s. sorte de hernie, entérocele, ENTERPARLANCE, s. conférence, f. ENTERPLEADING, s. interlocutoire, m. ENTERPRISE, s. entreprise, f. projet, m ENTERPRISE, v. a. tenter, entreprendre. ENTERPRISER, s. entrepreneur. ENTERPRISING, s. entreprise, f.; adj. entreprenant. ENTERTAIN, r. a. entretenir, parler, converser, amuser, traiter, regaler, recevoir chez soi, tenir à son service, concevoir, adopter, adinettre. Entertainingly, adr. agreablement. ENTERTAINMENT, s. entretien, m. conversation, f. regal, m. traitement, m. repas, m. accueil, m. reception, f. amusement, m. plaisir, m. passe-temps, m. ENTHRONE, r. a. mettre sur le trône. ENTHRONING, s. intronisation, f. ENTHUSIASM, s. enthousiasme, m. fanatisme. ENTHUSIAST, s. enthousiaste, m. fanatique, m. ENTHUSIASTICAL, ENTHUSIASTICK, fanatione. ENTHUSIAST ICALLY, adv. en enthousiaste.

ENTICE, v. a. incher, engager, atther. Ex-tice away, debaucher, enlever. ENTIFERENT, s. inclination, f. instigation, f. ENTIFERENT, s. instigateur, m. seducteur, m. ENTIFERENT, dy, d'une manière engageante. ENTIFET, ENTIFERES, s. tout, m. le tout. ENTIFET, ENTIFERES, s. tout, m. le tout. ENTITLE, v. a. intituler, donner un titre. ENTITULATION, s. intitulation, f. ENTITY, s. entite, f. être, m. ENTOMB, v. a. enterrer, mettre dans le tom-ENTRAILS, s. pl. entrailles, f. intestins, m. ENTRANCE, s. entrée, f. passage, m. ENTRANCE, v. a. & n. extasier, s'extasier. ENTRAP, v. a. & n. attraper ENTREAT, v. a. prier, solliciter, supplier. ENTREATANCE, ENTREATY, s. demande, requete, f. prière, f. instance, f solition, f. supplication, f. supplique, f.
ENTREATING, s. prière, f. supplique, f.
ENTREMETS, s. entremets, m. Entry, s. entrée, f. vestibule, m. prise de possession, commencement, st. enregistrement, m. ENTWIKE, v. a. entortiller. ENUCLEATE, v. a. expliquer, éclaireir. ENUMERATE, v. a. cuumerer, compter en de ENUMERATION, s. énumération, f. [tail. ENUNCIATE, r. a. cuoncer, declarer. ENUNCIATION, s. enonciation, f. declaration, ENUNCIATIVE, adj. expressif. ENUNCIATIVELY, adv. d'une manière décla-ENVELOP, r. a. envelopper, couvrir. ENVELOPE, s. caveloppe, f. converte, f. ENVENOM, r. n. envenimer, empoisonner. ENVIABLE, adr. digne d'envie. Envien, s. envieux, m. jaloux, m. Envious, adj. envieux, qui porte envie Enviousity, alln. par envie, par jalousie. Enviousness, s. envie, f. jalousie, f. ENVIRON, r. a. environner, entourer. ENVIRONS, s. les environs, m. pl. Envoy, s. envoye, m. envoi, m. [vie Envy, r. a. & n. envier, porter or avoir en-Envy, s. envie, f. jalousie, f. Envoice, s. facture, f. envoi, m. EGLIPILE, s. colipile, m EPACT, s. epacte, f. (11 days of the solar above the lunar year.) EPAULET, s. épaulette, [qu'un jour. EPHEMERAL, adj. éphémère, EPHEMERIS, s. ephémèrides, f. qui ne dure EPHEMERIST, s. astrologue, m. EPHORI, s. pl. les éphores, m. pl. EPIC, EPICK, adj. épique, héroique, EPICEDIUM, s. épicede, m. poeme funéraire. EPICENE, s. epicene. m. & [m. EPICKS, s. poésie héroique. f. poème épique, EPICUREAR, s. épicurien, m.; adj. d'épicu-EPICUREAR, s. épicurien, m.; adj. d'épicu-EPICURIZE, v. n. vivre en épicurien. EPICYCLE, s. épicycle, m. EPICYCLOIDE, s. epicycloide, m EPIDEMICAL, EPIDEMICE, adj. epidemique. EPIDERMIS, s. épiderme, m. la première EPIGRAM, s. épiglotte, f. luctte, f. EPIGRAM, s. épigramme, f. satire, f. EPIGRAMMATICAL, EPIGRAMMATICK, adj épigrammatique. Erigrammatist, s. epigrammatiste. EPIGRAPH, s. épigraphe. f. inscription. f. EPILEPSY, s. épilepsie, f. mal caruc. #

EPILEPTICK, adj. & s. épileptique. EPILOGUE, s. épilogue, m. peroraison, f. EPIPHANY, s. épiphanie, f. Ерірнопема, s. épiphonème, m. épiphore, f. EPIPHYSIS, s. epiphyse, f. EPISCOPACY, s. épiscopat, m. EPISCOPAL, adj. épiscopal, d'évêque. EPISCOPALIANS, s. pl. episcopaux, m. EPISCOPATE, s. episcopat, m. EPISODE, s. episcode, m. digression, f. EPISODICAL, EPISODICK, adj. épisodique. EPISODIZE, r. n. episodier. EPISPASTICK, s. un épispastique. EPISTLE, s. épitre, f. lettre, f. EPISTOLARY, adj. épistolaire, de lettres. Ерітари, s. épitaphe, f. inscription sur une tombe, f. EPITHALAMIUM, s. épithalame, m. EPITHET, s. une épithète, un adjectif, f. EPITOME, s. épitome, m. abregé, m EPITOMIZE, r. a. abreger, raccourcir. EPITOMIZER, EPITOMIST, s. abbreviateur, m. EPOCH of EPOCHA, s. époque, f. ère, f. EPODE, s. épode, f. partie d'un potmelyrique. EPOPEE, s. épopée. f. poeme hérosque. EPULATION, s. banquet, m. festin, m. EQUABILITY, s. égalité, f. unitormité, f. EQUABLE, adj. egal, uniforme. EQUABLY, adv. egalement, uniformément. EQUAL, adj. égal, semblable, paren, propre à, en ctat de, impartial, équitable. EQUAL, r. a. égaler, rendre égal, égaliser. EQUALISE, r. a. égaliser, rendre égal. EQUALITY, s. égalité, f. uniformité, f. EQUALITY, adn. également, pareillement. EQUANGULAR, adj. équiangle, à angles égaux. EQUANIMITY, s. égalité d'âme, f. sérénité, f. EQUANIMOUS, adj. qui a l'âme toujours égale. EQUATION, s. équation, f. [iale. EQUATOR, s. équateur, m. la ligne équinox-EQUATORIAL, adj. qui appartient à l'équafroi. EQUERRY, s. écuyer, m. le grand écuyer du EQUESTRIAN, adj. equestre, à cheval. EQUIANGULAR, adj. equiangle. EQUIDISTANT, adj. à égale distance. EQUILATERAL, udj. equilateral. EQUILIBRATE, r.a. mettre en équilibre, contrebalancer. EQUILIBRATION. s. équilibre, m. EQUILIBRIOUS, adj. en équilibre. EQUILIBRIUM, s. équilibre, m. EQUINOCTIAL, s. la ligne equinoctiale; adj. équinoxial. Equinox, s. equinoxe, m. EQUIP, v. a. équiper, pourvoir de, fournir. EQUIPAGE, s. 61. page, w voiture, f. car-rosse, m. Tea-equipage, cabaret, m. EQUIPMENT, s. équiplement, armement, m.
EQUIPMENT, s. équiplement, armement, m.
EQUIPMENT, s. équipollence, f. [lancer.
EQUIPMENT, adj equipollent, équipollent, EQUIPONDER INT. adj. de même poids. Equipondenate, r. a. faire équilibre, contrebalancer. EQUITABLE. adj. equitable, juste. EQUITABLY, adr. equitablement. Equity, s. justice, f. equité, f. droit, m. EQUIVILENCE, s. équipollence, f. valeur égale. [lent. EQUIVALEI T. odj. equivalent; s. l'équiva-Equivocat.. ad. equivoque, ambigu. EQUIVOCALLY, add. ambigument.

Equivocalness, Equivocation, a. equi-EQUIVOCATE, v. a. equivoquer. EQUIVOCATOR, s. celui qui parle par équi-ERA, s. ère, f. époque, f. période, f. ERADICATE, v. a. déraciner, extirper, de-ERADICATIVE, adj. éradicatif. [truire ERASEMENT OF ERASURE, s. destruction, / rature, f. ERE, adv. avant que, plutôt que, toujours. ERE-LONG, adv. dans peu, bientôt. ERE-NOW, adv. auparavant. ERE-WHILE, adv. depuis peu, autrefois. ERECT, v. a. (lever, ériger, dresser, bâtir. ERECT, adj. droit, débout, vigilant. ERECTION, s. élevation, f. fondation, f. éta-blissement, m. construction, f. EREMITE, s. bermite, m. solitaire, m. EREMITICAL, adj. d'hermite, sol ta :e. ERGOT, s. ergot, m. (du pied d'un cheval.) ERGOTISM, s. contestations scholastiques, f. pl. ERINGO, s. (an herb) panicot, m. ERMINE, s. hermine, f. ERMINED, adj. fourre d'hermine. ERODE, v. a. ronger, corroder, manger. EROGATION, s. distribution genéreuse. EROSION, s. erosion, f. corrosion, f. EROTICK, adj. érotique, amoureux, libertin. ERR, v. n. errer, ètre errant, se tromper. ERRAND, s. message, m. commission, f. ERRABLE, adj. sujet à l'erreur. ERRANT, adj. errant, ambulant, vagabond. ERRANTRY, s. vie errante, l'état d'un vaga-ERRATA, s. errata, m. [bond. ERRATICK, adj. cirant, vagabond, erratique. ERRATICALLY, adv. irrégulièrement. ERRHINE, s. poudre sternutatoire, f. ERRONEOUS, adj. errant, erroné, faux. ERRONKOUS, W. dr., par erreur, faussement. ERRONKOUSSIN, adr. par erreur, faussement. ERROUR, s. erreur, f. méprise, f. faute, f: bé-vue, f. égarement. m. nullité dans une ac-Ens, s. ers, m. vesce noire. cusation. Enst, adr. autrefois, anciennement, jadis. ERUBESCENCE, s. rougeur, f. l'action de rougir. ERUCTATION, s. l'action de roter. rot, m. ERUDITION, s. érudition, f. savoir, m. ERUGINOUS, adj. cuivreux, érugineux. ERUPTION, s. éruption, f. saillie, f. pustule, ERYSTPELAS, s. érysipèle, f. ESCALADE, s. escalade, f. ESCALOP, s. pétoncle, ESCAPE, n. a. & n. echapper, éluder, éviter, se soustraire, s'échapper, s'évader, s'enfuir. ESCAPF, s. fuite, f. echappee, f. faute, f. escapade, f. imprudence, f. meprise, f. ESCHALOT, s. echalote, f. ESCHAR, s. escarre, f. croute (d'un plaie, f. ESCHAROTICE, adj. caustique. ESCHEAT, s. auoaine, f.; n. n. échoir par droit de confiscation. Eschew, r. a. éviter. ESCORT, s. escorte, f. convoi, m. garde, f. ESCORT, r. a. escorter, convoyer. ESCOUT, s. esplon, m. ecouteur, m. ESCRITOIR, s. écritoire, f. bureau, m. ESCULENT, adj. bon à manger; s. aliment, m. ESCUTCHEOR, s. ecusson, m. armes, f. pl. ESPALIER, s. espalier. m. ESPECIAL, alj. special, principal.
ESPECIALLY, adv. specialement, principale ment, surtout. ESPLANADE, s. esplanade, f.

Espousalis, s. pl. fiançailles, f. épousailles, f. | Espouse, r. a. épouser, marier. Espy, v. a. & n. épier, observer, appercevoir. Esquire, s. écuyer, m Esquiny, s. le titre d'écuyer. Essay, v. a. essayer, tenter, eprouver. Essay, s. essai, m. tentative, f. epreuve, f. ESSENCE, s. essence, f. esprit, m. parfum, m. ESSENCE, r.a. parfumer, mettre de l'essence. ESSENTIAL, adj. essentiel, qui constitue l'es-ESSENTIAL, s. la nature, l'essentiel, m. ESSENTIALLY, adv. essentiellement. ESSOINE, s. exoine, f. excuse, f.; v. a. excu-ESTABLISH, v. a. établir, fonder, affermir. ESTABLISHMENT, s. établissement, m. base, f. ESTAL, r. a. saisir, faire une saisie juridique. ESTALMENT, s. saisie juridique, f.
ESTATE, s. état, m. condition, f. rang, m.
qualité, f. bien, f. terres, f. biens, m. ESTEEM, v. a. estimer, priser, honorer. ESTEEM, s. estime, f. regard, m. ESTERMER, s. estimateur, m. appréciateur, m. ESTIMABLE, adj. estimable, digne d'estime. ESTIMATE, v. a. estimer, evaluer, apprécier.
ESTIMATE, s. estimation, f. évaluation, f.
ESTIMATION, s. estime, f. estimation, f. ESTIVAL, adj. d'été, qui est d'été. ESTRADE, s. estrade, f. chaussee, f. ESTRANGE, v. a. éloigner, détourner, indispo-ESTRANGEMENT, s. eloignement, m ESTRANGERS, s. pl. étrangers, aubains. ESTRAPADE, s. estrapade, f. [de personne. ESTRAY, s. bête égarre, qui n'est reclamée ESTREAT, s. copie or double d'un écrit, f. m. ESTUARY, s. bras de mer, embouchure. ESTUATION. s. bouillonnement, m. ESTURE, s. agitation violente. Етсн, r. a. graver à l'eau forte, dessiner. ETERNAL, adj. cternel; s. l'Eternel, m ETERRALIZE, ETERNIZE, v. a. éterniser. ETERRALLY, adv. éternellement, toujours, ETERRITY, s. éternité, f. [sans fin. ETESIAN, adj. étésien, m. pl. étésics. ETHER, s. éther, m. air très raréfié. ETHEREAL, ETHEREOUS, adj. cthere. ETHICAL, ETHICK, adj. moral, qui traite de ETHICALLY, ado. moralement. [la morale. ETHICKS, s. pl. morale, f. ethiques, m. Eтниск, adj. paten; s. pl. les patens, les Етнососу, s. éthologie, f. [gentils. ETYMOLOGICAL, adj. étymologique. [mots. ETYMOLOGIZE, v. n. donner l'étymologie des ETYMOLOGIST, s. étymologiste, m. ETYMOLOGY, s. clymologie, f. origine d'un EUCHARIST, s. eucharistic. f. [mot. EUCHARISTICAL, adj. eucharistique. Eulogy, s. cloge, m. louange, f. Eunuch, s. eunuque. m. un homme châtré. EUFUCHATE, v. a. châtrer, faire cunuque. EUPHONY, s. euphonie, f. son agreable. EUPHRASY, s. euphrage or eufraise, f. EUROPEAN, adj. & s. Europeen. Eurus, s. le vent d'est. EVACUATE, v. a. évacuer, vider. EVACUATION, s. évacuation, f. décharge, f. EVADE, v. a. & n. s'évader, s'ensuir. EVADING, s. evasion, f. subterfuge, m. EVANGELICAL, adj. evangelique. EVANGELIST, s. evangeliste, m. [vangile. EVANGILIZE, v. a. évangéliser, precher l'é-EVANGELISM. s promulgation de l'évangile Evaporate, v e & n evaporer.

EVAPORATION, s. évaporation, f. EVASION, s. evasion, f. fuite, f. subterfuge EVASION, s. evasion, f. iune, f. succession, défaite, f.

EVASIVE, adj. qui élude, sophistique.

EVE and EVEN, s. le soir, soirée, f. vigile, f.

EVEN, adj. égal, uni, applani, ras, uniforme, pareil, semblable, pair, serein; even with the ground, de niveau, à fleur de terre.

To be even with one, être quitte avec quelqu'un. An even number, un nombre pair. Even, adv. meme, memes, aussi-bien que, tout de bon. Even as, comme er comme si. Even dough, tout droit en bas. Even novo, tout à l'houre. Eren on, tout droit. so, de-même, tout ainsi. Even, v. a. égaler, unir, régler, raser. Evening, s. le soir, la soirec. EVENLY, adv. également, pareillement. EVENNESS, s. égalité, f. uniformité, f. le poli d'une surface unie, égalité d'arme, f. EVENT, s. événement, m. incident, m. EVENTILATE, v. a. ventiler, discuter, vaner. EVENTUAL, adj. accidentel, casuel. EVENTUALLY, adv. accidentellement, par ha-Even, adv. toujours, jamais, à jamais. Erer since, depuis lors, depuis ce temps là. For ever and ever, éterneliement. Ever and anon, de tems en tems. EVERGREEN, adj. & s. toujours vert. EVERLASTING, adj. eternel; s. eternite, f. EVERLASTINGLY, adv. éternellement. EVERLASTINGNESS, s. éternité, f. perpétuité, EVERLIVING, adj. immortel. EVERMORE, adv. toujours, à jamais. Everse, Evert, r. a. renverser, detruire. EVERSION, s. renversement, m. destruction, f. EVERY, adj. chaque, chacun, tout. Every other day, de deux jours l'un. Every one, every body, chacun. Every way, on every side, do tous côtes. Every whit, every thing, chaque chose, tout. EVERY-WHERE, adv. partout. EVESTIGATE, r. a. rechercher, tracer. EVICT, r. a. évincer, prouver. [tion, f. EVICTION, s. éviction, f. preuve, f. convic-EVIDENCE, s. évidence, f. clarté, f. preuve, f. témoignage, m. marque, f. [dence. EVIDENCE, v. a. prouver, mettre en évi-EVIDENT, adj. évident, visible, démontré. EVIDENTLY, adv. evidemment, clairement. Evil, adj. mauvais, mechant. [ladie, f. Evil, s. mal, m. méchanceté, f. tort, m. ma-EVIL-AFFECTED, adj. mal-intentionné. EVIL-DOER, s. mal-faiteur, m. EVIL-MINDED, adj. mauvais, méchant. EVILNESS, s. méchanceté, f. EVIL-SPEAKING, s. medisance, f. calomnie, f. EVINCE, r. a. prouver, demontrer. Evincibile, adj. qui peut être démentre. EVINCIBLY, adv. évidemment, démonstrativement. EVISCERATE, v. a. éventrer, vider. EVITABLE, adj. évitable. EVITATE, v. a. eviter, fuir. EVOCATION, s. évocation de morts, f. &c. Evolve, v. a. & n. déplier, développer. EVOLUTION, s. évolution, f. action de dé EVOLUTION, s. Pectunion, f. action de de-EVULSION, s. Paction d'arracher. [phyer. EWE, s. brebis, f. An euce-lamb, une jeune EWE, v. n. agucler. [brebis. EWER, s. aiguière, f. pot à l'eau. EWRY, s. l'office où l'on garde la vaisselle EXACERBATION, s. irritation, f. [du roi, ss. Exact, adj. exact, soigneux, ponctuel.

EXACT, v. a. & n. exiger, requérir, imposer, || Excogitate, v. a. trouver, imaginer, inven surfaire, extorquer. EXACTER, s. exacteur, m. écorcheur, m. Exaction, s. exaction, f. extortion, f. EXACTLY, adv. exactement, precisement.
EXACTLY, adv. exactement, precisement.
EXACTNESS, s. exactitude, f. soin, m.
EXAGGERATE, v. a. exaggers, amplifier.
EXAGGERATION, s. exaggeration, f. amas, m. EXAGITATION, s. and services. Courmenter.
EXAGITATION, s. agitation, f. trouble, m.
EXALT, v. a. elever, hausser, exhausser. EXALTATION, s. exaltation. f. exhaussement. m EXAMEN, EXAMINATION, s. examen, m. EXAMINE, r. a. examiner, interroger, discu-EXAMINER, s. examinateur, m. Examining, s. examen, m. recherche, f. discussion, f. EXEMPLARY, adj. exemplaire. EXAMPLE, s. exemple, m. modèle, m. Exanguious, adj. qui n'a point de sang. Exanimate, adj. sans vie, mort, abattu. EXAMINATE, v. a. faire mourir, consterner. EXAMINATION, s. privation de la vie, f. Exarch, s. exarque, m. Exarchate or Exarchy, s. exarchat, m. EXASPERATE, v. a. aigrir, provoquer. EXASPERATION, s. aigreur, f. provocation, f. Excandescence, s. chaleur, f. colère, f. re, f. [vité, f. EXCAVATE, r. a. creuser. EXCAVATION, s. excavation, f. creux, m. ca-Exceeding, part. adj. excessif, extrême. Exceeding and Exceedingly, adv. excessivement, trop, extrêmement, beaucoup. EXCEL, v. a. & n. surpasser, exceller. EXCELLENCE, EXCELLENCY, s. excellence, f. preeminence, f. grandeur, f. dignite, f. EXCELLENT, adj. excellent, eminent, parfait. EXCELLENTLY, adv. excellemment, fort bien. EXCEPT, v. a. & n. excepter, exclure. EXCEPT, prep. excepte, à l'exception. EXCEPT, conj. à moins de, à moins que. EXCEPTION, s. exception, f. exclusion, f. EXCEPTIONABLE, adj. reprochable, recu-Exceptious, adj. qui se fache aisement. EXCEPTOR, s. censeur, m. épilogueur, m. EXCERP, v. a. prendre, tirer, choisir. Exception, s. choix, m. recueil, m. Excess, s. excès, m. superflu, m. désordre, m. Excessive, adj. excessif, immodéré. ExcessiveLy, adr. excessivement. Exchange, v. a. échanger, troquer. Exchange, s. échange, m. change, m. EXCHANGER, s. changeur, m. banquier, m. EXCHEQUER, s. l'échiquier, m. le trésor roy Excisable, adj. qui paie l'accise. Excise, s. accise, f. taxe sur les denrées. Excise, v. a. lever l'accise or l'impôt. EXCISEMAN, s. un conecteur a accumantation, f. Excision, s. destruction, f. extirpation, f. [ser. EXCITATION, s. instignation, f. [ser. EXCITE, v. a. exciter, animer, porter, pous-EXCITEMENT, s. encouragement, m. EXCITER, s. celui or celle qui excite. Excl.AIM, v. n. crier, se récrier, déclamer. EXCLAIMER, s. déclamateur, m.

EXCLAIMER, s. déclamateur, f. exclamation, f.

EXCLAIMENTORY, adj. qui déclame, qui se ré-[crie | Excluse, r. a. exclure, rejeter. Exclusion, s. exclusion, j Exclusive, adj. exclusif. Exclusive LY, adv. exclusivement.

EXCOMMUNICATE, v. a. excommunier. [ter. EXCOMMUNICATION, s. excommunication, f. EXCORIATE, v. a. écorcher. EXCORIATION, s. exceriation, f. ecorchure, Excrement, s. excrement, m. ordure, f. EXCREMENTAL, EXCREMENTITIOUS, adj. excrémenteux. EXCRESCENCE, s. excrescence, f. Excretion, s. excretion, f. Excretione, Excretoire, EXCRUCIATE, v. a. tourmenter, mettre a la torture. EXCULPATE, v. a. disculper, excuser. Excursion, s. écart, m. égarement, m. Excursive, adj. qui erre, qui s'égare. Excusable, adj. excusable, pardonable. Excusaronn, adj. qui justifie, apologétique Excuse, s. excuse, f. justification, f. Excuse, v. a. excuser, pardonner, exempter. Excuseless, adj. inexcusable, sans excuse. Excuser, s. celui qui excuse, apologiste, m. Execrable, adj. exécrable, horrible, abominable. EXECRABLY, adv. abominablement. Execrate, v. a. détester, abhorrer EXECUTE, v. a. executer, about the Execute, v. a. dissequer, couper.

Execute, v. a. executer, effectuer, accomplir, exercer, punir de mort. EXECUTER, s. qui exécute, exécuteur, m. EXECUTION, s. execution, f. accomplisse ment, m. supplice, m. saisie, f. EXECUTIONER, s. bourreau, m. EXECUTIVE, adj. executoire. EXECUTOR, s. executeur testamentaire. EXECUTORSHIP, s. charge d'exécuteur, f. EXECUTORY, adj. exécutoire. EXECUTRIX, s. exécutrice testamentaire. Exegetical, adj. exegetique, qui explique EXEMPLAR, s. exemplaire, m. exemple, m. EXEMPLARILY, adv. exemplairement. Exemplary, adj. exemplaire. Exemplification, s. copie, f. double, m. démonstration, f. exemple, m. preuve, Exemplify, v. a. prouver, confirmer parder exemples, copier, transcrire. Exempt, adj. exempt, dispense, quitte; s. exempt, m. Exempt, v. a. exempter, dispenser. EXEMPTION, r. exemption, f. immunite, f. EXENTERATE, v. a. éventres EXEQUIAL, adj. qui regarde les obséques. EXEQUIES, s. pl. obséques, f. funérailles, f. EXERCENT, adj. praiicien, exerçant. s. exercise, m. travail, m. pra-EXERCISE, tique, f. fonction, f. un thème. EXERCISE, v. a. exercer, accoutumer, pra-tiquer; v. n. s'exercer, faire l'exercise. EXERCISER, s. celui qui exerce, qui forme. Exerests, s. exérèse, j EXERT, v. a. executer, faire, produire, mon-trer. To exert one's self, s'efforcer, tacher. EXERTION, s. production, f. effort, m. EXESTUATION, s. effervescence, f. EXFOLIATE, v. n. s'exfolier, se peler. EXFOLIATION, s. exfoliation des os. EXHALATION, s. exhataison, f. vapeur, f. EXHALE, v. a. exhaler, pousser hors de soi. EXHAUST, v. a. épuiser, absorber. [I EXHAUSTION, EXHAUSTING, s. épuisemen EXHAUSTICH, EXHAUSTING, s. épuisemen EXHAUSTLESS, adj inépuisable. EXHEREPATE, v. a. exhéréder, déshérèter. EXHEREPATEN, s. exhérédet, deshérèter. Exherenation, s. exheredation, f

EXHIBIT, v. c. exhiber, produire, manifester.
EXHIBITER, s. celui qui fait voir.
EXHIBITION, EXHIBIT, s. exhibition, f. prof. representation, entretien, m. duction, EXHIBITIVE, adj. representatif. EXHILARATE, v. a. égayer, réjouer, divertir. EXHILARATION, s. réjouissance, f. gaieté. f. EXHORT, v. a. exhorter, encourager, exciter. EXHORTATION, s. exhortation, f. [horte. EXHORTATION, 5. CAMPIGATION, 7.
EXHORTATIVE, EXHORTATORY, adj. qui ex-Exhorter, 5. celui qui exhorte. [soin, m. EXHORTER, s. celui qui exhorte. [soin, m. Exigence, Exigency, s. exigence, f. be-EXIGENT, s. mauvais pas, embarras, m. EXIGENT, adj. expedient, necessaire. EXIGENTER, s. sorte d'huissier or de sergent. Exiguity, s. petitesse, f. Exiguous, aaf. petit, mince. EXIGUOUSNESS, s. tenuité, f. extrème peti-EXILE, s. qui est en exil, banissement. EXILEMENT, s. bannissement, m. EXILE, v. a. exiler, bannir, envoyer en exil. Eximious, adj. excellent, éminent, exquis. EXIMANITION, s. anéantissement, m. Exist, v. n. exister, être. Existence, Existency, s. existence, f. être, Existent, adj. existant, m. EXISTIMATION, s. estime, f. opinion, f. EXIT, s. sortie, f. conge, m. [neux. EXITIAI., EXITIOUS, adj. destructeur, rui-EXODUS and EXODY, s. Exode, m. EXORERATE, v. a. décharger, débarrasser. EXOPERATION, s. l'action de décharger.
EXOPTABLE, adj. souhaitable, désirable.
EXORABLE, adj. exorable.
EXORBITANCE, EXORBITANCE, s. énormité, f. excès, m. EXORBITANT, adj. exorbitant, excessif. Exorbitantly, adv. exorbitamment. Exorcise, v. a. exorciser, conjurer. Exorcism, s. exorcisme, m. conjuration, f. Exorcist, Exorciser, s. exorciste, m. Exordium, s. exorde, m. commencement, m EXORNATION, s. ornement, m. décoration, f. Exosseous, adj. sans os, qui n'a point d'os. Exostosis, s. exostose, f. tumeur osseuse. Exotick, adj. étranger, exotique. EXPANSIPLE, adj. evanger, exouque. f. EXPAND, v. a. étendre, développer. EXPANSE, s. étendue, f. expansion, f. EXPANSIBLE, adj. qui peut s'étendre. EXPANSION, s. expansion, f. dilatation, f. EXPANSIVE, adj. expansif. [dre sur un sujet. EXPATIATE, v. n. discourir au long, s'éten-EXPECT, v. a. attendre, espérer, s'attendre à. EXPECTANT, adj. & s. expectatif, m. EXPECTATION, s. attente, f. expectative, f. EXPECTORATE, v. a. expectorer, cracher. EXPECTORATION, s. expectoration, f. crachat, m. EXPECTORATIVE, adj. expectoratif. EXPEDIENCE, EXPEDIENCY, s. convenance, EXPEDIENT, adj. expedient, propre, convenable, utile, avantageux, à propos. Expedient, s. expédient, m. inoyen, m. ExpedientLy, adv. convenablement. EXPEDITE, v. a. faciliter, håter, expédier. EXPEDITE, adj. prompt, facile, aise, expeditif. EXPEDITELY, adv. promptement. Expedition, s. expédition, f. activité, f. Pxpeditions, adj. expéditif. Expeditious x, adu. promptement. Expext, v. a. chasser, faire sortir, expulser. EXPELLER, s celui or celle qui chasse.

EXPERILING, s. expulsion, f. l'action de chas EXPEND, v. a. dépenser, débourser. [ser EXPENSE, s. dépense, f. frais, m. mise, f. EXPENSE, v. dépense, f. frais, m. mise, f. EXPENSEYUL, adj. dispendieux, coûteux. EXPENSIVE, adj. dispendieux, dépensier. EXPENSIVELY, adv. d'une manière coûteuse. EXPERIENCE, s. experience, f. usage, m. EXPERIENCE, v. a. experimenter, essayer. EXPERIMENT, s. experience, f. essai, m. EXPERIMENTAL, a. experimenter, eprouver EXPERIMENTAL, adj. experimental. Experimentally, adv. par expérience. Expert, adj. expert, verse, experimente. Expertly, adv. d'un manière expert. EXPERTNESS, s. adresse, f. habileté, f. EXPIABLE, allj. qu'on peut expier. EXPIATE, v. a. expier, réparer, salissaire. EXPIATION, s. expiation, f. satisfaction, f. Expiatory, adj. expiatoire. EXPIRATION, s. expilation, f. spoliation, f. Expiration, s. expiration, f. fin, m. EXPIRE, v. n. expirer, mourir, finir, echeoir. EXPLAIN, v. a. expliquer, exposer, éclaircir. EXPLAINABLE, adj. expliquable. EXPLAINER, s. commentateur, m. EXPLANATION, s. explication, f. EXPLANATORY, adj. qui explique.
EXPLETIVE, s. & adj. remplissage, m. explétif. EXPLICABLE, adj. explicable. poser. EXPLICATE, v. a. développer, expliquer, ex-EXPLICATION, s. explication, f. interpreta-EXPLICATIVE, adj. explicatif. [tion, f. EXPLICATOR, s. commentateur, m. EXPLICIT, adj. explicite, developpe, clair. EXPLICITLY, adv. explicitement EXPLICITNESS, s. clarié, f. neiteté, f. EXPLODE, v. a. désapprouver, blâmer. EXPLODER, s. censeur, m. frondeur, m. EXPLOIT, s. exploit, m. action de guerre mémorable, f. EXPLOIT, v. n. faire, exécuter. EXPLORATION, s. recherche, f. examen, m. EXPLORE, v. a. rechercher, examiner, visiter Explorement, s. recherche, f. examen, m EXPLOSION, s. explosion, f. EXPORT, v. a. exporter, transporter, faire sor EXPORTATION, s. exportation, f. transport, m. EXPORTER, s. celui qui exporte. EXPOSE, v. a. exposer, montrer, produire, hazarder, risquer, diffamer. Exposition, s. exposition, f. explication, f. situation, f. Expositor, s. interprète, m. commentateur, Expostulate, v. a. & n. se plaindre. Expostulation, s. plaintes, f. reproches, m. Expostulator, s. celui qui conteste. Expostulatory, adj. plein de reproches et de plaintes. Exposure, s. exposition, f. EXPOUND, v. a. exposer, expliquer. EXPOUNDER, s. interprete, m. EXPOUNDING, s. exposition, f. explication, f. EXPRESS, v. a. exprimer, déclarer, représenter, témoigner, extraire Express, adj. expres, explicite, formal. EXPRESS, s. exprès, m. courier, m. Expressible, adj. exprimable. EXPRESSION, s. expression, f. representation, Expressive, adj. expressif, énergique. Expressively, adv. d'une manière expressive. Expressiveness, s. energie, f. emphase f.

Expressiv, adv. expressement, clairement.

Expressive, s. expression, f. marque, f.

Expressive, s. expression, f. marque, f.

Expressive, s. expression, f. marque, f.

Extrajudicial, adj. qui n'est pas juridique.

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Extranundane, adj. etranger, de dehors.

Extranundane, adj. etranger, de dehors. EXPROBRATION, s. reproche, m. blame, m. EXPUGN, r. a. conquerir, prendre d'assaut. EXPUGNATION, s. prise, f. conquête, f. EXPULSE, v. a. chasser, expulser. EXPULSION, s. expulsion, f. Expulsive, adj. expulsif, expulsice. Expunction, s. abolition, f. Expunge, v. a. effacer, rayer, annuller. Expungation, s. purgation, f. reforme, f. Expungation, adj. expurgatoire, purgatif. Exquisite, adj. exquis, excellent, recherche. Exquisitely, adv. parfaitement bien. [f. EXQUISITENESS, s. excellence, f. perfection, EXSCRIET, s. copie, f. double, m.
EXSIGNATION, s. dessér, dessécher, mettre à
EXSIGNATION, s. dessérchement, m. [sec.
EXSIGNATION, EXSIGNATIVE, adj. dessiccatif. Exsudation, s. exsudation, f. EXTANT, adj. extant, existant, qui existe. Extasy. See Ecstasy, s. extase, f. EXTEMPORAL, EXTEMPORARY, adj. subit, soudain. EXTEMPORALLY, adv. vite, à la hâte. EXTEMPORE, adv. sans préparation EXTEMPORIZE, v. n. parler sans preparation. EXTEND, v. n. étendre, augmenter, élargir, répandre, saisir, faire une saisie; v. n. s'étendre Extendible, Extensible, adj. extensible. Extensibility, Extensibleness, s. extensibilité, f. EXTENSION, s. extension, f.
EXTENSIVE, adj. vaste, large, grande, spaEXTENSIVELY, adc. amplement. [cicux. Extensiveness, s. étendue, f. grandeur, f. dilatabilité, f.
Extent, adj. étendu.
Extent, s. étendue, f. exécution, f.
Extenuate, v. a. exténuer, diminuer. Extenuation, s. extenuation, f. Exteriour, adj. exterieur, externe. [rieur. Exteriourly, adv. extericurement, à l'exte-Exterminate, v. a. exterminer, extirper. EXTERMINATION, s. extermination, f. EXTERMINATOR, s. exterminateur, m EXTERMINATE, v. a. exterminer, extirper. EXTERNALLY, adr. extérieur, externe. EXTERNALLY, adr. extérieurement. EXTINULATE, v. a. piquer, aiguillonner.
EXTINULATION, s. piquiro, f. aiguillon, m.
EXTINCT, adj. éteint, aboli, mort. EXTINCTION, s. extinction, f. abolition, f. EXTINGUISH, r. a. éteindre, amortir, abolir. Extinguishable, adj. qu'on peut étoindre, EXTINGUISHER, s. éteignoir, m. EXTINGUISHMENT, s. extinction, f. abolition, EXTIRPATE, r. a. extiquer, deraciner. [m. EXPERITION, s. extirpation, f. EXTINDATOR, s. extirpateur, m. destructeur, Extol, r. a. exalter, louer, cel brer. Extor. Len, adj. pan'gyriste, m. louangeur, Extorsive, adj. tertionnaire, extorque. Scher. Extonsively, adr. parextorsion. Extont, r. a. extorquer, ôter de force, arra-EXTORTER, s. oppresseur, m.
EXTORTION, s. extersion, f. concussion, f. EXTORTIONER, s. oppresseur, m. concussion-EXTRACT, r. a extraire, tirer. [naire, m. EXTRACT, s. extrait, m. essence, f. EXTRICTION, e. extraction, f. naissance, origine, f.

EXTRAORDINARIES, s. pl. frais extraordipaire EXTRAORDINARILY, adv. extraordinairoment. Extraordinariness, s. extraordinaire, m. EXTRAORDINARY, adj. extraordinaire. EXTRAPAROCHIAL, adj. qui n'est d'aucune paroisse. EXTRAREGULAR, adj. hors des règles. EXTRAVAGANCE, s. extravagance, f. EXTRAVAGANT, adj. extravagam, exorbitant, bizarre, fou. vague, exorbitant, bizarre, fou. Earre. Extravagant, s. un homme singulier, bi-Extravagants, s. pl. extravagants, f. Extravaganty, adv. extravagantent. EXTRAVAGATE, v. n. extravaguer. EXTRAVASATED, part. adj. extravase. Extreme, adj. extreme, dernier. Extreme, s. extrême, m. l'extrémité, f. EXTREMELY, adv. extrêmement. Extreme-unction, s. l'extrême-onction, f. Extremity, s. extremité, f. fin, f. Extricate, r. a. débrouiler, débarrasser. Extrication, s. l'action de débarrasser. Extrinsical, Extrinsick, adj.extrinseque EXTRINSICALLY, adr. extérieurement. EXTRUCT, v. a. construire, bâtir. EXTRUCTOR, s. celui qui construit, qui bâtit. EXTRUDE, v. a. pousser dehors, chasser, faire EXTRUSION, s. expulsion f.
EXTUBERANCE, s. bosse, tumeur. EXTUNESCENCE, s. enflure, f. tumeur, f. EXUBERANCE, s. excrescence superflue EXUPERANT, adj. surabondant, abondant. EXUBERANTLY, adr. abondamment. Exuberate, v. n. surabonder. EXUDATION, s. sueur, f. exudation, f. EXUDATE, EXUDE, c. n. suer, sortir par la EXULCERATE, r.a. ulcerer, sigrir. [sueur EXULCERATION, s. exulceration, f. depit, m. EXULT, r. n. tressaillir de joie, se réjouir. EXULTANCE, EXULTATION, s. allegresse, f. Exundate, v. s. regorger. EXUNDATION, s. regorgement, m. abondance EXUPERABLE, adj. qu'on peut conquerir. Exustion, s. l'action de brûter. EYAS, s. un faucon nieis, fauconneau, m. EXEAS, s. un succon mens, faucomean, m. EYE. s. ceil, m. (au pluriel) yeux; ta vue, égard, m. soin, m. maille, f. Cast of the eye, ceillade, f. un coup d'œil. Eye of a medle, le trou d'une aiguille. Eye, r. a. regarder, garder à vue. EYE-BITE, v. a. fasciner, charmer, ensorceler EYE-BALL, s. la prunelle de l'œil. EYE-BRIGHT, s. eufraise, f. (sorte d'herbe.) EYE-BROW, s. le sourcil. EVED, part. adj. ohservé, gardé à Black-eyed, qui a les yeux noirs. Bleareyed, chassieux. EYE-DROP, s. larme, f. pleurs, m. EYE-TLAP, s. une ceilière. EYE-GLANCE, s. ceillade, EYE-GLASS, s. luncties, f. Ever. Ess, s. sans yeux, aveugle, m. & f. EVELET OF EYELET-HOLK, s. ceillet, m. EYE-LID, s. paupière, EYE-SALVE, s. collyre, f. EYE-SHOT, s. vue, f. ceillade, f. EYE-SIGHT, s. vue, f. EYE-SORE, s. mal des yeux, ce qui déplais

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EYE-WITNESS, s. temoin oculaire, m EYRE, s. gruerie, f. Justices in Eyre, juges ambulans, gruyers. EYRY, s. aire, f.

FA. s. (a musical note), fa, m.
FABACEOUS, adj. de fève.
FABLE, s fable, f. apologue, un conte.
FABLE, v. a. & m. feindre, conter, mentir. FABLER, s. fabuliste FABRICATE, v. a. bâtir, construire. FABRICATION, s. fabrique, f. construction, f. FABRICE, v. a. fabriquer, construire, bâtir. FABULATOR, s. fabuliste, m. un romancier. FABULOUS, adj. fabuleux, feint, romanesque. FABULOUSLY, adv. d'une manière fabuleuse. FACE, s. la face, le visage, presence, f. vue, f. état des affaires, m. apparence, f. delors, m. front, m. hardiesse, audace, f. façade, f. FACE, v. a. affronter, envisager, faire face, couvrie, revétir, parer. To face doon or out, soutenir en face; to face about, faire volte-face, faire tête. FACE-PAINTER, s. peintre de portraits, m. FACE-PAINTING, s. l'art de peindre le por-FACET, s. facette, f.

[trait, m.
FACETIOUS, adj. facetieux, plaisant, gai, enjoue, divertisiant. FACETIOUSLY, ad 1. facetieusement. FACETIOUSNESS, s. bouffonnerie, FACILITATE, v. a. facilie, rendre facile or FACILITATE, v. a. faciliter, rendre facile or FACILITY, s. facilité, f. aisance, f. [aisé. FACING, s. parement, m. façade, f. FACING, part. adj. oppose, vis-à-vis. FACTION, s. faction, f. realite, f. FACTION, s. faction, f. parti, m. cabale. FACTIOUS, adj. factieux, seditioux, mutin. FACTIQUELY, adv. en factieux. FACTIOUSNESS, s. esprit de sédition, m. FACTITIOUS, adj. factice, artificiel.
FACTOR, s. facteur, m. agent, m. commis, m. FACTORY, s. factorerie, J. FACTOTUM, s. un factotum, passe-volant, m. FACULTY, s. faculté, f. pouvoir, m. FADDLE, v. a. dorloter, s'amuser à des baga-FADE, v. a. & n. faner, flétrir. [telles. l'ADGE, v. a. convenir, câdrer, s'accorder. FADING, adj. mourant, languissant. FECES, s. pl. sediment, m. lie, f. FAG, v. a. etriller, battre; v. n. se lasser. FAG-END, s. le bout d'une pièce de drap. FAGOT, s. fagot, m. un passe-volant. FAGOT, v. a. garroter, lier ensemble. FAIL, v. n. faillir, manquer, tomber, perir; v. a. abandonner, délaisser. [que, m. Fail, s. méprise, f. faule, f. défaut, m. man-Faillag, s. faule, f. défaut, m. FAILURF, s. faute, f. mauquement, m. FAIR, adj. force, oblige, constraint. FAIR, adv. volontiers, avec plaisir. FAIN, v. n. souhaiter, désirer. [fatigué. FAIRT, adj. languissant, foible, mou, lache, FAIRT, r. n. s'affoiblir, languir, s'evanouir. FAINT-HEARTED, adj. timide, pusillanime. FAINT-HEARTEDLY, adr. lachement. FAINT-HEARTZONESS, s. lâcheté, f crainte,

EYE-STRING, s. fibre de l'œil, m. Eye-tooth, dent œillère, f.

EYE-WATER, s. eau bonne pour les yeux.

EYE-WINK, s. œillade, f. signe, m.

EYE-WINK, s. œillade, f. signe, m. bonnête, sincère, flatteur, blond. FAIR, s. le beau, m. une beauté, une belle. FAIR, adj. avec grace, honnetement, au net FAIR, s. foire, f. marché, m. FAIRING, s. présent de foire, m. le trousseau FAIRING, s. présent de foire, m. le trousseau FAIRING FAIRLY, adv. honnelement, de bonne foi. FAIRNESS, s. beauté, f. honnéteté, f.
FAIRSS, s. beauté, f. honnéteté, f.
FAIRSSPOKEN, adj. doucereux, flatteur.
FAIRY, s. fée, f. nymphe, f. enchanteresse. f.
FAITH, s. foi, f. croyance, f. la doctrine, f.
des dogmes, f. pl. fidélité, f.
FAITH, int. ma foi, par ma foi, sur ma foi !
FAITHFULLY, adv. fidèlement.
FAITHFULLY, adv. fidèlement.
FAITHFULLY MESS. S'Addité f. sinchrité. FAITHFULNESS, s. fidélité, f. sincérité, f. FAITHLESS, adj. incrédule, mécréant. FAITHLESSNESS, s. incrédulité, f. infidéfité, f. FALCATED, adj. courbé en forme de faucille. FALCHION, FAULCHION, s. coutelas recourté. FALCON, s. un faucon, un fauconneau. FALCONER, s. fauconnier, m FALCONRY, s. fauconnerie, f. FALL, v. n. tomber, s'abattre, devenir, decheoir, diminuer, s'abaisser, baisser, se mettre à, commencer à ; to fall again, re-tomber; to fall agay, décheoir, diminuer, maigrir, abandonner, décliser, déperir; to fall back, se retracter, reculer; to fall down, tomber, descendre, se jeter, se prosterner; to fall from abandonner, renoncer à ; to fall in, se rapporter, s'accorder, tomber à, or en or entre, s'enfoncer ; to fall into, tomber en or entre or dans; donner dans; to fall off, périr, cesser, abandonner, se dédire, tomber de; to full on, commencer; to full over, s'en aller, deserter; to fall out, arriver, survenir, rompre, se brouiller, tomber de ; to fall short, manquer, ne pas répondre, être frustré, trompé; to fall to, se mettre à, s'appliquer à ; to full under, être sujet à, devenir l'objet de. être compté pour ; lo fall upon, se jeter sur, assaillir, entrer dans.

FALL, v. d. laisser tomber, baisser, diminuer.

FALL, s. chûte, f. ruine, f. perie, f.

[f.
FALL or DOWNFALL, s. decadence, f. ruine, FALLACIOUS, adj. captieux, artificieux. FALLACIOUSLY, adr. d'une manière cap-FALLACY, s. surprise, f. déguisement FALLIBILITY, s. incertitude, f. faillibilité, f. FALLIBLE, adj. sujet à l'erreur. FALLING, s. chûte, f.; adj. prêt à tomber. FALLING AWAY, s. décadence, f. FALLING 1W, s. enfoncement, m. [gence, FALLING OUT, s. brouillerie, FALLING SICKNESS, s. epilepsie, f. FALLOW, adj. fauve, tirant sur le roux. FALLOW, adj. & s. terre en friche. FALLOW, n. a. labourer pour la première fois. FALLOWNESS, s. stérilité, f.
FALSE, adj. faux, fausse, feint, forgé, contre fait, falsifié, perfide, infidèle, déloyal. FALSE-BRAYS, s. fausse-braie, FALSE-CLAIM, s. un titre à faux. [perfidie,] FALSE-HOOD, s. fausseté, f. mensonge, m FALSELY, adv. faussement, à faux. FALSENESS, s. fausseté, f. perfidie, f. FALSIFIABLE, adj. que l'on peut falsifier. FALSIFICATION, s. falsification, f.

FALSIFIER, s. faussaire, falsificateur, men- | FARZWELL, adv. adieu, portez-vous bien. FALSIFY, v. a. falsifier, contrefaire, rompre. FALSITY, s. faussete, f. erreur, f.
FALTER, v. n. begayer, bredouiller, vaciller.
FALTERING, s. bredouillement, m. meprise, f. FALTERINGLY, adv. en begayant, en hesi-FAMBLE, v. n. bégayer, hésiter en parlant. FAMBLE, n. n. Degayer, Bestier en pariant.
FAME, a. réputation, f. renommée, f. renom,
qn. gloire, f. célébrié, f.
FAMED, adj. renommé, célèbre, illustre.
FAMELESS, adj. sans réputation, ignoble.
FAMILIAR, adj. familiar, ordinaire, aisé.
FAMILIAR, s. un ami imime, un lutin.
FAMILIARITY, s. familiarité, f. habitude, f.
FAMILIARIZE, p. a. Gamiliaritér. FAMILIARIZE, r. a. familiariser. FAMILIARLY, adv. familièrement, librement, sans façon. FAMILY, s. famille, f race, f. classe, f. FAMINE, s. famine, f. disette de vivres, f. FAMISH, v. a. & n. affamer, être affame. FAMOUS, adj. fameux, renommé, célèbre. FAMOUSLY, adv. avec célébrité, avec éclat. FAMOUSLY, s. célébrité, f. renom, m. FAN, s. un éventail, un écran, un van. FAN, v. a. vaner, éventer. FANATICAL, adj. fanatique, de visionnaire. FANATICISM, s. fanatisme, m. enthousiasme, FANATICES, s. tanadistic, in controlled in fanatique.

[m. FANCIPUL, adj. in fanatique fantasque.

FANCIPULLY, adv. par fantaisie, par caprice. FANCIFULNESS, s. caprice, m. boutade, f. FANCY, s. imagination, pensée, f. idée, f. vision, f. illusion, f. caprice, m. goût, m. inclination, f. plaisir, m. affection, f. FANCY-SICK, adj. malade inaginaire.

FANCY, s. as'imaginer, croire; penser, aimer.

FANEARON, s. fanfaron, un vanteur.

FANEARON, s. fanfaron, un vanteur.

FANEARON, DE S. Fanfaron, de f. FANFARONADE, s. fanfaronade, f. FANG, s. griffe, f. defenses, f. pl. FANG, v. a. saisir, empoigner, prendre avec FANGED, udj. armé de defenses. [les griffes. FANGLE, s. invention, f. essai, m. projet, m. New-fangles, des nouveautés, de nouveaux FANGLED, adj. imaginé, forgé. [systèmes. FANGLED, adj. imagine, forgé. [systèmes. FANGLESS, adj. sans dents, sans défenses. FANNEL, s. fauon, m. manipule, m. FANNER, s. vaneur, m. FANTASM OF PHANTASM, s. fautôme, m. spectre, m. apparition.
FARTASIED, adj. plein de faintaisie. [tique. FARTASTICAL, FARTASTICK, adj. fantas-FARTASTICALLY, adv. par fantaisie, par caprice.

FANTASTICALNESS, s. fantaisie, f. caprice, m.

FANTAST, s. idde, f. fantaisie, f. caprice, m.

FAR, adv. loin, bien loin, au loin, fort. So fer, si loin, jusques-là. How far, combien, jusqu'où, jusqu'à quel point. Thus far, jusqu'iei. By far, de beaucoup. Fur and mar, far and wide, par-tout, de tous côtès.

Fur better, beaucoup meilleur.

Far add bhismb, étranser distant. FAR, adj. éloigné, étranger, distant. FAR-FETCH, e. un stratageme, fin or ruse. FARCE, s. farce, f. fatras, m.; v. a. farcir. FARCY, s. (the leprosy of horses) farcin, m. FARDEL, s. paquet, w. sac de mit, m.

FARDINGDALE, s. vertugadin, m. panier, m. FARDING-DEAL or FARUNDEL, un quart

FARE, v. n. aller, arriver, se nourrir. FARE, s voiture, f. passage, m. chere, f. ZZ

d'arpent.

FAREWELL, s. conge, m. adieu, m. FARINACEOUS, adj. farineux. FARM, s. ferme. f. metairie, f. FARM, s. terme. f. metaire, f. FARM, v. a. prendre à ferme, affermer.
FARMER, s. fermier, m. cultivateur, m.
FARMOST, adj. superl. of far, le plus éloigné.
FARNAGINOUS, adj. composé de différens
FARRAGO, s. un pot-pourti. [unatériaux.
FARRIER, s. maréchal, m. maréchal ferrant.
FARRIER, s. un pot-pourti. [chaps.] FARROW, s. un petic rochon. FARROW, v. n. cochouner, faire de petits co-FARSANG, s. farasange, f 3 milles de perse. FART, s. un pet; v. n. peter, fair un pet. FARTER, s. un peteur. FARTHEL, v. a. carguer, heuricr. FARTHER, adv. & conj. plus loin, de plus. FARTHER, adj. ultérieur, plus éloigue. FARTHER, v. a. avancer, encourager. FARTHERANCE, s. encouragement. FARTHERMORE, adv. de pius, en outre. FARTHEST, adv. & adj. le plus éloigné. FARTHING, e. un liard d'Angleterre. FARTHINGALE, s. vertugadin, m. panier, m. FARTHINGSWORTH, s. pour un hard, m. FASCEE, s. pl. faisceaux, m. [cordon. FASCIA, s. bandage, m. bandelette, f. un FASCINATE, v. a. & n. fasciner, enchanter. FASCINATION, s. sortilège, m. charme, m. FASCINE, s. fascine, f. fagot, m. FASCINOUS, adj. ensorcelant. FASHION, v. façon, f. manière, f. sorte, f. coutume, f. mode, f. forme, f. figure, f. FASHION, v. a. donner la forme, former, figure FASHIONABLE, adj. à la mode. FASHIONABLENESS, s. mode, f. élegance, f. propreté, f. FASHIONABLY, adv. à la mode. FASHIONER, FASHIONIST, s. un rechercheur de nouvelles modes, un petit maître. FAST, v. n. jeûner, s'abstenir de manger. FAST, s. jeûne, m. amarre, f. FAST-DAY, s. jour de jeûne, m. FAST, adj. fermé, stable, immobile, fort, serré. FAST, adv. ferme, près, promptement. FASTEN, v.a. & n. attacher, lier, fermer, joindre, s'attacher, rester ; to fasten in, ficher, enfoncer ; to fasten upon, fixer sur, charger, imputer, s'emparer, obliger.

FASTENER, s. celui qui attache quelque FASTER, s. jeuneur, m. qui jeune. FASTER, adj. comparat. of Fast, which see. FAST-HANDED, adj. avare, avaricieux.
FASTIDIOSITY, e. dédain, m. mépris, m.
FASTIDIOUS, adj. dédaigneux, méprisant.
FASTIDIOUSLY, adv. fastidieusement. FASTING, s. jeune, m.; ado. à jeun.
FASTING, s. jeune, m.; ado. à jeun.
FASTINESS, s. fermeté, f. sureté, f. fort, m.
FAT, adi, gras, qui a de la graisse.
FAT, s. le gras, la graisse.
FAT or VAT, s. une cuve, un cuvier. FAT, v. a. & n. engraisser, s'engraiss FATAL, adj. fatal, funeste, inévitable. FATALIST, s. fataliste, m. FATALITY, s. fatalité, f. destin, m. destince, f. FATELLY, odv. fatalement, par fatalité.
FATE, s. destin, m. destinée, f. fatalité, f.
The fates, les parques, f. [prédestiné.
FATED, adj. ordonné par le destin, destiné. FATHER, s. père, m.; v. a. adopter, attribu-FATHER-IN-LAW, s. beau-père, m. [et. FATHERHOOD, s. paternite, f.

FATHERLESS, adj. sans père, esphelin, or- || FEATHER-FOOTED, adj. patte, qui a des FATHERLINESS, s. amour paternel. FATHERLINESS, s. amour paternel: FATHERLY, adj. paternel: adv. en père. FATHOM, v. a. sonder, approfondir. FATHOMLESS, adj. sams tond, impénétrable. FATHOLLL, adj. prophétique. FATHOLL, s. falique, f. lassitude, f. travail, sa. FATIGUE, FATIGATE, v. a. fatiguer, lasser. FATLING, s. un animal qu'on engraisse pour FATRER, s. celui que engraisse. FATTEN, v. a. & n. engraisser, s'engraisser. FATTENIEG, s. l'action d'engraisser, engrais, FATTI Rails, Fraction of engraisser, engrais, FATTI, adj. gras, oucuseux. [m. FATUOUS, adj. stupide, imbécile. [f. FATUITT, s. stupidité, f imbécilité, f. sotuse, FAUCET, s. faucet, m. canule, f. FAUCHOM, s. fauchon, m. sabre recourbé. FAULCOM, FAULCOMER, see Falcon, Falconauchomer, see Falconauch FAULT, s. faute, f. erreur, f. FAULTER, s. un coupable, un offenseur. FAULT-FINDER, s. couseur, m. critique, m. FAULTILY, adv. par méprise, à tort, mal. FAULTILY, adv. par méprise, à tort, mal. FAULTILESS, s. faute, f. vice, m. offence, f. FAULTILESS, adj. sans faute, sans défaut. FAULTY, adj. coupable, vicieux, défectueux. FAUSEN, e. une grande anguille. FAUTOR, s. fauteur, m. patron, m. partison, FAVOUR, v. a. favoriser, soutenir, approuver. FAVOUR, s. favour, f. grâce, f. bienfait, m. crédit, m. affection, f. amour, m. bienveillance, f. permission, f. su nœud de rubans, livrée, f. l'air du visage, m. FAVOURABLE, adj. favorable, bon, propice.
FAVOURABLENESS, s. bonte, f. favour, f.
FAVOURABLY, adv. favorablement. Wellfavoured, bien fait, agréable. FAVOURER, s. partisan, m. fautour. FAVOURITE, s. un favori, une favorite FAWH, s. faon, m. ; v. a. faonner, flatter. FAWNER, s. flatteur, m. cajoleur, m. FAWNING, s. flatterie, f. caresse, f. FAWNINGLY, adv. servikiment, bassement. FAY, s. une see, une sorcière; v. a. joindre. FEAGUE, v. a. souetter, donner les étrivières. FEALT, s. foi et honsmage, f. m.
FEAR, s. crainte, f. peur, f. frayeur, f. For
FEAR, adv. de crainte, de peur.
FEAR, v. a. & m. craindre, appréhender. FEARFUL, adj. craintif, peureux, timide, terrible, épouvantable. FEARFULLY, adv. horriblement, terrible-FEARFULNESS, s. timidité, f. crainte, f. FEARING, s. crainte, f. FEARLESSIT, adv. sans crainte, hardiment.
FEARLESSITS, adj. intrépidité, f. hardiesse, f.
FEARLESSITS, adj. intrépide, hardi, sans crainte.
FEASIBLLITY, e. possibilité, f.
FEASIBLL, adj. faisable, praticable. FRASIBLY, adv. d'une manière faisable. FRASIBLY, adv. d'une manière faisable. FRAST, s. festin, m. fète, f-régal, m. FRAST, v. s. & a. faire bonne chère, se régaler, regaler, fêter, traiter.

FRASTER, s. qui fait ou qui aime des festins.

FRASTING, s. festine, m. pl. régal, m. FEASTING-PENNY, s. denier à Dieu, m. FEAT, s. fait, m. action, f. exploit, m. FEAT, adj. leste, propre, gentil, étrange.
FEATHER, s. plume d'oiseau, f. A feather-bed, in lit de plumes. Down-feathers, duvet. A plume of feathers, un plumet. Fea-ther room, plumail, m. FEATHER, v. a. garnir, orner de plumes.

plumes aux pieds. FEATHERLESS, adj. sans plumes, plumé. FEATHER-SELLER, s. plumassier, m. FEATHERY, adj. couvert de plumes. FEATURE, s. figure, f. visage, f. trait, m. FEATURE, v. g. ressembler de visage. FEAZE, v. a. & n. défiler, décorder. FEBRIFUGE, s. & adj. sébrifuge, m. FEBRILE, adj. qui caractérise la sièvre. FEBRUARY, s. sevrier, m. FECULENCE and FECULENCY, s. sediment, m. FECULENT, adj. fecal, bourbeux, sale, de-FECUND, adj. fecond, fertile. [goûtant. FECUNDATION, s. l'action de rendré fécond. FECUNDITY, s. fecondité, f. fertilité, f. FEDERAL, adj. qui a rapport à une ligue. FEDERATE, adj. confédéré, ligué, associé. FEE, s. fief servant, fief, seigneurie, f. Fee-absolute or Fee-simple, fief absolu. Feetail, fief mouvant. FEE-FARM, s. cense, f. fief à perpétuité. FEE or FEEs, s. droit, 24. salaire, 24. FEE, v. a. payer, recompenser, corrompre par argent, graisser la patte, louer.
FEEDLE, adj. foible, languissant, debile.
FEEDLEN, adv. foiblement, sans force. FEED, v. a. & n. nourrir, paltre, repaître, entretenir, contenter, satisfaire, se nourrir. FEED, s. nourriture, f. pâture, f. FEEDER, s. nourricier, m. mangeur, s FREDING, s. nourriture, f. pâture, f.
FEEL, v. n. & a. sentir, ressentir, ûter.
FEELER, s. celui qui sent, les antennes des FEELINGLY, adv. sensiblement. [insectes, /. FEIGN, v. a. & n. feindre, inventer, dissi-muler, faire semblant, en imposer. FEIGNEDLY, adv. avec feinte. FEIGNER, s. inventeur, m. dissimulateur, m. FEIRT, s. feinte, f. dissimulation, f. FELICITATE, v. a. rendre beurenx, féliciter. FELICITATION, s. felicitation, f. FELICITY, s. felicité, f. bonheur, m. FELINE, adj. de chat. FELL, adj. cruel, barbare, sanguinaire, sanvage, farouche. FELL, s. peau, m. fourrure, f. rais,m FELL, v. a. abattre, terrasser, jeter à terre.

A fellable tree, arbre bon à couper. FELLER, s. un bucheron. ment, m. FELLING, s. abattis, m. coupe, f. abattre-FELLMONGER, s. pelletier, m. FELL-WORT, s. (a plant) gentiane, f. FELLNESS, s. cruaute, f. inhumanite, f. FELLOE or FELLY, s. jante, (d'une roue, f.)
FELLOW, s. compagnon, m. camarade, m.
associe, m. égal, m. pareil, m. agrégé d'un collège, m. boursier, m. FELLOW, v. a. assortir, appareiller. FELLOW-COMMONER, s. semblable, m. egal, FELLOW-FEELING, s. sympathie, f. FELLOW-HEIR, s. coheritier, m. [teur, m. FELLOW-HELPER, s. coadjuteur, m. coopéra-FELLOW-LABOURER, s. collaborateur, m.
FELLOWSHIP, s. societé, f. compagnie, f. association, f. communion, f. bourse de collège, f. FELLOW-STUDENT, s. condisciple, m. LELLOW-SUBJECT, s. sujet du même prince Fullow-sufferer, s. compagnon de dis-grace. A young fellow, un jeune éveille.

An old fellow, un vieux penard. A sorry Fertileness, Fertility, s. fertilité, f. fellow, un pauvre homme, un gredin. A Fertilitate, Fertilitze, v. a. fertilite fellow, un pauvre homme, un gredin. saucy fellow, un impudent, un insolent.
naughty fellow, un mechant garnement. FELLY-MINDED, adj. cruel, sanguinaire. FELLY, s. jante de roue. f. [suicide, m. FELO-DE-SE, s. meurtrier de soi-même, m. FELON, s. felon, sa. criminel, m. [cruel. FELON, FELONIOUS, adj. mechant, perfide, FELONIOUSLY, adr. en traitre, perfidement. FELONY s. felonie, f. crime capital.

FELT, s. feutre, m. bourre, f.; v. a. feutrer. FELT-MAKER, s. chapelier, m. FELUCCA, s. felouque, f.
FEMALE, s. & adj. femelle, f. féminin, m. FEME-COVERT, s. une femme mariée. FEME-SOLE, s. femme libre, qui n'est pas mariée. FEMININE, adj. féminin, effeminé FEMORAL, adj. qui appartient à la cuisse. FEN, s. marais, m. marecage, m FENCE, s. repart, m. surete, f. désence, boulevard, m. retrauchement, m. palissade, f. cloture, f. baie, f. FENCE, v. a. clorre de baie, enclorre, fortifier, retrancher; v. n. faire des armei FENCER, s. mattre d'armes, m. une personne qui tire des armes. FENCELESS, adj. ouvert, sans clôture. FENCIBLE, adj. capable de défence. FENCING, s. l'action d'enclorre, de retran-cher, de faire des armes. FENCING-MASTER, s. maître en fait d'armes FEND, v. a. parer, détourner, écarter. FENDER, s. garde-feu, m. garde-cendres, m. FENDER, s. (a plant) fenous, m. FENNISH OF FENNY, adj. marecageux. FENUGREER, s. (a plant) fenégré, m. FEODAL, aoj. féodal, tenu d'un autre. FEODARY, s. feudataire, m. vassal, m. FROFF, v. a. donner l'investiture. FEOFFEE, s. donataire, m. fidéi-commissaire, FEOFFERT, s. celui qui met en possession. FEOFFERT, s. denation, f. infeodation, f. Feoffment in trust, fidei-commis, m. FERINE, adj. feroce, sauvage, farouche FERINESS and FERITY, s. cruante, f. fero-FERMENT, v. a. & n. mettre en fermentation, fermenter. FERMENT, s. ferment, m. fermentation, f. FERMENTABLE, adj. capable de fermenta-FERMENTAL, FERMENTATIVE, adj. fermentatif. FERMENTATION, s. fermentation, f. FERN, s. (a plant) fougère, f. FERET, adj. plein or couvert de fougère. FERRY, asy, pien or convert de rougere. FEROCIOUS, adj. féroce, sauvage, farouche. FERREUS, adj. de fer, ferrugineux. FERREUS, adj. de fer, ferrugineux. FERREU, s. firet, m. fleuret, m. floselle, f. FERRET, v. a. fureter, tourmenter. FERRIAGE, e. passage, m. (dans un bace) FERRUGINOUS, adf. ferrugineux. FERRULE, s. corcle de fer, m. virole, f. fer, m. FERRY, v. a. & n. passer dans un bac. FERRY, s. l'endroit où l'on passe l'eau dans un bac. FERRY-BOAT, s. bac, m. un bachot. FERTILE, adj. fertile, abondant, fecond. FERTILELY, adv. fertilement, abondamment. FIDUCIAL, adj. assure, plein de confiance

FERULA, s. ferule, f. FERVENCY, s. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. zèle, m. FERVENT, adj. erdeut, chaud, violent. FERVENTLY, adv. avec ferveur, ardenment. FERVID, adj. chaud, ardent, vénément. FERVIDITY, FERVIDNESS, s. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. FERVOUR, s. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. zèle, m. FESCUE, s. touche, f. fourer. PRISONE, S. GORGES, J. (pures. FESTER, v. m. se corrowspre, apostumer, sup FESTERING, s. suppuration, f. FESTINATION, s. hale, f. precipitation, f. FESTINATION, s. hale, f. precipitation, f. FESTINATION, adj. de fète; s. féte, f. jour de FESTIVET, s. fête, f. réjouissance, f. FESTINITY, s. fête, f. réjouissance, f. FESTINITY, s. fête, m. suivigande f. FESTOON, s. festoon, m. guirlande, f. FETCH, v. a. aller querir or chercher, faire venir, apporter; to fetch a walk, faire the promenade; to fetch a compass or circuit, prendre un détour; to fetch one's breath, pen-dre haleine, respirer; to fetch a long, faire un saut; to fetch a sigh, pousser un soupir, sou-pirer; to fetch a blow, porter un coup; to fetch pirer; to fetch a tools, porcurer de l'argent, avoir son prix: to fetch anony, emmener, emporter; to fetch down, faire descendre, auto-porter; to fetch down, faire descendre, auto-porter; to fetch foundation, faire entrer; to fetch off, over, birer, enlever; to fetch over, tromper, duper, attra-per; to fetch out, faire sortir; to fetch up, atteindre, rattraper. FETCH, s. finesse, f. subtilité, f. artifice, m. FETID, adj. qui sent mauvais, fetide. PETIDNESS, s. puanteur, f. odeur fetide. FETLOCK, s. fauon, m. FETTER, v. a. mettre dans les fers, enchaîner. FETTERS, s. pl. fers, m. esclavage, m. FETUS, FŒTUS, s. fetus, embryon, m. FEUD, s. discorde, f. inimité, f. haine, f FEUDAL, adj. féodal; s. fief, m. FEUDATORY, s. feudataire, m. FEUILLAGE, s. feuillage, m. FEVER, s. fièvre, f.; v. a. donier la fièvre. FEVERFEW, s. matricaire, f. sorte d'herbe. FEVERSH, FEVEROUS, FEVERY, adj. & FEW, pron. adj. peu; s. peu, m. (Vreux FEW, pron. adj. peu; s. peu, m. [Vreux FEWEL, s. chauffage, m. matières combusti FEWEL, v. a. entretenir le feu. FEWER, the comparat. of Few, moins. FEWNESS, s. petit nombre, peu, m.
FIANTS, s. pl. fiente, f. (de bêtes fauves.)
FIB, s. mensonge, m. fausseté, f. bourde, f. FIB, v. n. menur, dire un mensonge. FIBBER, s. menteur, menteuse. FIBRE, s. fibre, m FIBRIL, s. fibrille, f. FIBROUS, adj. fibreux, fibrillaire. FICKLE, adj. voluge, changeant, incometant FICKLENESS, s. legèreté, f. inconstance, f. FICKLY, adv. d'une manière inconstante. FICTION, s. fiction, f. fable, f. conte, f. FICTITIOUS, adj. fabulenx, forge, controuvé FICTITIOUSLY, adv. faussement.
FIDDLE, s. violon, m.; v. n. jouer du violon FIDDLE-FADDLE, s. bagatelle, f. fadaise, f. FIDDLER, s. un joueur de violon. FIDDLE-STRIES, s. archet, m. bagatelle, f.
FIDDLE-STRING, s. corde de violon, f.
FIDDLING, adj. frivole, sot, remnant.
FIDELITY, s. fidelité, f. véracite, f.
FIDER and FIDERT, v. n. frétiller, s'agree.

FIDUCIANY, s. fidéi-commissaire, ss. : adj. | FILLET, s. bande, f. tresse, f. filet, ss. une confé. | estragale, une fusée, un chapelet. PIEF, s. fief, m. domaine noble.

FIELD, s. champ, m. prairie, f. pré, m. campagne, channp de bataille. A fruitful field, carrière, f. étendue, f. matier vaste, plaine, f. place, f. Field-battle, bataille rangée. FIELD-BED, s. une lit de gazon, lit de camp. FIELD-MARSHAL, s. lieutenant-général. FIELD-MOUSE, s. mulet, m FIELD-OFFICER, s. officier de l'état-major. FIELD-PIECE, s. pièce de campagne, f. Fiend, s. un ennemi, une furie, un démon. FIERCE, adj. sauvage, féroce, farouche, véhément, impôtueux, violent, rude FIERCELY, adv. furieusement, avec furie. FIERCHES, s. ferocité, f. volence, f. FIERCHESS, s. chalcur, f. fougue, f. FIERL, adf. igné, enflammé, ardent. FIFE, s. (a wind instrument) fifre, m. FIFTER, adj. quinze. [zième denier. FIFTERTH, adj. & s. quinzième, le quin-FIFTH, adj. & s. cinquième, m. quinte, f. (en musique.) Fifthly, adv. cinquièmement FIFTIETH, adj. & s. cinquantième, m. FIFTY, adj. cinquante. [figu FIG, s. figue, f. une bagatelle. Fi FIG, s. fic, w. (metadie.) FIG, s. n. insulter, embarrasser, roder. figuier, m. Fig-tree, FIGHT, v. n. & a. se battre, combattre. To fight it out, se battre à outrance, vider un différend par le combat. FIGHT, s. combat, m. bataille, f. mélée, f. FIGHTER, s. guerrier, m. ferrailleur, m. PIGHTING, part. adj. combattant, soldat. FIGHERT, s. fiction, f. invention, f. fable, f. FIGPERER, s. (a bird) bec figue, m. FIGURARIE, adj. capable de recovoir une forme, f. [figures. FIGURAL, adj. figure, représente par des FIGURATE, adj. figure, qui a une certaine forme. FIGURATION, s. configuration, f. FIGURATIVE, adj. figure, figuratif. FIGURATIVELY, adv. figurement.
FIGURE, s. figure, f. taile-douce, f. statue, f.
personnage, m. chiffre, m.
FIGURE, v. a. figurer, façonner, imaginer. FIGWORT, s. (a sort of herb) scrofulaire, f. FILACEOUS, adj. compose de fils. FILACER, s. sorte d'officier dans la cour des plaidoyers communs. FILAMENT, s. fiament, m FILANDERS, s. filandres, f FILBERT, s. aveline, f. noisette, f. FILBERT-TREE, s. un noisetier, m. coudrier, FILCH, v. a. filouter, escamoter. FILCHER, s. un filou, un petit voleur. FILE, s. fil, m. liasse, file, f. rangée, f. lime, FILE, v. a. enfiler, limer. FILE-DUST, FILINGS, s. pl. limaile, f.
FILE-OFF, v. n. marcher à la file, filer, défiler.
FILER, s. limeur, m.
FILIALLY, adj. filial, de fils.
FILIALLY, adv. filialement. FILIATION, s. filiation, f. FILIPENDULA, s. filipendule, f.
FILL, v. a. emplir, remplir, satisfaire, accomplir, farcir; to fill out, verser à boire; to fill up, remplir tout-a-fait, combler, employer; v. m. s'emplir, se remplir.

FILL, s. suffisance, f. contentement, m.
FILLER, s. celui qui remplit, limonier, m.

FILLET, r. a. lier avec une bande, orner. FILLING, adj. rassasiant. FILLIP, s. chiquenaude, f; r. a. donner tene chiquenaude. FILLY, s. un poulain, une pouliche. Film, s. tunique, f. membrane, f. The film of the brain, le periorane.

Filmy, adj. membraneux, composé de membranes FILOSELLA, s. filoselle, f. grusse soie. FILTER, v. a. filtrer; s. couloir, m. FILTH, s. ordure, f. saleté, f. impureté, f. FILTHILY, adv. salement, vilainement. FILTHINESS, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. FILTHY, adj. sale, vilam, impur, obscene. FILTRATE, v. a. filtrer, passer FILTRATION, s. filtration, f. l'action de filtrer. FIN, s. nageoire de poisson, f. ailerou, m. FINABLE, edj. amendable. FINAL, adj. final, qui termine, décisif. FIRALLY, adv. enfin, finalement. FINANCE, s. finance, f. trésor public, m. FINANCER and FINANCIER, s. financier, w. FINARY, s. fonderie, f. FIND, v. a. trouver, rencontrer, découvrir, inventer, imaginer, voir, sentir, reconnoître, conjecturer, donner, fournir, approuver, recevoir. FINDER, s. celui qui trouve, qui découvre. FINDFAULT, s. critique, m. censeur, m. FINE, adj. beau, bel, belle, bien fait, fin, subtil, raffinė, propre, dėlicat, adroit, par-fait, accompli, ėlėgant, brave. Fixe, s. amende, f. forfaiture, f. transport, m. In fine, adv. enfin FINE, v. a. affiner, raffiner, mettre à l'amende; v. n. payer l'amende. FINE-DRAW, v. a. rentraire. FINE-DRAWER, s. rentrayeur, rentrayeuse. FINELY, adv. bien, fort bien, de la belle ma FINENESS, s. beaute, f. finesse, f. FINER, s. affineur, m. FINERY, s. ornement, m. ajustement, m. FINESSE, s. stratagème, m. finesse, f. FINEW, s. moisissure, f. chancissure, f. FINGER, s. doigt, m. ; v. a. toucher, manier. FINGERING, s. maniement, doigté, m. FINGER-STALL, s. poupée, f. FINICAL, adj. affété, précieux, fat. FINICALLY, adv. avec affeterie. FINICALNESS, s. affeterie, f. fatuite, f. ton [precieux, m. Finis, s. la fin. FINISH, v. a. finir, terminer, achever, accomplir, persectionner, mettre la dernière main. FINISHER, s. executeur, m. FINISHER, s. executeur, m.
FINISHER, s. executeur, m.
FINISHER, s. exception plissement, m.
FINITE, adj. fini, borné, limité, terminé.
FINITELESS, adj. sans fin, illimité, infini.
FINITELE, adv. jusqu'à un certain point.
FINITENESS, FINITUDE, s. limites, f. pl. FINNY, adj. qui a des nageoires. [m. FIR or FIR-TREE, s. sapin, m. bois de sapin, Fine S. Seu, m. flamme, f. incendie, m. St.
Authony's fire, érésipele, f. St. Heten's or
Hermes's fire, feu S. Elme. FIRE, v. a. & n. mettre le seu, enflammer, embraser, tirer, faire feu, prendre feu s'enflammer. FIRE-ARMS, s. armes à feu, f. FIRE-BALL, s. boule à seu, f. grenade, f. FIREBRAND, s. tison, m. boute-seu, r. in cendiaire, m.

FIREDRAKE, s. dragon-volant, m. FIREFORK, s. un fourgon. FIREKILN, s. un fourneau. FIRELOCK, s. fusil, m. arquebuse, f. carabine, FIREMAN, s. homine chargé d'éteindre le feu. FIREREW, adj. battant-neuf. FIREPAR, s. rechaud, m. le bassinet d'un fusil. FIRER, s. boute-feu, m. incendiaire, m. FIRE-ROOM, s. chambre à feu, f. FIRE-SHIP, s. brûlot, m. FIRE-STONE, s. pyrite, m. sorte de fossile. FIRE-WOOD, s. bois de chauffage, m. FIRE-WORK, s. feu d'artifice, m.
FIRING, s. chauffage, m.
FIRK, v. a. frapper, battre, châtier. FIRRIN, s. un quart de barrique.
FIRM, adj. ferme, constant, assuré.
FIRM, s. raison, f. société, f. preneur, m.
FIRM, v. a. établir, rendre stable, fixer. FIRMAMENT, s. le firmament, le ciel. FIRMLY, adv. fermement, constamment. FIRMNESS, s. fermeté, f. stabilité, f. FIRST, adj. premier, unième, le plus ancien. FIRST, adv. premièrement. At first, d'abord. au commencement. First or last, tôt ou tard. irst begot of First-begotten, s. l'ainé, FIRST-COUSIN, s. cousin-germain, m. FIRST-FRUITS, s. pl. premices, f. pl. FIRSTLING, adj. & s. premier-ne, m. FISCAL, adj. & s. le fisc, fiscal. Fish, s. poisson, m. fiche, f. (aux cartes.) shell-fish, un poisson à coquille. FisH, r. a. & n. pêcher. FIBH-BONE, s. arête, f. FISH-BAY, s. jour-maigre, m.
FISH-BAY, s. per-maigre, m.
FISHERY, s. pèche, f. la pècherie. Fish-hook, s. hameçon, m. Fishing, s. l'action de pêcher, pêche, f. FISH-KETTLE or FISH-PAN, s. poissonnière FISH-MARKET, s. poissonnerie, f. FISH-MONGER, s. poissonnier, m. FISH-POND, s. un étang, un vivier. Fishy, adj. poissonneux, de poisson. FISSURE, s. une fente, une ouverture.

FISSURE, s. une fente, une ouverture.

FIST, s. le poing; v. n. frapper avec le poing. Club-fisted, qui a de gros poings.

FISTICUFFS, s. coups de poing, m. pl.

FISTIRULA, s. fistule, f.

[tachier, m. FISTULAR, FISTULOUS, adj. creux, fistu-Fit, s. accès, m. transport, m. attaque, f. humeur. f. caprice, m. boutade, f.

Fit, adj. propre, capable, en état de, convenable, décent, à propos, bon, juste. Fit, r. a. & n. préparer, accommoder, convenir, assortir; to fit out, fournir, equiper, armer; to fit up, ajuster, preparer.

FITCH, s. vesce, f. Wild-fitch, vesseron, m. FICHAT OF FITCHEW, s. un chasouin, fouine, f. FITFUL, adj. qui vient par accès, fantasque. FITFUL, adv. à propos, convenablement. FITFESS, s. propriété, f. convenance, f. FITTER, s. celui qui prépare, lambeau, m. FITTIRO, adj. convenable, à propos, juste. FIVE, adj. cinq. FIVE-FOOT, s. (the star-fish) étoile, FIVE-LEAVED, adj. qui a cinq feuilles. FIX, v. a. & n. arrêter, s'établir. FIXATION, s. fixation, f. stabilité, f. *
FIXED, part. adj. fixé, déterminé.

FIXEDLY, adv. d'une manière fixé, fixen ent. FIXEDRES, s. fixation, f. stabilité, f.
FIXEDRES, v. fixité, f.
FIXEDRES, s. tout ce qui tient à clou et à che-Fizgia, s. sorte de harpon, foine, f. Fizzle, s. vesse, f.; v. a. vesser, lâcher une FIZZLER, s. vesseur, vesseusc. FIZZLING, s. l'action de vesser, vesse, f. FLACIDITY, s. retain or vesser, vesse, f. FLAEBY, adj. mou, mollasse, flasque. FLACCID, adj. foible, languissant, lache. FLACCIDITY, s. relachement, ss. foiblesse, f. FLAG, v. n. & a. baisser, devenir foible FLAG, s. glaieul, m. flambe, f. un balai de FLAG-OFFICER, s. chef d'escadre, m. [jonc. FLAG-SHIP, s. amiral, m. pavillon, m. FLAGELET, s. flageolet, m FLAGELLATION, s. flagellation, f. FLAGGINESS, s. défaut de tension, foiblesse, f. FLAGGY, adj. mou, flasque, pendant. FLAGITIOUS, adj. mechant, vicieux, atroce... FLAGITIOUSNESS, s. méchanceté, j FLAGUN, s. flacon, m. pot, m. carafe, f. FLAGRANCY, s. embrassement, m. feu, m. FLAGRANT, adj. ardent, enflamme, insigne. FLAIL, a fleau, m. FLAKE, s. flocon, m. bluette, f. étincelle, f. glacon, m. FLAKE, r. a. se peler, s'exfolier. FLAKE, adj. qui est par feuilles, par couches. FLAM, s. conte, m. fable, f. feinte, f. FLAM, v. n. tromper avec un mensonge. FLAMBEAU, s. flambeau, m. torche, FLAME, s. flamme, f. feu, m. ardeur, f. FLAME, v. n. flamber, s'embraser. FLAMEN, s. flamine, m. un prêtre. FLAMY or FLAMING, adj. ardent, enflamme. FLANK, s. flanc, m. coté, m. FLANK, v. a. prendre en flanc, flanquer. FLARNEL, s. flanelle, f. or molleton, m. FLAP, s. pan, m. d'une robe, d'une table, &c. coup, m. tape, f.; flap of the ear, l'oreille exterieure, f.; flap of a shoe, les oreilles du soulier, f.pl.; flap of the throat, l'epigiotte, f. The fore-flap, le devant. The hind-flap, le derrière. A fly flap, émountaine choir or chasse-mouches, m. pl. FLAP, v.a. & n. frapper, baisser, s'abattre. FLARE, r. n. éblouir, briller d'un éclat passager. FLARING, adj. éblouissant, éclatant. FLASH, s. flamme subite, éclat de lumière, m. impétuosité, f.; flash of lightning, éclair, m.; flash of the eye, un coup d'œil, une œillade; flash of wit, une saille, un trait d'esprit; flash of water, éclaboussure, f. réjaillissement d'eau, m. FLASH, v. n. reluire, éclater, rejaillir. FLASHING, s. cclat, m. élan de clarte, m.; flashing of water, rejaillissement, m. FLASHY, adj. superficiel, subit, insipide. FLASK, s. une bouteille à vin, un fourniment, une boite à poudre, flasque, m. FLASKET, s. grande corbeille, manne, f. FLAT, adj. plat, uni, camus, insipide, bas. FLAT and PLAIN, adr. franc et net. FLAT, s. plat pays, plaine, f. has fond, m. FLAT, v. a. & s. applanir, applatir. FLAT-ARCHED, adj. à ceintre plat. FLAT-BOTTOMED, adj. fait a fond de cuve. FLATLY, adv. franc et net, tout net. FLATNESS, s. égalité, f. fadeur, f. insipidité, f. FLATTEN, v. a. & n. applanir, applatir. FLATTER, v. a. flatter, louer excessivement FLATTERER, s. un flatteur, un adulateur.

FLATTERING, adj. flatteur, qui flatte.
FLATTERINGLY, adv. d'une manière flatteuse.
FLATTERY, s. flatterie, f. adulation, f.
FLATTIBH, adj. un peu plut, fade, insipide. FLATULENCY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, m. FLATULENT, adj. venteux, enflé, empoulé. FLATUOSITY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, m. FLATUOUS, adj. flatueux, venteux. [m. FLATUS or FLATUOSITY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, FLAUNT, v. n. briller, se montrer avec éclat. FLAUNT, v. w. offlier, se montrer avec ecial.
FLAUNTING, adj. pimpant, brillant.
FLAVOUR, s. bon goût, odeur agréable.
FLAVOUROUS, adj. qui flatte le palais.
FLAW, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. faute, f. défaut, ss. ; fauv sails, envie, f. ; fauv of wind, impétuosité, bouffee de vent, f. FLAW, v. a. rempre, briser, fendre. FLAWTER, v.u. taillader, couper, ratisser FLAWT, adj. crevassé, défectueux. . FLAX, s. lin, m.; (cleansed and combed) filasse, FLAX-COMB, s. seran, m. FLAX-DRESSER, s. serancier, m. FLAXEN, adj. de lin, blond. FLAY, v. a. ecorcher, ôter la peau. FLAYER, s. écorcheur, m. FLATING, s. ecorchure, f. A flaying-house, écorcheric, f. FLEA, s. puce, f.; v.a. epucer, ôter les puces.
FLEA-BANE or FLEA-WORT, s. herbe aux FLEA-BITE, s. morsure de puce, f. FLEA-BITTEN, adj. mordu des puces, mou-FLEAM, s. flamme, f. lancette, f. [cheté. FLECKED, part. adj. moucheté, tacheté. FLEDGE, adj. FLEDGED, part. adj. en état de voler, emplumé. FLEE, v. n. fuir, s'enfuir. FLEE, v. n. fair, s'enfair. [ler, vexer. FLEECE, s. toison, f.; v. a. tondre, dépouil-FLEECY, adj. laineux, qui a de la laine. FLEER, s. moquerie, f. air dedaigneux. FLEER, v. n. se moquer, avoir l'air insolent. FLEER, s. moqueur, m. ell'ronté, m.
FLEET, s. flotte, f. une baie, un golfe.
FLEET, adj. vite, léger à la course, écrèmé.
FLEET, v. a. & n. écumer, effleurer, passer rapidement, flotter, surnager. FLEETLY, adv. avec vîtesse, légèrement. [f. FLEETHESS, s. vitesse, f. légereté, à la course, FLESH, s. chair, f. ; v. a. former, endurcir. FLESH-BROTH, s. bouillon de viande, m. FLESH-DAY, s. jour gras.
FLESH-LESS, adj. décharné, maigre. FLESHLINESS, s. passions charnelles, f. FLESHLY, adj. charnel, sensuel, corporel. FLESH-MEAT, s. viande, f. chair pour man-[chair. FLESHY, adj. charnu, qui a beaucoup de FLET, part. adj. écumé, effleuré. FLETCHER, s. un feseur d'arcs et de flêches. FLEXIBILITY, s. flexibilité, f. FLEXIBLE, adj. flexible, souple, pliant. FLEXIBLENESS, s. flexibilité, f. [joint, m. FLEXION, FLEXURE, s. pli, m. courbure, f. FLEXIOUS, adf. tortueux, courbe, changeant. FLIER, s. fuyard, m. fugitif, m. balancier, m. FLIGHT, s. vol, m. fuite, f. volée, f. bande, f. coupé, m. décharge, f. jet, m. écart, m. emportement, essor, m. FLIGHTY, adj. volage, fugitif, leger. FLIM-FLAM, s. bagatelle, f. sottise, f. FLIMSY, adj. foible, mollasse. FLINCH, v. a. & n. se désister, manquer à. FLINCHER, celui qui se désiste. FLING, v. a. jeter, lancer; to fling away, reje-

ter, chasser, prodiguer; to fing down, de molir, abattre, ruiner; to fling out, meters or exposer sous les yeux; to fling up, aban domer, quitter; v. n. ruer, faire des rua-des; to fling away, se retirer. FLING, s. un coup, un trait, un lardon. FLINT, s. caillou, m. pierre à seu, f. FLINT-GLASS, s. verre de roche, m. FLINTY, adj. pierreux, de pierre, dur, cruel FLIP, s. boisson cordiale. FLIPPART, adj. delie, agile, leger.
FLIRT, v. a. agiter rapidement, remuer, railler, ètre en mouvement. FLIRT, s. mouvement, m. raillerie, f. courte-FLIT, v. n. s'enfuir, s'en aller, déménager. FLITTER, s. lambeau, m. haillon, m. Fi.itch, s. flèche, f. dosse, f. tranche, f. FLITTERMOUSE, s. chauve -souris,) FLIX, duvet, m. coton, m. fourrure, f. FLOAT, v. n. & a. flotter, submerger. FLOAT, s. ce qui flotte sur l'eau, un train (de bois) le liege d'une ligne, à-float, à-flot. FLOAT-BOAT, s. un radeau. FLOCK, s. troupeau, m. troupe, f. foule, f. flocon, m. A flock bed, un lit de bourre. FLOCE, v. n. s'assembler en troupe. FLOCKING, s. concours, m. affluence, f. FLOG, v. a. châtier, fouetter, punir.
FLOGD, s. déluge, m. inondation, f. flux, m. flot, m; flood of women, évacuation, f. FLOOD, v. a. inonder, submerger. FLOODGATE, s. écluse, f. vanne, f. une bonde. FLOOK, s. la patte d'une ancre. FLOOR, s. plancher, m. étage, m. une aire. FLOOR, v. a. planchéyer. FLOORING, s. plancher, m. FLOP, v. a. remuer les aîles. FLOREE, s. écume de bois, f. (pour teindre.)
FLORENCE, s. vin, drap, (de Florence) m. FLORID, adj. fleuri, vermeil. [teint. FLORIDITY, FLORIDNESS, s. fraicheur de FLORIFEROUS, adj. qui porte des fleurs. FLORIN, s. (a sort of coin) florin, m. FLORIST. s. fleuriste, m FLOTA, FLOTILLA, s. flotille, f. FLOTSON, s. tout ce qui flotte sur la mer après un naufrage. FLOUNCE, s. falbala volant. FLOURCE, v. a. garnir de falbalas; v.n. plonger, se trémousser, s'agiter.
FLOUNDER, s. carrelet, m. (poisson de mer.)
FLOUNDER, v. n. se débattre. FLOURISH, v. n. fleurir, briller, préluder ; v. a. orner de fleurons, de traits de plume, broder, embellir, faire le moulinet. FLOURISH, s. trait de plume figuré, m. fleu-ron, m. vignette, f. fleurs de rhétorique, f. pl. fleurettes, f. pl. prélude, m. fanfare, f. moulinet, m. parade, f. ostentation, f. faste, m. éclat, m. FLOURISHING, s. discours ampoulé, l'action de faire des cadeaux, traits, préludes. FLOURISHING, adj. florissant. [ser. FLOUT, v. a. & n. railler, se moquer, gaus-FLOUT, s. moquerie, f. raillerie, f. FLOUTER, s. railleur, m. moqueur, m.
FLOUTER, s. railleur, m. moqueur, m.
FLOUTING, s. raillerie, f. moquerie, f.
FLOW, v. n. couler, découler, provenir.
FLOW, s. flux, m. inondation, f.
FLOWER, s. fleur, f. fleuron, m. farine, f. FLOWER, v. n, fleurir; v. a. figurer. FLOWERED, part. adj. figure, a fleurs FLOWER-GARDEN, s. parterre, jardin à FLOWER-GENTLE, s. aramante, f. [fleurs, m.

screen, un paravent. A folding door, porte

brisée.

PLOWER-WORK, s. ouvrage à fleurs, m. FLOWERY, adj. fleuri, en fleurs. FLOWIRG, adj. coulant; s. flux, m. FLOWINGLY, adv. d'une manière coulante. FLUCTUANT, adj. flottant, incertain. FLUCTUATE, v. n. être en suspens, flotter. FLUCTUATING, adj. indéterminé, irresolu. FLUCTUATION, s. agitation, f. incertitude, f. FLUE, s. petite-plume, poil, m. duvet, m. FLUELLIN, s. (an herb) veronique, f. FLUENCY, s. fluidité, f. volubilité, FLUENCY, 3. Initiale, J. volubinte, J.
FLUENT, adj. coulant, aisé, aboudant, éloFLUENTLY, adv. coulamment. [quent.
FLUID, adj. & s. liquide, fluide, m.
FLUIDITY, FLUIDNESS, s. fluidité, f.
FLUMMENY, s. bouillie, f. gelée d'avoine, f.
FLUOR, s. fluidité, f. écoulement, m.
FLUENCY, s. rougir; v. n. accoupir en hâte. FLUSH, v. a. rougir; v. n. accourir en hate. FLUSH, adj. anime, élevé. FLUSH, s. flux rapide, affluence, f. fredon, m. FLUSHING, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m. FLUSTER, r. a. enivrer, deconcerter, irriter. FLUTE, s. flute, f. cannelure, f. A German fade, flute traversière. FLUTE, v. a. canneler. FLUTINGS, s. cannelure, m. FLUTTER, v. n. & a. voltiger, agiter. FLUTTER, FLUTTERING, s. trémoussement, FLUX, s. flux, m. circulation. f. FLUX, v. a. fondre, faire saliver. FLUXING, s. flux de bouche, m. salivation, f. FLUXILITY, s. fusibilité, f.
FLUXION, s. écoulement, m. fluxion, f.
FLY, v. n. voler, s'enfuir, fuir, se sauver, éclater, se briser, sauler en éclats : le fly away, s'envoler ; to fly back, ruer, détacher des ruades, se dédire ; to fly off, se révolter ; FLY, v. n. fuir, eviter, quitter, abandonner.
FLY, v. n. fuir, eviter, quitter, abandonner.
FLY, s. mouche, f. halancier, m. A Spanish
fly, une cantaride. A gad-fly, un taon,
FLY-BLOW, v. a. gâter, corrompre.
FLY-BOAT, s. flibot, m. FLY-CATCHER, s. gobe-mouche. m. FLYER, s. fuyard, m. balancier, m. sorte d'es-FLY-FLAP, s. emouchoir, m. [calier. FOAL, s. un poulain ; v. a. & n. pouliner. FOAM, s. écume, f. ; v. n. écumer. FOAMY, adj. écumant, couvert d'écume. FOB, s. gousset, m. tromperie, f.; v. a. du-Focil, s. focile, m. [per, tromper. [fourrager. Focus, s. foyer, m. focus, m. FODDER, s. fourrage, m.; r. a. affourrager, For, s. ennemi, m. adversaire, m. FOLTUS, s. foetus or fetus, m. embryon, m. Fog, s. brouillard, m. FOGGINESS, s. air grossier, air épais. FOGGY, a.f. plein de brouillards, épais. FOIBLE, s. h.ible, f. defaut, m. penchant, Foil, v. a. surpasser, surmonter, orner. FOIL, s. défaite, f. faux pas, échec, m. feuille sous une pierre transparente, ornement, m. fleuret, m. [botte. FOIN, s. coup, m. botte, f.; v. n. porter une FOIST, s. fuste, f. une vesse; v. n. vesser; v. a. supposer. FOISTINESS, s. moisissure, f. puanteur, f. Fold, s. pare, m. bergerie, f. troupeau, m. pli, m. enveloppe, f. une fois autant. Two-fold, deux fois autant, le double.

FOL

FOLIAGE, s. feuillage, m. . FOLIATE, v. a. battre or mettre en feuilles. Folio, s. in-folio, m. FOLE, s. gens, m. monde, m. personne, FOLLICLE, s. (the seed vessels) follicule, f. Follow, r. a. suivre, succèder, accompagner, poursuivre, imiter, s'adonner; r. a. suivre, s'ensuivre. Follower, s. suivant, m. partisan, m. sectateur, m. FOLLY, s. folie, f. extravagance, f. sottise, f. FOMENT, n. a. fomenter, encourager, entre-FOMENTATION, s. fomentation, f. [tenir. FOMENTER, s. fauteur, m. fomentateur, m. FOND, adj. fou, vain, badin, bon, indulgent, bassionne, qui aime à la folie. To be fond, passionné, qui aime à la folie. aimer beaucoup. [sionnément. FOND, FONDLE, v. a. caresser, aimer pas-FONDLER, s. celui qui caresse, qui dorlote. FONDLING, s. un mignon, un favori. FONDLY, cdv. follement, passionnement. FONDNESS, s. tendresse, f. passion, f. FONT, s. fonts, m. fonts de baptême. FONTANEL, s. un cautère. FOOD, s. nourriture, f. aliment, m. FOOL, s. fou, m. sot, m. simple, m. FOOL, v. a. & n. faire le fou, badiner. FOOLERY, s. folie, f. sottise, f. extravagance, FOOLHARDINESS, s. temérité, f. FOOLHARDY, adj. teméraire, follement hardi. FOOLISH, adj. fou, simple, idiot, sot. FOOLISHLY, adr. follement, sottement FOOLISHLY, aur. IOHEMENI, SOURMENI.
FOOLISHERS, s. folle, f. impertinence, f.
FOOLTRAP, s. attrape, f. attrapoire, m.
FOOT, s. le pied or pié, état, m. termes, m. pl.
jambe, f. patte, m. bout, m. base, m. infanterie, f. fantassins, m. Foot, v. n. marcher; v. a. ressembler, met FOOTBALL, s. ballon, m. [tre sur pied. FOOTBOARD, s. un marche-pied FOOT-BOY, s. un petit la quais. FOOT-BOY, s. un petit la quais. [à pied. FOOT-BRIDGE, s. un pont étroit pour les gens FOOT-COMPANY, s. compagnie d'infanterie, f. FOOTED, part. adj. qui a un pied. FOOT-FIGHT, s. combat d'infanterie, m. FOOT-HOLD, s. espace où l'on peut mettre le pied, m. FOOTING, s. marche, f. trace, f. piste, f. dé-marche, f. pied, m. état, m. FOOT-LICKER, s. un vil esclave. [tassin. FOOTMAN, s. un coureur, un laquais, un fas-FOOTPACE, s. estrade, f. un pas lent, petit FOOTPAD, s. voleur à pied, m. pas. FOOTPATH, s. trottoir pour les gens à pied .m. FOOTPOST, s. messager à pied, m.
FOOT-RACE, s. course de gens à pied, f.
FOOTSTAII, s. étrier de semme, m. Footster, s. trace, f. demarche, f. indice, sa. FOUTSTOOL, s. marchened, m. FOP, s. un fat, un petit maître. FOPPERY, s. sottise, f. impertinence, f. FOPPISH, adj. fat, sot, ridicule, affect FOPPISHLY, adv. avec vanite, avec famite. FOPPISHLY, adv. aveç vanité, avec fathité. FOPPISHLESS, s. vanité, f. ostentation, f. FOR, prep. pour, à cause de, en égard à, pear, de, à, malgré, nonobstant. FOR, conf. car. As for, quant à pour ce qui est de. For as much, en égard, attendu que, d'autant que. For that, parce que. For sont of, faut de. Fold, v. a. faire parquer, plier, plieser.
Folding, v. a. faire parquer, plier, plieser.
Folding, part. adj. pliant. A folding chair, chaise pliante, perroquet, m. A folding

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For schy, c'est pourquoi, parceque. For schy, c'est pourquoi, parceque. For schy, c'est pourquoi, parceque. For schy, c'est pourquoi, parceque.

FORAGE, provisions de bouche, f. four- || FORE-MAST, s. mât de misaine, m. FURAGER, s. fourrageur, m. FORBEAR, v n. cesser de, s'abstenir, s'empecher; v. a. épargner, supporter.

FORBRANCE, s. abstinence, f. patience, f.

FORBLD, v. a. défendre, interdire. God forbid! Dieu m'en préserve! à Dieu ne plaise ! FORBIEDANCE, s. defense, f. FORBIDDENLY, adv. contre la désense. FORBIDDER, s. celui or celle qui défend. FORBIDDING, part. adj. rebutant, qui rebute.
FORCE, s. force, f. vigueur, f. violence, f. necessité, f. forces, troupes, f. pl. FORCE, r. a. forcer, contraindre, violer; to force back, repousser, faire reculer par torce; to force down, faire descendre par force; to force from or out, faire sortir par force, chasser, to force in, enfoncer, faire entrer de force ; to force out, arracher. FORCEDLY, adv. forcement, par force. FORCEPS, e. forces, f. pl. forceps, m.
FORCEPS, e. forces, f. pl. forceps, m.
FORCIBLE, adj. fort, puissant, force. FORCIBLENESS, s. force, f. violence, f. FORCIBLY, adv. fortement, forcement. FORD, s. gué, m. onde, f. fleuve, m. FORD, v. a. passer à gué.

FORDABLE, adj. guéable, qu'on peut passer,
FORE, adj. antérieur, de devant. FORE, adv. antérieurement, devant, aupara-FORE-APPOINT, r. a. fixer d'avance. [vant. FORE-ARM, v. a. armer, munir d'avance. FOREBODE, v. a. & n. presager, predirer. FORECAST, s. projet, m. prevoyance, f. FORECAST, v. a. & n. projeter, prevoir. FORECASTLE, s. château d'avant, gaillard FORECLOSE, v. a. forclorre. [d'avant, m. FOREDECK, s. l'avant d'un navire, m. FORE-DEEM, v. a. deviner, conjecturer. FORE-DO, v. a. ruiner, perdre. FOREDOOM, v. a. prédestiner. FORE-DOOR, s. la porte de devant. FORE-END, s. la partie de devant. FOREFATHERS, s. pl. pères, m. ancètres, m. FOREFEND, v. a. défendre, détourner, pré-FOREFINGER, s. l'index. [venir. FOREFLAP, s. le pan de devant, le devant fa-FORE-FOOT, s. pied de devant. [çade, f. FORE-FRONT, s. frontispice, m. face, Forego, v. a. ceder, abandonner, passer. FOREGOERS, s. pl. ancêtres, m. aleux, m. FOREGOING, adj. précédent. sentir. FOREGUESS, v. a. deviner, conjecturer, pres-FOREHAND, s. le devant d'un cheval. FOREHAND, adj. fait trop tot. FOREHANDED, s. de bonne heure, à propos. FOREHEAD, s. le front, audace, f. FOREHEAD-CLOTH, s. frontal, m. fronteau, m. FOREIGN, adj. étranger, éloigné de. FOREIGNER, s. un étranger, une étrangère, une aubain. FOREIGNNESS, s. eloignement. Fore-Horse, s. cheval de devant. FORE-JUDGE, v. a. juger d'avance, forclorre. FOREKNOW, v. a. savoir d'avance, prévoir.

FOREKNOWLEDGE, s. prescience, f. FORELAND, s. promontoire, m. cap, m. FORELAY, v. a. surprendre dans une ambu-

FORELOCK, s. cheveux de devant, m. FOREMAN s. le premier, le chef, maître-gar-

scade.

ÇOD, m.

FOREMENTIONED, adj. mentionné ci-devant. FOREMOST, adj. le premier. First and FOREMOST, adv. en premier lieu. FOREMAMED, part. adj. nommé ci-devant FOREMAND, part. adj. nommé ci-devant Forenoon, s. avant-midi, m. Forensick, adj. de barreau, m. FORE-ORDAIN, v. a. prédestiner. FOREPART, s. la partie de devant, le devant. FOREPAST, part. adj. passé, précédé. Forerun, r. a. dévancer, précéder. Forerunner, s. avant-coureur, m. précur-FORESAIL, s. la misaine. Seur. m. Foresay, v. a. prédire, prophétiser FORESEE, v. a. prévoir, pénetrer, présager. FORESEEING, s. prévoyance, f. Foreshame, r. a. reprocher, accuser. FORESHOW, v. a. montrer, présager, prédire. FORESHIP, s. l'avant d'un navire, m. FORESHORTEN, v. a. raccourcir. FORESIGHT, s. préscience, f. prévoyance, f. FORESIGHTFUL, adj. prevoyant, qui prevoit. Foreskin, s. le prépuce. FORESPEAK, r. a. prédire or défendre. FORESPEECH, s. avant-propos, m. exorde, m. FORESPENT, adj. fatigué, épuisé, passé. Forest, s. forét, f. bois de haute futaie. FOREST-WORK, s. tapisserie de verdure, f. FORESTALL, v. a. préoccuper, anticiper, prévenir, surprendre, accaparer. FORESTALLER, s. monopoleur, m. accapareur, m. FORESTER, s. forestier, m. garde de forêt, m. FORETASTE, s. avant-gout, m. anticipation, FORETASTE, v. a. goûter par avance. FORETEL, v. a. & n. prédire, prophétiser. FORETELLER, s. prophète, m. prophètesse, f. FORETELLING, s. prédiction, f. prophètie, f. FORETHINK, v. a. & n. prévoir, projeter. FORETOKEN, s. présage. m.; v. a. présager. FORETOOTH, s. dent de devant, f. Foretopmast, le petit hunier. Foretop-gallant-mast, le perroquet d'avant. FOREWARD, s. premier rang, f. le front. FOREWARN, v. a. avertir d'avance, prévenir. FOREWARNING, s. avertissement, m. FOREWHEEL, s. roue de devant, f. FOREWIND, s. vent en poupe, m. FOREWISH, v. a. désirer par avance. FORFEIT, s. forfaiture, f. chose confisquee, amende, f. dedit, m. FORFEIT, v. a. forfaire, perdre, manquer de. FORFEITABLE, adj. confiscable, amendable. FORFEITURE, s. forfaiture, f. confiscation, f. FORFEND, v. a. prévenir, garder, préserver FORGE, s. forge, f. FORGE, v. a. forger, inventer, controuver, supposer, contrelaire, falsifier. FORGER, s. forgeur, m. inventeur, m. FORGERY, s. faussete, f. falsification, f. FORGET, v. a. oublier, negliger. FORGETFUL, adj. oublieux, negligent. FORGIVE, v. a. pardonner, remettre. FORGIVENESS, s. pardon, m. remission, f. FORK, s. fourcher, f. fourchette, f. Fork, r. n. se fourcher, finir en forme de fourche. FORRED, adj. fourchu, en forme de fourche. FORREDNESS, s. fourche, f. fourchure, f. FORLORN, adj. abandonné, perdu, désespéré

FORLORNESS, s. abandon, m. etat déses-FORM, s. forme, f. figure, f. formalité, f. formule, f. formulaire, m. modèle, m. forme or gite (de lièvre), f. un banc, classe, (d'une école), f. FORM, v. a. former, façonner, fabriquer, faire. FORMAL, adj. formel, precis, ceremonieux, formaliste, affecté, d'apparat. FORMALIST, s. formaliste, m. &. f. FORMALIST, s. formalité, f. forme, f. cérémonie, f. façons, f. cérémonial, m. FORMALIZE, p. n. être sur le cérémonial. FORMALLY, adr. formellement, avec forma-FORMATION, e. formation, f. [lité. FORMATIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir de former. FORMER, s. celui qui forme, qui fast. FORMER, adj. prémier, ancien, passé. FORMERLY, adv. autrefois, jadis. FORMIDABLE, adj. formidable, terrible, redoutable. FORMIDABLEXESS, s. horreur, f.
FORMIDABLY, adv. épouvantablement.
FORMILESS, adj. informe, sans forme, irréguFORMULARY, s. formulaire, m. [lier.
FORMULE, s. formule, f. formalité, f. FORNICATION, s. fornication, f. idolatrie, f. FORNICATOR, s. fornicateur, m. FORSAKE, v. a. quitter, abandonner, délais-ser, renoncer à, se défaire de. FORSAKER, s. celui or celle qui abandonne. FORSAKING, s. abandon, m. abandonnement, FORSOTH, adv. en vérité, assurément. [m. FORSWEAR, v. a. abjurer, renoncer; v. n. se parjurer, jurer à faux. FORSWEARER, s. parjure, m. FORSWEARING, s. parjure, m. l'action de se parjurer, &c. FORT, s. un fort, un lieu fortifié. FORTH, adv. en avant, ensuite, debors, au debors, en public, au jour, entièrement. Forth, prep. hors de, de FORTH-ISSUING, adj. prêt à paroître. FORTH-ISSUING, adj. sortant, s'avancant. FORTHRIGHT, adv. tout droit, sans détours. FORTHWITH, adv. incontinent, tout-à-l'heure. FORTIETH, adj. quarantième. FORTIFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut fortifier.
FORTIFICATION, s. fortification, f. PORTIFIER, s. celui qui fortifie, fautcur, m. FORTIFIER, s. centi qui fortine, fautcur, m. FORTIFI, v. a. fortider, munir, affermir. FORTITUDE, s. force, f. courage, m. FORTHIGHT, s. quinze jours, m. quinzaine, f. FORTHIGHT, s. quinze jours, m. quinzaine, f. FORTHIGHS, s. forteresse, f. place forte. FORTHIGHS, adj. fortuit, casuel, accidentel. FORTUITOUSLY, adv. fortuitement, par ha-FORTUITOUSNESS, s. accident, m. hazard, m. FORTUNATE, adj. fortune, houreux. FORTUNATELY, adv. heureusement. FORTUNATENESS, s. bonheur, m. succès, m. FORTURE, s. fortune, f. hazard, m. état, m. destinée, f. avaucement, m. biens, m. pl. moyens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. un riche parti, une grande dot. Good fortune, bonheur, m. Ill fortune, malheur, m. FORTUNE, v. n. arriver. FORTUE:-BOOK, s. grimoi re, m.

FORTUNE-HUNTER, s. homme qui cherche à épouser une femme riche.

FORTUNE-TELLE, v. n. dire la bonne aventure. FORTUNE-TELLER, s. diseur de bonne aven-

FORTUNED, adj fortune, favorisé de la for-

flune.

FORTY, adj. quarante. FORUM, s. place publique, le forum. FORWARD, adv. en avant, sur le devant. FORWARD, adj. empressé, ardent, prêt, dis-posé, enclin, libre, hardi, précoce, avancé, antérieur, de devant. FORWARD, r. a. avancer, pousser, faire pous-FORWARDLY, adv. avec empressement. FORWARDNESS, s. empressement, m. ardeur, f. avancement, m. progrès, m. Fosse, s. une fosse, un fossé. Fossii., adj. & s. fossile, f. FOSTER, adj. nourricier; r. a. nourrir, éle-FOSTER-BROTHER, s. frère de lait, m. [ver FOSTER-CHILD, s. nourrisson, m. FOSTERDAM, s. une nourrice. FOSTERIER, s. nourrice, f. nourricier, m. FOSTER-FATHER, s. père nourricier, m. FOUGATE, s. fougade or fougasse, f. Foul, adj. sale, vilain, impure ; foul weather, gros temps; foul stomach, un estomac impur; foul disease, la vérole; foul copy, une copie qui n'est pas nette; foul papers, brouillen, m.; foul page, page pleine de fautes; foul action, une action basse; foul dealing or practices, conduite deshonnete, f. mauvaise foi; foul means, moyens violens. force, f.; foul doings or work, bruit, m. vacarme, m.; foul mouth, une bouche im-pure, une mechante langue. To play foul, ne pas jouer beau jeu, tricher. FOUL, v. a. salir, gâter, souiller. FOULLY, adv. vilainement, salement. FOULNESS, s. saleté, f. mal-propriété, f. FOUND, v. a. fonder, établir, fondre. FOUNDATION, s. fondement, m. base, f. fondation, f. FOUNDER, s. fondateur, m. fondeur, m. FOUNDER, v.a. & n. forcer, outrer FOUNDER, v. n. couler bas, couler à fond. FOUNDERED, part. adj. surmené, courbalu, FOUNDERY, s. fonderie, f. [fourbu. FOUNDLING, s. enfant trouvé, un enfant əbandonné. FOUNDRESS, s. fondatrice, f. FOUNT, FOUNTAIN, s. fontaine, f source, f. Four, adj. quatre. FOURCORNERED, adj. quadrangulaire. FOURDOUBLE, adj. plié en quatre. FOURFOLD, adj. quatre fois autant. FOURFOOTED, adj. quadrupède, qui a quatre pieds. FOURIER, s. un fourier, un maréchal de logis. Four-score, adj. quatre-vingt.
Foursquare, adj. quatre.
Fourteen, Fourteenth, adj. quatorze quatorzième. FOURTH, adj. quatrième. [trième lieu. FOURTHLY, adv. quatrièmement, en qua-FOUR WHEELED, adj. à quatre roues. Fowl, s. oiseau, m. volaille. f.
Fowl, v. n. chasser aux oiseaux. To fowling, aller à la chasse aux oiseaux. FOWLER, s. oiseleur, m. gibboyer, m. FOWLINGPIECE, s. fusil de chasse, m. Fox, s. un renard, un homine rusé. FOXCASE, s. peau de renard, m FORCHASE, s. chasse au renard FORGLOVES, s. (a plant) gantele, f. FOYLING, s. abatures, f. pl. foulures, f. pl. FRACTION, s. fraction, f. rupture, f. FRACTIONAL, adj. fractionnaire, rompu. FRACTIOUS, adj. hargneux, brouillon.

FRACTURE, s. fracture, f.; r. a. rompre. FRAGILE, adj. fragile, frêle, cassant, foible. FRAGILITY, s. fragilité, f. foiblesse, f. FRAGMENT, s. fragment, m. morceau, m. FRAGRANCE, FRAGRANCY, s. bonne odeur, f. FRAGRANT, adj. odoriferant, qui sent bon. FRAGRANTLY, adv. bon, avec bonne odeur. FRAIL, s. cabas, m. panier, m. FRAIL, adj. fragile, foible, frêle. FRAIL, ag, Iragile, joine, freie.

FRAILNESS, FRAILTY, s. foiblesse, f. fragilité,
FRAME, s. fabrique, f. structure, f. plan, m.
système, m. conduite, f. disposition, f.
forme, f. figure, f. chasis (d'un fenètre)
m. bordure, f. eadre (d'un tableau,) m. affut (d'artillerie,) m. métier, m. charpente,
f. travail (d'un maréchal.) m.

FRAME, a. former faire construire fabri-FRAME, v. a. former, faire, construire, fabriquer, composer, forger, controuver.

FRAMER, s. celui qui forme, auteur, m. FRANCHISE, s. franchise, f. privilège, f. FRANCHISE, v. a. affranchir, rendre libre. FRANGIBLE, adj. fragile, cassant. FRANK, s. étable de cochons, f. lettre franche de port, franc, m. livre, f.

FRANK, adj. liberal, franc, sincère, ouvert FRANK, n. a. affranchir une lettre, engraisser. FRANKFARM, s. terres en franc-alleu. FRANKFEE, s. franc-fief, m. franc-alleu, m. FRANKINCENSE, s. incens, m. FRANKLY, adv. liberalement, franchement. FRANKNESS, s. liberalite, f franchise, f. FRANKPLEDGE, s. caution, f. cautionnement, m. FRANTICK, adj. fou, folie, frenctique. FRANTICKLY, adv. en fou, en furieux. FRATERNAL, adj. fraternel, de frère. [frère. FRATERNALLY, adv. fraternellement, en FRATERNITY, s. fraternité, f. confrérie. FRATRICIDE, s. fratricide, m. [rie, f. FRAUD, s. fraude, f. tromperie, f. superche-FRAUDULENCE, FRAUDULENCY, s. mauvaise foi. FRAUDULENT, adj. frauduleux, artificieux. FRAUDULENTLY, adv. frauduleusement. FRAUGHT, part. rempli, charge de. FRAY, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. combat, m. FRAY, r. a. effrayer, user par le frottement. FREAK, s. boutade, f. caprice, m.
FREAKISH, adj. capricieux, fantasque. FREAKISHNESS, s. humeur capricieuse. FRECKLE, s. tache de rousseur, f. rousseur, f. FRECKLY, adj. plein de reusseurs. FREE, adj. libre, indépendent, sans gêne, franc, affranchi, privilégié, public, agrégé, quitte, exempt, sincère, ouvert, libéral, généreux, pur, innocent, aisé, dégagé, familier.

franc, affranchi, privilégié, public, agrégé, quitte, exempt, sincère, ouvert, libéral, généreux, pur, innocent, aisé, dégagé, familier.

FREE, v. a. délivrer, libérer, exempter.

FREEBOUTER, s. voleur, m. flibustier, m.

FREEBOUTER, s. voleur, m. flibustier, m.

FREEBOUTER, s. voleur, m. flibustier, m.

FREEDON, adj. & s. né libre, homme libre.

FREEDON, adj. delivré, libéré, exempt.

FREEDMAN, s. affranchi, m. bourgeois, m.

FREEDMAN, s. franc-fief, m. franc-alleu, m.

FREEHOLDER, s. franc-fief, m. franc-alleu, m.

FREEHOLDER, s. franc-fief, m. franc-alleu, m.

FREENAN, s. homme libre, bourgeois, m.

FREENAS, s. franchise, f. sincérité, f.

FREESCHOOL, s. école publique, collège, m.

FREESTONE, s. pierre de taille, f.

FREESTONE, s. pierre de taille, f.

FREETHINIER, s. penseur libre, m. esprit

FREETHINIER, s. liberté de penser, f.

FREE-WILL, s. libre arbitre, m. FREEZE, v. a. & n. geler, glacer, se geler. FREIGHT, v. a. freter, charger. FREIGHT s. fret, m. charge, f. cargaison, f. FREIGHTER, s. freteur, m.
FREIGHTER, s. freteur, m.
FREIGHTER, s. François, m. de France. FRENCH-BEANS, s. pl. haricots, m. pl. FRENCH-DISEASE, la vérole, le mal de Na-FRENCH-WHEAT, s. millet, m. FRENCHIFY, v. a. Franciser (un mot). FRENETICK, adj. frenetique, fou, furieux. FRENZY, s. frenesie, f. folie, f. FREQUENCE, FREQUENCY, s. fréquence, f. FREQUENT, adj. fréquent, ordinaire, commun. FREQUENT, v. a. fréquenter, hanter. FREQUENTATIVE, adj. fréquentaif. FREQUENTING, s. fréquentation, f. FRESCO, s. frais, m. fraicheur, f. fresque, f. FRESH, adj. frais, recent, nouveau, qui n'est point sale, qui n'est point fane. FRESH, s. courant d'eau douce, m. FRESHEN, v. a. & n. rafraichir, se rairai-FRESHET, s. étang d'eau douce, m. FRESHLY, dv. fraichement, au frais.
FRESHNESS, s. fraicheur, f. frais, m. [douce.
FRESH-WATER, s. & adj. eau-douce, d'eau FRET, s. détroit, m. agitation, touche, f. FRET, v. a. frotter, heurter, user, ecorcher, chagriner, tourmenter; v. n. fermenter, être en agitation, se fâcher. FRETFUL, adj. chagrin, de mauvaise humeur. FRETFULLY, adv. avec chagrin. FRETEULNESS, s. chagrin, m. colère, f. [ss. FRETWORK, s. ciselure, f. ouvrage de bosse, FRIABILITY, s. friabilité, f. FRABLE, adj. friable. FRIAR, s. un moine, un religieux. FRIARY, s. convent de moines, m. monastère. FRIARY, adj. monastique, de moine. FRIBBLE, v. n. se jouer, se moquer de FRIBBLER, s. trompeur, amuseur, cajoleur, FRICASEE. s. fricassée, f. [m. FRICATION, FRICTION, s. frottement, m. friction, f. FRIDAY, s. Vendredi. m. [rens, m. Friends, pa-FRIEND, s. un ami, une amie. FRIENDLESS, adj. sans amis, delaisse. FRIENDLINESS, s. bonté, f. bienveillance, f. FRIENDLINESS, s. bonté, f. bienveillance, f. FRIENDLY, adj. ami, amiable, amical, serviable, bon, favorable, propice, humain. FRIENDLY, adv. en ami, avec amitié. FRIENDSHIP. s. amitié, f. affection mutuelle. FRIEZE, s. frise, f, ratine, f. FRIGATE, s. fregate, f. FRIGHT, FRIGHTEN, v. a. effrayer, epouvan-FRIGHT, s. frayeur, f. epouvante, f. FRIGHTFUL, adj. terrible, affreux. FRIGHTFULLY, adv. épouvantablement. FRIGHTFULNESS, s. horreur, f. frayeur, f. FRIGID, adj. froid, indifferent, sec, maigre. FRIGIDITY, FRIGIDNESS, s. froideur, f. FRIGIDLY, adv. froidement FRIGORIFICK, adj. frigorifique.
FRINGE, s. frange, f. crépine, f. ornement, m.
FRINGE, v. a. garnir de franges. FRIPPERER, s. fripier, m. Trebut. FRIPPERY, s. friperio, f. une marchandise de FRISK, s. saut, m. gambade. f. FRISK, v. n. sauter, faire des gambades FRISKER, s. un homme folatre, semillant FRISKY, adj. gai, frétillant, sémillant. FRIT, s. frite or fritte, f

FRITH, s. détroit, un bras de mer. FRITTER, s. un beignet, un petit morceau. FRITTER, v. a.couper en morceaux pour frire. FRIVOLOUS, adj. frivole, vain, léger. FRIVOLOUSNESS, s. frivolité, / FRIVOLOUSLY, adv. d'une manière frivole. FRIZZLE, v. a. friser, créper, rouler. FRIZZLER, s. celui qui frise, friseur, m. FROCK, s. fourreau, m. une souquenille.
FROC, s. grenouille, f. la fourchette du pied d'un cheval. FROLICK, s. boutade, f. fantasie, f. badinage, FROLICK, adj. gai, fou, badin, gaillard. FROLICE, v. n. avoir des fantaisies FROLICK, v. n. avoir des initiaties.
FROLICKLY, adv. gaziment, gaillardement.
FROLICKSOME, adj. gai, badin, gaillard.
FROM, prep. de, des, du, par, à, au, à la, de par, de la part de, depuis, dès.
FRONT, v. a. faire iête à; r. n. être vis-à-vis FRONTAL, s. frontal, m. fronton, m. FRONT-BOX, s. première loge.
FRONTIER, s. & adj. frontière, f. limites, f.
FRONTISPIECE, s. frontispice, m. façade, f. FRONTLESS, adj. sans front, sans pudeur. FRONTLET, s. fronteau, m. frontal, m. FRORTON, s. fronton, m. FRONT-ROOM, s. appartement sur le devant d'une maison, m FROST, s. gelée, f. Hoar-frost, gelée blanche. FROST-BITTEN, adj. atteint de la gelée. FROSTED, adj. glacé, flambé. FROSTILY, adv. avec un froid glacant. FROSTINESS, s. grand froid, froid glaçant.
FROSTINAIL, s. fer à glace, m.
FROSTY, adj. très froid, de gelée.
FROTH, s. ècume d'une liquidé agité, f. FROTH, r.n. écumer, jeter, rendre de l'écume. FROTHY, adj. écument, plein d'écume. FROTHY, adj. vilain, sale, gras, puant. FROWARD, adj. chagrin, facheux, fantasque, refrogné, opiniâtre, indocile. FROWARDLY, adv. d'un air chagrin. FROWARDNESS, s. mauvaise humeur. f. FROWN, r. n. se refroguer, regarder.
FROWN, s. air refrogue, regard dedaigneux.
FROWNING, adj. chagrin, rechigne.
FROWNINGLY, adv. d'un air refrogue. FRUCTIFEROUS, adj. qui porte du fruit. FRUCTIFY, v. a. fertiliser; v. n. fructifier. FRUCTIFICATION, s. fecondation. f. fertilité FRUCTUOUS, adj. fertile, ferond. FRUGAL, adj. frugal, économe, tempérant. FRUGALITY, s. frugalité, f. épargue, f. FRUGALI.Y, adv. frugalement, avec economie. FRUGIFEROUS, adj. qui porte du fruit. FRUIT, s. fruit, m. profit, m. effet, m. FRUITAGE, s. fruitage, m. toutes sortes de FRUIT-BEARING, adj. fructifere. [fruits. [fruits. FRUITERER, s. un fruitier, une fruitière. FRUITERY, s. fruitage, f. fruiterie, f. FRUITFUL. adj. fertile, abondant, utile. FRUITFULLY, adv. fertilement, abondam-FRUITFULNESS, s. fertilité, f. [ment. FRUIT-GROVE, s. verger, m. jardin fruitier, FRUIT-HOUSE, s. fruiterie, f.
FRUIT-HOUSE, s. fruiterie, f.
FRUITION, s. jouissance, f. fruition, f.
FRUITIVE, adj. qui jouit, qui possède.
FRUITLESS, adj. stérile, infruetueux. [m]FRUITLESSLY, adr. vainement, en vain. FRUIT-TREE, s. arbre fruitier. m. FRUNENTY, s. fromentée, f. sorte de bouillie. FRUSH; s. fourchette, f. (du pied d'un cheval.)

FRUSTRANEOUS, adj. vain, inutile. FRUSTRATE, v. a. frustrer, détruire, dissiper. FRUSTRATE, adj. vain, inutile, mul. FRUSTRATION, s. privation, f. tromperie, f. FRUSTRATIVE, adj. trompeur, fait pour FRUSTRATORY, adj. frustratoire. [tromper. FRUSTRUM, s. morceau, m. fragment, m. FRY, s. frai des poissons, m. fretin, m. FRY, s. frai des poissons, m. fretin, m. FRY, v. a. & n. frire, fricasser, être frit. FRY, s. friture, f. un plat de friture. FRYING-PAN, s, poèle or poèle à frire, m. Fub, s. un petit garçon gros et gras; v. a. aniuser. Fucus, s. fard, m. rouge, m. buddle, r. a. enivrer; v. n. s'enivrer. FUDDLE-CAP or FUDDLER, s. un ivrogue. FUEL, s. chaussage, m.; v. a. entretenir le seu FUGACITY, s. volatilité, f. instabilité, f. FUGITIVE, adj. & s. fugitif, m. transfuge, m.
FUGITIVE, s. instabilité, f. inconstance. FULCIMENT, s. l'appui, m. FULFIL, r. a. accomplir, remplir, combler. FULFILLING, s. accomplissement, m. FULGENT, FULGID, adj. brillant, éclatant. FULGIDITY, FULGOUR, s. splendeur, m. FULIGINOUS, adj. fuligineux. [éclat, m. Full, adj. plein, rempli, rassasié, soul, gorgé, ample, large, gros, complet.

Full, s. plein, m. To the full, complétement.

Full, adv. pas moins, en entier. Full, v. a. fouler. Full-Blown, adj. tout-à-fait épanoui. FULL-BLOWN, asy. Services Full-Bottomed, adj. large.
FULLER, s. un foulon, terre à foulon, f.
FULLERS-WEED, FULLERS-THISTLE, s. chardon à carder, m. FULLERY, s. foulerie, f. FULL-EYED, adj. qui a de gros yeux. FULL-FACED, adj. qui a le visage plein. FULLING-MILL, s. mouliu à foulon, m. FULLY, adr. pleinement, tout-à-fait, FULMINANT, adj. fulminant. FULMINATE, v. a. & n. fulminer, tonner. FULMINATION, s. fulmination, f.
FULMESS, s. plénitude, f. abondance, f.
FULSOMELY, adj. d'une manière dégoûtante
FULSOMELY, adj. d'une manière dégoûtante FULSOMENESS, s. qualité dégoûtante. FUMATORY, s. (a plant) fumeterre, m. FUNBLE, v. a. & n. arranger mal-adroite ment, chiffoner, tatonner, badiner. FUNBLER, s. un mål-adroit, un patineur. Fune, s. fumé, f. vapeur, colère, f. Fune, v. n. fumer, jeter de la fumée, être en colère ; v. a. fumer, secher à la fumée. FUMETTE, s. fumet, n FUNIGATE, v. a. fumiger. Funigation, s. fumigation, f. Funingly, adv. en colère, avec aigreur. Fumous, Fumy, adj. fameux. Fun, s. plaisanterie, f. une bourde. Fun, v. a. & n. se moquer, emboiser. FUNCTION, s. fonction, f. emploi, m. FUND, s fond, m. capital, m. le fond. Funds, s. fonds, m. banque, f. Fundament, s. le fondement, le siège, le FUNDAMENTAL, adj. fondamental. FUNDAMENTALLY, adv. fondamentalement. FUNERAL, s. funerailles, f. obsecues, f. FUNERAL, adj. funebre, funeraire, triste. Fungous, adj. spongieux, poreux.

FUNGUS, s. fongosité, f. excroissance de chair, GAFF, s. harpon, m. sorte de croc.
FUNCLE, s. petite corde, ligature, f.

FUNNEL, s. entonnoir, m. tuyau, m.

GAG, v. a. baillonner; s. baillon, m. Fur, s. fourrure, f. poil, m. Fur, v. a. fourrer, souffler (un vaisseau.) Fur acious, adj. enclin à vôler, à dérober. FURACITY, s. penchant à dérober. Ibalas. FURBILOW, s. falbala, m.; v.a. garnir de fal-FURBISH, v.a. fourbir, polir, brunir, celaireir. FURBISHER, s. fourbisseur, m. FURIOUS, adj. furieux, frenctique, violent. FURIOUSLY, adr. avec furie, violemment. FURIOUSNESS, s. fureur, f. frénésie, f. FURL, r. a. ferler, plier, rouler. FURLONG, s. (a measure of length) stade, m. FURLOUGH, s. congé, m. (d'absence.)
FURMENTY, s. fromentée, f.
FURNACE, s. fournaise, f. fourneau, m. FURNAGE, s. fournage, m. FURNISH, v. a. fournir, pourvoir, garnir, meu-FURNISHER, s. fournisseur, m. pourvoyeur, m. FURNITURE, s. meuble, m. garniture, f. FURRIER, s. fourreur, m. pelletier, m. Furrow, s. sillon, m. rayon, m. fosse, m. ri-Furrow, v. a. silloner. [gole, f. FURTHER, adj. ultérieur, qui est au delà. FURTHER, adv. plus loin, au delà, de plus. FURTHER, u. a. nouscer FURTHER, v. a. pousser, avancer, aider. FURTHERANCE, s. avancement, m. progrès, FURTHERER, s. fauteur, m. patron, m. [m. FURTHERMORE, conj. de plus, en outre. FURTHEST, adj. le plus loin, le plus long. FURTIVE, adj. furtif, dérobé, secret. FURTIVELY, adv. furtivement, à la dérobée. FURUNCLE, s. froncle, m. or furoncle, f. FURY, s. furie, furcur, f. rage, f. frenesie, emportement, m. enthousiasme, m. FURZE, s. sorte de genêt épineux. FURZY, adj. couvert de bruyères. FUSE, v. a. & n. fondre, se fondre, liquéfier. FUSEE, s. fusée, fusil, m. Fusibility, s. fusibilité, f. Fusible, adj. fusible, fusile. FUSIL, S. fusion, fusion, fusion.
FUSIL, S. fusion, f. fonte, f.
FUSILIER, s. fusion, f. fonte, f.
FUSICA, s. fusion, f. fonte, f.
FUSI, s. fut d'une colonne, m.
FUSI, s. fut d'une colonne, m. FUSTIAN, s. futaine, f. du galimatias, m. FUSTIAN, adj. de futaine, ampoulé. FUSTY, adj. puant, qui sent mauvais.
FUTILE, adj. babillard, futile, frivole.
FUTILITY, s. futilité, f. frivolité, f.
FUTTOCKS, s. courbes or côtes de navire, f. FUTURELY, adv. à l'avenir, s. le futur, l'avenir proturelly, adv. à l'avenir. [nir, m. FUTURITY, s. l'avenir, m. luturition, f. l'avenir, m. futurition, f. Fuzz, s. (way thorn) genèt épineux, m. Fuzz, v. n. s'en aller en morceaux, s'effiler. Fuzz-Ball, s. vesse de leup, f. Fy, interj. fi! Fy upon, fi donc!

GABARDINE, s. sorte de manteau. GABBLE, v. n. babiller; s. babil, m. GABBLER, s. babillard, m. bavard, m GABEL, s. gabelle, f. impôt sur le sel. GABION, s. gabion, m. GABLE, s. le toit d'une maison. GAD, s. un morceau d'acier; v. n. rôder. GADDER, s. un coureur, une coureuse GADFLY, s. taon, m. (espèce de mouche.)

GAG-TERTH, s. surdents, f. pl. [ger. GAGE, s. gage, m. jarge, f. ; v. a. gager, jau-GAGER, s. jaugeur, mesureur, m. GAGGLE, r. n. crier comme les oies GAGGLING, s. cri d'oie, m. [tage, m. GAIN, s. gain, m. lucre, m. profit, m. avan-GAIN, v. a. & n. gagner, obtenir, avancer, GAINFUL, adj. lucratif, avantageux. GAINFUL, adj. lucratif, avantageux. GAINLESS, adj. inutile, non-profitable. GAINLY, adr. facilement, adroitement. GAINSAY, v. a. contredire, contrainer, nier. GAINSAYER, s. contredisant, m. GAINESAND, r. a. résister, s'opposer, répri-GAIT, s. marche, f. démarche, f. air, m. GALAXY, s. la voie lactée. GALBANUM, s. galbanum, m. GALE, s. vent, m. vent frais. GALEAS, s. galeace, f. GALL, s. fiel, m. rancune, f. malice, f. noix GALL, v. a. écorcher, tourmenter, vexer. GALLANT, adj. galant, brave, courageux. GALLANT, s. un élégant, un courtisan. GALLANTLY, adv. galamment, de honne grâce. [lanterie, f. grâce. GALLANTRY, s. pompe, f. bravoure, f. ga-GALLEON, s. galion, m GALLERY, s. galèrie, f. loge, f. GALLEY, s. galère; galley slave, un galèrien, un forcat. GALLIARD, s. un gaillard, la gaillarde.
GALLIARDISE, s. gaillardise, f [de France.
GALLIC, GALLICAR, adj. Gallican, François,
GALLICISM, s. Gallicisme, m. GALLIMATIA, s. galimatias, m. [dicule, m. GALLIMAUFRY, s. galimafrée, f. mélange ri-GALLI-POT, s. pot de faïence, m. GALLON, s. mesure contenant quatre quarts. GALLOON, s. galon, m. GALLOPING, s. galop, m.; v. n. galoper, courir. GALLOPING, s. galopade, f. galop, m. GALLOWS, s. gibet, m. potence, f. chevalet, GALOCHES, s. pl. galoches, f. fm. [sion. GAMBADE, GAMBADO, s. guetre, f. GAMBLER, s. un filou, un joueur de profes-GAMBLER, s. un filou, un joueur de profes-GAMBUL, r. n. gambader; s. gambade, f. GAMBREL, s. la jambe d'un cheval. GAME, s. jeu, m. chasse, f. gibier, m. GAME, v. n. jouer, s'amuser, badiner. GAME-COCK, s. coq de combat, m. GAME-REEPER, s. gurde-chasse, m.
GAMESUMF, adj. badin, folktre.
GAMESTER, s. joueur de profession, m.
GAMING-HOUSE, s. académie, f. breland, m. Gammon, s. jambon, m. gammon, m. GAMUT, s. la gamme. GANCH, s. ganche, m.; n. a. empâler, crever.
GANDER, s. jar, m. le male de l'oie. [auler.
GANG, s. tas, m. troupe, f. bande, f.; v. n.
GANGRENE, s. gangrène, f.
GANGRENE, v. a. & n. gangrener, se ganGANGRENOUS, adj. gaugrène. GANGWAY, s. passage, m. passavant, m. GANTELOPE, GANTLET, s. baguettes, f. pl. GAOL, s. prison, f. geole, f. GAOL-DELIVERY, s. sentence qui vide les prisons. GAOLER, s. geolier, m. guichetier, m. GAP, s. ouverture, f. fente, f. crevasse, f.

GAPE, v. n. bailler, s'ouvrir ; to gape after, at, || GAZEL, s. (an animal) ganelle, f. or for, soupirer après, soubaiter.
GAPER, s. qui bâille, bâilleur, m.
GAPING, s. l'action de bâiller, bâillement, m. GARB, s. habillement, m. habit, m. ajustement. GARBAGE, s. tripailles, f. tripes, f. GARBLE, v. a. trier, choisir, cribler. GARBLER, s. celui qui trie, visiteur, m. GARBOIL, s. désordre, m. tumulte, m. GARDEN, s. jardin; v. s. jardiner. GARDENER, s. jardinier, m. GARDENING, s. jardinage, m. GARDEN-MOULD, s. terreau, m. [jardins, m. GARDEN-STUFF, s. jardinage, m. produit des GARGARISM, e. gargarisme, m. GARGARISE, GARGLE, v. a. gargariser. GARLAND, s. garlande, f. couronne de fleurs. GARLICK, s. ail, m. [ajustement. m. [ajustement, m. GARMENT, s. habillement, m. vétement, m. GARNER, s. grenier; v. a. amasser, entasser. GARNET, s. grenat, m. (pierre précieuse.) GARNISH, v. a. garnir, fournir, orner, pour-voir, parer, assigner, citer, ajourner. GARNISH, GARNISHMENT, s. ornement, m. GARNITURE, s. garniture, f. ornement, m. GARRET, s. galetas, m. grenier, m. GARRETEER, s. habitant d'une galetas. [son. GARRISON, s. garnison; v. a. mettre garni-GARRULITY, a. babil, m. caquet, m. GARBULOUS, adj. babillard, causeur. GARTER, s jarretière; v. u. lier avec une GAS or GAZ, s. gas, m. [jarretière. GASCONADE, s. gasconnade; n. n. habler. GASH, v. a. balafrer; s. balafre, f. GASP, v. a. & n. respirer avec peine GASP, s. penible respiration, abois, m. GAST, v. a. effrayer, épouvanter, faire peur. GASTRICK, adj. gastrique.
GATE, s. porte, f. grande porte, portail, m. Flood-gate, water-gate, s. une vanne. GATHER, v. a. cueillir, amasser, rassembler, recueillir, inferer, conclure, froncer, plisser; v. n. se rassembler, s'amasser; to ga-ther up, ramasser, relever; to gather matter, venir a suppuration ; to gather the corn, faire la moisson, moissonner; lo gather the grape, faire la vendange, vendanger; to gather dust, se couvrir de poussière; lo gather rust, se rouiller; to gather flesh, devenir gros, grossir; to gather strength, reprendre des forces. GATHRER, s. pli, m. celui qui cueille, qui amasse; gatherer of corn, moissonneur, m.; gatherer of grapes, vendangeur, m.; gatherer of taces, collecteur d'impôts, m.f. GATHRINO, s. récolte, f. quête.
GAUDILY, adv. d'une manière fastueuse. GAUDINESS, s. faste, m. ostentation, f. GAUDY, adj. fastueux, pompeux; s. fete, f. GAUGE, s. jauge, f. ; v. a. jauger. GAUGER, s. jaugeur, m. GAUGER, s. l'action de jauger, jaugeage, n GAUNTLET, s. gantelet, m. un ceste, éperons. GAUZE, s. gaze, f. Gauze-maker, gazier, m. GAVEL, s. redevance, tribut, m. GAVELEIND, s. partage égal de bien. GAVOT, s. gavotte, f. GAY, adf. gai, enjoué, élégant, galant. GAYETY, s. gaieté, f. enjouement, m. GAYLY, adv. gai ment, avec enjouement. GAYNESS, s. garete, f. enjouement, m. GAZE, v. n regarder fixement, contempler. GAZE, s. regard fige, étonnement, m. GAZEHOUND, s. levrier, m. levrette, f.

GAZER, s. celui qui regarde fixement, q GAZETTE, s. gazette, f. [tatem GAZETTEER, s. gazetter, m. nouvelliste, m. [lateut. GAZINGSTOCE, s. un speciacle GEAR, s. accoutrement, m. habillemes garniture, f. une babiole, une colifiche A head gear, s. coiffure, f. horse, le harnois d'un cheval. GECK, s. une dupe; v. a. duper, tromper. GELATINE, GELATINOUS, adj. en forme de gelée. GELD, s. de l'argent, m.; v. a. châtrer. GELDER, s. celui qui châtre, châtreur, m. GELDING, s. animal châtre, un hongre. GELID, adj. excessivement froid. GELLY, s. gelée, f. viscosité, f. GEN, s. pierre précieuse, bouton, m. GEM, v. a. & n. o. raped epierres préciouses GEMINATION, s. répétition, f. GEMINA, s. les gemeaux, m. juneaux, m. GENDER, s. genre, m. sorte, f. espèce, f. GENDER, v. a. & n. engendrer, produire GENEALOGICAL, adj. généalogique. GENEALOGIST, s. génealogiste, m. GENEALOGY, s. généalogie, f. GENERAL, adj. général, universel. GENERAL, s. la plupart, général, chef, m. GENERALISSIMO, s. généralissime, m. GENERALITY, s. généralité, f. la plupart. GENERALLY, adv. généralement, en général. GENERALSHIP, s. généralat, m. GENERALITY, s. la totalité, l'universalité, f. GENERALITY, s. in country is universality, GENERANT, s. principe, m. générateur, m. GENERATE, v. a. engendrer, produire. GENERATION, s. génération, f. production, GENERATIVE, adj. génératif, prolifique. GENERATOR, s. principe, m. générateur, m. GENERICAL or GENERICE, adj. générique. GENERICALUS, ado. quant au genre.
GENEROSITY, s. generosité, f. libéralité, f.
GENEROSITY, s. générosité, f. libéralité, f.
GENEROSITY, sur générosité, f. libéralité, f.
GENEROSITY, adu. générosité, mobleGENESIS, s. la Genèse.
[messit. GENET, s. genet, m. haquence, GENETHLIACAL, adj. genethliaque. GENEVA, s. Genièvre or Genèvre, m GENIAL, adj. génératif, nuptial, naturel, joyeux, divertissant. Genial bed, lit maptial. GENIALLY, adv. naturellement GENITAL, adj. génital, génératif. GENITALS, s. pl. les parties de la généra GENTINES, s. per parties de la generamon.
GENTINE, s. pomme de S. Anne, f.
GENTIVE, adj. génitif.
GENTUS, s. génie, m. esprit, m. ange, m.
GENTEEL, adj. poli, civil, honnète, élégant,
galant, de bou goût, propre, beau.
GENTEELLY, adv. élégamment, politement.
GENTEELLNES, s. élégance, f. politement, f.
propreté. f. bonne grâce, air gragians. proprete, f. bonne grace, air gracieux. proprete, f. Donne grace, air graebeur.
GENTIAN, s. gentiane, f. (sorte d'herbe.)
GENTILE, s. (a maggot.) ver, m.
GENTILES, s. gentil, m. pelen.
GENTILISM, s. paganisme, m. religion parGENTILITY, s. gentilesse, f. grace, f.
GENTILITY, s. gentilesse, f. grace, f.
GENTIL, adj. bien ne, gentil, doux, medèré,
tempèré, paisible, tranquille.
GENTLES DE S. M. personnes de qualité. f. GENTLEFOLES, s. pl. personnes de qualité, GENTLEMAN, s. un homme bien ne, gentilhomme, m. monsieur, m. GENTLEMANLIKE, GENTLEMANLY, qui convient à un homme bien né, gales

GESTLENESS, s. manières d'un homme bien i men i menare, s. mameros que nomme bien men f. pl. douceur, f. civilité, f. politesse, f. Gentle von an, s. demoiselle, dame. Gentle von an, s. demoiselle, dame. Gentle, s. les gens biens née, petite noblement. GENUTECTION, s. génufication, f. GENUTEZ, adj. vrai, naturel, propre, réel. GENUINENESS, s. purete, f. realite, f. GEOGRAPHER, s. géographe, m.
GEOGRAPHER, L. géographique.
GEOGRAPHY, L. géographique.
GEOMATER, GEOMATRICIAR, s. géomètre, f.
GEOMATER, GEOMETRICIAR, s. géomètre, f. GEOMETRAL, adj. geometral. [18.]
GEOMETRICAL, GEOMETRICK, adj. geometrique. GEOMETRICALLY, adv. geometriquement. GEORGICE, adj. d'agriculture ; s. géorgiques, GERFALCON, s. gerlaut, m. sorte d'oiseau de GERMAN, s. Germain, m. [proie. GERMAN, s. & adj. Allemand, d'Allemagne. GERMANDER, s. (an herb) germandrée. GERMANY, s. Allemagne, f. GERMANY, s. Allemagne, f. GERME, s. pougse, f. bourgeon, m. GERMINATE, v. a. germer, pousser, bourgeonner. GERMINATION, s. germination, f. pousse, f. GERMINS, s. les premiers jets. GERUND, s. gerondif, f. [spectacle, m. GEST, s. action, f. exploit, m. faits, m. pl. GESTICULATE, v. n. gesticuler, faire beaucoup de gestes. GESTICULATION, s. gesticulation, f. GESTURE, s. geste, m. action, GESTURE, v. a. accompagner de gestes. GET, v. a. & n. gaguer, acquerir, obtenir, remporter, tenir, prendre, tirer, s'attirer, avoir, faire, s'engendrer, engager sur, ob-tenir de, aller, arriver, parvenir, devenir; to get above, surpasser, devancer; to get abroad, faire sortir, publier, chasser, deveabroad, laire sorur, publier, chasser, deve-mir publie; to get anouy, faire en aller, faire retirer, enlever, débaucher, s'en aller, s'evader; to get the better of, avoir l'avantage, l'emporter sur; to get before, prévenir, dé-vancer; to get by heart, apprendre par cœur; to get one's self back, s'en aller, s'en retourner; to get cleur, se tirer, s'echap-per; to get a cold, attraper un rhume; to est done or made, since faire, to get deleget done or made, faire faire; to get down, faire descendre, descendre; to get from, arracher, tirer par force, se défaire, se débarrasser, s'arracher de; to get forward, avancer, profiter; to get a footing, s'eta-blir; to get friends, se faire des amis; to get a fall, tomber; lo get gone, faire retirer; get you gone, allez vous en, retirez vous; to get an ill habit, contracter une mauvaise habitude; to get in, faire entrer, attirer, cugager, entrer; to get into, se jeter, entrer, s'msinuer; to get off, tirer, se tirer; s'échapper, se sauver, vendre, disposer de, tirer, ôter de; to get on, mettre, lever; to get over, passer, traverser, passer par des-sus, surmonter; to get out, faire sortir, tirer, sortir, se tirer; to get ready, proparer, tenir prêt ; to get to, aller à ; to get together, assembler, s'attrouper, se joindre, Se rencontrer; to get through, faire passer à travers, percer; to get up, lever. faire lever, se jever; to get upon, nonter; to get with child, engrosser; to get a wife, prendre

fomme, se marier ; to get well again, se remettre, se rétablir.
GETTING, s. acquisition, f. gain, m. profit,
m. façon, f.
GEWGAW, s. & adj. colifichet, m. GHASTFUL, adj. sombre, triste, affreux. GHASTLINESS, s. pâleur, f. mine affreus GHASTLY, adj. horrible, terrible, affreux, lugubre, triste. GHERKIN, s. cornichon, m.
GHOST, s. ame, f. esprit, m. les mancs, f. GHOSTLY, adj. spirituel. GIANT, s. geant, m. GIANTESS, s. une géante. GIANTLIKE, GIANTLY, adv. de géant, grand. GIB, GIBBE, s. un animal cassé de vieillesse. GIBBERISH, s. jargon, m. patois, m. [tence. GIBBET, s. un gibet, la potence. GIBBET, v. a. pendre or exposer à une po-GIBBOSITY, s. bosse, f. convexité, f. GIBEOUS, adj. bossu, prominent, convexe. GIBE, v. a. & n. railler, se moquer de. GIBE, s. raillerie, f. sarcasme, m. lardon, m. GIBER, railleur, m. gausseur, m. GIBINGLY, adv. d'un ton railleur. GIBLETS, s. pl. abattis d'oie, m. la petite oie. GIDDILY, adv. étourdiment. GIDDINESS, s. vertige, m. tournoiement de tête, m. inconstance, f. joie folle. GIDDY, adj. sujet aux vertiges, étourdi. GIDDYBRAINED, étourdi, écervelé. GIDDYHEADED, adj. GIDDYPÁCED, adj. étonrdi. GIFT, s. présent, m. don, m. talent, m. GIFTED, adj. doué, avantage, donné. GIG, s. toupie, f. sabot, m. poche, f. GIGANTICK, adj. de géant, gigantesque. GIGGLE, v. n. ricauer, échaler de rire. GIGGLER, s. un rieur, ricaneur, m. GILD, v. a. dorer. GILDER, s. doreur, m. GILLY-FLOWER, s. (a plant) giroflee, f. GILTHEAD, s. (a sea-fish) dorade, f. Gim, adj. joli, gentil. Gime er, s. un foret, un gibelet, vrille, f. GIMMER, s. mechanisme, m. ressort, m. Gin, s. trebuchet, m. trappe, f. esprit de Ginger, s. gingembre. [Genièvre, m. GINGERBREAD, s. pain d'épice, m. GINGERLY, adv. adroitement, doucement. GINGLE, s. tintement, m. ; v. a. & n. tinter. GINGLING, s. tintement, m. tintin, m. GIPSY, s. Bohémienne, Egyptienne. GIRASOLE, s. tournesol, m. girasol, m. GIRD, v. a. ceindre, attacher autour. GIRD, s. angoisse, f. déchirement, m. raille-GIRDER, s. un solive. [rie, f. sarcasme, m. GIRDLE, s. ceinture, f. ceinturon, m. GIRDLE, v. a. ceindre, entourer, environner GIRDLER, s. ceinturier, fescur de ceintures, GIRL, s. une fille. GIRLISH, adj. de fille. GIRLISHLY, zdo. en fine. Girt and Girte, s. sang e, f.; v a. sangler Girt, s. (an herb) nielle, f. GIVE, v. a. donner, rendre, faire, presenter, offrir, montrer, indiquer, suggerer; n. n. se ralentir, se radoucir, degeler; to gin mony, livrer, abandonner; to give back rendre, restituer; to give credit, ajouted foi croire, faire credit sto give content, con tenter, satisfaire ; to give a call, appeler

te gree ear or a hearing, prêter l'oreille, | GLEE, s. joie, f. gaieté, f. un air gat. écouter ; to gire fire, faire feu, tirer ; to | GLEED, s. un charbon ardent. give forth, publier, divulguer; to give a fall, faire tomber; to give a guess, deviner; to give ground, reculer, plier; to give heed, prendre garde; to give in, donner, rendre, plier, reculer, ceder; to give into, donner, entrer dans, adopter; to give joy, feliciter; to give judgment, juger; to give a look, regarder; to give for lost, tenir pour perdu; to give one's self or one's mind, s'adonner, s'appliquer à ; to give notice or warning, s'appiquer a; to give notice or warring, avertir; to give au outh, deferer le serment; to give off, cesser, se desister; to give out, divulguer, publier, cesser, cèder; to give ouer, cesser, discoutinuer, laisser, abandonner; to give a push or thrust, pousser; to give place, faire place, cèder; to give suck, allaiter; to give trouble, incommoder; to give mendre cèder abandonner; to to give up, rendre, céder, ebandonner; to give way, céder, sc rendre, s'enforcer.
Given, s. donneur, m. donateur, m. GIVING, s. l'action de donner, donation, f. GIZZARD, s. gésier, m. [don, m. GIZZARD, s. gésier, m. GLACIAL, adj. glacial. GLACIS, s. glacis, m. GLACIATE, v. n. glacer, geler, se congeler. GLACIATION, s. congélation, f. glace, f. GLAD, adj. aise, bien aise, joyeux, charme, GLADDEN, v. a. rejouir, faire plaisir. [ravi. GLADE, s. clairière, f. une allee, une avenue. GLADEN or GLADER, s. glaleul, m. GLADIATOR, s. gladiateur, m. [sir. GLADIATOR, s. gladiateur, m. [sir. GLADIATOR, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. allegresse, f. GLADOME, adi. joyeux, gai, amusant. GLAIRE, s. glaire, f. blanc d'œuf, m. GLAIRE, v. a. glairer. GLANCE, s. un trait de lumière, un coup d'œil, un œillade. GLANCE, v. a. jeter un trait de lumière, étinceler, jeter un coup d'œil, effleurer, ra-ser, toucher légèrement. GLANCINGLY, adj. légèrement, en passant. GLAND, s. glande, f.
GLANDERS, s. (a borse's disease,) morve, f. GLANDULE, s. glandule, f. GLANDULOUS, adj. glanduleux. GLARE, v. n. éblouir, lancer des éclairs. GLARE, s. éclat de lumière éblouissant, m. GLARING, adj. eblouissant, manifeste. GLASS, s. verre, m. une glace, vernis, m. GLASS-BOTTLE, s. bouteille de verre, f. GLASS-COACH, s. carrosse vitre, m. GLASS-GRINDER, s. polisseur, m. GLASS-FUNDACE, s. le fourneau de verrerie. GLASS-HOUSE, s. verrerie, f. GLASS-MAKER, s. vitrier, m. verrier, m. GLASS-MAN, s. vertier, m. GLASS-METAL, s. le verre mis en fusion. GLASS-WARE, s. verre, f. [verre, f. GLASS-WORK, s. verrerie, f. manufacture de GLASSY, adj. de verre, transparent, vitré. GLAVER, v. n. flatter, caresser, cajoler. GLAZE, v. a. vitrer, vernir, vernisser. GLAZED-FROST, s. verglas, m. pluie gelce. GLAZIER, s. vitrier, m GI FAD, GLEDE, s. milan (oiseau,) m. GLEAM, s. rayon, m.; v. n. rayonner. GLEAMY. adj. brillant, étincélant, éclatant. GLEAN, r. a. grappiller. GLEANER, s. glaueur, grappilleur. GLEANING, s. glanage, m. glane, f. GLEBE, s. sol, m. terre, f. terrein, m.

GLEEFUL, adj. joyeux, gai. GLEEK, s. brelan, m. tricon, m. fredon, m. GLEET, s. pus, m. sang corrompu. GLEET, v. n. rendre du pus, dégoutter. GLIB, adj. coulant. GLIBLY, adv. coulamment. GLIBNESS, s. volubilité, f. GLIDE, v. n. couler ; s. ecoulement, m. GLIMMER, v. n. reluire, briller foiblement. GLIMMER, s. lueur, f. foible éclat, m. GLIMPSE, s. lueur, f. sillon de lumière GLISTER, GLISTER, v. n. briller, reluire.
GLISTER, s. See Clyster, lavement, n.
GLITTER, v. n. briller, reluire, &clater.
GLITTER, s. lustre, n. éclat, n.
GLOAT, v. a. & n. loucher, regarder de tra
GLOBE, s. globe, n. sphère, f. une boule.
GLOBE, s. di rond sphérque. GLOBOSE, adj. rond, sphérique. GLOBOSITY, s. rondeur, f. forme spherique, f. GLOBOUS and GLOBULAR, see Globos GLOBULE, s. globule, m. petit corps spherique GLOBULOUS, adj. globuleux. GLOMERATE, v. dévider, former en peloton GLOMEROUS, adj. mis en peloton. GLOOM, s. obscurité, f. tristesse, f. GLOOMILY, adv. obscurément, d'un air triste GLOOMINESS, s. obscurité, air sombre. GLOOMY, adj. sombre, obscur, triste, mélan-GLORIED, adj. illustre. Colique. GLORIFICATION, s. glorification, f. GLORIFY, v. a. glorifier, honorer, celebrer GLORIOUS, adj. glorieux, illustre, honorable. GLORIOUSLY, adv. glorieusement. GLORY, s. glorie, f. honorur, f. éclat, m. GLORY, v. n. se glorifier, s'enorguellir. GLOSS, s. gloss, f. commentaire, m. GLOSS, v. a. & n. commenter, gloser, colo-GLOSSARY, s. glossaire, m. [rer, lustrer. GLOSSA, v. a. c. n. commenter, gloser, con-GLOSSATY, s. glossaire, m. [rer, lustrer, GLOSSATOR, GLOSSER, s. commentateur, m. GLOSSINESS, s. poli, m. lustre, m. GLOST, adj. lustré, poli. GLOTTIS, s. glotte, f. (partie du larynx) GLOVE, s. gant, m. ; v. a. ganter. GLOWER, s. gantier, m., ctre en feu, bruler. GLOW, v. n. étre ardent, étre en feu, bruler. GLOW, s. ardeur, f. passion, f. vivacité, f. GLOWING, adj. ardent, embrasé; glowing of the ears, un tintoin d'oreilles, tintement, GLOW-WORM, s. ver luisant. GLOZE, v. n. flatter, cajoler; s. flatterie, cajolerie, f.
Gluz, s. colle, f.; v. a. coller, attacher. GLUEY or GLUISH, adj. gluant, collant. GLUT, v. a. avaler, gorger, souler, rassasier. GLUT, s. abondance, f. satiete, f. degoût, sa. GLUTINOUS, aaj. glutineux, gluant. GLUTTON, s. un glouton, un gourmand. GLUTTONOUS, adj. gourmand, glouton. GLUTTONOUSLY, adr. gloutonnement. GLUTTONY, s. gourmandise, f. GNAR or GNARL, v.n. gronder, murmurer. GNASH, v. a. & n. grincer. GNASHING, s. grincement de dents, m. GNAT, s. moucheron, m. cousin, m. Gratsnapper, s. pivoine, f. GNAW, v. a. & n. ronger. GNAWER, s. rongeur. GNAWING, s. rongement, m. Gnonon, s. style d'un cadran, gnomon, s. GNOMONICKS, s. gnomonique, f. Go, r. n. aller, marcher, s'en aller, partir, passer, avoir cours; to go halves, être on

Gonz, part. sdj. allé, en allé, avancé, perdu

faire de moitié; to go about, faire le tour, entreprendre, se méler de ; to go abroad, se entreprendre, se méter de; to go abroad, se répandre, courir, sortir, voyager; to go aguanst, s'opposer, être contraire; to go along, passer, poursuivre son chemin; to go aside, s'égarer, errer; to go astray, s'égarer; to go assuder, aller séparément; to go assey, s'en aller, partir; to go back, reculer, se retirer, s'en retourner; to go backward, marcher à reculons, reculer; to go before, précèder, dévancer; to go beinnd or after, miyre: to go betone. être mediaor after, suivre; to go between, être mediasurnonter, tromper; to go by ond, surpasser, surmonter, tromper; to go by, passer auprès, souffir, avoir, acquerir, se règler sur; pres, souther, avoir, acquernt, se reger sui; to go comberry, agir contre; to go domen, descendre, être avalé, rétrograder; to go for, aller chercher, passer, être compté pour, être favorable; to go forth, sortir, parotir; to go formand, avancer, poursuivre; to go frem, quitter, s'écarter de; to go in, entrer, contre risque porter : to go near, approcher, courir risque de ; to go off, mourir, quitter, se vendre ; to go on, avancer, poursuivre, continuer; to go over, pesser, traverser, deserter; to go out, sortir, s'etoindre; to go through, passer, out, sorur, s'eigindre; to go through, passer, traverser, fendre, percer, faire exécuter, venir à bout; to go to, after à avoir rapport à; to go suder, subir, essayer; to go sp, monter, s'élever; to go spon, se fonder sur, entreprendre; to go svithout, être frustré de, ne pas obtenir, se passer de. GOAD, s. aiguillon, m; v. a. aiguilloner. GOAL, s. le bout de la lice, but, m. terme, m. prison, f. geôle, f. GOAT, s. une chevre. GOAT, s. une chevre. A he-goat, un bouc. GOATSBEARD, s. (a plant) saisifis, m. GOAT-HART, s. un cerf. GOATHERD, s. chèvrier, m. GOATISH, adf. de bouc, bouquin, puent, lescif. GOBBET, s. une bouchée; v. a. avaler. GOBBLER, s. un glouton, un gourmand. GOBLET, s. gobelet, m. tasse, f. coupe, f. GOBLIN, s. un esprit, lutin, spectre. Go-By, s. artifice, m. tromperie, f.
God, s. Dieu, m. Would to God! Plut à Gon, s. Dieu, m. Would to God! Plut à Dieu! God forbid! A Dieu ne plaise! Thank God, Dieu merci! GodDEss, s. deesse. GODHEAD, s. divinité, f. GODFATHER, s. parrain, m.; Godmother, marraine, /. Godless, adj. athée, impie. Godlike, adj. divin, semblable à un dieu. GODLY, adv. pieusement, dévotion, f. GODLY, adj. pieux. dévot. [leule, f. GOD-SON, s. filleul, m.; god-daughter, fil-GODWIT, s. francolin, m. GOER, s. allant, m. coureur, m. ambulant, m. GOGGLE, v. n. regarder de travers, loucher. GOING, s. démarche, f. grossesse, f. départ, GOLD, s, or, m. d'or. GOLDEN, adj. d'or. GOLDFINCH, s. chardonneret, m. GOLD-FLOWER, s. tournesol, m. GOLDHAMMER, s. loriot, m. Clouder, s. (a fish) dorade, f. GOLDSMITH, s. orfevre, m. trade, orfevrerie, f. Goldsmith's GOME, s. cambonis, m. GONDOLA, s. gondole, f. G WDOLIER, s. gondolier, m.

GONFALON, GONFANON, s. gonfalon, m. gonfanon, m. GONORRHEA, s. gonorrhee, f. GOOD, adf. bon, gracieux, clement, utile, con-venable, salutaire, propre à, habile. As good as, autant que, comme, quasi. In good earnest, sérieusement, tout de bon. To think good, trouver bon, juger à propos. To make good, prouver, reparer.
Good, s. bien, m. avantage, m. profit, m.
For good and all, serieusement, pour toujours. GOOD, interj. eh bien! adv. bien. GOODLINESS, s. beauté, f. élégance, f. GOODLY, adj. beau, joit, élégant, heureux. GOOD-RATURED, adj. d'un bon naturel. GOODRESS, s. bouté, f. GOODS, s. pf. biese, m. meubles m. effets, m. marchandises, f. Good-Will, s. bonne volonte, pot de vin. Goose, s. une oie, carreau (de tailleur), m GOOSEBERRY, s. groseille, f. GOOSEBERRY-BUSH, s. grossiller, m. GOOSEFCOT, s. (an herb) pied-d'oie, m. Goosegrass, s. (an herb) mélilot, m. GORBELLY, s. gross ventre, grosse penses GORE, s. sang, m. sang cailé, pointe, f. GORE, v. a. piquer, peretr, blessor. GORE, s. gosser, m. gorge, f. jabot, m. GORGE, v. a. gorger, solder, rassasier. GORGEOUS, adj. somptueux, splendide, fastueux. Gorgeously, adv. magnifiquement. GORGEOUSNESS, s. magnificence, f. éclat, m. GCRGET, s. hausse-col, m. gorgeria, m. GORGON, gorgone, f.
GORMANDIZE, v. n. être gourmard, maager gloutonnement. GORMANDIZER, s. glouton, m. GORMANDIZING, s. gourmandise, f. glouton-GORSE, s. bruyère, f. [nerie, f. GORY, adj. couvert de sang caillé. Goshawk, s. autour, m. (oiseau.) GOSLING, s. un oison, chaton, m. GOSPEL, s. l'évangile, m. GOSPELLER, s. évangéliste, m. celui qui lit Gossip, s. un compère, une commère Gossip, v. n. faire la commère, babiller. GOTHICK, adj. gothique. Gотна, s. pl. les Goths. GOURD, s. citrouille, f. calebasse, f. gourde, GOURDY, adj. enflé aux jambes, gres. GOURNET, s. (red) un coucos, (grey) une hi-GOUT, s. goutte, f. gout, m. GOUTY, adj. goutteux. [regir. GOVERN, v. a. & n. gouverner, conde GOVERNABLE, adj. docile, disciplinable. conduire, GOVERNANCE, s. gouvernement, m. conduite. Governess, Governante, s. gouvernante, GOVERNMENT, s. gouvernement, m. GOVERNOUR, s. gouverneur, m.
Gown, s. robe, f. A might-gown, une robe de chambre. GOWNMAN, s. homme de robe. robin, m. GRABBLE, v. a. tâtouner, tâter, patiner. GRACE, s. grâce, f. pardon, m. grandeur, m GRACES, s. grâces, f. pl. les trois Grâces. GRACE, v. a. orner, embellir, favoriser. GRACEFUL, adj. beau, agréable, gracieux GRACEFULLY, adv. avec grace. GRACEFULNESS, s. grace, f. bonne grace. GRACELESS, adj. sans graces, effronte.

GRACIOUS, calj. gracieux, bon, favorable, bienfaisant, humain, obligeant, agréable. GRACIOUSLY, adv. graciousement. GRACIOUSEESS, s. bonte, f. bienveillance, f. GRADATION, s. gradation, f. GRADLENT, adj. ambulant, qui marche. GRADUAL, adj. graduel; s. graduel, se. GRADUALITY, s. progression regulière. GRADUALLY, adv. par degrés, peu à peu. GRADUATE, v. a. graduer; s. gradus, ss. GRADUATION, s. graduation, f. graduation, f. GRAFF, GRAFT, s. greffe, f. ente. f. fossé, m. GRAFF, GRAFT, v. a. greffer, enter. GRAFTER, s. celui qui ente. GRAIN, s. grain, m. graine, f. pepin, m. cra-moisi, m. veine, f. fil, m. poil, m. Against the grain, à contre poil, à contre cour. Dyed in grain, teint en cramotsi.
GRAINY, adj. gronn, plein de grains.
GRAMINEOUS, adj. herbeux, herbace, herbu. GRAMINIVOROUS, adj. qui se nourrit d'herbe. GRANNAR, s. la grammaire GRAMMARIAN, 2. grammairion, m. GRAMMATICAL, adj. grammatical. GRAMMATICALLY, adj. grammaticalomos GRAMMATICASTER, s. mauvais grammairien. GRANARY, s. grenier, m. grange, f. GRAVATE, GRAVITE, s. granit, m. gronat, m. GRANATE MARBLE, s. marbre grenu, m. GRAND, adj. grand, illustre, sublime. GRANDAM, s. grand mere, aleale. GRANDCHILD, s. petit fils or petite-fille. GRAND-DAUGHTER, s. petite-fille. GRANDER, s. grand. GRANDEVITY, s. vicillesse, f. longue-vie, f. GRANDEVOUS, adj. vicux, qui vit long tems. GRANDEUR, s. grandeur, f. faste, m. GRANDEUR, s. grand-père, aïcul. GRANDMOTHER, s. grandmère. GRANDSIRE, s. aloui. GRANDSON, s. petit fils.
GRANGE, s. ferme, f. métairie, f.
GRANITE, s. granit, m. grenat, m. GRANIVOROUS, adj. qui se nourrit de grain. GRANT, v. a. accorder, avouer, donner. GRANT, s. octroi, m. concession, GRANTABLE, adj. qui peut être accorde. To take for grantes, supposer, tenir peur accordé. GRANTEE, s. donataire, m. GRANTOR, s. donateur, m. GRANULAR, GRANULARY, adj. gréncié. GRANULATE, v. a. & n. gréncier, grener. GRANULATION, s. granulation, f. GRAPE, s. raisin, m GRAPESTONE, s. pepin de raisin, m. GRAPHICAL, adj. exact, bien trace. GRAPHICALLY, adv. graphiquement, exacte-GRAPNEI, s. petite ancre. Iment. GRAPPLE, s. grappin, m. croc, m. GRAPPLE, v. n. en venir aux mains, combattre; v. a. accrocher, arrêter, attacher. GRASP, v. a. empoigner; v. n. s'accrocher. GRASP, s. poignee, f. prise, f. mains, f. GRASS, s. herbe, f. gazon, m. verdure, f. GRASSHOPPER, s. sauterelle, f. cigale, f. GRASS-PLOT, s. tapis vert, m. gazon, m. GRASSY, adj. herbeux, plein d'herbes. GRATE, s. grille, f. grillage, m. treillis, m. GRATE, v. a. & n. raper, gratter, choquer, fromeer, grincer. GRATEFUL, adj. reconnoissant, agréable. GRATEFULLY, adr. reconneissance, agreablement.

GRATEFULNESS, s. reconnoissance, f. egrément, m. GRATIFICATION, s. gratification, f. satisfac-GRATIFY, v. a. satisfaire, gratifier, s'aban-donner à, dédomnager, récompenser. GRATIFGLY, odo. d'una sacrification GRATINGLY, adv. d'une manière rude. GRATINGS, s. caillebotis, m. treillis, m. GRATIS, adv. gratis, gratuitement GRATUTOUS. 4. reconnoissance, f. gratitude GRATUTOUS. 4dj. gratuit, volontaire. [/ GRATUTOUSLY, 4dv. gratuitemeet. GRATULATE, v. a. feliciter, congratuler. [pliment. GRATULATION, s. gratulation, f. [pliment. GRATULATORY, adj. de félicitation, de com-GRAVE, s. tembeau, m. fosse, f. tombe, f. GRAVE-CLOTHES, s. drap mortuaire, m. GRAVE-MAKER OF DIGGER, s. foreoveur, ... GRAVE-STONE, s. tombe, f. GRAVE, adj. grave, serieux, retonu, reserve, circonspect. GRAVE, v. a. & s. tailler, graver, ciscler ; te grave a ship, sulfier, carener, espalmer un vaissann. GRAVEL, s. gravier, m. gros.sable. vel.pit, use sabbonnière. A gravel-welk, une allée couverte de gravier.

GRAVEL, v. a. couvris de gravier.

GRAVELLY, adj. Sablonneux, graveleux. GRAVELY, adv. gravement, serieusement. GRAVEN, part. adj. taillé, gravé, ciselé. GRAVENESS, s. gravité, f. contenance grave. GRAVER, s. graveur, m. buria, m. A sharp graver, un onglet. GRAVIDITY, s. grossesse, f. GRAVING-TOOL, s. burin, m. GRAVITATE, v. n. peser, graviter. GRAVITATION, s. pessateur, f. gravitation, GRAVITY, s. gravite, f. poids, m. GRAVY, s. jus, m. suc, m. coulis, m. GRAY, adj. gris; s. gris, m. couleur grise. GRAY or GRAY-BROCK, s. blaireau, m. GRAY-BEARD, e. barbe grise, vicillard, m. GRAY-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux gris. GRAY-HAIRED, adj. grison, qui a les cheveux GRAYHOUND, s. levrier, m. [gris. GRAYISH, adj. grisatre, tirant sur le gria. GRAYLING, s. (a sort of fish) ombre, f. GRAYNESS, s. gris, m. couleur grise. GRAZE, v. a. & s. faire pattre, pattre, être su vert, raser, friser, effleurer. GRAZIER, s. celui qui engraisse le betail. GRAZING, s. l'action de faire paitre. GREASE, é. graisse, f. oing, m. GREASE, v. a. graisser, oindre, corrompre par des présens GREASILY, adv. salement. GREASINESS, s. graisse, f. salete, f. GREAST, adj. grass, buileux, sale, crassoux.
GREAST, adj. gras, buileux, sale, crassoux.
GREAT, adj. grand, gros, important. A great deal, beaucoup, quantité. A great many, plusieurs. A great while, long-tempa.
GREAT, s. gros, m. By the great, en gros.
GREAT-HEARTED, adj. qui a une grande âme. GREATLY, adv. grandement, fort, beaucoup. GREATNESS, s. grandeur, f. GRECIAN, s. un Grec, une Grèque. GRECISM, s. bellinisme, m. idiome Grec. GREECE, s. la Grèce. (me GREEDILY, adv. avidement, avec empres GREEDINESS, s. gloutonnerie, f. avidité, f. GREEDY, adj. glouton, avide, passionne

GREEDY-GUT, s. gourmand, m. glouton, m. GREEK, adj. Grec, de Grèce; s. le Grec. GREEK-FIRE, s. feu Grégeois. [neuf. GREEK, adj. vert, pâle, frais, frache, récent, [neuf. GREEN, s. vert, m. verdure, f. gazon, m. GREEN-CHEESE, s. fromage persillé. GREENCLOTH, s. la cour du tapis vert. GREEFINCH, s. (a bird) verdier, m. GREENHOUSE, s. une serre. GREENISH, adj. verdâtre, tirant sur la vert. GREEKLY, adv. vertement. [veauté, m. GREENLY, and vertures. [veduc, m. GREENLY, and verture, f. verdeur, m. nou-GREENS, s. pl. herbage, m. légume, m. GREENSICENESS, s. pâles couleurs, f. GREENSWARD, s. pelouse, f. gazon, m. GREET, v. a. & n. saluer, complimenter. GREETING, s. salutation, f. salut, m. GRENADE and GRENADO, s. grenade, f. GRENADIER, s. grenadier, m. GREYHOUND, s. un lévrier, une lévrette. GRICE, s. un marcassin. GRIDELIN, s. gris de lin, m. GRIDIRON, s. gril, m. fennui, m. GRIEF, s. chagrin, m. deplaisir, m. douleur, f. GRIEVANCE, s. grief, f. tors, m. abus, m. GRIEVE, n. a. & n. chagriner, affliger, tourmenter, vexer, s'attrister, s'affliger. GRIEVINGLY, adv. avec chagrin. GRIEVOUS, adf. grief. douloureux, affligeant, cruel, facheux, atroce, chorme.
GRIEVOUSIV, adv. grièvement, crueltement.
GRIEVOUSNESS, s. chagrin, m. énormité, f. GRIFFIN or GRIFFUN, s. griffon, m. GROFFING GRIFFIN or GRIFFUN, s. griffon, m. GRILL, v. a. griffer, faire griffer. GRILL, v. a. griffer, faire griffer. GRILL, v. a. griffer, faire griffer. GRIMACE, s. grimace, f. feinte, f. GRIME, s. barbouillage, m.; v. u. barbouiller. GRIELY, adv. d'un air refrogné, de travers. GRIMNESS, s. air refrogné. GRIN, v. n. grimacer, grincer les dents. GRIN, s. grimace, f. un piège. GRIND, v. a. broyer, moudre, macher, grineer, aiguiser, emoudre, opprimer. GRINDER, s. un émouleur, meunier, m. GRINDERS, les dents mâchelières. GRINDSTONE, s. meule or pierre à aiguiser, f. GRINNER, s. un grimacier. GRIPE, v. a. empoigner, saisir, serrer; v. n. causer des tranchées, donner la colique. GRIPE, s. prise, f. une poignée. GRIPER, s. usurier, m. concussionnaire, m. GRIPES, s. pl. tranchées, f. colique, f. GRIPING, s. prise f. pression, f. colique, f. GRIPINGLY, adv. avec des tranchées. GRISKIN, s. grillade de cochon, f.
GRISLY, adf. affreux, hideux, horrible. [m.
GRIST, s. grain moulu, m. mouture, f. profit, GRISTLE, s. certilage, m.
GRISTLE, s. certilage, m.
GRISTLY, adj. cartilagineux.
GRIT, s. farine grossière, sable, m. limaille, f. GRITTY, adj. graveleux, plein de gravier.
GRIZZLE, GRIZZLED, adj. grison, grisâtre. GRIZZLY, adj. grisatre, tirant sur le gris.
GROAN, v. n. gemir, soupirer.
GROAN and GROANING, s. soupir, m. gemissement, m. GROAT, s. une pièce de quatre sous. GROCFR, s. épicier, m. GROCERY, s. épicerie, f. métier d'épicier, m. GROGRAN, s. scrte d'étoffe à gros grain. GROIN s. aine, f. GROOM, s. valet, m. domestique, m. garçon, m. palfrenier, m.

GROOVE, s. creux profond, une rainure. GROOVE, v. a. evider, faire une rainure. GROPE, v. a. & n. tâter, tâtonner. GRoss, adj. gros, epais, grossier, choquante GROSSLY, ach: grossièrement. [seur, f. GROSSNESS, s. grossièrcié, f. grosseur, f. épais-GROT and GROTTO, s. une grotte. GROTESQUE, adj. grotesque. GROUND, s. terre, f. terrain, m. champ, bien fonds, m. le plancher, principe, m. fonde-ment, m. raison, f. cause, f. sujet, m. sédiment, m. lie, f. GROUND, v. a. peser à terre, fonder, établir. GROUND-FLOOR, s. le rez-de-chaussée. GROUND-IVY, s. lierre rampant. GROUNDLESS, adj. sans fondement, sans rai-GROUNDLESSLY, adv. sans fondement. GROUNDLESSKESS, s. futilité, f. GROUNDLING, s. (a sort of fish) mêlet, m. GROUNDLY, adv. avec fondement. GROUND-PINE, s. encens de terre, m. GROUND-PLOT, s. le sol de terre, base, f. GROUND-RENT, s. rente foncière. GROUND-ROOM, s. une chambre basse. GROUNDSEL, s. seuil d'une porte, m. GROUNDWORK, s. fond, m. plan, f. base, f. GROUP, s. groupe; v. a. grouper. GROUT, s. grosse farine, sediment, m. GROVE, s. allee couverte, bocage, m. bos-GROVEL, v. n. ramper. [quet, m. GROW, v. n. -croitre, devenir, se faire; to grow better, s'améliorer; to grow big, grossir; to grow cold, se refroidir; to grow dear, landsome, embellir; to grow leavy, s'appe-santir; to grow hot, s'echauster; to grow late, se faire tard; to grow lean, maigrir; to grow less, diminuer; to grow light, s'e-claircir; to grow old, vieillir; to grow poor, s'appauvrir; to grow rich, s'eurichir; to grow short, décroître, s'accourcir; to grow sleepy, s'assoupir; to grow streng, se fortifier, prendre des forces; to grow tame, s'apprivoiser; to grow weary, se lasser; to grow well, se retablir; to grow worse, empirer; to grow young, rajeunit; to grow into fa-shion, venir à la mode; to grow into a pro-verb, passer en proverbe; to grow into favour, s'insinuer dans les bonnes graces; te grow near or on, approcher; to grow out, s'étendre; to grow out of date, n'être plus de saison; to grow out of use, passer, n'être plus d'usage; to grow out of kind, dégénérer, s'abatardir; to grow out of esteem, perdre son credit; to grow to, atteindre, parvenir à; to grow towards, avancer, tendre à; to grow up, croître, lever, s'éle-GROWER, s. qui croît, qui pousse. GROWL, v. a. gronder, murmurer,

GROWL, v. n. gronder, murmurer.
GROWTH, s. croissance, f. crue, f. cru, m.
GRUB, s. un ver, vercoquin, m. un nain.
GRUB, v. a. défricher, essarter, déraciner.
GRUDGE, s. haine invétérée, animosité, f.
GRUDGE, v. a. & n. envier, murmurer.
GRUDGING, s. envie, f. ressentiment, m.
GRUDGINGLY, adv. à contre-cour, à regret
GRUEL, s. coulis de gruau, m.
GRUFF, adf. crefrogné, rechigné, brusque.
GRUFFLY, adv. d'un air refrogné.
GRUFFLSS, s. sigreur, f. mauvais naturel.
GRUMBLE, v. n. murmurer, se plaindre, se
GRUMBLE, s. grondeur, m.
[fâcher.

GRUMBLING. s. murmure. m. plainte, f. GRUME, s. grumeau, m. GRUMMEL, s. l'herbe aux perles, f. GRUMOUS, adj. grumeleux GRUMOUSNESS, s. coagulation, f. GRUNT, v. n. grogner, murmurer. GUALACUM, s. (2 wood) gayac, m. GUARANTEE, e. guarant, m. caution, GUARANTY, v. n. être garant, garantır. GUARD, s. garde, f. dolease, f. bord, m. GUARD, v. a. & n. garder, defendre. GUARDIAN, s. tuteur, totrice, curateur, curatrice, gardien tutelaire. GUARDSHIP, s. soin, m. garde-côte, m.
GUDGEON, s. goujon, m. anne annore.
GUBGEON, s. goujon, m. anne annore.
GUBGEON, s. conjecture, f.; v. a. & n. conjecture GUBSER, s. conjectureur, m. (urer. GUESSINGLY, adv. par conjecture. GUEST, s. un hôte, un convié, un convive. GUGGLE, v. n. faire glouglou. GUGGLING, s. glouglou, m. GUIDAGE, s. le salaire d'un guide. GUIDAGE, s. conduite, f. auspices, m. GUIDA, v. a. guider, conduire, mener. GUIDE, s. guide, m. conducteur, m. GUIDE, s. guide, m. conducteur, m. GUIDE, s. guide, m. conducteur, f. GUILD-HALL, s. la maison de ville. GUILD-HALL, s. la maison de ville. GUILDER, s. un florin, vingt sous de Hol-GUILE, s. fraude, f. artifice, m. flande, m. GUILEFUL, adj. trompeur, fourbe, imposteur. Guilefully, adv. en traitre, par fraude. GUILEFULEESS, s. fourberie, f. fraude, f. Guileless, adj. sans fraude, sincère, sim-GUILT, s. crime, m. faute, f. GUILTINESS, s. crime, m. mechanceté, GUILTLESS, adj. innocent, exempt de crime. GUILTLESSLY, adv. innocemment. Guiltlessness, s. innocence, f. Guilty, adj. coupable; adv. coupablement GUINEA, s. guinée, f.
GUINE, s. guinée, f. manière, f. façon, f. mode, GUITAR, s. guitare, f. [gourmand. GULCH and GULCHEN, s. un petit glouton or GULES, s. & adj. guoules, f. de guoules. GULF or GULPH, s. golfe, m. bas GULFY, adj. plein de gouffres er d'abîmes. GULL, v. a. duper, tromper, attraper. GULL, s. fraude, f. dupe, f. mouette, f. GULLERY, s. fourbe, m. trompeur, m. GULLERY, s. fraude, f. fourbe, f. fourberie, f. GULLET, s. gosier, m. goulot, m. GULLY, v. n. couler avec bruit. GULLY-GUT, s. an gourmand, an glouton. GULLY-HOLE, s. an egoût.
GULP, v. a. avaler, bone or manger gloutonnersent. GULP, s. gorgée, f. trait, m. goulée, Gum, s. romme, f. gencive, f. Red-gum, s. rougeurs au visage des enfans. Gun, v. a. gominer. GUMMINESS, GUMMOSITY, s. viscosité. Gummous, adj. gommeux, visqueux. Gunny, adj. gommeux, gomme. Gun, s. arme a feu, f. fusil, m. mousquet, m. Gunner, s. canonnier, m. GUNNERY, s. la science de canonnier. Gun-powder, s. poudre à canon, f. Gun-room, s. la sainte barbe. GUN-SHOT, s. p rice du mousquet, GUN-SMITH, s. armurier, m. arquebusier, m GUN-STICK s. baguette, f.

GURGION, s. farine grossière. GURGLE, v. n. couler avec bruit. GUSH, v. n. couler avec violence, ruisseler. GUSH and GUSHING, s. ecoulement, m. flux, m. saillie, f. Gusset, s. gousset, m. Gust, s. gout, m. désir, m. bouffée, f. GUSTABLE, adj. agréable, au goût.
GUSTATION, s. l'action de goûter, goût, ... Gustrul, adj. qui a de la saveur. [tonnerie, f. Gusty, adj. orageux. GUT, s. boyau, m. intestin, m. ventre, m. glou-Gut, r. a. éventrer, vider. GUTTER, s. une gouttière, creux, en GUTTER, v. a. canueler; v. n. couler. GUTTER-TILE, same faitière, une tuile creuse GUTTLE, v. a. & n. se gorger, bâfrer. GUTTURAL, adj. guttural. GUZZLE, r. a. & n. ivrogner, gargoter GUZZLER, s. goinfre, m. ivrogne, m. GYMNASIUM, s. le gymnase. Gymnastick and Gymnick, adj. gymnique, gymnastique. Gymnastique, s. gymnastique, f. Gyme, s. cercle, m. cirque, m. GYRATION, s. mouvement circulaire, m. GYVE, v. n. enchaîner, charger de fers. GYVES, s. fers qu'ou met aux pieds, m.

H.

HABEAS CORPUS, c. privilège qu'ont les pre-sonniers en Angleterre de faire évoquer leur cause au tribunal du Banc du Roi. HABERDASHER, s. petit mercier. HABERDINE, s. merluche salée HABERGEON, s. corselet, m. [équipage, a HABILIMENT, s. habillement, m. attirail, a HABILITATE, r. a. habiliter, rendre capable HABILITATION, s. habilité, f. qualification, f. HABILTY, s. pouveir, m. faculté, f.
HABILTA, s. habitude, f. constitution, f. dispesition, f. habit, m. habitlement, m.
HABIT, v. a. habitler, accoutrer. [bitar.
HABITABLE, adj. habitable, qu'on peut ha-HABITANT, s. habitant, a. (jour, HABITATION, s. habitation, f. demure, f. se-HABITUAL, adj. habituel, accoutume. HABITUALLY, adr. habituellement. HABITUATE, v. a. habituer, accoutumer. HABITUDE, s. habitude, f. familiarité, f. HAB-NAB, s. hazard, m. ; adv. an hazard HACK, r. a. hacher; r. n. se louer. HACKLE, s. soie crué, f.; v. a. sérancer de HACKNEY, s. un cheval de louage. huckney-coach, un carrosse de louage. HACKNEY, adj. de louage, mercenaire. HACKNEY, r. a. exercer, pratiquer. HADDOCK, s. sorte de merlu: le. Cher. HAFT, s. manche, f. poiguée, f.; v. n. emmas HAG, s. une furie; v. o. tourmenter HAGGERD, adj. sauvage, farouche, hagard. HAGGESS, s. sorte de boudin blanc. HAGGLE, v. a. couper; v. n. marchander. HAGGLER, s. un barguigueur, une bargui-HAGIOGRAPHER, s. écrivain sacré. [gneuse. HAIL, s. grèle, f.; v. n. grèler, saluer. HAIL, int. salut! bon jour! bien vous soit! HAILSHOT, s. poste, f. balle de plomb. HAILSTONE, s. grain de grêle, m. HAILY, adj. de grêle. HAIR, s. cheveu, m. poil, m. soies, f. crin, m. HAIRBELL, jacinthe or hiscinthe, f.

HAIRBROOM, s. balai-de crin, m. houseoir, m. || HAIR-BUTTONS, s. pl. boutons de crin, m. HAIR-CLOTH, s. baire, f. cilice, m. HAIRLD, adj. qui a des cheveux. Red-haired, rousseau, qui a les shoveux roux. HAIRINESS, s. quantité de cheveux, f.
HAIRLACE, s. ruban pour attacher les che-HAIRLESS, adj. chauve. [veux, m. HAIRY, adj. velu, chevelu, couvert de poil. HALBERD, s. hallebarde, f. HALEYN, s. naireourde, f. d. paisible, heu-HALE, adj. sain, fort, vigoureux. [reux. HALE, s. a. tirer, trainer, haler. HALF, s. moitié, f. demi, demie. HALF, s. ddj. demi; adv. à demi, à moitié. HALF-BLOODED, adj. dégénére, abâtardi. HALF-FACED, adj. qui ne se montre que de HALF-MOON, s. demi-hane, f. [profil. [profil. HALF-PENNY, s. un demi-sou. HALF-PINT, s. demi-pinte, f. chopine, f. HALF-SPHERE, s. hemisphere, m. HALF-WAY, adv. à demi-chemin. HALF-WIT, s. un petit esprit, un esprit foible. HALIBUT, s. sorte de plie (poisson.) HALITUOUS, adj. fumeux.

[f. HALL, s. salle, f. palais, m. barreau, m. baile, HALLAGE, s. droit de balle, m. HALLEUJAH, s. alkeluia, m. [des cris. HALLOO, v. a. & n. haler, encourager par HALLOW, v. a. sanctifier, consacrer. HALLUCINATION, s. méprise, f. erreur, f. HALM, s. tuyau de blé, m. [bevue, f. HALO, s. balo, m. [bevue, f. HALSER, s. hansière, f. [hansière. HALSTER, s. celui qui hale un bateau avec un HALT, v. a. boiler, elocher, s'arrèter.

MALT, s. balte, f.; estropie, boileux.

HALTER, f. corde, f. hart, f. licou, m.

HALTER, v. a. enchevêtrer. [deux. HALVE, r. a. partager par moitié, diviser en HAM, s. le jarret, jambon, m. hameau, m. HAMATED, adf. qui a des crochets. HAME, s. attelle de cheval, f. paille, f. HAMLET, s. petit village, hameau, m. HAMMER, s. un marteau. [forger, hésiter. HAMMER, v. a. battre à coups de marteau, HAMMOCK, s. un hamae, un branle. HAMPER, s. un grand panier or une botte. HAMPER, v. a. embarrasser, engager. HAMSTRING, s. le tendon, le ners du jarret. HAMSTRING, v. a. couper les jarrets.
HANAPER, s. le trésor, l'échiquier, m.
HAND, s. la main, écriture, f. signature, f. seing, m. paume, f. côté m. part, f. en-droit, m. prix, m. marché, m. bomme, m. travailleur, m. gens, m. monde, m. jeu, m. To get the better hand, avoir l'avantage. Under-hand, sous main, secrètement. Near at hand, à la main, tout près. Out of hand, vite, d'abord, incontinent. Hand over head, tête baissée, en étourdi. Hand in hand, de concert, d'intelligence. HAND, v. a. donner de main en main, donner la main, conduire par la main, manier. HAND-BARROW, s. civière. HAND-BASKET, s. panier à anse, m. HAND-BELLs. une clothette, une sonnette. HAND-BREADTH, s. paume, f. largeur de la HANDER, s. qui transmet. main. HANDFAST, s. arrêt, m. prison, m. HAND-FETTERS, s. menoties, f. [peu. HANDFUL, s. poignée, f. un petit nombre, HAND-GALLOP, s. un petit galop. HANDICRAFT, s. metier, m. art mecanique.

HANDICRAFTSMAN, s. un artisan. HANDILY, adv. adroitement, avec adre HANDINESS, s. adresse, f. dextérité, f. HANLIWORK, s. ouvrage manuel. HANDKERCHIEF, s. un mouchoir. HANDLE, v. a. manier, toucher, traiter, con-HANDLE, s. ause, f. manche, m. bras, m. poi-HAND-LEATHER, s. manicle. HANDLESS, s. manchot, m. HANDLING, s. l'action de manier, maniement, HANDMAID, s. une servante. HANDMILL, s. moulin à bras, m. moulinet, m. HANDSAILS, s. pl. petites voiles. HANDSAW, s. petite scie, scie à main, f. HANDSEL, s. étrenue; r. a. étrenner. HANDSOME, adj. beau, bel, belle. HANDSOMELY, adv. bien, fort bien, joliment. HANDSOMENESS, s. beaute, f. grace f. HAND-STROKE, s. coup de main, m. HAND-WORM, s. (an insect) ciron, m. HAND-WRITING, s. ecriture, f. HANDY, adj. de main, manuel, convenable. Hang, r. a. suspendre, pendre, pancher, ten-dre; v. n. pendre, etre pendu or suspen du; to hang about, être pendu, s'attacher; to hang luck, être en arrière, reculer; to hang by, appendre; to hang down, pendre en bas, basser; to hang out, etendre, deployer; to hang up, pendre or attacher en haut; to hang loose, pendiller. HANGER, s. pendant, m. contelas, m. HANGER-ON, s. un parasite, un écornifieur. HANGING, s. l'action de pendre, tenture, f. HANGING, part. adj. pendable, patibulaire. HANGMAN, s. le bourreau. HANK, s. peloton, m. echeveau, m. penchant, HANKER, r. z. desirer passionnement. HANSE, HANSEATICE, adj. anseatique. HAN'T, for has not, or have not. HAP, s. hasard, m. sorte, m. accident, m. HAP, a. n. arriver, se passer. HAPLESS, adj. malheurenz, miscrable. HAPLY, adv. peut-être, par hasard. HAPPEN, v. n. arriver, avenir, se passer. HAPPILY, adv. hourensement, par bonheur. HAPPINESS, s. bonheur, m. fehicité, f. HAPPY, adj. heureux, fortune. HARAKGUE, s. harangue, f.; v. n. haranguer. HARANGUER, s. orateur, m. harangueur, m. HARASS, r. a. harasser, lasser, fatiguer. HARBINGER, s. fourrier, m. avant courseur, HARBOUR, s. asile, m. refuge, m. [m. HARBOUR, v. a. & n. heherger, loger, ac-HARBOUR, v. a. ex n. nenerger, loger, accueillir, retirer, sejourner, se refugier.

HARD, adj. dur, ferme, solide, difficile, pénible, triste, ardu, sévere, cruel, rude, grossier, âpre, défavorable, mauvais.

Hard of beitef, incrédule.

HARD, adv. fort, beaucoup, violemment

Hard or Hurd-by, près, tout près. HARD-DRINKING, s. excés de vin, m. HARDEN, v. a. & n. endurcir, s'endurcir. HARD-HEARTED, edj. insensible, inflexible. HARDHEARTEDNESS, s. dureté de cœur, f. HARDILY, adv. hardiment, courageusement. HARDINESS, s. fatigue, f. forte, f. HARDLY, adv. à peine, rudement, à regret. HARDMOTHED, adj. qui a la bouche dure. HARDMOTHED, adj. qui a la bouche dure. HARDMOSS, s. dureté, f. fermeté, f. difficulté, HARDS or HURDS, s. étoupes, f. pl. [f. HARDSHIP, s. dureté, f. fatigue, f. HARDWARE, s. quincaille, f. quincaillerie, f. HARDWAREMAN. s. quincailler, s... HARDY, adj. hardi, brave, fort, robuste, dur.

HARE, s. un lièvre. Young hare, levraut, m. HARED, s. haine, f. aversion, f. détestation, HARE, v. a. effrayer, faire peur. HAREBRAIDE, adj. étourdi, écervelé, leger. HAREBROOT, s. pied de lièvre. HARELIP, s. bec de lièvre, m. HAUGHTINESS, s. hauteur, f. fierté, f. HAUGHTY, adj. hautain, fier, arrogaut. HARIER, s. sorte de chien lévrier. HARE, interj. écoute, écoutez ; r. n. écouter. HARLEQUIN, s. un harlequin, un farceur. HARLOT, s. une putain, une prostituée. HARLOTRY, s. métier de prostituée, m. HARM, s. tort, m. mal, m. malheur, m. HARM, v. a. faire du mal, faire tort, nuire. HARMFUL, adj. mal-fesant, dangereux, nui-HARMFULLY, adv. dangereusement. HARMLESS, adj. innocent, sain et sauf HARMLESSLY, adv. innocemment, sans mal. HARMLESSNESS, s. innocence, f. HARMONICAL, HARMONICK, adj. harmonique, harmonieux. HARMONIOUS, adj. harmonieux. HARMONIOUSLY, adv. barmonieusement. HARMONIZE, v. a. rendre harmonieux. HARMONY, s. harmonie, f. accord, m. HARNESS, s. armure, f. harnois, m. HARNESS-MAKER, s. harnacheur, m. HARP, s. harpe, f.; v. n. jouer de la harpe. HARPER, s. un joueur de harpe, m. HARPOON, s. harpon, m. HARPOONER, s. harponneur, m. HARPSICORD, s. un clavecin. HARPY, s. harpie, f. HARRIDAN, s. une haridelle, une putain usée. HARROW, s. une herse; v. a. herser. HARROWER, s. herseur, m. HARRY, v. a. harasser, harceler, troubler, tourmenter. HARSH, adj. apre, rude au goût, dur. HARSHLY, adv. rudement, durement. HARSHNESS, s. âpreté, f. aigreur, f. rudesse. HARSLET, s. entrailles, f. viscères, m. HART, s. un cerf. HARTSHORN, s. corne de cerf, f. HARTSTONGUE, s. scolopendre, f. HARTSWORT, s. aristoloche, f. seseli, m. HARVEST, s. moisson, f.; v. a. moissonner. HARVESTER, HARVEST-MAN, s. moissonneur, m. HASH, s. hachis, m. ; v. a. hacher. HASP, s. une agraffe, un crochet; r. a. agraffer, accrocher. HASSOCK, s. natte, f. paillasson, m.
HASTE, s. hate, f. vitesse, f. diligence, f.
HASTE and HASTEN, v. a. & n. hater, preser, se hater, se dépicher.
HASTILY, adv. en hate, à la hâte, en colère. Hastings, s. hâte. f. promptitude, f. Hastings, s. fruits hâtifs, pots hâtifs, m. Hasty, adj. prompt, diligent, precipité. Hasty-pudding, s. sorte de bouillie. HAT, s. un chapeau. [prét à éclorre. HATCH, r. a. couver, tramer, hacher ; v. n. être HATCH, s. couvee do petits, f. demi-porte. HATCHEL, s. séran, m. ; v. a. sérancer. HATCHELLER, s. sérancier, m.
HATCHES, s. pl. écoutilles, f.
HATCHET, s. hache, f. cognée, f.
HATCHET, s. heche, f. cognée, f.
HATCHNENT, s. écusson, m. [tilles, f. m.
HATCH-WAY, s. passage à travers les écouHATE, v. a. hair, détester; s. haine, f. * HATEFUL, adj. haïssable, odieux, détestable. HATEFULLY, adv. d'une manière odieuse. HATEFULNESS, s. qualité odieuse. HATER, s. celui qui hait, ennemi. of men, un misanthrope.

HAUL, v. a. tirer, tirailler, haler. HAULING, s. tiraillement, m. attelle, f. HAUM, s. chaume, m. paille. f. HAUNCH, s. la hauche, cuisse, f. HAUNT, v. a. & n. hanter, frequenter, visiter. HAUNT, s. retraite, f. repaire, m. HAUNTER, s. celui qui hante, qui fréquente. HAUNTING, s. frequentation, f. hantise, f. HAUTBOY, s. haulbois, m.; sorte de fraise, f. HAVE, v. a. avoir, posseder, tenir, s'avoir.
To have rather, aimer mieux. HAVEN, s. bavre, m. port, m. asile, m. HAVENER, s. inspecteur d'un port, m. HAVING, s. avoir, m. biens, m. possessions, f. HAVOCK, s. dégêt, m. ravage, m. HAVOCK, v. a. ravager, desser, saccager. HAW, s. cenelle, f. tache dans l'œil, f. clos, HAW, r. n. hésiter en parlant. HAWK, s. faucon, m. epervier, m. crachement, m.; v. n. chasser à l'oiseau, cracher. HAWKED, adj. aquilin, recourbe. HAWKER, s. colporteur, m. revendeur, m. HAWSES, s. trous par où on passe les cables. HAY, s. foin, m. panneau, m. olivettes, f. pl. HAY-cock, s. meule de foin, f. HAY-HARVEST, s. fenaison, f. recolte des foins, f. HAY-LOFT, s. fenil, m. grange, f.m. HAYMAKER, s. faneur, faneuse. HAY-STACE or HAY-RICE, s. gros tas de foin.
HAZARD, s. hasard, m. peril, m. risque, m.
danger, m. blouse, f. grille, f. d'un jeu de
paume, chance, f. (jeu de des.)
HAZARD, v. a. hasarder, risquer. HAZARDABLE, adj. risquable, hasardenx. HAZARDOUS, adj. hasardeux, dangereux. HAZARDOUSLY, adv. dangereusement. HAZE, s. brouillard, m. brume, f. HAZE, v. n. être nébuleux; v. α. effrayer. HAZEL OF HAZEL-TREE, s. noisetier, m. condrier, m. HAZEL-NUT, s. noisette, f. HAZEL, HAZELLY, adj. couleur de noisette. HAZY, adj. nebuleux, sombre, obscur. HE, pron. masc. il, celui, lui, le male. HEAD, s. tête, chef, m. principal, m. The head of a river, of a book, of a lute, of a ship, boot, cane, arrow, &c. la source d'un rivière, titre ou le frontispice d'un livre, le manche d'un lut, l'avant d'un vaisseau, le bec d'un bâteau, la pomme d'une canne, la pointe d'une flèche; head of a cask, foad d'un tonneau. HEAD, v. a. commander en chef, diriger. HEAD-ACH or HEAD-AKE, s. mal de tête, m. HEAD-BAND, s. bandeau, m. bande, f. HEAD-BOARD OF A BED, s. dossier de lit, m. HEAD-CURTAIN, s. bonne grace, f. [f. HEAD-DRESS, s. coiffe, f. coiffure de femme, HEADILY, adv. brusquement, étourdiment. HEADINESS, s. brusquerie, f. étourderie, f. HEAD-LAND, s. cap, m. promontoire, m HEADLESS, adj. sans tête, sans chef. HEADLONG, adj. imprudent, inconsidere. HEADLONG, adv. tête haissée. HEADPIECE, s. casque, m. tête, f. le frontal (d'une bride) le linteau d'une porte, les douves (d'un tonneau), f.

HEADQUARTERS, s. le quartier du général. HEAD-ROLL, s. bourset, s HEADSHIP, s. primauté, f. HEADSMAN. s. le bourreau, l'exécuteur de la haute justice, m. HEADSTALL, s. la tétière d'une bride. HEADSTONE, s. la pierre angulaire. HEADSTRONG, adj. têtu, opiniâtre, vicieux. HEAD-WORKMAN, s. maltre ouvrier, m. HEADY, adj. têtu, viclent, capiteux. HEALY, v. a. & n. guérir, se guérir. HEALER, s. médecin, m. guérisseur, m. HEALING, s. guérisson, s. HEALING, part. adj. curalif, consolidant, sa-lutaire, doux. HEALTH, s. sante, f. [salutaire. HEALTHFUL, adj. sain, qui est en bonne sante, HEALTHFULLY, adv. en bonne santé, HEALTHFULNESS, s. santé, f. salubrité, f. HEALTHILY, adv. en bonne santé. HEALTHINESS, adj. valetudinaire, foible, in-HEALTHLESS, adj. valetudinaire, foible, in-HEALTHSOME, adj. sain, salutaire, salubre. HEALTHY, adj. sain, en santo, qui se porte bien. HEAP, s. monceau, m. tas, m. amas, m. HEAP, v. a. entasser, amouceler, amasser. HEAPER, s. celui qui entasse, qui amasse. HEAPY, adj. mis en tas, emoncelé. HEAR, v. a. & n. ouir, entendre, écouter, donner audience, apprendre, entendre dire. HEAREN, v. n. écouter, prêter l'oreille.

HEAREN, v. n. écouter, prêter l'oreille. HEARKENER, s. un écouteur, une écouteuse. HEARSAY, s. oul-dire, m. rapport, m. HEART, s. coeur, m. courage, m. milieu, m. centre, m. substance, f. HEART-ACH, s. chagrin, m. peine, f. HEART-BREAK or HEART-BREAKING, s. crève-cœur, m. HEART-BREAKING, adj. desolant, accablant. HEART-BURNING, s. ardeurs de cœur, haine, HEART-DEAR, adj. bien-aime. [f. HEART-EASE, s. tranquillité d'esprit, f. HEARTED, adj. vaillant, courageux, hardi. HEARTEN, v. a. encourager, animer. HEART-FELT, adj. eprouvé, senti au fond du HEARTH, s. ûtre, m. foyer, m. [cœur. HEARTH'MONEY, s. fouage, m. HEARTILY, adv. de cœur, de bon cœur, sincèrement. HEARTINESS, s. sincérité, f. cordialité, f. HEARTLESS, odj. sans cueur, découragé, HEARTLESSLY, adv.sans courage, lâchement. HEARTLESSNESS, s. manque de courage, m. HEART-STRINGS, s. pl. les fibres du cœur, m. pl. HEART-STRUCK, adj. percé au cœur, effrayé. HEART-STRUCK, au., perce au cœur, euraye. HEART, ad.; sincére, cordial, qui se porte bien, fort, vigoureux, grand, bon.

HEAT, s. chaleur, f. chaud, m. ardeur, f. feu, m. véhemence, f. colère, f. passion, f. fongue, f. course, f. bouton, m. pustule, f. bourgeon, m. HEAT, v. a. chauffer, echausfer. HEATER, s. un fer chaud. HEATH, s. bruyère, f. [lin, m. HEATH-COCK, s. coq de bruyère, m. franco-HEATHEN, s. & adj. patens, m. paten. HEATHENISH, adj. palen, de palen, idolâtre. HEATHENISHLY, adr. en païen. [Tenne. HEATHENISM, s. paganisme, m. religion pa- | HELL-HAUNTED, adj. frequente par le diable.

HEATHY, adj. plein or couvert de bruyeres. HEAVE, v. a. & n. lever, elever, palpiter, fer menter, travailler, virer.

HEAVEN, s. le ciel, le firmament, les cieux.

HEAVENLY, adj. divin, céleste, du ciel. HEAVENLY, adv. divinement. HEAVENWARD, adr. vers le ciel, en haut. HEAVILY, adv. pesamment, lentement. HEAVINESS, s. pesanteur, f. poids, m. assou pissement, m. ennui, m. tristesse, f. fer tilité, f. HEAVY, adj. pesant, lourd, assoupi, stupide, triste, mélancolique, affligeant. HEBDOMAD, s. une semaine. HEBDOMAL, HEBDOMADARY, adj. hebdomadaire. HEBETATE, v. α. hébèter, émousser. HEBRAISM, s. hébraisme, m. HEBRAIST, HEBRICIAN, s. un Hébraissant. HEBREW, adj. & s. Hebraique, Hebreu, m. HECATOMB, s. hécatombe, f. HECTICAL and HECTICE, adj. etique, qui HECTICK, s. la fièvre étique. HECTOR, s. un fanfaron, un faux brave. НЕСТОВ, v.a. & n. braver, faire le fanfaron. HECTORING, s. fansaronnade, f. HEDGE, s. haie, f. A quickset hedge, une haie vive. HEDGE, v. a. entourer de haies. HEDGE-BORN, adj. de basse naissance. HEDGE-нос, s. (un animal) un hérison. HEDGE-PLANT, s. (a plant) viorne, f. HEDGER, s. un feseur de haies. HEDGE-ROW, s. espalier, m. [haie, m. HEDGE-SPARROW, s. un verdon, moineau de HEDGING-BILL, s. une serpe. [quer. HEED, v. a. faire attention à, observer, remar-HEED, s. garde, f. attention, f. soin, m. HEEDFUL, adj. attentif, soigneux, prudent. HEEDFULLY, adv. attentivement, prudemment. HEEDFULNESS, s. attention, f. soin, m. HEEDLESS, adj. inattentif, negligent. HEEDLESSLY, adv. négligenment. [f. HEEDLESSNESS, s. négligence, f. imprudence, HEEL, s. talon, m.; v. n. danser, pencher d'un côté. HEEL-MAKER, s. talonnier, m.
HEEL-PIECE, s. hausse, f. bout de talon, m.
HEFT, s. effort, m. poids, m. anse, f
manche, m. HEIGHT, s. hegire, f. ère des Mahométans. HEIFER, s. genisse, f. jeune vache, f. HEIGHO, interj. Al. ! Hélas ! HEIGHT, s. hauteur, f. élévation, f. grandeur, HEIGHTEN, v. a. relever, rehausser, élever. HEINOUS, adj. odieux, détestable, atroce. HEINOUSLY, adv. horriblement. HEINOUSNESS, s. atrocité, f. énormité, f. HEIR, s. héritier, m. ; v. a. hériter. Heiress, s. héritière, f. Heiress, adj. sans héritier. Heireom, s. biens annexés à un Franc-al leu, m. pl HEIRS OF HEIRESSES, s. pl. hoirs, m. pl. HEIRSHIP, s. qualité d'héritier, f. hoirie, f HELIACAL, adj. héliaque. HELICAL, adj. en spirale. HELIOTROPE, s. heliotrope, f. tournesol, m. HELL, s. enfer, m. HELL-FIRE, s. feu d'enfer. HELLEBORE, s. (a plant) ellébore, m. HELLENISM, s. hellénisme, m.

HELLISH, adj. infernal, d'enfer. HELLISHLY, adv. d'une manière infernale. HELLISHNESS, s. méchanceté infernale. HELLWARD, adv. vers l'enfer. [tration, HELM, s. timon, m. gouvernail, m. adminis-HELM or HELMET, s. un casque, beaume, m. HELP, v. a. aider, secourir, servir, éviter. HELP, s. aide, f. secours, m. support, m. HELPER, s. aide, m. celui qui aide. HELPFUL, adj. utile, secourable, salutaire.
HELPFUL, adj. utile, secourable, salutaire.
HELPLESS, adj. perclus, sans appui, abandonne, irremédiable, sans ressource. HELPLESSLY, adv. sans secours, sans remède. HELPLESSNESS, s. manque de secours, m. HELTER-SKELTER, adv. pêle-mêle HELVE, s. le manche; v. a. emmancher. HEM, s. ourlet, m. bord, m. hem, m. HEM, v. a. ourier, border, enfermer.
HEM, v. a. tousser violemment, appeler.
HEMICYCLE, s. hémicycle, m. demi-cercle, m. HEMISPHERE, s. hemisphère, m. HEMISPHERICK, adj. HEMISPHERICAL, hémisphérique. HEMISTICK, s. un hémistiche. HEMLOCK, s. (a plant) cigue, f. HEMORRHAGE, s. hémorragie, f. HEMORRHOIDAL, adj. hemorroidal. HEMORRHOIDS, s. hemorroides, f. HEMP, s. chanvre, m. HEMP-CLOSE, s. chénevière, f. HEMPEN, adj. de chanvre. HEMPEN, adj. de chanvre.

HEMP-SEED, s. chénevi, m.

HEM, s. une poule, la fémelle (d'un oiscau.

A Turkey-hen, une poule d'inde. A

Moor-hen, foulque, m. poule d'eau, f.

Gainea-hen, poule d'Afrique.

HEMBANZ, s. (an herb) jusquiame, f.

HEMBET, s. (a plant) mort aux poules, f.

HENCE, adv. d'ici, de là.

HENCEVORTH, adv. désormais, à l'avenir.

HENCEVORTH, adv. désormais, à l'avenir. HENCEFORWARD, adv. désormais, à l'avenir. HENDECAGON, s. hendécagone, m. HEN-HEARTED, adj. lâche, qui a un cœur de HEN-HEARTED, aaj. mano, The Hen-Heose, s. poulailler, m. [poule. HEN-PECKED, adj. gouverné par sa femme. HEN-ROOST, s. juchoir, m. [fouit d'aubépine, m. [foie.] HEPTAGON, s. eptagone or heptagone, m. HRPTARCHY, s. heptarchie, f. HER, pron. son, sa, ses, la, lui, elle. HERALD, s. un héraut. [moiries. HERALDRY, s. blason, m. la science des ar-HERALDSHIP, s. l'office d'un héraut, m. HERBALDSHIF, s. romee aun neraut, m. HERBA, s. herbes, f. Pot-herbs, herbes potagères. Herb of grace, rue, f. HERBACROUS, adj. herbacée. HERBACR, s. herbage, m. pâture, f. HERBAL, s. un traité de botanique. HERBALIST, s. un herboriste, un botaniste. HERBIFEROUS, HERBOUS, adj. herbeux, HERB-WOMAN, s. herbière, f. vendeuse d'herbes HEREN, adj. de la nature des herbes.
HERCULEAN, adj. d'Hercule, difficile.
HERD, s. troupe, f. troupeau, m. horde, f.
IIERD, v. n. aller en troupe, s'altrouper.
HERDSMAN, s. pâtre, m. celui qui garde le
HERE, adv. ici, ici-bas, voici. [bétail.
HEREABOUTS, adv. ici autour, par ici.
HEREAFTER, adv. désormais, à l'avenir.
HEREAT, adv. à cecì, à celà.
HERE BEIOW, adv. ci-dessous. HERBY, adj. de la nature des herbes.

HEREBY, adv. par coci, ainsi, par ce moyen, par là, par ces présentes. HEREDITARY, adj. héréditaire. HEREFROM, adc. d'ici. HEREIN, HEREINTO, adv. en ceci, en ce HEREOF, adr. de ceci, d'ici, de là. HEREON, adv. là dessus. HERESIARCH, s. heresiarque, m. HERESY, s. heresie, f. HERETICAL, adj. heretique. HERETICE, s. un or une hérétique. HERETO, adv. à ceci. HERETOFORE, adv. autrefois, aucaravant, jadis, anciennement. HEREUNTO, adv. à ceci. HEREUPON, adv. là-dessus, sur ces entrefaites, HEREWITH, adv. avec ceci, par ceci. HERITABLE, adj. qui peut heriter. HERITAGE, s. héritage, m. succession, f. HERMAPHRODITE, s. hermaphrodite, m. HERMETICAL, HERMETICK, adj. herwetique. HERMETICALLY, adv. hermétiquement. HERMIT, s. un hermite, un solitaire, un an-HERMITAGE, s. hermitage, m. Chorète. HERMITICAL, adj. d'hermite. HERN, contracted for Heron, s. heron, m. HERNIA, s. hernie, f. descente, f. HERNIA GUTTURIS, s. goitre, HERO, s. héros, m. homme vaillant. HERODIAN, adj. pédiculaire. HEROICAL, adj. hérolque. HEROICALLY, adr. heroïquement. HEROICE, adj. heroïque, de heros. HEROINE, HEROESS, s. une héroine. HEROISM, s. heroïsme, m. courage, m. HERON, s. un heron. A young heron, un hé. ronneau. HERRING, s. hareng, m. Red-herring, hareng HERRING-TIME, s. harengeaison, f. HERRING-WOMAN, s. harengèie, J. HERSE, s. cercueil, une bière. [lancer. HESITATE, v. n. hésiter, être en suspens, pa-[lancer. HESITATION, HESITANCY, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. HETEROCLITE, adj. hétéroclite. HETERODOXY, s. hétérodoxie, f. HETEROGENEAL, HETEROGENEOUS, adj. hétérogène. HETEROGENEITY, s. hétérogénéité, f. HETEROSCIANS, e. pl. hétérosciens, HEW, v. a. couper, tailler, aviver, abattre. HEWER, s. abatteur, m. coupeur, m. buche-[ron, HEXAGON, s. un hexagone. HEXAGONAL, adj. hexagone, qui a six côtes. HEXAMETER, s. hexametre, r. HEYDAY, interj. ouais! hola! HIATUS, s. ouverture, f. lacune, f. hiatus, m. HIBERNAL, adj. d'hiver. [quet. Hiccough, s. hoquet, m.; v. n. avoir le ho-HIDE, v. a. & n cacher, couvrir. A hidingplace, cachette, f. retraite, f. HIDE AND SEEK, S. cligne musette, f.
HIDE, S. peau, f. cuir, m. Hide of land,
mesure de quarante arpens, f. HIDEOUS, adj. roide, avare, taquin. HIDEOUS, adj. hideux, affreux, horride. HIDEOUSLY, adv. hideusement, afficisement HIDEOUSNESS, s. difformité, f. horreur, f. HIER, D. N. se hâter, se presser. HIERARCH, s. le chef d'une Hiérarchie. HIERARCHYAL, adj. hiérarchique. HIERARCHY, s. hiérarchie, f

HIT

HIEROGLYPHICK, s. un hiéroglyphe, un em- || HIVE, s. ruche, f. Hire-dross, cire à domi HIEROGLYPHICAL, HIEROGLYPHICE, adj. hiéroglyphique. HIGGLE, v. n. revendre. HIGGLEDY-PIGGLEDY, adv. péle-méle. HIGGLER, s. revendeur, m. coquetier, HIGH, adj. haut, élevé, grand, sublime, fier, altier, empoulé, plein.
HIGH, s. hauteur, f. haut, m. élévation, f.
HIGH, s. hauteur, f. haut, m. élévation, f.
HIGH-FLOWN, adj. orgueilleux, fier.
HIGH-FLYING, adj. extravagant dans ses opi-HIGHLAND, s. pays montagneux. HIGHLAND, S. pays monagneux. [mons. HighLanders, s. monagnard, ss. HighLy, adv. fort, beaucoup, infiniment. HIGH-MINDED, adj. fier, arrogant, ambitieux. HIGH-SPIRITED, adj. fier, audacieux, hardi. HIGH-WATER, s. haute marée. HIGHWAY, s. grand chemin. HIGHWAYMAN, s. voleur de grand chemin, m. HILARITY, s. gaieté, f. enjouement, m. HILL, s. éminence, f. élévation, f. HILLOCK, s. une colline, une éminence. HILLY, adj. montagneux, montueux. HILT, s. la poignée (d'une épée.) HIM, pron. le, lui. [inême,t [ineme,tout,seul. HIMSELF, pron. lui même, se même, soi HIN, s. (a measure of ten pints) uin, m. HIND, s. biche, f. un valet, un paysan. HIND and HINDER, adj. posterieur, de der-HINDER, v. a. empecher, arrêter. [rière. HINDERANCE, s. empêchement, m. tort, m. HINDERMOST, HINDMOST, adj. le dernier. HINGE, s. gond, m. charuière, f. pivot, m. HINGE, v. a. fixer, appuyer, supporter. Hint, s. insinuation, f. avis, m. soupçon, m. ouverture, f. suggestion, f. idée, f. Hint, n. a. donner à entendre, insimier. HIP, s. la hanche, gratte-cu, m. HIP-GOUT, s. la sciatique. HIPPISH, adj. hypocondriaque, mélancolique. HIPPOCENTAUR, s. hippocentaure, m. HIPPOCEASS, s. hippoceas, m. HIPPOPOTAMUS, s. hippopotame, m. Hiрsнот, adj. dehanche HIRE, s. louage, m. salaire, m. gages, m. HIRE, v. a. louer, prendre or donner à louage. HIRELING, s. & adj. mercenaire, m. HIRSE, s. millet or mil, m. His, pron. pos. son, sa, ses, à lui, le sien, la sienne, les siens, les siennes. Hiss, v. a. & n. siffler, se railler, se moquer. HISS and HISSING, s. sifflement, m. HIST, interf. st! chut! paix! HISTORIAN, s. historien, m. HISTORICAL, HISTORICK, adj. historique. HISTORICALLY, adv. historiquement. HISTORIOGRAPHER, s. historiographe, HISTORIOGRAPHY, s. historiographie, f. HISTORY, s. histoire, f. [fon. HISTRIONICAL, HISTRIONICK, adj. de bouf-HIT, v. a. & n. frapper, rencontrer, atteindre. HIT, s. coup, m. atteinte, f HIT OR MISS, à tout hasard. [couper. HITCH, v. n. se démener, se trémousser, se HITCHEL, v. a. sérancer. See Hatchel. HITHE, s. quai, m. port de rivière, m. Hітнек, adj. plus proche, plus près, de се Нітнек, adv. ici, y, çà. Нітнекмозт, adj. le plus proche. Нітнекто, adv. jusqu'ici, jusqu'à présent. HITHERWARD, adv. de ce côle ci.

faite, f. HIVE, v. a. & n. mettre dans des ruches, se Hyer, s. celui qui met les abeilles dans les Ho and Hoa, interj. hé! ho! [ruches. Hoar-Frost, s. gelée blanche. HOARD, s. amas, m.; r. a. & n. amasser. HOARDER, s. celui qui amasse. HOARINESS, s. cheveux blancs, f. blancheur HOARSE, adj. enroue, rauque. Hoarsely, adv. d'un voix enroute. HOARSENESS, s. enrouement, st. raucité, f. HOARY, adj. blanc, blanchatre, moisi. HOBBLE, v. n. boiter, clocher, être boiteux. HOBBLE, s. démarche inégale. Hobby, s. hobereau, m. un benct, un stupide A hobby-horse, cheval de bois, m. Hobgoblin, s. spectre, m. fantaisie, Hobit, s. espèce de petit mortier à bombes. HOBNAIL, s. clou à grosse tête. [Rhin. Hock and Hockamore, s. de vieux vin du Hock, s. le jarret; v. a. couper le jarret. HOUS-POUS. s. un tour de gibecière, filoute-HOD, s. oiseau (pour porter le mortier.) HODGE-PODGE, s. hochepot, m. HODMAN, s. manœuvrier qui porte le mor-HoE, s. houe, f.; v. a. houer, becher. Hog, s. cochou, m. pourceau, m. porc, m. Hog-Badger, s. un bléreau, un taisson. Hoggish, adj. de cochon ment Hoggishly, adv. comme un cochon, goulu Hoggishness, s. gloutonnerie, f. grossi èreté. f. HOGHERD, s. porcher, gardeur de cochons, Hogs-cheek, s. une joue de cochon Hog-sty, s. étable à cochon, f. [chons, f. Hogwash, s. lavure qu'on donne aux co-[chons, f. HOIDEN, s. une fille maladroite; v. n. fola-Hoise, Hoist, v. a. lever, hausser. HOLD, v. a. prendre, tenir, serrer, soutenir, avoir, possèder, jouir, assembler, convo-quer, empècher, retenir, contenir; to hold of one, relever de quelqu'un; to hold forth, avancer, étaler; to hold in, retenir, tenir en bride; to hold off, éloigner; to hold ore, continuer, prolonger, poursuivre; to hord out. s'étendre, offrir, proposer, soutenir ; to hold up, lever, soutenir, protéger ; v. n. continuer, durer, deriver, provenir, venir, s'ar-rèter, demeurer; to hold true, se trouver vrai; to hold forth, prêcher, annoncer; to hold in, se retenir, se contenir; to hold off, s'éloigner, se garder; to hold on, continu-er; to hold out, tenir bon, tenir ferme, du-rer; to hold up, se soutenir soi même, s'él claircir; to hold with one, tenir pour quelqu'un, être de son parti. HOLD, s. prise, prison, f. fort, m. To take or get hold, prendre, saisir. Hold of a ship, le fond de cale d'un vaisseau. HOLDFAST, s. crampon, m. main de fer, m. Holf, s. trou, m. creux, m. cavité, f.
Hollit, adv. sainement, avec pièté.
Hollifss, s. saintété, f. pièté, f.
Holla, interj. hola! hé! v. a. crier après quelqu'un. Hollow, adj. creux, enfonce. Hollow, s. creux, m. cavité, f. un cri. Hollow, v. a. creuser; v. n. crier. HOLLOWNESS, s. creux, m. cavité, f. concavité, f. HOLLY and HOLLYOAK, s. houx, m. HOLME and HOLM-OAK, s. youse.

HOLUCAUST, s. holocauste, m HOLOGRAPH, s. acte olographe. HOLSTER, s. fourreau (de pistolet,) m. HOLSTER-CAP, s. un chaperon. HOLY, adj. & s. saint, pieux, sacré, benit. HOLY-DAY, s. fête, f. jour de fête, m. HOLY-GHOST, s. le saint-esprit. HOLY THURSDAY, s. le jour de l'ascension. HOLY-WATER, s. de l'eau bénite. HOLY WEEK, s. la semaine sainte. [mag HOMAGE, s. la semaine sainte. [mage. HOMAGE, s. hommage, m.; v. a. rendre hom-flomage, s. vassal, m. homme lige, m. flome, s. logis. m. maisen for the semaine semaine. HOME, adj. de chez sei, bon. HOME, adr. au logis, chez sei, tout-à-fait. HOMEBORN, HOMEBRED, adj. du pays. Homefelt, adj. interne, inférieur, privé. Homellily, adc. grossièrement, de mauvaise HOMELINESS, s. grossièreté. Homely, adj. simple, grossier. HOME-MADE, adj. du pays, de menage HOMER, s. mesure des anciennes Juifs, f. Homespun, adj. de menage, grossier.
Homeward, Homewards, adc. chez soi. HOMICIDAL, adj. meurtrier, sanguinaire. HOMICIDE, s. homicide, m. meurtrier, m. HOMILY, s. komélie, f. HOMOGEN KOUS, adj. homogène, de même nature, similaire. HOMOGEN EOUSNESS, s. homogénéité, f. Honologous, adj. homologue. Honoromous, adj. homonyme, ambigu. Homoromous, adj. égal, uniforme. HONE, s. pierre à aiguiser les rascirs, f. Honest, adj. honnéte, droit, sincère, chaste. HONESTLY, adv. honnétement, de bonne foi, Honkety, s. honnêteté, f. honneur, f. probi-Honky, s. miel, m. chère amie, f. [té. HONEY-APPLE, s. pomme S. Jean, f. HONEY-COMB, s. rayon de miel, m HONEY-DEW, s. manne, f. rosée, f. HONEY'D, HONIED, adj. couvert de miel, doucereux. HONEY-FLOWER, s. mélanthe, m Honky-moon, s. le premier mois du mariage. HONEY-SUCKLE, s. chèvre-fcuille, m. HONEY-WORT, s. (a plant) cerinthe, f. HONORARY, adj. honoraire. Honour, s. honneur, f. intégrité, f. chasteté, f. gloire, f. rang, m. grandeur, f. Honour, r. a. honorer, révérer, respecter. HONOURABLE, adj. honorable, glorieux. HONOURABLY, adc. honorablement. HONOURER, s. celui qui honore. HOOD, v. a. coiffer, un chaperon, un capuchon. HOOD, v. a. coiffer, encapuchonner. HOODMAN'S-BLIND, s. colin-maillard, m. HOOD-WINK, v. a. bander les yeux, aveugler. Hoor, s. sabot, m. (du pied d'un cheval.) Hoor-Bound, alj. encastelé. Hook, s. crochet, m. croc, m. agraffe, f. Hook, v. c. accrocher, attraper HOOKED, adj. crochu, recourbé, fourchu. HOOKEDNESS, s. courbure, f. HOOK-NOSED, adj. qui a le nez aquilin. Hoop, s. cerceau, m. panier, m. un rond. Hoop, v. a. lier, relier, cercler, crier. Hooren, s. un tonnelier, un cigue sauvage. Hooping-cough, s. coqueluche, f. Hoot, v. a. & n. huer, siffler; s. huee, f. Hop, s. houblon, m. saut, m Hor-GROUND, s. houblonnière, f. Hor, v. a. mettre du houblon; v. n. sauter. HOPE, s. espérance, f. espoir, m. BBH

Hope, r. a. & n. attendre, désirer. HOPEFUL, adj. de grande espérance, qui es-HOPEFULNESS, s. belles dispositions. [père. HOPELESS, adj. sans espoir, hors d'espérance HOPPER, s. saulcur, m. tremie, f. HORAL, HORARY, adj. horaire, des heures. HORDE, s. horde, f. troupe, f. HOREHOUND, s. marrube, m. HORIZON, s. horizon, m. HURIZONTAL, adj horizontal. HORIZOKTALLY, adr. horizontalement. HORN, s. come, f. cornet, m. cor, m. HERN-BEAK OF HORN-FISH, s. aiguille, f. Horn-Book, s. un abécé. HORNED, adj. cornu, à corne. HORNET, s. freion. HORK-OWL, s. [a bird] duc, grand duc, m. HORN-WORK, s. ouvrage à corne. HORNY, adj. fait de corne, calleux. HOROGRAPHY, s. horographie, HOROLOGE, HOROLOGY, s. horloge, f. HOROSCOPE, s. horoscope, m. HORRIBLE, adj. horrible, effroyable, affreux. HORRIBLENESS, s. horreur, f. énormité, f. HORRIBLY, adr. horriblement, énormément. HORRID, adj. horrible, affreux, effroyable HORRIDNESS, s. horreur, f. atrocité, f. HORROUR, s. horreur, f. détestation, f. [f. HORSE, s. cheval, m. cavalerie, f. chantier, HORSE, r. a. monter un cheval, couvrir, sailflir. HORSEBACK, adv. à cheval. Horse-Bi.ock, s. montoir, m. Ìm. Horse-Boy, s. valet d'écurie, m. palfrenier, HORSE-BREAKER, s. ecuyer, m HORSE-CHESTRUT, s. marron d'Inde, m. HORSE-CLOTH, s. housse, f. Horse-colt, s. un poulain. HORSE-COMB, s. une étrille. Horse-courser, s. un maquignon, HORSE-DUNG, s. fiente de cheval, f. Horse-Fi.y, s. taon, m HORSE-GUARD, s. garde à cheval, f. HORSE-LAUGH, s. ricannement, m. HORSE-LEECH, s. un marechal ferrant. Horseman, s. cavalier, m. HORSEMANSHIP, s. manège, m. l'art de monter à cheval, m. Horse-Physick, s. breuvage pour les chevaux, m. HORSE-POND, s. abreuvoir, m. HORSE-RACE, s. course de chevaux, f. HORSE-RADISH, s. raifort, m. rave sauvag HORSE-SHOE, s. fer de cheval, m. f. HORTATION, HORTATIVE, s. exhortation, f. Hosanna, s. bosanna, m. Dieu soit beni. Hose, s. chaussure, f. Hosier, s. marchand de bas, m. un bonnetier. Hospitable, adj. hospitalier. Hospitably, adr. avec hospitalité. Hospital, s. hôpital, m. hôtel-dicu, m. HOSPITAL, s. hôpital, m. hôtel-dieu, m.
HOSPITALITY, s. hospitalité, f.
HOSPITALIERS, s. pl. hospitaliers, m. ps.
HOST, s. hôte, m. hôtelier, m. une armée,
HOSTACE, s. ôtage, m.
HOSTELS, s. hôtelsee, f. auberge, f.
HOSTELS, s. hôtelsee, f. shôtelière, f.
HOSTILE, adj. ennemi, d'ennemi.
HOSTILITY, s. hostilité, f. acte d'hostilité, m.
HOSTLER, s. valet d'écurie, m.
HOSTER, s. ècurie, f. étables, f. pl.
HOT, adj. chaud, brulent, ardent. violent
HOT-BED, s. couche, f. Hot-вер, s. couche, f. [échauste, brûlé. Нотсн-ротсн, s. hochepot, m. salmigondis, HOT-COCKLES. s. main chande.

HOT-HEADED, HOT-BRAINED, fougeux, ar-HOTLY, adv. chaudement, avec chaleur. HOTKESS, s. chaleur, f. violence, f. fureur, f. une tête chaude, pois precoces. Hough, s. le jarret, une houe. Hough, r. a. couper le jarret. Hound, s. chien de chasse, m Houndstongue, s. langue de chien. Hound-tref, s. cornouiller, m. Hour, & heure, f. HOUR-CLASS, s. un sable. Hours, adj. fréquent; adv. à tout moment. HOUSE, S. maison, f. logis, m. HOUSE, s. a. & n. loger, mettre à couvert. HOUSE-BREAD, s. pain de ménage, m. pain HOUSE-BREAKER, s. un volenr. I bis, m. HOUSE-BREAKING, s. vol (avec effraction,) House-pog, s. un chien de basse cour. House-dog, s. un chien de basse cour. [m. House-eaves les gouttières d'une maison, f. pl.
HCUSEHOLD, s. menage, m. maison, f. [m.
HCUSEHOLDER, s. chef or père de famille, HOUSE-KEEPER, s. un père de famille. HOUSE-KEEPING, s. ménage, m. HOUSE-LEEK, s. (a plant) joubarbe. House-maid, s. servante, f. House-rent, s. le loyer d'une maison. House-warming, s. regal d'entrée, m. House-warming, s. regal d'entrée, m. Housewiffe, s. mère de famille, ménagère. Housing, s. logement, m. housse (de cheval.) Hovel, s. une cabane, une chaumière. Hovel, r. a. mettre à couvert, à l'abri. HOVER, r. n. voltiger, pencher, planer, hési-How, adv. comment, compien. How long, How many, How much, combien, jusques However, adv. quelque, quoique, cependant. Howl, v. n. hurler; s hurlement, m. Howlet, s. huette, hulote, f. chouette, f. Howsoever, see However and How. Hoy, s. grande barque heu, m. gaillotte, f. HUBBUB, s. tapage, m. vacarme, m. HUCKLEBONE, s. l'os de la cuisse, f. HUCKSTER, s. détailleur, m. regrattier. HUDDLE, s. désordre, m. confusion, f. HUDDLE, r. a. & n. brouiller, confondre. Ilue, s. couleur, f. huée, f. Huff, s. accès de colère, fanfaron, m. HUFF, v. a. braver, souffler un pion; v. n. se [tain. facher, s'enorgueillir. [tain. HUFFISH, adj. fier, arrogant, usolent, hau-Hug, s. embrassade, f, v. a. embrasser. HUGE, HUGY, adj. grand, vaste. [ment. HUGE, HUGELY, adv. extremement, enorme-HUGENESS, s grandeur extrême. HUGGERMUGGER, s. secret, m. cachette, f. HUGGING, s. embrassade, f. embrassement, HUGUNOT, s. Huguenot. HULK and HULL, s. le corps d'un vaisseau. HULL, s. cosse, pellicule, gousse, f HULL, v. n. flotter, être à sec, cosser. HULLING. adj. flottant à mâts et à cordes. HULLY, adj. cossu. [donner. HUM, s. bourdonuement, m. , v. a. & n. bour-Hum, interj. finissez, hola, asez. Human, adj. humain, de l'homme. Humane, adj. humain, doux, compatissant. HUMANELY, adv. humainement, avec dou-HUMANIST, S. humaniste, m. [ceur. HUMANITY S. humanité, f. douceur, f. HUMANIZE v.a. humaniser, adoucir.

HUMANKIND, s. le genre-humain. HUMARLY, adv. humainement. [mouche, st. Humbird, Humming-Bird, s. oiseau-Humble, adj. humble, modeste, bas. HUMBLE, v. a. humilier, abaisser HUMBLE-BEE, s. bourdou, m. abeille sauvage. HUMBLY, adv. humblement. Humdrum, adj. lourd, stupide, hébété. Humect, Humectate, v. a. humecter. Humectation, s. humecteion, f. Ilumeral, adj. qui appartient à l'épaule. HUMID adj. humide, moite. HUMID adj. humidité, f. moiteur, f. HUMILIATION, s. humilité, f. modestie, f. HUMILITY, s. humilité, f. modestie, f. HUMMER, s. celui qui applaudit. HUMMING. s. bourdonnement, m. HUMORAL, adj. qui vient des humeurs, humo-HUMORIST, s. un capricieux, un fantasque. Humorous, adj. capricieux, plaisant. HUMOROUSLY, adv. par fantaisie Humorsome, adj. bizarre, capricieux. HUMOUR, s. humeur, f. caractère, m. HUMOUR, v. a. plaire, contenter, atisfaire. HUMP, HUMPBACK, s. bosse, f. HUMPBACKED, adj. bossu. [yer. HUNCH, s. coup de coude, m. s. v. a. coudo-HUNDRED, adj. & s. cent, m. canton, m. HUNGER, s. faim, f. appetit, m. HUNGER, v. n. avoir faim, être affamê. HUNGERLY, adj. & adv. de bon appetit. HUNGER-STARVE, v. a. affamer. HUNGRILY, adv. avidement HUNGRY, adj. affamé, famélique, maigre. HUNKS, s. un ladre, un avare sordide. HUNT, v. a. & n. chasser, courir HUNT, s. chasse, f. une meute, poursuite, f. HUNTER, s. chasseur, m. une chien de chasse. HUNTINGHORN, s. un cor de chasse. HUNTSMAN, s. un veneur, un piqueur. HUNDLE, s. claie, f. porte à jour. HUNL, v. a. lancer, darder, hurler; s. tumulte, m. tapage, m. HURLBAT, s. ceste, m. HURLYBURLY, s. charivari, m. tintamare, m. tumulte, m. concours, m. HURRICANE, HURRICANO, s. ouragan, m. HURRY, v. a. & n. precipiter. hâter. HURRY, s. précipitation, f. hâte, f. HURT, s. mal, m. dommage, m. tort, m. HURT, v. a. faire du mal, nuire, blesser, ga. HURTFUL, adj. nuisible, malfaisânt.
HURTFULLY, adr. pernicieusement.
HURTFULXESS, qualité nuisible.
HURTELSS, adj. innocent, intact, invulneraHUSBAND, s. mari, m. menager, m.
HUSBAND, v. a. ménager, économiser. HUSBANDLY, adj. frugal, sobre, menager. HUSBANDMAN, s. laboureur. m. HUSBANDRY, s. agriculture, f. labourage, m. Hush, interj. st! paix! silence! Hush, r. n. & a. se taire, appaiser. Husky, s. cosse, f. gousse, f. peau, f.; r. a. Husky, adj. cossu. [cosser. Hussy, s. coquine, f. mechante femme. HUSTINGS, s. cour de justice, assemblée, f. HUSTLE, v. a. remucr ensemble. Huswiffe, s. ménagère, f.; r. a. ménager. Hut, s. hutte, f. cabane, f. baràque, f. Hutch, s. une huche, longue boite. Huzza, v. n. bourdonner, faire du bruit. Huzza, s. cri de joie, m. ; interj. vive la joie* v. a. & n. recevoir avec des cris de joie* HYACINTH, s. hyacinthe, f.

HYADES, HYADS, s. les hyades, f. HYDRA, s. hydre, f. [lique. HYDRAULICAL, HYDRAULICK, adj. hydrau-HYDRAULICKS, s. l'hydraulique. Hydrocele, s. hydrocèle, f. HYDROCKPHALUS, s. hydrocephale, m. HYDROGRAPHER, s. hydrographe, m HYDROGRAPHICAL, adj. bydrographique. HYDROGRAPHY, s. hydrographie. HYDROMETER, s. hydrometre, m. HYDROMANCY, s. hydromaucie, f. HYDROMEL, s. hydromel, m. HYDROPHOBIA, s. hydrophobie, f. rage, f. HYDROPICAL, HYDROPICK, adj. hydropique. HYDROSTATICAL, adj. hydrostatique. HYDROSTATICKS, s. hydrostatique, f. HYEMAL, adj. d'hiver. HYEN and HYENA, s. hyène, m. HYGROMETER, HYGROSCOPE, s.hygromètre, HYMEN, s. hymen, m. le mariage, l'hyme-HYMENEAL, s. chanson nuptiale. HYMENEAL, HYMENEAN, adj. nuptial. HYMN, s. hymne, m. cantique sacré. HYMN, v. a. & n. celebrer. HYP, r. a. & n. rendre triste, chagriner. HYPERBOLE, s. hyperbole, f. [perholique. HYPERBOLICAL, HYPERBOLICK, adj. hy-HYPERBOLICALLY, adv. hyperboliquement. HYPERBOLIZE, r. n. exagerer. HYPERBOREAN, adj. hyperboree, septentrio-HYPKRCRITICK, s. critique outré. HYPHEN, s. tiret, m. trait de liaison, m. HYPOCHONDRIACAL, HYPOCHONDRIACK, adj. hypocoudriaque HYРОСНОПВІЛСК, s. hypomelancolique, m. & f.
HYРОСНУМА, s. hypochime, m. hypochondriaque, HYPOCIST, s. hypociste (sorte de gomme.) HYPOCRISY, s. hypocrisie, f. HYPOCRITE, s. un hypocrite, faux dévot. HYPOCRITICAL, HYPOCRITICK, adj. hypocrite, faux. HYPOCRITICALLY, adr. en hypocrite. HYPOGASTRICK, adj. hypogastrique. HYPOTHENUSE, s. hypothenuse, f. HYPOTHESIS, s. hypothese, f. HYPOTHETICAL, HYPOTHETICK, adj. hypothétique. HYPOTHETICALLY, adv hypothetiquement. Hyssop, s. hyssope, f. HYSTERICAL, HYSTERICK, adj. hysterique, qui a des vapeurs. HYSTERICKS, s. vapeurs, f. le mal de mère.

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l, pron. pers. Je, moi.

LMBICK, adj. & s. lambique, lambe, m.
BISS, s. lisis, m. (oiscau d'Egypte.)

ICE, s. glace, f.; v. a. glacer.

ICE-HOUSK, s-aune glacière.

ICH-DIEK, (motto) je sers.

ICHNEUMON, s. ichneumon, m.

ICHOR, s. ichor, m. sanie, f.

ICHOROUS, adj. ichoreux.

ICHTHYOLOGY, s. ichthyologie, f.

ICICLK, s. chandelle de glace, f.

ICICLK, s. chandelle de glace, f.

ICON, s. image, f. portrait, m.

ICONOCLAST, s. iconoclaste, m. & f.

ICTERICAL, adj. qui a la jaunisse.

ICY, adj. glace, couvert de glace.

IDEAL s. idive, f. notion, f. 'ableau, m.

IDEALLY, ado. mentalemcat, en idice.

IDENTICAL, IDENTICK, adj. identique. IDENTICALLY, adv. identique ment. IDENTITY, s. identité, f. IDES, s. ides, f. pl.

IDIOCY, s. simplicité, f. foiblesse d'esprit.

IDIOM, s. idiome, m. dialecte, f. IDIOMATICAL, IDIOMATICK, adj. qui tient de l'idiome. IDIOT, s. un idiot, un imbécille. IDIOTISM, s. idiotisme, m. imbécilité, f. IDI.K, adj. oisif, paresseux, faincant, vain inutile, frivole, sot, fou. IDLE, r. n. vivre dans l'oisiveté. IDLENESS, s. oisiveté, f. paresse, f. frivolite. IDLER, s. un paresseux, un fainéant. IDLY, adr. en paresseux, foliement. DOL, s. objet d'adoration, m. idole, f. IDOLATRIZE, r. i. idolàtre, w. &. f.
IDOLATRIZE, r. i. idolàtre, adorer des idoles
IDOLATRIZE, di idolàtre, idolàtrique. IDOLATROUSLY, adr. ave IDOLATRY, s. idolâtrie, f. adr. avec idolàtrie, en ido IDOLATRY, s. idolâtrie, f. [lâtre. IDOLIZE, v. a. idolâtrer, aimer jusqu'à l'ado IDYL, s. une idylle. [ration lr, conj. si, pourvu que, quand même. IGNEOUS, adj. ignee. IGNIS-FATUUS, s. feu follet, m. frénésie, f. IGNITION, s. ignition. f.
IGNOBLE, adj. ignoble, bas, vil, làche, mal IGNOBLY, adr. bassement, d'une manière ig IGNOMINIOUS, adj. ignominieux. [noble IGNOMINIOUSLY, adr. ignominieusement. IGNOMINY, s. ignominie, f. deshouneur, m IGNOMINY, s. un franc ignorant, une buse IGNORANCE, s. ignorance, f. IGNORANT, adj. ignorant.
IGNORANTLY, adr. par ignorance.
ILE or ISLE, s. aile de la nef d'une église, f ILEX, s. sorte de chène, f. chêne pourpré. ILIACK, adj. iliaque. ILIAD, s. Iliade, f. poeme sur la destruction de Troye, nommé Ilion. ILI., adj. mauvais, méchant, malade, mal. ILL, s. mal, m. malheur, m. méchancété, f ILL, adv. mal à l'aise, à tort. ILL-AFFECTED, adj. mal-intentionné. ILL-BODING, adj. de mauvais augure. ILL-CONTRIVED, adj. mal-imaginé. ILL-FATED, adj. infortune, fatal. ILL-FAVOUREDLY, adr. de mauvaise grâce. ILL-GOTTEN, adj. mal-acquis. ILL-MINDED, adj. mal-intentionne. ILI-BATURE, s. méchauceté, f. malice, f. ILL-BATURED, adj. d'un méchant naturel. ILL-PLEASED, adj. mal-satisfait, mécontent. ILL-BHAPED. adj. mal-bàti, difforme, mal fait. ILL-SPOKEN OF, adj. dont on parle mal. ILLAPSE, s. ecoulement, m. emanation, f. ILLAQUEATE, v. n. embarrasser, attraper. ILLAQUEATION, s. piège, m. attrape, f. ILLATION, s. conclusion, f. conséquence, f. ILLATIVE, adj. illatif, concluant. ILLAUDABLE, adj. indigue de louange. ILLECTIVE, s. appas, m. charme, m. attrait, ILLEGAL, adj. illegal, torsionnaire. [m. ILLEGALITY, s. illegalité, f. injustice, f. ILLEGALITY, s. dv. illegalement, illegitimement. ILLEGIBLE, adj. qui n'est pas lisible. ILLEGITIMACY, s. illegitimité, f.
ILLEGITIMATE, adj. illegitime, bâtard.
ILLEGITIMATION, s. illegitimité, f. ILLIBERAL, adj. avare, mesquir, bas, ignoILLIBERALITY, s. avarice, f. mesquinerie, f. | IMMEDIATELY, adv. immédiatement, du l'ILLIBERALLY, adv. avec avarice, bassement. ILLICIT, adj. illicite, injuste. ILLIMITABLE, adj. saus bornes, qu'on ne sauroit limiter. ILLIMITED, adj. illimité, immense. ILLIMITEUNESS, s. immensité, f. étendue illimitée. ILLITERATE, adj. ignorant, non-lettre.
llliterateress, illiterature, s. ignollless, s. maladie, f. [rance, f.
lllogical, adj. qui n'est pas selon les règles de la logique. ILLUME, r. a. tromper, decevoir.
ILLUMINATE, ILLUMINE, v. a. illuminer, éclairer. ILLUMINATION, s. illumination, f. ILLUMINATIVE, adj. qui illumine, qui éclaire. ILLUSINE, illusion, f. prestige, m. ILLUSINE, ILLUSINE, adj. illusoire, éblouis-ILLUSTRATE, r. a. cclaircir, expliquer, orner. ILLUSTRATION, s. cclaircissement, m. ILLUSTRATIVE, adj. qui éclaireit, qui ex-ILLUSTRIOUS, adj. illustre, fameux, grand. ILLUSTRIOUSILY, adr. d'une manière illustre. ILLUSTRIOUSNESS, s. qualité illustre, f. lustre, m IMAGE, s. image, f. représentation, f.

IMAGE, c. a. imaginer, se représenter.

IMAGERY, s. images, f. peintures, f. statues, f. imagination, f. fautôme, m.

IMAGINABLE, adj. imaginable, concevable. IMAGINARY, adj. imaginaire, chimerique. IMAGINATION, s. imagination, f. pensce, f. IMAGINATIVE, adj. imaginatif, fantastique. IMAGINE, v. a. imaginer, concevoir. IMBANK, r. a. faire des levées près de la mer. IMBARK, r. a. embarquer. IMBECILE, adj. imbécile, foible. IMBECILITY, s. imbécillité, foiblesse, f. IMBIBE, v. a. & n. imbiber, s'abreuver. IMBITTER, r. a. rendre amer, empoisonner. IMBODY, r. a. & n. incorporer, s'incorporer, donner du corps, épaissir. INBOLDEN, r. a. enhardir, animer, encoura-Imbosom, r. a. embrasser, chérir. IMBOUND, v. a. enfermer, entourer. IMBOW, v. a. courber en forme de voûte. IMBOWMENT, s. voûte, f. arche, f. IMBROWN, v. a. obscureir. IMBRUE, v. a. tremper, imbiber, inspirer. IMBUE, v. a. imbiber, tremper, abreuver, inspirer, enseigner.
Imitable, adj. imitable.
Imitate, r. a. imiter, copier, contrefaire. IMITATING, IMITATION, s. imitation, f. IMITATIVE, adj. qui imite, qui aime à imiter. IMITATOR, s. imitateur, m. IMMACULATE, adj. pur, sans tache.

IMMANE, adj. prodigieusement grand, vaste.

IMMANENT, adj. intrinséque, inhérent.

IMMANITY, s. énormité, f. atrocité, f.

IMMARCESSIBLF, adj. qui ne se flétrit jamais.

IMMATERIAL, o dj. innmatériel. IMMATERIALITY, s. immatérialité, f. IMMATERIALLY, adv. d'une manière immatérielle, IMMATURE, ady prématuré. IMMATURELY, adv. prématurément. IMMATURITY, s. precipitation, f. IMMEASURABLE, adj. immenso, immensura IMMEDIATE, adj. immediat. [ble.

IMMEDICABLE, adj. incurable, irrámédiable. IMMEMORABLE, adj. indigne du souvenir. IMMEMORIAL, adj. immemorial. IMMENSE, adj. immense, vaste, illimité. IMMENSKLY, adr. immensement, infiniment. IMMENSITY, s. immensité, f. IMMENSURABLE, adj. immensurable. IMMERSE, r. a. plonger, enfoncer dans l'eau IMMERSION, s. immersion, f. IMMETHODICAL, adj. confus, sans ordre. IMMETHODICALLY, adv. confusement. INMINENT, adj. imminent, proche.
IMMISSION, s. injection, f. cjaculation, f.
IMMIT, v. a. injector, cjaculer, lancer, IMMOBILITY, s. immobilité, f. IMMODERATE, adj. immoderé, excessif. IMMODERATELY, adr. immodérément. IMMODERATION, s. immoderation, f. IMMODEST, adj. immodeste, indécent. IMMODESTLY, adv. immodestement, IMMODESTY, s. immodestie, f. indecence, f. IMMOLATE, v. a. immoler, sacrifier. IMMOLATION, s. immolation, f. sacrifice, m. IMMORAL, adj. débauché, vicieux. IMMORALITY, s. débauche, f. corruption de mœurs, f. IMMORTAL, adj. immortel. IMMORTALITY, s. immortalité, f. IMMORTALIZE, r. a. & h. immortaliser. IMMORTALLY, adv. éternellement, à jamais. IMMOVABLE, adj. & s. immeuble, m.
IMMOVABLE, adj. & s. immeuble, m.
IMMUNITY, s. immunité, f. franchise, f.
IMMURE, v. a. murer, fermer de murailles. IMMUSICAL, adj. discordant. IMMUTABILITY, s. immutabilité, f. IMMUTABLE, adj. immutable, invariable. IMMUTABLY, adv. immutablement. IMMUTATION, s. changement, m. alteration, IMP, s. un diablotin, un lutin, une greffe. IMP, v. a. ajouter, enter, greffer. IMPAIR, v. a. & n. diminuer, détériorer. IMPAIRING, IMPAIRMENT, s. diminution, f. alteration, f. IMPALPABLE, adj. impalpable.

IMPARITY, s. disparité, f. disproportion, f. IMPARK, r.a. enclorre, enfermer, environmer IMPART, v. a. donner, faire part.

IMPARTIAL, adj. impartial, désintéressé
IMPARTIALITY, s. impartialité, f. [juste [juste IMPARTIALLY, adr. impartialement. IMPARTIBLE, adj. communicable. IMPASSABLE, adj. impraticable. IMPASSIBILITY, IMPASSIBLENESS, s. impassibilité, f. IMPASSIBLE, adj. impassible. IMPATIENCE, s. impatience, f. emportement, IMPATIENT, adj. impatient, violent. IMPATIENTLY, adr. impatiemment. IMPATRONIZATION, s. pleine possession. IMPATRONIZE, v. a. mettre en possession. IMPAWN, r. a. mettre en gage. IMPEACH, v. a. détruire, accuser. IMPEACHABLE, adj. qu'on peut accuser. IMPEACHER, s. accusateur, m. délateur, a IMPEACHMENT, s. obstacle, m. accusation, f IMPECCABILITY, s. impeccabilité, f. IMPECCABLE, adj. impeccable. IMPEDE, v. a. empêcher, mettre obstacle, arrêter. IMPEDIMENT, s. empêchemeni, m. IMPEL, v. a. pousser, presser, forcer. IMPEND, v. n. pencher, ĉire suspendu.

IMPENDENT, adj suspendu, qui menace. IMPENETRABILITY, s. impénétrabilité, f. IMPENETRABLE, adj. impénétrable. IMPENETRABLY, adr. impénétrablement. IMPENITENCE, s. impénitence, f. IMPENITENT, adj. impénitent, endurci dans IMPERITENTLY, udv. sans repentir. IMPERATIVE, adj. imperatif. IMPERCEPTIBLE, adj. imperceptible. IMPERCEPTIBLENESS, s. qualité imperceptible, f. IMPERCEPTIBLY, adv. imperceptiblement. IMPERFECT, adj. imparfait, defectueux. IMPERFECTION, s. imperfection, f. défaut, m. IMPERFECTLY, adv. imparfaitement. IMPERIAL, adj. impérial. IMPERIAL LILY, s. impériale, f. sorte de fleur. IMPERIALISTS, s. pl. les impériaux, m. IMPERIOUS, adj. impérieux, arrogant. IMPERIOUSLY, adr. imperieusement. IMPERIOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. fierté, f. IMPERSONAL, adj. impersonnel. IMPERSONALLY, adv. impersonnellement. IMPERTIMENCE, s. impertinence, f. sottise, f. IMPERTIMENT, adj. impertinent, absurde. IMPERTIMENT, s. un facheux, un importun. IMPERTIMENTLY, adv. impertinemment. IMPERVIOUS, adj. impracticable, inaccessible. IMPETRABLE, adj. impetrable. IMPETRATE, v. a. impetrer, obtenir. IMPETRATION, s. impetration, f. obtention, f. IMPETUOSITY, IMPETUOUSNESS, s. impetuosité, fougue, f. Imperuous, adj. impétueux, violent, véhément. IMPETUOUSLY, adr. impétueusement. IMPETUS, s. effort violent, impétuosité, f. IMPIETY, s. impicté, f. irréligion, f. IMPIOUS, adj. impic, sans religiou. IMPIOUSLY, adv. avec impiété, en impie. IMPLACABLEITY, IMPLACABLEN haine implacable, f.

IMPLACABLE, adj. implacable.

IMPLACABLY, adv. inexorallement. IMPLACABLENESS, IMPLANT, v. a. iuserer, graver, imprimer. IMPLEMENT, s. attirail, m. meuble, m. IMPLICATE, v. a. embrouiller, impliquer. IMPLICATION, s. implication, f. IMPLICIT, adj. implicite, compris tacitement. IMPLICITLY, adr. implicitement. IMPLORE, v. a. implorer, supplier, prier. IMPLY, v. n. impliquer, contenir, inferer. IMPOLITE, adj. impoli, grossier.
IMPOLITICAL, IMPOLITICK, adj. imprudent. IMPOLITICALLY, IMPOLITICALY, adv. imprudemment. INFORT, v. a. importer, signifier. IMPORT. s. importance, f. usage, m. IMPORTANCE, s. importance, f. consequence, IMPORTANT, adj. important, de cousequence. IMPORTATION, s. importation, f. entree. IMPORTER, s. celui qui apporte de l'étranger. IMPORTURATE, adj. importun, incommode. IMPORTUNATELY, adr. importunement. IMPORTUNE, v. a. importuner, incommoder. IMPORTUNE, adj. importun, incommode. IMPORTUNITY, s. importunité, f. IMPOSE, v. a. imposer; to impose on or upon, en imposer, faire accroire. IMPOSER, s. celui qui impose, qui enjoint. IMPOSITION, s. imposition, f. supercherie, f. Impossibility, f.

IMPOSSIBLE, adf. impossible.
IMPOSSIBLE, adv. d'une manière impossible. IMPOST, s. impôt, m. taxe, f. imposition. IMPOST, s. imposte, f. corniche, f. IMPOSTHUMATE, v. a. causer une apostes IMPOSTHUME, s. apostème, m. abcès, m. IMPOSTOR, s. un imposteur, un fourbe. IMPOSTURE, s. imposture, f. fraude, f. IMPOTENCE, IMPOTENCY, s. impuissance, f. IMPOTENT, adj. impuissant, impotent.

IMPOTENTLY, adj. foiblement, sans force. IMPRACTICABLE, adj. impraticable IMPRACTICABLENESS, s. impossibilité, IMPRECATE, v. a. maudire. IMPRECATION, s. imprécation, f. malédie-IMPRECATORY, adj. qui contient des impré-IMPREGNABLE, adj. impregnable. [cations. IMPREGNATE, r. a. & n. engrosser. IMPREGNATION : foorgalaire f. IMPREGNATION, s. fecondation, f. IMPRESS, v. a. imprimer, graver. IMPRESS, s. empreinte, f. impression, f. IMPRESSION, IMPRESSURE, s. impression, f. IMPRINT, v. a. imprimer, graver. [80 IMPRISON, r. a. emprisonner, mettre en pri-IMPRISONMENT, & emprisonnement, m. IMPROBABILITY, s. défaut de probabilité. IMPROBABLE, adj. improbable.
IMPROBABLY, adv. sans vraisemblance. IMPROBATE, v. a. improuver, désapprouver IMPROBATION, s. désaveu, m. désapprobe-IMPROBITY, s. mal-honnéteté, f. [tios, f. IMPROPER, adj. impropre, qui n'est pas juste. IMPROPERLY, adv. improprement. IMPROPEIATE, r. a. s'approprier, infroder. IMPROPRIATION, s. infeedation, m. dimes infeodes. IMPROPRIATOR, s. inféodataire. IMPROPRIETY, s. impropriété, s. IMPROPRIETY, s. impropriété, s. limprovable, adj. capable d'amélioration. IMPROVE, c. a. & naméliorer, bonifier, faire valoir, perfectionner, avancer. IMPROVEMENT, s. avancement, m. progrès, m. culture, f. amélioration, f. IMPROVER, s. celui or ce qui améliore. IMPROVIDENCE, s. imprévoyance, f. IMPROVIDENT, adj. imprudent, inconsident IMPROVIDENTLY, adv. imprudemment. IMPRUDENCE, s. imprudence, f. indiscretion IMPRUDENT, adj. imprudent, indiscret. IMPRUDENTLY, adv. imprudemment. IMPUDENCE, s. impudence, f. effronterie, f. IMPUDENT, adj. impudent, effronte. IMPUDENTLY, adv. impudemment. IMPUGN, v. o. attaquer, combattre, impugner. IMPULSER, s. impulsion, f. instigation, f.

IMPULSIVE, adj. impulsiof.

IMPULSIVE, adj. impulsif.

IMPONELY, adr. impunement. IMPURITY, s. impunité, f. [dique. IMPURE, adj. impur, sale, déshonnête, impu-IMPURELY, adr. avec impureté. IMPURENESS, IMPURITY, s. impureté, f. IMPURPLED, adj. empourpre, rouge.
IMPUTABLE, adj. qui peut être impute. IMPUTING, IMPUTATION, s. imputation, f. IMPUTATIVE, adj. qui est impute. IMPUTER, s. celui qui impute.

In, prep. en, dans, dedans, sur, sous, de, pesdant, durant, par, à, au pouvoir de, entre, au, à la, pour. In as nuch as, puisque, ve con altandu que. que, attendu que. INABILITY, s. incapacité, f. insuffisance, f. INACCESSIBLE, adj. inaccessible. INACCURACY, a inexacutude, f.

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INACCURATE, adj. inexact, neglige. IMACTION, s. inaction, f. oisivete, f. INACTIVE, adj. indolent, oisif, qui est dans I maction. MACTIVELY, adv. nonchalamment. INACTIVITY, s. indolence, f. oisivete, f.
INADEQUATE, adj. impariait, defectueux. INADEQUATELY, adr. imparfaitement. BEADMISSIBILITY, a. inadmissibilité, f.
BEADMISSIBILITY, a. inadmissibile.
BEADVERTENCE, INADVERTENCY, s. inadvertence, f. inattention, f. IMADVERTENTLY, adv. par inadvertence, par mégarde. IWALIEN ABI.E, adj. inaliénable. MANE, adj. & s. vain, vide, m. [sans vie. Branimate, Inanimated, adj. inanime, Inanition, f. defaut de pourriture, m. INAMITY, s. vide, m. espace vide, f. INAPPETENCY, s. manque d'appéut, m. INAPPLICABLE, adj. inapplique, f. ENAPPLICATION, s. inapplication, f. indolence, f. Iлакси, r. a. greffer en approche. INARTICULATE, adj. inarticulé. [culée. INARTICULATELY, adr. d'une manière inarti-BARTICULATEL?, adv. of one manter inarticular in information, s. inattention, f. négligence, inattention, f. négligence, inattentif, négligence, inattentif, négligence, inautentif, négligence, inaudurate, adj. qui ne se fait pas entendre. Inaudurate, r. a. installer, inaugurer. INAUGURATION, s. inauguration, f. Imauspicious, adj. malheureux. [pices. PNAUSPICIOUSLY, adv. sous de mauvais aus-INBORN, INBRED, adj. inné. naturek INCANTATION, s. charme, m. enchantement, INCANTATOR, s. enchanteur, m. sorcier, m. INCAPABILITY, INCAPABLENESS, s. incapa-INCAPABLE, adj. incapable. {cité, f. INCAPACITATE, r. a. rendre incapable. INCAPACITY, s. incapacité. f. insuffisance, f. INCARCERATE, v. a. emprisonner. INCARCERATION, s. emprisonnement, m. INCARNADINE, s. & adj. incarnadin. BEGARNATE, INCARNATED, adj. incarné.
IECARNATION, s. incarnation, f.
INCARNATIVE, s. & adj. incarnatif, m. Incastelled, adj. encastelė. [dent. Incautious, adj. negligent, inattentif, impru-incautiously, adv. imprudemment. INCENDIARY, s. incendiaire, m. boute-feu. m. [en colère. INCENSE, s. encens. m. INCENSE, v. a. irriter, facher, aigrir, mettre INCENSEMENT, s. colère, f. rage, f. fureur, f. INCENSORY, s. encensoir, m.
INCENTIVE, adj. & s. qui irrite, qui excite. INCERTITUDE, s. incertitude, f. INCESSART, adj. continuel, constant.

INCESSARTLY, adv. incessamment, sens cesse, continuellement. Incest, s. inceste, m. INCESTUOUS, adj. incestueux. INCH, s. un pouce. [avancer petit à petit. INCH, v. a. & n. faire sortir petit à petit, INCHUATE, v. a. commencer. Inchoation, s. commencement, m. INCIDE, v. a. inciser, couper. trancher. INCIDENCE, INCIDENCY, s. incidence, f INCIDENT. adj. accidentel, casuel, incident. INCIDENT, s. incident, m. accident, m. INCIDENTAL, adj. accidentel, casuel, fortuit. INCIDENTALLY, INCIDENTLY, adv. par ac-

INCINERATE, v. a. réduire en cendres. Incineration, s. incineration, f. Incision, s. incision, f. coupure, f. Incisive, adj. incisif, tranchant. INCISOR, s. dent incisive, f. INCITATION, s. incitation, f. instigation, f. INCITE, v. a. inciter, exciter, porter.
INCITEMENT, s. incitation, f. motif, m.
INCITEMENT, s. celui qui excite, instigateur, m.
INCITEM, s. motif, m. aiguillou, m. Inciting, adj. attirant, attrayant, engageast Incivit, adj. incivit, grossier.
Incivit, s. incivité, f. [ment. f meni. INCIVILLY, adv. incivilement, peu civile-INCIPAL MAN INCIVILLARIAN, PER ANNI INCIPAL MAN INCIPA INCLINABLE, adj. enclin, porte. [gout, m. INCLINATION, s. inclination, f. penchant, sn. INCLINE. v a. & n. incliner, pencher, être enclin à, avoir envie de. INCLINING, s. pente, f. inclination, f. INCLINING, adj. penchant, qui penche. INCLOISTER, r. a. cloitrer. INCLUDE, v. a. renfermer, comprendre, embrasser, contenir. Inclusion, s. l'action de comprendre. INCLUSIVE, adj. qui renferme, inclus. INCLUSIVELY, odv. inclusivement. Incogitancy, s. impudence, f. legèreté. Incoherence, Incoherency, s. incoherence, f. Incoherent, adj. inconsequent. INCOHERENTLY, adv. sans haison.
INCOMBUSTIBLE, adj. incombustible. INCOMBUSTIBLENESS, s. qualité incombustible, f. Income, s. revenu, m. rente, f. [bilité, f. Incommensurability, s. incommensura-Incommensurable, Incommensurate, adj. incommensurable. Incommone, r. a. incommoder, importuner Incommodious, cdj. incommode, importun Incommodiously, adv. mal-à-l'aise. Incommodiousness, Incommodity, . in commodité, f. Incommunicable, adj. incommunicable. INCOMMUTABLE, udj. incommutable. INCOMPACT, INCOMPACTED, adj. qui n'est pas bien lié. INCOMPARABLE, adj. incomparable. INCOMPARABLY, adv. incomparablement. INCOMPASSIONATE, adj. impitoyable. INCOMPATIBILITY, s. incompatibilité, f Incompatible, adj. incompatible. [patible. Incompatible, adr. d'une manière incom-INCOMPENSABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit com-INCOMPETENT, adj. incompétent. [penser. INCOMPETENTLY, adv. incompetement. INCOMPETIBLE, adj. qui ne convient pas. INCOMPLETE, adj. incomplet, imparfait. INCOMPLETENESS, s. imperfection, f. INCOMPLIANCE, s. humeur reveche. f. Incomposed, adj. negligé, mal en ordre. Incomposedly, adr. de mauvaise grâce. INCOMPOSEDNESS, INCOMPOSURE, s. desor [bilité,] dre, m. confusion, f. INCOMPREHENSIBILITY, s. incomprehensi-INCOMPREHENSIBLE, adj. incomprehensible. INCONCRIVABLE, adr. inconcevable. INCONCLUSIVE, adj. qui n'est pas concluant Inconcoction, s. crudité, f. [gruité, f. Incongruence, Incongruity, s. incou

Incongruous, adj. incongru, impropre

Incongruously, adj. improprement. INCONSEQUENCE, s. inconsequence, f. INCONSEQUENT, adj. inconsequent. INCONSEQUENTLY, adv. foiblement. INCONSIDERABLE, adj. de nulle valeur. INCONSIDERATE, adj. inconsidere, indiscret. INCONSIDERATELY, adv. inconsiderement. INCONSIDERATENESS, INCONSIDERATION, s. inconsideration. f. inattention, f. INCONSISTENCE, INCONSISTENCY, s. incompatibilité, f. INCONSISTENT, adj. incompatible. INCONSISTENTLY, adv. d'un manière inconséquente. Inconsolable, adj. inconsolable INCONSTANCY, s. inconstance, f. INCONSTANT, adj. inconstant, volage, changeant. INCONTESTABLE, adv. legerement.
INCONTESTABLE, adj. incontestable.
INCONTESTABLY, adv. incontestablement. INCONTINENCE OF INCONTINENCY, s. incontinence, f. débauche, f. INCONTINENT, adj incontinent, f. debau-INCONTINENTLY, adv. sans retenue. [che, f. INCONTROVERTIBLE, adj. incontestable. INCONVENIENCE, INCONVENIENCY, s. inconvenient, m. incommodité, f. désavantage, m. difficulté, f. embarras, m. INCONVENIENT, adj. incommode, embarrassaut. INCONVENIENTLY, adr. mal-à-propos. Inconversable, adj. insociable.
Inconvertible, adj. inconvertible. [rel. INCORPORAL, INCORPOREAL, adj. incorpo-INCORPORALITY, INCORPOREITY, s. spiritualitė, f. INCORPORATE, v. a. & n. incorporer. INCORPORATION, s. incorporation. f. corps, m. INCORPOREITY, s. immaterialité, f. INCORRECT, adj. inexact. plein de fautes. INCORRECTLY, adr. d'une manière peu cor-INCORRIGIBLE, adj. incorrigible. [recte. INCORRIGIBLENESS, s. incorrigibilité, f. INCORRUPTIBLITY, s. incorruptible. f. INCORRUPTIBLITY, s. incorruptible. f. INCORRUPTIBLY, adv. d'une manière incorruptible. ruptible. INCORRUPTION. s. incorruption, f. INCORRUPTNESS, s. probité, f. pureté, f. INCORRUPTNESS, s. probité, f. pureté, f. INCRASSATE r. a. épaissir, rendre épais. INCRASSATION, s. épaississement, m. INCRASSATIVE, adf. qui a la propriété d'épais. paissir. Increase, r. a. & n. accrostre, augmenter, agrandir, croltre, s'augmenter. RCREASE, s. augmentation. f. accroissement m. avancement, m. produit, m. récolte, f. génération. f. porties, f. INCREDIBILITY, s. incredibilité, f. INCREDIBLE, adj. incroyable. INCREDIBLY, adv. d'une manière incroyable. INCREDULITY, s. incredulité, f. INCREDULOUS, adj. incrédule. [m. INCREDULOUS, adj. incrédule. [m. INCREDITE, s. croissance, f. accroissement, INCREPATE, r. a. reprimande, censurer. INCREPATION, s. reprimande, censure, f. INCREDITE MAINTAINE, s. incredite. Incrust, Incrustate, r. a. incruster. INCRUSTATION, s. incrustation, f. INCUBATE, r. n. couver. INCUBATION, s. incubation, f. Incubus, s. incube, m. le cochemar. INCULCATE, 1. a. inculquer, recommander.

INCULPABLE, adj. irréprochable, irrépréba INCULPABLY, adv. innocemment. [sibl INCULT, adj. inculte, stérile. INCUMBERCY, s. la possession d'un bénéfice. INCUMBERT, s. un bénéficier. INCUMPENT, adj. imposé, enjoint. INCUMBER. See Encumber, &c. INCUR, v. a. oncourir, mériter, s'exposer à. INCURABLE, adj. incurable, saus remède. INCURABILITY, INCURABLENESS, s. incurabilite, f. INCURABLY, adv. sans remède. Incurrous, adj. negligent, inattentif. Incursion, s. incursion, cours des ennemis, [bure, INCURVATE, r. a. courber. INCURVATION, s. l'action de courber, cour-INCURVITY, s. courbure, f. inflection, f. INDAGATION, s. recherche, f. perquisition, f. INDAGATOR, s. feseur de recherches, ss. INDEBT, c. a. endetter, charger de dettes. INDEBTED, adj. endette, redevable. INDECENCY, s. indécence, f. INDECENT, adj. indécent, malhonnète, mes-INDECENTLY, adv. indécemment. INDECIMABLE, adj. qui n'est pas sujet aux dimes Indeclinable, adj. indéclinable. Indeconous, adj. indécent, contraire à la bienséance. INDECRUM, s. indécence, f. [meat. INDEED, adv. en verité, réclément, vrais-INDEED, adv. infaitgable. INDEFATIGABLE, adj. infaitgablement. INDEFECTIBLE, adj. indéfectible. INDEFEASIBLE. adj. irrevocable, inviolable. INDEFINITE, adj. indéfini. INDEFINITELY, adv. indéfiniment. INDELIBERATE, INDELIBER..TED, adj. indélibéré. INDELIBLE, adj. ineffaçable, indélébile. INDELICACY, s. manque de délicatesse. INDELICATE, adj. qui manque de délicatesse. INDEMNIFICATION, s. déclommagement, m. INDEMNIFY, v. a. indemniser, déclommager. INDEMNITY, s. abolition, f. pardon, m. INDEMONSTRABLE, adj. qu'on ne peut démontrer, absurde. INDENT, v. a. & n. denteler, engrener, enclaver, passer un contrat, contracter. INDENTATION, s. dentelure, f. INDENTURE, s. contrat, m. acte, m INDEPENDENCE, INDEPENDENCY, s. iudependance, f. INDEPENDENT, adj. indépendant, franc. INDEPENDENTLY, adv. independamment. Indesert, e. indignité, f.
Indestructible, adj. indestructible.
Indeterminable, adj. qui ne se peut determiner. INDETERMINATE, INDETERMINED, adj. indéterminé, indécis, indéfini. INDETERMINATELY, adv. indéfiniment. INDETERMINATION. s. irrésolution, f. Indevotion, s. indévotion, f. INDEVOUT, adj. indévot. INDEX, s. index, m. indice, m. table des ma-tières dans un livre, f. INDEXTERITY, s. manque d'adresse, sa. Indian, adj. & s. Indien, Indienne. INDICATE, v. a. indiquer, marquer, montrer. INDICATION, s. indication, f. indice, m marque, f. signe, m. symptome, m. INDICATIVE, adj. indicatif. INDICT, INDITE. See Endict &c

INDUCTIVE, adj. persuasif.

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ABDITTON, S. indiction, f. [rence, f. INDITTERRECE, s. impartialité, f. indiffe-
INDITTERRECE, s. impartialité, f. indiffe-
INDITTERRECE, odf. indifferent, impartial, dés-
interessés, passable, peu important.
INDITTERRECET, ado. indifférence.
Indiance, s. indigence, f. pauvreté, f.
Indiannous, adj. indigene, du pays.
Indiann, adj. indigent, pauvre, nécessi
 INDIGEST, INDIGESTED, adj. indigeste, con-
fas.

INDIGESTIBLE, adf. qui ne se peut digérer.

INDIGESTION, s. indigestion, f.

INDIGITATE, v. a. démonter, faire toucher au
INDIGN, adf. indigne.

[doigt.

INDIGNANT, adf. indigué, fâché.

INDIGNANT, s. indiguation, f. colère, f.

INDIGESTIV, s. indignation, f. affrom, m. injure,

INDIRECT, adf. indirect, oblique, déshonnète.

INDIRECT, adf. indirect, oblique, déshonnète.

INDIRECTION. s. voice indirects, pl. f.
 INDIRECTION, s. voies indirects, pl. f.
 INDIRECTLY, adv. indirectemen
INDIRCTERS, s. obliquité, f. injustice, f. impuscerses, s. obliquité, f. injustice, f. lediscersible, adj. imperceptible. [ble. Indiscers inconsidéré. Indiscret, adv. indiscret, adv. indiscret, adv. indiscret, adv. indiscret, adv. indiscretement.
INDISCRIMINATE, adj. qui n'est point distin-
ludiscriminate, adj. qui n'est point distin-
ludiscriminatelle, adj. indifferemment.
Indispensable, adj. indispensable.
INDISPENSABLENESS, s. nécessité, f.
INDISPENSABLY, adr. indispensablement.
INDISPOSE, v. a. rendre incapable, eloigner.
IMDISPOSEDNESS, s. aversion, f. repugnance,
INDISPOSITION, s. indisposition,
INDISPUTABLE, adj. incontestable, indisputa-
 INDISPUTABLY, adv. incontestablement.
INDISSOLUBILITY, INDISSOLUBLENESS, s. in-
dissolubilité, f. dureté, f.
INDISSOLUBLE, adj. indissoluble. [ble.
INDISSOLUBLY, adr. d'une manière indissolu-
 INDISTINCT, adj. confus, en désordre.
INDISTINCTLY, adv. indistinctement.
 INDITE, v.a. accuser, dénoncer, écrire, dicter.
 INDIVIDUAL, adj. individuel, singulier.
 INDIVIDUAL, s. un individu.
 INDIVIDUALITY, s. existence distincte.
 INDIVIDUALLY, adv. individueilement
INDIVIDUATE, v. a. constituer un individu.
 INDIVISIBILITY, INDIVISIBLENESS, s. indi-
    visibilité, f.
 INDIVISIBLE, adj. indivisible.
 INDIVISIBLY, adv. indivisiblement
 INDOCIBLE, INDOCILE, adj. indocile.
 INDOCILITY, s. indocilité, f. naturei, indocile,
INDOCTRIBATE, v. a. enseigner, instruire.
INDOLENCE, s. indolence, f. paresse, f.
INDOLENT, adj. indolent, paresseux.
INDOLENTLY, adv. avec indolence, noncha-
     lammeut.
INDRAUGHT, s. baie, f. golfe, m.
 INDUBIOUS, adj. certain, sûr
INDUBITABLE, adj. indubitable.
INDUBITABLY, adr. indubitablement.
 INDUBITATE, adj. indubitable, sur, certain.
 Induca, v. a. persuader, porter, exciter, in-
     duire, introduire, causer, amener.
 INDUCEMENT, s. motif, m. raison, f.
 INDUCER, s. instigateur, m.
INDUCT, v.a. mettre en possession, introduire.
INDUCTION s induction f. prise de possess-
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INDUE, v. a. revetir, fournir, équiper. INDULGE, v. a. souffrir, tolerer, fi favoriser satisfaire, accorder; v. u. s'abandonner. INDULGENCE, INDULGENCY, s. indulgence, f. complaisance, f. pardon, m.
INDULGENT, adj. indulgent, facile, bon, tolèrant INDULGENTLY, adv. avec indulgence.
INDULT, INDULTO, s. indult, m. octroi, m. INDURABLE, adj. supportable, tolerable. INDURATE, v. a. & n. durcir, s'endurcir. INDURATION, s. endurcissement, m Industrious, adj. industrieux, adroit. INDUSTRIOUSLY, adv. industricusement.
INDUSTRY, s. industrie, f. travail, m.
INEBRIATE, v. a. & n. enivrer, infatuer, s'e-INEBRIATION, s. ivresse, f. INEFFABILITY, s. ineffabilité, f. INEFFABLE, adj. ineffable. INEFFABLY, adv. d'une manière inessable. INEFFECTIVE, INEFFECTUAL, adj. cace, foible, sans effet, vain, inutile. INEFFICATION Adv. en vain, sans succès.
INEFFICACIOUS, adj. inefficace, impuissant.
INEFFICACY, s. inefficacité, f.
INELEGANCE, s. manque d'élégance, f. INELEGANT, adj. inclegant, grossier, commun.
INEFT, adj. inepte, încapable, frivole.
INEFTLY, adr. follement. [inepte, f.
INEFTLY, adr. sineptie, f. incapacite, f. chose
INEQUALITY, s. infaillibelité, f.
INERRABILITY, s. infaillible.
INERRABIL, adj. infaillible.
INERRABILY, adj. infailliblement.
INERT, adj. lourd, pesant, grossier. INERTLY, adj. lourdement, pesamment. INESTITABLE, adj. inevitable.
INEVITABLE, adj. inevitable.
INEVITABLY, adv. inevitablement. INEXCUSABLE, adj. inexcusable, sans excuse INEXCUSABLY, adv. sans excuse. INEXHAUSTED, adj. qui n'est point épuisé. INEXHAUSTIBLE, adj. inépuisable. INEXORABLE, adj. inexorable, dur, sans pitie. INEXPEDIENCE, INEXPEDIENCY, s. inconvenience, m. INEXPEDIENT, adj. qui n'est pas expédient, mal à-propos. INEXPERIENCE, s. inexpérience, f. INEXPERIENCED, . dj. qui n'est pas expert INEXPLET, adj. qui n'est pas expert or habile. INEXPLABLE, adj. inexpiable. INEXPLABLY, adv. d'une manière inexpiable. INEXPLICABLE adj. inexplicable.

INEXPRESSIBLE, adj. inexprimable. [ble. INEXPRESSIBLE, adj. inexprenable, indopptaINEXPLORABLE, adj. inextinguible. INEXTIRPABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit extirper. INEXTRICABLE, adj. inextricable. (ble. INEXTRICABLY,adr. d'une manière inextrica. INFALLIBLITY, s. infaillibilité, f.
INFALLIBLE, adj. infaillibilité, f.
INFALLIBLE, adj. infaillible, sûr. [ment.
INFALLIBLY, adv. infailliblement, certaineINFAME, v. a. diffamer, décrier, déshonorer.
INFAMOUS, adj. infame, honteux, décrié. INFAMOUSLY, adv. hontensement.

INFAMY, s. infamie, f. opprobre, m. ignomiINFAKCY, s. enfance, f.

[nie, f. INFANT, s. enfaut, m. & f. infant, m. INFANTA, s. infante, f.
INFANTICIDE, s. infanticide, m.
INFANTILE, adj. enfantin, qui est d'enfant

INFARTRY, s. infanterie, f. fantassins, m. pl.
INFATUATE, v. a. rendre fou, infatuer.
INFATUATION, s. folie, f. vertige, m.
INFAUSTING, s. l'action de readre malheuINFECT, v. a. infecter, gâter, corrompre.
INFECT, v. s. infection. f.
INFECTION. s. infection. f. INFUSIBILE, adj. infusible. Infection, s. infection, f.
Infectious, adj. infecte, contagienx.
Infectiously, adv. d'une manière contag icuse INFECTIOUSNESS, s. qualité contagieuse. INFECTIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir d'infecter. INFECOND, adj. infecond, stérile. INFECUND, adj. infecond, sterile.

INFECUNDITY, s. infecondité, f. steriité, f.

INFELICITY, s. malbour, m. inforume, f.

INFER, v. a. inferer, conclure.

INFERIORITY, s. conséquence, f. conclusion, f.

INFERIORITY, s. inferiorité, f.

INFERIORITY, s. inferiorité, f.

INFERIORITY, s. inferiorité, f.

INFERILLE, adj. inferile, sterile.

(NFERTILLE, adj. inferile, sterile.

(NFERTILLE, adj. inferile, sterile.

(NFERTILLE, adj. inferile, sterile.

INFERT, v. a. infester, trobber, ravager.

INFIDEL, s. infedélé, m.

INFIDEL, s. infédélé, f. porfidie, f. tra
INFINITY, INFIRITENESS, INFINITUDE, sa

INFINITY, INFIRITENESS, INFINITUDE, sa

INFINITY, INFIRITENESS, INFINITUDE, sa

INFINITY, s. infinite, f.

INFINITY, s. infinite, f. INPINITIVE, s. infinitif, m. INPIRM, adj. infirme, foible, débile. INFIRMARY, s. infirmerie, f. [blesse, Infirmity, Infirmess, s. infirmite, f. foi-Infirmity, u. a. enforces INFIX, v. a. enfoncer, graver, imprimer. INFLAME, v. a. enflammer, allumer. INFLAMER, s. celui or ce qui enflamme. INPLANMABILITY, INFLAMMABLENESS, s. inflammabilité, f.
INFLAMMABLE, odj. inflammable. Inflammation, s. embrassement, m. Inflammatory, adj. inflammatoire. Inflame, v. a. enfler, souffier. INFLATION, s. enflure, f. (cause par des INFLECT, v. a. fiécher, varier, plier. (vents.) INFLECTION, s. courbure, f. indexion, f. INFLECTIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir de flechir.
INFLEXIBLE, adj. inflexible, roide. [meut. INFLEXIBLE, adj. inflexible, roide. [ment. INFLEXIBLY, adv. inflexiblement, implacable-inflict. n. a. inflict. INFLICT, v. a. infliger, imposer une peine. INFLICT, v. a. miliger, imposer une peine.

INFLICTER, s. celui qui inflige.

INFLICTIVE, adj. infliction, f. punition. f.

INFLICTIVE, adj. inflictif. [cendant, m.

INFLUENCE, v. a. influer, produire, causer.

INFLUENTIAL, adj. qui influe.

If.

INFLUEN, s. flux, m. écontement, m. infusion,

INFOLD, v. a. envelopper.

INFORM, v. a. suiver. former. informer. in.

INFORM, v. a. suiver. INFORM, r. a. animer, former, informer, in-INFORMATION, s. information, f. avis. m. INFORMER, s. accusateur, m. délateur, m. INFORMIDABLE, adj. qui n'est pas à craindre. INFORMITY, s. état de ce qui est informe. INFORMOUS, adj. informe, grossier.
INFORTUNATE, adj. infortune, malheureux. INFRACTION, s. infraction, f. transgression, f. INFRANCIBLE, adj. qu'on ne peut pas rompre, indivisible. INFREQUENCY, s. rarete, f.
INFREQUENT, adj. rare, qui n'est pas commun.
INFRINGE, n. a. enfreindre, transgresser. INFRINGEMENT, s. infraction, f. transgres-INPRINGER, s. infracteur, m. [: SWPUSR, v. a. infuser, inspirer, donner. [sion, f.

INPUSION, s. infusion, f. suggestion, f. INGATHERING, s. recolte, f. INGEMINATE, v. a. redoubler, repeter. INGEMERATE, INGENERATED, adj. imit INGENIO, s. une sucrerie, un moulin à sucre INGENIOUS, adj. ingénieux, spiritue. INGENIOUSLY, adr. ingenieusement. Îngentousness, s. esprit, m. génie, m. Îngentre, adj. inné, naturel. INGENUITY, s. genie, m. industrie, f. csprit, m. adresse, f. INGENUOUS, adj. ingenu, franc, naif. Ingenuously, adv. ingenument. Ingenuousness, a. ingenuité, f. candour, f. INGEST, v. a. faire passer dans l'estomac. INGLE, s. bardache Inglorious, adj. bas, honteux, sans gloirs, malhonnête. INGLORIOUSLY, adv. honteusement. INGOT, a. lingot, m. INGRAFF and INGRAFF, v. a. greffer, enter. INGRATE, INGRATEFUL, adj. ingrat. INGRATIATE, v. m. gagner la faveur. INGRATITUDE, s. ingratitude, f. INGREDIENT, a. ingrédient, m INGRESS, INGRESSION, s. entree, f. INGULF, v. a. engleutir. INGURGITATE, v. n. avaler, se gorger, masger avec excis. BEGINATION, s. gloutonnerie, f. INGURGITATION, s. gloutonnerie, f. INHABIT, v. s. habiter, demourer dans. (WHABITABLE, adj. habitable, logeable. lwhabitant, m. huhabitar, s. habitant, m. INHABITATION, s. habitation, f. demeure, f. INHALE, v. c. respirer. INHARMONIOUS, coj. discordant. INHERENCE, INHESION, s. inhérence, f. INHERENT, adj. inhérent, um, attaché. INHERIT, v. a. hériter de, succèder à. INHERITANCE, s. héritage, m. patrimonie, m. INHERITANCE, s. héritage, m. celui qui hérito. INHERITRESS, INHERITRIX, s. héritière, f. INHESION, a. inherence, f. Inhibit, v. a. empêcher, réprimer, défendre. Inhibition, s. défense, f. prohibition, f. Inhospitable, adj. sans hospitalité, bar-Inhospitality, s. manque d'hospitalité, m. Inhuman, *adj*. inhumain, cruel, barbare. INHUMANITY, s. inhumanité, f. cruauté, f. INHUMANLY, adv. inhumainement. INHUMATE, INHUME, v. a. inhumer, enterrer. INJECT, v. a. jeter dédans, injecter. INJECT, v. a. jeter deams, mjooding the property of injection, f. injection, f. inimitable. Inimitable. Inimitable. Inimitable. Inimitable. Iniquitous, adj. iniquie, injuste. Iniquity, s. iniquie, f. injustice, f. Initial, adj. initial, qui commence. INITIATE, r. a. initier, enseigner, introduire INITIATE, T. a. Innier, enseigner, invodure Initiation, s. initiation, f. introduction, f. Injudicioux, adj. peu judicioux. Injudicioux, adv. sans jugement. Injudicioux, s. injudicioux, f. dre, m. Injure, v. a. faire tort, injure, offenser, k. INJURER, s. offenseur, m. Injunious, adj. injuste, in**juric**ux. INJURIOUS Ag. Injuste, injurement, à tort.
INJURIOUS LY, adr. injustement, à tort.
INJURY, s. injustice, f. tort, m. outr. ge, m.
INJUSTICE, s. injustice, f. iniquité, f.
INK, s. encre, f.; r. a. poircir d'encre.
INE-HORN, s. écritoire, f. encrier, m.

INKLING, s. avis, m. vent, m. information.
INKSTAND, s. ceritoire, f. enerier, m.
lnky, adj. d'enere, taché d'enere. BELAID, part. adj. parqueté, marqueté. An inicial floor, parquet, m. An inicid work, marqueterie, f. mossique, f. leland, adj. & subst. interiour. INLANDER, s. habitant de l'intérieur d'un pays, m. INLAY, v. a. parqueter, marqueter. INLAY or INLAYING, s. marqueterie, f. INLET, s. entrée, f. passage, m.
INLIST, v. a. enrôler, engager.
INLISTING, s. enrôlement, m.
INLY, ap. & adv. intérieur. intérieurement, en declans. INMATE, s. un locataire IMBATE, S. un foctsiere, le plus secret.
IMB, s. logis, m. hôtellerie, f. auberge, f. hen
of court, collège d'avocats.
IMB, s. n. loger; v. a. serrer, mettre à couIMBATE, IMBATED, adj. inné, naturel. INNAVIGABLE, adj. qui n'est pas navigable. INNER, adj. intérieur, secret, caché. INNERMOST, adj. le plus intérieur. INNHOLDER, INNEEPER, s. un anbergiste, un bôtelier. [idiot. INNOCENCE, s. innocence, f. INFOCERT, adj. innocent; s. un innocent, un INFOCERTLY, adv. innocemment. [sible. INNOCUOUS, adj. innocent, qui n'est pas nui-ENNOVATE, v. a. innover, faire des innova-INFOVATION, s. innovation, f. INNOVATOR, s. innovateur, m. IMPOXIOUS, adj. innocent. INNUENDO, s. avis indirect, indice, m. INNUMERABLE, INNUMEROUS, adj. innombrable. INNUMERABLY, adv. sans nombre. INOCULATE, v. a. enter en écusson, insérer, INOCULATOR, s. inoculateur, m. linoculer, INOCULATOR, s. inoculateur, m. [inocuk INODOROUS, INODORATE, adj. sans odeur. INOFFERSIVE, adj. innocent. INOFFERSIVEL, ads. innocemment.
INOFFERSIVENES, s. innocemce, f.
INOFFERSIVENESS, s. innocence, f.
INOFFICIOUS, adj. désobligeant.
INOFINATE, adj. inopiné, institundu.
INORDINATE, adj. désordonné, derègié. INVEDIRATE, adv. desordonie, deregre.

INORDIRATELY, adv. desordoniement,

INORDIRATION, s. dérèglement, m. excès, m.

INORGANICAL, adj. sans organes, brut.

INQUEST, s. esquète, f. information, f.

INQUESTUDE, s. inquiétade, f. chagrin, m.

INQUESTUDE, s. inquiétade, f. chagrin, m. INQUINATE, v. a. souiller, corrompre. INQUIRABLE, adj. qu'on peut examiner. INQUIRE, v. n. demander, s'informer. INQUIRER, s. feseur de recherches, m. Inquistrion, s. recherche, f. enquet, f. Inquistrion, s. enquete, f. inquisition, f. Inquistrive, adf. curieux. INQUISITIVELY, adv. avec curiosité. INQUISITIVENESS, s. curiosité, f. recherche INQUISITOR, s. inquisiteur, m. [curieuse. INRAIL, v. a. environner de balustres. INROAD, s. incursion, f. invasion, f.

INSANABLEMI incurable, irremediable.

INSANE, adj. en démence, fou, hors du sens. INSANITY, s. manie, f. phrew sie, f. INSATIABLE, adj. insatiable.

INSATIABLE, eds. appétit iusatiable, m.
INSATIABLY, adv. d'une manière insatiable.
INSATIABLY, adv. d'une manière insatiable.
INSATIATE, INSATURABLE, adj. insatiable.
INSCRIBE, v. a. inscrire, écrire, dédier.
INSCRIBTOR e inscription.

INSCRIPTION, s. inscription, f.

Inscrutable, adj. impénétraoie. INSCULP, v. a. graver, tailler, sculpter.
INSCAMED, adj. imprime, empreint, marque INSECT, s. insecte, m. est en danger. INSECT, s. insecte, m. [est en danger. INSECURE, adj. qui n'est pas en sureté, qui INSECURE, adj. qui n'est pas en sureté, qui INSECURITY, s. danger, m. incertitude, f. INSENSATE, adj. stupide, privé de sens. INSENSIBLE, adj. insensible, indifférent. INSENSIBLE, adv. insensible ment, peu à peu Inseparability, Inseparableness, s. ipdivisibilité INSEPARABLE, adj. inséparable. INSEPARABLY, adv. inséparablement. INSERTABLE 17 adv. conjointement.

INSERT, o. a. inserer, ajouter, intercaler.

INSERTION, s. insertion, f. addition, f. INSERVE, v. a. servir, contribuer, avoir part. INSIDE, s. le dedans, l'intérieur, m. Insidious, adj. insidieux, dangereux. Insidiously, adv. insidieusement, en traitre. INSIGHT, s. connoissance, f. [tilité, INSIGNIFICANCE, s. déraisonnement, m. inw-Insignificant, adj. vide de sens, inutile. Insignificantly, adv. en vain, inutilement. Insincere, adj. feint, dissimule. Insincerity, s. manque de sincérité, m. INSINUATE, v. a. & n. insinuer, introduire. s'insinuer. INSINUATION, s. insinuation, f.
INSINUATIVE, INSINUANT, adj. insinuant
INSIPID, adj. fade, sans saveur, insipide.
INSIPIDITY, INSIPIDNESS, s. inspidite, f InsipidLy, adv. d'une manière fade. Insist, v. n. insister, presser, alleguer. Insnark, v. a. attraper, surprendre. INSNARER, s. celui qui tend des pièges. INSORRIETY, s. ivrognerie, f. intemperance, f. INSOCIABLE, adj. insociable. Insociableness, s. humeur farouche, f. Insolate, v. a. sécher or exposer au soleil INSOLENCE, s. insolence, f. arrogance, f.
INSOLENT, adj. insolent, effronte, arrogant.
INSOLENTLY, adv. insolenment, arrogan-Insolvable, adj. inexplicable, impayable. Insoluble, adj. insoluble, indissoluble. INSOLVENCY, s. insolvabilité, f. INSOLVENT, adj. qui a des songes or des Insonuch, adv. à tel point, tellement. Inspect, v. a. observer, examiner.
Inspection, s. vue, f. examen, m.
Inspector, s. inspecteur, m. surveillant, m.
Inspersion, s. l'action d'arroser. INSPIRATION, s. inspiration, f. respiration, f. INSPIRE, v. n. & a. respirer, inspirer. INSPIRIT, v. a. animer, encourager. Inspissate, v. a. épaisser. Instability, s. instabilité, f. inconstance, se. INSTABLE, adj. inconstant, changeaut. INSTALL, r.a. installer, introniser, placer. INSTALLATION, INSTALMENT, s. installation, f. INSTANCE, s. instance, f. preuve, f. INSTANCE, v. n. donner un example. Instant, adj. empressé, pressant, urgent, présent, immédiat, courant, actuel. Instant, s. un instant, un moment. Instantaneous, adj. momentane. Instantaneously, adv. en un instant. INSTANTLY, adv. instamment, days un instant INSTATE, v. a. placer, mettre.

Instauration, s. restauration f.

treted, odv. an lieu de. [liqueur. | Intersivelt, adv. infiament. [plique. Intere, v. a. tremper, mouiller dans quelque | Intere, adj. attentif, soigneux, attaché, ap-INSTRP, s. le coudepied. ESSTIGATE, v.a. exciter, pousser, porter.
ENSTIGATION, s. instigation, f. sollicitation, f. suggestion, f. Institution, s. instigateur, m.
Institution, s. errer goutte à goutte.
Institution, s. l'action d'instiller, suggesInstitution, s. instinct, m. [tion, f. INSTIRCTIVE, adj. qui agit par instinct. INSTINCTIVELY, adv. per instinct. [struire. Institute, v. a. instituer, établir, élever, in-INSTITUTE, s. institut, m. ordre, INSTITUTION, s. institution, f. éducation, f. Instituton, s. instituteur, m. precepteur, m. INSTRUCT, v. a. instruire, enseigner, former. INSTRUCTER, s. précepteur, m. docteur, m. HISTRUCTION, s. instruction, f. enseignement, Instruction de de de de de l'instructif. Instructif. Instructif. m. agent, m. suppot, m. complice, m.
Instrumental, adj. instrumental. INSTRUMENTALLY, adv. comme instrument.
INSUFFERABLE, adj. insupportable.
INSUFFERABLY, adv. insupportablement. Insufficience, Insufficiency, s. insuffisance, f. incapacité, f. INSUFFICIENT, adj. insuffisant, incapable.
INSUFFICIENTLY, adv. insuffisamment. Insular, Issulary, adj. issulaire, d'ile.
Insult, s. issulte, f. affront, ss. ouvrage, ss.
Insult, s. a. issulter, faire insulte, isjurier.
Issulttisgly, ads. d'us ton insultant. INSUPERABILITY, s. qualité d'être insurmon-Insuperable, adj. invincible. [table. INSUPERABLENESS, s. force invincible, f. INSUPERABLY, adv. invinciblement. INSUPPORTABLE, adj. insupportable. INSUPPORTABLY, adv. insupportablement. INSURMOUNTABLE, adj. insurmontable.
INSURMOUNTABLY, adv. insurmontablement. INSURRECTION, s. révolte, f. sédition, f. INSUSURRATION, s. l'action de chuchoter. INSUSURATION, s. l'accion de concoler.

INTEGRAL, edj. entier, intégral, intégrant.

INTEGRATS, v. a. renouveler, restaurer.

INTEGRITY, s. intégrité, f. honnéteté, f.

INTEGLITENTS, s. intégrité, f. m. entendement, m.

INTELLECT, s. intellect, m. entendement, m. INTELLECTION, s. conception, f.
INTELLECTIVE, adj. intellectif, doué d'intel-INTELLECTUAL, adj. intellectuel. [ligence. INTELLIGENCE, s. intelligence, f. avis, m. INTELLIGENCER, s. nouvelliste, m. gazetier, INTELLIGENT, adj. intolligent. INTELLIGENTIAL, adj. spirituel. INTELLIGIBILITY, s. clarié du raisonuement. INTELLIGIBLE, adj. intelligible, clair. INTELLIGIBLENESS, s. intelligibilité, f. INTELLIGIBLY, adv. intelligiblement. Intemperance, s. intemperance, f. Intemperate, adj. intemperant, dérègle. INTEMPERATELY, adv. avec exces, dissolu-Intemperature, s. exces, m. [ment. INTEND, v. a. vouloir, se proposer, avoir des-INTENDENCY, s. intendance. [sein. INTENDANT, s. intendant, m. inspecteur, m. INTENDMENT, s. intention, dessein, m. INTENERATION, s. attendrissement, m. INTENSE, adj. grand, violent, excessif. INTENSELY, adv. excessivement. ÎNTRUSKKESS, . intensité, f. ÎNTERNIVE 24 grand attaché, étendu.

INTENT, INTENTION, s. intention, f. but, m INTENTIONAL, adj. lait à dessein, INTENTIONALLY, adv. à dessein, par choix. INTENTIVE, adj. attentif, applique. INTENTIVELY, INTENTLY, adv. INTENTNESS, s. attachement, m. ment. INTER, v. a. enterrer, inhumer. INTERCALAR, INTERCALARY, adj. intercala. intercalaire. INTERCALATE, v. a. intercaler. INTERCALATION, s. intercalation, f. INTERCEDE, v. n. être entre, intercéder. INTERCEDER, s. intercesseur, m. INTERCEPT, v.a. intercepter, couper, arrête INTERCEPTION, s. interception, f. Intercession, f. mediation INTERCESSOR, s. intercesseur, s INTERCHANGE, v. a. changer, echanger. Interchangeable, adj. mutuel, reciproque. INTERCHANGEABLY, adv. reciproquement. INTERCISION, s. interruption, f. cessation, f. Intercommunicate, v. n. s'entre-commis-INTERCOSTAL, adj. intercostal. I niquer. Intercourse, s. commerce, s. INTERCOURSE, s. commerce, se.
INTERCURERNT, adj. qui passe entre deux.
INTERDICT, v. a. interdire, défendre.
INTERDICT, s. défense, f. unerdit, v.
INTERDICTION, s. interdiction, f. défense, f.
INTEREST, v. a. intéresser, toucher. INTERNST, s. intérêt, m. avantage, m. profit, m. part, f. droit, m. crédit, m. Bdf-interest, intérêt particulier. INTERFERE, v. a. se mêler, s'entre choquer. INTERFERING, s. atteinte de cheval. Interfluent, adj. qui coule entre deux. Intergaping, s. bâillement, m. hiatus, m. INTERJACENT, adj. place entre deux. INTERJECTION, s. interjection, f. INTERIM, s. interim, m. entrefaites, f. INTERIOUR, adj. intérieur, interne. INTERENOWLEDGE, s. connoissance INTERLACE, r. a. entrelacer. [tuelle INTERLAPSE, s intervalle, m. interstice, m. INTERLARD, v a. entrelarder, entremêler. Interleave, c.a. mettre du papier blanc entre les feuilles d'un livre imprimé. INTERLINE, v. a. écrire dans l'interligne. INTERLOCUTION, s. dialogue, m. interlocu tion, m. INTERLOCUTOR, s. interlocuteur, m. INTERLOCUTORY, adj. en dialogue. INTERLOPE, v. n. se mêler, usurper. Interlopen, s. interlope, m. contrebandi Interlude, s. intermède, m. une farce. INTERMARRIAGE, s. double mariage entre deux familles, &c. INTERMEDDLE, v. n. s'entremettre, se meler. INTERMEDDLER, s. médiateur, m Intermedial, Intermediate, adj. intermédiaire. Intermedium, s. entre deux, m Interment, s. interrement, m. sépulture, f. Interminable, dej. sans bornes, immense. Intermingle, v. a. & s. entremêler. INTERMISSION, s. intermission, f. relache, f. INTERMIT, v. a. & n. cesser, discontinuer INTERMITTENT, odj. intermittent, INTERMIX, r. a. entreméler. INTERMIXTURE, s. mélange, m. INTERN, INTERNAL, adj. interne, intérieur. INTERNALLY, adv. intérieurement, en dedans.

INTERBUNCIO, s. internonce, m. INTERPOLATE, v. a. interpoler, ajouter. ISTERPOLATION, s. interpolation, f. INTERPOLATOR, s. interpolateur, m INTERPOSAL, s. intervention, f. médiation, f.
INTERPOSE, v. a. interposer; v. n. s'entroINTERPOSITION, s. interposition, f. [mettre. INTERPRET, r. a. expliquer, interpreter. INTERPRETATION, s. interpretation, f. INTERPRETATIVE, adj. acquis par interpre-INTERPRETER, s. interprète, un traducteur. INTERPRETING, s. interpretation, f. INTERPUNCTION, s. ponctuation, f. [m. INTERREGRUM, INTERREGRUS, s. interregue, INTERBOGATE, v. a. & n. interroger. INTERROGATION, s. interrogation, f. ques [gatif. INTERROGATIVE, adj. interrogant, interro-INTERROGATOR, s. interrogateur, m. INTERROGATORY, s. interrogatoire, m. INTERRUPT, v. a. interrompre, détourner. INTERRUPTION, s. interruption, f.
INTERSCRIBE, v. a. ecrire entre deax lignes. INTERSECT, v. a. & n. couper, se couper. INTERSECTION, s. intersection, f. INTERSPERSE, v. a. entremeler. INTERSTICE, s. interstice, m. entre-deux, m. intervalle, m. LITERTWINE, INTERTWIST, v. a. entrelacer. INTERVAL, s. invervalie, m. espace, m. [nir. INTERVENE, v. n. survenir, arriver, interve-INTERVENIENT, adj. intervenant, accidentel. INTERVENTION, s. entremise, m INTERVERT, v. a. intervertir, changer Por-INTERVIEW, s. entrevue, f. [dre. INTERWEAVE, v. a. entrelacer, entremêler, brocher. INTESTABLE, adj. intestat, incapable de tes-INTESTINE, adj. intestin, civil, domestique. INTESTINES, s. les intestins, enfrailles, f. pl. INTHRAL, v. a. asservir. assujettir. INTHRALMENT, s. servitude, f. esclavage, m. INTIMACY, s. intimité, f. étroite liaison. INTIMATE, adj. intime, cordial, familier. INTIMATE, s. ami intime, m. confident, m. INTINATE, v. a. donner à entendre, faire en-[tendre. INTIMATELY, adv. intimement. INTIMATION, s. avis, m. indice, m. vent, m. INTIMIDATE, v. a. intimider, épouvanter. INTIMIDATION, s. intimidation, f. INTIRE, see Entire. Into, prep. dans, en, entre, sur, à, par des-INTOLERABLE, adj. insupportable.

INTOLERABLY, adv. insupportablement. INTOLERANT, adj. intolerant. INTONATION, s. intonation, f. INTORT, v. a. entrelacer, tordre, entortiller. INTOXICATE, v. a. enivrer, entêter, charmer. INTOXICATION, s. ivresse, f. enthousiasme, m. INTRACTABLE, adj. violent, intraitable. INTRACTABLENESS, s. humeur intraitable, f. INTRENCH, v. a. & n. retrancher, empieter. INTRENCHMENT, s. retranchement, m. INTREPID, adj. intrépide, hardi, brave. INTREPIDITY, s. intrepidité, f. hardiesse, f. INTREPIDLY, adv. intrépidement. INTRICACY, s. embarras, m. difficulté, INTRICATE, adj. embarrasse, embrouille. INTRIGUE, s. intrigue, f. manege, m. nœud. INTRIGUE, v. n. intriguer, cabaler. INTRIGUER, s. intriguant, m. [réel. INTRINSICAL, adj. intérieur, intrinseque, INTRINSICALLY, adv. intrinsèquement.

INTRODUCE, v. a. introduire, produire INTRODUCER, s. introducteur, m. INTRODUCING, INTRODUCTION, s. introduc INTRODUCTIVE, INTRODUCTORY, adj. pres-INTROMISSION. S. intromission. f. [lable. Intromission, s. intromission, f. Introspect, v. a. examiner le dedans de. INTRUDE, v. n. & recipr. s'ingérer, se mêler. INTRUDER, s. un intrus, un usurpateur. Intrusion, s. intrusion, f. usurpation, f. Intrust, v. a. confier, mettre en dépôt. INTUITION, s. intuition, f. examen, m. INTUITIVE, adj. intuitif, contemplatif. INTUITIVELY, adv. intuitivement. INTUMESCENCE, INTUMESCENCY, s. tomeur, Intunable, adj. que l'on ne peut accorder. INTWINE, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer. INUMBRATE, v. a. ombrager, couvrir de son INUNDATION, s. mondation, f. [ombre. INURE, s. habituer, accountmer. [m. Inurement, s. habitude, f. endurcissement, INURN, v. a. mettre dans une urne. Inusitate, adj.inuente, qui n'est pas en usage. INUTILE, adj. mutile, vain, sans effet. INUTILITY, s. inutilité, f. INVADE, r. a. envahir, usurper, empieter. INVADER, s. usurpateur, aggresseur, m. Invading, s. envahissement, m. usurpation INVALESCENCE, s. force, f. samté, f. []
INVALID, adj. foible, infirme, invalide, nul.
INVALID, s. un invalide. INVALIDATE, n. d. invalider, annuller.
INVALIDATE, n. d. invalider, f. mullité, f. foiINVALUABLE, adj. inestimable. [Diesse, f.
INVARIABLE, adj. invariable, constant.
INVARIABLY, adv. invariablement. [blesse, f. Invasion, s. invasion, f. usurpation, f. Invasive, adj. d'usurpation, d'invasion. Invective, s. invective, f.; adj. satirique. Invergu, v. a. invectiver, déclamer. [paroles. INVEIGHER, s. qui invective. INVEIGLE, v. a. enjóler, séduire par de belles INVEIGLER, s. un enjólerar. INVENT, v. a. inventer, découvrir, forger, con-INVENTER, s. inventear, m. [trouver. INVENTION, s. invention, f. découverte, f. INVENTIVE, adj. inventif, ingénieux. frer. INVENTORY, s. inventaire, m. ; v. a. invente-INVENTRESS, s. inventrice, f. Inverse, adj. inverse. Inversion, s. inversion, f. changement (d'ordre or de temps, m.) INVERT, v. a. renverser, changer Fordre. INVERTEDLY, adv. dans un ordre inverse. Invest, v. a. vêtir, revêtir, investir. INVESTIGABLE, adj. qui peut être découvert. Investigate, v. a. chercher. INVESTIGATION, s. recherche exacte, f. die-INVESTITURE, s. investiture, f. [cussion, f. INVETERACY, s. haine, f. rancune, Inveterate, adj. invétéré, enraciné. Invidious, adj. envieux, méchant, malin. Invidiously, adv. edieusement, maligue-Invidiousness, s. qualité ediense, f. malig-lnvigilancy, s. négligence, f. [wite, f. Invigorate, v. a. donner de la vigneur. finite, f. INVINCIBLE, adj. invincible, insurmontable. Invincible ness, s. qualité invincible, f. INVINCIBLY, adv. invinciorement. INVIOLABLE, adj. inviolable. Inviolably, adv. inviolablement. INVIOLATE, adj. entier, sain et sauf, intégre. Invious, adj. où l'on n'a pas passé. Invisibility, s. invisibilité. f.

INVISIBLE, 2df. invisible, imperceptible. INVISIBLY, adv. invisiblement. IN VISIBLE, GRO. HAVESDESSHEER.
HAVISCATE, D. a. Gler, enduire de glu.
LEVITATION, S. invitation. f.
LEVITATORY, adj. qui contient une invitation.
LEVITE, S. a. & n. inviter, prier, convier.
LEVITER, S. celui qui invite, invitateur, m. Inviting, adj. attrayant, qui invite. Invitingly, adv. d'une manière engageante. INVOCATE, INVOKE, v.a. invoquer, implorer. INVOCATION, s. invocation, f. INVOICE, s. facture, f. envoi, m. [rasser. INVOLVE, v. a. envelopper, engager, embar-INVOLUNTARILY, adv involontairement. INVOLUNTARY, adj. involontaire. INVOLUTION, s. entortillement, m. enveloppe, INVULNERABLE, adj. invulnérable. INWALL, v. a. enfermer de murs. INWARD, adj. intérieur, interne, intime. INWARD, INWARDS, adv. en dedans. INWARDS, s. pl. l'intérieur, m. les entrailles, f. INWARDLY, adv. intérieurement. INWARDNESS, s. amitié sincère. INWEAVE, v. a. entortiller. INWRAP, r. a. envelopper. [lacer. INWREATHE, v. a. ceindre, couronner, entre-IONIAN or IONICK, adj. Ionique, d'Ionie. IPECACUANHA, s. ipécacuana, m. IRASCIBLE, adj. irascible, sujet à colère. IRE, s. colère, f. ire, f. IREFUL, adj. colère, furieux. IREFULLY, adv. avec colère. IRELAND, s. l'Irlande, f. freul. m. IRIS, s. Iris, f. arc-en-ciel, m. flambe, f. gla-IRISHMAN, s. un Irlandois. IBKSOME, adj. fâcheux. incommode. It irks me, il me fâche, je suis fâché. IRESOMENESS, s. ennui, m. Iron, ser, m. adj. de fer, dur, sevère.

Iron-piate, du fer en feuille, de la tôle.

Iron-pin, un clavette. Iron-ware, marchandises de fer, f. clincailles Lon-mill, martipet, m. IRON, v. a. repasser avec un fer. IRONICAL, adj. ironique. IRONICALLY, adv. ironiquement. IRONMONGER, s. marchand de fer, m. ÎRON-ARM, s. bras de fer, m IRON-WIRE, s. fil de fer, m. fil d'archal. IRON-WARD, s. in the left, she and attend.
IRON-WARD, s. ironie, f.; adj. de fer, ferrugineux.
IRRADIANCE, IRRADIANCY, s. clarté, f. IRRADIATE, v. a. & n. rayonner sur. IRRADIATION, s. rayonnement, m. éclat, m. IRRATIONAL, adj. déraisonnable. IRRATIONALLY, adv. d'une manière absurde. IRRECONCILABLE, adj. irréconciliable. IRRECONCILABLY, adv. irréconciliablement IRRECOVERABLE, adj. irréparable. IRRECOVERABLY, adv. sans ressource. IRRECUPERABLE, adj. irreparable. IRREDUCIBLE, adj. irreductible. IRREFRAGABLE, adj. irrefragable, incontes IRREFRAGABLY, adv. incontestablement. IRREFUTABLE, adj. incontestable.
IRREGULAR, adj. irrégulier, dérèglé.
IRREGULARITY, s. irrégularité, f.
IRREGULARITY, adr. irrégulièrement.
IRREGULARITY, adr. irrégulièrement. IRREUGION, s. irréligion, f. impièté, f.
IRRELIGION, s. irréligion, f. impièté, f.
IRRELIGIOUS, adj. irréligieux, impie.
IRRELIGIOUSLY, adv. irréligieusement.
IRRENESIALE, adj. irrémissible, impardon-

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IRREPARABLE, adj. irreparable. IRREPARABLY, adv. irreparablement. IRREPREHENSIBLE, odj. irreprochable. IRREPROACHABLE, adj. irreprochable. IRREPROVABLE, adj. irreprehensible. IRRESISTIBLITY, s. force irrésistible, f. IRRESISTIBLE, adj. irrésistible. IRRESISTIBLY, adv. irrésistiblement. IRRESOLUTE, adj. irresolu, inconstant. IRRESOLUTELY, adv. irresolument. IRRESOLUTELY, adv. irresolution, f. doute, sa. IRRESOLUTION, s. irresolution, f. doute, sa. IRRESPECTIVELY, adv. indépendamment. IRRETRIEVABLY, adv. irréparable. IRRETRIEVABLY, adv. irréparablement. IRREVERENCE, s. irréverence, f. IRREVERENT, adj. irrévérent, peu respec-Ineny IRREVERENTLY, adr. irreveremment. IRREVERSIBLE, adj. irrevocable. IKREVOCABLE, adj. irrevocable. IRREVOCABLY, adr. irrevocablement. IRRIGATE, v. a. arroser, humecter. IRRIGATION, s. arrossement, m. l'action d'ar-IRRIGUOUS, adj. aqueux, humide, arrosé. IRRISION, s. dérision, f. moquerie, f. IRRITABLE, adj. aisé à provoquer, à irriter. IRRITATE, v. a. irriter, provoquer, fâcher. IRRITATION, s. irritation, f. IRRUPTION, s. irruption, f. [belle. ISABELLA, s. & adj. Isabelle, m. couleur isalschury, s. rétention d'urine, f. ISINGLASS, s. talc, m. colle de levant, f. ISLAND, s. ile, f. ISLANDER, s. insulaire, m. & f. ISLE, s. une ile, aile, f. ISLET, s. libd, m. petité île.

ISLET, s. libd, m. petité île.

ISOSCELES, s. isocèle, m. qui a deux côtés éISSUE, s. issue, f. sortie, f. fin, m. succès, m.
conclusion, f. lignée, f. postérité, f. enfans,
m. & f. ; Laue of blood, une perte de sang : issue in one's arm, un cautère au bras. ISSUE, v. a. & n. sortir, publier, emaner. ISSUES, s. pl. mise, f. frais, m. profits, m. LEGUKLESS, adj. sans enfans, sans postérité. ISTHMUS, s. isihme, m. IT, pron. ce, il, elle, le, la, en, cela, y. ITALIAN, s. & odf. Italien.
ITALICK, odf. Italique. [mangeaison, f. ITCH, s. graielle, f. gale, f. rogne, f. de-ITCH, v. n. démanger, desirer, tarder. ITCHY, adj. galeux, qui a la gale. ITEM, adv. item, de plus. ITEM, s. article (d'un compte). avis, m. ITERATE, v. a. reiterer, redoubler, repeter. ITINERANT, adj. ambulant, errant. ITINERARY, s. & adj. itineraire, m. ITS, pron. son, sa, ses. ITSELF, pron.lui-même. elle-même soi-même. Ivory, s. ivoire, m.
Ivy, s. lierre, m. Ground-iry, lierre rampant. J.

JABBER, v. a. bavarder, bredouiller. Jabberer, s. bredouilleur, m. JABBERRING, s. bredouillement, m.

JACENT, adj. couché, étendu.

JACINTH, s. jacinthe, f. (fleur.)

JACK, s. tourne-broche, m. un tire-botten

but, m. cochounet, m. broc, «. outre, j sautereau, m. chevalet, m. brocheton, m. janot, le male de certaines espèces d'animanx.

JACKAL, s. chacat, m. jacard, m. adive, f. JACKANAPES, s. un singe, un fat. JACK-BOOTS, s. de grosses bottes, / JACK-CATCH, s. le bourreau. JACK-DAW, s. (a bird) chouces, ws.

JACK-DAW, s. (a bird) chouces, ws.

JACK-PUDDING, s. un bouffon, un for. JACOBIR, s. Jacobin, m. niveleur, m. JACOB'S-STAFF, s. astrolabe, m. bourdon. JADE, s. un rosse, une haridelle. JADE, v. a. lasser, surmener, fatiguer.
JADISH, adj. mauvais, vicioux, de rosse.
JAGG, s. dentelure, f.; v. a. denteler.
JAGGY, adj. dentele, inégal. JAGGEDNESS, s. dentelure, f. JAGGING-IRON, s. videlle, f. JAIL, JAILER. See Guol, Gaoler. JAKES, s. les lieux, m. le privé.

JALAP, s. (a medicinal plant) jalap, m

JAM, s. marmelade de fruits, f. [&c. m. JAMB, s. jambage de porte, de cheminée, JAMBLE, v. a. & n. disputer, so quereller. JANGLER, s. un querelleur, disputeur, m. JANGLING, s. querelle, f. débat, m. dispute, f. JANIZARY, s. Janissaire, m. JANIZARY, S. Jamsenisme, m.
JANSENISM, s. Jansenisme, m.
JANSENIST, s. Janseniste, m.
JANTY, adj. gentil, drôle, comique.
JANUARY, S. Janvier, m.
JAPAN, s. Japon, m. vernis. JAPAN, v. a. vernisser, vernir. JAPANNER, s. vernisseur, émailleur, m. JAPANESE, s. un Japonois. JAR, v. n. ètre discordant, disputer, ne pas s'accorder. JAR, s. un ton discordant, querelle, f. une jarre (80 pints.) AJAR, part. adj. entr'ouvert. JARGON, s. jargon, m. baragouin, m. JARRING, s. discorde, f.; adv. discordant. JASHAWK, s. un faucon niais, un jeune fau-JASMIKE, s. (a shrub) jasmin, m. [con. JASPER, s. (a sort of marble) jaspe, m JAUNDICE, s. la jaunisse. [bond. JAUNT, v. a. courir cà et là, faire le JAUNT, s. allée et venue, f. course, f. JAVEL, s. un vagabond, un voyageur. JAVELIN, s. javeline, f.

JAW, s. la machoire, la gueule, la bouche.

JAY, s. (a sort of bird) un geai. JEALOUS, adj. jaloux, inquiet, soupconneux.
JEALOUSLY, adv. avec jalousie.
JEALOUSY, s. jalousie, f. soupcon, m. JEER, v. a. & R. railler, plaisanter.
JEER, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f.
JEERER, s. nn railleur, un moqueur. JEHOVAH, s. Jéhova, le tres saint.
JEJUNE, adf. mal nourri, sec, insipide.
JEJUNENESS, s. disette, f. stérilité, f.
JELLE, s. gelée, f. coulis, m. JENNETING, s. passe-pomme, f. (fruit.)
JERE, v. a. & n. fouetter, ruer, s'élancer. JERK, s. un coup de fouet, une saccade. JERKIN, s. une jaquette, un colletin.

JEST, v. n. plaisanterie. f. bon mot.

JESTER, s. un plaisant, un railleur, un boufJESTER, s. un plaisant, un railleur, un boufJESTING, s. jeu, m. railleur, plaisant.

JESTING, s. jeu, m. railleur, plaisant. JESTINGLY, adv. pour rire, en plaisanterie. JESUIT, s. Jésuite, m. JESUITICAL, adj. Jésuitque, de Jésuite. JESUS, S. Jésus, Sauveur, m. JET, s. jais, m. jayet, m. jet d'eau, m.

JET, v. n. être secoué, cahoté. JETTT, adj. fait de jais, noir comme jais. JEW, s. un Juif. JEWESS, s. une Juive. JEWEL, s. joyau, m. bijou, m JEWELLER, s. jouaillier, m. bijoutier, m. JEWISH, adj. Judaique, des Juis. JEWS-HARP, s. trompe, f. gronde, f. Jig, s. gigue, f.; v. n. danser mal. JILT, s. une coquette ; v. a. tromper, duper. JINGLE, s. tintement, m. ; v. n. tinter. JOB, s. ouvrage, m. travail, m. aubeine, & affaire, f. coup de hasard, m. .

Jos. v. a. & n. trapper, faire entrer, agiotes. JOBBER, s. agioteur, m. JOBBERNOWI., s. grosse tête, stupide, m. JOCKEY, s. un maquignon, un trompeur. JOCKEY, v. a. tromper, duper. JOCOSE, adj. plaisant, burlesque, jovial. JOCOSELY, adv. en plaisantant, pour rice. JOCOSERESS, JOCOSITY, JOCULARITY, a. plaisanterie, f. Jocular, adj. plaisant, badin. JOCUND, adj. gai, vil, enjoué, jovial JOCUNDLY, adv. gaiement, joyeusement. Jog, s. secousse, f. cahot, m.; v. s. pousser. Joggza, s. celui qui marche pesamment. Joggle, r. a. & n. agiter, remuer, s'agites se tremousser, se remuer. Join, v. a. & n. joindre, unir, s'associer. Joinder, s. union, f. association, f. Joiner, s. menuisier, m. JOINERY, s. menuiserie, f.
JOINT, s. jointure, f. article, m. nœud, m. as-JOINT, s. jointure, f. charnière, f. joint, m.

JOINT, adj. commun à plusieurs, m.

JOINT-HEIR. cohéritier, m. Joint tenants, tenancièrs par indivis, m.

JOINT, v. a. couper par les jointures. JOINTLY, adv. conjointement, ensemble. JOINTRESS, s. femme qui possede un douaire. JOINTURE, s. douaire, m.; v. a. douer.

JOINTURE, s. solive, f. A little joist, un solivean.

JOER, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f.

JOER, v. n. railler, plaisanter, badiner. JOKER, s. railleur, m. plaisant, m. JOLE, s. la face, la tête, la hure. Jollily, adv. gaiement. Jolliness, Jollity, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. amusement, m Jolly, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué, jovial. Jolly, v. a. & n. secouer, cahoter. JOLT, JOLTING. s. cahot, m. secousse, f. JOLTHEAD, s. une grosse tête, un lourdaud, JONQUILLET, s. jonquille, f. [butor, JOSTLE, JUSTLE, v. a. coudoyer, pousser. [butor, # Jot, s. ún point, ún iota, rien du tout. Journal, s. journal, m. [journal, m JOURNALIST, s. journaliste, f. auteur d'un JOURNEY, s. voyage, m. journée, f. JOURNEY MAN, s. ouvrier à la journée, m. Journeywork, s. journée, f. JOUST, s. joûte, f. tournoi, st.; v. s. joûter. JOVIAL, adj. jovial, enjoue, joyeux, gai. JOVIALLY, adv. joyeusement, gaicment. JOYIALNESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. JOY, s. joie, f. plaisir, m. satisfaction, f. JOY, v. a. & n. réjouir, congratuler. JOYFUL, adj. rejoui, joyeux, gai. JOYFULL, adv. rejout, joyeux, gai.
JOYFULLY, adv. joyeusement, avec joie.
JOYFULNESS, s. joie, f. plaisir, m.
JOYLESS, adj. tirste, chagria, hugulare.
JOYOUS, adj. joieux, gai, réjout, agréable
JUNARB, s. (an herb) joubarbe, f.

JUBILANT, adj. chantant, triomphant. JUBILATION, s. jubilation, f. réjouissance JUBILEE, s. un jubilé. [solenuelle et publique. JUCUNDITY, s. douceur, f. plaisir, m. JUDAICAL, JUDAICK, adj. Judaique JUDAISE, v. m. judaisme, m.

JUDAISE, v. m. judaiser, suivre les contumes
ou la loi des Juifs. ou la lot des Juin.
Judor, s. un juge. Judge lateral, assesseur.
Judor, v. a. & n. juger, estimer, décider.
Judornt, s. jugement, m. arrêt, n.
Judicatorry, Judicature, s. judicature, f.
Judicator, adj. judiciaire, juridique. JUDICIALLY, adv. judiciarement, juridique-JUDICIARY, adj. judiciare. [ment. JUDICIOUS, adj. judiciare. sage, prudent. JUDICIOUSLY, adv. judicieusement, sagement. Jug, s. un bocal, une cruche. JUGGLE, v. n. jouer des gobelets, duper. JUGGLE, s. tour de passe-passe, m. JUGGLER, s. joueur des gobelets, m.
JUGGLER, s. joueur des gobelets, m.
JUGGLING-TRICK, s. fourberie, f. charlaJUGGLINGLY, adv. par fourberie. [tanerie, f.
JUGGLAR, adf. jugulaire, du gosier.
JUICE, s. jus, m. or suc, m. JUICELESS, adj. sans jus, sans suc, sec. JUICINESS, s. abondance de jus or de suc, f. JUICINESS, s. abondance de jus or de suc, f. JUICY, adj. plein de jus or de suc. JUJUB, JUJUBES, s. jujube or gingeole, f. JUER, v. s. jucher, se percher.

JULAP, s. (a physical drink) julep, m.

JULLAP, adj. julien.

JULY, s. Juillet, m.

JUMART, s. jumart, m. [dre, être {dre, être mêlé. JUMBLE, v. a. & w. meler ensemble, confon-JUMBLE, s. melange confus, confusion, JUMBLING, s. melange, m. confusion, f. JUMENT, s. bête de charge or de somme, f. JUMP, v. m. sauter, faire un saut, cahoter. JUMP, s. un saut, un corset de femme. JUMPER, s. on sauteur. JUNCTION, s. jonction, f. union, f.
JUNCTURE, s. jointure, f. conjoncture, f. cir-JUNE, s. Juin, m. [constance, f. JUNIOR, adj. le jeune, le plus jeune des deux. JUNIPER, s. genèrier, m. JUNK, s petit vaisseau de la Chine. JUNKET, v. n. se régaler en cachette.

JUNKET, s. friandise, f. panier de jonc.

JUNKETING, s. bonne chére, bombance, f.

JUNKETING, s. cabale, f. faction, f. assemblée, f. JUNTO, s. caoale, f. naction, f. assembles, JUPPON, s. jupon, m. courte jupe.
JURAT, s. un jurat, un juré.
JURATORY, adf. juridique.
JURIDICAL, adf. juridique.
JURISCOSSULT, s. jurisconsulte, m.
JURISDICTION, s. jurisdiction, f. justice, f. JURISDICTION, s. jurisdiction, f. justice, f.
JURISTRUBENCE, s. jurisprudence, f.
JURIST, s. un juriste, un jurisconsulte.
JURIST, s. un juries, un jurisconsulte.
JURYMAR, s. un juré, un jures, m. pl.
JURYMAR, s. un juré. [source, f. Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, Jurymart, s. un juré. [source, jurymart, s. che source le pourret Kettle-Drum, s. un timb Let, adj. qu'on peut jurither.
JUSTIFIABLY, adj. qu'on peut jurither.
JUSTIFIABLY, adj. qu'on peut jurither.
JUSTIFICATION, s. justification, f. défense, f. [source, s. clef de voûte, f. [source, s. un jurisprume, s. un

Justify, v. a. justifier, prouver, verifier. Justing, s. l'action de jouter, f. joute, f. JUSTI.E, r. a. & n. pousser, heurter. JUSTLY, dat, justement, équitablement. JUSTLY, adr. justement, équitablement. JUSTS, s. Justice, f. équité, f. justesse, f JUSTS, s. pl. joûte, f. tournoi. m. JUT, s. salllie, f.; v. n. se déjeter, avancer. JUTTY, s. soupente or saillie, f. JUVENILE, adj. jeune, de jeunesse. JUVENILITY, s. jeunesse, f. feu, m. JUXTA POSITION, s. contiguité, f.

KALENDAR, s. calendrier, m. almanac, m. KALI, s. soude, f. kali, m. KAW, s. croassement, m.; r. n. croasser. KAYLE, s. quille, f. jeu de quilles. KECK, r. a. faire des efforts pour vomir. KECKS, s. pl. menu-bois sec. KEDGE, v. a. touer KEDGER, s. ancre à touer, f. . KEEL, s. quille de navire, KERLAGE, s. le droit d'entres Kerlhale, v. a. donner la cele. KEELSON, s. carlingue, f. contrequille, f. KEEN, adj. affile, aigue, pointu, perçant. KEENLY, adr. subtilement, ardemment. KEENNESS, s. subtilité, f. aigreur, f KEEP, v. a. tenir, garder, observer, faire, en tretenir, conserver, demeurer maître, préserver, garautir, empêcher; to keep asun-der, tenir séparé, désunir; to keep ascay, tenir éloigné; to keep back; retenir, céler, empêcher; to keep in, cacher, contenir, retenir; to keep off, tenir éloigné, empêcher. to keep under, opprimer, tenir en sujétion; to keep up, maintenir, entretenir; r. n. se tenir, demeurer, durer, se conserver, être, se garder, se garantir; to keep asunder, être séparés; to keep asany, être éloigné, s'absenter; to keep orsany, être éloigné, s'absenter; to keep or, avancer; to ne pas avancer; to keep on, avancer; to keep up, se maintenir, se conserver. KEEP, s. garde, m. protection, f. donjon, m. KEEPER, s. garde, m. gardien, m KEEPING, s. charge or office de garde, f. KEEPING, s. garde, f. l'action de garder f KEG, s. une caque, une barique. KELL, s. sorte de potage, la coiffe. KEN, s. vue, f. la portée de la vue. KEN, v. a. appercevoir.
KENNEL, s. chenil, m. meute, f. égout, m. KENNEL, v. n. coucher, demeurer, giter. KERCHIEF, s. un couvrecbef. KERF, s. entaillure, f. coche, f. KERMES, s. (an insect) kermes, w KERN, s. un fantassin, un bandit, corne, f. KERN, v. n. se former en grain. [moulin, m. KERNEL, s. amande, f. pepin, m. Kernel of KERNEL, v. n. se former en amande. KERNELLY, adj. plein de pepins, glanduleux. KERSEY, s. étoffe grossière, serge croisée.
KESTREI, s. crecerelle, f. (oiseau.)
KETTLE, s. carque, m. le bourreau.
KETTLE, s. chaudière, f. un chaudron.
KETTLE-DRUM, s. une timbale. KETTLE-DRUMMER, s. un timbalier. KEY, s. clé or clef, f. quai, m. clavette, f. clavier, m. touche, f. KEYHOLE, s. le tron de la serrure, forure, /

KIBE, s. engelure, f. crevasse, f. fente, f. KICK, s. un coup de pied. KICK, p. a. & n. donner un coup de pied, KICKER, s. celui qui donne des coups de pied. KID, s. chevreau, m.; v., m. chevroler.
KIDDER, s. monopoleur, m. regratier, m.
KIDMAP, v. a. enlever, voler des cafans.
KIDMAPPER, s. voleur d'enfans, m. KIDNEY, s. rognon, m. KIDNEY-BEAN, s. haricot, m. Kilderkin, s. demibaril, s KILL, r. a. tuer, faire mourir. [cide, m. KILLER, s. assassin, m. meurtrier, m. homi-KILLER, s. assassin, m. meurirer, m. nomiKILLING, adj. mortel, qui cause la mort.
KILB, s. four à brique, m. briqueterie, f.
KILNORY, v. a. sécher, faire sécher au four.
KINBO, adj. courbé, plié en forme d'anse.
KIN, s. parent, m. allié, m. parenté, f.
KIND, adj. doux, bon, obligeant, affable. KIND, s. genre, m. espère, f. sorte, f. KINDLE, v. a. & n. enflammer, embraser, s'enflammer, porter, faire des petits.
Kindler, s. qui allume, qui enflamme.
Kindler, adn. doucement, obligeamment. Kindly, adj. bienfaisant, de même espèce. Kindness, s. douceur, f. bonté, f. KINDRED, s. parens, m. pl. allies, m. KINE, s. (phar. of Cow) des vaches, f. [un roi. King, s. roi, m. monarque, m.; r. a. donner KINGCRAFT, s. l'ait de régner, m. politique. Кінсром, s. royaume, m. règne, m KINGFISHER, s. alcyon, martin pêcheur, m. KINGLIKE, KINGLY, adj. royal, de roi. KIEGLY, adv. en roi, royalement. KING'S-BENCH, s. cour du banc du roi, f. KING'S-EVIL, s. les écrouelles, f. pl. Kingship, s. royauté, f. KINSPOLE, s. parens, m. pl. allies, m. pl. KINSMAN, s. parent, m. allie, m. Kirswoman, s. parente, f. alliée, f. Kirk, s. église d'Ecosse, f. Kiss, s. baiser, m., v. a. baiser. Kisser, s. qui aime à baiser. KISSINGS, s. qui ame a vaiser. [m. KISSINGSRUST, s. baiseur du paiu, f. biseau, KIT, s. une grosse bouteille, un violon de KITCHEN, s. cuisine, f. [poche, un seau. KITCHENBOY, s. un marmiton. KITCHEN-GARDEN, s. jardin potager. KITCHEN-STUFF, s. graisse de rôti, f. KITCHEN-TACKLING, s. batterie de cuisine, KITE, s. milan, m. cerf volant, m. [chats. KITTEN, s. petit chat; r. n. faire de petits KLICK, v. n. faire un petit bruit aigu. KNAB, v. a. mordre, brouter. [dresse, f. KNACK, s. jouet d'enfant, m. habiole, f. a-KNACK, v. a. craquer, faire craquer, cusser. KNACKER, s. feseur de colifichets, m. KNAG, s. nœud d'arbre, m. KFAGGY, adj. noueux.
KFAF, s. élevation, f. cime, f.
KFAF, v. a. mordre, craquer, faire craquer. KRAPSACK, s. havresac, m. KRAVE, s. fripon, m. coquin, m. valet, m. KNAVERY, s. friponnerie, f. fourberie, f. KEAVISH, adj. mal-honnete, mechant. KNAVISHLY, adr. mal-honnétement. KNAVISHNESS, s. inclination à la friponnerie. KNEAD, v. a. petrir. KNEADING-TROUGH, s. hache, f. pétrin, m. KEEE, s. le genou ; v. n. s'agenouiller, prier. KREED, adj. qui a des nœnds, noueux. KREE-GRASS, s. genouillet, m. KHEE-HOLM, s. petit houx.

Kneel, v. s. s'agenouiller, flècher le genoù KREEPAR, s. la rotule. KRELL, s. glas, m. glais, m. KRIFE, s. un couteau. [lier. KNIGHT, s. un chevalier ; v. a. creer cheva-KNIGHTHOOD, a. chevalerie, f. KNIGHTLY, adj. de chevalier. KRIGHT'S-FRE, s. le bien d'un chovalier. [m. KNIGHT's-SERVICE, s. fief tenu noblement. KNIT, v. a. & n. nouer, her, attacher, tri-coter, brocher, se rassembler. KNIT, KNIT-WORK, s. tissu fait à l'aiguille, KNITTER, s. tricoteur, m. firicotage, s KNITTING-NEEDLE, s. aiguille à tricoter. f. KNITTLE, s. cordon de bourse, f. KNOB, s. bosse, f. loupe, f. nœud. KNOBBY, KNOBBED, adj. plein de bosses. KNOCK, s. un coup; v. a. heurter, frapper; to knock down, terrasser, assommer; to knock in, coigner, enfoncer; to knock off. faire sautes, casser; to knock out, faire sor [porte, m. tir. KNOCKER, s. celui qui frappe, marteau de KNOLL, v. a. sonner (pour un mort.) Knot, s. un nœud, m. bouton à feuille, m. difficulté, f. intrigue, f. bande, f. KNOT-GRASS, s. (a plant) sanguinaire, f. KNOT, r. a. & n. nouer, lier, se nouer. KNOTTINESS, s. multiplicité de nœuds, f. KNOTTY, adj. noueux, plein de nœuds. Know, r. a. connoître, savoir, discerner. KNOWABLE, adj. qu'on peut savoir. Knower, s. un savant, un connoisseur. Knowing, adj. savant, instruit; s. science. KNOWINGLY, adj. sciemnient. KNOWLEDGE, s. connoissance, f. science, f. KNUBBLE, v. a. battre, frapper. KNUCKLE, s. jointure, f. jarret, m. KNUCKLE, v. n. se rendre, se soumettre. KNUCKLED, adj. qui a des nœuds. KNUR, KNURLE, s. un nœud (de bois.) LABDANUM, s. ladanum, m.

LABEL, s. un billet, un écriteau. Labial, adj. labial LABORATORY, s. laboratoire, m. LABORIOUS, adj. laborieux. pénible, fatigant. LABORIOUSLY, adr. laborieuscment. LABORIOUSNESS, s. application, f. difficulté, f. LABOUR, s. labeur, m. peine, f. travail, m. douleurs de l'enfantement, f. LABOUR, v. a. & n. travailler, soigner, polir, faire ses efforts, être tourmente, se mouveir, rouler avec peine, être en travail d'enfant. LABOURER, s. un travailleur, un ouvrier. LABOURING, s. travail, m. effort, n LABOURSOME, adj. penible, difficile. LABYRINTH, s. labyrinthe, m. embarras, m. LAC or LACA, s. (a sort of gum) laque, f. LACE, s. lacet, m. cordon à lacer, m. lacs, m. piège, m. un ruban, un galon, un passement, dentelle, f. LACE, v. a. lacer, attacher avec un lacet, garnir de deutelle, galonner. LACEMAN, s. un passementier. [chiré. LACEMABLE, adj. qui peut être lacéré or dé-LACEMATE, v. a. déchirer, lacérer.

LACHRYMAL, adj. lacrymal, m. LACHRYMARY, adj. qui contient des larmes. LACK, v. a. & n. manquer avoir tesoin; a besoin, m. marque, m

LACERATION, s. laceration, f. dechirure. f.

déchirement, m

LACK-A-DAY! interj. ouass: LACEBRAIN, s. un sot. fdu laque. LACKER, s. vernis jaune; r. a. vernisser avec LACKEY, s. laquais, m.; v. n. suivre servile-LACOKICALLY, adv. laconiquement. [ment. LACONICK, adj. laconique, brei, court. LACONISM, s. laconisme, m. style concir et énergique, a LACTATION, s. allaitement, m. LACTEAL, LACTEOUS, adj. de lait, lactée. LACTESCENT, LACTIFEROUS, adj. lailcux. LAD, s. un garçon, un jeune garçon. LADDER, s. une échelle. LADE, s. embouchure d'une rivière, f. LADE, r. a. charger, combler.
LADING, s. charge, f. cargaison, f.
LADLE, s. cuiller à pot, f. les aubes de la
roue d'un moulin à eau, f. LADLE-FULL, s. une cuillerée LADY, s. dame or demoiselle de qualité, f.
LADY-BIRD, s. espèce de mouche rougeatre
LADY-DAY, Notre Dame, 25 de Mars. LADYSHIP, s. qualité de dame, f. LAG, adj. & s. dernier; v. n. tarder. LAICE, LAICAL, adj. larque, seculier. LAICE, s. reposée, f. (des bètes fauves.) LAITY, s. les laiques, m. de peuple. LAKE, s. un lac. LAMB, s. un agneau. LAMBATIVE, adj. qui se prend en léchant. LAMBENT, adj. follet, léger. LAMBRIN, s. un petit agneau, un agnelet. LAME, adj. estropic, boiteux, imparfait, dé-LAME, v. a. estropier. [fectueux. LAMELY, adv. imparfaitement, mal. LAMENESS, s. l'état d'une personne estropiée. LAMERT, v. n. & a. se plaindre, déplorer. LAMENT, s. lamentation, f. plainte, f. LAMENTABLE, adj. lamentable, pitoyable. LAMENTABLY, adv. lamentablement LAMENTATION, s. lamentation. f. doléance, f. LAMENTER, s. fescur de lamentations, m LAMENTING, s. lamentation, f. plainte, f. LAMBAS, s. le premier du mois d'Août. LAMP, s. lampe, f. LAMPASS, s. lampas, m. fève, f. LAMPBLACK, s. noir de lampe, m LAMPOON, s. satire, f.; r. a. satiriser. LAMPOONER, s. un auteur satirique. LAMPRON, LAMPREL, s. un lamprillon LAMPREY, s. (a sort of fish) lamproie, f. LANCE, s. une lance; v. a. percer. LANCET, s. lancette, f.
LANCET, s. lancette, f.
LANCH, v. a. lancer, jeter, darder.
LABCINATE, v. a. déchirer. LAND, s. terre, f. pays, m. bienfonds, m. pl. LAND, v. a. & n. debarquer, aborder. LANDED, part. adj. debarqué. LANDAW, LANDAW, s. carrosse coupé. LAND-FORCES, s. troupes de terre, f. LANDGRAVE, s. landgrave, m LANDGRAVIATE, s. landgraviat, m. LANDHOLDER, s. propriétaire en fonds de terre terre.

LANDING, LANDING-PLACE, s. descente, f.

L* TDLADY, s. proprietaire, f. hôtesse, f.

LANDLOPER, s. un vagabond, un batteur de

LANDLOPER, s. borne; f. limite, f.

LANDMARK, s. borne, f. limite, f.

LANDMARK, s. borne, f. limite, f.

LANDMARK, LANDMARK, s. paysage, m.

LANDTAK, s. taxe mise sur les terres. LAND WAITER, s. douanier, m.

LANDWARD, adv. vers la terre. [défié. LANE, s. petite rue, ruelle, une allre, un LANGUAGE, s. langage, m. langue, f. style, m. LANGUET, s. languette, f. LANGUID, adi, languissant, foible, froid. LANGUISH, v. n. languir, perdre ses forces. LANGUISHING, adj. foible, languissant. LANGUISHINGLY, adv. languissamment. LANGUISHMENT, LANGUOR, & langueur, f foiblesse, f. LANGUOROUS, adj. langoureux. LANIATE, v. a. mettre en pièces. déchirer. LANK, adj. mince, lache, plat, vide. LANKNESS, s. maigreur, f. LANSQUENET, s. lansquenet, m. fantassin alle-LANTERN, s. une lanterne, un fanal, une guérile. Dark lantern, lanterne sourde. LAP, s. plis, m. le bout de l'oreille. LAP, v. a. & n. envelopper, laper. LAPDOG, s. un petit chien, un bichon. LAPIDARY, s. lapidaire, m. LAPIDATE, v. a. lapider, assommer à coupe de pierres. LAPIDATION, s. lapidation, LAPIDEOUS, adj. pierreux, LAPIDIFICATION, s. lapidification, f. LAPPER, s. celui qui enveloppe. LAPPET, s. pan, m. les barbes d'une coiffe, f. LAPSE, s. faute, f. bevue, f. dévolu, m. LAPSE, n. n. s'écouler, passer, écheoir. LAPWing, s. (a bird) vanneau, m. LARBOARD, s. bas bord, m LARCENT, s. larcin, m. petit vol. LARCH, LARCH-TREE, s. larix, m. mélèze, f. LARD, s. lard, m. sain-doux, m.; v. a. larder. LARDer, s. office, m. dépense, f. LARDINGPIN, s. lardoire, J LARDON, s. lardon, m. petit morceau de lard. LARGE, adj. grand, large, etcndu, liberal. At large, earn gine, au large, euchou, florfal.

At large, sans gène, au large, amplement.

LARGELY, adv. largement, amplement.

LARGESS, s. graudeur, f. étendue, f.

LARGESS, s. largesse, f. libéralité, f.

LARGES, une alouetto. LARUM, s. reveil-matin, m. alarme, f. tocsin, LARYNX, s. larynx, m Lascivious, adj. lascif, lubrique, impudique. LASCIVIOUSLY, adv. lascivement. LASCIVIOUSNESS: lasciveté, f. impudicité, f. LASER-WORT, s. herbe que porte le benjoin, f. LASH, s. coup, m. étrivières, f. pl. LASH, v. a. & n. fouetter, sangler. LASHER, s. qui fouette, fouetteur, m. LASERTS, s. pl. lassets de bonnettes, m. ; LASS, s. une fille, fillette, f. jeune file, f. LASSITUDE, s. lassitude, f. fatigue, f. LAST, adj. dernier, le dernier de tous. last, enfin, la dernière fois. To the To the last jusqu'an bout, jusqu'à la fin.

Last, s. le bout, la fin, forme (de cordonnier,)

Last, n. n. durer, continuer. LASTAGE, s. droit de fret, lest (d'un navire,) LASTING, adj. durable, permanent. LASTINGLY, adv. perpetuellement. LASTLY, adv. en dernier lieu, enfin. LATCH, s. un loquet; r a. fermer au loquet. LATCHET, s. courroie, f. lien de cuir, m. LATE, adj. tardif, lent, dernier, tard, feu, de funt, ci-devant. Of late, depuis peu, der nièrement. LATELY, adv. dernièrement, depuis pen. LATERESS, s. temps or âge avance. LATERT, adj. cache, secret, interieur. LATER, adj. postérieur; lado. plus tard.

LATERAL, adj. de côté, latéral.

LATERAMY, adv. latéralement, à côté.

LATEST, adj. le dernier, le plus récent.

LATEVARD, adj. tardif, d'arrière saison.

LATH, e. latte, f. tringle, f. canton, m.

LATH, v. a. latter, couvrir de lattes.

LATHE et cour de tourneur. LATHE, s. tour (de tourneur,) m LATHER, s. mousse de savon, f.; v. a. & n. savonner, mousser, écumer. ATIR, adj. Latin; s. le Latin. LATINISH, s. latinisme, m. expression Latine. LATINIST, s. latiniste, m. qui sait le Latin. LATINITY, s. latinité, f. LATINIZE, v. a. & n. latinis LATION, s. mouvement en droite ligne, m. LATISH, adj. un peu tard. LATIANT, adj. cuber taru.

LATITANT, adj. cabé, secret.

LATITUDE, s. largeur, f. étendue, latitude, f.

LATITUDHARIAN, adj. libre; s. un esprit fort.

LATRANT, adj. qui aboie; dèclamateur, m.

LATRAN, s. latrie, f. culte de l'être Suprème. LATROCINATION, s. pillage, m. volcrie, f. LATTEN, s. fer blanc, laiton or leton, m. LATTER, adj. dernier, celui-ci. LATTERLY, adv. depuis peu. LATTICE, s. treillis, m. jalousie; r. a. treilli-LAUDABLE, adj. louable, digne de louanges. LAUDABLY, adv. avec honneur, louablement. LAUDANUM, s. laudanum, m. LAUGH, v. n. & a. rire; to laugh at, se moquer de, railler, se jouer de. LAUGH, s. l'action de rire, m. LAUGHABLE, adj. risible, ridicule, qui excite LAUGHER, s. rieur, rieuse. LAUGHING, s. l'action de rire, le ris. LAUGHINGLY, adr. en riant, gaiement. LAUGHINGSTOCK, s. jouet, m. risce, f. LAUGHTER, s. ris, m. rire, m. LAUNCH, r. n. & a. lancer à l'enu. LAUREATE, LAUREATE, LAURELLED, adj. couroiné de laurier, laureat. LAUREL, s. laurier, m. LAVE, v. u. laver, arroser; v. n. se baigner. LAVENDER, s. lavande, f. LAVER, s. lavoir, m. cuve, f. bassin, m.; v.a. arroser, laver. LAVISH, adj. prodigue; r. a. prodiguer. LAVISHER, s. un prodigue, un panier. LAVISHLY, adv. prodigalement, avec profusion. LAVISHMENT, LAVISHNESS, s. prodigalité, f.
LAW, s. loi. f. droit, m. justice, f.
LAWFUL, adj. permis, légitime, juste, licite.
LAWFULLY, adr. légitimement, légalement.
LAWFULNESS, s. légitimité, f. équité, f.
LAWGIVER, LAWMAKER, s. législateur, m. LAWLESS, adj. déréglé, illégal. LAWLESSLY, adr. contre les lois. LAWN, s. linou, m. plaine au milieu des bois. LAWSUIT, s. procès, m. LAWYER, s. avocat, m. homme de loi. LAX, ndj. lâche, relaché; s. flux de ventre, m. diarrhèe, f. foire, f. LAXATIVE, ndj. laxatif; s. médecine laxative. LAXITY, LAXNESS, s. relachement, m. LAY, adj. larque, seculier. LAY, s. li., m. couche, f. pari, m. gageure, f. Liv. r a. & n. mettre, poser, placer, tendre, abatire, coucher, se coucher, calmer, faire, concerter, tramer, pondre; to lay an ambush, dresser une ambuscad or des ambaches; to lay the dust, abattre la poussi-

ère; to lay eggs, pondre, faire des œuss; to lay a net, tendre des filets; to lay a nick, tramer un complot; to lay snares, tendre des pièges; to lay a soman, accoucher or délivrer une femme; to lay against, rejetter sur, accuser; to lay about, faire ses efforts; to lay along, se coucher; to lay apart, rejet-ter, dedaigner; to lay aside, demettre, deposer, quitter, abandonner; to lay at, viser; posary, quitter; to lay before, montrer, presenter; to lay by, garder, reserver, demettre, mettre de côté; to lay down, consigner, engager, resigner, abandonner, po-ser, se coucher; to lay hold, se saisir, prendre; to lay in, amasser; to lay on, appliquer, imposer, frapper, battre; to lay one, faire voir, monter; to lay over, couvrir, incruster; to lay out, depenser, employer, faire un écart, écarter ; to lay to, reprocher, accuser, imputer, appliquer, avancer, attaquer; to lay together, mettre ensemble, assembler, recueillir, comparer, coucher en-semble; to lay under, soumettre, reduire; to lay up, tenir renferme, amasser, serrer, laisser reposer; to lay upon, imposer, char-LAYER, s. une couche, un rejeton, une poule qui pond. LAYLAND, s. jachère, f. LAYMAN, s. un larque, un séculier. LAYSTALL, s. un tas de fumier, voirie, f. LAZAR, s. un lepreux. LAZARETTO, LAZAR-HOUSE, s. lazaret, m. LAZAR-WORT, s. la plante qui donne le ben LAZILY, adv. negligemment. [join. LAZINESS, s. paresse, f. fainéantise, f. LAZULI, s. pierre d'azur, f. LAZY, LAZING, adj. paresseux, faineant, indolent. LEA, s. un clos, une prairie fermée. LEAD, s. plomb, m. plateforme, f. LEAD, r. a. plomber, garnir de plomb. LEAD, s. la main, l'acquit, m. le devant. LEAD, v. a. guider, conduire, mener, commander; to lead along, conduire, accomback, reconduire; to lead of and out of, de-into, introduire; to lead of and out of, tourner. LEADEN, adj. de plomb, lourd, pesant. LEADER, s. conducteur, m. guide, m. LEADING, part. adj. principal, premier. LEADING-STRINGS, s. pl. lisières, f. LEAD-MINE, s. mine de plomb, f LEAF, s. feuille, f. feuillet, m. LEAF, v. n. porter des seuilles, se couvrir de feuilles. LEAFLESS, adj. dépouillé de ses feuilles. LEAFY, adj. feuillu, convert de feuilles.

LEAGUR, s. ligue, f. confédération, lieue, f.

LEAGUE, v. n. se liguer, se confédérer.

LEAGUED, adj. ligue, confédére.

LEAGUED, adj. sigue, confédére. LEAGUER, s. ligueur, m. siege d'une place, m. LEAK, s. voie d'eau, f. ; v. n. faire eau, con-LEAK, s. vois ceau, J. v. n. laid cau, tue. LEAKOF, s. coulage, m. LEAKY, adj. qui fait eau, qui coule. LEAN, v. a. & n. s'appuyer sur, pencher. LEAN, adj. maigre, stérile; s. du maigre. LEAN, ind. starf, s. bâton pour s'appuyer, m. LEANING-STOCK, s. un appui. LEANLY, adr. maigrement LEANNESS, s. maigreur. f. LEAP, v. n. & a. sauter, franchir, palpiter

LEAP-YEAR, s. année bissextile, f. LEARN, v. a. apprendre. LEARNED, part. adj. savant, instruit, habile, LEARNEDLY, adv. savamment. LEARNER, s. écolier, m. novice, m. & f. LEARNING, s. étude, f. savoir, m. LEASE, s. bail à ferme, m. LEASE, v. a. louer, bailler à ferme; v. n. gla-LEASER, s. un glaneur, une glaneuse. [ner. LEASH, s. lesse, attache, f. couple. LEASING, s. mensonge, m. l'action de bailler à ferme or de glaner. LEAST, adj. le moindre, le plus petit. LEAST, adv. le moins. Al least, du mains, au moins, pour le moins. In the least, du tout. Not in the least, point du tout. LEATHER, s. cuir, m. peau, f. LEATHER-BOTTLE, s. une outre. LEATHER-DRESSER, s. corroyeur, m. or tan-LEATHERN, adj. de cuir. [neur, m. LEATHERSELLER, s. pelletier, peaussier, mégissier, m. guster, m.
LEATHERY, adj. qui ressemble à du cuir.
LEAVE, s. liberté, f. permission, f.
LEAVE, v. a. & n. laisser, quitter, cesser, finir; to leave off, quitter, se défaire, discontinuer, cesser; to leure out, ometire. LEAVED, adj. garni de feuilles, feuillu. LEAVEN, s. levain, m.; r. a. faire lever. LEAVES, the pl. of Leaf, which sec. LEAVINGS, s. pl. restes, m. pl. reliefs, m. pl. LECHER, s. un débauché; v. n. gaillarder. LECHEROUS, adj. lascif, impudique. LECHEROUSLY, adr. lascivement. LECHEROUSNESS, LECHERY, s. lascivité. f.
LECTURE, s. discours, m. leçon, f. réprimande, f. LECTURE, v. a. reprimander. LECTURER, s. lecteur or vicaire, m. LECTURESHIP, s. l'office de lecteur. LED-HORSE, s. un cheval de main. LED-BORSE, s. un cueva de main.

LEDGE, s. bord, m. rebord, m. couche, f. lit,

LEE, s. lie, f. sédiment, m. côté opposé au

LEE-BOARD, s. dérivé, f. semelle, f. (vent.

LEECH, s. une sangsue ; n. a. médecirer.

LEECHCRAFT, s. l'art de guérir les animaux. LEEK, s. poreau, m. or porreau. LEER. s. ceillade, f. coup d'ceil, m.; v. a. lorgner, guigner.

Lers, s. pl. lie, f. sediment, m.

Ler-fhore, s. rivage contre lequel le vent souffle, m. rivage sous le vent, f. LEET, s. jour où la cour foncière se tient, m. LEETCH, s. le fond or le milieu d'une voile. LEEWARD, adj. onposé au vent. A leeward tide, vent et marce, m. f. LEFT, adj. gauche. LEFT-HAN LD, adj. gaucher. LEG, s. la janibe, la cuisse (d'un oiseau); une éclauche, un gigot (de mouton); un trumeau (de bœuf); forme (pour les has), f. I.BGAL, s. legs, m. LEGAL, adj. juridique, légal, légitime. LEGALITY, s. conformité à la loi. f. LEGALIZE, r. a. autoriser, rendre légal. LEGALLY, adr. legalement. LEGATARY, LEGATEE, s. légataire, m. & f. LEGATE, s. légat, m. ambassadeur du pa LEGATESHIP, v. legation, f. LEGATINE, adj. du légat.

LEAP, s. un saut, passe, f. l'action de-saillir | Legation, s. légation, f. charge or commission d'un légate, f.

LEAPER, s. un sauteur. | Legation, s. celui qui fait un legs, donateur, LEGEND, s. légende, f. fable, f. LEGENDARY, adj. de légende, fabuleux. LEGER, s. grand livre de compte. LEGERDENAIN, s. tours de la main, m. pl. LEGGED, adj. qui a des jambes, jointé. LEGIBLE, adj. lisible, aisé à lire. LEGIBLY, adv. lisiblement, d'une manière lisible. LEGION, s. légion, f.
LEGIONARY, adj. légionaire, de légion.
LEGISLATION, s. législation, f.
LEGISLATIVE, adj. législatif. LEGISLATURE, s. la puissance législative LEGITIMACY, s. légitimité, f. LEGITIMATE, adj. légitime. LEGITIMATE, v. a. légitimer, déclarer légi-LEGITIMATELY, adv. légitimement. [time. LEGITIMATION, s. légitimité, f. LEGUME, LEGUMEN, s. légume, m. LEGUNINOUS, adj. qui appartient aux le LEISURABLE, adj. fait à loisir. [gumes LEISURABLY, adr. à loisir, peu à peu. LEISURE, s. loisir, m. commodité, LEISUREI.Y, adr. que se fait à loisir. LEMMA, s. lemme, m. devise, f. LEMON, s. citron, limon, m. LEMON-TREE, s. citronnier, m. LEMONADE, s. limonade, f. LEND, v. a. préter, donner, apporter. LENDER, s. préteur, m. préteuse, f. LENGTH, s. longueur, f. portée, f. dégré, s. At full length, tout entier, en grand. length, enfin. LENGTHEN, r. a. & n. allonger, prolonger, ctendre, s'allonger. LENGTH WISK, adv. en longueur. LENIENT, adj. & s. adeucissant, lénitif. LENIFY, v. a. adoucir, soulager, mitiger. LENITIVE, s. & adj. lenitif, emollient. LENITY, s. douceur, f. caractère doux. LERS, s. lentille, f. verre lenticulaire, m. LENT, s. le careme. LENTEN, adj. de carême. LENTICULAR, adj. lenticulaire. LENTIL, s. lentille, fasorte de légume. LENTISK, s. (a tree) lentisque, m. LENTOR, s. tenacite, f. viscosite, f. lenteur, f LENTOUS, adj. visqueux. LEO, s. le lion. LEORINE, adj. leonin, de la nature du lion. LEOPARD, s. léopard, m. LEPER, s. un lépreux, une lépreuse. LEPROST, s. lepre, f.
LEPROUS, adj. lépreux, malade de la lèpre.
LESS, adj. plus petit, moindre; s. moins, se. udr. moins. LESSEE, s. amodiateur, m. fermier, m. LESSER, v. a. & n. apetisser, s'apetisser, diminuer, amoindrir, s'amoindrir.

LESSER, adj. plus peut; adv. moins.

LESSON, s. lecon, f. précepte, m.

LESSON, v. a. instrume enseigner. LESSON, r. a. instruire, enseigner. LESSOR, s. bailleur, m. bailleresse, f. LEST, conj. de peur que. LET, r. n. laisser, souffir, permettre, faire. To let blood, saigner, tirer du sang. doicn, descendre, abattre, lacher; to let in or into, laisser entrer, admettre; to let loose, lacher, dechainer; to let off, tirer, decharger; to let out, laisser sortir, relacher, élargir, louer, affermir. LET, s. obstacle, m. empêchemem, m. ren-LETHARGICK, adj. léthargique. [voi, m. LETHARGY, s. léthargie, f. [m. LETHE, s. léthé, m. fleuve d'oubli, m. oubli, LETTER, E. lettre, f. caractère, m. épitre, LETTER OF ATTORNEY, s. procuration, LETTER, r. a. cerire, mettre une inscription. LETTER-CASE, s. porte-lettre, m. LETTERED, part. adj. charge d'une inscription, savant. LETTICE, LETTUCE, s. laitue, f. LEVANT, adj. & s. du Levant, le Levant. LEVANTINES, s. pl. les Levantins, m. LEVEE, s. lever, m. toilette, f.
LEVEL, adj. uni, applani, egal, de niveau.
LEVEL, s. niveau, m. surface plane. LEVEL, r. a. unir, applanir, niveler, égaler, pointer, viser, porter coup. LEVELLER, s. aplanisseur, m. niveleur, m. LEVELLING, s. aplanissement, LEVELNESS, s. niveau, m. égalité de surface, LEVER, s. levier, m. LEVERET, s. un levraut. LEVIABLE, adj. qui se lève, qu'on lève. LEVIATHAN, s. Léviathan, m. LEVIGATE, r. a. broyer, réduire en poudre. LEVITE, s. Lévite, m. LEVITICAL, adj. Lévitique, de Lévite. LEVITICOS, s. le Lévitique. LEVITICOS, s. le Lévitique. LEVITY, s. légèreté, f. humeur volage, f. LEVY, s. levée, f.; r. a. lever, faire une levée. LEWD, adj. dissolu. débauche. LEWDLY, adr. en débauché, en libertin. LEWDNESS, s. dissolution, f. libertinage, m. LEXICOGRAPHER, s. lexicographe, m. LEXICON, s. un lexique, un dictionnaire. LIABLE, adj. sujet, expose. LIAR, s. un menteur, une menteuse. LIBATION, s. libation, f. LIBEL, s. libelle, m. satire, f.
LIBEL, n. a. & n. diffamer quelqu'un.
LIBELLER, s. auleur de libelles, m. LIBELLOUS, adj. diffamatoire, satirique. LIBERAL, adj. liberal, genéreux, honnète. LIBERALITY, s. liberalité, f. générosité, f. LIBERALLY, adr. liberalement. LIBERTINE, s. & adj. libertin, affranchi. LIBERTINISM, s. libertinage, débauche, f. LIBERTY, s. liberté, f. congé, m. LIBERTIES, s. libertés, f. franchises, f. LIBIDINOUS, adj. sensuel, voluptueux. [tin. LIBIDINOUSLY, adv. sensuellement, on liber-LIBRA, s. la balance. LIBRARIAN, s. bibliothécaire, m. copiste, m. LIBRARY, s. une bibliothèque. LIBRATE, r. a. balancer, mettre en équilibre. LIBRATION, s. balancement, m. libration. f.
LICE, s. pl. of Louse, poux, m. pl.
LICENSE, s. license, f. privilège, m.
LICENSE, v. a. mettre en liberté, autoriser. LICENSEP., s. celui qui autorise, un censeur. LICENTIATE, s. un licencié; v. a. autoriser. LICENTIOUS, adj. licentieux, déréglé. LICENTIOUSILY, adv. licencieusement LICENTIOUSNESS, s. license, f. dissolution, f. LICK, s. un comp, un petit coup.
LICK, v. a. lécher, polir, limer, laper, rosser.
LICKERISH, LICKEROUS, adj. friand, gourmand LICERRISHNESS, s. friandisc, f. Licorice, s. reglisse, f. LICTOR, Saucteur, m. Lin, s. couvercle, m.; lid of the cye, la paupière de l'anil.

LIE or Lyr, s. lessive, f. urine, buce, f. Lie, s. mensonge, m. fausseté, f. LIE, v. n. mentir, dire un mensonge. I.i.e., v. n. s'appuyer, reposer, être couche, coucher, être situé, loger, demeurer, consister, rester, coûter; w lie about, être dis-persé çà et là; to lie at, importuner; to lle at stake, être intéressé; to lie down, être couché, reposer; to lie in, être en couche, faire ses couches; to lie out at length, s'è tendre en longueur; to lie under, être su jet, exposé, accusé, attaqué, être dans; te lie up and down, être en desordre; to lie upon, être une obligation, devenir un de-.ingr., adj. lige, vassal, sujet. LIEGE, s. lige, m. souverain, m. LIEGEMAN, s. un vassal, un sujet. ment. LIENTERY, s. lienterie, f. sorte de dévois-LIEU, s. lieu, m. In lieu of, au lieu de. LIEUTENANCY, s. lieutenance, f. LIEUTENANT, s. lieutenant, m. LIFE, s. vie, f. lc naturel, feu, m. vigueur, f LIFEGUARD, s. garde du corps, f. LIFELESS, adj. sans vie, inanime. LIFE-BENT, s. rente viagère. LIFE-TINE, s. la vie, le temps de la vie. LIFT, r. a. enlever, élever, lever. LIFT, s. l'action de lever, effort pour lever une chose, m. Give it a list, tachez de le lever. At one list, d'une trait, d'un seul LIFTER, s. balancines, f. pl. LIFTER, s. celui qui lève or élève. LIGAMENT, s. ligament, m. lien, m. LIGATURE, s. ligature, f. bandage, m. LIGFANCE, s. ligeonce, f. redevance, f. LIGHT, s. lumière, f. clair, m. clarté, f. LIGHT, r. a. & n. allumer, éclairer, arriver, venir, mettre pied à terre. LIGHT, adj. leger, clair, blond. LIGHTEN, v. a. & n. cclairer, alleger. LIGHTER, s. gabare, m. allège, f. [bare, m. LIGHTERMAN, s. gabarier, m. batelier de ga LIGHTFINGERED, adj. un peu fripon. LIGHTFOOT, adj. vite à la course, agile. LIGHTHEADED, adj. leger, volage, étourdi. LIGHTHEARTED, adj. joyeux, gai. LIGHTLESS, adj. obscur, sombre.
LIGHTLY, adv. legerement, aisement, vite.
LIGHTLESS, s. legerete, f. inconstance, f.
LIGHTNING, s. éclair, m. foudre, m. & f. LIGHTS, s. pl. les poumons, m. LIGHTSOME, adj. éclairé, clair, joyeux, gai. LIGNALOES, LIGNUM, s. bois d'aloès, m.
LIGNEOUS, adj. de bois, hoiseaux, ligneux.
LIGNUMVITE, s. bois des Indes fort dur, m. LIKE, adj. semblable, pareil, tel, égal, même, le même, vraisemblable. Like, s. la pareille, la même chose. Like, adv. comme, en, de la même mamere que, probablement. LIKE, v. a. & n. aimer, approuver, agreer. LIKELIHOOD, s. apparence, f. LIKELY, adj. probable, vraisemblable. LIKELY, adv. probablement, vraisemblable-LIKEN, n. a. comparer. LIKENESS, s. ressemblance, f. similiude, f. LIKENESS, s. ressemblance, f. similiude, f. LIKEWISE, adv. pareillement, de même. LIKING, adv. de bonne-mine, gras. LIKING, s. embonpoint, m. essai, m. goût, s. inclination, f. agrement, m. gre, m. LILACH, s. lilas, m. (sorte d'arbre.) LILIED, adj. orne or couvert de lis. LILY, s. lis, m.; lily of the valley, muguet, LIMATURE, s. limure. f.

LIMB, 2 membre, m. Lime-ment, par pièces.

LIMB, n. a. donner des membres, démemLIMBECK, s. alambic, m. [brer.

LIMBED, adj. dont les membres sont formés.

IMBER, adj. souple, flexible, maniable. LIMBER-HOLES, s. pl. vitonnières, f. LIMBERNESS, s. flexibilité, f. facilité, f. LIMBO, s. les limbes, m. prison, f. LIME, s. glu, f. chaux, f. boue, f. limon, m. LIME, LIME-TREE, s. tillcul, m. Lime, v. a. couvrir de glu, embarrasser, at-traper, cimenter, fertiliser avec de la chaux, marner. LIMERILM, s. chaufour, m. LIMER or LIMEHOUND, s. limier, m. LIME-STONE, s. pierre à chaux, f. LIME-TWIG, s. glueau, m. vergette, f. LIME-WATER, s. eau de chaux vive, / LIMIT, s. limite, f. borne, f. frontière, LIMIT, v. a. limiter, borner, restreindre. LIMITARY, adj. limitrophe, place aux limites. LIMITATION, s. limitation, f. reserve, f. LIMN, r. a. peindre en detrempe, or en mi-LIMNER, s. peintre, m. Iniature. Limosity, s. état de ce qui est limoneux. Limous, adj. limoneux, bourbeux, fangeux. Limous, adj. foible, mou, molle; v. n. clocker, LIMPET, s. moule, f. LIMPID, adj. limpide, clair, pur, net. LIMPIDNESS, LIMPIDITY, s. limpidité, f. clar-LIMPINGLY, adv. en boitant. LINY, adf. visqueux, gluant.

LINCH-PIN, s. esse, f. cheville de roue, f.

LINCH-PIN, s. électuaire, m.

LINDEN, LINDEN-TREE, s. tilleul, m.

LINE, s. ligue, f. corde, f. cordeau, m. retranchement, m. race, f. la ligue équinoxiale, l'équateur, m. ressort, m. département, m. vers, m. poesie, f. LINE, v. a. doubler, couvrir, revêtir. LINEAGE, s. lignée, f. postérité, f. race, f. LINEAL, adj. qui descend en ligne droite. LINEALLY, adr. en droite ligne. LINEAMENT, s. linéament, m. trait de visage, [des lignes. LINEAR, adj. linéaire. LINEATION, s. état de ce qui est décrit par LINEN, s. toile, f. linge, m.; adj. de toile. LINEN-DRAPER, s. marchand de toiles, m. LING, s. bruyère, f. morue-sèche, f. LINGER, v. n. languir, traîner, hésiter. LINGERER, s. un homme lent, un lambin. LINGERING, s. délai, m. retardement, m LINGERING, adj. languissant, lent, tardif. LINGERINGLY, adv. lentement, avec lenteur. Linguacious, adj. babillard. Linguist, s. savant dans les langues. LINGWORT, s. (an herb) angelique, f.
LINIMENT, s. liniment, m. onguent, m.
LINING, s. doublure, f. revêtement, m. Link, s. chaînon, m. anneau, m. lien, LINK, r. a. enchaîner, joindre. (torche, f. LIKK-BOY, s. un garçon qui éclaire avec un LINNET, s. une linotte. [flambeau. LINSEED, s. graine de liu. LINSEY-WOLSEY, s. tire-taine, f. brocatelle, f. LINSTOCK, s. boutefeu de canonuier, m. LINT, s. filasse, f. charpie, f. LINTEL, s. linteau, (d'une porte) m. LION, s. lion, m. Lion's whelp, lionceau, m. LIONESS, s. une lionne. LION'S PAW, LION'S TAIL OF L. TOOTH. s. dent du lion, f. LIP, s. la lèvre, la babine (d'une bête.) LION'S ынг. э. на лечте, на поотпе (а une octe.) []. || toque, ж. ; пад. чтчана, qui чт. Пыротнумі з. lipothymie, f. défaillance. || Liver, s. livre, f. franc, ж. vingt зона. ..

LIQUEFY, A. & N. FORDER, Inquener, se ton LIQUESCENCY, S. liquéfaction, f. [dre LIQUID, adj. liquide, fondu, liquéfié. I.IQUID, s. liquide, m. liqueur, f. boisson, f LIQUIDATE, v. a. liquéfier, rendre liquide. LIQUIDATE, T. LIQUIDATE, S. liquidité. LIQUOR, s. fiqueur, f. ; v. n. humester. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. LIRICONFANCY, s. lis des vallées, m. liquéfaction, s. liquéfaction, LISP, r. a. grasséyer; s. grasséyement, m.
LISP, r., a. grasséyeur, grasséyeuse.
LIST, s. liste, f. rôle, m. catalogue, m. étet,
m. lisière, f. (du drap) bord, m. bande, f.
lice f. enyie f. wohnté f. lice, f. envie, f. volonte, f. [loir. List, r. a. enroler; v. n. avoir envie, vou-LISTEN, v. n. écouter, être aux écoutes. LISTEMER, s. celui or celle qui écoute. LISTLESS, adj. indifferent, insensible. Lisviessness, s. indifférence, f. négligence, LITANY, s. litanie, f. LITERAL, adj. littéral, conformé à la lettre, LITERALITY, s. le sens littéral. [de lettre. LITERALLY, adv. à la lettre, littéralement LITERATE, adj. lettré, savant, docte, habile. LITERATI, s. pl. les savans, s LITERATURE, s. litterature, f. belles-lottres, LITHARGE, s. litharge, f. LITHE, add, souple, flexible, maniable. LITHE, add, souple, flexible, maniable. LITHENESS, s. flexibilité, f. souplesse, f. LITHOCOLIA, s. lithocolie, f. [pierre. LITHOGRAPHY, s. l'art de graver sur la LITHOPHAGUS, s. lithophage, m. LITHOTOMY, s. lithotomie, f. LITHOTOMIST, s. lithotomiste, m. LITIGANT, adj. plaideur, m. litigant, m. LITIGATE, v. a. & n. plaider, disputer. LITIGATING, LITIGATION, s. litige, m. pro-Litigious, adj. chicaneur, qui aime les pro-LITIGIOUSLY, adv. contentieusement. LITIGIOUSNESS, s. humeur chicaneuse. LITISPENDENCE, s. litispendance, f. LITTER, v. a. metre bas, sair, deranges LITTER, v. a. metre bas, sair, deranges LITTERINGS, s. pl. templets, m. pl. LITTIE, adj. petit, quelque; s. us peu. LITTIE, adv. peu, un peu, pas beaucoup. LITTIENESS, s. petitesse, f. bassesse, f. LITURGY, s. liturgie, f. LIVER, r. n. vivre, subsister, demeurer. LIVE, adj. vif, on vie, vivant. [temp LIVED, adj. vivant. Long-lived, qui vit lon [temps. LIVELIHOOD, s. vie, f. entretien, m. nouriture, f. bien, m. art, m.
LIVELINESS, s. vivacito, f. vigueur, f. feu, m. LIVELONG, adj. long, ennuyeux, durable. LIVELY, adj. vif, vigoureux, anime, vivant, fort, violent, gai, enjoue.

Lively or Livelily, adv. vivement,
Livel, s. vivant, m. le foie. [nate / [naturel. LIVER-COLOUR, couleur de foie, brun. Liver-grown, adj. qui a le foie gros. LIVER-WORT, s. (a plant) hepatique, f. LIVERY, s. mise, prise de possession, f. lou-age, n. livrée, f. couleurs, f. LIVERY-MAN, s. bourgeois de Londres. LIVID, adj. livide, pâle. LIVIDITY, s. couleur livide, f. pâleur, f Living, a. vie, f. nourriture, f. subsistance f. bien, m. biens, m. pl. benefice ecclosuse tique, m.: adj. vivant, qui vit.

LIXIVIUM, s. lessive, f. eau imprégnée de LIEARD, s. lezard, m. LIEARD-POINT, s. le Cap Lésard. Lo, interj. voici! voila! regardez! voyez! LOACH, s. loche, f. (poisson.)
LOACH, s. loche, f. (poisson.)
LOAD, s. charge, f. fardeau, m. la veine
(d'une mine); v. a. charger.
LOADER, s. celui qui charge.
LOAD-STAR, s. étoile polaire, f. la petite ourse. LOAD-STOUE, s. aimant, m. Loap, s. un pain. [chis, m. LOAM, s. terre grasse, marne, f. lut, m. tor-LOAM, v. a. enduire de terre grasse. LOAMY, adj. argilleux.
LOAMY, adj. a regret, à contre cour. LOATHE, v.a. bair, détester, svoir de dégoût. LOATHFUL, adj. dedaigneux, degoûte. LOATHING, s. degoût, m. aversion, f. LOATHSOME, adj. odieux, dégoûtant.

LOATHSOMENESS, s. qualité dégoûtante, f.

LOAVES, s. pl. of Loaf, des pains. Los, s. un rustre, sorte de gros ver. Los, v. a. laisser tomber lachement. LOBBY, s. antichambre, f. vestibule, m. por-LOBE, s. lobe, m. [tique, m. LOBSTER, s. ecrévisse de mer, f. langouste, LOCAL, adj. local, externe. luque, m. LOCALITY, s. existence locale, présence, LOCALLY, adv. localement. LOCATION, s. situation locale, location, f. Lock, s. serture, f. terme, m. point, m. touffe (de cheveux,) f. botte (de foin,) f. flocon (de laine,) m.; lock of a pistol, la platine d'un pistolet; lock of an arquebuss, rouet d'arquebuse, m.; lock of a pond, la bonde d'un étang; lock for horses' legs, entraves, f. pl. Lock, v. a. fermer à la clef, enfermer. OCKSMITH, s. un serrurier. LOCKER, s. une armoire. LOCKET, s. agraffe, f. oracelet, m. joyau, m. LOCKEAM, s. sorte de toile grossière. Locomotion, s. changement de place, m. LOCOMOTIVE, adj. qui change de place. LOCUST, s. une sauterelle, caroube, f. LOCUTION, s. locution, f. phrase, f. style, m. LODEMANAGE, s. lamanage, m. LODESMAN, s. lamaneur, m. pilote côtier, m. LODGE, s. petite maison, cabane, f. LODGE, v. a. & n. loger, placer. LODGEMENT, s. logement, m. LODGER, s. un locataire. LODGING, s. logis, m. logement, m. demeure, LOFT, s. grenier, m. galetas, m. remise, f. LOFTILY, adv. avec hauteur, fièrement. LOPTINESS, s. grandeur, f. hauteur, f. LOPTINESS, s. grand, haut, élevé, altier. LOG, s. une bûche, un tronc d'arbre. LOGWOOD, s. bois de campéche, m. LOGARITHMS, s. logarithmes, m. [beté. LOGGERHEAD, s. un sot, un lourdaud, un hé-LOGICAL, adj. de logique, suivi, concluent. LOGICALLY, adv. en logique, en logicien. LOGICAN, s. logicien, m. Logician-like, en LOGICK, s. la logique. [logicien. LOGISTICK, s. logistique, f. supportation. Lоноск, s. lok, m. (sorte d'électuaire.) LOIN, s. longe, f. les reins, m. LOITER, v. n. s'amuser, s'arrêter, tarder. LOITERER, s. un fainéant, un paresseux. LOITERING, s. negligence, f. paresse, f. LOITERING, adj. paresseux, negligent.

LIXIVIAL. LIXIVIOUS, adj. imprégne de sels. || LOLL, v. s. se pencher, s'étendre, pendre ; v. a. tirer la langue. LONDON, s. Londres, m. LONELY, LONESOME, adj. solitaire, isolé. LONELINESS, LONENESS, s. solitude, f. Long, adj. long, grand, lent, tardif. Long, s. une longue (en musique.) Long, adv. long-temps, tout, durant. Long, v. a. avoir une forte envie. LONG, v. a. avoir une forte eavie.
LONGANIMITY, s. longanimité, f.
LONGBOAT, s. barque longue, f. chaloupe, f.
LONGER, adj. plus long; avo. plus long temps.
LONGEYITY, s. longue vie, f.
LONGIMANOUS, adj. qui a les bras longs.
LONGIMETRY, s. longimétrie, f.
LONGING, s. envie, f. désir impatient.
LONGINGLY, adv. impatiemment.
LONGINGLY, adv. impatiemment. LONGISH, adj. un peu long, longuet. LONGITUDE, s. longueur, f. longitude, f. LONGITUDINAL, adj. longitudinal. LONGSOME, adj. long, ennuyant, ennuyeux. Longsuffering, adj. endurant: s. patience. Longways, Longwise, adv. en longueur. LONGWINDED, adj. qui a bonne haleine. Longwort, s. angelique, f. (sorte de plante.) Loo, s. la bête (sorte de jeu de cartes.) LOOBY, s. un soi, un lourdaud, un buter. Loof, s. lof, (de vaisseau) m. Loof, v. n. tenir le lof, serrer le vent. LOOK, v. n. & a. regarder, avoir l'air or la mine, paroître, voir; to look about, prendre garde, songer; to look after, avoir soin; to garde, songer; to took ajter, avon som, to look al, considerer, regarder; to look for, chercher, attendre; to look into, examiner, considerer; to look on or upon, regarder, estimer, considerer; to look orer, examiner; to look to the look to examiner. to look out for, chercher; to look to, contempler, considérer, observer. LOOK, s. regard, m. coup d'œil, m. aspect, m. air, m. mine, f. maintien, m. LOOKER-ON, s. regardant, m. spectateur, m. LOOKING-GLASS, s. un miroir. LOOKING-GLASS-MAKER, s. un miroiticy. Loom, s. métier de tisserand, m. LOOM-GALE, s. un vent frais; v. n. parolire. LOOP, s. bride or gause, f. tenon, m. LOOPNOLE, s. trou, m. chappatoire, f. de-faite, f. barbacanes, f. pl. larmier, m. Loose, adj. lâche, détache, détie, qui branle. négligent, libertin, dissolu. Loose, v. a. délier, lâcher, délivrer. LOOSELY, adv. lachement, dissolument. LOOSEN, v. a. & n. See Loose. LOOSENESS, s. relachement, m. flux, m. or cours de ventre, m. dévoiement, m. LOOSENING, s. l'action de lâcher, f. LOOSENING, adj. laxatif.
LOOVER, s. lucarne, f. soupirail, m.
LOP, r. a. cbrancher, émonder, élaguer. LOP, LOPPINGS, s. les branches coupées d'un LOPPER, s. celui qui élague. [arbre. LOQUACIOUS, adj. babillard, causeur. LOQUACITY, s. babil, m. caquet, m. LORD, s. seigneur, m. maître, m. un lord. LORD or TO LORD IT, v. n. dominer. LORDING, LORDLING, s. petit seigneur. LORDLINESS, s. grandeur, f. dignité, f. LORDLY, adj. noble, grand, haut, fier. LORDLY, adr. impérieusement, déspotique ment. LORDSHIP, s. empire, m. grandeur, f. LORE, s. leçon, f. doctrine, f. instruction, LORIMER, LORINER. v. éperonnier, m. LORIOT, s. (a singing bird) loriot. m

LUCENT, ady. husant, brillant.

LOSE, v a. & n. perdre; to lose ground, plier. || Losen, s. perdant, m. celui qui perd. defaut, m. Losing, s. perte, f. Loss, s. perte, f. dommage, m. prejudice, m. Lor, s. sort, m. lot, m. quotepart, f. LOTE-TREE or LOTOS, s. alizier, m. LOTION, s. lotion, f. LOTTERY, s. loterie, f.
LOUD, adj. bruyant, haut, fort, grand.
LOUD, LOUDLY, adv. haut, à haute voix. LOUDNESS, s. bruit, m. force, f. LOUGH, s. un lac. LOUIS-D'OR, s. louis d'or, m. 20s. LOUIGE, v. n. vivre dans la fainéantise. LOUNGER, s. un fainéant. Lousk, s. pou, m.; v. a. épouiller, éplucher. LOUSEWORT, s. herbe aux poux, f. LOUSILY, adv. en gueux, comme un gueux. Lousings, s. abondance de poux, f. Lousy, adj. pouilleux, pedicalaire. Lour, s. restre. LOUTISH, adj. un peu grossier. LOUTISHLY, adv. grossièrement. Lovage, s. (an herb) livèche, f. Love, v. a. aimer, chèrir, se plaire à LOVE, s. amour, m. passion, f. amitic, f. LOVE-APPLE, s. pomme d'amour, f. LOVELESS, adj. insensible, apathique. LOVE-LETTER, s. un billet doux, un poulet. LOVELILY, adv. d'une façon aimable. LOVELINESS, s. aimabilité, f. beaute, [mant. LOVE-LORN, adj. abandonne. LOVELY, udj. aimable, beau, agreable, char-LOVE-POTION, s. un filtre. LOVER, s. amant, m. amoureux, m. galant, LOVE-SECRET, s. secret d'amans, m. LOVE-SICK, adj. malade d'amour. LOVE-SONG, s. chansonnette, f. [reuse. Love-suit, s. amour, m. poursuite amou-LOVE-TALE, s. histoire galante. Love-roy, s. petits présens d'amans. Love-trick, s. jeu d'amour, m. amourette, f. LOVING, part. adj. bon, affect sine. LOVINGLY, adv. affectueusement. LOVINGRINDNESS, s. affection, f. tendresse. Low, adj. bas, petit, abject, vil. Low, adv. bas, profondement. Low, v. n. meugler, mugir. LOWER, adj. plus bas, bas. Lower, v. a. & n. abaisser, abattre, baisser, diminuer, s'ebscurcir, se couvrir. LOWER, s. temps couvert, hir refrogne. Lowering, adj. sombre, rechigne. Loweringly, adv. tristement LOWERMOST, LOWEST, adj. le plus bas. LOWING, e. meuglement, m. mugissement, m. LOWLINESS, s. humilité, f. bassesse, f. LOWLY, adj humble, soumis, bas. Lowness, petitesse, f. bassesse, f. Low-spirited, adj. abattu, decourage. LOW-THOUGHTED, adj. qui a l'esprit rampant. LOYAL, adj. fidèle, loyal. LOYALIST, s. loyaliste, m. LOYALLY, adv. fidèlement, loyalement. LOYALTY, s. fidelité, f. loyauté, f. LOZENGE, s. losange, m. tablette, f. LUBBARD, LUBBER, s. un drole, un fainéant. LUBRICATE, LUBRICITATE, r. a. aplanir, lu-LUBRICITY, s. inconstance, f. légereté, f. qualifé de ce qui est glissant or coulant. LUBRICK, LUBRICOUS, adj. glissant, leger. Lucz, s. lis, m. gros brochet.

Lucin, adj. lucide, brillant, transparent. LUCIDITY, s. splendeur, f. clarté, f. LUCIPER, s. lucifer, m. l'étoile du matin, f. LUCIFEROUS, LUCIFICE, adj. qui éclaire. LUCE, s. hasard, m. fortune, f. accident, m. LUCKILY, adv. heureusement, par bonheur. LUCKINESS, s. bonbeur, m. LUCKLESS, adj. malheureux. LUCKY, adj. heureux. LUCRATIVE, adj. lucratif. LUCRE, s. lucre, m. gain, m. profit, m. LUCRIFEROL s, adj. profitable. LUCTATION, s. effort, m. resistance, LUCUBBATE, v. n. veiller, étudier la nuit LUCUBRATION, s. veille savante, production LUCUBRATORY, adj. nocturne. [savante. LUCULENT, adj. clair. LUDICROUS, adj. badin, comique, burlesque, plaisant, drôle. LUDICROUSLY, adv. en badinant. LUDICROUSNESS, s. burlesque, m. comique, m. LUDIFICATION, s. plaisanterie, f. illusion, f. Lug, v. a. tirer, trainer. Luggage, s. attirail, m. bagage, m. LUGUBRIOUS, adj. lugubre, triste. [rent. LUKEWARN, adj. peu chaud, tiède, indiffe-LUKEWARNLY, adv. avec tièdeur. LUKEWARMNESS,s. indifférence, f. tièdeur, f. [fans,] Lull, v. a. endormir, bercer. LULLABY, s. chanson pour endormir les en-LUMBACO, s. douleur de reins, f. LUMBAR, LUMBARY, adj. lombaire. LUMBER, s. échantillon, m. gros bagage. LUMBER, v. n. entasser sans ordre. LUMINARY, s. luminaire, m. corps lumineux. Luminous, adj. lumineux, qui éclaire. LUMP, s. masse, f. bloc, m. gros, m.

LUMP, v. a. prendre en gros.

LUMPING, LUMPISH, adj. gros, massi, pe-LUMPISHLY, adv. pesamment, lourdement. Lumpishness, s. stupidité, f. bêtise, f. LUMPY, adj. qui est en plusieurs masses. LUMPAC, s. phriesie, f. folie, f. LUMATICE, adj. & s. phrenetique, fou, m. LUNATION, s. lunaison, f. LUNCH, LUNCHEON, s. un morceau, le gods LUNES, s. filière, f. lunes, f. pl. LUNETTE, s. lunette, demi lune, f. LUNGS, s. le poumon. LUNG-WORT, s. (an herb) la pulmonaire. LUNT, s. mêche, f. LUPINE, s. lupin, m. (sorte de légume.) LURCH, s. bredouille, f. embarra LURCH, v. n. dévorer, tromper, filouter. LURCHER, s. celui qui est aux aguets. LURE, s. leurre, m.; n. a. leurrer, attirer. LURID, adj. triste, sombre, lugubre, livide LURK, v. n. être aux aguets. LURKER, s. guet-à-pens LUBRING-PLACE, s. cachette, f. embuscad LUSCIOUS, adj. doucereux, mielleux, sucré. Lusciousily, adr. avec douceur or fadeur. Lusciousness, s. douceur excessive, f. Lush, adj. obscur; s. debauche, f. LUSKISHNESS, s. indolence, f.
LUSORIOUS, LUSORY, adj. de jeu, d'amus
LUST, s. concupiscence, f. incuminence, f.
LUST, v. a. convoiter, désirer avec passion. [ment. LUSTFUL, adj. impudique, lascif, voluptueux. Lustrully, adr. sensuellement Lustfulness, s. convoitise, f. impudicité, f. Lustily, adv. vigoureusement, avec force.

LUSTIRES, s. vigueur, f. torce, f.
LUSTRAI, adf. lustrale, qui purifie.
LUSTRATION, s. lustralion, f.
LUSTRE, s. splendeur, m. lustro, m.
LUSTROUS, adf. éclatant, lumineux.
LUSTROUS, adf. éclatant, lumineux.
LUSTROUS, adf. fort, vigoureux, robuste. LUTANIST, s. joueur de luth. m.
LUTANIST, s. joueur de luth. m.
LUTANIOUS, adj. qui vit dans la vase.
LUTE, s. luth, m. lut, m; v. a. luter.
LUTHERANISM, s. le Luthéranisme.
LUTHERANISM, s. m. luthéranisme. LUTHERAN, s. un Luthérien. LUTULERT, adj. houeux, hourbeux. Lux, Luxate, v. a. luxer, démettre. Luxation, s. luxation, f. dislocation, f. LUXURIANCE, LUXURIANCY, s. surabon dance, f. LUXURIANT, adj. surabondant. ffertil. LUXURIATE, v. a. être trop abondant, trop LUXURIOUS, adj. luxurieux. LUXURIOUSLY, adv. tuxurieusement. LUXURIOUSNESS, LUXURY, s. luxure, f. luxe, LUCKEN, s. Luzerne, f. LYCAPTHROPY, s. lycanthropie, f. LYCEUM, s. le Lycée. LYCIUM, s. Lycium, m. le jus du lycium. LYCIUM, s. Lycium, m. lejus du lycium.
LYE, v. a. & n. concher, reposer; giter, loger,
demeurer, être situé. See Lie.
LYING, s. mensonge, m. imposture, f.
LYING-IN, s. couches, f. pl.
LYMPH, s. la lymphe.
LYMPHATICK, adj. & s. lymphatique.
LYNCURIS, s. espèce d'ambre, f.
LYNCURIS, s. espèce d'ambre, f. Lynx, s. lynx, m. loup cervier, m. Lynx, s. lyre, f. harpe, f. Lyrical, Lyrica, adj. lyrique. Lyrist, s. un joueur de lyre or de barpe.

M.

MAC, (an Irish word) fils, m. MACARONI, s. petit maltre, m MACARONICK, adj. macaronique. MACAROON, s. macaron, m. MACE, s. masse, f. macis, m. MACEBEARER, s. massier, m. MACERATE, v. a. maigrir, macerer, tremper.
MACERATION, s. maceration, f. mortification,
MACHINAL, adj. machinal.
[m. MACHINATE, v. a. machiner, tramer, brasser. MACHINATION, s. machination, f. artifice, m. MACHINATOR, s. machinateur, m. MACHINE, s. machine, f. instrument, m.
MACHINERY, s. usage des machines.
MACHINIST, s. machiniste, f.
MACHINIST, adj. maigre, decharne. MACKEREL, s. maquerau, m. MACKEREL-BOAT, s. maquilleur. m. MACROCOSM, s. l'univers, m. MACULA, s. une tache, une macule. MACULATE, v. a. tacher, faire des taches. MACULATION, s. macule, f. tache, f MACULATURES, s. pl. maculatures, f. pl. MACULE or MACLE, s. feuille maculée. MAD, adj. fou, insensé, enragé, furieux, pas-sionné, folâtre, étourdi, écervelé. MAD-FIT, s. folie, f. caprice, f. quinte, MADAM, s. madame or mademoiselle, f. MAD-APPLE, s. pomme d'amour, f. MAD-BRAIN, MADERAINED, a insensé. MADDEN, v. a. & n. rendre fou, devenir fou. MADDER, s. garance, f.

MADDISH, adf. un peu fou, folâtre, badin. MADEFACTION, s. action de mouiller. MADEFY, v. a. mouiller. MADGE-HOWLET, s. hulotte or huette, f. MADHOUSE, s. les petites meisons. MADLY, adv. follement, en insensé. MADMAN, s. un fou, un insensé. [roence, f. MADMESS, s. folie, f. manie, f. fureur, f. de-MADRIGAL, s. madrigal, m. MAFFLE, r. a. bredouiller, begayer. MAGAZINE, s. magasin, m. grenier, m. journal, m. MAGE, s. mage, m. magicien, m. MAGE, s. petit ver, mite, f. caprice, m. MAGGOTTY, adj. plein de vers, capriciens, quinteux. MAGI, s. pl. des mages, m. pl. MAGICAL, MAGICK, adj. magique. ment MAGICALLY, adv. par magie, par enchante MAGICIAN, s. un magicien, un sorcier.

MAGICK, s. magic, f. enchantement, m.

MAGISTERIAL, adj. magistral, impérieux MAGISTERIALLY, adv. magistralement MAGISTERIALNESS, s. hauleur, f. MAGISTERY, s. magistère, m. MAGISTRACY, s. magistrature, f. MAGISTRALLY, adv. magistralement. MAGISTRATE, s. un magistrat. MAGNA-CHARTA, s. grande charte, f MAGNANIMITY, s. magnanimite, f. courage MAGNANIMOUS, adj. magnanime. MAGNANIMOUSLY, adr. avec magnanimité, courageusement. Magner, s. simant, m. MAGNETICAL, MAGNETICE, adj.magnetique. MAGNETISM, s. magnétisme, m. MAGNIFICAL, MAGNIFICK, adj. magnifique. MAGNIFICENCE, s. magnificence, f. faste, m. Magnificent, adj. magnifique, grand, noble. MAGNIFICENTLY, adv. magnifiquement. MAGNIFUER, s. un panégyriste, une loupe.

MAGNIFUE, s. a. grossir, exagérer, exalter,
MAGNITUDE, s. grandeur, f. [vanter. [vanter. MAGPIE, s. une pie. A speckled magnie, une pie grièche. Mahogany, s. acajou, m. bois d'acajou, m. MAHOMETAN, s. un Mahométan. MAHOMETANISM, s. le Mahométisme. MAID, s. (a sort of fish) ange de mer, m MAID, s. une fille, une servante. MAIDEN, s. une fille, une servante, un coupe MAIDEN, adj. vièrge, de fille, frais, neuf. MAIDENHAIR, s. capillaire, m. MAIDENLY, adj. virginal, modeste, de fille. MAIDENLY, adj. virginal, modeste, de file.

MAIL, s. maille, f. malle, f. velise, poste, f.

MAIM, v. a. mutiler, tronquer, estropier.

MAIM, s. mutilation, f. blessure, f. [ler, f.

MAIM, s. mutilation, f. l'action de muti
MAIN, adj. principal, essentiel.

MAIN, s. le groe, la plupart, le total, l'océan, force, f. As to the main, pour la plupart.

In the main, au fond, en général.

MAIN-LAND, s. la continent, la terre forme.

MAIN-LAND, s. la continent, la terre forme.

MAIN-LAND, s. dv. principalement, beaucoup. MAINLY, adv. principalement, beaucoup.

MAINWAST, s. le grand mât.

MAINPRIZE, s. cautionnement, m.; v. a. cautionner. MAINSAIL, MAINSHEET, s. la grande voile. MAINSEA, s. la haute mer, l'occun, m. MAINTAIN, v. a. & n. mainterir, soutenir, défendre, conserver, entretenir. MAINTAINABLE, adj. soutenable. [tron, m. MAINTAINER, s. défenseur, m. soutien m. paMAINTENANCE, s. entretien, m. soutien, m. MAINTOP-MAST, s. le grand mât de hune. MAINTOP-GALLANT-MAST, le grand per-MAINYARD, s. la grande vergue. MAIZE, s. mais, m. ble d'Inde, m. MAJESTICAL, MAJESTICK, adj. majestueux. MAJESTICALLY, adv. majestueusement. MAJESTY, s. majestė, f. grandeur, f. MAJOR, adj. plus grand. MAJOR, s. la majeure, un major. MAJOR-DOMO, s. un major-dome MAJORITY, s. pluralité, f. majorité, f. blajorship, s. majorité, f. MAKE, v. a. faire, creer, former, produire, faconner, executer, obliger, contraindre, forcer, toucher, interesser, rendre, faire devenir, commettre, tirer, donner, porter, être, devenir, tendre, aller à. To make account, compter, estimer, faire cas; to make angry, facher; to make one's escape, make engry, lacher; to make one's excape, se sauver; to make fool of one, se maquer de quelqu'un; to make free, délivrer; to make free with, traiter familièrement, agir sans laçon; to make good, garantir, soutenir, prouver, accomplir, bonifier; to make haste, se dépêcher, se hâter; to make hay, faner l'horbe; to make hot, chauffer, de make hot, chauffer, echauffer; to make known, faire connoitre, notifier, publier; to make level, aplainir, unir; to make many words, chicaner, con-tester; to make merry, rejouir, se rejouir; to make much of one, estimer quelqu'un, vanter, priser, to make one, être de la partie; to make a pass, porter une botte; to make a pen, sailler une plume; to make ready, preparer ; to make sport of one, se moquer de quelqu'un ; to make a stand, faire une passe, s'arrêter; to make sure of, re-garder comme sur, s'assurer de; to make soaste, désoler, ruiner. To make as if, faire semblant de; to make way, tuer, se défaire, dépenser follement, dissiper, se sauver; to make of, entendre, comprendre; to make over, ceder, confier; to make out, prouver, justifier, débrouiller; to make sure of, compter sar, s'assurer de ; to make up, suppléer, réparer, accommoder, réconcilier, finir, conclure, dedommager, combler, monter, plier, complèter, fermor.

MAKE, s. façon, f. forme, figure, f.

MAKEBATE, s. brouillon, m. semeur de querelies, m. MAKE-PEACE, s. mediateur, m. MAKER, s. createur, m. fesour, m. fesouse, f. Making, s. la façon. Malady, s. maladie, f. mal, m. MALANDERS, s. malandres, f. pl. MALAPERT, adj. impertinent, effronte, inso-MALAPERTLY, adv. insolemment. [lent. MALAPERTNESS, s. importinence, f. lence, f. MALAXATE, r. a. adoucir, petrir, malaxer. MALE, adj. mâle : s. le mâle. Male, in composition, signifies III. MALEADMINISTRATION, s. malversation, f. MALECONTENT, adj. & s. mécontent. MALECONTENTEDNESS, s. mécontentement, MALEDICTION, s. malédiction, f. [m. MALEFACTION, s. faute, f. crime, m. in-MALEFACTOR, s. malfaiteur. ... MALEFICE, s. mechanic action, tort. MALEFICE, edj. malignité, f. [jure, f. | MARFUL, edj. brave, courageux, bardi.

MALEFICE, edj. maliaisant, méchant, nuisible. | MARFULLY, edo. courageusement, en brave

MALEPRACTICE, s. mauvaise conduite MALEVOLENCE, s. malveillance, f. malice, f. MALEVOLENT, adj. mal-intentionné. MALEVOLENTLY, adv. malicieusement. MALICE, s. malice, f. malignité, f. MALICIOUS, adj. malicieux, méchant. MALICIOUSLY, adv. malicieusement. MALICIOUSKESS, s. méchanceté, f. MALIGN, adj. malin, malfaisant, nuisible. MALIGNANCY, s. malignité, f. malice, f. MALIGNANT, adj. malin, malfaisant, nuisible, MALIGNANTLY, MALIGNLY, adv. par malice. MALIGNITY, s. malignué, f. malice, f. MALKIN, s. écouvillon, m. épouvantail, m. MALL, s. mail, m. coup, m. maillet, m. MALLARD, s. malart, m. canard sauvage. MALLEABILITY, MALLEABLEKESS, s. mal léabilité, f. MALLEABLE, adj. malléable, doux. MALLETE, v. a. forger avec le marteau. MALLET, s. un maillet, mail, sa. MALLOWS, s. mauve, m. Malmert, s. malvoisie, f. Malt, s. drêche, f. Malt, s. n. faire de la drêche, faire du mak. MALT-LONG, MALT-WORM, s. crevasse, f. MALTSTER, c. marchand or fescur drêche, m. MALVACEOUS, adj. de mauve, de la nature de la mauve. MALVERSATION, s. malversation, f. . fhabillée. Man, Manna, s. maman, f. MANNET, s. marionnelle, f. petite figure MANNILLARY, adj. mammillaire. MANNOCK, s. bloc, fragment, m.; v. a. briser. MAMNON, s. richesses, f. MAMMONIST, s. un mondain. MAN, s. l'homme, m. quelqu'un, personne, on, valet, m. serviteur, m.; man at chess, pièce, f.; man at draughts, dame, f. pion, m.; man of war, un vaisseau de guerre, homme de guerre, m.

Man, v. a. équiper (un vaisséau), mettre
une garnison (dans une place), fortifier,
encourager; dresser (un fauçon), ou apprivoiser. MANACLE, v. a. mettre des menottes. MANACLES, s. pl. menoties, f. MANAGE, r. a. ménager, conduire, manier, dresser. Manage, s. maniement, m. manège, m. Managkable, adj. traitable, docile. Manageableness, s. docilité, f. flexibilité, f MANAGEMENT, s. maniement, m. règle, f. MANAGER, s. directeur, m. régisseur, m. MANAGERY, s. direction, f. economie, f. MANATION. s. émanation, f. écoulement, m. MARCHET, s. un petit pain blanc MAKCIPATE, v. a. asservir, enchaîner, lier. MANCIPATION, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. MARCIPLE, s. dépensier, m. pourvoyeur, m. MANDAMUS, s. mandement, m. ordonnance MANDARIN, s. un mandaria. MANDATARY, s. mandataire, m. MANDATE, s. prècepte, m. commandement.
MANDIBLE, s. la mandibule, la màchoire.
MANDILLON, s. mandille, f. cassque, f. MANDRAKE. s. (a plant) mandragore, f. MANDUCATE, r. a. manger, macher. Mane, s. crinière, f. MAN-EATER. s. un anthropophage. MANES. s. pl. l'ombre, f. les manes, f. pl.

MARGE, s. gale de chien, f. manger, s. guse de casen, s.

Manger, s. mangeoire, f. crèche, f.

Manger, s. chandre, f. polissoire, m.; v. a.
déchirer, mutiler, calandrer.

Manger, s. celui qui déchire, calandreur,
Mangy, adj. galeux.

[m.] MANHATER, s. un misanthrope MANHATER, s. un misantrope.

MANHOOD, s. humanité, f. virilité, f. couMANIA, s. manie, f. folie, f. [rage, f.
MANIACK, MANIACAL, adj. maniaque.
MANIPEST, adj. manifeste, notoire, évident.
MANIPEST, MANIPESTO, s. manifeste, ss.; v.
a. manifester, publier.
MANUVESTATION. s. manifestation. f. MANIFESTATION, s. manifestation, f. MANIFESTLY, adv. manifestement, évidemment. MANIFOLD, adj. plusieurs, de plusieurs sortes. MANIPLE, s. une manipule, une poignée. MANKILLER, s. meurtrier, m. homicide, m. MANKIND, s. le genre humain, les hommes.
MANLINESS, s. air mâle, m, bravoure.
MANLINESS, s. air mâle, d'homme, vaillant.
MANLY, adv. avec courage, courageusement.
MAR-MIDWIFE, s. accoucheur, f. MANHA, s. manne, f.

MANHA, s. manne, f.

MANHER, s. manière, f. façon, f. méthode, f.

MANHER, s. manière de vivre, f. mœurs, m.

MANHERLINESS, s. civilité, f. urbanité, f.

MANHERLY, adj. civil, poli : adr. civilement. MANNERLY, day, every poir day, every manners.

MANNISH, adj. male, hardi, impudent.

MANOR, s. fief, so. seigneurie, f. manoir, m.

MANSE, s. un Presbytere, maison du curé, f. MANSION, s. demeure, f. sejour, m. MANSION-HOUSE, s. maison seigneuriale. MANSLAUGHTER, s. bomicide involuntaire, m. MANSLAYER, s. meurtrier, m. homicide, m. MANSUETE, adj. doux, traitable, apprivoisé. MANSUETUDE, s. douceur, f. bonté, f. MANTLEY, s. mantelet, m.
MANTLE, s. manteau, m. mante, f. mantelet.
MANTLE, v. a. & n. fermenter, se réjouir. Mantua, s. robe de femme, manteau, m. MANTUA-MAKER, s. tailleuse pour femme. MANUAL, adj. manuel, de la main ; s. mafanuduction, s. guide, m. MANUFACTURE, s. manufacture, f. fabrique. f.; v. a. manufacturer. MANUFACTURER, s. un manufacturier, un fubricant. MANUMISSION, s. affranchissement. m MANUMIT, MANUMISE, v. a. affranchir. MANURABLE, adj. labourable. MANURE, v. a. labourer, cultiver, fumer, en-Manure, s. engrais, m. fumier, m. MANUREMENT, s. culture, f. MANURER, s. laboureur, m. cultivateur, m. MANUSCRIPT, s. un manuscrit. MANY, adv. plusieurs, grand nombre. Many a man, plusieurs hommes. Many a time plusieurs fois. How many, combien. many, tant, sutant. As many as, autant que. Toe many, trop. MANY-FEET, s. polype m.
MANY TIMES, adv. souvent, frequemment. MAP, s. carte geographique, f. MAPLE, MAPLE-TREE, s. érable, m. MAR, v. a. gater, endommager, corrompre MARASMUS, s. marasmo, f. consomption, f. MARAUDER, s. un maraudeur

MARTULESS, s. courage, m. bravoure, f. va-lour, f. MARAUBING, s. maraude, f. MARAUBING, s. maraude, f. MARAUBING, s. maraude, f. MARBLE, s. marbre, m. ; v. a. marbrer. MARBLE-CUTTER, s. marbrier, m. MARBLE, adj. de marbre, marbré. MARCASITE, s. marcassite, f.
MARCH, s. Mars, m. le mois de Mars, marche, MARCHES, s. pl. frontières, f. limites, f. MARCH, v. n. marcher, être en marche, ler; to march in, entrer; to march off, s'en aller, se retirer, plier bagage; to march on, marcher, avancer; to march out, sertir. MARCHER, s. celui qui commande sur les frantières Marchioness, s. marquise, f. MARCHPANE, s. masse-pain, m. MARCID, adj. maigre, languissant, desseche.
MARE, s. cavale, j. jument, f.
MARE-COLT, un poulain, une pouliche.
MARESHAL, s. marechal de France, m. Margarité, s. (a pearl) marguerité. Margent, Margin, s. le bord, la marge. MARGINAL, adj. marginal, qui est à la marge. MARGRAVE, s. margrave, m. MARGRAVIATE, s. margraviat, w. Marigold, s. souci, m. (fleur.) MARINATE, v. a. mariner, saler. MARINE, s. la marine ; adj. marine, de mer. MARINER, s. marinier, m. matelot, m. Marish, s. marais; adj. marecageux. MARITAL, adj. marital. MARITIMAL, MARITIME, adj. de mer, marin, maritime. MARJORAM, s. marjolaine, f. MARK, s. marque, f. signe, m. indice, m. preuve, f. vestige, f. trace, f. marc, m. poids de 8 onces or somme de 13 schelins quatre sous, blanc, m. but, m. représailles, f. p/. germe de fève, m. marque noire dans la bouche d'un cheval. MARK, v. a. marquer, remarquer; to mark out, montrer, faire voir, faire remarquer. MARKER, s. marqueur, m. [dre. MARKET, s. marché, m.; v. n. acheter, ven-MARKETABLE, adj. marchand, loyal. MARKET-DAY, s. jour de marché, m. MARKET-GELD, s. droit d'étalage, m MARKET-PLACE, s. le marché. [courant. MARKET-PRICE, MARKET-RATE, s. le prix MARKET-TOWN, s. ville où il y a marche, f. MARKMAN, MARKSMAN, s. un bon tireur. MARL, s. marne, f.; v. a. marner. MARLINE, s. fil de carret, m. merlin, m. MARLY, adj. plem de marne. MARMALADE, MARNELET, s. marmelade, f. MARMOREAN, adj. de marbre, fait de mar-MARMOSET, s. marmot, m. marmouset, m. MARMOT, MARMOTTE, s. marmotte, f. MARQUETRY, s. marqueterie, f. mosaïque, f. MARQUIS, s. marquis, m. MARQUISATE, s. marquisat, m. MARQUISSHIP, s. titre de marquis. MARRER, s. celui qui gâte or endommage. MARRIAGE, s. mariage, m. noce or noce MARRIAGE-SONG, s. chanson unptiale, f. MARRIAGE-SONG, s. chanson unptiale, f. MARRIAGEABLE, adj. mariable, nubile. MARROW-BONE, s. os à moëlle. MARROW-FAT, s. pois carre, pos rames.

MARROWLESS; adj. sans moelle. [rier

MARRY, s. a. & ra. marrier, pousser, se mis
MARS, s. mars, m. (une des sept prandus).

MARSH, s. un marais, une lieu marecageux

MARSH MALLOW, s. mauve, f. MARSHAL, s. marechal, m. ; v. a. ranger, re-MARSHALLER, s. celui qui range, qui met en MARSHALSEA, s. marechaussee. [ordre. MARSHALSHIP, s. la charge de maréchal. MARSHY, adj. mareca zeux, fangeux. MART, s. foire, f. marché, m. MARTEN, MARTERN, s. marte or martre, f. MARTIAL, adj. martial, guerrier, militaire. A Court-martial, un conseil de guerre. The martial-law, le droit des armes, loi mar-MARTIALIST, s. un guerrier.
MARTIN OF MARTINET, s. un martinet. ftiale. MARTINGAL, s. martingale, f. MARTINMAS, s. la fête de St. Martin. MARTLET, s. martinet pêcheur, m. merlette, MARTYR, s. un martyr; v. a. martyriser. MARTYRDOM, s. martyre, ni. tourment, m. MARTYROLOGIST, s. auteur de martyrologe, MARTYROLOGY, s. martyrologe, m. MARVEL, s. merveille, f.; v. n. s'étonner. MARVELLOUS, adj. merveilleux, étonnant. MARVELLOUSLY, adv. admirablement. MASCULINE, adj. masculin, mâle. MASH, s. maille, f. melange, m. breuvage, m. MASH, v. a. & n. méler, tripoter, écraser. MASK, s. masque, m. prétexte, m. MASK, v. a. & n. masquer, se masquer. MASKER, s. un masque, une personue mas-[quée. MASON, s. un maçon. MASONRY, s. maconnerie, MASQUERADE, s. mascarade, f.; v. n. mas-MASS, s. masse, f. gros, m. monceau, m. MASS, s. la messe; v. n. dire la messe. MASSACRE, s. massacre, m., v. a. massacrer. MASSICOT, s. massicot, m. MASSINESS, MASSIVENESS, s. solidité, f. poids, f. poios, f. Massive, Massive, massif, gros. Massive, Massive, Massive, Massive, main (d'un navire.) The mainmast, le mât de masane, mât d'avant. The misen-mast, le mât d'artimon. The top-mast, le perromat. quet, le mât de perroquet. Main-top-mast, Mizen-top-mast, le le grand perroquet. Mizen-top-mast, le perroquet de fougue. The fore-top mast, le petit perroquet. MAST, s. glandee, f. faine, f. MASTED, adj. qui a tous ses mâts.

MASTER, s. maître, m. chef, m. directeur, m. gouverneur, m. propriétaire. MASTER, r. a. maitriser, gouverner, dompter, surmonter, venir à bout, savoir. MASTER HAND, s. main de maître, f. MASTER-KEY, s. passe-part, m. MASTERLESS, adj. sans maître, opiniâtre. MASTERLINESS, 6. supériorité, f.
MASTERLY, adv. en maître; adj. de maître.
MASTERPIECE, s. un chef d'œuvre. MASTERSHIP, s. maitrise, f. autorité, f. MASTER-SPRING, s. le grand ressort. MASTER-STROKE, s. coup de maître, m. MASTER-WORT, s. impératoire, f. MASTERY, s. prissance, f. empire, m. supe-MASTICATION, s. mastication, f. [riorité, f. MASTICATORY, s. masticatoire, m. MASTICH, s. mastic, m. The mastich-tree, Mastiff, a. un mâtin. (le lestisque. MASTLESS, adj. sans mât, sans gland. MAT, a une natte, un matelas; v. a. natter. MATADORE, s. (at cards) matador, m. Blatch, s. une mèche, une altunette, une partie, un je , une joute, mariage, m. parti, m. parei., m. semblable, m.

Igler. MATCH, v. a. égaler, assortir, convenir, aper, récoupler, joindre : r. n. se marier, être preportionné. MATCHABLE, adj. convenable, proportionné, egal, comparable. MATCHLESS, adj. sans pareil, sans second. MATCHLESSLY, adr. incomparablement. MATCH-MAKER, s. un marieur, une marieuse. MATE, s. un compagnon, une compagne, aide, s. & f. contre makre (d'un navire.) MATE, v. a. assortir, égaler, étourdir. MATERIAL, adj. materiel, important, princi-MATERIALS, s. pl. materiaux, m. pl. [pal. MATERIALIST, s. materialiste, m. MATERIALITY, s. matérialité, f. [tiellemess. MATERIALITY, adv. matériellement, essen-MATERIATE, adf. matériel; s. importance. MATERNAL, adf. maternel, de mère. MATERNITY, s. maternité, f. [regain. MATH, s. récolte du foin, f. After-math, le MATHEMATICAL, MATHEMATICK, adj. methématique. MATHEMATICALLY, mathématique adv. MATHEMATICIAN, s. un mathématicien. MATHEMATICKS, s. les mathématiques, f. MATIN, adj. matinal, du matin; s. le matin. MATINS, s. pl. prières du matin, f. matines, MATRASS, s. mairas, m. MATRICE, s. matrice, f. moule de lettres, m. MATRICIDE, s. matricide, m. MATRICIOUS, adj. de la matrice. MATRICULAR BOOK, une matricule. MATRICULATE, r. a. immatriculer. MATRICULATION, s. immatriculation, f. MATRIMONIAL, adj. matrimonial, conjugal. MATRIMONIALLY, adv. selon les lois du ma MATRIMONY, s. mariage, m. {riage, ... MATRIX, s. matrice, f. moule, f. MATRON, s. une matron, une sage-femme. MATRONAL, adj. de matrone. MATRONLY, adv. vieille, de matrone. MATROSS, s. soldat d'artillerie, m. MATTED, part. adj. natté, tressé. MATTER, s. substance, f. matière, f. sujet, sa. objet, m. chose, f. affaire, f. fait, m. question, f. raison, f. cause, f. occasion, f. importance, f. conséquence, f. propos, m. espace, m. quantité, f. somme, f. du pus. No such matter, point du tout, cela n'est pas. What is the matter? De quoi s'agit il ? MATTER, v. a. & n. faire cas, se soucier.

MATTERY, adj. purulent, plein de pus.

MATTOCK, s. bèche, f. hoyau, sa. marre, f. MATTRESS, s. un matelas MATURATION, s. l'action de mûrir, maturité, MATURE, adj. mûr : r. a. mûrir, faire mûrir MATURELY, adv. murement, avec reflexion. MATURITY, s. maturité, f. MAUDLIN, adj. ivre ; s. eupatoire, f. MAUGRE, adv. malgré, en dépit de MAUL, v. a. assommer; s. un martenu MAUL-STICK, s. appui, m. baguette de pein-MAUND, s. un mannequis. [tre, f LAUNDERER, s. un grondeur. MAUNDY-THURSDAY, s. le Jeudi samt. MAUSOLEUM, s. un mausolée. MAW, s. mulette, f. jabot, m. MAWKISH, adj. fade, dégoûtant. MAWKISHNESS, c. fadeur, f. qualité fade, f. MAWHET, s. une poupée, une mariormette, MAWMISH, adj. sot, vain, dégoûtant, MAW-WORM, s. ver du corps, m.

MAXILLAR, MAXILLARY, adj. maxillaire. MAXIM, s. maxime, f. règle, f. principe, m. MAY, s. Mai, m. le mois de Mai. MAY-BUG, s. une hanneton. MAY-DAY, s. le premier jour de Mai.
MAY-GAME, s. jeu de flore, m. jouet, m.
MAY-LILY, s. le muguet.
MAY, maril. verb, pouvoir. MAY-BE, ado. pest-être. MAYOR, s. maire, m MAYORALTY, s. mairie, f. MAYORESS, s. la femme du maire. MAZARD, s. gencive, machoire.
MAZE, s. labyrinthe, m. perplexite, f. MAZE, v. a. embarrasser, etonuer. MAZY, adj. embarrasse, confus, embrouillé. MR, pron. me, moi.

MEACOCK, s. une effeminé; adj. délicat, puMEAD, s. hydromel, ns. [sillemime. MEAD, MEADOW, s. pre, m. prairie, f. MEAD-SWEET OF MEADOW-SWEET, s. reine des prés, f. MEAGER, adj. maigre, décharné. MEAGERNESS, s. majgreur, f. sterime, f. pau-MRAL, s. repas, m. [vrete, f. MEALNA, s. un marchand de farine.

MEALY, adj. farineux.

MEAN, adj. bas, pauvre, vil, chetif, meprisable, médiocre. MEAN, s. milieu, m. médiocrité, f. intervaille, m. instrument, m. cause, f.

MEANS, s. pl. moyen, m. voie, f. manière, f. moyens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. By all means, absolument, sans faute. By no means, millement, point du tout.

MEAN, r. a. & r. voitir. se manoser avoir MEAN, a. d. s. vouloir, se preposer, avoir dessein, signifier, vouloir dire.

MEANDER, s. lebyrinthe, m. embarras, m. MEANDEROS adf. plein de détours.

MEANER, adj. moindre, plus bas, plus vil.

MEANER, adj. he plus bas, le plus vil.

MEANER, a menido f. dessein m MEANING, s. intention, f. dessein, m. MEANLY, adv. médiocrement, bassement. MEANNESS, s. médiocrité, f. bassesse, f. MEASE, s. cinq cens (herrings.)

MEASEES, s. la rougeale, ladrerie, f.

MEASLY, MEASLED, adj. qui a la rougeale. MEASURABLE, ad; mesurable, moderé.
MEASURABLE, adr. modérément.
MEASURA, s. mesure, f. peids, m. règle, f.
dimension, f. dégré, m. manière, f. mêtre, m. cadence, f. MEASURE, v. a. mesurer, arpenter, juger. MEASURELESS, adj. immense, sans mesure. MEASUREMENT, s. mesurage, m. MEASURER, s. mesureur, m. arpenteur, m. MEASURING, s. mesurage, m. arpentage, m. MEAT, s. viaude, f. chair, f. aliment, m. Roast meat, du rôti, is rôt. Boiled meat, du bouilli. Succi-meats, des confiares, f. MEATED, adj. nourri. MEATHE, s. boisson, f. brenvage, m. MECHANICAL, MECHANICK, adj. mecanique. MECHARICALLY, adv. mecaniquement. MECHANICIAN, s. un mécanicien. MECHABICK, s. un artisan, un homme de mé-MECHANICKS, s. la mécanique. fuer. MECHANISM, s. mécanisme, m. MECONIUM, s. mécanisme, m. MEDAL, s. médaile, f. MEDALLICK, alf.qui appartient aux médailles. MEDALLION, s. médai lon, st. MEDALLIST, s. medai. iste, m. MEDDLE, v. n. avoir à faire, se mêler.

MEDDLER, s. un homme intriguant, entre-MEDDLESOME, adj. intriguant. [metteur, m. MEDILING, s. entremise, f. MEDIAN, s. & adj. médiane, f. wein, la veine médiane. The median MEDIANT, s. médiante. MEDIASTINE, s. le médiastin. MEDIATE, v. a. & n. moyenner, procurer, s'entremettre. MEDIATE, adj. moyen, médiant. MEDIATELY, adv. médiatement. MEDIATION, s. médiation, f. entremise, MEDIATOR, s. médiateur, m. MEDIATORIAL, MEDIATORY, adj. de média-MEDIATORIAL, MEDIATORY, adj. de média-MEDIATORIAL, s. médiatrice, f. MEDICAR. s. (a plant) hizerne, f. MEDICARLE, adj. qui se peut guérir. MEDICAL, adj. médical, médicinal. MEDICAMENT, s. médicament, m. remède, m. MEDICAMENTAL, edj. médical, médicinal. MEDICASTER, s. un médecin d'eau douce. MEDICATE, v. a. imprégners de quelque drogue médicinale. MEDICATION, s. l'action de médicamenter. MEDICINABLE, adj. propre à guérir. MEDICINAL, adj. médicinal. MEDICINE, s. médicina, f. remède, m.; v. a médicamenter. MEDIETY, s. état mitoyen, milieu. MEDIOCRITY, s. médiocrité, f. milieu, m. MEDITATE, r. a. & n. méditer.
MEDITATION, s. méditation, f. considération,
MEDITATIVE, adj. méditatif, qui médite. MEDITERRANEAN, adj. & s. Mediterrance MEDIUM, s. milieu, m. moyen, m. [f MEDLAR, s. nèfle, f. A mediar-tree, nèflier MEDLAY, s. un mélange; adj. mèlé. [f MEDILLARY, MEDULLARY, adj. mocheux.

MEEK, adj. doux, paisible, modeste, humMEEKEN, v. a. adoueir, appaiser. MEERLY, adv. avec douceur, doncement. MEERNESS, s. douceur, f. modestie, f. humi-MEER. See Mere. MEET, adj. convenable, à propos, propre MEET, v. a. rencontrer, trouver, assembler. eprouver; v. n. se rencontrer. MEETER, s. qui acceste quelqu'un. MEETING, s. assemblée, f. convenicule, m. rencontre, f. entrevue, f. MEETING-HOUSE. s. chapelle, f. temple, m. MEGRIM, s. mal de tête, m. migraine, f. MELARCHOLICH, odj. mélancolique, triste. MELANCHOLILY, adv. melancoliquement. MELANCHOLY, s. melancolie, f. tristesse MELANCHOLY, adj. triste, facheux, melancolique. MELICOTONY, s. mircoton or mirlicoton, m. MELILOT, s. (a plant) mélilot, m. MELIORATE, v.a. smeliorer, rendre meilleur. MELIORATION, MELIORITY, s. amélioration, f. MELLIFEROUS, MELLIFICK, adj. qui pro duit du miel, mielleux. MELLIFICATION, s. production du miel, f. MELLIFLUENT, MELLIFLUOUS, acj. qui abonde en miel. MELLOW, adj. mur, tendre, mou. MELLOWNESS, s. maturité, f. MELODIOUS, adj. mélodieux, harmonieus. MELODIOUSLY, adv. mélodieusement. MELODIOUSNESS, MELODY. s. mélodie, f harmonie, f. MELON, s. melon m

MELT, v. a. & n fondre, liquefier, fechir, i attendrir, se fondre, se dissoudre. MELTER, s. fondeur (de métaux), m. MELTING-HOUSE, s. fonderie, f. MELTINGLY, adr. en se fondant. MELWELL, s. merlus, m. or merluche, f. MEMBER, s. membre, m. [braneux. MEMBRANEOUS, MEMBRANOUS, adj. mem-MEMBRANE, s. membrane, f. [avis, m. MEMENTO, s. souvenir, m. ressouvenir, m. MEMOIR, s. memoire, m. notice, f. MEMORABLE, adj. mémorable. [ble. MEMORABLY, adv. d'une manière mémora-MEMORANDUM, s. mémoire, m. MEMORIAL, adj. mémoratif; s. un mémoire. MEMORIALIST, s. auteur de mémoires, m MEMORIZE, r. a. conserver la mémoire de. MENORY, s. memoire, f. souvenir, m. MENACE, s. menace, f.; v.a. menacer. MENACER, s. celui or celle qui menace.

MENACING, s. menaces, f. pl., adj. menacant.

MENAGE, s. menagerie, f. MEND, v. a. & s. raccommoder, corriger, améliorer. MENDABLE, aaj. réparable. MENDACITY, s. mensonge, m. fausselé, f. MENDER, s. raccommodeur, raccommo MENDICANT, adj. & s. mendiant, de mendi-MENDICATE, v. a. mendier. MENDICITY, s. mendicité, f. indigence, MENIAL, adj. domestique; s. un domestique. MENINGES, s. méninge, f. MENOLOGY, s. ménologe, m. MENSAL, adj. de table. MENSES, s. menstrues, f. pl. MENSTRUAL, adj. qui arrive chaque mois. MENSTRUUM, s. menstrue, f. dissolvant, m. MENSURABLE, adj. mesurable. MENSURATE, v. a. mesurer. [rage, m. MENSURATION, s. l'action de mesurer, mesu-MENTAL, adj. intellectuel. MENTALLY, adr. mentalement, en esprit. MENTION, s. mention, f. mémoire, f MENTION, v. a. mentionner, parler de. MEPHITICAL, adj. puant, qui sent mauvais.
MERACIOUS, adj. fort, spiritueux, pur. MERCANTILE, adj. mercantile, marchand. MERCATURE, s. négoce, m. trafic, m. commerce, m. MERCENARINESS, s. vénalité, f. MERCENARY, adj. & s. vénal, un mercenaire. MERCER, s. un mercier. MERCERY, s. mercerie, f. MERCHANDISE, s. trafic, m. commerce, m. MERCHANDISE, v. n. trafiquer, commercer.
MERCHANT, s. négociant, m.
MERCHANTLIKE, MERCHANTLY, odj. de marchand. MERCHANTMAN, s. un vaisseau marchand. MERCHANTABLE, adj. marchand, bien conditionné. MERCIFUL, adj. miséricordieux. MERCIFULLY, adv. avec compassion. MERCIFULNESS, s. pitié, f. compassion, MERCILESS, adj. impitoyable, dur, cruel MERCILESSLY, adv. impitoyablement. MERCURIAL, adj. de mercure, vif, actif. MERCURIAL, adj. de mercure, VII, actil.
MERCURY, s. mercure, m. vil-argent, m.
vacité, f. journal, m. mercuriale, f.
MERCY, s. miséricorde, f. compassion, f.
MERCY, s. miséricorde, f. compassion, f.
MERCY, s. la propitiatoire.
MERE, adj. pur, vrai, franc, achevé.
MERE, s. la c. horne, f. limite, f.
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MERELY, adv. purement, simplement. MERETRICIOUS, adj. de courtisane. MERIDIAN, s. midi, m. méridien, m. MERIDIONAL, adj. méridional. MERILS, s. la mérelle, jeu d'enfaut, m. MERIT, s. mérite, m. prix, m.; v. a. mériter. MERITORIOUS, adj. meritoire. MERITORIOUSLY, adv. méritoirement. MERITORIOUSNESS, s. méřite, m. MERLIN, s. (a kind of hawk) émérillon, m. MERLIN, s. (a kind of nawa) cance marin.)
MERMAID, s. sirène, f. (monstre marin.)
MERRILY, adv. gaiement, joyeusement.
MERRIMAKE, MERRIMAKING, s. partie de
MERRIMAKE, v. n. se réjouir. [plaisir, f. MERRIMENT, s. divertissement, m. MERRINESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f.

MERRY, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué, divertissant. To make merry, v. n. se divertir. MERRY-ANDREW, s. un bouffon. MERRYTHOUGHT, s. la lunette (d'une volaille.) MERSION, s. l'action de plonger dans l'eau. MESARJO, S. Taction de pionger dans l'eau.

MESARJOR, adj. mésaratque.

MESERTERICE, adj. mésentèrique.

MESERTERICE, adj. mésentère.

[attraper.

MESH, s. maille, f.; v. a. prendre au filet, MESHY, adj. réticulaire. MESLIN, s. meteil, m MESNE or MESNE-LORD, s. seignenr d'un fief servant, m. MESS, s. mets, m. plat, m. ; v. n. manger. MESSAGE, s. message, m. commission, f. MESSIAH, s. messager, m. courier, m. MESSIAH, s. le Messie, le Christ, le Sauveur. MESSIEURS, s. pl. messieurs, m. pl. MESSMATE, s. compagnon de table, m. MESSUAGE, s. une maison et ses retenues. METACARPUS, s. métacarpe, f. METAGE, s. mesurage de charbon, m. METAL, s. métal, m METALLICAL, METALLICK, adj. metallique. METALLINE, adj. metallique, de metal. METALLIST, METALLURGIST, s. metallurgiste, m. METALLOGRAPHY, s. description, f. METALLURGY, s. métallurgie, f. METAMORPHOSE, v. a. métamorphoser. METAMORPHOSIS, s. métamorphose, f. METAPHOR, s. métaphore, f. METAPHORICAL, METAPHORICE, adj. métaphorique. METAPHORICALLY, adv. métaphoriquement. METAPHRASE, s. traduction littérale, métaphrase, f. METAPHRAST, s. métaphraste, m. METAPHYSICAL, METAPHYSICK, adj. metaphysique. METAPHYSICKS, s. la métaphysique. METASTASIS, s. métastase, f. METATARSUS, s. métatarse, METATHESIS, s. transposition, f. metathese. METE, v. a. mesurer. MRTEMPSYCHOSIS, s. métempsycose, f. METEOR, s. incieore, m. METEOROLOGICAL, adj. meteorologique. METEOROLOGY, s. la science des météores. METEOROUS, adj. de la nature des météores. METER, s. mesureur, m. [f. METEWARD, METEYARD, s. mesure, f. aune, METHEGLIN, s. sorte d'hydromel. [ble. METHINKS, v. imp. il me semble, ce me sem-METHOD, s. methode, f. ordre, m. vole, f. METHODICAL, adj. methodique.

METHODICALLY, adv. méthodiquement. METHODISE, v. a. ranger methodiquement. METHODIST, s. theoriste, m. methodiste, m. MITHODIST, s. libéoriste, m. méthodiste, m. MITHOUGHT, v. imps. il me sembloit, je penMITHOUGHT, v. imps. il me sembloit, je penMITHOUGHT, s. métoposcopie, f.
MITHE, s. cadeuce, f. mesure, f. vers, m.
MITHEGAL, adj. de vers, qui appartient à la
MITHOPOLITAN, adj. de s. métropole, f.
Cadence.
MITHOPOLITAN, adj. de s. métropolitain.
MITHER, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. vigueur, f.
MITHIED, MITHIESOME, adj. vii, fougueux.
MITHE, muelle, f. muel. f. carge, f. Mrw, s. mouette, f. mue, f. cage, f. Mrw, v. a. & n. enfermer, clottrer, miauler, muer, entrer en mue. MEWING, s. mue, f. miaulement, m. MEWL, v. n. crier comme un petit enfant. MEZEREON, s. lauréole, f. MEZZOTINTO, s. demi-teinte, f. MICE, s. pl. of Mouse, des souris. MICHAELMAS, s. la Saint Michel. MICHE, v. a. se cacher, s'absentir. MICHER, s. un fainéant, un paresseux. MICROGRAPHY, s. micrographie, f. MICROGRAPHY, s. micrographie, f. MICROMETER, s. micromètre, m. Microscope, s. microscope, m. MICROSCOPICAL, MICROSCOPICK, adj. mi-MID, adj. milieu, mi. [croscopiq MID-DAY, s. midi, m. plein jour. MIDDLE, adj. du milieu, moyen, mitoyen. [croscopique. MIDDLE, 4. le milieu, le ceure.
MIDDLE-AGED, adj. d'un moyen âge.
MIDDLEMOST, adj. du milieu, qui est au miMIDDLEMOST, adj. moyen, médiocre. [lieu. MIDGE, s. un cousin (insecte ailé) MIDLAND, adj. méditerranée MIDLEG, s. mijambe, f. le milieu de la jambe. MIDLENT, s. la mi-carême. MIDNOST, adj. du milieu, qui est au milieu. MIDNIGHT, s. minuit, m. le milieu de la nuit. MIDRIFF, s. le diaphragme. MIDSHIPMAN, s. officier du tillac or de la MIDST, s. le milieu, le fort. [poupe, m. MIDSUMMER, s. le milieu de l'été. MIDSUMMER-DAY, la Saint-Jean. MIDWAY, s. adj. & adv. mi-chemin. MID-WIFER, s. une sage-femme.

MIDWIFERY, s. l'art d'accoucher les femmes.

MIDWIFER, s. le milieu or le cœur de l'hi-MIEN, s. mine, f. air, m. MIGHT, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. fver. IGHTILY, adn. puissamment, fort. MIGHTILY, adn. puissamment, tort.
MIGHTINESS, s. puissance, f. pouvoir, m.
MIGHTY, adj. puissant, fort, vigoureux.
MIGHTY, adv. fort, très, extrêmement.
MIGHTY, adv. fort, très, extrêmement.
MILCH, adj. qui donne du lait, à lait.
MILDE, adj. doux, paisible, modéré, bon.
MILDE, adv. douvement avec douveur.
MILDE, adv. douvement avec douveur. MILDLY, adv. doucement, avec douceur. MILDNESS, s. douceur, f. bonté, f. MILE, s. un mille. MILE-STONE, s. pierre milliaire. MILFOIL, s. (a plant) millefeuille, f. MILIARY, s. miliaire, f. MILITARY, adj. combatant, militant.

MILITARY, adj. militaire, de guerre.

MILITIA, s. milice, f. appareil de guerre, m.

MILKER, s. lait, m.; v. a. traire, tirer, teter.

MILKER, adj. de lait, composé de lait.

MILKER, s. celui qui trait les animaux. MILKINESS, s. douceur de lait, f. MILE-HOUSE, & laiterie, f.

MELE-LIVERED, adj. craintif, pokron. MILK-MAID, s. une laitière. MILK-PAIL, s. un seau à lait. MILK-POTTAGE, s. soupe au lait, f. MILKSOP, s. un homme foible, un effeminé. Milk-Thistle, s. (an herb) tithymale, f. Milk-тоотн, s. dent de lait, f. MILK-WEED, s. (a plant) herbe au lait, f. MILK-WHITE, adj. blanc comme du lait. MILK-WOMAN, s. laitière, f. [craintif MILKY, adj. laiteux, de lait, à lait, doux MILKY-WAY, s. la voie lactée. MILL, s. moulin, m. moulinet; v. a. moudre. MILL-CLACK, MILL-CLAPPER, s. traquet or cliquet de moulin, m.
MILL-cog, s. dentelure de roues, f. MILL-DAM, s. ecluse de moulin, f. pale, f. MILL-DUST, s. folle farine, f.
MILLENARIAN, s. un milkenaire, chiliaste, f. MILLENARY, adj. millénaire, de mille. MILLEPEDES, s. millepieds, m. cloporte, f. MILLER, s. un meunier.
MILLER's-THUMB, s. chabut, m. (poisson.)
MILLET, s. (a plant) millet, m. MILL-HANDLE, s. queue de moulin à vent, f. MILLIARY, s. pierre milliaire, f.
MILLINER, s. marchand de modes, sa. mer-MILLION, s. un million. MILL-STONE, s. meule de moulin, f. MILL-TEETH, s. dents machelières, f. pl. MILT, s. laite des poissons, f. la rate. MILTER, s. le mâle entre les poissons. MIME, s. bouffon, m.; v. n. faire le bouffon. MIMICAL, adj. bouffon, de bouffon. MIMICALLY, adv. en bouffon, par imitation.
MIMIC, adj. & s. bouffon; v. a. imiter.
MIMICRY, s. bouffonnerie, f. imitation, burlesque. MINACIOUS, MINATORY, adj. menaçant. MINCE, v. a. & n. hacher, couper menu, pallier, avoir un air affecté, minauder. MINCINGLY, adv. légèrement. MIND, s. esprit, m. entendement, m. ame, jugement, m. passion, f. choix, m. gout, m. affection, f. gre, m. volonie, f. sentiment, m. pensée, f. opinion, f. résolution, f. dessein, m. intention, f. mémoire, f. souve-MIND, v. a. & n. remarquer, considerer, prendre soin, songer, penser, veiller, faire souvenir, rappeler, avertir, vouloir, avoir dessein, se proposer. Ill-minded, mal-in-tentionne. High-minded, adj. haut, ambitieux. MINDFUL, adj. attentif, seigneux, diligent. MINDFULLY, adv. attentivement. [gence, MINDFULNESS, s. attention, f. soin, m. dili-MINDLESS, adj. negligent, sans-souci. MINE, pron. poss. mon, ma, mes, mien, mienne, qui est à moi. MINE, s. mine, f.; v. a. & n. miner, sapper, MINER, s. mineur, m. MINERAL, s. mineral, m. fossile, m.; adj. mi-MINERALIST, s. mineraliste, m. [neral. MINERALOGIST, s. minéralogiste, m. MINERALOGY, s. mineralogie, f.
MINGLE, s. melange, m.; v. a. meler. melanMINIATURE, s. miniature, f.

[ger. MINIKIN, s. petite epingle, camion, m. MINIKIN, adj. petit, mince. [blan [blanche, f. MINIM, s. un nain, un pigmée, petite lettre Minion, s. mignon, m. mignonne, f. Minious, adj. de couleur rouge, vermeil.

MINISH, t A. diminuer. [ment, m. MINISTER, s. ministre, m. agent, m. instru-MINISTER, v. a. & n. administrer, fournir. MINISTERIAL, adj. ministériel, de ministère. MINISTRAL, adj. de ministre.
MINISTRAN, adj. subalterne, subordonue. MINISTRATION, s. ministère, m. MINISTRY, s. ministère, m. MINIUM, s. minium, m. vermillon, m. MINNOW, s. veron, m. MINOR, adj. mineur, moindre, plus petit, petit, plus jeune, cadet, m. MINOR, s. un enfant mineur, un mineur, une mineure, la mineure, d'un syllogisme. MINORITY, s. minorité, f. MINSTER, s. nonastère, m. moutier, m. cathé-MINSTERL, s. un ménétries MINSTREL, s. un ménétrier. [ciens, f. MINSTRELSY, s. musique, f. bande de musi-MINT, s. mente, f. Wild-mint, origan, m. Spear-mint, mente aigue. MINT, s. la monnoie; r. a. monnoyer. MINTAGE, s. monnoyage, m. MINTER, s. monnoyeur, m. MINTMASTER, s. directeur de la monnoie. MINUET, s. menuet, m. MINUM, s. mignonette, f. blanche, f. MINUTE, adj. petit, menu; s. minute. MINUTE, v. a. minuter, ecrire sommairement.
MINUTE-BOOK, s. feuille, f. mémoire, m.
MINUTELY, adv. à chaque minute, exacte-MINUTENESS, s. petitesse, f. [ment. MINUTE-WATCH, s. montre qui marque les MINX, s. une effrontée. [minutes, f. MIRACLE, s. un miracle, une merveille. MIRACULOUS, adj. miraculeux, merveilleux. MIRACULOUSLY, adv. miraculeusement. MIRACULOUSNESS, s. miracle, m MIRE, s. boue, f. fange, f. vase, f. fourmi, f. MIRE, v. a. enfoncer dans la boue. MIRROR, s. miroir, m. exemple, f. MIRTH, s. joie, f. gaiete, f. enjouemeut, m. MIRTHFUL, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoue. MIRY, adj. bourheux, fangeux. MISACCEPTATION, s. mauvaise construction. MISADVENTURE, s. malheur, m. revers, m. MISADVICE, ε. mauvais conseil; r. α. mal conseiller. MISAIMED, adj. qui n'est pas bien visé. MISANTHROPE, s. un misanthrope. MISANTHROPY, s. misanthropie, MISAPPLICATION, s. mauvaise application. MISAPPLY, v. a. appliquer mal-à-propos. MISAPPREHEND, v. a. entendre mal. MISAPPREHENSION, s. meprise, f. MISASCRIBE, r. a. attribuer faussement. MISASSIGN, v. a. donner de fausses preuves. MISBECOME, v. n. être mal-séant. MISBEGOT, MISBEGOTTEN, adj. bâtard. MISBEHAVE, v. n. agir mal, se comporter. MISBEHAVIOUR, s. mauvaise conduite. Misbelief, s. fausse croyance, erreur, f. MISBELIEVE, v. n. être dans l'erreur. MISBELIEVER, s. hétérodoxe, m. mécréant. Miscall, v. a. donner un nom impropre à. Miscalculate, r. a. calculer mal MISCARRIAGE, s. faute, f. mauvais succès, fausse couche, avortement, m.
MISCARRY, v. n. ne pas réussir, échouer,
faire une fausse couche, avorter. MISCAST, v. a. mécompter. Miscellaneous, Miscellany, adj. mélé. MISCELLANY, s. mélange, m. MISCHANCE, s. malbeur. m.

MISCHIEF, s. tort, m. dommage, m. mal, m. MISCHIEF, v. a. faire tort, nuire. MISCHIEVOUS, adj. nuisible, malfaisant. MISCHIEVOUSLY, adv. mechamment. MISCHIEVOUSNESS, s. malice, f. malignité, MISCIBLE, adj. miscible, propre à se mêler. MISCITATION, s. fausse citation. MISCITE, v. a. citer mal, citer à faux. MISCLAIM, s. fausse prétention. MISCONCEIVE, v. a. mal juger, ne pas bien concevoir. MISCONCEPTION, s. fausse notion, errour, f. Misconduct, s. mauvaise conduite. MISCONDUCT, v. a. conduire mal. Misconjecture, s. fausse conjecture. MISCONSTRUCTION, s. mauvaise interpreta-MISCONSTRUE, v. a. interpreter mal. [tion. MISCOUNT, v. a. mécompter, compter mal. MISCREANCE, MISCREANCY, s. incredulite, f. MISCREANT, s. mécréant, m. infidèle, m. MISDEED, s. mauvaise action, crime, m. Misdrem, v. a. juger mal, faire tort. Misdemean, v. n. se comporter mal. MISDEMEANOUR, s. mauvaise conduite. MISDO, v. a. & n. faire mal, commettre une Misdoer, s. un malfaiteur. [faute. Misdoubt, v. a. soupçonner; s. soupçon, s MISEMPLOY, v. a. abuser de, employer mal. MISEMPLOYMENT, s. mauvaise usage. MISER, s. un misérable, un avare. MISERABLE, adj. malbeureux, avare, miséra-MISERABLY, adv. misérablement, en avare. MISERY, s. misére, f. indigence f. frer. MISERY, s. misére, f. indigence f. frer. MISFASHION, v. a. faire de travers, déligu-MISFORTUNE, s. infortune, f. malheur, m. Misgive, r. a. faire soupçonner. Misgiving, s. soupcon, m. pressentiment, m. Miscovern, v. a. gouverner mal. MISGOVERNMENT, s. mauvais gouvernement. MISGUIDANCE, s. fausse direction. Misguide, v. a. diriger mal, egarer. MISHAP, s. malheur, m. désastre, m. MISHAPPEN, v. n. arriver malheureusement. MISHEAR, v. a. entendre mal. Misныаян, s. mélange, m. fatras, m. tripo-MISINFORM, v. a. informer mal. [tage, 1 MISINTERPRETATION, s. manvaise interprétation. MISINTERPRET, v. a. interpréter mal. MISJOIN, v. a. joindre mal, assortir mal. MISJUDGE, v. a. juger mal.
MISLAY, v. a. déplacer, placer mal.
MISLAD, v. a. égarer, séduire, tromper.
MISLEADER, s. séducteur, m. corrupteur, t MISLIKE, v. a. désapprouver; s. improbation
MISLIKER, s. désapprobateur, m.
MISMANAGE, v. a. ménager mal. Mismanagement, s. mauvaise conduite. MISMARK, v. a. marquer mal. MISMATCH, v. a. mal-assortir. MISNAME, v. a. nommer mal. Misnomer, s. accusation sous un faux no Misobserve, v. a. observer mal. Misogamist, s. qui hait le mariage. Misogykist, s. un ennemi du sexe. MISORDER, v. a. diriger or conduire mal.
MISORDER, s. irrégularité, f. désordre, m.
MISORDERLY, adj. irrégularit.
MISPEND, v. a. dépenser follement. MISPERSUASION, s. erreur, f. epinion erronée. MISPLACE, v. n. déplacer, placer mal. MISPOINT, v. a. ponctuer mal. MISPRINT, v. a. faire des fautes d'impres-Misraision. s. mepris, m. negligence, f.

MISPROPORTION, v. a. proportionner mal. MISQUOTATION, s. fausse citation. MISQUOTE, v. a. citer à faux.
MISRECKON, v. a. mécompter, compter mal.
MISRECKONING, s. mécompte, w. MISRELATE, v. a. raconter mal. Inir bien. MISREMEMBER, v. a. & n. ne se pas souve-MISREPORT, v. a. faire une faux rapport. MISREPRESENT, v. a. représenter mal. MISREPRESENTATION, s. faux exposé. MISRULE, s. tumulte, m. confusion, f. MISS, s. une demoiselle, mademoiselle. Miss, s. perte, f. faute, f. méprise, f. Miss, v. a. manquer, omettre; v. n. se trom-MISSAL, s. missel, m. [per. MISSAL, s. missel, m. [per. Misserve, v. a. ne pas servir fidèlement. MISSERVE, v. a. défigurer, rendre difforme. MISSILE, adj. lancé. [pas. Missing, adj. qui manque, qui ne se trouve MISSION, s. mission, f. lègation, f. MISSIONARY, MISSIONEE, s. missionnaire, m. MISSIVE, s. lettre, f. missive, f. envoyé, m. Missive socapons, des armes de jet or de trait. MISSTATE, v. a. établir mal, représenter à MIST, s. brouillard, m. nuage, m. [faux. MISTAKE, s. méprise, f. erreur, f. faute, f. MISTAKE, v. a. & n. entendre mal. MISTIME, v. a. faire à contre temps. MISTLETOE, s. (a plant) gui, m. MISTRESS, s. maîtresse, f. madame, f. MISTRUST, s. méfiance, f. soupçon, m. MISTRUST, v. a. soupconner, se mefier de. MISTRUSTFUL, adj. mefiant, defiant. MISTRUSTFULNESS, s. méfiance, f. défiance, MISTY, adj. couvert de brouillards, épais. MISUNDERSTAND, v. a. comprendre mal.
MISUNDERSTANDING, s. mal etendu, m. méprise, f. erreur, f. mésintelligence, f. Misusage, s. abus, m. mauvais traitement. Misuse, s. abus, m., v. a. abuser, mesuser.
Mitte, s. calendre, f. charençon, m. une pite.
Mittella, s. (a plant) mitelle, f.
Mitheldates, s. Mithridate, m. MITIGATE, v. a. adoucir, mitiger, alléger.
MITIGATION, s. adoucissement, m. mitigation, f. soulagement, m. MITRE, s. mitre, MITRED, adj. mitre, qui porte une mitre.
MITTENS, s. pl. mitaines, f. pl.
MITTIMUS, s. ordre d'emprisonnement, m. Mix, v. a. mêler, mélanger, mixtionner. MIXINO, s. mélange, m. mixtion, f. MIXT, part. adj. mélé, mélangé, mixte MIXTION, MIXTURE, s. mixtion, f. melange, MIXTLY, adv. pêle-mêle, confusément. MIZMAZE, s. un labyrinthe. MIZZEN, s. artimon, m. MIZZEN-MAST, s. måt d'artimon, m. MIZZEN-TOP-MAST, s. perroquet d'artimon, m. MIZZEN-SAIL, s. voile d'artimon, f. MIZZEN-TOP-SAIL, s. voile de perroquet d'artimon, f. MIZZLE, s. bruine, f.; v. imp. bruiner. MIZZY, s. fondrière, f. [tation, f. MOAN, s. plainte, f. gémissement, m. lamen-MOAN, v. a. & n. déplorer, pleurer. MOAN, v. a. a. a. uspiner, pieture, printer. MOANFULLY, adv. d'un ton plaintif. MOADFULLY, adv. d'un ton plaintif. MOAJ, s. un fossé; r. a. entourer de fossés. MOB, s. a populace, cornette, f. coiffe, f. MOB, r. a. narasser, importuner, insulter. MOB, r. a. narasser, importuner, insulter. MOBRISH, adj. populaire, tumultueux. MOBRY, s. boisson faite avec des patates, f.

MOBILE, s. mobile, m. le vulgaire.
MOBILITY, s. mobilité, f. le vulgaire.
MOOUO-STONE, s dendrite, f. MOCE, v. a. & n. tourner en ridicule, se mo-Mock, s. raillerie, f. jouet, m. risee, f. Mock, adj. faux, ironique, de théatre. MOCKADOES, s. inoquette, f.
MOCKER, s. moqueur, m. railleur, m. MOCKERY, s. moquerie, f. raillerie, f. Mocking-bird, s. oiseau moqueur. MOCKING-STOCK, s. jouet, m. objet de risce, MODAL, adj. modal, qui concerne la forme. Mode, s. un mode, la mode, manière, f. Model, s. modèle, m. exemple, m MODEL, v. a. modéler, tracer, mouler. MODELLER, s. dessinateur, m. inventeur. MODERATE, adj. modere, adouci, retenu, regle, moyen, modique, mediocre.
MODERATE, v. a. moderer, regler, reprimer MODERATELY, adv. modérément. MODERATION, s. moderation, f. retenue, f MODERATOR, s. modérateur, m. arbitre, m. MODERATRIX, s. modératrice, f. MODERN, adj. moderne, nouveau, de notre. MODERNISE, r. a. rendre moderne.
MODERNS, s. pl. les modernes, m. pl.
MODEST, adj. modeste, reteny, honféte.
MODESTLY, adv. modestement, honnétement Monksty, s. modestie, f. réserve, f. Modesty-Piece, s. une collerette. MODICUM, s. un petit morceau, tant soit peu Modifiable, adj. qui peut être modifié. Modification, s. modification, f. mode, m. Modify, v. a. modifier, tempérer, modérer. MODILION, s. modillon, m. petite console.

MODISH, adj. à-la-mode, qui suit la mode.

MODISHNESS, s. affection à suivre la mode, f. MODULATE, v. a. moduler. MODULATION, s. modulation, m. chant, m. son MODULE, s. module, f. MODWALL, s. pic-vert, m. or pivert. Mohair, s. moire, f. (sorte d'étoffe.) Мојету, s. la moitié. MOIL, v. a. & n. travailler, se tourmenter, embourber. Moist, adj. humide, moite. MOISTEN, v. a. rendre humide or moite. MOISTNESS, MCISTURE s. moiture, f. suc, m. MOLAR, adj. Molar teeth, les dents molaires. MOLASSES, s. melasse, f. la lie du sucre. Mole, s. mole, f. masse de chair, f. tache or marque sur la peau, f. mole, m. jetée de pierres, une taupe. MOLECATCHER, s. preneur de taupes, m. taupier, m.
Mole-Hill, Mole-Cast, s. une taupinière. MOLE-TRAP, s. une taupière. Molest, v. a. molester, tourmenter, persécuter. MOLESTATION, s. importunite, f. vexation, f. Molester, s. importun, m. persecuteur, m. Mollient, adj. émollient. MOLLIFICATION, s. adoucissement, m. soulagement, m. MOLLIFIER,s. émollient, m. celui qui appaise MOLLIFY, v. a. amollir, mollifier, adoucir. MOLTEN, part. adj. of To Melt, fondu. Mome, s. un sot, un stupide. MOMENT, s. moment, m. consequence, f. MOMENTALLY, adv. pour un moment.
MOMENTANEOUS, MOMENTARY, adj. mo-MOMENTOUS, adj. important, de conséquence.

MONNERY, s. momerie, f. Monachal, adj. monacal, de moine, moi es-MONACHISM, s. état de moine, moinerie, f. MONAD or MONADE, s. monade, f. Dien, m. MONARCH, s. monarque, ps. MONARCHAL, adj. royal, de roi. MONARCHICAL, adj. monarchique. MONARCHISE, v. a. trancher du monarque. MONARCHY, s. monarchie, f. royaume, m. MONASTERIAL, adj. monastique monacal. MONASTERY, s. monastère, m. co.ivent, m. MONASTICAL, MONASTICK, adj. monastique. MONASTICALLY, adv. en moiue, en reclus. MONDAY, s. Lundi, m. MONEY, s. argent, m. monnoye, monnoie, f. MONEY-BAG, s. un sac d'argent, large bourse MONEY-BILL, s. projet d'édit bursal. MONEY-CHANGER, s. un changeur. MONEYED, adj. pecunieux, riche en argent. Moneyer, s. un banquier, un monnoyeur. MONEYLESS, adj. sans argent, pauvre. MONEY-WORTH, adj. qui vaut de l'argent. MONG-CORN, s. méteil, m. Mongen, s. marchand, m. vendeur, m. MONGREL, adj. métis, créole, mulatre. MONITION, s. avertissement, m. avis, m. MONITOR, s. censeur, m. admoniteur, m. MONITORY, s. avertissement, m. monitoire, m. MONITORY, adj. monitorial, instructif. Monk, s. un moine, un religieux. MONKERY, s. moinerie, f. état monastique, m. Monkey, s. un singe. A she-monkey, une guenou. MONKHOOD, s. état de moine, m Monkish, adj. monacal, de moine. Monk's-Hood, s. capucine, f. or acouit, m. MONOCHORD, s. monocorde, m. MONOCULAR, MONOCULOUS, adj. borgne. MONODY, s. monodie, f. MONOGAMY, s. monogamie, f. MONOGRAM, s. monograme, m. chiffre, m. MONOLOGUE, s. monologue, m. soliloque, m. MOROMACHY, s. monomachie, f. duel, m MONOME, s. monome, f. (terme d'algébre.) MONOPETALOUS. adj. monopétale. Monopolist, Monopolisen, s. un monopoleur. Monopoliza, v. n. user de monopole, mono-Monoroly, s. monopole, m. MONOSYLLABICAL, adj. monosyllabique. MONOSYLLABLE, s. monosyllabe, m lonotony, s. monotonie, f. un même ton. Monsoon, s. monson, m. vent réglé, vent de saison. MORSTER, s. un monstre. Monstrosity, Monstruosity, s. difformité monstrueuse. Monstrous, adj. monstrueux, prodigieux. MONSTROUSLY, adv. prodigieusement.
MONSTROUSERS, s. difformité monstrueuse. MONTANISTS, s. montanistes, m. pl. MONTERO, s. sorte de bounet de chasseur. MONTETH, s. bassin à rafraichir, à laver. MONTH, s. un mois. onthly, adj. d'un mois, tous les mois. MORTHLY, adr. une fois par mois, tous les Montross, s. un souscanonnier. MONUMENT, s. monument, m. tombeau, s MONUMENTAL, adj. memorial, qui sert de nonument.

Moon, s. moeur, m. mode, m.

Moon, s. la lune. MOON-BEAM, s. rayons lunaires, m. pl. MOON-CALF, s. monstre, m. mole MOON-EYED, adj. qui a la vue foible, luna MOONLIGHT, s. clair de lune, m.; ad. éclairé par la lune. MOONSHINE, s. clair de lune, m. Moonshiny, adj. clair, éclairé par la lune. Moon-struck, adj. lunatique. Moon, s. un marais, un marecage, nègre, m. negresse, f. more, m. moresque, f. Moor, r. a. amarrer, arrêter; v. n. s'arrêter. Moor across or athwart, affourcher.

Moorcock, s. foulque male, coq de marais. MOORHEN, s. foulque, m. poule d'eau, f. Mooring, s. amarrage, m. MOORISH, adj. marecageux. moresque, more. MOORLAND, s. pays marecageux.
Moosz, s. renne, f. (d'Amérique.)
Moor, v. n. disputer sur un point de droit. MOOT, MOOT-CASE OF MOOT-POINT, s. disputé de droit, f. Mor, s. torchon, m. moue, f. Mor, v. a. laver, nettoyer avec un torchon. Mope, v. n. rêver, s'abêtir. Moped or Moping, adj. triste, rêveur. MOP-EYED, adj. qui a la vue courte, borgne. MOPPET, MOPSEY, s. pouponne, f. poupée, f. MORAL, adj. moral; s. le sens moral. MORALIST, s. moraliste, m. MORALITY, s. la morale, moralité, f. MORALIZE, r. a. & n. moraliser. MORALISER, s. moraliseur, m. moraliste, m MORALLY, adv. moralement, vraisemblable ment. MORALS, s. pl. les mœurs, morales, f. Morass, s. marais, m. marecage, m. MORBID, adj. malade, maladil MORBIDNESS, s. maladie, f.
MORBIFICAL, MORBIFICK, adj. morbifique. MORDACITY, s. mordacité, f.
MORDICANT, MORDACIOUS, adj. mordant. MORDICATE, v. a. mordre, medire, censurer. MORDICATION, s. corrosion, f.
MORE, adj. s. & adv. plus, davantage, plutot. So much the more, d'autant plus. More and more, do plus en plus. MOREL, s. morelle, f. MOREL-CHERRY, s. alkekengi, m. MORESK OF MORESK-WORK, s. moresque, MORIGEROUS, adj. obéissant, morigené, do-Morion, s. morion, m. pot en-tête, m. Morling or Mortling, s. la laine d'une brebis morte, f. MORN (or MORNING), s. matin, m.
MORNING, s. le matin, la matinée.
MORNING-GOWN, s. robe de chambre, MORNING-STAR, s. l'étoile du matin, MOROSE, adj. bourru, bizarre, fantasque. Morosely, adv. d'une manière chagrine Moroseness, Morosity, s. humeur chagrine.
MORPHEW, s. dartres farineuses, f. pl MORRIS DANCE, s. moresque, f.
MORROW, s. demain, le lendemain. Te
morrow, adv. demain. Morrow for Morn ing. Good-morrow, bon jour. MORSE, s. cheval marin, m. Morsel, s. un morceau. MORTAL, adj. & s. mortel, violent, morte .m. MORTALITY, s. mortalite, f. mort, f.

MORTALLY, uto. mortellement, à mort. MORTAB. 5 mortier, m.
MORTGAGE, 5. hypothèque, f.; v. a. hypothéquer engager MORTGAGEE, s. cemi qui a une hypothèque. MORTGAGER, s. celui qui hypothéque MORTIFEROUS, adj. mortel. MORTIFICATION, s. mortification, f. macera-MORTIFY, v. a. mortifier, humilier, affliger. MORTIFY, v. n. se mortifier, se gâter. MORTISE, s. morture, f.: v. a. emmortaiser.
MORTISE, s. amortissement, m. MORTPAY, s. morte paic, m. legs pieux, m. pl. Mosaicai.. Mosaick, adj. Mosaïque, de Movae. MOSAICE WORK, s. Mosaique, f. MOSCHATEL, s. moscateline, MOSCHETO, s. sorte de moucheron or cousin. MOSQUE, s. mosquee. f. temple Turc. Moss, s. mousse, f. MOSSE, s. pl. marais, m. pays marcageux, MOSSES, s. pl. marais, m. pays marcageux, MOSSINESS, s. coton, m. duvet, m. moisi, m. MOSSY, adj. moussu, couvert de mousse. MOST, s. sing. or pl. le plus grand. MOST, s. sing. or pl. le plus, la plûpart. Most of all, principalement. Mostick, s. appuimain (de peintre), m. Mostick, adv. le plus souvent, la plupart du Моте, s. an atome, un fetu. Мотн, s. teigne, f. (insecte.) temps. MOTH-MULLEIN, s. bouillon blanc, m. MOTH-WORT or MUG-WORT, s. armoise, f. MOTHER, s. mère, f. la matrice, la lie. MOTHER-IN-LAW, s. belle-mère. MOTHER, adj. naturel, maternel. MOTHER OF PEARL, s. mcre-perle, f. [sir. MOTHER, v. n. se congeler, s'épaissir, se moi-MOTHERHOOD, s. maternité, f. MOTHERI.ESS, adj. sans mère. MOTHERLY, adj. maternel, de mère. MOTHERLY, adv. en mère, comme une mère. MOTHERWORT, s. mauricaire, f. MOTHERY, adj. charge de lie, coagu.e, epais. MOTHY, adj. plein de teignes. MOTION, s. mouvement, m. proposition, MOTION, v. a. proposer, faire la proposition. MOTIONER, s. celui qui propose une chose. MOTIONLESS, adj. immobile, sans mouve-MOTIVE, adj. moteur, motrice. s. motif, m. MOTLEY, adj. mélé de différentes couleurs. MOTOR, s. moteur, m. MOTORY, adj. qui donne la mouvement. MOTTO, s. mot. m. devise, f. ame, f. MOULD, s. moule, m. forme, f. jument, f. moisissure, f. terre, f. sol, m. terreau, m. la suture des os de la tête. MOULD, v. a. mouler, modeler, former; v. n. se moisir. MOULDER, s. modeleur, mouleur, m. MOULDER, v. a. & n. réduire et se réduire en poussière. MOULDINESS, s. moisissure. MOULDING, s. moulure, f. imposte, f. Mouldwarp, s. une taupe. [chanci. Mouldy, adj. moisi, couvert de moisissure, Moult, v. π. muer, changer de plumes. MOULTER, s. jeune canard en mue, m. MOUND, s. boulevard, m. haie, f. Mot ND, v. a. munir, retrancher. [ter. Mot 'T, s. mout, m. montagne, f.; v. a. mon-MOUNTAIN, s. une montagne, un mont. Mountaineen, s. un montaguard, un bandit. |

Mountainous, adj. montagneux, de mon-MOUNTEBANK, s. un charlaian. Mounn, v. a. & n. pleurer, déplorer. MOURNER, s. pleureur, m. Mournful, adj. triste, lugubre, de deuil. MOURNFULLY, adv. tristement, d'un air lugu-Mourning, s. tristesse, f. deuil, m. [bre. Mouse, s. une souris; v. n. prendre des sou-MOUSE-BAR, s. orcille de souris, f. MOUSE-RUNTER, MOUSER, s. preneur de MOUSE-TRAP, s. souricière, f. [souris. MOUTH, s. la bouche, la gueule, ouverture, f. entrée, f. moue, f. grimace, f. bouche (d'un canon, d'un four); trou (d'une bou-teille); entrée (d'un havre); embouchure (d'une, rivière, de quelque instrument à vent, &cc.) MOUTH, v. a. macher, crier fort, gueuler. MOUTH-FRIEND, s. faux ami, ami de paroles. MOUTHFUL, s. une bouchée. Move, v. a. mouvoir, remuer, agiter, proposer une chose, émouvoir, exciter; v. n. se ser une chose, candivor, eacher, some mouver, changer de place.

MOVEABLE, ddj. mobile; s. mobilier, st.

MOVEABLES, biens meubles, biens mobiliers. MOVEABLENESS, s. mobilité, f. Moveless, adj. immobile, sans mouvement. MOVEMENT, s, mouvement, m. MOVER, MOVENT, s. moteur, m. proposant, m. MOVING, part. adj. touchant, pathetique. Movingly, adv. pathetiquement, persuasif. Mow, s. tas, m. monceau, m. grange, f. Mow, v. a. faucher, engranger, moissonner. Mower, s. faucheur, m MOYLE, s. un mulet, une greffe Much, adj. beaucoup de, grand, long. Much, adv. beaucoup, fort, très. How much, combien. As much, tant, autant, tout autant. As much as, autant que. As much more, As much again, une fois autant. So much, autant, tout autant. So much the more, d'autant que. Very much, beaucoup, fort. Much, s. une grande quantité, beaucoup de, grand, cas, valeur, une chose etrange. MUCILAGE, s. mucilage, m MUCILAGINOUS, adj. mucilagineux. MUCK, s. fumier, m. fiente, f. ordure, f. MUCK, v. a. fumer, engrasser avec du fumier. Muckinder, s. un mouchoir. MUCKER, v. n. amasser du bien d'une manière sordide. MUCKHILL, s. un tas de fumier. MUCKINESS, s. ordure, f. malproprete, f. MUCKWORM, s. un ver de fumier. Mucky, adj. sale, malpropre, vilain. Mucous, adj. glaireux, visqueux. Mucus, s. la morve, glaire, f. Mun, s. vase, f. limon, m. houe, f. fange, f. Mud, v. a. jeter dans la boue. MUDDILY, adv. d'une manière troable, sale-MUDDINESS, s. saleté, f. ment. MUDDLE, v. a. troubler, rendre trouble. MUDDY, adj. boueux, fangeux, trouble. MUDDY, v. a. troubler, rendre trouble. MUDWALL, s. torchis, m. bousillage, m. Muff, s. un manchon. MUFFIN, s. galette, f. MUFFLE, v.a. affuhler, emmitousler, envelop-MUFFLER, s. un voile, mentonnière, f. MUFTI, s. muphti, m. Mua, s. un godet, un gobelet, un petit pat. Mugwort, s. armoise, f. herbe de St. Jean, Muggish or Muggy, adj. moite, humide.

MULATTO, s. mulâtre, m. & f. MULBERRY, s. mûre, f. MULBERRY-TREE, s. un mûrier. MULET, s. amende, f.; v. a. mettre à l'amende. MULE, s. mule, f. mulet, m. MULE-DRIVER, MULETEER, s. un muletier. MULL, v. a. adoucir une liqueur en la brûlant. MULLAR, s. molette, f.

MULLEIK, s. bouillon, m. Petty-mullein, s.
bouillon blanc. MULLET, s. mulet, m. MULLIGRUBS, s. colique, f. mauvaise humeur. MULSE, s. vin miellé. MULTARGULAR, adj. qui a plusieurs angles. MULTIFARIOUS, adj. varié, divers. différent. MULTIFARIOUSNESS, s. variété, f. diversité, MULTIFORM, adj. qui a plusieurs formes. [f. MULTIPEDE, s. un cloporte. MULTIPLE, s. multiple. MULTIPLICABLE, MULTIPLIABLE, multipliable. MULTIPLICAND, s. le multiplicande. MULTIPLICATION, s. multiplication, f. MULTIPLICATOR, s. multiplicateur, m. MULTIPLICITY, s. multiplicité, f. MULTIPLIER, s. multiplicateur, m. MULTIPLY, v. a. & n. multiplier, augmenter. MULTIPLYING-GLASS, &. lunette à facettes. MULTITUDE, s. multitude, f. le vulgaire. MUM, s. bière fait avec du fromage, f. Mum, interj. st! paix! chut! silence! MCMBLE, r. a. marmotter, macher, mur-MUMBLER, s. grondeur, m. fmurer. MUMBLINGLY, adv. +n marmottant. Munn, r. n. se mascuer. [quée. MUMMER, s. un masque, une personne mas-MUMMERY, s. mascarade, f. momerie. f. MUMMY, s. momie, f. MUMP, v. a. grignoter, marmotter, gueu-ser, écornifier. MUMPER, s. un gueux, un écornifieur. MUMPS, s. esquinancie, f. MUNCH, v. a. & n. macher, grignoter. MUNDANE, adj. du monde, mondain. MUNDANITY, s. mondanité, f. MUNDATION, MONDIFICATION, s. l'action de nettoyer, f.
MURDATORY, adj. mondificatif. MUNDIFICATIVE, adj. détersif. MUNDIFY, v. n. nettoyer, mondifier. mundungus, s. du tabac puant, rebus, m. MUNERARY, adj. donné en présent. MUNGREL. See Mongrel. MUNICIPAL, adj. municipal. [libéralité,] MUNIFICENCE, s. munificence, f. largesse, f. MURIFICERT, adj. liberal, genereux. MUNIFICENTLY, adv. libéralement.
MUNIMENT, s. défense, f. document, m.
MUNITION, s. munition, f.
MURAL, adj. mural. MURDER, s. meurtre, m. assassinat, m. homicide, m.; v. a. assassiner. MURDERER, s. mourtrier, m. assassin, m. homicide, m. MURDERING-SHOT, s. mitraille, f. MURDEROUS, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. MURE, v. a. murer, enfermer de murailles. MURIATICK, adj. qui a un goùt de saumure. MURK, s. obscurité, f. peau, f. gousse, f. MURKY, adj. obscur, sombre, nébuleux. MURMUR, s. murmure, m.; v. n. murmurer. MURMURER, s. murmurateur. MURMURINGLY, adr. en grondant. MURRAIN, s. mortalité (parmi le bétail), f.

MURREY, adj. d'un rouge obscur, foncé. furrion, s. morion, m. casque. MUSCADINE, s. muscat, m. muscadin, m. MUSCLE, s. un muscle, moule, f. MUSCOSITY, s. muscosité, f. MUSCULAR, adj. musculaire. [cles Musculous, adj. musculeux, plein de mus-Musz, s. muse, f.; v. n. méditer, songer. MUSEFUL, adj. pensif, rêveur. MUSER, s. rêveur, m. distrait, m Museum, s. cabinet de curiosités. MUSHROOM, s. champignon, m. mousseren, MUSICAL, adj. musical, harmonieux. [m. MUSICALLY, adv. musicalement, en musicien. Musician, s. un musicien.
Musick, s. la musique, barmonie, f. mélodie, Musk, s. musc, m. MUSK-APPLE, s. pomme musquée. MUSK-CAT, s. l'animal qui donne le musc. MUSKET, s. un mousquet, mouchet, m. MUSKETEER, s. un mousquetaire. MUSKETOON, s. un mousqueton. MUSKIN, s. mésange, f. MUSKINESS, s. odeur de musc, s. Muskito, s. maringouin, m. Muskmelon, s. melon musqué, m. Musky, adj. musque, de musc. MUSLIN, s. mousseline, f. Musroi, s. muserole, Muss, s. (a scramble) gribouillette, f. Mussulman, s. un musulman. Must, s. mout, m. vin doux. Must, r. imp. falloir, être obligé, devoir. I must do it, il faut que je le fasse. Must, r. a. & n. faire moisir et se moisir. MUSTACHES, s. des moustaches, f. pl. Mustard, s. moutarde, f. Mustard-Pot, s. moutardier, m MUSTER, v. n. & a. se rassembler, faire la revue, rassembler. MUSTER, s. montre, f. revue, f. une troupe MUSTER-MASTER, s. commissaire general. MUSTER-ROLL, s. régistre de la revue, f. MUSTINESS, s. relent, m. goût de moisi, m. MUSTY, adj. relent, qui sent le moisi. MUTABILITY. s. mutabilité, f. instabilité, f. MUTABLE, adj. muable, inconstant. MUTABLENESS, s. muabilité, f. MUTATION, s. mutation, f. changement, se. MUTE, adj. muet, qui ne parle pas; s. une sourdine, une lettre muette.

MUTE, s. fiente d'oiseau, f.; v. n. fienter. MUTELY, adv. en silence. MUTILATE, v. a. mutiler, tronquer, estropier.
MUTILATION, s. mutilation, f.
MUTIKEER, s. un mutin, un homme seditieux. Mutinous, adj. mutin, séditioux, factioux. MUTINOUSLY, adr. en mutin, en seditieux. MUTINY, s. mutinerie, f. sédition, f. MUTINY, v. n. se mutiner, révolter. MUTTER, v. a. & n. marmotter, murmurer MUTTERER, s. murmurateur, m. MUTTERINGLY, adr. en marmotiant. MUTTON, s. mouton, m. viande de mouton, f. MUTUAL, adj. mutuel, reciproque. [ment. MUTUALLY, adv. mutuellement, reciproque-MUZZLE, s. museau, m. muse, m. bouche (d'un canon.) MÜZZLE, v. a. emmuseler. MY, pron. pos. mon, ma, mes, à moi.
MYOGRAPHY, MYOLOGY, s. myulogie, f.
MYOFY, s. vue basse, myopie, f.
MYRIAD, s. myriade, f. dix mille, cu très grande nombre.

MYRMIDON, s. mirmidon, m. MYROBALAN, s. mirobolan, m. [parfums, m. MYROPOLIST, s. vendeur d'onguents or de MYRRH, s. (a gum) myrrhe, f. MYRTLE, s. myrte, m. (arbrisseau.)
MYSELF, pron. moi, noi-même. MYSTERIOUS, adj. mystérieux, secret, obscur. Mysteriously, adv. mysterieusement.
Mysteriousness, s. obscurité sacrée.
Mystery, s. mystere, ss. seret, ss.
Mysterd, Mystick, adj. mystique, myste-MYSTICALLY, adv. mystiquement. [rieux. MYSTICALNESS, s. mysticité, f. MYTHOLOGICAL, adj. mythologique. MYTHOLOGIST, s. mythologiste, m MYTHOLOGIZE, v. n. expliquer les fables. MYTHOLOGY, s. mythologie, f.

NAB, s. tête, f. bonnet, m.; v. a. attraper, NADIR, s. nadir, m. [prendre. NAIADES, s. pl. NaIades, f. NAIL, s. clou, m.; nail smith, cloutier, m.; nail trade, clouterie, f. nail of a finger, on NAIL-LONG, s. serre, f. griffe, f. [gle. NAIL, r. a. clouer, enclouer. NAILER, s. cloutier. NAKED, adj. nu, dépouillé, évident, simple. NAKEDLY, adv. évidemment, à découvert. NAKEDNESS, s. nudité, f. NAME, s. nom, m. pretexte, m. reputation, f. NAME, v. a. nommer, appeler, déclarer. NAMELESS, adj. anonyme, sans hom. NAMELY, adr. nommement, savoir. NAMER, s. nominateur, m. NAMESAKE, s. qui a le même nom. NAP, s. un somme leger. poil, m. NAP, v. n. sommeiller, chardonner, (du drap.) NAPE, s. la nuque du cou. NAPERY, s. linge de table, m. NAPHEW, s. un navet. NAPHTHA, s. napthe, f. (bitume mineral.)
NAPKIN, s. serviette, f. NAPLESS, adf. ras, qui n'a point de poil, uni. NAPPED, part. adj. chardonné, frisé, cotonné. NAPPY, adj. chardonné, écumeux. NARCISSUS, s. narcisse, m. NARCOTICAL, NARCOTICE, adj. & s. narco-NARD, s. nard, m. ftique, m. NARRABILE, adj. que l'on peut raconter. NARRATE, v. a. narrer, raconter. NARRATION, s. narration, f. narre, m. recit, NARRATIVE, adj. narratif, qui aime à conter. NARRATIVE, s. narration, f. narre, m. NARRATIVELY, adv. en forme de nafré. NARRATOR, s. un narrateur, un conteur. NARROW, adj. etroit, avare, bas, exact. NARROW, v. J. etrecir, retrecir. NARROWLY, adv. de pres, avec soin. NARROWNESS, s. état d'une chose étroite, m. pauvreté, f. bassesse, f. manque de capacité, m. NARWHALE, s. espèce de baleine, f. NASAL, adj. nasal. NASTILY, adv. salement, d'une manière sale. NASTINESS, c. saleté, f. obscénité, f. NASTY, adj. sale, mal-propre, obscèné. NATAL, adj. natal, de la naissance. NATION, s. une no ion. NATIONAL, s. na..onal, public, général. NATIONALLY, adv. par rapport a is nation. NATIVE, adf. naturel, natif. natal. NATIVE, adj. naturel, natif, natal.

NATIVE, s. natif, m. naturel, m. originaire, f. | NECERRCHIFF, s. mouchoir de cou, m.

NATIVITY, s. naissance, f. nativité, f. NATURAL, adj. naturel, physique, propre, li-bre, vrai, aisé, facile. NATURAL, s. un idiot, naturel, m. caractère, m. NATURALIST, s. un physicien, un naturaliste NATURALITY, s. état naturel, m NATURALIZATION, s. naturalisation, f. natu-NATURALIZE, v. a. naturaliser. fralité, f. NATURALLY, adv. naturellement. NATURALNESS, s. naturel, m. naturalisme, m. NATURE, s. nature, f. naturel, m. caractère, m. humeur, f. sorte, f. espèce, f. Goodnatured, adj. d'un bon naturel. NAVAL, adj. naval. [vire f. m. NAVAL-TIMBER, s. courbes or côles de na-NAUGHT, adj. mechant, mauvais, dissolu; s. NAUGHTILY, adr. mechamment. [rien, m NAUGHTINESS, s. mechancete, f. malice, f. [rien, m. NAUGHTY, adj. mauvais, méchant, dissolu. NAULAGE, s. naulage, m. [naval, f. NAUMACHY, s. representation d'un combat NAUSEATE, r. a. avoir du dégoût pour. NAUSEOUS, adj. dégoûtant. NAUSEOUSLY adv. d'une manière dégoûtante. NAUSEOUSNESS, s. dégoût. NAUTICAL, NAUTICK, adj. nautique, de ma-NAUTILUS, s. (a shell fish) nautile, m. NAVE, s. le moyen (d'une roue); la nef (d'une église.) NAVEL, s. le nombril, le centre. [cheval, f. NAVEL-GALL, s. blessure aux rognops d'un NAVEL-WORT, s. (an herb) nombril de Venus, m. NAVEL-STRING, s. cordon ombilical. NAVEW, s. navet, m. NAVIGABLE, adj. navigable. NAVIGATE, v. n. & a. naviguer or naviger. NAVIGATION, s. navigation, f. marine, J NAVIGATOR, s. marin. m. navigateur, m. NAVY, s. flotte, f. marine, f. NAY, adv. non, même, de plus. NAY or NAYWORD, s. un refus, un démenti. NAY OF NAYWORD, 8. UII 16165, 5. UN NAZARENE, NAZAREAN, NAZARITE, 8. UN Nazaréen. NEAL, r. a. recuire, detremper. NEAP, adj. bas, qui baisse. Neap-tide, basse NEAR, adv. presque, a peu près, environ.
NEAR, adv. presque, a peu près, environ.
NEAR, adj. proche, intime, epargnant.
NEARER, adj. plus proche, plus près.
NEARER, adj. très proche, le plus proche.
NEARLY, adv. de près, mesquinement. NEARNESS, s. proximité, f. mesquinerie, f. NEAT, adj. élégant, propre, poli. NEAT-HANDED, adj. adroit, habile. NEAT, s. vache or boeuf, f.; m. gros betai... NEATLY, adr. proprement, poliment. NEATNESS, s. beauté, f. propreté, f. NEBULOUS, adj. nébuleux, chargé de nuages NECE: SARIES, s. pl. necessaire. NECESSARILY, adv. necessairement. NECESSARY, adj. indispensable, necessaire. NECESSITATE, r. a. necessiter, forcer, obliger. NECESSITOUS, adj. necessiteux, pauvre. Necessitousness, Necessitude, s. néces site, f. NECESSITY, s. necessite, f. besoin, m NECK, s. cou, m. la gorge (d'une femme;) collet (de mouton;) goulot (d'une bouteille,) m.; langue (de terre;) manche (d'un violon.) NECK-BAND, le cou or collet d'une chemise.

MEGECLOTH, s. un tour de cou, un col, une cravate. NECKLACE, s. un collier. NECROLOGY, s. nécrologe, m. NECROMANCER, s. un nécromancien. NECROMANCY, s. necromancie, f. NECROMANTICE, adj. de nécromancie. NECTAR, s. le nectar. [en nectar. NECTARED, adj. teint de nectar, qui abonde NECTAREAN, NECTARINE, adj. de nectar, NECTARINE, s. pavie, m. [dou NEED, s. besoin, m. affaire, f. indigence, f. Idoux. NEED, v. a. & n. avoir besoin, manquer. L needs not, il n'est pas nécessaire. NEEDFUL, adj. necessaire, indispensable. NEEDFULLY, adv. necessairement. NEEDFULNESS, s. besoin, m. nécessité. f. NEEDILY, adv. pauvrement. NEEDINESS, s. besoin, m. pauvrete, f. di-NEEDLE, s. aiguille, f. [sette, f. NEEDLE-CASE, s. aiguillier, m NEEDLE-FISH, s. aiguille, f.
NEEDLEFUL, s. une aiguillée (de fil,) &c.
NEEDLER, NEEDLEMAKER, s. aiguillier, st. NEEDLESSLY, adv. sans necessité. NEEDLESS, adj. superflu, inutile.
NEEDLESS, adj. superflu, inutile.
NEEDLESSNESS, s. superfluité, f.
NEEDLEWORK, s. ouvrage à l'aiguille, m.
NEEDS, adj. nécessairement, absolument.
NEEDY, adj. nécessairement, absolument.
NE'ER (for NEVER.) adv. jamais.
NE'RE (for NEVER.) adv. jamais. NEF, s. la nef (d'une église.) NEFARIOUS, adj. horrible, détestable. NEFARIOUS, adj. méchant, scélérat. NEGATION, s. negation, f. NEGATIVE, adj. negative, s. negative, f. NEGATIVELY, adr. negativement. NEGATIVELY, and negativement.
NEGATORY, adj. negatif.
NEGLECT, v. a. negliger, manquer à.
NEGLECT, s. negligence, f. inattention, f.
NEGLECTER, s. negligent, m.
NEGLECTFUL, adj. negligent, peu soigneux, inattentif. NEGLECTFULLY, adr. negligemment. MEGLECTFULLY, adr. negligemment.

MEGLIGENTLY, adv. negligem, inattentif, paresNEGLIGENTLY, adv. negligemment. [seux.

NEGOTIATE, v. a. & n. negocier, trafiquer.

MEGOTIATION, s. negociation, f. negoce, m.

NEGOTIATOR, s. negociateur, m. mediateur,

NEGRO, s. un negre, une negresse. [m. NEIGH or NEIGHING, s. hennissement, m. Neigh, v. n. hennir NEIGHBOUR, s. voisin, m. ; v. a. avoisiner. NEIGHBOURHOOD, s. voisinage, m. proximite NEIGHBOURING, adj. voisin, proche.

NEIGHBOURLY, adj. de bon voisin, conne NEIGHBOURLY, adv. en bon voisin. [civil. NEITHER, conj. ni; pron. ni l'un ni l'autre. Nenuphar, s. nénuphar, m. [vert NEOPHYTE, s. neophite, m. nouveau con-NEOTERICK, adj. moderne, nouveau. NEP or NIP, s. pouliot sauvage, m. neptha, m. NEPENTHE, s. panacée, f. NEPHEW, s. neveu, m. NEPHRITICK, adj. & s. nephretique. NEPOTISM, s. népotisme, m.
NEREIDES, s. pl. Néréides, f. pl.
NEROLY, neroli, m. (parfum.) NERVE. s. nerf, m. force. NERVYLESS, adj. sans norfs, enervé, sans NERVOSITY, s. force, f. énergie, f. NERVGUS, adj. nerveux, fort, robuste, solide. Pascience, s. ignorance, f. Nest, s. nid, m. réceptacle, m. retraite, f. Nestle, v. p. nicher, se nicher, prendre soin. EEE

NESTLING, s. un oiseau pris au nid, un nich NET, s. rets, m. filet, st. réseau, st. toiles, f. NETHER, adj. bas, inférieur. NETHERMOST, adj. le plus bas. NETTING, s. ret, st. réseau, st. NETTLE, s. ortie, f. Blind-nettle, s. serofis laire, f. NETTLE-TREE, s. un alisier. Canar, NETTLE, v. a. piquer, aigrir, fâcher, prove NETWORK, s. réseau, m. NEUROLOGY, s. néarologie, f. NEUTER, NEUTRAL, s. & adj. neutre. m. NEUTRALITY, s. neutralité, NEUTRALLY, adv. neutralement. fee toot Never, adv. jamais, ne pas, point, puint NEVER, acr., Jamais, ne pas, point, pussel Neverntelless, conj. cependan, neanmaint.

Never so little, quelque peu que co soit.

New, adj. neuf, nouveau, nouvel, fraiche, frais. New-year-sejf, e. dreeme du souveau an, f. A new-laid-egg, un out frais. New, adr. nouvellement, de nouveau. New-fargled, adj. rouvellement inventé. NEWFANGLEDHESS, s. amour de la nouveau-NEWEL, s. noyau d'escalier, m. [té, m. NEWGATE, s. nouvelle porte, prison, m. NEWLY, adv. nouvellement, dernièrement. NEWILY, and, nouvellement, dernierement.
NEWNESS, 8. nouveauté, f. fraîche date, f.
NEWS, 8. nouvelle, nouvelles, f. pt.
NEWS-MONGER, 8. un apuvelliste, un gazeNEWT, 8. petit lézard.
NEWE, s. petit lézard. [tier. NEXT, adj. procham, proche, attenant, sin, contigu, suivant, qui suit.
NEXT, adv. immédiatement, puis, ensuite. NIB, s. le bec or points (d'une plume,) f. NIBBED, adj. qui a un bec. NIBBLE, v. a. & n. ronger, grignoter, becque-NIBBLER, s. celui qui grignote, un critique. NIBBLINGS, s. pl. rongeurs, f. p NICE, adj. exact, soigneux, raffiné, recherché, délicat, tendre, chatouilleux.
NICEAN, NICENE, adj. de Nicee. NICELY, adr. exactement, délicatement. Niceness, Niceny, s. exactitude, f. délica-tesse, f. raffinement, m. pointillerie, sub-tilité, f. NICHE, s. une niche. NICK, s. instant précis, à propos, coche, f. NICK, v. a. rencontrer juste, tromper. NICKNAME, s. sobriquet, m. ; v. a. donner w [sobraquet. NICOTIAN, s. tabac, m. NICTATE, v. n. cligner les yeux. NIDE, s. une nichée, une couvée. Nipokous, adj. nidoreux, fetide. NIDULATION, s. le tems que l'oiseau couve. NIECE, s. mèce, f NIGELLA, s. (a plant) nielle, f. [mesquia. NIGGARD, s. un avare; adj. avare, vilaia, NIGGARDLINESS, s. avarice, f. NIGGARDLY, adj. avare: adr. mesquinement. NIGGARDNESS. See Niggardliness. NIGH, adj. proche, voisin. Nigh, adv. proche, auprès, tout contre. NIGH, prep. proche de, près de, sous. NIGHLY, adv. à peu près, près, proche. NIGHT, s. nuit, f. soir, m. NIGHT-BRAWLER, s. un tapageur. NIGHT-CAP, s. bonnet de nuit, s NIGHT-DEW, s. le serein, rosée qui tembe après le coucher du soleil, f. NIGHT-DOG, s. chien qui chasse de nun, m. NIGHT-DRESS, s. deshabille, m NIGHTED, adj. sombre, noir, tenebreux. NIGHTFARING, s. un homme qui voyage la nnit.

MICHTFIRE e. feu follet. NICHT-FOUNDERED, adj. qui est perdu. MIGHT-HAWK, s. hulote (oiseau de nuit.) MIGHTIKGALE, s. un rossignol, (oiseau.) NIGHTLY, adv. de nuit, pendant la nuit. NIGHTMAN, s. gadouard, m. vidaugeur, m. NIGHTMARE, s. incube, m. cauchemar, m. NIGHTRAIL, s. un peignoir. [nuit, f. NIGHT-REVELLINGS, s. réjouissances de NIGHTSHADE, s. morelle, f. belle de nuit, f. MIGHT-STUDIES, s. veilles, f. [de nuit. RIGHT-WALEER, s. un coureur, une coureuse NIGHTWARD, adv. qui se fait le soir. RIGHTWATCHES, s. les veilles de la nuit, f. MIGHTWATCHES, s. les veilles de la nuit, f.
MILLI, s. éuncelles, f. pl. bluettes, f. pl.
MILL, àds. ne vouloir pas.
MILL, ads. ne vouloir pas.
MIMBLE, adj. agile, dispos, vif, actif, leste.
MIMBLENESS, s. agilet, f. activité, f.
MIMBLE, adv. agilement, lestement.
MIMBLE, s. un voluer un filon NIMMER, s. un voleur, un filou. MINE, adj. & s. neuf. NINE-FOLD, s. neuf fois autant, m. NIEL-HOLES, s. troumadame, m. MIRE-PINS, s. quilles, f. jeu de quilles, m. MIRE-SCORE, adj. cent quatre-vingt. MIRETEEN, adj. & s. dix-neuf, m. NINETERSTH, adj. dix-neuvième.
NINETT, adj. de s. quatre-vingt-dix, nonente.
NINETT, adj. de s. quatre-vingt-dix, nonente.
NINETT, adj. de s. quatre-vingt-dix, nonente. MINTH, adj. neuvième. fun imbecile. NINTHLY, adv. neuvièvement. NIBETIETH, adj. quatre-vingt-dixième, nonantième. Manueme.

MIP, s. atteinte, f. coup d'ongles or de dents.

NIP, v. a. pincer, égratigner.

MIPPERS, s. pl. pincettes, f.

MIPPING, adj. fort, piquant, perçant, mor
NIPPINGLY, adv. satiriquement.

NIPPIE, s. le mammeton, le bout de la mammeton. NIT, s. lente, f. NITID, adj. luisant, brillant, lustré. NITRE, s. nitre, m. NITROUS, NITRY, adj. nitreux, plein d nitre. NITTY, adj. plein de lentes. NIVAL, adj. plein de neige. NIVAOUS, adj. couleur de neige. No, adv. non, ne pas, ne point. NO, adj. nul, aucun.
NO BILITATE, v. a. ennoblir, faire noble.
NOBILITY, s. noblesse, f. les nobles, m.
NOBILITY, s. noble, grand, illustre, sublime. MOBLE, NOBLEMAN, s. un noble MOBLENESS, s. noblesse, f. grandeur, f. MOBLY, adv. noblement, splendidement. NOBLY-BORN, adj. noble d'extraction. NOBLY-BURN, ag., none a extraction.

NOCENT, adj. coupable, criminel, nuisible.

NOCEN, s. coche, f. fente, f. fondement, m. octambule, m. & f. Nocturn, s. nocturne, m. NOCTURNAL, adj. nocturne; s. un nocturlabe. Non, s. signe de la tête, m. NOD, v. n. saire signe de la tête, s'asscupir. NODDER, s. qui sait signe de la tête. NODDLE, s. la caboche. Nody, s. un niais, un idiot. Node, s. un nœud, le point d'intersection. Nodostry, s. multitude de nœuds, f. Nodous, adj. noueux, compliqué, difficile. NOGGIN, s. godet, m. gobelet, m

Noise, s. son, m. bruit, m. fracas, m. éclat, m Noise, v. a. faire du bruit, divulguer, publier. Noiseful, adj. bruvant. Noisiness, s. tumulte, m. grand bruit. Noisome, adj. puisible, mauvais. Noisomeness, s. qualité dégoûtante. Noisy, adj. bruyant, pétulant, turbulent. Nombril, s. le rombril de l'écu. Nomenclator, s. nomenclateur, m. NOMENCLATURE, s. vocabulaire, f. Nominal, adj de nom, titulaire, nominal. NOMINALLY, adv. nommement. NOMINATE, v. a. nommer, choisir, designer. Nomination, s. nomination, f. NOMINATIVE, s. & adj. nominatif, m. Non-ability, s. exception, f. Nonage, s. minorité, f. bas age, m. Nonagon, s. nonagone, m.
Non-appearance, s. defaut, m. absence, f. Non-conformist, s. un non-conformiste. NON-CONFORMITY, s. non-conformité, f. None, adj. aucun, nul, personne, pas un. NONENTITY, NONEXISTENCE, s. non-existence, f. rien, m. Nones, s. pl. nones, f. pl. Nonesuch, s. sans pareille, nonpareille, f. NONJUROR, s. nonjurant, m. recusant, m. NONPAREIL, s. nonpareille, f. NON-PERFORMANCE, s. inexecution, f. Nonplus, s. bout, m. embarras; v. a. Nonresidence, s. absence, f. ffondre. NONRESIDENT, s. absent, m Nonresistance, s. obéissance passive, f. NONSERBE, s. absurdité, f. galimatias, m. Nonsersical, adj. absurde, impertinent. Nonsensically, adv. contre le bon sens. NONSENSICALLI, aud. contact e de action.
NONSENSICALNESS, s. absurdité, f.
NONSULVENT, s. & adj. insolvable, m.
NONSULT, s. désertion de cause, f.
NONSULT, r. a. condamner par désertion de NON-TERM, s. vacation, f. [ca NOODLE, s. un niais, un benét, une buse. NOOK, s. coin, m. recoin, m. reduit, m. Noon, s. midi, m. milieu du jour, m. Noon-day, s. midi, m. plein-jour, m. NOONING, s. la méridienne. NOONTIDE, s. & adj. midi, m. de or du midi. NOOSE, s. nœud coulant, piège, m. Noose, v. a. prendre dans un piège. Non, conj. ni et ne. NORTH, s. nord, m. septentrion, m. NORTH, adj. du nord, arctique, septentrional. NORTH-EAST, s. nord-est, m. [tentrional. NORTHERLY, NORTHERN, adj. du nord, sep-NORT STAR, s. l'étoile polaire.
NORTHWARD, NORTHWARDS, adj. vers le nord, au nord. NORTH-WEST, s. nord-ouest, m. NORTH-WIND, s. le vent de bise, le nord, la NORWAY, s. la Norvège. NOSE, s. le nez; v. a. sentir, faire face. NOSEBAND, s. muserole, f. muselière, f. Nosebleed, s. millescuile, f. (plante.) Nosegay, s. un bouquet (de fleurs.) Noseless, adj. sans nez. Nosle, s. le bout (de quelque chose.) Nostril, s. narine, f. les nascaux d'un che-Nostrum, s. remède secret. [val, &c. [val, &c. Not, adv. nou, ne pas, ne point, pas. Notable, adj. notable, remarquable. NOTABLERESS, s. singularité, f. habilité, f. NOTABLY, adr. notablement, beaucoup, très NOTARIAL, adj. notarial, notarié. [fort. NOTARY, s. notaire, m. tabellion, m.

NOTATION, s. marque, f. remarque, f. Nотси, s. coche, f. cran, m. entaille, f. Nотси, v. a entailler, coupe: inégalement. MOTE, s. note, f. marque, f. signe, m. point, m. avis, m. remarque, f. distinction, f. consequence, f. billet, m. errit, m. promesse par écrit, f. Note of hand, billet, m. promesse par écrit. NOTES, s. notes, f. pl. chiffres, m. pl. NOTE, v. a. noter, observer, remarquer. NOTEBOOK, s. souvenir, se. [ble. NOTEBOOK, s. souvenir, se. [tok. NOTED, part. adj. note, fameux, remarque.NOTER, s. qui note, qui fait des remarques. NOTHING, s. rien, m. neant, m. ne pas, ne point, point du tout, aucun nul. Nothikgness, s. néant, m. Notice, s. connoissance, f. avis, m. remarque, f. garde, f. semblant, sa NOTIFICATION, s. declaration, f. avis, m. NOTIFICATION, s. occitation, f. avis, m. NOTIFY, v. a. notifier, declarer.
NOTION, s. notion. f. idee, f. pensée, f. NOTIONAL, adj. ideal, imaginaire, mental.
NOTORIETY, s. notorieté, f. évidence, f. Notorious, adj. notoire, public, evident. Notoriously, adv. notoirement. Notoriousness, s. évidence, f. publicité, f. Notwithstanding, conj. nonobstant, malgrė. Nought, s. rien, m. néaut, m. zéro, m. Noun, s. un nom. [fomentir. Nourish, c. a. nourrir, alimenter, entretenir, Nourishable, adj. qui peut être nourri. NOURISHER, s. nourricier, m. Nourishing, adj. nourrissant, nutritif. Nourishment, s. nourriture, f. aliment, m. Nousel, r. a. & n. nourrir, attraper. NOVALE, c. novale, f. NOVATION, s. impovation, f. novation, f. NOVATOR, s. novateur, m. Novel, adj. nouveau, nouvel. Novel, s. nouvelle, f. historiette, Novelist, s. novelle, f. historiette, f.
Novelist, s. novateur, m. nouveliste, m. Novelty, s. nouveauté, f. NOVEMBER, s. Novembre. NOVENARY, s. neuf, m. Novercal, adj. de marâtre Novice, s. apprenti, m. novice, m. NOVICIATE, s. noviciat, m. apprentissage, m. Novity, s. nouveauté, f. Now, adv. à présent, maintenant. Now and then, quelquefois, de temps en temps. Now, conj. or; s. le moment présent Now-A-DAYS, adv. aujourd'hui, à-présent. Nowhere, adv. nullepart. Nowise, adv. nullement. Noxtous, adj. nuisible, malfaisant, malsain. Noxiouskes, s. qualité nuisible, f. Noxiouske, adv. d'une manière nuisible. Nozzle, s. le nez, le bout, tuyau, m. NUBILE, adj. nubile. NUBILOUS, adj. nebuleux, sombre. [ment. NUDDLE-ALONG, r. n. aller vite et negligem-NUDE, adj. nud, simple, vide, dépouité. NUDE, adj. nud, simple, vide, depounde. NUDITY, s. nudité, f. parties nues. NUEL, s. noyau, m. vis, m. NUGACITY, s. frivolité, f. badinage, m. NUGATORY, adj. badin, futile, frivole. NUISANCE, s. dommage, m. tort, m. NULL, adj. nul, invalide, sans force. NU L, r.a. annuller, invalider, casser. NULLIFY, r. a. annuller, casser, rendre nul. NULLITY, s. mullité, f. non-existence. m. Num B. adj. engourdi ; r. a. engourdir. NUMBER, s. nombre, m. numero, m.

NUMBER, v. a. nombrer, compter, supputer. NUMBERER, s. celui qui compte. NUMBERLESS, adj. innombrable, sans nombre. NUMBRESS, s. engourdissement. m.
NUMBRESS, s. engourdissement. m.
NUMBRABLE, adj. qui peut se compter.
NUMBRAL, adj. numéral, qui marque un nombre. NUMERALLY, adr. selon le nombre. NUMERARY, adj. qui regarde un certain NUMERATION, s. numération, f. [nombre. NUMERATOR, s. numérateur, m. NUMERICAL, adj. numérique, de nombre. Numero, s. numéro, m. nombre, m. Numerosity, s. grand nombre, harmonie, f NUMEROUS, adj. nombreux, harmonicux. NUMEROUS, ad., noindreax, narmonicax.
Numerous, ad., numismatique.
Numerous, ad., numismatique.
Numerous, ad., qui regarde la monnoie.
Numerous, ad., qui regarde la monnoie.
Numerous, aune bête, un hébété.
Nun, s. un religieuse, une nonne.
Nunchion, s. le goûté. NUNCIATURE, s. nonciature, f. Nuncio, s. nonco, m.
Nuncupative, Nuncupatory, adj. noncupatif, verbal. NUNDINAL, NUNDINARY, adj. nundinate. NUNNERY, s. un couvent de religieuses. NUPTIAL, adj. nuptial, de noces, conjugal. NUPTIALS, s. le mariage, les noces, f. pl. NURSE, s. une nourrice, une garde. NURSE, v. a. nourrir, élever, garder. NURSERY, s. la condition d'une nourrice, un nourrisson, l'endroit où l'on éleve des enfans à la mammelle, une pépinière d'arbres, un séminaire de jeunes geus NURSLING, s. un nourrisson. NURTURE, s. nourriture, f. éducation, f. NURTURE, v. a. nourrir, élever. Nust LE, v. a. mignarder, dorloter. Nut, s. noix, f. noisette, f. A wall-met, une grosse noix. Hazel-met or Small met, une noisette. A Chest-met, une chataigne. Nut of a printing-press, crow de presse, m. Nut of a cross-bose or grow, la noix d'une arhalète or d'une arme à feu. Nut-BROWN, adj. chatain. NUT-CRACKERS, s. un casse-poisette. NUT-GALL, s. noix de galle, f.
NUTMEG, s. noix muscade, f. muscade, f.
NUTRIMENT, NUTRITION, s. murition, f. NUTRITIOUS, NUTRITIVE, adj. nourrissant. NUTRITURE, s. qualité nutritive, f. NUTSHELL, s. écale de noix, f. NUT-TREE, s. noyer, m. noisettier, m. NUZZLE, v. a. & n. nourrir, fouiller, se ca-Nymph, s. nymphe, f. [cl Nymphat., Nymphous, adj. de nympho. Cher.

O, interf. O! ha! plût à Dien!
OAF, s. un bébété, un imbécille.
OAFISH, adf. stupide, imbécille, sumps.
OAFISH, adf. stupidité, f. imbécillié, f.
OAK, s. chêne, m. bois du chêne, m. Hofm
oak, s. yeuse, f. chêne vert, m.
The gallbearing aak, rouve, m.
OAK-APPLEfs. noix de galle, f.
OAK-R. adf. de chêne.
OAK-GROVE, s. chênaic, f. bois pluté de
chênes, m.
OAKUM, s. fil de carret, m.
OAR, s. rame, f.; v. n. & a. ramer
OAR, s. rame, f.; v. n. & a. ramer

[phòme, m. || OATEN, adj. d'avoine. OATH, s. serment, m. jurement, m. blas-OATHERLAND, s. un parjure.
OATHERL, s. gruau or farine d'avoine, m. f.
OATS, s. avoine, f. Wild-oats, haveron, m. OBDUCE, v. a. couvrir, enduire, revêtir, ca-OBDURACY, s. endurcissement, m. [cher. OBDURATE, adj. endurci ; v. a. endurcir. OBDURATELY, adv. obstinement. OBDURATENESS, OBDURATION, s. endurcissement, m. OBEDIENCE, s. obéissance, f. soumission, f. OBEDIENT, adj. obéissant, soumis. OBEDIENTLY, adr. avec obéissance. OBEISANCE, s. révérence, f. prosternation, f. OBELISK, s. obelisque, m. OBERRATION, s. l'action d'errer ça et là. OBESE, adf. gras, extrêmement replet.
OBESENESS, OBESITY, s. obesité, f.
OBEY, v. a. obeir, obtemperer. OBJECT, s. objet, m. sujet, m. matière, m. OBJECT, v. a. objecter, opposer, exposer. OBJECTGLASS, s. verre objectif. OBJECTION, s. objection, f. difficulté, f. reproche, m. OBJECTIVE, adj. objectif. OBJECTOR, s. celui qui fait des objections. OBIT, s. obit, m. [procher. OBJURGATE, v. a. censurer, reprimander, re-OBJURGATION, s. censure, f. réprimande, f. OBJURGATORY, adj. plein de reproches. OBLAT, s. oblat, m. moine lai, m. OBLATE, adj. apleti vers less poles.
OBLATE, adj. apleti vers less poles.
OBLATION, s. oblation, f. offrande, f.
OBLECTATION, s. délices, f. pl. joie, f. OBLIGATE, v. a. obliger par contrat. [m. OBLIGATION, s. obligation, f. engagement,
OBLIGATORY, adj. obligatoire. [sir.
OBLIGE, s. a. obliger, contraindre, faire plaiOBLIGE, s. celui à qui l'on a imposé une
obligation. OBLIGEMENT, s. obligation, f.
OBLIGEMENT, s. celui qui oblige par contrat.
OBLIGEN, s. celui qui oblige par contrat.
OBLIGING, adj. obligeant, officieux, honnête. UBLIGINGLY, adv. obligeamment OBLIGINGNESS, s. obligation, f. civilité, f. OBLIQUE, adj. oblique, de biais, de travers, insidieux. OBLIQUELY, adv. obliquement. OBLIQUENESS, OBLIQUITY, s. obliquité, f. OBLITERATE, v. a. effacer, détruire. OBLITERATION, s. l'action d'effacer, de dé-OBLIVION, s. oubli, m. [truire. OBLIVIOUS, adj. oablieux. OBLONG, adj. oblong. [sure, f. QBLOQUY, s. médisance, f. blame, m. cen-OBMUTESCENCE, s. perte de la parole, Obnoxious, adj. sujet, exposé, coupable. Obnoxiously, adv. dans un état de sujétion. OBNOXIOUSNESS, s. sujetion, f. OBRUBILATE, v. a. obscurer, rendre obscur.
OBOLE, s. obole, f. petit poids de douze
OBREPTION, s. obreption, f. [grains. OBREPTITIOUS, adj. obreptice. [modeste. OBSCENE, adj. obscene, sale, impudique, im-OBSCENELY, adv. d'une manière obscène. OBSCENENESS, OBSCENITY, s. obscénité, f. OBSCURATION, s. obscurcissement, m. OBSCURE, adj. obscur, tenebreux, bas. OBSCURE, v. a. obscurcir. cclipser, effacer. OBSCURELY, adr. obscurément. OBSCURENESS, OBSCURITY, s. obscurité, f. OBSECRATE, v. o. prier, supplier, conjurer. OBSECRATION, s supplication, f. instance, f.

OBSEQUIOUS, a. pl. obseques, f. pl. OBSEQUIOUS, adj. comptainent, condant OBSEQUIOUSLY, adv. avec condescendance OBSEQUIOUSNESS, s. complaisance, f. OBSERVABLE, adj. notable, remarquable. OBSERVABLY, acv. d'une manière remar quable. OBSERVANCE, s. respect, m. égard, m. sou mission, f. pratique, f. observance, f. Observance, f. Observant, adj. attentif, exact, soigneux. OBSERVATION, s. observation, f. remarque OBSERVATOR, s. observateur, m. OBSERVATORY, s. observatoire, m. OBSERVE, v. a. observer, remarquer, garder. OBSERVER, s. observateur, m. OBSERVINGLY, adv. attentivement. OBSOLETE, adj. vieux, suranné, hors d'usage. OBSOLETENESS, s. état de ce qui est suranné. OBSTACLE, s. obstacle, m. empêchement, m. OBSTETRICE, adj. qui accouche. OBSTINACY, s. obstination, f. opiniatrete, f. OBSTINATE, adj. obstine, opiniatre, entier OBSTINATELY, adv. obstinement. OBSTINATENESS, s. obstination, f. opiniâtreié, OBSTREPEROUS, adj. bruyant, étourdissant. OBSTRICTION, s. obligation, f. lien, m. OBSTRUCT, r. a. boucher, fermer, obstruer. OBSTRUCTER, s. celui qui empêche. OBSTRUCTION, s. obstruction, f. opposition, f. OBSTRUCTIVE, OBSTRUENT, adj. obstructif. OBTAIN, v. a. obtenir, acquerir; v. n. s'établir, prevaloir, s'emporter.

OBTAINABLE, adj. qu'on peut procurer.

OBTAINER, s. celui qui obtient, qui remporte OBTAINING, s. obtention, f. [temperer. OBTEMPERATE, v. n. obeir, se soumettre, ob-OBTEMPERATION, s. obcissance, f. OBTEND, v. a. opposer, prétendre. OBTEST, v. a. demander, conjurer. OBTESTATION, s. supplication, f. prière, f. instance, f. OBTRECTATION, s. médisance, f.
OBTRUDE, v. a. intruire, introduire, établir par violence or par fraude, imposer, se OBTRUSION, s. intrusion, J OBTUSE, adj. obtus, sourd Tourrer. OBTUSENESS, s. stupidité, f. OBTUSION, s. l'action d'émousser. OBUMBRATE, v. a. ombrager, couvrir d'ombre: Obvention, s. profits, m. pl. casuel, m. OBVERT, v. n. tourner vers. [vant. OBVIATE, v. c. obvier, prévenir, aller au de-OBVIOUS, adj. commun, sensible, clair. OBVICELY, adv. evidemment, clairement. OBVIOUSNESS, s. clarte, f. évidence, f. Occasion, s. occasion, f. cause, f. besoin, m Occasion, r. a. occasionner, causer. Occasional, adj. accidentel, casuel, ocrasionnel. OCCIDENT, s. l'occident, m. [cident. OCCIDENTAL, adj. d'ouest, occidental, d'oc-OCCIDUOUS, adj. caduc, qui est sur son déclin. OCCIPITAL, adj. occipital. Occiput, s. occiput, m. Occision, s. meurtre, m. carnage, m. Occult, adj. occulte, secret, caché. OCCUPATION, s. occultation, f. OCCUPANCY, s. prise de possession, f. OCCUPANT, s. possesseur, m. OCCUPATE, v. a. posséder, tenir, occuper. OCCUPATION, s. possession, f. occupation, f OCCUPIER, s. possesseur, m. tenancier, m. Occupy, r. a. occuper, remplir, tenir

Occur v. n. se présenter, se rencontrer. Occurrence, s. événement, m. accident, m. Occurrent, adj. accidentel, casuel. Occursion, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. OCEAN, s. l'ocean, m. ; adj. de l'ocean. OCHRE, s. ocre, f. (sorte de terre.) OCHREOUS, OCHERY, adj. d'ocre. OCTAGON, s. octogone, m OCTAGONAL, OCTANGULAR, adj. octogone. OCTAVE, s. octave, f. OCTAVO, adj. in-octavo OCTENNIAL, adj. de huit aus. OCTOBER, s. Octobre, m. OCTOGENARY, adj. octogénuire. Ocular, adj. oculaire. Oculate, adj. clairvoyant, qui a de bon Oculist, s. oculiste, m.
Oculus Christi, s. orvale OCULUS sauvage (berte), f.
ODD, adj. impair, non pair, déparié, dépareillé, étrange, extraordinaire, bizarre, malheureux, mauvais, au delà (d'un nombre déterminé.)
ODDLY, adv. étrangement, en nombre impair. Oddres, a. bizarrerie, f. singularité, f. Oddres, a. différence, f. disparité, f. avantage, m. le dessus, différent, m. Odd, a. de, f. (poème lyrique.)
Oddous, adj. odieux, haissable, détestable. Optously, adv. odieusement. ODIOUSNESS, s. énormité, f. atrocité, f. ODIUM, s. faute, f. blame, m. ODORTALGICE, adj. odontalgique. [odorant. ODORATE, ODORAFEROUS, ODOROUS, adj. ODOUR, s. odenr, f. senteur, f. OECONOMICAL, OECONOMICK, adj. econo-OECONOMICKS, s. economie, f. [mique. ORCONOMY, s. économie, f. [universel. OECUMENICAL, adj. écuménique, général, OEDEMA, s. cedème, f. (tumeur.) OEDEMATICE, OEDEMATOUS, adj. cedema-O'ER for OVER, which see. Steux. OESOPHAGUS, s. cesophage, m. Or, prep. de, du, de la, des, en, par. Of old, Or, prep. de, du, de la, dea, en, par. Of old, anciessement, jadis, autreois.
Off, ado de, étoigné or hors, quitte de. Far off, loin. A great way off, fort loin. Off the cape of, a la hanteur du cap de. Off with your hat, chapean has. To be off with a thing, être dégoûté d'une chose. I sm off, je n'en suis plus, je m'en dédis. To be well off, se tirer heureusement d'affaire. To be off and on, être irrésolu.
Off-hand, adv. d'abord, sur le champ.
Off-ral, s. bribe, f. relief, m. rebut, m.
Off-ral, s. bribe, f. relief, m. rebut, m.
pêché, m. affront, m. injure, f. peine, f. To give offence, offenser, faire un affront. To give offence, offenser, faire un affront. take offence at, s'offenser, se choquer de. taze ogence at, somenser, se choquer de. Offenceful, adj. injurieux. Offenceless, adj. innocent. Offenceless, adj. innocent. Offenceless, v. a. offenser, injurier, incommonder, blesser; v. w. faillir, pecher. Offenceless, addinguant, m. malfaiteur, m. OFFERSIVE, adj. offensant, injurieux, malfai-[sivement. sant, mauvais, offensif. OFFENSIVELY, adr. injurieusement, offen-OFFERSIVENESS, 1. qualité nuisible, injure, OFFER, c. offre, f proposition, f. OFFER, E. a. offrir, presenter, proposer, tenter, faire, porter, commencer, exposer; r. n. s'offi ir, se présenter, entreprendre, s'engager, proposer, prétendre.

OFFERER, s. celui qui fait une offrande. OFFERING, s. offerioire (de la messe,) m.
OFFERING, s. offerioire (de la messe,) m.
OFFERING, s. offer, m. charge, f. place, f. emploi, m. dignité, f. usage, m. action, f. bareau, m. comptoir, m. service, m. plaisir. m. office (d'une maison,) les commodités, f. la garderobe. OFFICER, s. un officier, un sergent. OFFICERED, adj. commandé.
OFFICIAL, s. official, m.; adj. officiel.
OFFICIALTY, s. officialité, f. OFFICIATE, v. a. administrer; v n. officier. OFFICINAL, adj. qui appartient à une bos-OFFICIOUS, adj. officieux, serviable. [tique, OFFICIOUSLY, adv. officieusement OFFICIOUSNESS, s. bonte f. bienveillance, f. OFFING, s. le largue, f. (termo de marin.)
OFFSCOURING, s. les lavures, f. pl. Offset, s. bourgeon, m. rejeton, m. Offseting, s. posterité, f. race, f. lignée, f. OFFUSCATE, v. a. offusquer, obscureir. OFFUSCATE, v. a. oursquer, onscura.

OFT, OFTEN, OFTTIMES, OFTENTIMES,
adv. souvent, frequentment, plusieurs fois.

OGLE, v. a. lorgner, regarder du coin de l'esil.

OGLE, s. coup d'geil, m. ceillade, f. OGLER, s. lorgueur, m. lorgueuse, f. OGLIO, s. oille, f. salmigondis, m. OH, interj. O! oh! helas! ouf! ha! OIL, s. buile, f.; v. a. huiler. OIL-BOTTLE, s. bouteille à l'huile, OIL-COLOUR, s. couleur à l'huile, f.
OILLEURES, s. huile, f. graisse, f. oncinosité, f.
OILMAN, s. vendeur d'huile, sa. OILT, adj. huileux, oléagineux, onctuenz, OIKT, r. a. oindre. gras. OINTHENT, s. onguent, m.
OLD, adj. vieux, viel, agé, usé, ancien, antique, suramé, qui dure depuis long-temps.
OF OLD, adv. jadis, autrelois. OF 61.D, act. jacis, autreion.

OLDER, adj. plus vieux, plus âgé.
OLDEST, adj. le plus vieux, le plus âgé. [lar.
OLDISH, adj. vieillot, qui commence à vieilOLDNESS, e. vieillesse, f. antiquité, f.
OLEAGINOUS, adj. oléagineux, huileux, opeOLEAGINOUS, adj. oléagineux, huileux, opeOLEAGINOUS SES, e. oncluosité, f. [lueux. OLEASTER, s. olivier sauvage, m. OLFACTORY, adj. olfactoire, qui sert à l'odo-OLID, OLIDOUS, adj. puant, fétide. [rat. OLIGARCHICAL, adj. oligarchique, aristocratique. CTAIQUE.

OLIGARCHY, s. oligarchie, f. sristocratie, f
OLITORY, adj. qui concerne le jardin potagar.
OLIVASTER, adj. olivâtre.
OLIVE, s. olivier, m. olive, f.
OLYMPIAD, s. olympiade, f. 4 ans.
OLYMPIAN, OLYMPICK, adj. olympique.
OLYMPUS, s. Olympe, ss. olympique.
OMERE, s. bombre. f. (sieu de cartes.) OMBRE, s. hombre, f. (jeu de cartes.)
OMELET, s. une omelette or aumulette OMEN, s. augure, m. presage, m. OMENTUM, s. la coiffe qui couvre les be-OMINATE, r. a. presager, augurer.
OMINOUS, adj. de mauvais augure.
OMINOUSLY, adn. d'une manière qui presage Omission, s. omission, f. manquement, m. Omit, v. a. omettre, laisser, oublier. OMNIFARIOUS, adj. de toute espèce.
OMNIFARIOUS, adj. qui produit toutes choses.
OMNIFORM, adj. qui a toutes les formes.
OMNIFORM, adj. de toute espèce.
[sea.
OMNIFARENT, adj. qui produit toutes choOMNIFARENT, adj. qui produit toutes choissance, f.

OMNIPOTENT, adj. tout puissant. OMNIPRESENCE, s. immensité, f. OMNIPRESENT, adj. qui est présent par-tout. MHISCIENCE, s. connoissance infinie. OMBISCIENT, adj. qui sait tout.
OMOLOGY, s. ressemplance, f. conformité, f.
OMPHALOFTICE, adj. & s. omphaloptre.
OMOPLATE, s. omophate, f.
OM, prep. sur, à, au, aux, de, du, dela, en, dans. On a sudden, tout d'un coup, tout à coup. On foot or on horseback, à pied ou à cheval. On purpose, à dessein, exprès. On the contrary, an contraire.

OF, ast. de suite. On, à la suite des verbes exprime la conti-nuation de leur action. To play on, con-tinuer de jouer. To go on, continuer de marcher, passer outre. ONCE, adv. une fois, autrefois, jadis. At once, tout d'un temps, en même temps. All at ence, tout à la fois, tout d'un coup. Onn, adj. & s. un, le même, une personne, quelqu'un, tel, on, l'on, l'un, l'autre. One's, son, sa, ses OHE-EYED, adj. borgne, qui n'a qu'un œil. OHE-HANDED, adj. manchet. ONEIROCRITICK, s. interprète des songes, m. ONEIRESS, s. unité, f. ONERARY, adj. de charge, de bât. ONERATE, v. a. charger, accabler. OFEROUS, adj. onereux, accablant. Owion, s. un oignon. OKLY, adj. seul, unique. ment. ORLY, adv. seulement, uniquement, simple-Onomancy, s. l'art de deviner par le moyeu Onser, s. attaque, f. [des noms, m. ONSET, s. attaque, f. ORSLAUGHT, s. assaut, m.
ORTOLOGY, s. l'ontologie, f. la metaphysique. ONWARD, adv. en avant, progressivement.
ONTA, s. ouyx, m. espèce d'agathe.
OZE, s. boue, f. vase, f. merais, m.
OOZE, v. n. couler doucement, sninter. Oozy, adj. boueux, marecageux, de marais. OPACATE, v. a. obscureir, ombrager. OPACITY, s. opacité, f.
OPACOUS, OPAQUE, adj. opaque.
OPEN, v. a. & n. ouvrir, découvrir, commeucer, fendre, percer, entamer. OPEN, adj. ouvert, découvert, évident, clair, détlaré, sincère, franc, commencé. OPENER, s. celui qui ouvre, qui explique.
OPENERED, adj. soigneux, vigilant, attentif.
OPENHANDED, adj. genereux, liberal.
OPENHANTED, adj. ouvert, franc, sincre. OPENLY, adv. ouverture, f. ouverture, f. openly, adv. ouvertement, clairement.
OPEN-NOUTHED, adj. gueule béante.
OPENNESS, s. clarté, f. évidence, f. franches.
Chise, f. OPERABLE, adj. praticable. OPERATE, v. n. opérer, agir, avoir son effet. OPERATION, s. operation, f. action, f. OPERATIVE, adj. qui opere, efficace, actif. OPERATOR, s. un ouvrier, un opérateur. OPEROSE, adj. laborieux, pénible, fatigant. OPHTHALMICK, adj. & s. ophthalmique. OPHTHALMY, s. ophthalmie, f. [cotique. OPIATE, s. spiat, m. ; edj. soporifique, nar-OPINE, v. n. opiner, penser, juger.
OPINIATIVE, adj. opiniatre, imaginaire. OPINIATOR, s. un homme attaché à ses idées. OPINIATRE, adj. opiniatre, obstiné.
OPINIATRETY, OPINIATRY, s. opiniatreté, f. OPINION s opinion, f. pensee, f. avis, m.

OPIEM, s. opium, m. OPPIDAN, s. habitant de la ville, m. ()PPIGNERATE, v. a. mettre en gage OPPILATE, v. a. opiler, causer quelque ob OPPILATION, s. opilation. struction OPPILATIVE, adj. opilatif, obstructif. OPPONENT, s. antagoniste, m. OPPORENT, adj. opposé, contraire. [pre. OPPORTUNE, adj. à propos, convenable, pro-OPPORTUNELY, adu. à propos, convenable-OPPORTUNITY, s. occasion, f. OPPOSE, v. a. & n. résister, combattre, s'op-OPPOSELESS, adj. irresistible. [poser. OPPOSER, s. antagoniste, m. adversaire, m. OPPOSITE, adj. oppose, contraire. [rival, m. OPPOSITE, s. antagoniste, m. oppose, m. OPPOSITE, OPPOSITELY, adv. vis-à-vis OPPRESS, v. a. opprimer, accabler. OPPRESSION, s. oppression, f. accablement, OPPRESSIVE, adj. tyrannique, accablant. OPPRESSOR, s. oppresseur, m. tyran, m. OPPROBRIOUS, adf. injurieux, offensant. OPPROBRIOUSLY, adv. injurieusement. OPPROBRIOUSNESS, s. honte, f. [ser. OPPUGN, v. a. combattre, empêcher, s'oppo-OPPUGNANCY, s. opposition, f. OPPUGNER, s. adversaire, m. & f. antago-OPTABLE, adj. desirable. [niste, m. Iniste, m. OPTATIVE, udj. optatif. OPTICAL, adj. optique. OPTICIAN, s. opticien, f. OPTICK, adj. visuel, optique. OPTICES, s. la vue, les yeux, m. l'optique, f. OPTIMACY, s. les nobles, la noblesse OPTIMITY, s. le meilleur, optimisme, m. OPTION, s. option, f. choix, m. OPULENCE, OPULENCY, s. epulence, f. ri-OPULENT, adj. opulent, riche. [chesses, f. [chesses, f. OPULENTLY, adv. opulemment. OPUSCULE OF OPUSCLE, s. opuscule, m.
OR, conj. ou. Or else, ou bien, autrement.
Or ever, avant que. Or, (in heraldry) or. ORACH, s. (an herb) arroche, f.
ORACLE, s. oracle, m. un prophète. foracles. ORACULAR, ORACULOUS, adj. qui rend des ORACULOUSLY, adv. comme un oracle. ORAISON, s. prière, f. oraison, f. ORAL, adj. oral, vocal. Orally, adv. de bouche, de vive voix.

Orange, s. orange, f.; orange sherbes, orangeade, f.; orange chips, orangeat, m.; orange tree, un orangier ; orange house, une orangerie. ORANGERY, s. orangerie, f. ORATION, s. oraison, f. harangue, f.
ORATION, s. oraiton, f. harangue, f.
ORATORY, s. éboquence, f. l'art oratoire.
ORB, s. orbe, m. orbit, f. globe, m. sphere,
f. étoile, f. période, f. ORBED, ORBICULAR, adj. orbiculaire, rond. ORBICULARLY, adv. en rond, orbiculaire-Orbiculated, adj. fait en orbe. ORBIT, s. orbite (d'une planète,) f. ORCHANET, s. (an herb) orcanette, f. ORCHARD, s. un verger. ORCHESTRE, s. l'orchestre or orquestre, m. ORCHIS, s. (a plant) orchis, m ORDAIN, v. a. ordonner, etablir, destiner. ORDAINER, s. celui qui ordonne. ORDEAL, s. ordalie, f. epreuve, f preuve, ORDER, s. ordre, m. arrangement, m. règ ment, m. règle, f. ordonnance, f discipline

f. manière, devoir, m. commandement. In || OSCILLATORY, adj. oscillatoire, order, à dessein, pour, afin que. ORDER, v. a. ordonner, régler, commander. ORDERER, s. ordonnateur, m. ORDERING, s. l'action d'ordonner, conduite, f. ordonnance, f. maniement, m. ORDERLESS, adv. en désordre, irrégulier, confus ORDERLY, adj. régulier, réglé, sage. ORDERLY, adv. en ordre, par ordre. [m ORDINAL, adj. ordinal, d'ordre; s. rituel, ORDINANCE, s. ordonnance, f. loi, f. statut, ORDINARILY, adv. ordinairement. ORDINARY, adj. ordinaire, commun ORDINARY, s. ordinaire, m. table d'hôte, f. ORDINATE, adj. regulier; v. a. designer. ORDINATION, s. ordination, f. ORDINATION, s. ordination, f.
ORDINATION, s. artillerie, f. canons, m. pl.
ORDINE, s. ordine, f. salete, f. vilenie, f.
ORE, s. mine, f. mineral, m. metal, m.
ORGAL, s. lie de vin séché, f. ORGAN, s. organe, m. orgue or orgues, f. ORGANICAL, ORGANICK, adj. organique. ORGANICALLY, adv. par le moyen d'organes. ORGANIST, s. organiste, m. ORGANIZATION, s. organisation, f. ORGANIZE, v. a. organiser. ORGAN-PIPE, s. tuyau d'orgue, m. ORGASM, s. orgasme, m. ORGEAT, s. orgeat, m. ORGEIS, ORKNEY-LING, s. sorte de morue. ORGIES, s. orgies, f. [lant. ORIENT, s. l'orient, m. l'est, m.; adj. bril-ORIENTAL, adj. oriental, à l'orient. ORIENTALS, s. les orientaux. ORIFICE, s. orifice, m. ouverture, f. entrée, f. ORIFLAMB or AURIFLAMB, s. orifiamme, f. ORIGAN, s. marjolaine sauvage, f. origan, m. ORIGIN, s. origine, f. principe, m.
ORIGINAL, s. original, m. archetype, m.
ORIGINAL, adj. original, original, primitif, ORIGINALLY, adv. originairement. ORIGINALNESS, s. originalité, f. [tif. ORIGINARY, adj. originaire, primitif, produc-ORIGINATE, v. a. produire, engendrer. ORIGINATION, s. generation, f. origine, f. ORION, s. Orion, m. Orison, s. oraison, f. prière, f. Orison, s. hourque, f. Oricop, s. bas point d'une navire, m. ORNAMENT, s. ornement, m. decoration, f. ORNAMENTAL, adj. qui sert d'ornement.
ORNAMENTAL, adj. qui sert d'ornement.
ORNAMENTALLY, adv. pour parure.
ORPHAN, s. orphelin, m. orpheline, f.
ORPHANISM, s. l'état d'un orphelin. ORPIMENT, s. orpin, m. orpiment, m. ORPINE, s. orpiu, m. chicotin, ss. (plante.) ORRIS, s. passement, m ORTHODOX, adj. orthodoxe. ORTHODOXLY, adv. d'une manière orthodoxe. ORTHODOXY, s. orthodoxie, f. ORTHOGON, s. orthogone, m. rectangle, m. ORTHOGRAPHER, s. orthographiste, m. ORTHOGRAPHICAL, adj. orthographique. ORTHOGRAPHIZE, e. a. orthographier. ORTHOGRAPHY, s. orthographie, f. ORTIVE, adj. ortive, oriental. ORTOLAN, s. ortolan, m. ORTS, s. restes, m. reliefs, m.
ORVAL, s. orvale, f. (sorte d'herbe.)
ORVIETAN, s. orviétan, m. antidote, m. OSCILLATION s. oscillation, f.

OSCITANCY, OSCITATION, s. negligence, OSCITANT, adj. endormi, lache. OSIER, s. osier, m. arbrisseau. OSPRAY, s. orfraie, f. oiseau de proie. OSSELET, s. (a horse's disease) osselet, m. Ossicle, s. osselet, m. petit os. Ossification, s. ossification, f. Ossify, v. a. ossifier. OSSIFRAGE, s. sorte d'aigle, l'orfraie, f. Ossivorous, adj. qui devore les os. Ossuary, s. charnier, m. OSTENSIVE, adj. qui montre, qui indique. OSTENT, s. prodige, m. augure, m. air, m. OSTENTATION, s. ostentation, f. faste, m. OSTENTATIOUS, adj. vain, fastueux. OSTERTATIOUSLY, adv. fastueuscement.
OSTERTATIOUSLY, adv. fastueuscement.
OSTERY, s. embouchure, f. portier d'Egliss
OSTLER, s. valet d'écurie, s. palfrenier, s. OSTRACISM, s. ostracisme, m. OSTRICH, s. autruche, f.
OSTRICH, s. autruche, f.
Others, les autres, au OTHERGUISE, adj. d'une autre espèce. OTHER WHERE, adr. ailleurs. OTHER WHILE, adv. tantôt. OTHERWISE, adv. autrement, d'ailleurs. OTTER, s. loutre, f. OTTOMAN, adj. & s. Ottoman. Ought, s. quelque chose, f.; v. imp. fallois devoir. For ought, à ce que, autant que. OUNCE, s. once, f. Our, pron. poss. notre, nos, à nous. (lurs, le nôtre, la nôtre, les nôtre, à nous. OURSELVES, pron. recipr. nous mêmes. Ouse, s. tan, m. écorce de tanneur, f. Ousel, s. sorte de merle. Oust, r.a. oter, pousser, dehors. Out, prep. hors, dehors. Out of, sans, hore, par, à, de, avec, outre, au delà. Book out of print, livre dont l'édition est épuiser. of praint, livre dont recition est epuisor; out of patience, qui a perdu patience; out of humour, de mauvaise humeur; out of order, en désorder; out of the way, absent; out of kindness, par amité; out of design, à dessein; out of hand, de la main, incontinent; out of measure, outre mesure: out of pockst, débourné. déboursé. Out, adv. expiré, passé, fini, accompti, usé, fait, jusqu'au bout, d'un bout à l'autre, en entier, haut, sans contrainte. Our, interj. qu'on le chasse. Foin de lui! Out, s. (in printing) un bourdon. Out, v. a. chasser, dépouiller, déposséder. OUT-ACT, v. a. outrer. OUT-BALANCE, v. a. prépondérer, l'emporter OUT-BID, v. a. enchérir sur, augmenter, OUT-BIDDER, s. cachérisseur, m. OUT-BORN, s. étranger, m. OUT-BOUND, adj. chargé pour l'étranger. OUT-BRAVE, v. a. braver, affronter. OUT-BRAZEN, v. a. soutenir en face. OUT-BREATHED, part. hors d'haleine. OUT-CASE, s. étui extérieur. Out-cast, adj. chassé, banni, exilé OUT-CAST, s. un banni, un exilé, rebut m OUT-CAS, s. an isanii, an exac, feba, m.
OUT-CAY, s. cri, m. clameur, f. bruit, s.
OUT-DARE, v. a. défier, oser passer au delà
OUT-DATE, v. a. antidater, abolir, abroger.
OUT-BO, v. a. surpasser. [sédé, privé
OUT-BO, part. adj. chassé, déposiblé, dépos OUTER, adj. de dehors, extérieur. OUTERLY, adv. extérieurement, à l'extérieur

OUTERMOST, adj. le plus exterieur. [face. Out-face, s. a. braver, nier or soutenir en Out-flt, s. s. voler plus haut, s'envoler. OUT-FORM, s. extérieur, m. apparence, f. OUTGATE, s. issue, f. passage, m. sortie, f. OUTGATE, v. a. donner plus. Outeo, v. a. devancer, surpasser. Out-going, s. issue, f. sortie, f. avance, f. OUT-GROW, v. a. devenir plus grand. OUT-GEOW, v. a. devenir plus grand.
OUT-GER, o. grande avancée.
OUT-JEER, OUT-JEST, v. n. railler mieux.
OUT-JUTTING, adj. saillam; e. saillie, f.
OUTLANDISS, adj. ciranger.
OUT-LAST, v. a. durer davantage. OUTLAW, s. proscrit, m. ; v. a. proscrire. OUTLAW, s. procert, ..., v. a. procerte. Outlawn, s. procerte. [...]
OUT-LEAP, s. saillie, f. échappée, f. escapade, OUT-LEAP, s. franchir en sautant. OUTLET, s. insue, f. écoulement, m. sortie, f. OUTLET, s. ligne extérieure, contour, m. OUTLIVE, v. a. survivre. OUTLIVER, s. survivant. OUT-LUSTRE, v. a. effacer, eclipser. OUT-LOOK, v. a. regarder fixement or en face. OUT-LYING, adf. extraordinaire, éloigné de. OUT-HUMBER, v. a. surpasser en nombre. OUT-MARCH, OUT-PACE, v. a. devancer. OUTMOST, adj. le plus en dehors OUT-PARISH, s. paroisse des faubeurgs. OUT-PART, s. partie éloignée du centre. OUT-PARTERS, s. certains bandits d'Ecoss OUT-PENSIONER, s. pensionnaire externe. OUTRAGE, s. violence, f. ernauté, f. outrage, OUTRAGE, v. a. outrager. OUTRAGEOUS, adj. furieux, cruel, atroce. OUTRAGEOUSLY, adr. avec violence. OUTRAGEOUSNESS, s. violence, f. fureur, f. OUT-REACH, v. a. sHer au delà, passer. OUT-RIDERS, s. pl. sergens à cheval. OUTRIGHT, adr. d'abord, sur le champ, sans OUTROAD, s. excursion, f. [contrainte. Our-Root, r. a. déraciner, extirper. OUT-RUN, v.a. courir plus vite, devancer. OUT-SALL, v. a. être meilleur voilier. OUT-SCORN, v. a. injurier, mépriser. OUT-SELL, v. a. vendre trop cher, survendre. Очт-вили, v. a. surpasser en éclat, briller. Очт-виоот, v. a. tirer an delà or plus loin. OUTSIDE, s. dehors, m. surface, f. superficie, f. Papparence, f. Pextérieur.
OUT-SLEEP, v. a. dormir plus long-temps. OUT-SPEAK, v. a. parler trop or s'appeantir OUT-SPREAD, v. a. répandre. [sur. OUT-SPREAD, v. a. soutenir, résister, demeu-OUT-STREET, s. rue du faubourg. [rer. [sur. OUT-STRETCH, v. a. étendre. OUT-STRIP, v. a. devancer, surpasser. OUT-SWEAR, v. a. jurer plus qu'un autre. OUT-TALE, OUT-TONGUL, v. a. réduire quel-qu'un au silence à force de parler. OUT-VALUE, v. a. valoir plus, surpasser en OUT-VIE, v. a. exceder, surpasser. [prix. OUT-VOICE, v. a. avoir meilleure voix. OUT-VOTE, v.a. gagner à la plurafité des voix. OUT-WALE, v. a. marcher mieux qu'un autre. OUT-WALL, s. mor extérieur. OUTWARD, adj. exterienr, de dehors. OUTWARD, s. l'extéricur, m. le dehors. OUTWARD, adj. à l'extérieur, au dehors. OUTWARDLY, adv. su dehors, en apparence. OUTWARDS, adv. en debors. OUT-WEAR, v. a. durer plus. Our-wrigh, v. a. peser davamage

[face. | Out-work, v. ouvrages avances, m. pl. our en | Out-work, part. adj. to it use. OUT-WREST, v. a. arracher par violence. Oval, adj. oval, oblong; s. un ovale. Ovanious, adj. d'œufs. OVARY, s. ovaire, m. OVATION, s. ovation, f.
OVEN, s. four, m. An oven-full, une fournée.
An oven-lender, un fournier. An oven-fork,
un rable, un fourgon. An oven peel, un pelle à four. OVER, prep. sur, au-dessus, par-dessus, an delà, par, de, pour; adv. plus, de reste, d'un bout à l'autre, passe, fait. Over and above, outre, de surplus, par dessus. Over against, vis-à-vis. Over and over, plusieurs OVER-ABOUND, v. n. surabonder. OVER-ACT, v. a. outrer. OVER-AWE, v. a. tenir dans la crainte. [sur. OVER-BALANCE, r. a. surpasser, Pemporter OVER-BALANCE, s. superiorité, f. excès, m. OVER-BEAR, v. a. vamere, surmonter, op primer, accabler. OVER-BIG, adj. trop gras. Over-blown, adj. passe, dissipé. Over-board, adv. hors du navire. Over-bold, adj. trop hardi, tenersire. OVER-BURDEN, v. a. surcharger, accabler. OVER-BUY, v. a. acheter trop cher. OVER-CAST, v. a. obscurcir, couvrir, surjeter, revêtir, faire monter trop haut, passer le but. OVERCAST, part. adj. obscure, sombre, revėlu, surjetė. OVER-CAUTIOUS, adj. trop circonspect. OVER-CHARGE, v. a. surcharger, accabler. OVER-CLOVD, v. a. obscurcir. OVERCOME, v. a. vaincre, surmonter, domp-OVER-COMER, s. vainqueur, m. OVER-CONFIDENT, adj. trop hardi, temeraire. OVER-DO, v. a. outrer, excéder. OVER-DONE, parl. adj. outre, excéde, OVER-DRESS, v. a. charger de parure. [cuit. OVER-DRIVE, v. a. pousser trop fort or trop OVER-ENPTY, v. a. vider trop. [loin. OVER-FILL, v. a. remphir trop, gorger. OVER-FLOAT, v. n. flotter, surnager. Over-rlow, v. a. & n. remplir trop, sur-passer, inouder, s'épaacher, regorger. Over-rlow, s. inoudation, f. déluge, m. Over-rlowing, s. surabondance, f. excès, OVER-FLY, v. a. voier au delà. OVER-FORWARD, adj. trop empresse. Over-forwardness, s. trop d'ardeur. OVER-FREIGHT, v.a. charger trop, surchar-OVER-GET, r. a. atteindre. Over-glance, v. a. parcourir à la hâte Over-co, v. a. aller au delà, surpasser. OVER-GREAT, adj. trop grand, excessif. OVER-GROW, v. n. & a. croitre trop. Over-Grown, part. adj. excessivement aceru, trop grand; over-grown with, tout convert de Over-orowth, s. accroissement excessif. OVER-HALE, v. a. étendre, larguer. Over-hane, v. a. & n. pencher sur. Over-handen, v. a. rendre trop dur. [tête. Over-HEAD, adv. en-haut, au dessus de notre Over-HEAR, v.a. entendre en passant OVER-HEAT, v. a. chauser trop, échausser. OVER-JOY, v. a. transporter de joie, réjoux OVER-JOY, s. extase, f. transport, m. OVER-LABOUR, r. z. travailler trop. OUT-WIT, v. a. attraper, duper être plus fin. || OVER-LADE, v. a. charger trop, surcharger

UVER-LAY, n. a. étouffer, accabler, revêtir. OVER-LEAP, v. w. sauter au delà, franchir. OVER-LIVE, v. a. & n. survivre. OVER-LIVER, s. survivant, m. OVER-LOAD, v. a. surcharger. OVER-LONG, adj. trop long. OVER-LOOK, v. a. avoir la vue sur, commander, examiner en entier, surveiller, avoir l'œil sur, revoir, corriger, polir, con-niver, faire semblant de ne pas voir, lais-ser passer, ne pas s'appercevoir, dédaigner, mépriser. OVER-LOOKER, s. surveillant, m. inspecteur, OVER-MASTER.v.n. maltriser, gouverner. [m. OVER-MATCH, v. a. être trop fort, accabler. OVER-MATCH, s. partie trop forte, force ma-OVER-MUCH, adj. te plus puissant.

OVER-MUCH, adj. trop grand, superflu, excessif. OVERNUCH, adv. trop, excessivement. OVER-NIGHT, s. le soir. mode. OVER-OFFICIOUS, adj. trop officieux, incom-OVER-PASS, v. a. franchir, traverser. OVER-PAY, v. a. payer trop cher, surpayer. OVER-PERSUADE, v. a. persuader mal-à-pro-OVER-PLUS, s. surplus, m. surcroit, m. [pos. OVER-PLY, v. a. surcharger de travail. Over-Poise, s. poids prépondérant. OVER-POISE, v. a. contrebalancer. Over-power, v. a. dominer, être le plus OVER-PRESS, v. a. oppresser, opprimer. OVER-PRIZE, v. a. priser trop, estimer trop. OVER-RATE, v. a. surfaire, taxer trop.
OVER-RATE, s. prix excessif, taxe trop forte, f. OVER-REACH, v. a. surmonter, surpasser, prévenir, devancer, surprendre, tromper. OVER-REACH, s. nerf ferure, f. OVER-REACHER, s. un trompeur. OVER-RECKON, v. a. compler trop. OVER-RIDE, v. a. outrer, exceder, fatiguer. OVER-RIGID, adj. trop austère, trop sévère. OVER-RIGIDNESS, s. rigueur excessive, f. OVER-RIPE, adj. trop mur. OVER-ROAST, v. a. rôtir trop, cuire trop. OVER-RULE, v. a. maîtriser, gouverner, do-miner, être plus fort, (in law) rejeter. OVER-RUN, v. a. aller plus vite, devancer, couvrir partout, ravager, inouder; v. n.
regerger, se repandre, être trop plein.
OVER-SERUPULOUS, adj. trop scrupuleux.
OVER-SEA, adj. d'outro-mer, de delà la mer. Over-ser, v. a. surveiller, avoir l'inspection de, laisser passer, ne pas s'appercevoir. Over-seer, s. surveillant, m. inspecteur, m. OVER-SELL, v. a. survendre, vendre trop cher. Over-set a ship, faire sombrer un vaisseau sous les voiles Overshade, Overshadow, v. a. ombrager. OVERSHOOT, v. a. porter trop loin. OVERSIGHT, s. inspection, f. charge, f. cou-duite, f. meprise, f. faute, f. OVER-SIZE, v. a. surpasser en grandeur. OVER-SELP, v. a. franchir, éviter, omettre. OVERSLEEP, v. recip. dormir trop long temps. OVERSLIP, v. a. negliger, omettre, passer. OVER-SLIP, s. omission, f. [cher. OVER-SOLD, part. adj. survendu, vendu trop OVER-soon, adv. trop tôt. [tigue. OVERSPOCK. 2. a remainder entirement. OVERSTOCK, J. a. remplir trop, faire de trop grandes provisions.

OVER-STRAIN, v. a. outrer, étendre trop sous, r. n. se fouler, se donner une entorse OVER-STRETCH, v. a. étendre trop loin. OVER-SWAY, v. a. dominer, makriser. OVER-SWELL, v. a. déborier, inonder. OVERT, adj. ouvert, public, manifeste. OVERTAKE, v. a. attraper, atteindre OVERTALE, v. n. perler trop, babiller. OVER-TASK, v. a. surcharger de travail. OVER-TAX, v. a. surcharger de taxes. OVER-THROW, v. a. renverser, abattre. OVER-THROW, s. ruine, f. destruction, f. OVERTHWART, adj. oppose, commerce, ellique. Overthwart, Overthwartly, ado, obliquement, de travers, méchammer t. OVERTHWARTNESS, s. travers, m. OVER-TIRE, v. a. fatiguer trop, harasser. OVERTLY, adv. ouvertement, à découvert. OVER-TOIL, v. n. s'excèder de fatigue. OVER-TOP, v. a. s'élever nu dessus, suspasser OVERTURE, s. ouverture, f. proposition, f. OVER-TURN, v. a. renverser, bouleverser. OVER-TURNER, s. destructeur, m. OVER-VALUE, v. a. estimer trop, faire trop valoir. Over-veil, v. a. couvrir, voiler. [voix. Over-voie, v. a. obtenir à la pluralité des OVER-WEAE, adj. trop foible. (tigne. OVER-WEARY, v. a. accabler, excéder de fa-Over-ween, r. n. s'en faire accroire. OVER-WEENING, s. presomption, f. OVER-WEENINGLY, adv. avec presomption. OVER-WEIGH, v. a. preponderer, peser. OVER-WEIGH, s. preponderance, f. OVER-WELL, adj. trop bien. OVERWHELM, v. a. accabler, ecraser. OVER-WISE, adv. d'une sagesse affectée. OVER-WORN, part. adj. accable. OVER-WROUGHT, part. adj. trop travaillé. OVER-YEARED, adj. surcharge d'années. OVIPAROUS, adj. ovipare. OWE, v. a. devoir, être oblige. OWING, adj. dû, qu'on doit, qui est l'effet de OWL, OWLET, s. une chouette, le hibou, le chathuant. Owler, s. contrebandier, m. OWL-LIGHT, s. le crépuscule du soir. Own, adj. propre, même. My own, le mien ce qui est à moi, mon bien. Own, v. a. avouer, confesser, reconnoitre, convenir de, posséder, réclamer. OWNER, s. possesseur, m. proprietaire, m.
OWNERSHIP, s. propriété, f. possession légi-Owse, s. tan, m. time. Ox, s. un bœuf; ox-bane, s. mort aux bœufs Ox-BILL, s. sorte de tortue. Ox-EYE, s. œil de bœuf, herbe, m. Ox-FLY, s. taou, m. espèce de mouche. Ox-GANG, s. vingt acres de terre, m. Ox-LIP, s. primevère, f. Ox-HOUSE, Ox-STALL, e. étable à bœuis, f Ox-TONGUE, s. buglose, f. (herbe.) OXYCRATE, s. oxycrat, m. Oxygon, s. oxygone, m. OXYMEL, s. oxymel, m. OXYRRHODINE, s. oxyrrodin, 38. OYER, s. conr de justice, v. a. outr les causes. OYES, v. imp. oyez, écoutez; s. avertisse-OYSTER, s. hukre, f. OYSTER-SHELL, s. écaille d'hukre. [ment, m. OTSTERWOMAN, s. une vendeuse d'bultres. OZENA, s. ozène, f. polype, m.

OZIER, s. osier, m.

P.

PABULAR, PABULOUS, adj. alimenteux. PARULUM, s. pature, f.
PACE, s. pas, m. train, m. un troupeau d'anes. To keep pace with one, tenir pied a quel-PACE, v. s. aller au pas, aller lentement; v. a. mesurer en fésant des pas, diriger, faire aller. PACER, s. qui va le pas. PACIFICATION, s. pacification, f. PACIFICATION, s. pacificateur, m.
PACIFICATORY, PACIFICK, adj. pacifique, PACIFICATORY, I doux, tranquille. PACIFIER, s. pacificateur, m. PACIFY, v. a. pacifier, appaiser, calmer. PACING. s. pas, m. l'action d'aller au pas, f.
PACING. s. balle, f. ballot, m. une charge; pack
of cards, un jeu de cartes; pack of hounds,
une meute de chiens; pack of knaves, un tas de gueux. PACE, v. a. emballer, empaqueter, choisir, cabaler; pack off or away, faire son paquet. PACKER, s. embaleur, m. [tre en paquets. PACKET, s. un paque ; v. a. empaqueter, met-PACKET-BOAT, s. paquebot, m. PACK-CLOTH, s. serpilière, f. PACE-HORSE, s. un cheval de charge. PACE-REEDLE, s. aiguille à emballer, PACKING-CLOTHS. s. pl. carpettes, f. pl. PACK-BADDLE, s. bât, m. [lage. PACK-THREAD, s. ficelle or corde d'embal-PACE, PACTION, s. pacte, m. accord, m. contrat, m. traité, m. convention, f. PACTITIOUS, adj. dont on est convenu. PAD, s. chemin, m. sentier, m. un volcur de grand chemin, un cheval qui va l'amble, haquence, f. coustinet, m. bourlet, m. mate-las, m. A pad of straw, un lit de paille, une paillasse. Pap, v. n. voler sur le grand chemin, mar-cher doucement, aplanir le chemin, bourrer, matelasser. PADDER, s. un voleur de grand chemin. PADDLE, v. n. ramer, patrouiller. PADDLE, s. pagaye, f. ratissoire, PADDLER, s. rameur, m. patrouilleur, m. PADDOCK, s. un gros crapaud, un enclos. PAULOCK, s. un cadenas; v. a. cadenasser. PEAN, s. chant de triomphe, m.
PAGAN, s. un palen; adj. palen, idolâtre.
PAGANISM, s. le paganisme, l'idolâtrie, f. PAGE, s. une page; v. a. marquer les pages. PAGE, s. un page, un écuyer. PAGEANT, s. pompe, f. char de triomphe, s. PAGEANT, adj. pompeux, splendide, brillant. PAGEANTRY, s. faste, m. pompe, f. PAGOD, s. pagode, m. & f. idole des Indiens. PAIL, s. seau, PAIN, s. peine, f. punition, f. douleur, f. mal, m. chagrin, m. PAIN, v. a. tourmenter, faire mal, peiner PAINFUL, adj. douloureux, pénible, difficile. PAINFULLY, adv. péniblement. PAINFULNESS, s. peine, f. douleur, f. PAINLESS, adj. sans douleur, facile. PAINSTAKER, s. une personne laborieuse. PAINSTAKING, adj. laborieux. PAINT, v. a. peindre, représenter, farder. PAINT, s. peinture, f. fard, m. rouge, m. PAINTER, s. peintre, m. Painter-stainer, un feseur de toiles peintes. PAINTING, s. | einture, f. portrait, m.

PAIR, s. une paire, une couple, un couple. A pair royal, raffe, f. (au des.)
PAIR, v. a. & n. apparier, accoupler, assortir. PAIRING-TIME, s. pariade, f. PALACE, s. palais, m. maison royale PALACEOUS, adj. royal, noble, magnifique. PALADIN, s. paladin, m. PALANKA, s. palanque, f. PALANQUIN, s. palanquin, m.
PALATARLE, adj. agreable au goût.
PALATE, s. palais, m. goût, m. la luette. PALATINE, s. palatin, n. ; adj. palatin. PALE, adj. pale, bleme. [ro ron, # PALE, s. pieu, m. palissade, f. enceinte, f. gi-PALE, v. a. palissader, palisser. PALED IN, part. adj. palissadé. Paled up palissé. PALE-FACED, adj. qui a le visage pale. PALENESS, s. paleur, PALETTE, s. palette de peintre, f. PALITAE, s. palette de peintre, f.
PALITAEY, s. un palefroi, un cheval de parade
PALIMGENESIS, s. palingénésie, f. renaisPALIMODY, s. palinodie, f.
[sance, f]
PALISADE, PALISADO, s. palissade, f.
PALISADE, v. a. palissade, f. Palish, adj. un peu pâle PALL, s. manteau, m. pallium, m. poële, m. PALL, v. a. & n. couvrir, affoiblir. PALLADIUM, s. palladium, m. boulevard, m. PALLADI, part. adj. éventé, poussé, affoibli. PALLET, s. lit de veille, m. grabat, m. PALLIATE, v. a. pallier, colorer, déguiser. PALLATION, s. palliation, f. deguisement, m. PALLATIVE, s. & udj. palliatif, m. PALLID, adj. pâle, blême. Pall-mall, s. mail, m. jeu de mail, m. PALM, s. paume, f. palme, m. & f.
PALM-TREE, s. palmier, m. palme, f.
PALM, v. a. mauier, toucher, escamoter.
PALMA-CHRISTI, s. ricin, m. la grande cata Duce. PALMER, s. un pélerin, férule, f. Palmerworm, une chenille. PALMISTER, s. un chiromancien. PALMISTRY, s. chiromancie, PALMY, adj. couvert de palmiers. PALPABILITY, PALPABLENESS, s. qualité sensible, f. l'ALPABLE, adj. palpable, sensible. PALPABLY, adv. palpablement, sensiblement. PALPATION, s. attouchement, m. PALPITATE, r. n. palpiter. PALFITATION, s. palpitation, f. battement, m. PALSGRAVE, s. un compte Palatin. PALSICAL or PALSIED, adj. paralitique. PALSY, s. paralysie, f.
PALTER, v. n. & a. biaiser, prodiguer. PALTERER, s. celui qui n'agit pas avec droi-PALTRINESS, s. qualité méprisable, f. [ure. PALTRINESS, s. qualité méprisable, de nulle valeur, qui fait pité, chéti. PAM, s. valet, m. un jeu des cartes. PAMPER, v. a. bien traiter, dorloter. PAMPHLET, s. feuille volante, brochure, f.
PAMPHLETEER, s. un feseur de brochures.
PAM, s. poèle, f. casserole, f. terrine, f. A
frying-pan, une poèle à frire. A dripping
pan, une lèchefrite. A warming-pan, un
bassinoire. A baking-pan, une tourtière.
An earthen-pan, une terrine. A perfumingpan une casselelle. A muffers-pan, des pan, une cassolette. A snuffers pan, des porte mouchettes. Firepan cf a gun, le bassinet d'une arme à feu. Pan-pudding, boudin cuit au four. A pan-tile, une tuile

courbe, une faltière. The brain-pan, le || PARAGRAPH, s. paragraphe, m. crâne PANACEA, s. panacée, f. PANADO, s. panade, f. [frit, m. PANCAKE, s. gauffre, f. omelette, f. gateau PANCART, s. pancarte, f.
PANCREAS, s. le pancreas.
PANDECT, s. pandecte, f. digeste, m.
PANDEMICK, adj. pandémique. PANDER, s. un maquereau; v. a. faire le maguereau. PANDICULATION, s. l'action de s'étendre en baillant PANDORE, PANGURE, s. pandore, PARE, s. panneau, m. carroau, m. losange, f. PANEGYRICAL, adj. qui loue.
PANEGYRICK, s. panegyrique, m. cloge, m. PANEGYRIST, s. panegyriste, m.
PANEL, s. panneau, m. liste des jurcs, f.
PANG, s. angouisse, f. transe, f. atteinte, f. PANG, v. a. tourmenter cruellement. PANIC, adj. & s. panique, terreur panique. PANNAGE, s. glandée, f. PANNEL, s. un bât, panneau, m. mulette, f. PANNICK, PANNICLE, s. panie, m. (plante.) PANNIER, s. panier, m. botte, f.
PANNIER, s. pensée, f. (fieur.)
PANT, s. palpitation, f. : v. n. palpiter, trem-PANTALOON, s. pantalon, m. PARTHEON, s. panthéon, m. rotunde, f. PANTHER, s. une panthère. PARTILE, s. faltière, f. PANTING, s. palpitation, f. courte haleine, f. PANTLER, s. le panetier. PANTOFLE, c. pantofle, f. [mime: PANTOMIME, c. un pantomime, une panto-PANTRY, c. la dépense, panterie, f. PAPA, s. mammelon, m. teton, m. mammelle, PAPA, s. papa, m. [f. bouillie, f. PAPAL, adj. papal, du pape. PAPAL, adj. papal, du pape. [pavot. PAPAVEROUS, adj. de pavot, semblable au PAPER, s. papier, m.
PAPERS, papiers, m. pl. memoires, m. pl. ecrits, m. pl. PAPER-MAKER, s. papetier, m. PAPER-MILL, s. papeterie, PAPER-STAINER, s. dominotier, m. PAPER-STAINING, s. dominolerie, f. PAPER, v. a. enrégistrer, tendre de papier PAPILIO, s. papillon, m. [pein PAPIST, s. papiste, m. Catholique Romain. [peint. PAPISTICAL, adj. de Catholique Romain.
PAPPY, adj. doux, succulent, mou.
PAR, s. parité, f. égalité, f. pair, m.
PARABLE, adj. facile à acquérir or à obtenir. PARABOLA, s. parabole, f. [lique. PARABOLICAL, PARABOLICK, adj. parabo-PARABOLICALLY, adv. par parabole. PARABOLOID, s. paraboloide, f. PARACENTESIS, s. ponction, f. SARACENTRICAL, PARACENTRICAL, adj. qui s'écarte de la ligne circulaire. PARACHONISM, s. arachronisme, m. PARACHUTE, s. parachute, m. PARACLETE, s. consolateur, m. paraclet, m. PARADE, s. parade, f. ostentation, f. montre, PARADISE, s. paradis, m. [f. PARADOX, s. paradoxe, m.
PARADOXAL, PARADOXICAL, adj. paradoxal. PARADOXICALLY, adv. d'une manière paradoxale. PARAGON, s. chef-d'œuvre, m. modèle, m. PARAGON, v. a. comparer, égaler.

PARAGRAPHICALLY, adv. par paragrapoes PARALLACTIC, adj. parallacique.
PARALLAX, s. parallaxe, f.
PARALLEL, adj. parallèle; s. parallèle, m.
ressemblance, f.
[lele. PARALLEL, v. a. comparer, mettre en paral PARALLELISM, s. parallélisme, m. PARALLELLY, adv. egalement PARALLELOGRAM, s. parallelogramme, m. PARALOGISM, s. paralogisme, m. PARALOGISE, v. n. raisonner faux. [tique. PARALYSIS, s. paralysie, f PARALYTICAL, PARALYTICE, adj. paraly-PARALYTICK, s. un paralytique. PARAMETER, s. paramètre. [minant, PARAMOUNT, adj. souverain, supérieur, do-PARAMOUNT, s. le chef, le souverain. PARAMOUR, s. un amant, un favori. PARANYMPH, s. paranymphe, m. PARAPET, s. parapet, m PARAPHE, s. paraphe, f. PARAPHIMOSIS, s. paraphimosis, m. PARAPHERNALIA, s. biens parephernaux, m PARAPHRASE, s. paraphrase; v. a. paraphraser. PARAPHRAST, s. paraphraste, m.
PARAPHRASTICAL, PARAPHRASTICK, adj. en forme de paraphrase. PARAPHRASTICALLY, adv. par paraphrase. PARAPHRENITIS, s. inflammation du dia phragme, f. PARAQUETO, s. petit perroquet. PARASELENE, s. paraselène, f. PARASITE, s. un parasite. fflatteur. PARASITICAL, PARASITICE, adj. parasite, PARASOL, s. un parasol, un parapluie. PARBOIL, v. a. parbouillir, bouillir à demi. PARBUNCLE, s. pattes, f. pl. (terme de mer.)
PARCEL, s. paquet, m. pièce, f. partie, f. PARCEL, v. a. partager, diviser, morceler. PARCENER, s. copartageant, m. copropriétaire. PARCENERY, s. indivis, m. [grille, PARCH, v. a. & n. griller, rôtir, sécher, être PARCHMENT, s. parchemin, m. PARCHMENT-MAKER, s. parcheminier, m. PARD, PARDALE, s. leopard, m. [donner. PARDON, s. pardon, m. grace, f.; v. a. par-PARDONABLE, adj. pardonnable. [ble PARDONABLY, adv. d'une manière pardouma-PARDONER, s. celui qui pardonne. PARE, v. a. couper, rogner, parer (le pied d'un cheval,) peler (un pomme.) PARENCHYMA, s. parenchyme, m. PARENCHYMATOUS, adj. poreux. PARENESIS, s. parenèse, f persuasion f. PARENT, s. père or mère PARENTAGE, s. parenté, f. parent, m. PARENTAL, adj. de parent de père or de mère. PARENTHESIS, s. parenthèse, f. PARER, s. boutoir, m. PARGET, s. cropi, m. crepissure, f.; v. a plâtrer, crépir. PARGETER, s. crepisseur, m. PARHELION, s. parhélie, m. PARIAN, adj. de Paros. PARIETAL, adj. pariétal, qui sert de parois. PARIETARY, s. (a plant) parietaire, f. PARING, s. rognure, f. pelure, f. PARING-KNIFE, s. un tranchet. PARISH, s. paroisse, f.; adj. paroissal. PARISHIONER, s. un paroissien. Paritor, s. appariteur, m. huissier, m. be-

PARITY, s. parité, f. égalité, f. PARE, c. parc, m.; v. a. parquer, enfermer. PARKER or PARE-EEEPER, s. garde de Dare M. PARLEY, v. s. parlementer, conferer. PARLEY, s. pourparler, m. conference, f. PARLIAMENT, s. parlement, m. PARLIAMENTARY, adj. parlementaire. PARLOUR, s. salle de compagnie, f. le par-PARLOUS, adj subtil, dangereux, fin, ruse. PARMESAN, s. Parmesan, m. PAROCHIAL, adj. paroissial, de la paroisse PARODY, s. parodie, f., v. a. parodier. PAROLE, s. parole, f. promesse, f. PARONYCHIA, s. paronyche, f. panaris, m.
PAROQUET, s. perruche, f. petit perroquet, f.
PAROTID, adj. parotide, salivaire. PAROTIS, s. tumeur aux glandes parotides, f. PAROXYSM, s. paroxisme, m. redoublement, m. PARRICIDE, s. particide, m. PARRICIDAL, PARRICIDIOUS, adj. parricide. PARROT, s. perroquet, m. PARRY, v. a. parer. PARSE, v. a. faire les parties (d'une phrase.) Parsimonious, adj. avare, économe. PARSIMONIOUSLY, adv. avec avarice. PARSIMONIOUSNESS, PARSIMONY, s. avarice, f. économie, f. épargne, f. frugalité, f. PARSLEY, s. persil, m. PARSLEY PERT, s. perce-pierre, f. PARSNIP, s. panais, m. (legume.) PARSON, s. le ministre or curé d'une paroisse. PART, s. partie, f. membre, m. quartier, m. part, f. portion, f. intérêt, m. parti, m. détense, f. cause, f. devoir, m. fonction, f. membre, m. quartier, m. part, m. détense, f. cause, f. devoir, m. fonction, f. rolle, m. personnage, m.

Parts, s. parties, f. pl. qualités, f. pl. talens, m. pl. dons naturels, m. pl.

Part, v. a. partager, diviser, séparer; v. n. se separer, quitter, se défaire. PARTAGE, s. partage, m. [participer. PARTAKE, v. a. & n. partager, avoir part, PARTAKER, s. participant, m PARTER, s. qui sépare, affineur, m. PARTERRE, s. un parterre. PARTIAL, adj. partial, particulier.
PARTIALITY, s. partialité, f.
PARTIALIZE, v. a. se partialiser. PARTIALLY, adr. partialement, en partie. PARTIBLE, adj. divisible. PARTICIPANT, adj. & s. participant. PARTICIPATE, v. a. & n. partager, participer. PARTICIPATION, s. participation, f. PARTICIPIAL, adj. participial.
PARTICIPIALLY, adv. en forme de participe. PARTICIPLE, s. particule, f. parcelle, f. PARTICULAR, adj. particulier, singulier. PARTICULAR, s. particularité, f. circonstance particuliere, point, m. détail, m. PARTICULARITY, s. particularité, f. PARTICULARIZE, v. a. particulariser, speci-PARTICULARLY, adv. particulièrement PARTING, s. séparation, f. départ, m. parting cup, le vin de l'étrier. PARTISAN, e. partisan, m. [ration, f. PARTITION, s. partition, f. partage, m. sepa-PARTITION, v. a. diviser en differentes par-PARTITIVE, adj. partitif. PARTEET, s. une poule, tour de cou, m.

PARTLY, adv. en partie, à quelque degré.

PARTNER, s. associé, danseur, danseuse.

PARTRERSHIP, s. société, f. [faire sociéte. PARTRINGE, s. perdrix. A young partridg un perdreau. PARTURIERT, adf. prête à mettre bas.

PARTU, s. pari, m. cabale, f. faction, f. per
tie, f. compagnie, f. détachement de sa.
dats, m. personne, f. PARTY-COLOUBED, adj. bigarre. PARTY-JURY, s. jures mi-partis. PARTY-MAN, s. un factieux. PARTY-WALL, s. mur mitoyen. Enorité PARVIS, s. parvis, m. PARVITUDE, PARVITY, s. petitesse, f. mi Paschal, adj. pascal, de paques. PASH, v. a. heurter, froiseer, écraser.
PASQUE FLOWER, s. coquelourde, f. pulsatille, PASQUINADE, s. une pasquinade. Pass, r. n. passer, se passer, s'evanouir, être reçu, établi, avoir cours, couler, arri er, ayenir, venir, suffire, laisser, omettre, employer, consumer, faire passer, transporter, surpriser, l'emporter sur, faire, donner, cngager, prononcer, declarer, porter, recevoir, approuver. To pass away, passer, se voir, approuver. To pass away, passer, se passer, s'écouler, s'évanouir, consumer, dissiper; to pass along, passer; to pass by, passer, excuser, negliger, ne faire aucun cas; to pass on, se passer; to pass over, passer, ometire, negliger, ne pas parler de. Pass, s. détroit, m. avenue, f. passage, m trajet, m. chemin, m. un passe-port, passe f. botte, f. coup de fleuret, état, m. situa f. botte, f. coup de ficurel, état, m. situa tion, f. point, m. PASSARLE, adf. praticable, passable, sup portable, tolérable, qui a çours. PASSAGE, s. passade, f. passe, f. botte, f. PASSAGE, s. traversée, f. chenin, m. conduit, m. entrée, f. issue, f. aventure, f. évène-ment, m. accident, m. fait, m. PASSENGER, s. passant, m. passager, m. PASSER, s. un passent.
PASSIBILITY, PASSIBLENESS, s. passibilité, f.
PASSIBLE, adj. passible, passif. Passing, part. grand, acheve, parfait. Passing, adv. parfaitement, fort, tout-à-fait. PASSING-BELL, s. la cloche mortuaire. Passion, s. passion, f. agitation, f. pencham, m. inclination, f. humeur, f. amour, m. affection, f. zèle, m. ardeur, f. colère, f. fougue, f. emportement, m. souffrance, f. Passionate, adj. passionne, touchant, ten-dre, vif, ardent, colérique, emporte. PASSIONATELY, adv. passionnement, ardemment, avec colère, avec emportement. Passionateness, s. passion, f. ardeur, f. impatience, f. PASSIVE, adj. passif.
PASSIVELY, adr. passivement. PASSIVENESS, s. passibilité, f. Passover, s. la pâque, l'agueau pascal. PASSPORT, s. un passeport.
PASS-ROSE, s. (a flower) passerose, f. PASS-VELOURS, s. passe-velours, amaranthe, PASS-VOLANT, s. un passevolant.
PAST, part. adj. passe; s. le passe.
PAST, mep. au delà, au dessus, hors, après. PASTE, s. pâte, f. colle de farine, f. PASTE-BUARD, s. carton, m.; adj. de carton PASTE, v. a. coller, pater; to raste up, affi-PASTEL, s. pastel, m. (herbe.) PASTERN, s. pâturou, m. PASTIL, s. pastille, f.

PASTINE, s. passe-temps, m. amusement, m. | PAUNCH, s. la panse, le ventre, a bedaine. récréation, f. PASTOR, s. un berger, un pasteur.
PASTORAL, adf. pastoral; s. pastorale, f.
PASTRY, s. patisserie, f. boulangerie, f. PASTRY-COOK, s. un pâtissier. PASTURABLE, adj. de pâturage. [ture.f. PASTURAGE, PASTURE, s. pâturage, m. pâ-PASTURE, v. a. & n. faire paltre, paturer. PASTURING, s. pature, f. PATY, s. pâte, m. tourte, f. PAT, adf. propre, convenable, à-propos, bon. PAT, s. un coup, un petit coup, un tape. PAT, v. a. frapper légèrement, corroyer, ra-PATACHE, s. patache, f. [boter. PATACOON, s. patagon, m. 4s. 8d. PATCH, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. mouche, f. PATCH, v. a. rapiéceter, rapiécer, raccommoder, mettre des mouches; to patch up, platrer, pallier. PATCHER, s. ravaudeur, ravaudeuse. PATCHWORK, s. rapiècetage, m. marquete-PATE, s. tête, f. caboche, f. [rie, f. PATEFACTION, s. ouverture, f. déclaration, f. PATENT, s. patene, f. petit plat.
PATENT, s. patente, f. iettres patentes. PATENTEE, s. impétrant, m. impétrante, PATERNAL, adj. paternel, de père, hérèdi-PATERNITY & natarmité. PATERNITY, s. paternité, f. [taire. PATER-NOSTER, s. l'oraison dominicale, PATH, s. un sentier. [pate-nôtre, f. PATH, s. un sentier. [pate-nôtre, f. PATHETICAL, PATHETICK, adj. pathétique. PATHETICALLY, adj. pathetiquement. PATHLESS, adj. qui n'est pas fraye. PATHOGNOMONICE, adj. pathognomonique. PATHOLOGICAL, PATHOLOGICE, adj. pathologique. PATHOLOGIST, s. pathologiste, m. PATHOLOGY, s. pathologie, f. PATHOS, s. pathos, m. PATHWAY, s. un sentier, chemin étroit. PATHWAY, 4. on senter, commit evolt.

PATHELARY, adj. patibulaire.

PATHENT, adj. patient, endurant.

PATHENT, s. patient, m. un malade.

PATHENTLY, adv. patiemment, avec patience. PATINE, s. patène, f. PATLY, odv. à-propos, convenablement. PATRIES, s. convenance, f. propreté, f.
PATRIARCH, s. un patriarcha.
PATRIARCHAL, adj. patriarchal. [archat, m.
PATRIARCHATE, PATRIARCHSHIP, s. patriPATRICIAN, s. patricien, m. patrice, m.
PATRICIAN, adj. patricien, senatorial, noble. PATRICIATE, s. patriciat, m. [mcine. PATRIMONIAL, adj. patrimonial, de patri-PATRIMONY, s. patrimoine, m. PATRIOT, s. patriote, m. PATRIOTISM, s. patriotisme, m. PATROCINATE, v. a. protéger, défendre. PATROCINATION, s. protection, f. défense, f. PATROL, s. patrouille, f. guet de nuit, m. PATROL, v. n. faire la patrouille or la ronde. PATRON, s. pairon, m. protecteur, m.
PATRON, s. pairon, m. protecteur, m.
PATRONAGE, s. protection, f. patronage, m.
PATRONAL, adj. patronal, de pairon.
PATRONESS, s. patrona, f. protectrice, f.
PATRONISE, v. a. protéger, défendre, favori-PATRONYMICK, s. patronymique, m. PATTEN, s. patin, m. soubassement, m. PATTER, v. n. faire du bruit, marmoter Pattern, s. patron, m. modèle, m. échan-PATTERN, v. a. copier, imiter. [tillon, PAUCITY, s. petit nombre, petite quantité. ftillon, m. FFF

PAUNCHES, s. (sea term) couchins, m. pt. Paupen, s. un pauvre. PAUSE, s. pause, f. repos, m. [rer. PAUSE, v. n. pauser, s'arrêter, peser, délibé. PAUSER, s. celui qui s'arrête, qui réféchit. PAVAN, PAVIN, s. pavane, f. PAVE, v. a. paver. PAVEMENT, s. le pavé. PAVER, PAVIER, s. un paveur (des rues, &c.) PAVIAGE, s. ce que l'on paie pour le pavé.
PAVIAGE, s. pavois, m. (grand bouclier.)
PAVILIOR, s. pavillon, m. tente, f. A paving
bettle, hie or demoiselle, f. Paw, s. la griffe, la patte.

Paw, v. a. & n. toucher avec la patte or le
pied, patiner, caresser avec la patte. PAWN, v. a. engager, mettre en gage. PAWN, s. gage, m. un pion. giste, m. PAWNEROKER, s. prêteur sur gage, m. enga-PAWNER, s. celui or celle qui engage. PAY, v. a. payer, acquitter, recompenser, rendre; to pay away, payer; to pay back, rendre, restituer; to pay down, payer argent comptant; to pay for, expier, être paye or puni de; to pay off, se venger, battre. To pay a visit, rendre une visite. Pay a ship, suiver un vaisseau. [pl. PAY, s. paie, f. solde, f. salaire, m. gages, m. PAYABLE, adj. payable. PAY-DAY, s. jour de paiement, m. PAYER, s. payeur, m. payeuse, f. PAY-MASTER, s. payeur, m. PAYMENT, s. paiement, m. paie, f. gages, PEA, s. pois, m. (légume.)
PEACE, s. paix, f. repos, m. silence, f.
PEACEABLE, adj. paisible, pacifique. PEACEABLENESS, s. humeur pacifique, f. PEACEABLY, adv. paisiblement, en paix.
PEACEFUL, adj. paisible, pacifique, tranquille.
PEACEFULLY, adv. paisiblement. PEACEFULNESS, s. paix, f. tranquillité, f. 78 PEACE-MAKER, s. pacificateur, m. PEACE-OFFERING, s. sacrifice propitiatoire, PEACH, s. pêche, f. Peach-tree, pêcher, m. PEACH, v. a. accuser. Peachick, s. paonneau, m. le petit d'un paon PEACOCK, s. un paon (prononcez pan.) PEAHEN, s. paonne, f. (prononcez panne.)
PEAH, s. cime, f. pointe, f. sommet, m. pie,
PEAK, v. n. avoir l'air malade. PEAKING, adj. maladif, malingre.
PEAL, s. grand bruit, fracas, m. tintamarre m. cloches en branke or à volée m. clocues en brance or a voice.

PEAL, v. a. étourdir par un grand bruit.

PEAR, s. poire, f. Pear-tree, poirier, m. A.

choke pear, poire d'angoisse, f.

PEARL, s. perle, f. taie (sur l'œil.) f. pariPEARLy, adj. plein de perles.

[sienne, f. PEARMAIN, s. poire-pomme, f. PEASANT, s. un paysan.
PEASANTRY, s. les paysans, m. pl les gens de la campagne, m. pl.

PEASCOD, PEASHELL, s. cosse de pois, f.

PEASE, s. pl. of Pea, des pois. PEAT, s. sorte de tourbe. PEBBLE, PEBBLE-STONE, s. un caillou. PEBBLED, PEBBLY, adj. plein de cailloux. PECCABLE, adj. peccable. PECCADILLO, s. petit peche, peccadile, f. PECCANCY, s. mauvaise qualité, vice, s PECCANT, adj. coupable, mauvais, peccant PECK, s. picotin, m.; m. a. becqueter.

PRCKER, s. piver ten.
PRCTORAL, sejf. & s. pectoral, m.
PRCULATE, PRCULATION, s. péculat, m.
PRCULATOR, s. celuiqui vole or pille le public. PRNALITY, PENALTY, s. peine, f. amende, f. PECULIAR, adj. particulier, angulier, propre. PECULIAR, s. propre, m. Regal peculiar, la chapelle du roi. PECULIARITY, s. singularité, f. particularité, PECUNIARY, adv. particulièrement. PECUNIARY, adj. pécuniaire, d'argent. Prountous, adj. pecunieux. PEDAGOGICAL, adj. prdagogique. PEDAGOGUE, s. un pedagogue, un pedant. PEDAGGOUR, r. a. enseigner avec un air de PEDAGGOUR, r. a. enseigner avec un air de PEDAGGOUR, r. bedagogie, f. [suffisance. PEDAL, adj. d'un pied, qui a un pied en long. PEDALS, s. pédales, f. PEDARKOUS, adj. qui va à pied, pédanée. PEDANT, s. un pedant, un pedagogue. PEDANTICK, PEDANTICAL, adj. pédantesque. PEDANT-LIKE, adv. en pédant, comme un PEDANTRY, s. pédanterie, f. [pédant. PEDDLE, v. n. s'occuper de bagatelles. PEDDLING, adj. petit peu considérable. PEDERASTY, s. péderastie. f. sodomie. f. PEDERERO, s. pierrier, m. (pièce d'artillerie.) PEDESTAL, s. piedestal, m. PEDICLE, s. pedicule, m. PEDICULAR, PEDICULOUS, adj. pédiculaire. PEDIGREE, s. généalogie, f. PEDIMENT, s. fronton, m. flit mercier. PEDLER, s. porte-halle, m. colporteur, m. pe-PEDLERY, s. petite mercerie, f. clincaille, f. PEINOBAPTISM, s. le hapteme des enfans. PERI., s. peau, f. pelure, f. écorce, f. ron-deau (de patisser,) m. PREL, r. a. poler, ôter la peau, piller. Peel off, se peler, s'ecailler. EEP, s. la première apparition, ceillade, f. coup d'œil, m. clin d'œil, m. At the peep of day, au point du jour. PREP, s. PERP, v. n. paroitre, poindre, percer, pousser, regarder par un trou, entrevoir. PERPER, s. poussin, m. PERP-HOLE, PEEPING-HOLE, s. trou par où l'on regarde sans étre apperçu, m. PEER, s. pair, m. egal. m. compagnon, m. PRER, b. n. commencer à paroitre, lorgner. PEERAGE, PEERDOM, s. pairie, f. PEEREss, s. la femme d'un pair. PEERLESS, adj. sans pareil, incomparable. PEEVISH, adj. hourru, acoriâtre, fantasque. PREVISHIN, adr. d'un air chagrin. PEEVISHNESS. s. humeur hourrue.
PEG, s. cheville. f. fausset, m.; v. a. cheviller.
PELAGIAN, s. Pelagien, m.
PELF, s. biens futiles, m. vaines richesses. PELICAN, s. pelican, m. PELLET, s. balle, f. pelote, f. boule, f.
PELLICIR, s. pellicule, f. petite peau.
PELLITORY, s. pariétaire, f. (espèce d'herbe.)
PELL-MELL, adv. pêle-mele, confusément. PELLUCID, adj. transparent. PELLUCIDITY, PEI LUCIDNESS, s. transpa-PELT, s. peau. f. fourrure, f. bouclier de peau. PELT-BONGER, s. un peaussier. PELT-WOOL, s. laine tirée d'un,brebis morte. PELT, v. a. tirer. jeter; v. n. enrager.
PEN, s. plume (à cerire,) f. aile, f. poulail-ler, m. parc pour les brebis. PEN, v. u. écrire, emplumer (un clavecin.) Pen up, ensermer dans un poulailler. Penai, adj. penal, qui porte une peine.

PERANCE, s. penitence, f.
PENATES, s. penates, m.
PEN-CASE, s. casse d'une écritoire f.
PENGE, s. pl. of Penny, sous, m. p. PENCIL, s. pinceau, m.; v. n. peindre. PENCIL-CASE, s. porte-crayon, m. PENDANT, s. pendant d'oreille, m. pendeur, (d'un navire,) m. PENDENCE, s. penchant, m. inclination, PENDENCY, s. délai. [forjet foriettant. PENDENT, adj. pendant, qui pend or avance. PENDING, adj. pendant.
PENDULOUS, adj. pendant, suspendu, irrésolu, en suspense. III, en suspense.
PENDULVIN, s. un pendule, une pendule.
PENERRABILITY, s. pénétrabilité, f.
PENETRABILE, adj. pénétrabile. [fin, subtil.
PENETRANT, adj. pénétrant, pesçant, aigu,
PENETRATE, r. a. & n. pénétrer, percer. PENETRATION, s. penetration, f. sagacite, f. PENETRATIVE, adj. penetratif. PENIASULA, s. péninsule, f. presqu'ile, f.
PENIASULATED, adj. isolé, presqu'isolé.
PENITENCE, s. pénitence. f. repentance, f.PENITENT, adj. & s. pénitentiel.
PENITENTIAL, adj. & s. pénitentiel. PENITENTIARY, s. pénitencier, m. PENITENTLY, adr. avec repentir, avec peni PEN-KNIFE, s. un canif. [tence. PERMAN, s. un auteur, un écrivain, une PENNACHED, adj. panaché. [honne plume. PENNANT, s. handerole, f. flamme, f. palan, PENNATED, adj. aile. PENNER, s. écrivain, m. casse d'écritoire, f. PENNON, s. flamme, f. pennon, pavillon, m. PENNY, s. un sou, denier, m. PENNY-GRASS, s. l'herbe aux poux. PENNY-POST, s. la petite poste. PENNY-ROT, s. nombril de Vénus, m. PRNNYROYAL, s. pouliot, m. (sorte d'herbe.) PERNY WEIGHT, s. denier de poids, m. PERNY-WISE, adj. qui épargne mel-à-propos des hagatelles. PENNYWORT, s. menthe sauvage, f. PENNYWORTH, s. pour un sou, bon marché. PENSILE, adj. suspendu, qui pend en l'air. PENSION, s. pension, f. conseil, m. droit, m. Pension, r. a. pensionner. Pensionary, s. qui a une pension. PENSIONER, s. un peusionnaire.
PENSIVE, adj. pensif, réveur, morne, triste.
PENSIVELY, adv. d'un air réveur, tristement. PENSIVENESS, s. air pensif, reverie, f. PENT, part. adj. enferme. PENTACHORD, s. pentacorde. Pentaedrous, adj. pentaedre, qui a cinq PENTAGON, s. pentagone, m. Pentagonai., adj. pentagon , à cinq argles. PENTAMETER, s. un vers peulamêtre. PENTANGULAR, odj. qui a cinq angles. Pentapetalous, qui a 6 petales, ou 8 feuilles. PENTATEUCH, s. le pentateuque. PENTECOST, s. la peniecète.
PENTECOSTAL, adj. de la peniecète.
PENTHOUSE, PENTICE, s. auvent, m. aba vent, m. PENTILE, s. tuile creuse, faitière, PENULTIMA, s. la pénultième syllabe. PENUMBRA, s. pénombre, f. PENURIOUS, adj. avare, chiche, trop économe PENURIOUSLY, adv. en avarce, pauvrement. PENURIOUSNESS, s. avarice

PERFUMER, s. parfameur, m. Ap rfuming

PRHURY, s. disette, f. pauvreté, f. besom, m. PRONY, s. pivoine, f. [misère, f. PROPLE, s. peuple, m. nation, f. gens, f. or PROPLE, v. a. peupler. [m. pl. PEPPER, s. poivre, m.; v. a. poivrer. PEPPER-BOX, s. poivrière, f.
PEPPERCORN, s. grain, setu, m. bagatel f. PEPPER-PLANT or TREE, s. poivrier, m. Papper wort, s. poivree, f. (berbe.) PEPTICK, adj. peptique. PER, prep. par. PERACUTE, adj. fort aigu, fort violent. PERADVENTURE, adj. peut-cire, par hasard. PERAGRATION, s. péragration, f. voyage, m. PERAMBULATE, v. a. passer par, parcourir. PERAMBULATION, s. voyage, m. tour, m. vi-PERCEIVABLE, adj. perceptible. [site, f. PERCEIVE, r. a. appercevoir, découvrir. PERCEPTIBILITY, s. perception, f.
PERCEPTIBLE, adj. perceptible, sensible.
PERCEPTIBLY, adc. sensiblement, visible-PERCEPTION, s. perception, f. clairvoyance, f. intelligence, f. PERCEPTIVE, adj. intelligent. PERCEPTIVITY. See Perception. Perch, s. perche, f.; v. n. se percher. perching-stick, un perchoir.
PERCHANCE, adv. pent-èire, par hasard.
PERCLOSE, v. conclusion, f. fin, f. PERCOLATE, v. a. passer, couler, transmettre. PERCULATION, s. filtration, f. PERCUSS, v. a. frapper, battre. PERCUSSION, s. percussion, f. PERCUTIENT, adj. qui frappe. ftion, f. PERDITION, s. perdition, f. ruine, f. destruc-PERDRIGON, s. perdrigon, m.
PERDUE, adv. en embuscade; adj. avance. PERDURATION, s. durée, f. PEREGRINATE, v. n voyager, demourer, (dans les pays étrangers.) PEREGRINATION, s. voyage, m. PERECRINE, adj. étranger, pélerin.
PEREMPTORILY, adr. péremptoirement.
PEREMPTORINESS, s. ton dogmatique, m. PEREMPTORY, adj. péremptoire, decisif, de-finitif, absolu. décidé, tranchant. PERENNIAL, adj. qui dure l'année, continuel. PERENNITY, s. durée perpétuelle. PERFECT, adj. parfait, accompli, achevé. PERFECTIVELY, adj. qui perfectionne.
PERFECTIVELY, adj. qui perfectionne.
PERFECTIVELY, adj. qui perfectionne. PERFECTLY, adv. parfaitement, très bien. PERFECTNESS, s. perfection, f. habileté, f. PERFIDIOUS, adj. perfide, infidèle, déloyal. PERFIDIOUSLY, adv. perfidement, en traitre. PERFIDIOUSNESS, PERFIDIY, s. perfidie, f. PERFLATE, r. n. souffler à travers PERFLATION, s. l'action de souffler à travers. PERFORATE, r. a. percer tout outre, trouer. PERFORATION, s. perforation, f. une trouce. PERFORCE. adr. forcement, par force. PERFORM. r. a. & n. executer, accomplir, effectuer, faire, s'acquitter, reussir. PERFORMABLE, udj. praticable, lesable. PERFORMANCE, s. execution, f. accomplissement, m. ouvrage, m. action, f. Performer, s. celui qui execute, executeur, m. artiste, musicien, m. PERFRICATE, r. a. frotter, frayer, décrotter. PERFUNE, s. parlum, m. ; v. a. parlumer.

nan or not, une cassolette. PERFUNCTORILY, adr. négligemment. PERFUNCTORINESS, s. negligence, f. PERFUNCTORY, adj. leger, superficiel. PERFUSE, v. a. répandre, couvrir. PERHAPS, adr. peut-ctre. PERICARDIAN, PERICARDICE, adj. du péri-Pericardium, s. le péricarde. Pericarpium, s. le péricarpe. [clin. PERICLITATION, s. péril, m. danger, m. dé-Pericranium, s. le péricrane. [ficile. Periculous, adj. périleux, hasardeux, dif-Perigee, Perigeum, s. le périgée d'une plauète. PERIHELIUM, s. le périhélie d'une planète. PERIL, s. péril, m. danger, m. risque, m. Perilous, udj. perilleux, dangereux. PERILOUSLY, adv. perilleusement, dange-PERIMETER, s. perimètre, m. [reusement. PERINEUM, s. le périnée.

PERINEUM, s. le périnée.

PERIOD, s. période, f. révolution, f. retour, m. accès, m. période, m.

PERIODICAL, PERIODICK, adj. périodique. PERIODICALLY, adv. périodiquement. PERIOSTEUM, s. périoste, m PERIPATETICK, s. péripatéticien, m. PERIPHERY, s. périphérie, f. circonférence, PERIPHRASE, v. a. periphraser. [f. Periphraser, f. circonlocation, f. Periphrastical, adj. de périphrase. PERIPNEUMONY, s. péripneumonie, f. PERISCII, s. pl. périsciens, m. PERISH, r. n. perir, mourir. Perishable, adj. périssable, sujet à périr. Peristaltick, adj. péristaltique. PERISTERION, s. verveine or vervène, f. PERISTYLE, s. péristile, m. PERITONEUM, s. le péritoine. PERJURE, r. a. parjurer, violer son serment. PERJURER, s. parjure, m. PERJURY, s. parjure, m. faux serment. PERIWING, s. une perruque; v. a. mettre une PERIWINKLE, s. pervenche, f. [perruque. PERK, v. a. parer, orner; to perk up, se eremettre, se retablir. Permanence, Permanency, 📥 perma nence. PERMANENT, adj. permanent, durable.
PERMANENTLY, adv. d'une manière permaPERMEABLE, adj. pénétrable. [neute. PERMEATE, r. a., bedetrer, passer à travers.
PERMISSIBLE, adj. qu'on peut permettre.
PERMISSIBLE, adj. qu'on peut permettre.
PERMISSION, s. permission, f. pouvoir, m.
PERMISSION, s. permission, f. mélange, m.
PERMISTION, PERMISTION, s. mélange, m.
PERMIT, s. passe-avant.

[laisser le soin. PERMIT, s. passe-avant. PERMIT, v. a. permettre, souffrir, accorder, PERMUTATION, s. permutation, f. PERMUTE, r. a. changer, échanger, permuter. PERMUTER, s. permutant. PERNICIOUS, adj. pernicieux, nuisible, fu-PERNICIOUSLY, adr. peruicieusement. PERNICIOUSNESS, s. qualité permeieuse, PERORATION, s. peroraison, f. [danger, m PERPEND, r. a. examiner, peser. PERPENDER, s. parpaing, m. [laire, m. PERPENDICULAR, s. à-plomb, m. perpendicu-PERPENDICULAR, adj. perpendiculaire. PERPENDICULARLY, adv. perpendiculaire. PERPETRATE, v.a. commettre, faire. [ment. PERPETRATION, s. accomplissement, m. PERPETUAL, adj. perpetuel, continuel.

PER

PERPETUALLY, adr. perpétuellement, conti- | nucliement, toujours, sans fin. PERPETUATE, v. a. perpetuer, eterniser. PERPETUATION, s. l'action de perpetuer. PERPETUITY, s. perpetuite, f. durée éter-PERPLEX, v. a. inquièter. [nelle, f. PERPLEXED, part. adj. troublé, inquiet, em-brouillé, tourmenté, embarrassé. [lée. PERPLEXEDLY, adv. d'une manière embrouil-PERPLEXEDNESS, PERPLEXITY, s. perplexité, f. inquictude, f. embarras, m. [m. Perquisites, s. pl. casuel, m. profits casuels, PERRY, s. poire, m. [exacte. PERSECUTE, v. a. persecuter, tourmenter. PERSECUTION, s. persecution, f. PERSECUTOR, s. persecuteur, m. Perseverance, s. perseverance, f. constance, f. PERSEVERANT, adj. perseverant, constant. PERSEVERE, v. n. perseverer, persister. PERSEVERINGLY, adv. avec persévérance. PERSIAN, s. (a thin slight silk) de la Per-PERSIST, v. s. persister, persévérer.
PERSISTANCE, PERSISTENCY, s. constance, f. fermeté, f. persévérance, f. opiniâtreté, PERSON, s. personne, f.

[f.
PERSONABLE, adj. de bonne mine, de bon air. PERSONAGE, s. personnage, m. personne, f. PERSONAL, adj. personnel. PERSONALITY, s. personnalite, f. individua-PERSONALLY, adv. personnellement. [lité, f. PERSONATE, v. a. jouer, représenter. PERSONIFICATION, s. prosopopee, f. PERSONIFY, r. a. personnifier. PERSPECTIVE, s. perspective, f. hunette d'approche, f. vue, f. aspect, m.; adj. qui répresente, optique. PERSPICACIOUS, adj. clairvoyant, éclairé. PERSPICACITY, PERSPICACIOUSNESS, a. la bonté de la vue, perspicac. è. f. force, f. Perspicuity, s. cl arté, f. netteté, f. Perspicuous, adj. clair, transparent, net. PERSPICUOUSILY, adr. clairement. PERSPIRABLE, adj. transpirable. PERSPIRATION, s. transpiration, f. Perspirat, r. n. transpirer. PERSTRINGE, v.a. passer légèrement sur, ef-PERSUADABLE, adj. persuasible. PERSUADE, v. a. persuader, convaincre, re-PERSUASIBLE, adj. persuasible. [soudre. PERSUASION, s. persuasion. f. croyance, f. Persuasive, adj. persuasif. (sions, [sions, f. PERSUASIVENESS, s influence sur les pas-PERSUASORY, adj. persuasif.
PERT, adj. vif, éveillé, plein de feu, pétulant.
PERTAIN, v. n. regarder, concerner. PERTINACIOUS, adj. obstine, opiniatre. PERTINACIOUSLY, adr. opiniatrément. PERTINACIOUSNESS, PERTINACY, s. obstination, f. PERTINACITY, s. fermeté, f. résolution, f. PERTINENCE, PERTINENCY, s. conve-PERTIMENT, adj. pertinent, convenable.
PERTIMENTI.T, adv. pertinemment, à-propos. PERTLY, adv. vivement, petulamment.
PERTRESS, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. Iquieter.
PERTURB, PERTURBATE, v. a. troubler, in-PERTURBATION, 4. trouble, m. agitation, f. PERTURBATOR, s. un perturbateur. PERTUSION, s. l'action de percer un trou.

Pervade, v. a. pénéver, passer à travers. PERVASION, e. penetration, f.
PERVERSE, adj. pervers, deprave, mechant.
PERVERSELY, adv. mechaninent.
PERVERSENESS, PERVERSION, PERVER SITY, s. mechancete, f. depravation, f. PERVERT, v. a. perverter, corrompre, depra-PERVERTER, s. corrupteur, m. Tver. PERVICACIOUS, adj. revêche. PERVICACIOUSNESS, PERVICACUTY, VICACY, s. obstination, f. opiniâtreté, f.
Pervious, adj. par où l'on peut passer, pas
Perviousness, s. pénétrabilité, f. [sable Isable. PERUKE, s. perruque. PERUKE-MAKER, s. perruquier. PERUSAL, s. l'action de lire, lecture, f. PRRUSE, v. a. lire, examiner. PERUSER, s. lecteur, m. observateur, m.
PERUSING, s. lecture, f. l'action de lire, f.
PERUVIAN, adj. Peruvieu; peruvian bank, de quinquina. PESSARY, s. pessaire, m. PEST, s. peste, f. contagion, f.
PESTER, r. a. embarrasser, inquieter, incommoder, harceler.

[tiferes, f PEST-HOUSE, s. lazaret, m. maison des pes-PESTIFEROUS, adj. pestifère. PESTILENCE, s. peste, f. pestilerce, f. Pestilent, Pestilential, adj. pestilent. PETLE, s. un pilon, l'os d'un jambon, m. PET, s. depit, m. boutade, f. accès, m. PETALISM, s. pétale, m. [pour 5 ans. PETALISM, s. pétalisme, m. bannissement PETAR, PETARD, s. pétarder, m. PETARDER, s. pétardier, m. PETECHIAL, adj. accompagné de pétéchies. PETER-PENCE, s. denier de St. Pierre, m. PETIT, adj. petit, peu considérable. PETITION, s. réquête, f. placet, m. demande, PETITION, r. a. demander, solliciter. PETITIONARY, adj. requerant, suppliant. PETITIONER, s. suppliant, m. requerant, m. PETITORY, adj. & s. petitoire, m. Petrary, s. un mangoneau. Petrifaction, Petrification, s. pétrification, f. PETRIFACTIVE, PETRIFICK, adj. lapidifique.
PETRIFY, v. a. & n. petrifier, se petrifier.
PETRONEL, s. un pistolet. PETTICOAT, s. une jupe, un cotillon, une cotte, un jupon. PETTIFOGGER, s. un petit avocat. PETTIFOGGING, s. chicane, f. artifice. m. PETTISH, adj. facheux, chagrin, bourru. PETTISHNESS, s. humeur chagrine. PETTITOES, s. pl. des pieds de cochon de lait. PETTO, s. cœur, m. petto, m. [rieur. PETTY, adj. petit, peu considérable, bas, infé-PETULANCE, PETULANCY, s. petulance, f. PETULANTLY, adj. pétulant, impertinent, inso-PETULANTLY, adr. pétulamment. [lent. PEW, s. un banc fermé, un priedieu. PEWET or PUET, s. huppe, f. (oiseau aqua-PEWTER, s. étain, m. de l'étain. [tique.) PEWTERER, s. un potier d'étain. PHAGEDENICK, PHAGEDENOUS, adj. pha gédénique. PHALANX, s. une phalange.
PHANTASM, PHANTASMA, s. fantôme, m PHANTASTICAL, PHANTASTICK, adj. fan tasque. PHARTOM, s. fantôme, m. spectre, m. vision, PHARAO, s. Pl.araon, m. PHARE, PHAROS, s. Phare, m. fanal, m.

PHARISAICAL, adj. pharisakque, de pharisien. PHARISAISM, s. pharisaisme, m. PHARISEE, s. un pharisien. PHARMACEUTICAL, PHARMACEUTICE, ac.j. pharmaceutique. PHARMACOLOGY, s. pharmacologie, PHARMACOPŒIA, s. pharmacopee, PHARMACOPOLIST, s. un apothicaire, un pharmacien. PHARMACY, s. pharmacie, f. PHASELS, s. fascole, f. PHASE, s. phase, f. apparence, f.
PHASM, s. fantome, m. spectre, m. vision, f.
PHEASANT, s. un faisan. PHEASANT-POUT, s. un faisandeau. PHENIX, s. phénix, m.
PHENOMENON, s. phénomène, m.
PHIAL, s. une fiole. [hoanête. PHILANTHROPAL, adj. humain, doux, bon, PHILANTHROPIST, s. philanthrope, m. PHILANTHROPY, s. humanité, f. bienveil-PHILAUTY, s. amour-propre, m. [lance, PHILAUTY, s. amour-propre, m. [lance, f. PHILIPPICK, s. philippique, f. invective, f. PHILOLOGER, s. philologue, m. critique, m. PHILOLOGICAL, adj. philologique, critique, m. PHILOLOGY, s. philologie, f. literature, f. PHILOMEL, PHILOMELA, s. philomèle, f. PHILOMEL, adj. de couleur de feuille morte. PHILOPHASTER, s. un méchant philosophe. PHILOSOPHER, s. un philosophe. A natural PHILOSOPHER, s. un puncoupus. A moral philosopher, un physicien. A moral philosopher, un moraliste. The philosopher's stone, pierre philosophale.
PHILOSOPHICALLY, adj. philosophique.
PHILOSOPHICALLY, ado. philosophiquement. PHILOSOPHIZE, r. a. philosopher, moraliser.
PHILOSOPHY, s. philosophie, f.
PHILTER, s. philtre, m. Phiz, s. la figure, le visage, la trogne. Phiebotomist, s. un phiebotomiste. PHLEBOTOMIZE, v. a. saiguer, phiébotomiser.
PHLEBOTOMY, s. phiébotomie, f.
PHLEGM, s. phiébotomie, f.
PHLEGMATICE, rdj. flegmatique, froid. PHLEME, s. flamme, f. PHLEGMON, s. flegmon, m. inflammation, f. PHLEGMONOUS, adj. brulant, chaud, inflam-PHLOGISTON, s. phlogistique, m. [matoire. Phoenix, s. phoenix, m. Phosphor, Phosphore, m. PHRASE, s. phrase, f. style, m.; v. a. exprimer. PHRASKOLOGY, s. diction, f. style, m. PHRENETIS, s. frenesie, f. PHRENETICE, adj. frenetique. PHRENEY, s. frenesie, f. PHRENSY, s. frenesie, f. PHTHISICAL, adj. phthisique. PHTHISICK, PHTHISIS, s. phthisie, f. consomption, f. PHILACTERY, s. philactère, m.
PHYSICAL, adj physique, naturel, médicinal.
PHYSICALLY, adv. physiquement, naturelle-PHYSICIAN, s. un medecin. [ment. PHYSICK, s. médecine, f. remède, m. PHYSICK, v. a. medicamenter, droguer. Physicus, s. la physique; livres de médecin. Physiconomen, Physiconomist, s. physionomiste, m. PHYSIOGNOMICK, adj. physionomique. PHYSIOGNOMY, s. physiolomic, f. figure, f. PHYSIOLOGICAL, adj. physiologique.
PHYSIOLOGIST, s. physiologiste, m.
PHYSIOLOGY, s. physiologist, f.

PHYTOLOGY, s. trait's de botanique, y. Placular, Placulous, adj. expiatoire, pa aculaire. PIA-MATER, s. pie-mère, f. PIANET, s. pie, f. grimperettu, m. PIASTER, s. piastre, m. PIAZZA, s. un portique Pica, s. pica, m. appetit dépravé, cicéro, m. Small pica, cicéro à petit ceil. PICAROON, s. un brigand, su pirate. PICK, s. martelline, f. pic, m. PICK, v. a. cueillir, ramasser, choisir, trier; glaner, curer, eplucher, nettoyer, ronger, piquer, percer, lancer, darder, voler, escainoter, crocheter; to pick out, arracher, ôter, attraper, prendre, tirer; to pick tep, ramasser, raccrocher, arracher, enlever v. a. manger à petit morcesux. PICKAXE, s. pic, m. pioche, f. houe, f. PICK-BACK, adj. sur le dos. PICKEER, r. a. voler, piller, escarmoucher. PICKER, s. celui qui cueille, ramasse, curé, &zc. voleur, m. pioche, f.
Pickerel, s. un brocheton, un petit brochet! PICKINGS, s. épluchures, f. pl. PICKLE, s. saumure, f. marinade, PICKLE, r. a. saler, mariner, confire. Picklock, s. crochet, m. rossignol, m. Pickpocket, s. un filou. PICKTHANK, s. un flagorneur. Picктоотн, s. un cure-dent. PICTURIAL, adj. de peintre, pittoresque. PICTURE, s. peinture, f. portrait, m. PICTURE, r. a. dépeindre, peindre. PICTURE-DRAWER, s. peintre de portrait, s. .. PICTURE-DRAWING, s. peintre, f.
PIDDLE, v. n. pignocher, manger a petits mor ceaux. Piddling-businuss, niaiserie, f. PIE, s. un pate; minced pie, rissole, f. PIE or MAGPIE, s. un pie. PIE-BALD. adj. pie de diverses coulcurs.

PIECE, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. boul, m. ouvrage, m. production, f.; piece of a candle, bout de chandelle, m.; piece of ordmance, un canon. A field-piece, une pièce
de campagne. Fowling-piece, un fusil de
chasse; piece of wil, trait d'esprit; pièce of
piece, une nouvelle; piece of folly, une folie.
A-piece, la pièce, chacun or chacune. Of
a piece with, de la même espèce.

PIECE. v. a. rapiècer. PIE-BALD. adj. pie de diverses coulcurs. Piece, v. a. rapiècer. Pieceless, adj. entier, uni PIECE-MEAL, adj. séparé, chaque; adv. en s PIECER, s. rapetasser, m. ravaudeur, m. m. PIED, adj. varié, de diverses couleurs. PIER, s. trumeau, m. un môle. PIERCE, v. a. percer, pénétrer, toucher. [ulentent '9 PIERCER, s. un percoir. [ulement 9]
PIERCENGLY, adv. d'une mamère aigue, sub 9 PIERCINGRESS, s. pénétration, f.
PIETT, s. piété, f. religion, f. amour, m.
PIG, s. un petit cochon, un cochon, un saumon de ploub. Pia, v. n. cochonner. Pigbadger, s. un taisson, un blaireau. PIGEON'S-FOOT. (an herb) verveine, f. PIGEON-LIVERED, adj. doux, sans fel. Piegen, s. un petit scau, un petit vaisseau. PIGMENT, s. fard, m. rouge, m. coulcur, f.

Pienv, e. un pigmée, un nain, un mirmidon.

Pienv, e. un pigmée, u PIGNUT, s. une truffe or truffe. PIER, s. un brochet, une pique. PIRED, ad. pointu, aigu.
PIRED, ad. pointu, aigu.
PIREMAN, s. un piquier.
PIRE-STAFF, s. bâton pointu, le bois d'une pique.
Pilastes, s. pilastre, m.
Pilche, Pilcher, e. fourreau, m. couver-Phile, s. pilotis, pile, f. tas, m. monceau, m. bâtiment, m. édifice, m. le fer (d'une flèche) poil, m. duvet, m.
PILES, s. les hémorrhoides, f. PILE, v. a. entasser, mettre en pile. PILER, s. qui entasse, qui met en pile. PILEWORT, s. scrofulaire (plante.) PILFER, v. a. & n. faire de petits vols.
PILFERER, s. petit voleur, fripon, m. filou, m. PILTERING, s. larcin, m PILFERINGLY, adv. en fripon, par larcin. Pilgrin, s. un pélérin; v. n. voyager. PILGRIMAGE, s. pelérinage, m.
PILLI, s. pilule, f.
PILLIAGE, s. a. piller: s. pillage, m.
PILLIAGE, s. un pillard, un voleur, un bri-PILLAR, s. pilier, m. colonne, f. [gand. PILLARED, adf. soutenu par des piliers. PILLION, s. une selle de femme, coussinet, m. PILLORY, s. pilori, m.; r. a. pilorier, mettre PILLOW, s. un oreiller. [au pilori. PILLOWBEER, PILLOW-CASE, s. un taie d'oreiller PILOT, s. pilote, m.; v. a. piloter. PILOTAGE, s. pilotage, m. louage de pilote, m. PILTER, s. papillon de nuit, m. PIMENTA, s. piment, m. PIMP, s. maquereau; v. n. faire le méticr de maquereau. PIMPERNEL, s. pimprenelle, f. plante. PIMPING, s. maquerellage, m. [tif. PIMPING, adj. petit, de peu de valeur, ché-PIMPLED, adf. qui a de boutous, bourgeonné.
PIM, s. épingle, f. quille, f. cheville, f. cla-13, s. epingle, f. quille, f. cheville, f. clavette, f. centre, clou, m. goupille, f. goupilles (d'une montre), le style (d'un cadran), poinçon, m. taie, f. Axle-pin or linch-pin, axe, m. or esseu de roue, m. Larding-pin, une lardoire. Ralling-pin, rouleau (de pâtissier.) m. Crisping-pin, aiguille de tête, f. fer à friser. Pta, v. a. attacher avec des épingles, attacher, arrêter, joindre, furmer, enfermer, terminer, conclure, finir. PIRCASE, s. un étui à épingles.
PIRCASE, s. un étui à épingles.
PIRCER, s. davier, m. tenette, f.
PIRCER, s. pl. tenailles, f. pl. pince, f.
PIRCH, v. a. pincer, serrer, presser, blesser, réduire à l'étroit, railler, satiriser; to pinch off, arracher, emporter, enlever; v. n. se faire sentir, être dans la nécessité.

PINCHE, s. pincée, f. prise, f. peine, f.

PINCHBECK, s. pinchbeck, m. similor, m.

PINCHER, s. celui or celle qui pince.

PINCHER, s. r. pinch-PENNY, s. un avare. PINCUSHION, s. une pelot aux épingles. PINDARICK, adj. Pindarique. Pins, s. un pin.

Pins, v. a. languir, dépérir ; v. a. faire languir, faire perir.

Gur, faire perir.

[bergerie. PINKAL, adj. pinéale. [bergerie. PINFOLD, s. parc pour les bestiaux, m. une

PINK, s. un ceillet (ficur.) pinque, f.

PINK, s. un ceillet (ficur.) pinque, f.

PINK, v. a. découper, figurer; v. n. clignoter PINKER, s. un découpeur. PINKER, s. un decoupeur.

PINKING, s. décompure. f.; adj. yeux que PINMAKER, s. un-épinglier. [clignote PIN-MONEY, s. argent pour les menus plais PINNACE, s. pinasse, f. [sirs PINNACE, s. pinacle, m. créneau, m. PINNER, s. barbe (d'une coiffe,) f. PINT, s. pinte d'Angleterre, f. chopine de PIONER, s. pionnier, m. [France, f. PIONY s. pinone, f. Piony, s. pionne, f. Pious, adj. pieux, pic, dévot, religieux. Piously, adv. pieusement, avec pieté. PIP, s. la pépie, point sur les cartes, m. Pip, n. n. pépier, gazouiller.
Pips, s. un tube, une pipe, un pipeau, un tux, un conduit, un canal, l'organe de la voix, le sifflet, la trachée-artère, le grand rouleau de l'échiquier. PIPE, v. n. jouer de la flûte, flûter, crier. PIPER, s. fluteur, un joueur de la flute. PIPETREE, s. filas, m. Piping, adj. foible, maladif, valétudinaire, chaud, bouillant. PIPKIN, s. un pot de terre, terrine. f. PIPPIN, s. reinette, f. (sorte de pomme.) PIQUANT, adj. piquant, qui a de la pointe. Preuancy, s. pointe, f.
Piquantly, adr. d'une manière piquante. Pique, s. différent, m. demélé, m. pique, f. point, m. délicatesse, f. pic, m. Pique, v. a. piquer, exciter, choquer. PIQUEER, v. n. escarmoucher, piller. PIQUEERING, s. escarmouche, f. rapine, f. PIQUET, s. piquet, m. jeu de cartes. PIRACY, s. piraterie, f. ban, m. un plagiaire. PIRATE, s. pirate, m. corsaire, m.
PIRATE, v. n. pirater; v. a. piller (nu autour.) PIRATICAL, adj. de pirate, de volcur. Piscary, s. droit de pêche, m. Piscarion, s. la pêche. PISCATORY, adj. qui a rapport aux poissons or à la pêche. Pisces, s. les poissons, m. [ictiophage. Piscivorous, adj. qui se nourrit de poissons, Pish, interj. nargue! zest! fi! poua! Pish, v. n. narguer, témoigner du mépris. Pismire, s. une fourmi. Piss, v. n. pisser, faire de l'eau. Piss, s. pissat, m. urine, f. PISSABED, s. pissenlit, m. dent de lion, f. PISSBURNT, adj. teint avec de l'urine, conleur de pissat. PISTACHIO, s. pistache, f. Pistachio-tree, le PISTE, s. piste, f. trace, f. [pistachier. PISTIL, s. pistil, m. Pistol, s. un pistolet ; v. a. décharger un PISTOLE, s. pistole, f. [pistolet. Piston, s. piston, m Pit, s. une fosse, une creux, un abime, un précipice, puit, m. mine, f. le parterre (d'une salle de spectacle;) l'arène (où l'on fait combattre les cogs.) A coal-pit, une mine de charbon. A gravel-pit, une sablonnière. A sand-pit, une sablière. Pir, v. n. & a. se former en creux, mettre. dans l'arène. PITAPAT, s. palpitation, f (de cœur) pas léger et précipité.

PITCH, s. poix; f. degre, m. point, m. talle, f. état, m. condition, f. PLANCHED, adj. de planches, plancheté. PITCH-TREE, s. pin, m. sapin, m. Pitch and tar, goudron, m PITCH, v. a. poisser, goudronner, ficher, enfoncer, dresser, poser, ranger, paver; v.a. tomber, choisir, s'arrêten PITCHER, s. une cruche, un pot de terre. PITCHFORK, s. une fourche de fer. PITCHY, udj. de poix, poissé, goudronné, noir. PITCOAL, s. charbon de terre, m. PITEOUS, adj. chagrin, tendre, pitoyable. PITEOUSLY, adv. pitoyablement, pitieus PITEALL, s. trebuchel, m. trappe, f. [men PITH, s. modile, f. quintessence, f. PITHLY, adv. vigoureusement, avec force. PITHINESS, s. force, f. energie, f. vigueur, f. Pithless, adj. sans moëlle, sans force. Pithy, adj. fort, énergique, puissant. Pitiable, adj. pitoyabie, digne de pitié. PITIFUL, adj. triste, lamentable, tendre, pitoyable, misérable, chétif, mauvais. PITIFULLY, adv. avec compassion. PITIFULNESS, s. pitie, f. compassion, f. PITILESSLY, adv. impitoyablement: PITILESS, adj. impitoyable, sans pitic. PITTABCE, s. pittance, f. portiou, f. PITTED, adj. marque de petits trous. PITUITE, s. pituite, f. PITUITOUS, adj. pituiteux, flegmatique. PITY, s. pitie, f. compassion, f. It is a pity, c'est dommage. PITY, r. a. & n. avoir pitié, plaindre, être PIVOT, s. un pivot. compaussaut. Pix, s. ciboire, m. nerf. PIZZLE, s. le verge de certains animaux, le PLACABILITY, PLACABLENESS, s. clémence, PLACABLE, adj. clément, doux. [f. PLACARD, PLACART, s. un placard, un édit. PLACATE, v. a. appaiser, adoucir, concilier. PLACE, s. place, f. lieu, m. endroit, m. part, m. rang, m. espace, m. qualité, f. la pré-séance, le pas, ville, f. forteresse, f. emploi, m. passage, m. PLACE, v. a. placer, mettre, établir. PLACID, adj. paisible, doux, gracieux. PLACIDLY, adv. paisiblement, doucement. PLACIT, s. décret, m. arrêt, m. PLAGIARISM, s. plagiat, m PLAGIARISM, s. plagrat, m.
PLAGIARY, s. plagiare, m.
PLAGIARY, s. plagiare, m. A
plague-sore, charbon de peste, m. A
PLAGUE, s. une pli, (poisson plat.)
PLAGUE, s. une pli, (poisson plat.)
PLAID, s. sorte de serge bigarrée, f.
PLAID, s. plain, uni, égal, plan, ouvert,
découvert, franc, sincère, clair, évident,
manifeste. manifeste. PLAIN, adv. simplement, sincèrement, distinctement, intelligiblement. PLAIN, s. plaine, f. campagne unie, plan, m. PLAINDEALER, s. honnète homme. PLAINDEALING, s. droiture, f. franchise, f. PLAINLY, adv. simplement, manifestement, ouvertement, franchement, clairement.

PLAINNESS, s. égalité, f. simplicité, f. franchise, f. sincérité, f. clarté, f. PLAINT, s. lamentation, f, plainte, f. PLAINTIFF, s. demandeur or demanderesse. PLAINTIVE, adj. plaintif. PLAIN-WORK, s. ouvrage à l'aiguille, m. travail en ligne, m PLAIT, s. pli, m. double, m. tresse, f. PLAIT, v. a. plisser, plier, tresser, tisser.

PLANCHER, s. une planche.
PLANE, s. plane, m. surface plane, f. un radot.
PLANE, v. a. raboter, polir, unir, planir, PLANET, s. planete, f. [aplanir. PLANET, s. planete, f. [aplanir. PLANETARIUM, s. planetaire, m. PLANETARY, adj. planetaire, de planete. PLANETERE, s. plane, m. or platane, m. PLANETSTRUEK, adj. broui, étonné, con-PLANIMETRY, s. planimétrie, f. [sterué. PLANISH, v. a. planer, polir. m. polisseur, m. PLANISHER, s. planeur, m. poli PLANISPHERE, s. planisphère, m. PLANK, s. une planche, un a.s. PLANK, v. a. plancheier. [pointer. PLANT, s. plante, f.; v. a. planter, établir, PLANTAIN, s. plantain, m. (herbe.) PLANTAL, adj. qui concerne les plantes. PLANTATION, s. plantage, m. ctablissement, m. plantation, f. colonie, f. peuplade, f. PLANTER, s. planteur, m. cultivateur, m. le. PLANTING-STICK, s. plantoir, m. [maître. PLASH. 1. une flaque d'eau, un gâchis. PLASH, v. a. entrelacer, gâcher, éclabousser. PLASHY, adj. gâcheux, boueux, bourbeux. PLASM, s. une moule, une matrice. PLASTER, s. plâtre, m. emplatre, m. PLASTER, r. a. platrer, mettre un emplatre. PLASTERER, s. platrier, m. PLASTERING, s. enduit, m.
PLASTICK, adj. plastique, qui donne un forme.
PLASTRON, s. plastron, m. PLAT, D. a. tresser; tisser; s. un petit champ.

The plat vrius of a horse, les ars, m.

PLATANE, s. (a tree) platane, m.

PLATE, s. plaque, f. or lame (de métal,) f.

planche, f. platine, f. vaisselle (d'or or d'argent,) f. une assiette, eniremets, m.

taille deues f. taille-douce, f. PLATE, v. a. couvrir de seuilles d'or or d'argent, plaquer, mettre en lames.

PLATER, s. platine, f. [plan, m.

PLATFORM, s. platine, f. ichnographie, f. •

PLATOON, s. pebion de soldats, m.

PLATOON, s. pebion de soldats, m. PLATONICK, adj. platonique. PLATONISM, s. le platonisme. PLATONISM, s. le platonisme. [bois.]
PLATTER, s. un grand plat de terre or de
PLAUDIT, s. louasge, f. applaudissement, m.
PLAUSIBLE, adj. plausible, spécieux.
PLAUSIBLENSS, s. plausiblité, f.
PLAUSIBLY, adv. plausiblement, fort bien.
PLAY, v. n. & a. badiner, folâtrer, jouer, faire un robe, faire jouer, tirer, faire un personnage; to play the fool, faire le fou to play false, tromper; to play the knare, faire des friponueries; to play the truant, faire le faineant; to play away, jouer.
PLAY, s. jeu, m. amusement, m. divertisse-[bois. PLAY, s. jeu, m. amusement, m. divertissement, m. badinage, m. spectacle, m. PLAY-BOOK, s. recueil de pièces de theatre, PLAY-DAY, s. vacances, f. pl. PLAY-DEBT, s. dette de jeu, f. PLAYER, s. joueur, joueuse, un acteur, un comédien, une actrice, une comédienne. PLAY-FELLOW, s. compagnon de jeu, m. PLAYFUL, adj. badin, folatre. PLAY-GAME, s. jeu d'enfant, m. PLAY-HOUSE, s. une salle de comédie, un théatre, une salle de spectacle, la comédie. PLAYSOME, adj. folâtre, léger PLAYSOMENESS, s. amour du jeu, s PLAY-THING, s. jouet, m. babiole, f. PLAY-WRIGHT, s. fescur de comédies, m

PLEA, s. plaidoyer, m. raisons, f. pl. apolo-gie, f. defense, f. excuse, f. Pl.EAD, v. n. plaider, defendre, alleguer, pretendre, s'excuser sur. PIEADABLE, adj. qui peut être plaide. PLEADER, s. plaideur, plaideuse. PLEADING, s. plaidoirie, f. PLEASANCA, s. joie, f. gaieté, f. plaisir, m. PLEASANT, ad; plaisant, agréable, gracieux, divertissant, comique, gai, drôle. PLEASANTLY, adv. agréablement, plaisamment.
PLEASANTHESS, s. agrément, m. aménité, f.
PLEASANTHY, s. plaisanterie, f. badinage, m.
PLEASE, v.a.plaire, obliger, agréer. To please,
To be please d. v. n. plaire, vouloir. As you
please, coanne il vous plaira. To please
one's self, v. n. prendre plaisir.
PLEASING, adf. plaisant, agréable. [ment.
PLEASINGLY. adv. plaisamment, agréable-PLEASINGLY, adv. plaisamment, agreable-PLEASINGNESS, s. agrement, m. charme, m. PLEASURABLE, adj. plaisant, agreable. PLEASURE, s. plaisir, m. joie, f. recreation, f. votonte, f. choix, m. gre, m. PLEBELAN, s. & adj. un plébeien. PLEDGE, s. gage, m. assurance, f. caution, f. PLEDGE, v. a. engager, mettre en gage.
PLEDGET, s. un plumasseau, une compresse.
PLEIADS, PLEIADES, s. les pléiades, f.
PLEMARY, adj. entier, complet, parfait. PLENIFOTENT, adj. tout-puissant.
PLENIFOTENTIANY, 5: plenipotentiaire, m.
PLENIFOTENTIANY, 5: plenipotentiaire, m.
PLENIEOUS, adj. abondant, fertile. PLENTEOUSLY, adn. abondamment. PLENTIFUL, adj. abondant, copicux, grand, fertile. PLENTIFULLY, adv. copieusement. PLENTIFULNESS, s. abondance, f. fertilité, f. PLENTY, s. abondance, f. quantité, f. PLEONASM, s. pleonasme, m.
PLETHORA, PLETHORY, s. plethore, f.
PLETHORETICK, PLETHORICK. adj. plethorique, plein d'humeurs. PLEURISY, s. pleurésie, f. PLEURIST, s. pleurésie, f.
PLEURITICAL, PLEURITICK, adf. pleurePLIABLE, adf. pliable, maniable, flexible.
PLIABLE, adf. pliable, flexible, souple.
PLIANT, adf. pliable, flexible, souple.
PLIANTNESS, s. souplesse, f. docifité, f.
PLIANTNESS, s. souplesse, f. docifité, f.
PLIGATURE, PLICATION, s. pli, m. double, m.
PLIGHT, s. étal, m. santé, f. gage, m.
PLIGHT, v. a. enguger, donner pour gage.
PLINTH, s. plinthe, f. abaque, m. taifloir, m.
PLOD, v. n. s'appliquer forte à.
PLOT, s. une pièce de terre, un champ, sol, m. terrein, m. forme, f. plan, m. projet, m. [tique, m. terrein, m. forme, f. plan, m. projet, m. complot, m. conjuration, f. conspiration. f. dessein, m. l'intrigue d'une pièce de théâtre, f. PLCT, v. n. & a. conspirer, comploter, tramer, concerter, concluire. PLOTTER, s. conspirateur, m. conjuré, m. PLOVER, s. pluvier, m. conjuré, s. PLOVER, s. charrue, f.; v. a. labourer. PLOUGHER, s. un laboureur. PLOUGHBOY, s. ur garçon laboureur. PLOUGHING, s. labourage, m. labour, m. PLOUGHLAND, s. une ferme, une cense. PLOUGHMAN, s. laboureur, m. frue. PLOUGHSHARE, s. le soc or le fer de la char-PLOUGH-STAFF, s. le curoir d'une charrue. PLUCE, v. a. tirer de force, arracher, plumer

PLUCE, s. fressure, f. effort qu'on fait en te rant, action de tirer or d'arracher. Plus, s. fiche, f. cheville, f.
Plus, s. prune, f. Wild plum, prunelle, f. PLUMS, s. raisins secs, m. pl. PLUMAGE, s. plumage, m. plumet, m. PLUMB, s. plomb, m. niveau, m. PLUMB, adv. à-plomb, droit. PLUMB, v. a. sonder, mettre à plomb, régler PLUMBER, s. plombier, m. PLUMBER, s. plombier, m. [rinthe, m. PLUM-CAKE, s. gateau aux raisins de Co-PLUME, s. plume, f. plumet, m. panache, m. PLUME, r. a. plumer. PLUMBET, s. un plomb, un niveau. PLUMP, adj. potelé, dodu s. touffe, f. amas, PLUMP, adv. tout d'un coup. PLUMP, v. a. & n. engraisser, enfler, s'enfler, PLUMPNESS, s. embonpoint, m. PLUM-PORRIDGE, s. potage nux raisins sees, PLUM-PUDDING, s. boudin aux raisins sees, m. PLUMY, adj. couvert de plumes, empeuné. PLUNDER, s. pillage, m. butin, m. sac, m. PLUNDER, v. a. piller, saccager, voler. PLUNDEBER, s. un pillard, un voleur. PLUNGE, s. l'action de plonger, embarras, m. difficulté, f. mauvais pas. PLUNGE, v. a. & n. plonger, enfoncer. PLUNGER, s. un plongeur. [zur, azuré. PLUNKET, s. & adj. azur, m. de couleur d'a-PLURAL, adj. de plusieurs, le pluriel. Pluralist, s. qui jouit de plus d'un bénéfice. PLURALITY, s. pluralité, f. PLURALLY, adv. au pluriel, au nombre pluriel. PLUSH, s. panne, f. or peluche, f. PLUVIAL, s. pluvial, f. chape, f. PLUVIAL, PLUVIOUS, adj. pluvieux. PLY, s. pli, m. tour, m. forme, f. double, m. PLY, v. n. & a. s'appliquer, s'attacher, faire travailler, accat ler de travail, solliciter, travailler, s'occuper, aller en bâte, faire route, avoir son poste.
PREUMATICAL, PREUMATICK, adj. pneumatique. PNEUMATOLOGY, s. la pneumatologie. PNEUMONICKS, s. pl. remèdes contre l'asthme, Роден, v. a. faire bouillir un peu, pocher, crever, piller, dérober; v.n. voler le gibier, braconner, être humble. POACHER, s. un braconnier. POACHY, adj. humide, marecageux. POACHINESS, s. humidité, f.
POCK, s. grain, m. or pustule de petite vé
POCKET, s. poche, f. pochete, f.
POCKET, v. a. empocher, pocheter. POCKET-BOOK, s. livre de poche. POCKET-MONEY, s. argent mignon, m.
POCK-HOLE, s. marque de la petite vérole. Pocky, adj. vérolé, qui a la vérole. POCULENT, adj. bon à boire.

Pon. s. cosse de legume, f.

PODAGRICAL, adj. qui a la goutte aux picca,

PODGE, s. bourbier, m. gachis, m. POEM, s. pceme, m. poesie, f. Poesy, s. poësie, f. poëtique, f. un poëme. Poet, s. un poëte. POETASTER, s. un poetereau, un mauvais POETESS, s. une femme poète. poete. POETICAL, POETICK, adj. poetique. POETICALLY, adv. poetiquement. POETIZE, v. s. écrire en poëte. POETRY, s. poësie, f. poëme, m. Poignancy, s. piquant, m. pointe . sel, m.

POIGNANT, adj. piquant. POINT, s. pointe, f. point, m. aiguillette, f. objet, m. conclusion, f. état, m.
POINT-BLANC, adj. de but en blanc. POINT, v. a. aiguiser, affiler, pointer, diriger; to point out, montrer, indiquer; v. n. montrer au doigt, indiquer, arrêter.
POINTEDLY, adv. subtilement, severement. POINTEDNESS, s. pointe, f. POINTER, s. un chien d'arrêt. POINTLESS, adj. sans pointe, obtus, fade. Poison, a poison, m. venin, m. Poison, v. a. empoisonner, envenimer, infec-Poisoner, s. empoisonneur, corrupteur. Poisoning, s. empoisonnement, m. Poisonous, adj. empoisonné, venimeux. Poisonousir, adv. d'une manière empoison-Poise, s. poids, m. pesanteur, f. Inée Poise, v. a. mettre en équilibre, équivaloir. POKE, s. une poche, une pochette. POKE, v. a. tatonner, farfouiller. PORER, s. un fourgon. POLAND, s. la Pologne. POLANDER, s. un Polonois. POLAQUE, s. polacre or polaque, f. POLAR, POLARY, adj. polaire.
POLR, s. pole, m. perche, f. bâton, m.
POLR, v. a. mettre des perches. POLE-AXE, s. hache d'arme, f. POLE-CAT, s. un putois. [controverse POLENICAL, POLENICE, adj. polémique, de POLENICE, s. controversiste. POLEMICES, s. pl. controverses, f. pl.
POLE-STAR, s. etoile polaire, f. POLICE, s. police, f. Policy, s. politique, f. prudence, f. adresse, f. Policy of insurance, police d'assurance, f. POLISH, v. a. polir, rendre poli; v. n. se polir. POLISH, s. poli, m. polissure, f. politesse, f. POLISHABLE, adf., qu'on peut polir. POLISHER, s. polisseur, m. polissoir, m. POLISHING, s. polissure, f.
POLITE, adj. poli, civil, honnête.
POLITELY, adv. poliment, avec politesse, f. POLITENESS, s. politesse, f. urbanité, f. POLITICAL, adj. politique.
POLITICALLY, adj. politiquement. Politician, s. un politique.
Politicx, adj. politique, fin, adroit, prudent.
Politicxly, adv. politiquement, adroite-POLITICES, s. politique, f. adresse, f. POLITY, s. constitution politique, f. ordre, m. gouvernement, m POLL, s. tète, f. suffrages, m pl.
POLL-TAX, s. capitation, f. role, m.
POLL, v. a. & n. ététer, tailler, tondre, raser, couper, preudre la liste or les noms de plusieurs personnes, se faire inscrire, donner sa voix or son suffrage.

POLLARD, s. arbre étêté, méenl, meùnier, m.

POLLER, s. farine, f. son gras.

POLLUTE, v. a. polluer, soniller, gâter. POLLUTER, s. corrupteur, m. POLLUTION, s. pollution, f. souillure, f. POLTRON, s. un poltron, un lâche. POLYANTHOS, s. polyanthe, f. (sorte de fleur.) POLYGAMIST, s. un polygame.

POLYGEAPHY, s. polygraphie, f. POLYPETALOUS, adj. polypetale. POLYPOUS, adj. de la nature du polype. POLYPUS, s. polype, m. POLYSYLLABLE, s. un polysyllabe. POLYTHEISM, s. polytheisme, m. POLYTHEIST, s. un polytheiste. POMADE, POMATUM, s. pommade, f. POMECITEON, s. limon, m. POMECITRON-TREE, s. limonier, m POMEGRANATE, s. grenade, f. (fruit.) POMMEL, s. pommeau, m.; v. a. battre. Pomp, s. pompe, f. éclat, a. splendeur, f. Pompers, s. balles d'imprimeur, f. Pompion, s. une courge Pompous, adj. pompeux, éclatant, fastueux. Pompously, adv. pompeusement. POMPOUSNESS, s. pompe, f. éclat, m.
POND, s. un étang. A fish-pond, un étang,
un vivier. Horsepond, abreuvoir, m. PONDER, v. a. peser, considerer, examiner. PONDERALE, adj. de poids, pesant.

PONDERALI, adj. de poids, pesant.

PONDERALION, s. l'action de peser, poids, sa. PONDERER, s. celui qui pèse, qui considère. PONDEROSITY, s. pouls, m. pesanteur, f. PONDEROUS, adj. pesant, lourd, important. PONERT, adj. d'ouest, d'occident. PONIARD, s. poignard, m. ; v. a. poignarder. PONTAGE, s. pontage, m. pontonnage, m. PONTIFF, a. un pontife, m. pape, m. PONTIFICAL, adj. pontifical. PONTIFICALIA, s. pl. les habits pontificaux. PONTIFICALLY, adv. pontificalement. PONTIFICATE, s. pontificat, m. papauté, f. PONTON, s. un poaton, un post volant. PONY, s. un bidet, un petit cheval. POOL, s. un étang, piscine, f. lavoir, m. POOP, s. la poupe or l'arricre d'un navire. Poor, adi. pauvre, indigent, misérable, che Poor, s. le pauvre or les pauvres. [u Poorly, adv. pauvrement, misérablement. POORNESS, s. pauvreté, f. stérilité, f. Por, s. un petit son vif, soudain et aigu. Pop, r. n. survenir, entrer soudainement; to pop along marcher; to pop out or off, prendre la fuite, tirer sur; v. a. laisser échapper, lâcher inconsidérément. Pope, s. le pape. POPEROM, s. papauté, f. pontificat, m. POPERY, s. le papisme, la religion Romaine POPE's-EYE, s. morceau gras d'un gigot de Pop-gun, s. canonnière, j mouton. Popinjay, s. un perroquet. Popish, adj. Romain, du papisme, des pa Popishly, adv. en papiste. Poplar, s. peuplier, m. Poppy, s. pavot, m. POPULACE, s. la populace, le vulgaire. POPULAR, adj. popularie, du peuple. POPULARITY, s. popularité, f. POPULARLY, adn. populariement. POPULATE, r. n. peupler, multiplier. POPULATION, s. population, f. Populous, adj. peuple. Porcelain, s. porcelaine, f.
Porch, s. porche, m. portique, m. vestibule,
Porcupine, s. porc-epic, m.
[m. Pore, s. pore, m. POLYGARIST, s. un polygame.

POLYGARY, s. polygame, f.

POLYGARCHY, s. polygame, f.

POLYGARCHY, s. polygame, f.

POLYGAR, s. negarder de près, avoir les yeux

PORR, s. porc, m. porc frais. [attachés.

POLYGON, s. un polygone.

[angles.

POLYGON, s. un polygone, qui a plusieurs]

PORRER, PORRET, PORREING, s. un jeuse

POLYGONAL, adj. polygone, qui a plusieurs

PORRER, PORRET, PORREING, s. porc, m. Port, v. n. regarder de près, avoir les yeux [attaches. PORKER, PORKET, PORKLING, s. un jeune cochon, un cochon de lait. [rosité, f

POROUS, adj. poreux.
PORPHYRE, PORPHYRY, s. porphyre, m.
PORPOISE, PORPUS, s. un marsouiu. PORRET, s. une échalote. PORRIDGE, s. soupe, f. potage, m. Porringer, s. une écuelle. PORT, s. un port, un havre, une porte, sa-bord, m. embrasure, f. canonnière, f. bas-bord, m. port, m. sir, m. mine, f. la porte, la cour du Grand Seigneur, vin rouge d'Oporto, ss. PORT, v. a. porter, viser. PORTABLE, adj. portatif. PORTAGE, s. port, m. voiture, f. PORTAL, s. portail, m. PORTCULLIS, s. une herse; r. a. fermer. PORTERD, v. a. presager, propostiquer. PORTERT, s. presage de malheur, m. PORTERTOUS, adf. de mauvais augure.
PORTER, s. un portier, un porteur, un porte-PORTER, s. bière forte. faix. PORTERAGE, s. portage, m. port, m. PORTHOLE, s. embrasure, f. sabord, m. PORTICO, s. portique, un porche. PORTION, s. portion, f. part, f. partie, f. he-ritage, m. bien, m. dot, f. PORTION, v. a. partager, diviser, doter. PORTIONER, s. copartageant, m. [deur. PORTLINESS, s. port majestueux, air de gran-PORTLY, adj. majestneux, grand, noble. PORTMANTEAU, s. porte-manteau, m. PORTRAIT, PORTRAITURE, s. portrait, f. portraiture, f.
PORTRAIT, PORTRAY, r. a. peindre, por-PORTSALE, s. encan, m. vente publique, f. PORT-VEIN, s. la veine porte. Pony, adj. poreux. Posz, v. a. embarrasser, mettre à quia. POSER, v. a. embarrasser, meture a quita.
POSER, s. examinateur, m. questionneur, m.
POSITION, s. position, f. situation, f.
POSITIVE, adj. positif, ricl, absolu, certain,
assure, dogmatique, opinitare.
POSITIVELY, adv. positivement, absolument. POSITIVELY, act. positivement, australia.

POSITIVENES, s. opinitatele, f.

POSITIVENES, s. opinitatele, f.

POSITIVENES, s. position, f. disposition, f.

POSIESS, s. milice, f. bourgeois armés.

POSIESSION, s. possession, f. propriété, f.

jouissance, f. bien, m. domaines, m. pl.

terres, f. pt.

posiessive. act. possessif. Possessive, adj. possessif. Possesson, s. possesseur, m. Possesson, adj. qui possede, proprietaire. Posset, s. petit lait, possete, f.
Possibility, s. possibilité, f.
Possible, adj. possible.
Possible, adv. par quelques moyens, peut-Post, s. poste, f. postillon, m. courier, m. poste, m. place, f. emploi, m. un poteau. To ride post, aller en poste, courir la poste. Post-sage, s. poste, f. relais de poste, m. The penny-post, la petite poste. Post, v. n. confir la poste, aller en poste; v. a. poster, placer, afficher, eurégistrer. POSTAGE, s. port de lettre, m POST-BOY, s. un courier, postillon, m. POST-DATE, s. fausse date, date posterieure. POST-DATE, v. a. dater postérieurement. Post-DILUVIAN, adj. & s. qui vivoit après la déluge. POSTED, part. adj. posté, placé. POSTER, un courier. POSTERIOUR, adj. posterieur.

POSTERIORITY, s. posteriorité, f.
POSTERITY, s. posterité, f. descendans, m. pl
POSTERN, s. posterne, f. fausse-porte. POST-HASTE, s. la posté.
POST-HASTE, adv. à la hâte, à toute bride. Post-Horse, s. cheval de poste, m. Post-House, s. poste, f. messagerie, f. Posthumous, adj. posthume, f. Postick, adj. en arrière, postiche. Postil, s. apostille; v. n. apostiller. Postiller, s. commentateur, m. Postilion, s. postillon, m. Post-master, s. maitre de la poste. POSTMERIDIAN, adj. de l'après midi. POST-OFFICE, s. bureau de la poste. POSTPURE, v. a. estimer moins Postscript, s. postscriptum, m. apostille, f. Postulate, s. supposition, f.; v. a. deman-POSTULATION, s. demande, f. POSTULATORY, adj. suppose, admis. POSTULATUM, s. principe supposé.
POSTURE, s. posture, f. situation, f. état, ss.
POSTURE, v. a. mettre dans une certaine pos-Posy, s. devise, f. paroles, f. pl. [ture. Pot, s. un pot; v. a. mettre en pot. POTABLE, adj. potable, bon à boire. POTASH, s. potasse, f. POTATION, s. boisson, f. debauche de boisson. Potato, s. potate, f. pomme de terre, f. Potbellied, adj. ventru, pansu. POTENCY, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. POTENTA, adj. puissant, efficace. POTENTATE, s. monarque, m. prince, m. potentat, m. POTENTIAL, adj. potentiel, virtuel. POTENTIALLY, adv. potentiellement, virtuellement. POTENTLY, adv. phissamment, efficacement. POTENTNESS, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. POTFULL, s. une potée, un pot plein.
POTHANGER, s. une crémaillère.
POTHER, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m.; r. a. se tremousser. POTHERB, s. herbe petagère, f. POTHOOK, s. l'ause d'un pot, f. crémaillère, f. Porton, s. une potion, un breuvage. POTLID, s. le couvercle d'un pot POTTAGE, s. potage, m. soupe, f. POTTER, s. un potier.
POTTER'S-CLAY, s. terre a potier, f. argille. POTTER'S WARE, s. deurées de la poterie. POTTERY, une poterie. POTTLE, s. mesure de quatre pintes d'Angleterre, f. Pouch, s. pache, f. pochette, f. Pouch, r. a. mettre en poche, empocher. Poverty, s. pauvrete, f. indigence, f. di sette, f. misère, f. POULTERER, s. poulailler, m. coquetier, m. Poultice. s. catal lasme, m.; r. a. mettre un cataplasme. Poultry, s. volaille, f. Pounce, s. serre, f. griffe, f. Pounce, r. a. tenir dans ses serres, poncer. Pound, s. enclos pour le bétail, un parc, un livre, (poids ou somme.) Pound, r. a. piler, broyer, parquer. Poundage, s. pondage, m. Pounder, s. pilon, m. broyeur, m. canon d'un certain calibre, ra. Pour, v. a. verser, envoyer, transvaser; v. n. couler, se précipiter, pleuvoir à verse.

Pounen, s. celui qui verse.

Pour, s. lamproie, f. (poisson;) francolis, m. | (oiseau.) Pout, v. z. se refrogner, faire la mine. Pouting, s. air rechigné. [drer. POWDER, s. poudre, f.; v. a. pulvériser, pou-POWDER-BOX, s. une boite à poudre. Powder-case, Powder-Horn, s. pulverin, m. POWDER-MILL, s. moulin à poudre, m. POWDER-ROOM, s. la sainte-barbe. POWDERY, adj. poudreux, friable. POWER, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. Powerful, adj. puissant, efficace. fment. POWERFULLY, adv. puissamment, efficace-Powerfully, adv. puissamment, efficace-Powerless, adj. foible, impuissant. Pox, s. la vérole. Smull-pox, la petite vérole. Chicken-pox, petite verole volante. PRACTICABLE, adj. faisable, praticable. PRACTICABLENESS, s. possibilité d'être pratiqué. PRACTICABLY, adv. d'une manière praticable. PRACTICAL, PRACTICK, adj. pratique. PRACTICALLY, adv. par pratique, en pratique. PRACTICE, s. pratique, f. usage, m. exercise, m. execution, f. PRACTISE, v. a. & m pratiquer, faire. PRACTISER, PRACTI FIGNER, s. un praticien. PRAGMATICAL, PRAGMATICK, adj. brouillon, entêté, magistrel. PRAGMATICALLY, adv. magistralement, en brouillon. PRAGMATICALNESS, s. humeur de PRAISE, s. louange, f. merite, m. brouil-PRAISE, v. a. louer, proner, vanter. PRAISER, s. loueur, m. estimateur, m. PRAISING, s. l'action de louer, louange, f. PRAISE-WORTHY, adj. louable.
PRAME, s. un bateau à fond plat, prame, f. PRANCE, v. n. se cabrer, se lever devant. PRANCER, s. un cheval de parade. PRANK, v. a. orner, parer, ajuster. PRANK, s. folie, f. extravagance, f. mauvais tour. PRANKING, s. parure, f. [bil, m. PRATE, v. n. causer, babiller, jaser; s. ba-PRATER, s. un babiflard, un causeur. PRATINGLY, adv. en babillard.
PRATTLE, s. babil, m. caquet, m.; r. a. cauPRATTLER. See Prater. [ser, jaser. PRAVITY, s corruption, f. malice, PRAWE, s. langoustin, m. (poisson.)
PRAY, v. a. & n. prier, implorer, supplier.
PRAYER, s. prière, f. demande, f. instance, f. PRAYER-BOOK, s. un livre de prières. PREACH, v. n. precher, publier, annoncer. PREACH, s. predication, f. sermon, m. PREACHER, s. un prédicateur, un précheur. PREACHNENT, s. sermon, m. léçou, f. PREAMBLE, s. preamble, m. introduction, f. PREAPPREHENSION, s. préjugé, m. PREBEND, s. une prébende. Sprébendé. PREBEND, PREBENDARY, a. un prébendier, PRECARIOUS, adj. précaire, incertain, mendié. PRECARIOUSLY, adv. précLirement. PRECARIOUSNESS, s. ince. titude, f. [nir. PRECAUTION, s. précaution, f.; v. a. prève-PRECEDE, v. a. précéder, devaucer. PRECEDENCE, PRECEDENCY, s. la préséance. PRECEDENT, adj. précédent. PRECEDENT, s. préjuge, m. exemple, m. PRECEDENT-BOOK, s. protocole, m.

PRECEDENTLY, adv. precedemment. PRECENTOR, s. grand chantre. PRECEPT, s. précepte, m. règle, f. instruction PRECEPTIVE, adj. instructif. PRECEPTOR, s. précepteur, m.
PRECINCT, s. borne, f. limite, f. district, m.
PRECIOUS, adj. précieux, de prix. PRECIOUSLY, adv. précieusement. PRECIOUSNESS, s. prix, m. valeur, f. PRECIPICE, s. précipice, m. danger, m PRECIPITANCE, PRECIPITANCY, & précipitation, f. PRECIPITANT, adj. empresse, precipité. PRECIPITANTLY, adv. précipitamment. PRECIPITATE, adj. précipité, hâté, violent. PRECIPITATE, s. précipité, m. PRECIPITATE, v. a. & n. précipiter, se précipiter, se bater. PRECIPITATELY, adv. précipitamment. PRECIPITATION, s. precipitation, f. bate.f. PRECIPITOUS, adj. violent, emporté. PRECISE, adj. precis, juste, exact, strict, scrupuleux, precieux, affecte. PRECISELY, adv. précisément, exactement.
PRECISELESS, a précision f. exactinde, f.
affectation, f. formalité, f. àir précieux.
PRECISION, a. précision, f. exactinde, f. PRECISIVE, adj. strict, precis. PRECLUDE, v. a. prévenir, empêcher, exclure. PRECOCIOUS, auj. précoce. PRECOCITY, s. maturité, précocité, f. PRECOGITATE, v. n. préméditer. PRECOGNITION, s. prescience, f. Preconceit, s. un prejuge. PRECONCEIVE, v. a. concevoir, imaginer. PRECONCEPTION, s. un prejugé. PRECONTRACT, s. contract; v. a. contracter d'avance. PRECURSOR, s. précurseur, m. PREDACEOUS, adj. qui vit de proie. PREDATORY, adj. de voleur, de pirate, de pil PREDECESSOR, s. prédecesseur, m. PREDESTINARIAN, s. predestinarien, m. PREDESTINATE, n. a. & n. predestiner. PREDESTINATION, s. predestination, f. PREDESTINE, v. a. & n. predestiner. PREDETERMINATION, s. prédétermination, f. PREDETERMINE, v. a. prédéterminer. PREDICABLE, adj. prédicable. PREDICAMENT, s. prédicament, m. état, m. PREDICART, s. & adj. prédicateur. PREDICATE, s. prédicat, m. ; v. a. & m. affir-PREDICATION, s. affirmation, f. [mer. PREDICATION, s. affirmation, f. [mer. PREDICT, r. a. prédire, prophétiser. PREDICTION, s. prédilection, f. prophétie, f. PREDILECTION, s. prédilection, f. [vance. PREDISFOSE, v. a. préparer, disposer d'a-PREDOMINANCE, s. ascendant, m. [vant. PREDOMINATE, e. n. prédominant, qui pré-PREDOMINATE, c. n. prédominer, prévaloir. PRE-ELECT, r. a. clire d'avance. PRE-ELECTION, s. élection faite d'avance, f. PRE-EMINENCE, s. pré-éminence, f.
PRE-EMINENT, adj. pré-éminent. [autre.
I'RK-EMPTION, s. le droit d'achever avant un PRE-ENGAGE, v. a. engager d'avance PRE-ENGAGEMENT, s. engagement antériour. PRE-ENGAGEMENT, s. engagement antériour. PRE-EXIST, v. a. établir par avance. PRE-EXIST, v. a. pré-exister. PRE-EXISTENCE, s. pre-existence, f. PRE-EXISTENT, adj. pre-existent.
PREFACE, s. préface, f. préambule, m.
PREFACE, v. a. & n. faire un préface, PREFATORY, adj. preliminaire. duire.

périorité, préponderance, f.

PREFECTURE, s. prefet, m. gouverneur, m. [m. PREFECTURE, s. prefecture, f. gouvernement, m. FRIFECTURE, s. prefecture, f. gouvernement, PREFER, n. a. preferer, avancer, proposer. PREFERABLE, adj. preferable. PREFERABLY, adv. preferablement. PREFERENCE, s. preference, f. PREFERENCE, s. avancement, m. emploi, m. PRIGURE, v. a. figurer d'avance. PREFIGURATION, s. représentation antéri-PREFINE, v. a. limiter, borner d'avence. PREFIX, v. a. arrêter, mettre devant. PREFIX, s. particule antérieure. PREGNANCY, s. grossesse, f.
PREGNANT, adj. grosse, enceinte, fertile, fecond, consequent, subtil, penetrant. PREGNANTLY, adv. disertement. PREJUGDE, v. a. préjuger, deviner. ftion. PREJUDICATE, v. a. condamner par preven-PREJUDICATE, adj. concu d'avance, prémé-PREJUDICATION, s. préjugé. [dité. PREJUDICE, s. préjugé, m. prévention, f. pré-judice, m. tort, m. dommage, m. PREJUDICE, v. a. prévenir, préoccuper, pré-PREJUDICIAL, adj. préjudiciable. PRELACY, s. prélature, f. PRELATE, s. un prélat. PRELATICAL, adj. qui regarde les prélats.
PRELATION, s. prélation, f. préférence, f.
PRELECTION, s. lecture, f. discours, m. PRELIBATION, s. avant-gout, m. PRELIMINARY, adj. & s. préliminaire, m. PRELUDE, s. prélude, m.; v. n. préluder. PRELUDIOUS, PRELUSIVE, adj. preliminaire. PREMATURE, adj. prématuré, précoce.
PREMATURELY, adv. prématurément.
PREMATURENESS, PREMATURITY, s. prématurité, f. PREMEDITATE, v. a. & n. préméditer. PREMEDITATION, s. préméditation, f. PREMERIT, v. a. mériter par avance. PREMICES, s. les prémices.
PREMISE, v. a. dive, exposer d'avance.
PREMISES, s. prémisses, f. terrein, m.
PREMISS, s. prémisse, f. PREMIUM, s. prime, f. prix, m.
PREMONISH, v. a. prévenir, avertir d'avance. PREMONISHMENT, PREMONITION, s.avis, m. PREMONITORY, adj. qui avertit par avance. PREMONSTRATE, v. a. montrer d'avance. PREMUNIRE, s. emprisonnement, m. confiscation de biens, f. embarras, m. PREMUNITION, s. premunition, f. PRENOMINATE, v. a. nommer d'avance. PRESONINATION, s. première nomination. PRENTICE, s. apprenti, m. PRESTICESHIP, s. apprentissage, m. PREOCCUPANCY, s. possession anterieure. PREOCCUPATE, v. a. anticiper, préoccuper. PREOCCUPATION, s. anticipation, f. PREOCCUPY, r. a. preoccuper, prevenir. PREOPTHION, s. prejuge, m. preoccupation, f. PREGRDAIN, v. a. ordonner d'avance. PREORDINATION, s. decret antérieur. PREPARATION, s. préparation, f. apprêt, m. PREPARATIVE, adj. preparatoire. [m. PREPARATIVE, s. preparation, f. preparatif, PREPARATIVELY, adv. presiablement. PREPARE, v. a. & n. préparer, se préparer. PREPAREDLY, adv. par precaution. PREPAREDNESS, s. preparation, f.

PREPENSE, PREPENSED, adj. premedité

periorite, preponderance, f. Pouss PREPONDERATE, r. a. & n. avoir plus de PREPONDERATION. See Preponderance. PREPOSITION, s. préposition, f. [vant. PREPOSITIVE, adj. qu'on met or qui va de-PREPOSITION, s. prépositeur, m. Prepossess, v. a. prévenir, préoccuper. PREPOSSESSION, s. prévention, f. préjugé. m. PREPOSTEROUS, adj. déplace, mal-à-propos PREPOSTEROUSLY, adv. à contre temps. Preposterousness, s. absurdité, f. PREPUCE, s. le prépuce. PREREQUIRE, r. a. demander par avance. PREREQUISITE, adj. qui est necessaire d'a PREROGATIVE, s. prérogative, f. PRESAGE, s. presage, m. pronostic, m. PRESAGE, v. a. presager, indiquer, predire. PRESAGEMENT, s. pressentiment, m. PRESBYTERIAN, adj. & s. presbytéral, presbytérien. PRESBYTERY, s. presbyterianisme, m. consis-PRESCIENCE, s. prescience, f. [toire, m. PRESCIENT, PRESCIOUS, adj. qui sait d'avance, prophétique. PRESCIND, v. a. trancher, couper, extraire. PRESCRIBE, v. a. & n. prescrire. PRESCRIPT, adj. prescrit, regle; s. ordre, ... PRESCRIPTION, s. ordonnance, f. PRESEANCE, s. prescance, f. PRESENCE, s. présence, f. port, m. air, m. PRESENCE-CHAMBER, s. salon de compagnie. PRESENT, adj. present, actuel. PRESENT, s. présent, m. don, m. la présente. PRESENT, v. a. présenter, ofirir, dénoncer, PRESENTABLE, adj. présentable. [déf PRESENTANEOUS, adj. présent, efficace PRESENTATION, s. présentation, f. [néfice. PRESENTER, s. celui qui est présenté à un bé-PRESENTER, s. celui qui présente. PRESENTIMENT, s. pressentiment, m. PRESENTLY, adv. à present, maintenant. PRESENTMENT, s. presentation, f. PRESENTNESS, s. présence d'esprit, PRESERVATION, s. conservation, f. PRESERVATIVE, s. preservatif, m. antidote, m. PRESERVE, s. conserve, f. confiture, f. PRESERVE, r. a. préserver, conserver, con-PRESERVER, s. conservateur, m. confiseur, m. PRESIDE, v. n. presider, commander, êire PRESIDENCY, s. présidence, f. PRESIDENT, s. president, m. chef, m. PRESIDENTSHIP, s. présidence, f. PRESS, s. presse, f. pressoir, m. commode, f. Press, v.a. & n. presser, pressurer, serrar, hâter, accabler, forcer, contraindre. PRESS-BED, s. lit en forme d'armoire, m. PRESSER, s. pressier, m. presseur, m. PRESS-GANG, s. gens autorisés à enlever les PRESSINGLY, adv. avec force. [matelots, PRESSION, s. pression, f. PRESSMAN, s. pressier, m. imprimeur, m. PRESS-STICK, s. templet, m. PRESSION, s. pression, f. oppression, f. mal-PRESS-WORK, s. tirage, m. [heur, st. PRESTO, adv. preste, vite. PRESUMABLY, adv. sans examen. PRESUME, v. n. supposer, présumer, oser. PRESUMER, s. un présumptueux, un arrogam. PRESUMPTION, s. présomption, f.
PRESUMPTION, d. présomptif.
PRESUMPTUOUS, adj. présomptieux.
PRESUMPTUOUSLY, adv. présomptueuxement

PRESUMPTUOUSNESS, s. présomption, f. PRESUPPOSE, v. a. presupposer PRESUPPOSITION, s. présupposition, f.
PRETERGE, s. prétention, f. prétexte, m.
PRETERD, v. a. & n. prétentdre, prétexter, croire, soutenir, faire semblant, affecter. PRETENDER, s. prétendant, m. PRETENDINGLY, adv. presomptueusement. PRETERDINGLY, due. present protecte, m.
PRETERINPREFECT, s. le preterit imparfait.
PRETERMISSION, s. omission, f. negligence,
PRETERNATURAL, adj. surnaturel.

[f. PRETERNATURALLY, adv. surnaturellement. PRETERPERFECT, adj. & s. absolument passe, le parfait, plus que parfait. PRETEXT, s. prétexte, m. PRETOR, s. préteur, m. maire, m. PRETOR, S. preteur, m. naire, m.
PRETORIAN, adj. prétorien, de préteur.
PRETILY, adv. joliment.
[ment, m.
PRETILY, adj. joli, gentil, mignon, élégant. Pretty well, assez bien. Pretty well, assez bien. près. PREVAIL, v. n. prevaloir, l'emporter, dominer, gagner, obtenir, engager. PREVAILING, adj. dominant, puissant. PREVALENCE, PREVALENCY, s. force, f. PREVALENT, adj. dominant, efficace. PREVALENTLY, adv. puissamment, efficace-PREVARICATE, v. n. prevariquer.
PREVARICATION, s. prevarication, f. [ment. PREVARICATOR, s. prévaricateur, m. PREVENIENT, adj. précédent, prévenant. PREVENTIN, ad. prevenir, preceder, prevenant.

PREVENT, v. d. prevenir, preceder, anticiper, empêcher, detourner, préoccuper.

PREVENTIVE, adj. qui prévient.

PREVENTIVE, s. priservait, m. antidote, m.

PREVIOUS, adj. préliminaire, préalable. PREVIOUSLY, adv. prealablement, par avance. PREVIOUSNESS, s. antériorité, f.
Prev, s. proie, f. rapine, f. butin, m.
PREV, v. n. dévorer, butiner, piller, miner. PREYER, s. voleur, m. spoliateur, m. PRIAPISM, s. priapisme, m. PRICE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. taux, m. récom-PRICE, s. une pointe, syndérèse, f. but, m. PRICK, r. a. piquer, percer, marquer en pi-quant, noter, poindre, aiguillonner, exciter; to prick up, dresser. PRICKER, s. une alène, un piqueur. PRICKET, s. daguet, m.
PRICKING, s. piqure, f. picotement, m. PRICKLE, s. piquant, m. pointe, f. epine, f. PRICKLINESS, s. état de ce qui est piquant. PRICKLY, adj. piquant, plein de piquans. PRICKWOOD, s. fusain, n PRIDE, s. orgueil, m. vanité, f. fierté, f. PRIER, s. un espion. [cerdotale. PRIEST, s. une prêtre. PRIESTCRAFT, s. fraude pieuse, adresse sa-PRIESTESS, s. une prêtresse. PRIESTHOOD, s. prêtrise, f. sacrificature, f. PRIESTLY, adv. sacerdotal, de prêtre. [tres. PRIEST-RIDDEN, adj. gouverne par les prê-PRIG, s. un impertinent, un friquet, un fou. PRIL or PRILL, s. turbot, m. [épingles. PRIM, adj. affecté, précieux, tiré à quatre PRIM, v.a. & n. parer avec affectation. PRIMACY, s. primatie, f. PRIMACE, s. le frêt d'un vaisseau. PRIMARILY, adv. primitivement, sur tout.

PRIMARINESS, s. primauté, f.
PRIMARY, adj. premier, primitif, principal.
PRIMATE, s. primat, m. metropolitan, m. PRIMATES. II. p. primatie, f.
PRIME, adj. fleuri, premier, principal.
PRIME, e. le matin, le Printemps, le commencement, la primeur, la fleur, l'élite f.
l'amorce (d'une arme à feu), f. PRIME, v. a. amorcer, preparer, imprimer. PRIMELY, adv. premièrement. PRIMERESS, s. primaulé, f. excelience, f. PRIMER, s. alphabet, m. prime, f. Long-primer, s. petit romain (type.) PRIMEVAL, adf. premier, primitif.
PRIMING, s. impression, f. l'action d'amorcer. Priming-horn, s. corne d'amorce. PRIMING-IRON, s. dégorgeoir, m. touche, f PRIMITIAL, adj. des prémices. PRIMITIVE, adj. primitif, premier. PRIMITIVELY, adv. primitivement. PRIMITIVENESS, s. anciennete, f. antiquité, f. PRIMOGENIAL, adj. primordial, primitif. PRIMOGENITURE, s. ainesse, f. primogeni-PRIMORDIAL, s. origine, f. [ture, f. PRIMORDIAL, PRIMORDIATE, adj. primor-Primrose, s. prime-vère, f. Idial. PRINCE, s. prince, m. souverain, m. PRINCELIKE, adr. en prince. PRINCELY, adj. de prince; adv. en prince. PRINCES-FEATHER, s. amarante, f. passeve-PRINCESS. s. princesse, f. | lours, m. PRINCESS, s. princesse, f. [lours, m. PRINCEPAL, adj. principal, capital, premier. PRINCEPAL, s. principal, m. chef, m. PRINCIPALITY, s. principauté, f. souverainetė, f. PRINCIPALLY, adv. principalement. PRINCIPLE, s. principe, m. élément, m. cause, f. origine, f. règle, f. maxime, f. PRINCIPLE, v. a. instruire, former. PRINT, v. a. imprimer. PRINT, s. marque, f. empreinte, f. trace, f. estampe, f. gravure, f. lettre, f. d'impression, m. impression, f. PRINTER, s. imprimeur, m. PRINTING, s. impression, f. imprimerie, f. PRINTING-OFFICE, s. imprimerie, f. PRIOR, adj. antérieur, précédent; s. prieur, PRIORESS, s. pricure, PRIORITY, s. priorité, f. primaute, f. PRIORSHIP, s. dignité de prieur, f. prieuré, PRIORY, s. un prieure. Prism, s. prisme, m. tique. PRISMATICAL, PRISMATICE, adj. prisma-PRISON, s. une prison; v. a. emprisonuer. PRISONER, s. un prisonnier. PRISTINE, adj. accien, premier. Prithee, je te prie, de grâce. PRIVACY, s. secret, m. retraite, f. privaute, f. PRIVADO, s. un ami intime, un confident PRIVATE, adj. privé, secret, retiré, caché PRIVATE, s. message secret, un simple soklat. PRIVATEER, s. un armateur, un câpre. PRIVATEER, v. a. armer or aller en câpre. PRIVATELY, adr. secrètement, en particulier PRIVATENESS, s. ctat de particulier. PRIVATION, s. privation, f. manque, PRIVATIVE, adj. privatif. m. be-PRIVATIVELY, adv. privativement. PRIVET or PRIME-PRINT, s. troëne, m. (arbrisseau.) PRIVET or BARREN-PRIVEN, s.(a plant) ala-Privilege, s. privilège, s. PRIVILEGE, v. a. privilégier.

PRIVILY, adv. en secret, à la dérobée.
PRIVITY, s. confidence, f. connoissance, f.
PRIVITIES, s. pl. les parties naturelles.
PRIVY, adj. privé, particulier, caché, dérobé, secret, instruit, confident, qui sait, complice, qui a participé. PRIVY, s. le prive, les lieux, m. PRIZE, s. prise, f. capture, f. butin, m. PRIZE, v. a. priser, estimer, apprecier, eva-PRIZE-FIGHTER, s. gladiateur. [luer. PRIZER, s. appréciateur, m. [préciation, f. PRIZERG, s. estimation, f. évaluation, f. ap-PRO AND COR, pour et contre. PROBABLET, s. probabilité, f.
PROBABLE, adf. probable, vraisemblable.
PROBABLE, adf. probablement.
PROBATOR, 2dv. probablement.
PROBATOR, s. preuve, f. épreuve, f. essai, m.
PROBATIORARY, adf. à l'essai, par essai. PROBATIONER, s. celui qui passe à l'examen. PROBATIONERSHIP, s. novicial, m. PROBATORY, adj. probatoire.
PROBE, s. sonde, f. : v. a. sonder.
PROBITY, s. probité, f. honnéteté, f. vertu, f. PROBLEM, s. problème, m. PROBLEMATICAL, adj. problematique PROBLEMATICALLY, adv. problématique-PROBOSCIS, s. la trompe d'un éléphant, pro-PROCACIOUS, adj. effronte. [boscite, f. PROCACITY, s. effronterie, f. impudence, f. PROCATARCTICK, adj. procatarctique, an-PROCEDURE, s. procédé, m. procédure, f. PROCEED, v. n. proceder, provenir, venir, Avancer, poursuivre, continuer, agir.
PROCEED, s. revenu, m. produit, m.
PROCEEDER, s. celui qui avance, qui fait des PROCEEDING, s. procede, m. [progrès. PROCERITY, s. grandeur, f. hauteur, f.
PROCESS, s. progrès, m. cours, m. suite, f.
enchaînement, m. procès, m. procèdé, m. ce qui se passe, ce qui se fait. PROCESSION, s. procession, f.; r. n. aller en [procession. PROCESSIONAL, PROCESSIONARY, adj. de PROCHRONISM, s. prochronisme, m. PROCIDENCE, s. chute, f. [publier. PROCLAIM, v. a. proclamer, promulguer, PROCLAIMER, s. celui qui proclame. PROCLAMATION, s. proclamation, f. PROCLIVITY, s. penchant, m. pente, f. PROCLIVOUS, adj. enclin, porté. PROCONSUL, s. proconsul, m. PROCONSULAR, adj. proconsulaire. PROCONSULSHIP, 8. proconsulat, m. [tre. PROCRASTINATE, v. a. & n. différer, remet-PROCRASTINATION, s. delai, m. remise, f. PROCRASTINATOR, s. celui qui diffère or re-PROCREANT, adj. qui produit. [tarde. PROCREATE, v. a. engendrer, produire. PROCREATING, PROCREATION, s. procreation, f. generation, f. production, f. [duit. PROCREATIVE, adj. qui engendre, qui pro-PROCREATIVENESS, s. la faculté d'engen-PROCREATOR, s. père, m. celui qui engendre. PROCREATRIX, s. mère, f. celle qui produit. PROCTOR, s. un bomme d'affaires. PROCTOR, v. a. conduire, prendre soin de. PROCTORSHIP, s. charge d'homme d'affaires or de procureur. PROCUMBENT, adj. penchant. PROCURABLE, adj. qu'on peut se procurer.

PROCURACY, s. negociation, f. procuration, f. PROCURATOR, s. procureur, m. PROCURE, v. a. procurer, produire, obtenir. PPOCUREMENT, s. entremise, f. PROCURER, s. entremetteur, m. maquereau, PROCURESS, s. une maquerelle. PRODIGAL, adj. & s. prodigue.
PRODIGALITY, s. prodigalité, f. profusion, f
PRODIGALLY, adv. prodigalement. PRODIGIOUS, adj. prodigieux, étonnant. PRODIGIOUSLY, adv. prodigieusement. PRODICIOUSNESS, s. énormité. PRODICY, s. un prodige, un monstre. PRODITION, s. trahison, f. PRODITOR, s. traitre, m. traitresse, f. PRODITORIOUS, adj. traitre, perfide. PRODUCE, r. a. produire, exposer, mettre au jour, faire voir, causer, être cause de. PRODUCER, s. celui qui produit. PRODUCIBLE, adj. qui peut être produit. PRODUCIBLENESS, s. possibilité d'un effet. PRODUCT, s. produit, m. production, f. PRODUCTION, s. production, f. fruit, m. PRODUCTIVE, adj. qui produit, fecond. PROEM, PROEMIUM, s. préface, f. PROFANATION, s. profanation, f. impiété, f. PROFANE, adj. profune, impié PROFANE, v. a. profaner, violer. [ment PROFANELY, adv. en profane, irreligieuse Iment. PROFANENESS, s. profanation, f. PROFANER, s. profanateur, m. [confesser. PROFESS, v. a. professer, exercer, declarer, PROFESSEDLY, adv. ouvertement Profession, s. profession, f. metier, m. etat, m. emploi, m. aveu public, f. PROFESSIONAL, adj. qui a rapport à une profession particulière. PROFESSOR, s. un professeur. [professeur, PROFESSORSHIP, s. chaire, f. or charge de PROFFER, v. a. offrir. proposer, tenter. PROFFER, s. offre, f. proposition, f. essai, m. PROFICIENCE, PROFICIENCY, s. progrès. PROFICIENT, s. avance, m. PROFILE, s. profil, m. PROFIT, s. profit, m. gain, m. avantage, m. utilité, f. produit, m. revenu, m. PROFIT, r. a. avantager, avancer, faire du bien; v. n. profiter, tirer du profit, avan-cer, faire des progrès, être profitable or PROFITABLE, adj. profitable. [utile. PROFITABLENESS, s. profit, f. utilite, PROFITABLY, adv. à profit, utilement. PROFITING, s. profit, m. progrès m. avance-PROFITLESS, adj. inutile. [ment, m. PROFLIGATE, adj. scélérat, abandonné. PROFLIGATE, s. un scélérat, un belitre. PROFLIGATELY, adv. sans honte, sans pudeur PROFLIGATENESS, s. scéleratesse, f. PROFLUENT, adj. qui coule en avant. PROFOUND, adj. profond; s. profondeur, m. abime, m.; v. n. se plonger.

PROFOUNDLY, adv. profondement. Profoundness, s. profondeur, m. PROFUNDITY, s. profondeur, f. PROFUSE, adj. prodigue, liberal à l'excès.
PROFUSELY, adv. prodigalement, avec proPROFUSERESS, s. dissipation, f. [fusion. PROFUSION, s. profusion, f. prodigalité, f. PROG, v. n. voler, dérober. PROGENTOR, s. grand-père, m. aïeul, m. PROGENY, s. postérité, f. race, f. liguée, f PROGNOSTICATE, v. a. pronostiquer, pre-PROGNOSTICATION, s. presage, m.

PROGROSTICATOR, s. devin, m. prophète, m. PROGNOSTICK, s. pronostic, m. presage, m. PROGNOSTICK, adj. qui pronostique. PROGRESS, s. cours, m. traite, f. tour, m. voyage, m. progression, f. progrès, m. PROGRESSION, s. progression, f. [gressif. PROGRESSIVE, adj. pro-PROGRESSIVELY, adv. par progression.
PROHIBIT, v. a. prohiber, defendre, empêcher. PROHIBITION, s. prohibition, f. défense, f. PROHIBITORY, adj. qui défend, de défense. PROJECT, s. projet, m. dessein, m.
PROJECT, v. a. & n. projeter, premediter,
jetter, lancer, saillir, forjetter. [jection. PROJECTILE, s. projectile, m.; adj. de pro-PROJECTING, adj. inventif. PROJECTING, s. projection, f. projet, m. des-PROJECTOR, s. feseur de projets, m. feein, m. PROJECTURE, s. saillie, f. avance, f. PROLATION, s. prononcer; adj. plat. PROLATION, s. prononceriation, f. délai, m. PROLEGOMENA, s. prolégomène, m. PROLEPSIS, s. prolepse, f. PROLEPTICAL, adj. préliminaire, précédent. PROLIFICE, PROLIFICAL, adj. prolifique, fe-PROLIFICALLY, adv. abondamment. [cond. PROLIFICATION, s. génération, f. action d'engendrer. PROLIX, adj. prolixe, diffus, trop long.
PROLIXITY, PROLIXNESS, s. prolixité, f. lon-PROLIXLY, adv. diffusement. [gueur. PROLOCUTOR, s. orateur, m. président, m. FROLOCUTOR, s. orateur, m. president, m. PROLOCUTORSHIP, s. la charge d'orateur or PROLOGUE, s. prologue, m. [de président. PROLONG, v. a. prolonger, étendre, retarder. PROLONGATION, s. prolusion, f. délai, m. PROLUSION, s. prolusion, f. prélude, m. PROMINENCE, PROMINENCY, s. avance, f. PROMINENT, adf. qui avance, qui fait saille. PROMISEURS, adi. confus. mis rêle-mêle. PROMISCUOUS, adj. confus, mis pêle-mêle. PROMISCUOUSLY, adv. confusement. PROMISCUOUSNESS, s. un mélange confus. PROMISE, s. promesse, f.; v. a. & n. promet-PROMISER, s. prometteur, m. [tre. PROMISER, sdj. qui promet beaucoup. PROMISSORY, adj. qui contient une promesse. PROMISSORILY, adv. en forme de promesse. PROMONTORY, s. promontoire, m. cap, m. PROMOTE, v. a. avancer, étendre, faire fleu-PROMOTER, s. promoteur, m. PROMOTION, s. avancement, m. promotion, f. PROMPT, adv. prompt, vif, alerte. PROMPT, v. a. suggerer, insinuer, inspirer, exciter, porter, rappeler le souvenir, souf-PROMPTER, s. souffleur, m. [fler. PROMPTER, s. soumeur, m. [ner. PROMPTING, s. suggestion, f. instigation, f. PROMPTITUDE, PROMPTNESS, s. prompti-PROMPTLY, adv. promptement, vite. [tude, f. PROMULGATE, v. a. promulguer, publier. PROMULGATION, s. promulgation, f. PROMULGATOR, s. celui qui promulgue. PROMULGE, v. a. promulguer, publier. PROMULGER, s. celui qui promulgue. PRONE, adj. enclin, penché, incliné. PRONENESS, s. pente, f. penchant, m. PRONG, s. fourche, f. fourchon, m. PRONOMINAL, adj. pronominal, de pronom. PRONOUN, s. un pronom. PRONOUNCE, v. a. prononcer, proférer, arti-culer, dire, réciter, décider, déclarer. Pronouncer, s. celui qui prononce, qui parle. PRONUNCIATION, s. prononciation, f.

PROOF, s. preuve, f. epreuve, f. essai, m. PROOFLESS, adj. sans preuves. PROP, s. appui, m. soutien, m. étaie, f. A vine-prop, un échalas. PROP, r. a. appuyer, soutenir, étayer. PROPAGABLE, adj. qui pout être multiplié. PROPAGATE, v. a. & n. étendre, répandre. PROPAGATION, s. propagation, f. généra-PROPAGATOR, s. propagateur, m. PROPEL, v. a. pousser en avant. PROPEND, r. n. pencher, être porté. PROPENDENCY, s. penchant, m. inclination, f. PROPENSE, adj. enclin, incliné, porté. PROPENSION, PROPENSITY, s. pente, f. PROPER, adj. propre, particulier, naturel, a propos, convenable, commode, exact. PROPERLY, adv. proprement, justement. PROPERNESS, s. belle taille, propriété, f. PROPERTY, s. naturel, m. propriété, f. PROPHECY, s. prophétie, f. prédiction, f. PROPHESY, v. a. & n. prophétiser, prédire. PROPHET, s. un prophéte. PROPHETESS, s. une prophetesse. [tique. PROPHETICAL, PROPHETICK, adj. prophe-PROPHETICALLY, adv. prophétiquement. PROPHETIZE, v. n. prophétiser, prédire.
PROPHYLACTICE, adj. prophylactique.
PROPHYQUITY, s. proximité, f. voisinage, g.
PROPHTIABLE, adj. qu'on peut rendre propiesé PROPITIATE, v. a. rendre propice.
PROPITIATION, s. propitiation, f. sacrifice, m. PROPITIATOR, s. médiateur, m PROPITIATORY, adj. propitiatoire.
PROPITIOUS, adj. propice, favorable.
PROPITIOUSLY, adv. favorablement. PROPITIOUSNESS, s. bonté, f. faveur, f. PROPLASM, s. modèle, m. moule, m. PROPONENT, s. proposant, m. PROPORTION, s. proportion, f. rapport, m. convenance, f. portion, f. part, f. règle, f. PROPORTION OF PROPORTIONATE, v. a. pro-[proportionné. portionner. PROPORTIONABLE OF PROPORTIONATE, adj PROPORTIONABLY, adv. proportionnelle-PROPORTIONALLY, adv. proportionnement. PROPORTIONAL, adj. proportionnel. [m. PROPOSAL, s. proposition, f. offre, f. dessein, PROPOSE, v. a. proposer, offrir. PROPOSER, s. celui qui propose, proposant,m. PROPOSITION, s. proposition, f. offre, f. PROPOUNDER, s. celui qui avance une opi-PROPRIETARY, adj. qui appartient à quelqu'un. [taire, s PROPRIETARY, PROPRIETOR, . proprie-PROPRIETRESS, s. propriétaire, f. PROPRIETY, s. propriété, f. sens propre, m. PROPUGN, v. a. défendre. [idiome, m. PROPUGNATION, s. desense, f. Propugner, s. défenseur, m. PROPULSION, s. l'action de pousser en avant PRORE, s. la proue (d'un vaisseau.) Prorogation, s. prorogation, f. Prorogue, r. a. proroger, prolonger. [ver. Proruption, s. l'action de créver, de se cré-Prosaick, adj. prosaique. damner. PROSCRIBE, v. a. proscrire, banner, com-PROSCRIPT, s. un proscrit, un banni. PROSERIPTION. s. proscription, f. PROSE, s. prose, f. de la prose. PROSECUTE, v. a. poursuivre, continuer.
PROSECUTION, s. poursuite, f. continuation, f
PROSECUTOR, s. poursuivant, m.

PROSELYTE, s. nn prosélyte; v. a. convertir. || PROSODIAN, s. versificateur, m. PROSODY, s. la prosodie. PROSOPOPŒIA, s. prosopopee, f. PROSPECT, s. perspective, f. vue, f. PROSPECTIVE, adv. de longue vue, d'ap-PROSPER, v. a. & n. faire prosperer, reussir. PROSPERITY, s. prosperité, f. succès, m. PROSPEROUS, adj. heureux, prospère. PROSPEROUSLY, adv. heureusement, avec PROPISCIENCE, s. prevoyance, f. [succes. PROSTERNATION, s. abattement, m. PROSTITUTE, adj. infame, prostitue, impudique. PROSTITUTE, s. un mercenaire, une prosti-PPOSTITUTE, v. a. prostituer PROSTITUTION, s. prostitution, f. PROSTRATE, adj. abattu, prosterne. PROSTRATE, v. a. abattre, se prosterner. PROSTRATION, s. prosternement, m. PROTASIS, s. protase, f. axiome; m. PROTECT, v. a. proteger, defendre, garantir. PROTECTION, s. protection, f. defense, f. PROTECTOR, s. protecteur, m. defenseur, f. PROTECTORSHIP, s. protectorat, m. PROTECTRESS, s. protectrice, f. PROTEND, v. a. etendre. PROTEST, s. protestation, f. protest, m. PROTEST, r. a. protester, attester. PROTESTANT, s. & adj. protestant, m. PROTESTANTISM, s. le protestantisme. PROTESTATION, s. protestation, f. PROTESTER, s. celui qui proteste. [scrit. PROTOCOL, s. protocole, m. premier manu-ROTOMARTYR, s. le premier martyr. PROTOPLAST, s. original, m. modèle, m. PROTOTYPE, s. prototype, m. modèle, m. PROTRACT, v. a. prolonger, différer. PROTRACTER, s. celui qui prolonge, rapportear, m. PROTRACTION, s. prolongation, f. délai, m.
PROTRACTIVE, adj. qui prolonge. [avant.
PROTRUDE, v. a. & n. pousser, se pousser en PROTRUSION, s. l'action de pousser en avant. PROTUBERANCE, s. tumeur, f. enflure, f. PROTUBERANT, adj. enfle, saillant.
PROTUBERANE, r. n. s'enfler, être enfle. PROUD, adj. avantageux, orgueilleux, fier, superbe, pompeux, en rut, en chaleur. PROUDLY, adv. fièrement, orgueilleusement. PROVE, v. a. prouver, démontrer, éprouver, essayer; v. n. devenir, arriver, se trouver. PROVABLE, adj. qui se peut prouver, pro-PROVENDER, s. fourage, m. provende. f. PROVERB, s. un proverbe, un maxime vul-PROVERBIAL, adj. proverbial. [gaire. PROVERBIALLY, ade. proverbialement. PROVIDE, v. a. & n. pourvoir, préparer, munir, fournir, prendre som. PROVIDENCE, s. providence, f. PROVIDENT, adj. prevoyant, prudent. PROVIDENTIAL, adj. de la providence. PROVIDENTIALLY, adr. par un effet de la providence. PROVIDENTLY, adv. prudemment. PROVIDER, s. pourvoyeur, s PROVINCE, s. prov nce, f. charge, f. affaire, f. ressort, m PROVINCIAL, adj. provincial, de province, grossier, impoli.

PROVISIONALLY, adv. par provision. PROVISO, s. condition provisionnelle, clatso PROVOCATION, s. provocation, f. PROVOCATIVE, s. ce qui provoque; adj. que échauffe. Provoke, v. a. provoquer, exciter, irriter. PROVOKER, s. celui qui provoque.
PROVOKINGLY, adr. d'une manièré insolente. Provost, s. prévot, m. PROVOSTSHIP, s. prévôté, f. PROW, s. la proue or l'avant d'un navire. PROWESS, s. valeur, f. prouesse, f.
PROWL, v. a. roder, piller, friponner, voler.
PROWLER, s. un voleur, un escamoteur. PROXIMATE, PROXIME, adj. prochain, sui-Proximately, adv. immédiatement. PROXIMITY, s. proximité, f. voisinage, m. PROXY, s. procuration, f. procureur, m. de-PRUDE, s. une prude. PRUDENCE, s. prudence, f. PRUDENT, adj. prudent, circonspect, avise. PRUDENTIAL, adj. sage, prudent. PRUDENTIALLY, adr. prudemment. PRUDENTIALS, s. pl. maximes de la prudence. PRUDENTLY, adr. prudemment. PRUDERY, s. pruderie, f. PRUDISH, adj. de prude. PRUNE, v. a. tailler, emonder, elaguer. PRUNE, s. une prune. A dried prune, un pruneau. PRUNELLO, s. prune de brignolle, f. [bres. PRUNER, s. celui qui taille or élague les ar-PRUNINGKNIFE, s. serpe, f. serpette, f. PRURIENCE, PRURIENCY, s. démangeaison, f. désir, m. PRURIENT, udj. qui demange. PRURIGINOUS, adj. sujet à la gale. PRY, (into) v. a. & n. épier, chercher. PSALM, s. un pseaume. PSALMIST, s. psalmiste, m. PSALMODY, s. psalmodie, f. PSALTER, s. un pseautier. PSALTERY, s. psaltérion, m. PSEUDO, adj. faux, supposé, falsifié. PSEUDOLOGY, s. fausseté, f. meusonge, m. PSHAW, interj. nargue! fi! fi donc. PTISAN, s. tisane, PTYALISM, s. plyalisme, m. salivation, f. PUBERTY, PUBESCENCE, s. puberté, f. PUBESCENT, adj. puberté. [bare [baretier. PUBLICAN, s. un publicain, un péager, un ca-PUBLICATION, s. publication, f.
PUBLICK, adj. public, general, commun, maPUBLICK, s. le public. Inifeste, connu.
PUBLICKLY, adv. publiquement, en public. PUBLICKNESS, s. publicité, f.
PUBLISH, v. a. publier, rendre public, mettre
au jour, faire imprimer. Publisher, s. celui qui publie, débiteur, m. Publishing, s. publication, f PUCKBALL, s. vesse de loup, J PUCKER, v. a. rider, plier, replier, plisser. PUCKFIST, s. vesse de loup, f. PUDDER, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. tintamarre, PUDDER, v. n. faire du bruit, du fracas; v. a. troubler, interrompre, tourmenter. PUDDERING, s. agitation violente. [m. PUDDING, s. bourlet, m. saucisse, f. bourlet, PUDDING-PIE. s. boudin à la viande, m PUDDING-TIME, s. l'heure du diner, J PUDDLE, s. bourbier, m. margouillis, PROVISION, s. provision, f. précaution, f. viPUDDLE, v. a. crotter, salir avec de la bou
PROVISIONAL, adj. provisionnel. [vres, m. | PUDDLY, adj. hourbeux, boueux, fangeux. PUDDLE, v. a. crotter, salir avec de la boun.

PUNERCY, PUDICITY, s. pudeur, f. modestie, PURILE, adj. puérile, enfantin.

[f. PUERILITY, s. puérilité, f. enfantage, m. PURISH, s. a. punir, châtier.

PUFF, s. boufiée, f. houppe à pouprer, f. charlatanerie, f. vesse de loup, champignon, m. Puff, v. a. & n. soumer, bouffer, agiter en soufflant, chasser. v. a. & n. souffler, haleter, enfler, POFFER, s. celui qui souffle, un souffleur, un hableur. PUFFIN, s. plongeon, m. PUFFY, adj. enfle, bouffi. [badin. Puo, s. un singe, un petit singe, un enfant Pugh, interj. h! [nier. [nier. Puisne, s. puiné, m. le plus jeune, le der-PUISSANCE, s. puissance, f. force, f. Puissant, adj. puissant.
Puissantly, adv. puissamment. PUKE, s. vomitif, m. émétique, m.; v. n. vo-PULCHRITUDE, s. beaute, f. [mir. Pule, v. n. crier, pioler, gémir, se chémer. PULICOSE, adj. qui est rempli de puces. PULL, s. l'action de tirer, effort, m. Pull, v. a. tirer avec force, arracher, cueillir, plumer, briser, rompre, déchirer; to pull asunder or away, tirer, arracher, oter avec force: to pull back, tirer en arrière, reculer, faire reculer; to pull down, abattre, démolir, rabattre, diminuer; to pull in, tirer dedans, serrer ; to pull off, tirer, ôter, défaire, arracher, lever ; to pull out, tirer, arracher, ôter, enlever ; to pull up, tirer en haut, lever, élever, extirper, déraciner. PULLET, s. une poulette, une jeune poule. PULLEY, s. une poulie PULLULATE, v. n. pulluler. PULMONARY, s. pulmonaire, f. (herbe.)
PULMONARY, PULMONICK, adj. pulmonique. PULP, s. poulpe, f. chair, f. or partie charnue. PULPIT, s. chaire, f. PULPIT, s. chaire, f.
PULPOUS, PULPY, adf. mou, plein de jus.
PULPOUSNESS, s. mollesse, f.
PULSATION, s. battement, m. pulsation, f.
PULSE, s. pouls, m. le battement d'une
PULSE, s. légume, m.
PULSION, s. impulsion, f. ftère. PULVERABLE, adj. capable d'être pulvérisé. PULVERIZATION, s. pulverisation, f. PULVERIZE, v. a. pulveriser, reduire en pou-PULVIL, s. parfum, m.; v. a. parfumer. [dre. Punice, s. pierre ponce, f.
Punp, s. pompe, f.; v. a. & n. pomper. PUMPER, s. pompier, m. PUMPION, PUMPKIN, s. citrouille, f. Punps, s. escarpins, f. pl.
Pun, s. pointe d'esprit, f. jeu de mots, m. equivoque, f. Pur, v. n. parler par pointe or par equivoque. Puncu, v. a. percer. Punch, s. poinçon, m. ponche, m. polichinel, Punchion, s. un poincon. PUNCTILLIO, s. polichinel, m.
PUNCTILLIO, s. vétille, f. bagatelle, f.
PUNCTILLIOUS, adj. délicat, exact, ponctuel.
PUNCTO, s. cérémonie, f. pointe d'honneur, m.
PUNCTUALI, adj. ponctuel, exact.
PUNCTUALITY, PUNCTUALITES, s. ponctuel
PUNCTUALITY, PUNCTUALITES, apportuellement, faité f. PUNCTUALLY, adv. ponctuellement. [alite, f. PUNCTUATION, s. la ponctuation. PUNCTURE, s. piqure, f. pointe, f. piquant, m. PUNGERCY, s. piqure, f. pointe, f. piquant, m. PUNGERT, adj. piquant, acre. PUNICE, adj. punique, trompeur, faux.

PUNISHABLE, adj. punissable.
PUNISHABLE, adj. punissable.
PUNISHER, s. celui qui punit, qui châtie
PUNISHMENT, s. punition, f. châtiment, ss.
PUNITIVE, PUNITORY, adj. penal, qui punit
PUNSTER, s. un feseur de pontes.
PUNY, adj. puiné, cadet, petit, chétif, peu considerable. Pup, r. a. & n. chienner, mettre bas. Pupir., s. la prunelle de l'œil. PUPIL, s. un or une pupille, un écolier. PUPILLAGE, s. minorité, f. tutelle, f. PUPILLARY, adj. pupillaire. PUPPET, s. marionnette, f. PUPPET-PLAYER, s. un bateleur PUPPETSHOW, s. jeu de marionnettes, m. PUPPY, s. un petit chien, un sot, un fat. PURBLIND, adj'. qui a la vue basse or courte-PURBLINDNESS, s. vue courte. PURCHASABLE, adj. qu'on peut avoir or ache-Purchase, v. a. acheter, acquerir, obtenir. PURCHASE, s. achat, m. acquet, m. PURCHASER, s. acheteur, m. acquereur, m. PURE, adj. pur, simple, vrai, frauc, clair, bon, sans tache, chaste, correct, grand. PURE, adv. fort, très, tout. Purely, adv. sans mélange, purement, fort bien, chastement, seulement. PURENESS, s. pureté, f. simplicité, f. PURGATION, s. purgation, f. PURGATIVE, adf. purgatif, cathartique. PURGATORY, s. le purgatoire.
PURGE, v. a. & n. purger, purifier, clarifier, PURGE, s. une purgation. [se purifier. PURGER, s. celui qui purge, purgation, f. PURIFICATION, s. purification, f. PURIFICATIVE, PURIFICATIVE, adj. qui purifie. Purify, v. a. & n. purifier, nettoyer. PURIM, s. purim, m. (fête des Juiss.) PURIST, s. puriste, m. Puritan, s. Puritain, m. un hypocrite. PURITANICAL, adj. de Puritain.
PURITANISM, s. la doctrine des Puritains. PURITY, s. purité, f. chastcté; f. PURL, s. engrélure, f. picot, m. PURL, v. n. gazouiller, murmurer, engréler. PURLIEU, s. frontières, f. ressort, PURLOIN, v. a. dérober, voler, piller.
PURLOINER, s. voleur, f. fripon, m.
PURPLE, s. la pourpre, le pourpre. PURPLE, adj. pourpre, pourpre, violet. PURPLE, v. a. teindre en pourpre. PURPLES, s. le pourpre.

[pourpre.

PURPLISH, adj. qui tire sur la couleur de PURPLISH, adj. qui tire sur la couleur ue PURPORT, e. sens, m. signification, f. ol-jet, m. dessein, m. teneur, f. contenu, m. PURPORT, v. n. tendre à, montrer. PURPOSE, e. dessein, m. intention, f. vue, f. projet, m. propos, m. résolution, f. effet, m. conséquence, f. utilité, f. On purpose, à dessein, de propos, délibéré. To the pur-To my purpose, à-propos, pertinemment. pose, suivant mes vues. To no purpose, inutilement, en vain. PURPOSE, v. a. & n. proposer, se proposer, PURPOSED, part. adj. resolu. [bere, PURPOSELY, adv. a dessein, de propos, deli-PURR, s. alouette de mer, f. PURR, v. a. filer or faire le rouet. PURRING, s. le bruit d'un chat qui file. PURRE, s. bourse, f. argent, m. bien, m.

PURSE, v. a. embourser, mettre en bourse.
PURSE-MARER, s. un boursier.
PURSENET, s. bourse, f. poche, f. filet, m.
PURSENET, s. commis de vivres, m.
PURSINESS, PURSIVENESS, s. pousse, f.
PURSIAIN, s. pourpier, m. (herbe.)
PURSUANCE, s. suite, f. conséquence, f.
PURSUANCE, s. suite, f. conséquence de.
PURSUAN, adj. fait en conséquence de.
PURSUE, v. a. & n. poursuivre, suivre.
PURSUER, s. poursuivet, f. sollicitation, f.
PURSUIVANT, s. un poursuivant d'armes.
PURSIVANT, s. un poursuivant d'armes.
PURSEY, v. a. & n. pourvoir, procurer, fourPURVEYANCE, s. provision, f.
PURVEYANCE, s. provision, f.
PURVEYANCE, s. pourveyeur, m. [ment.)
PURVEYOR, s. pourveyeur, m. [ment.)
PURVIEW, s. le dispositif (d'un acte du parlePUROLENCE, PURULENCY, s. formation du
pus.
PURULENT, adj. purulent, plein de pus.

PURULENT, adf. purulent, plein de pus.

PUS, s. pus, m. matière putréfiée.

PUSH, s. coup, m. impulsion, f. branle, m. assaut, m. attaque, f. effort, m. tentative, f. moment critique, m. décision, f. incident, m. pustule, f.

Push, v. a. pousser, donner un coup, frapper, faire avancer, laucer, précipiter; to push back, repousser, faire reculer; to push on, pousser, faire avancer; v. n. prétendre, afpusser, faire avancer; v. n. prétendre de la constitution de la constitutio

fecter.

PUSHER, s. celui qui pousse.

PUSHER, s. celui qui pousse.

PUSHING, adj. entreprenant. vigoureux.

PUSILLANIMITY, s. pusillanimité. f. lâcheté. f.

PUSILLANIMOUS, adj. pusillanime, timide.

PUSS, s. chat or chatte, lièvre, m. minou, m.

PUSTULE, s. pustule, f.

PUSTULOUS, adj. plein de pustules.

PUT, s. extrémité, f. nécessité. f.

Pur, v. a. & n. mettre, poser, placer, supposer, proposer, faire, reduire, obliger, presser; to put about, faire courir, faire passer de main en main, mettre en train; to put again, remettre; to put away, ôter, ren-voyer, bannir; to put back, reculer; to put by, détourner, éviter, éluder, chasser, renvoyer, refuser, negliger, mepriser, de-daigner; to put down, reprimer, humilier, supprimer, refuter, mettre sur; to put forth, proposer, dire, avancer, produire, publier, deployer; to put forward, pousser, avan-cer, produire, hâter, presser, germer; to put in, mettre entre, dire, mettre en, entrer, re-lacher, briguer, postuler; to put off, de-pouiller, quitter, ôter, se défaire, demarrer, quitter le port, remettre, différer, tar-der, tirer en longueur, trainer, excuser adroitement, mettre en vogue, accréditer; to put on or upon, imputer, attribuer, accuser, prendre, mettre, revêtir, embrasser, procurer, avancer, pousser, porter, exciter, imposer, infliger, toucher, piquer, partir, se hater; to put over, renvoyer, referer; to put out, chasser, renvoyer, démettre, déposer, effacer, pousser, éteindre, publier, mettre au jour, placer; to put to it, embarrasser, troubler, inciter, porter, mettre en peine; to put to, laisser, abandonner, rapporter, remettre; to put together, accumuler, amasser, entacser; to put up, laisser impuni, souffrir, faire partir, serrer, cacher, proposer, exposer, se mettre sur les rangs, avancer, s'avancer; to put up with, souffrir, pa-

tienter, avoir patience, pardonner; to put upon, exciter, inciter, porter, engager, imposer, donner, exposer, faire subir. PUTATIVE, adj. putatif, prétendu, supposé. PUTID, adj. bas, vil, indigne, puant. PUTIDNESS, s. bassesse, PUTREFACTION, s. putrefaction, f.
PUTREFACTIVE, adj. putride, qui corrompt.
PUTREFY, v. a. & n. putréfier, corrompre. PUTRESCENCE, s. putrefaction, f. PUTRESCENT, adj. putride, qui se putrefie. PUTRID, adj. putride, pourri, corrompu. PUTRIDKESS, s. pourriture, f. corruption, f. PUTTER, s. celui qui met, instigateur, m. PUTTOCK, s. busard, m. buse, f. PUTTY, s. potée, f. chaux d'étain. Puzzle, v. a. embarrasser, mettre en peine. Puzzle, Puzzling, s. embarras, m. PUZZLER, s. qui embarrasse, brouillon, s. Puzzler, s. qui embarrassant, intriguant. PYGMEAN, adj. de pygmée. PYGMY, s. un pygmée, un nain. Pylonus, s. le pylore. Pyramid, s. une pyramide. PYRAMIDAL, PYRAMIDICAL, adj. pyrami dal, de pyramide. PYRANIDICALLY, adv. en pyramide. PYRE, s. bûcher, m. PYRITES, s. (fire stone) pyrite, f. Pyromancy, s. pyromancie, PYROTECHNY, s. pyrotechnie, f. PYRRHONIAN, adj. & s. pyrrhonien, m. Pyrrhonism, s. pyrrhonisme. Pyx, s. ciboire, m.

Q.

QUACE, v. n. crier comme un canard. QUACK, s. charlatan, m.; v. n. charlataner. QUACKERY, s. charlatanerie, f. QUADRAGESIMA, s. quadragesime, f. QUADRAGESIMAL, adj. quadragesimal. QUADRANGLE, s. un quarre. QUADRANGULAR, adj. quadrangulaire. QUADRANT, s. le quart, un quart de cercle. QUADRATE, adj. carre or quarre, propre à, convenable, applicable. QUADRATE, s. un quarre, un quadrat. QUADRATE, r. n. cadrer, s'accorder. QUADRATURE, s. quadrature, f. quadrat, m. QUADRENNIAL, adj. quadrennial. QUADRILATERAL, adj. quadrilatère. QUADRILLE, s. quadrille, m. (jen.) [ties.
QUADRIPARTITE, adj. divisé en quatre par-QUADRUPED, adj. & s. quadrupède, m.
QUADRUPLE, adj. quadrupèd. QUADRUPLICATE, v. a. quadrupler. QUADRUPLICATION, s. quadruplication, f. QUADRUPLY, adv. au quadruple. QUERE, s. voyez, cherchez, on demande si. QUAFF, v. a. & n. boire, boire beaucoup. QUAFFER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. QUAGGY, s. marecageux, fangeux. QUAGMIRE, s. une fondrière. QUAIL, s. une caille. QUAIL, v. n. & a. languir, se décourager. A young quail, un cailleteau. A water-quail, une gelinote d'eau. QUAINT, adj. poli, beau, fin, delicat, joli, juste, limé, précieux, affecté. QUAINTLY, adv. délicatement, avec grace.

QUAINTNESS, s. élégance, f. bonne grace. QUAKE, v. a. trembler; s. tremblement, m.

QUAKER, s. trembleur, m. Quaker, m.

QUAKERISM, s. le Quakérisme. QUARING, s. tremblement, m.; adj. trem-QUALIFICATION, s. qualité, f. condition, f. talent, m. don, m. avantage, m. QUALIFY, v. a. rendre propre, mettre en état, temperer, modifier, adoucir, qualifier. QUALITY, s. qualité, f. conditiou, f. nature, f. propriété, f. inclination, f. naturel, m. titre, m. rang, m. noblesse d'extraction, f. QUALM, s. mal de cœur, m. défaillance, f. QUALMISH, adj. qui a mal au cœur. QUANTITY, s. quantité, f. nombre, m. QUANTUM, s. le montant, la quantité. QUARANTAIN, QUARANTINE, s. quarantaine QUARREL, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. QUARREL, v. n. quereller, se quereller. QUARRELER, s. querelleur, m. querelleuse, f. QUARRELOUS, QUARRELSOME, adj. querelleux. QUARRELSOMELY, adv. en querelleur. QUARRELSOMENESS, s. humeur querelleusc. QUARRY, s. carrière, f. quarré, m. QUARRY, v. n. faire curée de, dévorer. QUARRY-MAN, s. un carrier. QUART, s. quarte, f. une quatrième. QUARTAN, s. & adj. la sièvre quarte. QUARTER, s. quart, m. quarteron, m. quar-tier, m. miséricorde, f. traitement, m. parti, m. coin, m. côté, m. région, f. logis, m. logemeat de guerre, m. [loger. QUARTER, v. a. écarteler, mettre en quartier, QUARTERAGE, s. quartier, m. Quarter-day, s. jour de quartier, m. Quarter-deck, s. le tillac d'un vaisseau. QUARTERLY, adj. de quartier, par quartier. QUARTER-MASTER, s. quartier-maître, m. QUARTERN, s. roquille, f. poisson, m. QUARTER-STAFF, s. baton à deux bouts, m. QUARTILE, s. quadrat, m. (90 degres.) QUARTO, s. un in-quarto. QUASH, v. a. & n. briser, gater, annuler, appaiser, être agité avec bruit. QUATERNARY, QUATERNION, QUATERNI-TY, s. nombre de quatre, m. quatre, m QUATRAIN, s. un quatrain. QUAVER, s. croche; v. n. fredonner, trem-QUAVERER, s. chanteur, m. qui freconne. QUAVERING, s. fredons, m. pl. roulade, f. QUAY. s. quai, m. port, m. QUEASINESS, s. envie de vomir, f. QUEASY, adj. débile, fade, dégontant. QUEEN, s. reine, f. dame (au jeu) f. QUEEN-APPLE, QUEENING. s. reinette, f. QUEER, adj. étrange, ridicule, original. QUEERLY, adv. d'une manière étrange. QUEERNESS, s. manière étrange, f. QUELL, v. a. dompter, réprimer, appaiser. QUELLER, s. qui réprime, m. opprésseur. QUENCH, v. a. étembre, étancher, détruire. QUENCHABLE, adj. qu'on peut éteindre. QUENCHER, s. celui or ce qui éteint. QUENCHLESS, adj. inextinguible. QUERENT, s. un complaignant, un plaintif. Querinonious, adj. qui se plaint. QUERIST, s. questionneur, m. QUERN, s. un moulin à bras, un moulinet. QUERPO, s. une veste. QUERRY, s. écurie, f. un sous écuyer. QUERULOUS, adj. plaintif, dolent. QUERULOUSNESS, s. habitude de se plaindre. QUERY, s. question, f. demande, f. QUERY, v. a. questionier, demander. Quest, s. recherche, f. perquisition, f. enquete, f

[blant. || QUEST, v. n. chercher, quêter. QUESTION, s. question, f. demande, f. inter rogation, f. doute, m. compte, m. QUESTION, v. a. & n. questionner, interroger, douter, revoquer en doute.
QUESTIONABLE, adj. douteux, suspect. QUESTIONARY, adj. qui s'informe de. QUESTIONER, s. celui qui fait des questions. QUESTIONLESS, adv. sans doute, certainement. QUESTOR, s. questeur, m. QUESTORSHIP, s. la questure. QUIBELE, s. un jeu de mots, une pointe. QUIBELE, v. n. jouer sur les mots, clicaner. QUIBBLER, s. celui qui fait des jeux de mots, dit des mots à double entente. QUICK, adj. vivant, vif, pénétrant, subtil. QUICK, adj. vite, tôt, vivement. Quick, s. vif, m. chair vive. QUICKBEAM OF QUICKTREE, s. sorbier, m. cormier, m. QUICKEN, r. a. & n. vivifier, animer, hater, accélérer, égayer, rendre vif.
QUICKENER, s. qui vivifie, principe vivifiant.
QUICKENING, adj. vivifiant, qui vivifie. QUICKLIME, s. chaux vive. f. QUICKLY, adv. vivement, promptement, vite. QUICKNESS, s. vitesse, f. promptitude, f. vi-QUICKNESS, S. VICESSE, J. Prompensas, J. vacité, f. cactivité, f. sagacité, f. QUICKSAND, s. banc de sable, m. écueil, m. QUICKSET, adj. & s. vif, plante vive. QUICKSIGHTED, adj. qui a la vue bonne. QUICKSIGHTEDNESS, s. vue claire et percante, subtilité, f. sagacité, f.
QUICKSILVER, s. vif argent, m. mercure, m.
QUIDDITY, s. essence, f. chicane, f. Quiescence, s. repos, m. tranquilité, f. QUIESCENT, adj. en repos, tranquille. QUIET, adj. tranquille, paisible, calme. QUIET, s. repos, m. tranquillite, f. QUIET, r.a. appaiser, assoupir, calmer. QUIETER, s. pacificateur, m. un calmant. QUIETISM, s. le quictisme. QUIETISTS, s. les quiétistes, m. QUIETLY, adv. tranquillement, paisiblement. QUIETNESS, s. repos, m. tranquillité, f. QUIETUDE, s. quiétude, f. calme de l'âme, s QUILL, s. plume, f. tuyau, m. robinet, m. le piquant (d'un porc-épic,) une navette. QUILLET, s. fausse subtilité, chicane, f. QUILT, s. une courtepointe, un matelas. QUILT, v. a. piquer, matelasser. QUINCE, s. un coin or coing. A quince-tree, un coignassier. QUINCUNX, s. quinconce, m. QUINQUAGESIMA, s. la quinquagesime. QUINQUANGULAR, adj. à cinq augles. QUINQUENKIAL, adj. de cinq ans. QUINSY, s. esquinancie, f. QUINT, s. une quinte, (au jeu de piquet.) QUINTAL, s. quintal, m. QUINTESSENCE, s. quintessence, f. QUINTESSENTIAL, adj. qui contient la quin-QUINTIN, s. quintaine, f. Quip, s. raillerie, f. lardon, m. Quip, r. a. railler, piquer jusqu'au vis. QUIRE, s. chœur, m. chorus, m. QUIRE, v. a. chanter en concert, faire cho-QUIRISTER, s. un choriste. [ros. QUIRK, s. subtilité, f. chicane, f. cetour, m. accès, m. ton leger, m. pointe, f. Quit, n. a. quitter, laisser, abandonner, le-ver, lâcher, se défaire, se démettre, tenir quitte, dispenser, décharger, payer

QUIT, part. adj. quitte. QUITCHGRASS, s. chieudent, m. or gramen, m. QUITE, adr. tout-à-fait, entièrement. QUITRENT, s. cens, m. QUITTANCE, s. quittance, f. retour, m. QUITTER, s. libérateur, m. crasse, f. scorie, f. ordure de l'étain, pus d'un ulcère, m. QUIVER, s. un carquois. QUIVER, v. n. remuer, trembler. QUIVERED, adj. arme d'un carquois QUODLIBET, s. pointillerie, f. subtilité, f. Quoir, s. coiffe, f.; v. a. coiffer. QUOIFFURE, s. coiffure, f. Quoit, s. palet, m. disque, m.; r. a. & n. jouer an palet, jeter. QUORUM, s. un nombre compétent de juges. QUOTA, s. quote-part, f. contingent, m. QUOTATION, s. citation, f. passage allegue. QUOTE, v. a. citer, alleguer. QUOTER, s. celui qui cite, allégateur, m. QUOTH, v. imp. quoth he, dit il. QUOTIDIAN, adj. quotidien, de chaque jour. QUOTIENT, s. quotient, m.

R.

RABATE, v. a. rabattre. RABBET, RABBETTING, s. rablure, f. RABBET, v. a. unir avec le rabot, joindre. RABBI, RABBIN, s. Rabbin, m. docteur Juif. RABBINICAL, adj. rabbinique. RABBINIST, s. rabbiniste, m. [Iapereau. RABBIT, s. un lapin. A young rabbit, un RABBLE, s. la canaille, la populace. RABBLEMENT, s. la foule, la multitude. RABID, adj. féroce, furieux, enragé. RACE, s. race, f. lignée, f. extraction, f. fa-mille, f. génération, f. espèce, f. genre, m. racine, f. branche, f. rejeton, m. une COURSE.

RACEMATION, s. une grappe de raisins, &c.

RACEMORSE, RACER, s. un cheval de course.

RACINESS, s. force, f. fumet, m.

RACINESS, s. force, f. fumet, m.

gène, f. contrebatier, m. grille de feu, f.

monture d'arbalète, f. les ridelles d'un

chariot, f. quenouille, f. collet de mouton,

m. arsek, m. RACK, v. a. appliquer à la torture, donner la question, rouer, inquieter, fouler, opprimer, raffiner, clarifier, etendre, porter, pousser. RACKET, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. une raquette. RACKET-MAKER, s. raquetier, m. RACKOON, s. sorte de lapin, blereau, m. RACKING, s. torture, f. soutirage, m. RACY, adj. fort spiritueux. [deur, m. RADIANCE, RADIANCY, s. cclat, m. splen-RADIANT, adj. eclatant, rayonnant, radieux. RADIATE, r. a. rayonner, briller. RADIATION, s. irradiation, f. rayonnement, m. RADICAL, adj. radical, primitif. RADICALLTY, s. origine. f. source, f.
RADICALLY, adv. radicalement.
RADICALNESS, s. état de ce qui est radical. RADICATE, v. a. enraciner. RADICATE, v. a. enfaction, f.
RADICLE, s. radicule, f.
RADISH, s. rave, f. Horse-radish, raifort, m.
RADIUS, s. radius, m. rayon, m.
RAFF, v. a. brouiller, meler ensemble. RAFFLE, v. a. raffler; r. n. jouer à la raffle. RAFFLE of RAFFLING, s raffle, f. (jeu des RAFF, s. radeau, m. train de bois, m. [dés.)

RAFTER. s. solive, f. chevron, m. RAG, s. guenille, f. haillon, m. chiffon, m. RAGAMOFFIN, s. un gueux, un misérable. RAGE, s. rage, f. furcur, f. dépit, m. RAGE, v. n. enrager, être furieux. RAGEFUL, adj. enrage, furieux, emporté. RAGGED. part. vdj. déchiré, en pièces, mas vétu, inégal, raboteux. vetu, inegal, ratoueux.

RAGGEDNESS, s. guenilles, f. pl. misère, f.
RAGISG, s. rage, f. fureur, f. ; adj. enrage.
RAGINGLY, adv. avec rage, avec fureur.
RAGNAN, s. un fripier, un chiffonnier. RAGOUT, s. un ragoût. RAGSTONE, s. moellen, m. RAG-WORT, s. sntyrion, m. (herbe.) RAIL. s. barrière, f. balustrade, f. garde-foux (d'un pont.) m. les ridelles (d'un cha-riot,) un râle (oiseau.) RAIL, r. a. fermer d'une barrière. RAIL AT, r. n. injurier, medire. RAILER, s. un medisant. RAILLING, s. médisance, f. RAILLERY, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. RAIMENT, s. vêtement, m. habillement, m. RAIMENT, s. pluic, f.; v. n. pleuvoir.
RAINBOW, s. l'arc-en-ciel, m. RAINDEER, s. renne, f. RAININESS, s. abondance de pluie, f RAINY, adj. pluvieux, de pluie. RAISE, r. a. lever, elever, soulever, hausser, rehausser, dresser, ériger, bâtir, recueillir accroître, augmenter, abandonner, exciter, susciter, causer. RAISER, s. celui qui lève or élève. RAISINS, s. raisins secs, m. pl. RAKE, s. un rateau, un fourgon, le sillage, houage or houache d'un vaisseau, m. un scélérat, un débauché. RAKE, v. a. rateler, amasser, ramasser, ra-tisser; v. n. chercher, fouiller, examiner. RAKEHELL, RAKEHELLY, adj. un débauché RAKER, s. un boueur, un fourgon, une ratis-RAKISH, adj. deborde, dissolu. [soire. RAKISHNESS, s. débauche, f.extravagance, f. RALLY, v. a. & n. rallier, se rallier, railler RAM, s. un belier; v. a. enfoncer, bourrer. RAM'S-HEAD, s. une louve. RAMBLE, v. n. roder, courir, aller çà et là RAMBLE, s. course, f. RAMBLER, s. un coureur, un rodeur. RAMBLING, s. course, f.; adj. coureur. RAMIFICATION, s. ramification, f. RAMIFY, v. a. & n. ramifier, se ramifier. RAMMER, s. mouton, m. hie, f. RAMMISH, adj. qui a l'odeur forte. RAMMISHNESS, s. bouquin, m. senteur de RAMOUS, adj. rameux, branchu. [bouc, f. RAMP, r. n. sauter, gambader; s. saut, m. RAMFANT, adj. surabondant, lascif, folâtre. RAMPART, RAMPIRE, s. rempart, m. RAMPIONS, s. (a plant) raiponce. f. RANCH, r. a. fouler, forcer. RANCID, adjorance. [odeur de rance, f. RANCIDITY or RANCIDNESS, s. rancidité, f. RANCOROUS, adj. malin, plein de rancupe. RANCOROUSLY, adv. avec haine or rancune. RANCOUR, s. rancune, f. ressentiment. m. animosité, f. RANDOM, s. aventure. f. hasard, m. At random, au hasard, inconsidérément. RANGE, s. rang, m. classe, f. ordre, m. tour, m. course, f. écart, m. carrière, f. essor, m. un grille (de cuisine,) tamis, m. sas, m. bluteau, m. timon, m. flèche de carosce, f.

RANGE, v. a. & n. ranger, arranger, se ranger, s'arranger, ecumer les mers, roder, courir, aller ça et là. RANGER, s. garde-chasse, m. maître de la venaison, rodeur, m. voleur, m. un chien RANK, s. rang, m. file, f. ordre, m. rangee, f. ligne, f. classe, f. place, f. dignité, RANK, adj. qui pousse avec abondance, fe-cond, fertile, abondant, fort, violent, insigne, outre, grossier. RANK, r. a. & n. ranger, mettre au nombre, se mettre au nombre, figurer. RANKISH, adj. qui commence à sentir mau-RANKLE, v. n. s'envenimer. [vais. RANKILY, adv. grossierement. RANKNESS, s. rancissure, f. surabondance, f. fécondité, f. fertilité, f. [cer. RANSACE, v. a. saccager, piller, violer, for-RANSACKING, s. pillage, m. saccagement, m. RANSOM, s. rancon, f.; v. a. racheter. RANT, s. paroles ampoulées, phébus, m. RANT, v. n. dire de grands mots, tempêter. RANTER, s. un homme turbulent, un extra-RANTING, adj. enrage, étourdi. [vagant. RANTIPOLE, adj. étourdi, turbulent. RANULA, s. ranule, f RANULAR, adj. ranulaire. RAKUNCULUS, s. renoncule, f. RAP, s. coup, m. tape, f. [emporter. RAP, r. a. & n. frapper vivement, enlever, RAPACIOUS, adj. rapace, avide, ravisseur. RAPACIOUSLY, adv. avidement, par rapine. RAPACIOUSNESS, RAPACITY, s. rapacité, f. RAPACIOUSNESS, RAPACITY, s. rapacite, f.
RAPE, s. rapt, m. enlèvement, m. ravissement, m. viol, m. proie, f. butin, m. naRAPIDITY, s. rapidité, f. célérité, f.
RAPIDITY, s. rapidité, f. célérité, f.
RAPIDITY, s. rapidité, g. célérité, f. RAPIDLY, adv. rapidement, avec rapidité. RAPIDNESS, s. rapidité, f. célérité, f. RAPIER, s. brette, f. estocade, f. rapière, f.
RAPIER, s. rapine, f. volerie, f.
RAPPORT, s. rapport, m. conformité, f.
RAPT, part. adj. enlévé, emporté, ravi, saisi. RAPTURE, s. ravissement, m. extase, f. RAPTURED, adj. ravi, saisi, transporté. RAPTUROUS, adj. ravissant, extatique. RARE, adj. rare, clair seme, demi cuit. RARE-SHOW, s. une curiosité. RAREFACTION, s. rarefaction, f. RAREFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut raréfier. RAREFY, r. a. & n. raréfier, se raréfier. RARELY, adr. rarement, peu souvent. RARENESS, RARITY, s. rareté, f. RASCAL, s. un gueux, un coquin. RASCAL-DEER, s. un cerf or un daim maigre. RASCALLION, s. homme de la lie du peuple, RASCALITY, s. la canaille, la vile populace. RASCALLY, adj. bas, vil, infame, ignoble. RASCALLY, adv. bassement, en coquin. RASE, v. a. raser, efflourer, démolir. RASH, adj. précipité, téméraire, emporté. RASH, s. ébullition de sang, f. eruption, f. RASHER, s. une tranche de lard, grillade, f. RASHLY, adv. precipitamment. RASHNESS, s. précipitation, f. témérité, f. RASP, s. une rape; r. a. raper. RASPBERRY, s. framboise, f. RASPBERRY-BUSH, s. framboisier, m. RASPING, s. rapure, f.
RASURE, s. rature, f. effaçure, f.
RAT, s. un rat. A nu-trap, une ratière.

RATABLE, adj. taxable. RATABLY, adv. au prorata, à proportion. RATAFIA, s. ratafia, m. RATAN, s. canne, f. RATE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. taux, m. taxe, f degré, m. point, m. rang, m.
RATE, r. a. évaluer, taxer, cotiser, censurer
RATHER, adj. plus volontiers, plutôt, mieux RATIFICATION, s. ratification, f. RATIFY, v. a. ratifier, confirmer, approuver. RATING, s. estimation, f. l'action d'estimer. RATIO, s. raison, f. proportion, f. RATIOCINATE, v. n. raisonner. RATIOCINATION, s. raisonnement, m. RATIOCINATIVE, adj. de raisonnement. RATIONAL, adj. raisonnable, raisonné, ra RATIONALIST, s. esprit fort. RATIONALITY, s. raison. f. probabilité, f. RATIONALLY, adv. raisonnablement. RATSBANE, s. mort-aux-rats, f. arsenic, m. RATTEEN, s. ratine, f. [muer, crier RATTLE, v. n. & a. faire du bruit, râler, re-RATTLE, s. bruit repete, grelot, m. RATTLEHEADED, adj. etourdi, ecervele. RATTLESNABE, s. serpent à sonnette, f. RAUCITY, s. raucité, f. rudesse de la voix, f. RAVAGE, v. a. ravager, saccager, dévaster. RAVAGE, s. ravage, m. désordre, m. dégat, m. RAVAGER, s. déstructeur, m. RAVAGING, s. ravage, m. dégât, m. RAVE, v. n. être en délire, extravaguer, déraisonuer, être fou, se désoler. RAVEL, v. a. embarrasser, embrouiller, compliquer; r. n. être embarrasse. To ravel out, effiler, débrouiller. RAVELIN, s. un ravelin. RAVEN. s. un corbeau. Sea-raven, un cormo-RAVEN, v. a. dévorer; v. n. piller, butiner. RAVENOUS, adj. vorace, goulu, rapace. RAVENOUSLY, adv. avec voracité. RAVENOUSNESS, s. rapacité, f. voracité, f. RAVIN, s. proie, f. butin, m. rapine, f. RAVING, adj. fou, extravagant. RAVING, s. reverie, f. delire, m. frenesie, RAVINGLY, adv. comme un homme en délire. RAVISH, v. a. ravir, enlever, violer. RAVISHER, s. ravisseur, m. RAVISHING, adj. ravissant, qui ravit. RAVISHINGLY, adv. delicieusement. RAVISHMENT, s. enlèvement, m. ravisse-ment, m. viol, m. rapt, m. RAW, adj. cru, indigeste, froid et humide, ignorant, neuf. RAWBONED, adj. maigre. RAW-HEAD, s. loup-garou, m. RAW-HESS, s. crudité, f. ignorance, f. RAY, s. rayon, f. raie, f. (poisson.) RAZE, r. a. raser, démolir. RAZOR, s. un rasoir. RAZURE, s. rature, f. cffaçure, f. [lée. REACCESS, s. accès répété, visite renouve-REACH, r. a. & n. toucher à, atteindre, at-traper, joindre, avancer, donner, oblenir, gagner, parvenir à, s'étendre à, s'étendre, tacher de parvenir à, faire des efforts pour. REACH, s. portée, f. pouvoir, m. capacité, f vue, f. dessein, m. étendue, f. REACT, r. m. réagir, a gir réciproquement. REACTION, s. réaction, f. READ, v. a. lire, enseigner, professer; to read about, lire tour-à-tour; to read again, relire : to read on, continuer de lire ; to read over, lire, parcourir; to read out, he à voix haute, lire tout.

READERTION, s. recouvrement, m. READER. s. lecteur, m. professeur, m. READILY, adv. promptement, aisement, vo-[habilite, f. iontiers, de bon cœur. READINESS, s. diligence, f. promptitude, f. READING, s. l'action de lire, f. lecture, f. lecon publique, f. variantes, f. pl. ma-nière de lire, f. READING-DESK, s. un lutrin, une chaire. READING-ROOM, s. une salle à lire, biblio-READJOURN, v. a. réajournement, m. READMISSION, s. seconde admission. . [thèque. READMIT, v. a. admettre de nouveau. READUR, v. a. orner, décorer de nouveau. READU, adj. prompt, habile, vif, préseus, prêt, préparé, tout prêt, enclin, disposé, lacile, aisé. READY, adv. promptement, déjà, tout. Ready money, argent comptant. REAL, adj. reci, effectif. REAL, s. real, m. reaux, m. pl. REALGAR, s. réalgar, m. arsénic rouge. REALITY, s. réalité, f. vérité, f. REALIZE, v. a. réaliser, effectuer, placer. REALLY, adv. réellement, en effet, en vérité. REALM, s. royaume, m. REAM, s. une rame de papier. REANIMATE, v. a. ranimer, rendre la vie. REARREX, v. a. annexer de nouveau. REAP, v. a. & n. moisonner, recueillir. REAPER, s. moissonneur, m. moissonneuse, f. REAPING-TIME, s. moisson, f. recolte, f. REAPING-HOOK, s. une faucille. REAR, s. l'arrière, f. le dernier rang. REAR, adj. qui est à moitié cuit, saignant. REAR, v. a. élèver, ériger, dresser, lever, relever, nourrir, avancer, faire partir. REAR, v. n. se cabrer. BEAR-ADMIRAL, s. contre-amiral, m.
BEARMOUSE, s. chauve-souris, f. [fin.
REAR-WARD, s. l'arrière garde, la queue, la REASCEND, v. a. & n. remonter.

REASON, s. raison, f. jugement, m. bon sens
cause, f. fondement, m. principe, m. motif m. sujet, m. lieu, m. preuve, f. m. droit, m. equite, f. devoir, m. compte, REASON, r. n. raisonner, discourir, débattre. REASOKABLE, adj. raisonnable, modéré. REASONABLENESS, s. justice, f. justesse, f. REASONABLY, adv. raisonnablement. REASONER, s. raisonneur, m. logicien, m REASONING, s. raisonnement, m. [sembler. REASSEMBLE, r. a. reassembler; v.n. se ras-REASSERT, v. a. confirmer de nouveau. REASSUME, v. a. résumer, réprendre. REASSURE, v. a. reassurer. REBAPTIZATION, s. réitération du baptême, REBAPTIZE, r. a. rebaptiser. REBATE, s. cannelure, f. [adoucir. REBATE, v. a. émousser. rabattre, abaisser, REBATEMENT, s. diminution, décompte, m. REBECK, s. violon à trois cordes, m. REFEL, s. un rebelle ; v. a. se revolter. REBELLER, s. un rebelle, un revolté REBELLION, s. rebellion, f. révolte f.
REBELLIOUS, adj. rebelle, révolté. [belle
REBELLIOUSLY, adv. avec rebellion, en re REBELLIOUSNESS, s. rebellion, f. révolte, f. REBELLOW, v. a. répéter le mugissement. REBOUND, v. a. & n. bondir, rebondir. REBOUND, s. bond, m. renvoi, m REBUFF. s. resistance, f. rebuffade, f. REBUFF, v. a. repousser, rebuter, refuser.

REBUILD, v. a. rebâtir. REBUKE, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. REBUKE, v. a. censurer, reprendre. REBUKEFUL, adj. aigre, rude, rebutant. REBUKER, s. un grondeur, un censeur. REBUS, s. un rebus. RECALL, v. a. rappeler, faire revenir. RECALL, s. rappel, m. l'action de rappeler. RECANT, v. a. rétracter; v. n. se rétracter. RECANTATION, s. rétractation, f. RECANTER, s. qui rétracte, qui se dédit. RECAPITULATE, v. a. récapituler, résumes RECAPITULATION, s. récapitulation, RECARRY, v. a. rapporter. reporter.
RECEDE, v. n. reculer, se retirer, s'en aller
RECEIPT, s. recette, f. reception, f. reçu, m
RECEIVABLE, adj. recevable. RECEIVE, v. a. recevoir, approuver, admet tre, eprouver, supporter, accueillir. RECEIVER, s. receveur, m. recipient, m. RECENCY, s. nouveauté, f. fraicheur, f. RECENT, adj. recent, nouveau, frais RECENTLY, adj. recemment, depuis pen. RECENTNESS, s. nouveaute, f. fraicheur, f. RECERTNESS, 8. nouveaue, 1. transpera, 7.
RECEPTACLE, 8. réceptacle, m. rétraite, f.
RECEPTION, 8. reception, f. accueil, m.
RECEPTIVE, adj. propre à recevoir.
RECEPTORY, adj. généralement admis.
RECESS, 8. retraite, f. départ, m. séparation, f. levée. f. solitude, f. lieu secret.
RECESSES, 8. pl. replis secrets, m. pl.
RECESSES, 8. pl. replis secrets, m. pl.
RECESSES, 8. pl. replis secrets, m. pl. RECESSION, s. retraite, f. desistement, # RECHARGE, r. a. rechanger. [concession, f. RECHARGE, r. a. accuser par représailles RECIDIVATE, v. n. recidiver. [recharge RECIDIVATION, s. recidive, f. rechute, f. RECIDIVOUS, adj. sujet à recidiver. [cin, frecharger RECIPENT, s. recipient, m.

RECIPENT, s. recipient, m. RECIPROCAL, adj. réciproque, mutuel. RECIPROCALLY, adv. reciproquement. RECIPROCALNESS, s. reciprocité, f. RECIPROCATE, v. a. & n. refléchir, rendre la pareille. RECIPROCATION, s. réciprocité, f. retour, m. RECISION, s. l'action de couper, f. RECITAL, s. récit, m. relation, f. narré, m. RECITATION, s. l'action de réciter RECITATIVE, RECITATIVO, s. recitatif, m. RECITE, v. a. réciter, répéter, raconter. RECKON, v. a. & n. compter, calculer, reputer, supputer, estimer, régarder. RECKONER, s. calculateur, m. RECKONING, s. compte, m. calcul, m. supputation, f. terme, m. mémoire de dépense, m. RECLAIM, v. a. corriger, reformer. RECLAMATION, s. reclamation, f. RECLAIMABLE, adj. corrigible.
RECLAIMLESS, adj. incorrigible, perdu. RECLINE, v. a. & n. pencher, incliner. RECLINED, part. adj. penche, incline. RECLOSE, v. a. refermer. RECLUDE, v. a. ouvrir. RECLUSE, adj. enfermé, caché, secret, reti-RECOGNISANCE, s. reconnoissance, soumission, f. revue, f. examen, m. RECOGNISE, v. a. reconnoître. RECOGNISEE, s. créancier, m. RECOGNISER, s. debiteur, m. RECOGNITION. s. reconnoissance, £ revue, f. RECOGNITORS. s. pl. les douze jures de la cour des assises. Recoil, v. n. reculer. RECOIL, s. recul, m.

RECUBATION, RECUMBENCY, s. l'action de

RECOIN, r. a. renouveler la monnoie. RECOINAGE, s. renouvellement de la monnoie, m. RECOLLECT, v. a. rappeler, se ressouvenir, recucillir, rassembler, remettre. RECOLLECTION, s. rappel, m. reminiscence, f. RECOMMENCE, v. a. recommencer. RECOMMEND, v. a. recommander. RECOMMENDABLE, adj. recommandable. RECOMMENDATION, s. recommandation, RECOMMENDATORY, adj. de recommanda-RECOMMENDER, s. celui qui recommande. RECOMMIT, r. a. commettre de nouveau. RECOMPENSE, s. recompense, f. RECOMPENSE, v.a. recompenser, recomnostre. RECOMPILEMENT, s. nouvelle compilation. RECOMPOSE, v. a. tranquilliser, recomposer. RECONCILE, r. a. reconcilier, raccommoder, accorder, concilier, accommoder. RECONCILEABLE, adj. reconciliable. RECONCILEABLENESS, s. compatibilité, f. RECONCILEMENT, s. raccommodement, f. RECONCILER, w. conciliateur, m. conciliatrice, f. RECONCILIATION, s. réconciliation, f. RECONDITE, adj. secret, caché, profond, ab-RECONDUCT, v. a. reconduire. RECONJOIN, v. a. rejoindre, réunir. RECONQUER, v. a. reconquerir, RECONSECRATE, v. a. resacrer. [sembler. RECONVENE, v.a. assembler de nouveau, ras-RECONVENE, v. a. reporter, reconduire.

RECOND, v. a. enregistrer, mentionner.

RECORD, s. registre, m. acte public, titre, m. archive, f. journal, m. memoires, f. A court of record, s. greffe, m.

RECORDER, s. greffer, m. assesseur, m. RECOVER, v. a. recouvrer, ravoir, reprendre, retirer, regagner, réparer, rétablir, guérir, refaire, délivrer, découvrir : v. n. relever d'une maladie, regagner la santé, se rétablir. RECOVERABLE, adj. recouvrable, reparable. RECOVERY, s. recouvrement, m. retablissement, m. guérison, f. convalescence, f. RECOUNT, v. a. conter, raconter. RECOUNTMENT, s. récit, m. relation, f. RECOURSE, s. recours, m. refuge, m. retour, m. abord, m. accès, m. RECREANT, adj. poltron, lache, infidèle. RECREATE, v. a. recreer, divertir, rejouir. RECREATION, s. récréation, f. relache, f. RECREATIVE, adj. récréatif, amusant. RECREDENTIALS, s. léttres de récréance. RECREMENTAL, adj. plein de scories. RECRIMINATE, v. a. récriminer. RECRIMINATION, s. recrimination, f. RECRIMINATOR, s. celui qui accuse son accusateur. RECRUIT, s. supplément, m. recrue, m. RECRUITS, pl. une recrue. RECRUIT, v.a. recruter. remplacer, suppléer. RECTARGLE, s. un rectangle, un quarre RECTANGULAR, adj. rectangle, a angle droit. RECTIFIABLE, adj. qui peut être rectifié. RECTIFICATION, s. rectification, f. RECTIFY, v. a. rectifier, redresser, reformer. RECTILINEAR, RECTILINEOUS, adj. rectiligne. RECTITUDE, s. rectitude, f. droiture, f. RECTOR, s. arbitre, m. recteur, m. cure, m. RECTORSHIP, s. rectorat, m. RECTORY. s. paroisse,

s'appuyer. RECUMBENT, adj. couché, qui s'appuie. RECUPERATE, v. a. récupérer, recouvrer. RECUPERATION, s. recouvrement, m. RECUPERATORY, adj. qui sert à recouver. RECUR, v. n. revenir à la mémoire, recourir, avoir recours, revenir. RECURE, s. recouvrement, m. guerison, f. RECURE, v. a. guérir, rétablir. RECURRENCE, RECURRENCY, s. retour, m. RECURRENT, adj. périodique, qui revient de temps en temps. RECURSION, s relour, m. RECUSANCY, s. non-conformite, f. RECUSANT, s. un recusant, un sectaire. RECUSE, r. a. recuser. RED, adj. & s. rouge, m. vermeille, cramoisi. A red pimple, rougeur, f. rubis, m. bouton, m. A red face, une rouge trogne. Redhaired, qui a les cheveux roux, rousseau, m. roux, m. Red deer, une bête fauve or des bêtes fauves. Red herrings, des harengs saurets, m. REDBREAST, s. rouge-gorge, m. (oiseau.) RED-COAT, s. un soldat. REDDEN, v. a. & n. rougir. REDDISH, adj. rougeâtre, tirant sur le rouge REDDISHNESS, s. couleur rougeaure, f. REDDITION, s. reddition, f. restitution. REDDITIVE, adj. juste, pertinent, catego REDDLE, s. craic rouge, f. [rique {rique REDEEM, r. a. racheier, degager, retirer délivrer. REDEEMABLE, adj. rachetable. REDEEMER, s. redempteur, m. sauveur, m. REDELIVER, v. a. restituer. [tion, f. REDELIVERY, s. seconde délivrance, restitu-REDEMAND, v. a. redemander, repeter. REDEMPTION, s. redemption, f. rachat, m. REDEMPTORY, adj. payé pour la rançon. RED-HOT, adj. tout rouge, rougi au feu. REDEVABLE, adj. redevable, obligé. REDINTEGRATE, adj. rétabli, renouvelé. REDINTEGRATE, v. a. recommencer, rétablir. REDINTEGRATION, s. rétablissement, m. RED-LEAD, s. mine, f. minium, m. REDNESS, s. rougeur, f. rouge, f. [ble. REDOLENCE, REDOLENCY, s. odeur agrea-REDOLENT, adj. odoriferant, qui sent bon. REDOUBLE, v. a. & n. redoubler, augmenter REDOUBLING, s. redoublement, m. REDOUBT, s. une redoute. REDOUBTABLE, adj. redoutable, formidable REDOUND, v. n. rejaillir, retomber, revenir contribuer, concourir, redonder. REDRESS, v. a. redresser, rectifier, corriger reformer, faire justice, consoler, assister. REDRESS, s. reformation, f. correction, f. REDRESSER, s. reformateur, m. reformatrice REDRESSIVE, adj. secourable. REDRESSLESS, adj. incorrigible. REDTAIL, s. (a bird) rouge-q ronge-queue, m REDUCE, v. a. reduire, subjuguer, soumettre REDUCEMENT, s. réduction. ...
REDUCER, s. celui qui réduit.
REDUCERLE, ads. réductible, qu'on peut ré
REDUCTION, s. réduction. ...
[duire REDUCTIVE, odj. reductif REDUCTIVELY, adv. par reduction. REDUNDANCE, REDUNDANCY, s. redondance REDUNDANT, adj. reclondant, superflu. REDUNDANTLY, adv. avec superfluite

REDUPLICATE, v.a. redoubler, réitérer. REDUPLICATION, s. reduplication, f. RELUPLICATIVE, adj. reduplicatil. RE-ECHO, v. s. retentir, repeter. REED, s. un roseau, une caune, une flèche. RE-EDIFY, v. a. rebatir.
REZDY, adj. abondant en roseaux.
REEK, s. fumée, f. exhalaison, f. REEK, v. n. fumer, jeter de la fumée. REEKY, adj. enfumé, fumé, noir. REEL, s. un dévidoir ; v. a. dévider ; v. n. chanceler, vaciller, trébucher. RE-ELECTION, s. ré-election, f. RE-ENFORCE of RE-INFORCE, v.a. renforcer. RE-ENFORCEMENT, s. renfort, m RE-ENACT, v. a. faire or passer de nouveau. RE-ENGAGE, v. a. rengager, engager de nou-RE-ENGAGEMENT, s. rengagement, m. RE-ENTER, v. a. rentrer, entrer une seconde RE-ENTRANCE, s. rentree, f. [fois. RE-ESTABLISH, v. a. rétablir. RE-ESTABLISHER, s. restaurateur, m. RE-ESTABLISHMENT, s. rétablissement, m. REEVE, s. un bailli, un juge. famen. RE-EXAMINATION, s. revue, f. un second ex-RE-EXAMINE, v. a. examiner de nouveau. REFECT, v. n. se refraichir, se refaire. REFECTION, s. refection, f. repas, m. REFEL, v. a. refuter, reprimer, combattre. REFER, v. a. renveyer, remettre, rapporter. REFER, v. n. avoir rapport à, regarder. REFEREE, s. un arbitre, REFERENCE, s. renvoi, m. rapport, m. REFERENT, v. a. faire fermenter de nouveau. REFERRIBLE, adj. qui peut se rapporter. REFINE, v. a. & n. affiner, raffiner, cpurer, se raffiner, s'épurer. REFINEDLY, adv. avec raffinement, avec affectation. REFINEMENT, s. raffinement, m. affinage, m. REFINER, s. raffineur, m REFIT, v. a. reparer, radouber. (jainii REFITTING, s. radoub, m. REFLECT, v. a. & n. réfléchir, renvoyer, ré-REFLECTION, s. reflexion, f. reflechissement, m. reverberation, f. meditation, f. REFLECTIVE, adj. qui refléchit, qui examine. REFLECTOR, s. celui qui refléchit. REFLEX, adj. réfléchi; s. réflexion, f. REFLEXIBILITY, s. réflexibilité, f. REFLEXIBLE, adj. qui peut être réfléchi. RPFLEXIVE, adj. qui reflechit. REFLEXIVELY, adv. par reflexion. REFLOAT, s. reflux, m. REFLOURISH, v. n. refleurir. REPLOW, v. n. refluer, remouter. REFLUENT, adj. qui reflue. REPLUX, s. reflux, m. ébe or jusant, f. m. REFORM, n. a. & n. reformer. REFORM, REFORMATION, s. reforme, f. REFORMER, s. reformateur, m. - [rayons. REFRACT, v. a. réfléchir, rompre, briser les REFRACTION, s. refraction d'un rayon, f. REFRACTIVE, adj. qui produit la refraction. REFRACTORILY, adv. avec opiniâtreté. REFRACTORINISS, s. ophiâtreté, f. REFRACTORY, dj. opiniâtre, revêche. REFRAGABLE, adj. capable de réfutation et de conviction. REFRAIN, v. a. réprimer. REFRAIN, v. n. s'empêcher, s'abstenir.

REFRANGIBILITY, s. réfrangibilité, f. REFRANGIBLE, adj. réfrangible. REFRENATION, s. l'action de réprimer. REFRESH, v n. rafraichir, soulager, renouve REFRESHER, s. ce qui rafraichit. REFRESHING, s. rafraichissement, m. REFRESHING, adj. qui rafraîchit, qui rétablit. REFRESHMENT, s. rafraîchissement, m. REFRIGERANT, adj. rafraichissant. REFRIGERATE, v. a. rafralchir, rendre frais. REFRIGERATION, s. refrigeration, f. REFRIGERATIVE, REFRIGERATORY, adj. rafraichissant. REFRIGERATORY, s. un réfrigérant REFT part. adj. privé, dépouillé, ôié. REFUGE, s. reiuge, m. asile, m. ressource, f. protection, f. appui, m. protecteur, m. REFUGE, v. a. relugier, donner asile, proté-REFUGEE, s. refuge, m. REFULGENCE, s. brillant, m. eclat, m. REFULGENT, adj. brillant, reluisant. REFUND, v. a. rendre, restituer, refondre. REFUSAL, s. refus, m. choix, m. option, f. REFUSE, adj. indigne d'être reçu, refuse. REFUSE, s. rebut, m.; v. a. & m. refuser. REFUSER, s. celui qui refuse, qui rejete. REFUTAL, REFUTATION, s. refutation, f. Refute, v. a. refuter. REGAIN, v. a. regagner, rattraper. REGAL, adf. royal; s. régale, f. régal, m. REGALE, s. la régale, la prérogative royale. REGALE, REGALEMENT, s. un regal, un REGALE, v. a. régaler, traiter magnifique-REGALIA, s. les marques or les droits de la REGALITY, s. royauté, f. REGALLY, adv. royalement, en roi. REGARD, v. a. regarder, avoir égard, consi-REGARD, s. égard, m. attention, f. considération, f. rapport, m. estime, REGARDABLE, adj. remarquable.
REGARDFUL, adj. attentif, plein d'égards.
REGARDFULL, adj. attentif, plein d'égards.
REGARDIESS, adj. qui n'a aucun égard, saus attention, qui ne fait aucun cas. REGARDLESSLY, adv. sans precaution. REGARDLESSIL, adv. sans precaution.
REGARDLESSNESS, s. nègligence, f.
REGENCY, s. régence, f. autorité, f.
REGENERATE, v. a. régénére, reproduire.
REGENERATE, adj. régénéré, reproduit.
REGENERATION, s. régénération, f.
REGENTSHIP, s. régence, f.
REGENTSHIP, s. régence, f.
REGENTSHIP, s. régence, f. REGIELE, adj. qui peut être gouverné. REGICIDE, s. régicide, m. REGIMEN, s. régimen, m.
REGIMENT, s. régiment, m. règle, f. [ment.
REGIMENTAL, adj. appartenant à un régiREGIMENTALS, s. l'habit uniforme, m.
REGION, s. région, f. pays, m. contrée, f.
REGISTER, s. régistre, m. greffier, m. REGISTER, v. a. enrégistrer. REGISTERING, s. enrégistrement, m. REGISTRER, s. enregistrement, m. greffe, m. REGRAFT, v. a. vomir, rendre gorge. REGRAFT, v. a. grener or enter de nouveau REGRANT, v. a. accorder de nouveau. REGRATE, v. a. choquer, offenser, regratter REGRATER, s. regrattier, m. fripier, m. REGRESSION, s. retour, m. sortie, f. REGRESS, s. retour, m. sortie, f. REGRESS, r. n. retourner, revenir. REGRET, s. regret, m. chagrin, m.

REGRET, v. a. regretter, se repentir. REGULAR, adj. regulier, regle. REGULAR, s. un regulier. REGULARLY, ado. régulière, f. bon ordre.
REGULARLY, ado. régulièrement, réglément.
REGULATE, v. a. régler, ordonner, conduire.
REGULATON, s. réglement, m. ordre, m.
REGULATON, s. régulièreur, m.
REGULATON, s. régulièreur, m. REGURGITATE, v. a. & n. rejeter, repousser, REHABILITATION, s. rehabilitation, f. REHEAR. v. a. écouter de nouveau. REHEARING, s. seconde audience. REHEARSAL, s. repetition, f. recit, m.
REHEARSAL, s. repetition, f. recit, m.
REHEARSA, s. a. repeter, redire, reciter.
REIGN, s. souveraineté, f. règne, m.
REIGN, s. reguer, dominer, être en vogue.
REIGNING, adj. régnant, dominant. REIMBURSE, v. a. rembourser. REINBURSEMENT, s. remboursement, m. REIMPRESSION, s. réimpression d'un livre, REIN, s. réne, f. bride, f. [teni [tenir. REIN, v. a. tenir en bride, gouverner, con-REINS, s. les reins, m. les rognons, m. REINSERT, v. n. insèrer une seconde fois. REINSPIRE, v. a. inspirer de nouveau. REINSTALL, v. n. installer de nouveau. REINSTATE, v. n. rétablir, remettre. REINSTATING, c. rétablissement, m. REINTEGRATE, v. a. réintégrer, rétablir. REINVEST, v. a. rétablir. REJECT, v. c. rejeter, rebuter, renvoyer. REJECTABLE, adj. rejetable. REJECTION, s. l'action de rejeter REJOICE, v. a. & n. réjouir, se réjouir.
REJOICING, s. réjouissance, f. joie, f.
REJOICING, sdf. réjouissant, joyeux.
REJOICER, s. celui qui réjouit.
REJOIN, v. a. rejoindre; v. n. répliquer.
REJOINDER, s. duplique, f. reponse à une réplique, f REITERATION, s. réiteration, f. répétition, f. REJUBGE, v. a. juger, examiner de nouveau. REITERATE, v. a. réitérer, répéter. REKINDLE, v. a. rallumer. RELAND, n. a. remettre à terre, débarquer. RELAPSE, v. n. retomber, retomber malade. RELAPSE, s. rechûte, f. retour de malade, m. RELATE, v. a. receiter, rapporter, conter; v. n. se rapporter, avoir du rapport.

BELATED, part. adj. rapporté, conté, raconté, dit, qui apparient à, apparenté.

RELATER, s. auteur d'une relation, m. RELATION, s. rapport, m. égard, m. relation, f. liaison, f. convenance, f. affinité, f. parente, f. parent, m. récit, m.
RELATIVE, adj. relatif, parent, m.
RELATIVELY, adn. relativement, par rapport.
RELAX, v. a. relâcher, lâcher, ceder, delasser; v. n. se ralentir, se radoucir. RELAXATION, s. relâchement, m. radoucisse ment, m. relachement, m. récréation, f. divertissement, m. RELAY, s. relais. m. RELEASE, v. a. lächer, relächer, élargir, dé-livrer, dégager, décharger, exempler. BELEASE, s. élargissement, m. décharge, f. RELEGATE, v. a. releguer, exiler. bannir. RELEGATION, s. banissement, m. exil, m. RELENT, v. n. se radoucir, s'autendrir, cé-der, s'abattre, s'affoiblir, diminuer. [m. RELENTING, s. ralentissement, m. repentir, RELENTLESS, adj. impitovable, cruel RELIANCE, s confiance, f. HHH

RELICK, s. reste, m. relique, f. RELICT, s. une veuve. RELIEF, s. soulagement, m. adoucissement, m. aide. f. assistance, f. secours, m. RELIEVABLE, adj. à quoi l'on peut remédier. RELIEVE, v. a. soulager, adoucir, secourir; to relieve a sentry, relever une sentinelle.

Reliever, s. celui qui soulage or adoucit. RELIEVO, s. relief, m. bosse, RELIGION, s. religion, / RELIGIOUS, a. 18 Ignul, J.
RELIGIOUS, adj. religieux, pieux. [ment.
RELIGIOUS, adj. religieux pieux. [meht.
RELIGIOUS, adv. religieusement, fidèle-RELIGIOUSNESS, s. religion, f. piete, f. RELINQUISH, v. a. abandonner, quitter RELINQUISHMENT, s. abandon, m. délaisse-RELISH, s. goût, m. saveur, f. [ment, m. RELISH, v. a. donner du goût, goûter, approuver; r. n. avoir bon gout. RELISHABLE, edj. qui a hon goût. RELISHED, part. adj. qui a du goût, goûtê. RELISHING, s. approbation, RELUCENT, adj. éclatant, brillant. RELUCT, v. n. résister, s'opposer, combattre. RELUCTANCE, RELUCTANCY, guance, f. RELUCTANT, adj. qui agit avec repugnance. RELY, v. n. se fier, se reposer, compier. REMAIN, r. n. rester, être de reste. REMAINDER, s. reste, m.; adj. restant. REMAINS, s. pl. restes, m. pl. reliques, f. pl REMAND, v. a. renvoyer, rappeter. REMARE, s. remarque, f. observation, f. REMARK, v. a. remarquer, noter, observer. REMARKABLE, adj. remarquable REMARKABLENESS, s. singularité, f. REMARKABLY, adv. remarquablement. REMARKER, s. observateur, m. REMARKER, s. observateur, m.
REMEDIABLE, adj. à quoi l'on peut remédier.
REMEDILESS, adj. irremédiable.
REMEDY, s. reméde, m. ressource, f. recours.
m. Pat remedy, sans remède, incurable.
REMEDY, v. a. remédier, guérir, réparer.
REMEMBER, v. a. se souvenir, retenir, se rap peler, faire ressouvenir. REMEMBERER, s. celui qui se souvient REMEMBRANCE, s. souvenir, m. mémoire, REMEMBRANCER, s. moniteur, m. secrétaire, REMIGRATE, r. n. retourner. REMIGRATION, s. retour d'une émigration, m. REMIND, v. a. faire souvenir. REMINISCENCE, s. reminiscence, f. REMISS, adj. lache, nonchalant, paresseux. REMISSIBLE. adj. remissible, pardonnable. REMISSION, s. remission, f. pardon, f. REMISSLY, adv. lachement, nonchalamment. REMISSNESS, s. làcheté, f. nenchalance, f. REMIT, v. a. relacher, diminuer, affoiblir, adoucir, remettre, pardonner, quitter, ceder, relacher, envoyer, faire remettre, confier, laisser, abandonner: v. s. diminuer, s'affoiblir, s'adoucir. REMITMENT, REMITTANCE, s. remise, f. REMITTER, s. celui qui remet de l'argent. REMNANT, s. reste, m. restant, m.; adj. res REMOLTEN, adj. refondu. Stant. REMONSTRANCE, s. remonstrance, f. REMONSTRATE, v.a. faire des remonstrances. REMORA, s. remore, f. obstacle, m. REMORATE, v. a. empêcher, arrêter. REMORSE, s. remords, m. synderèse, f. REMORSEFUL, adj. plein de remords, undre REMORSELESS, adj. sans pitié, dur, cruel. REMOTE. adj. éloigaé, reculé, étrangé.

REPENT, v. n. se repentir.

REMOTELY, acr. loin. REMOTENESS, s. éloiguement, m. distance, f. REMOVABLE, adj. amovible.
REMOVAL, s. deplacement, m. de logement, m. départ, m. REMUYE, v. a. & n. déplacer, ôter, éloigner, renvoyer, démettre, transporter, transférer, déloger, déménager, changer de demeure. REMOVE, .. changement de place, m. éloignement, m. départ, m. REMOVER, s. celui qui ôte, qui déplace. REMOUNT, r. n. remonter. REMUNERABLE, adj. digne de récompense. REMUNERATE, v. a. rémunérer, récompenser. REMUNERATION, s. rémunération, f. REMURMUR, v. n. répéter le murmure, ré-RENARD, s. rerard, m. sonner. RENASCENT, adj. qui renal. [nouveau. REKASCIBLE, adj. qui peut être produit de RENCOUNTER, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. RENCOUNTER, v. m. se choquer, se rencon-REND, v. n. déchirer, mettre en pièces. RENDER, v. a. rendre, donner, traduire. [m. RENDEZVOUS, s. assignation, f. rendez-vous, RENDEZVOUS, v. s. aller au rendez-vous. RENEGADE, RENEGADO, s. un renégat. RENEW, v. n. renouveler, recommencer. RENEWABLE, adj. qui peut être renouvelé. RENEWAL, s. renouvellement. RENITENCY, s. resistance, f. opposition, f. RENITENT, adj. qui fait ressort, qui resiste. RENNET, s. présure, f. reinette, f RENOVATE, v. a. renouveler. RENOVATION, s. renouvellement, m. RENOUNCE, v. a. renoncer à, abaudonner. RENOUNCEMENT, s. renouciation, f. RENOWN, s. renom, m. renommee, f. RENOWN, r. a. rendre fameux. [chirer. RENT, s. déchirure, f. rupture, f.; v. a. dé-RENT, s. rente, f. reveru, m. louage, m. RENT, r.a. louer, prendre or donner à louage. RENTABLE, adj. qui peut être loué. RENTAL, état ou revenu annuel d'un bien, m. RENTER, s. celui qui doit les rentes seigneu-RENUNCIATION, s. rénonciation, f. RE-OBTAIN, v. a. obtenir de nouveau, rega-RE-ORDAIN, v. a. reordonner. RE-ORDINATION, s. réordination, f. REPACIFY, v. a. pacifier, appaiser de nou-REPAIR, v. a. réparer, rétablir, radoubler; v. n. aller, se returer, en aller, se rendre à. REPAIR, s. reparation, f. radoub, m. REPAIRER, s. reparateur, m REPARTER, s. réparaise. [ment, m. REPARATION, s. réparaison, f. dédommage-REPARTEE, s. réparile, f. riposte, f. REPARTER, n. a réplieure. REPARTEE, v. a. répliquer, riposter. REPARTITION, s. répartition, f. subdivision, f. REPASS, v. a. & n. repasser, revenir. REPAST, s. repas, m.; n. n. repaitre. REPAY, r. a. rembourser, rendre, reconnoi-REPAYABLE, adj. remboursable. REPAYABLE, s. double payement, m. REPEAL, v. a. revoquer, annuller, casser. REPEAL, s. revocation, f. abrogation, f. REPEAT, v. a répéter, redire, réitèrer. REPEATEDLY, adv. souvent, de suite. REPEATEDLY, and souvent, us saint.

REPEATER, s. répétiteur, m. montre à répéREPEATING, s. repétition, f. [uiton.
REPEL, v. a. repousser, réfuter, répercuter.
REPELLENT, s. remède répercusser.
REPELLENT, s. remède répercusser. REPELLER, s. celui qui repousse, répercussif.

REPENTANCE, s. repentir, m. repentance, f REPENTANT, adj. repentant, pentient. [veau. REPEOPLE, v. a. repeupler, peupler de nou-REPERCUSSION, s. repercussion, f. reverbération, f. REPERCUSSIVE, adj. repercussif. REPERTORY, s. un recueil, un repertoire. REPETITION, s. répétition, f. redite, f. REPINE, v. n. être faché, se repentir. REPINER, s. murmurateur, m. REPINING, s. chagrin, m. déplaisir, m. REPIQUE, s. repic, m.; r. a. faire repic. REPLACE, r. a. remplacer, replacer. REPLACE, s. remplacement, m. REPLANT, v. a. replanter. [plein. REPLENISH, v. a. remplir. REPLETE, adj. rempli, entièrement plein, tous REPLETION, s. réplétion, f. plénitude, f. REPLEYIABILE, adj. recouvrable. REPLEVIN, REPLEVY, s. mainlevee, f. REPLEVIN, REPLEVY, v. a. obtenir or donner la mainlevée REPLICATION, s. replique, f. REPLY, s. replique, f. repartie, f. REPLY, v. a. & n. repliquer, repondre. REPLYER, s. repondant, m. celui qui replique. REPORT, v. a. rapporter, dire. REPORT, s. bruit, m. rapport, m. récit, m. re-nom, m. coup, m. le bruit d'une arme à feu. REPORTER, s. rapporteur, m. REPOSE, s. repos, m. REPOSE, v. a. & n. reposer, mettre, commettre, confier, se reposer, se fier, se confier. REPOSITE, v. a. mettre. REPOSITION, s. rétablissement, m. REPOSITORY, s. dépense, f. remise, f. REPOSSESS, v. a. recouvrer, rentrer en pos-REPREHEND, v. a. reprendre. REPREHENDER, s. censeur, m. REPREHENDING, s. censure, f. correction, f. REPREHENSIBLE, adj. reprehensible. REPREHENSIBLY, adv. d'une manière repréhensible. REPREHENSION, s. réprimande, f. REPRESENT, v. a. représenter, faire voir. REPRESENTATION, s. représentation, f. REPRESENTATIVE, adj. representatif REPRESENTATIVE, s. un représentant. REPRESENTER, s. représentant, m. REPRESENTMENT, s. représentation, REPRESS, v.a. réprimer, dompter, subjuguer. REPRESSER, s. celui qui réprime. REPRESSING, REPRESSION, s. suppression, f. REPRESSIVE, adj. qui sert à réprimer. [f. REPRIEVE, s. répit, m. délai, m. surseance, REPRIEVE, v. a. donner du répit, surseon REPRIEVING, s. répit, m. [l'execution. REPRIMAND, s. réprimande, f. repréhension REPRIMAND, v. a. réprimander. REPRINT, v. a. re-imprimer. REPRINTING, s. seconde impression. REPRISAL, REPRISALS, s. représailles, f. pl. REPRISE, s. reprise, f. charges, f. frais, m. REPROACH, v. a. reprocher, accuser, taxer REPROACH, s. reproche, m. censure, f. in REPROACHABLE, adj. reprochable. [jure, f. REPROACHFUL, adj. injurieux, outrageant. REPROACHFULLY, adv. injurieusement. REPROBATE, adj. scélérat, réprouvé. REPROBATE, s. un scelerat, un reprouve. REPROBATE, v. a. reprouver, condamuer. REPROBATENESS, s. sceleracesse, f.

REPROBATION, s. réprobation, f. [ouveau. | REPRODUCE, v. a. reproduire, produire de REPRODUCTION, s. reproduction, f. REPROOF, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. REPROVABLE, adj. reprébensible. REPROVE, v. a. reprendre, censurer, repri-[mander. REPROVER, s. un censeur. REPUBLICAN, s. un censeur. [mander. REPUBLICAN, s. un républicain ; adj. républican REPUBLICAN, s. un république, f. [licain. REPUBLICAN, s. qu'on peut or doit réparante de la company REPUDIATE, v. a. repudier, renvoyer. [dier. REPUDIATION, s. repudiation, f. divorce, m. REPUGN, v. m. répugner, être contraire. REPUGNANCE, REPUGNANCY, s. repu-REPUGNANCE, gnance, f. REPUGNANT, adj. opposé, contraire. REPUGNANTLY, adv. d'une manière contradictoire, avec répugnance, à contre cœur. REPULSE, s. refus, m. rebuffade, f. REPULSE, r. a. repousser, refuser, rebuter. REPULSION, s. repulsion, f. BEPULSIVE, adj. qui reponsse, repulsif.
REPURCHABE, va. racheter.
BEPUTABLE, adj. honorable. [seur.
REPUTABLY, adv. honorablement, avec hon-REPUTATION, s. reputation, f. renom, m. REPUTE, n. a. reputer, compter, tenir pour. REPUTE, s. reputation, f. reson, m.
REQUEST, s. requête, f. requisition, f.
BEQUEST, v. a. requêter, solliciter, prier. REQUESTER, s. un suppliant. REQUICKEN, v. a. ranimer, faire revivre. REQUIEM, s. un requiem. REQUIRABLE, adj. que l'on peut requérir. REQUIRE, v. a. demander, requerir, exiger. REQUISITE, adj. requis, necessaire. REQUISITE, s. chose requise or necessaire. REQUISITELY, adv. nécessairement. REQUISITENESS, s. nécessité, f. exigence, REQUITAL, s. retour, m. reconnoissance, REQUITE, v. a. rendre, reconnoître. [voile. RESAIL, v. n. se rembarquer, remettre à la RESALE, s. vente de la seconde main, f. RESALUTE, r. a. resaluer, rendre le salut. RESCIED, v. a. rescinder, abolir, casser. RESCISSION, s. rescision, f. abolition, f. cas-RESCISSORY, adj rescisoire. [sation, f. RESCRIBE, r. a. recrire. RESCRIPT, s. un rescrit. {gagner. RESCUE, r. a. sauver, preserver, secourir, re-RESCUE, s. recousse, f. reprise, f. déli-RESCUER, s. libérateur, m. [vrance, f. RESEARCH, s. recherche, f. discussion, f. RESEARCH, v. a. rechercher, discuter. RESEAT, r. a. faire rasseoir, replacer. RESEMBLE, r. a. ressemblen, etre semblable. RESEMBLING, a. ressemblance, f.; adj. sem-RESENT. v. a. rementir. I'hlable. RESENTFUL, adj. plein de ressentiment. RESENTINGLY, adv. sensiblement. RESENTMENT, s. ressentiment, m. sensibilité, RESERVATION, s. reserve, f. reservation, f. RESERVATORY, s. reservoir, m. RESERVE, s. reserve, f. restriction, f. RESERVE, v. a. réserver, retenir, menager. RASERVED, adj. réservé, discret, modeste. KESERVEDLY, adv. avec réserve. RESERVEDNESS, s. réserve, f. retenue, f. KESERYER s. celui qui reserve. RESERVOIR, s. réservoir, m. RESETTLE, v. a. retablir, rassurer. RESETTLEMENT s. retablissemer , m.

RESIDE, v. m. resider, demeurer, tomber. RESIDENCE, s. résidence, f. demeure, RESIDENT, adj. resident; s. un resident. RESIDENTIARY, adj. qui fait résidence. RESIDUAL, RESIDUARY, adj. qui concerne le RESIDUE, s. le résidu, le restant. frésida. RESIGN, r. a. résigner, céder, abandonner. RESIGNATION, s. résignation, f. cession, f. RESIGNEE, s. resignataire, m.
RESIGNEE, s. resignant, m.
RESIGNEENT, s. demission, f. soumission, f. RESILIENCE, s. rejaillissement, m. RESILIENT, adj. rejaillissant, qui rejaillit. RESILIATION, s. rejailissement, m. RESIN, s. resine, f. RESINOUS, adj. resineux. [tance, f. RESIPISCENCE, s. résipiscence, f. repea-RESIST, v. a. & n. résister, s'opposer. RESISTANCE, RESISTENCE, . resistance, RESISTIBILITY, s. puissance de résister, f. RESISTIBLE, adj. qui peut résister. RESISTLESS, adj. irrésistible. RESOLVABLE, adj. résoluble, dissoluble.
RESOLUBLE, adj. résoluble, dissoluble.
RESOLVE, v. a. résoluble, éclaircir, décider, déterminer, expliquer, dissoudre, fondre, réduire ; r. n. se résoudre, se déterminer se décider, se réduire. RESOLVE, s. résolution, f. dessein, m. déci-RESOLVEDLY, adv. résolument. RESOLVEDNESS, s. résolution, f. fermeté, f. RESOLVENT, s. un dissolvant. RESOLVENT, s. celui qui resout, dissolvant m. RESOLVING, s. solution, f. [constant. RESOLUTE, adj. resolu, determine, ferme, RESOLUTELY. See Resolvedly. RESOLUTIVE, adj. resoluti, qui dissolution, f. determination, f. dessen, m. délibération, f. fermeté, f. constance, f. RESOLUTIVE, adj. résoluti, qui dissout. RESONANCE, s. son, m. resonnement, m. RESONANT, adj. resonant, retentissant. RESORT, r. n. avoir recours, aller, se readre, aborder, affluer, échoir. RESORT, s. recourse, m. ressource, f. refuge, m. concours, m. affluence, f. RESORTED-TO, adj. frequente. Spéter. RESOUND, v. n. & a. resonner, retentir, re-RESOURDING, s. resonnement, m. RESOUNDING, adj. resonnant. flissante. RESOUNDINGLY, adv. d'une manière reten-RESOURCE, s. respect, f. moyen, m.
RESPECT, s. respect, m. egard, m. attention, f. estime, f. honneur, f. deference, f. rapport, m. raison, f. motif, m. In some raport, a quelque egard. In respect of, prep. en comparaison de. RESPECT, n. a. respecter, honorer, révèrer. RESPECTER, s. celui qui fait acception des personnes. RESPECTFUL, adj. respectueux. RESPECTFULLY, adv. respectueusement. RESPECTIVE, adj. respectif, particulier. RESPECTIVELY, adv. respectivement, rela tivement, par rapport, en comparaison a RESPIBATION, s. respiration, f. [prix. RESPIRE, v. n. respirer, se reposer.
RESPIRE, v. n. respirer, se reposer.
RESPITE, s. répit, m. surséance d'exécution, f. délai, m. relâche, f. repos, m.
RESPITE, v. s. donner du répit, soulager.
RESPLENDENCE, RESPIENDENCY, s. splen deur, f. éclai, m RESPLENDENT, edj. brillant, eclatant.

RESPLENDENTLY, adc. avec écist. RESPONSIVE, RESPONSOR, adj. qui répond.
RESPONSIBLE, adj. responsable, solvable.
RESPONSIBLE, adj. responsable, solvable.
RESPONSIVE, BESPONSOR, adj. qui répond.
RESPONSIVE, RESPONSOR, adj. qui répond. REST, s. sommeil, m. répos, m. relâche, m. paix, f. tranquillité, f. reste, m. restant, m. résidu, m. pause, f.; rest for a musket, une fourchette; rest of a lance, arrêt de lance, m. REST, v. n. reposer, dormir, avoir l'esprit tranquille, prendre du repos, cesser de travailler, porter, poser sur, s'appuyer, se re-poser sur, consister en, faire reposer. RESTAURATION, s. residuration, RESTAURATION, F. reticulation, f.
RESTAURA adj. qui repose, trasquille.
REST-HARROW, s. arrête-boeuf, m.
RESTIFFE, adj. rêtif, opiniâtre, entêté.
RESTIFFESS, se qualité d'un cheval rêtif, opiniâtre de particulation. L'extract de la constitue de la consti niâtreté, f. obstination. f. naturel rétif. RESTING, s. repos, m. relâche, m. RESTING-PLACE, s. lieu de repos, m. RESTITUTION,s. restitution, f. retablissement, RESTLESS, adj. qui ne dort point, inquiet. RESTLESSLY, adv. sans reposer, sans dormir. RESTLESSNESS, s. insomnie, f. inquiétude, f. RESTORABLE, adj. qu'on peut rétablir. RESTORATION, s. restauration, f. RESTORATIVE, adj. restauratif. RESTORATIVE, s. un restaurant. frétablir. RESTORE, v. a. rendre, restituer, restaurer, RESTORER, s. restaurateur, m. RESTORING, s. restitution, f. restauration, f. RESTRAIN, v.a. retenir, reprimer, empêcher, détourner, restreindre, limiter. RESTRAINABLE, adj. qui peut être restreint. RESTRAINEDLY, adv. avec contrainte. RESTRAINER, s. celui qui reprime or retient. RESTRAINT, s. contrainte, f. opposition, f. empêchement, m. restriction, f. gêue, f. RESTRICTION, s. restriction, f. limitation, f. RESTRICTIVE, adj. qui restreint, astringent. RESTRICTIVELY, adv. avec restriction. RESTRINGE, v. a. restreindre, resserrer. RESTRINGENT, adj. & s. restringent. RESTY, adj. retif, opiniâtre. RESULT, v. n. resulter, s'ensuivre, rejaillir. RESULT, s. resultat, m. suite, f. effet, m. RESUMABLE, adj. qui se peut reprendre. RESUME, r. a. reprendre, résumer, renouer. RESUMMONS, s. reajournement, m. RESUMPTION, s. reprise, f. reunion, f. RESURRECTION, s. resurrection, f. [veiller. RESUSCITATE, v.a. resusciter, renonveler, re-RESUSCITATION, s. resurrection, f. RETAIL, v. a. morceler, détailler, vendre en RETAIL, s. détail, m. [détail. RETAILER, s. détailleur, m. RETAIN, v. a. & n. retenir, garder, gager, engager, prendre, se ressouvenir. RETAINER, s. adhérent, m. partisan, m RETAKE, r. a. reprendre, rattraper. RETALIATE, v. a. rendre la pareille, se re-[vaneher. RETALIATION, s. révanche, f. RETARD, v. a. & n. retarder, arrêter. RETARDATION, s. retard, m. empêchement, m. RETARDER, s. ce qui retarde, obstacle, m. RETARDING, s. retardement, m. RETCH, v. n. faire effort pout vomir, vomir. RETENTION, s. retention. f. memoire, f. RETENTIVE, adj. qui retient, fidèle. RETENTIVENESS, s. qualité de retenir. RETICENCE, s. reticence, f. RETICLE, s. un petit filet.

RETICULAR, adj. réticulaire. [réseau_ RETICULATED, adj. fait en forme de rets or de RETINUE, s. cortège, m. train, m. suite, f. RETIRE, r. n. & a. se retirer, s'en aller. RETIRE, s. retraite, f. [traite. RETIREDLY, adv. solitairement, dans la re-RETIREDNESS, s. retraite, f. vie solitaire, f. RETIREMENT, s. retraite, f. solitude, f. RETIRINGLY, adr. en reculant, en se retirant RETORT, v. a. rétorquer, récriminer. RETORT, s. retorte, f. replique, f. RETORTER, s. celui qui retorque. RETORTION, s. retorsion, f. RETOSS, r. a. rejeter, repousser. RETOUCH, r. a. retoucher. REVERENTIALLY, REVERENTLY, adv. respectueusement. REVERSAL, s. cassation, f. REVERSE, r. a. & n. detruire, renverser, abolir, annuler, casser, revoquer. REVERSE, s. revers, m. le contraire, l'opposc, m. changement, m. vicissitude, f. in-REVERSIBLE, adj. revocable. verse, ... REVERSION, s. reversion, f. survivance, f. REVERSIONARY, ani. dont on a la survivance. REVERT, r. a. & n. changer, tourner en ar-REVERT, s. retour, m. [rière, réfléchir. REVERTIBLE, adj. réversible. REVERY, s. réverie, f. songe, m. REVEST, v. a. revêtir, restaurer, rétablir. REVICTION, s. retour à la vie, m. resuscita-REVICTUAL, v. a. ravitailler. [tien,] REVICTUALLING, s. ravitaillement, m. REVIEW, s. revue, f. recherche, f. vue, f. REVIEW, v. a. revoir, faire la revue. REVILE, s. reproche, m. injure, f. REVILE, v. a. injurier, outrager de paroles. REVILER, s. celui qui injure. REVILING, s. injures, f. pl. outrago, m.
REVILINGLY, adv. injurieusement, avec reREVISAL, s. revue, f. revision, f. [proche.
REVISE, s. revue, f. seconde épreuve. REVISE, r. a. revoir, examiner de nouveau. REVISER, s. celui qui revoit, reviseur, m. REVISION, s. revision, f. revue, f. REVISIT, v. a. revisiter de nouveau. Revival, s. rétablissement, renouvellement. REVIVE, r. a. faire revivre, resusciter, renouveler; v. n. revivre. REVIVER, s. ce qui ranime, restaurateur, m. REVIVIFICATE, v. a. revivifier. REVIVIFICATION, s. revivification, f. REVIVISCENCY, s. renaissance, f. REUNION, s. réunion, f. REUNITE, v. a. rejoindre, réunir; v. n. se ré-REUNITING, s. réunion, f. REVOCABLE, adj. revocable. REVOCATE, v. a. revoquer, rappeler. REVOCATION, s. rappel, m. revocation, f. REVOLTION, S. rapper, m. REVOLT, s. révolte, f. soulèvement, m. REVOLT, s. révolte, f. soulèvement, m. REVOLT, r. n. se révolter, se rebeller. REVOLTER, s. rebelle, m. & f. rénégat, m. REVOLVE, r. a. & n. rouler, tourner. REVOLUTION, s. révolution, f. tour, m. REVULSION, s. révolution d'humeurs, f REWARD, s. récompense, f.; v. a. récompenser. REWARDABLE, adj. digne de récompense. REWARDER, s. rémunérateur, REWORD, v. a. repeter. [compilateur. RHAPSODIST s. un feseur de rapsodies, un

RHAPSODY, s. rapsodie, f. compilation, f. RHENISH, s. du vin du Rhin, m. RHETOR, s. un rhéteur. RHETORICAL, adj. de rhétorique. RHETORICE, s. la rhétorique. RHETORICALLY, adv. en orateur, avec éloquence. RHETORICATE, v. n. faire l'orateur. RHETORICIAN, s. un rhétoricien, un rhéteur. RHEUM, s. un rhume, enchifrenement, m. RHEUMATICK, adj. de rhume, enrhume. RHEUMATISM, s. rhumatisme, m. RHEUMY, adj. rempli d'une humeur aqueuse. RHINOCEROS, s. un rhinoceros. RHOMB, s. rhombe, m. losange, m. RHOMBICE, adj. fait en forme de rhombe. RHOMBOID, s. rhomboide, m. RHOMBOIDAL, adj. qui approche de la figure. RHUBARB, s. rhubarbe, f. RHYME, s. rime, f. vers, m. poësie, f.; v. n. RHYMER, RHYMSTER, s. rimeur, m. poëte, m. RHYTHMICAL, adj. harmonique. RIB, s. côte du corps, f. RIBALD, s. un débauché, un ribaud. RIBALDRY, s. paroles déshonnêtes, f. obscénites, f saletes, f. RIBAND, s. un ruban. RIBBED, part. adj. garni de côtes, à côtes. RIBBLE-RABBLE, s. rebut, m. drogue, f. fre-RIBBLE-ROW, s. enfilade. RIBBON, s. ruban, m. Îtin, m. RICE, s. riz, m. [bondant. RICH, adj. & s. riche. opulent, fertile, a-RICHES, s. richesse, f. opulence, f. RICHLY, adv. richement, abondamment. RICHNESS, s. richesse, f. opulence, f. RICK, s. un tas, un monceau RICKETS, s. nœud, m. rachitis, m. RICKETY, adj. noué. RID, v. a. délivrer, débarrasser, dégager. RID, part. adj. délivré, débarrassé. RIDDANCE, s. delivrance, f. defaite, f. RIDDEN, part. adj. outre, surmené. RIDDLE, s. une énigme, un crible. RIDDLE, r. a. expliquer, cribler. RIDE, s. promenade à cheval or en carosse, RIDE, v. n aller à cheval or en voiture, monter à cheval, être porté sur or soutenu, ar-rêté par, être à l'ancre or sur le mer; v. a. outer, surmener, gouverner, maîtriser. RIDER, s. un cavalier, un écuyer, feuille ajoutée, postscriptum, m.
RIDGE, s. l'épine du dos, f. sommet, m. ridge tile, une faitière. A ridge band, la dossière d'un harnois. RIDGE, v. a. hausser, élever. RIDGED, part. adj. haussé, élevé, cannelé. RIDGY, adj. élevé, fait en dos d'anc. RIDICULE, s. ridicule, m.; r. a. ridiculiser. RIDICULOUS, adj. ridicule, impertinent. RIDICULOUSLY, adv. ridiculement. RIDICULOUSNESS, s. le ridicule. RIDING, s. district, m. canton, m. pays, m. RIDING, s. l'action d'aller à cheval, &c. RIDING-CAP, s. un tapabor, un bonnet de KIDING-COAT, s. une redingote. RIDING-HABIT, s. habit de cheval, m. Riding-Hood, s. une cape de femme. RIDING-ROD, s. houssine, f. RIF, s. seigle, m.
RIFE, adj. qui rème, qui domine, abondant.
RIFE, adj. qui rème, qui domine, abondant.
RIFERES, s. abondance, f. quantité, f.
RIFF-RAFF, s. rebut, m. chose de n'ant, f. RIFF-RAFF, s. rebut, m. chose de néant, f. RIFELY, acto. murement, à propos.

RIFLE, v. c. enlever, piller rayer, carabiner. RIFEXESS, s. maturité, f. perfection, f.

RIFLER, s. un voleur, un pillard. RIFT, s. fente, f. cresse, RIFT, v. a. & n. fendre, crevasser, crever se fendre. Rig, s. sommet, m. cheval à demi-chatre, m. plaisanterie, f. une garçonnière. R.G., v. a. équiper, accourrer, funct, agréer. RIGADOON, s. un rigodon. RIGGED, part. adj. equipé, agrée, funé. RIGGER, s. l'agréeur d'un vaisseau, m. RIGGING, s. les agrès, pl. m. les manœuvres, pl. f. funin or cordage d'un vaisseau, m. RIGGLE, v. n. s'agiter, se remuer. RIGHT, adj. droit, direct, honnête, juste, equitable, vrai, parfait, convenable, bon. naturel. RIGHT, interj. bon! fort bien! à merveille!
RIGHT, adv. bien, très, fort, parfaitement,
droit, directement, à raison. RIGHT, s. droit, m. justice, f. equite, f. raison, f. privilège, m. pouvoir, m. RIGHT, v. a. faire droit, faire justice. RIGHTEOUS, adj. droit, juste, honnête RIGHTEOUSLY, adv. justement, avec justice.
RIGHTEOUSNESS, s. droiture, f. justice, f. &
RIGHTEUL, adj. legitime. [quité, f.
RIGHTFULLY, adv. legitimement, de droit. RIGHTFULNESS, s. rectitude, f. equité, f. RIGHTLY, adv. bien, comme il convient. RIGHTNESS, s. rectitude, f. droiture, f. RIGID, adj. inflexible, rigide, severe. RIGIDITY, s. roideur, f. inflexibilité, f. RIGIDLY, adv. rigidement, severement. RIGIDNESS, s. rigidité, f. rigueur, f. sévérité, RIGOL, s. cercle, m. diadème, m. régole, f. Rigour, s. rigueur, f. sévérité, RIGOROUS, adj. rigoureux, rigide, dur. Rigorous Ly, adr. rigoureusement. RILL, RILLET, s. un petit ruisseau. RILL, v. n. ruisseler, coulcr. RIM, s. bord, m. extrémité, f. enveloppe, f. RIME, s. verglas, m. frimas, m. bruine, f. brouillard, m. un trou, une fente. RIME, v. a. geler légèrement. RIMPLE, v. a. chiffonner, froisser, plier. RIMY, adj. humide, plein de brouillards. RIND, s. ecorce, f.; v. n. oter l'ecorce. RINDED, adj. qui a de l'ecorce. RING, s. bague, f. anneau, m. cercle, m. sonnerie, f. son, m. bruit, m.; ring of an an-chor. l'arganeau d'une ancre, m.; ring of a coin, cordon or filet de monnoie, m.; rin, of a handle, virole de manche, f.; ring of a manege, la bélière. Ring, v. a. & n. sonner, resonner, retentir, mettre un anneau, boucler. RING-DOVE, s. un pigeon ramier. RINGER, s. un sonneur de cloches RING-LEADER, s. le chef d'une faction. RINGLET, s. un petit anneau, un cercle. RING-WORM, s. un dartre. RINSE, r. a. laver, rincer. RIOT, s. débauche, f. excès, m. émute, f. RIOT, v. n. faire des excès de débauche, être séditicux, cabaler. RIOTER, s. un débauché, un séditieux. RIOTOUS, adj. débauché, séditieux. Riotously, adv. en débauché, en séditieux. Rip, v. a. déchirer, fendre, attacher, rouvris-découyrir, dévoiler. RIPE, adj. mur. RIPE, RIPEN, v. a. & n. mûrir, devecir mûr. RIPELY, adv. mûrement, à propos.

RIPPER, J. celui qui déchire, qui découvre. RIPPLE, v. a. & n. couler doucement. RISE, v. a. & n. se lever, se tenir debout, sortir du lit, se relever, lever, s'élever, sortir, jaillir, avoir sa source, venir, provenir, proceder, s'enfler, grossir, monter, croître, augmenter, hausser, parvenir, se soulever. RISE, s. lever, m. cause, f. principe, m. naissance, f. origine, f. augmentation, f. avancement, m. élévation, f. accroissement, m. RISIBLETY, s. disposition à rire, f. RISIBLE, adj. risible, ridicule. RISING, s. l'action de se lever, &c. f. un soulèvement, une révolte or rebellion; ris-ing of a hill, le penchant d'une colline; rising of the skin, une tumeur, une cuffure. RISING, adj. levaut, naissant; rising ground, hauteur, f. eminence, f.; rising man, un bomme qui s'élève, qui s'avance RISK, s. risque, m. hasard, m. péril, m. RISK, v. a. risquer, hasarder, aventurer. RITE, s. rit or rite, m. cérémonie religieuse.
Funeral rites, funérailles, obsèques. RITUAL, adj. rituel, solemnel; s. rituel. RITUALIST, s. ritualiste, m. rubricaire, m. RIVAL, s. & adj. un rival, rival. RIVAL, v. a. être rival de quelqu'un. RIVALITY, RIVALRY, s. rivalité, f. RIVALSHIP, s. rivalité, f. concurrence, f. RIVE, v. a. fendre, entr'ouvrir. RIVEL, v. a. froncer, fletrir RIVER, s. une rivière, une fleuve. RIVET, s. un clou rivé, un rivet. RIVET, v. a. river, imprimer, graver dans RIVULET, s. un petit ruisseau. [l'et RIX-DOLLAR, s. risdale, f. ROACH, s. (a fish) rouget, m. gardon, m. fl'esprit. ROAD, s. route, f. grand chemin, m.
ROAM, v. a. & n. roder, courir or aller ça et ROAMER, s. un rodeur. ROAN, adj. rouan. [la. [der. ROAR, v.n. rugir, mugir, meugler, crier, gron-ROAR, s. rugissement, m. bruit, m. ROARY, adj. convert de rosée. ROAST, v. a. rôur, cuire devant le feu. ROAST, adj. rôu. Roast meat, de la viaude ROB, v. a. & n. voler, dérober. [rôtie. ROBBER, s. un voleur, un brigand. ROBBERT, s. vol, m. friponnerie, f.
ROBBING, s. vol, m. action de voler, f.
ROBE, s. robe, f.; v. a. mettre son habit de
ceremonie. ROBIN-RED-BREAST, s. rouge-gorge, m. & f. ROBINS OF RC BBINS, s. pl. cordelettes, f. pl. ROBOREOUS, adj. fait de chêne. ROBUST, adj. robuste vigoureux. ROBUSTNESS, s. force, f. vigueur, f. ROCAMBOLE, s. rocambole, f. ROCHET, s. un rochet, un surplis. ROCK, s. un roc, un rocher, une roche. ROCK, v. a. agiter, secouler, remuer, calmer, bercer; v. n. se remuer, chanceler, branler. ROCKER, s. une berceuse ROCKET, s. roquet, f. fusée volante. ROCKY, adj. plein de rochers. Ron, s. verge, f. baguette, f. perche, f. angling rod, une ligne de pecheur. tain rod, une tringle. An Cur-[nade, f. ROPENTADE, s. rodomontade, f. fanfaron-Rodomontade, s. rodomontade, f. fanfaron-Rodomontade, s. rodomontade, f. fanfaron-Ropentade, s. chevrette, f. ceufs de poisson, m. pl. A Roe-buck, un chevreuil. Hard roe, Ropentade, gluant, visqueux, qui file

œuf de poissons, m. Soft roe, laite de poissons, f. ROGATION, s. rogation, f. prière, f. ROGUE, s. un coquin, un fripon, un voleur. Rogue, v. n. friponner, faire le vagabond. ROGUERY, s. la vie d'un vagabond, friponnerie, f. tour de coquin, m. ROGUISH, adj. vagabond, mechant, fripon. ROGUISHLY, adv. en fripon, en folatrant. ROGUISHNESS, s. friponnerie, f. malice, badinage, m. tour malin, plaisanterie, f. ROISTER, v. n. faire le rodomont. ROISTER, ROISTERER, s. un rodomont, un Roisting, s. faniaronnade, f. [fanfaron. ROLL, v. a. & n. rouler, tourner, aplanir aveć un rouleau. Roll, s. un rouleau, un bourlet, roulette (de relieur), f. un trumeau, une racloire, role, m. liste, f. archives, f. pl. registre. ROLLER, s. un rouleau, un bourlet, maillot (d'enfant), m. ensouple de tisserand, f. ROLLING. 8. roulement, m.; adj. roulent.
ROLLING-PIN, s. rouleau de pâtissier, m.
ROLLING-PRESS, s. presse d'imprimeur d'estampe or de toiles, f. tampe or de tones, j.

Romage, s. ramage, m. bruit, m.

Roman, adj. &c. s. Romain, de Rome, Romaine, m. The Roman letter, le Romain, la lettre ronde. Roman-like, à la Romaine. ROMANCE, s. un roman, un conte. ROMANCE, v. n. faire un roman, habler. ROMANCER, s. un feseur de romans. ROMANCIST, s. un romancier. ROMANIST, s. un Catholique Romain. ROMANIZE, v. a. Latiniser, travestir en Ro-ROMANTICK, adj. romanesque. ROMESCOT, le dénier de St. Pierre. ROMISH, adj. Romain, Papiste, Catholique. Rowp, s. badinage grossier, fille malélevée. ROMP, v. n. badiner grossièrement. RONDEAU, s. rondeau, m. RONION, s. une semme grosse et massive. ROOD, s. un quart d'acre, perche, f. Roor, s. toit, m. comble, m. voûte, riale (d'un carrosse), f. le palais, (de la bouche.) Roor, v. a. couvrir d'un toit or d'une voûte. Roofy, adj. qui a un toit. ROOK, s. grolle, f. freux, m. un filou, un fin matois, tour, m. (au jeu des échecs.) ROOK, v. a. dérober, filouter. ROOKERY, s. repaire de grolles, m.
ROOKY, adj. plein de grolles.
ROOM, s. espace, m. lieu, m. place, f. chambre, f. salle, f. occasion, f. Roomage, Roominess, s. espace, f. lieu, m. ROOMY, s. spacieux, vaste, ample, grand. Roust, s. juchoir, m.; v. n. percher Roor, s. racine, f. source, f. principe, m. pied, m. bas, m. ROOT, v. a. enraciner; to root up and out, deraciner, extirper. ROOT, v. n. s'enraciner, prendre racine. ROOTEDLY, adv. fortement, beaucoup. ROOTING (out or up,) s. extirpation, f. ROOTY, adj. plein de racines. ROPE, s. une corde, un rang; v. n. filer. ROPE-DANCER, s. danseur de corde, m. ROPEMAKER, ROPER, s. un cordier. ROPERY, ROPETRICE, f. friponnerie, f.

ROQUELAURE, s. surtout, m. redingote, f. RORID, RORIFEROUS, adj. plein de rosce. ROSARY, s. rosaire, s ROSA-SOLIS, s. rossolis, m. ROSCID, adj. plein de rosée, humide. Rose, s. rose, f. Rose-bush, un rosier, m.
Rosente, adj. rosat, de rose, plein de roses.
Rosed, adj. couleur de rose, rouge, vermeil. ROSEMARY, s. romarin, m. ROSET, s. rosette, f. ROSEWATER, s. eau de rose, f. Rosier, s. rosier, m. Rosin. s. resine, f. poix resine, f.; r. a. frotter de résine. Rosiny, adj. resineux. ROSTRUM, s. bec (d'oiseau,) m. proue (de vaisseau,) f. la tribune aux harangues. Rosy, adj. vermeil, de rose Rot, v. a. & n. pourrir, faire pourrir. Rot, s. tac, m. claveau, m. mortalité, f. pourriture, f. putréfaction, f. une file. ROTA, s. la rote, (tribunal à Rome.) ROTARY, adj. qui tourne comme une roue. ROTATED, adj. tourné comme une roue. ROTATION, c. rotation, f. tournoiement,
By rotation, alternativement. ROTE, s. routine, f.; v. a. apprendre par rou-ROTTER, part. adj. pourri, vermoulu, vicie. ROTTENNESS, s. pourriture, f. corruption, f. ROTUND, adj. rond, spherique, circulaire. ROTUNDITY, s. rotundite, f. rondeur, f. ROVE, v. s. roder, courir, rêver, battre la campagne. ROVER; s. rodeur, m. corsaire, m. At rorers, au hasard, inconsidérément. ROUGH, s. du rouge. ROUGH, adj. rude, raboteux, brut, inégal, âpre, dur, severe, chagrin, bourru, grossier, insolent, choquant, offensant; v. a. ebaucher, crépir. ROUGH-DRAUGHT, s. ebauche, f. v. a. ebau-ROUGHEN, r. a. & n. rendre or devenir dur ROUGHLEW, v. a. ébaucher. [or raboteux. ROUGHLY, adv. durement, rudement. ROUGHNESS, s. inégalité, f. rudesse, f. âpre-té, f. dureté, f. grossièreté, f. ROUGH-WORK, v.a. travailler grossièrement. ROUNCE, s. manivelle de presse d'imprimeur, Bound, adj. rond, circulaire. ROUND, s. un rond, un cercle, une sphère, revolution, f. cours, m. course, f. tour, m. ronde, f. échélon, m. Round, adj. en rond, de tous côtés, tout à ROUND, prep. autour de. [l'entour, ROUND, v. a. entourer, environner, arrondir, faire le tour de ; v. w. s'arrondir. ROUNDABOUT, adj. étendu, libre ROUNDEL, ROUNDELAY, s. rondelet, m. ROUNDER, s. circonférence, f. enceinte, f. ROUNDHEAD, s. pl. un Puritain. ROUND-HOUSE, s. la prison du guet. ROUNDISH, adj. presque roud.
ROUNDING, s. arrondissement, m. l'action d'arrondir, f. ROUNDLY, adv. d'une forme ronde, rondement, ouvertement, sans façon ROUNDERS, s. rondeur, f. rotondité, f.
ROUSE, v. a. & n. éveiller, s'éveiller, réveiller, se réveiller, exciter, s'exciter. Rouser, s. celui qui éveille or réveille. Rousing, adj. frappant, enorme. ROUS'ELET, s. rousselet, m. ROUT, s. cobue, f. foule bruyant, un attronpement, dérante (d'une armée) f. bruit, m.

désordre, m. vacarme, m. tuaulte, m. route, f. chemin, m. Rout, v. a. mettre en déroute, dérouter ; v. m. s'assembler, s'attrouper, faire cohue. ROUTE, s. route, f. chemin, m. Row, s. rang, m. file, f. range, f. Row, v. n. ramer, aller or tirer à la rame. ROWEL, s. molette d'éperon, f. seton, m. ROWEL, v. a. faire un cautère. Rower, s. rameur, m. ROWER, s. rameur, m. [drap, m. Rowing, s. l'action de ramer, roulement de ROYAL, adj. royal, du roi, noble, illustre. ROYALIST, s. royaliste, m. ROYALIZE, v. a. rendre royal. ROYALLY, adv. royalement, en roi, noblement. ROYALTY, s. royaute, f. diguité royale. ROYALTY, s. toyaute, f. diguité royale. ROYALSH, adj. sol, chétif, pitoyable, grossier. RUB, v. a. & n. frotter, frayer, gratter; to rub a horse, bouchonner un cheval; to rub off, ôter, enlever en frottant, décroter, se tirer d'affaires, avancer; to rub up, aiguillosner, réveiller, polir, retoucher. RUB, s. frottement, m. obstacle, m. RUBBER, s. un frotteur, un frottoir, coups de poings, m. partie double. RUBBISH, s. ruines, f. pl. décombres, m. pl. débris, m. ordures, f. pl. rebut, m. RUBICUND, adj. rubicond, rouge, vermeil. RUBIEED, adj. rouge, couleur de rubis, f. RUBIFICK, adj. qui rend rouge, qui rougit. RUBIFY, RUBRICATE, v. a. rendre rouge, rougir. RUERICK, s. rubrique, f.; adj. rouge. RUBRICK, v. a. marquer en lettres rouges. RUBY, s. rubis, m. une rougeur, un bouton; RUCTATION, s. rot, m. [adj. 1] RUDDER, s. le gouvernail d'un navire. [adj. rouge. RUDDIKESS, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m. RUDDLE, s. rubrique, f. sorte de terre rouge. RUDDY, adj. un peu rouge, rubicond. RUDE, adj. dur, grossier, impoli, brutal, in-solent, severe, impitoyable, ignorant, violent, impétueux, informe. RUDELY, adv. grossièrement, brutalement. RUDENESS, s. incivilité, f. grossièreté, f. bru-talité, f. ignorance, f. violence, f. RUDIMENT, s. rudiment, m. principe, m. RUDIMENTAL, adj. élémentaire. RUE, v. a. se repentir; s. rue, f. (herbe.) RUEFUL, adj. déplorable, triste, chagrin. RUEFUL, ady. aeptorante, triste, chagrin. RUEFULLY, adv. tristement, avec chagrin. RUEFULKESS, s. tristesse, f. chagrin, m. RUFF, s. tour de gorge, m. le point aux cartes. RUFFIAN, s. & adj. scèlerat, un bandit. RUFFIA, s. manchettes, f. pl. trouble, m. RUFFLE, v. a. troubler, déranger, friser, chif fonner, froisser. Rug, s. de la bure, une converture de laine RUGGED, ad . rude, raboteux, inégal, apre. dur, bourru, brutal, brusque. RUGGEDLY, adv. rudement, durement. RUGGEDNESS. s. rudesse, f. åpreté, f RUGGSE, adj. ridé, plein de rides. RUIN, s. ruine, f. decombres, f. pl. RUIN, v. a. & n. détruire, ruiner. RUINOUS, adj. ruinė, ruineux, fatal. RUINOUSLY, adv. d'une manière ruineuse. RULE, 2. régle, f. modèle, m. exemple, m. précepte, m. loi, f. ordre, m. statut, m. règlement, m. coutume, f. usage, m. pou voir, m. autorité, f. administration. f. RULE, r. a. & n. régler, diriger, conduire, conformer, regir, gouverner, dompter, and juguer, réprimer

RULER, s. gouvernour, m. conducteur, m. Rum, s. rum, m. eau de vie de sucre, f. un curé de cumpagne. RUMB, s. rumb de vent, m. pointe de compas, f. RUMBLE, v. m. faire un bruit sourd. RUMBLER, s. celui or ce qui murmure. RUMBLING, s. bruit sourd, murmure, m. RUMINANT, adj. ruminant. RUMINATE, v. a. ruminer, remâcher à vide. RUMINATION, s. l'action de ruminer. RUMMAGE, v. a. & n. chercher, fouiller. RUMMER, s. un grand verre, une rasade. RUMOUR, s. bruñ qui court, m. nouvelle, f. RUMOUR, c. a. faire courir le bruit. RUMOURER, s. celui qui fait courir un bruit. RUMP, s. le croupion, la croupe. RUMPLE, s. pli, m.; v. a. chiffonner. Run, v. n. & a. courir, aller vite, couler, rouler, suinter, degoutter, suppurer, être, devenir, se trouver, passer, percer, com-prendre, s'exposer à, pousser, licurter, entrainer; to run against, heurter, choquer; to run aground, echouer; to run away, s'enfuir, se passer, s'écouler; to run away with, emporter, enlever; to run back, retourner sur ses pas ; to run down, dégoutter, pous-ser, forcer, confondre, dégrader ; to run in or into, entrer, se jeter, se précipiter; to run in with, être d'accord, s'accorder, convenir; to run on, continuer, poursuivre; to rum over, se déborder, parçourir, repasser, revoir, retoucher; to rum over to, passer, s'en aller; to rum out, finir, expirer, tirer m être à la fin, se dissiper, s'éteindre, aller, se porter, terminer; to run up, monter, remonter, s'élever, élever; to run through, enfiler, passer au travers. Run, s. course, f. cours, m. élan, m. cadence, f.; run of a ship, le sillage d'un vaisseau.

At the long run, à la longue.

RUNAGATE, s. un déserteur, un renégat. RUNAWAY, s. & adj. deserteur, fuyard. RUNDLE, s. échelon, m. rond, m. RUNDLET, s. un petit barril, caque, f. RUNNER, s. coureur, m. coureuse, f. courier, m. messager, m. surmeule de moulin. RUNNET, s. présure, f.; runnet bag, une mulette. RUNNING, s. course, f. ; running of the reins, la gonorrhée; running at the nose, la roupie; running out, coulure, f.
RUNNING, adj. courant, coulant; running place, lieu propre à courir ; running water, eau courante or vive; running knot, un nœud coulant; running sore, plaie qui sup-pure; running banquet, collation qu'on fait sans s'asseoir; running title of a bock, le titre qu'on met à chaque page d'un livre. RUNT, s. petit boeuf, petit animal. RUPEE, s. (coin) roupie, f. 2s. 3d. RUPTION, s. rupture, f. brêche, f. RUPTURE, s. ruptoire, m. cautere potentiel. RUPTURE, s. rupture, f. brêche, f. brouillerie, f. descente de boyau, f. hernie, f. RUPTURE, v. n. fracturer, rompre, crever. RUPTUREWORT, s. (a plant) herniaire, f. RURAL, adf. rural, champetre, rustique, de

la campagne.

Ruse, s. ruse, f. artifice, m. stratagème, m.

Rush, s. jonc, m. fetu, m. course precipitée.

Rush, v. n. se jeter, se precipiter, se lancer;

to rush out, sortii brusquement; to rush in, SAD, adj. triste, melancholique sombre.

entrer de force ; to ruch forward, s'claneer ; to rush in upon, surprendre. RUSH-LIGHT, s. chandelle de veille, f. fanal. RUSHY, adj. plein de joncs. RUSK, s. espèce de biscuit, pain chapellé. RUSSET, adj. roussâtre, grossier. RUSSET, RUSSETTING, s. rousseite, f. Rust, s. rouille, f. Rust, v. n. se rouiller; v. a. rouiller. RUSTICAL, adj. rustique, rustre, grossier. RUSTICALLY, adv. rustiquement RUSTICALNESS, s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f RUSTICATE, r. z. vivre à la campagne ; r. a. réléguer à la campagne. RUSTICITY, s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. rudesse, f. Rustick, adj. & s. rustique, paysan. RUSTINESS, s. rouille, f. rancissure. f. RUSTLE, r. a. faire du bruit, bruire. RUSTLING, s. cliquetis, m. bruit, m. RUSTY, adj. rouille, rance, crasscux. RUT, s. rut, m. ornière, f.; v. n. être en rut. RUTH, s. pitié, f. compassion, f. tendresse, f. RUTHFUL, adv. tendre, pitoyable. RUTHFULLY, adv. pitoyablement, misérablement. RUTHFULNESS, s. compassion, f. RUTHLESS, a. sans pitie, cruel RUTHLESSNESS, s. inhumanité, f. cruauté, f. RUTTING-SEASON, s. rut, m. le temps du rut. RUTTISH, adj. lascif. RYE, s. seigle, m. RYK-BRKAD, s. pain de seigle, m. SABBATH, s. sabbat, m. SABBATH-BREAKER, s. violateur du sabbat, SABBATICAL, adj. sabbatique. [pos, m. SABBATISM, s. observation du sabbat, f. re-SABINA, s. (a plant) sabine, f. SABLE, s. martre zibeline, f.; adj. sable, noir SABRE, s. sabre, m. SABULOUS, adj. sablonneux. SACCADE, s. saccade, f. [sucre SACCHARINE, adj. qui tient de la nature du SACERDOTAL, adj. sacerdotal. SACHEL, s. un sachet, un petit sac. SACK, s. sac, m. robe, f. vin des Canaries.

A sack full, un sac plein, une sachée. SACK, v. a. mettre en sac, saccager. SACKCLOTH, s. sac, m. haire, SACKER, s. celui qui met une ville à sac. SACKING, s. sac, m. saccagement, m. SACKING-CLOTH, s. toile à faire des sacs, f. SACRAMENT, s. sacrement, m. la communion. SACRAMENTAL, adj. sacramental or sacramentel SACRAMENTALLY, adv. sacramentalement. SACRED, adj. saint, sacre, consacre. SACREDLY, adv. religiousement, inviolable-SACREDNESS, c. saintete, f. SACRIFICATOR, s. sacrificateur, m. SACRIFICE, s. sacrifice, m.; v. a. sacrifier. SACRIFICER, s. sacrificateur, m. SACRIFICIAL, adj. de sacrifice. SACRILEGE, s. sacrilège, m. [sacrilège. SACRILEGIOUS, adj. sacrilège, coupable d'un SACRILEGIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière sacrilège. SACRING, s. sacre, m.; adj. qui consacre. SACRIST, SACRISTAN, s. sacristain. m. SACRISTY, s. sacristie,

gubre, facheux, funeste, sensible, cruel, mé-chant, mauvais, pitoyable, misérable, vilain, sérieux, grave, brun.

| Salivate, n. a. & n. faire saliver, s Salivation, s. salivation, f.flux de bo BADDER, v. a. & n. attrister, paroftre triste.

BADDER, s. selle, f.; v. a. seller, bâter. Saddle-bow, arçon de selle, m. The saddle tree, bois de selle, m. A pack-saddle, un bât. SADDLE-BACKED, adj. qui a le dos fort large. SADDLE-CLOTH, &. housse, f. SADDLE-MAKER, SADDLER, s. sellier, m. SADLY, adv. tristement, misérablement, cruellement, mal. SADNESS, s. tristesse, f. melancholie, f. sc-SAFE, adj. sauf, sur, surete. [rieux, m. SAFE, s. garde-manger, m. paneterie, f. SAFE-conduct, s. un sauf-conduit. SAFEGUARD, s. sauve-guard, f. protection, f. SAFEGUARD, v. a. garder, proteger. SAFELY, adv. sûrement, en sûreté, sans dan-SAFENESS, s. surete, f. SAFETY, s. sûreté, f. assurance, f. SAFFRON, s. safran, m.; saffron flower, crocus, m.; saffron colour, couleur de safran. SAG, v. a. & n. charger, accabler, être charge. SAGACIOUS, adj. vil, subtil, pénétrant. SAGACIOUSLY, adv. avec pénétration. SAGACIOUSNESS, s. clair voyance, f. SAGACITY, s. sagacité, f. pénétration, f. SAGE, s. sauge, f. (plante.) [loso [losophe. SAGE, adj. sage, prudent; s. un sage, un phi-SAGELY, adv. sagement, prudemment. SAGENESS, s. sagesse, f. SAGITTAL, s. & adj. sagittale, f. de flèche. SAGITTARY, s. le sagittaire. SAGO, s. sagou, m. (sorte de légume.) SAIR, s. salque, f.
SAIL, s. voile, f. voilure, f. voiles, f. vaisseaux, m. navire, m. bâtiment, m. les toiles d'un moulin à vent, f. pl. Sail, r. n. mettre à la voile, faire voile, naviguer; to sail along the coast, ranger la côte, côtoyer le rivage; to sail back, relâcher; to sail northward, porter au nord. SAILOR, s. marinier, m. matelot, m. marin, m. navigateur, m. SAILING, s. navigation, f.
SAIL-TARD, s. vergue, f. antenne, f.
SAINFOIN, s. sainfoin, m. (herbe.) SAINT, s. saint, sainte ; v. a. canoniser. SAINTLIKE, SAINTLY, adj. saint, de saint, en saint. SAINTSHIP, s. saintete, f. [égard, m. SAKE, s. fin, f. but, m. vue, f. amour, m.

SAKER, s. sacre, m. (oiseau de proie.) SARER OF SARER-GUN, s. sorte de canon de muraille. SALACIOUS, adj. chaud, lubrique. SALACIOUSLY, adv. lubriquement. SALACITY, s. lubricité, f. lasciveté, f. chaleur, f. amour, m. SALAD, s. salade, f. SALAMANDER, s. salamandre, m. SALARY, s. salaire, m. gages, m. pl. SALE, s. vente, f SALEABLE, adj. de débit, qui se vend bien, bien conditionné. SALEBROUS, adj. rude, inégal. [vendre. SALESMAN, s. fripier, regrattier, m. SALEWORK, s. ouvrage qu'on fait pour ven-SALIC, adj. salique. [dre, m. SA IENT, adj. qui saute, bondissant. SA LINE, SALINOUS, adj. salin, de sel. BALIVA, s. salive, f.

SALIVATE, v. a. & n. faire saliver, saliver SALIVATION, s. salivation, f.flux de bouche, SALLVATION, salvatini, find de bouche, ads. SALLOW, adj. pâle, livide, malade, jaune SALLOW, adj. pâle, livide, malade, jaune SALLOW, s. sortie, f. saillie, f. fougue, f. emportement, m. boutade, f. SALLY, v. n. faire une sortie SALMAGUNDI, s. salmagondis, m. SALMON, s. saumon, m. SALMON TROUT, s. truite saumonee. Saloon, s. salon de compagnie, m. SALSIFY, s. salsifis, m. Salsuginous, adj. un peu salé. Salt, s. sel, m.; adj. salé, en chaleur. SALT, v. a. saler, assaisonner avec du sel. SALTATION, s. danse, f. battement, m. SALT-BOX or SALT-CELLAR, s. salière SALT-CAT, s. un gros morceau de sel. Salter, s. saunier, m. vendeur de sel, m. SALTERN, SALT-HOUSE, s. saline or saunerie, f. SALTING-TUE, s. un saloir. SALTISH, adj. un peu sale. SALTLESS, adj. fade, insipide. SALTLY, adv. avec un goût de sel, d'une manière salée. SALT-MAKER, s. un saunier. SALT-MARSH, s. un marais salant. SALTNESS, s. saure, f. gout de sel. m. SALT-PETRE, s. salpêtre, m. nitre, m. SALT-PIT, SALT-PAN, s. une saline. SALVABILITY, s. possibilité d'être sauvé. SALVABLE, adj. qui peut être sauvé. SALVAGE, adj. sauvage; s. salvage, m. SALVATION, s. salut, m. f. ficité éternelle. SALVATORY, s. reserveir, m. botte d'onguent SALUBRIOUS, adj sain, salubre. SALUBRITY, s. salubrite. f. SALVE, s. onguent, m. remède, m. emplatre, SALVE, v. a. guérir, remèdier, sauver. [m SALVER, s. soucoupe, f. celui qui sauve. SALVO, s. exception, f. echappatoire, f. sub terfuge, m. SALUTARINESS, s. salubrité, f. SALUTARY, adj. sain, salubre, salutaire.
SALUTATION, s. salutation, f. saluade, f.
SALUTE, v. a. saluer, baiser, donner un baiser SALUTE, s. salut, m. salutation, f. baiser, m. SALUTIFEROUS, adj. sain, salutaire.
SALUTIFEROUS, adj. sain, salutaire.
SAME, adj. & s. meme, le même.
SAMENESS, s. identité, f. la même chose. Samlet, s. un saumonneau. SAMPHIRE, s. crête marine, fenouil marin. SAMPLE, s. échantillon, une montre. Sample, v. n. montrer un échantillon. SAMPLER, s. exemple, m. modèle, r. SANABLE, adj. susceptible de guérison. SANATION, s. cure. f. guérison, f. SANATIVE, adj. qui guérit, guérissable. SANATIVENESS, s. pouvoir de guérir, m. SANCTIFICATION, s. sanctification, f. SANCTIFIER, s. celui qui sanctifie. SANCTIFY, v. a. sanctifier, rendre saint. SANCTIFYING, s. sanctification, f. SANCTIMONIOUS, adj. saint. SANCTIMONY, s. saintete, f. SANCTION, s. sanction, f. confirmation, f. SANCTITUDE, SANCTITY, s. saintele, f. SANCTOARIZE, r. a. proteger, servir d'assis SANCTUARY, s. sanctuaire, m. eglise, f.

SAND, s. sable, m. sablon, m.

SAND-BOX, s. poudrier, m. sablier, m. SAND-PIT, s. sabionnière, f. [vernis, m. SANDAL, s. sandale, f. SANDARACK, s. sandaraque, f. orpiment, m. SAND-BLIND, adj. qui a la vue basse. SANDBOX-TREE, s. bois nain. Sanded, adj. sablonneux. [sable. Sanded, adj. qui approche de la naure du SANDY, adj. sablonneux, roux. SANDYX. s. terre rouge, f. SARE, a.l., sain, qui est en bonne santé. SANGUIPRROUS, adj. qui porte le sang. SANGUIFICATION, s. sanguification, f. SANGUIFIER, s. qui produit le sang. SANGUIFY, v. n. produire or faire le sang. SANGUINARY, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. SANGUINE, adj. & s. sanguin, couleur de sang, ardent, violent, hardi, présomptueux. SANGUINENESS, SANGUINITY, s. audace, f. SANGUIN ROUS, adj. sanguin, de sang. SANGUIN OLEKT, adj. sanguinolent, sanglant. SANHEDRIM, s. sanhédrin, m. BANICLE, s. sanicle, f. sorte d'herbe. Sanies, s. sanie, f. pus, m. matière, f. Sanious, adj. saineux, purulent. SANITY, s. santé, f. jugement sain. SAP, s. sève, f. aubier or aubour, m. SAP, r. a. sapper; v. n. avancer en minant. SAPHICK, adj. saphique. SAPHICK, ad., sapunque.

SAPID, ad., savoureux, sage, prudent.

SAPIDNESS, SAPIDITY, s. jagement, m.

SAPIENCE, s. sagesse, f. prudence, f. sapiSAPIENT, adj. sage, prudent.

SAPIENS, adj. qui n'a point de sève, sec.

SAPILNG, s. un jeune arbre, plantard, m. SAPOR, s. saveur, f. goût, m. SAPORIFICK, adj. saporifique. SAPPY, adj. plein de sève, jeune, plein de vi-SAPPY, adj. plein de sève, jeune, plein de vi-SAVING, adj. ménager SARABAND, s. (a dance) sarahande, f. SARCASTICAL, SARCASTICK, adj. satirique, mordant. [rique. BARCASTICALLY, adv. d'uno manière sati-SARCENET, s. taffetas, m. SARCLE, v. a. sarcler. [chair, f. SARCOMA, s. sarcome, f. excroissance de SARCOPHAGUS, adj. & s. sarcophage.
SARCOPHAGUS, l'usage de se nourrir de chair. SARCOTICK, adj. & s. sarcotique, m. SARCULATION, s. l'action de sarcler. SARDEL OF SARDIN, s. une sardine. SARDONYX, s. sardoine, f. SARSAPARILIA, s. salsepareille, f. SASH, s. ceinture, f. chassis d'une fenêtre, m. SASSAFRAS, s. sassafras, m. BATAN, s. satan, m. le diable, le démon. SATANICAL, SATANICK, adj. de satan, diaholique. SATCHEL, s. un sachet, un petit sac. SATE, v. a. souler, rassasier. SATELLITE, s. satellite, m. SATELLITIOUS, adj. composé de satellites. SATIATE, v. a. rassasier, souler, assouvir, SATIETY, s. satieté, f. [contenter. BATIN, s. satin, m. Satin-riband, ruban 14tiné. SATIRE, s. satire, f. SATIRICAL, SATIRICK, adj. satirique. SATIRICALLY, adv. d'une manière sat.rique. SATIRIST, s. auteur satirique, m. satirique, m. SATIRIZE, v. a. satiriser, railler, consurer.
SATISFACTION, s. satisfaction, f. joie, f. plaisir, m. contentement, m. réparation, f.

SATISFACTIVE, adj. satisfaisant. [faisante. SATISFACTORILY, adv. d'une manière satis-SATISFACTORINESS, s. pouvoir de satisfaire, m. SATISFACTORY, adj. satisfaisant, qui satisfait, satisfactoire, suffisant. SATISFY, v. a. satisfaire, contenter, rassasier, payer, recompenser, convaincre. SATISFYING, adj. satisfaisant, satisfactoire. SATRAP, s. satrape, m. SATURABLE, adj. qu'on peut remplir or satu-SATURATE, v. a. rassasier, souler, saturer, SATURDAY, s. le Samedi. [imprégner. SATURITY, s. saticté, f. SATURN, s. Saturne, m. plomb, m. SATURNALS, s. pl. saturnales, f. pl. SATURNIAN, SATURNINE, adj. sombre, triste, SATYR, s. un satyre. [taciturne. SAUCE, s. sauce, f.; v. a. assaisonner. SAUCE-BOX, s. un effronte, un arrogant. SAUCE-PAN, s. poëlon, m. casserole, f. SAUCER, s. une saucière, une soucoupe. SAUCILY, adv. insolement, effrontement.
SAUCILY, adv. insolence, f. effronterie, f. impudence, f. impertinence, f.
SAUCY, adj. insolent, effronte, impudent. SAUNTER, v. n. courir les rues, battre le pavé. SAUSAGE, s. saucissse, f. saucisson, m. SAVAGE, adj. & s. sauvage, farouche, cruel. SAVAGELY, adv. cruellement, en sauvage. SAVAGENESS, s. naturel sauvage, ferocite, f. SAVANNA, s. prairie de couverte et sans hois, SAVE, v. a. sauver, garder, garantir, délivrer épargner, réserver. SAVE, prep. & adv. hormis, excepte, sinon. SAVE-ALL, s. un binet. SAVER, s. sauveur, m. libérateur, m. un éco SAVING, adj. menager, econome, salutaire. SAVING, s. épurgne, f. une exception. SAVINGLY, adv. frugalement, avec épargne. SAVING, prep. à la réserve de, excepté. SAVINGNESS, s. épargne, f. économie, f. SAVINGNESS, s. épargne, f. économie, f. SAVIOUR, s. sauveur, m. libérateur, m. SAVOUR, s. saveur, f. godt, m. senteur, f. SAVOUR, p. s. saveur, f. godt, m. senteur, f. SAVOUR, p. s. saveur, f. savoure, senteur, f. SAVOUR, r. a. & n. savourer, goûter. SAVOURILY, adv. savoureusement, avec goot. SAVOURINESS, s. bon goût, saveur, f. SAVOURY, adj. savoureux. SAVOY, s. chou de Savoie, m. SAW, s. scie, f. ; v. a. scier. Saw-fish, s. poisson de mer armé d'une 😁 SAW-DUST, s. sciure, f. [pèce de sc SAW-PIT, s. fosse de scieurs de long, f. [pèce de scie, m. SAWYER, s. scieur, m. SAXIFRAGE, s. saxifrage, f. Red-saxifrage, s. filipendule, f.
SAXIFRAGOUS, adj. saxifrage. SAY, r. a. & n. dire, reciter, reconter. SAY, s. discours, m. montre, f. epreuve, f. SAYING, s. sentence, f. proverbe, m. SCAB, s. gale, f. roge, f. le croûte (d'un ul-cère), un gueux, un galeux. SCABBARD, s. fourreau d'épée. SCABBED, SCABBY, adj. galeux. SCABBEDNESS, SCABBINESS, s. la gale. SCABIOUS, adj. galeux; s. scabieuse, f. SCABROUS, adj. scabreux, rude. SCAFFOLD, s. un échafaud ; r. a. échafauder. SCAFFOLDING, s. echafaudage, m. SCALADE, s. escalade, f. SCALD, s. teigne, f. espèce de lèpre.
SCALD, v.a. échauder A scalling bruse

échaudoir, une tuerie. Scalding hot, tout | SCATEBROUS, adj. abondant en sources. SCALD-HEAD, s. gale à la tête, f. la teigne. SCALE, s. balance, f. le bassin, le plat d'une balance, echelle, f. gamme (de musique), f. écaille (de poisson), f. A pair of scales, des balances. BCALE, v. a. & n. escalader, écailler, s'écail-SCALED, adj. écailleux, qui a des écailles. SCALENE, s. scalène, m. SCALING, s. escalade, f. l'action d'écailler. SCALL, s. la teigne, la lèpre. SCALLED, SCALL-PATED, adj. teigneux. SCALLION, s. échalote, f. ciboule, f. SCALLOP, s. pétoncle, f.; r. a. festonner, SCALP, s. le péricrâne, le crâne. [denteler. [denteler. SCALP, r. a. enlever le périerane. SCALPEL, s. scalpel, m. un bistouri. SCALY, adj. écailleux, couvert d'écailles. SCAMBLE, v. a. & n. prodiguer, dissiper. SCAMBLE, s. dissipation, f. dispute, f. SCAMBLING, adj. dissipé, dispersé, écarté. SCAMMONY, s. scamonce, f. [camper. SCAMPER, v. n. suir, s'ensuir, s'en aller, dé-SCAN, v. a. scander (un vers), examiner (une SCANDAL, s. scandale. m. [affaire.) SCANDAL, v. a. diffamer, décrier, calomnier. SCANDALIZE, v. a. scandaliser, diffamer. SCANDALOUS, adj. scandaleux, diffamatoire. SCANDALOUSLY, adr. scandaleusement. SCANDALUM MAGNATUM, s. crime d'une personne qui a diffamé quelque pair du royaume. SCANT, adj. rare, qui manque, econome, SCANT, adv. à peine. [chiche, SCANT, v. a. borner, limiter, resserrer. [chiche, serré. SCANTILY, adr. avec épargne, étroitement. SCANTINESS, * rareté, f. disette, f. SCANTLET, s. petite quantité. [sure, f. SCANTLING, s petite pièce, proportion, f. me-SCANTLY, are. a l'étroit, avec épargue. SCANTNESS, s. modicité, f. petitesse, f. SCANTY, dj. modique, rare, pauvre, chiche, trop et 1rt, trop étroit.

SCAPE, v. a. & n. fuir, échapper.
SCAPE, s. fuite, f. échappée, f.
SCAPIA, s. l'os de l'épaule, m. l'omoplate, f. SCAPULAR, SCAPULARY, adj. des épaules, or de l'épaule. SCAPULARY, s. un scapulaire.
SCAR, s. cicatrice, f. or escare, f.
SCAR, v. a. & n. cicatriser, se cicatriser. SCARAB, s. scarabce, f. escarbot, m. SCARAMOUCH, s. scaramouche, m. bouffon, m. SCARCE, adj. qui manque. SCARCE, SCARCELY, adr. à peine. SCARCENESS, SCARCITY, s. disette, f. rarcte, SCARE, r. a. effrayer, épouvanter, effarou-SCARECROW, s. un épouvantail. Cher. SCARF, s. écharpe, f. SCARFSKIN, s. l'épiderme, m. SCARIFICATION, s. scarification, f. [scarifie. SCARIFICATOR, s. scarificateur, m. celui qui SCARIFIER, s. (an instrument) scarificateur, SCARIFY, v. a. scarifier. SCARLET, s. & adj. écarlate, f. d'écarlate. A scarret-riband, un ruban ponceau. SCARLET-BEAN, s. feve d'Espagne, SCARLET-OAK, s. yeuse, f. chêne vert, m. SCARP, s. escarpe, m. [val.) SCATCH, s. escache, f. (embouchure de che-ECATCHES, s. echasses, f. pl. SCATE, s. patin, m. sorte de raie (poisson.) SCATE. r. s. putiner, alle. à patins.

Scater, s. patineur, m. SCATH, s. mal, m. dominage. m.; v. a. gater. SCATH, s. dommage, m. mal, m.; v. a. endommager. Scatter, r. a. & n. répandre, disperser. SCATTERINGLY, adv. çà et là, en confusion. SCATTERLING, s. un vagabond. SCAVENGER, s. un boueur.
SCENERY, s. l'arrangement des scènes, m.
SCENE, s. scène, f. théâtre, m. décoration, f.
SCENICK, adj. scènique, théâtral. Scenographical, adj. scénographique. Scenographically, adv. en perspective. Scenographie, f. Scent, s. senteur, f. odeur, f. SCENT, v. n. & a. parfumer, embaumer, sen Scentless, adj. sans odeur, qui n'a point Sceptical, adj. sceptique. fd'odeur. Scepticism. s. scepticisme, m. SCEPTICE, adj. & s. sceptique, un pyrrhonien SCEPTRE, s. sceptre, m. SCEPTRED, adj. qui porte le sceptre.
SCHEDULE, s. feuille, f. or rouleau de papier, m. cédule, f. liste, f.
SCHEME, s. un plan, modèle, m. SCHEMER, s. un faiseur de projets. SCHESIS, s. habitude, f. coutume, f. Schism, s. schisme, m. separation, SCHISMATICAL, adj. schismatique, dissident. Schismatically, adv. en schismatique. SCHISMATICK, s. un schismatique. SCHISMATIZE, r. n. faire schisme. SCHOLAR, s. écolier, m. écolière, f. savant. SCHOLARSHIP, s. la qualité d'écolier, savoir m. littérature, f. érudition, f. SCHOLASTICAL, SCHOLASTICK, adj. scholastique. SCHOLASTICALLY, adv. en scholastique. Scholiast, s. scholiaste, m. commentateur Scholion, Scholium, s. scholie, f. [m School, s. cole, f.; v. a. instruire, reprendre School-Boy, s. un écolier. Schoolfellow, s. camarade d'école, m. School Man, s. un scholiastique. SCHOOLMASTER, s. un maître d'école. SCHOOLMISTRESS, s. une maîtresse d'école. SCIAGRAPHY, SCIOGRAPHY, s. sciographie SCIATICA, SCIATICE, s. scialique, f. SCIATICAL, SCIATICE, adj. sciatique.
SCIENCE, s. science, f. savoir, m. art, m.
SCIENTIAL, adj. qui fait connoître. [tifque SCIENTIFICAL, SCIENTIFICE, adj. scien SCIENTIFICAL, adv. scientifiquement. SCIMITAR, s. cimeterre, m SCINTILLATE, r. n. étinceler. [tion, / SCINTILIATION, s. étincellement, m.scintilla Scioi.ist, s. un demi-savant. [perficielle Sciolous, adj. qui a une connoissance su-Scion, s. scion, m. jet, m. rejetton, m. SCIRRHOSITY, s.endurcissement des glandes SCIRRHOUS, adj. squirreux. Scirrious, s. un squirre. Scissors, s. pl. ciscaux, m. pl. Scissible, Scissile, adj. scissible qui peut être fendu. Scission, s. scission, f. division, f. Scissure, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. Scoff, s. raillerie, f. sarcasme, m. Scoff, r. n. railler, se moquer de. Scoffer, s. railleur, moqueur, railleuse. Scoffirg, s. raillerie; adj. railleur. Scoffingly, adv. en raillant, en se moquart. Scoln, v. a. & z. quereller, chailler.

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Scold, s. une puerelleuse, une grondeuse.
Scolding, s. crisilleries, f. pl.
Scoldingly, adv. en grondent, en crisillant.
                                                              raciant, decrotter; to scrape out, offaces
                                                              avec un grattoir.
                                                           SCRAPE, s. embarras, m. nasse, f.
SCRAPER, s. un grattoir, un racioir, une ratis-
Scollop, s. pétoncle, f. découpure, f. ; v. a.
   denteler.
                                                           SCRAPING, s. ratissure, f.
                                                                                                           sure.
SCOLOPENDRA, s. scolopendre, f. Sconce, s. un fort, lustre, m.
                                                           SCRATCH, v. a. gratter, egratigner, arracher,
                                               [écope.
                                                              raturer.
Scoop, s. une écope; r. a. vider avec une
                                                           SCRATCH, s. égratignure, f. coupure, f.
                                                           SCRATCHES, s. arreles or grappes, f.
Scooper, s. celui qui vide avec une ecope.
Scope, s. but, m. visée, f. dessein, m. objet, m. vue, f. espace, m. place, f. carrière, f. liberté, f.
                                                           SCRATCHINGLY, adv. en grattant.
                                                           SCRAWL, r. a. griffonner, ramper.
SCORBUTICAL, SCORBUTICK, adj. scorbu-
Scorch, v. a. & n. brûler, rôur, griller.
SCORCHING, adj. brûlant, qui grillo.
                                                           SCRAWLER, s. un griffonneur. [ture. SCRAY, s. sorte d'hirondelle de mer.
SCORDIOM, s. germandree aquatique, f. Score, s. taille, f. marque, f. compte, m. dette, f. égard, m. consideration, f. titre, m.
                                                           SCREAK, r. n. craquer, faire du bruit.
                                                           SCREAKING, s. bruit, m.
                                                           SCREAM, v. n. crier, pousser un cri aigu.
   vingt, une vingtaine.
                                                           SCREAM, s. un cri aigu or percant.
Score, v. a. marquer sur la taille, mettre or
                                                           SCREECH, r. n. crier comme une fresaie.
                                                           SCREECH, s. le cri d'une fresaie.
   porter en compte, imputer, attribuer ; score
   line, bâtonner, rayer.
                                                           SCREECHOWL, s. fresaie (sorte de chouette,)
Scoria, s. scorie, f. [scories. Scoria, s. scorie, f. Scories, réduit en Stori, v. a. & n. mépriser, dédaigner. Scori, s. mépris, m. dédain, m. rebut, m.
                                                           SCREEN, s. abri, m. écran, m.
                                                           SCREEN, r. a. mettre à couvert, mettre à l'a-
                                                              bri, abrier, couvrir, cribler.
                                                           SCREW, s. une vis, un sur-os cheville. Cork-
Scorner, s. moqueur, m. celui qui meprise.
                                                              screw, s. tire-bouchon, m.
Scornful, adj. meprisant, dédaigueux
                                                           SCREW-TAP, s. un tareau or taraud, m.
                                                           SCREW, v. a. fermer à vis, visser, rayer, ou-
SCORNFULLY, adv. avec mepris, avec dedain.
                                                             trer, elever, avancer, opprimer, vexer; to screw in, faire entrer en tournant, insinuer,
Scorpion, s. scorpion, m. Scorpion-grass or Wdnt, s. herbe aux
                                                              méler, introduire; to screw out, tirer, faire
   scorpions, f.
Scot, s. pari, f. portion, f. quote-part, ecot, m. droits de la paroisse.
                                                              sortir, défaire en tournant ; to screw up.
                                                              faire, causer, faire venir.
SCOT-FREE, adj. franc, qui ne paie rien, im-
                                                           SCRIBBLE, v. n. & a. écrire mal. griffoner.
Scotch, s. dentelure, f.
Scotch-collops, s. fricandeaux, m. pl
Scotchman, s. un Ecosois.
                                                           SCRIBELE, s. mauvais ouvrage.
                                                           SCRIBBLER, s. un mauvais écrivain, un écri-
                                                           SCRIBE, s. un scribe. un écrivain.
SCOTLAND, s. Ecosse, f.
                                                           SCRIP, s. une cédule, une mallette.
SCOTOMY, s. étourdissement, m. vertige, m.
                                                           Seriptory, adj. cerit, par écrit.
Scriptoral, adj. de l'écriture sainte.
Scoundrel, s. un gucux, un belitre, un fa-
   quin.
                                                           SCRIPTURE, s. écrit, m. ecriture, f. la bible.
Scour, v. a. & n. écurer, nettoyer, dégrais-
                                                           SCRIVENER, s. un notaire, méchant écrivain.
   ser, battre, avoir le devoiement, laver, se
                                                           SCRUFULA, s. écrouelles, f. pl.
   purger; to scour the scas, ecumer les mers;
                                                           ScroruLous, adj. scrofuleux.
   to scour about, roder, courir çà et là ; to scour away, s'enfuir, s'en aller.
                                                           SCROLL, s. rouleau de papier, écriteau, m.
                                                           cartouche, f.
Scrotum, s. le scrotum, les bourses des tes-
Scourre, s. nettoyeur, dégraisseur d'habits,
   m. un rodeur, un coureur.
                                                          SCRUB, v. a. frotter fort et ferme.
                                                                                                        fticules.
Scourge, s. fouet, m. fleau, m. châtiment, m.
Scourge, v. a. fouetter, donner le fouet.
                                                           SCRUB, s. un balai tout usé, un belitre.
SCRUBBY, adj. mauvais, méchant, chéti£
Scourger, s. celui qui fouette, qui punit.
Scouring, s. cours de ventre, m.
                                                           SCRUPLE, s. scrupule, m. doute, m.
                                                           SCRUPLE, v. n. faire scruple, douter, hésiter.
Scout, s. un coureur d'armée, vedette, f.
                                                           SCRUPULOUS, adj. scrupuleux.
Scout, v. n. aller à la découverte.
SCOVEL, s. écouvillon, m.
                                                           Scrupulously, adv. scrupuleusement.
                                                           SCRUPULOUSNESS, SCRUPULCSITY, &. SCTU-
Scow L, v. n. se refrogner, faire la mine.
Scow L, s. air refrogue, mine rechignée.
                                                             pule, m.
                                                           SCRUTABLE, adj. qu'on peut découvrir.
SCRUTATION, s. recherche, f. examen,
Scowling, s. mine, f. mine rechignée.
Scowlingly, adv. d'une air refrogné.
                                                                                                            [der.
SCRABBLE, v. a. égratigner, déchirer avec
                                                           SCRUTATOR, s. scrutateur, m.
                                                           SCRUTINIZE, v.a. rechercher, examiner, son-
   les ongles.
SCRAG, s. un corps décharné.
                                                           Scrutinous, adj. qui aime à s'enquèrir.
SCRAGGED, adj. rude, inegal, raboteux, mai-
                                                           SCRUTINY, s. recherche exacte, examen.
                                                           SCRUTOIRE, s. pelit bureau, étudiole, f. Scup, r. n. s'enfuir, se sauver.
SCRAGGINESS, s. maigreur, f.
SCRAGGY, adj. fort maigre, decharne, rude.
SCRAMBLE, v. a. tâcher d'attraper, grimper.
                                                           Scuffle, s. bruit, m. désordre, m.
SCRAMBLE, s. l'action de vouloir atteindre
quelque chose, gribouillette, f.
SCRAMBLER, s. celui qui tâche d'attraper.
                                                           Scuffle, n. n. se quereller, se battre
                                                           Sculk, v. n. se cacher, se tenir cache.
                                                           Sculker, s. quelqu'un qui se cache
SCRANCH, v. a. croquer, casser avec les dents.
                                                           Scull or Skull, s. le crane, une petite rame
                                                           SCULLCAP, s. une coiffe, un bonnet de muit
SCRAP, s un morceau, un fragment.
SCRAPE, n. a. gratter, racler, ratisser; to SCULLER, s. petit bateau scrape up, amasser; to scrape off, oter en Scullery, s. lavoir, m.
                                                           Sculler, s. petit bateau à rameur.
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SCULP, s. taille douce, figure en taille douce, Sculptill, adj. sculpte, cisele. SCULPTOR, s. sculpteur, s SCULPTURE, s. sculpture, f. ; v. a. sculpter. Scum, s. écume, f. crasse, f. ordure, f. la lie. le rebut. Scum, v. a. écumer. Scummen, s. écumoire, f. Scupper Holes, s. pl. dalou or dalot, m. Scurp, s. teigne, f. gale à la tête, f. croûte (d'une plaie,) f. surface, f. Scurfy, adj. teignoux, qui a la teigne. Scurrilité, f. plaisanterio SCURRILOUS, adj. grossier, bouffon, bas. SCURRILOUSLY, adv. d'une manière bouffonne. Scurvily, adv. bassement, grossièrement. Scurvy, s. scorbut, m. [mechant. SCURY, sd. galeux. teigneux, scorbuique, SCURYGRASS, s. cochlearia, f. cueillerie, f. SCUT, s. queue, f. (d'un lièvre,) &c. SCUTCHEON, s. écuson, m. or écu, m. SCUTTLE, s. panier, m. anche, f. ecoutille, f. hune, f. petit grille, un pas précipité. SCUTTLE, v. a. courir precipitamment. SCYTHIANS, s. les Scythes, m. pl. SEA, s. la mer. SEA-BEAT, adj. battu par les flots de la mer. SEA-BOAT, s. un navin SEA-BORN, adj. né de la mer. [ses digues, f. SEA-BOY, s. un mousse. SEA-BREACH, s. irruption de la mer que romp SEA-BREEZE, s. vent de mer, m. SEA-CALF, s. vean marin. SEA-CAP, s. chapeau de matelot, m. BEA-CAPAIN, s. capitaine de vaisseau, sa. BEA-CAPAIN, SEA-MAP, s. carte marine. BEA-COAL, s. charbon de terre, sa. SEA-COAST, s. côte de la mer, f. SEA-COMPASS, s. boussole, f. SEA-COW, s. manati, m. animal marin. SEA-DOG, s. un chien de mer. SEA-DUCK, s. macreuse, f. SEAFARING, adj. qui voyage par mer. SEAFARING-MEN, s. gens de mer. SEA-FIGHT, s. combat naval. SEA-FOWL, s. oiseau de mer, m. SEA-GIRT, adj. environné de la mer. SEA-GREEN, adj. couleur de mer. SEA-GULL, s. mauvis, m. mouette, f. SEA-HOG, & marrouin, m. pourceau marin. SEA-HORSE, s. cheval marin. SEA-MAID, s. une sirène. SEA-MAN, s. un marinier, un matelot. SEA-MARK, s. balise, f. [gnon maria. SEA-MEW, s. mouette, f. SEA-ONION OF SEA-LEEK, s. squille, f. oi-SEA-ROOM, s. la baute mer, le large. SEA-PORT, s. un port de mer, un havre. SEA-ROVER, s. un corsaire, un écumeur de SEA-SICE, adj. qui a le mal de mer. [mer. SEA-SIDE, s. le hord de la mer, le rivage. SEAWARD, adj. haute mer. vers la mer. SEA-WATER, s. eau de mer. f cau salée. SEA-WEEU, SEA-WARE, s. ague, f plante SEAL, s. cachet, m. aceau, m. [marine. SEAL. See Sea-calf, venu marin. SEAL, v. a. sceller, cacheter. SEALER, s. officier du sceau, m BEAL-RING, s. une bague gravée en cache SRALLEG-WAX, s. cire d'Espagne, f.

Scullion, s. un marmiton a ralet de cui-sine, m. mosure, f. or huit boisseaux de blu gr a vingt livres pesant de verre, saudoux, anavaures, f. pl.
SEAM, v. a. faire une couture, joindre. SEAMLESS, adj. sans couture. SEA-MONSTER, s. monstre maria. SEAM-RENT, s. décousure, f. SEAMSTRESS, s. couturière. f. lingère, f. SEA-OOSE, s. vâse de la mer, f. SEA-PIECE, s. un tableau marin, se SEA-POOL, s. un lac. [ler, cautériser, SEAR, adj. sec, aride, fané, seché; r. a. h.z. SEARCE, s. un sas, un tamis; v. a. sager. SEARCH, r. a. visiter, chercher, examiner. SEARCH, s. recherche, f. visite, f. SEARCHER, s. visiteur, m. examinateur, m. SEARCHING, s. & adj. pénétrant. SEARCLOTH, s. emplaire, m. SEA-SHELL, s. coquillage de mer, . SEA-SHORE, s. côte de mer, f. SEASON, s. saison, f. temps, m. SEASON, v. a. assaisonner, accoutumer. SEASONABLE, adj. de saison, à propos. SEASONABLENESS, & temps propre, sa. SEASONABLY, adv/a propos. [prie [priete, f. SEASONER, s. assaisonneur. SEASOKING, s. assaisonnement, m. SEAT, s. siège, m. chaise, f. banc, m. cha-teau, m. maison de campagne. SEAT, v. a. situer, poser, placer, asseoir, cha-SECANT, s. sécante. f. SECEDE, v. n. cesser de se mêler de. SECEDER, s. celui qui se retire. SECERN, v. a. separer les parties subtiles. SECESSION, s. separation, f. retraite, f. SECLUDE, r. a. exclure. SECUDING, SECLUSION, s. exclusion, f. SECOND, adj. second, deuxième, autre. SECOND-HAND, adj. & s. de seconde mais, rechauffé, qui n'est pas neuf, seconde mais. SECOND, s. un second, une seconde. SECOND, v. a. seconder, sider, appuyer, de-SECONDARILY, adv. en second lieu. [fendre. SECONDARY, adj. second aire, du second ac SECONDARY, adj. &c s. second. [dre. SECONDLY, adv. secondement, en second SECOND-RATE, adj. & s. second rang. SECRECY, s. socret, m. retraite, f. SECRET, adj. cache, secret, inconnu; s. a SECRETARISHIP. s. secrétariat, m. [secret. SECRETARY, s. secretaire, m. SECRETE, v. a. cacher, celer, tenir secret. SECRETION, s. secretion, f. SECRETLY, adv. secretement, en secon SECRETRESS, s. état de ce qui est caché, m. SECRETORY, adj. secrétoire. SECT, s. secre, f. opinion particulière. SECTARY, s. sectaire, m. SECTATOR, s. sectateur, m. SECTION, s. section, f. SECTOR, s. secteur, m. compas de proport SECULAR, alj. séculier, temporel, séculais SECULARITY, s. étal séculier. Secularization, Secularizing, 2. 1969larisation, f. SECULARIZE, v. a. séculariser. SECULARLY, adv. en séculier. SECUNDINE, s. les enveloppes du foetps, f. pl. SECURE, adj. sûr, assuré, en sureté. SECURE, v. a. sauver, mettre en surcié, teger, assuror, garantir, confirmer, as se sir de, mettre en prisen.

(de sénateur.

SECURELY, adv. surement, tranquillement, SEIZURE, s. l'action de saisir, saisie, f. sans inquietude, sans danger, en surete. SECUREMENT, s. surete, f. assurance, f. SECURITY, s. securité, f. tranquillité, f. con-SELDOMNESS, s. rareté SELECT, adj. choisi, d'clite. fance, f. caution, f. garantie, f. SEDATE, adj. tranquille, calme, paisible. SELECT, v. a. choisir, recueillir avec choix. SELECTION, s. choix, m. preference, f. SELECTOR, s. celui qui choisit. SEDATELY, adv. tranquillement. SELENOGRAPHY, s. sélénographie, f. SELEROGRAPHY, s. sélénographie, f.

SELF, pron. méme, mêmes, personne, f. in dividu, m. seul, m. Myself, moi-même One's-self, soi-même, se. Self, (used in composition.) as Self-conceit, Self-conceit, self-conceit, self-conceit, self-conceit, self-conceit, self-dependent, independent. Self-erident, chair, évident par soi-même. Self-lore, amour propre, m. amour de soi-même. Self-murder, sui cide, m. Self-same, même. Self-seking intéressé. Self-will, obstination, f. opiniâtreté, f. Self-wise, qui abonde en son sens. Il y a encore beaucoup d'autres composés SEDATENESS, s. tranquillité, f. calme, m.
SEDENTARINESS, s. repos, m. inaction, f.
SEDENTARY, adf. sédentaire, engourdi, fixé. SEDGE, s. sorte de jonc de marais, m. SEDGE, adj. plein de joncs pointus. SEDIMENT, s. sédiment, m. lie, f. SEDITION, s. sédition, f. émeute, f. SEDITIOUS, adj. séditieux, factieux. SEDITIOUSLY, adv. seditieusement. SEDITIOUSNESS, s. humeur séditieuse. SEDUCE, v. a. séduire, abuser, corrompre. SEDUCEMENT, s. seduction, f. BEDUCER, s. seduction, s. corrupteur, m.
BEDUCER, s. seducteur, m. corrupteur, m.
BEDUCIDE, adj. capable d'être séduit!
BEDUCTION, s. séduction, f.
BEDULITY, s. soin, m. assichaité, f. application,
BEDULOUS, adj. soigneux, diligent, assidu.
BEDULOUSLY, adv. assidument, soigneuse-Il y a encore beaucoup d'autres composés de self; ceux qu'on vient de lire suffisent pour faire comprendre les autres. SELFISH, adj. propre, intéressé. SELFISHLY, adv. d'une manière intéressée. SELFISHNESS, s. interet personnel. SEUULOUSRESS, s. assiduité, f. [ment. SEE, s. siège (d'un évèque, du pape.) m. SEE, r. a. & n. voir, regarder, observer, re-[ment. SELL, r. a. & n. vendre, débiter, trafiquer. SELLANDER, s. solandres, f. SELLER, s. vendeur, vendeuse, marchand, # SELLING, s. vente, f. l'action de vendre, SELVAGE, s. le bord de la toile, lisière, f marquer, examiner, considérer, demander, s'informer, prendre-garde, penser, avoir Ser, interj. voyez ' regardez! [soin. SELVAGE, v. a. border, couvrir le bord. SELVES, the pl. of Self, which see. SEMBLABLE, adj. semblable. SEED, s. semence, f. graine, f. origine, f. SERD, r. n. grener, monter en graine SEEDLING, s. joune plante qui ne fait que de sortir de la graine. SEMBLABLY, adr. semblablement, pareille-SEMBLANCE, s. ressemblance, f. apparence SEMIANNULAR, adj. à moitié rond. BREDMAN, s. grenetier, m. BEED-PEARL, s. semences de perles, f. pl. pe-BEED-PLOT, s. pepinière, f. [tites perles. SEMIBRIEF, s. une semi-brève. SEED-PLOT, s. pépinière, f. [tites perle SEED-TIME, s. la semaille or les semailles. SEMICIRCLE, s. un demicerele, un rapporteur SEMICIRCULAR, adj. en demi-cercle SEMICOLON, s. un point et une virgule (;). SERDSMAN, s. un semeur. BEEDY, adj. pleine de graine, grenu. Semidiameter, s. demi-diamètre, m. Semidouble, s. semi-double, m. Semilunar, Semilunary, adj. en demi-BEEING, s. vue, f. vision, f. BERRE THAT, conj. vu, vu que, puisque.
BERR, r. a. & n. chercher, poursuivre, faire
des recherches, briguer, solliciter, s'adresser à, tâcher d'avoir, faire des efforts. SEMI-METAL, s. demi-metal, w. SEMINAL, adj. seminal. SEMINARY, s. pépinière, f. séminaire, m. SEMINARY, s. action de semer. SEMINIFICAL, SEMINIFICK, adj. qui produit. SEEKER, s. chercheur, chercheuse. BEERING, s. recherche, j SEEM, v. n. paroître, sembler. SEEM, v. n. paroître, sembler. [apparent. Seeming, s. apparence, f. opinion, f.; adj. SEMI-PROOF, s. semi-preuve, f. demi-preuve SEMIQUAVER, s. une double-croche, f. SEEMINGLY, adv. en apparence. [rence, f. SEEMINGNESS, s. vraisemblance, f. appa-SEMITONE, s. demi-ton, m. SEMIVOWEL, s. un demivoyelle. BEEMLINESS, s. bienséance, décent. SEMPITERNAL, adj. éternel, sans fin. SEMPITERNITY, s. éternité, f. SERMLY, adj. bienseant, decent, honnête. BEENLY, adv. décemment, avec décence. SEMPSTRESS, s. couturière, f. SEER, s. celui qui voit, voyant prophète, m. SEER WOOD, s. bois sec. SENARY, adj. qui appartient au nombre six. SENATE, s. senat, m BRE-SAW, s. balancement, m. balancoire, SENATE-HOUSE, s. sénat, m. SEE-SAW, v. n. se balancer. [bascule, f. SENATOR, s. un sénateur. Вектн, v. a. & n. bouillir. SENATORIAL, SENATORIAN, adj. senatorial, SEETHER, s. une bouilloire, une marmite. SEND, v. a. envoyer, dépêcher, faire partir, donner, accorder; to send in, introduire, SEETHING, adj. bouillant. A seething rot. un pot à cuire, une marmite. faire entrer, faire venir ; to send for, faire SEGMENT, s. segment, m. morceau, m. appeler, envoyer quérir. BEGREGATE, v.a. separer, mettre à part. SENDER, s. celui qui envoie, SEGREGATION, s. separation, f. SENESCENCE, s. vieillesse, f. déclin, m. SEIGNIOR, s. seigneur, m. SENESCHAL, s. senechal, m. BEIGNIORY, s. seigneurie, f. SENGREEN, s. (a plant) joubarbe, f. BEIGNIORAGE, s. seigneuriage, m. SENTI.E, adj. qui appartient à la vieillesse, SEIGNORIZE, v. a. dominer, commander. SENIOR, s. aine, m. ancien, m. BEIZABLE, adj. qu'on peut saisir, confiscable. BEIZE, r. a. saisir, prendre, s'emparer. SENIORITY, s. anciennete, f. SENNA, s. senc, m. baguenaudier, m. SEIZIN. s. saisine, f. prise de possession, f. SENNIGHT, s. sept jours, m. une semaine.

SEQUESTRATE, v a. & n. séquestrer, se sé-

BRYSATION, s. sensation, f. SEYSE, s. sens, m. sensation, f. raison, f. j gement, m. entendement, m. esprit, m. sentiment, m. avis, m. opinion, f. signification, f. Senseless, adj. qui a perdu l'usage de ses sens, privé de sentiment, déraisonnable, impertinent, absurde, ridicule. SENSELESSLY, adv. contre le bon sens. Senselessness, s. manque de bon sens, m. absurdité, f. SENSIBILITY, s. sensibilité, f. SENSIBLE, adj. sensible, persuade, convaincu, sage, judicieux, raisonnable. SENSIBLENESS, s. sensibilité, f. sens, m. son timent, m. hon sens, jugement, m. Sensible, adv. sensiblement. SENSITIVE, adj. sensitif. SENSITIVELY, adv. avec sentiment. SENSORIUM, SENSORY, & sensorium, m. SRNSUAL, adj. sensuel, voluptueux. SENSUALIST, s. un homme sensuel or volup-SENSUALITY, s. sensualité, f. [tuekx. SENSUALIZE, v. a. rendre sensuel, amollir. SERSUALLY, adr. sensuellement. SENTENCE, s. sentence, f. jugement, m. ar-ret, m. maxime, f. apophthegme, m. une plirase, f. une periode. SENTENCE, v. R. condamner, sentencier. SENTENTIOUS, adj. sentencieux. SENTENTIOUSLY, ade. sentencieusement. SENTIENT, adj. sentant, sensitif. SENTIMENT. s. sentiment, m. sens, m. SENTIMENTAL, adj. de seutiment, platonique. SERTINEL, SERTRY, s. semtinelle, f. SEPARABILITY, s. divisibilité, f. SEPARABLE, adj. séparable, divisible. SEPARABLENESS, s. divisibilité, f. SEPARATE, adj. séparé, distinct, particulier. SEPARATE, v. a. & n. séparer, se séparer. SEPARATELY, adn. separément, à part. SEPARATION, s. separation, f. division, SEPARATIST, s. un sectaire. un schismatique. SEPARATOR, s. celui qui separe. SEPARATORY, adj. qui aide a séparer.
SEPOSITION, s. séprégation, f. séparation, f.
SEPT, s. race, f. famille, f. secte, f. SEPTANGULAR, adj. qui a sept angles.
SEPTEMBER, s. Septembre, m.
SEPTEMBER, s. & adj. septembre, m. de sept.
SEPTEMBRIAL, adj. qui dure sept ans.
SEPTEMBRIAL, adj. qui dure sept ans.
SEPTEMBRIAL, adj. qui dure sept ans. SKPTENTRIONAL, adj. septentrional, du nord. SEPTENTRIONALLY, adv. vers le nord. SEPTICAL. adj. septique, putréfiant. SEPTILATERAL, adj. qui a sept côtés, de SEPTIMARIAN, s. un semainier. [sept côtés. SEPTUAGENARY, adj. septuagenaire. SEPTUAGESINA, s. la septuagésime. SEPTUAGESIMAL, adj. septuagenaire, de 70
SEPTUAGINT, s. la version des Septante.
Septuagints, les Septante, m. SEPTUPLE, adj. septuple. SEPULCHRAL, adj. sepulchral, funèbre. SEFULCHRE, s. sepulcre, m. tombeau, m. SEPULCHRE, v. a. enterrer, mettre dans le SEPULTURE, s. sepulture, f. SEQUACIOUS, adj. suivant, ductile. [tombeau. SEQUACITY, s. ductilité, f. [sion, f. SEQUEL, s. suite, f. consequence, . conclu-SEQUENCE, s. sequence. f. suite, SEQUENT, adj. qui suit, qui succède. SEQUESTER, n. a. séquestrer, séparer BEQUESTRABLE, ani. qui peut être sépart.

questrer. SEQUESTRATION, s. séparation, f. SEQUESTRATOR, s. séquestre, m. SKRAGLIO, 5. serail, m. palais, m. SERAPHICAL, SERAPHICK, adj. sceephique. SKRAPHIM, s. un séraphin. SERASKIER OF SERASQUIER, s. serasquier, SERE, adj. sec, dessèche; s. serre, f. [m. SERENADE, s. sérénade, f.; v. a. donner des sérénades SERENE, adj. serein, calme. Most serene, sérénissime. SERENE, v. a. & n. rendre serein, appaiser. SERENELY, adv. avec serenité. SERENENESS, SERENITY, séréuité, f. calme, SERGE, Serge, f., serge maker, sergier, m.; serge making, sergene, f. SERGEANT, s. sergent, f. Sergeant at law, docteur en droit, m. avocat, m. SERGEANTRY, SERGEANTSHIP, s. sergente SERIES, s. suite, f. cours, m. tissu, m. [rie, f SERIOUS, adj. sérieux, grave, important, SERIOUSLY, adv. sérieux ment, tout de bon SERIOUSNESS, s. sérieux, m. gravité, f. SERMON, s. sermon, m. prédication, f. SERMONIZE, v. a. prêcher, sermonner. SEROSITY, s. sérosité, f. Serous, adj. serous, aqueux. SERPENT, s. serpent, m. serpenteau, m. SERPENTINE, adj. de serpent, serpentant, qui serpeute. SERPIGO, s. sorte de dartre. SERRATE, SERRATED, adj. deinele en forme SERVANT, s. domestique, m. & f. serviteur, m. valet, m. servante, f. amant, m. SERVANT-LIKE, adr. en serviteur. SERVE, r. a. & n. servir, être au service, être employé à, rendre service, traiter, en agir, en user, être en service, être domestique, être utile, être favorable, tenir lien, tenir la place, faire l'office de ; to serve a warrant, assigner, executer; to serve one's turn, suffire, être assez; to serve out one's time, achever son tems de service. SERVICE, s. service, m. condition, m. usage, m. use or user, m. bonne office, assistance, f. respect, m. complimens, m. pl. civilité, f. prières, f. pl. office divin, cormier, m. or sorbier, m. (arbre), corme, f. or sorbe, f. (fruit.) SERVICEABLE, adj. utile, commode, servia-SERVICEABLENESS, s. utilité, f. usage, m. humeur serviable, f. SERVICEABLE, adv. officieusement. SERVILE, adj. servile, bas, rampant. SERVILELY, adr. servilement, bassement. SERVILL VESS, SERVILITY, s. bassesse, f. SERVITOR, s. un pauvre écolier, un serviteur. SERVITUDE, s. servitude, f. esclavage, m. SERUM. s. sérosité, f. petit lait. SESAME, s. sésame, m. blé de Turquie. SESQUIPEDAL, adf. sesquialtière.
SESQUIPEDAL, adf. d'un pied et demi.
SESS, s. taxe, f. impôt, m.
SESSION, s. scance, f. session, f. assemblée, f. SESTERCE, s. sesterce, m. SET, v. a. & n. poser, placer, mettre, regier, fixer, monter, enchasser, etablir, marquer, nommer, déterminer, donnet, assigner : v. n. se coucher, se mettre en voyage, partir; to set a hone, remettre un os; to set a page, composer une page; to set a tree, planter un arbre ; to set a razor, passer

or affiler un rasoir ; to set one his took, chon-; ser une tâche à quelqu'un ; to set good ex-amples, donner de bors exemples ; to set sets, tendre des filets ; to set about, appliquer, mettre à ; to set abroad, divulguer, publier ; to set against, indisposer, animer, inciter contre, opposer; to set agoing, faire aller, mettre en mouvement ; to set apart, mettre à part, mettre pour un temps; to set aside, mettre à part, emettre pour le présent, rejeter, annuller, abroger ; to set at defiance, defier; to set away, over; to set by, estimer, faire cas, mettre de côté; to set dossen, mentionner, motire en écrit, ci-ter, eurégistrer, fixer, déterminer, règler, établir; to set forth, rehausser, louer, van-ter, montrer, déployer, exposer, annou-cer, manifester, ordonner, établir, règler; to set fornard, avancer, mettre en avant, pousser, animer, faire valoir; to set in, mettre en train; to set off, relever, rehansser, embellir, parer; to set on en spon, animer, exciter, porter, attaquer, assailfir, tomber sur, mettre or employer à ; to set put, publier, déclarer, orner, embellir, equiper, assigner, marquer, tracer, entrer dans le monde, s'établir ; to set up, dresser, ériger, élever, établir, arborer, planter, tendre, dételer, avancer, mettre en avant, s'établir, commencer un commerce ; to set up for, se donner pour, s'ériger en, faire le. SET, s. garniusre, f. assortiment, m. service, m. jeu, m. rang, m. bande, f. troupe, f. une plante, une pied d'arbre, le coucher du soleil, &cc. Set-off, agrément, m. parure, f. ornement, f. BETACEOUS, adj. herisse. SETOR, s. séton, m. cautère, m. SETTRE, s. un canapé, un sofa. SETTER, s. un chien couchant, un espion. SETTING-DOG, s. un chien couchant. SETTING-STICK, s. un compoteur, un plan-SETTLE, s. un siège, un banc. toir. SETTLE, v. a. etablir, rendre stable, fixer, regler, arrêter, déterminer, assigner, con-stituer, instituer, remettre, calmer, tran-quilliser, rasseoir; v. n. se ranscoir, se re-poser, se calmer, s'arrêter, se fixer, s'éta-blir, former un établissement. SETTLEDNESS, s. stabilité, f. état fixe, m SETTLEMENT, s. règlement, m. établissement, m. constitution, f. accord, m. colonie, f. habitation, f. sediment, m. lie, f. residu. SEVEN, adj. sept SEVENFOLD, adj. sept fois autant, sept fois. SEVENNIGHT, s. une semaine, sert jours. SEVENTEEN, adj. dix-sept. SEVENTEENTH, adj. dir septieme. SEVENTH, adj. septième.
SEVENTIETH, adj. soixante et dixième.
SEVENTY, adj. soixante et dix, septante. SEVER, v. a. & n. scparer, divise SEVERAL, adj. different, divers, distinct, par-ticulier, plusieurs, quantité. SEVERAL, s. état de séparation, m. endroit clos, particulier, m. particularité, f.
SEVERALLY, adr. séparément, à part.
SEVERALTY, s. particulier, m. [division.f. SEVER/ NCE, s. separation, f. partage, m. SEVERI., adj. severe, rigoureux, dur, rude. SEVERELY, adn. severement, rigoureusement. SEW, r. a. & n. coudre.

turière, un ecuyer transhant, égult closque m. conduit. m. SEWING-1 RESS, s. cousoir, m. SEX, s. sexe, m. SEXAGENARY, adj. sexagenaire. SEXAGESIMA, s. la sexagesime. SEXAGESIMAL, adj. soixantième. SEXEKNIAL, adj. de six ans. SEXTAIN, s. sizain, m. SEXTANT, s. sextant, m. la sixième partes d'un cercle. SEXTARY, SEXTRY, s. sacristie, f. SEXTILE, adj. sexul, de soixante degres. SEXTON, s. sous-sacristain, m. fossoyeur, m. SEXTUPLE, adj. six fois autant, sextuple, SHABBILY, adv. bassement, comme un gueux. SHABBINESS, s. bassesse, f. SHABBY, adj. de gueux, mauvais, chetif. SHACKLE, v. a. enchaîner, mettre dans les fers. SHACKLES, s. pl. chaines, f. fers de prisonnier, m. entraves, f. pl. SHAD, s. alose, f. SHADE, s. ombre, f. obscurite, f. ombrage, m. abri, m. nuance, f. esprit, m. Night shade, s. morelle, f. SHADE, v. a. ombrager, couvrir de son ombre SHADINESS, s. ombrage, m. ombre, f. Shadow, s. ordere, f. apparence, f. Shadow, v. a. ombrager, donner de l'embre, couvrir de son ombre, ombrer. SHADOWING, s. Buance (de couleurs,) f. SHADOWY, SHADY, adj. sombre, obscur. SHAFT, s. une flèche, un dard, une croux profond,un puits, la pyramide (d'une église;) le fût or la tige (d'une colonne;) la souche (d'une cheminée ;) le timon d'une roiture, brancard, m. SHAG, s. péluche, f. poil dur et contonné. SHAGGED, SHAGGY, adj. velu, poilu, herinec.

A shagged dag, un barbet.

SHAGEREE, s. chagrin, m.

SHAER, c. a. secouer, branier, ebranier, remuer, agiter, mouvoir ; to shake hands, prendre congé de, dire adieu, donner la main par amitie ; to shake off, secouer, se débarrasser de, se tirer de ; to shake to pieces, faire tomber en pièces; v. n. branler, tremt er, avoir peur, faire des tremblemens (en musique.) SHAKE, s. secousse, f. tremblement, sa. SHAKER, s. celui qui or ce qui ébranle. SHAKING, s. secousse, f. tremblement, m. SHALL, signe du future en Anglais. SHALLOON, s. res de Chalous, m. serge, f. SHALLOP, 4. chaloupe, f.
SHALLOW, adj. qui n'est pas profond, bas,
superficiel, frivole. SHALLOW, s. bas-fond, m. basees, f. pl. SHALLOWBRAINED, adj. qui a peu de cer-SHALLOWLY, adv. superficiellement. [velle. SHALLOWNESS, s. manque de profondeur, m. or peu de profondeur, peu de sens. Shalm, s. chalumeau, m. hautbois, m SHALT. See Shall. [faire accroire. SHAM, v. a. duper, tromper, jouer, feindre, SHAM, a. tromperie, f. illusien, f. feinte, f. SHAM, adj. faux, prétendu, supposé, positche. SHAMBLES, s. la boucherie. SHAMBLING, adj. promenant lourdement.
SHAME, i. honte, f. modestie, f. pudeur, f. mfamie, f. ignominie, f. For shame! fil fi done! SEWER, s. celui or celle qui coût. une cou- | SHAME, v.-a. & n. faire bonte, deshonorer

SHAME-FACEDLY, adv. avec pudeur. SHAMEFACEDNESS, s. pudeur, f. houte, f. SHAMEFUL, adj. honteux, infame. SHAMEFULLY, adv. honteusement SHAMEFULNESS, s. infamie, f. ignominie, f. SHAMELESS, adj. impudent, effronté. SHAMELESSLY, adv. sans honte, impudem-MANELESSHESS, s. effronterie, f.
SHANELESSHESS, s. effronterie, f.
SHANE, s. la jambe, l'os de la jambe; shank
of a pinnt, candlestick, key, tige, f.; shank
of a pipe, of a chimney, tuyau, m; shank of
an ancher, verge, f.
SHANEER, s. chancre veneries. SHAPE, s. forme, f. figure, f. taille, f. SHAPE, s. forme, f. ngure, f. tane; f. SHAPE, v. a. former, donner une forme.
SHAPELESS, adj. mal-proportionné, inform
SHAPELINESS, s. boauté, f. belle forme.
SHAPELT, adj. bien fait, bien proportionné.
SHAPEL, adj. bien proportionné.
SHAPEL, s. tét, m. morceau de pot cassé, m. SHARE, s. part, f. pertion, f. pertage, m. le soe or coutre d'une charrue, m. SHARE-BONE, s. l'os pubis, m SHARE, v. a. & n. partager, divisor. SHARRE, s. celui qui partage or qui participe. SHARRE, s. partage, m. l'action de partager. SHARE, s. be goulu de mer, requim, m. un eq-SHARE, v. a. de n. escruquer. (croc. SHARR, adj. aigu, affilé, pointu; vií, perçant, subtil, ingénieux, fin, pénétrant, rusé, acre, sautu, ingenieax, m., penetram, rusc, atte, mordant, salia, dur, rude, piquant, violent, satirique, affamé, avide.

Sharp, s. dièse, m. aiguisle, f. stilet, m.

Sharp, s. d. c. n. aiguiser, affiler.

Sharpen, s. aiguiser, affiler, rendre pointu.

Sharpen, s. an filon, un escroc, un fripon. SHARPLY, adv. aigrement, subtilement. SHARPHER, s. cmouleur, m. SHARPNESS, s. tranchant, m. fil, m. pointe, f. subtilité, f. pénétration, f. aigreur, f. âcreto, f. riguest, f.
SHATTER, s. colst, m.; v. a. & n. briser.
SHATTERSKAIFED, adj. ctourdi, coervele.
SHATTERSKAIFED adj. ctourdi, coervele.
SHATTERSKAIFED adj. cassest. SHAVE, v. a. raser, faire la barbe. SHAYELING, s. un touch, un moine. SHAVER, s. harbier, m. un fripen, un filos. SHAVINGS, s. pl. des rachires, f. des copeaux, SHAWM, s. un hauthois, m. [m. SHE elle, f. She, specifié le geure féminin. SHEAF, e. paquet, m. gerbe, f. SHEAF, v. a. mettre en paquets, en gerbes. SHEAR, v. s. teadre, couper. SHEAR, SHEARS, s. forces, f. pl. greeciseaux. SHEARER, s. teadour de brebis, m. SHEARINGS, s. pl. toutures, f. pl. SHEARNAN, s. toudeur de drap, m. SHEATH, s. gaine, f. fourreau, m. étui, m. SHEATHE, v. a. rengainer, remettre dans le fourreau, doubler un vaineau. SHEAVES, pl. of Sheaf, which see. SHED, v. a. repandre, verser, muer. SHED, s. un appentis, un hangar. SHEEDERS, s. celui qui repand.
SHEEDERS, s. celui qui repand.
SHEEDERS, s. l'action de répandre, &c.
Shedding of blood, effusion de sang, f.
SHEEP, s. brobis, f. moutton, m.
SHEEPBITS, v. z. faire de petits vols. SHEEPSTER, c. us files, un friçon.
SHEEPSTER, c. us files, un friçon.
SHEEPCOT, SHEEPCOTE, c. parc de brebis:
SHEEP-HONE, c. une boulette.
SHEEP-HONE, c. une boulette.
SHEEPSEB, adj. timide. simple, pusillanime

Sherpishkese, s. timidité, f. simplicité, f. Sherp-shearing, s. toute des direbis, f. Sherp-sein, a. peau de moutou, f. SHEEP'S PLUCK, s. fressure de mouton, f. SHEER, adj. pur, transparent, sans melange SHEER, adv. tout d'abord, tout d'un coupt Sheer through, tout au travers. SHEER, v. st. rouler; to sheer off, s'enfuit. SHEER-HOOK, s. grapin, m. harpeau, m. SHEERING, s. le roulis d'un vaimeau. Sheet, s. linceul, m. drap, m. Sheet or sketropes, écoutes, f. pl. Sheet-archor, la grosse
aucre. Sheet-arble, le maître cable. aucre. Sheef-cable, le maître cable.
SHEET, v. a. garair de drapa.
SHEET, v. a. garair de drapa.
SHEET, s. a. soile pour les drapa de lit, f.
SHEREL, SHERELE, s. sicle. m. (2s. 6d.)
SHELP, s. tablette, f. écueil, m. (2s. 6d.)
SHELP, s. de de le de de coulder cashell, s. écalle, f. coquille, f. coque, f. écalle, f. coses, f. écalle, f. carasse, f. l'extérieur, m. bomle, f. coquillage, m. Shell-fah, poisson à coquille.
SHELL, v. s. écailler (du poisson,) écoses (des pois;) écaller (des moix;) to shell off, v. s. s'écailler, tomber en écailles.
SHELLY, adj. écailleux, couvert d'écaillea. SHELLY, adj. écailleux, couvert d'écailles. SHELTER, s. abri, m. couvert, m. protection, f. re-traite, f. logement, m. SHELTER, v. a. mettre à l'abri or à couvert, protéger, défendre, donner un asile. SHELTERER, s. protecteur, m. défenseur, m. SHELTERLESS, adj. sans asile, sans refuge. SHELVES, pl. of Shelf.
SHELVESO, adj. incluée, qui a la pente. SHELVING, s. pente, f. penchant, m. talus, r. SHELVY, adj. plein d'écueils. SHEPHERD, a. berger, m. pasteur, m. SHEPHERDESS, s. une bergère. SHERBET, s. serbet, m. SHERD, s. têt, m. morceau de pot cassé, m. SHERTFF, s. schérif, lieutenant criminel, m. SHERIFFALTY, SHERIFF, SHERIFFWICE, s. charge or jurisdiction de schérif. f. SHEREY, s. vin d'Andalousie.
SHEW, See Show. [fense, f. [fense, f. SHIELD, s. bouclier, m. defenseur, m. SHIELD, v. a. couvrie d'un houclier. SHIFT, r. a. & m. changer, transporter, transferer, transvaser, éluder, éviter, échapper, changer de place, changer d'habit, songer à sa sureté, se tirer d'affaire, raser, se servir de ruses. SHIFT, s. ressource, f. expédient, m. tour d'adresse, m. ruse, f. stratagème, m. détour, m. défaite, f. échappetoire, f. sub-terfuge, m. faux fuyant, m. excuse frivole.
SHIFTER, s. un fourbe, un homme rusé. SHIFTING, s. l'action de changer. SHIFTLESS, adj. sans ressource. SHILLING, a. schelin, m. 24 sous de France. SHILY, adj. avec reserve, avec retenue. SMIN, s. le devant de la jambe. SHINE, s. clarté, f. éclat, m. spleadeur, m. SHINE, v. n. laire, relaire, éclater, briller. SHIRESS, s. reserve, f. reteume, f. SHINGLE, s. bardeau, m. ais, m SHINGLES, fou volage, m. maladie de la poag.
SHINGLES, fou volage, m. maladie de la poag.
SHINGLES, e. un fainur de bardeux er de
SHINING, s. lucur, f. éclat. m.
SHINING, adj. hisam, resplendissant.
SHINING, dej. brillant, luisant, échatant. SHIP, s. navire, m. vaimeau, m. batiment d SHIP, r. a. embarquer.

SHIPBOARD, s. planche de vaisseau, f. bordage, m. bord, m. vaisseau, m. SHIP-hoy, s. mousse, m. garçon de navire. SHIP-MAN, s. un matelot, un marin. SHIP-MASTER, s. patron de navire, m SHIP-MONEY, s. impôt pour la construction des navires, m. SHIP-STEWARD, s. le munitionnaire, le dépensier d'un vaisseau. Shipping, s. flotte, f. embarquement, m. SHIPWRECK, s. naufrage, m.; v. n. échouer. SHIPWRIGHT, s. charpentier de navire, m. SHIRE, s. comid, m. province, f. SHIRT, s. chemise d'homme, f. SHIRTLESS, adj. sans chemise. SHIVE, s. tranche, f. copeau, m SHIVER, v. n. & a. trembler, frissonner. SHIVER, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. éclat, m. SHIVERING-FIT, s. un frisson.
SHOAL, s. foule, f. multitude, f. troupe, f.
banc de sable, m. SHOALS, s. pl. basfonds, m. SHOAL, v. n. s'attrouper. [bancs de sable. SHOAL, SHOALY, adj. plein d'écueils or de SHOCK, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. combat, m. SHOCK, v. a. & n. choquer, heurter. SHOD, part. adj. chaussé, ferré. SHOE, s. un soulier, fer de cheval, m. SHOE, v. a. chausser, ferrer un cheval. SHOEBLACK, s. un décroteur. Shoeing-horn, s. un chausse-pied. SHOE-MAKER, s. un cordonnier. SHOESTRING, SHOETYE, s. cordon or at-SHOESTRING, SHOETY tache de soulier, m. f. SHOG, s. secousse, f. mouvement, m.; v. a. secouer, remuer. Sноот, r. a. & n. tirer, lancer, jeter, decocher, blesser, percer, raboter, passer par dessus, franchir, pousser, croltre, bourgeonner, monter, passer rapidement, tomber, filer, élancer, causer des élancemens; to shoot corn, coals, décharger du blé, du charbon; to shoot out, pousser; to shoot forth, avancer, s'élancer. SHOOT, s. coup qu'on tire avec une arme, m. jet, m. rejeton, m. scion, m. bourgeon, m. SHOOTER, s. un tireur. [un goret. SHOOTING, s. chasse au fusil, la pousse des SHOP, s. boutique, f. SHOPBOARD, s. un établi. [plantes. SHOP-BOOK, s. livre de compte, m. SHOP-KEEPER, s. boutiquier, m. SHOPLIFTER, SHOPLIFT, s. escamoteur, m. Бнорман, s. petit marchand, détailliste. Вноваск, s. droit de rivage, m. SHORAGE, s. bord, m. rivage, m. côte de mer, f. étaie, f. étançon, appui, m. SHORE, v. a. ctayer, etanconner, appuyer. SHORELESS, adj. sans bord, sans rivage. SHORELING, s. la peau d'une brebis tondue. SHORE, part. adj. tondu, rasé, ras, privé. BHORT, adj. court, concis, serre, succinct.

In a short time, dans peu de temps. To fall
short of, être frustré de, manquer, être
éloigne de, ne pas approcher. SHORT, adv. court, tout court, bref. SHORT, s. abrégé, m. summaire, m. SHORTEN, v. a. raccourcir, accourcir. SHORTHAND, s. tacheographie, tachygraphie, f. SHORTLIVED adj. de peu de durée, passager. SHORTLY, adv. bientot, en abregé. SHORTNESS, s. petitosse, f. brièveté, f. Short-ness of breath, courte haleine, f.

SHORTSIGHTED, adj. qui a la vue courte d SHORTSIGHTEDNESS, s. vue courte. [basse. SHORTSICHTEDNESS, s. vue courie. Ibasse.
SHORTWINGED, adj. qui a courte haleine.
SHORTWINGED, adj. qui a les ailes couries.
SHORT, adj. qui est près des côtes de la mer.
SHOT, part. adj. tiré, lancé, jeté, poussé.
SHOT, s. coup, m. flèche, f. trait, m. portée,
f. écot, m. compte, m. Small shes, dragée,
f. cendre de plomb, m. Great shot, balles
de plomb, f. d. Camana-lab balles de de plomb, f. pl. Cannon-shot, boulet de canon, m. SHOTFREE, adj. franc, qui ne paie rien, sain et sauf, à l'epreuve de, inseasible à. Shotten, adj. déchargé de son frai, tourné. Should, v. n. devoir (le mot est le signe du tems conditionnel. SHOULDER, s. épaule, f. [l'os de l'épaule. SHOULDER-BONE or SHOULDER-BLADE, SHOULDER, r. a. mettre sur l'épaule, épauler. Broad-shouldered, qui a les épaules larges. SHOULDER-BELT, s. un bandrier. Shoulder-Fiece, s. épaulère, f. épaule. lette, f. Shoulder-slip, s. dislocation de l'épaule, f. SHOUT, v. m. crier, faire des acclamations. SHOUT, s. cri. m. acclamation. f. SHOUTER, s. celui qui fait des aeclamations. SHOUTIKE, s. cerul qui iait des acctamations.
SHOUTIKE, s. acchamations, f. pl.
SHOVE, v. a. & n. pousser, aller en avant.
SHOVE, s. un coup. Shore net, seine, f.
SHOVEL, s. une pelle. Shovel-full, la pelle
plein, une pelle. SHOVEL, v. a. jeter avec une pelle, amasser. SHOVEL-BOARD, s. galet, m. SHOVELLER, s. pélican, m. SHOW, v. a. & n. montrer, faire voir, démontrer, prouver, découvrir, témeigner, paroite. sembler, avoir l'air, faire semblant. Show, s. apparence, f. semblant, m. mine, f. prétexte, m. couleur, f. ombre, f. montre, f. parade, f. ostentation, f. figuro, f. spectacle, m. pompe, f. Shower, s. ondee, f. pluie sondaine. SHOWER, r. a. & n. verser, pleavoir à verse. SHOWERY, adj. pluvieux. Showish, Showy, adj. voyant, brillant, éclatant, fastueux, pompeux. SHRED, v. a. hacher, couper menu. Shred, s. coupon, m. coupure, f. SHREW, s. une femme acariatre. SHREWD, adj. mechant, vilain, acariatre, fm, adroit, subtil, artificieux. [ment, fort. SHREWDLY, adv. mechamment, maligne-SHREWDRESS, s. adresse, f. subtilité, m. SHREWISH, adj. grondeur, pétulant, emporté. SHREWISHLY, adr. avec malice, en eriail-SHREWISHNESS, s. mauvaise humeur. [lant. SHREWMOUSE, s. musaraigne, f. SHRIEK, v. n. crier, jeter des cris inarticules. SHRIEK, s.. cri inarticulé. Shrieking, s. cri, m. l'action de jeter des SHRILL, adj. perçant, aign, aigre, grêle. SHRILL, v. n. faire un bruit aigre et perçant. SHRILLY, adv. d'un ton aigu et perçant. SHRILLNESS, s. son aigu, m. Shrimp, s. chevrette, f. un nain, un ragot. Shrine, s. chasse, f. reliquaire, m. Shrink, v. a. & n. raccourcir, resserrer, retrecir, faire retirer, se raccourcir, se resserrer, se retrecir, se retirer, fuir, eviter, avoir de l'horreur, décheoir, diminuer, succomber. SHRINK, s. contraction, f. retrecissement, m.

SHRINKING, s. contraction, f. retrecissement. SHRIVEL, v. a. & n. rider et se rider. SHROUD, s. un abri, un couvert, defense, f. SHROUD, v. a. mettre à l'abri; v. n. se mettre à couvert or à l'abri, couvrir. cacner. SHROUDS, s. haubans, m. pl. SHROVE-TIDE, s. le carnaval. Shrove-Tuesday, s. le Mardi gras. SHRUB, s. un arbrisseau, un petit homme, Shrubby, adj. plein d'arbrisseaux. Shrug, v. a. & n. hausser les épaules. SHRUG, s. haussement d'épaules SHUDDER, v. n. frissonner, trembler. SHUFFLE, r. a. mettre en désordre, confon-dre, mêler ensemble, éloigner, éluder, dépouiller, réjeter, méler les cartes, gauchir, ruser, tromper SHUFFLE, s. mélange, m. confusion, f. désordre, m. fourberie, f. artifice, m. Shuffler, a un fourbe. Shuffling, s. l'action de méler les cartes, ruses, f. pl. détours, m. pl. [par artifice. Shufflingly, adv. en biaisant, en fourbe, Shur, n. a. décliner, éviter, fuir. SHUNLESS, adj. inevitable. SHUT, v. a. fermer, joindre, corroyer; to sheet up, conclure, fermer, finir, terminer; to shut out, exclure, refuser l'entrée à; n. n. fermer, se fermer. SHUT, a. clôtare, f. petite porte, volct, m. SHUTTER, s. porte, f. volet de fenêtre, m. SHUTTLE, s. une navette de tisseraud. w. SHUTTLEOOCK, s. volant, m. [discret. SHY, udj. reserve, retenu, froid, circonspect, SIBILATION, c. sifflement, m. SIBYL, s. sibylle, f. SIBYLLINE, adj. sibylline. SICAMORE, s. sycomore, (arbre) m. SICCATE, v. a secher, dessocher. SICCATION, s. action de secher. Siccity, a. siccité, f. secheresse, f. a. idité, f. Sica, s. le six (au jeu des dés.) Sica, s. le six (au jeu des dés.) Sica, adj. & s. malade, mal, las, dégoûté. SICKEN, v. a. & n. rendre malade SICKISH, 2dj. un peu malade, indisposé. SICKLE, s. un faucille. SICKLEMAN, SICKLER, s. un moissonneur. SICKLINESS, s. mauvaise santé, peu de santé. SICKLY, adj. maladif, mal-sain foible. SICKNESS, s. indisposition, f. maladie, f. SIDE, s. côté, m. flage, m. endroit, m. part, m. bord, m. page, f. penchant, m. SIDE, adj. de côte, lateral, oblique. Side, v. n. prendre le parti de, être de tel Sideboard, s. un buffet. [parti. Sidelong, adj. de côté, latéral, oblique. Sidelong, adv. de côlé, à côlé, obliquement. Sideral, Sideran, adj. astral, solaire. Sidesaddle, s. une selle de femme. SIDEWAYS, SIDEWISE, adv. de côté, de biais, obliquement. SIEGE, a. sic ge, m. selle, f. SIEVE, s. un tamis, un sas, un crible. SIFT. v. a. tamiser, sasser, cribler, separer, éplucher, examiner. SIFTER, s. celui qui tamise, cribleur, m. BITTING, s. criblures, f. 74. [des soupirs. SIGH, r. m. soupirer, grimir, pousser or faire Sight, s. soupir, m. grimissement, m. Bight, s. soupir, m. grimissement, m. Bight, s. vue, f. vision, f. spectacle, m. Sight-hotele guiden d'une arbalète. Short-sighted, qui a la vue courte. Quick-sighted, qui a la vue percante, clairvoyant,

Sightless, adj. aveugle. [mant Sightles, adj. agréable à l'œil, beau, char [mant Signe, m. marque, f. indice, m. apparence, f. image, f. représentation, f. easeigne, f. seing, f. signature, f. trace er vestige, f. m. un miracke, un signe, un présage. Sign, v. a. marquer, signer, faire signe. SIGNAL, s. signal, m.; adj. signalė. SIGNALIZE, v. a. signaler, rendre remarqua SIGNALLY, adv. d'une manière signalèe.
SIGNATURE, s. signature, f. seing, m. marque, f. signe, m. empreinte, f. preuve, f. signature, f. SIGNET, s. le cachet du roi. SIGNIFICANTE, adj. expressif, énergique.
SIGNIFICANT, adj. expressif, énergique.
SIGNIFICANTLY, adr. énergiquement. Signification, s. signification, f. sens, m. Signification, f. sens, m. Significative, adj. significatif, expressif. Significatif, expressif. Signifier, designer, notifier. Signifier, s. seigneurie, f. le fonds. SILENCE, s. silence, m. paix, f. taciturnité, f. SILENCE, interj. silence! paix! SILENCE, v. a. imposer silence, faire taire SILENT, adj. silentieux, taciturne, paisible. SILENTLY, adv. en silence, sans bruit.
SILENTNESS, s. tranquillité. f. repos, m. s. SILIQUA, s. silique, f. gousse, f. [lei SILK, s. soie, f. étoffe de soie, f. SILK-MERCER, s. marchand de soies. [lence, m SILK-WEAVER, s. un ouvrier en soie. SILKWORM, s. un ver à soie. SILKEN, SILKY, adj. de soie. SILL, s. le seuil d'une porte. SILLABUB, s. mélange de vin, de sucre et d'6 SILLILY, adv. sottement, sans esprit. SILLINESS, s. sottise, f. simplicité, béise, f. SILLY, adj. simple, mais, soi, sans esprit. SILVAN, adj. qui abonde en bois, en forêts. SILVER, s. argent, m.; adj. d'argent, argen tin. Silver plate, une assiette d'argent. Silver coiu, mounoie d'argent, f. argent. Silver wire, argent trait. SILVER, v. a. argenter. SILVERSHITH, s. un orfevre. [sipe, f. SILVERTHISTLE, s. acanthe or branche-ur-SILVERWEED, s. argentine, (plante) f. SILVERY, adj. tachété d'argent. SIMAR, s. une simarre. SIMILAR, adj. similaire, homogène, sembla-SIMILARITY, s. homogénéité, SIMILE, s. comparaison, f. similitude, f. [f. SIMILITUDE, s. ressemblance, f. similitude, SIMMER, v. n. bouillir doucement, fremir. SIMONIACAL, adj. simoniaque. SIMONIACK, s. un simoniaque. [rire niais, m. SIMONY, s. simonie, f. SIMPER, r. n. sourire; s. souris, m. or so SIMPLE, adj. simple, seul, unique, pur, ingbnu, innocent, sot, niais, ridicule SIMPLE, s. simple, m. berbe medicinale. SIMPLE, v. n. cueillir des simples, herborisse SIMPLENESS, s. simplicité, f. bêtise, f. SIMPLER, SIMPLIST, s. un botaniste. SIMPLETON, s. un homme simple, un sot SIMPLICITY, s. simplicité. f. SIMPLY, adr. purement, simple. SIMULAR, s. un hypocrite. SIMULATION, s. hypocrisie, f. faux semblant, SIMULTANEOUS, adf. simultanee. SIR, s. peche, crime, ps. faute, f. Sin, r.n. pecher, commettre une faute, failtir.

SITE, s. situation, f. site, m. assieke, f.

Serce, prep. adv. & conf. depuisque, depuis, puisque. Bone years since, depuis quelques années. Long since, depuis long temps. Not long since, depuis peu. Sincere, honnéte, vrai, franc, BIECERELY, adv. sincèrement, de bonne foi. SINCERITY, s. sincérité, f. franchise, f. bonne SINDON, s. une enveloppe. (office. Sing, s. sinus, m.
[office.
Singcons, s. bénéfice sample, bénéfice sans SIFEW, s. uerf, m. SINEWED, SINEWY, adj. perveux, plein de nerfs, fort, robuste SINFUI, adj. coupable de péché, criminel. SIEFULLY, adv. en pécheur, dans le péché. SINFULBESS, s. conduite criminelle. Sinc, v. a. & n. chanter, célébrer. Sirgir, v. a. flamber, brûler un peu. SINGER, s. chanteur, m. chantre, m. SINGING, s. chant, m. concert, m. harmonie, Singingmaster, s. mañre à chauter, m SIBCLE, adj. simple, scul, particulier, individuel, chaque, non marie, célibataire.
SIBCLE, n. a. distinguer, séparer, discerner.
SIBCLENESS, s. sincérité, f. célibat, m. SINGLY, adv. en particulier, separément. SINGULAR, adj. simple, singulier, rare. SINGULAR, s. le s. ngulier. SINGULARITY, s. singularité, f. rareté, f. SINGULARIZE, v. a. distinguer, singulariser. SINGULARIY, adv. singulièrement. Sinisten, adj. gauche, malheureux, mauvais. Sinistrous, adj. mechant, inique, pervers, fatal, funester, sinistre, malheureux. SINISTROUSLY, adv. mechamment, sinistrement. BINK, v. a. & n. couler à fond, couler bas, creuser, enfoncer, abattre, diminuer, amor-tir, abimer, perdre, s'enfoncer, décheoir, décliner, s'abattre, s'affaisser, s'abimer, meriner, s'anaure, s'anauser, s'an périr, enurer, pénétirer, s'enfoncer. Sink, s. évier, m.·lavoir, m. cloaque, m. Binkless, adj. sens péche, impeceable. Binkless, s. un pécheur, une pécheresse. SINOPER, SINOPLE, s. sinople, m. Sinvarn, r. a. rendre sinueux. Sinvess, adj. sinueux, plein de détours. Sinus, s. golfe, m. anse, f. baie, f. Sir, s. un petit coup. Sir, v. a. & n. boire à petits coups, buvotter. SIPHON, s. un siphon. SIPPER, s. un petit buveur. SIPPET, s. soupe, f. tranche de pain trempée. Sin, s. monsieur, m. sire, m. SIRE, s. père, m. sire, m. SIREN, s. sirène, f. Sirrah, s. coquin, m. fripon, m. belitre, m. Sirrop, Sirrop, s. sirop, m. Sirrop, odf. comme du sirop, qui ressemble à du sirop. Siskin, s. (a green-finch) un verdier. [été de sœurs. Sister, s. sœur, f. [été de sœurs. Bisterhood, s. la qualité de sœur, une soci-Sisterly, adj. de sœur, en sœur. Bit, v. n. être assis, s'asseoir, se mettre, se placer, se tenir, être, rester, couver, se percher, avoir scance, faire convenir; to set down, être assis, s'asscoir, asseoir, s'arreter, s'établir, demeurer ; to set out, être désœuvré, être de loisir ; to set up, se lever, cesser d'être assis r couché, veiller, passer

de muit.

SITHE, s. une faux SITTER, s. celui qui est assis, oiseau qui couve. Sitting, s. l'action de s'asseoir, la posture d'un homme assis, séance, f. tenue, f. sessions, f. assisces, f. pl. audiences, f. pl. SITUATE, adj. situe, place, sis. SITUATION, s. situation, f. assicite, f. Six, v. six, m. At sixes and serens, en dis-sordre, a l'abandon. SIXFOLD, adj. & adv. sextuple, six fois ament SIXPENCE, s. un demi-schelin. SIXTEEN, adj. seize. SIXTERNTH, adj. seizième. SIXTH, adj. sixième. SIXTHLY, udv. sixièmement, en sixième lieu. Sixtieth, adj. soixantième. Sixty, adj. soixante. Sizr, s. grandeur, f. grosseur, f. taille, f format, m. volume, m. lengueur, f. ealibre, m. qualité, f. condition, f. compas (de cordonnier), m. colle, f. Size, v. a. ajuster, mesurer, enduire de colle, coller, bougier (les contures), laver, ou blanchir (un mur), marquer, prendre sur l'écot. SIZEABLE, adj. bien proportionné. SIZINESS, s. viscosite, f Sizy, adj. gluant, visqueux. Skein, s. un écheveau. SKIG, s. une prune, f. or prunier sauvage, sa. SKEGGER, s. petit saumon, un saumoneau. SKELETON, s. un squelette. SKEPTICK, &c. See Sceptiek, &c. SKETCH, s. esquisse, f. ebauche, f. SKETCH, v. a. tracer, esquisser, crayonner. SKEWER, s. une brochette; v. a. attaches avec des brochettes, trousser. SKIFF, s. un esquif, une chaloupe. SKILFUL, adj. expert, habile, verse. SKILFULLY, adv. habilement SKILFULKESS. s. art, m. habileté, f. SKILL, s. savoir, m. science, f. habileté, f. adresse, f. capacité. f. expérience, f. SKILL, v. n. être habile à. SKILLED, edj. expert, habile, verse. SKILLET, s. un poelon. SRIM, v. a. ccumer, oter Pécume, colleurer. SKIMMER, s. ecumoire, f. SKIM-MILK, s. lait écrémé. SKIN, s. pesu, f. cuir, m. [triser. SKIN, r. a. écorcher, ôtor la peau; s. n. cica-SKINNER, s. un pelletier. SKINNER'S-TRADE, s. commerce de pelletier, m. pelleterie, f. SKINNINESS, s. maigreur, f. SKINNY, adj. de peau, décharné, maigre. Skip, r. a. & n. sauter, sautiller, passer, Skip, s. un saut, un bond. [omettre. SKIPPER, s. maître de navire. Skirmish, a. escarmouche, f.; r. n. escarmoucher. SKIRMISHER, s. escarmoucheur, m. SKIRMET, s. chervis, m. (plante.) SKIRT, s. pan, m. bord, m. confins, SKIRT, v. a. border. [quinteux. SKITTISH, adj. ombrageux, retif, capricieux, SKITTISHLY, adr. par boutades. SKITTISHNESS, & caprice, f. fantasie, f. bour SKITTLES, s. quilles, f. pl. SKUE, adj. de travers, oblique. SKUE, r. n. marcher de travers, lorguer SKULK. See Sculk. SKULL, s. le crane

Saty, s. la région de l'air, le ciel, le firma-ment. Serrenty, adv. d'une munière listée et polie SKY-COLOUR, s. azur, m. bleu céleste, m. SEYISH, adj. bleustre. SEYLARK, s. alouetto, f. SEYRIGHT, s. abat-jour or abajour, m. SEYROCKET, s. fuses volante, f. SLAB, s. gàchis, m. margouillis, m. dosse, f. pièce de marbre plate et polie, f. SLAB, adj. visqueux, gluant SLABBER, v. a. & n. salir, faire un gâchis. SLABBERER, s. un baveur. [visqueux. SLABBINESS, s. état de ce qui est gacheux or SLABBY, adj. gucheux, humide, sale. SLACK, s. braise, f. petit charbon. SLACE, adj. lache, qui n'est pas tendu, né-gligent, nonchalant, lent, mou. SLACK, SLACKEN, v. n. se relâcher, se ralentir ; v. a. relacher, détendre, lâcher, éteindre (de la chaux), ralentir, retarder, adoucir, calmer. SLACKLY, adv. lachement, mollement, négligemment, nonchalamment. SLACKHESS, s. relachement, m. lenteur, f. negligence, f. nonchalance, f. foiblesse, f. SLAIR, s. peigne de tisserand, m. SLARR, v. a. éteindre, étancher, modérer, appaiser. SLAM, s. (at cards) vole, f.; v. a. tuer. SLAMDER, v. a. calomuier, médire. SLANDER, s. calomnie, f. médisance, SLANDERER, s. calomniateur, calomniatrice. SLANDERING, s. médisance, f.; adj. médi-SLANDEROUS, adj. calonnieux. [sant. SLANDEROUSLY, adv. calomnieusement. SLAHK, s. algue marine, f. mousse de mer, f. SLANT, SLANTING, adj. oblique, de côté. SLANTLY, SLANTINGLY, adv. obliquement. SLANTWISE, adv. obliquement, de côté. SLAP, s. un coup, soufflet, m. lavage, m. SLAP, adv. avec un coup violent. SLAP, v. a. frapper, donner un coup, donner un soufflet, saire un gàchis. Stappash, adv. vite, d'abord, tout d'un coup. SLASH, v. a. & n. taillader, balafrer. SLASH, s. taillade, f. halafre, f. coupure, f. estafilade, f. un coup de fouet. SLATE, s. ardoise, f.; v. a. couvrir d'ardoise. SLATER, s. couvreur en ardoise, ardoisier, SLATTERN, s. une femme negligente. SLATY, adj. qui est de la nature de l'ardoise. SLAUGHTER, s. carnage, m. massacre, m. SLAUGHTER, v. a. tuer, massacrer. SLAUGHTERHOUSE, s. une tuerie. SLAUGHTERMAN, s. un boucher. SLAUGHTEROUS, adj. meurtrier, destructif. SLAVE, s. un or une esclave. SLAVE, v. m. travailler comme un esclave, prendre beauccup de peine, se poiner. SLAVER, s. bave, f.; v. s. baver. SLA ERER, s. baveur, m. SLAVERY, s. csciavage, m. servitade, f. assujettissement, m. SLAVISH, adj. servile, d'esclave, bas. SLAVISHLY, adv. en esclave. SLAVISHNESS, s. bassesse, f. dépendance, f. SLAY, v. a. tuer. SLAYER, s. un meurtrier. SLEAZINESS, s. foiblesse, f.
SLEAZY, adj. foible, qui n'a pas de corps, SLED, SLEDGE, s. un traineau. St.EDGE. s. un marteau pesant. SLEEK, adj. lisse, poli, uni. A sleek stone, lissoire, /.

SLEEP, r. n. detmir, reposer; to sleep away, v. a. faire passer, dissiper en dormant; to sleep upon, ne faire point d'attention à. SLEEP, s. sommeil, m. somme, m. repos, m. SLEEPER, s. un dormeur, une dormeuse. SLEEPILY, adv. en dormant, nonchalamment. SLEEPINESS, s. sommeil, m. assonpissement, m. SLEEPING, s. sommeil, m. repos, m. [point. SLEEPLESS, adj. sans sommeil, qui ne dort SLEEP, ulj. endormi, assoupi, qui a som-meil. The sleepy disease, lethargie, f. SLEER, v. a. & n. guigner, regarder de côté. SLEERING, s. regards secrets, clins d'oil. SLEERING, adj. fin, rusé, qui a les yeux firs. SLEET, s. petit neige fondue, neige et pluie SLEET, v. n. neiger et pleuvoir tout ensemble. SLEETY, adj. de neige et de pluie. SLEEVE, s. manche, f. casseron, m. SLEEVED, adj. à manches, qui a des manches. SLEEVELESS, adj. sans manches, absurde. SLEIGHT, s. tour d'adresse, m. ruse, m. fi-nesse, f. stratagème, m. A sleight. of A sleight of hand, un tour de passépasse. SLENDER, adj. mince, délié, grêle, mediocre. SLENDERLY, adv. légèrement, médiocrement. SLENDERNESS, s. qualité mince, petitesse, f. SLEY, s. peigne de tisserand. SLICE, s. une tranche, une pièce, une lèche, friquet, m. spatule, f. palette (d'imprimeur,) f. SLICE, v. a. couper par tranches, trancher, partager, diviser. SLIDE, v. n. & a. glisser, couler. A sliding place, glissoire, f. SLIDE, s. passage aise et coulant, glissoire, f. SLIDER, s. glisseur, m. SLIGHT, adj. clair, mince, chetif, leger. SLIGHT, s. mepris, m. dedain, m. SLIGHT, v. a. mépriser, faire peu de cas. SLIGHTER, s. celui qui meprise or dedaigne. SLIGHTING, s. mépris, m. SLIGHTINGLY, adv. avec mepris, sans egard. SLIGHTLY, adv. negligemment, superficiellement, legerement, en passant SLIGHTNESS, s. foiblesse, f. légèreté, manque de force, négligence, f.
SLILY, adr. finement, adroitement. SLIN, ad. mince, délié, grèle. [ante. SLIM, ad.]. mince, délié, grèle. [ante. SLIME, s. glaire, f. matière visqueuse or glu SLIMINESS, s. viscosité, f. matière gluante. SLIMY, adj. glaireux, visqueux. SLIMESS, s. tinesse, f. adresse, f. rusc, f. SLING, s. upe fronde, écharpe, f. fante. SLING, v. a. lancer or jeter avec un fronde. SLINGER, s. un frondeur. SLINK, s. un veau abortif. SLINK, v. n. & a. s'echapper, s'enfuir. SLIP. v. n. & a. glisser, couler, s'echapper, mettre adroitement, perdre, laisser echap per; to slip away, s'en aller, s'enfuir, s'écouler, passer vite: to slip down plisser, couler, tomber, se laisser tomber: to slip in or into, se glisser, se couler, entrer subtilement; to slip out, se glisser dehors, sortiement; tir adroitement, s'échapper; to stip off one's shoes, tirer ses souliers; to stip off a flower, cueillir une fleur; to stip on one's clothes, s'habiller à la hâte; to stip out a word, lâcher une parole. SLIP, s. gliscade. f. faux pas, l'action de glis-

ser, bevue, f. meprise, f. errear, f. plante,

m. houture, f. un cordon, une corde, une lesse, un morceau long et etroit, hande (de SLUTTISHERSS, s. mai-proprete, f. saleperie papier,) supplément (de gazette,) fuite, f. désertion, f. SLIPHOT, s. un nœud coulant. SLIPPER, SLIPSHOE, s. pantoufle, f. mule de chambre, f. SLIPPERINESS, s. qualité glissante.
SLIPPERY, adj. glissant, libre, licentieux.
SLIPSHOD, s. qui a ses souliers en pantoufles.
SLIT, v. a. fendre; v. n. se fendre. SLIT, s. fente, f. ouverture longue et étroite, f. SLIVE, SLIVER, v. a. couper en tranches. SLIVER, 3. une trauche, une branche arrachée SLOBBER, v. a. & n. baver, se baver. SLOE, s. prune sauvage, f. prunelle, f. SLOEWORM, s. anvoie, f. SLOOP, s. un chaloupe. SLOP, v. a. avaler, boire goulument, salir. SLOP, s. lavage, m. mauvaise boisson. SLOPS, s. chauses, f. pl. culottes de matelot. SLOPE, adv. obliquement; adj. incline. SLOPE, s. pente, f. penchant, m. talus, m. SLOPE, v. a. & n. echancrer, incliner, pencher, être incliné, être en pente. SLOPERESS, z. obliquité, f. biais, m. pente, f. SLOPINGLY, SLOPE-WISE, adj. obliquement. SLOPPY, adj. humide, bourbeux. SLOT, s. voie, f. piste, f. trace, f. SLOTH, s. nonchalance, f. paresse, oisiveté, f. SLOTHFUL, adj. paresseux, fainéant, indolent. SLOTHFULLY, adv. nonchalamment, en faineant. SLOTHFULNESS, s. See Sloth. SLOUCH, s. un rustre, un rustaud. SLOUCH, v. n. avoir l'air empesé. A slouching hat, un chapeau rabattu SLOUGH, s. un bourbier, une fondrière, l'hu-midité d'une mine de charbon, la souille or la bauge d'un sanglier, la dépouille d'un serpent, l'escarre d'une plaie, f. SLOUGHY, adj. bourbenx, boueux. SLOVEN, s. un homme mal-propre. [rie, f. SLOVER, s. un nomme mat-propre. [116, f. SLOVERLINESS, s. mal-propreté, f. salope-SLOVERLY, adv. mal-propre, sale, vilain. SLOVERLY, adv. mal-proprement, salement. SLOW, adj. lent, tardif, pesant. [teur. SLOW, SLOWLY, adv. lentement, avec len-SLOWNESS, s. lenteur, f. indolenco, f. SLUBBER, v. a. faire négligemment. SLUBBER, v. a. faire négligemment. SLUDGE, s. bourbe, f. boue, f. gâchis, m. SLUG, s. un paresseux, un faineant, un limaçon, un vaisseau pesant de voiles, un mauvais voilier, un garde boutique. SLUG, v. n. faire le paresseux. [m. SLUGGARD, s. & adj. paresseux, m. dormeur, SLUGGISH, adj. lent, paresseux, endormi. SLUGGISHLY, adv. en paresseux, lentement. SLUGGISHNESS, s. paresse, f. indoleuce, f. SLUICE, s. une écluse; v. a. débonder. SLUICY, adj. qui coule comme une écluse. SLUMBER, s. sommeil leger, repos, m. SLUMBER, v. a. & n. endormir, s'endormir, sommeiller. SLUMBERING, s. sommeil, m.
SLUMBEROUS, SLUMBERU, adj. assoupissant. SI.UR, s. tour, m. pièce, f. coulé, m. SLUR, v. a. jouer un tour, jouer, duper, couler (une note de musique,) salir, ternir. SLUT, s. une salope, un souillon. SLUTTERY, s. saloperie, f. mal-propreté, f. SLUTTISH, adj. sale, mal-propre, bas. SLUTTISHLY,adv. salement, mal-proprement.

SLY, adj. fin, ruse, adroit, artificieux. SLYLY, adr. avec finesse, artificiousement SMACK, v. n. & a. avoir un goût, sentir, faire du bruit en mangeant, baiser, donner un baiser. SMACK, s. goût, m. saveur, f. teinture, f. connoissance, f. un baiser savoureux, esquif, m. petit vaisseau, m. SMALL, adj. petit, menu, mince, foible. SMALL, s. le petit bout, le bas, le foible. SMALL COAL, s. braise, f. .
SMALL-POX, s. la petite vérole.
SMALL-NESS, s. petitesse, f. petite quantité.
SMALT, s. émail, m. couleur d'azur, f. SMARAGDINE, adj. d'émeraude. SMART, adj. cuisant, vif, violent, aigu, subtil, mordant, piquant, choquant, offensant, dur, égrillard, élégant, bien-habillé. SMART, s. cuisson, f. douleur aigue, chagrin, peine d'esprit, f SMART, v. n. cuire, faire mal. SMARTING, s. cuisson, f. douleur cuisante. SMARTLY, adv. vivement, violemment, finement, avec esprit, avec elégance.

SMARTNESS, s. vivacité, f. force de la douleur, f. cuisson, f. esprit, m. finesse, f. SMATCH, s. goût, m. saveur, f. teinture, f. sentiment, m. son, m. legère connoissance. SMATTER, v. n. avoir quelque gout, une legère connoissance, parler superficiellement. SMATTERER, s. un demi savant. SMATTERING, s. connoissance légère. SMEAR, v. a. barbouiller, salir, graisser. SMEARY, adj. sale, gluant, graisser.
SMEAL, v. a. & n. sentir, flairer, s'appercevoir, découvrir. Smell, s. odorat, m. odeur, f. senteur, f. SMELLER, s. celui qui sent SMELL-FEAST, s. un parasite, un ecornificur. SMELLING, s. l'odorat, m.; smelling bottle, m. flacon. Smelt, s. un éperlan de mer. SMERK, v. n. rire, sourire, avoir un air riant. SMERKING, s. visage or air riant, m. SHERL, SMIRL, v. n. jeter des regards amou-SMICKET, s. chemisette or corset de femme. SMILE, v. n. rire, sourire. SMILE, s. souris, m. or sourire, m. regard gracieux et riant. Smilingly, adv. avec un souris, d'un air Smite, v. a. francer affacter gagner le cœur, ruiner, affliger, chatier, brouir, brûler; v. n. se choquer, se heurter. SMITER, s. celui qui frappe, frappeur. SMITH, s. un forgeron. A gold-smith, un Smith, s. un forgeron. A gold-smith, un orfevre. A lock-smith, un serrurier. A gun-smith, un armurier. SMITH-CRAFT, s. la ferronnerie. SMITHERY, s. forge, f. ferronnerie, f. SMITHING, s. l'art de forger. SMITHY, s. une forge. [passionné. SMITTEN, part. adj. frappé, épris, amoureux, SMOCK, S. chemiss de femme, f.
SMOCK-FACED, adj. qui a l'air effeminé.
SMOKE, s. fumée, f.
SMOKE, r. a. & n. fumer, pressentir, enfumer, railler, berner. SMOKE-DRY, r. a. sécher à la fumée, fumer. SMOKELESS, adj. sans fumée. Smoker, s. un fumeur. SMORY, adj. qui fume, plein de fumée.

Вмооти, adj. poli, uni, égal, lissé, doux au || toucher, flatteur, aisé, tendre. Smooth, v. a. unir, polir, aplanir, lisser, adoucir, calmer, caresser, flatter. A smoothi ig-iron, s. un fer à lisser. SMOOTHFACED, adj. qui a l'air doux. SHUOTHLY, adv. uniment, doucement. SMOOTHER, s. poli, m. egalité, f. douceur, SMOOTHER, s. fumée, f. nuée de poussière, f. SMCTHER, v. a. étousser, suffoquer, éteindre. SMOTHERING, s. l'action d'étouffer. Smouldering, Smouldry, adj. étoussant. Smug, adj. propre, clégant, bien mis. SMUGGLE, v. a. frauder la douaine, faire la contrebande. SHUGGLER, s. contrebandier, m. SMUGLY, adv. proprement, élégamment. SMUGNESS, s. propreté, f. élégance, f. SMUT, s. saleté, f. vilenie, f. tache, f. SMUT, v. a. salir, barbouiller, niéler. Smutch, v. a. noircir de fumée. fnité. SMUTTILY, adv. impudiquement, avec obscé-SMUTTINESS, z. saleté, f. vilenie, f. SMUTTY, adj. sale, mal-propre, taché, ob-scène, deshonnête, nielé. SNAFFLE, s. filet, m.; r. a. brider, tenir en SNAG, s. bosse, f. nœud, m. surdent, f. SNAIGED, SNAIGEY, adj. noueux, bossu.

SNAIL, s. Jimas, m. limace, f. escargot, m.

SNAIL-TREFOIL, s. luzerne, f. [limaçon, m. SNAKE, s. un serpent. SHAKE-WEED, s. bistorte, f. SNAKY, adj. de serpent, serpentin. SNAP, v. a. briser, rompre, frapper, faire craquer, happer, saisir, mordre, maltraiter de paroles; v. n. se rompre, se briser, éclater, tâcher de happer or de saisir. SHAP, s. éclat, m. bruit, m. un petit chien, une morsure, un morceau, prise, f. SNAP-DRAGON, s. dragon de noel, m. SNAP-SACK, s. havresac, m. SNAPPERS, s. castagneties, f. [brutal. SNAPPISH, adj. hargueux, bourru, rustre, SNAPPISHLY, adv. rudement, avec aigreur. SNAPPISHNESS, s. aigreur, f. SNARE, s. piège, m. embuche, f. SNARE, v. a. enlacer, attraper. SNARL, v. a. & n. brouiller, mêler, embarramer, gronder, murmurer. SHARLER, s. un brutal, un homme bourru. SNARLING, adj. hargueux.
SNARY, adj. insidieux, plein de pièges.
SNATCH, v. a. saisir avidement, arracher, emporter, tacher de prendre, de saisir. SNATCH, s. arrachement, m. prise, f. un petit morceau, accès, m. echappée, f. SNATCHER, s. celui qui arrache, enlève or emporte. SNATCHINGLY, adv. à la dérohée. SNEAK, v. m. ramper, aller tete baissee. SNEAKER, s. un bassin, une jatte. [tif. SNEAKING, adj. vilain, avare, mesquin, ché-SNEAKINGLY, adv. bassement, servilement. SNEAKINGNESS, s. bassesse, f. SNEER, v. n. ricaner, rire d'un ris moquer et SNEER, s. ris moqueur. [meprisant. SHEERER, s. un ricaneur. SNEERING, s. action de ricauer. SNEEZE, v. n. éternuer. SNEEZE, s. elernuement. [tatoire, f. SHEZZR-WORT, s. herbe à éternuer, sternu-SHEZZING, s. éternuement, m. [teaux. SHERZING, s. cternuement, m. [teaux.] Socintan, s. Socinien, m. Shick and Shee, s. combat a coups de cou-

SNICKET, s. ricaneur, m. SNIFF, v. n. tenifler.
SNIP, SNIPPETS, s. parcelle, f. un petit mor ceau, un peu. SNIP, v. a. couper tout d'un coup, SNIPE, s. une bécassine. [le couper [lestement. SNIPSKAP, s. dialogue piquant.
SNIVEL, s. roupie, J.; r. n. avoir la roupie au
nez, crier comme les enfans. Sniveller, s. un pleureur, renisseur, m. SNIVELLING, adj. roupieux. SNORE, s. ronslement, m.; v. n. ronsler. SKORER, s. ronfleur, ronfleuse. SNORING, s. ronflement, m. l'action de ronfler SNORT, v. n. ronfler, souffler au nez. SNOT, s. morve, f. SNOTTY, adj. morveux, plein de morve. Snout, s. le groin (d'un cochon,) la trompe (d'un éléphant,) le nez or museau (d'un animal,) le tuyau d'un soufflet. SNOUTED, adj. qui a un muscau or groin. Snow, s. neige, f.; v. n. neiger. Snow, s. neigeux, de neige. Snub, s. un nœud dans le bois. SNUB, v. a. & n. réprimander, grouder, san-SNUDGE, v.a. rester oisif, marcher lentement. SKUFF, s. lumignon, m. mèche allumée, un bout de chandelle, mouchure de chandelle, f. tabac en poudre, m. ressentiment, m. SNUFF, v. a. moucher la chandelle, aspirer, respirer,; v. n. ronfler, prendre du tabac, prendre par le nez, flairer, renifler, se fâcher, se piquer. SNUFF-BOX, s. tabatière, f. SNUFFERS, s. mouchettes, f. pl. Snuffle, v. n. parler du nez, nasiller. Snug, Snuggle, r. n. se joindre, s'approcher. Snug, *adj.* serré, bien joint, à son aise. So, adv. ainsi, de cette manière, de même, comme cela, cela, si, aussi, tant, si fort, pourvu que. So that, si bien que, de sorte que, tellement que. So much, tant. So so, là là, passablement, médiocrement, tant mieux. And so forth, et ainsi du reste. So far, si loin, tant, autant. So much, so many, tant, si, aussi, autant. So then, c'est pourquoi. SOAK, v. a. & n. tremper, mouiller, mitonner, pénétrer, percer, s'imbiber. SOAP, s. savon, m. ; r. a. savonner. SOAP-BOILER, s. un feseur de savon. SOAP-HOUSE, s. savonnerie, f. SOAPY, adv. savonneux. [lever. SOAR, s. essor, m. ; r. a. prendre l'essor, s'é-SoB, s. sangiot, m.; r. n. sangioter, crier. SOBBING, s. sanglots, m. p. SOBER, adj. sobre, modéré, tempéré, sage, retenu, composé, réglé, grave, qui n'est pas ivre, qui est dans son bon sens, raisonnable, sain. Sober, r. a. désenivrer. Sober, r. a. désenivrer. [dérément. Soberly, adr. sobrement, avec sobriété, mo-SOBERKESS, SOBRIETY, s. sobriété, f. tem-[perance, f. SOCCAGE, s. roture, f. SOCIABLE, adj. sociable, communicatif. Sociableness, s. humeur sociable, f. Sociably, adv. d'une manière sociable. Social, adj. social. SOCIALITY, SOCIALNESS, s. qualité sociale. SUCIETY, s. société, f. compagnie, f. corp

Solitary, adj. solitaire, retire, peu #6

Socn, s. socque, m. brodequin m. chauson, m. Socket, s. lobèche, f. soubassement, m.; socket of a tooth, l'alvéole d'une dem, f. socket of a lump, le bec d'une lampe; socket of a pike, la douile du talon de la pique; socket of the eye, le creux de l'œil. SOCLE, s. socle, m. soutpassement, m. SOCMAN, s. tenancier, m. fermier, m. Son, s. un gazon, une motte de terre. SODALITY, s. confrérie, f. congrégation, f. SODER or SOLDER, s. soudure, f.; v. a. sou-SODERING, s. soudure, f. l'action de souder BODOMITE, s. un sodomite, un pédéraste. BODOMITICAL, adj. de sodomie. BODOMY, s. sodomie, f. pédérastie, f. SOEVEH, adj. qui que ce soit. BOFA, s. sofa, m. estrade, f. Sort, adj. mou, mollet, tendre, doux, poh, uni, foible, facile, débonnaire, effeminé. SOFT, interj. doucement! tout beau! Soften, v. a. & n. amollir, adoucir, attendrir, appaiser, Bechir, residre doux. SOFTISH, adj. mollet, doux, qui n'est dur. SOTTER, adv. mollement, doucement. SOFTRESS, s. douceur, f. mollesse, f. SOEO! interj. hola! ho! hem! Soll, s. souller, salir, fumer.
Soll, s. fumier, m. sol, m. terroir, m. terrein, m. coutree, f. Bojourn, s. séjour, m. Sol, s. le soleil, sol, m. (G en musique.) Solace, r. a. consoler, égayer, amuser. SOLACE, s. consolation, f. joie, f. plaisir, m. SOLANDERS, s. pl. solandres, f. pl. SOLAR, SOLARY, adj. solaire, du soleil. SOLDAN, s. soudan, m. l'empereur de Tur-SOLDER, s. See Soder. [quie. SOLDIER, s. un soldat, un homme de guerre. SOLDIERLINE, SOLDIERLY, adv. en soldat, martial. SOLDIERSHIP, s. service or état militaire, m. SOLDIERY, s. troupes, f. pl. gens de guerre, m. pl. les soldats, m. les militaires, m. SOLE, adj. seul, unique, célibataire. Sole, s. la plante (du pied;) semelle (de so ner.) f.; sole (de cheval,) f.; sole, f. (poisson.) S'.LE, v. n. mettre des semelles. SOLECISM, s. solecisme, m. une faute. Solety, adr. seulement, uniquement. SOLEMN, adv. solemnel, authentique. SOLEMNITY, s. solemnité, f. pompe, SOLUMNIZATION, s. solemnisation, Solemnize, r. a. solemniser, célébrer. SOLEMNLY, adv. solemnellement. SOLICITY, aar. soliciter, exciter, engager.
SOLICITATION, e. sollicitation, f. instance, f.
SOLICITOTS, s. sollicitation, m. instigation, f.
SOLICITOUS, adj. inquiet, qui est en peine.
SOLICITOUSLY, adv. avec inquiétude. Solicitres, s. solliciteuse, f. [souci, n Solicitude, f. inquiétude, SOLID, adj. solide, dur, ferme, massif, compacte, cube, recl, durable. effectif. SOLIDITY, SOLIDNESS, s. solidité, SOLIDLY, adv. solidement, avec solidité. Solidungulous, adj. solipède. Soliloquy, s. soliloque, m. SOLIPEDE, s. un solipède. SOLITAIRE, s. un solitaire, un hermite. SOLITARII Y, adv. solitairement. SOLITARINESS, s. solitude, f. retraite, f.

quenté. SOLITUDE, s. solitude, f. retraite, f. SoLo, s. un solo. Solstice, s. solstice, m. Solstitial, adj. solsticial. SOLUBILITY, s. solution, f. Soluble, libre, qui lache. Solution, s. solution, f. dissolution, f. de Solutive, adj. laxatif. [nouement, m Solvable, adj. solvable, soluble. Solve, v. a. soudre, résoudre, éclaireir. Solvency, s. solvabilité, f. Solvent, adj. solvable, dissolvant. Some, pron. adj. & s. quelque, un peu, du, de la, les uns, les autres, certains, quelquesuns, environ, une partie, un peu de, les uns, les autres, en. SomeBody, s. quelqu'un, m. Somebody else, quelqu'autre Somenow, adj. de façon or d'autre. Somensault, Somenset, s. saut périlleux. Something, s. quelque chose, f.; adv. un Sometime, adv. une fois, autrefois. [peu. SOMETIMES, adv. quelquefois, tantôt. SOMEWHAT, s. quelque chose, f. une partie. SOMEWHAT, adv. un peu, tant soit peu. Some where, adv. quelque part. Some while, adv. il y a quelque tems, dans quelque temps. SOMNIFEROUS, SOMNIFICK, adj. soporifique. SomnoLency, s. assoupissement, m. Son, s. fils, m. A son in law, un beau fils, un gendre. A grandson; un petit-fils. A godson, un filleul. Sonata, s. sonate, f. Song, s. chanson, f. chant, m. poeme, m. SONGSTER, s. un chanteur. SCRESTRESS, s. une chanteuse. [ρσ€te. SONNET, s. un sonnet. SONNETTERR, s. un poctereau, un mechant Sonorous, adj. sonore, resonnant. Sonorously, adv. d'une manière sonore Sonorousness, s. qualité sonore, son écla-Sonship, s. qualité de fils. [tant. Soon, aar, tôt, bien-tôt, vite, de bonne heure, As soon as you, aussi tot que vous. How soon? Quand? Soonen, adr. plutôt. Soonest, adv. le plutôt. Soot, s. suie, f.; r. a. couvrir de suie. Sooth, adj. agreable, charmant, qui plant. Sooth, v. a. flatter, caresser, adoucir. SOOTHER, s. un flatteur, un cajoleur. SOOTHING, s. flatterie, f. SOOTHSAY, v. n. predire, diviner, prophetiser SOOTHSAYER, s. prophète, m. devin, m. Sooty, adj. plein de suie, noir, sombre. Sor, s. morceau trempé, soupe, f. Sop, r. a. tremper, saucer. Soph, s. sophiste, m. écolier de deux ans. Sophi, s. sophi, m. empereur de Perse. Sophism, s. un sophisme. SOPHIST, s. sophiste, m. philosophe, m. SOPHISTER, s. un sophiste, un fiu matois.
SOPHISTICAL, adj. sophistique, capticus
SOPHISTICALLY, adv. en sophiste. [faux fauz. SOPHISTICATE, v. a sophistiquer, faisifier frelater. SOPHISTICATION, s. falsification. SOPHISTRY, s. sophisme, m. subtilite, f. SOPORATE, r. a. endormir, asseupir. Soroniferous, Soronifica, adj. sopon fique.

Sour, r. a. aigrir, empoisonner; v. n. s'ai-

Soffen, s. celui qui trempe, qui sauce. SORR, s. sorbier, m. cormier, m. sorbe, f. SORBILE, edj. potable.
SORBITION, s. l'action de hoire petit à petit. SORBONIST, s. docteur en théologie. SORCERER, s. un sorcier, un magicieu SORCERESS, s. une sorcière, une magicience. SORGERY, s. sorcellerie, f. sortilège, m. SORD, s. gazon, ss. herbe, f. SORDET, SORDINE, s. sourdine, f. SORDID, adj. sordide, bas, avare, vilain. SORDIDLY, adr. sordidement. SORDIDNESS, s. bassesse, f. vileuie, f. Sore, s. un mal, un idcère. Sore ears, mal d'oreille, m. Sore eyes, mal aux yeux. Sore throat, mal Sore finger, mal au doigt. SORE, adv. fort, bien, grievement. Sore throat, mal de gorge. SOREI., s. daim de trois ans. SORELY, adv. fort, grièvement. Soreness, s. mal, m. mauvais état, amerwne, f. Sorrel, s. oscille, f. SORRINESS, s. bassesse, f. médiocreté, f. SORROW, s. chagrin, m. douleur, f. affliction, f. deplaisir, m. regret, m Sorrow, v. n. être afflige, s'affliger. SORROWFUL, adj. chagrin, triste, afflige, malheureux, miscrable. [ment. SORROWFULLY, adv. tristement, miscrable-SORRY, adj. fachć, chagrin, triste, mechant, mauvais, pauvre, cheuf. SORT, s. sorte, f. espèce, f. manière, f. Sort, v. a. séparer par classes, distribuer, assortir; v. n. convenir, s'accorder, être joint; to sort out, choisir; to sort with, se joindre à, convenir à; to sort to, se terminer à, être dans un même rang. SORTABLE, adj. sortable, convenable. SORTILEGE, s. l'action de tirer au sort. SORTMENT, s. assortiment, m. distribution, f. Soss, v. n. se dorloter sur une chaise. Sor, s. un sot, une bête, un ivrogne. Sot, v. a. & n. abrutir, ivrogner. Sottish, adj. sot, stupide, fat, ridicule. Sottishly, adv. sottement, betement. SOTTISHNESS, s. sottise, f. bêtise, f. SOULAN, s. le soudan, le sultan.
SOUL, s. âme, f. vie, f.
SOULLESS, adj. sans âme, bas, vil. All-Souls-Duy, s. la fête des morts. Sour. SAVING, adj. salutaire. Sound, adj. sain, qui se porte bien, entier, bien conditionné, en bon état, bon ortho-doxe, grand, serré, profoud, solide, judi-cieux, vrai, parfait. A sound sleep, un profond sommeil. Sound, s. détroit, m. une sonde, une sèche, (sorte de poisson;) son, m. bruit, m. The sound hole, l'ouverture du violon, f. Sound, v. n. sonder. Sound, v. n. & a. sonner, résonner. Soundboard, s. sommier d'orgue, m. Soundly, adj. sonnant, resonnant, sonore. faut, fort, sainement. SOUNDRESS, s. sainté, f. état parfait, pureté, f. orthodoxie, f. force de jugement, f. Soup, s. souce, f. potage, m. Sour, adj. aigre, vert, chagrin, sévère. Sour, a l'aigre, substance acide.

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grir, devenir aigre. Source, s. source, f. Source, s. directet, un peu aigre. Source, adr. aigrement, d'un air chagrin. Sourness, s. aigreur, f. Sous, s. un sou (argent de France.) SousE, s. saumure, f. marinade, J Souse, r. a. mariner, plonger, fondre sur, South, s. midi, m. sud, m. [frapper. SOUTH, adj. de midi, de or du sud, méridior-SOUTH, adr. See Southward. SOUTH-EAST, s. Sud-est, m. SOUTHERLY, SOUTHERN. See South, adv. SOUTHERNWOOD, s. aurone (plante), f. SOUTHING, adj. qui va vers le midi or le sud. SOUTHWARD, adr. au midi, vers le midi. SOUTH WEST, s. Sudouest, m. SOVEREIGN, adj. souverain, absolu, excellent. Sovereign, s. un souverain, un monarque, absolu. Sovereignly, adv. souverainement. SOVEREIGNTY, s. souveraineté, f. Sow, s. une truie, une laie, cloporte, m. Sow of melled iron, une gueuse de fer. Sow of lead, un saumon de plomb. Sow, v. a. & n. semer, ensemencer. Sowbread, s. truffe, f. pain de pourceau, m. Sower, s. semeur, m Sow-gelder, s. châtreur de cochons, m. Sow-THISTLE, s. laiteron or laceron, m. SPACE, s. espace, m. étendue, j SPACIOUS, adj. spacieux, grand, vaste. SPACIOUSLY, adv. avec beaucoup d'étendue. SPACIOUSNESS, s. grande ctendue, grand es-SPADDLE, s. une petite bèche. [pace. SPADE, s. une bèche, le pique, (aux cartes) daim, m SPALT or SPELT, s. zinc, M. zain, m. SPAIN, s. l'Espagne, f. SPAN, s. une palme, un empan. SPAN, v. a. mesurer par empans or palmes. SPANGLE, s. paillette, f. ; r. n. orner de pail-SPANIARD, s. un Espagnol. SPANIEL, s. un épagneul, un flatteur. SPANIEL, v. n. caresser, faire le chien cou-SPANISH, adj. Espagnol, d'Espagne. SPANK, v. a. frapper à pleines mains. SPANNER, s. chien de fusil, m. SPAR, s. verre de Moscovie, m. barre de bois, f. rayon, m. spar, m. espèce de gypse. SPAR, v.a. & n. barrer, se quereller, se battre. SPARE, v. a. épargner, ménager, économiser, avoir de reste; v. n. vivre sobrement, se faire scrupule de, s'empêcher. SPARR, adj. avare, économe, superflu, mai-gre, de reste, de réserve, mince, décharaè. Spare money, argent de reste. Spare time, temps de loisir, heures perdues. SPARER, s. économe, m. & f. ménager, m. SPARING, adj. petit, en petite quantité, économe, épargnant, ménager, avare. SPARINGLY, adr. avec epargne, frugalement, SPARINGLY, aur. avec epargue, ir againment, sobrement, avec precaution.

SPARINGNESS, s. épargue, f. économie, f.

SPARINGNESS, s. épargue, f.

SPARINGNESS, s. é SPARKLE, v. a. étinceler, petiller.
SPARKLING, adj. étincelant, petillant, brilSPARKLINGLY, adv. avec éclat. [lant. SPARKLINGRESS, s. lustre éclatant, éclat, m.

SPELTER, s. zinc, m.

SPELT, épautre, f. ; pret. of Spell, v. a. SPARROW, s. passereau, m. moincau, m. SPARROWHAWK, s. épervier, m. SPASM, s. spasme, n. convulsion, f. SPASMODICK, adj. spasmodique. SPAT, s. pret, of Sput. SPATIATE, v. n. comir, roder. [noircir. SPATTER, v. a. éclabousser, crotter, salir, SPATTER-DASHES, s. guètres, f. pl. SPATULA, s. une spatule. SPAVIN, s. cparvin, m. SPAWL, v. a. cracher, crachotter. SPAWL, s. crachat, m SPAWN, s. frai (de poisson), m. semence, f. SPAWN, r. a. & n. frayer, engendrer. SPAWNER, s. poisson femelle, m. frai, m. SPAN, v. a. couper, châter, chaponner.
SPEAN, v. a. & n parler, discourir, faire mention, dire, exprimer, déclarer. SPEAKABI.E, adj. que l'on peut dire, dont on peut parler, qui à la faculté de parler. SPEAKER, s. orateur, m. président, m. SPEAKING-TRUMPET, s. un porte-voix. SPEAR, s. une lance, un javelot. SPEAR, v. a. percer or tuer à coups de lance. SPEARMAN. s. lance or lancier, m. SPEARMINT, s. mente aigue, f.
SPECIAL, adj spécial, singulier, particulier, exprès, distingué, signalé, extraordinaire.
SPECIALLY, adv. principalement, sur-tout. SPECIALITY, SPECIALTY, s. particularité, f. SPECIES, s. espèce, f. sorte, f. classe, f. SPECIFICK, SPECIFICAL, adj. specifique. SPECIFICALLY, adv. d'une manière speci-SPECIFICATE, v. a. specifier, particulariser. SPECIFICATION, s. specification, f. SPECIFY, v. a. spécifier, particulariser. SPECIMEN, s. un modèle. ur échantillon. Specious, adj. specioux, plausible. SPECIOUSILY, adv. d'une manière spécieuse. SPECK, S. tache, f. marque, f. SPECK, SPECKLE, r. a. tacheter, marqueter. SPECKLE, s. une petite tache. SPECT, s. un pivert, un grimpereau.
SPECTACLE, s. spectacle, m.
SPECTACLES, s. lunctes, f. pl. SPECTACLED, adj. qui a or porte des lunettes. SPECTATOR, s. spectateur, m. regardant, m. SPECTATRESS, s. spectatrice, f. SPECULAR, adj. speculaire.

SPECULAR, adj. speculaire.

SPECULATEV. a. & n. contempler, considerer. SPECULATION, s. vue, f. speculation, f. SPECULATIVE, adj. speculatif. SPECULATIVELY, adr. dans la speculation or SPECULATOR, s. speculateur, m. [la théorie. SPECULATORY, adj. spéculatif. SPECULUM, s. miroir, m.
SPEECH, s. parole, f. langue, f. langage, m. idiome, m. discours, m. oraison, f. SPEECHLESS, adj. muet, interdit. Speed, v. n. se hâter, se dépêcher, réussir, prospérer: v. a. dépêcher, expédier, hâter, faire executer, faire prosperer, faire reussir, aider, assister, expedier. SPEED, s. hate, f. celérité, f. promptitude, f. vitesse, f. diligence, f.

SPEEDILY, adv. en diligence, vite, en hate.

SPEEDINESS, s. hate, f. vitesse, f. diligence, SPEEDWELL, s. (a plant) véronique, f. SPEEDV, adj. prompt, vif, agile, expéditif. SPELL, & charme, m. enchantement, m. SPELLER, s. celui qui épele, qui orthographie.

SPEND, v. a. depenser, consumer, employer passer, épuiser, dissiper, perdre, se dissiper, se perdre. SPENDER, s. un dépensier.

SPENDTHRIFT, s. un prodigue, un dissipaSPERM, s. sperme, m. semence de l'animal, f. SPENDER, s. un dépensier. SPERMACETI, s. sperme or blanc de baleine. SPERMATICAL, SPERMATICK, adj. spermatique. SPERMATIZE, r. n. répandre le semence. SPERMATOCELE, s. spermatocele, f. SPERMATOLOGY, s. spermatologie, f. SPET, v. a. repandre avec abondance. SPEW, n. a. & n. vomir, degohiller. SPHACELATE, v. n. se mortifier, se gangrêner. SPHACELUS, s. sphacèle, gangrène. SPHERE, s. sphère, f. globe, m. SPHERE, r. a. placer dans une sphère. SPHERICAL, SPHERICK, adj. spherique, rond. SPHERICALLY, adv. spheriquement. SPHERICALNESS, SPHERICITY, s. forme sphérique, f. SPHEROID, s. spheroide, m. SPHEROIDICAL, adj. qui a la forme d'un SPHERULE, s. globule, m. [sphéroide. SPHINX, s. sphinx, m. SPICE, s. épice, f. aromate, f. une légère teinture, atteinte. f. ressentiment, m. SPICE, v. a. épicer, assaisonner avec des épi-SPICER, s. épicier. [ce SPICER, s. épiceries, f. pl. or l'epicerie, f. SPICE AND SPAN, adj. tout battant neuf. [ces. SPICY, adj. qui abonde en épices, aromatique. SPIDER, s. araignée, f.
SPIDER-WORT, s. l'herbe bonne contre la
morsure des araignées venimeuses. Spigot, s. robinet, m. siphon, m. Spike, s. longue pointe, pointe, f. long clou.

Spike of corn, un épi de blé. SPIKE, v. a. rendre pointu, enclouer. SPIKENARD, s. (a plant) aspic, m. nard, m. SPILL, r. a. verser, répandre, détruire. SPIR, v. a. filer, prolonger, ruisseler.

SPIRAGE, s. épinards, m.

SPIRAL, adj. de l'épine du dos.

SPIRAL, s. fuseau, m. noyau or vis d'écalier tournant, m. f. dard, m. SPINDLE, v. a. pousser son dard, dardiller. SPINDLE-TREE, s. fusain, m. (arbrisseau.) SPINE, s. l'épine du dos, f. SPINEL, s. spinelle, f. (sorte de rubis.) [gnée. SPINET, s. une épinette. SPINNER, s. un fileur, une fileuse, petite arai-SPINNING-WHEEL, s. rouet a filer, m. SPINOSITY, s. difficulté. f. épines, f. pl. SPINOUS, adj. épineux, plein d'épine SPINSTER, s. une fileuse or filandière, une SPINSTRY, s. filage, m. [1 SPINY, adj. épineux, difficile. fille non mariée. SPIRACLE, s. une soupirail, des soupiraux. SPIRAL, adj. spiral. SPIRALLY, adv. spiralement, en spirale. Spire, s. spirale, f. aiguille, f. pyramide, f. SPIRE, v. n. épier, monter en épi. SPIRIT, s. souffle, m. vent, m. esprit, m. âme, f. genie, m. caractère, m. humeur, f. feu, m. cour, m. ardeur, f. vivacité, f. fierté, f. Spirits, s. esprits, m. pl. liqueurs spiritu-Spirit, v. a. animer, encourager; to spirit, away, enlever, engager par surprise. SPIRITED, part. adj. anime, vif plein de feu.

SPORDEE, s. spondée, m.

BPIRITEDNESS, s. génie, m. esprit, m. SPIRITFULNESS, s. vivacité, f. seu, m. SPIRITLESS, adj. sans âme, abattu, sans vi-SPIRITOUS, adj. raffine, spiritucux. SPIRITOUSNESS, s. qualite spiritueuse. SPIRITUAL, adj. spirituel, immatériel, incorporel, ecclesiastique, dévot, pieux.

SPIRITUALITY, s. spiritualité, f. spirituel, m.

SPIRITUALIZATION, s. spiritualisation, f. SPIRITUALIZE, r. a. spiritualiser. SPIRITUALLY, adv. spirituellement.
SPIRITUALTY, s. le clergé, le corps des ecclé-SPIRITUOUS, adj. spiritueux. [siastiques. SPIRITUOUSNESS, s. qualité spiritueuse. SPIRIT, s. seringue, f. borcoli, m. jeune chou. SPIRIT, n. seringue, f. SPIRT, v. a. scringuer, jaillir, pousser, jeter. SPIRTLE, r. a. dissiper, jaillir. SPIRY, adj. pyramidal, spiral.

SPISSITUDE, s. densité, f. épaisseur, f.

EPIT, s. une broche. A turn-spit, un tourne-SPIT, adj. crache. [broche. SPIT-FULL, s. brochee, f. SPIT, v. a. embrocher, mettre à la broche. SPIT, r. a. & n. cracher, saliver. A spitting-box, un crachoir. SPITCHCOCK, s. une anguille rôtie.

SPITE. s. malice, f. env. e, f. haine, f. ressentiment, m. In spice of, adv. en depit de, SPITE, r. a. donner du dépit, fâcher. SPITEFUL, adj. mechant, malin, malicieux. SPITEFULLY, adv. malicieusement. SPITEFULNESS, s. malice, f. méchanceté, SPITTER, s. cracheur, m. SPITTLE, s. crachat, m. salive, f. SPLASH, v. a. éclahousser. SPLASHY, adj. gacheux. SPLAY-FOOT, adj. cagneux. SPLAY, r. a. épauler un cheval. SPLAY-MOUTH, s. grimace, (en élargissant la bouche, f.

Spleen, s. la rate, fiel, m. animosité, f. colère, f. haine, f. bile, f. aigreur, f. ressentiment, m. rancune, f SPLEENFUL, adj. melancolique, chagrin, colère. SPLEENWORT, s. scolopendre (herbe), f. SPLENDENT, adj. brillant, eclatant. SPLENDID, adj. splendide, magnifique. SPLENDIDLY, adr. splendidement. SPLENIOUR, s. splendeur, f. éclat, m. mag-nificence, f. pompe, f. gloire, f. SPLENETICK, adj. melancolique, chagrin. SPLENICK, adj. splenique. SPLENT, s. esquille, f. suros, m. SPLICE, r. a. episser. SPLINT, s. éclisse, f. esquille, f. suros, m. SPLINT, v. a. éclisser, clisser. SPLINTER, s. éclat, m. esquille, f. SPLINTER, r. a. & n. briser. se briser en SPLIT, v. a. & n. se fendre, se brise. SPLITTER, s. fendeur, m Spoil, r. a. & n. voler, piller, dépouiller, désoler, dévaster, ravager, ruiner, gâter, perdre, corrompre, rendre inutile. Sport. s. vol, m. larcin, m. pillage, m. dépouilles, f, pl, butin, m, proie, f, perte, f, ruine, f, la dépouille d'un serpent. SPOILER, s. voleur, m. brigand, m. SPOKE, s. rais de roue, m. [la parole. SPOKESHAN, s. orateur, m. celui qui porte BPOLIATE, r. a. dépouiller, spelier. [118. SPOLIATION, & spoliation, / depouillement,

SPONDYLE, s. sponge, f.
SPONGYLE, s. vertebre, f.
SPONGE, s. éponge, f. See To Spange
SPONGINESS, s. qualité spongieuse.
SPONGIOUS, SPONGY, adj. spongieux. SPONSAL, adj. conjugal. Sponsion, s. cautionnement, m. SPONSOR, s. caution, f. repondant, m. par-SPONTANEITY, s. spomanéité, f. [rain, f. SPONTANEOUS, adj. spontance, volontaire. SPONTANEOUSI Y, adv. volontairement. SPONTANEOUSNY, aut. volontairement.

SPONTANEOUSNESS. See Spontaneity.

SPOOL, s. époule, f. Lobine, f. A spoolingwheel, roue à dévider, f. SPOOM, r. n. ecumer, s'avancer rapidement. Spoon, s. une cuiller. Sea-spoon, s. cuiller de mer, n. Spoon, n. n. mettre à sec, naviguer avec es voiles ferlées. Spoonful, s. palette, f. (sorte d'oiseau.) Spoonful, s. une cuillerée, plein une cuiller. SPOONMEAT, s. ce qui se mange avec la cuil-SPOONWORT, s. cuillerée, f. cochléaria, m. SPORT, s. jeu, m. amusement, m. divertissement, m. passe-temps, m. recréation, f. ba-dinage, m. le plaisir de la chasse, m. jouet, m. sujet de risce, mesures, f. pl. manège, m. procédé, m. manière d'agir, f. SPORT, v. n. & a. jouer, badiner, folktrer, se jouer, se moquer de. Make mort, divertir, faire rire, rire, jouer, se ricréer, pas-[diverti. ser le tems. SPORTED WITH, adj. dont on s'est joue or SPORTER, s. joucur, m. qui hadine. SPORTEUL, adj. badin, enjouc amusant. SPORTFULLY, adv. par amusant. SPORTFULNESS, s. jeu, m. bacmage, m. divertissement, m. amusement, m. SPORTING, s. badinage, m. jeu, m. SPORTIVE, adj. badin, folâtre. SPORTIVENESS. See Sportfulness. SPORTSMAN, s. un chasseur. SPORTULE, s. aumône, Spot, s. tache, f. souillure, f. merque, f. moucheture, f. morceau de terre, m. endroit, m. place, f. lieu, m. Upon the spot, sur le champ, incontinent. SPOT, v. a. tacher, salir, souiller, tacheter, moucheter, marqueter, border. [pure. SPOTLESS, adj. sans tache, sans reproche, SPOTTER, s. celui qui tache, une brodeuse de SPOTTY, adj. plein de taches. [gaze. SPOUSAL, adj. nuptial, conjugal. SPOUSAL, s. mariage, m. SPOUSE, s. cpoux et épouse, mar. et semme. SPOUSED, adj. épousé, marié. SPOUSELESS, adj. non-marie, celibataire. SPOUT, r. a. & n. verser, jeter, faire jaillir or saillir, jaillir, sourdre; to spout down, tomber à verse; to spout up, rejaillir. SPOUT, s. jet, m. robinet, m. gargouille, f. 'auget, m. torrent de pluie, m. SPRAIN, r. a. fouler, se donner une enterse.
SPRAIN, s. entorse. f. foulure des nerfs, f.
SPRAINTS, s. la fiente d'une loutre. SPRAT, s. melette. f. sardiue, f. SPRAWL, r. n. se débattre, se vautrer SPRAY, s. menu bois, écume de mer, f. SPREAD, r. a. & n. étendre, s'étendre, repan dre, se r'pandre, ouvrir, s'épanouir, s'on vrir, déployer, se déployer. SPREAD, s. étendue. f. expansion, f SPREADER, . celui qui repand semeur. m.

SPRIGGY, udj. p ein de rejetous.

SPRIG. s. jet, m rejeton, m. brin, m. pointe,

SPRIGHT, s. esprit, m. âme, f. spectre, m. SPRIGHTLY, adj. vif, plein de seu, anime. SPRIGHTFULNESS, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. SPRIGHTFULLY, adr. avec ardeur. Spring, v n. pousser, bourgeonner, naître, proceder, provenir, venir, jaillir, sortir, sauter, repousser; faire, faire partir, faire jouer.

Braise, s. le printemps, fontaine, origine, f. source, f. principe, m commencement, m. cause, f. ressort, m. voie d'eau, f. élan, m. essor, m. Spring-water, s. cau de fontaine, eau vive. SPRINGE, s. piège, m. lacet, m. filet, m SPRINGER, s. celui qui fait lever le gibier. Springiness, s. élasticité, f. Spring-tide, s. haute-marée, maline, f. Springy, adj. élastique, à ressort. SPRINKLE, s. aspersoir, m. goupillon, m. SPRINKLE, v. a. & n. asperger, arroser.

SPRINKLING, s. aspersion, f. arrosement, m. SPRIT, v. n. pousser, jeter.
SPRIT, s. jeune chou, brocoli, m.
SPRITE, s. esprit, m. fantôme, m. spectre, m. SPRITSAIL, s. civadière, f. voile de beaupré, f. SPROUT, r. n. pousser, bourgeonner, rejeter. SPRUCE, adj. propre, bien mis, élégant. SPRUCE, v. a. & n. parer, se parer; s. sapin. Spruce-heer, bière à sapin. Spruce-lea-ther, cuir de Prusse, m. SPRUCELY, adr. proprement. SPRUCENESS, s. propreté affectée, élégance. SPRUNS, pret. of Spring, v. a. & n. SPUMK, s. écume, f. r. n. écumer. SPUMK, s. pruncus, SPUMY, adj. écumeux. SPUNGE, s. une éponge. SPUNGE, n. a. & n. laver avec une éponge, corniter. Spunge s. un écornifleur, un parasite. , s. cornificrie, f. ouse, s. une maison de sergent. PUNGIOUS, SPUNGY, adj. spongieux, hu-JUNK, s. bois à demi pourti, m. [mide. SPUR, s. éperon, m. aiguillon, m. SPUR-LEATHER. s. monture d'éperon, f. SPUR, r. a. donner de l'éperon, piquer, animer, pousser, aiguillonner encourager; v. n. voyager en hâte, cour à bride abhatue. Spur-Galled, adj. blessé avec l'éperon. Spurge, s. espurge, f. ésule, f. tithymale, m. Spurge-Laurel, s. thymelée, f. lauréole, f. Spurious, adj. falsifie, faux, suppose. Spuriousness, s. contrefaction, f. Spurling, s. éperlan, m. SPURRY, s. eperaln, m.
SPURRY, v. a. poisser or frapper avec le pied,
dédaigner, mépriser, rejeter, traiter avec
SPURRED, adj. piqué, éperonné. [mépris.
SPURREN, s. éperonnier, m.
SPURREY, s. spergule, f. sorte d'hépatique. SPURT or SPIRT, s. boutade, f. caprice, m. SPURT, v. a. jaillir; to spurt up, rejaillir. SPURTING UP, s. rejaillissement, m. SPUTATION, s. sputation, f. crachement, m. SPUTTER, r. n. crachotter, ecarter la dragée. SPUTTERER, s. celui qui crachotte. Bry, s. un espion. Bry. v. a. épier, veiller, observer, découvrir, trouver. SPYROAT. S. line corvette

epais, grossier. SQUAB, s. sopna, m. lit de repos, m. coussin, m. tabouret rembourré, m. SOUAB, adr. avec violence, rudement. SQUABBISH, adj. gros, épais, trapu. [ger. SQUABBISH, v. n. quereller, disputer, deran-SQUABBLE, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. SQUABBLER, s. querelleur, querelleuse. SQUABBLING, s. querelles, f. disputes, f. pl. SQUADRON, s. escadron de cavalerie, ss. escadre de vaisseaux de guerre, f. SQUALID, adj. sale, crasseux, mal-propre. SQUALL, r. a. crier, pousser des cris. Squalls of wind, coups de vent, m. pl. SQUALLER, s. crieur, criard, criailleur. SQUALLY, adj. sujet aux rafales. Squamous, adj. écaille, écailleux. [ser. SQUANDER, v. a. dissiper, prodiguer, disper-SQUANDERER, s. prodigue, m. dissipateur, m. SQUARE, adj. quarré or carré, fort, bien tail-le, honnète, juste, franc. SQUARE, s. quarre, m. place, f. quarreau, m. panneau, m. abaque, m. or tailloir, m. cquerre, f. niveau, m. ègalité, f. Squarr, r. a. & n. équarrir, régler. Squarrenses, s. quadrature, f. figure quarre. Squaring, s. l'action d'équarrir. Squari, s. toute chose qu'i s'écrase aisément. SQUASH, r. a. écacher, écraser, applatir. SQUAT, adj. accroupi, trapu, ramasse. SQUAT, v. n. s'accroupir, être accroupi. SQUEAK, v. n. crier, s'écrier. [yeur.) SQUEAKING, s. cri, m. l'action de s'écrier. SQUEAL, v. n. crier, pousser des cris. SQUEAMISH, adj. délicat, dégoûté. SQUEEZE, s. compression, f. pression, f. SQUEEZE, v. a. presser, serrer, exprimer, faire sortir, accabler; v. n. passer, sortir. SQUIB, s. fusée (d'artifice.) f. SQUILL, s. (a plant) squille, f. SQUINT, v. n. loucher, regarder de travers. SQUINT, adj. louche, qui regarde de travers. SQUINT-EYED, adj. louche, méchant. SQUINTINGLY, adv. en louchant. SQUIRE, s. écuyer, m.; v. a. accompagner SQUIRREL, s. un écureuil. SQUIRT, s. seringue, f. foire, f. cours or flux de ventre, m. SQUIRT, v. a. seringuer; v. n. bavarder. STAB, v. a. poignarder, tuer à coups de poi-STAB, s. un coup de poignard. STABBER, s. un meurtrier, un assassia. STABILIMENT, s. support, m. appui, m. STABILITY, s. stabilité, f. constance, f. STABLE, adj. stable, constant, ferme, fixe.
STABLE, s. étable, f. écurie, f. [une étable.
STABLE, v.a. & n. établer, loger comme dans STABLEBOY, STABLEMAN, s. valet d'écurie, STABLENESS, s. stabilité, f. sermeté, f. [m. STACK, s. tas, m. monceau, m. pile, f. amas, STACE, v. a. mettre en tas, entasser. STACE, s. le stacté, la myrrhe, (gomme. STADTHOLDER, s. le Stadhouder. STAFF, s. bâlou, m. flèche, f. baguette, f. crosse, f. soutien, m. appui, m. pouvoir, m. auctorité, f. droit, m. stance, f. couplet, m. STAFF-TREE, s. troëne, m. STAG, s. cerf, m. STAG-BEETLE, s. cerf-volant, m. [état, s STAGE, s. théatre, m. scène, f. degré, s [état, m STAGE-PLAYER, s. un acteur une actrice.

sent; to stand for, briguer, postuler, post

STAGE-HORSE, s. un cheval de relais, un m Stagecoach, s. coche, m. carrosse, m. voi-STAGER, s. un acteur, une actrice. STAGGARD, s. un cerf de quatre ans. [ture, f. STAGGER, v. n. chanceler, vaciller, hésiter, être, irrésolu; v. a. émouvoir, ébranler. STAGGERING, adj. chancellant, vacillant. STAGGERINGLY, adv. en chancellant. STAGGERS, s. vertigo de cheval, m. STAGNANCY, s. état croupissant. [mant. STAGNANT, adj. croupissant, stagnant, dor-STAGNATE, v. n. croupir, être sans mouve-STAGNATION, s. stagnation, f. [ment. STAID, adj. arrêté, posé, grave, rassis. STAIDNESS, s. sobriété, f. gravité, f. STAIN, s. tache, f. soillure. f. STAIN, v. a. tacher, ternir, noircir, fletrir. STAINER, s. celui qui tache, qui barbouille.

Paper-stainer, s. dominotier, m.

STAINLESS, adj. sans tache.

[étage, m. STAIR, s. degre, m. escalier, m. montee, f. STAIR-CASE, s. escalier, m. STAKE, s. pieu, m. poteau, m. jalon, m. STARE, v. a. mettre au jeu, risquer, hasarder, garnir de pieux, supporter, appuyer. STALACTITES, s. stalactite, f. STALE, adj. vieux, suranne. Stale-beer, wine, bread, de la bière vieille, du vin vieux, du rássis or dur. STALE, s. urine, f. pissat, m. un échelon, de la bière vieille, une prostituée, moyen, m. attrait, m. appas, m. amorce, f. STALE, v. a. user, f. saire passer, faire vieillir, rendre vieux; v. a. pisser, uriner. STALELY, adv. depuis long temps, il y a long STALEMESS, s. vicillesse, f. [temps. STALE, s. tige, f. côté (d'une plante); rafle, f. queue, f. (de raisins.) STALK, v. n. marcher fièrement. STALKING-HORSE, s. cheval pour chasser à STALKY, adj. dur, coriace. [la tonnelle, m. STALL, s. un étable, étan, m. échope, Head-stall of a bridle, têtiere de bride, j STALL, v. a. & n. établer, habiter. STALLED, part. adj. établé, gardé dans une ćtable, rassasić. STALLION, s. étalon, m. STAMEN, s. fil, m. trame, f. STAMINA, s. pl. étamines (des fleurs), f. pl. STAMINEOUS, adj. fibreux. STAMMER, v. n. bégayer, bredouiller. STAMMERER, s. bégaye, un bredouilleur. STAMMERING, s. bégayement, m. [tant. STAMMERINGLY, adv. en bégayant, en hési-STAMP, v. a. frapper avec le pied, broyer, piler, empreindre, imprimer, marquer, monnoyer, forger, étalonner, timbrer; v. n. frapper du pied, marcher pesamment. STAMP, s. coin, m. trempe, f. empreinte, impression, f. marque, f. estampe, f. STAMPER, s. pilon, m. un lourdeau. [fieff STANCH, adj. bon, bien conditionne, franc, STANCH, v. a. & n. étancher, s'étancher. STANCHING, s. étanchement, m. STANCHLESS, s. qu'on ne saurait étancher. STANCHNESS, s. bonté, f. solidité, j STAND, v. n. être debout, se tenir debout, se soutenir, s'arrêter, demeurer, rester, être, tenir, subsister, être situé; to stand about, environner; to stand against, résister, s'opposer; to stand by, soutenir, defendre appuyer, se reposer, compter sur être pre-

suivre, rechercher, tenir pour, défendre, être pour or du parti, du sentiment de, signisier, être au lieu de ; to stand forth, avancer, s'avancer, se presenter; to stand in, couter, revenir; to stand off, se tenir à l'écart, être à quelque distance or à la hauteur de, reculer; to stand out, tenir ferme, tenir bon, resister, faire tête, avancer; to stand out of the way, ôtez-vous du chemin; to stand to, persister, continuer, s'en tenir; to stand to the North, faire voile vers le Nord; to stand under, en rependre, soutenir; to stand up, se lever, se tenir debout; to stand upon. concerner, regarder, interesser, estimer, faire cas, se piquer, se glorifier, se faire honneur, insister, prétendre; to stand with, s'accorder, compatir, convenir, contester, disputer. STAND, v. a. endurer, soutenir, souffrir. STAND, s. station, f. pause, f. halte, f. état stationnaire, poste, m. rang, m. opposition f. résistance, f. embarras, m. penplexité, f. doute, m. suspens, m. chantier (de cave), m. un guéridon. To keep at a stand, de meurer tlans le même état. To make a stand, resister, s'opposer.
STANDARD, s. étendard, m. enseigne, m. drapeau. m. étalon (pour les mesures), m. titre de la monnoie, m. règle, f. modèle, mouton d'un carrosse, m. arbre en pleis STANDARD-BEARER, s. porte-étendard, m. STANDER, s. celui qui demeure, un baliveau. STANDER-BY, s. un spectateur, un regardant. STANDING, part. adj. établi, fixe, constant, regle, sur pied, debout, crouppissant, dormant. STANDING, s. place, f. lieu, m. poste, m. copdition, f. rang, m. STANDISH, s. ecritoire, f. STANG, a toise, f. perche, f.
STANNARY, adj. qui concerne les mines d'étain or marche public, m. STANZA, s. stance, f.
STAPLE, s. étape, f. entrepôt, m. magasin, sa.
Staple of a lock, la gâche d'une scrure.
STAPLE, adj. règlé, établi, d'étape, conforme aux lois du commerce. STAR, s. astre, m. etoile, f. un astérisque. STARBOARD, s. stribord, m. STARCH, s. empois, m.; v. a. empeser. STAR-CHAMBER, s. la chambre étoilée. STAR-GAZER, s. un astronome, un astrologue STAR-HAWK, s. lanier, m. oiscau. STAR-LIGHT, adj. étoilé, brillant d'étoiles. STAR-LIGHT, s. lumière or éclat des étoiles STARCHED, part. adj. empesé. [f. m. pl. STARCHER, s. une empeseuse. STARCHING, s. empcsage, f. STARCHLY, adv. avec affectation. STARCHNESS, s. affectation, f. manières alfectées, f. pl STARE, s. un étourneau. STARE, s. surprise, f. un regard fixe. STARER, s. un homme qui regarde fixement A staring look, des yeux égarés. STARINGLY, adv. fixement, entre deux yeus. STARK, adj. fort, vrai, franc, fieffe. STARKLY, adv. tout-à-fait, tout, entièrement. STARLINE, adj. étoilé, brillant. [pont, m. STARLING, s. étourneau, m. avant bec d'an

FARRY, adj. étoilé, somé d'étoiles. Brant, v. n. tressaillir, sauter, faire un écart, WTART, v. x. tressaillir, sauter, faire un écart, trembler, partir, commencer à courir, s'écarter, s'éloigner, reculer; to start up, se dresser, s'élever, commencer à paroitre, resueciter; v. a. lancer, faire partir, faire terrer, faire naître, proposer, découvrir.
START, s. écart, m. tressaillement, m; boutands, f. millie f. carrier m. tade, f. saillie, f. caprice, m. TARTER, s. celui qui recule, un lapercau. STARTING, adj. poureux, ombrageux. Starting-place, la barrière. Starting-hole, une driante, un subterfuge. BTARIHELY, ade, par boutades.

STARTISS, adj. un peu ombrageux.

STARTLE, v. a. & s. effrayer, alarmer, surprendre, tressaikir, trembler de peur. BTARTLE, s. alarme, f. terreur soudaine. BTARVE, v. n. mourir de faim or de froid, être affamé ; v. a. faire mourir de faim. BTATELING, s. animal qui meurt de faim.

BTATELING, s. animal qui meurt de faim.

BTATE, s. état, m. condition, f. disposition, f.
rang, m. qualité, f. empire, m. souveraineté,
f. dais, m. meuble de parade, f. grandeur.
peande, f. fierré, f.
peade, f. fierré, f. STATE, r. a. regler, arrêter, établir. STATELINESS, s. grandeur, f. pompe, f. STATELY, edf. superbe, grand, noble, akier. STATELY, adv. superbenent, avec grandeur. STATICAL, STATICK, adj. de statique. [tat. STATIONS, s. la statique.

BYATION, s. station, f. poste, m. emploi, m. chai, m. rang, m. condition, f. situation, f. STATION, v. a. poster, fixer, établir. STATIONARY, adj. stationaire.
STATIONARY, s. un libraire, un papetier.
STATUARY, s. un statuaire, la sculpture. STATUE, s. une statue. STATURE, s. stature, f. taille, f. [gulier. STATUTABLE, adj. conforme aux statuts, ré-STATUTABLY, adn. conformément aux statuts. STATUTE, s. statut, m. réglement, m. loi, f. STAVE, s. douve, f. ais, m. planche, f. STAVE, v. a. briser, défoncer, funcer ; to stare of, empècher, détourner, écarter. Braves, pl. of Staff. Bray, v. n. rester, s'arrêter, demeurer, tarder; to stay away, s'absenter; to stay for, attendre; to stay on or upon, se reposer, compter sur; r. a. arrêter, reprimer, étayer, appuyer, soutenir; to stay from, empecher. 82AV, s. zéjour, m. demeure, f. retard, m. dé-lai. m. étaie, f. appui, m. soutien, m. fond, z. bride (de beguin d'enfant), f. peigne (de timerand), m. STAYEDI.Y, adv. posement, gravement. STAYEDNESS, s. gravité, f. retenue, f. STAYER, s. celui qui arrête, retient. STAY-LACE, s. lacet, m. STAYS, s. un corps de jupe. BTEAD, s. place, f. lieu, m. utilité, f. usage, m. service, m. aide, f. In stead of, au lieu de. BTEAD, v. a. servir, rendue service. STEADFAST, adj stable, ferme, solide.
STEADFASTLY, adv. fermement, constam-STEADILY, adv. avec fermete, constamment. STEADINESS, s. fermete. f. assurance. f. BTEADY, adf. sur, ferme, assuré, constant, | STERILIZE v. a. rendre stérile.

résolu, déterminé. Stendy hand, main STEAE, s. tranche, f. côtelette, f. grillade, f. STEAE, r. a. voler, dérober, soustraire, surprendre; to steal au qu, s'insinuèr, se sauver, s'évader, se dérober; to steal avay from, détourner. STEALER, s. un voleur, un filou. STEALINGLY, adv. à la dérobée, secrètement STEALTH, s. vol, m. mences sourdes. By stealth, à la dérobée, en cachette. STEALTHY, adj. clandestin, secret, caché. STEAM, s. vapeur, f. fumée, f. STEAM, v. n. exhaler que que vapeur, fumer; to steam away, s'évaporer. STEED, s. un cheval, un coursier. STEEL, s. acier, m. armes, f. pl. fusil, m. STEEL, v. a. acerer, garnir d'acier. STEEL, v. a. acver, garnin ducier.
STRELL, adj. d'acire, acciré, dur, de fer.
STEEL-YARD, s. romaine, f peson, m.
STEEP, s. roide, escarpe, f. un précipice.
STEEP, v. a. tremper, infuser, imbiber.
STEEPLE, s. un clocher. STEEPNESS, s. penté escarpée, roideur, f. STEEPY, adj. sourcillcux, escarpe. STEER, s. un bouvillon, un jeune boeuf. STEER, v. a. gouverner, diriger, guider, conduire; r. n. naviguer, faire route. STEERAGE, s. timon, m. l'endroit du navire où se tient le timonier, m. conduite, f. poupe, f. gouvernement, m. direction, f. STEERING, s. gouvernement, m. conduite, f. STEERSMAN, s. pilote, m. timonier. STEGANOGRAPHY, s. steganographie, f. STEGNOTICK, adj. stegnotique, astringent.

STRLE, s. ause, f. manche, m. tige, f. tuyan

STELLAR, adj. astral. [de ble, sa. STELLATE, adj. radie STELLATION, 8. scintillation. f. STELLIFEROUS, adj. qui a des étoiles. STEM, s. tige, f. rejeton, m. la proue, l'éperon, m. le cap or l'avant d'un vaisseau, la poulaine. STEN, v. a. s'opposer, aller contre. STENCH, s. puanteur. f. mauvaise odeur. STENCH, v. a. rendre puant, empécher de STENOGRAPHY, s. stenographie, f. [couler STENTOREAN, adj. de stentor, fort. STENTOROPHONICK, adj. de stentor, fort. sonore. STEP, r. n. faire un pas, aller, marcher, faire un tour; to step a/ter, suivre: to step aside, s'écarter, se ranger de côté; to step back, retourner, rebrousser chemin ; to step down, descendre ; to step in, entrer ; to step over, aller au delà, passer, traverser ; to step out, passer outre, traverser, Table of the control ther, belle-mère, f. marâtre, f. Step-son beau-fi's, m. Step-daughter, belle-fille, f. Step-b other, beau-frère, m. Step-sister, Step-sister, helle-sœur, f. Sterping, s. l'action d'aller, &c. STERCORATION, s.l'action de fumer les terres. STEREOGRAPHY, s. stereographie. f. STEREOTYPE, adj. stériotype; r. a. stérioty-STERILE. adj. stériotype; r. a. stérioty-STERILEY. a. décilié. 4 STEREOMETRY, s. stéréométrie, f. STERILITY, s. sterilite, f.

STERLING, adj. & s. sterling, m. [turel. STERLING, adj. vrai, authentique, propre, na-STERN, adj. scvere, rebarbatil, rigide. STERN, s. poupe, f. arrière de navire, m. STERNPOST, s. étambord, m. la queue, le der-STERNNESS, s. regard severe, durete, f. ri-Sternness, s. regard severe, durete, f. ri-Sternon. s le sternie STERNON, & le sternum. [gueur, f. STERRUTATIONS, éternument, m. STERNUTATIVE, udj. stermitatif. STERNUTATORY, s. sternutatoire, m. STEW, s. reservoir, m. vivier, m.; étuve, f. A stew-pan, une terrine à étuver. STEW, r. a. étuver, faire cuire à l'étuvée. STEWARD, s. homore d'affaires, m. intendant de maison, m. maître d'hôtel, m.; sieward of a ship, munitionaire, m. STEWARDSHIP, s. la charge de maître d'hôtel, d'intendant, &c. administration, f. STIBIAL, adj. d'antimoine, stibié. STICK, r. a. attacher, mettre, plonger, enforcer, ficher, piquer, larder, tuer, percer; c. n. s'attacher, tenir, adhérer, faire difficulté, hésiter, douter, être embarrassé; to stick out, être désœuvré, se retirer, ne voulcir pas se méler de, avancer, sortir, faire ventre, rester, s'imprimer, insister sur ; to stick a pig, tuer un cochon ; to stick into, plonger; to stick by, soutenir, appuyer. STICK, s. baton, m. brin, m. branche, f. jet, m. Small sticks, des broussailles. A printer's composing-stick, un composteur. Pressstick, templet, m. STICKINESS, s. viscosité, f. tenacité, f. STICKLE, v. n. être ardent, disputer vive-STICKLER, s. un zélateur, un partisan zélé. STICKY, adj. visqueux, gluant. STIFF, adj. roide, engourdi, inflexible, obsti né, opiniatre, entété, dur, gêné, empesé, affecte, manière. STIFFER, v. a. & n. roidir, se roidir. STIFF-HEARTED, adj. obstine. opiniatre, en-STIFFLY, adr. obstinement, opiniatrement. STIFF-RECKED, adj. obstine. opiniatre.
STIFFNESS, s. roideur, f. tension, f. durete, f.
engourdissement, m. obstination, f. roideur, f. gene. f. affectation, f. STIFI.K, r. a. & n. suffoquer, étouffer. STIPLING, s. étouffement, m. suffocation, f. STIFLING, anj. étouffant, suffocant. STIGMA, s. marque, f. stigmate, m. [famie. STIGNATICAL, STIGNATICK, adj. note d'in-STIGNATIZE, r. a. stigmatiser, dissaner. STILE, s. barrière. f. tourniquet, m. stile, m. aiguille d'un cadran solaire, f. STILETTO, s. un stylet. STILL, adj. calme. tranquille: s. calme, s. STILL, e. un alambic, un laboratoire. STILL, adr. jusqu'à présent, encore, cependant, toujours, continuellement. STILL, r. a. distiller, imposer silence, faire taire, calmer, appaiser, tranquilliser. STILLATOR, STILLATORY, s. un alambie. STILLING, s. distillation, f. un chantier de STILLBESS, s. calme, m. tranquillité, f. STILLY adr. en silence, doucement, sans STILTS. s. échasses, f. pl.
STIMULATE, r. a. aiguillonner, piquer. [bruit. STIMULATING, s. picolement, m. STIMULATING, adj. qui picote, picotant. STIMULATION s. niguillomement, m. STING, r.a. piquer, percer, mordro

[turel. || STING, s. aiguillon, m. pointe, f. STIRGILY, adv. en avare. STINGINESS, s. mesquinerie, f. STINGING, s. piqure. f. morsure, f. STINGLESS, adj. sans aiguillon. STINGY, adj. mesquin, ladre, avare. STINK, r. n. puer, être puant, sentir mauvais STINK, s. puanteur, f. mauvais odeur. STINKARD, s. un puant. STINKING, adj. puant.
STINKINGLY, adr. puamment, bassement.
STINT, s. limite, f. borne, f. mesure, f. STINT, v. a. borner, limiter, astreindre, restreindre, regler, gener, reprimer. STIPEND, s. gages, m. salaire, m. STIPENDIARY, s. & adj. stipendiaire, f. m. STIPTICAL, STIPTICE, adj. stiptique, astrin-[ter. STIPULATE, v. n. stipuler, contracter, and STIPULATION, s. stipulation, f. contrat, a. STIPULATOR, s. celui qui stipule. STIR, v. a. mouvoir, emouvoir, remuer, agiter, exciter, animer, irriter; to stir up, met-tre en mouvement, emouvoir, exciter, susciter, faire naitre, animer, aiguillonner, prevoquer; r. n. remuer, bouger, se movoir, se remuer, rouler, circuler. STIR, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. tapage, m. vacarme, m. émeute, f. révolte, f. STIRRER, s. celui qui excite, querelleur. STIRRING, s. l'action d'exciter un soulèvement, une révolte. STIRRUP, s. un etrier. The stirrup leather, l'étrivière, f. STITCH, r. a. coudre. piquer, brocher. Sтітсн, s. point, m. point d'aiguille, douleur STITCHERY, s. ravaudage, m. STITCHWORT, s. camonille, f. STITHY, s. une enclume. STIVE, r. a. étuver, étousser de chaud. STIVER, s. un sou de Hollande. STOAT, s. un furet. STOCADA, s. estocade, f. coup d'épèc, m.
STOCADA, s. estocade, f. coup d'épèc, m.
STOCADA, s. le trone or le corps d'un arbre,
tige, f. famille, f. souche, f. race, f. mouture (de fusil,) f. plant à greffer, m. girofiée, f. giroflier, m. fonds, m. cepital, m
principal, m. actions, f. pl. quantité, f. psovision, f. le talon (au jeu de cartes,) chan
tier m un col. un tour de cou tier, m. un col, un tour de cou. STOCE, v. a. Sournir, donner, pourvoir, as sortir, amasser, faire provision, peupler. STOCE-DOVE, s. biset, m. pigeon ramier. STOCE-ISSE, s. morue sèche, stock-fiche, f STOCKGILLIFLOWER, s. giroffe, f. giroffe, STOCKING, s. un bas. A stocking mender, une ravaudeuse de bas. STOCKIBH, adj. dur, insensible. STOCKJUB, r. a. & n. agioter, trafiquer en STOCKJOBBER, s. agioteur, m. [papier. STOCK-JOBBING, s. agiotage, m. STOCK-LOCK, s. serrure à pene dormant, f. STOCKS. s. pl. des ceps. m. entraves, f STOCKSTILL, adj. immobile. [actions, f. :xl. STOICAL, adj. stolque, stolcien STOICALLY, adr. stolgnement, en stolcien STOICISM, s. la doctrine or la secte ses-Stoick, J. un stoicien. Cieun 3. STULE, s. une étole, garderobe, f. STOLIDITY, s. stupidité, f. bétiso, f.

STORACH, s. l'estomac, m. appetit, m. gout

m. faim, f. inclination, f. STONACH, r. s. & n. ressentir, se facher.

STOMACHER, s. une pièce d'estomac. STOMACHFUL, adj. fier, reveche, opiniatre. STOMACHICAL, STOMACHICK, adj. stomachique. STOMACHLESS, adj. qui n'a point d'appétit. STONE, S. une pierre, pierre or noyau de cer-tains fruits, pepins (de raisins), m. testicule, m. la pierre, la gravelle, poids de 8 livres à Londres; stone of wool, quatorze livres de laine. A free stone, une pierre taille. A stone-cutter, un tailleur de pierre. Bloodstone, sanguine, f. Load-stone, aimant or pierre d'aimant. Flint-stone, pierre à fusil. pierre d'aimant. Flint-stone, pierre à susil. Chalk-stone, craie, f. Pebble-stone, caillou, A stone bottle, une bouteille de grès. STONE, adj. de pierre.
STONE, v. a. lapider, assommer de pierres.
STONE-ALUM, s. alen de roche, m. STONE-BREAK, s. (a plant) saxifrage, f. STONE-BOW, s. arbalete à julet, f. STONE-CROP, s. herbe aux perles, f. gremil, STONE-PIT, s. une carrière. [m. STONE-PITCH, s. poix seche or endurcie, f. STORE-THROW, s. jet de pierre, m. STONE-WORK, s. ouvrage de maconnerie, m. STONING, s. lapidation, f.
STONING, s. lapidation, f.
STONING, s. lapidation, f.
STOOL, s. selle, f. tabouret, m. siège sans
dosier, m. chaise percée, f. selle, f. A
joint-stool, un escabeau. A foot-stool, un Stoor, v. n. se baisser, se courber, pencher, s'abaisser, plier, se soumettre, s'humilier, se poser, se percher, s'arrêter, fonder (sur sa proie.) STOOP, s. l'action de se baisser, inclination, f. abaissement, m. l'action d'un oiseau qui fond sur sa proie, un tonneau. STOOPINGLY, adv. en se baissant. STOP, v. a. asrêter, suspendre, retarder, empêcher, boucher, fermer; v. n. s'arrêter.

Stop, s. pause, f. station, f. retardement, m. délai, m. retard, m. empêchement, m. objected de la faction de l stacle, m. fin, f. point, m. (dans l'écriture;) touche (d'instrument de musique,) f. STOPPER, Stopple, s. bouchon, m. fouloir, m. biseau de l'orgue. STORAX, s. storax, m. STURE, s. grand nombre, quantité, f. force, f. abondance f. provision, f. amas, m. beau coup, munitions or provisions de guerre, f. pl. l'équipement or avitaillement d'un navire, m. STORE, v. a. munir, fournir, garnir, pourvoir, remplir, amasser, accumuler, reserver, mettre en magasin. Storzhousz, s. magasin, m. STORER, s. celui qui amasse, garde magasin, m. STORED, part. adj. muni. STORK, s. une cicogne. STORESBILL, s. geranion, m. (plante.) STORE, s. tempête, f. orage, m. bourrasque, f. gros temps, assaut, m. vacarme, m. émeute, f. calamité, f. Storm, v. a. donner l'assaut ; v. n. tempêter. STORMING, s. emportement, m. assaut, m. STORNY, adj. orageux, violent, emporté. STORY, s. histoire, f. conte, m. fable, f. fiction, f. un étage de maison. STORY, v. a. raconter, rapporter, dire. STORYTELLER, s. fescur de contes, f. conteur de sornettes, f.

STOUT, adj. fort, vigoureux, robuste, gros, courageux, brave, vigoureux, bardi, sier. STOUTI.Y, adv. vigoureusement, fort et ferme. STOUTNESS, s. force, f. vigueur, f. fierte, f. STOVE, s. un poele, un fourneau, potager, m. un couvet, une chaufferette, ctuve. STOVE, v. a. tenir chaudement dans une étuve. Stow, v. a. serrer, renfermer, arranger. STOWAGE, s. magasin, m. cellier, m. STRADDLE, v. n. écarter les jambes. STRAGGLE, v. n. roder, courir, aller çà et là. STRAGGLER, s. un rodeur, un vagabond, un STRAIGHT, adj. droit. [traineur. STRAIGHT for STRAIT, which see, s. detroit. STRAIGHT. adv. en droite ligne, sur le champ. STRAIGHTEN, v. a. dresser, redresser. STRAIGHTNESS, s. droiture, f. dure étreinte, f. STRAIGHTWAYS, adv. aussitôt, sur le champ. STRAIN, v. a. passer, presser, serrer, expri-mer, filtrer, embrasser fortement, bander, tendre, pousser, étendre, forcer, outrer, hausser, éléver; v. n. s'efforcer, tacher, filtrer, couler. STRAIN, s. violence, f. tour, m. entorse, f. race, f. génération, f. caractère, m. genie, m. style, m. ton, m. élocution, f. accord, m. air, m. chant, m. son, m. la piste or la voie (d'une bête fauve.) STRAINER, s. un couloir, une passeire. STRAIT, adj. etroit, serre, intime, strict STRAIT, s. un détroit, un défile, gorge, f. détresse, f. difficulté, f. STRAIT, v. a. embarrasser, mettre dans l'embarras. STRAITEN, v. a. étrécir, rétrécir, resserrer. gêner, incommoder, embarrasser. STRAIT-HANDED, adj. dur à la desserre. STRAITLACED, adj. rigide, gêné, contraint. STRAITLY, adv. étroitement, à l'étroit, intimement, strictement, expressement. STRAITNESS, s. qualité de ce qui est étroit, petitesse, f. rigidite, f. rigueur, f. détresse, STRAND, s. rivage, m. bord, m. cordon, m. [f. STRAND, v. n. échouer sur la côte. STRANGE, adj. étrange, surprenant, extraor-dinaire, bizarre, singulier, étranger, de dehors, lointain, incomu, indifférent. STRANGERLY, adv. étrangement, extraordi-STRANGERESS, s. rareté, f. [nairement. STRANGER, s. un étranger, une étrangère. STRANGER, v. a. aliener, rendre étranger. STRANGILE, r. a. étrangler. STRANGLER, s. celui qui étrangle. STRANGLES, s. gourme, f. maladie de che-STRANGULATION, s. strangulation, f. etran-STRAP, s. courroie, bande de cuir, f. creille de soulier, f. tirant de botte, m. STRAP, r. a. donner les étrivières. STRAPPADO, s. l'estrapade, f. STRAPPER, s. une grande femme or fille. STRAPPING, adj. grand, gros, large. STRATA, s. couches, f. pl. lits, m. pl. STRATAGEM, s. stratageme, m. ruse, f. STRATIFY, v. a. ranger par couches, strati-STRATUM, s. couche. f. lit, m. [fier STRAW, s. paille, f. fctu, m. zeste, m. un rien. A straw-hat, un chapeau de paille. A strawbed, une paillasse. STRAWBERRY, s. fraisier, m. fraise, f. STRAWBERRY-TREE, s. un arboisier. STRAWBUILT, adj. de paille, fait de paille. STRAWCOLOURED. adj. couleur de paille.

STRAWWORM, s. ver de paille, m. STRAWY, adj. plein de paille. STRAY, v. n. roder, se fourvoyer, s'egarer. STRAY, s. l'action de roder, de s'égarer. STRAY, s. bête épave, égarée or perdue. STRAYING, s. égarement, m. l'action de s'é-STREAK, s. raie, f. bande, f. STREAK, v. a. rayer, faire des rayes. STREAKY, adj. rayé, à raies, panaché. STREAM, s. courant, m. eau qui coule, f. le fil or le cours de l'eau, ruisseau, m. torrent, m.; stream of vinegar, un filet de vinaigre; stream of fire, rayons de lumière; stream of words, flux de paroles. STREAM, v. n. couler, ruisseler, sortir jaillir; v. a. rayonner. s'écouler, broder STREAMER, s. flamme, f. banderole, f. STREAMY, adj. coupé de ruisseaux. STREET, s. une rue. STREETWALKER, s. une courcuse. STREIGHT, s. detroit, m. gorge de montagues, STRENGTH, s. force, f. vigueur, f. STRENGTHEN, v. a. fortilier, aftermir, con-firmer, renforcer; v. n. se fortifier, pren-dre de nouvelles forces. STREEGTHERER, s. un corroboratif. STRENGTHLESS, adj. saus force, foible. STRENUOUS, adj. brave, hardi, vigourcux. STRENUOUSLY, adv. vigoureusement. STRENUOUSNESS, s. ardeur, f. empressement, m. STREPEROUS, adj. qui fait du bruit, fort. STRESS, s. fort, m. poids, m. importance, f. point essentiel or principal. STRETCH, v. a. éteudre, élargir, ouvrir, de-ployer, tendre, roidir, bander; v. n. s'é-tendre, s'élargir, s'ouvrir, s'efforcer, exagé-rer, faire un effort, tâcher. STRETCH, s. etendue, f. portée, f. effort, m. torture, f. STRETCHER, s. un paisson, un renfermoir. STRETCHERS, pl. barres traversières. STREW, v. a. repandre, parsemer, joncher. STRICKLE, s. racloire, f STRICT, adj. strict, exact, precis, ponetuel, regulier, positif, expres, rigide, severe, rigourcux, étroit, serré. STRICTLY, adv. strictement, exactement, à la rigueur, expressement, étroitement STRICTNESS, s. exactitude, f. rigueur, f. STRICTURE, s. trait, m. empreinte, f. essai, m. étincelle, f observation légère. STRIDE, s. enjambée, f. pas alongé. STRIDE, v. a. & n. enjamber, faire une en-[jambée. STRIDINGLY, adv. en enjambant. STRIDULOUS, adj. qui fait un petit bruit STRIFE, s. dispute, f. different, m. querelle, f. STRIFEFUL, adj. querelleur. STRIKE, s. boisseau, m. mesure, f. STRIKE, v. a. frapper, battre, amener, bais-ser, abaisser, abattre, mettre bas, punir, affliger, étonner, affecter, faire impression; to strike the sands, toucher, écoucher; to strike sail, amener, caler les voiles; to strike the flag, baisser le pavillon; to strike the topmast, amener les mâts du perroquet ; to strike corn, couper or racler le ble; to strike a league, faire une ligue; to strike up a bargain, arrêter, conclure un marché; to strike asunder, sendre, saire tomber en pièces; to strike down, abattre; to strike in or into, enfoncer; to strike off or out, effacer, rayer, couper, trancher, séparer, rotran-cher; to strike out, produire en frappant, STUDIOUSLY, du. avec étude, avec empresse cher; to strike out, produire en frappant, STUDIOUSERS, s. attachement à l'étude, se

faire sortir, produire, mettre au jour, essa cer, rayer; to strike up a drum, battre la caisse or le tambour; to strike up, commencer à jouer, jouer. STRIKE, v. n. frapper, donner un coup, donner contre, heurter, toucher, echouer, choquer, sonner; to strike again, se revencher, prendre sa revanche; to strike at, s'atta-quer, heurter, porter coup; to strike in with, se joindre avec or a, se conformer, imiter; to strike into, s'elever à, donner dans; to strike out, s'etendre, s'egarer; to strike through, traverser, percer, eclater, se manifester; to strike upon, porter coup à, censurer, attaquer. STRIKER, s. celui qui frappe, batteur, m. STRIKING, adj. surprenant, étonnant. STRING, s. cordon, m. petite corde, f.
STRING, s. fibre, f. filet, m. tenous, m.
STRING, v. a. garnir de cordes, enfiler.
STRINGED, adj. à cordes, qui a des cordes STRINGENT, adj. fort, qui a de la force.
STRINGT, adj. cordé, fibreux. [toile.,
STRIP, s. une petite bande (de drap ou de STRIP, r. a. dépouiller, mettre nu, lever, vo ler, piller, ravager, peler. STRIPE, v. a. rayer, bigarer, varier. STRIPE, s. raie, f. barre, f. bande, f un coup. STRIPLING, s. un jeune garçon.

STRIVE, v. n. se débattre, être aux prises faire des efforts, s'efforcer, tacher. STRIVER, s. celui qui débat, qui s'efforce, STRIVINGLY, adv. à l'envi. [qui tâche. STROKE, s. un coup, trait, m. coup de plums or de pinceau, m. touche, f. STROKE, v. a. caresser, flatter. STROLL, v. n. troler, rouler, roder. [buiant STROLLER, s. un coureur, un comédien am STROLLING, adj. qui rode, ambulant.
STRONG, adj. fort, vigoureux, robuste, puissant, fortific, gros, épais, violent, véhément, plein de suc. STRONGLY, adv. fortement, puissamment. STRONG-WATERS, s. pl. des liqueurs fortes. STROPHE, s. une strophe, une stance. STROW, v. a. répandre, disperser. STRUCTURE, s. structure, f. construction, f edifice, m. ordre, m. disposition, f. STRUGGLE, v. n. se débattre, se démener, the cher, s'agiter, s'efforcer, lutter. STRUGGLE, s. effort, m. dispute, STRUGGLER, s. celui qui se débat, &c. STRUMA, s. les ecrouelles, f. pl. STRUMPET, s. une putain, une prostituée STRUT, v. n. se carrer, se pavaner, s'enfler. STRUT, s. démarche fière et orguilleuse. STUB, s. un tronc, un reste. STUB, r. a. arracher, extirper, déraciner. STUBBED, part. adj. acrache, trapu, membra STUBBLE, s. cteule, f. chaune, m. STUBBORN, adj. entêté têtu, obstiné. STUBBORNLY, adv. obstinement, opiniâtre-STUBBORNNESS, s. opiniâtreté, f. [ment. STUBBY, adj. trapu, membru, gros et petit. Stucco, s. stuc, m. plâtre, m. STUD, s. borne, f. pieu, m. poteau, m. clou d'ornement, de garniture, m. un haras. STUD, v. a. garnir de clous. STUDENT, s. un étudiant, un écolier. STUDIED, parf. adj. étudié, médité, sa ant. STUDIER, s. un bomme qui étudie. STUDIOUS, adj. studieux, soigneux. [ment STUDIOUSLY, adv. avec etude, avec empresse

STUDY, s. étudo, f. cabinet, m. soin, m. STUDY, v. n. & a. étudier, mediter, s'etudier, tacher, faire ses efforts. STUFF, s. un quelque chose en général, matière, f. drogue, f. matérieux, m. Kitchen-stuf, de la graisse de cuisine. Household-stuf, des meubles, un ameublement. Bruff, interj. bagatelle! TVFF, v. a. fareir, remplir, rembourrer. **Sturring, s. farcé, f. farcissure, f. Stun, s. surmou**t, m. ; v. n. frelater, falsifier. STUMBLE, v. n. & a. broncher, trebucher. STUMBLE, s. faux pas, une méprise, un scru-[pule. TUMBLER, s. celui qui bronche. STUMBLING, s. bronchade, f. faux pas STUMBLING-HORSE, s. chéval qui mollit. STUMBLING-BLOCK, s. pierre d'achoppe-STUMP, s. trone (d'arbre), m. moignon (de jambe coupee), m. ehicot (de dent.) STURRING, s. etourdissement, m. STURT, v. a. rabougrir, empêcher de croître. TUPE, v. a. fomenter. STUPEFACTION, s. stupidité, f. insensibilité, f. étourdissement, m. engourdissement, m.

TUPPFACTIVE, adf. qui stupcfie.

STUPENDOUS, adf. prodigieux, étonnant.

STUPIDITY, as stupide, hébété, grossier.

STUPIDITY, adm stupidement hámman. BTUPIDLY, adv. stupidement, bêtement STUPIFF, v. a. rendre stupide, engourdir. STUPOR, s. engourdissement, m. stupeur, f. STUPRATE, v. a. violer, ravir. STUPRATION, s. rapt, m. viol, m. STURDILY, adv. brusquement, durement. STURDINESS, c. brusquerie, f. insolence, f. STURDY, adf. brusque, brutal, opiniêtre, robuste, fort, vigoureux. STURGEON, s. esturgeon, m.
STURE, s. un jeune boeuf, une génisse.
STUTER, v. n. bégayer, bredouiller.
STUTERR, s. bégue, m. & f. bredouilleur, STUTTERING, s. begayement, m. STY, s. étable à cochons, f. lieu de débauche. STYR, s. orgeolet, m. tache dans l'œil. f. STYGLN, adf. infernal. STYLE, s. style, m. titre, m. manière, f. STYLE, v. a. nommer, donner le titre. STYPTICK, ad. astringent, stiptique. SUASIBLE, ad. facile à persuader. SUASIDA, s. persuasion, f. instigation, f. SUASIDA, s. persuasion, f. instigation, f. SUASIVA, SUASIVA, SUASIVA, SUASIVA, Gouceur, f. Gerree. SUBA, (in composition), signifies a subordinate SUBACID, adj. un peu acide, acidule, aigrelet. SUBACT, v. a. subjuguer, réduire. SUBACTION, s. l'action de conquérir. SUBALMONER, s. un sous aumonier. SUBALTERN, adj. & s. subalterne. SUBALTERNATE, adj. alterne, alternatif. SUB-BRIGADIER, s. un sous-brigadier. SUB-DEACON, s. un sous-diacre. SUB-DEAN, s. un sous-doyen. SUBDELEGATE, adj. & s. subdélégué, substitu, m Subdelegate, v. a. subdéléguer. BUBDELEGATION. s. subdélégation, f. Subdélégation, f. Subdititue, supposé. Subdiversifer de nouveau. Subdivide, su a. subdiviser. Subprision, s. subdivision, / Sepportoes, adf. trompour, fourbe.

SUBDUCE, SUBDUCT, v. a. distraire, détour SUBDUCTION, s. vol, m. soustraction, f. fner SUBDUE, r. a. subjuguer, reduire, dompter. SUBBUER, s. conquerant, m. ce qui dompte. SUBDUPLE, SUBDUPLICATE, adj. sous-double. SUBHASTATION, s. subhastation, f. encan, se Subitaneous, adj. subit, soudain, prompt. SUBJACEKT, odj. situe scus or au pied. SUBJECT, v. a. soumettre, assujettir, obliger Subject, adj. sujet, astreint, oblige, expose SUBJECT, s. sujet, m. substance, SUBJECTION, s. sujetion, f. dependance, f. SUBJECTIVE, adj. qui a rapport au sujet. SUBJOIN, v. a. ajouter, joindre à. SUBJUGATE, v. a. subjuguer, conquerir. Subjugation, s. l'action de subjuguer, con SUBJUNCTION, s. subjonction, f. SUBJUNCTIVE, adj. subjonctif. [quête, f. SUBLAPSARY, adj. fait après la chute d'Adam SUBLATION, s. l'action d'enlever. SUBLEVATION, s. l'action d'élever SUBLIMABLE, adj. capable de sublimation. Sublimableness, s. qualité d'être capable de sublimation. Sublimate, s. sublimé, m. Sublimate, v. a. sublimer, exalter, clever. Sublimation, s. sublimation, f. élévation, f SUBLIMATORY, s. sublimatoire, m. SUBLIME, adj. haut, élevé, sublime. SUBLIME, s. le sublime, le stile sublime. SUBLIME, v. a. sublimer, élever, raffinez spiritualiser. Sublimely, adv. sublimement. SUBLUMAR, Sublimité, f. élévation, f. SUBLUMAR, SUBLUMARY, adj. sublunaire. SUBMARINE, adj. qui est or qui agit sous le SUBMERGE, r. a. submerger, noyer. Submersion, s. submersion, f. Subminister, v. a. & n. administrer, fournir SUBMISS, adj. soumis, humble, respectueur. SUBMISSION, s. soumission, f. deference, f respect, m. obéissance, f. SUBMISSIVE, adj. soumis, obeissant. SUBMISSIVELY, adr. avce soumission. SUBMISSIVENESS, s. humilité, f. soumission SUBMISSLY, adv. avec soumission. Surmit, v. a. soumettre, assujettir, referer s'en rapporter à ; v. n. se soumettre, fféchig plier, se conformer à, passer par. Subordinacy, Subordinancy, s. subordi nation, f. dépendance, f. SUBORDINATE, adj. subordonné, inférieur en SUBORDINATE, v. a. subordonner. SUBORDINATELY, adv. subordonnément. SUBORDINATION, s. subordination, f. SUBORN, v. a. suborner, seduire, attirer. Suborner, s. suborneur, m. subornateur, m. SUBPONA, s. citation, f. ajournement. m. SUBPONA, v. a. citer, ajourner, assigner. SUB-READER, s. sous-lecteur, m. SUB-RECTOR, s. sous-ministre, m. SUBREPTION, s. subreption, f SUBREPTITIOUS, adj. subreptice. SUBREPTITIOUSLY, adv. subrepticement. SUBROGATE, v. a. subroger. SUBSCRIBE, v. a. souscrire, signer, consentir. SUBSCRIBER, s. souscripteur, m. SUBSCRIPTION, s. souscription, f. seing, m. SUBSEQUENT, adj. subsequent, suivant. SUBSEQUENTLY, adv. ensuite, après. [aider. Subserve, v. a. servir, seconder, favoriser, Subservience, Subserviency, s. ser vice, m. utilité, f. secours, m. conours, m. SUBSERVIENT, adj. subalterne, subordonne

ROBSIDE, o. n. baisser, aller an fond, déport r, s'abaisser; to subside from, s'éloigner. Subsidence, Subsidency, s. sédiment, m. SUBSIDIARY, udj. subsidiaire, auxiliaire. SUBSIDY, s. subside, m. impût, m. Subsign, v. a. soussigner, souscrire. SUBSIST, v. n. subsister, exister, vivre. Subsistence, s. existence, f. subsistance, f. entretien, m. nourriture, f. SUBSISTENT, adj. existant, qui est or existe. SUBSTANCE, s. substance, f. être, m. matiere, f. corps, m. réalité, f. SUBSTANTIAL. adj. reel, existant, substantiel, essentiel, fort, solide, riche. SUBSTANTIALLY, ado. substantichement, récliement. SUBSTANTIALNESS, SUBSTANTIALITY, qualité substantielle, solidité, f. sermeté, f. Substantials, s. pl. l'essentiel, m. la sub-SUBSTANTIATE, v. a. faire exister. [stance. SUBSTANTIVE, adj. & s. substantif. SUBSTANTIVELY. adv. substantivement. SUBSTITUTE, s. un substitut. SUBSTITUTE, v. a. substituer, subroger. SUBSTITUTION, s. substitution, SUBSULTIVE, SUBSULTORY, adj. qui bondit. SUBSULTORILY, adv. en bondissant. SUBTANGENT. s. sous-tangente, f. SUBTENCE, s. sous-tendante. f. SUBTERFLUENT, SUBTERFLUOUS, adj. qui coule par dessous. Subterfuce, s. subterfuge, m. défaite, f. SUBTERRANEAN, SUBTERRANEOUS, adj. seuterrain. Subtile, adj. subtil, délié, fin, menu, per cant, penetrant, aigu, ruse, adroit. SUBTILELY, adv. subtilement, finement. SUBTILENESS, s. finesse, f. adresse, f. subti-SUBTILIATE, v. a. subtiliser. [lité, f. SUBTILIATION, s. raffinement, m. SUBTILIZE, v. a. & n. subtiliser, rarefier, raf-SUBTILIZING, s. subtilisation, f. SUBTILTY, s. subtilité, f. raffinement, m. chicane, f. finesse, f. ruse. f. artifice, m. Subtle. See Subtile, ruse, fin. SUBTLY, adv. See Subtilely. SUBTRACT, v. a. soustraire, ôter. SUBTRACTION, s. soustraction, SUBURB, s. fauxbourg, m. confin, m. bord, SUBURBAN, adj. habitant d'un fauxbourg. SUBVERSION, s. subversion, f. renversement, SUBVERSIVE, adj. qui tend à la ruine. [m. SUBVERT, v. a. renverser, detruire, ruiner. SUBVERTER, & celui qui renverse, destruc-SUB-VICAR, &. sous-vicaire, m. [teur, m. BUB-VICAR, s. sous-vicaire, m. SUB-VICARSHIP, s. sous-vicariat, m. Succedaneous, adj. qui succède. SUCCEDAREUM, s. substitut. m. SUCCEED, v. a. & n. succeder, suivre, reus-SUCCEEDER, s. successeur, m. SUCCEEDING, adj. suivant, futur. Success, s. succès, m. réussite, f. évènement, m. SUCCESSFUL, adj. heureux, qui a bien réussi. SUCCESSFULLY, adv. heureusement, avec suc-SUCCESSFULNESS, s. réussite, f. Buccussion, s. succession, f. suite, f. Successive. adj. successif, consecutif. SUCCESSIVELY, adv. successivement. SUCCESSIVENESS, s. état de ce qui se suit. Buccessless, adj. malheureux, sans succès. Successon, s. successeur, m. Succine T, adj. succinct, court, précis, con-

Succinctly, adv. succinctement, et. pou de SUCCINCTNESS, s. brièveté, f. Succory, s. (a plant) chicorée, Succour, v. a. secourir, aider, assister. Succour, s. secours, m. aide, f. assistance, f. SUCCOURER, s. aide, m. qui aide. [secoure. SUCCOURLESS, adj. destitué de secoure, sans Succubus, s. succube, m. SUCCULENCY, s. suc, m. substance, f. aboudance de sue, f. SUCCULENT, adj. succulent, substantiel. Succumb, v. n. succomber, plier, ceder. Succussion, s. secousse, f. Such, pron. adj. tel, de même, même, le pr reil, semblable, si grand or si petit. as, ceux qui, celles qui, ceux que. Suck, v. a. & n. sucer, tirer, aspirer, tater; sucer, épuiser; to suck out and up, sucer, pomper, vider. SUCK, s. suction, f. sucement, m. lait, m. SUCKER, s. celui qui suce or qui tête, un tuyau; sucker of a pump, piston, m. soupal d'une pompo, f.; sucker of a tree, soiet d'arbre, m.; sucker of a root, caleu, m. SUCKET, s. confitures, f. pl. Sucking, s. sucement, m. suction, f. ing pig, un cochon de lait. SUCKING-BOTTLE, s. biberon or buberon, m SUCKLE, v. a. allaiter, nourrir de son lait. SUCKLING, e. un nourrisson. SUCTION, s. suction, f. successest, sa. SUDATION, s. sueur, f. SUDATORY, s. étuve, f. bain chaud. SUDDEN, adj. soudain, subit, promp SUDDEN, s. surprise, f. On a sudden. dainement, tout-à-coup. SUDDENLY, adv. subitement, soudainem SUDDENNESS, s. promptitude, f. SUDORIFICK, adj. & s. sudorifique, m. SUDOROUS, adj. suant, tout en eau. SUDS, s. eau de savon, f. embarras, m. Sue, v. a. poursuivre en justice, prier Suet, s. suif, m. graisse, f. Suety, adj. de suif, plein de graisse. SUFFER, v. a. & n. souffrir, supporter, take rer, permettre, subir, faire, patir. SUFFERABLE, adj. supportable. SUFFERABLY, adv. supportablement... SUFFERANCE, s. souffrance, f. peine, f. tience, f. tolerance, f. permission, f. Sufferance, s. celui qui souffre, qui est lémé qui perd, celui qui permet, qui tolère.

Sufference, s. souffrance, f. peine, f. SUFFICE, v. a. suffire, être suffisant, foursir SUFFICIENCY, s. suffisance, f. compétence, autant qu'il faut, assez. Sufficient, adj. suffisant, capable. SUFFICIENTLY, adv. suffisamment, asses. Suffisance, s. abondance, f. exces, m. SUFFOCATE, v. a. suffoquer, ctouffer. SUFFOCATION, s. suffocation, f. SUFFOCATIVE, adj. suffocant. SUFFRAGAN, s. suffragant, SUFFRAGATE, v. n. s'accorder, convenie [tion, f. donner sa voix. SUFFRAGE, s. suffrage, m. voix, f. approb Survusz, v. n. repandre. [d'humeurs, m f. épanchement Surrusion, s. suffusion, Sugar, s. sucre, m.; v. a. sucrer, adoucir. Sugary, *adj.* de sucre, sucre. [proposer Suggest, v. a. suggerer, insinuer, inspirer Suggester, s. celui qui suggere. Suggestion, J. instigntion, J.

Beicide, s. suicide, m BUILDE, S. SUICIGE, M.
BUILGE, S. poursuite, f. brigue f.
BUILGE, sesortiment, m. requete f. instance,
f. demande, f. sollicitation, f.; suit at law
or in law, instance en justice, f.; suit of
clothes, un habillement complet; suit of
hangings, une tenture de tapisserie; suit
of cards, une couleur de cartes.
BUILDE, a. h. m. acceptive acceptive. Suit, v. a. & n. assortir, approprier, conve-nir, adapter, être convenable or seant, s'accorder, être propre. SUITABLE, adj. convenable, conforme, sortable, propre, proportionne, d'accord. SUITABLY, adv. convenablement, conformés SUITER, SUITOR, s. postulant, m. suppliant, m. plaideur, m. un amant, un galant. SUITRESS, s. une suppliante. SULCATED, adj. sillonné.
SULLER, adj. de mauvaise humeur, revêche,
obstine, sombre, triste, chagrin. SULLENLY, adv. d'un air chagrin, triste-SULLENNESS, s humeur chagrine, tristesse, SULLY, v. o. salir, tacher, souiller, ternir, BULLY, s. tache, f. souillure, f. noircir. SULPHUR, s. soufre, m SULPHUREOUS, SULPHUROUS, adj. de soufre, sulfureux. SULPHURY, adj. soufré, impregné de soufre. SULTAN, s. Sultan, le Grand Seigneur. SULTANA, SULTANESS, s. la Sultane, la Reine Sultane. SULTANIN, & (coin) un sultanin. SULTRIKESS, s. chaleur étouffante. SULTRY, adj. étouffant, brûlant. Sum, s. somme d'argent, f. le tout, le total. abrégé, m. Sum, v. a. compter, nombrer, calculer, supputer; to sum up, récapituler, résumer. Sumach, s. (a shrub) sumach, m. SUMMARILY, adv. sommairement. SUMMARY, adj. sommaire, succinct, court. SUMMARY, s. sommaire, m. abrègé, m. SUMMER, s. l'été, m. sommier, m. Summer, v. n. & a. passer l'été. SUMMERHOUSE, s. un pavillon d'été. SUMMERSET, s. soubresaut, m. saut périlleux. SUMMIT, s. sommet, m. haut, m. pointe, f. Sunmon, v. a. sommer, citer. SUMMONER, s. sergent, m. SUMMONS, s. sommation, f. assignation, f. se-SUMPTER, s. sommier, m. mallier, m. SUMPTION, s. l'action de prendre. SUMPTUARY, adj. somptuaire. SUMPTUOUS, adj. superbe, splendide, grand. SUMPTUOUSLY, adv. somptueusement. SUMPTUOUSNESS, s. somptuosité, f. pompe, Sun, s. le soleil. Sun, v. a. mettre, chauffer or secher au soleil. SUN-BEAM, s. rayon du soleil, m. [soleil. SUN-BEAT, adj. échauffé par les rayons du SUNBRIGHT, adj. eclatant, brillant comme un SUNBURNING, s. le hâle. SUNBURNT, adj. hâlé. SUNDAY, s. le Dimanche. [soleil. SUNDER, s. deux, m. deux morceaux. SUNDER, v. a. partager, diviser, séparer. SUNDIAL, s. cadran solaire, m. SUNDRY, adj. divers, plusieurs. SUN-FLOWER, s. tourne-sol, m. heliotrope, m. SUNLESS, adj. sans soleil, où le soleil ne luit SUNLINE, adj. semblable au soleil [pas.

SUNNY, adj. brillant comme le solcil, expose au solcil, brillant. [matin. SURRISE, SURRISING, s. le lever du soleil, le Sunsur, s. le coucher du soleil, le soleil cou-Sunshine, s. la clarté du soloil. Sunshiny, adj. éclairé par le soleil. Sur, s. une gorgée. Sup, v. n. souper; v. a. donner à souper. SUPERABILE, adj. qu'on peut surmonter. SUPERABOUND, v. n. & a. surabonder. Superabundance, s. surabondance, f. [flu. SUPERABUNDANT, adj. surabondant, super-SUPERABUNDANTLY, adv. surabondamment. SUPERADD, v. a. ajouter, augmenter. SUPERADDITION, s. surcroit, m. Superannuated, part. adj. suramė, vieux. Superannuation, s. état de celui qui est cassé de vieillessé. SUPERB, adj. superbe, auguste, magnifique. Supercargo, s. écrivain, m. (d'un vaisseau.) Supercilious, atj. fier, arrogant, impe-SUPERCILIOUSLY, adv. fièrement. frieux. SUPERCILIOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. fierte, f. Supereminence, Supereminency, s. prééminence, f. SUPEREMIKENT, adj. sur-éminent. Supereminently, adv. eminemment. SUPEREROGATE, v. a. faire plus qu'on n'est obligé. SUPERENGATION, s. surcrogation, f. SUPERENGATORY, adj. surcrogatoire. SUPERENCELLENT, adj. très excellent Superfetation, s. superfetation. Superficial, adj. superficiel, exteriour. SUPERFICIALITY, s. qualité superficielle. SUPERFICIALLY, adv. superficiellement. SUPERFICIALNESS. See Superficiality. SUPERFICIES, s. superficie, f. surface, f. SUPERFINE, adj. superfiu, très fin. Superfluity, s. superfluité, f. superflu, n SUPERFILUOUS, adj. superflu, excessif, inutile. Superfluousily, adv. excessivement. SUPERFLUOUSNESS. See Superfluity. Superflux, s. le superflu. SUPERHUMAN, adj. plus qu'humain. SUPERINCUMBENT, adj. qui est sur la surface de quelque chose. [croft SUPERINDUCE, v. a. ajouter, mettre de sur-Superinduction, s. addition, f. surcroft, se. SUPERINSTITUTION, s. institution doublé, f. SUPERINTEND, r. a. avoir la surintendance. SUPERINTENDENCE, SUPERINTENDENCY, s. surintendence, f. inspection, f. SUPERINTENDENT, s. & adj. surintendant, m. SUPERINTENDENT, s. supériorité, f. prééminence, Superiour, adj. & s. superiour. Superlative, adj. & s. superlatif, m. Superlatively, adv. au suprême degré. Superiativeness, s. le plus haut degré d'excellence. Superluckation, s. profit, m. SUPERNAL, adj. d'enhaut, celeste. SUPERNALLY, adr. d'enhaut, par cuhaut. Supernatant, adj. qui surnage. Supernatation, s. l'action de surnager. SUPERNATURAL, adj. surnaturel. SUPERNATURALLY, odv. svrnaturellemem. Supernumerary, adj. sumuméraire. SUPERPROPORTION, surplus de proportion SUPERPURGATION, s. purgation outree. [m SUPERSCRIBE, v. a. écrire au heat. SUPERSCRIPTION, s. suscription, f adresse Supersede, v. a. surseoir, invalider. [pas. | Supersedeas, arrêt de surséance, m.

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Superseding, Supersession, s. sursé-fi Surdity, s. surdité, f.
SUPERSTITION, s. superstition, f.
SUPERSTITIOUS, adj. superstitieux.
SUPERSTITIOUSLY, adr. superstitieusement.
SUPERSTRUCT, v. a. bâtir or fonder dessus.
SUPERSTRUCTURE, s. édifice, m.
SUPERVENE, v. n. survenir, surprendre.
SUPERVENIENT, adj. ajouté.
SUPERVENTION, s. arrivée, imprévue.
Supervise, v. a. surveiller, revoir, examiner.
SUPERVISOR, s. directeur, m. inspecteur, m.
SUPERVIVE, v. n. survivre
Supination, s. posture de celui qui est
couché sur le dos, f.
SUPINE, adj. couché le visage en dessus or
   vers le ciel ; négligent, paresseux.
SUPINE, s. un supin.
SUPINELY, adv. le face vers le ciel ; lache-
ment, negligenment.
SUPINENESS, SUPINITY, s. indolence, f.
SUPPER, s. souper or soupe, m. Supper-time,
   le temps du soupé.
SUPPERLESS, adj. sans souper.
SUPPLANT, v. a. supplanter, debusquer.
SUPPLANTER, s. supplantateur, m.
SUPPLE, adj. souple, flexible, maniable.
SUPPLE, v. a. rendre souple, assouplir.
SUPPLEMENT, s. supplement, m. Supplementary, adj.
  suppléant.
SUPPLENESS, s. souplesse, f. flexibilité, f.
SUPPLETORY, s. supplement, m.
SUPPLIANT, s. & adj. suppliant, soumis.
SUPPLIANT, s. un suppliant, une suppliante.
SUPPLICATE, v. a. prier, supplier, implorer.
SUPPLICATION, s. supplique, f. supplication, Supply, s. secours, m. renfort, m.
Supply, v. a. suppléer, fournir, remplir.
SUPPORT, s. support, m. appui, m.
Supporter, v. a. supporter, porter, appuyer, soutenir, maintenir, favoriser, souffrir.
Supportable, adj. supportable, tolérable.
SUPPORTER, s. appui, m. soutien, m. porters, atlantes, m. pl. supports, m.
SUPPOSABLE, adj. qui est a supposer
Supposal, s. supposition, f. [penser. Suppose, v. a. supposer, imaginer, croire,
SUPPOSER, s. celui qui suppose.
SUPPOSITION, s. position, f. hypothèse,
Supposititious, adj. supposé, faux, falsific.
SUPPOSITIVELY, adr. en supposant.
SUPPOSITORY, s. un suppositoire.
SUPPRESS, v. a. supprimer, reprimer, etouf-
   fer, appaiser, faire, retenir, casser
SUPPRESSION, s. suppression, f. extinction, f. Suppression, s. celui qui supprime, qui tai.
SUPPURATE, v. a. & n. faire suppurer.
SUPPURATION, s. suppuration,
SUPPURATIVE, adj. suppuratif.
SUPPUTATION, s. supputation, f. compte, m.
   calcul, m.
SUPPUTE, v. a. supputer, compter, calculer.
SUPPUTING, s. supputation, f. calcul, m.
SUPPEMACY, s. suprématie, f. supériorité, f.
SUPREME, adj. suprême.
Supremely, adv. au suprême dégré. [pied.
SURBATE, v. a. solbattre, fouler, blesser au
Surcease, s. cessation, f.
                                         [charger.
SURCHARGE, s. surcharge, f.; r. a. sur-
SURCHARGE, s. ceinture, f. surfaix, m.
Surcle, s. rejeton, m.
Surd, adi. sour, qui n'entend pas; qui ne
   resonne pas
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[solide SURE, adj. sur, certain, assuré, vrai, ferme, SURE, adv. assurement, certainement. Sureily, adr. assurément, certainement, sans doute, sûrement. SURENESS, s. assurance, f. certitude, f. sare-SURETISHIP, s. cautionnement, m. [té, f. Surety, s. sûreté, f. assurance, f. certitude, f. caution, f. repondant, m. SURFACE, s. surface, f. superficie, f. SURFEIT, v. a. & n. souler, rassassier. SURFEIT, s. crapule, f. indigestion, f. SURFEITER, s. un crapuleux, un gourmand. Surfeiting, & crapule, f. SURFEITING, adj. qui cause la satiété or le SURGE, s. la mer en courroux, f. lame, f. SURGE, v. n. s'enfler, faire de grosses vagues. Surgeon, s. un chirurgien. SURGERY, s. la chirurgie.
SURGY, adj. enflé, grossi. [hauteur.
SURLILY, adv. fièrement, arrogamment, avec SURLINESS, s. humeur bourrue, fierte, f. SURLOIN, s. surlonge, f.
SURLY, adj, sombre, chagrin, bourru, fier. SURMISE, v. a. soupconner, s'imagine?.
SURMISE, s. notion imparfaite, soupcon, m. SURMISING, s. pensée, f. soupcon, m. Surmount, n. a. s'élever au dessus. SURMOUNTABLE, adj. qui peut être surmonté. SURNAME, s. surnom, m.; v. a. surnommer. SURPASS, v. a. surpasser, exceller, exceder. Surpassing, part. adj. excellent, eminent. SURPASSINGLY, adv. superieurement. SURPLICE, s. un surplis.
SURPLUS, SURPLUSAGE, s. surplus, m.
SURPRISE, s. surprise, f. étonnement, m.
SURPRISE, m. a. surprendre, étonner.
SURPRISE, m. a. surprendre, étonner. SURPRISINGLY, adv. d'une manière surprenante. Surrender, v. a. & n. rendre, se rendre. SURRENDER, s. reddition, f. resignation, f. SURRENDERING, s. reddition, f. Surrendering, s. Surrendering, s. subreption, f. surprise, f. Surrentitious, adj. subreptice, obreptice. SURREPTITIOUSLY, adv. subrepticement. SURROGATE, r. a. subroger, substituer. SURROGATE, s. un substitut, un député. SURROGATING, SURROGATION, s. subrogation, f. SURROUND, r. a. environner, entourer. SURTOUT, s. un surtout. SURVENE, v. n. survenir, accroitre. Survey, v. a. avoir la vue sur, regarder, arpeuter, mesurer, avoir l'intendance. SURVEY, s. vue, f. perspective, f. arpentage, mesurage d'une terre, m. SURVEYING, s. arpentage, m. SURVEYOR, s. intendant, m. inspectcur, m voyer, m. architecte, m. arpenteur, m. SURVEYORSHIP, s. l'office or la qualité d'intendant, de voyer, & c. [vance,] SURVIAL, SURVIVANCE, s. survie, J. survi-SURVIVE, r. a. & n. survivre. SURVIVER, SURVIVOR, s. survivant, m. SURVIVORSHIP, s. survivance, Susceptibility, s. susceptibilité, f Susceptible. adj. susceptible. acces, m Suscipiency, s. reception, f. admission, f. Suscitate, v. a. susciter, exciter, éleve Suscitation, s. suscitation, f. [défier. SUSPECT, r. a. & n. soupconner, croire, se SUSPECT SUSPECTED, adj. soupconne, suspect.

SCOPECTFUL, adj. soupçonneux, defiant. SCOPEND, r. a. susprendre, surscoir, differer. SUSPENDING, s. suspension, f. Suspense, s. suspens, m. doute, m. incerti-tude, f. suspension, f. interdiction, f. Suspense, adj. suspendu, irresolu. Suspension, s. suspension, f. interdiction, f. Suspension, f. bandage, m. Suspensoire, m. bandage, m. Suspensoire, qui cause du soupçon. Suspicion, a. soupçon, m. défiance, f. Suspicious, adj. soupçonneux, suspect. Suspiciously, adv. avec soupçou. Suspiciousness, s. défiance, f. méfiance, f. Suspirations l'action de soupirer, un soupir. Suspine, v. n. soupirer, pousser un soupir. SUSTAIN, v. a. soutenir, appuyer, entretenir, nourrir, aider, secourir, souffrir, supporter. SUSTAINABLE, adj. scutenable.
SUSTAINER, s. celui qui soutient, appui, m. soutien, m. celui qui souffre. Sustenance, s. subsistance, f. entretien, m. SUSTENTATION, s. support, w. appul, ss.
SUSUBRATION, s. chucholerie, f.
SUTBYs. sorte, f. espèce, f. See Suit.
SUTLER, s. un vivandier. SUTTLE-WEIGHT, s. poids net. SUTURE, s. suture, f. SWAB, s. torchon, m. faubert, m. SWAB, v. a. essuyer avec un torchon, laver. SWABBER, s. mousse de navire, m. SWADDLE, v. a. emmaillotter, battre. SWADDLINGCLOTH, SWADDLINGCLOUT, 8. maillot, m. SWAG, v. a. & n. s'effondrer, s'enfoncer, s'affaisser, s'abaisser, plier, haisser. SWAG-BELLY, s. grosse panse, un gros ventre. SWAGGER, v. m. laire le fier, se porter haut. SWAGGERER, s. un faux brave, un fanfaron. SWAGGERING, s. ostentation, f. SWAGGING, SWAGGY, adj. pendant, qui SWAIN, s. un paysan, un berger. [pend. SWALE, v. a. & n. gâter, se fondre. SWALLOW, v. a. avaler, gober, englouter, ab-SWALLOW, s. hirondelle, f. gouffre, m. SWALLOWTAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. SWAMP, s. marais, m. marécage, m. SWAMPY, adj. maricageux. SWAN, s. un cygne. A wild swan, un peli-SWANSKIN, s. molleton, m. [can. SWAP, adv. vite, à la hâte; v. a. troquer SWARD, s. couenne de lard, f. surface, f. pe louse, f. SWARM, s. essaim, m. fourmillière, f. SWARM, v. n. fourmiller, abonder. SWART, SWARTH, adj. bazane. SWART, v. a. brûler le teint. SWARTHILY, adv. avec un teint basané. SWARTHINESS, s. teint basané, halé. SWARTHISH, adj. un peu basané. [soleil. SWARTHY, adj. basané, halé, noirci par le SWASH, s. fondrière, f. SWASH, v. d. faire rejaillir; v. n. ferrailler. [soleil. SWASHER, s. un ferrailleur, un fanfaron. SWATHE, s. maillot, m. langes d'un enfant, m. SWATHE, v. a. emmaillotter. SWATHING-CLOTHES, s. maillot, m. langes, SWATH. #G-BAND, s. bande de maillot, SWAY, v. a. avoir en main. porter, dominer, gouverner, regler, conduire. BWAI, s. pouvoir, m. empire, m. secousse, f. SWEAL, v. s. se fondre. [firmer, attester.] BWEAB, v. n. & a. jurer, faire serment, af-

SWEARER, s. un jureur, une jureuse. SWEARING, s. jurement, f. [vail, m. SWEAT, s. sueur, f. fatigue, f. peine, f. tra-SWEAT, r. w. & a. suer, fatiguer, transpirer; to sweat out, guerir en suant. SWEATER, s. un homme sujet à suer. SWEATING, s. sueur, f.; adj. suant. SWEATY, adj. suant, tout en sueur, tout en SWEDE, s. un Suedois. SWEDEN, s. la Suède. [enlever, détruire SWEEP, v. a. belayer; to sweep away, ôter, SWEEP, s. l'action de balayer, un coup de balai, mouvement violent, secousse, f. SWEEPER, s. balayeur, m. balayeuse, f. SWEEPINGS, s. les balayeures, f. SWEEP-NET, s. un épervier, filet de pécheur. SWEEPSTAKE, s. celui qui gagne tout. SWEEPY, adj. qui traverse avec vitesse. SWEET, adj. doux, m. douce, f. odoriferant, odorant, mélodieux, aisé et coulant, joli. complaisant, agreable, propre.

Sweet, s. douceur, f. plaisir, m. bien, m.
parfum, m. bonne odeur, mon cher. SWEET-SCENTED, adj. parfume. SWEET-SMELLING, adj. odoriferant, qui sent SWEET-BREAD, s. riz de veau, m. fbom? SWEET-BRIAR, s. églantier odoriférant. SWEET-BROOM, s. bruyère, f. SWEETEN, v. a. rendre doux, adoucir, alle ger, calmer, appaiser ; r. n. s'adoucir. SWEETHEART, s. un amant, une amante. SWEETING, s. pomme S. Jean, f. SWEETISH, adj. douceatre, un peu doux. SWEETLY, adr. doucement, agreablement. SWEETMEAT, s. confitures, f. pl. SWEET-WILLOW, s. ceillets de poête, m. pt. SWELL, s. les vagues de la mer, f. pl. SWELL, r. n. & a. enfler, s'enfler, grossis, croître; to swell out, pousser dehors SWELLING, s. enflure, f. tumeur, f. bosse, f. SWELTER, v. n. étoufier de chaleur, brûler. SWELTRY, adj. ctouffant, suffocant. SWERVE, v. n. roder, s'éloigner, s'écarter. SWIFT, adj. vif, leger, prompt, vite, rapide. SWIFT, s. un martinet, (oiseau) le courant. SWIFTLY, adv. vite, promptement. SWIFTNESS, s. vitesse, f. promptitude, f. SWIG, v. n. boire à longs traits. Swill.v. a. boire avec avidité, enivrer, laver. SWILL, s. une lampée, lavure, f. SWILLER, s. un ivrogne. SWILLING, adj. ivrogue; s. crapule, f. SWIM, r. n. nager, flotter, surnager, tourner, avoir des vertiges, passer à la nage. SWIM or SWIM-BLADDER, s. vessie de pois SWIMMER, s. un nageur. [son, f. SWIMMING, s. nagee, nage, f. vertige, st. By swimming, à la nage or à nage, st. Swing, s. un cochon, un porc, un pourceau. SWINE-HERD, s. un porcher. SWINELIKE, adr. comme un cochon. Swing, v. a. brandir, secouer, agiter; v. z. se brandiller, flotter dans l'air, tourner. Swing, s branle, m. secousse, f. essor, m. saille, f. liberie, f. cours, m. penchant, m. escarpolette, f. brandilloire, f. Swing, v. a. fouetter, etriller, punir. SWINGE-BUCKLER, s. fanfaron, m. SWING-GATE, s. bascule, f. SWING-WHEEL, s. la roue qui fait aller le pendule. SWINGER, s. celui qui secone, qui agite. Swinging, s. brandillement, m.

SWINGINGLY, adv. grandement, extraordi- n nairement. SWINGLE, v. n. se brandiller. Swingle, v. n. se brandiner.
Swingle-staff, s. un baton pour battre le
Swinish, adj. de cochon, mal-propre, gros-Switch, s. une houssine, une gaule. Switch, v. a. houssiner, battre à coups de boussine. SWITZER, s. un Suisse. SWITZERLAND, s. la Suisse. SWIVEL, s. un anneau, un porte-mousqueton. Swoon, v. n. s'évauouir, tomber en foiblesse. Swoon, s. evanouissement, m. syncope, f. Swooning, s. évanouissement, m. Swoop, v. a. fondre sur, butiner, enlever. Swoop, s. l'action d'un oiseau qui fond sursa Sword, s. un épée, un fer. SWORD-BEARER, s. porte épée, m. celui qui porte l'epée devant un roi. SWORD-CUTLER, s. un fourbisseur. SWORD-FISH, s. l'empereur, m. SWORD-GRASS, s. glareul, m. SWORD-KNOT, s. nœud d'epce, m. SWORD-LAW, s. la loi du plus fort. SWORL-MAN, s. un homme d'épèc, un guer-SWORD-PLAYER, s. un gladiateur. SWORN, part. adj. juré, qui a prêté serment. SYCAMORE, s. sycomore, m. (arbre.) SYCOPHANT, s. un flatteur, un parasite SYCOPHANTISE, v. n. faire le métier de parasite. SYLLABICAL, SYLLABICE, adj. syllabique, SYLLABLE, s. syllabe, f. [de syllabe. SYLLABUB, s. caillé de lait et de vin, se. SYLLABUS, s. extrait, m. analyse, f. SYLLABUS, S. CAMBAN, S. SYllogisme, M.
SYLLOGISTICALL, adj. syllogistique.
SYLLOGISTICALLY, adv. en forme de syllogisme SYLLOGIZE, v. n. argumenter, raisonner en SYLVAN, adj. champêtre, des bois. [forme. SYLVAN, s. sylvain, m. demi-dieu champêtre, SYMBOL, s. symbole, m. SYMBOLICAL, adj. symbolique, typique.

SYMBOLICALLY, adv. d'une mamère symbolique, symboliquement. SYMBOLIZATION, s. representation. SYMBOLIZE, v. a. representer; v. n. ressembler, symboliser. Symbolizing, s. représentation par sym-SYMBOLIZING, adj. symbolique. SYMMETRICAL, adj. symmetrique. [boles. SYMMETRIST, s. celui qui observe la symmétrie. SYMMETRY, s. symmetrie, f. proportion, f. SYMPATHETICK, adj. sympathique. SYMPATHETICALLY, adr. avec sympathic. SYMPATHIZE, v. n. sympathiser, compatir. SYMPATHY, s. sympathie, f. Symphonious, adj. harmonicux, musical. SYMPHONIST, s. un symphoniste.
SYMPHONY, s. symphonie, f. harmonic, f. concert, m. SYMPHYSIS, s. symphyse, Symposiack, adj. de table. Symptome, s. symptome, m. SYMPTOMATICAL, adj. SYMPTOMATICK flôme. symptomatique. SYMPTOMATICALLY, adr. comme un symp-SYNAGOGICAL, alj. qui appartient à une synagogue. SYNAGOGUE, s. synagogue, f. STNALEPHA, s. synalèphe, m

SYNCHRONICAL, SYNCHRONOUS, adf. synchrone SYNCHROKISM, s. synchronisme, m. SYNCOPATE, v. a. faire une syncope; v. z. s'évanouir. Syncopation, s. (in musick) syncope. L. SYNCOPR, s. syncope, f. élision, f. Syncopist, s. un leseur de syncopes. Syndick, s. député, m. chol, m. syndic, m. SYNDICATE, SYNDICKSHIP, s. syndicat, m. SYNDROME. s. consentement, m SYNECLOCHE, s. synecdoque, f. SYNOD, s. synode, m. conjonction des astres. SYNODAL, SYNODICE, SYNODICAL, adj. synodal, synodique, de synode. SYNONYMA, s. synonymes, m. termes syno nymes. Synonymous, a. synonyme. SYNONYMY, s. synonymie, f. Synopsis, s. abrégé, m. sommaire, m. Syntax, Syntaxis, s. syntaxe, f. sistème. m. Synthesis, s. la synthès SYNTHETICK, adj. synthetique. SYPHON, s. un syphon, un tube. Syringe, s. une seringue; v. a. seringuer. SYRTIS, s. sirtes, m. pl. fondrière, f. sable mouvant. System, s. système, m. Systematical, Systematica, adj. systematique. Systematically, adv. systematiquement, méthodiquement. Systole, s. systole, f. TABBY, s. tabis, m.; adj. tacheté.
TABEFACTION, s. dessechement, m.
TABEFY, r. a. devenir maigre, se consumer. TABERNACI.E, s. tabernacle, m. tente, J TABID, adj. maigre, defait, languissant. TABIDNESS, s. consomption, f. dépériesement, m. TABLATURE, s. tablature, f. TABLE, v. a. nourrir à sa table, faire une table, un catalogue de ; v. n. être en pension, vivre avec. TABLE-BASKET, s. manne or panier à desservir, f. m. TABLE-REER, s. bière de table, f. petite TABLE-CLOTH, s. la nappe. TABLE-CLOTH, s. la nappe. TABLE-MAN, s. une dame, un pion. T'ABLER, s. un pensionnaire. TABLET, s. une petite table, tablette. TABLETALK, s. propos de table, m. entretien de table, m. TABOUR, s. un tambour de hasque. TABOUR, v. n. jouer du tambourin, tambou-TABOURER, s. un tambourineur. [riner TABOURET, TABOURINE, s. un tambourin. TABULAR, adj. en forme de table, fait en TABULATE, r. a. reduire en tables. [carres. TABULATED, adj. taillé en table. TACHE, s. crochet, agraffe, f. [phie. TACHYGRAPHY, s. tachygraphie, tachéogra-TACIT, adj. tacite, implicit. TACITI.Y, adr. tacitement. TACITURNITY, s. taciturnite, f. humeur taci TACK, r. a. attacher, cloner, accoupler. TACK-ABOUT, v. n. virer de bord, tourner.
TACK, s. broquette, f. petit clou.
TACK, l'action de virer de bord, revirement

A tack-wind, un vent de bouline.

TACKLE and TACKLING, s. armes, f. pl. f-] faires, f. pl. meubles, f. pl. cordages de na-TACKLE-ROPES, brayers, m. pl. TACTICAL, TACTICE, adj. de tactique, de la TACTICES, s. la tactique. [lactique. TACTILE, adj. tactile. qui peut être touché. TACTION, s. le tact, le toucher, taction, f. TADPOLE, s. petit crapaud, petite grenouille. TAFFETY, s. taffetas, m. TAG, s. fer, m. ferret, m. petit clou.
TAG, v. a. ferrer, mettre au bout, sjouter. TAIL, s. queue, f. manche (de divers usten-TAIL, v. a. tirer par la queue. TAIL-PIECE, s. cul de lampe, m. TAILED, adj. qui a une queue, lié queue à Tailor, s. un tailleur. queue. TAINT, v. a. impregner, gâter, corrompre.

TAINT, v. teint, f. souillure, f. tache, f. infection, f. fictrissure, f. conviction, f. TAINTLESS, adf. incorruptible, pur, entier. TAINTURE, s. souillure, f. tache, f.
TAKE, v. a. prendre, recevoir, saisir, emporter; to take a leap, faire un saut; to take a journey, faire un voyage; to take a heare, faire un effort; to take a turn or walk, faire un tour de promenade; to take the field, se mettre en campagne; to take the law of one, faire un proces à quelqu'un; to take a denial, un refus; to take an affront, souffrir un affront; to take horse, monter à cheval; to take a coach, monter en carosse; to take ship or shipping, s'embarquer; to take flesh, s'incarner; to take again, reprendre; to take along with, prendre avec soi, profiter de; to take anunder, séparer, délaire; to take mon, prendre, ôter, enlever, emporter: to take care, prendre garde, avoir soin; to take down, descendre, abaisser, dompier, sub-juguer; to take from, dépouiller, enlever; to take in, prendre, comprendre, contenir, admettre, gagner, seduire, duper, tromper; to take in hand, entreprendre; to take in pieces, défaire, mettre en pièces, démonter; lo take in writing, mettre par écrit; lo take off, affoiblir, détruire, décréditer, suppri-mer, ôter, enlever, détourner, retirer, détacher, acheter, copier, tirer une copie; to take on, prendre, revetir; to take out, faire sortir, tirer ; to take to pieces, mettre en pièces, defaire, demonter, prendre en détail, un a un ; to la ke up, tirer, lever, faire lever, relever, ramasser, comprendre, contenir, prendre, rece-voir, deterrer, entreprendre, occuper, njuster, arrêter, attraper; to take up a stitch, reprendre une maille; to take one up sharply, reprendre quelqu'un durement; to take up a tribute, lever un tribut, une taxe ; to take upon trust, prendre à crédit, savoir par outdire; to take a thing upon one's self, prendre une chose sur soi, s'er charger, y pre-tendre, se l'attribuer; lo luke upon one, trancher du grand, s'en faire accorie, prendre sur foi, se faire fort, s'ingérer, se mêler de; to take after one, ressembler,

AKE, v. n. aller, tendre, prendre, prendre vogue, réussir, avoir du succès, concevoir, devenir encointe; to take after, imiter, ressembler. prendre pour modèle; to take away, desservir, ôter, emporter; to take in, so retrancher, vivre d'épargue; to take on, s'affecter vivement, s'ap'liger, se chagriner; to take t), s'appi quer, prendre plaisir à.

s'adresser, avoir recours à : lo take up, s'arrêter, se corriger, se reformer; u take un with, se contenter. T'ARER, s. un preneur, celui qui prend. TAKING, s. prise, f. action de prendre. saissement, m. embarras, m. crainte, f. TALBOT, s. un levrier. TALE, s. conte, m. fable, f. rapport, m. TALEBEARER, s. un rapporteur. TALENT, s. talent, m. capacité, f. don natu-Talisman, s. talisman, m. TALISMANICK, adj. talismanique, magique TALISMANIST, s. talismaniste, m. TALR, v. a. & n. parler, causer, converser. TALK, s. entretien, m. habil, m. discours, m TALK, s. (a mineral) tale, m. TALKATIVE, adj. parleur, causeur, babillard. TALKATIVENESS, s. babil, f. caquet, m. TALKER, s. on parleur, un causeur, un ba-TALKING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. [billard. [billard. TALKY, adj. de talc, qui ressemble au talc. TALL, adj. haut, grand. TALLAGE, s. taxe, f. impôt, m. la taille. TALLOW, s. suif, m.; v. a. suiver. TALLOWCHANDLER, s. un chandelier. TALLY, s. taille, f. TALLY, v. a. & n. rapporter, adapter, se rapporter, quadrer. TALMUD, THALMUD, s. le Talmud. TALMUDICAL, adj. qui regarde le Talmud.
TALMUDIST, s. un Talmudiste. [taille ftaille TALNESS, s. hauteur, f. grandeur, f. grande TALON, s. serre, f. griffe, f. TAMARIND, s. tamarin, m LAMARISK, s. tamaris or tamarisc. m. TAMBARINE, s. tambourin, m. TAMBOUR, s. tembour, m.

TAME, adj. apprivoise, doux, domestique, dompté, abattu, humilié, soumis. TAME, v. a. apprivoiser, dompter, adoucir.

TAMEABLE, adj. domptable. [soumission TAMEABLE, adj. domptable. [soumission. TAMELY, adv. d'une manière douce, avec TAMENESS, s. humeur douce, soumission, f TAMER, s. apprivoiseur, m. vainqueur, m. TAMINY, s. étamine, f. TAMKIN, s. tampon, m. bourre, f. TAMPER, v. n. prendre des remèdes, être dans les remèdes, se mêler, pratiquer. TAN, s. tan, m; v. a. tanner, hâler. TANG, s. goût fort, évent, m. mauvais goût, TANGENT, s. une tangente.
TANGIBILITY, s. qualité tactile, [déboiré, m. TANGLE, v. a. & n. embarrasser, s'embar-TANGLE, s. noeud, m. tresse, f. TAN-HOUSE, s. tannerie, f. TAN-PIT, s. fosse à tan, TANK, s. fontaine, f. cuvette, f. TANKARD, s. un graud pot à couvercle. TANNER, s. un tanneur. TANSY, s. tanaise or tanesie, f. [faire. TANTALISM, s. envie que l'on ne peut satis-TANTALIZE, r. a. faire naître une envie or un desir que l'on ne veut pas satisfaire. TANTAMOUNT, s. l'équivalent, m. TAP, v. a. toucher or frapper légèrement. TAP, s. un coup léger, un tape, un robinet,

une canule.

TAPE, s. ruban de fil.

TAPER, s. cierge, m. bougie, f. torche, f. TAPER, TAPERING, adj. conique, pyramidal

TAPER, v. n. se terminer en pointe. TAPESTRY, s. tapisserie, f. tapis, m.

TAPPING, s. ponction, f. paracentèse.

cabaret. TAR, s. goudron, m. ; v. a. goudronner. TARAKTULA, s. tarentule, férer. TARDATION, s. l'action d'interrompre, de dif-TARDIGRADOUS, adj. mouvant lentement. TARDILY, adr. lentement, avec lenteur. TARDINESS, s. lenteur, f. TARDY, adj. inclolent, pesant, inattentif. TARDY, v. a. retarder, empêcher, arrêter. TARE, s. ivroie, f. tare, f. rabais pour la TARGET, TARGE, s. targe, f. [tare, m. TARIFF, s. tarif, m. TARN, s. un marais, un marecage, bourbies, m. fondrière, f. TARNISH, v. a. & n. ternir, se ternir. TARPAWLING, s. tente goudronnée. TARRAGON, s. serpentine, f. (herbe.)
TARRIER, s. sorte de petit chien de chasse. TARRY, v. n. demeurer, rester, s'arrêter, TARSEL, s. espèce de fauçon. ftarder. TARSUS, s. le tarse (du pied.) TART, adj. aigre, vert, piquant; s. une tarte. TARTAN, s. une tartane. TARTAR, s. tartre, m. tartare, m. TARTAREAS, adj. infernal. [de tartre. TARTAREOUS, TARTAROUS, adj. tartareux, TARTLY, adv. aigrement, avec aigreur. TARTHESS, s. aigreur, f. vert, m. acidité, f. TASK, s. tâche, f.; r. a. donner une tâche. TASE-MASTER, s. celui qui donne une tâche. TASS, s. tassette, f.
TASSEL, s. gland de soie, m. tassette (d'une cuirasse,) f. glande (de cravate;) tussel of a coach, mains de carrosse, f.; lassel of a book, un signet or tournefeuille, f.

TASSES, s. pl. cuissards, m. TASTABLE, adj. savoureux. TASTE, v. a. goûter, tâter, essayer; r. n. goûter, avoir quelque goût.
TASTE, s. goût, m. saveur, f. discernement.
Well tasted, qui a bon goût, doux.
TASTEFUL, adj. savoureux, de hâut goût. TASTELESS, adj. sans gout, insipide Tastelessness, s. insipidité, f. fadeur, f. TASTER, s. celui qui goûte, essai, m. TATTER, s. lambeau, m. baillon, m. guenille, TATTER, v. a. déchirer, mettre en pièces. TATTERED, adj. tout dechiré, en guenilles. TATTERDENALION, s. un gredin, un gueux. TATTLE, v. n. babiller, causer, jaser. TATTLE, s. babil, m. caquet, m TATTLER, s. un babillard, un jaseur, cau-TATTOO, s. retraite, f. seur. TAUNT, v. a. & n. reprocher, railler.
TAUNT, s. insulte, f. raillerie, f.
TAUNTER, s. un raillerie, f.; adj. raillant.
TAUNTING, s. raillerie, f.; adj. raillant.
TAUNTINGLY, adv. en raillant, par raillerie. TAURUS, s. le taurus. TAUTOLOGICAL, adj. toutologique.
TAUTOLOGIST, s. un homme qui se répète. TAUTOLOGY, s. tautologie, f. redite, TAVERN, s. taverne, f. cabaret à vin. TAVERNER, TAVERNMAN, s. un tavernier.

TAW, s. boule de marbre, chique, f. TAW, v. a. tanner, passer au tan. TAWDRINESS, s. parure affectee. TAWDRY, adj. d'un éclat ridicule. TAWER, s. tanneur, m. megissier, m. TAWNY, adj. tanné, basané, halé. TAX, s. taxe, f. impôt, m. imposition, f. Land tax, impôt territorial.

TAPSTER, 3. celui qui tire la bière dans un TAX-GATHERER, s. un collecteur. TAX, r. a. taxer, imposer, accuser..
TAXABLE, adj. sujet à la taxe, imposable. TAXATION, s. taxation, f. taxe, f. TAXER, s. celui qui impose un taxe TEA, s. thé, m. A tea-pot, une théière. TEA-BOARD, s. cabaret, n. TEA-TABLE, s. table à thé. TEACH, r. a. enseigner, instruire, montrer. TEACHABLE, adj. docile, susceptible d'instruction. TEACHABLENESS, s docilité, f. TEACHER, s. maître, m. précepteur, m. TEAD, s. torche, f. flambeau, m. TEAL, s. sarcelle, f. (oiseau.) TEAM, s. un attelage; r.a. atteler. TEAR, s. harme, f. pleurs, m. pl.
TEAR, v. a. déchirer, arracher.
TEARFALLING, adj. tendre, qui verse des
TEARFU, adj. qui pleure, on larmes.
TEARING, s. déchirement, m. déchirure, f. TRASE, r. a. tourmenter, importuner, vexer. TEASEL, s. chardon, m. (plante.) TEASER, s. importun, m. tourment, m. TEAT, s. tette, f. teton, m. mamelle, f. TECHINESS, s. mauvaise humeur. TECHNICAL, adj. technique, d'art or science. TECHY, adj. revêche, bourru. TE-DEUM, s. Te-Deum, m. [fatiguant. TEDIOUS, adj. ennuyeux, ennuyant, long, TEDIOUSLY, adr. d'une manière ennuyeuse. TEDIOUSKESS, s. longueur ennuyeuse, f.
TEEM, r. a. & n. enfanter, être enceinte.
TEEMFUL, TEEMING, adj. fecond, fertile, abondant, prolifique, plein jusqu'au bord. TEENLESS, adj. stérile. TEENS, s. puberté, f. les années depuis treize jusqu'à vingt. TEETH, pl. of Tooth. TEETH, v. n. faire des dents. TEGUMENT, s. tégument, m.
TRIL-TREE, s. tilleul (arbre,) m.
TRINT, s. teinte, f. coup de pinceau, m.
TELESCOPE, s. télescope, m. TELL, v. a. dire, declarer, conter, raconter, communiquer, dicter, compter. TELLER, s. un discur, un conteur. TELLTALE, s. un feseur de rapports. TEMERARIOUS, adj. teméraire. TEMERITY, s. témérité, f. TEMFER, v. a. mèler, mélanger, détremper, délayer, tempérer, calmer.
TEMPER, s. mélange, m. accord, m. tempérament, m. complexion. f. humeur, f. caractère, m. naturel, m. esprit, m. sangfroid, m. modération, f. trempe (du fer or de l'according eier,) f. TEMPERAMENT, s. temperament, m. TEMPERANCE, s. temperance, f. TEMPERATE, adj. tempéré, modéré, sobre. TEMPERATELY, adr. modérément. TEMPERATENESS, s. moderation, TEMPERATURE, s. température, TEMPEST, s. tempéte, f. orage, m. [pétc. Tempest, v. a. troubler, exciter une tem-l'empest-braten, adj. battu par la tem-[son. Tempestivity, s. état de ce qui est de sai-Tempest-tost, adj. balloté par la tempête. TEMPESTUOUS, adj. orageux, de tempête. TEMPLAR, s. un étudiant en droit. TEMPLARS, s. pl. templiers, m. p TEMPLE, s. temple, m. église, f. la tempe. TEMPLET, s. poutre, f. solive, f.

TEMPORAL, adj. tempore , seculier, temporal. il TEMPORALITY, TEMPORALS, & temporel. TEMPORALLY, adr. temporellement. TEMPORALTY, s. laïques, m. pl. temporel, m. TEMPORARY, adj. temporel, passager. TEMPORIZE, v. n. temporiser, differer. TEMPORIZER, s. temporiseur, m. TEMPORIZING, s. temporisement, m. TEMPT, r. a. tenter, solliciter, donuer envic. TEMPTABLE, adj. sujet à la tentation. TEMPTATION, s. tentation, f.
TEMPTER, s. tentateur, m. seducteur, m. TEMPTING, adj. tentant, qui tente. TEMULENT, adj. ivre, enivre. Ten, adj. dix. [tenable. TENABLE, adj. tenable, qui peut tenir, sou-TENACIOUS, adj. tenace, visqueux, adherent, attaché, intéressé, avare. Tenaciously, adv. avec ténacité. TENACIOUSNESS, TENACITY, s. ténacité, f. TENANCY, s. jouissance d'un bien, f. TENANT, s. tenancier, m. vassal, m. fermier, locataire, m. usufruitier, m. TENANT, r. a. teuir à bail, à certaines con-TENANTABLE, adj. logeable. [ditions. TENCH, s. tanche (poisson,) f. TEND, r. a. & n. garder, accompagner, offrir, tendre, aboutir, viser, contribuer. TENDANCE. See Attendance. [position, f. TENDENCE, TENDENCY, s. tendence, f. dis-TENDER, adj. tender, delicat, scrupuleux, sensible, foible, susceptible, jaloux. TENDER, s. offre, f. egard, m. allege, f. TENDER, r. a. offrir, presenter, faire cas. TENDER-HEARTED. adj. compatissant. TENDERLING, s. le bois naissant d'un jeune daim, un cufant gâté, favori, m. TENDERLY, adr. tendrement. TENDERNESS, s. tendrete, f. delicateme, f. tendresse, f. sensibilité, f. TENDINOUS, adj. tendineux. TENDON, s. un tendon. TENDRIL, s. tendron, m. tendre rejeton, m. TEREBROSE, TEREBROUS, adj. tenchreux. TENEBROSITY, s. tenebres. f. obscurité, f. TENEBENT, s. tenement, m. TENERITY, s. qualité tendre. Tenesmus, s. tenesme, m. TENET, s. dogme, m. assertion, f. opinion, f. TEN-FOLD, adj. dix fois autaut. TENNIS, s. pauine (sorte de jeu,) f. TENON. s. tenou, m. TEROR, s. état, m. ordre, m. économie, f. la teneur, le contenu, le sens. TENSE, s. (in grammar) temps.

TENSE, s. (in grammar) temps.

TENSE, adj. tendu, roide.

TENSERES, TENSION, TENSURE, s. tension, TENSIBLE, adj. capable de tension. TENT, s. tente, f. pavillon, m. TENT-CLUTH, s. coutil, m. TENT, n. a. mettre une tente à une plaie; v. n. loger sous la tente, camper, loger. TENTATION, s. tentative, f. cssai, m. TENTATIVE. s. cssai, m.; adj. qui essaie. TENTED, adj. convert de tentes. TERTER, s. crochet, m. croc, m. TENTER, r. 1. & n. accrocher, s'étendre. TENTH, ad;. dixième; s. le dixième, la TENTHS, s. lécimes. f. pl. [dixme. TERTHLY, adr. dixièmement, en dixième TENTIGINOUS, adj. étendu, roide. [lieu. TENUITY, s. térmité, f. finesse, f. subtilité, f. TENUOUS, adj. fin, subtil, menu, petit. TENURE, s. tenure, f. redevance, f.

TEPEFACTION, s. action de rendre tiède. TEPID, adj. tiede. TEPIDITY, s. tiédeur, f. TEPOR, s. chaleur bénigne. TIERCE, s. le tiers d'un muid, un tiers. TEREBINTH, s. térébenthine, f. TEREBINTHINE, adj. de térébenthine. TEREBRATE, v. a. percer avec un tarière. TEREBRATION, s. térébration, f. TERGEMINOUS, adj. triple, trois fois autant. TERGIVERSATION, s. tergiversation, f.
TERM, s. terme, m. limite, f. torne, f. expression, f. mot. f. condition, f. TERM, r. a. appeler, nommer. TERMAGANCY, s. vacarine, m. tumulte, m. TERMAGANT, adj. turbulent, bruyant TERMAGANT, s. une semme bruyante. TERMINATE, v. a. & n. terminer, borner. TERMINATION, s. terminaison, f. fin, m. TERMINER, s. décret pour our et terminer. TERMLESS, adj. sans bornes. TERMLY, adv. par terme, à chaque terme.
TERMARY, adj. par trois, de trois, termaire.
TERMARY, TERMION, s. trois, m. nombre ter-TERRACE, s. terrasse, f. TERRACE, v. a. terrasser, faire des terrasses. TERRAQUEOUS, adj. terrestre. TERRENE, adj. terrestre. TERREOUS, adj. terreux, de terre. TERRESTRIAL, adj. terrestre. TERRIBLE, adj. terrible, épouvantable. TERRIBLENESS, s. horreur, f. TERRIBLY, adv. terriblement. TERRIER, s. basset, m. arpenteur, m. perçoir, m. TERRIFICK, adj. terrible, cpouvantable. TERRIFY, v. a. epouvanter, effrayer. TERRITORIAL, adj. territorial. TERRITORY, s. territoire, m.
TERROUR, s. terreur, f. frayeur, f. cffroi, m.
TERSE, adj. poli, clair, net, clégant. TERTIAN, s. la fièvre tierce. TERTIATE, r. n. tiercer. TESSELATED, adj. marquete, diversifie.
TEST, s. coupelle, f. épreuve, f. touche, f.
pierre de touche, f. le test, le serment du Testaceous, adj. testacec. ſtést. TESTAMENT, s. lestament, m. TESTAMENTARY, adj. testamentaire. TESTATE, adj. qui a teste. TESTATOR, s. testateur, m. TESTATRIX, s. testatrice, f.
TESTER, s. six sous, ciel de lit, fond de lit, sa. TESTICLE, s. testicule, m. TESTIFICATION. s. temoignage, m. / TESTIFICATOR, TESTIFIER, s. temoin, m. TESTIFY, v. a. & n. temoigner, attester, cer-TESTILY, adv. avec caprice. TESTIMONIAL, s. certificat, m. attestation, f. prenve, f. TESTIMONIAL, adj. testimonial. TESTIMONY, s. temoignage, m. rapport, m. TESTINESS, s. mauvaise humeur, caprice, J. TESTON, s. teston, m. six sols. [pricieux. Testy, Tetchy, s. bourru, fantasque, ca-TETE-A-TETE, s. un tête-à-tête. TETHER, s. entraves, f. pl. joug, m. sujetion, TETHER, v. a. entraver, lier. TETRAGONAL, adj. tetragone, carre. TETRARCH, s. tétrarque, m. [grin. TETRICAL, TETRICIOUS, adj. bourru, cha-TETTER, s. une dartre. [manique. TEUTONICK, adj. teutonique, Tudesque Ger TEW, s. chaine de fer, f. matière, f

TEW, v. c. travailler, battre, raboter. TEXT, s. texte, m. original, m. TEXTILE. adj. textile. TEXT-LETTER, s. lettre grise, f. TEXTUARIST, TEXTUARY, s. textuaire, m. TEXTURE, s. tissure, f. tissu, m. texture, f. THAN, conj. que. THAKE, s. un gouverneur, un baron. THANK, r. a. remercier, rendre graces. THANKFUL, adj. reconnoissant. THANKFUI LY, adv. avec reconnoissance. THANKFULNESS, s. reconnoissance, f. grati-THANKLESS, adj. ingrat. [tude, f. [tude, f. THANKI.ESSNESS, s. ingratitude, f. ſm. THANKS S. pl. graces, f. pl. remercicment, THANKS GIVING, s. action de graces. f. THANK-OFFERING, s. sacrifice d'action de grâces, m. THANK WORTHY adj.digne de remerciement. THAT, pron. adj. & s. ce or cet, cette, celuilà, celle-là, cela, ce qui, ce que or celle qai, celui or celle que, tel or telle qui, que, quoi, lequel, laquelle. That ray, par-là, par ce moyen. That is, c'est, c'est-à-dire. In that, par eque, d'autant THAT, conj. que, afinque. [chaume. THATCH, s. chaume, m.; v. a. couvrir de THATCHED, part. udj. couvert de chaume. THATCHER. s. un couvreur en chaume. Thaw, s. dégel, m.; r. a. & n. dégeler. THAWING, adj. au dégel, de dègel. THE, art. le, la, les.
THEATRAL, adj. theatral.
THEATRE, s. theatre, m. THEATRICAL, adj. scenque, de théâtre. THEATRICALLY, adv. d'une mamere théà-Thee, pron. toi, m. &) [trale. THEFT, s. larcin, m. vol, m THEIR, pron. leur, m. & f. leurs, pl.
THEIRS, pron. le leur, la leur, les leurs. THEM, pron. les, cux, clles, leur, m. pl. THEME, s. sujet, m. matiere, f. thème, m. THEMSELVES, pron. les mêmes, eux mêmes. I HEN, adr. dans ce temps-là, après, puis, ensuite, en ce cas, en consequence. THEN, conj. donc. THENCE, udv. de là, depuis ce temps-là. THENCEFORTH, adr. des lors, des ce-temp THENCEPURWARD, adv. dorénavant. THEOCRACY, s. theocratic, f. THEOCRATICAL, adj. theocratique. [m. THEODOLITE, s. theodolite, m. graphomètre, THEOGONY, s. théogonie, f. THEOLOGIAN, s. un théologien. THEOLOGICAL, adj. theologique, de theolo-THEOLOGICALLY, adr. theologiquement. THEOLOGIST, s. un theologien. THEOLOGY, s. timelogie, THEOREM, s. un théorème. THEOREMATICAL, THEOREMATICE, adj. qui consiste en théorèmes.
THEORETICAL, THEORETICE, adj. théorétique, spéculatif. THEORETICALLY, adr. par théorie. THEOREM, s. speculateur, m.
THEORY, s. theorie, f. speculation. THERE. adr. ia, y, en cela. There is or There are, il y a.
There are, il y a.
There are, il y a. aux environs, environ, en, à ce sujet. THEREALIER, adr. selon. suivant, en consé-THEREAT, adr. en, à ce sujet. [quence. THEREBY, adv. par-là, pour cela

THEREFORE, adr. & conj. pour ce.a, donc, en consequence, c'est pourquoi, aussi. THEREFROM, adr. de ceis, en. THEREIN, adv. en cela, y, là-dedans. THEREINTO, adv. en cela, y, là-dedans. THEREOF, adr. de cela, en. THEREON, adr. là-dessus, y, sur cela. THEREOUT, adr. de-là, cn. [y, en Thereto, Thereunto, adr. à cela, à quoi THEREUPON, idv. là-dessus, sur cela. THEREUNDER, adv. sous cela, là-dessous. THEREWITH, adc. avec cela. THEREWITHAL, adr. de plus, outre cela. THERIACAL. adj. thériacal, médicinal THERMOMETER, s. thermomètre, m. THESE, pron. ccs, ceux-ci, celles-ci.
THESIS, s. thèse, f. proposition, f.
THEURGY, s. theurgie, f. THEY, pron. ils, elles. [ble, THICK, adj. gros, grossier, dense, cpais, trou-THICK, s. epaisseur, f THICK, adr. pres, en foule, fréquemment. THICKEN, v. a. & n. épaissir, s'épaissir. THICKENING, s. cpaississement, m. THICKET, s. touffe, f. hallier, m.
THICK-LIPPED, adj. qui a de grosses lèvres.
THICKLY, adv. 'pais, dru, en foule, foule. THICKNESS, s. épaisseur, f. donsité, THICKSCULLED, adj. lourd, qui à la tête.
THICKSET, adj. épais planté, dru. THICKSKIN. s. un homme épais et grossier. THIEF, s. un volcur, un larron, un fripon. THIEF-CATCHER, THIEF-TAKER, s. un archer. THIEVE, r. n. voler, dérober. THIEVERY, s. l'action de voler, larcin, m. vol. THIEVING, s. larcin, m. action de voler. THIEVISH, adj. adonné au vol, voleur. THIEVISHLY, adr. en voleur, en largon. THIEVISHNESS, s. penchant à voler, m. Титеп, s. la cuisse. THILL, s. limon or timen, m. THILL-HORSE, s. limonier, m. timonier. THINBLE, S. un de à coucre.
THIN aij. clair, rare, délie, subtil, menu.
mince, petit, léger, chétif, clairsemé.
THIN, s. la partie la plus mince. THIN, adr. clair. peu. THIN, r. a. éclaireir, rendre clair, raréfier, THIRE, pron. tien, tienne, à toi.
THIRE, pron. tien, tienne, à toi.
THIRE, r. n. & a. penser, raisonner, imaginer, réféchir, se ressouvenir, se rappelor, avoir en vue, méditer, considérer, observor, juger, être d'avis, croire, estimer, regarder, totale de la considérer ou méditant trouver ; to think away, passer en méditant ; to think much, trouver mauvais, faire difficulté, regretter, plaindre, se plaindre. THINKER, s. penseur, m. qui pense. thinker, un esprit fort, un frondeur.
Thinking, s. pens'e, f. opinion, f.
Thinking, adj. judicieux, raisonable.
Thinky, adv. clair, peu. THINNESS. s. tenuite, f. petit nombre. Тигр, adj. troisième, tiers. Тигр, s. le tiers, tierce, j. flieu. THIRDLY, odr. troisièmement, en. troisième THIRL, r. a. percer. forer. THIRST, s. soif, f. alteration, f. THIRST, r. n. avoir soif, être altéré. THIRSTILY, udv. avidement. THURSTINESS, s. elteration. f. soif, f THIRSTY, adj. altere, qui a soif, qui destre THIRTEEN, adj. treize. [ardemnest THIRTERNTH, adj. treizième. THIRTIETH, adj. trentième. THIRTY, adj. trente. Thirty-all, [at tennis] trentain, m. This, pron. cc, cet, cette, celui-ci, celio-ci, Thistle, s. chardon, m. [ceci. THISTLE-DOWN, s. coton de chardon, m.

Golden-thistle, chardon à corder, m. THISTLY, adj. pleis de chardons or d'épines. THITHER, adv. là, y, en. THITHERTO, adr. jusques-là, si loin. THITHERWARD, adv. vers ce lieu-là, de ce côté-là. THOLE, v. a. attendre, s'arrêter quelque THONG, s. courroie, f. sangle, f. THORACICE, adj. thorachique. THORAE, s. le thorax. temps. THORN, s. cpune, f.
THORN, s. cpune, f.
THORNY, adj. cpineux, facheux, difficile.
THOROUGH or THROUGH, prep. par, au travers, à travers, par le moyen de. Тновоиси, adj. entier, complet, parfait, ac-THOROUGHFARE, s. un passage. THOROUGHLY, adv. entièrement. [compli. [plet. THOROUGHPACED, adj. parfait, acheve, com-THOROUGHSPED, adj. parfait, complet. THOSE, pron. ces, coux-là, celles-là. Thou, fron. tu, toi, te. Thou, r. a. tutoyer, traiter familièrement. Though, conf. quoique, bien que. Thought, s. pensce, f. idee, f. opinion, f. THOUGHTFUL, adj. pensif, reveur. THOUGHTFULLY, adr. d'un air pensif et rê-THOUGHTFULKESS, s. méditation profonde, bumeur pensive or réveuse, soin, m.
THOUGHTLESS, adj. léger, etourdi, supide.
THOUGHTLESSLY, ade. étourdiment.
THOUGHTLESSNESS, s. étourderie, f. THOUSAND, adj. & s. mille, mil, un mille. THOUSANDTH, adj. millième. [assujettir. THRALDOM, THRALL, s. esclavage, m.; r. a. THRASH, r. a. battre, rosser, travailler. THRASHER, s. batteur en grange. THEASHING, s. battage, m. THRASHING, S. DRIUGE, m.
THRASHING-FLOOR, S. aire. f. [faron.
THRASONICAL, adj. plein d'ostentation, fanTHRAVE, S. deux douzaines, vingt-quatre.
THERAD, S. fil, m.; v. a. enfiler, passer par. THREAD-BARE, adj. tout use, use, rebattu, THREADEN, adj. de fil. [trivial. THREADY, adj. plein de fils. THREAT, s. menace, f.; v. a. menacer. THREATENER, s. celui qui menace. THREATENING, s. menaces, f. pl.; adj. mcnaçant. THREATENINGLY, adv. d'un air menaçant, THREATFUL, adj. menaçant. [en menaçant. THREE, adj. trois. THREE-CORNERED, adj. triangulaire.
THREEFOLD, adj. triple, trois fois autant. THREEFFOOTED, adj. qui a trois pieds. THREELEAVED, adj. a trois feuilles. THREESCORE, adj. soixante.
THRENODY, s. chanson funèbre, f. THRESHOLD, s. le seuil de la porte. THRICE, adr. trois fois. THRIFT, s. profit, m. gain, m. frugalite, f. THRIFTILY, adv. frugalement. THRIFTINESS, s. epargue, f. frugalité, f. THRIFTLESS, adf. prodigue. THRIFTY, adj. frugal, économe, ménager. FHRILL, s. une fraise or frase.

THRILL, r. a. fraiser, forcer, percer, peue-THRIVE, v. n profiter, prospérer, réussir. THRIVER, s. un homme qui réussit. THRIVING, adj. florissant, prospère. THRIVINGLY, adv. avec succes, heureuse THROAT, s. gorge, f. gosier, m. [ment THROAT WORT, s. (un herbe) gantelée, f. THROB, v. n. palpiter, battre. THROB, s. battement, m. palpitation, f. THROK, s. douleurs de l'enfantement, f. pl. THROE, r. a. faire souffrir de grandes dou-THRONE, s. trône, m.; v. a. élever sur le THRONG, s. foule, f. presse, f. [trône. THRONG, v. n. aller en foule, accourir. THROSTLE, s. une grive. THROTTLE, s. la trachée artère; v. a. étrangler, suffoquer. Through, prep. à travers, au travers, par, dans, par le moyen de. THROUGH, adv. de part en part, des deux Throughout, prep. & adv. tout au travers, THROW, v. a. jeter; to throw silk, tordre de la soie; to throw away, perdre, depenser en vain, prodiquer, jeter, rejeter; to throw by, rejeter, mettre de côté; to throw down, terrasser, jeter à terre, renverser ; to throw off, chasser, faire sortir, rejeter, se défaire, quitter, renoncer à ; to throw out, chasser, pousser, rejeter, exclure, laisser derrière, devancer; to throw up, jeter en haut, quitter brusquement, vomir, rendre. THROW, s. coup. m. jet, m.

THRUM, s. bordure de toile, f. grosse laine
THRUM, v. a. racler, jouer mal, battre. Тикизи, ş. un grive. THRUST, v. a. pousser, trainer, presser, ser-rer, imposer, s'ingerer, se meler; to thrust away, écarter, éloigner ; to thrust back or off, repousser. THRUST, s. coup, m. botte, f. un coup d'épée. THRUSTER, s. celui qui pousse. THRYFALLOW, v. a. donner à la terre un troisième façon. THUMB, s. le rouce. THUMB, r. a. manier gauchement, feuilleter. THUMP, s. un coup de poing. THUMP, r. a. donner des coups, battre. THUMPER, s. celui qui donne des coups. Thumping, s. coup de poing ou de baton. THUMPING, adj. gros, battant. THUNDER, s. le tonnerre. THUNDER, r. n. tonner; r. a. foudroyer. THENDERBOLT, s. la foudre. THUNDERCLAP, s. un coup de tonnerre. THUNDERER, s. maître du tonnerre, m. THUNDERING, adj. foudroyant, terrible. Thunderous, adj. qui produit le tonnerre. THUNDER-SHOWER, s. une pluie accompagnée de tonnerre. THUNDER-STONE, s. carreau, m THUNDERSTRIKE, v. a. frapper de la foudre. Thuriferous, adj. qui produit de l'encens THURIFICATION, s. encensement, m. THURSDAY, s. le Jeudi. THUS, adv. ainsi, de cette mamère, de la sorte, tant, si. THWACK, s. un coup; r. a. battre, frapper. THWART, adj. en travers, de travers. THWART, v. a. traverscr, empêcher. THWARTING, adj. contrariant, contraire. THWARTINGLY, cdr d'une manière opposés

THYME, s. thym, m. Wild thyme, serpolet, m. TIARA, s. tiare, f. Tick, v. a. amorcer, attirer, séduire.
Tick, v. a. amorcer, attirer, séduire.
Tick, v. a. crédit, m. tique, f. tic, m. taie, f.
Ticker, Ticking, s. coutil, m.
Ticker, a. dispatie, f. m. 122. TICKET, s. étiquette, f. un billet. TICKLE, v. a. chatouiller. Istant. TICKLE, adj. vacillant, chancelant, TICKLER, s. chatouilleur, m. incon-TICKLING, s. chatouillement, m. [lant. TICKLING, adj. perçant, pénétrant, chatouil-TICKLISH, adj. chatouilleux, sensible. TICKLISHNESS, s. qualité chatouilleuse. TICKTACK, s. tictac, m. TID, adj. tendre, délicat, friand. TIDE, a. tems, m. saison, f. maree, f. Ebb-tide, s. le reflux, l'èbe, f. le jusant. A leetide, vent et marée. TIDE, v. a. conduire à la faveur de la marée; v. n. être entrainé par la marée. TIDEGATE, s. écluse, f. TIDEWAITER, s. douanier, m TIDILY, adv. proprement, facilement. TIDINESS, s. adresse, f. propreté, f. habileté, TIDINESS, s. nouvelles, f. pl.
TIDY, adj. à propos, de saison, leste, adroit.
TIE, v. a. lier, attacher, nouer, arrêter. Tiz, s. lien, m. nœud, m. attachement, m. TIER, s. une rangée. TIERCE, s. tierce, f. TIFFANY, s. gaze de soie, f. TIGER, s. tigre, m. Tight, adj. serre, tendu, roide, propre. Tighten, v. a. serrer, lier, attacher. Tighten, s. cordon, m. lacet, m. TIGHTLY, adv. ferme, près, proprement. TIGHTNESS, s. tension, f. roideur, f. TIGRESS, s. une tigresse, TIRE, s. un chien, tique, f.
TILE, s. tuile, f.; v. a. couvrir de tuiles.
TILER, s. tuilier, m. Tiling, s. le toit. Till, s. un tiroir, une boite.
Till, prep. jusqu'à, jusques à.
Till, conj. jusqu'à ce que, avant que. TILL, v. a. cultiver, labourer. TILLABLE, adj. labourable. [ture, f. TILLAGE, s. labourage, m. labour, m. cul-TILLER, s. laboureur, m. cultivateur, m. un petit tiroir, un baliveau.

TILLING, s. labourage, m. labour, m. culture, TILMAN, s. un laboureur. Tilt, s. une banne, joute, f. tournoi, m. un coup d'épée, de lance, &c. TILT-YARD, s. barrière, f. champ-clos, m.
TILT, v. a. couvrir d'une banne, baisser, hausser un tonneau, pointer, pousser une lance; r. n. jouter, ferrailler. TILTER, s. jouteur, m. un ferrailleur. TILTH, s. culture, f. labour, m. labourage, m. TILTH, adj. labourable, labouré, cultivé. TIMBER, s. bois de charpente, m. merrain, m.
TIMBERSOW, s. un grillon. [faite. TIMBER-WORK, s. comble, f. charpente du TIMBER, r. n. nicher, boiser. TIMBREI., s. tambour de basque. TIME, s le tems, heure, f. jours, m. pl. oc-casion f. âge, m. loisir, m. saison, f. cir-constance, f. terme, m. mesure, f. fois, f. In time, avec le tems. At the same time, In time, avec le tems. At the same time, en même tems. At that time, en ce tems-là, alors. At this time, à present, mainte-là.

TITHING.MAN, s. dizenier, m.

nant. In time coming, à l'avenir. At any time, quelquesois, à volonté. In a day's time, dans l'espace d'un jour. In an hour's time, dans une heure. In the day time, de jour. Mean time, In the mean time, copendant. At no time, jamais. Every time, chaque fois, toutes les fois. TIME, v. a. faire à propos, prendre bien son tems, observer la mesure. TIMEFUL, adj. qui est de saison, à propos.
TIMELESS, adj. hors de saison.
TIMELY, adj. de saison, à tems, à propos. Timio, adj. timide, craintif, pusillanime. Timiorry, s. timidité, pusillanimité. Timorous, adj. timide, craintif, scrupuleux. TIMOROUSLY, adv. avec crainte. TIMOROUSNESS, s. timidité, f. TIN, s. étain, m. Tin-iron, fer-blanc. Tin, v. a. étamer, blanchir avec de l'étain. Tinct, r. a. teindre, colorer, donner un goût. Tinct, r. a. teinte, f. nuance, f.
Tinct, s. teinte, f. couleur, f. connoissance superficielle, habitude, f. TINCTURE, v. a. teindre, impregner, colorer. TIND, r. a. allumer. TINDER, s. mèche, f. amorce, f. amadou, m. TINDER-BOX, s. boite où l'on met l'amadou. TINE, s. fourchon, m. la dent d'une herse. TINGE, v. a. teindre, colorer. TINGENT, adj. qui teint, qui colore. TINGLASS, s. bismuth, m. étain de glace, m. TINGLE, v. n. tinter, se faire sentir. TINGLING, s. tintement, m. TIRKER, s. un drouineur or chaudronnier. TINKLE, r. a. tinter. Tinman, s. taillandier en fer blanc, m TINNER, s. mineur dans les mines d'étain, m TINSEL, s. brocatelle, f. clinquant, m.
TINSEL, v. a. orner de clinquant.
TINT, s. teinture, f. couleur, f. teinte,
TIP, s. bout, m. pointe, f. extremite, f.
TIP, s. couleur, gerring the best Tip, v. a. couvrir, garnir le bout, ferrer frapper, jeter, abattre; to tip off, tomber passer le pas, mourir. TIPPET, s. cravate, f. fraise, f. écharpe, f.
TIPPLE, s. boisson, f.; v. n. boire avec excès.
TIPPLER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. TIPPLING, s. ivrognerie, f. Tippling-house un cabaret. [d'huissier TIPSTAFF, s. sergent, huissier, baguetts TIPSY, adj. ivre, pris de vin. Tipto e, s. le bout or la pointe du pied.
Tire, s. range, m. file, f. rangée, f. ornement, m. parure, m. atours, m. attirail, m. TIRE, v. a. coiffer, orner, parer.
TIRE, v. a. & n. lasser, fatiguer, importuner.
TIRED, part. adj. las, fatigue, ennuyé.
TIREDNESS, s. lassitude, f. fatigue, f. TIRESOME, adj. fatigant, ennuyeux. TIRESOMENESS, s. lassitude, f. fatigue, f.en-TIRE-WOMAN, s. une coiffeuse. [nui, TIRING-ROOM, s. le foyer d'un spectacle. TIRVIT, s. (a bird) un vanneau. [nui, m. TIS, contracted for IT IS, c'est.
TISSUE, s. drap d'or or d'argent, m.
'TISSUE, r. a. tisser, entrelasser; entremêter. TIT, s. haridelle, f. bidet, m. femmelette, TIT-BIT, s. morceau friand, friandises, f. pl. TITHE, s. la dime. TITHE, v. a. dimer; v. n. payer la dime. TITHEABLE, adj. sujet à la dime.

TITTLLATE, v. a. chatouiller. TTILLATION, s. chatouillement, m. TITLE, s. titre, m. nom de dignité, m. TITEE, v. o. intituler, appeler, nommer. TITTER, v. a. rire modérément, ricaner. TITTLE, 4. un Iola, un rien, point, m. titre, m.
TITTLE-TATTLE, s. caquet, m. babil, m. TITLE-TATTLE, v. n. caqueter, causer, ba-TITUBATION, s. vacillation, f. [biller, jaser. TITULAB, adj. titulaire, honoraire. TITULARY, adj. & s. tiulaire, m.
TIVY, s. bâte, f. diligence: f.
To, prep. à, à la, au, à des, aux, pour, devast, avec, vers, envers, dans, sur, en, jusques, jusqu'à. To day, sujourd'hui. To night, sight, ce soir. To morrow, demain. To sad fro, cà et là, de part et d'autre.
To and pro, s. un crapaud. TOAD-STONE, s. crapaudine, f. TOAD-STOOL, s. poliron, m.
TOAST, v. a. rôtie, griller, boire à la santé de.
TOAST, s. rôtie, f. santé, f. une belle.
TOASTER, s. cehu qui rôtit, grille, m.
TOASTER, s. tabac, m. A tobacco-box, une tabatière. TABACCONIST, s. un marchand de tabac. Top, s. poids de 28 livres, m. un buisson. TOFT, s. masure, f.
TOGED, adf. en robe, vêtu d'une robe.
TOGED, adf. en robe, vêtu d'une robe.
TOGENERE, adv. ensemble, à la fois.
TOIL, s. peine, f. fatigue, f. toile, f.
TOILE, v. a. & n. travailler, se fatiguer.
TOILEN, s. toilette, f. table de toile, f.
TOILIOME, adj. penible, laborieux, fatigant.
TOILSOME, adj. penible, laborieux, fatigant.
TOILSOMERES. s. peine, f. fatigue, f. TOFT, s. masure, / TOLISONE, as, penime, induced, intigue, f.
TOLISONENESS, s. peine, f. faitque, f.
TOLENES, s. signe, m. marque, f. témoignage, m.
indice, m. trace, m. vessige, m.
TOLERABLE, adf. supportable, passable.
TOLERABLENESS, s. médiocrité, f.

[ment.] AULERABLENESS, s. mediocrité, f. [ment. Tolerably, adv. passablement, mediocre-Tolerance, s. patience, f. tolerance, f. parministr. TOLERATION, s. tolerance, f. permission, f. TOLL, v. a. (a bell) sonner une cloche.
TOLL, v. a. (a bell) sonner une cloche.
TOLL, v. n. & a. payer or recevoir le péage.
TOLL-gont s. bureau du péage, prison, f.
TOLL-GATHERER, s. collecteur de péage, m.
TOLL-MONEY.s. péage, m. l'argent du péage. Tomb, s. tombeau, m. tombe, TOMB, v.a. enterrer, mettre dans le tombeau.
TOMBLESS, adj. sans sépulture. Tom-Boy, s. un drole, un gueux. Tomtit, s. un mésange. Tow, s. tonneau, m. poids de 2000. Tone, s. ton, m. accent, m. timbre, m. Tong, s. l'ardillon d'une boucle, m. Tengs, s. pl. pincettes, f. pl.
Tongue, s. langue, f. langue, m. ardillon,
Tongue, v. a. & n. babiller, jaser. [m. TONGUELESS, adj. muet, interdit. TONGUE-PAD, s. un grand parleur. TONICAL, TONICK, adj. tonique. TORNAGE, s. tounage, m. Tossers, s. pl. amygdales, f. pl. TONSURE, s. tonsure, f. Tony, s. un niais, un benêt, un sot, un stupide. Too, adv. trop, aussi, même. Tool, s. outil, m. instrument, m. TOOTH, s. dent, f. [ner. TOOTH, v. a. mettre des dents : v. a. engre-Tooth-Ach, s. mal de dents.

TOOTH-DRAWER, s. arracheur de dents. m. TOOTHLESS, adj. édenté. TOOTH-PICK, s. une curedent. Toot Hsome, adf. delicat, agreable au goût.
Tor, s. le haut, la cime, le sommet, le dessus,
la pointe, la croupe, le faite, le comble, le
ciel, la surface, sabot, m.
Tor, used adjectively, premier, principal.
Top, v. a. couvrir, s'elever au dessus, devan cer, surpasser, étêter (un arbre); moucher (une chandelle); gravir une montagne; v. n. primer, exceller. TOPAZ, s. topase, f.
TOPE, v. n. boire beaucoup, pinter. Topea, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. TOPFUL, adj. tout plein. TOPGALLANT, s. le perroquet. TOPHET, s. l'enfer, m. TOPICAL, adj. topique, local.
TOPICK, s. lieu commun, sujet, m. topique, m TOPLESS, adj. mi n'a point de sommet. TOP-MAST, s. le perroquet. TOPMAST, adj. le plus haut. TOP-SAIL, s. la voile du perroquet. TOPOGRAPHER, s. topographe, m. Topographical, adj. topographique. Topographic, f. TOPPLE, v. n. tomber en devant. TORSY-TURVY, adj. sens dessus-dessous. TOR, une tour, un pic, une émineuce. Torcii, s. une torche, un flambeau. Torch-bearer, s. porte flambeau. TORMENT, s. tourment, m. supplice, m. TORMENT, v. a. tourmenter, faire souffrir. TORMENTING, adj. qui tourmente, cruel. TORMENTER, s. celui qui tourmente. TORNALO, s. ouragan, m. tourbillon, m.
TORPEDO, s. (a fish) torpille, f.
TORPID, adj. engourdi. [ment, m.
TORPIDNESS, TORPITUDE, s. engourdisse-TORREFACTION, s. torréfaction, f. TORREFY, v. a. torréfier, brûler. TORRENT, s. torrent, m. Torride. TORSEL, s. torse, m.
TORSION, s. l'action de tordre. Torrice, adj. tors, tortillė. Tortoise, s. tertne, f. TORTUOSITY, s. pli, m. sinuosité, f. Tortuous, adj. tortueux. TORTURE, s. torture, f. gene, f. question, f. TORTURE, v. a. mettre à la torture. TORTURER, s. bourreau, m. celui qui tour TORTURING, s. torture, f. [mente TORVITY, s. sévérité, f. air sévère, m. Torvous, adj. severe, farouche. TORY, s. un tory or royaliste. TOSE, v. n. carder de la laine. Toss, v. a. balloter, secouer, agiter, jeter. Toss, s. secousse, f. agitation, f. berne, f. Tossing, s. secousse, f. agitation, f. Tosspor, s. un buveur, un ivrogue. Tot, v. a. cotiser, taxer.
Total, adj. total, complet, entier, tont.
Totality, s, la totalité, le total, le tout. TOTALLY, adv. totalement, entièrement. TOTTER, v. n. chanceler, vaciller, branler. Tottering, adj. branlant. Totteringly, adv. d'une manière chancelante. Touch, v. a. & n. toucher, joindre, affecter, mouvoir, concerner, exprimer, gagner, éprouver; to touch at, toucher, (en terme de mer;) to touch on or upon, toucher

joindre, parler d'une chose; to touch on er spon, mouiller (en terme de mer.) Touch, s. attouchement, m. toucher, m. tact, m. touche, f. trait, m. coup de pinceau, m. satire, f. sarcasme, m. teinte, f. teinture, f. connoissance or impression legere, f. attaque or atteinte de maladie, un ressentiment, épreuve, f. essai, m TOUCHABLE, adj. qu'on peut toucher or ma-Touch-hole, s. la lumière (d'une arme à Touchings, s. susceptibilité, f. [feu.) TOUCHING, s. attouchement, m. Touching, prep. touchant. concernant. Touching, adj. touchant, pathetique. POUCH-STUNE, *. pierre de touche, f. TOUCH-WOOD, s. bois pourri qui sert d'ama-POUCHY, edf. chalouilleux, sensible. [dou. TOUGH, udj. roide, dur, coriace, rude. TOUGHEN, v. n. devenir dur or coriace TOUGHNESS, s. dureté, £ roideur, f. ténacité, f. Toun, s. tour, m. voyage, m. circuit, m. TOURNAMENT, s. tournoi, m. joute, TOURNEY, v. n. jouter, faire des joutes. Touse or Towse, v. a. tirailler, secouer. Tow, s. étoupe, f. hausière, f. chaloupe, f. Tow, v. a. touer, remorquer. Towage, s. touage, m. Towarn. adj. docile, facile, enclin, porté. TOWARD, TOWARDS, prep. vers, du côté de, TOWARD, TOWARDS, prep. vers, du côte de, devers, près, environ, sur, envers.
TOWARD, TOWARDS, adv. près, à la main.
TOWARDLINESS, s. docilité, f. facilité, f.
TOWARDLINESS, s. docilité, f.
TOWARDLY, adj. prèt, enclin, docile, facile.
TOWARD, s. serviette, f. essui-main, m.
TOWARD, s. un tour, une citadelle.
TOWARD, s. exièteur, prender l'essor Tower, v. z. s'élever, prendre l'essor. Towereu, Towery, adj. garni de tours. Towing, s. remorque, f. touage, m. toue, f. Town, s. une ville, une place. Townhouse, s. l'hôtel de ville. TOWNSHIP, sole corps de ville, jurisdiction TOWNSMAN, s. un bourgeois. [d'une ville. Townsman, s. un bourgeois. TOWNTALK, s. bruit de ville, m. TOXICAL, adj. venimeux, empoisonné Toy, s. un bijou, une breloque, un colifichet, une bagatelle, une babio Toy, r. n. badiner, jouer, folatrer. Tovish, adj. badin, folâtre. TOYISHNESS, s. badinage, m. jeu folâtre, m. TOYMAN, s. un bijoutier, un tabletier. Toyshop, s. une boutique de bijoutier. Tozy, adj. doux, souple. Trace, s. trace, f. piste, f. voie, f. Traces, s. traces, f. pl. harnois, m. TRACE, v. a. suivre à la piste, découvrir, trouver, remonter à la source, tracer. TRACER, s. celui qui fuit, qui découvre.

TRACER, s. celui qui fuit, qui découvre.

TRACER, s. trace, f. piste, f. vestige, m. pl.
marque, f. sentier, m.; track of a ship, le
sillage d'un vaisseau; track of a coachwheel, ornière, f.
TRACKLESS, adj. sans traces. TRACT, s. Clendue, f. espace, m. laps, m. contree, un traite, un discours. TRACTABLE, adj. traitable, doux, docile TRACTABLENESS, s. humeur traitable, f. TRACTABLY, adr. d'une manière douce, do-TRACTIBLE, adj. ductile. [cilement. TRADE, s. trafic, m. commerce, m. negoce, **n.** unetier, m. profession. f. TRADE, v. a. & n. trafiquer, negocier.

TRADER, s. un négociant, un commerçant. TRADESFOLK, s. les artisans, m. pl. TRADESMAN, s. un boutiquier, un homme de métier, un marchand. TRADE-WIND, s. vent alize, vent de saison TRADING, s. uegoce, m. trafic, w. TRADING, adj. commerçant, de négoce. TRADITION, s. tradition, f. TRADITIONAL, TRADITIONARY, adj. tradi-TRADITIONALLY, adv. par tradition TRADITIVE, adj. transmis d'âge en âge TRADUCE, r. a. médire de, diffamer, calom nier, décrier, propager, produire. TRADUCEMENT, s. médisance, f. calomnie, f TRADUCER, s. calomniateur, m. TRADUCTBLE, adj. que l'on peut tirer.
TRADUCTION, s. dérivation, f. propagation Traffick, s. commerce, m. TRAFFICK, v. n. trafiquer, negocier. TRAGEDY, s. tragedie, f.
TRAGICAL, TRAGICK, adj. tragique, terrible. TRACICALLY, adv. tragiquement TRAGICALNESS, s. calamité, f. horreur, f. TRAGICOMEDY, s. tragi-comédie, f. TRAGICOMICAL, adj. tragicomique. TRAGICOMICALLY, adr. d'une manière tragicomique. TRAJECT, v. a. jeter au travers. TRAJECT, s. passage d'eau, m. trajet, m. TRAJECTION, s. emission, f. jet, m. TRAJECTORY, s. trajectoire, trajet d'une co-TRAIL, v. a. & n. trainer. [mète, m. ľmète, 🖦 TRAIL, s. trace, f. piste, f. queue, TRAILING, adj. trainant. TRAIN, v. a. trainer, tirer, après soi, enga-ger, entrainer, attirer; to train up, èlever, former, dresser. TRAIN, s. queue, f. train, m. suite, f. compagnie, f. série, f. enchaînement, m. trainée de poudre, f. amorce, f.
TRAINBANDS, s. la milice. Trainbearer, s. caudataire, m. TRAINER, s. un officier qui exerce les troupes. TRAIN-OIL, s. huile de baleine, f. TRAIPSE, v. n. marcher nonchalamment. TRAIT, s. trait, m. couche, f. esquisse, f. TRAITOR, s. un traître TRAITOROUS, adj. traître, de traître, perfide. TRAITOROUSLY, adr. en traître, avec perfidie. TRALATITIOUS, adj. métaphorique, figuré. TRAMMEL, s. tramail, m.; v. a. attraper. TRAMPLE, v. a. & n. fouler aux pieds. TRANATION, s. l'action de passer à la nage. TRANCE, s. extase, f. ravissement, m. TRANQUIL, adj. tranquille, paisible.
TRANQUILLITY, s. tranquillité, f. repos, m.
TRANSACT, v. a. arranger. expédier, négocier, faire, exécuter, terminer; n. n. transiger, traiter, s'accommoder. TRANSACTION, s. négociation, f. affaire, f. transaction, f. convention, f. TRANSACTOR, s. celui qui négocie, agent, m. TRANSALPINE, adj. Transalpine, de delà les Alpes. Transanimation, s. la metempsycose. Transcend, v. a. & n. passer, surpasser. Transcendence, Transcendence, s. ex. cellence. TRANSCENDENT, adj. transcendant. TRANSCENDENTLY, adv. parfaitement, par excellence.

TRANSUBSTANTIATION, s. transobstantia-TRANSCOLATE, v. a. plaser, couler. TRANSCRIBE, v. a. transcrire, copier, imiter. TRANSCRIBER, s. un copiste, un scribe. TRANSCRIPT, s. une copie, un double d'un TRANSCRIPTION, s. transcription, f. [écrit. TRABSCUR, v. n. courir çà et là. TRANSCURSION, s. excursion, f. course, f.
TRANSFER, s. transport, m. cession, f.
TRANSFER, v. a. transferer, transporter. TRANSFIGURATION, s. transfiguration, f. TRANSFIGURE, v. a. transfigurer, transfor-TRANSFIX, v. a. transpercer. [mer. Transform, v. a. & n. transformer, se transformer. TRANSFORMATION, s. transformation, f. TRANSFORMER, s. colui qui transforme. TRANSFORMING, s. transformation, f. TRANSFUSE, v. d. & n. transvaser. TRANSPUSION, s. transfusion, f. [pécher. TRANSGRESS, v. a. & n. transgresser, violer, TRANSGRESSION, s. transgression, f. prévarication, f. violation, f. peche, m.
TRANSGRESSIVE, adf. fautif, coupable. TRANSGRESSOR, s. transgresseur, m. TRANSIENT, adj. transitoire, passager. TRANSIENTLY, adv. en passart, legèrement. TRANSIENTHESS, s. courte durée. TRANSIT, s. passayant, m. passage, m. TRANSITION, s. départ, m. passage, m. TRANSITIVE, adj. qui peut passer, transitif. TRANSITORILY, adv. en passant. TRANSITORY, adj. passager, transitoire. TRANSLATE, v. a. transférer, transporter, tra-TRANSLATING, s. traduction, f. [duire. TRANSLATION, s. translation, f. traduction, f. TRANSLATOR, s. traducteur, m. TRANSLUCENCY, s. transparence, f. TRANSLUCENT, TRANSLUCID, adj. transparent. TRANSMARINE, adj. d'outre-mer. [autre. TRANSMIGRANT, adj. qui passe d'unétat à un TRANSMIGRATE, v. n. passer d'un heu or d'un pays dans un autre. TRANSMIGRATION, s. transmigration, f. TRANSMISSION, s. transmission, s. transport, TRANSMISSIVE, adj. transmis. TRANSMIT, v. a. transmettre, faire passer. TRANSMITTAL, s. transport, m. transmission, f. TRANSMUTABLE, adj. transmutable. TRANSMUTATION, s. transmutation, f. TRANSMOTE, v. a. changer, transmuer. TRANSOM, s. traverse, f. traversin, m. TRANSPARENCY, s. transparence, f. TRANSPARENT, adj. transparent, diaphane. TRANSPICUOUS, adj. transparent. TRANSPIERCE, v. a. transpercer, pénétrer. TRANSPIRATION, s. transpiration, f. TRANSPIRE, v. a. & n. exhaler, transpirer. TRANSPLACE, r. a. changer un chose de place. TRANSPLANT, v. a. transplanter. TRANSPLANTATION, s. transplantation, f. TRANSPORT, r. a. transporter. TRANSPORT, s. transport, m. un vaisseau de transport, ravissement, m. extase, f. TRANSPORTABLE, adj. que l'on peut trans-TRANSPORTATION, s. transport, m. [porter. TRANSPORTING, s. transport, m.; aej. ra-TRANSPOSAL, s. transposition, f. [vissant. TRANSPOSE, v. a. transposer, deplacer. [vissant. TRANSPOSING, s. transposition, TRANSPOSITION, s. transposition, f. déplacemest, m FRAN JURSTANTIATE, v. a. transubstantier.

TRANSUDATION, s. transudation, f. TRANSUDE, v. w. transuder, transpirer, s'ex-TRANSVERSAL, adj. transversal. (haler. TRANSVERSALLY, adv. transversalement.
TRANSVERSE, adj. mis en travers. qui tra TRANSVERSELY, odr. en travers. - [verse. TRANTER, s. chasse-maree, m. TRAP, s. trappe, f. piège, m. panneau, m TRAP, v. a. attraper, surprendre, tromper, parer, orner, décorer, enharnacher. TRAP-DOOR, s. trappe, f. A rat-trap, une ratière. A mouse-trap, une souricière. TRAPE, v. n. ecurir les rues, battre le pavé Trapes, s. une coureuse. TRAPEZIUM s. trapèze, m. Trappings, s. harnois, m. ornemens, m. pl. parure, f. TRASH, s. rebut, m. friperie, f. TRASH v. a. comper, elaguer, abattre, hu mifier. TRASHY, adj. méchant, de peu de valeur. l'RAVADO, s. travade, f. TRAVAIL, s. travail, m. peine, f. labour, m. TRAVAIL, r. n. & a. travailler, se fatiguer, être en travail d'enfant, tourmeuter. Trave, Travel, Travise, s. un travail TRAVEL, v. a. & n. voyager. TRAVEL, s. voyage, m. TRAVELLER, s. un voyageur.
TRAVELLER's-JOY, s. (a plant) viorne, f.
TRAVELLING, s. l'action de voyager. TRAVELLING, adj. passager, de passage. TRAVERSE, adv. & prep. de travers, à travers, au travers de. TRAVERSE, adj. qui est en travers, qui croise. TRAVERSE, s. traverse, f. revers, m. obsta-cles, m.r.; traverse of a ship, bordee, f. TRAVESTY, as, traverser, croiser, s'opposer. TRAVESTY, as, travesti, TRAUMATICK, a., vuluéraire. [m. TRAY, s. baquel, m. ruge, f. plateau de bois, TREACHEROUS, adj. traire, perfide, de traitre. TREACHEROUSLY, adv. en traître. TREACHERY, s. perfidie, f. trahison, f. TREACLE, s. theriaque, f. melasse, f. TREAD, v. n. marcher, mettre or poser le pied, marcher dessus, fouler aux pieds. TREAD, s. pas, m. allure, f. vestige, m. sen-tier, m. trace, f. route, f. le germe de l'œuf. TREADER, s. celui qui foule. TREADLE, s. marche (d'un métier,) f. pédale, f. le sperme du coq. TREADLES, s. pl. les crottes des moutens or des brebis. TREASON, s. crime d'état, m. trahisen, f. TREASONABLE, adj. traitre, perfide, de traitre.
TREASONABLY, adv. en traitre, en trahison.
TREASURE, s. tresor, m. [richesses. TREASURE UP, r. a. thesauriser, amasser des TREASUREHOUSE, s. la trésorerie. TREASURER, s. trésorier, m. TREASURESHIP, s. la charge de trésorier TREASURY, s. le trésor, la trésorerie. TREAT, v. a. traiter, négocier, arranger, discuter, regaler, discourir. TREATABLE, adj. traitable, modéré, raison-TREATABLY, ade. distinctement. TREATISE, s. un traité, un discours. TREATMENT, s. traitement, m TREATY, s. negociation, f. traite, m. accord, TREBLE, adj. triple.

TREBLE, s. (in musick) le dessus. A faint || TRIDUAN, adj. de trois jours. treble, fausset, m. TREBLE, v. a. & n. tripler. TRRBLENESS, s. triplicité, f. TREBLY, adv. triplement. TREE, s. un arbre; tree of a cross-bose, la monture d'une arbalète : tree of a saddle. le bois d'une selle. TREE-IVY, s. le lierre rampant. TREFOIL, s. trèfle, (herbe) m. TREILLAGE, s. treillage, m. TRELLIS, s. treillis, m. jalousie, f. barreaux de bois, m. pl. TREMBILE, v. n. trembler, frissonner, craindre. TREMBLING, s. tremblement, m. tremousse TREMBLING, adj. tremblant. [men TREMENDOUS, adj. terrible, épouvantable. [ment TREMOUR, s. tremblement, m. TREMULOUS, adj. tremblant. TREE, s. harpon, m. dard, m. TRENCH, s. tranchée, f. fosse, m. rigole, f. TRENCH, v. a. couper, creuser, fossoyer. TRENCHER, s. tranchoir, m. assiette de bois. TRENCHERFLY, s. un parasite. TRENCHERMAN, s. un grand mangeur. TRENCHERMATE, s. compagnon de table, m. TREND, v. n. tendre, aboutir, butter, viser. TRENDLE, s. un pivot. TRENDLE, s. un pivot. TRENELS, s. grandes chevilles de chêne, f. TREPAN, s. trépan, m. piège, m. TREPAN, v. a. trépaner, attraper, surprendre. TREPANNER, s. une personne qui attrape adroitement, fin matois, m. TREPHINE, s. petit trépan. TREPHINE, s. petit trepain.
TREPHATION, s. tremblement, m. [ser.
TRESPASS, n. transgresser, violer, outrepasTRESPASS, s. offense, f. transgression, f.
TRESPASSER, s. prevaricateur, m. peckeur, TRESSES, s. tresse de cheveux, f. TRESTLE, s. tréteau, m. trépié, m. TRESTLE, s. treteau, m. trepse, m.
TREVET, s. un trépied.
TREY, s. un trésis (aux dés.)
TRIABLE, adj. qui peut être éprouvé.
TRIAB, s. triade, f. trinité, f.
TRIAL, s. épreuve, f. essai, m. examen, m.
preuve, f. jugement, m. precès, m. decimon, f. semence judiciaire, affliction, f. tentation, f. TRIANGLE, s. triangle, m.
TRIANGULAR, adj. triangulaire.
TRIARIANS, TRIARII, s. pl. triaires, m. pl.
TRIBE, s. tribe, f. race, f. classe, f.
TRIBLET, TRIBOULET, s. tribulet, m.
TRIBULATION, s. tribulation, f. affliction, f.
TRIBUNAL, s. tribulation. TRIANGLE, e. triangle, m. TRIBUNE, s. tribun, m. TRIBUNITIAL, TRIBUNITIOUS, adj. tribunitien, de tribun. TRIBUTARY, adj. & s. tributaire, un sujet. TRIBUTE, e. tribut, m. impôt, m. TRICE, s. un moment, un instant. TRICK, s. supercherie, f. ruse, f. malice, f. miche, f. tour malicieux, manège, m. tour de main, m. une levée, une main de cartes. TRICK, v. a. jouer un tour, attraper, tromper, duper, parer, orner, chaucher.
TRICKER, s. detente (d'un fusil,) f.
TRICKING, s. fourberie, f. duperie, f. TRICKISH, adj. trompeur, artificieux. TRICKLE, c. n. dégoutter, distiller, couler.
TRICKLING, adj. qui dégoutte, qui coule.
TRICKSTER, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. TRICKSY, adj. joli, mignou, cher.

TRIENNIAL, adj. triennal. TRIER, s. celui qui essaye. TRIFALLOW, v. a. donner la troisième facon. TRIFLE, s. bagatelle, f. niaiserie, f. sotuse, f. babiole, f. colifichet, m. amusette, f. TRIFLE, v. n. badiner, s'amuser à des riens, TRIFLER, s. un badin, un oisif, un sot. TRIFLING, adj. de néant, frivole, vain. TRIFLINGLY, adv. en badinant. TRIG, v. a. enrayer une roue, pieter. TRIGAMY, s. trigamie, f. troisième nôces.
TRIGAMS, s. enrayure, f. harpon, m. croc, m.
crochet, m. détente (d'un fusil,) f. TRIGON, s. un triangle. TRIGORAL, adj. triangulaire. TRIGONOMETRY, s. trigonométrie, f. TRIGONOMETRICAL, adj. trigonometrique TRILL, s. fredon, m. cadence, f. roulade, f. TRILL, v. a. & n. fredonner, cadencer, dégoutter, couler. TRILLION, s. un trillion. TRIM, adj. propre, bien mis, beau, joli. TRIM, s. parure, f. ornement, m. equipage, m. l'assiette, f. l'estive. TRIM, v. a. parer, orner, ajuster, garnir, ar-ranger, raccommoder, raser, tailler, balancer (un bateau;) border (une voile,) ménager, temporiser. TRIMLY, adv. proprement. TRIMMER, s. temporiseur, m. dissimulé, m. TRIMMERS, s. pl. enchevetrure, f. TRIMMING, s. garniture, f. assortiment, m.
TRIMMESS, s. proprete, f. justesse, f. agreTRIMAL, adj. triple, tripe.
[ment, m. TRINE, s. trine aspect, m.
TRINE, s. trine aspect, m.
TRINITY, s. la Trinité.
TRINK OT TRINKLE, s. sorte de filet pour TRINKET, s. colifichet, ss. bagatelle, f. babiole, f. breloque, f. la voile de perroquet.
TRIOBOLAR, adj. bas, vil, meprisable.
TRIP, v. a. & n. faire tomber quelqu'un, supplanter, faire un faux pas, glisser, chance-ier, se tromper, trotter, sauter. Tare, s. croc en jambe, m. glissade, f. faux pas, meprise, f. faute, f. un petit voyage, un tour, un troupeau de chèvres. TRIPARTITE, adj. divisé en trois parties. TRIPE, s. les tripes, f. pl.
TRIPEDAL, suli, qui a trois piés, à trois piés.
TRIPERY, s. triperie, f.
TRIPETALOUS, sulj. dont la fleur a troifcuilles. TRIPHTHONG, s. triphthongue, f. TRIPLE, adj. triple; r. a. tripler. TRIPLET, s. trois, m. tiercet, TRIPLICATION, s. l'action de tripler. TRIPLICITY, s. triplicité, f. TRIPMADAM, s. (an herb) tripe-madame. [. TRIPOLY, s. tripoli, m. turbit, m. TRIPOS or TRIPOD, s. trepied, m TRIPPER, s. celui qui fait tomber, qui glisse TRIPPING, adj. vif, agile, prompt. TRIPPINGLY, adr. vivement, avec agilité. TRIPUDIARY, edj. qui se fait en dansant. TRIPUDIATICN, s. l'action de danser. TRIREME, s. trirème, f. TRI-SECTION, s. trisection, f.
TRI-SYLLABICAL, adj. de trois syllabes. TRI-SYLLABLE, s. trissyllabe, f TRITE, adj. use, commun, vulgaire. TRITENESS. s vieillesse.

TRITON, s. triton, m. coq de clocher, une gi- TRUCK, s. troc, m. échange, m. TRITORABLE. adj. triturable. TRUCK, v. a. & n. troquer, changer. TRITURABLE, adj. triturable. TRITORATE, v. a. triturer. TRIUBATION, s. trituration, f. TRIUBPH, s. triomphe, m. TRIUMPH, v. s. triompher, s'applaudir.
TRIUMPHAL, adj. triomphal, de triomphe.
TRIUMPHANT, adj. triomphal, triomphant. TRIUMPHANTLY, adv. en triomphe. TRIUMPHER, s. triomphateur, m. TRIUMPHING, s. triomphe, m. réjouissance, TRIUMVIR, s. triumvir, m. TRIUMVIRATE, TRIUMVIRI, s. triumvirat, TRIUNE, adj. un en trois or trois en un. TRIVIAL, adj. trivial, commun, vulgaire, bas. TRIVIALLY, adv. trivialement, vulgairement. TRIVIALBESS, s. trivialité, f. TROCAR, s. trocar, m. instrument de chirur-TROAT, v. n. bramer, crier. TROCHAICAL, adj. composé de trochées. TROCHANTER, s. un trochanter. TROCHER, s. trochée, m. TROCHINGS, s. trochure, f. bois d'un cerf, m. TROCHISK, TROCHISCH, s. trochisque, m. TRODDEN ROAD, s. chemin batto. Troglodyte, s. troglodyte, m. TROLL, v. a. tourner, rouler, roder. TROLL-MADAM, s. trou-madaine, m. TROLLOP, s. une salope, un torchon. TROOP, s. troupe, f. compagnie, f. bande, f TROOP, v. n. s'attrouper, marcher en corps. TROOPER, s. un cavalier. TROPE, s. trope, m. métaphore, f. TROPHIED, adj. orné de trophées. TROPHY, s. trophée, m. [du tropique. TROPICAL, adj. figuré, métaphorique, près TROPICK, s. tropique, m. TROPOLOGICAL, adj tropologique, figure. TROPOLOGY, s. manière de parler figurée. TROT, s. trot (d'un cheval,) m. TROT, v. n. trotter, aller le trot, courir ca et TROTH, s. foi, f. vérité, f.

TROTHLESS, adf. perfide, de mauvaise foi. TROTHFLIGHT, adj. fiance. TROTTER, s. trotteur, m. pied de mouton, m. TROUBLE, v. a. troubler, inquieter, affliger, incommoder, importuner, embarrasser, persécuter, facher, rendre trouble.

TROUBLE, s. trouble. m. confusion, f. désordre, m. inquiétude, f. peine. f. embarras, m. inconvénieut, m. affliction, f. characterisme desecteur, publicuter, f. characterisme desecteur, publicuter, p. characterisme desecteur, publicuter, p. characterisme desecteur, publicuter, p. characterisme desecteur, p. characteris grin, m. desastre, m. malheur, m. mal, m. misère, f. soin, m. souci, m. persécution, f. TROUBLER, s. perturbateur, m. TROUBLESOME, adj. incommode, à charge, importun, génant, fatigant, facheux. TROUBLESOMELY, adv. d'une manière in-commode, avec importunité. TROUBLOUS, adj. tumultueux, agité. TROUGH, s. un auge, un baquet, une huche. TROUL, r. a. & n. agiter, parler vite. TROUNCE, n a. intenter procès, faire des affaires, punir, mal-traiter, attraper. Thousens, s. chausses, f. pl. braies, f. pl. TROUT, s. truite, f.
TROWEL, s. une truelle. Troy, Troy-weight, s. sorte de poids à douze onces la livre. TRUANT, s. un vagabond, un fainéant. TRUANT, adj. paresseux, fainéant. TRUCK, s. trève, f. suspension d'armes, TRUCHMAN, s. un trucheman, un interprete. TRUCIDATION, s. tuerie, f. carnage, m.

TRUCKLE, s. roulette, f. petite rone. truckle-bed, un lit à roulettes. TRUCKLE, v. n. se soumettre, ceder, ramper. TRUCKLING, s. sommission, f.; adj. sommis. TRUCULENCE, s. ferocité, f. brutalité, f. TRUCULENT, adj. feroce, farouche, barbare. TRUDGE, v. s. se fatiguer, battre le pavé. TRUDGING, s. corvee, f. peine inutile. TRUE, adj. vrai, veritable, certain, sûr, sure, naturel, franc, propre, convenable, exact, bon, sidèle. TRUE-BORN, adj. vrai, par droit de naissance. TRUE-BRED, adj. de la véritable race. TRUE-HEARTED, adj. vrai, sincère, honnête. TRUE-HEARTEDNESS, s. bonne foi, sincèrité, f. TRUE-LOVE-KHOT, s. laes d'amour, m. TRUENESS, s. sincérité, m. franchise, f. TRUFFLE, s. truffe, f.
TRUG, s. auge or oiseau de maçon, f. m. TRULL, s. use putain, une prostituée.
TRULL, adv. vraiment, sincerement.
TRUMP, s. trompette, f. trompe, f. triemphe, f. atout, m. (au jeu de cartes.) TRUMP, v. a. couper avec une triemphe; & trump up, inventer, forger, controuver.
TRUMPERY, s. friperie, f. rebut, m.
TRUMPER, s. une trompetie, une trompe. speaking-trumpet, un porte-voix. TRUMPET, v. a. publier, proclamer. TRUMPETER, s. un trompette, proneus, se. TRUNCATE, r. a. couper, tronquer. TRUNCATION, s. l'action de couper, de tronconner. TRUNCHEON, s. un gros bâton, un tricot TRUNCHEON, v. a. battre avec un gros bâton TRUNCHEONEER, s. celui qui est arme d'ur [gros bâton. TRUNDLE, v. n. rouler. TRUNDLE, s. lanterne (de moulin.) TRUNDLE-TAIL, s. une queue ronde or arrondie, une coureuse. TRUNK, s. trone, m. coffre, m. bahut, m. trompe (d'éléphant,) f. A trunk-maker, un bahutier. TRUNK-BREECHES, TRUNK-HOSE, s. chansses, f. pl. canons, m. pl. trousses, f. pl. TRUNK, r. a. tronconner, tronquer, rompre. TRUNKION, s. tourillon, m. TRUSION, s. l'action de pousser. TRUSS, s. trousse, f. faisceau, m. botte de TRUSS, r. a. trousser, empaqueter, nouer. TRUST, r. a. avoir confiance, se fier, se confier à, confier, croire, ajouter foi, faire crédit, compter, espérer, s'attendre. TRUST, s. confiance, f. assurance, f. depôt m. fidéicommis, m. crédit, m. TRUSTEE, s. confident, m. dépositaire, m fideicommissaire, m. consignataire, m. curateur. m. TRUSTEESHIP, s. curatelle, f. TRUSTILY, adv. fidellement. TRUSTINESS, s. fidelité, f. intégrité, f. probi-TRUSTY, adj. fidelle, sûr, intégre, feal. TRUTH, s. vérité, f. vrai, m. exactitude, f. fidélité, f. justesse, f. h. truth, en vérité, scrieusement. TRY, v. a. & n. essayer, foire l'essai, éprouver, mettre à l'épreuve, expérimenter, faire voir, montrer, examiner, tâter, souder, ter-miner, décider, juger, faire le procès, citer en justice, épurer, purifier, tenter, tâcher. Tun, s. une cuve, un cuvier, une tinette, and tine A bathing tub, une baignoire. A salt-ing tub, un saloir. A tale of a tub, un coate bleu, un coate borgue. A tub full, cuvée, f. Tube, s. tube, m. tuyau, m. siphon, m. TUBERCLE, s. tubercule, m. pustule, f. TUBEROSE, s. une tubéreuse TUBEROSITY, s. tubérosité, f. bosse, f. tumeur, TUBEROUS, adj. plein de tubercules.
TUBULAR, TUBULATED, TUBULOUS, adj. en forme de tube, creux. Tuck, s. estoc, m. lougue épée, f. un pli, un rempli, une filet. Tuck, v. a. trousser, retrousser, replier. Tucker, s. un tour de gorge. Tuckerls, s. pl. les dents machelières (d'un cheval.) f. pl. Tuel, s. anus, m. tuyan de fondement, m. Tuesday, s. Mardi, m. Shrove-Tuesday, le Mardi-Gras. TUFT, s. une touffe, un toupet. Tuft, adj. velouté, peluché. Tuft, v. a. orner d'une touffe. TUFTAFFETY, s. tripe de velours, j TUFTED, adj. touffu, velouté, huppé. TUFTY, adj. velouté, peluché, huppé. Tua, v. a. & s. tirer, tirailler, travailler. Tug, s. effort, m. peine, f. fatigue, f. Tugger, s. celui qui fait de grands efforts Tuition, s. soin, m. conduite, f. défense, f. protection, f. TULIP, s. tulipe, f.
TUMBLE, v. n. & a. tomber, s'ébouler, s'é crouler, se rouler, se vautrer, se renverser, sauter, faire des sauts, tourner, retourner, feuilleter, chiffonner, jeter, faire tomber. TUNBLE, s. châte. Tumbler, s. un sauteur, gobelet sans pied, TUMBLER-DOG, s. un basset. TUMBREL, s. tombereau, m. TUNEFACTION, s. enflure, f. [tumeur. TUNEFY, v. a. tuméfier, enfler, causer une TUMOROUS, adj. enfle, ampoulé, boursoufié.
TUMORO, s. tumeur, f. enflure, f.
TUMOROUS, adj. enfle, boursoufié, ampoulé. TUMULATE, v. n. ender, s'enfler. Tumulose, adj. plein de collines. TUMULT, s. tumulte, m. trouble, m. TUMULTUARILY, adv. avec tumulte. TUMULTUARY, adj. tumultucux, confus. Tumultuate, r. z. causer du tumulte. TUMULTUATION, s. mouvement confus. TUMULTUOUS, adj. tumultueux, turbulent. TUNULTUOUSLY, adn. umultueusement.
TUN, s. tonneau, m. 252 gallons, poids de
2000 livres, 40 pieds cubiques de bois de charpente. Tun, v. a. entonner, mettre dans un tonneau. TUKA, s. tuka, m. (arbre à cochenille.) TUNABLE, adj. accordant, harmonieux. TUNABLENESS, s. accord, m. harmonie, f. TUNABLY, adv. harmonieusement. TUNE, s. accord, m. ton, m. consonance, f. harmonie, f. métodie, f. air, m. chanson, f. note, f. pièce de musique. Tune, r. a. accorder, mettre d'accord; v. n. former des accords. TUNEFUL, adj. harmonieux, musical, mélo-TUNELESS, adj. discordant.

[dieux. Tuner, s. celui qui accorde. dieux. Turick, s. tunique, f. membrane, f. TUNNACE, s. tonange, m. [noir, m. TUNNEL, s. tuyau (de cheminée,) m. enton-TUNNEL, n. a. rendre à la tonnelle, faire en forme d'entonnoir.

TUNNELLER, s. tonneleur, ss. thon, m. Tup, s. bélier ; r. a. doguer, couvrir, later. TURBAN, TURBAND, s. turban, m. TURBID, adj. troublé, épais. TURBIDNESS, s. bourbe, f. vase, f. TURBITH, s. turbit, ex. TURBOT, s. un turbot. TURBULENCE, s. tumulte, m. désordre, m. confusion, f. TURBULENT, adj. remuant, turbulent, saditieux, brouillon TURBULENTLY, adv. turbulemment. TURCISM, s. le Mahometisme. TURD, s. merde, f. matière fécale, ordure, L. TURDV, adj. mechant, mauvais, incivil. TURF, s. gazon, m. tourbe, f. Turr, r. a. gazonner, couvrir de gazon. Turgent, adj. plein de gazoù er de tourbes. Turgent, adj. easte. Turgescence, Turgescency, e. ensure. Turgin, adj. entlé, boursouflé, ampoulé. Turgidity.s. enflure, f. TURK, s. Ture, m. TURKEY OF TURKEY-COCK, s. un coq d'Inde-Turkey-hen, une poule d'Inde. Turkey-pout, un dindon, un dindonneau. TURKISH, adj. Turc, Turque, de Turquie, des Turcs. Turkots, s. une turquoise. Turk's-shoe, s. babouche, f. Turkscap, s. martagon, sa. Diese Turm, s. troupe, m. TURMERICE, s. racine bonne contre la jau-TURNOIL, s. trouble, m. tumulte, m. TURNOIL, v. a. harceler, fatiguer, inquieter. TURN, s. tour, m. procede, m. office, m. ser vice, m. trait, m. manière, f. fait, m. affaire, f. coup, m. changement, m. occasion, f. fois, f. petite promenade. TURN, v. a. tourner, retourner, changer, fa-conner; to turn away, renvoyer, changer; to turn back, renvoyer; to turn off, renvoyer, chasser, resigner, abandonner, detousner; to turn home, renvoyer chez soi; to turn in, remplir, rendoubler; to turn inte, changer, transformer; to turn over, renverser, rapporter, remettre, rejeter; to turn end, renvoyer, chasser, démettre, tourner, traduire; to turn up, tourner, retourner, lever, relever, remuer, trousser, retrousser; to turn upside down, tourner sens des sedessous. TURN, v. n. tourner, se tourner, s'adtéser, être changé, devenir, se faire, rouler sur, dépendre de ; to turn about, tourner, se tourner; to turn again, se retourner, se defendre; to turn away, quitter le parti, abandonner; to turn back, s'en resourner, se retirer; to turn down, plier; to turn off, changer de chemin, se detourner; to turn to, retourner, remoiner vers ; to turn to er into, se tourner, se changer, avoir recours, recourir à, prendre le parti. TURNAMENT, s. tournois, m. TURNBACK, s. un iache, un poitron. TURNBENCH, s. tour de tourneur, m TURNCOAT, s. un apostat, un rénégat. TURNER, s. un tourneur. TURNING, s. tour, m. détour, m. simosté, Lurningness, s. détour, m. tergiversation f. subterfuge, m. TURNIP, s. un navet. Turn-key, s. guichetier, m. TURNPIKE, s. un tourniquet, une barrière

TURNSICK, adj. sujet aux vertiges. TURNSOL, s. tournesol, m. héliotrope, m. TURNSPIT, s. tournebroche, m. TURNSTILE. See Turnpike. TURPENTINE, s. térébenthine, f. TURPENTINE-TREE, s. le térébinthe. TURPITUDE, s. turpitude, f. bassesse, f. infamie, f. TURREL, s. tirefond de tonnelier, m. TURRET, s. une tourelle, une petite tour. TURTLE, S. toriue de mer, f.
TURTLE, TURTLE-DOVE, s. une tourterelle,
TUSCAN, adj. Toscan.

TUSCAN, interj. fil fi done!
TUSK, s. defenses, f.
TUSK, s. defenses, f. TUSKED, TUSKY, adj. qui a des défenses. TUTELAGE, s. minorité, f. tutelle, f. [dieu. TUTELAGE, TUTELAGY, adj. tutéleire, gar-Tutor, s. précepteur, m. gouverneur, m. Tutor, v. a. easeigner, instruire, corriger. Tutorage, s. emploi de précepteur, m. TUTORESS, s. gouvernante, f. tutrice, f. TUTORSHIP, s. préceptorat, m.
TUTTY, s. tutie, fleur de zinc, f.
TWAIN, adj. deux, couple. TWANG, v. a. faire rendre un son nigu; faire siffer ; v. n. rendre un son aigu TWANG, s. son aigu, mauvais accent. TWATTLE, v. n. couser, babiller, eaqueter.
TWAAG, TWAAK, v. a. pincer, serrer, tirer.
TWAAG, s. perplexité, f. peine, f.
TWAELLE, v. a. manier kgèrement. TWELFTH, adj. & s. doaziene, m.
TWELFTHDAY. TWELFTHTDE, s. le jour
des rois / Epiphanie.
TWELYE, adj. douze. TWELVE, as, towar.
TWELVENONTH, s. un an, une sance.
TWENTISTH, adj. vingtième; s. vingtième,
TWENTY, adj. vingt.
[m.
TWIBLL, s. une hallebarde, pince, f. Twice, adv. deux fois, an double. Twie, s. jet, m. rejeton, m. verge, f. Twiegen, Twiege, adj. plein de rejetons. Twilight, s. le crepuscule; adj. obscur, sombre. Twin, s. un jameau, une jumelle. Ljumeau. Twin, v. a. & n. faire des jumeaux, être TWINDORN, adj. jumeau, jumelle. TWINE, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer, embrasser; v.n. s'entrelacer, serpenter. Twing, s. du fil retors entrelacs, m. entrelacement, m. entortillement, m. TWINGE, s. point, tourment, m. Twinge, r. w. causer une douleur vive. TWIRELE, v. n. briller, étinecler, clignoter, cligner les yeux. TWINKLING, s. un clim d'œi). TWINEELING, adj. brillant, étiucelant. TWINNER, s. celui qui met bas deux petits TWIRL, r. a. tourner. [d'une portée. Twirl, s. tournoiement, m. tour, m. TWIST, v. a. entortifler, entrelacer, tisser, tresser, cordonner, tordre, retordre; r.n.s'entortiller, s'entrelacer. Twist, s. cordon, m. corde, f. contorsion, f. Twisten, s. un tordear, un cordier. TWIT, v. a. reprocher, faire des reproches. TWITCH, s. tiraillement. m. TWITCH, v. a. tirer, tirailler. [ricaner. TWITTER, r. n. faire un bruit interrompu, TWITTLE-TWATTLE, s. babil. m. caquet, m. TWIFT: E-TWATTLE. v. n. caqueter, causer. TWIII See Bewist.

Two, adf. deax. TWO-EDGED, adj. deux tranchaus. Two fold, adj. double, de deux sortes. Two fold, adv. doublement, au double. TWOHANDED, adj. grand, gros, très fort. TVING, s. l'action de lier, d'attacher, &c. TYMBAL, s. timbale, f. TYMPAN, s. tympan, st. TYMPANUM, s. le tympan de l'oreille, tam TYMPANY, s. tympanite, m.

TYPE, s. type, m. emblème, m. figure, f. représentation, f. modèle, m. original, m. TYPICAL, TYPICK, adj. typique, emblem TYPICALLY, adv. dans un sens typique. TYPIFY, r. a. figurer, représenter. Typographer, s. un imprimeur. TYPOGRAPHICAL, adj. typographique, d'im-TYPOGRAPHY, s. typographie, f. imprimerie, f. représentation emblématique, f. TYRANNICAL, TYRANNICK, adj. tyrannique. TYRANNICALLY, adv. en tyran, tyrannique-TYRANNICADE, s. tyrannicide, m. [ment. TYRANNISE, v.n. tyranniser, agir en tyran. TYRANNOUS. See Tyrunnical. TYRANNY, s. tyrannie, f. oppression, f. ri-TYRANN, s. tyran, m. [gueur, f Tyro, s. un nevice, un apprenti.

IJ.

UBERTY, s. abondant, fertile. UBERTY, s. abondance, f. fertilité, UBICATION, UBIETT, s. rapport local.
UBIQUITARY, adj. & s. ubiquiste, ubiquist
UBIQUITY, s. présence universelle. [taire. UDDER, s. tetine, f.
UGLINT, adv. vilainement, laidement.
UGLINESS, s. laidenr, f. difformité, f.
UGLY, adf. kad, vilam, difforme, indécent. Uncen, s. ulcère, m. ULCERATE, v. n. ulcérer, couser un ulcère. ULCERATING, ULCERATION, s. ulceration, f. ULCEROUS, adj. ulcere. ULIGIROUS, adj. visqueux, gluant. ULTIMATE, adj. dernier. [ni ULTIMATE, adj. dernier. [nier ressort. ULTIMATELY, adv. en dernier hen, en der ULTRAMARINE, adj. d'outremer. ULTRAMARINE, s. outremer, m. ULTRAMONTANE, adj. uhramontain. ULTRABUNDANE, adj. d'une autre sphère. ULTRABUNDANE, adj. spontané, volontaire. UMBEL, s. le godet des fleurs. [moi [mois. UNBERED, adj. couvert, obscur, sombre.
UMBILICAL, adj. dn nombril, unibilical. UNBLES, s. pl. nombles d'un cerf, f. pl. UMBO, s. le nombrit d'un bouclier. UMBRAGE, s. ombrage, m. ombre, UMBRAGEOUS, adj. qui donne de l'ombre. UMBREL, UMBRELLA, s. un parasol. UMBROSITY, s. ombre, f. ombrage, m. UMPIRAGE, s. arbitrage, m. compromis, m. UMPIRE, & arbitre, m Un, un est une préposition négative însépa-rable, qui répond à l'in des Latins et des François: si l'on ne trouve pas dans le denombrement de cet article des mots com-posés de cette particule, il faut en chevcher la signification dans leur simple. UNABASHED, adj. qui n'a pas de honte, sans UNABILITY, s. incapacité, f. [bonte UNABLE, adj. incapable.

UNACCEPTABLE, adj. désagréable, déplai-UNACCEPTED, adj. qui n'est pas reçu, refusé. UNACCEPTED, adj. qui n'est pas reçu, refusé. UNACCEPTED, adj. inaccessible. UNBEREEMINGLY, add. indécemment. UNBEREEMINGLY, add. indécemment. UNACCOUNTABLE, adj. indigent, malaise. UNACCOUNTABLE, adj. inexplicable, dont on ne saurait rendre raison, étrange.
UFACCOUNTABLENESS, s. singularité, f.
UFACCOUNTABLY, adv. étrangement.
UNACCURATE, adj. inexact. UNACCURATENESS, s. inexactitude, f. UNACCUSTOMED, adj. que n'est pas accoutu-UNACQUAINTANCE, s. ignorance, f. [mé. UNACQUAINTED, adj. ignoré, ignorant. UNACQUAINTEDNESS, s. ignorance, f. URACTIVE, adj. lent, paresseux, inoccupé.
URADMIRED, adj. dont on fait peu de cas.
UNADVISED, adj. imprudent, indiscret. UNADVISEDLY, adv. imprudemment. URAFFECTED, adj. naif, simple, naturel, aisé, coulant, qui n'est point ému. UNAPPECTEDLY, adv. sans affectation. UNAFFECTEDNESS, s. simplicité, f. candeur, UNAFFECTING, adj. qui n'affecte pas, fade. UNALIENABLE, adj. inaliénable. UNALLIED, adj. sans alliance, sans rapport.
UNALLOWABLE, adj. intolerable.
UNALLOWED, adj. illicite, defendu. UNALTERABLE, adj. inaltérable, immuable. UNALTERABLENESS, 4. immutabilité, f. UNALTERABLY, adv. immuablement, con-UNAMAZEL, adj. intrépide. [stamment. UNAMAZED, adj. intrépide. [stamment. UNAMAZEDNESS, s. intrépidité, f. bravoure, UNAMISSIBLE, adj. incorrigible. [f. UNAMISSIBLE, adj. inamissible. UNAMIMITY s. pagainné. UNANIMITY, s. unanimité, f. accord, m. UNANIMOUS, adj. unanime, uni. [cert. UNANIMOUSLY, adv. unanimement, de con-UNANSWERABLE, adj. sans réplique. UNANSWERED, adj. reste sans replique. UNAPPEASABLE, adj. implacable. UNAPPLICABLE, adj. inapplicable. UNAPPROACHABILE, adj. inaccessible. UNAPPROVED, adj. desapprouvé. UNAPT, adj. incapable, inhabile. UNAPTLY, adv. maladroitement, sans habile-UNAPTNESS, s. incapacite, f. UNARMED, part. adj. desarme, sans armes. UNARTFUL, adj. sans art, sans artifice UNASSISTED, adj. sans secours, sans aide. UNASSURED, adj. incertain. UNATONED, adj. qui n'a point été expié. UNATTAINABLE, adj. flors de notre porté. UNATTEMPTED, adj. qu'on n'a point tenté.
UNATTEMPTED, adj. qu'on n'a point tenté.
UNATTEMPTED, adj. sans suite, négligé.
UNATEMPTE, adj. inattentif, distrat.
UNAVALLABLE, UNAVALLING, adj. vain, inUNAVOIDABLE, adj. inévitable. [utile. UNA VOIDABLY, adr. inévitablement. UNAUTHORIZED, adj. sans autorité. UNAWAKED. adj. tout endormi. UNAWARE, UNAWARES, adr. sans y penser, par mégarde, par inadvertence. UNAWED, adj. sans être intimide. UNBAR, v. a. débarrer, ouvrir. URABASHED, adj. impudent. [décent. Unbecoming, adj. malseant, messeant, in-Unbecomingness, s. indecence, f. Unregot, Unregotten, adj. non-engen-Unrelier, s. incrédulité, f. [dré, éternel. Unreliever, s. un incrédule, un infidèle. Unbelieving, adj. infidèle, incrédule. Uffend, v. n. débander, détendre.

UNBEWITCH, r. a. desensorceler. Unbiassed, adj. sans prejuge, impartial. Unbind, r. a. delier, detacher. UNBLAMABLE, adj. innocent, irréprochable UNBLEWISHED, adj. sans tache. UNBLENDED, adj. pur, qui est sans mélange UNBLIND, v. a. rendre la vue. UNBLOWN, adj. qui n'est pas encore éclos. UNBODIED, adj. incorporel. sans corps. UNBOLT, v. a. ouvrir. UNBOOTED, adj. sans bottes, débotté. Unborder, v. a. déborder. Unborn, acj. qui n'est pas encore ne. UNBOSOM, v. a. ouvrir, confier. Unвоисит, adj. qu'on n'a point acheté. UNBOUND, part. adj. délie. détaché Unbounded, adj. sans bornes, infini. Unbowel, v. a. eventrer. Unbrace, v. a. délier, relâcher, déboucher. Unbrathing, adj. manimé. Unbred, adj. sans éducation, impoli. UNBRIDLE, v. a. débrider UNBRIDLED, part. adj. débridé, effrésé. UNBROREN, adj. entier, indompté. UNBROTHERLY, adj. indigne d'un frère. UNBUCKLE, v. a. déboucler. UNBUNG, v. a. déboudonner, ôter le bondon UNBURTHEN, v. a. decharger, soulager. UNBURIED, adj. sans sépulture. UNBURY, v. a. désenterrer. UNBUTTON, v. a. déboutonner. UNCALCINEU, adj. qui n'est pas calciné. UNCARDID, adj. peu candide, faux. UNCAPABLE, adj. incapable, inhabile. UNCAPABLENESS, s. incapacité, f. Uncase, v. a. tirer de l'étui, dépouiller. Uncautious, adj. inconsidéré, imprudent. Uncartain, adj. incertain, douteux. UNCERTAINLY, adr. d'une manière donteuse. UNCERTAINTY, s. incertitude, f. irresolution, f. doute, f. Jиснаїн, r. a. déchaîner. UNCHANGEABLE, adj. immuable. Unchangeableness, e. immutabilité, f. UNCHANGEABLY, adr. constamment. Unchanging, adj. qui ne change point. Uncharitable, adj. qui n'est pas charita-ble, contraire à la charité. UNCHARITABLENESS, s. manque de charité, UNCHARITABLY, adv. saus charité. UNCHASTE, adj. incontinent, lascif. UNCHASTELY, adv. impudiquement, salement. UNCHASTITY, s. incontinence, f. imputicité, Uncheerfulness, s. mélancolie, f. Unchewed, udj. sans être mâché. UNCHRISTIAN, adj. peu chrétien. UNCIRCUMCISED, adj. incirconcis. Uncircumcision, s. incirconcision, f. Uncircumscriben, adj. sans limites. UNCIRCUMSPECT, adj. imprudent, lascif. Uncircumspectly, adr. imprudemment Uncivil, adj. incivil, impoli. Uncivilized, adj. qui n'est pas civilisé, bar-UNCLASP, r. a. degraffer. [bare. Unclassick, adj. qui n'est pas classique. UNCLE, s. oncle, m. Unclean, adj. sale, mal-propre, impur, impudique, obscène. Uncleanlingss, s. saleté, mal-propreté, f.

UNDAUNTED, adj. intrepide, qui ne craint

UNCLEANLY, adv. salemont, mal-proprement.
UNCLEANNESS, s. saleté, f. impureté, f. imUNCLOSE, v. a. ouvrir.
[pudicité, f.] Unclothe, v. a. dépouiller, ôter les habits. Uncorr, v. a. décoiffer. Uncoloured, adj. qui n'est pas coloré. Uncomerd, adj. mal peigné. UNCOMELY, adv. indecemment. UNCOMFORTABLE, adj. facheux, triste, mal-beureux, désagréable, génant. Uncompostableness, s. tristesse, f. accablement, m. désagrément, m. misère, f. UFCOMFORTABLY, adv. avec désagrément, misérablement, sans aucun plaisir. Uncommon, adj. peu commun, rare, extraordinaire. Uncommonly, adv. rarement. UNCOMPELLED, adj. volontaire. UNCOMPLETE, adj. incomplet. UNCOMPOUNDED, adj. simple, non-composé. Unconcervable, adj. inconcerable. Unconcrivableness, s. incompréhensibilité, f. Unconcunn, s. indifférence, f. négligence, Unconcerned, adj. qui n'a aucun intérêt, qui n'est point ému, indifférent. INCONCERNEDLY, adv. indifferemment. Unconcernedness, s. indifference, f. tran-quillité d'àme, f. sang froid, m. Unconcluding, Unconclusive, adj. qui ne conclut rien. UKCONDITIONAL, adj. absolu, sans condition.
UKCONFINED, adj. libre, illimiti. [firme.
UKCONFIRMED, adj. irresolu, qui n'est pas con-UNCONFORMABLE, adj. incompatible. UNCONFUTABLE, adj. irréfragable. UNCONNECTED, adj. sans liaison. ftable. Unconquerable, adj. invincible, insurmon-Unconscionable, adj. deraisonnable. Unconsidered, adj. qui n'a pas été con-Unconstrained, adj. libre, volontaire. Unconsumable, adj. qui ne peut être con-UNCONTESTABLE, adj. incontestable. UNCONTESTABLY, adv. incontestablement. UNCONTESTED, adj. non contesté.
UNCONTROLLABLE, adj. irresistible. Uncond, v. a. délier, détacher. Uncorrect, adj. incorrect.
Uncorrupt, Uncorrupted, adj. pur, sain. UNCOVER, v. a. découvrir. UNCOUPLE, v. a. découpler UNCOURTEOUS, adj. incivil, impoli. UNCOURTLINESS, s. grossièreté, f. impolitesse, f. Uncourtly, adj. impoli, incivil. Uncouth, adj. etrange, bizarre, singulier. UNCOUTHLY, adv. etrangement. UNCOUTHLINESS, s. grossièrete, f. UNCREATED, adj. incréé. Unchown, v. a. ôter la couronne, détrôner. UNCTION, s. onction, f. UNCTUOSITY, s. onctuosité, f. Unctuous, adj. onclueux. UNCULPABLE, adj. innocent. UNCULTIVATED, adj. inculte. Uncumbered, adj. débarrassé, décharge. UNCURBED, adj. effréné. UNCURL, v. a. & n. défrisor, se défriser. UNCUSTOMARY, adj. rare, hors d'usage. Uncur, odj. entier qu'on n'a pas coupé.

UNDAUNTEDLY, adv. hardiment. Undauntedness, s. intrepidité, f UNDAZZLED, adj. qui n'est point ebloui. UNDECAYING, adj. durable. UNDECAVED, adj. inalterable, entier. UNDECEIVE, v. a. detromper UNDECIDED, adj. indécis, indéterminé. UNDECISIVE, adj. qui n'est pas décisif. UNDECKED, adj. sans ornement, mal ajusti. UNDECLINABLE, adj. indéclinable. UNDEFENDED, adj. sans défense. Undefiled, adj. pur, sans tache. Undefinable, adj. indéfinissable. ffini. UNDEFINED, adj. qui n'est pas défini, inde-UNDEFORMED, adj. qui n'est pas defini, inde UNDEFORMED, adj. qui n'est pas defiguré. UNDENTABLE, adj. incontestable, évident. UNDENTABLE, ad incontestablement. UNDEPRAVED, aa, qui n'est pas corrompu. UNDER, prep. sous, dessous, au dessous, par dessous, soumis à, dans, par, au milieu, de, moins, à moins, moins de, avec, sauf, de, à. UNDER-ACTION, s. action subordonnée. UNDER-AGE, s. minorité, f. UNDER-BEAR, v. a. supporter UNDER-BID, v. a. mesoffrir, offrir moins. Underbind, v. a. lier par dessous. UNDER-BRIGADIER, s. sous-brigadier, m. UNDER-BUTLER, s. aide de sommelier, m. Under-chamberlain, s. vice chambellan, Under-clerk, s. sous-secrétaire, m. [m. Under Cook, s. aide de cuisine, m. & f. Underdo, v. n. agir d'une manière indigne de soi, faire moins qu'il ne faut. UNDER-FELLOW, s. un homme de néant. Undergird, r. a. lier par-dessous. UNDERGIRDLE, s. ceinture de dessous, f. UNDERGO, v. a. souffrir, subir, essuyer Underground, adj. souterrain. [ment, UNDERHAND, adv. sous-main, claudestines UNDERHAND, adj. secret, claudestin. UNDERLAY, v. a. redresser. Underlayer, s. une étaye, un étançon. Under-Leather, s. le cuir de dessous. Under-Lieutenant, s. sous-lieutenant, m. UNDER-LINE, v. a. souligner UNDERLING, s. un agent inférieur. UNDER-LIP, s. la lèvre de dessous. UNDERMINE, v. a. miner, sapper, supplanter. Underminer, s. mineur, ememi caché.
Undermost, adj. le plus bas. [sous.
Underneath, adv. & prep. dessous, au des-Under-officer, s. officier subalterie, m. Under-petticoat, s. jupon de dessous, m. UNDERPIN, v. a. étayer, reprendre sousœuvre. UNDERPLOT, s. un épisode, complot. Undenfrize, r. a. priser au dessous de la valeur. Underfrop, v. a. étayer, étançonner. UNDERRATE, v. a. dépriser, ravaler. Under-secretary, s. sous-secretaire, m. UNDERSELL, v. a. mévendre, vendre à meil-leur marché. UNDER-SERVANT, s. un domestique inférieur. Underset, v. a. supporter, mettre dessous UNDERSETTER, s. soutien, m. appui, m. support, m. UNDER-SHERIFF, s. sous-sheriff, m. UNDERSTAND, v a. & n. comprendre, con UNDERSTANDING, s. entendement, m. intel-

figence, f. esprit, m. intellect, m. savoir, m. habilité, f. capacité, f. connoissance, f. correspondance, f UNDERSTANDING, adj. intelligent, éclairé. UNDERSTRAPPER, s. appui, m. soutien, m. UNDERTAKE, r. a. & s. entreprendre, se charger, s'engager, prendre, embrasser. UNDERTAKER, s. entrepreneur, m. UNDERTAKING, s. entreprise, f. dessein, m. UNDER-TENANT, s. sous fermier, m. UNDERVALUE, n. a. dépriser, mésestimer. UNDER-VASSAL, s. arrière vassal, m Underwood, s. taillis, m. bois taillis, m. Underwork, v. a. détruire, supplanter, ne pas travailler assez, laisser imparfait. UNDER-WORKMAN, s. ouvrier subalterne. UNDERWRITE, v. a. soussigner. UNDERWRITER, s. assureur, m. UNDESERVED, adj. non mérité. UNDESERVING, adj. sans mérite, indigne. UNDESIGNED, adj. involontaire, sans dessein. Undesigning, adj. qui agit sans dessein, bon, qui n'a point de mauvais dessein. UNDESIRABLE, adj. qui n'est pas désirable. UNDETERMINABLE, adj. interminable. UNDETERMINATE, adj. indeterminé, indécis. UNDIGESTED, adj. qui n'est pas digere. UNDIGESTED, adj. entier. [tion UNDIRECTED, adj. sans adresse, sans instruc-UNDISCERNIBLE, adj. imperceptible.
UNDISCERNING, adj. peu judicieux, inatten-UNDISCERNING, adj. indiscipline. [tif. UNDISCOVERABLE, adj. impossible à de-Undiscovered, adj. qu'on n'a pas décou-UNDISCREET, adj. indiscret, imprudent. UNDISGUISED, adj. sincère, sans déguisement. UNDISPUTED, adj. incontestable, évident. Undissembled, adj. ouvert, sincère. Undistinguishable, adj. qu'on ne saurait [distinguer. UNDISTURBED, adj. calme.
UNDIVIDABLE, adj. indivisible. [ruiner. Unno, v. a. défaire, délier, annuler, perdre, Undoing, s. ruine, f. perte, f. Undone, part. adj. defait, perdu, ruine, im-UNDOUBTED, adj. indubitable. fblement. UNDOUBTEDLY, adv. sans doute, indubita-UNDRAW, v. a. ouvrir. UNDRESS, r. a. deshabiller.
UNDRESS, s. deshabiller, m. neglige, m.
UNDUE, adj. indu, mauvais, mechant.
UNDULY, adv., d'une menière indue. UNDULATE, UNDULATED, adj. ondé, fait à UNDULATION, s. ondulation, f. UNDUTEOUS, UNDUTIFUL, adj. desobeissant. UNDUTIFULLY, adv. contre le devoir. UNDUTIFULNESS, s. manque de respect, m. UNDUTIFULNESS, s. manque de respect, m. UNEARNED, adj. qu'on n'a point gagné.
UNEASILY, adv. avec peine, mal à son aise.
UNEASILY, adv. avec peine, mal à son aise.
UNEASINESS, s. peine, f. incommodité, f. perplexité, f. chagrin, m. inquietode, f.
UNEASY, adj. penible, génant, fâcheux, incommode, à charge, géné.
UNEDIFUNG, adj. qui n'édifie point.
UNELIGIBLE, adj. ineffable, inexprimable.
UNEMPLOYED, adj. saus emploi. sans occu-UNEMPLOYED, adj. sans emploi, sans occu-pation, oisif, qu'on u'a pas employé. UNEMPTIABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit vider. UNEMDOWZD, adj qui n'est pas doué. UNENGAGED, ad qui n'est point engage.

ÜNENTERTAININO, adf. qui n'est pas amu UNEQUAL, adj. inégal, disproportionné. UNEQUALITY, s. inégalité, f. UNEQUALLY, adv. inegalement. UNEQUALNESS, s. inegalite, f. Unequitable, adj. injuste. UNEQUIVOCAL, adj. qui n'est point équivoque UNERRABLENESS, s. infaillibilité, f. UNERRING, adj. infaillible, sûr. UNERRINGLY, adv. infailliblement.
UNESPIED, adj. qui n'est pas apperçu.
UNESSENTIAL, adj. qui n'est pas essentiel.
UNESTABLISHED, adj. qui n'est pas établi. UNEVEN, adj. inegal. . UNEVENLY, adv. inegalement. UNEVENNESS, s. inégalité, f. UNEXAMPLED, adj. sans exemple. UNEXCEPTIONABLE, adj. sans replique, same reproche. UNEXCISED, adj. qui ne paie point d'impôt.
UNEXERCISED, adj. sans expérience.
UNEXHAUSTED, adj. qui n'est pas épuisé.
UNEXPECTED, adj. inopiné, inattendu.
UNEXPECTED, adj. inopiné, inattendu. UNEXPECTEDLY, adv. inopinement, subite-UNEXPECTEDNESS, s. surprise, f. UNEXPERIENCED, adj. sans expérience. UNEXPERT, adj. qui n'est pas expert. UNEXPLORED, adj. dont on n'a pas fait l'è preuve. UNEXPRESSIBLE, adj. inexprimable. UNEXTENDED, adj. inchendu. UNEXTENDEUSHABLE, adj. inextinguible.
UNEXTINGUISHABLE, adj. inextinguible.
UNEXTINGUISHED, adj. qui n'est pas éteint.
UNFADED, adj. qui n'est pas sujet à sa flétrir.
UNFALING, adj. sûr, assuré.
UNFAILNG, adj. injuste, démonnête. [foi. UNFAIRLY, adr. injustement, avec mauvaise UNFAIRNESS, s. mauvaise foi, fraude, f. UNFAITHFUL, adj. infidèle, traître, déloyal. UNFAITHFULLY, adv. perfidement. UNFAITHFULMESS, s. infidélité, f. perfidie, f. UNFALSIFIED, adj. vrai, pur, naturel. UNFAMILIAR, adj. auquel on n'est pas accoutumé. UNFASHIONABLE, adj. qui n'est pas à la mode. UNFASHIONABLY, adv. contre le mode. Unfashioned, adj. qui n'est point poli. Unfasten, v. a. délier, détacher, défaire. Unfathomable. adj. sans fond. [fond [fonder. UNFATHOMED, adj. sans fond, qu'on ne pout UNFAVOURABLY, adv. défavorablement. UNFEATHELED, adj. sans plumes UNFED, adj. qui n'a point mangé. Unfeeling, adj. insensible, dur, apathique. Unfeigned, adj sincère, véritable. [foi. Unfeignedly. wiv sincèrement, de bonne Unfrignedness, s. sincérité, f. donne foi. UNFELT, adj. ne pas senti, insensible. UNPENCED, adj. sans defense. UNFETTER, v. a. ôter les fers, mettre en li-Unfillal, adj. qui ne convient pas à un fils. Unfilled, adj. qui n'est pas rempli, vide. Unfinished, adj. qui n'est pas fini. Unfit, adj. qui n'est pas propre or convena-ble, bon or commode, incapable. UNFIT, v. a. rendre incapable. Unfitly, adr. mai à propos, mal. Unfitness, s. incapacite, f. Unfitting, adj. qui n'est pas convenable. Unfixed, adj. errant, qui n'est pas fixe.

UNFLYDGEN, adj. qui n'a point enco.e de l'Unganterul adj. méconnoissant, ingrat plumes. UNFOILED, adj. qui n'est pas vaincu. Unfold, v. a. deplier, étendre, ouvrir, développer, expliquer; to unfold sneep, tirer les brebis du parc.
Unforzin, Unforzingue, adj. permis. UNFORCED, adj. libre, volontaire. aisc. UNFORCIBLE, adj. sans force, foible. UNFORESEEN, adj. imprevu, inopine. UNFORFEITED, adj. qu'on n'a pas perdu. Unforgiving, auf. implacable.
Unforgotten, adj. memorable, digne de mémoire. UNFORMED, adj. informe. [défense. UNFORTIFIED, adj. sans fortification, sans UNFORTUNATE, adj? infortuné, malheureux. UNFORTUNATELY, adr. malhoureusement. UNFRAMED, adj. qui n'est pas façonné. UNFREQUENT, adj. rare, extraordinaire. UNFREQUENTED, adj. qui n'est pas fréquenté. UNFREQUENTLY, adv. rarement. UNFREQUENTLY, adj. qui manque d'amis. UNFRIENDLINESS, s. manque d'amitic. Unfriendly, adf. peu obligeant, indigne d'un ami. Unfriendly, adv. d'une manière désoblige-UNFROZEN, adj. qui n'est pas gelé. UNFRUITFUL, adj. infructueux, stérile. UNFRUITFULLY, adr. infructueusement. UNFULTFULNESS, s. stérilité, f. UNFURL, v. a. déferler, déplier. [ler. Unfurnish, v. a. dégarnir, priver, dépouil-Ungain, Ungainly, adj. maladroit; adv. maladroitement. URGALLED, adj. qui n'est point blessé.
URGARNISHED, adj. dégarni.
URGARTERED, adj. sans jarretières.
URGATHERED, adj. qui n'est pas encore coeilli. UNGENERATED, adj. qui n'est pas engendre. UNGENEROUS, adj. vil, làche, ignominieux. UNGRNIAL, adj. mal-sain, dur, rigoureux. UNGENTEEL, adj. grossier, impoli. UNGENTEELLY, adv. d'une manière malhon-Ungenteelness, s. grossièreté, f. UNGENTLE, adj. dur, rude, rigoureux. UNGENTLEMANLY, adj. malbonnête, incivil. UNGENTLENESS, s. dureié, f. sévérité, f. UNGENTLY, adv. d'une manière dure. UNGILD, v. a. dédorer, ôter la dorure. UNGIRD, r. a. ôter la ceinture, dessangler. Ungirt, part. adj. sans ceinture. UNGLUE, r. a. décoller, dégluer. Ungodelle, adv. d'une manière impie. URGODLINESS, s. impicté, f. irréligion, f. UNGODLY, adj. impie, irréligieux. UNGOT, adj. qui n'est pas ne, qui est à naître. URGOYERNABLE, adj. indomptable, indisciplinable, licencieux, extravagant. Ungovernableness, s. humeur indomptable. UNGOVERNED, adj. licencieux, effréné. UNGRACEFUL, s. sans grace, sans élégance, désagréable, disgracieux, dégoûtant. UNGRACEFULLY, adv. de mauvaise grace. Ungracefulness, s. mauvaise grâce. Ungracious, adj. désagréable, choquant. UNGRACIOUSLY, adv. mal, d'une manière peu honnête or peu obligeante. Ungraciousness, s. mechancete, f. malice, f. conduite or manière désobligeante. U. GRAMMATICAL, adj. contraire aux règles de la grammaire

UNJLATEFULLY adr. avec ingratitude, desagreablement. UNGRATEFULNESS, s. ingratitude, f. UNGROUNDED, cdj. sans foncement. UNGUARDED, adj. sans defense, indiscret. Unguent, s. onguent, m. Unhandsomet, adj. laid, mal-honnête. Unhandsomety, adv. de mauveise grâce. UNHANDSOMENESS. s. indécence, f. UKHANDY, adj. mal-adroit. UKHAPPILY, adv. malheureusement. UNHAPPINESS, s. malheur, m. infortune, f. UNHAPPY, adj. malheureux, misérable. UNHARBOUR, v. a. lancer, debucher. UNHARMED, adj. sain et sauf. [innocent. UNHARMEU, adj. qui ne fait point de mal, UNHARMONIOUS, adj. discordant. UNHARMESS, v. n. débaruacher, désarmer. Unhasp, v. a. dégraffer. Unhatched, adj. qui n'est point éclos. UNHEALTHFUL, adj. mal-sain, maladif. UNHEALTHY, adj. maladif, valetudinaire. UNHEARD, adj. qu'on n'entend point.
UNHEARD, adj. qu'on n'entend point.
UNHEEDING, adj. peu remarquable, négligé
UNHEEDING, adj. négligent, inattentif.
UNHEEDY, adj. précipité, subit, scurlain.
UNHINGE, v. a. mettre hors des gonds. UNHOLY, adj. profane, impie. UNHOOK, v. a. décrocher. UNHOPED, UNHOPED FOR, adj. inespéré. Unhorse, v. a. démonter. [rance. Uniurt, adj. sain et sauf.

Unicorn, a. licorne, f.

Uniform, adj. uniforme, régulier, égal. Uniformity, s. uniformité, f. conformité, f. UNIFORMLY, adv. uniformement. Unimaginable, adj. inconcevable. UNINFLAMMABLE, adj. qui ne s'enflamme Unformed, adj. qui n'est pas forme or instruit, sans culture, ignorant. Uninhabitable, adj. inhabitable. Uninhabited, adj. inhabite, desert. UNINSTRUCTED, adj. sans instruction. UNINTELLIGIBLE, adj. inintelligible. UNINTERESTED, adj. desinteresse. UNINTERRUPTED, adj. sans interruption. UNINVITED, adj. qui n'est point invité. Union, s. union, f. jonction, f. concorde, f. Unison, s. unisson, m. UNIT, s. unite, f. Unitarian, a. & s. Unitaire, m. UNITE, v. a. unir, joindre; v. n. s'unir. UNITEDLY, adv. avec union, de concert. Uniting, Unition, s. union, f. jonction, f. Unity, s. unité, f. union, f. accord. m. Universal, adj. universel, général, total. UNIVERSALITY, s. universalité, f. généralité, UNIVERSALLY, adv. universellement. [f. UNIVERSE, s. l'o. ivers, le monde entier, la UNIVERSITY, s. une université. [terre. Unjust, adj. injuste, inique. [hle. UNJUSTIFIABLE, adj. sans excuse, inexcusa-Unjustifiably. adv. d'une manière inexcu-Unjustly, adr. injustement. [sable. Unkennel, r. a. déterrer, faire sortir de son Unkino, adj. desobligéant. UNKINDLY, adj. dénaturé, méchant. UNKINDLY, adv. mal, durement. UNKINDNESS, s. mechancete, f. mauvaise vo Unkino, n. a. détrôner, deposer un roi. UNENIT, v. a. dénouer, défaire.

UKMOVEABLE, adj. ferme, inebranlable.

UNENOWABLE, adj. qu'on ne peut savoir. UNENOWING, adj. ignorant. [ramment. UNENOWINGLY, adv. sans le savoir, igno-UNENOWIN, adj. inconnu, à l'insçu. Unlace, v. a. délier. délacer. UNLAMENTED, adj. qu'on ne regrette pas. UNLATCH, v. a. ouvrir, lever le loquet. UNLAWFUL, adf. illicite, illegitime. [ment. UNLAWFULLY, adv. illicitement, illegitime-UNLARN, v. a. desapprendre, oublier. Unlearned, adj., sans lettres, ignorant. Unleavened, adj. sans levain. Unleas, conj. à moins que, si ce n'est que. UNLESS, conj. a moins que, si ce n est que. UNLETTERED, adj. sans lettres, non-lettré. UNLEVELLED, adj. inégal, raboteux. UNLICENSED, adj. qui n'a pas la permission. UNLICENSED, adj. qui n'est pas allumé. UNLICENSED, adj. différent, improbable. UNLIKELIHOOD, UNLIKELINESS, s. manque de vraisemblance, m UNLIKELY, adj. improbable, sans apparence; adv. sans apparence. UNLIKENESS, s. différence, f. diversité, f. UNLIMITABLE, adj. immense. [terminé. UNLIMITED, adj. illimité, saus bornes, indé-UNLOAD, v. a. décharger, soulagér, alléger. UNLOCK, v. a. ouvrir. UNLOOKED FOR, adj. inopiné. UNLOOSE, v. a. délier, dénoucr, défaire. UNLOVELINESS, s. désagrément. UNLUCKILY, adj. désagréable. [heur. UNLUCKILY, adv. malheureusement, par mal-UNLUCKINESS, s. matheur, m. infortune, f. UNLUCKY, adj. malheureux, infortuné, sinistre, malin, nuisible, mauvais. UNLUTE, S. a. déluter, ôter de lut. UNMADE, adj. qui n'est pas encore fait.
USMARE, r. a. défaire, anéantir.
UNMAN, v. a. dégrader, ravaler, châtrer, efféminer; to usman a ship, désarmer un **vaiss**eau UNMANAGEABLE, adj. difficile à conduire. UNMANLIKE, UNMANLY, adj. indigne d'un bomme, effémine. UNMANNERLINESS, s. incivilité, f. malhon-UNMANNERLY, adj. incivil. [nêteté, f. UNEANURED, adj. qui n'est pas cultivé, in-UNEANURED, adj. qui n'est pas cultivé, in-UNEARED, adj. qui n'est pas cultivé, in-UNMARKED, adj. qui n'est pas marqué. UNMARRIED, adj. non-marié. UNMARRIED, adj. non-marié. UNMASK, v. a. & n. démasquer, se démas-URMAST, v. a. démâter. URMASTERABLE, udj. indomptable. [quer. UNMASTERED, adj. indompte. UNMATCHED, adj. sans cgal. UNREARING, adj. qui n' a aucun sens. UNMEASURABLE, adj. immense. UNMEASURABLENESS, s. immensité, f. UNMEASURABLY, adv. démésurément. UNMEASURED, adj. qui n'est pas mésuré. UNMEET, adj. impropre, mal-à-propos. UNMELTED, adj. qui n'est pas fondu. UNMENTIONED, adj. dont on n'a pas fait UNMERCIFUL, adj. impitoyable. [mention. UNMERCIFUL, adj. impitoyable. UNMERCIFULLY, adr. sans pitie. URMERCIFULNESS, s. cruauté, f. inhumanité, UNMERITED, adj. qu'on n'a pas mérité.
UNMINDED, adj. negligé, dont on fait peu
UNMINDEUL, adj, negligent. [de cas. URMINDFULNESS, s. négligence, f. Unmingled, adj. pur, sans alliage. Unmined, Unmint, adj. simple, pur. Unmoi.ested, adj. qui n'est pas molesté or Unmoon, r. a démarrer. Linquieté. Linquiété.

UNMOVEABLENESS, s. fermeté, f. stabilité, f UNMOVEABLY, adv. d'une manière ferme. Unmoved, adj. immobile, ému or affecté. UNMUFFLE, r. a. découvrir le visage, désaf-UNMUSICAL. adi. discordant. [fubler. UNNUSICAL, adj. discordant. [fubler UNNATURAL, adj. contre nature, denature. UNNATURALLY, adv. contre nature. UNNATURALNESS, s. humeur denaturce. UNNAVIGABLE, adj. qui n'est pas navigable Unnecessarily, adv. sans nécessité, inu tilement. INNECESSARY, UNKEEDFUL, adj. inutile UNNEIGHBOURLY, adj. desobligeaut. Unnoticed, adj. pas observė. Unnumeered, adj. innombrable. Unobservable, adj. imperceptible Unobservant, Unobserving, adj. nėgligent. Unobserved, adj. qu'on n'appercoit pas, sans être apperçu or régardé. JNOBSTRUCTED, adj. qui n'est pas empéché. UNOCCUPIED, adj. sans possesseur, sans mal-UNOFFENDING, adj. innocent. [tre. UNOFPOSED, adj. sans opposition. UNORDERLY, adj. désordonné, confus. UNORGANIZED, adj. qui n'est pas organisé. UNPACK, v. a. dépaqueter, ouvrir un paquet. UNPAID, adj. qui n'est pas payé. UNPALATABLE, adj. dégoûtant. UNPARALLELED, adj. incomparable, same UNPARDONABLE, adj. inspardonnable. UNPARDONABLE, adj. qui n'est point pardonné. UNPARLIAMENTARY, adj. contraire aux rècles et aux formes parlonables. règles et aux formes parlementaires.
UNPARTABLE, adj. inséparable, indivisible.
UNPARTABLE, adj. qui n'est pas divisé.
UNPASSABLE, adj. impraticable. UNPASSIONATE, adj. sans passion, tranquille. UNPEACEABLY, adv. dans le désordre. UNPEG, v. a. ôter la cheville. UNPEOPLE, v. a. dépéupler. UNPERCEIVABLE, udj. imperceptible.
UNPERCEIVABLY, adr. imperceptiblement. UNPERCEIVED, adj. pas apperçu. UNPERFORMED, adj. qu'on n'a pas fait. UNPERISHABLE, adj. non-périssable. [son. UNPHILOSOPHICAL, adj. contraire à la rai-UNPIN, v. a. défaire, dégraffer, dérunsser. UNPIN, v. a. défaire, dégraffer, dérunsser. UNPINIONED, adj. dont les bras sont déliés. UNPITIED, adj. pour qui on n'a point de com-UNPITIFULLY, adv. sans pitié. [passion. [passion. [probable. UNPLAIT, r. a. déplisser. UNPLEASANT, adj. peu vraisemblable, im-UNPLEASANT, adj. deplaisant, désagréable. UNPLEASANTLY, adv. désagréablement. UNPLEASANTNESS, s. désagrement, m. Unpliant, adj. difficile à plier, inflexible. Unpliantness, s. inflexibilité, f. UNPOLITE, odj. raboteux, grossier, impoli. UNPOLITE, odj. grossier, incivil, impoli. UNPOLITENESS, s. impolitesse, f. grossièreté. UNPOLLUTED, adj. qui n'est pas souillé. [UNPOPULAR, adj. qui n'est pas populaire. UNPRACTISED, adj. qui n'est pas versé or ex-périmenté, qui n'est pas en usage. UNPRECEDENTED, adj. sans exemple. UNPREJUDICED, adj. sans prejuges.
UNPREMEDITATED, adj. qui n'est pas prémédité. Unprepared, adj. sons préparation. • Unpressed, adj. qui n'a pas été pressé. Unpretended to, adj. à quoi l'on ne pretend point.

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UNPREVAILING, adj. qui est sans force.
UMPROFITABLE, adj. inutile, vain.
UFPROFITABLENESS, s. inutilité, f.
UNPROFITABLY, adv. inutilement, sans profit.
UNPROLIFICK, adj. stérile.
Unpromesing, adj. qui ne promet rien de
bon, qui ne donne pas grande esperance.
Unrropirious, adj. sinistre, peu favorable.
UNPROPORTIONABLE, UNPROPORTIONED,
   adj. qui n'est pas proportionné, sans pro-
   portion.
Unproportionably, adv. sans proportion.
UNPROSPEROUS, adj. malheureux.
UNPROSPEROUSLY, adv. malicureusement. UNPROTECTED, adj. sans protection.
UNPROVED, adj. pas prouve.
UNPROVIDED, part. adj. depourvu, denue.
UNPROVIDENT, adj. imprudent.
UNPROVIDENTLY, adv. imprudemment
UNPROVOKED, adj. sans être dêfié.
UNPUBLISHED, adj. qui n'est pas publié,
secret, caché.
Unrunished, adi. impuni.
Unqualified, adj. incapable, qui n'est pas
UNQUENCHABLE, adj. inextinguible.
UNQUENCHED, adj. qui n'est point éteint.
UNQUESTIONABLE, adj. inclubitable.
UNQUESTIONABLY, adv. indubitablement.
URQUESTICHED, adj. incontestable, reconnu.
URQUIET, adj. agjić, inquiet, troublė.
URQUIET, adj. agjić, inquiet, troublė.
UNQUIETLY, adr. avec inquiétude.
UNQUIETNESS, s. inquiétude, f.
UNRACEED, adj. qui n'est pas soutiré.
UNRANSOMED, adj. qui n'est point racheté.
UNRATED, adj. non-tarife, pas spécifié.
UNRAVEL, r. a. effiler, defaire le tissu, défricher, débrouiller, démèler, dénouer; v. n.
    s'éffiler, se défaire.
UNREAD, adj. pas lu, non-lettre.
                                                          [tant.
UNREASONABLE, adj. déraisonnable, exorbi-
Unreasonableness, s. injustice, f.
Unerasonably. adv. déraisonnablement.
UNREBUKABLE, adj. irreprehensible.
UNREBUKED, adj. qu'on n'a point repris.
UKRECALLABLE adj. irrevocable.
UKRECLAIMED, adj. incorrigible.
UNRECOMPENSED, adj. sans recompense.
UNRECONCILEABLE, adj. implacable.
UNRECONCILED, adj. qui n'est pas reconcilié.
UNRECOVERABLE, adj. irréparable.
UNRECOVERED, adj. qu'on n'a pas recouvré.
UNREDERMED, adj. non racheté.
Unreduced, adj. qu'on n'a pas reduit or
    subjugué.
 UNREFORMABLE, adj. incorrigible, obstiné.
UNREFORMED, daj. incorrigine, obstite.
UNREFORMED, adj. pas soulagé.
UNREFORMED, adj. pas soulagé.
UNREGARDED, adj. néglige, méprisé.
UNREGARDFUL, adj. négliget.
UNREGARDFUL, adj. négliget.
    inflexible.
 UFRELIEVABLE. adj. sans ressource.
Unrelieved, adj. qui n'est pas secouru.
Unremitted, adj. qui n'a pas été pardon-
    ne or remis, continuel, sans relache.
 UNRKMOVABLE, adj. inamovible.
 UNKEMOVED, adj. qu'on u'a point déplacé.
 UNREPAID, adj. sans recompense.
UNBEPAIREU, adj. qui n'est point réparé.
UNBEPARABLE, adj. irréparable.
UNBEPEALABLE, adj. irrévocable.
 UNREPEALED, adj. qui u'a point été révoque
    or abroge.
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UNREPENTING, adj. nonrepentant, qui ne se repent point, impenitent.
UNREPINING, adj. qui ne se plaint point.
UNREPROVABLE, adj. irreprehensible. UNREPROVED, adj. sans reproche. UNREQUITED, adj. sans recompense. UNRESERVED, adj. sans reserve, ouvert. Unreservedly, adv. sans réserve. Un resolved, adj. indéterminé, irrésolu. UNRESPECTFUL, adj. incivil, irrévérent. UNREST, s. inquiétude. UNRESTORED, adj. qu'on n'a point rendu. UNRESTRAINED, adj. sans coutrainte. UNREVEALED, adj. qui n'a point été révélé. UNREVERGED, adj. dont on ne s'est peint vengé. UNREWARDED, adj. sans recompense Unriddle, v. a. expliquer, resoudre. Unrig, r. a. defu.er, depouiller. Unrighteous, adj 'njuste, inique. UNRIGHTEOUSLY, a.v. injustement. UNRIGHTEOUSKESS, s. injustice, f. iniquité, UNRIGHTFUL, adj. injuste, inique. UNRING, v. a. déboucler. [dre. Unrip, v. a. ouvrir, découdre ; v. n. se décou-Unripe, Unripened, adj.qui n'est pas mûr. UNRIVALLED, adj. sans rival. UNROL, r. a. dérouler, déplier. Unroost, r. a. déjucher, dénicher. Unruffled, adj. calme, tranquille. UNRULILY, adr. en mutin, en revêche. UNRULINESS, s. emportement, sr.
UNRULINESS, s. emportement, sr.
UNRULY. adj. reveche, mutin, indomptable,
dérèglé, effréné, fougueux.
UNSADILE, v. a. desseller, ôter la selle. Unsafe, adj. dangereux, qui n'est pas sur. Unsafely, adr. dangereusement. UNSALEABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit vendre. Unsalted, adj. qui n'a pas été salé. Unsanctified, adj. qui n'est pas sanctifié. UNSATISTACTORY, adj. qui ne satisfait pas. UNSATISFIABLE, adj. qu'on se sauroit satis-UNSATISFIED, adj. mécontent. [faire. UNSAVOURNESS. s. insiphité, f, goût fade, f. UNSAVOURN, adj. fade, insipide. UNSAVOURN, adj. sans défense. [sniste. Unscriptural, adj. contraire à l'écriture Unscrew, r. a. défaire la vis. Unseal, r. a. décacheter. Unseam, r. a. découdre. [préhensible Unsearchable, adj. impenetrable, incom Unsearchableness, s. incompréhensibillenseasonable, adj. hors de saison [1é, f. UNSEASONABLY, adr. à contre-tems. Unseasoned, adj. qui n'est pas assaisonné. Unseconded, adj. qui n'est pas secondé. Unseemliness, s. indécence, f. Unseemly, adj. indécent, messéant. Unseenly, adr. indécemment. Unseen, adj. invisible, sans être vu. UNSERVICEABLE, adj. inutile. UNSERVICEABLY, adr. inut ement. Unsettle, v. a. rendre incertam, déplacer UNSETTLED, adj. irresolu, incertain, incon stant, volage, qui n'est pas rassis or repose. Unsettledness, s. irrésolution. UNSHACKLE, v. a. déchaîner. [ombrage. UNSHACKLE, r. a. dechainer. [univage UNSHACKLE, r. a. dechainer. [univage univage univ UNSHELTERED, adj. exposé, saus défense. Unship, v. a. debarquer.

Unsuod, adj. sans souliers, déchaussé, dé- | Unturift, s. & adj. prodigue, m Unsuod. r. a. déferrer (un cheval.) [ferré. | Unturiftisess, s. prodigalité, f Unshorn, adj. qui n'est pas tondu. UNSHUR, adj. qui n'est pas formé, ouvert. UNSHUT, adj. qui n'est pas formé, ouvert. UNSHITTL, adj. désagréable à la vue, laid. UNSKILFUL, UNSKILLED, adj. inhabile. UNSKILFULLY, adv. mal-adroitement. UNSKILFULNESS, s. mal-adresse, f. Unslaked, adj. qui n'est pas éteint. Unsociable, adj. insociable. Unsociable eness, s. humeur insociable, f. Unsonnen, adj. qui n'est pas bouilli. Unsolled, adj. net, propre, qui n'est pas sali. Unsold, adj. qui n'est pas vendu, invendu. UNSOLDER, v. a. dessouder, ôter ja soudure. Unsole, v. a. dessoler, ôter la semelle. Unsolid, alj. qui n'est pas solide, fluide. Unsolicited. adj. saus être sollicité. Unsolicitous, adj. tranquille, indifferent. Unsolved, adj. reste sans solution. Unsought, adj. qu'on n'a pas recherché. Unsound, adj. qui n'est pas sain, maladif, corrompu, gâte, vicié, vicieux, mechant. Unsoundness, s. corruption, f. vice, m. Unsown, adj. qu'on n'a pas semé. Unspeakable, adj. inexprimable. [mable. Unspeakably, adv. d'une manière inexpri-Unspecified. adj. qui n'a pas été spécifié. UNSPOTTED, adj. sans tache. Unstable, adj. qui n'est pas stable. [teint. UNSTAINED, adj. sans tache, qui n'est pas UNSTEADILY, adv. legerement. UNSTRADINESS, s. inconstance, f. legèreté, f. Unstrady, adj. inconstant, leger. Unstirred, udj. qui n'est point remué. Unstop, r. a. deboucher, ouvrir. Unstring, v. a. délier, relacher, détendre. Unstuffed, Unstuff, adj. qui n'est pas [farci, Unsubbued, adj. indompte. URSUCCESSFUL, adj. qui n'a pas reussi, sans anccès. Unsuccessfully, adv. sans succes. Unsuccessfulness, s. mauvais succès. ad). insuffisant, incapa-Unsufficient, Unsuitable, adj. qui n'est pas convenable. Unsuitableness, s. disconvenance, f. UNSULLIED, adj. qui n'est pas sali. Unsupplied, adj qui n'est pas sourni UNSURMOUNTABLE, adj. insurmontable. UNTAMEABLE, adj. indomptable. UNTAMED, adj. indompté. UNTANGLE, r. a. debarrasser. Untasten, adj. qu'on n'a pas goûté or touché. Untaught, adj. qui n'a pas été enseigné. Untrachable, adj. indocile, qui ne veut point apprendre UNTEAM, r. a. dételer. [défense. UNTERABLE, adj. qui n'est pas tenable, sans Uкткиактев, adj. sans tenancier. Uктнакквии, adj. ingrat, qui n'est pas recompoissant.

UNTERIFTIMESS, s. prodigalite, f. profusion UNTHRIFTY, adj. prodigue. Untie, r. a. délict, détacher, dénouer, Untie, prep. jusqu'à ce que. [i Untile, r. a. découvrir (une maison.) Untilled, adj. inculte, en friche. Untimely, adj fait à contre tems, déplace hâtif, precoce, precipite, premature. JNTIMELY, adv. avant le tems. Untired, adj. qui n'est pas las or fatigue. Unto, prep. à, au, aux. [pas compt Unto, prep. à, au, aux. [pas compté Untold, adj. qui n'a pas été dit, qu'on n'a UNTOUCHED, adj. intact, qui n'est point tou ché or ému. UNTOWARD, adj. mrchant, opiniâtre, fa cheux, indocile, mal-adroit, sinistre. UNTOWARDLY, adr. mechamment. UNTRACTABLE, adj. intraitable, revêche. UNTRACTABLENESS, s. indocilité, f. UNTRIED, adj. qu'on n'a point encore épron UNTRIMMED, adj. qui n'est point orné. UNTROUBLED, adj. qui n'est point troublé. UNTRUE, adj. faux, infidèle, perfide. Untruly, adr. faussement. Untruss, r. a. détacher. [reur, f. UNTRUTH, s. fausseté, f. mensonge, m. er UNTUCK, r. a. detrousser. Untunable, adj. discordant. Untune, v. a. désaccorder, déranger. Unturnen, adj. qui n'est pas tourn UNTUTORED, adj. mal éduqué, mal-élevé. UNTWINE, UNTWIST, v. a. détordre, défiler. UNUNIFORM, adj. irregulier. UNUSUAL, adj. rare, extraordinaire. UNUSUALLY, adr. rarement. UNUSUALNESS, s. rareté, f. UNUTI ERABLE, adj. inexprimable, ineffable UNVAIL, r. a. dévoiler, ôter le voile. UNVALUABLE, adj. inestimable, sans prix. UNVANQUISHED, adj. indompté. UNVARIABLE, adj. inveriable. UNVARIABLENESS, s. immutabilité, f. UNVARIABLY, adv. invariablement. UNVARIED, adj. uniforme. UNVEIL, v. a. dévoiler, découvrir. UNAWARENED, adj. qui n'est pas éveillé. UNWARILY, adv. imprudemment, sans précaution, inconsidérément, par mégarde. UNWARINESS, s. imprudence, f. UNWARNED, adj. qu'on n'a point averi. UNWARRANTABLE, adj. inexcusable. UNWARRANTED, adj. incertain, qu'on ne peut pas assurer. UNWARY, adj. imprudent. UNWASHED, UNWASHEN, adj. qui n'est point UNWASTED, adj. qui n'est pas consumé. UNWATERED, adj. qui n'est point arrosé, qui n'est pas ondé. UNWEARIED, adj. qui n'est point fatigué, in-UNWEAVE, v. a. effiler, défaire le tissu. UNWEIGHED, adj. qui n'a point été pesé.
UNWELCOME, adj. qui n'est pas bien-venu,
désagréable, incommode. [santé. UNWHOLESOME, adj. mal-sain, contraire à la UNWHOLESOMENESS, s. qualité mal-saine. UNWIELDILY, adv. pesamment, lourdement UNTHANKFULLY, adv. sans reconnoissance.
UNTHANKFULLY, adv. sans reconnoissance.
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UNTHILDITY, adv. pesantent, fourdement
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UNTILLING, ad

UNWISHED, adj. qu'on ne souhaite pas. Unwittingly, adr. sans savoir, sans y pen-Unwitty, adj. sans espit, sot. Unwonted. adj. inaccoutume, rare. fser. UN WORTHILY, adv. indignement. Unworthings, s. ind guite, f. bassesse, f. Unworthy, adj. indigne, qui ne merite pas, qui n'est pas digne, sans mérite. Unwound, part. adj. debrouillé, démêlé. Unwounded, adj. sans blessure. Unwoven, part. adj. effile, defait, qui n'est Unweap, v. a. developper. [pas tissu. UNWREATH, UNWRING, v. a. détordre. UNWRIKKLE, v. a. dérider, ôter les rides. UNWRITTER, adj. qui n'est pas écrit.
UNWROUGHT, adj. qui n'est pas travaillé
UNYIELDING, adj. qui ne céde point, inflexiUNYOKE, v. a. délivrer du joug. [ble. Ur, adr. en haut, debout, sur pied. down, cà et là, de tous côtés, par tout. Up to, jusqu'à, à. Ur, prep. au baut, au, sur. UPBEAR, v. a. soutenir. UPBRAID, r. a. iusulter, reprocher. UPBRAIDINGLY, adv. avec reproche. UPHELD, part. adj. soutenu, supporté, pro-UPHILL, adj. difficile, périble. [tegé. UPHOLD, v. a. lever en haut, soutenir. UPHOLDER, s. appui, m. soutien, m. partisan, m. entrepreneur, m. tapissier, m. UPHOLSTERER, s. un inpissier. UPON, mep. sur, dessus, joignant, environ, tout proche, vers, à par, en. de. UPPER, adj. haut, supérieur, de dessus. UPPER-HAND, s. le dessus, l'avantage, m. UPPERMOST, adj. le plus haut, le plus élevé. UPREAR, v. a. élever. [bonne foi-UPRIGHT, adj. droit, tout droit, honnête, de UPRIGHT, s. élevation. f. UPRIGHTLY, adr. de bonne foi, perpendiculairement. UPRIGHTNESS, s. élevation perpendiculaire, f. rectitude, f. équité, f. sincérité, f. bonne UPRISE and UPRISING, s. lever, m. [foi. UPROAR, s. tumulte, m. vacarme, m. UPSTOT, s. conclusion, f. fin, f. dernier ré-UPSTOTTING, s. relevailles, f. pl. [sultat, m. UPSTORABTING, adf. hérissé, dressé. UPSTOR-DOWN, ade. sens dessus-dessous. UPSTART, s. un parvenu, un gueux revêtu. UPWARD, UPWARDs, adv. en haut, par haut, vers, plus, davantage, au dela. URBANITY, s. urbanité, f. civilité. f. URCHIN, s. un hérisson, un méchant enfant. URGE, v. a. presser, solliciter, exciter, pous-URGENCY, s. nécessité urgente. URGENCY, s. nécessité urgente. URGENT, adi. urgent URGENTLY, adv. instamment, avec instance. URGER, s. un importun. URINE, s. urine, f. ; x. n uriner, pisser. URN, s. urne, f. vase, m. Us, pron. nous. USAGE, s. usage, m. contume, f. habitude, f. USANCE, s. usage, m. interêt, m. usance, f. Usz, s. usage, m. emploi, m. avantage, m. utilité, f. profit, m. pratique, f. exercise, f. habitude, f. intérêt, m. Use, v. α. user, se servir, employer, faire, consommer, traiter, en user, en agir, fréquenter, habituer, accoutumer, former, dresser; v. n. être accoutume, avoir cou-

UNWISELY adr. imprudemment, follement. || USED, part. adj. use, usite, employe, consomme, traite, habitue, accoutume, endur ci, fait, dressé, formé. Useful, adj. utile, avantageux, profitable. USEFULLY, ade, utilement, avantageusement. USEFULRESS, s. utilité, f. profit, m. usage, m. USELESS, adj. inutile. [avantage, m. USELESSLY, adr. inutilement. USELESSNESS, s. inutilité, f. User, s. celui qui fait usage, qui use. USHER, s. écuyer, m. un sous-maître. USHER. v. a. introduire, annoncer. Using, s. usage, m. l'action d'user. UsqueBaugh, s. usquebac, m. eau de vie, f. Usual, adj. usuel, ordinaire, accoutume. Usually, adv. ordinairement, commune Jsuat.ness, s. habitude, £ fréquence, ∫. Usurer, s. un usurier, une usurière. Usunious, adj. usuraire, interessé. Usurp, r. a. usurper. USURPATION, s. usurpation, f. Usurper, s. un usurpateur, une usurpatrice USURY, s. usure, f. UTENSIL, s. ustensile, m. UTERUS, s. la matrice. UTILITY, s. utilité, f. avantage, m. profit, m. Uтмозт, adj. dernier, le plus reculé. Uтмозт, s. l'extrème, le plus haut dégré, tout le possible. UTTER, adj. extérieur, de dehors, entier. UTTER, r. a. enoncer. proferer, exprimer. UTTERANCE, s. prononciation, f. elocution, f outrance, f. debit, m. vente, f. UTTERLY, adv. entierement. UTTERMOST. See Utmost. Uxorious, adj. esclave de sa femme.

VACANCY, s. vide, m. vacance, f. VACANT, adj. vide, vacant. VACATE, r. a. vider, quitter, casser, annuler. VACATION, s. vacations or vacances, f. pl. VACUITY, VACUUM, s. vide, m. vacuité, f. VACUOUS, adj. vide, VAGABOND, s. un vagabond : adj. errant. VAGAROND, S. un Vaganona: aaj, erram, VAGARV, s. fantaise, f. houtade, f. VAGARV, s. vie errante, fainéantise, f. VAGRANT, adj. & s. vagabond. VAGUE, adj. Vague, errant, indéterminé. VAIL or VEIL, s. voile, m. VAIL, v. a. laisser tomber, voiler, couvrir. VAIN, adj. vain, inutile, frivole, orgueilleux. VAINLY, adv. en vain, vainement. VAINNESS, s. vanité, VALANCE, s. pente, f. VALE, s. vallee, f. VALEDICTORY, adj. de congé. VALENTINE, s. valentin, m. un amant VALERIAN, s. valeriane, f. VALET, s. un valet. VALETUDINARIAN, VALETUDINARY, adj. valctudinaire, maladif. VALIANT, adj. vaillant, brave, courageux. VALIANTLY, adv. vaillamment, avec courage. VALIANTNESS, s. valeur, f. courage, m. VALIDATE, r. a. valide, rendre valide.
VALIDATE, r. a. valider, rendre valide.
VALIDATING, VALIDATION, s. validation, f. VALIDITY, s. validité, f. VALLEY, s. vallee, f. VALOROUS. adf. courageux.

VALOUR, s. valeur, f. bravoure, f. courage, VALUABLE, adj. precieux, estimable. [m.] VALUATION, s. evaluation, f. estimation, VALUATOR, s. estimateur, m. appréciateur, m. VALUE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. estime, f. VALUE, v. a. évaluer, estimer, apprécier, VALUER, s. appreciateur, m. [pr VALUING, s. evaluation, f. estimation, f. VALVE, s. valvule, f. VAMP, s. empeigne, f.; v. a. raccommoder. VAMPLATE, s. gantelet, m. VAN, s. avant garde, f. un van, un éventail. VANE, s. une girouette, un temple. VANILLA, s. vanille, f. VANISH, v. n. disparoître, s'évanouir. VANITY, s. vanité, f. futilité, f. ostentation, f. VANQUISH, v. a. vaincre, dompter. VANQUISHER, s. vanqueur, m. conquerant, m. VAPID, adj. éventé. VAPIDNESS, s. fadeur, f. état de ce qui est VAPOUR, s. vapeur, f. exhalation, f. VAPOUR, v. a. & n. s'évaporer, faire le fier. VARIABLE, adj. variable, changeant. [f. VARIABLENESS, s. variation, f. inconstance, VARIABLY, adv. d'une manière changeante. VARIANCE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f. VARIATION, s. variation, f. changement, m. VARIEGATE, v. a. bigarrer. VARIETY, s. variété, f. diversité, f. VARIOUS, adj. divers, différent, variable. VARIOUSLY, adv. diversement, differemment. VARLET, s. un drôle, un faquin, un gueux. VARLETRY, s. vile populace, la canaille. VARNISH, s. vernis, m. VARNISH, v. a. vernir, vernisser, colorer. VARNISHER, s. vernisseur, m. VARNISHING, s. vernis, m. couleur, f. fard, VARY, v. a. & n. varier, changer. VASE, s. vase, m. VASSAL, s. vassal, m. VASSALAGE, s. vasselage, m.
VAST, adj. vaste, grand, immense.
VASTATION, s. dévastation, f. désolation, f. VASTLY, adv. fort, excessivement. VASTRESS, s. grande étendue, immensité, f. VAT. s. une cuve, une éclisse. VAULT, s. une voute, une cave, une caverne, un tombeau, les lieux, le privé. VAULT, r. a. voûter ; v. n. voltiger. VAULTER, s. sauteur, m. voltigeur, m. VAULTING, s. volte, f. l'action de voûter. VAUNT, v. n. se vanter, se glorifier. VAUNT, s. ostentation, f. parade, f. vanité, f. VAUNTER, s. vanteur, m. glorieux. VAUNTING, s. ostentation, f. parade, f. VAUNTINGLY, adv. avec ostentation. VEAL, s. veau, m. chair de veau, f. VEER, r. a. & n. tourner, changer. VEGETABLE, adj. végétable. VEGETABLE, s. végétable, m. plante, f. VEGETATE, v. n. végéter. VEGETATION, s. végétation, f. VEGETATIVE, adj. végétatif. VEHEMENCE, VEHEMENCY, s. impétuosité, f. véhémence. VEHEMENT, adj. véhément, impétueux. VEHEMENTLY, adv. avec vehemence. VEHICLE, s. voiture, f. véhicule, f. VEIL, s. voile, m. prétexte, m. couleur, f. VEIL, v. a. voiler, déguiser, envelopper. VEIN, s. veine, f. VEIN, v. o. jasper, marbrer. VEINY, adj. veincux. VELLUM, s vilin. m.

VELOCITY, s. vélocité, f. vltesse, f. rapidité, f VELVET, s. velours, m. ; adj. de velours VELVET-LIKE, adj. veloute. VELVET-MAKER, s. veloutier, m. VENAL, adj. vénal, mercénaire, contenu. VENALITY, s. vénalité, f. VEND, v. a. vendre, debiter. VENDER, s. l'acheteur, m. VENDER, s. le vendeur. (bien. VENDIBLE, adj. qui est à vendre, qui se vend VENDIBLE, adj. qui est à vendre, qui se vend VENDING, s. vente, f. débit, m. [quer. VENEER, v. a. revêtir, garnir en bois, pla-VENEMOUS, adj. vénimeux, vénémeux. VENERABLE, adj. vénérable. VENERABLY, adv. d'une manière vénérable. VENERATE, v. a. vénérer, révérer, respecter. VENERATION, s. vénération, f. respect, m. VENERATOR, s. celui qui révère. VENEREAL, adj. vénérien, de l'amour. VENERY, s. la chasse, vénérie, f. le plaisir VENGE, v. a. venger, punir. [de l'amour. VENGE, v. a. venger, punir. VENGRABLE, adj. vindicatif VENGEANCE, s. vengeance, f. VENGEFUL, adj. vindicatif. [niel. VENIABLE, VENIAL, adj. pardonnable, ve-VENIALNESS, s. qualité vénielle. VENISON, s. gibier, m. venaison, f. VENOM, s. venin, m. poison, m. VENOMOUS, adj. vénimeux, vénéneux. VENOMOUSLY, adr. d'une manière vénineuse. VENOMOUSNESS, s. venin, m.
VENT, s. vent, m. issue, f. passage, m. soupirail, m. lumière, f. un puis.
VENT, r. a. donner issue, exhaler, faire éclater, déclarer, éventer, découvrir, publier, divulguer, vendre ; v. n. flairer, sentir. VENTER, s. ventre, m. VENTILATE, v. a. éventer, vanner, ventiler. VENTILATION, s. ventilation, f. VENTILATOR, s. ventilateur, m. VENTRICLE, s. le ventricule, l'estomac, m. VENTURE, s. aventure, f. hasard, m. VENTURE, v. a. aventurer, risquer, hasarder; r. n. s'aventurer, se hasarder, oser; to renture at, on or upon, s'engager dans. VENTURER, s. celui qui aventure. [deux. VENTUROUS, VENTURESOME, adj. hasar-VENTUROUSLY, adr. à l'aventure. VENTUROUSNESS, s. hardiesse, f. VENUS, s. Vénus, f. VERACITY, s. véracité, f. vérité morale. VERB, s. verbe, m. [rivé d'un verbe. VERBAL, adj. verbal, de bouche, littéral, dé-VERBALITY, s. de vains sons, du verbiage, VERBALLY, adv. verbalement, de bouche. VERBATIM, adv. mot pour mot, mot-à-mot. VERBOSE, adj. verbeux, diffus, long. VERBUSITY, s. babil, m. beaucoup de paroles. VERDANT, adj. verdoyant, qui verdit VERDICT, s. rapport. m. reponse des jures, f. jugement, m. sentiment, m. VERDIGRISE, s. verd de gris, m. verdet, m. VERDURE, s. verdure. VERGE, s. verge, f. baguette, f. ressort, m. VERGE, v. a. tendre, incliner, pencher. Verger, s. sergent à verge, m. huissier, m. Verification, s. vérification, f. preuve, f. Verify, v. a. vérifier, prouver. VERIFYING, s. verification, f. preuve, f. Verily, adr. en vérité, vraiment. VERISIMILAR, adj. vraisemblable. VERISIMILITUDE, s. vraisemblance, f. VERITY, s. vėritė, f.

VERJUICE, s. verjus, m VERNICELLI, s. vermicelle or vermichèle, m. VERMICULAR, adj. vermiculaire. VERMICULATED, adj. vermiculé, marqueté. VERMICULE, s. petit vers ; adj. plein de pe VERMIFUGE, s. vermifuge, m. (tits vers. VERMILION, s. vermillon, # VERMILION, r. a. rougir, teindre en rouge. VERMILION, r. a. rough, toward by FREMIL, s. vermine, f. VERMIRATION, s. production de la vermine, VERMACULAR, adj. du pays, de son pays. VERMAL, VERMANT, adj. printanior. VERSATILE, adj. changeant, leger, flexible. VERSE, s. vers, m. verset, m. VERSED, adj. verse. VERSE-MAN, s. un versificateur, un poête. VERNICLE, s. petit verset, un petit vers. VERSIFICATION, s. versification, f. [tour. VERSIFICATION, TRESIFIER, s. un versifica-VERSIFY, v. s. faire des vers, versifier. VERSION, s. version, f. traduction, f.
VERT, s. les arbres d'une forêt, m. retraite
des bêtes fauves. VERTEBRAL, adj. vertébral. VERTEBRE, s. vertébre, f. VERTEX, s. vertex, m. sommet, m. VERTICAL, adj. vertical. VERTICALLY, adv. verticalement, au zinith. VERTICITY, s. rotation, f. VERTICINOUS, adj. vertigineux, de rotation. VERTIGO, s. vertige, m.
VERVAIN, VERVINE, s. verveine, f.
VERY, adj. vrai, franc, parfait, fielic.
VERY, adv. fort, tres, tout-à-fait. VESICATURY, s. un vesicaloire. VESICLE, s. petite vessie, vésicule. VESPERIES, vesperies, f. pl. VESPERS, s. vepres, f. VESSEL, s. vase, m. vaisseau, m. navire, m. VEST, s. une ves VEST, v. a. habiller, vêtir, revêtir, investir. VESTAL, adj. & s. vestale, f. VESTIBULE, s. vestibule, # VESTIGE, s. vestige, m. trace, f. VESTMENT, s. vetement, m. kabillement, m. **VESTRY**, s. sacristie, f. assemblee, des principaux paroissiens, VESTURE, s. vêtement, m. habillement, m. VETCH, s. vesce or vesse, f. Bitter-vetch, ers, m. VETERAN, s. & adj. un vétéran VEX, v. a. facher, tourmenter, chagriner. VEXATION, s. vexation, f. chagrin, m. VEXATION, s. vezeuou, j. chogrinant. VEXATIOUS, adj. facheux, chogrinant. VEXATIOUSLY, adv. d'un manière facheuse. VEXER, s. un facheux, un importun, un per-VIAL, s. une fiole. [secuteur. VIAND, s. viande, f. viandis, m. VIATICUM, s. provisions de voyage, f. VIBRATE, v. a. & n. branler, vibrer. VIBRATION, s. vibration, f. VICAR, s. vicaire, m. cure, m. VICARAGE, s. vicariat, m. cure, f. VICARIOUS, adf. vicarial, de vicaire, député. VICARSHIP, s. vicariat, m. VICE, s. vice, m. vis, f. étan, m.
VICE, (a particle used in composition for one who performs the office of a superiour) vice. Vicuaduiral, s. vice-amirai, s. VICEADMIRALTY, s. la charge de vice-ami-VICEAGENT, VICEGERENT, s. vicegérent, m. VICE-CHANCELLOR, s. vice-chanceller, m. VICECORSUL, s. vice-consul, m.

VICEGERENCY, s. charge du vicegérent, f. VICELEGATE, s. vice-légat, m. VICEPRESIDENT, s. vice-president, m. VICEROY, s. vice-roi, m. VICEROYALTY, s. vice-royaute, f. Vicintty, s. proximite, f. voisinage, m. Vicious, adj. vicieux. Viciously, adv. vicieusement. VICISSITUDE, s. vicissitude, f. changen Victim, s. victime, f. [querant, s. Victor, s. vainqueur, m. triomphant, m. es VICTORIOUS, adj. victorieux, triomphant. VICTORIOUSLY, adv. victorieusement. VICTORY, s. victoire, f. VICTUALS, s. vivres, m. pl. VICTUAL, r. a. avitailler. VICTUALLER, s. pourvoyeur, m. avitaillers. VICTUALLING, s. avitaillement, m. VIDAME, s. vidame, m. VIDELICET, adr. à savoir, savoir. VIDUITY, c. viduité, f. veuvage, m.
VIE, s. renvi, (aux cartes,) m. [dispus
VIE, s. a. faire un renvi, envier, concess
VIE, v. a. faire un rispection. f. aspect, m.
VIEW, r. a. voir, regarder, examiner. [disputer. VIEWER, s. inspecteur, m. expert, m. Vigil, s. vigile, f. veille, f. Vigilance, s. vigilance, f. VIGILANT, adj. vigilant, attentif, applique. VIGILANTLY, adr. vigilamment, diligement. VIGILARTLY, adv. vigilamment, diligentime
VIGON, s. vigoureux, vif.
VIGOROUSLY, adv. vigoureux, vif.
VIGOROUSLY, adv. vigoureusement.
VILOUR, s. vigueur, f. force, f. energie, f.
VILE, adf. vil, abject, meprisable, bea.
VILELY, adv. bassement, servilement.
VILERESS, s. bassesse, f. lichett, f.
VILIFY, v. a. aviiir, meprisar, abaisser.
VILLA. maison de campagne. f. VILLA, s. maison de campagne, f. VILLAGE, s. village. m. VILLAGER, s. un villageois, une villaguoist. VILLAIN, s. un vilain, un roturier. VILLANGE, s. roture, f. bessesse, f. VILLANGUS, adf. has, vii, infame. VILLANGUSLY, ads. bassement, lichement. VILLANY, s. bassesse, f. lichete, f. scenses. VINCIBLE, adj. surmontable. [lessey f. VINCTURE, s. ligature, f. bandage, m. VINDEMIAL, adj. qui concerne la vendange. VINDEMIATE, c. a. vendanger, faire vendange. VINDICATE, r. a. justifier, excuser, défondre, venger, revendiquer. VINDICATION, s. défense, f. apologio, f. VINDICATIVE, adj. vindicatif.
VINDICATOR, defenseur, m. protecteur, m. VINDICATORY, adj. vengeur, vengeresse. VINDICTIVE, adj. vindicatif, f. VINE, s. vigne, f. cep, cep de vigne. m., Vine-dresser, vigneron, m. Vine-knife, serpe, f. Vine-fretter or Vine-grub, un k-Vine-lenf, pampre. set, un vercoquin. et, un vercoquin.

Vine-reaper, un vendangeur.

vinegar-cruet, VINEGAR, s. vinaigre, m. Vinegar-cruel, vinaigrier, m. Vinegar-and-pepper, vinai grette, f. VINEYARD, s. vigne, f. Vinous, adj. vineux. VINTAGE, s. vendange, f. VINTAGER, s. un vendangeur. [vernier. VINTNER, s. un cabaretier à vin, m. un ta VINTRY, s. un lieu fameux par la vente des Viol, s. viole, f. Viola, s. une petite viole.

VIOLATE, r. a. violer, enfreindre, forcer. VIOLATION, s. infraction, f. violemment, m. VIOLATION, s. violateur, m. ravisseur, m.
VIOLATOR, s. violateur, m. ravisseur, m.
VIOLENCE, s. violence, f. impétuosité, f. effort, m. force, f. contrainte, f.
VIOLENT, adj. violent, véhément.
VIOLENTLY, adv. violentment, avec force.
VIOLET, s. violette, f. VIOLET, adj. violet (couleur.) Violin, s. un violon. Violist, s. un joueur de viole. Violoncello, s. un violoncelle, m. VIPER, s. une vipère. VIPERINE, VIPEROUS, adj. de vipère. VIRAGO, s. une virago, une femme vaillante une héroine. VIRGIN, s. une fille, une vierge, une pucelle. Virgin, adj. vierge, pur, sans alliage. Virginity, s. viginite, f. pucelage, s.. Virgo, s. la vierge. VIRGOLEUSE, s. virgouleuse, f. VIRILE, adj. viril, mâle, digne d'un homme. VIRILITY, s. virilité, f. le sexe viril, courage, VIRTUAL, adj. virtuel. VIRTUALLY, adv. virtuellement. VIRTUE, s. vertu, f. qualité, f. propriété, f. VIRTUOSO, s. un virtuose, un connoisseur. VIRTUOUS, adj. vertueux, chaste. VIRTUOUSLY, adv. vertuensement. VIRULENCE, VIRULENCY, s. venin, st. malignité, f. causticité, f. virus, m. Virulent, adj. virulent, vénimeux. Virulently, adv. d'une manière mordante. Virus, s. virus, m. venin, m. VISAGE, s. visage, m. VISCERAL, adj. des viscères, des entraïlles. VISCERATE, v. a. vider les entrailles. VISCID, adj. visqueux, gluant. VISCIDITY, VISCOSITY, s. viscosité, f. VISCOUNT, s. vicomte, m. VISIBLY, adv. visiblement, clairement, évidemment. Visier, s. visir, st. VISION, s. vision, f. vue, f. appartion, f. VISION, s. vision, f. vue, f. appartion, f. VISIONARY, add. imaginaire, chimerique, VISIONARY, VISIONIST, s. un visionnaire. VISIT, s. visite, f. VISIT, v. a. visiter, aller voir, rendre visite. VISITATION, s. visitation, f. visite, f. VISITER, s. visiteur, m. fescur de visites, m. Visor, s. un masque VISORED, adj. masque. VISORED, adj. masqué. VISTA, s. vue, f. perspective, f. VISUAL, adj. visuel. VITAL, adj. visuel, f. vitale, f. vitaux, m. pl. VITAL, s. les parties vitales, les parties no-VITALITY, s. pouvoir de vivre, m. [bl VITALITY, s. a. corrompre, vicier, seduire. [bles. VITIOUS, adj. vicieux, corrompu. VITIOUSLY, adv. vicieusement. VITTOUSNESS, s. vice, m. corruption, f. VITREOUS, adf. vitte, vitreux.
VITRIFICABLE, adf. vitrifiable. VITRIFICATION, s. vitrification, f. VITRIFY, v. a. & n. vitrifier et se vitrifier. VITRIOL, s. vitriol, m. VITRIOLATE, VITRIOLATED, adj. vitriole. VITRIOLICK, VITRIOLOUS, adj vitriolique. VITUPERA BLE, ad . hlâmable, repréhensible.

VITUPERATE, v. a. blamer, condamner. VITUPERATE, v. a. blamer, condamner.
VITUPERATION, s. blame, m. censure, f.
VIVACIOUS, adj. vif, plein de feu, vivace.
VIVACITY, s. vivacité, f. activité, f.
VIVARY, s. une garenne, un parc, un vivier
VIVE, adj. vif, fort, pressant.
VIVER, s. vive (poisson) f.
VIVER, s. des avives, f. pt.
VIVER, di. vif. sort, pt. VIVID, adj. vif, actif VIVIDLY, adv. vivement. VIVIDRESS, s. vic, f. vivacité, f. vigueur, f. VIVIPICAL, adj. vivifiaut. VIVIFICATION, s. vivilication. VIVIFICE, adj. vivilique, viviliant. VIVIFY, v. a. vivifier. VIVIPAROUS, adf. vivipare. [deuse VIXEN, s. la femelle du renard, une groa VIZ, c'est-à-dire, savoir. VIZARD, s. un masque. VIZIER, s. visir, m. premier ministre. VOCABULARY, s. vocabulaire, m. diction-VocaL, adj. vocal, de voix. Vocal, adj. vocal, de voix [naire, m. Vocally, adv. vocalement, verbalement. VOCATION, s. vocation, f. profession, f. VOCATIVE, s. le vocatif. VOCATIVE, s. le vocatif.

VOCIFERATION, s. cri, ss. grand cri, clameur
VOCIFERODS, adj. qui crie beaucoup.
VOGUE, s. voix, f. mode, f. estime f.
VOICE, s. voix, f. son, ss. suffrage, ss.
VOICED, adj. qui a une voix, qui parle.
VOID, adj. vide, vacant, vain, nul, sans ef fet, inutile, dépourva.
VOID, s. un vide, le vide. [casser, révoquer
VOID, v. a. vider, quitter, évacuer, amuler,
VOIDALE adj. qu'on peut amuler. VOIDABLE, adj. qu'on peut annuler.
VOIDABLE, adj. qu'on peut annuler.
VOIDER, manne, f. corbeille, f.
VOIDERS, s. vide, m. nuffité, f. mutifité, f. vOLANT, adj. volant, qui vole.
VOLANT, adj. volatile, f. ger, volant.
VOLATILE, s. volatile, f. animal ailé.
VOLATILERESS, VOLATILITY, s. volatifité, VOLATILITY, s. volatifité, f. p. volatilisation. f. [f. VOLATILIZATION, . volatilisation, f. VOLATIZE, v. a. volatiliser. Volcano, s. un volcan. Vole, s. (at cards) la vole. Volery, s. une volce d'oiseaux. VOLITATE, v. s. voleter. VOLITATE, v. s. voleter.
VOLITATION, s. volée, f. vol, st.
VOLITATION, s. volée, f. dece de la volong
VOLLEY, s. volée, f. décharge, f. salve, f.
VOLLED, sef. tiré, décharge.
VOLT or VOLTA, s. volte, f.
VOLUBILITY, s. volte, f.
VOLUBILITY, s. volte, f. légèreté, f. VOLUME, s. volume, st. tome, m. vague, st. VOLUMINOUS, adj. gros, volumineux, VOLUMTARILY, adv. volontairement. VOLUNTARY, adj. libre, volontaire, spontante. VOLUNTEER, s. un volontaire. VOLUPTUARY, s. un voluptueux. VOLUPTUOUS, adj. voluptueux, sensuel. Voluptuously, adv. voluptueusement Volupte, f. plaisir sen VOLUTE, s. volute, f. Vonica, s. vomique, f. VOMIC-NUT, s. noix vomique, f. Vonit, s. vomissement, st. un vomitif. Vouit, v. a. & n. vomir. Vomition, s. vomissement, m. Vomitivz, Vomitory, adj. vomitif. Voracious, My.vorace, carnassier, devorant. VORACIOUSLY, and avec voracité. VORACIOUSNESS, VORACITY, s. voracité. f. VORTEX, s. tourbillon, m. tournant, m. VORTICAL, adj. en rond, tournoyant

VOTARIST, VOTARY, s. dévot, dévote. Vott, s. voix, f. suffrage, m. avis, m.
Vott, n. a. choisir, clire, arrêter, conclure;
v. m. donner sa voix, opiner. Voted against,
contre qui l'ou a opiné. Voted for, pour qui l'on a donné son suffrage. qui l'on à donne son suin age.

Voter, s. votani, m. opinani, m.

Votivr, adj. voué, dévoué.

Vouch, r. a. attester, affirmer, garantir.

Vouch, s. garantie, f. attestation, f.

Voucher, s. garant, m. ténoin, m. pièce
justificative, preuve, f. titre, m. Vouchsaff, v. a. & n. accorder, permettre. VOUCHSAFEMENT, s. condescendance, f. Vow, s. vœu, m. promesse solemnelle. Vow, r. a. & n. vouer, dévouer, consacrer, faire vœu, jurer, protester. Vowel, s. une voyelle. VOYAGE, s. voyage par mer, m. VOYAGE, v. n. voyager par mer. VOYAGER, s. un voyageur par mer. VULGAR, adj. vulgaire, populaire, bas, vil. VULGAR, s. le vulgaire, le peuple, la ca-VULGARITY, s. bassesse, f. VULGARLY, adv. vulgairement. VULNERABLE, adj. qui peut être blessé. VULTURE, s. un vautour. VULTURINE, adj. de vautour.

WABBI.E, v. n. aller en zig-zag. WAD, s. botte, f. paquet, m. hourre, f. WADDING, s. ouate, f. matelas, m. WADDING, v. n. tortiller, frétiller. WADDLE, s. testicules d'un coq, glandes, f. WADDLE, s. testicules d'un coq, glandes, f. WADE, v. n. passer à gué, pénètrer. WAPER, s. gaufre, f. oublie, f. WATT, v. a. convoyer, conduire, escorter, faire signe, flotter, voguer. WAFT, s. signal, m. signe, m.
WAFTER, s. convoi, m. fregate, f.
WAG, s. un hadin, un plaisant. WAG, r. a. & n. remuer, agiter, se remuer. WAGE, v. a. essayer, tenter, courir, faire, gager, engager, offrir.

WAGER, s. gageure, f. pari, m. offre, f.

WAGES, s. gages, m. pl. WAGGERY, s. malice, f. espièglerie, f. WAGGESH, adj. hadin, plaisaut, malin, WAGGISHNESS, s. espièglerie, f. [piègle. WAGGLE, v. n. se remuer, frétiller. WAGDN, s. un chariot, un cuisson. WAGONER, s. charretier, m. voiturier, m. WAGON-MAKER, s. un charron.
WAUTAIL, s. bergeronnette, f. hochequeue. WAIF, s. chose eparse, epave, f. WAII., r. a. & n. deplorer, pleurer. WAIL, WAILING, s. lamentation, f. WAIN, s. une charette, un chariot. A wain loud, un charrette. Charles's wain, le chariot or la grande ourse. WAIKAGE, s. charroi, m. WAINROPE, s. corde de chariot, f. WAINSCOT, s. boiserie, f. lambris, m. WAINSCOT, r. a. boiser. WAINSCOTING, s. lambrissage, m. boiserie, f. WAIST, s. la ceinture, le milieu du corps. WAIST-BELT. s. ceinturon, m. WAIST-COAT, s. veste. f. chemisette, WAIT. . guet-à-pens. m. embitches, f. pl. WAIT r a & n. attendre swivre, demeurer; to wait man uren ser it, accompagner,

reconduire, être à la suite de, allet vois rendre visite. WAITER, s. garçon de cabaret de café. WAITING-MAID, s. fille de chambre, f. WAIVE, v. a. quitter, abandonner, laisser WARE, v. a. & n. éveiller, réveiller, veiller, s'éveiller, ne pas dormir. WARE, s. veille, f. vigile, f. fête, f. WAREFUL, adj. qui veille, vigilant. WAREFULRESS, s. insomnie, f. WARER. See To wake. WALE, s. échelle, élevure, WALE-KNOT, s. neeud rond WALK, s. promenade, f. allee, f. avenue, f. WALK, r. n. se promener, aller, marcher, traverser, revenir; to walk after, suivre; to walk in, entrer; to walk out, sortir. WALKER, s. promeneur, marcheur. A night walker, une coureuse. WALKING-PLACE, s. une promenade. WALKING-STAFF, s. une canne, un bâton. WALL, s. un mur, une muraille. WALL, v. a. murer, entourer de murailles. WALL-CREEPER, s. un grimpereau, un pie. WALLET, s. une besace, un bissac. WALL-EYES, s. glaucome, m. WALL-EYED, adj. qui a l'œil vairon. WALLFLOWER, s. violette jaune. WALL-FRUIT, s. fruit d'espalier, m WALL-ROW, s. arquebuse de croc, f. WALL-HOOK, s. gache, f. WALLOP, r. n. bouillir, bouillonner. WALLOW, v. n. se vautrer, se rouler. WALLOWISH, adj. fade, insipide. WALL TREE, s. espalier, m WALI -WORT, s. (a plant) la pariétaire. WALNUT, s. une noix. A walnut-tree, un WAMBLE, v. n. se soulever. noyer. WAN, adj. pâle, blème, défait. WAND, s. baguette, f. verge, f. caducée, m. WANDER, v. n. errer, roder, courir, aller ca et là, rouler, s'écarter, s'éloigner. WANDERER, s. un rodeur, un vagabond. WANDERING, s. voyages incertaines, erreur f. égarement, m. écart, m.

Wane, s. déclin, m. décours, m. décadence, WANE, v. n. décroître, décliner, décheoir. WANNED, adj. pâle, blème, évanoui. WANNESS, s. pâleur, f. évanouissement, m. WANT, v. a. manquer, avoir besoin, ne pas avoir, desirer, vouloir, avoir envie; v. n. manquer, n'être pas, avoir bésoin. manquer, metre pas, avoir besoin.

WANT, s. manque, m. faute, f. affaire, f défaut, m. besoin, m. nécessité, f. pauvreté, f. For want of, faute de.

WANTEN, part. adj. dont on manque.

WANTEN, adj. lascif, libre, recherché, irregulier, folatre, badin. [gnon, WANTON, s. un libertin, un badin, un mi-WANTONLY, adv. en folatrant, en badinant. WANTONNESS, s. badinage, m. libertinage, m. WANTY, s. sangle, f. surfaix, m. WAPENTAKE, a canton, m. district, m. WAR, s. guerre, f. WAR, v. n. faire la guerre. [fredonner. WARBI.E, v. a. gazouiller, chanter, ramager, WARBLER, s. un chanteur. WARBLING, s. gazouillement, m. ramage, m. WARD, n. a. garder, desendre, proteger, veiller, faire le guet, saire la garde. WARD, s. garde. f. guet. m. garnison, f. de-fense, f. parade, f. fort, m. ferteresse, f. quartier, m. prison. f. WARDEN, s. gardien, m. garde, m.: worden

[nelle,

of a prison, le géolier; warden of a college, le racteur; warden of the Cinque Ports, le WASPISHNESS, s. mauvaise humeur. WASSAIL, s. sorte de boisson Angloise. gouverneur. WASSAILER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. WARDER, s. garde, m WASTE, v. a. diminuer, gâter, prodiguer, ra-vager, désoler, ruiner, consumer, user, dé-WARDMOTE, s. assemblée du quartier, f. WARDROBE, s. garde-robe, f. garde-meuble, cheoir, baisser, dépérir, s'user, se consu-WARDSHIP, s. garde, f. [m.
WARE, s. marchandise, f. denrée, f. A warehouse, un magasin. Earthen-ware, poterie, WASTE, adj. ravagé, ruiné, désolé, inutile, superflu, de rebut. China-ware, porcelaine, f. Dutch-ware, tence. Small-wares, mercerie, f. A WASTE, s. ravage, m. dégât, m. dissipation, f. profusion, f. excès, m. dépérissement, m. farence. warehouseman, un garde magasin. consomption, f. perte, f pays désolé, terres WARE, adj. qui s'attend à, en garle. vagues WAREFUL, adj. circonspect, prudent. WASTE-PAPER, s. maculatures, f. pl. WASTEFUL, adj. destructeur, prodigue, in-WASTEFULLY, adv. prodigalement. [culte. WARELESS, adj. imprudent, sans précaution. WASTEFULLY, adv. prooignition.
WASTEFULNESS, s. prodigalité, f.
WASTENESS, s. désolation, f. désert, m.
In dissipateur. [montre.] WARFARE, s. le service or la vie militaire. WARILY, adj. prudemment, sagement. WARLEY, auj. prudennen, sagranda.
WARLESS, s. prudence, f. précaution, f.
WARLIKE, adj. martial, militaire.
WARM, adj. chauffé, échauffé, chaud, passionné, tiède, ardent, zélé. WATCH, s. veille, f. garde, f. guet, m. une WATCH, v. a. & n. veiller, garder, epier. WARM, v. a. chauffer, échauffer. warm, avoir chaud. WATCHER, s. veilleur, m. surveillant, m. WATCHET, adj. bleu. d'un bleu pale. WARMINGPAN, s. une bassinoire. WATCHFUL, adj. vigilant, attentif, soigneux. WATCHFULLY, adv. avec attention or soin. WARMINGPLACE, s. le chauffoir. WATCH-HOUSE, s. vigilance, f. soin, m. WATCH-HOUSE, s. corps de garde, f. WARMLY, adv. chaudement, avec chaleur. WARMNESS, WARMTH, s. chaleur douce, ar-WATCHING, s. insomnie, f. vigilance, m. deur, f. chaleur, f. passion, f. WARN, v. n. prévenir, avertir, informer, don-ner avis, faire savoir, assigner. WATCH-MAKER, s. horloger, m. WATCHMAN, s. un homme du guet, senti-WARNING, s. avertissement, m. avis, m. WATCH-TOWER, s. une guérite. WATCH-WORD, s. le mot or le mot du guet. WATER, s. eau, f. mer, f. marée, f. étang, m. lac, m. rivière, f. urine, f. pluie, f. WARP, s. chaîne, f. hansière, f. WARP, v. a. ourdir, plier, détourner, ecarter, touer, se déjeter, se tourmenter. WATER-COLOURS, s. miniature, f. WARRANT, v. a. garantir, soutenir, assurer, WATER-CRESSES, s. cresson d'eau, m. attester, protester, autoriser, justifier. WATER-CRUET, s. une burette. WARRANT, s. pouvoir, m. autorité, f. ordre, m. procuration, f. brevet.m. prise de corps, f. décret de prise de corps, m. justification, WATER-DOG, s. un barbet, un canard. WATER-ENGINE. s. machine hydraulique. f. apologie, f.

WARRANTABLE, adj. soutenable. WATER-GAGE, s. digue, f. sonde, f. WATER-GANG, s. canal or fossé plein d'esu WATER-GOLD, s. or moulu WARRANTABLENESS, s. qualité de ce qui peut se justifier. [nable. WARRANTABLY, adr. d'une manière soute-WATER-LILY, s. lis blanc d'eau, m. WATER-PAIL, s. un seau WATER-PARSLEY, s. berle, f. WARRANTED, part. adj. garanti, soutenu, at-WARRANTER, s. garant, m. [test WARRANTISE, WARRANTY, s. garant, m. WATER-POT, s. pot à l'eau, m. aiguière, f. WATER-SPOUT, s. jet d'eau, m. WARREN, s. garenne, f. [renne, m. WARRENER, s. garennier, m. garde de la ga-WATER-TUB ... une cuve. WATER-WORKS, s. eaux, f. pl. jets d'eau, WARRIOUR, s. un guerrier, un militaire. WATER, v. a. arroser, mouiller, tremper. WART, s. une verrue, un poireau, le bouton baigner, abreuver; v. n. s'humecter. WATERER, s. celui qui arrose or abreuve d'une fleur. WART-WORT, s. verrucaire, f. WATERFALL, s. cascade, f. chûte d'eau, f. WARTY, adj. plein de verrues or de poireaux. WARY, adj. circonspect, retenu, prudent, WATER-FOWL, s. oiseau aquatique, m. WATERGRUEL, s. coulis de gruau, m. WATERINESS, s. humidité, f. sérosité, f. prévoyant, sage, avise, menager. WASH, v. a. laver, purger, blanchir, baigner, WATERING-PLACE, s. un abreuvoir. mouiller; to wash away, off, or out, net-toyer, emporter, effacer; to wash down, de-WATERISH, adj. aqueux. WATERMAN, s. un batelier. tacher; to wash over, laver, colorer; v. n. laver, se laver, se nettoyer. WASH, s. lavage, m. l'action de laver, lotion, Water-rat, s. un rat d'eau. f. lavement, m. lavis, (terme de peintre,) m. lavure, f. marais, m. marecage, m. wash-house, un lavoir. A wash-tub, une cuve.

WATERING-POT, s. un arrosoir. WATER-MILL, s. moulin à eau, m. WATERY, adj. liquide, aqueux, humide, insipide, plein d'eau, fade.

WATTLE, s. claie, f.; v. a. fermer de claies.

WAVE, s. vague, f. onde, f. flot, m. WASHBALL, s. une savonette. WAVE, r. a. façonner à ondes, ondoyer, détourner, éviter, décliner, renoncer, passer, WASHER-WOMAN. s. une blanchisseuse, une lavandière. laisser, omettre; v. n. flotter. WAVER, v. n. flotter, balancer, vaciller. WASHING, s. lavage, m. blanchissage, m. WAVERER, s. un homme irresolu. WASHY, adj. humide, mouillé, flasque, foible. WASP, s. une guèpe. WAVERING, s. irresolution, f. doute, m. WAVERINGLY, adv. en balançant, avec doute. WASPISH, adj. bourru, acariâtre, chagrin. WAVY, adj. ondé, à ondes, ondoyant. WASPISHIY, adv de mauvaise humeur.

WAWL, v. st. crief. WAE, s. cire, f. Croture. WAR, s. a. cirer; v. s. devenir, se faire, WARES, adf. de cire, devenu.

WAY, s. chemin, s. route, f. voie, f. sens, ss. trace, f. cote, ss. expedient, ss. maniere, f. moyen, m. sorte, f. façon, f. méthode, f. lieu, m. issue, f. passage, m. porte, f. effet, m. By the way, chemin fesant, en passant. m. By the way, chemin fesant, en passant. Go your way, passez votre chemin. To give way, faire place, céder. Out of the way, écarté, à part, à l'écart. To be out of the way, être égaré. To keep out of the way, se eacher, s'absenter. To get out of the way, et eacher, s'absenter. To get out of the way, être sous la main. Every way, de tous côtés, de tous sens. Any way, de queique manière que ce soit. No way or no ways, on ancune manière. A cross way, un carrefour. A way out, une sortie, une issue. A way in, une entrée. A way A way in, une entree. A way through, un passage. WAYFARER, s. voyageur, m. passant, m. WAYFARING-TREE, s. viorne, f. WAYLAID, part. adj. à qui l'on a dressé des embáches. WAYLAY, v. a. tendre or dresser des embáches. WAYLAYER,s. celui qui dresse des embûches. WAYWARD, adj. mechant, chagrin. WAYWARDLY, adv. d'un air bourru. méchamment. WAYWARDHESS, s. humeur bourrue, fantai-[sie, f. W z, jvon. bot WEAE, adj. foible, infirme, débile, eaduc, simple, imbécile, complaisant, tendre, docile, indulgent, pauvre, peu considérable. WEARLING, s. un foible enfant.
WEARLING, s. un foible enfant.
WEARLY, adv. foiblement, sans force, sans
WEARLY, adv. foiblement, sans force, sans
WEARLES, s. foiblement, f. infirmité, f.
WEAR-SIDE, s. le côté foible, le foible. wear-side, s. to cote torbie, to folde.

Weals, s. biens, m. bonheur, m. république,
f. état, m. cicatrice, f.

Wealth, s. biens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl.

Wealthly, adv. richement, opulemment.

Wealthly, adv. richesse, f. opulence, f.

Wealthy, adj. riche, opulent.

Wealth, adj. riche, opulent. WEAH, v. a. sevrer, priver. WEAHEL, WEAHLING, s. un ensem sevre. WEAPON, s. arme offensive, f. WEAPONED, adj. armé. WEAPONLESS, *adj.* sans armes, désarmé. WEAPON-SALVE, s. onguent sympathique, m. WEAR, v. a. consumer, porter sur soi; to vear away, consumer, miner; to vear out, user, lasser, épuiser, mettre à bout; v. s. s'user, vieillir, se consumer, se passer; to wear well, être d'un bon usé. WEAR, s. l'action de porter or d'user, usé, m. ce qu'on porte, un réservoir. WEARABLE, adj. en état d'être porté. WEARER, s. celui qui porte quelque chose WEARIED, part. adj. lassé, fatigué. WEARINESS / lassitude, f. fatigué, f. WEARING, s. habits, m. pl. hardes, f. pl. WEARISOME, adj. incommode, ennuyeux. WEARISOMELY, adj. d'une manière ennu-WEARISOMENESS, s. ennui, m. WEARY, adj. las, fatigué, ennuyé. WEARY, v. a. lasser, fatiguer, incommoder. WEASAND. s. la trachée-artère, le sinet.

WEASEL, s. une bélette. WEATHER, s. tems, m. WEATHER, v. a. mettre à l'air, franchir, sur monter; to weather out, souffrir, essuyer. WEATHER-BEATEN, adj. latigué par la tempête. Weathercock, s. coq de clocher, m. WEATHER-DRIVEN, adj. entraîne par la tempéte, WEATHER-GAGE, s. l'avantage du vent, m. WEATHER-GLASS, s. un baromètre. WEATHER-SPY, WEATHER-WISE, s. astro-WEAVE, v. a. tisser, tresser, travailler an métier, faire un tissu, entrelacer, entremê-WEAVER, s. un tisserand. WEAVING, s. tissure, f.
WEB, s. tissu, toile qui est sur le métier, f.
une taie or tache sur l'œil. Cob-web, toile d'araignée. Web of lead, une scuille de plomb.
WEBBED, adj. joint par un peau. WEB-FOOTED, adj. qui a les pattes garnies d'une membrane. WED, v. a. & n. épouser. WEDDED, part. adj. épousé, marié. WEDDING, s. noces or noce, f. mariage, m. WEDGE, s. un coin, (à fendre du bois;) wedge of a mason, louveteau de maçon, m.; wedge of gold, lingut d'or; wedge of lead, naveste de plomb, f. WEDGE, v. a. enciaver. WEDLOCK, s. mariage, m. WEDNESDAY, s. Mercredi, m. WEED, s. mauvais herbe, habit, m. WEED, v. a. sarcler, extirper, déracines. WEEDER, s. sarcleur, m. exterminatour, m. WEED-HOOK, s. un sarcloir. WEEDY, adj. plein de mauvaises berbea. WEEK, s. semaine, f. WEEKLY, adj. de chaque semaine. WEEKLY, adr. une fois la semaine. WEEP, v. a. & n. pleurer, déplorer. WEEPER, s. pleureur, pleureuse. WEEPING, s. pleurs, m. pl. larmes, f. pl. WEEPINGLY, adv. en pleurant. WEIGH, v. a. & n. peser, examiner, ton siderer, payer, lever (l'ancre ;) to weigh down, peser plus, l'emporter, surcharger, abattre, accabler. Weigh, s. 256 livres. WEIGHT, s. poids, m. faix, m. pesant, m. pesanteur, f. importance, f. WEIGHTS, s. une balance, un trébuchet, un WEIGHTILY, adv. avec poids. [peson. WEIGHTILES, a. pesanteur, m. poids, m. WEIGHTLESS, adj. léger, sans poids. WEIGHTLESS, adj. léger, sans poids. WEIGHTL, adv. pesant, lourd, de poids. WEIGHT, adj. Gallois, du pays de Galles. WELCH-RABBIT, s. un ramequia.
WELCOME, adj. bien-venu, reçu avec plaisir.
WELCOME, interj. soyez le bien venu.
WELCOME, s. bien-venue, f. accueil, m. WELCOME, v. a. accueillir. WELCOMING, s. accueil, m. reception, f. WELFARE, s. bien-être, m. bonheur, m. WELK, WILK, s. pétoncie, f. WELKIN, s. le ciel visible, le firmament. WELL, s. source, f. fontaine, f. puits, m. cau minérale. WELL, adj. bien, en bonne santé, en bon état, heurenx, propre, convenable.

WELL, adv. bien, favorablement, heureus-

ment beaucoup, fort à propos. As well as, aussi bien que. Well and good, à la bonne heure. Well-becoming, bienséant. Well-affected, bien intentionné. Well-disposed, charitable, affectionné. charitable, affectionné.

Well-A-DAY, interj. ouais! hélas!

Well-Being, s. é. s. jaillir, verser.

Well-Being, s. bien-éire, s. bonheur, m.

Well-Bein, s. bien né, qui a de la nais
Well-Bein, s. s. bien né, qui a de la nais
Well-Does, interj. fort bien! à merveille!

part. & s. s. s. bonne intention.

Well-Meaning, s. bonne intention. que ce soit. tous lieux. WELL-MEANING, adj. bien intentionné WELL-MET, interj. heureuse rencontre! WELLEATURED, adj. de bon naturel, doux WELLENGH, adv. à peu près, presque. WELLSPENT, adj. bien employé. WELLTASTED, adj. qui a bon goût. WELL-WISHER, s. ami, m. partisan, m. WELT, s. bord, m. bordure, f. bande, f. tré-WELT, v. a. border. [point, m. WELTER, v. n. se rouler, se vautrer. WENTER, U. M. SO POUTOS, SE VALUE SA. WENT, S. loupe, f. un goltre. WENCH, s. une fille, une fille de joie. WENCH, v. M. fréquenter les putains. WENCHER, s. un fornicateur, un putassier. WENCHING, s. putanisme, m. WENNEL, s. animal nouvellement sevré. faites WERE-WOLF, s. un loup garou.
WEST, s. Pouest, m. Poccident, m.
WEST, adj. occidental, d'occident, d'oucst.
WEST, adv. à l'occident. WESTERLY, WESTERS, adj. d'occident, d'ouest. WESTWARD, WESTWARDLY, adv. à l'ouest. WET, u.c. humide, mouille, moite. WET, s. humidite, f. moiteur, f. eau, f. WET, v. a. mouiller, humocter, arroser. WET-SURSE, s. mourrice, f. WETHER, s. mouton, m.
WETHER, s. humidité, f. moiteur, f. WHALE, s. la baleine. WHARP, s. un quai, port de rivière, m. WHARFAGE, s. quayage, m. WHARFINGER, s. le garde du quay. WHAT, pron. quoi, qui, que, ce qui, quel, WHAT? combien? quoi? What though, eh bien, qu'importe, quand même.
WHAT, adv. en partie, tant.
WHATEVER, pron. quelque, quel que, quoi que, tout ce que, tout ce qui, quelconque. WHATSOEVER, adj. See Whaterer. WHEAL, s. bouton, m. pustule, f. clevure, f. WHEAT, s. froment, m. ble, m. WERATER, adj. de froment. WHEEDLE, s. finesse, f. ruse, f. cajolerie, f. flatterie, f. WHEEDLE, v. a. séduire par de belles paroles, enjoler. WHEEDLER, s. un enjoleur. WHEEL, s. une roue, roulette, f. char, m.
Crane-wheel, roue de grue. A turner's
wheel, un tour. Spinning-wheel, rouet, m. WHEEL, v. n. & a. tourner, rouler, se tour-ner, s'écouler. Wheel about, faire volte-

face, se tourner.

WHEELBARROW, s. une brouette

WHEEL-WORK, s. rouage, m. [ron. WHEEL-WEIGHT, s. un feseur de roues, charby LEELE, acj. circulaire, en forme de roue.

WHELE, v. n. respirer avec une sorte de Whelm, v. a. accabler, abimer. [bruit, WHELP, s. le petit d'un animal, jeune chien. WHELP, v. n. mettre bas, faire ses petits. WHEN, adv. quand, dans quel tems. WHENCE, adv. d'où, de qui. WHENCESOEVER, adv. de quelque endroit WHENEVER, WHERSOEVER, adv. quelque tems que, quand, toutes les fais WHERE, adv. où. Every where, par-tout, on WHEREABOUT, adv. aux environs, dont. WHEREAS. adr. comme, d'autant que, wa que, au lieu que, WHEREAT, adr. à quoi, de quoi, dont. WHEREBY, adv. par quoi, par où, par le-quel, laquelle, lesquels, lesquelles. WHEREVER, adv. en quelque lieu que. WHEREFORE, adv. pourquoi, pour que. WHEREIN, adv. en quoi, où, dans lequel. WHEREIRTO, adv. où, dans quoi. WHEREOF, adv. dont, de quoi, duquel. WHEREON, adv. sur quoi, sur lequel. WHERESOEVER, adr. partout ou WHERETO, WHEREUNTO, edv. à quoi. WHEREUPON, adv. sur quoi, sur ces ente WHEREWITH, WHEREWITHAL, adv. avec quoi, de quoi, dont, avec lequel, par le moyen duquel. WHERRET, s. soufflet, m. WHERRY, s. un hateau, un bac. WHET, v. a. aiguiser, aigrir, irriter.
WHET, s. aiguisement, assaisonnement, seiguidon.
WHETHER, pron. lequel des deux.
WHETHER, pron. lequel des deux. WHETHER, conj. si, soit, soit que. WHETSTONE, s. pierre à aiguiser. WHETTER, s. aiguiseur, ss. WHEY, s. petit lait. WHEYEY, WHEYISH, adj. séreux. WHICH, pron. qui, que, lequel, laquelte, quel, quelle, celui qui. WHICHSOEVER, pron. l'un ou l'autre, quel conque, quel que ce soit.

WHIFF, s. halenée, f. souffie, f. bouffee, f
WHIFFLE, v. s. attraper, souffier. WHIFFLER, s. un fire, un baguenaudier. WHIG, s. whig, un républicain. [blicam. WHIGGISH, adj. de whig, des whigs, repu WHIGGISM, s. la faction des whigs. WHILE, s. 1ems, m. fois, f.
WHILE, s. 1ems, m. fois, f.
WHILE, WHILET, comf. pendant que, darant que, tand que, tandis que.
WHILE, v. m. tarder, lambiaer, diffèrer. WHIME, D. M. GROEF, IGHIDIAN, GLEECE, W.
WHIM, s. fantaise, f. caprice, m.
WHIM-WHAM, s. babiole, f. bagatelle, f.
WHIMPER, v. n. crier, se plaindre. f. pl.
WHIMPERING, s. plaintes, f. pl. doleanes,
WHIMSICAL, adj. capricieux, fantasque. WHIMSICALLY, adv. par boutades. WHIN, s. houx, m. espèce de genet. WHINE, v. n. se plaindre, se lamenter. WHINE, s. plaintes, f. pl. lamentations, f. pl. WHINENG, s. plaintes, f.; adf. plaintif. WHINNY, v. a. hennir. WHINYARD, s. flamberge, f. sorte d'épés. WHIP, s. un fouet. WHIP, v. a. & n fouetter, envelopper, aller vite, surjeter, s'emparer, se saisir to white off a thing, expedier promptement une affaire; to white out, tirer promptement, s'es

WHO.

quiver; to whip up, se saisir brusquement, || WHOMSOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce monter promptement WHIP-BREECH, s. le fouet. WHIPCORD, s. petite corde menue, et fort WHIPHAND, s. avautage. m. [serrée. WHIPLER, s. le bout de fouet. WHIPPER, s. fouetteur, m. celui qui souette. WHIPPING, s. le fouet. WHIPSAW, s. un rabot, une varlope. WHIRL, s. tourbillon, m. WHIRL, v. a. & n. tourner vite, pirouetter. WHIRLEONE, s. la rotule du genou, un tôton.
WHIRLEGIG, s. pirouette, f. toupie, f.
WHIRLITT, WHIRLEGOL, s. un tournant.
WHIRLYT, WHIRLEGOL, s. un tournant. WHISK, s. vergette, f. pèle, f. vent, m. WHISK, n. a. vergeter, balayer, expédier. WHISER, s. moustache, f.
WHISER, v. u. & n. dire tout bas, dire à
l'oreille, souffler, parler tout bas.
WHISER, s. chuchotement, m. petit bruit WHISPERER, s. un chuchoteur. Whist, interi. st! silence! chut! Whist, s. whist, m. sorte de jeu de cartes. Whistle, v. a. & n. siffer. Whistle, s. sifflement, m. sifflet, m. WHISTLER, s. siffleur, siffleuse. WHITE, a. sifflement, m.; adj. sifflant.
WHIT, s. point, peu, tant soit peu.
WHITE, adj. blanc.
WHITE, s. blanc, m. blancheur, f. WHITES, s. les fleurs blanches WHITE, r. a. blanchir, rendre blanc. WHITELEAD, s. blanc de plomb, m. WHITELINE, s. blanc de chaux, m.
WHITELY, adj. blanchâtre, blème, pâle.
WHITEMEAT, s. blanc manger, m. laitage, m. WHITEN, v. a. & n. blanchir, rendre et devenir blanc. WHITENESS, s. blancheur, f. WHITENING, s. blanchiment, m. WHITEPOT, s. tarte au lait, f. WHITER, s. blanchisseur, m. Whitetetter, s. dartrefarineuse. WHITETHORN, s. (a tree) épine blanche. WHITE-WORT, s. (an herb) matricaire. WHITHER, adv. où. WHITHERSOEVER, adv. en quelque lieu que, par-tout où. Whiting, s. un merlan, lait de chaux, m. du Wнітізн, adj. blanchâtre. [blanc, m. WHITISHNESS, s. couleur blanchaire. WHITLOW, s. panaris, m. Whirsun, adj. de la Pentecôte. WHITSUKTIDE, s. le tems de la Pentecôte.
WHITTAIL, s. (a bird) cul-blanc, m. WHITTEN-TREE, s. obier or aubier, m. WHITTLE, s. un petit couteau; v. α. couper. WHIZ, v. n. bourdonner, bruire. WHIZ, WHIZZING, s. bourdonnement, m. Wнo, pron. qui. WHOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce soit, toute personne qui WHOLE, adj. tout, total, entier, tout entier, sain, guéri, qui n'est pas altéré. WHOLE, s. le tout, le total. WHOLESALE, s. vente en gros, f. WHOLESOME, adj. sain, qui se porte bien, salubre, bon pour la santé, bon. WHOLESOMELY, adr. d'une manière saine. WHOLESOMENESS, s. salubrité, f. WHOLLY, adv. en ièrement, toul-à-fait. Wnew, pron. qui que, lequel, lesquels

soit Wноог, s. une huppe, huée, f Whoop, v. a. huer, crier. Whore, s. une fille debauchée, une prostituce, une putain. WHORE, v. n. frequenter les putains. WHOREDOM, s. fornication, f. paillardise, f. WHOREMASTER, WHOREMONGER, s. un WHORING, s. putanisme, m. [dé WHORISH, adj. libertin, incontinent. [débauché. WHORTLE-BERRY, s. mûre de ronce, f. WHOSE, dont, de qui, du quel, &c. WHOSOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce WHY, adv. pourquoi, pour quelle raison que, wir-tout, comment, mais.
Wic or Wick. s. un bourg, meche, f.
Wicked, adj. mechant, scelerat. The wicked, les méchans. WICKEDLY, adv. mechamment, mal. WICKEDNESS, s. méchanceté, f. scélératesse. f. malice, f. crime, m. Wicker, adj. d'osier, fait d'osier. WICHET, s. un guichet. [éloigné. WIDE, adj. large, ample, grand, vaste, loin, WIDE, adr. loin, tout à fait. Far and wide, partout, de tous côtés. WIDEN, v. a. & n. élargir, étendre, s'élar WIDELY, adr. au loin, loin. WIDENESS, 8. largeur, f.
WIDGEON, 8. cercelle, f. espèce de poule d'eau, un niais. Widow, s. une veuve Widower, s. un veuf. Widowhood, s. veuvage, m. viduité, f. WIELD, v. a. manier, porter. WIELDY, adj. maniable, docile. WIERY, adj. de fil de métal, tiré en fil d'ar-WIFE, s. femme mariée, epouse, f WIG, s. une perruque, un echaude. WILD, adj. sauvage, farouche, feroce, desert, inhabité, fou, extravagant, étourdi. WILD FIRE, s. feu grégeois, m. feu volage, m. Wild curds, du recuit. WILD, s. désert, m. pais sauvage, m. WILDER, v. a. embarrasser. WILDERNESS, s. un désert. WILDIAMS, s. arbouse, f. fruit sauvage.
WILDILY, adv. saus culture, extravagamment.
WILDNESS, s. ferocite f. manque do culture.
WILE, s. ruse, f. fourberie, f. Wilrul, adj. obstine, têtu, opiniatre, pre-medité, fait a dessein. WILFULLY, adv. obstinément, de propos dé-Wilfulny, adv. obsumentan, of liber.
Wilfulness, s. obstination, f.
Willuy, adv. par ruse, frauduleusement.
Williess, s. ruse, f. fourberie, f.
Will, s. volonté, f. choix, m. plaisir, m. gré,
dernière volonté. Good will, bonne volonte, bonte, f. amitie, f. bienveillance, f.; good will of a house, chalandise, f. les pratiques, f. pl. pot de vin. WILL, v. a. vouloir, prier, commander.
WILLED, part. adj. prie, commande, ordonné. Ill-willed, mal-intentionné. Self-willed, obstine, opiniatre, tetu. Willing, adj. prète or porté à faire, com-plaisant, de choix, que l'on fait par choix. WILLINGLY, adr. voluntairement, volontiers de hon gre, de bon cœur; sans contrainte. WILLINGNESS, s. bonne volonte. Williow s. un seule

WILLOW-PLOT, s. saussaie, f. WILLOWISH, adj. de couleur de saule. WILY, adj. ruse, fin, insidieux.

WIMBLE, s. vilebrequin, m. WIMBLE, v. a. percer avec un vilebrequin.
WIMPLE, s. guimpe, f. flamme, f. [bir.
WIM, v. a. gagner, obtenir, engager, prévaWINCE, WINCH, v. n. ruer, pietiner d'impa-WINCH, s. vindas, m. WIND, s. vent, m. souffle, m. haleine, WIND, v. a. tourner, virer, flairer, sentir, souffler, changer, varier, voguer, serpen-ter, envelopper, entourer, embarrasser, entrainer, insinuer, donner or sonner du cors, vainer, insinuer, donner or sonner ou cors, easiler un chalumeau, jouer de la flute; to wind off a bottom, dévider un peloton; to wind out, démèler, dégager, tirer; to wind up silk or thread, dévider de la soie or du fil; to wind up a watch, monter une montre; to wind up, monter, accorder, (un instrument,) arranger, préparer, conclure, finir, être à l'ancre, être sur le fer. WIND-BOUND, adj. arrête or retenu par le vent. Short-winded, qui a l'haleine courte. WINDER, s. un dévidoir, un dévideur. WIND-FALL, s. fruit abattu par le vent. WIND-FLOWER, s. anemone, f. WIND-GALL, s. molette, f. WIND-GUN, s. canne à vent, f. WINDINGS, s. canne a veni, f.
WINDINGS, s. tour, m. détour, m. tournoiement, m. sinuosité, f.; winding of the voice, inflexion de la voix, f.
WINDING-SHEET, s. drap mortuaire, m.
WINDLASS, s. vindas, m. singe, m. cric, m. WINDLE, s. devidoir, m. WINDMILL, s. moulin à vent, m. WINDOW, s. senêtre, f. Glass-windows, des vîtres. Window, r. a. pratiquer des senêtres. WIND-PIPE, s. la trachée-artère. WINDWARD, adv. vers or contre le vent. WINDY, adj. orageux, venteux, plein de vent.
WINDY, adj. orageux, venteux, plein de vent.
WINE, s. vin, m. Wine-bibber, un biberon,
un ivrogne. Wine-cellar, cellier, m. cave à vin, f. A wine-cooper, un tonnelier. A wine-conner, un gourmet. A wine-press, un pressoir à vin. A wine-merchant, un marchand de vin. A wine-porter, un encaveur. Wing, s. aile, f. un van. [s'envoler. Wing, v. a. donner les ailes, élever; v. n. WINGED, WINGY, adj. aile, volant. WINK, v. a. cligner les yeux, clignoter WINK, s. clignotement. m. clin d'œil, m. coup d'œil, m. œillade, f.
Winked At, adj. à quoi l'on connive.
Winker, z. celui qui cligne des yeux.
Winker, z. delui qui cligne des yeux. connivant. WINKER, s. gagnant, m. Winning, s. gain, m.; adj. attrayant. WINNOW, v. a. vanner, peser, examiner. WINNOWER, s. vanneur, m. WINTER, s. hiver, m. sommier de presse, m. WINTER, v. a. & n. hiverner, passer l'hiver. WINTERLY, adj. d'hiver.
WINTRY, adj. d'hiver, hivernal.
WINY, adj. vineux, de vin. WIPE, v. a. essuyer, torcher, nettoyer; to wipe off, oter, laver, excuser, justifier; to wipe out, effacer. WIPE, s. balayage, m. faille, f. lardon, m. WIPER s. crlui qui essuie.

Wire, s. fil de métal, m. fil d'archal. Wiredraw, v. n. tirer en filet, tirer en lon gueur. WIREDRAWER, s. tireur en filet, m. WISDOM. s. sagesse, f. prudence, f. WISE, adj. sage, prudent, savant, habile, intelligent, grave, scrieux. Wise, s. manière, f. sorte, f. façon, m. Wisely, adv. sagement, judicieusement. WISH, s. desir, m. souhait, m. vœu, m. WISH, v. a. Souhaiter, désirer. WISHER, s. celui qui désire. Wellqui souhaite bon, bon ami.
WISHFUL, adj. qui désire, passionné. WISHFULLY, adv. ardemment, passionne-Wisket, s. panier, m. WISP, S. torchon de paille, m. bouchon, m. WISPUL, adj. pensif, atlentif, fixe. WISTFULLY, WISTLULY, adv. atlentivement. WIT, s. esprit, m. cutendement, m. jugement, m. adresse, f. finesse, f. politique, f. aptitude, f. disposition, f. choses ingénieuses, un homme de génie, un bel esprit, un esprit fort. Wits, sens, m. jugement, m. raison, f. esprit, m. esprits, m. pl. industrie, WIT, v. n. savoir. WITCH, s. une sorcière, une magicienne. Wiтch, r. a. ensorceler. [sortilège, m WITCHCRAFT, WITCHERY, s. sorcellerie, f. WITH, prep. avec, de, par, à, en, contre. WITHAL, prep. avec; adr. aussi, aussi-bien, en même temps, d'ailleurs, de plus. WITHDRAW, v. a. & n. retirer, faire retirer, ôter, se retirer, sortir, s'en aller. WITHDRAWING-ROOM, s. boudoir, m. WITHE, s. osier, m. pleyon, m. WITHER, v. a. & n. se fletrir, se faner, depérir, faner, fletrir, sécher. ITHEREDNESS, s. secheresse, f. WITHERS, s. le garot d'un cheval. Wiтнноi.D, r.a. retenir, arrêter, empêcher. Withholder, s. celui qui reteint. Within, prep. dans, en dedans, par dedans, en, à, au. WITHINSIDE, adv. en dedans, intérieurement. Without, prep. sans, sans que. Without, adv. dehors, en dehors, par dehors, de dehors, extérieurement. WITHOUT, conj. à moins que, si ce n'est que. WITHSTAND, v. a. resister, s'opposer. WITHSTANDER, s. celui qui resiste. WITHSTANDING, s. resistance, f. opposition, WITHY, s. osier, m. WITLESS, adj. sans esprit. WITLING, s. un bel esprit, un petit esprit. WITNESS, s. temoignage, m. temoin, m. An eye-witness, un témoin oculaire. WITNESS, v. a. & n. attester, rendre té moignage. WITTED, adj. qui a de l'esprit. WITTICISM, s. pointe, f. pretendu bon mot. WITTILY, adv. ingenieusement, avec esprit WITTINESS, s. esprit, m. WITTINGLY, adr. à dessein, exprès. WITTOL, s. un cocu complaisant. WITTY, adj. ingenieux, spirituel, piquant. WITWALL, s. (a bird) un pic. WIVE, v. a. & n. epouser, se marier. WIVES, the phiral of Wife, which see. WIZARD, s un sorcier, un flevin. Wo or WOE, s. chagrin, m. malheur, m. ca Wor, interj. malheur. [lamité, / WOAD s. gaude, f. guéde, f. pastel, m.

WOAD, v. a. grader, teindre avec la guède. WOFUL, adj. triste, chagrin, malheureux. WOFULLY, adv. tristement, miserablement. WOLD, a pays decouvert, une plaine.
WOLD, s. un loup. A she-wolf, une louve.
A young-ssolf, un louveteau. WOLFSBABE, s. aconit, m. [ger, m. WOLF-DOG, s. chien-loup, m. chien de ber-WOLF's-BILE, s. (an herb) tithymale, m. WOLVISH, behard of Wolf, which see. WOLVISH, WOLFISH, adj. de doup, vorace. WOMAE, s. femme. f. WOMAN, v. a. rendre souple comme une WOMAN-MATER, s. un homme qui hait les WOMANISH, adj. de femme. [femmes. WOMANIZE, v. a. effeminer, amollir. WOMANIZE, s. le seze feminin, les femmes. WOMANLY, adj. de femme, estéminé. WOMANLY, adv. en femme, comme une WOME, s. matrice, f. le sein.

WOME, s. matrice, f. le sein.

WOMER, s. m. s'étonner, êtse étonné. [femme. WONDER, s. etonnement, m. surprise, f. mer-WONDERED AT, part. adj. dont on s'étonne, étonnant, qu'on admire. WONDERER, s. admirateur, m. [étonnant. WONDERFUL, adv. merveilleux, surprenant, WONDERFUL, adv. and vertiletal, surpressent, worderfully, adv. admirablement, a WONDER-WORKING, add. surpressent. WONDER-WORKING, add. surpressent. WONDROUSLY, adv. merveilleusement. WORT and BE WORT, v. a. avoir coutume, être accoutamé, se tenir d'ordinaire. WOSTED, part. asy. accountme, ordinaire.
WOO, v. a. faire l'amour, rechercher, prier
WOOD, s. bois, m. [avec instance. WOODBINE, s. chevreseuille, m WOODCLEAVER, s. un bucheron. WOODCOCK, s, une bécasse. WOODCD, ast. planté d'arbres, boisé. WOODER, ast. de bois. Wooden shoes, des sabots. WOODFRETTER, s. (an insect) artison, m. WOODHOLE, WOODHOUSE, s. un bücher. WOODLAND, s. pars de bois or de forêts, m. WOODLOUSE, s. chaparte, m. WOODMAN, s. un chasseur, garde de forêt. WOODMONGER, s. un marchand de bois. WOODNOTE, s. cour forestière. [vage. WOODNOTE, s. musique champêtre or sau-WOODBYMPH, s. une dryade. WOODPECKER, s. (a bird) un grimpereau. WOOD-PIGEON, s. pigeon ramier. WOODPILE, s. une pile de bois, un bûcher. WOODSORREL, s. oscille sauvage, f. WOODSTOOK, s. un tas de bois WOOD WARD, s. forestier, m. garde de forêt, m. WOODY, adj. plein de bois or de forêts, de bois, boise, ligneux, boiseux. WOODYARD, s. un cheatier. WOOER, s. un amant, un galant. WOOF, s. trame (de tisserand,) f. WOOLEN, adv. agréablement, avec in-WOOL, s. laine, f. de la laine. [stance. WOOLEN, adj. de laine. WOOLLEN, adj. de laine. stance. WOOLLEE-CLOTH, s. du drap. WOOLLEN, s. toute sorte d'étoffe de laine. WOOLLEN-DRAPER, s. marchand drapier. WOOLLY, adj. laineux WOOLPACE, s. un ballot de laine. WORD, s. mot, m. parole, f. terme, m. ex-

pression, f. declaration, f. rdre, m. m. nal, m. offre, proposition, f. promesse, le verbe. WORD, v. a. & n. exprimer, enoncer, disp WORDY, adj. verbant, diffus, long. WORK, s. travail, m. ouvrage, m. occupa-tion, f. labeur, m. affaire, f. action, f. oeuvre, m. peine, f. exercise, m. WORK, v. a. & n. travailler, faire un vrage, agir, operer, faire impression, for menter, cuver, façonner, mettre en ceuva manufacturer, produire, causer : to mork off, travailler, manufacturer: to work out, effectuer, operer, achever, effacer.
Worker, s. travailleur, m. WORKFELLOW, s. compagnon de travaîl, m. WORKHOUSE, WORKINGHOUSE, s. atelier, m. maison des pauvres, f. hôpital, m. WORKING, s. travail, m. ouvrage, m. opéra tion, f. agitation, f. manceuvre, m. WORKINGDAY, s. jour ouvrable. WORKMAN, s. un ouvrier, un artisan. WORKMANLY, adj. habile, bien travaille. WORKMANLY, adv. habilement, artistement. WORKMANSHIP, s. manufacture, f. habileté, f. art, m. adresse, f. travail, m. WORKMASTER, s. un habile artiste, bon ou-WORKWOMAN, s. une ouvrière. [vrier. WORLD, s. monde, m. infinité, f. quaniité, f. WORLDLINESS, s. attachement à l'argent. WORLDLING, s. mondain.
WORLDLY, adj. mondain, seculier. [ment.
WORLDLY, adc. selon le monde, mondaine-Worm, s. un ver, un vermisseau, un tire bourre; worm of a screw, l'écrou d'une WORM, v. a. miner, travailler sourdement, enlever; to worm one out of his place, su planter quelqu'un; to soorm a dog, everrer un chien. Wormeaten, adj. rongé de vers, vermoule. WORM-HOLES, s. pl. vermoulure, f. WORMSEED, s. poudre aux vers, f. barbo-Wormwood, s. absinthe, f. [tine, f. Wormy, adj. plein de vers. WORRY, r. a. déchirer, mettre en pièces. Worse, adj. plus mechant, plus mauvais, pire, pis, moins, plus mal. Worse, adv. plus mal, pis. Worse, s. le dessous, le désavantage. Worship, s. culte religieux, service, m. Worship, r. a. adorer, respecter, révérer. WORSHIPFUL, adj. honorable, vénérable. WORSHIPFULLY, adr. honorablement, avec Worshipper, s. adorateur, m. [respect. Worshipping, s. adoration, f.
Worst, adj. le plus méchant, le plus mauWorst, s. le pire, le pis.
Worst, adv. le plus mal. Worst, v. a. vaincre, défaire, triompher de. WORTED, part. adj. vaincu, de laine, fait de WORT, s. herbe, f. [laine. WORTH, adj. digne, qui vaut, valant, qui mérite. To be worth, valoir, mériter. WORTHIES, s. pl. les vaillans, les preux, les WORTHIES, s. pl. les vaillans, les preux, les WORTHILY, adv. dignement. [heros. WORTHINESS, s. mérite, m. excellence, f. WORTHLESS, adj. inligne, vil, de nulle va-WORTHLESS, s. indignité, f. [leur. WORTHY, adj. digne, qui mérite, de mérite d'honneur, vertueux, noble. WOVEN, part. adj. tissu, fait au metier WOULD, the pret. of To will.

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WOUND, s. blessure, f. plaie, f. WOUND, v. a. blesser, faire une blessure. WOUND, pret. & adj. tourné, onveloppé. WOUNDLESS, adj. sans blessures, sain et sauf. WOUNDWORT, s. vulnéraire, f. WRACK or WRECK, s. naufrage, m. ruine, f. WRACK OF WRECK, s. naurrage, m. ruine, f. parte, f. varech, m. bris, m.
WRACK, WRECK, v. a. & n. causer un naufrage, faire naufrage, périr.
WRANGLANDS, s. pl. arbres rabougris.
WRANGLE, v. a. disputer, contester.
WRANGLE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f.
WRANGLE, s. querelleur, m. chicaneur, m.
WRANGLING, s. dispute, f. contestation, f.
WRAP, n. a. envelopmer, entoriller. WRAP, v. a. envelopper, entortiller. WRAPPER, s. qui enveloppe, enveloppe, f. WRATH, s. colère, f. indignation, f. WRATHFUL, adj. courrouce, en colère. WRATHFULLY, adv. avec colère. WRATHLESS, adj. doux, paisible. WREAK, v. a. venger, assouvir, decharger.
WREAK, v. vengeance, f. fureur, f.
WREAKFUL, adj. vindicatif, colere, furieux.
WREATH, c. tortillon, w. couronne, f. WREATH, v. a. tordre, tortiller, entortiller. WREATHY, add. tourné, entortillé, tors, en WRECK. See Wrack. [spirale. WREN, s. un roitelet. WRENCH, v. n. pousser avec violence, forcer, tordre, détordre, donner une entorse. WREST, v. a. tordre, f. entorse, f. WREST, v. a. tordre, forcer, arracher. WREST, s. violence, f. force, f.
WRESTER, s. celui qui tord, qui arrache.
WRESTER, s. n. luier, se battre à la lutte. WRESTLER, s. un lutteur, m. WRESTLING, s. lutte, f. l'action de lutter. WRESTLING-PLACE, s. palestre, f. WRETCH, s. un malheureux, un miserable. WRETCHED, adj. malbeureux, infortune, mi-serable, mechant, mauvais, vil. WRITCHEDLY, adv. malheureusement. WRITCHEDRESS, s. misère, f. bassesse, f. WRIGGLE, v. n. & a. se plier, se replier, serpenter, s'agiter, se remuer, secouer. WRIGGLING, 2. plis et replis d'un serpent.
WRIGHT, s. u. GOUVIET. A cart-wright, un charron. A ship-wright, un charpentier de navire. A scheel-wright, un feseur de roues. WRING, v. a. tordre, arracher, étreindre, presser, serrer, blesser, tourmenter. WRINGER, s. celui qui tord, qui serre, qui presse. Wringings, s. remords, m. pl. tourment, m. (of the guts,) tranchée, passion ili-WRINKLE, s. ride; v. a. & u rider. WRIST, s. le poignet. WRIST-BAND, s. poignet d'une chemise, m WRIT, s. écrit, m. écriture, f. ordonnance, f. ordre, m. lettres, f. pl. WRITE, v. a. & n. écrire, 'mposer, faire; to sorite after, copier; to sorite back, re-pondre; to sorite down, coucher par ecrit, ecrire : to write out, transcrire, copier, ecrire en entier : to write over again, recrire. WRITER, s. écrivain, m. scribe, n WRITHE, v. a. tordre, tortiller, défigurer, ar-racher, ôter de force. WRITING, s. écrit, m. écriture, f. livre, m. ouvrage d'un auteur, m. WRITING-MASTER, s. up maltre à écrive.
WRONG, adf. faux, impropre, mal à-propos.
WRONG, s. tort, m. injustice, f. dommage, m. louise f. dotriment. m. erreur, f.

W ROWG, adv. mal à-propos, de krarens.
W BONG, v. a. faire tort, faire injustice.
W RONGDER, s. us homme injuste.
W RONGDER, s. de, injuste.
W RONGER, a. celui qui fait tort.
W RONG FULLY, adv. injustement, à tort, sans
W RONG FULLY, adv. injustement, à tort, sans
W RONG LY, adv. injustement, à tort, mal-à
propos.
W RONG LESSLY, adv. sans faire tort à personne.
W ROUGHT, part. adj. travaillé, ouvragé, manufacturé, mis en œuvre, affecté.
W RUNG, part. adj. tors, tortilé, rompu.
W RY, adj. tors, de travers, tortu, differme.
W RY, v. a. & n. tordre, être de travers.
W RY, adv. obliquement, de travers.

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YACHT, s. un yacht.

YAP. s. un petit chien. YARD, s. verge, f. cour, f. basse-cour, f. YARD WAND, s. un verge. YARN, s. laine filee. YARR, v. n. gronder, montrer les deuts. YARROW, s. mille-feuille, f. YAWL, s. esquif, m. chaloupe, f. YAWN, r. n. bailler, s'ouvrar beauco YAWN, YAWNING, s. baillement, m. YAWNER, s. bailler, m. [dormir. YAWNING, ady. qui baille, assoupi, prêt à YE, pron. vous YEA, adv. oui, vraiment et même. YEAN, v. n. agneler. YEANING, s. agneau, m YYAR, s. an, m. annee, f. YEARLING, s. d'un an, qui a un an. YEARLY, adj. annuel. YEARLY, adv. annuellement YEARN, v. n. être chagrin, souffrir, glapir. YEARNING, s. compassion, f. pitié, f. YELK, s. le jaune d'un œuf. YELL, v. n. crier, hurler. Yellow, adj. & s. jaune, m. Cri pitoyable, m. Yellow, adj. & s. jaune, m. Yellowish, adj. jaunâtre, qui tire sur le Yellowishness, s. couleur jaunâtre. YELLOWNESS, s. couleur jaune, f. YELLOWS, s. la jaunisse. YELP, v. n. aboyer, glapir. YELPING, s. glapissement, m. YEONAN, s. un riche paysan, metayer, m. sorte d'officier or de garde chez le roi. YEUMANRY, s. les corps des métayers, m. les gardes de la porte chez le roi. YERE s. clancement; v. a. lancer, sangler Yrs, adv. oui. YEST, s. levure, f. écume de bier ,f. YESTER, adf. d'hier. YESTEDDAY, adv. hier. YESTERNIGHT, s. hier au soir. YESTY, adj. écumeux, qui écum YET, conf. neanmoins, cependant, soutefais. YET, adv. encore. Yrw, s. (a tree) if, m. Yewkn, adj. d'if. YIELD, v. a. & s. rapporter, produire, rendre, donner, accorder, permettre, ceder, abandonner, plier, succomber, se soumettre, se rendre, avouer, convenir.
YIELDER, s. celui qui cède, cessionnaire, se
YIELDING, adj. facile, accommodant. YIELDINGLY, adv. librement, franchement.

