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© he California farmer and Journal of veeftil sctences. UBLIBHEDEVERYTHURSDAY
BY WARREN \& SON.

Oficm-on Fourth strees, between Jand $R$, Sacramento.
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 Mesire. Lixu ind \& McCoomne-Crescent City, Port Orfori,





 han due the once

## AGRICOLA'S LETPERS.-NO. 6, On Watering of Plants-Continued.

 Enitors Farmer: That thero is an analog. betreen plants and animals, every onc perceives hut yet, with many points of resemblance, there is, among others, one striking particular in which thicy differ. Animals, atall times, inhale oxjgen and, at all times, exhalo carhonic acil gas: whil plants, hy day, inhale carbonic acil gas, and exhale oxygen. Thus, the one is admirahly contrived to necutralize any disarrangement of the have taken place, lad it existed nlone. To mak animals bave an iuherent heat in themsclves, they ore furnished with ahsorhents and ennduita, bymeans of which they take up carhon from their food, and throngh which it is carried and min gled with thelr hlood; and the blood, so chargod coming into contact with the oxygen of the at mosphere in the lungs, undergoes partial decoun position, producing heat, and carhonic acid gas i thrown off as a necessary consoquence. Plants, as wo havo seen iu last letter, are regulated by chemical process entirely different, which enahle: thecu, during the day, to decompose carbonic neill gas nad exlate oxygen. But when the sun sinks below the horizon, and the coolness of cre-
ning and the decrease of light, consequent on his departure, sueceed, the plant, which, be it recol lected, laxd been perspiring all day and conse quently depending for the moisture it was thn deprived of on what it could obtain throngh its roots, relaxes its encrgy, which is now but little ond not heing replaced by other of a more alka line character, in the same rigorous manner as much lower, the chemical decomposition which took place by day, cannot, under any cireum stances, take place now; and the plant being hn partially able to resist the oxygen of the atmos-
phere, a process similar to what takics phace in andmals ensues, and carbonic acid gas is evolrect. It is no doubt to the alvantage of the plant to get quit in this manner, of any portion of itself Which has become effete and exhausted, as in the case of animals; besides, it is thus enabled.
during night, to preserve a temperature which therwise it conld not harc retained.
Thus we see, that when we water plants in what they were by day; no other etwirt occurs no creat rerulsien is occasioted. for they are fas gelling towards the te rat-re of water; and
bes'ds th ro is not now heat enough in the atmint re to evaperate tho water a priel e thelr
lea res, ond, till such evaporation has taken place pheric oxygen.
The same thing (or nearly so) takes place during rain hy day, at any temperaturo. At such times, as all farmers know, when the rain is over, there is no drought. Tho clouds hang lieavily oround, os if unresolved whether to raiu
or not; and then too, as all housewives know clothes loung out to dry, are suspended for a long time hefore they do so. Wiran bofore the fall of raio, the air gets cool and vapory, and the temperature of plants is consequeatly heing fast re duced, and a preparation for a similar process as occurs at night, is being made. Only look at them on such occasions, how they fold their lcapes together and hang down their heads, as it in regret, they huinhly confessed they were not on the same terms with Nature as gencrally. Let not the gardencr, thercfore, suppose tha the evident analogy hetreen plants and animals, is greater than it is; and when, in o warm sum mer day, he gets dry and feels all the adpantage ad comfort of a rcfreshing drink, if he sce hi. pants look shrunk and dusty, that they wan very likely they do want it, hut they must rececre it, as we haresecn, at the proper time; and, when then applied, the benefits to bo derived from a necessary supply of water, are groat and conspicuous, and the causes of its good effects asily accounted for
The water of chemists (1I 0) is composed of one atom of hydrogen, and ono atom of oxygen hut the purest water which we find in natore contains, besldes these elcmentary gases, a num er of adventitious ingiedients, all of which enter into the composition of almost overy plant which grows. liain water, the purast of any, cantains arbouato of ammonin, one of the most raluable
of the constituents of guano. "It is morthy of observation," says Lichig, "that the ammonia contained in rain and suow water, possesses an offensivo sincll of perspiration and animal cxcre-ments,-a fact which leares no doubt coocarnin. its origin." But leit mo quote from Pureira: "A carbonaceous (sooty) substance, and traces of culphates, chlorides, and calcareous inatter, arc he usual itopuritles of the first rain water of a hower. Carbooate of limc, and, according to Bergoiann, chloride of calelum, are constituents of rain water. Zimmermau found oxide of iron and eliloride of potassium. Brandes detected various other inorginic substances, naucly : chloride of sodium, chloride of magnesiam, sulphatc and carbonatc of magnesia, and snlphate f lima Ho likewise mentions oride of mangancse. The potrefaction to which rain water uhjech shows that some arganic matter present." These are bigh authorities, and re hare no reason w doubt their testimonr, especialwhen we retlect that the fragrance of so many plants is heing cslasled into the stroosphere, and that ticse salts and oxides onter into the compo-
vition of almost every plant which grows But, is i said, raiu water is the purest of any. The Nater of springs au 1 rircrs necessarils cootains. in increased abundance, the sama ingredients; rom tho fact that they abound in all soils, and tha Thantes water, abore London, contains in erery $5^{2}$ llon about twenty gra ns of solid matter; and he Colnc, at the main spring in the ralley which analyses of Phillps; and decomposing organic matier, in suspens: $n$ or solutlon, is found in ai iver water in a greater or lesis proportion. These are facts which have been subjected to d 4 reat
calculat ns; and Dr. Dana, pne of the greacost of $m$ lern m rel rista, estimates the $q$ a ${ }^{\prime \prime}$. gaits in wi tion, an i restabe matter wh"ere borne sea-rand pess Lowell, by tbo Merri-

he moisture which has been evaporated from hem in the form of perspiration; nor merely a sol rent capable of reducing the fragments of rocks
aod stones in the soil, so as to enable their roots o procure from them those salts aod alkalics, so assential to their growth and existenca; hut w actually apply a liquid manure, already contain ing the constituents of which tbey are conpose notion, that the wore water we apply, the greater the henefit we must derive, as it is only so much hat the plant requires ond can make use of ; and ny more, in additioo to what is necessary to preis, in land under cultivation, only iujurious.

Agrtcola.
P.S.-Io last number, you make me undertake o say that on this occasion I would explain why it happens that it is so injurious to rater plants during warm weather hy day, when it is not only noocuous but beneficial to do so "in the coun y." Of course cvery one will perceive that thi as a misprint, and should have heen" in th evening."

## VIrgit on A Aticulture

Mr



 of course, hut for the gratication of those who height of Roman prosperlty, and the present. If
you think it will do any good hy familiarizing any of your readers with the science of their calling (for I deem agricultire a seience, ond the chicf ono to be chosen for happiness,) I sny if jo
think It likely to do good ant feel so disimse sou can gire it a place in your cxcellent and high. Iy useful periorlical. I do not give it as on ele-
gant translation, Lut almost litcrally and as intolant cranslation, but almost timally and as intol-
ijibly as may be. Aner invoking tho several ligibly as may be, Ater invoking the several
deitles, \&c., he thus begins: "Very early in thic spring when the melted
suow flows from the hoary mountains, and the nellow earth crumbles af zephyrs-even then let my steers begin to groan at the plow, deep in the in the furrow. That harvest will flually respond
o the rows of the anxlous farmer, which has wico felt the sun and twice the cold, (i. es which bas lain (wo years) his innmense harrest will al
most hurst his barus. Before tre cut the plain Whose qualities are unknowu to us, there must
be a care to learn the wlods and rarions nature of the climate, and also the culture of our fathers, and the habits of dillerent sonls- what each resion graios wore luxuriantly grow-the nurseries o A ler enumerating sereral instancea, ho thos concludes:
onncludes: Sature has imposed these lans and eternal conditions on certain places, efer s nce the $t$ me
when first Duncalion threw stones npon the earth rom which ment sprang a haris race, (i. e. erer ince the creation.) Come therefore, and early in the first month of the year let the brave steers
orcrt the rich soll, and let the pulseriz - heal orert the rich soil, and let the pulsertiz $\overparen{0}$ heat
by mature snns bske the upturnel soil sod: hot
ithe land be aot rich, it will sulwoo to com it
sith a laght furrow even ta late as the rising of with a laght furrom even as late as the rising of
Arcturus (in the fal) ; in the former case, (i. e. Areturus (in the fal) ; in the former case, (
in ricb land, plow earl's and $d=p$ ) in ord'r th the siecis may not afpuse the joy os crop,
the biter case, (in poor land, plow late and sh low) lest the pantr moistare derirt the sundy sterile soil. Morcover, sou saoold percuit the
newly shorn lands to rest alieraste years, and the
adle plain to harden mith sward, ere the jear be ing changed sow jellow wheat on that a d off of Wralting joud or the guthender the jorowe pot rew wh ralting prod or the tender offopries of reth and
fragile stalks of the biter lup steep, yet the ewturizu of chese wil be engy
ure is dried up. (if the land hic wet.) Or agatr
 gung plants, (ns in closo, stiff land.) Or lastly, the heat hardens the ground and closes the gap-
ing vcins, so that ncither the fine rains nor the ing rcins, so that ncither the fine rains nor the
more efficacious power of the glowing sun, nor the ponetrating cold of Boreas, can prove injurious.
Ie will henefit his land who hreake tire Ie will henefit his land who hreaks the i crt
clods with harrow, or draws or $r$ it their rags. Ceres, the goduess of he goldea har resl
hcholds him not in vain from Olympus. IIe too does well, who cleaves the ridges that risc in the posite direction; also he who gently exerciser and governs his field. Let farmers pray for wet summers and dry winters. Sorn grain is most fruitful, and the field by hihernian dust. Mysia oxults more in no culture this kind of seasons, and Gergarus of MI. Idn, aduires his own harvest. What sloll I say of him who follows his field after the seed is sown and breaks down the clods and ridges of his barren land, ond who norcover, conducts the flowing streain and cnough of water into the same? niso, wien the field is scorcinca stream from the hrow of the cracey . falling down smooth racks awakes the hoarse nurnur noil smooth rocks, anakes he hoarse streams? What of him who, lest the stalks hend with heavy cars, feeds the corn luxurient In tender herhs, when first the blades equil the firrown, and who draws from the sonking sand the collectad water of the marsh. especially in the variable months when the abounding stream orerflows and covers all things far and wide with slimy inld rom which tho hollow dykes drain the water? Nercrthcless, (after the crertions of nien and oxen liavo been trici in cultivation, ) still the rieked
goose, Stramonian crancs, and succory with bitter oose, stramonian crancs, and succory witil bitter roots, may injure, or the shade may destroy.
Father Jove hiniself, wished the wny of cultivaion not to be easy, anil noortal minels with cares. first preferred the ficlds to he cultirated throngh art, not suffering his own kingdoms hy heavy sloth to grow torpil." Jupeter, which are forcign to our curl, ant the rise and proyress of cirilization-stnting that-解 But unles on toar the earth to picees aith assidnous har ows, and frighten the hirds with nolse, restraln the sharde with pruuing knife, and luroke the gentle shorrer with rows, alas! thou shalt gazo in rain at the ample pilc of nnother, and be com-
pelled to appease thy bunger in the woods undor pelled to appease thy bunger in the woods under Ile then mentions the utenslls necessary for farmers, -
"All of which, provirled long heforo, he should be mindful to store away, if a reward of the d1-
vine country, worthy ol thee, remains for the industrions."
He then prooeds to give many ancicnt engtoma times for planting, signa for different kinds of weather-soune notions carious enough, and
$\qquad$
Tus Adrast or L.ocuste-[ir. C. B. Smith, bo sulject announcos that the eef informed on tho sulject, announces what the set teen jears
 mencing abo : five millo from flas reanlex-




 wro foes Tboy wil be fo morlar rar in $2-5$


The California Harmer.
WARESN \& Bos, EDTTORS AND PROPBMETORS.
SACRAMENTO, THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1855

The CALIFO ONNAA FARMER OFFICE is at the State
 California Farncer
Bute
ntreet, Boton.




## Circular.

Tar Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society, beg leare to say to tho Agrieulturists of the State that as the time for holding the Annual Fair approaehes the neeessity for incecomes, daily, more apparent.
The offieers of the Society are giving their time, attention and money to the. furtherance of the work, but this will not suffice. Unless the Farmers, Mercbants, Lawyers, Hotel Keepers and all others interested (and who is not?) come up to our aid, subscribe and pay their membership and give countenance to the work, our approaeb ing Fair eannot be made what it should be-
cannot be what the resources of our State eal cannot be what the resources of our State call
for, what the honor of this most prominent interest demands.
The State has made commendable appropria tions for premiums, and the Executive Committee has published a scledule for the approacbing Exhinition, and it is hoped that we may be placed in circumstances to sbow full statisties of Farms
Orebards, Nurseries, Gardens, Vineyards, \&c. A competent and reliable Committee may be expected to visit and report upon every ease in tbis department. Send in your propositions, that
the Committe may know the amount of its work. the Committee may know the amount of its work.
The statute under whieb we arc organized limits the terms of membership to ten dollars Any Gentleman or Lady sending us this small
sum will hare subjeet to his or her order a cer sum will hare subjeet to his or her
tificate of membership for one yar.
tificate of membership for one yar.
The question of the utility of the Fair depends
very mueh upon the manner it is gotten up, and Yery mueh upon the manner it is gotten up, and
it cannot be what it should be without personal it cannot be what it should b
interest of a general claracter.
Persons holding certificates of membership are,
with their fanilies, admitted to all the With their families, admitted to all the exhibi-
tions of tho Sooioty droo of chat ge.
By order of the Exccutive - T. I. Iucainson, Preside O. C. Whereler, Rec. See

At a mecting of the Excentive Committee of the State Agricultaral Society held this day: it mas resolved to estend the time for receiving
proposals for Farms, Orehards. Vineyards, Nurseproposals for Farms, Orehards, Vineyards, Nurse
riés, \&e., for examination, to the 10 tb of, July. Sacramento, June 22,1855, O. WBEELER, Hec. Sec To the Presideut State Agricultural So
To the Presideut State Agricultural Society:
The undersigned take this opportunity The undersigned take this opportunity to no-
tify the Exceutive of the State Society that we enter for the Premlums of the present year our
plantation of Onions, and also of Swect Potatoes, plantation of Onions, and also of Swect Potatoes
and sball be pleased to see the proper conmittee and sucb time as will please them. An early day is important, as barvesting will soon berin wath
ns.
nespectfull yours,
Ho oker \& FERN. ns.
saermmento River, 4 th milea below the city
New Volume,--Witb this number commences Vol. IV. of the Calliformia Farmer, and it may
not be amiss on this occasion to return our heartnot be amiss on this occasion to return our heart-
felt thanks to those of our friends who from the commenecment of its publization till tbis day have so materially aided and strengthened us by their patronage, prompt payments, and words o gratcful. Theirs have been "golden opinions" to us. In return, we sball strive to so advoeate the cause of Agriculture, urge its importance, it
demande, its richts, its diguity, and adrance it interests, as to retain their kind approval unti thé end: Tho Farmer will, as heretofore, contain from week to week, choice selections of poetical and. prose composition, as well as agricultural,
horticultural, and meclanical, malking it not only an Agricultural paper, but one of the best Family journals in the country. Progress! is the wateb word of the agc. Progress! in all things good, is our motto. May we not bope then kind reader
tint you, ind nay be somo friend of yours, will
still be with us? We wish many such. Who ha nay be somo riend of yours, win
? Our books wish many such not yet full. "Come ? 11 "

Tho Grasshopper-Gryllida. BELLEvinn that everything relating to the his ive animal will be interesting to our readers, we have taken some pains to gather from writers
and from old reeords sueh data as may be relied upon; and as our elimate is of such a charaeter as to be subjeet to these risitations, it is of grea mportanee that we set about in enrnest to pro-
vide a remedy for this great and growing evil. Tho Loeusts of Egypt, the Harvest Fly of France, and the Grasshopper of the United States
are, if not the same insect, all alike in their character, habits, and destructive properties. Equaly alike they flourish in a hot and dry climate equally and alike avoid cold and damp latitudes, or if found there, it is for a short time, and only
when driven by want of food from the latitudes in whieh they flourish.
That among other trials to whieh the cultivator of the soil in California may be subjected, ho periodical risitation of this plague will be numbered, there ean be no doubt. But as to
every evil to whieh man is subject there is a remedy, so a remedy will be found for this. By eareful study of nature, by a knowledge of our
easons and our soils, the best periods of time for seasons and our soils, the best periods of time for
lanting and harvesting, the time of the appear ng of these inscets termed plagues, we shall bo uabled to eradicate many evils of which we now omplain, or ehange the cloud to sunshine, the gaged in eultivation will but noto facts and improve upon them, all these evils will be removed -for has it not been said, "I will make thee lord of the ereation"-and shall not man thus constituted, control the lower
ereation, tbe thing created?
The floods which swept the riehest lands of California and buried the fertile banks of her fairest rivers, and which have caused so mueh loss in past jcars, were but naturc's plans t destroy the myriads of insects that would
otherwise have seourged us in former years. The burning sun, that eats up every tender thing upon our thousand hills, ripens tbe grain
in all our valleys, that man may be satisficd with in all our valleys, that man may be satisficd witl
hread. But sun and flood are both blessings when seen aright. To avoid the flood, man dams up the risers and fences out the waters, -he culti-
rates the carth, rears his erops, and they are devoured by the insects that the floods would hav destrosed. To avoid the sun, man flies from tbe leys, leaving the hills to beoome barren for wan of that oultiration and protection whieh man, as the lord of ereation, has the powcr to give. 'Tis
time man should see his error, for when the sun comes burning up our hills, then comes those
myriods of inseets that, springing into life from myriods of inseets that, springing into life from
the earth that onee the floods covered, fy to the warm and dry atmospherc of our bills, but finding no food there they descend into our valleys and cominence the work of devastat.
not till man's hopes are blighted.
From all these faets, may there not come les sons of moro ralue for the futuro, than all the
losses of the past? Wero nature's laws mor closely observed, were our seasons more carefully noted, our hills, eren to the tops, would be cover ed with the early crops appropriate for the wants of man. These erops would be harvested before
the return of these insects, and shielded by the Foliage of trees, tbe porrer of the sun rould in measure, be fade subservient to man's good, and a living green clotbe the bills that now look sad and drear. And were the banks of our rivers
used for those purposes and for those crops appro priate and in season, as the banks of the Nile are used, then the floods would be the greatest boon
bestowed upon man. Then rould mountain and hill-side, valley and river-bank, each and all be cultivated, caeb in their approprite seasou and for for their appropriate purpose, as God and nature
designed them; and man would see that plans designed by Him, aro wiser tban thoso ho would change. Then would tho "desert places of our
land blossom with the rose," "the hills and the mountains break forth into singing," and "the people shout for joy."
Witb these views, wo present tho annexed actebes from the best historical writers of ancien nd modern date-from "Goldsmith's Animated Nature ;" from Dr. Harris, whoso writing upon
natural bistory, are a text book; and from many others, and also from our own personal observa tions. We aro not ablo to say all we wish in this number, but shall, from time to time, continue
ueh farther information as we obtain, and hope such farther information as we obtanin, and hat gho
ant who ean, will aid us for the general good.
(Gryllida.)-Belonging to the seeond order
iscects, we find a tribe of littlo animala whicl
though differing in size and color, strongly resem ble each other in figure, appetites, nature, and
and transformation. But hougb they ail appear of
one family, yet man has been taught to hold in different cstimation, for rrhile some of this trihe
annuse him with their chirpinge, and banish solitude from the fields, others come in swarms, eat
up every thing that is green, and in a single night up every thing that is green, and in a single night
convert the most deightfun landscape into dreary waste. However, if these animals be separately
considered, the derouring loeust is not in the least more mischievous than the musical grasshopper; the only difference is, that one species
eomes for food in a swarm, the otber feeds singly. That animal whicb is called the grasshopper with
us, differs greatly from cieada of antiquity, for ass, differs greaty from cieada on antiquity, fror the long grass-from whence it has taken it
name-the cicada had not this power, but eithc walked or flew. The little hissing note also of our grasshopper, is very different from the song
of the eicada, wbich was louder and far more mu sical. The manner in which this note is produeed by the two animals, is very different, for the ci-
enda makes it by a kind of buckler which th enda makes it by a kind of buekler which th
male has beneath its belly, the grasshopper by a transparent membrane ethat eovers a hole at th base of its wings. There is still a greater variety
in all these wih regard to the shape and eolor. Some are green, some blaek, some livid, and some varicgated; but many of them do not show ail
heiil colors thll they fly. Some have long legs,
some sbort, some with nuve jutnos, others witi fewcr. Sonne sing, others are mutc. Somo are
innocent, doing no damage to the husbandman innocent, doing no damage to the husband man,
while others do such prodigious mischief that they are looked upon in some countries as one of the terrible scourges of the incensed Divinity.
Towards the latter end of autumn, the femal prepares to deposit her burden, and her body
then seen greatly distended with her eggs, whict she carrics to the numbier of an hundred and fifty In order to make a proper lodginent in the cart
for them, nature has furnished her with an instru nent at the tail soluewthe rescmbling
 at pleasure. With this she pierecs the carth a
deep as sbe is aile, and into the hole whieh lier instrument has made, she deposits her eggs onc after the other. In this manner, they remain deposited heneatb the surhace of rial return of spring begins to vivify and hateh them. The sun, with its warmth, beginning to animate all nature, the
insect eggs feel its benign influence, and generally bout the beginning of May, every erg produce an insct about the size of a days they turn black, and soon after they become
of a reddish brown. They appear from the beginning, liko grassboppers wanting rings, and
op amonr the erass as soon as excluded, with great agilitity, yet still, arc by no means arrised
at their state of full perfection, altbough they hear astrong resemblance to the animal in perfect form.
They want, or seem to want, the wings which Cliey aro at last seen to assume, and can only hop among the grass without being able to ily.
wings, however, are not wanting, but are conceal
the sides of the animal. There tbey lie rolled up in a noost curious manner, occupyint a smaller space than one could eoneeise who saw them cxtions they seem to undergo, are yet brought fort with those very linbs, parts, and wings, which they afterwards scem to sequiro. In the most
helpless caterpillar there is still to be seen the rudinents of tbat beautiful plumage which it af terwards expands when a butterfly; and though
many nem parts scem unfolded to the view, the many ner parts seem unfolded to the view, the
animal acquires none but such as it was from the heginning possessed of. The grasshopper, tbere fore, though seemingly without wings, is in reality only waits for sufficient foree to break the bonds that hold them folded up and to give them their

## rin

The grasshopper, that for ahove tirenty days ron its exclusion, has continued without the use
of its wings, wbich wcre folded up to its body, at length prepares for its emancipation and for a life proper disposition for the appronehing change, i proper from grassy food, and seecks about for a
eases
convenient place beneath some thorn or thistle that may protect it from an aceidental shower. The saue lahorious writhings and workings, heav-
ings, and palpitations, which we have reniarked in every other insect upoun an approaching change are eslibibited in this. It swells up its head and neck, and then seems to draws them in again; and
thus alternately for somo tine, it exerts its powhead ond brest is seen issuing out first from the bursting skin, the efforts still continuing, the animal, witb its long feelers, leps and all wert animal, wit its way from the old skin that remains fixed to tho thistle or the thorn. It is indeed ineolnecivable how the insect can thus extrieate fiom so exact a she
its body
Such are the hainits and nature of those little rocal insects that swarm in our meadows, and ell liven tho landscape. of liarger kinds onls dider from them in sizc, in rapiaty of hight, and we powers of injuring mankind hy swarmiag upo
tho productions of the carth. The quantity of grass which a few grasshoppers that sport in the ields can destroy, is triting, but whon a swarm
of locust troo or three miles long and several yards deep, settlo upon a lield, the consequences are
frightuut. The annals of every country are mark
insects produces; and though they seldom risit
ad
Europe in such dangerous swarms as formerly et in some of the southern kingdoms they', are
til set in some of the southern kingdoms they are
stll formidable. Those which havc at uncertain
interrals visited Europe, in our met posed to have come from An Africa, and the animal is called the Great Brown Locust. It was seen in several parts of England in the year I748, and nany dreadful consequenees were approlended rom its nppearance. This insect is about three
nches long, and has two horns or feelers, an ineh in length. The head and horns are of a brownish oolor-it is blue about the mouth, as it is also on
The destruetive insects popularly known in the United States by the name of grasshoppers, but works in the English language, are called loeust, and have from a period of very high antiquity tensive and lamentable ravagcs. It should be emarked, observes Dr. Harris, that in America the name of looust is very improperly given to he eicada of the ancients, or tho harvest fly of
the English writers. The namie of locust will hero be restricted to certnin kinds of grasshopaccording to comnopn helief appears only oneo in
a centeen years, must eventeen years, must drop this name and take
the morc correct one of cicada or harvest fly. The ery frequent misapplication of names by persons unaequainted with natural history is one of the
greatest obstacles to progress of science, and shows how necessary it is that things should be called by their right names, if the obscrvations service. Every intelligent farmer is capable of beconing a good observer and of making valuable
discorcries in natural history; but if he be ignorant of the proper names of the objcets examined, or if he give to them names which previously
have been applied by other persons to entirely different objeets, he will fail to make tbe result of his observation intelligiblo and useful to the com-
Tho young grasslopper comes from tho egg a Wingless inscet, and consequently unable to move
from plaee to place, in any other way than by the use of its legs. As it grows larger it is soon ob-
und liged to cast off its skin, and after one or two beconnes proportionately loumer toan before, while little stump-like wings begin to make their ap-
pearance on the top of the back. After this the grasshopper continues to eat voraciously, grows larger and larger, and hops about without any aid
from its short and motionless wings, repeatedly casts off its outgrown skin. appearing each time
with still longer wings and more perfectly formed limbs, till at length it ceases to grow, and shedding its skin for the last tine, it coines forth a
perfectly formed and inatured grasshopper, with perfectly formed and inatured grasshopper, with
the power of spreading its ample vings and of
using them in 犬light. In tho South of France the people make a busiloensts and their cegss, the latter being turned out of the ground in with a sort of gum in whieh they are envelpaid for their collection, hall a frane being given pois,) of the insects, and a quarter of a frane for tho same weight of their eggs. At this rate
20,000 franes were paid in Marscilles, and 25,000 in Arles in the year 1613; in 1824.5, 542 francs,
and in I825,6,200 francs were paid in Marseilles. It is stated that an aetive boy can collect from six to sevon kilogrammes, (or from 13 lbs 3 oz .13.
22 dr , to 15 lbs 7 oz .3 .09 dr .) of eggs in ono

## The Grasshopper Plague.

Tne following faets can be relied upon, having eceived them from such sources as leare no quesion of their correetness. Wo hopo cultivators in all parts of the Stato, and especlally where theso devastators have been felt this year, will examlno the coming winter and seo if the same thing oeurs again.
Romember 1 Wherever the floods covered the oil and remained a little time, no grasshoppers pear.
Iemember! They rarely or never are found in suded grounds, or damp and wet loealities.
Remember! They are destroyed by winter plowing-deep sub-soil plowing. Plow deep and ring up their eggs to the action of tho wintry torms, and you will lessen if not wholly destroy hem. In many of the older States they havo been found embeded in clay below the surface, and around the trees, thus seeking shelter-wbile in the dormant stato and the cgg-from the severity of the storm, remaining there until their time of re-appearing.
We have made many inquiries, and from those wo have seen and exaninod their habits, we gather the followiug:
The grasshopper shell, or his decayed hody, is ound about ten or twelro inches below the surThose whe sandy soil in gardens and them turncd up in largo quantities, and also note that where the soil is plowed deep and carly they do not nake such ravages,
In the present eondition of our country, esery
ing tho best preventive for so dreadful a scourge, and erery means that can be made use of to this
resu t, should be hailed wlith joy and seminated.
Fnos nearly evory portion of our Stato we hear
of tho destruction caused by this insect-from San Joaquin to the Tulare; along tho Stanislaus, Merced, Mariposa and Tulare Talleys; at Sal Latie, and Carson and tho adjacent Catleys be
tween the Scott and Shasta rivers; at Colusi along the Putah, through Yuha and Sacramento counties-and wo prosumo ere this they have mado their way to tbe le rer ralloys.
We would urge the importanee of noting down the time of their appearanco and departure, their habits, and erery fact connected with then. Wo
shall be very grateful for overy item respectiog shall
them.
Wo lenrn that irrigation at night, and shower ing the trees and vines, have in many instances driven them away. Heary shade and a avnings and lamp, and such as, by constant cultivation, give forth a dew at right, this insect avoids.
Shade and moisturo they avoid; a hot and dry location they select, and the hoter the day the more terrible their ravages; the hotest days they more with more rapidity.
Any one not fanililiar with their progress can have no conception of the immense quantitics now in this vicintty. For the first three days of this week, the very nir was full of them, flying
over tlis city, resembling a dense snow stormover this crity, resembling a dense snow stormthe myriads, as they fy shining in the sun lik
snow flakes. So numerousare they, it is believed soat were all which are floating in the air above everything animal or vegetable would cease to exist, unless sheltered in close rooms.
Instances have occurred of animals being alarmed by the masses that light upon and bite them, and men traveling upon stages and otherwiso have been much annoyed, They seem to be on the increase, and extending their ravages-
large felds of wheat and oats have suffered in the vicinity of Ione and other upper valleys.
We most earncstly urgo all to the frequent and free use of water, under and upon the regetable
-only let it bo remembered to do this by night.
[For the Califirmin Farmer.] Agricultural Society.
Mesans. Enirors: You may be awaro that the recent cffort to establish rooms, a muscum, a library, head-quarters, a home, for the Stato Agricultural Society, has croated a fear that a dosign exists to "monopolise tho whole thing, with it suceessivo annual fairs, for Sacramento."

Now, as one with whom the idea originated and who las labored second to nono in its realiza tion thus far, I wish most distinctly to disnrow further from the desires of tho prosent management of the Society. I hesitato not to say tba thero is not a singlo cultivator of tho soil, or friond of Agriculture iu this ralley, who would consent to such a thing. Every intelligent culturist knows that tho annual fairs of such a society must be held successively in different sections of the State, or the great objects of its organization can neser be obtained. Every part of the State must have, in its turn, its respectivo sbaro of tho attentions and fa rors resulting fron tho operations
of tho Society. I could scarcely conceire of a greater calamity, a more certain ruin to the interosts of the cause we wish to promote, than the fixing of our Annual Fairs at one and the samo place. Such a thing nerer should-never cau, be done
The sinuple object of what has been done hero, is, to have for the Society a home, a place, where friends of science from all parts of tho State, aye, of tho world, may earry or send their contributions to the regctable, mineral, animal, or literary department of our Society's permanent Museum.
Erery such contributor has his mamo registered in a brok kept for tho purpose, so that, in after jears, our eabinch, our conserratory, and nur is indebted for cach nf its component parts.
Trusting that the abore is sufficient to entirely remore the unhappy inpression which has been
made, I will merely add that we sincerely hope that the friends in rarious parts of the State, will compete, with great spirit. fir the next year's
Fair, and will assure them in adrance, that at the coirning Fir, Sacranicento intends to come so near
coning "clory enough for one dar,"" that she will having "glory enough for one dary," that she will
not enter the list if corp petitors for the next one.
Yours, very truls,
O. C. Weze.cn.

 for an adverisier medium. OD the last page of
crrenlates that youn mar the better realize the A. vantage. our paper presente to

## The State Fair-Sacramento City.

 Tre communication which a ppears in our issuo of this week, from Rev, O.C. Wheeler, Recorling Secretary of the Stato Society, relativo to the coming Fair, should he read by erery cultivntorand citizen in California. The nnnual exhibition of the products of our Stato, the specinens of our manufacturcrs, tho skill of our mechanies and our rtisans, are matters of public interest, and these xhibitions should clicit a public feeling; and we - glad thero is a little jealousy of Sacramento. For while we cheerfully join with the Secrctary and say "so mote it be" to every word he has said, we know if citizens of other portions of our tate are beginning to be jealous of Sacramento, is a sure sign
hey are jealous.
We can heartily attest to the truth of the seniments uttered in that letter, for we know tha Ithough the State Society's Rooms are located at the capital, which all admit to be the best place, every friend of agriculture and its kindred nterests desires to have the Annual Fair changed every season. We would not havo it at all were it not so. San Jose, Santa Clara, Benicia, Yuba, Sonoma, Napa and Monterey, or any county that will make provisions for it and take an interest in sustaining it, are entitled to its benents, and at each place theso Fairs sloutd be held in their urn. That city or county, however, which comes forward at the anntal meeting, each October, and give the best assurance of an interest to sustain the Shows, should have preference in the order This plan is adopted in the other States.
It is boped and expected that the city of Sacra mento, secing the benefits which must arise from an exbibition of such importance as the coning Fair, will with her accustomed public spirit pre pare for it. We repeat-much as we glory in tho prosperity of our State and of the city of Sacramento, wo shall do all in our power to see that evcry acction of tho Stato that is proper sball have the beucfits arising from tho Annual Fair. Sacramento is indeed a proud city, and well may her citizens he proud of her, for her citizens aro citizens. They belong to, and are a portion of the city. In the sketches we are preparing, wo find the cause of her success lies in the fact that a large portion of her population is of thoso Who have been with her through fire and flood, through good report and through eril report, and through adversity to the present ligh stato of prosperity ; and it is a fact known and admitted that whilo tho citizens of Sacramento have uffered moro than any other city by fire and flood, and heary taxations to build up the city of heir adoption, there is no city in the State whose public and private credit stands higher, or whose prospects are so fair. And this results altogether from the facts recorded, that her people, the long tried, old residents of ' 49 and ' 50 , are tho people hat are with her still. Firmly they have bra red verything, fighting manfully for their "homes." The merchants of Sacramento of ' 49 and ' 50 aro the merchants of ${ }^{5} 55$-and none stand higher in our State-they claimed Sacramento as their homes then, thes hail it as their liones now, and hence their prosperity. While other cities hare had clangeahlo populations, tho Sacramentans havo remained steady, firm and true to their citg. Our sixetches of business hnnses, in our next num ber will prove this.

Recolved at the Socicty's Rooms.
Since our last issue there havo been sent to the Society's rooms roany specimens of Fruits, Flowers, if. Among them we note as follors: From O. II. Myers, Alameda, a basket of "British Queen Strawberries;" a bor, with branches bearing fruit of the "Siberian Crah Aplle;" currants and almonds; also two young apple trees in fruih with sample fruits of Early Bnugh, Farly Marvest, Early June, Red Astracan, \&c. All those specimons indicato the early fruiting habits of trees in Californis. The specimens were all gool and it was gratifying to note the interest of nurserymen in thns senrling to the rooms of the Society their sereral epecimens.
Samples nf the Figs from the "Woolfskill Ranch " were sens, and they were very auperior (noticed elsowhere.)
A fine Bouquet of assorted forsl gems and a large collection nf the different rarieties of the
Althea (IInllyhock). some rery hapdsome and double, were sent by Dr. B. B. Brown.
A dish of the remainder of the "Great Feast
of the Grasshoppers," from Smish's Gardens, being the peach pits showing the epicurean taste
as well as the good leeth nf theio wandering
p'ratea.
p From Mrs, Boaton, nf Mohterny a most besotiwith exquisito tasto. with exquisio taske.

Boaton Department-New Books
"Woinan in tho Nineteenth Century," is the Margaret Fuller Ossoli, and just published in benutiful form by J. P. Jewett \& Co., Boston. It
is edited by her brother, Arthur B. Fuller, with edited by her brother, Arthur B. Fuller, with
introduction by Horace Greely. Few blographics, have mado an impression greater than tha published in 1852, styled tho "Memoirs of Margaret Fuller" This volume contains besides he "Woman in the Nincteenth Century," which ha been published, several other papers which have
appeared in the Tribune, in times past, and som appeared in the Tribune, in times past, and some
which havo never beforo been published. Som privato letters and papers are inserted in thisvol ume, whicb are very interestiog, and are illustrative of her deep feeling in the parious relations of ife, Those who knew Margaret Fuller, feel that no pen can describe the eloquence of ber lips, and her intellectual gifts and heroism of character are 0.0 widely known to bear comment. 'This volume is now before the world and it behoores each a all to peruse a work so deeply interesting.
"Tho Missing Bride," by Mrs. Emma Southworth, which has been announced in press, has just been issued by I. B. Petcrson, of Philadelphia. This is tbe last work written by Mrs. Soutbworth, and has been pronounced superior to all ever before published from her pen. She is s a lady of great literary talent, genius, and originality, and eaoh new work adds new laurels to her fame. This work is finely written, and each character fully portrayed. Her scenes are life pictures, and each incident fouuded on facts. There is a chasteness and purity in all she writes which acts with a peculiar charm. IIer works are among the most celebrated of the day, and enjoy an immense sale in America and oven in Europe. She is acknowledged to be tho best American writer of the age. Mrs. Southworth's name is a host in itself.
The "Watelunan:" is just published by II. Lons \& Brother, New Yurk, having been announeed in press, for some months past. Not having perused it, we shall notico it in our next, at length. It is destined to be a companion to the "Lamplighter," and will have an extensive sale.
Woolfsxile Brothens.--These brothers hav four ranches. They are anong our carliest pio-
neers in farming atock raising and oreharding. One largo orchard and vineyard ia situated $n$ Los Angeles, under the care of Wm. Woulfskill, Esq., and one other brother. Another large rauch and fruit garden is on the putah, under the care of Johis Woolfskill, Esy. One belunging to the brother Nutton, aud one to Matthew tical cultirators, as tho fruits in our inarkcls wn testify. The orehards of these brothers arerage about forty acres each, and conaist of graples, pears, peaches, figs, apricots and apples. Some few other fruits and vegelables are grown; but principally marketable fruits If constant personal hrothers will deservedly secore it. Our Stat owea them much for what they have done Quantities of apricots have been in our markets from theso ranches; and now tho luscioua fig soon the peach and pear; and next the grape Although their gardens on the Putal,-princi
pally that of S . Woulfskill-haro auffered to the pally that of J. Woulfskill-have aulfered tw the will send a fine lot of fruits to market yet
Innepenneace 1/ay. - The bella ring forth their joyous peal, tha cannons pour forth their hunders. Tho shoots of men, the joyous tone of women, and the merry sports nf children, tell that this day can rever cease to be renmembered - hile human blood circulates through the heart of an American citizen flow truthfully did the Elder Adams prophesy of what this day shnuld be. There is mo day enoal to $1 t$ no day that
shanld hare preference to is, sare the " Hioly Sablath day ;" and the day shoold be lept, as will be kept as the Sabbath Day of American Patriols. They labored ir American Independence; they achicred it and reated from ther ba-
bors Their wnils surrive them and to-day we ber the holy trnst condide it them, and keep cb ber the holy trnst condide
liberty they hase receired.


Fapors Receven.-From C. L. Flint, Esq., re, full reports of the doings of the of dyriculDougat " a valuable document.-From Gor. McDougal, "IIerndon's Valloy of the Amazon," a
work of acknowledged interest.- From the Royal Ia wniian Agricultural Society, Sandwich Islands, or a published report of the transactions at its ourth annual meeting ; a pamplilet of 173 pages, acts, dntas, and suggestions upon the subiect of griculture; as a whole, it is certainly highly coditable to the enterpriso and ability of our gricultural friends at the Islands, and the liberal from judicious policy of the Government.-From O., and of the iends of Messrs, Wells, Fargo, do ory of letters, papers, \&c.-For each and all of hich favors, we return our thanks.
Puoet Sounn Courier.-Number one nf this journal has just come to us and we are most happy to welconnc its advent; sinceroly do we hope it will have a prosperous course. This type and of good size, neally printed on chear. er. We notice with much pleasure its aim seems be particularly directed to fostering and enouraging Home Industry, Agriculture, and the Mechanic Arts. This is what is noeded. The salutatory of Messrs, Afflick and Gunn, editors and proprietors, gives assurance of a determinaion to suecece in well doing, and in this we cominend them, with our most earnest wishes for
their suecess. We shall look for the Puget Sound Courier with interest.
A New Remeny against Grasshoppers. Agricola, for reasons whicb he will state next week, recommends that diluted sulphuric acid pplied to the leaves of plants, be tried experi mentully, as a remedy against grasshoppers. Ie says that Professor Johnston recominends it as niannre, in the proportion of tro gallons of sulphuric acid to three or four hundred gallons water, per aerc. But he suggests to diluto it ith at least three times that quantity of wator and to uso it for several successive erenings-say liree or four hundred gallons per nere each eve ing; or two gallons per square rod. By doing so ho believes that no awnings will be requirod.
Bbautiful.-A very besutiful wreath of Sea Tosses, collected and prepared by Mrs. Boston, Montcrey, was presented to the Soclety'z Rooms on Monday last, by Mr. Gardiner, of the rm of Garliner \& Kirk, booksellers, of this city The wreath is worthy of note and a visit to to ooms, reflecting high credit for a taste for the cautiful. We are much pleased to see our friond
 is iecent acciden
The Mammatil Ox.-This noble animal has changel ownership, but is still on exhibition The present proprictor intends to gire him a resing spell soon, preparatory to the State Fair. A w weeks rest adding a litlle more fat, will make im a fine show animal. Those who have nnt and hee bimn.
Extraorminary Well.-In an intereating letter tn the Niew York Cnarier and Enquirer, Mr. F. Meriam, the meterologict, states that thero is
in Lock port. N. Y., an artexian well four hundred in Lockport, N. Y., an artesian wrell four hundred cin nf salt water, holding in combination a large ver centage of diliqnescong chlorides, which ming-
ing with waters of other reins. produce instantsing with waters of other reins, produce instanta-
eoris chrgstalizations of besociful solenito, in Inttenerl eight sided prisms of abo-t an inch in Th maje be divided by mean of $\mathrm{h}=\mathrm{t}$. Intorwo
dozen drefinet aheets. This rell mpecular in
nore repen han one. It in scoust meerl to apout


 and
 precept en


## 解orticultural 想puartment.

Stuay of Flowers.
In is very eemmon with men who think there lars and cents, to ridicule the study of flowers.
"What geod can coine eut of it," they ask. "Will What geod can coune eut of it," they ask. "Wil
it improve a man's fortune, or advance his inter est? Will it render bim a shrewder calculator?
Will it earb bim his bread or make him a forThey are greatly mistaken trhe belicre that $n$ actual utility, in the common niggardly sense of But granting that they will accemplish none o these useful purposes, we would encourage suel
studies, as tending to fill up many hours of idle
ness with an interesting and arreeable enpleymess with an interesting and agreeable empley-
tienpated in without danger to the health or the morals, provides an additional means for the mor to divert many of society, inasmuch as it serves to divert many minds from pleasures which mere plodder in the common business of life may seem almost ridiculous to be engaged with nificant wild flowers, yet this very zeal may preserve many a youth from corruption and ruin
whose passions might otherwise lead hin to seek the haunts of viee, There are many pursuits
which are useful in no other way than by con-
tributing to our pleasures. Let plodding inisers and conceited sensualists, ridicule them, because twey forget that one distinguishing mark beonly the ussefu, while the former are about equal
lg employed in the pursuit of the fanciful. $1 b$.

## Who are the Benefactors of Mankind?

 Dean Swift, onee remarked, that any one who iug grew before, was a benefactor to malind iug grew before, was a benefactor to mankind.The object of the author of this remark, was to state in forcible terms, his opinion of the public bencfit derived from all agricultural improvements. ally avered that every man who plants a tree is a consists in its fruit, or its flowers, its timber, or even its shade; for, with regard to trees, it may sake of the shadow. We are aequainted with a
single lady who makes the rational boast, that she has al ways planted a Iruit tree in every place in which she has resided. Whenever she takes
lodgings in any new house, if there be a garden apol. Such acts, upon her part tree upon the apol. Such aets, upon her part, seem to be disin-
terested, as her habit of moving fron place to place, must prevent her from being the continual by them, and she enjoys the satisfaction of having
done some good in the world. In these acts, she displays a true benevolence.
We know a gentleman who lived to see the fol-
ly of a different course of conduct. On inoving
 ng the place, replied that he should plant no trees thirty years; and during this space of time he
might have raised an abundance of fruit for his own family, and have seen many of the trees of
lis own planting, perish of old age. There is perhaps no speeies of selfishness so foolish as tha which prevents one from planting trecs; sinee
tbeir cost is but a trifle, and the labor of attend$\operatorname{lng}$ to a few individuals is both wholesome and agrecable. And in this country, where propert
is so constantly changing liands, we can neve predict when we plant another man's ground that these grounds may not become our orn or
those of our children.-Mass. Magazine of Horticulture.

## Camellia CoctoreatKazan--A letter from Bouterloff, Adjunct Professor of the Imperial University of Kazan. (Kazan is on tho river Kazersity of Kazan. (Kazan is on tho river river Wolga, in lat. 55 deg. 47 min. 26 sec. north long. 40 deg .21 min .9 sec . east.) I send you some information <br> of cultivating the camellia. <br> The composts which we use differ from those heath soil, and we replace it by soil formed of pine leaves, well, mixed with sand. My experi- ence proves that the camellia roots well and promptly in a connpost soil made of earth o leaves-muek and sand-night soil in solution is added. <br> added.uccessfully, excent immediately after the flower successfuly, except immediately after the flower- ing is over, and before the spriug growth begins, or towards the middle of summer, is stationary. <br> We cultivate several varieties of the camellia ive us well developed flowers, but we neve prune them as we should do. I regard it as necessity, for thia eharming tree.. I regret that Mr. Leguay, has not yet gone into the practice of budding the camellia, and other methods of mul tiplying a plant so interesting to amateurs. A patent has been granted by the Freneh Government for uaking sugar from pumpkins. It is said tbe quantity produced will be at leas

State Patronage of Agriculture. Tue follewing action of the Maine Legislat medify ing the character and arrangement of the medifying the character and arrangement of the
eourses of lectures on ehemistry and vegetable
physielogs, thereby securing more attention to physielogs, thereby securing more attention to dents, while the liberal endewment, conditionally elfered, provides for the instruction of an entire
elass of young men, (and old ones, teo, if they
vill,) thins far without valuable facilities of im provement in these hitherto neglected sciences. The third seetion, however, is entircly teo genoral. The obligation to analyze all soils, manures, inight require the constant employinent ef a dezen experienced chemists. Ilad it been confined to the "Beard of Agriculture," who may be supthat sort, might be apprehended.

Secrion 1. The State Tre horized and directed to transfer the sum of thirty housand doliars, in six per cent. State Stoek, to the Board of Trustees of Bowdoin College, and per cent. State Stock, to the Board of Trustees of Waterville College, to be held in trust by them Watervilie Coliege, to be held in trust by them
respectivelv, as endowments of the Chemical
Professorsiips in these Colleges, of whieh they
are Trustes, whenever said Board of Trustees are Trustees, whenever said Board of Trustees
shall severally eertify to the State Treasurer, through their Secretaries, under oath, that they hare enlarged the duties and means of instruction
under said professorships, so as to embrace Agriunder suid professorships, so as to embrace Agri-
cultural Chemistry and Veretable Physiology; and that they will comply with the requisitions hereinafter specified.
Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said Board o Trustees, to cause instruction to be given rrithout
fee, to all persons, ibhabitants of this State, not undergraduates in a regular college course of inundergraduates in a regular college course of in-
struction, who may resort to said institutions as students under the Professorships of Chemistry only; they having the same privileges of the sev-
cral libraries and on the same terms, and being subject to the same college larss, rules and regu-
lations as otber students, so far as they may be lations as otber students, so far as they may be
applicable to their position in said institutions; applicable to their position in said institutions
and such students may attend, without charge all the lectures in said colleges, under such res-
rictions as may be iniposed by said Boards of trictions as may be iniposed by said Boards of
lirustees, and sanctioned by the Board of AgriTrustees,
cnlure.
Sec. 3.
SE
of Ch
3. It shall be the duty of the Professors or chemistry in each of these collcges, to analyze leges for this purpose, by the farmers of this State or the Board of Agrieulture, without eharge to such suggestions as he may deen necessary in the Wemises; and annually, on or before the first of the Board of Agriculture a full statement of his doings, w
suitable.

## SEc. 4.

A committee of three from the Boara ime to time, the Chemical departments of said Colleges, to witness their instruetions and doings, with special reference to tho interests of AgriculVed cince; and annualiy, ou or beiore he first of the Board of Agriculturo a statement. so far as they are able, of the doings, conditions and prospects of these departments.

## Moisture in Soils.

IT is known that soils which contain mueh umus or decayed vegetable matter, have great be supposed, therefore, that an application of pea -which contains much humua-would prove such been the case? Clay, too, possesses this power to a great extent, but it should be well pulverized in order to allow the air to permeate
through it. Pure sand does not possess the ower at all; and yet sandy soils which contain little clay or humus, often suffer less from
drouth than tenaccous clays, owing doubtless to their permeability. Sir IIumphiey Davy, says "The soils whicb are most efficient in supplying re those in which there is a due inixture of sand incly divided clay, and carbonate of lime, with some animal or vegetable matter; and which are
so loose and light as to be freely permeable to the atinosphere. With respect to this quality, car
bonate of lime and aniual and vegetable mafter onate of lime and aniual and vegetable mafter,
are of great use in soils; they give absorbent power to the soil without giving it tenacity, Sand, on the contrary, which also destroys ten-
aity, gives little absorbent power. I hase compared tho absorbent power of many soils with vays found it greatest in the most fertile soils productironess of land." There is a rich field open for investigation in this direction
The quantity of water required to thoroughly importance. Schubler found that a cubic foot when thoroughly saturated, contained of water as
follows:-Silicious sand, 27.3 lbs ; gypsum pors follows:-Silicious sand, 27.3 lbs ; gypsum porr-
der, 27.4 ; calcareous sand, 3 I .8 ; carbonate of
48.4. The fact that "garden mould" imbibed
more water than any other aoil, and the poor
"gilicious sand" the lest,
are less easily saturated than sterile ones. Here teo. is a fine field for study. The pewer of retaining water when exposed t the atmosphere, is also known to differ materially in the several earths. Schubler found, caleulating
the evaporation, as from 100 grains of water contained in the earth; that 200 grains of earth, spread on a surface of ten square inches, at a tem
perature of 65.3 .4 .0 evaporated in 4 hours as fol perature of 65.3 .4 .0 , evaporated in 4 hours as fol
lorss: silicious sand, 88.4 grains; calcareous sand 75.9 ; gypsum pewder, 71.7 ; sandy clay, 52
leamy clay, 45.7 ; stift clay or brick earth, 34.9 pure grey clay, 31.9 ; fine lime, 28 ; garden meuld
24.3 ; magnesia, 10.8. -Rural New Yorker.

Tht isccllawty.

## scatter ve seeds. <br>   Scatter ye seeds in the field of mind- seede of Aowere, with seeds of groin; <br> In the spring and sewmmee. sweet grain; And inde youth Snd, <br> Sentter ye eceds in the gorden of bearth Sceds $n$ f affectiout, of truth, and of love ; <br> Cultivate carefully encb hidden part, And thy flowers will be seen by angels nbova. <br> Scatter ye seeds-the seeds of Hope; Plant in your bosom the Tree of Life- <br> Tben the flawers heril buddang in Hearen sbill ope, And in Hearen will ripen the fruits of etrife <br> Tben seatter ye seeds each passing yenr; Sow amid wide and storns of rnin- Hope civo thee courage, Fsith cast out fenr, <br> Hope givo thee courage, Fith casin out fear, God will requite thee with infinite gain.

The Paris Morgue.
Everyy one has heard of the Morgue, the place to
whieh the bodies of unknown persons found dead which the bodies of unknown persons found dead
are brought for reconnitiou. I often pass it on are brought for recognitiou. I often pass it on
ny way to the Hotel Dieu, near whieh it is, and seareely ever in the prim shastling some corpsestretched there in the grim ghastliness of riolent death, and surrounded by crowds of eager and curious ob-
servers. It is a small building, containing a room with glazed doors, through which are visible hal a dozen platorms for the roception of bodies let cold water trickle over the corpse and keep it longer from decomposition. Some of the persons
brought there are the vietims of suicide, others of murder, and in the case of the latter, the object o the display is to ubtain a elue to the crinimal. A curious instance of the eare and perseverance with
which the police will track the murderer, has recently transpired. A man who was found deat
in the streets with marks of violence upon him lay at the Morgue a week nithout recognition. A physician, in the presence of two judicial funetioncause of his death. Beforo burying the body, a taken of the head, and furnished with the identical bair of the usurdered man; this, with a few slight clues, has at last emalied tho poliec to lay hands on the probable murderer.
All around the walls are ling various articles of clothing taken from the bodies. Among the rest is a very genteel mantilla, obtained under
these circumstances: a young girl, handsomely dressed, was noticed one morning running rapidfy across one of the bridges. On reaching the mid-
die, she suddenly stopped, stood for a moment, as if deliberating, and then plunged into the river. The swift eurrent soon bore her out of sight, and
all that was recovered was the mantila, which accidentally became detached. It was probabl Hood's touching story over again-deceptio shame, and disgust, closed, as I charitably believe,
in all cases of suicide, with insanity. It is far from strange that in a city of a million of inhabitants, especially so impulsive both by nature and
education, these sloould be so many suicides. cducation, these should think the so many suicides.
thes, with their false coloring of hife, the Casinos, the balls, and the meretricious novels that flood Franee, have much to answer for
in this regard. The veriest trifle scems cnough to boy of fitteen hung himself for fear of a people. A a couple of lovers suffocated thenselves with o basin of charcoal, because obstacles were interposed to their union. In A meriea, the boy would and the amorous pair would have applied to some obliging parson-would have pusbed out into the
world with stout hearts and strong arma, alj worked their own was, unaided, towards compe-
tenco and station.-Paris Correspondent of the teneo and station.-
Newark Advertiser.

The Moon. - It has been discovered by ealcu ation, and demonstrated by a geometrical fact us than her centre of gravity, through which, of course, her axis of revolution must pass; or, in
other words, this side of the moon is sixteen miles higher than tho other. We announce this dis covery on the authority of the most eminent
matbenaticians and astronomers in the wortd. It will soon be formally declared in a scientitic

A lady Pereonal Experiences.
A lady writer in the Albany Country Gentleing ainusing narration of her experience allong he Shanghais, and their kindred
"It is now about four years since, when, in a most exquisite state of verdency, and blissful igorance of it, in all its practical details, we cemyas rery amusiug, and by your leave Mr. Editor, will detail some of it
"It ras with censiderable pleasure I contemplated the idea of living in the country, and the pow pursuits the department, I assumed as my charge.
ponat a beautiful and lady-like employment, the care of chickens aecmed to Whe What an abun dant outiet it would afford for all my spare sympathies and superfluous affections. What a grate-
ful relief to the tedium of my leisure hours. How meant to make them love me, and how the should thrive under my care. But I had not reckoned on the numerous causalities and diseases which chicken-kind are heir to. I soon found that the pip and the gape were among the sure
and not very poetical necessities of their babyand not very poetical necessities of their baby-
hood. The first year I met with but little suoeess; the hens would not lay; the eggs would not hateh; the chickens would not thrive. I wateh ed over I set the epgs by the moon, and diuted tbe However, time and exput it was to brought me wisdom, and I now think that I am competent to take the degree of M. D. in all mat-
ters pertaining to fowls, and equal to the most complieated case of lieu sickness.
dence, I was rery much pleased by the present residence, I was very much pleased by the promise of a pair of Shanghai $f 0 \times \mathrm{l}$ s. Now of the personal
appearance of Shanghais, I was in complete ignoappearance of Shanghais, I was in complete igno-
rance. I had read of tbe large prices wbich they of a neighboring cock, but further then this, knerr nothing. The day that I expected them to arrive, I was in a high state of excitenent. Be-
fore the waggon was in sight that carried them elear and shrill as a burst of martial music, rose on the air as a most sonorouscrow. What a uoand ornament to tho poultry yard! The shock that my sensibilities received, when that unique production was placed before them, was tremonbut to the cock. I can't do justice. The family made a great deal of sport of them, but I said not the matchless pair developed itself, how shall I paint the depths of nyy shamo and mortification fosts were an institution in the social ceonomy logether; they the heu ignored and repudiate he did not patronize at all, but she would persis in sitting upon the roost and dropping down her eggs with a most frantic disregard of all prece-
dents. This little eccentricity of hers, of course was not indulged in without inflieting some injury to the eggs. As for the rooster, he waa good for nuisance. He would ingreh into the kitchen with all the gravity of a judge, and rithout any apparall the gravity of a judge, and without any apparout again with his prize.
"Tho subject is a perfect inspiration to me: I regard for your patience, I forbear."

Artificial Pronocition of Fien.- In the last etting of the Societe Zoologique d' Acclimation, I. Nillet, wbo is well known for his efforts in the artificial production of fish, detailed a series of
experiments helad made in conreying fecundated eggs. The result was he said, that when eggs were wrapped up in wet cloths and placed in
boxes with moss to prevent them from becoming dry and being jolted, may be safely conveyed not dry and being joited, may be safely convered not
only during twenty or thirty, but for eren more than sixty days cither by the railway or diligence. about to be hatched, which had been brought rom the most distant parts of Seotiand and Gernany, and even from Ameriea. M. Millet then
stated a faet which was much more curiousnamely: fecundated eggs of different descriptions of salmon and trout, do not perish cren when the cloths and moss in which they are wrapped, bo-
coine frozen. IIe had even been able, he said to observe, by means of a microscope, that a fish just issuing from the egg and of which the heart was scen to beat, was not inconvenienced by being
completely frozen up. This he explained by the act that the animal heat of tho fish even in the embryo state, is sufficient to $p$
Remarkazale Propiecy.-The following ronarkablo prediction was made by Friar Bacon,
who was bonn in the year 1214, sone six hundred who was boin in the y
Bridges unsupported by arches trill be mado o span the fomuing current. Men shall descend gith a firm step on the golden sands, never brightened by the light of day. Call by the seret powers of Sol and Luna into action, and behe vessel which divides the waves with greater rapidity than if she had been filled with a crew
onariners toiling at the oars; and the loaded bariot, no longer eneumbered by the panting tored, and rapidity. Let the simpie olements do hy tabor; bind tho eternal clements ani yoke

Selfish Matthew.
There are a great many good ehildren; yet
ouve in a while wo vect those who, we are sorryto say, do not belong to the class of those we love.
Sueh a boy was Matither.
You would not lave given a fig to play with him. He had carpenters' tools, and books, and checkers, and chess, and drawing materials, and sbovels, aud sleds-oh. I could not tell you all he
had Well, if you went on a Saturday afternoon to
play with lim, he would watcl all these things as elosely as a cat would a mouse; and if you "erc within reacl of them, he would sing out-D-o-n-t; ;-ll-a-t's m-j-n-n-e"
Of course, it was not nuch
Of course, it was not nuch fiun to go and see him. You had to play crocry thing he wanted,
or he would pout and say hie would not play at ail
Then Matthew was such a baby 1 I love a Srate boy. Ile would go screaming to his mother
if he got a scratcl, as if a wild tiger were after him ; and if you said any thing to him sbout it be would pout and stick out his lips.
across the rem to hand youn, to get him to go ought to have had a little world all to himself, $h$ was so seltish
Would say, "Oh mother was told of his faults, sh by", say, "Oh, ho will outgrow them by-and-
by knew that his selfishness would grow as fas as he did; and that when he came to be a man bargains with them, and wring the last penny out of their threadbare pockets.
Oh, dear children, be generous. If you have but half an apple, gire somebody a bite of it thing to gire." That is a mistako ; that boy or girl is not living who has nothing to give. Give your syinpathy; give pleasant words and beaming smiles, to the sad and wcary-hearted. If 2 child gocs to jour school who is poorly
clad, patcled, darned, nay, even ragged; if the tears start to his eycs when your schoolmate Iaugh, and shun, and refuse to play with him just go right up and put your arms around his neck, and ask him to play with you. Love him;
for love sometimes is meat, and drink, and clothing. You can love all thie sad and sorrowful. ing. You can loven never say, that sou "haro nothing to give."

Mourning of the Plants
Why quivers the aspen when not $n$ breath disturbs hine summer heal?
eujoying repose, and affording the blessings of eujoying repose, and affordin
shade, it aloue knows no rest! Prido was its bane
At that dread hour when our Redeemer suffered, the sun lide its light, and all nature quailed.
The wild beasts of the forest, cowered in their dens; not $n$ bird twrittered; not an insect buzzed or clirped; tho voice of tho breeco wras hushed in the sultry air, and men avaaited in alarm the tho trees, shrubs and flowers felt the arffulnoss f that hour, and sympathized with each other upon it in their own mysterious language.
The lony cedar of Lebanon (Pinus Cedrus) ustled forth a melanelioly sound, and elothed its raneles in dececr greeu, in sign of mourning. "Alas! nill is now over. genty murmured with its mourning brancles.
The vino dresser in his viuoyard, saw that the vine wept; hence, when its fruit wns gathered, he
called tho produce Lacchrame Christ A balmy fragrance arose on the Gulgotha; the Hesperis Tristis (sweet-smelling night-stock) The Iris Susiana said to tho cypress, "from this day will 1 attire inyself in a garb of mourn-
ins." "And I," renlied tho cypress, "will heuccforth takc up my abodo among the tombs, in anmory or this hour.
Hitced thro
A form Hitted through the gloon-it was Ass
aroth, the angel of denth on his way to the taroth, the angel of death, on his way to the
cross; and when a roico wns heard to exclaimcross; and when a roice wns heard to exclaim-
"My God, my God, why hast Thou forsaken me ?" cvery' branch, lenf and tlower trembled. The Popintus alone, a tall, proud tree, stood "Wived on the Gol goths.
"What are thy sulforings to us?" it cried, "We But the suggel of danth who heard this boast, breathed upon tho hauglity tree, and the unforcunato Populus was struek as with a palsp. Its lares droopecl; nerer from that moment have its branches found rest; and it is called th
Populus Tremulosa, or tho aspeu, to this das.

Rev, Alrent Barnes, sys, it it tbo hnbling spring that flows gentls, the little rivulet that lides throunh the meadows, zud Which runs 2
ong day and night, by the frm-louse, that is aseful, rather than the swelling tlood, or the war fing cataract Niagara excites our ironder, and
ve stand aunazed at the power and greatness of Ged, as he ' pours it from the holtow of his hand.' world, while the same workd requires thousands anit tens of thoussands of silver foumtains and geatnit tens of thotsands of silver foumsius and geat
$y$ flow hr rulets that water creery farme and
ncador, and crery garien; and that shall flow



Orrsprino or Bloon Relations.-The fol-
Owing eircular appenrs in the March the Western Journal of Medicine and Surcery With a request by the editors that it bo copied The subject is a most important one-it chas beon -and wo clicerfully give place to thr Ravelenal incular, which we hiope will receive the attention it deserves, - Bosion Meed. and Surg. Journal. Circularb- My attention lins recently been related by consanguinity. So frequent pand seris ous liave tho ill icsults of tho intermarriage or blood. relations been fuund, that I deem it philanhropic to prepare a report on tho subject, with a riev to leading to legislativo action on the sub-
ect. That $m y$ report may be as hectory as possible, I have to ber of full and satisfactory as possible, I have to beg of physicians or
othcrs the favor of sending me listories of ascs as may have fallen uger their of such The following questions, I belicve observation. point of intercst is each case coint intercst in each case. To prevent con-
usion, the names of the parties, or their initials should be given, though, of course, these will be ber ITpressed in the report:
How many instances of intermarriage amone In howtions have you known
fect?
Ihd the was the state of health of each parent IIad the mother borne children previously? If or, were the first children of her relative inforio:
the latter ones? the latter ones?
bia the parents resentlo one another? that is, had they the same peculiarity of form
mode of thought, (coruplexion,) \&c.?
Ilave the parrents, in any case, been the offspring Ilow many children followed the union? How many of them were idiotic, cpileptic, rachitic, or dear? If none were so, what is the absolute and relative cleverness (intelligencc) of ench ?
In cases where the offipring have grown up, is
there any tendency to insanlity, epilepsy, or any
Has the mother of imperfect offspring marvied gain? If so, what is the character of the chil dren by this union ?

Joun Bartlett, m. D.
Loulerilla, Ky, Marech 10, 1855,
How to Trap Gophers.-Thomas siveter, in a communication to the Genesee Farmer, gives the
ollowing method of trapping the gopher. IIe following method of trapping the gopher. IIe
says: Wbere gophers are at work and the hills recent, say nado the previous night, open the hill recent, say mado the previous night, open the hill
and cxplose the birrow about a foot in length and wide enough to let in a common stecl rat trap clean out the dirt niccly, and excavnte a space at clean out ene urr niccly, and excavnte a space at
the bottonn of the burrow deep enough to receive the trap, already finely set, so that the ja wece and treadle will be slightly belorr tho plane of the
the botom of the burrow ; cover the trap very lighthe with fincly pulverized carth, so that the top of
the earth over the trap and tho bottom of the burrow be on the same plane; cover the hole with a boaril, broad and long enough to prevent any other dirt from falling on the trap; haul fine dir all around the elge of tho board to exclude al light. Tcach the boys hovs to do it right, and from experience, and this is tho best way 1 know
know of. Oilher way's are, open the hole hy the side of the hill, when tho gopher will shortly bring dirt to stop it np-sloot him. When the earth is full or water, thicy occupy chambers in their mouudsdecp in the bottom of tive burrow, in licu of a steot crap; cover its mouth with ald leaf or its equiralent, and finish as directed for steel trap
They will fall ln , and can not They will fall ln , and can not get out withoat
help. Dose apples or potatoes, \&c., with strychhilp. Dose apples or potatoes, \&c., with strych-
nine, lay thein in their burrows, and esclude tho
lighe ight
Begin To. Dar.-Lord, I do discorer a fallacy whereby I have long doceived myself; which is
his: I have desired to his: In have desired to begin my amendmen
from ing birthay or from some cminent festiral that so mis repentance might bear some remart able date. But when those days were remark have adjouraed tivy anend mays were come, I time. Thus, whilsi I coulli not agrec with myself flien to start. I have slimast lost the rannling of the race. $I$ am resolved thus to befool myself no louger. I see no dar but to-day; the instant
timo is always the fitiest time. In Nebochadhemo is aimays the tittest time. in . Nebochad
nezar's innage the lower the members, the coarse the metal. The farther off the time the more unfit. To-lay is the golden opportuntr, to-mor-
oor wrill be the silrer row wrill be the silrer season, next day hut the
brazen one, and 80 on, till at last I shali come to brazen one, and so on, till at last I shali come to
tho toes of clay. and be turned to dust. Grant tberefore, that to-day I may hear Thy roice, And
if this day be oliscure in the calendar, and remarkable in itself for nothing eatende, give mod to make it memorable in my sutl, hereupon. by Thy
assistance beginni g the reformation of my lifa assistanec
Why this inatiable craviug for riches? Noes man drink more when be drinks fromn a large
las? From wheme coras that onirerald read
 iberty? Ah? there is the eril whicb, abore
very other, it should be the sim of hoah pule every other, it should be the alm of boch public


## Reuices' Stepartment.

 tew jonar; wo surcly wnuld thke nif ouir hat and make nu



 to repuhilish No. 2 ot Rural Lays, and at the same time corre, the error in No. 1 , whero wo converted "sprites" into "ppirite,",
whlech destroyed the beauty mnd rythm of the 22.1 line.
Iflis Botry will pardon
pray ahe may find

Ampang the Farnora of our golden und
noblc suilor, worthly her fair hand;
Than " Betty Martin" " midtreses of bis farm.-ELI]
Rural Lays-No, 2. OUR HOME IN THE COUNTRY NKıR where the Feather Rivcrit atores end tide
Tbe "banke and brees" on eibre hond My uncle Robin, far from titic and otrififar Enjoge the contortors of e country life ; His cottage hoome beside a mountrin strien Embowered in beauty euch as poet'o dream For air.built casclese costlese mas provide,
But eeldom seen in common country.dide But eeldom seen in common country dide
Tbc toweriag pineclad hilla by nature ma Alike for griag pineur, abellediller, and for for obade With grasey dellh, and ailver brooks betw,
 They dance or dally, ast they puss along Where firies well might trip with nimble feet, The opening vale externding all around, Whore buckeyes, bays and apreadiog oaks abound And bounteous crop turn the genenerous soil, And Uncle Robin, prudent sas she beet,
'Tis sid by tome, surpanases til the rest. Ours io no cottage built for prido or boast,
Eut ncatis planned, and done at liule coosto A sort of hybrid, of no common kind of villd, cottage, farm boune nll commbine Ir ussi, atyle-a firmer lookling place,
Whero olegnce unites Whero olegance unites witb useltuldess. Back frous the houss, soine lonty onks betry
(Besides our orchand garden intercene,) (Basidso our orchard.ggarden intercrene,)
Sturd tho our-buildinge, ncally buit nad $p$ But so contrived as mnkes my uncle rain Not etrayghling, non-deacriph and out of pleco Thecir tuc and proper mono "I tras

 Unkept, und ghtly, dry, and veldom green-
 Bint patimarthe snd Iborisines;
Grown on the ooll, when kncw nor white nor alero
 But ranumernus, by Nhure raised, to ehow
Hor children whero to bulld dell where to oow.
 Wo reck no phannom plieceurcen nerere found

Rural Laya-No. 3 PREPARNNO FOR BREAKFAST A If nhamed to to hom her lorely fice


 How lioch 1 miah to procice whas 1 know Alert I Hec. no manter, it in beer And the rove exampliter to the rext



 Thir unpreereding fice und fris devide: So y we frod who rando wall neier koew
 And bog feat bodir as oy comemath How kually, nd bow elvery poom, Our daritry Dhath, nod our Chise Johes,


 And mpe my as and rearrang my dive


 (Greas avi, by y yob our cerpeant mel)








Wasminn Winnows.-A correspondent of the Americau Asriculturist, gives the followiug im-
proved mode of washing windows, which although of wholly new to us, may be raluablo to many windows is deerskin, as no particles come off to adhero to the glass and mako it look ns if washed with feathers. Thero is no need of anything larger than a hand-basin fur washiug wíldows, The great splasling some people make in the exover deleterious. When the water is permitted to run down in great quantities upon the glass, it dissolves the putty and soon loosens the panes pieces of nice wesh leather stains the glass. Two aro all that are necescary. Wipe the of suds, with the wet cloth or leather, and after it hass come dry, rub it with a clean cloth and it weill look clear, and far more so than if rinsed in a dozen pails of rater."
Nige Jelly on Sponae Cake,- $\Lambda$ lady writer the following recipe as one suitable for either jelly or plain cake: Ono tea cup of sugar, three cream tartar, and half teaspoonful sodn. This will make paste enough for two baking platesfull for jelly cake, or one plain cake, which should, of course, be raade thicker. For jelley cakc, bake thin on plates, and while the cake is hot, spread the jelly over in and chen roll the cake into a cut it across, in slices. You will find this a quick made and palatable jelly cake. If you use this best, to tho above. This is particularly conren iont for people who cannot. obtain milk at all times, for making up pastry.
To Renovate Sile Dresses.-Take the water in which potatocs have been boiled, dip thercin a clean sponge, rub carefully, then take a cloth and
wipe evenly on the surfne only remers the lustre of silks, but stiffens them as if starched. Gentlemen's cravats treated in this manner have all the appearance of new goods.
Nunew stains are very difficult to remove from linen. The most effectual way is to rub soap on the spots, the
ment in the liot suu.

Miss Syivia Hardy, the Maine Giantess. -This woman's waist measures forty-thrie inches, chest forty-seven, and brsint itcenty-four;
ret it is not of line texture, but is in harmony with the organization as a whole. Iler mind is more general than special in its action. The pro-
portions between tho body and mind are comparatively good, and if the brain was uniformly developed, and the temperament favorable for mental manifcstation, she would exhibit nnusual never have a ligghly suscentible organization wor that balance of power necessary to produco barmony of inental action.
IIer firenolomical developments are remark Her Mirenological developments are remark-
able, it almnos impossible to conceivo of a
ore unevenly duveluptuent than her's; some of the organs aro exceedingly small and hare a limited influence in character, while others are immensely large and controlling. surall; is perfectly frank, open-hearted aratively suall ; is perfectly frank, open-hearted, and de-
roid of deception ; has no amhition, display. JIope spirituality amse of ruilt and or display. Hope, spirituality, sense of guilt, and deis not able to mimic others, but aimply develops her own tono of mind. Atlachinent to place and love children is strong; has a comparatively af-
fectionate disposition, but does not love ciety of the gentlemen.
decidedly kind and gencrons. Iler intellectul gencrons.
not becaose she is smart and bright, but has geod; eral strength and soundness of mind. $-\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$. Phrenological Journal.


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Huscorme (Bntlimore) Reapers;
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Grantta 5 finger Wire Briee Graln Crodees


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Patont Kim Dijer for Girnin, Vegetables \&ic. A PATENT of grat morit mad Importunco le now oficred,



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## By T. B. PETERSON, Philadelphia

## By T. B. PETERSON, Philadelphia

MISCELLANEOUS.
San Francisco ahead of the World: Evar on, on apmec with tho Age and Ilman 1!
Hurrah for Vance's new Dagacrean Gallery! Largest Light in the World, (over 500 feet Glass.)
Nero Building, cor. Sacramento and Montgomery otreces.



 ontuin perircet likencosseses, dififerent formed to




 Mis chemical preparation to periection, uping compundd en.
 All hoose wehhing perfect tikenesees will do well to call herfore












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THECALIFORN1AFARMER.

To Advertisers.
In order that our patrons may have some idea of the extent of our circulation in this country from adrertising in our paper, we publish the following list as eomprising most of the prineipal places in which our journal cirenlates, showing
them how useful it is to those who wish their business widely known.
Agriculture is synonymous with the word preparatory step for building up homes and the family cirele; and here within this cirele it is our Farmer find its way. Advertisers, therefore, of everything that pertains to home comforts or luxuries, will perceive what advantages may he ohtained from their advertising with us. Dry Goods Dealers, Shoe Dealers, Furniture Dealers,
Croekery Warchouses: Family Groceries, Jevelers, Booksellers, in fact every one who receive benefit from the patronage of the family eirele,
(and what trade can live without it?) we invite to reflect upon these suggestions. Our present derstood and appreciated, and it will be our aim to present as early as possible an additional cover prepared more especially for the display of sueh
engraved plates and eards as require it. The following are among the prominent places for our paper
 Columhin, Jackson, Soa ora, Colusn, Bonroma, San Juan, Mon Mission San Joce, Napa, Nicholous, Benicio, Petaluma, Placer ville, Pujaro Vulley, Oakland, Alameda, Union City, Alvarado,
 Sinez, Fort Townsead, Orcgon; Uniontowa, Humhoiat Bn Silinry. Th every Post Onice and lixpress Offico in this State, edilition to thls it is sent to many of the princtipnl cities in Eug
Ians, Seotiand, Irelund, Fronce and Belgium. Greek and Latin MSS. have heen found in of Ottoman Empire, by a coinpany of gentlemen who have been deputed by the Freneh Government to make literary resenrelies wherever oppor-
tunity was afforded by the passace of the arnies The precise number of Oriental MSS. in all the libraries of Constantinople, has been ascertained and the whereabouts of a waluable treatise on an cient Egypt, by one Ald-al-Lathif, who lired in Franee and Englana.- The value of the ag-
ricultural produce of Franee is, two bundred millions sterling; of the United Kingdom, a hundred and sixty millious; but there is a striting con
trast in the proportion of the animal to tho veretable products whiel go to make up this enormous sum in the two eountries. In France the animal
prodncts are but $£ 64.000,000$, while the vegetable amount to $£ 140,000,000$ sterlitug. In the British Isies the two items are balaneed, each being esti-
mated at $£ 80,000,000$. mated, at $£=\underline{\square}$


BANKERS.

| WELLS, FAKGO it CO., |
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Coyol Bank of Trelind. ............................EDinonhurgh.



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V.
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## PACIFIC EXPRESS COMPANY.


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The priles who hnvo orgnized ehis company nre well
known in tlic community an old und experioneed express ment

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In concluxion they would solieit a fair share af the fivors of
the publio, गledging thrnulves to exert their beet endcavors to dill liet such inine mauner. Collections ol mill kiinuls will
of the points mentioncd above.
Ean Franeleco, Mareh Ist, 1855. R. G. NOYES, Presitent. $\mathbf{V 3 . 1 0}$.
MEDICAL.

IT IS A FLXED FACT
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED !


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What the satements are mande by men who have demonstrated
Whe after time, in the crowded haspital, and in he truth teling disecting ramm. They nre Irom rnen who
have no possible motive for publishling what is untrue, or em

## Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

 Consumption of the Lnngs, Liver Complaints, Coughs Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, lany al them after every known reme
## We can presenta masa of evidence in proof nf

 CHERRY lor diasages nf the lungs tor two yenro patt, ind








 Hon. Shavizt S. Penxins suss: "For ovecral days I lini

 [From the Boaton Journal.]
Wiatars 8 Balsam of Wild Chery,

 rupidy extended."
It io a powertul remedy for Aothma, as will he seen hy tho
following cure 4 , Sir-Hnving heen nillected lor more thint









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SETHI W. FOWLE Proprietor, Boston, Mass.
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## R. B. COLE, M. D.,











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## J. Q. A. WARRRN BOAGEENTS For all <br> 1. Q. A. WARnRN, Bonton- For all the Enatern States.








 City, and Mistion an Jove.
 City, $N$.
The State aro
wixidiow
AGRICOLA'S LETYERS.-NO. 7 On Grasshoppers.
Editons Fanmer: Being aware that your wishes will bo most effectually carried ont, by taking special notice of any circumstance con-
nected with Agriculture, which more immediately demands attention, I hopo that no portion of your renders will blane me for devoting this letter to the subjeet of Grasshoppers, although the information I can furnish is but limited, and the conclusions, which 1 have drawn as matural inferences, rest on facts rot kt iently complete
to enable ine to characterizo theun as othor than mere-hints, scientific it may be, but based on all uncertain foundation.
Tho two families of Grasshoppers (Grillida) and Locusts (Cicada), with all their sub-varieties, belong to the Order Orthaptera (i.e. strnightwings), of which the wings, when not in use, are folded length-wise in narrow plaits like a fan; and are laid straight along the top or sides of the back. They are also covered by a pair of menbranes like wings, which, in locusts and grasshoppers, are long and narrow, and lie lengthwise on the sides of the body, sloping
each side, like the roof of a house.
Althongh tho ravages of these creatures are distressing, ame the means of presenting such misfortmes as they oecasion, but limited in effeet their natural history, identical in character with that of winged insects generally. is wery interesting. The lives of all stuch insects during the term of their winged existence are but short, seldom execeding two or three weeks, or at the longest of as many montlis- one instance, the often mentioned cphemeris, being generally reputed to live as a fly fur only a few helus: ; or, at inost, fur one day. Wuring this briff periul they are principally taken upin propagating their species, and selecting a proper phace for and depoziting their cges; anl this grami objeet of their short lives
as llies, be ng accomplishei, they shan after dice. The egges, in the cae of luecusts and grasshupper are glued togelher in litle elusters, and deposited under gromind, where they take only a short time in which state the! contir ue through the "i ter womma, buromies mong tio not of tram and other regetables ( $\mathrm{n}^{*}$ which wheu in tha
condition they aubsi-1) a unable to nare fis place to $p$ ee exeept hy the twe of thetr legs:
With the wimm weather of sping tey chans


and larger, and loops about without any aid from its slort and motionless wings, repeatedly casts of its outgrown skin, appearing each time with still longer wings and more perfectly formed limbs, till at length it ceases to grow, and shed ding its skin for the last tiuic, it comes out a perfectly forme and inatured grasshopper, with using them in flight."
The grasshopper is now perfect, and the ravages rhich, in this condition, it commits, aro too well nown to require ang description, I am glad however that some, although but limited, infor mation as to the facts connceted with their progress in our State, has bcen already furnlslicd, so as to enable us, in some incasure, to consider the matter, for the purpose of ascertaining how far we may call on experience or science to assist us, against this terrible opponent to our Agricul tural prosperity.
It appears, as mentioned by Mr. Warren and others, jn the Farmer of 28 th June, that moisture and shade they carefully avoid, that they have no great attachment for gardens where culseldom attack ripened grain, and that they do not encroach on land which has been overflowed. Mr. Ilorner also states, in the Chronicle, that they are not produced on land under cultivation. These facts are, it is truc, but mengre; but let iss inquire what may be the reason of these likes and dislikes; and, if we cannot add a page to ormer science, endearor to throw out somic hints which may enable others to do so. Such is every man's duty; anl if I can, by insestigating the uliject, throw such light on the matter as may end to morlify the evil in future, or exert but : artial remedy at present, no farmer, I am conf ent, will grudge the time occupied in the perusa "In letter.
"In 1663," Morton, an early writer on the subject, states in his.1lemorial, "there was a numer and bminblo bees. They came out of little hole in the ground, and did eat up the green things: and made such a constant yelling as made the woods ring of them, and ready to deafen the rearers." In the sonth of France, the reople wake a business, at certain seasons, of collecting locusts and theireggs, the latter being turned ont of the gound, cemented and covered with a sort f gum, in which they are enveloperl by the in ects. On such occasions, it is stated, a boy will Collect as many as fourteen or fifcen pounds in a
day. Now, whether in the state of eess or of grins, there is no doubt but an inundation or ir rigation, laying the ground under water so long as would shut out the air, for only a linited time must effectually kill them. Hence one reason why the creature is not found where such in mdations hare taken place; or only in rery limited numbers, partly. Lincause all the young grobs have heen necessarily destroy ed. and partly, no doubt, because nature has furnished it with in stincts strong cllongh to warn it from situation: evidently fatal to its race. The instinet of an. uials, howerer, docs not proceed from any act of meunory, but from some delicacy of perception, the 0 gans of such perception. Now, if the ex halan ins of the soil, or of piants where unde cover, or where they bave been suljected to the ithuence of water, or eren in well cultirated gar. A.ns, are simular to those where it has been nat nralls overflowed, we aed not wonder, when the sect is pri epall y oce piel In fiding out proper - $1 u^{\circ}$. or pass crer q-ickly, any place which it \& reasull $\omega$ l $k$ of with su icion. But the aus of lasure are always simple, and we may secertas ios in erery such inttinge the crature

them such a libernl supply of moisture, as produced. This is corroborated by Mr. Warren who, in an article in the Farmer alrealy referred tion has beera going on, and the ground is inoist they pass over quickly-seeking dry soil." Nor if this be the casc, let us see whether there is an difference, in plants on a dry soil, so very material that would make it possible for us to find some remedy, by means of which we may bo enabled so to alter the character of the plant, as to immpose theso mereiless intruders; or, if not to ounsavory to their palates, as wust needs man them beat a retreat, before they hare staid longe han merely to tasto them. Likewise let us se whether we may not thus solve the apparen enigma, why shading plants should be a mean:
of preserving them froon their inroads? In the letters written by me, in the two provious numbers of the Farmen, thave cudeavored to show he modus operandi adopted by Nature, to pro duce the growth of plants, and how, during the
day, their tissues are filled with sap of a more alkaline character than by night. If your read ars are not satished on that point, from my pre-
vious reasonings, I would refer to the testimony Liebig: "This chemical action," says he ." shown very plamly in the leaves of the Cotyle don calycimum, the Cucclia ficoides, and others for they are sour like sorvel in the morning, taste-
less at noon. and bitter in the evening." This of course, takes place when the plants are suffi cicntly watered to enable them to carry on the supply of water is not affordel, the uatural onsequence is, that the flant gets more and more alkitine in its character, there is no such
noly of mo ture ly ninht as would emable i on be "ane lihe sonicl in tho in 'i a
very night, it becomes more and more Diller lhis is exactly the indication of a warme, dry; an pland soil-the rery plare where the grashop per has got to deposit its eges. Coneequently Il that Sature, acting under her Great fiovermor had to do, was to implant in the grashopper an like to the tastelese, mis an abborrence of the sour. or anything containing a plentiful suppl of oxygen. to make it aroid those rery places, where, in countries which it infests, it would all probabiltty be dangerous for it to deposit it arcs.
This accounts for the benefits proceding from an $2 \pi n i n g ~ b y ~ d a y, ~ a n d ~ w a t e r i n g ~ b y ~ n i g h t ; ~: ~$ avor of oxygen. Which had been altogetier in aror of the inorganic athales of the plant. Sion may we no do the sanie thing, by the applica ion to their leaves of diluterl sulphuric arid Irofessor Johnston proposes it as a ma ure f
grass, to be applicd in the proporti-n of abous wo gal lons of acd to three or four hundred cal ons of water per acre. This was where the soil was not so dry as with us; consequ $11 y$ a rith threc or four times the 9 a tity of water me toned; and apply is in successire ereni za This I do not rouch fur as a remedy, bot mo rely recombinl it ani when I do co, I a so recon. nand erfreme caution in its use.
Asto the inf rmat $n$ of Mr. Hirner is-remart grashoppers not being rrosluce of c-t rated and, it is a fart wh h we nitebt nat ral yextre
 not d posh its eeses in ; im the run that
ground, and tho grubs produced from them are burrowing among its roots, a great number woufd tirely, wherever the fire went. This it may be impossible to do, where the comitry is more thiekily settled; but how much of hill pnsturage sthere which nuight be so burned, very inuch to its advantage otherwise, and without the least probability of any dangerous result?

## A Splendid Barn.

SEXT to the comforts and conveniences of the he dwelling for his family a farmer should pride himself upon a barn for his stock, his granaries, nd bis produce.
The Boston Cultivator comes to us this uail, enbellished with engravings of the splendid barn of the IIon. B. V. French, of liraintree, one of the most distinguished and successful farmers in Massachusetts. The size of the barn is as follows: the first story or manure cellar, seventy feet by fifty-scven, laid in solid masonry; a floor The second story,-with sheds for carts, wagons, dic, thirty feet by fifteen, together with bins for vegetables and grain, to be filled through scuttles from the third story,-is surroundd by solid walls of masoury, and the whele loor equals an aren of one hundred by fflyseven fect. The third story is ono humdred feet ley forty-two. In this story are ten bays for hay, on each side, ten feet by fifteen ; entrance for wags, carts, dc., with hay seales, seale bealn, \&c. This barn is believed to be tho finest in the connty of Norfolk, If not in the Slate. The sketch of it, in all the partienhrs. with the drawings, oecupics one and a-half pages of the Cultivator, and is on file at the Rooms of the Nociety, where all who desire to see the plen may call and ex
 say: "We cannot but notice great inprorements in the conatruction of farm buildings in different parts of the conntry. We regard this as an indieation of tho increased interest as well as suecess. in agriculture, and of more stuly and reflection upon the best methorl of condueting its operations. dmong those recently erocted, we might specify the barn of LIon. B. V. French, of Itrainiree, as for convenience and labor saving, an alonost faulb lo:s model. We would adrise all of whatever means, who intend to build, to examine Mr. French's barn, because, in our opinion, it is excelled hy none in the countr."
We have often referred to the importance of firm bui\}dings in Calffornis-to sheds for stock, for shelter in the rainy as well as the dry season, and for the preservation of implements and tho
and produce of the farm. Immense losses ann ally oce ir for the want of moch buildings, and to those who intend to build a fir 6 rate barn, the barn of Mr. French we invite their attention to the plan of.

## REMEDY TOR BURYG AKD BCALDA.

 acal app icat on wo bnened or 1 I Tiflacos, and of kindrerl infammatory act eo en th other treatro at, is $t$ efict evtirg and raluable remedj known protes you $g 8$ to the
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$\frac{\text { SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, JULY } 13,1355 .}{\text { The Cliburnic Sut }}$

 California Farrucr $m$ m.
Buate etreet,
 men, Floriss, Booksellters and Publlithers, nend every brancb of
business comnected with Calfiornia interests, should advertice


The Executive Coinmittee of the State Agri conlural Society, heg leave to say to the Agricul-
turists of the State that as the time for loolding turists of the State that as the time for holding
the Annual Fair approaches the neccssity lor increased and energetic action througlout the State The offieers of the Society
The offieers of the Society are giving their time, attention and money to the furlherance of
the worls, but this will not suffice. Cnless the the work, but this will not suffice. Cnless the
Farmers, Ilerchants, Lawyers. Hotel Keppers and Farmers, Aierchants, Lawyers. Hotel Keepers and to our aid, subscribe and pay their memberships and give countenance to the wolk, our approneh-
ing lair cannot be made what it slonld bccannot be what the resources of our state call for, what the honor of this most prominent in erest demands.
The State has made commendable appropriations for premiums, and the Executire Committec
has puhlished a scliedule for tbe approaching Exhibition, and it is hoped that we nray be placed Orchards, Nurseries Gardens, Vineyards \&4 anmmatont and reliable Copumitter , \&a expected to visit and report upun every mase in this department. Scnd in your propositions, that
the Committee may know the annount of its work.
The statute under whicl we are organized
limits the terms of menbership to ten dollars
Any Genticman or Lady sending us this small sum will have subject to his or her order a cer ificate of membership for one yar.
The question or the urility of the
The question of the utility of the Fair depends very much upon the manner it is gotten up, and
it cannot be what it should be wilhout personal in cannot be what it should be
interest of a general character.
interest of a general character.
Persons holding certificates
with their falmilies, admintted to mell the exhinibiWith their fiamines, admitted to all
tions of the Society free of clarge.

By order of the Executive Cominittee.


## Error in Dairy Houses.

From past expericince in the dairy houses made
 will not only result in losses to the dairymen but will retard the enterprise. From many sources we learn of the difficulties arising frou all woodén huildiggs for dairies. From Mr. Horace Gushee, the well known dealer in dairy pro duee in Washington Market, San Francisco, me also learn that those who have srooden building in tbe Petaluma and Sonoma Talleys are real izing evils during this hot weather. In some cases the cream seems to melt upon the mith But in the old adobe dairy rooms no difficulty i ever experienced.
The dairy buildings of Gen. Fallejo work to s charm, and it is found that an adobe of 12 by 16 is the thing for a California dairy room; herc everything works to a charm, while in a wooden
building butter eannot be made well, and when building butter eannot be made well, and
made neither looks well nor keeps well.
These are important facts; and we shall be glad to have them carefully noted and facts sent to u that otbers may he benefitted by tested results.
The King of Grasshoppers.-On our passage down the river on Sunday last, we wer shown a grasshopper which was taken from a hill
of corn in the garden of Gov. Bigler, get Sacraof corn in the garden of Gov. Bigle
meuto, hy C. P. Duane, Esq., While
with the firenen last weck. This monster insect was from three and a-lhalf to four inchcs long, of a light green color, long legs, full bright eyc, and closely filled one of the round match Loxes commonly known as the lueifer box. This insect was in charge of Chas. Heiser, Esq.: who was taking it to San Francisco, for examination
and expriment by Dr. A. B. Stout. We hope to and experiment by Dr. A. B. Stout. We hope to
receive a note from tho doctor as to its species, dc.
Death to the Grasshupper.-On Saturday crening and Sunday morning last, the Bay of Suisun and the waters above werc literally covered with grassboppers tbat had fallen from tb
masses that were pussing aceoss from land to masses that were passing across from land to
Iand. Thns we shall be relieved in some neas
we shall be relieved in some neas-
ould fain hope it may be the Ire-

Tilt and Tournament.
The days of Clyivalry come back again!
THe order of creation, the laws of nature, and The order of creation, the laws of nature, and
the wants and necessities of our being, all tell us of "day and night," " summer and winter," "seed time and harrest," " labor and rest ;" and we are instructed that there is a time for all things-to lugh as well as cry," to "play as well as wors.
Conceiving it, therefore, in accordanee with the laws of our nature and being, to enjoy all that appropriate recreation and pleasure necessary to
give to inind and body a due relaxation from continued wear by renson of too much and too inecs. ant toil and care, and knowing too that from the nature of our climate and seasons and their eflect upon our systems, that they create a more joyous and livelier temperament and enable us to endure more hardships and failures, to bear our losses
and disappointnents better, we fecl it a duty incumbent upon us to promote suel rational recreations and pleasures as shall give to our physical nature the ability better to bear and endure the reat fatimue, labor and exposure to which many are ealled, and to give to the higher nature, the mind, that relaxation and respite, and to add to
it such a refreshing, as social entertaining pleasit such a refreshing, as social entertaining pleaswith renewed vigor and increased power and strength. Believing thus, we would suggest to the Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society, the importance of uniting a series of Festival Sports during the coming State Fair and Industrial Exhibition, (under such regulations as shall secure the utnost order and docorumn, as shall give to the public, recreation, entertainment, knowledge and plensure, and at the same time be free fron that confusion and disorder
attendant npon field sports and races.
While reflecting npon some plan, and recalling to mind the means at hand to nccormplish what is most feasible, what would be most aeceptable and wat we hare witbin our reach and at our commaud, the sports named at the head of this aricle strike us as most appropriate and useful, and re believe it may he successfully carried out.
a Tilt ana Tounnament. -To accomplish it in a most desirable form, it should have the.figure, or be represented in the forun of human progress, as conncted with the adrance of science. The following we suggest as the brief outlines, which we hope may be the basis from which shall spring tbe best and most appropriate series of entertain ments:
Within some inclosure or grove, the series shuuld commence with the Alorigines of this
E:untry. The nativo ruska, winn bis bow and rrow, his spear and otber weapons of war, in those feats of dexterity and skill for which ho is so noted.
Second. The Mexican, with his well trained horse and his lasso, performing what no others can perform with like dexterity, and showing his knowledge of tbe horse, his own and the aniual's kill.
Third. The Spanish Cavalier, in full costume gaily decked, "with spear in rest," and hehnct
and plume, ready to do battle for lier whose scart he wears.
Fourth. The American citizen, in saddle, testing the speed and displaying the beauty of the oble horse.
Fifth. Ladies in saddle, giving evidence of their skill and accomplishments, guarded by a suitable escort.
These sports to be so arranged that suitable prizes shall be hostored upon those uost incritorious. The prizes to be given or bestowed by those who alone can raise and exalt such sport, and give it a character and froo it fron any crils now connected with pleasures and pastimes. The closing seene to be a Festival Dinuer, no gentleman to attend without a lady.
Thus it will be perccired would be represented the gradual rise and progress of civilization and human advancement to the present time. Thus dranee of our institutions, with diorama, th ant blessings. The finale, the Social Feast; the table to he loaded with the "richest products of the eartb," decked with the "Lrightest flowers" that ever bloomed, and honored by the presence of her whose preseuce restrains from excess or rudeness, whose smile of approbation nerres the
arm and checrs the heart in the hour of trinl, and for whose happiness it is the duty of man to labor. Thus would we have such a scene of en-
joyment. Prizes bestowed by her fair hand, and her presence at our sports and social feasts. Ribaldry and rudeness, druukenness and blaspliemy
sented such an entertainment, as while it shows
the progress of our country and lier institutions the progress of our country and her institutions,
will serve as a stimulus to still greater and ligher will serve as a
achievements.
With the bope that all who feel a desire for progress will give these suggestions foree, and the hope that the press will speak, we lay these plans before the public

## for human advancemient.

It will be remembered that these entertainments are proposed to be held at the time and
during the Exhibition of agricultural products, manufactures, mechanical skill and works of art and also at the tine of the Cattle Show. Tbus, visitors could have anl opportunity of witnessing the evidences of our State's prosperity, and realizing her real progress.
Believing it the duty of every good citizen to enconrage these, we look hopefully for a full real.
ization of success to the great work of the Fair and its connecting influences.

## Grasshoppers at Sacramento.

On Fridny last we visited "Smith Gardens," for the purpose of an oceular pruof of the destructive ravages of this scourge, and we were fully convinced of the utter impossibility of any one so to describe them in their work of destruc tion as to convey any adequate idea of their numbers and rapacity.
Upon entering the gardens we saw a long line of men, some twenty or twenty-five, with large besoms in their hands, swinging them to and fro brushing trees, plants and slirubs, the men all moving forward in a line and driving these in scets before them, and such were their numbers that they formed a cloud before the men, extending 20 to 40 feet in frout and 10 to 15 feet high in thick masses, thick as they could fly. Suel were the numbers at the gardens, that the men only bad to return back to where they began and a similar quantity were again at work, which inl like manner were driven out. Tlis labur has
been continned for more than two wecks, the minber still coming in from the adjoining grain fields. This heavy bill of expense is to be added to the destruction of sonie sixty acres of as fine regetables as were ever grown. And the loss does not end here, In addition to all this, a fine flower garden is literally stripped of all beauty and comeliness, also strawberry grounds the most extensive in the comntry; as well as a fine nursery of many thousand young trees, grape vines, \&c. But the heaviest loss is the splendid peach or chard, acknowledged to be the most fruitful and pronising in the whole Stato.
.We nnsed throngh the whole grounds and or-
chards-we gathered nuantitics of the whitened pits from the peach trees that lay upon the ground and saw the stripped branches and cut limbswe passed to the fine pear orchard, that was supposed to have escaped, but which had been left leafless by these remoiseless pilferers. In the ansiety to save some five or six hundred fine and thrifty pear trees, drilling had been wrapped around them and pinned up. Uufortunately the stalies that supported the trees prevented pinning the cloth close to the bottom of the tree, and
here the encmy cateend and pillaged esery lea and tender branch. Had the trees been bagged close they would have been saved.
When we look over this splendid garden - when we remember the large outlay that has been made-when we call to mind the closo npplication and untiring zeal which the proprietor has manifested to make his grounds a credit to the city and county of Sacramento, as $\pi \mathrm{cll}$ as to the State-wc feel that a loss of this kind is a public calanity; and esery generous mind will yield a noble sympathy to Mr. Smith, for his loss cannot be made good by money-it is the labor of years, and the bright prospect of secing the work of his
hands prosper is of more valuo than gold. Although wo esteem the loss moro than $\$ 20.000$, jet we rejoice to know eren this retarding blow cannot prevent Mr. Smith from manifesting the same determination to go on and excel in the work he has undertaken. For this noble spirit he deserves well of our community.
Injury to Grain.-We have heen informed by those who have just passed through Petaluma, Bodega and Russian River grain fields, that the fariners havo but slight hopes of harvesting any crop this jear-the grain being almost a total loss. We feel convinced from other facts that many parts of the San Jose Talley and Alamedn county will coine short of an ordinary crop. Large tracts of land will not be harrested at all-rust, snuut and blight aflecting tho crops more or less. We trust, under these circumstances, if any riso is realized, the cultivator of the soil will reap th.o
bencfit, and thus aid for past losses.

Contra Costa Side.-San Antonio. Avoruer trip across the Ray, gave us an op-
portunity to visit " Shell Mound Rancl," the tine portunity to wisit "Shell Mound Ranehi," the tine
fruit grounds of J. L. Sanford, Esq. Theso grounds are about half a mile from the Ferry nuiog. A pleasant circular rond brings you to the grounds, which form a promontory near the head of the bay. I neat cottage stands upon the apex of the mound, surrounded by a pretty collection of roses and other flowers, now in bloom.
From this mound, you lave a view of the entiro grounds, well stocked with nursery rows of trees of all kinds, fruit and ornaunental. A large portion of the garden is devoted to strawberries, and we think from tbe estent of the grounds, the number of the varieties, and the quality of the fruit now ripe, that Mr. Sanford will rank wel! up tbe column. Thero was one fenture of his strawberry-grounds that gave us much satisfac-tion-they were all clear and distinct rarictics, and each classed in separate collections. The following varicties we thoroughly tested, and found theni correctly named. We ate freely and without stint of each and all, and we aver the fruit as tine as any one could require. Beerries from three to four and a half inches in circumference at tbis scason, dry as it is, we esteenn a remarkable feature in strawberry culture. The raritics tested, were Britisll Qincen, Black Prince, Hovey's Seedling, Hovey's Pine, Burr's New Pine, Prince of Orange, Crimson Cone, Virginia, Moyomensing Pine, Inautbois, Columbus, and McA Mory's Superior. In addition to these kinds, there were several others-new vines just set out. The bearing beds, were in full fruit-ripe, green, and full blossoins on tben at the same time, and in abundance too. We learn that about one andl a half bushels of berries were taken from thoso vihes "Fourth of July time," and we saw nearly half a bushel preparing for the markct.
The system of cultivation pricticed by Mr. Se, we think most excellent. The vines are in rows, from three to four feut apart; the gromind highly cultivated between the rows; the vines freely irrirated, and after the water has been a pplied and the ground partially dried, tho eartb is cultivated finely. This prevents baking, and gives the earth a fine finish.
One feature of tho landscape: and most prominent, was three large windmills, in constant move, pumping water into tanks, from which it is condueted through hose over the grounds.
It was particularly gratifying to us to seo the grounds so neat and highly cultivated; but from weeds, the presenee of which so often disgraces places ealled gardens. There can be no excuse for any one who pervits his grounds to be overrun with noxious weeds, that leech-like, abstract tbe lifo from tbo soil and leare all else sickly and deteriorated. In these grounds, whero eultivated, we scarcely saw a weed,
Passing from the strawberry depariment, wo entered the nursery; where we saw many thousand very fine fruit trees-apple, pear, cherry, and plum, and all in as fine order and of as fine growth, as any we have seen this scason. Several
of tho pear trees are in bearing of tho pear trees are in bearing. We obserred a large plantation of the Oiegon Raspberry, (the thiimble-berry) but little or no fruit-we are disappointed in this fruit and do not think it worth cultivating, when compared with the noblo Franconia. We noticed also, a fine lot of ornamental trees, thongh young, yet very valuable; anong them werc, the elin, ash, maple, horscchestnut, willow, \&c., all of very good gromth.
Wo noticed upon one sido of the mound, tho proprietor had caused peas to be planted between the rows of trees. They sladed tho young trees, and checked their growth, aud thus they are nearly lost, for the check they received at tirst cannot be recovered. It is a yery poor plan crer to plant vegetables or any thing between rows of fruit trees. It is certain they will causo great injury. Ground between fruit trees, slould not be used for growing other crops. It cannot be done suceessfully.
We regretted tho alsence of the proprictor himself, but we were shown through the grounds atteutively by Mr. Dawson, who lias cbarge, and who seems fumiliar with his business and duties and displays an interest in the place, most comnendable. It is of the highest moment to all who havo valuable grounds, that they should securo the services always of a proper person to take chargo-one who cau and will, feel an interest in the success of the undertaking. Ono great fure inck to success in gardening and horticulwhom inchomia, has beon tho need of thosis in found ; tho mass of thoso engared looking more found ; tho mass of thoso engared looking more
to tho amount reccived for servicos aud the prr:

## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

 employers, or the work of their liands, Ther
have been a few most lonorable exeentions to this rule. hut in the mass of eases it is too true. The contiguity of the grounds of Mr. Sanford to the flat ularshes, presents a fine opportunity
for experiments with the asparagus and the plum tree, both of these being favorably affected by th salino properties of these marsliy grounds.
We saw some very fine roses at Shell Monnd, such as, 'Jesu do Battailes, Davoricun's, Eliza Sanvage, Triumph d' Luxembourge, \&c. We also noticed many eurious Indian relies, such as arrow-
heads, stone clisels, drills, ornaments of bone, \&e., found at this mound. These were brought fur us to look at, by the sprightly little danghter of Mr. Sandfurd, whose intelligence and a miable deportment gave ns muela pleasure. Miss Anma led us to several fruit trees, pointing out the fruit by
namo, and promptly distinguishing tho varietie of strawberries by shapc, color, \&e. She showed an intuitive lovo add knowledge of this seienee teresting, naming flowers, tbeir habits, \&e.
A large collection of domestic fowls, of all the varieties, numbering by hundreds, was seen with in neat enelosures. We wero gratified to note
how promptly little Miss Anna, performed her pleasant task of calling the young ehickens around her for their evening meal. They scemed to ree ognize the hand that fed them, which is than many humans do-they were grateful
We spent a few very pleasant hours at Shell Mound; and, after a bounteous repast, prepared for us within the eottage by the lady and daughter, greatly rufreshed, we took our evening stroll from theneo through Clinton, tro and a half miles, to the eity of oaks-Oakland.
MONSIEUC DONNET'S GARDEN.

It is gratifying to find new and inereasing interest in hortieulture. When at San Autonia w espied a neat plat of ground of about fifteen acres, a little distance from our route, and not rishing to pass it unseen, we made for it, and was mueh pleased to lind an old acquaintance and friend as tho proprietor, Mons. Bomnet, formerty of the Mission Dolores. Although this garden was very dry, wo found a large collection of fruit and ornamental trees under cultivation. The proprietor was busily engaged budding trees, when we eall-


 a largo invoiee of Fremel fruit trees, just received. Even at this lato scason, Mons. B. was setting them out, and mutching then. Jate as it is, we think with his enre, thoy will be saved.
The eullection of pears trees in this garden, numbers 77 ; apples, 60 ; ormamental about 50 . We saw handsome specimeus of fruit upon pear trees of the following kinds: Louis Bonne de Jersey; Bartlett, Vicar of Wakeffell, English Hon Curetion, Reurre Diel, fe. Of apples, very beautiful specimens of Winter Colville, I'rince, Hencitte 'l Canada, White Colville, l'ippin, ise. For close applieation to busiuss and const
skill, Mons. B. deverves snceuss.
Cannaell's Smut Clianna.-That there are no evils that eamot be remedied, is clearly demonstrated by the invention to which we allude, for when the smut began to appear upon the grain crops of Californin, the farmer began to des. pair, and with reason too, for the labor of hihands seemed to be utterly lish. Among the many inventions which hare been prewented, (and there are many of a high eharneter.) the one now noticel is worthy of high consideration, for it is tho nppliention of the prineiples of chemical more than mechanical scienec-phan and simple
laws applied to remove an evil which a violation laws applied to remove an evil which a violation of
the lan sof nature have produced. Huring unr visit to the "l'ity of ()aks." we had a pleasmint eall at the resifonce of Mr. Campleell, now Mayor of Oakland, and learncel from him the operation of his ceivel from Washington. D. C. bearing the Ameriean wagle, thets grantiig io Mr. C. a protecti
to lis right of insention, or rather disavery, it slmilli to ealled. Mr. Camplell will visit the valle!s and practically test the importance ad value ift's patent, anI we woul i hope our farm.

 sim ta dall $n$
frum the gian
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ies, cunfeetions, \&e.; "and it is so handy to have
it in the house." ns. Mrs. Toodles says; and then Sterard Collins does put un these matters then Steward Collins does put up these matters fine-
and tho naphins too, and ice water in a lot day, and ied milk (thermonoter at $100^{\text {q }}$ )-really, to look upon such a table, wo must givo in. They
will take the premium, for it is hard times; men are so constitnted that they do love a good dinner So we write down-lst prize to Queen City, Capt. Barelay, for best Dinuers-not forgetting Steward Collins' taste and style, nor the ever courteous Purser W. Welsh, Isq., whose attentions give a zest to appetite.
While we thus speak of a matter which affeets unly the inner man, we cannot let this opportunity pass without referring to the great liberality of both lines of steamers on all publie oecasions in the convejance of public men, and under erery cireumstance manifesting a desire to advance the general good. The recent offer of aid to the State Agricultural Society is an eridence of publie spirit worthy of all praise, and shoutd be met by a corresponding liberality on the part of the public. We beg to call attention to it in another column
And now that we have finished most satisfuetorily our dinner, with many kind thanks to the Queen City's officers for their euurtesy, we leave the matter for the public to decide about the dinner that is to be, at the time of the Stare Eain.

## Public Spirit and Liberality.

As public journalists we feel proud to recor the following acts of generous public spirit and great liberality, manifested toward the State A rienltural Socicty by the Stean Navigation Co and the Citizens Line of steaners, and by the Cal. ifornin Stage Co., together with the Express Co.'s as recorded below in the letter of the President o tho State Sucicty
This generous act on the part of our public conreyances, should awaken all who are interest ed, to great exertions to make the coming Fai what it ean be made with ducexertion ; it is also due the nwners of these lines that such an interest for this Fair should be awakenet. that the in. erease of travel to the exhibition shall prove tha sueh acts of liberality will be appreeiated by disceruing commmity
s the siteamhoal Companies hare most gener onsly offered to eonrey persons necessarily required to go formard with stock and prodnee, there eannet now he any excuse for those who hav valuable stoek, dawles, fic., for not I cing proparul to send, as the greatest expense of sueh prepara
tions will now be reduced. Ferery requinite tions will now he reduced. Every requivite pre paration will be male for the exhibition of stoch of all kinds. Stwitable jards, lmildings, and foorl Gr stock will be prepured. Ilalls will also be fit ted up for exhiliting the mannfactures, works of art, mechanical ingennity:-specimens of houn indnstry-frnits, llowers, regetables, grains, de and everything that contributors may send for ward for the Fair. Epecimens not perishable, can be forwardel now at any time by any of these City." and they will be received and prepared for exhibition.
It is earnestly hnped a nniversal interest rril be manifented to make the approsehing Fair not only publely useful to the state, but that for dars it rill be a place of hap
louk to the State's per petuity.
frefe thasaportation to the atate fala.
The Enceutive Commitiee of the California State Agrieuttural society, take pleosure in an nouncing to those interested, thro-ghout the State, that the Calıfornia Stema Xarigation Co. Citzens' Line of Steamers, California Sugge Co. Wells Fargo \& Co.., and the Pacifie Express to hase It weraly ant gratuit usly tenderen the ser siceal fthe ir pectiseconreyans \& $r$ the tran portation, to ant from the ap roaching fair, of
such artictes as may be dagned for exhibition in lad og swek and fersons necessarily accompa nyi: the same.
Eiery the $g$ of the libersity $f$ on our a uens in ant portion of the scate, will cemil to render the coming State Fsir of ar -ter ; rest a raske it worthy of the Su and her pol.
C. I. II T 1 -1verv, F



A Plenging Imeloent. - Nothing is more asios: which give lifo its sweetest tnete. Amanhe passengers upon the Queen Clty; on Sunday last, wero C. P. Duane, Esqू, Chier Engineer of Buckinglinum, Ein. ; Fire Depother withent, and C. E. E. officers and ol hicr gentlemen from that eity, who had remained for a few days ns the guests of the saeranento Department. On their learing this Sierainento members to the bange number of tho Sacrannento members to thic boat, and at parting were eheered on their way home. Wo like such courtcsies, they unnite men, they eneourage men to do good, to aim to be good citizens, and to labor for the publie weal. As an evidence of this we see the approbation bestowed upon the "Conladenee men," of Sacramento city, and the "Yuba inen," of Marysville, who were the guests at San Prancisco. These comrtesies and reciproeal attentions a maken tho higher feelings of wan and bid hin resolve to do-to do well; and we hope there will ever be exlibited anong all the members of the fire department of the Pneific coast, a hiigh, noblo and generous strifo to excel in aets of courtosy, courage and noble deeds. Never many
we sec anght like what has been seen in many of we sec anght like what has been seen in many of
our Eastern cities. We beliere we enn speak safely upon this point; for our firemen have always courted the good will and friendship of ench other. The recent noblo efforts of the Saera mento fire companies at the fires on K and on I strects, give a proor that they aro the protectors and snfegmarils of our city: a band of as noble, daring and brave mon as oon be fuend the woid
over; and our prajer is that they may be successful in all their cfforts against our common eneay; and eseape from danger themselves.
Engi.sisi Potatoes.-Judge Musgrave was in potntous was landed. iust from Livernoal. If potnouss was rancied. just from Liverpool. 10
-ouglit a barrel for $\$ 10$, for seed. Thie Judge's live fanm will, we hape, vield him sone big potatoess, and many in a hiill next fill. We are
promiserl a thate of them. Send themb by expross, Judge! - I: Country Furmer.
Potatoes from E'nglanull Who woutd believe that such an event could lave ever occurred mong our down easters. If fuw years since the market was gluted with potatoes, nt twenty-fiso cents per bushel, and now Englivil gardeners come to loston or New York nuld hring a eargo of potatoes, nod receivo oully len dillars per baralifurnin like to get sich a priee? Whoever wislies to ship potatoes to New York ean do so with safety hy: means of the Patent Kiln Dryer just invented and now offured in this State.- Eid.
Prolarie Sueve.-In our rambles over San Pablo Valley we met with a Mr. Shipley, who sated to us that recently, of an afternoon, calling "pron a friend who was shearing sheep, he gavo a helping hand, and that between tp, s. and sunsyh he slicared eleren sheep, with heavy flecees; ainong the flock were two exes that had fire fambs each. They were of the Fiat Tailed i-intie swecies, the rariety that was introfluced nto Xaps Valley solne time since by Capt. Ritehie. Ifr. S. informeel us that this species is improving and that a pair of this fluck was recently sold for Sllu). Ife also informell ne that, rerily, one nf the tails of these shicep, would weigh tea pounds. A noble specimen of these sheep will be on exbibition at the State Fa r.
Degay of the Grape Vine in Forelo.i पoustares. - By all the information roceived frond Europe in the last advices, the disease manfested in 8 rrmer jears has aga in appeared in yivie and Port gal anl'cien a ines a mrc terious aspect. Sxpo od rike gmorra frr a he frgotitn by tine grow ro is Cs risa, that from ind calions in past gear in, 5 or the

 the

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c provent of fachas will also giro testimony to oilt avertion. The Steam Sarimation Comony to o. the brave old piuncer Senat or the sple did. Vew IV $n-l l$. the stautieh and smooth- $\mathrm{c}^{1}$ ne C -fi2 ce, the thet $1 \begin{aligned} & i \\ & l\end{aligned}$ pe. anl the put 1 ats $n / \sqrt{r}$. If $n t$ with s th command ra maty procrs
iteramis \&e., - we say soch a hine cannot be ox




## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## 2300rticultural incuartment.

## The Strawberry.

A nentleman of my nequaintance. with his
wife, after having spent the wrinter in New Or-
leans, and having been feasting on strawluerrics Teans, and having been feasting on strawierries
two or three wecks, left for the North, and passed
up the Mississsippi. and the Ohio to Cincinnati. up the Mississippi, and the Ohio to cincinnati.
eating frecly of this delicious fruit, all the way:
He stopped at the He stopped at the queen city a fell diyss, aind
came on to Boston. Here he found it jusi coming into the markect. What ean be ruore refreshjourney, or contribute more to make him forget
tho fatigues and annoyances attendant upon it tho fatigues and annoyances attendnnt upon it,
than the cooling, fragrant, healthy strailyerry.
Perhaps there is no fruit so extensively found Perhaps there is no fruit so extensively found
over the surface of the gobe, as this, It is found
from Hudson's Bay to Torra del Frego. It ereeps from the lowest valleys up the sides of the most
rugged mountains to their rery sumuits. It winds its way along the water courses, sprinkling
their banks with pearly flowers and searlect fruit. It creeps over tbo meadows and prairies, checkiering their surface with its beautiful foliage and fair
flowers. In the old world it extends from K:nuisehatka to Spain, and upon the declivities of the
Hinalayas and the Alps, it opens its modest flow ers along the edge of the melting snows. It retains its vitality under drifts of snow a hundred
feet deep. in the mountain forges, and resists the cold which splits the gnarled oak and the solid
rock. From the joints of its runners. roots shoo into the carth. lis tiny seeds germinate in the soil upon which they fall. The birds scatter them
through the forests, and carry them to islands of the sea. The breezes, freighted with the downy pollen of the male plants, deposit it upon the sis-
cous sumpits of the buds of the female flowers, quickening them into new life and causing them to swell into juicy and delicious morsels.
neved no hand of man to plant them, for nature,
 surer means for their propagation. When Down-
ing said that "the strawterry properly belongs to tbe cold climate," he had not thourht of its
wonderful power of adapting itself to rarious climates and soils and situations. What markets are better supplied with this fruit than Baltimore
Charleston and New Orleans? Wbere does it Charleston and New Orleans? Where does it
thrive more vigorously than on the steppes of meets with a sufficient supply of moisture cither the borders of streams, it continucs to yield successive crops of berrics, four six and even eight
montlhs in the jean. While in thie north, witl mon best cmlltiration, it yields its fruit searcely many reeks.
are three kinds of plants, the male, the fenule
 their flowers larger and nioro showy. But the office is to furnish pollen, which is a light fenthery ofice is to urnish pollcn, wilich is a light feat hery
polder, which falls upon the female or pistillate
flowers. The buds or unopened atter flowers are covered with a gummy or adhesive substance which retains the pollen which tion of the lower. The hermaplirodite plants can impregnate their own flowers, and those of other
pistillate plants. In setting a strawberry bed pistillate plants. In setting a straw berry bed both sexes should be duly interspersed through
out the bed. One male plant is found sufficient out the bed. One male plant is found sufficient intermixed in about that proportion. The her maphrodite often produces good fruit, but is no The character of the fruit seems to depend ont the female plants. For instance, if the pistillate Iemale plants. For instance, if the pistillate
plants of IIover's seedling are impregnated by
the pollen of the early scarlet, he fruit is apparently the same in size and color and flaror, as though it had becn impregnated by pollen from
the staminate plant of its own variety. Hence the the staminate plant ef its own variety. Hence the
male plants of the early scarlct which is a strong grower and continuous bloomer, are preferred by
some cultivators, for this purpose. A sandy some cultivators, for this purpose. A sandy
loam, plowed deeply, and made rich with vege. table mannures, will yicld the finest and largest quantity of fruit. A heavier soil, and animal
manure will yield largo vines and morc foliage. Neadow inud, decayed leares, sardoust, hay or
straw cut fine and spread freely over the ground in the auttimn, after the runncrs have been cut for the strawberry, and at the same time answer for mulching, by which the roots arc protected
from the sealding sun, and the fruit kept elcan. Tho secret by which the plants are kept in con tinuous bearing for many weeks, appears to
the daily use of the watcring pot garden engin The kind of mannre cond to, rctains water wood ashes orer the vines carly in the spring applying it freely to thic soil, will nmply repay Journal.
Wo publish the above interesting article upon the Strawberry, containing many good idens and
scientific truths correetly stated; and, if practied, would secure to our growers a betthis delicious fruit, and frelt it a privoy it so long a season-traveling from orth, and keeping all the time in the
farther and visited Califormia, he would have been farther and visited Califormia, he would have been
gratified with th is fruit from May to Novenber, and from the same plantation and vines, too.
Thuss much can we say for California: no portion of the world can surpass us, no, nor equal us in the quantity, quality or size that can be raised upon a single acre. We challenge the world to a contest. If the correspondent of the Cow
Journal will come to us, we will prove it .

## North Carolina State Agricultural Fair.

By the Carolina Cultivator, we find that great Prarations aro making for the State Fair which to be holden at Raleigh, N. C., on the 16 th , $7 \mathrm{th}, 18 \mathrm{th}$ and 19 th , of October next. The list of preminnis. embrace five branches or departments, as follows:
The first includes every discription of animals domesticated. Tho second, grains, fruits: egetables, dairies, preserved meats of all kinds, fish, all manufactured foods of every name and nature, elassed under the head of "food and coudiments," ( where is the Wide West?) exeept "pepper and sale:" The third, the meclanic arts hrough all their wide extent, embraciug evers mplements, cabinet work, sboes, hats, elothing, mplements, cabinel whefarth. manufures of woolen, linen, and cotton. or all mill fabrics. Tho fith, experinental farming, such as plowing, various mode of cultivation of the soil, manures, food for stock, ralue of manures, essays upon improving soils, mineral substanecs, collections of
household fabrics of every kind.
To this very large and extensive list, presenting as it docs the preparatory work for a Grand Industrial Exhibition of the State, we find connected a list of rules and regulations so thorough and complete tbat we publish them entire, that they may serce as assistance to all the counties of our State in their preparatory work for the guidance of
committees in each department. Howrerer numercommittees in eaelh cepartment. Howerer numer-
ous these rules, they are of the utmost importance o the conducting of such public enterprises, and Then duly observed, the whole machinery mores on as smoothly and regularly as the chronometer; bou when disregarded, "confusion
founded," is the inevitable result:
rules and regularions of the farb. Society, will be furnished with a lade Agricultural Society, wind be farmished with a andge of merm-
bershiil, upon payment of the annual tax of $\$ 3$ : and will be required to wera the same during the
Fair. This badge will admit the ladies of his family and children under fifteen years of nge.
z. Jrembers of the Society and their families alone will be admittcd on Tuesdny, the day for
examination and a wards by the julges. All conl. xamination and awards by the judges. Ane coml..
petitors arc expected to be present. The public

will be admitted on and after Wednesday, at 10 | Nind be admilited on and aner Wednenday, at |
| :--- |
| o'clock. Price of adnission, 25 cents. Children | and servants, 12 1-2 cents. Clergymen, Editors,

and Pupils of charitable Institutions, admitted 3. Agricultural Sociecties and Institutions from other States, are invited to send Delegates. Such
Delegates will be presented with a complimentary card.

All Exhibitors who intend to compete for the Premiums of the Society, must become mem-
bers of the same, and have their articles on the ground and entered at the Sccretary's Office, in
Reception Inall, at or before $50^{\prime}$ 'lock on Monday erening, Oct. 15 th, without fail, so that they may e arranged in their respective departments, and
readiness for examination by the Judges and Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.
5. The regulations of the Socicty must be Stricly obserred by exhibitors, otherwise the
Society will not be responsible for the omission of any article or animal int entered under its rules.
6. No article or animal cntcred for a premium. can be remored or taken a way beforc the close o the Exhibition. No premium will be paid on
articles or animals removed iu violation of this

All articles and animals entered for cyhibiion. must have cards attached, with the number ors in all cases must obtain their cards previous to placing
grounds.
8. Those who wisb to offer animals or artieles of sueb intention at the time of entry.
9. 'the Executivc Committee will use every precaution in their powcr.for the safe preservation
of all articles and stock on exhibition, and will be responsible only for loss or damage that may
occuld during the Fair. Exhibitors must piva occul during the Fair. Exhibitors must give at-
ention to their articles or animals during the Fair, and at the elose of tho Exhibition, attend to
10. The Awarding Committees or Judges, sccutive Committec at the Chairman of the Exrounds of the Society oun Tuesday morning, the
16 th day of October, I855. 11. In no case can the Judges award special or discretionary premiums; but will commend to class which they mny deem worthy of special lass
notice
offered
12. The Judges on animals, will have rcgard to : are produced, as pursuing a sctlled march to des-
12. The Judges on animals, will havo rcgard ing. nd characteristies of the breeds which they age, feeding and condition of the animals, espec ially in the breeding classes, and
encourngennent to over-fed animals.
encouragelnent to over-fed animals.
13. No stock of inferior quality, will be adnitted within the grounds; a comnittee will be appointed to rmle out all below a medium grade.
14. Animals to whom prenninms have been awarded, must be paraded around
visitors may see the prize animals.

## the Judges during their adjudications. <br> He Judges during their adjudications.

 will give particular direction to all articles in their departments, and sec that all are arranged in the best order possible to lessen and facilitate the labors of the Judges in their examination.17. The Superintendents will attend ench of Judges in their respective departments and point out the differcnt articles or animals to be
examined, will attach prize cards to the articles examined, will attach prize cards to the articles of flars to the suceessful animals after the Judges
reports have been made up and delivered to reports have been made up and deliver
Chaiuman of the Excentive Conmmittec.
18. Tho Judges will with hold premiums animals or articles in their opin
though thera be no competition.
19. Animal having receited prominms of the ed to compres ous enhioitions, will not be allowca to compece for prizes again in the saune class.
20. Stock brought to the Fair for sale, will hare an enclosed lot adjoining the Fair grounds assigned them, with "rater convenient, w
can be kept at the cxpense of the owner.
canl be kept at the expense of the ormer.
21. Articles manufactured in the Stato
brought in competition with foreige articles, wil brought in competition with foreigin articles, wil foreign article be entitled to a second premium. 22. No vehioles or horsemen, will be allowed entrance oll the Fair grounds, except the private
cirriage or horses of members, tbrough the pri curriago or
22. The Chise Marshal, with cfficient aids, will
be in attendance during the hours of exhibition to keep proper order.
23. No exhibiter will be permitted to enter more than one amimal in each of the sub-classes. vided for by the Seciety, without charge to owner and cannot be remored from the grounds, excep by permission of the Executive Committec.
2t. All machines. iniplenients, or other pro
ducts of mechanical art, must be exlibited by ducts of mechanical art, must be exlibited by
their rexpective makers, or inventors, or impror ers, or their assignors, to or for whon, on
minns for such articles will be a warded.
24. Every machine or inplement offered for prunium, must be so designated or described, a will serve to tdentify it to future purchasers, and
also the selling price of the article must be statel also the seling price orabe articie must publathed
and marked on the labels aud in the publish reports of premium articles.
25. Efficienc) be regarded a
iniplement.
20 P 111 Ch Chi 20. The Chicf Marshal will call the Judges a at his tent on tho grounds-fymish inde thein the printed list of preniums, also with blank books in which to register their awards, and have
the Judges conducted by the Assistant Anrshals, to their respective departments of the Exlibition 30. The Marshal and his Aids, shall give par
ticular attention to the proper arrangement of all ticular a tlention to the proper arrangement of alt
articeles exhibited, in their respective departments point out the articles or animals, to the Judges,
and otherwise facilitato the examination by the Judges
26. 

dges. 31 . The track will be open for the trinl of har ness and saddle horsses, every day during the Fair,
32. A band of music will be in a tiendance ench day, during the hours of exlititition.
day, during the hours of extitition. grounds during the night.

## The Grasshopper.

Not having had room for all wo desired to publish on this subject last weck, we give below some additional extracts. Wo would call especial atiention to the article of "Agricola" in this weck's issue, relative to this destructive insccl.
It is worthy an attentive perusal. We are more and morc convinced our theory is correct respecting shade and moisturc, dcep plowing and constant cultivation; and we are also gratified to know from so expericnced a mind as Agrico that our position is based upon scientific truth.
In speaking of the brown loeust, "Goldsmitb's Animated Nature" sajs
" T he shield that covers the back is greenish, and the upper side of the body brovn, spotted
with black, and the under side purple. The up. per wings are brown, with small dusky spots, more transparent and of a light brown tingsured with green; but there is a dark cloud of spots ened us often with its visitations, and that is so truly terrible in the countries whele it is bred.
There is no animal in the creation that muttiplies so fast as these, if the sunu be warm and the
soil in vohich their eggs are deposited be dry. Tho scripture, which was writtco in a country Where the locust made a distinguislied feature in the picture of naturc, has given us several very
striking images of this animal's numbers and rastriking images of this animal's numbers and ra-
pacity. It connpares an army, whero the numbers pacity. It compares an army, infinite, to a sirarm of locusts; it des-

Divine indignation.
In the year 1690 a cloud of locusts was, seen
cnter Russia in three different places, and from thence to spread themselves. orer Polaud and Lithuanin, in such astonishing multitudes, that the air was darkened and the earth covered with
their numbers. In some places they ucere seen hing dead heapaped sompe places they uech other four seen
feet black cloth ; the trees bent bencath their weight banck clioth; the trees oent bencat their weight,
and the dainage the country sustained exceeded computation. In Barbary their numbers are formidabie and their visits arc frequent. In the try of their devastation. Their first appearance
was about the latter end of March, when the wind had been southerly for some time. In the beginning of April their numbers were so vastly incresed, that in the heat of the day they formed
themsel res into large swarms which anpeared hemsel res into large swarms which appeared In the middle of aned the sun.
en the middle of May they began to disappear, the next month, being June, the young brood be next month, being June, the young brood
began to malke their appearance, forming many compact bodies of several hunilred yards square, which afterwards inarcles forward, climbing the trees, walks and houses, cating everything that was green in their ray. The inhabitants, to stop and gardens, filling them with water. Some placed large quantities of heath, stubble and such like combustible uatter in rows, and set then on
fire, on the approach of the locusts wre, on the approach of the locusts. But all this
was to no purpose, for the trenches were quickly filed up and the fires put out by the vast numer of swarms that succeeded each other. A day
or tro after onc of these was in motion, others that were just hatched came to glean after them, gnawing off tbe young branches and the rery this the trees. Inaving lived nearly a month in this manner, they arrired at their full growth
and threw off their worm-like state by casting tbeir skins. To prepare themselves for this change they fixed their hinder feet to some bush,
or twig. or corner of a stono, when imuediately by an undulating motion used on this occasion their heads would appear and soon after tho rest of their bodies. The whole transformation was performed in seren or eight minutes time, after condition ; but as soon as the sun and air had hardened their wings and dried up the moisturo returned a arain to their former orcedinegs with they addition both of strength and apility. But they did not continue long in this state before they
were entircly dispersed. After laying their eres and directing their course northward, they probably perished in the sea. It is said that the in are four fect deep in the ground. The eggs are about four score in number, of the size of caraway
In tho American Encjclopedia, $w \theta$ find the folowing curious fucts:
There is a locust in Tonquin, about the bigGirst joine top of a man's linger, and as long as the arst joint. It brecds in the earth in low grounds,
and in the months of January and February, which is tho season for taking them. Tbey issue from the earth in vast swarms. At first they can hardty fly, so that they often fall into the rivers
in great numbers; however, the natives in theso in great numbers; however, the natives in theso
montls watch the rivers, and talie them up in montis watch the rivers, and take them up in
multitudes in small nets. They either eat them fresh broiled on the coals, or pickle them for keeping. They are considered as a great delicacy
in that part of the world, as well by the rich as in that part of the world, as well by the rich as
tho poor. In the countries where they are eaten they are regularly brought to market and sold, is larks or quails in Europe. They must have been a common food with the Jews, as Moses, in tho
Book of Leviticus, permits them to eat four dif ferent kinds of this aninial, which he takes care to specify. This dish, however, has not yet inado
its way into the kitcliens of the luxurions in Euits way into the kitcliens of the luxurions in Europe, and though we may admirc the delicacies
of the East, we aro as yet happily deprived of the porrer of imitation,"
J. MI. Horner, Esq., in a communication to the San Francisco Chronicle, suggests the followng in relation to the grasshopper visitation: and. I have not yet ascertained whether they have any instinctive faculty to guide them to food, if tbe same be at a distance. On the contrary, they will spring into the air and moso perhaps a few rods ahead; next, they will spring to the rigltt; then, back; then, to the left; and so on. Throughout their active hours, thoy will move to acry point of the compass, and perhaps stop III. They move upon the wing only a few hours day; and during thoso hours they cat nothdepredations. re full grown. In fact they cat ouly during ow days
Remenies:-1st. The best practical method ing land with scrop is, to cultivate all the adjoinearly, in order that it may mature befuro tho grnsshoppers make their apparance. This alone,
wlll les.cn the number of insects, and will learo wlll lessen the number of insects, and will a distanco from tho green erops. * $=$
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[^0][^1][^2]THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
 a way that it wind be sure to grow anter the grasspasturc.
3d. Small cardens have been protected by driving the grasshoppers out every evening about the by two boys tiking hold of the cuds of a lon rope and dragging it over the garden, thereb causing the insects to hop before it.
I do not say that the above aro the best plans of protection, but they are the most efliective
which I have yet seen tried. Dany other items which I have yet seen tried. Many other items
in relation to this matter, conld bo mentioned; in relation to this matter, conld bo mentioned;
but I have bech always objected to on account of tho length of $m$ ) wewspiper artieles, 1 will theretho length of my
fore conclude here

## ettiscolant

LIVES ADDRESSED TO ROVITRG JACK.

## Wur did your ronn So far from linme?

Why epend tily precious hours
In Califurnin's enelanited howera
Why part froun friends you loved of old, Whas part from friends you loved of
To galier a pile of wanting gold t Then eame back, co
Poor Roving Jack.
Hove you gone from
Te wander nlone ${ }^{\text {f }}$
father's counsel goes with thee;
A father's counsel goes with thee; And with a tear in her gentle cyc, Then come hack, come hack,
Poor Roving Jack.
By your musinge I fee
You're light-bearted an
Does not memory, faithlul and true Bring home and loved ones to view And the zeyhyr of a sunny elime, Whisper thee of "Auld Lang Syne,

## Poor Roving Jack.

## LIFE.

 'Tia like the sparkling waters cay; Whens on the rocks they freely duUpon a bright end sunny duy. And o'er the watere' dushing fonm Doth eport a hont sn llylter and
It quivers on the waters dark, It quivers on the watere dark,
Aud oer it ties the whitening spras Befure le ronva n enternet:
It hovera llyhiry an its bit It hovers liglyty nn its brinkOhI can ao fair, so faial a thlus
OhI ean it thus in darkneas ink And then the waters frying $0^{\circ}$ en Thint which was once ao pure and

And kuch is lifel our bark no frail,
Is aporting oorer lifes mighly ern But sonn to thins tho wat
And sinks into eterntiy.

THE WOHES OF GOD.

> In sluking funt, the glorious ort ofn hills ankt pleam linthe glorious onth of dhy :

To other renlmis he's weading lint ble wrag.

Tia crening hour : the erceschnt inonn io here
Her lienms of love are falling frown the ins, While 8 winkling otare arou wit her throne nippear
Like gleuus of fuercy fiom Gud's throne on blgb. Tis morning hour: the violet wakes from its eleep,


Grouns about a Chinfes Temile.-The following description of a Cbinese garden seene i from the pen of Capt. Granvite Loch
ple is at $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{u}}$-sung, near Shanglai:
ple is nt 1 u -sung, near Shanghai:
" In the center of n serpentine sheet of water, there is a rocky lisland, and on it a large temple
of two stories, flled up for the necommodation of of two stories, fitted up for the accommodation of
the wealthy public. Pillars of carvel wond sip the sealthy publitic. Pillars of carved wond si p prort the roof; fretted groups of uncouth figure blinds screen the occupants from the warmeth of
the noonday sul. Nothing call surpass the the noonday suln. Nothing caln surpass the
beauty and iruth to nature'of the tnost minutely carved flowers and insects prodigally scatlered over every sereen and cornice. This is the cenRernal lookitug structures of the same form ar perclied upon the corners of artifecal rochy pre
eipices, and upon odd little islands. Light and cipices, and upon odd little islands. Light and
fanciful wowlen bridges connect most of these anciful wooklen bridges eonnect most of these
slands, and are thrown across the aina of the
serpentine waters, so that each sequestered spol apentine waters so that each sequestered spo the on the man temple is sl-ded in front by a $=\mathrm{F}=$ -

small braneh of a forest tree is deprived of a ring
of bark, and the bare placo covered round with prepared unctious earth. this is led round wit Fhen the radicals have pushed into the loam, tho trough or poreclain flover pot. The pot is then blled with bog earth. mamire and elay. and water $\$$ applied aecording to tho neeessity of the plant The branclies are repressed by cutting and burning, and bent into shapes resembling au old fores ree ; and even to the roughness of the bark and hollow knots of pruned and decayed branches ${ }_{1}$ they are complete in resemblanec. The roughTortur with sweet substances.
Corturous pathways lead to the top of tho arti art to surprise nach turning formed with studie art to surprise and charm, by offering at cvery ers sprout out from creviecs; trees hang over the ers sprout out from crevices; trees hang over the white stork, their emblem of purity, are scen from almost crery vista, while grottoes and rocky re. cesses, shady bowers and labyrinths, are placed to trap the unwary, each with an appropriate moto, one inviting the wanderer to repose, an other offering quict and seclusion to the contem plative philosopher.'

A IIfuge Pile of Scrpentsi--In the Savannas of lzacubo, Guiann, 1 saw the most wonderfu thouph it be not uneommon to the untires, traveler has ever mentioned it. We were ten men on horseback, tiro of whon took the lead, in orde to souud the passige, while I preferred to skir the great forest. One of the men who formed the ranguard, returned at full gallop, and called to me-" IIere, sir, come and see the serpents n pile." He pointed to something elevated in the middle of the savanna or swatnp, which appeared like a bundle of arms. One of my company said, "This is certainly one of the assenlilies of serpents lent tenipest. 1 liave heard of these, but never sair any; let us proceed cnutioucly, bid not saw any; let us proced cautiously, nnd not go
too near them." When we were within twenty paces, the terror of our horses prevented our appronehing nearer, to which nono of us were in clined. On a sudden, the pyramid inass became agitased; a horrid hissing issucd frotn it, thousands of serpents rolled spirally on cach other. and shot forth ont of the circle, their envenomed darts and ficry eyes to us. I own I was the first to
draw baek. but when I sair this furmidable phadraw back, but when I sair this formidable phalans reman at its post, and appear to be more
disposed to defend itsclf than attack us, I rode disposed to defend itsclf than attack us, I rode
around in order to view its order of batte, whieh around in order to siew its order of batte, whieh
fneed the enemy on every side. I then though need the enengy on every side. I then thaugh
what could be design of this assemblage; and what could te design of this assemblage; and
coneluded that this speeies of serpent dreaded some colossal eneiny, which might be the great serpent or caiman, and they re-unte tbemselves afer secing lim, so as to resist the enemy in a mass.-Buron Humboldf.

At a time like the present, when the contrac tion of nitional debes is becoming gencral, the following statement of the debts ly the principa States in the worll, corrected up to a late periorl,
is of some interest. It is contained in Ayre's ediis of some interest. It is contained in Ayre's cdi-
tion of " Fenn on the Englishand l $o$ ereigut Funds." recently issned:-Anstria, anount of debt. $£ 211$, 000,000 ; Baden, $£ 7,0010.000$; Bavaria, $£ 14.117$
000 ; Belgiun, $£ 26,0000,010$; Bolivia, $£ 521.000$ $000 ;$ Belgium, $£ 26,040,010 ;$ Bohria, $£ 521,000 ;$
1 Brazil, $£ 12,302,000 ;$ Buenos Ayres $£ 2.5100 \mathrm{~mm} ;$ Chili, $£ 1$, I 84 , (kit); Columbia. £ $6.605,950$; Cuba


 451 (h)U; India, (British). Ets, Hon,U(M); Mexico



 Ancrica, (Federal.) Elu,0(N), 10 ; Venczuela total, £ $1,730,229.550$.

Arolition of the Newspaper Stamp Dety
England. The London llustraled News an England. - The London llustraled Ners ys that in consequence of the Government bul
in the newspaper stamp question lasing been garned, the stainp on newspapers will, in future be optional. Those who decire a cheap press, may hare 18 cheapenell to the extent of the rirtu-
ally abolished stnap duty; but withont the pririly abolished stnap duty; but withont the priv
ilce of transmi sion and re-trancmission by post
Thace to whoru the postal privilege is essent Will find whe alicration of the law has produce no cons derable change, and that almost the only pearance of a great scan $\mathrm{la}_{1}$-a law which it was as daily and weénly. st at defiance in every part of the countrr. The dews proposes so soos
sthe act gnes into operati-n, 10 iss e regular: double number at the old pr
2. sirpeace (twelve cetis.)

Wasbington Monlamest-T Washitit
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## [For the Colltordan Farmer Rural Lays-NO, 4. ORDER OF BREAKFAST. Whraz le the furming man who cannot tell The pleaesnt jingling of the hreakfast bell! How "droway tinkling lull the distant fold;" And how enrapt, at rummer evening's elote, We lovo to liston to the bello on eow "Tio very well for "Tio very well for such who lie $n$.bed Till nearly noon, to dream of drowsy-head, And tnlk as if, like them, the very belle When John proclaims to us the welcome How briskly all our lads nround him pour All thronging in, as hurrieedly aud fast, As if they played at "Sotan tale the last! My Uncle, sinart and ready with the rest My Uncle, simart and ready with the rest, Assumes the place and rank with suita him Assumes the place and rank whlch A monarch be, whoso militery law And dread hehesta the wbole of us o'eraxe; No rule but this, which hy himealf

 "An order given must strictly he obeyed." But still sa good a soul, snd soft, and kind,As rankest democrat would wish to find. As rankest demgcrat would wish to find
So he presides, I seated at his right So he presides, I seated at his right While John and Dinali, clenaly washed and bright, Wait on our wants, and spee ily refill
The empty tee-cups, or, with pliant will, The empty tea-cups, or, with. pliant will,
Hend up and down, and round, each several plat With pomp poculiar unto ell who wait. Our fifteen farming lnds, in separate ro With $I$, and Uncle, generally compose The whole at board; hut, when some eity friend Comes here, with ua a holidny to spend
Or eountry farmer, cerly on the way,
To cuteh my uncle on a market day
Cornes'round to Martinficld (our hoinestend's name)
They sit with ue, and with the hoys the same ; Onty the etrangers alwnys we exalh,

Batty Maztix.

- [Betty and her uncle, it nppeari, folluw tho customs of the olden time. The privileyo of oitting above the oall wae, amung our simple forefathera in England, mark of defercnce and
Jistinction due to gentility and rank. In Scotiand, the dii jorum gentium oceupicd a rained dais, ahout a foot higher th the reat of the company.-ED. 1

Home Pleasures-Duty of Mothers. Ir should bo the welcome privilege and dear delight of every mother, to mako home the happiest resting place, and the centre of joyousness it she youthfui hearts entrusted to her keeping. their confidence and ardent affection, that they may fee! there is no lienven or refuge and consolntion in their childhool's sorrow like unto a moth cr's sympathizing breast - no heart that participates so fully in the joys of their gladsome hours the and no spot that beatns so bright as that beside the ciomes
and love.
The mathor should checrfills Interest herself in the sports and amusements of her chibiren, and happiness and innocent entertainment, as far as consistent with her cares and duties-and hould makio any saerifice or denial on her own for, unlated or a burden on her time and allen or, uninred, or a burden on her time and atten-
tion. They should be inade to realize that they are cherished within her "heart of hearts," anil that their coinfurt and well-being, are the objects of her dnily soliciturle, the main-spring of all her acts. Thus feeline, they will hare little or no and as they ndrance in aze, will be protected in great measure from the temptations of the world and out-door life, and in long atter years will book back upon the mother's teuderness as the safeEnard from many sims. And if that mother should memory that rest, there will be a halo round hei memory liat will light them on through many darksome path, ineite them on wo many goo therefore, be the pleasant task of the mother keep the sunny brow of childhood undimmed far as lies within her power, for clouds wil cor full soon enough to darken o'er therr sky. We can imagine no salder scene, no greater object of pity, than a neglected, lonely child, units cold, diainterested mother.
For the Bemefit of Anti-Ant.- We give you a aure remedy. Procure a large eponge, waeh
it well, press it very dry; by so d i g , it wil leare the small cel's open; lay it on the shef where
fine
two or
two
*ater to whero the sponge ia carefully drop thsponge in the scalding watrr, and you wil tar thase trooblesome te Yirs truly. J. J.
l'. S. Il hen you squeese the po yos wil be astomished at the number that had gove in $U$ cells--Pkil. Jed, cr.

$5=$

Fon days and A Fragment the acar Rosa, as sho was, gradually fading frome earth.
There was something painflly ber leare was something pninfully beautiful in her affectionate, full of hopes and bright antientations the ouly daughter of her mother, atud slie \& widow, laid aside and in the quictude of her summer to be prepare for her new and only homo was painful prepare for her ned to think that one so painful. to the happiness of her mother and brother, should be taken from them. That she, who was best fitted to cnjoy this life, who had only found roses in her path and no thorns, must bo translated to a world that she knew not of. It was a sublime sight to see her, so calinly, checrfully; prepare for that new life. Evely day as slie greiw weaker, she bade farewell to one lored object after another, and spoke her last word to somo dear friend, Never shall I forget lier mournful look, as she
handed me the last letter she ever wrote, and the handed me the last letter she ever wrote, and the
calmness with which she said, "I shall nerer calmness w
write again.

## write ayain. Daily she

Daily she grew weaker, but more beautiful,
till her countenance appered henven-lie and the lustre of her largo bluc eyes, scen-lied borrowed from the azure skies. Orien did I feet, as she spoke those calm, quiet words of consolution, yet full of affection, to her mother and brother, that she was too pure, too holy, for earth.
The last night came, and with it the last learetaking! With her hand clasped in her brother's, and the words, "Oh! brother!" dying on her tips, her spirit winged its way.
did it bring to her friendst t but what agony did it bring to her friends! That brother, who hast been so checriul for is sister's sake, could restrain the pent-up grief no longer, and crying,
"Oh Mother! she is gone!" he threw himself unon the sofn and lay specchless for hours 'Tums terrible to sce the strong man frombling and graaning with agony, whilo the feeble nother bent over him in anguish, fearing that he too rould be taken amay.
That night is past with all its agony. The grief of the brother is over, and though the mother soon joined tho sister in tho spirit land, yet his countenance is checrful, as if no shadow ever
swept o'er his heart. Such is the power of the swept o'er his heart. Such is the power of the
human soul. It can outlive all suffering, and rise aboro all sorrow

## The Wife's Influence

A roman has her hisband's fortune in her porser, becnuse she may or may not conform to oumht to be her pride dio pession for case or display be he pride. No passion for case or vinte in the least degree from this line of conduct. She will find her respectability in it Any ather course is $w$ retehedness itself, ind inevitably leads to ruin. Jothing can be more miserable, than the atruggle to keep up appearances, If it could
succeed, it would cost moiv han it is wortn ; as it never can, its failure involves the deepest mortification.
Some of the sublimest exhibitions of hmman rirtue hare been made by women who hare been precipitated sudenty froth $\pi$ raith and spiendior
oo absolute mand. Then, a man's fortuncs are in ausolute rant. Then, a man's fortunes are in
manner in the hands of his wife, insemuch his own power of exertion depends upou her. Jlis moral strength is inconceivably inereased lyy her sympatby, her comnsel, her aill. She can aid him capable of taking upon herself. Ilis oren employments are usually such as to require hie whole cime and his whole mind
A good rife mill never suffer her husband's attention to be distrected by details to which her own time and talcuts are adequate. If she be promptell ly true affection and good sense, she orerwhelmed; she, of all liuman beingz can luat orerwhelmed; she, of alt human beingz, can best
minister to its needs. For the sick sonl her nursng Is nulte as sorereim at it is fer cormereal ills. If it be weary, in ber assid nity it finds repose and refreshment: if it be harrased and worn to a morlid irritahility, her gentle tones steal over it
with a enothing noore protent than the innst exgnisie music. if every enterprive be dearl. her paence and fortitnde hare tl e power to re-kin tle them in the heart, and be again goes forth to
r new the encounter with the s anl troubles of life.



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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

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| 'jucsday last they wero seen in considerable quantities along the shoro at Oakland, and some |  |  |  |
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| proach. It is hoped. Iowever, that they in suffieient numbers to do much harm. |  |  |  |
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BUSINESS CARIS.


## SAN FR ANCISCO







TU U A C OO.
Virginia Manufactured Tobacco Agency.





50 pneckages do Morvereign of the Seno
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 Now is your Time to Buy Cheap Goods!






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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.
(1) aricties

Worns that are offen used togecher, become
ssociated in the mind and unless we wesist the foree of verbal association. we shall often say something dififerent from what we mean.
Jean Paul says, men's feelings are always purest and noost glowing in the honr of meetirg parent and rosy-hued only at sunset, but through parent and rosy-hued onlya,
out the day gray and cold.
"POP" on PAY. - It is reported that, in event of a war, the government intend inaking a tax on
all bachelors. The only remedy for these unforanl bachelors. withe only remedy for these unfornpon all spinsters.
The Enn.-"Ven do ou think de world will come to an end ?" asked a German, "Oh, proba-
bly in about three months," answered the joker. with smile of atism "I peraing to Pause, with 2 smi
dis spring.'
AN eminent rider has undertaken, for a heavy Wager, to ride the well knorn horse Chestnut
against the celebrated horse Radish. Ho will use a saddle of mutton, and the spurs of necessity, for
Pise asks if the trial will come off over the Course of Time.
Nature ann Art.- "Ah, Eliza," eried a
Puritan preacher to a Puritan preacher to a young lady who had just
been making her hajir into beatiful ringlets: been making her hair into begutiful ringlets:
"had God intended your locks to be curled, he would bave eurled then for sou." When I was an infant," replied the damsel. "so he did; hut
now I am grown up, be thiuks I am able to do it myseli."
Novel Bee Hiving.-A bee-hiving extrordinary eane off in Ilouston, $\mathrm{T}^{\prime} \mathrm{cxas}$, a short time ago. The swarm was passing over a train of cotton
wagons, when they becane confusod by the noise, wagons, when they becanne confusod by the noise,
and deseended, choosing as a setting plaee, the hat of the wagoner: on which they piled up after the
strle of an old gronadier's bear skin. style of an old grenadier's bear skin. The hat or eight miles, and the bees seeurely hived.
He Forgor Somerbing.-"What did your mother say;, my little man? Did you give her my card?" asked an inexperieneed young gentleman of a little boy, whose mother had given hinn an
invitation to eall on her, and whose street door invitation to eall on her, and whose street door
was aecordingly opened to his untimely summons wy the urehin a foressaid. "Yes, I gave it to lier" by the urehin a toressid. "Yes, I gave it to her,
was the innocent reply; "and she said if you wasn't a nat'ral fool, you trould not come Monday morning, when every body was rashing." At
this juncture, mamma, with a sweet smile of welcome, made her appearance at the end of the hall When to her surprise, Mr. Verisopht, the visitor,
bolted. "Whant dos the man mean?" inguired bolted. "What does the man mean?"" inquired
the mamma in astonishment. "I dunno, but guess he's forgot suthin in replies bub.
Enough for One Bed.-Emigration in the
State of دlichigan was so great during the years of 1835-6, that every house wass filled crery night with travelers wanting lodging. Every traveler there, will remember the ditheulty of obtaining a bed in the hotel, even if he had two or three
strange bedfellows. The Rev. Hosea Brown, an strange bed-fellows. The Rev. Hosea Brown, an
eecentrie Methodist minister, stopped one night at one of the hotels in Ann Arhor, and inquired
if he could have a room and hed to himself. The if he colld have a room and hed to himself. The
bar-keeper told him be could unless they should bar-keeper told him he could unless they should
be so erowded as to render it neeessary to put be so erowsded as to render it necessary to put
another in with him. At an early hour, the revanother in with him, At an early bour, the rev-
erend gentleman went to bis room, locked the erend gentleman went to bis room, locked the
door retired to his hed, and was soon asleep. Towards midnight, he ras aroused from his slumber by a loud knocking at his door. "Hallo! you there," be exclaimed, "what do you want Now?" "You must take in nonotber lodger, sir," replied the voiec of the landlord. "What! another Yer?" "Why, yes; there is only one here,
is there?" "ONE Why, here is Mr. Brown is there "ONE1 Wy, here is Mr. Brown, a methodist preaclier, and myself, already, and 1
think that's enough for one bed think that's enough for one bed, eren in Michi-
gan." The landlord seemed to think so too and gan. "The landiord secn."
left them to their repose."

## San Francisco ahead of the World!

Evar on, en apace with the Age and Times : Hurmin for Vnice's now Daguerrenu Gallery: Largest Light in the World, (over 500 feet Glass.)

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 Din A. H.











Wisrom the Bottoo Journal.]








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Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Signed I. BUTTS on the wre
BETH W. FOWLE
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R. B. COLE M. D.,



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 Sen Francisco, Narch ilet, 1855. ${ }^{\text {R. G. NOYES, President. }} \begin{gathered}\text { v.-1. } \\ \text { v. }\end{gathered}$
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AGRICOLA'S LETTTERS.-NO. 8
On the Origin and Composition of Solls. Enirors Farmer: It is well known to every one, that any soil, on which grass grows, contains, in greater or loss abmendanec, all the constituents
of a fertile soil, capable of growing all the crops whiclı farmers' gencrally cultivate : and, as a gereral rule, that the greater the quantity of grass which any given soil naturally prochnees, the stance. But before fertility can be obsained, or even anything else than mere barrenncess, it
necessary that the soil sloould contain a gre number of different constituents, many of which, in most instances, are not to be found in the reeks over which it lies. But the Earth is so constituted that this apparent difficulty is obviated in a very simple mamer. The rocks which overlic each other in regular strata, like the lea res of a book, following eneh other as its suceussive pages, (only that a coaf here and there, and sometimes more, are occasionally wanting,) have been as it woulli a ppear purposely disarranged, and (as is gencrally the ease) lus cower strataitable intervals sight throngh those that orerlie them, leaving their edges exposed to the action of the atmospherie elements, the lower strata frequently furming tho tops of the prominences or mountains so produced; and the rain and springs, which flow from the mountain-sides, rmming down their slopes, and over the exposed edges of the several strata of which as we hare seen they are composed, so disintcgrate, mix, and combine their compronent parts, as to make, in the ralleys be fow: soils possessed of all the requinites of fertil ity, and all the constituents of cultivated plants Consequently. as we nsecend the mountains, we
not only find a less temperate climate, where the same plants as grow at their base decline for want of warmeth, but also $a$ less genial soil, formed of
grosser materinls and in a less suitable comunix. ture,
It would be iale licre to insinuate, 25 some do that this beantiful and necessary: arrangennens fur growing the plants and veretables on $\pi$ hich
we sultiss, shows eridently that the Farth. as now constututed, exhibits but the "restiges sume fu wer and betcer eroation, when the screral
atrats las thoriz itally, one sture the other regular rotacióll ; each distinet stratum the product of a sparate era. In the same way I migh
 d ints: 2 at whether, at sume pree oes ti e, these
 This nould lead to anucher inquiry; ss to whether
|they existed in a metallic state, or in the form of the result of their experiments, althourh it may earths and oxides as they now do. But these inquiries, horcver interesting, are not called for on this occasion, and are therefore inadmissible. What we are chiefly to notice is, that except some sluch disarrangecuent, or contrivanco, as now pre vails had taken place, wo could not hare that
mixture of soils, which is so essentially neccssary to the very existence of the plants, on which we principally depend for our subsistence. show this more evidently, and also to enable u o adopt sone rule by which the agricultural nature of soils may be ascertained, $I$ adduce the following table


The of hoove table is from the analy ses of $S$ pre gol, as quoted by Liebcg and Johnston, and of Bonssingalt, one of the best of modern nuthori lies-the relative proportions of ashes in numbers 4,5 , and 6 being caleulated from the data furnished by these chemists. This I did, to hav the information they have afforded us, in a form, in whielh we can more readily connpare the inorganic constituents of our principal breadplan: with those of some of the most fertile soils, with which we are acquainted. "Of these soile," I quoto from Johnston, "the first had been eroppes) for 160 ycars, without cither manure or naked fallow. The second was a virgin soil, celebrated for its fertility. The thirid had not been manured for twelve years." This amazing fertility we are
not disposed to wonder at, whell we perceire that these soils bear so close a resemblance to the ashes of one of the principal grain erops, wheh may be taken as requiring one of the best of solls, for its perfect production. What will most strike any. one, in the abore table, is, that there shoold be so much ratiation between Sprengel and Bous singauis, in regard to the analysis of the sume plant. This was no donbt owiug to the different morles of analy zing adopted. While Davy found in goad English wheat, an amount of glucinous matter, varying from 19 to 24 per ceat., Bousin esult fuund. in that of the neightworhood of Paric but 0.2. This was by mechanical analysis, which gave only 9.2 of raw gluten ; but the quantity of nitrogen. contained in the sume whest indicated It.t per cent of raw gluten. The difference ( 5.2 per cent.) he ascribes to the regetabile albumien and gluten, carried away by washing in the mechanizal analysis. After all. thus is an extraondinary difference from Dary ; and when 1 tind Perera quoting Oderct hard whect rhich other aith whech 1 ati erquanted, as contaning 1f 55 and French as 11.96 , a star ment, which (ruin my own experrence, I know must approximate to their relative popoltions, I an ouly
come to the conciasion which every one, who has pard the least attention to the agriculteral ama., sef of the best of chemits, mest do-thes, a


#### Abstract

which the particular article position, or bearing.


 other analysis by the same chemist, is not to b depended oll, as positively containing all its constituents. and in exactly thic proportions i Let us therefore take the analysis of thed thom wheat as inade by Sprengel, who likewise ana yzed the soils (Nos, 1,2 and 3 , and observe how closely the constitucnts of the ashes rescmble the arths of these soils.But let us procced with the different iterns in the list successively: Silicia, (No. 1,) a little to spare ; Alumina, more than tliree times the quantity wanted; Oxides of iron, in excess, being but little wanted in the plant, although, in a certain state of oxidation, Iron may be uscful for the decomposition of water, and masy thus be the incans of furnishing to the plant the gases, of which it is composed, in the manner in which it requires them ; Magncsia, more than is, wanted; Lime, deficient; Potash and Solla, considerably deficient; Chlorine, deficient. Thus, this soil, which has grown crops for 160 years, without manure, and still fertile, is deficient in several of its constitupens it that a soil, having but 2-15 of the lime, I-9 of the potash and soda, 1-7 of phosphoric acid, 1-137 of sulpluric acill, and 1-80 of chlorine necessary to constitute perfection, is not only no barren, but so very productive? To say that all the constituents of tho plant are containca such a suil, is not ansirering the question satisfactorily; and, as it includes a number of inter-
esting matters, 1 shall defer it, and any further investigation of this suljeect, which $\mathbf{f}$ may find it merswry to make till next week. Ageryent.



A Letter from the Interio
Mesers. EDtrons: Having had the pleasury of reading yoor valuable paper fur sereral meel. past, and peceiving that you have but little informtaion from this section of the State, I thought i might be agreable to our readers to learn some
tbing in relation to the farting interest here, and therefore send you a few "notes by the way.
Agrienlture. gencrally, is in an extremely pros perous conlition. but bas been soliject to some of the drantacks, incidens to the late wet season and the peste of grasshoppers, which liave brought injury to the crops, frnits and gardens.
In relation to the grain, very mueh of it ha been injured by smut, particularly that grown from Australis seed. Siunc farmers hare not made more than half crops. From the Italian seed, $\$ 1$ jor P . B. lieading (three miles from this) bas a very fine erop. Whout the least smut,
whilst acres of the dustraian is rery much injored. The grasahoppers have destroyed three humired acres of wheat upon the raneh of Capt Swin, on the Sacramedto, near Stoney Creek; and one bundred acres of Larley, raiwed by Mr. Howsoun, in the same ricinity. In this county some of the farmers tave been obliged to cut their har ley and casts to sare them from the pente. Wbict a few hours. The grain is mearl) cal, and the harrest-bome is just beginn'g.
To the fruit, gardens and joung treas, the griseboppers bare leok and are a grat cala ity,
or they not only derour the fruit rath young leares and twiga Nis they eat the bart frome the goung trees, the grom the of one and t rears, and kul the Mi jur Rea of has a very handsome and extenave Eardin plat part in bank of the river $\|=h_{\text {is in a }}$ ) F rave $\langle c$. tha
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the grasshoppers have eaten a great deal of the fruit, and it is very doubtful if there will be a peach permitted to ripen. There are, also, upon the same plat, one hundred and seventy peach trces of two yoars growith, thirty of which ave from pits selccted by and given to Major Reading by his friends on his last visit to tbe Eastern States. Five of these trees, standing four and a-half feet in height, bore fruit this season ; and onc tree. from a pit presented to Major R. hy Senator Weller at Fashington City, planted in the spring of 1853 , stands sixteen foet high, is very broad and in luxupiant lenf. There arc, also, many apple, pear, cherry, English walnut and olive trees, pomegranatcs, grapes and osage or-ange-all were growing very finely until the grasshoppers arrived. The cherry trces wero imported from Boston last January by Major S. J. Ifensley, and were planted here in February : Wo of thenrstanding four feet in height, bad very tine, large, ripe fruit upon them in the middle of My. One of the olive trees is in very fine condition and luxuriant, and will bear next year. Cuttings of olives, sot out last spring, are growing cry well, and may be saved from the scourge. There are many thousands of grape vinesthose of sercral ycars growth are londed with ruit. Soine of the cilttings of last year had grapes upon thern, but they fell a prey to the
anvages. Sereral hundreds of Locust, Pride of China and Catal pas, mostly of tivo ycars' growth, which lind incrensell very much this season, have been very inuelı injured, leares entirely strippod off; others, of smnller size. have heen cint down to the parcut stem, whilst a fow have the back eaten entirely round the bealy.
The grusslopypers luade their appearance about Sulads, nielon rines, the tenider leares of root plants, and then attackel the trees.
Major Reading has tried every mode to get rid of them; hut though less in numbers, "their streugth is legion still." Ho at first tried driving. A party of some thirty-five Indians, men, women and childrent, drove the grosshoppers before them with l,rush broome, very successfully, into circles and small pits, and collected bushels of them. This was before they had wiogs: when disturbed now, thes fill the air and merely change their location. All the small fruit trees have been "rapped with coarse bagging, which may wave them from being killed, but probably will deatroy the growt of this year. The grasshoppers being 3n artieloof cboice food of the ind in ns, they are very happy to hare tho privilege to gather them: consequently, Major R. bas a few women employed in pieking them from the trees, in the bopo of saving a fow peaches. It in quite impossible to shake them off, and they renist quite a strong wind.
The theoly you haro advanced, in jour last paper, in relation to this scourge, does not find any support in this section. Cpon the fine farm of Mr. S. B. Shellon, and aleo apon the place of Mr. Lore, npon the east bank of the river, neas the mouth of Battle Creek, the grasahoppera aro now derouring erery young and tend r leat These farmes, lying as they do at the cond ince of tro atreams, are almost entirals overlowed every spring for a sbors time : cao $g$ the land to be rery moizt al the year. Mr. Sb don was obwhed is cus bis barley before 16 was ripe as tha gremoppens were doing it in h-ow not near grain. 3sr. Love's garden in terr then thery. The
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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.
siderable extent. There is no place that has no suffered, and the loss of all young fruit and orna-
mental trees and plants is the general expectation Improvements have been very general this se son. Major Reading has now over six thousand
acres inclosed with hoard fencing, and other farms are being inclosed in the same manner.
The health of this part of the country is very good. The weather has heen very warm; the
thermometer ranging from 76 to 105 deg. Ai three o'clock, yesterday, it stood at 90 deg. The snow is fast disappearing from Shasta and Las sen's Peaks, and the cool hreeze from that direc sion, at evening, is truly refreshing.
The roads are in fine condition; the stage companies and teamsters have fine stock upon them, thus holding out inducements to travel and freighting. A party of eight arrived from Yreka a few days sinec, at Slack's Ferry, on the Sacra mento, having explored and found a rery good wagon road from that place to the river, making the distance one hundred and forty miles, and no any manner whatever. It is contemplated to open the road inmediately, thus making it the more necessary to clear the Sacramento river of all ou struction, to the head of navigation, twelve mile above this point.
I have heen partieular in relating the rarages of the grasshopper, as it is the inquiry of every one, and when you consider the very great yield of the land in this county, the scourge is really lamentable, and ealls forth every suggestion to find means to prevent its recurrence. There is no part of the world where greater natural inducements are held out to the farmer, nor wher the land ean be cultivated with less expense or labor; yet it is sadly discouraging to fear, ever year, a return of a plague worse than the locus. It is to be hoped, therefore, that some mode will soon bc discorered to destroy them before they can do any damage. - More anon.

Yours Ace., Imprompte.
We are truly obliged to our friend "In promptu" for his valuable and interesting letter for his sketch of the condition friends, their advance in Horticulture, and the ravages of the "peste." Ihis earnest zeal for the general cause is an indication of a permaneney to the good wark, in spite of all the retarding iufluences. The ravages of the grasshopper are indeed deplorable, and it is of the highest moment that every mode of eradieating then, their action, an their term of stay, should be earefully noted. We notice the remark of our corresponden
relative to our theory for the remoral of th relative to our theory for the removal of the
grasshopper. When be says "it does not apply to that section of the country," we presume $h$ means a part of our theory; for we notice a part is in successful practice there, and we hope with good result. We allude to the "bagging of trees." We have many parts to our theory for the re moral of this "peste," it will be remenubered, and we wish them thoroughly tested; when not good, atterly rejected, and this is the only way to adrance. Close and rigid serutiny of every plan practical experiments, and of repeated, will alone prove the value of any theory. Our theory for the evils of the grasshopper consists in three or four principles and some co-rclations-viz.: the earliest possible winter plowing, to disturb thei eggs and expose them to the action of the w. scason. Deep subsoil ploring and constant hig ealtivation. These, in addition to early planting, will produce a constant moisture, and when the peste appears, freely irrigate the soil and shower the foliuge. This, with occasional hagging of fruit trees and shading, will, in our humble opinion remore from our State, in a great measure, not only this scourge, hut many others in the shape of gophers, squirrels: moles, worms, \&e.

Tho oondition and loeation of the farms alluded to, where heavy dews were constant, are certainly evidences that in these instanees the plan did not work; but it will he recollected we said th grasshoppers would not eat the tomato, unless be was obliged to do so from want of any; other food So with the cottonwood. Norr, recently we hav found instances where be has eaten hoth, and from actual ncoessity. It was "eat or starre," and may it not be so with the farm alluded to?
May not the dostruction have been so great around, that the grasshopper nias driven to th wet grounds? We know of similar cases. W o know of cases where daily showering of watc has successfully drien amay this peste. wish frec discussion upon this and all like interesting points; and we will thank "Im
promptu" and all others to write freely.
It is our wish to open a column for Questions
and Answers, and to this we invite all to join. draw out valuahle facts: and good will come out of $\mathbf{j t}$. - Eo.

## The Cialifornia \&゙amer

SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1855

The CALIFORNIA FARNER OFFICE is the the Steve
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ch, Forina, Boow ind and Pubishars, and every brancla of a the Califonnul FABmen, if they wish to have their busive

## Circular.

Tas Executive Committee of the State Agri ultural Society, heg leave to say to the Agricul urists of the State that as the time for holding the Annual Fair approaches the necessity for increased and energetic action throughout the Stat The officers of the Societ
The olficers of the Society are giving their the work, but this wrill not suffice. Unless the Farulers, Merchants, Laryers. Hotel Keepers and all others interested (and whu is not?) come up o our aid, sulseribe and pay their usembership, and gise countenance to the work, our approach annot be what the resources of our State call r, what the honer of this most prominent il tercst demands.
The State has made conmendable appropriahas published a scliedule for the approaching F has publion a schedue for the approaching E. hibition. and it is hoped that we may be placed
in cireumstances to show full statistics of Famms, Orehards, Nurseries, Gardens, Vineyards, A competent and reliable Committee inay be expected to risit and report upon erery ease in this department. Send in your propositions, that the Committee may know the amouut of its work. limits the terms of melubership to ten dollars. Any Gentleman or Latly sending us this smal sun will have sulijeet to his or her order a cer The of inembership for one yoar
The question of the utility of the Fair depends ery nuell upon the unanner it is cotten up, and
it be what it should be without persunal Persons holding certiticates of membership ar hous of the Society frec of charge.
by order of the Executive Committee.
C. Theeler. Rec. Sec.
fnee transportation to the sta
The Executive Committee of the Califorui tate Agricultural Society, take pleasure in an ouncing to thoso interested, throughout the State, that the California Steanı Navigation Co Citizens' Line of Steamers, California Stago Co Fells, Fargo \& Co., and the Pacific Express Co have liberally and gratuitously tendered the servies of their respeetire conscy ances for the trans portation, to and from the approaching Fair, of such articles as may be designed for exhibition, ineluding stuek and jersons neeessarily accompaying the same.
Every thing of like liberality from our citizens, in any portion of the State, will tenil to render the coming State Fair of greater interest, an it worthy of the State and her people.
By order of the Excrutive Committee
C. 1. Iluteminson, Presiden
andato, July 5th, 1855.

The public throughout the State and Agricu urists in particular, are hereby notified that the Corresponding Secretary of the Socicty, J. L. L. F. Warren, Esq., is now making the tour of the State, for the purpose of presenting the gen ral interests of Agriculture to those who are in erested in its advaneement, and gathering statis ies for the Society, with the riew of adding to the interest of tho approaching Aunual Fair.
It is not only desirable but indispensable, that the nembership list of the Society must be large y inereased beyond its present number, in order o make the Fair what it ought to be, considering he important position that California occupies mong the Agricultural States of the Union.
Col. Warren is furuished with Certificates o Mennerslip, and is authorized to furnish them to thoso who may desire to become Members of the Society, and are carnest in their endeavors to
develop the Arricultural resourees of the State.

By order of the Exccutirc Committeo
C.I. IIurcuanson, President
0. C. Wneeler, hec Sec'y

Mercantile and Commercial Prosperity-
Manufacturing and Mechanical Industry
-California Promer - California Prosperity.

The approachiug Annual Fair of the Califor nia State Agricultural Society should awaken
general ansiety anong all who are interested in general ansiety anong all who are interested in
any branch of Manufactures or the Mechanic Arts. Every artist in our State of every name and character should strive to present to the
coming Industrial Exhibition a specimen of their coming Industrial Exhibition a specimen of their
skill. Liheral premiums hare been offered and additional special premions will be anarded to ererything that slaall be esteemed of public utility or that shall tend to improve the taste, adrance the arts or increase the happiness or prosperity of the people.
It should be universally understood that the State Falr is intended not only for an Exhibition of the Agriculture of California, but to embrace every branch of Home Industry, and Works of Art; and it is expected that each and every citizen of the State will feel called upon to gire it their best inflenee, their early and prompt attention, for every citizen is and must be affected hy the general prosperity of all interested-for unless these interests are fostered and eherished unless the people became sensible of their identification with them-California will not soon emerge from her present embarrassment. The denression of her Agrieulture was immediately followed hy a fall of real cstate, this checked and and depressed mereantile interests, and the commereial soon felt the blow. Then the early budding of the gerins of manufactures was stayed. workshops, machine shops and mechanizal rooms were elosed, apathy scized Home Industry, and all now feel the blow.
The history of the world will show that whenerer agrieultural interests are depressed, whenever breadstuffs are below the cost of produeing, bankruptey and ruin march through the land, ships lay idly at the wharres, warehouses are elosed, buildings want tenants, and tenants want work. When the agricultural interest is depressed, a paralysis seizes the whole body and death ensues, unless a speedy relief comes. The disregard which has beell paid to these truths-the low esteem with which the business men of California hare riewed the Agriculture of California-the unwillingness of men of wealth and influenec to recognize it as the basis of our prosperity, and the jealousy of many lest Agriculture should supplant Mining, has lastened the erisis, and the cril is now being felt. It is not now the eultivators
alone that are depressed and "hard
not now the farmers alone that are "short;" it but every interest thronghout the State. Ther is no oue branch of business that is not de pressed and suffering, unless we exeept the sher iffs and the lar, and this arises from the abom inations and curse of tho "attachment laws:" hlot to our statute book. The farmer in misfortune is at the mercy of the greedy shylock, and if in his struggles to free hinself delt he hastes in his crup, the moment it falls, it falls into the hands of the merciless, who ratch to catch it Standing grain is safe, but if it falls, it is ofte never to riso agaiu for the hard working ma who grew it.
But it is now evident that this universal depression is being better understood, and the cause
of it fully realized ; and we trust the a $\quad$ ricultura interest will soon be properly appreciated. The present moment is the time 10 act .
Farmers themselves must act, must look to their interests, their pursuits, their calling, as the most important interest of the State.
Real estate ownens must of necessity se that their only hope lies in the returning pros perity of this great iuterest.
Menchants must and will see that their busi ness is most materially affected by the condition of the agriculturists of our State.
Commercial men, too, are begiming to feel that their chief dependence lies here. How many ships would be wanted for tho Paeific trade were there no agriculcural products to convéy? Takc away from tho mercantile and commercial transactions of the day, the grain erop, flour, root crops, tea, sugar, rice, coffec, cotton, tobaceo, fruits and spiecs, and where would the business of the merchant and ship owner be? Take away from the manufacturer, cotton, tolaceo, woul, hides, tallow, leather, flax, hemp, silk, \&e., and where would the manufacturer and ship owner be? Take away from the mechanic, the lumber, the iron, and other ores, the clay of our potteries and China manufactures, the elay of our hriek yards, the granite and marble and slato of our mountains and hill sides, and whero would be our mechanies and artisans? And do not all
hese spring dircetly from the soil? are they not immediately drawn from or sustained by the oil? are they not agmicultuhal productions? If it be so, and who can deny it? then we ssert that Agriculture Leing the nasis of all our prosperity, and the basis of all prosperity the rorld over, demands and should receive the unjcrsal recognition, support, sympathy and fostering aid of all classes of our pcople. For theso casons we appeal to the eitizens of this State for heir prompt encouragement to the coming State Fair, as it is werthy their highest attention.

## The City of Oakland.

There is probably no locality upon the Pacifie oast for a heautiful eity, superior to that of the sister city of our Commercial Emporium-Oakand, or the "City of Oaks." Nature seems to have intended this location for a luxurious retreat of the business manof a great commercial emporium, and we belicve at no distant day, the mercantile and commercial men, lankers; and others, of San Francisco. will have their residences at Oakland. The soil is of the very best eharacter, and susceptible of tie highest cultivation. Among the many localities for benutiful homes, we havo seen none that present greater or more farorable prospects of future permanence. It is deeply to be regretted that any delay in the settlement of land titles should retard the rising and improvenent of this city, so highly favored by nature.
Wo mould most urgently ery out to all who hare a lore of the heautiful, "Woodman! spare that tree!" and apply it to one and all. Those nolle oaks, let them all stand. Nature has designed them as beautifiers and protectors of the soil, and it will be found that for the purposes of gardens they are no hindrance to a high state of cultivation. By deep cultivation, an understanding of the seasons, soil, and climate, and with a generous public spirit, Oakiland ean be made an Eden almost.
While at Dakland, we had a delightful drive, some ten miles, ou the San Pablo joad-visiting the rauches of Mussts. Wilson, Plummell, and others, and the dairies of Messrs. Coggeshall, and Aldrieh, and many very carnest and intelligent armers; among others, the residence of A.C. Brown, Esq., a splendid location upou an eminenee commanding a view of the Golden Gate and
the wholo bay and coast adjaeent. We found pleasure in going over the grounds of Mr. B., for by the evilences, we saw that his house, barns, that home permanent. This is what our citizens must do. Establish permanent homes and improve them to the utinost. We also visited the residence of M. Fallen, Esq., and although of but two years, crery thing in aud around was in appearance the work of years. Mr. F. has ono of the most picturesque locations upon that side of the Bay-surrounded hs noble oalis, yet open to the Bay. His mansion and other buildings are all built and established, his gardens and grounds hid out to comfort and convenlenee, yet all in keeping with the graceffll stylc of modern archicecturc. His fruit trees gave promise of some fine fruit. We hope that Oakland may be spared tho derastation that has befallen other places.
Wo were pleased to uncet many of tho business
men of San Francisco, who are wow hut teinporarily there, but who we beliere will boeome identified with it yet. We also met the past and the present Majors, -Mr. Carpentier and Mr. Campbell-of Oakinnd, in both of which gentlemen we know sho will find men ever ready to do all in their porer to advanee her best interests. Among the many interesting features of our visit to that city, none alforded us inore happiness than making the acquaintance of the highly gifted Mrs. Clark, late editress of the Contra Costa and now connected with the Evening Journal of San Francisco. We worship flowers-we wor
ship trees and plants-we worship all the beautiship trees and plants-we worship all the benuti-
ful things of earth, ald the more they are cultivated the more beautiful things become; but in a higher degree do we reverence a highly; cultivated mind, for in it we see tices, plants, and flowers hat aro not only perrenial but cternal, yielding
fruit delicions to the taste and odorous to tho senses, and these too, not only perpetual but deathless! When we see this mind in womanul, but from its uever-failing resources, sends forth stream from a living fountain to purify and exIt luman nature, pleading human propress by means of the highest intellectual and moral re Hnement-then we worship and reverence mind as more durable and benutiful than all earthly things however plensing, for wo linow by an in
tereourso with such minds all are exalted ase
mado better. We look forward to the period-
near we liope-when through the instrumentality nenr wo liope-when throught the instrumentality of female education, our community shall be as
thickly cemmed with intellectual women as aro tbolieavens above us, all bielliant, with stars.

## Bucknen Raneh-Stockton Road.

Ow Saturday last, we took a trip on the Stock ton road, to view tho several farms and ranches of that vieinity, and, at the request and invitation of Judge Bucknen and other agricultural friends, to bare a social talk over tho interests which this
jourual adrocates. We drove directly to the residence of the Judge, and in tho evening met the farmers and ranch owners of that vieivity, and in tho new building whero the festivities of the 4th of July wero held, we adrocated tho causo o Agriculturo and the coming State Fair, and those kindred interests which grow out of them. We were pleased to meet so many that scemed to be truly interested in the cause. By request, we re mained over tho Sabbath, to meet tho citizens of that neighborhood and again addressed them at tho School house, on Sunday erening. Our themo boing "the Bencficial influence of Agricutture upon the Homes of California and the blessings it con fers," we were gratified to have present so many ladics aml chitdren that recognized and felt the importance of making home beautiful by the art and science of Agriculture.

Duriug our visit, we called at "Elk Grove Hall," a public house connected with a largc stock-farm, and situnted in a fine oak grove, with a broad and bcautiful prairic in front. We als visited the ranch of Mr. Perrin, very pleasantly located upon an open prairio and susceptible of great improvement. Our next call was at Smith's Ranch, near the Cosumnes River. This was a fine location-a very handsome residence, buil of brick, with broad portieoes-well designed garden, and good out buildings, but when we rapped at the door, tbere was a hollow sound, and the echo that came back, said, "it is not good for man to be alone." "The hollow sound-the closed windows, and the absence of those who alone can make even a palace a home-told us that our friend belonged to that class of citizens upon whom our legislators are disposed to levy an extra tax. So fine a residence, we felt should be a happy home. We regretted the absenco of tho Proprietor, for we wished to say thus much to him personally. We thenee crossed the farm-bridgo of Mr. Ilicks to the ranch on tho opposite side (described in another place, ) and returning again colleeted many interesting facts on our way baek to Bueknen's. This is the prineipal stage house upon the Stockton road, and travelers can alway bo sure of tho kind personal attentions of those $i$ chargo of this house for the Judge is indefatiga-
ble in his cfiorts for the comfort of his patrons. We are under many obligations to him and his family for their courteous lospitalitiçs and attentions, and to the Judge for his particular atten tions in striving to awaken a proper interest, and his aid to scatter intelligence of all needed infor mation upon, the sulject of agriculture,
Wo found upon our routo much to interest. Upon many rauches, considerablo stock,-dairy cows. Wheat crolis, we found generany
the anticinations. The vegetablo gardens upon the whole route, wero cleanly swent by tho grassboppers.
We found a great want of water, over the entire ronte, and as we looked orer these broad and beautlful prairies-composed as they are generally of good soil-we saw tho necessity of Artesian Wells. With these perpetual fertitizers, theso noble plains would become a perfect and perpetual garden, and whosoever shall be the first to suceessfully introduce thenu along this road, has a snug fortune at his command.
Ilere, as elsewhere orer our State, we saty and beard of tho eril that results from the unsettled titles to land; preventing as it does, great improrements, it hangs like an incubus upon the people.
For the interest displayed for our Califuraia
Fabmer, we are particularly thankful, and slath Fanmer, we are particularly thankful, and shall
endeaver to keep our friends in this section, and endeaver to keep our frients in this section, and
all ohers, posed on all luatters which affect their
interest. interest.
Impontanr-Mate on Feantie Calves.-
Connt de tiourcy, Erench stock raiser, inexComnt de tiourcy, Erench stock raiser, in ex-
perimenting with stock. found that the connection of the lill and the cow, lefore mithing, resulted
in a large propotton of he fer calves. In a conain a large proportion of he fir calves In a com-
muvicat 7 frour B. V'. French, Esq., of Braintree. Mass, to the Pra ric Parmer, dated Peb. E. he says: "I thare to-day cam unct my account, when 1 was certain of i regnation of couss and with
this result-3 with ipty lags broughe 3 b

Hicks' Dairy Ranch.
Tne ralue of our Dairies, their extent, or tho influence they are destined to excrt upon our
irale and comuerce, cannot be estimated or cour ceired without a personal inspection. During our trin to tho Consumnes river and the neighborin Ranches the past and present week, we
IIck's Ranch is situated upon tho banks of the Cósumnes river, about twenty miles from Sacra mento city: Crossing tho river by a strong and hrandsome bridge ereetel by tho public spirited proprictor of this ranch at lis own cost, you tiful and fertilo grounds that surround the residence of the proprictor-a liandsome mansion, full of the comforts of life, convincing you that it was intended as a home. Around it is a well cultivated garden, containing a variety of the most desirable kinds of vegetables, fruits and flowers, grapes and peaches in full bearing; and roses, dahlias, and other flowers beaulify tbe enA larme mater
A large water wheel, with buckets, carricd by the current of tho river, supplies an abuudance of water, which is conveyed through troughs and iryigates a rery large tract of cultirated ground. By this means the dry scason is not felt. Tbis Ranch is the only one we found that had escaped the devastatiug march of the grasshopper; all other grounds near by had been swept. We were informed by Mr. Hicks, that at the time of their coming in great numbers there also came great quantities of blackbirds, and while tho insects were upon the corn ficlds, the birds ato and drove them away, However numerous the birds may haro been, or however many insects they may have destroyed, we think the constant flow of water upon the garden and fruit orelard, drove the grasshoppers to the cornfield, and saved the former portion of the grounds -for being so near the house, tho birds did not come to it.
After examining the gardens, Mr. Ihicks showed us his dairy rooms, and here was a show worth seeing. Wo wish some of our finc dairymen of Old Braintree," Mass., could just take a peep rith us into friend Hicks' dairy. This is a fino wo-story woooden building, entirely surrounded with largo oaks, and closely sheltered from the sun and hot air. The upper story is used for vadairy, or chcese room, (for cheese only is made here.) Wo were as much surprised as delighted that wns before us-a large centre table and two sido tables running the whole length of the houso (some to feet), covered with sylendid cheeses ready for market weighing from 30 to 80 pounds, and some cheeses are made here as heavy a.s 100 pounds. Wo counted two hundred and terenty-fire cheeses at this time ready for market, four months past, ho had sent to Saeramento a ton of cheese per weck. At tho present time, being the dry season, and milking a less quantity of stock, he sends only about 1000 pounds per week. Do our readers wish to know how this is done? we say to them. Mr. H. has three huntred cours; about one-half that number are now milked twiee a day ; somo of the finest stock of the State is upon this ranch. There are three housand heaul of stock of all kinds upon it.
After examining tho gardens and orebards where we sair about firo handred fruit trees in fine order, we were entertained most courteously by Mr. and Mrs. I licks, and enjoyed a dinner such as fer could prepare, and claim it as a home promluction, and so elegantly and speedly pre-
pared. Mr. Ilicks and lady can truly be styled "Lorls of the Creation." They "sit under tbeir own vine and fig tree, with nome to molest or make them afraid;" for their breadstuff, beef, pork, mution and launb, their game, butter and checse, and fruits and regetables, are all the produce of their own Ranch. This is what we call a true independence. We enjoyed their kind hospiality, had a pleasant risit, and went on onr way rujoicing.
If our readers would like to see these fine checses, or pirchase some of the m, and hare not
time to risit tbe Ranch. jost call at the fine ware-
house of E. IP. Figs \& Co.. J strest
and your wish can be gratified.

## Entrees for Premiums

O President State Agricaltaral Society
Tret jums of the Socletr his Farm and Gardens anal would wish to see the Exan ning Committee
as such titeas may suit the'r pieasure, belier ng
is at a raity of crops bot lately coltivated in i al a raritr of crops bat lately coltivated in
is is co try wi I give an interest to the exsmins-
in n .

Sacramento No. 1.
Sacmamentans: As conductors of a public
journal, as conductors of the only Agricultural journal, as conductors of the only Agricultural cates of "lome industry," embracing as it loes comitry ; these giving life and animation, vigor and success to mannfacturers and tho mechanic arts and these again giving a healthful support to our
mercantile and eoumercial interests-wo shall mercantile and eolumercial interests-wo shall
endeavor to show in suceeeding numbers that the canse of the prosperity which now dawns upon this city results from this simple cause: the advance of her Agricultural interests: for Sacramento stands No. 1 in the State in this respects.
We shall endeavor to show conclusively, also, that our citizens aro those who, in a great degree, have been indentified with all her history from the begiming, and that they have labored to build up and sustain the homes of tbeir adoption; that it is this nntiring perscrerance and industry, and consceration to this home, that has given them this renown, success and prosperity, in spite of all the calamities of firc and flood and disasters. Sacrameuto will havo an opportunity the coming Autumin to manifest her Industry and her skill in the arts, and it is to be hoped that the citizens, oue and all, of both sexes, will feel an intercst in the approaching Fair, and take an ac* tivo part in it, and do what thoy can to promoto it. 'rheir interests are identified with it. Every merchant and mechanie will be affected by it, and surely the Press will take up this matter as the great lever that can aid the city if scattering inclligence upon all matters affecting her citizens. We shall present in future numbers those houses of mercantile, commercinl and manufac turing juterests that have continued from ' 49 and 50 , to tho present time.
Great preparations are in progress for the best interest of our city, and we know these redound interest of our city,
to those of tho State.

## Grasshoppers

This devastating scourge has generally swept the entire Sacramento valley of all garden vege tables, and many surrounding counties have fared bad; so muel so that it will be difficult to supply readily tho demand for regetables. San Francis co market will feel the inflnence of this in an in reased demand for garitell produets.
We have received information of much danage to tho fine gardens and ranches in luba county, and as we intend to examine then personally, we shall give a report of some. Wo know Messrs. Briggs, Brach, Sheppard, Wiekershann Swazey and others, have auffered largely, and wo intend to examine particularly tho ravages and all appertaining them.
In tho "old countries" the peoplo of the sitlnges turn out, and gathering all the tin pans and ketles, they drum them effectually out of their gromuds. We havo heard of experiments here of
various kinds-fire crackers, pebbles, dust, \&c., and shall note all.
Aobicultmal Books, - Among the many airls to the agriculturist there are none more prominent than the raluable works that are spread before lis mind in the form of a treatise, book or paper. Each perform a glorious work to the thinking and reflecting mind. The familiar letter publisbed in tho weckly Agricultural Jour nal, giving the practical results of an experiment by Mr. A. is read and acted upon by Mr. B.. and by him additional information is gained for the next reader. A brief treatise upon a plant, tree rine or shrub, calls into activity further praetica efforts, resulting.continually in the adrancement The well digested and thoroughly tested history of animals, the results of new machiners. the origin and value of the varions prodicts, together with all the rarous statistics necessary to comprise a volume, all are the ligbis that reveal the science in new forms, and the electricity that
stimutates so still greater adrancement. in his cause the publishers of raluable works on agricultural science are d ? ${ }^{3}$ great deal of grod $o$ our country, and should receire a just share of commendation and encouragement. Amons the
 ton \& Ca of New Yor' citr, whace l- of ralu-
able worls arpear in or advertie g coumps.
Oca neizhbor Parker II. French, $E$ of $t$ Trit une, left o M ay last in the C , $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{a}}$ <br> \section*{- <br> \section*{<br> 둥훅 <br> \section*{<br> 둥훅 <br> <br> of f lit}}

Wew Music.
Nelle \& Son, Broadway, Now-York, have ust published the following excellent pieces of new music, which we take pleasure in recomcnding to our friends
Tell me Some Fond Name-Ballad from Walace's beautiful romance, the "Village Maiden's

Dinah is the Girl for Me-Song adapted to Wallace's beautiful melody, "Music Murmurings," ng by Wood's Minstrels.
The IIaze! Dell, with variations by Wurzela pleasing arrangement of tbis beautiful and popular melody.
The Whisper of Love-Schottischo by F. H. Brown, composer of "Prido Polka," "Early Dawn Polka," dec.

The Musonic Scholtische-composed by J. A. Vowler.

The Miner's Tribute Waltz-composed by J. 1. Forter.

All the above picces are by the best composers of the day. and will no doubt, havo a wide cirenlation among our musical readers.
Nonace Warers, the great inusic publisher, manufneturer and dealer in pinno fortes, of 333 Broadway, New-York, has sent us tho following sheets of nopular music, published by him, with the catalogue of his new and popular works, for Which we tembler our thanks:

Sparkling Polka-by Thomas Baker-cen tainly one of tho prettiest Polkas it has ever been our pleasure to examine or listen to. Tho titlo page is en bellished with a beantiful illuminated viancte of tho interior of the I'ublisher's tausle establishment.
Lilly W'hite Schottische-arranged from the air of the "Lilly White" song, as sung by the 1inekleys-by Janes Bellak.
'Tis Otbr Cliild in Hearen-by I. B. Wond-burj-a Luatioul and afeetlug suig, imu whech Chis popular composer has infused a like character as to his other favorite productions.
Our Bnys-Song, of the geruine Young America school-words by C. I., Stuart, Esq.; music iy Thwmas Baker ; buth of wbich are charming. For the bencfit of our readers in general, and Our loys in particular, wo copy tho words in full trusting they will buy tho picce and learn the trusting
melody:


The Few kin Dryer-linguifes

## Gortinuitural Iflequartiment.

## This is a question that cannot be answered

 properly in a few words, yet we are over and overagain requested to answer it within the limits of again requested to answer it within the limits of
a brief letter. We propose, therefore, to devote n a brief letter. We propose, thercfore, to devote n
short chapter to the subject now, in order to a void
the necessity of plies hereafter.
Looking at the question in the abstract, we can
say, without the slightest hesitation. that pear culture, for market, is profitable. Land of the finest quality for the purpose, situated in the
finest fruit-growing districts of the United States, and of casy access to the best markets, caan be
purchased for from $\$ 50$ to $\$ 100$ per acre-varypurchased for from $\$ 50$ to $\$ 100$ per acre-vary-
ing with the value of the improvements, in the
way of buildincs way of buildings, condition of the land, contignity
to railway stations, \&c. This is one great poiut to railway stations, $\& c$ c. This is one great poiut
settled, - good cheap land, in a favorabic cliniatc, and all desirable facilities for marketing the crops at any season of the year.
As to tbe prices of pears, we need say but lit
the; they are so bigh as to be the subject of eral remark. In our most abundant pear mont of the ycar. October, good pears, such as Virga$\$ 5$ per bushel, and in New York for nearly twice coln, of Boston, sent us a small box of Easter Beurres which, as they stated, sell readily in Bos-
ton at $\$ 2$ to $\$ 5$ per dozen. And it is well known ton at $\$ 2$ to $\$ 5$ per dozen. And it is well known tbat pear-culture around Boston is, and has for years been, a sort of speciatity with nearly cvery
man who bas land that pear trees can be grown
upon. Neither is it at all likely tbat prices will
come down to a low figure in a great length of time; for the population, wealth, taste, and luxurious habits of living, are all increasing at such a
rapid rate in every city, town, and village, in the country, that no moderate extension of cultur can possibly kecp pace.* Then it takes at least
twielve or fiftecn years to bring pears or pear stocks to that condition wben their fruit may be
taken into account. It is perfectly safe, thercfore, taken into account. It is perfectiy safe, thercfore, not say how long.
not say how long.
it is altogether unnccessary to enter into any calculations respecting the cost of establishing and kecping orchards, or the probable produce of trees and the results, however tbey might vary according to circumstances, bave invariably been en-
couraging to the planter. Our prircipal object now is to draw attention to certain causes which
have already led to disappointment, and arc likely to do so hereafter.
During the last scven or eight jears, a large number of persons bave engaged in pretty cxten-
sive experiments in growing pars for market sive experiments in growing pars for markct. ence in cither that or any kindred branch of cul-
tivation; and that too, withont calling in the aid of any person having the requisite skill and experience, or of deroting to it their own personal care
or direction. Encaged in some nther pursnit or direction. Engaged in some other pursarit
thcy harc taken this up as a sort of speculation
or their plans with such assistancc as common field
Iaborers arc competent to give. It is searecly Iaborers are competent to give. It is scarcely g their expectations, for although the culture
the pear in our soil and climate is a very plain and simple matter, yet it cannot be done on an factory and profitable, cxcept under grod and various considerations that require to be well weighed and studied by one who bas had experi-
ence. The soil must be suitablc, tbe location eli, varicties well adapted to the soil and other wbicb they are grown. Tbe trecs must be prop
orly planted, and afterwards pruned and trained, and the soil must be kept in good beart and good filtb about the trees. Insects bave to be watcbe ad destroyed; and a great variety of minor ma accidents and
provided for.
common laborer, who migbt be' a capital spademan or plominan, and who might very wel
take reare of a crop of potatoes or corn, is no mor competent to direct the management of an extensive orchard of pears, or any froit trees, than he
would be to conduct the machinery of one of the great cotton mills at Lowell. The plantcr many in a sbort lceture, make it all plain to his laborer but he is mistaben. We know from experience
that it is not an easy matter to make a good tree cultivator with merere reords, however explicit and forcible they may be. To plant a tree w cll , is an
easy matter, no doubi. We know many a matcurs easy matter, no doubt. We know many amatcurs
wbo, by little experience, have becolue most successful planters-tbeir trees live if they have a bad fuck" in planting-their trecs die, or the don't grow, or there is something wrong. Thou-
sands of trees are annually lost through errors sands of trees are annually lost through errors
committed by inexperienced phanters; and in most cases it would be impossible for any one to
discover where the error was, unless by pulling



Up the trces. They may have been planted too
deep-the roots placed out of the reach of the deep-the rots placed out of the reach of the
genial and exciting warmth of the atmospherc, genial and exciting warmth of the atmospherc,
there to romain dorinant for a scason, and finally die. They may have been planted too slaslow: ness of the atmosphere, or to the action of frost in winter. The roots may hare been huddled in. hus checked in their in unnatural positions, and the shock of removal; or they may have been
bruised and broken when taken np, and these bruised and broken when taken up, and these
mangled and decaying parts allowed to remain. instead of being carefully remored with a sharp
knife. The tops may have been branchy and full. while the roots were meagre and defective, and yet no pruning given to restore the neressary balance. Then there arc a multitude of little points
that wonld appear to be searcely worthy of notice, jet by no means unimportant to the future grow th and vigor of the trees; but they can only be un-
derstood and appreciated after some degrec of experience.

What re have said in regard to planting. applies with equal force to pruning. This must be done person who has not studid the nature and labits of a tree somewniat, is as likely to injure as impprove its condition by the application of the knife.
Only a few of those who profess to be gardeners, have learred to use their knife at once wisely and
well. T'he head needs to be trained as well us the well. The head needs to be trained as well us the
hand. The grood pruncr not only make.s a cluan,
handsome quick cut, but he euts precisely what he, should, and nothing more; and that, too, at the right time. We would greatly prefer to open the gates of onr orchard, and let in a drove of cat-
the to browse on the branclies, than allow sucl enen to prune them as we have known to be enrusted with that duty.
Then again the cultivation and cropping of the carc. Sone people suppose that if they grow root crops, or such as require clean and constant And so it would, if it were done in a proper man And so it would, if it were done in a proper man
ncr. We are satisficd, however, that in a multicude of cases the young trees arc so starved and timited by allowing the intervening rows of root crops to eneroach upon them. that they are pera sery intclligent cultisator ruin an entensive young pear orchard by eropping the spaces be-
tween the rows, witb corn. Ife took the precaution to leave an open spaco of several feet on each side of the rows; yet the injury arising from the
exclusion of air, \&c., was quite obvions in comparing the trees with others differently situated. We have seen others much injured by a crop of
corrots: a small space was left between the roots corrots: a small space was left between the roots of carrots, and stunted trees. Other rows of trees in the same plot, having no carrots between, made gather food from a greater breadth of ground than pooplo gencrally suppose; and when the feeders conic into contact or rivalry with those of a fruit rec, they are sure to become successful usurpers.
in this matter we speak not only from observa ion, but experience. We soluetinies plant straw berries among our specimen trecs, in some cases
alloring them to cover the ground; but during he drouth of last summer, and previous summer oo, we found that where tho strawberries had taken root thickiy over the roots of fruit trees,
that the leaves of the trees fell prematurcly, and the fruit failed to reach perfect maturity.
Our intention now is not to dwell upon tbese points minutcly, or give any practical instructions, but to call attention to the necessity of skill and judrment in the direction of frnit trec plantations ith a view to profit a araiust tbe dancerous notio that any smart laborer may managc their trees. urging that any man who engages in the culture of fruit trees, must possess experience ; but unless he does, and can devote his time to it, then he
should employ a competent assistant. Far better do tbis tban lose his capital, and have the mortication of sceing his cherished project become a ailure and a discouragement to himself and a who see it, and then to raise bitter complaint oither by sulling him bad trecs or by giving bim, false counsel.- Rochester Horticulturist.

## The Jemny Lind Seedling Strawberry.

Mr. Josepa Beck, of Boston, Mass, gises in communication to the Rochester (N. Y..) Hortibis species of the strawberry
"There are so many new things constantly
bought up before the horticultural world, and so brought up before the horticultural world, and so that it is witb some diffidence I present to the public a description of the Jenny Lind Secdling Strawberry. It has becn exhibited for threc sueSociety's rooms, and the writer: a member of the Fruit Committce. has had frequent opportunities to test it witb other varieties. It is cntirely dispossesses many excellences, and, in my humble opinion, is worthy of general cultivation. One of our first confectioncrs, wbo deals largely in icc creams, and who has used this as well as other it is tbe best sort grown for that purpose. This spaks well for its Havor. The Fruit Committee bave repeatedly recommended it; and gentlemen pcarance, and would gladly have paid a high p price or Mr. Isaac Fay, of Cambridgeport, bas kept it
in his own This spring.
arom which it was obtained, was from a cross of Mr. Fay's old secdling and the Early Virginia. Fra's old seeding was a large straw-
berry but little kiown, and not considered equal berry but littie known, and nol considered equal
to somc other sedlings. and did not reccive nucl attention but possessed some good qualitites, par-
ticularly the size. The Jonny Lind doce not up in sy to this, The Early Virginia, and a most abuudant bearer. ripening full as early, and equal to it in sweetness.
if not sinperior. Out of more than two thousand if not sipprior. Out of more than two thoussand
plants obtained from secd sown five years since plants obtained from secd, sown live years since,
this one alone prodncell fruit the following sunnthis one alone prodnceld fruit the following sun-
mer ; and it has continucd tu bear and increase mer; and it has continucd tu bear and increase
in its good qualities ever since, flourishirs equally in the shade as in the sun-sorne of the best fruit and plants having been under the thick foliago o
Truit treses. quite large, on tall stans, and more serrated than quite large, ontor The hlossoms are staminate nearly all set froit, and furm well developed ber ries. The fruit averages well as to size, quite
large, of a line conical shape. Tlic color is of a rich crimson. The surface of the fruit is smonth
and glossy. Sced-considerably indented. Fla vor-silperior; gool judges who have tested it.
think it is not surpassed. It has ripened the 8 th dny of June for tlic last two years. earliness and hardiuess, by its beauty and high flavor, by its. being an extrian size and evennes of its berrics."

Chinese and American Millet
Dr. J. S. Curtis, of Sacramento, has exhibited at the Society's Rooms specimens of the above Farieties of millet, and from the specimens shown the Chinese will produce double the quantity of grass. The Amcrican will yield about six tons to the acre, and the Doctor thinks the Chinese will give twelre tons. Dr. C. will, upon thresh
ing, wcigh the seed of cach crop, and this will tes their relative valuc.
The Chinese varicty is of a brigbt green folinge grains golden color. long pendant branches, and also throwing heads from numerous joints below the principal bead. It is a beantiful tasselled head, and yields a large quantity of seed and thus gives nutrition of great value, whicb is a large consideration in the valuc of the grass. The American changes to a brown, and is a conpact long round head, filled with sced. Both samples
can be secn at the Rooms. We append the following article on millet, from the Rural New-Yorker, showing tho important feature in its e
"Messras. Enitors: In your paper of Apri Tth, I have read an article. under the head o
'Cultivation of Millet' which, without an expla nation, might lead some of your rcaders to embark in the cultivation of a eron in which they may be disappointed. There are the three species
of Panicum cultivated as millet, besides two or thrce specics of the Sorgkum under tbe same common name.
"Two of those species, Panicum Germanicum
and Panicum Italicum, have round heads, inuch resembling what tho farmers know as pigeon grass. I havo cultivated these two varieties in Western
New York, but did not find them profitablc. The common or German millet grows with a stalk and coarser, as feed for stock. The Panicum
and Miliaceum grows about three feet high, with $n$ broad lcaf at eacb joint, the stalk terminating in a panicle, somewhat like a loose panicle of Poland having brown and the other yellow buds. This species is found to be more profitabic for cultira-
tion than the two first named. From the sinall tion than the two first named. From the sinall size of the stalk and the great proportion of
leaves, eattle and horses scem morc fond of the straw of tbis species than tbcy aro of best timo tby hay.
raised one acre from mine, summer before last threshed thirty bushels of seed, and the straw he conversed with a farmer the past weck. who raisconversed the last sumnier, who said this crop was considerably injured by the drought, yet he con-
sidered it the nlost profitable crop he raised upon his farm, as both his cattle and horses were more
fond of it than they were of his best hay.' From the above, you perceive that the profit of tbe cultivation of this crop depends upon the species

Wheat Crop-Statistics and Distribution. As an article of commerco, wheat has been ing the whole earth into riew, the production of wheat has never equalled the demand for it
There have always been cuuntries which, in pursuit of greater gaiu from other crops, or, in consequence of natural deficiencics, have not raised
enough for their own food; and, if wo cqualize the crop, we shall find there has never been enough.
In giv
In giving the statistics of wheat in this comntry, we state, in advance, that the production of wheat
in the interior of the United States, is of great A singlo fact will place tbis in a striking puint of
view. In the ycar 1854, the wheat crop of Ohio
fell short of a fair fell short of a fair average, $10.000,000$ bushels-
The whole of this was taken froun the surplus The whole of this was taken frou the surplusThat which would bave been carried to market.
The conscquence is, that a single railway foll short in its freight business to the extevt of $70,-$ 000 tons!
The following is a tabie of wheat production in the United States for 1852 , being found by adding the average annoal increase to the census of the as ascertained by the State Assessors. In $185 \downarrow$ the crop was not ns large as in 1852, by prubably $25.000,000$ bushels; a fact which has not been generally recognized in the noise which was made in the high prices. If, in 1855 , 2 a is very proved in the high prices. If, in 1855 , (as is very prob-
ablc, ) the wheat crop should bc a good one, it aill he larger that that of 1852 , so that year is the oper one to compare by.
 This may bo regarled as a full crop for the entucky and lemmessee, the statement is in some instances low, on accomnt of the basis in one, yet, in tho main, it is very nearly a delficien Now, in tho main, $n$ is very ncarly correct. United states, is five bushels, which is just the the South, and probatily two millions of whites in the same resion, whose bread-stuff is whites exclusivcly lndian corin. The allowance fur the ing the stock on hand to be sufficient for seed, port; but, what can we have from such a crop as Inc last? Absolutcly nothing.
In the above are thirce classes of States, (as to he whent crop,) divided as follows:
1st. The surplus States- These
1st. The surplus States.-These are, Pennsylania, Maryland, Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, 1llinois
Iichigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa. ichigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa.
2d. States which supply
2d. States which supply themselves.-Theso
re, Now York, New Jersey, Delaware, Missouri, are, Nevy York, New Jersey, Deliware, Missouri,
Kentucky, and Tennessee. The last iwo States arc included here, for reasons stated above, bo ause their crops in tho table aro below their 3d. States. 3d. States importing their bread.-Thesc are,
Maine, New Hanpshire, Vermont, Rhode Island,
Massachusetts, Connceticut, North Carolina. Soutb Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida Loutisiana, Texas, Arkansns, and California.- siax-
teen States, or more than balf tho Amcrican
Union. These are the manufacturing coten Union. These are the manufacturing, cotton
planting, sugar, and mining States. These Stotes find it, as they think, more to their interest to buy other people's bread, than to make their
own.
In a common year, such as 1855 , (with no In a common year, such as 1855 , (with no
blight on the harvest, may be, the surplus States
will ceport sometbing like the following amounts of wbeat, viz:
Penssylvania Maryland, Ohio,
Indiana,
Illinois, Mlinois,
Michigan,
Wisconsin lisconsin,
lowa, We in the South. .


1

 New Hampshire, -
Vermont,
Massaclusctts, -
Rhad ?

## 




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$\qquad$

[^3]

[^4]$\qquad$

States. That must all be carried off. Then we into facts. Se ereral instaneos of the specles of
hare the consumption of wheat in the laree cities hare the consumption of wheat in the large cities conduct to which we altude have lately been
and towns of the producing States, which nuist brought under our notice; but we shall content be transported froin fifty to one bundred miles.
The propulation of these cities and towns amuunts The popntation of these citics and towns amuunts about seven and a half millions of bushels for
their consumplition. We have then, this result o the whent commercial movement, viz:
Forcifn cxport, Forcign export,
Domestic export
Coner $\quad \begin{aligned} & 25,000,000 \\ & 15,000,000\end{aligned}$ Consumption of cities and
towns in producing

Aggregate, $-\quad 47,500,000$
This is equal to $1,600,000$ tons of freight. It is rere the great ports for distribution of whea are. The erimeipal ones are ass follows: Philadel phia, Bail innore, ehehmond, Pittsiurghe Clicelend
Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, Milwaukic, Chiengo yenr surh as 1852 1853, and as ive sinpose is shall soon have ngain, the shipments from these ports that will verify the nbove tables, in evers partienlar. Boston, New York, New Orleans, \&C..,
handlea great deal of wheat and flour, but they handle a great deal of wheat and flour, but they
are not original shipping ports of this artiele at all.
In a
In a short time, we expect to show the whole agricultural export of 0
felld's Railroad Record.

Ctliscellany

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Swesr, aweet thc hour of closing dag
    Wben night comes on apne,
    Enntroude falr notureeflace;
    Whik, one by one, tho twinklin
    Come fort, to clear and briglit;
    And seem but one vast bed of pearlo,
        |
        And catt of worldly cerre,
        And chtch upoon my burnuing
        The cooliug, midn\ght air,
        That comee through secuted gro
        With swil yet unseen wings,
        Tbe cloiceat perfume bringa,
        Yer, 'tie an hour I dearly love,
        For tiem swect iutercourse llod,
        With thouybts withiu my breast;
        A form lees hidcous wear,
        Ind trinls, tuut encb day bringa forb,
        Appear lese haud to boar.
        Ti, then I think of days
        Withen, jlagoonie &llout, and nicrry laugh,
        in eporto my voleo was heard;
        M, that I oculd tlove hourn
        Wuha all the ioy thats flect
        The friend, too, of my youthfuld dnge,
        *
        I never meroright and
        The memmery of tluer jof,
        Io nultint: ler to mo;
        And from entht muat parg
        Tha ihougtue nffrtends I bope 
        ll cherer nyy droopling herr.
```

            England and Americk
    The tenor of eertain articles which have of late made their appearanee in the Times, would seem to indicato that there exists aeross the Athantic in the hrensts of ours near relations, the inhabit
ants of the United States of America, a fecling of hostility to us, our institutions and under takings
and a fecting of sympathy with our Russian an tagonists. We do not beliere it; but, on the con trayy, we beliceve that blood is thick er han wate or in this case we might say than oil- that thongh
the Yankees might have no oljection to hare a the anliees might have no oijjection to hare
sliot at us themselves, they wish no other people In the world to do so with success-that republican liberty can nerer sympathise with despotisn
-enlightened intelligence with hopeless ignor ance-progress with obstruction-that the an tagunism of qualities and races and institution
belweenl liusin and the States is a gulf too
storyun to be nassed and that the ties of kin storny to be prassed, and that the ties of kin
dreel blood and kindred sentiment between the States and Grcat Britain are too strong to be
easily or liphly severed. Should it ever be easily or lighty severed. Should it ever b
otherwise; should it ever unfortunately cone t pass that this country shall be placed in a havetile
position to America; or should we cren witness position to America; or shoud we even witnes our opponents, or its absence fromn ourselves, wic ous. or more calculated to danage our influvence and
fry who reprel cred that we. or at least the sman are doing their thest bring alout this state of hillerness; and that the
remorn of Averitan indifference to oul stecess, or of s! mpathy with our enemic, bave their ongin. emptnous shights and ealious indilierenee of our
elves? the proupptings of an evil collscience
inform it that we hare merricd the resentment ne; and that a persistance in the studided in solence with which the friend $y$ advarres of our
ofellantic brothers seena to to receled, mas
then
ourselres fur the present sith the mention of two. ourseives fur the present with the mention of two.
The Morning Vost can testify to the courtly
carecr of every whiskered, bearded, bagzy-breeched aide-de-camp or envoy from Punn pernickel or Schlaugenfat, whose busiuess or whose pleasure
leads himn to visit the capital of England. A leads hiun 10 visit the capital of England. A
special train receives hinn at Fulkestone ; a court carriage at London bridge. Ile is presented to her Najesty ly the minister; his name is inserted in
the Lord Chamberlain's album for royal benquet the Lord Chamberlain's album for royal banquet,
concert and ball; he appears at the reecptions of concert and ball; he appears at the reecptions of
secretaries; and, as a neecssary sequenec, he runs secretaries; and, as a neecssary sequenec, he runs
the ganntlet of aristocratic hospitality and ostentation in crescent, lane and square, froin St. Suniething in the East to St. Somebolly in the West thing in the East to St. Someborly in the West,
till a surfeit of sonps, lobster sallads, and Lafitte, drives him back with an indigestion to the baths
and Brumens fiom whence he canne. Wo find no fault with his reception-reecption though it bo of the envoy or danger-on of a phantasina gorian kingdom or dukedun, whose treasury is a
gnmbling house, whoso territory is a fishernian' gnmbling housc, whoso territory is a fishernim"s
walk, and whose army is an officer. "While we walk, and whose army is an officer. "While we Great Britaincan afford to allow Lilliput to stalk powdered and pigtailed aeross her palm. But
white she rains hospitality and consideration on white she rains hospitality and consideration on
the small, ought she to reverse the caution of the song, and utterly despise, neglect and ignore the In the month of not. can veteran officers of the Mexican cempuainl, in the three several departments, of engineers, artil lery, and earalry, selected from the gallant army
of the United States by the President and his Cabinet, as worthy from their talents and services to represent their eountrymen, were directed by Criniea, for the purpose of studying the art of war Richard Delafield of the Engineers: Major Mor Richard Delafield, of the Engineers; Major Mor-
decei, of the Artillery; and Oaptain Majellan or decei, of the Artillery; and Oaptain Maclellan, of
the Cavalry. Did they proceed to the Russian lines, where the art of war can be studied quite as effectually as in our own, to whiell they would
lhave received and would still ieceive, a liearty welcome-and with which nation they are falsely represented to sympathise? They did not. 'they
arrived in England with letters from the British arrived in Eugland with letters from the British
Minister at Waslington, autheotieating their mission, and which were presented by then last
month to the Foreign Secretary in London; but month to the Foreign Secretary in London; bint
beyond a civil reception-which we beliese Lord Clarendun vouehsafes to all men,-an intervies with Sir John Burgoync, and letters of recogni-
tion to the authorities in the Crima, no notice whatever was taken of them or their mission No special train received them Liverpool; no court carringe at Euston-square ; no presentation to Majesty; no inscription in the chamberlain's open-scsame; no pasteboard for ininister's reecp-
tion or aristocratic soirec,-and the only surfeit which they received, was, a simfeit of negleet and
difisgust, whieh ther have doubtless earried with disgust, which they have doubtless earried with
thein to the Court of France, whither they have bent their stcps. and which it will assuredly defy
all the baths and Brunnens uf Pumpernickel to Toward the end of last summer the United It is a rule in the A merican navy tint sll the na It is a rule in the Anerican navy that all the na-
ral eadets, who compose the material out of which are fashioned afterwards the naral commanders of the Republic, shall serve their time befure the mast; and a good and wholesome rule it is, for
reasons too obvious to descant upon. The Preble a training-ship for this purpose, and namned almost exchnsively by young gentlemen from among
the most respectable families in the States, to the the most respectable families in the States, to the
amount of two hundred and upwards, came to Spithead for the purpose of naral edueation. She hap pened to be the only man-of-war on the station on acconnt of the frequent opportunities which on acconnt of the frequent opportunities which
she had of saluting the Royal iacht, ras made more than usually conspicuous. She was len
wholly unnoticed by the anthorities of Portsmouth her eadets were refused admission to the dockyard, and she ultimately left the station, with two hundred young naral healts, the future upholders of their couniry's naval fame, fully impressed laud.
These are two instances of the pains which are taken by our representatives to secure for Great
Britain the sympathy of the t nited States. We ave others at command; but we conceive the oregoing quite sufticient for our present purpose and we pledge ourselves to the accuracy of the
details. We can also tell our readers how her detains. We can aiso ell our readers how ber
MLajesty's sloop-of-war Pearl, sailed from Bermu-
da in the rinter of $1 \$ 33$ or 1540 , with despatchas entrusted $w$ her gallant commander. Lori how she experienced a succession of gales on be passage; how sle arriwd in the Chesapeake Bay naval anthorities of Norfolk, the Portsmouth of the states, sent shipprights and rigsers on board; how the goed ship oras refitted without charge or
demand of any kurd; and bow the British officers nd crew were welcomed and feasted on shore It is fresh, 100 , in the recolleetion of the public repa red at Fortsmouth last year, the r officers mecived with marked considelation, and the dock: ard thrown open to Kussan penol and pen There was a Irussian man of mar (the Gatoon)
t the same period w hich was sinlary far red
the royal finaly! whe atteation of the new aspoci-
ation which has been started in Eogland, having
taken, as we think, a leaf from the book of her elder sister in Seotland-for putting the right
elt men in the riglit places-to the reprehensible pro-
ecedthgs, or rather the outrages on the common decencies which we have detailed. Surely no thein, no being outside of Bedlam adopt them lie cry shalle unon the posed synpathies with Russia. Lct us look at lonian Mercury.
Want of Room. What a little world this is ours! How our elhnws get bruised for wan nd as fost no man uwis a farm large enough buys ont his neighbor. Some ceven indulge the hope of buying all the land adjoining their's, in a fer years. So of every thing. No steamboat was ever large enoligh to accommodate all the passengers, and the largest ones need more room
the inost. "Give us more room !-more room " is the expression in every one's month. Build ages are torn down, and larger ones built, and i in this way it ever dnes happen that there is room nough inside the house, it is soon discovered here is a great deficiency without. Some try to void the inconvenience of being crowded, by they beconie dissatisfied, and the first opportunity commence building an addition. Ooe addition calls for another, and the larger the house th more chance for improvement. The United States orm a great country, but there is no room to spare. California is said to be roomy, and aivay hasten thousands, pell inell, hoping to reach the land of promise before all the room is taken up. But it unfortunately happens, there is no roon on the way-no room on steninboats-no room at
Enolish Garnens in Russta.-In about a English regetables growing iu the vicinity of of English regetables growing iu the vicinity of the for the use of thic siek, as well as large crops of egetables and grasses in the neighborhood of Balaklava and grasses in the neighborhood of
Sebastopol. Mr. Page, the seed merchant of Southampton, who has been selected by the government to stock the English posses-
sions in the Crinea with herbage and vegetables, sions iu the Crinea with herbage and regetables states that the whole of the immense stock of seeds he sent out in the Medway, will be up, in
about three weeks after they are planted. The Which grow quickes were sent ont in the largest quantities. A gren sent out in the Medway, viz: Beans, peas, broc coli, canliflowers, cabliage, carrots, celery, cress parsnins, turnips, and wot herbe. A rary large quantity of Italian rye grass seed, was also sen out, that being one of the carliest and inost pro ductive of grasses, yiclding onormons crops
luickly succeeding herbace. Seeds for periman quickly succeeding herbage. Seeds for periman
ent pasture, were also sent.

Dimensions of IERAEN. - And he measured The length, and the breadth and the heighol of it are equal."-Rev. 21:10. Twelse thousand furlongs, $7,920,000$ fect. Which being eubed, is this, we will rescrre for the Throne of God, and the Court of Ifearen, and half the balanee for streets, learing a remainder of I24,198,272,000,
$000,000,000$ cubic fect. Divide this by 4,030 th cubical will be $30,321,8+3,750,000,000$ rooins. We wil now suppose the wo:ll always did and alway generations lasts 33 1-2 years, making 2700.000 100000 years ang. and that the world will stan inhabitants. Then suphose there were ion sta worlds equal to this, In number of inhabitant and duration of years, making a total of $27,0 \mathrm{no}$ room If feet high for each person, and yet ther would be room.

Infeence of Steam. - President Iftchoock ays that there are in Great Britain at the presen day, 15.000 steatr-engines driren by means men; and thus is put in operation maebinery qualling the unaided power of $300.000,000$ H0,000,000 of men. The influence thus emana ing reaches the remotest portion of tho globe, and of the race.
Falls of Niaoari. - The gross power of the Falls of Niagara is, secording to Blachwell's obserrations, equal to that of nearly seren minions
of horses; others, from difierent data, make it as high as ten or twelre millions, and eren more. pperation the efort of this Erat cateract =ill bear a comparison with chat of the entire ad laboring population on the face of the globe.
The term Bas-relief is often mis-applied. In
culpture it designates figures which sculpture it designates figures which do $n$ it stand are formed. When ficures do not protaberate as to exbibit the entire body, they are said to be done in relhef; and when they ars low, flat
little raised from the phane, the work in sid be in low, or baa-relief When the figores so raised as $t$ be wei d stinguised, they a
to be in bold. strong high. or allo-relief.
C svis E a wise nan of h ecrror, and he will
thauk yea; convince a fool, aed he sild rewit you.

## fituies' 제y̧artmert

##  Could sills simpletone, of such who prate, But brenkfinat here, they would not tolk But breakfast here, they wnuld not talk of st Hore attande a sicnk of tenderloln, to nleo An eplcure might eat, nor care for splee; There ham ond eggo the mutton chopp bertid  And, at their uroper seuson, lanb and peas And inorning rolls ; and lutter churned at night, All cool, aul hard, and freah, and wurked aright: Without the fear of tbereloy beine wanervel And still my Unclo luughe, and calka to me Of how, be thinks, such brelkfiseta con't agre Witb lads, who deily drudge, aud do not kno ayg, that in different et ich food ebould in wise succcesion ranged, and how that By eareless eating, may get plump and fat Ind teascs eo by euch unmcnning chat, <br> Becnuse I do not, Uncle were away. <br> That what to do, or nay, I do not know. <br> But what to do, or say, I do not know. Of glorious hrenkisaste, whicb did nothing cost: Say none could conk like me, or tar, or near Tbat bow I did it bafled bin to tell. <br> To hear myeclif so praised, inspires a fam By care in cookiug to arrive nt fame By hear nyecif so praised, inspires a fame, You laugh, butr, really, Urcakfastans nice and warm You Inugh, but, really, Urcakfasts nice and In chilly morning, nover yet did harm; In chilly morning, nover yet did harm; And many an old man tbinks a thrifty wife, Who knows to cook, tha greateat charm iu life. You call mc vulgar, tell me not to ory Such tbings as these, in such a common way; But lefirn to mouth them, in unmeaning phrase, Like a lig baby. Tbat I ne'er will do, rhougb there are, doubters, some wbo think witb yo But, whilc wo speak, our lade are all away So let us talk of this some other duy <br> *It is probable 1 bie is a mere coincidence. Horace hee ruris inemptac daper," but it fo not likely that Bety reado orace.-ED. Valuable Recipes.

Botter Beans.-Ilaving shelled them, drop heun into cold water; as the water boils, add sale. ry with a sp
Brets.-No knife shonld ever tonel a beet previous to boiling; rub the leaves off by hand or if there is a wound made in the bect, the bes of its juices will be lost in boiling. Drop the loets into boiling water, with a handful of sale. Most cooks take beets from the boiling kettic and he skin peels off. This should never bo done as they part with one-half their flavor. When taken from the pot, let them drain, then peel an slice thein, butter, pepper and salt them, or pour Cueuracas - Who ever heard of cooking ucumber? we hear readers exelaim I 'ry it; and then tell your neighbors how well a poo man may live in this country. Take the cueumber just as it begins to turn yellow. peel nad slice nd boil until tender. Season with salt and pep-per-mix with
from egg plant
To Iron Velvet,-llaving ripped the velve part, तamp each piece separately, and bolding it igatly in both hands, stretch it vefore the tire, he wrong side of the relvet being towards the arface of the material a fresh and new anpeet rhen Feiret cannot be ironed on a table, for will not go smoothly over the pile.
Trolesome Beveraoe.-Take of the best white Jamaica ginger root, (bruised) two ounces cream of tartar. one onnce; water, six quarts; to to the strained liqoor, add one pound of the best whlte sugar, and again put on the fire and keep pour Into an warthen easel, into which bas been previnusly put two drachms of tartaric acirl and the rind of one lemon, and let it remain metil the heat is reducel to luke-warII temperature; well tada a Latie-spooniul of yeas, str rring thenu which must be weil tied down. It will be in bigh perfection in a few days.



THE CALIFOFNIA FARMER.

Grain at the East.
nterest is being felt relative to the s of grain and produce from this coun try; it will have the effect to open the eyes of

By last aecounts we note that the late rains in Kcntucky and Georgia have given a more hope ful prospect of a crop, while in New York and Pennsyivania an abundant harvest may be exreceired some check
We notice, too, that in Vermont the caterpillar has committed sad havoe upon the apple, and in Massachusetts the frost has ncarly ruined the peach. In other places otber crops are coming average.
We havc confidence still that the prices of rain will hold and rule high, and we hope the farmers will have the benefit of it.

California Favors.- We have before us very large and handsome collection of magazines, pamplets, foreign and domestic pictorials, and journals most kindly sent to us by Messrs. S. W Ifurray \& Co., booksellers and stationers, San Francisco. We can only exprcss our grateful
acknowledgements and say-: the liberal deviseth liberal things, and by liberal things they shall tand.," We know the liberal hearted will not ouse of Murray \& Co. San Francisco.
We are also obliged to the attentive messengers of Wells, Fargo \& Co., and the Pacific Express Co., for a supply of exchange papers, packages, \&c.
Hon'r's Forcino Pomp. - This new power is most admirably adapted to this country, and we
would call the especial attention of our readers to would call the especial attention of our readers to
the card of the proprictor. We should judge by will be eaterly sought for here. Drawings, plans \&c.. together with cost and other particulars, we shall be able to give after the next steamer

| To Corresponnents. - " Hard Times, ${ }^{11}$ ma received too late for this issue. Also, "Destruc tion to our Fields, ${ }^{n}$ with other matter, which wil appcar inour next. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| prices of adricultural |  |
| l'a 8-borse Tines |  |
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| do do tirree prongs ........................... 12 ¢ |  |

LT Califordia State Agricnitural Saciety's Rooms. The Rooms of the State Agricultural Soeicty are located on Pourth street, betweon J and K , where all who are inter bition cunstantly, and it is the object of the Socitety to make open daily, (Sundays exeepted,) and are free to all. Tbcy ar undor tho clarge of the Editor of the Califorina Fabmer,
who will bo pleased to render any informution or assistance to further any interest connected wh
$\mathrm{By}_{3} \mathrm{~F}$ order of the Presideut, C. I. HUTCHinson, - Seth W. Powle: Brooklide, Feh. 5, 1851. My Dear Sir-Having exporienced resulta of a satisfactory
character from the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CEERRY, in cases of severe colds, during the past two yeara I am induced to express the full faith 1 bave in its rcnovating
power.
I was first induced to try this medicine as an experiment, about two jears aggo, in connection with the strong recomtion, and wbose relief from the use of it satiffied me of ita grea and
atrating, toses my mind, tite great value as a restorative, that only needs ** Be sure 14 is eign
Agens for San
Sold by all Druggist
嘼 "Hope Nover Dies." -Read the following trihut "A reraarkable cure ol Oonsumption has recently becn ef fected hy this mediciase, in tho towo of Chatham, in thls county, ician of that town, to whom we havc permission to refer. young ludy, who bad long labored under an affection of tb
ungs, was coneidered by ber frlcods as beyond the reach o
medicine, and she wres loformed by her medical attendant that
 uecessively procured nad ed ministered. Sho is now happs in
he retoration healh."
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## Lenehard on the Hot House.

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HOTELS.

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Murrav's Fity-eent Western Howse.
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## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER



THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## 式arieties

Wey is a pretty girl like a steamboat? Be cause she always has a swell after her. WHEN is a pretty girl inelined to oommit mur-
der? Wben she is bound on a sleighing expedider?
tion.
NEET to suicide or marrying an opera daneer starting a newspaper is the most rash of buman
actions. $\mathrm{Be}_{\mathrm{s}}$ slow to ehoose a friend and slower to ehange him, courteous to all, intinate with few; seorn
no man for his porerty; honor no man for bis wealth.
Nearer Home.- How few of us realize that as we rise each morning, and commenee our various ome
A olluy farmer returning home in his magon, after delisering a load of corn, is a more eertain sign of national prosperity, tban a noblenuan rid
ing in his ehariot to the opera or the play-house
Whoever is apt to hope good from others, is dilligent to please them; hut he that helieves his
own powers strong enough to foree their own way, commonly tries only to please himself.
A cow was lately killed at Elgin, Seotland, and a shoemaker's ansl found embedded ir her beart. and gave tbe ordinary quantity of milk.
The prize for the best essay "On Steain and Animal Fest of England Agrieultural Soy the Batb William Moreland, who is not yet 19 jears of age
Tuere are many who waste and lose affection by careless negleet. It is not a plant to grow ud-
nurtured ; the rude toneh may destroy its delicate aurtured; the rude toneh may destroy its de licate chilled and snapped asunder hy neglect.
A youna person thinks it is eoough to do right. As he grows older, he finds it necessary to satisfy that might he spent in doing well must he used Sr.neca says the greatest loss of time is dela add expeetation whieh depends upon the future We let go the present, which we have in our upon ehanee-and so quit a certainty for an un certainty.
One afternoon as the express train eame dear Mainville, Pa., a pugnaeious hull who was on the "traek showed figlit against the loeomotive, but the bovino antagonist with all tbe ears and killing im to pieces.
Exezapts-There is a medium hetween an exeessive indifferenee and too universal a eonfi-
dence. If we have no foresight, we are surprised; if it is too niee, we are miscrable. The appre.
hension of evil is many times worse than the evil hession on evil ismany times worse than the evil
itself; and the ills a nian fears he shall suffer, he suffers in the very fear of tbem.
Tue following from Prentiae, of the Louisville Journal, sustains his reputation: 3hro or three papers in the interior of Kentueky, are oceasion-
ally attaeking us, and a friendly correspondent asks why we don't "castigate then." The truth is, they are altogether too small. A woinan once
handed her crying baby to her husband, requesttill she got out of patience, and then slie ealled to he hot out or "I patience, and then slie ealled
thash you would spank
that baby." "Yes: said he. He fumbled about for some time, and at length she angrily exelainued "Aint ou going to spank the baby?" "I
would." he replied, "but. indeed, wife, I can't find uny place big enough to spank.

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The Catifornial farmer
 By WARREN \& SON.
$=-==$ AGENTS
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to us on the lat of every $=$ A(trict)LA'S LETHERS-N゙(). 10.
On Stall-feeding of Animals.
Eortors Farmer: In Letter No. 4, I recommended Potatocs as a smbstitite for Tirnips. in in Stall-fueding. I now retirn to the subject bit, before doing so, offer a few rematks on Ani-
nial Physiologs, to enable ms to umberstand more ne:fectly what we have got to ilo.
Fiond, when inken into the stom:tel, is dissolved by the gastric juice into "clyyme"; which "nfter e "iving the pancreatic juice, the hife anm muci s.
on a alont tho I wentine, whore the ab. rbent.
or lacteals, take up the thid pirt. leaving the in-
solnble portions. The chyle, or absorbed flind. is partly conveyed into the abelomionl veins, and partly made to pass throngh numerons glands (in which process it loses its acid re-action, becoming alkaline) from which it proceeds to the
thoracic duct, und is, with the lymph, putherl into the veina cava, to inix with the venon-
blood."* Froin the right ventrele of the heart the hood, collected from all parts of the body pusses with considerale force to the lungs; where meeting with the oxpgen of the atmosplere, it is of curbon, which it had acquired in its passage throngl the body; ninl ehanges its colur from durk red to a bright crimson. The blood so changenl leaves the longs, and enters the left rentriele of the heart, whence it is forcel along the arteries towards the capillaries at their extremesorption of caborn. It ane tin:e, the opinion prevaited ameng flysiolngists that animal heal was prodneed from some urvors elloet on the minstes. which is now abmulumed. Then, that it was troduccd entirely in the linges fom the
contuct of atmospleric air with the cleuents of food in the bleod. This opinton soun gave was to another, that it was cntrely prombeed in the of cular. This opmiun equalls extreme is no It a disconnt and the more rational belinf $i$ genvrally entertained, that it is prodneed in dif ferent parts of the hode, but ehuetly in the capis laties amd langs liet us see holl far this opin-
ion is torne out by facts. There is no doube chat the car! on in the blowl. ly which its ""suluraof the animal tissues in the eaj llaries by oly gen, it a is , a pirated frumer the carbonacenis elements lic shinguoswe.ses respirat ry pow cr: as well as qua lunge, and tbat, by means of an innumetah the vuter portion of the boily at a 1 events wit
its earbon, wherever obtained, und thercby fornish of carbonaccors food will produce a given quanit with lieat. But after all, the air so furnished tity of fat, at a moderate, than at a low temperais lunt limited, and the place where the fllid is consumell rery close and we may naturally sup-
pose that bit a partial oxidation takes place; and, that these partially oxidized atoms are carried along the veins towards the heart, and afterwards to the lings, where they are eompletely oxidisel? and thrown off in the form of carbonic acid gas. This is contirmed by the symptoms of a common cold. The pores of the slisin get closed. The
patient feels a shivering all over his body. The lmings get surcharged with a mncous matter.e. The wholesystem suffersand is affeeted. No wonder the closing of the pores of the skin, and the preention of the necessary supply of oxygen to the ody, thereby prodnce all these effects very simply The carbon. which onght to have been partially oxydized, in this manner is left intact. and is thu carried to the lungs. Consequently, but little heat is produced on the surfiree of the body. But what ean the poor orertasked lungs do with it? They try hard. ank sometimes work so severcly when such colds are of long standing, as to injur themselves permamently; but all that they can do is but to prodnce partial relicf. To oxidize completely, and at once, the blood which should liave been half oxidized before, they make more espirations, and throw off. hy spasmodic efforts. hose collections of mucols mater so rich in car bon, which, it is impossible fur them to prevent rom forming. The kidneys too wark hard to relievo nature under her difficulty, and hence the alcerations frodneed in their secretions, by the dilitiomul Anties they culearor to discharge.
'lite "cligle," or llaite alesarbed from the filood contains that protion of the food which gees to shprert nutrition and heat; and it is specially though not altogetlicr, as we shall soon see, with
that portion of anfmal phesiology that we have odo. How far it undergecs a partial change, rom its lirst contact wihn wir in the lungs, it not for we to say, although, from the nature of is metullic and ak:allne constituents, we are led furesume that it is one rea-on of the clange of colur in the blood. But this we know, that and element in the mithition of animals, turt that the carlonaceons gart of it is mure immediately. adalited for the prodnetion of heat, and also the leposition uf fat, where there is a sufficient quanrity to surpply hoth pirposes. Now this is the
ery mint we want to arrice at. In stall feeding rety foint we want to arrice at. In stall.feeding tronn, where our prinejpal of ject is to make higti aequire a luree quantity of fat, in a short ime, rasher than to furnish food to supply addiianal umuele. What we have gett to do. therefure is to select fuod rich in carlon, where datur his already performind ha $f$ the lack of avimila (ion. amil try to put the ani als under stech modified circumstances, as $w$ ill enalite thito to get fat the most advantageonsly to the owrer, that is to lay on the greatest quantitio of fat powille, in dic shortest tine, and with the least expenditine if fuorl.
Having selected the stock we $\pi$ ish to stali-feed. the first inquiry Which meets us is hour to ac conmodate them while they are Ineine fed. Aant not now alwut to decrerile such bnildmes a re most suitell for the aconimorlation of live tuck, in all the sereral conditions, in a hich the aminer may hase cecacion to keep $t \mathrm{~cm}$. I sha ! col te t myself with a fiw hriff of erration me placell in a low se whele the temperatire can be $r e=$ lated, $n$ il the hebtexe ded at $n$ ' I otherwive the cattie all require a larger $q$ atit of food. and take I nger time in be e perfec ly fat-
rened ; in the neah that the place Wf - re they are i 1 up be wel rent at $i$ and lasts, $t$ at they crece ty fl. andh $t$ lean, a da 'E r la wihltr
The reas $s$ of these derrati sare of $r$ a

unre, which may be accounted for thus: The carbonaceons portion of the food, or a large portion of it, is separated by the absorbents into chyle, and carricd along and mingled with the blood, as we have seen, and afterwards throngh the arteries to the capillaries, where it undergoes clange. Now, if thero is a sufficient quantity ay to convert into oxide of carbon-the who say to convert into oxide of carbon-the who of this carlon already, let us suppose, in a fatty state, then of course no fat is forned, bit, if it amol consume but a portion of it, then it nataral to conclude that this greasy materia from gradual fat. This we know to be a fact. But we also know, that the colder the temperature, the great er the quantity of oxygen inhaled by the lung absorved by the skin, owing to the greater ensity of the atmosphere; and consequently he greater the quantity of fatty matter consumed Which would otherwise be partly left in the system Inis is a wise and necessary provision of Nature in providing for the comfort of animuls; bit th pom farmer looks for a chenper substitute, did whe place of a mel which costs so much ased to so muel beter account.
But it is not heat alone which nodilies th equisite quantity of food, or helps in the acquisifion of fat. Morton-as quoted by Johston-no ouly found, "that the nost prolitable reurn of mittur.fiom the food consunied, is when the ani mal is kept under cover. and in the durk." bot liat the quantity of turmips catell was not one hall. while the incrense of weight was greater this is ouly what we might have exprected, as, nany eases, borlies, which in olvcurity remain to alify withont action on one anolher, are brough into combination by exposire to light; the ranid ity of their reaction being proportional to the bril iancy of the light; and carlonic oxide-in con act with chlorine an element of the bloodone of those on which lipht hav sircli an operation so, that nut onl! is the fattening of animals pro moted by their lering shint ulo. Out of sight of any hjeets uhich might excite or distirb then, lint lurrehy prevented fron aswisting in the dezummo atime of the greany particles of their food, whieh have tieen lirmght. I, the little venvicles of the arteries to the weightiorlood of the $h \mathrm{hin}$; and a
reater qumutity of them are thus lof to minisior reater qumbtity of thein
o the deareed purnme.
In iny i.ext. I shall entenvor 10 show the suita hebeco of Intatom for s all feed ne as coniain ing a found very rich in carimon. and cavig conver
ihle into animal fal Aonicola.

What Food whll Produce the most Wool.
Ag the raisug of sheep is fast camune faror llis -tate, and av it in certainly tleatined to be a Niecp rai-ing anif nool growing State, and tha no on a lage arale, we feel that every practica iritis connected with th,s sulject is of much im for al ce. ancl colly the an xerl aceo nt from Mor ell's shepherd. The experment-can be eavily conset liere in C'a' if a at the pr cent time, and h. - prepare the wa for a more kpoely succens f he! ate baved on truithand will be app cea.je 1001 r Sala:
Peas, beans rutche-, de, are uaefil for the





and phosphate of lime, and the oxides of iron and iven to the slicep whieh will smpply the arentio proportion of albmion. in the sianic ratio will in pioductive of the most wool. proviled, howerer unic also hold in suitable combination the inor anic snustances of wool, withent which they as inilate mostly for the formation of flesh or fas his may be exemplified thus: a soil may le ighly prodnctive of corn, as well as a few of th: may lack the prover proportion of the of wespleat and carbonate of lime and consequently, the herir will not only be deficient in quantity but also quality.
The following table exhibits the results of the danmur, of the distinguished agriculturist. De quantity of several snbstances in inereasing the desh, tallow, and wool of sheep:
 The resulis nre said to agree with those of $1 /$ e Dominile, and
agriculturists.
It will be pereeived by the-above table, tha Wheat produces the greatest increase in the flish hat shacep. though bit little greater than oats nicrease of wheat, and rye, produce the greates he greatest increase of tallow. That. as an aver ge, grain generally gives abont three times the increase in the fiesh, that roots do when in eglia "eight; tinat graill prodnece about twice as ninch "ool as is causcrl by an equal weight of roots, an Thal times the amount of tallow.
The legitimate cunclusion from the for egoing is, hat the tlock-master, whose olject is wool only, conatiment a ere admiraily adopted for the whow and werfection of wonl with a moderate allowanco laily, of ground mens a nd oots and cone potatues - green fool. fur the gruatest amoont of rool anl those fross aubstances oil-cake corn-ment ruta bngas, inay be turned over to the producers agail.

A Grasshopper Remedy
Messrs. Edirors: 1 have just noticed an ar icle in that truly naeful and well conducten jour asl. the Scientific American, which all owners of rivit trees and vines would do well to try now befire the grasclopiper season is over, to prevent them from devonring the leaves.

I borcul proportionahly simalifioles, according the size of the trees, thronglt the sap woxd. si the trink. though at a short distance from the -ror mil. The hules were then packed two thirds till of aulplur and plugged "n with anf pige cerlar unal coated orer with a mixture of piteh and beeswax. I rouhl not doubt for a moment hat sulphur exlalatous were oljno xions to tre worma, since fiom obserrations i know it to be liceace with the red ant a and wome kind of ringed invects, while 1 think the rew $j$ a set forth is wel contirmed by the gradial aisaplearance he worm shortiy atter the apolication of sil pla in from the humasu lody after being taken internalig and al sorbed by the gyvern, which alsorption certa in in ence of the tree for ifon the lollown mialler thoush the ho e had nearly c' g' 'p. Sir recon erri-l in te porket-if i div als Sit $g$ of sulph rate of alver, and there rema formy, coll be d phose that ent phat in it of the $r$ treated the teicra del ie. Rasen.




## California darmer

SAGRAMENTO, FRIDAY, ADGUST B, 1855.


## The CALIFORNIA FARAEER OFFICE in at the Slate

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Comates will do to further the imerems of the Exlunition-what products, what stock and what namufictures ma, he expectud fiom ilheir severia cominties; and to solicit an netive co coperation in this prent work. It is atwo very desirahle tha
 the Fair and to act in conrsemtion. suded thes sitl it promuting and advancing all tle geteat and itr portant inturests involved.
The Escretatice or ollicr officers of each Comuts, are pirticularly deared to reply to the cull at the earlext moneitit.

Per order of Exeen ive Conmituce.
James L. L. F. Warren.
Corres. Sex. State Aerricultural Suciety.
Agricultural Visiting Commsttee.
We tuke plean: re in callurg the illtention of on. readers to the "ppuinument of a $S_{p \text { peeial }}$ Connuil tee to examine those Farms, Gardens Nurserie-
Orchurds, Greenhonses, \&c. that have been on
 may. I e enterell fur the preminms of the State
Soricty: Tlie Committee is componed of gentle Soricty. they will unile promptly, exanine minutely. and report in detail. Their reports should entrace inneortant data. Their duties are as urgent as they are important anml valuable to the State, and we trust there will bo no delay in the preerfornance of
We refer the reader to the doings of tle Execative meeting, held last week at the Society': Rooms:
At a mineeting of the Exccutive Cuminittee of

 Clara. [lum. W. W. Stow of sauta Cenza nnel Gen.

 ums it the elis, ing Fiair. Althnugh the time for such entry lave expired, yet the cemmintlee is in-




Eably Srock. - On our route np-river we called un farmer Simpion, one of the solid men of Yitus connty-ow erer of a good farm and the ferry
under his namo, fine stacks of grain and hay. romi Mr. Simpson we learned that he had Atre heifer was less than a year old. young to bo a cow!

The New County Society of Yuba. We can most sincerely congratinate this coun, and its people of every class, in the successiul
organization of their County Agricultural Society, ds will be seen by their reports, we were present at their preliminary meetinge, and the reill interest then nanifested assirred us there is
material for a noost prosperons: Society.
We know it is very difficult in a new country like this, annid so many distractire cilies and dif. hiculties as at present sirroind all interested, to identified with this Suceiety. At the present time identied with his society. At che present time
there is quite a desree of political exeitenent; a lepression too from loises canied by the grasi-happer-munch, very mincl to deter incil from inmentinte action "!pina a subject so new as ant urgenizntion of this kind. Yet we were trull! pleased to see the mecting so well, we may say solargely attended, when we thiluk of their collt licting interests.
We are sure, from our persional knowledge of he gentlemen clected to office, and fiom those "ho hare so pronpily enrolled their names as oricient, that this suciely will beenule a very within their luodels a a a comnty, and men that know how to till it. of sich a character that we nay. louk furward to glorions resillts in the fiture. The prople in this comity hare evinced great in erest in the coming state Farir. and "ill do their ittiost to excel in whatever they sentel. We have He assurance of a landxome delcgntion from Yi,ua and Sntter connties, who are to contribute wich to this great work.
We are very grateful firr what we have experi nuced of a personal character, and lue inercase of virr list of subtrotibers, mul shall lahor hartl to
ucserve then all. We wish thu Sucicty and our trends all a mosi athnulatht surecess:

Ocr farmer- - To all our kind fitends who are given us their mimes as readers of our jomrinl in the cobnties we have jost visited. we tener our silucere thanks. We will try and make (1) paper that : hall lind a "elcome in cvery family is our laml. To the Press of Marysville, for heir geneturity und kindues towarda our jourinl, "eate most grateful, mid while we still inwhe thuse who jet "hnuw us not,"; read us not e say. try in:; "e desire !our countenance antul "ipport, hut simply fir the pecuniary reward it "ilues. or that we nay be nore widely known, it becance we nlall ectinamuly stive to preselli
 thene hets. il widely disecminated. will build nil our State, will bring as an immigration of the ighle character, and thins blens us all willa a genervel prorpurity. We wifh too, that thore "ho lesite to indure all inmignoutinn. would send the Farmer to their friends in the States. We sources that can be sent hume, and oic that w. 1 lell for goorl.

 Mithouized to annumine that J. C, Davis, E-q. of
 Jur society. U. Wheelen, Hict, Sce.


The muldernign d offer their Oichard and Nursery at the Mission ol Sim Jone, for the list pre | He-plectfilly yours, |
| :--- |
| leanto nud | beaho and Lewelling.

President State Agrinwarchn Ruven, Juls 10,1855 .
 xamination of jour Connmittee and connturtion tor a pretilitill.
 We desire to emter for the staie pieninusio on
 ium "hen it mas suit uteir plesisure.
$\qquad$ taylor.
Yuba, Sutter ann Butte Countizs. - We nnounce these counties as co-workers in the reat encerprise of the State fair. Very fine
tock fron many ranches will be brought to the Cock fron many ranches will be brought to the
Course, and we are liappy to say mentbers will he elrrolled upon the Socicty's records as active laborers. These counties can do much, aud we beliere they will.

Fine peaches are selling for une bil each, in

Feather River Road-Ranches,
pers, Titles, etc.
Startino froun Mary:riile ire passed up the Feather River Rond, exanining the several Ranches, their crops of grain. vegetaliles, \&c. We were continually pained to withess the devastation of the grasslopper, Unt pleased to see the general fortitude di-played under the luss this peste has cansed. Grent as this evil is, $i t$ is nothing compared to the loss and lindrance to the general prowperity caured by the delay in the
setulenicnt of titles. We passed numny fine Ranclies, and noted their inporements. We called at the
"Covillano feather River fanch."We fonnd here a tine tract of land, with a neat residence "npon the lighliand. a broad ambleantiInl opening to the river some nites from the hourc, and as sich bottum land as conld be desired. Cipo thin laned nud in lact "pon the whole of this tine buttom, we have no donbt ere homg we shall see tropieal fromits as well as cotton, lice
 and several olliee tive ranches, we found reanly so rear liberally "ith thowe whe have selled inpun his. lmud, unul "e trixat erety disporition of thin kind will be met with a corresponding liberalit! on the $p^{\text {mirt }}$ of setulers.
Corenext callel at lise things to pleane nis-a finaily courfortably and happhy situmted, reanly to make importun inimperements, List delayed by rearon of "no permanent title." kindly entertained, " paseed un, exankning and calling at matny plince imtil we canle to the
Pegram \& Wilking Ranch.-It were im. roosilide ta view this lovely sput withont nom feelings of envy, almort-sithated ass it is nynu the high ground-a beamiful residence (cotliget style) will ontunildins, and a tine sprice in fivit plumted with pencl trees which we regretted to ec needed a mure scientitic cenlume-("e realt wantelt to ofl coat and dig ronnd thellined ini. hruve then)-we learn hitey will recerive munt care this fall. The magniticent oahs aromid th collage gave it a beantilin) appenrance. In from of the cotage. יuron th3 " river liottum," lay ont tretehed like a park, a prairic a mile wide by me and a-half long. This reieched to the somind Hext the river, the bunks of the river leeing hivee y eroven of oaks. Uver amblligh above hiee th cowcrng Butues like i, lack clonds pileth ar againat the very hearens. Thristine hothona lanition of muny humbred neres canl be uade the fertile and productive garden in the workd.
We were mool kindly regaled with a refremhin supper of hixmies fiom the Ranch-"lomit prou
 nuth indebted for a jopons effeshing. The we rode on.
E'vening dreer on as we rode along the bank of the Fuather. We could not helphombine forward with hope, and in in:aginatiun seetirg this rich and fertile ooil magnificently studded "ith haipl? homes and beatifull gurlens, annl the Farmen -sitting moder hise own vilue and lig tree, with Hone to moless or make him afinid" We rode on and stonpell at the " Hurn Cut Hutel." It, witter our horac, and there learied of a festive -cenc a few miles beyomb-omene juyous gather ing. some "Harvest Hunce," Hnakiug, or metrs:
time, \&c. So, rurally impressed, we could min f.il to be there.

After a few iniles we drew up to a fine mansion and alighted. There seetlued a melry spirit all aromid. A spacious Imvilion. hrightly illumuraround. A 'paciou stood neall the tall ouk, anil by the light We snw it nus gaily deckell and fertoonel wilhn" After a refreshing bistl, \&ce, we were tempted to take a peep into this fairy temple; mud reader if gou had been hicre. yon wimld have heen inpleased ns our humbie nelf. You know int are sumetinnes my:teriously led, we know not how Lut in this instance we were drawn as by somu
gentle cord fiom some powet thal "Derrick," and thas indiced to draw "Sle" nito this seene, ill tended for a joyous fentivity amongy happy friendwilh huplyy hearts. We had remainel bit a brief time when the sound of music echoed through the temple; we turnad, and there before us stowd a merry gronp, youthlul, gay, joyons.
beautiful; anon, like spirits they, were puviu, beautifill; anon, like spirits they were novring gaily before us. We know not exaclly how we
are constituted, or how much electricity there be in us, but we felt a moring of our feet, and on looking down we saw that-

Think ks we would wlate'cr our will,
and imperceptibly our shoes were diawn on by
then made to keep tine to the nursic of the not spheres, hint the dnnce. Yes, reatler, we could not help it Hasd we not been so much a tranger, we woild record all we saw; ; mit the hle time we were there we conld not but notice the lady-like appearance of Mrs. D., and Miss V., and Mrs. S., and the sweet ind joyons finces of He litlle fairies that glidel annong the throng. as to the oller sex, thongh they were gentlemen all, yet when conpareel to the fairer sex, they -ere ns widely difierent ns are the "Brewster" ocks we New Englanders go to see when we rille down across Batrnisiatle Beach to view the nermaids, those fairies of the deep, that the Lord hade to give nian a conecplion of beanty. But eader, the moveluent and exerei-e of our slunes are a new life to the soml, and from this scene e punsed to the world "ishont, and "cnue hoine The festive scene of which we have spulich was t the "Central llotel." nlonat 18 mile:s albuve Inryssille, and aloont half way to Bidwell's. He "ould with pleasnre call the attention of howe who may be called this wry. to this honve, as dexerving iheir patron:ge. Ar. Derrick, the preent propuietor, Ind lieen it great pains and cust to propmre a l'estire Scene, bit by solne mistake it was not as well ittenden as it should have Geen. Ever! thing had been prepared in liist ate oriler-an extra sipper. fine minsic. stilendid
 We singestit to hinn and to all ollhers. a " Harvest llome" laall. and let the room be decorative with theaves of grain mod other prolucts of the earth. len bouge in the farmer :lud his wife, and his dildrell. anll he merry and halpy togelher. This will tenil th the happiness of all.
To our firiend beuch we have been again inNowed lur minch inluranatinn and for an introuble ioul th the cintivators of he connty-hor many rrurs hat words will lyit pmonty repay.

Land Titles-Thzir Sattlement,
Hene is a q estion of the greatest mument, ant une of vital imporlance to the whote state, Wrile the preent state of things: lasts :nad bitles re binsetuled we haill not ourght to expred ant incrensed immigration. Fantilies will nut come unlens: the: can be intired a perimancur hone; inil all hand owners shonith j,yin to acemmplishla so Iesi ithle an end. We believe the first thing to "e livete is to "1,ring those who diller together."
 ur citiznns, nut identilied with purtizan nablare, Jun hlen amll Uncir famblies.

(folut ths hrater ann say "come let ns reason died tiono nther way We have converact with Him! laml holdelx and setters. and they wll wish settle thi matter itmicathly-omly a very feir re hemblange. The ouly hing that prevents diix is thene go-betw eens hat are cominnal! fernenting di-cord among men, ithd keeping then ipror hy the intric.acies of the lar. By ant by he iny of reckomin! will cone, and ail infuny unly due will reat mpon thuse men who have so burg latwed to faten npou the spoils of the latioring chasmes, by keeping them in the menties of the

We have inet Messrs. Covilland, Simpioni. Gen. sulter and culters. and they with one voice are cenly and willing to net humorably and even renronsly by the settler. 1sut there are thoes who oultinnally hoodwink ant deceive, and this stay rogeress in this matter mill keep brek improveHents that would be wurth millimens of dullars to ir Stite and years of peene, happiness and prosarity to our preple.
Let every good min, of every party, nill in the iricilly ectlement of chis question and they will

Favoins heceiveu. - We aeknowledye with arols kecesveu. - We acknowledge with
 Pmeisco: coniprising a seleet collection of magaanics, perioulicals, furcign mind domestic pepers InI picturi:ns.
Firmu our correspmondents in the East, valuable Wukn-ack nowledged in anuther colimmit.
Krom Arinur $\mathbf{r}$. Pabe, E-q., packinge of the arthe Marmer-very aceeplable.
Fiom Wells, Fargo \& Cor, and the Pacific Exfites coo., iwnul favors in exchanges, leters and parcels to forward tho enterprise in which we are engagul. To Wells, Yargo \& Co., we have been paricularly indeted while at Alarywille for proultit aid in transminsion of mattor to and from our ollice.
To tho gentemanly directors, agents anil assistants of the Califuruia Stage C'unpany we Lavo been under manys obligations in our tiavels.

## Formation of an Asricultural Society Counties of Yuba and Sutter.

 3thinit. at halfonol seveln netor:k in hear the

other buninesss.
to order
E. TVe comminttee, throngh their chairman. Dr
 the committee disclarged.
Oiv mution ol ( E . II. Iseach the hooks fur inen-
 tiull, eserv pervon pre-ent signed the constitution.
On motiont, the Clannana applinted a Nunin-


## Plesident-J.J. Sithpatick. lice-President-Gion

lice President-Gco. G. Briggs,
Recurding secretary-G. II. Rea
Curresuonding S"e ietury-M. W. II askell.
Treasurer-C. II. Ifellyess.
Birurd of Directors - W.: E. Teegarden. W. II Drim. i. .N. Nurners. I. C. Sargent Jno. Brophy Chamdler Robert McQueen.
On motion, the noministions were mnan
conlimued and the cunnmittee discliarged
 Enq. oftiered the follow
unainimersly cartied:
Hanimorsly cartied:
Resolrecl, 'hat having full and perfect contidenese in the integrity ant allility of Col. Warren editor of the Cablyonna Farmer, "e pleige onrrelses to ure every reasonable inflichee to
promote and extend the interest and circulation of his papper, co lung as he lives and continues hiin devotion
Whecielion Coll. Warren, being present, rose and revironded iat soties elegant and appropriate remarks. and only ceaned No charm
when the return of the Noninating Comunitte rencinded him, by their presence, of business befure the mecting.
On motion, Culonel Warren was unanimously roted ant honvorary metriber of this Society. lu the eounke of thu eveung, a letter was re
ceived from Gen. Sutter: say ing he was unallo to ceived frum Gen. sutter: say ing he was manallo to
be nillt us on this occasion, but wished to be considered heart and hand with us, : and wo endenvor to be present at the next meeting. constituled a connuittee of the "nhole to obtain constitute
mematers.
Hembers. Cul. Warren rosc and infurned the me ing that by an ace of the state sonciets the Presidents of thist budy:
(a. .. Sin ceay, Esq., moved that when we arl-

 ol "11pointing tle surrioas eommintees and elious-
ing tulcyates to the State Cunsention. to be ing tellegates to the state consention. 20 be
houiten an the city ot sactanume in Septentuer. Col. Wharen null G. N. Surczy were sliccess ively cillted tipurl, and cach in their turn minde
their silgjeet sety intecesting, and only those

preent enution, the editurs of the Califurnia Ex-
 inum ol this meeting:
it wns movel that
thisis Suceiet! tender thanks to tre editors of the





bhoom Conn-Bumons--Since visiting the comity of Sinber and exumining the lietsls of bromn ofrin there. we linat onr nut connty has a
fieid of bioun corn of alout thitly acres, belonge ing to Lauk \& Co. This fiethl is back on the American butome, alonet three miles and a hall from lhix eity. Ilw hight saries from six to lif tevel feet. It is well hemented, the brush is rery long and straight, and the pruspect of a good re turn very hatlering. Mesols. Di,h \& Cou hare rexrisel by the lant stemuler ther machinery for
the c.eaning and uaking of their brooms, and the c.eaning and making of their brooms, and
they expet to hatce their nook in market in albuit ten or tifteen days Lask of Co. exprect to matuabicture fificen to eishteenh hundrew dizen



## Thestate Falk. - We feelaalled upon to urge

 miners, namulacturers inechanies, laborer-all,
equally wilh the asiculutint-and also every artut and prolewioi al man, to give ther mingls.
to th's sunl jich, sind see what they can do to promote the coming Fair. They sbould not ooll


## Now Books.

ane Cut Covilus: The exprerience of a Con
 Row, New Youk. 456 m 12 пиo.
This is a singularly witty, sativical, and well written American rumance, depieting lifelike (and we sunspect (ruthfal) eecentrienties of raral New
Eyghand Society, which will lio purticulurly in Eyghand! Sogiety, which will lie pirticularly in-
teresting to every soll nud d:unghter of the land teresting to every soln nud d:umghter of the land
of steady habits who will nut fail to recognize the accuracy of the portrait these exhilhit, and indulge in heury lauthter at the fun interspersed thronghont the book. Those, ton, whe have tigned in, or are acquainted with fashionable sociely in New York, will be surprised to find *killfully drawn seenes of folly of the Gotham "upper ten" cincles, which while they du not of fend correet tasto, will have a refiurmatory tendency infon all interested, and provokicouly cheerlal mitth in the reader. True the morlidily sensitive mny. perhaps, feel somewhat wornded Unt as the book inenleates mu excellent moral, and seems to have been written for good, we can over-
look the personailties, although they inight hive Leen better onitted.
Mr. B. S. Baggletrale, of 317 Brondway, New York, we perceise by the New Yoik junrials, has intimated an intention to pronecute the ant ho and pullisishers for libel, in slowing up the secrets of his fine pure imported wines and bran-
dies out or fenuine duncestic materials. We sus dies out of genuine duniestic materials. We sunspect, however, that if he is the slirewd busines inan we take him to be, that he "ill not aid in making the book more popular than it will be on
its own merits. A libel suit world be certain to its own merits. A libel suit world be certain to
do this-bint the Cone Cut Covers will find its way into every circle that has an appreciation of keen wit and satire. It will rauk high as a literary effort. and being the lirst prodnction of Benaules', we may hope for still finther works from the gifled pen of the sume writer.
Rotin Hall: A Domestic Tale of the Present Time. By Fanny Eetn. Mason Brothers, New York.
This book, althongh publisticed in the early part of last winter still contmands a large salc, and is regarderl by the Brok ITrade of the East as the "noot sucee.sfml American romance." The Look has intrinsic merits, nuth is hailed with joy We many oppressed widhws and other friendless
women, who felt a thrill of exultant satisfaction it the success of a Ruth Ilall in clevating herect from puritive indipence to proancerity and wealth. There are those who say that the story of Bunh Hisll is a veritable bingraplly of Fnnmy Fern, but we have no evilcuce of its trith. The book however, is one that we like. We like the nonimnly heroism of Ruth as a mother, for the courage to retaliate upon her relatives, who created her with marked unkindness and negleet, simply hecause she was therr relitives annl puor. It is a luson well taught, and one wich the wealthy
will do well will do well to sturly:
Tue lire or Monace Greeler. By James Who has not head of Horace Greeley, Editor of the New Yurk Tribane? Who has nut desired to know more of the man than he now hnows of limin? To all. then, who cilter do knuw, or want to huow the gifieet and exeentric haed of the Lier lurk Triblune ectathishment, "e would say procure his "Life" by Dartan. It is as elltertsining as a rumance, showing the carcer of a lalioriousk energetie, ami indicatipable
New Eingland youth to enninetice and diativetion, withone any of the alventitions allh of Euciet!: Erery sclioul lons shouthl have the lwok, and enjnlate the example of joung Iforace in his obedience to parental autherity. hers altention to the in-trnetions of his teacher, and in liux a ind and cheelfal good will to his seliool mates.
Mr Parton, mulike mose biweraphers gives as - colnet riew of all ande of his hero, prorig coneln-ively that lireele! coutd have hadi notho $g$ to do with getting up the twouh-fur there are sonve thinge in it we think he wonld hase preferred having omiticel. But noothn: coulld have been ountted witlont spoiling the "Life"-1row exhibited as he is
It is a work that will rank with the life of Franklin, in teaching !outh le-sous of elf.denial. unduasry, connour. \&c., anl ole ne cio monti-


| that |
| :--- |
| soos |

Nosices Waly se
Just publ al bj Esward I vermore. New
 Iorh, a new work on the Eas $n$ War, Enely i1-
lushrated eal d Europe and the A of the
Pase and to dar-by an ofiner to the Brin
cumplete history of the origin and progress of the present Struggle in the Eust - wihl biouraphica
sketches of the prominent heroes now figming at sketches of the prominent heroes now figming at
the Crimen. In these dajs, when so moch trisht is wold, works of real merit shontd commanal at tention, and we can recoummend this work as no ouly beaatifully printed but carefully written and must comunaud a large sale
Dobsticks-A new work just published. Thi Look will :oon the found in every honse, judgine foon the author's name aidd fame.
The Star Paplers just pultishlied ly Derby, New York, we feei inclined to call a atention to again as there is a freshness and geniality atout thenr
that we like. And the inspiration that preathes in them, cannot fiili to reach the heart and d good, wherever read.
James. Frbnca \& Co., Boston, have just pull linhed a very neant and aturactive volume, eallee the "Sure Anchur." or the Yumg Christian ad.
monisled exhorted and encouruged, by Rev. I. P. Andrews. The thatk will donbtless hevac and extensive sale, as it is very well written, and ad mivably adipled to the pirpose the unthor hai ${ }^{1} 1$ nind when the book was prodnced. It written in an ensy and flowing style, is wel calcilated for presents to the joung, and cinpie shonld Le placed in all our Sunday and Pablia
Petrifactiun- IVe have received from Mr Lutrifiction we liave ever had the plea-lime of of anining. It is a small piece of the lumb, of a ex somewhat resembling the laurel athout nin inches long quite sumbley, and jilgged. whero the smaller limit.a or tuigs wero brokell off. It is a hal f iuch in dumeter at the butt, and shows all the naunral judentat ons of the nood with th hark wif. We ituend sendug this curiosity to Cul Warren of the Califunsia Farmer, to be deproited in his magnilicemt tuoseum.
Sometime in May last nesair the above article
in the Paget Sound Gourier, together a kield notice of our juirmal. Last weck we received parcel from W. B ampeck, Esq.. one of the ceditors of the Comtier, (thy the hand of Capt. Diggs.) with the petrifaction natred, and it is indee beantiful. It is like a pueco of cornelian, so per fectly is it petrilied We are indecd gratefnl, anr those who dexire to sive it cnn call at lhe Societ! Rnem's ois Funthis street, Sacramento, where thirs will be gratitied.
doateultural Implements - V゙e wonlipa pat dicularly cill the attent on of unr reallers to the vaiouss agricult iral cestablishments in Californin, and aleo thove in the Eistern Stakes, It is in.
portint that erery inplement us al upwn the
 acter; none others shinld ever he nsed; the beat are the eheapest. ainl this is true of all graink
 ofy when cathirinia will lie exportur of the leah pleasire in precelting the best hoose to whenn
 York to whou re e.tn refer wich as desire to ito-
port. we take pleasure in naming the Ifonve of R .
 is all ol, anil well estal/ishe, house. an.l it
 evels are growng in all tho sphl uif our f.ritite ol this honse will con cantly be all rertused in our

Exhlation of stwé-Lntisiana Rac Course. - It is now nelles that the Eishibition of
tuck, Racar. Fe-tiral Giames, de., uill be held
 (enilered free to the suciety loy C. M. E. Is, EM the well known liead of the turf. To Mr. E. It Ihe society is mothted fur the traek, and we foc asoured that Mr. B., witl do all in has power to Irombte the intereat of the Extiolstion. Inde-
 huntited dudiars each, alich wil lie announceal


What a Colathy!-br. Brown, of this city jeaterthy left at the Agricultural Eociety's hoom exeral sers time, veaches, ume of themprowno
 The lalance on trees fol a $x$ ren to th rir month-
old. We sha I give the rarreties. etc, heleaficer. Heanno Eurep.- Ur Clander. -f Yila City.




The Wistean Ilotel (Munays)
Menchants' Hotel. of Manysyrit Menchants' llotel
are neveral goorl anil
;ech appreapriately lomial hotels at this some calliug as in other citiess, or known by sone Ineul name or association. We had only time to take ne cursory ghnce. and only visited two The Mercliants' is a large and splendid IItel built hy one of Marysville's nost weallyy and
enterprising merchants, J. C. Full, Kisg. This IItel is well conducted, and well sustained and titherally pattonized as a inereantite and fistrionitho IIono. The proprictors are Churchill \& Stephenson.
The Western IIotel (Marrays), the stage hoise, of the Califiruia Stage Company, is an innmense structure and contains aloont one humdered romins,
Here the great ooasses of tho People gither. We noticed the books give filty, sixty, and more ariving every day. Here joll meet ever, body The Stage Company give a world of life and Lusi ness, and this line are doing a grand husiness i
they deserve it, for they are doing all in their porrer to micet the wants of the comununits. Mr Murray, the proprietor of the Western, is one or he working men of the age. Il established the Testern more than two years ago. then a wouden Iotel. The fire of alay, ${ }^{5} 52$. swept it away. The The proprietor, nothing discouruged. although eavily losing, recomnienced, and soon erected he present spacions llotel, and which has since been well sustanted. Mr. Murrag's Honse is in excellent order, with fine and welt furnished ooms, good waiters, cxecllent table, and clean inen. Hero order prevails, for Mr. MI. is ever on his post and really to plun and lator for the comFort of his guests. IIe deserves, and we feel as ured he will ever receive a generons support.

Memaers to the State Suciety.-One of the plins to promote tho nisefulnes: of the State Society, is to aid them by the value of memularhip, and this is one of the sure ways to provo orrr interest and jour wish for its sulccens. Gentemen "ho desiro to givo this evidence of their isties, can call at the Rnoms of the Society on Fuirth sireet, lietween $J$ and $\mathbb{K}$, or address us, enclosing $\$ 10$ by mail. This annount entites hem to all the privileges of a member, and they and their immediate familicy to an ndmittance to the Society's Exhibitions. We hope many wil come furward, volmatarily, and enrolt themselves.

Newa of the Week - la this city the prindipal topic is Mr. Mestek recording his deed fur bout half the city. purcliasel of "Jnhn A. Sut er, Jr., of Acapuleo," for the consideration of omo ifly-odd thousand dollass. There are thouglat to the serions obstacles to Mr. Mewiek's oliasinug possessiun. - In San Yrancisco, tho
Crhonicle acelised a remorter named Pulla d a Crlonicle acelined a repmorter named Pulla d of wicunness, when it is waid l'ollard, sinplorted by Lig cane and his friend Walton. vivited the ed torial romn, null the said canc llit Mr. Nislet ne or the elltors over the head; but I'ollard haring acquirel a black eve, uas " hustled "ous
rith his friend. by a compositor ; and Walton whth his friend, by a componitor; and Walton ditor, which gives the Prolivo conrt a jot

Infortivo Ygoetaales, - 16 is not a gras

 trenno of regelables is mouring in mponn ux momm
 her sill kind- of reerelable prudiclio $n \&$ we ale ma -

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Arwe., who erved under We - What

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## CALIFORNIA

 State Agricultural Society, Sacramento City, in September Next.
## PREMIUDS OFFERED FOR 1855.

The following section from the Act of Incorporation. by the Legislature,


FARMS, VINEYABDS, orchards. etc. to give immudiuate notite of their intention, to the Piesident or






##  





##  Bett prir or Turkey Best pair ol Giceec.

Discretionary premioms will he awnaled 1 the society on aricles or animals which the not he named in the list of preminms
Each Committec is anthorized to
special premiums upon olijects that properly bum to the class ansigned to them
dinfing the fair to give directivis to alt whe men wisls to enter animals or any articles for preminn or exhibition, and fortge will be furnished gratis for all ambinis entered for preminmas.
The Suciety carnestly de-ire to be informed, nt the enthest pussible moment, how lar the different dertaking ond what alcomens they intend to exlibil-o that suituble promision may le mate for their contribustions.
All communications upon the siliject. will be promplly responded to and nll infornation cheerfully renderet
The ammonectnent of the awards. logether with
apmopriane exereiecs. will take phace on the last dat ol the Fair.
Secielary, at sachanento.
Tue Executive Committce of the State Agri culumal society, bey leave (1) say to the Agriculturists of the State that ans the thine for holding the dunalal Fair apmonehes the necessity for in-crea-ed and enerretic action this
The ufficels of the Society are gicing thei the altention and money to the furtherance of t!ue work lons this "ill not suflice. Conkers the
Fanuer, Merchant, Law? all ulsers interested (and whe is not? ) cone up to our aid, subseribe anil pay their netubership-
noll gite commthance to the work, our approachmid gite comuthance to the work, onr approach-
ing lain cambet lie made what it shonld becamot be what the resumress of ois State enll for. what the hunver of this thast prominent in for. What thends.
tecest demumds.
The Stale has malc rommendable approprin
Lions for premiums, and the Exechtive Cotunittec bais pubisised a sehedule for the approaching Ex hinition, and it in hopeld that we many be placed Urehards, Nuservies, Gardens, lineyards. \&e.
A computent and reliable Committec may be expected to visit and icport "pon every case in
thns department. Send injomr propositions. that hae Commithee my how the amont of its work Whe stutute under which we nre arganized
litnits the terms of membership to ten dollars. Alyy Gelltunam or Lady selnding ins this smal titicate of melubership for one your.
Ihe questio) of the mitity of the Fair depends
ier) mula tepon the namur it is gulten np mul it eamet be what it should be wilhout persomal interest of a getceral clurates
Wersons homber certhicates of membershipare tions of the society fice of charge
By order of the Executive

By: order of he Executive Committe. C. Wheeleb. lice. N.c.
Bncramento, June 23 . 1855.
free tranapuhtation to the state falb.
'The Excentive Committe of the California Stale Agrict:lumal Suciety, take plensmre in an nomeing to thove interented, thenghont the State, that the Califurnia Steam Ninsigation Co. Citzaetss Lit.e of Stemmers, California stage Co Wells. Fargo \& Co.. and the Pacilic Express Co. hane lite ally" and geatuitursly tembered the service of their respective conveyances for the aransporlation, to and from the appoaching Fair, of such articeses as may le desimed for exhihition incluthing stuck and pelsons necessarily acconnplat aing the samg.
Every thing of like liberality from our citizens, in any portion of the Stite, will womd to render milike it worthy of the State and her people.

135 urler of the Exemitive Commintte.

| C. I. Ilutcminson, President. |
| :--- |
| Eacaamento, July sth, $1 \times 5.5$. |

Way Does Land Produce Nifeds?-Decamse acemmbated by agres of the growth and decompositinn of veaceation, han there is of that property required for the elops we wish to raise. As we buse olien said. "burn a jlant and the dahes
will show what the soll is contposed of. The ashes are what is trawn from the carth. By the decompoxition, what was drawn from the at mosphere, has been liberated, and esenped in the form of gas. The awhes are mineral, nind never exist, naturally, in the atmosplere. The ashes of all
plints, consist of the sanc sobstances, only in difplants. consist of the same substances, only in different proplortions. Like roap, which is grease,
and alkali, but when properly combinel, are deither, but a new compound. So with soils. If the compound is largely wild, or vegetables, it will produce wecds; mnke an excess of pliosphate
of lime, and it will as naturally produce whent ; give it an escess of alkali, and it will produce potatocs. A farmer should fit his crop to the soil,

## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

mas hare an opportunity of coupparing the cinul)country with that of the northern portions. The
very great inuportance of the successful introduction of this crop by the firmers of our neightior-
hood should be an inducement to chose interested cultivation of the plant and in the difficiong of in information necensary amons the difficion of the wise urable to obtain it. Shonld, as we hope tablished in this countr: there aill lic an excellent opportimity for our farmers to ubtaln information would und the cultivation of muny creps which would undoubtedly prove extrenic
but which are neglected at pesent.

Lime, Warble avo Coal-Our patriotion and entep pliking fellow citizen, Mr. Gwiu, who has the lune depot on the Plaza, informs us that he
has recently opened a magoiticent guarry of mar is limestone quarry on Featier river fact ; bollt garries lying about eight milece fron the river and wome firty wileo from wrycuille These quarrices lie six miles leeond the rece,tly discoveled coal mine, of which we have heretofor spoken, and which, Mr. Giwin assures lis. will when opened, provo very rich und very extensive We are gratitied to learn that armngements have been perlected for the inned iate develonitent of this coal mine. The road from the lime and manble quarries to the river lears by the coa
minc. and Mr. Gwin anticipates much beneti from the coal in calcining his limestone. At pre sent Mr. Gwin is competled to hanl his lime the whole distinne to Marysville, in wagons; but he near the coul nime and usibcateroon the river supply of Marysville and Sucramento with the The marble is licautifally varierated aud surcep tible of a very tine polish. Tte is alout construct ing a mill on the ground. for the purpose o
making narble dust for the use of sud: manufacturers. Most eordially do we wish Mi. Gwi success in his enterprises. He is a social bene-
factor and deserves success. - Mirrysuille Ferald.

Sllver Lake. -The following, de.eriplion o
this beantiful sheet of water, is extracted froul this beantifil sheet of 11
the Placerville Anerican:

Directly west of that portion of tho sierras knownas the Round Top, in the midst. of pinnes like great collosal columns, stand thick aromm
lies Silver Lako so lifted np above the lowe world that the birds there nevel sing; lint w will spenk of this and the reason for it presently its watere, is the sum from the extreme pmitity fork of the Sonth Fork of the Ameriean river. I lies to the right of the ehigrant mat, thatigh a
 peciliar to the monntains of Culifurnin full of life in its myriads of speckled trout. But the tran
only is fonnd. while in other langer lakes, ns Latk Bigler, a variety of fishesabommi. It is here tha a smull band of Digger lidians, fivm the lower

 ting it to a kind of steaming process, remblering i equily tender and juiey, mid quite ns palatable
as the diah their more civilized nuighlurs eonsume under the namo of greens. This lake. matike others upon the omombtains much linger than it combling for this pecoliarity. which we will give in a fithre number, as aliso the reaton why the
little birds around its shores, never sing." The Fremont Clama. - At a recent meeting of
the suthers mind mmers, huhl at Surpoa, B, F'.
Morn is, Chairman, and L. Vining, Secretary, afier Moriss, Chairman, and L. Vining, Secretary. after
exp:ainug the olgeet of the meeting. the followinge cxpaining the olyect of
resolntion was passed:
Reselved, That in the opinion of this meeting
 to surver tand of John C. Vrant to ten leagne- of tand locale the monntain limhs and settements of Maripuas
 the astional liw. and a wanton sggreession and and miners alicady in posessinnt of and resile:at upou the aforessid lants
Information Wanted.- - Information is want cd ly ant attlicted mother. of a sull, a yo ng luath, formert! resilled in St. Lonit; and int Aprit, 185:2 in company with Enlwarl Heep, saled for Cali
fornian Srom New-York, by way of Paman: Sines then, no intelligence has licen has of hims. I1.
 to the matter. sent to her
will be gratefilly received.

## Glass.-A new mannfactory of plate ghas, says anl eachange, has been commenced in il ill

 says anl exchange, has been cominenced in il ill-iainabirg. ( $X .1$..) where plates of glas ten fee
widn ten leet square can be nrade no strung that it wil hold a tun wuglt, and so clear tbat the fine prin
of a newsphaper can be readily rend twrongh a plate
four mehes shick. it
12 $=2=$
fllistrllany

## This to true poetry; it treanthes patriotism, and it will awnike

 every hrea-t a grealor luve and a eruer devollon to that an equenily. It wis rend by Rev. Mr. Corwin la hlo addrese he fill July, at San Joze, and we prestume it was uriginal. houtd be published in every paper in our land. -ED.]
## You can't eever the Unlon, for ye cannot undo, The relatlon of hruther to brother :

The relatlon of hruther to brother
Bul when sorruw u'ertikes him sour heait will he true, To the love you once hore him when to
In peace, hy the oide of your mother
You can't sever the Union, for ye crunot untwine
The numberless ties thant lise bound you The numberless ties than liave bound you, That hes silently sprend in the rain avd the olline Til, when you would hurst them, encb gossamer line, Turne to cord and cable around y
You enn't sever the Union, for ye cannot forget
How your fatbers atood fboulder to shoulder How, like une in privation, their atern hearrs were set; Low, like one in the conflict, our foemen they met; Huw, like one hey melted by sorrow, nud ye How in danger, grew bolder and bolder ! The fagy of our freedom and glory;
it waved o'er the fietd, whare our fure waved o'er the fietd, where our furefathers died, Their chitdren unfurl it with reverend pride, And tell the end nations the story !
What 1 sever the I'mion 1 whio, who, th
The grave of our country's defender
The grave of our country's defender?
What, the North and the South lan the fuel to fiame,
And tight o'er his nithea whose glorious naine And tight o'er his an lies whose glorious naine

No, we elerish the Union with heart and with hand, Ahrough the lengh und the breadth of eur ;

## Alme by the eye of Omoipotence spanu'd,

Whe rie in our strength, and the eraven w


The Old Monumental Bell and Eouse.
 ays: We bietly noticest, in a recent ellition, the dumolition of the old time honured honse of the Brmumental Encine Company. No. 6, situated on
Bruhan I'lace. at the heal of the Plaza. There are, howerer, snue inturesting remmi-cencen aws-
chatel with this old bui Jing. which should secure to 11 more dan a paving notice. It is so intimitel! couluceterl with some of the most exciting piaces of the history of our city, that although mir exluming them at this moment. mat not are Cheur trone thic oblision to which all things mortai ulust pack yet few will gainew, that this venera-
ho lamlmark is mum orthy the attention, and which bolamimark is minworthy the attention, and which
is as richly die the nulice liand of menstaclied to as to the edorice itee fo. The Company was form ed as carly as Jine. Is 50 ; bint was not recularl organized and aduithed until heptember I2 IE50
at whith ture there were near three hundreit mumben attachel to it. In those dars, when the
mome lesiructive ele enent nas not kept within the nar
row liwuts to $\pi$ hich the effiorta of the Themartment How himits to $\pi$ hich the efiorts of tive topartinent nalli, ; thi to be a meunter, was rather the excrption
lu the rule. IJence. there were few merchanta or property o smits in town, who at that time drl wot count it not only an honor to be enroued. bat properti. In a word, there wele fewer white kidcove members than can be boa-ted now $\rightarrow$-days

Webster, and of flenry Clay; it has pealed its
neisy clangor to celebrate the anniversary of In-dependence-the adinission of the State into the Union, and the varions celebrations of the Depart-
nent. As the red glare of the Fire King bcame across the city, this bell has been first to send forth its wavming tones, and in those exciting days conncils, their dread taps of the "Meremental Bell" For some ture indeed, this was the only bell in town, exceptin that of the Presbiterian bell in town, excepting Powell and Jackion strcets. I'his, however, was Powell and Jackion strcets. This, however, was
not hung for soune time, and was struck only suspended sufficiently above the ground to admit of its leing sounded.
The first fire for which the Monumental bell was rung was at the birning of the two stcamers
fanta Clara and IIartlord, at the end of Long Whatf. in 1850. It has now been suspended in a tempoury loclfry crected over the honse fronting honsed until the new building is completed. Well may the Dlommenials call the bell their ipet," with a peculiar affection. The honse has been the ings extraordinary. Ilere Bacchus has often reigned supreme : the grape-u reath encircling the brous of the jully god only equalled as an hillarıous emblem by the good huniored faces so wont
to throng the building. Nor have the smiles of Beauty been wanting to enlhance these scenes Scarcely a celobration since the erection of the
house but the occasion has bern rendered doubly velcome by the attendance of many estinuble ladies, whose gifts of wreaths and banners are jet retained thy the Company ns tokens of the appre-
ciation in which they are held by the fiir sex The Aonnmentale yloo heve their the fair sex lecticuls as an offisct to the remembrance of happy days. Since their organization, sixty-three mewn bers have died. In the cholera days of '50, eleven in one week were stricken down; one has their duties.
The new honse is to be bnilt under the superintendence of a Committee of the Cumpany, It
will be 68 feet 9 inclies in depth by 21 feet 9 will be 68 feet 9 inches in depth by 21 feet
inches in front; to be constructed party of Male kadel stone, from the loint of that naine abour two miles below Benicia, from the quarries of Mr Willian Andrews, The front of the first sory "ill be of citinese granite. The lower, or busce-
ment story, will connpoe all enpine roomt and sitment sory, wili compo-e nill enpine roont and sit
ting roonf for the Company; the second story, roon $20 \times 20$. for a librais; ; ar,l the balance. 48 feet, a meeting room for gelicral businc:ss. Altogetloer. it will be a creditrble building, and, to
judge frown the plun $w$ hich we have attentively exaunined, it will prove an ornnavent so the city It will be completed in alinnt forty days.

## Sam Slick'a Bargain.

"You will liud," Nallt the Doctor, "the inen (I except the olher nex atwayn, are as acute as loul
ate at a burgain. fou ate mure likely to be bittell than to lite. if, on try thut ganae wish them. "Bet joula dollar," sris 1 ,." I rell that old coon as casy as a clock. What I a Chesencumker
nuthell for a Yankee! Cunc. I like that.-Hat is guoul. Hleic gues for a trial at any rate." "Mell We didn't need ho woold, but it don't do o legin to ask fur what you want, or jou can' "Yes" said he

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ail
I kne
"" hat's tho price," said 1, "casli down on th I knew the critter would see "the point" "It's ten dollars ane a half."
tlalifax. and it tlon't coat the no:hing to carry. it there for 1 hise my oirn eha' lop-but I will celt it for tell inllars to nulige : oll.
That was just seven dollars mor
That was juat seven dollars more than it was
orth. worth. - Well." s.3is I, "that"s not high, only cash is
scarce. If yon will take mackerel in pay, st six
do lars a kirrel (which ase tur do dolars a hirrel (which anas two du lara liore than is value) praps we tright
selt tue twenty cord "'
- Ye. 1us, be thenty-fire."

- Ulo," wid he, macherel is worth only three
dol ars and a halt at Ilalifax. I canit sell mine
estll at that. I hare sixiy barrela, number one,
"If jou will promise me to lef me have all the
 duliars a curd. real rocis mapie, and yel ow borch


## lars and a haif, money down."

 and a ha fat Halifax, and in cor't beat bon three jo. by buyrgal yor macherel, ou must at
obliee me by letting me haveall the urood I want - Done," said be.

So ke warped into the wharf, took the fīh on
board. and poid him the roney, and $c$ cared fif board. and poid him the money, and c cared fif.
teen pounds by the opera-
"I thonght," sais I, "
What I wanted at ten."
"Well. I have chang
"Wanted at ten."
oo low.
"And so have I," sais I. "I won't trode witl man that acts that way." and I went on hoaro nd the men cast off, and began to walp the ves Lew is touk her anchor.
Lew's took ofl his cap and hegan scratching his cad again; he had overreached himself. Ex ociing an immense profit on his wood, he had and jumped on board.
"Captain. yoll will have himat ten, so much as you want of him.

Well, mearsure me off half a cord."
But didn't you say you wanted twenty or
" N ,", sais I. "Yon said that I might_have tha mech if 1 wanted it. but I don't want it; it is only worth thrce dollars, and jon lave the modahic half a cord to plecise you-so measure it off He stormed, and raved, and swore, and threw his cap down on the deck and jumped on it, and stretched out his arm as if he was roing to fight, nalloaing easier, and foamed at the mouth ibike hoss that cat lobelia in his hoy.

## S'adies' :

The Bloom of Aoe.-A good woma grows old. Years nay pass over her head but if on liferl, she is her view. When we look upon a good woman, we never think of her age; she looks as charming as when the rose of youth hirst bloumell on he fade. In her neighborhood sle is the fritil never bencfactor who dows not .he is the fricnd and comactor. Who has passed her daspect and lore the ness and mercy? He repeat, snch a woman cannot grow ald. She will alwo buovant in spirits, and active in lumble deeds of nercy and benevolence. If a young lady wishes to retain the bloom and beauty of youth, let her will reth and virtuce, and to the close of life she appear a garden of swects-crer fiesh and eve new.
A Sweet Yoice. - A swcet voice is indispenAle a monan, do not think i can describe ot inconsistent with great vivacity, hit is ofteu he gift of the gentle and unohtrusive. Loudness rot rupidity is incompatible with it. It is low but yllable is distinetly heard but they follow each other like drops from the fountain. It is like the cooing of a dove, not shrill, nor even rlear, bit vess. Whirlo every roice aswumes in monnents of deep feeling or temicrness. It is a glorimes gift in woman-l shonld be woll by it more than beanty-more cren than by talent, were it possi-
ble to separate them. But I never heanl a deep weet voice from a weak woman. It is the organ in the busom. till their sacredness almost hushes in the basom. 1 ill illis.

A Faitherl firl- - A case of woman's lore and devotion, says the Chicngo Tribnne, has recently been brought to our knowledece, which ecer lainly equals andithing that we losve ever me
with in the realris uf romance. The circumstan es occurred in this city, and are perfectly we amthenticated. While the small pox was ragin
here \& few wecks ago, a joung man employed it here a few weeks ago, a joung man employed
a store on Lake street, was helzed with the dis eave. It was of course, improper for him to re
main there, and the people with whom he liver who were distant relatives of his, refised to pret nilt him to stay in tbeir honse. The result was ie was token to the peat-house. It so happene
that he was engagel to lie liarried in a most est mable joung lady. No shoner did she heal his enndition than she determined at once tha ion and went uhere lley hard laken her betrot -do the pect-holse. Iliere she f-and limm, alon vick, wretehed, deserted by al the world. An
 ing bevide tis be l of pain, -aothing his distrespe oonsoling nil it have been has last moment Thom he loved better than all the world. remasio ing fa thful to the la t. Il r band it was that her ear he poured hrs lass a rd-of I re. of sor-
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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER


THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## - $)$ aristies

A war of confadence hask kpt manya man silent. With every act of life. we are building up for onrselves the great. th
struct it so it awaits $n$
The whent crop of Oregon this year, will proha is sitid, will not be harrested at all.
-Io man eser left his mark on the age in which he lived, who was not an enthusiast. No true
work was ever accomplisbed without enthusiA Drao Shot--A physieinn who resides in the sonthern portion of this city, upon visiting in sick nann, "if he did not fin plied the such a distance. patient in the next strcet, I can kill two hirds with one stone." "Can you. sir !" repplied the in and immediately disniissed him.
Homeand Country.-The ties of Family and he soul. Man is connected at birth with a few. Ucings that the spirit of humanity may be called
forli by their tenderness; and whenever domesic or national attachments become cxelusive, en grossing. clannish, so as to shit ont the gencral
clinms of the human race, the lighest end of Prosidence is frosirated, and home, instead of being Channing.
A cclebrated comedian arranged with the green grocer, one Berry, to pay him quarterly; but the diue. The comedian in great wrath called upon the grocer, laboring under the impression that pretty mul, Berry ; you've sent in you bill. Berry welty mul, Berry; you've sent in you bill. Berry, Burry wonldn't have been such a goose, Berry. carc a siraw; Berry, and shan't pay you till Christmas, Berry.
Wooden Nutmegs Ootdone.-There is a Parisian dandy, who, we think rather ontrloes
Connecticut: C - had at his residence a complete costume of a groom. When offering an at"Permit me to send jou a bonquet Ly my black servant." He then repairel to his garret. took mit on hisis livery, and knockerl at the lady's doo - llere." ho said, "are some flowers by master to madame." He had spent his last live frames in
the purclase. Nadame was so delirhted with the purcliase. Madame was so delighted with
the precont that she presented a lonis to the lear. the prescont that she presented a lonis to the ljear. a lady's favor into the bargain.
"The beat thing I have heard," writes "J. II. L." "in excmuplitication of the saying, 'Provi-
 got olvongh harvest. Ilans?' 'Yes; me and ins hays worlied like the devil all the tine, very would get through before winter: Gitt we did. 'Providence sniled on me,' and we have just hit-
 Why yon see Ife just blasted about furty or hify
acres of my wheat, so that it was not whrth reap ug. and su. youl see, we have just finished! !"-
Kinickerbucker. "Is this 'one horse town," writes a Moloile friend, "as our New Orleans neighbors desibnite brevity Ile is a shrewd, plaitr-dealing tailor as otice cuald wish to 'rasce with, and ats our rivers have been low this season, and but little cotton in the murket, Tom ventured in company with a friend in purchasing a lotlery ticket in the Sonthevo Military Aeadeluy Lottery, each sharing the
cost and winnings, of coursc. floe ticliet was ob tained, and 'low's name pat on the agent's book amed, and Tous name pat on the agent's book
for that purpose. Time worc on, and in courve of a few days the lottery was drawn; and every one was on tiptoe to know whu was the luck! Montgomer!, and sure as shoothry, 'Ton Tirhttit's name was coupled with the filteen thousand dollar prize! Etreka! 'lhe agent sent his boy lock, and desiring lim to bring in, histielict and get his eliceck for the dimes. But alas! Tum's tarted a lew hours presions un a lunting had and Jom, not knowing the manber on the tickel into his neighbor's store and very contidently uhi-pered hix good luck and requesting in a ver nenghtiorly suanner to go along and liquidate. At the batr of conree it was talked oter, "lien one or swo others "ere adnitted into the secerct. One tonsted, tumbled, and toddicd until his tonrue run lifteen to the dozen. A messenger wus uis
patelied to the woods to hunt up Sunith, Hhe tickethoder. Une, two, thrce hours passer, and no
Sinith, and Ton's luek was the tath of the tuwn Sinith, and Tonts luek was the tath of the tuwn.
When - ah-liem! An encineer of one of When - ah-lem! An enginecr of one of curr
rirer boats walked ! into the ticket-ollice and pulled rirce boats walked into the ticket-ollice and punled
out of his pocket the lucky tichet, his natue be-


MEDICAL.
CONSUMPTHON CAN BE CUCT,


i. eeve than it
onsumption.)




## Dr, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

onsumption of the Lungs, Liver Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronohitis. Whooping Cough, Iniuenza, \&c. Mnhy
tiean
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SEIT W. FOWLE,

R. B. CULE, M. D.,













Grent Bargnims: Sclltug orll SAMUE1, JELLI'S


















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 Thiu dipurtawent will he uider the euperi ion ol na neent













HILLER \& ANDREWS.
These well kinww Jowelera will cuntruencice eelling uff weer



## The Californix yarmer.

## EAGRAMENTO, FRIDAX, AUGUST 10, 1855.



The California Farmiea in bostov, Mass.-Copies of the
 State etreet, Boston.
[TP Maxण Arcruxg of every branch, Nurrerymen, Seeds
 $n$ the Californil Fans
tnown over the county.

A Word for the California Farmer.Who among our many readers will bear us in so kindly a re-
membrance ns to induce onc, two, threce or foce of their neifbbors to Lecome, like them, eubscribere, We wisb to enlarge our
lies, so as to make ourr paper better. What subecri-s-rill lieh te os to makk
speank to us frat ?

## 

Hon. Henry S. Foote, Sacramento
Sir: It is my pleasing duty to inform you, that the Executive Connmittee of the State Agricul. tural Society has unanimously seleeted yon to deliver the Annual Address before the Soeiety. at its regular Meeting and Exhibition, to be bolden in this city, commencing on the 25th day of September next.
I invite your aeceptance of the same, and solicit a reply at your earliest convenience.

Very respectfinly, your ob't serv't
C. I. Hutchinson, Pres't.

Sacramrntro, July 26, 1855,
General C. I. Hupeninson: President, sce, \&c.
Sir: I have had the honor to reeeire your note Str: I have had the honor to reeeive your note
of ycsterday, inviting me, in behalf of the Executive Conmmittee of the State Agrienltural Society "to deliver the Anmmal Aiddress before the regular Meeting and Exhibition of the Socicty, to be holden in this city, commencing the 25 th day of September next." I need not say, that this eall is quite uncxpected, and that other engagements will make it a little ineonvenicnt for sue to comply with the wish of the Committee; but fecling a deep interest in the success of the Society; and duly apprcciating the personal compliment implied in the invitation to address them upon the occasion specified, have felt it to be my duty to state that I shall experience much pleasure in executing the dinty whicb lias been thus, as I conccire, imposed on me.

I am, most cordially and truly, your friend and obedient servant, IIenry S. Foote.

## tie great exhebition

Tne Executive of the State Agriciltural So eicty will send out in a fisw days their Large Handbills, containing the full partientars of every plan, together with list of Preminms, and the
Exhibition festival. These cards will be sent Exhibition festival. Theve cards will be sent
to Public IIouses, Express Oftices, and Post Offces, and the Goverrmment ask a kindly attention to these bills, and the co-operation of all the
citizens, that this Exhibition may be worthy citizens, thr
this State.
The Imals of Exhibition. - We are most happy to announce that the coming Exhibition of Agricinture, Horticulture, Floriculture, and Works of Art, will be lield in the Assemthy and Senate Clambers of the State House. These magnificeut Rooms will soon be made to ech with jojous notes of California industry. It an appropriate place and can be made heantiful. Manufactures of rich wares, and moods of all
kinds, Paintings, Diggguerrean Art, Embroidery. \&c., will tind these halls magnificent show rooms.

## Entrees for Premiums

To Col. Warren, Cor. Socc. State Ag. Society : Dear Sir: I wish to have my Peach Ureliard presented to the Committce on Fruit. Urelhards:
\&ce., for the preminm of thic State Socicty. ce, for the preminm of the State Society. My frwit will Le ripening in about ten days:
from this dite, and slould be pleased to receive from this dnte, and slould be pleased to recei
the Committee at their most convenient time.

Yours truly, Fm. McPaerson Ilill
Russan Rrver, Mcndocino, Augus 3, 1855 .
To Cor. Sec. Sute Ayriculleural society:
Dear Sir: We desire to enter our Cornfields for the State Society's premiums, and shall be
glad to receive the Examining Committeo at sucl glad to reccive the Examin
time as may please tlicm.
mais please tiem
Yours suly,
IIumbolat Phoducts.-The Times speaks of noticing on the wharf at Humboldt, 2 large of fresh butter, cheese, \&c., which was
Weeott and Salt river, in that county. pose it was intended for export.

Our Politics.
We are so often inquired of, relative to our "political erced;" so often ealled upon to open letters containing stirring political strains, linked with agricultural lore, that we are really troubled and vexed. Our journal is devoted to agrieulture and its kindred sciences, to the promotion of those interests that tend to build up the State, and to make it tbe happy and prosperous home of an intellectual and happy people, and from this purpose we can never be drawn, driven or bribed by
any pecuniary or political consideration, or hope any pecuniary or politieal consideration: or hope
of gain from these sources: our highest ain being of gain from these sources: our highest ain being
the diffusion of that information which me believe tends to permanent prosperity and happiness. For this reason we feel called npon to declare anew our purpose and plans, and to present the political platform of the California Farmer; and from this time we trust no letter or communication will be addressed to us containing political or party matter, for it cannot beadmitted spect the politicat feelings of all parties. We live in a free country, and a glorions one too, and while we accord the liberty to others to act as
they sce fit, politieally, we elaim the same liberty or oursetves, and that freedom we shall take by keeping free from all partisan warfare and poitieal strife.
We, however, declare that we are "Know Nothing" of the old sehool, and give our leader-
"I 'know nothing' which tends so much to the glory and prosperity of a country, as the imThese are the words of the Fother of our cound
. IIe who was "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen," was also first in promoting the glorious science of agrieulture. IIis words, his works, his precepts and his example he has left as a goolly heritage, and we priy these may never be forgotteri.
We, therefore, "khow nothing" but agrieulure and its kiadred sciences, that will tend to ad vance the interests or giory of our country.. The know nothing" which will tend so much to allay party strife and politieal warfare, as social interourse among well instrueted minds, engagen in the noble employment of agriculture, and to this end we labor, and for this cause will our jonrnal plead, and we slanll luok for an increasc of sup. port and favor jnst as rapid as these principles prevail. We mark this in the nanies of good and true men that are daily sending in their nanes,
their approval and support, which is more cheer-
, ing than all the fame or honor that political glory ean give.
Agricultural Addresses.-The Editor of his journal, in the course of his tour, being frequently called upon to lator for the adraneement of Agricnlture, will be most happy to aid in the formation of Societies and in familiar addresses. whencer good can be accomplished to the causc. Col. Warren will, by invitation of the friemds of Arricnlture. deliver an address in the Church of Kev. Mr. Briggs, at Marysvills, on Sunday evening next, at $41-2$ o'clock. Sulject-"The moral influences, of Agriculture, and the blessings it confers upon IIome." On Atonday Col. W. win be present at the mecting of the County Society, same city, at City Itall. Every friend of Agricolcure should now be ready to do all in his power to encourage the interests of Agriculturc, sthey are the foundations of all prosperity.
Yuba Couxty Society.-It will be seen that the members of the Yuba County Society have aken active steps to make it an efficient one. Another meeting is to be held at the City Inall, Iarysrille, on Monday evening, I3th inst., for the purpose of making a more complete organization, establishing committees and cloosing delegates to the State Agrieultural Fair, which is to take place in September next. It witl be seen by their noice that the Rev. Mr. Briggs, of Marysville, will Ieliver an address on that erening before the Soiety. The reverend gentleman is nots only a lover of the beautifnl in nature, but he is well qualitied to teach, by a practical knowledge of the science. it is hoped a full attendance will give tho Society a new inipetus.
Agricultral Oration.-By the correspond-
mace in our columns to-day, it will be gratiff ing o see that Ex-Governor Foote has kindly consented to deliver the Annual Oration before the State Society. It were needless for us to say what may be expected, for the announeement of the orator's nanie will do this,
The Artesian Well being dug for the city of
Jan Jose, has reached a depth of 235 feet aud diseharges 75 gallons of water per ininute.

Chere are novernia Industry. and manufactured produced from the soil, raised enough to supply the Site, Grain and Flour only to supply California, but resources suficient for the whole Union, from material already prepared for use. Our dairies supply hundreds of tons, per month, of the best Butter and Cheese. Beef, Pork, Lard and Hams are now articles of large transactions, and will soon be had in quantities for shipment. Soap is manufaetured in large quantities. Candles, also, of excellent qual ity, Uil manufaetories are establisted, and the material is now furnished fron whale ships fitted out from our own ports. Starch manufaetories are in successful operation, and the character or the article made ranks high in the market. Preserves of many kinds, and some Spiees are prepared. Confeetioneries and all the fancy works are of home products. Implemeuts of IIusbandry such as appertain to the farm, to a great exten
are the products of California. Iron Works, Maare the products of California. Iron Works, Ma to the most minute, are now the result of California enterprise; also Brick enough to supply the State, and Granite and Marble of the very best finest quality. Slate is being quarried, and reeent discoveries give proof that soon we shall be fully supplied from our own soil.
No State in the Union can boast of greater me cbanical skill, or the genius needed for inanufac. tures of every description, than California. Le but the proper sympathy and just attention be given to encourage "home manufuctures;" let our eitizens awake to this great matter, and California will soon take high rank. The coming Exinbition of the products and resources of California will give an evidence not to be mistaken.

## The City of Marysville.

In the years past we well remeniber the apparent rivalry that existed between Naryssille and Saeramento ; high words, hard words, went bc tween city and city-but it was in the "nerrspapers,
trade, steamboats, \&e., all influenced this kind or -rame; it was words, and we are very happy to see and know that even words have passed a way and nothing but the kindliest feelings of frater nity exist.
It is some tro years or more sinee we rere in Maryssille, until our present visit, and we find that Marysville, like Sacramento, bears the marks
of progress and permanency. Both are goodly of progress and permanency. Both are goodly cities, and dest
Maryssille is indeed a prospcrous and beautifu city, and is daily becouing more so. Improvements of a solid and pernanent kind are being made; her citizens, her inereliants, her profes sional men, "grow with her growth and strengthen with her strength." They are identified with her stability and claracter ; they love her, for it is their Ilome; they will defend her, provide for her, build her up as a city of palaces-for she i like a pet child to them, and their affection i fastened to her. The people of Maryswille love their city, and well they may. The sun may pour down his rays ever so hot, the people cling to their favorite, their hone, with all affection equally warm and glowing; and it is this fidelit, that has built up Marysville, and will build up any city. The trials that the citizens have passe through are great, bst they have nobly born them; and as we remenbered sears gone by and ealled to mind the names familiar, that is once san over the tent or the shanty; down on the banks of the Yuba, we to day. as we wall through the raiseld city, as we look up to the
piles of lrick and stone, we there read the names familiar to us in by-gone days, nanes as permanent with the prosperity of the city as the granite that bears them. We could not help noting the names of-J. C. Fall, of Fall, Eckman \& Co. Wm. Hawley \& Co., of Eaton, Bubb, \& Пawley Treadwell \& Co.; Garst \& Galloway ; Harring ton \& Hazeltine; Crafts, Farish \& Co., of Farisl \& Alams; Decker \& Co.; Jewett, Scott, and Val entine ; Ircland \& Co.; Cheesman \& Co.; Eaton Gibson \& Co. There are many others that we know, old and permanent citizens, merchantsthese however will show that merchants who ar firm and thene, cannot long remain beneath the
cloud of misfortune produced hy calamity. In passing through these inereantile houses we w cre gratified to kuow, by what we saw, that their prosperity was not in appearance only-there was real business, profitable business-the loaded stenniers coming to tho levec, and the loaded teauns
and pack trains going from tho city, told the story. We rejoice at this prosperity, in our
will take a vew interest to aid and build up the country - for when that is prosperous, then tho merchant, manufacturer, and meehanic will be so too, and permanently.

## Weekly account of Fruits Exhibited at the

 Society's Rooms.From this time until the Annual Fair, a Committee will attend at the Rooms, from day to day, to examine and record suecinctly such data as will give to each exhibitor the same ehance for a premium at the Fair, as though his fruit was there and then exhibited.
The following is the data taken for the last week:
One
One basket containing nine Pcnehes, free stone, maminoth size, and splendid fruit: from the garden of J. R. Johnston, jr., Esq. Three "Morris White," largest measurement, short diameter, cight and a quarter inches; long diauneter, eight and three-quarter inches. Three "Meloeoton," largest, short diameter, eight and a-half inehes; long diameter, eight and three quarter incbes.
Three "Crawford's Rare Ripe." short diameter eight and $a$-half inehes; long diameter, eight and three-quarter inehes. Two of the largest weighed one pound.

One basket coutaining nine Penehes, free stone Crawford's Rare Ripe:" from the garden of J. R. Johnston, jr., Esq. This fruit is highly ereditable to the grower. Specimens a shade smaller han the abore.
One basket containing four specimens, (we uppose them to be "Red IIeath,") measurement of the largest, shopt dianieter, eight inelies; long diameter, eight inches. Two of the largest weighed three-quarters of a pound. This line fruit is from the garden of A. Runyon, Esq.
One basket eontaining three varieties of Apricots, from the extensive gardens of Kuhlaud Co., near the Fort. Measurement of the largest, short liameter, six inches ; long dianneter, seren inehes -wcight four ounecs. This is truly splendid

One basket containing two varicties of early Grapes, white and purpte. These specimens are remarkably fine for the season and highly creditable to the grower. They are from the extensive gardens of John Woolfskill, Esq., on the Pitah.
Dr. Brown kindly sends us the following in elation to the peaches exhibited by hina, and riefly referred to last week by us:
Edrors Faraer: Believing that it might not wholly uninteresting to your numerous readers, I subjoin an account of the several trees, from which the peaches werc obtained, on exhibition at the rooms of the Agrienltural Society on tho 29th of July:
No. I-Salmon Ifeath.- Threc specinens, argest, IO incbes short diameter, 101.4 inches long diameter ; smallest, 9 inches short diameter, 9 and a fraction inches long diameter. Tree, threo years old from the pit ; circumference of bit at the ground 143.4 incles, at the first fork 15 inches, and I2 incles from the ground to the forks. The forks consist of two limbs, one tending to the east, the other to the west ; the former $9-2$ inches in circumference, the latter Io inches; these soon fork again, aurl compose about fifty limbs. Hight 17 fect 7 inches, periphery of the branches 58 feet. The fruit are freestoue, and hegin to ripen about the 15 h of July. Last year the first crop was produced, and which was mall; the crop this year about 31.2 bushels.
No. 2-Bhush' 1 Heath and Brown's SeedlingAbout thirty-dne months old from the pit. Four pecinens of the seedling fruit ; largest 9 inches liort dianeter, long diameter 9 and a fraction inches. Three speeimens of the Blushl Ieath imensions mislaid. Circumference of but, at he ground $143-4$ inches, at the forks I2 $3-4$ inches. Hight from the gromnd to forks 2 feet 10 inches; they comprise three branches, which end to the east, west, and north ; tbe two former re the Secdling, and the latter, being in the ifurcation, is the bud, "Blush Heath." The ast limb is in circumference $81-2$ inches, the est branch is $83-4$ inehes. This tine seedling is derived from a White Iteath pit. The bud ranch is 9 inches in circumference; this branch omprises over 50 limbs. Iight I9 feet; periphery of brancbes 65 fect. This tree boro a small erop last year; crop this year, supposed to be about four bushels; the fruit are frestoue and uniformly large, and begin to ripen about the Ist of August.
Ao. 3-Bud, Salmon Hea th.-Tmo specimens neasure mistaid, fruit largo size. Hight of tree, 0 feet 4 inches; circuruferenco at the ground inches, at tho first fork 4 inehes, from ground to the fork 3 feet 10 inches; periphery of branche

19 feet $\overline{7}$ inches. Are from tho pit about 18
months. Crop. 63 mammoth peaches, matured. months. Crop. 63 mammoth peaches, matured.
No. 4-Eud, Sulnon Heath. -Tro specimens, measure wislaid. fruit large size. Hight of tree 8 feet; circumference at the ground 3 inches, a the fork $21-2$ inches; from tho gromid to forl 3 feet 3 inches; periphery of branclies 18 feet Crop, 57 miammoth peaclies, Age frome the pit about 10 montlis. I might adhl more examples bitt this will suffice, to encourage fruit grower and annateurs to derote a brief space to Pomona.
In conclusion I may add, that the fruit disposed of from No. 1 amounts in the ageregate to $\$ 115$, at $\$ 1$ to $\$ 5$ per dozen, therely enabling the retailer to realize al handsome proct.

## Flouring Mills at Marysville

Tue people of Yibiá county are activels pre paring to do their own work in the way of manufacturing flour.
We have exaninel the "Buckeye Mill," owned by Messrs. Tceegarden and Foster. This mill is notr undergoing repnirs, and much improvement will be made in ceery feature of the work. It has three run of stones, capable of turning out 100 barrels per day. Snith's smat cleaner is
used at this mill; this cleaner rerolves 1000 times per minute. The grain is raised to the roof of the building to winnow, theuce down to suut, up again for a second winnowing, thence to a damper, and then (when sufficiently swelled) i passes to the stoncs. Whed first ground, all the flour that passes the perfect bolting cloth is bagged; that which passes to the second bolting cloth is again returned and ground over, until $i$ is perfect enough to pass No, 1. The mill moverl hy steam power; a vory fine engine does the work grandly; and at the small c
of only three cords of wood per day.
The Queen City Mill. - Here, too, energy enterprisc mark the place. Messrs. Soule, Bord well \& Co., are the proprietors of this mill, and their prospect for a fine lusiness is flattering. They have now tro large run of stones of four feet, and one small stone for small grains, The mill can turn out 100 barrels per day; 250 quar. ter sacks, with other fancy kinds, can be made in a day. They are preparing now for erinding buck wheat, which is much wanted. This mill usos Smith's smut-mill. They are now laying
machinery and preparing to excel iu every department.
Feathra hiver Mlla.-This is a new mill. in a new location, ncar the toll-brilge ; it was the large saw mill, and is built very substantial. It will soon start with, two run of stones, to which day will be turnell out. 'They use Pease, Jr.'s sinut-mill, this being the second one of the kind in the conutry. The mill is carried by two steam engines of 30 horse plower encl, and will be of the out A No. 1 tlour. F. Cunniughan, is the pro. piector.

Special Nottees.-We Wask our readers to examine the shetel frum Sierra Valley, by "Alice," in this weck's issue, We republish this, heliev ing it will be acceptalle to onr readers. There is
an ensy grace in lut style that wins, and we feel an ensy grace in lier style that wins, and we feel
assured our readers will the happy to know that "Alice" is to be a constant contributur to our colemmes.
"Rural Tom" writes holdy, and "Retty Mar tin" will no dor he carefully criticisc her allmire We miny expect an ansiver soon
"lioving Jack" is ever welcome. The shall give his requests early attention.
The gratify ing letter of our co-latorer, the Cor responding Secretary of VuLa County Society
shall reecive carly attention shall receve carly attention and his requests com"Agricela." No. 11, and "'A3" were both duly
duly recelsed.
We ank the earmest and kind thoughts of all reade rs to the :puetinl cirrls of the Execntive officers of the sitate sinciets, in order that they
be enalited to advance the State Extubition. Ilaving been absent a considerable tinie for the last few weche, we leze i duleence for any omission of dity to our frunds and realkrs, and fo
errows that mas have cect I rotice in or pap r.
 grasshopper co-ntry, we sam thesernds of the
deep holes whice hat been dug in the earth b
 and we loneve we san b les e ourh in Yuba
B tie aml sitter ourties to bare -llectil th?


## Oiv, thou invidhlt athert of winder.

Another vict unt then- diesill" his addition to swell Miother viction hasg given lis addition to swel ficrible demonen, drunkenness. Tho evidence adduced hy the coroner's inguex, was that one John Fan Arnam met his deatl frum wounds given by openarp instrunent, in the hands of some person unk nown. From outside information. gleuned roin relinble anthority, your reporter learns that
the circumistances coninected with the affray the circumstances connected with the affray,
whiel resullact in the death of the nufurtunale whielh resulted in the death of the minfortumate
mann, as far as known, were snbs:antially these: Ie was first scen rumning from a house in Yirgin "Syen, with his hand to his sillo, exclainning streanc one has strood issuing me from his a clapte and his face somibly inutilated, immediately attracted the attention of passers-by, by whiom he was removed tention of passers-by, by whom he was removed
to the Western House, where he died the next to the Western House, where he died the next
day. From the ferw words which cscaped him prior to dissolntion, it appears that the anthor of the crime was a Mexican, with curly hair and wliskers; but nothing was said of the provocation given, which induced a vongeance so summary and fital. The supposition is, judging from do-
ceascd's claracter, Ulat in a fi of drunken frenzy easca's character, that in a fit of drunken frenzy, he assailed some hot-blouded denizen of the quar eer whicre it occurred, from whom
death wound.-Marysville Ilerald.
We saw the mangled remains of tho unfortunate man, as he was about to be placed in the coffin and borne away to his last resting place. Terrible as was his death, unhappy as must have been the life he thus led, it is not for us to censure or condemn him now, lle has gone to his final account; he has been suddenly called where rery act of his life will be reviewed; and where a merciful and just judge, from whom there is no appeal, would pass the final sentence. The mortal form was before us, soon to pass to the grave. The spirit had fled and returned to Ilim who gare it ; and as we gazed we could only think Where the blow would fall henviicst. A death like
this fills heaviest upon the living, and although a heartless world may be glad to lurry the unfor lunate victims of intemperanee from the carth, they forget that the living lave affections not jet deadened by the poisonous cup, and they it is that sufler most keenls. For as the victim becomes moro and morc lost to feeling and affection, so the innocent suffer still the more kecnly.
As we stood gazing upon this new rictinn of
outraged law, and looked formard and reflected Who would moann his fall, or conle to follows lim to his grave andl weep over $i$, we remembered he would soon go to that bourne alune, that those who would feel the blow the keenest were fir, inr awny. We gave the tribnte of a tear as we passed from the slirouded corse, and remembered
he had sisters and a uoother, where the barbed javelin would striko home tho proisonous wound.


Then mereve thow to mr:",
 firul compoued of our friculs, Chas. I, Macs, C.
L. Low and F . F. Lorr-have just opened a news and extensive hanking house on the corner of
 The neight of solid caputal ant the lighl tinaneial apabilities enhinted in this new lanking estab. existence.-. Marys rille Herall.
We are happy to copy the above notice, and to adde, that having visiled this new lasiking house we know it is all that is represented. In the senior partucr we recognize an early pioneer of California. Cagt, Mace was one of the earliest commanalers nipu the sacranento. We recollset our first trip up-riece in ' 49 was with Capt. 31. and we theu received muelı kind eas, which
we nor take pleasure to remember, by wishine we nor takc pleasure to remennber, by wisline
him nud bis housc complete success in the $r$ enteprisc.
There is also another ner house, Messrs. WilKinson \& Co, gentleaen of expericuce and mean:, intending to do a legitimate hanking business.
Prince's P'hotean Focntais Pex.- Wetakic great pleasure in reconmending this nex and ralualle invention to all who do not wish to be troubled with constant recnirence to an inhstand
to be annoyel with i ky tine ns. lican be used for hours witho 1 ruplenis ing. The purt of the pen is gold, an 1 the holfer india Ritu- masle cry lisht and graeciful. and con ret int $t$ carry in the pockel. . It can easly be ithled N - n ex-
hau-ted, and will arite oner two or tire quires

Col.. Bropy's Rancu.-This large and tine Ranch is situated upon the Yuba river, and contains abont 5000 acres-a portion of it rich mineral land, now being cut up in search of gold We were courtoonsly receired by Col. B., an xamined his crops of grain. We now prosent
he amount of hls crops of the last and presen che amount of hlss crops of the last and presen
cears: $\operatorname{In} 1854$ Col. B. planted 150 acres of ears: In 1854 Col. B. planted 150 acres of his cost land to grain, and the amount raised was a follows: of barley 3400 bushels, oats 1400 bish1855, is as follows 80 busels. The present year's crop cuitivated, is as follows: 25 acres volunteer, 125 acre cultivated, and the whole crop is only 1533 bush
els, making a difference of two-thirds crop, or els, making a difference of tiro-thirds crop, or over four thousand bushels of grain. This heavy differenee arises from rust, smut, and the grassholper, and we find many farms that are losing cavily. We have in proparation schedules of the crops of Yuba aud Sutter counties, which we hope to give in full. This is the reason why we do not particularize more now.
We visited some thirty farms high up on tho Yuba, ncarly all changing hands, and their appearance was melancholy in maoy cases -no innprovenient, all waiting to know woho owns the land. We wish we could be assured that some neasure could be devised by which that unhappy question could be settled. The whole country suffiers.
A Complete Agricultural Tarehouse,Among the many fine warehouses that add to the credit and prosperity of our principal citios, ws must ever revert to those which take a promi nence in agricultural interests. Aniong those we know there are none that rank higher than those of 'Irendwell \& Co., of San Francisco aod Marys ille. Wo found much of interest and pleasure during our visit to Yuba county, in csamining
their warchonse at Marystille. The ond and aim of the proprictors of both these houses is to have cererything complete, from tho simplest pruming Inife to the ten-horsc power thresher: Everything that is to leconsidered useful or valuable in any department of agriculture, or tho ware needed for the mechanic that constructs our housus, canlalwass be found at Treadwell \& Co. It is interesting for any one to go llirough and exam. mine those extensive warehonses,
How to Dio Sinest lotatoes.-A great cror, as well as loss, anmanlly occurs to farmers, from a want of knowledge on the most siruple suljects. Tho sweet potato should not te har rested like other potatoes, but when abont ripe the side of the hill should be opened and those that are full size should be carefully taken out and tho enrth covered over the smalier ones again By this means jou may have two, lliree, and omet imes four crops from the same vine. This plan lins been tried in tho lslands successfully, and we ask cultivators to note by trials tho re sults in this country. We earneally a-k attention 10 this, as of moneent to California.
Net Market Hoces in Snchamento.-The Sow City Market Hlourc has jist been opened, and it is a crellit to our city. It is situatell on $k$ street, near Fourth-a fine lorick edilico with arched entrance. We paseed throught the market and were pleasel to sec :o much at so early a day: Te noticed a well filled stall of fruits an I regeables. from the garilens of A. P. Smith. Fisq. We Naw the very hand-omo filled stall of F . J. Bosler
$\& \mathrm{CO}_{4}$ which is undonbtedy the linest stall in the inarkel, and speaks inich for lins caste and kill, and what is more, his choice meats are all spoken for at an early hour. It is to be hopell that the putlic will rimit the marbet and bo low a I Weral patronage upon it.
Califormia Brooms.-The great broom-corn field upon the land of John A. Paxton, Lin., on the Yintas is now nearly harvested, ani Messra. Chave\& Tawlor. who hare cultirnted the "hronm?
are nox sendi= the'r t broom's's" to market. A. a new broora sweeps clean,
toon of tamilies to the fuct that ther may ene age Culifornia manufactures. Chase \& Taylo Mary:rille, and Lurk \& Co. of Sacram nto city are not in the market with their prolacts. sure and give preference to our orn pr-1-etse Lons op Grals.-We hare jut rece'ved istl. co ney there will nit be fitty a es of $\tilde{f}-1 / \mathrm{its}$ harviled; and - ra is rtry bad-Dot in th er p. Bodego is also worth
lihe claracter
are bel gharr

Destroctive Fire-Horses Burned.-W0 isited tho ruins of the stables at Marysville which were burned on 'Iuesday erening last, We were awakened in the night by the cry of fire and we lookied from our window and saw the
brightht light. Having learned the terrible disaser to life of so many noble animals, we visited he ruins, and never but onco before did we behold so terrible a sight. Here were the carcases twenty-nine horses and mules, some very large and valuable animals. We noticed six very large mules huddled together, thoir heads crossing on another, as they died in their agony. Wo were
told by those who heard it, that the arenized old by those who heard it, that the agonized elling of the animals was like the blast of a trumpet. ' One young man lost by this fire, two ix-mule teams of much valne, that he had carnca by hard working. Hi had just completed the payments for them as they were burned. Others
lost heavily, and not only animals, but hay, grain, wagoos, harness, were lurned. There wero fortythree horses and mules in the stable; only foureen trere saved. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary, as the man that first sam t reports seeing a fire in the hay-mow about the size of a bushel basket, and he tried hard to collquer it, but having little or no water, the fire
triumphed. We hope the incendiary may be oon caucht, and his reward be cominensurato with the evil intended. We cannot but remember the contrast letween ' $49-50$ and the present time. Then, crime was punished, and that promptly. Now, the criminal not only escapes, but becomes bolder by believing he can always essape. Wc do not adrocate lynch law, but a law that will deter men from crime; for it is not the terror of the penalty that crifuinals fcar, so much as le certainty that that penalty will be inllicted as soon as they are detected and proved guilty. When this certainty is felt, men will flee from rime-never till theu.
Californa llotels.-To our friends who inend to risit California.-As journalists, we foel it a duty to speak a word occasionally for tho enefit of those who niay be culled to our shores and are not fully advised of the best llorfils. We shall therefore, from time to tine, give a word or tiro on theso matters.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { San Irancisco Hotels, No, } 1 . \\
& \text { Masselte. br J. Jtaskette: }
\end{aligned}
$$

The Rassette, by J, jlassette,
The Uriental, by Capl. Waggstaff;
W ilson's Fixchange, by Elastcrlurook
The International, by Peck \& Fisher;
The St. Nicholus, by drmstrong \& Ilidgway
Sucramento ITotels. Nin 1.
The Jones llotel, by Mrs. Clark;
The Dlerchants, by Barucy \& Ladd
Tbo Dawenn IIotet by Dawson.
Muryscille IFotels, No. 1
sten Itotet Murray's ;
The Western Ifotct, Murray's;
The Merchants' Hotel Churchill is Co .
The above we know to he all first class llutola, and worthy confilence and support. There aro thers of excellence, but we do not know them so wefi. Those who may design to visit California will erer lee satinficd to drive to cither of these. and they will feel at home.
Whate Fishivo at Ilcmaolut Bay,-Tag Timea of the $1 \times \mathrm{h}$ ult. sars: The steamer Mary Ann cajethrel another whale on Tueslay. They are to be seen in iminense mumbers off the har-
lor and the crew of the steamer have no troasl, la lor and the crew of the steamer hare no trasila
in tindl ng them. Whaling is liere a mere pas-
 ilat variely known to wha ers 2s the hhmompin Sepletolser. Thie al is tr. el out on 11 at
11 mpuldt P'oint. The busin will ht es be more remun rative than any oll r 1 its.est on the l3aj

## Cnivese Theatre.-The Auburn 11 mill asys; John" has become no m-m roos on China $\|_{i} 1$ that he has eree-1 Kin. f a theatre $2=1$ हrefy  

The Grais Matixer-Wb-tinely y ad-

 $=1$ -


-
$y=0=0$

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## State dnricultural Societur <br> OFFICIAL NOTICES.

Tis Exeeutire Counculite of the Sate Agri. enlurual Societs, beg leare to say to the Atriticultarists of the State that as the time for holding the Annual Fair approaches the necessity for in-
creased and energetic action thronghout the State creased and energetic action thr

## beeomes, daily, more apparent.

The officers of the Sociely are giving their
time, attention and money to the furtherance of time, attention and money to the furtherance of
the work but this will not suffice. Unless the the work, but this will not suffice. Unless the
Farmers, Merchants, Law yers. Hotel Keepers and Farmers, Merchants, Lawy yers. Hotel Keepers and
all others interested (and who is not?) come up all others interested (and who is not $\%$ come up and give countenance to the work, our approachand give counlcnance o the work, our approach-
ing Fair cannot he made what it shonld be-
cannot be what the resourees of our Slate call for: what the honor of this most prominent interest demands.
Tbe State has made commendable appropria
tions for premiums, and the Executire Comnittee has published a scliedule for the approaching Ex hibition, and it is hoped that we may be placed
 expected to visit and report upon cevery case i the department. Send in your propositions, tha the Committee may Know the amount of its work limits the terms of memhership to ten dollara Any Gentleman or Lady sending us this smal
sum will have subject to his or her order a cer sificate of membership for one Jear.
T'lie question of the utility of the Fair depend very much upon the manner it is goten up, an it cammot be what it should bc
interest of a general character.
interest of a general character.
Persions liolding certiticates of membership are, with their familics, admitted to all the exhib: the Society free of charge.
By order of the Executive
Mreeler Rec. Hutchisson, President
cramento, June 233, 1855.
Agricultural Visiting Committee.
$t$ a meeting of the Exeentive Committ At a meeting of the Execultre Conmintec of
the State Agricultural Soeiety, held this day,
Gen. C. I. Intehinson of Sacramento, Rev. A. II Myers of Alameda, Ion. Sherman Day of Sant
Clara, Ilon. W. W, Stor of Santa Cryy Allen of Yuba, were clected a conmittee for the examination of Farnis, Orchards, Vineyards,
Nurscrics, Se., which nay be entered for premi ums at the ensuing fair. Although the time for such entry has expired, yet the Conmmittee is in-
strueted to receive propositions for snch entry until the 15th August, being bound, of course, io visit only those wbich may be within their range


To every organized County Agricultural Society
Ianinstructed by the Execntive Committe of the State Agricultural Society, to ark the ear nest co-operation of ecrery Connty organizution.
and to ask of the Corresponding sceretary of eacli sueh information of their several Societies as wil make known to the Executive how much thei Exhilition-what products, what stock and whet manifuectures unay be cxpected from their several counties; and to solicict an active co.opecation in
this great work. It is also very dessrable that special delegations should be appointed to attent the Fair and to act in convention, and thus nid in promoting and adrancing all the great and im-
portant interests involved. portant interests in rolved.
The Sceretaries or other officers of each County are particularly
earlicit moment.

## Per order of Execintive Committec.

Corres. Sec. State Agricultural Society.
Free transportation to the state fair.
The Execulive Conuitle of the Californ State Agricultural Society, take pleasure in an nouncing to those interested, throughont the
State, that the California Steanı Na vigation Co Cititens' Lire of Steamers, Calififornia Stige Co
Wells, Fargo \& Co., and the Pacific Express Co Wells, Fargo \& Co., and the Pacific Express Co
have liberally and gratuitously tendercd the ser vices of their respectire conrey ances for the trans
portation, to and from the approaching Fair, portation, to and from the approaching Fair, o
such articles as may be designed for exhibition, such articles as may be designed for exhibition,
including stock and persons neeessarily accomp3 including stock
nying the same.
Eucry thme of like liberality from our citizens. in any portion of the State, will tenl? $t 0$ render
the conning State Fair of greater intcrest, and make it worthy of the State and her people.

By order of the Exerutire Committee
C. I. Hणrennsson, Presid
Sacamento, July Sth., 1855
Members to the State Suciety.-One
Members to the state suciety. - One of
the plans to promote the lsculness of the State
Society, is to the plans to promote the escfulness of the Stat
Society, is to aid them by the value of member
ship, and this is one of ship, and this is one of the sure ways to pro
our interest and your wish for its sucecess. Gen yourr interest and your wish for its suecess. Gen-
teencnu who desire to give this evidence of their Wislles, ean call at the Roomso of the Society oun
Fonirth streel, between Jand K, or address nis, street, between , and K, or address 118 ,
$\$ 10$ by mail. 1 This amount entitles.


## gij) orticultural Afpartment.

## Grafting the Chestnut, etc.

From an interesting letter published in the Cincinnati Gazette, from Mr. Sheldon 1. Kellogg o the Wine Growers' Association, dated Bor Mr. Kellogg says:
have been mnch surprised in seeing the great dependence the poorer clasces make upon
he large chestnmt for their daily food. It is culthe large ehestmmt for their daily food. It is cmlor this purpose. All elasses nise them more or their tables as a dessert, either boiled or roasted it is often made into soup, which is highly
teemed. They are cooked in a multitnde o rays, and $I$ know nothing of a farinaceous natur Wich is so rery delicate and nourishing.
"The marron, or large ehestnut, is the produce of the wild chestnut after being engrafted. The
wild tree, at three or four years of age is cut quare off. The stump is then split twice. The slits intersect at right angles at the centre of the
stump. There is then inserted a good sized branch of the same tree in section of the splits
making four branches in each stump. Care is and the bark of the stump join each other as closcly as possible. The gratt is then surronnd
ed wath clay and inoss, to prevent the outflow of ed with clay and moss, to prevent the outheres. Th period celebrated in this elinate for this opera-
tion is the month of February. The prodnce o tion is the month of February. The prodnce of
this graft. is usually a fine, large. Weautifully col They are unuch more delicate in texture and thavor than our wild chestnut. They are neve
caten without being cooked. The tree is a ser beautifnl one, being though not so high as ours beautifnore dense in foliage, and shading a large space of ground."
spall not some of our horticnlturists profit by
Whe information given by Mr. Kellogr, not only the information given by Mr. Kellogg, not onl
as it regards the chesnut tree, but also iy experimenting on grafting fruit trees generally, in
similar manner to the one deseribed? Ife ar similar manner to the one described? If are
unable to sce why a like favorable result will not follow the griftit:g of the apple, the peach or pear or any other fritit tree. We think the superiority
of the chestmut, as stated by Mr. K ., is owing to rafting, mure than the ordinary tree wecthout rowing so high, and thereby cansing the jujees, mination tmore quickly and fully, than when the are to pass througli a long trunk. Besides, we preat 11: branches wider, and further, from th centre of the tice, will also extend its roots in a corresponling ratio, and thereby receive a prohe carth, for the prodnction of its fruit: and that consequchily. the sizc of the fruit will be in
creased, and its quality improved. Wo are tanght in the writings of the ehurch
hat a trece coriesponds to man, as to will and anthat a trece coriesponds to man, as to will and un-
derstanding. And in the degire that we become cquainted with botanical seience we are enabled n the varions nies of a tree, to things in inan
We sec that the tumband lianches of a tiee correspond, as to wse, sith the underalanding; and
the roots in like mamer to the will. And this correspondence to be perfect must enter inte the
shole organization and life of the tree. Ther nust be a peeffect adaptedness of the roots in their organization and structure to the performance of
of all the uses required of them by the trunk and branches, that lile may flow through the former of fritits. And benco we concludo that when hew impetns is given to a tree, by which the preading of thereby given for greater productivenes that a greater extention and spreading of the roots will eonsequently take place.
To Paeserve a Bouquet.-A Horist of many ears' experienee gives the following receipt for may be Then put it into a vessel containing soine soap
uds; this will nutrify the roots, and keep flowers bright as ner. Take the bouquet out o the suds every morning, and lay it sideways (the there a minute or two. then take it out, and vater. Replace in the soapsuds, and it wil bloom as fre:h as when lirst gathered. The soap
suds need ehanging every three or four days. B obscrving thene rules, a Lonquet can bie kep right and beausiful for at least a month, and will tention to the fair, but frail ereatures, as directe above, must be strictly observed, or all will

One Receipr for Ilappiness.-Preserve the privacies of your house, married state, and heart from father, mother, sister, brother, aunt, and all
the wrorld. You two, with God's help build your wn guict isorld ; every third or fourth ond who tand between you two. Ibhat should never be romise this to caeh other. Renew the vows at ind Your somls will grow, as it were, together young pair had, on their wedding day known his sceret, how tuany marriages were happier

## fadics' 周quartmont.

## Sketches from Sierra Valley.

## y y lice

To-morrow l'm to bid good bye to our ingle nook, loek up the eabin, nail sbingles across the window, and carry away tho honsclold fods from the dominions of the Stonu King. the othe day a tlock of deer came down the hill behind
our calin, stopped at the brook, and scemed to our calin, stopped at the brook, and seemed to mer haunts, or to remain and be hunted iuto th now banks by their enemies we wotves. The could sec then turn their eyes apprehensivel towards the snow hills, as though they had beard the storm-spirit marshalling its forces in the glen. At last, one old fellow with great wide antlers,
probahly the patriarch of the tribe, started down probahly the patriarch of the tribe, started dow
the branch, and the whole flock soon distippeare mong the trees.
I hare already passed one winter bere, shut
ont from the world, surounded by great snow ont from the world, surrounded by great snow
drifts, with no outlet save towards the slig, and oh! how dreary were those long chilly month who had been storm-stayed; and how antionously I marked the daily decrease of our litule stock of hook $m y$ dwelling anil swayed the pine trees to and fro on the hill. Then I thonght of the freez
ing traveler in the Alps, turning his glassy eye beavenward, and trying to brush away the hiln of death. Then I imagined that my hushani might be lost in the snow, and alnost fancied I
could hear the wolves fighting at their dreadful carnival, How earnestly I insoked sleep, th for the well known form coming down the trail But the clowds were gone-tho irind stitled, ant I repeated to myself the lines I leamed at sehool

## Aye gloriouly thou standest there, Beautiful, boundlees firmauent

## That swelling wide o'er carth and

With thy bright vault and anphire wall

- we built our hut his frozen valley? You might as well ask th anigrant who shoulders his ax and rifle and
drives his team into the dep forest, why he has left the paternal roof to dispute the soil with the sarage. Alter all lie is in pursuit of happiness; a foreign shore, thongh the clouds of misfortune
follow in his wake, he thinks that in the quiet woods, with a log calin that he can call his own woods, with a log cabin that he can call hind stools, he may find that in vain.
1 do not think that the young wife ean fulfil a higher destiny than to bid adie, to lier early
home and all sho loved, save one, and to follo home and all sho loved, save one, and to follow
him into the mintrodden wilderness, How onn hearts warm when we listen to the stories of our grandinothers. Who lived in the liute stockad forts along the Ohiol Ming a time, when
little girl, I sat cowering in thic corner, treasurin little girl, I sat cowering in the corner, treasuring
up erery word of the inlian story told by the
palsied old lady who lived the other sile of the
 iny bead and dreanct abont hmlians chasing thic
setters from the clearing, and bmong their cat ins, until 1 awoke terrilient, and hearl nothing
but the barking of the house-dog and the solit reathing of my sweet litule sister who hat laid her hand upon my cheek. I litte thonght then
that I shond ever journes so far toward the Ucthat I slonid ever journeg so far toward the Ue cident, or sit fy an Artemeci:a hre, watching the
lightning play round the rags of the Roeky Mountains, or listen to the ringing of the settlers
a.x in the Sierra Nevada.
glorious life is the pioncer's-so full of wild adventure; sometines gloomy enongh, but then sunshine. The emigrant's wife must "sutter and be strong." tread lightly life's pathway, skip over lamenting her hard fate, while, her hushand is swinging the ax in the forest, or following the
plow. So did not the emigrant mollicrs of the West, when plying the spinning-whect, or pre paring the evening meal for the laborers when they returned tired from the elearmg. What
eared they for the caprices of fortune? Their children ran whooping the woods as joyous and independent as though they belonged to some
But, there is one great oljection to life in the
Bountains of Califurnia; the Sablath day is descerated, and the tenehings of retigion, whielr we have all been tauglit to respect, are only spoken of as something with whel people have nothing
to do. This might be rasonable enough if California were heyond the tlight of the Angel of
Death. Ent now and then we see a dozen or two people slowly ascending the hill from the river. colleeting round a new made grave, taking off
their liats and acknowleding the existence of a God. Some one sets up a board "in metuory o the fresh ecarth and hurry away: ${ }^{\text {and }}$, Yask not how or why he died. The slory is a melancholy one of guitt and shame-yonth, hope. dissipation, dis-
pair and deatl!! Let the sience that broods over his grave by the way-side protect his memory, and when the expressman brings the next letter to his entin and linds it empty, let him rethills suicide's grave, but that they

Burica hinn decp in wie intinito en

The stranger coming into some of our nining ans might suppose that there was no llereafte miners are not a commmity of inhidely. Now and then one hears some hlasplemons wretch reviling the name of his Crcator, and ridiculing the story of the Cross, but it is revolting to tho better feelings that are hiblden in the hearts of the apparently reckless, and they secretly despise Snow has already fallen on the hills that I have to pass to-morrow, and they look as cold Well, we have crossed the snowy hills that I looked at with apprehension two days ago. rude log hut where I had passed so many pleasme as the smoke curling up slum gishly from the chimney after the honse has been bandoned, and I felt half inelined to go back and rekindle the fire that I had raked up on the hearth. Last night we slept in the snow. A
rouring fire was built up against a big log; fir ranches were spread down and onu little party corrated in front, and passel the night quitecom About midnight we were andakened by a solo
from a California hon, got up prublably for hig own amusement exclusinely, or it may be on aecoritory. Few persons hare passed the niglat high p in the Sierras withont hearing the discordant howling of these animals; and lew ever heard he sound without making a eritical examination of the nearest tice. The sonnd is an harmonious
blending of the bellowing of a yonng ox and the elling of a panther. At lirst th seemed to me hideous beyond deseription, bit 1 soon got used spasinodic bowling of a pulitician hall seas over. a duett performed hy a California Lion and a arge wolf, one on either side of the creck. The int he eave up in despair when his vocalist, becane thoroughly warured up, and "eclio con'd
besp he doolfu' tale.
", and I the "Sketches from Sierra Valsartily glad of it. When winter's reisn is over and the other denizens of the wood return to their old baunts, may be I may return to mine,



The Duties of a Guest.
That the duties of a hostess are many and nerous, no one aftcmpts to dispute. Guests have
way of thinking that none are owing in return. a way of thinking that nome are owing in return.
l'his being the season of inmmerable conntry Minstations, which fall with especial weight npon as so situated, let ns see what Mre, Manhinks should be the duty of the visitor:
"I'o acconmodite yourseif to the latits and ules of the family, in regard to hours of rising or retiring, and particularly the houss for meals, is 14e firt duty of ag geat. Inform jourself as soon
as possible when the meals occher-wbether there as possible when the meals ocche-whether there
will be a dressing-bell-at what time they meet will be a dressing-bell-at what time they meet
fir prayers, and thos beenme arquainterl with all fir prasers, and this beerne arquainter with alt
the limisly regulations. $I t$ is alucuys the beller oryy for a jumily to adhere slrictly the all the ir to learn to conform to these than for half at dozen o be thrown out of a runtine, "hich may be alimportunate dutics. Uf course, in the case of an invalid gnest, or to an carly bour, every one would willingly ulake
any desirable change. I now rufer to an ordinary any desirable change. I now refer to an ordinary
visit. It certainly must promute the happincss of any reasonable person to know that his presence no restraint, and no inconvenience.
Your own gond sense and lelieacy will teach you the desirability of keeping youry room tidy, and your articles of dress and twilet as much in
order as possible. If theye is a chambermain or a servant, whose duty it is to arrange the chmmhers, call upon her to do for yon any extra service you caln upher If you put her to greal thouble, you
man an a triflo of money will reward her lor it, if jour pleasont snile and polite nammer lave not
soflied to insure youn goonl-matmed and prompt scrvice. If there is a deliciency of servants, you would certainly not hesitate to make your own bed, and to do for yuurself as much as possible,
and for the family, all that was in your power. and for the family, all that was in your power. ajpear to hetter adrantade than when onco perfortuing a serviee which, under other eircumin her own house she was surrounded by servunts, and certainly slie hurd never nsed a broom, made a hed in her hic."

Lamps will have n less disagrecable smell, if ou dip your wiek-yarn in strong hot vinegar, aml ry it, before triming.
Stuve PoLisin, - Mlako a weak alum-water, and Six your British-lustre with it, perhups two teapoonsfur to a gill of mhm-wnater; let the stove he Grmsh and rub the stove till it is perfectly dry. Should any part, brfore polishing, bectume so dry
is to look gray, moisten it with a wet brush, and

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## Aliscrllany



## 

 WherFormin'; a comb, a a wetel invining shedem
Theie
 Aud whilt the eot can twenst no tuxuries rare,
hi hna a wellith thut every hentt thould dhare.
 Nur with tho ove who neeke to stir the strifo
 With st the ilts, the nuthur of his wivee. Yee, here in in mru, when Au'ras gluuce is see,
First iu the $k \mathrm{ky}$, and then upou the green, The leathereds songenter caruls lorih his lay
Joywu 10 greet the coming of the ding Jogluy to greet the coming of the dis.
Thus from our slinilier waked witb no We rise refret heel und fewl our epirit's buoy, Hoping thut Lur vur life mny e'er glide on,
Uut 1 at luet the finul Unt 1 at lust the finnl goal is won.
And yet we lecl herct eon
A vicancy is here, a vold to till: And though iny seurs uow number twenty-eighth
With comely nuec, und form of fuulthess shape, To poreonale the picture in my mind. Bit now, afein, un iden new boset me,
To mun uut uy atced, and uff to vietil Betty, Anu it pectlance wy visiou should be true, It's hard to asy what poor frail man may
Of in the ellent watches of the night, When all our eares have tosen their onward fight On thut sweet pillow in my lonely cot, My freping fancy olten turn to thec,
Thy fineierd chuma ma to view with ecteta Anil if that form, which sleeping fancy drew, But proves the sane, the counterpart of you,
Theu will this tongue proclaim, wibh hesrtfelt prat And bless the hand that penned the "rural lays." And yct we feel that this must surely be,
For nuture to willed it in hor just deceree; That where the goul un angel nission bear , The outward firm ungelic features wear. I've read thy lays from one to number five, And look aguin with enger anxions cyee,
Hoping to see no sorrow come to blight, While rural cares are yielding thee delight 1, too, deapiee ha ciny und its etrife, Where nen but live a money.getring life;
Where sorrow, lroulle, poverty, and pain, Taloo not one thousht from filthy lucre gain ; Fur, fur remole from this o
With onc true heart to ehver our lonely wey,
And siug for me the huppy rural lay. nurat Toss.
Florence Enierson; or, the Young Widow by vircinia ne forras
"Florenee!" cried Jessic Lairson, bursting Into her cousin's boldoir, one morning-"Florenco Emerson, Ilar
George Langford!"
"Wiell, cousin, if tions?

Objection
Jut thinsty Why, Floy, he is ald emough"
 dren! liut it is an mistake of Harry's; jon are
not really going to mary him, are jou
 thic belle of the season, "ith a large fortune ; you tho beunly aml beiress, with lovers. Ledux, offers ulon u poer wilower with two elbildren, and no
forcune eseept in his professon. Oh! Ploy, fortone exeept in his profession. Oh! floy,
thought joat hall mere sumse. What are you thought yor
thinking of?

1. Whis, $J$ ?
George Lansford is handsome::1 your eloquence. "Granted."
"Tralented!
"Taleuted!"
"Granted, ngain,"
"1le loves me!"
"So du lifte others."
${ }^{4}$ And last of all, my strongest argument, I love bin! ! 4 "Well, I suppose, ou will marry him, in spite
of ny disapproval, M) I wish 1ou joy, and hupe
he'll never ltuid mil Mrs. Langerd tirst as a pathe't never Ituid "p, Mrs. Lang
tern th Mrs. Langfond recond?
tern th Mrs. Lamgurd secome.
"If Ars, Langhurd tirst was a model for me, 1 will follow in hir footsteps."
"Well, well, thew's ono confort. Willie and
Edithate ler! pretyy chitdren, aud too young to
 Whey exacely. Fiuy?"
"Nillie is lout, Fith three"
"kiep toul lots. the eare of tw
 consinc, and hati, unttl Jessie's nuarrapre been al-
most lihe sistern Jesive, who was two pears the
 Flurence was a tall, stately beanty, with large
dark eyes. Wach hiri, a id features like a Greek
statite. She was an orphant, and, as Jossie sard, an heiress.
George langford was a lawyer of some stand-
ing. INalsone, talentel, but grave and qued in
 his manners; d voldll atiselied to vlorence, but
he wae tl ry-wine, a a widower! Jesse's sen-
timents were ecloed br all Florence's circle of timents were ecloed by all Florence's eircle of
friends a lell er 5


Florence had been married just two years, when
it beenme necesany' for Mr. Lanmford to so 00 Paris. eluded not to take Florenec. She was fond of
loone, had won the love of Goth chitdren, and in retmra loved them fondly, and with heir society; her home doties, anil a premtised visit to Jessio, thought the time of ter husband's alisenee might of made to pass pleasantly. But when the hour of departure ealme, when his trunk stoon waiting in the hall, andl lie cance to say litrewell, the whole
aspeet of thines seemed ehanged. Florence felt aspeet of things secmed ehanged. Florence felt
thint her dearent treasure was leaving her; all looked dark, and a vague presentiment of evil filled her very soul.
"Ihy, Florence, you are white as a corpse," cried George, in a frightfinl tone. "I thought you had arranged gaseties without number to occupy
you whilo your grave old hansbund was a way.
Cliecr up, Floy; Cheer
time." Cheer
tiune."
"O
"Oh, George, I did not realize it till now. What ean I do withont you?"
"You will visit Jessie, take into the country; and-and-oh wouc and Edith list of pleasures arranged. The carriage is here. Good-lye, Florence.
Florence tried to
Florence tried to speak, but the words died on her lips. She grasped his hand, while ber eyes
filled with tears, and then let hin Aller with tears, and then let him go
All her pleasimes were forgotien as she watehed
the carriage rolling from the door, and she ouly the carriage rolling from the door, and she only
remembered low lonely sho wonld be without him; she looked back npon two years of such him; she looked unck "pon two years of such
perfeet happiness that it seemed less like reality than a pleasant dream. Leng she stood at the window watehing, as if she expected him to re-
turn, but the voiees of the ehildren roused ber, turn, but the voiees of the ehildren roused ber,
and she stifled her orn grief, and went to amuse and she stifled her orn grief, and went to amuse and comfor unkind" not to take them; while Edith clung close to Florence, and hoped papa would be
Jessie Lawson and Florence Langford were seated in the piazza of the pleasant country-house
they had hired for the season, conversing. Edth hey had hired for the season, eonversing. Edith
and Willie were romping with Kover on the grass and Willie were romping with hover on the grass ${ }_{1}$
while ever and a jon their clear. joyous laughter While ever and a lon their clear. joyous
would make the ladies turn and smile.
forgivo you now, Floy, for marrying
ge," said Jessic. fondly. "I think that, if George," said Jessic: fondiy. "I think that, if tbe future 1 I should lave done just as you did." At that instant. Jessic felt a hand laid on her shoulder, and, looking up. saw her husbaud; his face was wery grave, and his whole manner be-
tokened that something serinus had troubled him. tokened that something serinus liad troubled him.
"Jcssic," he said, in a low tone, "come into thic "Jessie," he said in a low tone,
parlor; I want to spenk with you,"
"Ile is jualous," whispered Jessic to Florenee, as she roso to obes. "Now for a matrimonial "Close the door, Jessie," snid Ilenry, when they entered the parlor. "I do not wish Flor-
enee to hear what I have to say now. l'oor Floy! we mllst break it gently to her !"
"Why, Marry. what is the matler? Georme""Yes. 'The liagle, the vessel he sailed in, to Calcuta look a few of the passengers. Lit the rest were lost. Gcorge Langford's name is among Ilarry lial forgotlen the open winilow and rit. Stare to sece I hirence now standing in frumt She was cold null pale as marble, her liands
 to her side, and took her hamil to lead her in.
The toueh broke her sthper, and, "ith a slight slumlder, the feli fainting to the grounll. Fur wetks, and denth; ferer and delirium sheceued her A strong constitution, however, trinmphell, anil
she recovered; but oh. how alterad! The pale thin face, seen now under a elowe widow's cap'
was so wan and sad that few would have reco: was so wan and sad that few wou
Her sole comfort. How, seened to lie in the childrent, his elieldren. She would hardly allow them ont of her sight. and her whole
spent in instructing and amusing them.
: rent in instructing and amusing them.
Flur ence lanefurd had been a widow
Fluience langfurd had been a widow just one
sear. Is was a bright summer's day, anil she sat sear. It was a bright summer's day, a nil she sat
it the samie little parlor where she had tirst heard It the samie little parlor where she had tirst heard
of her husband's loss Willie and Edith seated ousthe tluor beside ber, blanirig soap-bubseated on the tluor besde ber, blawirg sasp-bub-
bles. Florence sat watehing their iunocent delight as the sun shone on the pretty globes and
reflected prismatie colors in thern, and then her thoughts Hew hack over the lasi three years.
sadder and sadder grew the pale fice, $11 n t i l$
li ille
 her side; Edith knelt beside him. With her iace laid earessingly against Florence's hand.
"When is papa comang back?" asked Edith "He stays so lung
ne back ; he is dead."
liut Edith shouk her head. She hed alravs ma ntanelt that as papa went awal in a carriage. and sa.d be wuuld come bock, and bring them
pretty toys from l'aris, he could not be dearl. Florence drew Fdith upon her lap, ami ihrowher arm around II like, the three ta kel about papa for an hour; haw much longer they would have romaned in that pusition I cannot tell. Josse interrupted
aming with j j

- Floy!? slee $\%$
hispered, hteelng on the stoo

"Becanse it is stiff anil unbecoming," said Jesit, who was loovening Floy's hair, and twisting
it over lingers into its old curls' "Youl mus' never wear it again."
Dear Florence, a wilow's eap is needless now !" geagerly into her collsin's finee, whilo she mbled violently, "what do you menn?" Can you bear tho best of news, Floy?" saic Jessie, softy. "George" -
Jessie in answer thew open the door, and said
anly: "Come in!" and in another moment Flo galy: "Come in!" and in another moment Flor-
enco was in her hnsband's arnis, and the two chit enco wras in her linsband's arns, and the two childret were louking
ment at their fither.
ment at their fither.
All was soon exp
All was soon explained. George Langford had had, from some passengurs taken to Calcutta, and had, from some mistake of the reporters, been pn in the dist of missing. Cold and exposure har been very ill. As soon as he was able, he har started for home, bitt the voyage had been seperal munths; and, after renching England, he was detained some days before starting for Aneriea He was there at last, and a happier party never
met than the one that evening at Uak Lodge, Mr Lawson's coumtry seat.


## VANISHED hoURS.

Bring not to mind those vanished hours,
They're gone, and let their memory die
They're gone, and let their memory dia
'Tis vain to weep o'er fided fowera,
When fresh oncs grow unleeded by
Sny not thy lot is duk and drear,
That pleesures lenve thee one by one
That pleasures lenve thee one by
Thest thou not libyself prepare
The clud that covers up the sun.
Hopel-for the sun that sinks at c'en
Will rike to-morrow fair nnd bright;
Smile!-for the trees and mendowa green
Smile !-lor the trees and mendowa green
Luagh at the thower, mid bcorn ita migh
Upward 1 'tis thither thou must tend,
Then sball thy spiiit learn to hlend
he finilo with iufuity.
Don't Shoot the Birds.
On, it is the deed of a noble heart, which can ruthlessly slanghter the little feathered songsters
of our forest-those brightest Ps:lmists of Naof our forest-those brightest Psalmists of Na-
ture, whoare eser reiterating their jubilant songs ture, who are erer reiterating their jubilant songs
of praise and thanksgiving. and praise, and lovehose harps are never uncirun-whose swee meledious voiees come wafted like incense to 11 upon the Summer zephyrs, and floating onward
and upward throngh the grand old woods, an and upward through the grand old woods, at
eanght, and re-echoed wit! near power, allilnew beaily, and rarying tones, by a myriad tureful
chorists, until the very air seems lilled with th ssenco of harmony, and the embowered branches of the o'ersureading trees are converted into Wind arehestral temple.
We love litule biris. We delight, when suffer ing, and care, and sorrow, Itare left their innpres upon our mind, or some dark shadow of Evil, or
spirit of filoom, or fienii of Wespmir, have erossed sprit of filoom, or fienii of lespair, have erossed
ihe brighter gith of life, dimming our faculties, dhe brighter juth of life, dimming our facuities to strull into the woods, leaving the artiticia norld hehinul us, firsshing the hum and din, and tirmoul of the eity, turning our back, as it were ipon our fellow man, and shitting ourselves in cers, anl beantice of Wature, We love to ens ourolves uron the velvety, emerald earpeting
with which the hounteous hand of Providence has o larmisly o'vr-pread the hosom of our common nother. Fiarll, beneath the sladow of some gian oak, whose hranches mantle, and strug.ole, and ellwine about each other, covered with briglt
leaflets, that wave and flutter, to and frn, lik some chehained spirits of light, and forming some chehainer spirits of light, and forming
mystie trarery against the clear Ulue vanlt of
Ileaven-tliroigh which the beams of the brith line of liny striggle. andl reflert with mellow
sofness upon al bencath. -gideng the trunk of the grant forest monarch, until it seme no ragar of frucy to think it some weirl $\pi$ arrior of a by gone ape. stand ng ereet in all the pride of a rmor
and shiell. and sizer, and he met, who in the lone roods, likie a trie knight errant. is a waiting th approseh of the fair lady-lore, falling upwn the riolet, which hangs it. hearl in modest confusion
at being this honurel, and looks so like a pearl hast sprung up from amid tbe grand tright sea o merali.
look up inlo that branch. whose beauteous curain su eeps to and fro, re-poncise to every hreath-
ing of the wind. See you that merry l tule robin hopping abont its arr catle in all the ecstacy of
joy ous freedom. - no.r peck ing pertly at the dinn joy ous freedom. - no: pecking pertly at the dinn-
coiored cott cle of the tree; now ong onyls in
its lueak some tlittering leaf, a f nul ing end tugging. in sheer desperation, n th it is severed
frum the parent (x) and and then. The a bu-r. fru-
 the bome of the robin. Ihs is $t$ e palace of na
t re's song-ter. There is a sight elyrup $z$ ? young robina, who are rainly end ar ring; compass the harm no is notes of cheir paie i,
nond the dame thies forth again from her nest. She smi the dame tives forth again from her mesc. She
has cosered the floor of ber man-a with a tap eatry whth whove bri- tanc and co-r, and e as
ticity of tnaterial no hand of man can vie. 1 twa
lesigued by nature. and pencsied and corrogateal
is a rustle amid the leares of the oak, -a slight, robin, antd her heantiful wate stands beside her upon the hranelh-and the twain, logecher, pour
forth sueh jojous strains of heart-felt melody, that we pause to wonder whether they can ever be less merry-whether sorrow can ever find a intle feathered brenst
There is music in the very nature of the dark surging to and fro of the cloud-capped bonghs, as
they seem, eaeh bowing to his neighbor; the dull heavy cre:lking of the trunk, as it is strained to inore than its wonted tension by the wind; the shrill whistling of the breeze over the spear-like tufts of grass-all combine in a grand anthem of remotely, whin art may imitate, but never even superadded the ten thousand choral songs of the teathered warblers, in every varying tone of har the wren, to the from the shrill treble chirp of the sonorous basso of the fleeker, it seems as if all
about. thove, around, -the very atmosphero itself about, thove, around, -the very atmosphero itsel - were alive with musie in its sweetest form.
And we are thankful for the birds. We fee And we are thankful for the birds. We
that the woods withont tbem would be like-

Whmee landpe are fled, whose glories are dead,
We should miss them in the morning walk We should miss their matin songs at even-tide We should miss their sweet consolation for sor row and despair in our rambles througlt tbe oods. We should miss them everywhere,
'then let us feel thankful for the-

## Some blue and some sundyed- <br> Some white as the farm-wite's curds- Somo tipped with the mowulighthue- <br> Somo tijped with the mowulighthbu Some red os the flame of war;

Some red os the thme
And on the crest of come,
Don't kill the birds. Let them live to conlinu their songs of goodncss. Let them live to bright en eal poetry. Let them live to peal their morn ing, noon, and evening anthems to the Giver of at Good. Let thein live to inuplant in the ininds
al of innoeent children the first hapmy lessons of the true and Leantiful Nature. Let then live to keep company with their co-partners of poetic beanty, the flowers. As you would manifest the relinement of your inind, the uprightness of your heart, the sensibility of your nature-don't kil the birds.- Troy Daily Times.
Atmospieric Effeet of the C'annonadeat abastopal. - A eorrespondent of the - Post rains and atmospherleal disturlanees over a hart of linrope to the prolonged ant terrible gran homade in the Crimea. It is a litlle curious tha re hearl a few days ago a diemension upon the same topie here, ly somo scientitie gentlenien, and (was olserved that this faet was strictly in ac cordunco with the theory of Prof. Esyy, and was
assented to by Aragoand some of Hec most accur assented to by Arago and some of the most accur-
ate meteorologists in Europe The cannonade at ebastopol was sueceeded, as late accounts show y profuse rains, which litled the trenelics, and ands of nites distant. But it was ratlere in referants of mites distant. But it was rather in refer-
ence the late violent whirlwinds and tornadoe ince varions parts of the world that the matter was here discussed, and it was arlnitted tliat the con enssion of so continuous and prodigious a retona cion had also an immense eflicet upon the great arial cireulation. Nuch, however, maj bo due to the action of liberated caloric frums the flamoo the multitudinous discharges of licayy cannon, as well as in the interfusion of extrancons gases u itl
the atmosphere. The fauous simge of Sehastopo the atmosphere. The fatwons sirge of Sehastopol
prnmises to be a suliject of interest to ment of primises to be a sulyect of interest to men son with some gentiemen allached to the navg when a large number of armed ships arrived a their continued liring as each came into the har bor was sueceeded by a tremendous whilwind which did much damage. We comment this faci ausinatcention of Lhent. Manry, whome particula cousiness it is to look alter the wint
courses of the Winds. - $B$ ston Courie.
Prebervation of Mhle. - The fallowing Pel holl is reconmended fur the preservation o mide pint or quart botslea, wharm must be ferfert ean, sweet and dry; draw the rallk lron the
cow into the Gottles, and, as they are fil ed. imp



## - I wains ; haticent quanity. Fill it

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th oufl for a m $n$
\& Why. Jessec?

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2. ked Florence, melfering ber

to remule it

## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

lecture on preserved meats and vege-
'his milk was one year old, and was as swect as when hirst drastren a considerable quan-
tity of creain had collected in the neek of the botilcs."
$\qquad$ Calbert Sap and chndles.-J. P. Dyer Mnring Soap and Candles, of an cxccllent quality thring Soap and Candles, of an carchent qualle
Some 25.000 pounds of soap are now made by him monthly. Candles will be made in Iarge quantities very soon.
The Mines. - We have notes taken of the grea miting interest that we visited last week at
I'ark's, Long's and Ousley's Bars, which will appear next week. To our friends there we are grateful for their kind attention to us.
Extrandinary Wheat.- 4 hic San Jose Telegraph says that Alichael Marshall, living near
liced's Mill, adjoining San Jose, raised eighty seven bushols of wheat to the acre. He exhibited a cinster of wheat in tho straw. all the product o heads of wheat upon this cluster ; each hend aver heads of wheat upon the cluster ; aged serenty-tive grains, making in the whole the wheat-the product of one single grain of Chili wheat.

| MARRIED. <br> On the 2 d Aurust, in Sna Francizco, by Rev. Dr. Scott, Ly. man Clark and Mies Elizabeth Phillipe, <br> On he 3d Aupust, m San Franeisen, by Rev. R. P. Cutter, G. H. Loring aud Nise C. M. Francie, of Booton. <br> On the $2 d^{\prime}$ Augurt, ia Placerville, hy Rev. J. L. Sandere, Mr. C. F. Irwin, formely of Scneea county, N. Y., und Mizs E. E. Garrield, of Onkland, Michignn. <br> On the 5th August, in San Jnaquin townehip, Sacramento couaty, hy Juttice Grimhaw, Mr. Roceswell Young and Mra. Nancy Cotion, all of that place. <br> Oime the Ril augutt. nt Clintrn, hy Rev. Samuel B. Bell, J. T. Pomrcry, E.a., of Kanotha, Wie,, and Mies F. M. Howren, ol Charlegtun, S.' Charlectud, S. C. <br> DIED. <br> Ou the 5th Angust, in San Francisco, Nre. Catherine Rogere, wife of Jumea Rogere. <br> On the :1/t Juls, in Shneta, of dropey, Joseph Bailey, for- merly ol Hopkine eounty, Ky. |
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SPECIAL NOTICES.
CWI Sands' Sarsaparilla.-This prepration has now intruduction to the public, and ench succecding year brings forward renewel teatimony to its greal value ns a medicinna remedy. The unfortunate vietin of bereditary dikeare, wit heen restored to health ed rigor. 'The ecrofulous pathent, curered with ulcers, loathsone to bimealf and to his attendants,
has been made whole. IIundreds of leereona, who had groaned hopirlessly tor yeare under cutencous nud glinadular disorders, ebronic rhcumatism, and mnny other complaints apringing rom a derangement of the escretive organs and the circulation
unre been raised na it were from the rack of disease, ard now with regenernted constitutions, gladly testify to the efficacy o wis inestimable preparation.

L ff Doesticks, tha Great American Humoriat.now bouk ta pubielicd, elcynntly extra gilt ; and edling in every city, town and villnge in tion. Biry it. Read and Inysal
edivard livermore, Publide $452 \mathrm{w} \frac{23 \text { Brekman Etreet, New York }}{}$ The Rooms of the Stnte Agrieulturnl Socinty nre loented on ewted in Agriculure and kinded strences nit: inviced to conll. Several hundred specimens in all depretments are on exlit-
bition c.netantly, and it is the clject of the Sociey, to makr: these roome a plince of icsort for our citizens. The rouma are under the charge of tbe Elitur ot the Califorania Farmer, wbo will be pleazed to reuder any infirmation or tusistauce to By order of the Executive Cominittof
C. I. HUTCHINSON, President, ETE WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY not onty
 titherto employed, ond iu numer Jus iatances when patient had endured long ond eevere eufiening lrun the livens, with ont receiviag the least beaceit from various remrdies, null when
inercury hns been sesorted to in vain, the uac of this Bolenn

 ETs Religious Notice,-The "Pacifie Buptist Church
(Rcv, O. C. Wheeler, Patetot will hold Divine Service cvery
 to aticnd. Eents frec.

MURRAY'S WESTERN HOUSE,
各 Open all Night. \&







MISCELI_ANEOUS.













 WHEELER \& BROOKS

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Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Vines and Shrnbbery

| COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE, <br> undereienell have formed $n$ Foparthertitip for the pur <br>  Sacromento, under tho name nnd tryle ol HowES <br> lent Parturr, Boston, <br> R LINWES, <br>  <br> lent Partner, San Francieco.... DAVid moore, |
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## To Our Friends and the Public

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| $\mathbf{W}^{\text {E invie the attention of the public to the collowing seleo- }}$ <br>  |  |
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## BANKERS.

 DRENEL. SATHER \& CIURCH,

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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER


CORner of californla and batrery straets.
SAN Francisco.





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Ever on, on apace with the $\AA \mathrm{ge}$ and Times 1!
Hurrah for Vnuee's new Dagucrrean Gillery 1 Largest Light in the World, (over 500 fect Glass.

 wedi in thin cuuntry.












## R. B. COLE, M. D.




THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
 thrilling encornter he had rith a rattlesnake,
On first discorery, his snakeship was preparing
to appropriate to his use a squirrel by the the rond, but po his use a squirrel by the side of the road, but probably faney ing larger game, "pit
atier" Mr. T., who give "leg bail," and ran. On
finding ihat thr finding that ilis gap between limi and the snake
was closing, Mr. T. songht the first weapon in the was closing, Mr. T. songht the first weapon in the
shape of a elub, and turning gare the snake a blow just as the reptile uas pausing and pathering
for the falal spring. The blow just eame in the fiek of time, and juist in the right spot, severing the head from the body. Mr. T. says afler the
head was sereered the body continued to run in different directions, as is gencrally the ease prean unusnal length of time, owing no doribt, to the size of the reptile, and the amount of musular
strength which it possessed. After it became suffieiently quiet, so that it could be straightened out, he measured it elo.sely, and foind it to be ex-
actly six feet eleven inehes in length, by nine and haif inches in circumiferenee, being the largest region of eountrs.

Jane O'Fogarty's Description.-The subnewspaper: Missing from Killarney, Jane O'Fograrty, she had in her arms two babies and a toiseshell combs behind her ears, and large spots all down her back, wbich squints awfully."
"Never be eritical to the ladies," was the homage to the sex; "the only way a true gentleman ever will attempt to look at the faults of a pretty' roman, is to shut his eyes!"
To enjos to-day, stop worrying abont to mor-
row. Next week will be just as capable of taking row. Aext week will be just as eapable of taking
eare of itself as this one. And why shouldn't it? It will have seren days more experience.
IT IS A FIXED FACT,
CONSUIIPTION CAN BE

遇
sir james clark, Physicinn
 bis "Treatis" on Consumption, Eave: in
"That Pulmonary Coneumption admite or a cure, is no olonger a mamption of doumitr
it has hece clearly demontt rated out reecarclies of Leannec and other peythio-
fists." Dz. CABSw ELL, who investivated

 It is no Fiction.
These stntements are madc hy men who hare demonetrated
what tbey ser, tiue after time, in the crowded hng pithl, and in
 are no phesilhe mutive for publishing what is uutrue, or en
hlazoning fatethoodse the nemedy shith re ofer

## Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

 Consumption of the Inngs, Liver Complaints, Conghe, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Nany ot thdirease.
Dr. Boyde Camot be Dlscredited.
Dr. Borden, a Plysician in Mqione Enys. 1 have recom-
nend the uee of DR. WISTAR's BALSAM OF WILD
 unfirmed Consumption had talien place, whe Whald Cherry
ected a cure.
D. A. H. MACANAIR, nf Tarloro, North C Crrolinn, writes us










## Wistar's Bals amen of Wiid Cherry,






 Fify Thousand Persons dicic nnuwlly in England of Con-为

 Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Bigur 1 EUTTS of tho wra,
SETH W, FOWLE,
B. THAVER \& CO.,

valuable agricultural books,
 Dadd's Modern Horse Doctor,

Schonck's Kitchen Gardener's Text Books.
Cole on the Diseases of Animals
Cole's American Frit Book.
The hest burk out for tbe Fruit Growe Breck's Book of Flowers.

Leuchard on the Hot House.
TOBACC
Virginia Manufactured Tobacco Agency.






## $\frac{\text { MEDICAL. }}{\text { SANDS' SARSAPARILLA. }}$

## 

| Scrofula, Rhtumatism, Stubhorn Ulecre, Dyepcpsia, Sul Rhium, Ferir Sores, Erysipelas, Pimples, Bilk, Mereutial Discasfe, Cntaucous Erayhions, Lizur Complaint, Esmnchitis, Consumption, Female Com. plaints, Loss of Aypetitu, General Dcbithy, |
| :---: |

MISCELI,ANEOUS.

## 

PRACTICALI IIATTERS,



 on hand, canniot lie surphased in this city.
tol-


## 




 WAINWRIGHY, RANDALL \& CO.,
Real Estate and Stock Auctionenrs,






FEBRIF GE

| gur, Dyeppprian, Wirtous Ifradach $\text { in, and all the diffrent forns of } t$ |
| :---: |
| THIS preparation ic inturded empecially ne a remedy for the 1 preventiou and cure of Fever aud Ague, but it is equully adnpted to other fume of direare, euch as bulions, internuitent and remittelt fevers, dumh ngue, \&ec. 1t, cormbination heing entirely new, it ditices widrly in its therapeutic celiecte mud op- |
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## 


 a pullistife, its pit manolucy is equally relinble, and no fo

 this ranedy will be haud invaluably, mud no pirroon travelin
through, or restiding in infcoted dietrict, theuld he without it.






 Fur enle by llenry Johnson \& Cor, IJfi Warlington etreat
Sun Francico; S. T. Wath, Muryeville; oud HoWalld












## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

The California yamer.
sacramento, raiday, avgest 17, 1855 .

## 


The Califoonia Fabmers in Boatun, Massa-Copies of the California Farmer
Stale etrcet, Boston.
ERE NLANUFACTURERs of every branch, Nureerymen, Seedsa the Califonnia Far mea, if tbey wih 10 bave their busine own over the coluniry.

## A Tord for.t日e Califorinia Farmer. -

 Who among our many readers will bear us in so kindly a re merabrance ns to induce onc, two, three or five ol their neighborsto become, liko them, subscribers. We wsh to enlurge our to become, like them, subscribers. We w 1 sh 10 enlurge our
liet, so as to make our paper better. What eubscriber wil

Agricultural Meeting-The Next State Fair A meeting of the Yuba and Sutter County Agricultural Soeicty, was held on Monday eren-
ing. at the City liall. The two eountics were ng . at the City llall. The two eounties were
well represented by the farmers present. After the transaction of the husiness, the Society was addressed hy Rev. Mr. Briggs, of this city, and by
Col. Narren, of the Farmer. Their remarbs were listened to by an appreciative andience and heartily a pplanded. Among the resolutions pass ed at the meeting was one whieh we respond to cordially. lt asked that Marysrille be ehosen as the place for holding the next State Agricultural
Fair. It will he recolleeted that the first State Fair. It will be recolleeted that the first State
Fair was held, as was proper, at the city of San Fair was held, as was proper, at the eity of san
Franeisco. The Bay City is the eentre of trade, of intelligence, and of wealth, in our State. In its
vicinity are many line vallers, which contain some of the best farming lands in C'alifornia. San Franeisco being the metropolis, and the agricultural resources of its neighboring ralleys being earlier, and perhaps better developed than the lands of other parts of the State. its elaim to the frst State Fair was acknowledged by the farmers and artisans of the State. There it was held. This year. Saeramento has been chosen as the
loeation of the Fair. The Levee Citr rankis next loeation of the Fair. The Levee City ranks next in importance to the Bay City. The industry of
its citizens is lintiring, their enterprise unboundits citizens is intiring. their enterprise unbound-
ed. $1 t$, oot, is wurmmilen by a fine farming eouned. . Whiel, by the toil ann a hinn of the tillers of contribute of its resources to the wenlth and growth of Sacranuento. It is right that there the
second State Finir should be lielin. Oir claime eomes next. Maryssille is conceded to be the third city in population and wealth in our state.
Our ability tu entertain the humlreds : Our ability tu cntertain the humlecds :nud thens-
ands of strangers whom this Annual Fair brings ands of strangers whom this Annual Fair lrings
together, from all sections of the State. is unquestioned. Our citizens have a lively interest in the developinent of the agriculture of the State
They are ready to further, with their means ani They are ready to further, with their means and
their influence, nll enterprises which tend to this their influence, nll enterprises which tend to this
result. They know that those Fairs serve this excellent purpose, and as much to show their in.
terest in the properity of the Siate Agricultura? terest in the proyperity of the siate Agricultura
Society. Which is the pation of tho Agrienlure of the State nt large, as to manifest their syanpathy of luha and Suttor, do they earnestly and cordiAlly urge that this invitation to bold the nex Stale Fiin be heeded by those having authority
to determine this matter and for the farmers of to determine this matter, and for thic farmers of
Yuba and Sintter we can speak conlidently. They are in earnest, when thoy ask that the next fai be hetd in their vieinitr-in the metropolis of the
North. The farmers of Sonthern California were aceominodated and benctitod by the location of the first Fair in San Francisco. I'hose of the
centre of the State, in like manner, are farored centre of the State, in like mamer, are farored year, say our firmers, it is right and proper that. us. We are rearly to lend our best endenvor tomards the suceess of the Fair, say they, and we need the reciprocal inlliences for good upon the agrieulturists of our vicinity, whielh such agathering of farmers and such a display of the igricul-
tural and meelianical products of the State must tural and mechanical products of the State must necessarily occasion. We carnestly hope for and
bespeak a farorable response to their request
IVe copy the above from the Maryssille IIeral and ean most cheerfully say that having spent some tine in Yuba, Sutter and Butte counties, we that is most cratifying. Were it not for the great hindrance to progress that exists by reason of unsetlled titles, the improvenuent tbat would be made in Yuba and Sutter upon farms, gardens and ranches woukd anount to millions of dollars. There are hundreds of substantial famers and not knowing whether to buy or sell out. There has been eo much litigation, so much bad adviee las engendered bad feeling in many eases. is now wanted is the "olire braneh." We
land owners are kindly disposed, and that are debirous to aet honorably, and there one ray to do-forget the pant, come to-
kindly spirit. mect each other; and all these difficulties will disappear as mist hefore the sun. paper, and in mentioning the rames of parties, we had then met but a fer; since that tine whe have met T m. H. Sampson, Esq. ; Messrs. Gillespie \&
Fowler; G. N. Sweezey, E.q., and others, and we Fowler; G. N. Sweczey, Esq., and others, and we
are more and more convinced that friendly intercourse aud mutual concessions will specdily remove this great eril, and a nerr and brighter face be put up
country.
In this connection we rould speak in terms o strong commendation of those Presses that hold ont the "olive braneh," and do what they can to unite men in the bonds of peace and friendship We like the earnest enthusiasm of both the cditors of the Maryssille press in the cause of agriculture; and were gratified to see them both [re-
sent at all the meetings of the nell Socjety, The sent at all the meetings of the new Socely, The
whole tone of the above editorial is highly honorable. It is elearand explicit, conceding to cach of the three first eities in the State their relative positions and claims to public notice, and after very handsomely complimenting San Francisco and Saeramento and paying them deserved meeds of praise, it elaims for Mary sville only what is just and right; and we fully endorse what is said rc-
specting the interest which the farmers feel in the matter.
The decision of the questiou- There shall the
Fair be held in ${ }^{2} 56$ ?-lemains for the determination of the State Socjety. We shatl labor to have it where the greatest amount of good can b complished.
To the Press of Marysville the farmers are reatly indehted: they derote a large space frecely. and for this they deserve all praise. Personally ne return many thanks to them for courtesy and kinduess. If the Press throughout thos State would all unite to adranee the cause of agriculure, they rould find their aecoun
Weekly Accounts of Fruits Exhibited t the society's roons.
Augest 15-Two Bartlett l'cars?-largest ong diameter 11 inclaes, short dianeter 8 1-2 inches; smallest, long diameter $101-2$ inches, short diameter $81-2$ inehes. This fruit is unexamplen in this market, ap to this time. Weight
Fruit of the Caetus-largest, long diameter
$1-4$ inehes, short diameter 6 inches; weight,
One binc! of matured Purple Grapes, weigh ing fourteen ounces.
The above maznificent fruit is from the extensive gardens of that pioncer in North Californin Insticulture, J. J. Wolfskill, Exq, at the head P Pul.o.* Sctrl your fine specimens, friend Voffikill, to the hoons of the lericultural So-
iety; it is the only leritimato plaee in the State o exhibit them, and where, everything exhibited passes under the inspection of appropriate committees, whose duty it is to report them for pubication.

The Puto is a small river, which is giren of from the Coast Range, and passes down through the estate of Mr. Wolfshill, and finally, with Cash Creck, furms the extensive marsh in Yolo county, and ultimately dischargos into the Sacramento iver. The name is derived from a tribe of Inlinns who formerly inhabited both banks of the strean. They were knuwn as the Putos; a remnant of then still remain, but they are fast passing away; henco, to perpetuate something of the history of this aboriginal tribe, the correct name is Poto, and should be so written, instead of the rulgarism, Putuh, which bat laste has somewhat sanetioned.
Li. E B.

Speenl Fotices-Aliee.-A heatry weleone do we give to our new correspondicut and gruceful writer,
For the "Acrostce," our siucero thanks, tho bonit-omecum-
pliment puid us and our journal we duly apprcciute. For ilhe


 "Culitomla," by "'s9," is exceediagly inleresting.
Recerved.-To "Betiy Murlia," by "Squalter." "Agri.
cola," No. 12. "Roving Juck," No. 8. "A Dreann." The cola," No. 12. "Roving Juck," No. 8. "A Dreann." The
Birthday Cukc," with other valuable Mss, which will ill duly

To Our Reaners.-To stoek raisers we eommead "Agricola's" letter on "Stull Feeding of Animals," com.
menced in the last and finished in this nuraber. It is informadion of the moet valuable kind,
"Offichil Nolices of tbe Fair."-Pleare examino ench, and
ut the resolve into execution.
Omission.-In our reports of the Exhibitlon
wet week, we orailtod to nnme a fie "Heath Pecheh," fronn Dr.
rown, mensuring $94 / 4$ inches In eircumfercnce, aud weigbing

## FESTIVAL TOURNAMENT.

We publish to-day, the additional premium of the State Society: or rather those offered unde the sanction of the Socicty, and call the particu lar attention of all parties to them.
The utmost order and decorum will be pre served, and we hope all who feel interested will immediately address the Corresponding Secre tary and inform him if they please to take part rangements can be pelfected
Grand Festival Tournament.

## The fund for these premiums are from private sources. competitor will be alluwed 10 euter the list without a card from a comanitice competeni, to sccure ladies from itn proper

 from a conدsвociulion.


Fruits-Water Melon Trade of Yuba.
Califorvis is beginning to be celebrated fu her various kinds of fruits, and the several sce tions of the State will be eelcbrated for the diffcrent varieties, according to their soil and elinate Los Augeles has been and will be celebrated for her Vincyards. The Grape is peculiarly adapted to that cliuate and soil, and while it will thrive and do well in many other seetions, that provinee
will always be famous for tbe Vine. Santa Clara will always be famous for the Vine. Santa Clara
and San Jose produce magnilicent Pears. Theit and San Jose produce magnilicent Pears. Their
soil and atmosplsere-their humid soil made more so by their success in Artesian wells, will surely give them great adsantage in the science Pomology. Sunoma and Napa will both produce Peaches, Apples, Pears and Figs; more partieu larly Peaches-there is a sore thing in the soil that will give them success. Sacraucuto ean boast of suecess in the Peach and Strawberry, and a short time will bring the spirit of emula tion into an aetive state, that will result in good
But we hare not yet said what we intended Yuba county ean bonst in Watermelons. We
give it up, and we helicve all athers wuuld agree give it up, and we helieve all others wuuld agree
with us, if they coulh see what we hase see within the last tliree weelss. In a cireuit of perhaps lifteen miles around the city of Marysville there are more "melon patches" than in any other sectionn of the State-pateles, did we say? Well they are patehes, true, varying
from four acres to thirly, and they gather from 50 to 500 melons from each per day. The trade in melons' in Yuba county is immense. You eannot travel any road to the mines, even high up the Sierra Nevadas, that yon do not eithet
pass teams loaded with inelons or meet tenms on their way down for them. There is no trading post, no mining groumd however distant, that i: not now regularly supplied with delicious meluns And they pay well; abont $\$ 10$ per ton is paid a carried into the mountains. The melons aserage about 100 to a ton, they sell in the mountain for 75 cents to $\$ 1$ each, and the teansters after selling ont, either load up with mountain lumber or mountain suow, and thoms make a handsome abont four miles out, we think has the largest and best melonground in the eounty, and so eon ceded. C. Covillaud, Esq., has splendid meton
grounds; the Quintay Rabch, almo. W. W. Wickersham, Esq., on the Feather river, is also ecle brated for welons. Benjamin Landis, Esq., the Cunningham lanelo, Zabriskic Rancli, and many others we might mane have wonderful erops.
The domand in the mining region is immense and it requires nearly all the erop to supply it This trade is a souree of eonsiderablo wealth to the county. The markets are daily supplied in great quantities, and also with fair specimens o Musk, and Green Flesh melons of superior qual ity. Some of the finest White, Green, and lel low Fleshed melons ever grown in the State wer from seed introduced into California by J. M.
Ramirez, Esq., and grown at the Quintay Ranel, by Capt. Pinnex. The first premium fur melons in California we had the pleasuro to award to Capt. Pinnex, of this ranch, and from our own observations we do not think Yuba county wil yield the title to "Best Melons" very easily.
Preparations for tre State Fair. - The fall account of the doings of Yuba Cousisy will appear ha our
text Wc are glant to know that a delcgulion of thify-fivo gen.

A Visit to the Mines.
While we were in the upper section of Yuba, and near the Gold Diggings, we were induced to camine some of the great works going on at Parks' Bar, Long's Bar, and Uusley's Bar. At the latter place, large traets of land, of many aeres wide and some 12,15 and 20 feet deep, were tent of earth can be but little conecired of, unless it be examined personally. These diggings are very prosperous. Hundreds of aeres of valunhlo very prosperous. Hundreds of aeres of valunhlo
farming land, are being swept into the river every season.
At Lonrs's Bar it is river washing, hut grent preparations are being made to wash down the hills.

A Parks Bar, the immense fluming works of the Gold Channel Company, and others aljoining, are of the most wonderful charncter. The entir flow of the Yuba river, that floats steamers at Marysville, is compressed into a flume of twenty-
one feet wide by three and one-h:ilf feet deep, and $b y$ this meaus the entire bel of the river will be elenred of its rich treasures the present season. In some places the flumo is raised so you can pass under it-it seems a river on stills. These great operations of fluming will be com pleted in a few weeks, when the washings will begin, and it is expeeted they will prore the richest $y$ et found.
Important ro " Betty Mantin." The folwing note, in a handso
via Sau Francisco
:\% Messha. Eiltors Farment, Auruet $6,1855$.
end we by private note, the proper address of Hiss 'Retty Martin,' 'f you have the authority to do so; and oblige,
We have authority in all such cases, and ise esire to act in good faith in all such matters. Fe have recently reecived several wotes of this ind, and some from parties of both sexes; but in some instanees, like "luritl Tom," we have ot their real signatures, and if they sloould have private nute addressed them, we sloould not now where to send it. If our correspondents rill all favor us with their real signatures, tre will, in all gool confidence, furward privale notes both ways, and our lady correspondents can confide truly. If our correspondent whose name and place are purposely left blank will address
Betty Martin. we will sec it forwardel promptly; Bety A Aartin. we will see it forwardel promptly;
and fise then. We have no doubt there mayy be other "Be:ty Martins" lie ean tind; and the columins of the farmer are ever open to his
wants. Ladies, slallo our young friend go through wants. Ladies, shall onr young f
the world desolate and lonely?
Pamisian Exhinition.-This world's monder loes not seem to give the glory it was supposed rould acerue from it. Prinee Atbert has won a cond prize for a contribution of "Dorking Hens." The Emperor Napoleon bas bought a owf for $\$ 500$ that gare thirty quarts of witk per lay, four months after calving. The stock shove is not estectued very extraordinary.
We annex rerbatim from our Erench papers he following
The Englisl, are inueh superior to ns in pigs: The pride of breeders led them to hring to the
Exhibition, specinens of maless so very fat that shibition, sleceinens of milles so very fat that their essential brecding forms and qualities were
absurbed or conccaled by adipose rielics quite usecss, to say the least!
It is amusing to visit the Fine Art Exhibition p their minds that on mese ouers laving made -ill remain aloof, oblige the oceasions the pubsence p the various chores that liave absence by doing ng the week. l'ietures are re humg. ind cases of new ones just arrived are unpacked and sirewed bout the floors, Men get in your way with ladlers and ropes and liammers. The guardians, he police and fremen take the catalogne and look athe paintings. They givo their opinions in deems to be off duty, and all the rerinations would appuar to bo suspended. Yourgre reminded of appiar to bo suspended. Yousare reminded of day, when the public is not adnitted. Yuu may -itucs these operations at the lime Arts for the casonable sum of live frames.
Thanks! Tilanks!-Uur noto book is so full Miss. coino piling In upon us su furs, wo muse nak nome dulgence from our fricnds ocensionally. B, ing now ubsous
ver ito felds so mucb, we are under obligntions of more thin un ordinary character. Wo are umider espocial obtigations to manty and reppated courlesios; their very oblight git gentemen Muryaville will ploase accult our thulika,
To Goo. G. Briges, Eiq., In tho Marysulll
To Goo. G. Briggs, E.q.. In tho Marysilllo rend, for many at entions while traveling nud lor fearta of malones and peachea To the proprietors of Ziluriskle's Howl, and to tho preprie tors of Grove Hall, wo c.xpraks our kiadent Linnke, nid whith
 vicinity, though we namo thom tut, wo "dinas furget." tholr
names upon vur nubucripliun lian wall wookly reminulu of helr names upon our rubseripul
kiudicas and otherwho.
Kuduces and otherwlso.
To tho Pucific Exper
To tho Purific Expreca Corupany for prompl dolivory of to:

A Subject for Immigration Societies. Edirors Fabmer: lin our lipher of duly $i$ and the ohjeet of the writer is, if I muleratan
it, to get mat Inminration Suciety for (Catifor
 igration to this commery. it will he the making of it
There are many harit-workig farmers in thi a fartinte, and then $\mathrm{g}^{n}$ bonne to enjoy it ; hut filt with their calculations and bexing so tinken in duetismess of the soil. they would ghally more conld loosk for aid to an Imurigration suciety, ant g.t it, they wonld be willing. ater getin
here, to join the society nud nid others.

1 traveled throngh Nehaska in '52, when coming to this cemntry in seareh of gold. Not
findan gold very plenty uherel located (Clinton. near fore, to reeratitus pu:kets liy working at the earpenter's tame. 1 worked two weeks for Ayres
(I fetievo is the ime) .on street, and was then
taken down with the diar, taken down "ith the dianlowa, the first sichness
Ihad after lening home. I'wo Sabbath nornings I met a Mr. Dettis a master buitder, at Rev,
Nr. Bentur': (I think is the name) Church, and minder the circumstances he advised me to go to
San Jose Villey, to regain my heallh among firmers, and recommended my to apply to John M. Horner. I did go, and immediately found
employment, sorting fotatocs, that then were employment, sorting potatoes, that then were
morth ten eents a pound. This was the first of morth ten eents a pound. This was the first of
January, 1853 . Of course it brought up all my old firming propensities, and I was bound to go to farming, inst
Well Messrs. Editors, jou know the result.
My out-lay was bis, aml but little eapital. The fall in price of wheat and potatoes left me in debt after a hard season's work. I have
tried it ugain this season, hoping to recover, but the drotght, rinst, sinut, and horse thieves liave almost discouraged me, having had May last. Luit still, I anm not discouraged yet : California is not to blame fur onc man's bad luck. I have worked too much land. ( 300 acres.)
Now I want to get my finily bere and settle down for the renainder of my line, and wo dunc seientifically. My fro oldest (boys) are lice witle che one of whom is going home this fill to get inarried and come back in the spring; the other one, (who invented the potnto-digging machine I told you of, and
which will he brought into notice next season, will go home next hall on the same errandmake a visit, get a wife and come back. Now I an going home with the next steamer. (mildle of Angust.) after the fimity-wife and eight
children, live girls anil three boys, whose anes range trom faur to ninetcen years. Now after paying my debts all up here, 1 can hardly save
cnough to puy my fare. I have a first rate span of horses, and all the barming utensilo necessiry, in the hands of ny son Henry-for me to go to nork with when I come back. I want to be baek in time to commenee plowing for wheat, if possible. Now, Messis. liditors, my poperty in Michigan is worth alout fifteen hundred dollars, and if I can sell it for that, I think I can bring my
big family through, either by steamer or elipper -if they were all hogs I conld bring them in the steerare; but if 1 have to sell at a saerifice, 1
will not be nble to bring iny family here. Now
if if an Immigration Socicty can come in to my clipper, and help me tlirongh, I will bind urvelf clipper, and help me throngh, I will bind m.s.self,
\&c., to re-iulburio all expenses, for the benefit of \&c., to re-inuburso all expenses, for the benefit of
others. I don't know that I will want any help; others. Idon't know that I will want any help; get my fanily here if possille? Yon will say, but hope to depend ons. One can find fricuds an long as he has plenty of meneg.
I will jnit adh, that there ave many others in San Jone Valley, gooll and honest farmers, that
woultr be gland to get their fomilies here if they could, but have given up all hopies of doing so. 1happened accitentally to see the article "lights is litenking," "lich called forth this letter.
lieveetfilly, yours, Abraman Clark.
lic-peetfilly, yours, Abrabay Clark
a. B.-l refer you, for my character, to Ah A. B.- I refer 3 out for my character, to Alle
Chapin, commission merchant, near Clay street wharf, San Francisro; nlso to J. M. and $W \mathrm{~mm}$.
Y. Horner, Capt. Beard, Rev. Mr. Brien, and
others, Cuion City.

Itaving received the above letter, we publish i
entere. There is something in it to the point enture. There is something in it to the proint
needed in the question of lmungration. It is a plain ease; such are ocenrring all around us; and if we have crrell in laying it before our readers with all the real momes, th
do must be our apolegr.
Ilundecti and thoustnds of our hard working. unfortmate ctize \& need aid. They are worthy
of it and shonhl recelve it, and that promplly too. Inmdreds ol famlies woukd be here, if there inimigratien, lurit man fested in the $w$ stem of are ! 'itueal j jgolers awd the community hare an gan zu: il busi as men prosperons wo h of
but if the resolutions are not carried out, of what vail are ther?
The comerty is suffering for the want of an in crased propulation, and many a husband and ther is sulfering fur theans to bring loved ones
hither. Fires, fluods, blight, rust sumt, and rasshoppers lave eneh in turn blighted hopes and consumed the ments whel wombl hare dune flis? aul shall homes remain desolute beeanse There is no publie sympathy'? Goll forbill. There a, there must be a pmblic heart, whieh can be rached, anl it will be found bomdless in its wevolut woiks fiom politienl chicanery, and potitical jugglery: and they most thrive and prosper The case of friend Clarke is worthy of notice but as wo said, there are handreds if not thousanils more; and we say, leelp them, help them and the whole country will be the gainer-the udivilual giver will always find "it is more blussid to give than 10 receive," We commend his letter of Alr. Clark to all who are interested in the great question of immigration.- Ebo.

## Agricultural Statistics

Sometime ago (says the State Journal) we cre enablet, throngh the politeness of II. J Biddleman, Esq., County Assessor, to lay before our readers the agricultural statistics of this

By the kindness of Ilon. S. I1. Marlette, Surveyor Gencral, we give our readers a condensed statement of the reports from threc other counties, two of which, San Luis Obispo and
Yolo, are strictly agricultural, the other, Plumas, saost entirely mining.
San Luts Obispo.-F. A. Pollard, Esq. Depfagricultural, and 150,000 aeres of grazing lands. The only timber is a small quantity of oak, pine
The stock consists of 40,000 beef eartle, 1,000 milch eows, 200 work oxen, 3,000 horses, 200 mules, 50 asses, and 2,500 sheep. and ont three hundred wheat was grown. There are no vineyarils. The prolluce the present year
was 6,000 bustels of whent; 2000 (maize) corn; 3,000 barley ; 2,500 beans; 5,000 protatoes ; 4,000 Ibs. wool ; 2,000 los. bitter; and $2,000 \mathrm{llbs}$, elicese.
No hay is ent-the stock being grazed tite year round. A large number of the sheep, it is reportd, are neser sheared.
The value of animals slaughtered during the year is set down at $\$ 15,000$
There are no internal improsements in the and one saw mill.
I'lumas Countr.-Martin R. Streeter, Esf., Doputy Assensor, iteports. that nlorost the emitre hurace of this comty may. he classed as minerai
lands. "The "Feather lhiver Meadows," and other sminler tracts, of a similnr eharncter-making a
total of from four to five thonsand acres-are classed as swanp lands. In regard to ngriculthral lands, Mr. Streeter says, that by far the is minsuited to tiflage. The face of the county is minsuited to thlage. The face of the county of many of the hitls covered witl prerpetual snow. interspersed here and there, pirotectesl from the rigor of the climate and the violence of the storms
by the wall of hills surroundug thent. Ihese valleys are corered with a luxurions growth of grass, and are available for tillage, and will undoubtedly becone of great value.
Hie principal timber is pime, spruce and such
 Tho live stock of a the county consists of 750
The ayen anui cows; $4+1$ horses and muies; 1 , (ha)
 ats; $35+$ barley; 5 (maize) corn; 2.330 potatoes;
1,500 tons of hay; , and 2.0) lus. Lutter.
The manufactories consint of 11 salv milis, 6 The manufactorics consint of 11 satr milis, 0
quartz uills, and I tiour mull runnong two pair of quariz in

OLo Cousty-D. P. NGge, E.qq. A Asessor
 ferthlity - the averaze yield of the rasioum kims. of grain becing over furty bushel, per acre. There are about suevo acres of tule or swaup latid.
that are very fertule. amb whieh can be that are sery fertile, aml which can be reclainul
at a simall expense. On the wesiern side of the comnty towards the coast range, there are 1,3 ) (wot) acres of haty and mountainous conntry. freculiarly
adar grazing. 'I he other 20 ; who aeres ase adapted for $g$
unprodictive.
Suestdences of the existence of ninerals have becndicoverel. I mproventents anel arrieulturai
inscatments have leen greatly retaniod by the alleged existance of spamish grants and the conseqient $d$ spute abouk, and innecurity of title. of timber-minst of the luasber nued in broe che troun the Kerada unountaios, some ist to lo mikn
distant. Connmon qual ties cons abour $\$$ tu per distant. Commun qual ties cont abous $\$$ tu per
I Dut fecen. The county only prodices scrub uats, and lwarf coltonnould snd pine.
hev are great $y$ needed our the is es and oier


12000 bushels; corn, (maize, 300 acres, produc. Six. thousand tons of hay were cnt, and 2,000
ibs. of wonl shenred. The slock consists of 6,000 horses ; 23.000 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { catlle ; } 2,000 \text { sheep; } 35,000 \text { hogs ; and } 14,000 \\ \text { poultry. The dairies prollueed } 50,000 & 1 b s .\end{array}$ ponltry. The dairies prolliced 50,000 lbs. of 200,000 dozell cgers.
There are two thour mills in the county, each of
which turns out 3000 barrels of flour per annum Thich thrns out 3.000 barrels of flour per annum. The statistics of these three counties, and those ing the jear 1855 the published, show that darDaniss in the combies of Plumas, Sacramento, San wheat, equal to 149,000 barrels of Honr; $967,26 t$ lushels of barter ; 50,425 bushets of oits; and $17,2 u 5$ bushels of inaize or Indian corn.
Succerss of the Punlic Abresian Well in San Jose. - Yhe supply of water obtaiped in this well, at tho depth of 235 feet, not being as great as the contract with the eity requiral. the voring operations were contimed. The Telegraph
says: 'Ihe pipe put down is seven inehes in diam eter, and for the purpose of sceuring the water already- obtained, a six-inch diameter pipe was procured and let down to the depth of the stream
frist reached, the water from it flowing up within the spree between the two pipes. This arranged. the operators proceeded to bore decper with a six-inch anger, and on Mouday morning, fifteen foet below the streain first reached, or 250 feet below the surface of the ground, struek a bold dous velocity one of the largest, if not the very largest stream of sater yet obtained in this ralley from Artesian wells ine oblained diseharmed is ample, and more than ample for the supply of the ample, and more than ample for the supply of the the fire department. Already plans are talked ot and being formed, for carrying the water in aqueducts through the most populous parts of the

## tiun on the sulject.

Mining Enverprise.-A company has recently been formed with the view of supplying water in eertain mining localities by mealis of artesian wells. The machinery fur boring is now being
eonstrueted. and the theory upon which the comeonstrueted. and the theory upon which the com pany propose to work will he speedily tested. I
is helicved that by this new metlod water mas be furnished in many localities at a tritting ex. digring camals. The machinery to be enaployed will be of sutticient power to bure through rock at any distance. This methorl wiil also furnish excellent facilities for prospecting the variou strata of earth, and discovering the situation o that which will pas. If the experiment prove successmb it will establish an eltirely new sys
lem of enkl minine-Girass Vulley Telegraysh

Minaing is Yuba Countr. - The Independen anil Culuntia companies, on Park's Linr, got int the river lat weet. The former, with two toms the latter. with one tom, louk ont thirty-six the latter. with one tom, louk ont thirty-six
ounces. This week they will do better. Some of the Parks' Bar companies will be in their expect to seo a reviral of old times.
yinino in Donado imig.
Mining in El Dumado-Big Strike.-The
Nerada tummel Company, of C'ement llill did Acrata Tunnel Comprany, of Cement hill, did le clains. They realized Irom the labor of eight hands some they reanees of the precions oro. inhis conipany. consists of sescutecen stocklolders, makand abore all expenses.

Crops.-A correspondent In Monterey writes: The return of wheat crops in this eounty for the year will not be more than half the orlinary erop ccasioncll by drought and unsca wable rain A great deal of the wheat is inj cred by shrivel inge anl :ome by rust; but a rery gnod Iroportion
wil be gnod sced. I'otatoes have done will-nol wil be good sed. Dotatoes have tone will-no
much plauted. Barley done mell. generally, b not in ch planted. The grasshoppers hare no iojured the ernis to any great extent, but the iostures have sulfered considerably:


Laterr from Oregon.-Tho Porthme Times
fle 4th inst., says: From present appenances the 4 th seenst, sass: From present apper Indians will not allow tho Americans to work the werly discovered gold
mimes. lunor has it that the ladians lave plenty of arms and anmmunition, and under preent circumstanees, it would seem un wise and impruulent for any one to gn there without a stock
of provisions, and armed to tho teeth. I'resent asdicntions are that a fight will come of as soon
as the ininers arc strong enough, in case they are as the ininers are strong enough, in cense they are
resisted. The only alternative, which at present scems left, is for the miners to firht their way pan of dirt. We have an idea, horvever, that to go and dig it, whocrer may oppose them. "the Dalles." gives the following intellipence The Dalles." gives the following intellipence:
IIorses can be boughtat this place, suitahle for the trip, at prieus ranging foom $\$ 30$ to $\$ 65$. arrived here yesterday in fifteen days from Soda Springs. He reports ouly seven entigiant wagons
on the road for Uregou, aud about one liundred for California.
Just has made its appearance and been very estructive to the wheat crop in Oregon, although hian an average.
The weather has heen musually fine for the last week, and has given the furmers a good op

Removing Snags.-The little stenmer Gazelle of the California Steam Navigation Company"s up expressly for snagging, with, derricks, spar: and rigging, which have proved adequate to re nove large trecs, that hare for years been imbed-
ded in the sand. The work on the Yuba river and in the sand. The work on the Yuba rive he oecupied a bout two days, during whiel tim. which could probalbly have been removed in no feet in diamerer, the snars, as, and carried to the banks of Feather river. 'The Yuba is now clear of shags; two nore wing dan re wanted, which can be construeted at a sligh -ipense, and the stemmers can reach our landing withont difficulty. It affords us pleasure to commend the interest takell by the steantboat com panies and city authorities in the improvernent of our navigation ; this is a concert of action in th right direction, and argues well lor the future.
Affairs of Adams \& Co.-Sereral letters have been pultished, writtel immediately after head of the house, by I, C. Woods, A. A. Cohen, and the attorneys emplnyed by them. Mr. Co lyen. in his letter, says the cash on hand was about \$1,000,000. After he hiad been amanintal arooleer, Mr. Coheq stozal in court, the casi uny amount rer $\$ 500,000$. Cohen lett lor New York on the st inst, amp hoods is reported to have sailed, on "Has thero ever leen a greater 8 windle in San Francisco, than
Adams \& Co.?'
Arrival of lmmgrants, - We are informed hat several iummgrant wagons arrived at Uainerfichl's Ferry furing the carly part of this week to come through by' the Noble l'ass, hut got of to come through by the Noble iass, hut got onf
the road and towk the Yreka route, Nut satistied, e presume, with the looks of the country up in outherection, they turned the hearts of ther oxe outhward. aud hitre safely arrived in the valie, he practicability of the proposerl wagon rond from he locad of the Steramento to Yreka; but wheller the route is of such a nature as wreniler be tran-portation of goorls over it protitable, is

Fixcitina Timps in 'Idolunxe-An extra
 the following partieulars of the purstit of the lath of Slr. Dhoonix, sherill of Amarlor county: Chineve Camp, in Tuolnne county, whilst Sherifl Ilicenix. (ieo. I)urhaet. Smith and Jlec'urmack were sutting in a large ka oun, three Jexican were ob-erved so approach the back door. It hey were imnied ately reoghn zud by D rham; ihey
 to Phoe $x$," There they are." whe the olliectz une, atien some oe erred o at, "shuol hime, do
not try to take bim." l"pun th.s the Il xieane




THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## goricultural Society

## Circular.

The Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society, bey leave to say to the Agrieulturists of the State that as the time for holding reased and energetic action throughout the Stat beeomes, daily, more apparent.
The officers of the Society are giving their time, attention and money to the furtheranee or the work, but this will not suffee. Unless the
Farmers, Merehants, Lary yers, Iotel Keepers and all others interested (and who is not? eome np and give countenanee to the work, our approach
ing Fair cannot be made what it should beeannot be what the resources of our State call or, what the
erest demands.
The State has made commendable appropria has published a seliedule for the approaching Ex hibition, and it is hoped that we may be plaee in cireumstanees to show full statistics of 1 I
Orehards, Nurseries, Gardens, Vineyards, axpected to visit and report upon every case i this department. Send in your propositions, tha The statute under which we are organize limits the terms of membership to ten dollars. Any Gentleman or Lady sending us this smal tificate of memberslip for one year.
The question of the utility of the Fair depeuds very nuch upon the manner it is gotten up, and it caunot be what it should be
interest of a general character.
Persons holding certificates of membership are tions of the Society free of charge

By order of the Esecutive Committee. O. C. Wheeler. Rec. See.

## Agricultural Visiting Committee

 the State Agricultural Society. held this day, Myers of Alameda, Hon. Sherman Day of Sonta Clara, Hon. W, W', Stow of Santa Cruza and Gen Allcn of Yuba, were elected a Comnittec for theexamination of Farms, Oreluids. Vincyards examination of Farms, Orchands. Vincyards Nurseries, fe., which may be entered for premi-
nms at the ensuing Fair. Although the time for such entry has expircd, yet the Committee is in
structed to receive propositions for such entry structed to receive propositions for such entry
until the 15 th August, being bound, of course, to Special pains, wo which may be within their range all speeial requests. O. C. W MeE... FR,

## Toerery organized County Agricullural Society

am instructed by the Execntive Conmitte of the State Agricultural Society, to ask the ear
nest cooperation of erery County organization and to ask of the Corresponding Secretary of enc make known to the Executive how mneh thei Councies will do to further the interests of th Exhiminion-what prodncts, what stock and whaa
manufictures may be expected fiom their scera comis great work. It solicit an active co-nperation in syectal delegations :hould be appointed to attend
the Fair and to act in convention and thus nill promuting and advancing all the gieat and iutportant intercsts insolved.
'The Stecretaries or other officers of each County are particularly desired to reply to the call at the
carlest moment. carlest moment

Per order of Exceutive Committee
Corres. Sec. State Agricultural Society
free transportation to the state fair. Tbe Executive Comnittee of the California State Agricultural Society, take pleasure in an-
nounciug to those , interested, throughout the nounciug to those interested, throughout the
State, that the California Steam Navigation Co Citizens' ${ }^{\prime}$ Lire of Steanners, Califorria Stage Co.,
Wells Farco \& Co, and the Pacific Express Co have liberally and gratuitously tendercd the services of their respective converances for the trans-
portation, to and from the approaching Fair, of sueh articles as may be designed for cxlitition including stock and persons necessarily accompa-
nyiug the same. nyiug the same.
Every thing

Every thing of like liberality from our citizens in any portion of the State, will tend to render the coning State Fair of greater interest,
make it Torthy of the State and her people.

By order of the Exerutive Cominittee.
C. I. Hurchinson, Preside
EAcRasernto, July Sth., 1855.
Members to tae State Suelety.-Onc of the plans to promote the nsefulness of the State Society, is to aid then by the value of member-
sliop, and this is one of the sure ways's to prove your interest and your wish for its suecess. Gen-
tlemen who desire to give this evidence of their wistres, can call at the Rooms of the Society on euclosing $\$ 10$ by mail. This amount entitles, privileges of a mcmber, and they
diate fanilisis to an admittance to voluntarity, and enroll themselves.

## ${ }^{7}$ Forticultural Mopartment

Curl of the Leaves of Peach Trees.
This affection, to which the tree is subject during the month of May, and by whicb it ofte loses all its first leaves, has been commonly a aphides and the thrips. It is, however, ver
ander doubtful whether these insects are the real eause of that diseased change in the texture and form
of the leaf whieh is called the curl, because the inseets in question are rarely seen on the affected y account for the cxtensive injury sustained he surface of the leaves is swollen into irregola pongy texture, formed of thickened and suleeulent cellular tissue. Tbese tumefactions present
some analogy to the warts of the plum tree, and hay have a similar origin. The affection bas has often been observed to follow a cold storm in
May, whether conneeted therewith or not. If sudden cold and moisture have a tendency t check exaporation from the leaves, fluids will clanges by whieh they beeome blasted. It is trees early in the spring, or washing then with
a solution of sulphur and potash, will prevent them from suffering from the curl. Peach trees on plum stoeks seem to be nearly exerupt from
this affeetion, perhaps beeause the supply of nourthis affeetion, perhaps beeause the supply of nour-
ishmeut from the roots and the exhalations from the leaves are more nearly balanced in them; for than the peach on its own stoek.-TMaller root

## Fruit Culture near WashIngton.

Henry F. French, in one of his late letters to the Nerr England Farmer, gires the following in eresting account of the suceessful eommencemen in the cnlture of fruit by Darins Claggett, (fire miles from Washington city, who has been thirty years a mercbant, and who never saw a plow run
until on his own farm. Heemploys mostly Irish laborers
I have rarely seen a place which gave so de nd widhal of of good taste and good judgmen inother aarth, as this. Six years ago Mr. Claggett purehased three hundred acres of land, mostly covered with a small growth of yellow pine, en-
irely unimproved. In this short period of time he lias cleated and put under the plow one hum-
dred and fifty aeres, a large part of which is eor ered with a ehoiec variety of fruit trees of all dic
scriptions that the climate will produce. II criptions that the climate witl prodnce. Ilis
recs appear to be judiciously selccted, carefully pruned and protected, and making a growth far peashes, 150 apricots atad as manyy plums. 160 The apple trees are set forty feet apart, and th land among them planted with wheat in drills,
with bare strips a few feet in width along the rows. They arc making generally a better growth
han we get in New llampshire. I saw upon them ruarks of our old enemy, the borer, and far 1852 . According to the theory, ilhey will not be re again until I869, by which time our friend
will, it is hoped, have been paid by the fruit o the locusts lad possession of his trees, he could pint of the insects at once? His pear apple trce a er, far exeel his apples. Indeed, I have never sect so large a number of pears together, that
appeared so heathy, and, as we say at home, so
thrifty as these. I saw no sign of the sap-bligh thrifty as these. I saw no sign of the sup-bligh
or winter-killing. but the trees seemed full of life and many of them were full of fruit already set
The peach orchard is already set for a large crop The peach orchard is already set for a large crop
In 1853 Mr . C. sent to the market 700 basket. of peaches, and his crop this year will probabl.
far exced that quantity. He has this year in grass about 20 acres, in wheat about the same, in corn ahout forty acres, and in potatoes about
aeres, besides large tracts of vegetables and smal fruits, among the rest two aeres of strawberries
Ile manures all his crops sith Peruvian guano 300 pounds to the acre, plowed in, and guano this will insuro him abundant crops,

## Grapes and Wine.

In your paper of last Jułf, I observed a valuble piece on the usc of the grapc as a food or The most eminent physicians, and men who are traveled in grape countrics, agree with you It is a common saying, that in wine countries
 is a wouderful diflerence betwecn a man sitting under his own vine, eating the fruit and drinking
the juice, and going to grog shops and other dethe juice, and going to grog shops and other de-
testable places, aud taking their wines and other detestable poisons.
Alcohol, whether create unnatnral thirst, till, like a poisoned rat e drinks himself to death. The pure juiee of the grape, or the fruit, tends directly the otber
way, and also to give strengtb and health and way, and also to give
vigor to the system.
The grape is of
cuttings, grafting, or easiest culture, by slips cuttings, grafting, or transplanting from the
swamps. There are in this region the best of table grapes, and the best of wine grapes of na-
tivo growth; the former ripening in August, nad being sweet, productive, and free from pulp.
suppose they may be fonud elsewhere. There roasting them on plates of iron. After being
are families in tbis plaee who have made and thoroughly dried, the inseet is paeked for the are families in tbis plaee who have made and thoroughly dried, the inseet is packed for the
kept for years exeellent wine for medical pur-- trade. Immense quantities of this dye-stuff are poses of fine flavor and color, and witbout add-) used, both in Eurepe and the Linited States, in ing alcohol, spirit, or eoloring matter to the win
Tbere are two skilful physiciuns near by, Tberc are tro skilful physictuns near
use this wine, and no other for medieine


#### Abstract

Uue of the greatest pleas for using intoxicating liquor is, the idea that our Savior used, directe


 it, \&e. A very great mistake and absurdity. 'Thewine be made was that which he distinguished by calling it the fruit of the vine. Pliny, who lived at the time of ous Sarior, says good wine
was that which was destitute of spirit. Plutarch calls that wine best which is harmless, and that
the most harmless which las the least strength. and that the inost wholesom
has been added to the grape.
has been added to the grape.
The Cominissioner of Patents has had a bottl says, has no intoxicating power. I apprehen ays, has no intoxicating porer. I apprehen mprove by keeping. The grape ean be kept the
year round and the juicc pressed ont when want ed. Erery family, or physician, or church offieer ean make what is nevdful, and keep it in sunall
quantities casier than in large, and know what
they are using.- Phineas Pratt, in Am. Agricul.

## The Weeping Willow

Tue following account of the introduetion of the reeping willow (Salix Babylonica) into Farmer by I. II. Howard:
I presume that it is known to few that, for the beautifully over the hallored graves of the dend England and America are indebted to the distinwhile at Constantinople, whose husband at that time oecupied the embassy, she sent, in a basket
of tirs, home to her intimate friend, the poct Pope, a sprig of the Asiatic willow. Ile set it out in his garden, and from that twig has eome
all the weeping willows in Englaud and Ameriea. Lady Mary Montagne was horn about the year 1030, in Nottingbamshire, England; she was of her age; was cotemporary and on terms of inof her age; was cotemporary and on terms of in
timacy with Uannah Alore, Addison, Pope, Steele Mon was the wife of the aceomplished Charl George l. for some four jears; resided upwards of twenty ycars in ltaly and its neighborbood lived to the advanced
died August 21,1762 .
To Lady Mars. al
onor of introducing inoculation for the smat pox, a practice wbich has annually saved many

Keep Fnurt Tnees Straigut.-Trees in an open exposure ofter acquire a leaning position
rroun the provaling winds. This should not bo sutfered beyond a certain stage of the tree. When as large as one's wrist, they should be set up angle of ten or fifteen degrecs; in order to bring
them ultimately into a straight position. This is west done by obtaining crotched limbs from the woods, eight to twelve feet long, and placing the
butt end, which shonld be sharpeued, on the butt end, which shonld be sharpeued, on the or arainst a large outer timb if bramehing point. securing it frore chafing in the crotel, by a pading of strall, or litter, and setting the treo a also. the ground on the windward side of the ront so that it will not bind, and the work is accomo make its summer grownth, or soon after leafing out. Une season, if the tree is thrifty, will be all
that is required. If, howerer it be obstinate, rehat is required. If, howerer, it be oustinate, $r$
peat the trial another year. The remedy is sur Even large trees, which hare acquircd a perma-
dent lean, may be thrown into an ereet posture dent lean, may be thrown into an ercet posture ity cutting off an obstinate large root, without anjury to its grow th, and thus be made sightly will be longer lived and more fruitfil than a leaning one, and not half so subject

The Cochineal.
The Cochineal of commerce has the appearanco of a seed or grain ; and few persons who are uncguainted with the natural history of the artiel which is the principle ingredient in all our most a mumber of the aumal, instead of the regetale kingdom. But so it is, and millions of pounds nade an important article of cominerce, and sold n the various marts of the whole
in order to gratify the cye of man.
n order to gratify the cye of man.
I'wo menbers of the lower animal ereatio olay inportant parts in ministering to human cochincal tly ; tho former in spinning the threa of all our most costly textile fabries, and the latter in gising them their brillianey of hues,
from the flaming scarlet, the brilliant orange and from the faming scarlet, the brilliant orange, and the pale-tinted rose. All these colors, in thei intinite varicty of shade, as well as all others
where a tiuge of red enters as a component, are made from Cochineal.
The inseet is obtajued from Nexieo, and the the Cactus fanily, on the juico of which it feeds. killed by pouring over them boiling water, or by

The belle who, in a five hinndred dollar shawl of Canton crape, promenades our streets, captivating the hearts, and turning the heads of fools and coxeombs by the inagnifieence of the display, does not perhaps, know enough of natural history costly paraphernalia is manufactured out of tho hroud of a crawling worm, and died witb the life of an inmolated being.

## Duties of Farmers as Citizens.

Ezract from Dr. Reynolys' Lecture befare the Coneord Lycturn
To sustain the lavs of the land and to preserre rder and good government is obvionsly the duty of every citizen. But this is peculiarly the duty of the farmer. For the $y$ comanry of this country our government rests, minded seomanry of our land, our governnsent, left to the conflicting elements, that muet and
struggle and battle in our eities and political It is the mighty voice of the seomanry" of "the country that speaks with power and is heard
abore tbe raging billows of politieal strife. It is said that Paris is Franee and that the voicc of rance is but the ectio or the viee or Paris. But, have other voiees than the roiees of our great cities.
Now I do not counsel farmers to be politicians. hey are better employed. But they sliould keep and upon the charaeters and opinions of the men
who arc in offiec and who are secking it, that hey may act understandingly and independently. Farmers should be publie spirited. They should not consider their own littie farms as all the world. but remember that others have interests
at stake as well as theiusel res. They should ever bo ready to eontribute their part to support good government and to carry forward crery laudable
enterprise. There are often measures demanded by tho public good that do not inmediately put and necess in your pnrse, and yet they are important comfort ; they contribute to the dispatch of business; they facilitate intercourse ; they tend to ornament the village in which yon reside, and render it more respectable; they regard perhaps tho preservation of good order and good morats in wity
communty Cannot aflord to dispense with such measures and you should ever le ready to encourage and aid them, within reasonable linits. Tho proper way to accomplish such works is to
take hoid of them with you own hands and assist in planning and executing them. Farmers are apt to leave such inatters to genclencn of leisure,
who are apt to be liberal and sometimes cxtrava-
gant in their cxpenctitures, and then comploin, after the work is done, of the burden of taxatign, uccessary to all such maters, and let your voice This will generally bemove all caus of eolle. plaint after they are finished. Farmers are aft
to be too modest in the transaction of public affrairs, and to allow others, whose judewent is no better, and who hare no more at stake than themselves, to assume the control of onunicipal busi-
ness, inerely beciuse they ean talk glibly and have boldness enough to put themselves forward. In this way farmers are often erowded out of they ought to occupy, and which they are better qualified to ocenpy thant many who suceced in
ceaching then. Nutwithstanding farmers constitute by far the most numerous class of citizens, yet most of the ollices of honor and ennolunnent rarely do you find the titio of honorable prefixed to the name of the firmer! Bnt you say this is
because we are not othee-seckers. Is it not ratber because other men are oftiec-secker's and you do ot choose to compete with them?
Then do not complain that
Then do not complain that your position is not an honorable one and that gour sons will not foi-
low their father's business because it does not lead to honor and distinction. What is wanting
at the present tine is that the farmer should eultivale the soil in a more scientific manner ; that his intellect sloould be as assidiously enployed as preparc him to comprehend and master the duties pertaining to any position in society in which ho may be plaeed. Then when farmers are found
filling nany of the important aud influential offilling many of the important aud influcntial offices in the comnunity, their business will appear
moro reputable in the cyes of their sons, and instead of secking gold in the sierras of California, that they may enjoy tho uncertain honor which
results from wealth, they will be content to results from wealth, they will be contcit to cul-
tivate their paternal acres that tbey may in their tivate cheir paternal acres that toey may in their
urn fill the position of trust and dignity which, in the course of events, will devolve upon them.
In this way the farmur's calling will bo rendered honorable-and ho will occupy that position, as a citizen, to which he is entitled, and his interests will recoive that attention, from the goveruments The State will uot be laid, which they puerit.
Tbey will uot be laid on the tablo bccauso no
political capital can be made of them. But his political capital can be made of them. But his
roice, when it is heard in the publie commes, will voice, when it is heard in the publie eoments, will
bo regarded. Il is influence will be felt and will do felt for good, for he has no private interests to publie. good, and lie is ever ready to bear lis sliare of tho pubsie burdens. In the public prosperity

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

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| tara with delight all in liarmoug of heaven to ber parapees epra | aminations of some shells, drawn up ttom of the Atlantic Ocean, where it | But as he is a proc everythine oo le defors the erork to |  |
|  | - than two miles in deptli. These shells uinuto that to the naked eye they appear |  |  |
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|  | ic clephansts. The | and |  |
|  | its most important occupants, and the microscopic shell fish create more important changes than the <br> shell fish | another timo will do as well now. |  |
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| wive years have prased since the grizzlys wo hear "Betty" ainging "There's no place |  | Tre Desrar of Sinnan -The Sin | flowers, fraught with golden hours, are so swiftly <br> passing. And thou, oh glorious Suminer! why |
| of a Son of the Author of Ana | *10 |  |  |
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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
$\xrightarrow[\text { The Niearagna steanuship Uncle Sam, which }]{\text { Prom the easr. }}$ arrircd at San Francisco on Saturday afternoon last, made we befiere the quickest passage yet
the time from New York beitu only 21 days and the time from New York beitig only 21 days and
a few hours.
Tlie harvest was progressing favorably, in some The harvest was being nearly all scenred. The erops are represented to be very abundant. and the price of form had deelined m
The retail liquor trade in the eity of New York is said to contime as the liquor shops menerally. The United Slates officers who were some time azo dispatched to visit Sebastopol. have been re
ceived with great houors by Paschovitch, at Warsnw.
The Kno
ated Dr. Aubignangs of Louisiana have nomin Mill Aubignay, a Catholic, for Governor. N. II., was partially butned on July 14th, by Which 501 persons were thrown ont of employ
ment; loss $\$ 250.000$ dollars. Another fire on same day destroyed 30 buildines; loss $\$ 100000$ The opening of the Illinois Central Raihoad to Dubuque was eelebrated on July 18 ll . Sereral thousand people were present. Senators
Donglass and Jones, and Mr. Dodge were the principal speakers.
Furetgn.-Dates from London are to July 7 and from the Crimen to July 5. Lord Raylan dysentery. Gen. Situpson, an old India officer takes the command of the British forees in the Crimea, till Raglan's successor is appointed. The loss of the allies in the aetion of the 16 th of June
is said to have been lieavier than at first teported. It is stated that the Freneli had upirards of 5.000 men put hors dha combat. The Mamelon, taken by the French. It is said that Gen. Pellissier's great hanste to begin the assntelt before the projecied bumbarducent of the 18 th, was the main cause of the defeat. Nothing
done on either sille since the 18 th June.
The Enghela and French papers cunsider the Abstrian :lliance at an end, aud a empaign on the Ihine, by Lonis Napoleot, is anticipated. Parliament las granted an annuity of $£ 1,000$
per annum to the per annum to the widow of Lord Raglan, ate £2,000 per annum to the successor of his title. linment to present Sunday trading i tremendous dethonstration had been gotten up in Hyde Park were driving out. 'lley were saluted by ecracy of "Go to chureh." and the Jadies were much frighlened. 150,000 persons were assetnbled. One litlele lady was so muluch frightened that she
held up her proyon bank to show the mob she head up her prnyor bink to show the mob she withdrawn.

A grand banquet was given by George Peabody, the Ameriean banker in Londor, to Mil
$\frac{\text { lard Fillmore. }}{\text { SPECIAL NOTICES }}$

Ci7 California State Agrienltural Society's Rooms.-
The Rooms of the Sute Asricnltural Society arc located Fourth street, between J and $\mathbf{K}$, whe:e all who ore inter asted in Agriculture nnd kiadred Sciences are invited to call.
Sevelal hundred specinene in nll departmenta ure on exbiSevelal hundred apecimens in nll departments ure on exbi-
hition c.matautly, and it is the object of the Soeiety to makr these rooms a pluce of resort for our citizens. The
open dutily, (Sundaye cxtepted, and are frce to all under the charge of ibe Elitor of the Calipobnia Fabmer, who will be pleased to reader nny iofornution or
further any interest connceetel with rgiculturc.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { By order of the Executive Committre. } \\ & \text { C. } 3.26\end{aligned}$ HUTCHINON, Presldcut,
LP Sands' Saraaparilla.-This preparation has now
horue the test for over loutteen years' experienec, lluce lis firet horue the teet for over loutteen years' experience, bluce listiret Corwurd renewed teatimuny to to grent value na a medicinul
remedy. The unfortunate victim of hereditary dienan en wollon glands, conlracted siucwe, nad bunea hall carious, bas been rcatored to health ad vigor. The ecrofulous patient, curered with ulcers, luathoume to himeelf and to live attcndunts,
han heen made whole. \#undreds of persuns, who had gronued hopmezesly for yenrs under cutaneous and glandular disorders, from a derangement of the seeretive organs and the circulation hare been raised as it wery lirum the rack of disense, ald now,
with rcgeneruted constitutione, gludly teetify to the efficacy of
 v $4.51 \mathrm{~lm} \quad 146$ Wu-lingrou street, Suu Francie ETP WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CILERRY not only cures every epecics of lung compliiute hut it excrts a very
powerful ioffucnce on $n$ Diskasen Lives, In tlis complaint
it has, undoubtedly proved is hae, undoubtedy, proved more clicacious than any remedy had endured long and evevere euffiering ircm thes patiente out receiving the least benefit from rarious remadicennd when inercury has beco resorted to in vain, the use of this Bulean inslanees efficeted PERmANENT CurEsi niter cercry knowu
remedy had luiled to prudulis.


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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

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Ever on, on apace with the Ago and Times
Largest Light in the World, (over 500 fect Glass,)





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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
 "adep to follt the house at my henetif?
vite your creditors," was the surly reply. A little girl of four years had becn hrought up weyp properiy with regard to correct spece.
when one day looking at her doll's feet, she said Pinal I know that
schentc is in agitation in London, for the formation of a road throngh that city, eight niles
long. roofed in with glass, with houses and shops on each side. and heyond these, also on each side two lines of rails, one ahove the other, the lowee
fur trains stopping at every mile, the upper for xprcsses.
To Remove Ink Stains.-Tallow mill i ine most kinds of hlack ink froin cotton or
innst be melted and thoroughly rubhed through, and heated into the ink spot, and then snap and liot water will usually remove all traccs
of ink with the grease; some kinds of ink, howve, cannot be deconposed hy tallow.
$I_{T}$ is stated in a London paper that the British flour. mill, capahle of grinding from 700 to 800 hushels of wheat per day. The machinery is
Loth ingenious and compact, and in moderate weather may he worked witbout suspending the progress of the vessel, notwithstanding it is
all driven by the marine engine. The Ahundance has heen fitted up as a large bakery, is capahle
of turning out 20,000 pounds of hread per day rith the aid of some very simple machiner with all haste.
Two Yankees took lodgings for ahout ten days at a tavern in Lancaster county, and fared sump lannsly. drinking two or three hottles of wine horses-they at last agreed to entcr on the "prof horses-they at last agreed to entcr on the "prof-
itable contest.". The landlord ras appointed Indge, each bing the rider of his own horse.
IV hen they were mounted, the judre like those of the Olympic games, gave the word-one, two,
three, and go. Off they went and have neither heen scen or heard of since; leaving the landlord
inlly compensated hy having had the honor to e their judge.
Cbenit, says Horace Greely, is one of the best things man has devised, and ahout the worst
bused. Thousands live on credit who have no right to any such thing. None but an honest bann ought to he ahle to pass his rord instead of coin-a rogue's word is not worth its face, no
matter howr rich he may be. No one should hare facility to ruu in uobe for the means of os-
icntatious display, of sensual gratification, or of hazardous adventure. "Earn before you spend," extended mainly to those who use it to fit themselves with the means and implements of useful,

SANDS SARSAPARILLA.
 plaint, Bronchitis, Consumption, Female Com-
plaints, Loss of Appetite, Gencral Debilhy, $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text { N this preparation all the restorative propertics of the root } \\ \text { are concentrated in their ntruest etrength and efficacy; but }\end{array}\right.$ while Sarapaparilla Root forma an important parn of its coin-
hiuation, it is, at the same time, conywunded with other vegeable remedics of great power, and it it in the peculiar con nation and scientific manner of its preparation, multaneously upon the stomach, the circulation and the
houccis; and thus three proceeses, which arc ordnarily the reult of the three difierent kinds of medicine, are carried on at
be same tume, through the inatrumeotality of thix one remedial ent which gently stimulates while it dizinfects and expele
om the atomnch and howels all thnt is irritating, and at the mions imitate it in bearing the name of Sursaparilla, und in that heir reseablance ende, bcing often prepared from worthlees
nd inert roots, nud of course posese yo lealing or curativ ropertices, and paticnts io muking choice of wbich they will
tes should take no other, but that one entitcd to their coutilenee, from the first list ol cures it lias effected oo living wit und who are atill bearing daily testimong to its worth.
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## NEW BOOKS.



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dice We can preenta mase of evidencesin proof ofor


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sumption! In tie New Eughand states ile proverion is ene


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attuck of chillk and fever; and while oplerating so effectually as a pullintive, ity permancucy is equally roliable, and uo fearr
necd be entertained in any injury rcculting frum it urc,
 this remedy will be found invaluable, and no pereon travelit
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Read the following Testimony.


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The éalifornia firmer
 By Warren e sont













## \% <br> month, the increase or the amount due the of

## GRICOLA'S LETTERS.-NO.

On Rearing Young Calves.
Entors Farmer: The food taken into the auimal system has got two principal duties to perform: to supply heat, (and fat, which, as w have seen. is formed from a superabundance of the material provided for that purpose.) and to furnish the constituents of flesh and bloorl, which in roung animals are daily incrensing, and in those of any age constantly undergoing change and consequently require additional supplies mako wher tho constant waste. On making n nitrogen, and, consequently, in stall-feeding for the butcher, food containing but a limited supply is wanted. But our prineipal object, in raising young stock, is the production of musele, and no more prudent conrse ean he taken than to follow the rule already suggested: "First to aseertai what it is made of, and then to supply the neees sary materials in the animals' fuod."
Flesh and bluod, accorling to Thomson, are composed of -

Muscular fibre, Water.
77
79
Bloor
the constitnents of the animal matter in both being the same, and in the same proportions; ex eept that there is a little more ashes in blood, which evidently goes to supply the bones. if we take the minscular or lean part of the tle:lh and wash it in 1 entrent of water, for a lenglt of time, the blowit, to which the rell enloring owing, will giadually disapper, and the minecl become pelfectly white; in which state, with the exception of $n$ little fat, it forms what is known to chemiats umber the name of fibrin or fibrine. When dried heef is burnet it leaver abont $41-2$ per cent. of asluss, being equal to abont I per cent of beef in its mathral state-about two-thints of which are phomplate of time. Thus, to add IUN parts of the muscular part of a half.grown ani-
mal, there must be incorporated with ita sule stance

"How beantifully and admirably simple," says/supplying them with food yielding the clement Liebig, "appears the process of nutrition in animals, the fornation of their organs in which wiality chiefly renides! These vegetable principles bich. in animals, are need to furm blood, contain the clitef constituents of blood (fibrine and albunen) rearly furmed, as far as regards their con presition. Threse elements doultiess exist in all vegetables caten by cattlo, but not always in sueh ve may so call it - which solicits the aid of chemistry, in ministering proper aliments, for animals under different circumstances, and assisting nature to carry ollt her intentions, when slie is bese with difficulties otherwise too hard for her contend with. If grass and grain contain all th equisites for feeding of animala, we must re member that fur a long period of the year, we do oot have grass in sufficient quantities to adminster; and, when farmers live in the neighbor hood of good markets, they generally find it mor profitable to sell their grain than to give it largely to cattle. But, after all, it would frequently be the wisest thing they could do, especially durin that portion of the year when grass is defiecent and, I have no doubt, such would be done to ensiderable extent, if farmers were more gener ally aware that the cost of feeding growing ani mals properly, at that partieutar seanon, need net be so much, if prurlently managed, as they may be inclined to silppose.
Let us take the fullowing list, from Buussincault, of some of the more generally cultivated rops, showing the proportions of each containing The sane amount of nitrogen, and see whether they miay not, in proper conjimetion, be procuraa chenp as any other foor that could be used: Wheaten Flour $100 \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { ludinu Corn - } \\ & \text { Win }\end{aligned}\right.$ Barley Meal Sarley White Cathage Oats

11\%|Turnips - - 1335 consistes of hay the elements of nutrition, nearly in the properIion in which they anght to le, if it had not heen leprived of some of its most nourishing joicess ys the process neesssary to secure it in a fit state sary to supply, along with it, other fuod leso roody in its character, if we would have our ani mals in a thriving condition. let 1 se see, there fore, llow we can best make a relection from the ist I hare just quoted: I'otatue 1 have alrenil nore than once fecommendel as a food for catle especially in Culofornia, where they attain a larger size, and grow, when properly caltivated, in greater alumblure than in ant other country that ve are arquainteri witi. Lint, as we have airen. of nitrugen to anjrly the ordinary rasle of ani mal tisuue, without the suldition of liean meal. or whe such nitu-chums fowd, for that pirpore and how muels less suited must thes be av a foon for growing animals for which weiare more anx ions to suppi! ad litioual fle-la than additional fat Whey lied nut be. Nil we hare got to do i be consid rathly greater, so that when we take the amalysis of the pertato, anI ad I the quantit? of nitrogen coltal led in horse beans (whichi it witl be observeal is of all the grain crops the mo. abumbant in that nece-vary sonst tient of a nima He-h) we may hare theren a sy ferent quantity to render the cartronaceo:s pertion of potatee: "lish is not wantell for the production of cat and heat, with stch an addition, the same in compo sition as the proteinaceons substance fibrinewhich I have already referred to as being commun to animal Hesh and wegetubles-at all eren
to : to s imer as cientqian
tive whih it is wanled.
f nutrition, nor: which is worse, try to make them grow bigger, without providing them with food capable of p
The eril effects of this latter attenpt I have requently witnessed in Scotland, in the feeding of caives. There, especially in spring, good fresh
butter frequentiy brings so high a price, as to empt the too thrifty housewife to rob the calves of the cream of their milk, by letting it stand orne twelve hours for that purpose, and afterrards re-warming it for the poor calf, in expectation that it will not know the difference. But, if tbe thoughtless calf can thus be imposed on, Naure cannot; and dearly does the farmer gencrally pay for the petty temporary profit, thus procured y his prudenr help mate. Tlhe British Isles, rom their insular position, are sooner visited by Spring than the Continent in the same latitude enst of them; and the old remark, even in the extreme North of Scotland, that "Marcli comes n with an ndder's head and goes out with a pencock's tail," is in general perfeetly correct; and he alternate "sluiles and tears" of April have een too much talked abont not to be well known n our own side of the Atlantic. But as tho sun limbs the horizon, and the days get warmer, the ir necessarily gets rarefied aloove those apparent-
ored Isles. Nature has been flattering
The cold winds from the North-Fast them. The cold winds from the North-fasi heauties of May, which, howerer applicable to the sunny clinate of Italy, but litle apply to any portion of Great Britain. In the pastoral dis. triets, the young of all descriptions of domestic animals suffer; and now is the time that the door enif would have been benefittell by suel a supply ir fat as Nature intended it: to Juare, bit which it
cion of its fiod which would hare furnished i might gratify the panpered palates of those who had not intelligence enough to supply it with roper substitute
How beantiful! how benerolent are the ar rangements of Natore! If Gorl does not literally "temper the blast to the shorn Inmb," he furnishes the yunng of all animals, in their mothers' uilk, with a fool so atmirably fitted for all purposes or heat, nutrition, and fat, (which last is meither more nor less than a inagazine of fuel, laid up in the sy-trm (ill wantel) that they, though young, are tempered for the blast, as well as proviled with all that is necessary for their im mediate comfort.
On scientifically camining Milk, it will b ven that it cunsibts of two principal portionsthat whelh goes to make butter, and that which mes 10 make chece-and that tha former supphes the calf with heat and fat, the fatter with thesh, bluot, anil bones. If, thereforo, we tak array such a necessary por: on of its a liment a clam. We nust splply anen iralent Asstare cuntains all the elermen s of fat. I do not know
ing invie reashly accesnible s sbstitute; be id the farmer mab eavil) manufecture it for h moed f. Let him grate down, or froperls mash, say, busbel of ratr folatoce, and then wash outall th
 furins, afice Irying it properly in the sin. which wi l be equivalent to as many ponuds of butter
Kut to mase certain, let $\mathrm{h} m$ mix, along with Lutir matik, this starch aml an eq alal quant ty ae l-panderd oil-cahe, add ng a li tle sa L, and, will rent re to agy, if he edramister this mixtore I proper $q$ antity; that, after feeding them ith the r mothers' malk in its matoral stais am with it a'one, for one $\mathrm{m}=\mathrm{th}$, he may ts e th
cream from the mil gren to has caires with rer Fect ımpunty afterwards.

AGEI OLA.
mended to the attention of liorticulturists by the Editors of that valuable periodical, as tested by experiment, and that recommended by myself as natural inference from seientific insestigation. Mr, Rason, the gentieman who mado the experiufacture sulphuric acid for him, but he used it as yreventive. I lian to find a cure for an it imediate evil, the case was urgent, and I proposed it ready-made. His mode of application, from its being done, at once, for a "hole season, is moro snited for trees, and is neat :and ingenious. But if his succeed for trees, I do not see why mine should not do so for common vegetables.
Erratom.--In Letter No, 10, for "The 'chyle" or fluid absorbed from the blood contains that portion of the fool." read "'hre 'clyle' or fluid absorbed from the food contains that portion of it," \&e.

## Gapes in Chickens.

Mr. Moner: I send you a small instrument Which I used with great success in curing gapes in chickens. Early last sprint a number of iny young Shanghaes, wero raised without being affected with gapes, in a yard where other ehickens were nearly all destroyed by that disease. My
preventive was to put two or three drops of spirits preventive was to put two or three drops of spirits
of turpentiue in their water every time it was renewed.
In passing through my yard in the month of and Shast, 1 noticeel a brood of cross-breell Bralima and Shanghae chicks, about three or four weeks
old, gapiag badly. The girl who fed thein told nie that they lad been badly affected for several days, and tiro had died thint moruing. Thero were sixteen in tho brood. I had tried the feather and spirits of turpentine sometime beforo, and killed two by injury to tho wind-pipe, as I suppposed. I weut in tha hance and got a piece of Whate- bone, and I hadl the brool, fontecul in
number canght, and I set them on iny knee mintier canght, and iset then on iny hiee opened their month, stretched their necks, priked
uns rnerr tongues, gave the tongure to an a-sist ant to hold, moistened the sponge thoronghly with spirits of turpentine. and passed the spungo down its wind-pipe the full length of its neek io where I supposed it eame to the upper portion o its lungs. I then drew out tho sponge, turning i as I drew it, (holding the chicken tirinly, and I congloel np, and everychicken recovered in a fes days, although some of them wheczell a little for days, although some of them wheceetl a little fo
a few days. I suppose this eure was effected in a few days, isuppose this elre was effected in
consequence of using turpentine. Sinee then havo nsedl the sanue remedy on eleren of another brood cliat were bally affected. Let me assure yon that the sponge thoroughly saturated with spirits of turpentine, is perfeetly safe, nut in the least degree injuring the chicken, and a movt per-
feet cure. anl in skil ful hands it is quichly done,

Fizmarks. - The instrumelit sent to us by Dr Wylie is a kmall round whale-bone, not larger than an ordinary knitting-needle at the large end, and tapering to half that size at the other enel, it is alo 1 fur inches long. On the small ened is a thin piece of a sronge, a half an inch, long. elucirfing cambric thread. The circumf rence of the portion of tonne with the sponce ultached is no largor than the largeat end of the tone. We ar this prarticular in or l-r to have our read ra fully Dondersanl how to make suct an in tram. Ifd. Northern I'armer.
Gaiv or Time. - The di renes between $r$ ing


 W mitu Tstine-d Irty ch it a rit


 To Cleav ULPaivt- -

## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## Colifornia yarmact.

SACR AMEMTO, FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1855 .



## Does tt Pay

How often do we hear this ejaculation emanating from those who in many of the occupations of life are in the most commanding positions; positions, where by their influence they sway hundreds and thousands. Yet while they are good and honorable men their whole aim seems to be to acquire weallh, and all the energies of both body and mind are given to this pursuit, as if its attainment was the very zenith of all their aspirations, and the securing of this wealth was the "open Scsame" to the road of happiness. The merelant, as he unrolls the long invoice. him; as he looks over the various articles enumerated upon the list, rarely thinks of the benefit he may be conferring upou the city or State by the introduction of some new commodity. In his eye and on his mind are written and stamped these three words-will it pay?
The manufacturer, as he erects his mill and looks over the eomplicated machinery, as the polished wheels and cranks meet bis ese, studies sees the noble huilding with its granite foundation, and the machinery moving with velocity and in perfect order-fur a moment a groan arises in his leart, a roice mhispers "'tis a noble work it is an honor to the State, it will give employment to thousands;" but the bright and beautiful thought is quickly gone, as the introding question comes-" will it pay?"
The shipowner, too, as he sces his beautiful palace on the deep, floating away with a freight of the rich products of the carth; his swelling heart says "she is a nuble ship," slie is worthy those world-houored "stars and stripes" that float so prondly in the hrecze-lie for a moment renembers she bears from her mast-head to her keelson lising eridences of Ainerican enterprise
and industry: The proud ship, by her beautiful model, her speed on the vecan, her worhumat.ip
in erery acpartment, is indeed the boast of our eountry's geuius. And when her owner renembers that she bears across the ocean the product. of his own country, the rery labor of her eitizens, he feels a thrill of pleasure, as for a moment his name nay be identified with this great work of progress. But a moment more and the whispering voice comes-" will it pay ?" -and the bright
rision is for gotten.
The cultivator of the suil plows, and plants: and bnilds his barns and gramarics; he fenees his land buys horses and catle; lie sets out his vineyards and orchards ; and then heplans his "home" and gathers bis luxed ones around lim. The lields on waving grain cast a golden halo around that home; the grass is soft as a carpet under his feet; the rines bend down their loaded branehes with tempting, lascious fruit; the fig tree turns its purple check to him from its deep green futiage; and the crimsoned peach cloys him with itfulness. Ilis gramaries hurst out witb their over loaded weight, and his wine presses gush orer with new wine; and as he gazes upon this, as he
looks upon all these glorious evidences of earth's bounteousness, he sees that it is indeed "full of glory." Then he may call all his houschold God's bounty here in this farored land, and they too may see and feel it is so; but, alas! how soon shall he whose mind is occupied with other mat-
ters, refrain from such thoughts, and in a monent ters, refrain from such tho
he asks- "will it pay?"
Alas! how often are tho most sublime efforts of genius crippled by a knowledge that few only will aid in advancing sucb efforts, unless "it will return of dollars and cents. Artists of all grades in life have felt and mourned this horing down to the "golden calf;" and although nation after nation has arisen and read of the consequences of this worship, ever since the days of Moses; al
though they have been bitten by the serpent and though they have been bitten by the serpent and
live. a few ouly have the will to look formard to that fir distant day, when the recollections of goorl aets and deeds shall eome up in sweet re and separatel from all the base alloy gilig and mistaken crowd of world
the nature of all actions shall be and the valuo established. Tben
as the scroll is unrolled, every one will know as
they review their former judgments-thcy will find answers to the question, "docs it pay?" We have been led to these thoughts hy the ception of the following letter from one of our gentleman long eonnected with the science of agrieulture and hortieulture, in fact with all the rieulture and hortieulture, in fact with all the
scientific institutions of which Salem ean so proudly boast. 'Chis gentleman we had in our
mind's eye as the thought flashed upon our mind mind's eye as the thought flashed upon our mind in the words with which we open our ediorialland, has always found his devotion for science to pay; aye in the highest sense of the word, Not as the world means, however. for that was not uppermost in his mind; but in his labor and derotion he has asked himself, "will it not advance science, will it bencfit my fellow men, will it add to the happiness and prosperity of my country at home and to her honor abroad." These questions were answered in the affirmative, and his
heart would say, quickly, "this docs pay." heart would say, quickly, "this does pay."
We love and honor such men, and are ha We love and honor such men, and are happyy
o know that Salem has so many able ruen to aid in her scientific institutions, and we hope to sec such institutions in California.

- For the kind expressions tendered in the annexed letter, for the assurances of aid from such a source, for the approbation of such inen, we are proud. The little see may have done, or the little we may ever do in adrancing the cause of science, shall be most wiltingly done; and to our kind Friend the Doctor, and to our other kind friend Professor Russell, we tender our highest regards, be ever in our minds. However great the labor, or screre the toil, we may be called upon to advance, should we bo inquired of by some worldwise lover of gold, "docs it pay," we will say, the approbation of good and true men, and the pernsal of such letters as the ammexed, will answer "it will pay." Though our body may be weary, and our spirit faint, and our purse minus of the shining gold, if we have been instrumental in the happiness or prosperity of others, we have no labored in rain.

Salem, Mases, July 5, 1855.
Son- Dear Sirs:
Messrs. Wabmen \& Son-Vear Sirs: Your
estecmed favor by Mr. W. R. Waters, we receired estecmed favor by Mr. W. R. Waters, we received
eesterday, and in line orter. The speeimens of jesterday, and iul line orter. The speeimens of
agricultural seds do great ercdit to the virgin soil of California, and exlibit the success of en-
sen our scries of grains and shall ralue thenn much.
Brief though the notiec of Mr. W.'s departure for oir rew Engtand was to juil, wetlimk you were very happy in remembrance of our wints, The
mincrals, also, were of much value to 115 , and une mincrals, aso, were of much value to tis, and une
was of much beanty besidee (a piece of lignite
with trilliant prites.) Your former acquaintwith brilliant pyrites.) Your former acquaint-
ance, Prof. Jno. J . Russell, was gratified at the ight of the Sects of the Mammoth Tree, and thanks yon in the mane of Botanical sevenec
far the same. Ile would be very glad to add to for the same. Ine would be very glat to add to
the listitection uny native secels, especi-
ally the seed vessels, acorns, pines eones, itc. If hrge. one, or at most five or six in number,
each kind. Also, if you have any botantst who is a eollector of the mosses and lichens of your glorious region, f.ur famed for regetation, thes
inconspicnous plants would be nuost desirable. inconspicuous plants would be ruost desirable.
Mr. R. assures me that he hopes to be able to procure a fows seds of the Fictoria Regia im a few len's plant has as yet produced but a single capsule of mature seeds, and this only a very few.
It probably will be more prolitic in future. Writh assuranees of our regards and wishe your success in adrancing the benefits of an clevated and enlightened abriculture in its every department of science and art,

> We remain, very truly yours, IIENRY WEATLAND,

The Turf, of California
California is destined to create some exeite ment in the world, by the attention which is now given to the preparations for having w
borders the finest horses in the world,
We mentioned some time since the importation of a very raluable entire Ilorse by A. J. Eastun, E., a few days since, to see this noblo animal, and were kindly driven out to tho stable near the Laguna, on the Presidio road, for this purpose. Having seen'and examined this beautiful animal -having made a thorough inquiry and examined the certificates of his pedigree-having learned
all the necessary details, we are now prepared to speak of the auimal, and what we saw, All we need say or do will be to publish, from authentic documents, the history of the animal. Thls will convince any one that we have now in California the United States.
Mn: Easton has erected a very neat and hand-
was led out by B. P. Pish, Esq., proprietor of the "Black Hark Stable." on Kearny street, who has the charge and training of this animal. At the rord, the horse was looscd from his halter,
and by the roice of his keeper was led into the and by the roice of his keeper was led into the
yard, guided and directed by the voice alone. We watehed bis movements, we saw him in every position, and although we have seen thousands, we have rarely seen so beautiful an a
Morgan Horse (Black Hawk) "Dayid Hill." His speaking eje, his bcautifully eurved neck his firm muscle, his perfeet points, give, with his gracefulaction as he moves before you, convincing proof that he is not only beautiful, but a fitultics animal.

We now append to our statement the fullowing certificates and descriptions, which are from at thentic sources, as will be seen by the names at tached; and we feel that great credit is due $\mathrm{Mr}_{r}$ Easton, fur the public spirit he has manifusted in thus introducing into California one of the fines animals now in the United States. We commence with a history of the "Morgan Horse:"

## Known as "Justin Morgan", was sircd by "Truc

 Britton," formerly owned by Gen. Delaney, con mander of the Refurec Troops, and rode by him in the Revolution; "he intter horse was sircd bythe imported hone" "lraveler." The dan of Justhe imported horse" raveler." was sired by "Dimond"; he hy the Chureh Ilorse, and he hy the iuported horse raluable stock; he was inmorted by Gen. De lancy, in 1761 , and after being used as a stallion $17 \% 3$. Wountry, was reshipped to England in coming to this country of Lord Wm. Swinbourn and was sired in 175.3, by "Old Code," son o Godolphin Arabim, his dam by "Steady," son of Flying Childers.
Justin Morgan was folded at West Springfield Mass., in 1793, and brought to Randolph, Vt., hy
Justin Morgan, from whom hie derives his nance Justin Morgan, from whom hie derives his nanc An enigrant from the furmer place in the sum-
noer or fall of 1795 ; Mr. Morgan brulie the eolt and owned him un to the time of his tleath, whie and owned place in March, 1798. Of the progeny of Justin Morgan-the most famous stallion of his luod mare; and he left numerous and valuable slock throughout the eastern part of Vermont
and New Llampshire, where lie was kept the greater portion of his active life一he died in 1835 STOCK OF THE ORIGINAL RLACK HATFK, sIDE OF
The most celebrated of alt the deseendants, is
lack IIavk Divid IIll, the fifth of the cele Black Ifank Divid Hill, the fifth of the celc Mrated racers of that name, and now owned by
Mr. David IIII, of Bridgeport, Vt. The dam of Black Ilawk was a 3.4 blooted English mare aicod in tha prayino of Nuw Rematicke. Sho
could trot a mile in less than three ninutes, and was. in every respect a superior animal. Black
Hawk is the sire of more vuluable stock that is in aetire and present use, than any other livin holse; as in one instance, at a State Fair, East his progeny reached a half mile in length, with the old horse at their head, varying in years to a
nursing foal. That sight hundreds can attest to and one, no less tban our distinguisled citizen A wager has
produced from his proffered, that horses can b produced from his progeny, in three States-Mas
saehinsetts, New York, and Youmont-as follows One hundred that ean beat 3 minntes; ten that e.nn beat 2.40 ; live that can heat 2.35 ; twentytwo that ean beat 2.30 ; and one that can beat
any horse in the world for $\$ 10,000$, or more which is a public challerige.
Black hairk mavin mul
Was sired June 9,1849 -is a jet black, meas ures 15 I- 2 hands high, and weighs one thousand was awarded the first premium at the Adllison County Fair. Vit, and at three years old received the first premium at the same Fair, also at the
New Yorli State Fair, held at Saratoga, received New Iork State Fair, held at Saratoga, received the first premium, and at the National Fair held at Springlield, Mass, received the first premium
and a diploma، Again at Brattleboro', ' $t$., he received the first prominn. When four year old, having been driven but little previously, he Govid IIill was bought from the stable of the owner of Black Hawk, and derived his name
from him, who intended that David should take the Old black Ilawk's place, as lic is now quite advanced in years; but as David was to come to
California, he consented to advise the disposal of hilu by his son and Nr. Burchard who owned
im, for the sum of 5000 . Mr. lim, for the suin of $\$ 5.000$. Mr. B. F, Fish was
commissioned by Mr. Baston to obtain him. IIc arrived here on the Itth of April last ; since that tine David Ihll has served over thirty mares He is warranted to go in training in 2.40 . They
only showed 2.50 . No horse feels limself, till he has been in this conntry a year or more, there fore no one cantell what his speed may bo. Greal speed is anticipated, from tho following recom nendations which liavo been given, as the men are known to be judges, and the owners of Ethan Allen challenge
Tho following well known names were formard $\mathrm{IH}_{1 L \mathrm{~L}}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ :

We tahe great pleasuro in recommending t
We take great pleasuro in recommending to

IIill, purchased by Mr. B. F. Pish, with a vieer
Io the inurovement of the socik of hortes in the State of Califfornia. That he will pet fast t rotting stock there can be no duiltht. Among the trolling
 Vothing. Eathan Allen, Beell of Saratoga, and many others. We have seen soino of tue stock
jred by Bliek Hawk David Itill, and it promises

O. S. Rowe ; of original Black Hawk O. S. Rowe: owner of Eathan Allen

Edgar Milo, owne of Black Hatrk Chief. Enrifleate fnom tne ownen of navid hill.
This is to certify that the joung stallion Darid Hill is fire years old this spring; was raised by Hill is fire Jears old this spriug; was raised by
Oliver Russell, of Shorham, Vt.; was sired by my horse Blask Ilawk, and in niy opinion is as rood a colt as any of lis getting. ood a colt as any of his getting.
(signed) DAvin M1HL, owner of Black Mawk.
Bridport, VL., March 10,1855 .
Weelsly Accounts of Fruits Exhbibited T THE society's buo
Tnaee Bartlet Pcars - largest, long circumerence 11 inches, short circumference 9 I-2 inches, weight 10 ounces. Two Nitive Pearslargest, long circunifcrence 8 inches, short cirounces, Two Native Pears (gigantic)-Jargest, short circumference 9 1-2 inclies, long circumference Il inches, weight of the two 13 ounces. ence 11 inches, weight of the two 13 ounces,
One Sedling Cling Peach, from fair to middling. The above are ereditable to the growers, indeed deserve high commendation, and are from the Ranch of Milton Wolfskill, Esq., on Puto.
The following splendid Pcar is from the Ranch William Wolfskill, Esq., of Los Angeles: Naive Pear-long eircumference 12 inches, short cireumferenes 11 inches, weight one pound
The following spiendid Peaches are from the well known Pormological Gardens of A. P. Sinith, Esq., near Sucramento: Two speciueus of Mixon Cling-largest, short eireumference 3 3-8, long cireumference $97-8$ inches, weight 8 ounces. Crarrford's Late (Prec Stone)-largest, long cirumfereneo $101-2$ inches, short eireumfurence I0 3-4 inches, weight $101-2$ ounces. One bunch f Royal Muscadine white Grapes. Too much cannot be said in eommendation of these splendid uits.
From Messrs. Pern \& Hooker, on tho Sacrapounds, measuring, short circumferenee, 37 inehes. Also two Cantelopes of large size and fine artistic proportions, and of same varieties. These metors re ereditable to the growers.
The following was prepared for last week's paper, but by mistake was orerluoketl :
By Messrs. Theceler \& Brooks, Nurserymen acramento-a fine Tomato, Trighing I IV. 2 ozs.; disli of Cucumbers, one weighing 31.2 lbs . and foot long; two fine seedling Necturincs.
By Dr. B, B. Brown, Staramento-speeimens of Rhubarb and of Spanish Leek, the latter rery full grown and in seed; also one Bouquet, neat nd pretty.
By Mieltael Gregory, Gregory Ranch-spueiens of Garlic,
By Thomas Brooks, of Whecler \& BrooksFotmes (the evergreen of so-cillerl Califormia clusters of pretty mountain shrub (in the seed pod.) From Smith's Pomolugical Girrdens, Sacra-hento-a dish of four Peaches; one Old Mixon Cling, weighing half a pound; threc of George Fi-all very tine. Ilad it not been for the havoc made by the grasshoppers, these gardens would hare produced the finest exhibitions of fruit this

By Albert Prazce, N street, betreen Fifth and ixth-a cluster of 22 Tomatoes, weighing 5 lhs., By Samed Dition.
By Samuel Patrick-Thorns of the Cactus, in hape like a fish hook; takeu from the plant in
49 , on the Gila River 49: on tue Gila River
m quintay maneh.
Col. Warren: With Quintar you will recciven box containing a few things which I think will be of some interest to your socisty, viz: A new Melon raised by me, from three seeds Thero are cight omburgli; mame, Black Duteh. ize, but not yet ripo, and numberiess sinall ones. fiend from Cuatsworth, from seed bronglit by a and atthourl nost delicate flavor.
A jar with threo Peaches-largest measuring 10 inches by $93-4$; smallest 9344 ineles by
$1-2$, The threo weighed $241-2$ ounces. I hould havo sent jou a dozen, but could not get largo glass jar. However, joun siw them growing, and know what they are. There were three hundred on the trec, and not one less than
inches, and most of them 8 to 9 inches. A binches, and of what you called ino
A Bean. 1 received it from Central America have but two vines, and there are nuwards of fifty pods on each, and still in blosinum. some brick stable, with yard attached, for the
spenenience of this horse. Tho animal

Mclon Secus, raiced by me last year, from the refreshing water from the dcep and puro Arte-
clovicest scels prceurabie in Europie; solre of the sian; and we know the "continual dropping cllowest seals precuralile in Europe; solue of the
kind- are excellent. I shoult like these seeds to Le intrunted to some member of tlie Suciety. Who
would takic eare to heep them pure. You arc a nare liat I introduced the Valencia. Melon and

will send 10, the result as soon1 as har hested.
The small Melons joun saw. from secds of which qai. ed a pi ize in Englaml last year, are
not yet ripe. If they turn out well, I'll send yuu one. Wishing you all the suece.s jou deserve with jour Exilitition, fc.
E. Pinnix.

Col. Warmen: With Ruintion rance, aus. will reeceive tivo of the English prizc Meluns I mentioned to you in my last, and l think you will agroe with me
that their flilor is most exquisite. To my tut that thecir find is most exquisite. To my taste
they are far superior to any l have pet sean in they are fir supcrior to any 1 liave yet seen i
Califurnia.
In laste, truly y ourrs,
E. Pinnix

The abore we received in excollent order, and are noir on cxlibition at the Society's Roouns.
Such spccimens do honor to the cultivator and it Such specimens do honor to the cultivator, and it is such cultivation only, that will amaken a true lorc of the science. We had but alluded to the same melons of ' 52 in our journal of the last week, and were rememberiug the laudable interest then manifested by Capt. Pinnex, and the excellen quality of the melons then sent, when this col-
lection came to hand. For such contributions, lection came to hand. For such contributions, name of the State Ṣociety, and assure bim tha his wishes shall be attended to.

## A Visit to the Mines.

The following was written as part of the artile with the above heading, published last weel, but was accidentally mislaid:
As we have said, no just conception can be had of the magnitudc of the mining enterprises, without a personal inspection of thcm; and we parsummer journey, a trip to Park's Bar, during the months of Scptember and October, when these works shall be in operation. We hesitate not $t$ say, some of the richest deposits that have y been discovered, will be found hero
The Golden Channel Company has a claim of from 12 to 25 feet deep in the basin they are now paring to dry, and they are putting in four pow orful steam pumps, from which the water will b carried in their waste flume and leare the bed of
the river dry. The gigantic plans of fluming the whole river have been completed by sereral companies up and down, the present company being
at the evd of the flume and in the deepest water Abore the Gald Channel Company, aro the Hedges Company, 400 feet; the Canal Company 600 feet; Evans Company, 500 feet; Gevoy Company, 1000 feet, and several others.
Some iden of the cost of labor and materials expended in the mines can be had, when wo in-
form our readers, that all these works, hovererer stupendous or costly, are washed away every year, by the swelling floods; and although this fact is known to the miners, and although many opcrations cost five, ten, twenty, furty, and some-
times sixty thousand dollars in a single compans, yet with an energy and perseveranco xorthy suc cess, they work on in faith until their work is completed and they realize a fortunc or Gind they must "try again." Hundreds of thousands or dollars worth of lumber is annually washed array
from these rorks in the mines; but it is not lost wholly-it is scattered all along the river sides for miles and miles, and furnishes fencing stuff for the farmers. Nicarly all the arrangement for farnmers' use-corrals, log barns, shanties fence, dc.,- -are made from the wreck of mining opcrations and drif wood, so that what is lass to
ono class, is gain to another. The mincrs are generally doing a prosperous business, and there is an active and healtly trade
all through the mines, among the traders. We desire partieularly to mention the general comfor and oftimes loxury that is found high up in tinden
mining region. We found many fine garden spots, which would hare been beautiful hut for the grasshoppers. We noticed many fine cot-
tages built and furnished with exquisite taste ad refinement, at Long's and Park's Bars
csts. Burnetl, Shearer, and Lorre, each enjer ing the blessings and comforts of homes. There were many others, and to sereral we were indehtod for kindly courtesies. Long's Bar, who courteously prorided entertainment. The Doctor is an able and successful prac-
titioner of medicing and most higbly esteemed. What a contrast in name and charater. There
is surely nothing stone-y about his heart, for bis
kindness and generosity come oosing up like the
sian; and we know the "continual dropping o
(such) water will wenr away stonc;" this it is that has liept the heart of our friend so malleablo Hile connected with the hardening substance of the world. Next door to the Doctor's is Mr Sexel, an enterprising merchant, and by the busi-
ness doing there se sinould think he must be the ress doing there :se siould think the must be the pagron du voyage were indebted for many tomforts after hard triveling. bountcous refreshments, nicc room and bed, kind carc of our horse, and a hearty dejeune next morning. So much kind aess from Mr. Sexel and the Doctor: we shall not scoul furget. To Mr. Ifuutington and his partners of the Gold Chamel Company, for attentions at their works and in assisting ns over the river and works, we were much indebted. Wc say to all Oir friends, we wish them unbounded success in all their labors. We were under many obligations to Dr. Wuoster and Iady, at Ousley's Bar,
for attentions and refreshinents afice a dusty ride for attentions and refreshnnents after a dusty ride
the mines. From thence wo returncd to Marssville.
Agricultural Meeting in Yuba County. Aaneeably to our mention last week, we pub
ish, from the California Rxpress, the doings of ish, from the California Express, the doings of eeting held at the City Hall in Mociety, at the 13 th inst. We publish this in the hope that the proper public spirit thus manifested in that city, relative to the Great State Fair the coming montb, may induce otber counties to a wake to
their duty. We would ask most earnestls, where are the Societies of Santa Clara, Napa, Sonoma, and Alameda? Each and all have great interests at stake-each of these counties has an organization, and great interests within its boundaries, and each cultivator is more or less intercsted, ac cording to the amount he has invested in stock, gardens, nurseries, orchards, or grain ficlds and if only few act, then few will reap the beneft. Each of these named countics has important interests at stake, and in an enterprise of such mo-
ment as the ExBibition of the Aghiculture Manufactores, and Industry ore the State,
cecry personal, local, or party consideration should be laid aside for the timo beirg, and all with one heart and mind should unite for the public good. Yuba and Sutter have acted nobly The following are the doings reforable cxample? The following are the doings reforred to:
AGRICULTURAL MEETING.
 assembled in the City Hall, Margsville, Monday cvening, 13 th inst. The mecting being called to order, the minutes of the previous meeting were
cad, when it was moved that the President nip point three standing committeces viz: On Agriculture, IIorticulture, and Stock; ; whoso tirs
duty is ahall be to report at the Society's nex duty it shall be to report at the Society's nex
meecing, the names of gentlemen who will ofie articles and aninnals at ilisis jear's Fair, for competition, so that proper arrangements may bc
made in time for their rceeption at Sacramento.
The mution having been carried, the presiden The mution having bee
ppointed the following:
dgriculture,--12ichard Rust, J. L, Lock rood
r. McMurtrec, B. Landis, A. L. Ga, Mr. Reed and Mr. Crabtree. Landis, A. L. Gay, Mr. Reed, Horticulture-Janes Allen. E. A. Shepard, J.
Blanchard, J. Jarvix, G. N. Sireezr, B. G. Ilurl but, and C. Corilland.
Siock-Clarles Hedges, S. F. Brewster, Rich arr Piatt. N. Barehain, G. Britton, Wim. II. Parks and J. L. Burtis.
On motion, the pres
On motion, the president appointed a commit-
tee of tive, to report the names of thirty-five gen-
 Sinvention and Farr, to be hoiden at the eity o
Sarraniente, September $2=$ the The committec retired, and after a sliort consultation repprted the
following: Jmes Allen. Richard Rus. J. C. Fall,
Charles J. Itedges J. S. Kirkpatrick. E. C. Sbep-
 Beacl. R. G. 1lurlbut, L. Washborn. G. N.


On motion the nominations were nnanimously
Oided. Allen, and Col. R chard Rust were made honora-
Un motion, the following resolution wrsc carried: Resolre 1, That this Society inrite as many,
moth ladies and gentlemen, resid nts of $\operatorname{Inb}$, and Sutter connties, as can make it con reaient,
 27 th and 2 Sith, at Sacramento Citr. The object


17 thyroximo, to hear reports of committees, and
complete arrangements for the State Exlibibion. The president then announced that Col. War-
ren and the Rev. Mr. Briges would addrcss the
Mr. Briggs was first called, who made his address so pleasing and interesting as to dray forth
frequent applausc. Col. Warlicn being called requent applausc. Col. Waricn being called,
entered upon tho general merits of, and the high entered uloun tho general merits of, and the high
position Agriculture should take, whicl he handerrct wasterly manncr, crencing the liveliest in the oljects of these associations, and all the ne And in detnits regarding the Great State Fair half of tho Stite Society a ferv volumes of hoob and a rariety of choice foreign and dolncsti seells, for experiments; having becn collected by order of the U. S. Government, and distributed mong the various State Agricultural Societies. On motion, the ineeting tendered Col. Warre and the Rev. Mr. Briggs, a vote of thanks, for heir valuable and intercsting lectures of this evening, and cxtended a general invitation fur ind it their pleasure and Mr. Hancon pleas.
Mr. Hanson offcred the following resolution Yuba and Sutter counties hereby invite the cers of the State Agricultural Society to hold their next Annual Sinte Fair at Marysville, and hat the Corresponding Secretary of this Soeiety' transmit this resolution to the Corresponding Secretary of the State Society.
The resolution was discussed
The resolution was discussed, and meeting with the hearty and earnest approval of all present ras passed unanimously
There beiny no further
mere being no further business before the meet ing, on motiou, it adjourned
G. H. Beaca, C

## Our Boston Correspondence.

The great topic of the day is the heat: alk of nothing but the heat-thermometcr abore ninety; and no one has energy to use anything but a fan. Those who can afford to get a way ush out of the city, and thoso cannot, say they are going. Ice is a pleasant thing to think upon, and a trip to the sea shore-Newport or Naliant -is far more agrecable than shinning in State street, or standing behind a dry goods counter Thin coats and trowsers from the famed Oak Hall. and cool soda from Brown's arc the ouly relicf or the "troubled ones," If one desires soniething new in the way of luxury, he will find it at Tompkin's iu the shape of cream syrups, a most delicious article, new and singular and very popular, if we may judge from the rush at his soda fountains during tho hot days. Sun strokes are ommon, and foreigners who drimk the raw nin erial incautiously, suffer in consequence. Fruit
or nlenty and ira cream abundant Provisions a nlnty and ire cream abundant Provisions
re conning down, country hotels are crowded, city hotels deserted, artists are off on their summer sketching tours, and all think of the body and nothing else. Operas and theatres are over for the season, and the actors are all off starring in Canada, Fashionable ladies are preparing to eare the city to create sensations at Newport and Saratoga.
The liquor law in New York took effect on the th inst, and sherry cobblers mast no moro be thought of. They mast all make up their ninds oo obey the law, like goods citizens, cren if it does ry their tempers, and be thankful for the bless. ing of told water, whict can be coolerl with
inueh cheaper than tempered with brandy.
There is a movement on foot to estalitish a line of steam packets between Boston and Liverpool, and some of the first merchants are setively interested. The great increase of the import hnsiness for Canada, through this port, afiords one of the strongest arguments in faror of a ach an arrangement. Within five years the increase of these
imports has been aimost twelve fold. In 1851 the ralue of these imports through one firm, though doubtless the chict, was only about § $51 \pi, 0 \mathrm{~m}$; while the ralue of those imported through Boston during the first six month of
1855 , amounted to over $\$ 1,700,000$, and even this amount, we are led to belere, would hare been morh inrransed had the shipping facilities betwee sailing packets bas done and is doing moch to fa. cilitate this intercourse, and it has become almost a pecessity that increased steam facilties shoold be furnisbed hy Bost
Bnsiness matters are flourishing. A harge nunas. ber of parchasers from the West and Sooth are in this markeh, and oar merchants are do-ng a
very large bnsinese. The fine crops in all soc. tions of the country have atimalated trade, and burers from abrood feel every coanidence that goods on hand in distant places
the fall perchases $\boldsymbol{F}$ I be large. we bear of a from in Poarl stre
a bill of $\$ 20.000$, and other larg
cported. The ceported. The houses in the boot and shoo trado
have also sold nore goods the present weel than at any other time the present year. What better Many book publishers of New of our country. ating, during the summer ant rctroats ont of the city. Among them the
Messrs. Ilarper, of IIarper Brethers; Messrs. Harper, of IIarper Brothers; nind Harry Long \& Bro.. New York, aro at a cosy place called Samuel Brown, a most agrceable host, andl very popular. Therc are many books in press which
will occupy general attention, for the the fall
trado Crade, among the New York publishers. "My the pen of a young published by Derby, are from lyn, who is already known as a writer in BrookPrince Her wer the non de plume of IIarriet Dearcely antieipated even by her admirers. Mr. Derby has in press a work, by Judge Walker, of and New Orleans." in wich many foct. Jackson to the Crescent City and its hero will bo regard lirst time, presented. Messrs. Tieknor for the to readers of refineral raluablo works, adlapted would here say. for the benefit of our readers Co., of New York, can be had of Ticknor \& Fields those from the press of J. C. Derby, at Phillips,
Samson \& Co. Messis. Redding \& Co., have all he Harper's publications, also those from Messrs. Long \& Brother, New York.
We have many notices of valuable works, Farmen Owing to the great in Califonnia farmen. Owing to the great heat we will hare

De Quincey.
Our Boston Book Department.
[The following notices appear in several agricultural works well as our advertieers in the Fastern Suntes, to observe them, the wish their business promptly atlended to.

 inund at Mt
Lon reet.
N. B.
 Received from J. C. Derby, New York, the Liff of "Sam Houston "-l brilliant and true Biography, and Interesting as a novel. Illustraled with eight fine engravings and three mapa
It contains anauthentic narrativo of the eventful and atirring contains amauthentic yarrativo of the eventful and stirring
iffe of the lluatrious Scnalor, Hero, Palriot and Stulesman. 11 of the Hllastrious Sensior, Hero, Parriot and Stulesman
11 full of anecdute, adventurc, and thriliag incident, siving The fuil of anecdute, adventurc, and thrilliug inctiden, fiving
the outlines of Houston's carcer, in fanguage lhal will toveb Aloo, jurt published by the same Hourc $c_{1}$-" Femulo Life Tung in man Mormone, "-a book full of Alartling diselosurce.

 hook io a full disclosure of the experionces and sufferinge en dared by Females in tho Mormon Country. The suithor eage
in her Prefece, " Knowing ei do, tho evila and horrors of the
 bus induced mo to prepare the following narratire, tor the pub-
 Whil \& Yost, Phildelphla, have jwel published, "Our Firmt
fomitio"- no nol of Philudel hie good onciety-by a descend
 cidente end princlpal characters of this work are etketel.ed from
life, yet no particular person or privale hintory is inade nso of ife, yet no particular person or privale hintory in inade nso of
in anch a manner as to warranl the dircel parsonal application
 of any portion it." This work is a sanore upon eome of the
priocipal familina In Phiventelphis, end is de tined to create quite
 received at the Poblicheri' ngenis, Mearra Jamen French oc Co. T3 Waehinguno atrect, Boatom, and we would ras to all, read it and be amuied ani linernated.
Received from T. Pet.
Received from T. B. Peterron, Philedolphin, "Mother and
 an be Periotical Des ecre.



THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## Anciculturat Societu,

The Executive Committee of the State AgriThe Executive Commitural Soeiety, beg leave to say to the Agriculturists of the State tbat as the time for bolding the Annual Fair approaches the necessity for inbecomes, daily, more apparent.
becomes, daily, more apparent.
time, attention and money to the furtherance of
the rork, but this will not suffiec. Unless the Farmers, Merchants, Lawyers, Ilotel Keepers and all others interested (and wbo is not ?) come up
to our aid, subscribe and pay their memberships and give countenance to the work, our approach
ing Fair cannot be made wbat it shonld becannol be wat the resources of our State cal terest demands
Tbe State has made commendable appropria has published a schedule hilition, and it is hoped that re may be placed Orchards, Nurseries, Gardens, Vineyards, \&ic. A competent and reliable Committec may be expected to risit and report upon every case in
this departmeut. Send in your propositions, tbat the Comamittec may know the amount of its work.
The statue Any Gentleman or Lady sending us this smal um will have subject to his or ber order a cer tificate of membership for one year
The question of the utility of the Fair depend very much upon the manner it is gotten up, and nterest of a general character
Persons bolding certifieates of membership are with their families, admitted to all

By order of the Executive Committec. O. C. Mheeler. Rec. Sce.

Agricultural Visiting Committee. At a meeting of the Excentive Committce the State Agrieultural Society, held this day.
Gen. C. I. Intehinson of Saeramento, Rev. A. II. Myers of Alameda, Hoa, Eherman Day of Santa Clara, Ilon. IW. W. Stow of Santa Cruz and Gen Allen of luba, were elected a Committee for the Nurseries, \&c., whiel may be entered for premiums at the cusuing Fair. Althongh the time for such entry has expired, jet the Committee is instructed to reeeise propocitions fur such entry until the 15 th Angnst, being bound, of course. t
visit only those which inay be within their range. Special pains, howerur, will be taken to
all special requests.
o. W, 12ki.1. Lr,
To every organized $\widehat{\text { Conenty } \mathbf{A} \text { Izricultural Society }, ~}$ I and instructed by the Excentive Committee
of the State Agricuftural Sccictu, to ask the earnest co-operation of crery County organization.
and to asti of the Corresponding Siceretary of each such infonaation of their several Socictios as will make known to the bixecutive how mach their
Comaties will do to further the interests of the Exhitition- what proulncts, whit stock and what
manufactures may be expected front their sever mannfactnres may be expected frons heir severa
counties; and to solicit an active co-operation in this grast work. It is also very desirablele that specind detegations should be appointed to attend promoting and adraneing all the great and important interests involved. I' he Secretaries or other offeers of each Count
are particularly desired to reply to the eall at the earliest moment.

Per order ol Executive Committec.
James L. L. F. Warrex,
Corres. Sce. State Agrieultural Society
free thaysportation to the state fair. State Agricultural Society, take pleasure in announcing to thoso interested, throughout the
State, that the California Stean Navigation Co Citizens' Line of Steamers, California Stage Co. Wells. Fargo \& Co., and the Pacific Express Co
hare liberally and gratuitously tendered the ser vices of their respective conveyances for the trans portation, to and from the approaching rair, of including stock and persons necessarily accompaEvery thing of like liberality from our citizens in any portion of the State, will teml to render
the eoming State Fair of grcater interest, and make it worthy of the State and her people.

By order of the Esecutive Committec.
Sacamento, July 5 th., I 855 . Ilutchinson, President
DIembens to tue State Suciety. - One of tbe plan's to promote the usefulness of the State ship, and this is one of the sure wars membersour interest and your wish fore wass to prove tlemen who desire to give this evidence of their wishes, enn eall at the Fiooms of the Socicty on
Fourtl street, between $J$ and $K$, or address us, enclosing $\$ 100$ by mail. This amount entitles, he privileges of a member, and they Exhibitions. We hope nany will
voluntarily, and enroll themsclves.

## 

The Apple Tree Borer and Sun-Blight. While in Yuba county we had several occasons to examine young Apple trees, that were eriously injured by the borer and by blight. At Mr. Briggs' orehard we saw large numbers of trees utterly killed by this blight. 'They were Lurned near the surface of the earth, for about three or four inehes abose the soil. Mr, B. lost several hundred trees in this way. He attributes this loss to the intense hot weather upon the sand, which scalds the trees. He has also lost many from the borer; but in every instance the borer
has been introduced from imported trees. Trees has been introduced from imported irees.
Several other orcbards have suffured losses from the same source. We should think the sun-blight was the result of a too speedy growth, in the burning reather, and the contrast between the days and nights in the temperatures, or any cause that checks their growth. 'l'hose trees tbat were denuded of their folinge by grasshoppers, in al-
most every case, were struck with tho sun-blipht We lary case, were struck with tho sun-blight. round the roots of the trees, has in some degree aved tbem; but we wish further trial of the wlan. Pear trees suffer in the same way, but not
Will orchardists and gardeners please report
stheir experience.

## William Cullen Bryant on Eorticulture

At the late Exhibition of the New York Hor ticultural Society, W. C. Bryant, the poet, was expected to deliver an address; but being unable to attend, be sent the following letter

New York, Tuc-dny, June 29, 2855.
May I ask of yout to lay bcfor
My Dear Sir: May I ask of yout to lay before the company assembled this evening in the ronmfor not appearing to suldress them as I hal fercd with a swelled fiee which bas prevented me from preparing myself for the occasion in the juanner I wreparing myself for the occession int the whfits me for appearing to day.
It h:id been my intention to alfert to some of the nowe remarkable trimmphs of horticulture in hishtening the beanty of flowers and inploving agencint for those who follow this pursuit in on own country. The favorite rarieties of cherry
in France and England deeay for the nost part the instant they ripen in thi warm and often slowery weather of onr June and the beginning
of July, and we lave yet to acquire varicties snited to our climate "s hiell will preserve their fresh apricot blossoms are so ofteln nipled lay the spring frosts that they can never be relied on to produce
fruit, and we liave yet to inquire whecher more hardy, or, at lenst, later blooming varjeties, could
not be found on the declivitio of Lebanon, or further north on the skirts of Cancasus, which apricot trees. I intended to have given some facts from my own observation to show that the
srape of Europe in its natural state is not by any
means the agrecable fruit we fiml it in the cult vated varieties. From these and from the tendency of our native grapes to run into innumer
able varities, I thonght it might be reasonably

 gooseberry maturally paswes into varicties rery
dillerent from each other, aud from this to infer dillerent from each other, aud from this to infer
the improvability of the liut to such a degree that we might hope to produce it of as lange a
size and as line a flavor as those of Englind, ye free from the mildew which attacks the English gooseberry in our climate. The fruit of the
American blackberry is naturally of a finer flavor than the European and greatly varies in quality even in the fields. We mavy yot have as many
varieties of this fruit as of the rasplemry. No attenpt, 1 beliere, has been mado to mprove the
fruit of the Ameriean phom, whether the Chichafruit of the Ameriean phom, whether the Chicha-
saw, the red, or the beech plum, while the art of saw, the red, or the beech plun, while the art of
the gardener has been exhansted in obtaining from the plum of the old world varjetics uns little mirabelle of the size of a bullet to the maroIf the custard-apple of the West had been a native of Europe, can we suppose it would not have been brought into the gardens eenturies aro, eul-
tivated with eare, rendered prolilic, improved in size and flavor, and made a common table fruit in its seas on?
One of the
One of the most splendid garden flowers is the
pansy, Its parent is the little three eolumned pansy, Its parent is the little three eolumned spicuous. By erossing it with, other species of zling conabination of glowing colors lias been produced; the stalks have become tall and the petals broad. We have among the tlowers of our own By the same proeess of hylaridization it is pro-
bable that the size might be enlarget and its fragrance retained, and a new ornanient be added to our gardens. We have other beautiful flowers
ju our forests aud fields for whioh art has $y$ et
done nothing to make their bloom less transient
In the prairies of the West flourish bulbous plant worthy of a place on our window-sills in Mareh with the hyacinth, nareissus and tbe Syrian ane
These are some of the topies on which I in ended to dwell, and I mention them now beeaus it seens to me that as suggestions of what may
yet be accoinplished in horticultnre, they may be et be accoinplished in horticultare, they
considered as not entirely withont value.

I am, Sir, respectfully and trily yours,
To Wilson G. IIunt, Esq.
Effect af Culture upon Wiln Plants. The large and juicy Altringham earrot is only
the vroody spindly root of the wild carrot (Dau cue roody spindly root of the mild carrot (Dau
curota) luxuriously fed. Our eabbages cus Carota) luxuriously fed. Our eablages rarieties, spring from one or more species of Bras Litter stems und lemes and useless spindte waped roots. Our cultivated potato with all its varicties, springs from the tiny and bitter root of the wild potato, which has jts native home on the sea-slores of Chili; and our apples, plums, grapes and other prized fruits, from well-known wild and little-csteemed prozenitors. Our gardens are finll of such vegetable irausformations. It is so
also with onr corn plants. On the French and Italian shores of the Mllediterranenn growe a wild
It neglected grass known by the name of Aegilops iranculanted to the garden or to the fietd, and rears' cultivation, changes intos, and, after a fer ductive wheat. From other plants originally wild like this, thongh as yct unknown, hare come our oats and barle, and rye and maize, in all their Eastern durrha, rice alad millet, and of the less Known quinoa of Upper Chili and I'eru. It is
the new ehomieal conditions in which the plants the new ehomieal conditions in which the plants
are plaed. which canse the nore abundant introare placed. which canse the more abundant intro-
duction of certain forms of food into their eirenladuction of certain forms of food into their cirenla-
tiond tho more full developmient, in consequerice, either of the whole plant. or of some of its querice, either of the whole plant. or of

Cerrant Trefes-llaving noticed that curran I conchade to tell yon how I have seen it done In the Spring of is5l my father comunenced garden, and among other things set cuttings for
currant bushes. I deternincd to experiment on one of these euttings; and as it grew, 1 pinehed alf all the leares except the top tuft, which I let long. and during the sumner the sprout from this grew tell inclies. The next spring I pinched off year's growth, so as to leave the fowest limb two feet from the ground. It branched well and be came to bear fruit, it was more productive than any other bush in the garden, and the fruit larger It was less infested with spiders and other in-
sec:s; hens could not pick off the fruit. and grass sec:s; hens coudd not pick oll the fruit and gras
and weeds were more easily kept from the roots
and was an ornament instead of a Now I would propose that currant cuttings be set in rows about four or five inehes apart each wa (et thens be long and straight ones, ) and traine
nto trees.- Mifhigan f'urmer.
Stramberuies.-Regin Inammond, of Anne Arunded County, Marylaml, has one hundred ull., thirty acres appeared as if the pickers hald fines as thick as cheters of gropes and filled th air with their delighters perfume. Nrap. Nammond has employed as many as two hmulred piekers firks. The priec paid for pieking is one and half cents per quat, at which rate good picker est day's picking has reached about fourtee thousand quarts-orer four hundred bushels-
and the arerage sith not be tess than five thousand. lun all he expects hise picking to reach uea but a fraction short of live thousand bnshels.
Nemben of Seedsin Given Weigirs.-Mr Melvin stated, in a late discussion at an English
Farmer's Club, that, after several trials, be had

But, as a large number of the seeds sown do up dic, it is necesiry than are specilied; and Mr. M. reeominends, for an acre. 8 lus. red clover, 22 lbs , white do., 2 lbs.
rellow do., with une bishul of rye grass, whielr, bellow do., with une bushul of rye grass, whels
by lis computation, aflords 100 sceds rye grass per superficial foot. In this country, a good sub stitute for the rye grass would be the same quan tity of red top per aere.
Tae Turkish Flint Wieat.-One hundred heen receired at the Patent Office, Washington D. C. It was grown at the foot of Mount Ohym
pis, in Thessaly, and was procured by the U. S Dras, in Thessaly, and was procured Constantinople. It has been pro posed that the storeships in our navy, which gen-
crally return from the Mediterranean in ballast crally return from the Mediterranean in ballast,
slould be froighted witla seed wheat, purehasable half the usual price of gramstanees, at less than to be furnishell to our farmers at a nominal rato on condition that they slall cultivate the same
and report tho result.

## \#liscclan!

##  And o'er the lioor the thatows full, And creeps the chirping crickot And creeps the chirping cricket forth, And licks tice death watch on the wall, And licks lie death-wutch I eee a forn in youder chnir That grows heneuth the waning light, The pallid hrow, and locke of white. If father I when they laid thee down, And lef thee sleeping all alone, Upon thy darrow couch of rest, I know not why I could nut weenThe soothing drops refiuved to roll ; And oh! that grier is wild aud deen, Which settles tearleas on the soul. <br> But whon 1 saw thy racant chair, Thine idle hat upon the wall : Thine idle hat upon the walf; The tree, beucath whofe friendly ohade Thy tremilling leet linit wanderell forth The very print thy fect had mande And thought, while countless ages flend, Tuy vacant sent would wnurne stand Suwora hy hat-thy book unrendAnduced thy footateps froin the ennd; The heart that gavo its luve to thee orn like the rine whose tendrita curled <br> Oht futher! then for her and thee <br> Gushed madly forth the scorc <br> Thore tears have gushed In <br> And things take grows cold around <br> is sed to learn that love is found <br>  <br> =- <br> ers from Roving Jack-No. 8 Merczd Cuenty, Auguat f, 1855

 Editors Farmer: My writings hitherto may justly be termed of a medley character, and may 1 think of something to near 1 have attained the olject ained at (of al ways writing about something.) I leave the readers to pass judgenent. Sometimes I think of asubject entirely foreign to anything that I ever hare written upon. The consequence is, if I feel like writing. I sit down and pen an article on the subject first in my mind, and: as near as I can ay, all I know about it, regardless of what tho heartless critie may adrance for or against it. I undertale to say (in proo of which I would refer the reader to my numer ons miseellaneous letters that have appeared in the public journals at different date;), which is consisteney and candor, and liare not been guilty of innorations in point of fact. One wrould alinost aney that Roving Jaek stood ehargel with liav ing committed some criminal offence contrary to
the peace aril dignity of the State, and that thiy artiele was produced as a defence, disproving the charge. Such in reality not being the ease, and as I only ain charged of being a medley writer, to which clarge I plead guilty in all frankness, aledging meanwhile that I do not write upon any sulject unless I am thinking abont it, and regret hat I cannot say the same of my acensers.
During my excitement the last fer moments, I came near forgetting the intended sulyect of this orticle, which is the mislancholy state of mind I found my friend Simon Sugegs iu, a few days since. Mr. Suggs is a politician; that is, he has made politics a study, am may very truly be denominated (hoverer anomalistic it may appear,) an
honest politician! IIe is a strict partican, and has always been true to his parts. Well, a fey days since I was passing through a sylvan wood in the neighborhood. admiring the beauties of ural life, at the same time feeling a little proud hat I was an independent "elod hopper," entirely ree from those forms of conrentionalisms entailed upon city life, when a sound slap on the shoulder cale by tho stal wart hand of iny political friend, enso of me from my pleasant reverio to a period in my locomotion. As quick as I could reoover I ehanged fronts, by facing about and ooking up iuto the face of the iutruder, eautioned him a little about his manner of saluting littlo
men, reminding hina at the same tine of lis her ulean strergth, of whieh a small test prompted ne to cousider myself a very eompetent judge When tho usual compliments were interchanged Mr. Suggs commeneed the conversation by de laring that he was a ruined man, a done-np poli tielan: said he-" you know, sir, that for six
jears I have been, in California, a strict adherent tho political erced of the old lime of democracy

I did not heartily respond to the call. I lane ex--
hausted my means, and with it my propularity witll the prarty. I have worked in the ranksas a mere private, without pay, for eight years before for pay, I did it not for personal agiandisement. I wurkel here and in the Atlantic States for the advancement of the party. Aye, sir, believe no man woild dare doubt the democracy of Simon Suggs. Well, I have served them longand faith fully, I lave been instrumental in the elevation of men into high positions. I flatered myself they would be miy friends still. But, sir, in my efforts to promote them, do you suppose that I retained their friendship as in former times? No, sir! In mingling in the mazes of the political arena. I am furgot. The atmosphere in all legis lative bodies has, or seems to have a lethean effect upon my old friends, and they only think of me to claint my services agaiu. They ask me-' are you a democrat?' I say, jes. The demand is, 'then go to work for me.' The order is imperative, and should there be any failure upon my part, why, I an denominated a faithless.and an unprotitable servant, a Bolter, a Bogusite; a Know Nothing, and $\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{l}$ knows what else. In this country i must fail for the want of fuuds, of the party will be heaped upon me."
Thus ended the remarks of Simon Suggs the ruined politican. The perspiration was stream ing from his forehead. Said I, Mr. Suggs, you have one thing yet to learn. You bave learned much, you hare taken great pains to inform yoursclf upon State and. national polities; but, iny dear sir, you are under a false delusion. Your life has been spent in pursuit of an "Ignis Fatu-
us:" a shadow that bas no substance. You have us:" a shadow that bas no substance. "You have
been playing at a game of chance, where all must lose. Sir, learn from experience, that to come a sycophant, a trickster, and read only read, of modesty. You must have money, and deal largely in back-mail, manufacture your own newspaper pllfs, for which you must expect to
salt the leading organs; well bribe shoulder tifters, employ rabble leaders; wink at the groans of munity with a few thousands, to be appropriated in purchasing some magniticent present to yon, with form and poonp; be sure that the lcading periodieals notice it freely-and two to one you
will be elected Governor. Once elected, if you do not manage by appointments, stealing, "ctcetera," to fortify yourself in office for life, yoll are to blane. The very idea reminds me of the sermon that was preached to our mother Evo in the garden of Eden. We then separated, and Mr, Suggs
gave me his hand that he would never engage in polities any more ; that he henceforth shonke en gnae in tilling tlec soil, and read the Califons Farmer, ind persist in the pursuit of an hone farmer, ind persist in the
livelihoud. I say, po it Surgs.

$$
\xlongequal[\text { A Remarkable Man, }]{\frac{\text { Nov }}{}}
$$

A entrespentent of the N. Y. Tribunc, writing from the West, thus describes an individual wa known thonghout the Western States:

In the ricinity of Jackson ville is the most noted man in llinois, not execpting the "little
giant." I am told that he is a native of Maskingiant." I ant that that he a mative of Muskin-
gom county: Ohio, and that he emigrated to the
 statmer, hater hisection of fame has been one of inmuen power and turghmess, sumetimes whien he has almost incterlitie feat of riding on tronselack nine suceessive days and nights with no sleep but What he got in the sadule. Itis judgment of cat-
the is nigh infallible. IIc will rite into a drove of cattle, glance over it, with ineredible quicknes commting the mumber, singling ont the average ox eomputing from litu the whole druve, andel uffermany would fur a single ox. De has the reputs-
tion of beiue a fair denler and will no ingeto tion of being a fair denler and will not hagnto
with those who sell to or buy of him. If his and if not it certainly ends it. Ile nicasures out
his phans weeks ahead by the half hour, never failing in his engagements and nover furgiving
the laril who keeps linn waiting. His cattle
businanal busine enlarged enormously until he purehased
and -ul I manny thousauds a yar. All the money and it is midl that he has nerer iecentinown to
sell an acte. 11 s bome farm ind and aeres, and a gentleman tuht we that one field
on thit lait, platited sear aner year on colltans three thousand acres, and another four six or seren thousand acres, and besides these lis fardel estate is and to be worth a milivu o
tollarx.
Ler de of daling with his tenants is char-
acteristic. He a-signs them certain tracts and welts them the wants them tu pornt in so maneeng acres
wif they work well to pay hemso mimeh a busliel for tho erop when ripec. then drives to each a certain mmber of cattle and logs, and sars: "I will payy youn so much a read to feed these this Winter all they ean eat. rsit day of next \$lay." On the specified day his roves are coning in from all lirections, and bingers from the East and the cities ate there attendng the greatest cattle market at the West, if not in America. The beef cattle on the ground co just whet they wand the drovers are able to et just what they want. And what is singular,
this inan never keeps book accomuts, retaining the minntest detaits uf his immense business in his memory, and filling up his engarements with per feet exactness. A few years since such protracted tasking of that he is showing too many signs of amo for a man said not to bo sisty. In some respects he is the most remarkable man in Illinois, tbe like of
whom will not soon be seen again. His name is whom will not soon be seen again. Ilis name is

St. Petersburg Bird Market.
Perhaps for a stranger, the most interesting portion of this world of markets is that of the
Ishukin Dvor, where the birds are sold 'Two ong rows of booths are full of living specimens of ornithology; pigeons, forils, geese, ducks
swans, larks, bull-fincbes, siskins, and hundreds of other singing birds, are there collected, and form the most picturesque and rariegated nienag-
eries that can be imagined. Each booth is of erieg that can be imngined. Each booth is of
wood ond open at the front, so that the whole of its contents may be seen at once by the passing
stranger, who is saluted with such a concert of cackling, crowing, chattering, cooing, piping and arbling, as would suffice to furnish the requis. ite idyllic supply of melodies for a hundred vilta-
es. Between the opposite booths are usually ses. Betwecn the opposite booths are usually the edification of the devont. Ou these bridges nd on the booths whole swarus of pigeons
re constantly fluttering abont, the peaceI Russian being a great lover of this gentle bird. Eucl swarm knows its own roof and the
birds nllow themselves to be canght without much difficulty when a bargain is about to be
concluded. The pigcon is never eaten by a Rusian, who would hold it a sin to harm an animal
in whose forin the IIoly Chost is said to have nanifisced itself. Pigeons, are bonght, there-
fore, only as pets, to be fed and schooled by their dirceting the flight of his docile scholars. With little flagy fastened to a tong staff he convers
his signals to them. makes them at his will rise higher in the air, fyy to the right or left, or drop to the ground as if struck by a bullet from a
rifle.
The poor little singing birds-the larks, night-
ingales, linnets, billinethes, ©c.-mnst be of a ingales, lmucts, bumbehes, "c. - minst be of a
hardier mee than in inne sonthern lands; for in
spite of the bitter frost they ehirrup ansy merripite of the bitter frost they ehirrup an ay merri-
$y$ ) and salute with their songs every straggling
ay of sminsline that linds its way into their of sminhine that linels its way into their
onny aliodes, The little creatnres receive dur-
the whole long "inter not one drop of water,
it wonld be nseless to offer them what a moafterwards wonld be converied into a petri-
uns. Their trongle are aceordingly tillet mass. Their trongh are accordingly tillen
with snow, which they must liquify in their
beaks when they wiah to assuge their Moscors is fumed fur its corks, and here the loscow cock amay be seen pronthy, staihing about.
in eages and outt of them. The best pigeons are in eages and out of them. The best pigems are
nid to come from Novgorol, and Finland furaisles the chicf supply of singing birals; gee e
are hronght even from the contines of Clisina to lie sold as rarities in the Tslukin Dror, after a
jonrner of more than t.001 miles; grev sninirels nay be seen rolling abutt in their cager squike infige, without number, gambul their time away in a living centre of all this living merchandise. behin, and realy to dispose of his little feathered surfis at any acceptable price. At the baek of the
bouth, be sire, there langs asintly pieture of some sort, ita little lamp shedding a eheelfil light to gnard the feathered erowd against the are evil spirits that the good saint cannot hami-h. Man is there to hold in chains or to scmtence to denth, sccording as it many suit his calculations of ribe, and the nothern swans, the heatboock s (reph shiki), and snuw-shite partridges (kurapalhi), are pilerl up under the rery eages from
which the captive larks watble their liquid notes. It is astonishing what quantity of these of St. I'eiersburg. In win ter the cold keeps the meat fresh, and at the same time fac itates its
conreyance to uarkct. The partridges come unstly from Saratoly, the swans from Finland,
Lisunia and Estbonis stppiy heatheucks and
crouse, and the wite steppei must furnish the groise, and the wite steppes must furnt sh the
H1ap gese which plutter orer their end e op $i$ where the Coswech hants them oa horsebeck, in 1 ki : them with his fi idnble whip. Al these
 1. ole sj-lyeloads of snow wh te hares find
i ir way to the market; the little anumais are
usually frozen in a running position, with their ears pointed and their legs stretehed outt hefore
and beltind, and when placed on the ground look at the first glance as if they
escaping from the hunter. Bear's flesh is also here there may be seen a frozen reindeer lying in the snow by the side of a booth, its hairy siout stretched forth unon the eround, its knees doub led up under its body, and its antlers rising ina jestically into the nir; it looks as if, on our ap proaching it, it would spring up, and dash array once noore in search of its native forests, The mighty elk, bikewise, is no rare guest in this mar ket, where it patiently presents its horns as perelh fur the pigeons that are finttering about no fragments of the axe and the sav have left no fragments of the stately animal, but every
part of it has gone its wny into tho kitchens of part of it ha
the wealthy.
Similar markets for birds and mamo will ound in every large Russian city. Indeed be habits and fashions of the Russian markets are completely national. Those of Moscow vary bn little from those of Tobolks ; and Trkhutsh Odessa and Arehangel have shown themselves equally servile in their imitation of the metropol itan bazaars.-J. G. Kohl's "Russia."

## Pidios' Arpartment.

An Inquiry after "Betty Martin.
Mr. Ebitor: I will feel much oblimed by ${ }^{\text {1 }}$., $\}$ inserting in your columns, the enclosed communi ation to your charming friend "Betty Martin." Being naturally a very bashful man, it is painfu for me to give such publicity to my too arden feelings; but as your valuable paper is, ns yet, the only medium through which I have the happiaes of knowing her, I hope she will excuse me.
Of my personal appearance I have said nothing but should my suit meet with a favorable recep tion, I will then describe myself as accurately as my modesty will permit. If, however, you shonid tbink it better for me reserve this last as a pleas ing surprise on our first interview, I will be guided by your judgment,
I began answer at as early a date as possible as in the present state of my heart I lind it quit potatoes are growing fast rural occupations, and potatoes are growing fast and must be ding,
Yours, \&e., A. Saणntrer.
Fuir Betty, your "Breukrast " has vanquinhed me quite,
Since l've reall your deecription, l've never fell right quit
You liave epoiled all my relin for pork and for beans,-
iYhat What onco tasted so wrll, now uncatuhblo eecms. Could he jurl ece the inble we sit round at alght,
Your excellent Uncle would alart with affight ;
Winte partakitig or cench inillgeatlule thitug,


## Tu tho home where hip R-uy frim morn undil Dight, Like a brd on the wing made all thinge look bright,

## 


A "clain" which 1 hi ps tu ereare in grod time;
With fair offers mpan in lis il at fireh



## Night. <br> Night. (We copy the fullowing bcautiful essons of truth and beauty, that we ling and fair readers, at least, will thank us for it:)

## 

## Thum laye, thy finger on the lips of carc And they complailn no more."

The glories of the golden dawn, tho splendors holy calln of twilight, have awakened the melo he strain uf that por fe; but dealer to me, et solemn voices of the night. "I'rue it is, that day unto day uttereth speech "-its language com the moment of its glad birth to its eatm de cline, is praise most eloquent, to Tiun who scat
ters the cheering beams over all lands, bidding earth and all her tribes rejoice in 11 is radiont smile. But it is not less so that "night unt night showeth knowledge." And may my ea and my heart ever be open to its solemn voices And while L'in now writing, it is nighit-sullimil its joyous sights and sounds have departed; majestic gloom broods over all things. Night h:l. wrapped in her oblivions mantle the golden glor-
ies and snlendor of das's bright ruler, and naugh ies and splendor of day's bright ruler, and naugh breaks the fearml contrast, save the twinkling o
some far off' star, whose feeble rays reinind us that light has been.
And, yet, the night is not wholly unlovely, o unloved; for, when the day is past, meditatio ng wing. When are the woods more sulem: than when darkness broods over the thick foliage, and the night winds, in fitful gusts, sway the outspreading branches of the forcst tries? 11 i such a tirne as this that suits the spitit that hildrank decply of the cup of sorruw; and thon. gloomy sights are sweeter than music to the ear: of those wbo have been satiated with the fulsome and unmeaning adulation of a false, pretenting orld; for the mind finds in tho forest gloon ath the night winds sigh, soncthing in unison with th
within.
The thonghts, too, at such a season, are not drawn aside by the multitude of olijects which bright day presents, birt tho mind is turned in iny. The emotions that lure the oujects of sertfine sonl, are brought under strict review ; passion is cooled, reason triumplis, and thought for Night is also tho
Night is also tho time for sclfexamination The acts of the day then present thenselves be fore the mind for judgment. Conscience stamps its approval or condemation on every action; ant
by its impnrtial voice, we are tanght to improve the future ly the fullies and crrors of the past Night is the time for devotion. The solermn sky, wilh all its glcaming fires, and the awful silence whtels prevaits, prese huly' feclingat on the soul-
these are feelings that prompt man to hous an humbly wornhip; for, at sueli a season, the worl is shit out, and man, cut oll from the thrung of his folluwers, sthmls alune with (iod. How in portant then, that sin shonkl be eonfesed, ere
slecp be invited. Night is the thme fir music's sleep be invited. Night is the thme for misic's
soft strain. Its notes, Ureak ing upoul the stilhuegs soft strain. Its notes, Ureaking upon the stillies,
which reigns aromme, wem like tho roiees of fal off angels, aut erery pulsation of the heart leata in unisoll with their mong. The mind too, then ions; and oft, at such seasons, we seen born,
anay from carth, and to stand with the cteru.. harpers near the henvenly throne.
l.et us then improve its pensire glonm-it solemn silence. Let minsic swell-let pralet a
our sainted mothers rise-let thought be free range through the vasit empire assigued by th Creatur, and we shall have abiundani reason thank (iud for night, with, its comntless stars tha Lut dear ine, see low time has sjed since began to write; pale Cynthin, which was the spread cannpy, until she is waning low in the dis: spread cannpy, until she is waning low in thed
tant weat, and contimes only to shine with it pale an I lessening rays :itl almogt lost to riew
and my cant e too, ha, burnt low in its rock which furcu ly retounds me that time is fact fleel ing, and the small hours of the morning are clo
at hand.


THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## FESTIVAL TOURNAMENT

 of the State Society, or rather those offerd unde the sanction of the Society, and call the particular attention of all parties to them.
## SPECIAL PREMIUMS

## A Grand Festival Tournament.

 The funds for these premiums are from private sources. Noc.mperitor will Ue allowed to enter the list without a car from a com
associasion Tu the most accomples in sadmed Lady R:der, a Gold Watch Sond Chain
Tlird heth a Sadie
do a Silrer
Third do a Silyer Cup......
Furth do a Fliding Whip
GENTLEMEN

SK!LL ITITH THE LASSO.
Las.o, a siliser Cu
Second bet, a Cup...
The most expert adis Eborilliul aports.
bow and arrow-Firs
Secoud Prze..
Indian Lexuries.-The aborigines in Nevad county
berries.

MARRIED.





Anu MuCabe.

On the 13th Aug, in Auhurn, ol inflammaion of the hrain
Hirama Rendall, gon of Hiram R. Hawking, Editor of the Placer Preag.
On the 12th Auy... in Placerville, Pbebe Jane, daughter of
Peter Denniz, agad 5 montbs. Peter Dennix, aged 5montha. Almaden, Martha Jane, daughter
On the 15tit Aug., in New
of Tios, Bryan, nged 5 yeara.

SPECIAL NOTICES
The Ralifornia State Agricnltaral Societr'a Rooms.-
Tourth street, between Staticulkural Sociert ane located on K , where all who are interYourth street, between J and K , where all who are inter-
eated in Agriculcure and kindred Sciences arc invited to call. Several hundred specimens io all depsrtments are on exh
bition cuestaetly, and $t$ is the objcet of the Society to makc these rooms a place of resort for our citizens. The rooms are
open doily, (Sundarss excepted,) and are free to all. They are open doily, (Sundays excepted,) and are free to all. They are
under the charge of the Editor of the Caluponana Farmer who will he preased to render any information
further any literext connected with Egrieulture.

 Pustician to Quoen Victoria, und one of "he wost hearned and
akilliul men of the age, in bis "Treatise" on Coneumption
asya: "That Pulmonary Consumption admits of e Cure, is no longer a matter of douht; it has heeu clearly decononetrated b the researches of Lemnec and other modern pathologists." The mere faet that euch a disease is ever curable, attested hy
such uuimpenebable uuthority, enould inspine bope, and reani nate falleg eourug
The remedy which we offer las cured thousunds.
This antes from a rezular plysicim, but bus been well tested in al
 Suld Agy ull Durugiste.
[y Sands' Sarsaparilla. - This preparation has now
hurne the test tor orer fourteeu yearb' experience, eince itstirs hurne the tett for orer fourteeu yeart experience, eince itsurst
introduction to the public, nud ench euceeeling year hringe
forwaid senewed testionony to its great value as a medicinnl remedy. The unfortunate victim of hereditnry diense, with
swolleo glande, contracted einewe, nid bunes binl earious, has heell restored to heallh ad visor. The ccrofulous parient, hov has been mude whole. Hundrede of persons, who had groaned hopelessly tor years under cutaneous and glandmlar disorder chronic rheumntism, and many other complhints springing
from a derangement of the eccretive organs and the circulation have heen raiscd as it were from the rack of discase, and now
with regenerated coestitutione, glady testify to the efficaey o this inestimable preparation.
Agente-HENRY JOHNSON \& CO.,
[F Doeaticks, the Great Ameriean Humeriat.-II vew hook is published, clegantly illuatrated; 12 mo., hound in
eloth, extra git; and selling in every city, town and village ie the United States. 10,000 eopies sold the first week ol puldica-


 to etteed. Senta free.

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G ED. B. FLNT. haviur triken the enire interest of the

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ire Troof Erick Buildin
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Susges leave this Houte every morning for all pinte of the



 very banderme frlary can te ingle,
Addrese EDITORS FARMIER at Sacramento.

THE undersimed Are baup hame to an nounce to thet

These broom are mand from stack grown is Culiliornia. Tbe
hroors brukh was ruied in Sncramento county, (the queen o

 We shall have enuples of our Brooms at the State Societs's
Roome on Fourth stricet, and at our own sorec, when we trus
onr citizens will be bappy to give prefereee to the bome in-

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& \text { VIA MARTINEZ }
\end{aligned}
$$



For Colusi, Red Biuffs and Intermedaate Landings.

 Ofice of the Calitomia Stenm Silivionieu Co., $\}$
California Steam Navigation Company.







THE CALIFOR IIA FARMER


T EE subecriber ufifer for fille an ass orment of Agricultura











 Trucks of all dizes for warchouse do do Nand Warts;
 $\underset{\substack{\text { power. } \\ \text { Y43.in }}}{189}$



GOLDEN GATE NURSERY,




 mental Shrubbery; and a a eneral
aseortment of Gen
Hardy Pen Howe ind




















 Toatr's Rook- Kopping. Twelith chaion. Bvo, clotb, estm







 THR sLre ANCHOR
F:QUAL KIGIITS OF
FRUAL RIGIITE OF TIIE RICHAND POOR
LXILE: LAY, AND OTIER POEMA By the Bordet




| IIOTELS. |
| :---: |
| MURRAX'S WESTERN HOUSE, <br> Genemi onice or the Culliforuan stage Compnny |
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| is rxcelled by nute lat tlut city. It in of hrick, perlectly |
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| I'ravelers can rely upon being calted in time for any hoat or face leaving the city. <br> Thasc who desirc, can entrust their TREASURE and RAG- |
|  |  |
|  |
|  |
| Board without lodging, peres wcelk.................... 812 |
|  |  |





 The Tablat will be found at all times supplied with the choice
of he merkea
At tue Reading Room can n lwnys be found the dally pnners









 $A L L E E R Y S T A B L E$ is connected with thc Hotel, oo thal
 ailess dill papers from various gections of the state aro on















San Francisco ahead of the World!
Ever on, on apace witt the Age add Times 1 Largost Light in the World, (over 500 feet Glass.







 common plates, as they are now used by other artista, broubl

 picares.




Corner of califorvia and battery erreets.








P. B. CULFE, 3. D





## 

"A LAWYER," snid Lord Brougham, in a face-
ous noorl, "is a learned centleman wo resenes our estate from jour enemies and keeps it himelf." Wrat absurd ideas sometimes get into the sylum at Utiea, who las been employed for two c worked with Epsom salts. Another gentle"an in an adjoining room, proposes to put eliptie prings un
A IIbrse Charater.- On the vogage to Engand the Simla experieneed some very heavy uffered severely, and some, jutuding a charger alie mare was so very bad that a pistol was got eady to shoot her to end her misery, when a be sent for as he wiss a "juggler;" and eonld, ent for, and immediately said he eould cure it at nee, Ile was elosely watehed, but the only
hing they eould observe him do was to take his ash off, and tie a knot in it three several times. ifowever, the mare in a few minutes got on ber
ret and legan to eat heartily, and rapidly revered.
Tea-Kertle. - The following extraet from the orrespondenoe of Etty, the painter, furnjshes a nt to baehelors: "I have been so often and unofitably in love," he frankly remarks, "I have rions thoughts of paying my addresses to my
a-keetic. I have found her a very warm friend, he sings too. And you know low fond I am o lensaut than hers. OD a winter's night, after a ell spent das, with a volume of poetry-Shakeseate, Milton, Speuser-a volume of Mr. Johnson,
r a new Scottish novel, when the wind is blowing ind patting against one's window; then sweet is he sonr of the kettle-sweeter to a studious man han a erying ehild or a scolding wife. However, and-lest I shorld burn it,"
Dr. Franklin on Spelling.- You need not e concerned in writing to me about your bad pelling: it is generally the best, as conforming
$w$ lice sounds of the Ietters. To give you an id$u$ hle sounds of the letters. To give you an id-
ance, a gentleman reeejved a letter, in whieh rere these words: Not tindidg Brown at hom
1 delivered your messag to his yf. The gentleman called his wife to help him read it, Betwcen not understand. The wife proposed ealling her chambermaid, "beeause Betty," says she, "has the best knack of reading bad spelling, of any-
sody I know." Betty came and ras surprised Hat neither of thens could tell what $y f$ was.
Why," says she, " $y f$ spells wife- what else ear is a shorter method hin a mech better as wel is a shorter unethod thin double-yout-i-f- $e_{1}$ whieh
it reality spells double-zifey--F'rantion's Let-

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA IN QUART BOTTLES.
or Purtylng the Elood, nin for the Cure o
Sarufut, Sitrumatism, Stubborn Ulicer, Dyyprnsin, Sath-


N thin preparation all the restorative propertims of the Ware concentratcd in their utmost Etrength nid efficury; biustivn, it ie, at the some time, conapounded with other c tablo remedies or great power, and it is in the peculior
hunation and ecientitie manner of its preparation, thint reluarkuble enccess in the
innultaneously upon the dimultaneously upon the stomach, whe rirculation and the
boovols; and thus three proceses, which are ordiuarily the re
ull of the three diflerent hiude of medicine, nre carried on at whe or the three dillerent kiude of medicinc, nre enriied on at
the eame time, throughl the inetrumentality of this one remediul
tuent which sently fiuulates while it disinfcuts and expels went which gently Eliwulates while it disinfects and expels
(roun the etomach and bowels all that is irritating, and at the suse time restores their vigor and tonc. Many otter prepar-
aliona innitate it in beariug the name of Sursapailla, and in thant their resecublunco ende, being ofen preparcd from worthless
aud inect roote, and of course possesa no healing or curative properties, and patienta in making chuice of which they will uec fhould take no other, hut that one entited to their conti
denee, from the firet list of cures it has ellected on living wit aosees, whose tettimonials nud reeidence havo been pu Aatodishing Oure.











MEDICAL.
it is a fixed fact, CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED



consumption.) It is no Frction.
 have no posible $m$ m
hazoning falecthoudr.

## Dr, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

Consumption of the Lungs, Liver Complaints, Conghs, Colds, Asthma, Bronehitis, Whooping Cough, Jiny ol the
div.case.
We caupr
Dn. Boy Cnunot be the redited





 bute to eutiering himanity.







## [From the Boston Jourmnl.] Wistar'a Balaam of Wild Cherry.

"This medicine, coming from a reapectuhle source, and care-





 heurrcuing, nulady.
Argus Oflice, Purtland, Mnrch 26, 1850."
Fifty Thonsand Persons die annunly in Englaud of Con
sumptiout lu the New Enilnnd sintes the propurion fo on


 Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Sigued I. BUTTS on the wrap
SETH W, FOWLE

Proprictor, Boston, Mass. B. Thayer \& CO.,
[5] Agenta for Sua Prunci
Iontsomery
PERUVIAN FEBRIFUGE or the previntion and curb
FEVER AND AGUE,
 Tuls preparation is intended eapecially as a remedy for the adnyted to other finms of disease, sueh as bilious, internittent
and remittent fevere, duub ague, scc. Its conbination being entirely ncw, it differs widely in its therupeutic ethecta and op-
eration on the सy:tem, from ollcr prepurations deflgned to iemove the dise eurec iund euch ban beent he uniturn zucceas in it Wben timely takon. A single tenspoonlul will often prevent un
artack of eliills and fever ; uad while operatiug so effictunlly a a palliative, its permancirey is cqually relihble, and no feure
need he enteltuincd if any injurs rcsultiug frora its use, as ite






$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { four weeke } \\
& \text { STAR PAPERS; }
\end{aligned}
$$

experienees of Nature and art,





VALUABLE AGRICOLTURAL BOOKS, JOIIN I'. JENUDEITI \& CO. Bostron, Dadd's Modern Horse Doctor,

Sehenek's Kitehen Gardener's Text Books,
complite guide fir the cultivation of the Kiteben Cole on the Diseases of Animals,

## Cole's Ameriean Fruit Book.

Breek's Book of Flowers.
ruit Growor.
for the Florist
Lenehard on the Hot House.


MISCELI,ANEOUS.






TREADWELL \& CO,


IRST STREET AND
MARYSVILLE,
fornia and Batery strecte,
Hirdware Irnn, Stcel, Cordame Pateo On




THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## ©he Callifonia diarmer.

## sacramento, friday, august 31, 1855. <br>  The CALIFORNIA FA RMER OFFICE is at the State Sociay's Rooms, wherc subscriptions and adertisements are reccived.

 The Californta Farmea in Bostun, Mass.-Copies of the Catifornic Farmer may always be found at Reding of Co.'s,State street, Boeton. A Word for the California Farmen.Who among our many renders will bear us in so kindly a re-
membrance no io induce one, roo, , hres or five of thcir neighbors
to vecome, like them, eubecribers. Whe wish to enlaree our
liet

## Prolific Character of Fruit Trees in California

We hear it often remarked that the fruit trees of this State are remarkable for tendencies to an over-abundant erop, and that it bolds good in every deseription of fruit. We know this to be so, not only in one season, or in one locality, but in all Califurmia and Oregon there is a universal disposition in fruit trees to orerbear, and unless eare is taken by growers to relieve the tree of a p
the fruit, the tree will be serionsly injured.

By a little observation any one can see, as the fruit is maturing. a portion of it "ill grow more rapidly and of fairer form, leaving others of inferior size and form. Remove all the latter from the tree at once, and thus increase still larger the best fruit. This rule should apply to all fruits; to grapes, more partieularly of the finest varicties; not only remove inferior bunches from th vines, but small berries from the bunch.
In speaking of the prolifie nature of fruit tree in California, in our examinations of the fruit
gardens in rarious sections this year, we have seen as follows, and very tecently: Bartlett pears nearly ripe, and the trees blossoning again-no one: two, or three trees only, but nearly all in the orchard; this at Brigss' orchard on the Yuba near Marysville. In the vineyards of Gov. Boggs in Napa Valley, elusters of grapes nearly ripe;
and the vines in full blossom again; this on nearand the vines in full blossom again; this on near-
ly every vine. At the large peach orchard of Messrs. Thompson, Suscol Yalley, the trees load ed with luscious ripo fruit, and a second erop o fruit coming ons and this, too, ou numerous trees
Pear tuees also, at Ranch, have a second crop. Those who feel an interest in these remarkabl instances of the wonderful feeundity of fruit trees and who desire to inrestigate the causes will do well to examine all these places. They can all be scen and the proprietors will be pleased to show them.

We ean cite innumerable instances of peaclı trees where every peach on the tree wous double and several cases where the peaches were triplets.
Apples and pears are fornd double, and melons in bandsomely formed pairs, twin grown. Wi kno:s, horecrer, that these faets are becoming so common, among those who are observant, that they are of everyday occurrence, but the great mass of the people should know the
that is foon to be poured out uron us,
The Straw-berry has already proved a perpetua fruit. The Fig gives us two crops and cre long will yield three; and we hesitate not to say that uy snd by: at every State ?Fair, there will beexhilited nany kinds of fruit of a second erop and several also of perpetual speeies, never befor known of that habit. We shall also have on exhibition the sceond erops of our eereal grains, for howerer much we now have to boast of in thi land of plenty, "the half has not yet been told."
Munificent uffer to the State Agrieul tural Sociely. - We are happy to announce the State Agricultural Society by a gentleman of San Franeisco. The particular object of that donation is to arouse the attention of our citizens to the value of the Agrieulture of our State, and the improvement of Stock in California. The several communications and the special purpose of this splendid bounty will be made known other wealthy gentlemen that will "go and do likewise?" All donations made to the State Society, of this nature, will be distri buted in Sitver Plate, hearing the name of the donor.
Agricola. - Our readers must not only be deligbted but instrueted by this able writer. From the plain and easy way in which this correspond open the "laws of ecience," the simplest acrstand; and the beautiful manner in
efollows the laws of seience though all follows the laws of seienee thiough al
sings of Nature, up to Nature's God his writings deeply interesting. Erery
should note carefully these truths.

## Honor to whom Honor is Due

tne first flouring mill on the pacifie
Was built by Geo. C. Yount, Esq., of Napa Talley. There may have been maehines called mills, but we are now speaking of flouring mills rorthy of the name of mills. The Star of the Pacife is the name of the mill. We have ex-
amined many mills, and we must say, for wisdom in designing and planning, for excellence of work manship, for solidity of eonstruction, for the gencral beauty, it is equal to any in the state and superior to most of them Were we to find fanili with anything, we should say there had been no regard to the cost, in beitding-that it is too will, too handsomely built. But as the proprietor is amply able, being very wealthy, and wishes a good mill for his orrn use, it may be best. This mill is of the largest size, tiro and a half tories high, carried by water power, the water wheel being about sixty feet in cireumference and the finest finished water wheel we ever salw The whole building is very beavily timbered, the foundations remarkably so. The maelinery mored easily, bit with power.
Mr. Werlock has charge of the mill, and we felt sure, by what we saw, lie was a "master miller." Mr. Worloek condueted us over the
 large amount of wheat is being prepared for grinding. The proprietor is readily buying wheat at fair prices. This mill bas two run of stones, and turns out 125 barrels per day. Samples of
 at the State Fair.
We look upon this as a pattern mill, and it refleets high eredit upon the proprietor and the builders. Mr. Arnut was the arehiteet and millwright; the castings were from the racific rimitr 1 xum co. Truly it ean well be called the "Star of the
Pacitic Mill." acitic Mill."

## Flouring Mills of Napa Clty.

We visited the Pacitie Steam Mills of Longell \& Co., a large wooden mill, comneeted with their mannfactory of Thresbers. This mill is carried by an engine of 30 horsc-power. It has two run of stones and makes on an average 80
barrels of flour in 24 hours. Were the bolting barrels of flour in $2+$ hours. Were the bolting eloths more eupacious, it could, with the same power, tanke 100 barrele per day. Grinoes smat-
mill is used here and approved. The whent at this mill averages 270 pounds for a barrel of flour The very best wheat we have seen in the Stat tre very best wheat we have scen in the Stat the Sussol Laneh of Messrs The sam here, from the Sussol Laneh of Messrs
Thompson \& Bro. Mr. Walbrige is the miller at theso mills. They propose preparing for the grinding and bolting lucian corn and meal; this is much needed.
Nopa Stcam Mill.-'lhis is a large mill with Napa steam No run of stones, carried by an engine of 45 wo run of stones, carried by an engine of 45
horse-power. At this mill is used Snith's smul ng machines, in prefurence. They use the Buffito Stones, and turn out a fine flomr very bandsomely bolted, at the rate of 120 barrels per day, J. I miller.
l3oth the abore inills are on the stream of water nd eonvenient for unloading grain from the bighters and loading flour into the steaners,
Both inills are doing a good business, and botht
ropose sending samples of their work to the Fair.
Raeng Stock in Napa County.-Several
aces are advertised to come ofl'at the race conrse
of Maj. llirans Downing, at Oak ville House, abou wetre miles above Napa City.
the Tatley we stopped and were shown the several animals. There were nine animals in trainingfour Californian horses, and five Americall stoek all fine animals, some rery fast. We note the
following: The "James Franeis," owned by Mr. IIenry Francis; the "Ired Bill," owned by Mr. James Lomax, of San Franciseo; "Amanda Wallace," owned by Jolin Bowman; "Napoleon" and Blue Diek," owned John A. Pope; "Flying Squirrel," owned by S. B. Ihillips; the "Bullatcher," "Ellen Iree," and "Ohiadiah," owned by B. Vines. Among the animals we have noted
we are informed of one that has made the mile we are inform
dasb in 1.45 .
Ginain Maneets.-The markets for all kinds of Grain remain without any material ehange, and this can be easily accounted for by those as familiar as we are thoughout the State. Consider ble quantities hare been entirely lost. Some by suut, some by rust, some by inseets and grassloppers; and those who have barvested and can keep rice. We aro glad to see the furmer receivin the benefit of his labor. May it always lee so, for thls will build up tho country. Wu shall prepare
careful data of the crops soon and publish them.

Weekly Accounts of Fruits Exhibited From A. If. Alycrs, Alameda, per $V$. clls , Fargo \& Co.'s Expless, one box of samples, embracing eighteen varieties of Apple. In the accompanying note, dated August 25, Mr. Myers snys: "Mhis with two varicties not in this list, which 1 hare previously sent you, will make twenty varieties The trees are all small and liave never been irrigated. In shipping to this country 1 have los the labels to some varieties; sueh the Committec will please to name. In order to obtain this colleetion I have had to keep some of the fruit too

- long." The fruit will be laid before the Commitlong." 'The fruit will be laid before the Comm
tee and duly examined, and errurs corrceted.
From John Lewelling, San Jose Mission, four Bartlett 「ears, sent Angust 23d, and of which he modestly writes: "They may be quite inferior to the same fruit grown in other parts of the State; but as one of the objeets is to have a varizty from ail parts of the state, these may deserve a place." These Pears were very fine, reilceting great credit, measuring 1112 inehes long
eircumference, $101-2$ and $91-2$ short do.; weight eircumference, $101-2$ and 91.2
ing 10 onnces, and 8 ounces


## ing 10 omuces, and 8 ounces.

From Smiths' Gardens, a large basket Feaches, containing six supcrb Mixor Cling, two Craw ford Late, two seedlings; also, two bunches Royal Muscadine. two bunches White Sweetwater Grapes. This bashet of fruit was most excellent and reeeived very flattering notiecs.
From Thompsons' Ianch, Suseol, a Seckel Pear of extra size and beauly from a tree of two years' growth.
From Hooker \& Fern, a Citron Melon, weigh ing 15 pounds-the preserving speeies.

Enirors Farmen: 1 find in your paper of 17 th August, in the "weekly accounts of fruits exhibited at the Society's Roums," a description of two Burtlett Pears, as follows: "Largest, long diameter 11 inches, short diameter $81-2$ inehes; smallest, long diameter $101-2$ inches, short diameter 81.2 inches: weight of the two pears one pound.' Now I propose to give the circumference and weight of two Bartlett Cears of my orn growing: Largest: long circumference 12 inches, smallest ciremmference 10 1-2 inehes. The other pear is, Ifind on measuring, the same size, and the two weigh one pound and a balf. It occurs to me that if the diameters as above given are correct. che prars chnuld wrigh guite a number of poumds;
but if the diameter spoken of means circmmference, then they are below the ordinary size of Bartlett's in San Jose
Bartlett's in San Jose.
1 hare two pears of t
1 hare two pears of the variety ealled Cound: As they lave not dune growing, I can only gire their ueasurement, which is: long eircuruferenee
15 inches, short eirenmference 13 inches, When they they ripen 1 will give you their weight.
Hy pears are all grown on the same tree, on grafts two yeas otd. The tree was transplanted in the spring of ${ }^{\text {sis }} 3$.
Yon witl piease forgive this intrusion, and re
eive this from your friend, R. G. Moony.
We are pleased to receive the fruit and note of our correspondent, and agree with him that cireumference is a leetter understood term for the measurement of fruit, among Tomologists. The
reports of fruits are made by committecs, whe of course use sueh terms as best suit then, our own reports aml editorials we use. circumference. We shall always Le happy to hear from Mr. Moody, and hope to see spec
fruits at the Society's rooms. - Eu.

Challenge For Stock
In examining the stock of Sulinas, Napa and Sonoma, and in reports made to us, we find some
of the most splendid animals of the State. In our round through tbese counties and among the stoek we met with, we saw a most splendid animal, that the owner has every reason to be proud north of the Bay, to produce bis equal, for a Silver Cup in the value of $\$ 100$. This animal is a bull eaif of eight mionths old. Any person desirous to eompete with this offer, by arldressing proposition and aceeptance of the ehallenge, ean be satisfied of the abilities of the parties. Com-
mumeations addressed to this oflice will be attended to.
The Great Catrle Show.-The coming Exhibition of the Stock of California will no doubt be one of great interest and value to our State. We are happy to announce that tho finest stock of many of the counties of the State is now preparing to compete for the prizes of the State Sowake it his especial duty and interest, not ouly twake it his especial duty and interest, not ouly
to be present, but to have his best speeimens of stock there. It is the only way in whielı a proper and just ostimate can be given to so important

Ho! for Napa Springs. A orear interest is now felt among the travelThe Warm Sprines of Nipa are now of resort. particular attention; so much so that it is with particular atention; so much so that it is with
diffieuity you can gain arlunittance to the hotel at diffieuity you ean gain atmittanee to the hotel at
the Springs. Visitors from all parts of the State, several from San Franeiseo, Saeramento, Marysville and Benieia, are now, the present week, enjoring this pleasant resort.
Over seventy visitors we met there on Sunday last, and niany of them severe eases of suffering, These all were daily reeovering health.

The house is eondueted by Messrs. Evy \& Tilley, who do all they ean to make their visitors comfortable; but the rush is too great for a small place. The proprietors are preparing to inereaso and more comfort will be found.
Having visited the Sulphur Springs of Napa, we feel called upon to make known what we sas there, and these facts can le attested to by inany wituesses. The cures that are taling place among those afflieted by rheumatie and cutaneous diseases are almost incrediule. We saw a man that we had met only a week previous at Benieia, upen erutehes: now he had thrown them away, and was quite active. Another who had been upon crutehes for years; yet in a few weeks at this place, he had broken his, elutelies and was walking freely. Also, another cured in a week. These are facts.

We examined the Springs here, and found that in a distance only of fifteen feet apart, are Hot and Cold Springs; a little distance apart from the White Sulphur are the Yellow Sulphur, and so highly charged as to change the color of a silver dollar in a few seeonds to black.
We have ority time to say-by all means, ye that suffer, go to the "Pool of Siloam," wash, and be healed. These Springs are a great blessing to our State, and soon will become celcbrated for iniraculous cures.

## The Turf in Yuba County.

the races at gnove hall, marysville.
We attended these fine races some few weeks We attended these fine races some fews weeks
ince and took notes of the speed of the various animals. Our notes of the time were lost, and we now gire a portion to show that Yuba county can produce some eridence of speed.
The first trial was a single dash of a miln, be-
ween "Pocahontas" and "Sister Kate," for \$1.000 a side. "Sister Kate" won the race by a
neek, handsonicly. We had made up our mind that "Pocahontas" wouth have taken the purse, and think so still, had the rider of "Sister Kate" been upon his baek. The ridet of "Sister Kate" was a young lad' by the name of John IIenry Keller: and a finer specimen of rulung we have never seen. We think the lad a matele for any
rider in the United States. The run was made rider in
in 1.52 .

A race of 440 yards was run between "Old Tom" and "Humming Bird." Thame 23 seconds, Purse $\$ 1,000$ a side.
Another Letween "Bay Filly" and "Fiougin Diek." Time 18 seconds. Furse $\$ 100$ a sirle. Olicr races were nade, bnt we did not witness them, We regret the loss of our notes. These minutes are correct thus fur. We are gratified and happy to know that a large portion of this stoek will be down to the State Fiir.
The Petaluma Jounnal.-Somo days ago e reecived the hirst runiber of a new paper, eorn meneed on the 18 th inst., in Fotibluma, called :The Petaluama Journal and Sonoma Conuty Advertiser," poblished by Mr. Thos. L. Thompson. It presents a neat typographical appearanee, and gives eridence that the editorial department will be condueted with ability. It opment of the great Agrieultural and Commereial interests of the section of eountry in "hieh it is toeated," and as that region lias long felt the want of a local press, we congratulate tlie inhatitants on having this want so properly supplied. We wish the projectors abundunt sucesss, and weleome the Journal as a valuable ally in the eause of dereloping the Agriculture and resourees
of our Eureka State. By the way, neighbor, we of our Eureka State. By the way, neighber, we
hope to see your seetion well represented in the State Fair. Are your Farmers awalie to the importance of the matter? if not, 1 , lease to stir them up, as the time is now short to the 25 th September.
Sacramento City-Tue Falk.-We rejoico taking an many of our promment eitizens aro hope the eity authoritics will nove in the matier hope the eity authoritics will move in the matter.
We refer our readers to the able artiele we hare Wo refer our readers to
copied from the I'ribune.

## $==-$ Acultare and the State Fair. Und. n the above heading the State Tribune

 Tuestiay has an alby written and truthfult article
 dute anill dith of party strife, to wrfresh the tired
encrgies with the contemplation of energies with the contemplation of the less taza.
ling hut more substanial rialities of nur Jgricul tural interects. Amil the tumpinil of contending aspiratinus and passions beget. we are too apt to
furget the claimg

Thronghout the widely extended and varied ecments of a country's wealth, wne are mor
deserving ia respectul consideration than tha eminaced on the one great. yel, much nestected sulbject of Arriculture. The Agricultiral resoures of a comitry or State, are of all others
most essential to its prosperity and porrer. For the derclopment of these resources. for the prac
tical exemplification of the real Acrienltura tical cxemplification of the real drrientural fia mcans than that which is furnished by the anmua exhibition of the products of the soil. The pro ductive oapacity of a region of conntry, its fertil plants, the variety which it is enpable of snstain ing: their perfection and periods of maturity, are
thus aecuratcly determined. By the congregation, at stated periods, of eultivators from all see tions of the country, moreover. an interchange views, a comparison of individual experience i attained, which may bo made available for the substantial benefit of the eause, and the improve ment of all engaged in its pursuit. It is by thes -the stimalus they impart to the labors of the ambitious farmer, that Agricultnre has been cle vated to its proper position in the estimation of the country, aud has taken its rank among th prolitable investinent of capital and labor in the oultivation of the of the soils is jist Leginning to
be minfolded. It is vast beyond all previous cal. culation, and is probably, masurpassed in variet or extent by any other region of the world. Ye
what has been donc fur the encouragement of What has been donc for the encouragement of
this, the principal clement of our wealth? It was announced ome time since, bre papers of the in this city on the 25 th September. The journals, generally, have called attention to the fact, circuof the eanee wiffused est praise, are active in perfecting arrangemen
on thic tuost extensive scale. No exertion will on the most extensive seale. No exertion will b
spared by those engaged in it, to make the Exhi bition wortly of the State and commensurate with the intrinsic importance of the subject. In deed, judging from the preparations whieh have
commenced, wo feel warmanted in asserting that no sinnilar exlibition has heretofore been held int
any State or unr Untun, nut greatly onr sellur int maturity and population, which can at all com maturity and population, which can at alf
pare in interestand in the magnificence of its dis play, with that which is soon to be held in this city. How shall all this be necomplished? it is
true that, by an Act of the Legislature, $\$ 5,000$ have been amnunlly appropriated for the pay trent
of premiums, but what has this city and county of premiums, but what has this city and county
Fet done for the furtherance of the undertaking?
What What evidenee has either yet manifested, of
thusiasm in the suljeet, or a willingness to co-operthusiasm in the saligeot, or a willingncss to co-ope
ate in its promotion? ate in its promotion?
In the Eastern States
to exist between the dillerent eitios to liave the Annual Fairs held in their respective loonlities, each emmating tho other in the liberality of its sary expenses. Shall it be said that Saeramento sary expenses. Shall it te said that saeramentn,
the second city in the Commonwealth, the great central emporinm of trade. The Capitat of a rasi tions of one of her richest valleys, blindly elosed her cyes upon the advantages of an undertaking in wheh slie is so pecnliarly interested? onr city goverument coldly fold its arms in dir-
nified unconeern, aljout a wotk which is designed nified imeoncern, aljout a wolk which is designed
to developsand promote the most reliable and into develop and promote the most reliable and in-
exliamstible source of the wealth and prosperity exliamstible source of the wealth and prosperity whet inspices inforiney. It has struggled agains is yet in its inf.nce. It has strugged against minnst suspicions. Eren yet, its nombers are heir plans depent, are difficult and laboriuns. These, the officers of the Seciely, have untertake. to peeform without rembaneration or the hope of reward. Shall they be sustamed by the eituzens
of Sacrameuto? fill the fiemds of the calse in of sacramento? Will the fiends of the eatse in
thiscily and county, encourate them lyy their cuoperation, and generunsly aid dran in earry ing
oint the plans which have leen adopted for the aproaching Annma! Iar?

Tas Monterey Sentinel of the 25 th inst. mene tions that melons from sacramento were abundant in their market at that time. Owing to the coolness of the atmosphere or some other tocal
canse, it saly $\%$ this frut is not s iccessfully enlti-
rated in that neightorhool.



We refer with pleasure to the new Banking IIonse of Messrs. Wilkinson \& Co., of Marysville, which appears in our columns to-day. We hastily referred to it previously; as one of the new institutions that the inereased prosperity and business of Marysville demanded. The Part ners of this IIonse are too well known to need ommendation from any sonree. Their reputaWe have long known Capt. C, L. Stone, personly, as the commandant of the Benicia garrison We hive oftco remarked upon the excellence and beanty of the various structures erected under his own dircetion there. He looked well to the foundation, and we have no donbt, that in the erection of his own Banking House, he will be guided by his long established principle-a good fondation; in fact, the evidence is before us tha he has abjured the material from the "Woods," and built upon a "Stone" foundation.
Brick Builainge in Napa City,-The surest sign of permanent prosperity is marked by the cinoval of oll wooden buildings and the rebuild
ing of brick. While in Napa City we were happy to notice the foundation laying for a block of the fine square in the centre of the city, nearly opposite tbe Napa Ilotel, by IIcssrs. James \& Co merchants. This is ono of the oldest firms, a house doing a large and prosperous trade. Their keep pace with the progress of the ago, and they now act as the pioneers of brick bimildings in apa City; this block will be tho first crected, and two stories high. We learn that Messrs Earl \& Co., saddlers, will also buitd on the lots that ioin Mesers. Janes \& Co. These buildines
will be an ornament to tho eity, and a publio innTorement 1 ant lenctit
Thanes! Thanks!-We hope our friends appear promptly, fur they are sometimes by the press of matter, as the following were last reek, "erowded ont
We mist again achnowledge the receipt of a arge valuablo eollection of inagazincs, furcign and States papers, and pictorials, from our freind W. Murray \& Co., of San Franeisco; for ich we return thanks-as well as
To J. C, Mason, Iinq., of the Patent Office, for To the Smithsonsian Inssitute for their valuable ports for 1854 , we are very grateful ;
To Mr. Fern. of Sacramento rieer, for thonse delicions melons, so excellent in a hot day-may

To our kind lady friend E., for the paren so convenient for a "bachelor's" sanctum-they were the more valualle for the delicate manaer in which they were converent, aat
To llesers Thompion, for very onyrteons has pitnlity, while at Suseol Runch. Their berutifil grounds and their kindness were as refreshing to the mind an theart as their hiveious fruita an-1 other comforts to the body-a fuil repurt of which will a ppear.
Messi* Wells, Fargo \& Co., will please accept thank f for many farors the pat week; and to the Pacifie Evpress Company we are also under obligations. Anl we mist not forget the Penny Post Cokpany, for early presentation of paper We theamers, while at the "Bav Citr."
We thank our kastern friends for tbeir liberal Par rs in auvertising patronage and subscriber: we dily apprecite them.
Rorixa Jack.-"uggs oo Politics," (published last week.) is a truthful pieture of the results of leadinz a life. or rather wasting a lfe in sults of lead ne a lice. or rather wasting We hope
the pollical strufe that rnins so many. We
crer. far. cr who is at all ef gacel in polities, to

From Los Angeles.- The Southeru Califur in scarching fur coal have discovered some fine
speeimens of the article, and are sanguine of suceess. They have petitioned the Comecil for a few
acres of hand in the vicinity of their operations. acres of land in the vicinity of their operations.
The same paper has the following : Vcry little in
transpiring at the present time (Ang. 22d) worthy of interest. Some considerable improvement
noticed in bisiness aftairs, and money is a slade
cacier than heretofore. Some extensive sales cattle reently have thrown the neculful into cireulation, and made our aftairs assume a more
favorahle phase. The feather has been very warm for the last fuw days, owing to the extensive fires now raging in the nountains. We are
now in the midst of the fruit season. The vineyirds are furnishing the luscions grapes in the greatest abundanec. Large shipments will co
linuc to be marle to Sin Francisco by every bo linuc to be marle to Sin Francisco by every boat ers now on the const will ofter great feilites rnit shippers, and olviate the serious losses which have befol them in years past.
Survesor Washburn arrived in to
wo since, from the Molanve country. He is stil prosecuting his labors in that region. Mr. Hancock returned from the San Juan Capistrano jes terday; he has completed his surveys in that di-
rection. There has been effected a complete rection. There has been effected a complete
survey, from San Buenaventura south to San Juan.

Santa Barbaba.- The Gazette gives the following description of Santa Barbara county, and the facts offer some inducements to settlers: The climate is one of the finest in the world. The
fertility of the soil and its adaptation to every agricultural product eannot be excelled. we most stand in need of is an increase of po at present. There is every indueement offered present. There is every inducement offered to the setller in this portion of the State; a
healthy elimate, rieh soil, and thousands of aeres of good agrienltural land as yet mitouched. Within two day's sail of San Francisco, we have
ready maket for all articles of produce. is no doubt that the grape will Le the staple pro is no donbt that the grape will be the staple pro
duet of this scetion, but it has been ascertained that other products can be eultivated to equall. as good an advantage. The fields of tobacco in the vicinity of San Buenarentura are, we think superior to any-thing that ean bo produeed in Ca ifornia, Wheat, barley, and. Indian corn grow exceeds that of any jear prerious.
The Gazette urges the digging of Artesian Fells, and says that at some seasons the wate
is much necded for the purposes of irrigntion; and from the geological structure of the region it seems probalile that, in many places, a bounti
ful supply could be casily obtained at a noderate expense. No experiment in digging Artosia wells has jet been made in this loculity.
Incmbul.dt Iteas.- From the Times of the 18th inst., we select the following paragraphs:
Fegeluble Precocily. - At the farm of Mr.
cwis. R . Wood. can he seen fire gooscherries, on bushes which were planted last lebruary tron cuthings. (In Dr. Lindsey's farm, Uhere are peach
grafts which were engrafied last Mareh, and have grown since that time upwards of eight feet. The Doctor has $\Omega$ considerable number of thrifty appl
pear, aud peneh irees, oltained from cuttings. pear, and penoh trees, oltained from cuttings.
Fla.- Capt. Ticknor presented ns yesterda slicaf of flax, grown on his farm vear lable Buffi, which for rankness of growth surpasses
nuy wre ever sair-it averages over four fuet in hifht. The filire is very superior. Capt. Tickner
informs the that two crons a sar can be raised. He planted on the 12th of May and harvested o Ue planted on the 12th of Jlay and
the 12th of Angust-three monthe.

Nurseries.- We risited the narsery of Doct Lindsay a day or two aco. and were sirprised to see that he hal paid so nueh attention to thic
enltivation of fruit trees. He has a large ascorment of peach. apple, eurrant ard pear trees, and
an extensise vineyard, wost of which will be in bearing next year.
Another Whale.-The steamer Mary Anncap burel ancther whale on 'luesflay, which will make serenty liarels of oil. Surcess to the en
terprising men who are engagel in the lusiocss.

Sems forsportsmes. Wh leac the Sulphur springs of Sapa, we met several gextlenen re-
tirning $f$ om then sports, th ir huntirg bagbeing well stored with o ail and other game. In ordunary sportsman can bring his three four and fire quails at one shot. The streams in are daily made up at the Syrirga, and ther leare their $\eta$ arters and pass the day hunting and fi-h
ing-cooking their meals-returning at night re-ing-cooking their meals-returning at night re-
freahed and gratified with the'r da!'s ride and rawbles. Ihec: and Ante' ppe come down fro the moontains and approach cose to the ho se
in ord r to drink of thes lpt rwatcr. Haring in ord r to drink of the $s$ I p t or water
imbibed the taste. they "thirat " f it



The Calaveras Chroniele gives the following description of a Nutmer Tree recently discovered in that section of country, and which is said to be Wery abundant. It says
We were recently shown by Mr. John Ifanson branch taken fivm a trec of the nutmeg specios ontaining a cluster of the fruit to the number of taken, was discovered a short timesinee by a man engaged in working on the Mokelnmne Ilill fume, about fifteen miles distant. There are two the same size, supposed to be aboit thirty fect in height, and the trunks two in diameter. In appearance they eloscly resemblo trees found in the torrid zones, slooting up in a single stem a dislanee of twenty feel before giving off any branches. The leares aro of the most beautiful deep green on the upper side, lighter on the under, are nar ow, atout two or three inehes in length, and are a rranged alternately ppon foot-stalks from a foot to a foot and a half in length. It is a difficult mater to determine by what cliance theso trecs far from their native elime ; and moststrange it is teen - suppend torrid zonles. The muthegs of comnineree are proenred from the East India Islunds, principhatly from the molucea group. When mature, they ie sulyectert $t 0$ a proeess of euration, whereby
they are deprived of the power of germinating Is bley are easily propagated from the seed, jerons having gardens or giounds wonld be wel matured, and treating in the same manner as the peacli, or any other of the nursery seeds.
Moming Maehine Thial.-The first trial of machines competing for the Massachuselts preolve in fiaror of Manny's machines, in oompetition with Kitehom's, Russell's and Allen's. The harder than with. the other machines, and the report says:
-There was a necessity for an additional heary
nan 10 assist in managin All man to assist in managiug Allen's machine, which was looked upon as a geent dramback. The recond mode of trial was by allowing each competitur to
cut a single suath thrnugh the field and back gut a single suath thrnugh the field ani bine
again, and then examining the grourd af er the hay was remored by a horse-rake. In this trial the madine of Mal ny show co a closer cuisw.ath, generally as the best machine."
It is irue that these trials do not prove any one machine decudedly the best; but when the piblie id that one is a general favorite and thitanwher alrals has some "drauhack" connecter. With its operation, ll cy will frm a bulter idea
which to bur lian they can from any anto nt ol which to biy llian they can from any anio ot o
pufling ly the propruetors or interestod part es.


THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.


The Executive Coinnitlee of the State Agricultural Society, beg leave to say to the Agricul-
turists of the State that as the time for holding turists of the State that as the time for holding
the Annual Fair approaches the necessity for in-
ereased and enermetic action throughout the State becomes, daily, nore apparent. becomes, daily, more apparent.
The officers of the Society are giving their
time attention and money to the furtherance of the work, but this will not suffice. Unless the Farmers, Merchants, Lawrers. Hotel Keepers and
all others interested (and who is not?) eome up all others interested (and who is not?) eome up
to our aid, subscribe and pay their nemberships to our aid, subscribe and pay their memberships.
and give countenance to the work, our approachand give countenance to the work, our approach-
ing Fair cannot be made what it should be-
cannot be what the resources of our State eall for, what the honor of this most prominent interest demands.
The State lins tions for premiums, and the Executive Coinmittee has published a sclsedule for the approaching Exin circumstances to show full statistics of Farms Orchards, Nurseries, Gardens, Vineyards, \&c: expected to visit and report upon every case this department. Send in your propositions, tha the Committee may know the amount of its work.
The statule under which we are organized The statule under which we are organized Any Gentleman or Lady sending us this small
sum will have suhject to his or her order a eertificate of membership for one year.
The question of the utility of the Fair depends very much upon the manner it is gotlen up, and
it cannot be what it sheuld he without personal interest of a general charaeter.
Persons holding certificates of membership are, with their families. admitted to all
tions of the Society free of charge.

By order of the Executive Committee.

C. I. IIuteminson, President | O. C. Whereen. Rec. Scc. |
| :--- |
| Sacramento, Juno 2 Zd . 1855 . |

Agricultural Visiting Committee. At a mecting of the Executive Committee of
the State Agriculturn Soeicty, held this dav, the State Agriculturnl Soeicty, held this dav,
Gen. C. I. Intchinson of Sacrancnto, Fer. A. II.
Myers of Alamedia, IIoa. Sherman Day of Santa Myers of Alamerda, Iloa. Slacrinan Day of Santa Claris, IIon. IV. IV, Ssow of Santa Cus, and Gen.
Allen of Yuba, were elected a Commitue for the examination of Farms, Orcharas, Vineyards,
Nurserics, de., which may be catered for premiums at the ensuing Fair. Athowgh the time for
such ontry bas expiret, yet the Cumatitee is in-
 visit onl! those which may be within their range.
 To every onganized Comty Agricultural Snciety I am instructed by the Fiscontive Committee
of the Staic Agricultural Society, to ask the earof the Staic Agricultural Socicty, to ask the ear-
nest co-operation of every County organization.
and to ask of the Corresponding Sceret:ary of encli and to ask of the Corresponding Sceret:ary of encl
such infurmation of their several Societic's as will such infumation of heir several socictics as will Countics will do to further the interests of the
Exhithition-what products, what stock and whit manufactures may be cxpucted from their eombties; and to solicit an active co-operation in
this great work. It is also very desiralse tha special delegations should be appointed to atten the Fair and to act in convention, and thus aid in prounting and advancinge all thic great and im-
portant interests involved. portant interests involsed.
The sucerctaries or
The suerctarics or other officers of each County
are partientarly desired to reply to the call at thi are particularly
carliest moment.

Per order of Execitive Committec.
Sames L. L, F. Warren.
Corres. Sec. State Agricultural Society
free thanspontation to the state fair.
The Excutive Cominittee of the California State Agrienltural Society, take pleasure in a
nouncing to those interested, throughout nouncing to those interested, throughout it
State, that the California Stenm Navigation C Citizens' Lira of Steamers, Califormia Stage C
Wells. Fargo \& Co., and the Pacific Express C Wells, Furgo \& Co., and the Pacific Express
have litherally and gratuitously tendered the st vices of their respective conveyances for the trans-
portation, to and from the approaching Fair, of portation, to and from the approsching Fair, of including stoek and persons neeessarily aceompanying the same.
Every tling of
in any portion of tike State, will tenil to render the coming state Fair of greater itserest, and
make it worthy of the State and her people.

By order of the Exerutive Commintte
 the plans to promote the usefulness of the State Society, is 10 aid them liy the value of menber-
ship, alld this is one of the sure ways to prove your interest and your wish for its success. Gen-
tlemen who desire to give this eridence of their wishes, ean call at the Rooms of the Society on
fourth street, bot ween $J$ and K , or address us, enclosing \$Io by mail. This amount entitles thenn io all the privileges of a member, and they
and their immediate fanities to an admittance to and their immediate fanities to an admittance to

## Ifferrerol geticles

Post Offices.
Consodal Love. - The following is from the
Journal of a goved digger in Califorina, January 24th, 1850 A Anail agent has conuc in to-day, and still no letters for me. It is now thirty-nine weeks since my last letter from home was dated.
I would purchase one line from ny wife with all the gold I have made during those thin ty-nine
weeks, Febrnary 4th. This is a day to le remembesed. Letters from home. If any would pass ten months in California withortt, one word
from his loved ones, an unhappy exile from his pass te
from
family.

## It is an era in the mines-the arrival of the mail agent. How cheerfully are our two dollars

 mail agent. Hlow cheerfully are our two dollars family from the dead-those letturs, after so longand weary a silence. I am happy; and I amm and weary a silence. I am happs; and I am
niserable. 1 am calm ; and 1 am fenl fully exniserable. I am calm; and I am fenloully ex-
eited. It is an era in a niner's life when such although tardy messenger reaches hins. I have been present when masy of these have given their
treasures of love, or their burdeu of wretchedness. One has just opened lisis letter, and burst into imnoderate wecping. I ingnire the callse. "Ily wife and child are both dead, A plyysician of give their letters from home to thove who were
very sick; that in suveral instances they had seen very sick; that in suveral instances they had seen
persons in this condition read their letters and wen over and die.-Puritan Recorder.
We publish the above as the true estimate put upon the value of a "letter from home," and as
we know how checrfully money is paid for letters or papers-that the cost is nothing -we feel the value of efficient mail routes, good post-offices and plenty of them; able post-masters and frequent mails, Nothing is more conducive to the building up of any place, and making pocople contented and happy, than a frequent and certain intercourse with their lindred and friends of other places. A city, or town, or village, denied the usual mail facilities, will soon become doserted, streets. In many places in California it requires lonçer ime to obtain an answer from a correspondent han it does from New York or Cincinnati. requires a month to obtain letters from San Luis Obispo and other similar places; and in
many other places, along our rivers, among the farmers and miners, there are little or no facilitics. Ihis ought not so to be. In mercy to the hardy eomaury and the miner, we pray that these evils may be rectined-it can be donc. There conld howspapers to all within the circuit of this sul-post-office, from the main office. The daty of the government is to provide suitable freilities to the people, and slould not this matter be one of para-
mount importance? The contentinent and prosperity of the people is the secmity of the gowernpeople in the interior and makes them dissatisficd with the comintry as this disrugard of their wants The Press are at faule in this matter- for
with such facilities as should be estathished, out newspaper circulation, that "great educator in
the allairs of life," would be increased fonr-futh. the alliers of life;" would be increated fonr-futhl.
This fact, however, should be borne in mind: the newspaper distrihutions in our post-offices are not considered of suffieient moment to require so very: prompt or careful attention as tbe waiting cs-
peetant demands. Large quantities of newspeetant demands. Large quantities of news-
papers are lost for want of due attention; nud in the country offies they are so exposed liat not a Quantities are laid npon the counter, al:d if not called for just when the mail arrives, and sonc one wants that particular paper; it is very easy to
tear off the cover, give it to the friend, or sell ittear off the cover, give it to the friend, or sell it-
consequently the poper never comes. Then the paper is diseontinued, the publishers are hlamed, and they have to suffer the loss. And nhy? Becanse the question is not, "is he honest, or is he capable;" for the spoils belong to the victor Winl post-master Weller kindly regurd the suffurings of tho farmers and miners?
Japan Pea.-This new and rare article is
found to be adapted to our soil and climate, and found to be adapted to our soil and climate, and
yields bountifully. 'Ihe writer has emnted on
in average 300 pods to cach plant- pods cuntain yields bomntifully. 'The writer has eonnted on
in average 300 pods to cach plant-pods cuntain-
ing from two to three peas. They are smill ing from two to three peas. They are small.
round, of a cream color and very hird. Should
think they might be ground tritious. The plant attnins the lighe of aliout thirty incles; it is stiff and woody-m onlike all other peas; it stands independent of all sur-
rounding oljects, and upright, like a shrub or
small tree Experiene will small tree. Experience will prove the Lest man-
ner of eultivating and harvesting. It should be planted or sown alout the usual time of planting
eorn, not earlier, as frost is fatal to the young plants.-J. W. Briggs, in Genesee Farmer.

A Specimen of Califormia Workmanship.
IN our walks aronnd the rocks and among the shipping we noticed the old favorite steaner New
Worid of ' 50 and ' 51 memory, lonking as new gay and licautiful as when fresh from the ship builder's hands; and upon leing politely invite by her excellent commander, Capt. SummeJ Sey
mour, oo inspect theallerations nad improvement mour, to inspect the alterations nad improvement
lately made, went on board for that purpose, and we now take great pleasure in presenting to our
renders, the result of our hasty visit. It may no be nninteresting to linow that the entire machinery of this steamer was manufoctured in Cali-
fornia, and the work would really reflect cretlit nyon any manufaetory in the world. We giv
below the dimensions of the castings and wrough iron work, and we think it will prove most satisfietorily that we are not Lehind our Easterin friends in the arts and manufactures. The cylin der is 48 inches in diameter with 11 feet stroke of piston, requiring orer 8 tons of heated metal th
make the ensting; the eylinder lootom weighs make the ensting; the eylinder lottom weighs 2
tons, and atached piston, 1 ton; the beam skeleous, and attached piston, 1 ton; the beam skele
ton is a remarkably tine and smooth casting
weighing 1 ton, the beam strap is of len Weighing 1 ton, the beam strap is of iteavy on the spot-its neasurenent is 5 inches in width
by 31 . 2 inches in thiekness, and weighs about tons-and juages of this sort of work speak of it
as one of the now masterly and perfect specimens as one of the now masterly and perfect specimens
of wrought iron eomposition every made in any eonntry. weine condens
ghand welighs 4 tons.
to the curions in theso matters, we would cerwell repay then-and as Californians we should well repay then-and as Californians we should
view witl pride and interest these manifestations of improvement and prospecity. The whole of of improvement and prospenty. The whole of
the machinery was manufictured at the Pacific
Nail Stemm-lip Company's works at Benicia, and Mail Steanship Company's works at Benicia, and We have the anthority of Captain Seymour, and the chief engineer, Mr, W m. Vian Wirt, in stating the
whole "works to a charm," and is in every paricular perfect.
The establishment of works of such magnitude in this comintry, that can, as will be seen by the
nnowe, accomplish the manifartory of the largest class of machinery, certainly eltit
pany to the highest meed of praise.
'Jie furnishings of carpets and tapestry work are of lhe most elegant deccription, and from the
warerooms of Fiank baker; lice panneling, paint ing and reweering are extreme! y tasteful, and slis is now, in every particular, as complete an
fect ass when first scen upon ow waters.

We take pieasure in copying the above notice of the steatmer New World, as she once more ghaes upon the waters of the Sacramento. Often
have we spolien of the resources of Calitornia, her ability to furnish crerything neded for advancement, independent of any ether State. We have arged public attention to the necessity of encouraging cvery branch of hone manufacture, and rejoice to know that attention is being given to it.
some months since we pad a visit to the benieia Iron Works and gave an extended notiee of of farmers and michinists to them. We did so becanse we believed that thie csitablishment could turn out work equal to any in the world. The
finished wotks, and of such gigantie specimens, as has beer furninhenl to the New World, is a proot that better times liave come, nod we nay ugai say to all, "encourage home manufatures."

All that our cutemporary has said of this mga nificent stcamer is true, and we ean add that w
esteent lier the fastest boat anl iudeed the "pride of the Sacramento." Althongls it is very diffient and sometimes dangerous for an editor to partieularise, yet
niatters.

While speaking of this steamer we feel confi dent we aro right in asserting that for elegance
speed and comfurt, there is no line of steamers in the Unitel States, that can surpass the boats on the Saeramento. Ard for skillful and courtco
commanders and officers, few are their equals.

New Canhages.-Our friend Jr. O. II. Pcir-
son has just received fourten Bumpes two Bason las just received fonrten Bugries, two Ba-
ronclies, and two side-seat Bugries, direct from ronclies, and two sire-seat Buggies, direct from
the manufactory, all in the nost complete order and of the most fimistred workonanslsip, which he oflers for salo on very reasonatble curms. have cxamined these carringes and consider them
equal to any oflered in this market. Persons in wint of any thing in his line uill always do well to drop in at the Lxcelsior Stables.
We eopy the alove from the Marysville Ex-
press, and can say that we saw theso beautiful carriages as they wero being uncased, and they
are all they are represented. Dr. P. has two fine stables-one livery stable amply supplied with the very best horses and earriages to let, and on boarding stable, so that all can le supplied. Dr.
P. also does an auction and commission 'business in stable stock.

Abyance of Literatune. - California ean boast of newspapers printed iu French, Spanish German and lalian languages. This in addition to the host of papers printed in ourewin langinge
is surely some evidence that we are not behind is surely some evidence that we are not behind
the age.

To the Voters of California. A corresponaent of the Churleston Courier relates the following interesting eircomstance, "I was with Gen. Washington's last vote: I was present when Gen. Washington gavo lise town of Alexandria. He died on the 11 h of
the Decomber follorving. The Court Ilonse of Fairh.x eomnty was tlen over the . Iarlict Ilonse. and as bo slight cavern. 'The enon the outside. The eleetion was of crazy steps several thonsands of persons in the Conrt llowse ard and immediate neighloring streets. and I as standing on Gadsby's steps when, the Father
of his Conntry drove up and immeliatuly apof his Conntry drove up and immeliately ap-
proached the Court 110 inse steps. and when within 3 yard or two of them I saw eipht or ten wood. ooking men from different directions, certainly withont the least coneert, spring simniltaneously and plaee themselves in positions to uphold and support the steps slosuld they fall in the fienernl's
secht of them. I was immediately at his baek, ascent of them. I was imraediately at his baek,
and in that position entered the Court $1 l o n s e$ with him-following in his wake throurls a dense with him to polls-hentward herownt-heard him liecred by more than two tho isand persuns as There were fise or sige, and samples on departurc.
Thench sitting. ant as the General approacherl them they ose in a body and bowed smilingly, and the sai-
intions been returnel very gracefully the ceneral immediately cast his ejes toward the ceristry of the polls, when Col. Deneale, I think
it was, snid: "Well, General, how do you vote?" the fieneral looked nt the candidates and said: Cientlemen. I vote for measures, not for men,
and turning to the recording table autibly proand turuing to the recording table aurlibly probow, and retired."

From the Plains - Wre had the pleacire of a (says the Maryscille Ilerild) fromi Mr. Jacob Clark, of Polk eounty, Missouri. who has jnst Clark left Missouri on the IIth of April, with tlirce hundred and sixty head of good stock cattle, and succeeded in reaching I'ruekce Lake with
two hundred and sisty-two. I'lie drove is, at present, at the lake, the pastnre hecing rich and plentiful. The lost cattle dicd of diseases and
fatigue and a few of then were sold when worn down, at very cheap rates, to the cattle dealers on he desert. Mr. Clark represents the ravarges of plains, and particularly on the valley of the Ilumboldt. The ronte from Truckiece I, ake. through the Downieville Pase, is in good order for trarelhig. excepting some ten miles, immateljately on
lis side of the lake, which is rough, though not steep. Ille emigration this season according to
Mr. Cl:trls, is exceediugly limitel; if as extensive sthat of last year, the searcity of grase, oceasion-
 he Sinux had stampedel one or two droves on ha Patte. Ao Lnited States troops harl reached ante throngh. thongh they were hourly expected. He have met several of this party in Yuba ounty, and they give a general good account of he trip. Some very fine stack will find its way ver the plains, bit far less than usial.
We gather the following items from our ex-
Mr. Brown, from Missouri, and some others, have arrived at Marysville, with some 1,000 head of stock. 'They' contraslict the murders aud eoroberate Mr. Clark's statement.
Mr. (i. W. Gilbert nrrived in this city from Kanesville, lowa, whence he left May Gth. Io reports grass plenty, water scarce-lost but one
mule. Net the train of Major Ormsly, of this ity, July 4 , all well. Mr, G. has made two trips mevivusly. He bronght seventy head of stuck.
Benicia Female Seminary.-We feel it a dily to call the atteution of parents to this most c.rcellent institution: It is now in a most prosperous condition, having over furty pupils. Ad-
ditional rooms are being ereeted and prepared in order to aecommodate the increasing demand for untrance to its privileges. Miss Mary Alkins is sole proprietor and P'rincipal. Tho primary department is under the eliarge of Miss Vanghn, the anguages and painting under Miss Pettibone, and nusie by Nliss Lepfgeer. Each of these young adies is fully qualified for her departnemt, and it ean be sairl of this Seminary, that in all its departments, it is equal to any in the State. Benicia being exempt from the noisu and bustle of other eities, and always healthy, pupils enjoy ail the surrounding associations are such as to pciliarly fit this place for education.
We hear it is in contemplation to have a school for boys. This will be a most excellent plan, for with this addition-a brother at one institution and a sister nt anothor, a gnardianship and nflecwionate care can be exereiserl in this relation that
will be of great good. We are must happy to noto the inercasing attention paid to edneatio
and shall always do all in our power to nid.

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the fuir creature, as with pallid cheeks she es-
sayed to play. I saw her movement was that of olle whose mind was wronght up to the brightest pitch-another touch and another chord snopped. She looked at me saying, "I cannot sing that song to night." I saw the gathering storm of feeling and "as about to speak; when, as I turned, the
last chord broke. I rose, for 1 saw a duadly pallog sprend over her face. 1 movel forward to catch lier, for I saw the guitar fall from lier hand, and she, fainting and in tears, rested upon my
heart-a gasping struggle-tears gushed forth-heart-a gasping struggle-tears gusherl forth-
she wept freely-the secte was one of deepest feeling; and in the excitement of the seene awoko. The tears upon my pillow spolie of sy,
pathy-even in a "dream.", pathy-even in a "dream.")
From the "Spmis's IourNal."
May 16 a 1855.
Exectuion of Thitty.five Hundred Cilin ese Menels near Canron.-Mi. Silas E. Bur
ruws, Jr., who has just returned to this city, afte ans, $\begin{aligned} & \text { ans, who has just returncd to this city, after } \\ & \text { an }\end{aligned}$ of which tinc he spent in China, was an eye-wit ness to the excution of thirtw-five hundred Chin-
nese kebcls. who were taken prisoners in the battle ese kebels. who were taken prisoners in the battle
near Canton in the month of Mareh last. The near Canton in the month of Mareh list. A prisoners were taken to a low marshy island, and trial before a tribunal of Mandarins, and each was
sentened to death he decapitation. One by one senteneed to death by decapitation. One by one
they were led forth to the excention gromnd, a thaye were covercd with sandust to the depth large space covercd with sawrlust to the depth of
several inches. To give a greater degree of awful several to the sceng, an elevated platform was erected, consisting of a single narrow plank, over which each unhappy victim had to pass in full vicur of his fullow cuptives, whose terns of existence, whether an hour or a day, depended entirely upon the will of their captors, The pris-
oners manifested the most stolid indifierence to oners manifested the most stolid indiference to brutes going to the shambles. fate as dumb brutes going to the shambles. Arriving at the knees, and bendint forward, calmly awaited the single stroke of the executioner's sword that sev-
ercd head and trunk-body and sonl. There
 the captive knew his doom, and sullenly awaited
its accomptishnent.-S. F. Heralid.
Natural Briuge.-Among other California coriosities, the Shasta Courrier states that a na-
tural bridge has been discovered near Watson's tural bridge has heen discovered near Watson's
Qubeh, in Trinity comnty, which is described as
being 63 paces throminh, 16 paces in wilth; from lseing 63 paces thromit, 16 paces in wilth; from
the bottom of the gatch to the arch, about 20 feet;
and the emtirc lueight, from the bottom of tho and the entire loeight, from the bottom of tho
gulch to the top of the bridge, about 100 feet. On the right hand as you cuter the areh fron the
east sido, in an npartiment aloont $1+\frac{\text { feet long by }}{}$ cast side, in an npartiment alsont 14 feet long by
10 feet in width, and 7 feet high. in whel there are quite a mumber enriositics. in the shape of or fenate, ever pissen here withont depo-iting
either a stick or stone oll the top of some rock near this bridge. Ahout half way from the top
of the areh to the top of the bridge is anothr of the areh to the top of the bridge is anethyr
are or apartment, but which. becanse of its pois.
im, has not as ! ct been canmincd. The brittre tion, has nut as st been examincd. The britge
is emmposed entirely uf limestone. The water is emmposed entirely uf limestone. The water
flowing loensath it of a most escellent qualty-
making the teeth ache because of its excessive $1 m$

Real Estate in Aarysvite is improving.
The Expresa savs the number of stures anid The Express suss the number of stores and
dwellange erected the present season has no par-
allel in the history of she city, amal points mierallel in the history of the city, aml points muer-
ringly to her prosperity and futuro greatness. ringly to her prosperity and futaro grcatness
'The advance in property for buiting purpuses
both in the business prostion of the city and in both in the business portion of the eity and in
the suburts, will not hail to striko the realer a a sure indiention of its prosperity. A number
of sales of real estate hnro been cffected doring the past week at good prices and a large portion
of the property will shortly be covered with of the property:
limiek bnidelines:
Califorma lielldia Material,-In a recent report of Dlessrs. liurr. l'ardee \& Chenery, relative
to the present and prospective eondition of the to the present and prospective eondition of the
 lar, the eantern termines of the hist are inexhanstiblo quarries of grame o the road, are mexiansthe purfectly acces-ible,
the besi description, and peed in San Francinco, with
T'lhis granite can be placed This granite can be placed in San Francice, with
the road in operation. at half the prevent cost of tuitding stome in that city, an 1 can be delivered
in Sacramento at the freceint cost of brick.- Sun. Nem Pabiety of Wueat.-The Grass Valley
Telegraph mentiont the recent of sercral ears of Telegraph mentions the recept of sereral ears of isheat raised on Corums rauch, about sesen mites largest head coighs fire pennyweights and four grainsa and consi-is of one main heald and twelre
branches. The kernel is remarkably plump. and
of a bright yellows color. The seed seem; to be of a bright yellow color. The seed seems to be
an entircly new yariety, and was brought here
fill g an ${ }_{5}^{5}$

## from Salt Lake. Eprecioens will be ex the Agricultaral Eair. at Sacrame to.

A reny loqi acious lady once offerel to bet her
husband this dollars that she would not speak a busband thity dollars that she would uot speals a
word for owe week. "Done!" said the delighted word fur ore week. "Done!" said she delighted
huaband, stakis g the muney. Which the lady inined ately pat into ber pocket, observing very $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 5 \text { ari } \text { i i al, he would secure it unt I the rager } \\ & \text { u as decided. "Why madam, cried the hus- } \\ & \text { hand, " } 1 \text { have wan it already." "I lou hare mis- }\end{aligned}\right.$

## fradics' In martmont.

 [F To our Lady Correspondonts- - We shall he wonil jeet tomching "home blit "sings and comforlo." Hhe suljecla of
 wucb nuljects. Writers can inhlulge thecir own feelings eith
In Poetry or l'rose. It to our desire nud intontion to oce wwo or insare columns to tho "Inadies Depnrtinent," weekly and we trute there ure muny very able wribers that only need As our journul in intended ne a "Fanily Paper;" wo truat his

## Youthful Recollections

Beautifulily through the vista of a few short ears comes froating back upon tho the reminis cences of iny happy cliildhood. Luvely visions iny dear old ehildhood's home, all sunshine, my ears saluted by tho birds warbling of the pasi Nestled fir away, amid clustering halls of Nast England, ever rich with verdure, stands the quio old red fivm, house of iny aged father. The gray moss clinging to the roof. and the tall elms, of al most centuries' growth, are lovely still in iny oyes playinates of iny childhood's hours. Some thos playmates of my childhood's hours. Some of on now slumber in the cold dreary churchyard their spirits returned to the God who gave them those dear, cold, rimid, outstretched forms elasped in the embrace of Death, that grim monster, 0 I cven now shondder at the slightest recollections. Under the old clins that sluaded the firm house have the household grounp sat on the starlight
night, and talked of the far-ofl and tunseen of the night, and talked of the far-oll and unseen of the
spirit world, of the homes of the biest far awa spirit world, of the her, and of that day when the heavens shall be rolled torether like a scroll. til to our fancy we heard the distant inusic of the
hearenly choir, and saw in imagination the gleaming of white-robed ol,jects among the brinches o the stately elms. Within a stone's throw from
iny father's sequestered domicul stood the house ny fither's sequestered domichl stood the hous
of God, a simple country church rearing its time stained walls and weather-beaten front amid th forest trees whieh clustered thickly around on either side. There, upon the Sabbath morning congregated the untutored rustics of old Father
Loren's parish, and listened, with hearts panting Loren's parish, and listened, with hearts panting
after the truth, to the palsied old man's simple after the truth, to the palsicel old mian's simple
but persunsire language. Those day's no organ but persunsire language, Those days no organ
was heard, with its lordly peal lireaking yion the
and solemn stillness of the Sablath day, but the passerby wonld listen to the tide of song, sent furt from all present with a barmonions blending
No separate choirs, for $a$ few beatties, was then reared in their inidst, for their song was the song of the relleemed-that song whieh is dearer, richer far to the Christiam's heart than mntold gokt. Cary to the Lamb, that was slain welled up from
 tones of the othciating divime, exhorting his de after which eane the earncest prayer, the alostulic benediction-and cach one compassing the litt humble homes, holier feelings agitating the lirenits alt being locter antl wiser; and with a
comes floating lack upon miy nemory, the swee comes fluating Lack "pon my nemory. the sweet.
1,right fuce of Miss laura, " hich often haunts m! midught dreams. Nuch likean angel she lunkei in her pure dress of spotless white. The lang tres:
cs of luer golden liair for ming ahoat a halo fory around her hirow. Thice hete white selion
honse ofer the hill was enlivened and liegutitied. honse orer the hill was eniivened and heautitied ing in at the broken palye, lowked brighter. and
wen noisy Cousin Sud grew q iet ald gentl
 re almost considcret her a demendent of the
better land;" howerer, we knew she was of the carth-earthly, for jost over Willow Erowk stovi
thic white cotlage of lan ras's poor cripplted mother from treneath its clusicring wout sine hasira
hright eves often peeperl forth, as she awaite I th douning of Sq ire 11 unly's scape-grace son. Lallr thanly supported Laura anil her mother to ehurch -anil wonec uron a tane" a ho. d wail went furth
fion the little white schuol-house, as laura wa borne one bright May morning to chureh, and sinleg, to Wooibine Cotsage, Jrsi. Frank Ilanly.
Ithe Squire sand he hoped Frank had sowed the The squire sald he hoped franik had sowed the in. I hitle thought then that I shoul lever leave my sinny ebildthool home and thove well $f e$ e quented raths to be trod by atrangers, or that
quer should journey so fir toward the occile it of sit by the artecnesian tire. wateh og the l'ohtof sit by the artemesian fire, wateh og the ! ht-
ning play a round the erazs of the likely Mounning play around the erazs of the lisely Muan-
tans, or lixten to the $1, \ldots i n g$ herds in the broad Ralley of the sacramento, which separates me from boule, by many a leagne. But my chrd-
hood days were rery happy ooes. There have hood days were rery happy odes. There have
been some sorrowful days since in that happy
heme. Lofe is made up of as many farexel.
 uate snostine and shade. Lord keep my meun
green, shall ever be uyy prayer; a 10 ! mas the
jears of my life passed ounder my pareatal ro nerer lade from my iswon; but ay my beart
ctioging to thee, ever t rin on tho ght W thy

## Maryselue Exp ess.

Tac ince in erate of
bibes the $r$ hest nuts

Mies Fortune's Opinion.
We give space to the following commanation
without a critical review of tho sulyect in queswithout a critical review of tho sulject in ques-
ion, or its tendency. He shall be ghal to have the renl name of the writer, and to hear from her again upon any subject as wo nerceive she can vield the pen well:
"In what contrast," says an exchange, "is the protest of Niss Stone, to the following remarks
on 'Woman's Sphere,' by Charles Diekens:"Tho aman's Sphere, by Charles Dickens: band's love, chitdren's adoration are sufficient; who applies ber military instinets to the discip-
line of her houschold, and whose legislaties exereiso themselves in making lawe for her nurse whose inteltect hins field enough for her in com-
munion with her husband, and whose heart asks mumion with her husband, and whose heart asks woman who or than his love and nemirition; tend to her loilet and docs not disdain to be henntiful; who believes in the virtuc of glossy hair and well fitting gowns, and who esehews rents and ravelled coge, slip,slup sloroee and aud
acious make ups ; a wonlan who speaks slow and does not speak muel.; who is patient and gentle and intellectual and industrious; who loves more than she reasons, and rarely argucs, but aljusts
with a sruile; such a woman is the wife we have all dreamed of once in our lipes and who is the nother we still worship in the backirard distance of the past; such a woman as this does more for woman's cause than all the sea captains, barris ters, judges and members of Parliament put toters, judges and members of Parliament put to
gether. God-for-given, and God-blessed, is she.
My dear Dickens! a very beautiful picture, ruly, and one that may be applied to the fiiir and fortunate; but it won't do for a general rule Just think of tho multitude of wives who ar redded to husbands (or rather house-banes.) that daily subject them to the vilest abuses. 'Think rou that they can adjust all with a smile? 'Thcy may ; but I can assure you it will be a sickly one hat will send its victim to a premature grave, and perehance leave a family of little one's to the cold charities of this heartless world. She had better have stormed like a very vixen, and have ived for her children.
Imagine a woman, of good sound intellect, wedded to an accomplished deceiver, with just brain enough to practice his art successfully: When, after marriage, the veil has been removed that deceived her, and she knows him as he iso you think that communion with such a min is field sufficient for her intellect? I think not; and jot there are thousands of just such cases nd what is her remedy-a divoree? No! ob, ! because that is lasting disgrace, or at least so

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worse and worse. Then what can sho do; where is lier remedy? Alas! she has none, so lung as his state of opinion exists. Lucy Stone and thers have been doing all they could to remedy this evil, and I. as a "oman, for one, honor them for it. I nuty wish I pussessed the talent
renuisite, I wontd spend the remainder of my forming ing duce to ny fellow beings. A man hat is unhappy: marrief, lias many recourses; he can luave fur some fureign place; hecarries the purse ; or he ean absent hmonsilf from torinent hear home, and it is all right in the eyes of people; or he can tho diroreed. It is no disgrace fur himhat is reserved for unfurtunate woman.

Yours respectfully,
Miss FURTUNE.
Tranerent Youso Men--Girls, beware of a stranper; recollect that ono mool steady farner bov or mechanic is worth alt the thoating trash in the warld; the allorements of a dandy ack, with a gold chsin almut his nerk, a walking tiek in his low, mive $^{\text {mine }}$ howest tailor's cont on his lack, and a braint as skull, can never make up the lo-s of a kind fath r's house, a groxl wother'a
connel, and the society of brothers and sisters; their sifections lavh, while that of $5 \mathrm{zch} 2, \mathrm{joing}$ man is last at the
Enansville Journal.

that contined them.

- Can 1 not draw from these a meaning note," sa

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

To advertisers.
I.v order that our patrons inay have some idea and abrowa and the bencfit whieh may bedeniven from advertising in our paper, te publish the fol lowing list as comprising most of the prineipal plaees in which our journal circulates, showing
how wetfill it is to those who wish their busiess willely known

 villc, Pu,inen Vullcy, Oaklund, Alameda, Uniol, city, Alvarddo ley; Kaight's Landing, Yolo county; Loo Angeles, Monterey, Sulem, O. T.; Orrgon City, O. T.: Portland, O. T.; Warhing Stutc, and to ncarly cvery Stute nud State Society in the Union In nddation to this is ent to many ol the principal cilics in Englaud, Scotlsid, Ireland, France nad Belgium.
Confectionaries. - Tariety is the spice n life:" So guy the monjority nf this world's people; and we find
o greut mass of the people love the good things of this life, and all tave a " "weet tootb." Comifections ure dceirable on land or
 and excell uree, snd for keeping upon long voynge-in all cli
nate:-uuequalled by ony manufactory in the wortd. We can houtcin New Yuk, in preforence tofll othere. See their card in another colunin
Tou many aets of courlesy, kindness and hospitality in our extended ronte through the great Valley of Napa, we return many thanks. We
ask the indulgence of our readers for many defeltcd artieles, and full reports of ranehes, orchards and fruit gardens till our next number, When we shall give details of mateh value-not forgettius the "Pie-Nie" at Suscol Rench. "Moonlinht in the Valley," "Lion Hunt," and a quanity of gnthered material ; and especially the "Irecherehe Supper" vin New Wonld, whieh hargs mound our memory still.

A Grizzly,-" Keep your distance sir." While on our tour up the valley' of Napa, we learned of a large Girizzly that had come down from the momatains on several oceasions, during the last meat " of the swine in the neighborhood of Napa City. C. Van Pelt, Esq., Mr. White, and one other person had several Hogs slatghtered by his Eruin Majesty. Efforts have been made to capture him. but thus far in vain.

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| Tbe mero fact that euch a di-cose is ever curable, nutested by auch unimpenchahle authority, should inspire hope, and reanimato failing courage in the heurt of every eufferer from this discase. |  |
| The remely which we offer han cured thousnnds. <br> WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, not only emanatea from a rejular plysacian, but has been well teeted in all |  |
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| ** Bo fure it is signed I. BUTTS on the Agenti for San Fraucieco, B. B. Tl |  |
| LITTI.E \& CO. Suld by all Drucrieta. |  |
| REP Peruvian Febrifnge.-The finmula for this preparation is the result of practical observatiou and oxperience for a number of yeara, iu the thentme ut and cure of Fever und Ague, and such bas been the unilorm sueeess in ita uee, that no eneo is known where this valunble remedy lailed to eure whentinely admini-tered. A timgle trint will afford elief, und a few doses convince the patient that he has lound the real "El Durado" of a permment cure for Fever and Arue and the various otber grades ol Fevers. |  |
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| Agent-HENRY JOHNSON \& CO., 146 Wn-flington strect, Ban Francieco. |  |
| (Rev. O. C. Wheenler, Pustor) will hohd Divino Service every 2abbath, at $101 / 2 \mathrm{~A}$. M., and $71 / 2 \mathrm{P}$. $\mathbf{~ 4}$., In "Tcmperance Hull," corner of $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{h}$ and J otrects. The public is respectiflly invited wo ntterd |  |
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|  the necessary voucherr, tu, the at my wrside nce on the "Burns ILanch," in Nu, Villiy. in the conuly ol Napha, within ten inontha frull tha durf, in: te forever hinreed. <br> Nof Conuty, Augurt [ut, 185.5. <br> vatrator. vit |  |
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## MISCELLANEOUS.



CALIFORNIA FARMER,






Opposition to Monopoly.
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BUSINESS CARDS.

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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
 ach pasty thinks he has eheated the otber wiugs, whose
the sunshine
he sunshine. Critic-A large log, that goes unchained, an
aris :lt everything he does not eomprehend. Relation-People who imagine th if you are poor.

- man wlou kills you to-day to sa ong from dying to morrorr. Edithr-A poor fellow, who every day
emit, ing his brain, in order that he may fill h Fear-The shador of hope. Friend-A person wbo will not assist jou b Grave-An ugly hole in the ground, whieh lovers and proets wish they were in, but take unConmon pains to keep otit of.
Heait-A rare article sometimes fonnd in hit1man being4. It is soon, howerer, destroyed by commerce with the world, or else beeomes fata
co its possessor. Howor-Shooting a friend whom fou love EW others whom you despise. Honsewifery-in aneient art, said to have been asimialle anong girls and rives; now entirely
of of tiee, or prictieed only by the lower ouders. Lawjer-A learned gentleman, who resenes Mo:lcs? - A beantiful flower that flourishes oniy in secret places.
My Detr-An exprent
My Dear-An expression said to be used by man and wife at the commeneenent of a quarrel. l'oitemtn-A man employed by the eorpora-
ton to slecp in engine houses at three dollars per nighs.
I'oitical
Honesty - Previous lexieographers have nut noticed this word, treating it, we prestime. intrege
selfinteres.
Public Abase-The mud with which every
iraseler is spattered on his road to divinction limal Felicity-Potatovs turnips distinction. Eer:aliality-A quality by which its posseser anpting to promote the bappioess of other profle loses his ow
zlate's Evidenee-A treteh who is pardoned or being baser than his eomrades.
'longue-A little horse whicb
Iongue-A little horse whicb is continually ruming array. Wealth- The most respectable quality of man. EvERYMBERE cndeavor to be useful, and everywhere yom are at home.




 Thin







 PRINCE'S PROTEAN FOUNTAIN PEN.

 Aud Cuitiondid.




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NEWV BOOKS




























## THE SURE ANCHOR Pres. Pres.




JAMES FRENCH \& CO., Publishers,





MEDICAL
IT IS A FLXED FACT, CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED:









 Consuruption of tha Lungs, Liver Complaints, Congh,
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We cuit pre













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WIstar'a Balaam of Wild Che



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Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.



## PERUVIAN FEBRIFUGE,

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MISCELLANEOUS.
TREADWELL \& C 0




San Francisco ahead of the World!
Ever on, on apace with tho Age and argest Light in the World: (over 500 feet Giass,) W PY flowid pery one ro to Vexcr's who wishe















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PRACTICAL HATHERS, 157 (PREMiOMH Hat Erunce)

 ThLiss \& Co's Whatrow


## (ineat Buryalita: Sellug of

 samurat. JELLY'S
Diamuads and Rioh Jowoiry,


THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.
derritory, and some diffeulty is like-
in the collection of taxes. The Asy to ensue in the collection of taxes. The As
sessor suggests that the summit of the Coast Range is the natural houndary betwcen the two counties, and urges the importance of
determination of some definite line.

## Grain Prospects Abroad.

The yield of Wheat this ycar. it is now pretty well estallished, will be a very large one. The
harvest is over in more than half the grain growharvest is over in more than half the grain grow-
ing distriets. It pronises to be equally good in where it is now actively going on. The heary Where it is now actively going on. The heary by a superabundant Potato crop, and with every
reasonahle prospect of an enormous yield of In dian Corn, at once suggests the question of prices Since referring to this point, a week or two ago,
we have bad sereral additional mails from EuWe have bad several additional mails from Eu-
rope, which represent the English crop reather rope, which represent the English crop weather
as much improved, and the Wheat erop itself well adranced for the season. The consequence
has beeu a regular decline or softening of the
Liverpool market for Breadstuffs. The first American staple to feel the influene pospects for the new crop in England is India Corn, which from fifty-four shillings the imperial
qnarter has fallen to forty shillings. But this last Corn was introduced into England and Ireland under Sir Robert Peel's policy, six years ago, thirty or thirty-two slillings the quarter of eight
bushels was deemed a very fair induccment to bushels was deemed a very fair induccment to equal to one dollar the bushel of sixty pound equal to one doliar tbe bushel of sixty pound
weight in Liverpool, and half this money was esteemed more than the average value of the article at Pbiladelphia, New York or New Or
leans. Flour has fallen, though not so rapidly from the same cause, to about forty slillings the
barrel; a point that would bave been deemed extravagantly dear twenty months ago,-or befor
the foreign demand for Breadstuffs in 1853 wa. the foreign demand for Breadstufts in 1853 wa
fairly established. Then the opinion was though sanguine which would venture to predict that the It would not be safe at this time to predict any particular course of prices on the other side hut we mention the foregoing incidents in the trade only a few years ago, in proof that a considerabh further decine may take place without either de stroying our foreign reliance for a market th coming season, or rendering it unccmunerativo to the farmer and miller, or to the speculative exporter who is to relieve then of their surplu:
stocks. Lower prices, comparcd with tho pres stocks. Lower prices, comparcd with tho pres
ent, is onc thing; but ruinously low they inay not be, even under an additional decline of cigh or ten shillin
Iudian Corn.
udian Corn
The crop
The crop weather in France is said, by celtain the subject, to look bright and promising. Suct was not the case carlier in the peasonsing. Suchet Frach Au heary field in France as well as England would have an important bearing upon the eapor
demand for Grain in our own demand for Grain in our own markits; but eve heen compelled to draw heavity upontrics baltic and Black sea markets. These supon the baltid in a great measure, cut off-and if the war con
tinues in the Last, it is reasonable to assume that the deficit will be made up from the Unite Statcs. $-N$. I. Times, Aug. 6 .

## The Toumameut.

We received a ferr days since an inquiry rela tive to the coming Festival. In answer to our correcpondent we state that some detail wil
be furnished in the next number of nal, and we now annex some additional prizes We are happy to anounce that there is a con stant and increasing interest in every department. A large Show and one that will do honor to the State may le expected.

Reader, will you be there?
SPECIAL PREMIUMS.

## A Grand Festival Tournament.

 The funds forcompetitor will b

han at apy prepious time cince the said to be lowe

## ©he Califonia fiamor.

SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1855.


The Califonsta Farmer in Bosfon, Mass.-Copies of the Caijorrria Farmer
State street, Boston.
A Wora fon the Californin Farmer.



## Who Volunteers?

That the Stato Exhibition should cmbrace very interest, and enroll as many of our citizens as possible in its favor, it is important that citizens in various sections should volunteer to call attention to the subject over the whole coast.
Every county should have voluntecrs. Oregon Every county should have volunteers. Oregon
and Washington territories should join us and bring hither specimens of their products and skill. Who will act for Oregon? who speaks for Washington Territory? and who in the lower counties lown the coast? Let no section be unrepre sented. There must be public spirited men every where, and we trust many will nobly come forward in so good a enuse.
Look to the subjects in this weck's issue. See the interest felt for the Ner York State Fair at Elmira. Let the same interest be felt at the cit of Sacramento-let the Harvest Dimner and Ball be a joyous season; let citizens from erery section of our State como up to this festival, as the pilgrins go up to Jerusalem, and, banishing for a time, politics, love of money, and minor matters, engage in this rational enjoyment; and let pro ducers, manufacturers, inchanics and artists an
come up, so that tho splendid capitol building may he filled.
There is nothing so important to science a competition. Every artist considers his own woik the very ne plus ullora of the age, and glories in his own great achievenents and seldoin dreams of being eclipsed. But a new light a ppears, a ew dawn hastens to reveal a still greater ad Fance than has been yet attained; and thus by the disa ppoint ment of one, thousulads rejoice. Let
an eanee win' a generous rivatry. We look to the olunteers to aid.
To Exmingors at Tue State Fair.-In reply to the inquiries of a correspondent: as to when contributions should be sent, aud for the informaHon of thove who may not yet be "posted," we pephish Article t, of the Rules and Regulation of the comiag Fair:
All Exhititors who intend to compete for the Preniunns of the Sociely, mast beconie inember of the same, and have thicir articles on the ground
and entered at the secretary's oflice, at or befor and entered at the secretary's oflice, at or before
o celoct on Monday evening, September 24 th aclock, on Monday evening, september 2 eth
without fail, so that they nity be arranged iu their respective departments, and in readiness for
xanumation by the Judges on Tuesday, at 10 ,
an

Exeose Errons.-We must ask our kind pa. trons to excuse the crrors that must of necessity occur in articles that appear during our absence We are called away a great portion of our time
now: iu preparations for the Fsir, and we are not able to give that close attention to proof we desire, and crrors in names, places and terms will
oceur. We have been absent orer the State for nearly two weeks, and shall be more or less till after the Fair, and hope our readers sill make all due allowance for irregularities till after the Exhibition is over.
Specialo-We call attention to the Letter of our Boston correspondent; matters of interest will be found on many subjects. Hereafier w shall have full reports in every department.
We must ask indulgence of our Eastern friznds; many of their advertisements we could not insert this number. And a mass of accunnulated
matter, even deferred from last number, must be deferred again-from Yuba, Napa, Sonoma, Suscol, \&c. Soure our kind lady correspondents must excuse till next week, when wo pronise a most interesting number.
Thanks-To Paeific Express Company, for prompt delivery of letters and paekages during
the week. Wo aro also under the week. Wo aro, also under olligations to
Wells, Fargo \& Co.'s Express, for attentions to us.
Rallboan at the State Fair,--Visitors at tho Fair will h
Railroad Cars.

The Agricultural Dinner and Ball. It has been proposed that during the Fcstival Week of the Fair, a Grand Agricultural Dinner and a Harrest Ball should be added to the other sources of enjoyment; and should the public evince a proper iuterest in the State Agricultural Fair and Cattle Show, and the 'Tournament, and there be sufficient demonstrations made, these additional pleasures will he offered.
The plan of tho Dinner, however, will be of a social and intellectual character. No gentleman other than iuvited guests, will be perinitted to come to the tables unless accompanied by a lady. In addition to the "good things of earth," speeches, song, sentiment and wit will gire a zest to appletite, so as to make it a "fenst of reason and a flow of soul."
The Dinner would occupy one evening, and the Ball another. At the latter, such arrangements will be made (should it take place) as will make it truly a "Harvest Home Ball," where an offering sliould be made to the Seasons-where Beauty and Grace should be welcomed to the Tennple of Flora and Pomona, and happy hearts revel in music of the harp.
We pray the God of the Seasons may be propitious, and parents and children look forward to a season of pure and innocent recreation and enjoyment.

## The Peach Orchard at Suscol

Some two weeks sinco we had the good fortune while pursuing our duties of investigations among tho beautiful spots which glad the face of our fair carth, to bc joined by a group of friends most congenial and most appropriate for such a duty as we wcre engared in, that of looking at and tasting the various specimens that our bounteous soil and climate yields.
While at Benicia and preparing for a visit to the eelebrated ranch of the Messrs. Thompson and Bro., the thought occurred that it would be much better to hare witnesses of some of these wonderful products, as pcople are very apt to say that we in California tell terrible stories about
the wonders of California. Be that as it may, resolving this timo to be sure, we had the honor to unite with a happy party. Some in saddle and sonne in carriages, a ride of sixteen miles brought us to Suscol, and reader we will not tell yon now how much fruit we saw-how magnificont, or how far beyonal the anticipations of all the party was this sptendid garden. It is our purpose nor univaled for "xeellenco and beauty; and to the Messrs. Thompson and Bro., and the sons, and to Mr. Putnam and lady, our party were indebten for an unexpected and wholly unanticipated amount of pleasure. We ean only say that after the repasts, all united in a hearty nssent to the following resolutions, passed by acclaniation. Our dutics relativo to the orehard, we shall communi cate iu another artiele
Resolved, That the entertainment presented to as this day, at tho fino ranch of the Messrs.
Thompson of Suscol, and tho interesting wisit through his splendid orehard ancel gardens, the luscious fruits gathered from the overloaded brancles, the bounteons and lunurions dinner
bither pirovided at a very brief notice, are all ovidences that the Messrs. Thompson are alike skilled for courteons hospitality and horticultural science and the undersigned feel it but an act of justice and courtesy to commend in the highest terins to
their friends a visit to this benutiful spot, confitheir friends a visit to this benutiful spot, confi-
dent hatt it is the fiuest fruit orchard in Calident tha.
fornia.

Mrs. Gov. Blelen and Daughter.
Mrs. Judee liastings, Benicia.
Miss Ana Bynne, San Francisco,
Miss Ana brnne, San Francisco
Miss Aba Male, Sacramento.
Capt. Jones and, lady, U. S. A., Benicia.
Lieut. Moras Doct. Triple
Doct. Itrapler, Surgeon,
Jin. EArton, Esq.,
Mr. Mlleer, of Tialejo.
The Editor of the Farme
Cornecten. - In the pedigreo of the famou Morgan stock of Horses, a line in the last para graph was transposed, and we now publish a

The progeny of Black Hawk in threo States Massachusetts, Yerinout and New Ilampshire, i as follows: One hundred that can bent 3 minute trenty-two that can beat 2.40; ten that are in side 2.35 ; two iuside 2.30 , and one that can beat
any horse in the world for $\$ 10,000$, wbicl is a public challenge.

Some LIonest Men Yet,-The Board of Ex aminers on tho floating dobt of San Francisco have made their report, rejecting 43 claims repre senting the enormous sum of $\$ 1,737,56588$;
whilo they had confirmed 338 claims, represent ing only the sum of $\$ 322,281$ 01. T'berc is some
hope for San Francisen yot.

Weekly Accounts of Fruits Exhibited
Foun baskets of Appiss, froin A. H. Myers, sq., Pionecr Nursery, at thameda.
These baskets contain 17 varieties, viz: No. I, ame lost; circumference of transverse dianeter, 9 I-4 inclies, No. 2, "Marden's Blush."(?) circumference of transverse dianeter, $8 \div-8$ inches. No. 3, name lost; circumference of transverse diameter, 9 inches. No. 4, "Jersey Sweeting," circumference of transverse diamcter, 8 I- $\pm$ inches. No. 5, "Yellorm Bough," (?) circumference of transverse diameter, 8 I-8 inches. No. 6, "Spitzblergen ;" circumference of transverse diameter, 71-2 inches; circumfercnce of longitudinal diameter 8 inehes. No. 7, "Sweet June;" circumference of transverse diameter, 73 -4 inches. No. 8 , "Peach Pound Swect ;"(?) circumference of transserso diameter, 83.4 inches. No. 9, "Sumner Queen;" circum ference of transverse diameter, 8 I- 4 inches. No. 10 , two fine spccimens, name lost. No. II, "Sireet Pearmain ;" (?) circumference of transverse diameter, 81.8 inches. No. I2, name lost ; circumference of transverse diameter, 9 I- 2 inches No. 13, "Baldwin ;"(?) grown on Maiden graft, No. 14, "Whito Juneating." No: 15, "Early Strawberry. No. 16, name lost. No. 17, name lost. No. 18, "Summer Golden Pippin" (3).
To make this report, was one of the most agreeable duties which has come under the provinco of your committce. These baskets contain the Lest and most extensive variety of Apples, which we have secn exhibited in Sacranento, and fully settles the problem that good Apples can be produced in our valleys, Eight of tbe largest weighed two pounds eight ounces. Your cominitteo find that the grower has in some way, permitted his lauels to become trans posed, and hence the fruit is incorrectly named.
From Dr. J. S. Curtis, Sacramento river, Samples of Sweet Potatoes, of most excellent quality. Samples of Peanuts, very large. Fine specimens of Early Whito Corn, and heads of the famous Bord Barley."
Tho Executive Committee paid a short visit to the Ranch of the Doctor, and were most kindly receised and entertained. The committee were pleased with the many im provements matc upon his rich and valuable grounds; a full report will appear at the proper time. Dr. Curtis is doing much to adpaneo tho general interest in Agrienlture and has an admirable spot for great results. Ifis Swect Potato and Peanut plantations were
 Puto," threc mative Peaches, White Freestones, of rery excellent quality, resembling the White Heath. We recommend their cultivation.
A. P. Smith, E.q., exhibited three baskets of superb Peacles, measuring fron 8 to $101-2$ inches in circunfereuce, and all of delicious quality, as the "tasting committce" ean rouch. Mr. Smith has been partieularly successful in exbibiting uperl specimens at the rooms always.
A basket of Peaches, also fron the Pomological Gardens of A. P. Sunitl, Esq., comprising six Cuw ord's Late,". viz: The largest measuring in circumference by its long diameter $03-4$ incland in circumference by the transserse diameter, 9 I- 2 inches. This fruit is almost unexam-
pled at this seison, and adds another examplo of the success of Pomological Scienco in this ralley, Weight of the six, threo pounds.
Four Scedling Free Stono Peaches, the largcst heasuring in circumference by its long diameter 3.4 inches, by its transverse diameter $81-2$ inches. Weight of the four, one pound fivo ounces.
Theso peaclies are remarkable for uniformity of Theso peaclies are remarkable for uniformity of size and richness of flavor.
We hope all fruit growers wili bccome interested in showing sanuples of their fruits and making themselres acquainted with each other For Fruit Comn grittec.
B. B. Brown.

Entorors Fanmen : In jour last issuc, we noticed a stricture on the measuronent of fruits, as reported by the Comunittee on that department. The Committee did not intend to give the diameter of any fruit, which they reported, but, merely designated whero the circumference was taken, and we venture to aver, that no oue thought
so except some oblique and distorted nenolal in stitution. The reports were hastily mund intended to be connceted for tho action of tho Society, to enablo the proper Cummittee to a ward tho appropriatr premiuns. What the Committeo intended to do, was, to givo the circumference of
tho longitudinal parallel, or longest diamcter, and also, of the transverse, or short diameter, of overy contribution of fruit, which might be displayed at the rooms of the Socioty, and worthy of such distinction. This modo of designation
and measurement, we pronounce cerrect, and si
nificant of what is intenuled to he conveyel.

## Our Boston Correspondence.

Stace my last to youn Ne have hady sume de lightul coul weather and refreshing tains, ant the elhange from the suffeenting heat has heen
hailed with joy and gludness. The thermometer in State strect, the last hot day, registered $101^{\circ}$ in the sliade.
The nasal weckly exhibitions of the Massaehusetts Horticultural Socicty hive been well attenkerl, and the shows of fruit and flowers hav picoters and carnations, the display was the hes of the season-the flowers wero rare and fragran after the refreshing rains. New scallings of the
delphinitun tribe were exhibited. The fist predelphinimm tribe were exhibited. The first pre was awarded to Evers \& loock, of Nonant Vale; the second of $\$ 4$ to Hovey \& Co. ; the thire of $\$ 3$ to IV. J. Underwood. The display of fruits was excellent-peaches, large and rare, making tho month water; grapes of erery variety. Mammoth currants and raspberries were exhihited in profusion, maling a most tempting appcarance.
The crops in every part of the country promise a most ahundant harvest. In Ealtimore large cargoes of new wheat are daily arriving, and prices are sensibly deelining. Vegctables alsu are abundant, and present a favorable change for the consumer.
The surplus wheat of Canada is estimated, ov home wants, at $12,000,000$ to $15,000,000$ bushels. In New York State a substantial decline took place in flour and grain, at the Corn Exchange. The glowing accounts from the growing crops
now being larvested, together with the absence now being loarvested, together with the absence
of any export demand, either for flour or wheat, of any export demand, either for flour or wheat
has disheartened the "bulls," who are manifest ing a desire to get out of stock as soon as possi hle, even at a decline. Nules liave been made as low as $\S 8$. New Sollthern wheat is coming in freely, and new wheat from the West may be ex pected in considerable quantities, Correspond-
ents from Michigan, Illinois and Ohio, state that ents from Michigan, Illinois and Ohio, state that
the yield will he the largest ever known. The harrest in the Genesset has just heen commenced, and the crops in that section will be immense. The 'frustees uf the Massachusetts Socicty' for Promoting Agrieulture, have offered a premium
of $\$ 600$ to the possessor of the mowing machine Which shall cut during the present season, with less than fifty acres of grass within the State: the machine to be worked by horse or ox power All other things being equal, the greatest num. ber of acres cut by any one machine would en title the competitor to the premium. Ever competitor must givo notice of his intention to eompete for the premium, and at the end of the
senson, or befure the 10th day of September next, furnish satisfactory proof of the number of acre elit hy the machine during the season. 'llio Trustees offer still another premium of $\$ 1,000$, to bo awarded in 1856 to the ruaker and extibitor ahove in full, that your readers may have an idea of the valne of the machine, and also to extend the notice far and wide.

Another meeting of merchants and besiness men has heen held at the Merchant's Exchange Keading Lioom, in reference to the proposed line of stemnships betwcen lboston and Lirerpool Ifis honor Mayor Smith warmly firwerel the en
ternrike, and made rematis whiel were recion terprise, and made remaks which were received
with repeated applause, and sid if we passed resolution that "we will have a line of steamer: to Liverpool, it would soon be actially running: Speeches were also mate by Fi, Hasket Derby Esq., and Col. Enoeh Train. The exchange was filled, and considerablo enthusiastu prevailed Nodels of the proposel pioncer steamship. to be called the "Cradle of Lilierty", and to cross the Atlantic in cight days, were on exhibition, with
statiatics to show the feasibility of the plan. I shall speak more in future of this renowned project, which is due
chants of Boston.
Cambridge is to hare tho first street railroad
into Benton. Tho road has been located on all into Bowton: Tho road has been located on all
the entire ronte, all the stock taken, and the contract uade. It is expected that the road will be in operation hy Norember, and the work is to be commenced at once. This will lead to other ros ls: foom itferent parts of Buston, and wo shall soon
be enabled to travel to all the adjacent towns by this most comfortable of all conrecanees, by hors Rugattak, hoat races de, are the crifer of the
day, and all our baat clubs are making liberal
prizes for the winners in trials of speed. The first gram! remetta of the senason. at Naltant, is to come ofl on the $2 f$ in inst, and the prizus are quite valmable. 'the first being a silver pitcher, value $\$ 100$; second, a silver cup, value $\$ 50$; third, a
spy-nlass, value, $\$ 2.5$. 'rlie norelty and exeite-py-nlass, ralue, \$2.5. The novelty and excite-
ment of the occasion will attract crowds of visitors Trom far amil ncar.
he entire property of tho Vermont Central 0 010 is Comprang, which hirs cost :ibout $\$ 9,000$, $1,040,000$
John Mitelnell having abandoned the editorial rofussion on account of his liealth, is now residng on his farm in linox county, Tennessee, having athopted the more genial one of an agriculturist Littell, Sons \& Company are soon to issue the rst mumber of a monathly publication tu be called Tlie l'anoramia of Life and Litcrature." Each nomber of the work will contain articles of lead ing interest, grave and earnest, popular, yet of value. To these will be added in abundance and varjety, tales, poetry, voyages, travels, \&c. The enterprising publishers promise a magazine that shall he better than mere amusement; a book that shall provide for the imagination as well as for the reason and memory. The work will
doubtless be very popular, and success attend
Ticknor \& Fiedsished at three dollars a year. Hicknor \& Fields announce a new Poem, hy Longfellow. It is understood to be a lengthy production, and the sulyect is an American one Among the list of new works in press, a more literary treat could not be chronicled, and it will be a pleasant bit of news to all.
All must have heard of the illness of the Hon. Abbott Lamrence. I am gratified to state that the symptoms of his complaint have become somewhat more favoralice. The most celebrated physicians are in constant attendance upon him, as the nature of the disease is such as to require frequent medical attention, both day and night. May his life be spared to lis aflicted family, as his death rould leave a woid which could never be filled.
In my next I shall give continued notes of the other matters too late for this. ther matters too late for this.

De Quincey.
To our Na pa Subscriaers.-We return many thanks to our patrons iu Napa, for the prompt and handsomo manner in whicls they responded to our risit ; their promptness speaks to their he pleasure to meet will find their bills at the tore of Messrs. James \& Co., Napa City, who are our authorized agents, and who will receive suhscriptions. Mr. Gilmore, at Napa Hotel, agent of Pacific Express, will also act for us, and we hope to hare the name of every farmer in that catiful county, We feel gratified in the know odge that the Caluforivia Farmer has a much larger circulation in that ralley than any other
paper in the State. Our sincero thanks for this, citul friends; and those who wish their business well known through all the eounties of tho State, we singgest our columns for their alvertisements.

Loss in Gratis.-While on our route through Luba county, we learned from the proprieters ol quantity of foul seed, mustard, elicat, chess and uixtures of oats and barles, is rery great this car; that in their process of winnowing in arler to gire their eustomers pure bour, they subtracted 3,200 prounds of foul matter in four days-and this weight was total lass-making The amonnt about $\leqslant 3$ per dar, or $\$ 5$ ecnts per barrel. This speaks well fur their desire to make goad tlour. Do all millers act thus $w$ isely ?
Tur. Pattbry Broom. - Messrs. Lask : Co ${ }_{7}$ of this eity: have presentel to the State Eociety"s liooms a Broom made from the material grown in Sacramento. and inanufactured in the city, and which for size of the brush, the quality and size of the broom, we do not think can be excelled, if it can be equalled, in the Cnited Siates We wrould incite all who desire to see a Broom whas is a Broom, to risit the Eocietr's Rooms on Fourth streeh and those who are purchasers to note the adrertisenent of Mesars. Lusk \& Co.
Tus Election on W ednesdar seems to hare
pawed off comparatively quiet. Returns have been receired from rarious portions of the State, sufficient it is thoughs 10 i sure th election of
Col. Juhncon. the cand date of the American parts fr forern r. by a farge maj rity; an lall outicers are doubtless elected by dec jod rasi ri- ties. The ret ras wil
some time to come yel

##  The undersignal wonld sulynit his Fruit 0

 Committec, and offer it for the premite Seciety present year.San Jose
Tor. Sce. State $A g$. Socicty
Dear Sir-I desire to offer my Farm. Nursery and Orchard, also my IIedgo, for the Premiums of tho State Society of the coming year and shonld be huppy to see the Committee at any
time. Respectfully,

The above notices should have appeared some recks siuce, but did not reach us for publication.
Iorticultumists' Mreifing at San Jose, The Fourth Anmal Meeting of the Gardencrs and friends of Morticulture at San,Jose, was held n Thursday, August 30. Not having received any regular report of the meeting, we extract the ollowing from the letter of a correspondent
The number present at the banquet was ahout sixty. A committee was appointed to draft rules or the formation of a Horticultural Society, and hat committee is to mect and report next Thursday (yesterday) evening, at the City IIall. We had a little Exhibition before dinner, of fruits, te., which were superior in size to those I see lescribed in your last paper."
A Splenain Brick Block.-Nearly opposite corners to the Western Hotel, Marysville, stands the U.S. Block, a massive three-story hnilding with solid foundations, iron rindow caps and coverings, and finished roof. The front of the huilding is of superior finished brick, equal to ny that ean he produced in the United States. The mason work of this hlock was done by Messrs. S. Fayne \& Co, who are the mamufacturers of theso fine finished brick. We fee pleased to call attention to the fact, because we need not any longer send to Philadelphia-w liave them of home manufacture, and we hav the assuranee from the manufacturers that specimens of their skill will be at the Fair at our .

Emery Brothers, Albany, - Business estab lished in 1846, by II. L. Emery, and since con tinued by him and his Brothers, Wm. B., II. D G. W., and A. I'. Emery; five brothers in all, and 11 practical and experienced makers, and ac quainted with their use of every implenent of agriculture, from the hand hoe to the most eom borse power.
Capital now inrested in real estato, upwards of 30,000 dollars. Capital invested in stock, ma chinery and personal property, 25,000 dollars besides the patent rights of all their patenter maehinery and implementa, all of which patent are the sole property of the present firm
Number of horse powers sold annually, of the improved endless chain rariety, and introluced togeller, ahout ten to twelve hundred sets; de pending upon good or poor crops. They go to every State and Territory of the Lnion, and al most every grain growing cnuntry in the world.
Value of implements of all kinds, sold annaalls in Allue of implements of all kinds, sold annaalls in Alliany. .N. Y.. in onsequenee of the untiring
exertions eommenced by them and continued to gether, with the universal success which lias al ways attended the intrometion of everything
they hare introfnced, amounts in aggregate to nearly hall a million of dollars,
The Messrs. Eimery are all The dessrs. Einery are all young m
elicst not orep thirt!-three years of age.
The Celtivation or Tritrles.- It has been suggested to the l'atent (Iffice, that measure should be taken to introduce the trufle into the mised states. This escilent, which in some res
pects resembles the ma-liroum, has been the fir pects resembles the mashrowm, has been the fir-
orite dish of epicures from time immemorial to orite dish of epicures from time immemorial to
the present day, and yet, stra ge to say, they the present day, and yel, stra ge to say, they hnowing how to raise them, and fewer stil pos-
seasing the proper hnowledge of preparing: cheun
for the table. The royal ealis of tonce for the table. Ther royal coolis of preparing them
the trufle improves all is too bes ;"" and hanpy - the irufte improves all is too hes ;" and hanpy
the cuisinier who can gire a laste of its dulicacy and flavor to each separate dish. A gay French writer sals: "When I cat truf
Ales 1 at onee think myse f tranaported wa nother world; for in-tankly mp spirst becomes mo re gar and more joyoos; my Liood courses my rens with an indescribable plew re; an agreeable r I-pin-
onsness seizes opun me, and my whole pirit is
ehanged loy the dinn.



Blarpero' Magnzinn for Augual was leid apon our table this
 Batile in Mexico," "Shecches in the Kans Indies," and "Tha
Newrompa," all finely iluatrated. The cograving are far abora the aremgr, and will amise and instruct. It will he romi witb plearurc, cven in the "dozdaye." Received in Berton, by Almon-Ne. 2 of Iturgmere' Blary Biookn for Youth. The enRraringa aro very allrinculve The atory is very lateroating, being the hibenry of a South Sea leland Boy, alRer his arrival in
Vew Yurk. It will prove quite amusiog to tue yourg folks. New Yurk. It will prove quikn amusiog
1FP. P. B. We have ju l recelved from G. P. Patoam \& Co., W. 10 Park Plare, Naw Yourk, Vol. I, of the Life of Gimrge Wobinglion, by Wabilngton 1 rving. Ruound benutfulty in Thte Lifr in to be publl hod in thmo rolumos, and will forua,


 D.




## Cireular.

Tas Executive Committee of the State Agrieultural Society, heg leave to say to the Agricul the Annual Fair approaches the necessity for in creased and energetic action th
hecomes, daily, more apparent. The officers of the Society are giving their time, attention and money to the furtherance of
the work, hut this will not suffice. Unless the the work, hut this will not suffice. Unless the
Farmers, Merchants, Lawrers, Iotel Keepers and Farmers, Merchants, Lawyers, Hotel Keepers and to our aid, subscribe and pay their memherships and give couutenanee to the irork, our approach-解 whot be what the resources of our state cal terest demands
The State has made commendable appropriations for premiums, and the Executive Committee
has published a schedule for the approaching Exhihition, and it is hoped that we may be place Orehards, Nurseries, Gardens, Vineyards, \&e.
A eomperisit and report upon every ease this department. Send in your propositions, that The statute under which we are organized liwits the terms of memhership to ten dollars. Any Gentleman or Lady sending us this small sum will hare suhject to his or her order a ce The question of the utility of the Fair depends very much upon the manner it is gotten up, and interest of a general character.
Persons holding certiticates of membership are, tions of the Society free of charge

By order of the Executive Committee, O. C. Wheeler, Rec. Sec.

## Agricultural Visiting Committee.

 the Stato Agricultural Society, held this dar,Gen. C. I. IIutehinson of Saeramento, Rev. A. If. Myers of Alaneda, Hoa. Sherman Day of Sinta Clara, IIon. W. W, Stow of Santa Cruz and Gen. exanination of Farms, Orchards, Vineyards, Nurseries, \&e., whieh may he entered for premisuch entry has expired, ret the Committee is instructed to receire propositions for such entry isit only tbose which may be withiu their range Special pains, however, will be taken to answer To every organized Countly A gricultural Society I am instructed by the Executive Committe of the State Agricultural Society, to ask the earand to ask of the Corresponding Secretary of earch such information of their several Societics as wil nake known to tho Kixecutive how mueh their
Counties will do to further the interests of the Exhibition - What products. What stock and what manufietures may le expected from their several comnties; and to solieit an active eo operation in
this great work. It is also very desirable that special delegations should be appointed to attend promoting and advancing all the great aud im portant interests involved.

He Secretaries or other offieers of each Count are particularly

Per order of Executive Committee.

## Corres. Sce. State Agricultural Society.

free transportation to the state fair. The Exeeutive Committee of the Californi State Agricultnral Society, take pleasure in an
neuncing to those interested, throughont th State, that thr California Steam Navigation Co Wells, Fargo \& Co., and the Pacitie Express Co. have liherally and gratuitously tendered the ser
vices of their respective eonveyanecs for tbe trans portation, to and from the approaching Fair, o such articles as may be designed for exlibition nying the same.
Every thing of like liberality from our citizens
in any portion of the State, will tent in any portion of the State, will tend to render the coming State Fair of greater interest, a
make it worthy of the State and her people.

By order of the Executire Committee.
Sacbamento, July 5th., i855.
Menterers to the State Suciety.-One of orsident. the plams to promote the usefulness of the Stat Society, is to aid them hy the value of member-
ship. anid this is one of the sure ways to prove your interest and your wish for its success. Gen-
tlemen who desire to give this eridence of wishen who desire to give this ean call nt the Rooms of the Society their Wislics, ean call nt the Rooms of the Society on
Fonrth street, between J and K , or address us, onclosing $\$ 10$ by mail. This amount entitles
them to all the privileres of and and "hi 'r inmediate families to an admittance to
the - 'ty's Exhihitions. We hope many will conic revard, voluntarily, wed enroll thems will

## Tijorticultural Alpuartmont.

Important to Friends of the Grape. (Tbe following translation having heen sent to us hy a kind correspondent at Mud Springs, we commend it to the perusal and-eareful ohserva-
ion of our cultivators of the Grape-should the tion of our cultivators of the Grape-should the
disease which is doing such injury in Europe, ever appear in California :)

Dr. Franz Vulkan, in Eppan, Tyrol, from the experienco that Parasites eannot continue to
ubist on animal suhstances, tried the fullowring subist on animal substanees, tried the fullo
-emedy a azainst the discases of the Grape:
Ho took two and a half pounds of common joiners' glue to sixteen gallons water, let it boil therein, entirely dissolre and cool, so as to make he mass not stagnant, and at the same time not 100 naterr, hut having the appearanee of lie.*
Into this solution the sick grapes were Into this solution the sick grapes were
dipped, and after forty-eight hours the berries showed the finest dark green shiniug color, like the healthy ones,
In the month of September they were fill grown
fruit.

To convince himself that it was just this remdy, which effected the desired result, he experimented on three grapes, langing on the same hunch, and immersed the first entirely, the sccond half, and the third not at all, in the liquid. The irst recovered completely, the second as far as it was dipped into tho liquid, the third remained
sick, after four weeks sprung up and fouled. On another rine-tree, the stem, leares aud grapos of which were in the highest degree infeeted, the produeed.
In places where whole tracts of vine had be-come- afficted with the discease, single grapes come- afficted with the disease, single grapes
were treated in the described manuer; these reeovered and gare the finest.fruit, while all the rest beceme the prey of the siekness. Perlaps sprinkling the potaro plants, when the disease appears, might havo the like good effect.
The application of this remedy causes rery rifling expense; being on a rineyard, which hrings 25,600 gallons, only six gulden (equal
ro $\$ 250$.) $\frac{\text { to } \$ 2}{}{ }^{-}$The liquid $m$

## New Trees and Plants.

The Agricultural Department of the Patent
 secds, fur cexperiment in this comntry, and many
valuable results may he expected to flow from valuable results may he exprected to flow from
these laudable efforts. A fer thousands of dullars annually appropriated in this way, will doubtless, in a few years, adrl inillions to the productire resources of tho nation. Within a fen wetks, we haro chronieled, says the N. E. Farmer varieties of marine grasses, the inoroceo dressers' immael, and three varieties of wheat, from Na plus and France. Wo have now to add sereral is tbe Cork Tree, which is highly interesting: " About a hogshead of neorns of the eork oak of Europe, for distribution in the widdlo south southern States, for expcriment, or to test their adaptation to soil and elimate. Huel is anticipa-
ted from their successfin introduction. Should portion of the present distributiou, by any untoward cireumstsnces, fail to answer expectation, supply for those who fecl an interest in growing this useful trec. It will be a subject of nation:al importanee, if the introduction prores silecess ful
Plantatious should lee establis Plantatious shonk loe estitity, so thatised on every favor wants of ithe colnntry may be fully. nict by the home supply. The tree grows rapidly, and at
tains a height of upwards of thirty feet. Indeed even in England, there are various specimens over fifty feet high, with a diameter of more than
three feet. Cork trees are muel esteemed i southem Europo, and land planted with them i considered tho most profitable of all that is imirri-
gated. They seem in general to prefer those logated. They seem in general to prefur those lo
calities where gneiss, sandstone, sclistose, and
ealcareous roeks ahound ealcareous roeks ahound. Tho substance so fa miliarly known to us as 'eork,' is the epidernnis
or outward hark, which sometimes attains a or outward hark, which sometimes attains a
thiekness of two or threo inehes. This is rarels taken off until tho tree has arrived at an age o fifteen or twenty years. This operation, which years, aceording to circumstanecs, is generally the sap is still active in the tree. Although eas to accomplish, some care is required to avoid injuring the real bark, the 'liber,' which lics under
the cork. $A$ eireular ineision is usually made the eork. $A$ eireular incision is usually made
around the foot of the tice, and another near the branches. longitudinal cuts are then made;
and, finally, by using the handle of a hatchet as a
wedge, the cork is detached from tho

The larger branches are trented in a similar
manner." A new variety of Turlish Flint Wheat has also been imported, according to the follorring paragraph:

> is There have heen receired at the Satent Offee one hundred hushels of Turkish tlint wheat, pro- cured by the United States dragoman at Constantimple, from the foot of Mount Olympus. Ahis
wheat has already been tested in Virginia and Margland, and has proved both hardy and produetive. It possesses in a remarkahle degree, the sample shown us, which was bionght to this country hy Captain Porter, of the navy. four years ago. We learn that the Sultan takes a
lively interest in the affairs of this conntry, and has intimated that there are other wheats in his dominions which would be highly desirable for our govermment to obtain. A plan bis lueen sug-
gested-which would undonutedly prove lighly advantageous to the agrienltural interests of this country - of importing large quantities of wheat
from the shores of the Mediterrancan and Black Seas, for supply ing our farmers with seed at about has been proposed that the store sight, \&c. I navy. which issually recurn from the Dediterranean in ballast, be freighted with secd whent pur-
ehased by government, and sold to amrieulturists at a nominal rate, on eondition that they shal
cultivate the same, and report the result to some proper authority, by whom the exeess of cost The thinterl to them.
The Pistachio Nul is another of these new comers, which, ne presume, even "San" himsel rould be glad to sco naturalized among us :
"This is an extremely interesting tree, no but because it is usefu! and produces agreeabl nuts. For the twofold reason, a quantity of them
has been imported from the southern part of Euhas been imported from the southern part of Eu-
rope, and willely distribnted throughout the middle and southern sections of the Union. In favorable situations, it will attain a height of fifteen or twenty fect, and frequently, while yet a mere
sliruh of five or six years' standing. will bear. Its brancles spead ont wilely without heing numerons, amp the trunk is corered with a grayish eol
ored bark. The infloresenee takes place about April or May. The male flowers, which apppear panicles, and are of a flowers put forth in elusters in the same manner As the P'istachio tree is diocious, it is neeessary to plant malo and feunale trees together, or they will not produce. The nuts are of an oval form of a redelish color, containing an oily kernel, of of Persin Syria, A rabia, and Bar inee is a native of Persin: Syria. Arabia. and Barbary, ant is sup
posed to have been introduced into Italy in the second century, by tho Emperor Vitellius, whenee
 positions it into England, wher, in sheltered posid of ordinary winters. The summers the
colt aro scareely warm enough to ripen its nuts. A1thourh severe frost is to be dreaded, it will liea the almond, and hence is hetter adapted to the elimate of our Middle States, whero it is thought, it could he cultivated with profit. The finest kinds are those known as the Aleppo and Tunis varie-jes-the former for its large size, the latter,
though smaller, for qualities whieh recommend it to Freneh confectioners, who curer the fruit with sugar and ehocolate, and flavor creams and iees
with it. The Sicilian Distaeluo nut is France in the prepartion of sansages and in seabeneticial for eoughs and colds. 1 t is fre and as eaten raw, but oftener in a dried state, like
almonds." almonds."
This is a
This is a good placo to mention an instance of individual enterprise in the same line. A gentle-
man on Long Island, aceording to the N. Y. Eveman on Long island, aceording to the N. Y. Ere
ning Post, has succeded in growing tho best dry berries in drills, having first soaked them in aslios and water for ari hour. When the plants were an inch above the surfiee, he struek a row of oak serags for them to climb on. Farored by and tho berries are nearly ready to bo gathered.

## Horticultural Exhibition-Boston

Behold the contrast! Wo copy the following as the report of the exhibition held at the Socie ty's IIall, August 4tli, and we notiee the last par ggraph says, "of the products of tho garden, ther were early squashes, potatoes, corn and cucum:
Early ! August 4th; $\pi \mathrm{c}$ would only make the contrast of tho seasons to request our readers to England, and enjoys a better supplied market for all theso produets, than probably any other in the United States, now excepting California. Her ur markets are supplied with the finest vegota bles nearly tho year round; no period when we do not have in the markets nearly all these produets daily, and fresh gathered- too-and nearly all thic root crops remain growing tho winter flowers, celery, etc, remain in the open ground and daily gathered tho year round; cucumbers
and squashes from January and Febrnary to Novemher, eorn and potatoes from Nay and June October and Novenher, freslo gathered.
We make these contrasts not in boasting, hut as the results of the seasons and good enltivation and to remind our people of the great privileges and hlessings we en
climate and country :

## IIo

Cural Exhibition to Exhabition.-The Ihorticnltural Exhibition to-day, though not so extensive The display of rerbenas, petunas, and phloses The display of verbenas, petunas, and phloses
was very grand, The collection of the last named flower we have seldom seen surpassed. In the fruit depirtinent there were fiue diaplays of grapes, blackljerries. elurrants, early apples and
pears. Mr. C. S. Ifolbrook, of Eist liandolph, exhibited four plates of most delicions looking peaelies, raised under glass. They were very su-
perior. J. Fisk Allen, of Saleın. also exlibited a plate of very fine peaches. Foreign fruits were represented by two splendial large pine apples,
from Messrs, Curtis \& Lincoln's Ilorticultural Exchange. Of the products of the garden there
(Front the N. Y. Cuurier
The Next State Fair
If "inone but the brave devervo" it, the bright being seleeted, thie first selection from the Southern 'Tier, as the place of the Farmer's Annual gathering. it is yet several months hefore the atfair occurs, hut even at this date, the inliahitants of Elmira are making industrious preparation, and with a liberality of view of their duty and tbeir true interest; which it would hare been wiso and well had larger comumities imitated These citizens realize that this Firir is to test the question whether tho Southen T'ier of Counties can sustain reputation for excellence in the culture of the earth.
Mr. Samuel Young, when Secretary of State,
nd while comhating the Erie Inilway, and while combating the Erie Linilway, was ac-
enstomed to allurle to this part of the State as past all houe of being anything but the companpast all hope of being any thing but the compan-
ion of John Brown's tract. It bore the offince, and suffered and was strong. The counties, onco provided with a great road to the markets of New York, rose rapidly, until from the hour the locomotive leaves Deposit till it reaches Dunkirk it is Tithin the shriek of the farmer's thouse, and the Harrest flome of tbat land is the ingathering of industry and prosperity. And all this will he demonstrated when tbe diys of October shall
witness the Annual Festival of those who delre witness the Annual Festival of those who delre
that mine of the earth whose wealth is never ex hausted.
There are, and this has sometimes in political rategy and legislative harangue, been douhted in the southern ier of counties a romg nation - citizensenongh if judiciously distrihnterl among erful array of new States, and eonfront the old,
and solid. anil ponderous commonwealths of the howerer diffusive their thinking andy opinion, as those that the millions of New York, or J'ennShese counties will consider this Fair council These counties will consider this Fair peoulially
thill throug from atl tho linc-the rich and luxuriant plains of Orange-the ralley of the Susquehama - the gertle river that ret roos Wyoming-and from the shores of Erio. One eonld searcely revise a concentration of moro arailablo traveling arrangements than are
linotted at Elmira. The Fric traverses fiom Mrelinotted at Elinira, The Fric traverses fiom Metropol!s to Lake-the Williamsport lhoad is a
rapid run to lhiladelphia and the South-the rapid run to Philadelphia and the South-the
great avenue of the Central is reached either by great avenue of the Central is reached either by
the Canandaigua Road, the which might any one desirc greatly to go over, were it for no otlser purpose than to weet that true hearted gentleman of intelligenco and courtesy and the new sehool to roam over that admirablo Village, or the Central may lle reached at Genera or Cajuga, by a sail orer Lakes, which as one of then refleets a
home, one not to find eulony in this artiele-and home, one not to find ellogy in this artiele-and $y$ et, in framing a pleasant wish for friends, it
tronld inelude a look into these emerald framed tronld inelude a look into these emerald framed
mirrors.
Tlie citizens of Elmira not only mean we shall The citizens of Elmira not only mean we shall
all come. but they also intend ree shall stay, Mr. Trler, Mr. Arnot, Mr. Benjamin, Uoll. stathaway, Mr. and others of the gentlennen of tho vienage, are now making hospitablo arrangements, and there will be all that generous purpose ean achievo to days of life.
Tho State Agricultural Society has at its head, as its Eresident during this year, Mr. Cheerer, a gentieman who has beol the society's firin and for tho State, possesses, **** the in maluable $t$ is fortunate in energetie friends. One of those Mr. Charles Morrell, is determined that Elmira slaall be fully, completely suecessful, and ho is of tho elass of men who aet in earnest, and work
and win. A Wonderful Cow.-A cow Lelonging to an about five wecks in since, and was supposed by tho owner to have been stolen. The mill had not ago romning for a long time, and when a week was discorered shut up in the tlune, and wasted alwost to in sladow, having remained there without anything to cat or drink for thirty days. and she is now rapidly recovering from tho effects

## etliscollann

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## The Rural Preacher

Solomon was a wise man, no doubt, for the whole world says so; wise beyond any other man who has yet lived, as is evidenced by the him, and handed down to us in the Book of Pro verbs; ant which are alike the best guide we ean
take, either for our prosperity in this world or take, either for our prosperity in this workd or
that which is to come. And now to our tert.

Why is it that we have so many foor farmers anong us? For the very reason, my friends, that they have so little means
to do wiih. Look at the way tho noor farmer starts in life. In the first place, he is a poor boy lle rorks out, after cighten years ohi, usually
for a poor farmer, tike what he himself is now Ile never learnt to do much as it should be don exeept to chop wood, and do chores, tho extent of too many farmer boys' education. Ho starts in life noor, of comrse, marries carly, and commenees
work in too many instances on a poor firm. If work in too many instances on a poor farm. Ie and fell of them-a poor team hat cannot hat sowing, and that but half harrowerl inf ello wouder talies too morep is the consequence. He unter done; the sear eomes round, and although he b labored hard, and lived not over well, and his wife perhaps in sickness, as well as in health, has
shared to ler full extent his labors, they are still poor at the end ot it
Nor does the succeeding year materially ehange
his cirrumstanees for the better. He never considered that farming, like any other kind of bus needs gnond implewuents, strong tenma the bey of aeeds gind implewents, strong teams. Whe bert poor man, has leen no part of his elucation. 'T until he can gather up enol gh to start fair on re preftrs the fate of his own honest porerty, an
 full equisn ent and more too, in most cases. Which e mag I receire from h/s, empleser. Thas in
this "free and iudupen lent" country, we hare an orerstoch ol pwor farmers, It you want the proof and products with nny other eivil zed land, and
are in the long-worn and once-exhausted soils o
Lurnpe. There, eapital is applied to hisbandry
So farmer pretends to works land withont a cash -o farmer pretends to woik land without a cas this is expended in teams, implements, manures, seeds. stoek, and labor. Thus he goes on fultseeds. stoek, and labor. Thus he goes on fult-
handed. 110 manures frecly, plows well and deep, sows seed enough, harrows it well in, cuts his erous in season, and gets plenty of them. Sueh
men make money in spite of high rents, poor men make money in
laws, tithes, and taxes.
lawf, tithes, and taxes.
Yet thero is a difficulty with our American farmers, who aro even foro-handed people. Maoy of them lave good farms, naturally, which would be still better if liey would work them properly Theso men hare inoncy in bank, railroad stock and bonds and mortgages at interest. Bat they risk on their crops. That would not do at all. Yet they ean send their boys to college, in more than half the cases to spoil them by creating a taste in their minds for professions, whieh they bave no talent for; or they ean offer to trade, and sink the capital which their fathers advance "tbem, and in a short time many of them becomo "poor gentlemen," (the very poorest sort of stuff I know) while the parent drudges at home, with a pareel of ignorant Irishmen or Dutchmen to do daughters, too, are off at boarding school, where they get high notions, and look for sweethearts among the shop and law elems of the village; among the shop and law elenks of the village
who, in the long run, they usually marry, and who, in he long run, they usually marry, and
set-up in life as "fine ladies" (a miserable sort o fine indeed) instead of getting a good sensible education, and becoming the wives of good thriving farmers, which should be their highest am bition.
Sometimes the "old gentleman" has the pleasure of paying a heary "indorsement" or two, to aid the speculations of his enterprising sons, or sons-iu-law, which may end in the sale of his farm, and the lurning off of himself and his woracainst the ills of peek a new bome, and battl at an age least fitted for it. Their "destruction" is now their "poverty," to a dead certainty-the is now lot of altogether too many indulgent, wrong-
hard judging parents. No, no, my friends; respeet
your ealling-consider it the most honorable your ealling-consider it the most honorable
"profession" on earth-study it, love it, and derote yourseres to it, and teach your soos and daughters to lovo it also. But if they will leavo the homestead to seek other pursuits, let them do it on their own hook, and you "keep the shot in
the locker," to help them at a future time when it will do them some cood, so that their destruetion shall not be your poverty:-E.xchange.

## A. Bit of Romance.

Five or six years ago, a rich Louisiana planter died leaving only one heir, a daughter, who was not quite seventeen yearsolld. She, together with her fortune, was placed in the hands of a guar-
dian, who was distantly related to the family. dian, who was distantly related to the family,
Iler fortune and her remarkable beauty, attraeted
 whose only wealth was his prof rssion, H. Lous bandsome person and fascinating manners won the
lady's affections: and without the knomledge of her guartian, they were prirately married.
Shortly afterwards they removed to sit, where they lived together for a time and a bright fortune secmed licfore them. At the expiration of a year, the lady havimg attained her najority: they returued to New. Urleans to elaim her for
tune and live in the splendid ohd fambily mansion, They were colllyy reecised by the occupant. who
deliberately infurmed then that the estate had passed into other hands. They at once applied racled furnatitios of, and going through the prothey were $k$ a pelniless, ant ollliged to a bandon
tho case. Jriemuless and dispinted, they returndiocase. liriciulless and di-pinited, they returnother hushands, triml to drown the remenbrance of his disappointment in the fatal cup. His wife entreated antll almonished in rain. A eeparation Was tho consequence; anll the husband became
more dissipated than evor. Hriren at last to desmore dissipatel than evtr. Uriren at last to desieration, the wife applied for a divorce, obtained iretched man to his senses; he abnad oned his former associates, returned to tho paths of rirtue $=$
I few months ago, the lady receivel a letter rom the son of her former guardian informing her of his father's death, of his inberitance of the estato, and of his deteruination to nuake f 11 restoration; ciosing $\$$ ith an appeal to her to forgive
his misquilled parent, and to come to Sew Urleans anul enjoy her fortune. She at once com. lied with the generous request; and all her in-

Nuw comes the strangest part of this most extraordinary affair. The young man oftered her his liand in marrage, and plead with all the earnest. all their chikl'sh atlachment. of his deep anguish when she lecame the wife of another. of the long years of his si ent sorrer. Al these rememprances came op before her mind, and gratisude riumphed orer the woman. She thanked huta, gave him her simple blesine; tid h that sh
hal lured but one and co-ld ner r $h$ an h-r


## permit her $t$ res rn to teconr L $F$ in rim lut in uasi erable, the $r$ man can

trunspired, effering himi a first rate situation, on eondition that he wonld come immediately. The letter was signed lyy the prineipal of a well-knom
firm, who was apprised of evely'y eireunstanee in the ease. As seon as tho letter came to hand, the He verjoyed recipient took passage for Now. Orlean the letter, and at once marle limselfignated showing his ercdentials. He was condneted to the resitence of the generons heir, where he was informed the writer of the Ietter waited to receive him. His name was announced, and he was conducted into an elegant parlor, and there alone, he met the woman whom he had negiceted and dis honored; the woman who had been foreed to A few days afterwould not quite gire him up. A few lays afterwards, the city newspapcrs anThe estate was restored to the la ful owners, the reconciled couple to the lawful owners, and adversity, are now living happily to ather. It is rood to turn sometimes from the carcs turmoils of polities, and contemplate human hure rising up from the depths of misery aur despair, casting aside selfishness, and renching that staodard of purity and happiness which so
few attain.-Cleveland Leader.

## 解udics² Elyartment.

1 Tive our Lady Correspondonts.-We sball be noot happy at all tinnes to receive communications upon every subject touching "home bleasings and comforts," the euhjects o Education, Domestic Cookery, and Housewifery in all ite departments; Esaays upou the inlluence of tbe Mother; Wife Daugbter and Sister. These all will be most acceptable, and
their puhlication teud to a more enlightened education upor such puhbication eud to a nore entightened education upon
thiters can indulge their such subjects. W,iters can indulge their own feclings either
in Poetry or Prose 11 is our desire and intention to occupy two or noore columns to tbe "Ladics Department," weekly, and we trust there are many vely able writers tbat only neen to let thcir light shine to be known and honored in this land
As our journal is intonded as a "Family Paper," we truas thie As our journal is iutended as a "Family Paper," we truat tbi $\xlongequal{=}$

## Letter from "Betty's" Uncle.

Mr. Martin sends his compliments to the the Editors of the Farmer. His neice is now at Monterey, where she weot to nurse a siek eousin of hers, some weeks ago. As she is now convalescent Botty is expected next week. Menntime as she has, it seems, been grining new friends, Mr. Martin can only say that his house shall always be open to every friend of his neiee's, wh is not only a good housewife, but equally good and good-looking; and whose simplieity of tast may ${ }^{\text {b }}$ be perceiverl from the following careless tines, which Mr. M. found in her roon the other

Mr. M. would bo glad to see Rural Tom 1 Squatier at Martinfiedd.

CVSPOMEEN ITTSIES.


## Church Edquetie.

Tas New lork Tribune, after statigg tha several of the
haso made it a ruce t at all seats uncocupied te
fore the reading of the second lesson sha a be fre fr strangers to occupry sals:

- This is very we 1 , is it there is another in provement in ithe ma r of initg people
churches whit in coull w th great pruly
adopted; we meal the pract now tirare

 error.
euston


## [For tha Californía Farmer.] SELF:CONGRATULATION-AN ACROSTIC WRITTE

E nougb of fame for me, and ladies' praiee,
$\mathbf{L}$ ord, let thy servant now depart in pence
In vin let critics now deride my laye,
Z oilus.like, their tongnes had better ceas,
A gainst the tide of fortune, and the wind,
B lown hy the breatb of beauty on miy sail,
E nvy may eneer, and laggards left bebind
a nvy may eneer, and laggards lef be
T ry to bear up, but this of no avail ;
He whoni the ladice love must needs prevail.
Hence then dull care I I'll dwell no more witb the
O ffepring of Hate, and sulky Nelancholy
Offapring of Hate, and sulky Melmucboly!
R ound my broud hrow let not tby nightahn
$N$ or menaer leaves than bays on thie green holly,
Entwincd. So sball I sweetly zing inmartal laye

A Goon Price.-The Evening Gazette gives the following: "A few months sineo a lady in this city, on her wedding day, received from a friend in New York a vary shabby looking pieture, with the wish that it might adorn her parlor. It was so, obscure that one would scarcely detect the outlines of the figures which it represented, but While there, an Englishman saw it, and offered
Whecont the giver was the fifty dollars for it, which offer was refneed by tho lady, on aecount of its being a gift. The Englishman urged his offer, and, calling upon the lady,
said he shonld regard it as a fasor if sho would
 Inrs, and tako the painting. Of course sho re
fused, when he inereased his lids pradually froin one humdred to one thousand, and finally asked one humberl to one thousand, and finally asked
her to set her own price, as it mas one of six paintings by Murillo-two of whieh were lestroy ed by firo, int three of which were in Furope. So certain is lie of this that he stands in readiness to pay as high as $\$ 10,000$ for the painting Quite a pretty sum for a young bride.
Extraorninary Cehe.- - fashionable lady of our city required the serrices of one of our firs prill certainly, and with a pretly good degreo of suceess. Meeting lier soon after in compant Galen inquired what had lieen the result of his enedicstion,-on the whole? "Excellent-excellent," replied she with greal gratitulo in her
roice, and with eyes that swam in tears; "cxeel voice, and with eyes that swam in cears; "excel-
lent iny dear doctor; why, now I can dance" till lent iny dear doctor; why, now I can dance till
liaf after three in the morning. and when I began your course I couldn't possibly dance later than three o clock, without being niterly exhao, ent
I shall recommend all my friends to your care."
To ofr Frient selatrea, raon Pike.- Bet ty's heart must be made of steel to resist such appeale. What glorious love letters they will be able to write earh other by and by, wh.n better acquanted- all in poetry"-poetry at breakfact, pmetry at dinner, poetry at suppar; in tac
the can live on poetry an 1 I re, for Sq uatte acknowledges be can live on love, haring no means of any accouve t. He does not forget in his P. S. however co remind B ity of the ten thons and. We anticipato an answer shorty from
$\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{tty}$. for him. for " $49^{\text {" }}$ and " B m Tom."




## Proobncoutre

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.
(i.) wing faom ovr eastern exchanges.

Greyrown Affain.-The New York that the sillierers by that bomband town lare arrived at Washington
claims before the Court of Clains nurd that those clains amount to about five mil

The Eastern Rallioan Drfalcation.-The Inve-tigating Committee of the Eistern Railroad
Courpalir are still nssiduonsly explering the labyintly of books, accounts nurpose. Up to Sat untler their control fiscovered no further wrong
virday. they had doing that has already been made pucic,
late ireasurer is constautly in attendance, and has thus far proved quite usefill to the Committee in nialing explanations, \&e.-Bost, Atlas.
leath of Father Lamson- - A correspondent Lamson, so well known to our citizens as a mono Miamias. He died at Shelbirlie Falls, at the resi-
dence of lis son, on the 20 th $J$ uly aged 79 , Il was many years a resident of Sterling, where he was an extensive manuficturcr of seythe-snaths, having himself invented the most approred one in ise, He there aecumulated considerable proper , and brought up a large family
huncli; but having adopted peeuliar wiers of igion, nud conccired that he had himself a call to preath amed teach a new doctrine. he event nally. namy jears been a sort of wanderer. He has cesided many years in this city, and although always harmless, has occnsionaily come under the ban of the law on aecount of lis idiossncrasics.
His innr white beard and white dress, and gencral patriarchial apptearance, have manked him a one of the elharacters of the city. The corres
pondent of the Itevald says: sonn: ablout one year ago, after a stay in Boston that time been very quiet and laborious, affording great consolation to lis famils.'
The Heated Term.- Theg have warm weather in In:slington as well as in Boston, for a fer diay: as our vencrable
We liave not scen an indivilual for tiro days who did not seem to be in a state of dissolution and "ere are ourselves so giren to "the metting
mood," that we must cither lay down our pen or run azay.
Crops in Moopa.-The llumboldt Times says will equal in yicld that of any portion of the Stat will equal in yicld that of any pyrtion of the Stat
or the world ; the farmers in that valley not having been troubled with smut or rust, Captain Suyder's crop will exceed five thousand buslelss, ion. Iis proximity to the mines will gire hinn the beniefit of the price of packing from this place, which is three attd a half cents in addition to it: ralue here. 'The yield of tho barley, ats and ficiaries.

A BIG APPLE.-The editor of the Petalumi Jounal was shown an apple grown by a Mr,
Cooper of that town, of the following dincensions: weipht. 13 1-2 ounces ounces; cireuufercnee $141-4$ inches.

TO ADVERTISERS
Is order that our patrons may have some ide: of the extent of our cireulation in this contetry and abroad, and the benefit which may be del i wed
from advertising in our paper, we publioh the folfow ing list as comprising most of the prinejpal places in which our journal circulates, slowing how ureful it is to those who wish their lusi-
ness widely known:



 Martivez, Unioutown, Humbhold Eny; Port Towneend, Oregon

 addition to this it is sent to many ol the prium
England, Scothnd, Irelnnd, F Fmnce und Belginm

## MARRIED




WISTAR'S BALSAA OF WILD CHRRRY, not only cm.

 LTrLE A. Cor
Sulu by ill Drug
LTVO Peravian Febrifage. - The firinula for this prepira-


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grades ol
Feverese

Agentr- HENRY JOHNSON \& CO.,
146 Washington street, San Franci
ENORMOUS SACRIFICE IN FURNITURE furiy days

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At sueh Low Prices as to Defy all Competition.
Our tuck conisista of
ROELWOOD MALLOCANY AND WALNUU SETS, FOR
 THIRTY THOUSAND CHATRS! Beldullig nind Bedstends of every Deseription.
To particularize nud llescribe our etock wonld require oud
nlf of a newspaper, but baviug
An $E$ nor mous St ock,
ond at the eame tine raying turuage on nucli of the we aro


GOLDEN GATE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.
TW CLOSED ov SUNDAY. RE
Late "Branch of Keyes \& Co.

Fall and Winter Clothing !











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| v4. |
| 10 |







- MARY ATKINs, Prinoipal.




ALBANY AGRICULTURAL WORKS, WAREHOUSEAND SEED STORE, No. 52 State Street, Albany, N. Y.
nore-nunod estubisbment boing the eole ournera and manuluc
EMERY'S PATEST IORSE POWER, \&C.,
[TP all arrancements with otier parties for their manufacture having expired

## EMERYBROTHERS




## Emery's Pateut Changeable Geered Railroad Horse Powers,



HORTICULTURAL, \&C. pritit nud onnannewtint Treese

## T"













 | $\substack{4 \\ \text { v.3.3m } \\ \hline}$ |
| :---: |

## lmportant to tho Dalrymen of Callforila.

 IORACE GUSILEE,
## FRESH BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS,



## AGRICULTURAL, \&:c.






 $\xrightarrow{\text { w. } 2}$ Challes Chapbelit.

## $\rightarrow$


 cht in air tiblth chace.






 Agricultaral nid liorticuleman Rmplencins:









## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER



THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## Jarietics

We may consider life as a fairy tale. in whiel
cery good action nust te rewarded by a risible crery u
wonler.

Ma, 1 want a sled. I do want a sled. Can' I have a sted, Ha?" "Certainly. my son; I sup. lose so. Ask your father." it don't like to ask
him. ma.: "1 hy, what nonsense. A.k himu." "Nio man- you ask hiun-you're known him the
Trie London papers speals of an invention which has just been submitted to the test by the
scienlific authoritios-a leather cement, so strong scien ific nuthoritics-a lea ther cement, so strong
aind aulliesive that boots and shoes are made with it, in which not a single stitch is sect or required,
and the process of mending is so simple that every man may be, if not his boot-maker, at least boot-mender
One of the Sun-rlowers.-The Placervilte Amenghertr, Upper Placerville, is a single sunforrer stalk ten feet high, surrounded by fortyfive branches, that, spreading to cvery side. covers On the main side stock are two hundred and thir ty-five heads in fall bloon. It is certainly $n$ pod
One day as Judge Parsons was jogring along log honse, dirty, smoky and miscrable. He stopped to contemplate the too erident porcerty of the Eecue, A poor, half-starved fellow, with uneombed hair and unshaven benrd, thrust his bead through a square, whinch served for a window, witb-'
Eay: Judge, I a an't as poor as you take me to be; for I don't orn this 'ere land!
Donariows.-Mr. II. G. Somerby, a passenger by the stcimer Asin, was the bearer of severa raluallfe donations from George Peabody. Esq., of
Londlon to the I'cabody Institutc at Dand London. to the I'cabody Institute at Danvers.
One of them was ihe canc which was used by Dr. One of them was the canc which was used by Dr
Fraikikn white in London, and another was a valune of antograph letters from Washington, Morris, Gen. Schuyler, Robert Livingston, John Quincy Adams, and other eminent Aniericans.
Dering the last rar, a Quaker mas on bonrd in Aincrican ship engaged in close combat with calmly until he sawn n stout Briton climbing un the resscl by a rope that was bung orectioard. Sizing a hatehet, the Quaker looked over the
side of the slipp and remarked: "Friend. if thee wants that piece of rope, thee may bare it! ! when
suiting the action to the word he cut off the rope, and down went the poor fellow to bis lone watery grave.
A loung Earmer- - A son of one of our mera taite for farming, has asked and oltained the loan of a riicce of land about an nere in extent.
and devotel the whole or hils umic Detween sclum,s to its cultivation. He has planted part of it uith
potatoes which are coming alond fincty ; set out potatoes, which are coming along finely; set out
cight tundred eatbage plants, and has a s aricty
of other remetablec all in a fonrishing condicion and has peremermed the whote of the tabor urion $i$
 stanp, we feel cerlain he pos.estes that ind instry
and energy' that will be stre to lead to sticcess in any basiness he may undertake in after gcars--
Näntuctiel Nirror.


BANIKERS.






 D:BEXEL SAYMFR \& CHURCH:











## 

Palaier. cook \& Co.,




## 


PILNCE'S PRUTEAN FOUNTAIN IEEN.










Virginia Manfactured Tobacco Agency,







## Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

 Conommption of the Lungs, Liver Oomplininte, OougheColds, Asthma, Bronohitis, Whooping Congh,
Influenze, \&o. Nany ol them anter cvery known remedy had falled to reach the
disense.


 Gumin med Cu
leetol n eure.



San Francisco ahead of the World Ever on, on apace with the Age and Times '? Largest Light in tbe World, (over 500 fect Glass. New Building, cor. Sacrammento and Montgomery errects,











 Force and Lifting Pnmp And Fire Engine Combined.




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## Chy Cualifonnia dantucr.

## SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1855.



 Sute etreet, Boston.

THE FESTIVAL TOURNAMENT.
Ladies desirous of competing for the prizes offered by the Agricultual Society, to Lady Equestrians, will apply to either member or the
undersigned Committee which has been selected for the approral of snch applications; and no lady will be permitted to contend for the pro posed prizes, without the approhation of said Conmitiees-to wit:


of the Executive Committee.

TBE proprietors of the Ferreane between Sacramento and Washington, hare very eenerously
tendered the free use of the same, to and fro, for the conveyance of stock, and necessary attend onts, designed for Exhibition at.the State Fair. Any artieles intended to be exhibited will also By order of the Execed fre of charg.
B or
By order of the Executive Committee.
C. I. IIUTCHINsox, Pres'
Delegate, etc, of the State Society.

AT a meeting of the Execulive Committee o the California State Agricultural Society held thi day. it was, on motiun of Mr. Warren,
Resulved. That J. 0 A. Wrerren ized Delegate of this Society in the Eastern States ized Delegate of this Society in the Eastern States.
to attend the Fairs and to solieit exchanges and reports of these various Societies, and to ask their
kind aid and co-operation in making our Society known. Donations for the Litrary, or contributions of any kind. througle the above source, will be thankfülly reccired.
Resolreet, That the thanks of this Society be transmitted to the Pennsylvania State Agricilltiral Society for their (First Anmal Rcport) Ihe-
port of the Transactions of their Societ for 1854 . port of the Transactions of their Society for 1854 .
Also, to Jonallian Thorne, Eso. of Thorndale. Also, to Jonathan Thorne, Esq.. of Chorndale.
(Duchess Co., N. Y..) fur colored plates of his celebrated slock - short-borned Bull "Grand Duke, "purchased in England, for 1.000 guineas;
and his short-horned Cow "Duchess,", purchased in England, for 600 guineas.
 Society in past jears.

SPECLAL PREMIGMS.
A Grand Festival Tournament.






- Gertificates and bagaes of Mempers. Tbose who desire to becone members of the Stute
Sociel y and to take part in the coming State Fair, all who are competitors, and all who desire to aid and forrard this enterprise, are invited to call or sendito the Society"s Rooms, and take thei ticket, and badges.' Ybis will enable the Esecu-
.tire ta airry on their work promptly. Momajerships, $\$ 10$; adinitting gentleman and lady members of his fanily to tbe exhibitions of the season. Tickets and badges now ready.
Our readers rill please see the new adyertiscments of Lle Alameda Nursery, Diseases of Forrls
Itins. Self-raking Reaper, and others, all important, ace of wbich we shall hereatcer speak.
"The Bread of Life,"
Trat bread is the "staff of life," has been too long an established fact to permit of a question
now, and when danger approaches this sensitive chord, the whole body domestic is affected. It is with this vier, feeling that every information we can impart, every aid we can offer, by which the citizens of our State may he fully apprised of the condition of this great staple, that we look
morements as of the highest importance.
California is destined to be a great Grain growing eountry, and she will need to know not markets and those of the great merts of our markets and those of the great marts of our
older States, bit of all Europe; for as ycars advance, means of communieation will be mueh more rapid, and we shall be competitors in every narket where the "Stars and Stripes" are known.
For these reasons, we shall endeavor to present For these reasons, we shall endition of our orn markets, our stocks on hand, and the present and prospective value of Grain-and we are making arrangennents to do this most effectually. Our exchuages, which are now ounerous, will ufford
us an opportunity unequalled, to do this, and the inereasing eommuniations we have from private sources,
We present this week the condition of the For eign markets. Our Liverpool dates aro to July 30, and those from Paris to July 20. These re ports are made, in part, up to June 30 , at
Liverpool, and June 20, at Paris. From these tables, estimates can be mado of tho amoun shipped weekly, and the amounts of the past year's shipment till be some guide for the deyear's she of the present; and however large the
mand crop may be East, by a reference to the tables of Grain imported into Great Britain, and the
sonrces whence received, it will be perceivel that in 1854, England received from Innssia and Prussia $1,179.781$ quarters. or $9,438,248$ bushels, nearIf len millions of Gushels of wheat. The same period of time England reecired from the United States 417,607 quarters, or $3.340,856$ bushels only.
In the present condition of Europe, we ask from In the present condition of Europe, we ask from and Irussia, to be received?
We place before our readers the opinions of the press there, as they prewail, yet we know large
orders for graio are in the American Market, from France, and the slipments are being made now, a all confidence, to Liverpool. The consumption of Breadstuffs br the armies in the Crimea inust be immense, and while the war presents the present prospect, that demand monnt Wernase. brings Liverpool dates to July 30 , with quota tions of Breadstuts, as follows: White wheat 11 s
Od. to I2s. 9d. per busliel, equal to $\$ 29+$ to $\$ 3$ 12; Ohio Flour 43 s . to 44 s . or $\$ 1075$ to 11 Corn 38s. to 38 s . 6d. per quarter, or equal to
$\$ 118$ to $\$ 120$ per bushel, and this too with a dull market. New York market reports of Ang 20 quoto Ner York and Western Flour withou change, Southern Flour $\$ 950$ per barrel, and Southern White Wheat $\$ 162$ to I 92 per bushel qual to nearly 3 1-2c. per pound.
These are some of the true phases of the Great Grain Markets that affect now and minst always affect the value of and demand for the Grain crop keep our readers advised of these matters, leaving them to act as they thiuk circumstances demand Our man object is to havo the Grain Groucer himself receive the benefil of his labor.
We annex the following important data, kindly forwarded to us in the circular of Messrs. Geo.
E. Pope \& Co., from which we extract. This prcsents our owu inarkets, and thus we have before our readers a general view of the "Staft
of Life": of Life":



$\qquad$
 available for Flouring purposes



Where shall the Next State Fair be Held? Tre most appropriate time to agitate this question is the present. and the hest time to decide i is during the coming Exhibition, when we can bave the voice, will and interest, of those who are to be affected, present at the gathering. It is customary to have the Annual Meeting of the Society holden during the Fair, and as the act of incoporation fixes that election, the question should now be presented to all who leel an inter cst in this important matter
It is to he hoped that large delegations will manifest an interest in tho matter, fur there but one way to decide the question. Wherever the greatest zeal for the causc of Agriculture is found-wherever the citizens manifest by their action the present rear, by bringing forward evidences of that interest and by their personal effurts making known by the most reliable proo
that the mass of the picople will receive the most bencfit, there will the Fair be held. We have heretofore spoken upon this subject, and we now call the attention of the eitizens of the variou localities that have been named to this matter-
they are interested in this natter, and deeply so they are interested in this matter, and deeply so
and if they desire that the State Fair of 1850 shall centre with them, then "actions will speak louder than words."
Tho exhibitions of the present year bid fair to be of more than usual extent, interest and splen dor. The benefits arising from such exhibition are being better appreciated and their influence fur good more widely felt, and it cannot be doubtthat It is of the highest moment that the ver best locality should be selected each year for our Exhibitions. The most eligible points whicb have beeu named for the Fair of '56, are, Marys ville, San Jose, Stockton, and Benicia. 'To eneb of these points there is communication by steansers ; each has advantages; each would strive for
ne prize. Marysvile 1 alreany in the tield by her memorial and her appointed dulegates, and sho is determined to win. San Jose, with be coming spirit and energy, is buckling on the armor, intending to come up well prepared with the produce of her Great Valley and contend fo the prize; she will pour out streams of argumen for her cause like to tbe continuous streains o her own ever-flowing Artesians. Stockton ha: not yet spoken, but it cannot be expected tha he will seo other cities outstrip her in the racu Stockton has mady advantages, and will most
nssuredly cone up to the Fairand by her skill nssuredly come up to the Fair and by her skil
and genjus make herself known. Benieia, thoo:ch "quiet now," may send from the ralleys near by voice that shall come thundering from lier ba eries and make leerself heard aud known.
We shall have acquitted ourself of duty if ir but awaken those most interested to theirs, in this great work, In an enterprise of this kind we harono local partialitics. "The greatest goorl of the greatest pussible number" is our object and aim, and we most sincerely trust the citizens of each point we have named will act carncstly and promptly. We would suggest that meetings be called in each of these localities, and proper committees and delegates oppointed to act upon all ruatters relative thereto. The finaal deeision of this questiod wiil be made at the Anoua Moeting of the Society, and every scction of the State should be fully represented then.
We cannot close this artiele withont ealling npon every local Agricultural Societs, crery city,
town, and village, to chuose special committees to oun, and vilhage, to chuose special commitees to
atten Fair and take active patt therein.
To Manufacturers.-The Manufacturers of California are incited to examine the List of Pre miums offered by the California State Agricul tural Soliety the present year. It is importan for them to know that sueh prizes are offered, and it must be of great utility to them and beneficial to the wbole Stato to exhibit their variou manufacturer will take an interest and send specimens to the coming stater of the for Lists of Prizes.

Weekly Accounts of Fruits Exhibited at the soclety's nuons.
September 8ra, the following fruits werc exhibited at the Rooms of the State Agriciltural Society io Sacramento, viz:
One ehampagne basket full. numbering about 100 , fron the Pomological Gardens of A. P. Smith, Esq,, comprising "Old Mixon Cling," and "Crawford's Late" (free stone). In order to ascertain the average, two were taken from the quantity promiscuously, and measured-No. 1, the largest, in eircumference by the transverso diameter, 10 inches; No. 2, in circumference, by the transverse diameter, 7 inches. Average weight of the one hundred, $71-2$ ounces. They met ready sale in the market, and brought the handome sunn of $\$ 48$. This indefatigable Pomological and Horticulturist deserves golden opinons, from all sorts of men.
-From the Garden of Charles L. Ingoldsbe, Esq., "Crescent Valley," near Coloma-Wine basket of Peaches, Clingstone, and measured as folows, viz: No. 1, the largest in circumference by the transverse diameter, 10 1-2 inches; No. 2, 10 inches; No. 3, 10 inclies; No. $4,95.8$ inches;
No.5, $91-2$ ineloes. Circumference of the lons diameter was not taken, inasmuch as it corresponded, alenost, with the transverse measurement. The fruit is of uniform size and remnarkable beauty, in shape, rather round, but, artistically ainted, a bcautiful red eolor towards tho sun, and on the opprosite side the harmony is still naintained, by the melting shade of the former. The flesh is light salmon culor, and the juice is ich and vinous. "Trees were set out in tho pring of 1853. The aboveare from their second fur this splendid contribution.
-Two seedling Clingstone Penches, trees grown from Chili pits, from the "Excelsior" Gardens and Nursery of Rev, O. C. Whecler, Sacramento Ieasurement of the largest, in circumfurence by the transverse dfameter $83-4$ inchcs. They are beautifully colored, red on the side next the sun, and on tho opposite side, yellowish green; flesh ery firm, rich, and sugary. These fine specihe proprictor.

Ono "Scarlet Nectarine," from the Garden of T. O. Selby, Esq.--freestone; mensure, in circumfrenee, by the transperse diameter $51-2$ itiches; fruit will improve by the next bearing season.
Fivo laskets of Strawberries from the Garden . Sanford, Esq., viz: One basket enntaining and uniform shape, but slightly elongated; color ed. One basket of "Burr's New Seedling" nedium size and uniform color, more elongated than the former, and lighter color. One basket of "Large Early Searlet," medium size and uniorm shape, color scarlet, and more elongated han either of the former. One basket of "Rival Indson"; uniform shape and medium size, color rimson, and conical shape. This is a landsome rray, of this delicions fruit, at this season of the ear, and speaks well for the grower.
One large Yellow Squash, from the garden of . Pillet, E.q., Sacramento-measure, in circumfarence, by the transrerse diameter 5 feet, aud The fire s
The fire specimens which your committee reort for publication this week, cannot be otherise than gratifying to cvery California producer, hat, the display is too small, considering the ability every where apparent to increase it. Send roud samples of your produrts, and they will be eported.
B. B. Brown,
Chim. Com. on Fruits.

Conmitree to Vistr fabms, Garoens, Nursemes. \&c.- We take pleasure in sueing the ces are at their present week several cummita committee erecting tho jens for the stock. prearing roons for the accommodation of the competitors at the Toormament and the gromed for their feats, a committee for the Hall, aml also sereral in the field traversing the several coun-
ties. We know the fullowing eentlemull are out ies. We know the fullowing gentlemuln are out
n duty: C. I. Hitebinson, Lann.. Hev. A. II. Myers and Gen. C.hhoon, upron Farras, \&c. ; Robt. Robinsum, A. P. Smith. and J. C. Davis, Esqs., for Stock, \&c.; and the Elitor of the Earmea sill mect the Agrieulturists and citizens of San Joso, and join other commitlees. thus carrying forward the work. 'the committees will visit Yolo county, passing on throngh Sonoma, Napa and
 farmers will be rendy to tako actire part annl prepare to unite and wake ready for the Fair. It is Saturday, at tho city of San Jose.

## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## Letter from Marysuilio Marsulux, sph lobh, 1ess

 DeAR Nis: Your favor of the 1eth nf last nionth duly received. for whinel, in tiehalf of uur Societydich accept many thanks. The seeds we shall enden our Society as will give them that earefnl attentio Which the olyect of the experiment demands.
An increasing interest is futh upon the subjec of Agriculture, and were it not for the all-absonb ing topie of politics engrossing the miurls anc hearts of the community. we should limil the wor progressing with a rapidity equal to the higl hopesw whave clerishchl. of gond in making up the mimels of our firmers to the sultiject of a scientific culture of the lanul; ; nuil the question is daily nskel, what shall we do $t$ make our crops vieth ns the reward of our habor,
Our next mecting, which is to be held at Yubn City. the third Monday of this month, will be one of great interest, and tre teel sure will tell we
for our youthful Suciety. You maar expect to se us handsomely represented at the Stnte Fair Some of our stock raicers intend to do us credij by showing some of the finest stock in the coun. urg. Our Houring inills will, some of them, senul
specinens of No. I California flour and corn meal specinens or anche of industry will be representet
Diferent hrancles by our citizens. and 1 trust will add something $t$ the at traction of the grand display

I will endeavor (so far as lays in nuy power.) to apprise you in senson, of any may ue presented or exhiestion.
In behalf of the Society, I remain yours, ic. Corres. Sec. of the Ynba and Sutter Ag. Society

## Agricultural Meeting.

$W_{\text {e copy }}$ tho following from the Marysville Express, and rejoice that so lively an interest i felt. We trust a large attendance will give addi tional strength to the work ;
An artjourned meeting of the Yuba and Sutter Agricuttural Society will be heeld at Brown's IIo-
tel, in Xuba City, on Monday. cvening next, the 17th inst. This being the last nieeting previous to the State Fair, it is importint that a general
attendance should be had. Agriculturists and citizons generally would do well to bear in inind, that at the last niecting three conmittees were appointed, namely: on Agriculture, Horticulture
and Stock. The editor of this paper is clairnan and Stock. The editor of this paper is clanirman
of tho Committee on Agriculturo, Gen. Allen of of tho Committee on Agriculuro, Gen. Alten or
the Ilerald, on IIorticulture, and Chas. II. Iledges, on Stock. These committees are expected to re-
port at the meeting on dlonday evening next, and port at lie neeting on alonday evenng next, and
to cnable them so to do, it will be necessary
 culture, we would most respectfully request ont
RIricultural friends to fortify us with all the inRgricultural friends to fortify us with all the in-
formation in their power previous to tho mceting. formation in their power previous to tho meeting so that wo slanll be enabled to furnis
that will be satisfactory to the society,
The fiet that it is contemplated to hold the The fuct that it is contemp, shoulla arouse our citizens to every excrtion in their poirer, in order to be well represented. Our county ranks ligh should take lier appropriato position, which she will hot fail to do if tho proper energy is usel.
We shatll hope to henr from our friends upon the important subject under contenplation.
to our Corresponoents, Reaoers and Fnienas,- Wo are obliged to prisent in this week's issue the fill lists of preniunns amt other
calls for the coming Fair, which are of so much importance, that we aro compelled still to keep back articles that have leen unapoidably defirred before. We have on file, letters just received from the Const Range, by Dr. C. Fs. Minslow, which
with ho read with decp interst; MSs. fom Miss Fortune, from Alice, and from Eastern corresponitents, of much interest, and shall endeator th put then in print as fast as possible. We hars
in our nortfolio many skecteles of firmis, carclens in our portiotio nany stectices of sirms, garren
nurseries, orelinrds fine stock, se., all to appear soon. Our gooll friends at Napsa, and the fine nur sown. Oor goor friend at Jase hat we ghaneed a
series and gardens at San Jove the series sudk suml shall again risit this week, will all
last weel be duly remembered amd reeorded. Ne would
call attemtion to the premiuus and notices of the Stato Faras the one great thing now in vier. Ereryborly must come and see it. Wee ask atto the article on the Apple Tree Borer and Eunblight, by Df. strentzel, an experienced hand Whare shall the next State Fair be i and other
matters. We shall endeator to makcour jo rna an important docuurent to forward to the East giving everything in fu 1 .
Ws return thanks o Mr. J. Bithe 1 , Bookstore
So. 11 J street, for a liberal supply of Eastern papers pictorials, \&ce, reoeved by the steame?
(ioll n . f . Papers from all parts of the States as nel as f re ga, mal the oble ed at the s-re Nr. B thell, whib is ell wortby of a visic.

The Quixtay Rancit. Mabysville. - While fine Ranch, sitnated upon the banks of tho Yubs fine Ranch, sitmatel upon the banks of tho Yubs.
The principal portion of it is annally orerflowed and a rich deposit of several inches is left upon the land, thus enriching it and preparing it for he most husurimh crops. It will bo recollected hat recently superior Molons were exhibited at the Suciety's rooms from this ranch; also Peache of extraordinary heantr, anll other fine products While at this place, wo moticed a very luxuriant and beautiful hedge, around a portion of the garden. nf the Pomegranate (Pome Grenada), then full of its rich scarlet fowers and green fruit (July), and we were then convinced that this lus. cious fruit slirub would be one of the finest herge plants in this country. We saw many fine and curious regetables, and plants and fruits, for which the proprictors are celebrated, rarely cul jvating anght but new and rare varieties. The "Carne de perro," of whirh we were speaking (the Pomegranate) grows in South America so abundantly that it is very difficult to destroy. This induces us to recommend it as a hedge plant. Its rich foliage, crimson flowers and luscious fruit nke it altogether beantiful. Capt. Piunix, under whose eyes everything proxpers :o well, slowed us the new Japan Beal, which has since been sent to the Society's Room's and is now on cx-
hibition-the pods often being two and a-half to tive feet long. The new Evergreen Corn; a mos valuable variety, and several new. Melons and lusscious Peaches were all of high character. Upon this rauch we saw large fields of the "Alfalfa," or Peruvian Clover (trifolium Peravianum), and there upon the lands surrounding, we saw tields of greell clover, looking and yielding well. We time. From this place we ainticipate muchat the Fair.
or Exhibition at rine Fain.-We are most happy to announce that already the tate Suciety have received notice and entrics of large number of the very finest animals of epery class, that will be preserit to compete for the Annual Show on the 25 th inst. Notices lave reached he Secretary's Offico, from.Sutter, Butte, Yuba nd Upper Sacramento, from Yolo county and Caehe Creek, from Napa, Sonoma, Solano, Marin Alanneda, San Joso and San Francisco counties and from many sections in each. The boasted specimens of each county will come. Wie have
 we havo received a notice of the famed" General 'raylor," now entered as a competitor. This aplendid animal trotted orer the Pioneer Cousse, ast year, in 2.46, for a purse which he ensily won, and the owner then offered a challengo of a high character, but found no ruatch. We learn that lie same challenge is open still, and this will give all who have tast horsess a chance to text their peed and bottom. We are adrined that the Gencral lay lor stamls unsurpassed for beauty and speed; but this question will madonbtedly be setthed at the Fair. I'ersons who have fine sock fur
sole, or exhibition only, will do well to have'it sule. or ex
present.
Hine Press. - We wond express the pleasare efeel in seeing the la didable miterest the l'resa taking to make known through their colunns tho coung Stite Fair. We shall endeavor to
make record of erery fuper in the State that evince a generons intelent in thiv grent enterprise. We have muticesl lately hampome el toriahs in the Goklen Fra, Evenung Juman, Clhrmacie, Citizen, and Ala, Ean Franciscu-the 11 rald a al Exyr:ss Marysville-the L'nion, State Juernal, an 1 1'ribune, of thiscity, have man fivte a lisely interent, an interest mo-t crealitahle to them a do we $m$ th made. or may matie nutions, "il lase the hintmons to send ins marked coyies, we tha t be much
 Cranaries ate Treasurilas.- Wous a year since we -puike of a large (iranar! that "a* crect ing at Napo C'ty and the ra' e it wowd be to
the grain grouers of tl at eect on. We sut-1
 fits it lias this e ferrel. T is b $d_{1}=m a s$ ercoted by Mewri Kit go d Lan ey a ad |rot $=1$ a good iucun ela-t ! ear I l e en. av wel shercre credit upantre buil ler. taraicrs a wayation
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## Our Boaton Correspondance. Letrifa No. 3.

 3.Boston, July 2t, 1855.

Enitons Farmer: The accounts from all part Enitons Farmer: The accounts fromall parts
of the country in regard to the crops, aro very promising, and it is a cause for general rejoicing as it will have a most beneficial effect upon al branches of business. Never for years has there been such enormous prices paid for all kinds of rovisions, as the year past; and now the tid this fall.
The potato crop in New York Slate will be greater than every before. One large grower says that potatoes will sell in the city at 25 ct . a bushel, this fall. In Jefferson county, one farmer has 70 acres growing finely. IIc does no expect they will be over 12 or 16 cents a bushel In Chicago and through the State of Illinois the large fields of potatocs are noticeablo, and promis a great yield. Farmers can afford to fced their pigs upon potatoes this year, they will be so lon and plenty.
Flour foll 37 cents last week at Baltimore, and wheat 75 cents. New flour has cone to market, and the receipts of wheat are very heavy. At Philadelphia wheat declined 70 cents a bushe cansing almost a panic. Flour commands scarcel $\$ 7$ at Cincinnati, and new wheat brings but $\$ 120$
Until within a dozen jears, large establish ents for the grinding of wheat into flour, hare been $\pi$ novelty in this section of country, When the first establisliment of the kind was started in this city, much doubt was expressed as to the probabilty of its success, without the water power so conimon at the West. The doubt has cen satisfactory settled, and wheat ground here now finds a market over the whole world. Other mills have been started iu various parts of the country, and with good success. Certain public spirited citizens of Newburyport have been contcmulating the starting of a mill in that city. a good locatlon has been obtained near deep water with necessary buildings, and plenty of fresh water, at small expense; and there is no reaso why the project should not result in greatbenefit to all. Onc half of the capital has already been subscribed, and the remainder can soon be obtaiucd. Some of the first names are meutioned as engaged in the enterprise.
Correspondence from Cincinnati states that there is not a single failure among the grains or
 gal of fruits and vego ables. The meadowa and lover tields are rich with sweet grass and laxiriant blossoms, and the potato patches are mines of fuod. The corn orertops the fences, oats are ready for the harvester, and the thick shochs standing in the wheat flekle, slow the fatness of the land. The harns are groaning uuder the weight. The farmers will be rich with the proceeds of their great harvest. Their pockets witl be fill of the necuful, while their produce goes to the mills and to the cities, thus adding hundreds of millions to the wealth of the conntry. Surely the good fimes are coluing at lash.
lil Charleston. S. U, the markets present the unusual fature of a large foreign exportation o wheat; one single house haring receivel notice of consignments to the aminutit of ant, uth bushels The exports have beell for the jast mostly t horthern porta, but now arran eruents bave been efiucted for shipments to E. rrupe, when the supe rior quality of southern gran will make it a avoric.
The manaecrs of the American Institnte i Sew York hare secured the C'rystal Palsec in Wich they will hol if rith Annual Far i Uetuler. This +py wh it ng milaff mi n
in alfivi is it arra - nt and d spla. $f$ the rar aspec -in $2 r^{\circ}$, a I the pr oc tions of nature. Sesm pmuer will be privil
to jut in aptra in tac inery of all deceription
 ever!esert n int ir, wer for the areo in -a Loll of sixi ars inl fors b arrangeme $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{wl}$ ecure thegrcat e is fit eex thon.
The lierary int - un be f


this again, as it is to be one of the most valuable books ever published.
The "Wintclınan," just published by II. Long Brother. New York, is having a very extensive ale, and is warmly commended by critics geneally.
Of
Of the announcements for Autumn, the most romising are those of Redfictif of New York, who xhibits his usual tact in selecting both origina rorks and reprints. Ainong them are the fol lowing, to which I would briefly refer: "Inabits and Men," by Doran, in one rol., $12 w o ;$ 'Table Fruits," by the same author; the "Quectis of Engand, of tho house of IIanover," by the same These all have the elements of popularity, and are novel and suggestive
The new rolume of Maginn's Miscellanies will helude his famous Shakespeare Papers, with the Homeric Ballads and other translations. Dr Mackenzio is also engaged upon a portly voluma to be called "The Puets and Poetry of Ireland," with beautiful engravincs. It will contain mennairs of the Irish poets, with specinens of their Wrorks.
In a style uniform with his Romances of the Revolution, Redfield will also bring out "Simms" Border Romances of the South." including Guy River, Richard Ifurdis, Border Beagles, Charlemont, Beauchampe, and Confession, or the Blind Ifeart. Tiro more romances of the revolutionary eries will also be brought out this antumn,
J. C. Derby, of New York, is about to issue red. S. Cozzens' "Sparrowgrass Papers," Which, under the title of "Living in the Country," have attracted so much attention, and been copied throughout the Union by the press so generally. It will form ooe elegant 12 mo . volume, and will be a capital book. Also, "Tho Ilidden ['ath," ness novel, by the popular authoress of "Alone." This is a work which will be hailed rith pleasure, and will be eagerly looked for until its publication. "The Widow Bedott $\mathrm{P}_{3}$ pers," containing the experience of Aunt Maguire, ellited by Alice Neal; with eight humorous il-lustrations-a rare and spicy book. Thase works re soon to be published, with others, which will bo spokien of in my next, and the reading-loving portion of the community must be on the look-out.
Messrs. John P. Jemett \& Co. Announco \& nerv teries." It is from the pen of President Malian, of the Oberlin Institute, Ohio: a genteman dis-
This great work is expected to stir the veaters to a. foam, hoth here and in Europe, and is to bo published on Munday, August 6 .
I send you the above announcements of Books, for the allumn of 1855 , by the apirited publishers of New York, as there are many who will be glat to see what is coming in the way of intellectual reat, and to gire them an opportunity to send for What they desire in season. I shall give yun in ny next, further announcenents, as this fall promines to be a brilliant season fur the publish. ers, the splendid harvest haring harl a inant beneticial effect upon traile, and many valuable books. will make their appearance.
The Masachuset. Horticultural Socinty hare wenred the Boaton Misic Itall for the next annoal extibition of fruits, flowers, flural 13sarations and regetables, which will open on T acmay, the IEth of $\$ p$ t. It ia a superb liall fue the disTlay of the rirh products of field and promen. a $d$ the exhithition will undoubtelly be ono of the best erer given by this pi eel ance ely:
Hy next letter will contain later new of tho ryps if th the South and if -t , frees oue omen C . sespondent. - Ulergev.

Tharxs-10 Nem r. Wel Farz \& C : Ex prese, throug the r prompt anl at or is a part-laize, in the prompt of ir $n$ if tere wackages and papers, over hnes in thil she adod ratersfrmteE
The po ite mea is of the Boe foc Frries (7) pany bare a la l us undiro ic iy




THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL
FAIR
Cattle Show and Industrial Exhibition, of tae
ALIFORNIA
State dgricnltural Societu,
Sacramento City, Sept. 25, 26, 27, and 28.

## PREMUMIS OFRERED FOR 1855.

The following section from the Aet of Inearporation, by the Legislature, is the basis for the premiums announced below:


MANUFACTUNES, AND HOME 1NDUSTRY.
All eompetitors in thi depnrtmeot must deposito with


Farms, vineyarns, orchards, etc. Cormetitors for premiums in tbis departpatent are requested
to give inmmediate notice of their intention, to the President or Corresponding Seerclary, that the eornmittee may visit aud
examine at the mot favorable time. No fueh notice will be
expected to elaim the attention of the evin

 gralis.



Discretionary premiums will be awarded by
tho Society on articles or anjmals whieh they tho society on articles or anjmals which they
shall deem highly meritorious, althongh they may shall deem highly meritorious, although
not be named in the list of premiums.
Eaeh Committee is authorized to recommend speeial premiums upon objects that properly belong to the elass assigned to them. properly beThe managers of the Soeiety will he present during the Fair to give direetions to all who may wish to enter animals or any articles for prewium
or exhibition, and forage will be furnished gratis for all animals entered for premimns.
The Society earnestly desire to be informed, at the carliest possible moment, how far the different Farmers in the State ean co-operate in this undertaking, and what specimens they intend to exhibit-so that suitable provision may be made
for their contributions. All communientions
promptly responded to and all information will be promptly responded to, and all information cheer-
fully rentered. The annouticement of the awards, together with
appopriate exereises, will take place on the last approp the Fair.
Address the President or the Corresponding Sceretary, at Saceamento.

Rules and Regulations of the Fair. tilial Soeiety will be furnished with a badre membership. upon payment of the memhership fee of $\$ 10$, and will be required to wear the same during the Fair. This badge will admit the ladies of his family and ehildren under 15 years of arye. alone will be admitted on Thesday, the day for examination and a wards by the judges. All competitors are expeeted to be present. The public will be admitterl on and after Wednesday: at 10 and Servants, filty cents. Clergymen, Editors and Pupils of Cliaritable Institutions admitted free.

Agricultural Socicties and fnstitutions from other States, are invited to send Delegates. Sueh eard 4. All Exhibitors who intend to compete for
the Premiums of the Society, nust become memthe Premiums of the Society, nust become nemground and ame, and have therr artiels osice. in Reeeption Hall, at or hefore 5 o'eloek on Monday evening, Sept. -tth, without fail, so that they may be arranged in their respective departments, and in readiness for examination by tho Judges on Tuesday, at 10, A. m .
5. The regulations strictly observed by of the Society must be strictly observed by exhibitors, otherwise the
Soejety will not be responsihle for the onission
or ant artuctu or aumen rules.
6. No article or animal entered for a premium ean be removed or taken away withont special permission, beforo the elose of the Exhhition. No premiuin will he paid on artieles or animals renioved in wolation of this rule
hition, must lave eards attached with for exhihition, must have eards attached with the numbor
as entered at the Secretary's Oflice ; and exhibitors iu all cases must obtain their eards previons to placing their articles or animals on the Fair grounds.
S. Those who wish to offer animals or artieles of sale during the liair, must notify the
9. The Executive Comuitice will use every preeaution in their power for the safe preservation
of all articles and stock on exhibition. Exhihitors unust give attention to their artieles or animals during the rair, and at the close of the Exhibition attend to their removal.
10. The Awnrding Committces or Judges seleeted for the next Fair, are earnestly requested
to report themselves to the Chairman of the to report themselves to the Chairman of the Ex-
ceutive Committec at Society's Rooms, on 'Iuesday morning. the 24th of September.
11. In no ease can the Judges award special or diseretionary premiums; hut will commend to the Executire Compnittce any artieles in their elass Which they may deen worthy of speeial notiec and for whiel in premium has not been offered.
12. The Judges on animals, will have regard to the syinmetry, early maturing, thorough breeding, and eharactenisties of the breeds whieb they judge. They will make proper allowances for the all ${ }^{\circ}$ in the brecding classes and will tot cive cuatly in the bredding elasses, and
coirragement to over-fed animals,
13. No stoek of inferiur quality will be adinitted within the grounds; a com inittce will be appointed to rule out all below a medium grade.
14. Animals to whom preminms have been
ararded, must be paraded around the track, that risitors luay see the prize animals.
15. No person will be allowed to interfere with heir Judges during their adjudications.
16. The several Superintendiug
16. The several Superintendiug Committees will give partieular direetion to all articles- in their departnients, and see that all are arranged in the best order possise in their exantination.
the libors of the Judges in the litiors of the Superintendents will attend each set Judges in their respective departments and point out the different artielos of animals to be examined; will attach prize cards to the artieles, or thags to tho suceessfinl unimals after the Judges' reports havo heen mado up and delivered to the 18. Thairman of tho Exeeutivo Coinmittee.
animals or articles in their opinion not worthy though there be no competition.
Society at previous exhibitions wremiums of the to compete for prizes a a a in in the arme class. 20. The Chief Marshall. with effieient nids, w-ill he in attendance during the hours of exhibition to keep proper order.

- 21. No exhibitor will he permitted to enter more than one animal in each of tho suh-elasses.

22. Animals, when duly entered, are well pro vided for by the Society, without charge to owner and cannot be remored, exeept by permission of he Exceutive Committec.
duets of mechavical art, must be exhibited hy their respective ingers, or inventers, or implovtheir respective makers, or inventors, or impror-
ers, or their assignors, to or for whom, only, preers, or their assignors, to, or for whora, on
milums for such articles will he awarded.

- 24 . Every inachine or implement olfered for a premium. must be so designed or deseribed, as will servo to identify it to future purehasers. and also the selling price of the article must be stated and marked on the labels, and in the published reports of premium artieles.

25. Efficieney cheapness and durability will be regarded as ebief execllenees in every machine or implement.
26. The Chicf Marshal will call the Jugdes at at 10 o'cloek on 'luesday moruirg-assemble then
at the Secretarw's rooms - furnish theur with at the Secetary's roons - furnish theur with
blank hooks in whieh to reyister their awards and have the Judges conllueted by the Assistant Alarshals, to their respective departments of the Exhihition.
27. Tho Narshal and his Aids shall give parienlar attention to the proper arrangement of all articles exhibited, in their respective departinents point out the articles or animals to the Judges, Judges.

## 

## Apple Tree Borer and Sun Blight.

Encors fanmer: Your request to OreliardFanamer Sun Blight, induees mo to, slsoteh my experieneo in the matter as based upon my personal observation, whieh may tend to multiply facts sugrestive of a general remedy for avoiding the above namod

I have observed the "Sun blight near tho surfaee of the ground " on apple, quinec, and peach trees, and it appeared to ine to result from, cither defieient tillage, the soil heing clody and baked, or, if the ground was loose, defieieney in moisture; in each ease not supplying suffieient nourishment ent down below the hlighted part, and they started a new thrifty growth.
The Borer infesting my trees is eertainly indigenous to this country, and in its habits and furm is sonewhat different from the Apple Treo Borer in the Southern States, being of a brighter yellow eolor, with a larger head, and of a greater length of body; it operates here upon the quince, ponel, plum, and the apple, apparently making choiee of tho applo tree, effecting a lodgment two or three inehes above ground on the south side of a tree, on young trees selceting the point of insertion of a bud or graft, on the old stem, to
begin the operation of eirding the tree aud eventvally taking up quarters in the pith
In the months of July and August they do the nost damage. To ehcek their depradations, will require a eareful exaucination of the growing trees, when by a disfiguration, a dark blateh on the bark or a sinall quantity of wood dust, they can be detected; in snett a ease the deeayed part to be scruped off, until the intruder is laid open. Very often there are screral grubs on one tree. If the bark was not completely girded, the stem can be yet preserved hy covering too wound with grafting wax, and drawing up the earth round the stem.
The preventive remedy of heaping lime, ashes or soil, round the sten to form a mound, is very convenieut and mostly effectual for largo trees, but young and also high standard trees will be more eflectually sceured, hy wrapping up the stems, loosely, with any old elothes and even paper will answer. This will not only exeludo the Borer; but will also save tho trees from Sun Blight, not only close to the ground, but also of the wholo stem. Caution is required to bind up oosely to aroid any injury to tho growing stem. Yours respeetfully D $_{1}$ D. P. Strentzel.

## A New Faot in Grafting.

The better process generally for working eheries and plums, is to hud or inoeulate at the prohle to work trees too old, or tho season so dry that tho bark will not slip, and tho hudding pro-
cess eannot he porformed, in which ease gratting hocomes important. The grafling of tho cherry is quite an uneertain
operation, and nover sueceds well exeept when,

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

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| and dip the whole wood excep th | The vicinity of Boston.- We drove through Jamaica Plains and Brooklinc. And here we |  |  |
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| the frigate mid. | pulverized oyster shells, that, in contrast with the green sward, and embowering foliage of the |  | Yoin |
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## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

110 TRLS in Naps.-Since the discovery of the
Napa Silphur Springs the traveling through this Springs the traveling through this
valley has largely increased, and it is itpportant that comfort, convenienee and liberal accommodations should he had in so very important a thoroughfare. There are hut two hotels; the Napa Ilotel, by Gilmore \& Taylor; and the Ainerican, by Mr. Chapman.
The American is only intended for the steady boarders among the citizens of Napa, and although it can sometimes acconunorlate outside guests, it is only intended to he, as it is, an excellent home Hotel for the eitizen hoarders of Napa.

The Naps Hotel is under the eharge of Gilmore \& 'laylor, who have kept it about three years; they are the proprietors, and their house is the general resort of all travelers. Cunnected with this Ilotel is a large stable, with stages and carriages for the conveniences of visiters to Napa and to the Springs.
Alessrs. S. \& T. are well and widely known and do all in their power to give their visitors every attention and comfort; the increased travel keeps their house continually full, and will soon demand cnlargement, additions and corresponding comforts and luxuries, which we have no douht these gentlemen will see it is for their interest to prepare for their visitors.
With the present disposition of families and parties to travel, it is of the highest moment that onr puhlic Hotels should be of the first orderand in no place that we know of at the present tinac inore important than Napa City.
Funnitune-"A Bed of Down."-Ye bovers of ease and comfort read the advertisement of Messrs. Ilowes \& Co., of San Francisco, and no longer make an excuse that the reason you have so long led the life of a bachelor, was that it cost so much to furnish a house, you could not afford it.
Messrs. Howes are now selling furniture at prices, in some instances, less than you could bny luxuries they offer is the matress of Pulo, or Down, far superior to hair or fenthers; we have learned from many sources that there is a peculiar property in this article (which is the bark of a tree) that is a guard against any venomows insect; that the natives, where it is found, feel secure from all danger, if thcy have a bog of Pulo under their hcad for a pillow. Those venomous tarantula and centipede ay̧oid it, and we presume all other insects will. If upon trial it shall keep ofl fleas, then friend IIowes \& Co. have made their fortuncs. However thas is, their matresses and furniture are of the very hest, and thcir prices the lowest.
From the East. - The steamer Golden Age arrived at San Francisco on Wednesilay last. Dates are to August 4. being two weeks later, but
the nows is of little real interest. No event of importance had taken place before Scbastopol, but preparations continne to he narre to Kiamiesch and Balaklava for the secret expelition, the oljeett
of which remained undivulged. There was a reof which remained undivulged. There was a re-
port current in Paris that the bombardment of port current in Paris that hatakoll and Redan had been resamed, preparatory to another assault. It is stated that the siege of Sebastopol is to be raised. the amount raised to be $3,600,900,000$ franes six timics the amount asked for: The number of the subscribers is 310,000 .
A coriespondent of the Now York Trihune. Writing from Paris, Augnst 2, says that the Dil-
lon aftair is at last definitely disposed of Instend lon aftair is at last definitely disposed of. Instead
of firing a sulute when the flag is hoisted, the of firing a sulute when the flag is hoisted, the
first French man-of-war which puts into the port of San Francisco is to he received with a salute.
Hon. Abhott Lawrence, of Boston, died on the 18th of August.

Three thousand boxes of fruit, principally grapes, were brought up on I'uesday last, to San
Francisco, by the steumer Repuhlic, from the Soutbern Coust.

TO AUVEIETISERS
In order that our patrons may hare some idea of the cxtent of our cireulation in this country and abroad, and the benefit which may bederived from advertising in our paper, we puhlish the following list as comprising most of the prineipal places in which our journal circulates, showing how uscful it is to those who wish their business widely known
Sann Francisec, Slacrumento, Stockton, Marraville, Grasa
Vullig, Roughl nnd Ready, Nevadn, Downievill
 tercy county; Snala Clara, Santa Rosa, Sunta C Crue, Suj Jore tercy county; Sanna Clara, Santas Rosa, Bunta Cruy, Supi Jore
Mission San Jose, Napa, Nieholaus, Benicie, Petulumn, Plucer ville, Pindaro Valleg, Onklund, Alamedn, Union city, Alvarndo
Auburn, Bodega; Bilwelts, Butte county; Hamileon, Ionid Vul Ley; Knlgbtre Lundling, Yolo county; Los Angeles, Monterry,
Martincz, Uuiontown, Humboldt Bny; Port Tuwnend, Orow, Murtincz, Uviontown, Humboldt Bny; Port Tuwneend, Oroyon rgou City, U. T.; Purthud, O. T; Washing.
0 avery Pom Offee and Express Offie In thin TV Every Pont offec and Exprcas Offee Int thin it io vent to muny of the priuelp.
Irolund, Frunce and Belgium.

## SPECIALNOTICES

578 Oallfornta State Agrienltural Soelety's Rooms.-
Rhe Rooms of the State Anriculturul Society are hinented on Pourth street, between $J$ and $K$, whe-e nll who aro interested in Agrieulture and kindred sciences are invited to enll. Scveral bundred specinent in all departinents are on extilthose rooms n plnce of reaort for nur eltizens. The rnoms nre open clails, (Sunilays excepted,) mull are fre to nll. They are
under the charce of the Elitor of the Califosias Fanamer, ubor will he plemeed to render any inluriontion or axslatauee to urtber any interest eonnected with rariculture.
${ }^{-3-26} \begin{aligned} & \text { By order of the Execuntive Committee } \\ & \text { C. L. HUTCUIN SON, President, }\end{aligned}$
[x> Pernvian Febrifnge. - The firmula for this proparation is the result of prnetienl observation and experience ligr a
number of yeurs, in the treatment nad curc of Fever nud A give, nd sueh has been the unilhrm suceess in its use, that no ense Ia known where this ralunble renedy failed to eure when timely adminiatered. A siugle trinl wilf atturd relief, and a few dnes
convince tho patient that he has found the rean " EEl Durudo" of a perinuncnt cure

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ET Ex-Alderman Perkina senda us the following lavor of WISTAR'S Balsam of Wild cherry:
Boston, Feh 3, 185),
Dr. S. W. Fowte: Dear Sir-For several days 1 hud been enffering frum the effects of a sevore cold, necompanled by a refy sore throat sud sielk haadnche, wbich cornpletely ines
pacitatod mo for husinnes. I Had taken but a emall portion of a single botle of this Bulsam, when 1 expcrieneed immedia
relief. My cougb wns brokea up at once, nnd my fungs entire relien. My cougb wns brokea up at once, nnd my luags entirel
elieved from the pressure wbich had become en painful. attribute tbis entirely to the good otfeets of your wild Cherry, I took no otber medicine whatavar, I eordially recommend
it to all my friends.
Respeatfully youre, VA.11 SAML. S. PERKINS

- Be eare it is signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.



On the 2 d Sept., In Shanta, Mre Mury wife ol A. Skillinn
Esqu, one of the proprieturs of the Shastu Courter, nged 20
 On th. 4 bl Sept., In Weaverville, of inllammatiou of the
stomaelh, Johu Carues, aged 32 yentr.

PIONEER NURSERY, Alamena






, Merehants' Hotel,
No. 60 K atreet, between Seeond and Tbird, Sncramento.
 Geniernt Ophosithon Stafe Office.
Sunges leave this Houto every morning lor all yarts of the

 Frum forty to fity lowls
Fund deereniptinn of tisense and directlons for cure ne
compuyying euch ruekage. Paice \$1. Warans \& Son, Cniliorniu Fanmer Offec, Fourth street,
belween Junl K Sucranento;






## BUSINESS CARDS.




## STEAMERS.

California Steam Navigation Company.

For faramento.

For Maryainillo.
Daily, af $4{ }^{\text {Octclock } p .}$ p. M .

Forstocktor
VIA MARTINEZ

For Colnsi, Red Blafff and Intermediate Landings.



California Steam Navigation Company.






## Opposition to Monopoly,

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##   Nownt Mull Nim Geurbetuwn Gill <br>   J. P. Deiounx, secrrturs.

ENORDOUS SACRIFICE IN FURNITURE


At such Low Prices as to Defy all Competition.
We mean precirely what we ndvortise, thnt we cait and woill

 THIRTY THOUSAND CHAIRS!
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## and at the enme lime paying atorage on nuech oilt, we aro

and redhee our expenete, and we eolicit the pullic to give us a



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ALBANY AGRICULTURAL WORKS<br>VAIREHOUSEAND STO SHETS No. 52 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

EO ALL ARRANGENENTS WITII OTIER PARTIES FOR THEIR MANUFACTUR

## EMERY BROTHERS



 relaitive merit and utility


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to supply prunptly, their Ilmplementers nad Muctinery of surperior quabity and wourkmanship. and are better than ever prepared
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corner of california and bat






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AINW RIGITT Real Estato and RANDALL \& \& COC,


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This department ie nangecenf for crankino tion, and will receive the nitention which its ins inpory deacecrid do
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SANDS' SARSAPARILLA




MEDICAL

## IT IS A FIXED FACT

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

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consumption.)
 the truth telling diasecting 10 oun. They ne irom roen who
have no poesilile mutive lor publisiung what is uptive, or ers. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Consumption of the Lungs, Liver Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis. Whooping Cough Sany of thom after every known renedy had failed to rench the We can present a mass of evideuce in proof of our nssertion that

 Confirmed Consuraption had taken place, the Wild Cherry ef
ected a cure.


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Samcer A. Waskra, Fsq, a gentieman well known in th
vicinity, writce as folluws: "Having ext




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[From the Burton dournal.]

Wiatar'a Balanm of Wild Chic
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Fifty Thousand Persons die nninually In Englaud of Con



Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry Sigond I. BUTTA un thr wro,
BETH W. FOWIE, Proprietor, Boston, Mean
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## $\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{T}}$










HORTICULTURAL, \&゚e.
















T.HE CALIFORNIA FARMER


## Che DEvLL OUTwyTED. - One of our ex-

 illustrative of a grave subject-the methods andinstrumet instrumentalities sometimes employed by Provi"A porr, but pious widow tady, who resided a New York. had expended her last dinic in paving the rent of the hovel which served to partially
sheiter her from the storm of winter tot a furthing or a friend had slye in the world, nor anythis dilemum she resorted to him who bas promisect to 'se a 'Lusband to the widow,' She poured
furth an cloquent prayer to the 'Throne of Grace and cloweid with an earnest appeal? ? O, Lord! give me this day my daily bread? It chanced
that a mischievous wichin passed as the old lady was on her knocs, and putting his ear to the win-
dorr hard the burrthen of her petition Thinking to have some fun at the widow's expense, be proceeded to a hakery not far distant, purchased
a luaf of lread, and returned to the hovel. Mounting the fence, it' ras not a very difficult matter to gain the roof of the house, not much harder to Springing to lie ground and placing his peepers piekied "p the loaf of bread, set it upon the table, and wns agnill on her knees returning thanks,
 chimney myself,' ' 0 ,' returned the old lady, looking up with a reveren it,
it, if the Devil did bring it."
Greasing rhe Rallgoab.-One day a peanyt and caurly-selling wrelin at the railroad station was rudceiy pulshed of the platform hy
the conluctor of the freight train. His wrath was great, and he deternined it should he the spring of equal great annoyance to his foe, He
sold his stock of peanuts and purclased a piece of fit pork, foung America attached a piece of string to the pork-and accompanied by another juvenile, went dorn to the place where the grade nas stecpest. "Now look 'e here," said the peafork on the rail, "you take hold of that string and pill me aiong." He squatted on the pork, and was trailed up and down both rails for ahout
hilf a mile. Of course the rail was well greased. The freight train came up. It was literally no go! For two hours the engine vigorously puffed,
in a vain attempt at progress. The conductor was finally obliged to call in the aid of another nut-seller's 'Irriumph; or Young Americe's Re nut-sell
venge.
Diamonn Cut Diamonn- - A certain gentle man a few erenings since, boasted to a young lady that hy examining any head, he could tell
" proel ivities and faculties," Without saying a word, fle went ont and brought him a cahhage head saying." that's a fine fiend fur you to dieplay your knowledge upon." Not at all disconcerted, those of many young ladies, as also were its nairve propensities. It an opllortunity offered, he naturally more noted for its verdancy than anything clee, and in short, was better suited for the kitclien than the parlor. Which had the best of PRINCE'S PROTEAN FOUNTAS PEN.









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HOTELS.




 Puxulered null Crushed Loar Sugar
Extra Gir renl lnd illick Tea :

Thicese woll khown Jevolerg will eommenco eelling of their Dimine etock of neb and viluable Fine Wutches,






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BANKERS
WELLS, FARGO \& CO
 B Boston, Philadelphia and st. Louic. on New York,


Montreal; Quebec, Hamilton and Yoronto.

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DREXEL, SATHER \& CHURCH






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PALMER, COOK \& CO




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## PERUVIAN FEBRIFUGE,


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nnd renittent ferere, duulub nguc, \&c. Ats combintion being





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MISCELI,ANEOUS.
 and Fire Engine Combined. igneel is now mana.



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TREADWELL \& CO.


San Francisco ahead of the World!
Evor on, on apace writ the Ago and



















## Collifornia yarmor.

SACRAMENTO, FRLDAY, SEPTEMBER $21,1855$.
 Thu, CALIFONMA FATMER OF FICE tiat hhe Stat Sociay's
The California Fabmes in Boston, Mass.-Copies of the Catifornia Farmer me
tue festival tocrnanent.
sprecil Notice.
Lamies desirous of competing for the prizes offiered by the Agricultual society, to Lady Equesirians. will apply to cither menber of the for the approval of snch applications; and no lady will be permitted to contend for the proposed prizes, without the approbation of said posed prizes, witho
Comnnitce-to wit:
JoHN
 c. UPOON
S. AcMEAS
W. C.WATELS,
the Exscutire Committee. C. I. Hutchinson, Pres't.

Honon for the Tournament.-It is with no ordinary pleasure that we publish the following letter from Gen. Wool. Invitations haring been for warded to Gen. W. and staff, and also a request that he would act as Chairman of the Comnittea of Airards upon tha lady equestrian performers, the following gratifying response has been received. This we feel confident will be most pleasing to his numerous fricnds:
Dear Str: I have the honor to ackiluwledge the receipt of your kind note of the 10 th inst. with its innlosyre, and take pleasure in acceding
cordially to the wishes of the President and Comcordially to the $\begin{array}{r}\text { wishes of the President and Com- }\end{array}$ mittce of the Statc Agricultural Society; and taking, as I do, a great interest in crerything which magy in any.way tend to the improvement of the State, I shall certainly a avail myse
flattering invitation of your President.
I am sir, with great respce

1 am sir, with great respect,
Jobs. E. Wool,
To James L. L. F. Warren, Esq.,
Corr. Sec. State Ag. Society, Sacramento, Cal.
Spechal Notices of the Fatr--Atticles and Stock slould be on the ground and in the IIall. on Mondiy, the 2tth. The Inall and Yards are only open to the Committees and Exlibitors, on Tuesday, the 25 th-and to the public on $I$ ednes. Tuesday. the 25 th-and to the pullic on IT ednes.
day; the $2 G$ and , and continuc through the week. day, the 20 th, and continuc through the week.
The Equestrian Exercises will oeeupy $W$ ednesday and 'Thursday, the 26th and 2-ith.
The rulcs and regulations of the Fair will be seen at the Hall and grounds, aud these will be strictly adhered to.
Stock with their keepers, and all articles iutended fur the Exhibition, will be conveyed to and from the Fair free.
The Steau Xavigation Co.: Califurnia Stage Co., and the Expresses, having generously came forward to aid in this work.
Prizes fon the Fair.-The first prize for lady equestrians at the Tournament during the Fair, is now on exhibition at IIfller it Andrews. A is now on exhibition at finer it ald wate and chain, made of California fine gold wateh and chain, male of California
gold and hy California workmen, costing one hundred and twenty-five dollars.
The second prize is a splendid "side-saddle," mande by R. T. Nelson, K strect, costing fifty dollars.
The third prize, a beautiful "silver rup," of the ralue of twenty-five dollars, wade by Hiller \& Andrews.
The fourth prize is a handsome "ladies' riding ahip," witb pearl and gold handle, worth near trenty dollars.
Each prizc is worth the winning by any lady, and we hope much pleasure will bo enjoyed in
the consest. the contest.

Abruwhle for tbe Fair.-Already considerable numbers of stoek, in the rarious classes, have more or less. Machinery. implements, and de more or less. Machinery. inplements, and
signs and works of art, continue to arrive.
Fruit is coming in, and a very gencral interest is aroused. The work is progressing rapidly: and bids fair to ba an Exhibition that shall do honor to our State
Examples of Stock. - We are happy to informs our readers, and especially stock raisers, that next week we ehall commence a series of deseriptive plates of aone of the finest stock that inported into the United Statss. These
ations, alona, will he worth tho price of Stock raisers should secure vol

The State Fair.
Berone another issue of our journal, the Hall
of the State Fair will be opened, as we confident. of the State Fair will be opened, as we confident-
ly hope and trust, to the gaze of admiring tbousands.
The "Festival Tournament" we have no doubt will call the attention of tbe curious, secure the interest of all who seck variety, and demand the hearty co-operation, respect and prompt gallantry of every true gentlcman in our State.
The grounds designed for the exhibition of tha Stock of California, will have also receired the attention and engaged the interest of house
who are so largely interestcd iu this branch of Agriculture.
The Assembly Chamber at the Capitol will be the head quarters-the chief and only place ribere the Fruits, Flowers, and Grains will be displayed. In this spacious Hall will also be Exhibited, Works of Art, the Genius of the Manu-
facturer, and the skill of the Meehanic and the Artisan. Here too will be shown all the varied products of home industry, and it cannot be doubted, that inany rare and curious fatrics, the
work of "fair hands," will make glad the preswork of "fair hands," will
ence of numerous visitors.
Who can tell the influence this Fair will exert upon our State? Let but that just portion of interest be felt by the citizens throughout the State, that the subject demands, and let the citixens of our several counties but truly represent the resources of California abroad, and thousands
and tens of thousands of citizens shall come focking to our shores, and new and happy homes shall glad our bright Pacific coast.
We feel confident that every visitor will be more than repaid for any expenditure they may make of time or means. Every person interested
in the prosperity of California slould be present in the prusperity of California should be present, or they will then have presented to theu the positive, tangible evidence of the resources of the State at the present day, and fron these takc
pleasing, hopeful and reliable assurance that Caljfornia is destined to occupy a most enviable position as one of the States of our glorious Cnion. It mnst be gratifying to know that the ExecuLive Conmmittee, who have clarge of the exhibition, hare made such aunple arrangements and of
so high a character, in order to secure the hearty co operation of the citizens in this work. No pains or expense lias beea spared-the noost libcral provision has been made in every department meet the wants of every exlibitor, and Cortain hose who shall risit the Exhivition.
The Steamboat Companies hare come forwa The Steamboat Colnpanies hare come forsard
with a coumendable spirit, and shown much liberality by an offier to consey stock and articles for exhilition, free of charge. The Express Compranies have also been alike liberal in their propo. sitiuns to consey letters and pareels suitable for their conveyances, and the California Stage Company has joined with the same liberal spirit.
These efforts on tho part of tho State Socicty
and the generous pullic spirit on the part of our publie conreyancus, should be promptly met by a like publie spirit among the citizens of California, and we cannot doubt but that this will be the result, for in all our circuit through many of the most populous counties we are happy to know there is being awakened an enthusiasm for the
coming Fastival that rill fill tho city of Sacra. mento with our fair guests.
Not only will the eye be satisfied with seeing but the ear will be made glad as tho mind shall drink in the rich intellectual feasts that will he offered, and when the eye and ear shall have both been feasted, the taste can ba gratified to its full
by the ricb products of a boucteous, a lusurious by the ricb products of a bounteous, a lusurious harvest.
In addition to the attractions of tho Fair, the Railroad being open to a greater distance, it will be gratifying to our citizens to take a pleasant
trip in the cars to the beautiful plains beyond the trip in the cars to the beautiful plains beyond the line of our eity; and besides all these inducements, we lsolv the Queen City of the Plains, in her present prosperous and proud condition, is worthy a visit for herself alone.
Yegetable Dnyen,-A diseovery has been made by which potatoes, onions, and tomatoes. ean be so dried, or rather preserved, that they can be kept for months without sprouting; kept in the most perfect state of preserration without iujory to the vegetable, for isbale ships or merchant ressels, or even shipment to Nerr York.
All who feel an interest in this invention, and sho desiro to examine tbe artieles that hare been thus preserved, will havo an opportunity of so doing at tho State Fair, when and where these samples will he exhibited. This is one of the
most inportant diseoveries of the age, and its value to California is beyond all price.

A Flying 3 Trip to Sunnyside. We have visited the county of Santa Clara twice within the last two weeks-one was the risit of a day or two. We passed down froin San
Franeisco hy land, orer the San Mateo road, and which, with the exception of a fev miles after leaving San Francisco, is as fine a road as man need travel upon. The after part of the day was clear and beautiful; and we rode fust in order to reach San Mateo at early eve and stop at "De-
puysters." This hotel is a very fine one and puysters." This hotel is a very fine one and
everything is in order and genteel: a place where one would love to tarry, away from the business and care of a city. Mr. Depuyster hiniself attends to the wants of his wisitors and supplies them well.
While at this place we visited the splondid residence of W. D. M. Ilownrd, E.q., whose claim of six miles square has just been contirwed. This is one of the most extensive, picturesque and beautiful estates in all California, and no man lias done more for the adraneement of the State than this gentleman-none more generous and noble spirited, and therefore none more desersing of sueh an estate. We hope that a kind Providence may restore him to health again so that he may enjoy his princely domain. Mr. Howard has ex. pended liberally, and his grounds present the appearance of one of those nagniffeent English Parks, the boast of lords and nobles; but theirs is
the w the work of art, while this of Mr. IIoward's is the handiwork of Nature, improved by taste.
From Mr, IIoward's we paid a visit to the beautiful grounds of F. W. Macondray, Esq. Here too hare been expended liberal mieans to beautify and adorn. Capt. Macondray is one of the distinguished horticulturists of the Massachusetts Socicty, and his taste is manifested in his present home-he has stately native trees, line hedges, well cultirated gardens; couservatory and and ornamental grounds. We were sorry to learn of the disappointiment met with in the loss of a splendid crop of grapes, under glass, by blight. Capt. Macondray would harc otherwise exhibited grapes of 10 to 15 lb , bunclies,
We passed from thence to the Mayfield Farm of E. O. Crosby, Esq. Of these and sonc trenty places re visited at Santa Clara and San Jose, we have copious notes and stall meution them hereafter.
We are gratcful for many acts of courtesy. and kindness at the liands of gencrous friends: which we shall erer remember.
To oun leaders and Connespondents.We would call the attention of our Ayricultural readers to the articles upon "The influence of Agricultural Soricties," and the "Reports on Irrigation," copied from the Report of the Mass. Board of Agriculture-these are inportant themes. Also the State Fair, and its progress, the example of Buston in aid of Agrieulture.
Our readers will notice the inerease of our correspondenee, and we would cominend to them most heartily a careful perusal. The beautiful sketch by Alice, "The true aim of life," we esteen a most admirablo production, and must refleet honor upon the writer.
Tha "Life Sketch," by Miss Fortune, "Calcb Crusty's Experience," and "Dieaming," by Betty Martin, will each afiord mucb interest to our readers, Our Eastern friends, particularly Bostonians, will find much to interest and gratify them in our Boston correspondence.
We are happy to ackinowledge tha reecption of MS. eopy from Dr. C. F. W'inslow, Alice, Itelen: and Poctry by '49-all of which will appear carly. We feel called upon to aeknowledge most sineerely our gratitudo to our friends and corres pondents for the inereased interest to ward our journal; such manifestations stimulate us to still
greater effiort.
We earnestly ask an interest for our journal in every family in the State. We trust the appear ance of the paper and the claracter of the matter presented, will chaim an inereased share of public interest.
Our Taste is lioon.-lle would like very nuch that our editorial and bachelor sanetum should be in a little degree professionally supplice with the fruits and good things of this carth,
during the week of the Festival Fair, in order that we may pay beeoning respect and courtcsy to our editorial brethern who sball visit the eity, and to whom we extend a truo and cordial welcome to our sanetum, and renew the invitation of the Executive of the Stata Society to visit the Exhibition. We trust our friends in tho various sections will not forget ins, hut send us a sample of their products, specially markcd, "For the Editor." Such acts of kindness will be duly re-

Boston takes the Lead- $\$ 20,000$ for the Fair We announce with pride and pleasurc the glo ious example which Boston lias set to all othe cities in lie Union, in beliaff of the Agricultura state Fair, which is to be holden at that city, in he month of October next.
The valuc of public Agricultural exhibitions as always been fully appreciated in the eity of Boston, and in no place in the Unitell States have hey evcr been gotten up with wore splendor han in that city.
So great has been the interest always felt that it rould ba considered derogatory for a citizen not to bo interested in them. The great gathering of the members of the United States Agricullural Society has been secured to the city of Boston, by that love of publie spirit which has alway's markd her course, and which has made her greatest mong the great citics of our land in suels enterprise. When this great meeting was announced, he city canc forward and granted their public squares amounting to forty acres, with other failitices, for the Fair, and the citizens cane forward promptly and subseribed the nol,le sum of twenty thousand dollars to further this work.. Wintt Hassachusetts man, what Bostonian, dous not feel proud of his State and his city? It is such cts. such public spirit, that lias twade Boston reat; and it is only by such acts that any city
We feel proud of the city of Sacramento, and
we should rejoiee in her highest prosperity, we should rejoiee in her highest prosperity, believing as we do, that a high and liberal and enerous coursc tu great public enterpriscs would end greally to her prosperity. Wo do wost earnestly present the exauple of Boston at the presnt tine. and hope that immediate me:ssures will be adopted by the city authorities to express their interest in the Great Industrial Exlibition which is near at hand; if Sacramento needs an example nearer home, we call lier attention to tha ction of her sister city of San Jose, which we publish with much pleasure, and record in uddjion to the action of the city, that at a public meeting of tho friends of Agriculture and of citizens, (which we had the honor to aldress) a delcgation of furty citizens was appointed to attend the Fuir in a bndy.
The city of Marysville has acted, and chosev hirty-five delegates; and we now ask, what has the city of Sucramento done? An immodiatc Shall thould he had.
Shall the authorities of other cities combs up to
ur city; and no attention or courtesy) be nliown strangers risit this city and lentn that Sacramento a city takes no part in this grent display of her home products and industry? Wo trust not. If the authorities reffain from action, we pray our citizens will act-not a day or hour, is to be lost, lest credit and reputation be lost also.
Merchants, traders, hotel kaepers, manuficsted, and all should act.

The Fair of Next Year SAV Joaz, Scpt. 13 th, 1855.
To tho Executive Comuittea of the Callifurnia State Agricultural Şociety:
Gentlemen: I have the honor to transmit to you a copy of the resolution passed by our City Council this evening, and trust it will meet with our favo

Respectully, yours, E. P. Rexn,
Secretary of the Santa Clara Co. Agrienltural
and Horticultural Society.

## Resolred, by the Mayor and Common Comacil

Reso city of Sin Jose:
That in orler to advanee and bring into geneal notice the capabilities and resounces uf our Valley as an Agrientural district, it is heretey Resolved, That the free use of the City IIall, and grounds sufficient for tha Exhibsition of the
Annual State Fair, are hereby tendered to the Annual State Fair, are hereby tendered to the
Executiva Commitue of tha State Acricultural Executiva Committee of tha State Agriculural
Society, for their Amual Fair for the year 1856 . Society, for their Amual Fair for the year 185G,
Adopted by the Common Coumel, Sept. 17 th , Adopted by the Common Coumeil, Sept. 17th,
W'm. Daniels, I'rcs. pro. tetu. Approved, Sept. 1 T th, 1855 .
S. O. Houohton, Mayor.

I certify the foregoing to to a true copy of a
resolution passed by tho Comman Commeil, and approval by the Mayor, Sept. 17 thl, $1 \times \overline{5 j 5}$.
Grain anu Potatoes.-Farmers, look to our crops uf grain and potatoes; note the steady advanee. Be suro you learn tho market heforo you sel!-but if you look to your interest, you will try to secure to yourselves and families whatver guin there may ho.
Oun Aoent in San Jose.-Rohert Bryant is our Agent at San Jose and santa Clara, and those indelted to us will please pay him ; and we lope many of our friends will call on Mr. Bryant, at
Wells, Fargo it Co.'s, and become subscribers.

##  of the wery beat fivit is spuiled lyffire it reaches, its, place of destination, toy reason of poor packing

 or rup packing at all. A iery little care nuldtroulle would increase the income of frie mowtroulle would increase the incerme of frnit grow-
ers wery unel. We frequently see splentlil grapues procked in saudnst, turlinn mesh. shavinge chips, or erell in toose masses. Whe have seen
peaches, parked in sawdust, tneal, and toose; and splencilil apples and pears loase. By this means grapes get mashed and lose their bloom, (which is their liandsomest point); peaches lose their beanty and sweetest juiees by hruising, and pear: and apples, when badly bruised, are worthless,
and their real heanty is cone. The rery best thing we ever knewf for packing frnit is vilted grass. In "lankee land," we call it "rowen." This is soft. does not ehafe, bruise or remove the bloom of the fruit. Te earnestly hope care will be ob served by all contributors who send fruit and
other tender skinned produets to the Fuin. little forethought and care will add vers nuch to the beauty of their display and to the general appearance of the whole Exhibition. A single dish of bruised and unsightly fruit would destroy the appearance of a whole table.
Tool Ilouses.-Provide yonrself with a good tool honse. Loeate it in some conventent place.
and whenever you have done using an implement of this lind cost but little and may be made the of this kind cost but little, and may be made the
means of saving a great deal. The exposure of costly farming implements during the winter, is a greater injury to them, as a general thing, than the nse of them during the period they are wanted for active service in the field. The corrosion of iron by rusting and the rending and warping of wood by inoisture, frost and heat, are evils, the extent of which few appreciate.-Germantown Telegraph.
Can any one that is at all familiar with California farming read the above and not see how much this advice is needed. Let any person take a circuit of one handred miles in any valley in our State and he will meet with implements enough that are exposed to sun and moisturo, and that are fast passing away, to amount to mariy respectable fortunes. No one can have sny idea of the recklessness and wasto verywhere in this branch of iudustry until they shall have visited the fanning grovods. It is time a reformation slould have taken place, for it would save thoussods.

Nrw Bulidinge in Sacramento.-No city in California is more steadily improving or more
rapilly rising in wealth and distinetion than the rapidly rising in wealth and distinetion than the most prominent-the new and substantial buildings that linve been reeently crected, or are now ereeting, are designed and built by our citizens
for their own upe. It is un effort at specnlation but intended as the permanent improvement or our city, and the enduring resitences of inerchants whose repeated trials and losses have been over conne by an energy of character and an enduranc and fortitude voequallell in mereantile history then a reputation at hoine and abroand, that in Itself is a source of wealth. I'hero is no eity in Catifornia that can surpass Sacramento in standing for publie or private credit; and the merchants of Sacramento hold an enviable position their namo and eredit being beyond question Amoug the recent improvements we are in duty
bound to notice, is the now and splendid buitding now erecting upon the corner of J and Third streets, by Messrs. Hiller if Andrews. Illis spis cions elifiee rill be an honor to the builders ant to our city, and it trill be a mounorent to this dis tinguished firm, of their enterprise and sileceve, Andrew have conducted some sesell or eight ment lave received the public approwe anf has amassed a fortmic. We minderstand this timm wil acculy a protion of this rditice for thmir own lura their public and private enterprises.
Woxonretl Melons.-Un exhibition this week, at the Sociely's Kuoins: Tiro Belons, one species of watemmeloo, and the other sperves of
weighing atroit 35 lba , the other 2 jJ lbs . We
renture tu sar that no eninall. curto in icime have yet beell exhibitel. The were $g$ oxin by Messrs Carpied and l'o'nt whe hindly sellt thew whb great care, to bexhtrited.
Ir. T. J. White, of San Franci,


THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## ( 0 rrcspomoterce

Letters from the Coast Range.-No. I.
We know it willa fford our readers great pleasure to hear that we are to have a series of Letters from the same pen whence emanated those deeply interesting and graphie skethes of the "Mank
moth Trect:" "Cares of Calaperas," \&e., which moth Trec:," "Cares of Calaseras,", ".e., which
were published in our journal the last year, and copied so widely. In the Letter which we la before our readers to-day, we have an inkling of "hat is irrstore for us and our readers. Our ey catehes th.e "Guysers" as the chief atlraetion for from his $r$;ited pen a deseription of theoe wonders thst will stir the warm blood around the heart. And the n too the "seenes in the mountains" the writer says they collected their "traps for the journcy;" prepared for the deer, elk, and grizzly, as also for the piscatory tribe-and of hese sports and dangers we are to hear-the ehase of the "swift of foot," the close hug of the
grizzly, and those famous nibbles that Ike Wation ells ahout. But, reader, we will not forestall your pleasure too much; it is enough to say, the Letters of our friend will be most eagerly antieipated and as eagerly sought for; we ourselves an ticipate "a feast of fat things:"

Enitors Farmer: Last year about this tims I jotted you down hastily a few observations and houghts foom the mountains-and this year, as I smstrolling up to the Guysers, with my friend S. H. Parker and A. S. Iredale, Esqs., I will ful fill a second promise, and irrite a few liucs, from time to time, if I ean find leisure.
We started from San Franeiseo yesterdny morning, at 10 1-2 o'elock-nnd it happened to be onc of the calmest and finest dajs of the season. Professional occupations bad preiented mo from undertaking this long desired excursion ever sinee the first of June; but I must go now if ever this year, as the season is getting late for traveling. So we put up our "traps," and off we started, making a little more preparation for deer, elk and grizzlies, as well as the piscatornl tribes, than I did last year, when the Colonel and Alderman had mo in eharge, with Jim and Bill on the lead.
Well, it was a hearenly day as me began our journey, and the Bay was like a mirror-not a breeze for once in the way rippled its ample surfaee. One of the party had made a Jolin the Baptist of himself the day lefore, for the sake of an extra an:ount of confort, and friend Parker and myself, with hearts as ealm as the morning. set off to avail ourselves of his presious preparation. The Reindeer did well, but her generoms Commander did better, and the boat among other things to gratify us was allowed to pass between
The Sisters, to gire us an opportunity to obsurve The Sisters, to gire us an opportunity to ousurve
the geolegienl strueture of those inte esting litte. islauds: and see tho hage flocks of of peticnis and other water birds nesting npon and. swimming around. It was indeed a eurious sight. Tleese uneouth birds rose in a vast multitude as we
canee near them, and wheeled in various direc cane near them, and wheled in various direc-
tions, scattering and coming togetber again as soon as we had passed out or their way. A seal was indulging himself in lloundering on the surface, and the smaller web-footed birds were on close terms of intimacy with the numerous ugly; long-billed, short-neeked creatures that corered the islands in such numbers. The islets sre white with guano, and an unpleasant odor is rery strong as you pass near then.
The aspeets of the landseape on the western boundary of the Bay, as youl pass neur the coast, is rery agreeable; but the whole surfuee is dry
and yellow, which makes the dark foliage of the scattering oaks unusually conspicuous, from the water to the tops of the hills. Sandstone seems to be the formation apparent at all out-eroppings. Petaluma Creck, a eonglourerate of large rounded stones, pebbles and sand was observable in the steep banks of the projecting headland. Here the scenery bergan to ehange and beeolne more in teresting. A broad delta fills the ralley bet ween the Coast Range and the Sonoma dividing ridge, and through this winds the salt creck of Petaluma some twenty-five niiles-wide at first, and
then becoming mueh more narrow and still more tortuous until you bring up in the mud at the tortuous until you bring up in the mud at the
thriving little town which gives name to the valley. 1 mas pleased with the novelty of the viers in rarious places. The whole valley is filied with a shect of marsh mud, formed when the mounwere many feet lower than at present, elerated above the water, the fresh
the beed of tho valley wore its way
until the present channcls have been worn through this uniform and level deposit of marine sedimen nd sea weeds and salt grass.
The appearance of the Coast Rangeas re ascendthe valley, became more animated with farm houses and agriculture, and I was pleased with the thriving aspect of this whole region around
Petaluma. It was nearly dark when we reached Petaluma. It was nearly dark when we reached
this place, but it looks well and is growing rapidly.
The vehiele is ready to leave and I will wind up for the present, and resume another time.
Truly yours, $\quad$ C. F. Winstow.

## Our $\overline{\text { Boston Correspondence. }}$

Enitors Farmer: Since my last to you, I have received letters from different sourees, upon the erops, \&e., in various sections of the country, and which may interest your readers.
Continued aecounts are received of the abundance of the erops in all quarters of the country, and it appears beyond doubt, that there ncver was so much wheat groirn in the country before;
and it has been and is being gallered into the and it has been and is being gatiered into the arner in excellent condilion. In llininois the ask, and the whole range of other crops never promised such abundanee before. At Atton, in Illinois, the corn "reaches from sis to ton feet in hight, each stalk geuerally bearing two huge cars of eorn, as long as an ax handle." All accounts
from Iowa represent the wheat harvest as a most bountiful one, In Missouri the wheat has all been gathered, and the granaries of tho farmers aro overflowing. Kentucky is pronounced, " perfect paradise of plenty." In Wiseonsin the yield of wheat will be above the average, and the
breadth is grcater than in any year before, withstanding the stories of the rarages of the cevil in Michigan, the wheat erop there is likely ot turn out rery well. Irdiana will rank with illinois and Keutueky, for abundanee of ererythiug. Tho reports are eneouraging from all parts of Olio.
Large quantities of Tennessee and Georgia wheat have found their way into New York. Tennessee having a railway complunieation with Charleston and Sarannalh, ean send its wheat direet to Atlantie ports, from whenee it may be shipped direet to Europe. Over one hundred
thousand bushels of this wheat have been sold thousand bushels of this wheat have been sold In South Carolina Flour is selling from $\$ 5$ to SGa burrel. Corn has already fallen 30 per cent per bushel in the last few weeks. There were
heavy exportations to Northern Markets. The heavy exportations to Northern Markets. The
Cotton Crop in Florida is said to be doing well, and promises a lieary jield. The cotton is frow ix. to seven feet inl hight, and very well formed. Nearer home, wo find the same results, and every firmer lias eanse to rejoice. On the "dark plains" in Coneord, N. II, vay be seen a Gield of Winter lyse of at least one hundred and ffly acres. There are other fields of rye on those plains, amounting in all it is said to about five hundred aeres. The crop is very fine and now ready for the harvest. One other crop remains
o be mentioned, which is peculiar mostly to IIartford, Ct.,-the 'Tobaceo crop. It is cultivated in smail patehes of one aere, or two or three, on arored spots, and for its principal use-the making of urappers for eigars-the materia or the filling being from another quarter,
it is ealled the "Conneeticut Seed Leaf," nd is superior to any other for the purpose. It thrives only in Conneetieut and some parts of
Ohio. It requires very skillful eulture, and still hio. It requires very skillful eulture, and still tese and a farorable season, it is iueredibly rennnerative, expecially since smokers have beeome of fastidious as to be willing to pay from three o seven cents for cigars. The crop of Hartford oounty for last jear wras 6,000 cases of 400 leares tho frequent disappointiments of the eultivator from want of skill and care.
There are now exhibiting at Mr. Allen's Lily IIonse, Salem, several beantiful air plants, among them the Piteher Plant, and that great natural curiosity the Butterfly Plant, the flowers of which look all ready to fly a way. The Lotos Plants are up. Mr. Allen has a new Vietoria Regia Lily in loom almost every day.
There was a fine display of Fruits and Flowers at Horticultural Itall this morning, and a large compauy of both sexes were in attondanee, to feast on the tempting display of Fruits and Flowers, hut tantalized by the ominous words nenr
each disll of fruit, "touch not, tasto not, handle

Mcssrs, Evers \& Bock, whosc fine displsy of Pot Plants and Roses was mucir admired. Phloxes Balsalms. Kioses and Petnnias were shown in
grcal profusion, and premiums on Balsalms wcre grcal profusion, and premiums on Balsalms $\pi \mathrm{cr}$ Breek \& Son ; second, of $\$ 2$, to Janues Nugent fhird, of $\$ 1$, to Parker Barnes. Of Ploxes-first premium, of $\$ 5$, to J. Breck \& Sonl; second, of $\$ 4$, to Messrs. Hovcy \& Co.; third, of $\$ 3$, to Parker Barnes. Of the Fruits, the High bush Blaekberry was shown in great profusion. The largest in the collectios were shown by J. Nugent. and were the first ever exhibited at the Rootus. From J. T. Allen, Salem, a most rare and tempt ing display of Grapes, and one dish of mammoth Figs, having hurst open with fatncss. The dis play of Vegetables was small, but fuir in size and quality.

## Col. Marshall P. Wilder, President of the Uni-

 ted States Agricultnral Societr, has made an application to the board of aldermen for the use of square of racant land at the South End, of about forty aeres, for the purpose of holding a great National Eshitition of the United States Agrieultural Society; in Uetoher. It is expected to have in connection with the show of Fruits and Flowers. Agricultural Implomenits, Cattle, \&c., a niggnifieent llorse Exhibition, whiel shall ac., a miagnifieent horse Exhibition, whieh shallexceed in extent any ever before made. Boston has guarantied $\$ 10,000$, through some of its inGuential citizens, and they say they will hare the show. It is expected that a hundred thousand strangers will attend the exhibition. The decision of the Board rill be made known in a day or two, and I will then post you up, upon th Whole thing.
The season at tho White Mountnins has been a very busy one this ycar, and the Hotels have all been filled. It is reported that the largest number of persons met on top of Mount $W$ ashington, one day last week, that has ever before convened there at one time. The company eonsisted of
one hundred and thirty persons, representing nearly all the States in the Čion, and caelı of the British prorinecs in North Aneriea. Thcy hape a earriage road now building, of which tiro miles and a half are finished; when it is completed, it will be a very safe and pleasant trip and thousands will then avail thenselves of it,
who, now, are prevented by the estrene fatigue of the trip.
The Boston Musieal Convention will hold its annual session in the Tremont Temple, next week. The exeresises will oeeupy some eight or nine days, and is open to all who wish to improw themsclves in musie. The convention was estab-
lished twenty yenrs since, by a number of gentlemen deeply interested in the general eultivation of music, to afford facilities for musieal improve ment at a lorr priee, by the combination of rare talent and the aid of the superior facilitics which sueh gatherings afford. Tho coming session
promises to exeeed by far that of former years, and many of our best and popular singers have mado eareful preparation. The conreniences af forded in the new Tremont Temple, and the aid of its magnificent organ will add greatly to the

Messrs. Parker, King \& Co., 50 Cornhill, have at their print store, an adnirable etching of "Evangeline." Slie is represented as sitting by the shore, alone, in all tho beauty of the "Sunshine of St. Eulalie," before the sadness of dixappointment had settled upon her heart. The face is a study for an artist. The work will sioon be completed and on sale as abore. Messrs. Parker \& King have a large collection of choice painting rare engrarings, \&e., and they have given free es hibitions all tho seasou, of rare and costly' paintings by the most eelebrated English painters their store being the chief resolt for all conveniences in that line. They have now on exhibition
two fine pictures by Duncan, the celcbrated historical painter, entitled, "Prinee Charles Edward and the Ilighlanders entering Edinburgh after the Batle of Preston Pans," and "Prinee charles Enward protectud in ono of his hiding places by Fiora McDouald." Subseriptions are reeeived at
their store in Cornhill for the engravings of these and other raluable pictures, and large numbers are sulveribed for as soon as the books are openell.
The book pulb ishing trade nunst be quite flourishiing, if we may judge from appearanees. wew and handsome sign is very conspicienous over tho store of Little, Brown \& Co., Washing. ton street, which makes known to the admiring
many the nanes of Shepard, Clark \& Co., Boolssellers and Publishcrs. The partners aro Olarles A. B. Shepard, formerly with tho houso of John the house of Jents \& Palmer and their suecossor and E.C. Walker, son of Samuel A, Walker, Esq.,
our well known andil spirited auctioncer. Being young men, and laving a good knowledgc of the tion to supeced and we ennnot but wish them success in all their enterprises. They retain the whole promises formerly oceupied by Messrs. Phillips, Sarnpson \& Coo,, and with such predecessors to encourage and stimulate, they have but o remember, " lhere is no such word as fail!"
Tlue largest nail ever received at the Boston Post-office arrived last evening frorn New York and the Sonth. It weighed fourteen and a-half ons, and requircd an extra baggagc ear for its onveyance. It made sis waggon loads and about one third as much more of the same mail was left ver in New York, it being impossible to furnish means for its transportation in that train. A arge proportion of the matter was Congressional and Department dociunents.
The Empire City, from Aspinwall, has just arived at New York, with dates to July ic, and Lhe Pacitie mails, and $\$ 000,000$ in gold dust.
I will continue my correspondence from the Fest in my next, with other interesting news. De Quincey.

## Caleb Crusty's Exper Ite Callfornin

Messrs. Entrors: In response to your intimation in the Fanmer of the ith inst., soliciting Contributions on the sulject of "home blessings and comforts;" with Essays on Wives, Sisters, sc., and ending with a little soft soap about able riters and so forth, I have conce to the conlusion to write you an unvarnished account of he influence of my three sisters on my domestic hauquility, and boor they manage to keep rue in such perpetual trouble, that I really wish you could get some of your Morinon readers, if you have any, to take the whole off my hands at once, and leave me to find comfort and happines in my
When I eame out hiere in ' 49 , I was poor, but, being a regular down-enster, 1 knew how to turn my liand to almost anything. So I set to earpenter work; and, though 1 had never before done anjthing of the sort, beyond building a fence, or making a hen-coop, I soon found myself a master builder, with sone lalf dozen young lads at work for me. With their assistanee 1 ereeted more houses in San Frunciseo than I now reeolleet; and, in a sloort tinie, had scraped togcther some twenty thousand dollars, over all expenses. The half of this I laid out in purehasing a square lengue of land, and in ' 51 went to farmung on an extensive seale ; aud lave always managed to keep
my ornn, and something more, and tive well and comfortably besides. But I ain a working man. I never could find any pleasure in fooling about town. or having lots of idle people fooling about ny farm. as they are generally not only of no use heniselves, but prevent others, very often, from being so.
Soon after buying my Raneh I wrote to my sisters that, if they elose to come out, 1 woinld make them weleome, as I considered we could so uiange matters as to make it of mutual advantage to age matters as to make it of mutual adrantiage to
as. My prineiple reason for this was, because I meant to go extensively into raising of Pigs and Poultry, and believed as they had twenty years' axperience in swell matters, if they were here, I could manage to make something haydsome out of the husiness, after allowing them to go shares with ne in the profits, as a compensation for their labor and at ention. I did not mention this when I wrote to them, but merely told then to conne out and we could easily settle matters afterwards. In due time my sitters arrived-Relvecea, Susan and Ceeily. At home that is before they curne here, they were all hard-working girls, and being out oll the shady side of thirty, and nowise conspicuous for their good looks, I flattered menself that I had made a very prudent arrangement, as
thoy could not only attend to tho rearing of domestic animale, but do the eooking and keepevery thing niee besides. In fact, so conrinced wn.s I of tho advantage of laving my three sisters along with me in that department of rural sconomy which I then contenuplated as being so profitahle, hat, after a elose calculation, I did not see how it would he possible, after the first year, for our juint
gains to be less than four or fire thonssind dollars. You need not wonder, therefore, if I gave thewn hearty weleome on their arrival, and that I assured then that they might depend on their finding in my house a comfortable home. 'The result I shall let jou know next wreck. Meantime, 1 ain, \&c.e,

Caleb ('hesty.
Tue girl who is destined to be thy wiff, although now unknown to thee, is suro to le living
somewhere or other. Ilope, therefore, that sho is quite well, and otherwiso think politely about


come bick. or Lotinginwoin. Conis back 11 long to chapp thy hand,<br><br><br>Still antswer hack to mine. There la a ahadow no the fow That truces out thy name,<br>Thun tracess out thy name, -1 yenrin for tovo liko thline of yor<br>Say, art thou sill the sane I I hear asecet worms nround me,<br>Of love and kindly chee<br>That atir the fount of gratiude But ah 1 thou art not herel<br>And l've a jogful heart to sin<br>Life is so dear to m<br>But over every glorlous thing Are shadowe, love, of thee.<br>\section*{nd 'nid the dim soft tracery}<br>That pencilso o'er liic's track-<br>Come back to me, come back

## The True Aim of Life

To one just entering upon the duties of active ife, no question can be more important thanFor what purpose was I created? what is the reat ohject to which my future life should be deroted?" I think this question should be sntisfactorily settled before a single step be taken by the young into the untried future. No one should go forth single handed and alone into tho broad battle-field of life, withont having a just conception of what he is designed to aecomplish. And yet how many do, without any definite object in view. Fired with jouthful enthusiasm and impelted by the ardor of their feelings, they take upon themselves the solemn responsibilities knowing little of the stern reality that a waits them. Mdmentary success awaits them and may attend their efforts and inspire them with the most glowing hopes for the future; but soon, alas! the dream of their imaginations gives place to tho sober convictions of reason; the bubbles that so late amused them vanish, and they find themselves grasped, as it were, hy the stern hand of reality. Thus fond hopes are disappointed, and theit lives henceforth to them a weary pilgrimage. I rould ask why is this? Why is it that so many never realize in the experience of after years atl that they had hoped for in youth's early spring-tince? I cannot think for a moment that lifo was given us for amusement or a momentary pastime; and lie who has no loftier aim in riew than the enjoyment of the passing hour. need not complain if he end his days in bitter disappointment. How low that life, how grorelling it must be, wholly given to present gratifiestion. How it debases the angelic of our divine nature, and elevates the prutal. I know the ain of life must be higher, nobler, more important. Fame is a fickle goduess, a sellish passion, and selfishness
its own destrojer. Those whostrive mosit fiercely for the meed of honor, hut seldon meet with success, Of alt who run the gauntlet of fame, bow
fer are crowned victors. How many of us live for no otlier end thas to bur and sell and get gain? Wen'th is the great olyect of the masses that throng the road of life; this Is the grent object to which they direct their efforts, u hich ther kueel before, like the benighted lieathen to their blocks of wood and store, and offer up their sin. cerest derotion. But, rain mortals,

## Can wealh sive happlaent Look nroand and are <br> Whatever forruine (nviehly ean pour.

The miod foot mank (avithly calle for poure.
How latnentablo then to sce inen Ike Girard or Astor, deroting every energy of their entire lives to the acquisition of treasures denying themselres the ordinary comforts of life, and closing their hearts to the noost urgent appeals of charity, to leave behind them millions to be squandered by their hopeful heirs and heartlese executors. Give me meither poverty nor riches -for nyy part, I would rather enjoy a country life in my sequested littie domicile, far remored from the din, noise. and pohties of a city life, than pacsess all the wealth, pomp and how that scb a life might afford. A yonng wife can fulfil no higher desting, in my humble opinion, than to leare all she has clung to in years of girlish simplicity, and futlow into the untrod len widerness the huala d of her choce. I would 2sk the young farmer's $n$ ife. if she does not think she leek happrer in the performance of her hooseho d
duties, than can the gay fashionable ladies. that, I an sorr! to say, infest our fair l'acific's constthe lind if industry and great reward-who are to be sect at nearly every
 ere. len to alh:ire the $r$ costl) jewth, a $w=$ re
fantast c patterns of the futare, $w$ pe aps not
native Sintu; when they hear the names of
Shakespearo, Byron, Franklin, Washington, Daniel Webster, spoken, startlo with amazenment and think in their mntutored minds, they inust be all fishermen (like the renowned lsatac Walton), or some great sen captain; their linowledge of books might extend to Mother Goose's Mclodies, or the fourtli chapter of the new testament. These ladies sit, hourly listening to the heartless flattery of some braintess dandy, who doubtless has no enough of tho precious oro, after a sojourn of five or six jears in this far off golden sunset land, to pay his laundry or hoard bill. Where, my dear fashionables, are your aged mothers that taugh you those early, industrious habits of domestic duties? If they stitl live, their hardened palms with honest toil are raised against you as reproo of your negligence, Did they complain of their duties as a wife and a gentle, tender mother ? were they not happy in plying the spinning wheel to make the checkered home-made cloth to array your delicate little forms, which is now lair care lessly aside for the glittering silks and rustling satins which probably your husbands toiled early and late with a throbbing brow and aching heart to obtain?
I say, at once remove this spirit of display from your gandy hearts, and show the husband of your choice jou are his belpmate, not bis helpless, helpeat, helpdress, heartless wife. Then, hor soon will his careworn countenance and downeast looks be exchanged for mirth and cheerfulness and as he goes whistling at his plow, thinking the while of the steaming dinncr that is a waiting bim on his return home, prepared (by a lon: lis of useless servants? No, gentle reader, ) by lis smiling little wife, whose fnce is wreathing with smiles; with one hand spreading the white linen table.ctoth, and with the other rocking the cradle singing a lively lullaby to a pair of bright eyes that are often peering out and wondering what delays his daddy. What scene then on earth more bright than this? Where are those olden times, those jouthfut, happy days, when I saw my old mother drawing the long thread of tinen from the flaxen distaff? Thoso days pass in pleasant review before we; those old spinning whecls are all laid aside with the old family loom in the old dusty garret, lor the spiders to spin their dust webs in. Ilow long shall those good old fashions slumber forgotten?
I love the farmer's life! the pure morning air untarnished by eity infections. I love the lowing herds, tho green piastures and fields of wavin grain, and the sweet warbling of the feathered songsters which liko to congregate in that big oak by iny window-which come to axake me every innrning. I'tl tell about a litte pietit brown hird of mine, so tamo as to cone and si anul sing a plaintive tuno nom the window sili where I am writing. But see there! he's gonehe's flown amid the hranches of the hroad oak. where his brother songiters greet him bra merry twittering in their liny throats. Such rural senes as these will give happiness and harmony to every action, and life $w$. Il run like a gotden threal. Time thas spent wil glide pleasantly uy and leare behind the consciousness of durice well performed and days well spent. Teader would you secure the true end and aim of $\mathrm{lif} \cdot \mathrm{s}$ employ it in the service of your family and mankinul; let each one of 10 ar household an l viemity know and feel the rajs of the sanshine of your helping theart: aim to be nseful in your own

## 

La lies let jowr infl ence. je $r$ examp a your fforls, $a$ be dreeced $10 t$ is end, and yo $r d_{3}$ a $n+1$ be crowned with blesegnes and you will de
seend to your long resting place witho it a learCrend to your long resting place witho ta lear-

Nore poco tiempo.
Alice.


## कीtliscellauy.

## An Incident in the Life

The following thrilling story, oxhibiting the reroism of a New York Firenan, we clip from He New York Tribune. The facts were narrated y an eyo witness:
"It was the night of the 17th of Marel. 1850. A heavy slect had fallen during the diay and the
treets were covered with slush and nyld. The Spring of that year was very backwaril and the night to which wo refer was quite as cold as any in January. The alarm of "fire" was pallel from the City Hall bell and thence coinmunicated to the 『arions other watch towers throughout the the ropes manned as well as though the weather had been pleasant ; for changes in season do not retard the fircmian in the performance of his duty. Onward they go, the men cheering each otber on
their way. Arrived at the scene of action, it is their way. Arrived at the scene of action, it is ound that the house, No. 89 I. 2 Bowery, is completely at the nerey of the flanes. It is a large double building, and the fire, originating in the
ower pait, has cut off the retreat of some wretch. ower pait, has cut off store recreat of some wretch ed occupants. The store contains a large quantity of oil and varnish, whieh feed and give rital-
ity to the flames. The crowd opens as the engines pass through it ; there is a monent's pmeparation, pass then the black, snake-like coils of leather
and
hose rise and fall like things of life; bundreds o hose rise and fall like things of lite ; bundreds of ings out upon the air as the first clear hissing et of water is brought to bear upon the burning building. Cheer follows cheer as stream after stream shoots ayainst the burning mass, now fly ing into the socket-holes of fire set in the blacl ace of the loouse-front, now dashing with a loud Glling off in broken showers. Suddenly there was a lond
Suduenly there was a lond, shrill cry, and the which a woman and children are visible. There
woman faces is is an exclamation of despair, for the Hook and Ladder Companies have not yet arrived! It wil equirc time to drag these huge vehicles orer such mpassable streets, and ineantime those wreteled people witl be consumed, for the flames are now acircling the window frame at which they stand A deafening slout goes forth; the foreminn of Atlas llose Company. No. It has brought a ladder from an adjoinlng liouse. It is placed against th walt and is fouml to be three feet too shorts! The, roll npa hogshead, on which the tudler is crected,
and now it comes withln a few inches. There is rush to see the shall be the first to co 10 the a rush to see who shall be the first to go to the
rescue and the young man whose forethough provided the means has won the placo of hono and of danger. A dozen men stand by to sustain he base of tho ladder; a shower of water is thrown over the adventurons, joung man, and he disappears in the smoke and flimes, A moment afterward he re-appears, bearing the insensible form of a woman. A prolonged cheer welcomes hiin, and after depositing his burden in the arms
of a brother tirenian, he turfs to reaceend. Again of a brother tirenian, he turfs to re-aveend. Again he is wrapped in darkness, and again le appear -this time it is a child whow he has sared. The he hamo have oscrened in rolume, an the hold of the hrave rescuer is wavering and unin his chiralrous discharce of dutr, but acoin her ascends to the rescue, and amain he is again he scends to tre rescue, and again he is crowne liverer of both her choldiren
I he firemen now crowd to the lanse nf the ladder. They insint upon some one of their number mainuig the heroic youth, who is scarce afle to answers, ". there upon tho runge. "No!" he onee more." And again he aceends. This tine it is necessary to kcep the water playing inces antly upon the uindow. for the flames enercle every portion of the wood-work. The fireman is
seen al the window; be is evidently cal ing for anme one, but thero appears to bo no ansuer. His foot is on the highest rung, and his body leans He is seen to eraap at is in ething-to dras an
 to commence the work of deccent. Bit ere he
rearlies hal F ay his strenct is exhsisted; he

 T mame of this rase man is Jas. R Mount.
He is st fir an of t er $e$ in wh h he




Xewfoundland Telegraph Enterprise,-
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## MARRIED.

## On the 15th Sept. in this oits, hy Rev. Mr. Shuck, Georg



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mont,
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cioty's Rooms. Fourth etrcet, hetwern $J$ and $K$, where all who ara inter eated in Agricultyre and kindred Sciences are invited to call. severul bundred epecimens in all departinents are on exhi hion cimetaly, and is the object or the Socicty to muk apen daily, (Sundays excepted,) and are frec to all. They ar nder the charge of the Editor of the Califonnia Farmikr, arther any interest connected with egrieulure.
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T Ex-Alderman Parkins ends in the follow laror of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, Di. S. W. Fowle: Dear Sir-For meveral day, Feb I hall heen Di. S. W. Fowic: Dear Sir -For हeveral day $\geqslant$ I hall hee
sulfering from the effects of a severe cold, accompanied hy acitated me for bueiness. I bad taken hutt a simpll portion or tingle hottie of this Bullan, wben I experienced inmediut relief. My cough wis brokea up at once, amil my lungs abtirel attilinte this entirely to the gond effecta of your wild Cherr as Itook nu uther incu
dicine whatever. I eorriunlly recommeud it to mill my lriemus.

Mall. S. Perkins.
 Suld ly dull Druscieto.
C. L. NORTII

MACHINE SEWINQ,
 Irving's Life of Washington.






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## 3) $\mathfrak{3}$ とietie:

$\xrightarrow[\text { Mapanese Beverage - Jamcs Keenan, in an }]{\text { mereating letter about Japan says that : sacie }}$ interesting letter about Japan, says that s.scie,
the principle drink of the country, is supposed $t$ consist of sour whiskey, tobacco juice and aqua Dubing the May anniversaries in New Yorl the following dialogue was overheard bet ween
two newsboy's: -I sar, Jim, what's the meaning f 10 mauy ministers being here all together? " Why," answered Jim, scorvfully, "they always
meets bere once a year to exchange sermons with meets here
cach othér."
Mutual Compliments.-Smith and Brown running opposite ways round the corner, struck
eaeh other. "O, dear." said Stnith. "how youl make my hcad ring;" "That's a sign it is hol ow," said B. "Don't yours ring?", said Smith friend.
A short time since, some young man. going
from Columbus to Cineinnati Obion in the ere getting rather noisy and profano, when untleman in a white eravat tapped one of them on the shoulder, with the remark: "Young man do you know you are on the road to perdition?"
"Thal's just my luck ; I took a ticket for Cincin ati, and l've got on the wrong train.
A bickering pair of Quakers werc lately beard a high controversy, the husband exclaiming. I am determined to have one quict weck wit thee !" "But how wilt thou be able to get it?"
said the taunting spouse, in "rciteration," which married ladics so spouse, in rciteration, "hinch "ill keep thee a week after thou art dead:" he Quakcr's rejoinder.
IT is not good to speak evil of all whom wc know bad ; it is worse to judge evil of any who mas prove good. To speak ill upon knowledge
shows a want of charity ; to speak ill upon sus hows a want of charity; to speak ill upon sus icion, shows a want of honesty. I will not queak so bad as I know of many ; I will not speak corsc hand and not snow of any. To know evil or speak eril spaak in, is sometimes discretion tishonesty. ITe may be evil himself who whay ood of others upon knowledge ; but he can nave phe good bimself who speaks evil of otbers upou uspicion.
The Cambringe Elm.-Some public spirited citizens of Cambridge have lately ercted arounc inl mranite base on which to pquare, a substan for the protection of that noble tree nclosure has been placed a relic of antiquitywhich has recently come to light-o antiquityn which is incribed "Boston 8 miles-1734." l'his slab nust have becn marked then, to show the distance from Canibridge to Boston througl Brighton and Roxbury; this being the rout usually traveled at that time, uulcss the ferry was used.-Canı'ridge Chronicle.
Uprigut Men.-We lore upright men. Pull
helin this way and the other and bit never break. Trip them down, and in a trice hey are on their fret again. Bury them in the mud. and in an hour they rould be out and bright. Youn cannot keep thein dorrn-you cannot destroy them. They are the salt of the earth Tho but they start any noble project? They wild our cities, whiten the ocean with their sails, are oark of their energy; and wh, and catch the park of wam in eneur , and when joir feel the hoble purnose do not let its tlow be checled some hough the world be ever so censorious or mis udging; and though you may hare scen many orave heart lacerated at the world's heattlossness alter not but press on-try the steep pass: un $p$ its rugged sutmmit, and you shall altsin its highest station.

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| antann, Eurteka, and Buchsport.v'snewapaper stand, No. 5 Poat Office Building; Kims- |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { rerr, Midinell's, Butte Co, } \\ & \text { Walikon\& Co. Coloma. } \\ & \text { Adwell \& Cu., Mary*ville, } \\ & \text { S. Force \& Co., do } \end{aligned}$ |  |
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## Improvement of Stock.

No one subject of more importnnce to Calitor Orains, Agricultural interests, if me excep Grains, than the subject of Stock raising, and the improvement of each and all classes of it.
For this reason wo shall take pains to present. often, sketches of Stock Farms, Letters from Stock Raiscrs, giving their varicd plans and successesand we shall present Engravings of the very finest stock imported into the country, that it may serve to give our stock raisers a view of the animals themselves, and thus enable those who are not lamiliar witb tho good points, to ascertain and learn them.
We have made arrangemruts to have cuta and engravings of all the best animals imported into the United States. We hove reccived screra engravings already: and shall begin with this number to offer thicin. The space they occupy with the details, prevent our offering but one ench week; but wo trust sulficient interest will be a nnkened to this subject to aid us in the enter. prise, so that we many enlarge by dे cover with mayy. plates. An increased favor will induce us to increased exertions.
 Farm and Stock of Mr. Jonathan Thorne Tins farm is in tho town of Washington Pounh heelusie. auti ahont 80 in iles in a direct line narth of the city of New York. Altogether Mr. Thorne pussesses over 600 acres; of which the homestead known under the appropriate name of
Thorne talc. contains 360 acres. This dies in the Thorne tulce, contains 360 acres. This dies in the form of a pariallelogram, whose surface is beanti-
fully is revsilied by lavgo smooth rolling hills, with a rich valler bet ween. Through this mean ders a clifar rivinct, spreatling out into a precty
lake in ront of the mansion, then lear ping hy steals oll uliet $1 \cdot$ into the thick-meted arass. The soll of this farn is fertile throulthon, well adsptel to gratine to which papse it at present more particularly devoted. Mr. T. inherited this property from his father. the estat liariug been first purchased by his great grond
father. It has lieen under bic inumithee super vlsion ouly a feew years, hon cluring whiel Lime he has inade stock, which, Mr. Therne has imported from time to tiune froun England, more partieularly the pasi
vear, and at a cost hitherto unparalles in this country. Some have made rather invidious rethey do bot take that broad and comprehensive view of the enterprise which it merits Mr. T.is in pusesssion of ampie means; he has greal taste
for tino stock: he wants something to interest
 part of ha sttention to breeding and rearng cuce antrals 3 If ho der res no o med ate pe.
euniar profit frow it biesef, be wil have the grat dica if havig dome his countr! a great
beneit ir is of lits; Yuited Su-o In reap a neh reward for bls ex-
siee if he d not hech then, whil


Of the females, Lallah Rookb in her presen form is, upon the whole. perhaps the most perfect in Mr. Thorne's herd; although she does not quite and manner of standing on her fore legs, nor is she hardly so full in her quarter; but then w must recollect she is not so old as the Duches and may yet equal ber in these points. Th reader, howerer, must not misunderstand such criticisms; for it is like trying to point out a fla in the statuea of a Porer, or a Craisford. Lallah Roolh is as near perfection as an animal pro bahly ever attained. Wie need not particnlarize her fino head. cyes, horns, etc. She was calved
December. 1851 ; ber eolor is a rich red; bred December. 1851 ; her eolor is a rich red; bre
by Mr. Torneley, of Towneley Park, snd is hy the Squire. (12.217) dam Lavinia, by Prince Er nest, (4.\&18.) She cost 400 gulneas- $\$ 2000$. there was in England, and as a ploof that we nere right In our jurgmens, I may mention she was shoren at all the different Fairs with a heifer called V'eatris, also bred by Mr. Towneler. L. R
took all the lst premioma. and V. the d . Laat took all the lst preminma. and V. the dd. Lat
rear. (L. 13. being in this conntry,) Vestris takes rear. (L. Il. being in this conntry, ) estris tane
the lst preminns-thus ahowing there was inn the 1 st preminna-thiss ahowing there warime
left as good as L . R. She came over as a yearling but had then won four prizes; her sire, th hut had then
Squire, won eight.
Fredenca was calred Jannary. 1851. She is the same color, anil nearly as perfect as Lallah
Rookh. the was alun lired by Mr. Towneley and is by Cpstart. ( 9700 ) dam Feathers, by th
Doke of Cornwall, ( $5 \mathrm{Of7}$. She cost 30 M ginea -515 cm . Frederica aloo was a Ereat prize isker she won six prizes, a gold and a silver medal, an was the beet of a lot of three that won a band some t me-piece, aq the three beat short horn" 1 . the yard at the celel,rated Ionk -hire show in '5:
Frederica dropt Oct. 29 th, last a very fine furl Frederica drapt Oct 29th, last a very fine finl Anest call of its size 1 ever aw
Thase Mro heif ra were town
ge, in Mr. Towneley's I erd.
Nuchess G-th was hred by Mr. Bates. She 1
that deep rich red wo rharamieristic of th's famil!
and which we ea much adenire, She was ca ved
in Augush 1849 and is b) id If ke of 11xf-d.
 thomberland ( 3 Gi9) She bas we e car waxy much liked. and which wase a pecular init in the old Duebes iribe as bred by C r llugh Emith-
son, afterwards Dukie of Northumbeiland and subsequently by Mr. Charles Colog. She is of Lallah Rookh; hot oo account of in ther head a Lallah Rooth; hot oo scoount of her besed g-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { more for her tian any ofrcov Mr Thr } \\
& \text { She was p. Thased : the lase Earl Dent. }
\end{aligned}
$$

 Bates Sbe cont is
Ilachesa 59 th is
llochesa 5 thi, is a a rit ron she moe


Oleveland Lart. (3,408.) Sho wras bred by Capt Dilke, of Masstoke Castlc. Peri is also by Grand Duke. dam Pink, by 2 d Duke of York, $(5,959$.$) She was calved June$ 852, and is a decp ric. San; she ine all and about as pertect as Lallah Rookh; luas unfor-
tunately had one horn knocked off | does no other injury. Bred by Mr. Bolden, of Aurora Allspicc, by 2 d Duko of Northumherland (3.646) is another superb animal; sbe is red and white calf at her foot, nearlo red, got by 5 th Duke of York. Bred by Mr. 'Protter, of Middleham Mystery was bred by the late Earl Durie. She is red, with seattered while hairs ; calved May 1850. and is by Ursurer (9.763,) damm Minstre by Count Conrad, ( 3,510 .) In shane, etc., she
resembles Duchess 59 th ; she has a bull calf. dropped in March by the Duke of Glaster a deep rich roan. very tine head and eyes, and stylish liko his dam. All the cuws with the excention of Darling, we believe, have been bred to Grand Dulse; besides several other fine thorough-bred short-horn cows, which we do not particularize. Young Balco is nearly all red, and is a splendic caring bull. He is by Balco ( 9.918 , ) dam Ellen Gwynne, by Sir Harry (10.819.) Mr. Thorn used him some in his herd this sumni The above are only a portion of the supert hort horns on Mr. Thorne's farm; yet, lest wo hould fatigne our readors, we forbear further de-Horses.-Mr. Edwin Thorne has a fino, stout ast-trotting maro, with a splendid filly colt a er foot; she is by the trotting stallion Jupiter y Andrew y, by the Longiand comanonly elecant set of the neck and head and is about as near right, all over, as one could deire. She will innquegtionablr inake a fast stout nd enduring animal when full grown. There is no unoro valuable stock in the world than the ell-bred trotters of the United States. Sooth-Down Sneer.-There, Mr. Thorlic has heen just as particular in selecting as be bas his Short-horns. IIis flock consists of the luck 112 , which he obtained of Mr. Jonas Webl, of B.abra IRm, for 130 guiness- $\$ 650$; twenty choice ewes so, of Mr. Webb, seren of which came out in lainb to his huck which took the first prize at the Thew of the lioyal Agricultural Society at Jewes. The reat took the buck 112 after their arriva wee from Mr Lnmar which tank the lirat pito the show of the Society at Gloucenter; and ive prize ewes from Lord Walsinghan's fock prize tof these were in lamb to Mr. Lugar's olit prize bock, which he (.ir. L.) has recenily had
the great misfortune of losing. We cannor slieak coo highly of this buct, nor of the ewes at il their fambs. They remind us of Mr. Wethl, 's best breeders, and are richly worth the mo tha has lieen parl for them. We would $\mu, j 110$ a particolar de-ription of the luck 112 a it moe of the ewea of we thought it necessary to show their m
Loxo. wooled Saeer.-Vr Thorne heasuferior theck of thewe, long. broad roind, it and bas erosend a few of his Lonz. won dew it has eresend a few of his Long. won dew, it E zla-d ft market lam
Fics-llere we fonnd quite an a rt .nt
 are the favor ces $\pi$ th and are in e we
rst $k$ o thes, a d dhat mas a ut twen $j$ ! ars



Fruits Exhibiten at the Society's Roomb Sepr. 22.-Frow the garden of the Messrs. Sanserain and Rrotbers, Los Angeles, successora to Don Louis Tigne, and placed on exhibition by Dr. T. J. White, of San Francisco-
Two Oranges-the largest neensured in circumference by the long diameter, 12 1-2 inches; by
the transverse $I 13-4$ inches. Color, bright yeilow next the sun; on the opposite side, greenish jellow. The surface presents more than usual corrugation; weight 13 ounces.
Eight Lemons-the largest measured in circumferonce by long diameter 9 I- 4 inches, and by the transrerse, $91-2$ inches. The color is an agreeable admixture of yellow and green. They pressed in the longitudinal parallel. Weight 7 ounces; rind smooth, and slightly ribbed.
Three Citron Lemons-the largest measu
Chree Citron Lemons-the largest measured in circumference by the longitudinal diameter IS $3-4$
inehes, and by the transferse. I6 $1+4$ inclies;
wise Iweight, 2 pounts 11 ounces; color, vellowisil
green, slighty ribbed, rind sluuoth. Thie gentle-
inen under whose culture this magnificent fruit was produced deserves the highest comminent frution.
B. B. Baow,
Chairman Connmittee on Fruits.

The attention of farmers is particularly called to the advertisement of Messrs. Dunne \& Co., in
another column. They are a Iong and well established house-pionsers in California trallo, having been engaged in successful business since early in well cstablished, should give them the confidence of f.rmers. Their brick warehouse is of the eapacity of six clipper ships, or 8,000 tons, and is
in a most farorable location on the curnor of Battery street and Broadvray, and convenient to

Aceording to the estimates of Gen. Wool, Gor.
Bigler, and otlier gentlemen on the judges' stand Bigler, and other gentlemen on the judges' stand
there were seven thousnd people on the Fair grounds yesterday. Upwards of eight hundred
 cade a nuinber of annusing of the the ints and lanse carnless
accidents occurred which time and space will not acciaents occurred, which time and space will not
pornit ns to glance at. One darkey, slrelling alongt in a sulky, was run into by a 'Pike county"
magon and made to "bite the dust." Howerer. crery body devoured more than "their peck of
dist." as tho entire length of the road was enveloyed in a dense cloud of dust. - Union. Siret Porntoes. The trio baskets of mam-
moth sweet potatoes on moth sweet potatoes on exthibition at the State
Eair were raised by Joln G. Allmond, Oakwood
Firm Sacren Farm, Sacranuento county, instcad of in San Jose,
no originally reported. Rats AT
on the 15 th
fell ot llum

## Ifumolnt.-The Times says, that

 th of September, henvy rainhAt Fort Inmulutdt, according gauge of tho surgeon, the quantity
1.08 inch.
©he Califoniax fiatmer.
SACRAMEETO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1855.



The Triumph of the Fair.
Tie hall of the Assembly Chamber at the Capitol, last evening, was the best evidence of the
interest our citizens are beginning to feol in the valuc of these Industrial Exhibitions. The Union of this morning. says:
The question is setled; the State Agricultural
Fair has been held in Sacramento, and wa feel Fair has been held in Sacramento, and wa feel
justified in pronomneing it a triumpbant exhibijustified in pronounciag it a riumpant exhioi-
tion for Joung California. Her productione in
the prain, vegetable, floral. fruit, mineral and the grain, regetable, floral. fruit, mineral and
animal world, astonish her own citizens now.;
let five more years be added to her age, and California productions will b
by tbe civilized world.
The Tribune says:
Yesterdis will be long remembered for the im-
nense gathering and atractive exhibition at the Louisiana lisee Course ; the day having been se apart for the exhibition of stock and for the
Equestrian exercises. at an early hour the interest Equestrian exictises. at an early hour the interest
felt was manilested by the unisnal nuwuer of vehicles and horesmen about the streets of this,
city, and upon the roads leading to the track,
thera wse one continued train during the whole thera was onativing at the grounds at $10,1 . \mathrm{M}$.
day. We found a large company alrendy a.ssembled,
which by tro o oclock was increased to the largest which by tro o clock was increased the the largest
concoursa of ladies and gentlemen horses and rehicles that have ever inet together in this State.
The number of persons present was not less than six thousand.

Every conceivable sort of conveyance was
ought into requisition, and it was a matter of universal astomishment to sec so many buggies
sulkies, carriages, wasons and carts together; one sulkies, carriages, wagons and carts together; ont
would suppose the entire wheeled establistunents of the Stute had veen collsected. then number was so great. There was an inmmense number on
horseback, representing every grade and style of horsemanship, from tha most magnificent eharger and well-dressed rider in glores, the native Caliv-
fornians with their spirited steeds and onique fornians with their spirited steeds and unique
costune. to the humble "mula" and not less conented "b'llog," bent on having a good time. We give rooin this week to publish the rery
ble address of the President, logether with a able address of the President, logether with a
portion of the amards. Our next number will be as full and complete as possible.

## The Right Spirit.

Sacmamento knows her duty, and will do it as the following facts will show. On Monday an able memorial was presented to the Mayor and
City Council, signed by a large number of the oldest citizens, requesting the authorities to take some intercst in the coming State Fair, and to ofer sueh courtesies as are due from the govern-
ment of one city to that of a sister eity. A pullic ment of one city, to that of a sister eity. A pullic
inceting was called at the Orleans, on Monday evening: which was largely attended. The meet. ing was organized by a ppointing J. Necely Johnson, Esq., Governor elect. as Chairman, and Mr
IThite as Secretary.
The President upon taking the Chair addressed the citizens in an earnest and able manner, pre-
senting the impostance of giving public testimony d eneourarcment to all branches of industry. J. W. Winans, Esq., then delirered one nf his usual felicitous speeches, chaining his audience by his eloquence inore than half an hour.
Mr. W. wns succeeded by E. B. Crocker, Esqwho showed by his zeal for the cause, his interest
in and lidelity to it. Mr. Crocker then offered tho following:
Resolved, That a committcc of thirteen be ap-
pointed by the President to nieet and welconie pointed by the President to neet and welconie
conuuittees from our sister cities, to confer with
the City. Council, and unake such otier arrangethe City Council, and inakc such other arrange-
ments as thic occasion may's seen to require. Adopted. and the following committee appoint-
ed: Goo. John Bigler. E. B. Crocker, L. Upson, Capt. II. Waters, Jos. H. . . .evect, C. I. Hutclin son, J, W. Winans, J. II. Ralston, J. R. IIarden-
bergh: B. B. Redding. Dr. J. F.Morsc, Col. Selby apt. Ilarron
Un motion,
Un motion, the meeting adjourned.
A meeting of the Council was enlled, and a Reception Committee was appointed by the anthorities to receive and tender the hospitalities of
the eity to committees or delegations from other places in the State who may risit the city to attend tho State Agricultural Fair. Sueh risitors are requested to report themselves at the Mayor's
office, in the Reservor Building. This is indeed meeting the great sulject of $A g^{*}$
ioulturo in the right spirit, and suoh action must ioulturo in the right spirit, and suoh action must
efflect honor abroad, and give satisfaction at home. We rejoice to record it.
In our next issue we shall publish the oration
Ex-Governor Foote.

SECOND ANNUAL STATE FAIR.
TaE Hall of the Assenbly Chamber
Tre Ilall of the Assently Chamber was thrown open to the public at half-past seven p.al.
on Tuesday evening, and, as we had anticipated, an anxious and expectant crowd soon filled the Hall, amongst whom inight have been seen the beanty, fashion and intelligence of our city and and State. Wc noticed conspieuous citizens from many places; and, if we can judge from joyou countenances, we believe all were highly pleased
with the eridences presented of the power of our with the eridences presented of the power of ou
soil to yield almost evergthing that the heart of man could crave; for the cye must be blind to
truth, that secing these products would not beOn entering the spacious hall of the building, the visitior's eyes are atracted oowards a large
patent cheesep press oimple in ins construction, and
a California invention. Arranged nlong the east side of the liall, may be seen a nuubber of Mar-
shall's patent ploms; also, " May Queen" washing machine, manufactured in San Eraneisco, by From the
From thie Encinal Tanning Coinpany's depot, in San Franeisco, are beautiful speciraens o
tanned lentler, and on the opposite sido of the
hall, are two beautiful stores frum tho manufac hall, are two beautiry
tory of Vooo \& Co.

Rext came twro clriving apple trees of but tis San Jooce and adjoining them a magnificent cialk of Egrptian corn grown in this city, and tempt
ing eynumg to suit the fastidious taste of Cleopa tra. At tho extrenity of the hall is a beautiful
crowing castor oil bean plant, and all about itar growing castor oil bean plant, and all about itare
sreern in admirable prolusion, beets, potatoes and
calliteors caulitiowers.
The first thing that strikes the eye upon enter ing the hall is the beautiful fountain that bursts
up before you from the center of tho hall, the up before you from the center of tho hall, the
water jetting from the moutlis of the dolphins and shells that surround the pipes; the whole surmounted by cupid. The jetting columns dif fuse a delighteful temperature to the atmosphere
of the hall 'To J. II. Nerett, Esq. the Society of the hall. 'To J. II. Nerett, Esq, the Society
and the public owe much for this beautiful and
healtiful addition to the ball healthful addition to the hall.
Stretching across the upper portion of tho north
wall of the chanter may be read the inoto: "So God created nuan in hisown image - in the imago of God creatcd he him, male and female created
he them." Orer the portrait of Clay appears this saying of the statesnnan: "Our country, our whol country. and nothing but our country: and abo
left is suspended Washington's portrait, and above it the motto: "First in war, first in peace, and right of the speaker's rostruun and abore the piclure of Sutter. the inotto: "our noble pioncer.".
In conspieuous places allo over the rom are is played in large capithls the nadnes of the various countics of the State. In addition also to the
above, are to be sen fastened to the vaths strips
of cloth bearin these mothes: "The whole earth of cloth bearing these mottoes: "The whole earth
is fult of his glory;" (. And God said, behold 1 have given you every herb bearing sced which is
upon the face of the earth, and erery treo in the upon the face of the earth, and crery treo in the
which is the fruit of a tree yielding seed; to you Thich is the fruit or a tree yielding seed; io you agriculture ;" "IIail to thec, California, garden of world."
Orer the door is, "I know nothing which will add so much to the greatness of a cointry as the nprovement or tagriculure, the lirict and most important oc cupation of man." - Jnckson.
Agrieulture. the soul, thic basis of the Em-
Extending across the western wall of the ehain
ber is this quotation : "T We wat ber is this quotation: "The earth wns sad, th garden was a wild, and man, the heruit, sighed
till "uman smilied." Under the aboro appears tho seriptural phrase
"Man was made a litue lower than the angels" "Alan was made a little lower than the angels." shonld be predouinant."一Clay. lobby, the first
On the left of the door, in the lom objects which excite the wonder and adniration egetables. Anous then are tiro baskets of inamnoth sweet potatocs, fair specinuens of three acres of their fetlows, grown on a farm in San
Josc. Next, is a tablo containing rolls of tolac o. cured, frum Cuba seed, and grown by Dr Brown, of Sacramento. Adjoining these specimens are two flourishing tobucco plants, growing lux
whiantly in tubs. These are five feet in light and the learces fiticen inches in length. Here are also speciucusis of to bacco grown on the banks on
the Sueranemto. by Alcsists. Hooker \& Fern. the sueramento. Uy thesiss.
Arnged alung the inside of the lol, by nre dis played two inmense swect potatoes, weighing to-
gether eleten pounds; from the Yolo side of the irer a big basket of oniuns, "1 to four pounds, and sonnc of which measure twen ty inches in circumferenco; bags coutaining pars-
mims two feet in lengtl, beets uf twenty pounds mps two feet in lengtl, beets of twenty pound
wright, and potatoes, any onc of which would make a meal for the biggest Irish fanily in Tip perary; al.o, howatoes une fout in circmmference squasics as beig as punpiplin.
big as the head of a barrel.
On the same side of the room is a lot of olegan
saddlery, froun the establishincult of A . 89 S strect $;$ and, next to it, a handsomo " Cotden Gat " storc, cast in this city, Ly Messrs. Ken-
dill \& Co. A Lasket of giant tomatoes, raised at tho Shel1
Mound Nursery, and presentcd by J. L. Sandford,
attracted universal adiniration. no less on aecount atraeted universal adiniration. no less on accoun
of their hyge diniensions than their lrilliant colbr and handsome proportions. Ou the saine table are baskets of large squinsh peppers and long red
peppers, presented D, Jumes E. Johnson, Mission
an Jose also anique lonk San Josc; ; also, unique lonking scollop, squashes rom the same gardens. Then come onions, potaLoes, \&e.. from Hooker \& Ftrn, also specinens of
rhite wheat, barley' and oats, very plump and ealthy, from J. E. Johnson.,
Amoig tbe many poniological curiosities in Among toe many pomological curiosities in
his part of the room.tho speimens of Spanish
fission peans and peaches called forth oxpressioss ission pears and peaches called forth expressioss is a cluster of twelve large pears, and on the other, stem five feet long. are no less than thirty mag,
nifient nificent peaches, some of which ineasired seven nd L. Sanders, Esqs.
A choice lot of Sacramento pottery ware, and sonvenir parior store, intended for the conumption of either wood or coal, are to be seen in this vicinit. Itero, also, is a sunflower, three
fect in cireumference; bushels of Sactamento and Yolo peanuts - some of thein two inches in length glimpse of which would throw the pit or the
Bowery Theatre into ecstaeies. Just beyond hese, and under the west window of the room re two cheses-one weighing 185 pounds, and
another 117 pounds-from the dairy of Samuel Lewis, Petaluna.
The table to tho right of the window is larlen Wind bags of flour, from the Stock ton City Mills;
venue Nitls Stockton ; Star of the West Mills nd the Star of the Pacific, the first mill erected old lettered, end labelled from the Marysville ills, was the subject of deserved Bags of corn meal are also exhibited.
A lot of Chile (Valencia) muskinelons, in color
o nearly resembling squashes as to to mistaken oo nearly resembling squashes as to bo mistaken年 them by alnost everybody, eorered a sinall table in front of the tlour bags. By their side
are two norel fruit pickers, the invention of some Ynnkee genius. Under the table, the great cuOn of tine twin musk and watermelons. On the next table are boxes of nently bottled
oda and sarsaparilla, from Chase \& Co. Dlarysille; Lippineot and Vaughn, Stockton.
Ranged side by side, under thesc tables, nre Kanged side by side, under these tables, nre
ix monster pumphins, one of which weighs 135 pounds.
Uenter Tables. - These were the grand receptacles for the smaller fruits, slirubs, poruolog-
ical and floral curiosities,
sc. On one are elooice llessrs. Cook \&it Jack son, of this city. Une plate contains clusters of the White Syrian, and on the label attached is this explanation: "This is the grape mentioned in the scriptures as found
by the Israelites on the brook of Eschul, tho branches of which were so large as to be borne
on a stiff by uro men." "There ure also specimens of the Royal rose Claasselas, royal Musendine, white Frontignan, nnd white Sweetwater. Dr. T. J. White, sanl Francisco from the cardeus of Los Anycles; and on the end of the table, the ngton Meelis, of this city, $15 \mathrm{l}-2$ inches by $1+\mathrm{I}-2$ inches. Nexi cane a number of beautiful citron
lenon oranges. tho largest of urbich measures 19 emon oranges, tho largest of which measures I9
nelics longitudinally--liese were grown in tho cics longitudinally- liese were grown in tho
ineyard of Messre Sansevaint, Los Angeles. 'the remainder of this table is adorned with) plates of Seckle pears, from Levirclling's Rancl, San
Jose Missiun ; stems laden down with anples, and many varieties of fruits of erery description
and indigemous to the snil of Californin.
The show of apples is exceedingly. finc, and for-
ver puts at rest all doubts as to the eapability nd suitableness of our soil for the culture of this delicious fruit. Kellogg's orchard, in Napa, furmshes tho Yellow Bellitower, Rosbury Russet, Baldwin and Nisopus spitzenterghl.
Two elegant seedling peaches,
Two elegant seedling peaches, uf a foot in cir-
cumference, plucked from a treo two years old cumference, plucked from a treo two years old in
the garden of P. L. Winmor, Colomina, were spchie garden of P. L. Wimmer,
cial objects of wonderment.
At the western central table a great crowd was grouped about a littlo garden plot of strawberrics, resistible with us che temptation was alinost irresistible with us to pluck tho forbididen fruit.
These plants are froin the famons Slietl Mound iursery, near San Antonio, and on them nre
raised thirty-two rarietiea of berries. Oue of the lovey Seedlings irrigated our mouth for a month afterward. It measures four inches in circumfercrenco, and is ns benutiful ns hargc.
Un the walls abore this table are beautiful aluples of raiserle embroidery work, needle work,
nd worsted worls, designed and e.eccuted by Mrs. tephens, of this city. Many of these specimens ro vory ingeniousty as well as tastefluly "rought, and exeited approuatory remarks froin visiturs. pastil drawings, nlso by the sainc lady, nee very neritorious productions.
A wrought, drat colored piano cover, by Mrs. pecinen of of shell Mound, is as handsome a inany of the Fairs in thoso states where the matrons are more luature in age and experience tlaan in Califurnia.
The spaco about the Speaker's rostrun ia very
heautiful temple, built by $A$. Saul, E‘sq., the able beautirut tennic, , buit by A. Saul, L
A gracefill treo, denominated the Auricnrin exthe Messirs, Savith, is one of thic clioicest mad nuoat valunble trees to be found in the State. It occi-. valunte creess action found in the state. It occellBull rushics (not dangeruus) from Cuyote


 eases of chapeanx, of Cullins' manufacture; de
gant painting of Neu Fugland landseape scenery
and other nuticles of use and ornament, complet the collection which is now on exhibition at the
capital.
Anong the distinguished visitors from abroad. re obser ved Gen. Wool and sinte. a large number of more yunthul epaneded gentemen,
koote, Frauk Soule, nud Ex-Gov. Burnett.
The inaugural address, Dy Gell, C 1. Hntelinson. was elegantly woll delivered, and listencd to attention by the crowded auditory. It will be ADHRPSS OF GEN. C. T. HUTUIINSON, paranent of etate agnicultuanl society.
Ludies and Gentlemen. members of the Cali. furnia State Agricultural Saciety.
The uccasion which culls together thi and rexpectable nssemblage is one of no ordinary interest. isefore us, spread out in rich profusion Agriculture-some of the results wheh in this Agriculture-some of the results which, in this ligent peoplc. have followed the application of enterprise and industry. Looking back through the five bricf jcars of our existence as a Statc. e can hardly fail of being struck with woudcr at the position in which we find ourselves placed
To one accustomed to reckon time by Eastern chronology, and to base his calculations of the period required for the attainment of a given object "pon computations familiar to the farmers of older States, the occasion is pregnant with suh-
jects for the most instructive reflections. The past seems liko a dream, the memory of which the evidence of his senses when the triumphs of the evidence of his senses
the present are recalled.
Those of us who emigrated from our old and to be called upqn to engage in the innosing certo be ealled upgn to engage in the inposing cer-
emonies of an occasion liko the present. Then other motives prompted our actions, and other siasm at the brilliant reports which cvery breeze from the Pacific wafted over our aborles, and dazzled with the golden visions which floated before us, we cnne to amass wealth in other less noble, but, at that time, inore promising pursuits. The
love of gold, tho thirst for sudden wealdh, mingled with a fondly cherished hope speedily to return flushed with success to tho endcarments of their families, in most instances, probably, alona ani-
mated inen's ininds. Gold was tho great object of their ambition-tho moring spring -the stion. ulus of energy, and the ultimatum of their exture had not then been deomed worthy of cousidThe enpacity of the soll of California had never been tried: Vague conjectures only, growing out of the wild exuberance of uncultivated vegetation. Was all upon which the early immigrants the ngricaltural advantages of the soil of many parts of the State. It was not then imagined that thiv could ever become a great and prominent in. plains of this arid valley, would hardly hare supplains of this arid valley, would hardly hare supduration was compatible with a successful appliconkl it have been credited thit within the period of bis own residenca in Calitornia, all exbibition held, which in variety, int elegance, and in ma nitude, might justly challengo comparison with those of any ollier region of the world.
I nced not occupy rour attention in
Inced not occupy your attention in endearor-
ing to prove that Agriculture is the natural or original and anost suitable enplorment of man.
Tlie propasition will he ndluited by every intelThe propesition will he neluitted by every into
ligent minn. Nor is, it only his matural and or
ginal enployment, but it is, of all others, the plogress of a country towa:ds civilization more that pertains to a seientitie systetu of husbandr It is the foundation of all iruc enjorment,
source of gemnine anl sulstantial happinecs the
emplo ywelt on which all nthers depend. If the mployment on which all others depend. If the.
thing areso, it shonld be the first care of every
overnuelnt to foster and sust in the ettorts which

## present his mudel to the Agrichltural society of

prize. The sanc principles. the sane settled conmann. hare prompteri the legislature of California tu lend its aid to the dovelepment of her agricul-
turab resturces. Cigeel hy a laudable desirc to promote min intercst which it jnstly regirded as of paramoment inportance to our yuung and growsaind dollars nor annum for the period of four sand dollars por anmun tor the period of four
By the sanction of a Ligislative enactment, this
ssociation was organized a littlo morc than one year since, and commending itself hy the noble oljeets designed to bo accomplished, it has enrol-
led nume its lists of membership neat four hundred names, $n$ progress highly gratifying and proses to accomplish.
It will senrcely be ne
It will scarcely be necessary to enter into an culated to result from collective associations lilo tint to which we refier; nor will it be expected of me to repeat the oft-ond illustritions ef the bencfits resulting from the annual exhibitions of the products of the soil and the attaimments of indus try in other branches of useful labor by means of Agricultural Fairs. Tho beneficial influence excrted by the occasional collection, examination aud conipatison of the products of firmi labor, and the union of those engared in this occupation for
consultation upon materers pertaining to their consultation upon matters pertaining to their common interests and welfare, is too plain to be doubted. In no other wny can the diflerent nodes of culture and the capacities of separate sections of a country be so easily and appropriate-
y compared. A system of cultivation ly compared. A system of cuitivation adapted to of Los Anmeles and the soil of the latter may be peculiarly titted to the grow of the latter may be pectuiarly thed thich can never succeed under the prevailing influences of the former. The facts bearing
upon all these questions of general innortance to the agricultural interests of our State, call only be successfully elicited by oceasions such as that on which we are tow assenbled.
With the result of the present undertaking tre havo every reason to be satisfled. The magniticent display of the products of our soil, the vast raricty of nrticles of tho successfi:l cultivation of which
we have the evidence before us, the prodigious size nnd liberal development to which some of them have attained, the beautiful array of gems from tho garden, and delicious fruits profusely
scattered around this hall, fully attest the utility of theso associations and denionstrata the capabilities of our State in language inorc forcible It any arguments which I can uso
It would bo inpossible in the limited time at any disposal to enter upon a lengthy review of all that lias been accomplished in this branch of industry in our Stato up to tho present timc. This and other topics of absorbing interest will, no
doubt, be ably treated upon by the eloquent and doubt, be ably treated upon by the eloquent and
distinguisherl geutleman who has been selected to address you
Tho difficult
Tho difficulties with whicb the early agriculurist in California had to contend were manifold and trying. Like his primitire ancestry, he had ue. The and ense of cultiration, ariting and purfrom the highense of cultivation, arising. in part.
frico of labor, was not the least of the obstacles to an extensive application to this pursnit, and upon the early inunigrant. just arthe country in searclt of a furtune, it was of time ly hard to orercome. With the progress changed; labor is chenpenough to be maile prodegrada the laborer. The tesult has been an increasing interast in the businces, a rapidly exlanding area of cultiration, ant a vast imitiplica-
tion of those whone whole cuergies, strength and capital are employed in nnfolilng and maturing beneath our fertile sonl, sikl the gerins of which we behold arrajed around us tomight in many reyects no section of the world is
more favorally stuated for tbe earer prosecution
of husbandrr than Califorala. In fertility of soil of husbandrr than Califoraia. In fertility of soil
in the peculiarities of climate, and the reations of heat and moisture which preval, nu evection can for vegetable growth and maturity nore stolkingIf predominant than liere. No where hare the
first ellorts of the laborer ween foliowet by a more hrat eliorts of the laburer ween foliowet by a more
thattering resulc, or a more abundint a d protita. lle yield. Not to speak of other sections of the uf the lialley of the Sacramento. we gather from wie returns of the County Ascessors that even raised during the present year no less than two millions of bushels of graw of various kind, And yet, the real capaclues of this port on of the scate are but just being apprec aterl. 1 Ung the arge ex-
tent of able farmig land
counties inmediatelr tributary to this otr. a tery



## Threshing, Use of thre

Ue of thrcahing machino Selive

| 4800 |
| :--- |
| 1500 |
| 5500 |
| 2800 |

Total expenso,
Den acres yiclding 35 bushels pe
Deduct $21,000 \mathrm{lbs}$, at $21-2 \mathrm{c}$., is
Deduct expense,
ring this sum as the net proc
ten acres of ground as stated,
This calculation docs not inct $\$ 26100$
If we deduct for the investment.
If we deduct for thesc $\$ 61$, we have $\$ 200$ re-
naining as the clear profits of ten acres of ground the loeality mentioned. or $\$ 20$ per acre. Tha abore is n culculation based mon expevalue. Increased capital and a more extended aplication of enterprise nee needed to develop

## limate

cale tlie cultivation of many articles to which oul and climate are adapted, and which have a yot been only partially tried. Among these, not
the least in ianortance is the grape. The subject of grape culture has of late years attracted not ittle attention among those engaged in horticuluitable for portions of the (nited Sates at all suitable for its profitable conduct. Many circumthe extensive caltivation of this fruit amone which the principal one is the severity of the climate, and its unsuitableness to severity of the many varieties, nud in some instances, to the preservation of the plants themselves.
preservation of the plants themselies. would seem to be peculiarly fitted by many of it nost important conditions to the profitable prose cution of this branch of sgriculture. In uniforin ity of temperature, and in the absence of those sudden or extrene variations so commonly ob served elsewbere, it would seem to compare fav orably with tho most successfut wine growing
districts in the world. Without entering further
in into the philosoplyy of this subject, or eraterin pich it discusion of the cihly than by quoling an cxiract from the las number of the I'atent Office Report on Aprient turo. Speaking of the southern valleys of Cali fornin, it says: "As theso features of clinate which are known to be so decisive of the measure of success there, attain singular completeness, as and of temperatira becoming of the most perfect nitual proportion, the resut is the most extraordinary perfection of regetable development." Wo are perfectly contident that in all the con ditions essential to a prolitable inrestment in thi business-in uniformity of temperature, in th proportion of atmospberic himidity, the ralley other sectlons of the Staje. In the experiment whibited bere to-niblt frous ardens in this icinity, we have abund frous eridenco of the cor rectness of theso vieirs.
It would be gratifying to be permitted to ente rully and at length upon a broad snd compreliensire consideration of the subject of Agriculture It is, in some respects, ono of the most inyrosing. extensive and truly werthy oljects to which we school, of all others thic most important and in spiring. A State setting out upon the theater its people these two noble suhjects-a governuen sustained by the collmion school and by Agriculupon a rock which Time oaly hardens and renders more durable; its corner atone is as enduring as tho immortal nind which find has breathed sustain it muat be perpetual. These twn-Agrt iadeed to the same class; they are co Mgether towards the same great ent; associat bling. tho
To be a farmer-a moders farmer -a mocemf
it as incompatible with utity in this as in other
it ation and the secret of the allanment of all that
dater
is valuablue. Muscular endurance-brute phytien furce is no longer the prineipal agent in this wocation. A man mist have a heed to dre ta a cpurit of the present age and getieration. Agri cultule can no longer lo regarded as an ar
nierely, bit a science, and in propurtion to the application of true scientitic primcipies wive cat
thati iof the spl. J-st lo pr portion as o e astry
 reward of his labors.

The $d$ ward $\approx$ Co m thees 0 art es ex t Th at the hal. atock, tic. AT be preperd at at 11 o' lock. at the llas $-2-2=$ ।

Manufactures.-No.I-R. Rust, Yuba; R.T Brown, Sacramento ; H. M. Baggs, San Joaquin. o. 2-C. K. Garrison, San Francisco; Jas. Bow Vrs. C. I. Hutchinson, Sacramento; Nrs. R. Ohenery, San Francisco; Mrs. M. Walthall, Sa Janquin.
Won
Wonks or Art. - No. I-Mrs. P, H. Burnett hiss E. M. Quivey, Santa Clara; Nrs. J. II. Ner IIt. Mrs. J. Neely Johnson, Sacramento ; Mrs. A Burnett, Santa Clara; Mr. Jewctt, San Francisco J. F. Cloutman, Sacramento; Janies Allen, Yuba Lasso ant In mian Spoats...-No. I.-.John A Sntter, Yuba; M. G. Yallejo, Sonouna; J. 1. Sny
der, San Francisco; J. C. Davis, Yolo ; Pete Quiver, Santa Clara.
--Gen. John E. Wool Solano; A. Hedineton, sacramento; S. J. IIenslay, Santa Clara; R. Che nery, San Francisco; A. Fiaher, Stockton.
We have made extracts from the reports of our neighbors of tha Union and Tribune ; and as our duties connected with the Fair neconsarily prevented our civing that attention to many detail ae desire, wc preaent buta portion of the awrard and particularly that which excited the livelios interest-the Iady Equestrians.
Thz AWARD. - At eight oclock in the evening the Assembly Chamber of the Capitol was haronged to sufocation, to histen to the awani of prizes to the equestriennes of tha morning.
On the stago were the l'reskident and Secretary of the Society, Gen. Wool, Gov. Foote, fien. Sitt r, aud Cen. Redington, nuembere of tho Ciom The prizes - Lion dul
The prizes were dily and most appropristely
presented by Kep. O. C. Wheeler, Secretary,
First Prize, to Blisa Sterens, of SacramentoGold Wateh and Chain, valued at $\$ 100$. Saddle.
Third Prize, to Mra. Fern-a beautiful Silver Them

Foorth Prise, to Mrs. Kellogs-s splendid Ridiag Wh p.
Pamaicm on Live Stock.- Te giva bolow the awarda of the Committee:



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$\qquad$ Rosfom the Coaat Rango.-No. 2. Ressar Rrver, Godwist Runch, Sept. $9,1855$.
Eitors Farmer: Yesterday morning sunrise I wrote you a basty letter at Petaluma and I am now resting, after a delightful jaunt of thirty-six miles, nver an excellent wagon road thirty-six miles, nver an excellent wagon road
at this hospitable abode. It is not a public house but the private residence of a young enterprising Virginia adventurer, who settlelf in this part of Russian River Valley some four years since. I
is about twenty-fire iniles from the sea, and ap parently, as you survey the landscape, lies at the head of one of the numerous rallers, which are chained to each other by the course of Russian river, from its souree a hundred miles above to its nouth on the Pacific.
The road from Petaluma all the way to this place is mostly level as a turnpike and very free from dust. It connects Petaluma valley with of Russian river, and terminates about ten miles of Russian riser, and terminates about ten miles
from this Ranch at a point where the valley ends in a canon, through which Russian river is narroired up and rushes with much force. Beyond
this howerer I am informed that the same smooth wsgon road opens anew and so winds through succession of valleys for a very great length.
Petalumas valley is rather undulating, particularly at its sides, near the Coast ridge and Sonora ridge of mountains, and it presents fine agricultural aspects and a rich rolcanic detrital soil. Wherever the rock was exposed, it appeared basaltic and vesicular, and in one spot I noticed in a hillocels of rock of this description projecting sbove the level of the valley, the borings of Lithadomi similar to the holes which are made in the serpentine about Fort Point by the boring mollusks of that locality. The hills bordering the Coast Range of this vicinity is the famous Potato Region of California. These regetables are said 10 grom more thriftily and abundartly in this hilly district than in any other spot in the State, and it matters not whether it be hill or vale in which they are planted, they grow and
alike, with very litte care or expense.
But I tbink, of all the valleys I have seen in Califoruia, Santa Rosa presents the most singular advantages for agricultural employments and
rural improvements. It is brond and level, and rural improsements. It is brond and level, and in its not thern portion is well corered with oaks and bounded on the west by hills and mountains abounding with forest trees of various descriptions. Its geological construetion fits it peculiarly for Artesian borings in many placer-and notwithstanding its present extremely dry and barren appearance, I think the time will come,
when, the year through, it will smile with rerdure and blossom like tha roke.
Near the village of Santa Rosa the greatest elevation of the valley exists, bnt this ia imperceptible to the traveler. Here the springs descend in one diroction easterly, winding round the northern extremity of the Sonoma ridge and emptying into San Pabla Bay-and in another westerly: ending in a laguna at the base of the Coast Range, which vents itself into Russian river few miles further on
The road continued to take us through fine agrieultural districts, not mueh cultivated, though
rholly claimed, which became more thiekly wooded the further we adranced northwardly, till at last in Russian River Valley the country became more undulating and the interior ridges of hills and mountains more lofty and picturesque,
The whole landscape mas pleasing and soft but The whole landscape was pleasing and soft but
badly defined in consequence of a thick mist or amaly deined in consequence of a thick inist or whole, and particularly the higher regions, so that Mt . St. Helens could not be seen for the entire journey. 'This I regretted, as there is nothing in nature more interesting to my cye and which swell up from the surface of the globe. The unore lofty they may bo, the more profound they carry my thoughts into meditations on the forces acting from the centre of the plaret, which hare produced their eleration-forces not yet
sufficiently insestigated by physicists, but which I believe will ultimately be discovered to receire their stimulus and energy from agencies emanheart of that rast central hody of our solar system.

About three and 2 half miles beforo roaching Godrin's Ranch we were informed that there was a sodz spring about a quarter of a mile off
the rond, of a raluable character. Dccirous of
see ug ererything curious in this district, we addriver to turn the horses in that direcso ascended a gentle declivity leading up
to the Coast Range, and in a narrow winding gully we soon began to see the pebbles filling its dry
bed covered with a white coating. Further on was a little filthy looking water corering the stones, and tracing this we found a feeble spring issuing from a small hole, which appeared to exlend into the bank between the igneous bed rock overlaid it to the depth of three or four feet. The litte hole which had been scooped from the stones to receive the mater, raa swarining with the larva of musquitoes, but we were all earnest much of for the last half hour. The water was slightly acidulous, biturninous and sulphureous to the taste. Besides which, carbonic acid gas
and iron were also noticeable. Somo of the party were very fond of it, and drank a quart, declaring it to be as fino as Congress mater. A littlo answered for my pralate, for medicine in quantities I do not fancy. Our driver declared that it was not half as fine as a sherry cobler, and turned up his nose at the mere taste of it. Deposits of red
oxide of iron stained the stones on tho borders of the basin, and a scum of naptha floated on the stagnant surface in the bed of the stream. Tho rock exposed by the ruuning water of the rainy season was apparently that of talcose slate, but nn breaking it with the hammer it was in spots most beautifully vitritied and of a light pea green color.
We arrived at Mr. Godirin's about 4 P. M.
having left Petaluma at 7 A . m..., and stopped o
the way not far froun three hours. We were receired by this gentleman with as much politeness and cordiality as if we had been old friends instead of comparative strangers. We were made at home immediately at his private residence, with assurances that every facility should be affiorded
to make our future movements agreeable and satisfaetory. The first thing was to get a bath in Russian River, which, to my dismay, I learned was nearly a mile from the house. The day had been extremely l.ot and we had forded a lower section of the river at one o'clock and had deferred the most inviting opportunities for a bath with the expectation of linding a large flowing walk, in an over-heated breathless atmosphere, took us to a large pool of stagnant water, where we found that Indians and hogs had just heen refreshing theirs weating carcases. The water,howerer looked tolerably inviting - and the bath not withstanding its disagreasble assosiations, was refreshing indeed. White at the riser we wero informed that the Indians-a large tribe of whom, called Caenamaras, drell in this ricinity - were to have a great danee in the evening. They were even
then making preparations for it , and we called at then making preparations for it, and we called at the bath. This was in the midst of a great growth of willows, rising from middle of the dry bed of the river. Thcre was a great number of
wigwams, if they may be so called-consisting of round spaces 10,15 or 20 feet in diamter, eut from the thicket, and protected only by the upright twigs and foliage growing around. Here, in one a number of the Indians, men and wemen, were preparing for their dance by ornamenting themsel res with head.dresses made of feathers,
$\&$ c., beads with long buzzard-quills sticking upright in their heads, or sticks ornamented with colored feathers and beads run through their ears. Their faces were painted with black stripes -and under their armpits was tied a large cord very tight, from the back of which was hung a
coat of large, long, tlat featiers or quills, one row coat of large, long, tat featiers or quills, one row
shingled on above auother, the whole descending as low as the calves of their legs, very much in the bare shoulders of somo were painted with black stripes-and sorme had their legs painted black. Except the feather ornaments and n cloth around their loins tho males were naked. The
women were dressed with long gowns of dirty women were dressed with long gowns of dirty
calico or cotton-their faces were painted in like manner as the men, and around their necka were strings of beads and large picces of the pearl ofster shell cut in squarish forms,
ments were also worn by the men.
ments were aiso worn by the men.
There are about 150 Indians belonging to this tribe. Among them wcre somo rery old men and woinen. Their age seemed exceedingly great,
and one old woman in particular had so far and one old woman in particular liad so far passed into imbecility and was so mrinklongly of
short-necked that she reminded me strongly or the ourang outangs whicb I had seen in former jears, both in shapo, nakedness and expresaion of face, and in scrathing her head, face and mis-
orable body with her long lank arms and fingers. The women of Indian tribes are proverbial for doing all the work, while tho men are indolent
or engage in hunting, fibhing and war, as their
desires may be. So among this portion of the endom, has suffered, first from drought, sceondly race the same habits were observed. The women from rains, consequently camnot be an average in the different habitations, if these open-topped willor huts could receire such a name, were bus, pounding parched wheat, or boiling regetables papooses on the whole they seemed as intellipapooses. On the whole they seemed as intelling tribe of Aboriginals as I have secn gent a looking tribe of aboriginals as I have secn.
The younger men were athletic and well formed. These, however, like all other tribes on the continent, are passing rapidly away. They hare th horrible practice of infanticide common among them, and the women consider it no crime to press their knees upon the breasts of their newr born infants and erush their ribs, and thus stran gle and destroy them. Of this fact I am assured by a reliable person, who was informed by the Indians themselves. The disposition to deception and murder seems to be almost a nniversal qual ity of these untamable tribes, and even many among this small company were pointed out to early white settlers in this neighborhood. They are now, however, under Mr. Godwin's conple control-and Col. Henley could have done no better act for them nor for tho settlers in this ro giou of comntry than the appointment of M Godwin as his agent in this locality.
About $90^{\prime}$ clock in the evening tre strolle down from the Ranch to tho Indian village, to witness the dnnee and festivities. A long way of we could seo the light of their fires and their songs and shoutings. When we passe round the clump of willows, the secne that broke upon us was wild and hidcous in the extrenne Thic whole tribe, men, women and children, "er gathered around the fires, which wcre constantly fed with dry twigs, so that bright flames illumln ated brilliantly the entire company. Facing thes were the dancers, dressed eren more fantastically and hideously than I described them as secn in the afternoon. Just behind and beyond then wero a number of their musicians, led by one
who seemed to bo the spokesman of all festivity and song. Mo opened by singing loudy the sounds of rarious vowels-others joined in, and the clatter of long sticks, after the style of castanets, with a chorus of yells of "ha-he-ha" and other bold and frightful intonations, composed the orclestra for the occasion.
The motions of the dancers were in unison, bu they were fantastic and wild-at times ferocious, and really frightful. Such as they werc, they were repeated time and again; and at the end of each rerse and crolution there was a pause, nod a universal scream of applauso from their delighted audience. The movements of the men were accompanied by the stabbing motion of long rods whiels they would hoid in one or both hands, and by the nost ferocious aspects of countenance and whistlings of triuluph and determinntion between
their teeth. They danced until the perspiration rolled from them in streams, and seemed to have no sensation of fatigue. The women were more quiet and graceful in their motions, and joined their voices to the general tumult of the festivi ties. The wbole scene was a most interesting and gratifying picture to us all, and we returned after spending an hour in witucssing these strange evolutions and their nameless and numerons ac conpaniments, satisficd that the sight was worth the whole fatigne, trouble and expense
journey froul San Francisco to this place.
The agricultural prospects of this valley ar very good, Indiau corn being oue of the article fitted to its soil. The fincst fields of corn which I have seen in the country are here, and it is said by the settlers to produce as tall a stalk and an full an ear as any of the
of the Mississippij Yalley
To-day is sunday, during which we shall rest, and on Monday werning early we shall start

Respectfully yours, $\quad$ C. F. Wisslow.
Our Boaton Correapondence.
Enitors Farmer: Tho weather and the crops, is a stercotyped head fur a daily paragraph, no thing being just now so interesting, to all, and the general question is, how are the crops coming in? The tono of encouragenient comes from al quarters, until sithin the last two weeks, a large quantity of rain having fallen, and in some see-
tions of country tho grain and even the grass crops hare sufferod. Letters from all parts of the country are before mo.
J. V. Jones, Esq., of Birdsville, Georgia says The crops of the Southern States wero neve
so flattering as nt present. Tho grain crop, a fow moro showers, will bo immenso. Tho Cot ton, wbich now drives the whecls of all Clirist-

Sam'l Thorne, Esq., of Thornedale, WashingHon Hollow, N. Y., writes: "A great deal of darmage has been done in thia vicinity, by the recent rains. Rye has grown considerably, and ats are very much down. We have but just nirly started in our haying. The prospects howintend kinds of crops, aro very flattering." invitation, which I have received from Mr borne, to visit his place, and examine his herd and improvements in his farm, and will then give detailed account, which will interest your rany readers.
Cen. Roswell Harmon, of Wheatland, N. Y., writes us aceounts of the harvest in his county Io has paid much attention to the different vaieties of wheat, having sown orer sixty difforent rarieties, received from all the best wheat distriets of Europo, Asia, and America. Alost of ho Europenn varioties are slow in maturing, and hable to rust. In all of his tests, he has not found the bearded varieties to be any moro pro-
ductive than the bald, and the beard is a strons bjection to its being cultivated by me. There is a bearded variety called Mediterranenn, has many good qualities, is hardy and early, but is ot a very heavy yield. It is being extensively cultivated in this district, where the best varietios do not succeed so well. Tho Wheat Harvest commeneed ten days later than common, and inco that time it has rained evory day. This is he 7th day it has rained.-I am expecting samples of his Egyptian Wheats, and other vaieties, wbich I will send to your Society, if they rrivo in time, for the State Fair.
In all the Southern States, in Missouri, Illinois and Ohio, tho grain crop was harvested in splendid order, before tho rains set in, and will be nost abundant. Tho probability is that those sheat crops supposed to be suffering most, will be found to be less damaged than expected.
All accounts ngree that corn looks finely, and hat there has been no such promise of a potato crop for years, as there now is. Tho new crop is already in the market. In Rochester the indications are that Potatoes will yet go a begging for yers, at 25 cents a bushel.
Of the Apple Crop, accounts indicate that we shall hare a most glorious crop. From East to West, and North to South, letters speak in glowing terms of tho fine prospect of this valuable of all fruits. The Baldwin and Greening are aloong he most delicious kinds, and theso promise an abundant yield ; and it is said there will be more han can be gathered, and farmers can feed their pigs on the apples, in tho western part of the Mr. M. II. Simpson, continues to meet with xcellent success, in hia new ssstem of grape culture. He has shown fruit of the second crop this year, and in flavor and size, they aro equal to the best. Mr. Simpson now obtains chree crops of fruit froma his vines in two years. There is much interest felt to know the result of this process of culture upon the vines, for a series of years. Ilo intends to give the mater a thorough
trial. Grapes wero exlibited by hima nt tho Mass. IItort. Society. all through last winter, something nerer before known.
Tho use of about forty acres of vacant land larshall $p$. Wilder, for the purpose of a lion. Marshall P. Wiilder, for the purpose of a greal
National Exhibition of the U. S. Agricultural Society, in October. Mensures will be taken a once lowards getting up the Exlibition, on a scale of liberality never before knoirn in this country. The collection of fine liorses will bo alone, a facture of rare attraction, and rery prof atane. It is reported that $\$ 20,000$ have peen
italle. It
libcrally sulscribelt by creisy subscribed, by our cilizens, to insuro its The National Theatre mill soon open for the winter seasun, under the management of W. M.
Fleming, Esq. This geutleman las been busy luring the leisure interval in preparing for tho tics for the altraction of the public. Tho stock anded. Mr. J. B. Ricl, well known the pas
and season at the iloward Atheneum, is announced as the future Trensurer. Mr. Rich has been long icnt gentleuman, ever desirous to please his pat rons; and Mr. Fleming has made a very "rise
selection, for whicl he has the thanks of the public. I slinllallurle to this establishment again, during the senson.
J. S. Redheld, Publisher, Now York, hns a lit-
rary treat for the full season, and his list of Looks erary treat for the full season, and his list of books,
comprises many valuable Histories, as well comprises many valuable Histories, as well 28
books for tho young. Anuong thenn 1 would
montion: "Tho llustrated Shakespearc," ln
 library edition " "Tho Quens of England"," of
the Ifonso of IIsnover, Ly Mr. Doran: "The
Batles und Sieges of the Peninsular Har," by
Col. W. F. P. Napier-theso aro selected from


Ratuer Amusiva - A correspondent of the
New lurk spirit of tho Tiines gives the following New lurk spinit of tho Times gives the following
amusing yarn: I heard a good story the other
day which I will gice vou. I distinguished day which I will give rou. I distinguished
nember of the Legislati re was andressing a Temnember of the Legislature was andressing a Tem-
perance suciety and he got rather rosyo hut
sliuned no dispositionn to " lat up," though tho shound no disposition to "let up," though tho
audience waxed thin. Finally the presiding
officer cot excited. and repairing to a friend of oftieer got excited. and repairing to a friend of
the specker's, inquived how nuch longer he
ini hit reasonably expected to spenk. Wheremi, ht the reasonably expected to speak. Where-
upon the friced answ ere I he didn't exactiry lion: upon the friend answ er I he didn't exactir linow:
When he got on thes I ral ch of the su ject he gen-
era ly sumike a cor ple of tours. © That'll nerer
 the pre itt how shall I stave him off?"
 If pi le." The $1 /$ it ret rned to his seat,
and his. head was ir a moment Evon
aft



## Fadics' Difparthncut.


Messra, Enyrons: Sira,-I will feel mueh obliged by your inserting in your columns tho enclosed Acrostic to "Betty Martin." Ilaring been a constant reader of your useful journal, I have heretofore read with silent but inereasing admir ation, tho pocma of Miss Betty Martin, until he stray lines handed to your by lier unele cause to hand, which have incressed my ardor beyond the
limit of sdiniration, and foreed me, though naturlimit of sdiniration, and foreed me, though natur-
ally timid, to offer theso lino as a tribute of love ally timid, to offer these lino as a tribute of love
to her. Should thoy meet with a favorable recoption, I may, emboldened by lovo, venture out from iny place of seclusion, and "try what frai mortal man tmay do."

A Farmer.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { B onignly fair must he the } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { B onignly fair muat he that maid, } \\
\text { E nchanting all her wavs ; }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { E nelanting all her ways; } \\
\text { T nught hy the power of love divine, }
\end{array} \\
& \text { Y hat wrote the "rural laye." } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { M y glowing love inepires, } \\
\text { A nd every line sud every vers }
\end{array} \\
& \mathrm{A} \text { nd evers line sud eve. } \\
& T \text { hen let not vain the } \\
& \text { In falth receive these lines from } 2
\end{aligned}
$$

## Helen's Introductory.

Messrs. Eiditors: Ohservings, Sept. 16, 1855. our columns aro dedicated to ladies, I hav penned a fors lines, as a pastime, for the Callfornia Farmer, should you think proper to give them room in your paper. I know nothing o: preparing a pieee for the press, this being my firsi attempt at anything of the kind; but should you find in the lines I scnd you anything worth setting your type for, you can know my real name if you wish. At present I am Uelen.

Come to the Farmer's Cot.
Unacquainted as I am, denr reader, with this great world of ours, (having been reared in the humbler walks of life, I fear to speak to you; but feeling a strong impulse to do so, I for tho first time introduce myself to you.
I have for sorne timo been seated upon the wido spreading shores of the great Pacific, with its thousands of buman beings teeming hefore me, brought in from the four corners of the globe. I sit and gaze with a vacant stare at what is pass ing around the; but ever and anon 1 have heard, ing around the; but erer and anon i have heard, going forth from the mixed multitude of Adam's rece, for some congcuial spirits, for ueighbors, friends or brothers, that we could grasp by the hand, to fill the dreadful void that has been caused tyy severing ourselves from the nocial bands that bound us to our father land. Amid ths throng my eje first sought the Watchman o 7ion. As I gazed, there first adranced "old Pope Pius," in his robes of black and then of white. and with a seeming devotion so great that many were bis followers; but ere long those footstep* were retarded hy a mighty gathering band, robed in the invisible. Next landed upon her broad shores tho Protestant, with a from undaunted step, and his robes were of tho purent white, each wearing a badge of different huc. But I saw an they passed that some had aprinkled their robes with gold dust, until ay eyes wero dazziod and I could not discern the barlge they wore. Some were covered with dust, others, alas! had stained their robes with wiue, and fow were those that remained ontarnished anid the jontle and confusion. Then came the Fraternal Brother, with His secret sinile. Sume caught the sight of that aecret smile and glided silently on; but their "beacun of light" being bisl under the bushel, 1 eanght but a frint glimpse as they pased, and knew no guide to unark their co rae. And here
and there stoud a g ileless youth, reared hy the and there stoud ag ileless youth, reared hy the but, wandered far a way and lost a mid the motley throng. he stood amazed, for many were the dark spirits that glided befure him, and rery many their derices to lead him to ruin. And agaiomy heart was pened as I bebeld here and there a far
maxden or a $y$ thful brilo (whose protection had been 1 red by the paing throng.) stand ahuddert $g$ at thear poss- ob, fir the scoreh-ag san of Cal f rnia was pourngif 1 un $n$ their onralled $b$ a $a$, and at the $\mathrm{f} f$ in -M t is serpent"
laf cot ed ra-ating h tmgelf in a. the varsed beea Iaf con ed ra-ating himseif in a. the varied boea th $\frac{1}{1} \begin{aligned} & \text { w wen } \\ & \text { anet }\end{aligned}$

cot, and the door being opon I entered. There
neathess, frigatity and plenty reigued. Ilappiness and contentment smiled a hearty welcome as I entered, and there sat "Betty;" singing her "Rural Lays;" sweet "Aliee," warbling forth her cheertul notes; " 49 ," "Agricola," and "Dsme Fortuno," had already assembled thero Oh! how I longed to join that social band; but any voico being untuned for song, I had no power to expross the "music of tny soul," so I souglit to mingle with the servant's of the Farmer's Cot thst I might bo happy iu listening to their varied songs.
Reader, should you over becomo bowildered with the changing world around you, scek the
Farnicr's Cot, enter intoall its joysand he hapny for thero true happiness is often found.

Helen.

## Hope on!

Hope nn, hope ever-
Despair ! no, never
Hopo is the great motive power of man; it is courage, energy and perseverance; it is the se cret of success, the accomplishment of the great physical and inteliectual achievements of life; ; imparts to us dying mortals an impulse which knows of nothing but success; it heeds not the whispering voice of diseouragement, but with firın purpose it keeps its eye steadily fixed upon the desired end and never yields till it is realized Would an Adam Clark ever been numbered as a star of the first magnitude in the literary firnmament, had his energies not been aroused? A Pat rick Heary, whose roice shook the senate halls, and whose eloquence stirred men's souls-did not Hope kcep alive the active energios of the lofty mind? Now, here was Columbus, who had conceived tho idca that more land lay west of th blue waters of the Atlantic. It was this tha launehed his ship upon the unexplored ocesn Did he not often pray for the sublime rising of tho curtain of the great sea? This fired his sou to quell the fears of his despairing companions madc him overcome every difficulty, sustainer him in many a perilous hour, till in May, 1492 ho proudly anchored his ressel off tho coast of tho New Torld, and saw the Spanish flag float tri umphantly in the brecze of the Western Hemis phere. Did it not happen to Daniel Webster to be born where hia brothers and sistera wero in a log cabin raised, among the snow drifts of New Ilampshire, at a period so early as that when the sinoke first rose from its rudechimney and curled over the frozen bills-there was no similar eri dence of a 4 hite man's habitation between it and the settlements on the rivers of Canada. Webster had many a gloomy day, many an obstacle to overcome, many a barrier to break down. Til the age of fourteen Daniel Webster only wrent to 2 distant school; but alwars showed a remarkable fundness for books, and great desire of accom plishing something great. Ho was sent to Exeter Academy, where he remained for a abort period When Daniel, dressed in a full auit of homeapun, lef his father's farm-honse to enter college, h rode on the least raluable of his father's horses and carried his library and bin wardobe in a pair of saddle bags. He gradoated at the age of Dincteen, and was said never to eat the bread of idleness, but became the Demostbenes of America and esteemed minutes and houra as grains of gold Ilope inspired Henry Clay, who was the Efth son of a Baptist minister, who died when Ilenry was five veams old. The circumstances of bit family, it is sald, were so straitened that the boy was not giren eren a good elementary education, and was at the age of thirteen a clerk in a dry grod atore at Richmond, Via, from which be af cerwamla rose to etrineace and farme. Wea no Wrashington'a desponding heart lit op with Hope Then be croseed the Deleware to Labe Trentom the capital of New Jersey on tbe nght of Dec 35 17:6. The ni ht was slenty and con; tho river was blled with floating ioc, and almost 1 im passable; the roads were sheeted with ree a ind
alippery. lis men were poorly glad, some with. alippery. His men were poorly gled, some with
ont shoes and corered only with rags. What will not men end re fir freedorn? $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}$.

## motto ${ }^{\text {a }}$ d spar." <br> 

##  <br> 

Who forgets the Plywouth rock, so famous story? Is it not replete with many a memo
Did not the reary nilerims leare Inlland oppressed and sinking spirits, and cross the tra less sea to ind a haven of rost beyond the hand of religious persecution? Did not the bright star of Hope illunc their gloomy psthway and fortify heir desponding bearts against surrounding difficulties? This cheered thom in thoir gloom. And did not the bescon star of liope inspire thu noble heart of Franklin, tho young printer, the phiosopher, whose name is heralded by the lightning fiash and the thunder's deafening roar? Sueh energy nerved the srm of our forefathers to stain freodoms soil with patriotie blood-to purchsse at a priee so dear the freedom and libarties we now enjoy.

## The toile of war and denger past, They reap o rich rewwed es tet: <br> Their pure souls mount an cheruhe wing <br> And now with eaints and tugelo sing. <br> The brighreat on the list nf fame, Her triumph shall sound it throughout the And the atriped banner ne'er he unfuried. <br> And every aex and every nee <br> The widow and the orphan son <br> Will hless the numbo of Washingto

And has not Hope cheered genius and made many a wasting youth's face brighten when al was dark, when gloomy clouds darkened his horizon and not a gleam of light seemingly lit hi ehcerless pathway. How basely, Oh ! genius, ari thou treated, toiling onward, upward. Let the stinging retort of criticism ring a little while longer, until he seeks refuge in the grave. Oh as Fanny Fern was often heard to exclaiu, ; there was no bow of promise athwart those darls and lowering clonds; if there was no ray of hop in tho future, how mauy a weary wretch wouk sink into the ralley of despair: hor many a high and lofty forehead, stamped with gonius, care ane want, hends over the dingy sheet of foolseap his fingers emaciated by want, atill grssp the pen and write on; thoughts still come clustering around his pen, thiuking that he may reach th topmost round on the ladder of faine aud bini the laurel wreath around bis burning brow. But impetuous youth, you liave quite forgotten in you hot pursuit-high gifted soul struggling for lifothat genius and griatness lives in the future.
is no matter to him or her, if they take no pal tieular faney to your book, how unneh tlme an toil it has cost you ; no mstter if he has cxpende all his atrength and balf his lifetime. It is 1 . matter to her if in forming those lines which sl to remorselossly reviewa, he has consumed mar: a precious hour by candlelight, when the bus, world was reellning in down $;$ when nono but tl. atill night and his damb candle saw hia pinehire throes. dione at all. but slie stands ready, wor likely, to pierce that interesting 1 ttle rolume wi he red hot fangs of criticisrn, and, if possible, hestle its well-meaning author into oblivion. I'c poets, poor philesophers.

##  <br> Bul if wo make bo anctoon of bis read,

The world knows noth giof tho quenchic searainga, the mighty groppilngs, the hupes al deapass, the raptures and trints of an suthos life. Ilope exertelts intlones alke in the hou ble peasait and the $h: n g$ up on his throne. I lengers with ithe prisoner to bive ploomy cell, a cheers the waiderer on the oceau's roling wa. it driee the tear of sorrow and weetet sthe bit cup of the dr kard in ear ant. Ficude to t clam the wa rer \&t t taifhtfal family and be the rfi-les ry a 1 em I must nootas p Wr ; frWazt of roorua the a a is gor of wathel the rty. bit

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To Perulap Febrifnge.-Tbe formula for this prepars
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## 146 Wenty jobnson \& CO.,

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ucithed me for husinn Aingle hottle of this Balsan, wben 1 experienced immediute :lieved from we pressore which had become so pnoinful.

 | $\substack{\text { tu all my friends } \\ \text { v.11 }}$ |
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| Respertfully youra |
| BAMLL, S. PERKINS. |

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At their old Store, 28 K street,
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 Work in ail the athore bratchas excecural with our wayal

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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

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 Prairle Farmer Warehouse, Chicago, Aug. 14, 1885. v4. P .it AgriculturnI and Horticulturnal limitements. $\mathrm{U}^{\text {PWARDS olome hundred dificrent thind of of Plows, and a }}$


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 Pcar-10 best varietiese, from one 10 two years old.








| KURRAY'S WESTERN HOUSE, <br> General Omes of the canniforinta stane company. Cornen of Scoond and Ditrect.......Manystiles. |
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| General Omce of the Californta stane Compning. <br> Cornen of scound and Dircels,.....Nal <br> TIIIS umherb fritclase Hotel in ly firt the most capa <br> cious nul elemnt one in Culitionnia, wut of Sin Francieco, <br>  <br>  <br> Tra locention la contral, and is the Generral Depor of Staging Trevelers cant relly upon being called ia tine for any boat or Tho leaving the cily. <br> GAGE to the proprictor in meter and BAG. <br> wio will Le ropponsible for the same. <br> Rates of Charges. <br> do with lodgiving per week... <br> .815 to $\$ 2000$ <br> do with lodgingr, per week.... <br> odging, 75 cto, $\$ 1$ and 14.6 <br> 8325 to 8400 <br> Rer night. MURRAY, sole Proprictor. <br> Orleans Hotel, <br> Sceond, Betrucen $J$ Ieand $K$ derrecte, Sacramanen. <br> THL a atovo Hotel occupying a ypuce in 85 by 150 feet, tbree in the mont central natt of the city, Luilt of brick and by any establiaininent in the State. for Dining Room, Reading Room, Billind Room and Bar Room. ol the Table w |
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The Billiard Saloon is furnided with five cxeelleut tallos,







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GEIM, HORSES KEPT AT LivERY, Stating, Hay and

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Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Blyund 1 . RUTTY on the wro
SETH W. FOWLE,

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## Irving $\cdot$ Life of Wachungton

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## 解iscfllanむ

The late Hon. Abbott Lawrence
THE following paragraph from the London Post July 19tb. will show how Mr. Lawrence wa steemed in English circles:

Te understand that the Hon. Mr. Lawrence ate American Minister to this Court, had taken
state rooms on hoard the steamer Asia, from state rooms on hoard the steamer Asia, from
Boston, and was expected this week, with Mrs Lawrence. on a visit of a few months to this country. We learn with deep regret that serious and alarming illness prevented the fulfilment of
his intention. At the last dates. the nore dan gerous symptoms had disappeared, and the grad ual improvement of his condition leads us to hope that his proposed visit is not entirely ahandoned and that we shall yet have the pleasure of seeing this distinguished statesman among us once more.
No Minister was ever more popular among all classes of our people than Mr. Lawrence, and no classes of our people than Mr. Lawrence, and A Boston correspondent of the Newburyp Herald, to us alludes to Mr. Lawrenec, in a recent communication
Speaking of puhlic benefactors, no doubt many ratulateaders will heartily unite with us in coneems to be taking plavorahle turn whieh no Abbott Lawrence. The loss of this eminent per son would he a very severe public calamity, and a cause of more private grief, than always accont panics the departure of a great man froin the who would object to the allowance of such an ap pellation to Mr. Lawrence; and I know, that the words' great and little, as applied to men, ar mere terms of comparison.
There have heen periods in our history, as that of other countries, when a whole galaxy of confessedly superior persons bas shown out conpicuously eminent, amongst the common file But looking romad upon our own cotemporaries when truly great men are certainly not common, should be at a loss to select one, who seems Mr. Lawrence, besides tbat extraordinary suecess in the pursuit of fortune, which is not aliways tb is a rare eombinatien of excellent qualities, whit $t$ least deserves, if it does not ensure the weallh and the bonors held out by the world, as the suitable rewards of uncommon merit. In his case, surely, fortune has stripped off her blind and shaken bands with truth, in the munificen judgment she bas a wrarded in his behalf. If ha verybody likes in Mr. Lawrence, is bis kindnes of nature, his considerate and unostentatious be nevolence, and a certain bonhommie, which would disarm the most inveterate envy; while the plain integrity of the old-school merchant, his practical sagacity, his broad and liberal views, and bis un impeachable life, eliallenge and command respect
No douht good men will live hereafter, as the No douht good men will live hereafter, as they jeems really impending, and rie try in rain to magine who will he left exactly to till their $v a$ cant places, -our scose of the averted hlow as naturally glad, as it would be ungrateful and inreasonable to refuse due praise to a truly up ight and generous man.
Lio то.-" Young man, do yon belicre in a fumore I intend to enter it as soon as Betsey get aer wedding things ready." ". You mistike me lo you believe in a liture state of rewards mn ut mugs with a red-headed woman, I should ex pect my lat indented by the tirst broomstick she could lay her hands on." "Go to, young man. wasn't the law agin bigainy, darned if I wouldn' go a dozen. But who supposed, deacon, that utan of your ycars winuld gire such adrice 10 a
person just starting life?" Phis took thic deacon Come here, my lad, said an attorney to a boy ahout nino years of age. The boy caine and aske The lawer answered, a case hetween the Popennd the Devil-which do you think will gain the action? The hoy replied, I guess it will be a pretty tight squeeze-the Pope has the most inoney, but
the Devil has the most lawyers. the Devil has the most lawyers.

Axle Grase ! Axle Grease !
$T^{\text {HE }}$





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## 

PRACTICANS \& Coitters,

The underfened would nke thin opportunity to rcturn thel


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Corner of first strebt and mainen lane,
MARYSVILLE.







#### Abstract

dened beasts tore throngh the harrow space tween the innumerable moveebbie and stationary with amazing velocity and scattered in eetion men, women and children. But and skiliful native Califurnian wa specdity al their heels, and long before they had reached the outermost carriago, the leathern at once all further apprehension of danger. Cascalties. - And here we would sincerely without being compelled to chronicie any serion ceidents or rencounter, but candur compels us to the tath of giving publicity to a cincumstance quent sports of the day. A ferocious bull, which cometime during the escaped from his keeper hard chase on the prairie. and dragged to the entrance uf the Course. At this time very many heir honiteward way. Quite a large crowd were gathered about the animal, which, although apparently secured by the person holding the his horn a person named Abram Irving, the round inflicted canced immediate deatlon." The ntering his fof side below the shoulder, horn  ut in the upper apartment of an adjoining luitd and and visited by wany sympathising friend spare man, married and about was a pale fircet About 5 o'clock, a native Californian, name Rodriguez Pinola, got into a difticulty with countryman, living on the Cosimmes, which re bowi knife ink tiab a seve wereary 'th injured man was immediately thereafter driven home by his friends.

\section*{The Pacing Match}


Although, strictly speaking, the evening rac on the Lousiana Course does not come under the head of the festivities of the state Agricultura
Socicty, still as it was really and bona fule one of of inappropriate to interweave the weem it no account of the amnsements of the daye into on petikars for the purse were $W$ iscons. Chief Jo Witson and Lady Mac. all of whom were compet itors in the undecided race of Tuesday last, First Heat.-A splendid start, Joe inside who led around was speedity taken by Lady 2:80, Joe second. At consin thief was withdrawn he the heat $I f$ is prerions heats. 'lhis animal, one of the ve lastent of the three. is cridently "unt of sorts. from the stand Lady Mac inside. On the first quarter she broise badty, but speedily githerud within 400 yards of the judges' stand when Jue slipped, allowing the Lady to pass and come hom winner of tbe purse, in $2: 33$.
This was a beautiful race o.
The Annual Alecting of the State Agricultura Society for the election of olficers for the ensuing year, was hctd on Friday afternoon in the Sematc Chamber. The following gentlemen were elected:
President, E. L. Beard, of Ataneda; Vice-Prexidents. Samnel J. IIensley, of Sinta Clara; C.K
 Gen. John A. Sutler, Rev. A. II. Ilsers, of Altsmeda; G. II. Beach, of Yuba; and W. W. Gift. ol
Contra Costa. Recording Secretary, Rev, Torwin, of Snnta clara. T'veasurer, Dr. L. II Basiom, of Santa Clara
A instion to losate the "Society Rooms" perl'he following resolutions were alno unanimorsty adopted:
Resolved, In view of the monruful event which, trangpired on 'linrstiry, (the goring of Abran Irvin by a steer.) by which a citizen was deprived the lair over till Mond:y next. and tender tl: entite proceeds of the day and evening to the wife and child of the deecused. Resolvel, That the olfieers. and niembers of this sucrety yeld their privileges as members on
Monday next, and pay the regnlar price uf admis sion to the honse of exhibition, for the benefit o
It was ordered, that the next Anmual Fair bo
held at San Joes. An adjourned meeting wns held in the eveniur. which was ocenpied till a late hour. in a spice disenssion relative to the office of Currenponding
Secrelary of the Sucicty, which was tinally the Secrelary of the sucicty, which was linally tele
racimt.
Upon the conclusiun of the discuscion the Upon the conclinsiun of the discussion, the
amards of several of the Cummitces onl Premiunn were rexd; whereupon, an :iljommanert was hat until $8 \mathbf{1 - 2}$ o'cluck, nexi murimg.

## The Closing Cercmontes or tural Fiur.

 ladies and gentlomen wisprevent insemblage of bly Chamber lant evening. tir enjug the Assemheld in thic Capitol. executed pieres of mume by the distingninherl artist Niss 'lozer anninted by the other member:of the choir of Kev. Ans. lemon's congregation
'The wion

choir greatly enchance
ning's entertainments.
Rev. O. C. Whecter Award acting in his capacity of Secretary, procceded ifter an appropriate preface, to pronounce the
following award to the various contributors hav-
























 Porr Nounnus, now on entinituiun











$\qquad$
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Noid

At the conclusion of the rendering of the awards, the choir again favorell the andience with music, after which followed the interesting ceremony of Presentation.
On lelalf of the donor. Col. IV: On behalf of the donor, Col. Wiarren presented,
in the following speech, a magnilicent sachlie, exin the following speech, a magni
clasively of home matnuficture:
Jear General: In all the associations, in all
the duties in all the pleasures of this most intereresting Exhilition, there has been none that could hive been assigned to me. more in accurdance with my wishes -none more gratifying-
none more ennobling, than that of addressing one who has ever been the friend, the true friend, the gencrous friend, of all who sought a home upon tbis golden shore.

## o you, the early Pioneer, Did zatherin" thoueande

You bade them all $a$ welcome ho
You fed the hungry, the naked elothed;
To nll was frecrly given
Your Boul by sweet compassion movod-
That autribute of Heaven.
It is indeed a most happy dnty to meet your,
address you, and to strive to show. that rover dark the clonds may sontetimes lower some joyous song, to cheme and make of light your leart i nnd in the great batlle of life. if the mass furget their dinty to one who has done so much
for tbem, there will ever come the ont pourings of warm and affectionate greetines from those who never can forget the Nonle Pioneer uf Cali-
It is
you know- biessed to give than to receive ; this your unbounded liberality which has ever marked nay be the ; and be assured, that however dark God above, so sure the elouds must pass and reveal a brighter day to you. In the elear diy-
tance I hear the sombl of the syirit-stirring drum, and the echoing bngle's notes; already inetbinks see the wawing banners of adraneing armies,

Qulck through the lueart the blood lo ruyb.
Thosc cenerous menta, that fount come gubling
Or ienve a marls, nuble heart.
Every ear that hears me knows aldress you. thine. Every generons heart must respond to it in grateful emotion, and every eye tell it by a see in that boaming face the joy that rose in he heart as he labored for others, forgetful of him-
elf or the fulure. What would have been the condition of this citv-this Sinte- hare been the had no "Sutter's Foit" been buitt, no "Sutter's To yoni, General. to your name will ever be
linked the history of the discovery uf that, which noves with as much power as was songht by Ar-anondes-it has moted a wordd. As yon look
aromed this hatl and seo the benntifil adorn-ments-as yon behold the rich and varied prothe manilestitions of genins, called into existence by the circumstances which have changed, not only this place and country. Lut the worth-I
saly, when jou behotel all this- these cvidences of hunana progress, your noble heart does and will rejoice, nthongli the change may bring a
tear from your eyes ur wring a pane from heart-for the price of this change. this goud to the many, minst make yon feel it, in the sacrifice
of sell. These mighty changes are warked by on crumbling fort, where yuur proudlust byd happiest moments have been spent. "Sinter's Fort." sulter's yace," "llock Farm." myy crum-
be, fall, nid pass arny, but the nulle leeds of the early and brace Pioneer shall be like the pure gold which springs from them-they shatl Turnines from that picture of carlicer days we ook upull another, in which we think we suo shandes bexpeaking care, anxiety and sorrow; and
still we sec, rising superior to all, from that speaking eyc, a voice saying-

Nut emjey neent! and not sorrow;
In inn dustined ond and ways:
Is our destined ond und way
But to ace tbat cach ti-morroion
und
And thus have you labored. The walls berite by you, to gnard yon from a hovile fue have stand where olice the "Red Man rommeal"und the broad prairic, that for centaries hay wild ad uncultivatel. parched by the burning sun-

## Gives lierth the goldeu grain;

A garacered, then then fragunt flowers
What a prond and glurious satisfaction is ynirs, dear sir, th sec, to know all this, and to know,
when yuu shatl he called fiom this corth, that yon can say with that noble Chicl Logax. .Who ever came io Sulter's home hungry and he gave
him no liread? Who ever cane to Sinter's bonic thirsty anl he gave him no drink ?" Ies, dear Gencral, yours is indeed a prond satisfac-
tion. and one that call never pass a war. tion. and one that caln never pass away.
Wilt heartcit satisfiction I now present to you this gift. This, to which the highest nward
it this society has been rendered, the wenerous owner, Charles Schenner, Eisq., hedeable aml skitl. fill manufacturer of tho same, bids me prevent to yoth early pioneers-he, with a spirit of true gen-
 ing ef a trice friembl; and as sone slanal with yourr upon the witite woud of Catiforvia. And these lgures uron llus sadtle cloth (this too the prin)
duct from anome the "cattle of a thonsant lifls": -lteserf Prure-this noble Birrt, the emblemo of


the oak anl lice olive, eubleums of Irumh nin Tidelith- thece are titting texlimonials to repro
sent the faillfilluess of of frend. Accept then, (ienoral this gif. God gran give, yout anl easier jonrney. If your nue called "pon to acemat the ruget steep, He Fagle slall Iry the puss nlp. np its ruged steep; youn shan win at last, antl yest in a land fragrinut with friendinil. petennial with honor' ; for olk, has. is hippe? and is not your own leart rewardint join? How biessed to aid others, to make their way ktow amll lave felt this ; and youn, Mr. President -and your-athd you ; and the remembranee must conce like sweet petfune ution the altar of the

T'nke, then, dear General, this gift, and with it the warinest, best wishes of your friend and to yon with the best and warmest prayers of al that hear nic. and all that know you that yort may yet be sp
brighiter days.
Th gift was received with erident emotion by he venerable pioneer, who remariked it the course of his speeclt that for twenty years he had been
almost constantly in the saddle. (Loud cheering.)

## Col. Warren The Auction,

Col. Warren next ascendell the rostrum, ani proceedecl to bid ofl' a qumntity of fruits aurd shrubs. for the benefit of the widu wed beneficiare The first two plates of fruit brought $\%$, afte
 tien for these was very spirited and cxciting The net procecds of the sale anounted to some $\$$ is Bye procecta orthe sale amonnted to sontes the lights were tirned down, and the mathoth pomplights were tirned down, and the mianoth pothp-
kins left vis $a$ vis with the portraits of the disking left vis a pis with personages whech adorn the chaumb And thus endeth the California Capital Fair.

## Los Angeles Vineyards.

Dear Sir: I send you some specimens of fruils which I oltaniued during my lato visit to Los Aut geles, from the garden of Messrs. Sansevain Bro thers-the truly enteprising and most oxcelient contenten who havo succeeded their Unclo, Don Louis Vigules, in the management of this magnia cent estate.
A bricf history of this place is given in the enelosed note of the the Sept., by the proprietors. It was my purpose to have presented these in-
terestiver sivecinelis of the soil and climate of thie terestinter sivesinenss of the soil and climate of the
Italy of Cilifornia. in persont. witl the viess of ennliodying sotue fincls in regard to the vincyarels atid orchards of Los Augeles, which inight not
hare been entirely uniuturesting to tho Agrieulhave been entirely uninturesting to the Agricul.
tural Fair-an institution whicel has contributed tural Firir-ant institution which has contributed
so nutuch to the wonderful developinent of our go nuinl chinate anul excerclingly fertile spil-int urgere linsiness prevents a visit at this tine to your citt:
This is
This is one of many vineyards which is in State, Lutt suost of theme are nerglectelat and in a dilapilated comblition; that attenten lass not heen given Io this portion of the State that its productive clunate ama soil so amply deserve.
AI the next fair I lope fo lave an opportunity of giving youn some specimens fromi my own or-
chard nuil smey ard, directly oppmitc Dout Louis' old extalalishment. I have 16,000 vines, in fill bearing, and is line as 1 ever salw, which, wi.1 some of which weigh tupwards of 5 lis. ame each sine will turke a gallon of wine, 1 have a grea
varicty of fruit pact ponnegrinme, plume. \&.e., dc.; examples of whicle rain have very line specimens of wine, made some
18 or 2 , 1 tars since. 1 was diapponted in sending oin samples.
ator elert from Lox. Angcles, and a moxt hospita-


fine quility of thet speciucen of wine

## Thise is tle port on of the world in all prohz

## bilitr, that prail ce grapes in so $p$ eat an abun- dinnee as lwo Ingees, and the crops thete nere

## $f_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{d}$ ance



## Ulye Cialifumbia *ormor.

 EACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1855.
## 

 Redeem your Pledge
The following resolution was passed nt the Final Mecting.of the State dgricuitumal Society, in Friday evening last, after the seoond clection the Corresponding Secretary
Resol motion of Rev. Mr. Myers-
Resolved, That this Society allopt the Cnt. ornia FA bask as its orgmit, and recommend the
ame to the suppoit of all tie members, and esecially the Farmers throughont the state.

O. C. Wheler, Sec

Notking eould he noro gratifying to us than he alova resolution, and to know it was so ably adrocnted by suel men ns those mentioned in the esolution. Now, gent!enien, let it be done.
As it is our visth to do these gentemen evenhanded justice, and to give to each one his just portion of eredit, we are desirous to manke the result of their iaburs as widely known as possible. To this cud we staall publish the number of sublseribers received from each thew, t'his alone enn show our friends how well the resolution is carried out. We wait to record your lists, friends, and hope your cndenfors will be so erowned with neeess, that we can make great improvements in our jourma, witict we shanl do with all the aid
you give us.
Thanks !- Weare most grateful for the many remembrances of our Triends during the Fair. We shall not soon forget thecir kinduess. We recurn thanks as follows: To ourr friend Tinee, for those magnificent pietores of the Great Anterican Whter Lily; to Monsicur Delmas, for his exeelIent collection of grapes and the hottles of wine ; to Messrs. Wilson, Flint, and Beach, for those, st perior specimens of pears and apples; to E. L. Beard, for those splendid large pears; to Mr Case, for the specineens from lime ; to C. R. Bond, Esq, for a beaotiful dish of lemons from Sonor Requena, of Los Augeles; to J. Elder. Esq., for a fine cheese, manufactured by Samuel Levis, of Sonoma county. of very superior flavor; to B.
Landis, Risq., of Napa, for those hivh1-flavored nelous; to ar friends Chnse \& Co Merysrille, for the six brooms manufactured by thetu and that delicious solla; to Messrs. Lusk \&Co. of Saerantento, for two of their elegant broons, and to Messrs. Hooker \& Fern, for superb melons. To several other of our friends ne are indelted or specimucus of fruits, grains, vegetables and
aluables, wlich wo will duly credit, and for Whiches, whith oul' gralitude is tendered ; they madle our libors and disties lighlter, and olir editorial sanetmin noro agrecable. Friends sball not bo furitten.
Valuable Donation to State Aoriceltebal Sociers. - We announce wilh mneli pleasire the receipt per la st steamer, of the fullowing Donations to the State Sirciety. recei rell througli the uxertions of J. Q. A. Wacrent, Bing.. of Bostonl. the junior editur of the Farmer, who i- now laboring to increase the Lilirary and IVficemn of this so. iety-his lator and servicesi he ne voluntary.
Tho large volumes, lise in number, of the ke oris of the Michigan State .lgriculural Society. rom tho hands of their Seerelary, J. C. Holmes,
Froun the llon. C. F. Hagerdon Enq., Bararion Consul at Phulatel plin. Journals of the Bararian Agricilliural Society, fonricen in nomber, through thom opporlunities are secared 10 \& correspond once with unany important sociclies in Germany and the old countries, and faen ities opened for an exchauge of products.
From J. A Beckwith. Esq.. Secretary of Ter mont Etate A gricultural Society, has been receired Harious raluable docnments: the able Aldareas of alwo the Aldress of C. T. Russell. F'q.- apon "Labor," a unss interesting paper; a packaze o
nuriate of lime, a preparati-n for the destroction of the graschmper. With Pasphiets. Aleo,
pachage of new 2 ita al e licas of mas $5=n$, froun a disti F shed gr wer, Mr. J ecy of कl b we sha'l speak in or rnert. T ese ati ar
of greas ralle to the sociesr, and wil be daly appreciated.

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 111 J STREET
 At their 0id Store, 28 K street, ny be had all the abpurs arrieles, tognther with oue of the
ysest nssortinents to be tomnd in the Sinte of

seen by our last week's and the present week' issue, we lave been obliged to be dependant npon the reports of others, for what we have said in the main. The awards thins far are correct- the descriptions, nanes and eliaracters of unany article are wanting: and we lave decided that a Fair of so moeh moment to om Sitate slould be carefully reported. We shall therefore commence de novo Host week, and report every article, with weight measure and particulars, thus giving a valualal record of the Fair to all who wish to present the
same: and we unst ask the kind indulgenee of same; and we thust ask the kind indnlgenee of
our sub-cribers-ltey know our duties hive been arduous, and they will cxeuse.
T'o our Readers - The nuatcers relativo to the Fair occupy so inuch space, we crave the indulgence of our readers and patrons for muel that is necessarily outitted. P'remiums on Farms particulars of Ainmal Meetiug, \&c., are deferred

SPECIALNOTICES.
Che California Stato Agrienttoral Socioly'0 Roomo.-
Rooma of the Siate Agricinitural Eaciety are luented o Pourth strest, betwryn J and $K$, whero all who are inte


 Who will be pleasal w render any informntlon or
further any intereal connecied with egriculture.

If Poruvisn Fobrifugo.- The frormula for ilda prepnra
Won ts the rmeult of practical obeervation and experience fir



grades of Fevere. Agentm-IITNRY JoItsinow \& CO

Tr Ex-Alderman Perk ne sende ns the followio
In IA Hor of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CUGRRY

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 The fullowing cerrificmety is numngs the number recoived



## 

Letters from the Coast Range.-No. 3
Enitors Farmer: As Istated in my last, w passed Sunday quietly, and yesterday morning we rose bright and earls, to prepare for the roulgh and tumble of a camp and hunter's life. IIr. Godwin, in the course of our leisurely eorversation on Sunday, had become exeited with the idea
of aceompany ing us, not witlistanding he thourht at frst he eould not leave his farin and his mer cbandise; but the more he thouglit of the agreeable company of our joyous friend Parker and gentle friend Iredale the more irresistible becanne his desire to partake in the prospeetive
delights of our journey and explorations delights of our journey and explorations, eordingly he made preparations, mueh to our saty
isfaction, to make one of our party. He is an experienced hunter and good marksman, and is as fanniliar with the trails tbrough this wild and unfrequented region of California, as the Indian: or wild bensts tbemselres. To insuro amplo young Billy Ray for our hunter aud generill care taker, and an Indian for our guide and an assistant to him in the eare of the horses and pack animals. Billy has a benign and cheerful faee with much elear sense, and an undoubted courage in all wild sports exeept when face to face with a grizzly of the most formidablo kind. Of this we have exidence this morning, for on hitting one of these hideous creatures in tbe foot, in 2 wild glen, and seeing the animal gnash his teeth, bite the wound, and tben rush towards the spot where he stood, he took a sudden "buek-ague," dropped his powder flask, and run so hard that it took bim an bour to recover firmness enough to return and find it. However, for two-and twents he is a second Nimrod, and all who go to the Geysers by way of Petaluma and Godwin's Ranch, sbonld inquire for Billy Ray, and put themselves under bis honest guidanee and manly caro.
-Well, we rose early and packed our blankets and small stores, and made ample preparations for a leisurely and comfortable journey, as well as for a toilsome and severe camp life. And here I will say to all travelers, who may wish to follow our steps, tbat they will find it much to their advantage to secure good horses and saddles at Petaluma or Santa Rosa, and by no means to rely on getting them at further points of the journey. Horses may be obtained with some
dificulty in Russian River Yalley, but saddle. are searce, and farmers, horsemeu and hunters do not wish to loan them, We had taken full preeautions on this head, and our animals cost us only two liollars a day, whetber the journey was long or short.
At last everytbing being arranged, and that arge Firgininn lospitality of our new and agreeable friend Godurin liaring been almost exhuusted in making us confortable and preparing for me, with every prospect of a pleasing and instructive excursion.
The first portion of our jonrney took ins ori a course almost direetly north, and crossing the stony bed of Russian river, whieh at this point dian trail, we soon began to ascend the lofty ridge. beyoud two or three of which was the famous Goysers, about 15 miles distant, whero we were to build our first camp fire. The aseent of the first ridge was more gradual than uncomfortably steep or tortuous, aud from the lofly points of the path the view of the valley was attractive and interesting. It is very heavily wooded, ane so are the thousand ravines which lead into from every direction of its mountain boundaries.
Compaet sandstone seemed to be characteristic of the roek whiell rose bere and there, in ermimb ling knolls or boulders above a fertilo looking soil, and the whole sarfaee of the foot-hills and mountains, except where elothed with woods was sear
wild oats.
Afer gaining the top of the first ridge we descended sornewhat, and rodo some distanee
through a broad and fertile vale, lying far up in through a broad and fertile vale, lying far up in supplied with springs, and covercd with lily learea, giving one the idea of an oasis in a scarce and arid wilderness. Haring attained this point in our journey, we were in the neighborof a very lofy peak, the highest in thi
range of elevations. It constituted a ver euous landmark, and had beeu frequently ved by us from Godwin's Raneh, as a re having no name, we applicd to it in honor
for our generous companion, the cognomen of Godwin's Peek," by which it must be called by
"t travelers forecer hereafier. Here a remarks
. able geologieal view was presented. In faet, fa down on the oecan side of the ridge whieh we had just erossed, taleose and serpentine roek bad ben so frequently and abundantly conspieuous that this whule ulevated region seemed to hav
been pushled in or assisted greatly in its upheaval by broad and vast intrusions of igneous raterials Higher $\mathrm{np}_{\mathrm{t}}$ similar outeroppings sere apparent, ren to the sumnitit of the ridge, and other ig cous roek of a basaltie character was visible in boulders and projecting masses nbove the soil
near the trail as we journeyed along between the idges. It was on this trail, between the firs ridge and Godwin's Peak, that on looking to the westward I beheld lofty and broad cliffs of sedimentary strata several hundred feet thiek, al whieh strata were conformable with each other though dipping westwardly at an angle of thirty degrees, They had been eut and broken away so that one eliff had retreated far beyond the
other, and if the strata had been prolonged to their original position, the thickness of the sedimeitary beds must have been extremely great. Lying ou the primitive roek they were probably of paleozoic origin and had been raised to their present position and dip by the intrusions of ser
pentine and trap. and by the cencral elevating pentine and trap. and by the general elevating
forees which had lifted the penks of the mountains from the profound beds of the sea. g'he riew was interesting in the extreme, in a seien tific way, and I longed for timo to indulge my curiosity with those extremely uncient deposits, Which have probably never yet heen exauined
by a competent geologieal observer. Fossil remains of marine origin may yet be found in these strata, that may be very importnnt objects in unfoiding the geological history of this slope of the ontiuent.
A scrutiny of Godwin's Peak as I journeyed on the opposite mountain, led me to , believe that
it also was of a serpentine character; and the it also was of a serpentine character; and the
whole region of mountainous country from the Peak to the Geysers, where the roek was exposed had a serpentino and trappean appearanec. This ras the highest point in the sceond ridge, and from it extenced? a baekbone firr to the eastward, the asecnt of whieh was by a devious and narow path often lealing along the steep sides of a long and crooked ravine and throngh chaparra o thiek and stiff as almost to take the clothing rom tho bolly. The roek whieh was frequently isible over the wholo of this ridge, was similar in that before mentioned except that iron pyrite. was rery abundant, both in boulders and the wountain mass. Midway betreen these ridges re stopped to lunelh aml regale our thirsty lips at a cool and shaly rill, whowe musie, as it bab-
bierl dorn the hill, was in sweet aceurdance with be bainy clicerfulness of our hearts and the ample elatims of landeape seenery all around us After a half hour's rest we entered the chaparral and for three or fonr minies along the steep slopes $f$ the taviue and mountain side, we had rathe an arduous task. But the summit gained, a deep nimi slarp valley, or rather a broad and imuens ravine, opened immediately before our admiring
gaze, struteling far to the east and west, well wooded, and cut into gorges runuing deep int its sides, whiel, were hilled with a dense and dark areen folinge, the appropriale and constant abode of grizzly bears, deer, and smaller wild anim:als This great villey was announced to whs as contain-
ing the Geysers, and whitish patehes here and here on the opposite slope, were pointed out sulphur deposits. 'The northern side was les. thiekly elothed with woorls than the southern thongh pines, and firs, and oaks, grew with ap parently equal thrift nu both slopes of the rarine Tho aspect of the whole seene was grand and pieasing. The descent was long and tellious, and just after passing the roeky rivilet at the botion. e started a fine fut doe. Billy Ray's ritto ball truck her through the thieket on tbe top of the head, whieh stunned her so that she fell. It
then grappled her by the leg. but she struggled
 Inoving slowly up tho opposite bank 2 ball froni
my revolver grazed her back. This oniekened ny revolver grazed her back. This quiekened her crot, and notwistlistanding efforts to tike hur
she made goud her escape into the delse chiekets of the ravine. This was a sore disappointinent ons all. But we resumed our joirney and about our camp in a beautiful litule dell a stone's thro rom Mr. Levey's tenantless cot. Here wo buil ur firc, and I ato ono of the sweetest meals tha have ever enjojed -and under the limht of a
cloudless heaven full of stara, and tho conlifortabte cloudless heaven full of stara, and tho connfortable
warmeth of our blankets, we chatted a way the warmet of our blankects, we chatted away th
crening hours, intending to exanaine the remark ble objects of our visit early the following morn
 Or, wanton grown, and wishiug to he woon,
Now plays at bo-peep with the mid-dy Sun, Till flowers and hlossons tell of loves repaid
And favora grantell hy the yielding miid? And favora grantel hy the yielding maid?
Ur, fhall the fautless Summer tuno my In nil her quecn-like Juoo nujesty 1 (No jititug paramour, no would bo bride) Spouse of the Sun, his owo, his wedded wife,
To her-her all, her lord, her lnw, her life? Tbough even she, somenelmue, in eylvuin shar Vill ave the coynees of a hashful mai And, drest ns'Spring, retuin hior fadivg fiow,
Upouthe mirgin ol some purling brook, And thore, in Nature's ell built suules bow, Atempt to ohun her lover"s ardent look:
In spole where sly Diana and her train, In former timeen, niellit hold their rurul) reign Or thaill $I$ sing of Autumu's yellow corn, Her clustcred vintase, and her well-filled
Or hary reapers, and of harvort fiedse, And all the comlorta honest labor yiolds;
Aud then go homee with her, at eveuing's cloese Aud in her slumidering norms livito epose-
Till Mormlng, wide swake, wihh luughing face, Chide mef for seeking such indulgences 1 Such themos, alus I would hriog hut vain regret
Orbye gone pleasures I would folu forget Or bye I gone pheasures I would fulu forget Enjoyed the sulunicot of hathpy times, Whien Love and Learning soothed, wher the the thes My hardcet trials, nadmy my harvoet toilh. equal emites,
But thou, poor weeping Winter I left and lone, Sript of all ornement, thy benuty gone, Widowed and acoroed, hut introduced to raise, The other 'scenons) who with the realso The other ${ }^{9}$ carones) who, with hayghty brow,
Proclalm how much inferior art thois Procknlm how much inferior art thou Their gaudy gnrmiture, and fleunting drese Tbou wert a fiter theme for such as $1 /$
For "what can either of uo do hut die ?" $\qquad$

Caleb Crusty's Experience.
Messas. Enitoas: I did not muean that my sisters should be slaves. I hired one man to the wood, go to market, and do ehores abou the place; and another for looking after the pigs
My sister licbecea, the eldest I installed as houseKeeper, and instrueted Ceeily to act as her assistant, requesting then, in addition, to take the ponltry under their management; leaving th pigs to the special provinee of Susan, who is a strong, hardy person, and used to make the man ner ih which she could raise them, down-east, her principal boast.
But, did ever man make such a lamentable misealeulation? My sisters told mo they were extrenely olad that I lad become a rich man Whiel, they had no doubt, 1 also was, not so
much on my own necount, as on theirs, as I could now afford to introluce them into good society, where, they had reason to believe, they were likely to meet with suitable olfers. But, whether they did so or not, they were unanimous, they said, in the opinion that, beyond acting as housc-
wires, and looking after the few ehiekens I then had, they ought not to do anything whatever. told them frankly, I did not know what advantage their coming ont would be to me, if they were not to render themselves useful. To this thoy re and comforts" whiel their presence would confer upon ure; and assured me that they would exereise such a liappy influcnce on mo and mine, that never till then, had 1 known in what truo happiness consisterl. They talked so plansibly, and seemed so sineere, that I resolved they should hare a fair trial of what they could do in their joint wisdom. 'this was a great inistake on my
part, as by this coneession I lost my liberty. They turned the house upside down. They inade me buy a thousand dollars worth of furniture and carpets; and have suceceded in making every tbing so very fiue that 1 am forbidden, during the day, to enter some of the rooms. Instead of the emfortnble suppers which 1 used to have with tho boys, when we got quite social over a couple of bot tles of rum. I am now ealled on to dress for dinner, when, ! confess, I would sooner think or going to bod. Then liebueca has got, all at once, devoted to religiou and plysic, and keeps a re pository of traets and quatek medieines for general
distribution. Susan, again, aspires to be aut
and auth oress, and has wrillen a number of absurd stories, and so ealled Essays, in ineomprehensible Fnglish, ehokefnll of big watel dogs, moons of all descriptions, and lovers and little babies in any quantity. Jus the way, she tells me she has it, just now, in contemplution to furnish you with a series on Wives. Sisters, and Jaughters; witls which I have no doubt your readers will be much atoused. As to Ceeity, she has got an old piano
on which sho males sich horriblo noisea, that I on which sho makes sicl, horriblo noisea, that invariably lerryo the houso when she commente
So muell for tho inllueuce of sistors on our mestic comforts.

## Autuinn. <br> OH 1 geatle Autumn tbou art here; Thy cooling breeze oow fine my brow, Thy balmy breato is whispertng low lo ead and pluintive etrains. <br> Hail! lovely Autumn! in thy sweet sadness

 thou has come to cheek the high-toned gaities of Summer, and teach us a lesson of usefulness and submission. For although Summer has fled with all her gaiety and gaudy show, tbou hast follnwe her with thy sweet smile, resigned to do the bjd ding of Him who sent thee.Thou art lovely, supremely lovely, in thy pale nd sombre hues. Tbou rauntest not ; but to thee praise is no less due, for thou hast brought to man, beast and bird, a larish store of grain that a king might erave, and spicy fruits that a queen might covet. From tbese flow the sparkling wine that fills the cup of the prinee; and from thes re made the bread and wine, fair omblems of ous Saviour's flowing blood and broken body
Oh ! lovely Autumn, kind proteetor of Spring's beauty, and Summer's eharms. Without thee gay Spring or gaudy Summer would have no birth. With a careful hand thou hast seattered and covered the germs of fruit and flower. Thou hast kindly buried them upon the soft earth, that wben Spring shall return they may eome forth in newness of life and fill the air with their sireet perfume.
At a glance of tbought, I deem it but a few days, instead of jears, since I left tho snowy hills of one of the Atlantic States, with its clear and pebbly brooks. I cannot but contrast those Aupebbly brooks. I cannot but contrast those Au-
tumnal daya with those of '55 in California. A my present seat the streams are seliom clear. No profusion of golden flowers to remind us that Autumn is here; no white or blue star flower is seen laugbing from benesth a sheet of snow; no frost to wilt botb leaf and flower ere it deeay Still each hath its charlus teaching its lessons of
usefulness. Here the parent stalk stands firm, and as old age adrances it casts off its garb of outh and beauty, and, like man after a long and well ordered life, erumbles to its mother earth with all its virtucs, "the beauty of age." IIere the forests are cver green; aud I love to steal sil ently out under the majestic old oak, near my door, when the bright Autnmnal moon is full with nature for my orator, and the sighs of the ying inseets for my orehestra. Calm sadnes teals over my soul, and, with faitbful menory ver near, I commune with past joys, absent iends and departed spirits.
But soon, too soon, the cold dying breath of utmun, or the rude Winter's approach breaks my reveric aud urges me to a eloser tent. But thou frail Autumin hath told us of no joys to fnllow thee, for Winter with his boarse, harsh voice, his cold, rough tread, and his heary floods to spread over the cartb, is following elose upon thy
footsteps, footsteps.

## Ilelen.

Remarks of Rev. O. C. Wheeler, On Presenting the Prizes to the Lady Eques
trians, Thursday evening, Sept. 27, oies ann Gentuewen: of Laoies ann Gentlemen: Though the days are gone when the gallant linight, with poising lance and glittering sword, with buekler, shield
und helmet, rushes to the sanguinary contest, and und helmet, rushes to the sanginary contest, and
spurs himself and steed to fiercer strife at every spurs himself and steed to fiercer strife at every
glance of bis fair lady's eyce, or elapping of hands, yet the spirit which inpelled him to his most daring deeds and feats of wondrons strength-the spirit of chivalry - that spirit which ensures to
the last and erowning work of Deity, woman, the highest consideration, the most sure protection and universal preferment, still tives and will continue to live, and act with increasing purity, while man slaall till the soil, or guide the State,
or light sweet freedon's battes:. That spirjt or light sweet freedom's battles. That spirit
Dervades the heart of every honorable man. It has leen seen in carlier and in late times.
This Society, whose anmal festive seene is now passing, has opened to woman its door ol competituon in erery department of art and industry
fiee, and while demanding of her none of the confiee, and while demanding of her none of the eon-
siderations whiels are expected from the sterner sex, has offered her prizes and premimms for excellence, not a whit belind the wery ehicfest.
Nay, more, it has provided an espeenal fe:t Nay, more, it has provider an cspeend festival for her interest and enterninment, aud made is
all to lier free as the air she brenthes. And who
the that saw her tbis afternoon,

could fail to admire, a ppland anll breatho a new spirit of ancient chivalry refined and purified by This departuent of these festivities I know has een the objeet much eriticised, and not a little evero animadversion. Aud jet I think jt entiredefensiblo by the soundest argument.
Although no Sennivarius is now cnlled upon to ead her thronging millions to the battlo fleld, al $\alpha$ om her fiery clarger give orders, on tho ciecution of whiels a nation'a fate may hang. yot noore

##  chatering throue and passes heedless by evcry ned coach and gilded chario

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Lapics: The genilumen composing the com-
itteo of award in the departmont of 11 ippolromic exercises, have witnessed your elegnnt, your
queenly performances this afternoon, and have queenly performances this afternoon, and have
awardeil the prizes offered throngli tho society. whose humble secretary now ndiresses yoll. The
large experienee and unture judgment of those gentlemen would, under any circuinstances, bee a
suffieient guaranty of the justness of their decision; but when ai their head we find one whoso life lias been sient lin tho sadnle, who has not logions of the most expert horsemen in the wortd; refined as that of an American soldier, and whose allantry must preclude the possibility of a wrong
io tho liumblest of the oclier sex, I confidently o tho humblest ol the ocher sex, I confidently
issert that the most disappointed will be sntisfied that not the slightest injustice is done to any party. history, more adapted and calling more londly for
skill in this nowle exercisc than the vast plains and giddy mountain trails over which many of our ladies are, and over which all may be culled
to trnvel. To foster theu, this exercise is not
unpratiseworthy even in a great and influentual to travel
unpraise
society.
But this is not tho time nor the place to dis course this subject. Nor need we; woman is here
to speak for hersclf, and I know you will listen to her-hark! she says


No counself I aok zand no pily heend
But bring me, ch, bring me, ny gallant goung stecd."
And when onc of the inost intelligent of her
cx has thus spoken, argument, if needed, would sex has thus spoken, argument, if needed, would Miss Stevens-A duty has been assigned me, whicl, but for the single fact of my inabilty to do
justice to the occasion, would be entirely pleasing justice to the uccasion, would be entirely pleasing
-it is the duty of presenting this watel and chain as the first prize for accomplished eques paration, as the only proper tribute to such skill. paration, as the only proper tribute to such skill. onamel is of unstained brilliance-a purity and a
brilliance, equalled only by the samo traits, when found in the fermale character.
May the regilarity of its running, and the constancy of its tick admonish you of the unceasing progrcss in this art, which those whoso supcrior
you have now bceu declarcd, will make to overtako and pass you.
To youn, Miss.
To Jot, Miss Morgan, has boen arrardcd this elegant saddle. And this, too, is ot Catifornin manufacture; it would bo a grand "first prize" in
any other State than ours. But liere ladies are any other Sente than ours. But bere ladies are tributes, lhad you used this saddlo to-day, we
havo little donbt you wonld lave won the firs prize, and had it not been for giving you an undue advantage over your compctitors, perhaps its use would hivo been offered you. Now, it is yours
and if sou studionsly and assiduously uso it til this high entertaiment shall reeur, at the close of a twel renonth you may confidenty antic
tho gratitication of your highest ambition. To you, Ars. Feri, 1 anim requested to presen this cup, made of material more precious than that
which belts a continent, and bear's the commerce which belts a continent, and bears the commeree
of nations; more enduring than that which has awakened every nation and changed every connby its development in the mountains of your the first exercise of he kind in which your won it ever lielly unt he shores of the Pacitic; and mas
you imblibe from it manny a cooling draught at the close of an cxercise in the saddle, the praetice in
which will soon render you chof ammer yunr which will soon render jou chief ammeng yun
equals. I though jou must now drink thom i
alone, misy ton soon share its use with one
 presenting this mest clegant combination of sith
and pearl, and gold. This prize was chosen be
danse it was tho richest of ifs class, and the clas was chmen lecallse it was thonght that the on
who shoulal come out a litule behind nighe new to " whip up" a little, Although you have no
fully lealized, suor anticipatious, I have no doub
you will st 11 jon with us all in inging

The reception of the prises was accompanied with rositerous checring and clapping of hands on
the part of the me we ascemblag*.
Unigler pertiaet $y$ and hi $G$...me y responded.
i i . W ol. F F Fe, Gen. Redd agton, Gen.
Sutter and Mr Winans ad reaped the aud ence ha plya
Shurue, lay nas a gala day for the eity and

## ADDRESS

 mento, September 2 Lith, 1855 .Mfr. Presinent: At the close of a political
 ruly interestiug occission, so larye wil nisemuliage of eitizens from dillerente parts of vur beloved Sme, whoso calm and cornporat axpect seems

cloarly to intimate, that with them at ucrimony so apt to be engendered in contests for | civil supremacy lins fairly pinssed away, and that |
| :--- |
| now, after having exclunged hearty gratulations | uron the unsurpaxsed, yet constantly angmenting prosperity und happiness of our infant commontwealth, they are prepared, with all becolning zeal and energy, fraternally to co-operate in the task exhiuiting to the view of onr countryment in agricultu ral resourcess of this $\boldsymbol{y}$ oungest of the thir-y-one sovereign States, who unitedly constitute the nost magnificent national confederacy ever yet known to the page of history. I cannot but

contertain, Mr. President, a confident liope that our coming toyether at chis timo, undcr circumtances so nuspicious, naj be productive of in-
creased good will unong our cilizens, and have a crensed good win unven our cilikens, and have a
tendency to securo great and lasting alvantages the canse of Ayriculture here and elsewherc. I shall take it for granted that no on:e now vesent, iu the earth is by fur the mosst imporiant of all the pructical oceup tions which as yet have henl known 10 call forth the curergics of man as a
ivilized ann socill being; as it is und oubtedly the one best calconlated to foster the domestic and ocial virtues- to maintain the prin ciples if civil
order-and to keep alive in the hellits of freellen a fervid and diffusive patriotisn. All historic writers have united in bearing estimony to thic
fact that the tillage of the soil has been uniformly contemporaneons with the connmencement of civilization ; and one of the inost prufound and acru-
rate thinkers that America rate thinkers that America has jct prodiced, has
not hesitated to say, on a grave and imposing ocnot hesitated to say, on a grave and imposing oc-
casion, that " man may he civilized in some degree without great progress in manuffactures, and with Wittle conlumerce with his distant neimblibors, 13ut without the cultivation of the carth, he is, in all orator and statesman.) a savage. Until he stops from the chase, and fixes himncelf in some place, muld seeks a living from the eurth, le is a roaming
barbarian. When tillage begins, other arts follow. The farmers, then, are the founders of
civilization." Higher praise than this could not well be inagined; ; and yet am I tempted to add that the progress of civilization, ercn in its highAl times ond devciopment, seems to have heen at all times, and in all countries, pretty exactly proportioned to the advance of agricultural science.
Indced, I suppose that it would he altoget ber itn Indeed, isuprose that it would be altoget her inn-
possible to name a peoplo anoong whom tho agricultural calling was not held in respect, who exanination. to lave been deplorably wailtius in examination. to liave becn depiorauly wainting int
all thoso refined and delicate noral gracea and high mental capabilities whichare evcry where
recognized as indispensable elcments of a true nd thorough civilization. It in certain that al he cnliphtencd nations of antiquity cherished a most favorable regard for the agricultural soca-
tion; and in some of them this sentinient of repret for what they deened the prinieval occupayen with the solemn cerenoninals of religious e F. . Ant Me F.gyptians, the Greck \& anll Rownans-nnd the
Plunicinas, the Carthagecniuns, the Is raclites, the Chaldenns, tho Chineere, and the , Iapanese. I celebrated statesmen liat trreece and liome conld mast, and breame very early a farorite subject of issertation among writers of a cerlain grase and
tititarion cast both in poetry and in prose. One of the carliest prorms of antiquity was that of
Ilcsiod. in which he essageal the illustration Icsiod. in which he essayel the illustration
nul elforecment of sciontific hu, bandry. Other rriters, in due seasor, appearel, who. rivaling his.
rample, cither in prose or wre, contributer xample, cither in prose or urne, contributed
heir quots of instrictiun and entcrtainment for heir quota of instructimanani entcisown and of sueceeding gencrations, among whom may be
 how far these reneraliee authors or any of them.
Inay at the present lay. lie satcly relind on fts the may ar the present ilay le setcly relind on fir the
solution of qies ouss connected y lith the bas seas
of tillage as conducted in inodern times I venture 10 siggesh, that no uriter hase jeel apmeraret. who
nould stem th have hirought to the d scussion o agrienltural and kimitred lopies higher and hap-
pier powers of de ineation, a more collivate
piterary uste. A liore sincere and affectionate
and Diterary caste. a more sincere and affectionate
sympuithy for the tullers of the earth as distine the simple and serene del ahts of miral if. the
 his thril ing and beaulful inrocation in behalf of
agriecultural purat is has thux as were ad.
dressed in sira ins of con terest pathos all the dressed in sira ins of con terest pathas al the
generat ons of men. as they snecessitely wrend the

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o one, I think, ean impartiall dinirable poctn froun which 1 linver exame the reely, whether he shull concur or not with M ddison in pronoucing it "the most complete la borate, and tinished picce of all antiquity," with ut tinding linimelf forced to adopt tlic conclusion Which I frankly confess ny own mind has ar inetcen hundred years ago, the pcople of tialy were by no means either ignorant of the princi ples of agricultural scienco, or unskillful in thei pilicalion, For several ce antluro would have flourished in lialy, in Ganl, ,nd in varion ther provinces of the Roman Empirc; and is ven supposed not to have exhibited signs of serious dectine until the arising of those causes ( whatever they were, , whose co-operative energie,
brought on that clominiest period in the 1 orld' brought on that gloomiest period in the "orid's
history, known as the dark ages. When, in th history, known as the dark ages. When, in thg
early part of the sistenth centary of the chrisCian era, tho light of the Reformation beaned Corth brightly and benignly from Central (ier vated, once more asserted its native freedon and independence-agi ieulture, froun the influence of indeplendence-agiculture, froun the inturnenco of
anulses difticult to be defined, does not appear to tic learriing and the arts in general, but still confinued to languish in a state of mysterious and unaceountable inertuess, until a period not far
intant from our own times. Tliose who hav distant from our own limes. Tliose who have ninutely, will sumtain me in the assertion that fo nearly all that is valuable in this important de
partment of knowledgo with which the civilized nhabitants of Europe wero not fully ss conversan two thousand jears ago ns we ourselves are at the rescar moment. Chemista geologists, mineralogists, botanists an nechanicians, whose contributions to the genera tock of agricultural kngwledge have been
nade within the last century and a lialf.
It is, I m suro, not expected of me that hould oll this occasion attenipt to exhibit in de ail the improvements ellected in agrienlture of ate jears on the two sides of the Aclantie. Th sulj ject is one of rast extent, and might well sup-
suly topics for a series of elaborate discourses, rumoing through many daja and prcpared in th loset, by scientifle ment, with that pains-taking
hiligenee and that rigid regard to accuracy, which an alone impart to such performances any thin of a marked and perinanent valle. Ifrely
acknow ledge, sir, that I have not that faniliarity with agriculture which would emable me to do nuch luore than offer a fex general observations o thowe assembled here at tho preacent moment erudo sugguations, with the hope alone of giving momencary enteriainment to such as havo don The territorial surlace of the United States And our country is blessed with such a hapi, vil to nine a single usefil proluct kno be dit to Europecn or $A$ salic tillace, Whieh mo hit no uceest upunt some portion of ourr broad dumal on thic cont nent, lireat attention has been pasid
of late in most of the sastes of the Uni $n$ to the of late in most of the slates of the Uni $n$ to the
rarinns tranches of syrre tore, and in not a fis
nents
pres 1
Si. P.

sercral of the locat gorern tents of the stale
te conalderable umic of mon pr in rario:s
trm
lith a viev to turtbering thia lomporiant brane



Exianxixum
naturally become an ohject, alike of hope, if af-
fectionate solicitude, and of soljer nond rational admiration to the whole world. was only known
to the general minss of our countrymen as a wide extent of sparsely settled territory, understood to ue nominally mater lexican rule, of vague and
undefined boundaries, stretching grimly alonm the coast of the far-off Pacific sea. It was a region
supposed to be cursed with incurable sterility for the most part only fit to be tho abode of ferocious wild beasts, and of aboriginal tribes yet lingering in a state of unmitigated barbarism. No informintion of a character at all clear and satisfactory, it, was posscossed by the States of the Atlantic scaboard. Various indistinct rumors were from time to time reaching the great commercial marts may one side of the comment, some of which may, perchance, now seem to us dimly to have wonders which hare been since renlized liplied
fore views and wishes of ourr most astute and far-secing port somewhere on the Pacific const for the of a eral convenience of cominerce, and the accommodation of our daring and meritorious countrymen arter of the world. Why, sir, those lion-hearted and unconquera he men, (a worthy representation of whom is far more than by diplonatic tact, this fair Paradise of the Pacific was torn from the reluctan ven did they know of the real passessors-what ition which they were enabling their country to make? Sir, it is quite a curious fact in ourr naloupe [lidalgo was under considcration in th merican senate, npon a question involvine it ratification by the President of the United States here wero members of that illustrious body, disgurla alke for cxtraordimary intellectua ad , the most consummate hiterary attainmente, ap the oust steady and intense devotion to the most sess and glory of the Kepublic, who labored on the he aequisition of which was providal for domain, nstrument wne not by and provided for by that arn of fifteen millions of dollars, which was to bo aid for it, and who contended even that its bare possession by the United Sentes would prove both efound rather an incumbrance than at leas trong was to bo that feeling of surprise which in a few short inonths was to come upon all the and unexpected discovery within our conflues of hose rich minerai treasures, now universally beleved to ve exhaustieso.
But strong and pervading as was that feeling, cannot be at all doubted that one of equal or ven of greater intensity would have been awak ned, colld the fact have been communicate rith eqnal sndenness, and in a form equally sat ontained within her leemine horom the wonrous agriculual resources which this exhibition o magnificently attests. Who expected, sir, even years aince, when California became an in egral portion of this noblo Republic, that in the ear 1855 . she wouid be sending forth from her rand commercial einporium vast and numerous liploads of grain and flour, all. 100 , of her own rowth and manufacture, io relieve sufferings which it is next to impossillo that the thrice for unate dwellers in this moro than Fggpt of the Vew World can ever be constrained to experrence Let ine remind fou in passing, Mr. l'resident, hinhrd withont the abistraction of either copous r lalor from mining enterprises; and ihat monnWhilc, we have built up and beautitied .menia cent commercial mat unon our wen anagninis the wollder and ailmiration of all who visit it a the wollder and ail miration of all who fisit it,
we have establishal large and prosperoua towns we have establisticil large and prosperous towns or noble rivers, and hare caval. to spring into yorous and healtliful existenco, as it were aluos Fhich are to be found perched on luny A n nc summits, wh le othera are modestly seated aniulst glowing golden plans-and others agoin are hidden frotn the riew of the surrounding world, in
deep requentered va'ejs, wo led in oll all side
apprents by passable mowntama, where the purents by pasable mowntama, where the sun'n rays ab no at mid-day in riuro withan
incenaty hardly known even in tropical clitastes and where in the $d$ l of winter $t$ - snow sorme imes is a to the d tho of fr m th rty lof rty f Bal, to relirn to $t$, le of interrugalio

 4 mix =rative $2-x=$ Thim



## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

the best farming lands in this wicinage,
the San Joaquin river, from thirty to for$s$ to the acre may he confidently anticiwithont the nid or manuring or irrigation.
what, I pray you. vould our friends and of me, were $I$ to mention here, partly, of eourse, for their entertainment, a hundredth part or the
wonderfulthings I bare beard, and which seemed wonderful things hare heard, and which seemed
to ne well atested, louching the resills of farming in California? Suppose, for instance. I should farmers raised from ninety-nineacres of land a erop of barley averaging a little more than one hun-
dred and forty-nine bushels to the aere ; that six dred and forty-nine bushels to the aere; that six
bundred hushels of potatoes bad been frequently bundred hushels of potatoes bad been frequenty
produced from a single acre of land; ;hat upon another an equal quantity of heets; upon another twenty tons of tomatoes; and upon yet anothe that one hulidred dozens of cuevinimers per day ing in the whole to nine thousand dozens; sloonld Ingot incur serious risk of being charged with gross exaggeration?
Where, beyond the limits of California, would
a man he listened to with credencc, who should state, what no one now present ccrtainly would question, that delicious peaches had been known here to mature on trees only two cars old from the pit? THat repeated instances had occurred of a double crop, hoth of pears and peaches, heing inaised in the same season! heover heard, save and twenty-mine po feet in hight? Tr here, except in California, it he asserted and proven, that strawberries ripen during every month of the year, and that it pounds of this delicious fruit from an acre or ground devoted to their criltivation?
I am happy to know, Mr. President, that our feliow citizens in the mining section of the State are at this time paying considcrable attention to
Agrienture in jits various departments. In thic progress of a recent ranable which hooh hrough hat decply . ey and oals, growing in several placcs most natural meadows, from which large quantities of which is now past. mown during the sca, and orchard trees of different kinds growing, and promising in
supply of fruit.
Allow me, here, Mr. President, to call yonr attention. and the attention of this audience, to an extract from the last official report of our State
Gcologist, Dr. Jolin B. Trask, whose indefatiable labors have developed an amount of valuable information in regard to the mineral and agricultural resources of California, which should insure him the esteem and gratitudc of all who feel intcrested in the future growth and prosperity of our young and promising Statc. What I shall
read is from the chapter hwaded "Soils and proreations of Los Angelcs." After expatiating urion the claracter of the soil of the vieinag capacity as a wiluc-growing and stock-raising country', be adds:
"The culture of grain upon these plains waras the experiment had been made the yicid ha heen largcly above the average crops of the more northern districts, and siftould success attenil the experiment of the introduction of water for irri gation, full thirty per cent. of theso plains may he applied to the rearing of cereal
large margin still for pasturace.
The advantages of water near or on the surface in this section of the country is manifested in the experimental crops of last year on the 'Monce, a few niles east of the city. The corn erop of this locality, comprising about 1800 acres, was in mense in its yield as in the size of its stalks;
large proportion of it was planted late in th large proportion of it was planted late in the
season. but notwithstanding this, the ear was fullformed and well filted in the month of October and the crop still in the silk, It was no uncornmon circumbitance to find six fill ears on on frequent than any figure helow it. I think that it may he safely estimated that the 'Monte' lands Will yield an average crop of sixty hushels to the
acre. These facts are noticed more particularly as corrohorative of what has been advanced respecting the fertility of this line of plains, and with evidences such as have heen adduced on so grand a scale as a mere experiment, there seems
but little room left to doult the high qualities for production which these lands a ill exhibit, should they be tilled with judicious nanngement.
We come now to the consideration of the exotic productions of this part of the Slate. Th position of the mountain chains which scparate it, their trend and altitude are productive of fur different elimatal cond itions from those 10 o in any other portion of the eountry. After passthe last ridgc of the San Bernardino chain, in traveling from the north, the traveler is ushered
into a widcly different climate from any whicb he has before become acquainted. The atnospher ia entircly divesterl of that harsh coldness which is found on the eeahoard and to sonic distance in nied with that scorcling heat incident to the plains and vaileys situatell among or $l$ ting to the nst of the ridges comprising the coast mountain stances it will he seen that a differeat class of
oties of a more sontibcrn nativity would flourish, while their destruecion would be almost certain heyond this chain.
First among the exotic growths of Los Angeles, is the swect orange; this tree is found to
flourish well withoul arififinal protectiom from the atmosphere, and attains the hight of firty fieet atmosphere, and attains the hight of furty fect,
and in some cases even more than this; ; its fruit is fully cqual to any inplorted artiele which has et arrived in this country. The tree produres ye arrived in this cointry. The tree prodness
bonmtifilly, and is in fruit tirongliout the whote
and year. The frnit is generally firge and plunnp, with the pulp well finted, there is not the slightest
evidence of any thing uncongenial cunnected with evidence of any thing uncongenial connected with
it appearance; it may be sid truly to hive hiecone habituated to oulr climate. or to have found in the kindred qualities of its own tropical
native home. I have seen the young tree of tuo ears from the seed producing fill, well 1matired ruit. During the palmy days of the rild $M_{1}$ issions extensive groves of these trces, buts siluce their decline. the trecs and their culture have leeen neglected, and the groves in many instances eut glected, and he groves in many instances eut
down. 1 is a pleasing fact to know that Anerican citizcns rexident in this portion of the state, are hirming their attention to the propagation oow
his delicious fruit, and it will be lut a very few years before our uarkets will be supplied froun
doinestic sources entirely. In hie citien of Surta Barhara and Lus Angeles. and the andjueent Alisand in sonve few instances much older.
Thic citron is also another fruit belonging to the same natural family, and was formerly critivated o a considerable extent, and flourinhes well at gardens of tinic. I have seen this fruit in the residences growing to thic size
grine gide The date trea fion have becn less than 216 s. fanate and kindred frinits, ind a congacrion climate, and a soil ndapted to their successful cultivalion. and are to be met with at several points in this section of the country. No atcmpit, so fir
asi I liave becn able to learn, has as yec bece: inade I lave been able colcarn, has as yet beex inade
o produce the pine-apple, althongh the climate produce the pinc-apple, althongh the climate
nd all other concomitant conditions of loeality essential to ot concomitare coltound. Some experiinents hare hecn made in the cirlturc of tolaeco which have proved highly successful aurd satistic
ory-the Cuban variety is found to flourish a well here as upon its native soil; thic great conwell here as upon its native soin; the great con-
sumption of this article in California will render its cuttivation un object of soinc considerable importance, and as so little care and labor is neeessary in rearing it bere. it is inore than probathe
hat but a few years will elapsc before oft will fink place in our conmereial tables, asis an article of ome production, and per haps of export.
Ithe climatal conditions of these plain.
The climatal conditions of theee plains, and the daplability of their soils are such that we may reasonably expect. erc a few years slant pass, that
cotlon, coffee, tea, singar and rice, the four latter articlcs particularly, will find a plaee in onr eatalognes of honeve productions. and the only in inpertinicnt that now stands in the way of their imme-
diate production, is tire ligh price of tatior whoich is eonsequent upon the sparseness of population, The unocceninied or rather, mininprovell lands ex the of the coasi, angl into the intcrior for dis lances rary ing fron twetve th tify or sixty miles. and the extemsive valley raures heyond the first
and eastern line of the Sun lieriardino monntains and castern line of the San liernardino monntains,
ollicr strong inducenents to the immigrant and ilicr strong inducements to the immigrant anil
settler who nuay lie seeking a permanuent and greeable home, and who wifhes to cultivate soil sich means of hivetithood and soince of pront.
sict of the State furnishes an annple such this dintrict of tienstate furnishles an annppie
field for his opurations, and equally profitable ith any other portion of ourr wide domain. he last day or two, of the Irrogress of Agrienturns the last day or two, of the Irogress of Agrientunre
n California, and in view of the testimony whieh has becn laid before ns, in such a variety of forms. as to the capacity of our soil and the genial and varied influcnces of our unequated climate, I feel justificd in saying, that in my judgment, it would hc quite difficult for ans one, cithicr here or else
where, to namic a single plant or vcgecuble, tree dirub or flower, wheller grown on farms, in or chards or in gardcns, which, with adequate car and judicious ditigence, wight not be stecess fullij
cilivated and brought to complete perfection in ome part of California If the progress whieh se have aiready nade in this intcresting pursnit, should he continucd for a few y cars longer, a season amidst our ebarming hillss and valleys and ertite fragrant plains, nay hercaltcr apply io
his modern Ausonia the glowiug language of poetry, and exclaim-

Uintel stntea or Amechen.





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rupily extended.










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## Dr Wistar's Ealsam of Wila Cherry.

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hrough, or reeididig in in infected districts, elowidd lic without Tit Read tho following Tentimony.










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- arietics

Haven paper, deserihing the localitie cal eollegc is on the road to the ceme ery; the divinity college is on the road to the poor

A little girl at school read thos: "The wido "What did joot call that word?" asked the
"ived an a eacher, "the word is legacy, not limbacy. says I must say limb, not leg.
Oot in his ArithateTic. - The Rev. Dr. Brace. in speaking of the Rev. Tinnothy Edwards, an oid
lime clergy man of Connecticnt, says, that having had ten daughters, each six feet high, he was the owner of sixty fect of daughters. The parson aritbmetic is srong. Every miss is as good as a mile-the possessions of the Rev. Thr, ud abund antly licessed, the father may consider hinisel happy in a
Picayzme.
A Songe-Bath.-Kendall, of the New Orleans Pieayune, relates the following. which oc
curred in his presencc, lately, at Beden, in Ger curred in his presencc, lately; at Beden, in Ger English party, when the suljeet-nat ter brought
 Winter and summer,' continued the Englishman My system exactly,' responded the lankec. your "cather and water cold?' queried John
Bull. 'Right chilly' continued Jonathen 'Ho cold?' continued $J$ ohn. 'So cold that tho water all freczes as I pour it dorn my back, and rattles upon the floor in the shape of haill!' responded the Yankee, with the same cunning twinkle of America,' he continued, 'and could hear me as 1 am taking my sponge-hath of a cold winter's morning, you would think Englishman slruged his shoulders, as with a chill, and marvelled."
The Rigat Man for the Riget PlaceThcre is not a busituess of any. importance which
does not require an exact nethod, vigilant obserdoes bol requpt axecution, and a thorough overvation, prompt execution, and atrol, over all the
sight, as well as an entire contron agents and instruments smployed. Whoever undertakes to manage a farm, to sail a ship, to conthese qualificatious, soon and deservedly hrings his work to an unprohitable and inglorious end Our readers may easily supply for theoiscl res the sort of mishaps which may becertian to oecur, soon or late, and hring every thing to a stand still. The farner may be a gentlenaan, the captain a good fellow, the schoolwaster a scholar, and the shop-kceper an honest inan, hat if they have
not all the qualitics sc haro nectioned, and rot alh the qualitics
something
nore, the farmin stock will soon be sold the slip wrecked, the school decerted, and the the ship wrecked, the slionirirs, that which frotw the nature of the case inost requires the largest share of these qualities is the conduct of a war Whten mation meets nation at the fellest issues, to hurl at one nnother the accumulated wrath and preparation of centuries-when all the wealth. all
the physical strength, the keenest wit, and the most hiery energy of vast empires are aroused and direeted to the purpose of mutual destruction, it is ridiculows to imagine that the work is to be done slackly and negligently, sofly and sweetly.
-London Times.

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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

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## SACRAMENTO, FRIDAP, OCTOBER 12, 1855.

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The CALIFORNYA FAAMER O FFFCE isa
Spectal Notice.-We shall publish one thonsand copies of the Full Report of the Fair, orations, iudresses, reports of cenmittees, wards full and completc, correeted by the Executive Committee. Iu addition w this we slall strike off copies extra, which we shall have ready for the steamer of the 20th. As this will be an important and valunble Report for mailing to the States, those that desire copies will please send
in their orders immediately-they will be ready in their orders immedintely-they will be
at the office, on Fourth street. Priee 25 c.

## $\underset{\substack{\text { Public } \\ \text { Hetetr times comement." }}}{\text { Impront. }}$

We have noticed the spirit of improvemont springing up everywhere; searce a city, towe, or
vilage that is not beginning to feel tho inpulse of returning prosperity. This is, howe ver, more perceptible in Sacramento, Marysville, Stockton, San Jose and other cities similarly situated, and in the far inlaed business marts, than in the great coumercial emporium itsclf, and this can
casily be accounted for. In all these cities the masses are permanently idenlified with tbese places; they are their homes, and this coming pruspurity is palpably perceived in the improverient upon and around tbese homes.
Now let wisdom prevail, be wise, husband the
resources that flow from this returning prosperity: ine not flushed as by suceess and vietory-there many be more trials yet to be borne, and it is best to aet pridently in all these great improvements; "sit down and count the cost," and these bright and beautiful clouds that now gild the firmanent
will not cbange to darkness and storm, but like the fair heralds at sue set, they are but harbingers of brighter morrow. Our heait rejoiees when we note these "better days soming."-and we know the eausc of them. The Industry of the country is being awakened, it is being npprecisted. The
depreciation of the great products of the cartle has ceased, and their ralue is now being enhanced to a just standard. This increascs the value of all property, and it calls into active cmplorment the mechanical labor and all industrial machinery is again set in mbtion, "old homes" are improred
new ones built, incrensed confforts are prorided new ones built, incrensed confforts are prorided
within these liomes, lands are sottled and imbproved, this crcates a demand for all the varice materials of the work, and these dumands call
out the genius and manufacturing skill of the country, and as the people are thus calling into action their ourn skill and resources, and making
usc of theu, this interchange of skill and labor at home. instead of seeking it abroad, will always build up and make a country profpcrous-and nothing else can. Our miees might yield an hundred millions annually, bnt if all this were exported, and wc relied upoc othcr countries for
thai whicls could be produced or manufactured here. there never could be perimanent prosperity: and the history of the rorld shows it
We appreciate the mincr and the mining interest as highly as any one can; we know the value of this great interest, and wo koow the energy and talent displayed by thcsa pioneer workers,
thesc happy mountain levelers, these valley fillers, these riAer driers - We know thoy have a spirit of endurance, a genius to plan and a perseverance to execute, that will secure to them a genarous portion of the wealth of these mines. And our desire is that this wealth when secured shall be used to build up and improve our own State. and for this reason we hold that the gold fuund within our own bordera was designed by Providenee for this purpose, as much as the material of our rich soil was intended to raise the prod
to feed those who shasll dwell upon that soil. The lawa of nature are perfect, and the designs of Providence in perfect barmony with nature; and we bave no right, oo moral right, to frustrate either. The gold was placed in the hills and roountains, that when the proper tine came it should be used to build up what had been for soil of our broad. valleys had boen tooming with richness, capable of feeding the coming millions.
Nor have we soy more right to remorc the gold Nor have we sey more right to remorce the gold out. of the country sad thus prevent itp growth,
than we have to take out the ingredients that than wo have to take out the ingrodients that
wake the carth produetive, and earry them to Wh

Workshons, Faetories, Scloolhouses. Churches,
Coileges; and he made the earth rich for those Coileges; and he made the earth rich for those
who were to occurpy them, and when these wise orderings are obserred, there will come a prosperity, happiness, and greatuess never before rouchsifed to any people npon earth; for we have
the means within our Stnte for this greatness, this prosperity, and it is this a wakening to the true sollees of wcalth, this cherishing Agricul-
ture, this aiding the mechanic. the innanifacturer and the laborer, this regard for the Industry of California, that bids us see the "boter
coming," aed wise are they that improvo it.

## The State Fair.

Whatever fanlt-finders may say, rclative to the State Fair of the present year ; howerer much it may come short of what werc tho expectations of suich persons, no candid mind can withhold the asscrtion that the interest shown for this Ex-
hibition. and the attendance upon it, far exceeded the anticipations of its sanguine friends. The public mind is a wakened to its importance. The Tree is planted; its roots have taken hold in the soil of the people's alfections; the sap is circhlating rigorously, and soon we slall see it blossom and mature fr rit that slaill bless tbose whogather from its waving branches, for it is indeed the Trec of a State's prosperity.
We have not spoken our own opinions very lavishly yet, neither have we giren our own special notes: but have waited to hoar others speak. We have now copions notes. We have also the opinions of many public journals, and we shall collect all and give the gist of then in a condensed form soon. The best proof of the coinpleto success and triumply of the enterprise is that several journals that commenced finding aulle with the plans and details of tha Fair several that laid long critieisms before thoir read-
ers. were obliged to a ward to the result a complete rindication, and to say it gave eredit and honor to the State. If there was any lack of plans and deficiency in conplete arraugement, it arose from rant of means, the Executire being obliged to Porbear in their plans, to a great degree, by reason of want of means to carry forward many detnils Which would otherwise liave beens aecomplished. At the request of many members of the Society and of others deeply interested in Agricullure, wo shall publish an edition of the Farmer containing the Reports of tho Executive of the State Society. Thiese Reports will be completc. tho edition will also contain the oration, addresses, reports of committees, a wards, \&e., with full and complete statistics of great valuc; and as hese reports will all be corrected and revised by the Excentive Conimittee, also bearing the signatures of the several committees, complete in one
shect, it will be a valuable document, and slounld he forwarded to every State in the Union. This cdition will be large, so as to supply societies and menters fully. It is for this reason that we rerain from publishing our own reports, desiring to give preterenec to the Society, whose reports
will be anthentic documents and matters of record. Sueh specinal notices and connments as we desire to make will follow in future numbers.
The Senagtopol Pear.-Tbis Pcar was ex vibited at the State Fair, and attracted macb notico. The exhibitor, G. II. Bcach. E-q., of Marysville, weas a great sufferce by the ravages of the
mrashoppers. The loss of Mcssrs, Beach \& Shephard toust have been from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 15,000-$ and we trust those who want Fruit and Ornanientnl Trces this fall, will not fuil to remember them. Their Nursery is very extensive, and tbey will and can pleace purchasers. The following card
was attaclica to the Perr on the table: mas attaclicd to the Par.
This Pear is not exhibited for its siza, for it is but half grown; not for its beauts, for the grass-
liopper depredations have defaced it-but as a hopper depredations have defaced it-bint as a
veterann,-the only individual sirvivor of about tive hundred bushels, including peaches, plunins.
cherrios anil pears. fts fellows, all, without excherrios an!l pears. Tts fcllows, all, without ex-
ception, fell victinus to the army of grasslioppers. ception, fell vietimes to the army of grasshoppers.
Thic siego ooinmenged on the 15 th of $J$ Itme, and The siego ooinmenged on the 15 th of Jine, and
ended by stornu on tho lst of August. This inended by storu on tho 1 st of cugyst. This in-
dividual with be retained. hermetricatly sealed as dhe hero of the graat grasshlopper batte io the
tive Enchnd Orehard, A. D. 855 .

He io the lat Penr of ounmor
All his dellicious companions are outora ang gone.
In this orefhard, this season, were 3,500 bearing trees. comprising peach, pear, oherry and plun! which, wrlien attacked by this tlying army, bid
fair to ripee about 500 busteles of fruit; tha grenter slare peachos. And this Pear is the enly
artiete which withstood their ravages. The proarriete whinch withstood their ravages. The probloonned, but the people, in mass, said no ; that
 loreliness.
Our CorResponnenta, -Wo ask indulgence
from thoso who do not find their communications

The Revival.
Wra sincere pleasure we record tho following action of the citizens of San Joaquin county, on
Saturday last, This we rejoice to see, for it tells in phain ternis that the great interest of the people, the industrials, begin to know their duty and will do it. We copy from an able lender o tbe San Joaquin Republiean tho following sound
arguments in favor of their new organization, and we hope such a spirit will prevail throughout the County that the meeting will be generally attended, and a suceessful issuc resnlt from their labors.
We will cheerfully giva publicity to all that will advance the cnuse. The editors say:
"The agricultural interests of San Joaquin are greater than her inining interchts, and no move velonment than the formation of a Count ty. The various interests of the county will thu be can rassed by merrbers of the snciety froun dif ferent sections, and profitable discussions wi? elicit the truth upon various experiments in the science of Agriculture, and thus will this society. through its members, become the disseminator of substantial, practieal knowledge.

This is what our farners and stock raisers most need. They want some channel througl
which caul be convejed to them the results of careful and enlightened experinnents in their own brancles of business. They want an organization
of a useful character, supported nnd eneouramed of a usefol charater, suppportcd nnd eneouraged
by our best men, whose object is known to be tho by our best men, whose otject is known to be the
advancement of the best interests of the country. Our position is a most allvantageous one for a wense inining distriet, the population of which to a great extent, reccive their articles of consumption through this county. A large quantity of our agricultural products find their iray to the mountans. Our proximity to the mineral re
gions give our firming interest in immense nd vantage over the more distant and souther counties

- We want $n$ society to increase and stimulate the exertions of our citizens in tho uscfull branches
of our prosperity. The results of a noble rivalry of our prosperity. The results of a noble rivaliy
arc always advantageous, in every are always advantageous, in every community
and in cvery branch of tusiness. Let such a and in cyery branch of business. Let such a
rivalry be encouraged by this society. Nature has dona much for the people of San Joaquin
She lins given then mines of gold, and what i far better, a rich and inexhanstible soil and an atmosphere that is unsurpassed fur its purity and
salubrity. Our natural advantages must be developed, ard an agricultural society is the bes means toward securing this end. Let those whom naturo has so much assisted try to assist
themselves." The fullowing is the action of tho preliminary mecting
Agriciltural and Mechanical Society ty, beld ang of the cilizens of San Joaquin corndyy, Octoler Geth, for the purpose of ormanizing County Agricutural and Mechanical Society,
Marlison Warthatl was alled to Mallison Walthall was called to the Chair, and
Dr. Chalmers appointed Sceretary. Dr. Chalmers appointed Sceretary.
The oljects of the meeting having been stated
y the Chair, a motion was made nnd carried by the Chair, a motion was made and carried
that a coumnittee of twenty-three bo appointed to which on motion, the Chairman, Col. Walthall was added. to meet and draft a Constitution and
By- J arrs for the government of said organieation By-Lars for the govcrnment of said organieation.
The following gentlemen werc appointed by the Chair as said comınittee:
Wrashington Trahern, I. R. Bradley, C, W Bradford, Wm. B. Hood. S. Williams, A. Leach, George Nutull, L. R. Clatmers, Mr. Birdsail, J.
E. White. 'T. J. Keys. Austin M. Sperry. Nelson Taylor, Thos. Marshall, Wm. Biven, Wm. Gerrar M. L. Bird, M. Walthall, J. W. Hunter, Mr. Ellison, J. B. Kennedy.
On motion,
On motion, it was resolvad, to adjourn this
meeting until two wreks from to-day, (20th,) at 2 meeting until two rreks fronn to-day, ( 20 th, ) at
P. M., to receive the report of the committe.

Oon Readers will find our corresponden from Boston las furnished us with a most inter esting letter this number. Tho sketch of tbe Fair Ground will give some idea of the efforts now making to awaken the right interest to our canse. Our poctie correspondents nre numberous
and ieteresting, and the poor "Wounded Ifeart" deserves generous sympathy. Betty Martin, i will be seen, ia full of heart; none of your prudish coquets, but open, fair and genorons-she is truly a heroine of the right kind. Susanna, too, she correspoedents.

A Smareshif Sheceing hia Skin.-This pro ocss was performed at the State Society'a Rooms on Monday last. A largo house snake was en
closed in a glass vase on the 9th August last, and closed in a glass vase on the 9th August last, and On Monday, sixty days from the day of his imprisonment, he cast his skin and appeared in new and glossy robe. Tho day before his ex-
change of wardroha, he was very spiteful and manifestod his venom froquantly. This is probably the first instanoe of thus domastieatleg a snake of this character, and accomplishing this objech. The snakc and his cast off garment can

State Agricultural Socioty. Ar a meeting of the Encrsmento, Oituluer 8ith, 1e5s. tate Agrieultural Society, held at their Rooins, Voted, That the thnkss of this Society he teli-
Jored to Ion. C. F. IIagerdon, lavarian Consul at Philadelphia, for Joun nals of the A,rricultural
Socicty of Bavarin, fourteen in numbler; ald for his courtesy in opening a correspondence for the encfit of this Society.
Voted, That the thanks of this Societ, be also tendered to J. C. Hollnes, Eqq.. Sceretary of Mich
igae State Agricultural Society, for the valuable
Ster gae State Agricultural Society, for the valu,
Reports of that Society, five boind volumes. To J. A. Beck with, Ekq., Secretary r'ermont
Tate Agricultural Society, for valuale Docto State Agriculturral Socie
ments received from him.
To Joce Jones. Esq., of Georgia, for a packnge of his fine P'cas, in varicty ; these will loo experinented upon. and full report nuxde of same.
Courtexies of this kind fron eitizens of one Stat $o$ those of anotlier, confer grcat good, and will to daty apprecinted.
To James Gonld, Esq., of Doston, fori package
I Muriate of Lime. This will also be thoroill IMuriate of Limice. This will also be thoroughals Yoted, thanks to C. Mason, Essl., of Pateet Yoted, the thanks of this Society be tendered J. Q. A. Warien, Esq., of Buston, for his en-
oarors to benefit this societs, through whoin the ave dunations were received and forwarded.
A copy of leeord
U. C. Wheeler, Secretary.

Thanks Agans.-We would tender our thanks o Messrs. Wells, Fargo \& Co., to the Pacific Express Co., and to thelr gentlemanly inessengers nd attaches, for many valuable favors to us ediorinlly and officially during the thne of the Fair; spccially to Messrs. Wells, Fargo \& Co., for their vers liberal offer to transmit a large package of samples of the products of our noble State to tho United States Exhibition at Boston, and to the American Institutce at Noer York-these packages cre transinitted last steamer. Such nets de seryc and will reccive the approbation of every itizen who fecls ao interest in tho prosperity of hr State.
We aecord aeknowledgments to the Lower Bay State Mills of this city, for their kind donation of the two sacks of Premium Flour; to J. R. Joheon, Esq., for samples of his superior Tobacco; and to Dr. Brown, for same; to Col. L. Sanders; or large squashes-all the growth of SacramenTo screral friends for their samples of various
Grains. Those gifts all being valunble at this ime, ns we are making contributions to various societies East and abroad, to show our products. Those who laye saniples of grains, grasses. seeds of any products, larye potatoer, (we want the monsters.) or any curious specimens, -we
desire them for the purpose of seattering aliroad, and due credit shall be giren to the growers and their products.
Received from W. C. Reed, Esq., of San Francisco, by the kindness of II. C. Beals, Fsq., very handsome samples of "Cotton Batting," made in Japan, from native cotton. Also, "Japan IIemp," very superior articlo; pronounced better and
tronger than tho far-fimed Russian. These ralnable samples can be secn at the Socicty's Rooins. To both gentlcmec we return sincere

Dexel, Sathen \& Church.-This well established banking and excliange houso have opened a branch of their housc in this city. One of tha finest locatioes has been selected by them a a banking house, on the corluer of Third aed J streets, and their cstablishroent is neat and beauliful and in kecping with the progress of the and are now on the rond to famo and prosperity, being the largest foreign exchangc denlars and doing tha most extensiva business as bankers in our State. They descrve success.
A Great Gbological Digoovery.-We have or lying upon our table, says thic editor of tho Oregon Argus, a fossilizcd manmoth grinder of
the Mastodon Maximus, which was found io small branch at Canemah, a fewd days since, by Mr. Samuel K. Barlors. The grinder was perfect when discovered, and weighed thrree ponnuls. No less than seven species of the Mastodon lave been
discoverell in different parts of the world - thrce discoverel in different parts of the world,-three in Europe, two in South Ameriza, one in India,
and one in the United States. That which has been found in tha United States is the largest specinen the world has over produced, and bas peciunen the world has over produced, and has
onsequently received the nama of M. Maximus nehe Muscura of Mr. Peale, io Philadelphia,
n the here is a skeleton put up, whieh measilrea fiftoen ones ingth, asd elveron feet in hciight. The
bones of the Mastodon have never boen discoverod farther east than Burlingtioe, Connectieut, while vast numbers of them have bcen foond in the neigh borhood of Big Bone Lick, of Kentueky.
We have now the pleasure of annollang the To have now the pleasure of announcing the first
discovery of this kind on the Pacific coast, hy our discovery of this kind on the Pacific cosst, hy our
old friend, S. K. Barlow, who is keown all over the Union as the old pioneer who cilt the fir wagon road through tho Cascado Mountaing,


The Grain Markot of Califormia. We desire to call the nitention of the Grain
rowers nf this Stnte to the nresent ralue of the crop of 1855 . From widsumnier last we have stemlity adrised our grain growers to hollt their then in nur possession, that the advance they whuld realize upon their incoming crop would help then most materially, and we desired that thry should tho the parties that should be the gainers, and not speenlators
If there is a class of men who deserve to bo benefitted hy the natural rive upon the crops of
the conntry. it is those who lahor to raise them ; and we, believing this, have endenrored to spea firmly, but kunwingly. We have never so spoken as to give undne exeitement or raise fears so as to bring in forcign grain, but to cantion those interested not to part with the means tha Woud so streatiy bericit them. We have often asserted that whent fnuld rearh 3 1-2c. in Octo ber, and a higher figure at later dates, and we Leliere our estimates have been fully realized for the present monih, as will be perecired ty data and we as fully believe that the facts which ap pear now relative to the quantity needed abroa and the demand here with every phase of on inarkets, give strong assurance that the highes point is not yet attained by 25 per cent. The Reports from the Assessors, which we aro now receiving of the ondition of each county, should be carcfilly reviewed-they are important docu-

We publish below the rery able and carefully revised report of Messrs. Geo. G. Pope \& Co.
which has been sent us by that honse. Thi document should be carefilly perused; it conmends itself to every grain grower's interest. It will be seen that flour and grailn are leaving our marlict in cargoes, and this will continue so long as there is' a prnspect of a profit. Oregon may furnish her quots-even of 100.000 bbls. - but will it equal the shipinent? Prmon whence comu!s the deficit for Californin? Will shippers Eas send Bour and grain to Califurnis, while eargoes are arriving in their own porta from Califurnia? Will they not rather ship to Valparaiso, or Eu rope, where prices range much higher?
Messrs. Pope \& Co., under dato of Oct. 4, say
The grent importance of the advices anticipated per sheanter at hand, 3 d inst., and the anxiel hy onr circular uf the pre: nt bombly, llat one friends might lative the benctic of the latest intel ligence.
it aives us great plenarre to pre ent so encolir-
aging a pircure of the prows wet before thent. table of expertite of flour and (irain. from which with a prospeet of heing continued; and thint ere ery is to till a larme delicit inder now looking sequent tfoult exeessive klip rents to A stralin. Gregon lise all ahembut supply of ferain wleich is as it were at our dror, and thoce beat conse sant with the sulf ject esnten te the amount we
bal receive froml ll at source at about enual to shal receive fromill at source at about equal to
1hicmonhle of $\mathrm{Fh} r$ In the Atiantiestales a most ab ndant harsela
hascaused a rapmland cuaterial rtilu tion of rate hav caused a rapol and cuaterial r u con of rale




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horgh we have been at mu h tromble, by pr

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31

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.


## Our Boston Correspondence. LPTTER No. 6.

Messns. Enitors. - Tho advent of 25,1853 , seems to have somewhat paralyzed matters Julf was dult enough; but August more so liany are rnsticating, and others are waiting for the tide 10 change.

As to the crops, much can be sain, and muelt has been suid. I lave sent you from time in time, the neirs of the wonderfil crops, coming in
from all quaters of the country. Since my last letter mieh damage has beendone in rarions fortions of the country by the late rains. J. C. Holmes, Fati, Sicerelary Niehiwan State Ingienttural suciety, writes: "Our wheat erop in the southen part of the State was somen hat lanamged by the rains, that commencell just as the wheat was ready to harrest and continned muti the whent begain to grows. In the northern part of thec state the wheat is bat litte, if any: iriurel Corn: Juch withert, and mataes. promaise we...:" Late: 1 , Ang. 17 , are at haml from, S. lom ix
stating that a heary fall of hain has imbont the Wheat amb other erains prodiginnsly, and han the bain was stiil falling "ith huaduted varocuce The siver w
theis =tamthe
thiss sulloh
Fiona Vermont my accomits aro of a different natu"c. and state that the prospects of a l,o mintiful harvent were very favorable, notwithatanding the doonth in Alay and Jiane, and the frequent mime the past mometh. Hice what lias a line growth, Corn has been somewhat injured by worms, but
it is of full grous th, and fur more thans the orth 1:ary quantity will lie raised. Putatnes wele
nefer letter, and no complants are heird of decay. Of apples there is a liuc promise.
In Mainc the crofls promise a most almandant Fied. Tlie lasy crop is farge and well secured. Wheat promises an old fashinned cop. Oats are heary, anl many farmers have already harsentud
their ciop), and are preparing it for market. Curn their copp, and are prepating it for market. Lorn
las come rapidly furward simee June, and the prospect of a lair crop is iery gome.
lin geteral, the present cxtraudinary and for many jears unparallsled weather, has developed the crop-s at an extraurdinary rate. Harvelous sorics of the size of the com are abnadant, am?
if things go on so mach longer, I fer we stall be crishell to death between suntic of the hage ears $m$ thtimet. Such is the manense hight of the
stal is that our city friends hatie talion them lor church siceples. Serionsis, the colus is curning
 ine sital of may weal come bin flace bere. 'When 'llateres '1. had the 'littie bith' for buidding the fortrece uf the Mure at Mavana handed to hina, he is said to have briefly ganced at the antomtnincemillions of chollas-ami then grasely walke
 momal. 'Fin the summit of the Morn', he solcmuly Bepliesl; at such a price as this it ought certainly (1) be hirgh cnough to be seen at this

Wris oarkets are profusely smpplied Peaches are selling from 25 to 85 c green gages 25 and 30 c . Iet half peck pums 5 Uc. per ha! peck. What glotious
the lovers of fruit. We have had sud-
den aml extreme chances in the temperature the past week. In the noorning it is oppressively warm, and the chemometer falling twenty degrees by nipht. Huring the latter part of the seek they have had some heary frosts in the comntry: but not severe enongh to injure the ercetation.
Dusiness in Tioston was never more brisk than
t present. Purchasers are here in larme numt present. Purchasers are here in large mumour city will lave the tralle of the now States of the West to a great extent, There is a large lield fur anterprising men in the new citics, on the grea: lines of tiavel throughont the whole remion. Hesors. Suullworth ditawes lave just comcupinl from a pieture tatien by them in 1847, which as a work in the photngraphie art, is a truthful likeness to the oriminal. The size of the
c(1) is 12 by It inches. The friends of Mr. Lav rence will be pheasel to kiow, Hat eopies of the abwe, :s well as others of enlarged size, can te ubtainill of the above ectchrated artists. F-neral icsort of all who enjoy fine pietures in the pinsographic art, and are well warthy a risit The Ammal Fair of the American Institute is Whe lielel at the Ciystal Palace, Now Vork, on the ald day of October, and is explected to be the
bust ewor lich. The managers hare annomeed that every furility will be ullurel to the exhibitons for the diaplay of their gonds, and valuable preminns are offered of gold and silver medals and enns, books and diplomas. As an encouragement to the gomethful talent of our country: they hare sel apart the simn of $\$ 500$ as premiums for the productions of apprentices and minors. The
whole lair is expeetell to be the most brilliant ever lodd, and invitationsare extended to persons engaged in every departnent of industry in every rortion of the Linion.
The New Vork Historieal Society lave a new ire-proof builling in processs of crection on second Avenue, $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$. The Suciety have been naing effurts for soveral years to raise a fund sufficient to crect the bulding to preserve their Iarge and valuable cullection of Looks from live. प'he huidding will be an elegant and substuntial struethere, and will cost aloout $\$ 020$.onof, ame to be fire proof thrungliont. It is expectell to be finishee by vetolere, but will not probably be ready for the reception of books until spring.
The great tirgedienate, Madan lachel, has ar rired, and the lisat great performance is snon to come oll. A larga mumber of gentlemen belonging to the press, liad charterenl a steamer to go
dombthe liay to meet the illustrions stranger but the Fnglish steamer arriving in tho night disappmaterl the numerous complany who were holler they hall anticipated.
Among the bequests of the Inte Abbott latr rence, were a donition of ten thonsand dollars to he Public library, and lifty thousand dullars to Larrence Scientifie School. Tho wholo amount
of his estate is supposed to exceed two miltions. I have to clironicle another new book Publishng Ilanse in Loston. A new firm having just commenced busimess, on the premises formerly occupied by Tappan \& Whittemoro. Mr. J. M.
Whittemore, the junior partner of the above firm,

Thomas Niies, Jr., firs sixteen years with Ticknor \& Co., and Edward II. Hall, foom Phillips, Simpson \& Co.. represent the new firm. Having thorough experience with the book trado in all it:branches, they will ose their rinited energies and will ald to the already high reputation of Boston as a market for good books. They will also carr! on the stationery busincss in all its branches. success attend them.
Arrangements are being rapidly completed for tho great Exhibition of tho U.S. Agricultural Society. Scats are being erected cajalle of aecommodating ten thousand persons. The track for the llurse Show is to he half a mile in length. The premium list, now bearls rearls, amounts to
orer $\$ 10.000$. It is expecterd that it will be to orer $\$ 10,000$. It is expected that it will be the most grand affair of the kind ever held in the United States. Thero will be a large number of Agriculturists present from every State in the Cuion, with their best stock, and the whole will close with a grand Agrienltural Banquet. I slatil seml yon further partienlars as they come th hand, and shall alro semly you full reports of the Fair for the benefit of your readers.
A new snit of roons has beeth recently apened in Winter street, by Messes. Chandler of Clupp. for the salo of fine engravings and water color drairings. From the well known taste of the aloove gentlemen we may expect none but the hest works of art, and haring seen the opening display, 1 can bear witness of the superior colleetion they offer. They promise the pulbic that they will have the best, and as they have commencral well, I trust that they may bo fully suecessful for their endeavors to please the public by a cultivation of the arts. Every one who travela sloould fecl a desire to know the art of sketching, that they may be emabled to preserve the ontlines of a fivorite spot, or an attractive piece of scenc-

There opportunitics aro invaluable, aml mang will regret, when away, the loss of them By a visit to the rooms mentioned these difliculties can be lessened, and rarious worlis are a hand, with full descriptions and directions for this most pleasing study. Let all our Califurnia friends remenber the above place, on their return to Boston, and they will be fully glatilied aml astonished at the increase of the arts axnong ns.
There is to be a grand llorse Exhibition! at Pruvidence, on the Hth inst., "hich will eall together wisitors from all portions of the Sitate. Prizes are offered for the best display, and arrangements are mado for a large concompo of people. Delegatcs from every State Society will be present, and the sholo will bo on the most liberal scale. A grand lanquet will be held at the close of the exinibition, muter Wright's manmoth Tent, which is sufficiently calacions to accommorlate 3,000 persons. I shall attemil the Fair, per invitation, and will send yon full reports for your paper.
The weather here has been quite cold for the season, and frequent light frosts bave checked regetation considurably, In Providence it has the vegetables, corn ${ }_{1}$ \&e. Our extreme dry weather, and tho frost of the Iatter month, made August an unfortmate month for the Farmers The mail closes soon, and I must stop. In my next, you will receiva reports of exhibitions, dc., and otber interesting matter.
Yours,
Yours,
Dg Quincer.

InGEvious. - The editor of the Nuw Haven D'allathim states that be lias secn, with a great deal of womler, at the storc of NIf. WF. T. Camnon, couple of bottles, each of which would huld nver a quart, and in ono of which was a saly mill in peration, and in tho other a flour ing mill aloo in
peration-looth mills were moved by a crank in lie neek of each bottle. The boulles and mahe neck of each bottle. The houtles and ma-
:hinery arc in tho possesion of Mi. A. H1. Bueknimery arc in the possesion of Mr. A. I1. Buek-
who-is in the employ of Ar. Cannon. ingham, who-is in the employ of Ar. Camon. oncring alhout thirty-five years ago, by a person hen a rusident of New Sork State. but now deconserl. Ile diu it on a wager ol s. 5000 , which he won in less than three ycars, which was the
ime allowed for the work. It has been sngwested time allowed for the work. It has been surwested
that the glass must have been blown over the That the glass must have been blown over the
chimery; fint it is also said that such a thing ould lee injmssible with such kind of bottles. Hey are lillel foll with the machinery, which is hraced and pimned and otherwise mado strong.
Hiere are con-wheels and other wheels. The neck There arecor- wheels and other wheels. The neck lose up to the rreck. The mystery of geting in lose יp to the reck, The mystery of gecting in
lie key. When therc is hardly roon between the plug and the neek of the botile to get in a tool as
hrgee is a shingle-mail, is as ficat as any oticr pig and the neek of the botle to get in a tool as
nrge is a slingle-mail, is as gicat as any outher
winder aboult tlio ingenions allair. Thesecuriositice may bo sten by any lody for a few day's, withont clarge, of course.
Greay labby Show ana Fenale Eruehtrianhibition inclusure in Doylestorn. Pa, hately. Hite attendance was exccedingly large, am, there
r'mely is sipponal to hase becen 25,000 preple present. welve lalnos were entered to contend for the (1) llelen bickiart, of Euston, la, fuar years and ix inonths uld, and weigh, 74 pounds. Two other preminins wero awarded to bibies-names
mknow. T'welvo ladies entered on the racecurrec as competitors for pizes, among whom wure three prolessional riders frou Plitiarlelphia and Boston, whn ligured coospicuousls. The first urcminin was awarled to Miss Mary A. Roberts, of Duylestown. I'a.; second prem. in Mrs. Aaron, of Norristown, lin, and the third to Diss Jemkius Aongranery squaro. There were aloont 30,000 rialiship some of the moat magniticent ridinz ver "itucsised was displayed an tho ocensiong hels were firely made on the ditlerent ladies' idling.-Duylestown paper.
Exubraany Vegetables - Nuwspapers overywhere are spraking of vegetable monstronities, wolderlisl yields, gigantic eans, ete., showing the remarkable fruitfuluess of the carth this season. Comiforma, cven, is rivalled in her exhibitions of mammoth vercetable productions. The Cincinnati
fiayctle speakis of corn $161-2$ feet in lunt from rayctte speatis of corn 16 1-2 feet in linght from 1 lichl imder ordinary cultixation, and of apples Richmond Enquirer speaks of a farmecrin lloure cunty wha hats reaped this year " 100 binshels of county wha has reaped this year " 100 linshels of
volmateer wheat oll" of ten or eloven acres of cromanl from which he raised a goul erop last cirr." 'L'hu Winchester Virgintian sputaks of the mimsinal xitectacle of a secoud growth of wheat rim the stubble of the gatbered croll. In llinois, cops varying from thirty-fivo to forty bnshels of wheat per acre, are not imusial. The faet is, no allequitic inlea has yet been formed of the harvests utreuly gathered in some parts of the emmary,
and the future is still fult of promise.- L.echange.
Floral Designs.-The fullowing premiums are to be aswarded at the annonl exhitition of the
Hassachusetts 11 orticultural societ Masachinsetts lorticultural socieig fur floral
Dexigns: For the best Itsigu, a prize of $\$(0) ; 2 l$ hest, $\$ 40 ; 3 \mathrm{~d}$ best, $30 ; 4$ th best, $\$ 25 ; 5 \mathrm{hh}$ best,
$20 ; 4 \mathrm{th}$ best, $\$ 15 ; 7$ th best, $\$ 10-\$ \$ 40$. Also U wo awarded as gratuities, in eonius of Allen's
Victoria liegia, $\$ 100$. The commitlee statu that in the award of preminms, regurd will bo liml to the archltcetural beanty as well as to tho arrange-
ment of the materials.


 Wh ne'rep rity of p. for the nitlitg,
 Shban spun, will be beticer blann ik.




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s, Ir fer my nupmisis nethre
Altunugh that wo never ehould pair
f we do, every loafer whe eses it,
Yial be aure to limy us a cisit,
In hiopes I why pry something else.
I ann poor, so I widh her to come
Nut a liard, so I beg her to laug
But, " Ducite nb urtue domun,
Meca carmina, ducite Japlinin.
Ealfan Hour too Soon,-The Excited Yankee The hour was approiching for the departure o the New Havensteanboat from her berth at New lork, and the usual crowd of passengers, and
friends of passengers, news-boys, fruit-venders cabmen and dock fonfers, were assembled on and about the boat. Wo were gazing at the motley
grounf: from the foot of the promensde deek singular actions of a tall brown Yankee in a innuense wool hiat ehocolate-colored cont and pantaloons. and a fancy vest. He stood near the starboard paddle-box, and serutinized sharply every femalo who came on board, every now and then consintting an enormons silver hull's eye wheh, which he raised from the depth of a eapinchons fol, by means of a fowerfin steel chain
After mounting guad in this manner, he dashed furionsly down a gung plank ind up the plank mul up the whanf, reappearing on board almos instantaneously, with a flusiced face, expressing the most intense ansiets. Jhis serios of operarushel about. Tho boat wiklly, and hopelessly
cinculatel: " What's the time of dave ? gacmated: ". In hat's the time of day? Whand that owus the ship?" "Whint's the mitter sir? that owns the shipl? "himed to ask hime whe stood for a mo neent. "Il:an't sern nothin' of a gal in a hlue fifteen dollars.) pink gown, anl brown boots hey? come aboard while I was louking for the cap's at tle pint end of the ship--lrive ve, hey ?" "No such person lans enome ahoind." "Tormented
lightning! she's my wife?" he sereamed. "Mlar ried lier yesterdar., All her trunks and min
aboard, under thic pile of langare, as tall as a aboard, under thie pile of lingrare, as tall as a
Commeticut stepple, Connetient stepple, 'The larn'l hack nigger
says he can't hand it ont, and I won't lenvo m! baggaye, any how. Wy win-only thimk on itmost five. Whac's liecome of her? she can't liave that. Yon dun't think she's heen abulucted, do ye, misker? Spakl answer? wou't, e? O! I'm ravhn' listraeted! What are they ringing that bell for? ls the shipatie?" "It is the signal
for dupather-the list bell. The second will he for drpatherethe in funr minutes." "Thumeler? you don't say su? Whar's the eap'n ?" "Hast gentle an
in the bhe coat." The lenkee da ted to the captial s's side. "Crap'n, stop the shippor ten min-
 will thas ?" I conld not do it." "Cap'n f'll give yon tinn dollars," gasped the limbee. The app-
tain shomk his head. "'ll pive yon tive doliar: and on haif-a d a haif-anil a ha'f!" he kept re

 murnure the lalkee, amost bursting int dye. artal." Atthis nl wife, and we $j$ os une







 icta $=$ whom, is n lifne bonat, white Cimeton
crap



 and come at fomr." "A liule ton pumetnal!" saict
Yankee. "Sint it's all tight now. Hallo, eap'u, lankee. "lint its all right now. Mallo, caplu, ping. Come nigh hasing the prssunge nomey nut hagrage- mane nigh getting ilrowned, Siry, all
andong of yon-hat it's all right now. Go aheatl, steambaat! losin up, there, firemen! lhirn the expense! What the sun set, a loving emple Jankec's armencirling tho slender waist of the vomug woman in the blae honnct and piank dress. ilo believe they reached their destination safe and sound.
Apples as an Article of lloman pood.-
The importance of nppler, as food, has not hith The infiortance of npples, as food, has not hith-
erto leen sudfiently eatimated in this eountry erto beell sumeionty estimated in this country
nor moderstond. liesides contributing a large nor miderstond. Jesides contribnting a
proportion of sugar, mineilage, and other nutritio matter, in the forms of food, they contain such : matcer, in the forn of raod, the contain such
line combination of regulable acirls, extractive snbatances and aromatic principles, with the nin tritive mater, as to act powerfully in the capacity of refrigerants, tonies, and antiseptics; and whe freely used at the scason of ripeness, by rura lahorers and others, they "prerent idebility strengthen digestion, correct the putrefactive ten-dencie- of nitrogenous food, avert schivy, and probably mantain

The operators of Cornwall, in England, consider ripo apples nearly as nourishing as bread, and of scarcity, a pules, instend of being converted dinto eitler. were sold to the poor; and Che haborers asserted that they conld stand their work on baked apples, without meat; whereas, a potato diet requirol cither meat or tish.
The rirench and Curmans nse apples extensire 5 ; indeed, it is rare that they sit down, in the rival districts, withont them in some slape or other, even at the best tables, The lahorers ane merlanies depend on them, to a very great ex-
temt. as an article of food, and frequently dine on ent, as an article of food, and frequently dine on
sliced apples and breal. Stowed with rice. red aablage, carrots, or by themselses, with a littl cablange, camrots, or by themselres, with a little
sugar and milk, they make both a pleasant and nutritious dish.

Self-Seabino Cans-Our lady friends wil thank ns, we ate sure, fur calling their attention
It this time, to a mot excellent contrivance for "t this time, lo a moit excellemt contrivance for all the varieties of fruits and vegetalites. It is a patented invention, and called a'sc'f-senling can, cecmuse soldering is dispenteci with. Wheressury divections can the hat fur eans tho necessury directime can be had for 1 re strab berries, rasplicries, hackherites. spubes, pears, preacles, tmmatoes, green peas, corn and May i,e deairatile everythong of the hinil that may be de:aratife to hecp on fresh sate, the
 not say. 'these eans may be haed yenr after ycar
ainl will last a loug tune, so that im the seore of wonomy alone ther are entitced the altemin of hunsekecpers, From an arvertiwement th this issue we lind that the enterprising amil hithly revercalle firm uf 11 ells of l'rorost, 321 Parl 8 ., recumane the sole propurietors, and to them w
raders to applr.

Covserve of Peacues. - lare and ent or split jour peaches, a dl to earh pound of fruit p it hireny arters of a poind of hest loaf sugar; hin sl shthl, and spread then on didiee to dry , ima alisn, I esyruptuntil it thichens.and each day a 1 a pur on of the fruit. Which nanst be trposert to II e sinn, until it Ias lieen alisarbed. and the fruit vour jors and puitait rnate layers of peaches ant Whar mutil tl c! are tull; stop close, anl lo $y$ wit Le p g out a sar.
L'cach Le si' $r$ is made by thoi ing pared peach-
 dry place, and tt whl heep welf. When wanted
 ecrsed in $t$ on 10 way, are al: extremely nice fr winter ideserts
Gripe Pr spect: iv Fravce. - The Bat $n$ © rier pll thes the $f 1$ wig gi extract from a

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 Cleopatra, not onls " tirst in the allectons of the people," but great as rulers, null buikers up of +impires, wh ielh, till their time, hat only possessedl
secondins immortance if we th secondiny miontance, if we the more motlern
history - Whas it not in the reign of lsal ellia, and under her sole patronage, that the great Colum-
hus made the grentest qeographical discovery hus made the grentest geugraphical discovery
which wer was effected? Anh, taling the his-
 familiar-When has Envinul ever been so eff-
ciently covenod as umler female sover iens? The "grod queen Bess" was, luring her liletime, and for long atter, treated with a speeies of wor-
ship similar to the reneration, puid in lin ce, to the name and memory of the great Nat (ulcon. ment. And it is very singular that Euglamficiency which it did not sigin :Htain till the reign of another femals sovereign, (Vicen Amme. And in tho present iny, under the good Queen
Victorin, the Institntions of England are getting Victorin, the Institntions of England are getting under fernile - influenee, is tilling the place of intolerance and oppression
But political subjects I am not muel acquainted with; and I have little wish to deprive the gentlemen of the fanciel security which they seem to enjoy, frum the reficetion that they are entirely above our eomprelachsion, Weli-such may be the ease, but Madane de Stael and Miss Martinean atre witnesses whom some of them wonld not like to eximine.
But in pure litenature the harels are not all their orm. Where is Mrs. IIanmals Mure ? Where Mrs. Ilcmans, Miss Mitford, Liliza Cooli, Mrs. Beecher Stowe, anl Mrs. Sigonrney? They are side ly side by Jeremy Taylor and Ur. Chaming; by Aldison, Gullsmitt, and Irving; anong the greatest and sweetest writers in our language,
anll in whose hands, our languino hat beome what it is.
Sor is it merely in innking "the sound an echo the sense" that the fimble: inind has provel that ohe is eapable of equaling lier more protending rival. Call morlern tienes prothee a strieter or chaser mathematical rei,stiner than. Mr*. Sumerville? or oue who has dme mure to alvance the itteronts of seienat, 1 y the lumings, atd eamvarinis sulherets which st e takes un lir diev ission? Not the distiugui-het David Brewster. Nat the well known Dr. Larduer. But, it would be a mere waste of the realer's patience to produre
xangles of the capobilities of wom in. in mistering auld overcomung thowe studies, which men
 pi It them. It in lieter that thes, almont exclat
 not fint th instithte a comparimuln under cire in --tane's so rery draulvant must to ns, tho weaker
 moly have been undergonig a regular trainvig.
 11 . mprof of what we lell wh be ome. wh 7


Mesans. Folt ws: My si ter susan otrasa me to se dyonltr tirat cintril u ion. She s in
more plink thanl expecterl atwe would have donThe onl! thing I fi-d foslt will, is. she call herself Susama. Ha! 11a! uhat unve?

## Susamna Defende the Fair Sex.

 Dessms. Eoltums: There are so few wh
seemaware, to a p jer ex ent, of all the o liga wew aware, to a $p$ jer ex enk of all the o liga
sins which tue row her pron of mankind on to t. gether. that itais is out if $p$ see far they are o-r ac in an if they witl nt coneed t usi Hat wharn, in all binemin




## An Admurer of Betty Martin.



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## sPECIAL NOTICES.





 ther uny intorest conuretrel with segicultu e
 Tis Read This.
Sr. S. W. Fowle-Boaston, Mažit. Denr Sir: 1 fect it to
 the die eaie bont mude such progicest, not withstast nutiergition, to medical bill harl becu cunnulted, thut greot feurs were





Roman Eye Balsam. - Nuny personan ne no dov
 Hightest dearrec surceptitle of the nffication of to ene in ticn extremety dangerous. Agrainet this dificulty the Roitty ielieves tho pinin and arduully strenethens the eye so
tit con bear the fun without eomplnint. It is aloo involutor inflanmation of the eyea, ond for that troullesume gent-henry joineon \& Co,


DR. GUYSOTT'S IMPROTED stract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla
 Remember this is the only Trie Original Aricl Wint (nve Withone Frit,


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 Marysille,

_red bluffo For further portimu'ras innuire nt the Oifice of the Counpans,

 TO FARMEIS. THE MURIATE OF LIME
I A






 Somethang new nut womler frat ho the
JAMES W, JOBNSTON NA













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Axle Grease ! Axle Grease !
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And for sule by will the B ookelliers.
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Lenchard on the Hot House

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 Hinc Saranymillu Ruort lionns un iruput tunt purt of ite comtolle remedirs of grent power, und it is in the peculiar com
humation remarkable eucecss in tho carre of disense deppendso. 1 t nets horches and thus hirve proceesfer, which are ordilnntily the Wha of the three ditier ercut kinds of medicine, are curricd on or "Ěut which gently stinulatact whilc it disinifects nurl expela


 properticas, nnd purtiens in making chaice of wlich they will

 Astonishing oure.














 PRINCE'S PROTHAN FOCXTAN PEN.
 AVANMGESS. An tilcorrudibir hid dirnale ink reaer











Henk ward bercurrs new book l-20,000 STAR PAPERS;


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THE CALIFORNIA FARMER


## ねaricties



 his. octuon when he futhir tiat no inconsiderable jing sudfluly in his sermon, he coolly remarked tunity to wake mis A rencrul matom ant oppor ated-and when the weiteler eontinued his dis course he had the andivided attention of the audience. To keep goot the impression. the services
were clasen by singing the hymn, "Arm of the Lord. awake, awalic."

1. MODEL SIGN Boand.-The following wa
put unon the door of a honse oceupied hy it father put upon the door of a honse oceupict hy at ather publicin, and the latter a barber: "B bunes and
sum blackmith and baboers work done liere, horsestrecing and shaving and hare curled bleed ing teeth drawing and other furricry work, al
sorts of rivitus lickers akording to the inte com sorts of rpiritus lickers akording to the hate com-
nieal treety. Jikie notis may wifu kecpis sisoo and slso teeches reeding and riting and :11 the :"equired to teeelf boritury sowin and mathewbautix and hother faslunable diver:buns.
A Doa Story.-The Sacramento Union tells: quecr donstory. A dog having depo fiterl it bon with some putrid meat upron it in his misters's
sonse, the cuok removel it to the crowh of at tiee mise, the cuok removel it the crowh of it the luding that he combl notatticin the prase thatided te dor procected to a neiphlimomy house and - th whieh bu was fmiliar, to accompany him wht the trec, and elaw ofl the "wweet thorsel,"
aich he again trimmplantly placed in the hall. ifre Wasleington Metropulitan amnounces the Howing curious facts: WThe new Rowsinn Mim-
iter to tho U'uited States is ealled Somonowill (sitr my nove off.) An attiche of the sithe leganose olf.) Lemides which, we hase Culund kut manowall, (cut may nose off:) of tho lupperi:t
 Judge a man by his actions, a poct by his eye player by his strut, a boxer by his sinews, an
lrishman by his swaeger an Englishman liy his rotundity, a Erenchuam by his shrug, a justiee by his frown, a great man by his modesty, an
editor by his coat. a tailor by his agility, it fiddler by his ellors, a cobbler by his feet, and a woman by her neatness,
"Sinall thanks to you," said a plaintiff to on of his wimesses "for what yom sail in this canse,"
"Ah, sir." ceplied the consciention witues, "but just hink what I didu'l say
Grent londs pride themselves on the merit ol
their anieestois, lecause they have no oter; wit their ancestors, because they have no oti:er ; wit.
on their own tuerit, heabse they think it unigne Tlite sensibte men never glorify thernselves.-
Ninon de Lifinctos. Thers













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suli-lluct wory.
$3 \mathrm{v}-16 \mathrm{~L}$.




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 Tlus prepuratino is int endell eppreinlly as a remely fur o





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Dr Wistars, Balign of will Chirry.
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teniperature, und in the ahsence of those or extreure valriations so conluronly of
elsevillere, it would seenis to gompare favith the nost successfinl wine growing
in the world. Withont entering further pliilosophy of this sulpicet, or entering
e discmssium of the sarionx reflections to upon the which it gives rise, we cannine present it more for-
cibly thin ty quoting an extract froin the hist
suniber of this Patent Oftice Report on Apriculture. Speaking of the Southern Vallejs of Cinli,
fornia, it says: "As these features of climate Which are known to be so decisive of the meisur of success there, attiilu singillar connpletencess, as
it may be said - tlat is. the messire of humidity it may be said- that is. the messince of humidity
and of temperature becoming of the most perfect muthal proportion, the result is the nunst exira ordung perfiection of vegetable derchnpment."
. We are perfectly confident that in all the con ditions essential to a protitable inrestinent in this
business business - in uniformity of tenipectanure, in the
proportion of aumospheric himidity, the valley of the Sacrannento is as favorably situnted as miost other sections of tho State. In the experiment
atready tried-in tho large and elegant speciulicn already tried-in tho large and elegant specincen
exhibited here to night from gardens in thi exhinted here
veinity, we have allund ant evidence of the cor rectness of these viens.
fully and at lenath yipont a brond andel comprelien sive consideration of the suthect of Agriculturo It is, in soine respects, one of the most imposing extensire and truly worthy objects to which w
ean lurn our attention, and wext to the connmo school, of all others thic inost impoitant and in spiring. A State selting out upoul the theater of action, and holding up to the especial regard o its people these two noble subjects- $\mathbf{a}$ goverinuent
sustaincd by the common scliool and by Ayrieul. ture-calnot fail of being prosperous. it is basici upon a rock which Thue only hardens and rem
ders inure durable ; its corner stone is as end ders inure durable ; its corner stone is as enduring
as the immortal mind which God has breathed as the imwortal mind which God has breathec
into his inteligent creation and tho pillars which sustain it muse bu perpetual. These two- Theriisustain it must bu perpetual. Tbese two-biotio

culturo and the conmun school ajsteru-bolung indeet, to the same class; they are co-workery ageuts for the alocliuration of the race, the cinnobling, the improving, the cleration and civilization | of manl |
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cullivator-a is as incompatible with wilitity in this, ass in other occupations. Education - intelligence is the founis valualte anu .ecret of the attainment of all thas is valuable. Muscular endurance-brute physical
furce is no longer the priacipal agent in thix vocation. A mant motst have a houd to direct, as cution. A mail intust have a heud to direct, as
 spirit of the present age and generation. Agri
culture can no longer be regarded as an ar ancrely, but a scienee, and in proportion to the aplication of rine ecientific principles to the cultivation of the soil, just in proportion as clemmistry is imado subservient to the necessities of the
farm, so will bo the success of the lusbandman farum, wo will bo the success of
and the reward of his laburs.

## To Our Friends.

The Executive Connmittoe of the Californis State Agricultural Society wish to tender a liand of cordial greeting to their brethren in the older States, and assure them that the tokens of regard we have recently reccired in the form of Books Reports, Seeds. Speciniens, \&c., elicit the most profound gratitude. and will, as means become available, be duly reciprocated. We would also respectfully solicit the pleasure of such cortes. pondence as similar institutions, in botb-the
Eastern -and Western helnispleres mar bee uble and wiling to conduct, pertainia! to the great general cauce in which we are nutwally engiged. We also wish to assure all corre.pondents, donors, and contributors to our library, or miscum of natural curiosities, that their co-operation in this
work will be a source of sincere gratitication to work will be a source of sincere gratik
us, and, we trust, ne unprofit to them.

## Awards of Committees.

The awards and reconunendations are published as they were reported by the several commiltees, of awards, in order to give parties at home and abroad the judgment of those who alone were prepared to act upon the real merits of the several cases. The Execntive Committee, howerer, are not yet able to determine bow fur the means in their haads will enable them to sanction the recommendations for special premiums. This they will settle and publish at the earliest
moment practicable; and will also nake suct ther corrections as may be found necessary

At a meeting of the Executive Comarittee of the State Agricultural Society, on motion-
Resolvell. That the thanks of tho California
Resolvel. That the thanks of tho Californiz
state Abricultural Society be tendered to Mcssrs,
 erality in caslling Stato warraats to tho extent
of (wenty ffive hindred dollars, held hy hy Soof twenty-ive hundred dollars, hald hy the Soassuring them, that the menbers and officers of
the Society will erer loodd this gencrous act in ligh appreciation. That llisis resolution be transmitted in the Sail Francisco amal Sacramento Houses of
if essrs. I) rexel, Sallier \& Cburcl. Ateát: $\quad$ O. C. WHEbLBR, Rec. Sec.

AT the Lone CATtule SHOW Course, was thron he laigest concourse of people ever zssemblei Tho State.
 this character, as she is, it wis creditable in a
high degtece. The qualioy of the stock exhibited riould have
compared Fivorably with stock exhibituons in


Your committee appointed to exnmine Stock air for 1855 ber leave to state that they hav cerformed the duty assigned them, and submi
The aning report: : haracter of it lisost excellent. We think it can ot be donbted that the importation and raising of slock in this SLatc is soon to become a leading Yort
wor hem thee make the following awards
 Mont inporled Anericicun Mare, 10 S...............


 norrel inll ..Fanhion," 18 monthu old.................. ${ }^{\text {Quceu }}$
 er of "Maria Downing," and cult "Joo Downlugg", 6
moritha eld............................ 2i do., to iv. IJ. Arnold............................... Por lieat epan matcleded Carringe Hurien Blinck, to Joseph 2in dotl, , o.............................................




4 yeara old, 14 haude high ............................ brown Nules, 18 lanide Ligh...........................

Burcke, Eince, Zanlen, Roarm, Sowe and Pigy".
bert Buck, to J. C. Darí, Yolo.
aribe- Mwine, to d. C. Darlo, onver of I Boart, (frish



We liusby certify that the foregoing is correct nd that tbo a wards were made as alove:

The comnitlte to whom was referred the ex nination and a ward of premiuns in the departHotses, respipectinly report the follolining:

 best Pacer to thitm Shenr, for "Fred Johinnen " Bird "..2

 Cnifiornie Pacerre, for efecial promiums: bolh owued
or bere tpan of Roulsters in harne......................
 Or bet thingle Roantiter, tot c. H. Parker, for "Big Boy,"
 The "Mantin Wasbington," euterecl hy David nod Jobs




The committeo appointed for the oxamination Catcle on exhibition for premiuns at the Fair gronndd, beg leave to represent a ad ex press them-
sel res highly pleased and gratified with the good isste and oxcellent judgnent displayed by owners
f stock there prosented all of which show of stock there prosented, all of which slowed un-
mistakaule marks of high breeding ; and although mistakaite marks of high breeding; and although
the number was more limited than your commithe number was more inited than yeur commit-
tee would have anticipated from the alloost protee would have anticipated from the ahnost pro-
veribilly enterprising character of Californians,
yet it speake volumes for tne future concourageyet it speake volumes for The future enco
ment of stock grew ers of the Pacific slope.
 the occnsion. Indeed, less in the way of care and
thot arailed hinself of the oppurtunity and of he nhe occasion. Indeed, less in the way or care and not arailed hinselif of the opprortunity and of the
altention had leen expended upon them than the liberality of both the State and the Society. With
 or the niore profitible interests ol the proprietors
wrirranted.
Your committee would further respectully re
present
present, that inasmucl as there were not on
exlibition stock to represent the different style exlibition stock to represent the different style
anul anges of catlle este forth in the schedule annexed for the instruction or
making nyards, therefore your comminitue wontl
earnestly recommend that such vacancies be lilled
by such nther stock of like kind found on cxhib ition, and truly worthy of consideration, and cor-
ind responding premiums.
The following premiums have been a awarded by
 2d do. to HL L. Lorell, Sonoma, for a Cniiformia bred For beat Cow and Calr, Devonahire nad Durham breed, to
Ricbard Risk, Sutrer; cou four yearo old, weiching
 2 d do. Durham Alock, to Jerome C. Davis, Yolo.
 For beet Yoko of Oxen, seven y
San Jooc, (no compertion)
isolend ol the beat 6 bend of young cantle, for whicb

 $2 d$ do, $\omega$ C. W. Hoit, for a Kentueky bred Cow, 6 yaers
 weighing 2,330 tro.-wo would awart the premium for 2 d beas pnir of Working Oxen.
 hann sull, y yarre old, we wo whe
luna, under the bead of Bulls.
All of which is respectfully submitted by your committeu.

## Peter Quivey, <br> 

## [The followiog reports are conlined from thone on page 127]

Report on Native Wine.
The committec find themselves unable to class.
ify the Yine from Manuel Requena Tos Ancles ify the Wine from Manuel Requena, Los Angeles. With any foreign production of the Grape, but
consider it a Wine of a fine quality and entitled to the first premium, \$95
He examined the Wiues from A. Delma (French Garden,) San Jose; also, the sample from Mannel Requena, Los Angelcs. We find the White Wine froin A. Delmis, a very gro article, and to resemble the better grade of Winc
grown on the lahine; it is entilled to the scond grown on the
The Red INine is also of an excellent qualit sembling closely the better grade of Bordeun Claret

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\text { John II. MLLL, } \\
\text { S. II. Mésea, } \\
\text { W. C. WAters, }
\end{array}\right\} \text { Committee }
$$

Report on Agricultural Implements. Of the articles eumunerated in the regula
scledule of premiums under this head, we fin having emirely Cailioruia manuacture-a ha ving been rando in part or wholly abroad.
A llow made by Dessrs. Marshall, of Sacra nicnto. of which the castings were niade hure the wood wis alo has, commandea much atten side, witls both steel and cast shear and point light in the beam ; of good pattern, and svailabl for differont soils.
A large number of solid eyed picks, excellen pattern and workmansllip, were presented by Mr . Herring, of Sacramento,
imium is a warded of $\$ 10$.
Anotlier tine sample, of welded eyed picks, of cxcollent patteru and finish, from Nir. Peaslee Calaveras-to these we recommend a special pre
minm, of $\$ 5$. milum, of $\$ 5$.
The colunittee were gratilied in the operation of a morlel of a Mowiug Macline, by N. Augus-
tus Ellioul. So far as eould lee judred from the tus Ellioll. So far as eould be judped from th
specincn shown the committe, this machin speciunch shornn the comminitue, this machine
canains many of the gooll qualities of IUsss $y^{\prime}$ s, coatains many of the goon qualities of Muss "'s,
Merrill's, and Atkins' reap crs. Aside from the addition of the widening apparatus, it possesses adrantages in a doublc kniffand larger gearing
giving fuir promise of success, which, as a Caligiving fair promise of success, which, as a Cali-
lornia production and labor saving machiac, w trust may be realized.
We also notice a Cheese Press, of a novel construction, hut could not learra of its manufucture or ownership.
fine display of Eagle and Clipper Plows, of fine patterıI and worknanship; a Hay-cutter or
improved construction ; also Yokes, Mydraulic improved construction; also Yokes, IIydraulic
Rams, Hose, Pipes, Belting. Horticultural Sur-
 inge, light Bit of good power, Post Angcr, \&c.,
ull nieritorious froun the Agricultural Ware. housc of Messrs. Bryant \& Co., San Francisco
but were not of Caliornial manufacture coming in the scliedule of preminms.
Messrs. Baker and Haailton, Sacramento, also added to the show of superiur Agricultural Iu-
plements-Hay-cotters, Churns, Seed Drills, Corn shellers, 0 -bows-of excelleni quality, but like the former, without the premium limits.
The above memorandum shows
amount of California manufactures enteres smal examination, and an entire absence of the laryo examiuation, and an entire absenco of the larger
farniug implements of the State, or for the exhibition. Out of tho nany mavoufactures of thresh

Report on Saddles and Harness
Your committee first exaninced Saddles. and Sacrainento, for best Riding Saddle for geatlenen. $\$ 15$.
os second premium they gavo to A. T. Nel The first premium for Lady's Syddles mas
awarded to John C. Singleton, of Sseralnento, for chaste design and elegant workmanship. \$15.
The second Lest is anwarded to
The second lest is awarded to A. T. Nelson, acramento, $\$ 10$.
Another Saddlle of leautiful work manship was
xhibited br Mr, Nelson, but did no c.shibited by Mr, Nelson, but did not come within
our instructions as it was of fore Mr. Nelson, of Sacraunento also mbinuficture. of Double Ilarness, of excellent pattern and fine make, a Bitting Harness of improved style and elegant manufacturc; but as neitlier were made in this Stato we could not nurard a premiuni. but would reconmmend an honorary prenimu of $\$ 25$. Your corauituce find on exli hition Two Whips
nade from the rs ir material, made from the rsir material, by J. T. Iluff, of progrannme for soch articles, they would recomniend an bonorary a ward of $\$ 20$.
All is respectully communicated.

## Miscellaneors.

Woaks of Art.- The undersigned, appoiated
They have cxaminel attentlvely the specimens ded in the various branches of art. and ing," "hey adjudge the prenuium due to T . Robin-
Aniong the specinens of Oil Paintings, while he works of soppe other artigts are not wanting in merit, they find the prodnetion called the
"Arabian Ciirl," by Clias. Nahl, well deserving
In "lio department of Water Color Pnintings, he "Yiew on the Chagres River," by the sam rtist, Clarles Nahh, is highly meritorious and
hrouth take the prizo In the brancl of Woud Cuts, but fers specinens came under the inspection of the Comnittee; one cultural Fair Grounds: Sacramento and to thi the prize is awarded, $\$ 50$. For the lests speciinen of Drawing, tliey find a
'Monochronatic View on the Iludson," by S. S. Henning, descrves the prizo, $\$ 10$
The Committce
The Committee in conclusion, would remark,
Hat our young State has, as, hat our young State has, as yet, extended so
little encouragement to tho Find Arts, it is nut to o wondered at that there are comparatirely so wr specimens exlibited in tho present Fnir. A Dighter promise for the future is, how cyer, even this noble institution will wext anniversury of wany more of those creditable mant, ripen int ductions of the artist's genius, which go so far in the great work of relining and elevating the All of which is res spectfully submitted hy
IIorong Figar Pnait
J. W. Winans. T. M. LoonN, IL. D.

Sacrameoto, Oct. 1, 1855. ${ }^{\text {Looan, }}$ Committee.
Special Premiuns-Silver Plate anio Di-Loras.-By decision of the Executive Board, al pecial Premiums of the Society will be paid in Silver Plate, bearing the inscription of the Sociey ; and all who have a desire for Plate of equal
alue to their premiums, iastead of money alue to their premiums, iastead of money, can lave tho same with incriplions,
The new and beantiful Diplo.
The new and beantiful Diploma of the Society is in preparation, and all who are entitled to the
ninor premiums, can lave Diplonss, if they pre inor premiums, can have Diploniss, if they pre

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\text { - }-7
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Siweer Potaroes, - Sorme mistake having oe curred in making the a ward in this departinent, he Executive Comnittee have made tbe follow Preniuru to J. G. Almond

| special premiuun to Dr. J. C. Curtis, |
| :--- |
| do do 10 Ilooker \& Fern, |
| $-\quad 25$ |

Bouks and Papsrs, \&o.-We have received anay favors from the East, and elscwhere, which we have not had time or space to acknowledge in proper nisniler, on accouat of press of dutios ro
ating to the Fair, yet they will rocoive fill notice. t will be seen the whole paper is taken up tbis reek with a most valuable Report of the Fair. Tuich should be
California history.
Repohts on Fruita ano Flowsrs.-The Reports of the Committees on Fruits and Flowars, are worthy special attontion, being full and
omplete, as Reports of this kind always slould complete, as Reports of this kind always should
bc, bcspeaking the interest felt by those committoen, and reflecting groat eredit upoo the Sociery

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER?
 yet known to the page of history. I cannot but entertaining
tances su allspicious, may he produetive of in crensed good will annong our citizens, and have tendeney to secure great and rasting advantige I shall take if for granted that no one no present, in the least dicgree douvts that the cuti-
vation of the earth is by far the most importan of all the practical ocenpntions which as yet havo civilized and social being; as it is undoubtedly th one hest ealeulhted to foster the domestio and social virthcs- 10 maintain the principles of civil
order-and to keep alive in the hearts ol frecinen fervid and diffusive patriotisuru. All histori faet that the tillage of the soil has been uniformly lization; and one of the most profound and aceurate thinkers that Amcriea has yet produced, ha not liesithted to say, on a grave and imposing occasion, that "man may be civilized in some dégree
 rithont the cultivation of the earth, he is, cointrics, (cont inved Now England's nost, gifted orator ant statesman, a a gavagc. Until he steps,
from the chnse, and fixes himself in some place and secks a living firm, the earth, ho is a roamin, barvarian. Whent tillage begins, other arts fol oir. The Farmers, then, are the founders of
civilization." Higher prase than this coold not well be inagined; ; and yet I ain tempted to and. hast the progreds of ormartion, even in its hig all timos, and in all countrics, pretty exactly proportioned to the advance of agricultural science portionerd to the advance of agricultural science. possihle to nanie a people atoong whon the agr
cultural ealling was not hold in respect, wh would not be found, on a sober and scritinizing
cxannination to have been dleplorably wanting in all those refined and dolicate moral graces and high mental capatilities which aro every where
recognized as indispensable elenients of a true and thorongh civilization. It is eertain that all the eulightened nations of antiquity cherished a tion; aurd in some of them this sentiment of respeet for what they deelned the prineval occupatiun of man on earth, was seen to blend itself worship. Arriculture wns alike lionored avong the lge.ptians, tho Greeks and homans-aod the Chocuicimes, tho Carthagenians, the Israelites, the
Chaldeans, the Chineso, and the Japanese. il was the ant tial occenpmetion of not a furv ur the mos celebased statesnlell that Grecee aud hone couk
boast, and become very carly a favorite suljicet dissertntion amang writers of a eertsin grave aud utilitarian cass, hoolh in poctry aud prose. (hane
of the earlest pocmes of antiquity was that o Hesiod, in which he ossanyed the illostration writers, in due seasoli, nppeareti, who, rivaling his example, either in prose or verso, contribute,
thcir quota of instruction and cnter 1 anninent for sulceeceding gincracions, minong whou nay, b
mationed. Mago. Thepplirastus, Cato, Virgil
Varro. Iliny, and Palludius. thow far theso venerabla suthors, or any of thenn may at the present day be sately relled on for the
solition uf questions connected with the business of tillage as conitueted in modera times, I uenturo
to suggest, that ho writer has jet appeared, who wonta semal and kiudred topics higher and han pier pwerers of delineation, a mure cultirate
 the e eimple a id serne del ghts of roral life, thar
the ithn trious
 generatio sol an as at 5 suc
ratheysis of

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 No onc, I thiok. can impartinlly examine the adonirahle poem from which 1 have quoted so
freely, whether he shall concur or not with Mr Addison in pronounelng it "the most complete
elaborate, and finished picee of sutiquity." with at finding himself foreed to of antiquity, with of which I frankly confess my own mind has ar rived, that in the age of Virgil, that is to say, rere hy 11 means cither ignorant of the prinei-
ples of agricultural seiencc, or unskilful in their applieation. For several centuries, suhsequent to
the Ancustan period, Agriculture would seein to have flourished in Italy, in. Ganl, and in varions ather provinces of tho Roman Empire; and it is eveo supposed not to have exhibited signs of seri-
ous decline until the arising of those causes (whet ous decline until the arising of those causes (what-
ever they were.) whose co-operative eoergies rought on that gloomest period in the world's history, known as the dark ages. When, in the tian part of the limht of the century of the Cbrisforth brightly and benignly from Central Getmany, and the mind of man, electrified and reno-independence-agriculture, from the influence of causes difficult to be detined, docs oot appear to have revised simultancously with seience, scholastie learning, and the artsil geocral, bat still continued to languish in a state of mysterious and
unaecountable inertness, until a period not far unaecomntable inertness, until a period not far
distant from our own times. Those whu have distant from our own times, Those whu have heretofore taken oceasion to explore this point
minutcly, will sugtain me in the assertion that for minutely, will sugtain me in the assertion that for nearly ant chat is valuge in in this imporiant deuhabitants of Europe were not fully as conversant two thousand years ago as we ourselves are at the chemists, geologists, mineralogists, lotanists and mechanicinns, whose contributions to the general stoch of apricultural kuowledge have been cliefly made within the last century and a half.
It is, i ans sure, not expected of me that tail the improvenents eflected in agricultore of aite years on the two sides of the Atlantic. The subject is one of vast extent, and might well supply topies for a series of elabotate riseourses, running through many days, and prepared in the
closet, by scientifie men, with that pains-takine diligence sud that ripid regard to accuraey, which diligence and that rigid regard to accuracy, which of a marked and permauent value. I freely of maried and permauent value. Ifrely with agrieulture which wonld enable me to do much noro than offer a few gemeral olservations to those assemhled here at at the present mament. and to throw out, alnost at random, one or two erude suggestions, with the bope alume of giving momentary entertaiment to such as liave doure me tho honor of comiug hither to listen to me.
The territorial surfuce of the Lited States of Imerica is at this moment of such rast extent aud our country is blessed with sueh a bappy
variety of soil sid climate. that it woull be duti cult to name a single useful prorinet knownerint with adequate carc be cultivated with cimplete suecess uponn some portion of our broad doma t
on this continemt. (ireat attention has been anaid of late in inoost of the slates of the ti nion to the of them the must hiberal and judhoions arrange ments ha re been adopted tor the sceumulat n anu
spread of agricultural hnowledge. Iss ciatione. that over which you have the hovor to preside
have been extensirely evtabl shed among have been extensively evtabl shed ameng us, and
screal of the local gorernurentio of the ta es including, I ant happy to say, the governmeith of aur own state, have deencol it poince to appropriwith a riew to firthering this inoportaut hraneh of Nat onal indostry. Agricultural Eairs mud C'at-
the Shows upon a grand sea e. In therr att
 are begning to regard chemas a aneta por
tion of what we are in the hahit of cal ng our
$d$ ic telit troms. Bil sir. I wi at be al-
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 scahonrd, Vurious indistinct romors were from six hundrel hushels of putatoes lind been fre-
tine to time reaching the great commercinl marts quently prodnced fmom single aere of land; that
on the other side of the continent. some of which moon another an eonal nunnt ty of beets; wpon on the other side of the continent, some of which (ulon another an equal quant ty of beets; upon
inay, perehanee, now seem to ws dimly to have another twenty tols of tonatoea; and upon yee
fureshadowed a part at least of the milipled another that one hundred dozens of encumbers wonders which havo heen since reali fars wisce of omr most astuteming famonting in the whole to nine thonanud dozens; statesmen extended only to the nequisition of a slould $i$ not inemr serions risk of heing eharged port someshere on the Pacific coast, for the gendation of our daringand meriturians comntrymen, prosecnted in this distant quarter of the world. Why, sir, those lion-hearted and muconquera-
ble nell, (a worthy representation of whom is fir more than by diplomatic tuct, this fair Paradise of the Pacitie was torn from the reluctant hands of its senti-barbarous possessor:-what en did they know of the make? Sir it is quite a curions fart in onr na tional history, that when the treaty of Guaduloupe Hidaigo was under consideration in tho American senate, upon a question involving its. ratifieation by the President of the linited states, there were members of that illistrions bony, dis-
tingushod alike for extraordinary intellectua power, the most consummato literary atamment. and the most stendy and inteuse devotion to the hnppuncss and glory of the bepnblie, who lawored
most strenoously to effect its rejection, avowedls most strenoously to effect its rejection, a a ouredly
on the gromnd that the vast tervitorial domain the acquisition of which wins provided for by thaa instrument, was not by any means worth the sum of fifteen millions of dollars, which was to be paid for it, and who contended ercn that its hare burden and a cursc-or, that it would at leas he found rather an incmmbrance thatn a henetit.
Strong was to bo that feeling of surprise which Strong was to bo that fecling of sirprise which
in a few short months was to come npon all the nations of the earth, o and unexpected diseover hose rich mineral treas
Dotstrong and pervading as was that feeling hlonbted that one of equal o encd, could tho fact liave been commminichted with equal suddenness, and in a form equally sat factory, that this Eden of tho western world rons agricultural resonres uphich this exlifition mugn ficently attests. Who expectel, sir
Weren vears since, when California lecame an in egral portiell of this noble Jhplublic, that in the ear I855. she would he sentling forth from he grand commercial emprorimin vast and numerou,
Alsiploads of grain and flour, all, ton, of her own rowth and manufueture, to rulieve suffering hich it is next to ingossible that the thi ice for nnate dwelkers in this more than Egeyf uf the Iet mo remind yon in passing Mr. I'resident ohat this extraordinary result has heen accomor lubor from mining enter|rines; and that, meanwhile. we have buite up and heawhited a owagitly. eut commere al mast npon our sea-ciast, which
the wonder and admiration of all who visit it is the wonder and almiration of all who vist it
re lave establashel large and pioaperois lowr, in the interior of our Sate along the ba hs
 by mage. imumerable lively sillages-s eo
shuch are to le fuund per ed on luny $\lambda 1$,
cinn its, while o bers are mode-tly peat dath!



位tion that dehein present certainly would here to mature on trees only two years old from of a double crop, both of pean's and peaches being in Califon nin of sumpon! Whoever heard, snve and tiventy -nine pounds? of beets, seven and a half feet in length? of a stalk of Indian corn, 24 feet in light? Whele. excent in Californin, can dring every and proven, chat strawiorries ripen possible to bring to peeffiction two thonsand ound deroted delicions fruit from an acre a 1 am hated to their cultivation? tent, tliat our
 griculture in its varinos dupartuents fin the griegess of a recent ramble which I took throieh liai decply interesting righon. I saw wheat, har loy and outs arowinis in several ploces most luxriantly. i beheld in ather localities lieantiful natural mendows, from which large quantities of celicm gras. was mown thuring tho season hich is now past, 1 repesturly suw grape wines romising in a upuly of fruit
Allow me, here, Mr. President, to call your at ention, and the attention of this nudience, to an reolorist Ur John B rrask whoso indefotigable cologist: beve developed an amount of ralualite in rniation in regard to the mineral and agrieul tural resources of Califormia. which should insure him the estcen and gratitude of all who feel in erested in the future growill and pronperity of nar young anu promianged "Soils anal pro duetions of Los Angeles." After expatiating hich he is describing, and iemarking mpun is pacity as a wine-growing sul stock.rnisiug mintry. ho adds
r The culture of grain upon these plains war ants the inost sanguine expectations. and so far
ithe experiment fiad lu:ell maile, the yield ha cen largely alove the averaye crops of the 1005 the introthection of water for irriation, fill thirty per cent. of these plums may be applied to the rearing an cereal e
"The arbsantages of water near or on the sur faee in this rection of the co intry is manil witod in We exper atental crops of last year on the donte,
few sniles east of the city. The corn erop of this mense io fis yield as in the suze of its stalks i nense io fis yield ae in the size of its stalks :
arge prop rtion of it was planted late in the savel b $t$ notwith tand ng this, the ear wavill

 Paty



EXEIBITION GROUNDS OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
(Louisiana race cobrge,) near gacramento, bept. 26 and $2 \%$, 1855.
otics of a more southern nativity would flourish
while their dostruction roald bc almost certain beyond this chain.
is the sweet orange exotic groirths of Los Angeles, well without orange; this tree is found to flourish well without ertificial protection from the at mokpherc, and attuins the hight of forty feet
and in some cases even more than this; ify fruit is fully cqual to any imported artiele which has jet arrived in this country. Whe tree producs. bountifilly end is in fruit throughout the whol year. Tho fruit is generally large end plump
irith the pulp well filled; there is not the slightes evidence of any hill its appearance; it may be said truly to have become habituated to our climate, ir to have found in it the kindred quelities of its own tropica natice lome. I hare seen the young tree of two years from the seed producing full, well maturen fruit. During the palmy days of the old Missions, they were in the habit of cultivating somewhat extensive groves of these trees, but since their
decline, the trees and their culturc have been ne lecline, the trees and their culturc have been ne glected, sind the grover in many instances cut
down. It is a pleasing fact to know that Americsn citizens resident in this portion of the State ans turning their attention to the propagation are turning their attent:on to the propagation of
this delicious fruit, and it will be but a yery few years before our markete will be supplied from domnestic sources entirely. In the cities of Santa Barbara and Los Angeles and the adjacent Missions, I hare seen tho orange tree forty years old. and in sonic fer instances much older.
"The citron is also a nother fruit belonging to the same natural family, and was formerly cultiveted In a considerable extent, and flourishcs well at ths present time. I have seen this fruit in ths gardens of private residences growing to the size
of six inches in length by three inches in dismeof six inches in length by three inches in dismeter; its as
poinds.
pounds. Whe date tree, fig, pine, apricot, guara, pomogranate and kindred fruits, find a congenial cli-
mate, and a soil edapted to their suecessful cultivation, and ars to be net with at several ooints in thls section of the country. No attempt, so far 4. I liave been able to learn, has es yet been made on produre the pine-epple, although the climate aud all other concomitant conditions of locality essential to its culture abound. Some experimente have been made in the culture of tubaceo, Which have proved highly successful and satinfuc tori- the Cuban rariety is found to flourish as Well here as upon fis native soil; the great con. sumption of shis article in California will render its cultiration an object of some considerahlo inportance, and 25 so little cere end labor is neces-
sare in rearing it here, it /s more than probeble sare in rearing it here, it is more than probeble
that lut a few yoars will elepse before it will find plece in our canmercial tables, as an artiele or home production, and perhaps of export
"The climatal conditions of these pleins, and
the adaptability of their soils are such that we mey the adaptability of their soils are such that we mey reasonably expect, ere a few years shall pass, that
cotton, coffec, tea, sugar and rice, the four latter articles partscularly, will find a place in our cataogues of home prodncticoss, and the only impediment that now stands in the uray of their immediate production, is the higt grice of labor which is consequent upon the sparseness of population
The moecupied or rather uninaproved lands extending from Point Aguilla to Sam Diego on the tine of the coast. and into the interior for dis tanoes sarying from twel re to afy or sixty milcs
and the extensive valley ranges beyond the first and fic extensive valley ranges beyonc the first 3クd caftera line of the San Bernardino mounating,
offer ;itcog inducements to the impigrant ond ofer stcag inducements
sether who nay be weking a permanuent puid gericuble, toune, and whn wishas to culcivato esil si a moniss of livelihowd and source of proht. Io xuch this district of the State furnishes an siaple fold for his operatione, and equally profitable with any other portion of our wide domain."
of all thet we have seen and huard, in id hefare us, in siche teutimony which capapiey of nur seil and the gomial and
veried influences of our unequaled climete, 1 fee
iustified in saying. that in my judgment, it woulc be quite difficult fer any onc, either here or else where, to naine a single plant or regctable, tres shrub or flower. whether grown on fisms. in or chards or in gardens, which, with adequate care and judicious diligence, might not be successfully cultirated end brought to complete perfection in some psrt of California. If the progress which We heve slready made in this interesting pursuit
hould be continued for a few rcere longer, it hould be continued for a few ycere longer, it may be that some classic traveler. sojourning for and fertile fragrant plains, inay hereefter spply and fertie fragrant piains, mar hereefter sppiy
to this modern Ausonia the glowing languago of postry: and exclsim-

TWhatever fruits in difforent climes are found,
That proudly rive, or humbly court the ground
Whaterer blo

Whatever sweets ealule the nor herth ak,
With vernal fives thut blosion hut 2 dic,
These, here dirpportigg, orvan he kindired soil,
Nor a,k luxuriunce from the planl er's toil


## REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

On Farms, Vineyards, Orchards, etc. To the Executive Commiltee of the California State Agricullnral Sinciety:
The Committes on Farms, Vineyard, Orchards Nurserles, ic., in the discharge of the dutiss as igned them, procceded on the 12 th of Septemted on Puto siver, and distant from Sacramento rrelve miles. Mr. Davis' Ranch embraces about
nop acres of land-ons thonsand of which, sre 8,000 acres of land-ons tholisand of which, sre inclosed with a good substantial fence. Upon thls
ranch are a large two-story cornmodions IIouse ranch are a large two-story cornmodions House,
with piszzas, and a steam Fluuring Mill conteinwith piszzas, and a steam Fluuring Mill contein-
ing two run of stone, and capable of flouring 300 bishels of wheat in twent $y$-four hours. The machinery of the mill, also raises water for irrigation, and supplies the wants of his house and tank holding 5 000 gallons-and ia thence distrib Itted by the airangement of pipes as required Blacksmith and carpenter ehops, with rcquisite tools for the accommodation of the rarious wants of the farm end mill, constitute a part of the Ranch huildings. The arrangement of the Dairy House is adnirable, and well adapted to its uses A large Barn. $60 x 90$, end wall arranged; corrals, already mentioned. Thcre are upon the Ranel 4,000 Grspe rines, three years old; five hundred Peach trees, and of other kinds of fruit trees 300. There were 300 acres of Whet and Oats grown
upon the Ranch thie eeason, of good qualityand it has a fine thrify Locust Grore, containing 10.000 trees.
he stock upon the Ranch consists of 3,000 an the belance, hixudred of which ara Ameri hundred Americen cows comprise the dairy stock 2nd seventy-five liorses aud mules make up the
stock of harness end saddle animals. Mr. Davis hae 4,000 aheep; and hogs, poultry, tools, and implements of husbandry corresponding to tha
Tha eoll is a dark rich
Tha eoll is a dark rich loam, with a sufficient dmixture of other qualitics, to peculiurly adap for rcinarkable growths of grain. grass, icc. It
freo from the excesses of wet and drought and not liable to bake and crack, The entire sbsene frust during the two lnct seasons in that lucal ity, while it prevailed to an alarming extent in many other portions of the State, eommends it a deairable Wheat-growing section.
From Daria' Ranch we proceeded up tha Puto river to Wolfskill's laanch; at the foot of the first of tha Neast Ranges of monntains. Tha evidences remaining of the extent sud quality of cropa
crown upon Lie Farms intervening betrean Dagrown upon 山ie Farma intervening betrean Da-
yis' a ud Wolfak:I]'s. were gratifying end encoursis' aud Wolfsk: Il's. were gratify ing e
aging to the California agriculturint.
aging to the California agriculturiat.
Af Mr, Jobu Wolfskil'e we found
imslosed, and containing 8,000 Giape vines, 6,000
of which are in bearing; 150 Peach trces, seven-
it of which are in besring; eighty Pear trees in bearing; and Apricot, Quince, Peach, English Walnut, Chostnut, end Alinond trees, in vigorous growth. The bearing trees are mostly eesdlings. The locstion is excellent; it can hardly in faet be surpassed, and will, with the cfforts that are being made for the improvement of its fruit, sno cccupy a position among the finest orehards or he ste. Tho gresshoppers nearly destroyc his vineyard, as well as seriously injured other
fruits, end trees. Ife irricates with water raised by stcern from the Puto river. Ilis Ranch embraces 17.000 acres, end he hae 150 head of cettle From Wolfskill's our course took us along th feot hills, south, into and through Vecca Felley, into Suisun ; thence crossing to Suscol, and stop ping at the Messrs. Thompson's, who have 500 acres enclosed, and 9,000 trees in orchard, as fo lows: 1.500 Apple, of 35 varieties; 50 Cherry. of 18 rarieties; 50 Paar, of 41 varieties; 100 Plum of 27 varieties; 250 Apricot, of 6 variet ties; 7.000 Peachi, of 34 varietics. Ibrce hundred of these ar beering trees. The fruit planting was done in 1853 11 addition to the orehards, these gentlemen hav Peach-the remeinder being Apricot, Necterinc Peach-the remeinder being Apricot, Necterinc Apple, Plum, snd other parieties. They har and 2500 in the nursery, of improved culture. and 2500 in the nursery, of improved culture. up Napa Falley, threngh Napa City, an interest ng snd thriving village, situated on Napa Creel o "Oal Knoll," the residence of J. W. Ushorne Mr. Osborne's Farm, althougb not entercd for prenium, is deservigg of particular inention, as well as the hospitalities of its proprictor, who florded us the npportunity of exninining his 600 crea of inclosed land, 450 of which were in grai the present season, and containing thirty-fiv acres in orchard, besides 11000 trees in mirsery ecsigned for the enlargement of tho orchards, to ether with a fine stoek of horses mules. cow: mates that he will have 3,000 trees in bearin mates that he will have 3,000 trees in bearing
the coming yoar. He is abont introduoing int hie premises a supply of water for irrigation which will materially aild to the improvenient acd ralue of his Farm, ss well as zerve desirable orchard and nursery purposcs. The building* consisting of the residencc, barns, grain were
house, dairy house, icc., are well and tastefull house, dairy house, icc. are well and tastefully
constrncted, and their arrengement admirablc constrncted, and their arrengement admirable latest and most approved kimis. exhibited ver creditablo sfforts on the part of WI. Usboruc t efuremost in agriculenral advancement. Man more details, and a proper notice of the genera eleanliness of his farm, and tinte feuces, cuntd I,
mentioned, and would be, if the limit of this re mert would juxtify It. In this as in other case se shall confino ourselves to ann ontlins of what re eew.
Still further up the valley a few miles, we scre introduced to Geo. C. Yonnt. E-q, an old ant es timable resident of Califurnia for nearly Lwenty
years past. Mr. Yomn had entered his Flonring Hears past. Mr. Youmt had entered limitlonring there to examine it. The mill is a fir-t clans mil and evinces threughout ini-bed wnok kmanship, oeturing supertine flour; doing the work ceming superhne four; doing the work eco two run of stone and cost $\$ 30$ (1) It will cont pare favorably with flouring mills insary section of the Ginion. It was interesting to learn fron Mr. Yount that he has ransed wheat for eighteen ears in enccession, on the same gromml, in tha neigbborhood, and that he had never known it blight until this year, with the introduction of Yankee séed,
Mr. Yount's Raneh comprises three leagues o and, two of which are in tiue valley, ent of which 800 acres are inclosed. It contains a line assor ment of fruit trecs and a vineyard planted lane since wos attructive for vineyara, planted long since. was altractive jor
scres of wheat were grown by Mr. Yount this apan. His Ranch is located ton miles north of apa city, and et the date of its settlemsnt by
him, his nearest neighbor was Gen. Telleje, st Sonoma, distant twenty milcs. This whele trsct of rallsy land csn be irrigated with mountain streama, with no expense beyond the ncceesary cutting of ditches for the distribution of the water.
Still

Still further up the valley wo find F. E. Kel1100 fruit enting 100 acres of land, conteining 1100 fruit trees. He has filty bearing Apple
trees, and the fruit was apparensly of choice quslity. The location is excellent, and wator ebnndant for irrigation, and ell the purposes that partain to frivit growing and farin convenionce. From Napa we crossed over the diriding ridge, line of hills, lying betwecn it snd Sonema Falley. Entering the latter we first visited the rineyard and orchard of Messrs. Rose and Jenkins. The location of these gentlencen is a beauiful one, orerlooking the rsilley-and is eitusted about one and a half snilcs from Sonomia. It is irrigated shundantly from natural springs, and concc, by J. P. Lease. This estimeted crop of Gince, by J. P. Lease. The estimeted crop of
Grapes the present season, is 40,000 pounds. It Contains 8.000 yonng Vines, 400 bearing Apple contains 8.000 yonng Vines, 400 bearing Apple
rees, 850 Peach trees, sixty hearing Fig trees, rees. 850 Peach trees, sixty hearing Fig trees,
besides 500 in urchard and 1,000 in nursery, snd good variety of Cherry, Plum end Pear. There are serenty-one acres inelosed; eighteen of which ar in orchard and vinoyard. Probably thers is Proct bearing vineyard In Northern California. Procecding next to the residenee of Gell. haiteinal. By the eourtesy and politeness of this hld pioneer in Agriculture, we wero shown hrough his honse. end erljoining, bnildings-his canitin.ly arrenged end improved grounds, and the unpply of weter for hourehold and kiechon purposply, which water for holnsehold and kitclion purpartments of the Gisneral's premises, and furnished by neighboring sprines, was much adnired. The arrangement of his dwelling house. the plan of which is his own) as well as the outbuildings end grounds, were very properly complimented by the committee.
From Gan. Vnllcjo's, we continued up the ralley to "Agua Cnriente." tho residence of W. MePherson Itill, situated in the midat of the foot hills that spur out from the main rango on the rest eide of that valley. Mr. Llill has 125 acres isting of A comaining 1,100 fruit trees, conisting of Apple. Pear, Plum, Peach, Cherry, and rees in bearing anong which are fine parietics rees in bearing. among which are fine varietics
of Chili fruite. The abundance of water for irrigation, found on Dr. Ilill's premises, explailis the lesiralileness of the location. The product of frilit this searon. from this orchard, amounted to several thausand dollars-end the conusittso Herior quality.
Returning, we pessed over the direct ronte to Penicia, down to Simil Franclsoo, crossed over to Al:umedn and examined tho "Pionecr Nursery" of the leer. A. II. Myers, His etock consiats of 28,000 Apple trees in 72 verieties, 8,000 Peach
of 22 varieties, 1750 Cherry of 20 v:arieof 22 varieties, 1750 Cherry of 20 vatrioAlmond, Aprient. Nectarine, Mlum, Quince, Fig Almond, Aprient. Nectarine, Plum, Quince. Fig,
Orange, and 18 of Cirapee, ; Cuirants, red and rhite; besilles Gooselupries, Raspberriek. Atrawberries, and minamental trees and shrubbery, in extent and varicty highly craditablu. Mr Myers' Nursory excels in tho completenera of fisase-sortnient-the propiortion of each to the pther, as they may be promiscuons/y wanted, and the large
veriety of each kind. Other nurserion exced is reriety of each kind. Other nurserian exceed is in growth under the more favorable influoncea of
lucation, or irrigntion; but this commends itseif lucation, or irrigntion; but this commends itseif
for the maturity it has attained in a dry soil withfor the maturity it has attained in \& dry soil with-
out artificial aid. Tlio sizo of the treas in hearing out nrtificial aid. The sizo of the trees in hearing
excited great surprise. Aluong them were small axcited great surprise. Aluong them were small woeks' growth, loadod with truit, mostly nurwesy
treet, and in raristy, there mera forts one of
Apple in bearing, Avo of Pear Arean of Peach Apple in bearing, Avo of Pear, ifitean of Peach
tos of Plum, ele ven of Cherry, dc. grounds of Dr. Hailo inded Arr. Sather. place though
not not eatered for premiuw. ooth havo extensire Peane orcharda, and the former a very extenaire
nnreers. The trees are large, and thrify, and mueh admired.
We next risted the farm of Jesse Beard. Eng. entered for premium, and situated bot wean Union Mr. Ileard has 200 acres of choice land inelosed and 3 seres in orchard, containing about 5,000 In addition, he has 3.000 treea in the nursery, o ona grourth and appearance, besides some tre well, but is not far eooulgh alvaneed yet to serve
fence purposes. Mr. Beard has cultivated I90 fence purposes.
aerces of his inclosed land tho prosent seasoo, and his crops of Whent. Cotatoes, Bsans, Corn, de
have yialded well. il is house is one of the inos admirably arranged form rasidencee wo bave seer and is credita ble alike for the tasta displayed an
well as the jnd gmeot it axlibita in its adaptation to the uses for which it is designed, At the old Mission of San Jose, wo find E. L. Beard, Esq., ocelliping one of the most desirable
localities in California The fruit of this old Mis sion orchard is remarkable for jits abuudnee and fine quality.
Inmediate
Orehard and Nursery of Nessis, Beard \& the are the Orehard any located and well watered. The O ling. inely located and well watered. The Or
chard and Nursery covers about sevent $y$-one acres, and the Orchard contains 5,700 Apple trses of 30 varieties, 1,800 Peach of 20 varieties, 300
Cherry of 6 varieties, 600 Pasr of 34 varieties, 400 Plum of 6 varieties. The Nursery contains 10.000 Apple trees, 2,000 Pear, 4,000 Cheriry, 600 Plum,
3,000 Peach, and 40,000 seedling Pear, $\Lambda$ pple and 3,000 Peach, and 40,000 seedling Pear, $\Lambda$ pple and
Peach trees. The Orehard, in extent and variety, equals, and in maturity, excels any other to whicl attention was dirsected.
It afforded the committee more than ordi
nary interest to witness the improvements nary pioneer in Agrieulture, who among other creditable enterprises in conneetion with anothe gentleman not unknown to Agrlcultural fame
John M. Horner, Eso. built eighty miles of fence on and around their premises, when the cost of th same wras mo.
present rates.
Leaving the Mission of San Jose We arrived
after a ride or fourteen miles, at the beautiful and attractive elty of Sen miles, at he beauitalities o its citizens were cordial, frank, and liberal. The evidences of prosperity were unmistakable, and
the fice of the country, riehness of soil, and lts producing qualities, mark it as one of the ver hest Agricultural aectlons of the Stato
alled for the exaningate entry in San Jose tha onited for the exaninnation of this committoe, to
wit tho "San Joso Nursary" of Nessra. Provost polito invitations of several gentlemen of tha and improved ground and and eannot let orchards portunity pass without expressing the high grati fication thoy experienced in visiting the residene and improvementa of Major IIenaley, E. W. Case,
Capt. Aram, Mr. Delmas Nessrs. Sinith \& Win choll, Dr. Bascom, Mr. Franklin, Mr. Lowe, and othra. To Mossrs. Lowe and Meaty me ar under especial obligations for their attentions.
Alyor Hensley's.s. grounda aro apacioux, finely Major Hensley's grounda are rpacious, finel
cultirated, and ornanluented srith finio forest slade trees, and slirubbory of varied kinda; an excel lent aeleetion of fruit trees, embracing the clloic
est varietiea; ; grecn house, rustic arbor, and a Artesian well, pouring forth its volume of wate Artesian wen, poiring or ortigation and other use ful purposen.
The exhibit of Applas at the hall of exhibition com mittes can in hehalf of his very superior $A$ ple Orchard, whieb contains about 850 troess. ba sidas whioh he has 2,000 in Nursery. 'The trees
ahow a strong, heal lliy growth, and are remark ablo bearers. Mr. Case lias thirty aeres inclosed and an Arteaian well on the pronisea irrigate Capt. Aram's place furnished much to adinin Doth in the Nursery and Orchard, but in his ab
sence wo could not obtain the particulars denired.
Eneent praise ia due to Mr. Delmas for hia ver result of bis own labur a nd elforts. It alionia mora allontion in the rine growing departmen
than any other Fe viaited. The arrangeuient canteful, the grow th of the rineal inxuriant, th natire wine exhibited to the counuitlee gare eri
dence of auperior akill in mannfucture Neorara Smith \& Win ineliell'a " Commer sory." particularly at tracted our altention Nu


##  <br> 



These added to 2 cordial hospitality, rendered Our short calll a most agrecalita ono.
Mr. FrankIIn's Farm. situated on the Guo visitod and containing a bout 600 aeres. Thixisa lighly chards, ademlrably layed out and a rranged: fine a indscapo eardening, conveniont roads leading through it lined on either side with young locusi siderations $\begin{gathered}\text { cest trees. All thicse, and other con- } \\ \text { and }\end{gathered}$ mong the fine farms of tho Stato.
The arrancement of Major Ilensles's grounds
The arrangement of Major Ilensley's greunds,
he rustic work alluded to, snd the landseapp ardeniog-the designing and laying outt of Mr ranklin's premises, havo been done by James $R$.
 mittee hare bad the opportumity of observing. liim late in June last. which havo noviv a growth of three fect; and 12,000 seedling Peach trees, showing a growth of from six to iefight feet during
the senson. No pronium is designated in the the season. No promium is designated in the Indeed, it magy be contended by some that land scape gardening and rustic work do not add to the i improvencint of Agrieulture, and that no premiuns upon objects of this elharscter. Your ommittec reason differently. They believe that the cultivation and improvement of the tasto in
hese respects leads to other and more valuable Cesults-iliat an a wakened interest in the ene must secure deairable improvements in what may generally be regarded the -more important interests of Agriculture. Tasta, for the Leautiful, is selorn unaccompanied with unore or cess attention
the substantial and reliable. Encourage, thon the adornment of which we are apeaking, and the Seneficial results so earnestly songht, will assur
dly follow, in their scason. Wo come now to the Nursery of Messrs. Proost \& Co., entered for premium. This extensive garden, and aursery, is situated on the Guada ouple, atd embraces seventy aeres of rielil alluvial
deposit from the orerflowing of the river, twenty epess of which aro in cultivation. They' contain
 vesides varieties; 18,000 Pear of 49 varieties Uesides Almond, Aprieot, Plum, Cherry, Nec
tarine, Strawberries, Glape rines; of the lat tarine, strawberries, Giape rines; of the lat
tor, there are no less than 35.000 vines, of 18 varieties. In the ornamental department they have
7,000 Roses of 88 varieties, Catalna. Locust, 17,000 Roses of 88 varieties, Catalpa. Locust,
Alantlus, \&ce., to which mas be added 3,000 seeding Orange irees, and otherwine a large assort-
nent of Shrublery, de. Tlie high state of cultiation, that is apparent in the nursery of these sontlemen, deserres great praise. Everything ty of fruit trees, of alnost every kind. will at. ract observation, there are tro very remarkable Cantures in the collection of Messrs. Provost \& Allusion has been made to the number and variety of Pear trees. This departwent of Mlessrs. provost \& CO . is muels farther advanced in all crusets, than any other that came inder our obPears, ane added the own native ann improveal which no leas than forty-nine sorta ean be ob-
ained at their nursery. They have engaged tained at their nursery. They have engaged
largely in dwarfing, and have a full suplly of the The nuater of on quince stocks.
The number of hoses in this nursery is no les cemarkable than the eighlyy eight ra ieties it con-
ains Really, it is a forest of Roses. Fifteen nillea fromi San Jose in the direction of an Francisco we fonsd nurselvea at the May tielu
Farm, owned by S. J. Crosby. Mr. Crosby has Farm, owned oy S. J. Crosuy. Mr. Croaby has
athout 1.500 aceres of land. (woo hindredl and finy of whieh are inelosed, and reventr-ive under eultiration. flis wlieat prodicenl furty bushel per aere. the 1 resent season, of a superiner quality.
II haa 6.000 fruit trees In orchard aulf nurveryall dasignel for the orehard, and in wa.inty well
acleeted. Water, for itrigation, has Heen introduced from a neightoring spring. The country
in this neigh borhoond, was m uch adurred by the
 nent position a mongs the desiratile firming ngions
of the State. Mr. Cros $y^{\prime}$ 'mpromenemis-
 inape labors and taste.
Maph could be said of the plecrss anl in prove
Munts, noticed by tlie conmuttee, on thent rontit nients, noticed by the Commintee, on when ronte
ip from May finld. to Sam Franci-ry: se wrll as



tion Company, at exhibited through thelr polite
and Eentlemninly Agent, Gen'l Reddingion, in and Fentleinninly Agent, Gen'l Reddingion, in
furthering the enterprises in which cliey have beee furthering
engaged.
Wheeler, situated No Tersery of the Rer. O.C wo and a half acres, inclnding the space occupied
with buildinga, is more than ordinarily merito rith builaing, is more than ordinarily merito
fous, for the oxtent and varicty of Fruit and Or arlmental tress, and Shrnbhery it contains.
Within this inclosure, Mr. Wheeler bns 6.00 Apple trece, of 50 varicties; 4.000 Pench, of 18
arieties ; 3,000 Par. of 20 varicties; 500 Plum. of 12 variotics ; 400 Cherry, of 10 varieties; 200 ectarine, 0 rarieties; 300 Aprieot, of 5 varietic.
0,500 Grape vines, of 14 varities; 1.200 Quince, 2 varicties ; Rasplierrics of 5 , and Strawberries 3 raricties; burides Gooseberrics, Currants, \& The front doocital, he has an extonsive variety, y arranmed, and should bo viaited and examine by parties about to engage in enterprises of bcautifying and improving their yards and grounds. hing of the kind the committee it have seen and they beom mend it on sccount of its origioality, ingenuity Board. 'I'he entive place. except 100 feet, is sur rounded with a good Osage Orange Hedge 1:22
feet leng. -A. P. Smith's Gardens, Nursery, Orchards, \& entered for pramiuins, and situated on the Amen can river, two and a half milcs from Sacramento
were next visited. Mr. Smith's improvernsnt over an area of fifty acres. His collection o Green-house plants, and Ormamental trees an Shrubbery, embraces about 400 kinds, includin many that are rare and valuable. He bas 37 va rieties of Peaches, 38 of Pears, 38 of Apples. 10 o Apricots, 18 of Plumn, 22 of Cherries, 13 of Grapo, Mr . Sinith has a Peach Orchard of 2,000 tree which excels any orchard of the ssme extent e. amined by the committee, and contains some of he largest Peach trees wo have seen. Mr. Smith passing sny other that came under our notice. passing sny other that eame under our notice.
is really benutiful. Alr. S.'s Flower Garden de servedly stands first on the list entered for pre mium, and the only one entitled to a prize. The has nearly a mile of Ossge Orange Heduc, but like others, the plants are yot young.
It was particularly gratifying to the committe o observe the great variety of Seeds, of almos every description, that wera being earefully and properly put up by Mr. Smith. Nueh loss and quence of our leeing obliged to rely upon impor lations for a supply of sceda. It ia hoped tha hereator we shall not sufar the too frequant iu. plury it sustains in its transportation to thi injury
Siate.
Of the many interesting and remarkable things seen by the committee, during their tour of ob-
serratiun and exanination, perhapa, none oxcited more surprise than the eontents of the little spot occupied by br. B. B. Brown. It erhibite mos orcibly what requisite attention and effort wil fo. Hesides the Doctor's residence, liberal in size, it contains 65 Peach traes, 15 Nectarines.
18 of Applo, Pesrs, Apricota, 18 of Apple, Pears, Apricota, Fig, Datea, Goore Quine, Almond. Grape, Strawberriea, beaides minmerabie varietien of Ornameetal treen and cring plants of various kinds. Indeed, it is literally filled wist everything rara in the way of fruit, plant, shrub and flowars. In addition to hese, there in a (ireen-house worthy of altention wo an Unage Urange lledge, 440 feet long and clasure the pant aesaon, can hardly the aurpasaed.
Certainly we have seen no anot of emound in the State, if we regard its dimansions, that will cornpare with this. for the varied collection of fruit rees, and other valuables which it contaiga.
The nommittee unake the following awards, an recommendatlons:

|  |
| :---: |
| To d. C. Bariv, of Yuto cornly, Int prombim.............. |
|  |  |












Doct. B. B. Bromn, of Scoraminto, for ble finely arrab ct is
culdrated groundo. They atho recommend a opeciel premiura to A.P
Esqu, for him Orebard of two thounand Peach trees, being the Eool opecimena of bearing treos, of that number, esen by the Commintes in their oxaminations of the Orcharda in Culfornin
Alno, to Goo. C. Yount, of Napa co., for tho beal Flouring
The eommittes bave detsiled with a good deal Of liberality, the conteots of ths various Farms
Orehards, Vineyards, and Nurseries they hevo rehards, Vineyards, and Nurserieg they have Imost objectiooable length. It is belier red howsho wiah to improve their Farms and grounds, and set out desirable Orchards, will find this in elligence valuablo-and to such, more than to al Many seciety aduress themselvea.
Many Farms, creditably improved, and which d a premium. were not cotered is consequsnc of the impression on the part of cultivators tha hey $\begin{gathered}\text { nere not sulicientiy meritorious for sue }\end{gathered}$ rill not prevail hereeter to the prejedine of mpertant interests of Agriculture.
Thera is too riveh of routine observable in the rethod of farming, geaerally, throughout the haracterized alnost every department of indos rial pursuits, has not oxhibited the sama reforms, and ratio of la bor-saring, in Agricultural employbecome alive to the great improvaments that have been, and are making, in thia most it. s sur deparly an. Madinery, now-a-daya, in, tillage of the soil, as it is in the workshops of

## nanics.

armers have becomo expcrimenters, and lheir effiorts are develoning nom state of thinc Ir this important science. Results, already atthined, have largely increased the intereat of inha gain. The State and National Counciis aging to small share of thertance, and it ia snhe world at large give this subject a thought, and the inhabitanta of the Oid and the New Worla, havo con-
sulted together for the advancement and improvedited together for the navancement aud imp.otoIt is hoped that the Farmerg of Californja will Fill not ouly arail themselves of the advantagea ttained in consequence of thase investigati. but that they, too, will add largeiy to the do-
relopments, that are rsndsring mote and more attractive and advantagcoua, tho culture of the soil.


On Grain, eto
Being appointed by the State $\Delta$ gricultural So-有 a committce to report on Grain, ac.. Wheat. - Best ten acres, to Poter J. Camphell 18t premium,
To Munyan
Barley. - To Munyan \& Oats.-To Mnnyan \& Jocolyn, Ist prom.. $\$ 50$ Corn,-The fine sample presentad by Henry Wilson, of Rusaian River, we think antitled to ha Ist premium on thia articio, - $\$ 50$ Sweet Polatoes.-No. I- We think the pre-
nium ought to be warded to John G. Almond, his sample being the finestand faireat of the yield of three aeres,
No. 2.
looker \& Fern sample presented by the frm of premium, of
Millet.-Dr. Curtin of Yolo, premanta a 825 Ife sample of thia article, of tho Chineed variety. co raised one aere-yield 40 bushale Ho re-Beans.-J. L. Sanford, of Shell Mownd, prorery fine-quantity raised 1,000 poonds. We chutk to ia ent lied to a apeciar promium of $\$ 10$ ligyption Corn.-D. Kandall, of Sacramento, presented three stalka of this varioty, which wo conaider worthy of much atcontion, as tha yield
in nidoubtedly large, and ia woll, adapted as an in nondoubtedly large, and ia woll adaptad as an
axcel ont food fur poultry. Wo recommand a

oru the Dairy of Sheprard is Reevea, and con-
ists nf one Cheeve weighing 18.5 pounds and one Punds. Solt are grod, but the largest is
and for wheh we a ward the first prem-
The scconil lot is from the dairy of Saminel
Cewiz, and consists of two sulall Cheees, which Sewis, and consists of two sulull Clieeces, which
are very line, and for whieh we award tho secondl premium, There was bnt one lot of Butter and one of Bread, both contrifintod by Mr.s. Pugh. They
were both very goot. For thi Butter we awaid were both very goot. For the Butter we a wayd
the hirst prenimun of $\$ 25$; and for the Bread a The hist prenimin of \$25; and for the Brcad
special premimun of $\$ 10$ in plate.
We also examined a very excellent article of
 liiun the tirat promi


## Report on Flour.

Xour commitcee appointed to ndjynge arrarts
on Flour, Buekwheat Flour, and Mexl, of doon Flour, Buekwheat Flour, and Mcel of do-
mestic manufacture; subunited at the Arriculmestic manufacture; submitted at the Abricul-
tural Fair, heg tenve. to roport that eight siantules
of Flour and one of Meal, were handed in for inspection. The Flour was marked ns follows: spection. The Flour was marked as follows:
Stanislaus Mills; Stockton City Mills; Star of Stanislaus Mils;
Pacifice Mills; A; Avenne Mills; Marysville
Miflus Mission San Jose Mille; No. I. Pacilic Mission San Jose Mille; No. I.
Mills, jor
Having examined the sane, tho cornmitec find them of superior quality, and, fully equal to the
rell known brands "Ituxall" and "Gallego," for cleanness, fineness, and life, giving evidenee thit
the manifanture of this staple article has atcained the maniffanture of this staple article has atcained Luat put. .ect...nn....", enders it unnecessary. for
the future, to look to o...er than our oun indus. try for the best our countr) in produce. '1ou turers of each. In deciding the in.rits for supetriority the greatest care wes foun. 1 neceessirr nind after due examination, they de de the sam. puc smarked A (Bay-Stante Lower Hills, Saira-
mentu.
ntitled to to the first premi
in ; and that
 award them.

Report on Fruit
Roport ont President and Gent men of the Society:-
Mf heretofore there might liave been found a siugle If heretofore there might liave been found a siugle
Individual in. Califoraia Eli, tlieal of the ad aptation Individual in. Califoraia klo, ,tieal of the adaptatio
of our soil and climate to, ive auccesful cultivatio to une praf apot orinincte of his aenses, longer to contine. iu uou.t. If the assurancess of, cnltivutors,
the untiveltic records of former yenis, and the uni
 tienture, have faill tod natisfy hinl, surcly an ex
aminotiou of the prevent viricd aud mazaificcaa
 doubl. ine fruit contributed for campetition, if is in.
Oossible to mive nore than a hasty nanl port tial de. possible to pire nore than a hasty nimy partial de-
scription. The articles prestentid for the consideration on the committee enturace rarieties cougrain
to almost every latitule ard region of the ghbe and include neurly atl that are desiralle for gerie ral and extensive cuttivition, allh hough, int uu-
merienl display-in tha numberand perrlietion of merien1 digplay-in ths numberand perlietion of
certaiu rarieties cornmon to latitudes cist of the
 inh seme of there can te to disagrevinent in opin
ion as tu tice, superion ity of our climance in the di-
 raised under ordinary inod" of cmiltivution. Among
the cle"rant assortm"ut sprend out for their consid-

 Cificu eut to make distinctions, nud. at
spoid a seemiug inuustice to some
aroid a aeemiug injustice to some.
In deciding upoil the reapective merits of the In decidiug upoll the respective merits of the
eererul urticles presented bevore them, they buree
endeavored to tring to thy duly as srict and uaflineching iuphatiolity, and in the awards whichl
they Lave madde, they hare been govered solely



 the mode of culcure sapted altbuggh, they regret
to say, that in many instankes they werc unnlule, nt
 ssime goveroing puinciple was kept in view, in the
cxamination of all the different sorts of fruit premantor their deceision, or where two or more

appcctive rarit, ws
In carrying out this course, thes found many lots
fs truit, of great murit, whicli were excluded froin
 to these, and to expreess their unqualinted admi ina
aion of their real worth, the commitled earmended special praminmas, which' they trust

 As thest wi
thowe tho har
of ppecialy
if

elves; comios under their adjudicatioa, together with the prizes conferred s
 Moce, 23 : hy Mr. Kellogg. of Napa. 9 ; by Capt.
Morgan. Soliuas Bay, 6 Doet. Haile, of Alamedla. ; 1, Waslington Meeks. of sueranento. 1; by Mr.
Gooty, (residlence not given, nalive apple, 1 .
 aome duserve a particular referencec. Mr. Case; these, and he Empplis Spitzouberg, linx.
bury Ruset, and the fruitinl Winesop. froum Mr.




 Aoul.

 Mr highly creditable to te te cnlerprisimag cultivant rbe eomnit tre entla ateintion to the two 1reecs exhi. wital by this geutieman, hut one yeur frow the The presecme exhibition places the suitableness of
the elinate of Culitoruia, for the success lul cultiva. riou of the apple, heyoud conjecturc.
or the pears examined hy the eonmitte, there
 Bergamothe, ) lie ludre peive, wariety; Iroms Mr. Llue ellen, of sun i iose Mission, (Seckell.) 1 , from
 cipasetapol, or sole survivor of thice grisshopper

 Beryannote.
The virictie
The varicties.of this fruit nre all fiue nnd wrilly
of cultivution. The Ber of cultivution. The Berganote is large and it
good fluoror an exellent surt, end wecll suited to
our

 tiveco of Downing. It can never
being the beest prar cultivnted.
rlincusa.
Of ilis delicious fruit, there were presented hy narieties; by Dr. Hale, of Alamedn, A. P. Smith, of

 scited st braut itiul drawing of a peach, the red rare-
Inpr, which, it is said. ripened on the lotb of $J$ vily All the varieties prosented were of large slze,
and exeellent tavor, nod lu cvely refuect worthy
 general damiration. Among the eovlection of there
 sonie peach, and applears Lo be a greut bearur.-
The late red Rareripe of Dr. Haile is an heuutitul sprcimeln and of tixe invor.
In addition to these, ther
ars, oue varicly from Mr. A. H. Myers, hnd onle


From A. P. Smith, Suocramento, 1 variety, name tot speeill d. The fruit is of good size, but unripe
The aupply of thiar exce.lent fruit was bighly si:te; alfording evidecue, the most couelusi rc , o
condition of litness for this culture uncuualed ny where. Muiy of the variettes were of the ellois
il artil niost deliente forelgn sorts. There were


 din. Black Humburgh, White swcetwater. Royul
Nuw ce: dint, Black Peters-all of the nuost delicious kind
The specineas from Mr. Jackson were beantiful
 by Mr. Dellons, were anhijects of geceural udnoirarition. and verc raised from gratts mate upon na-
tive woud, in Murch of thic preent year. Thic
tite rame genteman nleo exluilited a single vin , of
the White Swetwater, two years from the graft

Don Manunl Requena preaented one variety.
sed in Los A o geles. of in Los Angeles.
Of this excellent frult, there arrived in time froin Redman Park, Santa Clara, presented hy Patch
\&Cllayton of Sau Franciseo, mie variety. They nre Chayton of Saul Fracieso, mine pariety.
of dark color, of fine elze, and rich flavor.
The only contribulors in inhis branch of borticul-
 Sinfiord, there were presented lonrteen varieties, in bearing, with alundana samples of the fruit of serc-
ral soris pieked id his gardens. The rines of all the ral sorts pieked ia his gardens. The rines of all the
varielies were in fine condition, and tho berries all so zood as hardly to admit, of distinction. The
Committeo were unanimous in awarding the palm.
 frivorite, Hovey'g Scedling. Tha Riral Hudson, the
Bosiou Pino, and tie Blinek Prince, are allo fine Bdssou Pino, and the blinck Prince, are hlso fine
kindz. Mr, Suith's acedfings wero muth admircd. Of this heautiful Lrumet there wrere two wrieties,
one of which was from Don Slanael Requina, of Los

Angeles, entered by C. R. Bond, Esq, nad another
oflurge size. from Don or lurge size. from Don Lonis Vignos, of Los Anger
ies, contered hy Dr. J. White. ol San Francisco.Boih of these were much admired.
becimes these, there were examinad se reral fine specimens of the Citron Letw
vaide Bros., of Los Angeles.
Tbe onlp specimens on exhibition wore two
oranges from Don 3lanuel Requen, of Los Angeles.
exlibited by C. R. Bond oranges from Don 3 hanuel Requena, of Los Angeles,
exlititited by C. R. Bond, Esq. They are largc und
fioe. Onty one varict wistraxloxs. Cummittee, coutributed by A $P$ the notice of the mento. There were specimens of the Urange Melon their peonliurity heing, that the rind, like thin o
the rrinye. is ensily remoured from the pulp of th
 counhy, a henuiful pair of twin watermelons of 40
pounds, wbich werc unfurtunately broken on their way to the Fuir.
No. 1. Four fine nutmegs, by Hooker \& Fern, SaIo 3. Fire large Cbile mclons; by Benjamin
Lindis, of Yuba. Messrs. Hooker \& Fern, of Stcramento. one fine melon is anid by those fanilinar winth it, to be of ex
cell
cellent fluwor. cellent fluvor


 A. H. Mycr, one sariety of larae size ; als
same jard some speclo
In niddition 10 these,
tion or tive Comminlee was cilled, too late for their hieing placed in competition for regular premiums hive samples of the Barilett Pear. from W.S. Smart
of Thulumu b
 Un the shme day, hy Nessrs. Patels \& Clayton and peathe froin the Rerg. 0 . Wheler, of Saseral
mentulheing a aeedling. Mr. W. hase named it th mentu-heing a aeeding. Mr. W. liss named it the
Bliuey Cting," cognomen which it tuly merite.
hy its, delielous thavor. It is of full size, meatur. ing 8 to 104 inchese
In the
nward of
hetel governed by the thiums the committee lave hara condeavored to discinrd all extringic tuhuences, and to hase their decisions upon merit alnne.
yit will he sen, herenfter that they baye freely
araild themselves of the privilege erranted them of recommending speceial preminmse Thes liave on
 deserve this marle of tho mpprecintion in which their
 dileve, by the inemberss of the socicty. Thecy the conraging the firiner to rcciewd and increased o
forts to extend the fell of finit culture, und to C
 rorite occinnation. They h,cliere, that those whit
have thus conly achiceded such wonlerfinl and grati-
 our statte. richly deserve the Emall token which thic committee reconnlend to be awarded them, not so
much for the intrinsic vinluc of the a murds, ns for the nasocintions with whieh they are counectind.
With these reflections in view, the coinmittee hav decided the premiuma as followe, lowilt:
 Dulw wen these lant nid thasc of Mr Kelloges, herere..... was

 Firet promium to J. L. S. Sudford ................................
Secoud do. © A. . S. Sinith ........... The cormmittoc rccommend o speeinl premium to Merars.


 do do Messr. Pateb \& Cluytun
do do w. 8 . Smarl, (1arictet)
Thie inst on thin list, if it had heen before the colmmitcee In
time for rcgular compecitiou, It in their opininon, would
 For hest specimens of Quiluces, to A. P. Snith ............. 28


 Firat premium to Beenar. Thormpeon, Suscol Rancli, Nnpa ................................................. 2d do A. P Pm . ${ }^{2 \mathrm{~d}}$ do A. P. R. Wu Cul....

For heet, to Don Luio VIguee, Loos Angelee, by T. J. Wulte, ...

Por bact apecimenr, to Don Manguet Requens.


## To Mr. Frank, epecial preanius

## To Don Mantael Reque

## Almonds.

Figzt
Santa Clar
Nanta Clacen
To A. J. Graynon, San Jore, eptectal premlum . . ........... 20 In closing their report, the committee cannot for-
hear the expresson of the gratification afforded hear the expression of the gratification afforded
thenl ly the exhisition of so many elegant specimens of fruit. They reckard with pride and pleas
ure the wonderful results attaiued in tbis linauch of
industry in industry in our young State-results whieli reflect the highest credit upon the enterprise of our peo-
ple, nut establiab beyond nil question, the auperior The rapid growth of trees and early maturity of The rapid gro time required for the fructification of many kinds of trees after gralting, and their nnexampled productiveness, are circumstaues which
bave given to the Ilorticulture of Californin, fea-
tures peculiar to it alone. Peach trees hearing two ures peculiar to it aione. Puach trees learing two
crops iu n single reason-apple trees loaded with frupt, one year fromn the graft-grape vines hanging
full of fue and delicions clusters, upon gratis of Sve montbs crowth, are instances of precoity an rolificness rare at least, if not without a purallel in any of the States on the Vastern side of tho
lioeky Mountains. These things nre worthy of be gr recortich and, if known to cultiwators in other sections of our conntry, must attract tifeir particu-
ar attention, and induce mony to seek a nuw homa moder the clear sky and genial climate of the Paclie shores.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { F. FLINR, } \\
& \text { JAMES R. LOWE, } \\
& \text { J. F. MORSE, } \\
& \text { F. KUHL, BR, } \\
& \text { B. B. BROWS, }
\end{aligned}
$$

Report on Vegetables
Cil retahles having iviled the cexhibent prarieties into cornpelition ontaining all the verctables of a pricular kind offered by one individual. The number slown in many of the lots was so small that the com mittee in rinost cascs were obliged to decjde altogether on quality. without reference to quantity. This is inuch to be deprecated, as two or three samples froni a lot of regetahles but seldom concys a true idea of the average crop.
The comnittec have made the follo and beg leave to report accordingly

## A. P. P. Ah

2d do bexhhit of Bents, to Dr. Morgan - ...
or bext exlibit of Carrotes to Dr. Morgan.................... 10 2d do, to J. E. Johnoon ................................. 5 For best exhibit of Turnipe, to Dr. Murgan .....
For hest exhlibit of Tomitoes, to J. L. Santurd.

## 

 or hest oxhibit of swot Potatoct, to J. G. Atinond........... 10 an do, Lo Dr. J. S. Curtia.
beas exhuit of Pearuta, to Dr. J. S. Curtis .............. $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { J. MI. IIamilton, } \\ \text { S. Thospron } \\ \text { L. Fhinek }\end{array}\right\}$ Committoe, Report on Flowers,
Mr. Pnesinenti The Cummittee to whom ras delegnted the adjulgnient of Promia for Floirers, respectfinly report, that in tho discharge with the triumphs of Floriculture and tnste in our land. In these genial regions. where every nd stimnlating air aroind ns-where it may be trilly silid. without a metuphor that Nature
laughs in one.eternal Spring-onr fancy and perceptions have been vividly guickened by the rosy siniles of Flora, while scruturizing the philological mosning of her works ${ }_{1}$ -

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It has been elegantly written that of all tho completely the effusion of his love of beanty, graee, and joy. Indeed the pioxs Chateaubriand
says, that they, as well as all created oljects, may be constucred the inagination of the Deity, ren-
dered vishble. If such then ho tho caso, how highly favored is this chooen lanil-the second do pladlen the hert, it would stem, expressand to declaro the Cospel il lecaity to $n$ world rushing madly to bankrupicy in cerery high and from the cavirominent of place and cireunstance, our Committco havo heen led through llowery paths to revel in tho benuties of Grecian falilo-
-in tho wonders of enclanted castles and fairy bowers-amit the magnificence of palatial gaidens
ainill the glory and gullantry of the uge of annil the glory and gullantry of the age of
romance. With Tasso, they have ronmed through Syrimn lanis-
and from the Jonian isles, where highest nrt is decked with immortal amarunth-onward they may bo drawn fit nectar for th
chivalric Castile thoy dallied

ere thicy went rejoicing on to farther lands, whero Persian niaidens weare the lutins and the jasmine
with tha classic hibiscus anil tho clroopuing mimo-
sa, into garlands. In Japan, now neur at liand

## 

 pressed, and "hose mental charius caminot todoly typlifed 'iill wo shall reach that laul where the llowels never die! Time and words would
fail jour Conumittee to convey the full utteranee of the inspiring ideas they expreriwurcal lluriog their enraptured exeirsion among tho tlowers.
So they will only add, io somnning up the result. that from thene fiving but perisisule emblems of human life they have gathered, not tha maxime
of miserable worldly windom, but of that inmor tal philosophy wilich teseles to render uato Ciod the things which are God's. widerations and with hearte overllowisg and contude for the pleasant places in which our lot is
east the committee would urgo that too much eredit cannot be bestowed on all the competitors who lasia developed each in their respective de parthents, such radiant eridences or the doundioves
benerulence of the deity. They noild, howerer, specially recommend as most worthy of considine J. B. Seut or Hion if thit, of Sneramanto, for the doalga ond exocu.

 Hiomert; whosa bridiant diepley of 131 Pot Plante, accompllish, la uuch a woil andid ellimanato an ov 3d. H. Suntare, of Meseion Dolorna; whose callection of
 mlich it the so long bung.
 ore not without Tallue, for they entutie bimute to he preanium shb Obonnall \& Co., of sen Frnncirco, who haw dieplikyed the text 1aste in a pair of Vnse Bugueta
$\pi h$. Kubleu \& Co., who pot onliefod with the work of hie two handutin arranging Bouquets, has with his six-bhnd
shouquet conrried oft the prizo.
gith A. P. Smillt, who he immortalized himellf with no Evergreen Wrenth, 50 yarte long
10tu. Meesra, Soul add OMBrien,
who have enw racthed tieir nannes in flower, in the eppace
The committee find that there has been no competition for indigenous flowers or for a secoln
Florul wreath and therefore surpest that the Florul wreatl, and therefore suggest that the pre
mia offered for these arlicles be awarded to 0 'Don nell \& Co., of San Francisco, in consideration of themn; among which is an infant scedling of the gigantie Washingtonia, or monster Comifera o
Calaveras. Thcy also take this opportunity' of suggesting that some applopriato nward to be-
stowed on Mr. Thomas U'Brien, of Sacramento for tho ingennity displayed in a minninture Flowe Garden; inasmuch as it is out of their power to
confer a prize ou him, he not being a menter of confer a prize on him, he not being a meniber of
the Society and of ounrse being thus cxeluded from conipeting. Last, though not least in our anemorics, stands the exquesite Baceante Mazza, so
tastefilly decorated with flowers by Mrs. J. P Robinson, of this city, and already alluded to i our provious remarks; it constituting one of this chief points of attraction and allmiration. To thin lady the commaitree recommend as a spiecial and
honorary premiun the ornate cameo porte mant naie, now on exhibition, from Neskrs. Howard Borradaile \& $\mathrm{C}_{0}$, as the most bitting testimunial o their apprecintion of ber contribntion.
Had they not transecnded the limits of their instrictions, the conimittee wonld havo recom mendrif for further award. the splendid vasc-bou quets contributed by Mr. Eisenmenger. As it is,
however, they, must rest satisfied in thus making bowever, they must rest satissied in thus mating
honorabla mention of the snmo, ss well as of. plice collestion of Plants from
Sacrainento
In cunclusion, the first of the madersigned mennliers of tho coinmitter regrets that from the
absence of $F$. W. Mncondray, Esq., of Sun Fran cisco, and Chas. Welier, Esq., or San Joaquir, the duty of drawing up so hurriedly this repor
shouldd haro derulved on one nnfamilial witb th subject. Witlh the Invaluable sid, however,
Mr. Irorost of Santa Clara, whose right judg ment and experience liave been calied into requsition, as the cawnogues prepared by hiul wil
show: It is hoperl the decision arrived al, will thereby a ppear hased upoa a proper and iappartia All or which

Since the closing of This Report. We bare the pleaniure of recording the arrival of thirty rarie-
位s of rare and choice Roses in fine bloom. from
the san Joco al mery, owned by Mr. Lowir


## Manufacturere and Home Induatry.

 maka a warde in th
Mantaunaking and $N=k$, reppectully $n$,
port that they performed the duten ane goe
ur bat Mulll
Wra. Clinetuek, of Sencremento
or bect Noenlework, io Mre sirreans.


The committee of award in the department Irats and Caps, respectfully report that they have ben much interested in tueir examinations witi the sulperior quality of articles exhibited, and
would award the lirst premium to Collins \& Co. would award the lir
of Eagle IIat Store.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Wh. M. Baggs, } \\ \begin{array}{l}\text { A. Sramy. } \\ \text { R. } \\ \text { T. Brown }\end{array}\end{array}\right\}$
BROOMS. STOVES AND POTTERY
Your committee of award in the department o Manufactures and flome Industry, (covering th fulty report, that they hare exaniured the articte presented, and feel much pleasure ind connenendin tho beautiful and welldesigned Cookine Story and Furniture manufactured and exlibited by Darid Kendall, Esq., of Saeramento.
Also, the Brooms exhibited by Lisk \& Co., of Sacramento, and Messrs. Chase \& Co., of Yuba. Mr. L.'s Broolas, as also his samples of Broom Corn, are of a superior character.
The spocinteus of Pottery
The spocineus of Pottery wo think equal to ny we have crer seep.
We therefore makie
comentan the following a wards and recomvendations:
or best Cooking Stove, to Daxid Kendall, of Snerumento ... $\$ 15$
or bost f pecimen of Tinwork

For beat r pecimenan of Poltery, to Messra, Ontman \& Taylur. 25
To Chuse \& Co., of Marryserille, for Brooms and Broom
 Respectfully J. R. Crandill,
Chnirman of Coonmittee. Works of Art.
embnoldery and wax work.
The undersigned comnittee appointed to ex Norks,", having attended to that lluty, ask lcave espectinlly, to report.
The duty ansigned to your commaittee was s icasing one, and the undersigned found muels pecinons of work in cael departurent.
$A$ Chuir Back and Seat, the work of Miss Arabella surith, reeeived a clase examination hy yours ommittee, as lietween that and the heantiful Chair by Mrs, Eisennmenger the contest came for prize. The former. lowever, has received the
erdict in favor, and they award to Miss Snjith verdict in favor, and
tho lirst prize of $\$ 25$.
ho lirst prize of $\$ 25$. The above work of Mrs. Eisenmenger, the
The Chair so tastefully wrough, reccives the award your contunilleo, the second prize of $\$ 15$.
They are called upon to express their admiraton of tbat trost superb piece of work by Mrs. c. O. Whitney, of San Francisco-" The Death o. O. Whitney, of san Friancisco-"The Dcath
of George Dulglass, the Black Warrior." This ungenibent pieture was set in a very gorgeous
ramic, and attracted the admiation of every vistor; and your comnittee regret that they hare no power to a ward a premium to so deserving an artist. The picture, laring been made ont of the State, is precluded a prenium. They, howerer,
besneak lor it high commenlation. Uespeak ior it high commenilation.
is deservinutee would recomaend the following ociety for special mremiums: The lienutiful finislied piece uf Embroidery The Flight into Egj pl," Ly the Sisters Notr
Daure, San Jose, your cominitce estrem oute of so much interest, and so finely exceuted, that
Tho Unsa of llair Work-teing the hair of the the Jisennuenger family, attracted much attontion as a valuable relic of a family
Mra, L. D. Allmnnd extribited a piece of tlock
Iwo pieces. rich Embroidery were exhibited by
Mrs Ilewenway, to $\boldsymbol{\pi}$ hicis the comninte
mend a special premuins in plate or $\$ 15$.
The raied Embroidery uf Mrs. Stephen. comivituce estecm very biemtiful, and woukd have
recomivended \& preinium, luti its having been wroughta abrond precludes it.
it to the notice of the societs.
The Leantiful' Table Cover wroneht by 3 res
The Lemitiful Table Cover wroright by Mra, J,
Saniford, tha coumittee would declare worth
Fipcial । remium in plate of $\$ 20$, and so recom-
An Infant's Cloak, Drese, and phicoes of Wor-
ted W ork, all mocived the notire of the commil tee is verk, all reditable specimens. Made by Mrs.
A Lan P Mat was exhbisted by J. Flath, made by A lady in Beoich.
An Emburoidered
An Limbroidered Lamp Mat, by Nanos Bai lie
A specliten of rised $E$ broidery, by $F-$
Bail we, Sacrameeto. Worsted Sart Mre. L
Tbe Net Shawle and Wort


Hotice fur their lu-zuty and correctheas. 'Tha col-
lection of Winx truit, by \$liss Athby Ann War

##  exercise. Xea, a Vlotorin, oll whose ha glitering thrune and passes bluededess by elass of eushined concth und gided clario <br> 

 rciese, Lave mifnessety your clexaut. your qureel-


 guaranty of the justness of their decision ;
when at their head we tind one whose lfe has h. quent in the saddle, who has not noly elosely view
cd, but often uret and comquered legions of he na-b
expert horscmen lin worla; whel at their ha:
 We mad one whose taste is as retined is thut of :
Americun goldicr, amd whose gallantry mutst pir
lode the poxsibility of a wrom to th the other sex, I couffidently assert thent ther men
disappointen? will te satisfied that not the slighte injustice is rone to any party.
Nor is therer a pluee oll cavli, or point ia ita or is therea phaee onl carlo, or point ia its is kill in this noble excecise than the vast plains,
giddy moontain trails over which many of our lat are, and over which all may lye culled
oster then, this cxercise is not unprais
in a greal and intirential society.
IBut his is not the time nor the place to at
this sulbect. Nor tued we ; wowan is liere to :
this snliject. Nor need we ; woman is liere to
for herself, nad I know you will listen to hor herself, nuys
hark! she says

## "When Iroubled in spirit, when weary of fre When I fuilut neath its burdens nud striuk fo

When it fryith, turued to unlien, sro nroukkog from fin strif


And when one of the most intelligrout of here
has thus spoken, argument, if needed, wonk
Miss Stevens-A duty has been assagned $m$
whish. but lor the single fact of my inability in wincties to the occasion, wouthl he entirely pleasinchain as the first prixe for accounplished equtentrin ism. The oommittere have procured its preparation pure goll, dug trom onf own soil; nud its cenam equalled eoly by the same traits, when lonad ia the May the regrlarity of its rumning, anit the constmucy of its lick admunlaly you of the uncmasing
procress in this art, which those whom superiar yen progress in this art, which those whome supericur yen
huve now been duelared, will make to overtak: itns pass you, Yies Morman, hets beea awardel this . I.
To you, M, gant suddle. And this, tho, hs of Culiturnis wanu-
lacture ; it woutd lee a grand "first prizu" iu may
 ipeen for giving yon aut nudhe ulvantage over yons
competiorx, pi rhaps its mee would tave leren orier. ed ron. Now, it is yours, nat if you shadlostry
and asaiduonsly ues It till thin hirb cuterlainmen shatl reenr, at the elose of a twelvemonth, youl impy confidently mntic pute the gratitication of you.



## Remarke of Rev. O. C. Wheeler

Ladies ana Gentlemen: Though the dajs are gone when the gallant h night, with poising ance and glittering sword, with buck ler. shield purs himmelf and steenl to tietcer strife at every glance of his fair lady's oye, nr elapplyg of her most daring deeds and feats of wonllonss strength most daring deeds and feats of wonilrons strength to the last and erowning work of Deity, woman.
the highost consideration, the most sure protection the highest consideration, the most sure protection
and universal preferment, still lives and w ili con tinue to live, and act, with increasing purity,
while man shall till the sall, or guida that stai r fight sueet freedum's battles. That spirit or fight sueet freedum's battes. That
pervades the heart of every bonorable man.
has bean seen in earlier and in late tlimes. has beon seen in carlier and in late tlmes.
This socioty. whose anmual festire scene to passing, has opened to woman festive seene is now rition in every departmeut of art a d imdas siderations which are expected from the atern sex, has ofiered her prisex and premiuma for
celience, not whit behind the very chi fest


 spirit of ancient a
mederts cu tivat ?


The Protentation.
On behalf of the donor, Col. Farren prasented, following speech, a magnificent saddlc, ex
ely of home ninumacture: of home manufacture
Dear Genenal: In all the associations, in all the duties, iv all the plcastres of this most interesting Exhibition, there has bcen none that could
have been assigned to me more in acoordanco have been assigned to me, more in accordanca with my wishes-none more gratify ing - non
more ennobling, than that of addressing one who more ennobling, than that of addressing one wh
lins ever been the friend, the true friend, the gen has ever been the friend, the true friend, the gen-
crous friend, of all who sougt a home upon thi golden shore.

To you, tbe early Ploneor,
Did gathering thowent
Did gathering thowsundic conor:
You hade them all wow come
None were refued
home.
You fed the hungry, the nakod clothed;
Yonr sool by evect compaci That atrribibte of Heervan.
It is indeed a most happy duty to meet you, 10 lark the clouds may sonietimes lower around you, thera will come somee ryy of light-soine
joyous song, to cheer and meke plad your hoart; and in the great batcle of life, if the mass forge heir duty to one who has done so much for them there will ever come the outpourings of warm and afiectionato greetings from those who neve
can forget the NOBLE PIoNEER or CAlIFORNIA. can forget the Noble PIonezr of California.
It is in ore blessed to It is inore blessed to give than to receive; thi you know-for your whole life has spoben it b your course; and be assured,* that however dark inay be the present hour to you, sure as there a God above, so sure the clouds must pass an reveal a brighter day to you, In the clear dis-
tance I hear the sound of the spirit-stirring druin. and the echoing bugle's notes; already methink I see the waving bsanners of advancing armics and thelr song is-"Henor to the brave."

Qoick through the heart the hlood is rusking,
And qoick from murinoryi foons come gubhing
Tho qe generous acter, that nowe
Or leave a maly, ooble heort
It is no idlc panegyric thus to address you. Every ear that hears mee knows the trihute is thine Every generous heart must respond to it
in grateful emotion, and every eye tell it by a in grateful emotion, and every eye tell it by
tear. $\dagger$ We look yonder upoo the wall and we se in that beaming face the joy that rose in your heart as you labored for others, forgefful of your-
self or the future. What inould self or the future. What inould liave been th condition of this ceity-this State-our nation, had no "Sutter"a
raco", been clit ?
linked the history of the your name will ever b moves with as nuch power à was sought by Ar mores with as much power an was sought oy Ar
chimides-it has morecid a noorld. As you lool around this liall and sec the heautiful adornments -hs you behold the rich and varied products of this bounteous soil -as the eyo catehes the mani-
festations of genius, called into existeuce by the
circumstances whieh have ehanged, not only this pleco and coootry, but the world-I say, when jou behold all this-these evidences of human progress, your noble heart doex and will rejuice
although the change may bring a tear from your although the change may bring a tear from your
eges or wring a pang from your heart-for the eges or wring a pang from your heart-for the
price of this change: this good to the many, must make you feel it, in the sncritice of self. These mighty changes are marked by yon crumbling
Fort, where your proudest and hapviest inoment hare been apent. "Sutter's Fort," "Suttor's
race," "Hlock Farm," mav crumbe race, hock rarm," may crumble, rall, and pas akay,
Pioneer shall be like the pure gold which spring from them - they shall grom brighter and bright. er, to the perfect day.
Truning from that picture of earlier daya we
Ioovk upon another, $\ddagger$ in which we think wo sec Iook upon another, in which we think wo sec
'shades bespeaking care, anxicty and sorrow ; and still we see, rising superior to all, from that
spcaking eje, a voice aajingspcaking eje, a voice aajing-

> And the gravotit not its gool.
> Dust thou ort-to dust recturneth,
> Whas nol spoken of Lie acol

And thus bave you laborcd. The walls buitt by you, to guard you fron a hostile foe, hav given place to cultivated tields, and blessed ho and the broad prairie, that for eenturies lay wid and uncultivated, purclied by the burning avuThast earth tefreoted by wivi'ry showore,
Gives forth the poldee

What a proud and gloriuus watisfaction is yours uear sir, to see, to krow aif his, and to know
when you shall be called froin this earth; that jou can any with that noble Chief Looand, : Wh
creer came io Suttera. Tiome lungry and he gar cyer came te outter'a. home liungry and he gare Unirsty anit he garc him no drink?" Yca, dear
General, Jours ie indeed a proud satisfaction, and One thal can nevor puss away:
With heartelt satisfaction I now preaent to
vou this gift. This, to whicl the binhest a you this gift. This to which the highesta a ward
of this Socicty has been relldered the generous of this Socicty ha been relldered, the generous
owner, Charles Scheuner, Esq.i to you. The donor is hinnsclf sour countryman
-loth early pioncers-lie, with $a$ spirit of true -both early pionccers-lie, with a spiri
generosity felels than on better dispoaitio
Le ruade of it than to present it to you:.
his gift-hor appropriato-designed to make and appropriate vasea. To Dr. J. F. Polhomus

Your pathway easier through life. Accept then,
General, thas gift; ; cceept it as the. free will ofer General, this gift; accept it as the. free will offer-
ing of a true friend ing of a true fricend; and as you stand with your
foot in your stirrup. remember that your foot rexts foot in your stirrup. remem ther that your foot rert
upon the native wood of California. And these figures upon this saldle-eloth, (thisis tooo the pro (uct of the "cattle of a thousand hills,")-thes nin of America and har institutions - sec in hin bosk the "stars and stripes" " you know that proud bird, as you vault into your saddle, will
hear youn upward and onward; and those roics thorniess here, and surrounded by the onk sud
the olive, eniblems of Truth and Fidelity - these the olive, eniblems of Truth and Fidelity-these
are fitting testimonials to represent the fuithfulare fitting lestin
vess of a friend.
aess of a friend. General, this gifl. God gran
Accept then. Gen
tat as you pass through life, it may aid you and that as you pass through life, it may aid you and give you an easier journey. If you are called
upon to ascend the rugged stecp, the Eagle shall upon to ascend the rugged stecp, the Eagle sha
aid you, and benr you up. Fear not to moun
rin iry the pass, up, up, its ragged steep; you shal
win at last, and rest in a land fracrant wit Fin at last, and rest in a lind fragrant with
frlendship, percnnial with honor for oh, has it not been jour desire to bless and make others happy? and is not your own heart rewarding you?
How blessed to aid others, to make thcir way throigh life easy and happy. You, dear General. -and you-a and you, and the remembrance nus
Take, then, dear General, this gint, and with the warnest, best wishes of your friend and
countryman. Tlake it, and know that it connes countryman, iske it, and. know that it coines
to yon with the best and warmest praycrs of all that lear mc, and ail that know you, hat youl
may yet be spared to see and enjoy better and may yet be sp
brighter days.
The gif was recoired with evident emotion by the venerable Pioneer, who remarked in tho course
of his speech, that for twenty years he liad beent almost constantly in the saddlic. (Loud cheoring.) - Allodlng to the onosotlod "Sottor Tillon."

ATlive Porintroito of Sutter.
: The lerge, foll Portrait of sutter, owned by the State.
Col. Warren uexa azcended the rostrum, and roceeded to atrike offe quantityoffruits and shrubs Or the benefit of the widowed beneficiare. The Grst two plates of fruit brought $\$ 5$, each, after
which, two handsome apples werc aold for twenty Which, two hald orome apples werc aod for twenty
one dollars, to R. T. Brown, Eq. The competi one dollars, to R. T. Brown, Esq. The competinet proceeds of the sala e amounted to some $\$ 75$. ights were turaed down, and the mammoth pump-
cins left vis a vis with the portraits of the diskins left vis a vis with the portraits of the distinguished personages which adorn the cham
And thus endeth the California Capital Fair.

## Omisaions.

Froy various causes over which the Executiv Comınittee had no control, several articles which sere on exhibition escaped the observation of the committees in whoso departments they severally belonged. By reeson of the absence of some was to prepare the details of reporta, errors and missions have occurred which the governmen very much regret; but when the magnitude of he onterprise is contemplated, when the unceasing and innumerable claims upon tho time of the Executive are seen by these reports- When tbese re truly considered, then an apology will not be needed from them for what haabcen left undone. Some conmittres left but poncilings of thei houn the award mas inade ; othors enter into detail of reazons irrelavent to the subject; again otbers do not define or do not understand the rork in hand, and have performed their duty it aste; while amo have not reported at all.
Theae errors and deficiencies tha Coumittee as a matter of duty to the public and to the encerprise in which they are engaged, have endaar red to rectify, and for this purpose they hav annexed the following list, as those that have
como tu their knowledge; and should thero be como tu their knowledge; and should thero b
others that have still escapod notice, the Corn mittee will cheerfully havo thom duly acknowl edged. It ahould be well understood, however that oven witb all the efforts to havo every article entered and recorded, rery many articles werc brought into the IIall without giving notice to those in charge of that department-many with out name or place where from-thus, not only iving laborand trouble, but causing error and confusion, and in most caaes these neglocts on he part of contributora
missions in the reports
The Executive Committoo fecl in duty bound apeak of the following contributlons as deserr ing especial notice, and regret they were not duly noticed by the proper cormittees:
Tha collection of Essential Oils, manufactirrce y Dr. J. L. Polhernus, of Sacramonto, an early ioneer and a druggist of high standing, are the irst specimens of Extrarts from the uative herb of California. The collection conaists of Worm-
wood, Pennyroyal, and Pepparmint; also, pure vood, Pennyroyal, and Pepparmint; also, pur
ulphur, and Flaxsead - xhibited in handsom
the first manufactirer of Essential Oils from our native herbs, the Committee award a Silver Cup, with suitable inscriptions, value

Cup,
$\$ 25$
ds,ex-
Colored Watcr Sketches of our native Birds, ex hibited by A. J. Grayson, Esq., of San Jose, one of California's ealiest pioneers-a gentleman whos efforts have done much to give our Statc a name and fanc. These sketches from his hand arc most highly meritorions, being, as he states, his
first efforts, and but recently finished. The collecetion consisted of the Tropic Bird, the Wood Duck and the Road Runner. Of the latter bird, the following lotter from Mr. G., is of great interest: Col. Warnen-Dear Sir: I send you for the Exhibition, three drawings of hirds, taken fro this business, and cannot hope to win a prizo his business, and cannot hope to win a prize a an artist; but as ornithological specimens are in-
teresting to some, and more psrticulariy as I send a drawing of a new genus, undescribed before, I thought they night prove acceptible as somcthing new in the faunia of our country.
The ' ${ }^{\text {Tropic Bird" }}$ is seen sometimes on tha coast of Lower California, but more abundant farther soutl.
The "Wood Duck" is common all over the United States.
The "Road Runner" I have described as ative of California.
Thus seying. I consign thern to your cere, and
Respectfully remain yours, Respectfully remain yours,
A. J. Grayson.
tha "roan runnzr."
This is a very peculiar and raro bird, and i
onnd. I believe, only in California. As it is no fonnd. I believe, only in California. As it is no
described in any ornithology that I have seen, offer it as a new genus. It scems to be a distin, ofrer it as a new genus. It scems to be a distine
and isolated specios from all other lirds. It i always seen upon the ground when first discorcred, and, from its fleetness, onc would suppose to belong th the Ambulstery or Gallinaciou class; but when examined, it resembles then in no particular. It does not run or walk like those
birds, but leaps or jumps with both legs at the birds, but leaps or jumps with both legs at the
same time, and that so rapidly too, when pursued, same time, and that
as to outstrio a dog.

## as to outstrip a dog.

It cannot rise frotn the level ground by the aid of its wings, but, when pursucd, immediately directs its course for the nesrest hill, from the
summit of which it sails off a few hundred yards towards the next one. The most remarkable thing about it is its feet, they being more like those of clinging birds, sucl as the Wood pecker or Parrot, having two toes behund and one before
with very sliarp claws. But, unlike them, it is scldoin scen in a tree unicss pursued very closely when it has been sees to spring from the ground to the lower branches at a hight of ten or fifteen feet, at a single bound. It prefers running along a roed path when pursued, if it should be conrenientls at hand. henee the name the old Californians
Runner.
Runner.
I have
I have secn several of thesc birds in my travels over the country, and have never seen one with
any other bird, either of its own or any other kind. It is excessively shy end solitery, inhabiting the wildest and most desolatc places, from Lower California to the most unfrequented reces-
ses of the Sicrra Nevada Mountains. It is found most commonly in the Coast liange. The tlrst one I over saw was not far from the North Fork of the American River, in the foot hills of the
mountains. It sprang up from the aidc of the mountains. It sprang up from the aide of the
steep hill as soon as it discorered me, and with out flapping its wings, sailed off towards the bo om of the ravine. I then thought it a apecies Pheasant witb which I was acquainted, and fel I esirous ever afterwards to obtain a specimen. Range, but can say very little of ita habita, from Range, but can say very hittle of ita habila, rom Californians that it will destroy snakes-e ven the Ilattlesnakc. From its general appenraneo I have laticsnakc. From its general appenraneo i have
no doubt that it feeds upon small reptiles, grass hoppera and other insccts.
I have never heard a cry or note of any kind given by this bird. It has no song to cheer its solitude, but silently and loncly it pursues its
avocations, in the wildest apots of California. The a vocations, in the wildest apots of California. The
figure which I have drawn and sent to you for inspection. was taken from a specimen procured in the Coast IRanga near San Juse; it is just the size and color of the natural bird in every particular. having measured every portioll accurately.
The specimen from whicb it waa taken, was an The specimen
adult male bird.
These drawings excited a livcly interest, and the Committe feel that, in the efforts made by Col, Grayson to present thus the "Ornithology of California, it is but a just tribute to award a Silver Cup, of
Tho Comritter examined a tery superior and large Hair Mattrass, manufactured by C. Scribner, of San Francisco. This bcing truly domesic, and raluable, they award Silver Plate, $\$ 20$ The very handsome Painting by Dr. F. M. Logan, of the Fruits of California, deservea from the Committee high commendation. Aside from the beanty and merit of this Painting, it containa a ligh value from the fact of its being a true da. scription of the superb fruita raised by one of the earliest cultivatora of Californis, A. P. Sinith,
Esq. This valuabla Painting has been most generonsly donated to tho State Socicty, by the artist, To the painter the Society award a pioce

A specimen of Penmanship, in handsome rrme, from J. Kittridge, exhibited at the Hall, and omitted in the report rendered, the Cormmit lee found to be a highly creditable to so young an artist, and so worthy of notice and consideration, bey award The Diploma of the Society.
The cask of Croam Ale exhibited at the IIall by Messers. Lyon \& Co. of Sad Francisco, and sent through their agents Messrs. Grins \& Co as.angued by the manufaeturers for eporter pronounced it a superior article. Th Committee a ward it the Diploma of the Society. Acknowlengmenta.-The Executive Commit tee in closing their labors, cannot forget the genrous assistance which has been tendcred to them from many sourcen, and tendered in such a manner ss to relieve them from much of the diffculty and weariness of their labors.
Their first acknowledgments aro due to those Ladies, who, with their accustomed cfficiency and ions of the IIall.
To Gen. J. W. Denver, Sacretary of Stato, his courtesy and aid to the Socicty by teudering the usc of the Assembly Cbamber, etc., for the Exhibition; and to Patterson, Esqu, who has charge of the rooms. for his politeness and attentive efforts to promote the success of the Exlibition': the Committee return thanks. Also, to Messrs. Nevett \& Co., for the generous loan of heir beautiful Fountsin ; and for the taste displayed by them in its arraogement, adding, as it did, greatly to the bcauty and comfort of the Mall. Also, to Miss Tozer and others, of the Quarcette Club, who very kindly volunteered their ervices to add to the interest of the occasion. Their generous aid was tha more acceptable being endered upon the evening when the proceeds
were devoted by the vote of the Society to 2 bonevolent object.
An acknowledgement is due to Mrs. E. L. Beard, of Nission San Jose. for a cnse contrining a vory handsome Olive Wreath. The Committee regret that by the delay of tha conveyance, lhis did not come to liand before tho close of the Fair.





 under the charcse of

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## TBE

## CALIFORNIA FARMER And Journal of Ua ful Sciences.

Norangy, at Cuc
Serament City.
TIIS Jourasil will contain Valveblo Agricultural statituten Irome of pare of tbe Sinta, tog gether with Orislal Sciee.

 aing matter selitive to
bile Lady Correppondentu.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

TO ADVERTTISERS.
 lerived from dverrisigig in our joornal, wo putliat the follow.
 jouros) circulated, shawing how


# Al <br>  

The Califontia farmer an Jotrvil of viefit, sctences. BY WARREN \& SON. Culisuro rim-s,

## 

##  and


 ond




M. Dusacg, Buokseller, Paris.

## Great Staple of Californta-Tobaoco.

This product must inevitably becono a grea staple production of California. The samples of Tobscco at the Fair, by J. R. Jonnson, of Sacramento, were of superier quality. The manner of cultivation and the success that attends it, a uoted by him in the following letter, are worthy espectal notice. Dr. Brown, of this city, present ed at tho Fair a plant in a growing State, as handsonie urnamental plant, in a tub, and when in full foliage and bloom like this, it is very bcattiful; his, with other specimens, is highly cred-
itshle to him. We hopo due attention will be given to Mr. Johnson's letter; ho is a practical and earnest cultivater. Our friend tho Doctor is also one of our best amateur cultivators.

Annexed is Mr. Johnson's letter:

Enitors Fabmer: 1 take pleasurc to comma niente through your much valued paper, the Casiformia Faraek, my knowledge and experience in the cultivation of Tobacco, for the past year.
I854-specimens of which 1 cxhibited at the California State Agricultural Fair, held at San Francisco, and also at the Fair of tho present year, held at Sacramonto city. Tho crops produced were froni the plantings of tho early and late, making two crops in ono jear. I feel grati fied to say, the result proved worthy of the notice of sereral good judges of the leaf-and take tho opportunity to lay beforc the readers of the Farner, the manner and mode of its cultivation is California, so far as niy knowledge oxtends.
On the 2uth of February 1 sowed the seed, and at a period of twenty days the plants appearel. quits small, and apparontly of slow growth, until throo weeks after; then the plants grew rapidly, and in two weeks wera sufficiently largo to transplant. In the month of April, about the 20 th , 1 began transplanting, pliscing them three feet apart ench may. The land was woll plowed and finely pulrerized, and the plants lost none of their vigor, but grew rapidlls. While thus doing, boeing the site not to be neeling cient fom the plante har attained I a growth of leares, from eight to iwelve, strppiug three to fonr of tha lower leares dine" $g$ the lear; this is termed "Priming." In - weak or ten dage, the plants will have attained - firtar growth, and new la ares shot from the cop su
whicb $j$ to number eight to twelve-at
 0 or
oratigrow Pr Pretw never
moment realize the grandeur of a field of the " weod" so innch liked, and yet its pernlcious us condemner. While the leaves aro thus maturing a slinot ternied the "sucker," growa out from the stalk, where the leaf projects, and in every in-
sance slould be pinched out otherwmertur we hly of the sta k will pass tho leaf nurd be draw

## fying the cron.

During the growth of the plant, and from its carliest stages, it is subject to the worm, (though not so nunierous iu new oountries as the old.) which comes from tho cgg deposit of a fly during tho erening twilight, and the heat of the sun hatches tba worm, which is most destructive while young. When they makc their appearance so, they slould be plucked off inituediatoly. Tho norning is the inost propitious, as tha heat of tho day warns them to retirc into the shady par of the plant, when they are difficult to be found. The stage of ripening is known by the leare becoming leather-lika, and turning yellow-green and spotted, giving evidence of decay, and losin he vordure of their former appearance. Sucl being the state of the crop, avoid being too ansious to har vost, for ofton inexperienced planter ut it. before thoroughly ripencd, and lose it weight and qualits that :which patienco and nelgliborly consullat: ov suight gain.
In the nionth of A:gust the April plention will be thoroughly matured. For cinting, the noorning and evening are to be preferred, as the day sun is too serere and will burn the leare Cut tho stalk closa to the ground, and by no means let the California sun wilt the plant more than thirty ininutes. Groat care should be taken with this process, known as tho wilting, beforo hanging up to dry ; if not, tho leaves may be andorell worthless.
Ilaving perfected a crop. the dry honse is nex in order, which ean be made after the style of long shed, roofed and closed in on all sides, suffiiently rentilated to 2 void drying too quick, or What is gencrally termed "house burn." Good lry ing and cvidence of a successful crop is known by tho leaf gradually turning a bright yallow an followell by a bright brown, drooping gracefully, without crisplng or curling.
Tho stalks are auspended upon poles, by stringe ied to the buts, and henging side by side, was not to touch; tha drying arrangement will ensily dietato the mode and inanner of hanging up, only bo carcful to hare a free circulatlon of air. A
space of 30 feet by 15 , three tiers from ground hioor to tho roof, will contain froin 600 to 80 pounde, or twenty five hundred plants, (light nd heavy tobscoco varying.)
In aix weck $\stackrel{y}{ }$, the first crop I raisod from my April planting which 1 harvested in Angust, wa sufficiently dried to sweat anil strip, and baing anzious to experiment upon the sweating operstion, 1 did so in the following manner.

## [ro ex comenevzal

## Calfornia Seede-numots Ozago Orange


Megsro. Warren \& Sor: Gentlemen- 1 few day a since I received a le tor from Profesoor J. B. Turner, of Illinois, a distingaished agrical turint and horticulturist of whom yon bave prol time ago, some seed of grass gathered upon Hom boldt (or Mary'a) river, which I thought migbt be raluable for bay; and samo Alfales, or Chili dorer seed. Ile acknowledges the rece pt of the seed. and writes: "The Cal"- rais clover did edminably. and will be of great ralve in thisand the and bing States. It is now ( $200 \mathrm{ch} \mathrm{M}_{2 y}$ ) up kne bigh, and reaty for mowing. The otbor apeci res afrail it womb be extremoly ind I Nais or or obl ged to ert it in I foctiro any from
parcel of Osage Orange seed which you will fint nelosed, with these instructions in regard t prouting them: "Sonk tho scend thrre days anking them ont and airing them trice ench diuy

## then in a warm place and they will spront

 eigl.t or ten days. Then plant them in the gar den, and water them if dry. Cover them rith traw in tho fall, if very small, in order to pro cet them from frost.It occurred to me that possibly these direction of Prof. Turner (who has snceessfully and exten sively introduced Osnge Orange hedges into 1 lli nois) might possess some interest and importanee o youl. Ilaving no garden or homo of my owil nd no personal interest in these matters, I send ont the seed and dircetions. Haring myself see many miles of, Osage Orange hedge in 11linois rown from plants oltained froin Prof. Turne and capable of turning any kind of stock, "from arat to anl elephant"- to use tho expression nee heard him make-I know hin to be the rery est authority in the matter.
I do not write this in the way of a communi-
ation to gour paper, but, lioping you may mak
tof some service, write to you as gentlemen whose lators in the canse of Agriculture hans on my respect and adniration. Begging pard or the length of this carcless letter, 1 aun.

Very truly. gours, Chas. E. Lippincott

## Statiatica from County Aanessora.

## roda cous

Trie Assessor of Yuba county makes the fol owing report to LIoa. S. H. Marlette, Survejo Ganeral:
In scoorlance with your request, ns per circh ing statistical report fir Yilla county. In th absence of ther lint tivuntr Surveyor, who is at
 - Henness 1 . or, have taken his rtatement. made in 1852, of the number of acros of land in Yuha county. Your circular was not reecired in
time fur ine to report the sinount of gold takon froin tho mines in this county, as a large part or the mining portion of the county had part of the mining portion or the county had ticen ass sossed prerious to tha reception of your circular can only say, that from the best inforinatiun lic mines situated in this counts, during the lic mines simisen mins county, during the hrst discorery of gold in this State.
In relation to the cultivation of fruir trees ( had the promise but as yet hara been unable btuin) $\Delta$ report of the observations of Messr Beach \& Shepard, who bave a larke nurnery and orchard on tha east bank of Feather river, be iween Yaba and Bear rIvers. In thair orehard tha most of the trees are three jears old, and hey wonld hara had the present year a large rield of peachen, had they not been dotroyed by that pest of Califurnis, the grashopper. Froin
ny own obserration I think the climate of thi ng own ofser ration I Chiak the elimate of thi he culur bion the ale and ner sipled hes mar be colliveled to sideantese in tha smill rallars smong the lower spurs of the Siarra io rada mountrins.
Thare ia soma portion of the boovdary line of bis connty, that is not pla ply dofloed and whin in my op a' n, should bo arrered and mort lainl's catablished. The ses of ilo Leg-al-re dividing tha State into coonties and entabl: is the boundaries thereof, defnes the bo ary 1
between Yaba coun-ty and P|umas and Bitto between Yabs coun ty and Plumas and Bitte
counties, as commenc e at the Lexinatin counctien, as con menc $g$ at the Lexingt in in the
thenee down the divd ing ridre berwien the Woters of thence down tha nive of the tes in Feather riv!
The south bravech of tie Hf - thantore tre The cuss dered as the the hat tore to beo ivformed by two of Go urlor of

sie actually cultivated. There are 80,000 acres sinithble for grazing. The number of aeres or


## 

 eres. 1100 l vele; tons 1 hay _ 1-. I ere ho number of hinses is $122_{2}^{2}$. mules 1,074 The number of saw mills driven by stenm is $\theta$ assessed value of anme $\$ 19.5010$; number driven water 16 , valued at 38.600 ; : amount of lumbermanufactured during the past vear 3875 con fee cost per thonsand to manufacture $\$ 15$; value pe There is one flouring mill propelled by water. the assesser ralue of whieh is $\$ 3.000$, und it has manufactured 150 tons of flour in five month: the flouring wills promelled bushel of whea The flouring mills propelled ly steam mumber round during the round during the paat year (a) 406 bushcls of
wheat, and 26.456 bushels of other grain In the above mills are trelvo run of stone
Of iucorporated turnpike compunies there as wo-the Yuba Timrnpike Company.frum Mary ville to Camptonvillo, length 40 miles ; and th Branch Turnrike Company, from Orean Ilous Lexington 110 ise, 31 miles. Co-t of constructg t..e nhovo roads \$35,001.
Number of toll bridges 7 , assessed valuo $\$ 48$ -
ferrias 8 , assessed ; ferrias 8, assessed value $\$ 7.500$; water ditches 18 , assessed value $\$ 117,400 ;$ quartz mill. asse-sed ralno $\$ 31.000$; fle companies 5 , cost engines and hoso cnrringes $\$ 16.525$ Number memhers of fire departineat Oct. 1st, 105. 231. Expenses of fire departuaunt of city
Marssvillo during the past $y$ ear, $\$ 18,457$.

Tho following is thu Report from Nevedia conn as furnished the Survejor Goneral, IIon. S. 11 Tarlo•te, by Assessor John MeCoy, Esq:
The quantity of land clainell by actual sottlers in 29.974 seros; assensed raluation of same $\$ 192$. . cres of wheat 1.100 , barley 1,500 , oats 350 . corn 0. hay 700 , potatoes 300 , other vegetables 300 Fruit trees fourisli well and considerable in erest is manilented in their cuitivation. ieach fow years we will be plent fully sumpling. In every rariuty of fruit. The present number of ruit trees inder cultivation in 3.200 . of whiah hout threc-fonrths are pench. The cultivation of the grape is attennpted with some show of suc-

The county being mo ntainous and not adapted. ograzing, is mainly dependent on the agrieulural portions of the State for a supply of anmalan The number of animals in the county is estimated is fullows: Ilorses and inules 1,500 , catlia 2,300, wine 7.8100 .
There are
There are 41 ditch companies supplying the miners with water. the aggregate length of wich 6.2 miles ani the ancu.d ricalior of the me g.jus an. Ibe a There are eitht tall bridges in the county, of bi h the e-cod valuation is 23 C . The $n \mathrm{~m}^{\prime} \mathrm{r}$ of $\mathrm{q}^{-2 r t z} \mathrm{mt}$ is in succes fol opration is 16 , of which five aro rus by water, lon of rock er unhed per an it arersge

 Eents in quarta is est bated on pos It than ents im
s2 noo is
We hav We have 32 sow ila in peratis in tho couny, capobla of coting 2,4 ant heet of 1 mber $\$ 25$ to 4 per M. No y bboopds $\begin{aligned} & 14 \text { from } \\ & \text { betler }\end{aligned}$




THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## Tite eralifomial yiatmer

## Whent， Barley，






Thee in
There nre 200 peach twees in boaring；but，as ost w：as run of stone．Their agarregate originat
$\$ 30.000$ ．They use 25 ，
rata per grain per month，and pro
Son polnd sacks of font．
> grasshppuers，and seweral fi
entirely destrosed by then． entirely destrojed by thein．
1he wheat crop of 185.5 was
wheat we being an average of but 151.2 busizely mushects． Barley， 94.060 bushels，being bith 18 bushels per
acre．Oats． 1500 bushels，or 20 bushels per aere．Jixcept the ravagen of the grasslopper
Mr．Dunn gives no reason for the short crop．
We ine under obligations to．J．F．Pinkham． Fsq．Assessor of Santan Cruz，for the following
Report，kindly forni－hed to us： Report，kindly farni－hed to us：
Enirons Farmer：In conpliance wi hy our ie－
quent I send yon the following eqport of the aspli－
cultural product，and other infortuation called
or in your circular： for in your circular：
The fullowing is the amount of stock in the
county：Aniericim ooce too，cows joo．boef aud
 The number of aces of wheat sown was 4.000 ．
of which only 1.500 were harvestect，the balane of which only 1.500 were harrestect，the balance
having been spoiled by smutand rust．In wheat
 rust is caused by the heary fogs and dews whic
prevail during the nights heing fultowed by ver
warm days．In the Ippse portions of the cimant
and whure cold winds are prevalent，the srain and whure cold winds are prevalent，the grain
ood．The avorage vield of wheat througho the country is abont 20 bushels per acre．
Acres of onts 1200 of which only 700 were

harverted．A rerade viek throughout the connt | harvested．Arerame yield throughout the connty |
| :--- |
| bishels per acre．Thuse not harveated，in | same condition as unharrestel wheat．

Barley， 18010 acres，
Barley， 1800 acres，yield per acre 30 bishels；
beans， 250 acres，yield per a．re 40 bislads pol beans， 250 acres，yield per a．re 40 bushels；yoti． 45 acres；bnok wheal 50 acres，yield per acre 30 bushels；cablages， 8 acres；peas，i acrus；corn，
90 acres，vield per acre is boshals．Acres of gardenes， 5
Apple trees from one to three years old， 3 ，00n

Pear trees in the Old Mistion Oychurd， | Pear trees in the Old Mission Orcharr， |
| :--- |
| Pear tress from one to thrce jears old， |

 Grape vines from one to foor years old，$-7,000$
Of apricot．cherry，plimm，quince，and mectarine． 210 Of apricot，cherry，plum，quince，and nectarme．－ 10 ．otal number barrels lime burned and shipped
30.609 ，of which Mewsrs．Davis \＆Jorlan purned 30．609，of which Messrs．Davis \＆Jorlan burned
$\cong 1,409$ It is of two qualities，a line－grained
grey colored，and a white crystalized；there are grey colored，and a white crystalized；there ar
juexlanstible beds of it willia one mite of th town of Santa Cruz．
There has heen discovered hately，abont four miles lrom town，a mass of auriferous quart\％，
tying in masses－no．regular lead or vein．Shone that has been taken out was very rich，one buck－
et full yielding two dollars anl ninety－sis cents． et fhe placers have produced since last Narch about The placers have produced since abst warch ahowt
$\$ 5000$ ．At present there are abut twenty men
at work，naking from，one dollar to two dollars at work，naking from one dollar to two dollars
and fifty cents per day to the ina，The extent
of the gold region is aljout twelve miles by fonr， Thich has been but poorly prospected as yet．
The gold is foind all throngh the dirt，on the The gotd is foind all throngh the dirt，on the
surface，as irell，as next to the bent wock．
Thero are also larme ananfitics of Jhero are also large quantitics of iron ores，
－chromets and sulphirets．There are also sev． ern end of the county there，are a nunder
 Allageut onde－third of the connty is adapted to and heavy redwood and pine timber fands． Where are furr flouring mills in the count
witb six run of stone，grinding 60 barcels per day to the mill．There are elevent siwn puills． cirht $n$ ater and three stcam，cutting each about
1200 feet of lomber per daj．＂Thery is one fur－ nace．owned by L．Anthony．it Coo with is stenm cimine of eight horse－power attached，for machine
pulpones．There are live shops whore wagorn purpoes．There are live shops where wagorns
are waid，six blacksmith shops；and eight dry
goods nnd \＆rueery stores．On account of the goods und grovery stores．On account of the
impenfect tites by which latul is lield，the jni
provenent of farms is not provement of farms is not gicat．Total aluount
of taxable property，$\$ 1000.000$ ．
the foregoing is courcet．to best of my

 Ansaking the interest feft by those commit－ dil as upon the Counsoittoess

## How do you Keep Your Grounds so Clea，Dairy Produce．

In our various ranlmes over the State $w$ ．
gather many littlo incidehes that tend to illustrat． Passing over a fan shapleat worda inny fiow． his stmmer，we were pained to notice the ap－ ance of neglect，and the visible retrogade
rements of trees，sluribs and plants We were lking with the proprictor and making inquiry f it wonld not be very advantageous to his estate o well designed．We made particular inqu：siries to each deparment of culture，and were mach interested by the answers given．We learned
hat the original plans were all good．The farm was well fesigned，well fenced，had good build－ inge，the very bost implements，stock，inaterial
il／sufficient；but the evidence was before ws the and was not well eultivated．Tyens were arat bonnd and stinted，the soil in the orchards，bur－ series and gavelens was dry，hard baked and iny．
pervious to air or moisture；and the whole scene 0 is was painful in the highest degree．
In a climite like oung wher
in a climate like ours，where the soil alwnys rliere success can only be nttained，by a personal ateention，and by a．practical．knowledgy of the
wints of the soil and the wants of every prolluet rajed opun that soil，it cannot be expected tha any beneficial results ean be obtained，that any great or permanent geal can be secured，inlass he owner has either a practical knowledge or a to take holnt himwelf．or to see that those to whom his estate is introsted know how to perform their We have too much experiment，withont a basis
in the instance to which we have alluded， e proprietor had tricd many experiments with is laborers，acting himself as the overseer．He had employed wen of various mations，and had
finally concluded to entploy seamen to．carry on his farm．Lle could hire them much eheaper and as produse was low it was important to ccon－ mise，and the result was，that while the time cxjended in．teaching his menlow to drive orses and oxen，and en hold．the plow，the season f plowing was past，and tho conseqnence was as
we liave stated－oreharl，garden and nursery vere overrun with grass and weeds，nud，wheo we saw it，presented but a juitifnl applearance． We drew from such experiments this lesson hat it is better for every farmer who iices the ced of the lest implemints to workle with，to be are to get men wbo understand how to use them ； nid it is far better to plow and plant no more han ean be well and thoroighly caltivated．
Thrning from this scene of a uegleeted farmer， re come to mother．Tic called mion a friend cho cuftivates a large and extensive marsery and， great contrast between it and the one we had so ecently visited．＂1Fere no grass or weeds were cen，but a clem，well tilled and decply cultivated field，presenting a healthy and moist，surface， which was clearly indicated upmi ereng tree shrub．vine and plant ulon the gronind；and here we noticed，too that 2 inuel less nomber of la． oorers were engaged than on the one last spoken reater ive the labor in view appeared mach instructed and gratified，by a long and interesting unvestigation of cause and effect，a！l of which were Winly visible．
We tomed
We torned to the proprietor and asked the nestion which stands at the head of this article －Iluw do you kecp yourg grounds so clear of recds ？＂lbe answer came just as we expected． －Ifere was the grand secret－if seeret it be． llere was the proprittor，with coat off，laboring with his own hands－hands，henrt and mind tho worls，and tho result was before us，of well ease the proprietor was an overseer and ilirected as well as he might，but was dependent upon and fainlif：In tho inst case the proprietor lunderstood his busincss，and cmployed none that

## We have，becul favored by our frienuls Gushee ECo．．with a＂leaf or two of their ledger，＂which

 cuables us to lay befise our rearfers some estinate of the vainu of the dniry products of one valley anly．The sketeb is firm the produets of Petal una Valley，and will tell well in the figures give．We
We shall be furnished with accounts of sale nud importunt data from this firm，and we fee
it a duty to say to all who theal in produce．that if a duty to say to all who neal in produce，tha
ithis for their interest，to call and become at $\eta$ mancel with Messrs．Ginshee di Co．We ar inuch indebied for these reports nud shall loo Monthly Atrount of＇Sules Rendured，Augus


 Novonhar ．．．．
Deceninber．．．．．
Junniry....

 This is the hel anmount paid． Magnanimitu－We cannot fet this opportu－ nity prass to express our high sense of the noble sud generous at performed by the Bapking House of Messrs．Drexel．Sather \＆Church，of
which mention was made in our hast issme．This which mention was made in our hast issue．This
well known and firmly oxtablished house，thongli but very recently estahlishel in this city，were made acquaicted with the faet that the State Agrienltural Society beld the bunds of the State from which means wiere to be raisell to wect the Freminms which lad been awarderk by the State Soeiety：and althongh the bonds would not fall
due for sone three months，and if thrown into the market would regulire a sacrifice which wonld prevent tho Suciety from accomplishing all the good they intended，with a generous desire to promote the general interent；（his honse，throngh their entrgatic head in this eity，Thos，S．Fiske Esq．，promptly tendered the full anount of the bomits，two thousand fire hnndired dollars，withont
intcrest or discount－thos cuabling the Society to tueet the calls for preuinus instants，ithis act should be kept in honoriblo remeinbrance．

been complaining for a long time about the de－
rancements of the mail，its tardiness，sc．，se． －we rejoice to announce better days coming，for we have received an cvilence of nnprecedenterl disputch，thronth the regular mail．of the Sonoma
Bulletin，duted Jamary 4,185 t．only twenty－one months from Sonoma．＇Lhis improvement we attribute wholly＇to the Agricultural Exhibition recently heflit in that place．Had it not been for this，we verily beliere this paper would not have reaclicd os hecore Jauuary t， 1856 ，Dry your tears，frien
dispatch．
The Grasn Market．－The condition of the grain market is a matter of great rejoicing to the cultivators of the soil，to the hardy yeomairy of our golden State．It is inosi fortunate that the grain glowers very genorally beld on to their grain，as advised by us－for thits they are now reaping the benefit．The very handsome price now realized will enable the masis to free them－ selves trom their embarrassinents，ard to nake improvemonts in their farmiambedrellings，and this will give an impctus to tralle．This is al－ ready＇pereeivel，and we wish the merohant woutd give the eredit of the presont prosperons times to the righe source - to atriculenral prosperity，

## Parsar Orfice．－The St．te Agricultural So．

the Patent Ufgice，together with circulars touchin
the samio，the thanks of the Society were voted
in return，and the círenlars and soeds committed

fortume，for they are on the rond both to fortune and fame．A short stay at their fine house，last weak，assurned usg of thiy fhet．＇The hiternational Hotel is well known to be one of the largest and the house was full to overflowing，besinfes many were umalule to abtain entrance；although there are upwards of two hundred rooms；forty，fify， day last week，seventy－two arrivals were register－ ed．As we havo snid，there is a system and orter maintained thronghont－cerything in rlone promply．Ilse gentlemanly propriotors and the polite attendants make a stay pleasant．
Wo mast，however，do fill justice to what we ity of one of the primeipal cmises of the popular－ ity of this House，Geo．W．Giramnis，lisig．so Universally and so farorably known，who stands one of the most sucteswul caterers fur public favor anong the hotels of the State；he is always at his post，affable and gentlemanly in all his deportinont．He always sceures faror，and we feel şure the proprictors liad in view the motto We adopited when they secured the servicts o friend Gramin，lor by so doing they expeeted it
wookl lead on to fort woold lead dir to fortme．We hopes，firr the con－
timed suecess of the Itonse．Mr．f．will be long timed success of the Itonse，Mr．f．wifl be long
continuerf at a post he fills with so much eredit to himself and success to the llutol．

A Wext，Funmisnen House，－（⿳亠丷厂犬ront diffienlty has been experieneed in times past to tind that Find and warirty of furnituro，that white it was necded，was gentecl and appropriate．Viery much depends 21 pha the appropriateness of siza ant style of firnituro，as compared with the size and tyle of the rooms where it is placed；the color shade and liniṣh of the roupls slonold gulite in the selestion of the style and quality of the furniture All these difficulties are now of little mornent，for Whatever miay be the size of the roous or the house．or whinterer tho style of furniture wanted， he most havish taste or the mont economical de－ sire， can be suited by a visit to the extensive wareromins of Messts．Howes \＆Co．，Al Mintromery Wreel，Sun Francisco．
We made a
We mado a visit to this establishoniont the pres－ ent woek．as a matter of ecommy．to fiml a swal\} piece of furniture at a inolerate rate－knowing their prices wore vers low－and while there we went throngh their almost emilless rooms．Ono
cannot realize the rast amount and the completo varituty this＇one IIomse have on hamh，without a personal visit；from the most supeib cillecetions of costly marble top sets，and all the other shoice and clegant picces of furniture：to the simple arti－ cles for common domestic uses，this llonise can
furnish，and what is best of alt at the townt pose furnish，and what is best of alt at the lowest pos－
sible price．We foond what we lechired，and we feel certnin cery visitor that shall call cain bo suited also．So we wonld say to all，go to Howes
$\&$ Co．，－for there will always l，fomm，at the lowest rates，all that is wanted for a well fumished house．
Favors Received－We hare been the recipi－ ent of many favors the pise few wecks．Several
which we hare not ret arknowlel bed bot which we hare not yut arknowleilged，but From the Prenimn Aill of Geo．C．Yount Esq． saek of his superior Flour．We shall uecent his findness－cat，be refreslacd，and remember tho

We canaot formet the bounteous quantity of strawberries，piesentedne by J．L．Sanfort．Enq．of Shell Monnd Rameb．Ho say they were good or excellent，were faint praise．If our friend heard the praises bestow＇ed upun him liy tho cotcric of
friends that enjoved his most delicions frut，at friends that enjoyed his most delicions frut
our sanctma，he would he perfectl！sutisflel． A box of fine seedling Pencles we have reeeived the prenent week，from Nessirs．Hupon \＆Baker of Napa．They are oalled the Viryinia Seulling， and these being the first bearing，are not eyhal to What is expected after a little morecuftivation． Many thanks for this excellent finit．
A wonderful ouriosity was presented to our office，by Geo，K．Nesbitt，lisul．，of Suerumento consisting of a mass of squirrel bonos taken frou the hollow of all oak tree of about flyo feet in di－ aineter．The whole unass was many bushelb and by appearance had lain for ages．Nany eumplete skoletons are embedded in the mass，the speci－ skoletons are embeddel in the
men can bo seen at the llooms．

## THECALIEOR VIA FARMER

## SRCOND ANNUAL STATE FALR.

 screr if ernmiltie to the Cal forrios Stato Agri anlturn \& cely whith nt anilted list week of the elditun, are repulil shat:
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 To wirs respmetinll, rupars. that in the diacharge with th. trimphs of Fl In wultue and taste laughas in one eternal Spring-our fiuey and per smiles of f'lurt, white scro.

## 

 miner crentunas of fiod Howers seem to be mos
 be consisictred. the innamation of the Deity. ren-
derel visblo: If sneh then bo tho ease, how himhy alvored is this chowen land-the second y to giadiden the heart of the wandering exite,
nd to declare the Gospel of Beanty 10 a world
 froin the enviromment of place md circumstance, pauths to revel in the beanties of Greciinn fablein tho wonders of enchititerd asters palitial grdens -aunid the glory and galantry of the age of ro Syrian lands
"Whefe soft porrumes dufiue from evely fower;" and from the lominn istec, whecre highest art is passed to Eair Itnlia, wherc from Baccliante 'lay pasy be drawn lit neetar for the labled gods, in chivalrie Castile they dnllied

Der wheit hwe thitite the wed wer orngo fower ero they went rejoieing on to firt ther landis, where with the chassic Mibisens and the drooping Minio a. into garinnis. hinste camellias, fit symbolis of theve fair Beinge haste eamellias, fit symbols of those fair Beings:
 the flowers never die! Time nind words waild ail rour committee to conver the full unterance of the insuiting ideas they expcricuecd (lning
 hmman life they have gathered, not the maxiumof miserable worldy winlom, bint of that inmor
tal phililoweplay which tenclics to render ninte Casar the things while are Cowaris, and unto Gool the things which are Goilds.
Under the influence of sure fuelings aud conUnder the inflacnce of sureh feelines sud con-
siderations, and with hearts overllax ing in grati sidcrations, and widu hearts
tulce for the pleasant places in which our fot is east, the connmithe wonlid urge that too minely
credt teannot be hestowed on :ill the compettors wlion have dereloped easel in thair respicetive de. priments, such radiant evidencon of thu fominiles specially recommend ns most worthy of consid-
erationl and award-



 Flownore; whoso brilimet dibylyy uf 134 Pul Pionte.
 30. vrietien of jopous rever matew thear cullection of of










## 



## nity

nuy pr
chlof
lats 4 haty the cimmittee recominomd as a special and
honorary prention the honorary preminm the ornate eanico prorle ounn-
naie, now on cxhibition, figm Messrs Howard.
their appreciation of her combihutitn.
llad they not transended tho limits of their instrictirna tae oummittee woulal hitre recommended for firther
quets eontributed hy Mr. Gisenmenger. As it is,
however. they mulist rest Satisfied fin this making ronorable tnention of the smue, as well as of a Plants from the Floral Gardens of Kuliau is Co.
In conchision, the first of the undersigned oumhers of the committee regrets that frogas the isco, and Chas. Waeler, Jange, of Sinn Jonquin, the duty of drawing up so hinrriedly this report
should haso devolved on one unfamilin, with th should havo devolved on one unfimilian with the subject. With the invilanble aid, howerer, of
Mr . Promost, of Sinta Olaria, ultose ripe jndg ment and experienoc have bects called into regnisow, as the catnlogues prepared by him will hereby appear based nemon a proper and impartlal All of which is respecifully sulumitted.
'I'uus, M. Login, M. D. .
 $\left.\begin{array}{r}\text { Luers 'rovost, } \\ \text { E. A. SuEPARD, } \\ \text { gecramento, Seprenher } 2 s_{1} 1855 \text {. }\end{array}\right\}$ Coinmitter. Since the closing of this lieport, we lave the
 e san Jose Nursery, anneed hy Mrs Lonis
I'nos. MI. I,OQAN, M, D, Chaimuan Comnitucu on Elowers.
Report on Matherriatical Instrumants,
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arefully examined tho same, sulmit the followThere were presented for exalnivation ten inGornid, by Wim. Smoltz, Mathematical Instrunuedt aker, of San I'rancisco.

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©imball 150 , and Painced by healur -find both carriage ond pointing of superior der of workuanshin vellectiver arent eredit on the mechanic arts of our State, and fully demonGrating the fact with many other convincin monfs brought before us during our Ammal lix ibitions, that Culiforuia will soop be able to eure of herseit.
antive Could respectfinly recommend to the ExDiplomas and forvarded to the two seprarate critioned and forwarded to the parties abore heir skill, and esvidence of pur appreciation of the resources of our new. but greal Statu. Tlye comuittee on Thres Curtis, Chairman.
eminu to be avarded to Messrs, Smith \& Winell, ol Conmerciul Nursary, San Jose. for one pple T'ree, sucond jear from graft- $\$ 15$. For it Apple 'I'ree, this year's bud $\$ 14$. These tree of extzaordinary grewilh, and very fine, - $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Jas. R. Lowe, } \\ \text { U.J. Paul, } \\ \text { S. J. Crobby. }\end{array}\right\}$ Comm

Ioun commitcee in the department of Ponlte iums of $\$ 10$ report that they nward the first pre
W. IIoyt, for beat threc fowls -the same leing leantifil and large specimen.
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(ien, John E. Wool, Gen. A. Redaingtom, Hon. I Chenery, Cul. fiff, and Chief Justice Muriay That they attemled Hee Invisinam Race Coursc, for the purpose of winnessing tho Fur les
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Letters from the Coast Range.-No. 4.
Enitors Farmer: Camp life is nyt to make rreen hands at the business rise early in the morning: and so; betimes, (jesterday,) we woke with the birds, and chatted and langhed over our bot coffee as they warbled and frisked among the broad-sprcading oaks and the dark-wooded ra
vines that eomposed the scenery aromind us. Mr Iredale and our zealous young Nimiod were off early with their rifles, and, descending the steep declivity, erossed the fine little brook at the bot
tom of the ravine, called Pluton river, to scour he roods of the opposite hill sides for gane Tbe distant crack of their guns, now anl then told us of thcir enjoyments, and thongh severa deer were shot at, and a grizzly womnded, oum palates were no better off for their bad luek. Th Indian was left $10^{\circ}$ clear up the kitchen., whil Godwin led Parker, Jobnson, and myself, over the sloping irregularities of the mountain side, to give us our first view of the Geysers. Both lopes of this immense ravine, at babbles rapidly along over roeks and stones, are seored into nunu erous minor ravines or "gulcbes" that rum u into their sides several hundred feet, and in some plaees, many hundred yards, at right angles with the main ravine. Some of these are deep, others are more superficial, and while some are densely filled with trees, undergrowths and tangled running vines, the constant abode of deers, bears quails, and wild game of different sorts, others are ofen and free from all such vegetable grout tha The entire southern slope is free from suiphureous deposits, and all signs of recent igneous action; but on the northern side of the Pluton river, her and there for soveral miles, aud high up above the bed of the stream are observed whitish
patches of barren and broken aurfuee which, on patches of barren and broken aurfuee which, on dueed by ignoous and sulphureous action. The same appearance is observable, in some place low down the slope and oven on the perpendieular
banks whieh bounds for some distance the colrse banks whieh bounds for some distanee the conrs
of the main stream near the Geyser ravine. Al these spots are highly ebarged with sulphur whieh is visible, in some placos, in finc and beautiful crystals, and in others, in conerete masse or in offensive exhalations that ooze from little openiugs in the surface, often mixed with stean and sissing as they escape from their plutonic confinement. There are large patehes of surface where tbis sissing, steaming process is going on and whence sulphureous odors are crowed of of ofen-
intensity as to charge the air witb extreme offer intensity as to charge the air witb extreme ofien
siveness. In fact the whole atmospbere of the great ravine is more or less impregnated with the smell of sulphur and sulphureted hydrogen Eren at long distances from tbe outlots, the uos trils wero suddenly assailed with strong fumes o brimstoue and otber hideous or compound gases, which assured me that violent chemieal reaetion uere transpiring among the elenients of the globe
deep down in its mysterious and iucalcscent bos om. But all these numerous little vents of rapo and gas, though surprising when the traveler firs beholds and stands over them, are nothing when compared with the intense plutonic excitemen whieh exists in one of the large chasms that runs into the northern slope, at right angles with
Plutou river. This is the great attraction of tbis strange and fearful region, and is the abode or boiling springs, and roaring currents of steam sureharged with heat, of strong smells, of heavy salts of iron and of alumina, of soda, and mag nesia, and of aeids so strong that the crumbling dust of the rocks will set the teeth on edge. All this aetion, all these phenomena are transpiring in serpentine rock, whose vast intrusions from the boiling borrels of the planet have served to clevate this region of the Coast Range.
After crossing Plutou river and approacbing the neighborhood of the Gessers, I embraced al opportunities to olserve the superficial materials overlying the serpentine wherever outeropping or broken surfaces exposed the composition of the deposits. These consisted of angular fragments sand and clayey earth to thedepth of sevoral, and in some places, of many feet. Its general appearance was that of drift, but it miglt have been produced by the contact of hot dykes intruled
into sanlstone beds beneath the water, during inte
the
just
lit elevation of the Coost Range, an its emergenee above the sea, O
ono sharp ridge in the neighbor sers, tbough several hundred fee by solutions of iron, distinctly
above
stone, reddened by solutions of iron, distinctly

Iaminated, and splitting easily like common slate. In many places along the summits of the main ridge there were outeroppings of shapeless crag.
and boulders, the character of which I could no observe on account of their great light and inac
The springs whieh are visible in this region
The
The appear in rarious plaees from benenth these loos deposits, and between them and the underlying
serpentine rock. Where the heated water and steam nuake their cerress there have been fissures
made in the igneous roek by subter and after the ruin water has pereolnted throngh the superticial deposits on the mountain it enters these craeks and sinks so far as to come in con-
traet with the serpentine heated to various dcgrecs of temperature, ,oo that in some plaees the springs are merely warm, and in sone plaees at
oiling heat. In others, the temperatule of the Serpentine is so great as not only to lieat the hat stean with beat to such a degree as almosit or quite decompose it. 'The igneous rock through-
out this entire mountuinous district, wlicther basout inis entire mountainous district, Wlicther bas-
aitic or serpentine, 1 observed to be largely studatic or scrpentine, observed to be largely stud-
led with iron pyrites-and this material bcing by intense heat in connection with water, and insense heat in connection with water, and plain the largest amount of nineral and chemical are eliminated from this great laboratory of naure. There was mily one fact in the whol
antagory of phenomena that with the smal mount of seientifie knowledge in iny profession eould not readily understand, and this was th loweds of deep blue and almost black liquid tha Howed from some of the orifices in the ravine.
prolonged and careful seientific examination of prolonged and careful seientific examination or bing to light the wbole field of simple an wronght upon by intense plutonic or subterran an forees.
IIRving. premised sonnewhat on the general
ondition of the exterior of this remarkable loality, and on the nature and causes of the plicn omena visihle to the traveler as he stands. for the irst time, on the mountnin side and looks down
nto an axful and marvellous abyss, I will spend a few moments in giving you a deseription of my
own obserrations as I leaped from rock to roek, own observations as I leaped from rock to roek,
wandering and enjoy ing, and burning my fingers testing the temperature of steam, water and Into
The approaeh to the Geysers, from our canmping ground, near Mr. Levy's cabin, was by a trail
obliquely asceuding the slope to the east for some hundred yards, erossing two or chree old sulplur outlets of infricr intcrest, when it struck ronnd the spir of a great ridge below wbich the steamat and anazing granileur. A ter my first view was so filled with wonder that I was involuntarily constrained to stop at alinost every step to
cateh new feelings of delight and surprise, while cateh new feelings of delight and surprise, while
my conipanions were hailing nue to hasten for rard, and rushing onvard themsel ses like thirsty xen to refresbing fountains. All tbese plutonic cuibitions appear in a wedge-sliaped ravine, slope that I have already deseribed, half a dozen ards wide at the botton, and 2 hundred or two
yards wido at the top. Its desecut is consider able, and so iuterrupted by boulders or break hat the little stream coursing down its bed, leap ps here and bubbles there, is gathered into a small basin in one place. and runs a way in tortuous and broken ebannels in another. Ai first, where the
little rill (little at this season of the eear, but in
weinter and spriul mucll larger) enters the rawinter and spring much larger) enters the ra-
vine, it is cold and pure, soon afterwards it grow vine, it is cold and pure, soon afterwards it grows
warm by tho issue of warm springs from the fisures in the rocks; still later it beoomes muel otter by degrees and charged rith mineral matboiling springs, it beoomes tool agaied roeks and and at its
boge butrance into Plutou river is quite eold and clear wbitish coastings on the stones where it has wrashed and evaporated. The sides of this ravine are com pletely barren as far as tho gencral slopo of the enly commences and trees even in some place row upon ansd overshaddow its borders. hore and there in the bottom of this acrid and rancorous vale, a clump of the most verdant grass, up and flourisb, and even on the caleined dust or and teeth were turyed and wounded the tongue nd teeth were turned and wounded by its pun-
sency. I observed $\pi$ hole swarms of busy little ants, full of delight, roaming in pursuit of some hoico and toothsome nutriment. ow hike everything else in the broad
ature is this strange scene ; and naturo is this strange seene; and man in the baseness and depravity of his naturoo, shall not
esceape from its similitude! While the best and most exalted are far short of perfection in al things; the most atrocious, ignoblo, and down
crodden have here and there a green and fragrant crodden have here and there a green and fragrant
though a knotted, herb growing at the botton o hough a knotted, herb growing at the botonn of
heir terriblo or desolato hearts, on which some humble and innocent creatures shall depend for as much opportunity for a man to nas aboulize was for Dives in old times, when he beeame in terested in the enjoyments of Abraham a far off so turned again to experiment on tho tenpera ture and taste of the water and the dissolving

Our Boston Correspondence.
The late severo drousht mosion, Sept. 18:h, 1855. The late severe drought has seriously affected the Crops which have not becn gathered in, and
caused the farmers much damage. Day after dar has passed for six long wecks, and nn rain, and the enrth is parehed and dry. Even the trees have sufficred, and the whole country is drying up for want of rain. The full erop of grass will be meager enougb, and hay will command high prices; vegetables are plenty, however,-and in the country, abundance of all kinds. In Ports mouth, N, II., potatoes are selling at forty cent markets and prorision stores, at twenty-five cents per peck.
Reports are now coming in from all sections or the country, and I will give you a summary of the Crops in the southern and western country, from my correspondenee. In Georgia, the largest wheat erop ever known; corn erop immensenever better ; cotton very promising. Alabamacotton good; the crops of whent and corn are large, and fully meet the expectations. In Louisiana, they will have an average yield; the drought having somewhat affeeted the erops Mississippi-wheat abundant ; corn and cotton promiso well. Texas-all crops rery abundant corn, large and handsone jield. Florida-crops yield very heavy, and cotton fine. Tennessee more than the average of wheat, corn and rge everything looks finely. Indiana-grain crop better than ever known. Olsio will have an ave rage yield, but not so promising as could be wished. Illinois-there will be an abundanee of everything; from all sections of the State, the yield is very large. Miehigan is not behind, and will rank with Illinois. In Maryland the tobaceo erop is good, and other clops will turn out prom-
ising, ineluding fruit and hay. Fron Virginia ising, ineluding fruit and hay. Fron Virginia, potatoes and wheat will como in abundantly, and he wheat is of an excellent quality. I havo these eports from the best sources, and tho prospeet for nother year's business is very promising. Tbe estimate of the wheat crop, in the aggregate, i
$142,000,000$ bushels; some $s$ say, $200,000,000$.
In the State of Indiana, on the Miami river near Elizabethtown, may bo seen at one sight, from an eminence, one body of corn of 1,600 acres, divided only by a few fenees. At an average of sixty busbels to the acre, whieh is below th average ; this body of land will yield 960,000 , o ucarly $1,000,000$ busbels. This beats the gold diggings of California.
Geo. W. Payne, Esq, of Farmington, Ct., hax growing upon his farm, 2 lot of Minnesota rice fill eight feet high, and proviso an abundant field. He thinks it equal to tho Southern rice and is confident that it can be profitably raised in that meridian. It is sown on smamps land unfit or other cultivation.
The Apple crop promises to be more abundant than for several years past. In wostern New York farmers have coninionly been obliged to prop up their trees, on aceount of the quantity of fruit, and the farmers havo made contrnets to sell them on the trees, from six to ten cents a bushel The crop of apples will be iminense all over the Eastern States.
The large crops of wheat have been pressing forward from the West, in such quantities as to embarrass tbe roads, and the Illinois Central rai road in antieipation of this has ordered three hundred additional freight cars. Large quantities of wheat aro daily arriving from southorn Illinois and as high as 300,000 bushels are expected from one station alone.
A meeting of the Boston and European Steamship Counpany has been held, and the committe appointed to solicit subscriptions report, that the absence of mauy capitalists from the city has somewhat interfered with their progress, but a belief is favored that the accormplishment of the enterprise will be successful. Col. Enoch 'Train goes to Europe by this week's steamer, for pur poses conneeted with tho subjeet.
The corner stone of the building for the Public Library is to be laid with suitable ceremonies on Sept. 17th. The date has been wisely selected for tbis purpose, as it is the two hundretl and wenty-fifth auniversary of tho first settlement of Boston. A quarter of a century ago, the day was observed with great eclat. Tbo addresses
are to be delivered by his Illonor the Mayor, and Hon. Robert C. Winthrop.
The Annual Fuir and Horse Sbow of the Rhode Island Agricultural Soeiety have taken plaeo the past week, and visitors were present from all parts of New England and the South. The grand Irorse Show took placo at the Washington Trotting Park, and some of the most beautiful speci-
mens of the kind were exhibited. The address
was delivered in a very able inanner, by B. P. Johnson, Esq., Correspoinding Sccrctary of the N. Y. State Agricultural Societ5. The premiums distribnted at the Ilorse Exhibition amounted to $\$ 3,400$. Through the politeness of Jos. J. Cooke, Esq., President of the Society, I was favored with facilities for witnessing tbe exhihition; but owing to the severe heit wras obliged to leave before the exhibition closed, much to my regret. Many thanks are also due to C. J. Keith, Esq., he Necretary of the Soeiety, for favors shown to provide accommodations for miy stay, whieb I was obliged to decline. The whole affair passed
off well; and great eredit is due to the Board of Managers for their efforts to aceommodate the rowd during the extreme uneonfortable $r$ reather. Hon. Rott. C. Winthrop, Chairnan of a Committee of the Massachnsetts, Society for the Pronotion of Agriculture, bas sent to the Hon. Marhall P. Wilder, President of the U.S. Agricultural Society, one thousand dollars, to aid in deraying the expenses of the Grand Exbibition to be held in Boston, next month. The whole lot of land, some thirty-trio acres, is being graded as apidly as possible; one hundred and tbirty-two arts, and three hundred men, being employed constantly at it. The land will be sown domn with grain, surrounded by a race course, witb a
The second Annual Exhibition of the Connec icut Agrienltural Soeicty is to be held in Hartard, during the second week in Oetober. Preprations hare been unde for an imposing display of the Agriciltural produets of that State. Major Dening, of Larcford, will deliver the Address.
Messrs. Llovey \& Co., of Cambridge and Boson, have produced a new Pear, which they have of mediun size, very juiey and sugary; in flavor not unlike the Barllett. A gratuity of $\$ 20$ was warded to the producers, by the Massachinsett Horticultural Society. The Springlield Republiean says, "it is undoubtedly the best Summer Pear in existence ; and if it were a foreign production, rould conmmand fabulous priees.
The excitement for the past weel has been the "Baby Shows." One of white babies at Music Inall, under the zannagement of P. T. Barnum and Col. Wood; the other, of colored babies, at Chapminn's IIall, under the managelnent of Mr. Bateman. They lave been fully attended, and have full aceounts, with premiums awarded, I formard ou for insertion if you have room.
The Street Railroad over Test Eoston Brilge, s progressing with all dispatch. The rails are to wid befure that tlme and tho paring completed, in a large portion of the road. By the middle of November we inay expeet to see the cars rumning
cgularly between Boston and Camuridgeport. The Boston Musie Hall is uorr occupied by the Iassnehusetts IIorticultural Society for their Annual Exhibition, wbich opens this day. From a lanee at the interior, before the doors were open display erer held. Some splendid floral designs,
del temples, pagodas, etce, and mammoth vegetables, are conspicuous. But it will reqnire a seeond and whin I ppection to note the rarious departments, ou the full reports, with premiums, etc.
I must add, in closing, tlat we havo just been visited by a most refreshing rain, which has gladdened tho hearts of all. It is still raining, and 1 hope will do so, as wo need all we can get after he severe drought. The wells and springs all ver the country have been dry, but the grateful orers will now cause "all nature to rejoice." I trust in my next to give jou a full aceount of my tour tbrough the State of New York, with
visits to the principal stock farms I have mentioned. The Exhibition of the N. Y. State Agricultural Society takes place at Elmira, the first week in Octrber, and as I shall be there to see, you may espect a full aceount of the great Exhi-
bition. Hoping your pardon for briefless at this

Coolnn'r Spare Ilins- - I say, Squiro, whatll you take for tbat 'ar dog $0^{\prime}$ your'n ?", said a Yan-
kee peddler to an old Duteh farmer, in tbe neighorllood of Laneaster, Pa., "'what'l) y you take hor
him? He ain't a very good-lookin' dog ; but "hat was yeou calc'latin' may be he'd feteh $2^{\prime \prime}$
"Ah !" rcsponded tho Dutchman, "dat dog ishn't
vort not'ing 'most; be ishn't wort you to buy
'un." "Guess tew dollars abeout wit wonldn't it? I'll give that for him."
islin't wort dat," "Wall, I'll take hlm," "asid tbe
eddler. "i Shio "" "Was; he
and one t'ing about dat dog I gan't sell." "O, tako of is collar; I don't wan't that." suggested the peddler. "Taint dat," replied Mynheer, "he's a

2tiscellany.
-THE HEART TMTTKRNONHTH ITS OW:




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Bur one litere i, and only,

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If we will bur believe.
Our Literary Department. Boaron, Scith 18,1855 . Bu's of Rlarney."-ly Dr. Slieltoun Macken1 This is the work as announeed in press, and doubsless inany have have becn eager to see it. I is now published, and will mect rith a largo sale The better to deseribe the work, I quote the fol lowing, from the author's introduction: "Th book is Irish to all intents and purposes, and pus forth with the least possible pretence. It
contains legends, familiar to me in my youth; stories which, more or less: are literally 'founded upon faets;' recollections of eceentric characters, whose peculiarities it trould have been diffieult to exaggerate; and sketches of tho tivo great Irish leaders of the last and prosent centiry -Grattan, who won national independence fur Ireland, and $O^{\prime}$ Connell, who obtained ellameination for the great majority of his countrymen." The sketeh of $0^{\prime}$ Conncll has extended almiost to a biography, and is very full and interesting, and the author appcars to have an estinato of the Agitator's rea character. In this volume he is certhinty entitled to a niche, having been the greatest professur of blarney these latter days have seen or heard Received through Messrs. John P. Jewett \& Co. Boston.
Guy Rivers, A Tale of Gcorgin-by W. Gilmore Siums. Published by J. S. Red hield, Beekman strect, New York
This work commenees tho serics of Border fromances of the South, to be pullished in six volumes, uniform with Simms' Revolutionary Tales. Guy Rivers was first publinhed some twenty years argo, hy the author. Who first commenced a professional carecer in literaturo which has been wholly at at prose fietion, and the reader can now detect the differeneo of mainer which exists between the lirst and latter half of the story. Portions have been trimmed and annended, that tho passage of tho reader may bo mado easy through its orer-cuassed intricacies. The author says, "Something has been done, nay : great deal, towards the pruning of the atyle ani supplying the delicate finish. The reader would
perhaps be surprised by a comparison of the new perhaps be surprised by a conn parison of the new
with the old edition in this respect." With the hope that what has been dono will suffice to ren der "Guy Rivers" zoore acceptiblo than before is ie nowr surrendered to tho public. Received through John P. Jerrett \& Co., Boston. Tre Prophet, or Mormonism Uuveiled -illustrated by nino beautiful engraving: I vol
12 mo - 400 pages. Tublisheil by lim. Whit

This is the greatest rork erer written on th subject. The system of Mormonium nerer at tracted so much attention as at present, and we
would advise all who would gain a knowledge o this monster system of corruption and riee, to read this work. It will be seen that the suthor is thoroughly aequainted mith the slibject. The carly history of Joseph Smith. to tie tiue of his denth-the discovery of the Mormon Bible, the mystory the G Iden Tablets, the revolting sid
shameful spiritual wife system, under the cover ing of which the hol est ties of domestic life aro invaded, and atrocious crimanem mitted. A true paration, made by Brithan Y -

tf m luly yeara to in haeen as a mro

The book contains Illustrations of the principal scenes in whieh ho figurel. his notule of life, and
lis violent death liy the liamuls of the mob, It lis violent desth lyy the hamuls of the inol,
is one of the moast exceiting wurls eror reand.
T. B. Petersun. IMilatelelphin, has just pullisished "The Yellow Mask;" complete in one volume ; A remarkkuly interesting story. in twelve chap. ters. Also, a neat little parmphlet, giving direetions liow to preserve ripe frnit and regetables fresh, through the yenr. Reeeived at Mexsrs. J. 1. Jewett \& Co 's, Doston,

Practical Landseape Gardening," wth referense to the Luprovement of Rural Residences giring the general prineiples of the art, with full directions lor planting shado trees, shrubbery and fiowers, and lay ing out grounds. By G. W. Kern, Jnst published by Moore Wilstach, Keys it Cu. Cineinnati. The prefiee says: A demand has for somo time existed in this comitry fur a work expluining in plain words as possible, the priuciples of the art of Landscape Ginrdening, as well a: the practical uperations connceted with it. To supply this demand, in part, and to dissecminate a knowledge of the art of gardening among a large class of our agriculturists, whom cxisting works have failed to reach; to give such light to all, as will enable them, even if settled in the wilderness, to sdd beauty to their residences these have heen the sims of the author in placing the present volume before the public. The late lamented A. J. Downing was the first to bring the art of landscape gardening, as pructised in Europe, to the notice of the Ancrican public. ITis untimely denth was a severe loss to the art and to the country. Althongh no one has been found to fill lis place. tho art lias niany worthy representatives, both Enst und West. Among these. we will mention Adolphns Strauel, Esq. of Cincinuati, to whoso enlightened and refined taste the West is indebted for some henatiful speeimens of the art, to whielh he lias devoted

## himself,

This work is divided into two parts-the Theory and Practical operations of Landsaape Gardening, and a Clicatiso upon Ileasant Grounds, Cencteries, dec., to which is also addod Directione for the Kitchen Garden, emabling sll to linve a good and early supply of all kincls of regetables de., of their own raising. This mork is particularly adapted to farmers and country; yentlemen,
who take pride in ndorning their tilaces, and to Who take pride in adorning their place, and to
whom this book will loe found agreanlly instructive, eoinbining the floral garden, the pleasure ground and the orehare
Reeeived through

## Boston.

## How to Succeed.

A correspondent out West, thus writea of eharacter lie lias mot. The lesson inculeated by
the history of the man, is one which commends the history of the man, is one which commends
itself to evory person who would suceed in life. itself to
Read it:
On a sinall Mississippi steamer, I met a renarknble claracter. He was a native of an Enstarn Stato. and had gono rest to make his fortune
While our boat was tied to the bank for an hour While our boat was tied to the bank for an hour: he gave me anl account of the course he had fol-
lowed, and the difliculties lie has contended urith. IIe started for the Weast with a small sum of monef and the black sinitht tralce. He went down the Olio as a steerage passenger, reaelicd St. Ionis, thence up the lllinois till bis money had failed. IIo stopred and worked to get his puisse recruited
to reaeh a friend's liouse. There lie worked month to pay a man fur bringing a chest from Ilinois river. Finally he rearlhed Chicago, got a contraet on the 11 inois and Wiwoncin Canal, was getting riel, when Illinois scriy made lrium poorer than when he began. Then the ehillis ard fever cimen. At las a hear. returnell to cuicicago, borght cimen. At ass he returneit to chicago, borght
cnough boards on eredit to make a backsuith shop, by sticking the eurls in the gro:nd, and stingirg the tops together. In this he began to maks plous, which his father-in-law had rented.
mom that time he bas cone stendily forwanl. From that time he has cone steadily forwarl
until his car fictories corer the principal parts of two squares in tle eitr. Whieh be purchased, one
for some fifteen bundred dolara and the other ior some fifieen bundred dolare a ve the other
for someos six thousnd. The e ty is already far beyond him. and hy the rise of property a' ne he
is rich, while his factories are br nging him \& fine lerenue.
110 had sccomplisled bis object, but concludet asain, and be .. sying. that by end tring $a 1 \mathrm{C}_{\text {al }}^{\text {in }}$ he had endured. he could at in the sa \% we in




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to "hetty maztes.




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## Or the carro thal we thrd no wo <br> 

Sweet dolu-ton 1 how fow live rovility fin

## As a guido to the grtan-whio that thoke not behind-


 And thic lirerenthl tree an with
She wille the end dirge of ?

路 Tencling all still to hopa, yees, forev

## Then I'll conco, und thougli neture in <br> 

We will hovic for the epriing to mukte nierry nnd ghod

For a friendedip to last till this lilie shall have flent
Though misfortumes nud norrow are oure,
Though misfortumes nud norrov nare urre,
And at lust, with \& tear of regret for the dend,
Cosunnes, Oct. 6,1 1e55.

## other Admirer of "Betty

Suttrul Coustry, Oct. 14tb, 18855.
Messas. Editors Farmer: Sirs-lucloed end an Acrostic Poem to "Betty Martin," for he insertion of which, in your valuable journal 1 will feel mueh obliged. Nothing could induce me to allow my humble production to go before the public, were it nut that I deem it the only proper minnier by which fuir "Betty" nuy be approaelied; and though it many possess but littlo merit as a puetical effiusion, yet I would here as sime the lovely subject of my prem, that I expee to be atic more surely to please when the time may corne for tlirowing aside poetry: and, when opportunity may offer, for conversing it plain Irose. I am. indeed. late in entering the list, possibly a "day ufter the fair," anul unust her pologize for my dilatoriness, yet I have sutficien confidence in the good nature and elarruing disposition of the lovely "Bott;," not to belicre tha for this eause alone I woild be rcjected.

Yours respectinly, Tillaoes.

## Achantre. <br> Acrowite.

3 eauty, upon her b



##  <br> \section*{A dmining orers thoused their hives portuny}




## Female Education.

Wis have recei red from II. C. Beals, Esq., MS copy of the public Exercires at St. Mary's Hall at Ennoma. Wie are glad aliwars to give publieity to such proceedings, and to do all in onr poner to foster and elierish and adrance the cause of Eduation, anul arpecally. Eeran'e Education -aor *e pulbith $\pi$ ith p'lasire the Address of the Rev Dr. Ver $M$ lir, which wil he read with interest and wishing we ha 1 space for mure in this numler, we hearily comment $t$ is cause to all who leaire the rapid progress of intel lectual freed m. AET. Dr. VER ME日R's FAREWELL ADDREESAT BT Rieapectel Friends: 1115 or the thind $t-0$ the iupis of st. Mary's lanli bare, (to diseriminar 5 pub
 snowled ze dir tha $1 \mathrm{~b}-$ in in $\mathrm{s}^{\prime}$ l cho bra hes of This erening they hare dyplayed re joi, the thes b
the cr
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 three are hurn in this Sonte. Wi.ll nin! I exteem

 slond to rest on the broud platiform of publia
And this patronago, my friends, is wanted now more than ever. The sehool hus attained that
degree of solidity, which seems to pronnise real degree of solidity, which seems to prounise real
sinceess. The tree planted with eare and somne silecess. The tree planted with eare and voine
bitter sorrow, has began to shoot its roots. For bitter sorrow, hus began to shoot its ronts. For
an Institute of Education is not a machinery which you can put up at a day's notice, and sct
 constantly trimmed, and constantly guarded against extremes of heat and cold. Its locality its system of instruction, its system of disciuline its teaching, its daily routine, all this has to be established-perfected in detail, harmonized is its ensemble, and hrought to hear upon one point
a high tone of Christian morals-a high tono of a high tone of Christian morals-a high tono o I said SL Alary'
I said SL. Mary's Hall has just begun to shoot its roots; the germ has sprung up; these day'
Exercisee nay give a well -founded expeetation what the plant may becoonie, if fully developed. What the plant may beconne, if fuly developed. extensive co-operation, with your conscientious and influential recommendations, that St. Mary's Hall may become an institution, which. in all it ank and as any in the estimation of an enightened American public.
My Dear Children: Again, the last evening he joy you feel and ought to foel of homee again-1 know, toy dear children, that here is not one, no not ono amongst yon, who does not in her heart feei deeply attached to S . Mary' Hail, not one wio inis moment does no bicio fo efforto mal guilo nish, and dues ne hank folly sat duana succossunly. But 1 ma was very little which soc not right end whe which wae euccessfully betterce. I mnd nuct bossting, say that your hearts spmeceiate the care and affection bestowed upon you. I mav with out boasting, say that your time in St. Alary's Ilall has not been lost. Your examluations liave proved it-tire neat and niodeet peiformances of his erening have proved it.
For thesc, your oxertions, 1 am going to dio tribute the rewards due to your zcal and applica-
tion. But remember what I have of ten said, tion. But remember what in have of ten said,
theeo rewards ought to be nothing but encourage theeo rewards ought to be nothing but cicourage, monts
nothing but stepping stones, as it were, to obtain qothing but stepping stones, as it wore, to outai of offence, of duty performed faillifilly to God and man.

## Tho Coquette Rebaked.

Lorn -a nobleman, both by nature and birth, was noted for his virtue, ris unassuming manners, and grace and elegance of peraon. He
had married, when puite young a lady of enual had married, whine quite young, a lady of equal
rank with himself, though slie was by no means rank with himself, though sloe was by no mean1s
landsome ; but he lored ber with most romatic liandsom
fervor.
Thyor.
The Countese of L-was a most euperbly beautiful woman, and once, in company with : oumber of friends. boasted that ahe could conquer
Cord N -, if she conld only pain his atenilon Lord an, if she conid oniy gain his attentlow hy her frienda.
"Ile is eminently a Christian man," said one.
"A fig for his Christianity ${ }^{1!}$ ssid the Countces A $g$ for wis Christianity!" said the Countess contemptuovily. It tell you 1 can make him 'sue
me for 2 smile.
I wish 1 could gala hia arm for quarter of an hour
Her wibh was gratified; that very evening, at briliznt parly, Lord N - and ha lady ap. peared. Blazing wilh costly jewols, radiant as peri, the unprine pled Countoss riveted every ese, the most delicato manceover ng she gai ed the antly throogh the li, ntiy throogh the hisze of beenty, cas ing minidle boast.
But though as polite as the most $2 c 00$ p whed man of the world, she could we that Lord $N$ -
and totally onmored by bir eiegant atyle or her
 ouna little $q$ is n, wh- he co, as darlcately comp mented by the a proval if his $\pi$ if
the coo teess rent red to $r$; aro was p qued

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 Fex：ony or Flocir ro chats：－We have lieen Rexpary ar flour To chith：－We have heen



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AFATro sunal．－Niveme of the lincse sherp that hahk hech whawn in the commery，were on exhiblition He state F：wir，from the tanch of I，M．Flamin－
 andeof an mieomuran prolitio breel giving three
 are quenamiatated the Fiut Trail Asiatics．With Wie woulhi recomwend all who desin a fine variely，to firtellere them of Mr．Hamitor

## SPECIALNORICES．





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 Sold hy nill Drumisea， ＋ v 41.52 w

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 $41-15 \mathrm{~mm} \quad A$ Aginl－WENRY JOHNSON \＆CO．






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Children Cry for It ！


1 NYPitiond


Jarirties.
II Lases Funevent-The tinest of wits, Ohiver Poot Inice e" of sit Episenp:l Fair :it Pittstield.

 On twning the "pmor leal," were was fontul a
viie doflar bill with some tuore verese. begiming:


 font Orined, sugs there in at than in that town Wenty-uwo chaldren, -fuur by a hirst wife, and
 ai the:e elnildren there is a diftence in age of 1 :irys of twins among the chilidrent by the second ii: ie. Oiter correspondent thinks that, if any one agrre with him.
Sold Badly- "Eob, that's a finc horse you dri,d und fifty dollars." "No, not so muth as Wat!" "I les esery cent of it, and another fifty ".ln top of it." "Ace youl sire ?", "Yes, right." What are yout so d-d inquisitive for ?" "Slercly firr assessing
purpous. I ane the assessor for this Ward, nud cunty wanted to know what you rated your nas

Accoamino to a writer in the Rochester Atwerican, a colured man unmed Itelared Stanup, teriocrly a slive of Wastington, is now living
with his sixth w:fe, at Crbana, Ohio, at the good with hix sixth wife, at Crbama, Ohio, at the goor
oill age of 108 yuars, who has in his possession thu original parfers giving hin, hixs freclum, in
(o:n. Wasliututon's own lianlw riting. It owns about 1 no aceres of land, boughlt with money give hisin by his illustrious maste?
A gentleman on board a North river steambont received lis key from the elerb, who pointed t., a state-room marked B. By mistake he
opuled the one next his marked A.. where he discovered a lady passeuper makiug her toilet. "1 io anay. go anay!" sercanned the lasty. "I et
t.1 B." yelled the clerk. I anm not touching lier at all!" shonted the indiguant traveler. A weatirny farmor in the State of New York
lucing engaged in a law suit with a Mr. Havens wiote the following classical eplistle to his attor ner: :-"'Squire If ells: Sir, if the sute of Hearenis goes arin me. I want you to kerry it up to a
hizher corte, for (iod knows I don't owe him one

The following notiee, says the Salem Gazette in:y be seen in a JBlack smith's slop in the torr
of Esscx:- $N$ Ilasses Shod on Sunday excep sickness arid detl."
An exchange tells an incredible story of a boy tul! tleen coased lina out of his skin with a piece of civer.

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##  <br> DR. GEYSOTTS IMPHOTED

 Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla (2) Remen wer this is she on 1y Trun Or ginal An

Wint rure Without Fonl,


The Best Female Medieine Known.

 Erf Tgied Syphilis, scrofula, and Discased Blood.








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SANDS' SARSAPARILLA



$1^{N}$ this prepuration an Lhe reetorntiro propercries of tho rou








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use flucld tuke no other, but that one entitled to tuelr conto

 Astonlahing Cora, M , Juts $20,1851$.

















## Powdered and Crulhed Loor Sugar ; Exxtra Greuen and licack Ton








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 Beddung and Bedstends of every DescriptionTo pricelarize and deearibe our stock would 7 rquire on half of a newewpaper, but having
Ind at the eame time paylug suurgece on much offi, wo aro
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## Beds, Mattresses, \&c.







San Franoisco ahead of the World! Evar on, on apacn with tba Ago and Timoo
 Nao Buildinz, cor. Sacromento and Montgomery arrets.







 eotmun place, has thes ore now wed by olurar arthtes

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PRAOTIOAL HATtERS 157 Cormexrian nitat spozk) TE THE undcryl|ywil would akno this opportunlty yor roum thelr

 Thu proprition of thie evalullalunnt oxert themsalver to




THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## The great objection to self-acting gates hereto

 forc has been their liatpility to theing readily opened by catle. In Mr. Woonruti's' inveationthat is iopossible, for the two treadles must hotl| he presseld at once, as by a whict
so arranged that the liroardest
act upon one of thenn at a time.
The principles involved in the construction on these gates are sinuple anil rcadily understood.
and they can and they can be constructed by any carpenter in
the countro. The expense of tising thin invethe country. The expense of using this inven-
tiou we think quite nuderate in comparison with the advantages it possessies. being ten dollars only: we understand. for all the neceessary lixtures. including the rigbe to use them. The wood work may be massive and highly ornantental. or light
aud rigidly plain, as will test suil locution or aud rigidly plain, as will test suit locution or
taste of those who use it.-The Inventor, N. V : taste of those who use it.- T'he Inve
Sonoma County Fair.
A correspondent of the Petalomia Journal writes from Saota Rosa, Oct. 19, as follows: Our villawe was thronged yesterday with peo-
ple from ail parts of the countr, "ho came to
risit the Fair of the Agrieultural , society. The
thaded Fhaded plaza in front of the Coort Honse, wns se-
fected for the place of Exhitition, and here was gathered a liue collection of hories, mules, and The large D
Brother, of Valltion Lownsh Lelonging to Lorell \& attention. This animal is foor years old. and receired a preninum at the recent Exhibition at
sacraniento. Suveral fine stallions were also moch admired, partieularly Sir Clarles, a dark bay: seven jears old, belonging to Mr. Sealıring of Lo-
dega ; and a light layy, belonging to Mr. Tate, of Santa lissa; the latter took the first premion!. After the clowd lad gazed their fill at the ani-
mals in a state of repose, ther were cnlivencd by mals in a state of repose, they wcre cili
woth under the sadule and in harness. A large gray horse, belonging to Mr. Robinson of Pe taliuwa, excited muli remark; with goorl th
At 4 oclock, the company aljownned to the
Court House, and listened to a lew intruductory Court House, and istened to a lew intruductory and an interesting address from C. P. Wilkini Esq., on the inpuritance of the application of the sciences to Agriculture. The proceedings of the diy were brooght to a brilliant and hariuonious
dose by a ball at tue Masonic Hull. lose by a bali at the Masonic llall.
We suljuin a list of the premiums a
We sulj join a list of the precuiums. a warded, for
thich we are indebted to Mr Dowes S which we are indebted to Mr. Dowers, Secretary of the Society. The first premiums were mones he seeond and third, diplomas of the Suciety:
Best Stallion, s10, to Mr. Tate, of Sulta ITout Best Stallion, S10, to Mr. Tate, of S:unta Rosa;
second beet, to Mr. Scalring: of Sndegs ; third second to Mrt. Manningo of Green Valley.
bust
Best Stud Colt. preminm to Mr. Min Best Sturd Colt. premimm
Leest Brood Mare. S8, to Julio Carillo. of Santa Riosn; second, to Mr. Stanley; of P'etaluma; third.
Mr. Watsun.
Best Colth. \$5, Mr. Seabring, of Bodega; 2d,
Mr. Tate, of Santa Liosa. 6. Mr. Tate. of Santa Riosa.
Dest Ridiug Horse. W5. to Mright, of San:a
Roca. Best Muly Horse $\$ \overline{5}$, to Mr, Mobiusion
 of Petaluroa. Liest Mraft-1 Horse, $\$ 5$, to Mr . Sinnt-
ley. of Petuluma. Best Nule; prein uni to Mr . Best Bull, $\$ 8$, to Lovell \& Brother, of Vallejo
Ownship.
 Rest Calr, $\$ 5$, to Mr. Wright, of Santa hosa.
Best Beef Stcer, $\$ 5$, to Mr . Clark, of Sant: Rosa,
Best Specimen of Cleeese, $\$ 3$, to Mr . Tiffo, of
Putaluma. Eest Specimen of Wheat, $\$ 5$, to Mr. Nical,
Sants Rosi. Sants Roš.
Best Speimen of Saddlery: $\$ 250$, to Mr. Has
nard: of losa.

Youre. $\quad W$.
The Thibexe or Sacranen ro. -Selastopul has been taken by tho Allies, and so anidid the
changes of circumstance and place, other events have transpired. F'rench, liossian or dmerican interest Muy or May not be affected, still w cavoot look on withuut some degree of interest in We matter of oar cotemporary of the Tribunc We know no party, have no partialities but f.,
right-tut crer regice in the success aud prosperity of oor neighbors and friends; and noir that the great political or pecquiary sicge which amicahly settled, we rejoice and hope each: ind all are satisticd. We feet happy to welcome eity; we know his zcal and ability carrien weight, streggth and success to tho work in which be is
ongared. We welconc bini as a citizen-as a
 several capacitics, eael) in heir secreral spheres of
uscruliess, wi bope for suceess and prosperity to oor fricon, without rcefrennece to politios or uny
local or Eectional matcers. Insing often experienced the kindness and courtesy of Gent. Allicn.
we honor him for lis manly qualities and goodneas of heart:
W. nileratand that a new weekly paper is to
ished at Beniei, by Tho. .inclicorge

## The © inlifotmia fatmor

 WAHREN \& SON, EDTTOES AXD PROPRIETOAS.SACRAKIEKTO, FRIDAY, MOVEMBER 2, 1855.

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 Grat at the Hall o
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STEAMELZ Mi.11L.
Thext mait for the Allantic States wil
sejt open until 11 o'elack, Suuduy morning. to he ennt on the
Sunday Loat. The slesmer leares San Fracisco Monday
morning.
Full Reports of Exhibition rends for mailing, at the office, on
K
Exchnnurcs. Will our colemporaries that excluange with



## The Grabary of the world.

FOR mure than two years, as we have watehed he resources of California dereloping onder the fustering liand of scientific Agriculture, and as
we have carefully noted how havishly a bonnteous Providence has furnished the means of surpily; to countless thonsands in our fertile valleys, our atention has been directed to the peculiar feature:of our Stato in her soil and climate, and her eapabilities to s"pply other $1:$ ations uith the "stafl of life." We bave always, from the commence-
ment of our advocact of the cause of Agriciliture ment of our advocacy of the cause of Agrienlture
in Califonnia, been steadrast in the belicf that Califormia was destined to becoine ere lor"g "the garden of the world." This fim helief has induced us to hubor to the best of our alitity to fresent fiom time to time the vatious suljects of the most prominest importatiee to the public. Our business was Agriculture, and in that business we introlluced from alt $\mathrm{pa}^{-}$ts of the world, rees, seeds, plants and shribs, with the view of xperiment and sale. We urge the sulbject with our pen. over our orn and varions signaturcsi for seecral years, 1 n ' 54 ro iommencert the
publication of the Cabifousia Fansen, and although a donbtful aud costly exper inent, our desire was to do all that was in our power to waken an interest that when once aroused wo were sorc conld never cease, but "like giod seed
on good ground, briug forth mil ubinulant harcest. Te helieved. then, that our Golden State, hyy her - Gotcen Cirnin." "rouid ere long far onthine the gotd of her rich phacers. In 54, in a memorial which we had the hooor to forward to Wanhington, asking the National Government to grant veans for ans Agrieultural Collego in California the following l..ngnage wns niscd, and we can
firmuly reiterate the sanie sentiments now:

- We see in this state a promise of future reatness in this ennobling sicience. we sro th ,
his Stute is desstined to be the "e ircal firanhary of our Nat ionn." It may le elestinat of rightt? memberntood and apprecinted, to lie the souree of supphly when wether pontions of our be-
owed country's shall to in wail."
At that time ('54) the grain crops of 53 wer begioning to manilest thicir importance, and so great was the aburdance of the year ' 53 , that inquiries were made, where shall we lind a market or our surplus pirothets? Onir auswer has ever been, "a way will te opened;" the great peculiar changes of our country as well as tho condition of our cropss, the rise and fall of the price of
bieadsturfs, the changes in the warkints albro:ul. the wars of Firrope, and the demand from thenee, -these with the singular fict that the great market of Chili, a source from whence C'alifornia reccived her first snpplijes, is now in necd of
breadstufis in return. and the new markets open breadstufis in return. and the new markets open
ing in Valparaioo and Austalia; these with the shipments 10 New York, Eoston, suld other nar kets in our own country, present viows worthy of the lighest consideration of every friend of ur State.
The present condition of the world, when iewed in rclation to the markets, prescits an assurance that California with her brond and fertile vallegs will in licef eoming years be indced one of the great gramarics of the wortd.
Wice would now call the attentiou of our readers to our Grain Reports. heing tho sketclics of the so our Grain leports, heing th.
conditions at home and abroad.
Cornections. - The prize fur Grain, awarded - Mcssrs. Manyan \& Joeelyn, was intended for J. E. Johnson, Esq, of Centreville, whose colloction of grain was of much intercst. Messrs
Iunyun \& Jocelyn wero the surveyors and miea urers, and furnishied the certificates of the cropl. The name of $\mathbf{E}$. B. Croekcr was erruneous! given in tho eqneatrian perforinanees; it slo ould
havo bcen U. U. Crocker; Esq, to whoon the prizo
was awarded. as axardcd:
 from the condicion of Europe there is good rexson for it. If our farmers will her so kitul as to look
over the files of this paper for the past four innuths, they will sec thit that we singoestel
fur their guidance was not without good author We had dats fir what wc sesill. We did not wioh to raisec anty nimdue excitement and drams
into our maakiet produce fronn abroad. to the in jury of our own own prothucers; but our aim wa
to urge farmers to hold on to their srain thentselves, and thus reap the henefit which we knew would accrue to themin from this comrse. Erery statenent we have made in relation to the markets, abroad and at home. has proved true, antl our hard working farmers that have heth on to their grain have suade a handsome gain by it.
The short crops of Grain in Englanit, France and Germany, with the destruction of immens quartines in Russia, all serve to create the large demand for Grain that is now pouring into the United States. This delnand will prevent any slipment to this Stato from the East. Chili Anstralia and Talparaiso are purchasers, anic California has not enongh for her own consump
tion, to say unthing of the seed (irain wanted within sixty and uinety days. What then shal prescnt an increased ralue to tho Grain and Flour now on hand in California? and this incre:sed value minst be tho resnlt of a lecitimate rive in price by reason of sewrity, aod not a mere matter of speculation.
To the Linited States ail Europe will look for their sopplies of breadsturfa, anll the shipinent. now rapidly inereasing, will be inmense. Whatever floctuations may occur in our own market. here, or in the Slate, or at the varions points of
sliuments, resolting from overstocking the niarslipments, resolting from overstocking the nar
ket at any woment, it must be borno in mind tha the valuc of brealstuffis cannot romain at a low figure, bit must rench a high value and remain so for a period of months.
We make no particular selhedulo of prices
simply stating that the wuarket at the present monent is in an unsettled state. but with a strong upward tendency. A single paragraph frow the New York Ileraid of Oct. 1, which we give be low, will show the statc of the market there, and it is some indication of what the firture will be:
There were large shipments of brealstulfs. fion There were large shymmens of brealstuffo fion

 ports this year as in any one picvions, oxcept,
perhaps. he par of fauine in lrchand. We have an abmindince to send. ant the prohutitity is that there will be a denamid on the other side for all
we cuilind ships to carry: The ontund muve neret has hut just eommenecd.
Fur the kast.-Anong thuove citizens who leave for the Bast by this steamer, we sec the nante of our fellow citizen. W.C. Waters, lisq., one of the very earliest comers to this state in ' 19 . Caph
Waters has long been moatt eonnected with the Steam Navigation Co., a their agent in this city, and wore recently an agent of tho Sitha lec Co. Fers men arc more cstensivaly known, few mem as popilar.
We remember Capt. Wators and his mining compan!y in the placers-our companies were side by sitle, and many a social and pleasant hour we can call up in menory, and for more than six rears we can eall to minct many acts of kindness and zor rtesy reccived at his hands. Capt, W1.
lemves us to visit his family, after a long absenco and bears with him the carnest wishes of a wide circle of frionds.' We hope that his passayge may be u speedy and a pleasant ore, that he may find thoso nuar and dear to him in hoalth ready to greet his return, amd that in all good time he will como to us again in health, and with his framily, weture he will tind his friends reanly to greet retirn-ats he: shall come well accompanied
inake Catiformin this "primancme houcs."
Agnieulevnal Fains.-Uur exchangea by this nail aro full of reports upon Agricultural Fairs. Every State, county and city, ahnost, throughout the vild States, havo beco cugaged in thesc festival seenes $;$ and such has becn the enthusiasm that the great mass of the people have mado it their
chicf business to become interested, and to give their tiure and attention to them. Wero we to atteupt a report of than it would require more than the cutire space of our paper to name then. We rejoice at this, for it is the bost evidence we need of tho prosperity of the peopla. Wo shall reciro koports of tho principal Faira, specially
prepard for tho Faraea, by tho junior editos

Epidemic, amons Fowls---Query
Enitons Fabimer: Presuming foct for columills are open to sumpha nute ns this, 1 rish to know


 now, but the effect is near this: They beconve suddenly insensible and apparently blinir) ; drong
heif heals lown (not their zeings -different dip case altoguther) und linger fron five to twenty-
four hours and then dio. We hul funr hours and then dio. We hall fourtecenty- to
die or rather take sick in one hour. on yestela die or rather take sick in one hourr, on yesterrlay,
whieh are all noir deall, aod prospect for moore io share the same fat
The fowls of sereral innmediate neighbors are in the same plight. If you or any of your surbcribers conld give cause or remedy, yon wonle
Yocatly oblige, $\quad$ Yours, de.

Note. - Wo call the attention of oirr corres pondent Colfon, to the alvertisenient of Dr Chapman-"To Poulty Raisers." This remedy we belicre, from the reprots that reach us, to be the very thing needed. (See advertisenient., -ED. Tine Petaluma Juunnal--a litle time since we noticed tho preparations for the Santa
Riosa Agrieultural Fair anil as in duty bound Roosa Agrieultural Fair, anil as in duty bound re gave it a notice, with tho hope of enlling pulthic attention to it and inducing increased at endance. Our friend of the I'ctnluma Journal feels a little grieved at what we said, supprosing ec did not give his paper due hoour. These
"As thers is no papor published at Sonoma, and desirons to make the matter as widels kown as ivesible, we give the notice, hoping the friends
will turn unt und give it their ready aid and Now don't we ton fust, fisend Thompson; tee did not suy there wan no paper published in Sonumia counly-but none in Somoma. We alluded to the Somom: Bulletin, which censed to be, some imie since. We staterl just what was true. But -we acknowlelge our slout comings-we own
we did furget (only for one moment, liowever) that there was a "Petaluma Journal", but not till it was too late for correction, i. e. till the Journal ebuked us for our remisaness, by waking us from our "Rlip Van Winkle stumber." And now that the Colonel is awake aud reanly to make fite a mende hanorable. he will promise not to forget,
tunt bear in constant re:nculbrance that witen Lut hear in constant rennembrance that when
 clains it as his Pet c-luminious Journal, to which we hare alwaya arenulel with pleasure a high ranm an anony cur exclianges, being nextly
printed, well managed aull with every prospect primed, well minaged antl with every prospect
of silcess, mith we sincerely hopo will ever at cent it. And now mighbor we have only one way of retulintion for lour altack upon your
 Yon say we "are satly in want of a map of Califernla." That is too true. anll we will only refer yon to the best of cuthority for your duty " "If a manse seech his brother in need and sliutth ip hls sowels of compassion from him, how
In elleth the love of Coul in hine ?" We shall not suppose our brothe " We shall not surpose our brother "Thompson is levoid of comprassion, and shall therefore look for an "elegnnt wapy of California", by carly cx-
rress. Let it be onl rollers brother, and we will press. Let it be on rollers brother, and we will
hang it up in our sanctunn, anul wberierer we are riting alout Sonomu, our eyes shall torn to Chat nuap, as the uyes of the thirster traveler curi
to tho waterc, and in tonus of grotitutc to tiro watera, and in tones of gratitude-

Our lipp shall murmar,
Thinompson, Thumpmon, Pe:alunza,
Paretrell, brother. We copy now from the fect pleased to reeord so good a Show.

Dr. U'inalow's Levtehs.-The letters of Dr. C. F. Winslow: from the Geysers, which are being published in our jonraal, will be found full of deep interest, aud shoolt bo carefully reviewed. To the scientific mime they arc of intense interest, as they relate to the wonlerful phenomena of thes singular springs, which have and are still exeiting so much interest at home and almoad. In addi-
bion to this the style of our correspondent, his bion to this the style of our corresponcent, his
graphie delincations of tho events connceted with the lour, with afford a pleasuro of no ordinary
Second Novemner.-I'his is a day long to be remembered in the history of Niscramento. It was on the evening of Nowebiber 2 that this city was laid io ruins by the inost calamitous firo that has befalleo any city on the 'racilic Coast; atthomgh not as extensire as that of san Franeisco,
cet its effects were more di-astrous to induidun yet its effects were more divastrous to indluidund
interost. Rut Sacramento lias rleen Leauty, and is one of tho timest citics of this EA
Dorado of the W'est

## Calfornla State Asticuttural Society'ie

 Trecalfer in Smat An herol Sxit! me anle.thed far the ren ing of tho n inutes of the

 (In met metimeral of E. B. Crocker, Esq..or Sacramen. Hessited That this Society Will establish a
pemanent Hoom at sacrumento. ant that the J. Choshy movel that the next Anuual Frir afier full and free discussim, was carried by and

lissolved, To proreed to tho election of ofticer J. M. Uslorin of
mento, were appointed tellers. The thalloting E. L. liskan of Alanneda.
Fice Presidents.

Sanuce J. liensley of Santa Clare ;
C. K. Ginvison. of San Yrancisoo;

G. II. Beach, of Mub;
IV. Wi. (tifi, of Contra

## J. L. L. F. Warrien. of Sarcane:

## Rev, Eli Corwin, of Santa Cliar.

Dr. I.. II. Bascom, of Sinta Clara.
Mr. Onborn mored, that in ensuing years ther be a time set apart by the lixecutive Conmittec
annctime during the Fair, for the several cinses monictime during the Fair, for the several classes
of Grain and I ruit Growers, Mechanies, Manufacturcrss, etc., rcprresented in this body, to mece and interchange their rentiments anly rosu?ts o expectimeuts in their several departinents.
After discussion and explanations, the inotion was adopted unanimously.
On notion of Mr. Warren-
Resolved, In fiew of the monnful erent which transpired in this city yesterdny, by which eitizen was deprivect of hive. lensing a wife and
chidl, we continue the Fair through Monday and evoning, and tenter the income for the reliof of On wridur of the deceasel.
Resoleced, that the oficers and members Alondlay nexi, ond all pay the regular clarge, sid the widow annd orphun.
On motion of Mr. Wiarren

Foted. That the thanks of this Sosiety be tendered to the Stenn Navigation Co.. for gient
literatity shown tho goremnment of this Society in the ir present enterprisc.
frnia si Futed, Thnuks to Wells, Furto \& Co., Pucifi Express
nident.
nin
Fretel, That tho thanks of this socicty he tenaredy to the fronrictors of the Presthgterian so-
Sor the nise of the church for the Uration,
Un motion of Mr. Alyers-
Resalred, That the yeting Exscutive Cominittc of this Society are cutitled to the thanks of all in to advauce, and ise hercthy cordially tender the sunne, for tho perfection of all their arrange muchts for the Fair, which we are now about ic
bring to a clowe, and for the frithful and able manner in which they have diseliargel their oner On mation, the Society took a recess till i Iclock, this evening

EVENLNG RESSIOY.
Thiee President assumed the Chair, at 71.2
clock. Waiving the triet rules of order, the upon varions matters pertaining to thecussion interests of Agriculture.
Mr. Narren, who has been the Corresponding and who was this mocruing rectets organization aing year, tendered his resignation, to take effect on the Ist or Jannary next.
On luotion of D. Kendall, Wirren was accepted, and the resignation of Mr r to the clovice of f successor, whicl resslted in the On nootion of Mr. Mrers intch ineon
Resolreed. That this society adopt the Call. same to the sulpport of alit the inembers, and espeDiinotion, resolred, That the renting of a Room
be lef discroti ary to the Executre Committee.

## Toted, That the Tanks-

dispacties fr m Japsn, for 11 il. D D ty, bearer
oin that country. and for hi p paife sttentio
these great interesta $2=0$ an or of $f r$ th
10 10 Japas.
adio orned sume de


 meeting:, yesteriny
form The 4 anks of this Soriety to C Shm. or valuabile parecla of sevel

## isjt. from Pnementof ice



## Physlcal Eaucaton.

Oxe of the most checring signs of the times which wo motiee relative to lhenluh, is the carnest at tention which is now leeing paid to the physicnl eduention of chililecen and youth. In necrily all ciso of the pupiks, and in our hight scliools and eminarics regular systemis arc being odoptedand in some of these there are interesting gymnastic performances os among the regular dutics of the school-and this is now being partienlurly introduced into our Female Seminaries. This is s it should be
How naang lives hive been lost, and how nuch inppiness saerifieed, by the old rotions that a girl intust never run, skip. jump or dance in the open sir, or before foiks. How nuch of mind. intellect and heart has been lost to the world, by eason of a wamt of the fice and foll exercisc of he body. What can he expected of a being that sotud down, cribbed and confined to stady. and never permitted to look off their books: to smile or talk: or in any way enjoy a degree of reedom. This wrong system has been like a dark clond to hunian progress, and to human hapawnine and all the nust intellizent minds see the value and necessity of educating the boilyI1 the physical powerx, inl order to secure hoalthy action and a clicerfal tonc to he heart od mind.
Anong all the incaus of excrecise, that which is host desirable is that of Dameing. This acconplishment, for so it must be colled, gives full colie to all tho miseulur posers of the body, creates a healliy circcmatimin of the blnod, udils srace to the inovements of the bolly. and inspives. he mind with joyous vivacity and sprightliness, hich adds of length if days.
We are plensel to know that in most of our ennle se mimaries a great interest is manufested
in physical cduaation; and we are at o pleased th carn that sonc cestablithed system of gymnastic. sinitable for loth sexcs, will be introd.ceul as
carly as possible, at lenst into privite institutions,
and if not into our public schools, Wh le speaking of Dancing. we cannut but speak in high terns of danting tanght hy C. C. Clapp, of this city. linaing had the pliasure to enjoy an eveniug in witnessing the progress of his p:ppils, we are confident that few teuchers are so well qualified as
Mr. Clapp to perfect pupils in this graceful a -complisiment ; and parents t'at wish their chaldren to cinjon life antul the une of their physical powers, will act wisely in callug on Itr. C. And grown chithren that might be improvel in their morement an.l gestures by a call mipon. Mr. Clapp. lie are confleut he hiso the power to shake off
that stiffeess andl aurkwrindess so unpleasant which is a result, of the early neglect of physical edication.
A hagnim bonom Sweet Potato.-We have cerived one of tho finest specimens of Eireet T'Oate that bas probably eror beeb raised opon the Pacifie const. The sprout from which this Potato Nas. raised was planted aboot the middle of July, y llooker \& Fern, on the banks of the Sacramiento. upon the ground where an ezily crop of It ish Po. atoes liad been harrested. This lotato was dug Cor. 1st, and reighs $111-4$ pounds; is beautiful form, and fine in grain. We slall formard it r. C. Waters, Esq, who leaves on the steamer f Nor. 5 th.
Poor Rostox!-Wbat a job for an underaker! Oir $q$-ndam friend J. Judson Ames ate editor of the Sina Diego Heruld, who so re cently left os for a vist East, we see, has at last
been handed orer to the "Sexton." Alas, poor Rosion ! w thou art elianged as by tho pore tereed in $f$ a beawy, for sa we read yo e







The Rellan on the side of Carcening Bay could
not le maintinined in the fice of the int he nanintained in the fice of the 1 nowerful arliat work, but whinh hinwerer. our firnil settle-
Louts is the Jinlakof will cmant, wozether with the leadnn atiles siczezt, itturhing it with their halitual vig. the Careening Buy, our alline yero tho side to ecde the warks again to the powerfol artitlery cugles flying on the Malalioft; General nesallcs
 returned to their tronches. Onr losses aro seri-
ouls, and cannot jet be precisely indiented. Thier ore amply compensated for by the capture of the
Talakioff, the cousconemcos of thich mense. Six hundrod and fifty soldiers and tren-ty-seven offieers were taken jrisoners in tho Evicuathom of the Southern Side.- Ficm.
Simpan in his hisuatch savs. "Subotomat is in poscession of the allies. The enemy during the night and this morning evacuoted the sonth side, exploding their magazincs, and setting fire to the
whole of the town. All the men-of-war were burnt during the night: with the excention of three stenners, which are plying obout the lar-
bor, and the bridge commmicating with the north side is broken down. Our cosualties are great. During the night the liussians have sunk att the
remaining line of lattle ships in Sebastongl tar Armisticeand Cafitulation.- Paris corres pondence says-Gien. Pelissier telegraphed for inthuctions in casc Gortechakoft should osk to calutuate, and the reply reported is: "That the their arms and the Crimoa, including Odessa, with all the munitions of war, and withont doing any previous
dannge thereto," but Gortschakoff has not yet licgsian Statement.-The resolution of Prince Gurtschakofl exhibits the cnegy of a great commandar. It saves position into which fulse internetricable position, into which a fulse interpretacion of
points of honor wonld liave thrust her. The Nushan army, coneentrated north of Sebastopol, will henefurth hove that mity of movement and action, which mutil now was manted.
pol of the North, xhich is a formiduble position hrintling with imnnmerable guns. which a compact army henceforward will defend.
Imparial history will do Gortschakoff justice, rho by making a socrifice, and a voiding useless ellusion of hood. has preserved for Russia an
army trained to war by a struggle of a year's duarmy trained to war by a struggle of a year's du-
ration. and placed that artny in a position which ration. and placed that artny in a po
enahles him to command a situation. lirssuan Accocvirs.-Acounts from St. Petersbirg are receivell, giving the following from Gortsehakof, dated Sebastopol, sept. 8-noorr: The enemy ieceived fresh reinforeements hiressantly. The bombariment continuos very violent er snstaining an infernal fire, aere repulsed today. Althoing tho assanlts were made, they
conld not ctrive the enemy from the liastion Kor niloff. Our bravo tronps, who resisted to tho lost extremity, are now erossing to the northern part of Sehastopol. Tho enemy has found nothing in
the southern part bit the filnody ruins whicla his attack has niale. The passage of the gat-ison achieved withextraordinary success, a nd ows onl achiered withextraordinary success, and owy only
inss on that occasion is aliont 170 men killed. We left in the southern part only 500 mez , grierEcosequrat Dispatcia fross fien. Peligsien. Crimes, Sept. 1U, 11 p . s. I inspected Sebastoca inot forni an exact $ן$ icture of our victory, the full extent of which can only, be un haspord by
an inspection of the p ce itself. The musltiplicity of the works of defense and the material meana applied thareto, ex I by far anything hitherto
seen in the but ry of war. Tho sapture of the

 pono int of materisl, aud $2=$ inn in establ h-
 und $r$ their protection an A lo-French C'omen isof the materisi al $s=1$ ed to us by the en $y$.



## 



Tho Erench attacked the Malakoff and the Careeang Bny and the Einglish the Fierlan. Sit repuises were sustained oy tho rench betore the
Malakofl, but on the sove thit they carried the
sork in splendil stule and hointerl their pantes n the Malakoff. The s'aigliter was terrible. and is extimated at 2000 F.nglush. 15 EW 0 French
 are reporterl to hare beun hiliwi wic uding lien. Bosquet.
Dnring
Unring de ight succeerling the arsa 1. i e



The fall or =ebastopul.-()n Sal rday St
 the opeaing $r$ the siege. a fimal victeriois anica Wa- made on the Mainhoff. The assant kaq pro from Gurtsclaahoff, pernuittel to trankplre at Ber liv, saying "Uur works suffered," p eparei to
public fur the result.
i'recisely at ooen of the ath the whole dispas. Precisely at ooon of the ath she whole dispas.
able frce of the besreging a en red frrarl
in a fousfuld attack Ihe extrewerg's of te dan, which they carred, but 1 ad $1=$ an a




:
23

## Gighly Important IJew

gabtopol takes-ivmense loss of the
Bu? the arrival of tho Conom at bin ar dhe artival of tho Kono Munday crenting. we have news in the highes n. Finportant Selastopol Maring at acked the Malyitof and the rom the sonthern to the northern side has beeu


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## © orxesuollofice

Letters from the Coast Range. - No. 4. [Coxclupeb. 1
As I deseended into the ravine from the upper part of the hill, 1 stepped oot to the brow of ait abutment of apparently unstable rock and earth Which juts into the apex of tbe ravine, and which affiorded a commanding vierr of the roiring and steaming abyss below, and beyond, and on the
right side of me. It would be duffeult to describe my inpressions. as they were so deep, strange. and complieated. I liad never seen any thing like it in my life, and I stood silent and transfixed with amazement and intorest, till disturbed by the bawlings of my companions to colle down from that perilous and overhanging proniontory
that seemed ready to slide at any noment. So I deseended and corumenced a detailed examina. tion of the stupendous wonder itself, and endeavered to colleet faets enough to onravel thio mysteries of its demonstrations. It would be impos sible to tell the nunicrons inagnifiecut outlets
from which stean and gases of one sort and anothor sissed and escaped. They were countless and on every hand at the sides and botton of the ravine, and all depended on minutc craeks leading lopths of the serpentino rock. But prof eunder three great and remarkable oiltets. The first in observation was to the right (tho rrest) and rather below mie, as I stood on the promontary just deseribed, but high up on the calcined side of the chasm, and from this there was a large and foreible expulsion of steatn with great noise. I was constant; and dense elouds of vapor wele
formed immediately and borne ofl by the vary ing direction of the wind. Some distanee bejom and near the botton of the shasm, on the wes side, was a hole sonne six inehes in diameter, from which poured a jet of steam so hot and foreible that it did not begin to condense risibly till near a foot from the ay orturo. Its foree was so great that it projected small stonos and largo piecos of light earth, sereral feet, when they were thrown to the outlet. We anusod oursolves for some time with these exporiments. This jet was steady and uninterrupted, nerer breaking nor altering its force, or roaring for an instant Dircetly opposite to this, on the eastern side of the ehasm, and a few feet highor, were several holes from two to four inches in diamotor, from with nniform periods of repose. Every few minutes a jot would be moro violent and expulsive utes a jot would be more violent and expulsive
than the rost, when a flow of beiling hot water would simultaneously take place froin tho inferior opening, and spurts of drups would be forced ont several feet, from the highest ones. All these oridently eormmunicatod with the same cavern within the rock, for the changes of action wero simultaneous and uniform in the whole of then. Near and orer this spot I could hear an ohseut subterrancan roaring: and feel the earth tremble beneath my feet with the violent agitations of a boiling flood. Thia, on the whole, was the nost intorosting and fearful spot that I witnessed in my examination of this classu, and it was only from this that the term "Gcysers" could he mad applica ble to the place.
The deposits of sulphur in small masses of brilliant crystals are nomerous, forming around aper tures in the earth which often appeared no larger than needles or pipe-stems. The prevailing mineral dep osit is sulphate of iron or cupperas, and tho colors of this sary all the way from that of mbitish efllorescences loss or more tinged with
oxidos, to that of pure groen vitriol. The strongast acid solutions impregnate the oarth in urauy places, and the whole surface appears caleineed and charesccinl and made pasty by absurption of moist There were some acids of crystaline furn whose cbaracter I could not deter unine. Epxoin salts 1 observed in several places, and magneeia also, in
impure masses. In fine, the clrumical cointinations thrown out from this roek by the deconposition of water, and the elements of tho serpentino by intense igneous action, were numerows other cause for the blue and black pigment sus pended in the water which flowed from some springs, than the forunation of phosishate of iron or native Prussian blue, umong other products of decomposition and reaction.
It was early in the morning when we madc irst visit to tho Gegecrs, and annong the curi-
things enjoged, there was one great luxury. was a delleolous warm bath in a matura
n, somen ten feet in dianieter and four feet
erevies in the sides and hottom, and a cold stream about eight inehes in diametor pouring into it over the rocks a few feet above. The
whole was overhung by a ore of apea eavern whole was overhung by a sort of opeu eavern, moist, however, that the least tonch destroyed thern. We had grent sport in this lath, for in
orne spots the temperature wns. uniendurable. and if we happened to get eveln a ins yer beyoud certain bolinds, here were suldden starts nnd screans of min, and nuany a pramk to get enel, other into
hot water." But the inost of the hasin) was of geninl warmeth, aind we conld stand brenst high in the bath. and, leaning against the wall of roek.
allow tho cold cancade to tumble on the head; and within a foot of this, while secking support frow a jntting erag. my hand fell on a perpen-
licutor erevice. from which was issuing sealding licutar erevice. from which was issuing sealding
water, and the rock itself, for seme inches from water, and the rock itself. for seunc
the erack, was insupportably hut.
he crack, ws inssppurtably hut.
In tha nfiernoon. about 5 o'clo
nother visit to the Gevser elhasm and prepared or another lixwrious bath. The first oure who lie next, sulpposing this. liumbug, niade a bold rush for the mmildich of the basin, butt earine out
rather quicker than the first, and, on a more citcracher quicker than the first. and, on a more circ-
ool exatuination of the water, our antieipations elanged to disappointments. for the watur wa-
hot eunught tu conk emgs. We afterwards learnei hol eumingl tueonkik engs. We afterwards larne.
chat this change of temperature from norning to ternoon was diurnal and omifurin, and that the night inflecting the springs of the rill and cooting night
hig riect
hith.
The quantity of water which sinks into the Ssures of the rock, and whieh is pourred out
again altered in ternperature and ininemul quality.
and is not very great. In the winter I ant olded thic
plutoniceaction is much worc intense and the stcan muelh nore abiumdint. At present the
tream at the hed of the Geyser chasilu at its en stream at the bed of the Geyser chasin at its en
rance into Plutonn river is not over a yard witl and three or four inches dcep. In the carly
norning and in the winter the stean condense norning and in the winter the stean condense.
o clat the whole ravine and ucightorhood are nveloped in a thick white clond.
 she strata, varying from, one to threc and four inelies in tbiekness. The outer surfice was shitish and sculptured into a berulifill netwurl in many placese, resermbling solno forms of calleare-
ous eryatalizations. It was exceutingly hard. nd on fraeture resonbled liglit colured fints with a brilliant network of interstitial deposits funning tbrough it. On careful oxamination and study, 1 nade up my unind that it was or iginally
a suceessien of lavers of fine feldspathic elay; deposa suceession of layers of fine feldspathic elay, depos-
ited under quiet water and so situatecl as to be freled under quiet water and so situated as to be fre
quently expused to solar beat. Froon this cause would erack into a thousand delieate fissures ito which silieious deposits had beerin mised and
to
 semivitrified. Wuch aro the elianges that in ancichn, and moro recent ages lare probably trans-
ired by the action of meteorologieal and mochancal agents extornal tu the globe, and by the mot morphic oflects of tho intense heat of the ser rentine intrusions from the interior.
While exploring this region, the inquiry mas
onstantly forcing itself on me whether tho cause onstantly forcing itself on ne whecher tho cause
of caloritic aetion was superficial and tho result of caloritic action wns superficial and tho resul
of ememical decompositions or profound splitonpected with roleanic phenonona; but my frst mupressions of the locality itsolf, led me to quesloser scrucinys, howorer, and a calug consideraion of all tho faets with a compar:son of therese phenonnena, rith those which I liavo observed in through thrings roeks and soirnilg of theat transinitted roleanie island of St. Pauls in the Indian Ocean, have led me to belicre that both or thesc causes, ehemieal
and spiutonie. are at work either tavether or in succession to. produco whe callorifie phenomona at present exhibitied in the Gegser region of the
coast range. To enter into a philosonllical dis-
 road in detail and profound in inquiry; would se out of place here, and 1 wish only 0 mati
record of of mberseration andl riens sor the pur.
 clear clectulution of so interesting a ficild uf in vestigation.
Aller surreying this singolar spot to our satis-
faction, we continued our stroll down the bed or faction, we cultinued our stroll down the bed of
the chasun and rested for a while in the refreshthe chasun and rested for a while in the refresh-
ing shade ol' some fino oaks which grour on the ing shade of some fino oaks whicls grow on thic
southern sile of the Plutun river. Ilere 1 could see the gas butblint uy fioun a score of minute
listires in the bed of tbe stream, and in many hissures in the bed of the stream, and in nany
places whitish deposits were diffiscel ovcr the places whitish deposits were diffinsed over the
stones around thems. There are line trout in this stomes around tienis. There are ine trout in this
brock, and in spois the sportsman's suceess is do lighlufula and abuandant.
To return to eannp, we rocrossed tho stream, leaping fion rock to ock, and beganil to a scond a siippery trail up the precipitons bank of the river.
The dry oits made tho soles of our thoots as smuoth as glass, anel in some places the path was very lerilous, overhanging precipitous slopes,
whicre a misstep or a slip would have let us down whicre a misstep or a slip would have let us down
fifty or a hundred feet in the sonyy bed of the ravilue. It was at one of these difiente passes,
where the path led up nearly a plerpellidituar Wreak in tho ground some four feot ligigl, and
whero the toes could only find support in inper-
in adrance. laugh so heartily, that we all eame
near rolling down hill. In our party was a cornear rolling down hill. In our party was a corpulent rentleman, fond of full. and a lean gentle-
man, who had joined us at Petaluma, whlo was man, who had joined us at sethinma, who was
find of poking finn and it so happened that in find of poking flun; and it so happened that in
this ease both found themselves for once in a sin guls ease both found theinsel res for once in a sin-
gredicanient. The lean gentlennan was gular predicanmellt. The lean gentlectnan was
aheand, and the portly gentleanan coming up bo-
lind ant of brenth, lind ont of brenth, covered with perspiration and forid with lient and freight, suddenly per-
ceiving the almost innpassihlo steep. was seized with dizziness aud perplesity, and in a broken
voice implored his lean coupanion "for God's voice implored his lean courpanion "for God's
sake to lay down oul his belly and let liinu pulls
at him-elf up ly his teeels." The latter looked first at binself then at the precipiee, then at the per-
plexity of his friend. and in the most maenan plexity on his friend. nnd in the most magnani-
mous maminer ho laid hinsclf down as requested. and our corpullent and gasping hero laid hold and our corpulent and gasping hero laid hold
manfollr on his friends neller extremities pulled himivelf out of his slough of dismay. Net withstanding the situation of the whole of us was perilous and undesirablee yot tho scene exhilited by our worthy companions was so rich.
that at the risk of breakiury our neeks, we made the hills ring with hunghter at tho expeuse of the principal jokers of the party
Thuis we enjoved the junt
Thiss we enjoyed the jaunt and explorations of this day, miugling scientitic euriosity with the
frakkest social converse. and returned to framkest social converse, and returned to e:nnp
with ninds richly latlen with knowledge and hearts overlowing with clicerfulness and delight. Here we foond Mr. Levy, who had returned from was oped the country, and his humble cabin hoopitality in erery partieular was extended to us by him.
Qunil shnoting, hunting, ricles over the hills fuot explorations of ravines throngh the tangled
vegetation, of wbich wo sometimes had to eut our way at the risk of eoning in contiet with grizzly luears filled up the occupations of the day. nam preparel ns for another coarse but delicions meal
at eventide. The camp firo became agmin the theater of many a pioneer and ludian tale of inTurest, excitement or horror; and in these recitals hair-breadth experiences which voluminous and the wild and yet youthful jears of his life. tast the ample hospitality of our now and guod friend Levy crowned the charms and adventures of this day's existenec, and in preference to sloeping on the cround, we strétehed ourselves out si.
in a bed, which was said to lave, on one oceasion ceominodated soven.
liospectully, yours, \&c., C. F. Wixslorr.

## Our Literary Department. <br> Bosson, Sopht $18,1855$. (cosclemben

Tas lins and Oots or Pabis, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ or Paris by day and night, by Julie de Marguoritte. Pub-
li Whed by WH. White Smith, Phitadelphis:
There has never been a rolume publishied. which has olicited steh unbounded praiso, in London and Paris, as well as from all parts of the United States, and altliough the fascinating work has been issued but a few weeks, the first edition is ontirely exhausted, and another in denand Persons of onninent literary talent lavo been ex travagant in its praise, and no one ean read it without pronouncing it the most delightful oolume of the season. It is a daguerreotype of the
Parisian World, describing its palaces, elhurches theatres, pcoplo, drives, promenados, and all ob jects of interest, interspersed with tho historiea vents and thrilling seenes whice wore enacted in France. Some of the chapters of this work appeared in a New York journal of a high char eter, from thence thoy were copied into severa Europcan periodienls. Encouraged by thia, the author was indueed to complete the work. Ther have been English and Americaus, who have r sided yenrs in 1 aris, and nerer set foot in a real Parisiun house and home-for the general opin ion is that tho Parisians lise in the strects, and reccive their friends cither on the Boulerards or the eafes. Onle raust go about to sce Fari will answer nll purposes. Too high praise cannot be bestorod upon it, and it is dostined to meet with a large sale ard unbounded popularitys We cheerfully yietd our woiee to the general favo accorded to the "Inns and Outs of Paris."
"he Ares Bishop" or Romanism in the 400 parces silleididly illustrated-publishec by Winl. White Sinith, l'biladelphiu:
Tlie writer of the work above mentioned, has made a very bold attenipt, and has entered a now field. No one can forn an estimate of tho value the whole book should be exannined, that a correct jodgment may be formed in regard to its use. This startling romance, is founded in part, oll event which havo occurred withln tho author's knowledge, and includes some of the well knorn occurrences, connected with the progrcss of Popery in this country, within lato years, especially the great anti-Catiolic riot in Philadelplila. Th Ameriean niud is becoming fully a wake to the inmmenss interest the worls iuvolres, and the deepost interest is manifested to the devolopmon
passed through six large editions, and the denand is increasing. Altention is directed to the startling events in the work-the efforts of Bishops and Priests to obtaill possession of chureh property; the confinoment of young females against their will, in convents; the sending of a Ninreio from Rome on a spiritual uission to Ameriea; the inoekery of tho 1 Yost being earried throngh our streets, and the hat of an Aucrican citizen east from his head, because he would not pay
obeisance to it, as it passed. The book is botd, rithfult, and startling, and is destiued to bo read in every corner of the land.

TFiln OAts,"-.Vo. 25 of Sponcer's Boston Theatre, is just reccived $-a$ comedy, in five acts, by John O'Keeffe. Tho comedy of Wild Oats was first produeed at Convent Garden, Londond in 1794. It was produced at the Boston Theatre the past year, with approbation. Mlany who have seen the older Wallaek, will remember his at sumption of the lively, roliching, and nollle-lieartal strolling player. To be found at C. P. Kim-
"Tine Mistake of a Lipetime," published by W. V. Spencer, Boston, has beeu laninded ns. The book is in paper eovers, and written by Waldo IIoward. The author says, the two extremes of life created by porerty and riches will be depicted, and the extremes of rirtue and vileness passed in resiew before the minl's eye. 'The book will Hlonse the California traveler.

Our acknowledgmentits for illunt's Merehants
Nagazine for September ; an excellent number containing an article in favor of Einglish and Ameriean intervention in "'Tendom," to allay the exeitement there, and to finish a war that will never result in any good. Also a long and very interesting article upon the Ilistory of tho 'Sown of Quiney, (Mlass., ) whieh will be read with interBesides its far-fiuned granite, it is the birth lace of two Presidents of the Enited StaterJohin Adanis and John Quiucy Adams-and manny visit Quincy from afar, to gaze upon tho spot
whore these illustrious men were born; also the birth-place of Ilope, the great Europeun banker, who went from it a poor hoy and amassed in forcign lands a princoly fortune; and lastly the naive place of tho editor and proprictor of this Magazine, the frrst work of tho kind ever pub-
lishled wlich has found its wny into every part of he world. Tbougl the eirenlation of the above Mngazine is immense, still there are many who are not a ware of the vaiunblo and important coinnercial statistics, as well as sgricultural and Morehants' Magazino aro monthly fillec, making it tho best and only reliable Magazine for the busimess man published in the country.
Hovey's Mngazine for Septembor connes to us, ontaining a description of the villas and gardens f Newport. R. 1., one of the most faslionnble
ratering places ou the Atlautie Coast. Also, a engthy and interesting article upon the Mcasure worin, which has been discovered about tho trees in New York; a complete drawing of the worm is given. The usual discoverics in Hortientlure, and the wonthly oporations for the Florist, are quite futeresting, and sustain the high reputation of the Nagazine. Hovey \& Co., publishers, Merehauts' Row, Boston.
Panorama of Life and Litcrature, for September, published by Littell, Son \& Co.; a very interestng number, and fully keeps up to the standard ronised by the publishers. This number contains an intelosting article npon Alexander If.
the present Emperor of Fussia, with other nttrac ive realing.
Ilarper's Magazine for September, is abounding in treasures for the mind. It has the finest numer of engravings yet presented, and is a treat for month to come. H1arper's Story Buok, Jo. 10 ,
contains an entirc deseription of the imuneuse escoulains an entirc description of the minneuse ea-
abbishment of the Mesars. IIarpor, with numerous illustrations of the differeut departinentoa rich treat for the juveniles.
C. Reagles, publisher, 208 Broadway, N. York, has sent us the Sew York LIFortienltural Review,
for October, a new Magazine and an sumetis, one, containining articles upon Landscape (fardening, Freo Culture, Cultivation of the cirape, etc.,
with many fine engravings of fruits, now villas, tc.a , . 1 B. Peterson, Plitadelphia, has sent us the
Sid. "School Boy, "a new story by Charies Dickens,
nullikitical regularly by T, B. P'ecterson. It is not neecssary to speak of Dickens' works. They aro
well known the world over. The works of Dlckens linvo been muoro oxtensirely read than hose of any other author. No ouc who preteminds


## THE CALIFOR VIA FARMER.

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## are by ure.

 Oxe hy onc wo mix ave.

 One by we che finite im Ite
 One bis onn liby rerifer fatial mm: thoe,



## Every dey herio agrini.


 Do not ligerer with regretinge



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## it is harvest

Itis harvert It in introeet
Finitul hoaeonof deliehti


 Itie larreet 1 it is in arreet
Fill your ricks atid dill your bain, Finyour ricks and fill your barne,
Till the last lond home is borne But he generous, o ye furmers; Lrave for lithle Rulh the glennera Elere and there a acalter
It is harvest-it is harvest,
At the last great trumpet's enund,
Who will rank 'nums the full eared wheat In life's epring time, , tentes reader,
Sow the seedis of love alid taith
There's a harrost, there's

## The Poor Governess.

"Ilow perfectl; ridiculons!-did you see Ellen Stanley at hrs. haughty and fashiomable Lama Adams of her
companion, as they sat employed with their delicate embroidery the day after an elegant party." "Yics. And I was perfectly astonished that she presumed to attend an fashionable purty, like Mrs. Mayhew's. If I was nothing more than
she is. I should not dare to bo seeu by my ae quaintances; nod yot she goes to parties, as
though shc was of great consequence."
"None invitc her except Mrs. Maliow, and Mrs. Glifton, and a few who pretend to think sownthing of her, becanse they sny sho is intelligent and refined, For may part I consider her ulicom-
menty vulgar for uningling iu fusbiouablo life," aid who Adams

Who is it, laura, that is so vulgar?" said Mr Adams who had been dozing on the sofa, as she "Oh! only the governess
and Laura.
"Well, ${ }^{\circ}$ "Well, What of that? What is there bad
bout her? ()nenould think she was a renemade by your tulk."
"She's noth
0 wuch, that I but a governess, tint she affects "1)idshe ever tronble you?" said her father. "er." said Lanra haughtily
liut, como uow. I must hear inore of this rul gar goveriess. Who is sho? Come,-out with "She is the flamght from New louk sometime ngo. Her fother from New lork sometime ago. Wer father is
said to have been one of the riehast men in the
city of New lork sumed nearly all of his property and ru ned him.
He caine to this city afterwiand with the wreck or his property and lived a fer years in despair und died, leaving one darngiter, Ellen"
". And this daughter "then turned und her father


## :

cell you that virtue is fonnd ofener in the domi.
it of the nonr than ferthe




 little boy of eleven summers who sobled so bit-
terly. that his muther's words were so heari. Althongh so young. Lie felt his noothé',
death in all its bittericess. Ile huew that when that mother was gone. his last enrthly friend was ilepartetl. Ife knews should that life, which was fast ebbiug awny, become extinct, he wonld be an orphan a lone in a cold and bentuless world of strangers. Ite tried to calm limiself. and his mother's voiec rose in broken accents to God. in
prayer. That night her pure survit hat pased prayer. That night her pure xpirit had passed
nway, and left that tender boy without a k nown nway, and left that tender boy without a known
friend on earth, She had been the wife of a refriend on earth, She liad been the wife of a re-
ppected and honorable mechanice; but by an ncoipected and honorabe me was injurd, and soon sickenell and died
dent henternal iniury In the des of thei roun interial myury, in the days of their pros:
perity, they had accumnluted consideruble of a sunn, which was carefully laid by; but in the lingering disease which carried the nuother awoy,
their hittie sum was nearly spent. They had enongh to carry them coinfortably along, with what she carned. But now it was nearly gone, and who will wouder, that she felt sad to leave a child without neney, without friends, and without a home, but alas : it was all over now. A
fels $k$ neighbors performed the last sad rites few kind neighbors performed the last sad rites
of duty to the dead, and the boy was in reality alonc.

On the following day as he was out on the stroet for sonic crrand;- his ey es full of tears, and fore hirn drop somecthing on tho walk. He picked it up and it proved to be the gentlewan's pockectbook; by the name on it, he saw whowe it was.
and carried it into his store. . Well done my and carried it into his store. "Well done, my
ittle lad, you're a man!" said the gentlenan kindly. "Yur're honest too, I guess sou've got a good mother." The little fellow looked so piti-
full, and full of sorrow that the rentleman noticed full, and full of sorrow that the gentleman noticed
hinn. "What's the matter, little sir? You lools him. "What's the matter, little sir? You looks
very sorrowful. You want your remard, I sup-
sorrowful. You want your remard, I sup-
Well, you shall have it." "Oh, oo sir! posc. Well, yout shaile" "Not want my money? he told him his little story of his father's death. then his nootlier's, and lisis own unutterntle sorrow, and has he concluded, hc sair a tear standing in hia kind friend's eyes. The gentlemnn had a little daughter of about his own size who happened to lie in the store at this tinie and as the lad ended his story, she whispered a few words in her facher's ear. What that wns you may guess,
for le immalintely said " well well well see for le immadiately snid, "well, well, we'll see,
ainut it." "Come my lad show mic your howe?" The gentleman seented perfectly satistied and said. "Well sir, how wouldd Jou llie to live with
mo? I havent got anr bitile hovy" "O sir mo? I have"t got any litle hoy:" "O sir, 1
shonild be so harpot. How glad it rould have friend." "You've got a friend in me, and I gucss riend. "I nu've got a friend in
ourc one in little Annette."
" 'lhc hoy roun went to livo with his kind beninother. 110 found in 'Annette' A mentle aud aflectionate sister. Time passed on and the boy grew to be a man; and with his growth gren.
hose principles of honesty and purity that had those principles of honesty and purity that had
been instilled into his mind, by a loot mother. Hou may think that I know muvil of otber people's affiriss, bnt that youth wns my most intimato friend. We rere muel together, and had no friend's foster-father had given him a goud ed ucation, and brought hinn up as he would bis own soll. Ale was so mucl pleased with his honest integrity
and upright priukiples, that ho took hinn in os partuer. and in after venrs, when the old gentlepartner. and in afer renra, when the oid gentle--
munn's health failed, ho beane the hir to his
inmense wealith. br taking the beantifnl A nncte ininense wealth, by, taking the beantifinl Annctte To be his bride. Perlaps juu will think it sirange
 he heard the bor's name, he found it nas the son
of an eld and lntivate friend of lits youth. of an old and Intiuate friend of hits youth. Heuce his kindness, And now Miss Laura when
you see a poor child, or a poor governess. renomyou see a poor child, or a poor governess. remom-
ber that perlaps they woilld niahe the Urightesi stirs in society. if they hand the chance. Diemem. ver also that virthe and pietr are of ener finnd
nunng the poor, than among the rich. Antel when
 his large round cyes look happiness, or his fare
wears the expression of sorrow,-Then stop and holp that lad along by sonie kind word and look, or remember that (itlle biny, years ags), whes your
ather, and that hind girl is your mother!" ather, and that kind girl ix
D)

ionrid crimes springing up in this hot bed of con-
fied air nnd imprisoned space ; nal tharefer inied air and inpprisoned spanee; and, the rofure, in
ives ine a sincero moral gratititeation anty where
 mil popular amusentents resixting the religions
rigotry that frowns so mawisely unon them Int thing is better than that dark, dead. minh heppy

 ous folly.
1.any Eoitohs - Several of our exchanges ar editell. in part, or chiefth: by ladies, and we gladre superior to papers of similar aim, which are conducterl by men only. They are nore interest ing, and have more literary merit. They are les: ac coted to kindling a hlind. political fury in their renders, lave more space for matters of perma of opintion. Indeert, were bold in the expression that opinion. adeeri, we are inclined to think considerable number of intelligent women inight find, and perhaps in time will find conmerie and profitable employment; partienlarly since in that profession. a lady may act beneficially mpon the publicmind, without the inconvenienc of personal publicity. Margaret Fuller, it wil be remenbered, condacted the literary depart ment of a daily paper, with genernl acceptance May Howitt, Eliza Cook, M1\%, 11:1ll, are editors and, in this cotintry, we could give a Inng list o editorial ladies, many of whom are known in may not he advisable, in any case, for a lady to set upa paper, und become tho principal and re rpansible editor; that wonld be too toilsome and distracting, and, probably, not advantageons to the public; if it should consist of only three mighers, we think an accomplished woman might be included, much to the advantag
paper and its readers.- IIome Joarnal.
Eloquent ano True.- the London (Eng.) Idvertiser, spleaking of the United Sitates Contemplate lingland groang language.
Contemplate lingland, groaning w ith tasation and struggling in sanguinary war; with her trade
deranged, her populatiou discontented, her gop deranged, her populatiou discontented, her gor-
ermanent the cormpt machino of an oligalchy, and her revenues squandered for she knows not whal and contrast her with America-the Americ that the British cabinet ministers treat with s inuch indifference, whose statesmen are cultiva ting the arts of peace, and whose commerce is gathering a golden har vest to the nation. She it is that stands boldly forward to her civil greatness; she it is that presents a striking contrast to the mililary desputisins of Europe ; she it is that -with her thousand miles of unguarded const. within lierself the her meager navy-combines Within herself the elements uecessary to a great
military nation. P'eace reigus at her fireside; her throne is not in mulurnin!. Her legislators are devising means to relievo an overfluwing treasury , her trade is vigorons, her people are increas ing bes ond coniparison in wealth, her goreriment is at least chcny and usefin!. Would that we
could say the sanie! Fincland spends her bloni could say the same! England spends. ber blood
and ticasure in fighting the batlece of untliankful and ticasure in fighting the battles of unthankful
neiglibors. A merica hifhts only lier own battlesneiglibors. America hiphts only lier of
she fights them quick and wull."
Thowour. - Thonght is the noblest attribute of the soul-the chief quality which raises man abore the brute- a sourcc of unceasing enjoy ment
and the fountain from whence connes the meen tire to every noble action. It is a faculty which is strengthened by use, and made healthful and sigorous hrage, The mortal frame may le buwed
iow beneath the ponlerous weight of rolling years-it may stand laning over tho opeusing srare, still, thought is unshaken. It cau wande hack, with electric speed throngh the dim vial the pash and ponder orer by-gone deak visionary workd.s, and hoid converse with cohorts of airy spirita. It esn! onetrate the dark elouds, and rambie over the trarkless plain of iminen and rambie over the trackless plain of iminen-
sity amoner the unnambered bod es that move on in silent inajesty throngh the deep litue concerve of high hearen and he anono the sweut music o the airy choir that s rrounds the cr!atal throne of the kreat Jehorah. It can sink down intu ylonmy Tartarus anad Plio's malerable en jects.
who are compelled to drink the deadly waters he Et!cean river. It knows nio e cratu is to aluep to chmon. no dintaice too
no depth tor deep to fachom.

## Th ught never it s. It will y re after the mortal part shall have mowid red int diast; and hie marble slab. erected in $h-r$ of iss rme a

 srance, shail bave crumbtul to ams thenath therestroying touch of ages. Ete aity s ati auth ow ledge it as an equa in point f duration, a in
realins yet unexp red be lor er indritio in-vestigation.- fl aver.
Yankeg Aor. Clt Ralinflemevte iv Evg a silrer nuedal. and attracted $\frac{-h \text { at }}{\text { in }}$ a
 -ocicty of Eingland. wninliki al a

## Fiviuis' हnquartuncit.

## One of "Betty's" Admirer

Mtsens. Eorfors: Sirs-1 see hy your lest she, now before me, that "Jicte"," with her haracteristic kindness has condescended to nolice my hurnble effort directed to her praise impulsc npon rading her beautiful reply, was to petition you for her prirate address, that l might pen a private corresporrdence. and. like Ovid, lay iemo to her beart through the medium of sonnet; unt upon a second thought, I have concluded that sthe days of chivalry and romance are past, and boonors, woman's rights, and strong ninded women lave taken their place, that it would be vain to expect a young lady, though possersing the virtues of olden days, to surreader her ort of tove to a more uusubstantial tissie of love onnets, without knowing tho strength and valo of the besieging party; I therefure think it bette to avail myself of the frank invitation offered we ne to visit Martinfeld; and if you will be so kind as to send me by private note, her real name, (if I have not got it) and place of residence, I will then set out-

In senreh of scenes nys fancy raised to vlew,
The cot where dwells that naiden fuht nud kind,
Whose heart is open, peneroue, lirank unil true:

## Yours respectfulls, A Farmer.

## Home and Woman.

If ever there has bcon 2 moro tollching and eloquent eulogiual upon the charins of home, and the following extract from the ligurer, it has not been onr fortuno to nieet it:-
Our homes-what is their corner-stone but the virtue of woman? And on what does tho social well-being rest but on our homea? Must wo not trace all other blessings of civilized lifo to the door of our private dweltings? Are not our hearth-stones guarded by the holy forms of conjugn, filial, and parental love, the corner atones more neccesary than hoth? Let our tenules crumble and our acudennies decay - lat every pub. lic edifice our halls of justioe, and our caplials of State, be leveled with the dust-but sparo our homes. Nun did not invent and ho cannot improvo or abrogate them. A privato shelter to cover in two hearts dearer to ench other than all the world; high walls to exclude the profine cyes dren to hannall being-seclusion enough for chil. is lowe and here is the birth-place of every virHous inpulse; of every sacred thoneht. Here tie Church and tho State must come for their origin and support.
Uh, spare our homes! The love wo experience herogives us onr fath in an intimate goodnuss; is our carnest of a better world. In the relations there established and fostored, do we find lirough life the chief solaec and joy of existence. What filends deverve the hamo compared with those
whom a birthright gave us? One molher is worth a thonstind friends-one sister dearer than twenty intimate companions. We who haro phayed on the same hearth, under the light of smiles, who date back to the same season of innocence and hope, in whose veins run the same sacred amid important the tie that binds us? lsolducas may spring up. dintance mny separate, unoe to love at all. niust find that the frieuds who fiod himself gave, are wholly unlike any we chnose for ourselves, and that the yearning for these is the strongest apark in our expiring attioclion."
Woman's face Bealty.-It 18 a low and degradug ides of that sex which wan created to roif the minst agrecabo part cipation to connider then nierely aso f ts of a st. 7 h ha ia abri g .






THE CALIFORNIA FARMER



## varictics

Ax linconert from Experiences in School TEAcnivg. One day. I saw a litle fellow witha

 ejcd him keenly:" "Why, Lucy, what prompted
him to act so ungentemnuly right herc in sehont ?" 1 asked, anticipating seme fun. "Ohh
he liteched uphere and thet he wanted me tok ki
him. thumethy boy ns he ith: then he thed he'd kith me. and to it, and I told hin I would tell the minhter if he did; but he thed he lidn't care a minter if he did; but he thed he didn't care a
thmap for the mathter, and then tried to kith me
tho liard -" and here the little thing sighed "Why didn't you tell me, as you said you woild ?" 1 asked in a pleasant manner. "Oh!",
she replied with a nairete I did not often sce, she replised with a nairtel Id id not often sec,
"I didn't eare much if he did kith nie. and tho it Ict 'im." Here the nhole school. who had been
listening intentlys broke out in an uproarious langh. while our little hero and beroine blurled
"Conmon people," said Johnsen. "do not ac curately adapt the ir words to their thonghts. nor
their thouthlits to the ohjects;" - that is to sar they neither see trnly nor speak truly, and in thi
respeet child ren, halfeduceated women edicaled men, are the "common poople." It is are not sufficiently carcful to halituate children to the accurate ense of words. Accurach of lan. looker into the matter we shonld probals find that all rarieties and moditications of conscious cation. evasion, misrepresentation - might he
traced 10 the early misuse of words; therefore the traced 10 the early misuse of woris; therefore the
contemptunus, cnireless tone in which people say sometinues:-" "rords-
unthinking and unwiso.
IIow to I)rive a Nall.-In driving a ent nail into hard wood, its entrance will be much faciitated hy dipping it into oil, or what will answer
nearly as well, wet it with water or sali a. Experienced carpenters are in the habit of putting a nail into the month to wet it lyefore attempting
to drive it into liard wood. When a nail is to remain permantly. salt water or salvia is prefercause it to take a firmer hold. In all cases it is better to insert a mail so that its widest diameter slaall sland parallel with the grain of the wood shain sland parallel with the grain of the wood,
This is generally done in thin boards where there is danger of splitting. bue it should al ways be
done. even if nailing into a solid piece of timber for wher rupture does not take place by selting he wide pert of the nail across the grain, yet a admits air and moisture and hastexs Decay around Thasa Everett was entertannod at a public dinner before lea ling Loston, Judge Story gave as a
sentiment-" Genius is sure to be welcorne where Ever-ett goes." Everett responded -" Law.equity


## PERUVIANFEBRIFUGE,

## the prevention and ceaz







 attuek of chills and ferer ; and while opperatiant so effictunlly

 cese. Innil climates where bilious no nd ruvitumpt fereers prevali this remedy will he fonnd invalumble, nnd no premon travelin Road tho following tostimony.







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| HOTELS. |  |
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| MURRAY'S WESTERN HOUSE, <br> General ofine of thie crinifomia stage comphny. <br>  |  |
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$\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{N}}$





 agent which gemily sitmulates whitr of disitifects nand expeth

 their resen..blance endo, biug ofen urepared from worthlees
 Wre ehould rake no other, but that one enititel to their cos 5 .
 and who ere still beranitys daily y cetiment to to worth.















 Powilerd and Cinvined Loars Sugar:





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CORNER of CALIFORNLA AND BATTERY STREETS,
SAN FRANCISCO
 CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED




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Fitty Thousand Per ons die annuully ln England of Con-


 Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. SETH W. FOWLE,
$\qquad$
Axle Grease ! Axle Grease!!

TIIE




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©lige Califormiar duamer. $\frac{\text { WAREN \& SON, EDTTOAS AXD PROPRIETOAS. }}{\text { ACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, } 1855}$



Exchnuges.-Will our cotemporaties that exchanngo with

## Shade Trees.

Tnene is no one subject of more moment to the citizens of Californiz, none so intimately eonnected rith the physieal comforts of Home and the embellishments of that spot, where earth's greatest happiness is sought, than the suhject which stands at the head of this paragraph. Contrast
the confort and pleasure enjoyed by any two families,
descrihe.
The first shall he a neat and pretty cottage surrounded with its inclosed garden in high cultivation, this surrounded with fins Shade Trees of numerous kinds, of every form of heauty and variety of foliage, ofering a pleasant shelter from summer's sultry heat. Enter this garden of flowers, inhale the fragranee of its thousand blossoras, eack in its freshness; these bright genis also shoitered heneath the waving branches of the pleasing shade of which ws have spoken-go no gaudy show, hut all in keeping with the beauty and taste without. See heside the open lattiee your friends sitting with books or work-no heated air, no dusty furnitura, no llushed countenanees or fevered passion, berailing the sultry dimo-but all is pease, and quiet happiness; this is a Home, and here one lives to $d$ well; all is in keeping-the place, the season, the pecuniary means, taste, intellect, comfort, peace, nature, all bespeak a rural bappy Home. Now go with me to yonder mansion-it is a stately massive pileits nobla portico, its granitc columns, ars cridences of architectural beauty; inclosed with its
lofty walls of brick with open lavvn, showa strength and wealth, and tasts; the noon-day sun nours down its burning rajs upon you as you doors to enter; liks some great prison house, its and heat-you enter. The gorgeous furniture magy dopzzlo by ita booutr, but whilo you zarry
you feel the eold recention of formality you rreatuo tho stified gir, the oppressive lieat, the dark and gloomy apartments act upon your feclings, and you wish to bresthe once more the wonder that a portion of the useless show within Was not expended to give this costly structure a chelter and a: slade, -and plant sweet flowers where bees and birds would come, far better tban to make a mere parade, without the poace and comforts of a Homs.
Which, dear reader, of thsse pictures would you choose? We think that sinuple, heautiful quiet cottags home will he your ehoice ; jou have
the flowers around the cottage; you lovo those trees, and you love to sit beneath their cooling shade, and feel you are at home; and would you plant around your home those trees that shall Let me say, as I hear you ask, what trees ahall I plant? There is always a beautiful harmony in all Nature's works, and thoso who aeck the
heautiful, must obey her lars. The kind of trees beautiful, must obey her larrs. The kind of trees
for that home of thine, dear reader, wo will tell you in another place.
Nem England Nunsery-Suephard \& Beagh Mabysville. - We have received a Circular from thia celebrated Nursery snd Garden, descriptivs of their manner of cultivating, their experience as
murserymen, with carefully reviaed notes from murserymen, with carefully reviaed notes from
other sources and an array of facts which was preparcd for the county of Yuba. As we have rad ths Circular, aud are so much plensed with ih, we bave deferred publishing a curtaited summary, 28 we chould he obliged to do so this num her, hut reserve for our next this raluahle
ment, that it may be publiahed in extenso.
a melehboaly Call.-Our kind friend E. D. Colman, Esq., of the Humboldt Limes, mado, us a pleasant call, Our friond was in fina hsalth and apirits, and made us a promise of some of
the curiosities of that beautiful spot Hunboldt rhere nature has been lavish of her gifts.
LuronsuA Ful.-A fine specimen of the rnia Otter, of some apeciea, was lent at the by Rer. I. S. Diehl, taken at the bace of
bet

What Shade Treea are Beat.
Allusinn having beenn made to this sulject in
other column, we shall now present our vie ws another eolumn, we shall now present our vie ws
relative to the kind of trees that should demand the attention of all who love Arbericulture. Saeramento is undowbedly in ad vance of any other eity on the Pacific Coast in the planting of shade and ornamental trees. Many of our gentecl residenees are now finely shaded by the Cot-
tonwood, which is the tree that has been almost universally nulopted. This tree has been planted extensively hecause it was the only olle that could he had in any quantity, and on account of
its ready growth and its ahundant shacle, Had its ready growth and its anundant shace, Hnd
it not been for the ahundant supply of this tree whieh has always heen piled upon our levee, our city mould even now have been like other eities, barren of the heauty which such shade affords. But the question now arises, what trees shanl $\pi \mathrm{m}$ plant? what troes are best? Shall we plant Counonwoods? We answer orn phatically, no!
Shall we plant Ailanthus? No! By this we mean as prineipal shade trees around our dwell-
ngs , or in our garden grounds. These are our reasons:
Tho Cottonwoods are an unelcan tree, even at two or three years old, as can he suen now wherever you find them. In the summer and antumu thes cast their leaves ensily. They are the nursery of various worins that anter a little
tima becoure unbearable, They inpoverislı the tims becoure unbearable. They inupoverish the eaith around them; and soon as they ara old are a perfect nuissnce, scattering thoir tins furze or cotton lint over the ground, into your dwellor oolton line over he ground you are compolled to keep elosed doors and windorrs. For these reasons we condeinn the tree and say "cut it down, why cumberoth it tho ground."
The AilanthusI this too is a noxious tree; the gas that exbales from it is very offensiva, if not poisonous. This also inporerishes tha soil, and hesides, throws up frou its roots niyriuds of suckers that deface the beauty of a lawn and tha syinnetry of a garden. Both the Cottonwood and Ailanthus will answer for outride purposes, hers and thore ono, to complets a variety, but that is all-they only ars worth cultirnting on this account. But wa have a stronger reason for rejecting them-there are better trees.
-Rv the onternise of our enerrectic nurservmen as will nut only thrivo neqd grow as fast as thoase wo condenin, lut are rastly more beautiful, and vomo that aro la rgely profitable. Wo feel that it is our duty now to present these views to our fellow citizcus, in order that wo may add comfort pleasurc and profit to the homes of our adopted State. Some may as. 6 why wo did not condonn thoso troes cre this, and thus save the troulde and cost of planting ? Our a uswer is, thero was no cooling shade has amply paict for cost and trouble until the time camie whon a ch ange coutd be ouade for the bette
That tine has como, and wo now proceed to place before our reallers what we esteen tha hest trees for shade and ornament, for streot, lawn, dwelling and garden, tor thers is much to be considered as to the placa as there is to the kind of trees, if the oljcet is harnony and beauty.
fon the street.

For this we roconmoud our nativo trecs, in part. The Acer (maple), the Fagus (beech), the Aeschulus (horae ehestnut, or tho huckeye), the Juglans (walnut), tho Quercus (onk), this Jast ror corner trecs; our native Evergreen Oaks, and to thase we add the Tillia (Liuden,) the Ulmus
(elin), the Maclura Aurantioa (osage orange), the last for the entranece gate. We might add others, but here is sufficient for anry ortinary grounds. Where large mansions or parks are huilt, othars can be added.

Inmadiatcly around the house to shelter from the summer sun should bo placed the most heauiful fragrant trees, that while they sheiter aud shade, their beauty may he sulject of contemplation and dalight, and their fragrance a source of enjoyment. For this purpose we placo mosi promineut at the front door, upon ench aide of the entrance walk, the gorgeous Magnolia, whose
glossy leaves and fragrant flowers remind us of paradise. Next to these, the Cytisua (la hurnum, or golden chain), wbose long racerics of yellow blossoms arrest the eye of the behodder; to these add Chionanthus Amoricana (white fringe trea); tho Chionanthus Fragrans (Pride of China) whose purple and white spikes of flowors send fragrance liks perfumad air; the Liriodendro
(tulip tres), may group bsre with honor, for it

Here, with such trees nead wo want for thelter?
 it were into bearing so quiekly, we would urge
that for horders contiguous to the strects, instend of common trees, there should be planted troes that shaill be useful as well as ornaunental. Fie reconmend for this purpose the Cerassier (eherry.)
No tree hins a finer form, and no tree more beauNo tree has a finer form, and no tree more beau
teous than the cliery tree, both in flower and in frnit-beautiful, ormamental, fruitrul and usefur; these declars it as the best for the borders of a gardan. Within, at intervals, plant the Fig, Or ange and Lemon, as the elimate is not suitable for the Orange and Lemou, substitute Peach, Nectarine and Apricot
A mid thoos ornanuental rruit trees me would reAmid thooo ornonuental rruis trees rewould re-
conmend, interspersing, first, the beautiful Crootegus (hawthorn), with their varied colored um bells of flowers, the Illex (holly), the Laurns (bay), the Kalmia (laurel), Euonymus (strawberry), and the Chiocoea (snowberry). These four last are our natire trees, and highly ornamental. Such a collection, earefully planted and arrnaged in proper order, will make a residenc
fit for any citizun, which in our free and happ fit for any citizen, which in our free and happ
land is equivalent to saying. "fit for a king." Having made this article already too long, shall in inmediate numbers give a description of tho several trees, in full, with "'Trees for a Lawn."

## Treadwell's Clipper Plow.

IT is important that farmers should Always have the zery best implements-" economy i weslth." In each and erery department it should be the aim of the farner to liave ouly the hest : the hest working oxen and horses, the hest plows, "raggons and harness. For his family or dairy use, the bast cown, and domestic aninnals of all the bext breeds. His houses shonld hayce the best conveniences, and his barns and grancrics huil upon the most approved plans, his corrals atrong and high for his stock, to guard them from escnpe or depredation. The farmer's fences should be in the best order; his seed slould be the purest and the best, and in orler that his seed may do well, his ground should be plowed doep and fine. and cultivated in the bast manner.
The plow is tho "grent weapon of the farmer."
ir ne ufos a poor plorrmin mis tands are snatiow plowed, thay eannot bs well cultivated, and the consequence will be his seell may spring up, but, having no depth of earth, it perisheth ; and thus he will fail at the liarvest senkon-his teams will bare ro emplogment, his granaries will be empty,
and his fanily suffer, and be himself penniless; and this will be the result of the "first fals step"-poor plowing!
We have never scen a deep plowed and well cultivated field fail of a crop, nor a neytected field or poor tillaga reward the lahorer. We repeat, the most inportant weapon in the hands of the cultivator is a frist rate plow, and we rejoice to know that this truth is being understoor. In the importations mada the present year, and in the manufactures of our States, thero is a deterruination to excol.
Among the finest specimens of plows we have orer seen in any country, tho plow hambed at the head of this article should receiro particular no tice-Treadwell's Clipper Plors. The clipper is a Boston plow, manuiactured of polished steel by Ruggles, Nourse it Mason, the mannufacturers of the world-renowned Englo Plows. This baautiful implement wns exhilited at the State Fair and had it been of Californis manufacturs it would have reecived the higlest award. The plow was axamined hy the committocs and reported on, but being of foreign make, by the rules, no prize could be awarded to it.
We feel contident that it will be the leading plow on the Pacific. Wo havo oxanined them at the warehouse in San Francisco, and can most
cheerfully recommiend thems to all who wish the cheerfully recommend them to all who wish the
best plovo made. Messrs. Tread well. of San Francisco, are the principal importera of them. They are alse found at their house in Maryssille, and at Baker \& Hamiltoo's, Sacramento, Wo would adviso all who are about to purchasc to exanine
them, as tho surest way to bave good plowing is them, as tho surest wray to
to buy ony the best plow.
The banking houses of Sacramento are tho depositories of large treasures and doing a very sucChurch, a newly locnted branel of their San Francisco bouse, are doing a fine business. We noticed a pile of $\$ 41,000$ in dust, prefared for shipment, the gathcring of a day's work. Messrs.
D. O. Mills \& Co . are doing a largo and prosporous business, and all ths other legitimato house
having passod cvery ordeal, stand high iu our

The clegant " Bitting Mon.
The clegant "Bitting ITarness," exhibited at
he late State Fair ty the late State Fair by A. T. Nelson, of this citr,
and reported thy the conmittee of award as of areign muanufieture, and therefore not entitlsed to
a premiun, was unanufacturell by Mr. Nelson at his plaee on K street, Sacramento. It is not only beautiful. but a very valuable improvement on he ordinary fixtures for such purposes, and is
Ilaving just learned of the above mistake I masten to correct it hy the first issue of the Society's organ, wi hout waiting for a meeting of the Executive Committee, at tho next gession of which, I have no doubt, a suitahle award will be made. $\quad 0$,
Sscramento, Nor. 8 , 1855.

The Diseaze in Poultry-Reply.
We puhlish the following letter from Dr. W. liseases in fowls, in answer to the inquiry of Colfon," from Stockton. This is an important ubject, and worthy the immediate attention of poultry raisers. The facts stated by Dr. Chapman we know can be relied on, and as many new and valuahle varieties of fowls are heing introduced from China, the disease should be arroted ere its effects are too fatal
Enitone Faraier: I notice in your paper of Nov. 2 d an inquiry from "Colfon,", of Stoekten, esiring information in relation to the diseases of
I have takien some pains to inform myself on he sultiject; have watched the symptoms elosely, and made quite a number of disscctions.
Symptoms. - Change of coior in the comb, the apper part turns dark, and as the disenso tdvances, it inereases in extent and darkness of color; drooping the tail mostly to the ground;
Iraring the head back and settling it upon the fathers of the brenst; appetite unchanged ; food ndigested, tha crop remaining full.
Appearances on dissection.- The henrt and ver generally enlarmed, but not always. The
all-blutlder in all cases enlaryed antl distended, not rupturell, which was frequently the c:aseThe erop frequently found mortified. In a majority of eases, the heart, lungs and liver criated with a white suhstance, the nature of which I have not elvemically oxaminsd.
The jennedr which I alrertise for sale has boen If "Colfon" will sand and found effectual.
1f "Colfon" will sond mame and address, I will orward hinu a package, and lis can try its merit.

## A Modeat Man

We have fuund a wonder! and reador what do you tbink it is? A vory modest man, and that man an editor, a political editor too, \& gentleman and a seliolar, an aniatenr in the finest works of art; tho embellixher of naturc's beantiful landscapes; the eultirator of all the pets which the goddess Floia commits only to her worshippersich a man we have found. And how call we accuint for this strange phenomena in a political
aditor? Simply by the influcnecs of a rural life, held up in contrast hefore the boisterous unhuppy toil of a politician. Such must ever be the result, and wo were happy to note this influence over the whole mann. All those genial influences that shine out divinely in man's nature while holding onverse with nature, are crusbed by tho hardening influence of political strife, and only return to
him when he rcturns to nature. Thus it was him when he returns to nature. Thus it was with our friend amid ths din and strife of the "ins and outs," the "loaves and fishes;" that bether and diviner nature had been shrouded, hia name ad been highest unon the roll of favorites, and Budeat a pplauded, antil it hecame a watchword.
But now how changed-sick of politics, and sick of the many associations connected therewith, poor man, he is almost sick of his own name, and begs of his fricnds, "if he ever doos a good-natured action," (as we saw him do jesterday,) not to cnll hia naine, for he was tired of hearing it. The very thought that we should speak his praise cansed him to blush so that ho actually looked Red-in the face.
A Gemerous Act. - Wo feol it a pleasanteluty acknowlclge ths generous act of another, Messrs. Wolla, Fargo \& Co. in transmitting three large packages of tho products of California, through to the States, freo of charge. Theso cases wero specimena which we had carefully packed and donated to various societies, to make known the resources of our noblo Stato; and wera it not for the courtesy and kindness of this net and many of like kind, wo could not thus uake the resources of the Statc knowil. Wa desire our frionds and tho frionds of Honio Industry, to appreciata such a manifestation of public apirit on the part of the E ypress Company. Wo hope wlinn these products ahall bo exhibited on tho other side,
the frionds there will appreciato the act also.

We have odman. Spate that Treo WR have take the annexed mos
whtie e from the Boston Advertimer:


 of Massuchuselta finlul tho laigust and oldest survey was e mpleted in nine vears; the result with great eare and Alclity by tieorge B. Emer 3on. Exp, the Chnirman. anl a copy of the san oreservation. As the great tree reforreat to for just been eut duwn. having decajed beyond the hope of recovery, we give here the description of its enormous size and great age. froin the
Mr. Einerson, one of thic Commissioncrs:

The picturcsque ruin of a whito oak is stani ing in Brighton, where Nonantum streot orossc Washington street. At the surfaco of the gromad
it measures, this first of Octoler, 1845 , twentyit measures, this first of Octoler, 1845 , twenty
tive feet and nine inches in circumference; three feet, it is twenty-two feet four inches six feet, liftecol feet trio incbes. It tapers grad-
sally to the hight of about trentr-five feet, where the stump of ita ancient top is visible, below Fhich point four or five pretty large branches ar thrown oult. which rise twenty or thirty fect
higher. Below, the places of many formor limbs higher. Below, the places of many formor limbs
are eovered over by immense gnarled and bosscd protuberances. 'the trunk is hollow at the base, with a large opening on tho southwest, through
which boys and men may easily enter, It had Thich boys and men may easily enter, it ha first linglish roice was hoard on the shores or Ma isaclusetts Bay. It is still clad with abundant loliage; and, if respocted as its vencrable age deserves, it may stand an object of admition for centuries to come.' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

LLives there a man with soul so dead, who ever to himself hath said, this is my own, my zutive land." As we read the notice of this tree our heart bent tho quicker and the tear came unbidden from its hidden fountain, for the mention of this famed tree recalled the days of our carliest and sweetest recollections. That "old treel" We can see it now, with those knotty protuberances, and the branches at its top, where many day we have sat, as we clambered into its shady boughs with our school mates. "OI would I were a boy again;" I would I could go back once more to that rery spot where we liave so often played; we would we could once more go up into that well remembered "maintop" of that glant oak, and sit there encircled by the branches overhead, and there crunch the cheese and apples, like as in days past, when let out of school.
We would we could go back again, eren in the cald bleak days of a New England wistor, and
there draw our sled up the long hill just beyond and const down that half mile stretch, and be again corered with snow flakes 23 we spring from our steel-shod "mountain runner," even at the very foot ol this noble old oak.

Yes, kind reader, we know that tree well. stood at the loot of a hill on rhose top was our boyhood's hoine.. And by that tree for many years wa toted on to "sehool," with our green satchel over our shoulder. This trcu stood upon the common at the foot of that hill, and this was
the play-ground of the neighborlood, and these old oaks (for there wero two trees then) were the rallying poiuts upon Saturday afternoons and moonlight nights. Oh, those wero happy days. The joyous shout, the ringing laugh, and tl.e loud whoop that called us out-we ean hear there still, and we can live user again in memory scenes that will ever be dear to us. How many interesting thoughts crowd upon the mind at the mention of that dear old trec llow many hearts will erer beat at the mention of its listory. What intertrunk. Oh bow many yonthful heart. that havo sprorted in its branches anll have rested boucath How many of our own sehool fellows can we call to mind that have passed amay. And that other tree, its mate, of which no word is speken-that too was a memorable tree; much larcer. wider
its trunk, loftier its branches, and deeper jts roots. But oh, how ingloriously it fell. We remember the cause of its fall. Into its deep recess a favorite puss had stolen arar to bide, and when her biding place availed.
he bande of acraw and Mefoed torch
Thes lim direaraed the noble on
They 1-drewaed the mote

More than a $q$ farter of a ventury before this
 The wero twe coodir trees, and for Now Eng
land we nerer shall 1 to upunt in like agan.

Anil here at the foot of these trees have played boyan llat in aner yonrs Ly thoir genius and talcat
have thrilled tho hearts of thousaids and tens of thonsands; for it was here that puplls of an int stitution wete wont to play, pupils thint in later dan never dia. And from the piges of menory we will draw a sketeh for omr renters that shall reem more like romance than reality ; yet it shall
hu a record of "dyys lang syne," yet strange ns this may seem, allall be no uore strange than true, and thowe sketchos will ba recognizerl far and near by the
Caxoton ACo.'s Pioneer Hountain Ex-Ress.-Langton \& Co.'s Alountain Messenger houts the herald 1 as the fieet horseman with his foaming steed rushes past with news from the bye-gone days when sulch a uicssenger as "Sam" We cutod a oonuatian through erery street, and who faithful exprossman? How mauy a heart has throbbed with gratitude for those messages from lome, that were borne from the Bay Uity, up where men were toiling amid privation and suf-
wher fering. And who was this herald of good news from a far country? Who, but "Sam Langtun." And will not thate things be remembered? Aye, long! for the brave mountain boys can never forget. But see! Sam is everywlere-in the mountains! at the hend of narigation (Marysville), and liere in the Queen City of the Pacific. Yes, reader, Langion \& Co.'s Express holds ono of its head quarters in our fair and goodly city, and withont any disparagements to the efficiency and promptness of our other able express houscs me say to our friends, the world is wide: there is room for all. "Livo and let live;" and in the
bestowment of your favors remenber the early pestowner mountain nuessonger-remember San!
Mount Shastr. - This magnificent nount, now lying in the northern portion of our State,
one hundred miles north of Shastn, and forty south of Yred miles north of Shasce, forcy hundred to oue lundred and fify miles in circurnference to the height of 16,500 feet, and perhaps the most magnificent object of scenery and curiosity on the nurtliern continent, was ascended recently to its very summit by Rev. I. S. Diellı, who has furnisthed us with samples of sulphur and other rare minerals. A desaription of whioh. logether with the ascent upon the noount, wili

WE return our thanks to Mcssrs. James French ECo., Boston, for thcir new publieations-Rannbles in Eastern Asia, by B. L. Ball, M. I. The incidents of hia royagc into China, Manila, Hong Kong, Sluanghai and other places are full of inorest. Thic work should be extensively read by Californians. The Sure Anglor, an interesting cligions work from tho same house. The Drean Fulfiled, a very interesting rolume dedicated to Mrs. Ablot Law rence by the awhor.
Thanks to Messrs. Livermore, of Xem York, who have kindly sent us " Hoesticks," a very humorous work, and an excellent antidute for Ennui.
From Messra. Burnam \& Co of Boston, we have receired that singularly queer work the "Ilen Fever," a perusal of which would greatly enlighten one in Hernol gey.


The Exhibltion commenced on the $18 \mathrm{th}^{\mathrm{h}}$ Sept.. at the Boston Musieal Ilall, one of the hest places in the city for the dieplisy, and the cominittee isere very wise in chooxing this spacions temple, as it is Yery tentral, and fully ansmera the purpose. The rizplify was the finest for innny raars, and the attendanec of tistotes tery large.
The piseate The passace way' tu the ffall, from Wintet strect was camopied with a long aich of streamors a
thags, und lined rith evergrcens, tastefully ranged, prosenting quite an attraetive entrance. The dosigns were superior to any before shown und nutracted imuch attention. A beavtiful Floral Termple from Mcssars. Erers \& Bock, Brighton, was very conspichons; a model of Bunker Hill Monument. composed entirely of globe a marantlıs, purple and white, was quite a showy affir ; model of the Lexington Nonument, made of mar ble paper, with a sword on ono side and a plow. Harrington, of Lexington, was very attractive. On the eastern gallery over the stage, were six frames of moss work, very beautiful, executed by Mrs. Flinders. Boston; the mosses wero arranged xith prepared flowers, and will- last for yenrs. This display was quite artistic. Upon tho whole the floral decorations were of quite a novel construction; clegant in design, and woll finished. The pot plants wero rare, and well grown; and showed the skill of the cultivators; some very
fine German Asters were exlibited by W. J. Underwood, of Wellington Hill, Watertown. The iruits were all arranged in glass dishos, and have never been cxcelled for variety and perfection The flower stands were loaded with gorgeons specinens of antumnal flowers in profuse variety filling the hall with sweet perfumes. The regetable depurtuncnt must not be orcrlooked, for liere were exhibited some of the largest and fine specimens ever shown at one exhibition.
The fannous Victoria Ricgin, from J. F. Allen, Salem, was exhibited in the upper liall, and at tracted inuch attention. The Societs has presentod copies of the maguificent work on tho Victorin Rcgis, among their premiumz.
It would be impossible to give a lengthy account of his great Exhilition-suffies it to say that ercry thing passed off well, and has earned
mull praiso for the Society. The Brigate Band added much to the enjoyinent by their excellent inusic. The reccipts were larger than any former to promoto the cause of Horticulturc and Florieulure.

## Femalo Bqueatrlane.

The palrers froln the States by the last inail comain numerous reports uf the perforuances by to the performers. The following is from the Veiv York Herald, of October 2d: The Albany Counts Fair closed last week, with
ridinig inatch. The altendnnce was large-the a riding inatech. Thee altendnnce was large-the
receipts over $\$ 3$,0no. But two ladics presented thenselses as contestants: Miss Elizaleth Morey.
of Brinsirick, ald Mrs. Hallet, of Allany, The of Brinsisich, alld Mrs. Hallet, of Allany, The
Argus describes Miss Morey as a dashing, eary
rider, alio manages her steed skillfully, Another rider, who manages her sted sa maly. A nother
Albany palyer says she sits on a horse liko a
trooper, aull posses ses a degree of coolness that trooper, aut posses ses a degree of coolness that
potullarly fits her for the wants of a saidle. The oinpetitors peased thre times round the course, arice on a walk, once on a trob and once on the
gallop. Niss Morey was mounted on 2 glorious
animal, and do ns her mile inside of tao minutes, when hlher girt bruke. casting a degree of
a arin fir the instant. Slie retained the reins
howerer, and spraig to the ground, without looing
 at this time were highly praiced. The contest
terminated with the accilunh. The Girst previum $+=$ The fllowing is a 1 t of the premiuma award ed to the fermale equentrians of the Wisb ington ed to the fersale equentri


Pairy light ciucarl can do up some and even
nud even filling, without gotting into a muss
hnd smaching up things as the sultey gentlemen hnd smarhing up things, as the sulkey gentlemen
did. Snnue fifteen ladies entercd the llsts, and the whole passed off without the least ace dent to which surround of the party or tho rast audience
whon. The whole ivas lowed by a smart gallop of our pony boys, whose litule nigs showed the people that some thinge can Rasserte Rasserte lluese.-Calling at this lotel to
find a flend we thontrinot but imuren a we toulif not but be surprised at the imuense run that this house is favored with. We noticed seventy new comers Nov. 3d, and forty or fifty for sevoral days. Wo rcioico at this, for anrely fer men in California have so bravely withstood the calnnitics incidental to California as Mr. Rassette, and we feel sure he is now prosfamilies as permanont boarders, give to the parlors a pleasant coteric of an cvening; and the arrangement of the dining ball is peculiarly attractivo it differs from most hotela, being a series of side tahles for six or cight persons or a family, with center tables for the gentlemen and strangers.
To this house can be accorded great praise in every department, and the indefatigable industry of the propriotor gives a warranty of success. The gentlemanly and conrteous superintendent, Mr. French, securcs the ready approbation of the patrons of the hotel. We wish them long and continucd prosperitv.
Come ann See.-Sceing is beliering! and all who have thus long remained skeptics will be no longcr unbelievers if they will call at the State Rooms and see two potatoes raised by Hooker \& Fern, Sacramento River, There are two
varieties ; one the red, the other tho white. The red weighs $111-4 \mathrm{lbs}$, tho white $121-2 \mathrm{lbs}$, The largest grew several feet from the center of the hill upon a small taper root. Both aro superior specimens, of course, the best ever grown or shown, except some that lay quietly in the earth, swelling and swelling, until they reach "a score" in weight, as we understand from the proprletor that Fern leaves them there for that purposa,
An Ingentous Mbchanic.-Wo have seen some specimons of pruning knives, made by $\mathrm{Mr}^{2}$. Wm. Allison, at the ranch of J. C. Davis, Esq., on the Puto river, that are most highly creditable to him; thoy indicate talent and ganius of high order. Pruning knives, dirks, pon knifcs, and in fact, any species of cutlery are mado in tho most shcath of elegant workmanship, and wo are glad to loarn that Mr. Allison ls now preparing to
manufacturo knives and cutlery to order. Any, orders addressed to him at Daris's Ranch, will b promptly attended to.
Grand 1sland Pronoctions.-We ho ve re ceived from E. Corington, Esq.: some Tryry fine specimens of the English Walnut. Tt rey aro in digenous to our own country, and regembla the English nut, hut they are tho true black. valnut They were bronght to our offica by an amateur of this city, who will ere long " wake his mark upon the age" as a successful eultivator. Thes nuts can be bad by a little search, or by the permission of the proprietor-and young trees can be had frem the same source. This will prove raluable ornamental tree, being a fruit-bearing as ael? as an ornamental tree, and aa such we par-
llomace Witras, Esq., the great music pub lisher. manufacturer and dealer in pianofortespublished by him 338 Broadway, Now York bas sent ua a collection of new a od choice music, with the following plassing news: Any person remit-
Ling him SI by mail will receiva foor phecea of new musle, postpaid. Thla is a chaned worth improring, as be ia pablishor of all the lateat music, as
ly paid.
A Splemio Spacimen.-Wossw at the benkgg house of W. W. Gif \& Co. a opecimen from
the assay offloe of Ilarris Marchand \& Co ., sa'd to be the fineas yet assayed in C a roin. The gold came Iowa II w git gis cancos.

 mox


Hindrances to Immigration. often reverted to the efiect made upon,
of people in the old States by loeal is of people in the old States by loeal
ers, in the publication of the darle side pewspapers, in the publication of the daric side
onay of California. The terrible array of murders. assassinations, lynchings, strect hrawls, duela (onls another name for murder), enibezzlements,
 sheriff sales, foreclosures of mortgages, and inacked
up by adding the reports from Reeorders' courts. painted in fancy colors; and to these aldd disoreements, elopenments, fe.e, with a grand firale of indian atrocities, these are the pietures held up before th
Fhores.
We refer to this sobjeet now, having received the annexed letter from the East by last steamer, whieh elearly points out this effect, moore strongly than we lave stated it. There is one featnre we notice in the letter of our correspondent liat delantic editors to present the favorable features to their readers, lest amother crodus shomd begin and they lose a population thut we guin.
We commend the letter of Mr. S. and we ar happy to say to our friend that the Califunsia Boston, at our agencier, and at tbe principnl looksellers, who are, we are bappy to say, with many others at the East, subseribors and advertivers to our paper, a journal that ondeavors to present the brighte side of California-a State second to none
in the Union for overy blessing needed to nuake in the Union for overy blessing needed to nuake life bappy, churehes, schools and aendemies, or order, and resources in mineral and agricultural order, and resources in mineral and agrew with
realth never get vouch snfed to any people, with wealth never get vouch snfed to any people, with
a elimate unsurpassed for salubrity and liealth by any spot of earth :

Enrtons FAHMER: It is int Mun. Sept 20, 1855 . Enrrons Rahmer: It is now mare than a year
sinco llen San Francisco, which timo haa been spent traveling through some of tho best and loveliest portions of the Eastern States-but al their beanty, advantages and faeilities liave not weaned me from allegience to my adopted Strte destined ere long to be the brightest star in ou glorious constellation. I hardly thiuk it possible for any ono blessed with the ficulty to appreciatt the bounties of nature, to spend three or four pia, and ever after feel satisfied antithere else dia, and ever after feel satisfied anrthere else
The benuty of the scenery, the salubrity of the climate the enlarged views of freedom, which
enter Thto nit trg eransertons or tusiness and mingle iu every act of social lifu-all, all are constantly brought in comparison, with what on sees and feels every day here, decpening and
strengthening a leeling that tbis is not home,
giving one an indeseribatle longing to be again enjoying the beautiful scenes and delieious clinate of California, together with sll the inconvenieness Which of a necessity are incidental to tha sottle ment of any new countrs.
The society of our State is represented by a large portion of the people here as semi-barl)arous -consequently in a social seale not entitled to any kind of consideration. How far this fecling may influence the action of the General Government in regard to California matters, I cannot say, but their acts tell us plainly that they like -our gold better than our interests.
For these uofricndly seutimenta the papers of San Franciseo and Sacramento are in a great measure responssible, crerry one of which, brougbt
here by the semi-montlly steamers, are filled with all tho horrible news that conld possibly be crowded into their columna, mostly without comignorant of all tho loeal circumstances, to draw the most crroneous conclusions. The papera here frequently render the noirs in their republications in a still more oljectionable form than that in which they receive it; sometines by mere! mentioning the arrival of the ateamer, with a million or so of gold; then follows-" Tlie nows is unimportant, the uncal number of murders and lynchinga have taken place,': \&c. It seems
almost ineredible, but I have been asked repeatedly if there are any churches or schools in Cali-
fornia-by people too claiming a large slare o fornia-by people too claimin
intelligenee end refinement.
If some good friend of California mould write 2 series of truthful letters to sonve of the leading journala here, without pandering at all to the things which it teems that every one slould be familiar with, they would do more to correct the

## than could be dono in any othor way.

Extibition of tha Mase. Horticultural So.
eiety came off last week. I visited it on the second day, was told that the display was neve ner in any previous year. The colleetion of pears was. very large and fine. sonno specimens of
the Secticl exeecled Downiug's despription, and judging from the speciunens, the deliclous old Bat teit shows no symptons of deeay. The col ection of peashes and plums was confined to : few vnrieties only. The Murtin Plunit, n new ma riety, is worthy the attention of every eultivator,
not only for large size and fine appearanee, hut in flot only for large size and fine appearanee, thut in
fla equals the green gage, and is larger than he Jefferson. The finest splecimell of the gripe on the tables, was exltibited by W. C. Strorng o Newton-the bunches large, well slouldered, nu11
the berrics very large-narked "Zinfendel." Among ilie vegetiblea, one squasil weighing 12.2 ounds, and a beet 33 I.4, were the only remark tble speciniens which I sar. The floral depart ment was ample and tastefully arranged. Aunoug he curiosities, the Victuria Regin, exliibited by Mr. Allen
tention.
Let onr Hortieulturists do their duty to the State and themselves, and no. winny years are t elapse, when for variety and quality our Ex
tions will to inferior to none in the Cuion.
It has not been iny good fortone, friend $W_{a r}$ ren, to see a single number of your valuable paper sinee 1 left Sain Franciseo, but hoping that yon rostill pressing on in jour good work, I sub.cribe

## yself, $\quad \frac{\text { Ynurs truly, }}{\text { Reaping Machines. }}$

Tue follo..ing deseription from the Paris Contitutionel, is translated moto the Englishl papers from one of which it is taken
The serond day of August having heen appoint od for the final trial of all the reaping and mow ing maehines in the Exhibition, the trial aceord-
ingy cante ofl' on that day. There were ten ingiy eanie ofl' oun that dany. "There were ter
machines in the Exhition; nine of theu werent out uy the miperial cimmnissiuner
liseo of trial, abnut forty miles distant. placo of trial, abnut forty miles distant. It may e here renarked that the machincs were rent
ot and returned free of enst to the exlibibicors. On he nround of the trial there were thoussands of copple asseubbled to witness the novelty of the
pepl
pay ; large tents had been previously ereeted, and lay, iargo ents had been previonsiy ereeted, and occasion. The day was pleasant and the exceitement of the inmense concoirse of people intense. milititia were in requisition with guns and bayo.
nett. to keep) the crowd of oager spectators froma netris 10 keep the crowa of oager spectators rround
ofi he grain. Stakes were driven into the ground and ropes drawn' fromı stike to stake, until the
entire field of abootit fifteen aeres was suroninded
and and standing up well, and whielt waa divided into lots or pieces of a hout an acre each, by swaths
bocing cut through at a giren distmice, parat lel with, cuch othor-cach piece being numbered and one inaclinue allotted to e:ch piece.
At the beut of the drum three mulelines started mangell hy his agent, Mr. Jowell; Patrick Bell's Muthine, by Mr. Fourent, and a native of Algiers raking. by maelinery. Wright's naachino cut its piece in twenty-four minutes; Bell's in sixty-sis piece in wenty-four minutes, Beils in ixty-siv
nininutes, and the Algier machine in serenty-twi
minates. The raking or dircharging of the grai minutes. The raking or dircharging of the grain
from all of the threo maehiues was badly gone. the grain being nueh seattered in its delivery
upou the ground- Wright's doing nuch the best. The cutting, howerer, was well done. The me chanieal movernent if tho automaton raker of Wright's machine was truly wonderful, Th
operation of the machine was highly suceesful operation of the unachine was highly suceessfinl
Bell's uacchinc, by Fourent, did the cutting and gathering of the grain in a very neat unanner; the
grain was delivereel freely to one sido of the ma. grain was delivered ireely to one sido of the ma.
chine, for the hinders. After the jurors had carefully, noted the trial thus fur, the signal was again
 agent, Mr. Mabie; Bell's machine My Croskill
id a Frenela one-horsc reaper. Manny's eut it and a Frenel, one-horse reaper. Melnnny's eut its
picesesi twentytwo ninutes; Belt's Cy Croksill, und tho one horse French reaper, both, failed to
cut their picces; while Mamy's did its work in the most exquisite manner, not leaving a single stalk ungnthered; and it discharged the grain in
tho most perfect shanpo, as if plaeed by the band tho nost perfect shanpo, as if placed by the hand
for tlie binders. It tinished its picees most gloriousty ; the jurors thensel res could not restrain
their admiration, but cried out " good" "wel their a dmimiration, but cried out "good," "well
dono." The peoplo applauded and hurrahod for Ianny's American Reaper- that's the maeliner. Again, after the jurry had thken further notes of trial, the signal was given, and three other ma-
chines started oft on tlie contest-Huesey's Reaper. by Dray; McCormiek's, by Melicuzie; and
Bell's, by P'erry. Ilussy's machine cut lts piece in 30 minutes, Mrcormicl's's in 20 minutes, and
Boll's finiled to finisl its Boll's fiuled to finish its piece. Hussy'a machin
did its work remarkably well, cuttly's clean and did its work remarkably well, cutting clean and smoetiny, and leasing the grain in the track of the
nuahino in good condition for the binders. This raebine was coneeded to be too heavy aud lahotrack of the mach, ande wan fouved to bo nn objection,
and rack of the machine wan fouvd to bu no otjection,
is it necessarily needed to bo bound and retmoved

set this reaper is onquestionably a good one and
nay be nsed to great adzmango, ns il would like-
 Cormiek's machine performed its unsh very well.
entling a elose and even swath, bult the raker or attendint, who perforiued the labor of discharg,
ing the grain. seemed to be sery mull strained ing the grain. seemed to be rery mincl strained
being otliget to rido back warl "pon the machine being oblipet to rido back ward "pon the machine
nt one eud of the reel, haviug to reach fully across nt one end of the reel, having to reach fully across
the entire width nf the mnieline with a lungglunthe entire width nf the enielinee with a ling-lian
died rake to gather the crain and lay it of the machine. The liorses or this mav-hine were mich
troulled by a strong literal pressure angainat thei troulited ha a strong interal pressure against hacir
shouldery, oceasioned by the tongue or the ma
 it has proven itelf vistly, sulperiar to any of the
inventions of he Old World, annl from the fiet of its grout suruecess hereotofure, palitricularly at the
London Extilition in 1851, it olieired a London Exlilitition in 1851, it
de:il of admiration and curiosity.
Thle contest was now fairly y.irrowed down then three wachines, Jlanny's, Wrighth's und MicCor
mick's. Bnt. on starting, Wright's ara in broke mick's. Bint on starting, in rigli's again brok
down and left the struggle exclusively to the two uachines, Manny's and Mecormich's. The two Miachines were then to bu olvnnged in preseluce of
tne jurors, tron the capaeity of reaping to that mowing, Many's made the elange in mne min-
ute. Accornick's in twenty minutes, with three tmen. Easch maeline made one cut inrough the
field of grass and buek. Manny's minehine doing field of grass and buek, Hamry's manhinc doing
the bext of tire two. Then the change was matle the bext of the two. 'Tlen the change was murce
ngain for reaping nind in the same time respluctagnin for reaping nud in the sane time respect-
ively nas lefore. Then buth manelinex were takien ively ns hefore. Then buth maneliner were tatien
into a wheat field. Matmy's machine cutt three awaths and with an ease of nction and perfection
of wurk, which fairly placed it far tevend any firther compectition ; thonghl McCormiek's reaper eitt two swaths und in a worknanlike mannor. Evon if the two naelhines weru equal as to the Would havo the advuntage of being the inost enin. pact, less eumbersone, and of much less weight
than MeCurniek' m , und in Mlanny's there is no than Mecurmiek's, und in Alanny's there is no
lateral pressmire against the horses as by MeCormick's ; also of licing mueh the lightest druff, imd
niore cusily adjustable to different lights of cuting, and most easily convertiblo for the two puses of reaping and suo wing.
Tlis seenied to be the
Thins secnied to to the only machine ngains whinelt their conld be no objection nyerd. We
could give no teit ter evidencee of the fuets above, than the fact that Mr. Nabie lad. upon the coiuchision of the trial, several very large utiers for the p? tents of tho machine. two of whieb we heard: for franes, and one of one hundred and twenty-five thousinds franes. We have since learited that arrangements have been made for tho manufic
urre of one thousnud of tbese muelines iu tbis city for next harvest.
The decision and report of the jury will not be pubbislsed until thn latter part of Welober, yet al ingly won by Amerieans ; and this aehievelucut calnot le lonked unon with indifforonsau as it bur
plainly foresladows the ultiuite destiny of the Neys Workd.
Remarkable Sport of Phlox Drummondii. It ia one of the peenliar foutures in vegetable physiology, that the progeny of inany plants, more or less depart fronia the origiunal cypes, ant
which is understood in botanical and florienltural phrmaeotogy, ns "sporting." In other words, that the sed sown, will not prodnce preeisely the
same type as 1 ts parcins; in sonie the difference is very marked, while in otbers it is scareely if at all pereeptible.
It is to this principle re aro indebted for mpel many of the choicest towers that deck our gar dens. It is sometimes apparent in nature's oirn sowiugs, in the woods and tho bye-ways, but more cspecially so in the nembers of the cilth
vated garden. The Phlox Drummondii, well known to crerybody who knows what a anuals are, is one of the cassa in point, and perbaps with
out oxception the finest annual grown for deco ative purposes.
Whan first introduced from this continent to Europo, not mans jears since, the color and shape prosent day, nud usually, though there were shades of difference in the color, they presented a monotonons appearaneo in the mass. Very goou
dark scarlets have long been obtained, white was generally "ranting.
In a very large Led in teo. garden of Mr. Ding-
wall, of this city, one pure white has slown itself. It is soeding freely, and well surronmled bv othe colors, so that there is hope of its becoming more
permanent. No doubc this is far from an isolated permanent. No doubt this is far from an isolated
instance as it is a plant of wide-spread cultivation; but we don't remember of baving seen ond beforu, and it is certainly far froun as common the English periodiaala for 1817, and recom mended fur planting out to produco masses of
white. It is artsinly in on wance in the and shapo of the flowers, in England, to what nd shapo of the lowerg, in England, to what
is in this country, where it was introd least into this locality, by tho lato Mr. James
Wilson, of this city. Marked differences in eolor diverences in color, cuttings, till better established, when it will pro? bably be as common as other colors. Porbaps the most beautiful of alt is tho new variegated
kind, Criterion, sceding though but indifferently Kind, Criterion, sedding though but indifferently,
while it eridently has more of the perenning Hay-A bale of hay is 300 lbs ; 100 cubic fe Hay-A bale of hay is 300 lbs ; 100 cubic fe
in a solid mow of Lay, will weigh a ton.

Wood ashes is one of the most important fer tilizers. It is casily obtained in any quantity;
ind at little expense. Take them carefully from and at little expense. Trake them carefully from
our heanths, and save theml till yoor corn and potatues liave ilsen twn or threo inclies fium the romind, and then taho unshet on your arm, an om the a nimb hainin of ancer and cast it is lo cover the ashes.
Aslies contain all the inorganic sulbstance of liese are soluble which are consscuiod ; part of hese are nolisie and part insoluvie. But to the insolubie. Thas, dissolved potash will dis-
olve siliea, and prepare it for glazing the staiko canc, corn, wheat. \&c
Not a particle of ashes should go to waste. Leaehed aslles has parted with nost of ita porssh but it still retains its plosphoric acid and most o La lime.
Ashes meutralize acids in the soil ; they warm Cold. .mossy: Wet places; they are rery destructive the coarse fibers, and stalks in comport hears render lard, clay ey soils open, loasuy and fertite Tho putahk, so iuntorinl to toost crops, cenli be
btained liero only from ashes. In granite relions. potass) is oitained from the disoolution of
he foldspar, but we have none in lhis region of ounthe leat contains a large proportion of potash. of potaine perectht, of the axh nf corn is carbonate of potasil, ollo-half
oes is pure pohsish.
Sare jour aslies, therefore, as carefully as you your erous with care, and poicess, will finly thems to rich deep green color, while grawing. and heary with nutrinent at harvest,-Ancient City.

How to Prevent and Cure Kicking Cows. A correspondent, "Old Faruler," writes thus to Cowler \& Wells' Life tllustrated:
In most cases the habit of kieking is contracted during the first month af er the cow has had her
first ealf. if as is ofter the cel first ealf. 1f, as ia often the case with well-fed it often beconies ao sore that it is impossible for the poor creatiro to stand still white the necesse poor creaturo to stand still whilite the neces-
sary milking is being done. Following the instinet of nature, ahe kickx; and linding ahe is thus for the tumuneat freed frorn pain, evintinues to do it bad mattur ls made inueh worse
It is hetter in the firat phace to tie the heifer by the beal, then sit your left shoulder gently hos firmly against her. just baek of her right sliouldir, grasp lirmly her riybt fure leg below the knee,
urning her foot up tackward till it touches aho eg. then slip on over the knee a strap, or hoop. or Curd that will contiue it fast in that position. While staniding on threc legs. shie will time it dif-
ieint to kiek se as to liurt you. Now thin a convenient sized cloth, and wet and wash the udder inill her curcfilly and lenderly as possible, using at tho same time such gentle aud nootling language as is calenlated to show her that yon do not oriolent or proroking, minind jou kiee control of your own tennper. An outbreak on your part
will as certainly be prodicetive of a bad ellect upon he cow, as ann ceho will answer your own roice, or as your image will be reflected in a mirror. Kindness, connbined with the perfect control you
haro over lier in this situation, 1 eonsider much haro over her in this situation, 1 eonsider much
the best way of brcaking them; and afler a furr tiues slio will lift her fout to be lied as readily as
tion a horse will bo slood. Continuo to nilik her ln this way until the soreness is gone, and she will find it a gratification to bo milked, will often meet you as she sees you colving with the pail, and ycu should her teats by chance get sore afterward.

Bnean from Grown Wheat.- A correspondreipe for making brend froni llour of grown Wheat: "Mix with the dough of three or four large loares, about half a gill of whiskey, aud the
brend will be light. Let those who disilike to noe whend will be light. Let those who dislike to use rbiskey, nix a small lump of butter or lard with
the dough. My wife, who is an enemy of whiskey, uses the later remeds, and we generally have light bread, alth ough our wheat was grown

Important to Subacribers of Newapapers. We publish the following lair relating to newopaper subscribera, as It may not be faniliar to all; bat as it is inportant both to publishers and subseribers that the aubject should be uuderstood by both parties, wo lay it beforo our readers and trust that every candid mind will reflect upon the justice of such a maw and do all they can to surtain it by a rady complianco with all its provisions:

TIIE LAW OF NMWSPAPBRa.
ry, are condulured no wris hing to continuo thelr shithe eon.





|  | havo charming concerts in which all voices are unught to join, and lift up to fiod the lueenne of grateful hearts for all tho groduess he showora "pon them. Musie. I think, is ono of she neces\|anries in Mr. 11.'s echool. However, all the ectiools provide tho bast instruction in this respeci. | neven of them-the largest of whlch had trenty- <br> He sayn that the Inclians, who have boen in the habist of hunting them for yeara, bave <br> killed mueb oldor ones, and klain thousands, | Padies' Elcpartment. <br> Promaturo Matrimony. <br> Marbiage ia a divine and beautiful arrange- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { How to be Boautiful, } \\ & \text { Tue following pnssago in frmm onc of Prof. Up- } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Marbiage ia a divine and besutiful arrangement. It wne not deaigned by Provilence eolely as the means of keepilig up population, or as a |
| huw they brouglit the goud news fion gilent to ali. |  | harn's letters to the N. I. Congregationelist. 110 is speaking of the Captain of the steaner in which | as the means of keepig up population, or as a mere rocial and economieal couve ence, hut as a |
|  |  | The saile, from Now York: <br> "As we were al out to gtart, I saw him move | blendiug of two splrita Into one-tho mascul'ne representing wisdon, and the femine affection. |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | to an elerated fosition aliove the wheel ; and it wins interesting to see how quickly and complete- | representing wisdom, and the femine affection. When there is a true spiritual affinity betweed the tro, then the design is accomplished. |
|  |  |  | the tro, titen the design is accomplished. l'reluature marriages are among the greatest |
|  |  | ly the insand thenght or purpose alters the out. "urd watl. 11 g gate a quick glance to every phrt | evils of the etimes; and it would not he a bad idea |
|  |  | of the slip. Ifve east his oje over the multitude | in these daya of reform if an hurry society was instituted Now-adays, peoplo |
|  |  | American ambassador to Eughand, who, if the captain may bo saill to embudy the ship, mey he |  |
|  |  |  | lenp into the life-circle with ne miore consideration than they would partake of a dinner, little |
|  |  |  | thinking that when once in, they are there until |
|  |  | person a nation's right and honor. He saw the bustunds nad wives, the mothers and ebildren | mutual amalysis of disposition, and comparison of |
|  |  | eutrusted to his carc; and his slender form, as he | taste and affections. Thes seem to fancy that, if thore ate any discrepancies, the fatal tiordian |
|  |  |  | knot, which can be seldom cut, and never united, will harmonize all. <br> The number who have felt this truth-the |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | nedrstell uy the power of inward emotion. |  |
|  |  | have offen notired this intoresting phenom- | incalculable. They recogniso it as tho great misteke of their lives. The chain to theiu is not ? |
|  |  |  | silken onc. Lut a cebile of iron that tightens sround |
|  |  |  | them more, crushing out all hope and energr, substituting hate for love, and eating out with its |
|  |  |  | rust the rery inner life of the soul. Boys and girls now merry to a greater extent |
|  |  |  |  |
| And one eye's hinch Intelligence,-ever that $g$ O'er Ite white edge at me, its own master, auk | thoughtful, wrise parents sirrink from plscing their sons at an American school, and traverse |  | $n$ weired nien and woinon. The come full grown watured nien and woinon. The |
|  |  |  | ets, and a liutle furze gathered on his upper lip- |
|  |  |  | the nursery and abbreviated frocks-think they |
|  |  |  | arc qualitied to assume the most solemn responsibilities of life, Aud so if " $P_{B}$ " and " Ma" wons |
|  |  |  | $t$, they post off to some Gretne Grecn, and take oblligations that, in ninety.nive coses |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | out of a bundred they will never cease bitterly to repent. |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | The ball room and the evening party rarely derelop seal character. Under the oxhilerating in |
| over by Dathelm a dome apire sprang white, "Gullou," gurped loris, "for Aix io in eight |  |  | the nerry squib and joke, the dissoluce joung |
|  |  |  | man many appear aniable, and the slaternly notaluveatic. Mntchee made at euoli places, or under |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | similar circumstancen, are not of the clasa that originate in hearen. They are more gonerally |
|  |  |  | The true way to learn each other |
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|  |  |  | and on oceastons thas test the temper. We 500 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ces that are atking place, in the running away |
| at lengild intu Aix |  |  | starre, and in the elopement of wives. Not only |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | eleniont of imore powerful effect upon the fibres than the pure vegetable oil per se. | made old in the prime of life, etruggling on for mere fooll and clothing and ahelter i and in wo- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Ww wo more thion hild due whobrougli good anws from Gloot. |  | £30000 crow. The French Minister of Finance, F. Magne, in his necount of the transaction, in |  |
|  |  |  | evils that result from these sinful marriages-for sinful they are. They ruin the body, corrupt the |
| the schools of switzerland. |  |  | morais, and stupiry y he mina, And the revit does not stop with lusband and wifo. There aro |
| ammestonnent of the N. X. Tribune, fir- |  |  | the cbildren. They partake of the feebleness and vices of the parenta, both phyeical and moral, and go out iuto the busy world atunted and gnarled. |
|  |  | 隹 |  |
| , |  | accouplished, and which is protably tho noost surprising that has erer been cffected at any pe- |  |
| place very considerab from this comutry. |  | riod, or in aly eomitry, will enllghten those wbo still retained doubts of the poiver of France as to | We mould not bo underetood 28 speaking |
|  | astonishment saw my friend Mhichell olanding |  | to against the institution of marringe. It is holy, |
|  |  | the extont of hor riclics and uf her credit and the popularity wlichls satachel in Europe 0 tho | bis mate or none. Let not the bravo eagle palr with the atupid owl nor tho gentlo dove with the |
|  |  |  | (e) Mith the atupid owl, nor tho gentle dore with the |
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|  |  | all countries, farmishel bs people of everg amount of fortune, will certainly be in the eyes of tbe |  |
|  |  | whole हorld the most striang and the moss undenlable tastinony of tho confidence which the |  |
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|  |  | policy of the Emperor insp-ires both in Erance and ibroad." |  |
|  |  | The Decrasie or tha Brandr Traje ann |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| ho |  | ita Probable Cacae.- Expract of a lello- ro ceired at the State Hepartment at Washington, diated La Iucbelle, France, the 3uth Sept.: Iou will remark what has never coceurred | loro is woven in a woof of gold, that no ther time not death, mor etern'ty can weter. |
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|  |  | bere before - the abieocce of all American me. troun this port for the lat six mooths. The last |  |
| n | saw me lying upon the den, he supposad 1 had | trom this port for the la $t$ six mooths. The lavt vessel that stopped here leß in December int. |  |
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|  |  | The only shap that has been in this reeinity sitice the Iss of January, was the Trenton, of Monn |  |
| y | hand and coreriug it with 2 slimy eosting, pre- | bringing lumber, and in conneq ence of the utter \|stagiatiun of te bramly tra. with the li, ted |  |
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|  |  | Staces at this -i wis ob ged to leare in baliast. Themar be a atod tr. azol have | Say beantst Le if m now milk; tr whter |
|  |  | in balast. Tha may be a plad rr. nzil have by the faiture of the crape coops for the last iw |  |
|  |  | by the failure of the grape crops for the last it yeara, the consequent it pree $f \mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{dy}=\mathrm{a}$ Hestly. it 7 emperant trure it in t- |  |
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## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

Lat abott Newspaperb.- We call the atten cion of our readers to the Jaw which relatest newspapers, to subscribers as. well an to publishers, and which cerery one should firtly understanc
There is a great deal of poetry about "dying for one's country," the glory of a "death bed on the battle field," and all that, butt statistical re corne show that the great majjority of the so.diers die of the dysentery, whict enust t, a very dif
ferent affair, A supply of Mrs. Kidler's Cordia ferent affair, A supply of Mrs. Kidher's Cordial
would prevent more than half the mortality in be Crimea,
Oux Hall)-We copy with plearuro, tho following notic
 oint to Le sure and replenish bbeir wartirube nt thes establict










 SPE $\overline{\text { PIAL NOTICBS. }}$
PRINCE'S PROTEAN FOUN'AN PEN:














"Let thuse write now who never wrote before,
And those who
whwys
wrove, $\because$ Right for Townis and Countice to vende, will be gront

tob Oxygonatad Bittera. The annexed materrent


An opinion linving been adred for of me, in consequence
 The compontion of these Bitters includes those meticicinal
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 TV Clore Anodyne Toothache Dropa, -Those wh
 pathy from oriendw on uucb occatione, will no dubbe be nuct
 Sor th the Clore Anodyne Toothache Dropt, a remedy thi
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$\frac{\text { MISCELLANEOUS. }}{\text { PERUVIAAN FEARIFUGE, }}$

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& \text { IN }
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I HE ralue of thir meviliche in in how widely knownt, end everer biebly reconmended by Physiciuns, end admtued tw be the







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## From the Army









## Notice for a Toll Bridge.





## A Gardener with Capital Wanted





## Fresh Field and Garden Seeds.





5 ardera proulplyly attended to, \&nd executed
J. P. SWEENEY \& CO. Children Cry for It !


S. P. Ruggles Power Press Manuiacturing Co














## HORTICULTURAL, \&c.

SMHW'S POMOLOGICAL GARDENS,

## 多









 Lumide the inincointe eye of thiop present proppietor, wino



















THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

ALBANY IGRICULTURAL WORKS,

 No, 52 State Strect, Albany, N. Y.



## EMERYBROTEERS

 Emery's Patent Changeable Geered Railroad Horse Powers,



 WARRANTY, ECONOMY, CAPACITY, \&c














## J.J. POLFSTMUS 


 and



and in in in whi tir:






## San Francisco ahead of the World!

Ever on, on apaco with tho Ago and Times



## MISCELIJANEOUS

CONSCMMPTUON C.IN BE C'URED


## Qini lit lit it 1 1 $:$


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 Hrzouing falsetuocity. Thustive
Them

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Consumption of the Lungs, Liver Complaintr, Coughe
olds, Aothine, Bronchitis. Whooping Cough,
$\qquad$ Weriruse. ve cinnpresent $n$ muse of evidence in pronf of our ansertion thot



tected A fure MACANAIn, of Tarboro, North Curulinn, writes un









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puinful.













| MURRAY'S WEstern house, |  |
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| Gentrmi office of the (illifuruin stake Cmandily. <br>  |  |
| Opon all Night. |  |
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 room the "Wood Lawn Hotel," Pulgne Runch, to the thove
premien, ndd is now prepred for ther reception under more

 Gemtecmen with their Ymilli
F-er Minee, dec., der will




 be ohtrunted SY STARIE is connceted with the Hotal, 5 that








Benicia Feuale Seminary. $T=10020$ -

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.


THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.


## We were tarning our thoughts to the suthject of the continual drain of specie from our State;

 and the consequences upon our industrial inter ests, when we noticed the foliowing artiele, which we eopy from the N. Y. Herald of Oct. 2d, as fully expressive of the subject. We conmend it to our mercantile community at the present time, for theday is not very distant when the influenee of this continual drain will be felt in our own country with a violenec that slall be of tervific porrer.
The impression that we shall eontinue to export specic without regard to the condition of our for-
eign trade, is eign trade, is kraduanly gaining ground. The
continuance of the war upou a seale more extelcontinuance of the war upon a seale more exten1-
sire than has yet beear realized. will watk it ne. cessary for the governments of Great Britain and
Franee to obtain supplies of gold at anys cost, and Franec to obtain supplies of gold at any cost, and
thecir fiuancial agentss will naturally
look to our reeeipts from California to meet that temanild
It has been our belief for soine tima that the outWard morenient of gold lias not been entirely
regulated by the lavs of trade The Bank or regulated hy the lairs of trade. The Bank o
England is being steadily and rapidly drained gold, and has been compelled to raise the rate of
interest to preserve its present supply. The Bank interest to preserve its present supply. The Bank
of Franee has also had its specie balance largely reduced and bunt for the importations. from this side of the Allantic, both of thesc institutions
would have exlibited a very sinall amount of gold in their runlts. The Crivea is the innel-
strom that is swnllowing up the procious met of the tirce great commercial nations of the of the lirce ereat commercial nations of the
Forld; and so loag as such nn immense army has to be sustuined in that region, so long nust gold
be drawn from the natural channels of commerce, sad serve to deraage to a greater or less exten
the finaucial and comaercint ollerations or three muritinie Powcrs. Within our own limits all the elechents of prosperity are in n sonnd and
bealthy coudition. We hinve ndded lundreds of millions to our national wealth by the crops
which hare just bcen secured, and we are able to Which hare just been secured, and ree are atbe to
supply any foreign demanul, with the raw mate-
cial rial for food or raiment. So far as this goes all ik
well, and we mary for the time benefit considerawell, and we may for the time benefit considera-
bly by the abundance of food here and the scarcits by by the abundance of food here and the scarcity
in Europe; but it is a question wbether nltimate. if the position and necessitios of ourn bect cinsturn1-.
ers will not re-act upon us, and bring about derangement and distress witlin our own limits. With all our resources, with the richness of our
harrests, with the enormous surplus we poseess
 bsck, yielding its three and four millinns of gurtil per month, it remains to be seen whecher we shall esceapo the genernl depression and prostration
$\mathbf{w h i c h}$ sooner or litter must grow ont of the pres. ent European wrar. We are cerlainiy in a position
to foel it less tban cither of the conmercial nato feel it less tban cither of the conmercial na-
tioasengaged, but we may be senfibly afected $\mathrm{b}_{5}$ tionseagagec, but we may be sencibly allected by
the absurption of our specie and tho withdrawal the absurption of our specie and the withdrawal
of tbe basis upoul which rests the prosperity' of ar
all our g -eat interests. We do no apprehend
any immoediate dificulty in our local linances. any inmoediate difficulty in our local finances,
for the $r$-ason tbat our affirs are in such a confor toed asd healthy condition. The uniscrsal liquidation of $185 \pm$ and the early part of 1855 has
been our sal c tion. Conting as it did nt the compbeen our sal tation. Conning as it did nt the com i-
meaconetit of tho European war, it placed us in meaconent of tho European war, it placed us i
a positiou of security as that war progressd. Wh are now oonprastitively safe, nnd may escape with little loss; but had the present position of things
in Europe found us expanded and in the nidst of in Europe found us expanded and in the midst of enormous speculations, the effect would have been
most dissistrous. Tbc only way to prevent or most disnsirous, Tbe only way to prevent or
sitimente the exvils which are now visiting our
European custourers, is to coulfinc our connnerciul operatruiss, as mumin as possible, to the Icgitmate wants for consumption, and leave all transactions
partaking of a speculatirc character, to sourue future and more ppopitious period.
This is
This is not the eimet to launch out into extravagant expenditurcs in any enterprise. The future
is too uncertain and $\mathbf{t o 0}$ mucl burdened with great erents to give muech encouragement to spec-
utation. It is the time for every one to kect utation. It is the time for erery one to kec
himself snug and enky, and strive to do a safe and himself snug and ensy, and strive to do a safe and
noderately profitalle busiucss, instead of a large
aad dnulgerous one and dangerour one, even if attended with the
prospect of great returns. Our security and the permanencos of our present trospccity depend en-
tirely upon stering clear of all irregular and unusual cintanglevinente, and kecping ourselves prepared to meet any coatingency. It must be
lorne in mind that hundreds of millions of our
 thon the necessities of foreign holders many
our tuarkats with them. A large ainount
ucrican scocks has sirendy been returned,
uore must soon lollow.

## ©he California yarmer.

SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, NOVETGBER 16, 1855.



## 

Where's yotr excuse now?





## The Capital E Alle AT HOME."

As the period is npproaching when the LegisStute's husiness, Sacramento will becoma a rery attractive spot. Duty, business, pleasure, each will summon men to the capital, and the city wil c the theatre of many a busy and active scene, swell ns gay nod festirc ones.
Ainong the masses that shall congregate in our city from time to time, there sill be many that take an interest in the science of Agriculture and Hortieulture, and we feclitia duty to lay before our readersall the information in our poirer upon his suljeet, by which they may bc interesterl while at the capital. We believe that the citizens of Saeranento will do all in their porrer to tender to those who reside with 11 s the coming winter the comrtesios and hospitalities of the city and to make the reason a sonree of the moxt interesting and valunble intellectunl social visitings that can be found in the whole $y$ ear.
Fisitors from abroad will find much to interest them, aside from the legislation at the capitol. There is inuch to see at Sacrnmento. in her public improvements and rapid adrancoment-tho Levec aromul the city; the Water Works, Gas Works; the Stato Agriculturnl Society's Ruoms-these last shonld not be omitted by any one that feels nn interest in the productions of our State. Agriculturists tho may visit the capital shonld raake known their arrival and record their nmmes at the Society's Rooms, and thus give their friends on opportunity 20 moot thom and oonfor with
them upon the common interest. This comnunion of mind and juterchange of practical knowledge are what is needed. A grent anount of good will result from such $n$ ineasure; a fiec past yeara all the adranced kaowledge of the past yeara thus made known fron citizen to citi-
ren, and from county to county, would accouplish onders.
Fisitors that may come up to tho capital should not fail to malke that visit onc of practical gool. For this reason Cultivators should not only risit he Society's Ilall and examine the products raised. but they should become personally acquainted with every practical operator who has made now and valuable discoveries, or cabibited vidences of skill and improvement in any of the epartments of the industry of our country.
We hope our friends from abroad will not think s locally prejudiced if wo should at this particular time ask thero to visit the auburbs of our beautiful city, and examine those cultivated spots most attractive, for wo hold it the duty of every
practical worker to seize every moment of time to gain knowledge, and although other duties may claim the time of visitors to tbo capital at his time of the yenr, yet an early riscr can enjor uch and grow wiser by such enjoyments. Ould point out as places worthy of a visit-
The "Fomological Gardens and Nurseriea" of
A. P. Smith, Esq., on the banks of tbe American

Wo urge the reader to go by all means, see the gardens, conscrvatorics and nursery, becaanot fail of cnjoying the visit and gaiaing nowledge in tbe scicucc.
Visit the Gardens of
Visit the Gardens of Mcssrs. Kuhlau \& Co., ear the Fort; there is mueh to interest thero.
Tho finc Garden and Nursery of Rev. O. C. Theelar should by all means receive a visit from every one tbat wishes to see bow easy it is to aro a good garden and finc trees.
Phera are several fine residences and fiao gardens of our private citizens scattered over the cits, that can be riewed by a morning rido, That of Gen. Ilutchinsoa, Presideut of the Socicty ; Capt, Uersin, and many otbers, from Eighth
welfth street and ncar the Amcriean rivcr.
There are many beautiful residences and culti-
to Eightlo streets, all uf which could be embraeed ${ }_{j} \begin{aligned} & \text { judging from appenranec, is tho fiaest I have ever } \\ & \text { seen } \text {; the berry is lare for }\end{aligned}$ in n $1 a 0$ oning's ride in the saddlo or a earriage; ; jecul ; the berry is large, fall, and very light eoland when ean such a ride be more joyous or bene-
fieial than at tho early morning. when the son is perceive that I have omitted to mention that we
soaked some of our whoat in siuple water, and fieial than at tho early morning. when the son is
peeping from his early bed. Onr nornings arc some of our whoat in simple water, and
ghorious and our evenings too, and we feel confi- equally as well as when pit pickle woas used. glorious and our evenings too, and we feel confi-
dent that our friends from abroad will find Saerainento all fnme has bespoken her.
The Garlen of Mr. Jackson on L street, nnd
several private gardens in that vieinity are worths
of notice.
notice.
Tha merelant, nanufacturer, meehanic, or the true artist will each find, in our mills, foundries,
manufacturing establishments and workshop much to commend, mueh to admire ; and in our artists ${ }^{2}$ studios hours can bo spent with prof and pleasure-thercfore busband your time an improve it, for thera is mueh to see
Compare our city streets with those of San Franciseo, and who gains? And visitors should not forget the raitrond-a ride in tho cars also;
there's time enough for all, to an carly riser. Go to the stables of Stevens \& Co, on Thir street, and to those on Fourth street, get their fine liorses and easy cnrriages, cnjoy our clear mornings, fine roads and beautiful acenery, and you will return to an early brenkfast nt the Or lenns, Mrs. Clarks, the Antelcpe, or many of our
first-rate Hotels, nnd be in a good state of mind to enjoy it. All our neighbors and friends whereever you call will be happy to receive you; they will show you hospitality, and you will see, know nid realize that Sncrainento citizens are "at liofne.

## Smut in Wheat

Thas sulijeet is ons of rital importanes to the Grain growers in California, and ast thc evil whie has cnised so much loss, and so loud complaint is one that can be easily rewedied, if those who are much interested will take the necessary steps to accomplish it, we call their attention to the following aa natters of momont, and ask the kindly co-operution of all our grain growers to of ua upon the suliject of Smutty Wheat, induees us to lay bafore our readers the following nrticle, which we published in March last. We re-publish it, as the season approaches for the planting of grain-the remeds' is simple and easy,
and we have faith in it, and coming from a relinble source, is worthy the confifence of the public The letter from which we now inake the extract wna published in Vol. 3, No. 10,- and from E. S
"In the Atlantic States in 180G, 1 sowed wheat (spring wheat. for at that time we raised nu other.) 'Jlie seed was obtained from a ncighbor. water, with a certain portion of salppetre (nitre) twenty-four hours. It was then drained dry and
afterwards tinlshed drying with slaked lime. The quantity sonked was not sutheient lime. The piece of ground, nnd being pressed for time. a purt
of it was sow wd with unsoak nnd unlined of it was sow with unsoaked nnd unlimed
wheat from the samo lot. The whole of the wheat raised from that soaked with pickle and dried with lime was perfectly frea from stnut Whilst that sown dry or withone piekiting and liming was nenrly worthless from samut, and our
neightuors raised from the samo seed, also sowed neighuors raiscd from the samo seed, also sowed This was, 1 think, befuro the publicution of Sin-
clair'a work, and was done from the belief that clair'a work, and was done from the belief tha
soaking in pickle prevented smmt. The lime wns sonking in pickle prevented sumt. The lime wen
used mercly to render the grain dry enough to used mercly to render the grain dry enough to had not at least made its appearance in that part
of our conntry. The next year our seed wheat of our conntry. The next year our seed wheat
was prepared in the same ninnaer, and whth the same suecess. In 1808 , not having lime, we dried our wheat (after souking it ns usual) in, ashes, and
the crop proved to be a littlo smutty, which led the crop proved to be a littlo smuity, which led
us to suppose that it might be the line that pre us to suppose that it might be the line that pre-
vented smut, and we continued preparing our vented smut, and we continued preparing our
wheat by soaking in pickle and drying with lime theat by soaking in pickle and 1818, always having a perfectly clean crop. In that year 1 soaked the sced as usual, but wet Weatber coming on dircetly after tho picklo had
been turned oll, mud fearing the seed might be spoiled if left in this condition, 1 partially dried it
witb ground gepsum (plaster of l'aris) and wben the ground was dry enongh to sow, my grnin had becomo too dry to use line, and a jortiou of it was sowed witbout liming. The plastered grain
produced a very large erop, (the largest 1 cver produced a very large erop, (the largest 1 crer
knew in that part of the country.) Unt it was sligbtly sinutty. That dried with lino had no wheat, and alrays picked and died with lime, Wheat, and always picked and
of my bnrler ficld a plant of saw on the edge of my bnrley ficld a plant of wheat that was a
come-by-chance. It was so very fiac that I secured $i t$, by putting stakea round fit in order to cured it, by putting staicea round it, in order to
ascertnin what it might prove. In tho fall, when ascertnin what it might prove. In tho fall, when
ripe, I pulled it up, and found it proceeded froni only oac kernel. Iho produco ras half a pint, or a little less, and weighed a little short of ha
a pound. I sowed it in 1851, ia drills, and its yicld was aixty pounds, although I lost somo by the fowls. I hasyonow aorred tho sixty pound broadeast, and what the yield mny ba I will let

In adnition to tho above, we present the an
For every four bushels of wheat dissolve one pound blie vitriol in water sulficient to corer the wheat, and properly soak it; let it cemain twenty twenty-four hours in the liquid, and plant when taken out immediately. The sanse process sheuld be adopted annually, and the result of
each year w 11 sceure faith to continue the same proceas perpetually.
We hope our farmers will adopt this plan, or the first named, or try both-and give their reults to the public. It is to bo hoped, that in rill adopt some method of recording their cupers nents of every kind, and also their time and wanner of planting; also their systems of plowing and planting, the depth of the soil turned, quantity of seed per acre, kind of seed, when planted, etc., and make the results known. Wo sliall bo glar to be the coediun of eoammunieation to the public,

## Shipping Wheat.

We believe our farmers are growing wise relave to the various plans adopted to affect the Grnin Market, by a class of speculators that are seattercd over the Ststo. We lave often met them and have been amused at the strategy em plojed to affect the price of grain in localitie where they were desirous of operating. They make considerable use of tho Assessors' reporto f the quantity of grnin raised in the State, and y' figures makc a large surplus.
Witha full reprort of all the countics, and a recapitulation, there will bo scea at a glance tha ur State comes short of a supply, to say nothing of the grain that has been exported; and from this anount is still to be taken the seed grain hat will be retained.
The laat dodge we haro noticed was the publication of the arrival of the clipper ship Charmer t New York, with a eargo of wheat in bad condilion, scling at $\$ 150$ per bushel. Nemember the apeculators got this nows. When theowners got their letters, not a bag vats injuret, and at hnt dite no price was named.
The entgo of whent s!ipped to England sold a $n$ lnrge profit, and this will be the result of every cargo already sent. We wish our farmers ould wait for results, with nn ejc to sco the ame that ia now playing to reduce the value of rheat. Let then nas their eyes for thair own purposes, and thcir own ears to hear for themclves; and let thom carcfully look at the quanity raised in California, and delluct from it the mount shippod, and they can sec that the deficit is inrger than has yet been munounced, and all that Orcgon can furnish will not supply what will bo wauted for seed.

## The Grain Market.

We present our renders in this issue with a valuable report of the Grain Market and its parlicular features on the first of the month, as furnished us by the house of G, G. Pope \& Co. produco dealers, San Francisco, in their circular flat datc. We publish this report in detail, a it contains many featurea relative to grain that we had urged in past months, and which are now fully serified by tho present markets.
We call particular atteation to the remarks clative to the cstimates of farmers marie by hemselves previous to harvesting, and to the esimates of the assessors; to the facts rclative to bo condition of the wheat, and to the demands from Europc. These are points that wo havo repeatedly urged. and wbich wil now result beneWo linve published the detailed renort of four, potatoes and beans, as bcing articles of large trade nnd affecting the farming interest. If sucb reports be sared on file for referance they will be
rest couvd beneficial:
The valuablo statistics which we prosont in our ssue of tbis month, with the very recent hinforAllantic States, Soutb Aurerica and Europe the per clipper bark "What Cbeer" from Australia per clipper bark "wnlly suffice to chabloer our frienda to form
will correct esti mato of the future of our grain and llour narkets.
It will not
It will not bo forgotten by those farmers who shall read tbis circular, that in estimating the
yield of their ficlds previona to threshing they yield of their ficlds previona to threshing, they
wero greatly decoived; and that in most eases, wero greatly decoived; and that in most cases,

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
 that a literal duluction sloullito matle from the
 unfit for minl ag and witl le cona ine f for distill imgal oolh- Iunpous.

 derived considerablo supplies aro nut to bo do


 and as they edvire the simultaneons arriral
seceral cargous of four and wheat, priceo liad of coursn much depreciated, thongh the shipments
fron this port, had been sold at rates handilsomel remm nerstive. The quotations of tlour were $£ 2$
to $£ 30$ at Sydncy; and at Melbonrne $£ 37$ to $£\{1$

As large or ders heretofore sent from Australin
to Chili were not filted, it is maintainud by many who ere well advised, that the present depression is snid that tho warket, whiel known; when, it sonire signs of inturovemeut, would rally.
Our own uarket, which, during the month ha
been quite inaetive. is not inpuoved by these nd vices, and while the minjority of holders show no disposition to realize at any rednction from the
rates ruling through the past week, there are no purchasers at those figurec, and soime smath lot The transactions reported during the month, do prineprasent the a have bourgt larecly, in the country, and the production of nearly all our eity mills, has becn tuken for exportation, withou appearing at all in the eurrent reports of the day
The larye orders rectived here carly in the month for forcign accumpt, being limited to rate been filled to a rery limited extent.
Loun - h he arrangentents referred to in our last by whicll the product of all our city milils
was secured, and the purchasc of nearly all sound lots from sture, left little rooum for actirity in this article cluriug the month, and we have to repor an apparently quiet market, notwithstanding that
orders werc here for the purchase of very large quantities for exportation. To the actunl want of mand, is to he atuributed ine comparatively sinall contract by one of our principal mills for 1000 barrecsat fult rates, , teliverable within thirty days at sellers option, and to the nniount of sales re-
ported lielorr, ulust also he added the yield of our orin mills, title of whieh is there incluted. Iti
genterilly supposal thant the rocent nerrs fron Australia, will check the shipments at least for tine, though there are those who consilur the
ncws as most favorablo. and as warranting farther shipmients. It is now wotl settled that we shall spring, and that the smount to conne will fir much short of lirst cstimates, whiel we have no riced licracufure. For groan superfino Hour th month at $\$ 10$ whilite the close the nuws per
"Sonora" has entirelr eliecked all trinsantions and thongh there are rumors of some luts lis vin becu olfiered as low as $\$ 8$, thase are ngain eontrn
dicted. and we kuow of no sales effected al reduce
 Gulle 50 and llixall, 4500 ; total sales, $4 \overline{1}, 100$ bble. ; exports, $21,54 \mathrm{i}$ buls.
Whent. The inost noti grain, is the marked improvement in the qualit of tho present inonth, as, connpare? Fithe thoso of the last, A good demand has ex.
isted during the month, and choice parecls have arly in the munth os hint os at 3 c to 3 1.8. And for sonue lots of supprior quality. The counties
bordering on the bay have been thoroughly call. rassed by ancents of several large houses in this
inty, and eatens ve purchases mavle nt $23-4$ in 31.8 ets. deli irorable at tho various landings, amim
it ruays be safely said that muel the larger portion of the present year's yield, is either at hand in
this city, or a maiturg transpurtation hither, har-
 Wino are not unale the necessyty of realizing, a mu
will ho dh mor a material adrance in rates. The
maill hargin betweeu wheat and harley hos it smanh uargin etweeu whwat and hariey has in
duced the taking hy disthllers of considerable
hoice parcels. which at the close ingy bo quoted
titatont $\$ 2$ क. thinght this nia $y$ the considered nominal, amali sales only being effocter. Al' of rt is making to depress tho market for the nirposo of cunc nurating tho stock, and as we
writean anction sale of loou sncks Chilc has been mado at \$1 95, with that viow, How far thin, ayempt mny succeed is dontheful, but we are con-
filent of the disposition anil alifity on the part or the principal ludders, to a wait belter ratcs in the fyture. Thongh the en tire prolluction of the
State sums up to a lurge figure, the yicld of those tirely sumsl, and after dedheting the anount ro gureal for scel. icsres a small supply for the ven thouch thic ull-river demand slonld not aneair revive. The narecls of thin grain shipped to New York found much favor in that market provin of far superior quality to thic product of the At shilpers. Keccipts sinee our last, 07,271 sks sales. 56,782; cxports, 080.
OA 7 - -llave been intluenced to a great degree yy the activity in harley, and have been in good cinand until near the close, when they share ith other grain tho dutiness consequyent upon
ight rooncy market, and ceasstion of forcion to Hand. Prices, whielh at tho openiug wero 2 t 1.8 c , advanieed stendily to 2 l .2 c till the 20th il., when a reaction took planec; and they may litule demand. Receipts, as reported, $30,50 \mathrm{l}$ sks ales. 20,764 sks.
1 Poratoes- Which werc in excess, and dull at $17-8 \mathrm{c}$ at the opening have continued to arrive in large quantities, and being almost withont excep-
tion of inferior quality, requiring immediate disposition, have continued to droop; ond at tho tose may be quoted at 11-4 to 13 ' 4 c . Withou exception, this esculent secuss this year a prey to
ho worm. licecipts, as reportcd, 42.017 scks ; ha worm. kice
BEANS - With the single exception of the sunll white varicty, have coine forward in execss of the demand. and in much greater abundance than was anticipated. eausing a matcrial deelinc. Ailvices por "Sonora" of the slipment from Chili of two carges, which way shortly ho expeeted,
have tended to still firthicr deuross Bayos. We quote, white, 7 1-2 to 8 c ; large Bayos, 7 to 71.2 c eds. 4 to 5 c. Receipss. as reported eince our lax

Wo have received the assessor'g returns from twenty-nine coumties, representing the agricinit Itral portion of the State, in rrlich they estimat entire yield of wicat and liariey at avout ur reasons for the upinion that a largo deduetion hauld bo made from these figures.
Valuable Dunation.-J. V. Jones, Eaq., of Birdsville, Georgis, has forivardod to tho Stato Agricultural Society, through J. Q. A. Warron, he following list of new and ralunble Poas:



 undee mble variciay
-"Jones Spritiod Chrm," "-s valunble grriin for tealieg tork.

 "pota, a lorge nat rigoroung rrowor- Welunhlf for nuek


Theso dino varietiea of Peas and one of Corn, ere recei.ed and will be carofully distributed Mr. Jones has directed more attention to the
Pea than ans other man in Anerica, anl has in consequence the largest and moat raluable collecon known, being over finy rarieties, all distinet. Other rarieties are promnised the Society, and wo NHow every friend of Igrien ture will bo grateful

## C. 1 Ifornia and ite Stnte Smoioty.

A Rembor agaixst the Evils of a DilaQury Post Offics.-Wo hear al manner
conuplaints against the pust office depurtment aud we know th re is great callse of cormplaint ; hut where the eril lies or who is most to hame hators hem to toll. Wo beliove postmaster Weller ators hard to remedy the eril, and we have met
Col. Ery all over the State, bard at work, and L there is still complami g. We thit \& we hare
jund out a reme ty. Ticre is an old adage, tis a rue one-" When woman wils, she wils, sou wer depend on't; sad nhen sil ernent, she wo: T, in it there's the eal on't." Jus n wolng our la fy
abocribe s, ard tro hare many, (r 1 bless them or th we thare one who, fer a long it e, failod $t$ recere the Fasmer snd we wif nt We. We
in this place and that place, lo! bolind the bo: thero were found eleven papers. They had al
been dully reecired, Gut carclossly thrown orel been inity reecured, uut carclossty thrown orer
and it woas too much trotble for the clerk to pick up a psper, Now our reniedy is. when letters and pnpera are missing, send a lady, and thero i - suleh thing an resisting her demands-sho urils, anl it is done. We hope tho clerk whe
founul those misslug papors will read this para graph and renember his duty in futiro.
Tie Solano Cuunty Lieani.n.-This nea and well printel sheet was laid before us, and at are plecsed to see a paper of this kinet in tha coulty. It is needed, and will induce an interest in tho minda of many in that vicinity for the inn county interests, and thus rosult in good. Mesars. McGecorge it Cellers are tha publishers
and we liope they will receivo numple encournge nent to continue it prosperously. We extrac he folloring from its columns :
Marble Quarry at Suisun, - A fine quarry of narble has been dlseovered in the hills north of
inisun City. A company is being forinell, and the milinncity. A company is beug fornen, and he quarry ing will be commenced early next spring
We are pleased to chronicle this eddition to thic Wesire picased to chronicle this ebelicieve that it vill prove a very iuportant branch of trade. Th
 ara to see how much more business can be ac commodated there than is already done. It is the point of enn barkation of the produce of the couny, and has for tho past few months been by har
the busicst phace in the county. Three store ro locatecl thero, and a steam flour inill is in fuht blast. If any person desires to inforni himself a to the wealtu of our connty, he can do so Suisun City.
Cheap Fare-Good Livino on Steamers.It eamnot be denied that there is some good groving out of all the noise and elamur of this oppo sition of stean companies. Thiousands go, becans the prices are lower-and thousands eat, that Lever eat before. On a trip up river a feir night since upoun the flect "Antelope," Capt. Poole, wo could not but notice tho many good things and Inxuries upon the table--there werc five varietie of tisth, tlesh, and fowl, and all the good things and as the Captain with his usual puliteness sanv due atlention paid to his gnests, we notieed the uetivity of the stevard, who, like a skillfol gene rat, went from post to post; wo conld not but apprope such order. And by tho way, realler, a jou have often traveled on this fine stenmer, le us ask: Why is the steward of the Anzelope a great a inan as the General of the Allied armie Becanso he has taken Sea Butss to Prole.
Wheat Siliphid to Enolann. - Tho Clionido has adviec of the arrizal of the bark Greentield. from San Francisco, in the remarkably lhort spase of 113 days - a passage which is the
inoro icmarkable. that off Cave llorn she lost the forenlamt with all the yards plon it; but nerer in excellent order. We undertand that thi Whext whlleh was the pionecr ahipment from here to England. paid a profit of alont 55 per eent.
on ensa and elarges, and was considerel the liest ot that had erer been iroported into that market
Tue fovernor has appointed and set apar Thursdaj; Mch inst., as a day of Thank s.giving
The fare on the California Stenm Narigatio Co.'s steamers has been reduced, for the preseant to two dollars in tlec cabin, and finy cents on deck
Worthy or SIots.- The fret that diseased lungs, even in the middle ant latter stagee of ennsumption, hare bcen carell, int repeated in-
stances, by Wistar's Balsam of Wild C herly, cat be substantiated by the strongest proo

 rrived at San Fraucieco Wc. Whe
ronglit 994 passe gers -652 male nd 129 chidiltrons Dr. Kane and his psrty, which started in the Wing of 1853, to search for Sir John Franklin,
rrived in New York on the 1lh October, in the
eskel Nent out to vessel sent out to seareh for theen under the con-
nand of Licut. 1lartstein. Kano left his brirozen up in the Arctic Sen on the 2tch Mlay hast, went three humidrod nilcs to the sen and then in
open boats 1300 miles to C ppor Naviek in Greennind, wherc aftor wnitlng for a month they were quen by a fell in with tand trannferred them to the sarching expedition under llartotoin silits of Kane's Expedition ara nuite inportant, Northt up to $88^{8}$ north, within 500 milee of the terual barrice of ice, which extends froni Greenland to the Continent. The party endured much suffiering.
it is sta
If is stated that no final decree will be entered napers from the U. S. Circuit Court, whercin ot jection was mndo by the Distriet Attorney to on-
tering a final decree, objecting that it was not in accordmiec with the opinion of the U.S. Sulreno
The San Antonio Tcxan reports that the surrey the siesinia Yallo socur the therd states ory is rich in gold ond siver Meinr lomery the other mernbers of the Bounidary survecuing

The latest official dispatehes report the south side of Sebastopol to be oceupied by detneliments
of Frencl and English troops, who have had distinet quarturs of the cown nssigecd to them.
The Russinans concentrated their forces in the northern forts, and were occasioulully fring upon the town. to which the allios replied from the tiro
forts which remained intaet (Nicliolas and Quarantine). nnd from the ruins of the other forts. 1 rince (iortsehakolf, in his reports, deseribes the Preparetions were link ing by the British and French enginecrs, by the sinking of immense
ninincs, to destroy the splendid docks, arsenals, and shipbuitding yards of Scbnstopol, and thus uproot the place as a naval stronglold. Though
hicre is no oflicial iuforuation on tho suhicetthe allied generals, for obviouns reasons, be'ng silent as to their futuro operations-thcre are va-
ioins premoonitions of a vigorous canpaign iu tho rions premonitions of a vigorous canpaign iu the The Times eorrespondent, writing on the ${ }^{2} 1.5$, is not at all sanguine that tho kussians will be of winter. Varioua luassian and presion theach counts state that the war ia to bo carred on with lie greatest determination, and that the Crimes Le Nord. of Brussels, takes a haperul vicw of journal enys: "The situation is not ondtrely to our divarirantagg, and the honor of our anus has
bren in no way compromised. Dor men will no Inicer be ouliged to oller themikellyes men will no ocaist, but will now benble to defend themselres in a close light, and sell their lives at a high cost.' The same paper states, that out of tho ton officers, the defense of Seloastopol, only a furth TuE semi-official Alutrincers.
Thes news from Constantinorple of the pub September, to the effect that the Russians L, efore Kara had eaptured a Turkish convoy of provislona, destined for the garrison, togather with A brief celegraph from IInculurg states that on the $2 i$ th September, six English vessels appoared
before Rign and bombarderl for mevera/ hours, the before Rign and bombarderl for nevera/ holirs, the

Lasteries of 1)aramunde and Virage Lonellen, Fraver.- La Preseo says that corn has at high o otations have brought offirs of sulply | rrom all quarters Large arrivals of f he eign Hour |
| :--- |
| were short $Y$ expectod. The very day on which | the articlcs about flour a ppeared in the $1 /$ niteor


 Publisiled
This werk purports to be the Life of the Right Ionorahle John Pliilpot Curran, late Master or the Rolls in lreland. We quote the following from the preface: "John Philpot Curran, one of the trueyt patriots nnd greatest men, ceer nativc of Irish soil, was the center of tbe sparkling rits. the renowed orators, the brilliant adrocates, and the honored statesman who llashed upon the darkness of his ceuntry's latest hours of frcedom y endeavered to maintain the nation ndependence which they had achieved for lier Ilis life is identified with the latest years of freland's nationality." Much new matter, principally relating to his personal life has been added o thin rolume, which is not contained in any other edition, and will make the menoir more interesting than any before presented to the pubic. In tho appendix are a fers specimens of the Curran and $h$ "to set the tablo in a roar." The work is a valuharacteristis likeness of the sulject of tho work $t$ is engraved for the first time in this country nd is little kaown, even in Ireland
Richara Ilurais." a Tale of Alabama, by $W$, the Partisan, \&c. Yublished by' J. S. Redtield

This is the second work of the now and revised dition of Border Novels, now being issued by the above enterprising publisher. Tho first one issued, Guy hivers, wo had occasion to reriew in a previous number, and the work now bofore us has still enore interesting feature in the annals of Alabama History. The author says in his prefacc: : The story is a genuine chrouicle of the border region where tho scene is laid, and of the period when the date is fixed. Itsaction throughout is fouaded on well known facts; its personages were real living zucn. Doubts havo bcen expressed of confederacy bere doserihed; but no one at all familiar with the region and period of the story can entertain a question of the history. There are huadreds of persons now living who kaew and well remember all the parties, and the geueral history of the outlawry, prevailing in the Mississijpi valley twenty years ago, cannot have escaped the knowlelge, in some degree, of ever inhabitant of the Southwost during that period The work is very exciting, and will be deoply in terestiag to every lover of Simm's works. There
are two other stories, "Border Beagles," and "Beaucbampe," which bolonged originally to this annamed family. These are to succeed lichard Hurdis, and will soon be publisbed, uniform with the others. Now is a good opportminty to obtain complete and correct set of the alost popular romaaces of the day.
"Little Nell." fiom tho Old Curiosity Shop of New York:
This is the first of a series of voluncs for the young, which was announced in our columms a short time since as being in press. It is denigned to supply a want mucb felt at the present day-a class of books for the yomg, of $n$ ligher grade than is usually furnished. The writinga of Chas. Dickens havo beon selected as a basis of the scheme, on account of the well known excellence of his portrayal of children, and the interests conaected with children, qualities which have giveu his rolumes their strongest hold on the hearts of
parents. Little Nell is a happy selection, and will parents. Little Nell is a happy selection, and will
be eagerly sought fur. The rentaining volunes will doubtloss prove very attractive. Wo will gives the series in our next. In the meantime, get a copy of "Little Nell."
Cora ana the Docror," or Revelations of a Physiejun's Wifo. Published by Jolin P. Jew-
ett \& Co., Boston, and dedicated to Dr. John: Jeffries, of the same city :
It is a wouk whici! ususi ve seen and scudted, sc be appreciated, and those who have read it once will read it a sceond time, as it is werthe a place in any library. The author remains incognito, and much curjosity ia erinced to learn her naine. The object of the work is to make known the duties and responsibilities is $n$ good family physizian, aad hia claims to the gratitude and respect of society, and shows what he may do to alleviate spiritual as well as bodily maladics. The hook is a decply interesting one, and its decp usesulness asill secure it a large and rapid sale. Te strall allude to it again in a future nuinber.
"Asy Lee," Ly tho authoress of Uur Parish,
is lite title of a new rook of great merit and in-
tercst, shortly to be published by Browa, Barzia

tions which press of matter olliges us to defer till our next. Also, new and valuable magaziuts
all of which will reccire our earlient attention.

One of the OLnest Farmenas in the Torla. U1r. Baggers Bagley has purclased one hundred Wrich lie intends actuling upon and improving. nd i.s stili an anetive nold industrions poionecr, in he enjoyment of cxeellent henlth. A patent will
hortly be issured te lim from tho Gienoral Land Office.
Importation or Cattle.- Soine forty head, mosty Siort Horns, arrived from England at Mr. Alexander. of Kentucky, and Messrs. Becarr. Morris, spencer. and Broos s. of New York. Sev he inte snle of Mr. Tanqueray, of Ifendon Eng-
and. They are very fine animalis ns a lot. Gave diderneys and Ayrshires canne over at tho At Gab Day's Work.-We learn from the Siner's Journal, that on the 18 th dav of April
ist. eight thousand forur hundred and five tons of coal, in 1,116 cars. were weighied on one or Fnirbnuk's track senles in use by the Mine llitl Pa.) Rnilrond Conpany,- - Whichi is abont 1 , (Moo Onis more than was eree weighed in a single day
oefore. Abnit one-third of the time was not occupied, Allich would give the capacity of the senles for a colistnnt day's work at aboit tirelve Lhousand tons. This scale is the longest ever
made by the Messrs. Fairbanks, and probably the madc be the Messrs. Fairbanks, and probably the
oingest ia the world. it being one hundred and inelve fiet longer than an ordinary city lot. nnt
anpable of receiving and wcighlng at once, and capable of receiving and weighing at once, nna
with a siugle weigh-heaun, a traing of eleren cora baded with conl. $-N$. Y. Triburie.
Duty on Tonacco.-No huticle of commerce Rys a duty so enormous, compareel with its home pnimportant part of the revenue, of alnost every mpert a ty is threc shillings stelion ( erat ive cents per pound-aboint twelve hindred per ant upon the original cost-and two dollara por pound on tuanufictured tobacco, thuls for what lars, thee pray to thelr own Guvernment. for the rivilcere of using it, twenty-two million of dolAmeriean producer for all thie tobacco exported
Ans the to every part of the world! As might be supp-
posed. tie most stringent hiws corern ts introposed, the nost atringent liws govern its intro-
dinction into that cutntry'; and a large feet of Cssels and a heay vinarine are suppurted to deA Cheap Dishergetor - Prof. Nash. of Amherst Coltere, gives the fullowing formula for making what may be termed Ifone - ninde
Chloride of Lime: Take one Larrel of lime and one hnshel of salt, dissolve in as little water as will dixsolve the whole; slack the lime with the
water, putting on more water than will slaek it.
 hot tuke all the water; pilt on, therefore, a little of tho remaincler daily until the lime las tniken
 chloride of lime, but a very powerfil deadorizer,
equilly good for all out-floor purposes with the解 article bought nt the apothecrivics, and costing not onc-twe entieth part Rs mucit. This shound
he kept under a slod or some oint-building. It
the should be kept moist, and it may bo applied whencerer offensive odors are generated with the assurance that it will be effiective to purify the
air, and will add to the value of the alanure vnuch inore than it costs. It would be well for every
farmer to prepare a quautity of this and have it farmer to prepar
al ways on hand.
Wha Fruita in Nearabka. - Never in our ife did we see the prospect for such an ahundince of wild delicioins fruits as aro at present
indiented. Already the fragrant strawberry be gins to oxlibit its scarlet hues as it luxuriates anid tbe luxurious vegetation. Tho most desira-
ule and delicious fruit is found erery where in ble and delicions fruit is found erery where in
wild abnndance, amid tbe woody lawns, valleys, and on the skirts of the prairies
The gooseberry, amid the brushwood and in
he dell, are abundant this season, and aro nearly lit for use; they are of an execllent, large, snoouth ve for use; they are of an exeellent, large, sniouth
variety, nea' ly eqnal to the English gooseberay so much admired. In the copsewood and thick ct the plum tree every where abounds, and is
oow laden with fruit in miniature which ripe, is quite as large, rich and delicious as many
taine or cultivated varictics. They tony when gme or cultivated varicties, They rasy whin
growa bo gatherod by the wagon load, and easily rowa, vo wathout a pound of sugar- inerely re-
pueserved wide
quing scalding nrd being put away in the sanie iquid. Raspberries ulouad iu great profusion, and nover miss a crop of berries, which are whole-
some and most excellent. They may generally some and most excellent. They may gener
be found among open timber in ite ralleys.
This soil and elimate appear to be especially adapted to grapo growing, through the timber in tho hotiom lands and valleys of upland, there are thousands of natural vineyards; in the aoason,
the vines are loaded with a medium sized, juiey, black grape, which has an excelleat flavor, and is
rieh and sweet. 'There aro also black currants rieh and sweet. 'There aro also black currants,
hawberries, thornapples, together with several other varieties of fruit. Ilickory nuts, hazle a uts, and black waluuts, generally grow in atundanco. Thcre is no doubt but that nearly all tho varieties of tame fruit will grow here, and meantime there
is wild fruit in abundance, if properly saved, to
 Maxy vears ngo, the giod ship "Cleopatra arised
passengers froun the Emerald lsle. Among the
number were wo young bell from Tyrone, who number were two young men from Tyrone, who come with their bilmone brides to seek their for tumes in A merica. The latter had grown up side
hy side from girlhood and wero intimate as sisters. The foriner were no less intiuate and at thahed to encll other.
The nauncs of these adventurers were Terence
Leary aull lis wife Jargaret. and Andy 0 'Slane Leary aund his wife Margaret, and Andy 0 Stlane
and his wife 1 Bidd nud his wife Biddy, or Bridget The first dide
of coming to America liad been sugkestod by Leary. Who was a quick, iutelligent roung man
and bad concei red the notion that a fortune was to be made in the newe country ncooss the At thntic frum whiel ever and anon wero coming the most inspiring intelligence to the onterprising and annLitious, ITo had been during two or three year Nagaty his wfir had for some time acted as mait ing inaid. O'slhane wns a draper's clerk ; he had been better edrreated than Leary, both as regards school and home education; and the same corrld be said of Bridget in comparing her with Mar garel. Notrithstanding this, the young men and their whes, as as hecin sald. were thinnato friends,
and when the mater of going to Ancrica was decided upon hy Leary and Maggy, Shane and
Biddy were not long in walking up their mind Biddy were not
After settling for their passage and entering
the vessol in which they wished to anil, their join in wheh hey wisheed to anil, their This was to le the basis of their fortunes in the New Worid. Leary; who was a great deal mor talkative than his friend, had $n$ great deal to say
about what they should do in Anerica. He proabout what they should do in America. He pro-
posed that they sbould unitc their interests aad stand by cachl other in geod or evil fortuno.
"that l'd divide me last crust with yecs. on
 das. And Maggy has t,
bless her sweet soul! ",
-To expressions.of thia kind tho more thoaght ful and reserved, but equally warm hearted Andy would reply, that "hine he could lift a hand or earn a penny the friends cf his early years
be as the members of his owa household. With such feelings, and in mutual confidonce the young emigrants linded ia Baltimore, wher they soon made the acquaintaneo of soine of their
own ceuntrymen, and gained a little information own countrywen, and gained a little information
in regard to business and the prospect before thern. Neither of these were encouraging. Lcary was the frrst who obtained
employment; it was in the capacity of latorer in digging out cellars and foundations for houses digging out cellars and foundations or houses
about being erceted. This was several weeka after their arrival, and wben their few sorcreign had become mucd' fewer than Thea tbey set thic
foot in a land of strangera. It was aomo time after this before O'Shane gol nnything to do, and
this was not until he had secn nearly his last this was not until he had secn nearly his last
farthing. During the discouraging period that elapsed between the finding of work by Leary elapsed between the finding of work by Leary
and tbe getting of employment by O'Slyane, no bis lust crust with bim and Biddy.

A single aovcrcign remained of the ten which made ip, the entire weath of O'Shane when l:e
landed in the Unitcd Sates. and lis chances of getting something to do seemed no better than at first. Tlus suvereign lie determined to in rest in sundry sinall rarcs, and try what he could do in
peddlling thenn ahout from house to loouso pediding then ahout from hoise to house. In
his was more successful than hie expected; his this he was more successsiul han he exprected; hirs
profits were, froun thi yirst, enough to meet his
rmall expenses, and aflierwards to profits were, froun lie lirst, enough to theet his
kmall expenses, and afierwards to gradually in-
crease lisis stock in trade which, from being only the ralue of a sovecigil at tirst, was in the course of fuw months, worth many sovereigns.
The dizging of cellars was hard work, mucl harder thun attending to a gentlcman's garden,
and Leary, as soon as he sav that O'Shane was doing so well at pedding, hecanie so much dissatto give it up and try wliat he conld do with the "pack." He had nenrly five sovereigns laid by,
and was abont investing these, under the advic of his friend 0 'Shane. in grods suitable for the cracke or a peripatetic cealer, when he was taken
sick, and lay ill for soue weeks, llis sick, and lay for some reeks. his expenses
and doctor's bill, during this timee took away all
of his little capital, and he was allout returning with soured spirit to his sparde and mattock, when
$O^{\prime}$ ' o'shane sencrously offered to loan him enount to make a fair startas a pedditer. With grateful
feelings this kind teader was accenter feelings this kind teader was accepted. The interests of the two young men being now
worc really united than they had vet been, and as beth were required to be much from home. a small house was taken between them, and their
fanilies united in order to lessen lannilies unted in order to lessen expelise. This arrangenent which period both Leary and $0^{\prime}$ 'shan
half, during whic reaped a very fair harycst on their labbors. A the end of this time the therner, having saved
abont thrce hundred dollars, laid by his pack and opened a "grocery and liquor store." About the same time a situation at the South, with a very
fair salary, was offered to O'Shane, and acceptal by hin. At this point, the ways by which the
two friends were to travel in the world, dverged. They parted with many sincere cxpressions of friendship. and mutual pledges. to sid each othor
in any finture extreneties, if tbe poirer to do 50 in any fint
remained
With three hundrell dollars, shrcwdness, iadustry, and cconoiny in personal and fimity ex penses, success in tho ." grocery and lignor busi-
ness was a thing certain. Six j jears from the dny ness was a hing certain. Six years from the day
Leary putt nip his sign, he sold out ris shop and croceries in general. but runt and whisley in par tieular, on Bowley's wharf. IIe wast then rorth some ten or fiffecen thoussnd dollars, nuld deeinod it but due to his incrcased iniportance as a merhant, on ossume a style or living rather more ina grog. Slon. But eren in graifing his pride,
Leary was enitions not to put the min in jeepardy. A henso nt lour hundred dollars rent, and five or six hundred dollars laid ont in parlor and some additional clainber furniture,
eovered the length and breadli of his oxtravagance at thix era of his history. During the O'Sheie of this perind, he had heard nothing from the place of his destination, he had found nill as ion lie had acceptud would enable hial, if be kept his health, to lay up somothing.
The clange that had passed orer Terence Leary in ten ycara "was quite rennarkable. When be
landed froin the "Cleopatra," he was a fair specinen of a rough, healthy, coarso. Joing Irishman nd retained this appearance until he got bohind is own connter, at which time a grandal process
transformation cormnienced. The corduroy transformation commenced. The corduroy tousers gave way to cassinct pants, the coarse
roundabout to a long-tailcd coat, and the senal-kkln eap to black beaser with ns stinning surfaco $;$ the stout, well greased brogans that had carried bim many a mile, over rough roads as well as smoot rore in their stend; they were the first blacked
 dress, Leary, at first, scarcely knew h himself but
he was aot long in forgeting that ho had ever he was ao long in forgecting that ho had ever
rorn any garments of inferior quality. The conrorn any garments of inferior quality. The con-
stant attendance upon customars with stant attendance upon customcrs, with thic neces,
sity of handline himself all the wions sity of hnnding himsolf all the varions conmmodi-
ties which he had to sell, prevented Leary from making any further material alterations in his esery-day external appearance, until he ceased to
be a retail dcaler, and wrote himself "a ve a retal dealer, and wrote himself "a me:-
chant." At this period, the change in the mea chant." at thir period, the change in the man
was very ppparent. IIe atood at least two inches higher; the reason was, his chin had become ele-
rated precisely that much further above the point here the collar bones rest against the sternum le shared, or was shaved every morning; ther was a time when once or twice a week was
deemed sufficieat. His linca was faultless, and hanged every morning; histlack cont and pank A ferm jears more, and Terence Leary, Esq., nc of "the first mearchants") in the cit nc of "the first merchants" in the city. A por-
er, laboring man, or clerk, was now treated by him morc liko a dog than a human being. He had no syinpathies whatever with the poorer lasses-actually despising e
sessed of golden attractions. One day, it was twellty years from tho time
he ways of the young trishmen became dirergent, Lenry was sitting ia his counting-room,
when two anatices of the Emcrald Isle, a nau and womnn, entercd the store. They were plainly
ut not roughly dressed. Lears reagize in an instant; they were Andy nud Biddy
O'Slinne. Tbo sight mof then did much pleasure, espocially is thero were preseas
in his counting room tro or three merchants of
tho "first tanding."



## 

 pushing on past the ele1k wlio triud, but in vain,
to keep him back. To the ensternotion of the merchant. O'Sthane
ad Ibiddy enterel toldy into lin countine- rooir the former extending lian hand as he sulvaneed t hinn, and snying, with a voice of
"T'crence, zuoul, how are jooa?

But Leary hixcla a coll, repunksive look upon hi: old, warnin
hisk hand.
and
Andy U'shanie? Didn't we cone froun ol tyrone? bless the dear soil! and wan't you a girchener's man there, mind I a draper's clerk
And wasnt biblly, here, and your own wift. Maggy, as intimato as born sisters?
Lenry, mon, tont ye know vo now?
"thie Trishman spoke with enthnsiskm.
"Go 'way, man g go 'way," snid Leary, turning his head oull waving his hand for O'shane nnd his mife to retire; thero is a time for all things and a place for all things.
thanged, and lie drew himself in wishman instantly changed, and he drew himself up with dignity-
"(io 'wny, d'ye say, Terence Leary ?" ho plied ;" go "ray, is it now? It wasn"t so Teddy si.en ye got the fever from liard rork, in the ho
sing dig' cellars. and spent all y'r moner mit the doctors. Oh no, it wasn't go 'way then, Teddy It wasn't go iray when I loaned yo elvo sore
reigus to fit ye oult for a tramp with the pack and helped ye on till y'r feet after the sickness Oh, no it wasn't go 'ray then, Teddy. But
never mind; the world is wide, aod so, good-bje never mind; the world is wide, aod so, good-bje
till yees. Come, Bidyy."
And O'Shane turned and walked slowly awny And O'Shane turned and malked slowly awny
with his wife. Leury was angry and inortified bey ond measure
at this interview, by which forner low associntes nt his interview, beuphions were ex posed to two
and former luw ocenpations wer or threc dignilied niercliants, whoo pitying lis embarrassed position, soont withdrew
binn to his no very' plensant rellections. Mlrs. Margaret Leary's was no lesss outroged b the nssurance of their old aequantences, when
her hustand related what hud happened, than had bcen Mr. Tereneo Leary biniself. "We'll hivo 'em thrusting thenselves upon
us, I suppose, next thing." Biddy ras always bold and forward, and neerer had any scuse of propricty; but she will not want to cotve licre
luice, if sile connes once, I can tell her." wice, if slie eones once, I can tell her. Leary was informed that thero was a woman i the paryor that wished to ace her.
"Who is it?" whs nskecl.
"She says her namb is 0 'Shano.
The color instantly inounted to the lady's faec. "Thell servant went back to the parlor.
"Mrs. Leary is not at home." Mrs. O'Shane
"But youl told ins," roturned Mre that she was at home"
"I kuow," seid the
"I know," smid the wniter, rudely, "but I find
that she is not nt home to yous," "You told lier nuy name?" no yone"
Yess."
"What did you say it mas?"
"Mrs. O'Sline."
"Res." Mrs. O'Shane.
"You are certain"
Tho visitor rctired slowly, with, her cyes cast dine friend of here enrly years, the collupanion o her carly trinls, the partuer of her caply hopes
and fears, to meet with whoun, and to find affection unclianged, had been the dear hope of many sears, lad turned coldy froun her.
"Not at home to me. 'Tried an
"Not at home to me. Tried and found want-
ing. Ah, well! botter to know this than take by the hand a false-hearted friendl."
Leary and his wife were no lietla disturbed by the occurrence just retated. Tho assurance of
O'Shane end biddy in supprosing that they could now have association with thew, waa surprising;
and tbeir presumption in thrusting themselver and tbecir presumption in thrusting
forwarcl, an unpardonable offenco.
Daya and reeks passeal by, but O'Shaua and
his wife came not asiin ucar the old friends ot other daya wbo wished to forget thelo. Tbia wa a reliof to the Leargs, who lor nema time after lived in drend of another visitaciou.
In tbe western part of the city, among a num-
ber of elegant housca in the procesa of orcetion. one larger and more indicative of the aubstantial
ity of its orner, went stendily up from besement ity of its orner, went steadity yp from basement
to cornice, and stooul fort to tha ree an ojject of duniration, and a proor of weasth in the builder
"That wil be a splendid residence." skuid Lear 0 a mercantile friend, with whom ho happenad to bo ralkins one Sunday a fermoon. "I Eponder
"It is said to ba for a New Orleans merchant of great wallth, who thas rotired from boaness,
and intends resid ng hare fr r , the purpose of educatiug bis younger ch tren.'
"Ah! do you know henne?"


 nolbing. way not entiroly sgroentle to Mr. Leary He dutl not want peeple to know that he inu
cone up from the lower classes in cociety, and fondly imaginel that this was a secret $k$ nnwn to
ont few. A refe ence to the faet, therefuro, wan out few. A refe ence to the fact, thereforo, wa
like throwiug cold water upon hiou. "lare gou met him ?" u-ked he, becauso
mas necessary to say semuething.
" lien. He is a plain, limt very gentlenianl
 nolling that maiks the purse-pround riel man-
no upstant arroganec in hisa clanacter. I wish 7 coulif rementer his mane, but nus matter. It in
$0^{\prime}$ soinething. $0^{\prime}, O^{\prime}, 0^{\prime}-n o$, I eannot get it. a sonething. $0^{\prime}, 0^{\prime}, 0^{\prime}-$ no, I eannot get it
By the woy. Mr. Leary, I belicro he is a a countryman of yours, anm that retwinds me of a first-rate
story I heard ef him. It is capital! One of the vest things that has occurred for some time.
Hare you henrd it ?" "No." "Well, it is first rate. Some twenty or thirty cara ngo, this gentleman arrived in our country cin his wife. green from ireiandi, They came in grale in societs, one 1 believe was a gardener.
and the ocher had been in a draluer's store, and caime to seek their fortunes. A feris sor cercigns
each were all they pessersed. Both tho vien and eaeh wero all they posserssed. Both tho ulen and
their wives had lueen friends from early jears: heir wives had been friends from early years, coming to this country, they pledged a lasting Fiendsbil, and a lasting interest in ench other's elfare. For a tine their way in life lay aide by
ide; but there was soine things in tbe conduct side; but there mas soine things in tbe conduc
of the friend of this $0^{\prime} 0^{\prime}-$ what's his name? D'Shene! Yes, now I bave it. O'Shano is his Dame, Mr. Leary."
The merchant. who was so full of the good story, did oet obsolve the marked effiect tha announcement of this name had upon his auditor He ivent on-
of his liane noticed some things in the conduct of his licind that he did not muelh like; as. for instinee, when fortune smiled a little nfon him.
he was distant toword O'Shane and wiil nothin. he was distant toword O'Shane, and wnid nothing fore ; but when things looked dark with lime avd bright with O'Shane, he was exceedingly glad to bask in his friend's, se washsince. sitill. notriththanding this, O'Shane was athacherl to him. and the werld as peddiers, O'Shane loaning lis frient who hind spent all his monoy in sickiness, enongh to get a weill-filled pack. In order to lesson ex-
penses, they rented a sinall lionse, and their wives penses, they rented a small lionse, and their wives ivel togetier while they were aws.!.
"At length, the friend saved enough to set up
grop-slion, and $O$ 'Shnue accepted a situation at he Sonth. They parted, and never met ngain lutil six monilis ago-twenty ycars having apsed siluec thcy soparated. bie fiemi madic enough money in a few years, by solling grog, to
cet into n more decent and respectallo business ret into n more decent and denter. and is now, I am epresented as beiug exceedingly prond of his position in society. at the smane time that ho is laanghty and overlecaring to those in humbler
eirchmestancea. With hin, 1 silprose, as with too circimstancea. With hinim, 1 slippose, as with too nany others, tnoney, nt worth, maken the man.
" O'Slinne, who was a far worthier nian. puash'd ahend a: the South; not by solling rwin. fowerer
the was above that-but by fair and honoratle -he was above that-but by fair and honorable
trado. 'lwo yenra ago lio went to N'ew Orleans, trado. T'wo yeara ago ho went to New Orlenns,
having amassed about lify thousand dollars in Charleston. andl entered into the colton brokeraga usiness. fow which ho retires ion honestly made. But now for tho glst of the story. O Sbane had not sects or heard dircet rom
his friend for fifieen years; lint he miderstomd how he was gecting alourg, andl ascertaintel on his arrival in Baltinore that he knew nothing of his altured fortunes. So what do you thiulk ha does $i$ IIe know thant if bo caino as the possessor of halif a million, he would be receired with open armo, ad he would never know whe ther 2 apark of oid
and truo regard remained. IIe therefora deternined to test his friend. In order to do chis, a ew days a Rer hia arriral in the city. he called, in compaiy with Biddy, lis wife, both planly but
not moenly dressed, at tbe store of tho merchant, and elaimed acequaintanee. 7 \%o or three persons happened to be present at the time, and, I sm
old, they described the scene as rich bey ond enyhing thicy had erer seen. The merchant did not noir them, and 0 'shane to refresh his memory, eminded him, in an assumed brogue, of old Ireand, and whas thay had been there, and of their early struggles in this country. It is side he
spoke with mulh feeling. But the outraged marbant bid him begone in a towering passion. "Afier that, U'Shane'a wifo called 10 see the friend of her early years, hoping that she might
not be as badly cbanged as her husband. She soi be as baiy coanged as her husband. Ahe
 "It ws evough. $0 \cdot$ Shane sew that his old Iriend was unwortioy of hia re
bim hereafter as a stranger."


Leary knew it too woll. And he also kaow
 arrogance; ;hinle shano was respected her and tering qualitices as a man-his true heart and
comul lunal, as much as for his wealth. Ile never
forgavo D'Shane in his heart for what ho had

 then preople would introdice them, whieo they
would bow with cold politeness, as if they the herer seen exch other before. Mis. Leary and Mrx. U'Shanu also met ocen
Biddy and Mlaggry no more
Fhuts of Tempenaner.- $1 \%$ now alludo to Lie fruits of the carth, as ther appoar froin year as jear. More nid inoro aimeniant in our nurke templeranco ennse. It cumnol be denied but tha districreased cousimplition of fuits in the mining of alcoloolic actually drinks. The citizen, the minert, th raveler, whin but a feer years sinee could ace bnt little else than drinks in snme shape, to gratify his appretite lietween regnler menls, low sees a
aluovit every step along our sidewnlks, a variety of most tempting fruits; apples, pears, grapes and penehes, und the odd bit or two that formerly found its way into the pocket of the vender of drinds, now goes to the fruit dealer; and we are construined to belicte wilh the mest benefieial esults. not only to tho morals of the consumcr
but to his that ripe fruit in rensonatle quantities, is enninently conducive to health, a and consequently long life, as it never excites the evil passions of our
noture noturo. Tho philanthropist, thercfore, who is
rendy to devotu his time to the well being of his rendy to devote his time to the well being of his
fellow-mon in California, cannot do a bettcr aet follo w.mon in California, cannot do a beltcr act,
or one that will le productive of more good to the constimer of a bit's worth of "suthin," and his own poeket, than to become the producer of frivits for poeke, non-producing occupants of the mining distrieta non-placincerville occupants
The Happiest Senson-Ata fostal party of old and young. the questlon was asked-" Which
senson of life is the most lhappy?" Affer being depply discussed by the gnests, it was referred for onswor to the huat, "pon whom was the burde of forrscore ycars, Mo wased il they had notied a grove of rees cetoro tic chwelling, and said
"When the spring comes. and in the soft air the buds are breaking on tlie trees. and they are corcred with blossoms, think, Hone leauly ah in
S'pring! And when the Sumner coules, smid covers vile trees with its lieary folinge, and, sing-
ong ng birds are among tho brancen dutumn louds
beauliful is Summer! H'lien them with golluen frrit, and thecir lcares bear the gurgeoins tints nf frost, , think, How becautiful is
iulumn! And wrlien it is sere winter and thera Aucumn! Ald whien it is scre winter, and thera the lenfless lirauclies, as $1 /$ never could till now aull see the stark aline.

## Fiadies' Dicpurtment.

sonnet To THE The Califioreale Fanmer.
Marbicic Oak, wheo firtet tonw
Thy , tarely form, and aprondlog bough.
My oull inspined a peanlo ame


While 1 admirod bery tacely form.




 Imwn treveler fink mod aink
 Bathed hio hr w, 1 gove bira difal
Ao blowellope he throked for me. TBere the oruer rabin rurres baer youary The marrawn mog ber matex wong Op iby petermatarm no wr or. "Siver." obe mid and mines os on
 Tbe cynor Lumber burned my cor:




Who thatl we cal fir friends? Are theo



nire. Turely and fortunata; offering fricnut
coondenco. unseught? ono that leads yonl new and pleasing theme, beeause they chry jour roapcrity in your good eld well known, welt t laten irack, boking to lure jou on, erying sofeSuch will conne quizzing and peering into you. poot liff, ansiling and clinging about your pathway in a manuer that you ennnot courlemn ; stini our feel a clill freezing the warm blood tbat ould burst frow your heart.
No, doar reader, they seek but to know the ficarl your prize the noost ; and, if found, they will then place yoll upon the mildeir slialf of cold neglect, and const you the anddest relie there. Rather give mo a friend that chides and robukes rith the savority of a faithful father ; aylupathizes rith the tenderness and kindncss of a fond
inother; ono that pities and cheera like an affic-sionato sister, and councils and condeles with the Dont a nolle ioarted brother.
d sulieas there are fow of us now in this bright and sunny clinie wbo do not aonetimes think of hose good old teated friends, that clustered round our ehildhood'a boune, of the kind band that in sickness smoothed and turned our bented pillow ; and bowcerer rude the exterior of that friend, they touched an Eolian chord that vibrated a tender responae and wove a golden web. How strong re felt with all thoae chords of friendshijl twinigg around our hearta. When aicknens assniled us we did not despond, for vory 5000 wa would hear at our door the well known tap of a brother or neighbor that had come with anxious hearts o know ench untold wish and to cheer us with hheir preaence and kiod words, ma king us forget half our anguibh aod suffering by thoir angel visita.
But hark! I hear somo atroog, unthinkiog man reapond: "Iocvor knew the want of such
childish petting!" But if that man falla sick and does not feel gratoful for tho hand that smoothes his pillow, bathes his brow, aod obeys enct hasty aummons; then that maan lias no human heart for me, for I would crown sncle a friend with memories over dear, and the true heart would asik no grenter boo
Fair render, look about you aud seo whero you can make yourself useful. Not alisays with your gold ; but in ways that will call forth meluories more lasting s and love and friendship wore durable than conld be bought with all tho gold the placera hole. Thua you with bave 'performed a noble mission, and will wave for jour trom a lanrel wreath woro fair than the maid of mammon ever wore. And in your doelining yonrk, when you shall take a retrospective viow of your life, your reward will to groater than to possess tha golden inines of tbe Sierrns.

Thoy ceem to un lite angele anot from God,
But ii our henta forget tho magte wand,
in kitadncess wiedded by some lordy hand,
 IIslen.
The sinole Toman. - Tha aingle woman is as mportant an element of privale and sociable lapPiness as the luarried one. The utilitica of each
are diflercnt, but tooth sra necessary. The single lady is, in souva points of view, placed in a position of adrantaga. The $\mathrm{F}^{2} \mathrm{fo} r$ igns, or ought t
realgn har centrato aud coofina har regards, wishes and ob jects to ber choren compranios, and to dowectic claims and scenes. Sbo has quitted the puble
 has become part of a d tieet and so rate pr
prietsry. B it the u rried Indy rmains sin

 cety at largo, alic is alwave lerost mitr er



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 never picued to know of ereluedy that will never fail to quice forever
the uanoreciful oftiender. The coumfort that stould be sought


 [b] Bronehitis and Congh Curad.
Dr. S. W. Fowle-Denr Str: Having Lecustrow, Aubled fora cos. 115.

 culty. I deem it but justice to ooy thut nuch for the henefit of


 strestsid by all Druygisis.
Ther Oalifornha State Agrlonthral Soclett's Rooms.The e foom of tho State Agricultural Sociery wre located on
Fourth street, between $J$ wad $K$, wbero all who are inter-
 Screrall hudrcd opecimens in all departina nts nre on exbi.
bition cuneturtly, mud it is the object of the Society to muke

 -
"UNCLE SAMIUEL. Lterataro, Politice, Arkty, Sciences, and Amusemint,




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American Kotal, Booicia.






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## ST. MARY'S HALL, Sonoma.

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valuable agricultural books， JOHN F．JEWEIT \＆CO．，Boston， And liry wle：tyy oll the Bmime：Allme．
Dadd＇s Modern Horto Doctor，
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 Cole on the Disenses of Animele

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Leuchard on the Hot Hoase．
リイル МU，Cult Tile and Venti－u

 or Cloching，Farninhing Goodsh we，te．


## To Farinerid Hotel Krepora，ltanelieras \＆Othern $13^{\text {RAl }}$ ，（W，\＆

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## GOLDEN GATE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE．



## varietics

Tue Great Solar Eclipse of Sefpembbr 29, 1875.-Twenty years frou this norning. says
the Boston I'raveler of the 29 th Sept., there will the Boston Traveler of the 29 th Sept., there will
occur a soliar eclipse, which will be annular in occur a solar eclipse, which wil be annular New
this city, and central in part of Vermont. New ITampshire. Maine and Nova Scotia. In Boston thampsinn will tise about twenty-five minutes before
 hailf past seren. This will be the last central celipse in any part of New. England or the Mlidule States during the remainder of the nineteenth century. Indeed, in the course of the next forty-
five jears there will be here but cight e.lipses of the sun in which the obsicuration will exceed six 18G13
1860, July 18-(Probably) total in British 1865, Oct. 19-Annular and central in North and Sonth Carolina
1809, Alng. 7- Total and Central in Firginia 1815, Sept. 20-Annular and central in Massachucetts, Jaine. dic. (Probably) total in Texas, Lounsiana, and Cuba.
1885. March 16-(Prohably):nnular in Oreron. 1892, Oct. 29-(Probably) annular in East
1900, Jay 20-Total and central in Tirginia. "Cleanliness is next godliness," appears to he the tnotte in Wisconsim. Tho Niles Ettquirer who, while bathing in the river, discovered, after an industrious "sernb" of his person of ahout five minntes, a pair of drawers which he had lost two years previous.
"Will you takc something?" saidl a teetotaller to his fricnd, trlito atanding near a taverm. "I
don't eare if I do" was the repty. "W'ell," snid Frank " "lot's take wathe."
Svooks wonders where all the pillow cases go to. Ilo ays ho never asked a girl what sle was lecing told it was a pillow case
When IIndlix's wife kickenl him out of bed, kars he: "See here. neow! you'd better not do
thint again! If you do it mighteanse a coolness!" "Wirs," said a henpecked husband, 'go to
bed." "I won't." "Well: then, sit "p-I will bed." "I Won't." "Wiell, heu, sit "p-I will
he ninded,"

## PERUVIAN FEBRIFUGE,

## mevarention and cume




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# Sulina CALITORNEA TEAUR MESR <br>  <br> Mssimb MiBness 

Che California finmer AND JOLRNAL OF ESEFLL SCIESCES. By WARREN \& BON.

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| A.o new oubscribera, we will rend a six the copy gratio. |
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## New York Stato Agricultural Fair.

Arpiven here this morwing alout fiven'cloe in tha midst of o pelting rein, hasing left New York in the express train et sis o ${ }^{\text {oclock }}$ last evening. Wo had about twelvo ears, ond some 600 passengors, makking a very heory' lodd, ond wora to get any supper on the way, snd when we ar rived ait Eluira many coild not get lodgings, making a most agreceble coromencement. Tha hotel are all full to orerflowing, the privete houses fass filling up: and trains arriving overy hour filled wth hungry nil tired passengers. It doee reen
ing the streets, not knowing whers to go to rhilo hundreds of velicle of all sizas and desthoir wey to the Fair grounils, filled with pas: singers bespattered with mud. Through the kindness and attantion of the worthy aecretary B. P. Johnson, Eaq, and tha combittev in gen aral, your hamble servant was amply provided ith cood and comfortahla accomuodations.
Aner breakfast I started for the Fair grounds, and mado a brief survey of eael departinent; and atter a good soaking, coneluded to go back to my $s 0010$ and rest, being quite fatiguad. It has ralned all day; and no signs of falr weather, whieh makes thinge luok ratier dull.
On Thursday, October 4 , the morning dawned clear, auspicious of a brillient day, and it has indeed turned out so. The grounds are in good order, and crowds are begiuning to come in. The space chosen for the oxhlbition containa about twonty-five acrea, and the inclosure is overluoked on the north by a ridge of sloping bills, from which a sight upon the multitude assembled in the grounts is sceue of bosuty not to be equaled.
The entries in the varioua departments are very nomerous, end equal, if not excel, any former Fair, especially in the ralue of now improveraents in egrienlturai machines. The building erected for the machinery covers a large space of ground and attracts general attention. This department vary superior, and soma ara finished to a remark ablo degree of linaness. There are rexpere and corn shellera of new and rarious pstterna, rakes hocs, spades and shoveis, with general assort meet of farmer's took. The display la excellent sad sectas to bu the cee tre of altraction for the Albony, have a rery (t) depplay of implements and the r patent horso powir $41+1$ operation. The Fiis Art Departametit if well giled, and the -terea aro rers in in $u$ est thay aro
 now rery mion mot.

In the Dornestie Illall ora seen somo magnificent|
 - rery apiendia piece of work. Nache mork is very creditable to tha fir artist and is handoomely exeented. In fict tho whole department shoried cridence that tho ladies wero not wanting in taste and skill, and the ontrie mere all extrenicly banutifol.
 somely decorated with evergreen, ond provents o tasteful appearance.
The Exhibition of Cattla is rery good. The talls are ncarly oll full, end present some of the finest specimens ever seen. C. S. Wainmright Esq., of Rhinebeck, has a good display of Deron stock, end has taken quite a list of prizes.
The IIorsc Departinent is well reprasanted, and the trotting course is oceupled by the different rivals, each enxious to show off the respectivs merits of their horscs, \&ic.
The display of Sheep, Swine: de., is vsry fair though the reiny wcatier of yesterday has some what 1 uflled their a ppearance.
The Plowing and Spading Matches took plece -day, and as the affair comes off some diatance from the grouids, I shall defer the result till onothcr time, as the reports will not cume in until night. The different judges of the department re very busy on their respective routes, and the prizes will be announced as fast as they ore deinled.
On Fridey Gov. Wright, of Indiana. gives the annual ardress, which will close the prueeedings of the Fsir. A grand Floral Ball is to take place in the evening at Flora! II oll, which has been handsornely decoreted. It is giren in honor of the ladies who have contributed to thia temple of calls me away this evening. I shall not bare tha pleasure of witnessing the scenc.
The town is fast filling up, and the churchos are throwu open as lorgging housen to accummodate the crowds who have wo other place to aleep. Large numbers of entries contlnua to ba made ol the Fair, and the exhibition will be the mnst euce. cessful aver held under the auspices ol the Naw York Stato Agrienltural Society. Large numbera of reporters for the press from New York and other parts of the Stato ara here, and are still arriving. The oftieers of the Society are well pleased at the prospeets, and the receipta for tha day are orer $\$ 5,000$. Should the weather monHuve pleasant the receipts will exeeed thoze

## Meteorology for the Farmera

The follewing important and roost interesting letter from Lieut, Maury, of the U.S. Nary, addresed to the editor of tha American Farmar, ro present to our readera. The aubject of Me teorology should iuterest them. It is of the highest importance to the science in which they are engaged, and great honor is due to Lieot Maury for the notiring zeal be d'pplays to alveidate the important selence of the atenosphere. Every scientific roind moet and will rejoice to 2ce the interest that in being manifested to unfold these net fields of hidden knowledge that so in. tinoately affects the regotable kingdom. Wa sal a carciul attention to the merompanylog letter and we are happy in knowing that there ar those among os that are alire to tbe subject al ready. "Colfon"" in our last issue, stands pledged to coronuence the work bere, and we are confident the influence of such a mind is our valuable correspondent, will not 1 t the matter rost. We ahall look with interest to his obsar. trons which wo undoubtedly *"I hare the pleat ure to la befte our readers, from his ready ac

of two weeks since, and meeaures are being taken

I frst want autloority to take the prollminary aceps, and to confer with other meteoroiogicy
ond men of science of toine nud ahroed, witli the riew of establishing e uniform systen of matcorological observat
done for the sea.

## If any officer

ired to samer of the government were author ors. IIcre is the form of a meteotological journal its. Iows you tho observations that are wanted
the huwre ot whinh, they ore to ho move, cell
what instruments are requirerl, and how they erc to be used; taka it, furnish tha government with observations, and in return the government wil discuse them. and gire you a copy of the result whon published-he would have at once, and rithout cost. a volunteer corps of observers tha coinplete study of both agricultural end sanitar

## etcorology.

Such an offer to the seilors has enlisted a corp osults the for the sea, by whose co-operation unexpected as velueble, hava been olitained. Conld not at least one farmer be found on th rersge for crery county in erery State that
would glady undertake the observations? 1 don't think there would be any difficulty on tha core. Sailors have been found to do.as minc or avery part of the aen-on the sveraga ten ob
servers for © State would be sufficisnt.
Now ir we corld get the English Gavernment, Govarnment and the otlier Christian States, both of the Old World and the New to do the same y our farmera. re shall have tha wbole surfnce of our planet covered by meteorningical obserrers, acting in concert, end eliciting from nature, under all varietics of clinate and circumstances, answers o the same questions, ond that, too, at no other expense than what each government should choose to ineur for the discussion and publication of the observations that are made by its own citi-
What is wanted in a arstem of obserration like this is uniformity. Hencs. co-operation-a aprement to observe the garne things it the mame
i $\mathrm{i}-\mathrm{is}$ ascontial to anything liko success. We want not only correspronding obsersations as to
thic tinas. but we want thent made eith instruments thet ora alike, or that call be comparel and then we may expeet to find out something certain and valuable, concerning the movements of this grand and beautiful machine called the

If you ask me to atate beforehand what particu lar diseoveries or special reaults of vaine laxpect to make, I anarer, if I conld tell, I would no ask your assivtanca to make them. The fields metcorologicalarelarge-there ara many of them,
and all that I know about tham is, thet there and all that I know about tham is, that there is in them mighty barvests of many sort.
I make the appeal to the farming intereat pocially, becaum that is the great intereat to be
subserved by tha schema; and if the farmers do subserved by tha schemas and if the farmers do
not really care enongh about it to use their influnot realiy care with their representativea in Congress to ence with their representativea in Conkress to quired to get it exder way, I do not 200 why quireld give myself any further tronble in the watter.
Wili you not bring tha aubject in some tang bla shape before tha agricultural societies of the conntry? A sitnple memorial from tbem to Congreat
rould not fail to procare all the legislatire ald
necegeary. Soma of thanding acientific mon of Europe are ready to jois es in such a plan; and with authority to confer rith them afficially a to da taide, I have no doubt that most of the govern
ments of tha world would und ruka, each itself and within jts own serricories a correspond
ing veries of obyrrations, so chat wa vould thee bo able to study the naoversente of t is greal atmosphencal maehery not as hitberto in ionolated detacl ed parts,


The obove is a pure end very handsome speelien, end werthy the ettention of all who teke interest in the discoveries or Califurnta. Al though the article of chalk may not be na important es cherse, yet it will prove a valuable discovery, shoande that continually wo arc pro ressing towards en independence rarely accorded one Cominonvealth.-EO
Statistics of Solano County.
Bxsmelat, Sop.l. 30, 185s.

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lowed for hay $\quad 4,000$ acres-yield 6,0100 ton | lanted in whent | 7,500 | " | ". |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| lo | 150,000 | bus |  |
| barley | 5.200 | " | " |

 $\begin{array}{llllll} & \text { potatoes } & 200 & \text { " } & \text { " } & 30,010\end{array}{ }^{\text {a }}$ broomsorn 130
There aro three flouring mills in the counts wo ere driven by steame, and the other eltat nately by water and atcam.
Thers have boen four artesian wells commenced Hot not oue has as yet been completed. Tha , hes at Henicia, by the Pecifie Moni Con now ausponded, and has cost opwaril of $\$ 6000$ was begun on tha T le in front of the hil, and or the firat 10 n feet passed through a blue olay, the other 200) feet wai mostly througb harl limaane rock, but had some veina of elay, pobble and nd. Tha ona commenced on Mare Ialancl, by hu Govarnment, has baen sunk about 100 feet, and obteined an inipure suiphery water. The obr 360 fect: 1 . clay, wud has ohtained aoma good water in wand ciay, anti has ohtained soma good water in mand
and pobbles; $1 t$ comes within sbout three faet of too surface, It is atill progressing. The one commenced by S.P.Jack son, Esq., is sonk alout 165 faet, mostly through a stiff elay; the work is now saspended, but to be rasuined at an early day. I estinate the stock of animals of followe: horses, 3,000 ; eattle, 24.000; aheep, 18,000 ; hogn, 17,000; gnats, 200, and moles, 300 . Value of nimals slanglitered, $\$ 100,000$.
On the aubject of the connty boundary, I rould F that something ahould be done hefore the lst January, 1837, as a number of persona within gunt and ows therchy essenimeted to woining both countles. On the eee nd sub-dlvizion of your eireular 1 in the and that a very valuable le pr vewent in she i crnal navigation of the State ay be of tha state of be ew rially promoted by eutung a canal frize tha ik of Poto Crook to tha
 to mecure a sheck wat r naribat'on to the fook of the anin a d ra of abont twenty - los, fro



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SIR: I Compliance with your circtalar of July
16 , send you the following report of this connt:
it 10 i ithis county is supposed to contain abont too
square miles, and is Lonnded hy natural boundaries, with the exception of the distanee from the Esterro Americano 1o St. Antonio Creck; that
portion of it is bounded by a roud which is alout welve uiles in le
1 and unable to furnish you with a map of this
county without a survec of the county lines; this County without a survey of the county lines; this tro. hinisus of this is suitable fur cultivation and
grazing. There has not been any sehool land
Thernits any swamp or overflowed lands belonging to the Sare. there is but littlo swamp land in this
Smate marsh in the norther srt of the county, an the margin of creeks and of the layse, this is supposed to belong to the Stale, but to rechim them it woukd cost more than the land is worth. These
lands lave been surveyed by the United Siates. The principal timber in this county consists of redirood, pille and oak; ther sare soluic 4000 aeres this land is sopposed to helong to the United States, and ix situated near 'Tanuel Piwe mountain, limas. - There are four sienm siw mills in this hmas. : Here are four steam siw minhs in this
counts; threc of them are in loolinas, where the greater portion of lumber is sawed sud shipped trom. There is a large bay in Bolinas, where ressels of a light draft of water, sny from six to seven feet. can come in and be safe froin all winds. This f pliae is in the southern part of the coluty, and is not laid down on the State map, nllloongh this bay is about three miles iu width and three and a balf in length.
Tbere hasc becen no public improvements nade
in this county since it has last the nanc of in this county since it has liad the nanic of a
county, althoughi there are $\$ 15.000$ raised in taxes yearly ; no roarls wasle or bridges buitt. In the winter seasuin the rounls. if goll can call them by that mane, arc dangervus Luth to man and heast to travel onl aceunit of the many aroyas whieh run across the ruyd ; sll there placess could. Le made parsablo hy bridgiug, xt a very sinall e
pense. 'The county is nuw algut $\$ 5.000$ in debr, and is unalite to do anything towards improre ments. Sonic parkor hlus county has been townshipped, Lut no part of $\mathbf{i t}$ i, sectivnized.
I wouthl estinnte the number of hivises, $\hat{,}, 000$; Fruit trees. 2,30u, from three to four yen
the most of thein ase apple and pear treer. This Jear thes have horne avous cui bushels of the
sery best quality of ap ples sad pears. The when crops have all been destroyed by rust and snuut barley has doue sery nell; the number of bushel I am unable to staple. Vecetables are cultivated to a considerable extent, sufficient for domestic reyed in this county; the field notes and plats have sent to gour office. I have receiverl your all nual report, and have also examinetl jour prop
system, and think it ought to be adopted. ystem, and think it ought to be adopted.
Tery rospectinlls, your obedient

Tery rospectfill, your oledicnt serv's
Alraen D. EAExpor, County Survegor
Statiatice of Merced County.

To S. H. Markcte, Eiq., Aurreyor General, Surmmento: me from you, requesting information, I beg lear to submit the following
Merced is an agrientlural and grazing county there being very little mining land in the count The surface is gencrally level with rery little timber, which is prine ipaly oak and willow.
of the amount of swamp and overflowed land have ne means of ascertaining.
The erops in this county have heen sery ligh this season, owing to the want of rain. A larg portiou of whent was injured hy sm
cause many to abandon its culture.
ause malyy to a bandon its culture.
Thero is no finit raised in thic
Thero is no fil int riased in this county - there is no use of planting fruit trees or any others, un-
Icsis the land is irrigated, the grasshoppers wonld Iess the land is irrigated, the grassihoppers wonld
destroy thern; they do cery little damage on land that is well irrigated.
that is Well irrigated. Merced and Mariposa coim-
The line between Mat (ies I think is not satisfactory to both parties, it Leing the main rond leading to the San Joaquin river, which is very croolsed, and ehanges per liaps every three inontlis. I would suggest a line, to connmence at the south-west corner of Tuolunne :nd the south-east corver of Stanislaus counties, ruuning in a straight line to Phillips ferry, on to Convers' forrr, on the San Joaquin river; from to Convers' ferry, on the San Joaquin river; fron Tuiare count y. 'This line would run diagonally Tulare county. This line would run diagounaly
across the lines of the United States surveys the across the lines of the United States surveys the
gecater portion of the way. I have made no surveya as yet.

> Er.pectily, your obedient servant,
Erastua Kels:y, County Suri

The nbovo Statistleal Reports are copied from Democratic State Journsl.
Langton's l'ioneer Express we ars indobied or the prounpt delivery of San Franclsco papera

The (ialifornia frimmer.



 Ous ruberibers whis buve hol puid will receive bille io nexi number, and we trust overy one to wbon we send onr bills
will ueed no otber nolice frumin ue. We thiall regret to nlop recemity of oo doing is upparrot rom the entreless neygleel of nem who harc re.
To Reaoras.-We have much matter on file, and among the rest a visit to Kellogg's fantons Ranch, Napa Valley, with descriptions of water rorks, diliry rooms, machinery, ©e.; anil also a
 ing, though private, nature, whieh we shall pre-
sert in whole or part in ouf next.
We havo on haud from our Eastern Correspondent many valuable and interesting sketehes, oneerning the inportation of stock to Califorwia and alno descriptive of a tour through the State of New Lork, with visits to several of the priuoipal Stock Farms-all of which will appear in cegular order, in our paper, and $\begin{aligned} & \text { ill be foumd to } \\ & \text { ee quite intoresting. }\end{aligned}$ quitc intoresting.:
Tre would call, attention to our Literary De partnient, as containing all the current literature of the day, with lists of new works in press, by all the prineipal pmblistices throughont the Union The only correct intelligences published hicre.
Mechanić Inatitute of San Francisco. Wes hare recteved from the Gorernuent of this with n copy of their Constitution By-ln moget Rute and Regulations. We have also reecered their highly complimentary: letter, conferring upou us the privileges of honorary membership.
For this testimony of their appreciation of nur cfforts to adtrance the industrial wealth if Cali only allest our esstem of the value of the holior conferred by cuer keeping before the mints of the community, as far ax our intluence extends, the we helieve we can say, and we feel proud in the assertion, is equal to that of any State of our glorions Union.
We have often referted to the rapid ad vanee of hhis State in all branches of manufietures snd
mechunic atts, and we look forward to the time. near at hand we Leliere, when a Public Exhiti tion of the Mcchanieal Still of California shall most firoralls compare with any part of the world. Does any one ask for a prouf of this as. sertion, let them examine the nolle structure that aldorn the cities of Siu Franeisco, Sacra mento and Marysville; see those splendid ware-
honses that ailorn the publie streets, squares and honses that ailorn the public streets, squares and
wharves; examina tho Merchants' Exchange, Custom House, Montgomory Block, Armory IIall, and ariany splendid blocks upon Montgomery and and other streets, at San Franciseo. Visit the Leve City, and cast jour eye up J strect, and let
rest upon Latham's Block, that gem of mechan ieal skill; upon the New Theatre; upon Ilillicer \& Andrews' new block; upou tbat stately pile the Orleans Ilotel; then the Capitol. I'rip it to Yaryaville, and ace how proudly ahe speaks of the industry, skill mnd taste of her working
genius. Thenl back again to the Pacific Iron renius. Then back again to the Paciffc Iron
Woorks at Benieia; zee there skill and' genius that indecd outshine and outstrip all other foundries und rorkslops of the United States. Cross orer to the Ninvy Yard and exanine the foundaions of n world of labor in an embryo state, as it were the foundation of wbat shall herald the just fame of the mechanics of California. We lose to speak thua of the foundation of this oodly structure, Mechanic Art, that tells hic future wealth and fane, of the future prosperity and happiness of our siopted State, California has heen called, and most juatly so, the "folden State." Froin the loniest summits of the Sierras, where the very rocks burst open with their goiden edges, to the lowliest valleys, where the glorious grain fields bow their golden heads, our State bespeaks its shining wealth; and it is not in matter only. Cnlifornia is as rich in mind as in matter. Beck can ire go to tho lofty nountains and pass into the pery depths of their upheaved masses, and thero,

## nere

 liring forth thist tresaure was yhe work of themeehanic! The pick, the shorel, the cradle, the pan, aye the barrows that brought the golden dir was he nork of the mechanie, and what can th
miner do withoun the meclannic? The miner ;
depeutent mpon the mechanic for hiw toole but depeutent mpon the mechanie for his tools, bre
the mechanic is dependent "poin, the indusitry of
the minier to dig the gold that shall pay him for his tools- thus the one is dependent upon the tains tunneled, the rivers stoppell in their counse-
or turned whithersocver unnn wills, without the or turned whithersocver unnn wills, without the
skill and laboo of the mechanie?
Ilad there boen no mechanics to have buill Sinter's will, no race would have heen made to
convej the water, aid the fame of Sutter's mitl and Sutters's Fort, aye, the discovery of that
inctul whose talismanic word hass eansed a worte In vilurate in all its relatious. might have remained
till the present geleration sloould have passed froun earth. Some niner niight snav, for ary
ment sake, or in lis unwillinguess to be consi ered dependent upon the mechanie, that ho had dug and coull dis rith his hands, but these in-
strumenta are also the work of a mechanic! the Master Meclianic-whose builder and master wns God; and on hin we are all tependent for life, and breath, and all thing Creator, and this mintual dependeuec of one class of men upon the other, in these just relations which men hold to one anotber, that alone can make society mutnally prosperous; and it is with
this view that we take of the Mechanieal Skill California, that has and always will induce us to do all in our power to present them before the
world in their true light as great co-workers in
W IInuan Progrc.

## We shanl again refer to this sutfject, and bo

 pendent we all are rpon the Meelnnnics of Cali-forniaa for our surcece Mechanies are npon the Agriculturists for thei bread-and thas hope we may induce sueh secling of mutnal dependenee as shall produce a love of one wholher, and $\Omega$ resolution to aid on
anuther. As we have opportunity wo shall speak anather. As we have opportminty we shald
mure fully of this institution in particular.

## The Navy Yard, Mare Ialand.

Oer citizens genleratly have but a faint idea or
tho magnitide of the enterprises that are bain carried on in our State; cither those of a private nature, or those ouder the patronage of the gene ral government. Many of the enterprises of pri vate individuals and conppantes in our cities, o in the mines, would seem gigantic to our Easter friends, for they luve but a glinmerfing idea of the unterprise of Californians.
It would be truly intercating for our citizen Who seck pleasure, if they wolld but visit the finines and sco the operations there. The "otd prophets ${ }^{33}$ forecold these enterprises when thes said, "The hitls shaill be laid low and, the vallejs shall be filted ;" fur this is literally true, and more is true that the prophets snid. "Tho wil
derness shall become tho high way of our God," and it is so, for the church is built in the wilder ness in the mountains, a nd the hearts of men aro turned to them, as the "rivers of waters are tirned."

Te know the enterprises
But to our purpose. We know the enterprises
in cyery part of our Stato are gigantie, hut those upon Nare 1sland, the site of the Nayy Yard of California, are on such a scale of grandeur: and benuty as we are desirous of seefing perfected, ana it is the interest of every Californian to aid in Yard, which we witnessed the last week while on a visit there, was indeed enlivening. The island is the theatre of mecbnnical industry, and that is the "school of art." Hundrods, and we might al most say thousands, wero bosity cinployed i
digging down the hills and filting the valleys, digging down the hills and filling the valleys,
and in laying the foundations of these mighty struetures, wherein shall be constructed the material of which ahall compose thio future "Navy of the Pacific Coast;" and it may be that here shall be built the very ships that shall in future sears be the defenders of the city of San Francisco from an invading foe.
At this island also is the famous Dry Dock, now complete and in activo use, Wo saw the steanier Columbia, that had been raisod, repairod and ready for duty again. Sho wns sent frou her dry e.rcursion to her native element again
the afternoon we were there, and gracefully did
in, $\begin{aligned} & \text { voyages, upon our nhlalers, and eren ohipped to } \\ & \text { the States-and a large profit can be realized. }\end{aligned}$
 hape our governnenth wi!! expend fromy her wur-
plus treasure liberally: No hetter use corthal be inade of money than to give it to our mechanies We were most courfeonsly treated by the comniaulint of the Yard, Conimndore Farragit, who kindyy explained the designs and plans now in progress. The resitences of the conmandant and uther officers standing in a line upon a broad a venue, being twentechree in number, wima when
finished, present a noble appearance. That portion of the island devoted to this purposo is being graded and laid out in squares, and will be orinamented with trees and otherwise beantified. The buildings are all spacious, elegant and din keeping with the general plan, which is inost credilable to our government.
 feet in extent, and two stories high. The wooden machine sfop is. if we rememaleer correctly; abou eight hundrell feet, with its wings, and two stories; and all other buildings hin proportion. All to be
erected with care, of tha best materiala, and by the bast mechnnics.
We saw bundreds of mea unsils exearating, laying out strects: huilding foumstations, and in all other departhunts of work-sequiring rapid progress. 'Te were pleassed to sec the Artesian Well Borer, altessrs, Myers \& Co., at work. We learned from them that they had reachiod 137 twall strats of rock neyt siny at 130 feet, then a tonc, and were пorking then at 13 J feet depth informed us they had sanguine expectations of finding an abundance of pure water ; but probably by the course of the dip of rocks observed thus far, it would require boring to the depth of about 500 feet. Messrs. Myors \& Co. are the contrac
tors, for tho Artesian at Ilock Farm, for Gien.Sut ter, and we hope soon to hear that they are a
work on it, for we learn from the General tban many wreks since be hand adranced $\$ 1,000$ upon t, and it was not jet begun.
Anomg the important intprovements at this
graud naval deput, with pultic squares and browl nomora, wo trist we shall ree a wise, jurdicions
display of the tre $s$ of Ca arn a-ve incanl the indigenous mountaing glories of Califurnia. Ifere-
tofure our squares and streets liave been planted with imitatiun trees, or bean poles, (as around the Plaza nt San Franciseo;) but we hope a better taste will hereafer prevail, and our evergreen oaks and otiner stately trees in all their beautiful yarieties will be selected to adorn our citias and publie thoronglifares. We have seen no place where the science of arboriculture could be better displayed that at the ners grounds at Mare Island whero to mako it heantiful it should be mapped and designed with full reference to the trees to be planted; and their appearance in future years when mnturod. From, the taste siready displayed from the order and dispatel we noticed, and from the reputation of the present commander, Commodore Farragut, we can in faith look forward and anticipate that the Nary Yard of Californis shall occupy a proud position in. the annals of the future of our country.

Shipping Potatoos.
Is will be ensily recollected how nbundant were tho crops of Potatoes in 1853 and '54; mil lions of bushols were raised, and many millions perished hy frost and rot; and so low in price had they become by renson of their nbundance, vere given amay for the carting, and thousands fere given array for the and rotted on the wharves and in warehouses. We remembar well of urging the attention of those interested to the subject of th manufacturing of stareh for printers' usa, (calico printers); it would hare inade a profitable thing or the
We call attention agnin to tho Potatoes, becauso hey can be raised here so ahundantly as to exported with great profit. In New York at the
pesent time the price is high, and as flour and present time the price is high, and as flour a ronld he well to study how to keep Potatoe fiter thoy are ready for shipping. shands; can be prepared to kcep well on long

THE CALIFORNLA FIARMERT
purpmese satl thit can to droo …vuly by the kiky dring prins wo whit we have ofion al uded.
Br th is pmocess P? tstoes ad lue hipitl to Nev

 ann $x=1$ atteun itit
from an exchain?

 from whim it will be seen that this lireinch it bustheses inget inevitably resalt in aluss to all who en lectake tt . Tho follown:- is an ext-act frow the leter advising of the anle
Sirs: I ata sorry to give you the fuivetible ar count of fales and hcavi loss on the potitoes. "The cargo per M. A. Jones, arrivell hore a fow days before yours; lior positoes were $n$ total loss, and put a complote damper on thu runrket. You they were solld at auction in lots to snit pur chasers, and as you will seec, are nenily a deaa loes troin San Franciseo to this Culony. Th sanne potatoes I huve seen resold at two shilling permation was lodged against him at the polic The shipuient referred to was 150 tôns, $\mathrm{\pi c}$ packed in boxes and bags, and shipped betreen dzecks on a clipper ship, and nrrived in Sydney in
63 dars. They cont, delivered on board hore Tho sales arere, 1,150 - boxes anid 110 bags:Tho sales were, 1,150 -ooxes and 110 bags:-
Gross salo,
$\$ 421$ Dectuct eharges for selling, - - $\frac{132}{} \$ 28$
Net suler, ton, the ship looking to the proceeds only for the pay, hy which arrangement onr friwds escape
any losi bejond the total cost of the potatocs. It shonld be noted that the shipment per Mish while the lot given nbuve, were well packed and Ilad thesc exparters inade use of tho kiln dryer the protatoes would have gone fresh and fair, und
a spiendill and prolitatule thing would have bieen the result. If those who are interested in suct shipments soonld call on Hiab, we could sliuw them facts to convince then of what we assert. The Artesian wrell at Grenelle, In France. 4 The interest which is how being evinced in the subject of Artosian Wells, induces us to present a briel sketeh of the fanous Arlesian at Grencllc, in France, as described in 1846, by Gulignnni's Guiue to Paris, from which work werelect our
datn. This splendid achieverment at that date innj be looked upon as the pioncer effort, and a

It wns towaril the end of Is33, that the eon tract tor boring to the depth of 1200 foet in searel
of witer "has mato with M. Mulot, sel., of ERinay sur Scinc, and on tho 1st Janurry, 1834, the work Legan. 19n December 31, 1836 , the buring instruta of mlurinl carth, sand, sud surcess,ivo beets of tiine und chalk. In June, 1840 , the thorer had reached $4 G 6$ metres, and was still in the elnilk.
For souve days before tho 2 2ith Februnry. $18+1$, a greenish sand bad been drawn np, nad this gave
rise to the suppositionthat the boring instrumunt was near the water. At length, atoint two o'clock
on thut clay, the tube gavo passage to a littlo onl that clay, the cube gavo passage to a littio
thread of mater; but soun after, the fluid, bursting out with forco, troke throngh the machinery
whlinh surronnded tho top of the tube. Thus hnd N. Mulot thu happiness, after seven years ntid wo
inonths' operations, to see his efforts crowned with surecess. Tho sand which came up was for yellowi, h culor. The templerature of the water
was 28 degrees of the centigrade scale, or 833.4 Fahrenheici. Secerral timesidid tho borng instru-
ment break and fall in during these ardnous operations: oulce, in May, 1837 , when the length of
the bar united was 407 netres, or 1333 teet it

 consider that the Loring- -instrument had to pene-
trate to a depth of 1, f.et, the whole of wheh
is now lined withl galvantized iron. The "nter
ricoo pipe supported by a wooden teollowling which is


## 

 etir. and is centmotrs at 4 bottom, it dophis $51.2 t$ mes as great as the altitude of the lugh-

 Moner
yo or ear entehes this luly wird? linked as i is whe ofl Jilgrim listhers, and wiht their struggles, their trials, and their victorien-linket as it is with dear Nerr Fighand, yet it is a word hat now belonga to all who ciain to ho escente-
 coimery, of our Riresilen and omr Ifnnes. The secnes of br-gulle years, where aly is lonkel th brightest visiuns of life and happiness; and it is to be hoped that although many may be separsted from kindiel and friends, yef by the keepins alio this day, all will jnin in making it a da sacred to the memory of the pnst, and jojous in its associations of the present; thus laying a foundation for its continnance throngh all futur
"Tho l'roclamation of the Chicf Magistrato
co found in onr present issuc, and is as bries
Wh have reccived from Robert T. Young. 109 Vassau strect New York, a new and iugeniou alled tha $\mathrm{F}_{1}$ pinged ring letterd, Having used the article, we can sprak funly of it It is indispensable to the increhant, possessing every requisite for filing lotters, invoices, \&c., in proper date, with alphabetical arrangoxients, \&c The letters never become loose, ench one being astened by adhesion, distinet from the others. The fite is made like a scrap look-save that the eaves are short, and have a gam substance upon them. The letter is attached hy moisturo to the hort leaf, which forms a complete pago in itself The books witl hold from 250 to 500 letters, arragged in the order of datos; and as convenient for reference as a ledger account. No counting house should bo without them, for thes will prove invaluablo after once using. They arc of
different sizes, from tho letter size to the large government form, and orders cail be addrossed to the manufacturer. 109 Nassau street, Now York who will fill orders for any size, or any style of binding.
Britisil Perionicai. Literatung.-We lave Becived fromi Lconati Scott \& Co., New Xork. the fullowing British periodicals: "Lonton Q"arPurly," "Edinburgh Ikeriew," "North British lie-
view," and " Blackwoorl's Edinburgh Magazine." These repriuts are now becoming morc valunble on account of the present critical state of Ein repean aflairs. They are also the eritical celisars
of tho British seholastic and literary worthe 'They m! a place which American Ma;azines chinnot supply, for they disclass topics relating moru strietly to tho alfairs, pulitical, religions, scientific periorlicala are conducred by the lievt talent of Creat Britain; and are engaged with the mont impurtant questien wheh interests the etvilizend
world. It is to thase perindicals that readw's mist look fur the only raliable history of corrent evente, and wo would orge then upmn the consid chation of the reading priblic. We roorld call the attention of our readers to the adrertisemen in our columns, where alt prarticnlars may be found. Now is the time to send in rour names,
to Alessrs. f.consrd Scutt \& Co. 54 Gold street,
Win lmphonembent in uorixo Artepian Welle. The cditor of the Stockiton Argus statas that a new methoxl for boring Artesian wells his been
discoverct, and from a cons rention whe the agent, WilRam J. Corcoran, has no doubt that it is fully competont for the work intended. to bore
to a great depth expectitious? This n ir mac ime is for Irtesian well turing and rnck drilling. by steam or horse pow r. The
bore is from six io tre le iuches in dom ir and reck or granite at the rate of the by fe t per dar
and any utl er rock in froperti in wot o lardaces


Koeping swoet Potatoon
The line is rear at hand ulien

 tha rexilts of oir cxperience and uliserratton.
Selcet fine din ys luring the Scleet line dings lilining the Arss ands secona veck of Uetuluer, and tate
 or sprend upin hnor nuer cover. Hin wown to the quantity you wish to keep, but in no case ove two feet in tiepth road-lust, and have it thoronghly sacreened ant dried. I'int a thin layer of sand upon the botton of the box, and lay in a conrse of potatocs from cight to twelve inchos thicik, then pour in mor sand till it fills, all the insterstices betiveen t potatoes to the holtom of the box. When this done, next put in anather courso of potatous, and
then again pour on sand as bufurc, and fisten ot a cover to keep ont miee if nucessary, If seve hoxes are used, they uny be piled on the top cach other, and in this case always with sticks leavo a spruce between of one or two inches to a low a free, eireulation of
In order to complete suecess in keeping,
indispensaliso that che voxen be stured in rounn, where a pretty unifurm temperatire be uaintained-the safest range being betwee 509 and $60^{\circ}$. A wider runge. if not of two lo
duration, may not do much harm. Potatucs $p$ duration, may not do much harm. Potatucs pu
up in this manger will not be subject to loss, o up in this tuanger will not be snbject to loss,
over five to ten per cent. over free to ten per cent.
Swect polatoes for winter
in much the same way, and will keen sulitable in rauch the same way, and will keep suitable on of qualjty. T'o licep them from the annosphere -dry and of an equal moderate tomperature. -dry and of an equal moderate tcmperatirc. nr
Pumbaco.-The Marysuvilie llerald statc that a party of genticmen on a recont expreglitio to Carson Vialley discorered a reirr of plumbsem situate abount thirty mites abowo the Bly I'rec It erops ont from the gronnd, and at the dept of swo feet is fans feet in width, and may easily traced $n$ distanee of over: three huhdire fards. A large praportion of iron is found $i$ combination with the mineral.

Sow, es. On Monday
Tribme, the bixdy of Wi: intil

## rimme, the brody of Wi infin Kuh doml, siting with his arms fol

 -ort. anl holding a fevolerer vi htly clenohed t his hand. Thu central part if tof relead wis pierced loy a luillet, which led to tho ev, vietioelf-n irder. Mr: Kinhlau was nbout 35 years of f. thamat ion ediamition ir ertcemed, an fapany of voluntcors in the Mexican war-
hre Flornl Garden adioining the Fort where his labors meve sedulously bostow in beautifyen with artistic skiil its productive grounds. I was cult of debt. in ensy circunstances, had jusi解 hualth, happiness and pronparity. The only mo dive yet assigned for the comminssion of the mel nucholy tragetly is, depression of spirits arising rom certaninding language nsed to hum by got into some slight personal difficulty. His sensitive inind could wot recover from the pang. and the sad catastropbe which we have itcorded was ihe result of his melaneholy.
The loas of such a man is very greatly to regretted. Ilis unoltrusivo manners, amluble de portment, and ripe seholarship, made him a conpanion to the interigent at wil times to be desired. An inquest was beld over the body by Corond the facts first above stated.
A Compliment. - We received a letter from Mr. Jas. L. Minor, Bsq.y Sec. Alissouri Stato Ag Sucicty? in which he says of our journal, and which we duly appreciate
4I shall be happy to reciprocato your favors. o so. Let mic cociarstulnto you oll the nent ap banance and judiciousty filled columns of your
armar. They exhibit not only the evidence of. tho progressire spirit of our Sunnet Farmers, but also of the interest, and impublleation, it a land where tho Science of llustulry Is ouly a ferw years old.

Murner of the U. S. Mahshaln-On Satur rlay erening last, 17 th inst., W. II. Richardson 18. S. Marshat of the Northern District of Cali fornia, cras murdered in San Erancisoo by Clias: fession. Richardsoll had given no provocation to Cora. The mardor srcaterl a greal exeitemon and it was fenred that the Vigilance Couraitic
seenea would be re-enacted, At attack upon th county jail, where the prisoner wus, being ex
vate honse, and at the same timo a large forco o No atlack. however, wne made, and tho law will Le altored to take it
A *umbzr of horse and cattle thicrea who have neen ot the Missinn $\mathrm{S}_{\text {an }}$ Jose for some time, sto!. a number of borsea, mulek, wagons, flour, etc. Fher of the party were purased and overtaken at Glloy ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$. After asovere fight and the diootin of ony man in an cye. the rest surrendered an
were l, ronglit to Son Jose jail. There is a larg
party of furlucrs from Alanienda colusty, all we
arned, in close purstrit of the reat. It somns that oattle stealing hina beoosse quite a
trade of hate. Every week wo have some arreat - Sol stealing cattle or horses, and we n ish to nutice the fact fo the bencht of oir farmers.
Tns amount of erensmre slipped on fecight hy the last two stcamers was $\$ 2069,4) 2$ of whinh
the John $L$. jeephens arried $\$ 1$ ith 1 , and the




## Iterary Annorncements, 7 , Tur Selest Library of heltery, in the tithe of a new wrima w  <br> 

## thevery manufacluring catmblisliment in New Eneland. T


 "Al Ahanrlu" or LMo as the Lake, a nequal wo the Boit
"ubb-by Oliver Opric.


 charming prement fur the yomas. benustiul Juranile 16 ind.e.

 bears. Ito ine y wequderfal beo as propention, pare vere



 ancon
 $x$

## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

## inorticnitural Dीcyarlment.

Country Reoidences-Treea for a Lawn. The heautiful valleys that lie spread out over this State, and the thousand and tens of thortsand clarning spots that seem by nature designed for homes, should secure a more particular
interest and attention from our citizeas thsn has interest and attention from o
These scenes in nature will alwars strike the mind of.s person of cultivated taste as far more beautiful than any thing that man can dexign, and so they are for here overýthing is planned and arranged in harmony.
Tho rooks, TRsss, grasa, and flowers are all placed where they meet end pleaso tho cye, and the gusking spring of water from the mointain side is just where one would have it if he had
desired it at the most appropriat spot. The winding path around the base of the hill is skirted with the small shrubs and flowers, and the broad arenue is shaded by the lofty oak and pine Thus is it with every lilll ond mound, each is more or less covered with tree or shrub, to hormonizc with the lofty trees upon the mountain nesr; or grooping foreat of trees more distant To a precticed eje It will in inost cases he found that every group of trees plented by nature and every single trae are poi
makc it more beautiful.
Look now at that beantiful baw'e sprend out before you-examine it well-see the liroad open space, a carpet of living verdure, gemmed with the bright ond beautiful flowers whose colors
vary as the oje posses orer them, like as the tints of the rainbow ehange with the varying colors of light upon it.
Sce joll clump of trees on the right; the tall piae, ito towering point rising above all others
like the spire of a church, henvenward. And see like the spire of a church, heavenward. And see
the changeable yet beantiful folinge of tha other treee around it, rarying in their form as well a color. See in what perfect order they are grouped from the lofy pinu in the ceatro, to those of hrosd folisge around it, till you scc the low bending braaches of the smaller trees mou the outside of the group, whiose branches tonch the groundthus forming a dume. How perfect thio group of trees oppeors in the luwn.
Look aghin at those two curioungroups of tree; and shrubs on the left, the one an oral, the other in the form of a ercscent. These, ss you see, or just below those overhanging rocke-sce how they break up wbat would otherwise be aa un sightly hollow. Now look again snd ses the light and shads pley over these rocks upon these trees. This light and shade are the agente of their grousth, to make them equal to. the place they occupy. Were they in the constant light.
they woild outgrow the design and thua defuce its beauty. Thus we see bow perfect are the laws of nature. That crescent group-se how it wiads around the brow of that hill and up the raviae from whith comes pouring down the gurgliag torreut, bathing the earth, lic treea and
fowers with its pure waters, and giving to the eje that picturc of perpetual spring which yonder living green presents.
Now look oricc more-sec you that eminence Where here and there are placed the choicest trees of all the groups around? Mark how thoy staad amost at equal distance, like a hollow aquare;
within that space should be the home of man. Reader, have yoll this picturo in your mind? i so, and you should wish to add more groups of
treee to nature's glorioue plans, first atudy nature's laws-the trees youl plant, the soil whereio they grow; the place that they would gracethen will you plant with true design anil all yoo work will harmonize with nature, snd with beauty.
Now from our fency sketch, to soher fact wro turn, and hope though poorly wo may teach, some little all may lcaro.
Evary tree planted upon a lawx sbould be plaeed with reference te the form it will present in after years, when fully grown. With this fact in vierr, those of broad spreading branches and the tall spiral trees will have their apprepriute
places. The distancos planted should be apporplaces. The distancos planted should bo appor tbe size of the lot, and trees appropriate in sizo of the lot must ever then be kept in view.
We have thus presented isketch of a Lawn as it sboold be, and if those tho are sbout to aid nature in benutifying will but reflect, it will take
a little time to select the varieties wbich re shall hereafter present.

Nursery." 'In this Report will be fonud many valuable prsetieal siggestiols that we trust our
readers will not let pass unlceded. Onr oww renders will not let pass unliceded. Onr own ex.
perience in this: State, nud our former experience during jirnetical nursery work of many years. will corroluretc their statements; there are onc or tiro subjects, howeerer, upon whicls the Report spenks, in which we nayy differ, and of these we
shall speak in mother column. We most henreily coininend the Nursery of these gentlewens as worthy a ri.it; their snle Nursery is large and
well filled rith valuable products, and those who desire to plant orchards and cardens will do well to wisit then :

Nrww Exoland Nuzasnt, Morgarllle, Oct. 20, 1855. ix Smith, Erq., Antossur of Yube County: rounise. we will give yous statenente of our or-
hurrit ond nursery operations, as mlso uf our or ervations of the edapintion of tic soil and climate of this section of the state to tho culturc of fruit. and the gemeral method of treatment necessary to
insure suceess. To go into every minutia it would insure success. To go into every minutie it would
require a book, but we will in a condensed form cuden ror to meet your wishes.
our orchards and nursery grounds are situated on the east bank of the Fraher river, four mile: kotherly from the city of Murysvillc, on the
stago rood to Secranmento. Onr orchard vas set In Decentiber, 1853 , bening lens than two years. and were grown by one of the barinery gran Shepurd, who io practical nurseryinan from
New England. The buds and grafis icre selectid frolu bearing trees which ha hied tested, and know to be all true to their name-a result of the most vital importsnce to nursery urcn who are
poppagating trees for sale, for it is no uncominon ling for those who have set trees, purclagsed at random, to thad thenselves sadly disappointed
when their trees conn into bearing. And ever oogus sales for there is not the ogainst such bogus sales, for there is not the loss of money
anly, but loss of time. which oinnot be redeened $t$ costs no mors to grum trees of the inost clowic verieties. tharr it does the mennest scruh, while the fruit of the one is always in ready demand and the other is a drug in market.
We have in nursery in general variety of fruit
nd ornameital trees slirnby and wince the and ornamcital trces, slirribs and vince. ihe mumbers it will be inpossible to givc. The number or
cuit and uruancutal trees niay be near 20.000 . We are cultivatirg the Usiage Orange for lied. g. and the experiment is of he most sstisfictory nature so fur ns the growth of the plant. and the
harrier it oflicrs, is conecrned. Thicre hans been
 when fully corrected, will give an impetus to the all other, through this valley. is sure to supersed We are cullirating the Ch
called the Esenlonina; a beantifinl evergreen, thrifty and very teuacious of life in lighlo or low lands.
this shrub is indigenous to Californin, and whe rell cultivated is unsurpossed in beanty. some 2,00n of the evergreen oak of Celififinna. Eew English walnut, Spanish cliestnut, and the
Fuir England horse ellestnot trec. Ourexperience nd general observation has filly eonvinced us hat ite Sacranento valley climate and soil oloung hie river bettoms. cain hardly he matclicd in other wortions of the statc for the growth of all stone
friut, viz: the peacll, apricot, nectarin, snd plume: irnit, viz: the peaci, appicot, nectarin, sond phim;
and we will add the clierry, and if not matched in Californius we challenge the world. The pear does well herc with eare, and probably ns well as does well herc with eare, end prouably ns wetl an
in any locality in the State. The fig really excels here, yielding une lieary crop on the wood of the previoue ycars growth, and blooning and ripenon the shoots of the present seasons grow th. Thi cannot be the result where the sum nicr scasen i
short, or wbere the chilling winds prevail in the short, or wbere the chilling winds prevail in the
fruithg seasens. Properly trained, the fig is tbe Iruiting seasens. Properly trained,
most bonutiful slasde tree in the world.
The apple. with us, seeins to have its encmics the horer, and sunblight. The pcar has some so. The fig hae no destrojer with us, and we hear milk or san of the valley, and for the reason tha the milk or sap of the tree is offenslve if not poi-
onous 10 insects. Even grasshonpers thool, while there is a green thing left beside. The quince is somewlat a sufferer hy the borce and sunhlight, but less ao than the apple. Of
the remedy for these evils we will speak beforo closing. We find it univ.rvally the case that imported trcca suffice from these causcs rastly more
than those grown in the State. Tho transfer Whan thoyc grown in the State. Tho transfer
through an extremo climate eraporatee a vast quantity of thic sap, and one or two seanons is re-
quircd for ite recolerery, and it probahly never will this fett all nurserymen in the Stace
hat a tree in the bud grown in California on, worth more than oao imported, evou if it be two years growth. Pomegranates do well hero, and tome evea faror them for hedging, but one Osage eoce is worth a dozen of them.
For grapes of all the varietief, our climate will squal any in the world, and soon, we will give ample proof of the assertion. Gen. Sutter's grapes are not quito as large as those from Los
Angeles, but are swecter ; and the cons in Angeles, but are swecter; and the cause in, that
is viueyard is on very high and dry soil, snd miat wo corm the upland; which doos not yield
to the vine the moisture necessary to fill out the ruit. Manurcs are the gardener's stay, but no
redium can substitute for water heat and lizht
nedium can substitute for water, heat and light.
The atrawberry does very finely here, when
they can be constanatly oupplice with water, and
for the raspberry. Giooseberries and currants in
our climale, renuire inoist land or irrigation ; the our climale, require inoist land or irrigation; the
bay or tnountain dred. looxes and thosphicre is rawi more kindrenid moxes.and flowers gencraly, will excel with ly applied. We believe, in this valley, we can beat the world in the growth of trees and rines.
with a full supply of water in the soil, or by meake of irrigntion. Give ns water and you artesian wells or otherwise.
W. Which
We sunk an artesian well last winter to the depth of $3(10)$ feet. anll secured it well with galvan-
ized irou. Wa obtuined no Ho tr, but shall proseized toll. Wa obthinca no forr, but shan proseed so to do this summier, but the loss of onr entire crop of fruit by grasshoppers, callsed us to defer. crop on fruit by, grasshoppers, caased us to defer.
This senson, we have had the aid of water purnped by ktean, and although our works were
not completed until very late in tho senson, we were enabled to arrive at this conelasious, that one month's sun with water, is worth three without. With these clenents combined, nature
For two vears we have been selling small lots
of trees and vincs to be set out in the mointaius. of trees and vincs to be set out in the mointaius.
and we have the most salisfuctory relorts
 tho subatance, (gold) whiel, in part, forms those other situations of equal altitude, it has becin fully substantiated that the mowitnin winters are a boneffit rather than un injury to the tree, while the spring frosts have proved of no injury to thu
btossonss or fruit. We recenty visitud blossoms or fruit. We recently visited a majori-
ty of the firuis snd gardens contiguous to Grass Valley and A © erada, as also those on the way up. Mr. Montgumery rsised this kenson, sonie ten hushels of peaches, nt his firm in Penn Yalley,
near Rough and Resdy, and obtnined for then near Rough and Resdy, and obtained for them more than enough to pay him back the original cost, lator
and interest. The trees we sstr at Mr. McCarty' as also at the firrn of Mr. Collior, Loth near as aiso at the farin of Mr. Collior, both near
Grasse Villey, and those of Mr. Turner near Nevada, and at Mr. Moody's (Enipirara ranch), all without exception, prove fuly the success of the little mountain vichards. Vincs seem to do
Apples linve prored themselves well at enwe in the mountain ithiosphero. The test br Mr. Slearer, at Park's Bar, as also by others higher in the hills, has been $a$ very gooll one; for no In time, we shall look to our momutuin neigh hurs cor a portion of the apples which we eat. And
when the iron horse speeds his when the iron horse specdx his way through the
mountains and pever the plains, tu our cestern mountains and over the plains, tu our eestern
cities. then will these elevated neightora cone into conipectition with us in oending to our eestern their own raising. And then, will they look to their own rasiug. And then, wind they look
California for hucir choice wines and grapes.
Remedies for Diseases and Pruning of $F$
 growth, until they lave attained the age of three
ycars, but little fear nead then be entertained for therir future progress, even in the absence of that especisl core previonsly bestow od on them--but
that which is worth doing at all, ls worth doing well. The best and surest renedy against the to secp tho spe in a a continuous flow, thereby keeping the tree in a convotant growing state in
summer. These are not the treee tho liarers ane most plensed with; the fly chooses to deposit her eggs in trees ratilier dormant, and these are the kind of trees which becone infceted with the sun sap is thinner than in tries ol stone fruit, and When flowing in a dormant state, the scorching sun on the hark ovaporates the little sap in inotion, which adheres the bark to the wood, when all circulation is checked, and as thers is no me-
diuin of conseying to the root the gassen reccived dium of consering to the root the gassen reccived
by the leares, which is necessary to neutralize the gasses received at the root, deatb to the tree ensues, Shading the trunk of the trees, the side which receive thie moot sun, by claptoards, will
be found benelicial, but a better remedy is to hoo beck the soil froun the tree, some tivo or three inches deep, and wind the trunk of the treo with cloth, loosely, for 18 inches in hight, or corer the
trec to the hight named. or even to the limbs, with tar. Then put aehcs around tho trunk for thrce or four inclies in depth. Do this ahont the
middle of March or first of April, and keep the trces well watered, unless the soil is really very moist, and the remedy will be found quite sure. Before doing this, the tree slould he thoroughly
exsmined, near tbe ground, to learn if the horer has been wintering in the lark or heart of the der the berk. If their trace is noticcable, follow them up cutting carefully with a knife, until he is dragged out and destroyed-cover the wound fresb stable manara of equal parts. Before these
and romedios aro applied, it will be well to wash the trunk of the tree with a solution of protashl, say
one pound of potash to two gallons of water. one pound of potash to two galloas of water.
And, in fact, every tree in an orchard should bare this wash applied with a brush, ahout four times and enlivening the bark. in fogey or long damp warm spens, in tic intter pas to bly iner, cees ar is eo good and rapld as the potash wash applict is eo good and rapld as the potash wash applici
to the trunk of the tree, as also on any portion o the limbs which bleod. It is unusual, when the pench, as also other treee, conve into blossom, at a
time when there is a very dry wiarm spoll, for the blossom-lonso to maks its appatrance, and unloss
checked wlll deatroy much of tho frult in eublryo,
as well as to check the tree in its growth. This well as to check the tree in its growth. This
is indieated by the curling of the blosson, as well as the len res of the tree. The inseet is of a mathe headl of s small pin. The remedy is soep sude of medium strength, applied with a syringe or daslied on with a small cluthes brounn. This is used with impunity to the bloasom, while it destroys the insects. Cold rains huve nearly as
good effect. Stonc fruit set in huttom lands, do good efficet. Stonc fruit set in huttom lands, do not need water of necessity, unless it is desired to
force a vcry rapid growith, and excentin force a very rapid growth, und exccpting trees
set very late in the aeasen, in sandy soil. then the set very late in the aeasen, in sandy soil, then the
stimulus is rather neeexsary unt stimulus is rather necessary. until they appear to
heve a healthy stert, and if continued through the seuson for the firsat year, the tree of course becomes larger. When trees, by cattle or inseets, loso their leares, watering sids to resuseitate them. The rees of sll stonc fruit, and others of a very rapid growth, gencrsily, should ho headed in, every winter, one-sixth or, one-eighth. Trees io this climate, grown to limbl within one to two frot of the ground, will prove the best baarers. In
retting trees. set them no decher elting trees. set tbein no decper than when grown in mursery, excypt when set in sandy soil,
then two to thrce ioclees deeper will be well. Men two to three iocless deeper will be well. Muthing trees a nd vines with ord straw or chips anong the trees, is ycry benelicial. We have deroted more paper to this sulyect weeting your endectations with wo view of fully very truly, de.,

Beach \& SaEparn.

## Our Literary Department.

Olis," or the OLD West Room. - Thio weary
at work and the wesry at rest. Bv L. M. M. at work and the westry at rest. - By L. . Meary M.
Published by Mason Brothers, Park Row, New York
This is a vory cherming story, delicate in its entiment, and well ealculated to please the most refined. The author shows a fine rein of pathos, and the reader's sympathies will be at once ealisted in the fortunes of little "Olie," the hicroine. The work hears sulficient evidence of being from "The Hidien Path." s novel, by Marion Harland of Riclimond. Vn., author of "Alone." Published by J. C. Derhy, New York:
The South. All wbo have rosd it any it it far auperior to Almue, her first work, which had a grent sale in thie couarry and England. It is a tinished production, and the author is a lady of alent and promise, who bids fair to take lior rank among the first female authors of the day. She
is a l'octess of rare ability, and tha prasent work surpasses in brilliancy all her former efforto. A great variety of characters aro introduced, most ot whele noo vory heautifinlly skethon Tha
real name of the fair authoress, is sirginia Itares, olly obont twenty-avo yuars of agc, a resident of merchant there. She writes good hoalliyy stories merchant there. She writes good hoalliy stories
lescriptive of domestic life. We sliall refor to the work again, want of time compelling us to the work
be brie.
Henry Vhil. and ins Six Wives-a new and interesting work by llenry Willian Herbert,
sfter the Lest suthorities. Publisheel hy Milsiter the esst suthorities. Pyoisinet hy Mir-
ler, Orton \& Mulligan, New York and Auburn:
Mr. Herbert is well knowa as as an author Iis former works, "Oliver Cromwell," "Mlarmadike Wy vil," " The Brothers," \&c., are widely known, and add to bis already brilliaat fame. "The style of the preseat work exceeds all others, and the langusge ie glowing and eloquent." The The memoir of Henry is political, private and domestic. His tite to the throne is tracod to the War of the Roses. The marked events of his iffe, were his marriage with Cathorine of Arregon; his adultery with Anae Boleyn, and the canse of her bloody death; his marriage witb Jane Seymour, and her decease, \&c., The book io cmbellislied with scren portraits, and the enengravings of his six wives form a coliection of
beauty seldom surpasscd. The work exciting,
alt it up.
Kate Stanton," a pago from Real Lifo ; pub-
lished by Jaines Freach \& Co., Boston:
This ie the title of a new work just issuod by the above well known firm, and is said to ba unpar alleled in interest to any yet offered. It is a narratire of Life, and the scones are laid in Booton and vicinity. Tho author is as yet unk nown, and has spared no paias to make a finiallod pro-
ductlon. The work is a cale of truth, and will ductlon. The work is a cale of truth, and will
be appreciated by all who loro a good donestie

Cankir Emsison," or Lifo at Clinonville, by Mrs. C. A. Hayden-publistred by Jawes
Hrench \& Co. Boston:
This work, aa having beon announced in oor list of books in prass, a woek or two aince, is now offered to the public, and the autbor is mel known to tha public as a calonted writer. Any one who hass read ber pocros, may form soina idea bility, her pros ar ba. hla a work of muen ability, full of wit and bumor, and is somewh
deroted to the subject of scandal, touching np deroted to the subject of seandal, touching np
somo charaotore who aro too villing to listen to
by Janies French \& Co.. Boston:
An amnaing took for the jounge, finely illununted and will be found quite altractive. Nuch need is felt of books fur the joung. Whisb will conrey goord moral lessons. and we can comme
the ahora work to purents, who rould beator gin of some real worth to their children.

## "Jaoras Chilu," -anthor unknown-publist hy J. C. Derby, Nassau strect, New York:

We may say with truth that tho above work will richly repay the most critical reater, for : perusal. It is full of tha necessary requirenient deeply interesting. It must have an unqualified success. being profise in incident, passionnte in Wiley of contrasta in the scenes, \&e.. which give
plas the reader a deep interest. There ia nasterial enongh in Ycorn's Child to make a dozen of the
sorels of the day, and the book cannot fall fasclnate and please. Receired through Philipps. "Tbe Rag Picker," or Bond and Free-pub lished by Mason Brochers, Park Row, New York:
The work appeara to he somewhat of an aboli tion story, and a temperance talc, bringing up some localities, \&ce, introduced in Mrs. Stowe' work, and also abolition scenes and riots at the Boston court house. It proclains to be, as th prefuce indicates, a work of truth, and several or tha personages alluded to in the wofk hare lived
among us. "The ohject of the work is to aid in among us. "The ohject of the work is to aid in
kceping alive the march of progress that is now carrent at the North, the South, the East and the Weat, and to point a moral (in passing) throug the history of thoae herein named, who have anf fered from tho abuses portrayed." The work is
said to be the effort of a Boston abolitionist, and is quite attractive in romantic interest. Received through Messrs. John P. Jewett \& Co, Boston.
"The Private Lite of an Easitern Kino." by meln ber of the Houschold of his latc Majcsty
Nussir-U. Dcen, King of Oudc-12mo.-pub. Nussir-U. Dcen, King of Nudc-12
lished by J. S. Redfield, New York
This work contains interesting particilara of the common, every day life of the people of th country, and abounds in Oriental ancedotc, lux-
ury, \&c., written in a very plensing style, and well printed and bound. The author in his pre face says. the narrati.e is a record of facts, and
is oompiled from cvents ur nis own cxperience. having been domosticated for some years in the palacc of tho Sovercign. He has given the truth of what he saw, and describes the palace, \&c., as cver. The work is an intercsting one. and will
be foind well worthy a perusal. Reocired through be fonnd well worthy s perusal.
Jobn P . Jewett \& Co., Boston.
"Thi Japan Expenition," by J. W. Spalding,
of the U.S. stoana frigate Mississippi-pub of the U. S. stoant frigate Mississippi-pulb-
lished by J. S. Redfid, New York: lished by J. S. Redfeld, New York
Isits to the Japanese Empire, with skctolics of Madelra, St. Helena, Cupe of Good Hope, Clinna, and Loo Coo, \&o., \&o., with eight illustrations in Tint ; also observations of what camo under no lice in a cruise of nearly tiro yeara and a half.
His description of Lifo aboard a "Man of War" IIs descrlption of Lifo aboard a "Man of Warn
is extremely interestiog; whlle in addition the whole description of inoidenta, experiences dec., from tha time of learing the Unitad Statea to the arrival at Cbina, and thenco to Japan, is vivid with incident and oxcitement. giving a de scriptiou of China and Japan, manuera and ous coms of the inlabitants, the style of living. deand the late troubles-masking onco of the mast intcresting works of the hind aver publiabedsoed hy the sbore eilterprising publishor thit summer. From hia woll known tasto is this
field of literature, tbe public may wall bo satisfied with a perusal of "The Japan Expedition."
Wu. V. Sponcor, Boston, has just publiaher tha "Merry Wires of Windsor," a comedy in
fivo actes, with editorial romarks, original castes, costumes, ccenery and plots. Also-

Alichael Erle," the Maninc Lover-a roman Hio original Drame in iwo sects by Thomes E. Wilke, Enq., anthor of State Secrote, Sudden Thonghte, den-with all the stage husimass, to Th form the latuat numbers of Spencer's Boes, Bea Fravicico.

## 



he whole experience, adranturea. ludicrous and serious of the author, anoong the "Islands." The
angrarings are well execuled, and the maps are correct, making tha work worthy tho inspection of every rearlor. "At no period of our national istence have American interests been no promently mavifest in the grect Westorn Occan Layo. interature and contriere are resilts of an
enterprise that has established States nud anccessfully cembatted a national antipathy." The incitents related in thia work oocurred in the
yeara '48 to '53 -nnd the words "Na Motu," signify in tho Ila waiian dialeets "The lslands." We would commend the work, and liope it will mieet with the suocesa it merits.
Putnam's Magazine for October is beforc ins, with an unusual variety of valuable reading. The first article, "Original Portraits of Washington," in proso, is very interesting. Sketches upon the Drama in France, the Kansas question, with the usual Editorial mantter, inake the present number a most agreeable one.' Published by Dix \& Ed Harper's Magazine for October. is at hand, full of fine engravings and illustrations-a very inter esting article upon Nicaragim-an exploration from ocenn to ocean, by E. G. Squicr-a mest exciting description of Bear IIunting, with illus-trations-a trip on the Panama Railroad-odito tal notes, and an excellent comic department.
Harper's Story Book, for October, contains th Life of Franklia, a very useful number, for tha he young reader. Theae books are now cxtensively cirulated over the whole Union. The above received through Messrs. Burnham Brothere Cornhill, Roston.
"Panorama of Life and Literature," - publishod by Littell. Son \& Co., Boston.-Tho October number is before us, and seems to he an improvernent upon all the others. The rending malter is now and decidedly interesting. Thicre is a most able articlc. and a lengthy one, entitled "t the Queen and the Empctor," fron the Paris correspondent which would interest cvory one, at the present atirring tines in Europo, We lope the alagazine sill have a large circulation in California.
"IIunts' Merehants' Magazine," for Octoher. ontains' an article upon the Dennark Sound Dues, which has been the sulviject of ao much disassion in the papers-the nsual agrienltural de partincnt, with atatistics of the crops. \&o. No
niercliaut shuyld bo witliout this valuable magazina.
The Inventor, for Ocrober, No. z. published by Quimby, ITaskell \& Co., Now Xork, with a graat ariety of matter, upon new patents, machines, c. It ean be acen at our office in Sacramento.

The ITorticalturist. for October. putblished by J. Jay Smith, Philadelphin-s rery handsonve number, with colored plates, \&c., and ounerous engravings.
"The Florist and IIortlcultural Journal," edited by II. U. İanson, Esq., Philadol phia. - Thia la on of the best and truly raluable nagazines pub-lished-having for its contributors the firat writers of the day, Profecsors, and others, interested in Agriculture. \&c. Tha plates aro highly coloreil, and are rery handsomely erecoted, and Through the politenoes of the edtion
Through the politeooss of the editor, Mr. IIan on, we bara receised a compteto sot of the back
numbers, makiag a rery handsome roluma At to grace any library. Wa ahall apeak at leogib of these matters lo other numbers.
Our literary corrospondent desires ns to apoloize for the brief revieves, of tbe present number, but absence on a tour to the Slate Fairs, \&ce, bave aused an accumblation of books and other mat ler, which it is impossible to give credit for a thia time. Many valuable and interesting publiciona are on file, and will now be takian op and noticed, in rezular order.
Bauquet of the Publithera at the Cryatal
Palace. New York
A gnana Fruit Banquet tendered by tho Book Publ shers' Association of New Yark, to Authors took place oa the 27 th Sope, at the Cryathl Pal
ace, and it was indeed a aplendid afkir, avery thing being opon a seale of great rariety and eleganes. I regret not to be able to giva you at antire report, as it would eccupy too much roome, hat will give you a brief deacription of the ar

and greatly added to the brilinsey of the occa. asve of Po Palace, and corers wero land for aix

discoursed by Nolls' Band, and every face wor miles of satisfection and pleasure.
The principal feature of attraction among the many decorations, ras an illuminated moto in Pruit and Floral Festival to Authors, by the Associat:on of New York Pubtishers, Sept. 27 his read --" Honor to (ienizs.". In fact the hall
ras brilliantly ilmuninted at every point, and
was indeed a benutiful sight. The galleries were rowded with spectators, giving to the scene a legant effect. A strong force of police were pre sent in uniform, and excellent order was prc
aerved. At six o'clock the guests took seats Wm. Appleton, Esq., President of the Associa cion, presiding. After the repast, or rather feas for every variety of the choicest fruits mer ountifilly, rupplied) speaking and toasts fol owerl.
Many distinguislicd men honored the table yb heir presonce. Washington Irving was the ob
erved of all observers. Next to him ant Wm Sullen Bryant, our distinguishod poet, with hi ong white beard reaching almost to his breas Mayor Wood, of New York; Hon J. V.C.Smith Mayor of Boston; Rev. Ifliry Ward Beecher Rev. E II. Chapin, Mer. Dr. Osgood, Wm, C Bryant, and Prof. S. B. Morse, wero among th many distinguished guests who sat at the Presi dent'a table.
Among tho ladiek were noticed Mrs. Sigournes Minnie Myrtle. Mre. Botta, Alice Carcy, Fanny Fern, and the Misses Warner. Among the Pub ishars. Authorn. and other woll known faces, we Ex-Mayor IIarper, Rev. Mr. Milburn, aod N. P. Fillit.
It was a moat brilliant nssemblage, and wil) long be rentembered by those who participated in it. Very aeldom, if ever, were so many diatin guishied men gathered together. Specehes and oists were made by Mr. G. P. Putann, W.O Bryant, Wm Young, of the Albion; Rer. Dr. Os good, Rer. Mr. Chapin and others; hut want space compels nee to be brief. Rev, Wur. II. Mill burn, the blind preacher, made a niost pathectio peech, which was listened to with the moat pre found attention, and in which ho alluded in the the most tonebing teriba to his afllietion.
Sir. Fieliss, of Boston. reeponded to a sonat in
rery humorous poem, which waa most hoartily very huinaded.
appinuded. . Whapin responded to the following
toast: "Tbe Printing Press of the age of Steam and slectrictry.
and power of tio press, that with loag slim fin gers pieks up its messagges of thought, seattere
them quietly ss smow flakes, though thoy fall like
 cribed in sort of charcoal skctch the great eatab lishmenta of the llarpers' and Apletona', from
whence the old free.enter puffs niehtend day in whence the old freeenter puffs night and day in tha dark celiars, and the catacombis of typen, and Fanits of piater. up through the large alry rooms
whera happy girla and men performed tha score of proceroes that intervene between the handling of the much lored MSS. and the well bound book the ratuia of the stosm prese was more power. clleks Into place hits a mark, though it bo thousand yewra abead. Eech new adranes of the Press makes the Malakoff and Redan of Error tremble. His remarks were mada lo the happi est atyle, drawing dowo torrents of applane, and
it tho conclusion the nodience choored, making at the conclusion the nadience
the Palace ring with tho echo.
the Palace ring with the echa.
Mar or Snaik, of
May or Snuith, of Bombom, repponded to the folowing toant io a very bappy olf-hadd atyle, whici of Beeton, New York, and Philedeloht
 cime wogistratuce the best books of the best authors and been regulated bomes for them ; the more rivalry, tha better.
The fillowing toasst intanded as a compllimeen

Veve England Tale is ro achoed from the Niem
Howe of the Weat; and froes a Cabin on the
Lanka of the Ohio a conch of Nature vibratee
among The Lofy and the Lozly, through the
The fol owitg wav the hast rogular toass.,"Tn Buoksellers of the lnion; so long as they ar
the mediuma for difustog soond in woll gevoe and
the pure producto of truo getios, they deserve a henorable position in the community; far in the Cetors to their country."
 the type of bore tes a lee red angol. Whe in a



ricel modiey by

Padies' ㄲepartment.
Love is Blind, they Sayl
Wz have receivod the following epistle, und as wio with to gratify all ourr friends, we present it
to ourr readers, as one of the variety which we froin time to time lay before them, as varioty is the "spice of lifo."
We do hope our denr friend "Betty" will renot cintirely loat hia journey to Oalifornin, Measns. Entrons: You will confor a great Tartin" the If you will picase wo imiorm "Boll. ing and fresh hrom ane of the ter, .... und look Pensylrannia, abd hera the beautitul ralieys o scenery: My ago is a littio over twenty-two rears, bave about the same amount sbe la happy to call her own, and my fucther has one of the most handsome oonntry aeata in the consolidater county of Philadelphia; but the aociety becom-
ing too aristocratic for a gentleman of my rural habits, 1 're come out here to aeek out a young
and confiding vrife, and live for love iastead of and confiding in
gold and fashion

Respectfully yours,
Chispade Ora.

## Marriage.

Megsas. Eotrons : If you think the following fimportaces enough to insert in your paper yon nay do it. If not, throw it under the table

Is a Married Life to be Desired?
I answer that I believe marriage to have been instituted by the great Creator of all mapkind or their especial benefit, and alao as a source of the greatest happincsa to be desired here upon arth; but in the manner io which it is more generally entered into, I scknowledge that it is far from being desirable, I look upoo it as being
wholy within the power of tha parties concerned wholy within the power of tha parties concerned. But should we listen to a great portion, I am aorry to say the greatest portion of married poople, they woald tell us never to marry. Would they speak the true sentiments of the heart? IIow often do we haar mothers giving this advice to their children : never marry-
ou are much bappicr single than married And you are much bappicr single than married. And from erar experieaciog the sad disoppointrments ever expectant from tha too fond anticipations of married life. I have many tines myself concluded from these facts and my own observations that aingle blessedness was far to be chosen. But God forbid that it should aver he my lot, or that Lahould oter fill into the sad dilemmens of fiading a married life irksome, dull and dratry; for my rondest anticipations aroatill in the futuro, which, thould they fail to he realizod, life would be of bot little use, and the future full of dark forhodings. It is my opinion, bowurcr, as pratioualy exprensed, that it is quite withln the power of crery joung unmarried gentleman or ledy, to make themeelses happy by ontering into tha marriago ply thie, he sure that both bare the right regard. In that ahort sentence is conta/oed the whole anbstance of tbe watter. If thla be the easeo tha prize ia yoors, Let what will coma you aro the same we ench other. Let all the troubles and trials, aflliationa and deprivations of this vain world coma upoo you, and ntill yonr love is rather augmeoted than dim'oiahed. As age adrances the rivar of love runa smothar, and is suore unGuthomable, and tha kiss of affection in an sweet no in oarlier yeara.
An I wreag in my conclacionn, I ank yo locky fow who chance to know and aty the full and unbouoded happineen of reciprocal lone, in a mar-
ried state 7 I alreidy co yo y ur auswor, and thenk you for your pity, which I know you feel Wen the bottom of your heart, for a poor old bectelor, who aleo deeply feole the darkinees in whicb the is gropt \&s and tais woold emergo free those darkened walks into the glorioes anowhane and ely yias fields of matrimony. Bas 1 havra become so distruatrul of the world that 1 coived. Ilke thomands of cther, booses, tiaur peecing old bache by bouno bocrinal fiverte





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 OF THE FOUR GEW GOLUMES RBRTSH REVIEWS, Edinburgh, North Brititsh, Westminster and
London Quarterlies, and Blackwood's London Quarterlies, and Blackwood's
Edinburgh Magazine, (Monthly,)


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 $\frac{\text { Dancing and Waltzing Academy, }}{\text { MI C. Cors. }}$ novv in



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 iway and Vulludo.



The Figuae Nine.-A correspondent, over the the following:-"I have just read in your paper what lass often before been published, respecting the curious propertio of the figure 9. One of tbese properties is of importance to all book keepars and accountants to know, and whioh I have never seen published. I accidentolly found it out, and the discovery to me (though it may liare
been well know to others belore) has ofen been been well known to others belore) has of ten been of essential service in setling complicated ac-
counts. It is this:- - l'he dilforence between any counts. It is this:- T'he dilforcnce between any
transposed nuuber is always a nultiple of 9 . For transposcd nuluber is alway's a multiple of 9 . For cannot prorc a balance in his accounts, there is a differcnce betrreen his delits and credits which he cunnot account for, after careful and repeated addings. Lct him then see if this differenco can be divided by 9 without any remsinder. If it can, he may be assured that his crror nost probably lies in his having somewicte transposed figures; that is to say; he has put down 92 for 29, 83 for 38 , \&c., with any other transposition. The
difference of any such transposition is slways a multiple of 9 . The kirowledge of this will at once divert attention to the true source of error, and save the labor of addittg up often long columns of
figures. The difference between 92 and 29 is 63 , Gigures,
or 7 times 9 ; between 83 and 38 is 45 , or 5 times 9 ; and so on between any transposed numbers.

A Goon Temper.--4 Do you think," said Mirs, Pepper. rather sharply, "that a litte temper is a
bad thing in a woman?" "Cerlainly not ms'a $m_{1}$ " replied the gallant philosopher; it is so good a thing that she ought never to lose it."
Mrs. P. did not consider that this view of the subject exactly mot her case, but she took the philosopher'a arm and went down to supper witb im quite graciously.
A ozmius has invented a apy-glase of monder
ful powcr. He savs lie looked throteb it at a hird cousin. and it brouglt aius relatively nearer than any of his brothers.
"Does your razor take hold well ?" inquired an agonized sufferer of the tonsorial opcrator. first, rate, but it dou't let go worth a cent."

As Irish gentleman haring a small picture
om, scveral persons dealred to sec it at the same room, scveral persons desin." go in, it will not hold half of you! !

GOLDEN GATE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE. ESCLOBDONBND
Late "Branch of Keyes \& Co,"

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 Notice it nla herrby given, tht, in cormpelves. wince whe the
nornl semtiment of che commuitry, and our own coavictions of



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 $=2$


corner of first street ani maiden lane



## PERUVIANFEBRIFUGE,

FEVEIK AND AGUE,
 $\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{U}} \mathrm{I}$ ununl metbod of aduaninteriog toales praducen onils 1 temporary relief, merely breaking the ebill witbont re maving the disenuc; but it in a eceasary to rolieve tbe liver nu
otber organs of tho unbenthy netion on
 the palient depeonls. This can be anfoly, quredily, and etricetu
nily neeonplislied by tbls palmulis preparation; nud oo fanco
 component parta are all vegetable, and have been thoroughly tested ly many emincut phyoiciane, with the mont oignal euc cees. In all elimates where bilioun and remite tent levers pre vili, thisa remrily will be found invilunble, anse ao persons
traveltag thruagh, or resiaing in, infected nnd maraly di.tricts should be withour it, nas a few losas will effectunlly counterac by iupurting uetivity ond vlgor to the blllnry or ganne, and than
 Tbe following nro aelected from the numerour temerent received, showing the superiority and efficacy of tha Poruvian
Febrifuea, not only is cases of long thanding, but where other remalies had falled:

 antiering with it itur over two yeare, and unting all the bee
knowa vemedies withum succers. The Cbills culd not




 been traubled with lt iticce. 1 cun recotomend it to otbers wit
the zrantest contidence- -linviniz known of sorverid cenged while
theye




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 ond hyghly recommended by Phy yleiene, ond oduntited to be the mont poworful and boarchligag preparatoon froum the roob thas extendo to the rempotast parto of tio Eyytem, aed ooocilits in


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 proves the npperite. 1 ts alteradivo taud ancy curriso on tha 80. acuurailize tha virue, by willec tho disane to fostarcd. 1as unt.
 tonted facts.

From tha Army.









## The Uialifomix fyatmer.

## sacramiento, friday, november 30, 1855.


 Exchunges. - Will our Cotemporaries hut e to sunscmingets.

## Witru thie


 upon therir promite of ram
We have alopted the finvaristloc, rulle to send no papers with.
 Farmers who do euntuin us, sulul duc to curselvee, thet our readera should know how mucli of a load we have Loruo to
futt tin the enterprise.
 tubseribe now will have her cmeinar We liope tor the pricice of a yow on ile

## reerent the ueceetily of further action.

Napa City-Springs-Kellogg's.
Some little time sinee we paid a visit to Napa
City and up the ralley. mul was pleased to notice the onward progress both in Nipa and up th country. The fine briek building erecting by Messrs. James it Co., nearly opposito the Napa
Ilotel, is approashing completioe, and is quite an honor to the owner, the huilder, and an ornamen to the ceity; we trust it will induce others to fol-
low their example. Sipa City is destined to leecome a fanous resort the conning summer, of travelers on their way to the fanced Springs of Sapa, and it is to he hoped that beforo that time arrives a spacions hutel will be erested in Napa
City. It is rery much wanted, onc of the first lass, with suits of rooms.
Ilaring orportunity we passed on up the valley with a friend. The Springs are now deserted
they have passed into new hands and a new hote they have passed into new hands and a new hotel
is being erectell there, with all. other suitable buildings to make it a fasthionable watering place
the coning summer. 'the weuther was coldthe coming summer. The weuther was cold-
sharp frost had driven the last bather awas, for ath the lane, sick and hatt had becu cured, ani loneliness marked the former bay sconc.
We passed on, in our course up, and stopped to make ealls at a ners rillage just sprung up
near the famous mill of John Yount, E. q ., called the Star of the Pacific-and most justly uamed, for it is a splendid building and an honor to the country; the flour it turus out is mosit superior. This new village has been templorarily called, in these exeiting times, "Sebastopel," but
we hare a mueh better name and ono which we think far more appropriate. Let this village he called Maysville, as a just tribute to tho Rev. J. J. Nay; the higbly csteemed pastor of that vì cinity. Surely he who shall go and direll there and labor for the uphuilding of a goodly placelie who shall tabor for the temploral and spiritual welfare of a peuple, will inake unto hiniself a
aame, and we believe our fellow citizens will upon aame, and we belicve our fellow citizens will upun
reflection, promptly give their goodly town tho naue of Slayscille.
We ragretted wre could not minke a eall upon the good prioncer of Tount ville; but time hurried ns on, and we had a strong desire to reach the "moun-
tain home" of one who has made himself fuuous for one of the finest orehards in Nipa county The evening was growing very cold and night when, cold and hungry, wo reached the residence of F. E. Kellogg, Esq., the end of our journey. We had never had the pleasure of visiting this placo hefore, and our curiosity had been exeited
by the fanous apples which srere exhibited at the Fair of the last and the present year, grow as was said without much cultivation, and felt we needed oceular demonstrition.
We were a stranger to Mr. K., never hasiug met him but onee, but it took but a litule time to
feel at home. Our horso was promptly taken to the stable, and we were usherell into the bouse, whire a lively fire and the sight of the good things of life soon nade us fecl it was a nueh more genial phace than a cold mountain rond.
After being thoroughly warmed wo were invited to a well spread table, where smoking venison just in from the mountains alove us, and abun-
dance of needed necompaniments soon took awray
appetite we supposed we had when we sat
My friend and anyself having done full
My friend and myself having done ful
$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { returned to the sitting room and before a blaxing } \\ & \text { fire spent the evening in a }\end{aligned}\right.$ fire spent the evening in a pleasing social inter-
course. The hour fer retiring calledl us to onr rest, where soon "nature's sireet restorer" sent

Early in the moruing we were on the alcrt for a vicur of this famous place. 'Tle inountain was
spreall with a fine coat of hoar frost; hut the rising sun soon dispelied the sparting eirnst,
and a me.ry walk preparel us to do full justice t and a me.ry walk preparel us to do full justice to
$a$ well spread table, full of all the neelled luxuries of $a$ farmer's home. After breakfist Mr. Kellogg reompanied us through his grounds to explain Il the plans and uses of his well-arranged ma chinery. Tbe entire farm, consists of some fire
hundred aeres of rood-land, pasturage, grain ficld and orehard; it is benutifully situnted at the bead of a fertile valley, well watered liy living springs ligh up in tho mountains. The houss is situatel above the road, on the west site of the nountain, and the springs bcing still alove in The water is firct bre.
The water is first bronglt into a neat builaing
erceted for a bath louse for the fanily; here it is crectel for a bath house for the family; here it is
brought into a basin about ten feet square, into Whicit you descend by steps-the water can be raised to any depth from one to five feet, to suit he wants of the fanily, and when used is drawn off over the grass plot begond. Another streanı
is carried into the hoose fur domestic uses, pure and sparkling, and elear as erystal. A nothor and a larger stream is carried into an admirably aranged dairy room, where is the pride of Mrs. Kellogg, and it is a proud troplyy of her skill and industry. ITere the pans of milk and jars of fresh utter stand in tbe rumning streams of pure water, convejed through the dairy roon in
troughs entircly alound st. This same water falls into another trough, and passes along till it falls upon a water wheel; this turns a elmin with double dashers, and passes into another oom, where, noved by the sarue power (the water wheel) but attaeled by bands to other wheels are moved a turniug-lathe, a grist-mill, and a grindstone; thus by the simple but judicions nse of one of nature's gifts, jou see the milk cooling. he butter churning, the lathe going, the tools harpening, and tho grist grinding,-and what was partientirly interesting was the tine cogr
wheels of all the macbinery, male of eomposition, lrafs, eopper, ete., unelted in an old crueibic, and the wheels ail eist in moulds made l,y Mr. Kel toge. The moulis, castings, phans of the machinery, its putting together, nll- earpenter mould-maker, machine buillder, founter; smith,Il the work of one man; and he a mountaincer pionecer of ten years, and one who never studied any trade.
Aeross the road we saw a whelwright shop art borlies, and at the other wacon-tires; whit in nother place was a wett-made and handsomely finisled wragon, made also by the same industrious nd skillfut hand, and that hand a firmer.
Another fine little room, and we saw a man a Work making harness for the teains on the farm. Thus we have briefly attempted to deseribe what we can only denonimate a hive of inclustry; all the work not of queen bee, but a king bee,for we really look upon Mr. Kellogy and his wellplanned establishiment as one of tho most industrious men of the age; and his plans are all useful in the highest sense, uneful not only as an exauple, but useful to his entire houschold and the conmunity: Had we not have mado this deseription so long, we would have deseribed hi orchayds and garlens, and would liave spokien of the letter we have froin his hand, wherein he speaks of the wrorg done him reeently by a pulswhich under the circumstanees of his situation nt the time, we deem most unjust-a and we trust we hall be able to do hiin justice in our next issue. We shall give a deseription of his orehards, gardens, etc., tnyetber with somo facts relative to the easc-for, standing as we do the editor of an Agrienltural journal, no appeal can bo made o ins to redress a wiong undor such circumstances y publiention, and we refuse. This fact wo bare carned with pleasurc, that no onc eitizen in Napa has done more to builh roads, bridgcs, Sabbath sehoots and churcher; and perform those pultle datses which buith up community, than Mr.Kellogg With the facts recently sent to us, wo desire to sec so able and prominent a worker in the cause Agriculture dealt fairly by. For ourselves, hough alnost a perfect stranger, we have the
best of proof of kind courtesy and antention-and wo belieye had all lie faects of the casc been
made known nt tho time, tho publiention would never havo been made.

Th The City of Stoction The past week we had the pleasure to make a visit to the city city of Stockton. It was our first no idle story. We know not why we have not walked her fair streets and stesmed it up her limdred-mile serpeutine river before; but so it
was. Nearly seven years a resident of the Eure was. Nearly scren years a resident of the Eure-
kisa Sinte, his past week we made our dubut in the City of Sequares.
We cheerfilly ncknowledge we are pleased
with Stock cities, but becanse we see in it so mueh to admire. We adusire tho enterprise of her citizens. We admire the order and systen apparent in her business relations. We admire the civident tast for inproreneint in the butbings and the sin niark there is of permanent improvement. We admire the cheerfuliness that is appatent in all the cilizens; there is a social, checerful look, that speuks content; this we take as indicative of prosperity. We admire the interest we saw
innifested in the cause of edneation, and partien arly in tho publio sohools. This is a bright futire, when schoolhouses aro neat and selools are liko an insuranee office, against crime ond panperism. We liko Stockion beeause we see an opportuni)y of greatly advaneing her prosperity, through attention to means within her reach -we mean attention to tho eanse of Agriculture and Iforticulture, to the laying out and iniproving the fine lots that nearly join tho business part of the city.
Our first leisure inoments we gave to a. risit to that most: prominunt feature in thic "View of Stockton," just pmblished by Rosenbaum. Wc ineme the beantiful residence and gardens of C . M. Wehber, Esq. This is surely a delighaful placo and Mr. W. has done much for Stuekion, in thus presenting so grand an example of what ean be donc in an apparently irrecoverahle piece of marsh land. Mr. Welber's grounds are situated upon the point of a promontory oppositc to the great business landings of tho city. The mansion honso is mique, and spacions, the grounds extensive and luid out with mnch taste, and the various scetions of the gardens filled with the varions gems in every department of Flora aund Pomona, Several line arlprs of the gripe will give their agreeable shade in the heat of summer, and offer a shelter to the thonsinuls of rare roses that seater their perfiumed breath inpon the air. A tine collection of eloice pot phants under glass, and many frames of roses were coning fork:urd fincly. We were gratified to notice the wise systen adopted here of trench
sapding and the sunding the soil. This will seeure a houlthy tone to the soil, and always sceur for it a matleable condition. 'Tho most magnifieont Australian Aceacia we lavo ever seen, and of the inost rapid grow th we ever knew, we saw
in the contre of these gronnds- (a notiee of this tree will bo found in another column).
Thiere is ono most admirable plan adopted by Mr. Weber, which tho eitizons of Stock ton should duly estem. We mean the finc Public Promenade, builtat great cost, for the pleasure of others as well as himself. 'this walk su-rounds the mansion, and runs upon tho margin of the water or ereck, and giving a delighteful walk to the eitizens. As this is a benefit that fer cities ean boast of, the people should ever feel it a prido to wateb and guard such a plaee from injury and depredation.
We learned with pain that allhough Mr. IV had prepared this beautiful resort free to all, yet somo thoughtless or reckless wreteh or wroteles had so forgotten propriety or dceeney, or even honesty, as to cut, ruin and break some of the finest trees in the walk. We noticed somo of the Chineso Arbor Vite, a tree difficult to establisb entirely destroyed hy having their leaders eut of Sueh aets of vandalism should be scorned down in cvery community. Unloss it ean bo done, these improvements will not ho made, or, if made the publie .ill not bo permitted to enjoy them. We learn thint Mr. WV. is about to lay out and benutify lots near Freneh Camp for residenets, and also his other grounds around the city. Such improvements are of great public ralue, and it is to be greatly regretted that we havo not more
publie nen in every community that love to mot publie neen in every community that love to mako Having enjoyel n plessat grounds of Mr. W., he showed us the designs of his new walls and plans; then we called at his office where bo furnished us with several plans and sketehes, among them the new plan of tho
eity of Stoek ton, which can be seen at our office. eity of Stoek ton, shich can be seen at our office.
Hoturning thanks to Mr. W for bis klnd courcos, we strolled thence to the Asylum,

Subsoil Plotring-Good Fences.
THE following Tus following letter frem our valned eorresrusod by every Farmor and Stock-raiser. We rejoiec to see the sulject of sulsoiling the and beginning to aronse tho attention of those whose intercsts are at stake;and the best proof that the truth is nt work and a refornution taking
place, is before ns, The writer acknowleiges his own errors in times past and gives us proof of his own reform by a practical lesson and the results of his own labors. He docs it with a good grace too, to show his neighbors and all others interested how inplortant have been these resnlts to him, on a small seale, and what they rould hare leen to others, bad all the grain lands of Lalifurnin been subsoiled.
We only
We only difler from "Colfon," in one thingin his cunclusions at the opening of his letter, e say's we may think him jresuming! for thus loubling us and our renders; but we will not diflicr, for an after assertion is so mnch to the point, that it is a saving clause to all difforences of opinion. Here we agree with all our henrt; Colfon says: "But the dity which every tiller of the soil, whether it be in theory or in practice, owes to.hinself and to his country, mutl which wo so oflen see grievously neglectal - not
from a desire to do wrong, but fronn neg!igeneo and lukeerarmincss, prompts me to say a Fansen jo the readers of the Cathroania season, which according to our oron management, may yicld us an usorious interest at harvest, or bring each man in debt to bis neighbor."
The realers of our paper will bear us out in the assertion, that subsoiling: thororgh plozring: cond goord cullictution, have been themes which
we hare been contimally urging upon them, and we rejoiec to see so able a pen ns Colfon wields, enter the field. We do hope lis most honorable oxample of patriotisum aud good will in the causc will bo apprecinted, and wo hope our coun-
try Presses will copy this letter, and let it go ont roand cant seed, for it assurredly will bring forth "a harvest f sood things."
Goon hugbanary 19 vor man mivinity." mpluons, and you may think rinkt for thus oubling join and your reallers; but the duty which ceery tiller of the soil, whecher it he in theory or in pructice, owes to himself and to his country-which we so often sise grierously neg-
tucted, not fram a dessire to do wrong. but from
 Farmen. junt on the ceve of nrother phaving Armen. junt on the eve of nrother phaning
scason ; which newording to our own mamagement, may yield us ant usorious interest at havervest, or bring each munn in delt, to his neigithor. Although the tatc croll of grain, (whieh, is our
Alther staple, anil whieh descrves. the mopt notice, was
a short.one, und the prices somewhat leeter than ast year, it would eertainly have beene to the permanent interest of the flarmer, if we shonld havo malle double the quan ity of whent. 1 know fill well that I am opposel to some preple in this
those who fear that when we produce more those who fear that when we prodnce more
than will suflice for home consmumption. Liat wo hann wil sufice for home consmenption. that so
will not be atbe to obtain a unarket for it ilrond, at remuncrative prices. If there had been a largo
crop this year, we rould prohalily not had as crop this year, we would prohably not had as
nuch as now remains in our storelionses, and the figures full as high as they lave been ranging of late. Every breeze that lias blown sinectur nedy thousands of forecign lands. And whist would more inturally induce our brethren to tho east ward, to migrate hither, with their fanilies than to see large exprortations of breadstullis; thus giving evidence of n setulct and prospcrous agricultural people-better sign than all the coin
and bullion which is paraded in the papers semiand bullion which is paraded in the papers semi-
monthly? Then wo slould bave lavd a forcign grain trade opened to us; but now it will tako grain hace opened to us; but now it will tako
another year to effeet this. This must bo peontplished sooner or later: A market for ourr grain, pand Califoornia oe lan produco foced for millions, as
and well as gold, profitahlio alike to both producer and consumer. We can juorcorere raise wherert
chenper than in auy State in the Union. This, chenper thun in auy Sta
can prove if necessary.
Let us lay down as an axiom then, that we cannot overrun tho nuarket, and aet necordingly.
Farmers should bo done Farmers should bo done with this loose why
of seeding, plowing, and harrowing. Why sernth of seeding, plowing, and harrowing. Why seratch
tho ground, whell you yourselves aclinowledse to ground, wheli you yourselves ackinowledse
he folly of such a course? nud I lint tued th
 iscif, is not true, or we should liave turncd a new leaf, ero this, witb a brighter side. Yon
know without reasoning for a moment, that one ance, well plowed annl) pur in, as a rule, is worth
two acres of a spiontaucous or lialf-ulowed and wo acres of a sponthucous or half.-plowed and
wrop. These lioston or any innilarly constructed cultivators, which were used 0 somo cxtent last winter in breakiing ne used land
an in this vieinity, we nost unqualititielly condernn, for this purpose-of supplanting tho plow,
will miswer for hec harrow ; but if tho plow is to be supplanted at all, take its time-honored place, and not the enlti-
vator. We should endearor to plow our stubble-

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 $=2$ mimizimemy with donble team. by way of experor ent. and
found that it vielded more than 50 per cent. bet-
ter than the oth er. Hero is the fountain of ane ter than the otler. Hero is the fountain of sul
cens, into wh chinr atigation c:nnot go too firr. Fencm: is certainly an item in the farmer' dress before the Mo. Agrienlturals a ciety. nnade the
starting assertion that the fences of the Linit States cost more noner than all the buiddings of Sl per rol (real the ardidess in the Mo. Repub-
licenn of Uet. 20). Beliering that the firmerts is the interest of the walley combtien famer's the interest of the valley combtics at least, we tem is ontrageous-our fences mere shanas, for neat catte and horses; and no lars to protect us from hogs, sheep and goats, so fir as 1 know.
It would be much cheaper to herd the stock, i the eounties that choose it so by cor propuli, than
to buikl and keen in repair the nucessan' y fences. to buitd and keep in repair the nucessary tences.
T'his should recive the attention of all conecrned. which it immediately demands- the agricultamal counties, whose lasting interest it would be to
adopt such a system, apparently unwise and injudicions; but it rrould assuredly worls out its ost number." Very respeetfully,

The Eide Trade in California.
Trie valne of this important part of our Export trade is but little known. We frequently notice the shipments of IIdes from Sacramento, Marys-
vilte, and other places, yet the real value of this product, or the inatuer of collecting, preparing or shipping, and the data connected therewith, is not given or their total valuc made known. Attention is being given to the subject-the business is being concentrated and assuming a per-
maneney. We visited a large establishment for maneney. We visited a large establishment for
the euring, packing and shipping hides and horns, tho past week, and was mnch interested in what we saw ; we look nipori sueh work as successful gleanings from the gient fields of our industrin] machinery, and adding lurge profits to the wealth of the State. It is indeed home industry, in the best sense of the word.

The entablishment of which we speak is upon - Rincon Iooint, beyond Sonth Park, Snn Francisco, ourned by Messrs. J. L. Fulton \& Co.; hero are collected hides and horns, sheep pelts, and when prepared are shipped to the East. Mr. Fulton,
the proprietor, superintends the whole, and from 'him wo learn that they reecivo one hundred and twenty sheep pelts and forty eattlo hides per day from San Franeiseo, and forty bides per hay: from the mines; folmerly they received two handred and fifty for tho week. The sheep pelts are poisoned and dry sulted; the poison protects them
from worms, and the salt is for preservation from injury on the royage. The hides are also poisoned and dry eured, from November to May, and pickled in the summer from May to November. We sam them in all the various stages of prep. aration; the vats for picking would hold about
four hindred hides. linles of pelts, hides and horns, were preparing for the vessel that lay at the wharf, near by. We look upon an enterprise wish the prosperity of our State and the permanency of our industrial pursuits.
We noticed large quantities of the fith from the horns of cattle, that we huon are of great
ralue to our gardeners in tbat ricinity; the land is low and eold, anl these horns, burnt and
broken, or even iu their natural state, are of immente value: and we hope thit will arail Lumemere on ins onvernemis wionexe beer
 $=$

To the Xoung Men of Btockston.
"Buad wirt sh at ism ne."
In our recent risit to the eity of Stuckion, we Is our recent risit tu the eity of stuckton, we Stockton is laid out with the same design-in
bromat parallel streets and squares-and is capnlle of becoming ere long a rery beantifinl city visihle to a Sacramuntan, in the absence of al
velwe the twise is stikingly diade trees in their grent businuss marts, or in eir innmediate vicinity.
Were the effort onade and the streets to be thus heautified by rows of shade treos, Stockton would become one of the fairest cities on tho Pacilie ppen. The activity of her merchants, the lively appearance of her business marte, and the rapici mprovemunt she has made recently, beapeali her s a city that is most prosperous. Were tho broad business avenues to be properly shicelded by a varicty of our beautiful nutive trees, and other streets by new and valuable varicties, the
squares and public grounds also beautified, nakking then places of jublic resort, the natural effeet would be to enhanee the value of, real esstate as well as render tho city more cheerful and enutiful.
But how shall this work bo accomplished? Now, while politics rage so high, it is difficult to carry measures for public improvement: for it is said "corporations have no souls." But we believo wo know a way that will not only be sure to accomplish the object, but which would secure its immediate completion, and besides it nould refleet honor upon all engaged in it, and with but little cost or labor to eaeh. Dur plan is as
follows: let the Young Men of Stocleton resolve thenselves into an association for boantifying the public streets and squares of their eity; let them ome togethor immediately and eaoh pledgo himsulf to plant two or four trees each, and the work is done, and the cost to cach a mero trifle; and ret the aggregate of the benefit conferred upon the city of Stockton would be beyond priee, it would be a monument that would over be green their memories, living or dead.
What, a world wide famo has tho eity of New Haven won as the beantifnl "City of Ehus," and this was accomplinhed the same way.
While in Stockton we conversed with several joung men upon this plan, and we found all ready, heart and hand, for the work. Now is the time to begin the work. legin this very autuinn, and the coming spring will see the waving branches
of manly a fair tree that shall offor yon in coming years a shade from the sun and a shelter from he storm; and thousamds of your fair friende sball ever bless you for so noble a work.
Who will start so noble an enterprise? We Whit with hope,

## The Value of Bones and Bone Dust. *

 - He have been surprised many times, as we have passed from pluce to place, in seeing the great quantities of lunes lying abont on our prainics and farms, and eren among those whom weshould think knew their value. Every cultivator of the rine should asail limself of this valuable fertilizer, aud especially as it is the labit of our growers to plant the grape in the valley, instead of the hill side-eertainly the ulost appropriate phace for the sme. If any of our vine-grovers will make some experiments rith bone manure, we will renture the aspertion that if they will favor us with a faithful result of a two jears? experiment, so wo can give it to the publie.-it would not be long befure hones will be scarce. Heads and borns of eattle are abunfant over the land, and shoukd te gather=1 up. The pith of the hora shonk be placel below the roa s of the young rines, anl in the line of th ir grorth.
or they can be burned and braken to form a part of the entiching sonstatce of the il ; teraw piths thus planted nil hef nd corp petel? rilplete basket work around the bonc, ca inf: in and through the horn, feed on upon the $n$ vrror; and
as the si e ine eases, wh ! s eatio: $u_{j}$ the Lorn, or Whar it like a honey cornb.
Il cearnes ly bope $r$ cultiratora, the gardeners at and around the Mission of Sau Fras cien,
sill go to Messrs. Fut o of C , e a l hern fiutcrs and loty some of tese himp os a d try larly b pe chat Mr Walker of thir ter sae 2 $2-2=$

Honorable Example.
Wown you eradicato erime? Elucate the
youth of onr land in the pnth of virtuc. Would
you make them patriots and lovers of their conn-
try? Eluente them in a knowledge of our insti-
tivenamen tutions and laws. Would you nake them lovers of $\ln x$ ' and order? Fiducate them in Temperaneo and J'ence.
We rejoiee to see the deep interest being mani fested by our prominent citizens in the cause of Edueation, and we nutico with pleasure and prife the noble instance of this intorest as exlibited by F. W. Macondrays Fisq. at San Mateo in the gift of a lot of land for a Scbool-house, and also a liberal donation in monoy to aid in erecting a buitding. Enpt. Macondray is one of tho pioneer merehats of San Francico, and having a beautiful country residenee at San Mateu, has most wisely taken measures to guard his interests-his property there-by his desire to educato the
yonth. There is no better safeguard to life and property than a well-educated community around us. A man who once had a large and valuable park and grounds, abounding with fruits of the rarest kinds, which were never stolen, was called upon by another person who lived in a reckless community, and whose garden was continually robbed; he inquired what he should do to proteet his grounds from the bad thieving boys that surrounded hin? The first gentleman answered promptly-educate the boys. We bave ever said amen.; and we havo also said more, we say ectucate the girls. Give us educated Mothers, and the bojs are sure of an eclucation-and thas ha Capt. Macondray wisely planned for his beautitu home at San Matco. Ho says educate the boys, aye, and tho girls, too. And who will not bless him for it. Reader, do you approve? If so, and do likewiso, according to your abilíty

## The Grain Market.

Calirornia is begirning to bo appreciated in the old States, in, other places than' Wall street New York; Chesnut streot, Philadelphia, and State strcet, Boston. Tho mint, the banks, and on 'chauge aro the places whero California character and worth were alone to be estimated in times past. Llow much gold did the stoame bring? was the main question. Now her elrar acter and iufluence are felt in another market. Tho Genesce country is feeling her influenc now. The Gallego and IIaxall Mills tako an in terest in California. Any more ships witb Grain and Elour to day? The corn exehaoge and the flour market feel the influmee of the grain from the valleys of Califurnia as quickly as do the banks and money deaters the chime of the gold from ou mountains, and it is well they should. The Agri eultural interest is being felt there, and we rejoie 10 see. It will work wouders. The amounce-
ment of ship loads of grain and flow, daily or weekly, will tell more favorably for California and tend more to build up our State with a per manent population, than all the shipuents of roasure that ean be sent. Gold is an article that anme lize for; breal? is ans article that al must hare that lire. Gold will draw men hither in search of it; but our grain ficlds and happy than all the gold of Ophir.
than all the gold of Ophir.
IBut to the grain niarkets, Whent is firm an Is ralue steadily increasing. 'The demand for I ur keeps all the mills in the State in full work night an l hay. The best wheat commands fro
o much in the market. Farmers are now re ceiving the benefit. Hefore thirty dajs the m
 mert he demand grmat.




A Now Machine for reaching Gold D posits.
A new machine has recent Prancisco, serving as a model to the great lloosae
'lunuel horing apparatus, which is destinod in Tlunnel lioring apparatus, which is destinod, in
tho opinion of gooll judeos, to effect a revol tion in mining nperations in this State, and so reduce the cost of that importnint branel of mining in-
dustry-lunneling - that the richest deposits, now unter almost inaccessible mountains, may loe reached with compartively little Inbor. The nanenine, the mimature labors of which we wit-
nessed at the Vulean Foundry, where it was evhibited by Mr. Steen, who hias the patent for Cal. the patent invented by Charles Wilson. to whom the patent was issued in 1851, It is now in use
in the Iloosae Tumnel, Nassachusetts. where it cuts a diameter of seventeen feet a distance of five feet nine inches in twenty-four hours. Smaller ones, buwever, are made, adapted to any size it Table Mountain may mo honercombed, and the rockiest hill penetrated through the base. It is driven by cumpressed air, thus ventilating the unnel, while driving the machine, which follows
its work inch by inch as it advances, by the power its work inch by inch as it advances, by the power
of traction, or the friction of the wheels on the rock upon which it rolls. It is placed upon pears, is managed and worked by the labor of three men. There ean be fuestion about the suporiority of this machine. It embraces cvery quality for cconomy and speed, and performs its work with the most beautiful accuracy. The roek is enten into by the peculiar action of a so-
ries of self-sharpening stecl cutters, turning with ries of self-sharpening stecl cutters, turning with
lightning speed, and earried by horizontal shafts, the whole of these eattere made to revolve by means of a large eogged wheel of nearly the diameter of the tunnel. The immense saving of labor to mining. companies by this medium may
be seen from the fact that while by the present method of rimning a thinal fire feet in diameter through ordinary roek, three or four men constantly employed ean never advance more than from two to three fect per day; by this machine a similar tunnel ean be excavated froms turenty to thirty feet per day. Mr. Steen estimates the cost of entting such a tunnel by hand at $\$ 15$ the foot. The machine docis the same work for $\$ 150$ per foot. The engire, moreover stands oulside tho tinnel, the power being eonveyed any length by India robber hose; thus dispensing with sinoke, de., in the interior of the excavation. From eertaiu peculiarities of arrangennent, the inachines running them is trifline One cont. The cost of five and a half feet tunuel, deliverest in San Frane and a hair feet without the patoot, costs $\$ 5.500$. The raneisco, without the patoot, costs $\$ 6,500$. The
invention, we think, needs but to be known to po into general use.-Alla.

Hog Ratsivo.-The raising of hogs, which one Jar ago, was considered by knowing ones, to bo he sure thing in the money making lino, says tho Mariposa Gazette, has proved very nnsuccessful to all our aequaintance who have engaged in ic. A few lave kept about even as regards man half, and as high as two-thirds of their original stock. This want of sllecess is not owing to the rant of good ranges, for ther abound about here riant of attention. Wibl animals most undoubtedly destroy large numbers of the increase; cojotes are especially destructire-when one incets pigry, piges is gone to all intents and pur inses. The heaviest losses, howerer, have occur ed from the mysterious disappearance of numbers grown hogs; disappearing, too. in drores of as
mauy as twents. We know one farmer uho hes loat over sixty tho past summer, and long searches have filied to discover the hogs, or the mannerer of have filied to discorer the hogs, or the manner of
thear learing. But little doubt exists of their bring stulen-somo one, some where, mu thave driven a tlourising. ere, fr some time to come, for the basiness wil a tended with some p ronal bescols it will he himself if he shoo il be dismavered.
The charch of Goolis of on the ma st pr rous Then she has least in her c, ers, fo st in her
imples, s d oth I I hoswity it the or rld. Meteorological Obeervations,
MAEE AT THE STAIE $A=Y L$ Y. उT Wher

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Trees for a Lawn
WE have presented to our readers in back numbers serteral sketebes of plans for the plant-
ing of trees for ornamenting gromnds, and proming of trees for ornamenting grounds, and prom-
ised to present those for open lawns, parks, \&c.
Those who desire to lar out large open parks or lawns should first study in sone measure the size of the tree when grown, so as to plant with
referenee to the future; nad thms they would have a criterion for the space the trees require. Wic havo in our mountuins and hills benutiful native trees twat woild grace any. park or lawn. Few trees ean exceed the beauty of the evergreen oate of Californin, when oarefully grown; and it can be formed to the eye. The beeelh, the uaple, the
blaek alder, and even the sy comoro, (our old limt ton-wood.) should grace every large park. To these wo rould uld the eedwood and the truc ar-
bor vita, and all the pines of our forest; and with those trees we hinve mentioned in former number for streets aml dwellings added, a full variety can be had without adding these offensive eotton.
roouls and ailanthus, which should be discarded as a gelleral true.

## Paulonia Imperiallis.

This beautiful ornannental tree is now being placed in Califurnia as one of a class
will show to a very great advantage.
The tive is of very rapili growith. The body and form of the tree and tho wowl, eseruble the "Tree of licavell", the Ailanthus; bint the lea
of the Panlonia. sing!e, is very large. unarly roume or beurt- slinpul, and often measuring a yard i diameter. It is a stately tree, and should be esery collection.

The Catalpn trec, is a beautiful ornamental tree, anlul cann now be had nt sercral of our best nurscrics. We have seen beautiful specimens at Messrs. J'rovont \&d Co.'s, at San Jose.
This tree is of wery rapid growth. leaves rery large, bright glossy green, and pretty, elusters of
blossonis. It secels well, and the seeds forin in pods sometimes a yard long.
This tree should be found in every fine collcction.

## Australian Aceacia.

We have Apoken of many leautiful ornamental trees that can now hic had at our nurseries, sich as shouid grace our dwellinge, our streets nud our
lawns, we liave named many rarieties, all good. and all fully equal to what we have said of them. There were some fow we dill not name in the groups, because we wished to name thern in a distinct manncr, so ns to call partieular attention.
We hare in this number named two, the Pan-
We have in this nunber named two, the Paulonia Impe, inllis, and the Catalpa. We now
name the third -tbe last naraed, tunt the frist in character and beauty. There has no one tree yet been presented to the eje, that is more perfectly beautiful than the one we have described as the Australian Accacia.
This Accacia is of tbe most rapid growth of any we have yet known. Wo have seen trees the present ycar that have attained the hight of ten, twelre and even sixteen feet. Its hroad pendant
branches, its beautifill shining foliage, its delicate leares so gracefully drooping from their waviag branclies-for the foliage is in constant motion liko the trembling Aspen-and the tree being almost an erergreen-tbese characteris
it the most benutifin) tree in California.
We bare secn four trees the present $j$ car, caclı of them perfoct germs, and each worth a ride of thirty mules to see. The first was in the garden
of Dr. Cobb, of San Jose city. We saly it in September, then in full growth and measuring twenty-five feet in circumfercnee in tbe branches,

The second fe sarr.
The second we sarr in the bcatiful garden of
Capt. Falsh, of Benicia. We liad seen this tree in the spring, and again in the summer when it had its beautiful blossoms upon it, their gollen tufts easting a fragrance, and the blossoms forming a pleasing contrast to the glossy foliage of the tbe size of that of Dr. Cobb.
The tbird we saw in the garden of E. L. Beard;
Esq., of San Jose Nission. Esq., of San Jose Mission. Hicre we saw two
trees, each most glorious trecs, of equal sizo to tbose we bave deseribed, and equal! ly beautiful. In fact tbero seems to bo a disposition of tbe tree to grow equally rapid everymicre.
The last and the most rapid growcr, and the soost beautiful we satw at the splendid, garden of
C. M. Welber, Stockton. This trec had attained a. M. Clber, stockton. This trec had attained
a size equal to the others we have named, but
this of only oue year's growth, and wo pro-
nounce it the fincst tree of one year, loth in size
form and leauty, that we hare erur seen, nnd w hink we can challenge the world to beat it. We have been eopious in our remarks of this tree, because it will assuredly be the most de sinable true, for particular positions for open awns and for "pet" trees, of any in our country,
and as sucl we can licartily recommend it. Those
and who desire further proof cen sec the trees in rrowing state; they will then beliere.

## Grafting Beets.

At the beginning of Septemher. 1853, D nlan aracenn, or colchester, an ingenious exper nlanta ist and good physiologist. grafted a joung Ret] Beet, and vice versca. At tho time of the iperiment the plants were ench about as thie There was a slight collite jaction at lise linc of junc-
then, much like that formed by "clock jinm", tion, much, like that formed by "clocking:" ",
roeket case; abore the line of contraction the plant was absolutely white; below it was 20 so
lutels red. Not a traee of blendiug the two color lutels red. Not a trace of blendingt the tro color other vegetables and plants, Dr. Mactenn had so
ar ussured himself of the perfeet independene or assurred himenself of the pericect independiene as to arquire tha betief that of one or the other would or culd to attered by their union. Ther result of the trial wholly con firmed that riech; and demonstrated that the junetion of cellular matter; that of the scion an stock holding together in the first instance, and each afterwards produced itsown coloring matle
in its own new colls as they formed sulperficially, in its own new colls as they formed superficially,
the red eells adherilis to the white white in thio nascent state, but retaining caeli the peculiarit belonging to it, without ony interchange of eon-
tents through the sides of the cells in contact. This is entirely, consistent with all that has been discovered by the modern physiolugists who of the individual cells of which plants consist. They hars clearly shown that each cell has its own special imherent of secretion; as indued man be secn by any one who exatuines thin section
of varicgated leavea or other parts. It will the of varicuated eavea or oliter parts. it will thel
be seen tlat sone cells are filled with a rell color-
ind ins manter, olhers with 1 cllwir. others with grven
In other words, one cell has the power of secret ing rel matter, another grecm, and so on. Thio
colors lo not ruis logellicr, lut are cuntaniued each within the cell thut plodinecs it. Why this is so no one knows; all that we are nequiainecil with
is the fact that in the cells of the Jled Bect resdes a power of formine red mantler. and in thox of the 11 hite silessiun livet that of forming yel-
low; and this puenliarity is not affected by the low ; and this peenliarity is no affected by the
one growing to the oticr. Fed forming cells Thus the limit between the scion and the sir is sumistak eally y traceathle, and notwithstanding he eomulnination of the two worts in one, cacli perservingly retains iliat which is natural to it.
that is true of hects is truc of all other plant What is rue of hects is true of all other plant. Whe practice of grafting the unquistionalile
Sunflower, or Eellanthus.

This is a lighly, ormamental and extensive Eenns of plants, uni ornminenat their tall growth they the are particullarly well ainpted for the back of
flower garlens, or the front of slrubberics, in
 in autumn. They grow well in any comunon gar-
den soil ; the tender kinds being protectod in inter. It appears to possess far more protilable qualitics than were hitherto sulpposel, and Le.
sides forming $a$ ljeantiful oljgect in $a$ bed of dlowsiles forming a lueautiful otject in a bed of tlow-
res, it many be cultivatell with advantange, nnd npplied to many ussefni purposes. An aere of lavill distant from each other The prodec will coording to tho naturc of the soil and wialc of culvivating ; but the arcinge lias becon found to bo 0 bushels per acre of the seed, which will riek 5 gallons of oil. The oil is cxcellent for table ase, burning in lamps, and for the unanuacture of soaps. The musl, or retusc of the secds after the
il has been expressed, and nade into cakes, will produce 1,500 lus. ; and the stalks, when burnt Or alkali, will give out 10 per cent. of potass. The green lenves of the sundower, which dried and burnt to powder, make excellent fodder for
milch cows, nixed mi.l. bran From the fuse minch cows, mixect mi.h bran. From the ease
with which sinflowers are produced in onr. garwith which sunfowers arc procuced in onr gar-
dens, for they flourish in any soil and require no dens, for they lourish in any soil and require no
particular carc, rre may safely say that an aere of ry are rery fond of the seeds.

## Vitality of Seeda.

Tue vitality of seeds, under favorable circumBuok, ean bo eounted upon fortlie following periods:
 Yor olv y car.
Balue, Basil. Benns, Cardoon, Carrot, Cress, Dasiun Cress, Lavender, Leck. Okra, Ouion, Pesas,
ndian, Pepper, Rampion, sage, Salsify, Savory, Scorzon-
cra, Thy me. Thoniato, Worlu wood-and small herbs genierally-fur two ycars.
Artichoke, Asparagns, Corn Salad, Egg-Plant, Endive, Indian Coon, Lettuee, Marigold, Marjorann, Nustard, Parsley, Rosemary, Rue, Skirrct pinach and Tansey--for three
Borage, Borecole, Brocole, Brusscls Sprout,
Cabage, Cauliflower, Radisb, Sea Kalo, Trarra-
Cabage, Caulifower, Radisb, Sea Kalo, 'larra-
gon, nud Turnip - for four yenrs.
gon, and Curnip-for four yenrs.
Bcet, Burnet, Ceiery, Cliervil, Cucumber, Dill,
Fennel, IIysson. Melon, Pumpliin, Sorrol add
Fennel, Iy Iysop. Melon, Pumpkin, Sorrol
Squast-froun five to eight or tell yeare.

New Grains Recently Introdu
We prosent our readers with the report upon the new Grains recently introdnced into the Patent Offiee from diflerent countrics, and as
these various specimens liave hean kindly forthese various specimens have been kindly for
warded to the State Society here and been listrifinted $1, y$ then, those who have rececivels suc Grains will liere learn of their quality, charineter and culture. They are of great value to this and culture. They are of great valne to this
country: and we hope eare will be bestowed nion then.
cheals and otimer plants, eultidited for Turkish Fight Ihecte from Moumt Ulympu in Ania; a fall variety, with rather large. long. in Aria; a fill variety with rather large. long.
dilinty burries not very clark-colored, and possessing cerries not very lark-colored, and proplerties for long keepling in a
ing
moist cliwnte, er moist climate, or fir transportation liy seat withand prolitic in ibe Midille Siates, aml its enlture deserves to be extended. The spikies are of goon length and size, having only \& light beard.
Algeriun Fime Wheat, froin the provil Oran. This variety has n remarkably ha
berry, rather dark-eolored, and weesthing berry, rather dark-eolored, and weighing
pounds to $\begin{aligned} & \text { busthel. From a sample sown in }\end{aligned}$ pounds to n ousthel. Froin a sample sown in the
valley of Virgina. in November last, it jielded a the rate of 35 bushels to tho acre, a berry equal in size and weight to the original. Pithussiun Flint Wheat, tron the island of Ivicn; anothor fiall variety, resenubling the A1 gerixn, bot having
from light to dark.
Syyian Spring Wheat, from the "Farm of Abrahnun,", ut the foot of Mount Carinel, in the
IIoly Lanil. The berry of this varicty resemble that of the last preeediur and is reputed to hav matured in sixty day's after sowing.
C'ape Hhertt, from the Cape of Cood IIope procured hy Com morlore Perry, of the Japan Ex
pedition. This is a beautiful lighlt-colored whent, pedition. This is a beautitulngit-colored whent,
slightly flinty hit its character, and doubtess pro. duces an cexcellent flour. lit probably will do niuch
rown
 degecuerate, unless the seed is often repicmislied or changerl.
Spanish Spring Whecut, (Trigo camleal,
from Alicante; a benntifil variet able whititeness, and is repultrd to hare ripused in less than, ninety days after sowing. It
will doulteess succed will as a winter wheat at the South, and a March or spring varitus nt the Yorth. The leerry is rather 1ong. plump,
and slightily flinty in its charneter. The flour is of unrivalled whituness, and is eclebrated in Spain (pantering candent.)
(bo composition of cand alal uread (pall candenl.)
Hhite Ihn
rie. of the French, from the south of dernMric. of the rench, from the sonth of France. length, very compract. and square-lilie, teruinat ing subupty, or not apering to the extreminty
chall; sunuoth mid thin; spikefects. containing foun grains, which are quite large sinarp and plump or rounded, white, and slighthly transparent
Weicht. 66 poinds to the bushel. It is repmel Weight. 66 poinds io the bushel. It is repplal
to be about a week longer in ripeniug than when to be whont a weck longer in ripening than wher
sorts, but frimn its superior qualitioss it well deserves a trial in this connery, axa lall or winter
wheat at the South, and as a March or spring ariety at the North
Red-chaf White Hheat, from England, having a very large, short. rounded berry, generally soft
but often transparcut it is probably would not succeed as a fall wrlitat nortl of Virginia.
Hhite $N$
White Neapolitan Wheat, (Richelle blanche de Naples,) from the south of France, whero it much cultivatel. The spikes are long, but no very compact ; terminal spikelects, having shor
awns from one fourth of an inch to an inch in length; chaff, delicately tinged with a dull y cllow or copper color; grains, large, considerably elon
satad, and gencrally of a yellowish-rehite gated, and generally of a yellowish-white color
It lias the disadvantage of ripening late, and is It has the disudvantage of ripening late, and is
bellered to be too tender for the North. Possibly, it may prove to be a March ur spring wheat, if sown early in the Middlo States or at thc Soutb
Girline's Prolific Wheal from Eupland; very proific fsll variety, with a large, short, plump, brown berry, hut inclined to bo soft
Like the Red-cbaft White, it is thought to beten der, and unsuited for the Northern States.
White Chiliun Hheat, from Santiago de Chili a beautiful variety, with large, rounded, plump white grains, rescu bling those of the Red-chalf
White from England, and, like which, it is be. White from England, and, like which
lieved to be too tender for tho North. lieved to be too tender for tho North.
Saumur Spring Wheat, (Ble de saumur Spring Wheat, (Ble de saumur de
mars, ) originally from the valleys of Anjou, a mars, orignally frum the valleys of Anjou, a soutluesstcrn departurent of France, and is a very
remarkable varicty for full or winter-sowing remarkable varicty for full or winter-sowng.
The berry is rather soft, though full, of a reddisil color, and mueb estecmed by farluers for its anrly color, and mueb estcemed by farmers for its carly
maturity, whicll perfects itself some duy's before the ordinary sorts. As its name implies, jit may also be sown in Marcll, which will autd to its
value in this country value In this country as a spring whent. If sown
in autumn, it would probably succecd in tbe middle or eentral rauge of States.
Early Noe Wheat, (Blo do lile de Noe), ia
troduced troduced into tho cenitral part of France by if. de Noc, und is commonly known thero under the name of Ble blel. From its hardy and provue mur wheat in tho ligh latitudes of Paris, and i mueh sought after on account of its preencity. this whent andy the precedingl varicty havo the
monn sorts, if they sueveed in our climate in this
rexpeet a great point will be aut rexpect. a great point will be attained. A single
week thus cainell in ripening wonld ofien seelre the crop from iniury ty the thy or rust, aside from
 whent if suwn early.
Geia Whicat from urge, nioderately loncr sult berry, of a will a保. rather inelined to be flinty. It aprobably would he too tender to sow at the North as a fall
whent, althouglh it might suceed if sown early Large Northern Pacific Rye, from Germany;
 Spunish Bariey, from the south of Spain; with full well- Blicd druin, which pronises wel.
Comnton Black Out. (Aroino noire de Brie.) Hom Framec, In the length of lie straw, and the rinm of the pinacle, this variety is similar to the and of astining brainct color, , ifylter towards the noint it is very prolitite, and alout a week car-
tior than the Potato ont, weigling 42 pounds to he bushel.
Chencill Chenaittes Oat. (Avoine noire de Clienailles,) Irom rinnce ; resembling the precerling in the
character of the grain, but somewlat cartier and Syurish Oat from the sonth of Spain, with farinaevolsed grains, heary, amel well tillel with arrinaecoons naster. It probably would sinceecti
well in the Middle and Southern States, for late fall or winter sowing, (Surrazin argente), from France; min estectned sort, with whitish grains, nnd
enuloyectl for tho same purposes as the eommon
IIhite Quinoa, (Chenopodium quinoa), from France, but originally fron1 Peru, where it is a
native. The grains are ronnl, white, and about native. The grainsare round, white, and abont
the size of mustard-secd. The leaves of this plant, bofore it attains full maturity, are enten gonerally used as food, bcing both nutritious and wholesoine, as well as eaxy of digestiun. They are prupared in a yariety of ways, but most Ire-
quently are hoiled in milk or soups, or cookud with swect peppiers and clieese.
This plant is very vigurous, quite insensible to coid, and prolluess an ahundance of seed on a intentcil for its grain, it may be sown inl a slieitered border carly in the apring, in order that it
cin be transplanted before the return of summer heats; or it mays be sown in open cullure in Irills, in the middle of the spring. When the phand become or simeichn size, they are romover apmot, well exposell to the sun. If desired for the leaves. only. lhey may le set neayer to each other, and the sialks cut off at the first gathering in
order to canse chicun to branch oun for a suceession of crops. JBy watering during the sunmer,
shonkd tieir be no rain, tie product of leavus wiif we incessantly renewcd.
Forty Duys Muize. (Mais quarantain) a duars
ariet) from the south of \&puin reportal onve 10
 have ripereal highl ip in the Alps in forty days
after planting. Tlio olliject of introducing this after planting. Tho ollject of introducing this
gian into the United Scaltes was ou account of its quicls growth, early waturity, and sweet fla vor in the green state, ns well as the delicacy of the
bread unale from its tueal. Bexides, it appearsio uread wndc from its nueal. Besides, it appears to
be well adapted to tho light latitndes of cievated vallejs in many parts of the country; where nost other varioties of corn will not thrive, and with a
chance of a successful result in crossing it with the larger sorts, 0 which it might impart, in a degrectits quaite of eurly ripening, if not its tastc,
Indiun. Nillet, or Douriali C'orn, (Holcus sorg hum) froun St Martin, in the West Indios; des eribed at length in another part of this volume. Tue value of a Ganden.-But I bold, tha; any farmer, who is worchy of tibe nammo, will pre pare a suall plot of ground for his wifo and make it all they can wish or desire. It is these
men litte things that make liome pleasant and happy litie things that make liome pieasnant and lappy;
and it has been the lack of thess that las drivecu many a loving heart out into the world, and a liray
from a sterile, barren home. Give the wifo and daughters a place to plant, tond and rear their flowers; help then, if nueds Le, altobugh it may
take an hoursometimes that is hard to ppare , and take an hour somectimes that is hard to spare, and yon will a thousand times bless God for so order-
iug your mind that you did it. What husband jug your mind that you did it. What husband
or father, rugged though his nature may be, does or father, rugged though his nature may be, does
not fondly linger around a thome made so bright and cheerful by the fairy hands of his wife or daughters, scattering, as it werc, in bis way, the brother evor forcets his liome who has found bis room daily perfumed with the flowera which have been raised by the hand of a fonil mother or gentle, loving sisters, and placel thero through the What dnugiter ever own denr, alfectionate heart has cultiviner ever forgcts the home rlicre she year been so happy in lio blossoms wbich have Leen borine upoin the plants she lins watered and tended rith such patient care? Parenta, sisters, brothers, the dear old home, all-all eonie back
to ber, though jears may bave pased ame to ber, though jears may bave passed amay-min
tho scent or bloom of every llower. Tho family is seldom onhnopy, whose dwolling is surrounded with shady trees, and whoso garden le gay with with shady trees, nd whoso garden lo gay with
eultivated plants. Do not, then, I boseech you, forget the little flowar garden.
There is saill to be au osk cree near Raloigh, N. C, which, at the sun's meridian, eovers with a
shade a spee of uine thousind feet. It would

## Halle do Vine of Parts

As the aulject of vineyards and wine making I resent our readors with a sketets of the fanned wine market or wine vaults of France, as pre
sentel previous to 1850 . Sineo that dato ad ditions and improrements have narkelt the ago by all extension of space and more skill in the arrangement.
We remember our risit to these fnmous halls or ranles, and no description we can give will so
well deseribe them as the bricf and compreliensive term of boundless. The long roirs of eaiks, some of inmonse size, covered with a hoavy cuat ing of blue nold; the various gradts of carks of
the df ferent wines, bearing the names of diflerent provinces, wero all attractivo and interesting. One fenture was remarkable-the vast amount of all kinds of wine at market; itt free use all over
the city; beirg used ly all classes of citizens free as water: for the common claret and Bordeau: are drank mornix. noon, and evening, freelyret for weeks that we spent in the oity and its cated. Brandy or strong drinks are rarely used. These are all sent abroad, In our visits in Paris we onen met eitizens of both sexos that had not drunk eitlier tea or water for many months. They use wine as the common bererage, nnd strong coftec as tho main stimulant. We namme
tbese facts at this time, for we believe that in a ferw yeara we shall have our native wines as pure and good as in any portion of France or other troduction will drive out strong drinks and in teinperanco to a great degree.

Annexed is a brief deseriptions of thosio farmou wine vnults.
The Paris wine inarket, established in 1656 bovond the Porte St. Bernard, had long been found insinficient for the cominerce of the capital
when Nupoleon ordered the construction of one when Nupoleon ordered the constriction of one
much inore extensive upon tho site of the celemirated aborey of St. Vietor. The first stone was laid on the 15th of August, 1813. The work welaxed during 1815 and the (woo following yearss but have since been finished. Thie gronnd on which the inille aux Yins is coinstricted mieas.
ures about 20000 square metres. $1 t$ is incluse by a will on three sides, and tow ards the quay is finced by an iron railing nearly 800 mectees in longth. This magniticent market is divided into
streets onlled ufter diflerent kinds of wine, as fol streets ealled after diflerent kinds of wine, ass fol
lows:-rue de Chanupuge, rue do Bourgognc, rue de Bordeaux, rue de Langnadue, and rric de la
Coted dor. On the side next the quny are oflies Cote dor. On the side next the guny are oflioes
for those who silperini cud the entrance and defor those who sitperinlend the entranec and the-
parturcs of wines, and a great numbler of merpartures of wines, and a grical numbier of mer
diants' comating houses. The piles of buidling aro sevolin in mumber, four in front und three in tho buck ground. Sumo angmontations and in provementrin hive intely beecn made, and the whole
will contain nbont 450,000 canks. In the banch gionud is a warchoust appropriatedt to prinits
and constructed withont efther wool or iron: as slono for tho roof would have been fomind to heary, a hollow brick abont six inches loug was
usedl. In the liallo there is also $n$ bureau de depotage. containing guages of the casks of tho diffevent parts of Fiance; and purchasers of casks
may have them measured liere. Wines entering this depot do not pay the octroi dintr until they are sald out of it; hut, so long as they rcmain in
bond, the owners pay' warelousu rent, cte. The numiler of casks thint enter in one day is frequently 1.500. Olire oil also is sold liete, The hafle
is open to the pullic from 6 to 6 in the summer ; and from 7 to 5 in winter. An immenso quanandy of inferior wincs is alwayn oun tho wharf in front of this market.')

Phyatcal Education-Doncing.
A few weeks since we spoko of the necessity day we livo we see more aud moro proof of the importance of urging the attention of our citizens to this subject. If suy ono will notico the difference between the rarious nations that are now congregated in California, if they will but notiee individuals of each nntion, they will see in their moremuents and gestures, in their address, specech, to prove that those nations and people that give ree scope to thoir physical powers are more accomplishod, mere active, better look'ng, more healths, eheerf:l and happs, than those who hase disrcgarded its importance, and it is worthy of
note, too, that the kinut of physical trainingwhet wer it be aetire, cheerful labor, or ex ing
whet hand work-in door, contined labor or opee a'r
coil. Eymnastios or recreations and spurtirc exer-oises-enh and at sull int wheep the body effect epon tho ind. the $t=$ of consersation,


can do ns mueh as Dancing, and wo have those nations that have practiced it as $a$ preof, and the of "polite as a Fronch clanc'ing maxter." is rig-
nificant of tho effict of the exerocise. We present from our Frenclı work. a sketch of tho Frenel sstems, as now examinteil in iariss, anit do thi hotinge tinat from $i$
Balls-Ilaueing lieing the farorito amusement with the l'arisings bothi in winler annl summer rooro is no quarter of the aypitur in which baind
roonital to all classak, are, not to loe foind Tlie prine ipnI places during winter are-l'rado near the Palals te Justice; Bal Montesgytieu, run ides these there is an innumeralite varioty of bal ooms, for the niddlle classes. In summer dancing nkas place within, or iu the immediate ricinity of, the Capitn, in cardens especinlly laid ont for the purposo. 'Hhe Cl/atemiere, and the Chartrcuse,
on llie Boule Bard Mont Parnasse. and the Jardin Le Parais, at Montronge, outside the Barrier Mont Parnasse, are the favorite launts of the in-
feriur classes of Parisians. Hlere also recore the sriur classes of Parisianss Here also resort the Qurrtier Latin resort with their fngus of the
 heir peenliar perichant for the youth full followers of Minerva. As a general observation, we may remark that the character of the French popula phaees of this deseription. Quarreling or ill ternper is nearly nuknown, and even the lower class
display a politeness of address, and $n$ natura race in the evolutions of tho dance, almosi mounting to elecgance. Some places of rosort of sinilar kinid there are. somewhat fuperior to those above montioned: of those the Jardin Ma-
bille. in tho Alleo des Veivos, Chanps Elysees,
 with a pavilion for the orchestra in the centie, is reser ved for the dancers, and lighted ly a profusion of gas lights suspended froin artififial palm trees, whilo sinail silady circhiur bowers pincel
around afford the dancers the means of renose after the Intigucs of the poikiz or the walle, apar from the intrusive eye of inlo ouriosity; for we must remark that the farir visitinats of thesse placose appear completely ignorisnt of. or at leass to hure
forgotten, the well-inemint crution of the poet ol "Scasons:"- Ah1 now, ye fuir,

## 

Leaving poatry, however, for the positive, we find snug corner laid oct with tables and clinirs for eciresuments; hero the solber Parisian may enjoy
his bottle of beer and his cigar, or the rotary of his bottic of bece and his cigar, or the eotary of
Torpsichore treat hiss partner to a refresthing
 hhe inazy waltz, A Jell de Biagues, a Billuret Chinois. and other amnsements are like wise pro-
vided, offering a variety to the most diversthed vided, olfering a variety to the mont diverstien
tastes, while an innutise covered saloon and oonns adjoining affurd the vixitor a secure asylum from the malicious inß hence of lidd weather Mown the sports of the evening. Bint the attrations of the bish Mabille are far surpassedt hy the arrangements of the Nourean Tivoli Chatecu Rouge
rue Nenve Clignaecourt. ontside the larriere Roruli Aenve Clignaecourt, ontside the lasriere ko-
chiechourrt, nothing having heenn neglectesl to win the good graces of the pubtic, nind renderet this winot the good graces of the public, and leinder this ypot
the fiarorite aming alf rival establishatuents of tire kind. Tho risitor on entering finds a lurge space handsoinely atornell mith statues bearing iuner merablu lights, where family groups are assemmerabiu hights, where famity grups are amstu-
bled enjoyiug the cool of the crening, ame emlivoning strmins cenanating from ant adjoining
parilion. Sunall circular tenis nand bowers invito parilion. Sumall circular tenis nind bow ers invite the guest to taste of the grod thillss of the butbet.
inother larmo smace adioining is deroted to Anotber largo space adioining is deroted to
dancing, whence a llight of steps descends into a daneing, whence a llight of steps descends into a
thrd plot, oontaining a Jeu de Bagnes, rarions contrivances of hilliird tables, swinge, eto., be sides a piatol gallory for the more bellicose of the Tisitors. Alt thess spots cummunicate together
by dificent walks, orer ooe of whlich a bridge is by d ticeat waiks, over ooe of which a bridge is
Chrown, oolled the Pone des Supirs, as unlike the Ahrown, oalied the Pons des Supirs, as unlike the
"Bridge of Sighls" celebrated by tbe pen of Byron as possible, thongh the pnlue nnluckly recalle
the Veaitian strain of the grealest of modern pocts, nud br contrast throws an air of ndicliluous cockneyism (if such a word aua) bo applied to
Parisian taste) orer this part of the grounds. The name lins howerer, p olably been ad pled in allusion to the tender wnilngs of lore-strielion Swnins, who may select this spot to gire rent to their emotions. A spacinus buthiag contains roorms for refreshments, and is surmoanted by a terraco, from which a gencral view may be ulatien
of the lively sceno bolow. The asteful a rramp ment of tho illuminations, contrasting with tho nent of tho illuminations, contrasting with the
rerdore of the trees and the gay anlmation of the
 be special s guarded aga st, for thouch a very de rable sur bute of the trees, any diop ar of That quaily on the part of a visitor may lead to
inconvenience, aud bence we must warn the outhful Eng sh risitor againat the 100 seductire graces of the $I$ orelle, who displays no mene tact
 ?
a superior description in point of company. Balts Late plaee niso at Secanx, St. Cluud. Engliem and
 civemumstaneces, lint are easily learned from the
bills poned in different parts of the town. Th prices of almission are between 1 fr . 50 e and 2 fr
for gentlenull: tho diraut seare havo free entrance




 conimauds of her lirenne. Sbo was, indeed, tue pet of hoth
Cabive.


Young trnvoler to that distant clime Of golden dranns ond sunny zkies,
Sweet is the nemory of the tiuce When fres I ouw thy dove-like agoes, Resplendent will the purily Oh: thy bright emite of inffint glee Thy voice, with itis low winniug tone So oweotly woke the lyro of feeling
Thut tbe off echo of the etrairt Breathes ever round me, gently stenling
Mg thousbs tu thee, fair clilid, aggin. Oh 1 all two soon the farfy ntrenm
 Amid the ewelliug water flashes; Metclla, thou seenred only made To spert hen entb tho rosectreo's shade To reet uyion the porcll where twiit
The eceatred jasesomine leaves. And where tie graceful eglantine
Ite $p$ olel of fragrance menves; To kueel, in twilishtit lovely gloom
Bueride thy mutheret Behide thy mutherivi kne, Which ecloed firset thy glee. Yect thuu hans lelt this quict home
 Thy pmiliwny lies, thoon genile clide. But aht Ilvu wile not he alone Upon this swary pilgrimaze-
That blewed liblit round thec to to


 To clueik thio snd, forebocling tears, A fahker' nrim to itrong to avere




 Hectille then wbin mith thow wrove,

 Thy wochth of oriule riender
A funntav in
And whon thoy riech the dotent poont Swere over goldee med ; Whers naware wain ber brifte





## Tzos milt thedr bous eing carro That tedersen ead truth.

 That nuke the cre and trith.
## Neselh 1 may neacer iec


Weiceren fondify heowe of in

$\pi_{E} \quad$ Language of Avimals $\Pi_{\mathrm{E}}$ malke the f flowif extracts from
rticle on this sol ject in Putnam's Meravine. II w eas-y spilers
i his country. He also had tanied,
anghlt them io come at his call. for, "In the tench in waled Holland, the prison
end theru a message, that tho
nowe impnasable comintry would soon he troze
over so that they would he ahle to minch oven he icc-bridged sw:anp ps and lakes, for the spiders,
true Garometers an they are. lad taught him to rue Uarometers as they are, had taught him to
read, in their quecr hatits, the sigus of approach
ITrit ing weathicr. The frost came, and with it the
Prencl ; lloliand wns tnken, and tho lincky prophet sut free. The spiders, alas, were forgotten. rieml and companion, and shown itele captivu's with a fine car witli remarkiablo talents they comlu outt of the dark night of their holes, whene tako flies froull his hand) ; but what in the strunz est of all, they actually learn to mensure tinic pepaks of their haviug appenred only at stated times, when tho jailor was absent and all "ras
safe. s
The lunguage which animals spenk, by means
of frietion or concussion, is nnturally tho lenst of fietion or colcussion, is ninturally tho lenst
known of all. We see the eager ant rushing homets a friend their antme touch and , who eaelh other, in rapid succescion and play with returns, the latter conveys the news by the saine means to others, until the whole aymy is in
formed. Here we sec, not an instinctive feeling of dreud, bitt a clear, undonbted commnnication of ficts. So among bees; the instant the queen dies, the sad event is made known throughout thic hive. No sound, perceptivlo to bummen car, is beard, but tbe antennze inove with sinprising
effect, and, as the result of $u$ cloar act of volition. effect, and, as the result of $u$ cloar aet of volition.
It is not a sensation, nor an instinetive action, but it has all the signs of special purpose. - Ilow they it hasenk, we know not; this only is certain, tha their langnage is not like that of the deaf allt dumb, with whom signs represent let ters or wurais The ericket, even, is not writhout its note of ut its has its sweetness and charin, so that Mitton could speak of being -

## 

It prolitees a loud, elear sound, by a quick vibra tion of the elastic skin between its wings; and from the time when the Athenians wore gollen on the hearth is the proverbial imago of home onnfurt, its simple nute lias been denr to the heare of man. The true ericket, however, speaks only in the sunny time of lore. This wale begins in low, in ward note of longing. As the sun rises higher, and suinmer advances, his shrill song becoiles louder, until hes finds thio desired coinpanion. Then he returns to his solitary hifo once more, and his voice dies arway by degrees. Dean Swift has let us a humorous deseription of the
curious noto of the deatl-watch beetle. The curious noto of the death-watch beetle. The
litle fellow in his narrow eoll falls in love; inilitle fcllow, in his narrow echl, falls in lore; int-
mediately Legins to thump fis liead against the mediatel begins to thump his head against
ground, and uses auch energy in his demonstratrations that he leares deep warks in the soficr killds uf tho wood. The powerful stroko pronluce hour sound, the infallible presage of death to
uperstitious runa, tho soft umsio of lore to the female bectle. If other males are within hearing, they all join in the concert with furious knoching, that even the tiekng of an innocent waich exeites their wrath and their loudest notwa
hittle at finst, bet migity at last.

## 

Pramiuma For State Society -Tlie beantiPlate as Special. Premiums of the State tural Society, will be on exhibition at the those who prefer Plate to money, wan have choice. Diplomas of the Soeiety will soon be ready, and due notiee will be given.
Later from fhe East. - The stcamship Gold en Age arrived at San Fraicisen on Thursday liringing twourten diays later fromt the seat of war. ind fonteen diys later tront the seat of war. mails, No deaths nor siekness on the passnge. erossinge the Ga-connde river, about 100 uiles
from St, Lonis, the bridge fell. |reeipitating 10 ars a distance of nearly 80 feet into the wat Cprands of 20 ane sail to hare been killed. and
foom 20 to 50 budly wounded rom -o to. 20 bahy womaer.
The decision an wived at by the Bank of Eughand to raise its rate of liscernt from 5 and 51.2 per cent. 106 per cent. for hims not haver for bills of larger date has produced the createst aliarn and inrger date, has
 eommened to rreeive the restrictive clanses on atiord eonsiderable relic!

解 nrid the Government had taken measures to stol ti:e expartation.
The finuncial aspects and bearinge of the war abs.sorl nimost entirely
its strategieal results.

Tae Wiar.-On the 29 th Sept.. the Russians thaeked Kars and were renulsed tio the Turks the former losing, in dead alone. aliout fou

## PPECIAL NOTICES

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 It 1 Couth not procurc anothor of slanior meris, one hundrn

"Leer those write now who never wrote brore,

## Rishts for To

As ample of these Pena can lie recen at thio at the Oific
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 in London, Parike Gernung, and tenls, nnd visitcel the sever talphur and other springs in this country, the wng
of Germany und elso orvecre in Europe, nand bad fo




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HOTELS.

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 extends to the remotest parts of the sgsten, and cousibto in
remuring disented netion in the nisorhine aud secreting ormm In umm, Nature selldum nfifects, whaselterd, the cure of any rur antiseptic modicinc. In difecues of tho thin and the-lh a com

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cumblations of morbid miter -mud its antise ptic Intuanc neutrulizes the rirue, by which the disenstr is fosterad. Iis und which it to recommeuded, is establimhed bs a wuwtimdo =1
tered facte.
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 Hutu the most extentive und desiruble stacck of eeedis on thic


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PIONPER NURSERY. Alamena.

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*- N.IPA NULSELILES.





Fresh Field and Garden Sceds, ita to





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0 misamece. Ife is of no benclit to anytorly y life. Here stands bing thoroughfitre of everyim contemptnonsly oside! He is of no adranare to anyborly. He annoys busy men. Ile Hes them unhappy. Ife is an unit in society: lle may have at income to support him in iulie-
eess, of may "sponge" on his good-natured ess, or may sponge on his gother etse lie is lespised. Itung atan, do something in this lusp. bustling, wide mankind, if not for yourself. Do not be idle. cod's law js, that by the sweat of our brow we hall carnour bread. That law is a good one and the bread we c:arn is smeet. thonghtlessly, Every nana and every women. this short life if su inclined; therefure, do no e idic.
Iteroismufa Dog in tae Cmamea.-The folowing acconnt of the exploits of a dog in the rieste, surpnsses eserything heretofore recordet of the derotion and bravery of that noble animat e Allies by the heroie duedsed an the camp of Col it the IGth of Alsuci during the batte of the chernara, the quitt? roped broke his chain, foumt the rinks of the aruy, saved the life uf a sercant and a soldier and look three Russian pris ners. A ball struck his foot, but the wonnd oul) mbittered the animal the more. He threw him elf on a Russian offieer, thing him to the ground an look hitn by the coat collar to the French our-footed hero is convalescing.
Ingenious.- A man. rather fond of the eider Ur. Thomas of Montiecllo, adninistered a nuar of brandy and a grallun and a half of whisky without cansing intuxiettion. The patient wanted well, Gut wests reftesed, and in 36 howrs he wa was passing along, ind saw bim wibh his pants rolled up to his knees, barefooled, and wading ronnd in some weels nud grass. Il. nsked if he had lost anything. "No, sir." "What are gon doilg, then ? aith't any liqtor only what Dr. l'homas has, ant he "ont let me lave any unless I am shake bit

Do as You Phonise. - There is no necessity cor breaking your wotd. In the first place, nere womise any thing unless fon how it to be in ulic up your make up your mind, befure you promise. tha loing yous witl gain und cujo tho contidence thene around jou. When such a characler is es. tithlished, it will be of more ralue than ermine gold, or frineely diadens.

Madas, has your pinno an Tolian attach f asked Sam the other night, of the wil of a man who aypeared to live up to, if not be-
rond. his income. "llush." whispered Sceth in yond. his income. "Hush." whispered Seth, int dropped the subject.

PERUVIAN FEBRIFUGE, FEDEK AND AGCE,

 movimy the disfase; but it is necessary to relieve the liver en ther organs of the unheulthy action, on which the illocas of ally uccomplished hy thts vulually preparation; and no feas aed be entertained of any hinury resulting frum its wec, as it tasted by wnuy eminent physiciane, with the mott simmnl tuce cese. In all climates where bilious nod reruittent fevers pre
vail, thia remedy will he found invaluable, and no person craveliug through, or residise in, frectal and marelly dist ricte ehould he without it, ns a few doses will effectually couolerae Thamanting netivity and vigor to the billíry orgune, and the a sure praceutine ngaints an attack of Clills and Fever. The followiug are selected from the numprous ce-titaoninh chrifuge, not only in cuses of leng etonding, but whicre othe cmelies had fulted:

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| Benicia Iron Works. |  |
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| TEAM ENGINE, BOIL.GR AND MACHNE SHOH:-This |  |
| the public incilitive equal to niy in tho Uni est Sintes, for manufreturnaz or reqniring sicatil lingines of the inrgam kizer, Boiler |  |
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Fishing Tackle

Notice for a Toll Bridge.



THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
at the top, and the ground not pressed against
the twig at the botton, it eunnot send out roots through the racancy
C. N. Benent, of Albany, and $W \mathrm{~m}$. HI. Deirning, of Fishkill, N. Y., looth celetratud cultivators of the willow, reconmend that the plant
be set in rows titree feet apart, and one foot distant from ench other in the row each acre will require between 14,000 and 15,000 cuttings. Other cultivators of equal celebrity put more than wice that numiver lo hie acre,
would recommend them to be planted in eighteen inches apart with the cuttings one foot distant from each other in the row. Such plantand the plants will not become too much crow dud until their fourth or fith year, afier seycral crop have been gathered, when, by retnoving every other plant in the row, the renainder will stand eighteen inchos by tiro feet apart, which is as
great a distaniee as they should erer be; and the removed roots will plant three times the origiun quantity of land.
Four plantation having been made, as abovi no further attention is necessary, except to keep the weeds dorn the first jear, and, after the first culting, to annually go orcr the plantation and remore the rotten stumps, and also to thin out the side shoots which, until the roots arc firmly set and become strong nind rigorous, should never be allowed to grow. And cren afterwards care uust be taken that the roots do not have too much to feed, as two or thrce straight sloots. eight or ten fect long, aro worth more than half a dozen or a dozen three or four feet in length.
Cultivators disagree abont the best time for cutting. Tho fact, 1 think, is that it makes but littic, if any, differenee whether they are cut in the fall as soon as the leaves drop off, or in the spring when the sap commences to start. Yon may, if you decm proper, gather a crop the first fall or spring after planting. Whether it is better to do so or not, you must judge by the siza and appearance of your plants. Frons what have seen of the willow in this State, I harc no
hesitation in saying, that so far as my knowledgo estends it may be done with perfect safety, as one season here markes tho shoots as strong as tiwo sensons on the other sidc. The first fall after planting my first cuttings, (the ground is at all tines moist, but does not overflow, so I felt ne fear of the water standing on the stumps long
enought to drown then out), I cut off the whole twelve within a few inches of the ground, and go between sixty and seventy fine cuttings which 1 planted, and all except one of which grew

After the first ycar you can cut anmally a long as jou like. As soon as they are cut, if you intend to send them to market in their rough and least paluable state, dry them perfectly in tho sim and tie them up in bundles of a suitable size firs handling. But, if you intend to peel them, and thus get their full market valuo, tie them in bundtes as soon as cut and stand their butt end. in a ret or muddy place until you have time is strip ofr tho back. But do not let this operation be dolayed Ionger than a ferr dnys, or, at the ut most, a week after they are cut, otherwise the butt ends become discolored and comparatively valueless. After they are peeled, dry them thor oughly or elice they will monld badly and
rorthless. When entirely dry so that there no possibility of their moulding, tic them in co venient bundles and send thein to market,
There arc varions plans used for taking off the bark. The most simple, choan and efficctive one
is described as follows: "The operation of pecling is zo very simple that it may be performed by old and intirin persons or childen. All the machinery required is an iron fork sistecn inches long, with tines or prongs about linlf an incll in diameter, tapering towards their tips, and placed surficicnly near each other to pinch the tips. Tho
shank end of the fork is sharpened so that it can te driven firmly into the ground or a log of wood The driven firmly into the ground or a log of wood, a twig by the small cnd, places it between the a mrongs and drass it towirds hine, at the same
time slishtly pressing the prons to
 Cum anything be more sinple or moro effectual ?"
Your friend.
Y. G. P.

Spriman Stuck.- Treatc hatpy to amounco to our peaders that we have completed our pians Wroid with our corresponding editor nud hyent at Bostop, to receire every stemper descriptive lintes,
eataloguea and phites of the zuost valuable stock now in the country, or such as slall be introIfuced. We are connected by a valuable chain of onding subseribera and friends who are engaged in inporting and raising stock Il give us evcry information upon the sul-
To the stock raisers of tlio country this To the stock raisers of this country this e of the highest importance, and we trust eflarts to p
apprecisted.

Thic Colliformiar riatmer WACRAMENTO, FRIDAYY, DECEMMBER 7 , 1855.




## Obituary.


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Like the ruathing of mighlty wnters cune the nemories of the











 nuc utho was "pasiung onn." WVe henr the hell, we hear the
nob nod yroan, we crowd formand to the oulemnu trail, we lit the lid, there a form reposes-1,iyy Father
And sucli a pronent? None were crer more fiethrul, noive





 My Pather: 1 gee urvound thy dying bed
My Mulur, anil ber elilldien ull Nay 1 seren there Lad duickly fiped,
And you do nour their nemer recill.
 Tby cldent child, in listannt Woal Theu blowting all thy givitit lied






 now thoun art with Him. Thtry that muoura aro comforid, for "Woill done good and lixil

Tu Readers. - We would call especlal atten tion to this number of the FARMER; we present mniy very important communications this issuc: The Stock Farat of L. G. Mor ris, Esq., of Mount Fordham ; the Report of the great U. S. Stock Show; the important action of the citizens of San Joaquin ; Sinut in Wheat; the important Flour and Grain Circular of Messrs. Pope \& Co., and many other important subjects. Wc ask indulcence for some artieles promised; they are on he Reports fronn the Enst. They will appear hext wewk.
Correction.-In number 13 of tho Farmer, wo published a cut of that aplendid bull the Duke of Gloster. This appoarod in connection with the descriptivo account of the boautiful Furm and Stock of Jonathan Thorne, Esqq, of Thornedulo. By an omission in receiring the sshcdule of Ule pedigree of the animal, it was
supposed to belong to tho Thornednale stock. This sitppowed to belong to tho Thornednle stock. This
aninaal bolongs to Lewis G. Morris, Esq., a descliptive account of whosc extonsive estates and Stock Farm wo present to-day. We ahall with wext number oommenco tho plates of stock all lided to, which have been do
Splenoin Apples-Too fino to specify-too largo to deseribe. A case of Oregon Apples for exhibitiun, has becin rcceived at the State Society's
Roouns. Come and sce. Will report ncxt week.

Stockton Asslum.
We have been rery mnch gatifiod by a visit
we paid to this celebrated institution o! our State. We panid to this eelctrated institution o: onr State
Melaneholy as it ever must be to see the " wree Welancholy as it ever must be to see the "wreek
of minul., nnd to wander from rooni to romn.
awid hundreds of our fellow beings from whom the light of reason is sliut out, yet it is a cheer ing thought to know tho Commonwealth has a sonl, nnd the reople all as one are touehed with
true feeling, and liave here, in California so wel so nobly: provided for this hoarily afficted por tion of our fellow beings, whase lot has been cas lion of
where
then.

By the bind courtesy of Toobert Kk, Reid, Esq. Resident llysician, we wero shown over the whole establishment. We spent several bours in the various departunents, receiving many of the particnlitrs in the histories ut some of the pa tients, in examining the conveniences and conahandsoine cabinets in matur hat wia wing the during fire ycars, by the Doctor. We. walked over the gardens and grounds yet unfinished, and noticed the desigus and plans yot in embrye Which if they enn be bit properly carried ou this Institution will reflect lionor upon the Stat and confer a blessing upon sulfering humanity. We learned from the authorities that thero ar at present in the Asylum 167 patients, of which 24 are femnales. As we pmssed over the building we could not but admile the order, neatness an perfect cleaulinexs that prevailed. Every roon was provided with rery neat and confortabl bedsteads (iron, for safcty and cleanliness), bcd ding, good shects, blankets, \&cc. We snir mon in all stages of lunacy, from tho speechless, the diote, to the manacled madinnn. We felt re lieved to see that leather bands were the only manacles used. and thesc only on an ungovern-
able few, whose fi-lhtine propensitiee requived able few, whose fishting propensitiee required it whose rensou is orcothrown, one whon youl have known and rospected; and jet this must often be tho caso when, in a State like ours, so many causes are at work to promote insinity,
We had examined overy portion of the building and all the plans, meclienl. physical, and do mestic, when leaving the builling we carne to tho grounds outside ; here we were plensed to sec suffieient nttention had been given to desigu, by $n$ tinc apace left for a garden and park; bint we regrette to learn that no means had boen provided to lay out and inature the grounds arourd the building
This we estectu one of the essentlal comforts for tire patients of an insane neylume. If thore is on plan inore than another thut aids to tho restorin a mind diseased, it is the garden walk-

## Whoro trees and shadif buwers Their fingranaogive <br> Hero will a nind dikecesoi

We eonld not but notice how different wer tho movenents and actions of thoso unfortunnte sufferers of the gentler sex, while in the garden from whon in the asylum, They seemed to fee 'tis a prison. As we once approached the neylum, we heard a plaintive cry-"Doctor! I want to come out!" We could not but fecl that the free air nnd earth, and a joyous freelom would do more to hen! the malady than oll other plan unitod. We hope our State Gorernment will take measures to havo the grounds around thil ful as possible, so that strangors slaill see we aro truly humane.
We agnin entered tho building to examine th very fine collection of Dr. Reid, in his cabine and rooms. Tho Doctor's cabinet of mineral and geological apecimens is most creditable to him. and being of his own individual gathering, is of high merit. The collection of birds cornprises the great Mexican vulture, the pelican, eagles orrls, \&c., some 150 specimens. Of the animals
are the grizzly, elk, antelope, wild cat, coyote, mountain cat, fox, hare, and smaller animalssome 150 specimens. Then of the shell-fisl are lobsters, oysters, crabs, \&c., in frull varicty, and are most interesting, We do no
Encr collection in the country
We wero atruck with a very
We were atruck with a very besutiful sketch
of tho Asylum, tak on, as we leamed formen Dootor, by quite a young man who was recently under his oare. The process was entirely newf the drawing papor boing corcred with a composi tion first, and tho building and grounds then drawn by a sharp instrunent, by erasing the composition. The skoteh is a most perfeot oho in all its features and outlines, and refleots the highest credit upon tho young artist, whose name
 fortunate indeed in so efficient and worthy an oficer as Dr. Reid; we trust he will be sustained Ins pinns for the furtherance of good to the
nstitution, those coinmitted to his care, and to the property of the State. We were indebled to He Woctor for valuable statistical reports, of

## Educate! Educate!!

Bemeving it onr duty to urge the subject of Brication at all tines, and to use all the menns nour power to promote it, we a vail oirselices of chery opportunity to investignte the sulfject and Whenever we find ourselfes in the vicinity of an fel a destre icarning, or country selhool-house,we of human thought, and to watch the process of "scparating the gold from the dross,"
Ire lave beeln a gold digger, and havo rocked he "cralle" many a day nt the river side. We hare worked at the "sluice" and have pounded the "quartz," all to obtain gold; and the processes of education are as various as gold secking.
We arc sonctimes pained upon entering a seliooi room of young ehildren to sce them
cribbed and cooped into a close, ill-ventilated scliool room, sixty, seventy or eighty littlo ones and one teacher, and here for long, long hourswo long sessions-thesc humans are drilled, more ike soldiers preparing for batcle, than young and ender children whose plastic minds are to be moulded into intelligencc. But we are oceasion$11 y$ clicered by finding in onc of these eartbly dwellings a temple fit for a "living soul," and there a priecless teacher who knows the value of soul. It is then we feel the value of education, we see nn interest futh that we know will mak In inpress for goorl.
We cijoyed a refreshing upon this subject rhile at stochton recently. Mectinug with the aperintendent of seliouls, Mr. Buffington, we by mitation visited the two female scliools; on under the charge of Miss Ilutchinson, the other under thu elinrge of Miss Thomas. Ravely have c been more plcased and grutified, than by the iont to these most txectlent seltools. As we approucled the schools we were struek with the good caro evinced by those having the eharge of the benu iuglving a tine ynrd room outside for exercise and recreition; and ujon entering or verc more than pleased by the superior arrange nent of the school room, the convenience und confunt of the benches, the rentilation of the rooms, and the neatness that presented itself in evers thing uppertaining to the school. Wo spen an hour and a-lialf in the seliool of Miss Intichinson and listened to the various readings and recitations of the scho:nrs. Wo conversed will hem, and thiluk that tho scholars under the care of steh a teacher will make rapid progress, judging fron: the mppearance of the bright, aweet face we saw. Hyppmess was stamped upon the faces or all, and their lassons were a pastime, uot a task! We listened to their joyous singing, and its lovely melody has left its ectioing sound with s stitl.
We next spent nbout nn equal ailuount of time in the school of Miss 'Thomas, and here the recitations were very pronjpt, the roading inost exce ient. It was a real pleasure thus to break awray rom the busy world, and stenl in awong a group of loving, laughing faecs, and hold comnlunion with innocent hearts. These schools number each about thirty scholars, a goodly number for
ne teacher. We think few tenchers in our an present a finirer group of Misses, and very few nore intelligent ones; and as for joyous spirits e know of none to surpass these two schools, nlesa we except the excellent institution of Miss Alkins, of Benicin, and that being a private sehool, with extra facilities and many supcrior
ceachers, it was expected to reach, as it has, its cachers, it w
high station.
Well may Stockion be proud of these schools, and too much praiso ennnot be accorded to the auperintendent of the schools and bis co-operators for their exeellence. It is a proof they feel their responsibility and mean to acquit thenselves of
Wc trust they will reaivo fowl it. Wc trust thcy rill recoive from thoso par. ents who confido their children to them, that sympatly, that attection, and that respect which teachers of youtb should always receive, who teachers of youte should airways receive, who
have thier heart in the work. If parents would have their children well clucatod, let them regard the school toachera as their friendo and the frionde

## THE CALIFORNIAFARMER.


 Chithrentahe te woits a. I acts of thit it rents mavifort reapen amil honor if the seltoul teach. rrs. they wit also toh up to them as their gridee
ind when th. parcuts or guar lians of chid dren fanl in this dhety, the chith en lose respect and
conti le cee, and a 1 effurts in teaching are loot. We hase spoken mure than we iutended. bnt it is a sul ject in which we feel a deep interest: nd the wreforo know its needs.
These twu schuuls of Stoekton we esteem mo excellent exaniples of sucecss in teachers, exeelwe hope ere long to record many sucli, esplceinlly in the fumalo department: for we repeat, eduente shall not fuar for the bors.

INew Publication for the Youns Tue Suncyr and Schoolmasten. - We have highly popular and interesting work, eommencing Fith Lovember, ant it gives us great pleasure to interested in the eincation of the young, as the most usefol and attraetive Magazino that hans yct been published. It has been long and firorably
known for its eneouragement of youth in sclf-im. known for its encouragement of youth, in sclf-immembers of the fanily, and for useful instruetion. As a class reader, it has a wakened an interest hefore un:known in the school-room. For this purpose it has been adopted by Boards of Eduea tion in several States as a School Render, and is receiving the hearty approbation of teachers, pul rents, aml pupils, while every month enlarges it sphere of usefulness. Its articles are carefully
and ably prepared by the editors, Messrs. N. A Calkins and A. R. Plippen; nud embrace the Sciences and the Arts, 1 listory, Poetry, Travels Discoveries, Aneedotes, Speeches markel for in Alection and gesture, Dialogues. Music, ete., and Chart, giving instruetion to renders and speakers We would recoumend teachers to get up clubs in tbeir sehools. The terins are very reasonable only $\$ 100$ a year, in advance; five copies, $\$ 5$
fiteen eopies, $\$ 10$. It is published on the first day of every month, by Robinson \& Richardson 110 Wasinington street, Boston, Mass
A. B. - The California Finmen Office, Buston, ways found there.

## Copics may be seen at our office, Sacramento.

## Flouring Mills of Stockton.

 While in Stockton the pa:t werk, we scizen the opportunity to exanine the Flouring Mills The San Joaquin Mill, recently orned by Prige \& Webster, hat now by Wm. Neely Thomp son, Esq., of Sin Frameisco, is a large and weryfince throe-sto m brick Mill, with six ruu uf ston" fine throe-sto-y brick Mill, with six ruo uf stons dlings. The mill is driven by a fine engine of seventy-five horse power-a half-tean engine, a they are termed; we believe this is the only one of the kind in any mill in the cuuntry. This mill, which runs day and night, thrns out two
hundred and twenty-five barrels per day, and thic flour finuls rendy sale.
I. C. Newoll is the miller. Grimes' Smu Mill is used Larer; in addition to which, Newell' new patent is also nsed, anl gires grent promise.
Mr. N. thinks the grain is not so beavy this year, by two or threc pounds per hushel.
Slockion City. Mill, owned by Eperry \& Bald
win; this is a largo and spacious woollen Mill wil; this is a largo aml spacious wooven Mill
with lrick warchouse. The Mill has four run of
sto
 perior flour. This mill uses Grimes Snnt Nult
and runs day and night. A. Burkett, miller. It estimates the grain to fall short about three pound to the lushel, from last ycsr.
At $\operatorname{ste}$ Vills. - Thesa Mills
stone-twu for whicst, and one for larley. They also use Crimes' Smut Mill, and turn uut seven-
ty-five larri's per day., very superior thour. They
belice the erain falls slonit three pour on weight this year to the lase pounts shor $\&$ Co., owners of these mills, inse the Sander' Them also rin mught and day, and find a ready marbet fir all they can do.
The ntire ti ree mil
The ntre three mi-s turn of $t=r$ intlren
the tive Thespeoker will er wor Shit.
W. Tho Catawba Grape

WE trust partientar attultion will he given to senson. We berlieve it will he fommlanstperiur are will the lestowed mion the grape in its enl. ure, thanl has yet is en given to it. That the irie will wromeney where in Californin, is ndmit lod; bint that it will suceced and prodice a goand crop of fine grapes withuut nulch cultivation, is
The grapo requirns a good, deep, rieh and wellmulrerized soil; our hill sides can be made the hest rineyarls, if the gromed is properly prelirst thoronglily sinbsoiling the land. Subsoil our hill sides-plow in the sentlering bones and waste manure thant lay segttered upon the rancl, will Ning ari that many be estainisilied there wit support a fanily in luxury. Who will try the Catawba? See the following:
merce, in a recent report on the business of that cily, states that there are no less than 2,000 necres of Catawlia vines in cultivation in the vieinity of Cincinnati, of which 1,600 are in full bearing; and thatt by the a arerage production of thic past fow jears, this area will yield 710.000 gallons mnnually, and
$y$ inereased.
Langton \& Co.-In our advertising columns the new advertisement of this house with be fuand and it affords us much pleasure to make known the steady onward progress, and the inerensing influence this house has been steadily making for some time past. By the new arrangenment it will be secn that very important alditions have been made and that by uniting their business with the house of Messrs. Stone \& Wilkinson, they have given it grent anditional weight in elharacter and influence at home and alboad. Langton \& Co. are well and widely; as well as fatrorally lyown as expressmen; Messrs. Stono \& Wilkinson,
known as bankers. Capt. Stone, so fuvorihly kinown as conmander of the military departmen at Benicia, has won an enviable fance, which now united in business in this connection, cannot but
cure a wide influence.
The House now consists of the tiro firrus, mited as seen in tho advertisentent, and they will earry on a Banking and Express bunsiness a Downievillo and Marysville, and and Express business only at Saeramento, and all their other routes thronghont the State. This Honse then
竍 Sintes anll Eurrpe.
Langton \& Co. thus Gming estalilishell in the confdence and gooll will of ile people, can expleet
lu reccive, as they nssurdly will, a fill share of Lheir faver alio.
We take pleasure in giving notice of a Public Adilress, which is to t,0 delivered on Thesting Kevening next, nt Musiral Il:all. San Franeiseo, by Gen, Van Voorlees, belore tho Mechanies' 'hastitinte. Wo hiopo a gorieral and earnest interest will be inanifestell for the oreasion.
Literary Announcemeuts.
 Wsuce thiu winter, neveral
wo mounco ot following:
A litiory of lucton, Anclent and Mrxarn-bly Dr. Allen, for
 pagee, whta A mapp, price \&2 Will br reds Yor, 1ue

Thio will be o work of uncmman intereet and wril have an



 the lirst fortuicht was wery light, yet the past two arising from a demand hoth for expurt and alsi for tocal and interior wants, Sales were very light
Intil the Y.5hl, slion when large pmicels of Cliili "Intil the 15th, sllice when lirge prects of chiti consitherable parecls of Domestic, details of which
"ill be notel in firther review. The dinninisher eceipts of cirnin during the early part of th month minght have been attributed to the lessene latter part, when an active impuiry nevariled, and latter part, when an active inymiry prevailed, an
we are forced to the conclusion that the erente portiun of
on market.
$\ln$ our In our last Circular we referred to tho ndvice. Einrope, which would havo to be met by export: front the United States. We liave since been ad yised that large orders were in conrse uf being
filled in New York, purcliascs to the extent or 100.000 bbls. Flour having been made in one day, that marke, anul $\pi \mathrm{c}$ also hear that partics wilh were purchasing for foreign account had thei had bongh freely at estreme rates.
The advices reeived in New York, by tho Bal The advices rceeived in New York, by tho Bal California mail. brought intelligence of a farthe advanee in Liverpool of two shillings per bbl, for Anerican flour, which led holders to advance their pretensions 25 to 371.2 eents per bul., the market elosing firm with an upward tendency.
From Australia, we have ailvices to Septembel 5 th at whaith. we bise ailvices to weptembe he inarket for flour and priess were ruling a $£ 35$ per torif in $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{j}}$ dney; an advance of $£ \overline{5}$ to $£ \cup$ tain, that stimulated by the lijgh rates which our mulh greater brendth of limel will be entivate ind a prolluntion far in excess of unr owe want nuav be looked fir.
Ilenectorth we are to be exporters, and priees liere will he woverned by those ruling in the ther. fore the more entuestly call the attention on our farniners to the necessity of exercising greater carre in tho seltetion of the secel, and giving more sted previous ce cenning of their grain from fou tion will be slown in the fiture by buvers than has been in the past. 'The shipments which have been made this senson, have almost withont e.
ception. reached the point of destination in mos excellent order eliciting high praise ses to quality weight, etc., of grain ; hut at the same tume com tioned.
Ife wontld eall the attention of ourr friends to the
fict that there is an extensive puck ing estiblisishincilt 1 nw in operation in nur cils, and al ready rowels of war ino oir port have heren fillerl: sliould artier expericuce si:ow that his hinsiness cun be
carriel on with profit. (of which thero is now butt little dounth). it will olen to farmers a market for their pork and beef, uf which they herve hithertn
heen greally in waul, as they caii rouise enomgli to meet the wante of the conure State. anl by re heen paid to the Eastern "tatea, firs lieef. pork hanns, hacon, lant, de., addl largely to the aggre gate wealth.
Flous-The tranenctions during the enrly pas of Norember, were extrenely liminteil. heing con-
fined almnst cintirely to nalcels taken for the intorior and the supply of loeal wants at \$? alo Tharties nere in the miartict to huy for export, but
the unfivorable clazaoter of Anstralis and Chili dvices, to which we alluded in our last circular lell them to reduce the limit at which they wro willing to purelise. while holders confident of a gradual apprecintion of rates were frm in their detinands. Thic John L. Stephens arrived on I3th Vorember, briuging orders to purch ace on Eng. sha accon , which led 10 \& more animated in
giiry, nnd large sales of donestic and Chili four giniry, and large sales of domest ic and Chili foint
were elfected. We are cnevizant of $30(0)+1)$ orar ter sarks domestia, being when at $5-a 45$ ) and at siat ${ }^{-}$cinsiderable parrels nf Chifif in bon
netlicu ars of which have been kep prisate. The bark What Cheer has nearly conn
wheted load ng fr Australia, and the ship Mary -pencer, having the larger portion of her cargo engaged has been phoed on the berth fir Liver-
pmol. At the elore we consider pries sas fav ring holders. rates being wel catablished as in 5 a
Sio sumption, whice at the same time fir suth to
are tak if if axporta concersion is niade is

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## THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

Great Exhibition of the ण. S. Agri-
cultural Society, at Boston. Great Exhilition opened to-day (the 2.2d Oct.) under the most favorable auspices. The weather was clear, with a cool westerly breeze
presililing, and the sun benmed forth in unwonted spleudor, to cnliven the scene. The grounds look finely; around the entire course were the cattle pens, covered with canvas, which had a rery neat effect.
In the inelosure are the Iresident's Marquec the Aarshal's Tent, the Itcporters' quarters, an the Judges' Stand, all gaily decorated with flags. Pbe entries have been, quite numerons, the is superior to any ever made at any previous fair; these have attracted unirersal admiration and attention. The seene in the race eourse, is heyond anything ever before sec. At precisely $100^{\prime}$ clock the exereises of the day wete openel by a bricf address from the President. followed by music from the band. The firand Caraleado was then furmed, composed of the horses on exhitition. The procession was imposing and contained 250 of the noblest steeds ever cullected. I send you the names, thongh you inay mot tind room for all. It wns indeed a picudid sight, and of a novel character. After this, trin's of speed followed, and the greatest excitument was manifeoted housands of wisitors being unable to obtain sight even, so great was the crowd.
The second day. a driving northeast wind presaited, which with a ronking rain, theite tpiled mistce Rooms, a meeting was held. and L'l csident Wiader proposed defermg the prugramone, thll the first funsant dyy. saying that the Bat should take place. in fine weather, if they batl to wail
for it. This was receivel with hearty checrs. The arranecments were perfect for the accom modation of visitors. Seats for Cu00 have been crected, fieing the track 2 The admission fee is twenty-fire cents, and twenty-five cents extra for *eats. Bo:ton is nlive with strangers, and the hotels are crow ded to overflowing.
Third Day. - The weather is clear and delightful, and thumsands are crowting the streets; on their way to the Fair. city is in a general thmitt, and the general centre of attraction is the Fair grounds. Want of 100 m will prevent us from giving the
fith report sent us, as it would oce:upy an entire fich reporl sent us, as it woth we rill give a fow outlines of the order of the programme, with the Banquet, \&c.. and deseription of Stock and list of premiums. Friday, the fourth day of the Exhilition, wa the principal day, as it ras annonnced that in the afternoon the grand Eanquet would tike c:owd commenced pouring into the ground at an early hour, and by noon the number was estithated at abont 50,030 people.
The Danquet was the grand featuro of the occasion. and seats were reaty for 2000 people, and all were filled. The scene can never be forgollen. Cor it was as intelectual an astembered tosether at any Agricnltural Janquet. The tent was gracefully ornamented with the likierent national flags, 2n!! gas fixtures arraozed throughout the tsat, making a ye:y imposing appuox:2nce.
The assemblage mas called to crder by the Presidente who called upor Rev. Dr. Lothrop for a. Ulossing, after which the repast was duly dis. qussed, when thanks were offered by Rer, Dr.
The President, IIon. I1. P. Wilder, then arose and maile a very appropriate speech, after w!ich inusic from the band followed, and then caine the regular te2sts aud speeches. But as the specelies sere of some length, we have not room to report
them in our columns, aud can only allude to a sew of the epeakers.
The first sentiment, to "Massachusetty," and the second to "Boston." were responded to by
his Excelleney Gor. Gardner, and lis H.wnor dis Excelleney Gov, Gardner, and his Nonor Massachusettin-luer first men were her best
Cariners; they planted the Tree of Liberty. beParncrs ; they planted the Tree of Liberty, be
neath whose grateful shale, their chiddren mily nepuose in pence and prosperity."
repose in peace and prosperity.
Specelses fullowed from Ilon. John C. Gray: Specelies followed from Hon. Johm C. Gray:
l'res, of the dlass. Ag. Soc.; Hon. I. C. Winthrop, whose recearks were very fulicitous and wat mly applauded; Ilon. Edward Everett; Norcon Alc.ll ictael, Esq., the distingulshed editor of
with pleasure of the warm feeling, rapidly grow-
ing up between the American's of the British ing up between the American's of the British
I'rorinces and those of the United States. He stated the fact, that Canada West produced more fine wheat than any portion of Anicricn with an number of inhalitants. Three hers were then given for Queen Iictoria. IIon. John A. King. ex-Pres. of the N. X. State Ag. Society, heing called upon made some very apiropriate and pleasisg romarks and closed with
the fullowing sentiment - 'The citizens of Boson ; the intelligent and unnificent patrons of the Furmer's Festival." Other speakers followerl, and the g
liant one,
The award of premiums was then read hy tho Secretary of the Society, Tm. S. King, Esq., of Roxbury, and being of great length. I send you the report entire. fior you to use as you inay have ving The company then retired, the lights Banquet II:ll was left extingnisicd, and
silent and deserted.
Siturciaj, the last day, the noorning ras a fine one, at the commencement, and ocenpied principally in trotting. hy amateus parties. Ahout 12 clock, a suart shower passed over the grounds. aid scnttered a good portion of the multitule. But in the carly part of the afternoon the weather ssumed a wore checrful appearance, and the crowds began to fill the grounds until every sent was filled, and thonsands sentered round the race course. There was some fine trotting. and hades of the best of any previous dan. As the teave the grounds, and the end of the Cirand Ex. cave the grounds, and the end of the Girand Ex.
hibition dreir migh. The whole Fair has heen a complete success, and one which has entitlel a cirie crown to the whose tact nud furesight the pultio are indubted for the great perfection of the whole di-play. To the various committees great crenlo is also award ed for their devotion to their inhportant daties. We nanst not forgct the able and colirteous See-
retary of the Suciety. Wim. S. King, Empo Who was nlways on hand. The Exhibitoon bas been remarknble one, and will long be remennerenl by all who withessed it, The receipts are
etimated at nearls. $\$ 50,000$, sifficlent to sover all spenses and leave a surplus in the treasury of the Suciety. A short description of the Stock Department, and 1 am donc.
The Deron Stock was very fine. The herds f. G. Morris, C. S. Wainwright, and E. (i. Faile, of New Jork, were well represented and attracted general attention. We have not roan numtion "Kinte Kearny: : - Moss linse," and others from C. S. Wainwright, of Dutchess co., very handsome animals. B. Y.
Mass, made a good display.
Of Shurt Ilorns. Messirs. Morris \& Decar, of Westehester co. N. I. exhibited some 18 head the finest colleetion on the grommls.
Southdown Shecp-L. Gi. Alorris exhibiten 14 head, which were the hest crer shown at aly Anserican exhibition. The yoarlines ware noted Worng lork was the observed of all. lonng Jurkis was the observed of all.
In Sisine the show was
In Swine, the show was gooll, hut L. Ct. Morris Bore oft tha palin, having the finest stock of
Borkshires and Essex that has erer been secn in Berkshires and Essex that has erar been seen in
the country. II also had a number of Beikthe country. IIe also had a number of Beik-
shiros on exhibition, luat not entered for competihiros on exhibition, but not entered for competi-
tion. Our opinion in regard to his stock, seen at Fordham, was more than verified.
Fortham, was wore than verined.
The list of prizes 1 send your is complete, and rom it may be taken the following:
First premium on Durham Bulls to "Romoo,"
property of L. G. Morris ; £d to Paoli Lathrop, property. of L. G. Morris; 2 d to Paoli Lathrop,
South Iadley. Nass. outh Ladley, Mass.
Deron Catile-first
Deron Catile-first prenium of $\$ 100$ each to
G. Morris aurl C. S. Trainwright. Horses - " Jashion," property of L. G. Morris
$k$ the first prize of $\$ 15 U$. Discrctionary pre took the first prize of $\$ 150$. Discrctionary pre-
ninns wore also awarded to "Etiquette") and A La Jlode." and tho committee sulusequently roted $\$ 25$ carh to the above fine anim
owned by L. G. Mlorris, Mount Fordham. We have not time to report more, Lut the list I send yout will be sufficient so show that the
best prizes in most of the departments were awardeni to Messis. Morrisid Becar, and not with-
out cunse, for their several departnents were trongly and handsomely represented.
In coinelusion, we must not furget the " Reporters' Tent," "hich wass under the charge of Mr.
Jolan M. Oxton. Marshal of tho Tent. Ilis unidolm M. Oxton. Marshal of tho Tent. Ilis unireporters, werc noticed, and retlected great credi upou lim for the faithful performance of his
dutires; a better selection could not hare been dutres; a better selection could not hare been
made. Quincer.
Tue nanufacture of paper from numerous kinds of grasses, straw and roud, is by no menans a new
thing. Jacub Christian Scaflers, a German theothing. Jacol Christian Scaflers, a German theologican, printed a book in 1772 , on sixty specimens straw, wood of rarious kinds, willows, etc., and a number of grasses. - Exchange.

We take pleasuro int Action.
We take pleasure in publishing from the San
Joaquin Republican the report of the doings of Joaquin Republican the report of the doings of
the Agricultural and Mechanical Asocintion of the county of San Joaquitin. We call the attention of other counties to the value of ench action, and we rejuice to sec this mion of those tiro great interests-the Agricultural and Mechanieal. This is a sure goanntee of suceess to both. Having
mut each of the gentlenem, we feel assured thoir hoarts are in the work. It now remains the duty of tho citizens of the cumbly to rally and support hLE'ING of TME AGRICULTURISTS' and mecian
The Agriculturints' and Mechanics' Association convened. pursuant to notice, at the Clity Inall. on
the 5 th Nov. This being the first quarterly meeting of the Suciety, it was looked upon with considerable interest, as the first great effort t stinalate united action upon the producing interests of this combty. The number in attendance
was gratify ingly large, and gave anple proof that before the year clowe a large and efficient Societ. will exist in our midst, which will do immens in all departatents of productive labor. folt will he a powerful anxilliary to the elliorts whinch may he made throngly other channels to increase on
population. by the extensive circulation of relialble data as to the immense aud various production of our soil, and the thousand advantages which the sonthern portion of this great valley offers to industry and energy of all descriptions.
The President, II. Walthal, Esq.: upon taking the chair, read a lengtly and able papier, sctting farth the unumal ad rantages which the peculiar-
ity of our soil and climato offerad to agricultura ity of our soil and climato offercd to agricultura
enterprise. The numerous localities which are enterprise. The nuncrous localities which are an equal diversity of soil and elimate adouted no only to the peculiar tacts and habitudus of the Airmer himiself. brit to the luxuriant and continnols: growth of every silecies of vegetation and unerriner index to the rapilly progressing wealt amp prpulation of this State. Some interesting views in regard to the production of rice and cot
ton, and the reclamation of our overflowed lands at:o. some instructive lints as to the polie.j the farmer should pursue to meet with the greates succesc, Nere duly cunsidered.
Ninnerous obrtuclea to agricultural afmance-
nient were anuly set forth, corether with the nent were aniply. set forth, together with the remedjes, to be mainly acquired throngh jegisla
tive action. The paper embraced so wido a ramge of interesting and instrnctive toptes, that an ex ended yyopsis carnot here be given.
Judge Bainu folluwed, with a series of valuabic remlations, which he ably supported in an inter remonions, which he ably supported in an
esting speech of thirty winutes. Hte sanl, thic
idea prevalent that we were not sulticiently ad vanced toderive material benefit sfom systematic ind scientific firming was absurd. That every
lirnimer was erpable of one or two experiments lirucr was eapable of one or two experiment.
which, when brunght together in the annmal re ports of this society, wouht furnish not only an interesting but highly valuablo rompendinin of
ficts to guide succosfinl industrs. Fivery farmer ficts to guide successinl induatry. Fivery firmie in the State "as interested in the speedy develop-
bient of vur vast resources, and hy forming these luent of our vast resources, and hy forming these
associ:ations, in which not only oho most vahable astutistics were collected and cirenlated. but a free and extensive interchange of views and plans mado and bronght to bear upon the varions obs. county was pecuniarly bencfitud, and when the great objects of this socicty mere geuerally known
and felt, here, as in the older States, there would exist a development of agricultural products that would astonish the cultivalors of the old world The following resolutions were then reat, as of interestiug romarks by Mr. A. C. Bradford, were adopted:
Resolve
Resolved. That it be recommended to the far mers in each township int this county to form two subordinate societies in cach, 6 aid in carrying
out the purposes we have inview ; and that other counties Le requested to adopt a similar plan.

## Resolved, that a committue of -- persons b

 appointed to correspond with ofter each seeding the number of acres of whent, onts. potatoes, \&e. and the amount of yield per acre of the same, and transmit the same to ciels subordinato township socicty, and to the Sente Society; the latter of which shall in return report the compited statistics to cuch comnty society, as soon as practi-cable, after the statistics are gathered; so that the cable, after the statistics are gasthered; so that hate proximate basis upon which
amount and ralue of their crops.
Resolved, that the State Agricultural Society be requested to appoint three committes staples, to-wit: Une to asecrtain quarterly, the amount and kinds of grain imported; one to as ported, and one to ascertain the antount of Lacon butter, lard and cheese imported; and that tho State Society be requested toreport chose statistics quaterly to the comnty societies, and tho latto to the townshipl societies, in order that the farm ing interest may ho alwars informed of the
staples, and to some extent the valuc of their own staples, and to some extent
and imported productions.
Mr. Bradford then moved that a committee of three be appointed by the president to gather statistics and such otber general information, per taining to the development of this portion of th Stato and its requirenents in futuro, aud to lay
tho same, from time to time, before the public-
especially nbroard, in order, if possiblse to draw the
attention of the immigration toward this portion
of the State, Mr. Bradfurd illustrated very clearly that this portion of the State, ineluding the southern mines, had lost by simple defarlt, at lenst ern mines, had lost
one-third simple defarlt, at lenst
one-half of its rithintele popmlation.and perhaps one-ingif of its rightinl and paramount wealth,
owing mainly to the greater chterprise nnd avisity with which our northern neightors narile
their-perhaps inferior-natural advantages felt cir-perhaps inferior-natural advantages felt
d known. Flo devired this committee to devote d known. Ho devired this committee to devote papers. 10 be published in swall pamphleis and on the wholc line of travel from the Easteru the real condition, susceptibility, actual and dor tined progress of this teautiful and extensive region of country, contignous and stretching dred miles It diverted with poinly three huligrent lack of information as on the real condition atd progress of the surrounding country, by onr perating capitaliass and merchants, and whilst
showing the trne policy of more uniform anil liberal methods of cominercial transactions, urged strongly upon the agriculturists of this comaty to and well adrised effort, eventually a combined greatly to control most of the canses that powerfully effuct their particular interests. The intimaey, frecthm and wile range of inturest embraced in the oljjects of this Socicty, if foitered, Would tend powerfully to revive that want of cenfidence in all the impostant transactions of the country, which lang like an iucubus npon the healcly growth of our wealth and popalation.
The ideai of cxclusive, indivilual interests, which seems to hare thus far marked our rapid progress, mist in a mensure give place to a steady und healtly movement of classes and pursuits, under he harmonizing inltuence of these matual asso periments, energy and pride will be stimulatedpusincests will bo incrensed-and nll those thoussand associatious which constitute the inous home and of permanency, will be crolved; and perhays, more real good will resnlt from the flicient organization of such societios, than from athe pohtical humbingsand much of the legisation of the last five years,
The following gentlemen werenppointed as the mmittee, in ficcordance with Ar. Bradfurd's
solntion: Judge A. C. Baine, A. C. Bradford, solntion: Judge A. C. Baine: A. C. Bradford,
A. Shurt'eff. A. Shurt'eff.

It bebly a la:e hour. the Societr, after receiving the signatures of many new members, and reburned until further notice. Chambens, Sic'y.
L. I. Chal

## Smut in Wheat

Alfegns. Fiditors: 1 iant miad , Nur, lein ratehing the agaicnlomal interest thus. I have cen looking for somo timo in the Fanmer for have never seence aloul smut in whent; but e have several remelies given out by practical uncr, and some very gronl ones, (one of which is rom an acquaintance of mino in the Sonth, and which was pablislied in the Sunthern Cultivator Sept., 1853), but probably there are some of onr readers who would like to see a chemica? malysis and a theory:-a loctrine of causes of mut, if 1 may so call it. Whero is Agricula? Iore is my friend's letter-
3.lessrs, Jolitors: As thero has been so much said about sinut in wheal. and as the time of ont my views reapecting it. wheat, or the sumt grain, and not iu the land, as some stipose. I 2 ml confitent that soaking in blue stone, a quarter of a ponnd to a bushel, will prevent sumut. in have cried it for more than But my object in uriting was to givo anothe 5 well, and save a consideratile amount of nones lis remedy is scalding. Have a large pot o rith whent, dip it in the hoiling water, and rise out scveral times: do not let it reman lons nough to kill the grain which is not easily done. have this from Dr. Weir, $n$ respectable gentleied it sexeral yeecenty, in this state, who has intend giving it a fair trial this fall.
lours respectfully, Wm. Covingron.
Tho writer of the above is a man of trutb and experience, and he has no doubt tried many experiments, as he lives in a conntry where this pest is very bad-much morso than in California
Iarge Yielo.-A farmer in Windham, Cl.,
says the Windham County Tclegraph, has just dred bushels to the acre. The fertizer used was mixture of line and gunno.
Death of a Race honse. - The famous racer Henry Jerritt, whish it is said inado the fastest mile on record, fell dead, latels, just after winuing
four-milo race, on tho Nasluvile, (Tean.) Course.
MAKE no great haste to ba angry ; for if there
do occasion, there will be time euough for it.

## atischlan!.



Wurxs emam oot eomes with accerots smooth and olly,
And telle you that n triend you volued tighly And telle you that a triend you valued highly
Hna follen into grievoun pathe of error Ans fallen iuto grievoum patho of error
Or dowe a decd which maklea you quai Uulless you know there's truth in whith be's saying. 'Twere vest to thinkt that onime onc ina boen phaying
On Lie credulity : thay relieve him On hie credulity: : thay relieve him
To tell the tale to you-bul don't becliceco him Of gooll repute has denc a deed inluman,
Bece fitul nrid fickle-rocereant to ristue,-

 If you're a man, yon'll try to undeseive him,
Hut if you do nut thlot-sill don't bclier lim.





Emerson's Maxims of Eaucation
 mpik for the grentor
Teacl for rternity.
?
Teillel nothing, but whot appears conducive to the usçuhess of your phyils, il improved
ing to its natural cundeney nal influenec. Let every braneln receive attention, in proportion to its probualice mitility.
As fior as
trossibe, mulic.
and feel the importance of every' branch thes pursule.
Prsuce
Proced sy stematieally; nul, as far as possible, teach those things tirst which are lirst in the order of nature, und which may be understood withont an nequmintance w
quently nequired.
quently nequired.
As mis no possiblo teach those things first which are ensiest in themselver. hn giving instruction.
proceed very gradunly and by the shortest steps. proeeed very gradually and by the shorlest
Irom due inore asay to the more dillicult.
As far as niny hic see that jour pulpils under.
stand each step before proceeding on to the next stannd each step becore procecang on to the next.
Never teach them direetly what they can conveniently learn without such assistanco. Aerer do for your rupils what they ean do for
tbemsetves, except so far as may bo necessary to set an cxaniple.
Sever indolgo your plupils in asaing "can'!",
or expressing inability to perform any exercise or express
required.

 Teach your pipils in teach thorsolves.
Teach as mull as possible br example; and
let your example in every thing be such as many let your example in every thing be such as many
be safels imitated.
Endealor to render jour instructions interesting.
is far as pessiblo instruct by exhibiti" t the
real ol jects, or the zoost perfece metural s gus of real ol jects, or the zonost perfect mntural s gus of
the objects, to which jour inseructions relato. Fndenver to discoror and correct the had hatits of your pup $s$.
is far
s. po ous and laudtble e orts thy inculcai-g upen tiem





Garat Penformance oran Emqlish Bloor-noosin- We liave arain to recoulnt an extraor-
 last, the last day of August. tho morning beinig
intensely hot, and the nir opprecedd ne if witl intensely hot, and the sir opprecesed as if with
thunder, hie hound. ut ten minutes mast ten. drew up to a deer in a large woud earleyl Rymelield at once evident that the sernt was goond. fir int-
stond of throwing lis deep tongule at intervals Druid llew fromi the wowl over the henther, al most silent, and entered the next large cover called Anderwoonl. He wis rather there lost to
vien, and Mr. Berkeley' and lis inen conld only be guided by his oscasional tongrie. The chasi continured right throngh the entire forest oo the
Telegrapl, when tha beaten deer turned, and by a series of wide rings on and uft the lairmi groun tried to baillo her unerring pursiler. In wain Druid at the end of four hours nud twonty minutes rall inte and killell his deer, the ellaso having
lasted day. Several thent most opplicssive hentorime run, tho hound was luet by easual pasisers ty one gentleman tnking out his watel nind mnrking
the time betwoen the anncurnnce of the llying the time betwoent the anpearance of the fying
deer and her pursulfr, and stating that she way deer and her pursurf. and stating that she Was
then tive minutes ahead of him; all roinarking then tive minutes ahead of him; all minarking
that on each occusion the nace was treniendons. Ou the burnt ground of our incendiary fires only, Wromfield was ence humting, it wese Georg a few himulred yards of foil At the best guess, juw hinnured yards of foil. At the best guess,
judging from the pace, tho time nud the distanco judging from the pace, tho time nux the distanco
from oach other at the several points when the from oach other at the several points when the
hound was seen, little less than forty miles could have been gone over, and whom the hent of the
hate
day is concidered the performane day is considerca, the perfor manee, we believe,
stands unequaled.-Emglish papper, Sept. Stlh.
Where Muskeroes Come From. - A writer on entomology, discussing about theso summer on eutomoiogy, discessing ab
pestr, thus handlus the sutjicet
"Tho mustceto proceeds lron the animalcule commonly termed the 'wiggle tnil.' 1 took a
bow of few days some half-lozen wiggle-tiills were visi ble. these continued to incresise in sime till they
were aliont 3.16 ths of an inch in length. As they were aljont $3-16$ this of nut inch in length. As they
appronehed their maturity they rembinted longer appronehed their matirity they rcminaited longer
at the surfice, seeming to live in two medinusair aud water; tinnlly, they ussumned 2 chrysenlis furm, and ty an increased specitic gravity, sank
to the bottoin of the bowl. Hero in a fur to the bottonn of the bowl. hero, in a few hours,
I perecived sliort black furze, or hair, growing on 1 perecived short blak furze, or hair, growing on
every side of eich, until it assumed the furni of a eminute enterpillar. Aud thus its specific gravity minute enterpinar. Aud hiss iss apectic graty to the surfice, and the slightest brenth of nir
wantell it saginst the side of the bowl. In a very waftell it sgainst the side of the bowl. In a ver brief spaco of time aftervirurds. the warmin atmow
phere hitehed out che fly, and it eneaped. leaviug its smatl t tiny house uphoil the water. How benutiful, yet how sinple!
"After the water
"After the water leal) pone throngh this pro-
cess, I fommed it perf cetly free from the animateule I therefore came to the conelusion that thas wig ple-tail is a speries of the shark, whin, haring
devoirced whole tribes of sholag himself wings and eveapres into a d flerent luedinum to torthre nankkind, nnd deposit egges "ion the water to prodnce other w,
produce other mishketoss.
Aurifichac Manmif.-Mr. Benjamin Mard. inge, of Cinceinnati. hasi made a valuilille diecovery

 that lie Is atiout to erect the Express ollossenger that he is atiout to erect in or nour the Uily of
Montrenl a model palace, to be buile elltirely of
imarlle nud precious stones. The stonce for the murlle nad precipus stones. The stoncs for the
walls, which aro now tuontling. are forinell of silicates in combination with ninneral carths and and pebbles, and angular spots of granite varie gated with mineral oxides. The root will bea
lava of chrsstalized silicates of lime and white lava of chrystalized silicates of lime and white
aluumina. ressembling the snow cruat. The floors alunina, rusembling the snowr cruat. The floors
to bo of be snme material. collored in mosaic with to boo to same materia. ©ulored in mossic with
oxides of minerasls. The style of architecture will he unlque. The pllars, pi asters, colunins capi-
tals, corniees, ar-hitrabes, mantelk, sc., will he of amate, asper, perphyry, de. with culoossal statunry walls will be of porcelain, in lan lsespes with walls will be of porcelain, in lan lseapes, with
ceil hig of fresco of prorectain, coiorect in roew ood and zelrawoot, in aid with perl The trblos
toth tepsani frames wil be of sapititre and hoth ups ani frames, wil be of saplitire and of lapisi-lazuli, chalcodunr, onrx set with garnoh,
topaze, ruby and corn-lian. (i) hers m in entre topaz, ruby and curn-lian. Olhers $m$ in entre
frames of blood stone moulded in rich patterns of to reliera, with tops of ony $x$, and other chalce-
donic formantions donic formation:
Afrclitix g-A terrible instance of the suf-
fering, causel by post-office mismanar mi nt or fering, causel by post-office micraanay m nt or
rothery, hat pewed recently at St. Lonis. A man Whowe it to Texast ret ir imin ad ly.

ior ber prescont wants. Ithe i in nevr reachod
hef, and beit, in ther tre if t rned out $5 \cdot 1$

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[Por tho Calliornin Farmor. 1
Autunn!

##  <br>  <br> 

Or from lie hedgea red huwn duabling down."
upper dislies have been cilared away just lon

## fonch for mo to write a basty siketeh beiore the

 roing down of the sun, which continues to shin with a lessening ray. It is as conbining the de line of the day with that of the year, the period both of besuty and deeny, that an eveniug in anlumn beeomes so generally the parent of idcas o a solemn and pathetic east. Not only as in the first of these instances, do wo blend the sunset of physical with that of moral being, but a fartbe ource of similitude is unavoidably suggested in the failuro and decrepitude of the dying yoara picture foithfully, and in some points of view mournfully: einblemantic of the closing hours of human life. With the daily retirement of the aun and the gradual approact of twilight, tbough cireumstances as we have scen, often associater in our miuds with the transitory nature of moral existence, there nre nsually connected so man objects of beauty and repose as to render thissminset seene in a high rearee soothing and constinset s
solatory.
But w
But with the deeline of the light of clay are our tnited the gronning of the blast anong the outspread uranelies of the sturdy onks, and th
sighing of the coming storm. Tho whirling sighing of the coming storm, Tho whirling
twirling and eddying of the whitened foliage a it noiselessly falls to its carth-all dying naturo seems to a ppeal to otir feclings with that congeniality of spirit that autumn is sure to produce. It reminds ns of the nutability of our specie and brings before us rith sucb impressive solem nity, the earth as opening to receive us, that the have from the earlient period of socicty and i every stage of it, lieen considered as typieal of
lie frailty and destiny of man. Like leaves on Hefrainty and uestiny of man. Like leaves on
trees, says the first aul the greatest of all unidpired writers-

## , iko loven on trees. the pare of man is found,

## Another race the following spring supulies-

## Thay fill encecre cive and tuccossire rit So generntions in their cuurno decas

## thure hare passed nwng.

The people ure (exclaims the bard) like the Mfrnen, they jase away in the rustling blase, an ther leaves hitt their rinstling hearls ont high orsember is the eleventh month in the year ras, when the Romams named the year, account-
at the first. It is insially represented br the rtists in a garment of clangenble green aind head-drens of black. In this month we ree ann-
inmn approachinz torards its termination-an. imn! the glorious surting of the gear-the has season of beauty. Whie lin now writiuge, the
withered learea come rustling in at the npen winlow amd fall nolselessly at iny sitle. The l'gh of the sun steels a more me'low light, and les heads. But ono consulation is left us, if flowery Firing: sweet Summer an I lovely Autumn are ear, wilaman be rol ed arm wheels of time an l toing with them pleasant associations.

## Our गierry $\mathrm{Ct}-$ it with a wi iry ikg. <br> 

At the long alghts of wi ter will be the hurs of revelry from the illuminated ma siva of the opulent, If we listen attent roly we co diear wailh $s$ of hel jessneas and mil rry, and the crie of infancy; whle the neh fare tupt ul ,
every day, and rotire mied with pl -uro in she
co hes of $d$ wn. wh o withi a t is throm Ir ther pri $s$ bifal hoddle wogeth $r$ for


Ceptir ilmery Christmas.
Rexter


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|  | MISCELILANEOUS | BANKFRS． | ELS |
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| tin reently，we callece at the brewery of Mossss． |  |  |  |
| m．Musch \＆Co．to examme eht， |  |  |  |
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| ＂Let those write now who dever wrote hefore， And thuso who alwne wrote，mow write the more＂ ＊Righta for Towne and Cinuties in vende，will be grenlel |  | on Lonlun，Frnuklint－on－the－Mhine and Stuetyart， |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CTV As ample of } \\ & \text { of this Puper on the } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  | USINESS CAI |
| tri Cured by oxygenated Biturs．－al Cure of ight ten E：ars＇Standine． From Fitzhenrs Honncr，E．q．，of Bomnt，Mass．］ |  |  | DUNEE \＆CO． <br> a日ion Morchants， <br> acific warehous： <br> stred ana Brondreay，San Frmmeisen． |
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| ce in relirying them of aevere convhs nud short | ¢ |  |  |
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 all arrangements with othfr parties for theik manurauture having expired as EMERY BROTHERS
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ETrwart an Ped aime Nout Tart

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The Beet Female Medicine Known.

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OXYGENATED BITTERS,



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MISC'ELIANEOUS


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Candres.

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER.

## 3) arieties

1 Modkst Dun.-The Texan Nercury, in a mi..lest dutn to its patrons, says: "Sufter litt
dias to come unto us, for sncb is our ineome."
"Twfy don't make as good minrors as they unken eye, winkled face and livid co:mplexion in a glass that she usualls looked into.
A. Irish girl lost her certificate on the way los following:-" Hhis certifies that Bridget treland, but she lost it on the ship coming over
 master of a vessel engaged in the Eisst India Falle:"Ahout three sears since on my return
Hom Clina, I stopped at Calcutta, and while there 1 was taken sick with diarrheen, which continued nithil a arrived in Boston, I there Met a friend, 'indial. I did so, as 1 was at that timc. very sick Id weak, and "ras glad to lear of anything whicb
timplt relieve. I did not think at that time that Imbishment, I soon found misself quite well. Since that time I have never sailed without providing wough of the Condial for myself and crew, in case licy shonld necd it. I have experienced the
Imenefit of it, both for niyself and others on inard, in many instances, white sailing under the
J. C. Crocker." Hrapics.
1 Winnfall, -A ressel of 240 fons, named
he Carleston, was recently purchased by threc atermen belonging to Wapping. She had been agaged in the Newcastle conl tradc, but from with her. The new purchasers, on examining, Tomnd one of her afterbeatis to be very muth dea be lined; wo had better take doun the linine a be lined; wo had better take doun the lining their great surprise, they discovered Spanish hallars to the value of $£ l 6,000$. It is understood nat she had been used as a sluve vessel somotifcun rears ago, and, on the eve of heing captured
"is deserted by her captain and crew before they .nd time to possess theinselves of their hidden huoty. The eapturs, not having any idea of suelt hher hands, and she was ultimately passied into ic Neweastle colliery trade, whilst embarked in Hich traftic colliery trade, whilst employed in t no reason to suppose that the luck, nad there tre likely to be disturbed in their enjosment of -Eng. paper.
A Chinese Munchauses. - A Chinaman was atrested lately in New Orleans, for a petty crime, ill bronghe beforc Rceorder Bright, and gave a ry curious histors of his life. Ife stated that the age of cighteen he was beheaded in Clina,
rebellion; ten years after he was flajed alive $r$ an attelupt 10 assassinate the Emperor of hina. Moon Sing, who is the Son of the King, or cut to pieces bccause he was accused of marder Ife was then imprisoned ninetcen years and had is tongue cut out for lying, which is considered very serious crime in the Celestial Einpire. After coming out of prison he was banished from the country for making sport of a Mandarin dur-
ing the feast of the Lanterns. Ile embarked oo loard of an Americao man-of-war, and was in the lattle of the Nile, under Commodore Stockton a cannon ball terminatcd his eventful carcer, and now he found himself arrested in New Orleans for the critne of petty lareeny! The Recorder thought it was tinie for him to rest from his la-
thors, and so sent Mr. Chinaman to the workhouse for the next ninety days. In making oath to the lor the next ninety days. In making oath to the
above statement he swore by one of the earthen spittoons, for Chinese all swear by their cartbco ware and bs nothing elsc.

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Ploneer nulisery, alameba.





$\frac{\text { September g, lese5. }}{\text { NAPA NULSELIES }}$





TIME Fresh Field and Garden Seeds.


 DVEXTY FISHER'S





## 


Advertising in the Atlantic Statos.




To Poultry Raisers.




$W^{M}$ Mathematical Ynstruments, \&\&C.


J

 ENORMOUS SACRIFICE IN FURNITURE
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 RUSEWOOD MALIOGAYY AND WALNUT SETS, FOR
PALLULS AND BEDRUOMS. PALNTED SHTE, WITH AlTROLIEN AND DININGROOM THIRTY THOUSAND CEAIRS!

nad at the same thine puying ctornge on nuch, of it, we are
 IIOWES \& CO.,
 California Steam Navigation Company $5 \times 3$ nean Detariure fim Facfic streak wharf, ar to ciock, P. Ais.


 Comes ring with tho Ught dran \%1.

 | For further particulars lopuire at the Office of tho Company, |
| :---: |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { corncr of Jack } \\ \text { v. } 4 \text {. } 15\end{array}$ |



## California Stage Company.



 Georretrowu
All oher places
Accominoilation



Pootery! Pottery !


| MEDICAL. <br> IT is A FIXED FACT, conslampton can be curned: $\qquad$ |
| :---: |
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## Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

 Consumption of the Lungs, Liver Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Congh, Mniy o t them aftereerery known revency had friled to renchtsthe

















 Argun (ilicer, Portlond, March 26, Ieso."
Firty Thonsand Persons sio annumily In Englaus of Con



 Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. 3 SETH W. FOWLE, [7]. Agenut Ior Encramonto, SANDS' or Purifyling the Mlood, nind for
 plaint, Brounchizia, Conmenption, hernete Com.
ploins, Loes of Aputile, Oeneral Debily,
$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{HE}}$ value of hinis meaicine lo now widoly known, und overy I diy tho fied of tres uefiulursest oxtended. It to nproved,
 has evor becen omploycd In medicall practicn, Ite operation











## From tan Army










## ©The Cealifoniua yauncr.

SACRAMENTO, FRLDAY, DECEMTBER $14,1855$.



bills to subsclubers.
Trose to whom we end Billd wlll plene thear in mind thal we need what is due use ds the year druws to a close we hope

that thoore who are indelted to us will not require u to "chll | $\substack{\text { that that } \\ \text { agate who ane Entlusiast. }}$ |
| :--- |
| The |

How often this word is applied as a term of reproach, when the one who uses It deserves to feel its keenest stings rather than those to whoni it is applied.
Every poct and scholar, every professional man, every artist, who gires the whole energies of his soul to his study and profession until he is the
master of it-such when they give the result of their inrestigation, when they relcal the real beauties of their profession-and utter with earnestness the thoughts that inspire them or speak of those thenics that they
others love too, as means of conferring liappiness -'tis then, the cold aml heartless, the unthinking and ignorant, hurl forth in comtemptrons small talk and tatle of the valgery throng for a moment darken those scenes of interest, that were in.
How many joyous thoughts are repreassed, how many of life's brightest scenes are blighted through fear of the cold ridicule or heartless misisudging of a censorious world.
When will the day come when we ean aet out our orrn thoughts as God and natinre shall dictate when will the day come when the soul shall shake off the fear of "Mrs. Grundy" and live
true to itself. true to itself.
We have heard the charge of Exrmusiasm so often hurled 'against particular persons that we have taken pains to investignte some cases and nerer yet have we pursned the inguiry without
a favorable and earnest interest resilting in be half of the assailed and a corresponding contompt for those who had not sonl enough to appreciate the good and true in others..
What art or science, what profession woild be adranced without truc enthusiasm? and derotion to one's pursuit is but another nane for entilu-
siasun-and is any employment worthy man's pursuit that has not the carnest encrgies of his mind?
The painter may stand entranced for hours before the can rans upon which he has just put the finishing tonch to a work that had laid upon his
brain for jears-an ideal-but now looking out fron tho canras a creation of his hand ahnost speaking to hin who has createll this form of beauty. The nainter can gaze and adnare-bu the crowd as they pass see no beauty-but wonder at tho painter aud ery "Entbusiast ! Enthusiast!"
The seulptor, who lias taken the cold and lifeless marble-and from the senseless block has
chiscled out a "Tenus de \$ledici," an "Apollo," chiscled out a "Yenus de sledici," an "Apollio," or a "Greck Slare", he too niight worship his would pass and gaze in wonder at what conld atwould pass and gaze in wonder at what conld at-
tract-they see nothing but the lifuless marbleand they too, cry Enthusiast! Enthnsiast!
And he, who may love the truthfinl in nature he who finds "books in the running brooks, sermons in stones, and good in ererything "-he who hears music in the rustling leaves of the waving forest-who see dinnonds in the dell drops upon tho opening flower, or voices in the
rippling brook, and feels that the royal robes of rippling brook, and feels that the royal robes of
kings are not more beantiful than the "lilies of the field" that Goil senters so profisely in our mathway to make life blessell, if those who recgynize all this-if they but give voiec to their thooghts and ill the fullhess of a truthfal arid warm beart speak what they feel, the purest feelings of the heart are ehilled, for the cry gocs up Enthusiasm! Enthusiasm!!
We stood in the gallery of an artint gaxing upon the work of that divine art by " Diaguerre," we wandered from pieture to pieture deseribing! to a friend the perfections acquired in thus trans cribing so lifelike the features of kindred and
friend, we felt hov fuw friend, we fell how fuw enn see all the beauties
of this wonderful art-the artist alone, ho who this wonderful art-the artist alone, he who
ater enjoys in fuliness the work of his bands can poiut you to each feature and dwell
with minuteness npon cvery line that marks the human fice, divine-:milhe the artist sees teeanty and truth where others see it not, and with his devotion to his art, he makies his marle upman the age for as jou wnlk throngh his gallery anid the throng. yoll iear from rarions lips, the recognitions of those they love: as they take up pieture after picture: 'Tis my father ! and my child, my brother, my sister, ny wife bursts from the lips of tinse who look from face to fuce-hint this is enthrsiusm but the artist, hear from him and
if he lores his profession and spenks as he loves he too will be an enthosinst althongh he gives you the fuatires you lore most on carth-let him who scoffs at the carnest devolee of any profession. go to the gallery of "Yance," in Sann
Francisco, and look at the "Picture of the Child" and then if this urtist should speak warmly in praise of his prof
sisst if yon will.
Liut-we rejoice to know that a just appreciation will ere long rest upon the latbors of every ad vocate of truth -and the world's "nuisnomers" "ill no longer be regarded -we ruynice to see the
Pres. write freely-we copy from the "Alta" of Press write freely-we copy from the "Alta" of
Sept. 1st the fillowing-we finly agree with the writer and hope to see this same spirit of enthusiasm manifested in all that shall tend to elcrate
our State.
We regoice particularly to sce this tone in the Alta for if we rucollect aright it is nut lony sinee the sanne journal pronounced the cllorts manle to id vanco the e:mse of Ayrieulture in the Exhibj-
tion held in that eity murely the work of enthn-sinat:--we rejoiee at the change and liope our neighbors will leud a little of their enthusiasm now for the great work of awnikening the energies and enterprise and genius of the 1 wellers in our golden Slite-the words from the Alta are a goorl beginning and we hope inore from the same "Ent
Linthasiasin is the philosopher's stone. dunc good or nothe hats been thing that bever whe eare not how few they be that set forti, in on
great work whether thele le one or one choussalut if there be enthusiusin ; abiding, lasting enthlusiasm, that amounts to a tristing fiilh, it will
overconlae all npposition and work out its purovercome all opposition and work out its pur-
poses. Enthusasin gave birth to the revolution. poses. Ent hnsiasin gave birth to the revolntion.
It nerved the arn and strengthened the realution of our forcf.thers, It sent firth the pioneers
into the witderness. It sustained the Pi inrins ine the witherness. It sustained the Pilgrims,
and it pushed on hiscir deseendants to to nolle deeds, , phd trust in the right. It hats built our
 has delred into our mines, explorect the furnda has det our mountnins, it hass caused cities to
tions of orn spring up, as it were, in a days. It has effected
not only physical but moral revolutions, and it not onty physical bot moral revolutions, and it
cirn do whin neither kings nor potentates, nor laws, nor standing armics can do "ithont it
Enthusiasun nade Ja pelite Corporal hlu wonlet
 Ameriea a republie, and it has perpethated rea meriea a re: $\qquad$
The Cincinnati of California- - In a ver brief tinio, when the Sacranento Valley Railroad shall bo finished to Nevadia, that city will become as fanouns for its Packing Itouses as the fanned City of the West whieh stands at the head of this article. The paeking of beef and pork, the curing and swoking of hams and bacon. will be objected to in our populous cities in the warm scason, and more or less loss would acerue from them; but the cool atmosphere of the mountains nd other fucilities there offered will induee general business to centre neur the mountains.
Already large packing houses have been estabished; one at San Francisco, at North Beach, by Lewis \& Braly, and they are doing a large and very proftable business. Another reeently commenced at Sonora, by Messrs. Lawton \& Smith who we learn pack sixty thousand pounds per weck; und we also learn that a preference is now giveu by merchants for California-paeked pork More than a year ngo we prophesied such results. and we have ever felt confident tbat California
woutl stand puceluinently high as a Stute, inde-

Splexbin Sadmles.-Among the evidences of Culiforuia skill and industry which we notieed white at Stuckton, we saw white passing an extensive saddiery, a wagnificent sitddle. We en-
terel and were surpised at the extent of the businens carried on. We learned from the pro prictors, Messers. Bird \& Hall, that they ure harge uporters of Nexieun sadilles to the Enst. We :aw some very superior specimens of their workmanship, and were pleased to learn from then that they find ample employncicut for many
workinen in their line. We should julge by the vorkinen in their line. We shonld judge by the
business wo saw them doing, that they were on to high road to prosperity. Messrs, B. \& H.
had fine saddles at the Frir. had fine saddles at the Fair.

Meehanics' Institute of San Erancisco. to say, is under a maste prosperous hlead way. A vail ing ourselves of our "isit to that eity, we calle ing ounselves of on the block corner of Culifornia and Moutgonery streets, up staris, and were highly gratified to learn of the interest being evinced for the Institution nmong the meehanic of that city and vieinity.
It was pleasing to see so extensive a library, have alrcinds been contriluthend lyy friends of the have salrendy been contributenl ly friends of the
Institute. It was partiemlarly interesting for nis to know that the firat wollume donated to the library was the splendid volume of Loudun's En-
eyclopedia of Cottage, Farm, and Yilla Architec-ture-a rare work here and most desimble. We look upon this incilent as symbolical of a happy union of feeting between the Jlechanies and Agrienlturists of Califoruia. A magnificent edition of Seloonleraft's Indian Tribes, with plates-all estinable work; and Explanation of the Pacific hail oarl honte-these with many other mal
woiks were the gift of Gen. Jas. MelDongal. We sair lonations from Cul. Pardee, and som heantiful petrifictions of the Oregoll pine from Mr. Damun. We saw also a wonderful specinien of an cagle's leg and claw, of monstrous size the claws cxtended mensurred seren inches. This eagle was shot while bearing off a sherp. Finble bird! Bird of power! May the enemy of the Stars and Stripes remember that the talons of this bird hus represented are but a figure of its
power.
Althought there is a grood interest, there is not that universal interest that should be felt for so valuable an institution.
A beauty-Look at Diana Groynne! Is slie not benutifol? Her bright speaking eje teclls youn of her good quality. She stops a moment to inhate the balmy brecere of Autminn, cre slic turns down to her home near by: to give the generons miess of ricu mink ns a rewarit to those who know
the valuc of good stock nud know low to take broper carc of it. We shall continuc to publish phate numbers every week, and we trust the stock raisers of Californin will nppreciate the ralue of such cflorts to benclit then, and comnience inmmediately to subseribe. and thus sceure the plates and history of the best stuck of the country Diaina Guymue is the property of Sansucl 'liorne E.s., of Thomedale-one of the most distin artientur stoch raiserss of dic coumry. We ast hope an impediato incruseo of natues twour lis op subecribers-llis whll give us additional ability to progresss.
Curious Vegetable.-A very curions speci men of matire's froaks, we received throngh Langton's Express. From Downicrille. It is a "Blond Beet," "and is in the form of the human hody, execpt the head and feet; it is abont two feet long well grown, smoth and handsonic. The folinge starting from the crown falls down at the sides, ncarly covering it, giving it the appearance of a digger Indian woman! It is in reality onc of the nost remarkable speeimens we have ever secn. It was raised nt Downicrille, by a Frenchman. We have had a daguerreoty pe taken of it, to pre-
serve so curions a freak of naturo, and shall dispatch a likeness of the same to Europe and to the States.
Splempid Apples.-The Apples alluded to in our last issuc have attracted many visitors. Thoy were indeed remarkable, and conclusive evidence that ere long se shall have them plenty and at reasonable price. Several of these apples weighed a pooned each, and their quality was of a superior order. The collection ein braced five or six varicties, and were brought from Oregon. The contrast between these specimens an
usually offered for sale, is very great.
The whole quantity are for sale by J. R. Ray, Esq., frrit dealer on $J$ strect, near the Antelope restaurant.
Dunations or Buoks.-The State Agrienltural Society has received, tho present reck, near 400 volunes of valuablo books on Agriculture Mechanice, Finance, \&e., 一works isaned at the
Patent Office. They were kindly donated by Hion. C. L. Weller, of San Francisco, and Col. Forman, of this city. It will be the object of the Society to seatter then widely,
greatest good may result from them.
greatest good miy result from them.
also, a liberal supply, for which we are kindly in debted.

Callfornia Owl-W. W. White, Esq., has presented us a curious but very handsome specimen of the Brown $O_{w i l}$, found by him at tho bnso of Mount Diablo. The fuec of the $O \mathrm{wl}$ is remarkable, and the uird is surposed to bo quito raru. Car
be seen at the Society's rooms for a short time.

A Coal Fifla Discoveries. A Coxl Fiela has been found at Corral Holon. It is of a light color, but gives eridence of mproving as the vein deppens.
The Union Democrat tells of Diamomels being found in Seorpion Gulch, near Byrne's Eerry, on
the slope of Table Mountain. Thee are said to the slope of Table Mountain. They are said to be very valumble-one was valued at sixty dollars. The clntm is now called Diamond Chinin.
New Springes have been found six miles from he old Mission of Soledal. One of the springs is of medicinal power and is so hot that the bodycannot bear it. The Montercy Sentinel thinks this is to be the sccond "Saratoga."
Numerous springs are being examined in Napa county-up the valley, at the Geysers, and upon Iount Diabbo; and it is probable that with the opening scason of traveling, many new places of
esort at these sercra! suriurs will he opencel.
Califurnia will soon be more celebrated for her monots medicinal sprin:gs than any part of the world.

## Amerlcan Competition.

We have reeeived fron the celebrated Ancrican manufactory of A. W. Harrison, Philaclelphia, a beiutiful assortment of his various soaps, perfomery and toilet articles; and as it may not be enerally known in this section of the country hat we have such an establislunent in full opertion in the U'nited Stutes, and entircly Anerienn, few words coneerning the alove house will be oind intercsting to ou:r readers.
The principal department is perfumery, although there are several large departinents for the nianufactire of the choice varictics of toiliet soaps, extracts, oils and inks. The ink department is a arge one, and the detnand is now above any uther quality in the market. But we would speak at this time of the perfumery, as the samples ire have reccived are so rich and fragrant as to seem fike the natural flowurs from which they were ninde. The perfames are procured from the original manufacturers and are of the purest qualty in the worlh. Tho prineiples of combination hinto the varions articles iurolve the mnst scien-
ilic knowled les tho nost recent discoverites. the citic know ledge, the nost recent discoverius. the
niost newly invented maellinery, and the lighest nost newly inne tented marls inery, and the highest
artittic skill which liave ever been combined in ore extublishment. The style in putting up, as woll as the constitution of the variouls articles of erfimery, are striectly A Anerican1 and the list of rrigles maminiectured at this cstiallishment conn-
prise several hund rat varieties. Mr. Harricon prine several handral varicties. Mr. Harrison
bins nin ambition to create an Anerican standard n advance of, ant alove all European origind and hopes the relined of society, the ladies anll gentlemell of Amurica, will be the first to nppreciate "ch endea vors,
Hating finl the plensure of a visit to the estalbishuncnt of $M \mid r$. Ilarrison, and been shownt hrough very depmartment, whicht oetupied some hoirs, we and ant the mont perffet systemen employed. It was ndeed a plensing anul instractive sight, nul to the rulit of the moprietor, we woukd say that hus is the only entaltisthment which visiturs or friends nimber to give an extended account of this Amnimber to give an extended accomit of this Am-
riean manufictory, the only one in the United States, and in the meantine wonld invite our reallers to procure some of the new extracts of Mr. MIIrrison's and they will nover wish to nise
any other. His "Sweet Clover" is bevond all prise, and will be very popular with the ladies.

## New Music.

Horace Waters, the great Musie Publisher and Piano Dealer, 333 Lroadway, Neur York, has sent us the following popular nusie, to which we woutd eall the attention of our musical friends:

Jeannic Marsh of Cherry Valley." Song and Chorus, Words by General Morris; Music by Thos. Baker. This song possesses all tho ele-
ments of immense popularity, nnd will soon be found on every piano whr. "The Rachel Schottiseh," by Thos. Baker, a pretty and elegant specimen of this popular style of musie, admirably adapted for daneing. The
title page is embellished with a beautiful virnetto of M'lle. Racbe! (he celcbrated actress), in tbe
"Tho Marseilles $11 y$ yun," as sung by Mrlle. Rachel. Newly arranged with Freneh and EngRachel. Tewty arranged
lish, Ly Thos, Banker
LLonging" and "Parting." Bnilads, by M'lle. Julia Pettigrew. Two charning songs by the clever pianiste, M'lle. Pettigrew. The melodtes are prcty and flowing and tho accompaniments casy of attainment, The title pages are embel-
islied with handsome virnettes lislicd with handsome vignettes.,
"Kind Words can never Die."
"Kind Words ean never Die." Ballad, by Sister Alby. This is one of the most popular songs of the celebrated Hutchinson Finnily, and sung by them at their concerts wo tho bullad ought to bo in the portfolio plause. Tho ballad ought to
We shall from tiue to time announce tho new and popular music, from tho above colebratod to our columns, as they will find tho best list published, being sent to us by our New York and Boston correspondent.

Fiver maxe Mane Nowe to.


 and it is gooll for the country if we conl keep the gold here. The great aim oow shouk he to munufacture aml promee nll we wamt. even if we pay a little higher price for home maulfuctures.
Let the miner eneourage Cirlifornia Industry, and nore comforts will flow back to him for it.
We natie extracts from the several journals of the miners
Is a large town. withing sifhit of Shaws Flat the Luildings are in a continnous line between
the twu towns. The settlement in this place, is not so senttering. and the houses have the appear
ance of permanent population. There are man substantial biildings far bisiness and some benn tiful $p$, rivate residences, inclosed with substantial stone fence. This town derived its name froun a large spring. convenient. that was formerly used
for sluicing ilirt hauled from other poce for sluicing ifirt hauled from othor places, There can be no donbt that in $n$ few years, Culumbia,
Suringtied and Shaw's Flat will be united in one large, corporate city

The Gem of the Southern mines, is surround ed by hills, upon the sides of which are meandering the ditches of the companies that supply the The inhabitants of Columbia and vienity have displayed great foresight in projecting inprove
ments of a permanent character, that nill for ages bring business and prosperity to their doors The Tuolumne eounty diteh was projected in 1851. nnd the water was first conducted tbroingh the Ditch, in 1852 ; when the Stanislaus river
was at a very low stage of water, they carried a was at a very low stage of water, they carricd a
large stream in the Ditch, supplying over two large strean in the Diteh, supplying over two
thonsand mincrs with water. The nincrs within the hast jear, demaded that the walcr rate honld be a strike ras made and a new company formed and organized, eallerl the "Columbia an Stanislaus River water Company,"
The ditch was commeneed in March last, and the eapital stock of the company is $\$ 300,000$, divided in 1,500 shares. The work has been curried on so far without issuing serip, certificates or
shares being issued for labor or materials thin shares being issued for labor or materials fini-
nished when the anount reaches to a share. The stock is at a very slight discount at present.
The company contemplate having it completed
within oue month. Jlie tirst division is nine within oue month. Hilie first difision is nine mites down the south Jork of the Stanishans; the
size of the dith is six fuet on the bottom, three size of the ditch is six feet on the bottom, three
feet deep, and uinc on the top. The second division. is thirtcen miles to the lco Illouse; from thence 10 Shaw's Flat, six miles; the least por the lee Ilouse to Shaw's lilat thero are many water privileges suitable for quartz miuing. There is another ditcl from the Ice Ilouse Bald Ilill, near Sonora, ahere it is contemphaten is elevated above the Tuolumne diteh, from 20 to 30 feet, which will reach gromad that has not been huretofore worked. The tiso companies
will not by their united efforts be able to furnish will not by their united efforts be able to furnish
the demand for water during tho cusuing yenr, the demand for water during tho cusuing year,
although the Cuotnune eounty company have recently doublud their capacity for furnilhing water. Thi: tuolumne comity company lave constructed a largo reservoir furty-five feet in tright aeross
the river. There are many other valuable inthe river. There are many other valuable im-
provements in and around Columbia. The lown provements in and around Columbia. The town
is supplied with good wate:, which is conveyed is supplied with good wate:, which is conveyed
through pipes, and wonld be found useful in ense through pipes, and wonld he found useful in ense
of another sonflagration. The improvements now of another sonflagration. The improvemencs now
going on in the business parts are of a permanent going on in the busmess parts are of a permunent character. with the tirohered railways, would induce the he. lief that there is valuabic mining grouml in and
around Columbia.
tho frequent showers with which we have
been tavered during the weck, have causina a total been fasored during the wock, havecausinl a tot
cessetion of inming operstions in the riser cessation of inming operstions in the risers.
Dinters arc congregating in large mumbers at the
principal tradinir posts and aro mating rimorovs principal trading posts, and aro mahing rigorous
greparations fur the winter's golden harvest. preparations fur the winter's golden harvest.
Between Abby's Ferry and the rich winersi
district around Vallecito and Douglass' Flat district around Iallecito and Doughas Flat
tuore than a scorcof tunnels enable the sdrentur-
ous miner to explore the interasl resources of our Tatile Mountain
Within the past ten days a rich lead has been
found, which the iliscoverers clain is a continua. tion of that resently struck in Tuolumne. A few weeks more will place this fact beyond dispute,
when thas region will become onc of the most
popmous and flourishing in the Southern mines. populous and flourishing in the Southern mines.
-ituckton Argus.
Hoonac Tunsel Borer. - Arrangements are Hoosac Tuvisel Borer.-Arrangements are
now beiog uade to put this great boring inchine
at work in lable. Mountaio. It cuts a cunnel tive now beiog iusde to put this great boring innchine
at work in Table. Mountaio. It cuts a cunnel tive
feet in diameter, and adrances at the rave of feet in diameter, and adrances at the rale
tweoty w thirty feet per day.- Linion Dem. tweoty w thirty feet per day.- Caion Dem.
Main Street Doginas. - From a hole just
aunh to the bed rock eight feet below the siriace
of the street. and firty fet frowu the door of o r
oftice, C. W. Ha-k is it C'o., are taking o t god of the struet. and firty fet frowu the door of o
ottice, C. W. Ha-sk is at Co., are taking out go d
at the rate of three do lars to the pan of dirt. C'an

Tabie Mutstats.-The Sonora IFerahd states Tat a mecting of the miners and all interestel in
Tishle A Funtain, wns helil at the Table Alountain Thruse, Dee list, to cuncider the minlug reguls. was between those known of thins, the contest men and me e-hmatrell feet men. The olf regula tion prevnilel, allowing three hundred feet in the
man, nand resolutimus tin that effict were adopterl. the inceting passed of withunt any disturbance.
Weabs, Fabeo \& Co.-This popular honse have removel their head quarters at the bay,
froar their former loration to the granite building pposite, formerly the banking honse of Page, Bacon \& Co.; amblin that spacions establishment they are doing a world of business. This house is now so firmly amb well ustablished as to rank as the largest Rxpress and Banking Company in Califormin. Althongh they yiclded for a
brief timo to the great convulsion in the panic brief timo to the great convulsion in the panic
tiwes of Febuary, 1855, (a day long to be re membered), yet they promplly regained their high position, and most honorably met their engagements, aod are now on the swelling tide of pubic favor. Their new location is most aduirably adapted to their increasing business, and presents a most splendid and ipaclous snit of rooms. T.
II. Janes, Eisq., who was recently at the head of of the house, having returned to New York, Louis McLioe, Jr., Esq., now stands as the head of the house in Califurnin, and from his high standing with all classes in the commmnity, every efficiency is given and every suceess is insured by his aeknowledged reputation and high qualifications, Not only in the prineipal head of the Honse, but the several departinents below, and in all the principal citics, men of known eharacter and inlegrity are a guarantec for the permanency of the Housc. In our eity W. B. Rochester, E.q.: most fayorably known, secures great favor from all
men. We have ever found this Ilouse ready to at liberally, and reaty at all times to transmit packages of very large dimensions free of cost, in but thus acknowledre that we feel pleased at these instances of generusity. Wc have been
under ofligations to this Ilouse throngh the kindness of Mr. Hoeliester, for great kindness in sending to various Sociecties the prodacts of Cali-ornia-"ithout which liberality these products

Cabifornia ilatbematieales- - While al Sma Fiancisco last reck we strolled into the evtablishment of Wim. Schmoltz, Mathematical In-trument maker. Mr. Selimoltz has been very stic cessful in manufacturing all the various instruments for survevors' and similar scientific pureredit of beine independent of others for these instruments, nill abso saving so murh wealth to the State. Wo iavite the scientific to visit this establishment, confident it will be $n$ suturce of pleasure. Mr, S. has manufactured a splendir set of fine instruments, consisting of a self-regisering 'lherinometer, a IIrgroncter (to teat the humidity of tho atino-phere), a Baroncter, a fin Gaugc, and a Wind riange, this last a curous and most scientific instrunsent. The whole
et of tive can be had for $\$ 12 \%$.

Improvements.-Another tribute is being mid to the "Gulde:s Flora," br one of her disciples. A bea t'ful Temple. or thouse of Flowers in the shape of a Conservatory for the cultisation of choice green-house plants, is being crected io
our city at the fine garden of Rev. O. C. Wheeler. where in a strort time we mar expect a show of some of the "pet plants" in ail their g rr. The house is fifty feet long, and of fioe proprortions otherwise; of good piteh, and well calculated for the growing plaots. We are pleased to see these improvements going on, and strangers risting our
eity will be gratified bs a sivit to these gardens.
Laroe Tomato.-We learn from the gariener at the ranch of D. II. C. Charman, Esig. of White ranch the prisent season, has grown to corer a space of thirtr-tl ree feel in cire n.ference, a d has prodicel six huadred and ejobt po. nd- of
full ripe Tomatos, full ripe Tomatoes, very fine. They were the
rellow tomato, and are ret in tearic. They
were eu tivated by Mr Miler the gardener. Fellow tomato, and are ret in tearite. They
were eu tivated by Mr Mi ler, the gardener.

 the last Sahturthevening, at the Temperance llal, rapid the safe cominnieation and eonnevance the corner of Tenth and J streets. Suhjeet: " Lire- better. The new road just opened and announced the Minther of us all." The Ifall was well filleil with ana attentive andience, and the lecturer eliciled The next lecture will ho given next sundiy. eveaing, lGth, when it is expected from the interest Nlready eficited lyy the frist lecturo, that r crowded atediene witl be in atemblane. We were ahont to speak of the well known eloquence of the lecturer, when the annexed admirahte eommaniention from the ablo pen of "Bessic," was handed us, which speak more appropriately than ire conld onrselves, and coming from one of "Eve's Danghters," is most almimbily appropriate:

## f.ecturk on " Motrer bise."

Rev, O. C. Wheeler. Whosic name is fimbliar among us. began a Conrse of Lectures on Sunday one ever made a more decidel or lleserved hit than the reverend gentleman in his first tecture.
of which our sainted thougli much abused foreof which our sainted though much abused fore-
mother Ete was the subjet. mother ELe was the subjuct.
Mr. Whecter is too well
Mr. Whecter is too well known as an prator
and a man of letters to need a paneervic pich and a man or lelcers ho need a panegyrie proromed upon his eflort, bul I was so inneh which he liandled lis sulbject, that l cannot reWrain from asking a space in your colomus where$\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{y}}$ to express it. His delivery was that of a well-bred gentleman addressing an enlightened andiunce, and pruceeting througlout on the asthe topic he was disenssing. Ile spoke or wather read from his MS, abont three-quarters of an lour, with unwavering attention from every onc. and the intense interest with which he was lis. tened to could not le otherwise than flattering.
He did not preach from Milton-as too many of He did not preach from Milton-as too many of
his eoteruporaries have done, casting all the blame of the stolen apple upon poor Bive-bot conlined his researches to Biblieal history; and in his ance for youth and inewerivice, no more rmectul or fitting tribute conld the paid.
or The beantiful. simple amil unafected mamer in whieh he related the sad story of the fall, and the amusing episode on woman's rights. served to ahan the attention of every lisecner to the cluse of the discourse. In the way of the latter, ahom
which so mach al,surdity is talkul by matseatine women and feninine men, we eould not possibly get up an argmuent; being quite content with,
ine cxisting order of Providence as to the relatiun the cxisting order of Providence as to the rehatiun
of the sexes, and the suboritiation of woman to of the sexes. and the sulsorlimation of woman to
man, we do not think it worth while to seck any Ilis Iecture next Salibnth exening, will be on the Women of the $A$ rli-nad 1 ann a lith
curions to know luw lie will paint Mrs. Noal alul ber three daughters- in-law, 'The gend wht yece-fur at the andrancel age of six hundred years, or therentionts, morty whole days and nights in a littele gopherg
wood eabin. threo humblicd culits by tifty, with wood eabin, threo humbed culits by lifty, "ith
only a single door aml windor, anong such ? "gionllice companic" of bipels ami quarlmpeds,
and, worse than all, the suciety of her three son's wiees? It is a moral mystery to me baw he will wwaril to the four thoes ennubling pualilieation: wheh alurn the fimale eharacters of lloly Writ
for sim's wives and mothers-in-law now-nlays, posce-ning ans degree of amiability, ar
freaks in 11 ture. IIe wil protably tell us whether they livel together without quarreling;
and if so, their praise should fil the whol carth, anil their names live in the annals of everlating fante.
Marise op Eacramexro.-One of the sur signs of the prosperity of sa ramento is the faet that in eleren days no leas than thirty seren sai of teseets arrived at our levee. loarled wfth nurchandime, coming from the promucing ground and dairy sections of Petaluma Susisun. Alvisu, Nup Crock and the Day Cits-atiout half each. This
is an increase of iro hindred per cent from the same time last year. Be it also remernbereal that this is $i=$ additren to the imm nse freights on $t w$ or three steamers every day.

wilh some uf important one, fur it is connected
serius in the State; and we hope every facility will lie offered to the eommmity that nan be afforded. We fully agree with our friends of the Stute Juumal in the following:
The public is already aware that the rond em-
onk micnt, leading from this city acrons the tules Puto. Cache Creck and elsewhere, on the west. is eompleted. The serprise keeps open, at all sensons, the communication between the places named. On Wednesday the Supervisors of Yolo They intend examining into the cost of its construction, and allowing only such rates, as in their opinion, will pay a fair intcrest on the in-
vestment and keep the road io repair. For the present the prices arc
Wagon or buggy drawn by 1 animal, - $\$ 2$ on

Horse and rider, $\$ 150$; Footinao, 50 cents. Horses, mules, or cattle, each, - - 100 These rates are too high-much inore than the charge to ean anord to pry, If the proprietors thuring the season of high water, all traffic over , save only that which is absolntely necessary prise of that section of the country, but also keep noncy out of their own pockets. We have sufficient confidence, however, in their shrewdness, to beliese that they will demand only reasonable rates-such as will encourage, rather than yetard travel over their road.
New Abvertisements., Wo desiro to eall the attention of our readers to the advertiscments our columns: they embrace important notices. We ask attention to the noticc of the arrival of superior Pear Trees from the Somerville Ninsery to Messrs. Bradshaw \& Co., San Fraueisco. We know the parties from whom the trees came, and know that Messrs. Bradshaw \& Co., will only ive such assurances as will be fully realized.
The new advertisement of Bailuy Brothers Jewelers, of this eity, deserves more than a passHotice. This housc is too well known in our city to need a rord of commendation; but it will be well for our readery to call and see the splendid nrray of goods they are now opening. Christmas and New Ycar are near at hand, therefore you shouhl give this honse a call and earry a ful purse with jou and make jour kindred and firmus glad by a generous remembraneer
We have many very important advertisement in our paper, nind we advise our realers to look
over them carefilly, and thoy will tind sume one that will reach their case and meet their wante.
fiuand Peach Chor.-Tle Uhio State Journal rotices the feach crop uf Mr. Longhry. Whose cars aro he wet ont eleven acres with the choicest arieties of the pench. The Jourual save that is eleven of the pencit. The Jourual says that him the substantial sum of five thousand dollars, or nearly five humbrd dollars per acre

Osions planted in the same hill with rines wilh protect them from the depredations of the striped his. marmers and groft by it.
A Cere fur Uyspepisa and General. De Biliry.- Those who wish to find the most effi-
cacions remedy firr these complninti, will never cacions renedy fir these complnint:, will neser
regreta fair trial of the Uxygenated bitters. They contain no alcoliol.

ijorticultural Dipyartment

## Currants.

The following excellent artiele on the growing we say amen to $i t$, with all our heart. There is no one fruit more nutritious and wholesome in the summer months, none more palatable, and if pains be only taken to give then room and eare,
Californin would produce the finest currants in Califoruin
the morta :
There is no elass of fruits so much negleeted as the eurrant, and nono possessing so ming good qualities and so susceptible of improrement, un-
der good eultivation. Planted in smme far off corner, where otber fruits womld starve and die, it is left to take eare of itself, receiving no eare in the way of wanming and pruning, or mulehing. In almost every garden where they are planted Ire find then complete nuisances-hedge-rows of noor weak straggling branehes;
producing good sized fair frnit.
In the prodnetion of new varieties, the curnnt has been sidly neglected, while everg ycar adds
to the too already extended lists of pear. apple to the too already extended ists or pear, apple,
pench, within a rery few years pist we
have nothing new added to this list. Lately, have had nothing new added to this list. Lately
however, several new varieties havo been sent out from Encland, some of which pronise to be come worthy of extended cultivation.
To cultivate the currant thoroughly, it should be promed to one stock six or eight inehes high. and planted against the south side of the garden fence for fruiting early in the season, and against the north side for fromiting later; in this way the froiting season may be manh lengthened. Sucker. appear: and the head pruned annually: Kceping a appear: and the head pruned amnually. kecping
suftieient distanee from caeh other to admit the sun and air-the soming shoots should be short-
ened at least one-haif of last season's prowth this kecping up a good supply of lateral spurs for fruiting the suceceding senson.
'The ground around each bush must be kept rell pulverized, and have a top dressing erery fall, with a eorering of fine manure, or cood com
post. Fork this in the spring, and apply immediately under the branches a mulehing three or four inehes thick of deeayed leaves, grass, or fine
straw. Repeat this every straw. Repeat this every year, and very soon
youn will be surprised at the quality and quatity of your fruit. We gathered a few days ago fifteen Ancong theary were the following: with the description taken at the time:

White Grape." 'lhe finest and largest of all large and elosely set, pale white but quite transparent; the unsh rather a slow grower; wood
short aud stont; leaves dark green. The "White slort aud stont; leaves dark green. The "White
1)uteh" las been to some extent confounded with this.
"Red Dutch." The bunches are short. comnpaet; bush of fair size; the berries are large, high colored and rieh, and for jams and jellies lave no
superior; free grower and abuudant bearer; best superior; free $g$
of red currants.
of red currants.
"Red Grape,
"ithed Grape," A fine grower and good bearer,
bunehes; larged light red berries, and quite acid.
"Champagne." A nerr varicty: fruiting with us for the hirst time; eridently a cross between a
white and red. The bunches are of fiir size white and red. The bunches are of frir size;
leaves medium, eolor light delieate pink. I think when more extensivel
demand for preserving.
demand for preserving.
i. Cherry Currant." Berries very large at least one-third larger than Red Grape; bunclics short. rers compact; a rigorous grower, and with close pruning an abundant bearer
berries abovo medium size, enormons length; berrics abovo medium size, pale red; abundant
bearer, and traned against the north side of a tight fenee, may be kept until August.
tight fenee, may be kept until August.
" Morgan's White." Pale white, of good size "Morgan's White." Pale wh
" Rotterdann White."
"Black Naples." Best of the black eurnants; bunches of good size; berries above medium.
These are tuch used in England for jams and jellies, but as jet are little cultivated in this eountry. "Rotterdan Red," "Long Bunched Red," "Inight's Early Red," and "Pitmaston Red" are all good
of buncbes.
"Knight's Sweet Red." Bunches long; ber-
ries large; abundant bearer; one of the swe ies large; abundant bearer; one of the sweetest. Any of the foregoing, with the treatinent and $\underset{G}{\mathrm{G}}$, in Progressive Farmer.
Fossil Curiosity. - A tree was discovered says the Stoekton Argins, in a tunnel at hat Grange.
It mag be termed pictritied, yet not as heany as It may be termed petritied, set not as heiny as
stone, atthough heavier than the natural wool.
It appers to be neither wood nor stome wit takes seemingly in some degree of the, niture parboth. It scrapes off with the finger nail in the
same manner as chalk, although not so liard ac same manner as ehalk, although not so hardi as
that substane. The tree from which the piece presented us was taken is thirty feet in eiremm
ference, standing upright, therefure its leng th cannot be aseertained either above or below the tunnel. The tunnel is three hundred and sixty teet long. A smanler piece of wood neempanying
that already mentioned, has the figure of a leal that already mentioned, has the figure
azenrately and plainly indented upon it.
The Roekingham ( V a.) Register boasts of Tomatues raised Uy Conrad II. Kite, Esq..s on ShenAnybody to beat that if be can.
 Wards, Nuw York:
A lively romanee, that has appeared in suceess ve numbers of Putnam's Magazine, and laving been quite popular. is now reprinted in book form. The secue is lain in a Conncetient village and the description of life there is quite lively wrought out, and makes one of the most entertaining stories that we have read fur a long time. The nuthor says in his pruface, that his ardent desire uras to please the readers of the magazine, and if the reader enn diseover a monal ho is wol-
come to it, for it was not put in by design, The story is a plitin sketeh of rustie Yankee life and character, and at the conchnsion the very rare circumstanee oceurs, of the hero and heroine being twice married to eaels other.
Tine Pirsiology of Marninge,-by a married
man iund a diotinguished physicinn-published by John P. Jewelt d Co. Boston.
One of the most remarkable worbs ever published in this country, and is attracting innisersal attention. It is written by one of our oldest and most experieneed medical men, who has devoted $n$ long life to the study of Physiology. It brentlies a trinly christian spirit, and is pro-
notineed to be as unexecptionable a work as any that has appeared in the Englislt language. Let all read it who would desire to be instrueted in this great suljecet. for marringe is a social, intel ctinl: and moral duts
Stray Leayes froas the Book of Nature," Wy M. Sehele ds Fera, of the University o Virginin-p
A pleasant and entertaining volume of essays which attracted mueh attention on their first :p-
pearance in Putnam's Magnzme, and being now pearance in Putnam's. Magnzine, aml being now nity of perusing them, The work does honor to the authur, who is an ardent admirer of the benutiful in nature. The book is handsomely got up: printed on fine white paper, and of about
300 pages, and will prove a dulightful treat for 300 pages, and will
the lover of nature.
"Glenwooo." or the Parish Bos-I 2mo. 490 pages-published by Sheprard, Clirk \& Co.
Buston:
The work purports to be a New Eugland tale, and the plot is laid at Glenwood. a pleasnat vil lage in one of tho New England States. The chief object of the tale seems to bo a dosire to
expose to view the glaring faults of New England Society, and many of the characters are earricatured after the manner of Diekens, and though somewhat overdrawn, still there are somo tine tonehes in the book. The work also shows up
the abuse praeticed upon parpers, and the shameful eondition of the poorhouses. as well as the ill trentment reecived from the overseers. Let all
the elatitably disposed look at this subjeet. and thes will bo astonished to see how suel thing are managed in country villages. We congratulato the joung and enterprising firm, upon their success in their first publiention, and hope their
future eflorts will inect with as hearty a response from the publie. We would refer our jeaders to the Literary Announeements published last week of new books in press by the abovo firm.
"Innia, Cimina ann Japan"-by Bajard l'ay-
lor-published by G. P. Putnam \& Co. Park lor-published by
Place, New York:
The above work contains the records of two ears' journey to the above countries, inelnding the homerard voyage around Cape IIorn. The portions of the book devoted to India and China, says the author, aro as complete as his stay in those countries allowed him-and speaks fully of the deseription of the country, manners and cusoms of the inhabitants, modes of hunting, coast surreys, fee. all of whiel will be found intensely interesting. No work has been published, which contains so descriptire an account of those coun-
tries as tho present volume. The journey was conmenced in August, 185I, and lasted two ears. The author having visited most of the cuntijes of Europe, ascended the Nile to the egro Kingloms of Central Africa, journesing in Palestinc, Asia Mlinor, and ludia, visited Cling twice, mad taken part in the Ameriean Expedition co Japan-having traveled in all some tifty thousand miles, and been reecivod in crery eline with ihdness, and attended with uniform gool fortume. Uur ruaders will find themselvess well re-
paid for a perusal of this valuable work. Putnan's Magazine for Novenber has been $r$ ceived from Dix \& Edwards New York, containing an iutercsting article upon the United States Coast Surrey; Liring iu the Country, and the usual cditorial notes. No periodical ever issued
in this country has aequired sueh a permanent
position in the literary world. It takes the lead
of Ameriean magazines, and rivals all others in of Ameriean magazines, and rivals all others in
literary merit. its literary notices are the most impartial that appear in any periodical in this colintrs.
The Ameriean Publishers' Cireular and Liter ry Gazette, is issued weekly by the Booi I'ubishers' Association. Their rooms are lneatell a No. 348 Broad wny, and are appropriately fitted u and confortably furnished, containing the publieations of most of the prineipal publishers in the country. The alhove Circul
sheet and is well printed.
"Table Traits," with something on then. by Dr. Doran, author of "Habits nud Men:" and "The Queens of England of the IIonse of IIan over." Published by J. S. Jecdfield, New York. Dr. Doran is one of the most interesting and humorous writers of the day-choosing the most familiar sulgects, and with good humor pouring ut a fund of historie lore tents is headed Bill of Fare, and ineludes dishes ff the mont digestive kind. 'the chapter headed "a feir odul glasses of wine," is extrumely iuteresting, spenking of the different kinds of wine used by the ancients, as well as their styles of drinking. The Roman ladies had their espeeeial drinks, sorereign in their effeets, to calm a nervous system too sorely excited, "It was a cusfom with the ancients to swallow, to the heal 1 ? of their mistresses, as many eups or glasses as there were letters in her name." The whote information, in regard to the famillar life of th neients is rery eurious, and the book is indeed a treat, whieh one may partake of as often as h
pleases, and yet have a longing desire for more.
"The New Odeon," a colleetion of seenlar inclodies, arranged for four voiees-designed for singing sehools, and social music parties-by Geo. J. Webbeand Lowell Mason-pubtished by Hason Brochers, Nuw York, The work above alluded to contains a largor varicty of fine song luets and eonecrted pieces, than other work, so harmonizel ns to be within the eapabilitics of many singing sehools and most ehoirs of the land. The book numbers some hundred pages more than any other collection, and it will be
found a weleome visitor into every soeial eircte.
"Almaeks," a tale of English Sueicts-pub lished by II. Long and Brother, New Yorknijing a peep at soceiety during the most brillian time of George 1)
Hoveg's Magnzine for October is received, with nn unusual variety of horticulturul reading.
serics of artieles npon European Parks, and the lieports of the Annual Exhibition of the Mas Ilort. Society, with the list of premiums awarded -a valuable number.
Harper's Magazine for November is before us and is full of valuable reading. enongh to satisfy the most eager. A day at Pompeii is the first artiele, and is finely illistrated with engravings Ilints for Comintry IIouse Builders, is another excellent artiele: and the engravings aro very useful to those interested in arehitectural natters. Mr. Slim's final Piscatorial Bxplerience, is rep ecived through Messrs. Burnhain Brothers, Cornceived throug
Harper's Story Book No. 12 The Studio, also at liand, and is the last number of the presen volunne. We shall refer to these agaiu.

The Dew.-The following quotation from Dr Wells on dew is highly instructive: "I had often smiled in the prico of hali-knowledge at the means freguently employed by gardeners to pro
teet tender plauts from cold, as it appeared to innpossible that a thin mat, or any sueh flims inpossible that a thin mat, or any such flims temperature of the atmosphere, by which alone thouglit them liablo to be injured. But when had learned that bodies on the surface of the ealth becane, during a still and serene night, colder than the atmospbere, by radiating their
heat to the heavens, I pereeived immediately a heat to the lienvens, I pereeived immediately a
just reason for tho practice which I had beforo just reason for tho practice which I had beforo
deemed useless. Being desirous, however, of aequiring some precise information on the subject, $r$ fixed perpendicularly in the earth of a grass-plot fonr small steks, and over their upper extremitwo feet long, I drew timhtly a very thin eamleric hundkerehief. In this disposition of things, thereforc, nothing existed to prevent the free passage
of air from the exposed grass to that which was sheltered exeept the four small sticks, and there was no substance to radiate downward to the latter grass, except the cambrie handkerchief. The
sheltered grass, however, was found nearly of the sheltered grass, however, was found nearly of the
samo temperature as the air, while the unsheltered was tive degrees or more colder, One night than the air, but the sheltered was only three deprees colder. Here we see the pos only three deslight awning to avert or lessen the injurious coldness of the greund."-Hunt's Dlement'ryPhysics.



## A Way to Create Happiness.

Taf following buantiful incident we publish for the benefit of those who desire to make others hippy. The bero of the story minst liave been
one of the lueky editors-a bing salary, or a gnodly ist of prompr-pay ing suberibers-and with these means he could uet ont his whole heart. If every eader of this story would only do his duty in thus giving the means whereby ulitors and pub ishers could testify their affiction for their wires, there would not be quite so many old bachelors-
nor would thele be so many divores. lieader, just think how mueh goui you can do; perhaps ou may witness such it seene. Will you try?-
or we endorse all the writer has so beautifully lepieted of Ilappiness:

One evening list month, a prominent editor ook has friends and his houschold by surprise in most norel and charming fashion.
Ilis wife-a most charming woman by the wny -hnd a bisthelay just in tho pleasant season of ruit, and as tirthdays only conse onee a year. and emporary, notice thabe hantched, like our co temporary, notice these rare occurrenees, our frem of the etherial ehair devised a conspirsey
against his better-laalf, whiel was to come off on agninst his better-haif, whinely was to come of on
the evening of this particular birth-diy. Sitting in his editorial sanetum, in the eity, lie dispatelal private rumners to three hondred friends, inviting then to join in this present conspiracy
against the partner of his bosom. Besides this various written mandates, in the form of 2 progranme, went forth to servants, confectioners and musicians, all being intended to arrange and consolidate this bousehold treason. When the preliminaries were settled, and tho place of renezvous named, the gentleman-like a gay deeiver as le was-in a legal way rememberunion at the house of a friend who was herself in the seeret, and thus managed to ret tho lads in the seeret, and thus managed to get tho lady in uspicion. IIe promised to wo houre early, in order to aet as her escort, and urged great puneuality in her toilet.
All this was done so natmrally-cditors do catel little habits of dissimulation iu their sane-cuns-and with such amiable simplicity, that the lady dropped into the suare, innocently as a dove. All the conspirators were prompt and faithful, and what was vory extraordinray, where a ma-
jority were females, silent also. I'her gatbered at a given hour it tho loonse of a friend, in the same block with the editur's residenee, where claim when the coast was clear.
A band of music, a whole forest of flowers, and mo bundreds of people, thus were gathered and maiting withiu ten minutes of the appointed Keally the whole thing was so mueb like
gennine conspiraey-it secmed so liko a spiey bit of naughtiness, that-crerything contributed to the excitement. The guests laughed low and spoke in whispers, bright eyes sparkled with
luiselief, and rognish liashes of wit flew liko ruischicf, and rognish 1 il
arrows around the room.
At last the sigmal was given. The lady rifo was to be surprised almost into the middle of another birthday, had been decofed iuto her next

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER
 was softy ulpenerl, and three magni ieent roonss
were crut I d with these silent eue-ts. 'the Were cromld with these silent euest: Tle
musicians were ranged in their places. chandel iers and sitelights were prepaled for a sudien standing breathless in the dim Ight, the musi
cians with their in strmens prequrell. and pyra tahle in the suit of rooms, while numerons hirth
thay thay gitts were aranged in conspicuous positions
Then there wns a light step in the hall, a quic trying at the door, and the larly of the honse came
in with her shawl and rigolecte oun. As her fuo touehed the threshold, the chandeliers burst into
a blaze, the band struck up an exlihurating isel come, and hefore she could speak, the hely was tions. It was quite wonderful the way in which she dropped into the spirit of the thing ; but onee
in a while, she would break out in exclamations of wonder, that her housecould have been invaded without haviug excited the slightest suspicion
with her. It was like enehantment, both to the lady and her guests. Never was dancing more spirited. or conversation more lively, But not
content with deluding his own wife, our wieked brother began practising on the eredulity of his gucsts tou, for about two hours after every on and fruit, which they supposed had supplied all the refreshments that need be reqnired, and had cane, and to a noost sumptuous supper riplet with every conceivable delicacy. Then can o dancing again, and some time afier midnight tl party bruke up, entreating the lady to have a band cheat her in the same fastrion. just as ofte as he liked. We recommend that, decidedly; any body on earth has a right to such birthdays
its an editor's wife, we think.-Ex,

The Secret of Advertising.-The man in business who does not advertise, cannot expee publicity thas given is the keystone of fortune's arch. Americans are advertisers par exectlence and it is not to be donbted that our present porial points, are to be traced to our sense ol the arguncent we have laid down.
The necessity for advertising once established the first query that must suggest itself, is what is
the best medinm to select. Here many sud mis takes are made. It is the impression of numer-
ous persons in trade, many young beginners, that the paper of the highest circulation (real or pre tended) is the best for them, A few words, how ever, will diapel this delusion. It is not precisely
the acgregate of readers, but the sort of readers the ageregate of readers, but the sort of readers.
that an advertiser should consider. Ife could that an advertiser should consider. fore cunld
name tuany pape supposed to vell forty thousatud copies a weel, in which a tradesiman or lage to himself that in many others of $t(-1)$ o twelve thousand. The reason of this apprent anomaly must le songht in tho adaptibility ur
the wares advertisel, to the chass of persons a) piealed to. Thus-and we are not traveling out leing governed on the same principles all over the civilizel world-a London paper, (the bsaminer.) Whoso returns are seven thousand weekly:
could purchase three times over the advertising interest of another London paper, (the Dispurh,h,) Which sells cighty thousancl. A glanee st th tro papers will show why this is. The ordinary
multitude read one; the cultivated purtion of the coumumity tho orincipal patrons of advertisers in eeneral.
the principa patrons ornow, are started in differ
dlany journals, we know ent places, on their presumed clainis on the ad. ent places, on their presumed claimser's patronage, and to confirm what is nothing moro than a silly error at best, the proprictor's aim is to give these shoets a fictitious
circulation. Fonlish people may bo taken with circulation. Fonlish people may bo taken with
tho bait, hut we believetliat reco nincty-uine out of every humbed of ourr really praetieal men to be questioncd on the point, they would slecide in
accordance with ourselves-that it is the surt of people a paper gucs among. who are must likelr numbers, cren if established to the last unit of the supposed sum total. - Sunday Mercury.
Meaneses moes sot Pay. - There is no
greater mistake that a husiness inan makes than to loo mean in his busimess. Always taking the half cent for the dollars he has maile and is nuak-
ing. Sticla a policy is sery much like the farm-
cr's, who sows chree peeks of seed when he oupht cr's, who sows threc pecks of seed when he ought
to hare sown tive, and as a recompense for the leanness of his soul, only gets ten when he ought
to have got filteeu bushels of grasin. Everybody has heard of the proverb of "i penny wise and pouml foolish." As liberal expenditure in thic
wny of husincss is always sure to be a capital tr-
restment. There are people in the world who ate short-sighted enough to behere that their ining to all they can get, and nerer letting a cent
slip through their fingers As a general thing. th will be cound, other things being equal, that he
who is the nost liberal is nost suceessful in busi. ness. Or course we do not mean it to be inferred
that a man should be prodigal in his expenditure:
hus that he should show to $\mathrm{b} s$ curstomers, it he is a trader, or those whom he fay be doing any as well as social reeatha, he acknowledges the
ererlasting fact that there can proeperity or good feeling in a co thy where

## Indics' Brpirtwernt.

Tus. mother's The Mother.
vil. Upon the mother depenils in a grent ment gre the future character of the chilh. As c'ay in child in the power of the mother. We publish the following situteh ns most truthfully delinea ive of the action of sonue who bear that
without understanding the sesponsilitits
"Morntr! !" No answe
" Jnther! I say, mother
"Whitt now, you little troulvesome thing? asked Mrs. Hare. as sho cutered from the kitel , looking very stern and impati
"Yer, it is, and after, too; and 1 am glad of it helieve you chidiren were never so troublesome as you can go; 1 shall be rid of youn until dimuer lime, at any vate."
So Cliarley went, feeling rery cross and uncasant, and leady to dispute and quarrel with othersts fretfilness was trithe influence of his cring him peevish, restless and unhappy. kiss and a pluasant word from her lips in the
norning would have prevented all this, and sent norning would have prevented all this, and sent im on his way checerfully and happily
"Oh dear, what plagucs clitdren arc!" ex-
laimed Mrs. Moore, as he disappeared, -"here is clamed. Wrs. Moore, as he disappeared, - here is
everything ollt of place and all over the ronm. how provoking! Ircre, you little mischief!" she continued, addrcssing a little girt of threc or four - "how cante your shoes off? haven'l I told you often and often, not to unbution sour shues at
With a rough shalic, the child was taken up and the shoe replaced, the mother adding. "There take that off again, and you'll be sorry.
Having finished her mornine's house ark. Mrs.
Alushed and disturbed. In her girlish diys, she had been regarded as a remarkable amiable and pleasant person; as she conld then well afford to be; for
like girls in general, slie lad little to try her temfer or patience. That must be an unlappy temper which cannot preserve its equanimity then there is nothing to disturt, or provoke it. Not
that girlhood is entiroly exempt froma annopances and vexations-hat then girlisla trials are notring In comparison with the after trlals of the u:oman. to be alvays patient, and slie liad alnost uncon*cionsly fillen into the hatit of fretting and scold ing at her children-than which nothing contd have a more unlappy eflect on thens and herself.
Slre had sewed onty a fer mimutes, when the bahy. a line little boy of six months or so, began cying heartily.
" liock the cutle, Ahy" sloc said in a quizk
perentery wien, to the litte girl. percmptory wiec, to the litte girl.
Tlie chitd conmenced rocking is
"Rochitd commenced rocking it very slowly. "Rock it faster!" exclaimed the mother
strange yon never can do any thing rigbt?
Bon't rock hard enourn to brunt the ehild's bon't rock hard enough to brenk the ehild's diligence: "Iluere, go away, du, l"ll rock it my. aclf, and do $y$ oll go and pick upevery one of those he carpet. Lvery fusion the whole time. I shatl be glad when the thowers are gonc: jou make so much tronble with thein."
them fly, now ?", those are my little birds, sec hand and, blowing them briskly, they fell around
her like a snow shower.
nauglity girl! The place for burds is out of doors, so gatlier them up and throw them out at the

The child mawillingly ohejed; hut she must hare something to do. Every chill craves emis not provided for it it will be continually in mischief. Its uature craves something to do. and somelling it must and will hare. In a minute,
Ally was entting up an embroidery pattern with Ally was eutting up an embroitery pattera with
her mother's scissort,
.. Oh you misthierous child! Bring those - Oh, yon mischierons child! Bring those
sois-ors here to me.this minute! See how sou're spoiled nry pattern! Shall I shake you, naughtr girl ? Coost down out cliere in the corner of the
room, and if you do another bit of mischief this room, and if you do another hit of
Ihe child weut. powting. In a minute she be-gan-" Mother, may
look at the pictures
.i. , you'll tear them. Books are not for little "Wo, I can't stop to find then now for you."
"Well, may 1 have a needle, and sew something?" "(1) dear, what a tease! Yes you mar, and
perhals it will keep yon sull two minutes Here' perhaps it will keep yon still two minutes Here's
a neeti, now thread it, and sewr thl you arc tired."
A ly took it and husied hersel for a fo min-
utes in trying to thread the point of t but not
sueneed ng reatured- Nother, won't thread
y

The child sooll with her weedle in heer hieni-






 Une virtule wrich h n mother neted, above all oth hers,

 'Well, I'd like to have you stay with the
clikilren, inst one day, and be fretted, teased, worricd and anoyed as 1 ann every day, that's a
 chemfor two homrs." plassant and patient with "But; Emeline, do you think they behave ang
wetter for this he less trouble oome if you were a little more gen-

"On, jou dun't know anything goout it. Thes
never beinare ling so badity rlien voun are here never belare half so badiy "1hen you are here
Ally is more quiet liow, stand Aly is more quiel hoov, standing there count ing "Whichl, only proves, my dear, how easily she may be amased, anim kept rom hicse minchiervor are ulwiys tulling her what she may not do thu joul never thilks to propose any a musement for hir. Stie is not, norr is any child of ther ave tmat icious and wilfol in inter mischice stlec tloess minischief because she can find nothing else to do, and shc muss do something."
y wi, dear, welt, if your arc not satisfield with my way of training the clitidren, youn must stay great relifef to me, 1 assure joul. How that lon thy ore:ms! Do give him to me-1 beliere thicsi

"Pateience, Emet Ene"," stid Mr. Mr, talk ing up ie ere this fret full displosition is growing upon you as for that of the children itw many rat of the chilidren. I know yon has worrying and scolding onty makes then harder o bear. ${ }^{\text {F }}$
Con't licelp it. Clurlec has conve to be one
 have syloken three or four times, anil he is so whit makes him so. TIII surce necrer whs ill tempered, it can't be that he takes it from my
side." "Possill) not." returned the hustand. smiliug Inlliati ie for this nauglity distunper of his But Pnliative for
"Clinrles." snill lis molher, "so hang "p roir Hol. Illryy :" she continued, sharyly, as he
 | told you to start quicl: when I bidl you ?:'
Ite went snllenly nml in a ninute returned. - How came jour jacket torn ?" slie asked pr

- it iore it plasing on the pile of hoards at the
"- ner." lic answ weral, liesiatainely.
"11idn"t tell jou only yesterlay not to go
there? Naughty bor ?" and she gave him spitefut box on the ar.. "Oh, me, what plague cain rainrlixl Mr. Moore rentnre "Patience, Eme-
line!" Toor Mrs. Meore had allowed herself t

 that she nas always unhappy and lowr - ppiriterl.
always "plegued to death" and "tired of living ?" Is it strange that her childreu grew stubborn and at a dozen Jears old? It is sirango that they
" leanaed the trick" of freffulness, and inherited diaposition $w$ hich. carriel i to the'r respectire
hom $s$ in afier 1 fe, were fo orrel by the same dithas been sal that o d mestic harpi
the neareat eartblr approach to hearen,
this be so, it is no less ir e that a home wt the nearest eartbly approach to hearen, and
this be so, it is no less ir c that a home wb b i
the scencof contin al faolt-finding, hitt messan
the scene of contin al faolt-finding, bith mesa an
ili-felings, is "the nearest earth y alprou
the uther supposal e extreme. IIme ma! be th
mappes or or mos uni. olly in the on earn


THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

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 TO Dyspepsia can be Cured. - Frum R. S. Stor. Eaq.










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new gouns new coons:Watches, Jowelry, Fancy Goods, \&c. BA LLEY ABEOTHERS,




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The Best Work on the Horse.
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THESTABLE $13 O O K$


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## Dancing and Waltzing Academy <br> $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{R}}$ <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 



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| riculturul Wurehomac mud Sted Store, 189 and [DL Water atrest, Now. Yurk. |  |
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## 




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## PERUVIANFEBRIFUGE,

tug prevenstion and cuar
FEVEI AND AGUE,










 recelved, slowing thin auperierty and eficicney of the Porivllun
Fetbriuge, not only in eases of long tanding, hut whier atber




## 










THE CALIFORNIA FARMER


## Jarietics

## Owe new bappe. One

 bonnet will make a young lady fee funny man" will bother a whole ous noise. One pretty flirt will wake a dozen ...n girls unlappy for an catire evening$\eta^{\prime}$ ne Itoosiers on the Wabasll turn their "ague shakes" to some account. They clinib into the top of a shell baik tree just as the chill conies on and hy there's not a hickory nut left on the tree.
A physiclan, who resides in the sontleern part of Sew York city, risiting a patient at the ex treme north, was asked by a sick man if he clid tance. "Not at all, sir," replied the sun of Essculapius, "for, having another paticut in the nex
street. I can kill two birds witli one stonc." ".Cat yon, sir ?" replied the invalid; "then yonare too good a shot for me;" aud the $\mathbf{A l}$. D. got his malk ing iicket.
A Yankee pedlar once called at a honse, and ha could not trade with the woman, hic tarnedi a boy standing by. and akked himn if he didn't a boy standing by. and axked him "the boy ${ }^{1}$ "ant to buy a "Fortune-teller." Ler's sakoy he don't want that? - hee's sot mure in his herd
 the article he
tooth comb!
Istenseting IIstory. - The fullowing cxtract Jurors of Georgutomn. Soulh Carolima. in 1185 is well worthy a place in our coinmns: "As
Grand Jurors, genllemen, the laws have selected you as their principal auxilliary. On you, then it is pechliarly incumbent to interest yourselves in the conduct of all around youl. Your cxample, therefore, must be of grent neeight. Inrestigate the policy of your district, and wherever any per
son has acceptert a puldic tonst and neglect son has accepter a pullic trust, and neglects on
ahusce it, drar him furth. lec his position char a huscs st, sraf him furth, let his position, char-
acter and furtune be vehat it nuay. If the officers of justice volale the trust replosed in thein, you yourselves and to your clitdren, as well as hy thic solemn outh you bave just taken, to name thent in rou presennments. Even in your private ca-all such ofliznders is highty meritoriuus. The malevolence of the wick cd anid tubbilent, which masy for a time be dirceted against an honest. spirited and patriotic citizen, is like the harmless hissing of serpents that cannot vitc. He will soon triumph over all their impotent clamors, and obtain the estccm and support of all good meen Withont a change of conduct and mimion of ail good men in the State to put a stop to the frand,
rapine and licentiousness that ssalk abroad in the landl. we arc an undone people, the Guvernnient land. we arc an andone people, , he Govcrmmien to the first bold rutfian who shall associate a feiw desperate adrcnturers and scize upon it! Mny Henven arcrt it!
The aborc charge might be morthy of note in
 LANGTON'S PIONEER EXPRESS.

 Wevalle miry vilile end che orokowno points:


## 



Notes, Draits, Bills, \&e., collected or oeforiterel, and all




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 hall of o uevevpluper, but liavivg
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# 0 <br> carmopna p manier 

roj. IV
SACRAMENT0, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 21, 1855.
N0. 25.

[For the Califormin Furmer.।
Praotical Suggestions on Wheat Raising Messes. Editohs: As it is very important t all the citizens of California that the next crop of wheat should be free from the complaints of all farmors. the past season, 1 feel it a duty to give some instructions, drawn from long expe rience in wheat growing sections. The first re quisite is thorongh plowing, as an eventy crop for the grain on the slatlow stirred soil wil ripen suoner than on the deep. Whe next in innportance is good seed, ind perfectly elenil ; if ther shmuld be the least smut in the seed it stimald be carefully washed, thus: take a large anol a sunall er vessel, fill the smaller one with a strong brine so that when the whent is ponred slowly into it all imperfeet grains, whether of whent or oats or smut, will flow over into the larger vessel when filled, drain off the brine and empty the ressel, and return the brine through a sieve to the former vesscl, and repeat the process. The same brine will continue to cleanse by adding to it; if strong enongh, it will doat off the oats and barley, leaving the sced pure. The next is the quantity of seed. Sune sow sparingly, expecting the strength of the ground to foree it to stool and become thick; but this wheat if it shoulit become thick, will grow tall and be late ripening. both serions oljjections. It would be much surer to sow thick enough, thereby securing a short growth of straw and early ripening; the former araving the danger of lodging or falling down, as well as labor in handling; the latter securing from rust, and both very important. I would not sow less than 89 pounds on an acre, on any land, aml would put 180 pounds on the richest lands; from 1 亿0 to 150 ponnds heing a fair proportiou for the land I hare seen on the Ainerican river; then with good plowing-no cutting and covering-good clean seed aud a proper propor tion of it, you will have a reasonable prospect of crop which will be not only satisfactory in quad tity, but al so in quality. I wonld suggest to the Farmers tho propricty of plowing their whea ground, where they hare no erop on, in the spring, and then they could sow as early as the rains would come. Respectrully submitted, b an old Farmer.
W. G. W.

How Much Soed to the Aere?
The following is about the aswamount of seed sown to the acre in the M :lfie and Western States. We should remark that about twenty want of cia fernia culture. This wou depend


Taken from mite at 18 yeara old, in foal to "Monarch," sin
pon the quality of the soil and the culticution adopted, as this is for brondcast sowing: Whent.
Rnrley
Unts.... Unts
Ry....
Buckwh

## R indiun co Renlis.... Peas... Henip

## Tiun 2 ity.... Nuntrd

Ferd grana
Fint uraming
Rllover.
White clower
The quastity for sowing in ilrills

Dnions...
Carruts.
Rarnly
and
We would say to our readers that in Californin
so enormous are the yields that two pounds pur cre is the general average of seed for root crops All will, however, be governed by quality of soil

Experiment in Sowing Wheat:
A cormespondint of the Southern Ilanter rho scems to kare kept "well up" In his classica studies, gives the subjoined as tho result of folowing the advice of an agricultural writer, who lourished as long ago as the reign of Angustus He would not adrise our friends to try the experiment upon a very large scale:
1 sowed one hundred bushels of wheat last ncolber, every grain of whith was put into briling Theat lot this nart of the country, I tried fing huslicls of very smunty wheat in the fall of 1353. nd not one hoad of smulty wheat, nor ty , nor and not one head of smutty wheat, nor ty, nor
anything to injure the crop Ent rust. 1 got this hint from Virgl, so that it is not exactly new: anl should it turn out well this harresh I will give you a full account. 1 am afraid to holler on one experiment; but knowing that swut proceeds From the puncture of a bug that deposi.s an ege Which turns to a magrot and then 10 A $f y, 1$ showed the worm in the smut grain to 21 r . New on and to Cul. Brown, at my hnose. Now the boiling urater will destroy all things of this sor Cet nee rcfar you to the Agricultural Museun Sprakine of boiling woter,
Speaking of boiling water, says the Norther (V.) Farmer, reminds us of a desperatic remeds applied to a bed of wormy onions, tro yesr. since, by the $\boldsymbol{r}$ 'fe of a farmer in this region. 11 . onion crop had falled for sereral years, being de stroyed by a worm which atlacker them wh the tops were about three inches high.
onemer of 1853 happelling to go into the ga hat
one noticed that the wor had
commenced its a nual warfare. Beine very fond fon ngs, her gry fras great, bnt bef re res zntl mpt to sare them. She socond हy tools a kettle flled with boiling hot mater, a il pourad - she woulth leuther the worms on the canoms.

To her surprise the former were only killed whe the latter in o short time re-commenced rith a hamlsome and healthy crop. she al tred the same experiment this last summer, with complete success.

## hen pediorec. <br> "Fashion,"

hen pedioheg. chanactehistics and per-
Thas distinguished mare wns. brel hy the late Williatn Giblons, livg, of Madison, Morris county. ... Where she was fonled on the $2 G 1 /$ of out inf limanets-o'. Blue loy Sir Charles. and she ont of Hentity. Kality was got hy Ni strehy. and her pedigree extenils hark thromeh He im-
purteel horses. Nedles. Centinel. Janns. Nonker purted horses Medter. Centinel. Janns. Monkey inare. l'rnstee, the s.re of Fathioll, was a distin nare. Trnstee, the s.re of Fachion, was a distinglished race horse in Enflamt; he was foaled in
1S20?, and was got by Catton, ont of Fimma liy Whisker, and combines the blond of llermes, Pipator and sur l'cter. on his dan's side, with
that of l'encepue hy Trumpator and l'rumella by llimhtlyer on the sirle of h s sire.
It would be dillteult, perhaps improssible, to compile from the Stud Book a richer pedigree thani Paslion's. She is descended from the most eminently distingni-hed racing farilies on the side of buth sire and dam. that lave figured on fhe furf for a hundref years and mere.
cashion is a rich chestnut in coler, and in furm
perict picture of a race horse.
(Among the many races recorded In the Turf Register, we make the following selection of her
rerformanos:) rerformances:
Fachiun inalle her first a pprarance on the turf as a 3 yoar old, in the autumi, of $1 \times 10$. She an races, riz:
lefti, At Camden, N., J., Wr ednewday, Oct. 21 sbe woll a sweepstakes for 3 year olde. Twn mil the track being $k$ nee deep in mud. Two othera paitl forfeit; ralue of stales Sand.
At Trenton, ․ J., Oct. 2i, she beat Fleetfoot and Aannie in a swerpstaies for 3 rr . olds. two mile heats, in $3: 52-3: 55$; track heary. A melia Triestman and Truxion paid forfeit.
the sialien $51!00$.
1 4.2 - Fash nn appeared on the L'nion Course,
 a side. so col tilient ucre al e friendis of Bbiton
 the invine
speed son
then - 1 ,

$\qquad$

n Course L. 1 - Tuesday, May 11 1R42ade, $\$ 5000=$, foar mile beake

Henry K. Toler named $W \mathrm{~mm}$. Gibbonn' ch, taFachion by lmp. 'lrustee, out of Bonnets-o'-Blue hy Sir Charles. 5 yrr, old. 111 lbs , 1
Col. Win. R. Johnson and James Long named rla. h. Boston by T'imoleon, ont of Kobin
Brown's dana by Bal 's Fluri I. 9 yrs, old 12 F bs. Jime 7:32 $1-2-\mathrm{i}: 45$. 2 rill be remembered by all whe witnes which long as memory lasts.
On the Gih of October following, Fastion walked over the Union Course for the Jecker Club purse of $\$ 1000$, no competitor appearing to * * *
ow seren yeurs old) was at Baltimere, (bld., on the luth of May. The Colenel clallenged her title to the clnb purse of $\$ i 00$, four mile heats, but after Fashion winning one heat in $7: 50$, he

On the 1st of October, on the Union course. Fashion won from Dunveyan (by lmp. Trustee heals, in fi:13, with the greatest ense Dunvergen being withdrawn after the first heat.
1845. - Fasliion opened her campnign of 1845 on thic 131 h of May, on the Uniun conrse. L. 1.. "ith the grent sectional matel between the North ind the South, for $\$ 10,000$ a side. $\$ 2500$ forfeit.
four inile llente. Thow onile lreats,
l'eytoma, by of Alalyma. named ch. m.
Geytona, by imported Clericoe, out of Gaantess by imp. Leviathun, 6 jears old,
11811 . henry. K. Joler, of New Jersey, entered ch. m. Fashion, by Imp. Trustec, out of Bonlime. $7: 30 \quad 3.4-7: 45 \quad 1-4$.
In this race liashon was not quite up to the mark, though she succeeled in liehping l'ejtona o make unce of the brst four milo races ever run this country
1s47. - Fnshion's fir race this year as at
Baitmrure on the owth May: it was a th mile race for a purse in \$luoy, for wasin which Passenger (he lialic l'eytonl inust gulantly contendedluning the first licat and making a dead heat of e lillad. Faslrion winning the 2 d and 4th ne $3: 40-5: 51-5: 51-6: 03$
184. - On the 10 th of Mny of this year, we gain hud Fashion a gallant winnor on tlie Union hoats, and "1as won fromi Bustolia (by lioston), whont the renowned 11 sear old mare distanced the first heat id $8: 1 \%$, over a very heary track.
On the 19 th nctolecr, at Baltimore, Fashion was sgain a winmer at four mile heats, beating ary Toland (by linp. Priam) for the club parse
of 5000 in $7: 50-7: 56$. of \$600. in a:5y-1:56.
Thus closed the rncing career of this most equaled by her thorough gaine. As a readier nieazs of reference, we give annexed recapitulation:

 | 1841 |
| :--- |
| 二 |


$\because$ or inved
©.he Califonia fiarmer. A MENTO, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1855.




BILS TO STBSRTBEns.


## California Makes her Mark.

Smontly after the State Exlibition, we sclected
ome of the fine spccimens that had won so much some of the fine sppcimens that had won so much
notiee at the Hall and had them earefully prenotiee at the Hall, and had them earefully pre pared and arranged for exhilition at Eoston. an other places, with a view of giving our friends East ocular demonstration of what California
could do, on the Pacifie shores, in the way of could do, on the Pacifie shores,
Agrieulture and Home Industry.
By the liberality of the house of Wells, Fargo E. Co. they were transmitted to the offiee in junior editor of this paper. The interest they exeited and the astonishment they have prodnced exited and the astonishment they have produced,
will hest be explained by the editor of the Boston will hest be explained by the editor of the Boston
Traveller, who speaks in the fullowing glowing terms:

## 

 remarkable produets of ihe soil of Cirllfiriruin. hare since had the pleasure of examining numer ous samples of these prodnets, hrouglit to thiscity by the liberality of Wells, Fargo $\&$ Co., and city by the liberality of Welle, Fargo o Co., and and Callformis Fanaer, Ill Wiashington street up stairs; and we can assure our readers that the
collection is well worth their attention. It will open to them a nerr viers of the value of our Pn citic possessions. It will satisfy them that there is in California soil sonnething more precious than sold; a productiveness which, with proper culti
vation, wrill make Califrnina the glory of all our States as an agriculural tegion.
In the collection referred to may he seen double onion, wlich weighs atoont thirce pounds the finest broom eorn. problably. that was erer seen in these parts. and on wery. superior broom
mannfactured in Californial; nntive onts on stalts mannufactured in Californin, nnitive oats, wn stalks "loieh inust hare stood nearly eight fiet in the
tield; beautiful sanples of wheat on the stalk and of baurley. oants, millet ande: linsecd in stark; also, manmoth pes nuts, one of whielh wonld be a nonthful for well the speakier of our Housc of Representatives- rrhoover he miglat be; native
tohaceo, and fine cut in jars nud prapers; tuin
squnshes
 cotton, and of wool from tho flat-tailed Astatic
sheep; and last of all, seed froun tho Mammoth Tree of California.
These articles werc all, we beliere, exhibited at the State Agricultural Fair in Saeramento, Sept.
27 th, 1855 , and most of them received premiuns. 27 th, 1555 , and most of them received prenniuns.
Mr. Warren will be happy to exhibit them to any one who may have the curiosity to c:lll at his ouns above indicated
To say we feel gratified at the honorable praise bestowed upon our State, is but a faint expression
of our sentimeuts; we feel an honorable pride in of our sentimeuts; we feel an honorable pride in adopted State the meed of praise to whieh she is so justly entitled. It has beeu our aim to elerate ihe cause of Agriculture, to inerease a lore of the
scienee, and to awaken a just sense of its inuporscience, and to awaken a just sense of its inupor-
tanee througliout the length and breadth of our Commonsealth.
A consciousness of this purpose, and a confidence that there was a basis for every assertion made relative to the richness of her soil aind the genislity of her elimate to make it bring forth all tho fruits of tho carth, indued us to labor unceasingly in order for the revealiment of these resources; and now, as we see the pronised fulfillunent of these predictions and the glorious something more than mere imagination or enthusiasm that induced us to inscribe upen the scroll of her fame--" California the Garden of the World." We feel a glow of honest pride and exultation as we read the handsome tribute of our cotenporary of the Travelier, as he points to her products, and says: "These productes will
snake California the glory of all uur Stutes as an Agricultural region." "These," excliains he, "will satisfy us that there is in
somelhing more precious llat gold."
What true friend of California will not say Axen! with all his heart.
Tinat Peach.-Dr. Brown has presented to the State Agricultural Society a Peach nearly full gromn. The tree blosomed rery late, and con twined sereral peaches. The one presented was particular attention ge ciren to cultivation snd sensons, we could easily secure two eropa

Gambling.
That unfurtunate yunng man A. C. Haskell. who has reeently fallen fiom the high position of a confidential clerk of a large mercantile housc, Francisco. He who was once trusted with untold thousands is now branded with crime, and is within the barred cells of a prison, among felons What a lesson for the young men of California Huir terrible the fall-how gloomy the contrast-
and how iupor tant it is to hold up this awfoll example as a warning to others. What has
wrouglit this ehange? What were the tenipta. wrought this ehange? What we
tions? And who the tempters?
We are told that Inaskell lost largely at the gaming table, and that lured on by the hope of simning back what was lost, he plunged deeper and deeper into debt, until he was tempted to commit the crime of robbery, hoping by these
ample means, perlaps liy some lucky turn of the die, to win all baek lynd be savell! With this
and fallacious liope he staked all, and loust.
It is a terrible ealamity to hnow and reeord such a crime-a terrible thing to see a young man of high promise fall frum sueh a position,
and it is always difieult to form a correct judge and it is always difficult to forn a correct judge
ment of his guilt. It is far better to fenn to the ment of his guilt. It is far better to lenn to the
side of merey, to be lenient and try to save and restore, than by a harsh and ernel decision shut out forever the liopenf reformation and restoration.
We hare long known this unfortunate young Wells, Fargo \& Co., also to the Pucific Express Company, having traveled nuell on the bunts ; we lave beell under many; very many, obligations to him for courtesies and kind favors, and these we shall not forget; and when we heard of his
fall, we conld nut but mourn his crrors, great fall, we conld nut but mourn his errors, great
though they were. Ifaving learned of his arrest, Te called to see him, and fomnd hime deeply af. flicted with his present position. He seened fully sensible of his fall, wan renly to meet it, and to make nll the atomenent in his power. He
expressed a strong desire to have an opportunity to try to recorer himself and retiere his, present lost and ruined character. We confuss we were trast his guill, with the gnilt of thase who spend their lives in eontinual crime, we ask only that juilgneme which merey nuld humanity dietate. Compare his life of aetive pullicic nsefolluess, with those who are now incarcerated with him, and
shall his first crime be so heavily dealt with as os shut out hope of mercy? Among all the mes. sengers upont the Sacram ento river. few laave been more aetive in duty ; let his good be remembered when his erimes are juldged. Never have we
been more mored to deep pity than when ne saw this yonng man and hearl from his own lips his sorror and the account he gare of the mental cortures experieneed lest ho slould not have an Pportunity to recover his lost name and eharater.
We would nut raise a voice in defence of crime. or lift a hand to shield the hardenel criminal; vet wre would make a distinction between erim-
inals, and we would try to sare those who penitent, from a great lall. If mercy should be extended to the guilly, it should be to those who have been fearfully tempted to do wrong; and chose who are suared in the wiles of the gauble. 's
den we believe are those who not den we believe are those who need mercy.
The Great Law
The Great Lawgirer has said-"It needs must be that offences will conne!-but wor unto them, hrough whom they come." We believe that guilty than those who are snared. Abolish gaming houses, drive such out of the community, and a large portion of crime wonld cense.
We only ask for this most unfortunate young man, that justice may be so termpered with mercy, hat he shall repent of his wrong doing, and be enabled to restore and make good the injury he
has dune, and if possiblo restore limelf to his friends and the community by a thoroughly recormed life. Let the judgments of Hlinn who
spako as nerer man spake," be the criterion for spako as nerer man spake," be the criterion for
the unfortunito Maskell. If the Savior of Men as he looked around upoon those who brought the moman "taken in the very act of "aclultery," as Ho saw their guill, saw them shrink nbashed $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { from his presence, could say to her, as His eje } \\ & \text { looking into her soul could read her tenptations }\end{aligned}\right.$ looking into her soul eould read her temptations
and the cause of her first sin, if He could in Ilis mercy to suve, say, "(io, and sin no more," shall not the roico of mercy bo raised for this young man, so that it may bo extended to him, $\mathrm{g}^{0}$, and sin no more? If that mercy sared the repentant
Mary, may not the same mercy save Ilaskell? God grant tho trial may be made. We spenk not becauso there is any tio of kindred, or any interest bids us plead other than that great roice
of Eumanity that will erer find an
heart for the erring, the penitent erring! the returnet prodigal!
We have suffered, and deeply too, by those hare seen been fured to the gamblers' den; we given them. And we have suffered deeply by the wrongs inflieted upon us by others; but we never turned away from the tears of the penitent. Te heard a roice saying, "if thy hrother tre pass against thec, and turn to thee saying, 'I re
pent!' thell shall thour. forgive him." This eompent!' thelt shatl thou forgive him." This eom obeyed.

## San Francisco Bulletin

W $\varepsilon$ do not know bint we shonld come up before the "King" with an apology, for not extending the nstul courte.ies of the press, when that spirited journal made its first appearanee; but as $t$ is so very diffenlt to beep posted up about alt the new papers that make their appearance, and as we were so mueh engraged with our duties
abroad, wre know we shall be kindly forgivenand write this paragraph to say to our cotenrary that we shall be happy to exeliange. IIad we not found very much to please ourselves, had
what we never have acen the Bulletin, we should nor be anxious to sec it. believing there was good in
it, beeause so nanny were finting fault nbout matit, because so nanny were fincing fault about mat-
curs of whith they were not perfect themselves. We like the Bulletin-there is rery much t approve, and the good is what we seek. Why nced the Press spend so umel time, brains and
lioney, in finding fault with the Bulletin? Is it because the Bulletin is finding favor with the community? And some papers, wanting to find
sonvething, only know how to find faulf. This sonvething, only know how to find faulf. This
continual fault finding by some journals is one convincing proof that there is talent and enter prise in the Bulletin, and that "green-eyed monster" makes them unciss. Now we have foumd plensure and interest in ht ; there is a fearlessness
in its tone that beypenks true inutepencence-nye of the "Kingly" sort, two. Wie do not appror or endorse all the Bulletin saps, Lut we do a $p_{P}$ prove sunel, and read it with pleasure. We selee that which we like and approve, and feel improved with the truthfin; and on the same prin eiple that we would cull a benutifull flower and inhale its fragranee, and not find faute becaus the whole rondside is not eovered with the same flowers: neitber do we hund for thorns, lest we feel thic point. If our public journais would all strive to develop what was good and excelient. and to cheourage it. evil wonld die out-precisely planting ane growing of only the cnoord irage the believe that evil is inerensull in our communit! by parading befure the minds of the yonth these nersspaper reports of police courts, embezsle ments, frauds, murders, ete.; matters of this nature in jonruals of this kind, should never found in the family of children and youth.
And while we say we like the Bulletin, w mean the grod we find in it. Its personnl at tacks, its attacks upon lanks, its condernnation of public officers, etc.,-that may' be its "forte;" but that is not ours. We therefore leave tha
matter for the Bulletin and those it assnils we believe every journal slould do the same. Eaeh journal should be responsibte for its acts, however mueh we boast of the "freedom of the press."

## Festivala of this Week.

Firss and we believe the one that will leave the best impression, is the festival senson of the Female Seninary of Miss Atkins, at Benicia, -a seminary for young ladies, one of the most pop-
nlar as well as the happiest and inost succesffu ular as well as the happiest and most successful in the State-on Thursday and Friday. The hours of the days were to be deroted to the recitations, and exaninations of the pupils. Thursday evening the Musical Festival was to be held
at the Town Hall (lato capitol), the design and object of which was to provide apparatus for the Institution. This musical banquet was to bc presented entirely by the teachers and pupils. From the interest evorywhere felt for this occasion, a very rich repast was anticipated. As we have a parent's inturest in this institution and intended to be pr
our next number.
The Great New England Festival in honor of the Landing of the Pilgrims, will be celebrated on the 22d, at San Francisco, by a dinner and ball, by the New England Society. From the preparations in progress, it is antieipated to make it one of the most splendid affairs ever got up. One of the best fentures uf tho festival, and one that indicates progress and intellectual advaneement, is the announcelsent that the ladies arefto be the honored guests on the occasiun. Whose
istening to that nohle song-" Sons and Danghtert of the Pilgrime, ${ }^{n}$ and har it not been for the deep and true sy mpathies of the mothers, wive nd daughters, of the men of the Revolution, he heart of many a brave soldier nould have slirunk from the contest. If thcy share in the
perils, shall they not share in the glorious con perils, sh
quests?
We learn that a very select party of gentlemen, comprising twenty-five, will keep Pilgrim Day at Sacramentu, and to make it a very happy affair, twenty-five ladies join them; this is the fuirest At the Enst-the Boston
ensive rrrame Boston atlas states that rery nouth, for the cements have been made at $\mathrm{Ply}^{-}$ ber of the anniversary of the 230 of DeeomPilgrims. A committee of the Irilgrim Society have tuken mensures to insuro a brilliaut affhir manner the virtues of a pious anestry and re fect eredit upont the Society. The fiscititios of he day will consist of services in the Fin Cliurclh in whieh the renerahile Dr. Kentall will take part, an oration by Ion. Wr. K. If. Sewsrd distinguished inen will be present; and the whole to conclude with a bull in the evening
To add to the weekly festivities, a very brilliant amair, got up by the ladies fur the benefit of Rev. Mr. Benton's Church, in this city eame off last CIM,
Many Fayobs Receiven.- We are very nueb indebted to Messrs. E. F. Grigys if Co. Booksellers, of this city, fur their prompt and kind recards, in a most generous parcel of new magazinos by last steamer. We feel it due to our eaders to bny that we are sure they can find erery new and valuable magnzine and hook they
desire; the variety sent us is a sure guarantee of larrge assurtunent at this establistiment.
What ean we say to our friend lance, of the Great Gallery" of San Francicen, for those eleant pietures of the Ammerican Water lijly? Wic elic ve they will surpass any pieture of flowers rer dagnerreutypoll tefore. They are a gem of art. Do any doullet this meel of $\mathrm{j}:$ st praise, let say "the half was not tuld thell"
W. are milebtel to Hon. C. Mason, of the Patent Ofice, for waluable works from that insti-

Damor ann Pythas.-We betiese it now Coneeded that aacong expressnien there are two rominent able leaders whose fame lias been lier Ided thronghout the rorld. As the "fast ones" ay, there are not two better "whips" on the Pacific const, nor probably tro men nho lave made finter or leetcer tiase than these aforessid! leaders Hor, by their akill and attention, truly deserre be knighted an generals among cexfressuine. erily we should like tu see them in full uniform, well mountell and npon a guod roal. Je-ru-sa lem, what a dhist they wonld kick up, these same Gen. Martin and (ien, Moutton. By the way this reminds us that Murtin waq a lung may ahead this week with a great variet:" of paperg from all sections of the country ; and Gen. Aloulon, he-he-broke down on the rowid. or forgot us in his parcels. Nerer mind, "Den1", we were
supplied this week. We will think of you next supplied this week,
timic, or you of ns.

Johnson's Splenmin Stereoscopes.-We spent sonie time in the gallery of J. W. Johnson. Esq., of San Iraneisco, last week. and after repeated examinutions of his beautiful pietures, we had a desire to look them all over agzin. The stereoseopes are indeed masterpieces of art. It seems aluost impossible that so mueh distinctness could bo giren to a picture-buildings, aninals, trees and flowers stand out like living objects. Johnson has alao succeeded in taking laguerreotypes on glass. We exnmined these also, and could not but feel that in this science there seemed tu be no limit. Jobnsou's gallery is quito a fashionable resort. Gor. Johuson and many other distinguislied personazes are now "suspended" there. We invite those who feeI any interest in this great science to risit these

Waten Fuunt and Home Jouralal- We hail the advent of this raluablo sheet. as a proos of the progress of morality, and we trust the advocates of sound doctrino, peaco on earth, and good will to manl, will sustain this journal nobly, until the whole community shall regoico in the oluntary abaudonment of that eril which has wrecked the happiness of so many of earth's brightest stars, and blasted the bappiness of so many homos.
Change of Name. - Gold IIill, in El Dorado
county, has had its name clanged to Granito IIlh

THE CALIFORNIA FARMER

The Carob Tree, or SL Johire Bread. We publish the following newmut of this sin
cular tree, haring recerved sud slistribnted the
seeds from the latent ollee: of $s^{\prime}$ ' the serils in in orteed lyy this office fur thu ersoting or mene valuathe thatu thoee of the Casob

 vere procnrell for the office from the A licunte. in provinecs in thut comitry, it abomulls, nud frefuentlj forms, with the olive and other valuable duced there by the Afoors, who kinew its mutritive satle. They probably Lrought it from Pulestine and Egypt, whence it appears to have originated. lly, in erery kind of ground, not excopting the driest and most barren spots, where the underlyearth. Its roots, twisting in every direction, accolumodate themselves to the lighitness or depth of the soil, whime the trink, remarkable dor its smooth and light colored bark, attains in slielurnished with greyish colored Icaves, spread maestically around the trunk, and, when loaded of a tent, hang quite to the ground in the furiu its alundance and weight, that it is nceessary at once to gather it. The pods are sweet and rich and lueconse quite fat and in good condition for work. There are several varicties of the tree. attention given. It blooms twice a year-about tbe first of Felruary and the middle of September and rhen well watered, arrives at a consider able height, and sometinnes covers a space of one hundred feet in diameter, Leat ing upvards of a ton
of pods. It will doubtless succicd in the South. ern and perhaps in the Midule States,-Patent ern and perha
Office Report.

## Death of Professor Jas, W. F. Johnston

The steamer lately brought the sad news of the death of this distinguished friend and promoter of agricultural improvement. No other man has labored more diligently or more suecessfully to disseminate correct information among the farzuers of Great Britain; and his volumnious works,
owing to a eheaper press-have been read quite owing to a elacaper press-have been read quite
as inuch in this country as there. II is writings were chietly devoted to collecting and airanging were chietly devoted to collecting and arranging individual has done more to sulustitnte a systen
of culichtcned cultivation for one of mere rontine of enlightened ciltivation for one of were rontine thougla in some instances, too carcless in the col lection aml cumparison of facts, and like noost
similar wurks, tinged too strongly with English prejudices.
Agriculture however. confine himself wholly to Agriculture proper, Ilis last work. "Chemistry
of Common Life,; (recently published herc by the Appletons, ) is a most valumble contribution to popular science. It shows thint there is an interesting philosuphy even in the plainest things, abound in marvels, where there is tho " seein explore then. Ilix suceess has been due mere resolute encrgy and to indefatigable intustry than leet, and in this respeet the history of his lif when pulhlished will be a line example to others
Ilis loss to agricultural seience, is a very grea one at the present era. After the completion o
this last work in the spring, he visited the conti nent, hoping to recover his failing health, bu
withont acail; and he returned lome fate in th sumumer with his lungs deeply and fatally effect ed. Ile resigned himself to his lot with ehristia subnissiveness, and expired at Durham. Englanit
Sept. 18th, nt the age of $59 .-A m$. Agricullurist.

Comberce, Nafigation and Agricultene. The liashington correspondent of the Nev following intelligence:

The Aunual statement of Commerce and Nar igation for the fisical year is now complete and really for press, at an unusual early day. to tho
great credit of the Treasury Dapartment. The rinting of the documeut is now nearly complete. mounted to $\mathbf{S}^{2} 46,305,553$. Of the latter, the and in gold anil sitver bullion $\$ 34.114 .995$. Th
 ton.
hemp. $\$ 14.124$ 4 8 .
"Our inculare


## U. S. Land Commlaion

A verry long anul alde opinion was delivered Judge Felch in the ense of the claim of Joseph list. InAst. Lands alieged to hare been granted by the vovernor of Californin for a college. Two grants
are presented, signed ly Micheltorena. The lirst grant contains six square leagues in the "Canugrant contains six square icagues in the "Canu-
tales." The second grant contains two square leagues in alation io the abosc.
rship at the Misssion of San Miguel.
3d. Lands granted for the service of the chnreh San Lais Obispp, containing one square league in the "La
4hl. The clurelı edifices, cemeteries, and priests' houses, with the curtileges and appurtell5th at the several Missions in California; and at or near said Mardissions. In view of the rhole case, we are of opinion the church should be sustained for the following

1st. The permanent establishment of churches was contemplated from the first, and the necessity of their possessing the usual build
in permanent right, was recognized.
2d. The knowledge on the part of the government, and the aid rendered by its offieers in locating these establishments give evidence of more
than silent consent to the permanent use of the than silent consent to the permanent use of the
land. \&c. 2d. The churchcs, cemeteries, buildings and gardens, used by the priests were recognized by
the authoritics as well as by the community as belonging to the churel. 4 th. The possession and nse of the property 5 th. The decree of the President of the Republic of Mexico, ill Nov., 1850, in response to the petition of the Bislop is a recognition of the coclesinstical character of the property, and of the
express dedieation of the buildings, gardens and rehards in question to the chureh, for the religThe concurring prof
The concurring proofs bring us irresistably to lidalgo these possessions were soleminly dediwated to the use of the clun
withdrawn from commerce.
withdrawn froml commerce.
A decrec of conlirmation must, therufore, be anterel in the case.
clatmo confirmed
The claim of Andreas Pieo et al. for $30,0 n 0$ ares of land. the establishment of the Mission of Judge Thompson in fasor of thice elaimant. as to he unoccupicil and vacant lands belonging to the iission. Judge Felch dissented.
The chim of Clement Panaud et al. for the place called the Urchard of San Juan fiatista, in
Monterey, county, consisting of 410 acres, was unfirmed.

## rejected.

The clain of J. WE. Redman et al. for 10 acres
in Santa Clara connty, was rejected.
Tara county, was rejected.
The claim of C. I'amaul et al. for the garden of
an Cojelano, santa Clara county, 1 , Vim varas long by 200 wide. waw rejected.
Prompt Inneminty. - We take pleasure in giring publicity to the honorable crample set by the New York liouse of Wells, Eargo \& Co. This is the testinnony that will satisfy Califurnians hat their property is safo when intrusted to such house:
Fify
Fifly Thousand Dollars Pard by the Ameri-
can Express Company.- ()n Tuesisiv. Nov. 20, als New lork paper, Messrs. Weils, liviter
feld at Co., 62 Broaidwa, paid fifts thousan feld \& Co., 62 Broadway, paid fitty thousand
dullars into the hands of John J. Cisco. Fisq.. Asistant Treasurer of the United States; being inboxes of gold coin, receipted for hy the agent of
the Company at Dubuque, lowa, Sept. 17, 1855 . for transportation to this city. Uur readers will
remember that we stated at the cime that upon opening the boses they were found to contain only lead, ret they were apparently in the sam
order in which they hal been receired br th
acent. The fovernmeut gave tbe F.xpress Counagent. The fovernment gave tbe F.xpress Cona-
pany a stip latel number of lay a to identify the rard was offered br the loeers for that purpme
ut the last day of grace (Nov. 21) cay e, ant no ut the last day of grace (Nov. 21) ca e, sni no
discorery hari geen made, Messrs. W , Bit
erfied it Co. (tbough satisfied tbat the fra terfied \& Co. (tbough satisfied tbat the fra wh
was not com thed whie the boxes were
chap of the Express) pasd the ${ }^{\circ}$.
to th


Wie challenge Europe and Americ
nura hombable fistance. Fify thousand lullar press Company who have path ft nue nuply able helieve it to bic simply the trath to say, that it the loss has been half a mitlion of dollurs, i apgregate pro
eight millime
We entire transaction, from first to last, dem onstrnte: how infortant and indispensable, goo ity of the prublices Compliners whes are fur the seenell as for puinitic moneys when in transilu, a bankers and indwiduals. remitued by banks partunent it mavials. The Post Office De partunent, it is well known is not responsible for
similar losses. If A or B sends $\$ 100$ or any other anount of money by mail, and it shoul he alstrneted or lost before reaching destimation he can obtain nu redress; yet. when Uncle Sim himself sends his valuables by express, he ex pects the Express man to ply for them if lost
Consenuently it is much better to remit mone by a responsible and honorable Express C'ompany

Phospertry ofthe Suuthern Minas. - Ther never was a time, remarks the Stockton Argis Southern mines of Callfornia rere as well satistied, genwrully, as at the present time. Each miner seems imbued with á fecling of hope in the working. Tunnels are being rim into the woun tains; shafts are being sunk, open cuts are made and surface diggings by the old sluice operation and the new hydraulic process are in progress quartz ledges are being prospected, and those al ready known to be rieh are being quarrino on prior to the rock being crushed by maehinery;
in many gulches which liave not licen worked heretofore for want of water, immense reservoirs
huve been made at elevated points to catch the huve been nade at elevated points to catch the
winter ruins, so that the miners niay be enabled to search and bring out the hidden wealth washed from the mountains' sides, or cmibedded in the alonc, we urese rassured that over 500 tunnels hav prenced the mountains, and that over 1000 , have present engaged in that mode of mining.

Another Method of Savino Fine gold. The Placer IIerald thins deseribes a method adpted ly a Mr. Praig. of Spanish lifat: He takc:
a number of wluice boxes, say froon fular to five mehes deep. and sets them as in the ordihary wa of washing; over these he places his common
sluces, will an aperture across the bottom a quar er or, wh eighth of an inch wide, ncar the nppe end of the sluice. These apcrtures in the npleer
shice boxes permit the most of the gold and fine sluice boxes permit the most of the gold and fine
golil to pass into the lower tier of sluicen, witl sillicient water to waski down regularly, while the rocks and
njper sluice. $\qquad$ ied do
Hicis Derosit. - The "Down Fist Compnuy; who ale at work in the Talle Mountain, nearly
opocite Tutcletown, struck through the "rim rock" on Saturday last, when a large horly water gishied out, driving the workimen from the
tumel. In a short time, however, the water sinbsided when the mon went in and found they had golld conld to discovereal in large quantitie attused throughout the grasel. It payed at th
rate of sixtech ounces to a wheelbarrew full dirt-eight or ten luckets to the wheelbarrow. -dirt-eight or ten luckets
Sonora /leruld. I5th inst.
A Compans that has been at work tunncling intu the Table Momintain, npmsite to Jnmestown.
has succeeded in penetratin! hey discovered rery rich dirt, paying at the ra'e
of from twenty to thirty dollars to tho pan.- It. Destructite fire at lifarer. - Another destructire contlagration hiroke unt in the Eil im. rado Saloon, at Weaver. Shasta county; at 6 P. s.
15 th inst, and destroyed about (wents bui'ditis. The principal buildings destroved were the ludependence and at. Charles Tutels, and the 1 , and principal sutferers: $\$$ Horey, J. Thehelder. Y. A. Rowe, Greentood \& Jeu bauer, A. Blair, I Love
Mwrs. Kelly, and Carr. Mapy persons escaped from the fames
story windows.
Tue Sharta Rupublican says that a part couning to -has's from the saimon river, hist then
way, on sccount of the depth of the snow, and hal at last to reti in to the $\sum$ almon. Une of the

## Bic Fism-Wesaw a st rgeon bangig befre

 Bic Fisn -Wesar a st rgeon bangi g beforeWison t D witi, m i inarket, one day this
week, whicl wet 1 ?u puinls, ant weas ird



## whererer polmany compla is are kim. wh.

Einolannand tue Unitsd Stares, -hir relaWo 1 , initrles, the N. Y. Irllontie has the followI. What there has heen some whandorstandIrit they construg differently the Nicaragua
Wenty, whas long ngo known. that they may
 fipmancy of etther comntry so creditably of so we thought beat that Mr. Cratipton should lie sent to some other Court, is quite likely ; Lut this co we ment has sent home several ministersso, we presume, has the Britishmand neither
party druanced of going to war about it. Nations now-s-days make war for substantial enuse-not cither punctilio. There has been no moment when -none when the good senso of the two nations would not have held their hands had they both ubble that was blown an few dajs ago was stoek-jobbers' nnd journalists' flyer, never deserv
ing of a monent's consideration.

The Crimen.- From the Crimea there is abso lutely nothing to report. Tbe armies are engager
in building huts for the winter, with oceasiona in buiding huts for the winter, with oceasional
military promenades and exchange of long shots ith the Cossack picquets. Several rumors of battles aear Sympherapo Letters from Sebastopol say the Russian pro Jetiles from the north side reach almost every part of the city, and that a desultory fire is kept p on both sides.
The Allies say that the Russians, although eeping up a continual fircy are making preparaGus for a retreal.
General La Vaillant has been appointed by the Tor
Pardon of Dru. Beale.-Gov. Pollock, of ennsylvania, has extcnded his clemency to Dr finmorisomment, which was four ycars and six months, berinning on the 28th of Novenber 1855. Ile has served, therofore, about one jear of his temu.
life
vanufich is said that the quantity of sal Corks, Syracuse, Sear York will reandaga Sal uhels- excess over the averago of 500,000 ushels, which will be vely opportune, as there a partial faiture of the salt erop in the lyos ndies. The price will be alont $\$ 140$ pur bnrre
making the whole crop worth about $\$ 1,600,000$.

A Nozle Dog-ln Covington, Kje, recent!y minn rudely jostled a little girl into tho gutte with secming indiflerence as to the consequertes, A large rlog, a very peacefili animal. Winessin Whe aftair, instantly sprang upan the inan an seized bium by the throat, holding him fast unti, aken awny by thu bystanders. The ehid wa cople thought the fellow has been smmeient pulished by the day
two-and let him go.
Sale of Wico Asimals.-The Now Yie. sk Erening Post gires an account of the sale by 'arceton of the zsological collection of sir. Se B . porlrotne in that city. The animals werr: disposed of sery low prices, A white Polal: bear, said
to te the only one now alivo in Ameriea, was the wricinnl cost of the animal, w.o.) for St50. The originni cost of the snimal, was Sliduo. firming lions, $\$ 3 i j-c o s t ~ \$ 2 y+100 ;$ a zebra and a S.7is-cost S1. iorl; the olephants Canada, FnnnMognlanal Dliekey, brought. tho first \$1, finn, the original cust $\$$ ? 20 ench; a eanuel, boir in Ohlo was bind off for illu. Quito a number of the ani-保 Barnim.
An Intenestiva Relio of the Revolution (II) Thurvlis. Xor. 1 , there was placed in Inde-
 "as ajpme lin Indope lence llall, in Jona, 1795. Hon pron, Aecretary, The cont, which now be-
Higes tu lorac II a titutnam of Ohio, was grethesi it lirace IIn di t'utnam of Ohio, was gre-
welted tin. I' tasn by fren. La Fayette. The
is Putgam, of S a wippi. These gentlemen have
been to P'o fret, in Lonnectic t, where a public meeting has beeu bell to derine vala and means
or the er $t \mathrm{n} 1 / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{n} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{nt} \mathrm{the} \mathrm{snot} \mathrm{mbere}$ the er th ia m n mont the spot where $5=$

Company, that woud meet a loss witre prowpal

7horticultural Depuatment.

## Hedge Plants

the finest adornments to a garden is the buildings that surround it.

A lledge is not only ornamental and uecfil for the outside of the ground, as a protcetion, but it is necessary as a dividing line between the va-
rions departments of a garden. The Flower and Fruit Gardens should always be sepnrated by a Hedge. It would be much better in a large establishmoent to divide each class by hedges Garden and the Vegetable Ground should each be separated by an ornamental Hedge. The Hedge should also separate the grounds from all the several buildiogs,
In California a Hedge can be made in a very cient to establish a beantifnl and strong Hedge according to the nature of protection wanted. There are several species of Hedge plants admirably calculated for these purposes, that arc in digenous to California, and so well adapted for
Hedges that we hope they will be thoroughly ried; for we are sure, if but once commenced, we should see them become generslly adopted. and this wonld add much to the beauty of cur garden grounds.
The varicties to which we alhode partieularly arc: 1st, The Ligustrum or Privet. It grows San Francisco, and is known by it. pretly t.at flower, grown in the form of a snmull conc. This shrub grows about six feet high; and is most ndmirably adapted for an outside IIedge-all ornamental one. It will form a strong and thick Hedge, and can be trimmed and shaped to suit Nunber 2 is the Arbor Vitce of the mountains. This is abundnnt and makes a beantifnl evergrecn Hedge, either for an outside Iledge or as a separating IIedge between the several gardens; this would be our preferenee. Nimber 3 is the Es callonia. This is an ewelgreen also and is of very quick growth, grows very compact, easily
formed, and is most aproprinte around thre flower garden or near the dwellings.
There are fro kinds of the Eseallonia; one inelised to an upright growth or treu furm, the other low and shrulbyr. The first we denomin.3te the femsle plant, and produces abmannee of a white linsy blossom, which it seatters freely be obviated by theing constnutly pruned, thus presenting its blooming. This species we recommend for a earden: in single clumps, as an
ornamental tree, to be shapad into fancy forms. The other variety, or male plant, is a shrmbby plant, hearing a pure white flower, molc ninute od does not open and scatter fis fint. This the variety for the hedge. The firat varicty is
a yellowish green leaf; the latter a dark shiny eaf. Wo would refer our readers to a most per fect Hedge of this \$ind at Smith's Gardens, at will be copicd.
At another time we shall speak of another sind of Iledge Plants.

The Fire Blight-Cracking of Pears.
I hare been a learner for thre last fifty years, a large port bas prompted mc to close scrutiny of the zarious phenomena that often cross the horticulturist's pati, the solution of which has not al-
irays been as satisfactory as is desirnt). Dais. is eepecially the casc nith the l'ear, the tree and tie maladies to which it is subject. Th cause of the firc-blight, so called, I think I fully
understand, experience confirming the correctunderstand, experience confirining the correct
ness of the vieus presented by inc on former occasions in the pages of the Horticulturist.
This smmmer has afforded nnother opportunity for testing then. Those who have paid attention gested, that with the return of a ret summer we should have the fire blight. Which secmed to prored so, inost fatally so in soinc situations llestroying rery la: ge frecs. I hare had much of
it in my own trecs this sumuner-some very secre attacks in large and small trecs on the
quince and on their orn stacks. I havo however succeeded in checking it in every instauce and
asy saved my trees, And as a knowledge of the
saving or curing process is of morc importance within his reach, and the other. the cruse of it is not with our present enfecblal stock of trees. is not with our prcsent enfecbicu stock of rees.
I will herc give morc fully my methol of check-
ing it than I have elsersherc, that othere may practice it if they will.
The moment I discorcr symptoms of blight I
roceed with the knifo: if in the limb I lop it

 dark and manatural arluarance of the bark: this
will sometimes be funul in streaks up and down,
at other timues in lotothes, at other times in lifothes, $n t$ times encircling the hranch or londy of the tree. If there is any
donhth nhont it. it is only nuecessary to cont into will appear. Just so far as this is discoverable. earefilly take off with a sharp knife theo outward bank, to the sapwood, being carefnl to do this as
little him as possible. It will be fonnd that the injmy is in this ontward bark, that it has not jet seriously affected the sapwond, and the nner conting of vitality, but which it soon will if permitted to remain. I have invariably found when I have attended to this process in time.
that son a new henlthy bark is forned and that sonn a new henlthy bark is formed and the
remaining mnhealtly partsarc throwa off. Ille remaning mhealtly parts are thrown off. The
tree resumes its unusual healthy action in the tree resumes its unustal healthy action in the
furming of wood and the mnturing of fruit. This I hare proved not only onee, but in twenty instances or more: and not one year. hut a series years, Irees treated tous years ago, are now
healthy and fill of fruit. I have been pained to witness the destruction of valuable trees in other collections for want of timely and proper atten
tions, the proprietors holding on to the ald no tions, the proprictors holding on to the old no.
ciont if insect poison, and in hopeless despair tiont if insect poison, and in hnpeless despair
looking on the work of destruction. It is not safe to delay one moment after it is discovered to Thist din a tree, bint instantly to apply the kuife, This disense. may, with grent propriety, be termed vegelable mortincation, which extends rapinly
inwards to the sap vessel, to the vitals of the inwards to the sap ressel, to the vitals of the
tree; when these are once renelied on the body of the tree, all hope to save it is nt an end.
A remark if you please, on the singular frenk
ony white Dopenno trees, in producing fine
splemidd fruit for years after planting, then for the space of nine or ten jecars uniformy cracking and polncing only minshtly and worthess fruit;
Hen suldenly to resunie thicir formar habit in hen smildenly to resunie their formar habit in the plodnction of as fitr and handsome fruit as
pou conld wish ta louk on, or to eat; and this ou conld wish to louk on, or to eat; and this without any appnrent cause, or the luast ehange
to the soil or anything being done tu the tops. This to mei is mitaming being done tu the tops. tery. I had atcributed the return to their former hatnit, of the ploduction of farir and yood fruit to the hast two or three nmanally dry summers but this bein: an mexampled wiet ouc, und my ruit being now fully formed atid grown. without honow nothing out that sulyeet. And I think the facts dereluped in my trees tpset all the theall erents, tisey prove conclusively that it is not the variety having run out by old aree, or thut
the trees had ahsorbed from the soil all the parthe trees had ahsorbed from the soil all the par-
cles neessary te their healthy actimn. and the perfection of fruit. As 1 have obscrret in a
former commmieation, my trees are seattured former commmiention, my trees are sealtured
over nyy ground. some in cultivated land and others in grass, the latter have never been disHurbed about the roots, some the lirst ftrited; other erops in the coltiration, ned yet all haro tiser erops in the entiration, nnd yct all haso
acted preeisely alike. I fucl very desirous for nore hight on the sulpect; ean you or sume of
our nunserous subscribers furnish it? I cerlainly sharl feel myself greatly obliged for it.
-The Horticulturist.

## The Winter Rebt of Trecs.

Trees have not an absolnte and entire rest during winter. The sap circulates mure or less
from root to branch during the nild days of the irom root to branch during the mild days of the
scason. If the trunk of a tree is mensured in Autumin, and again in the kpring, it will be found to their condition in summer, trees in winter are at rest. Tlisey cluse their annual labors in auat rest. some of thein early in the scason, others Inter. Some of then shoir that they are tired of
making leaves and branches and fruit even be making lcaves and branches and fruit, even be-
forc frust comes. The maple, bass, birch and forc frust comes. The maple, bass, birch and ber, bs holding out flags of yellow and red.
Others, as the clin nud ash, give np work at the irst touch of frost. But with what splendid pomp do these and all the other trees combine to clothe the hills before thecy lay off their summer drapery and go to rest! Tbis, their last, is the nost brilliant performance of the year. It would $5 e \mathrm{~cm}$ that they did tois on purpose that the world
night deeply feel, during the desolations of wincr, that it was a scrious mitter for them to go to slcep. Some other trees, as the oak, willaw, wachanged several wecks after frost, and drop uachanged several wecks after frost,
then only in the very tecth of winter.
An important part of the last work of all trecs for the year, is the making of lcaf and fruit buds
for the next season. And what a bcantiful and wonderful piece of work it is! By a subtle pro cess, bcst known to themselves, (say rnther,
known only to tho Giud of nature, ) the delicate germ is formed, aromnd it, small tender leases ar Iolded in stoceessive layers. and over all a cont o urnish is lad. making it water-prouf, and the
this work is done! These buds being formed, and the nowly-growin wood matured, so as tu enground, and tho chitire summers's work of the round, and
tree is cnded.
Trecs obvionsly need this rest: thoy must and will have it. Leaves do not fall, simply becanse they would fall, cven if there were no frost. In solnc cases, they drop before frost comes. In our cxtreme southern States, and in the region of the tropics, trees have their rest ia winter, as well as
they do in northern countries. The oak, maple, hey do in northern countries. The oak, maple - and remain dormant during the winter months,
althongh the temperature of the air is as high as
it is during mueh of the smmmer at the north. it is during mueh of the smumer at the north. woild lave in colder climates, but a season of repose, of considerable length, they alwaya have.
The leeeh sheds its lenves in Novemher, and does not send out new ones till April-a rest of abont one hundred and forty-nine days, Serera of the oalks rest one hundred and ten days. 7 palm-tree drops its leaves in the iniddle of Octo wer, and rests nearly one lundred days. The
tulip-tree rests one hindred and fify-seven days Fom facts like these, il appenrs hat many tree Which are the natives of cold climnter, when neaty as soon. and rest nearly as long as in their original localitics.
Evergreen trees, likewise, have their period o rest, and that in all climates. They do not cas
nil their leaves at one time. trees, they have
If we in winter
altumn, and a simall tree or shrmb late in the house it and mansfer it to a box or pot in a green has taken its a nnual rest. We may water it cwe so abundantls, and surround it with the air summer, it still claims its appropriate rest. That rest may be shorter there than it wonld have
been in the open air; the plant may he fored intoen in the oplen nir; the plaut maty he foreed in-
to mature groxth. but it will show plainly that it needs n period of repose, and is reluetant to be disturbed. If stimulnted too long. ft will that an important law of mature hias been wiated But suffer trees to lie dormant for $n$ season, and they will then start into grow(t) at $n$ temperature of 40 deg, while before such a period of rest they would remain unmoved be a temperature of 60 . We may infer from such facts as these. that rom warnm weather in the carly part of winter. At that time, trees have just got fairly settled in possible to arouse and call them forth. The viole anay wake up and smile at the unexpected kiss the sinn, mind certain other plants, originating warm elimintes,
shoot forth
shoot forth feaves; but ns a general rale. regetawill not lie disturberl nt such an unseasollable hour.-X, in Nurthern F'armer.

## Flowers.

There exists in every mind on inate faculty or the appreciation of the beantiful, and happily for its gratilieation there is an adaptntion in the minterial world to this as well ns every other principle of our mature, and where the mind of man has not been debaved by "carth's ton sordid places of the now in perceiving the dwetling whont may strictly be termed useful in this varied and changefill world of ours.

Among all this rariety which inspires us with the love of the pure nnil beantiful, the flowers
hold no mentr rank. This rank they have held fom the most remote ages, and no mation, howerer rude or uncultirnted. has withheld from them heir most enthusiastic admiration
Notwithstanding, they have from days of yore weel the poct's theme, and have often found $n$ place in the most prosaic productions of men of selence, yet now they agnin return to us in all their freshnoss and beauty, chaiming a slight tribute of remembrance. Flowers seem the gift of Divine Benevolence to minister to the better nature of man, for surely every phyaical want of ours could hare been supplied, and the earth still been clothed in onc unvaried hue. They nre as onc writer cxpresscs it, "God's siniles," and surcly their delicate texturo and radiant hucs brighten earth's bosom and furnish an additional proof of the goodncss of that Being wbo causes the flowers to spring up under our feet, in every valley and on cyery bill.
And in this our adopted country can it be truly said, that nature with a bountiful hand has streirn them along our pathway, not only in our fertile valleys, but upon the hights of our distant moun tains are they found; not only at the retura of spring, when we were wont to scek them in our
native homes, when "to the fresh, green woods, a merry troupe wc've hied, the fustive day of May to greet, and there in chaplets wore the first spring flowers;" but in chill December, when Christmas comes with her varied gifts, can the fresh bouquet be found annong them; speaking the
language of love and frieudship. language of love and frieudship. Thell who that
has a taste for the bcautiful, with all the inducements here presented by naturc, can fail to cultivatc flowers? for they are lovely, whether we discover them in their native haunts, as in the shady woods, by the side of the running brook, is the cleft of some rock, or whether we behold them wreathing tho trellis of the simplo cottage, or
adorning the walks of the moro cultivated paradorning the walks of the moro cultivated partheir beautiful hucs and graceful forms, or delicious fragrance, they havo a sort of spiritual
to the heart. They are made the type of every feeling and the expression of every sentiment. heation, as well is in the sacred ccremonies of the christian. They have strewn the pathway of the conqueror, and crowned the hend of the ardent rietor, or have been wove in the ehaplet to be placed upon the brow of the fair maiden as she is pronounced "the Queen of May." Or when
lore may lave salled the lips or palsicd the tonguc of some aspiring lover, it is in flowers that his umspoken sentiments find utterancc. They re placked by the band of affection to cheer the conch of the invalid, for in them lie reads wessages of love, for they may truly be said

## "To comfort mann, to whisper hope Whene er his faith grows dim <br> For He who careth for the towern

By their frailty are we reminded of tho fleetness of our own lives, and they awake in us an the beanty which is so soon to pass aivay. But finugh the corulla fade and die, the germ still renains which under genial influences will agnin be re-animatel to life and benuty, perhups to flom-
ish under the protection of somo moro skillful florist. Thus we see in them the emblem of our own mortality, nnd the sharlowing furth of our future and immortal existence, and this they can be made to the alinirer of naturc's werks, lessons full of meaning, for they ore the lancyage of affec tion, the gift of love, the remembrancers of scenes past, nnd the inspirers of faith and hope.
As they surpass in delicacy and beauty the earth which embosoms them, so the spirit of man should preserve itself purcand unsullied amid tbe unhallowed influenees wbicb surround him. Mabel.

## Literary Department.

Literary Department.
Freit, Flowsr ano Yegetable Gaboener's Cumpasion, with a Calendar, by Patrick Neill, Caledonian Horticultural Society. Editud by
G. Emerson, M. D., Eatitor of Jolinson's Farmers' Encyclopelin; with notes and additions by published by C. MI. Saxton \& Co., Fulton Street,
This is a most reliable and comprehensi ve work, dapted to nll interested in Horticulture and Fruit Culture. There is a large amount of vnluable thonght and accurate inforination embodied in the work. There is not probably a similar work in the country which cmbraces so wide a range of fruit. vegctables and flowers. The work is
quite full snd complete on the subject of hot and foreing homsus. their constrnetion, lieating by steam, hot water, de., and the cultivation in them of the grapc, peach, fig. de. The ilhustrations are worthy of particular notice, and the work will be found a rery complete one to the gnrdener or
fruit grower, being divided into three mrts-the Fruit Kitchen, and the Flower Garden, and to the whole a Calendar is added.
A Mancal; or, anency method of Managing Bees in the mot profitable manner to their owner by the moth. By John M. Wecks of Yermont Published by C.M. Saxion A Co. Agricultural Book Publishers, Fulton street, New York. A work of this description is much needed in this country, for thecultiuntion of the bee has been too long neglected in the United States. The work is designed as a directory to those who are engaged in the cultivation of bees, and is divided into chapters and sections, with the intention 10 facilitato tbeir management in all their different stages, so that any person properly situated may cultivate bees and arail himsclf of all the benefits of their labors. It treats upon all the gencral management of bees: the construction of the hive, remarks upon swarming, rentilation, removing the honey, directions for prerenting the depredations of the moth, general obscrvations, \&c. No one tho cultivates bees should bc without it. The Itorses Foot, and How to Kecp it Sound-
witb illustrations. By William Mites, Esq. witb illustrations. By William Miles, Esq.
Published by C. M. Saxton \& Co., New York, The object of the work, says thic preface, is to ommunicate in the most familiar language the subject will admit of, the result of several yoars' observation, and of much tedious cxperiment, undertaken with a view of ascertaining what modo of shocing, system of stabling, and quantity of excreiso, promiscd the fnirest prospect of prescro himself, and usefulacss to his owner for the longest period. The work is in paluphlict form and should be rend by all. It can bc sent by
mail to any part of the country. The illustrations are well exceuted and help to rendor tho difficult parts casy.
Amy Lee; or, Without and Within. By tbe
author of "Our Parish." Publishcd by Brown, Barzin \& Co, Boston.
Those who have read
"Our Parislı" will be


 trork of nearly four hundred jages, and the description of the villise seenos rive a deep interest
to the rolame. All strak in high ternis of the to the rolume. Alt speak in high ternis of the
work, nul we think all mimr realers will be plensel with a pernalal of "Amy Lece.
Converasatiox-its Punles and Ciraces. Comp
puled by Aludrew I? Peabody: Published by Janes Shunree if Co., Boston,
The work hefire us is a most
The work hefiore is is a most interesting onc,
nd the sulpeet of the greatent jullportance. How larpe a portion of life dhes couversation fill ill,
It is the most rellined species of rereation, and the most spartkling sonree of merriment. and yet now many there are whin are deficient it the ation. The compiler has attempted to bring to. cether, in one volume the principles which should govent of mind and eharacter, and of to point onement of mind and eharacter, and to point out
some of the most common and easily besetting vulfarisius oceurring in the collonuial Englishl of aur country and day. The work is divided into fonr parts, and each jart is partieularly instrnc-
swe. The work is un able one and shonlu conemand attention from all, for it is a subject in which all should have an interest,
Rambies in Eastern Asia, including China
and Nanila, during several years' residence
with notes of the voyago to China
Hong Kong, Canton, dc. By B. L. Ball, M. D.
Publinhed by James French \& Co., Bosion.
The Chinese are a most peculiar people, and seem indeed hardly to belong to tho same human Gamily with ourselves, The love of money seems to be their ruling passion. Repulsive and attracan object of curiosity and wonder. Dr Ball has an object of curiosity and wronder. Dr. Ball has his adventures with that people, which will be found remarkably attractive.
The Forayerr; or, the Raid of the Dog Days. By Wr. Gimorc sinims, Esq. author of the by J. S. Redfield, Beekman street, New York. Another of those exciting and deeply interestpulblished has its own proper listorical connection, corresponding with the several transitional periods of tha Revolutionary War in Sonth Caroina; and ench work should be read in order to keep progress with the events. In thic Forayers nearly all the great captains of the partisans are
equally engagen-Marion, Sumpter, Pickens, Lee, and many others. These brave men swept the country as with a hiery besom, even amid thi
blazing heats of Jily and Augnst, and the funous campaign was called the Dog bitye n seacon proverbial for the wonderful endurauce of the prosatus. The work is illustrated by Derby. Re. sans. The work is ilnstrated by
ceived through John P. Jewett © Co.
Lives of the Queens of Enolann. of the llouse
of flanover- 2 vols. By Dir. Dormathuthor of of flanover-2 vols. By Dr. Dormin, nuthor of
"Habits of Mlen." "Table Fruts." de. Published by J. S. Redfield, New York. ished by, S. Redfeld, New York.
Ihese volumes, amnounced by us in a former number, as in press, are now issmed. 'They need no further introduction than the author's uame
for his latne is already wide splead. Our readers will welcome with delight any work from so lively and hunorous a writer. He always has a
fund of anecdote. The works now published are fund of ancedote. The works now pmblished are the Georgian period in English history, Sophia Dorothea, Queen Charlntte, \&c., \&c. The Life and Irinl of Caroline of Brunswick is alone the best portiou of the work, and will be read with interest as well as sorrow. Dr. Doran has bicen a great reader in his times, and a hinter-up of
antiquarian lore. He is connected with tbe London Athenæum.
Border Beagles, a Tale of Mississippi. By w. Gorder Beagles, a Tale of Missiscippi. By W.
Gilmore Simus. Published by J. S. Redtield, N. Y, This work forms the third rolume of the ne?s and revised edition of Border Komances of the South, now in process of publication by the alvove
onterprising publisher. Tho history uphon which the present ono is fonnded is beyond question, and all the leading characters are drawn from life. revolitionary romances than Simms. Ilis worhs are all replete with daring and thrilling historical adventhres. Tho illustrations by Derby are weli Co., l3oston
Folks" hore rolumes of the "Dicken's Little Folks" hare just been published by the above
firm. They are "Smike:" and the "Child Wife," and are uniform with the first volume of "Little
Nell," published a short time sinee. Mr. liedtield
desorve desorves much praise for his etforts in bringing
down these fatmous stories from tho library to the aursery. They are to supply the want of a elass
of books for ehildren of a vigorous and manly tone, and the writings of Chas. Dickens have been selected as the scheme. A complete set will be a
very beautiful and appropriato present for the

Hent's Magazine for Norember contains an excellent article upon the Fi-ance, Food and Future of France; also raluable connereisl statis-
tics, which make the uagas ne valuable for
reference in every branch of atetiatinc and indus refer
try.
The Westmivetea Review for October is
reseired. Publiabod hy Leomard soutt \& Co.

New luik. Itematinis valuablo and futerestinge
inatier.
 in 1855, au artucle pron Linhts liter
cither matter of alisorbing interest. 1heceired the atnve chrongh Croaby, Nichols of
Huver's. Magazine for November is just pule-
 ellent ard laniells, ... ; ; nt, Mn. So the ex. by Wilson Flag, entitled the Flowers of Antuma

## Legistation.

The first of Januisy dproneher-alrealy the busy nute of preparation somedeth." the Stale llonse has been thoronghly repuired, and every nocessary facility nuld comfort prepared in ordur to give opportunity for quiet hegislation. It is meded gratifying to know California can present a pillic buikling so highly creditable to all who may have husiness or curionity to draw them to the Cupital. We trust with tlie plesent facilily and confort, in their dutics, our Legislators will labor more for the development of the industry nd resources of the comntry. and less for party.
The hotels are brushing un-refurnishing, nid improving. The Orlenas, the A 1 hotel, has been enlarged and improved. The Union, (formerly the Verandah) is much improved and embellished. Nliss Clark's, known as the Vernon Honse, one of the most recherche hotels in the State, is making ready for the elite boarders who transiently visit our fair city ; the Vernon, for order, quiet conffort and gentility, is not excelled.
Many excellent lustaurants are preparing to furnish all the necessary catables, and some of the luxurions "tit-bits." No. 1 restanrant is the Antclope, kept by Bassett \& Huntting ; the very best restaurant, and where every luxury in scason can be fuund.
Several Confectionery establishments are also making ready with ull the good things. Little di Burr, and Colburn \& Sand's, stand well. But California is a fust country, and Sacrumento is the Capital-and this winter the people do say the Levec City wiil be a "gay city," for the New Year's gala-day ball is already announced, and the Inanguration ball on the 8th January, is to follow, and people will have the luxuries; and it is said that "I'rince of caterers" for iec creams and jellies, Winn, of the Fountain Ilcall, talks of coming to the Capital. Althongh he maties a "world of goorl things" down belew, he finds that Sacramento will como in for a sluare, and he thinks they must have him there to "Winn" the best.

## Tremont House.

Come, dine with me at the I'remont llonse ! What associations crowd upon the mitud of $2 n$ old "IBostonian" at " name like this. The mont House! That princely head quarters of a 1 good living, that gond old fantiliar lsome for so many thousands of travelers, east, west, north and south. For many years it was unlecessary to ask any respectable traveler who was about to sit Boston, where he was to be found; it wonld nly require you to call at the Tremont House! The inomntain hunters, who would carry the fat renison and bear meat to lioston, did not stop to inquire who wanted the best; they drore to the 'Iremont llouse. The fishermen who were so lucky as to eateh tho "first salmon," he would hurry to the Tremont llouse. It mattered no what delieney was brought to Boston, fish, tlesh, or fowl, I'm going to the Tremont llouse, they always biny the first and best.
Was a splendid dinner to be got up? That wioner was at the Tremot House. Bostonians, remember this, anel it won a name and fame that will live as long as memory lives-for it is dentified with the history of Boston.
Well, sars the reader, what has this to do with one? We answer-passing along Jackson street after bidilung farewcll to friends, as the steamer had departed for the East, we heard the roice of the Tremont $H$ fase, corme and dine with me at matter of fact, for we had met not only one friend, bit two of them, and these were no othere than the proprietors of the new Hotel, now jurt opened under the nast popular name that stands
at the liead of this article. This Hotel, the Tremont, has formerly been ca!led Burch's llotel; by having changed owucrship, it has been lakien by Messrs. Kising \& Clarise. Both of these gen-
tlemen are wid ly known, and their energy and capability to manage such an establ shmeat, will be conceded. Mr. Ris'ng is a gentleman every
way calculated to receire and please ti guests that shall call and make their home at the Tre fanown as the e cient head of Gregory's Express
it Sucramento, in early vears, and recently as tharge farmer at Sinscol; and the firm thus cmconily prortion of the business of the community I). V. Hemaric, so long connected with the Or acranentans will linel a ready welconc.
The Tremont llonse is a barge and spacion rranite lotel. on Jackson atreet, near Montgom-ry-and is finiwhed and furnished in superb style The furniture will compare with the best, and excels many hotels. Purfect clennliness and order
are foumf in the hanse; and we venture to sal that fuw hotels will equal the Tremont for chaste elegance in the arrangements of the suits of rooms and the furuistring ol the tables. Certainly we have reen nome to excel it-and we sincerely hope Their present eflorts to plense deserve it.

## Writhen o

## A sabibatir song

Tin Subbuth day, my nother
'Tia Snhlhath dny nt ren,
Tlue day nueve all other The day nluve anl other
Than 1 slomid thluk of the
Then let me ralee n chorue, n chorun denr to me-
Thy spirit flonting o'er us, my Morher's form I see. The dnys weve I left thee, The dnys were chill and cold, But "Mother" has not left $m$
My mother's hand I lrold. Thip, thip planll be my chorua, cucl Sabbath day I seeThy epinithoveriny oicr us, denr Mother, comic to me. Here lior purting tear, twid her whin crarresting,
My M otherstill is
Oh let me.eing the chorue and lei ull sorrow Ale other, still hovering o'er uf, our guardian \&till to he. My Mother's carly lesion
Wishiu my lioart elonill be The light to puide my r
And hid nll evil tlec.
hen come to me dear Mother, this hlegeed Snbbuth dny, Thy voice ubove nll other, hath early taupht the way. Once raore we'll mine the chorus, and hid all sorrow
My Mother's eluritit cer lis, our gurrdina still to be.

## hichitly tread.

The Princi,ynl of the Quincy Gen:nmar Seliool, Boeton, "Lighlity Row," the next morning this original song was pr Lighitly Row," the next morning this original song was pr
sented to him by one of his puppile, and eent to un for publicn sented to him by one of his pupile, und eent to us for public
liun. We hope it will be eung in hundreds of schools., $L$,
Illuztrate
few sacrifices are ton great, if they ma
it for liint ; fere admolitanas ate ther must take it from him; it will keen him from clulis and rard parties abroad, or from bein "alwnys atoout" at lionte; it will prove a sanctuary from the numerous petty domestic trouble: and amoyances that, as few men can comprehend for tolerato. it is much better that they should no see; or, slimitij busiuess or antusement induce a temporary nbsence, the image of his own room, and the gentle loving being presiding over its
many indulgences and comforts. will follow him into shall and bower "omd ereatine wilow him yearning in the nidst of greater luxury and "calth, will guife him safuly back again, wher

How the Apes Catch Crabs in Java. After walking elose up to the old campong young fellow emerged from the thieket, and sair a fuw words to the mandoor. The latter turned
with a langh, to ever seen th, to ratuh, and asked his if he hat ind the negative, and the mandoor, taking his liand. led him gently and cautionsly throngh the descried village, to a spot which the young fellow had pointed out, and where the old formerly planted hedgen, rewere to approach unobserved.
ormer sctilement-a dry sondy boundary of the beach, where all vegetation censel, and only a single tall pandanus tree, whose roots were thick ly interlaced with creeping plants, formed, as it were, the ad vanred post of the vegetable kingdon. Behind this they crawled along, and, cautiously raising their heids, they snw several apes, at distance of two or threc hindred paces, who wer partly looking for something as they walked up and down the beach, whe others stood motion less. It was the long-talled brown varicty, and his telescopo with him to watcli the he had so of these strange beines more closely, when ono of them, a tremendously large fellow; begne to draw nearer to them.
Cavefully examining the ground, over which he wenton all fours, he stood ne intervals to scratel aromel or to shlip at some insect that buzzed fancied that He citme up so close that Frank alarm to the he must seent then and give the ing over a little clevation covered with withered reedy grass, he there discovered a party of crabs parading up and down on the hot sand. With a enongh to catch a single onc; for tho though apparently so clumsy darted like limhe ning into $a$ quantity of small holes or cavities, which made the ground here resemble a sieve and the afo conld not thrust in his paw after them, for the orifiees were too narrow. The mandoor nudged Frank gently, to draw
his attention, and they saw the ape after crawling his attention, and they san down tho sinall string once or twice uly and down tho sinnll strip
land, and peering into the vurious holes, with hi nose close to the gromul, suldenly seat himsal very gravely by onc of them, which he fancied
nost suitable. Ne then brourht round his long nosit suitable. He then bronght romind his long
tail to the front thrust the con I of it into the tail to the frout, thrust the end of it into the ly made a faee, which so amusal Hrank that he rould have laugled loudly, had not the mandor romid have nuglted loudly, had not the mandoor the ape Irew out his extraordinary line with a jerk. At the end of it, however, hang the desired booty, a fat crab, by onc of its claws, and swing. ing it round on the ground with such violence a to make it lose its hold, he took it in his left paw picked up a stone in the other, and after crackin; the shell. devomred the savory contents with evi dent signs of satisfaction,
Four or five he thus caught in succession, on carh ocravion when the crab nipped him makiny a face of heroic resignation and pain; bot each in the dointr dibly and reranec for the nip, abunin the dainty dish and revenge for the nip, abun-
dant natisaction for the pain he endured, or else dant satislaction for the pain he endured, or
ho rould not have set to work again so soon. ho rould not have set to work againso soon. sport, and without taking his ejes off the ground
had approuched to within about twin ty 1 aces of the party, concealed behind the pandanus tric
Ilere acain the ground was full of Here again the ground was full of holes, and ha' closing his eyes, he assumed such a resigned an yet exquisitely of ical face, as only an ape capable of potting on under these cireumstances.
But hus gquiet was destined to be disturbed inBut his ģviet was destined to be disturbed in a
manner as unexpectel as it was cruel ; he must manner as unexpectel as it was cruel; he rank
have dscovered some rery interestung object in
the clouds, for he was stari-k up there xed the clouds. fir he was staring up there xed y. when he suddenly utterwd a ydy yell, e a holl
of his knecs, fill with t h ha for his tail, and
made a bow d in the alr, as if the ground und-r made a bou d in the air, as if the ground und-r
 celased io tuap the abore simple and plearant minds ol the goung with kiadnease trath
 Whith we inicud to maso to
pand from county 10 county !
The Gentleman's h uns- Fir bey onl draw arrangement in your dome.
the consecration of one roc
such as to render occasi

## - $0^{2}$

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## 

The Syracuse Standard tells a story of a rasi-
dent in that city, "a staid middle-aged gentleman, the fithor of a large family of chilltren." having SHe had taken a letter fiom the office, direel ohis namc. which being took hone for his wife and danghter to decipher It turncd out to be a letter informing leime that he had 'just becoine the father or a its fine nother wis nuch better thill conid be expected, and earnesily requestenl hinn to visit his loving wife and offispring on the comint: Saturday, and bring with him four diaper pins, afew yards of flannel, and a number of othcr baby was. not to carry any ictters home for his wifo to ras. not he was satisfied of their conlents.
The laise Snupfens. - We are reminded, hy the anecdote of young Giiddings, ot of his commatry: men alrcady resident several years in Aluerica, discovered on the table a puir of snuffiers. "By
 ing them, "that's a queer scissors ? "Scissors,
Mahoner," respondech his conp panion. "sure lhat", no scissors; that's "Sitat they "Sure fur smuft ingative icnow," niul sulting the action to the word, he forthwith pulfert the sninf from the
candle with his fingers. deposited it in the box and shutting the snnffers twgether. exclaimed with wonder-staring cues," By my soul, but il" a nate invintion, isint tit?

A proud parson and his man, riding over common, saw a shepherd tetuding his flock, and
having a nce coat on. the parson nisked hime int having a new coat on. the parson nsked hime, inn
haughty tone. who gave lion that cont? same." said the shepherd, "that elothed yon -the parish." Z'he parson, nettled at this, rode on aurnuring a intle way, and then bate the nian and live with him, for he wanted is fool, The man, going accordingly to the shepherd, deli vered his master's messagc, and concluded as he was are you going away, then ?" said the sheplect "Na," answered the olher. "Then yor may tell
your master," returned the shepherd ". that bis living cannot naintain threc of us,"

A Smart Boy.-A litte boy of our acquaintance, , ecently to attentively house-builders, stimk that man was so wise after home, "Ann't thimk that man was so wise after house was bailt on a rock, where could he find a place for his cetlar?" "Sure enough, sonny, where hef."
The Rer. Mr. Gates recently married Mr. Josepl Post to Miss Martha Rails, If that trio don't make
what witt?

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Editor of the Ainericun A.firiulturise
Chap. 1.-Stalling, Conetryetion of Stuhte, Ventilation
 $\substack{\text { tionas } \\ \text { Stathe } \\ \text { chap }}$

 Clunp. 1 . Whater
Chpp. Wii. Sorvice, General Preparation for Work, Ph

 " 1 have aimed in thif Work To Mare Practice THE

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 removing diseaved action in the en orboing gund secrecting organa
In man, Nature eveldum offrete, unsesidete, the eure of nny vir

 und instend ol operuting sucecesively upon the csatem, as they
nums necessurily do when tuken ecpurnuely, they opcrute eime



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## The Cealifoniuia fiamer.

## 3ACRAMENTO, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1855.

 The CALIFORVA FARMER OFITCE inverth Slat, Secicty Exehnumes. WWill our colemporaries that exchanne

## NETV VOLUME-REDUCED PRICESS.

 of Honno Induutry to our plens for the comisigs yenc. It will be

 the boast Storek nand Stock Raising in tbe countrs; having alao

 of some of the vary hest Fomale writera of this state for our
Ladies' Department. This, whlt the eolumuni devoted to edluci-
 NIA FARMER, on tho opening of the New Voluwe, at the low
price of Five Dolluaxj a Xear, alcayyo in adrunce. No payer price or witheus tie monney.
Shall we bave the support of the workknguen of Californla
Stinll we not have the euplort of every funily that deiren properity of Culiforruia? tit is for this we plead.
propperity of Culiformin ?

## executive meetifi

## California State Agricultural society.

The Executive Coamatree elcet of alie Cul. State Agricultural Society are requested to inect
at the Society's Rooms, on Fourth street, SACnAmento, on Wennesnay, January 9tn, 1856. at $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. It is earnestly desired that every member of the Executive Board will be present. as business of importance will corne before them and $i t$ is necessary that the Board sloould organize for the coming year's dutics.

Per order. E. L. Beana, President.

## Our Fourth Volume.

Wira this number wo finisht the Fourth
Voleme of the Califonia Fancer. When we taks a retrospect of the past, as we look tack upon the labors of tiro long years devoted to the work of editing and publishing a jourual of the Agriculture of California, our chief regret arises
from knowing howr far short of our desire has been the sheet we have presented to our reiders but when we remember that single linaded and alone we have had to contend against the obstaeles that have surrounded us, as we reniembiur the universal embarrassment that came over the
whole agricultural community soon after we had commenecd our inbors, and as we recall the fie that the seience rras nerr to many' engaged in itthat the majority, even, of those somerwhat fa. miliar, were ignorant of the nature of the soil and the climate, these difficulties magnify even in the rotrospeet.
Again, when we call to mind the conflict that has been carricd on in regard to the ownership of the very soil that was to be cultivated, that fuw only, dreamed of a permaneney in their agricultural pursuits, and much less of making California their home-when theso difficultics aro recallod and we remember how few felt an interest in sus-
taining a journal devoted to their own interest eren, we feel that howerer much we have come short of our desires or fallen belort the standari of what our - journal should have been, we do feel that the generous minded and the true hearted
will make due allowance for our short comings will make due allowanee for our short comings,
and secing the difficulties with whieh we have had to contend, gire us their sympathy. rather than their censure.
'To sustain our position, has caused us sacrifiec, this every refliceting nimind will rendily conceive. But our purpose was, never to faller.

It was neither weallh nor fame that we sough when we entered upon the duties and trials of an
editor and pullisher; but to ranifest that love and devotion to a seienee that we helieve brings more joy, happiness and prosperity to a State. than all other seienees combined. For this reitson we entered upon this work, and for the lo We bear it we shall continue it.
With the nest number we colmmence OIIR NEW voleme, and although we frankly confess we
have fallen far short of our desires, we can, as we look back, proudly claim to have offered in some humble degree, a journal worthy the snpport of those who bare so kindly sustained us. Of oue lling wo ean bonst-we have never panderod to a petite; we bave nerer sullied our columns
olitical wrangling or sectarian strife; we
have never "rendered railing for railing;" bnt,
contrary-wise, blessing and in all our intereourse with our ceten:peraries we have nerer exchanged an unkind word. We can say more-we cun look back and suy we remrember no untindedness.
If others have wronged us, have slighted us. or naglected thore eonistesies of encouragenents dine from one to the other. we fing give then and a.l
the same at their hands. Intentionally, we liave never offiended; and as we recall the past two Cabiformia Fanaen all it should harc beenwe can say that according to our means and the areunistanees by which we liave been surrounded "we have done what we conld ;" and though our
readers may hare looked for more and clesired better, no one has ever had e:mise to blash for the contiments that have been pullished in the Faren. or regret that it has funnd a place in the annily circle.
In our next issue we do hope to lie greeted b , our friends with a voluntary list of tow subserib-
ors that slanll nerve the arm and chece the heart for the inturs of anotleer yanr. Our termas lor the neir year will he found in another place. With Erateful sentiments for past kindruess, we leave our riendls an
rolume Y .

## Sills Manufactures.

Neanly two years since we prophowicil that
 ch a vild fancy. wi.e(?) ones smilet.
These were our words, as published Jin. 5. ${ }^{2} 54$ the lirst mumber of our journal. and in a memo rinal to Congress, asking the endo
Agricultural College in Califuruia:

Alrealy. Culifornin hass commeneed the eulti.
ion of cuttorn and totaceo. Hie greant naplec uf ation of cotton and totaceo. the grant maphes of
an Sonthern States, and sugar, teil, and colfice ant Sonthern states, and sugar, teat, and colicic
will soon be ndided; and bufore inany years the
 hadia, will be the proud moduct of our heelovect
conntry, if we are but trine to oursect ves and to ther nations whom a wise Providence is sending to us. as help, crs ils all these great works of art
and scienee." In the soil mud elimate of Califorrin, un-
gnaled by any velier State, wo saw the sirety that this nust be; and it is with the truest re joicings that we begin to sce the complete fulfil ment of our hopes. by a minouncing that we have native silk worms in Califurniu.
We huve now lefore us ns we write. a sample of fine coccoons thit were found upon the ahrul bory of the hills of Sin Francisco. These co coons were presented to us by E. Serd, Esq.. or
San Franciseo. Mr. Suyed inlorms us that he has abont sixty cocoons, and is preparing to feed them as they shall emeige from their silken housises. We examinel them. 'They are larger than the eocoon of the ludia worm, and of a
darker sliale, but the outsuide fibre promi.es; well. Wie rejoiee at this discovery, and feel assured from the hands into whieh it has fallen, that this inplortant matter will be puslied forward to stueC.ss. We shall in future issues prasent the fuod
the silk worm, to eall the attention of nursery inen to the suliject.
California Pottrmes.-Several poteries for he manufneture of earthen ware havo been estab isthed on the lacifie shore. If we remeinber well, thero were two in Santa Clara, two near one or two others. But we beliece that only two now remain; one at the Mission Dolures, doing very well, and one in our own eity (or rather the outside of the city), which is doing a large and prosperous business. Erery kind of ware is made, men can be supplied with every article, from a churn to a cooler, and florists can find all they want, and the merehant every kind of earthen ware for trade. This establishunent is now cor-
ducted by Messrs. Taylor \& Co, and we confess that the variety and quality surprised us. Those heautiful samples of pottery from this firm whieb took the prize of the Society at the Fair, have leen sent to Gen. Sutter aa a gift from the proprietors. They also sent this week to Hock Parm, some splendid pots of seventeon inches in
dinnater, and of excellent design for starting exdinater, and of excellent design for starting exotics.
A benutiful Work of Art.-Tho new "Dfploma of the California State Agricultural Society," in proof sheets, is now on exhibition at the Society's 1looms. It is from the Artists' oom of Brittan \& liey, of San Francisco; and room of Britian ad liey, of San Fran
oflects high credit upon their akill.
The new line of telegraph between this city and Benicia, is now completed.

## Vine Growing-Wine Making. As everything upon this sutject is of vi

 As everythung upon this sutbject is of vital im-portanee to California. we eopy such faets and nutices ns we gather fron time to time. for the
benefit of unr readers; ever reminding them that benche of unr reallers ; ever reminding them that
the sulject of wine natking will soon nssume a form of geat iuportance to our Statc.
Tlie New York Thines in sperkiug The New York Thines in spenki iug of wines says there has herer been a bottle of clos tive-
geout! Romance conte or Joliannislorger in the Conited Stites, and presents facis to sliow the proportien of gemuine and adulterated wines sold. The faet is conceded on all sides, that pure wine is a rare article; yet we believe that we can ind in California pure irines, and those imported loo-both the Johamnisber
brands of Rlhenish wines.
But we will not dispute upon this point; rather agree with the thepes on the fact stated. that considerable attention is now huing given to the enltivation of the graloo and the manufactur of wine.
The fullowing extracts from a letter from Ohis published in the N. Y. Journal of Conmuerce will be of interest and may to of valno to our readers; and we also call their attention to thw letter of the Pioneer, of Hock Farm, for every and truth: Wisa the General saecess in deed This lin
This lins been a land year for the grape. 0 wing
 sisfleved serionsly frum the mildew and the rot
Some fuw esenped these disenses and produed erops of 400 to five gallons to the nere; butt the general nveraye for the whole country: will seareely
exceel 151 gallons per nere. Mr. Rovert Buchnman's large yireyard of six aeres produced
1200 . It the jear 1853, whiel was the most favorable for the rinpe erop experienced for a long prerivel, the iteld averiged hiont G,00 per acre. on the hest cintivatel wine warde, netl a few pro-
dineed Soou to fifo gallons. Mr. Buchanan in that yenr oltainnell foin five aeres, $4,236 \mathrm{gnlluns}, 847$ per acre.
The
The quality of the wine made this rear will Le very gooth. The nstatl priee of the juice froin che press is is cents to 51 per gallom. wecorving tiun. $\$ 1$ to $\$ 150$ per gallon. Within twenty
 ure now in bearing, and may pooduec 150 no
 growth of the wine lusiness is shown liy the liet that in 1835 there were 350 acress of vincs in the vieinity of Cincimati, and in the year
ist2, about 1200 . The value of the sparhling wine prolluced in 1851 was estimated at $\$ 175.000$. In Missouri nuid 1 linimis about 11100 neres ance alreaily phantel. mud the culture is rapidy increns.
ing through the West and Southun anid Georgia are particuliarly well ndipted to the and georgia are particenlirity well ndipted to the
grontho the Cnsavba gripe. The Cutarba is It was found in the falluons county of 1 a cimal North Carolina. in the jear 1802, by Col. Mutray: and brought into notice as a wine prapo by
Mij. Apium. of Georgetown. D. C. alout thic year 1820, and ly Mr. Longworth of Cineinnati in 1885. Ncarly all our vineyards wre planted with this grape, which, with carefil) nitctation.
produces a wine fair comparing with tho best produces a wine fair colnparing with tho best
Hhenisis and French sparkling and still wines. In Cincinnati alune, about 200,000 bottles of sparbbling Catawhand and 000 wotles of still wine are put up annually. of the Isabella,
Scluyylkill and llerbenont grape, a sinall quanSchuylkill and herbenont grape, a sinall quan-
tity of wine is mudo every vear, and tho wine from the last named is crowing into favor with many, from its resemblanee to the Spanish Mnnzanilla. Of late yenrs, the interest of the producer has beell greatly adranced by the construetion of wine ecllars or large subiterranean vaults in Cincinnati, and the establislument of regular wine houses, conducted by doalers of ample eapital, and which serve to insure a ready marke for the produet of the vineyaril. The wine is
kept in bottles well corked and sented, and laid kept in bottles
on their sidles.
Their sinces.
generslly three by sis feet a part, and trained to single stakes six or seven feet high. The grape bears its fruit on the wood of the preeeding year's growth; benee two long canes as branelies are eanes are cut dome the next year's erop. These and another is lof with eight or ten joints, and bent round in the form of on bow, and fastened to the stake with a willow twig or tie. The bearing shoots in summer are shortened in, and the
vine kept clear of superfluous wood, so as to advine kept clear of superfluous wood, so as to admit suin and air to ripen the grapes.
Tbe ground is hoed or plowed in May, and
kept free from weeds in aummer, and the vines kept free from weads in aummer, and the vines
neatly tied to tho atakes and trained from one neatly ied to tho atakes and trained from one
to the other as the growth increnses. The proto the other as the growth increases. The pro-
cess is simple and casily understood. When ripe cess is simple and casily understood. When ripe
in Oetober, tho implertet and unripe berries are in Oetober, tho implericet and unripe berries are
picked from the bunches of grapes, and the perpieke from the bunches of grapes, and the per
fect. bunches passed through wooden rollors, or bruised in a tub with a bectle mashing the skins and pulp, but not the seeds. The mashed grapes are then thrown into a press, resembling a cider press, and the juice extracted. The juice or rusus is put into a clean cask, and tho fermentation, which immediately commences, censes in about a week. A second fermentation takes place in Myy
fullowing, after which tho wine may bo bottlod

 The demand for Catawba wine execeds the supply and the quality is canstintly iuprovel.
ooth by the coltivator nud those whio neepre it or maiket As repratls the vine enlture, the future is full of promise.
The following is an extract from the letter of iencral Sutter to iss, aecompminying the sample Ur mentioned:
My Dena Colonel.: 1 hare the pleasure of
ending yon a sanple of our Wine male at llock Farn. We laare conly made a very wmall nunntity, but wee ean see what it will be when a little
older, it is only three monthy old now, and it older; it is only three months old now, and it
will dunbeless bee of a noost execllent quality. Nuxt year I intend nut to sund my grapes h
market, but to make the gemine goorl wis of
 ageil ine numeh. so that 1 intenil to go very largely into the enltivation of the grape. The Artesian well has been legun nt look解

IV bun I cone to your eity, which will be when the inauguration akes pinee. I will briug tbe st-ang-spoken-or likeness to you.
The above letter from the good General should Waken generous fuelings in every breast. We seo the General ot work to elernte the elharacter branehes of Hoine 1ndustry; at work limself; looking with lopefnl heart to the future for those promises froin nature, that are inore reliable than riends; and thuse returns from a grateful soil, that are more to be trusted than friemds or counry evon. It is a glorious example the General ives to all, sceu the joung: of frowning doirn nimfortune and disappointment, and not laying o luart the black ingratitude he has reeeived from those who hare been enrielied by his homny. Oh the blackness of ingratiturle! 'tis liko But ' a coal that comes hissing hot from hell." Be in a pleasing thing. that heither can erusu ender our grateful thanks fur the generous gift of his splendid wino, and the promise of the porrait; in the first we wish him a long life: and prospurity, and plectlge linm cternal frieulship, and the latter we shall treasure as the valued ift of an howored and venerated friend, and silute it as our Ihear ('eneral.

## Tueas have Exlisbition.

the last fuy Tuss, departinents. Among them were large specimena of Petrifted Wood, some of them weighing everal huudied pounds: with a very hanilsone eollection of of Geologieal speceinens, some of hem very benutiful. Also a mammoth specimen of Alullen. All the above were colleted by Rev. Mr. Dlecil, who displays a commendable interect in seience.
Tery handsome ecions of the Rasket Willow "ere presented by J. Lewis, Esq., of Sacravuento. Ir. L. also presented a specimen of Agate.
J. A. Patterson, Esq., sent specimens of Coal from the mines at Livermoro's Pass, Alameda countr. From this mine we have received specimens before. This coal lnas been recently tested on board the steamer Coruelia, on a trial trip to Nare Island, and we give tho tests, which were of the most interesting claracter and gratifying in their results. We give the log of the engiueer, a copied froin the Alta:
On the 20 th of Novelinler, 185 j , started fires at A. M. stean at 9 ; 011 cold water at 10 h .45 m . got under wray and stood aeross the Lay; stcam,
40ibs.; running blower slow; revolution, 21; tolbs.; running blower slow;
throtile quarter oplen; ; Paculum, 26.

## 10 h .50 m , quarter open.

quarter open. in, 26 ; throttle quarter open. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. Point. flood 1h. 12m., abreast Angel Island Point; flood
11h. 25 m ., revolution, 21 ; stonm $321-2$; vacu$\mathrm{m}, 26 ;$ throttle quarter open.
11 h .35 m. , abreast Red Rock.
11 h .40 m ., revolution, 21 ; steam, 35 ; vacuarn, 12h. 13 inn., revolution, 21 ; steam, 25 ; vacuum, ; throttlo quarter open.
i2h. 30 m ., rerolution.
12h. 30 m ., revolution, 20 ; steam, 32 ; racuum, 12 h .48 m, , revolution, 18 ; steam, 281.4 ; vacum. 26 ; throttle quarter open.

## 12h, 48m., abreast of Navy Island.

ih. 3m., abrenst of Nary Dock, steam, 34; evolution, 21 ; vacuuun, 26 ; tbrottle quarter open. Consumed cight hogsheads of conl from San Average prossure of steam, 3212 lbs . Averago Aliutions per minute, $202-7$
Howovor waluable inay be our gold mines, there is a ralue to this discovery far hey ond eren gold.
It will prore so to all internal juprovements,

 of ment form 25 conts to 31 ger pand.
 below abould take a trip up to this city. the Cap-
ital, to sect the ray our stalls aro supplictl. The City Mark t, by IIayward \& Co., was a sight sick man. the heuf that reninded one of Quine
Markec. Boston, and tho fit ox Cohumbs. gether with mutcon, veal, lamb, remison, beat o. by Sloper \& Nargent, and numbers 7 and 8 oper \& Nargent, and numbers itad 8 Califurnia could do. But we will not forget the Antelope liestaurant, and that tuble outside the
door, placed there to tempt the hungry one, and to arraken an appetite in all passers by. We learn that in addition to a great array of the choicest meats, all of the licst picees, and turke the ejes. We saw upon those hig anclers that stood at the door, some trenty-five king game ducks. geese, chickens, quails, plovers, hares, rab bits, elk, venison, \&e. The next day we passed aud the table was gone from the outside, for the hungry ones had called and the tables were cheared.
Enamination and the Festival seenes connceted with this distinguished Seminary, took place on Thursday and Friday of last weck. It was our good fortune to be presicht and cujoy the seenes of intellectual and sucial pleasure which were presentud on the tro days able to prescut a full and detailed slieteh of all we withessed there, in this issue, but this being our elosing number of
the volume, and not haring all the duta we need, the volume, and not haring nll the duta we need,
we defer till the next manber an altempt to do the matter justice, bricily sayine that we, believe no institution in this or any other State conld present evidences of greater profency.
gronp of joung laties whose love of study.
whose aceumblishments, or whose amiability, worth of charmeter and beanty of person conld surpass thent ; or can there be foumb teacher whose moral and intellectual accomptishments anm worth cummaud : higher love and encratiou :mong her pupils. liarely does it fall to the lot of nuy institution to he so fortumate in I'rincjeal and so suceesstnh in tho department of tuacherm. Wo know we shall bo able to please our reariers with the sketeh we have in p1epara tion, when we hope to bo able to give tho plans of the new term, and when it will commence. so hat those who have daughters can secure for them an entrance to this pattern Seminary.
Svow! SNow!!-Blow! Blow!!-How benutitul was Earth on Wednesday merning las
to a Now Enghander; it was indeed refreshing to look out upon the snon-covered ground-to see the earth, and trees, and dwellings. Wilh their they eame noating throught the nir like a "ises-a nessenger from frirer slis. (inickly whe ild "jmmers" prepared. and soon the merry l)rowh: Heet steds were glating sivitly: through our strcots, aul nothing was wanting but the "merry
bells" to givo us a reality of sul oll fat hioned winter. Sinco the snow has disappearad. the
weather las modelated-and now tho rain ie falling fash
The weather has been very eoki-as cold, of Taylur: $1^{14}$ prietor of the Pottery. that all the sin potter! in his workshop froze and split on Tucs occurred Iorre. some $\$ 1.5(1)$ worth if pote welo quy 1 fur babing.
quire to by e orer am ain.
B ns Lxamined. Much 11 a little-th We Ith best praine we eqll bestor upon wis have betore spoken:


## Chat and thedth. 1 mort valiethle work.

 Reural al a a nae finser in anch of all sulbiects on rural life 11 thoni nil. heater, do yau lose 2 rimal hife? fear x. witch tho branches, examine earefully the tuuts. inliale the frngrnuce of the lilossoine and the fruit of tour l.ibor will be sweet to the \& Son, Allunay :Lectures on thi Women of Olnen Time Tho liev. U. C. Wheeler's lectures continne to -Lot's Wife," prescuted a strong contriast witl? the characters deseribedl iu furmer lectures.
The leeturer is sure to interest his henrers; his tyle is winning. ayl he presents the sult jects nf his lectures in all theis plaises with great frankness. The theme for next salbuth, will be, ". The Wives of Alralanu. Isnac and Jacob,"-and wc
liope an nurlience worthy the subject will bc hope an nudience worthy the subject will be

Military Spirtr.-Large deputations of the mil)tary of San Francisco will visit our city to inito with their military friends at the Innuguation Festival. The Saeramento Guards will pake their first parade in their splendid uniform. Great things arc expcoted, as the corp is composed of the elile of the young men of Sacraniento, that rere not airendy enrolled in tho Sutter Rifles. The Sutters will also parade, and undoubtedly. make a fine display. Gen. Sutter and Staff and ther lending military men will be present, all adding to the grand pagcant of the general display at the capital.
Cold Days in Strockron.-The following thermometrical record, kept at the Stockiton 1 n sane Asylum, we extract from the Argns
Year. Month. Day. Mour. Ther. Falkr.



 It will lie seen in the aloove twhle, that Monday hast was the coldext norning we have hand in the
hist five years excent the 2Onl of l)eecmler 1854
 dheh wns ur fir
Gold wrrnour a Clatal-Com ITollow is a mining lacality in the inumediate sulburbs of Pina-
crrille, long noted for its ralualde gold deposits. iveille, long noted for its ralundele guld deposits. An mamense ringe is hering levelent inurn, mustly


 cerville Minerienn, in mentiening these circum-
stances. thungh working no claim, ennlucts this
 filsic lootconss nond quicksilver, nand with inh other labor or cost than renewing his falee botions as often as they wear out, say nuce in a month or two, actually icnlizes from onc to two humdral
dollars per month; thus secirring : handsome dollars per month; thus securing a handsome
gold yield, witlont possessing a minuing clainu rold yield, withont possessing a mining claime,
ind with no injustico to any one, as loo only saves. What others: permit to run to waste. With still
greater care and a more refined mothod, nearly greater care and a more refliued method, nearly
as much miore might be sared.
Merino SaEsp.-The bark Fanny Major, which arrired at sam Frameisco, $2=1$ inst. Pmon syducy.

 Thaing only 120 ewes and 20 mins of t 1 e lot fry voluc of thacta. We are glad to see this nime.
 Thivis as no c intry in 11 e world is
athiped for slhe ep raising ellat caliform a.







 the liesd and kectp it; snid let tue telly you that uiouns with the firet stariug him in the fare ellat

 huesse every thing is in rendiness to sweep the

- hale comntry, ald elocic the war with one cann"hole commery, and clave the war with one cambneedel at exposed wints. anll kecp. n rescric well aprointed, to start at nny moment if they shoulh ce lurtians in chyerk during the winter. and thent retting everythinm in older for nctive operationd yet ling everything in oider for netive operntions mud the war which has now cummencel, be broukht speetily and summavily to n closec 1 simplyse you have hesird alout the loss of Lient. slanghiter. at the Sonnd. Also, of the ac-
tion on the Walla Walla river, betwcon Maior tion on the Walla Walla river, betwcon Maioo
Keliy's command mul the ludinns in which Ineericans lost at killed and woundel, and the lmilimans 35 killed and seceral wounded.
lBy the nurival of the Fashion on the 17 th. wo received news of the denth of the Chief Pee Pec
Hlox Nox IIs war steed which siderect the best animal in tho country, w brouglit doun by Capt. Vanbergen as a tropla Bj the Panaina, large quantities of supplices hiare nrivived together with 140 liorses and muloses all of which arrived in order and safety. Capt. Baly lans received nuch eredit licre for the manFort Vanconver wears a very busy nspleet, and strongly reminds me of Point isnbel. in T'e.xas, at the time of the preparations for the Nexican war.
Stores of all kiuls are landed. and cinbarked. Stores of all kints are landed. and cmbarked.
stacked np, stowed away. yoing nrd conving. and stacked np, stowed alway, yoing nrd conting, and
in fict the place is alive with Gusiness. Lient. in fict the place is alive with business. Licilt. Withers is exerting every nerve to for ward sup sistance, eomerive in spite of rain. mud and luypssable roads, to accomplish their oljiect.
 Mr. Graham, as well as the connpany in general are doing all they can to prevent the emanining trikes of Indians from joining in the lostililies to the whites, and ns I belicve chcy are sincere, they deserve much credit fur it They have issued
strict orders that none of their poots shaill sel hire-arms or ammminition to the saveryes.
Gen. Wool has commissioned Cint. Newell to Gen. Wool has commissioned Cipts. Newell to
ise a comphany of Ringers to oet as scouts, wliche he is fant loukiner up. Ciapt. Newell las been on his site of the Rocky Mount Mins for twenty-five lunting and trapping: aut lass the repmatation of killing more beats, tiken more beavers, ant
calped more Indians, than any other white nan on this sile of the contituent this name is a ter ror to the hidians, and as hise collpiny is m:d
partly up of haif hreeds, all thurouglily nequaint隼 with the hultian liugo, os hee is alsou, they will no doubt do gent service.
By nay of a little pisece of gossip. we are going
o lase a grancl leaill, jutt to heep off the thues urine tre whee at mul a aul show ; the for ner of which alounnls in loxurianico it ,resent

 ar. and wormerer. that chey are all more or less Sllpliel with cults or rilles. and hove for the last hree jears l,een inuictly gatbering logether an Hiose hutlanns are tot.a ly diflern st from the lowe cuast trites, and are really lirave and blook thirsty, so you muy julge what kinct of a force (;ien.
 chem, By the by, a company of (ies. Mraguons
have bately heen added to the (ieneral's forces They calno seross from 11 issouri. and got in by he wny of Cimpqua. They are IlU strong. All tho mouttains back in the country aro maxd on a clear uorning at the tising of the sum.

hope may contemeso meth we are rasy for them. ricts are by no means neglected. and cot hera de pretarations aro tome mal-for noxt rear'n






will send a cor munication frima
pacture direet to its destination, w
silitity of any way offee on the r
copy exelpting at the will of the
y. excepting at the will of the perform ; and one the adwert now in use st bo al ell conversint with telegrnplicic matters. It is nows a letter of tho alphabet when lie sees it,
cam write as correctly with elis instrument as the oo insurce aluonlute correctneas being that the copr shall in the first instance be writien plainly and orrectly. The machine veriftes itself-that is, at ench revolntion the operator can tell, by means of
an unerring test in hifs instrument whether it is an unerring test in lifs instrument, whether it is
in unison or not with the instrument with whiels it is communienting in a distant city. But its reader's eredulity che severest. is its power to tart into operation a similar machine in a distant office, withont the help or even presence of an operator: and connel it to write out whaterer manner in which they first started on their tran-

The new company to whieh we lavo called atcention, as the first step in their operations, have secared the absumto patent of the Ifughes ma-
chine for the whole United States, at a cost of between ario a twa lundred thonsand dollare, number of these machines are now being manuactured by an ingenious mechanic, and some of tion. I'heir next step, we are told, will be the leasing of all the direct lines between New York and Nova Scotin. Negotiations in tlris dircetion and the and the new company will prowably assmune tue
inanagement of those lines nbout the first of January ensuing. When the spring opens, new lines of the most substantial and perfect construction will, we have reasun to believe, be built to. the
Sonth and West, wo that evmenally the the Inghes patent will have a network of wires radiatiug in all directions from New York to cyery prominent business place in the linion. fected the public mave witneas a tevolution in the telegraphing lusincs.s. Celerity, reliability, and cheaphess, will. we hope, be the motto under the new dispensation. With theso there will, of course, be a very rapid increase in the amount of celegraphic busincs:; and, if the rednction in toin. ever reaches the point norr in contenplation by
the new company, Uncle San's nail bags will entually be left entirely to the newspapers.
Fish in the Artisidn Creers.-Mr. Dab acy showed us last week three beautifui hitcio hoh, taken from his Aresimn ereek. In shapo the motith and belly: and have shaded stripes of dark brown colur on the sides, they had heen tiere we woticul them fieding on crmolss of bread. Dhe. Daliney states that they have gromil cry fast since they were first taken. There i
o doubt that these fish came from the sulter eanl strenum throngh the Attesian pipes to "prer
arth. Nr. Daluey sa's that one of them wa ound in a bueket, which was set mider the spout of the Artesian well. - San Joie T'elegral.h.
A Long Pall. - On Wednesrlay last says the sii rra Citizen. a man by the naine of 'luitle. at i) to hold a rulue with hic hauds, in order to be lien within abont 15 feet of the of top lis strengetl
 es seriousls hurt, althot sh a watch in his 1 neket was ahout six feet of water in thie shaft, whicls no to bt tendel to break the fall.


## jorticultural Befpatmont.

## We present to our readers a sketch of "Chats-

 worth,") the magnificent park and grounds of theDuke of Devanshire, England. This is one of the most mnagnificently dusigned estates in alt Europe. No estate is kept up with more grandeur; none that app
worth.
It was at this prineely estate that the Royal Banquet was prepared for Queen Victorin and
Prince Albert, in 1832; and it was here that the Grand Cavalcade passed through the Conservatory in the royal carriages, and with the whote royal the writer falls far sbort of presenting the full onception of this gorgeous palace and grounds. It whs our pleasure to spend some time
Cbatsworth, in the winter of 1847 , and we $r$ Cbatsworth, in the winter of 1847 , and we remind to the enchanting views that were presented to us, Bearing letters of introduction to Sir J. Paston, we received every courtesy and attention
that could be desired; and nerer shall we forget our feclings as we stood at the foot of the Grand Cascade, as the first fountain sent up its brilliant column, and as it fell upon the temple and came rushing down the cascades. Wre remenber our
surprise us we stood watching the coming sheet of waters, when the large fountains, nue after another, sprang upward tike the report of artillery. sending their jets up to the very clomil. Ilare at
one riew the eye grasps the most glatad and cumprehensive sights of art and nature combined, tbat can he found, we venture to assert, on any spot on earth.
We had intended to have presented to our readers a sketch of this celcbrated place, from our notes taken at that visit, but had delayed it Blagazine, as a prefatory one, with the design, br-and-by, to give a full and detailed sketeh to how how eren nature call be beautified by art

On the norning of the 1 lth September. I feft Shefficld, in a coach, with twellty passengers,
(six inside and fouitcen ont), for Clistsworth; re passed over a very hilty and picturesque
enuntry; a portion being the Fast Jloor of Cheshire, very rocky in plaees, and mostly cov-
ered with ferns and heaths, with searcely a ered with ferns and heaths, with searcely a tree
in a thonsand acres. These woors arc valuable only for breeding hares. rabits, gronse. partridges,
fe., which are very numerons. Most of the pos sengers were acquainted with the route and ennuch. So highly are thescenjoyments prized by the English, that, at the time of starting. two
ladies had high words as to which shonld hare the only remaining outside seat; finally, one surAbeut cleren o'clock we arriyed at Barslow. mall rillage adjoining Chatsworth. After a few prelininaries I started for Chatsworth, and soon reated by Sir Joseph Paxton and others.
In passing through the park on iny way to th I had always imagined fine Euglislı parks to be: each to spread its arms to their utmost extent, interspersed with smatler trees, of various kinds ranged in the most irregular and picturesque shaped groups, and conreeted togethicr by seatter-
ing trees and shrubs, in a very natıral and happy ing trees and shrubs, in a very natural and happy
manner in the shade of which wero reposing manner in the shade of which wer
herds of fallow dcer, shecp and cattle.
The mansion is a grand old structure, built of drab stone, in the Roman style. The main Guitaing. by sir Christopher
tinished in 1 ren, architect, has
in build occupied the sanne site, was cetebrated as being the oceasional residenee of Mary, Queen of Scotts,
during her iniprisontwent. fron 1570 tn 1581 . Some of the furnituro used by her, still remains,
and is exhibited to visitors. I'lo new wing is and is exhibited to visitors. Jlhe new wing is
385 feet long, and is $n$ continuation of the east and West fronts to the north; it was built by Sir Jef-
fry Wyatville, arehitect, and is a nodern structnre in the Greco-Rornan style. It harmonizes
wrell with the older portion, and makes one conrell with the older portion, and wakes one con-
tinuous fruntage of 557 feet. 'Ihe interior is
tinished in very different style from our modern upholstery aflairs; tho stairs, halls, door jaunls, upholatery auars; tho stairs, halls, door jantis,
dic., are all real stune, built into tho walls as they were, are all real stune, buil into tho walls as they
ments, in colored ; the lialls have tassellated pare-
marbe the floors of the best roams aro rcal oak, in simple patterns of parTluctry; of the lesser roomes, a plain oak floor wasall the nobility demanded in those days. The show their construction completely; no ponecrin
puttying or painting whatever. Tho walls
sonc, and the ceilings of all tho some, and the ceilings of all tho best roonss, a

dit

$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { ate somo of the best rooms. To give an aceount } \\ & \text { of the galleries of paintings and sentpture, would }\end{aligned}\right.$ be to write a book; so I winh ouly say, the latter
is rery fine indeet, and in it is a yery fine bnit of is serr fine indecef., and in it is a very nine bnst of
Mr. Everett, our late minister to St. Jnnies; the
former former has many very good pietures, and many
that are mere trash:: a farge collection of drawins fronis all countrius. is very good.
The mansion is adminably located on the western slope of the raltey of the Derwent, and facing
the west; innusediately in front are terraced gar-
 heir "jets deau" in the centrc. Solth of these ate Emperor of Russia, in 1816 ; and a variegated yemmore, planted by the Areh Duke Mishnel, in
1818 , in connuenoration of their visits. In another part of thic earden, if a Bririth oakk, planted
by her Majesty (then Prinecss $V$ ietorian) in connecmoration of her visit, in 1832 ; and an Anerican clestnut, planted by the Dnehess of Kent, at
the sanice tine. Beyond, in the park. is a tive old the sanie tive. Bey.ond, in the park. is a tiue old
tone bridge, supposed to be built after a design tone bridge, supposed to be built after a design
by Miehael Angelo. Queen Maryls Bower ix a Heavy stone structure. surronnded by a moat. and has the appearance of having been originally con-
structed lor a battery or redoubt. Beyond the iver the ground rixes in gentle matulations. nutd sistancy ioted with vimas
distances is a range of hills.
On the south is an extensive lawn, perfectly
cvel, with straight paths, bordered with $n$ row of fine marble stathes of the, gods and goddesses, and laced interinediatc. In the centre is a fine old ountain, with dolphins, sea horses, \&c., throwing strexm of wilcte Gf fect high. Berond is ang other lawn, with an a venue of gigantie lime trees on the west, nuld an necient grore of beeclues on
the east $;$ in the centre of this lawn n is n harge oblong slicet of water; at the north end of which is

 the roortd. throwing nstrean to the prond
haght of action, create sens. Thestions of a sumblimes nature, in a much highor degrece than
duction I ever witnessed.
Ont the east the ground rises considerably, and
in the mannedrate vicinity of the ninnsion. is terraced and ornanicnted rith, Ltalian and geometric
gardens ; farther on, the ground risss fisler, and a gardens; farther on. the ground rises fister, and a
cascadc, buith at the samo time with the older cascadc, Luith at the saino time with the older
part of the mansion, furnis a conspicuous olject. The head is a rustic temple, surmounted by a
dome, and profusely ornamented with lion's lome. and profusely ornaniented with lion
heuls, dolphins, sea-nymphs, urns. \&c.. through Thich the water rushes witl, grent force, covering
it with one broad mass of foam and spray whick it with one broad mass of fonan and spray, whicli. on fahing into a hasin, in front, roths down a great
nimber of steps and ledges for about threc hun dred yards, and is then engulphed, passing under the haw, and appearing in the ohd circollar founat the Tazza Foumain, on the west part of the mansion. Still farther cast the hills growr steeper
and witder, and are clothed with dense woods. forming an andnivable Dackground to the picturc.
East of the Empleror Fountain, is the Gireat Con-
 high in the centre, wlich is by fir the largest
structure of the kind in the wortd. As this building lins such $n$ world-wide renown, it scems annecessary for me to syy ynore than thit it fulifss
the noost singuine expectitions of its projectors. and already has sercral plants reaching to tha Around the conservatory is a broad space Alanted as a flowcr garden, heren a tow terrice alout twelve feet; then a broad gravel walk all around, affiording fine riews of the conservator
and its surroundings; the sloping bank is planter with Chilh pincs, Araucaria imbricuta, and a border of brilliant flowers. The central passigo
through the conscrvatory forms part of the drive; tarough the conscrvatory forms part of the dive ;
and I was informod that tho Duka often indulged his friends with 2 ride through it in a coaclo and o the north, on leaving thic conservatory, hat drive enters a gigantic rockcry, with wat
falls, pools, \&c., whicl are so naturna, that it with offlieulty many are made to belicve it is
will artilicial. This rock work is certainly on the
most stupendous scalc of any thing of the kind in the poord, and forms a screen, or rather a pieee of Alpino scencry, dividing the grounds around
he mansion with its rich pastures, fron the nammoth conservatory.
There is hero no dwindling away into mcre innitation. The thing is really and substantially
us natural as if Sir Joseph Paxton had, by some Durbernatural means, moved a slice of one of the Durbyshire hills, and set $1 t$ down here. Many of
the stoues arc severnl tons in weight, and are piled up to an enormous hight, and scattcred around in great profusion. Among the many oirks of tho kind thave aiready scen, this is the
only one that did not seem a puny effort, (notwithitanding their naturalness), as compared with heir snrroundings.
The frut and vegetable gardens are situated cupy ing about 12 acres, and cont mansion, ocRegia house, 68 feet by 49 feet, whero tho first
:pecinaun of this gen of specinan of this genn of South American waters
was propagated. One of the frst flows, caf nearly six feet in diameter, was presented to Her Majesty, the Queen, on the 9 th of November
1843. Lhis unioue strut 184. This unique structure was the germ from
which sprung the iden of the grand building at the garden ia Sir Joscph Paxton's residence : the garden ia Sir Josceh Paxton's residence : an
Anglo-ltalian rilla on a largo scalo, with a tine
tomer and all the necessary ontes-a model
strieture of this kind, and charmingly located on
the margin of the park, with the grounds tastethe mare gin of the park, with the grounds taste-
fully luid ont nud planted with a great variety of
ond choice trees, shruls
and unsparing hand.
These grounds and plantations I consider of a far higher order than sume lately nade east of ture
inansiour and prest cunservatory new drives and walks 1 cannot speak in very high terms of conmendation. They are stiff in their
cirves, and two inuch regard has heell paid to keping a regular grade over the undulating and pictrresque grounds. Cuttings arc made through
stight eminences, leaving their sides nearly vertical. and the turf pegged on to make it stay, and
dend at that, (the first dend solding 1 he in this country). These cuttings are exactly what an engin
The sketch herc given of Chatsworth, will, trust, be cliough to give the reader some idea of
its deep interent and great extent ; being npwards of elevent mites in circumference, stocked with mimmerous herds of deer. nd nd prepenting riety of axpeet; the lofty mountain and the lowly
valley; the valley; the gently sweling ciumence and bat ver
dant lavn; the woodel hight and the bald bluf erng; the majestic trees of hundreds of years
grow th: arowth; the ulegant parterre; the nobie strean
and the colivening fountain. Nature and art have combined to render this noble mansion ercrything that coukd bed fircd for ine resingence
of tirst rank and fortune in the kingdom.

## California Flowers,

We present this week the deseriptions of two new Flowers, that are now figured in the English works, and by them estecined of great merit Americuns aro behind the age; our Fiorists wil pernit others to bring out Californin Flowers and higure them in Enrope, even before they are bronght into notice here, ujon our own noil. This should not be. Where are Walker Center, and Sontng, of San Francisco? and where arc Prorost, and Delmar, of San Jose-and friend Smith, of our own city? They must wake up and not let others get ahead of them :
 nin-A half harty (or hardy ?) plaut; growint three or four feat high; with deticate rink flow ers; appearing in sumincr ; inereased by layers;
grown in sandy peat and loam.-But. Alagazine; grown in sandy
1855 : plate 8803

A line rhorlodendron from California, which has ateracted muel attention among the English
cultivators. It tras the labitit of $R$. cataubiense with stout brmehes, and flowers fect a foot high, haring three or four of its showy
hcuds of blossons. It was introduced by Messrs. Veiteh, King's Road, where ewe were struek with the grent beanty of living flowering plants of the
same exhibiting a richness of eolor in the varicd pule and deep rusy tints of the numurons corolins
of whlich the targe hends are buantifuly nestled in nn iuvolucre as it wers. fornied by tite hand-
some green teaves constitriting a dark back cround to the flowcrs." It is not stated in what
loeality it was found. or at what eleration, but probably it nasy prove hardy. and beronne a
valualle acquisition.-Bot. Mag., (July.)
Leptonacrrlon Cafirornicom.- A beantiful new plant from California, exhibited by Mexses. genus was foundect on two North American plants, called Phlox Hloodin, But which has been found to differ from Philox in the ovary containing a great one of the mocad or onc or two. William Colb, who found it on the nountains of St. Bernardino, in California, who describes it as an cucrgreeu elirub, two to four feet high. The
woud is hard, the branehes closely covered with wood is hard, the branches closely covered with
bright green, stiff. finely cut leavos, and loaded with rosc-olored flowers as targe as those of our
common phlox. It will, undoubtenly; prove a
 valuabie
Chron.

## A Singular Tree.

Mr. Entron: Soveral times within two years 1 have been asked whether I had ever scen or hcard of a certain curious or singular evergrcen trce in the town of Mctbuen, in Essex county,
Mass., and being engaged in raising forest or ornamental trees, 1 this day took the trouble to go $n$ short distance out of my way to sec it, and proposc to givo you a short description of it, viz. :
I should descrive it as a white pine tree, 35 fcet in hight, 18 inches in diameter 3 frot from the ground, strnight and smooth like an old growth swamp pine up to athout forming a head 25 feet in diameter, of rery regular cone shape, so thick aa to bo entirefy impcth limba are so thick thy
birds on the wing. The it would be alnost impossible for $a$ nana to climb through it. Ton seed cones that I found under it measured less than thrce inclies in length, (the common pine averaging over six), the leaves being very much thicker than the common pinc, and
tho joints on whorls of timbs. the tree stand in open, cultivated ground, and is perfectly thrifty Several yourg trees tbat lave been transplanted
and cultivated by Mr. Jercmiah Barker, are 21-2 feet high, and tho diamoter or spread of limb greater diametcr than hight. Frons its gencral new varioty of the whito pine not described by new varioty of the whito pine not described by
Mr. Emerson in his "Tress of Massachusetts"

At any rato, it will well pay any lover of trees
 fiom Lawrence. and a nille or two more than that distance from Lowell. in a north-casterly that It is one of the greasent from the Barilett faru). ever saw in the shape or form of a tree.-B. $F$.
Cutler in New Ligland Furmer.
 Cineinnati, 0. .) I received from the Arricultural Division of the Patent Onice, the "Chufns or name of "Cy perns Eseulen tus,", with the follorring notiees of the same
"It prnus spontancously, in the light homisa the Sonth of Franee. If ptanted in Jlay or Junc they are ready to be harvested in October. They nit. and like them may be enten rair or cooked. They are ehiseliy employed bor making an orgeat, much used in Spain. Cuba, and other hot climetes where it is kuown. When maslied to a flour, Wite is white, swtel nud very arreeable to the of inik. At Almacero and Allinane considerablo attention is devoted to the cultivation of this plant, eirht acres of hand yielding n profit of clanted the tut
planted the tubers or bilbs, according to
directions accompanying them. They are growing rigorousily, and very. easily are now requiring no special carc, and I have no douts, will be as productive as any regctable grown in
this climate. I hope to have sed che some two ncres of cultivation next season. It is
It is worthy of cultiration as an ornauruental plant.
Gnapls.- The method of training vines which produce tho famons grapes that supply the Paris narket, consists in allowing the plants very litile
rooms to grow cither with their brancles or their rom to grow either with their brancles or theiz
roots, and in kecping the latter very near the surface of the gromind; each rine is only allowicd
sour to ocoulpy a spaco of about six feet. so that the error in gro ning grapes in Britain cousists in error in growing grapes in Britaincolssists in
training thenn into elcuations. They ripen bent when trained wear the ground, ill open air. The in France, Jeseniblc plantations of groseberry binshes, with the bunclics close to tho soil, the Cat of which ripens them. -E.x.
Blachbenaies in the Mhodle of Ocrober- Prof. Page showed us the other day, a bunch of progress. from the ripe to the green frosit. It was plack cal from a vine of the rariety known as the
Lawion or New lochelle blacklicrry and is the secont crop from the same reat. Wie have now strawberrics, raspberriess. nnd i, hackb
Oetober, and wLat next?-Niat. litel.

## England va United States

Wrile so much is paraded in our journals elative to the angry feeling engendering in Eng. land against ins, it is well to know that the Tiines does not express the ininds of all England ; there is another side to the question, and we quote with pleasurc from tho London Daily Telegraph, a paper elaiming a larger circultation than even feeling of the English nation. Ilear what the Tclegraph says upon the Cranptou question

The Amcrican people have, sinco the cominencement of the war with Russia, evinced to-
wards us tho most honorablo neutrality. Where are those swarms of 'long, low, black, piraticallooking Yankee privateers,' who wero to have swept our commerce from the sea? - whero those vuccanccring expeditions into Canada? - where those tumultuous assemblages of lawless $b^{\prime}$ boys, who wero to have urged upon their government the advantnge of a war with England, as Eng-
Innd's werplexity was to bo Amerien's apportunid's serplexity was to be America's opportunj-
All these prophccies are now mouldering in ho waste-paper basket of the 'limes newspaper. Sut this innch let us remoinbcr, and forgot it not the present moment, that tha high-minded
English nation hired low ruffians to proceed to the United States, and recruit meus fromil the Five Points and gin-shops, to enter our Foreign logion. Our Ambassador at Washington, our Governors of Canada and Nora Scotia encouraged open violation of the neutrality laws of the United Statee. We inust, forsooth, send over our Colonial braggarts into tho States to organizo so nd mirable a plan. Joe Howe, and other of his brawling fratornity, were dispntehed post-laste hy that stuck-up sanpio of a covernor, sir cas
pard lic Marchant-more fit for governorship of a military prison than a Bririah maritinne powerosoiv thic seeds of a very holl broth
"Instead of our bouncing and Qustering, it is he Governincnt at Washington that has tho right that Court, and also the recall of the Gaverno of Nova Scotia ; for it is those two worthics who havo nenrly embroiled Engtand and America in a revolting struggle."
Pnaren.- Somo onc lans qunintly but truly
said, that :God looks not at the oratory of yours said, that "God looks not at the oratory of yous
prayers, how clonuent they are; not at their logic, how methodically they are; but Ilc looks at thei sincerity, how spirituml they are.

## atliscclany

## the calinniated.


We ding tio pesceful way-avol
$Y$ elding when fulfe begen;
Gent e in beariag, yet he frintr trod
lo deall, itn worl, in form, a man af god
I wacheel the meek-browed one-
Swe ting with loward gibo and oncer, the erowd
Gothered a round bie path-thicn, hiboel aloud Guthaceed a round bie path-then, hlot
Whats all hut fiende would ohun; A tenipeal of vile worsh and inunts and joora,
That Gillad my enul with grief and angered fea 1 marked ble tortured lool
Ihis frumo, one luatant lost lte colin control,
As though an leebott eruathed upon
His spirlt writhen, as if 'twould hreak awnis
The chain thne tiuk ind ts to uuthnpys ciny
Allmmer one noment from his aoul of palnPandon's wild struggle 1 Thien canne penco ngaiz
With eye bereft of ireSustuined of Gud-ho louked the wolres at hay $t$ mingled in the throng,
Aner the meek one's steps bad pased awny, Hud done euch eruel wrong;
Wby picree him thus, as with a oharpened dar
They foully cursed his onane;-
Decked hims all out wibh rohee of darkest hue:1 bypocrite-shufter-inastand-mos
In friondehip. He inade game Of homar, religion, all the choicest tie ad told huge lle

## Such were their truthleus rorde

Falee as those apokeo by the ruthless clan,
That once holied the blessed Son of Man 1
That onee holied the blessed Son of
I len those shomeleas herds :-
Awny to eolitude, ln grief I crept-
This, his earth's nature-sh I 1 could bave wept I

## Behold upos the hight:-

ar from the Babel-hauots wherc rudo men hive, out and thrive, And carth is ewvathed in nightWith hand and eye upraiseli-and temples in rel

The perfect grace of thal proud, ewelling formiFit to cmbrace the wnve, or breasl the storm, Or brook the trupic's bluze) Appronch ye nearer yet rnd closer actan-
Wondere of enrth! it ts the neek-hrowed maa

## Awny fiom those rough micu,

## We saw him once, horne durnn ,he

 That bound nud galles him then!Oh! wondrous changel unfictered as Oh! wondrous changel unfictered se the lit

## No ywillit $\mu \mathrm{p}$ te hero

No quiv'ring nerve-no cyo oppreseed with gloon, Nor wearied epirit longiug for
Wrapped in God's glory-tanding hue apart-
Oht yon; bechold him naw
The llght of Genius-sboughise divine-appear

## Upoun his noble hiow 1

In apllitual freelonn iltited from the earth,
IIo fecte-lic kuowe-to chime lifs highor hirt
New atrength th to his oun
Then he agnin elinil trend the thorny putb,
Aud brenthe the duat-he'll feel hatat reorn and wrath Can naver more cotitrnl.
MHuslonthe enrth - tho sir-the

## Werene cerrh-tho air-the beauteons aky-

Nnjure eaye-Cone to me,
All y who cannot b-nor acd whelares: cto my mlos-erowned hitls and manatain cance:
There thnu art Areah, and Fre! Tocre thnu art Creas, and Free:
Thero all is thino-balow, nrinuudd athovel
There wed thyeel( ta Beauty, Truth, and Lorel sip Swoten, Fucific Ocoun, July 15, 1849.
Ocecration. - What a glorious thing it is fo tho human heart? Those who work hard sel dom yield themselvos entirely ap to fancied or
real sorrow. When grief sits down, folds its liands, and mournfully feeds npon its own tears
weaving the dim shadors, that a little exertion might swoep a winy, in to a funeral pall, the strong spirit is shorn of its might, and sorrows becom
our urster. When troubles flow upon you darl and heary, toil not with the wares, wrestle no with the torrent; rathor seek, by occupation,
divert the dark waters that threaten to over divelm you into a thousend channels which th duties of life always present. Before you drean of it, those waters will fertilize the present and give birth to fresh flowers that may brighten thol in tho sunshine which penetrates to the psith o
Juty in spite of every obstacle. Grief, a Rer is but a selfish feeling, and most selfish is th man who yields himself to the indulgevee of an
Ilelp one Another. - Sir Walter Scolt wrote
The race of mankind would perish did the moce to aid each ochor. From the time that th mother binds the ch Id's head, till the momen
that some kind asistant wipes the death dam from the brow of the dywes we eannot exis
Wlithout mutual ib lp. All, therefore, that nee Wlthout mutual is $1 p$. All, therefore, that nee
a d, have ar ght to aik it of the'r fellow mortala

INE ON THE FITERAL OFDR.CHALMERS Burlat In tha new Cemetery uf tho Grango. Jute tib, 1817.
 Go for warl ta thy allent home, thnu clay,
Thou culret ol tha dinmond reft way, Thou cnulet of tha diannond reft way, Thou lonely tenement, thou mighty deced A nalon's blessiug cheored thy liviag why, A antlua's searo attend wy path toriny, And nevored creats are meeting round thy bed.
No mlnatrel' echaplet haund thy lofty hrow
No mighy brenther-out of ang wert thou;
No conquering warrior on his hyy wreathed hie
Nn rullor ol a reatm, nor amined peer.
Nol to clitue honored grave thou goent do
But locke of ollerer are thine only crun
A lawly worblippar, a fallhful pansor,
A child pilko of thine own heloved fano,
The pillur of thine own heloved fano,
Tho wrencher of its chill and crushin
The massor. aplrit of thy ustive land,
The famed, the loved of mang a dielant atrand.
nid now, unconscious of encl honor paid,
hy nou goest hondlaes of each lienving hre
Mridst wrecping thouennde, zo tho phice of reat:
Not where the mighty of the earth aro slecping,
Yot where the escutcheoned vault proud dust is keeplng Near the green shade of trees we lay thine hea Hallowing n new-made city of tho dead
Oh l lovely gooth down the sun at eve When golden streauletsts ahod their parting light, Till the bright mor row of a aummer night. Tilr the hright mor row of a aummer
Thue set thy aon ; no tempeat's powe
Darkoned the hrightnens of thy setting honr No pang, no strugble crossed thy michty ir
Swinly the clinriot for the prophet came, And from thy finished work, lhy gosl•won 1 se
Bore thee to fill thy hlibeful, blood-bought place And oh, our God althouch we mourn that Thou Hass torn our fol her from his children now,
Tet for his joy we thenk Theel And for all Hie glorious yeurs of combat on the wail Oi warring Zion, champion of the breach Where Thoul thy hucklered arm to hins didst rench,
We thank Thec, Lord I And for ench encle fighl, Ve thank Mee, Lord nud for ean engle hight, For each hright proof he gathered from the Of love divine-of inspiration high;
Ald lor hiu wark in every land enalinine The livlng labore of a deathless miod,
We thank Thee, Lord
And for his larse, deep heart,
Where world.wide love bore undirided part
For cach wife councll, oach elcctric word.
For ench wiee councll, osch electric word,
Ench kindly glance which of our ppirlts stirred;
Ench kindly glance which of our apirtus atirred;
For the bright hopo thas soon in heaven we'll muet blen,
And thare, in presence of buloved onen, greet miun, We hlisuk Thee, Lordll And for the endvont duy, When each blest plepper rlses frout the clny:
When he who from our weepiug eves huth gonc
Wher Stunll come niih J Jexue, glorinue rolies to don When tw its cakket cometh bnck the yem,
To dock Inmannuel'o blool hou;ilit diederm; To dock Imannnuel'o blool'hou; ilt diedem;
Whan to its jewelled shonlh returun the sword, When to it jewelled athenth recurna the sword,
With briblitened blsde-wo thank Thee, risea Lord
Shiver Mintit Sing Sing. N. Y.-Tbe N. Y Tribune gives an account of a silver enine at sing Sing. of the existence of which the public have
probably lieen ellifely unaware. It is located probathy heen emircly unaware. It is located
just abore the prison at Sing Sing. and the enjust abore the prison at Sing Sing. and the en-
trance to it is not more than twenty fect from the trance to it is not more than twenty feel from the
line of the lludson river railroad. The existence of silver in this locality was di-corered about the peaseling in sing sine rhile enmened in fishos reciding in sing Sing. While engaged in fishing
along the shore. Ile ohserved what appeared to beng the shore. Tie of siserved what appeared to himestolue furmation, and upon breaking off the piece, foulnd it to be a rich specimen of the pre
cions inctal. Concealing the fret of this discor ery, tho finder subsequently attempted to explore bencath the surface by means of a powder blast. Unfortunately. throngh the very agency br which
he expected to line his pocketu, it eventuated that he expected to line his pookete, it eventuated that his hopes themselves were blasted. It scems tho
report apread, and publieity snatched from the report apread, and publieity snatclised from the
poor filherman the unknown treasures of this argentiferons Golconda
The colonial gorerument soon took the mattir hand, and traced to a considerable depth wha
roved to be a rich rein of silver. A stamping proved to be a rich rein of silver. A stamping didest inhabitarits of the rillage relato that they diast inhaitants of the rillage relate that the been at these works silrer to the amount of several hundred weight. The revolutionary war pui stop to the operations, however, and the work vere suffered to remain idle ontil about a year ago, when a compnny of eitizens, with apparentls 0 inore foresight than capital, reopened the daine, and attempted to rival the success of thei tho spot, and pumping away vigorously for a dae, were exhansted aign groos mismanage Water. Ai this juncture the celebrated pill maker Dr. B. Brandreth, purchased the whole establishment, and is now rigorously engeged in an effort wo obtain the precious metal. Aithough ha has secured sonne rich specimens, it is thought that origiual productive rield of this subterranean soil beyond question; but it is probable that its vein The main shaft of the mine is almost perpenand trenty feet below tido water. The gallerie
 Idistinee onder the Hodson.

## Fiwises nolyartmont.

Eugene to Alloe.
We publish the annexed letter from Engenc and regret that one so mneh enraptured with the beantiftel writings of Alice, ahould bo doomen t such bitter disappointment as wo are complelled to present to him. Alies is worthy all the com
pliments he has paid to her for tho "benuty o her mind alone," and this should always be th standard of man's worship. Most unfortunately for "Eugene," he came too tate-"Alice" is en gaged; snd therefore our friend Eirgene mus bear as well as he can the hard lot of disappoint ment we communicate to him. Ilowever much
we shall grieve for him, we hope to hear from him often:-

Messrs. Enitors: I auna City, Doc. 20, 1853, subscribers for the Farmer. bit, like nany others
I have noticed the rare genius of your corres I hare noticed the rare genisus of your corres-
pondent "Alice," who bids fair, ere long to beeome a distinguished literary character. Th fair Alice may be justly ranked among the most
gifted ladies of Catifornin. IIer talent, and het taste in composition, have given lier a reputation of which every true Californisn may well be
prond. She has been called, and not unjustly, the Mrs. Sigourney of California. That true womanly spirit of heavenly love breathes in all her writings. They are uot only neat and chaste but the impress of "inspiration is there also
Her deseriptions sre very fine. snd perfeotly true Her descriptions sre very tine. snd perfeotly true
to nature. Alice has powerful feolings, a vivid imagination; therefore, whatever her prolific pen touches, she adorus. I coneluded to scnd this note of inquiry to your editorial chair, inasmuch as I am n baehelor, I would inquire through thic
mediun of your worthy baper, if "Alico" bo single ? of her residence? home personal appear anee? I know nothing of whether she be old o heart is youtg. I now write to find out her abode, that I may see her face to face; for I think the "Fair Alicc," as thic literati style ber, must be a charming creature. I picture in iny imag
ination she must de beautiful-from whenee those bird warblings come-a beauty that springs from the heart. from benevolent and pure aflections,
which would give to her eyes, her lonks, her Which would give to her eyes, her lonks, her
voiec. her manners, such angelic charm that one voice. her manners, such angelic charm that on
could not look upon her without exelaiming -

## She wns uearest heaven of all earla 1 k

I think she must have a leart warm and genia as a May rlay, with a combination of courteous enanners which would make her all that would be desirable. With inc, the past has been an
emptied tlask; the rich future a bottle yet monewptied thask; the rich future a bottle yet mu-
corked, aut can 1 say-Alice, share it with me? ? hope my simple lines will be answered; unti

## Your bumble servant

Exgrese.

## A Word to Young Mietresses.

Do not be in a lhurry. directly yon are married a hire a kitchen ful of servants. Cousider firs will really aild to dumestir comfort, rather that What will gratify your own regard to appearances lour fiarents mary hare heen prospernus and ng many servants; bat that does not make ither necessary or right that ynu shonld do th same. J'erhapls they did not when they were
setling out in life, which inay bo one reasnul why hey can afford to do it now. At anyy rate, thei doing so does not gire you a claim to the sam ndulgence, (if such it may becalled), as it is you hitsband's circuinstancfs, not your parents', that
yon are now to colusider. Not a few unsuccoasfua young tradesmen maz trace their difficulties to oung tradesmen majz trace their difticulties to
sant of proper caution in thia respect. And who is there that would not alirink from the itlen o her husband being classed among the unsuccessful? Let the young wife remember, then, tha As to the necessity of keeping more than on sersant-1 will repeat a rough rhyme which
met with the other day, wlen amusing niyself by lookIng over an old mpy-brok, wheren my grea great-aunt had been taught, at one and the sam
time, good writing and a variety' of wholecoms trme, goo

This was the of-repeated writing copy of a little girl in the rear 1 Fol. Perhaps it then proved derstood it very well, for she lired to a good od ge. And those young ones who cannot underelderls friend, mad well will it be if ther profit elderly friend, and well will it be if ther profit coontless tro bles induced by needleasly add ng to the'r expenses and respons bi tey in the unDecessery hire of ser rants.
The copy would seem to express that a rat irma

Ther
ven three.


工| quent ending is, that she wishes to exer |
| :--- |
| newly-acquired knowledge in a "bet |
| nne ine on | and the inistress is left to train

being both practically inexrerienced thy mailo dar on together for a time amidst mich di-conlort, until the mald thinks she has too much to to help the inistress is persuaded to lirie a seconc wsuted to irst, s nd soon finds that the third is has no to.p them, and that with them all sho expenses sre greatly and unjustifiably inereased How is the mistress to extricate herself from
 needed and that one ca ablo wermo would bot acere, guide, and who cannot guide themselves.
If, on commencing housekeeping, you feel tha you are rich enotigh to lire one acrysnt, choose a good one: she will be less expensive and zmor If your means appesr to warrsnt your hiring uro, consider whether the second is likely to rove an nudition to your comiort, and whethe he money that would be so spent might not b If wous aro laid by for a rainy day
If you aro to thinik twice burore taking a second member that not bily exporice but rosponsibit nember that not only expenses, but responsibil nereased to the mistress by cach servant thst sh has, and that, as our cony tells us, she may be better served by two thsn by three, and better by one than tro,

Kiasing.

## "For me, I hles hut very few, But with thant tise my hesrt goee 1 hold very Judas he Vhod kiers hut in

W: are born to hiss and to be kissed. It come as natural to us, as marriage does to a woman,
Why, sir, I can remember kissing the fanily Why, sir, I can remember kissing the fanily babica when was yet in my ersdle, and my
riend, Sir Thomas Lawrence, did himself the onor to point me at my favorite pursuit as you how to paint me at my favorite pursuit, as yo
know that exquisite pieture in my librars know by that exquisite picture in my library,
The rery tirst day I went to school, I kissed al he dear little angels there. I frasn't fairly out of eny alphabet, when I used to wait behind the pump, for my sweetheart to come out of school and as soon as I snw her, I made a point of kiss ing her, just to see how prettily slo blushed. A. vening, on her, snd kiss her asleep, oll the sofa if sho were awake, and the old folks were b 'd wait till they both got nodding, and then kis , all the sweeter for the slyness of the thin Ah! snch stolen draughts are delicions,
I wouldn't gire a sous to kiss a girl in company and I always hated copenhagen, pawns, and yout
orher kissing plays, as I hope I hate tho devil. they had a klocking custom when I wes sount thaterery borly at a wedding should kiss the bride ust as they all drink. in the same free and easy way, out of the one bige china punch bowl; but the practice always hurt my sensibilities; and aroidod weddings as 1 would aroid nglost, bailiff, or any other fright. No, no-get you charnter up into a corner by yourselves; watch when every one's back is turned, then stip your
rm round her waist, and kiss her-with a lons arm round her waist, and kiss her-with a long
wreet kiss, as if you were a bee sucking honey wreet kiss, as
rom a flower.
Jor can one kiss every girl. I'd as lief take pecacnanlia as kiss sonte of your slaarp-chinne iciele-ntunthed, lignmmita-faced spinsters. Wby wouth for a week! I go in for your rosy, pout ng lips, that seem to challenge every one so sauc ly-egad! when wre kiss such at our leisure, we
link we are in a seventh hearen. I onec lived on such a kiss for forty-eight hours; for it took
lie taste for commoner food out of my mouth lie taste for commoner food out of my mouth intirely," as Powers used to say.
Oh, how I do love the wide, dark entries one inds in old manaions, where one could eatch these racy little fairies, and before they were well Tbere's kissing for yonl ! Or to bere's kissing for yon. Or, to go upon a sleig fusy elvatting-while the merry ring of the bell nel the whizzing motion of the vehicle cguge gour spirita to dance for very joy -to make betieve the you wisle to arrange the buffalo, or putl ber ahaw) up clover a round her, and then acealing your faxo lary, white she tlushes to the verg temples, les others may catch you at tho aport. And then, on a sammier eve, to row aliout the bosom of a anooth lake, and while one of the lady a singsand
all the rest livien, to snatch a chance, and laugh


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oultowing cure: "sin-Hnviny beon uttiectal for more thun

 roin the cleccis of which lobuined zuore reliet than trom all

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Dr Wistar's Balsams of Wild Cherry. SETH W, FOWLE Proprietor, Boston, Mass. $\frac{53}{3} 16$ gente lur Sucramento,

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| Do, Prest Two-lione Puwer ............................ 116. | Crosectis wi aria ema |
| D. OumHurse do ................................... *s | pewerfisctt alcat ...... |
| D. Thretber and | or |




## 3) arieties

## We open the hearts of others, when we open

Of our fourteen Presidents, not one was a citizen of a great eity
Were it not for the tears that fill our ejes, hat an ocean would flood our hearts.
If we ean still love those who have made u
ffer, we lore them all the more. , wo the the the
A Western editor asks the following question: "If a fellow las nothing when he gets married,
and the girl has nothing, is her things hizzen or and the girl has n
his things hern?"
Mirmu is like a flash of lightning, that breaks through a tleam of elouds, and glitters for a molo-
ment; eheerfulness keeps up a kind of daylight in the mind and fills it writh a steady and perpetual serenit,

A gentleman having oeeasion to call on a famonts writer, found hium at home in his writing
ctaanber. Ile remarked the great heat of the apartment, and said it was "as hot as an oven." "So it ought to be""
A gallant was lately sitting by the side of his belored, and being unalile to twink of anythitty " 1 don't linow," said she, "unless it is becnuse it an sitting beside a goose l" E.sit, gallant, wilh百
Arench has a drate. -The present Tmpress of ounce, woven from the fibre of a plant. one trile of which weighe but fire grains! 'This corros-
ponds well with the proverbial lerity of the Firench character-says an exclange.
Ikrenfstr. - Ree. H1. Ward Beecher, in a hate letter to the New Iork Independent, thus gives his opinion on farming upon borrowell capital,
and one of the best defituitions of Interest ulat we and one of the best defituitions of interest that we
ever tead: "No blister draws sllarper than interest does. Of all industries none is comparable we interest. It works day and night. in friir
wreather in foul. It has no sound in its font steps, butt travels fast. It gnaws at man's sulbstanee with its film, as a fly is bound inns industry With its film, as a fly is bound upon a slyider's
web. Debt rolls a man orer and orer, binding him hand and foot, nol lecting him hang upon the fatal mesh until the long- llgesed interess de
rours him. There is no crop that can afford to pay interest mortey, of a firin. There is butt one nadian thistle, which swarms new plants every time you break its roots, whose blossous are pro-
lifie. and every flower the father of a million o seeds. Every leaf is an awl, every beanch a spear
and every single plant is like a nets, and : field full of the a is like sn armed host. The whole plant is a torment and a rege a bed of Cannada titistles, than attempt to lie ai $\stackrel{\text { ease upon interest." }}{\text { PERUVIAN FEBRIFUGE, }}$







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