# UNIVERSITYOFMARYLAND 

## Official Publication

## GENERAL CATALOGUE NUMBER

VOL 38
No. 3

CALENDAR FOR 1941－1942

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OFFICIAL PUBLICATION of the

UNIVERSITY of MARYLAND

CATALOGUE NUMBER
1941－1942

Containing general information concerning the University．
Announcements for the Scholastic Year 19．41－1942 and Records of 1940－1941．
Facts，conditions，and personnel herein set forth are as existing at the time of publication，March， 1941.

CALENDAR FOR 1941-1942

| 1941 | 1942 |  | 1943 |
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OFFICIAL PUBLICATION of the<br>UNIVERSITY of MARYLAND

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[^0] Entered as Second Class Matter Under Act of Congress of July 16, 1894.

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# UNIVERSITY CALENDAR 

## 1941-1942

COLLEGE PARK

1941
Sept. 17-20
Sept. 22
Sept. 27

## First Semester

Wednesday-Saturday Registration.
Monday, 8:20 a.m. Instruction for first semester begins.

|  |  | or to file schedule card without penalty. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 14 | Tuesday | Reception to the Faculty. |
| Nov. 15 | Saturday | Homecoming Day. |
| Nov. 19 | Wednesday, 5:10 p.m. | Thanksgiving recess begins. |
| Nov. 24 | Monday, 8:20 a.m. | Thanksgiving recess ends. |
| Dec. 19 | Friday, 5:10 p.m. | Christmas recess begins. |
| 1942 |  |  |
| Jan. 5 | Monday, 8:20 a.m. | Christmas recess ends. |
| Jan. 17 | Saturday | Alumni and Faculty Charter Day Banquet. |
| Jan. 22-29 | Thursday-Thursday | First semester examinations. |
|  | Second Sem | ester |
| Feb. 2-4 | Monday-Wednesday | Registration for the second se- |

Feb. 5 Thursday, 8:20 a.m. Instruction for second semester begins.
Feb. 11 Wednesday Last day to change registration

Fen. 23
March 25
April 2-8
May 26-June
May 30
May 31
June 5
June 6

June 22
July 31
July 31

Last day to change registration
or to file schedule card without penalty.
Washington's Birthday. Holiday. Maryland Day.
Wednesday
Thursday, 5:10 p. m.
Wednesday, 8:20 a. m. Easter recess.
Tuesday-Wednesday Second semester examinations.
Saturday Memorial Day. Holiday
Sunday, 11:00 a.m.
Friday
Baccalaureate sermon.
Class Day.
Commencement.
Summer Session

| Monday | Summer Session begins. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Friday | Summer Session ends. |
| Friday, p. m. | Summer Convocation for confer- |

Friday, p. m.

Summer Session begins Summer Convocation for conferring of degrees.

Notice: No leaves of absence will be granted for a period of twenty-four hours immediately preceding or following the time set for a holiday.

## BALTIMORE

## First Semester

| $\begin{gathered} 1941 \\ \text { September } 15 \end{gathered}$ | Monday | Registration for evening students in Law School. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 16 | Tuesday | Registration for first and second year students in Dentistry. |
| September 17 | Wednesday | Registration for other students in Dentistry. |
| September 17 | Wednesday | Instruction begins with the first scheduled period in evening Law School. |
| September 23 | Tuesday | Registration for first and second year students in Medicine and Pharmacy. |
| September 24 | Wednesday | Registration for all other students in Law (Day), Medicine and Pharmacy. |
| September 24-27 | WednesdaySaturday | Registration for all Education students. |
| September 25 | Thursday | Instruction begins with the first scheduled period for Law (Day), Medicine and Pharmacy. |
| September 29 | Monday | Instruction begins for Education students. |
| November 19 | Wednesday | Thanksgiving recess begins after the last scheduled period for all schools. |
| November 24 | Monday | Instruction resumed with the first scheduled period for all schools. |
| December 20 | Saturday | Christmas recess begins after the last scheduled period for all schools. |
| 1942 |  |  |
| January 5 | Monday | Instruction resumed with the first scheduled period for all schools. |
| January 26-31 | Monday- <br> Saturday | Registration for the second semester for all schools. |
| January 31 | Saturday | First semester ends after the last scheduled period in all schools. |
| Second Semester |  |  |
| February 2 | Monday | Instruction begins with the first scheduled period for all schools. |
| February 23 | Monday | Washington's Birthday. Holiday. |


| April 1 | Wednesday | Easter recess begins after the last sched- <br> uled period for all schools. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| April 8 | Wednesday | Instruction resumed with the first sched- <br> uled period for all schools. |
| May 29 | Friday | Second semester ends for Education stu- <br> dents. |
| June 6 | Saturday | Commencement. <br> June 17 |
|  | Wednesday | Second semester ends for evening Law <br> School. |

*A student who neglects or fails to register prior to or within the day or dars specified for his or her school will be called upon to pay a late registration fee of five specifed
$(\$ 5.00$ ). The last day of registration with fee added to regular charge of the week in in which of registration with fee added to regular charge is Saturday, at non
of tion begins following the specified registration period. rule may be waived ons upon the written recommendation of the deans).
$\star$ The offices of the registrar

 is encouraged.

Easter recess begins after the last sched ped for all schols. uled period for all schools. dents.

Second semester ends for evening Law School

BOARD OF REGENTS
W. W. Skinner, Chairman $\quad{ }^{2}$

Kensington, Montgomery County
Henry Holzapfel, Jr., Vice-Chairman
Hagerstown, Washington County
Mrs. John L. Whitehurst, Secretary
1947
4101 Greenway, Baltimore
J. Milton Patterson, Treasurer........................................................................................... 1944

1015 Argonne Drive, Baltimore
William P. Cole, Jr.
Towson, Baltimore County
*Harry H. Nuttle
Denton, Caroline County
W. Calvin Chesnut1942

Roland Park, Baltimore
John E. SEmmes.................................................................................................................... 1942
100 W. University Parkway, Baltimore

Rowland K. Adams
1808 Fairbank Road, Baltimore
**Philip C. Turner.
Parkton, Baltimore County

[^1]
## OFFICERS OF ADMINISTRATION

H. C. Byrd, LL.D., D.Sc., President of the University.
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H. J. Patterson, D. Sc., Dean Emeritus of Agriculture.
T. H. Taliaferro, C. E., Ph.D., Dean of the Faculty.
H. Boyd Wylie, M.D., Acting Dean of the School of Medicine.
J. M. H. Rowland, Sc.D., LL.D., M.D., Dean Emeritus of the School of
Medicine.

Annie Crighton, R.N., Superintendent of Nurses, Director of the School of Nursing.
J. Ben Robinson, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Dean of the School of Dentistry.

Andrew G. DuMez, Ph.G., Ph.D., Dean of the School of Pharmacy.
E. Frank Kelly, Phar.D., D.Sc., Advisory Dean of the School of Pharmacy. Roger Howell, LL.B., Ph.D., Dean of the School of Law.
Henry D. Harlan, A.M., LL.B., LL.D., Dean Emeritus of the School of Law.
C. O. Appleman, Ph.D., Dean of the Graduate School.
L. B. Broughton, Ph.D., Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences.

Harold Beinjamin, Ph.D., Dean of the College of Education, Director of the Summer Session.
S. S. Steinberg, B.E., C.E., Dean of the College of Engineering.
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M. Marie Mount, A.B., M.A., Dean of the College of Home Economics.
H. F. Cotterman, Ph.D., Assistant Dean of the College of Agriculture.

Geary F. Eppley, M.S., Dean of Men, Director of Athletics.
Adele H. Stamp, M.A., Dean of Women.
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W. J. Huff, Ph.D., D.Sci., Acting Director of Engineering Experiment Station.
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H. T. Casbarian, B.C.S., C.P.A., Comptroller.

Edgar Long, Ph.D., Acting Director of Admissions.
Alma H. Preinkert, M.A., Registrar.
F. K. Haszard, B.S., Secretary to the President.

Carl W. E. Hintz, A.M.L.S., Librarian.
H. L. Crisp, M.M.E., Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds.
t. A. Hutton, Purchasing Agent.

## OFFICERS OF INSTRUCTION

For the Year 1940-1941

## At College Park

PROFESSORS
Charles Orville Appleman, Ph.D., Professor of Botany and Plant Physiology, Dean of the Graduate School.
hayes Baker-Crothers, Ph.D., Professor of History.
Ronald Bamford, Ph.D., Professor of Botany.
haroid Benjamin, Ph.D., Dean of the College of Education, Director of Summer School.
fred Wilson Besley, Ph.D., Professor of Farm Forestry, State Forester. luther Allen Black, Ph.D., Professor of Bacteriology.
Levin Bowland Broughton, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry, Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences, State Chemist.
Glen David Brown, M.A., Professor of Industrial Education.
arthur Louis Brueckner, B.S., V.M.D., Professor of Animal Pathology.
Theodore Carroll Byerly, Ph.D., Professor of Poultry Husbandry.
Ray Wilford Carpenter, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Agricultural Engineering, State Drainage Engineer.
Roger Balley Corbett, Ph.D., Director of Agricultural Experiment Station. Ernest Neal Cory, Ph.D., Professor of Entomology, State Entomologist, Assistant Director of Extension.
harold F. Cotterman, Ph.D., Professor of Agricultural Education, Assistant Dean of the College of Agriculture, State Supervisor of Vocational Agriculture.
Myron Creese, B.S., E.E., Professor of Electrical Engineering.
Tobias Dantzig, Ph.D., Professor of Mathematics.
Samuel Henry DeVault, Ph.D., Professor of Agricultural Economics and Farm Management.
Nathan Lincoln Drake, Ph.D., Professor of Organic Chemistry.
Alice Gwendolyn Drew, M.A., Professor of Physical Education for Women.
Ray Ehrensberger, Ph.D., Professor of Speech.
Charles Garfield Eichlin, A.B., M.S., Professor of Physics.
Charles Walter England, Ph.D., Professor of Dairy Manufacturing.
William Franklin Falls, Ph.D., Professor of Modern Languages.
Thomas Dewees Finley*, Lieutenant Colonel, Inf., U. S. Army, Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
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Allen Garfield Gruchy, Ph.D., Professor of Finance and Economics.
Charles Brockway Hale, Ph.D., Professor of English.
Harold Curtis Hand, Ph.D., Professor of Education.
Malcolm Morrison Haring, Ph.D., Professor of Physical Chemistry.
Lawrence Vaughan Howard, Ph.D., Professor of Political Science.
*On leave.

Wilbert James Huff, Ph.D., D.Sc., Professor of Chemical Engineering, Acting Director of Engineering Experiment Station.
Lawrence Henry James, Ph.D., Professor of Bacteriology.
Robert Andrew Jehle, Ph.D., Professor of Pathology, State Pathologist.
John Gamewell Jenkins, Ph.D., Professor of Psychology.
Carl Smith Joslyn, Ph.D., Professor of Sociology.
Arnold Edward Joyal, Ph.D., Professor of Educational Administration.
Morley Allan Jull, Ph.D., Professor of Poultry Husbandry.
William Beck Kemp, Ph.D., Professor of Agronomy.
Frederick Harold leinbach, M.S., Professor of Animal Husbandry.
Edgar fauver Long, Ph.D., Professor of Education, Acting Director of Admissions.
Charles Leroy Mackert, M.A., Professor of Physical Education for Men. Charles Harold Mahoney, Ph.D., Professor of Olericulture.
Fritz Marti, Ph.D., Professor of Philosophy.
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arthur Searle Thurston, M.S., Professor of Floriculture and Landscape Gardening.
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Edgar Perkins Walls, Ph.D., Professor of Canning Crops.
harry Redcay Warfel, Ph.D., Professor of English.
Sivert Matthew Wedeberg, A.M., C.P.A., Professor of Accounting.
Claribel Pratt Welsh, M.A., Professor of Foods.

Mark Frederick Welsh, M.S., D.V.M., Professor of Veterinary Science, state Veterinarian. Charles edind Wysor, Jr., Lieutenant Colonel, Inf. U. S. Army, Acting Robier Professor of Military Science and Tactics.

Professor of Minger, Ph.D., Professor of Mechanical Engineering. John Elliotr Younger, Ph.D., Professor of Modern Languages.

## LECTURERS

padl Reece Achenbach, b.S., Lecturer on Heating, Ventilation, and Refrigeration.
Oliver Edwin Baker, Ph.D., Lecturer on Agricultural Economics. george Edward Bertram, b.S., Lecturer on Soils and Foundations. Gliby Buell Gurney, Ph.D., Lecturer on Taxonomy.
sipy Rutledge hall, B.S., Lecturer on Municipal Sanitation. frank L. Hess, B.S., Lecturer on Geology.
frank L. Hess, b.s., Lecturerturer on Electrical Communications. Frank Gregg Kear, D.Sc., Lectur. James Gilmer McManaway, Ph.D., Lecturer on Economics (Baltimore). William Martin Nevins, Ph.D., Lecturer on Enzymes.
William Ward Pig ing Ph.D., Lecturer on Marketing and Business

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arthur D. Willard, Jr., B.A., Lecturer on Speech.
James Franklin Yeager, Ph.D., Lecturer on Entomology.

## ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS

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解
Herbert rodericil Ph Associate Professor of Education.
Henry Brechbill, Ph.D., Associate Pron B.S., Associate Professor of Agricultural
James William
Economics. Crawford, D.V.M., Associate Professor of Veterinary Science.
(eVolt, M.S., D.V.M., Associate Professor of Animal Pathology.
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Vertrees Judson Wycoff, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Economics.

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Gordon Louis Judd, First Lieutenant, Inf. Reserve, U.S. Army, Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
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Frank Martin Lemon, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English.
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Polly Kessinger Moore, M.S., Assistant Professor of Textiles and Clothing. Charles Driscoll Murphy, A.M., Assistant Professor of English.
arthur Charles Parsons, A.M., Assistant Professor of Modern Languages (Baltimore).
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William Elbert Bickley, Jr., Ph.D., Instructor, Extension Entomology. Herbert Roderick Bird, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Extension Poultry Nutrition.
Ray Wilford Carpenter, A.B., LL.B., Professor, Extension Agricultural Engineering, State Drainage Engineer.
John Alfred Conover, B.S., Associate Professor, Extension Dairy Husbandry.
Ernest Neal Cory, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Entomology, State Entomologist.
John Cotton, B.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Soil Erosion.
Carroll Eastburn Cox, M.S., Instructor, Extensioai Plant Pathology.
Samuel Henry DeVault, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Agricultural Economics.
inden Seymour Dodson, Ph.D., Assistant Professor, Extension Sociology. Lawrence Elden Downey, M.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Marketing. Mylo Snavely Downey, B.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Boys' Club Work.
Castillo Graham, Ph.D., Assistant Professor, Extension Entomology. James Martin Gwin, B.S., Associate Professor, Extension Egg Marketing. William Edgar Harrison, Assistant, Extension Marketing.
Jessie Delcina Hinton, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Home Management.

Herman Aull Hunter, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Canning Crops. Walter Fulton Jeffers, Ph.D., Instructor, Extension Pathology. Robert Andrew Jehle, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Plant Pathology, State Pathologist.
Morley Allan Jull, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Poultry Husbandry
William Beck Kemp, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Agronomy:
Albin Owings Kuhn, M.S., Assistant, Extension Agronomy.
Albert Victor Krewatch, M.S., E.E., Associate Professor, Extension Rural Electrification.
George Shealy Langford, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Extension Entomology.
John Winfield Magruder,* B.S., Associate Professor, Extension Agronomy. Wilbur Dwight McClellan, B.S., Instructor, Extension Plant Pathology. Margaret McPheeters, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Nutrition.
DeVoe Meade, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Animal Husbandry.
Charles Percival Merrick, B.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Drainage Engineering.
James Burton Outhouse, B.S., Instructor, Extension Animal Husbandry. Calvin Platt Poppell, Assistant Professor, Extension Marketing.
Walter Benjamin Posey, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Tobacco.
Harlan Randall, B.Mus., Assistant Professor, Extension Music.
Wade Hampton Rice, B.S., Associate Professor, Extension Poultry Husbandry.
Franklin Kirk Sampson, Assistant, Extension Marketing.
Albert Lee Schrader, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Pomology.
Stewart Baker Shaw, B.S., Professor, Extension Marketing, Chief State Department of Markets.
Helen Shelby, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Clothing.
Mark Mercer Shoemaker, A.B., M.L.D., Associate Professor, Extension Landscape Gardening.
Carl B. Smith, M.S., Instructor, Extension Agricultural Economics.
Arthur Searle Thurston, M.S., Professor, Extension Landscape Gardening.
Joseph McNaughton Vial, B.S., Professor, Extension Animal Husbandry.
Albert Frank Vierheller, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Horticulture.
Rufus Henry Vincent, B.S., Instructor, Extension Entomology.
Earnest Artman Walker, Ph.D., Assistant Professor, Extension Plant Pathology.
Edgar Perkins Walls, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Canning Crops. Forrest Brookes Whittington, M.S., Instructor, Extension Entomology. Charles Simpson Williams, B.S., Instructor, Extension Poultry Husbandry. Callender Fayssoux Winslow, A.B., M.F., Assistant Professor, Extension Forestry.
Leland Griffith Worthington, B.S., Instructor, Extension General Education.

COUNTY AGENTS
(Field)
Name
Headquarters
County
Allegany... Ralph Frank McHenry, B.s., Associate Professor, Anne Arundel........Stanley Everett Day, B.S., Assistant Professor,

Baltimore $\qquad$ Horace Bennett Derrick, B.S., Associate Professor
Calvert.. - John Boome Morsell, B.S., Assistant Professor, Prince Frederick Caroline...-Georane Watson Clendaniel, B.S., Associate Professor, Carroll. $\qquad$ landon Crawford Burns, B.S., Associate Professor, Cecil... $\qquad$ James Zenus Miller, B.S., Assistant Professor.......Elkton Charles. $\qquad$ Paul Dennis Brown, B.S., Associate Professor.... La Plata Dorchester William Russell McKnight, B.S., Associate Professor,
Frederick Henry Reese Shoemaker, B.S., M.A., Associate Professor,
Frederick
Garrett. $\qquad$ John Hurley Carter, B.S., Assistant Professor.....Oakland Harford. Henry Morrison Carroll, b.S., Associate Professor,

Howard. $\qquad$ Warren Graham Myers, B.S., Assistant Professor

Kent. $\qquad$ James Dunham McVean, B.S., Associate Professor

Montgomery...........Otto Watson Anderson, M.S., Associate Professor, Rockville
Prince Georges...... Percy Ellsworth Clark, B.S., Assistant Professor,
Upper Marlboro Queen Annes..........Mark Kermit Miller, B.S., Assistant Professor,
St. Marys. Joseph Juluus Johnson, Assistant Professor, Centerville

Somerset Clarence Zeigler Keller, B.S., Associate Professor,

Talbot. $\qquad$ Prowness Anne Washington. $\qquad$ Milton Donaldson Moore, M.S., Associate Professor,

Wicomico. $\qquad$ James Paul Brown B , Assistant Professor Salisbury
Worcester. $\qquad$ Robert Thornton Grant, B.S., Associate Professor,

Snow Hill

## Assistant County Agents



## Local Agents-Negro Work

Southern
Maryland..............Martin Green Bailey, B.S., Instructor............... Seat Pleasant Eastern Shore........Louis Henderson Martin, Instructor................Princess Anne

## COUNTY HOME DEMONSTRATION AGENTS (Field)

County
Name
Headquarters
Allegany.............. Maude Alberta Bean, Associate Professor........Cumberland Anne Arundel...... Anna Trentham, B.S., Associate Professor...............owson Baltimore Frances E. Beegle, B.S., Assistant Professor......................... Calvert. Angela Mae Feiser, B.S., Associate Professor,

Prince Frederick
Caroline Bessie Marguerite Spafford, B.S., Associate Professor,
Denton
Carroll... Adeline Mildred Hoffman, M.A., Assistant Professor,
Westminster
Cecil. $\quad$ Helen Irene Smith, B.A., Associate Professor.... Elkton
 Cambridge
Frederick Florararance Elizabeth Williams, B.S., Associate Professor, Frederick
Garrett.... Miladred Eva Barton, B.S., Associate Professor..... Oakland Harford - Catharine Maurice, B.S., Associate Professor................. Air Howard.............. Kathryn Elizabeth Newton, M.S., Associate Professor, Ellicott City
Kent $\qquad$ Helen Nickerson Schellinger, Associate Professor,

Chestertown
Montgomery.... Edi. Eythe Margaret Turner, Associate Professor... Rockville

Prince Georges....Ethel Mary Regan, Associate Professor............ Hyattsville Preen Annes.... Helen Marie Harner, B.S., Assistant Professor,
 Somerset....................Hilda Topfer, B.S., Assistant Professor.-............................ Talbot..........................argaret Smith, B.S., Associate Prociate Professor,
Washington..............Ardath Ellen Martin, B.S., Associate Professor, Hagerstown
Wiomico Esther Weightman Bower, M.S., Assistant Professor,
Worcester..................Lucy Jane Walter, Associate Professor................... Snow Hill
Worcester Assistant County Home Demonstration Agents
Allegany. Thelma Ryan, Instructor. Cumberland Local Home Demonstration Agents (Colored)
Charles,
St. Marys,
Prince Georges
and Montgom-
ery $\qquad$ (Mrs.) Arminta Johns Dixon, Instructor......Seat Pleasant Somerset Assistant Local Home Demonstration Agent (Colored)
Charles,
St. Marys,
Prince Georges
and Montgom-
ery
Ethel Laurence Branch, B.S., Instructor...Seat Pleasant

LIVE STOCK SANITARY SERVICE AND DEPARTMENT
OF VETERINARY SCIENCE
(College Park)
Mark Frederick Welsh, D.V.M., M.S., Professor of Veterinary Science, State Veterinarian.
James W. Hughes, D.V.M., LL.B., Associate Professor of Veterinary Science, Associate State Veterinarian.
Arthur Louis Brueckner, B.S., V.M.D., Professor of Animal Pathology, in Charge of College Park Laboratory.
Leo Joseph Poelma, D.V.M., M.S., Associate Professor of Animal Pathology.
William Rush Crawford, D.V.M., Associate Professor of Veterinary Science.
Harold Moon DeVolt, D.V.M., M.S., Associate Professor of Animal Pathology.

Clyde LoRayne Everson, D.V.M., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, in Charge of Baltimore Laboratory.
Charles Robert Davis, D.V.M., M.S., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science.
Irvin M. Moulthrop, D.V.M., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, in Charge of Salisbury Laboratory.
George Edwin Daniel, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Parasitol. ogy.
Charles Henry Cunningham, D.V.M., M.S., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, in Charge of Centreville Laboratory.
Melvin Moses Rabstein, V.M.D., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, U. S. Cooperative Agent.

James W. Crowl, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Centreville.
H. B. Wood, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Hagerstown.
Clarence J. Gibbs, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Upper Marlboro.
J. Walter Hastings, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Cambridge.
J. J. Jones, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, LaPlata.
$\overline{\text { Cuhas. R. Lockwood, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, }}$ Towson.
Mahlon H. Trout, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Salisbury.
William B. Coughlin, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Union Stock Yards.
H. L. Armstrong, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Bel Air.
F. H. Benjamin, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, North East.
Chas. B. Breininger, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Easton.
Ora K. Hoffman, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Hagerstown.
Owen L. Lockwood, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Baltimore.
Ed. J. McLaughlin, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Salisbury.
Chas. A. Turner, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Chestertown.
Chas. B. Weagley, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Middletown.
Chas. Omer, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Westminster.

## OFFICERS OF INSTRUCTION

For the Year 1940-41

## At Baltimore

## PROFESSORS

Myron S. Aisenberg, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Professor of Dental Pathology.
Myron S. Alam R. Amberson, Ph.D., Professor of Physiology.
George M. Anderson, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Professor of Orthodontics.
George M. Anew M. Arnold, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law.
Bridgewater M. Ark, B.S., M.D., Clinical Professor of Surgery.
Charles Bagley, Jr., M.A., M.D.,Professor of Neurological Surgery.
Charley G. Beck, M.D., Sc.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine.
Charles F. Blake, A.M., M.D., Professor of Diseases of the Rectum and Colon.
Clifford W. Chapman, M.S., Ph.D., Emerson Professor of Pharmacology.
Ross McC. Chapman, M.D., Professor of Psychiatry.
Clyde A. Clapp, M.D., Professor of Ophthalmology.
albertus Cotton, A.M., M.D., Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery and Roentgenology.
Annie Crighton, R.N., Superintendent of Nurses, Director of the School of Nursing.
J. Frank Crouch, M.D., Professor Emeritus of Clinical Ophthalmology and Otology.
David M. R. Culbreth, Ph.G., M.D., Professor Emeritus of Botany and Materia Medica.
Carl L. Davis, M.D., Professor of Anatomy.
S. Griffith Davis, M.S., M.D., Professor of Anesthesia.

Brice M. Dorsey, D.D.S., Professor of Oral Surgery.
Louis H. Douglass, M.D., Professor of Obstetrics.
J. W. Downey, M.D., Professor of Otology.

Andrew G. DuMez, Ph.G., Ph.D., Professor of Pharmacy, Dean of the School of Pharmacy.
Page Edmunds, M.D., Professor of Traumatic Surgery.
Charles Reid Edwards, M.D., Professor of Clinical Surgery.
H. K. Fleck, M.D., Clinical Professor of Ophthalmology.

Edgar B. Friedenwald, M.D., Professor of Clinical Pediatrics
Harry Friedenwald, A.B., M.D., D.H.L., D.Sc., Professor Emeritus of Ophthalmology.
Julius Friedenwald, A.M., M.D., Professor Emeritus of Gastro-Enterology. William S. Gardner, M.D., Professor Emeritus of Gynecology. Grayson W. Gaver, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Professor of Clinical Prosthetic Dentistry.
Joseph E. Gichner, M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine and Physical Therapeutics.
Andrew C. Gillis, A.M., M.D., LL.D., Professor of Neurology.
A. J. Gillis, M.D., Clinical Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery.

Frank W. Hachtel, M.D., Professor of Bacteriology.
Hon. Henry D. Harlan, A.M., LL.B., LL.D., Dean Emeritus of the School
of Law.
Walter h. Hartung, Ph.D., Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
Roger Howell, Ph.D., LL.B., Professor of Law, Dean of the School of Law
J. Mason Hundley, Jr., M.A., M.D., Professor of Gynecology.

Elliott H. Hutchins, A.M., M.D., Professor of Clinical Surgery
Burt B. Ide, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Professor of Operative Dentistry.
F. L. Jennings, M.D., Professor of Clinical Surgery.
C. Loring Joslin, M.D., Professor of Pediatrics.
M. Randolph Kahn, M.D., Clinical Professor of Ophthalmology.
. Frank Kelly, Phar.D., D.S.C., Professor Emeritus of Chemistry (Den tistry), Advisory Dean of the School of Pharmacy.
John C. Krantz, Jr., Ph.D., Professor of Pharmacology.
G. Carroll Lockard, M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine
dward A. Looper, M.D., D.Oph., Professor of Diseases of the Nose and Throat.
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Robert L. Mitchell, Phar.D., M.D., Professor of Bacteriology and Path.
ology. ology.
Theodore H. Morrison, M.D., Clinical Professor of Gastro-Enterology.
Alexander H. Paterson*, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Professor of Crown and Bridg and Prosthetic Dentistry.
Maurice C. Pincoffs, B.S., M.D., Professor of Medicine.
J. Dawson Reeder, M.D., Professor of Diseases of the Rectum and Colon
G. Kenneth Reiblich, Ph.D., J.D., LL.M., Professor of Law.

Russell R. Reno, A.B., Ll.B., LL.M., Professor of Law.
Compton Riely, M.D., Clinical Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery.
Harry M. Robinson, M.D., Professor of Dermatology.
J. Ben Robinson, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Professor of Dental Anatomy and Operative Technics, Dean of the School of Dentistry.
J. M. H. Rowland, M.D., Sc.D., LL.D., Professor of Obstetrics, Dean Emeritus of the School of Medicine.
Edwin G. W. Ruge, B.A., LL.B., Professor of Law.
Abram S. Samuels, A.B., M.D., Clinical Professor of Gynecology.
Arthur M. Shipley, M.D., Sc.D., Professor of Surgery.
Irving J. Spear, M.D., Professor of Neurology.
Hugh R. Spencer, M.D., Professor of Pathology.
Thomas P. Sprunt, A.B., M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine.
John S. Strahorn, Jr., A.B., LL.B., S.J.D., J.S.D., Professor of Law (Law), Lecturer in Jurisprudence (Dentistry).
W. H. Toulson, A.B., M.Sc., M.D., Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery. Eduard Uhlenhuth, Ph.D., Professor of Anatomy.
Allen Fiske Voshell, A.B., M.D., Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery.
Henry J. Walton, M.D., Professor of Roentgenology.

[^2]huntington Williams, M.D., D.P.H., Professor of Hygiene and Public Health.
Walter D. Wise, M.D., Professor of Surgery.
J. Carlton Wolf, Phar.D., B.S., Sc.D., Professor of Dispensing Pharmacy.
H. Boyd Wylie, M.D., Professor of Biological Chemistry, Acting Dean of the School of Medicine.
Waitman F. Zinn, M.D., Clinical Professor of Diseases of the Nose and Throat.

Franklin B. Anderson, M.D., Associate Professor of Diseases of the Nose and Throat and Otology.
Walter A. Baetjer, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.
J. McFarland Bergland, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Obstetrics.
T. Nelson Carey, M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine, Physician in Charge of Medical Care of the Students.
C. Jelleff Carr, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Pharmacology.
thomas R. Chambers, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.
Carl dame Clarke, Associate Professor of Art as Applied to Medicine.
paul W. Clough, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.
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B. Olive Cole, Phar.D., LL.B., Associate Professor of Economics and Pharmaceutical Law.
Monte Edwards, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery, Associate in Diseases of the Rectum and Colon.
Frank H. J. Figge, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Gross Anatomy.
Leon Freedom, M.D., Associate Professor of Neurology, Instructor in Pathology.
Moses Gellman, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery. T. Campbell Goodiwin, M.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Pediatrics.

Thomas C. Grubb, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Bacteriology.
0. G. Harne, Associate Professor of Histology.

Cyrus F. Horine, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.
Raymond Hussey, M.A., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.
Edward S. Johnson, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.
L. A. M. Krause, M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

Kenneth D. LegGe, M.D., Associate Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery. R. W. Locher, M.D., Associate Professor of Clinical Surgery.

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H. J. Maldeis, M.D., Associate Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Associate in Pathology.
N. Clyde Marvel, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery. James G. McAlpine, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Bacteriology. Sydney R. Miller, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.
Emil Novak, A.B., M.D., D.Sc., Associate Professor of Obstetrics.
D. J. Peissagno, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.
h. R. Peters, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

Charles A. Reifschneider, M.D., Associate Professor of Traumatic Sur. gery (Medicine), Assistant Professor of Oral Surgery (Dentistry).
A. W. Richeson, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Mathematics.
harry L. Rogers, M.D., Associate Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery.
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D. Conrad Smith, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Physiology.

Wiliam H. Smith, m.D., Associate Professor of Clinical Medicine.
Ralph P. Truitt, M.D., Associate Professor of Psychiatry.
Grant E. Ward, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery (Medicine), Instructor in Oncology (Dentistry).
Henry e. Wich, Phar.D., Associate Professor of Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry.
Lawrence F. Woolley, M.D., Associate Professor of Psychiatry. Helen E. Wright, R.N., Supervisor of Nursing Education.

## ASSISTANT PROFESSORS

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H. F. Bongardt, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.
J. Edmund Bradley, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics. Leo Brady, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Gynecology. H. M. Bubert, M.D., Assistant-Professor of Medicine.

Paul A. Deems, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Clinical Oral Pathology.
Edward C. Dobbs, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Assistant Professor of Pharmacology. Francis Ellis, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Dermatology.
Gaylord B. Estabrook, M.S., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Physics. William E. Evans, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Pharmacology. Maurice Feldman, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology. A. H. Finkelstein, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.

Gardner H. Foley, A.M., Assistant Professor of English and Public Speaking.
Thomas K. Galvin, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gynecology.
Harry Goldsmith, M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychiatry.
Wililam e. hahn, M.S., D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Anatomy Hugh T. Hicks, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Periodontia.
Orvilue C. Hurst, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Clinical Crown and Bridge. Frederick W. Invernizzi, A.B., LL.B., Assistant Professor of Law. Albert Jaffe, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.
George C. Karn, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Oral Roentgenology.
Walter L. Kilby, M.D., Assistant Professor of Roentgenology.
Harry E. Latcham, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Assistant Professor of Operativ Dentistry.
John E. Legge, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

John F. Lutz, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Histology. marion W. McCreà, D.D.S., M.S., Assistant Professor of Embryology and Histology.
george Mclean, M.D., Assistan. Assistant Professor of Pathology. Walter C. Merkel, A.B., M.D., Astant Professor of Gastro-Enterology. Zachariag Morrison, M.D, Assistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology. Samuel M. Murdock, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychiatry. I. Newell, M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychiatry. I. Aifexander Novey, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Obstetrics. M. mobert H. Oster, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Physiology. arthur C. Parsons, A.M., Assistant Professor of Modern Languages. Benjamin Pushikin, M.D., Assistant Professor of Neurology. Thomas Pyles, M.A., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English G. M. Reese, M.D., Assistant Professor of Obstetrics. Isadore A. Siegel, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Obstetrics. Frank J. Slama, B.S. in Phar., M.S., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Botany and Pharmacognosy.
pederick B. Smith, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.
par B Starkey, Ph.D. Assistant Professor of Organic Chemistry. George A. Strauss, Jr., M.D., Assistant Professor of Gynecology. A. Allen Sussman, A.B., D.D.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Anatomy.

Vesta L. Swartz, R.N., Assistant Superintendent of Nurses.
Guy P. Thompson, A.M., Assistant Professor of Zoology.
John H. Traband, M.D., Assistant. Professor of Pediatrics.
gin Vinden Bosche, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Inorganic and Physical Chemistry.
C. Gardner Warner, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Pathology.

Wililam H. F. Warthen, A.b., M.D., Assistant Professor of Hygiene and Public Speaking.
J. Herbert Wilkerson, M.D., Assistant Professor of Anatomy (Dentistry), Assistant in Surgery (Medicine).
R G. Willse, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gynecology.
Thomas C. WolfF, Litt.B., M.D., C.M., Assistant Professor of Medicine. Robert B. Wright, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Pathology. George h. Yeager, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.

## LECTURERS

W. N. Bispham, Col., M.C., U.S.A. (Retired), Lecturer in Medicine.
J. Wallace Bryan, Ph.D., LL.B., Lecturer on Pleading.

James T. Carter, A.B., LL.B., Ph.D., Lecturer on Contracts.
Walter L. Clark, LL.B., Lecturer on Evidence.
Hon. Edwin T. Dickerson, A.M., LL.B., Lecturer on Contracts.
Hon. Eli Frank, A.B., LL.B., Lecturer on Torts.
E. B. Freeman, B.S., M.D., Lecturer in Medicine.

Jonas Friedenwald, M.A., M.D., Lecturer in Ophthalmic Pathology.
H. R. Peters, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

Charles A. Reifschneider, M.D., Associate Professor of Traumatic Sur. gery (Medicine), Assistant Professor of Oral Surgery (Dentistry). A. W. Richeson, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Mathematics.

Harry L. Rogers, M.D., Associate Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery
Emil G. Schmidt, Ph.D., LL.D., Associate Professor of Biological Chemistry
G. M. Settle, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Neurology and Clinical Medicine.
D. Conrad Smith, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Physiology.

William H. Smith, M.D., Associate Professor of Clinical Medicine.
Ralph P. Truitt, M.D., Associate Professor of Psychiatry.
Grant E. Ward, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery (Medicine) Instructor in Oncology (Dentistry).
Henry E. Wich, Phar.D., Associate Professor of Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry.
Lawrence F. Woolley, M.D., Associate Professor of Psychiatry.
Helen E. Wright, R.N., Supervisor of Nursing Education.

## ASSISTANT PROFESSORS

Marvin J. Andrews, Ph.C., B.S. in Phar., M.S., Assistant Professor of Pharmacy.
H. F. Bongardt, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.
J. Edmund Bradley, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.

Leo Brady, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Gynecology.
H. M. Bubert, M.D., Assistant-Professor of Medicine.

Paul A. Deems, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Clinical Oral Pathology.
Edward C. Dobbs, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Assistant Professor of Pharmacology.
Francis Ellis, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Dermatology.
Gaylord B. Estabrook, M.S., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Physics. William E. Evans, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Pharmacology. Maurice Feldman, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology. A. H. Finkelstein, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.

Gardner H. Foley, A.M., Assistant Professor of English and Public Speaking.
Thomas K. Galvin, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gynecology.
Harry Goldsmith, M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychiatry.
William E. Hahn, M.S., D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Anatomy. Hugh T. Hicks, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Periodontia. Orville C. Hurst, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Clinical Crown and Bridge. Frederick W. Invernizzi, A.B., LL.B., Assistant Professor of Law Albert Jaffe, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.
George C. Karn, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Oral Roentgenology.
Walter L. Kilby, M.D., Assistant Professor of Roentgenology.
Harry E. Latcham, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Assistant Professor of Operative Dentistry.
John E. Legge, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

John F. LutZ, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Histology. Marion W. M

Histology.
George Mclean, M.D., A. Assistant Professor of Pathology. Walter C. Merkel, A.B., M.D., Asistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology Zachariah Morgan, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology. Samuel Morrison, M.D., As A S Asistant Professor of Psychiatry. Harry M. Murdock, B.S., M.D., Assistant Pres Psychiatry.
H. W. Newell, M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychias of Obstetrics. M. Alexander Novey, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Ons Bridge. Walter L. Oggesen, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Physiology. Robert h. Oster, Ph. A.M., Assistant Professor of Modern Languages. Arinin Pushkin, M.D., Assistant Professor of Neurology. Bendin Phish. Assistant Professor of English.
J. Thoma Per M.D. Assistant Professor of Obstetrics
J. G. M. Rese, M. Siegel, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Obstetrics. Frank J. Slama, B.S. in Phar., M.S., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Botany and Pharmacognosy.
Frederick B. Smith, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.
Edgar B. Starkey, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Organic Che
George A. Strauss, Jr., M.D., A.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Anatomy.
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G.
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## LECTURERS

W. N. Bispham, Col., M.C., U.S.A. (Retired), Lecturer in Medicine.
J. Wallace Bryan, Ph.D., LL.B., Lecturer on Pleading.

James T. Carter, A.B., LL.B., Ph.D., Lecturer on Contracts.
Walter L. Clark, LL.B., Lecturer on Evidence.
Walter L. Clark, LL.B., Le A.M., LL.B., Lecturer on Contracts.
Hon. Edwin T. Dickers., A. Le, LL.B., Lecturer on Torts.
Hon. Eli Frank, A.B., LL.B., Lecturer on Torts.
E. B. Freeman, B.S., M.D., Lecturer in Medicine.

Jonas Friedenwald, M.A., M.D., Lecturer in Ophthalmic Pathology.

Charles R. Goldsborough, M.A., M.D., Lecturer in Medicine. Lesciee Gump, A.B., LL.B., Lecturer on Future Interests and Taxation John M. McFall Ma
Gerald Monsman, A.b., LL. B, Lecturer on Insurance.
William M. Nevins.b., Ll.b., J.D., Supervisor of Legal Aid Work Hon. Emory nevins, Ph.D., Lecturer in Economics

Lecturer on Admiralty.
Court.
R. Dorsey Watkins, Ph.D., LL.B., Lecturer on Torts and Mortgages.

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Assistant in Obstetric . A. H. Councill, M.D., Asso, Associate in Pediatrics.
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Eugene L. Flippin, M.D., Associate in Roentgenology.
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Henry F. Graff, A.B., M.D., Associate in Ophthalmology.
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W. Raymond McKenzie, M.D., Associate in Pathology. Throat.
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Austin H. Wood, M.D., Associate in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

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h. Berton McCauley, Jr., D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Roentgenology. Ivan E. McDougle, Ph.D., Instructor in Sociology.
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## FELLOWS

1940-41
Frederick K. Bell, Ph.D. $\qquad$ U. S. Pharmacopoeia

Edward G. Boettiger, Ph.D $\qquad$ Gynecology
Otto C. Brantigan, M.D. $\qquad$ Surgery
Ann V. Brown, A.B. $\qquad$ Cranberry Canners Assistant
Nellie Cone, A.B. $\qquad$ Pharmacology

Edward F. Cotter, M.D. $\qquad$ Neuro-Surgery

Benjamin A. Dabrowski, A.B., D.D.S. $\qquad$ Oral Roentgenology

Alexander M. Duff, M.D. $\qquad$ National Cancer Institute

Fred W. Ellis, M.S $\qquad$ Pharmacology
Guy M. Everett, B.A. $\qquad$ Physiology and Physiological Chemistry
Sylvan Forman, M.S. $\qquad$ Pharmacology
Wilson C. Grant, M.S $\qquad$ Pharmacology
George P. Hager, Jr., M.S.
S............
$\qquad$ Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Kenneth E. Hamlin, Jr., B.S. $\qquad$ Pharmaceutical Chemistry
LeRoy C. Keagle, B.S. $\qquad$ Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Ephraim T. Lisansky, A.B., M.D. $\qquad$ Pathology
Howard B. Mays, M.D. $\qquad$ Urology and Biological Chemistry
Edward Merdinyan, M.S. $\qquad$ Pharmacology
Arthur G. Siwinski, A.B., M.D. National Cancer Institute

Gordon M. Stephens, A.B., M.D. ..Psychiatry
Leroy W. Tilt, Jr., A.B... ...Histology
Dorsey R. Tipton, D.D.S. ..Oral Surgery
William K. Waller, A.B. Medicine
John W. Wooden, Jr., D.D.S. $\qquad$ Clinical Operative Dentistry

## INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION STAFF

## For the Year 1940-41

## At Baltimore

Mary Alice Adams, M.A., Principal, School No. 44, Baltimore.
Harolid Benjamin, Ph.D., Dean, College of Education, Director of the Summer Session, University of Maryland.
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Gardner Henry Foley, M.A., Assistant Professor of English and Speech, University of Maryland.
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Ralph Gallington, M.A., Assistant Professor of Industrial Education, University of Maryland.
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John Joseph Grimes, B.S., Director, Day Camp, Baltimore
William Frederick Haefner, B.S., Instructor, Woodworking, Southern High School, Baltimore.
Harold C. Hand, Ph.D., Professor of Education, University of Maryland.
Arnold E. Joyal, Ph.D., Professor of Educational Administration, University of Maryland.
Eugene Bowers Link, E. Eng., Instructor, Baltimore Polytechnic Institute.
Edward Leroy Longley, B.S., Shop Instructor, Baltimore Polytechnic Institute.
Gerald Louis Lund, B.S., Instructor, Ottmar Mergenthaler School of Printing, Baltimore.
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Claribel Pratt Welsh, M.A., Professor of Foods, University of Maryland. Gladys Anna Wiggin, M.A., Instructor in Education, University of Maryland. Riley Seth Williamson,
Karl Henry Young, Supervisor of Vocational-Industrial Education, Baltimore Public Schools.
Howard Edward Ziefle, B.S., Principal, General Vocational School No. 294. Baltimore.

## SECTION I General Information

## FACULTY COMMITTEES

 At Baltimore
## LIBRARY

(Medicine) Doctors Lockard, Wylie, and Love, Jr.; (Dentistry) Doctors Anderson, Aisenberg, and McCrea; (Pharmacy) Dean DuMez, Messrs. Hartung; Chapman, and Slama; (Law) Messrs. Reiblich and Strahorn. The Faculty Councils of the Baltimore Schools are included in the descriptive statements of the respective schools in Section II

The Faculty Committees of the Baltimore Schools are given in the separate announcements issued by the several schools.

## HISTORICAL STATEMENT

The history of the present University of Maryland, before the merger in 1920, is the history of two institutions: the old University of Maryland in Baltimore and the Maryland State College (formerly Maryland Agricultural College) at College Park.
This history began in 1807 when the College of Medicine of Maryland was organized, the fifth medical school in the United States. The first class was graduated in 1810. A permanent home was established in 1814-1815 by the erection of the building at Lombard and Greene Streets in Baltimore, the oldest structure in America devoted to medical teaching. Here was founded one of the first medical libraries (and the first medical school library) in the United States. In 1812 the General Assembly of Maryland authorized the College of Medicine of Maryland to "annex or constitute faculties of divinity, law, and arts and sciences," and by the same act declared that the "colleges or faculties thus united should be constituted an university by the name and under the title of the University of Maryland." By authority of this act, steps were taken in 1813 to establish "a faculty of law," and in 1823 a regular school of instruction in law was opened. Subsequently there were added: in 1882 a Department of Dentistry which was absorbed in 1923 by the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery (founded in 1840, the first dental school in the world); in 1889 a School of Nursing; and in 1904 the Maryland College of Pharmacy (founded in 1841, the third oldest pharmacy college in the United States).
The Maryland State College was chartered in 1856 under the name of the Maryland Agricultural College, the second agricultural college in the Western Hemisphere. For three years the College was under private management. In 1862 the Congress of the United States passed the Land Grant Act. This act granted each State and Territory that should claim its benefits a proportionate amount of unclaimed western lands, in place of scrip, the proceeds from the sale of which should apply under certain conditions to the "endowment, support, and maintenance of at least one college where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such a manner as the Legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life." This grant was accepted by the General Assembly of Maryland, and the Maryland Agricultural College was named as the beneficiary of the grant. Thus the College became, at least
in part, a State institution. In the fall of 1914 control was taken over en. tirely by the State. In 1916 the General Assembly granted a new charter to the College, and made it the Maryland State College.
In 1920, by an act of the State Legislature, the University of Maryland was merged with the Maryland State College, and the resultant institution was given the name, University of Maryland

All the property formerly held by the old University of Maryland was turned over to the Board of Trustees of the Maryland State College, and the name was changed to the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland. Under this charter every power is granted necessary to carry on an institution of higher learning and research. It provides that the University shall receive and administer all existing grants from the Federal Govern ment for education and research and all future grants which may come to the State from this source. The University is co-educational in all its branches.

## ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

The government of the University is vested by law in a Board of Regents, consisting of nine members appointed by the Governor each for a term of nine years. The administration of the University is vested in the President. There is a General Administrative Board which acts in an advisory capacity to the President.
The University administrative organization comprises the following divisions:

College of Agriculture
Agricultural Experiment Station.
Extension Service.
College of Arts and Sciences.
College of Commerce.
College of Education.
College of Engineering.
Engineering Experiment Station.
College of Home Economics.
Graduate School.
Summer Session.
Department of Military Science and Tactics.
School of Dentistry.
School of Law.
School of Medicine.
School of Nursing.
School of Pharmacy.
University Hospital.
The University faculties are composed of the Deans and the instructional staffs of each college and school, including the librarian and two assistant librarians. The President and the Dean of the Faculty are ex-officio members of each of the faculties.
The organization and activities of the several administrative divisions are described in full in the appropriate chapters of Section II.

## LOCATION

The University of Maryland, located at College Park, Prince Georges County, is eight miles from Washington and thirty-two miles from Baltimore. The campus fronts on the Baltimore-Washington boulevard.
The Professional Schools of the University and the University Hospital are located in the vicinity of Lombard and Greene Streets, Baltimore.

## GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS <br> College Park

Grounds. The University grounds at College Park comprise 600 acres. a broad rolling campus is surmounted by a commanding hill which overboks a wide area and insures excelient drainage. Most of the buildings are located on this eminence, and the adjacent grounds are laid out attractively in lawns and terraces ornamented with shrubbery and flower beds. dely the brow of the hill, on either side of the Washington-Baltimore Boulevard, lie the drill grounds and the athletic fields.
Approximately 300 acres are used for research and teaching in horticulture, agriculture, dairying, livestock, and poultry; and an additional 508 acres for plant research work are located on a farm five miles northwest of the campus.
Buildings. The buildings comprise about 30 individual structures, which provide facilities for the several activities and services carried on at College Park.

Administration and Instruction. This group consists of the following buildings: Administration Building, which accommodates the Office of the President, Dean of Faculty, Dean of Men, Comptroller, Registrar, Director of Admissions, and Alumni Secretary; Agriculture Building, which houses the College of Agriculture, Agricultural and Home Economics Extension Service, and Auditorium; Arts and Sciences Building; Engineering Building; Morrill Hall, which houses a portion of the work in the Sciences; Poultry Research Building; Horticulture Building; Dairy Building; Old Library Building, in which are the Offices of the Dean of Women and her staff; Music Building, which provides for the Department of Music, the student band, and glee club; Home Economics Building; Chemistry Building, in which are located, in addition to space for instruction in chemistry, laboratories for State work in analysis of feeds, fertilizers, and lime; and College of Education Building.
Experiment Station. The headquarters for the Station are in the Agriculture Building. The various laboratories and green houses for this work are located in many of the other buildings on the campus.
Physical Education. This group consists of The Ritchie Coliseum, which provides quarters for all teams, an athletic office, trophy room, rooms for faculty, and visiting team rooms, together with a playing floor and per-
manent seating arrangements for 4,262 persons; Byrd Stadium, with permanent seating capacity of 8,000 , is also furnished with rest room a patrons, dressing rooms, and equipment for receiving and transmitting in formation concerning contests in progress; Gymnasium, used in part by the Military Department and generally for physical education work, by the Girls' Field House, for all girls' sports Playing and practice fields and tennis courts are adjacent to the field houses.

Dormitories. The to the field houses.
Dormitories. The men's dormitory group, consisting of six structures, provides accommodations for 460 men students. The women's residence group consists of two modern fire resistant dormitories of Colonial arch tecture, accommodating 228 women students. These are designated Margaret Brent Hall and Anne Arundel Hall.
Rossborough Inn. This historic Inn, built in 1798, is the oldest buildin on the campus and for many years housed the Agricultural Experiment Station. It has been restored with the aid of a WPA grant, and present plans call for its use as a museum, and a faculty-alumni center
Service Structures. This group includes the Central Heating Plant; Plant Maintenance and Operations Building; Infirmary, with accommodations for forty patients, physician's office, operating room, and nurses quarters; Dining Hall; and Laundry.
United States Bureau of Mines. The Eastern Experiment Station of the United States Bureau of Mines is located on the University grounds. The general laboratories are used for instruction purposes in Engineering as well as by the United States Government for experimental work. The building contains a geological museum, and a technical library.
United States Fish and Wildlife Service Laboratory. The technological research laboratory of the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service is located on the University campus. It contains laboratories for conduct of research in the fisheries dealing with chemical, chemical engineering, bacteriological, nutritional, and biological subjects. Through a cooperative arrangement with the University it is possible for students, who have undergraduate degrees, to pursue studies toward graduate degrees in any of the subjects men-
tioned above.

## Baltimore

The group of buildings, located in the vicinity of Lombard and Greene Streets, provides available housing for the Baltimore division of the University. The group comprises the original Medical School Building, erected in 1814; the Old Hospital, now used as a dispensary; the New University Hospital with approximately 450 beds; the Frank C. Bressler Research Laboratory; the Dental and Pharmacy Building; the Nurses' Home; the Law School Building; and the Administration Building.

## Princess Anne

Princess Anne College, located at Princess Anne, Somerset County, is maintained for the education of negroes in agriculture, the mechanic arts, and home economics.

## THE UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES

Libraries are located at both the College Park and Baltimore branches of the University.
The Library at College Park, completed in 1931, is an attractive, well equipped and well lighted structure. The main reading room on the second floor seats 236 , and has about 5,000 reference books and bound periodicals on open shelves. The five-tier stack room is equipped with carrels and desks for the use of advanced students. About 12,000 of the 95,000 volumes on the campus are shelved in the Chemistry and Entomology departments, the Graduate School, and other units. Over 750 periodicals are currently received.
Facilities in Baltimore consist of the Libraries of the School of Dentistry, containing some 8,000 volumes; the School of Law, 18,000 volumes; the School of Medicine, 21,000 volumes; and the School of Pharmacy, 8,000 volumes. The Medical Library is housed in Davidge Hall; the remaining three libraries have adequate quarters in the buildings of their respective schools, where they are readily available for use. Facilities for the courses in Arts and Sciences are offered jointly by the Libraries of the Schools of Dentistry and Pharmacy.
The libraries of the University total in the aggregate about 150,000 bound volumes with large collections of unbound journals. The Library is a depository for publications of the United States. Government, and numbers some 14,000 documents in its collections.
The University Library is able to supplement its reference service by borrowing material from other libraries through Inter-Library Loan and Bibliofilm Service, or by arranging for personal work in the Library of Congress, the United States Department of Agriculture Library, and other agencies in Washington.

## ADMISSION

Information may be had from the Director of Admissions, either in person or by correspondence, concerning planning secondary school courses to meet entrance requirements or problems relating to admission.

## College Park

Undergraduate Schools: Applicants for admission to the colleges of Agriculture, Arts and Sciences, Commerce, Education, Engineering, and Home Economics should communicate with the Director of Admissions, University of Maryland, College Park.
Graduate School: Those seeking admission to the Graduate School should address the Dean of the Graduate School, University of Maryland, College Park.

## Baltimore

Information about admission to the professional schools in Baltimore may be found in this catalogue (see Index), and in the bulletins issued by the several schools.

Age of Applicants: A student who is less than sixteen years of age must live with his parents or guardian.

## Admission Procedure

Applicants from Secondary Schools: Procure an application blank from the Director of Admissions. Fill in personal data requested and ask your principal or headmaster to enter your secondary school record and mail the blank to the Director of Admissions.

To avoid delay, it is suggested that applications be filed not later than August 1 for the first semester, and January 1 for the second semester. Applications from students completing their last semester of secondary work are encouraged. If acceptable, supplementary records may be sent upon graduation.

Applicants from Other Colleges and Universities: Secure an application blank from the Director of Admissions. Fill in personal data requested and ask secondary school principal or headmaster to enter secondary school record and send the blank to the Director of Admissions. Request the Registrar of the College or University attended to send a transcript to the Director of Admissions, College Park.

Time of Admission: Applicants for admission should plan to enter the University at the beginning of the school year in September. It is possible, however, to be admitted to certain curricula at the beginning of either semester.

Registration: New students will register on Wednesday and Thursday, September 17 and 18, 1941. The English placement, psychological, and other required tests are a part of the registration procedure.
The Freshman Week program includes registration, placement and aptitude tests, physical examinations, assemblies, and the President's reception

## ADMISSION FROM SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Admission by Certificate: Graduates of secondary schools accredited by regional associations or the State Department of Education will be admitted by certificate upon the recommendation of the principal. Graduates of out-of-state schools should have attained college certification marks, such marks to be not less than one letter or ten points higher than the passing mark.

Graduates who fail to obtain the principal's recommendation will be considered by the Committee on Admissions. Supplementary information, including aptitude tests, will determine whether they are eligible for admission
Admission by Examination: Applicants, who have passed the examina tions set by the College Entrance Examination Board, 431 West 117th Street New York City; the Regents of the University of the State of New York,

Albany; or the Department of Public Instruction of the State of Pennsylania, Harrisburg will be admitted upon presentation of the proper credentials.

## ADMISSION FROM OTHER COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Only students in good standing as to scholarship and conduct are eligible transfer. Advanced standing is assigned to transfer students from accredted institutions under the following conditions:

1. A minimum of one year of resident work of not less than 30 hours is necessary for a degree.
2. The University reserves the right at any time to revoke advanced standing if the transfer student's progress is unsatisfactory

## ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Below are shown (1) requirements for admission to the various underraduate curricula, and (2) the curricula offered in the different colleges. The letter following the curriculum indicates the column in the table where the particular requirements are given.

| 1. |  |  | C | D | E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 3 | 3 |
| English | 3 | 3 | *2 | 1 | 1 |
| Algebra | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Plane Geometry..... |  |  | *1/2 |  |  |
| Solid Geometry |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Mathematics | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| History | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1. | 1 |
| Science ...- |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Foreign Language.... |  |  |  |  | **2 |
| Stenography --. |  |  |  |  | **1 |
| Typewriting .-... |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Bookkeeping -.. | 8 | 8 | 61/2 | 6 | 5 |
| Electives .-.- | - |  | - | - | - |
|  | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |

*An applicant deficient a second unit in algebra and solid geometry may be admitted解 to the College of Engineering, and to the currat of algebra and the solid geometry before but will be obliged to make up the sec the freshman year
the beginning of the second semester of for stenography and typewriting.

College of Agriculture
Agricultural Chemistry-C Agricultural Education and Rural uife-
Agriculture-Engineering-C
Agriculture, General-B
Agronomy
Farm Crops-A
Soils-A
Animal Husbandry-B
$\dagger$ †Bacteriology-A
$\dagger$ Botany
General Botany and Morphol Olant Path
Plant Pathology-A
Plant Physiology and Ecology-A
Dairy Husbandry
Dairy Manufacturing-B
Dairy Production-B
Entomology-A
Farm Management-B
$\dagger$ Hood Technology-A
Horticulture
Floriculture and Ornamenta
Horticulture
Horticulture-B
Pomology and Olericulture-B
Poultry Husbandry-B
Preforestry-A
Preveterinary-A
College of Arts and Sciences
-Bacteriology-A
=Botany-A
Chemical Engineering-C
Chemistry-C
$\ddagger$ Economics-A
sEducation-A
English-A
Entomology-A
French-A
General Biological Sciences-A
General Physical Sciences-C
German-A
History-A
Latin-A
Commerce. SAlso College of Education College of Arts and Sciences. $\ddagger$ Also College of of Home Economics.
Special Student
and who have nots Applicants who are at least twenty-one years of age, to such courses as they eted the usual preparatory course, may be admitted to matriculate for a degree until entrate. Special students are ineligible

Textiles and Clothing-B
College of Arts and Sciences (con'd)
Mathematics-C
Physics-C
Political Science-A
Predental-A
$\ddagger$ Prelaw-A
Premedical-D
Prenursing-A
Psychology-A
Sociology-A
Speech-A
Spanish-A
College of Commerce
Accounting-A
Agricultural Economics-A
Cooperative Economics-ministration-A
$\dagger$ Economics-A
Finance- $A$
General Business-A
Marketing and Sales Administra tion-A
$\dagger$ Prelaw-A
College of Education
$\dagger$ Arts and Sciences-A
Commercial-E
Industrial Economics-B
Industrial-A (also in Baltimore)
College of Engineering
$\dagger$ Chemical-C
Civil-C
Electrical-C
Mechanical-C
${ }_{\text {tion- }}$ Chanical with Aeronautical op-
College of Home Economics
SEducation-B
Foods and Nu
ods and Nutrition-B
Instal Home Economics-B
Institution Management- $B$
Practical Art-B

Unclassified Students: Applicants who meet entrance requirements but who do not wish to pursue a program of study leading to a degree are eligible for admission to pursue courses for which they have met prerequisites.

## DEFINITION OF RESIDENCE AND NON-RESIDENCE

Students who are minors are considered to be resident students, if at the time of their registration their parents* have been residents of this State $\dagger$ for at least one year.
Adult students are considered to be resident students, if at the time of their registration they have been residents of this State $\dagger$ for at least one year; provided such residence has not been acquired while attending any school or college in Maryland.
The status of the residence of a student is determined at the time of his first registration in the University, and may not thereafter be changed by him unless, in the case of a minor, his parents* move to and become legal residents of this Statet, by maintaining such residence for at least one full calendar year. However, the right of the student (minor) to change from a non-resident to a resident status must be established by him prior to registration for a semester in any academic year.

## REQUIREMENT IN MILITARY INSTRUCTION

All male students classified academically as freshmen or sophomores, who are citizens of the United States, who are physically fit to perform military duty and who are not less than 14 or more than 26 years of age, are required to take basic military training for a period of two years as a prerequisite to graduation. If any student be excused from taking basic military instruction because of physical disability, he must take physical education.

Graduation Requirements for Students Excused from Military Instruction and Physical Education
Students excused from basic military training and physical education without academic credit shall be required to take an equivalent number of credits in other subjects, so that the total credits required for a degree in any college shall not be less than 126 hours. The substitution must be approved by the dean of the college concerned.

## REQUIREMENT IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION FOR WOMEN

All women students whose bodily condition indicates that they are physically fit for exercise are required to take physical education for a period of two years, as a prerequisite to graduation.

[^3]
## HEALTH SERVICE

## \section*{PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS} <br> As soon as possible after the examinations

for protecting the general health all the fall semester, as a measure colleges at Clle general health, all students who enter the undergraduate of the men College Park are given a physical examination. The examination of the men students is conducted by the University Physician in cooperation with the Physical Education and Military Departments.
The examination of women students is conducted by a woman physician in cooperation with the office of Physical Education for Women. The woman physician has her offices in the Infirmary. She is available for consultation by all women students at hours to be arranged.

## INFIRMARY RULES

1. All undergraduate students may receive dispensary service and medlished by by reporting at the Infirmary during regular office hours established by the physician in charge.
Nurses' office hours, 8 to 10 A.M. -1 to 2 P.M. -4 to 5 P.M. -6 to 8 P.M., daily except Sunday; 10 A.M. to 12 Noon- 6 to 7 P.M. Sunday.
Doctor's office hour 12 Noon to 1 P. M. daily except Sunday. Office hour on Sunday by appointment only.
2. A registered nurse is on duty at all hours in the Infirmary. Students are requested to report illnesses during office hours unless the case is an emergency.
3. Students not living in their own homes who need medical attention and who are unable to report to the Infirmary should call medical attention versity physicians. Such visits will be free of charge except in of the Uniadditional visits are necessary. For such additional visits as may be necessary, the University physician will make his usual charge. But, if a student so desires, he may call a physician of his own choice and at his
own expense. own expense.
4. Students not residing in their own homes may, upon the order of the University physician, be cared for in the Infirmary to the extent of the facilities available. Students who live off the campus will be charged a fee of one dollar and a quarter a day.
5. The visiting hours are 10 to 11 A. M. and 7 to $7: 30$ P. M. daily Each patient is allowed only three visitors at one time. No visitor may see any patient until permission is granted by the nurse in charge.
6. Hospitalization is not available at the Infirmary for graduate students and employees. Dispensary service, however, is available for graduate students and employees who are injured in University service or University
activities. ivities.
7. Students living in the dormitories, who are ill and unable to attend classes, must report to the Infirmary, between 8:00 and 9:00 A. M. If they are too ill to go to the Infirmary, they must notify the house mother so that the physician can be called to the dormitory. When possible this
should be done before 8:30 A. M. If a student is taken sick at any other time he must report to the Infirmary, before going to his room.
Medical excuses for classes missed during illness will be issued by the Infirmary physician, only when this procedure is followed.
8. Students who are ill in their homes, fraternity houses, sorority houses, or dormitories and wish a medical excuse for classes missed during the time of illness must present written excuses from their physicians, parents, or house mothers to the Infirmary.
9. For employees of the University who handle food and milk, the University reserves the right to have its physician make physical examinations. and such inspections of sanitary conditions in homes as in the opinion of the University physician, may be desirable.

## REGULATIONS, GRADES, DEGREES <br> REGULATION OF STUDIES

Course Numbers. Courses for undergraduates are designated by numbers 1-99; courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates, by numbers 100-199*; and courses for graduates, by numbers 200-299.
The letter following the number of a course indicates the semester in which the course is offered; thus, course if is offered in the first semester; 1 s , in the second semester. The letter " y " indicates a full-year course. The number of semester hours' credit is shown by the arabic numeral in parentheses after the title of the course. No credit is allowed for a " $y$ " course until it is completed.
Schedule of Courses. A semester time schedule of courses, giving days, hours, and rooms, is issued as a separate pamphlet at the beginning of each semester. Classes are scheduled beginning 8:20 A. M.
Definition of Credit Unit. The semester hour, which is the unit of credit in the University, is the equivalent of a subject pursued one period a week for one semester. Two or three periods of laboratory or field work are equivalent to one lecture or recitation period. The student is expected to devote three hours a week in classroom or laboratory, including outside preparation, for each credit hour in any course.
Number of Hours. The normal student load is from 15 to 19 semeste, hours, according to curriculum and year. These variations are shown in the appropriate chapters in Section II describing the several divisions of the University. No student may carry either more or less than the pre scribed number of hours without specific permission from the dean of his college.

## EXAMINATION AND MARKS

Examinations. Examinations are held at the end of each semester in accordance with the official schedule of examinations. Students are required to use the prescribed type of examination book in final examinations; and, also, when requested to do so by the instructor, in tests given during the semester.
*But not all courses numbered 100 to 199 may be taken for graduate credit.

Final examinations are held in all courses except in classes where the character of the work will permit the instructor to note frequently the progress and proficiency of the student-in which case they may be omitted upon approval of the head of the department and dean of the college. Periodic examinations and tests are given during regularly scheduled class periods. Final examinations, where required, are given according to schedule and are of not more than two hours' duration.
Marking. The system of marking is uniform in the different departments and divisions of the University.
The following symbols are used for marks: $A, B, C, D, F$, and $I$. The first four, $A, B, C$, and $D$, are passing; $F$, failure; $I$, incomplete.
Mark $A$ denotes superior scholarship; mark $B$, good scholarship; mark $C$, fair scholarship and mark $D$, passing scholarship.
At least three-fourths of the credits required for graduation must be earned with marks of $A, B$, and $C$. A student who receives the mark of $D$ in more than one-fourth of his credits must take additional courses or repeat courses until he has met these requirements.
In the case of a candidate for a combined degree or of a transfer student with advanced standing, a mark of $D$ will not be recognized for credit towards a degree in more than one-fourth of the credits earned at this institution.

## REPORTS

Written reports of grades are sent by the Registrar to parents or guardians at the close of each semester.

## ELIMINATION OF DELINQUENT STUDENTS

A student must attain passing marks in fifty per cent of the semester hours for which he is registered, or he is automatically dropped from the University. The registrar notifies the student, his parent or guardian, and the student's dean of this action. A student who has been dropped for scholastic reasons may appeal in writing to the Committee on Admission, Guidance, and Adjustment for reinstatement. The Commitiee is empowered to grant relief for just cause. A student who has been dropped from the University for scholastic reasons, and whose petition for reinstatement is denied, may again petition after a lapse of at least one semester.
The University reserves the right to request at any time the withdrawal of a student who cannot or does not maintain the required standard of scholarship, or whose continuance in the University would be detrimental to his or her health, or to the health of others, or whose conduct is not satisfactory to the authorities of the University. Students of the last class may be asked to withdraw even though no specific charge be made against them.

## JUNIOR STANDING

No student will be certified as a junior, or be permitted to select a major or minor, or to continue in a fixed curriculum until he or she shall have
passed with an average grade as high as C (2.0) the minimum number of semester credits required for junior standing in any curriculum.

## DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES

The University confers the following degrees: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor Sienc, Master of Education, Master of Arts, Master of Science, Doctor of Science, Master of Educaner, Mechanical Engineer, Electrical Engineer, Chemical Engineer, Bachelor of Laws, Doctor of Medicine, Doctor of Dental Surgery, and Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy.
Students in the two-year and three-year curricula are awarded certificates.
The requirements for graduation vary according to the character of work the different colleges and schools. For full information regarding the ine the for colleges consult the appropriate requirements Section II.
No baccalaureate degree will be awarded to a student who has had less than one year of resident work in this University. The last thirty credits of any curriculum leading to a baccalaureate degree must be taken in residence at the University of Maryland.
At least three-fourths of the credits required for graduation must be earned with grades of A, B, and C.
In the case of a candidate for a combined degree or of a transfer student with advanced standing, a grade of D will not be recognized for credit towards a degree in more than one-fourth of the credits earned at this institution.

Each candidate for a degree must file in the office of the Registrar, before March 1st for the June Convocation and before July 8th for the August Convocation, a formal application for a degree. Candidates for degrees must and diplomas are must attend a convocation conferred in absentia only in exceptional cases.
awarded. Degrees are conferred in absentia only in exceptional cases.

## EXPENSES

Make all checks payable to the University of Maryland for the EXACT AMOUNT OF THE SEMESTER CHARGES.
In order that the cost of operation may be reduced, all fees are due and payable as a part of the student's registration, and all persons must come prepared to pay the full amount of the semester charges. No student will he admitted to classes until such payment has been made.

## EXPENSES AT COLLEGE PARK

The University reserves the right to make such changes in fees and other costs as any occasion may make necessary. Such changes, however, in comparison with the total cost to the student would be only nominal.

FEES FOR UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS

*This fee is used for improving the University grounds and the physical training facili-
ties and for other University projects that have direct relationship to studen activities ** The Student Activities Fee is included at the request of the Student Government Asso ciation. Its payment is not mandatory, but it is really a matter of economy to the student, since it covers subscription to the student weekly paper, the literary magazine, and the year book; class dues, including admissio
of the musical and dramatic clubs.

Expenses of Students Living in Dormitories First Semester Second Semester Total

|  | First Semester | Second Semester | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Board | \$ $\$ 135.00$ | \$135.00 | \$270.00 |
| Lodging | .... $\$ 38.00$ to 55.00 | $\$ 38.00$ to 55.00 | \$76.00 to 110.00 |
|  | \$173.00 to 190.00 | \$173.00 to 190.00 | \$346.00 to 380.00 |

## Special Fees

Matriculation Fee, payable on first entrance. $\$ 5.00$
Diploma Fee for bachelor's degree.
Pre-Medical and Pre-Dental Fee-Per semester in addition to fees shown above:

Other States and Countries....
60

Laboratory Fees Per Semester Course
For the fee in a given course see

| Section III, Description of Courses |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$5.00-\$8.00 |  |
| Bacteriology | \$3.00-\$5.00 | Home Economics .-............. $\$ 1.00-\$ 7.00$ |
| Botany .... | \$3.00-\$8.00 | Industrial Education ........ \$2.00-\$4.00 |
| Chemistry | \$1.00-\$3.00 | Physics ..-o. |
| Dairy | ts.......... $\$ 2.50$ |  |
| Engineering, | \$7.00-\$8.00 | Zoology ................................. $\$ 3.00-\$ 5.00$ |

## Miscellaneous Fees

Late Registration Fee.
Fee for each change in registration after first week Fee for failure to file schedule card in Registrar's Office during first
week of semester...................................................................................................... $\$ 3.00$ Absence Fee twenty-four hours bemester credit hour.............................................. $\$ 2.00$ Special Examination Fee per semester credit hour.... $\$ 2.0$ Fee for failure to report for medical examination appointment.................. Part-time students carrying six semester hours or less-per semester credit hour Transcript of Record Fee.
Students will be charged for wilful damage to property. Where responsibility for the damage can be fixed, the individual student will be billed for it; where it cannot, the entire student body will be charged a flat fee to it; where it cannot, the
cover the loss or damage.

> Fees For Graduate Students

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Fee for each semester credit hour............................................... } \quad 6.00 \\
& \text { Diploma Fee-Master's Degree.................................................... } 10.00 \\
& \text { Graduation Fee-Doctor's Degree. } \\
& 20.00
\end{aligned}
$$

## EXPLANATIONS

The Fixed Charges made to all students cover a part of the overhead expenses not provided for by the State.
The Board, Lodging, and Laundry charge may vary from semester to semester, but every effort will be made to keep expenses as low as possible. Fees for Students Entering in February. Students entering the University for the second semester are charged the following fees for the items indicated: Athletic, $\$ 7.50$; Special, $\$ 5.00$; Student Activities, $\$ 8.00$; Infirmary, $\$ 2.50$; Advisory and Testing Service, 50 c ; and Post Office Box, $\$ 1.00$.
Fees for Part-Time Students. Undergraduate students carrying six semester hours or less of regularly scheduled courses are charged $\$ 6.00$ per
*For students carrying eight hours or less; for students carrying more than eight hours, $\$ 50.00$ for the semester.
semester credit and regular laboratory fees. Students carrying seven or more semester hours are charged the regular fees. In the case of special courses with special fees this rule does not apply. A matriculation fee of 85.00 is charged at the first registration.

Athletic Fee. A fund which is collected from all students in the Uni. versity at College Park for the maintenance of athletics, and the entire amount is turned over to the Athletic Director for disbursement. This fund is audited annually by the State Auditors.
Late Registration Fee. Students who do not complete their registration and classification, including payment of bill, on regular registration days will be required to pay $\$ 3.00$ extra on the day following the last registration day, and $\$ 5.00$ thereafter.
Absence Fee. In cases of absence during a period beginning 24 hours be. fore the close of classes for a vacation or holiday and ending 24 hours after the resumption of classes, a student will be penalized by being required to pay a special fee of $\$ 3.00$ for each class missed. Unless properly excused, students will be penalized, as in the case of a holiday, for absence from the first meeting of each class at the beginning of the second semester.
Students desiring, for essential reasons, to be excused from classes before or after a holiday should make application to the Dean at least one week before such holiday. Except under the conditions specified, no excuse for an absence before or after a holiday will be granted.
In exceptional cases, such as sickness or death in the family, application for an excuse must be made within one week after a student returns.

## WITHDRAWALS FROM THE UNIVERSITY

Students registering for the dormitories and dining hall must continu for the year, as contracts for service and for supplies are made on an annual basis, and fees are fixed on the supposition that students will remain
for the entire year a tudire year.
A student desiring to withdraw from the University must secure the written consent of the parent or guardian, to be attached to the withdrawa slip, which must be approved by the Dean and presented to the Registrar at least one week in advance of withdrawal. Charges for full time will be continued against him unless this is done. The withdrawal slip must bear the approval of the Dean of Men before being presented to the Registrar for
refund. refund
All women students who are withdrawing from the University are requested to report to the Office of the Dean of Women.

## REFUNDS

For withdrawal from the University within five days, full refund is made of fixed charges, athletic fee, special fee, and student activities fee, with a deduction of $\$ 5.00$ to cover cost of registration. All refunds for board, lodging, and laundry are pro-rated.

After five days, and until November 1, the first semester, or March 10, the second semester, refunds on all charges will be pro-rated, with a deduction of $\$ 5.00$ to cover cost of registration.
After November 1, or March 10, refunds are granted for board and laundry only, amounts to be pro-rated.
No refunds are made without the written consent of the student's parent or guardian, except to students who pay their own expenses.
No refunds of laboratory fees are made in the first semester after October 11, 1941, and in the second semester after February 28, 1942.

## HOUSING

Dormitory Room Reservations. All new students desiring to room in the dormitories should request room application cards. Men should apply to the Director of Admissions, and women to the Office of the Dean of Women. When the room application card is returned, it must be accompanied by a $\$ 15$ deposit. This fee will be deducted from the first semester charges when the student registers. Room reservations, not claimed by freshmen or upperclassmen on their respective registration days, will be cancelled. A room will be held by special request until after classes begin providing the dormitory office is notified by September 18th. Room reservation fees will not be refunded after August 15th. Reservations by students in attendance at the University should be made during the closing month of the school year. New students are urged to attend to their housing arrangements well in advance of registration.
Men's Dormitories. All men students who have made dormitory reservations should report to the dormitory office in "A" section, Calvert Hall.
All freshmen students, except those who live at home, are required to room in the dormitories.
Women's Dormitories. All women students who have made dormitory reservations should report to the dormitory to which they have been assigned. There is a head resident living in each building who supervises the enforcement of University rules and regulations.
Dormitory rooms-single, double, and a few triple-are tastefully furnished and have running hot and cold water.
Equipment. Students assigned to dormitories should provide themselves w:th sufficient single blankets, at least two pairs of sheets, a pillow, pillow cases, towels, a laundry bag, a shoe bag, and a waste paper basket.
The individual student must assume responsibility for all dormitory property assigned to him. Any damage done to the property other than that which would result from ordinary wear and tear will be charged to the student concerned.
Off-Campus Housing. Men: Only upper classmen are allowed to live in off-campus houses. Inquiries about these should be addressed to the Office of the Assistant Dean of Men.

Women: Those undergraduate women students who cannot be accommo. dated in the dormitories may live in private homes which have been approved for student occupancy and are registered in the Office of the Dean of Women. No woman student should enter into an agreement with a house holder without first ascertaining at the Office of the Dean of Women that the house is on the approved list.
General Information. It is understood that all housing arrangements are made for the year. All students who live in the dormitories must board at the University dining hall. It is necessary that each student have a key for his room, for which a deposit of $\$ 1.00$ is required.
Cleaning service is furnished for all rooms.
Personal baggage sent via the American Express and marked for the dormitory to which it is to be sent will be delivered when you notify the College Park Express office of your arrival.

## MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

In case of illness requiring a special nurse or special medical attention, the expense must be borne by the student.
Students not rooming in the dormitories may obtain board and laundry at the University at the same rates as those living in the dormitories.
Day students may get lunches at the University cafeteria or at nearby lunch rooms.
The cost of books and supplies will vary according to the course pursued by the individual student. Books and supplies average about $\$ 35.00$ per year.
No diploma will be conferred upon, nor any certificate granted to a student who has not made satisfactory settlement of his account.

## EXPENSES AT BALTIMORE

The fees and expenses for the professional schools located in Baltimore will be found in the section of this catalogue pertaining to the several schools in Baltimore.

## SCHOLARSHIPS

The University of Maryland offers a limited number of scholarships covering fixed charges to residents of the State of Maryland who are graduates of high schools or preparatory schools.
Since the University of Maryland is interested in encouraging students who show promise, these scholarships are awarded on the basis of a student's contribution to his high school, preparatory school, or University; his scholastic average; special talents; and evidence of leadership.

A scholarship, known as the Victor E. Albright Scholarship, is awarded to a boy or girl of good character, born and reared in Garrett County and graduated from a high school in Garrett County during the year in which the scholarship is awarded. This scholarship is worth $\$ 200.00$ a year.

The names of prospective scholars are forwarded to the Scholarship Committee by the high school principals of Garrett County and the selection is made by lot. The recipient of this award must maintain a B average for each semester in order to keep the scholarship.

## STUDENT EMPLOYMENT

A considerable number of students earn some money through employment hile in attendance at the University. No student should expect, however, to earn enough to pay all of his expenses. The amounts vary,
earn from one-fourth to three-fourths of all the require desiring employment Generally the first year is the hardest for those desiring there is much After one has demonstrated
less difficulty in finding work. National Youth Administration, the UniUnder the provisions of the nem nedy students a limited amount of work versity has been enabled to on special projects, the remuneraternment will continue to extend this aid. It is not known how long the Government should be made to the Director of Applications for $\mathbf{N}$
Student Activities.
The University assumes no responsibility in connection waintain a bureau to aid needy students. The nearby It does, however, maintain a bureassed, and a list of available positions is towns and the Universil of the students. Applications should be made for this work to the Employment Service.

## HONORS AND AWARDS SCHOLARSHIP HONORS AND AWARDS

Scholarship Honors. Final honors for excellence in scholarship are awarded to one-fifth of the graduating class in each college. First honors are awarded to the upper half of this group; second honors to the lower half. To be eligible for honors, at least two years of resident work are required.
The Goddard Medal. The James Douglas Goddard Memorial Medal is awarded annually to the resident of Prince Georges County, born therein, awarded who makes the most manly attributes. The medal is given by Mrs. Anne K. embodies the most mashington, D. C.
Goddard James, of Washer
Sigma Phi Sigma Medal. The Delta Chapter of Sigma Phi Sigma Fraternity offers annually a gold medal to the freshman who makes the highest scholastic average during the first semester.
Alpha Zeta Medal. The Honorary Agricultural Fraternity of Alpha Zeta Alpha Zeta Medal. who attains the highest average record in academic work. The mere presentation of the medal does not elect the student to the fraternity, but simply indicates recognition of high scholarship.

Dinah Berman Memorial Medal. The Dinah Berman Memorial Medal is awarded annually to the sophomore who has attained the highest scholastic average of his class in the College of Engineering. The medal is given by Benjamin Berman.

Mortar Board Scholarship Cup. This is awarded to the senior girl who has been at the University for four years, and who has made the highest scholastic average for three and one-half years.

Delta Delta Delta Medal. This sorority awards a medal annually to the girl who attains the highest average in academic work during the sophomore year.

Class of '26 Honor Key. The Class of 1926 of the School of Business Administration of the University of Maryland at Baltimore offers each year a gold key to the senior graduating from the College of Commerce with the highest average for the entire four year course taken at the University of Maryland.

American Institute of Chemists Medal. The American Institute of Chemists awards annually a medal and a junior membership to the graduating student of good character and personality, majoring in chemistry, who has attained the highest average grade in this major subject for the entire undergraduate course, exclusive of credit received for the final semester.

Omicron Nu Sorority Medal. This sorority awards a medal annually to the freshman girl in the College of Home Economics who attains the high. est scholastic average during the first semester.

Bernard L. Crozier Award. The Maryland Association of Engineers awards a cash prize of $\$ 25.00$ annually to the senior in the College of Engineering who, in the opinion of the faculty, has made the greatest improvement in scholarship during his stay at the University.
Alpha Lambda Delta Award. The Alpha Lambda Delta Award is given to the senior member of the group who has maintained the highest average for the past three and one-half years. She must have been in attendance in the institution for the entire time.
American Society of Civil Engineers Award. The Maryland Section of the American Society of Civil Engineers awards annually a junior membership in the American Society of Civil Engineers to the senior in the Department of Civil Engineering who, in the opinion of the faculty of the Department, is the outstanding student in his class.
Tau Beta Pi Award. The Maryland Beta Chapter of Tau Beta Pi awards annually an engineers' handbook to the junior in the College of Engineering who, during his sophomore year, has made the greatest improvement in scholarship over that of his freshman year.
Tau Beta Pi Certificate of Merit. The Maryland Beta Chapter of Tau Beta Pi awards annually a certificate of merit to the initiate of the Chapter who, in the opinion of the members, has presented the best thesis during the year.

## CITIZENSHIP AWARDS

Citizenship Prize for Men. An award is presented annually by President H. C. Byrd, a graduate of the Class of 1908, to the member of the senior class H. C. Byring his collegiate career, has most nearly typified the model citizen, , University.
Citizenship Prize for Women. The Citizenship Prize is offered by Mrs. Albert F. Woods, wife of a former president of the University of Maryland, to the woman member of the senior class who, during her collegiate career, thest nearly typified the model citizen, and has done most for the general advancement of the interests of the University.

## general advancer MILITARY AWARDS

Mahlon N. Haines '94 Trophy. This is offered to the major of the winning battalion.
Military Department Award. Gold second lieutenant's insignia to the major of the winning battalion.
The Governor's Cup. This is offered each year by His Excellency, the Governor of Maryland, to the best drilled company.
Company Award. The Reserve Officers' Association, Montgomery County Chapter, awards annually to the captain of the best drilled company of the University, gold second lieutenant's insignia.
The Alumni Cup. The Alumni offer each year a cup to the commanding officer of the best drilled platoon.
Scabbard and Blade Cup. This cup is offered to the commander of the winning platoon.

Class of '99 Gold Medal. The class of 1899 offers each year a gold medal
to the member of the battalion who proves himself the best drilled soldier.
A Gold Medal is awarded to the member of the Varsity R. O. T. C. Rifle
Team who fired the high score of each season. Freshman Rifle Team who
A Gold Medal is awarded to the m
fired the high score of each season.
Pershing Rifle Medals are awarded to each member of the winning squad in the squad drill competition.
Pershing Rifle Medals are awarded to the three best drilled students in Pershing Rifles.

Mehring Trophy Rifle Competition. A Gold Medal is awarded to the student firing highest score in this competition. A Silver Medal is given to the student showing greatest improvement during the year in this competition.

## ATHLETIC AWARDS

Silvester Watch for Excellence in Athletics. A gold watch is offered minally "the who typified the best in college athletics". The watch is given in honor of a former President of the University, R. W. Silvester.

Maryland Ring. The Maryland Ring is offered by Charles L. Linhardt to the Maryland man who is adjudged the best athlete of the year
Edward Powell Trophy. This trophy is offered by the class of 1913 to the player who has rendered the greatest service to lacrosse during the year
Louis W. Berger Trophy. This trophy is awarded to the outstanding senior baseball player.

## PUBLICATIONS AWARDS

Medals are offered in Diamondback, Terrapin, and Old Line work, for the students who have given most efficient and faithful service throughout the year.

## LOANS

The Kappa Kappa Gamma Sorority offers annually a Sigma Delta loan of one hundred dollars, without interest, to a woman student registered in the University of Maryland and selected by a Scholarship Committee-the said Committee to be composed of the deans of all Colleges in which girls are registered, including the Dean of Women and the Dean of the Graduate School.
A. A. U. W. Loan. The College Park Branch of the American Association of University Women maintains a fund from which loans are made to women students of junior or senior standing who have been in attendance at the University of Maryland for at least one year. Awards in varying amounts are made on the basis of scholarship, character, and financial need. Applications should be made to the Scholarship Committee of the A. A. U. W. on blanks which may be obtained through the office of the Dean of Women.

Catherine Moore Brinkley Loan Fund. Under the provisions of the will of Catherine Moore Brinkley a loan fund has been established, available for worthy students who are natives and residents of the State of Maryland, studying mechanical engineering or agriculture at the University of Maryland.

This loan fund is administered by the Scholarship and Student Aid Committee. Details concerning loans and application for loans should be made to the Chairman of the Scholarship Committee
Home Economics Loan Fund. A small loan fund, established by the District of Columbia Home Economics Society, is available for students major ing in Home Economics. It is administered by the Scholarship and Student Aid Committee.
In addition to the above loans there are from time to time others that are made available by various women's organizations in the State of Maryland. Information regarding these may be secured upon request from the Office of the Dean of Women

## STUDENT ACTIVITIES

The following description of student activities covers those of the undergraduate divisions of College Park. The description of those in the Baltimore divisions is included in the appropriate chapters in Section II.

## GOVERNMENT

Regulation of Student Activities. The association of students in organzed bodies for the purpose of carrying on voluntary student activities in orderly and productive ways, is recognized and encouraged. All organized student activities aree, subject to the approval of the President. Such organizatration Committee, suly with the consent of the Student Life and Registration tions are formed only with the of the President. Without such consent and Committee and the approval approval no student organization purports to be a University organization or sity before the public, or. which purports, may use the name of the University an organization of University students, may connection with its membersity in connection with its own name, or in connection with its members as students.
Student Government. The Student Government Association consists of the Executive Council, the Women's League, and the Men's League, and operates under its own constitution. Its officers are a President, a VicePresident, a Secretary-Treasurer, President of Women's League, and President of Men's League.
The Women's League, in cooperation with the Office of the Dean of Women, handles all matters pertaining to women students.
The Men's League, in cooperation with the Office of the Dean of Men, handles all matters pertaining to men students.
The Executive Council performs the executive duties incident to managing student affairs, and works in coöperation with the Student Life and Registration Committee.
The Student Life and Registration Committee, a faculty committee appointed by the President, keeps in close touch with all activities and conditions, excepting classroom work, that affect the student, and, acting in an advisory capacity, endeavors to improve any unsatisfactory conditions that may exist.
A pamphlet entitled Academic Regulations, issued annually and distributed to the students in the fall, contains full information concerning student matters as well as a statement of the rules of the University.
Eligibility to Represent the University. Only students in good standing are eligible to represent the University in extra-curricular contests. In addition, various student organizations have established certain other requirements. To compete in varsity athletics a student must pass at least twenty-four hours of work during a preceding year.
Discipline. In the government of the University, the President and faculty rely chiefly upon the sense of responsibility of the students. The student who pursues his studies diligently, attends classes regularly, lives honorably, and maintains good behavior meets this responsibility. In the interest of the general welfare of the University, those who fail to maintain these standards are asked to withdraw. Students are under the direct supervision of the University only when on the campus, but they are responsible to the University for their conduct wherever they may be.

Fraternities and sororities, as well as all other clubs and organizatio recognized by the University, are expected to conduct their social and finan cial activities in accordance with the rules of good conduct and upon sounbusiness principles. Where such rules and principles are observed, indivi dual members will profit by the experience of the whole group, and thereb become better fitted for their life's work after graduation. Rules governing the different activities will be found in the list of Academic Regulations.

## FRATERNITIES, SOCIETIES, AND CLUBS

Honorary Fraternities. Honorary fraternities and societies in the Uni versity at College Park are organized to uphold scholastic and cultural standards. These are Phi Kappa Phi, a national honorary fraternity open to honor students, both men and women, in all branches of learning; Sigm Xi, an honorary scientific fraternity; Omicron Delta Kappa, men's national honor society, recognizing conspicuous attainment in non-curricular activities and general leadership; Mortar Board, the national senior honor society for women recognizing service, leadership, and scholarship; Alpha Lambda Delta, a national freshmen women's scholastic society; Phi Eta Sigma national freshman honor society for men. A group of honorary fraternities encourage development in specialized endeavor. These are Alpha Zeta, a national honorary agriculture fraternity recognizing scholarship and student leadership; Tau Beta Pi, a national honorary engineering fraternity; Alpha Ćhi Sigma, a national honorary chemical fraternity; Scabbard and Blade, a national military society; Pershing Rifles, a national military society for basic course R. O. T. C. students; Pi Delta Epsilon, a national journalistic fraternity; Omicron Nu , a national home economics society; Alpha Psi Omega, a national dramatic society; Beta Alpha Psi, a national accounting honorary fraternity; Pi Sigma Alpha, an honorary political science fraternity; and Beta Gamma Sigma, a national honorary commerce
fraternity.

Fraternities and Sororities. There are fifteen national fraternities, nin national sororities, and one local sorority at College Park. These in the order of their establishment at the University are Kappa Alpha, Sigma Phi Theta Chi Phi Ahi Sigma Kappa, Delta Sigma Phi, Alpha Gamma Rho, Theta Chi, Phi Alpha, Tau Epsilon Phi, Alpha Tau Omega, Phi Delta Theta, Lambda Chi Alpha, Alpha Lambda Tau, Sigma Alpha Mu, and Alpha Epsilon Pi, national fraternities; and Alpha Omicron Pi, Kappa Delta, Kappa Kappa Gamma, Delta Delta Delta, Alpha Xi Delta, Phi Sigma Sigma, Alpha Delta Pi, Sigma Kappa, and Gamma Phi Beta, national sororities; and Alpha Sigma, a local sorority.
Clubs and Societies. Many clubs and societies, with literary, scientific, social and other special objectives, are maintained in the University. Some of these are purely student organizations; others are conducted jointly by students and members of the faculty. The list is as follows: Agricultural Council, Authorship Club, Bacteriology Society, Engineering Council, Hor-
ticulture Club, Block and Bridle Club, Calvert Debate Club, Women's Athletic Association, Footlight Club, Rossbourg Club, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Electrical Engineers, Chess Club, Swimming Club, International Relations Club, Clef and Key, Radio Club, Camera Club, Terrapin Trail Club, Student Grange, Farm Economics Club, Future Farmers of America, Riding Club, Collegiate Chamber of Commerce, Der Deutsche Verein, Spanish Club, Le Cercle Francaise, Chemical Engineering Club, Freshman Chemical Society, American Chemical Society, and Daydodgers Club.

## RELIGIOUS INFLUENCES

Staff. The University recognizes its responsibility for the welfare of the students, not solely in their intellectual growth, but as human personalities whose development along all lines, including the moral and religious, is included in the educational process. Pastors representing the major denominational bodies are officially appointed by the Churches for work with the students of their respective faiths. Each of the Student Pastors also serves a local church of his denomination, which the students are urged to attend.
Committee on Religious Affairs and Social Service. A faculty committee on Religious Affairs and Social Service has as its principal function the stimulation of religious thought and activity on the campus. It brings noted speakers on religious subjects to the campus from time to time. The committee coöperates with the student pastors in visiting the students, and assists the student denominational clubs in every way that it can. Opportunities are provided for students to consult with pastors representing the denominations of their choice.
While there is no attempt to interfere with anyone's religious beliefs, the importance of religion is recognized officially and religious activities are encouraged.
Denominational Clubs. Several religious clubs, each representing a denominational group, have been organized among the students for their mutual benefit and to undertake certain types of service. This year the list includes the Baptist Student Union, the Episcopal Club, the Lutheran Club, the Newman Club, the Hillel Foundation, the Methodist Club, and the Presbyterian Club. These clubs meet monthly or semi-monthly for worship and discussion, and occasionally for social purposes. A pastor or a member of the faculty serves as adviser. Evensong is held every Sunday evening under the auspices of the various denominational clubs. A local Y. W. C. A. also provides a variety of activities and services on a nondenominational basis.

## STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

Four student publications are conducted under the supervision of the Faculty Committee on Student Publications.

The Diamondback, a semi-weekly, six-to-eight-page newspaper, is pub. lished by the students. This publication summarizes the University news, and provides a medium of expression for the discussion of matters of interest to the students and the faculty.

The Terrapin is the student annual published by the Junior Class. It is a reflection of student activities, serving to commemorate the principal events of the college year.
The Old Line is a monthly magazine issued by the students containing short stories, cartoons, humorous material, poetry, and features of general interest.
The "M" Book is a handbook issued each September by the Student Government Association for the benefit of incoming students to acquaint them with general University life.

## ALUMNI

The Alumni Council, which is composed of representatives of each school and college in the University, coordinates all general Alumni interest. Alumni activities are further unified in two ways. There are organized alumni associations in the Schools of Medicine, Law, Pharmacy, Dentistry, and Nursing located in Baltimore. The alumni of the Colleges of Agriculture, Arts and Sciences, Commerce, Education, Engineering, and Home Economics, located at College Park, constitute a general Association, each group having its own Board of Representatives. Each school and college Alumni organization exerts an active interest in the welfare of its respective graduates.

## SECTION II Administrative Divisions

## COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

T. B. Symons, Dean, Director of Extension.
R. B. Corbett, Director, Experiment Station.
H. F. Cotterman, Assistant Dean.

The Agricultural College is the administrative unit of the University devoted especially to the agricultural industries and life of the State. Its four principal functions are as follows: (1) Resident related occupations; (2) ing of young men and women for agriculturaligations on projects of imporResearch, the conducting of sys (3) Extension, the rendering of assistance, tance to agricultural int and home problems in their natural setting; and in the solution of farm and hont of those standards and control measures (4) Regulatory, the enforcement of those star for the common good.
in agriculture which are Resident Instruction
The courses in resident instruction are designed to provide trained personnel for agricultural and allied industries. These offerings aim to fit students for one or more of the many fields of activity affording employstudents for one or more of the minds of training. Education of students in ment to persons with special fundamentals reeeives special attention. The twenty-two professional curfundamentals reeeives special attention. The a view to correlating technical ricula of the College are arranged cultural subjects. Accordingly, young work with associated sciences and cultural subation while they are being men and women are given a basic general educat
instructed in the various branches of agriculture.
The College provides education for those who wish to enge poultry husbandry, farming, live stock production, some type or ornamental horticulture, field fruit or vegetable growing, floriculture ored scientific activities connected crop production, or in the highly specialized scientific farm managers, for with these industries. It prepares men to to agriculture, for responsible positions with commercial concultural colleges and in departments of vocapositions as teachers in agricultural as investigators in experiment stations, tional agriculture in high schools or as investig and for service in the United for extension work, for regulatory activities, and for serveceriology, Botany, States Department of Agriculture. Soil Technology offer rich opportunities Entomology, Food Technology, and sol to the student with a scientific bent of mind, and lead to positions with many ramifications in teaching, research, extension, and regulatory work.

## Research

Through research of the Experiment Station, the frontiers of knowledge relating to agriculture and the fundamental sciences underlying it are constantly being extended and solutions for important problems are being found. Research projects in many fields are in progress. Students taking courses in agriculture from instructors who devote part time to research or are closely associated with it are kept in close touch with the latest discoveries and developments in the investigations under way. The findings of the Experiment Station thus provide a real source of information for use in classrooms, and make possible a virility and exactness in instruction valuable in the extreme. The authority of scientific investigation is constantly before the student.

## Extension

Constant contact of the Extension Service with the problems of farmers and their families in all parts of the State through its county agents, home demonstration agents, and specialists brings additional life to resident instruction in the College of Agriculture. This Service operates in two ways: problems confronting rural people are brought to the attention of research workers and the instructional staff, and results of research are taken to farmers and their families in their home communities through practical demonstrations. Hence the problems of the people of the State contribute to the strength of the College of Agriculture, and the College helps them in the improvement of agriculture and rural life. Instruction is vitalized through participation in or association with extension activities.

## Regulatory

Through their Regulatory functions, certain trained workers in the College of Agriculture are constantly dealing with the actual problems associated with the improvement and maintenance of the standards of farm products and animals. Regulatory and control work extends over a wide range of activities and is concerned with reducing the losses due to insect pests and diseases; preventing and controlling serious outbreaks of diseases and pests of animals and plants; analyzing fertilizers, feed, and limes for guaranteed quality; and providing more reliable seeds for farm planting These fields constitute an important part of agricultural education, as standardization and education go hand in hand in the development of an industry. Direct contact on the part of professors in their respective departments with the problems and methods involved makes for effective instruction.

## Coordination of Agricultural Work

The strength of the College of Agriculture of the University of Maryland lies in the close coordination of the instructional, research, extension, and regulatory functions within the individual departments, between the several departments, and in the institution as a whole. Those who give instruction to students are closely associated with the research, extension
and regulatory work being carried on in their respective lines, and, in many cases, devote a portion of their time to one or more of these types of activities. Close coordination of these four types of work enables the University to support a stronger faculty in than would otherwise be possible. affords a higher degree of opportunity to be always informed on the latest It insures instructors and to be constantly in touch with current trends and results of resh are revealed in extension and regulatory activities. Heads problems which are staff conferences to this end, so that the student at of departments hold staff condelopments in the frontiers of the several all times is as close to it is possible for organization to put him.
fields of knowledge as it is Councils
In order that the work of the College shall be responsive to agricultural interests and shall adequately meet the needs of the several agricultural industries in the State, and that the courses of instruction shall at all times be made most helpful for students who pursue them, Advisory Councils ave been constituted in the major industries of agriculture. These Counve cis are composed the instructional staff of the College of Agriculture has the benefit. of their counsel and advice at regular intervals. By this means the College,解

## Facilities and Equipment

In addition to the buildings, laboratories, libraries, and equipment for effective instruction in the related basic sciences and in the cultural subjects, the University of Maryland is provided with excellent facilities for research and instruction in agriculture. Farm lands, totaling more than 1200 acres, are owned and operated for instructional and investigational purposes. One of the most complete and modern plants for dairy and animal husbandry work in the country, together with herds of the principal breeds of dairy cattle and livestock, provides facilities and materials for instruction and research in these industries. Excellent laboratory and field facilities are available in the Agronomy Department for breeding and selection in farm crops and for soils research. The Poultry Department has a building for laboratories and classrooms, a plant comprising thirty-four acres, and flocks of all the important breeds of poultry. The Horticulture Department is housed in a separate building, and has ample orchards and gardens for its various lines of work.

## Departments

The College of Agriculture includes the following departments: Agricultural Chemistry; Agricultural Education and Rural Life; Agricultural Engineering; Agronomy (including Crops and Soils); Animal Husbandry; Bacteriology (including Food Technology) ; Botany; Dairy Husbandry (including Dairy Manufacturing); Entomology (including Bee Culture); cluding Dairy Manufacturing) ; Entomology (includrticulture (including

Pomology, Olericulture, Floriculture, and Ornamental Horticulture) ; Poul. try Husbandry; Veterinary Science.

## Admission

The requirements for admission are discussed under Admission, in Sec. tion I.

## Junior Standing

To attain junior standing in the College of Agriculture, a student must have an average grade of $C$ in not less than 62 semester hours.

## Requirements for Graduation

A minimum of one hundred and twenty-eight semester hours is required for graduation. The detailed requirements for each department are included in the discussion of Curricula in Agriculture.

## Farm and Laboratory Practice

The head of each department will help to make available opportunities for practical or technical experience along his major line of study for each student whose major is in that department and who is in need of such experience. For inexperienced students in many departments this need may be met by one or more summers spent on a farm

## Student Organizations

Students find opportunity for varied expression and growth in the several voluntary organizations sponsored by the College. These organiza tions are as follows: Student Grange, Livestock Club, Future Farmers of America, Bacteriological Society, Alpha Zeta, Agricultural Economics Club and the Agricultural Student Council.
Membership in these organizations is voluntary, and no college credits are given for work done in them; yet much of the training obtained is fully as valuable as that acquired from regularly prescribed courses.
The Student Grange represents the Great National Farmers' fraternity of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, and emphasizes training for rural leadership. It sponsors much deputation work in local granges throughout the State. The Livestock Club conducts the Students' Fitting and Showing Contest held on the campus in the Spring. The Future Farmers of America foster interest in vocational education, and the Collegiate Chapter serves as host Chapter in connection with high school judging contests held at the University. The Bacteriological organization is representative of a national group with chapters in many institutions. The Agricultural Economics group conducts special studies in the field of Agricultural Economics. All these organizations have regular meetings, arrange special programs. and contribute to the extra-curricular life of students.

Alpha Zeta-National Agricultural Honor Fraternity
Membership in this fraternity is chosen from students in the College of Agriculture who have displayed agricultural motive and executive ability. This organization fosters scholarship, and to that end awards a gold medal to the member of the freshman class in agriculture who makes the highest record during the year.

## Agricultural Student Council

The Agricultural Student Council is a delegate body made up of two representatives from each of the above organizations. Its purpose is to coordinate activities of students in agriculture, and to promote work which is beneficial to the College of Agriculture. It is the organization that is representative of the agricultural student body as a whole.

## CURRICULA IN AGRICULTURE

Curricula within the College of Agriculture divide into three general classes: Technical, Scientific, and Special.
(1) Technical curricula are designed to prepare students for farming as owners, tenants, managers, or specialists; for positions as county agricultural agents, or teachers of agriculture in high schools; as executives, salesmen, or other employees in commercial businesses with close agricultural contact and point of view.
(2) Scientific curricula are designed to prepare students for positions as technicians, teachers, or investigators. These positions are usually in the various scientific and educational departments, or bureaus of the Federal, State, or Municipal governments; in the various schools or experiment stations; or in the laboratories of private corporations.
(3) Courses of study may be arranged for any who desire to return to the farm after one or more years of training in practical agricultural subjects. (For details see Special Students in Agriculture, page 103.)

## Student Advisers

Each student in the College of Agriculture is assigned to an adviser from the faculty. Advisers are of two kinds-departmental and general. Departmental advisers consist of heads of departments or persons selected by them to advise students with curricula in their respective departments. General advisers are selected for students who have no definite choice of curriculum in mind, or who wish to pursue the general curriculum in agriculture.
Cases of students with poor records are referred to the Admission, Guidance, and Adjustment Committee, for review and advice.

## Electives

The electives in the suggested curricula which follow afford opportunity for those who so desire to supplement major and minor fields of study or to add to their general training.
With the advice and consent of those in charge of his registration, a student may make such modifications in his curriculum as are deemed advisable to meet the requirements of his particular need.
Students wishing to take Advanced R. O. T. C. may, upon consultation with the Department Head and with the consent of the Dean, substitute this subject either as an elective or for certain requirements in junior and senior years.

## Freshman Year

The program of the freshman year in the College of Agriculture is common to all curricula of the College. Its purpose is to afford the student an opportunity to lay a broad foundation in subjects basic to agriculture and the related sciences, to articulate beginning work in college with that pursued in high or preparatory schools, to provide opportunity for wise choice of programs in succeeding years, and to make it possible for a student before the end of the year to change from one curriculum to another, or from the College of Agriculture to the curriculum in some other college of the University with little or no loss of credit.

Students entering the freshman year with a definite choice of curriculum in mind are sent immediately to departmental advisers for counsel as to the wisest selection of freshman electives from the standpoint of their special interests and their probable future programs. Students entering the freshman year with no definite curriculum in mind, or who are undecided, are assigned to general advisers, who assist with the choice of freshman electives and during the course of the year acquaint them with the opportunities in the upper curricula in the College of Agriculture and in the other divisions of the University. If by the close of the freshman year a student makes no definite choice of a specialized curriculum, he continues under the guidance of his general adviser and at the beginning of the sophomore year enters Agriculture (General Curriculum).

| Cưrriculum |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Semester |  |
| Freshman Year | $I$ | II |
| General Chemistry (Chem. 1y) | 4 | 4 |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y) | 3 | 3 |
| General Botany (Bot. 1f) | 4 | - |
| General Zoology (Zool. 1s). |  | 4 |
| Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y) | 1 | 1 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. $1 y$ or $2 y$ and $4 y$ ) | 1 | 1 |
| Freshman Lectures |  | - |
| Elect one of the following: |  |  |
| Modern Language (French or German) | 3 | 3 |
| *Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s).. | 3 | 3 |
| Introductory Physics (Phys. 3y). | 3 | 3 |
| Agricultural Industry and Resources (A. E. 1f) and Farm Organization (A. E. 2s) | 3 | 3 |

[^4]
## AGRICULTURE-GENERAL

This curriculum is designed for persons wishing to return to the farm, those expecting to enter business allied to farming, others seeking a general rather than a specialized knowledge of the field of agriculture, and those preparing for county and other agricultural agents.
By proper use of the electives allowed in this course a student may choose a field of concentration in agriculture and at the same time elect courses to enhance his liberal culture.

| Curriculum | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II |
| Sophomore Year |  | 3 |
| English Sequence | 3 | - |
| Geology (Geol. 1f) | $\bigcirc$ | 3 |
| Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1s). | 3 |  |
| Cereal Crop Production ('Agron. 1f) | 3 | 3 |
| Forage Crop Production (Agron. 2s).... | 3 |  |
| Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (A.H | - | 3 |
| Fundamentals of Dairying (D.H. 1s) | 3 | 3 |
| Physical or Biological Science Sequence |  |  |
| Basic R.O.T.C. (M.I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed | 2 | 2 |
| 3 y or 6y and 8y) | - |  |
|  | 17 | 17 |
| Junior Year | 3 |  |
| Genetics (Zool. 104f). | 3 | 3 |
| Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s) | 3 | 3 |
| General Horticulture (Hort. 1f, 2s). | 3 | $\stackrel{3}{+}$ |
| Poultry Production (P.H. 1f) |  | 3 |
| Poultry Management (P.H. 2s) | 2 | 2 |
| Advanced Public Speaking (Speech 3f, 4s) | 5 | 5 |
| Electives |  | - |
|  | 16 | 16 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Farm Machinery (Agr. Engr. 101f) | 3 |  |
| Gas Engines, Tractors, and Automobiles (Agr. Engr. 102s) | - | 3 |
| Farm Management (A. E. 108f)... | 3 |  |
| Analysis of Farm Business (A. E. 107s) | 3 |  |
| Feeds and Feeding (A. H. 102f)... | 3 |  |
| Rural Life and Education (R. Ed. 110s) | 6 | 6 |
| Electives ...- | - |  |
|  | 15 | 15 |

## AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY

In the field of chemistry there is an opportunity for one properly trained in the biological sciences and appreciative of the chemical aspects of agriculture. The following curriculum is intended primarily to insure adeguate instruction in the fundamentals of both the physical and biological sciences. It may be adjusted through the selection of electives to fit the student for work in agriculture experiment stations, soil bureaus, geological surveys, food laboratories, industries engaged in the process of handling furves, products and the fertilizer industries.
The outline calls for five years of
of this outline leads to the dears study. The completion of four years use of electives in the fourth study for the fifth year and the presentation continuation of this course of student may qualify for the Master's degree of a satisfactory thesis, the

## Curriculum

| Sophomore Year | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Survey and Composition (Eng. 2f, 3s) | $I$ | II |
| Calculus (Math. 23y) .-. | 3 | 3 |
| Agricultural Industry and Resources (A. E. 1f) | 4 | 4 |
| Farm Organization (A. E. 2s) | 3 | - |
| Qualitative Analysis (Chem. 2y) | 3 | 3 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys.. Ed. $3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ ) | 3 | 3 |
| Electives (Biology) ..-a>ouxa | 2 | 2 |
|  | 4 | 4 |
|  |  |  |
| Junior Year | 19 | 19 |
| Elementary Organic Chemistry (Chem, 8Ay) |  |  |
| Elementary Organic Laboratory (Chem. 8By) | 2 | 2 |
|  | 2 | 2 |
| Modern Language | 4 | 4 |
| Geology (Geol. 1f). | 3 | 3 |
| Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1s) | 3 | - |
| Electives (Biology) | - | 3 |
|  | 3 | 3 |
|  | - | - |
| Senior Year | 17 | 17 |
| Principles of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s) Modern Language | 3 | 3 |
| Electives (Biology) | 3 | 3 |
| General Physics (Phys. 1y) | 3 | 3 |
| Electives | 4 | 4 |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | 3 |
|  | - | - |
| 80 | 16 | 16 |

Fifth Year
Advanced Organic Chemistry (Chem. 116y)
Organic Laboratory (Chem. 117y)
Advanced Organic Laboratory (Chem. 118y)
Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay).
Physical Chemistry Laboratory (Chem. 102By)
Electives (Chemistry)
Electives (Biology)

| Semester |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| $I$ | II |
| 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 15 | 15 |

AGRICULTURE EDUCATION AND RURAL LIFE
The primary objective of the curricula is the teaching of secondary vocational agriculture, the work of county agents, and allied lines of the rural education service. Graduates from these curricula are in demand in rural business, particularly of the cooperative type. A number have entered the Federal service. Others are engaged in teaching and research in agricultural colleges. Quite a few have returned to the farm as owner managers. Curriculum A is designed for persons who have had no vocational agriculture in high school or less than two years of such instruction. Curriculum B is designed for persons who have had two or more years of thoroughgoing instruction in secondary agriculture of the type offered in Maryland high schools. Curriculum B relieves the student of the necessity of pursuing beginning agriculture courses in the first two years of his college course, permits him to carry general courses in lieu of those displaced by his vocational program in high school, and offers him an opportunity to lay a broad foundation for the advanced work in agriculture of the last two college years.
In addition to the regular entrance requirements of the University, involving graduation from a standard four-year high school, students electing the agricultural education curricula must present evidence of having acquired adequate farm experience after reaching the age of fourteen years.
Students with high averages may upon petition be relieved of certain requirements in these curricula, when evidence is presented showing that either through experience or through previous training the prescription is non-essential; or they may be allowed to carry an additional load.

Curriculum A.
Semester

ster
Sophomore Year
1
3
-
Introductory Entomology (Ent. 1s) ....arran -
Cereal Crop Production (Agron. If)...
Forage Crop Production (Agron. 2s).....
-
$\overline{3}$
Soils and Fertilizers (Soil 1s) $-$
Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (A.H. 2f) $\ldots$
amentals of Dairying (D.H. 1s)
$-$
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s)
3 y or 6 y and 8 y ) $\stackrel{3}{-}$$\begin{array}{r}- \\ \hline\end{array}$-$\overline{3}$
ter

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$\square$
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[^8] 3 3

Junior Year
Farm Machinery (Agr. Engr. 101f).
Farm Economics (A. E. 100f)
Junior Year
Jum Machinery (Agr. Engr. 101f)............................................................. 3


Advanced Public Speaking (Speech $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$ )...........................................
Advancedion and the Analysis of Teaching for Agricultural Students (R. Ed. 107s).
Electives
Poultry Production (P. H. 1f)
Poultry Management (P. H. 2s)
rear
Senior Year Psychology (Psych. 10f).............................................................. 3

Farm Management (A. E. 108f)............................................
Farm Practicums and Demonstrations (R. Ed. 101f, 102s)
Farm Engines, Tractors, and Automobiles (Agr. Engr. 102s)......
Gas Engines, Tractors, acational Agriculture (R. Ed. 109f)...
Teaching Secondary Vocational Ag. 110s)
Rural Life and Education (R. Ed. 110s)............................................
Deparm Mechanics (Agr. Engr. 104f) $\qquad$
Farm Mechancs Mechanics in Secondary Schools (R. Ed. 114s)
Teaching Farm Mechang (R. Ed. 120y)...
Electives
General Shop (Ind. Ed. 167y)

Farm Management (A. E. 108f).
Educational Psychology (Psych. 10f)
Gas Engines, Tractors, and Automobiles (Agr. Engr. 102s)
Farm Practicums and Demonstrations (R. Ed. 101f, 102s)
Teaching Secondary Vocational Agriculture (R. Ed. 109f)........
Rural Life and Education (R. Ed. 110s)
Departmental Organization and Administration (R. Ed. 112s)
f)...stration (K. Ed. 112s)
A4f).....

Farm Mechanics (Agr. Engr. 104f)Teaching Farm Mechanics in Secondary Schools,(R. Ed. 114s)Practice Teaching (R. Ed. 120y).Electives

## Curriculum B.

Sophomore Year
Diseases of Plants (Plt. Path. 1f)
Introductory Entomology (Ent. 1s)
Geology (Geol. 1f) $\qquad$
$\square$ 3
Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1s) $\qquad$ -
General Horticulture (Hort. 1f, 2s)
Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (A.H. 2f) 3
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
$3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ ).
*Electives
*If Introductory Physics (Phys. 3y) is not elected in the freshman year, it must be elected in the sophomore year.

Electives in Curriculum B: $\quad 3$ hours
Animal Husbandry ...-ananan.


Dairy Husbandry .-.ananana

Poultry ........ Subjects of Special Interest. 7 hours

## AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

The department offers to students of agriculture training in those agricultural subjects which are based upon engineering principles. These subjects may be grouped under three heads: farm machinery and motors, farm buildings, and farm drainage.
The modern tendency in farming is to reduce production costs by the ef machinery units of efficient size and design. In many cases horses are being replaced by tractors. Trucks, automobiles, stationary engines and electrical equipment are found on almost all farms. It is highly advisable that the student of any branch of agriculture have a working knowledge of the design, adjustments, and repair of these machines. More than one-fourth of the total value of Maryland farms is represented by the buildings. The study of the design of various buildings, from the standpoint of economy, sanitation, efficiency, and appearance, is, therefore, important.

Subjects included in the study of drainage are as follows: the principles of land drainage, the design and construction of tile drain systems and open ditches, and Maryland drainage laws.

## FIVE-YEAR PROGRAM IN AGRICULTURE-ENGINEERING

For those students who wish to specialize in the application of engineering principles to the physical and biological problems of agriculture there ing offered a combined program, extending over a five-year period, arrangel jointly by the College of Agriculture and the College of Engineering and leading to a degree from each of these Colleges
Graduates from such a program should be prepared to enter State, Fed eral or commercial fields of activity in such work as soil and water servation, rural electrification, design and sales of farm machinery an structures, and in the development of new uses for farm products and the profitable utilization of farm wastes and by-products.

To be properly trained in these fields a student should have a broade knowledge of basic and applied engineering principles than could be pro vided in a four-year course in agriculture. He would also need a broader training in the fundamentals of agriculture than a standard four-year course in engineering could furnish.

All students electing the five-year combined program follow the same curriculum for the first year. At the end of the first year they decide whether their final objective is a degree in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical, or Chemical Engineering.
Upon completion of the required course of study the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture is granted at the end of the fourth year. For the fifth year the student registers in the College of Engineering, and at the end of that year receives his degree in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical or Chemical Engineering from that College.

## Curriculum

Freshman Year
Semester
Survey and Composition (Eng. 1y)
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
College Algebra and Analytic Geometry (Math 21f, 22s).........................................
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
Engineering Drawing (Dr. 1f) $\qquad$
Descriptive Geometry (Dr. 2s)
2s)..
Forge Practice (Shop 1s
Introduction to Engineering (Engr. 1f)
Introductory Zoology (Zool. 3f) $\qquad$
Introductory Botany (Bot 2s)
2s)
Agriculture Freshman Lectures -

Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
1 y or 2 y and 4 y )

The remainder of this curriculum is for the student whose objective, at the end of the fifth year, is a degree in Civil Engineering. Similar curricula will be arranged for options in Electrical, Mechanical and Chemical Engineering.
Sophomore Year-Civil Engineering Option $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Semester } \\ & \text { II }\end{aligned}$
Oral Technical English (Speech 5f)
2
Calculus (Math. 23y)
General Physics (Phys. 2y)
Advanced Engineering Drawing (Dr. 3f) ....................................... 2
Statics and Dynamics (Mech. 1s).
Plane Surveying (Surv. 2y)

- 2

Geology (Geol. 1f)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed
3 y or 6 y and 8 y )

Elective in Agriculture.
-2 -

Junior Year-Civil Engineering Option
Advanced Oral Technical English (Speech 6s)
Strength of Materials (Mech. 101f)
Materials of Engineering (Mech. 103s)
Advanced Surveying (Surv. 101f)
Farm Machinery (Agr. Engr. 101f)
Farm Drainage (Agr. Engr. 107s)
Farm Mechanics (Agr. Engr. 104f) $\ldots$....................................... -1
Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1s).
-

Electives in Agriculture

Fourth Year-Civil Engineering Option
Hydraulics (C. E. 101s) $\qquad$
Principles of Mechanical Enineering (M. E. 101f)
Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 101s).
$\overline{3}$

Curves and Earthwork (C. E. 103f)
$-$
Theory of Structures (C. E. 104s)
Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f)
Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f) -
Biological Statistics (Stat 112s)
Farm Buildings (Agr. Engr. 105f)
-
Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles ('Agr. Engr. 102s)
-
Farm Economics (A. E. 100f)
Farm Management (A.-E. 108f)
Technical Society
Cal Society
$\overline{-}$
$-4$
-
$-$
$\qquad$
$\square$
$\square$
$\square$ -
$\square$ . -

$\square$
 $\square$

Fifth Year-Civil Engineering Option
The curriculum for the fifth year is the senior year curriculum in civi engineering, without change, as shown under College of Engineering.

## AGRONOMY

The curricula in the department are designed to prepare students for the following occupations or positions: specialized crop farming; general farming; technical workers in private and public concerns; scientists in soil and crop technology; and agricultural representatives with commercial and industrial organizations.
The curriculum in crop production aims to give the student the funda mental principles of crop production. Special attempt is made to adapt the work to the young man who wishes to apply the scientific principles of field crop culture and improvement on the farm. At the same time enough free dom is given the student in the way of electives so that he may register for subjects which might go along with the growing of crops on his par ticular farm. A student graduating from the course in agronomy should be well fitted for general farming, for the production of improved seeds, for employment with commercial firms, for investigational work in the State or Federal Experiment Stations, or for county agent work.

The curriculum in plant breeding aims to prepare students for work in this field, with commercial seed companies, in the Federal Government, and in State Agricultural Experiment Stations. In this curriculum, foundations are also laid in fundamental sciences for the graduate work which many will want to pursue in further preparation for advancement in the work of plant breeding.
The curriculum in soils gives instructions in the physics, chemistry, and biology of the soil, the courses being designed to equip the future farmer with a complete knowledge of his soil and also to give adequate training to students who desire to specialize in soils. Those who are preparing to take up research or teaching are expected to take graduate work in addition to the regular undergraduate courses that are offered. The department possesses the necessary equipment and facilities for instruction in these subjects, and in addition affords opportunities for the student to come in contact with the research at the Agricultural Experiment Station, especially in the pot culture laboratories, and on the experimental fields at the station and in other parts of the State.
Graduate students will find unusual opportunities to fit themselves for research as technical workers or as representatives of commercial or industrial organizations, to conduct research in experiment stations, to teach in agricultural colleges, and to carry on work with the Bureau of Plant Industry and the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, United States Department of Agriculture.

## Curriculum


*Under certain conditions a sequence in biology may be substituted for Organic Chemistry.
¿Required of students majoring in Plant Breeding.

## Crop Breeding

Junior Year emester
I
I
Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s) ..... 2
undamentals of Economics (Econ 57s) ..... -11
2
General Bacteriology (Bact. 1s) General Physics (Phy. 1y). ..... -
Genetics (Zool. 104f) ..... 4
3
Technology of Crop Quality (Agron. 102f)2Electives

## Senior Year

Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f)3
Biological Statistics (Stat. 112s) ..... -Crop Breeding (Agron. 103f)...
2
Farm Drainage (Agr. Engr. 107s)
-
Farm Machinery (Agr. Engr. 101f) ..... 3
Methods of Crop and Soil Investigat
4
Plant Physiology (Plt. Phys. 101f)4
3
Soil Geography (Soils 103f)
Soil Geography (Soils 103f)
Electives1Junior Year
Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s)2
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s) ..... -
Soil Management (Soils 102 s)4
Plant Physiology (Plt. Phys. 101f)$-4$
Electives4
6
Senior Year$\overline{16}$Farm Management (A. E. 108f)3
-
Soil Geography (Soils 103f)-
Farm Drainage (Agr. Engr. 107s) ..... 3
Soil Conservation (Soils 112s) ..... -
Electives
Electives ..... 10

## ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

The curriculum in animal husbandry is designed to prepare students for three distinct professional fields: livestock farming, technical workers and three advisors in private and public concerns, and scientists in the livestock industries.
By proper use of the electives allowed in this curriculum, the student may equip himself to become an owner or operator of a general or specialized livestock farm; to become a county agricultural agent; to meet the requirements of positions with certain types of private and cooperative business concerns; or, with more technical and specialized training, to become qualified for instructional work in colleges, for investigational work in State and Federal experiment stations or in commercial research laboratories.
Students who desire to enter the field of teaching or highly specialized research should elect the more scientific courses offered by this and by other departments and should further qualify themselves by continuing graduate studies in some specific phase of animal science.
Modern beef cattle, horse, and sheep barns are located on the campus; a livestock farm within a short distance of the University and the possession of choice herds and flocks provide the department with the equipment and facilities so essential for instruction and for research in animal husbandry.
Through the courtesy of Maryland breeders and the Bureau of Animal Industry, Beltsville Research Center, additional facilities, including herds and flocks, are available for instructional purposes. The headquarters of the Bureau of Animal Industry in Washington are approximately eight miles from the University campus.
The curriculum for the sophomore, junior, and senior years is suggested as a guide for students wishing to major in the animal husbandry field.

## Curriculum

Sophomore Year ..... Semeste
Elements of Organic Chemistry (Chem. 12 Ay ) ..... II ..... 2
Elements of Organic Laboratory (Chem. 12 By ) ..... 1
Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (A.H. 2f). .....  3
Fundamentals of Dairying (D.H. 1s) ..... $-$
General Bacteriology (Bact. 1f) ..... 4
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s) ..... -
Geology (Geol. 1f) ..... 3 ..... 3
Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1f) ..... -3Forage Crop Production (Agron. 2s)
R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3y or3
6 y and 8 y )
Electives$\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 1 \\ \hline 16\end{array}$
2$\overline{17}$


## BACTERIOLOGY

This department has been organized with two main purposes in view. The first is to give all students of the University an opportunity to obtain a general knowledge of this basic subject. The second is to prepare students for bacteriological positions (including those of dairy, sanitary, food, and soil bacteriologists; and federal, state, and municipal bacteriologists) ; and for public health work of various types, research, and industrial positions.

## A. Bacteriology

The curriculum in Bacteriology is arranged to provide an unusually thorough training in the principle phases of the science, namely, the cause and prevention of disease, sanitation, water purification, the microbiology of foods including milk and other agricultural products and bacterial metabolism, with further work in soil microbiology, research methods, and bacterial classification. A knowledge of Organic and Biochemistry is also required.
Freshmen planning to major in Bacteriology should elect Mathematics in the first year.
*Only two production courses are required for graduation. The student may choose ans two of these four courses to fulfill this requirement.


## Curriculum



## BOTANY

The department offers three major fields of work: general botany an morphology; plant pathology, and plant physiology and ecology. The required courses for the freshman and sophomore years are the same for all students. In the junior and senior years, the student elects botanical courses to suit his particular interests in botanical science. Both the junio and senior years also allow considerable freedom in the election of non botanical courses, in order to round out a fairly broad cultural education Through cooperation with the College of Education, students who wish th meet the requirements for the state high school teacher's certificates mat elect the necessary work in education.

The curriculum as outlined lays a good foundation for students who wish to pursue graduate work in botanical science in preparation for college teaching and for research in state experiment stations, in the United States Department of Agriculture, and in private research institutions and laboratories.
The curriculum also affords students an opportunity for training for ther vocations involving various botanical applications, such as extension work, and positions with seed companies, canning companies, companies making spray materials, and other commercial concerns.

## Curriculum

Sophomore Year $\quad{ }_{I}^{\text {Semester }}$
Diseases of Plants (Plt. Path. 1f)..............
General Botany (Bot. 3s) 4

Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s) .................................. $\quad 3 \quad 3$
*Modern Language
Basic R. O. T'. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
$3 y$ or 6 y and 8 y )
$2 \quad 2$
Electives ...
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Junior Year } & 16 & 16\end{array}$
Plant Physiology (Plt. Phys. 101f)............................................... 4
General Physics (Phys. 1y)
Plant Taxonomy (Bot. 103s)
-
4
3

Electives
Senior Year $\quad 16 \quad 16$


Plant Ecology (Plt. Phys 102s)
Botanical Electives (Maximum).....ar.an. 6
Other Electives (Minimum)
6
$\overline{16} \quad \overline{16}$

## DAIRY HUSBANDRY

The department offers instruction in two major lines of work: dairy production and dairy manufacturing. The curricula are designed to prepare students for practical work in dairy farming and dairy manufacturing industries, for scientific work in the dairy industry, and for technical workers with milk cooperatives, dairy breed associations, and private and public concerns.

[^9]In the dairy production curriculum, students are given technical and prac tical training in the breeding, feeding, management, and selection of dairy cattle and in the handling and marketing of milk and milk products. With additional courses in the physical, biological and social sciences, students are qualified to become owners or operators of dairy farms, for breed promotion and sales work, for employment with private and cooperative busi. ness organizations, and for county agent work. By careful election of courses the student may lay a foundation for instructional work in colleges, and for investigational work in experiment stations and commercial research laboratories.

For those students interested in dairy manufacturing, the curriculum is designed to prepare students for practical and scientific work concerned with the processing and distribution of milk, manufacture and handling of butter, cheese, ice cream, and other milk products, and in dairy plant operation and management. Students satisfactorily majoring in dairy manufac. turing are qualified for the many technical and applied positions in the various branches of the dairy industry.
These curricula permit specialization in the respective fields, but allor considerable latitude in the election of courses in other departments. When desirable, changes may be made to meet the special needs of some students. For example, those students who desire to enter the field of teaching and research should elect more of the scientific courses offered in this and the other departments. In most cases these students will be advised to pursue graduate work in some particular phase of dairy science.

The dairy industry of Maryland ranks first in economic importance among the agricultural industries of the State. Such an industry needs and depends upon intelligent, well trained men for work in dairying. The department is equipped with modern dairy barns, dairy herds, dairy manufacturing plant and salesroom, and laboratories and other facilities for instructional and research work in dairy husbandry.

## Dairy Production

The following curriculum for the sophomore, junior, and senior years is suggested as a guide for students majoring in dairy production. Some eleetives from dairy manufacturing, animal husbandry, agronomy, and veterinary science will be helpful.

| Curriculum | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sophomore Year | I |  |
| Elements of Organic Chemistry (Chem. 12 Ay) | 2 |  |
| Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (A. H. 2f) | 3 |  |
| Fundamentals of Dairying (D. H. 1s) |  |  |
| General Bacteriology (Bact. 1f) | 4 |  |
| Geology (Geol. 1f). | 3 |  |
| Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1s). | - |  |
| Forage Crop Production (Agron. 2s) | - |  |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (3y or 6y and 8 y ) $\qquad$ | 2 |  |
| Electives | 2 |  |
| 94 | 16 | 16 |


|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Juior Year | $I$ | II |
| Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s). | 2 | 2 |
| Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s). |  | 3 |
| Genetics (Zool. 104f) | 3 | 3 |
| Principles of Breeding (A. H. 103s) | 3 |  |
| Feeds and Feeding (A. H. 102f) | 2 |  |
| Dairy Cattle Management (D. H. 106f) |  | 2 |
| Dairy Cattle Judging (D. H. 50s) | 3 |  |
| Comparative Anatomy and Physiology (V. S. 101f) |  | 3 |
| Animal Hygiene (V. S. 102s) | 3 | 3 |
| Electives |  |  |
|  | 16 | 16 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Dairy Production (D. H. 101f) | 3 |  |
| Dairy Breeds and Breeding (D. H. 105s) | 5 | 2 |
| Market Milk (D. H. 113f).... | 5 |  |
| Farm Management (A. E. 108f) | 3 |  |
| Animal Nutrition (A. H. 114f). | 3 |  |
| Dairy Literature (D. H. 119f, 120s). | 1 | 1 |
|  | 1 | 13 |
|  | 16 | 16 |

## Dairy Manufacturing

The following curriculum for sophomore, junior, and senior years is suggested for students who wish to major in dairy manufacturing. Electives in dairy production, chemistry, and bacteriology will be helpful.

## Curriculum

Sophomore Year
Elements of Organic Chemistry (Chem. 12 Ay).......................... 2
Elements of Organic Laboratory (Chem. 12By)
Quantitative Analysis (Chem. 4s)
General Bacteriology (Bact. 1f)
4
Fundamentals of Dairying (D. H. 1s).
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57f) ................................... 3
Introductory Physics (Phys. 3y)
3
R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3y or 6 y and 8 y ).
Electives

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | II |
| 2 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 |
| - | 4 |
| 4 |  |
| - | 3 |
| 3 | - |
| 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 |
|  |  |


| Junior Year |
| :---: |
| Milk Bacteriology (Bact. 101f) |
| Dairy Products Bacteriology (Bact. 102s) |
| Grading Dairy Products (D: H. 51s) |
| Dairy Mechanics (D. H. 116s). |
| Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s) |
| Cheese Making (D. H. 109f) |
| Butter Making (D. H. 110f) |
| Concentrated Milks (D. H. 111s) |
| Ice Cream Making (D. H. 112s) |
| Electives |
| Senior Year |
| Market Milk (D. H. 113f). |
| Analysis of Dairy Products (D. H. 114s) |
| Dairy Accounting (D. H. 117s). |
| Dairy Plant Experience (D. H. 121f, 122s) |
| Dairy Literature (D. H. 119f, 120s) |
| Electives |
| Suggested Elective Courses: |
| Principles of Marketing (Mkt. 101f) |
| Salesmanship (Mkt. 106s)... |
| Principles of Advertising (Mkt. 109f) |
| Elements of Business (0. and M. 51f) |
| Business Law (O. and M. 101s). |
| General Physiological Chemistry (Chem. 108f or s) |
| Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f). |
| Food Bacteriology (Bact. 111f) |
| Sanitary Bacteriology (Bact. 112s) |
| Mechanical Drawing (Dr. 4y) |
| Farm Economics (A. E. 100f) |

## ENTOMOLOGY

This department trains entomologists for work in state and federal entomological bureaus, in preparation for commercial pest control operations and finally, but not least, for actual insect control on their own farms. In addition, entomology is taught as a cultural subject because of its wide field of application, its varied subject matter, and the general interest of the public in the small creatures about it.

The success of the farmer, particularly the fruit and vegetable grower, is in large measure dependent upon his knowledge of the methods of preventing or combating pests. Successful methods of control are emphasized in the economic courses.

The fact that the entomological work of the Experiment Station, the Extension Service, the College of Agriculture, and the State Entomologist is in one administrative unit enables the student to avail himself of the many advantages accruing therefrom. Advanced students may be assigned to work on Experiment Station projects already under way. The department takes every advantage of the facilities offered by the Bureau of Entomology of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, the Beltsville Research Center, the National Museum, Smithsonian Institution, various other local laboratories, the libraries in Washington, and the Washington Entomological Society. Thus students are given many opportunities of meeting authorities in the various fields of entomology, to observe projects under way, consult collections, and hear addresses on every phase of entomology. Following is the suggested curriculum in entomology:

> Curriculum Semester

## Sophomore Year

|  | Itroductory Fntomology (Ent. 1f) I |
| :--- | :--- |

insect Moph
Insect Morphology (Ent. 2s).
3 -

Elements of Organic Laboratory (Chem. 12By) $\ldots \quad{ }_{-1}$
Elements of Organic Laboratory (Chm. 12By) $\quad \cdots .$.
Modern Language (French or German).......an
Diseases of Plants (Plt. Path. 1f)
General Bacteriology (Bact. 1s).........
$3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ )
3 y or 6 y and 8 y )

Junior Year
Insect Taxonomy (Ent. 3f)

$\ddagger$ Economic Entomology (Ent. 101y).................................................. 2
Modern Language (French or German)

$\begin{array}{lll} & \\ 16-\overline{17} & 16-\overline{17}\end{array}$
Senior Year
Insect Pests of Special Groups (Ent. 103f, 104s)...................... 3

Special Problems (Ent. 110f, 111s) ............................................ 2


$$
16-\overline{17} \quad 16-\overline{17}
$$

This curriculum is based on the option of mathematics in the freshman year, which subject should be elected by students electing a major in entomology. Students electing another course will have to make certain changes in the sequence of some of the required courses.
†Courses taken in alternate years by both juniors and seniors.

## FARM MANAGEMENT*

The curriculum in farm management is designed to prepare students for the following types of positions: on the farm as farm operators and farm managers; with farm organizations, such as the Farm Bureau and farmers co-operatives; with private and corporate business concerns; and with State and Federal agencies, such as college teachers, extension and investigational workers.
The courses in this department are designed to provide fundamental train ing in the basic economic principles underlying farming. While the cur riculum is developed primarily from the viewpoint of farm management, sufficient basic courses in general agricultural economics, marketing, finance and land economics are included to give the student the foundation needed to meet the production and distribution problems confronting the individual farmer in a progressive rural community.
Farming is a business, as well as a way of life, and as such demands for its successful conduct the use of business methods; the keeping of farm business records, analyzing the farm business, and of organizing and operat ing the farm as a business enterprise. It requires not only knowledge of many factors involved in the production of crops and animals, but also administrative ability to coordinate them into the most efficient farm organization. Such knowledge enables the student to perceive the just relationship of the several factors of production and distribution as applicable to local conditions, and to develop an executive and administrative capacity.

Curriculum

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sophomore Year | 1 | II |
| Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s). | 2 | 2 |
| Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s) | 3 | 3 |
| Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s)................... |  | 3 |
| General Horticulture (Hort. 1f). | 3 | - |
| Geology (Geol. 1f). | 3 | - |
| Cereal Crop Production (Agron. 1f) | 3 | - |
| Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1s) | - | 3 |
| Poultry Management (P. H. 2s). | - | 3 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. |  |  |
| 3 y or 6y and 8y)................................................................................................ | 2 | 2 |
|  | 16 | 16 |

*Students electing the Farm Management curriculum must present evidence of having acquired at least one year of practical farm experience.

| Junior Year | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II |
| Farm Economics (A. E. 100f) | 3 | - |
| Marketing of Farm Products (A. E. 102s). | - | 3 |
| Analysis of the Farm Business (A. E. 107s) | - | 3 |
| Feeds and Feeding (A. H. 102f) | 3 |  |
| Money and Banking (Fin. 53s) |  | 3 |
| Farm Machinery (Agr. Engr. 101f) | 3 | - |
| Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (A. H. 2f). | 3 |  |
| Electives | 4 | 7 |
|  | 16 | 16 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Cooperation in Agriculture (A. E. 103f) | 3 | - |
| Farm Management (A. E. 108f). | 3 | - |
| Farm Finance (A. E. 104s).. | - | 3 |
| Rural Life and Education (R. Ed. 110s) | - | 3 |
| Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f) | 3 | - |
| Economic Statistics (Stat. 15s). | - | 3 |
| Land Economics (A. E. 111f) | 3 |  |
| Prices of Farm Products (A. E. 106s). | - | 3 |
| Electives | 4 | 4 |
| 1 | 16 | 16 |

## HORTICULTURE

The department offers instruction in pomology (fruits), olericulture ('vegetables), floriculture (flowers), and ornamental gardening. These courses prepare students to enter the field of commercial production and to meet the demand for men in the horticultural industries. Students are likewise prepared to enter the allied industries as horticultural workers with fertilizer companies, seed companies, equipment manufacturers, and others. Students who wish to enter specialized fields of research and teaching may take advanced work in the department.
The State of Maryland and other states offer many excellent opportunities in horticultural industries: large fruit enterprises, producing apples, peaches, strawberries, raspberries, and other fruits for domestic and foreign markets; extensive greenhouse establishments, growing flowers and vegetables; canning and preserving factories in vegetable and fruit areas; nurseries, propagating trees and plants of all kinds; and concentrated farming areas devoted to vegetable production for market and canning. These industries require men with a specialized knowledge of production and marketing phases of the horticultural crops which are produced.
Students in horticulture have considerable latitude in the selection of horticultural courses, but usually find it advisable to specialize by electing all of the courses offered in pomology, olericulture, or floriculture, according to the suggested curricula. Students who wish to specialize in landscape architecture will be given an opportunity to secure certain basic
courses in the curriculum for ornamental horticulture, but must plan to spend additional time at another institution where a complete landscape curriculum is offered.
The department is equipped with several greenhouses and a modern horticultural building, with laboratories and cold storage rooms, for horticultural teaching and research. Extensive acreage near the University is devoted to the growing of fruit trees and vegetable crops. An arboretum with many ornamental plants has been started on the University grounds for use in teaching of horticulture and other related subjects.
The suggested curricula will be adjusted to the special needs of students whose interests lie in the general scientific field or those who are preparing for work in technical lines. The object is to fit students most effectively to fill positions of several types.

## Curricula

Pomology and Olericulture
Sophomore Year

Semester
$I$
4
3

3
-

2

Electives

| Senior Year | 15-17 | 15-18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Genetics (Zool. 104f) | 3 | - |
| Technology of Horticultural Plants (Hort. 101f, 102s; 103f 104s) $\qquad$ | .. 4 |  |
| Insect Pests of Special Groups (Ent. 103f, 104s). | . 3 |  |
| Seminar (Hort. 111y) | 1 |  |
| Systematic Pomology (Hort. 109f) or Systematic Olericulture (Hort. 110f), or Farm Management (A. E. 108f) | - 3 |  |
|  | 1 |  |
| 100 | 15 |  |

Insect Pests of Special Groups (Ent. 103f, 104s)
ystematic Pomology (Hort. 109f) or Systematic Olericulture

## Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture

Semester
Sophomore Year
Geology (Geol. 1f)
I II

Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s)
-
experal Horticulture (Hort. 1f) $\qquad$
Gental Horticulture (Phys. Ed.
Basic R. O. T. C. (M.
$3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$....
Elect from the following courses:

Elect from the following
Landscape Gardening (Hort. 11f)
Plane Surveying (Surv. 2y) $\qquad$
Engineering Drawing (Dr. 1f)....
-

Diseases of Plants (Plt. Path. 1f)
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s)..
Introductory Entomology (Ent. 1s)

Junior Year
Soils and Fertilizers (Soils 1s)
Soils and Fertis
Plant Physiology (Plt. Phys. 101f) $\quad 4$
Elect from the following courses:
Genetics (Zool. 104f)
-

Vegetable Production (Hort. 5s)
Vegetable Production (Hort 5s)
Civic Art (Hort. 14s)
Landscape Design (Hort. 12f, 13s)
Commercial Floriculture (Hort. 10y)

Senior Year
Seminar (Hort. 111y)
….............................. 1
Special Problems (Hort. 112y).......................................................
Electives
Electives

Elect from courses listed for the Sophomore and. Junior Years and from other courses $\dagger$ offered in Entomology, Agronomy, Agricultural Engineering, Botany, Economics, Genetics, Statistics, Plant Physiology, Bacteriology, Plant Pathology, Speech, English, Business Administration, Modern Languages, Fine Arts, or Education.

[^10]
## POULTRY HUSBANDRY

The curriculum in poultry husbandry is designed to give the student a thorough knowledge of subject matter necessary for poultry raising; the marketing, distribution, and processing of poultry products; poultry improvement work; and as a basis for graduate training for teaching and research in poultry husbandry

The poultry industry of Maryland ranks second to dairying in economic importance among the agricultural industries of the State. Nearby markets provide a profitable outlet for poultry products of high quality in larger volume than now produced in the State. The necessary quality can be attained by intelligent, trained poultry husbandmen

The suggested curriculum will be modified to meet the special needs of individual students. For example, most students will be expected to take the courses in Agricultural Industry and Resources and Farm Organization offered in the general curriculum for the freshman year. Superior students definitely anticipating preparation for a professional career in poultry hus. bandry, will be expected to take language instead. However, all students concentrating in poultry husbandry will be required to complete 24 semester hours in poultry husbandry.

## Curriculum

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sophomore Year | I | II |
| Poultry Production (P. H. 1f) | 3 | 1 |
| Poultry Management (P. H. 2s) | - | 3 |
| Advanced Public Speaking (Speech 3f, 4s) | 2 | 2 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. $3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ ) |  |  |

## Elect one of the following:

Elements of Organic Chemistry (Chem. 12Ay, 12By) Economics (Econ. 57f, A. E. 102s)

$$
\text { 5) }-x_{0}=1
$$

$\qquad$
Other Electives: These will be chosen from the physical sciences, modern languages, and elementary courses in agriculture $\qquad$

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Junior Year | I | I |
| Poultry Biology (P. H. 3f). | 2 | - |
| Poultry Genetics (P. H. 101s) |  | 3 |
| Poultry Nutrition (P. H. 102s) | - | 2 |
| Poultry Physiology (P. H. 106f). | 2 |  |
| General Bacteriology (Bact. 1f) | 4 | - |
| Farm Finance (A. E. 104s) |  | 3 |
| Genetics (Zool. 104f) | 3 | - |
| General Physiological Chemistry (Chem. 108s) or Pathogenic Bacteriology (Bact. 2s) $\qquad$ | - | 4 |
| Economics (Econ. 57f, A. E. 102s) or Electives. | 3 | 3- |
| Farm Buildings (Agr. Engr. 105f). | 2 | - |
|  | - |  |
|  | 16 | 15-16 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Poultry Products Marketing Problems (P. H. 104f, 105s). | 2 | 2 |
| Poultry Hygiene (V. S. 107s). |  | 3 |
| Poultry Industrial and Economic Problems (P. H. 107f). | 2 |  |
| Commercial Poultry Management (P. H. 108s). |  | 2 |
| Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f) | 3 |  |
| Biological Statistics (Stat. 112s)..... | - | 3 |
| Rural Sociology (Soc. 103f).... | 3 |  |
| Preservation of Poultry Products (F. Tech. 108s).... |  | 2 |
|  | 6 | 5 |
|  | 16 | 17 |

## r

## Junior Year

 -Poultry Genetics (P. H. 101s)
Poultry Nutrition (P. H. 102s)
2
Poultry Physiology (P. H. 106f)
Farm Finance (A. E. 104s).
General Physiological Chemistry (Chem. 108s) or Pathogenic
Bacteriology (Bact. 2s)
Economics (Econ. 57f, A. E. 102s) or Electives....

- . 16

Senior Year
Poultry Products Marketing Problems (P. H. 104f, 105s)
Poultry Hygiene (V. S. 107s)
2
Poultry
(P. H. 108s)
(Stat. 14f)
-
Biological Statistics (Stat. 112s)
-
$\cdots \cdots$
Electives ...
16

## SPECIAL STUDENTS IN AGRICULTURE

Mature students (see Special Students, page 54) may, with consent of the Dean, register as special students and pursue a program of studies not included in any regular curriculum, but arranged to meet the needs of the individual. All university fees for these special students are the same as fees for regular students.
There are many young farmers who desire to take short intensive courses in their special lines of work during slack times on the farm. Arrangements have been made to permit such persons to register at the office of the Dean of the College of Agriculture and receive cards granting them permission to visit classes and work in the laboratories of the different departments. This opportunity is created to aid florists, poultrymen, fruitgrowers, gardeners, or other especially interested persons who are able to get away from their work at some time during the year.
The regular charges are $* \$ 5.00$ for registration and $\$ 1.50$ per credit hour per month for the time of attendance.
*One registration is good for any amount of regular or intermittent attendance during a period of four years.

## AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

The Agricultural Experiment Station is the research agency of the University, dealing with problems related to agriculture. Support for research is provided by both State and Federal appropriations. The Federal Acts are as follows: Hatch Act, 1887; Adams Act, 1906; Purnell Act, 1925; and Bankhead-Jones Act, 1935.
The Hatch Act established State Experiment Stations and defined the scope and type of original researches that might be undertaken. In general, the work done under the Hatch and Adams funds pertains to the physical and biological sciences and promotes a better understanding of plants and animals. The Purnell Act bears more directly upon investigations and experiments having to do with manufacture, preparation, use, distribution, and marketing of agricultural products. Its funds may be used also for such economic and sociological investigations as have for their purpose the development and improvement of rural homes and rural life. Work under Bankhead-Jones funds must have a bearing upon new and improved methods of production and distribution, new and extended use and markets for agricultural commodities and by-products and manufactures thereof, and research relating to conservation, development, and use of land and water resources for agricultural purposes.

In addition to work conducted at the University, the Station operates an experimental farm of 50 acres at Ridgely for canning crops and grain farming, a farm of 60 acres at Upper Marlboro for tobacco investigations, and a farm of 234 acres near Ellicott City for livestock. Regional tests and experiments are conducted in cooperation with farmers at many different points in the State. Most of these cooperative experiments deal with crops, soils, fertilizers, orchards and insect and plant disease control, and serve as checks upon the more detailed and fundamental work done at the main Station.

## EXTENSION SERVICE

The Extension Service of the University of Maryland was established by State and Federal laws, and is designed to assist farmers and their families in promoting the prosperity and welfare of agriculture and rural life. Its work is conducted in cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture.
The Extension Service is represented in each county of the State by a county agent and a home demonstration agent. Through these agents and its staff of specialists, it comes into intimate contact with rural people and with problems of the farm and home.

Practically every phase of agriculture and rural home life comes within the scope of extension work. Farmers are supplied with details of crop and livestock production, and with instructions for controlling diseases and insect pests; they are encouraged and aided in organized efforts, helped with marketing problems and assisted in improving economic conditions
on the farm. Rural women are assisted likewise in problems of the home and with such information as tends to make rural home life attractive and satisfying. The $4-\mathrm{H}$ Club work for rural boys and girls provides a valuable type of instruction in agriculture and home economics, and affords a real opportunity to develop self-confidence, perseverance, and leadership.
The Extension Service works in accord with all other branches of the University and with all agencies of the United States Department of Agriculture. It is charged with carrying out in Maryland the program of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration. It cooperates with all farm and community organizations in the State which have as their major object the improvement of agriculture and rural life; and it aids in making effective the regulatory and other measures instituted by the State Board of Agriculture.

## REGULATORY ACTIVITIES

Regulatory services carried on under the supervision of members of the faculty and staff of the College of Agriculture have as their general aim the reduction of loss caused by insect pests and diseases of animals and plants, protection of human health by guarding against communicable diseases of livestock and unwholesome products, improvement in quality of farm products, and maintenance of guaranteed quality in seeds, feeds, fertilizers, and limes. These services are carried on in accordance with laws and regulations under which they were established. Actual enforcement is involved in some activities, while in others the work is primarily or entirely educational.
Agencies engaged in various forms of regulatory activities include the Livestock Sanitary Service, State Horticultural Department, State Department of Markets, State Seed Service, and State Department of Forestry. Operating under the State Chemist at the University, there is also the enforcement of regulations pertaining to fertilizers, limes, and feeds.
These agencies are at work constantly in efforts to control and eradicate, when possible, any serious pests and diseases of animals, of crops of all kinds, of shade trees, of ornamental plants, and of forest trees. They are ever on the alert to prevent introduction of pests and diseases into the State and execute the laws and regulations with respect to shipping animals, plants, and other products into and out of Maryland. They deal with such problems as control and eradication of tuberculosis and Bang's disease of cattle, Japanese beetle, and white pine blister rust.
By inspection and certification of seeds and farm products and through demonstrations of recognized grades and standards, they contribute to improvement in quality and marketing conditions.

## COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

## L. B. Broughton, Dean.

The College of Arts and Sciences provides four years of liberal training in the biological sciences, economics, history, languages and literatures mathematics, philosophy, the physical sciences, political science, psychologr, and sociology. It thus affords an opportunity to acquire a general educa tion which will serve as a foundation for whatever profession or vocation the student may choose. In particular, it lays the foundation for the professions of dentistry, law, medicine, nursing, teaching, and theology, and the more technical professions of engineering, public health service, public administration, and business. The College of Arts and Sciences offers to the students of the other colleges of the University training in fundamental subjects, both classical and scientific, which should permit them to acquire the perspective necessary for liberal culture and public service.

## Divisions

The College of Arts and Sciences is divided into one Lower Division and four Upper Divisions. Under the latter are grouped the following departments:
A. The Division of Biological Sciences: Bacteriology, Botany, Entomology, Genetics, and Zoology.
B. The Division of Humanities: Art, Classical Languages and Literatures, Comparative Literature, English Literature and Philology, Modern Languages and Literatures, Music, Philosophy, and Speech.
C. The Division of Physical Sciences: Astronomy, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics, and Physics.
D. The Division of Social Sciences: Economics, History, Political Science, Psychology, and Sociology.
The work of the first and second years in the College of Arts and Sciences is taken in the Lower Division. It is designed to give the student a basic general education, and to prepare him for specialization in the junior and senior years.
The Upper Divisions direct the courses of study of students doing their major work in the College of Arts and Sciences during their junior and senior years, and designate general requirements, the fulfillment of which is necessary to qualify a student for admission to major work in an Upper Division.

## Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission to the College of Arts and Sciences are, in general, the same as those for admission to the other colleges and schools of the University. See Section I, Admission, page 51.
For admission to the premedical curriculum, two years of any one foreign language are required. A detailed statement of the requirements for admission to the School of Medicine and the relation of these to the premedical curriculum will be found under the heading School of Medicine. See page 225.

## Degrees

The degrees conferred upon students who have met the requirements prescribed in the College of Arts and Sciences are Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science.
Students of this college who have completed the regular course in either the Division of Humanities or the Division of Social Sciences are awarded the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Any student who has met the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science is awarded that degree, provided the major portion of the work has been done in the field of science, and the application has the approval of the science department in which the major work has been carried.
Students who have elected the combined program of Arts and Sciences and Medicine may be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science after the completion of at least three years of work in this college and the first year of the School of Medicine.
Those electing the combined five-year Academic and Nursing curriculum, for which the degree of Bachelor of Science in Nursing may be awarded upon the completion of the full course, must take the prenursing curriculum at College Park before the Nursing Course in Baltimore.
Those taking the combined course in Arts and Law may be awarded the Bachelor of Arts degree after the completion of three years of the work of this college and one year of the full-time law course, or its equivalent, in the School of Law.

## Residence

The last thirty credits of any curriculum leading to a baccalaureate degree in the College of Arts and Sciences must be taken in residence in this University.

## Requirements for Degrees

The baccalaureate degree from the College of Arts and Sciences may be conferred upon a student who has satisfied the following requirements:

1. University Requirements.
2. College of Arts and Sciences Requirements.
3. Major and Minor Requirements.
4. Special Upper Division Requirements.
5. University Requirements-See page 57.
6. College of Arts and Sciences Requirements-A minimum of 120 credits must be acquired, not including the six credits of basic military science required of all able-bodied men students, or the six credits of physical education for women and for such men as are excused from military science.
A student must acquire at least 58 credits, exclusive of military science and physical education, with an average grade of at least C in the Lower Division, before being admitted to an Upper Division.
The following minimum requirements should be fulfilled, as far as possi ble, before the beginning of the junior year and must be completed before graduation:
I. English and Speech-fourteen credits. Of these, Survey and Compo. sition I (Eng. 1y) and Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y) are required.
II. Foreign Languages and Literatures-twelve credits of one language.
III. Social Sciences-twelve credits. This requirement is fulfilled by electing courses in Economics, History, Political Science, Psychology, and Sociology.
IV. Natural Sciences and Mathematics-twelve credits. Of these one year must be in natural science.
V. Military Science or Physical Education-six credits.
7. Major and Minor Requirements-At the beginning of the junior year each student must select a major in one of the fields of study of an Upper Division, and before graduation must complete a major and a minor. The courses constituting the major and the minor selected must conform to the requirements of the department in which the major work is done.
Before beginning a major or a minor the student should have acquired 12 prerequisite credits in fundamental courses in the field chosen, or in a closely related field satisfactory to the department and the Division, with an average grade of at least $C$ before credit will be allowed towards completion of the major or minor requirements.
A major shall consist, in addition to the 12 prerequisite credits required in the Lower Division, of not fewer than 20 nor more than 36 credits in one of the fields of study. Of these credits at least 8 must be acquired in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.

A minor shall consist, in addition to the 12 prerequisite credits required in the Lower Division, of not fewer than 12 nor more than 20 credits in some field of study other than the major. At least 6 of these must be acquired in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.

Not more than 15 credits may be acquired in any field of study other than the major or minor during the last two years, in addition to those which meet the College of Arts and Sciences requirements.

The average grade of the work taken in the major and minor fields mus be at least C. A general average of at least C is required for graduation.
4. Special Upper Division Requirements-
A. Division of Biological Sciences. See page 113.
B. Division of Humanities. See page 118.
C. Division of Physical Sciences. See page 120.
D. Division of Social Sciences. See page 127.

## Certification of High School Teachers

If courses are properly chosen in the field of education, a prospective If courses are teacher can prepare for high school positions, with major and minor in one of the Upper Divisions of this College.
The College of Education requires that at least twenty credits must be acquired in educational subjects before one can be certified for high school teaching.

## Electives in Other Colleges and Schools

A limited number of courses may be counted for credit in the College of Arts and Sciences for work done in other colleges and schools of the University.
The number of credits which may be accepted from the various colleges and schools is as follows:
College of Agriculture-Fifteen.
College of Commerce-Fifteen.
College of Education-Twenty.
College of Engineering-Fifteen.
College of Home Economics-Fifteen.
School of Law-In the combined program the first year of law must be completed.
School of Medicine-In the combined program the first year of medicine must be completed.
School of Nursing-In the combined program the three years of nursing must be completed.

## Normal Load

The normal load for the freshman in this college is sixteen credits per semester, including one hour of basic military science or physical education.
The normal load for the sophomore year is seventeen credits per semester, two of which are in military science or physical education.
The normal load in the junior and senior years is 15 credits per semester. With the permission of the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences and
the Chairman of the Division, this load may be increased to 17, a maximum except for honor students. The load of honor students shall lie within th discretion of the Dean and the Chairman of the Division, but in no case shall it exceed 19 credits per semester.

## Advisers

Freshmen and sophomores in this college shall consider the Dean of the College and the Chairman of the Lower Division their advisers.
On entrance to the University each student of the College of Arts and Sciences is assigned to a member of the faculty of the College, who serves as his special adviser. The student should consult his adviser on all matters of his university life in which he may need advice.
Juniors and seniors must consider the chairmen of their major departments their advisers, and shall consult them about the arrangements of their schedules of courses and any other matters. in which they may de-
sire advice.

## THE LOWER DIVISION

## Charles E. White, Chairman.

The work of the first two years in the College of Arts and Sciences is designed to give the student a basic general education, and to prepare him for specialization in the junior and senior years.
It is the student's responsibility to develop in these earlier years such proficiency in basic subjects as may be necessary for his admission into one of the Upper Divisions of the College. Personal aptitude and a general scholastic ability must also be demonstrated, if permission to pursue a major study is to be obtained.
Suggested courses of study for the freshman and sophomore years are given under certain of the Upper Divisions. The student should follow the curriculum for which he is believed to be best fitted. It will be noted that there is a great deal of similarity in these outlines for the first two years, and a student need not consider himself attached to any particular Upper Division until the beginning of his junior year, at which time it is necessary to select a major.
The minimum requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences, as outlined on page 108, should be completed as far as possible in the Lower Division.

## Curriculum

$\begin{array}{lc}\text { Freshman Year } & \text { Semester } \\ \text { Required: } & \text { II } \\ \text { II }\end{array}$
*Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)............................................... 3
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
Foreign Language (French, German, Spanish, Latin, Greek, Italian)
3
(Phys. Ed 4 or 4
O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical

1 y or 2 y and 4 y ).
1
Elect from the following so that the total credits each semester are 16 or 17:
A Survey of Western Civilization (H. 1y) ....
History of England and Great Britain (H. 3y) $\ldots$...................... 3
American History ( $\mathrm{H} .5 \mathrm{f}, 6 \mathrm{~s}$ )

Economic Geography (T. and T. 1f).
3

Development of Commerce and Industry (T. and T. 4s) ................
American National Governmen (P) 3
*A placement test is given during Registration Week to determine whether the student is adequately prepared for Eng. 1y. A student failing this test is required to take Eng. A a one-semester course, without credit. After five weeks, he may be transferred from Eng. A to Eng. 1y, for which he will receive full credit, or from Eng. iy to Eng. A, according to his demonstrated ability.

|  | Semester |
| :---: | :---: |
| State and Local Government (Pol. Sci. 4 f and s) | il |
| Comparative Government (Pol. Sci. 7f, 8s)............................- |  |
| Latin and Greek in Current English Usage (Classics 3f, 4s)..... |  |
| Library Methods (L. S. 1f and s) | or |
| Art (Art 1f, 2f, 3s, 4s).... | or |
| Music (Mus. 1y, 2y, 3y, 4y, 5y) | $2 \quad 2$ |
|  | 1/2 02 |
|  |  |
| 16-17 | $7 \quad 16-17$ |
| Sophomore Year |  |
| Survey and Composition II (Eng. |  |
| Foreign Language ....- | 3 |
| General Electives from the College of Arts and Sciences fulfilling, as far as possible, the specific requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences | 3 |
| R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3y or $6 y$ and $8 y$ ) | 9-10 |
|  |  |
| 17-18 | 17-18 |

## Requirements for Graduation

1. University Requirements. See page 57.
2. College of Arts and Sciences Requirements. See page 108.
3. Physical Sciences-Ten semester hours in addition to the twelve re quired by the College of Arts and Sciences, the total to include basic courses in chemistry, physics, and mathematics.

## Fields of Study

The curriculum outlined in each field of study represents the courses which, in the judgment of the Department and Division, are necessary for an adequate training in the particular subject. In most curricula enough elec. tives are included to give the student ample opportunity to study subjects outside his major or minor departments in which he may have become interested or in which further training is desired.

## Bacteriology

The courses in this Department prepare students for such positions as dairy, sanitary, food, and soil bacteriologists in federal, state, and municipal departments and for public health, research, and industrial positions. The suggested curricula are given on pages 91 and 92 .

## Botany

The Department of Botany offers three major fields of work: General Botany and Morphology, Plant Pathology, and Plant Physiology and Ecology. For further information and the suggested curriculum see page 93.

## Entomology

The Department of Entomology is equipped to furnish general courses for students of biology and other subjects in the College of Arts and Sciences as well as to train students for careers in research, teaching, or control work in the field of professional Entomology.
Two courses offered by the Department, Ent. 1 and Ent. 5s, have been organized particularly to meet the needs of students in the College of Arts and Sciences. Several other courses will serve to strengthen the program of students with a major in the biological sciences. In view of the fact that nearly 80 per cent of all known species of animals in the world are insects, it is essential that the students of biology elect some work in entomology. The suggested curriculum is given on page 97.

## Zoology

The Zoology Department offers courses designed to train students for teaching and for service in the biological bureaus of the United States Government and in the biological departments of the various states. Emphasis is placed on morphology, physiology, and marine biology. Instruction and opportunities for original investigation in the latter are supplemented by the research facilities and courses of instruction offered at the Chesapeake Biological Laboratory, a description of which is found on page 390 .

Curriculum
Semester
$\quad$ II
Freshman Year Zoology (Zool. 2y)
Fundamentals of Zoology (Zool. 2y) ....
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
General Cher 1y) 3
Survering and Speaking (Speech 1y) 3
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y).. 1
Modern Language (French or German) -
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys.
Ed. 1 y or 2 y and 4 y ).

Sophomore Year
Comparative Vertebrate Morphology (Zool. 4f)....................... 3
Vertebrate Embryology (Zool. 20s)..............................................
General Botany (Bot. 1f) or General Bacteriology (Bact. 1f)... 4
General Bacteriology (Bact. 1s) or Pathogenic Bacteriology
(Bact. 2s)
-
Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)..................an
Modern Language (French or German)............................... 3
Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s).........................
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3 y or 6 y and 8 y )

2
$\overline{18}$


## General Biological Sciences

A curriculum has been prepared for students who are interested in biology but whose interests are not centralized in any one of the biological sciences. The courses as outlined familiarize the student with the general principles and methods of each of the biological sciences.

By the proper selection of courses during the junior and senior years a student may concentrate his work sufficiently in any one of the fields of study to be able to continue in graduate work in that field. Also by a proper selection of electives, the educational requirements of the State Department of Education for certification can be met.

## Requirements

A major in general biological sciences shall consist of not fewer than 40 credits in the biological sciences, of which no fewer than 14 credits must be acquired in courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates.

## Curriculum

Freshman Year
Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)...


Modern Language (French or German)
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y)

```
            ).
```

General Botany (Bot. 1f) $\qquad$
General Zoology (Zool. 1s) $\qquad$
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 1 y or 2 y and 4 y )
Semester
IISophomore Year
Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s) ..... 3
Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s3
Modern Language (French or German)
-
Introductory Entomology (Ent. 1f) ..... 4 ..... -
General Bacteriology (Bact. 1s) )........
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed 3 y or 6 y and 8 y ).2
Electives3Junior Year
4General Physics (Phys. 1y)
Electives (Social Sciences) ..... 3
63
Electives16
Senior Year
Electives (Social Sciences) ..... 33
7Electives (Biological Sciences)
Electives ..... 6

## b-THE DIVISION OF HUMANITIES

## Adolf E. Zucker, Chairman

The Division of Humanities is composed of the Departments of Art, Classical Languages, Comparative Literature, English Language and Lit. erature, Modern Languages and Literatures, Music, Philosophy, and Speech.

This Division has two main functions: (1) to provide for its own major students a thorough training in literature, philosophy, languages, and the fine arts; (2) to furnish for students in other Divisions, especially for those taking preprofessional work, background and elective studies in the departments of the Division.

At present, the Division offers major and minor work for the Master of Arts and the Doctor of Philosophy degrees in English Language and Literature and in Modern Languages and Literatures; major work for the Master of Arts may be elected in Comparative Literature and General Linguistics, and minor work in Philosophy. Detailed requirements for these degrees are given under the departmental announcements and in the catalogue of the Graduate School.
Training for the Master of Arts degree is directed especially toward acquainting the candidate with methods of research and the literature in his own fields. For the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, the candidate is required not only to be thoroughly acquainted with his major and minor fields and with the scholarly accomplishments therein, but also to devote himself intensively to a specific research problem in which he shall make an original contribution to human knowledge.

## Division Requirements for the Bachelor's Degree

The following requirements in addition to those of the College of Arts and Sciences (including a general average of C, see page 108) should be completed, as far as possible, before the beginning of the junior year.

1. Library Science-one credit.
2. English $2 f, 3 s$-six credits.
3. Modern Language-To be accepted unconditionally in the Division of Humanities, a student must have attained a reading knowledge of at least one foreign language. In satisfaction of this requirement, he must pass one of the general language examinations, which are given during the first and last days of each semester, with a grade as high as C. Maryland students should take the examination not later than the close of the sophomore year or the beginning of the junior year. Transfer students should take the examination upon entrance. The student must show in this examination that he has attained the
reading ability to be expected after two years of a college language course. When the student has passed the general language examination, he will have satisfied the language requiremh has not acquired will a student in the Division be graduated who hase.
4. Philosophy-three credits.
5. Psychology-three credits.
6. Major and Minor Requirements-In selecting a major or a minor, a student must have acquired twelve credits in fundamental courses in the field chosen, or in a closely related field satisfactory to the department and the Division, with an average grade of at least C, before credit will be allowed toward the completion of the major or minor requirements. In addition:

A major shall consist of not fewer than 20 nor more than 36 redits, in addition to the 12 credits required in the Lower Division, in one of these fields of study. At least 16 of these credits must be taken in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.
A minor shall consist of not fewer than 12 nor more than 20 credits, in addition to the 12 credits required in the Lower Division, in one of the above fields of study not selected for the major, or in some other field of study authorized in the College of Arts and Sciences. At least 9 of these credits must be taken in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.
The student must acquire at least 30 credits in courses not included in the major or minor.
For additional requirements for major students, see the departmental announcements under English (page 318) and Modern Languages (page 353).

## MAJOR AND MINOR

Fields of Study

| Comparative Literature | *Greek |
| :--- | :--- |
| English | Latin |
| French | *Philosophy |
| ${ }^{* * \text { General }}$ Linguistics | Speech |
| German | Spanish |

[^11]
## C-THE DIVISION OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

## Wilbert J. Huff, Chairman

The Division of Physical Sciences is composed of the departments of Astronomy, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics, and Physics. On the fol. lowing pages the division outlines a number of curricula, each requir. ing four years for completion, leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts together with five year programs in Chem-istry-Chemical Engineering and Applied Physics. The departments of study have developed courses to contribute to the liberal education of students not primarily interested in science; to provide the basic knowledge of the physical sciences necessary in so many professions such as agricul. ture, dentistry, engineering, home economics, medicine, pharmacy, and others; to equip teachers of the Physical Sciences for secondary schools and colleges; and to train students for professional service as chemists, chemical engineers, geologists, mathematicians, physicists, and statisticians; and to prepare for graduate study and research in the Physical Sciences.
The fields of knowledge represented by the Physical Sciences are so vast and their applications are so important that it is impossible to deal adequately with any one in a four-year undergraduate curriculum. Students who aspire to proficiency are therefore encouraged to continue their studies in the graduate years. In the work leading to a Master's degree, the student becomes acquainted with the general aspects of the field. In partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy the student must demonstrate a command of his chosen field sufficiently great to permit him to make independent investigations and creative contributions.
No degree will be granted to a student in any department of Physical Sciences whose general average in all courses offered for the degree is below C. To enroll in the Division of Physical Sciences, at the beginning of the junior year a student must select a major in one of the departments and before graduation must complete a major and a cognate minor selected to conform to the requirements of the department in which the major work is done.
The candidate for a baccalaureate degree in the College of Arts and Sciences will be governed by the requirements for that degree estabiished by the University and the College. A student will be considered a major in one of the Departments of the Division of Physical Sciencies only when he has completed a program approved by the department concerned. The following suggested curricula outline the general requirements of these departments.

For the University requirements see page 57.
For the College of Arts and Sciences requirements and major and minor requirements see page 108.
Detailed description of the undergraduate and graduate courses offered in this Division is given in Section III of this catalogue, Description of Courses.

## Chemistry

The Department of Chemistry includes agricultural and biological, ana|ytical, inorganic, organic, and physical chemistry together with the state controlled work. The following curriculum provides students with a well rounded training in chemistry that is adequate preparation for the pursuit of graduate work.

| Curriculum | Sem |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | 11 |
| Freshman Year | 3 | 3 |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y).... | 3 | 3 |
| Modern Language (French or German), ....... ${ }^{\text {Math. 21f, 22s) }}$ | 4 | 4 |
| College Algebra and Analytic Geomer ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4 | 4 |
| General Chemistry (Chem. 1y) | 1 | 1 |
| Reading and Speaking (Speech | 1 | 1 |
| Mechanical Drawing (Dr. 4y) - . Physical Education (Phys. Ed. |  |  |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical | 1 | 1 |
| 1 y or 2 y and 4 y ) | - | - |
|  | 17 | 17 |
| Sophomore Year | 2 | 2 |
| Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s) | 3 | 3 |
| Modern Language (French or German) | 4 | 4 |
| Calculus (Math. 23y). | 3 | 3 |
| Qualitative Analysis (Chem. 2y) | 2 | 2 |
| Elementary Organic Chemistry (Chem. 8Ay) | 2 | 2 |
| Elementary Organic Laboratory (Chem. 8By)..... (Phys. Ed. |  |  |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. | 2 | 2 |
| 3 y or 6 y and 8 y ) . | - |  |
|  | 18 | 18 |
| Junior Year | 4 | 4 |
| Quantitative Analysis (Chem. 6y) | 2 | 2 |
| Advanced Organic Chemistry (Chem. 116 | 2 | 2 |
| Organic Laboratory (Chem. 117y) | 5 | 5 |
| General Physics (Phys. 2y) | 2 | 2 |
| Electives (Social Sciences) | - |  |
|  | 15 | 15 |
| Senior Year |  | 3 |
| Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay) | 3 |  |
| Physical Chemistry Laboratory (Chem. 102By) | 1 |  |
| Advanced Organic Laboratory (Chem. 118y) | 2 |  |
| English Language or Literature. | 7 |  |
| Electives (Six must be in Social Sciences) |  |  |
|  | 15 | 15 |

## Chemical Engineering-Chemistry

A five-year program in Chemical Engineering and Chemistry has been arranged between the College of Engineering and the College of Arts and Sciences which permits students who so desire to become candidates for This curriculum is outlined on ance and of Bachelor of Science in Engineering This curriculum is outlined on page 176.

## Mathematics

The Mathematics curriculum is designed for students who desire a thor ough training in the fundamentals of Mathematics in preparation for ough training in the fundamentals of Mathematics in preparation for
teaching, research, or graduate work in Mathematics. Outstanding student teaching, research, or graduate work in Mathematics. Outstanding students
in Mathematics may be awarded the honors degree in Mathematics. For further details see page 345 .

## Curriculum



## Senior Year

Analytic Mechanics (Math. 130f, 131s)
Advanced Calculus (Math. 143f, 144s)
Theory of Equations (Math. 151f).

Electron Physics (Phys. 109y)
Electives (Including 6 credits in Social Sciences)...
nedine
-


Two curricula are offered in Physics, (1) the General Physics curriculum for students who desire a thorough training in the fundamentals of Physics in preparation for graduate work, research, and the teaching of Physics, (2) the Applied Physics curriculum for students who desire to train for industrial and applied physical research. The latter is intended to prepare students for positions in governmental laboratories and in the laboratories established by many industries for testing, research, and development through the application of physical principles and tools.
The completion of the first four years of the latter curriculum leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Physics; the completion of the five years with a satisfactory thesis to that of Master of Science in Physics.

## Curriculum I-General Physics

Freshman Year ${ }_{\text {Semester }}^{\text {Ser }}$
ear

Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)...
Modern Language (French or German)

General Chemistry (Chem. 1y) 4
Mechanical Drawing (Dr. 4y) 4
1
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
1 y or 2 y and 4 y ).

Sophomore Year
Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)

$\square-3$
Modern Language (French or German).
General Physics (Phys. 2y)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M.I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
3 y or 6 y and 8 y ) $\boldsymbol{B}^{3}$


Senior Year

Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay)

Advanced Physics
Electives

## Curriculum II-Applied Physics

Freshman Year
Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
1
3
Elementary German (German 1y)
College Algebra and Analytic Geometry (Math. 21f, 22s)
General Chèmistry (Chem. 1y)
Mechanical Drawing (Dr. 4y)
asic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed
$1 y$ or $2 y$ and $4 y$ )

## Sophomore Year

Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)
3
Second Year German (German 3y)
Calculus (Math. 23y) 3
General Physics (Phys. 2y)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys Ed. $3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ ).

| Junior Year | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II |
| Electives (Social Sciences) | 3 | 3 |
| Differential Equations for Engineers (Math. 114f). | 3 |  |
| Statics and Dynamics (Mech. 1s). |  | 3 |
| Thermodynamics (M. E. 102f) | 3 |  |
| Elements of Plane Surveying (Surv. 1f) | 1 | - |
| Precision of Measurements (Phys. 101f) | 3 | - |
| Electricity (Phys. 108y) | 3 | 3 |
| Optics (Phys. 107s)... |  | 3 |
| Quantitative Analysis (Chem. 4s) |  | 4 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 16 | 16 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Electives (Social Sciences).... | 3 | 3 |
| Strength of Materials (Mech. 102f). | 4 |  |
| Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 101s). | - | 3 |
| Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay)... | 3 | 3 |
| Heat (Phys. 105f)... | 3 |  |
| Hydraulics (C. E. 102s) | - | 3 |
| Elective (Physics) .-. | 3 | 3 |
|  | - |  |
|  |  | 15 |
| Fifth Year |  |  |
| Electives (Engineering) | 3 | 3 |
| Electives (Physics) .-.] | 6 | 6 |
|  | 3 | 3 |
|  |  |  |

## General Physical Sciences

For students who desire a general basic knowledge of the physical sciences without immediate specialization in any one, a general curriculum is offered. By proper selection of courses in the junior and senior year a student may concentrate his work sufficiently in any one of the fields of study to be able to continue in graduate work in that field.
A major in the Physical Sciences shall consist of not less than 52 credits in the departments comprising the Division, of which at least 6 shall be acquired in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates in one particular field. At least two courses of not less than three credit hours each in a field cognate to the just-mentioned particular field will be required, and one of these shall be among those listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.

| Junior Year | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advanced Mathematics | I | 11 |
| Advanced Physics ...). | 2 | 2 |
| Elective (Chemistry) | 6 | 6 |
|  |  | 3 |
|  |  | 4 |
|  | 15 | - |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay) |  |  |
| Physical Chemistry Laboratory (Chem. 102By) | 3 | 3 |
| Advanced Physics ...-ה) | 2 | 2 |
| Electives .-.) | 6 | 6 |
|  | - | 4 |
|  | 15 | 15 |

## Freshman Year

Curriculum II-Applied Physics
Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y).
Elementary German (German 1y).
College Algebra and Analytic Geometry (Math. 21f, 22s).
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y) $\qquad$
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 1 y or 2 y and 4 y ).
(M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.

## Sophomore Year

Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)
Second Year German (German 3y).
Calculus (Math. 23y)
General Physics (Phys. 2y) $\qquad$ Ed. $3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ )

| Junior Year | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II |
| Electives (Social Sciences) | 3 | 3 |
| Differential Equations for Engineers (Math. 114f)..... | 3 |  |
| Statics and Dynamics (Mech. 1s)... |  | 3 |
| Thermodynamics (M. E. 102f) | 3 | - |
| Elements of Plane Surveying (Surv. 1f) | 1 | - |
| Precision of Measurements (Phys. 101f). | 3 | - |
| Electricity (Phys. 108y).... | 3 | 3 |
| Optics (Phys. 107s)... |  | 3 |
| Quantitative Analysis (Chem. 4s) | - | 4 |
|  |  | - |
|  | 16 | 16 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Electives (Social Sciences) | 3 | 3 |
| Strength of Materials (Mech. 102f). | 4 | - |
| Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 101s). | - | 3 |
| Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay)..... | 3 | 3 |
| Heat (Phys. 105f).... | 3 | - |
| Hydraulics (C. E. 102s)... | - | 3 |
| Elective (Physics) | 3 | 3 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 16 | 15 |
| Fifth Year |  |  |
| Electives (Engineering) | 3 | 3 |
| Electives (Physics) ...- | 6 | 6 |
|  | 3 | 3 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 12 | 12 |

## General Physical Sciences

For students who desire a general basic knowledge of the physical sciences without immediate specialization in any one, a general curriculum is offered. By proper selection of courses in the junior and senior year a student may concentrate his work sufficiently in any one of the fields of study to be able to continue in graduate work in that field.
A major in the Physical Sciences shall consist of not less than 52 credits in the departments comprising the Division, of which at least 6 shall be acquired in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates in one particular field. At least two courses of not less than three credit hours each in a field cognate to the just-mentioned particular field will be required, and one of these shall be among those listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.

## Curriculum

Freshman Year
Survey and Composition (Eng. 1y)
Modern Language (French or German)
College Algebra and Analytic Geometry (Math. 21f, 22s)
Generali Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
Reading and Spealing (Chem. 1y) h 1 ) )
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y) 4
1
Mechanical Drawing (Dr. 4y)


Sophomore Year
Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)..
$\qquad$
Modern Language (French or German)
Calculus (Math. 23y)
General Physics (Phys. 2y)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. $3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ )

## Junior Year

Electives (Chem. 2y; 8Ay and 8By)
Electives (Social Sciences).
(................................................................

Electives (Math., Stat., Hist., Philos., Physics, Logic). 2-3
(Biological Sciences).
Electives

Senior Year
Electives (Social Sciences)
Electives

## D-THE DIVISION OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

## J. G. Jenkins, Chairman

The Division of Social Sciences includes the departments of Economics, History, Political Science, Psychology, and Sociology.
In addition to supplying such courses as are required by other divisions and other colleges of the University, the departments in the Division of Social Sciences offer opportunities for advanced training in the several fields represented. A major in Economics is available for students in the College of Arts and Sciences. During the freshman and sophomore years, in addition to the College of Arts and Sciences requirements, Principles of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s) should be completed and as many other lower division social science courses taken as practicable. The Department of Political Science offers the first three years of a combined Arts-Law course and also offers training in the field of public administration. The Department of Psychology is identified with the development of applied psychology and is in position to supply training in the industrial and clinical phases of the subject. The Department of Sociology provides a course of study preparatory to professional training in social work and offers the courses demanded by civil service examinations for certain positions. All five departments present courses aligned with the teacher-training program represented in the Arts-Education curriculum.
All of the departments offer graduate instruction leading to the degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy. These advanced degrees are increasingly required for secondary school teaching and for professional positions in the several fields represented.

## Requirements for Graduation

1. University requirements, see page 57.
2. College of Arts and Sciences requirements, see page 108.
3. Major and Minor requirements, see page 108.

| $\quad$ Major and Minor Fields of Study |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Economics | Psychology |
| History | Sociology |
| Political Science |  |

Combined Program in Arts and Law
The School of Law of the University requires two years of academic credit for admission to the school, or sixty semester hours of college credit.

The University also offers a combined program in Arts and Law, leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws. Students pursuing this combined program will spend the first three years in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park. During this period they will complete the prescribed curriculum in prelegal studies as outlined below, and they must complete the Requirements for Graduation, as indicated on page 108. If students enter the combined program with advanced standing, at least
the third full year's work must be completed in residence at College Park Upon the successful completion of one year of full-time law courses in the School of Law in Baltimore, the degree of Bachelor of Arts may be awarded on the recommendation of the Dean of the School of Law. The degree of Bachelor of Laws may be awarded upon the completion of the combined program.

| Curriculum |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Semester |  |
| Freshman Year | I | II |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)... | 3 | 3 |
| Science or Mathematics. | 3 | 3 |
| History of England and Great Britain (H. 3y) | 3 | 3 |
| American National Government (Pol. Sci. 1f). | 3 | - |
| State and Local Government (Pol. Sci. 4s).. | - | 3 |
| Foreign Language. | 3 | 3 |
| Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y) | 1 | 1 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 1 y or 2 y and 4 y ) | 1 | 1 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 17 | 17 |
| Sophomore Year |  |  |
| English | 3 | 3 |
| Science or Mathematics. | 3 | 3 |
| Principles of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s) | 3 | 3 |
| American History (H. 5f, 6s). | 3 | 3 |
| Foreign Language. | 3 | 3 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. |  | 2 |
| 3 y or 6 y and 8 y ). |  | 2 |
|  | 17 | 17 |
| Junior Year |  |  |
| Introduction to Psychology (Psych. 1s). | - | 3 |
| Constitutional Law (Pol. Sci. 131f).... | 3 | - |
| Administrative Law (Pol. Sci. 134s)... | - | 3 |
| Constitutional History of the United States (H. 115y) ) | 3 | 3 |
| Legislatures and Legislation (Pol. Sci. 124s) |  | 3 |
| Electives ...n_ | 6 | 6 |
|  | 15 | $\overline{15}$ |

Senior Year
The student may elect either the curriculum for the first year of the School of Law or a fourth year's work from advanced courses offered in Political Science. In either case all of the requirements of the Division of Social Sciences and the College of Arts and Sciences for graduation must have been met.

## Public Administration

The following suggested curriculum, consisting of a major in Political cience and a minor in Economics, is offered for the benefit of those students who are looking forward to an administrative career in the public service.

## Curriculum

| Freshman Year | er |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y) | 3 |  |
| Science or Mathematics. | 3 | 3 |
| American History (H. 5f, 6s) | 3 | 3 |
| American National Government (Pol. Sci. 1f) | 3 |  |
| State and Local Government (Pol. Sci. 4s). | - | 3 |
| Foreign Language | 3 |  |
| Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y) | 1 |  |
| Basic R.O.T.C. (M.I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 1 y or 2 y and 4 y ) | 1 |  |
|  | 17 |  |

Sophomore Year
English
Science or Mathematics.
Principles of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s).....an*
Comparative Government (Pol. Sci. 7f, 8s) ....
Foreign Language .... 3
Basic R.O.T.C. (M.I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
3 y or 6 y and 8 y ).
2

Junior Year
Introduction to Psychology (Psych. 1f)

Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f) ................................................ 3
Business Statistics (Stat. 15s) 145s)

Government (Econ. 131s) or Public Utilities (Econ.
Principles of Public Administration (Pol. Sci. 111f)
Public Personnel Administration (Pol. Sci. 112s)...........................
Municipal Government and Administration (Pol. Sci. 113f).....
Electives $\qquad$

## $r$

Freshman Year
(Eng. 1y)
ence or Mathematics
science or Mathematics..................................................................................
and Local Government (Pol. Sci. 4s).....................................................
eaking (Speech 1y)...........
sic R.O.T.C. (M.I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
1 y or 2 y and 4 y )

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Senior Year | I | , |
| Advanced Economic Principles (Econ. 190f) | 3 |  |
| Contemporary Economic Thought (Econ. 191s) |  |  |
| Public Finance (Fin. 106f) | 3 |  |
| Government and Business (Pol. Sci. 123f) or Government and Social Security (Pol. Sci. 125f) | 3 |  |
| Public Budgeting (Pol. Sci. 114s). | - |  |
| Legislatures and Legislation (Pol. Sci. 124s) | - |  |
| Constitutional Law (Pol. Sci. 131f) | 3 |  |
| Administrative Law (Pol. Sci. 134s). |  |  |
| Electives | 3 |  |
|  | 15 | $\overline{15}$ |

Advanced Economic Principles (Econ. 190f) ....
Contemporary Economic Thought (Econ. 191s)..........................
Public Finance (Fin. 106f)
Government and Business (Pol. Sci. 123f) or Government and
Public Budgeting (Pol. Sci. 114s)
Legislatures and Legislation (Pol. Sci. 124s)
Constitutional Law (Pol. Sci. 131f)

## THE PREPROFESSIONAL CURRICULA

Five-Year Combined Arts and Nursing
The first two years of this curriculum are taken in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park. If students enter this combined program with advanced standing, at least the second full year of this curriculum must be completed in College Park.
The remaining three years are taken in the School of Nursing of the University in Baltimore or in the Training School of Mercy Hospital, Baltimore. In addition to the Diploma in Nursing, the degree of Bachelor of Science in Nursing may, upon the recommendation of the Director of the School of Nursing, be granted at the end of the five year curriculum. Full details regarding this curriculum may be found in the section of the catalogue dealing with the School of Nursing. See page 228.

Curriculum

| Freshman Year | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y) | 3 | 3 |
| Foreign Language | 3 | 3 |
| General Chemistry (Chem. 1y) | 4 | 4 |
| Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y) | 1 | 1 |
| History (H. 1y or 3y) | 3 | 3 |
| American National Government (Pol. Sci. 1s). | - | 3 |
| Library Methods (L. S. 1f)... | 1 | - |
| Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 2y and 4y) | 1 | 1 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 16 | 18 |
| Sophomore Year |  |  |
| Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s). | 2 | 2 |
| Contemporary Social Problems (Soc. 1f, 2s) | 3 | 3 |
| Introduction to Psychology (Psych. 15) | 3 | - |
| Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s) | - | 3 |
| General Bacteriology (Bact. 1f)..... | 4 |  |
| General Zoology (Zool. 1s).... | - | 4 |
| Foreign Language | 3 | 3 |
|  | 2 | 2 |
|  | 17 | 17 |

## Premedical

The minimum requirement for admission to the School of Medicine of the University of Maryland is three years of academic training in the College of Arts and Sciences. Curriculum I as outlined meets these require-
ments, and also fulfills the requirements prescribed by the Council on Med. ical Education of the American Medical Association.

Curriculum II is outlined to meet the requirements of the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Society, which prescribes two years of academic training as the minimum prerequisite for entering Class A Medical School.

Curriculum I offers to students a combined seven-year program leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Doctor of Medicine. The first three years are taken in residence in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park, and the last four years in the School of Medicine in Baltimore. (See University catalogue for details of quantitative and qualitative premedical course requirements.)

Upon the successful completion of the first year in the School of Medicine, and upon the recommendation of the Dean of the School of Medicine, the degree of Bachelor of Science may be conferred by the College of Arts and Sciences at the Commencement following the second year of professional training

At least two years of residence are necessary for students transferring from other colleges and universities who wish to become candidates for the two degrees.

For requirements for admission see Section I, Admission, page 51.

## Curriculum I

For students expecting to enter the University of Maryland Medical School

|  | Semester |
| :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | I II |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y) | 3 |
| Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s). | $3 \quad 3$ |
| Fundamentals of Zoology (Zool. 2y) | 4 |
| General Chemistry (Chem. 1y). | 4 |
| Modern Language (French or German). | 3 3 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 1 y or 2 y and 4 y ) | 11 |
|  | 18 |

## Sophomore Year <br> Sop,

Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)3 2
Elementary Organic Laboratory (Chem. 8By)
Elementary Organe (French or German)
Modern Language (French or German)...............
Comparative Vertebrate Morphology (Zool. 4f)
Comparative Vertebrate Morphology (Zool. 4f)..................................... 3
Vertebrate Embryology (Zool. 20s).
Introduction to Philosophy (Phil. 1f) $-$
Introduction to Psychology (Psych. 1s)
Resic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed
$3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ ).

Junior Year
General Physics (Phys. 1y)
Elements of Physical Chemistry (Chem. 103Ay).................................................................
Elements of Physical Chemistry Laboratory (Chem. 103By)....
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y).............................................................. 1
Electives (Social Sciences)
Electives (Social Sciences)......
Electives (Biological Sciences).
-
$\overline{15}$

Senior Year
The curriculum of the first year of the School of Medicine is accepted. The student also may elect the fourth year's work from advanced courses offered in the College of Arts and Sciences.

## Curriculum II

For students desiring to meet the minimum requirements for admission to a Class A Medical School.
Freshman Year
Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)........................................................... 3
Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s) ................................... 3
Fundamentals of Zoology (Zool. 2y)............................................................ 4
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
( $-\cdots$........................................ 3
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
1 y or 2 y and 4 y )
1

Sophomore Year
General Physics (Phys. 1y)
Elementary Organic Chemistry (Chem. 8Ay)
Elementary Organic Laboratory (Chem. 8By)
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y).
Comparative Vertebrate Morphology (Zool. 4f)
Introduction to Psychology (Psych. 1s)
$\qquad$
Survey and Composition II (Eng.
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3 y or 6 y and 8 y ).

## Predental

Students entering the College of Arts and Sciences who desire to prepare themselves for the study of dentistry are offered the following two-year curriculum, which meets the predental requirements of the American Association of Dental Colleges. This curriculum may also be followed by the student if he desires to continue his college training and complete work for the Bachelor of Science degree.

Freshman Year
Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)...... ${ }^{\cdot}$
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
Fundamentals of Zoology (Zool. 2y)
Mechanical Drawing (Dr. 4y)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 1 y or 2 y and 4 y )

Sophomore Year
Elementary Organic Chemistry (Chem. 8Ay)
Elementary Organic Laboratory (Chem. 8By)
General Physics (Phys. 1y)
Modern Language (French or German)
Electives (Humanities, Social Sciences)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. $3 y$ or $6 y$ and $8 y$ )

## COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

## W. Mackenzie Stevens, Dean.

The University of Maryland is in an unusually favorable location for students of economics, commerce, and business administration; for downtown Washington is only twenty-four minutes away in one direction, while the Baltimore business district is less than an hour in the other-both cities with frequent transportation services to the University gates. Special arrangements are made to study commercial, manufacturing, exporting, and importing facilities and methods in Baltimore; and every assistance is given qualified students who wish to obtain a first hand glimpse of the far-flung economic activities of the National Government or to utilize the libraries, government departments, and other facilities provided in Washington
The College of Commerce provides professional training in economics and business administration for those who plan to become executives, teachers, or investigators in commercial, industrial, agricultural, or governmental economic enterprises.
While the curricula offered are technical and vocational, all require a thorough basic training in mathematics, statistics, English, and speech. The courses required in these fields are tool subjects needed for proper analysis, explanation, and interpretation of modern economic data.
Liberal allowance in every curriculum is made for other social sciences or for purely cultural non-vocational subjects, in order that students may acquire the breadth of vision needed by a present day economist or business executive.
The College of Commerce offers a selection of courses in each of the following seven fields of general and applied economics: General Economics, Agricultural Economics, Accounting, Finance, Marketing, Trade and Transportation, and Organization and Management.
Subject to the group and curricula requirements described subsequently, a student may, with the advice of his faculty adviser, elect individual courses from any or all of these groups in accordance with his needs.

## Advisory Councils

In order to facilitate the prompt and continuous adjustment of courses, curricula, and instructional methods to provide the training most in demand by industry and commerce; and in order constantly to maintain instruction abreast of the best current practice, the advice and suggestions of business men are constantly sought and received through Advisory Councils composed of outstanding leaders in each major field of business activity. Each Council has its own particular interest to serve, such as advertising, marketing, or finance; and the viewpoint and suggestions of these business men are proving to be invaluable in developing the instructional and research program of the College.

## Standards of Work

The College of Commerce was admitted to membership in the American Association of Collegiate Schools of Business in 1940. This is an organiza. tion established in 1916 to promote thorough and scientific training for the business profession. It maintains high standards of membership based on the number and training of the faculty, the thoroughness of the work, the length and breadth of the curriculum, the number of students, the financial backing of the college, and the facilities for carrying on the work.
In addition to all general university scholarship requirements, grad. uates of the College of Commerce must have successfully completed all specific curriculum requirements and must have passed at least forty-eight semester hours of economic and business subjects with grades of A, B, or C.

## Group Requirements For Graduation

A student who has met all entrance requirements may be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science upon the satisfactory completion of not fewer than 120 semester hours, not including the six hours of basic Military Science required of all able-bodied men students, or the six hours of physical education for women and for such men as are excused from Military Science.
Of these 120 credits, not fewer than 48 must be in economics or business subjects, that is, in courses offered in the departments of Economics, Business Administration, or Agricultural Economics, and not fewer than 48 in subjects not offered by these departments; provided that courses in principles of economics may be considered to be in either category.
The following minimum requirements in each of the groups specified must be completed before graduation, except as indicated in a particular curriculum

1. English and Speech-fourteen credits.
2. Mathematics, Statistics, and Natural Science-twelve credits.
3. Military Science or Physical Education-six credits.
4. Social Sciences and Foreign Languages-not fewer than twelve hours are required in psychology, sociology, political science, and history, and considerably more than these are recommended; provided that electives in foreign languages or other humanities may be substituted for six hours of this requirement.
5. Economics-twelve credits.
6. Organization and Management, Accounting, Finance, Marketing, Trade and Transportation, and additional requirements as specified in each curriculum.

## Electives And Extra-Curricular Activities

Business, agricultural, and industrial leaders now require a much broader educational background than that provided by vocational courses in economics and administration alone. Group requirements have been set up accordingly which demand that not fewer than 48 semester credit hours
shall be from non-economics courses. A considerably larger number of semester hours may be elected from non-economics subjects by a student who is willing to forego a proportionate number of specialized courses in nonomics and business administration.
Other social sciences, such as sociology, history, political science, and applied psychology are useful in furnishing the broad background in social sciences needed by any student of economics; and these subjects tend to make him a more useful citizen. Logic, ethics, and other philosophy courses open up a new world of intellectual pleasure to the student; and training in abstract thinking provided by such subjects is also useful vocationally. Courses in music and art may serve as a welcome diversion from vocational courses; and the social and extra-curricular development that music facilitates is desirable for students of economics or business.
Students of business administration are urged to learn stenography, typ ing, and other office techniques because this multiplies their opportunities for original appointment to positions in general administrative offices and facilitates their promotion to positions where their training in business administration has an opportunity to demonstrate its value.
Commerce students should diversify their non-economic selections so as to obtain the broadest possible general education within the time at their disposal. While the freedom of choice offered through electives is sufficient to enable a student to study whatever cultural subjects or vocational techniques he needs anywhere in the University, he who wishes to elect as much as a minor in any one department outside the College of Commerce must secure the approval of the head of that department to his study list, in order that the selections may be effectively adapted to the vocational or cultural objectives sought.
Extra-curricular activities are recommended to students of this college whenever the physical and mental capacity of the individual student and available free time permit. Excellence in such activities often has a definite value in procuring business positions at graduation; and experience gained in this way is frequently invaluable in later life.

Additional electives above the curriculum requirements in either vocational or non-economics courses are encouraged whenever a student can demonstrate the capacity to carry additional subjects satisfactorily. Grades received in previous work will be the determining factor for decision as to extra student load in each case. Students who do not average better than C will not be permitted to carry additional courses beyond the curriculum requirements.

Student Organizations
There are three student societies in the College of Commerce that are designed to develop scholarship, professional attitudes, ability to carry responsibility, and comradeship among students of similar interests, namely: Beta Gamma Sigma, the national scholarship fraternity in the field of business, Beta Alpha Psi, the professional accounting fraternity, and the Collegiate Chamber of Commerce, a general student organization open to all students of the College.

Beta Gamma Sigma
Beta Gamma Sigma, the national scholarship fraternity in commerce and business administration recognized by the American Association of Collegiate Schools of Business, has established a chapter, Alpha of Maryland, at the University. Membership is limited to senior students ranking scholas. tically in the highest tenth of the senior class and junior students in the highest two percent of the junior class.

## Beta Alpha Psi

Students whose major interest is accounting and who have a high scholas. tic record are eligible for invitation to membership in Beta Alpha Psi, the national professional accounting fraternity. Beta Alpha Psi sponsors a professional program of outside lecturers and study in Accountancy during the school year.

## Collegiate Chamber of Commerce

The Collegiate Chamber of Commerce provides students of business administration with an organization in which they may learn to work effectively with others in conferences and committees, and through which they may be brought into close contact with business men and trade associations in the types of business in which they are most interested. The Collegiate Chamber of Commerce maintains close relations with the Junior and Senior Chambers of Commerce in the various cities of Maryland and with the United States Chamber of Commerce in Washington. It is controlled by a board of directors elected by students of the College, two from each class and one from each student organization in the College. Membership is voluntary, but all students of business are urged to take part in its activities, for much of the training obtained is as valuable as that obtained in regular courses.

While general and social meetings are held periodically, most of the activi ties are centered in the following committees, each of which fosters study, business contacts, association with corresponding committees in city, state, and national chambers of commerce, discussion, field trips, and advancement of students interested in each field: Marketing, Public Relations, Civic Affairs, Community Affairs, Finance, Foreign Trade, Agricultural Affairs and Industrial Affairs. A member of the faculty who is qualified in the special field in which a given committee is working serves as adviser Additional committees are formed whenever a sufficient number of students desire them.

## Class of 1926 Award

The Class of 1926 of the School of Business Administration of the University of Maryland at Baltimore offers each year a gold key to the senior graduating from the College of Commerce with the highest average for the entire four-year course taken at the University of Maryland.

## Student Advisers

Each student in the College of Commerce is assigned to a faculty adviser who, so far as practicable, is a specialist in the student's field of interest.

A student who plans to become an accountant, for instance, has a professor A accounting as his adviser; one who is interested in banking as a career, professor of finance; and those interested in marketing, advertising, foreign trade, industrial management, agricultural economics, and other subjects, specialists in these fields. Students are expected to see their advisers regularly about registration, curricular requirements, scholarship requirements, and such personal or university matters as may be desirable.

## ORGANIZED CURRICULA

Several standardized curricula are offered for the guidance of students in the selection of courses, namely: General Business, Accounting, Finance, Marketing and Sales Administration, Merchandising, Cooperative Organization and Administration, Agricultural Economics, and Commerce-Law.

## Lower Division

Unless a student wishes to take the combination Commerce-Law, the Retail Merchandising, or the Agricultural Economics curriculum, he registers for the Business Curriculum immediately following for the freshman and sophomore years and decides at the beginning of his junior year whether he wishes to specialize in Accounting, Finance, Marketing, or Cooperation, or continue with a General Business training. Combinations to fit other vocational needs can be worked out by a different selection of courses in the junior and senior years.

## Freshman Year

Business Curriculum* Semester
Survey and Composition (English 1y)
General Mathematics (Math. 20y).
Economic Geography (T. and T. If) 3
3

Development of Commerce and Industry (T. and T. 4s)................ -
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)............................................................. 1
$\dagger$ Foreign Language, Political Science or other social science,
Mechanical Drawing or elective.
Science (preferably Chemistry)..................................................................3-4
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
$1 y$ or $2 y$ and $4 y$ ).
1
3-4

1
17-18 $\quad 17-18$
*See also Commerce-Law and Agricultural Economics curricula which are described on subsequent pages.
IIt is important that students take foreign language if they expect to pursue graduate work later or enter foreign trade work.

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sophomore Year | I | Il |
| Expository Writing (Eng. 5f) | 2 |  |
| Business English (Eng. 4s). |  | 2 |
| Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f) | 3 | - |
| Business Statistics (Stat. 15s)... | - | 3 |
| Principles of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s) | 3 | 3 |
| Principles of Accounting (Acct. 51y)... | 4 | 4 |
| Money and Banking (Fin. 53s). | - | 3 |
| Psychology (Psych. 4f), Sociology, Government, Philosophy, or Psychology |  |  |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3 y or 6 y and 8 y ) | 2 | 2 |
| $\ddagger$ Elective (See suggested courses below). | 3 | - |
|  | 17 | 17 |

Suggested Elective Courses:
Government: American National (Pol. Sci. If and s)-3.
State and Local (Pol. Sci. 4f and s)-3.
Comparative (Pol. Sci. 7f, 8s)-2, 2.
History: A Survey of Western Civilization (H. 1y)-6.
American (H. 5f, 6s)-3, 3.
England and Great Britain (H. 3y)-6.
Sociology. Introduction (Soc. 3f, 4s)-3, 3.
Psychology: For Students of Commerce (Psych. 4f)-3; or Applied (Psych. $3 \mathrm{~s})-3$.
Introduction (Psych. if or s)-3.
Philosophy: Introduction (Phil. 1f and s)-3.
Logic (Phil. 22f)-3.
Ethics (Phil. 23f)-3.
Speech: Advanced (3f, 4s)-2, 2.
Extempore (9f, 10s)-1, 1.
Library Science. Sources of Business Information (L. S. 2s)-1.
English: Survey of American Literature (Eng. 7f, 8s)-3, 3.
Expository Writing, continued (Eng. 6s)-2.
College Grammar (Eng. 14f)-3.
Science: Introductory courses in Chemistry, Botany, Geology, Physics, or Zoology-3, 4, 6, 8.
Language: French, German, Spanish, or Italian-6.
Classics: Latin and Greek in Current English Usage (Classics 3f, 4s)-2, 2. Drawing: Mechanical (Dr. 4y)-2.
$\ddagger$ Special attention is called do the elective in Advanced Speech (2), which must be taken in sophomore, junior, or senior year.

## General Business Curriculum



Flectives (See sugrested courses below) $\quad 6$

$$
\square \quad 15
$$

Senior Year
Business Law II (O. and M. 102f)
Financial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s)....
*Electives (See suggested courses below)

| Semester |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| $I$ | $I I$ |
| 3 | - |
| 3 | - |
| - | 3 |
| - | - |
| 3 | 3 |
| 6 | - |
| -15 | 15 |
|  | - |
| - | 3 |
| 12 | 12 |
| 15 | -15 |

## Suggested Elective Courses

Economics of Cooperative Organization (Econ. 161f)-3.
Property, Casualty, and Liability Insurance (Fin. 143f)-2.
Life, Group, and Social Insurance
(Fin. 144f)-2.

Farm Economics (A. E. 100f)-3.
Principles of Foreign Trade (T. and T. 101f)-3.
Principles of Transportation (T. and T. 111f)-3.
Credits and Collections (Fin. 125f) -3 .
Public Finance (Fin. 106f)-3. Investments (Fin. 115f)-3.
Labor Economics (Econ. 130f)-3.
Principles of Advertising (Mkt. 109f)-3.
Social and Economic History of the U. S. (H. 111f, 112s)-3, 3 .

Principles of Public Administration (Pol. Sci. 111f)-3.

Trade and Commercial Organiza tions ( O . and M. 172s)-3.
Economics of Consumption (Econ 136s)-3.
Banking Principles and Practices (Fin. 121s)-3.
Salesmanship (Mkt. 106s)-2. Salesmanagement (Mkt. 108s)-2.
Public Utilities (Econ. 145s)-3.
Social Control of Business (Econ. 152s)-3.
Psychology in Advertising and Selling (Psych. 141s)-3.
Industrial Psychology (Psych. 160f)-3.
Personnel (O. and M. 125s)-3.
Legislatures and Legislation (Pol. Sci. 124s)-3
Real Estate (Fin. 151s)-3.
Speech electives are recommended for either semester.

[^12] and senior years.

| Accounting Curriculum |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Semester |  |
| Junior Year | I | Il |
| Corporation Finance (Fin. 111f) | 3 | - |
| Advanced Accounting (Acct. 101f, 102s) | 3 | 3 |
| Cost Accounting (Acct. 121f, 122s). | 2 | 2 |
| Business Law I (0. and M. 101s). | - | 3 |
| $\dagger$ Electives (See suggested courses below) | 7 | 7 |
|  |  | - |
|  | 15 | 15 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Business Law II (O. and M. 102f).. | 3 | - |
| Auditing Theory and Practice (Acct. 171f, 172s). | 2 | 2 |
| Specialized Accounting (Acct. 181f, 182s).... | 3 | 3 |
| Financial Anaylsis and Control (Fin. 199s)... | - | 3 |
| $\dagger$ Electives (See suggested courses below). | 7 | 7 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 15 | 15 |

## Suggested Elective Courses:

*Income Tax Procedure (Acct. 161f) -3 .
Principles of Foreign Trade (T. and T. 101f) - 3 .

Principles of Transportation (T. and T. 111f)-3.
Industrial Combination (Econ 153f)-3.
Investments (Fin. 115f)-3.
Principles of Marketing (Mkt. 101f) -3.

Advanced Economic Principles (Econ. 190f)-3.
*Advanced Business Law (O. and M. 103s)-2.
*C. P. A. Problems (Acct. 186s)-3. Industrial Management (O. and M. 121s)-3.
Banking Principles and Practices (Fin. 121s)-3.
Public Utilities (Econ. 145s)-3. Accounting Apprenticeship (Acct. 149) - 0 .

Marketing, Sales Administration, and Merchandising
Two programs of study are available for students of marketing, merchandising, and sales administration, of which the first is primarily intended for students interested in sales administration, and the second for men and women who wish to go into the garment trade, department store work, or other types of retail or wholesale distribution. The second involves certain changes in the basic lower division curriculum in order to provide for technical courses needed.
*Essential for students who plan to prepare for a career in public accounting
$\dagger$ Electives should include not less than six hours of advanced economics during junior and senior years.

| Sales Administration Curriculum | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | Il |
| Junior Year | 3 |  |
| Corporation Finance (Fin. 111) | 3 |  |
| Principles of Marketing (Mkt. | 3 |  |
| Principles of Adveres of Cooperative Organization (Econ. 161f) | 3 |  |
| Salesmanship (Mkt. 106s) | - |  |
| Salesmanagement (Mkt. 108s) |  |  |
| Business Law I (O. and M. 101s)... (0. and M. 172s) | - |  |
| Trade and Commercial Organizato below) | 3 | 5-6 |
|  | 15 | 15-16 |
| Senior Year | 3 |  |
|  | - |  |
| Marketing Research and Market Policies (Mkt. 19s | $\overline{12}$ |  |
| $\square_{-E \text { Electives }}$ (See suggested courses below) | 12 |  |
|  | 15 |  |

Suggested Elective Courses
Credits and Collections (Fin. 125f) -3.
Principles of Foreign Trade (T. and
T. 101f)-3.

Principles of Transportation ( T and T. 111f)-3.
Consumer Financing (Fin. 105f) -3 .
Psychological Problems in Market Research (Psych. 140f)-3.
Property, Casualty, and Liability Insurance (Fin. 143f)-2.
Life, Group, and Social Insurance (Fin. 144f)-2.
Farm Economics (A. E. 100f)-3. Labor Economics (Econ. 130f)-3. Supervised Practice in Marketing

## (Mkt. 149)-2.

The list of potential electives for students interested in special phases of advertising, sales administration, and marketing is too great for inclusion here. Advertising students may wish to elect courses in Art or English in the College of Arts and Sciences. Those interested in the marketing and
tElectiv hould econ during junior

Retail Store Management and Mer chandising (Mkt. 119s)-3.
Export and Import Trade Pro cedure (T. and T. 121s)-3.
Marketing of Farm Products (A. E. 102s)-3.
Economics of Consumption (Econ. 136s)-3.
Psychology in Advertising and Sell ing (Psych. 141s)-3.
Purchasing Technique (Mkt. 115s) -3 .
Real Estate (Fin. 151s)-3
Food Products Inspection (A. E. 105s)-2.
Industrial Management (O. and M. 121s)-3.
and senior years.

## Accounting Curriculum

Junior Year

## Semester

Corporation Finance (Fin. 111f) $\qquad$ I II

Advanced Accounting (Acct. 101f, 102s)
$3 \quad 3$
Cost Accounting (Acct. 121f, 122s)
2
Business Law I (O. and M. 101s) $\qquad$ - 7

Senior Year
Business Law II (O. and M. 102f) 3 -
Auditing Theory and Practice (Acct. 171f, 172s)
Specialized Accounting (Acct. 181f, 182s) 3
Financial Anaylsis and Control (Fin. 199s) 7
$\dagger$ Electives (See suggested courses below) $\overline{15}$

Suggested Elective Courses:
*Income Tax Procedure (Acct. 161f) -3.
Principles of Foreign Trade (T. and T. 101f) - 3 .

Principles of Transportation (T. and T. 111f)-3.
Industrial Combination (Econ.

$$
153 f)-3 .
$$

Investments (Fin. 115f)-3.
Principles of Marketing (Mkt. 101f) $-3$.

Advanced Economic Principles (Econ. 190f)-3.
*Advanced Business Law (O. and M. 103s)-2.
C. P. A. Problems (Acct. 186s)-3. Industrial Management (O. and M. 121s)-3.
Banking Principles and Practices (Fin. 121s)-3.
Public Utilities (Econ. 145s)-3.
Accounting Apprenticeship (Acct 149) - 0.

## Marketing, Sales Administration, and Merchandising

Two programs of study are available for students of marketing, merchandising, and sales administration, of which the first is primarily intended for students interested in sales administration, and the second for men and women who wish to go into the garment trade, department store work, or other types of retail or wholesale distribution. The second involves certain changes in the basic lower division curriculum in order to provide for technical courses needed.
*Essential for students who plan to prepare for a career in public accounting.
$\dagger$ Electives should include not less than six hours of advanced economics during junio and senior years.

## Sales Administration Curriculum

## Junior Year

Corporation Finance (Fin. 111f).
Principles of Marketing (Mkt. 101f)
Principles of Advertising (Mkt. 109f)
Economics of Cooperative Organization
Economics of Cooperative $\qquad$
3
Salesmanship (Mkt. 106s).... $\qquad$
Business Law I (O. and M. 101s) $\qquad$
Business Law I (O. and M. 101s)................................................. -
Trade and Commercial Organizations (O
Electives (See suggested courses below)

Senior Year

Marketing Research and Market Policies (Mkt: 199s)................... -
Financial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s)
Electives (See suggested courses below).

Suggested Elective Courses:
Credits and Collections (Fin. 125f) $-3$.
Principles of Foreign Trade (T. and
T. 101f)-3.

Principles of Transportation (T. and T. 111f)-3.
Consumer Financing (Fin. 105f) -3.
Psychological Problems in Market Research (Psych. 140f)-3.
Property, Casualty, and Liability Insurance (Fin. 143f)-2.
Life, Group, and Social Insurance (Fin. 144f)-2.
Farm Economics (A. E. 100f)-3.
Labor Economics (Econ. 130f)-3.
Supervised Practice in Marketing
(Mkt. 149) -2.

Retail Store Management and Merchandising (Mkt. 119s)-3.
Export and Import Trade Procedure (T. and T. 121s)-3.
Marketing of Farm Products (A. E. 102s)-3.
Economics of Consumption (Econ. 136s)-3.
Psychology in Advertising and Selling (Psych. 141s)-3.
Purchasing Technique (Mkt. 115s) $-3$.
Real Estate (Fin. 151s)-3.
Food Products Inspection (A. E. 105s)-2.
Industrial Management (O. and M. 121s)-3.

The list of potential electives for students interested in special phases of advertising, sales administration, and marketing is too great for inclusion here. Advertising students may wish to elect courses in Art or English in the College of Arts and Sciences. Those interested in the marketing and
$\dagger$ Electives should include not less than six hours of advanced economics during junior and senior years.
installation of mechanical or electrical equipment will wish to elect a num ber of courses in the College of Engineering. Persons planning to engage in marketing of agricultural products may choose courses in the College of Agriculture

Merchandising and Retail Distribution Curriculum

Semester
IISenior Year
Business Law II (O. and M. 102f-

Marketing Research and Market Policies (Mkt. 199s)| 3 |
| :--- |
| 3 |Financial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s)-Credits and Collections (Fin. 125f)3Credits and Management (Mkt 119s)3

Purchasing Technique (Mkt. 115s)3
Advanced Design (H. E. 123f, 124s4Supervised Practice.in Retail Marketing (Mkt. 149f)4
-$\overline{-}$
Finance Curriculum
Junior Year
SemestII
Corporation Finance (Fin. 111f)(102s) or Economic electivesAdvanced Aconing Principles and Practices (Fin. 121s)3
3-
Business Law I (O. and M. 101s)3Electives (See suggested courses below)9
Senior Year
Business Law II (O. and M. 102f)3
3
Investments (Fin. 115f)-
inancial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s) ..... 3
Electives (See sugrested courses below)12

Suggested Elective Courses:
Public Finance (Fin. 106f)-3.
Credits and Collections (Fin. 125f) -3 .
Property, Casualty, and Liability Insurance (Fin. 143f)-2.
Life, Group, and Social Insurance (Fin. 144f)-2
Land Economics (A. E. 111f)-3.
Consumer Financing (Fin. 105f)
-3.
Stock and Commodity Exchanges (Fin. 118f)-3.
Economics of Cooperative Organi zation (Econ. 161f)-3.
$\dagger$ Electives should include not less than six hours of advanced economics during junior and senior years.

Trade and Commercial Organizations (O. and M. 172s) -3.
Public Utilities (Econ. 145s)-3.
Farm Finance (A. E. 104s) - 3 .
Supervised Practice in Finance (Fin. 149)-2.
Real Estate (Fin. 151s) - 3
Investment Banking (Fin. 116s)-3. International Finance (Fin. 129s) $-3$.
Social Control of Business (Econ. 152 s ) - 3.


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## COMBINED PROGRAM IN COMMERCE AND LAW

Students who wish to combine commercial and legal studies to obtain both Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws degrees may do so by selecting their courses in such a way as to comply with all of the group and specific requirements of the College of Commerce in three years, and then completing the 126 hours required for graduation from this college by courses taken in the University of Maryland School of Law at Baltimore.
During the first three years, students will be registered in the College of Commerce. In the fourth year and thereafter, unless the four-year alternative program is taken, they will be registered in the School of Law; but they must forward copies of their study lists to the office of the Dean of the College of Commerce at the beginning of each semester of the fourth year. At the end of the fourth year, the degree of Bachelor of Science may be awarded in the College of Commerce upon the recommendation of the Dean of the Law School. The degree of Bachelor of Laws will be awarded upon satisfactory completion of the entire program.

| Curriculum | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | I | II |
| Survey and Composition (Eng. 1y) | 3 | 3 |
| General Mathematics (Math. 20y) | 3 | 3 |
| Economic Geography (T. and T. 1f). | 3 | - |
| Development of Commerce and Industry (T. and T. 4s). | - | 3 |
| Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)... | 1 | 1 |
| American National Government (Pol. Sci. 1f) | 3 |  |
| State and Local Government (Pol. Sci. 4s) |  | 3 |
| History of England and Great Britain (H. 3y). | 3 | 3 |
| R. O. T. C. (M I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 1y or | 1 | 1 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 17 | 17 |

$\ddagger$ Elective for honor students only.
†Two hours of speech elective must be taken during the sophomore, junior, or senior the selection of useful electives during be thoned until the senior year if this will facilitate the selection of useful electives during the last two years.

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sophomore Year | I | II |
|  | 2 |  |
| Business English (Eng. 4s).. |  | 2 |
| Principles of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s). | 3 | 3 |
| Principles of Accounting (Acct. 51y). | 4 | 4 |
| Elements of Statistics (Stat. 14f)... | 3 |  |
| Business Statistics (Stat. 15s). |  | 3 |
| Money and Banking (Fin. 53s) |  |  |
| Advanced Public Speaking (Speech 3f) | 2 |  |
| Comparative Government (Pol. Sci. 7f) $\qquad$ R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3y |  |  |
| R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3y or 6 y and 8 y ) | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 18 | 7 |
| Junior students may elect either the accounting or the economics group of courses: |  |  |
| Junior Year-Accounting Concentration |  |  |
| Corporation Finance (Fin. 111f) | 3 | - |
| *Financial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s). |  | 3 |
| Principles of Marketing (Mkt. 101f). | 3 | - |
| Industrial Management ( 0. and M. 121s) | - | 3 |
| Advanced Accounting (Acct. 101f, 102s) | 3 | 3 |
| Cost Accounting (Acct. 121f, 122s). | 2 | 2 |
| Auditing Theory and Practice (Acct. 171f, 172s) | 2 | 2 |
| Argumentation (Speech 11f, 12s). | 2 | 2 |
| Extempore Speaking (Speech 9f, 10s). | 1 | 1 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 16 | 16 |
| Junior Year-Economics Concentration |  |  |
| Corporation Finance (Fin. 111f). | 3 | - |
| *Financial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s) |  | 3 |
| Principles of Marketing (Mkt. 101f) | 3 | - |
| Public Finance (Fin. 106f) | 3 | - |
| Labor Economics (Econ. 130f)... | 3 | - |
| *Social Control of Business (Econ. 152s) | - | 3 |
| Economics of Consumption (Econ. 136s). |  | 3 |
| Public Utilities (Econ. 145s) |  | 3 |
| Argumentation (Speech 11f, 12s). | 2 | 2 |
| Extempore Speaking (Speech 9f, 10s)... | 1 | 1 |
|  | 1 | 1 |
|  | 16 | 16 |

[^13]Senior Year
First year of regular Law School; or, preferably, graduation from the four-year curriculum in Commerce-Law before entering Law School. In the latter case, Business Law I is substituted for Financial Analysis and Control, and an approved elective for Social Control of Business in the Contr year, the replaced courses being taken in the senior year. The additional requirements are shown below:
tional requirements are shown below.
I II
*Financial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s)......................................... -
*Social Control of Business (Econ. 152s).
$\begin{array}{ll}- & 3 \\ - & 3\end{array}$

Business Law below)...................................................... 12
Electives (See suggested courses below)

Suggested Elective Courses:
Selections from the economics or accounting concentrations previously shown, additional speech or English courses, and the following:
Advanced Economic Principles iIncome Tax Procedure (Acct. (Econ. 190f)-3.
Comparative Economic Systems (Econ. 151f)-3.
Credits and Collections (Fin. 125f) $-3$.
Principles of Foreign Trade (T. and T. 101 f$)-3$.

Property, Casualty, and Liability
Insurance ('Fin. 143f)-2.
Life, Group, and Social Insurance (Fin. 144f)-2.
Principles of Public Administration (Pol. Sci. 111f)-3.
History of Political Theory (Pol. Sci. 141f) - 3.
Investments (Fin. 115f)-3.
Economics of Cooperative Organization (Econ. 161f)-3.
Principles of Transportation (T and T. 111f)-3.
Industrial Combination (Econ. †Advanced Business Law (O. and M. 153f)-3.
†Specialized Accounting (Acct. 181f, Trade and Commercial Organiza182s) -3, 3.

161f)-3.
Contemporary Economic Thought (Econ. 191s)-3.
Labor and Government (Econ. 131s)-3.
Advanced Banking Principles and Practices (Fin. 121s)-3.
International Finance (Fin. 129s) $-3$.
Real Estate (Fin. 151s)-3.
Personnel (O. and M. 125s)-3.
Recent Political Theory (Pol. Sci. 142s)-3.
Constitutional History of the United States (H. 115y)-6.
Psychology in Advertising and Selling (Psych. 141s)-3.
Legislatures and Legislation (Pol. Sci. 124s) - 3 .
Farm Finance (A. E. 104s) - 3
C. P. A. Problems (Acct. 186s)-3. 103s)-2.
Trade and Commercial Organizations (O. and M. 172s) -3.
+Essential for students who wish to prepare for C. P. A. examinations.
*Preferably taken in senior year if the four-year curriculum is followed.

## COOPERATIVE AND BUSINESS ASSOCIATION

Cooperative organizations among farmers, consumers, and business are taking a steadily more important part in modern economic life. Al. though agricultural, consumers', and credit cooperatives are well known, it is not generally realized that cooperative principles are being increasingly tions, mutuals, volunt manufacturers, investors, and others in trade associatrolled mutuals, voluntary groups, and other types of democratically controlled organizations that may or may not call themselves cooperative. The problems of organization and administration of a cooperative are much the same whether the enterprise is a farmers' marketing association, a retai merchants' cooperative, a wholesalers' voluntary chain, a group of manu jointly or who set up an association to carry their own insurance, produce jointly, or advertise and sell cooperatively, a group of farmers or urban dwellers who establish an association to purchase or produce the goods and services they consume, a credit union, a building and loan association, or the business men of a community or of a given type of business who jointly carry on any continuous business enterprise
The form of ownership and control and the objectives of a cooperative are different from those of its centrally controlled competitor to such a degree that training and experience suitable for executive responsibility in the latter type of enterprise is not adequate for cooperative leadership; because the managerial problems of a cooperative or business association include not only most of those arising from the nature of the business but also additional problems brought about by these differences in ownership relations, objectives, and control.
A student intending to prepare himself for positions with cooperative enterprises has two alternatives: (a) to register in one of the specialized curricula such as Finance, Marketing, Accounting, or Agricultural Economics, in accordance with the type of work he wishes to do with cooperatives, and then use electives to obtain as much cooperative theory and presee as practicable, or (b) to register for the curriculum in Cooperative organization and Administration that follows, and then elect courses that will give him a reasonably adequate technical knowledge of the type of activity with which he plans to associate himself. For instance, a person intending to work with farmer cooperatives should have at least one course解 cooperation should elect Economics of Consumption (Econ. 136s), Retail Store Management and Merchandising (Mkt. 119s), and Purchasing Technique (Mkt. 115s); a person intending to specialize in the credit union or savings and loan field should elect several courses in finance; and a in most closely with the kind of business whould elect courses that fit in most closely with the kind of business with which he expects to be
associated. associated.
Since every student interested in cooperation as a career should have the basic training provided in the lower division general business curriculum in any case, he need not make a definite decision until the beginning of his
junior year, though students are urged to use the electives provided during the first two years to obtain so far as possible the background subjects likely to be needed.
Practical experience is exceedingly important. Students intending to work with agricultural cooperatives, should have farm experience, for example, and all students who plan to make cooperative organization and management a career should arrange for practical work with cooperatives as early as may be practicable. The course entitled "Supervised Practice in Cooperation", which involves experience with cooperatives, should be taken during the summer between the junior and senior years unless a different period is arranged.
Washington is the national headquarters of the agricultural cooperatives of this country, and arrangements have been made for properly equipped students to have cooperative experience by means of close working arrangements maintained with the National Cooperative Council.
Unusual facilities for the study of cooperatives of all types are also available in the government agencies and libraries of Washington, and special arrangements will be made for properly qualified students to make the most of the opportunity for special study thus offered. Most trade and business associations have headquarters or representation in Washington.
The courses below are suggested for the junior and senior years, though substitutions will be permitted whenever the student's adviser believes this will improve the training for a particular type of cooperative work.

## Cooperative Curriculum

Junior Year - ${ }_{I}^{\text {Semester }}$ II

Business Law I (O. and M. 101s) II

Corporation Finance (Fin. 111f) 3

Industrial Management (0. and M. 121s
Advanced Accounting (Acct. 101f, 102s)...
*Principles of Transportation (T. and T. 11
$-$
*Principles of Transportation (T. and T. 111f).......................................... 3
Economics of Cooperative Organization (Econ. 161f)....
Economics of Consumption (Econ. 136s)
-
Elective
3
$\overline{15}$
$\dagger$ Supervised Practice in Cooperation (O. and M. 149) (Summer) 2
*Suggested electives for students who wish general training and do not have a particular type of cooperation or cooperative activity in mind.
$\dagger$ Application for this course must be made not later than March 1.

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Senior Year | I | II |
| Business Law II (O. and M. 102f). | 3 |  |
| Financial Analysis and Control (Fin. 199s) | - |  |
| Cooperation in Agriculture (A. E. 103f) | 3 |  |
| *Retail Store Management and Merchandising (Mkt. 119s), or |  |  |
| ${ }^{*}$ Purchasing Technique (Mkt. 115s) | - |  |
| *Consumer Financing (Fin. 105f). | 3 |  |
| *Contemporary Economic Thought (Econ. 191s).. |  |  |
| *Auditing Theory and Practice (Acct. 171f, 172s) ..... | 2 |  |
| Problems in Cooperative Administration (O. and M. 161s) ........ | - |  |
|  | 1 |  |
| Elective | 3 | - |
|  | - | - |
|  | 15 | 15 |

## SPECIAL CURRICULA

Suggestions for a selection of courses in Management, Personnel Administration and Industrial Relations to constitute a curriculum are available upon request to the Dean. Other organized programs of study will be developed whenever the needs of business and industry or the demands of students for training in other fields of business administration or economics warrant it:

A student who has completed the basic first two years of Commerce with an average grade of B may, with the approval of his adviser, petition for a special curriculum if he can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Dean that the courses needed for his intended vocation are different from those offered in any of the foregoing standardized curricula. If the petition be granted, a special curriculum designed to fit the specific needs of such a student may be set up and made a part of his permanent record. Thereafter, the requirements for graduation of this student will be as set forth in his special curriculum. All such special curricula are subject to the scholarship, group, and specific course requirements of the College.

* Suggested electives for students who wish general training and do not have a particula type of cooperation or cooperative activity in mind.


## COLLEGE OF EDUCATION <br> Harold Benjamin, Dean.

The College of Education meets the needs of the following classes of students: (1) undergraduates preparing to teach the cultural and the vocational studies in high schools, preparatory schools, and vocational schools; (2) students who will enter higher institutions to prepare for work in specialized educational and institutional fields; (3) students preparing for educational work in the trades and industries; (4) students preparing to become home demonstrators, girls' club leaders, community recreation leaders, and (in cooperation with the Department of Sociology) social workers; (5) students whose major interest is in other fields, but who desire courses in education for their informational and cultural values; (6) graduate students preparing for teaching positions requiring an advanced degree and for positions as high school principals, elementary school principals, educational supervisors, attendance officers, and school administrators.

## Facilities

In addition to the general facilities offered by the University, certain important supplementary facilities are available.
Supervised Teaching. Opportunity for supervised teaching under competent critic teachers is provided by arrangement with the school authorities of Prince Georges, Howard, and Montgomery Counties, and of the District of Columbia.

Observation. Observation of teaching is conducted in Washington and in nearby Maryland schools. The number, variety, and nearness of these schools provide ample and unusual opportunities for observation of actual classroom situations.
Other Facilities in Washington. The Library of Congress, the Library of the U. S. Office of Education, and the special libraries of other Government offices are accessible. The information services of the National Education Association, the American Council on Education, the U. S. Office of Education, and of other institutions, public and private, are available to students.

## Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission to the College of Education are in general the same as for the other colleges of the University. See Section I, Admission.

Candidates for admission whose high school records are consistently low are strongly advised not to seek admission to the College of Education.

## Guidance in Registration

At the time of matriculation each student is tentatively assigned to a member of the faculty who acts as the student's personal adviser. The
choice of subject areas within which the student will prepare to teach and the selection of his professional courses will be made under faculty guidance during the first year in connection with the Introduction to Education course, which is required of all freshmen. Students from other colleges in the university who plan to take an education curriculum should also take this course. However, the course is open to sophomores or upper classmen who transfer to the College of Education from other colleges within the university or from other institutions. Although in particularly fortunate cases, it is possible to make satisfactory adjustments as late as the junior year for students from other colleges who have not already entered upon the sequence of professional courses, it is usually imperative that this work in the College of Education be begun not later than the sophomore year. It is practically impossible to make the necessary adjustments for students of advanced upper class standing on account of the sequence of preprofessional and professional subjects.
It is advisable for students who purpose to teach (except Vocational Agriculture) to register in the College of Education, in order that they may have continuously the counsel and guidance of the faculty which is directly responsible for their professional preparation. It is permissible, however for a student to register in that college which in conjunction with the College of Education offers the majority of the courses he will pursue in satisfying the requirements of the curriculum he elects.

## Preprofessional and Professional Courses

The courses required of all students in the College of Education, and of all students in other colleges desiring to elect an education curriculum, are classified into two categories (1) preprofessional and (2) professional The professional courses are all recognized for certification purposes by the Maryland State Department of Education, provided they are taken in the junior and senior years.
Preprofessional courses: Introduction to Education; Educational Forum.
Professional courses: Educational Psychology; Educational Sociology; The High School or The Junior High School; Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (in field of teaching major); Educational Measurements; Meth ods and Practice of Teaching.
Recommendations Beyond Bare Required Minimum. Students who wish to enrich their professional preparation will do well to take the Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation course in their minor as well as their major teaching field, and to elect 6 instead of 3 units in the Methods and Practice of Teaching course. The first-level offering in guidance and the course in Visual Education are also centered around the day-by-day demands made upon the classroom teacher. Many students, and particularly those who plan to do graduate work in Education, may wish to strengthen their grasp of the foundations of education through second-level courses in Educational Psychology and Educational Sociology, or to deepen their insights by taking courses in History of Education or Comparative Education.

Eligibility. To be eligible to enter the professional courses, a student must have attained junior status as defined below. Continuance in such courses will be contingent upon the student's remaining in the upper fourfifths of his class in subsequent semester revisions of class standing.

## Admission of Teacher College Graduates

Graduates of the two- and three-year curricula of Maryland State Teachers Colleges and other accredited teacher-education institutions whose records give evidence of the ability and character essential to teaching will be admitted to advanced standing and classified provisionally in appropriate classes. Graduates of the two-year teacher-training curriculum, in most cases, may satisfy the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Elementary Education by attendance for two full college years; graduates of the three-year curriculum, by attendance for one full college year
Those who wish to satisfy the requirements for certification as high school teachers need more time. The amount of time required is not uniform, but depends upon the high school subjects to be taught and the individual ability of the student.

## Junior Status

The first two years of college work are preparatory to the professional work of the junior and senior years. Students who, in the first two years by reason of temperament, health, industry, and scholastic progress, give promise of becoming successful teachers are encouraged to continue in the curricula of the College of Education; those who are unlikely to succeed as teachers by reason of health deficiencies, of weakness in oral and ritten English, of unfavorable personal traits, or of scholastic deficiency. re advised to transfer to other fields. Data bearing on all these aspects of he student's personality are secured through the selective admissions testng program administered in connection with the Introduction to Education course, through the cooperation of the Department of Speech, and through direct observation by the faculty.
To be eligible for junior status a student must have completed 64 semester hours of freshman-sophomore courses with an average grade of C or better.

## Student Teaching

Two courses are offered in student teaching-Principles and Practice of Teaching (Ed. 139f or s, Ed. 140f or s), carrying respectively 3 and 6 semester hours of credit.
Students who expect to register for the 6 -hour credit course should offer 130 credits for graduation and, because of the large amount of time devoted to this course in the senior year, will ordinarily need to include at least one summer session in their college programs. Students who elect the 3 -hour credit course need present only 128 credits for graduation.

Certification of Secondary School Teachers
The State Department of Education certifies to teach in the approved high schools of the State only graduates of approved colleges who have satisfac-
torily fulfilled subject-matter and professional requirements. Specifically it limits certification to graduates who "rank academically in the upper fourfifths of the class and who make a grade of C or better in practice teaching."
From the offerings of Education, the District of Columbia requirement of 24 semester hours of professional courses may be fully met.

## Degrees

The degrees conferred upon students who have met the conditions prescribed for a degree in the College of Education are Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science. Upon completion of a minimum of 128 credits in conformity with the requirements specified under "Curricula" and in conformity with general requirements of the University, the appropriate degree will be conferred.

## Curricula

The curricula of the College of Education, described in detail in the following pages, are designed to prepare high school teachers of the academic and scientific subjects, the special subjects, and the vocational sub jects under the provisions of the Federal Vocational Education Acts.
The specifications for majors and minors, under "Arts and Sciences Education," satisfy the requirements of the State Department of Education in regard to "the number of college credits required in any two or more subjects which are to be placed on a high school teacher's certificate." The curricula for the special subjects cover all State Department require ments. The curricula for the vocational subjects meet the objectives set up in the Federal Acts and in the interpretations of the Office of Education and of the State Board of Education. (For Agricultural Education see College of Agriculture, page 81.)
In the Arts and Sciences Education curriculum one may qualify for the degree either of Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science, depending upon the major subject. The other curricula lead to the degree of Bachelor of Science.
The general and special requirements of each curriculum are shown in the following descriptions.

## Curriculum in Agricultural Education

See College of Agriculture, page 81.

## ARTS AND SCIENCES EDUCATION

## General Requirements

In addition to Military Science or Physical Education, required of all students in the University, the following requirements must be fulfilled by all candidates for degrees in this curriculum, normally by the end of the sophomore year:
(1) Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y) and Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s), 12 semester hours.
(2) Two years of foreign language are required of candidates for the Bachelor of Arts degree if the student enters with less than three years of
foreign language; one year, if he enters with three years. No foreign language is required of any student who enters with four or more years of anguage language nor of candidates for the bachelor of science degree. "Foreign language" includes both ancient and modern languages.
(3) Twelve semester hours of the social sciences (history, economics, sociology, political science).
(4) Twelve semester hours of natural science or of natural science and mathematics.
(5) Twenty semester hours of education.

The program of each student shall include all of the general requirements listed above, and all requirements for his major and minor, stated below.

| Curriculum |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Freshman Year |  |  |

## Senior Year

Educational Measurements (Ed. 105f)
Methods and Practice of Teaching (Ed. 139 f or s ) or (Ed $140 f$ or s). … 3-6 or 3-6 Major and minor requirements and electives.......................................10-12 12-14

## Specific Requirements

Each student is expected to prepare for the teaching of at least two high school subjects in accordance with the certification requirements of the State Department of Education (By-law 30 revised). These are designated as major and minor subjects, with a requirement of from 28 to 40 semester hours of credit for a major and from 20 to 30 semester hours for a minor. If it is deemed advisable for a student to prepare for the teaching of three high school subjects, the requirement for a major may be modified at the discretion of the faculty of the College of Education to permit the purssit of three subjects to the extent required for State certification. Semester hour requirements are detailed below.
No student will be permitted to do practice teaching until he has met all previous requirements.
English. (For the degree of bachelor of arts.) A major in English requires 36 semester hours as follows:
Survey and Composition I and II. Shakespeare (Eng 11f or 12s) $\qquad$ 3 semester hours American Literature 6 semester hours Electives $\qquad$ 15 semester hours A minor in English requires 26 semester hours. It includes the 21 hours prescribed for the major and 5 hours of electives.
Electives must be chosen from a selected list of courses with the approval of the adviser. The standards governing selection are those suggested by the National Council of Teachers of English.
Social Sciences. (For the degree of bachelor of arts.) For a major in this group, 36 semester hours are required, of which at least 18 hours must be in history including 6 hours in American history and 6 hours in European history. Six of the 18 hours must be in advanced courses. For a minor in the group, 24 hours are required, of which 18 are the same as specified above, and 6 of which must be in advanced courses.
History
18 semester hours
Economics or Sociology.
6 semester hours
Electives
12 semester hours
For a minor, the requirements are the same less the electives.
Required courses in History are as follows: A Survey of Western Civilization and American History.

Modern Languages. (For the degree of bachelor of arts.) For a major Modern Languages 30 semester hours are required; for a minor, 24 in Moder hours. This is exclusive of the introductory course in each case. The courses are chosen with the advice of the Department of Modern Languages.
Classical Languages. (For the degree of bachelor of arts). Both a major and minor are offered in Latin consisting of 30 and 20 semester hours respectively. The courses are chosen with the advice of the Department of Classical Languages.
Mathematics. (For the degree of bachelor of science.) Twenty-eight semester hours are required for the major. The following sequence is recommended: Math. 7f, 21f, and 22s in the freshman year; Math. 18y and 23 y in the sophomore year; Math. 111f, 112 s , and 141 f in the junior and senior years.
Twenty semester hours are required for the minor. The following course sequence is advised; Math. 7f, 21f, and 22s in the freshman year; Math. 23 y in the sophomore year; and Math. 18y and 111 f in the junior and senior years.

Students who pass an examination in solid geometry may be excused from Math. 7 f .
Mathematics-Physics. (For the degree of bachelor of science.) This major consists of 18 hours in mathematics and 18 hours in physics. The courses selected must include Math. 7f, 21f, and 22s; Phys. 1y and 103y.

Students who pass an examination in solid geometry may be excused from Math. 7f.

Chemistry 1y is required as a supporting course to this major. If a minor in general science is offered in 40 hours in the natural sciences should be presented.
Science. (For the degree of bachelor of science.) In general science a major and minor are offered, consisting of 40 and 30 semester hours respectively, each including elementary courses in chemistry, physics, and biology zoology and botany). The major should include one of the following course sequences.

Sequences I and II, emphasizing chemistry or physics:
Freshman year: *Math. 8f (3) or 21 f (4); 10 s (3) or 22 s (4); Chem. $1 y$ (8).
Sophomore year: Bot. If (4) ; Phys. 1y (8). 12 y ('6), and 103y (6) ;
Junior and Senior years: Phys. 103y (6) or Chem. 12y ('6), and 103y (6) ; Zool. 2y (8) ; Bact. 1A (2).

Sequence III, emphasizing zoology:
Freshman year: Zool. 2y (8); Chem. 1y (8).
Sophomore year: Zool. 15y (8) ; Bot. If (4).
Junior and Senior years: Zool. 121f (3) or $120 f$ (3) ; 102s (3).
${ }^{*}$ Mathematics credits are not counted in the total number of hours required for the science major.

Sequence IV, emphasizing botany:
Freshman year: Zool. 2y (8); Chem. 1y (8).
Sophomore year: Bot. If (4) and 3s (4); Phys. 3y (6) or 1 y (8).
Junior and Senior years: Plt. Phys. 101f (4) and 102s (3); Bact. 1A (2).
Minors of twenty semester hours are offered in chemistry, in physics, and in biological sciences. A minor in biology must include the basic courses in zoology and botany and be supported by a course in chemistry (Chem. 1y or 3 y ). A minor in physics must be supported by a basic course in chemis. try (Chem. 1y or 3y) and a minor in chemistry by a basic course in physics (Phys. 1y or 3y)

If a major in general science is accompanied by a minor in chemistry, physics, or biology, the same credits may be counted towards both provided that they number not fewer than 52 semester hours in natural sciences.

## COMMERCIAL EDUCATION

## (For the degree of bachelor of science)

The entrance requirements for the curriculum in Commercial Education are as follows: English 3 units; Algebra 1 unit; Science 1 unit; History 1 unit; Stenography 2 units; Typewriting 1 unit; Bookkeeping 1 unit; elective 5 units.

The Commercial Education curriculum includes a solid foundation of economics, social science and history, accounting and business administration subjects, adequate courses in methods of teaching commercial subjects, and supervised teaching.
The number of electives is large enough to enable a student to prepare for teaching some other subject in addition to the commercial subjects.

The curriculum does not include any college courses in shorthand and typewriting for the improvement of skill in these arts. Any student desiring to become a candidate for the bachelor's degree in commercial education must meet the speed and accuracy requirements in shorthand and typewriting and transcription necessary to become a teacher of commercial subjects by such means as may be practicable for improving his skill and accuracy.

Curriculum
Freshman Year
Introduction to Education (Ed. 2f or s)
Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)
Introduction to Sociology (Soc. 3f, 4s).
Economic Geography (T. and T. 1f)
American National Government (Pol Sci. $-$
Science (Biological or Physical) $\qquad$ 3
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
1 y or 2 y and 4 y ).
Electives 1

Sophomore Year
Educational Forum (Ed. 3f or s)
Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)
American History (H. 5f, 6s)
Amerinciples of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s)
Money and Banking (Finance 53s)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
3 y or 6 y and 8 y ).
Electives

Junior Year
The High School (Ed. 103s) or The Junior High School (Ed. 110f)
(Educational Sociology-Introductory (Ed. 112f)
Educational Sociology-Introductory
Educational Psychology (Psych. 10f).
2
3
Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (Ed. 150f, 151s)....
Elements of Business (O. and M. 51f)
Elements of Business (O. and M. 51f)
Economics of Consumption (Econ. 136s)
Economics of Consumption (Econ
Business Law (O. and M. 101s).
and M. 101s)
Electives
16-17
Senior Year
Educational Measurements (Ed. 105f)...............................................
Methods and Practice of Teaching (Ed. 139f or s) or (Ed.

Business Law (O. and M. 102f)............................................................................ $5-9$
Electives .......................................................................................................................
16-17 $\quad 15-17$

## HOME ECONOMICS EDUCATION

The Home Economics Education curriculum is for students who are preparing to teach vocational or general home economics or to engage in any phase of home economics work which requires a knowledge of teaching methods. It includes studies of all phases of home economics and the allied sciences, with professional training for teaching these subjects. allied sciences, with professional may be chosen from otheres.
Opportunity for additional training and practice is given through directed teaching and experience in the home management house.
Students electing this curriculum may register in the College of Education or the College of Home Economics. Students will be certified for graduation only upon fulfilment of all the requirements of this curriculum.

## Curriculum

|  | ter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | I | II |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y) | 3 | 3 |
| General Chemistry (Chem. 1y) | 4 | 4 |
| Textiles (H. E. 71f) | 3 | - |
| Design (H. E. 21s) | - | 3 |
| Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y) | 1 | 1 |
| Freshman Lecture (H. E. 1y) | 1 | 1 |
| Introduction to Education ('Ed. 2f) | 2 | - |
| Introductory Botany (Bot. 2s) | - | 3 |
| Personal Hygiene and Physical Activities (Phys. Ed. 2y and 4 y ) $\qquad$ | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | - |
|  | 15 | 16 |
| Sophomore Year |  |  |
| Costume Design (H. E. 24f) | 3 | - |
| Clothing (H. E. 11s) | - | 3 |
| Foods (H. E. 31y) | 3 | 3 |
| Introductory Physics (Phys. 3y) | 3 | 3 |
| Introduction to Sociology (Soc. 3f) | 3 | - |
| Elements of Organic Chemistry ('Chem. 12Ay) | 2 | 2 |
| Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s) |  | 3 |
| Educational Forum (Ed. 3f). | 1 | - |
| Community Hygiene and Physical Activities (Phys. Ed. 6y and 8 y ) | 2 | 2 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 17 | 16 |
| Junior Year |  |  |
| Educational Psychology (Psych. 10f) | 3 | - |
| Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (H. E. Ed. 101s)...... | - | 3 |
|  | - | 3 |
| Nutrition ('H. E. 131f) | 3 | - |
| Food Buying and Meal Service (H. E. 137s) | - | 3 |
| Management of the Home (H. E. 141f, 142s) | 3 | 3 |
| Advanced Clothing (H. E. 111f) | 3 | - |
| Human Physiology (Zool. 16s) | - | 3 |
| Demonstrations (H. E. 133f) | 2 | - |
| The High School (Ed. 103s) | - | 2 |
|  | 3 | - |
|  |  |  |

General Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
3
Textiles (H. E. 71f)
-
Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
1
Introduction to Education ('Ed. 2f)
-
$-$

Sophomore Year
Costume Design (H. E. 24f)
Clothing (H. E. 11s) )...
Foods (H. E. 31y)
Introductory Physics (Phys. 3y)
Introduction to Sociology (Soc. 3f)
Chemistry (Chem. 12Ay)
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s)
1
Educational Forum (Ed. 3f)

## Junior Year

(Psych. 10f)
3
Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (H. E. Ed. 101s)
Household Bacteriology (Bact. 3s)
Nutrition ('H. E. 131f)
ood Buying and Meal Service
Advanced Clothing (H. E. 111f) 3
Human Physiology (Zool. 16s
The High School (Ed. 103s)
Electives

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I |  |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Child Study (H. E. Ed. 102s) $\qquad$ <br> Practice in Management of the Home (H. E. 143s) | - |  |
| Teaching Secondary Vocational Home Economics (H. E. Ed. 103f) | 3 |  |
| Interior Design (H. E. 121f, 122s) | 3 |  |
| Problems in Teaching Home Economics (H. E. Ed. 106f, 107s) | 1 |  |
| Educational Measurements (Ed. 105f) | 2 |  |
| First Aid (Phys. Ed. 16s)... |  |  |
| *Electives |  |  |
|  | 15 |  |

## INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

The program of studies provides: (1) a four-year curriculum leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Industrial Education; (2) a program of professional courses to prepare teachers to meet the certification requirements in vocational and occupational schools; (3) a program of courses for the improvement of teachers in service.

## I. Four-year Curriculum.

The entrance requirements are the same as for the other curricula offered in the University. (See page 51.) Experience in some trade or industrial activity will benefit students preparing to teach industrial subjects
This curriculum is designed to prepare both trade and industrial shop and related teachers, and teachers of industrial arts. There is sufficient latitude of electives so that a student may also meet certification requirements in some other high school subject.
Students entering an Industrial Education curriculum must register in the College of Education.

This curriculum, with limited variations according to the needs of the two groups, is so administered as to provide: (A) a four-year pre-service curriculum for students in residence; (B) a four-year curriculum for teachers in service.

* Electives should include one course each in History and English.


## Curriculum

Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y) ..... II
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y) ..... 3Textiles (H. E. 71f)3
Design (H. E. 21s)1
resh Speaking (Speech 1y)
1
2
Introduction to Education ('Ed. 2f)$\begin{array}{cc}2 & - \\ - & 3\end{array}$
ersonal Hygiene and Physical Activities (Phys. Ed. 2yand 4y)Sophomore Year15Clothing (H. E. 11s)-
ds (H. E. 31y)3
Introductory Physics (Phys. 3y)3
Introduction to Sociology (Soc. 3f)3
2Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s)$-1$Community Hygiene and Physical Activities (Phys. Ed. 6yand 8 y )$2 \quad 2$
Junior YearEducational Psychology (Psych. 10f).17Curriculum, Instruction, and Obser
Household Bacteriology (Bact. 3s)--Food Buying and Meal Service (H. E. 137s)3Advanced Clothing (H. E. 111f)f) 3
Human Physiology (Zool. 16s) -
Demonstrations (H. E. 133f) 2
The High School (Ed. 103s) -
The High $\overline{17}$

| Semester |
| ---: |
| II |
| 3 |
| 4 |
| - |
| 3 |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| - |
| 3 |
| 1 |
| - |
| 16 |
| - |
| 3 |
| 3 |
| 3 |
| - |
| 2 |
| 3 |
| - |
|  |Semester

Senior YearI II
Child Study (H. E. Ed. 102s) ..... 3
Practice in Management of the Home (H. E. 143s) ..... 3
Teaching Secondary Vocational Home Economics (H. E. Ed103f)-
Interior Design (H. E. 121f, 122s)Problems in Teaching Home Economics (H. E. Ed. 106f, 107s)Educational Measurements (Ed. 105f)1First Aid (Phys. Ed. 16s)2First Aid (Phys. Ed. 16s)1
*lectives6

## INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

The program of studies provides: (1) a four-year curriculum leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Industrial Education; (2) a program of professional courses to prepare teachers to meet the certification requirements in vocational and occupational schools; (3) a program of courses for the improvement of teachers in service.
I. Four-year Curriculum.

The entrance requirements are the same as for the other curricula offered in the University. (See page 51.) Experience in some trade or industrial activity will benefit students preparing to teach industrial subjects.
This curriculum is designed to prepare both trade and industrial shop and related teachers, and teachers of industrial arts. There is sufficient latitude of electives so that a student may also meet certification requirements in some other high school subject.

Students entering an Industrial Education curriculum must register in the College of Education.
This curriculum, with limited variations according to the needs of the two groups, is so administered as to provide: (A) a four-year pre-service curriculum for students in residence; (B) a four-year curriculum for teachers in service.

[^14]
## A. Curriculum-Students in Residence



## Senior Year

Machine Shop Practice (Shop 103s)
Machine Shop Practice (Shop 103s) 2
Shop Organization and Management (Ind. Ed. 164f).................... 2
Educational Measurements (Ed. 105f)......................................................... 2
2

Guidance in the Schools (Ed. 114s)

$$
\text { Methods and Practice of Teaching (Ed. } 139 \text { f or s or Ed. } 140 \text { f }
$$

or s)
Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57 f or s ).................................... 3 or 3


## B. Curriculum-Teachers in Service

The requirements in this curriculum for the B. S. degree in Industrial Education are quantitatively the same as for Curriculum A, except that the military-physical training requirements are waived. In summary the distribution is approximately as follows:

English
History and the Social Scienco.................................................................. 12 semester hours
Mathematial Sciences

Education
Education 16 semester hours 20 semester hours 30 semester hours 24 semester hours 26 semester hours 128 semester hours
In the mathematics and science group, and in the history and social science group, there is reasonable latitude for individual choice, but courses in mathematics as related to shopwork and courses in American history and government are required.

Program for Vocational, Occupational, and Shop Center Teachers
This curriculum is designed for persons who have had experience in some trade or industry or in the teaching of shopwork.
Applicants for admission to this curriculum must have as a minimum requirement an elementary school education or its equivalent. The curriculum is prescribed, but is administered flexibly in order that it may be adjusted to the needs of students.
To meet the needs for industrial teacher-training in Baltimore and in other industrial centers, in-service courses are offered. The work of these courses deals principally with the analysis and classification of trade knowledge for instructional purposes, methods of teaching, observation and practice of teaching, psychology of trade and industrial education, and occupational information, guidance, and placement.

## Courses for Teachers in Service

Courses are offered for teachers in service who are seeking to satisfy requirements for promotion.
A special announcement of the in-service courses in Baltimore is issued in August of each year. This may be obtained from the Baltimore office of the College of Education.

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION

The general requirements are the same as for Arts and Sciences Education (see page 156), except that 22 semester hours of science are required as scheduled.

| Curriculum | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | I | II |
| Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y). | 3 | 3 |
| General Zoology (Zool. 1s). | - | 4 |
| General Botany (Bot. 1f). | 4 | - |
| Introductory Hygiene (Phys. Ed. 18f) | 2 | - |
| Introduction to Education (Ed. 2s). | - | 2 |
| Electives: History, Foreign Language, Mathematics, Home Economics, Industrial Education, Physics. | 5 | 5 |
| Women |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 |
|  | 2 | 2 |
| Men |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 |
|  | 2 | 2 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 17 | 17 |
| Sophomore Year |  |  |
|  | 3 | - |
| Survey and Composition II (Eng. 2f, 3s)..................................... | 3 | 3 |
| Human Anatomy and Physiology (Zool. 15y).................................. | 4 | 4 |
| Chemistry (Chem. 1y or 3y). | 3-4 | 3-4 |
|  | 1 | or 1 |
|  | - | 3 |
| Women |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 |
|  | 2 | 2 |
| Men |  |  |
|  | 2 | 2 |
| Gymnastics I (Phys. Ed. 15y)................................................................. | 1 | 1 |
|  | -18 | 16-18 |

## COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

## S. S. Steinberg, Dean.

The primary purpose of the College of Engineering is to train young men to practice the profession of Engineering. It endeavors at the same time to equip them for their duties as citizens and for careers in public service and in industry.

The new economic conditions with which the engineering graduate will be faced when he goes into practice have emphasized the necessity for the adjustment of engineering curricula in their scope and objectives. It has become evident that greater emphasis than heretofore should be placed on the fundamentals of engineering, and that the engineer's training should include a knowledge of the sciences which deal with human relations and a familiarity with business organization and operation.

Accordingly, our engineering curricula have been revised recently to increase the time devoted to fundamentals and to non-technical subjects, which are a necessary part of the equipment of every educated man, and which are now considered essential to the proper training of engineers because of the practical application of these subjects in professional and business life. It is well recognized that an engineering training affords an efficient preparation for many callings in public and private life outside the engineering profession.

The College of Engineering includes the Departments of Chemical, Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering. In the Mechanical Engineering Department an aeronautical option is offered in the junior and senior years. In order to give the student time to choose the branch of engineering for which he is best adapted, the freshman year of the several courses is the same. Lectures and conferences are used to guide the student to make a proper selection. The courses differ only slightly in the sophomore year, but in the junior and senior years the students are directed more definitely along professional lines.

## Admission Requirements

The requirements for admission to the College of Engineering are, in general, the same as elsewhere described for admission to the undergraduate departments of the University, except as to the requirements in mathematics. See Section I, Admission.

It is possible, however, for high school graduates having the requisite number of entrance units to enter the College of Engineering without the unit of advanced algebra, or the one-half unit of solid geometry, provided such students are prepared to devote their first summer to a course in analytic geometry. The program for such students would be as follows: during the first semester, five hours a week would be devoted to making up advanced algebra and solid geometry; in the second semester, mathematics of the first semester would be scheduled, and the second semester mathe-
matics would be taken in the summer session. Thus, such students, if they passed the course, would be enabled to enter the sophomore year the next fall with their class without loss of time.

## Bachelor Degrees in Engineering

Courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science are offered in chemical, civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering, respectively.

## Master of Science in Engineering

The degree of Master of Science in Engineering may be earned by students registered in the Graduate School who hold bachelor degrees in engineering, which represent an amount of preparation and work similar to that required for bachelor degrees in the College of Engineering of the University of Maryland.
Candidates for the degree of Master of Science in Engineering are accepted in accordance with the procedure and requirements of the Graduate School, as will be found explained in the catalogue under the head of Graduate School.

## Professional Degrees in Engineering

The degrees of Chemical Engineer, Civil Engineer, Electrical Engineer, and Mechanical Engineer will be granted only to graduates of the University who have obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering. The applicant must satisfy the following conditions:

1. He shall have engaged successfully in acceptable engineering work not less than four years after graduation.
2. He must be considered eligible by a committee composed of the Dean of the College of Engineering and the heads of the Departments of Chemical, Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering.
3. His registration for a degree must be approved at least twelve months prior to the date on which the degree is to be conferred. He shall present with his application a complete report of his engineering experience and an outline of his proposed thesis.
4. He shall present a satisfactory thesis on an approved subject.

## Equipment

The Engineering buildings are provided with lecture-rooms, recitationrooms, drafting-rooms, laboratories, and shops for various phases of engineering work.
Drafting-Rooms. The drafting rooms are fully equipped for practical work. The engineering student must provide himself with an approved drawing outfit, material, and books. the cost of which during the freshman year varies between $\$ 16$ and $\$ 20$.
Chemical Engineering Laboratories. For instruction and research, the Chemical Engineering Department maintains laboratories for (1) General Testing and Control; (2) Unit Operations; (3) Cooperative Research; (4) Graduate Research.

General Testing and Control Laboratory. In this laboratory there is available complete equipment for the chemical and physical testing of water, gases, coal, petroleum, and their by-products; and for general industrial chemicals, both inorganic and organic.

Unit Operations Laboratory. This laboratory contains equipment for the study of fluid flow, heat flow, drying filtration, distillation, evaporation, crushing, grinding, combustion, gas absorption, and centrifuging. Organic process equipment includes an autoclave, nitrator, reducer, and mixing kettle. For the study of fluid flow a permanent hydraulic assembly is available, and this includes flow meters of most types.

In the laboratory there is a large column still with a kettle capacity of 100 gallons, equipped for the measurement of temperature and pressure, sampling devices, condensers, and vacuum receivers. This still is so designed that it can be used either as a batch type unit, continuous feed type, direct pot still, steam still, or as a vacuum still. Studies in evaporation can be made on a double effect evaporator, one unit of which is equipped with a horizontal tube bundle and the other with a vertical tube bundle. This evaporator is equipped with vacuum and pressure gauges, stirrer, wet vacuum pump, a condensate pump, and a salt filter with different types of packings in respective sections so that comparative studies may be made. The organic process equipment is all self-driven and designed to afford flexibility in use. Filtration studies may be made either on a large plate and frame press or on the ordinary Sweetland type press. Gas absorption equipment includes a blower and a stoneware packed column. Combustion equipment available consists of an industrial carburetor, pot furnace, premix gas fired furnace and the usual gas analysis equipment. Shop racilities include a lathe, drill press, grinder, welding equipment, and other tools necessary for unit operation and research studies. For grinding there is a jaw crusher, a disc crusher, and a ball mill. A mechanical shaker and standard sieve are available for particle size separation.

Cooperative and Graduate Research Laboratories. These laboratories are arranged to permit the installation of such special equipment as the particular problems under consideration may require. Effort is made to maintain cooperation with the industries of Maryland and the Chemical Engineering activities of the State and Federal governments; for such work important advantages accrue because of the location of the Eastern Experiment Station of the United States Bureau of Mines on the University campus.

Electrical Machinery Laboratories. There is provided a 20 kw . motorgenerator set, consisting of a synchronous motor and a compound directcurrent generator with motor and generator control panels, to furnish direct current for testing purposes. Through the distribution switchboard, provision is made for distributing to the various laboratories direct current at 125 volts, and alternating current, single-phase, and three-phase, at 110 and 220 volts.

The equipment includes a variety of direct and alternating-current generators and motors, synchronous converter, distribution transformers, induction regulator, control apparatus, and the measuring instruments essential for practical electrical testing. Most of the machines are of modern construction and of such size and design as to give typical performance. Flexibility of operation is provided in several ways: for instance, one of the synchronous machines has the coil terminals brought out to an external connection board, so that the windings may be connected for single-phase two-phase, or three-phase operation; the machine is also provided with a phase-wound rotor and a squirrel-cage rotor, either of which may be used to replace the synchronous rotor. The synchronous converter is arranged for direct or inverted operation, either single-phase, two-phase, or threephase. Metering and control boards are provided for rapid change of operating conditions with any machine. A single phase induction regulator with control panel provides voltage regulation for experimental work. There are several types of fractional-horsepower motors. The directcurrent machines include several motor-generator sets and motors of various types and sizes for constant-speed and adjustable-speed operation. Storage batteries are available for low constant-voltage testing. Watercooled Prony brakes are supplied for machine testing. Included in the general test equipment is a fairly complete assortment of ammeters, voltmeters, wattmeters, frequency meters, and two oscillographs.
Illumination Laboratory. The equipment includes electric lamps, shades, and reflectors of various types; a bar photometer for determination of candle-power distribution of incandescent lamps; and four types of portable photometers for the measurement of illumination intensities.
Electrical Measurements and Electronics Laboratory. The equipment of this laboratory consists of secondary standards of potential, resistance, inductance, capacity and time for the comparison measurement of these values. Auxiliary equipment such as batteries, oscillators, amplifiers, bridges and both galvanometers and phone detecting devices is available. Equipment is also available for the experimental study of electric and magnetic fields, non-linear circuit elements and other topics in advanced electricity and magnetism.
The equipment for calibration of meters includes a standard ammeter, voltmeter and watthourmeter which are used in conjunction with the standards of potential and resistance, potentiometers and other apparatus. A five-machine motor-generator set delivers voltage and currents, both alternating and direct, for meter testing.
For work in electronics, high-vacuum, gas and vapor filled tubes and photo-tubes are available for the testing of their characteristics, and for the study of their applications in research and industrial circuits. Power supplies for tube operation are provided.
Electrical Communications Laboratory. This laboratory is equipped with artificial lines, oscillators, amplifiers, vacuum-tube voltmeters, a transmission
loss or gain set and miscellaneous circuit elements for the study of the response of passive networks, transmission lines and coupled circuit.
The University maintains an amateur short-wave radio station, under faculty supervision, for members of the Student Radio Society. This station is equipped with a multi-band superheterodyne amateur communications receiver and a 500 -watt transmitter adjustable to amateur frequencies
Mechanical Engineering Laboratories. The apparatus consists of slide valve automatic steam engines equipped with Prony brakes, steam turbinegenerator set, Waukesha Diesel engine research unit with electric dynamometer and other accessories, two-stage steam-driver air compressor, gas engines, fans, pumps, indicators, gauges, feed water heaters, steam con densers, tachometers, injectors, flow meters, pyrometers, draft gauges, planimeters, thermometers, and other necessary apparatus and equipment for a mechanical engineering laboratory. A refrigeration unit and a heating and ventilation unit have been installed.
Aeronautical Laboratory. The laboratory is equipped for practice and research in engines, metal aircraft construction, structural tests, vibration and noise, and aerodynamics. A three-foot return type wind tunnel, fully equipped with balances and other instruments and electrically operated, has been constructed for standard experiments in aerodynamics and for student thesis research.
A sheet metal shop equipped to construct components of aircraft structures in aluminum alloy and steel is available. This shop includes such equipment as automatic air riveting hammer, planishing machines, squaring shears, rolls, brake, heat treating furnace, etc. A small machine shop is also available for students in constructing research apparatus. Variable speed motors are available for experiments in vibration and noise.

The laboratory also includes a research spot welding machine, a sixty thousand-pound Baldwin-Southwark aircraft universal testing machine, Tuckerman gauges, oscillographs with accessories, and a Timby hydraulic jack system for static testing.
Hydraulics Laboratory. The equipment consists of electrically driven centrifugal pumps, measuring tanks, various types of weirs, venturi meters, nozzles, Pelton water wheel with Prony brake built especially for laboratory use, hook gauges, dial gauges, tachometers, stop watches, and other apparatus necessary for the study of the flow characteristics of water.
Materials Laboratories. Apparatus and equipment are provided for making standard tests on various construction materials, such as sand, gravel, steel, concrete, timber, and brick.

Equipment includes a 300,000 -pound hydraulic testing machine, two 100,000 -pound universal testing machines, torsion testing machine, hardness tester, abrasion testing machine, rattler, constant temperature chamber, cement-testing apparatus, extensometer and micrometer gauges, and other special devices for ascertaining the elastic properties of different materials.

Special apparatus which has been designed and made in the shops of the University is also made available for student work.

The College of Engineering owns a Beggs deformeter apparatus for the mechanical solution of stresses in structures by use of celluloid models. Equipment is also available for study of models by the photo-elastic method.
Engineering Soils Laboratory. Equipment is available for performing the usual tests on engineering soils. This includes apparatus for grain size analysis, Atterberg limits, permeability, optimum moisture content for compaction, Proctor penetration, and consolidation.
Research Foundation. The National Sand and Gravel Association has, by arrangement with the College of Engineering, established its testing and research laboratory at the University. The purpose of the Research Foundation thus organized is to make available to the Association additional facilities for its investigational work, and to provide for the College of Engineering additional facilities and opportunities for increasing the scope of its engineering research.
Engineering Experiment Station. The purpose of the Engineering Experiment Station at the University, as well as of the various research laboratories, is to conduct cooperative studies with departments of the State and Federal governments, and with the industries of Maryland. These studies have included traffic surveys over the Maryland State highway system, studies of concrete cores cut from the state roads, and laboratory studies of the elastic properties of concrete.
Cooperative researches now under way in the Engineering Experiment Station include the following projects: reinforced concrete hinge construction, expansion joints for concrete roads, diagonal tension reinforcement for concrete beams, operating effect of size of motor in single phase rural electric lines, electrical wave shaper recorder, studies on airplane design, on petroleum and lubricating oils, and on gases.
Machine Shops and Foundry. The machine shops and foundry are well lighted and fully equipped. Shops for wood working, metal, forge, and foundry practice are provided.

The wood-working shop has full equipment of hand and power machinery. The machine shops are equipped with various types of lathes, planers, milling machines, drill presses, shaper, midget mill, and precision boring head. Equipment is available for gas and electric arc welding.

The shop equipment not only furnishes practice, drill, and instruction for students, but makes possible the complete production of special apparatus for conducting experimental and research work in engineering.
Surveying Equipment. Surveying equipment for plane topographic, and geodetic surveying is provided properly to equip several field parties. A wide variety of surveying instruments is provided, including domestic as well as foreign makes.

Special Models and Specimens. A number of models illustrating various typecs of highway construction and highway bridges are available.
A wide variety of specimens of the more common minerals and rocks has been collected from various sections of the country, particularly from Maryland.

## Engineering Library

In addition to the general University Library, each department main. tains a library for reference, and receives the standard engineering maga zines. The class work, particularly in advanced courses, requires that students consult special books of reference and current technical literature
The Davis Library of Highway Engineering and Transport, founded by Dr. Charles H. Davis, President of the National Highways Association is part of the Library of the College of Engineering. The many books periodicals, pamphlets, and other items included in this library cover all phases of highway engineering, highway transportation, and highway traffic control.
There has also been donated to the College of Engineering the trans portation library of the late J. Rowland Bibbins of Washington, D. C. The books and reports in this library deal with urban transportation problems, including railroads, street cars, subways, busses, and city planning

## Curricula

The normal curriculum of each department is outlined on the following pages. Students are expected to attend and take part in the meetings of the student chapters of the technical engineering societies
The freshman engineering students are given a special course of lectures by practicing engineers covering the work of the several engineering professional fields. The purpose of this course is to assist the freshman in selecting the particular field of engineering for which he is best adapted The student is required to submit a brief written summary of each lecture A series of engineering lectures for upper classmen is also provided. These are given weekly by prominent practicing engineers in the various branches of the profession.
Student branches of the following national technical societies are established in the College of Engineering: American Institute of Chemical Engi neers, American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Electrical Engineers, and American Society of Mechanical Engineers. The student branches meet regularly for the discussion of topics dealing with the various fields of engineering.
A student in the College of Engineering will be certified as a junior when he shall have passed at least 68 semester credit hours with an average grade of C or higher.
Junior and senior students with requisite standing may elect, with the permission of the Dean of the College of Engineering, additional courses not exceeding three credits a semester.
All engineering students are urged to secure work during the summer, particularly in engineering fields.
The proximity of the University to Baltimore and Washington, and to other places where there are large industrial enterprises, offers an excellent opportunity for the engineering student to observe what is being done in his chosen field. An instructor accompanies students on all inspection trips, and the student is required to submit a written report of each trip.

## Curriculum

Freshman Year-Alike for all engineering courses.
Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1y)
Semester

Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y)
*College Algebra and Analytic Geometry (Math. 21f, 22s)....
General Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
1

Engineering Drawing (Dr. 1f)
I

Descriptive Geometry (Dr
Forge Practice (Shop 1s).
g (Engr. 1f)
Introduction to Engineering (Engr. 1f)
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 1y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
1y)

## CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Chemical Engineering deals primarily with the industrial and economic transformation of matter. It seeks to assemble and develop information on chemical operations and processes of importance in modern life and to apply this under executive direction, according to engineering methods, for the attainment of economic objectives. Modern chemical research has contributed so much to industrial and social welfare that the field of the chemical engineer may now be said to cover practically every operation in which any industrial material undergoes a change in its chemical identity.

## Curriculum

Sophomore Year
Quantitative Analysis (Chem. 4f)..... 4
Water, Fuels, and Lubricants (Ch. E. 10s) .....
Calculus (Math. 23y)
Elementary Organic Chemistry (Chem. 8Ay)
Elements of Plane Surveying (Surv. 1s)...
-
Modern Language (French or German)
3
5
General Physics (Phys. 2y) 3y)

2
20
-

- 20 $\overline{21}$
*A qualifying test is given at the close of the first two weeks to determine whether the student is adequately prepared for Math. 21f. A student failing this test is required to take Math. lf, a one-semester course without credit.
$\dagger$ The student may elect a course in Social Science, History, Language, or Government. Students who plan to enroll in Chemical Engineering are advised to take German or French.
*Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics (Ch. E. 109y)
Chemical Engineering Seminar (Ch. E. 104y)
Precision of Measurements (Phys. 101f)
)
( 0 and M. 110f)


## 2

## Junior Year

Physical Chemistry (Chem 102Ay)
Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay)...
$\cdots \cdots$
Principles of Economics (Econ. 51f, 52s)
Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 102y)
Chemical Engineering Calculations (Ch. E. 110

## CHEMICAL ENGINEERING-CHEMISTRY

A five-year program in Chemical Engineering and Chemistry, arranged between the College of Engineering and the College of Arts and Sciences, permits students, who so desire, to become candidates for the degrees of Bachelor of Science in Engineering and Bachelor of Science in Chemistry upon completion of the program outlined below:

## Curriculum

$\dagger$ Sophomore Year
Expository Writing (Eng. 5f, 6s).............................................. 2
Modern Language (French or German)
Calculus (Math. 23y)
General Physics (Phys. 2y)
Qualitative Analysis (Chem. 2y)
y)

Elements of Plane Surveying (Surv. 1s)
R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. 3y) ....
$\qquad$

[^15] year.

## Junior Year


(Chem. 8By).................................... 2
Elementary Organic Laboratory (Chem. 8By)
2
4

Water, Fuels, and Lubricants (Ch. E. 10s)
Applied Mechanics (Phys. 117y)....................
Appic (Econ. 51f, 52s) .................................................................... 3
Principles of Econom (Ch. E. 108y) 2

Precision of Measurements (Phys. 101f)...
3
-

## Fourth Year

Physical Chemistry (Chem. 102Ay)..................................................................... 3
Physical Chemistry Laboratory (Chem. 102By)..
2
Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 102y)
Principles of Electrical Ehemistry (Chem. 116y)...
Advanced Organic Chemistry (Chanic Laboratory (Chem)..
Organic Laboratory (Chem. 117y).......................................................... 2
Elements of Chemical Engineering (Ch. E. 103y)........................... 3
Fundamentals of Business Administration (O. and M. 110f).....
Public Utilities (Econ. 145s).
3
-

Fifth Year
*Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics (Ch. E. 109y).................... 2
Chemical Engineering Seminar (Ch. E. 104y).................................... 1
Advanced Unit Operations (Ch. E. 105y)................................................ 5

Elective-Social Sciences.
1

Elective-English
$-1$
Advanced Organic Laboratory (Chem. 118y).......................................... 1
Fuels and their Utilization (Ch. E. 107y)............................................ 2
Chemical Engineering Calculations (Ch. E. 110y).......................... 3
$\overline{17}$

## CIVIL ENGINEERING

Civil Engineering deals with the design, construction, and maintenance of highways, railroads, waterways, bridges, buildings, water supply and sewerage systems, harbor improvements, dams, and surveying and mapping.
*Note: A week's inspection trip will be required.

## Curriculum

|  | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sophomore Year | I | II |
| Oral Technical English (Speech 5f). | 2 | - |
| Calculus (Math. 23y)... | 4 | 4 |
| General Physics (Phys. 2y)... | 5 | 5 |
| Advanced Engineering Drawing (Dr. 3f) | 2 | - |
| Statics and Dynamics (Mech. 1s). |  | 3 |
| Plane Surveying (Surv. 2y). | 2 | 3 |
| Engineering Geology (Engr. 2f) | 2 | - |
| Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s) |  | 3 |
| Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. $3 y)$ $\qquad$ | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 19 | 20 |
| Junior Year |  |  |
| Advanced Oral Technical English (Speech 6s) | - | 2 |
| Strength of Materials (Mech. 101f). | 5 | - |
| Hydraulics (C. E. 101s) |  | 4 |
| Materials of Engineering (Mech. 103s) | - | 2 |
| Principles of Mechanical Engineering (M. E. 101f). | 3 | - |
| Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 101s). | - | 3 |
| Curves and Earthwork (C. E. 103f) | 3 | - |
| Theory of Structures (C. E. 104s). |  | 4 |
| Advanced Surveying (Surv. 101f). | 4 | - |
| *Non-Engineering Elective | 3 | 3 |
| Technical Society | - | - |
|  | - | - |
|  | 18 | 18 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Advanced Oral Technical English (Speech 7y) | 1 | 1 |
| Engineering Law and Specifications (Engr. 102s) | - | 2 |
| Elements of Highways (C. E. 105f).... | 3 | - |
| Concrete Design (C. E. 106y) | 4 | 3 |
| Structural Design (C. E. 107y) | 4 | 3 |
| Municipal Sanitation (C. E. 108y) | 3 | 3 |
| Soils and Foundations (C. E. 109s) | - | 3 |
| $\dagger$ Elective | 3 | 3 |
| Technical Society | - | - |
|  | 18 | 18 |

*Advanced R. O. T. C. for qualified students, or other approved non-engineering course tElective may be Advanced R. O. T. C.; Thesis (C. E. 110r), with approval of hea of department; a course in Fundamentals of Business Administration (0. and M. 110f)
Sanitary Bacteriology (Bact. 4s), or other approved courses.

## ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Electrical Engineering deals with the generation, transmission, and disution of ectrical energy; electrical transportation, communication, ribution of end miscellaneous electrical applications illumination, and manufacturing, life.
in industry, commerce, and home life.
Curriculum

Sophomore Year
Oral Technical English (Speech 5f)
mester
-

Calculus (Math. 23y)
(Phys. 2y)
(Surv. 1f)
4

Machine Shop Practice (Shop 2f)1
2

Fundamentals of Economics (Econ. 57s) .............................................
Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed.
3y) .........................................
Non-Engineering Elective ................................................................................ $\quad 3$

Advanced Oral Technical English (Speech 6s)...
Advancediai

Strength of Materials (Mech. 102f)
Hydraulics (C. E. 102s)....................................................................................- -2
Materials of Engineering (Mech. 103f)................................................... 4
Materials of Enginerin (E. E. 103f).................................................... 4
Direct Current Machinery (E. E. 103
$-$
Direct Current Design (E. E. 104s)................................................................... 3

Alternating Current Circuits (E. E. 106s)................... 3
*Non-Engineering Elective
-
Technical Society
*Advanced R. O. T. C. for qualified students, or other approved non-engineering course.

Sophomore Year ..... Semester
I IIOral Technical English (Speech 5f)2General Physics (Phys. 2y)$\overline{4}$$\begin{array}{ll}5 & 4 \\ 2\end{array}$
Advanced Engineering Drawing (Dr. 3f)2Mane Surveying (Surv. 1s)Machine Shop Practice (Shop 3f)Statics and Dynamics (Mech. 2s)
$\qquad$-
$\qquad$
Basiantals of Economics (Econ. 57f)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Basic R. O. T. C. (M. I. 2y) or Physical Education (Phys. Ed. } \\
& 3 y \text { ).......................... }
\end{aligned}
$$2Non-Engineering Elective2

| 2 |
| :--- |
| $-\quad 3$ |

$\ddagger$ Elective may be R. O. T. C.; Thesis (E: E. 114y), with approval of head of depar
Law and course in Fundamentals of Business Administration (O. and M. if head of depart.
Junior Year-General ..... IIDifferential Equations for Engineers (Math. 114f)$-$
Strength of Materials (Mech. 101f)
5Materials of Engineering (Mech. 103s).
Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 102y).$-$2
Foundry Practice (Shop 101f) Foundry Practice (Shop 101f)4
1
Machine Shop Practice (Shop 102s). ..... -
Thermodynamics (M. E. 104y)3
Non-Engineering Elective ..... 3
Technical Society3Junior Year-Aeronautical Option18
Advanced Oral Technical English (Speech 6s)2
Differential Equations for Engineers (Math. 114f).-
Strength of Materials (Mech. 101f)...2Foundry Practice (Shop 101f)-
Machine Shop Practice (Shop 102s)1
Principles of Electrical Engineering (E. E. 102y)4
Thermodynamics (M. E. 104y).3
Aerodynamics and Hydrodynamics (M. E. 105s)3
3Technical Society

Technical Society -

Senior Year-General
Advanced Oral Technical English (Speech 7y)......................................... 1
Heating and Ventilation (M. E. 106f)........................................................... 3
Refrigeration (M. E. 107s).

Prime Movers (M. E. 109y)......................................................................... 4
Mechanical Engineering Design (M. E. 110y)................................... 4
Mechanical Laboratory (M. E. 111y)........................................................ 2
Elective .................... $\square$
Technical Society ................................................................................................... -
-

$$
\square \quad . \quad 18
$$

 2
 4 T



*Advanced R. O. T. C. for qualified students, or other approved non-engineering
Advanced R. O. T. C. for qualified students, or other approved non-engin
$\dagger$ Elective may be Advanced $R$. O. T. C., or other approved courses.

Senior Year-Aeronautical Option
Advanced Oral Technical English (Speech 7y)
Thesis (M. E. 108y)
Prime Movers (M. E. 109y)
Mechanical Engineering Design (M. E. 110y)
Mechanical Laboratory (M. E. 111y)
Airplane Structures (M. E. 112y)
$\dagger$ Elective
Technical Society
ty .....

AGRICULTURE-ENGINEERING
A five-year combined program in Agriculture and E jintly by the College of Agriculture and the Colld Engineering, arranged its students to ber candidates for the College of Engineering, per Alucents to become candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture at the end of four years and for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical, or Chemical Engineering at the end of the fifth year.
Details of this program will be found listed in this catalogue under College of Agriculture, page 84.
bureau of mines and chemical engineering researci FELLOWSHIPS IN APPLIED SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
The University of Maryland, in cooperation with the Bureau of Mines, offers fellowships for research in the field of engineering and applied sciences. Fellows enter upon their duties on July 1, and continue for 12 months, including one month for vacation. Payments under a fellowship are made at the end of each month, and amount to $\$ 600$ for the year The University will remit payment of tuition fees, and will grant all fellowship privileges.
Fellows register as students in the Graduate School of the University of Maryland, and become candidates for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy Class work will be directed by the heads of the departments of instruction, but about half of the time will be spent in research, under the direction of the Bureau of Mines staff.
Appropriate problems in physics, chemistry, chemical engineering, or mathematics will be chosen according to the abilities of the candidates and the interests of the Bureau Divisions. The faculty supervisor will be the Professor of Chemical Engineering of the University of Maryland.
The above fellowships will be known as Bureau of Mines Research Fellowfronting the mineral industries the solution of definite problems conronting the mineral industries. The research will be performed at the

[^16]Eastern Experiment Station of the Bureau of Mines, a large building recently completed on the campus of the University of Maryland in College Park.
To encourage cooperation with the industries of Maryland and to develop research and instruction in Chemical Engineering, the University of Maryland will offer two fellowships in Chemical Engineering. These fellowships will pay a stipend of $\$ 500$ per year each, and will ordinarily require residence during the university year from September to June.
All the foregoing fellowships are open to graduates of universities and technical colleges who have the proper training in engineering or applied physical sciences, and who are qualified to undertake research work. Preference will be given to men who have already had one year of graduate work, and who have experience in research.
Applications should include a certified copy of college record, applicant's photograph, statement of technical and practical experience (if any), and letters from three persons, such as instructors or employers, covering specifically the applicant's character, ability, education, and experience. The application should be addressed to Fellowship Committee, Eastern Experiment Station, Bureau of Mines, United States Department of the Interior, College Park, Maryland.

## STANTON WALKER FELLOWSHIP OF THE NATIONAL SAND AND GRAVEL ASSOCIATION RESEARCH FOUNDATION

The University of Maryland, in cooperation with the National Sand and Gravel Association, offers a fellowship for research on appropriate problems related to the sand and gravel industry. Fellows enter upon their duties on July 1, and continue for 12 months, including one month for vacation. Payments under the fellowship are made at the end of each month and amount to $\$ 600$ for the year.
Fellows register as students in the Graduate School of the University of Maryland. Class work will be directed by the heads of the departments of instruction, but about half of the time will be spent in research work. The faculty supervisor will be the Professor of Civil Engineering of the University of Maryland.
This fellowship is open to graduates in Engineering from an accredited college or university, who are qualified to undertake graduate study and research work leading to a Master's degree. Applications with a certified copy of college record, applicant's recent photograph, statement of technical and practical experience (if any), and letters from three persons, such as instructors or employers, covering specifically the applicant's character, ability, education, and experience.
The applications should be addressed: Dean, College of Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, Md.

| Senior Year-Aeronautical Option | Semester |
| :---: | :---: |
| Advanced Oral Technical Enclish |  |
| Thesis (M. E. 108y) | 11 |
| Prime Movers (M. E. 109y) | 1 |
| Mechanical Engineering Design (M. E. 110 | 4 |
| Mechanical Laboratory (M. E. 111y) $\cdots^{\text {a }}$ | 2 |
| $\dagger$ Airplane Structures (M. E. 112y) | 3 3 |
| Technical Society | $3 \quad 3$ |
|  |  |
|  | 18 |

## AGRICULTURE-ENGINEERING

A five-year combined program in Agriculture and Engineering, arranged jointly by the College of Agriculture and the College of Engineering, per mits students to become candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science mits students to become candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science
in Agriculture at the end of four years and for the degree of Bachelor Science in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical, or Chemical Engineering at the end of the fifth year.
Details of this program will be found listed in this catalogue under College of Agriculture, page 84.

## bureau of mines and chemical engineering researci

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The above fellowships will be known as Bureau of Mines Research Fellowships. The recipients will undertake the solution of definite problems confronting the mineral industries. The research will be performed at the

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This fellowship is open to graduates in Engineering from an accredited college or university, who are qualified to undertake graduate study and research work leading to a Master's degree. Applications with a certified copy of college record, applicant's recent photograph, statement of technical and practical experience (if any), and letters from three persons, such as instructors or employers, covering specifically the applicant's character, ability, education, and experience.
The applications should be addressed: Dean, College of Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, Md.

## BUREAU OF MINES LECTURES

Under the auspices of the University of Maryland, the Bureau of Mines Eastern Experiment Startment of the Interior, which maintains its interesting series of public on the campus at College Park, will offer an Engineering throughout the University the auditorium of the College of will be given mothly, October and ending in on the fourth Tuesday of each month, beginning in The speakers will in April, except December and January, at 8:15 P. M. selected because of outstanding members of the staff of the Bureau, and public interest, involving varied experience in fields of wide technical though the lectures involving fundamental and pioneering research. AlUniversity in chemical arranged in connection with the work of the University in chemical engineering, they cover a broad field of science, echnology, and economics.
There will be no charge for admission. The general public as well as the faculty and student body are cordially invited

## COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS

## m. Marie Mount, Dean

To give a young woman the best personal development and a preparation for home making is the chief aim of home economics education. The second aim is professional-a preparation for earning a livelihood. For the majority of women who must earn a living, home economics offers many opportunities as teachers or extension specialists in home economics; directors of food service in restaurants, cafeterias and hospitals; designers of room interiors and wearing apparel; textile specialists or clothing specialists in department stores; home economists with commercial firms, radio stations or magazines and newspapers.

## Departments

For administrative purposes the College of Home Economics is organized into the Departments of Foods and Nutrition; Textiles, Clothing, and Art; and Home and Institution Management.

## Facilities

The new home economics building increases greatly the classroom and laboratory facilities. These increased facilities will permit expansion of work now being offered and the addition of new lines of work. The college maintains a home management house, in which students gain practical experience in home-making during their senior year.
Baltimore and Washington afford unusual opportunities for trips, additional study, and practical experience pertaining to the various phases of home economics.

## Professional Organizations

The Home Economics Club, to which all home economics students are eligible, is affiliated with the American Home Economics Association.
Omicron Nu , a national home economics honor society, established Alpha Zeta chapter at the University of Maryland, November, 1937. Students of high scholarship may be elected to membership.

## Degree

The degree of Bachelor of Science is conferred for the satisfactory com pletion of four years of prescribed courses, of 128 semester hours. In accordance with the University policy, not less than three-fourths of the credits for graduation must be earned with grades of A, B, or C.

## Curricula

When a student has attained junior standing* she may continue with the nonprofessional general home economics curriculum, or elect one of the following professional curricula or a combination of curricula: foods and nutrition, institution management, home economics extension, textiles and clothing and practical art. A student who wishes to teach home economics may register in home economics education in the College of Home Economics, or in the College of Education (see home economics education).

Following are the outlines of all curricula.

## Curriculum


*64 credit hours with a C grade average.
$\dagger$ Chem. 1y is required for all curricula. with the exception of general home economics and practical art.
$\ddagger$ At least one year of foreign language is required of students majoring in practical art. §Organic Chemistry (Chem. 12Ay, 12By) is required of students electing the foods and nutrition, textiles and clothing, institution management, or home economics extension curriculum.
$\|$ In all
\|In all curricula, in addition to the courses prescribed, one course in sociology is required and a course in one of the following sciences: zoology, botany, physiology, or genetics. In practical art, Elements of Nutrition is required in the sophomore yea
A nother science may be substituted for Introductory Physics.

I II
Elements of Nutrition (H. E. 32f) or Nutrition (H. E. 131f) 3 -
Elements of Nu Meal Service (H. E. 137s)..................................... -
Food Buying and Meal (H. E. 141f, 142s)..................................... 3
Management of the Home (H. E. 141f, 142s)
Advanced Clothing (H. E. 111f).
Advanced Clathion (Bact. 3s) ......................................................................... -


3
$16-\overline{17}$
Senior Year Child Study (H. E. Ed. 102f) ................................................................................... Practice in Management of the Home (H. E. 143s)..

Electives ......................................................................................................................

## Curriculum-Foods and Nutrition

| Junior Year | 4 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Physiological Chemistry (Chem. 108f) | 3 | - |
| Nutrition (H. E. 131f) |  | 3 |
| Dietetics (H. E. 132s).. | 3 | 3 |
| Management of the Home (H. E. | - | 3 |
| Household Bacteriology (Bact. 3s) | - | 3 |
| Food Buying and Meal Service (H. | 3 | 3 |
| Interior Design (H. E. 121f, 122s) | 4 | 2 |
| Electives | - | - |
|  | 17 | 17 |
| Senior Year | 3 |  |
| Child Study (H. E. Ed. 102f) | - | 3 |
| Practice in Management of the Home (H. E. 143s). | 4 | - |
| Experimental Foods (H. E. 135f). | 4 | 2 |
| Demonstrations (H. E. 133s).. |  | 3 |
| Advanced Foods (H. E. 134s)... | 8 | 7 |
| Electives |  |  |
|  | 15 | 15 |


| Junior Year * Curriculum-Institution Management | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | 11 |
| General Physiological Chemistry (Chem. 108f) | 4 |  |
| Household Bacteriology (Bact. 3s)... | - |  |
| Nutrition (H. E. 131f)... | 3 |  |
| Dietetics (H. E. 132s). | - | 3 |
| Management of the Home (H. E. 141f, 142s) | 3 | 3 |
| Institution Management (H. E. 144y). | 3 | 3 |
| Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (H. E. Ed. 101s) - |  | 3 |
| Food Buying and Meal Service (H. E. 137s)... | - | 3 |
| Electives | 4 | - |
|  |  |  |
|  | 17 | 18 |
| Senior Year |  |  |
| Practice in Management of the Home (H. E. 143f). | 3 | - |
| Child Study (H. E. Ed. 102s) | - | 3 |
| Experimental Foods (H. E. 135f) | 4 | - |
| Advanced Institution Management (H. E. 146s) |  | 3 |
| Institution Cookery (H. E. 147f). | 3 | - |
| Interior Design (H. E. 121f, 122s) | 3 | 3 |
| Mental Hygiene (Psych. 130s). |  | 3 |
| Diet in Disease (H. E. 138s)... | - | 3 |
| Electives - | 2 |  |
|  |  | - |
|  | 15 | 15 |
| Curriculum-Home Economics Extension |  |  |
| Junior Year |  |  |
| Nutrition (H. E. 131f) | 3 | - |
| Dietetics (H. E. 132s) |  | 3 |
| Management of the Home (H. E. 141f, 142s). | 3 | 3 |
| Advanced Clothing (H. E. 111f) | 3 | - |
| Household Bacteriology (Bact. 3s) | - | 3 |
| Educational Psychology (Psych. 10f).. | 3 | - |
| Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (H. E. Ed. 101s)........ | - | 3 |
| Demonstrations (H. E. 133f).... | 2 | - |
| Food Buying and Meal Service (H. E. 137s) |  | 3 |
| Interior Design (H. E. 121f, 122s) . $_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$ - | 3 | 3 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 17 | 18 |

[^18] ment curriculum meets the academic requirements for entrance to such a course

A student planning to do institutional work other than hospital dietetics is not required to take Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (H. Ed. 101s) and Diet in Disease
(H. E. 138s).Semester
Senior YearI 11
Criatice in Management of the Home (H. E. 143s) ..... 3
3
Practil Hygiene (Psych. 130s
Mental Hygiene (Psych. 130s)3
(H. E. 151s)
3Methods (R. Ed. 110s)$-$Electives15

## Curriculum-Textiles and Clothing

Junior Year-
Advanced Clothing (H. E. 111f) Advanced Textiles (H. E. 171s)3
3
Chemistry of Textiles (Chem. 14s)$-$Nutrition (H. E. 131f) or Elements of Nutrit3
3
Management of the Home (H. E. 141f, 142s)$-3$
Household Bacteriology (Bact. 3s)-
Interior Design (H. E. 121f, 122s)53
Electives-$\overline{17}$

## Senior Year

Problems in Clothing (H. E. 112s)
Problems in Clothing (H. E. 112s)
Problems in Textiles (H. E. 172f)
Practice in Management of the Home (H. E. 143f) .................... 3
Child Study (H. E. Ed. 102s) ........................................................-
Electives $-{ }^{-}$

[^19]*Electives in Gardening, Poultry, and Dairying are recommended.

- Organic Chemistry (Chem. $12 \mathrm{Ay}, 12 \mathrm{By}$ ) is prerequisite for Nutrition (H. E. 131f).


## Curriculum-Practical Art

| Junior Year | Semester |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Management of the Home (H. E 141f 142s) | I | II |
| Interior Design (H. E. 121f, 122s).... | 3 | 3 |
| Principles of Marketing (Mkt. 101f) | 3 | 3 |
| Advanced Clothing (H. E. 111f) | 3 |  |
| Advertising Layout and Store Coordination (H. E. 120f) | 3 |  |
| Elective in Speech | 2 |  |
| Retail Store Management and Merchandising (Mkt. 119s) |  |  |
|  |  | 3 |
|  |  | 3 |
|  |  |  |
| Senior Year 16-17 |  | 17 |
| Practice in Management of the Hom |  |  |
| Advanced Interior Design (H. E. 123f, 124s) or Advanced Costume Design (H. E. 127f, 128s) | 3 | - |
| Consumer Problems in Textiles (H. E. 170f) | 2 | 2 |
| Merchandise Display (H. E. 125f) | 2 | - |
| Store Experience (H. E. 126f)... | 3 | - |
| Child Study (H. E. Ed. 102f)... | 3 | - |
| Electives .... | 2 | ${ }_{10}$ |
|  |  | - |
|  | 15 | 15 |

## THE GRADUATE CLUB

The graduate students maintain an active Graduate Club. Several meet. ings for professional and social purposes are held during the year. Students working in different departments have an opportunity to become acquainted with one another and thus profit by the broad cultural values derived from contacts with fellow students working in different fields.

## ADMISSION

Graduates from recognized colleges, regarded as standard by the institution and by regional or general accrediting agencies, are admitted to the Graduate School. Application for admission to the Graduate School should be made prior to dates of registration, on blanks obtained from the office of the Dean. The applicant must furnish an official transcript of his collegiate record which for unconditional admission must show an adequate amount of undergraduate preparation, including advanced preparation in the major field.

After approval of the application a matriculation card, signed by the Dean, is issued to the student. This card permits one to register in the Graduate School. After payment of the fee, the matriculation card is stamped and returned to the student. It is his certificate of membership in the Graduate School and should be retained by the student to present at each succeeding registration.
Admission to the Graduate School does not necessarily imply admission to candidacy for an advanced degree.

## REGISTRATION

All students pursuing graduate work in the University, even though they are not candidates for higher degrees, are required to register in the Graduate School at the beginning of each semester. Students taking graduate work in the summer session are also required to register in the Graduate School at the beginning of each session. In no case will graduate credit be given unless the student matriculates and registers in the Graduate School.
The program of work for the semester or the summer session is arranged by the student with the major department and entered upon two course cards, which are signed first by the professor in charge of the student's major subject and then by the Dean of the Graduate School. One card is retained by the Dean. The student takes the other card, and in case of a new student, also the matriculation card, to the Registrar's office, where the registration is completed. Students will not be admitted to graduate courses until the Registrar has certified to the instructor that registration has been completed. Course cards may be obtained at the Registrar's office or at the Dean's office. The heads of departments usually keep a supply of these cards in their respective offices.

## GRADUATE COURSES

Graduate students must elect for credit in partial fulfillment of the requirements for higher degrees only courses designated For Graduates, or For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates. Graduate students may lect courses numbered from 1 to 99 but graduate credit will not be allowed tor these. Students with inadequate preparation may be required to take for these courses. No credit toward graduate degrees may be obtained son correspondence or extension study. Courses that are audited are registered for in the same way and at the same fees as other courses.

## PROGRAM OF WORK

The professor who is selected to direct a student's thesis work is the student's adviser in the formulation of a graduate program, including suitable minor work, which is arranged in cooperation with the instructors. To encourage thoroughness in scholarship through intensive application, graduate students in the regular sessions are limited to a program of thirty credit hours for the year, including thesis work, which is valued at not less than six hours.

## SUMMER GRADUATE WORK

Graduate work in the summer session may be counted as residence oward an advanced degree.
By special arrangement, graduate work may be pursued during the entire summer in some departments. Such students as graduate assistants, or others who may wish to supplement work done during the regular year, may satisfy one-third of an academic year's residence by full-time graduate work for eleven or twelve weeks, provided satisfactory supervision and facilities for summer work are available in their special fields.
The University publishes a special bulletin giving full information concerning the summer session and the graduate courses offered therein. The bulletin is available upon application to the Registrar of the University.
GRADUATE WORK IN PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS AT BALTIMORE
Graduate courses and opportunities for research are offered in some of the professional schools at Baltimore. Students pursuing graduate work in the professional schools must register in the Graduate School, and meet the same requirements and proceed in the same way as do graduate students in other departments of the University.

The graduate courses in the professional schools are listed in the Graduate School Announcements.

## GRADUATE WORK BY SENIORS IN THIS UNIVERSITY

Seniors who have completed all their undergraduate courses in this University by the end of the first semester, and who continue their residence in the University for the remainder of the year, are permitted to register in the Graduate School and secure the privileges of its membership, even though the bachelor's degree is not conferred until the close of the year.

A senior of this University who has nearly completed the requirements for the undergraduate degree may, with the approval of his undergraduate Dean and the Dean of the Graduate School, register in the undergraduate college for graduate courses, which may later be transferred for graduate credit toward an advanced degree at this University, but the total of undergraduate and graduate courses must not exceed fifteen credits for the semester. Excess credits in the senior year cannot later be transferred unless such prearrangement has been made. Graduate credits earned during the senior year may not be used to shorten the residence period required for advanced degrees.

## ADMISSION TO CANDIDACY FOR ADVANCED DEGREES

Application for admission to candidacy for the Master's and for the Doctor's degree is made on application blanks which are obtained at the office of the Dean of the Graduate School. These are filled out in duplicate and after the required endorsements are obtained, the applications are acted upon by the Graduate Council. An official transcript of the candidate's undergraduate record and any graduate courses completed at other institutions must be on file in the Dean's office before the application can be considered.

Admission to candidacy in no case assures the student of a degree, but merely signifies he has met all the formal requirements and is considered by his instructors sufficiently prepared and able to pursue such graduate study and research as are demanded by the requirements of the degree sought. The candidate must show superior scholarship by the type of graduate work already completed.

Application for admission to candidacy is made at the time stated in the sections dealing with the requirements for the degree sought.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREES OF MASTER OF ARTS AND MASTER OF SCIENCE

Advancement to Candidacy. Each candidate for the Master's degree is required to make application for admission to candidacy not later than the date when instruction begins for the second semester of the academic year in which the degree is sought (or in case of a summer school student at the end of the third summer's residence), but not until at least twelve semester course hours of graduate work have been completed. An average grade of $B$ in all major and minor subjects is required.

Minimum Residence. A residence of at least one full academic year, or its equivalent, at this institution, is required. By carrying approximately six semester hours of graduate work for four summer sessions at this institution, a student may fulfill the residence requirements for the degree of Master or Arts or Master of Science, provided that the greater part of the thesis work can be done under direction during the periods between summer sessions. In some instances a fifth summer of residence may be required in order that a satisfactory thesis may be completed.

Course Requirements. A minimum of twenty-four semester hours, exclusive of research, with an average B grade in courses approved for graduate credit, is required for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science. If the student is inadequately prepared for the required graduate courses, either in the major or minor subjects, additional courses may be reguired to supplement the undergraduate work. Of the twenty-four hours required in graduate courses, not less than twelve semester hours and not more than sixteen semester hours must be earned in the major subject. The remaining credits must be outside the major subject and must comprise a group of coherent courses intended to supplement and support the major work. Not less than one-half of the total required course credits major work. numbered 200 or above. The entire course of study must constitute a unified program approved by the student's major adviser and by the Dean of the Graduate School.
Transfer of Credit. Credit, not to exceed six hours, obtained at other recognized institutions may be transferred and applied to the course requirements of the Master's degree, provided that the work was of graduate character, and provided that it is approved for inclusion in the student's graduate program at the University of Maryland. This transfer of credit is approved by the Graduate Council when the student is admitted to candidacy for the degree. Acceptance of the transferred credit does not reduce he minimum residence requirements. The candidate is subject to final examination by this institution in all work offered for the degree.
Thesis. In addition to the twenty-four semester hours in graduate courses a satisfactory thesis is required of all candidates for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science. It must demonstrate the student's ability to do independent work and it must be acceptable in literary style and composition. It is assumed that the time devoted to thesis work will be not less than the equivalent of six semester hours earned in graduate courses. With the approval of the student's major professor and the Dean of the Graduate School, the thesis in certain cases may be prepared in absentia under direction and supervision of a member of the faculty of this institution.
The original copy of the thesis must be deposited in the office of the Graduate School not later than two weeks before commencement. An abstract of the contents of the thesis, 200 to 250 words in length, must accompany it. A manual giving full directions for the physical make-up of the thesis is in the hands of each professor who directs thesis work, and should be consulted by the student before the typing of the manuscript is begun. Individual copies of this manual may be obtained by the student at the Dean's office, at nominal cost.
Final Examination. The final oral examination is conducted by a committee appointed by the Dean of the Graduate School. The student's adviser acts as the chairman of the committee. The other members of the committee are persons under whom the student has taken most of his major
and minor courses. The chairman and the candidate are notified of the per sonnel of the examining committee at least one week prior to the period set for oral examinations. The chairman of the committee selects the exact time and place for the examination and notifies the other members of the committee and the candidate. The examination should be conducted within the dates specified and a report of the committee sent to the Dean as soon as possible after the examination. A special form for this purpose is sup. plied to the chairman of the committee. Such a report is the basis upon which recommendation is made to the faculty that the candidate be granted the degree sought. The period for the oral examination is usually about one
hour, but the time should be long enough to ensure an adequate examination.
The examining committee also approves the thesis, and it is the candidate's obligation to see that each member of the committee has ample opportunity to examine a copy of the thesis prior to the date of the examina. tion.
A student will not be admitted to final examination until all other requirements for the degree have been met. In addition to the oral examination a comprehensive written examination may be required at the option of the major department.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF EDUCATION

Course Requirements. Thirty hours of course work are required, which may include courses in departments other than Education not to exceed onehalf of the total thirty hours, such courses to be selected in conformity with the student's special needs as agreed upon by the student and his adviser. Of the thirty hours, not less than one-half must be on the 200 level.
At least four of the thirty hours must be seminar work, which shall include one or more seminar papers in the student's major field of concentration in the Department of Education.
Included in the program must be courses in educational statistics and in procedure of educational research.

A maximum of six hours of graduate credit may be earned in a summer session, and not more than six hours may be transferred from another institution.
The requirements in regard to advancement to candidacy, transfer of credits, and final oral examination are the same as for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

Advancement to Candidacy. Candidates for the Doctor's degree must be admitted to candidacy not later than one academic year prior to the granting of the degree. Applications for admission to candidacy for the

Doctor's degree are filled out by the student and submitted to his major department for further action, and transmission to the Dean of the Graduate School not later than the first Wednesday in October of the academic year in which the degree is sought.
The applicant must have obtained from the head of the Modern Language Department a statement that he possesses a reading knowledge of French and German. Preliminary examinations or such other substantial tests as the departments may elect are also required for admission to candidacy.
Residence. Three years of full-time resident graduate study are required. The first two of the three years may be spent in other institutions offering standard graduate work. On a part-time basis the time needed will be correspondingly increased. All work at other institutions offered for transfer in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Ph.D. degree is approved by the Graduate Council, upon recommendation of the department concerned, when the student is admitted to candidacy for the degree. The Doctor's degree is not given merely as a certificate of residence and work, but is granted only upon sufficient evidence of high attainments in scholarship, and ability to carry on independent research in the special field in which the major work is done.
Major and Minor Subjects. The candidate must select a major and one or two closely related minor subjects. The minor work required varies from twenty-four to thirty hours at the discretion of the department concerned. The remainder of the required residence is devoted to intensive study and research in the major field. The amount of required course work in the major subject will vary with the department and the individual candidate. The candidate must register for a minimum of twelve semester hours of research.
Thesis. The ability to do independent research must be shown by a dissertation on some topic connected with the major subject. An original typewritten copy and two clear, plain carbon copies of the thesis, together with an abstract of the contents, 250 to 500 words in length, must be deposited in the office of the Dean at least three weeks before commmencement. It is the responsibility of the student also to provide copies of the thesis for the use of the members of the examining committee prior to the date of the final examination.
The original copy should not be bound by the student, as the University later binds uniformly all theses for the general University library. The carbon copies are bound by the student in cardboard covers which may bs obtained at the students' supply store; one is later sent to the University library and one to the Library of Congress. The abstracts are published by the University in a special bulletin.
A manual giving full directions for the physical make-up of the thesis is in the hands of each professor who directs thesis work and should be consulted by the student before typing of the thesis is begun. Students may obtain copies of this manual at the Dean's office, at nominal cost.

Final Examination. The final oral examination is held before a com. mittee appointed by the Dean. One member of this committee is a representative of the graduate faculty who is not directly concerned with the student's graduate work. One or more members of the committee may be persons from other institutions who are distinguished scholars in the student's major field.

The duration of the examination is approximately three hours, and covers the research work of the candidate as embodied in his thesis, and his attainments in the fields of his major and minor subjects. The other detailed procedures are the same as those stated for the Master's examination.

## RULES GOVERNING LANGUAGE EXAMINATIONS FOR CANDIDATES

 FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY1. A candidate for the Doctor's degree must show in a written examination that he possesses a reading knowledge of French and German. The passages to be translated will be taken from books and articles in his specialized field. Some 300 pages of text from which the applicant wishes to have his examination chosen should be submitted to the head of the Department of Modern Languages at least three days before the examination. The examination aims to test ability to use the foreign language for research purposes. It is presumed that the candidate will know sufficient grammar to distinguish inflectional forms and that he will be able to translate readily in two hours about 500 words of text, with the aid of a dictionary.
2. Application for admission to these tests must be filed in the office of the Department of Modern Languages at least three days in advance of the tests.
3. No penalty is attached to failure in the examination, and the unsuccessful candidate is free to try again at the next date set for these tests.
4. Examinations are held near the office of the Department of Modern Languages, on the last Wednesday in September and the first Wednesdays in February and June, at 2 p. m.

## GRADUATE FEES

The fees paid by graduate students are as follows:

## All Students:

A matriculation fee of $\$ 10.00$. This is paid once only, upon admission to the Graduate School

A diploma fee (Master's degree), $\$ 10.00$.
A graduate fee, including hood (Doctor's degree), $\$ 20.00$.
College Park:
A fixed charge, each semester, of $\$ 6.00$ per semester credit hour for students carrying eight hours or less; for students carrying more than eight hours, $\$ 50.00$ for the semester.

Laboratory fees range from $\$ 2.00$ to $\$ 8.00$ per course per semester.

Baltimore:
School of Medicine: A fixed charge, each semester, of $\$ 8.00$ per semester credit hour. Laboratory fees range from $\$ 10.00$ to $\$ 20.00$ per course.
School of Pharmacy: A fixed charge, each semester, of $\$ 6.00$ per semes ter credit hour. This fee is required of all graduate students except assistants, who will pay only a laboratory fee of $\$ 3.00$ per semester credit hour.
Summer Sessions, College Park:
Students in the Summer Session pay the regular matriculation and diploma fees. The hour credit fee is as follows:
A full load of six semester hours, $\$ 25.00$.
A load of less than six semester hours, $\$ 6.00$ per semester credit hour.

## Living Expenses:

Board and lodging are available in many private homes in College Park and vicinity. The cost of board and room ranges from about $\$ 35.00$ to $\$ 45.00$ a month, depending on the desires of the individual. A list of accommodations is maintained in the offices of the Dean of Men and the Dean of Women.

## FELLOWSHIPS AND ASSISTANTSHIPS

Fellowships. A number of fellowships have been established by the University. The stipend for the University fellows is from $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$ for the academic year and the remission of all graduate fees except the diploma fee. Several industrial fellowships, with varying stipends, are also available in certain departments.
Fellows are required to render minor services prescribed by their major departments. The usual amount of service required does not exceed twelve clock hours per week. Fellows are permitted to carry a full graduate program, and they may satisfy the residence requirement for higher degrees in the normal time.
Scholarships. A limited number of scholarships are available, carrying a stipend of from $\$ 150$ to $\$ 200$, without remission of fees. Scholarships are awarded on the basis of ability and of financial need. Scholars carry full time work and only minor services are required by the departments.
Applications for fellowships and scholarships are made on blanks which may be obtained from the office of the Graduate School. The application, with the necessary credentials, is sent by the applicant directly to the Dean of the Graduate School. Applications which are approved by the Dean are forwarded to the departments, where final selection of fellows and scholars is made. The awards of University fellowships and scholarships are on a competitive basis.
Graduate Assistantships. A number of teaching and research graduate assistantships are available in several departments. The compensation for these assistantships is from $\$ 600$ to $\$ 1000$ a year and the remission of al:
graduate fees except the diploma fee. Graduate assistants are appointed for one year and are eligible to reappointment. The assistant in this class devotes one-half of his time to instruction or to research in connection with Experiment Station projects, and he is required to spend two years in resi. dence for the Master's degree. If he continues in residence for the Doctor's degree, he is allowed two-thirds residence credit for each academic year at this University. The minimum residence requirement following the Bachelor's degree, therefore, may be satisfied in four academic years and one summer, or three academic years and three summer sessions of eleven or twelve weeks each.
Applications for graduate assistantships are made directly to the departments concerned, and appointments are made through the regular channels for staff appointments. Further information regarding these assistantships may be obtained from the department or college concerned.

## COMMENCEMENT

Attendance is required at the commencement at which the degree is conferred, unless the candidate is excused by the Dean of the Faculty. Application for diploma must be filed in the office of the Registrar before April 1 of the year in which the candidate expects to obtain a degree.
Academic costume is required of all candidates at commencement. Candidates who so desire may purchase or rent caps and gowns at the Students' Supply Store. Order must be filed before April 1, but may be cancelled later if the student finds himself unable to complete his work for the degree.

## SUMMER SESSION

## Harold Benjamin, Director

A Summer Session of six weeks is conducted at College Park. The program serves the needs of the following classes of students: (1) teachers and supervisors of the several classes of school work-elementary, secondary, vocational, and spectal; (2) regular students who are candidates for degrees; (3) graduate students; (4) special students not candidates for degrees.

## Terms of Admission

The admission requirements for those who desire to become candidates for degrees are the same as for any other session of the University. Before registering, a candidate for a degree will be required to consult the Dean of the College or School in which he wishes to secure the degree. Teachers and special students not seeking a degree are admitted to the courses of the summer session for which they are qualified. All such selection of courses must be approved by the Director of the Summer Session.

## Credits and Certificates

The semester hour is the unit of credit as in other sessions of the University. In the summer session, a course meeting five times a week for six weeks and requiring the standard amount of outside work has a value of two semester hours.

Courses satisfactorily completed will be credited by the State Department of Education towards satisfying certification requirements of all classes.

## Summer Graduate Work

For persons wishing to do graduate work towards an advanced degree in the summer sessions, special arrangements are made supplementing the regular procedure. Teachers and other graduate students working for a degree on the summer plan must meet the same requirements as to admission, credits, scholarship, and examinations as do students enrolled in the other sessions of the University.

For detailed information in regard to the Summer Session, consult the special Summer Session announcement, issued annually in April.

## DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY SCIENCE AND TACTICS

Thomas D. Finley, $\dagger$ Lieut. Col., Infantry, U. S. Army Professor
Robert E. Wysor, Jr., Lieut. Col., Infantry, U. S. Army, Acting Professor

## RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

The work in this department is based upon the provisions of Army Regulations No. 145-10, War Department.

## Authorization

An infantry unit of the Senior Division of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps was established at the University under the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1916, as amended.

## Organization

The unit is organized as a regiment of four battalions of three rifle companies each, and a band. All units are commanded by Advanced Course students, who have been selected for these commands on a basis of merit. The course of instruction is divided into two parts: the Basic Course and the Advanced Course.

## Objectives

*Basic Course
The object of this course is to afford to students enjoying the privileges of State and Federal aided education an opportunity to be trained for positions involving leadership, within either the State or the nation. To this end the methods employed are designed to fit men mentally, physically, and morally for pursuits of peace or, if necessity requires, for national defense. A member of the R. O. T. C. is not in the Army of the United States, and membership in the unit carries no legal obligation to serve in the Army, or any of the armed forces.

## $\ddagger$ Advanced Course

The primary object of the Advanced Course is to provide military instruction and systematic training through the agency of civil educational institutions to selected students, to the end that they may qualify as reserve officers in the military forces of the United States. It is intended to attain this objective in accordance with the terms of the contract during the time the students are pursuing as undergraduates their general or professional studies, thus causing minimum interference with the preparatory requirements of their projected civil careers.
A student prior to enrollment in this course must have satisfactorily completed the basic course and must have indicated in writing his desire to

## †On leave.

*Required of qualified students.
$\ddagger$ Elective for qualified undergraduates in accordance with the contract.
undertake the course. The applicant further must obtain on this documen the recommendation of both the Dean of his College and the Professor of Military Science and Tactics, and submit same to the President of the Institution for approval. No student will be enrolled in the Advanced Course without the approval of the President of the University.

## Time Allotted

For first and second years, basic course, three periods a week of not less than one hour each are devoted to this work, of which at least one hour is utilized for theoretical instruction.
For third and fourth years, advanced course, elective, five periods a week of not less than one hour each are devoted to this work, of which at least three periods are utilized for theoretical instruction.

## Physical Training

Physical training forms an important part of military instruction, and it is the policy of the Military Department to encourage and support the physical training given by civilian teachers, thus coöperating in an effort to promote a vigorous manhood.

## Physical Examination

All members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are required to be examined physically at least once after entering the University.

## Uniforms*

Members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps must appear in proper uniform at all military formations and at such other times as the Professor of Military Science and Tactics may designate with the approval of the President of the University.
Uniforms, or commutation in lieu of uniforms, for the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, are furnished by the Government. The uniforms are the regulation uniforms of the United States Army, with certain distinguishing features; or, if commutation of uniforms is furnished, then such uniforms as may be adopted by the University. Such uniforms must be kept in good condition by the students. They remain the property of the Government; and, though intended primarily for use in connection with military instruction, may be worn at other times unless the regulations governing their use are violated. The uniform will not be worn in part nor used while the wearer is engaged in athletic sports other than those required as a part of the course of instruction. A Basic Course uniform which is furnished to a student by the Government will be returned to the Military Department at the end of the year; or before, if a student severs his connection with the
${ }^{*}$ Each new student entering the R. O. T. C. is required to purchase a pair of shoes approved by the Military Department, at the approximate cost of $\$ 3.90$. These shoes are on sale at the Armory and will be fitted and paid for at the time uniforms are issued.

Department. In case commutation of uniforms is furnished, the uniform so purchased becomes the property of the student upon completion of two years' work.

## Commutation

Students who elect the Advanced Course and who have signed the contract with the Federal Government to continue in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps for the two remaining years of the Course are entitled to a small per diem money allowance, for commutation of subsistence, payable quarterly from and including the date of contract, until they complete the course at the institution. An allowance of approximately twenty-nine dollars is allowed for uniform.

## Summer Camps

An important and excellent feature of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps is the summer camp. In specially selected parts of the country, camps are held for a period not exceeding six weeks for students who are members of the Advanced Course Reserve Officers' Training Corps. These camps are under the close and constant supervision of army officers, and are intended primarily to give a thorough and comprehensive practical course of instruction in the different arms of the service.

Parents may feel assured that their sons are carefully watched and safeguarded. Wholesome surroundings and associates, work and healthy recre ation are the keynote to contentment. Social life is not neglected, and the morale branch exercises strict censorship over all social functions

The attendance at summer camps is compulsory only for students who are taking the advanced course, which, as has been previously stated, is elective

Students who attend the summer camps are under no expense. The Government furnishes transportation from the institution to the camp and from the camp to the institution, or to the student's home, unless the mile age is greater than that from the camp to the institution. In this case, the amount of mileage from the camp to the institution is allowed the student Clothing, quarters, and food are furnished. The Advanced Course students in addition to receiving quarters and food, are paid seventy cents for each day spent in camp. To obtain credit for camp a student must be in attendance at camp at least 85 per cent of the prescribed camp period.

## Commissions

(a) Each year, upon completion of the Advanced Course, students qualified for commissions in the Reserve Officers' Corps will be selected by the head of the institution and the professor of Military Science and Tactics.
(b) The number to be selected from each institution and for each arm of the service will be determined by the War Department.
(c) The University of Maryland has received a rating from the War Department of "Generally Excellent" for the past several years. This rating indicates that the work of its R. O. T. C. unit has been recognized by the

Federal Government as being of a superior order. The "Generally Excellent" rating supersedes the former designation of "Distinguished College," which designation has been discontinued by the War Department for institutions such as this University.

## Credits

Military instruction at this University is on a par with other university ork, and the requirements of this department as to proficiency the same as those of other departments.
Students who have received military training at any educational instifution under the direction of an army officer detailed as professor of military science and tactics may receive such credit as the professor of military science and tactics and the President may jointly determine.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION, RECREATION, AND ATHLETICS
The purpose of the program of physical education at the University is broadly conceived as the development of the individual student. To accomplish this purpose, physical examinations and classification tests are given the incoming students to determine the relative physical fitness of each. Upon the basis of the needs disclosed by these tests, and individual preferences, students are assigned to the various activities of the program.

## For Men

Freshmen and sophomores assigned to physical education take three activity classes each week throughout the year. In the fall, soccer, touch football, and tennis are the chief activities; in the winter, basketball, volleyball, and other team games; and in the spring, track, baseball, and tennis. In addition to these team activities, sophomore students may elect a considerable number of individual sports, such as fencing, boxing, wrestling, horseshoes, ping pong, bag punching, badminton, shuffleboard, and the like.
An adequate program of intramural sports is conducted also. Touch football and soccer in the fall, basketball and volleyball in the winter, baseball and track in the spring, are the chief activities in this program. Plaques, medals, and other appropriate awards in all tournaments of the program are provided for the winning teams and individual members.
Every afternoon of the school session the facilities of the Physical Education Department are thrown open to all students for free unorganized recreation. Touch football, soccer, basketball, basket shooting, apparatus work, fencing, boxing, wrestling, bag punching, tennis, badminton, and ping pong are the most popular contests engaged in.
The University is particularly fortunate in its possession of excellent facilities for carrying on the activities of the program of physical education. Two large modern gymnasia, a new field house, a number of athletic fields, tennis courts, baseball diamonds, running tracks, and the like, constitute the major part of the equipment.
In addition to the activities described above, the University sponsors a full program of intercollegiate athletics for men. Competition is promoted in varsity and freshman football, basketball, baseball, track, boxing, lacrosse, soccer, wrestling, golf, and tennis. The University is a member of the Southern Conference, the National Collegiate Athletic Association, and cooperates with other national organizations in the promotion of amateur athletics.

## For Women

The Department of Physical Education for Women has excellent facilities for conducting a full activities program. Seasonal team sports including hockey, soccer, speedball, basketball, volleyball, softball; individual sports, consisting of riding, tennis, badminton, fencing, golf, archery, deck tennis,
table tennis, and the like, are offered. Opportunity is given for various types of dancing including, modern, square, folk, and ballroom. The proximity of the University to Washington and Baltimore provides excellent opportunity for groups to attend professional programs in dance.
The Women's Athletic Association sponsors and conducts intramural tournaments in the seasonal sports, sports days with neighboring colleges, and intercollegiate competition in rifle shooting.

The University also maintains curricula designed to train men and women students to teach physical education and coach in the high schools of the state, and to act as leaders in recreational programs in communities.
For a description of the courses in Physical Education, see College of Education, and Section III, Description of Courses.

## SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY

## J. Ben Robinson, Dean.

Faculty Council
Myron S. Aisenberg, D.D.S., F.A.C.D George M. Anderson, D.D.S., F.A.C.D Brice M. Dorsey, D.D.S., F.A.C.D. Grayson. W. Gaver, D.D.S., F.A.C.D. Burt B. Ide, D.D.S., F.A.C.D. Harry B. McCarthy, D.D.S., F.A.C.D. Robert L. Mitchell, Phar.D., M.D. J. Ben Robinson, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.

## HISTORY

The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery occupies an important and interesting place in the history of dentistry. At the end of the regular session, 1939-40, it completed its one hundredth year of service to denta education. The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery represents the first effort in history to offer institutional dental education to those anticipating the practice of dentistry.
The first lectures on dentistry in America were delivered by Dr. Horace H. Hayden in the University of Maryland, School of Medicine, between the years 1823-25. These lectures were interrupted in 1825 by interna dissensions in the School of Medicine and were discontinued. It was Dr Hayden's idea that dental education merited greater attention than had been given it by medicine or could be given it by the preceptorial plan of dental teaching then in vogue. It was also his opinion that dental education should be developed as a special branch of medical teaching. The unfortunate circumstances of internal strife in the Medical School defeated the purpose of Dr. Hayden to engraft dental education upon medical education.
Dr. Horace H. Hayden began the practice of dentistry in Baltimore in 1800. From that time he made a zealous attempt to lay the foundation for a scientific, serviceable dental profession. In 1831 Dr. Chapin A. Harris came to Baltimore to study under Hayden. Dr. Harris was a man of unusual ability and possessed special qualifications to aid in establishing and promoting formal dental education. Since Dr. Hayden's lectures had been interrupted at the University of Maryland and there was an apparent insurmountable difficulty confronting the creation of dental departments in medical schools, an independent college was decided upon. A charter was applied for and granted by the Maryland Legislature February 1, 1840.

The first faculty meeting was held February 3, 1840, at which time Horace H. Hayden was elected president and Chapin A. Harris, dean. The introductory lecture was delivered by Dr. Harris on November 3, 1840, to the five students matriculating in the first class. Thus was created as the foundation of the present dental profession the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, the first and oldest dental school in the world.
Hayden and Harris, the admitted founders of the dental profession, contributed, in addition to the factor of dental education, other opportunities for professional growth and development. In 1839 the American Journal of Dental Science was founded, with Chapin A. Harris as its editor. Dr. Harris continued fully responsible for dentistry's initial venture into periodic dental literature to the time of his death. The files of the old American Journal of Dental Science testify to the fine contributions made by Dr. Harris. In 1840 the American Society of Dental Surgeons was founded, with Dr. Horace H. Hayden as its president and Dr. Chapin A. Harris as its corresponding secretary. This was the beginning of dental organization in America, and was the forerunner of the American Dental Association, which now numbers approximately forty-five thousand in its present membership. The foregoing suggests the unusual influence Baltimore dentists and the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery have exercised on professional ideals and policies.
In 1873, the Maryland Dental College, an offspring of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, was organized. It continued instruction until 1879, at which time it was consolidated with the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery. A department of dentistry was organized at the University of Maryland in the year 1882, graduating a class each year from 1883 to 1923. This school was chartered as a corporation and continued as a privately owned and directed institution until 1920, when it became a State institution. The Dental Department of the Baltimore Medical College was established in 1895, continuing until 1913, when it merged with the Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
The final combining of the dental educational interests of Baltimore was effected June 15, 1923, by the amalgamation of the student bodies of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery and the University of Maryland, School of Dentistry; the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery becoming a distinct department of the University under State supervision and control. Thus, in the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, University of Maryland, is found a merging of the various efforts at dental education in Maryland. From these component elements have radiated developments of the art and science of dentistry until the strength of its alumn is second to none, either in number or degree of service to the profession.
The University of Maryland Medical School was organized December 28, 1807, as the College of Medicine of Maryland. On December 28, 1812, the University of Maryland charter was issued to the College of Medicine of Maryland. There were at that period but four other medical schools in America-the University of Pennsylvania, founded in 1765; the College of

Physicians and Surgeons of New York, in 1767; Harvard University, in 1782; and Dartmouth College, in 1797.

It is of interest to note that the University of Maryland as it now exists is the youngest State University in America, but that its various schools rank among the oldest in existence. The School of Medicine at its beginning was the fifth oldest existent medical school in America; the Law School was organized in 1823; the Dental School, 1840, is the oldest dental school in the world; the Pharmacy School was founded in 1841; the College of Agriculture, 1856, is the second oldest land grant college in America. While the present form of the University of Maryland is young, its substance and character date back to the earliest period in education in the various professions.

## BUILDING

The School of Dentistry is located at the northwest corner of Lombard and Greene Streets, adjoining the University Hospital. The building occupied by the Dental School provides approximately fifty thousand square feet of floor space, is fireproof, splendidly lighted and ventilated, and is ideally arranged for efficient use. It contains a sufficient number of large lecture rooms, classrooms, a library and reading room, science laboratories, technic laboratories, clinic rooms, and locker rooms. It is furnished with new equipment throughout and provides every àccommodation necessary for satisfactory instruction under comfortable arrangements and pleasant surroundings.
Special attention has been given to the facilities in clinic instruction. The large clinic wing contains 145 operating spaces; each space contains a chair, operating table and unit equipped with an electric engine, compressed air, gas, running water, etc. Clinic instruction is segregated, and the following departments have been arranged for effective teaching: Operative, Prosthetic (including Crown and Bridge and Ceramics), Anesthesia and Surgery, Orthodontics, Diagnosis, Pathology, Pedodontia, Radiodontia, and Photography. All technic laboratories are equipped with every modern facility to promote efficiency in instruction.

## LIBRARY

The Dental School is fortunate in having one of the best equipped and organized dental libraries among the dental schools of the country. It is located in the main building and consists of a stack room, collateral offices and a reading room that will accommodate ninety-six students. It contains over eight thousand bound volumes of dental textbooks and files of dental magazines, numerous pamphlets, reprints, etc.; while over 140 current dental magazines reach its reading tables. The two full-time librarians promote the growth of the Library and serve the student body in its use of library material. The Library is financed by direct appropriations from the State, by the income from an endowment established by the Maryland State Dental Association and by the proceeds of the sale of books to
students. One of the most important factors of the dental student's education is to teach him the value and the use of dental literature in his formal education and in promoting his usefulness and value to the profession during ractice. The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery is ideally equipped to take care of this phase of dental study.

## COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, University of Maryland, offers a four-year course in dentistry devoted to instruction in the medical sciences, the dental sciences, and clinical practice. Instruction consists of didactic lectures, laboratory instruction, demonstrations, conferences, and quizzes. Topics are assigned for collateral reading to train the student in the value and use of dental literature.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY

(a) Applicants for admission must present evidence of having successfully completed two years of work in an accredited college of arts and sciences based upon the completion of a four-year high-school course. No applicant will be considered who has not completed all requirements for advancement to the junior year in the arts and sciences college from which he applies. His scholastic attainments shall be of such quality as to ensure a high quality of achievement in the dental course.
(b) The minimum as a basis for admission is two years' credit toward a baccalaureate degree in an accredited college of arts and sciences. The following minimum quantitative requirements are prescribed:

| Biology |  | 6 semester hours |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Organic Chemistry .................................................. 4 semester hour |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | 30 semester hour |

Deviation from these minimum requirements is allowed in all of the required subjects except chemistry, and is dependent upon the length of college training and the level of achievement attained by the student in his college work.

| Semester Hours | Deviation |
| :---: | :---: |
| 60 semester hours |  |
| 90 semester hours |  |
|  |  |
| Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts Degree........... 9 hours Master of Science or Doctor of Philosophy Degree....... 12 hours |  |

(c) Applicants who have been dropped for poor scholarship, or who have failed at other institutions or other colleges of the University of Maryland last attended, will not be considered for admission.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR MATRICULATION AND ENROLLMENT

In the selection of students to begin the study of dentistry the Scl considers particularly a candidate's proved ability in scond and his successful completion of prescribed courses in predental collegiot training. The requirements for admission and the academic regulation of the College of Arts and Sciences, University of Maryland regulations adhered to by the School of Dentistry.
A student is not regarded as having matriculated in the School Dentistry until such time as he shall have paid the matriculation fee of $\$ 10.00$, and is not enrolled until he shall have paid a deposit of $\$ 50.00$ to insure registration in the class.

## APPLICATION PROCEDURE

Application blanks may be obtained from the office of the Dean. Each applicant should fill in this blank completely and mail it, together with the application fee and photographs, to the Director of Admissions, University of Maryland, Baltimore. The notes on the reverse side of the blank should be observed carefully.
A certificate of entrance will be issued to each qualified applicant, which will permit him to matriculate and to register in the class for which he has applied

## REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE PREDENTAL CURRICULUM

The secondary school requirements observed by the College of Arts and Sciences, University of Maryland, are strictly adhered to-graduation from an accredited secondary school which requires for graduation in a four-year course not less than 15 units.* The equivalent in entrance examinations may be offered by nongraduates of a secondary school.
Required: English (I, II, III, IV), 3 units; algebra to quadratics, unit; plane geometry, 1 unit; history, 1 unit; science, 1 unit. Total 7 units.
Elective: Agriculture, astronomy, biology, botany, chemistry, civics, drawing, economics, general science, geology, history, home economics, vocational subjects, languages, mathematics, physical geography, physics, zoology, or any other subject offered in a standard high or preparatory school for which graduation credit is granted toward college or university entrance. Eight units must be submitted from this group.

[^20]
## Predental Curriculum

Freshman Year
Survey and Composition (Eng. 1y)
*Elements of College Mathematics (Math. 8f, 10s)
Inorganic Chemistry (Chem. 1y)
3

Reading and Speaking (Speech 1y
4
General Zoology (Zool. 25f).
1
Vertebrate Zoology (Zool. 26s)
-
4
Technical Drawing (Dr. 1y)

Sophomore Year
Organic Chemistry (Chem. 2y) .

Cla
Organic Chemistry Laboratory (Chem. 3y)
General Physics (Phys. 1y).................................
French (French 1y or French 3y)
or German 3y)
English Survey (Eng. 2y)
3
(a)

Principles of Sociology (Soc. 1f)....
Principles of Economics (Econ. 57s)...
-

The above curriculum is $\begin{array}{lll}16 & 16\end{array}$ and its equivalent at College Park.

## Fees for the Predental Course

Application fee (paid at time of filing application for admission) $\$ 2.00$
Matriculation fee (paid at the time of enrollment).......- 10.00

$\dagger$ Tuition for the session, non-resident student


Laboratory breakage deposit (each session) …
Penalty for late registration......................................................... 5.00

Student Activity Fee-Special
For the purpose of administering and disciplining various student activities the student body has voted a fee of $\$ 10.00$ to be paid at the opening of the school year to the treasurer of the Student Activity Committee.

## Academic Regulations

The academic regulations of the College of Arts and Sciences are applied in the predental curriculum.
*ic Gtudents whose preparation permits will take College Algebra (Math. 21f) and Analy$\dagger$

A student must attain marks higher than $F$ in fifty per cent of the semester hours for which he is registered, or he is automatically dropped

No student
he shall have completed the for admission to the School of Dentistry until mark of $\mathrm{C}-2.0$ ( $\mathrm{A}, 4 ; \mathrm{B}, 3 ; \mathrm{predental}$ curriculum with a minimum average

## DENTAL CURRICULUM

The curriculum is described in full in the bulletin of the School of
Dentistry.
(a) The School of Dentistry will Advanced Standing
edits earned in of Dentistry will not accept toward advanced standing of Dental Schools. (b) Graduates
(b) Graduates in medicine or students in medicine who have completed two or more years in a medical school, acceptable to standards in the School of Medicine, University of Maryland, may be given advanced standing to the Sophomore year provided the applicant shall complete under competent regular instruction the courses in dental technology regularly cheduled in the first year.
(c) Applicant for transfer must (1) meet fully the requirements for admission to the first year of the dental course; (2) be eligible for promo(3) showi next higher class in the school from which he seeks to transfer; school where transfer grade of five per cent above the passing mark in the attainments, character credits were earned; (4) show evidence of scholastic dismissal and recommendation transfers.
(d) No transfer application will be considered an applicants for transfer must present be considered after August 15. All before qualifying certificate can be issued.

## Attendance Requirements

In order to receive credit for a full sessints
entered and be in attendare mast have which time lectures to all on the day the regular session opens, at which time lectures to all classes begin, and remain until the close of the catalogue.

Regular attendance is demanded. Students with less than eighty-five per cent attendance in any course will be denied the privilege of final examination in any and all such courses. In certain unavoidable circumstances of absence the Dean may honor excuses, but students with less than eightyfive per cent attendance will not be promoted to the next succeeding class.

## Promotion

1. Students who shall have passed satisfactorily all subjects in the year in which they are enrolled and who shall have achieved an average of
five per cent above the passing mark shall be promoted to the next succeeding year.
2. Students who are deficient in courses amounting to not more than 20 per cent of the scheduled hours of their course will be permitted to proceed with their class with the understanding that such deficiency shall be removed before the beginning of the next regular school year. Students with conditions will not be admitted to senior standing.
3. A grade of 75 per cent is passing. A grade between 60 per cent and passing is a condition. A grade below 60 per cent is a failure. A condition may be removed by a re-examination. In such effort, failure to make a passing mark is recorded as a failure in the course. A failure can be removed only by repeating the course.

## Equipment

A complete list of necessary instruments and materials for technic and clinic courses and textbooks for lecture courses will be announced for the various classes. Each student will be required to provide himself with whatever is necessary to meet the needs of his course and present same to an assigned instructor for inspection. No student who does not meet this requirement will be permitted to go on with his class.

## Deportment

The profession of dentistry demands, and the School of Dentistry requires, of its students, evidence of their good moral character. The conduct of the student in relation to his work and fellow students will indicate his fitness to be taken into the confidence of the community as a professional man. Integrity, sobriety, temperate habits, truthfulness, respect for authority and associates, and honesty in the transaction of business affairs as a student will be considered as evidence of good moral character necessary to the granting of a degree.

## Requirements for Graduation

The degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery is conferred upon a candidate who has met the following conditions:

1. A candidate must furnish documentary evidence that he has attained the age of 21 years.
2. A candidate for graduation shall have attended the full four-year course of study of the dental curriculum, the last year of which shall have been spent in this institution.
3. He will be required to show a general average of at least 80 per cent during the full course of study.
4. He shall have satisfied all technic and clinic requirements of the various departments.
5. He shall have paid all indebtedness to the college prior to the beginning of final examinations, and must have adjusted his financial obligations in the community satisfactorily to those to whom he may be indebted.

## Fees for the Dental Cours

Application fee (paid at time of filing formal application for ad-
mission)
Matriculation fee (paid at time of enrollment)
\$ 2.00
10.00
*Tuition for the session, resident student
*Tuition for the session, nonresident student.
Dissecting fee (first semester, Freshman year) 15.00

Laboratory fee (each session)
Locker fee-Freshman and Sophomore years (first semester).....
Locker fee-Junior and Senior years (first semester)
Laboratory breakage deposit-Freshman and Sophomore years (first semester)
Graduation fee (paid with second semester fees of Senior year)..... Penalty fee for late registration
Examinations taken out of class and re-examinations
One certified transcript of record will be issued free of charge. Each additional copy will be issued only upon payment of

## Student Activity Fee-Special

For the purpose of administering and disciplining various student activities the student body has voted a fee of $\$ 10.00$ to be paid at the opening of the school year to the treasurer of the Student Activity Committee.

## Refunds

According to the policy of the Universtiy no fees will be returned. In case the student discontinues his course, any fees paid will be credited to a subsequent course, but are not transferable.

## Registration

The registration of a student in any school or college of the University shall be regarded as a registration in the University of Maryland, but when such student transfers to a professional school of the University or from one professional school to another, he must pay the usual matriculation fee required by each professional school.

A student who neglects or fails to register prior to or within the day or days specified for his school, will be called upon to pay a fine of $\$ 5.00$. The last day of registration with fine added to regular fees is Saturday at noon of the week in which instruction begins, following the specified registration period. (This rule may be waived only on the written recommendation of the Dean.)

Each student is required to fill in a registration card for the office of the Registrar, and pay to the Comptroller one-half of the tuition fee in addition to all other fees noted as payable first semester before being admitted to class work at the opening of the session. The remainder of tuition and second semester fees must be paid to the Comptroller during registration period for the second semester.

The above requirements will be rigidly enforced.
*Definition of resident status of student given on page 217.

## Definition of Resident Status of Student

Students who are minors are considered to be resident students if, at the time of their registration, their parents* have been residents of this State
for at least one year.
Adult students are considered to be resident students if, at the time of heir registration, they have been residents of this state for at least one ar; provided such residence has not been acquired while attending any school or college in Maryland.
The status of the residence of a student is determined at the time of his frst registration in the University, and may not thereafter be changed by him unless, in the case of a minor, his parents* move to and become legal residents of this state by maintaining such residence for at least one full calendar year. However, the right of the student (minor) to change from a non-resident to a resident status must be established by him prior to registration for a semester in any academic year.

Summer Courses
Aside from and independent of the regular session, special courses are Aside fres reces. The course in clinical instruction is offered during the suring the months June, July and September. The course is conducted during open only to students students carrying conditions in the cliented practice during their training as those who desire to gain more extended practice ditre period. The clinics are under the direction of capable demonstrators, ful credit being given for all work done.

The Gorgas Odontological Society
The Gorgas Odontological Society was organized in 1916 as an honorary student dental society with scholarship as a basis for admission. The society is named after Dr. Ferdinand J. S. Gorgas, a pioneer in dental education, a teacher of many years experience, and during his life a great contributor to dental literature. It was with the idea of perpetuating his name that the society adopted it.
Students become eligible for membership at the beginning of their junior year if, during their preceding years of the dental course, they have attained a general average which places them in the upper 40 per cent of the class. Meetings are held once each month, and are addressed by prominent dental and medical men, an effort being made to obtain speakers not connected with the University. The members have an opportunity, even while students, to hear men associated with other educational institutions.

## Omicron Kappa Upsilon

Phi Chapter of Omicron Kappa Upsilon honorary dental fraternity was chartered at the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, Uni-
*The term ''parents" includes persons who, by reason of death or other unusual circumstances, have been legally constituted the guardians of or stand in loco parentis to such minor students.
versity of Maryland, during the session of 1928-1929. Membership in the fraternity is awarded to a number not exceeding twelve per cent of the graduating class. This honor is conferred upon students who through their professional course of study creditably fulfill all obligations as students, and whose conduct, earnestness, evidence of good character, and high scholarship recommend them to election.

## Scholarship Loans

A number of scholarship loans from various organizations and educational foundations are available to students in the School of Dentistry. These loans are offered on the basis of excellence in scholastic attainment and the need on the part of students for assistance in completing their course in dentistry. It has been the policy of the faculty to recommend only students in the last two years for such privileges.

The Henry Strong Educational Foundation-From this fund, established under the will of General Henry Strong, of Chicago, an annual allotment is made to the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, University of Maryland, for scholarship loans available for the use of young men and women students under the age of twenty-five. Recommendations for the privileges of these loans are limited to students in the junior and senior years. Only students who through stress of circumstances require financial aid and who have demonstrated excellence in educational progress are considered in making nominations to the secretary of this fund.

The Edward S. Gaylord Educational Endowment Fund-Under a provision of the will of the late Dr. Edward S. Gaylord, of New Haven, Conn., an amount approximating $\$ 16,000$ was left to the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, University of Maryland, the proceeds of which are to be devoted to aiding worthy young men in securing dental education.

## ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

The first annual meeting of the Society of the Alumni of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery was held in Baltimore, March 1, 1849. This organization has continued in existence to the present, its name having been changed to The National Alumni Association of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, University of Maryland.

## THE SCHOOL OF LAW

Roger Howell, Dean

## The Faculty Council

Randolph Barton, Jr., Esq., A.B., LL.B
Hon. W. Calvin Chesnut, A.B., LL.B.
Edwin T. Dickerson, Esq., A.M., LL.B.
Hon. Henry D. harlan, A.m., Ll.b., Ll.D.
Charles McHenry Howard, Esq., A.b., Ll.b.
Roger Howell, Esq., A.B., Ph.D., LL.B.
G. Kenneth Reiblich, A.B., Ph.D., J.D., LL.M.

Edwin G. W. Ruge, Esq., A.B., LL.B.
G. Ridgely Sappington, Esq., LL.b.
hon. Morris A. Soper, A.b., LL.B.
John S. Strahorn, Jr., A.B., LL.B., S.J.D., J.S.D.
While the first faculty of law of the University of Maryland was chosen in 1813, and published in 1817 "A Course of Legal Study Addressed to Students and the Profession Generally," which the North American Review pronounced to be "by far the most perfect system for the study of law which has ever been offered to the public," and which recommended a course of study so comprehensive as to require for its completion six or seven years, no regular school of instruction in law was opened until 1823. The institution thus established was suspended in 1836 for lack of proper pecuniary support. In 1869 the School of Law was reorganized, and in 1870 regular instruction therein was again begun. From time to time the course has been made more comprehensive, and the staff of instructors increased in number. Its graduates now number more than three thousand, and included among them are a large proportion of the leaders of the Bench and Bar of the State and many who have attained prominence in the profession elsewhere.
The Law School has been recognized by the Council of the Section of Legal Education of the American Bar Association as meeting the standards of the American Bar Association, and has been placed upon its approved list.
The Law School is a member of the Association of American Law Schools, an association composed of the leading law schools in the United States, member schools being required to maintain certain high standards relating to entrance requirements, faculty, library, and curriculum.
The Law School is also registered as an approved school on the New York Regents' list.
The Law School Building, erected in 1931, is located at Redwood and Greene Streets in Baltimore. In addition to classrooms and offices for
the Law faculty, it contains a large auditorium, practice-court room, students' lounge and locker rooms, and the law library, the latter containing a collection of carefully selected text-books, English and American reports, leading legal periodicals, digests, and standard encyclopedias. No fee is, charged for the use of the library, which is open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.30 p. m.

## Course of Instruction

The School of Law is divided into two divisions, the Day School and the Evening School. The same curriculum is offered in each school, and the standards of work and graduation requirements are the same.
The Day School course covers a period of three years of thirty-two weeks each, exclusive of holidays. The class sessions are held during the day, chiefly in the morning hours. The Practice Court sessions are held on Monday evenings from 8.00 to $10.00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

The Evening School course covers a period of four years of thirty-six weeks each, exclusive of holidays. The class sessions are held on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings of each week from 6.30 to 9.30 p. monday, This plan leaves the alternate evenings for study and preparation by the student
The course of instruction in the School of Law is designed thoroughly to equip the student for the practice of his profession when he attains the Bar Instruction is offered in the various branches of the common law, of equity, of the statute law of Maryland, and of the public law of the United States. The course of study embraces both the theory and practice of the law, and aims to give the student a broad view of the origin, development, and func tion of law, together with a thorough practical knowledge of its principles and their application. Analytical study is made of the principles of substantive and procedural law, and a carefully directed practice court enables the student to get an intimate working knowledge of procedure.
Special attention is given to the statutes in force in Maryland, and to any peculiarities of the law in that State, where there are such. All of the subjects upon which the applicant for the Bar in Maryland is examined are included in the curriculum. But the curriculum includes all of the more important branches of public and private law, and is well designed to prepare the student for admission to the Bar of other States.

## Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission are those of the Association of American Law Schools. Applicants for admission as candidates for a degree are required to produce evidence of the completion of at least two years of college work; that is, the completion of at least one-half the work acceptable for a Bachelor's degree granted on the basis of a four-year period of study by the University of Maryland or other principal college or university in this State.
To meet this requirement, a candidate for admission must present at least sixty semester hours (or their equivalent) of college work taken in an institution approved by standard regional accrediting agencies and exclusive of
redit earned in non-theory courses in military science, hygiene, domestic rts, physical education, vocal or instrumental music, or other courses without intellectual content of substantial value. Such prelegal work must have been done in residence, no credit being allowed for work done in correspondence or extension courses, and must have been passed with a scholastic average at least equal to the average required for graduation in the institution attended.
In compliance with the rules of the Association of American Law Schools, a limited number of special students, not exceeding 10 per cent of the average number of students admitted as beginning regular law students during the two preceding years, applying for admission with less than the academic credit required of candidates for the law degree, may be admitted as candidates for the certificate of the school, but not for the degree, where in the opinion of the Faculty Council, special circumstances, such as the maturity and apparent ability of the student, seem to justify a deviation from the rule requiring at least two years of college work. Such applicants must be at least twenty-three years of age and specially equipped by training and experience for the study of law.

Combined Program of Study Leading to the Degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws
The University offers a combined program in arts and law leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws.
Students pursuing this combined program in college and prelegal subjects will spend the first three years in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park. The fourth year they will register in the School of Law, and upon the successful completion of the work of the first year in the Day School, or the equivalent work in the Evening School, the degree of Bachelor of Arts may be awarded. The degree of Bachelor of Laws will be awarded upon the completion of the work prescribed for graduation in the School of Law.
Details of the combined course may be had upon application to the Director of Admissions, University of Maryland, College Park, Md., or by reference to page 127.

## Combined Program of Study Leading to the Degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws

The University also offers a combined program in commerce and law leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws.
Students pursuing this combined program will spend the first three years in the College of Commerce at College Park. In the fourth year they will register in the School of Law, and upon the successful completion of the work of the first year in the Day School, or the equivalent thereof in the Evening School, may be awarded the degree of Bachelor of Science. The degree of Bachelor of Laws will be awarded upon the completion of the work prescribed for graduation in the School of Law.

Details of the combined course may be had upon application to the Director of Admissions, University of Maryland, College Park, Md., or by reference to page 147.

## Advanced Standing

Students complying with the requirements for admission to the school who have, in addition, successfully pursued the study of law elsewhere in a law school which is either a member of the Association of American Law Schools or approved by the American Bar Association, may, in the discretion of the Faculty Council, upon presentation of a certificate from such law school showing an honorable dismissal therefrom, and the successful completion of equivalent courses therein, covering at least as many hours as are required for such subjects in this school, receive credit for such courses and be admitted to advanced standing. No student transferring from another law school will be admitted unless eligible to return to the school from which he transfers. No degree will be conferred until after one year of residence and study at this school.

## Fees and Expenses

The charges for instruction are as follows:



Tuition fee, per annum:
Day School $\$ 200.00$
Evening School 150.00

An additional tuition fee of $\$ 50.00$ per annum must be paid by students who are non-residents of the State of Maryland.
The tuition fee is payable in two equal instalments, one-half at the time of registration for the first semester, and one-half at the time of registration for the second semester.
Further information and a special catalogue of the School of Law may be had upon application to the School of Law, University of Maryland Redwood and Greene Streets, Baltimore, Md.

## THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND SCHOOL OF MEDICINE <br> AND

## COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

H. Boyd Wylie, Acting Dean.

## Medical Council

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Arthur M. Shipley, M.D., Sc.D.
Hugh R. Spencer, M.D.
H. Boyd Wylie, M.D.
Carl L. Davis, M.D.
Maurice C. Pincoffs, B.S., M.D.
Frank W. Hachtel, M.D.
Eduard Uhlenhuth, Ph.D.
Clyde a. Clapp, M.D.
John C. Krantz, Jr., Ph.D.
Walter D. Wise, M.D.
J. Mason Hundley, Jr., M.A., M.D.
William R. Amberson, Ph.D.
Louis H. Douglass, M.D.
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The School of Medicine of the University of Maryland is one of the oldest foundations for medical education in America, ranking fifth in point of age among the medical colleges of the United States. In the school building at Lombard and Greene Streets in Baltimore was founded one of the first medical libraries and the first medical college library in the United States.
At this Medical School for the first time in America, dissection was made a compulsory part of the curriculum, and independent chairs for the teaching of gynecology and pediatrics (1867), and of ophthalmology and otology (1873), were installed.
This School of Medicine was one of the first to provide for adequate clinical instruction by the erection in 1823 of its own hospital, and in this hospital intramural residency for senior students first was established.

## Clinical Facilities

The original University Hospital, property of the University, is the oldest institution for the care of the sick in Maryland. It was opened in September, 1823, and at that time consisted of four wards, one of which was reserved for eye patients.

Besides its own hospital, the School of Medicine has control of the clinical facilities of the Mercy Hospital, in which were treated last year 6,682 persons.
In connection with the University Hospital, an outdoor obstetrical clintc is conducted. During the past year 2,108 cases were delivered in the University Hospital and under supervision in this Outdoor Clinic.
The hospital now has 435 beds and 50 bassinets-for medical, surgical, obstetrical, and special cases; and furnishes an excellent supply of clinical material for third-year and fourth-year students.

## Dispensaries and Laboratories

The dispensaries associated with the University Hospital and Mercy Hos. pital are organized on a uniform plan in order that teaching may be the same in each. Each dispensary has departments of Medicine, Surgery, Oncology, Ophthalmology and Otology, Genito-Urinary, Gynecology, GastroEnterology, Oral Surgery, Cardiology, Pediatrics, Neurology, Orthopedics, Proctology, Psychiatry, Dermatology, Laryngology and Rhinology, and Tuberculosis. All students in their junior year work each day during one-third of the year in the Departments of Medicine and Surgery of the dispensaries. In their senior year, all students work one hour each day in the special departments, where 141,142 cases were treated last year. This gives an idea of the value of these dispensaries for clinical teaching.

Student laboratories conducted by the School of Medicine purely for medical instruction are as follows: Gross Anatomy, Histology and Embryology, Physiology, Bacteriology and Immunology, Biological Chemistry, Pharmacology, Pathology, Clinical Pathology, Operative Surgery and Surgical Anatomy.

## Prizes and Scholarships

The following prizes and scholarships are offered in the School of Medicine. (For details see School of Medicine Bulletin.)
Faculty Medal; Dr. A. Bradley Gaither Prize; Dr. Samuel Leon Frank Scholarship; Hitchcock Scholarships; Randolph Winslow Scholarship; University Scholarship; Frederica Gehrmann Scholarship; Dr. Leo Karlinsky Memorial Scholarship; Clarence and Genevra Warfield Scholarships; Israel and Cecelia A. Cohen Scholarship; Dr. Horace Bruce Hetrick Scholarship, and the Medical Alumni Association Scholarship.

## Method of Making Application for Admission

Application forms may be filed beginning October 1 for the following September classes. These forms may be secured from the Committee on Admissions, School of Medicine, University of Maryland, Baltimore.

## Application for Admission to the First Year

Application for admission is made by filing the required form and by having all pertinent data sent directly to the Committee on Admissions, in accordance with the instructions accompanying the application.

## Application for Admission to Advanced Standing

Students who have attended approved medical schools are eligible to file applications for admission to the second- and third-year classes. These applicants must be prepared to meet the current first-year entrance requirements in addition to presenting acceptable medical school credentials, and a medical school record based on courses which are quantitatively and qualitatively equivalent to similar courses in this school.
Application for advanced standing is made in accordance with the instructions accompanying the application form.

## Minimum Requirements for Admission

The minimum requirements for admission to the School of Medicine are:
(a) Graduation from an approved secondary school, or the equivalent in entrance examinations, and
*(b) Three calendar years of acceptable premedical credit earned in an approved college of arts and sciences. The quantity and quality of this preprofessional course of study shall be not less than that required for recommendation by the institution where the premedical courses are being, or have been, studied.
The premedical curriculum shall include basic courses in
English
Biology
Inorganic Chemistry
Organic Chemistry
Physics
French or German
and such elective courses as will complete a balanced three-year schedule of study.
The elective courses should be selected from the following three groups:

Humanities Natural Sciences
English (an advanced Comparative Vertecourse in English composition should be taken, if possible)
Scientific German or
French (a reading
knowledge of either
language is desirable,
although German is
preferred)
Philosophy
*For admission to the Premedical Curriculum the requirements are the same as for the addition of two in the College of Arts and Sciences of the University with the prescribed

Careful attention should be given to the selection of elective courses in the natural sciences. Accordingly, it is suggested that the elective list given above be a guide in this connection and that the remainder of the college credits be accumulated from courses designed to promote a broad cultural development. Students should avoid the inclusion of college courses in subjects that occur in the medical curriculum, for example, histology, histological technique, human anatomy, bacteriology, physiology, neurology, physiological chemistry.

It is not intended that these suggestions be interpreted to restrict the education of students who exhibit an aptitude for the natural sciences or to limit the development of students who plan to follow research work in the field of medicine.
In accepting candidates for admission, preference will be given to those applicants who have acceptable scholastic records in secondary school and college, satisfactory scores in the Medical Aptitude Test, favorable letters of recommendation from their premedical committees, or from one instructor in each of the departments of biology, chemistry, and physics, and who in all other respects give every promise of becoming successful students and physicians of high standing.

Those candidates for admission who are accepted will receive certificates of entrance from the Director of Admissions of the University.
experience. In addition to these the student must bear in mind the expenditure for a microscope.

|  | Low | Average | Liberal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ 50 | \$ 75 | \$100 |
| Books ..................... | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| College Incidentals ... | 200 | 250 | 275 |
| Board, eight mone. | 64 | 80 | 100 |
| Clothing and laundry.. | 50 | 80 | 150 |
| All other expenses............................................... | 25 | 50 | 75 |
| Total ........................................................... | \$409 | \$556 | \$720 |

## Advice to Premedical Students

It is suggested that students registered in the Premedical Curriculum secure a copy of the latest bulletin of the School of Medicine in which they are interested, early in their freshman year in college, in order to acquaint themselves with the latest requirements for admission.
Copies of the Bulletin of this School of Medicine may be secured by writing to the Committee on Admissions, School of Medicine, University of Maryland, Baltimore.

Matriculation fee (paid once) .... 10.00

Tuition fee (each year)-Non-Residents. 600,00
Laboratory fee (each year).... 600,00
Conditioned examination fee (each subject) ....and
Student health service fee (each year)...
Student activities fee (each year).
ch year):
Maintenance and service fee (each year):
First year
Second year
Third year
Fourth year
Graduation fee $\qquad$

Transcript fee to graduates. First copy gratis, thereafter, each copy

## Personal Expenses

The following estimates of personal expenses for the academic year of eight months have been prepared by students, and are based upon actual ${ }^{*}$ The above tuition fees applicable until the end of the session 1940-1941 only. The right is reserved to make changes in these fees whenever the authorities deem it expedient

## SCHOOL OF NURSING

Annie Crighton, R.N., Director and Superintendent of Nurses
The University of Maryland School for Nurses was established in the year 1889. Since that time it has been an integral part of the University of Maryland, coming under the same government. The school is non-sec. tarian, the only religious services being morning prayers.

The new University of Maryland Hospital is a general hospital, containing 435 beds and 50 bassinets. It is equipped to give young women a thorough course of instruction and practice in all phases of nursing.

## Programs Offered

The program of study of the school is planned for two groups of students: (a) the three-year group and (b) the five-year group.

## Requirements for Admission

A candidate for admission must be a graduate of an accredited high school or other recognized preparatory school, and must present record showing that she has completed satisfactorily the required amount of preparatory study. Preference will be given to students who rank in the upper third of the graduating classes in their preparatory schools.
Candidates are required to present 15 units for entrance: required (7), and elective (8) units.
Required: English (I, II, III, IV), 3 units; algebra to quadratics, 1 unit; plane geometry, 1 unit; history, 1 unit; chemistry, 1 unit. Total, 7 units.
Elective: astronomy, biology, botany, civics, drawing, economics, general science, geology, history, home economics, vocational subjects, languages, mathematics, physical geography, physics, zoology, or any other subject offered in a standard high school or preparatory school for which graduation credit is granted toward college or university entrance. Eight units must be submitted from this group, of which not more than four units can pertain to vocational subjects.
In addition to the above requirements, students must meet certain other definite requirements in regard to health, age, and personal fitness for nursing work.
The preferable age for students registering for the three-year course is 20 to 35 years, although students may be accepted at the age of 18. Women of superior education and culture are given preference, provided they meet the requirements in other particulars. If possible a personal interview with the Director of the School should be arranged on Tuesday or Friday from 11:00 a. m. to $12: 00 \mathrm{~m}$.

Blank certificates will be furnished upon application to the Director of the School of Nursing, University of Maryland Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland.

Registration With Maryland State Board of Examiners of Nurses
By regulation of the Maryland State Board of Examiners of Nurses, all students entering schools of nursing in Maryland must, at the beginning of their course, register with the Board in order to be eligible for examination and license on completion of this course.

The fitness of the applicant for the work and the propriety of dismissing or retaining her at the end of her term of probation are left to the decision of the Director of the School. Misconduct, disobedience, insubordination, inefficiency, neglect, and failure to develop those qualities considered essential in a nurse, are causes for dismissal at any time by the President of the University.
The requirements for admission to the five-year combined program of the School of Nursing are the same as for the other schools and colleges. (Special catalogue will be sent upon request.) The three-year program is designed to meet the requirements for the diploma in Nursing, and comprises the work of the first, second, and third hospital years.

## Admission to the School

Students for the spring term are admitted in February, for the fall term in September or October, and for the five year course in September.

## Hours of Duty

During the preparatory period the students are engaged in class work for the first four months with no general duty in the hospital, and for the remainder of this period they are sent to the wards on eight-hour duty. During the first, second, and third years the students are on eighthour day duty and nine-hour night duty, with six hours on holidays and Sundays. The night-duty periods are approximately two months each, with one day at the termination of each term for rest and recreation. The period of night duty is approximately five to six months during the three years.
The first four months of the preparatory period are devoted to theoretical instruction given entirely in the lecture and demonstration rooms of the training school, hospital, and medical school laboratories. The average number of hours per week in formal instruction, divided into lecture and laboratory periods, is 30 hours. This instruction includes courses in anatomy, physiology, cookery and nutrition, dosage and solution, hygiene, bacteriology, chemistry, materia medica, practical nursing, bandaging, ethics, and history of nursing. During the last two months of the probation period the students are placed on duty in the hospital wards for instruction in bedside nursing, and are expected to perform the duties assigned to them by the Director of the School. At the close of the first semester the
students are required to pass satisfactorily both the written and the practical tests; failure to do so will be sufficient reason for terminating the course at this point.

## Sickness

A physician is in attendance each day, and all students, when ill, are cared for gratuitously. The time lost through illness in excess of two weeks, during the three years, must be made up. Should the authorities of the school decide that, because of time lost, the theoretical work has not been sufficiently covered to permit the student to continue in the current year, it will be necessary for her to continue her work with the next class.

## Vacations

Vacations are given between June and September. A period of four weeks is allowed the student at the completion of the first year, and of the second year.

## Expenses

A fee of $\$ 50.00$, payable on entrance, is required from each student. A student activity fee of $\$ 5.00$ is to be paid each year at the beginning of the first semester by each student. These will not be returned. A student receives her board, lodging, and a reasonable amount of laundry from the date of entrance. During her period of probation she provides her own uniforms, obtained through the hospital at a nominal cost. After being accepted as a student nurse, she wears the uniform supplied by the hospital. The student is also provided with text-books and shoes. In her senior year she is required to be prepared to meet an expense of $\$ 30.00$ for affiliations. Her personal expenses during the course of training and instruction will depend entirely upon her individual habits and tastes.

## GENERAL PLAN OF INSTRUCTION

The course of instruction covers a period of three years, including the preliminary term of six months. The course of instruction is, in general, as follows:

## First Year

## First Semester

The first semester, or preliminary term, is devoted to theoretical instruction given in the class rooms of the Nursing School and in lecture rooms and laboratories of the Medical School, and to supervised practice in the wards of the hospital. The courses offered are anatomy, physiology, cookery and nutrition, dosage and solutions, chemistry, bacteriology, hygiene, history of nursing, ethics, psychology, principles and practice of nursing, bandaging and surgical supplies.
Excursions are made to the filtration plant, hygienic dairies, markets, and other places of interest.
At the close of the first semester the students are required to pass satisfactorily both written and practical tests. Failure to do this will be sufficient reason to terminate the course at this period.

## Second Semester

During this term the students receive theoretical instruction in general surgery, surgical technic, massage, diet therapy, materia medica, advanced nursing procedures and charting, and the case study method. Ward assignments and instruction provide experience in medical, surgical, gynecological and urological nursing, also in the diet school and outpatients department. This experience is under the direction and supervision of the supervisors of the departments.

## Second Year

During this period the theoretical instruction includes general medicine, clinical pathology, venereal and skin diseases, x-ray, radium, communicable diseases, pediatrics, obstetrics, gynecology, orthopedics, and diseases of eye, ear, nose, and throat. The hospital assignment here provides instruction and experience on the public wards, on the private floors, and in the operating room.

## Third Year

During the third year the theoretical instruction includes psychiatry, public health, professional problems, and survey of the nursing field. The assignments include experience in psychiatric nursing, in public health nursing, in obstetrics and pediatrics.

## Attendance at Classes

Attendance is required at all classes for each course for which the student is registered. Absences are excused only in cases of illness or of absence from the school.

## Examinations

These are both written and oral, and include practical tests. Failure in two or more subjects may necessitate increasing the length of the course. During the three years of nursing experience in the various departments of the hospital, a monthly record of the student's nursing work is submitted by the nurse in charge. The student's standing is based upon the examinations in the theoretical subjects and these monthly records.

## Graduation

The diploma of the school will be awarded to those who have successfully completed the required course of three years, and have maintained the required average in each course and phase of work.

## Five-Year Program

In addition to the regular three-year course of training, the University offers a combined Academic and Nursing program leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science and a Diploma in Nursing.
The first two years of the course (or prehospital period), consisting of 68 semester hours, are spent in the College of Arts and Sciences of the University, during which period the student has an introduction to the
general cultural subjects which are considered fundamental in any colleg training. At least the latter of these two years must be spent in residence at College Park. The last three years are spent in the School of Nursing in Baltimore.
The degree of Bachelor of Science and the Diploma in Nursing may be conferred upon students who complete successfully the prescribed combined academic and nursing program, maintaining the required averages in each branch of the course.

## Scholarships

One scholarship has been established by the alumnae of the Training School, which entitles a nurse to a six-weeks' course at Teachers College, Columbia University, New York. This scholarship is awarded at the close of the third year to the student whose work has been of the highest excellence, and who desires to pursue graduate study and special work. There are two scholarships of the value of $\$ 50.00$ each: the Edwin and Leander M. Zimmerman prize for practical nursing and for displaying the greatest interest and sympathy for the patients; and the Elizabeth Collins Lee prize, given to the student having the second highest average in scholarship. An alumnae pin is presented by the Women's Auxiliary Board to a student who at the completion of three years shows marked executive ability. A prize of $\$ 25.00$ is given by Mrs. John L. Whitehurst to a studen who at the completion of three years of work shows exceptional executive ability.

## SCHOOL OF PHARMACY

## A. G. Du Mez, Dean

Faculty Council
A. G. Du Mez, Ph.G., B.S., M.S., Ph.D.
E. F. Kelly, Phar.D., Sc.D.

Walter h. Hartung, b.A., Ph.D.
Clifford W. Chapman, B.A., M.Sc., Ph.D.
J. Carlton Wolf, B.Sc., Phar.D.
B. Olive Cole, Phar.D., LL.b.
H. E. Wich, Phar.D.

Thomas C. Grubb, A.B., Ph.D.
A. W. Richeson, B.S., A.M., Ph.D.

The School of Pharmacy began its existence as the Maryland College of Pharmacy. The latter was organized in 1841, and operated as an independent institution until 1904, when it amalgamated with the group of professional schools in Baltimore then known as the University of Maryland. It became a department of the present University when the old University of Maryland was merged with the Maryland State College in 1920. With but one short intermission, just prior to 1865, it has continuously exercised its function as a teaching institution.

## LOCATION

The School of Pharmacy is located at 32 South Greene Street, in close proximity to the Schools of Medicine, Law, and Dentistry.

## AIMS

The School of Pharmacy provides systematic instruction in pharmacy, the collateral sciences, and such other subjects as are deemed to be essential in the education of a pharmacist. Its chief aim is to prepare its matriculants for the intelligent practice of dispensing pharmacy, but it also offers the facilities and instruction necessary for the attainment of proficiency in the practice of the other branches of the profession and in pharmaceutical research.

## RECOGNITION

This school is accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education and holds membership in the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy. The object of these agencies is to promote the interests of pharmaceutical education; and all institutions accredited by the Council or holding membership in the Association must maintain certain minimum requirements for entrance and graduation. Through the influence of the

Council, uniform and higher standards of education have been adopted; and the fact that several states by law or by Board ruling recognize the standards of the Association is evidence of its influence.
The school is registered in the New York Department of Education, and its diploma is recognized in all states.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION*

The requirements for admission meet fully those prescribed by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education and the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy.

## ADMISSION TO FRESHMAN CLASS FROM SECONDARY SCHOOLS

An applicant from a secondary school may be admitted either by certificate, or by examination, or by a combination of the two methods.

## Admission by Certificate

An applicant must be a graduate of a secondary school which is approved by the State Board of Education of Maryland or by an accrediting agency of at least equal rank, and which requires for graduation not less than 15 units, grouped as follows:
Distribution Of Units Between Required and Elective Subjects: Required subjects, 7 units; electives, 8 units. Total, 15 units.
Required Subjects: English, (I, II, III, IV), 3 units; algebra to quadratics, 1 unit; plane geometry, 1 unit; history, 1 unit; science, 1 unit. Total, 7 units.
Elective Subjects: agriculture, astronomy, biology, botany, chemistry, civics, drawing, economics, general science, geology, history, home economics, vocational subjects, languages, mathematics, physical geography, physics, zoology, or any subject offered in a standard high or preparatory school for which graduation credit is granted toward college or university entrance. Total, 8 units.
A unit represents a year's study in any subject in a secondary school, and constitutes approximately one-fourth of a full-year's work. It presupposes a school year of 36 to 40 weeks, recitation periods of from 40 to 60 minutes, and for each study four or five class exercises a week. Double laboratory periods in any science or vocational study are considered as equivalent to one class exercise. Normally, not more than three units are allowed for four years of English. If, however, a fifth course has been taken, an extra unit will be granted.

A graduate of an approved secondary school in Maryland who meets the certification requirements of the State Department of Education or the
$*$ The right is reserved to refuse admission even to applicants with sufficient scholastic
俍 credit if their presence in the School would, in the judgment of the Faculty Council, be
detrimental to the best interests of the School.

Department of Education of Baltimore City will be admited upon the presentation of the proper certificate from the principal. A graduate who does not meet fully these requirements may be required to present further evidence of ability to undertake college work. At the discretion of the Director of Admissions, this may include an appropriate examination. Such examinations will be given during the first week of July, August, and September at Baltimore and at other convenient places in the state. Applicants concerned will be notified when and where to report.
An applicant for admission by certificate from a secondary school not located in Maryland must be recommended by the principal, and must have attained the certification-to-college grade of the school. If the school does not have such a quality grade, then the average of the applicant's school grades must be at least ten points or one letter higher than the lowest passing grade of the school.

## Admission by Examination

An applicant from a secondary school who is not eligible for admission by certificate may seek entrance through either of two types of examination: (1) he may appeal to the Director of Admissions for permission to report at the University for an examination, the result of which will be used in conjunction with the secondary school record to determine whether the applicant should be admitted, or (2) he may be admitted on presenting evidence of having passed satisfactorily other approved examinations in the subjects required for graduation from an accredited secondary school. Such examinations are offered by the College Entrance Examination Board 431 West 117th Street, New York City; the Regents of the University of the State of New York, Albany; and the Department of Public Instruction of the State of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg.
Applications for admission must be approved, not only by the Director of Admissions, but also by the Committee on Admissions of the Faculty Council of the School of Pharmacy.

## ADMISSION WITH ADVANCED STANDING

A student who presents, in addition to high school requirements, credit for work done in a school of pharmacy accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education will receive credit for the courses which correspond in length and content to those prescribed for the first three years of the curriculum and be admitted with advanced standing, provided he presents an official transcript of his record and a proper certificate of honorable dismissal.
Credit for general educational subjects will be given to a student presenting evidence of having completed work in an accredited academic institution equal in value to that outlined in this catalogue.

A transferring student in either case must satisfy the preliminary educaional requirements outlined under "Requirements for Admission to Freshman Class from Secondary School."

## SPECIAL STUDENTS

An applicant who cannot furnish sufficient entrance credit and who does not desire to make up the units in which he is deficient may enter as a special student and pursue all the branches of the curriculum, but will not be eligible for graduation and will not receive a diploma. The Faculty Council reserves the right to decide whether or not the preliminary training of the applicant is sufficient.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION

The degree of Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy (B.S. in Phar.) will be conferred upon a candidate who has met the following requirements:

1. Completion of the full prescribed curriculum. The work of the last year must have been in courses offered in this school, and must have been done in residence at this school.
2. A total semester hour credit of not less than 140 , with a grade point count for each of the last two years of not less than twice the total semester hours of credit scheduled for these years.

## MATRICULATION AND REGISTRATION

The matriculation ticket must be procured from the office of the School of Pharmacy, and must be taken out before one enters classes. After matriculation, all students are required to register at the office of the Director of Admissions. The last date of matriculation is Sept. 25, 1941.

EXPENSES

|  | Tuition |  |  | Laboratory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ard |  |  |  |  |
| Matriculation | Resident | Non-Resident | Breakage | Graduation |
| $\$ 10.00$ (only once) | $\$ 220.00$ | $\$ 270.00$ | $\$ 60.00$ (yearly) | $\$ 15.00$ |

Tuition for the first semester and laboratory and breakage fee shall be paid to the Comptroller at the time of registration; and tuition for the second semester and graduation fee (the latter returned in case of failure) on or before Jan. 31, 1942.
A bulletin giving details of the course in Pharmacy may be obtained by addressing the School of Pharmacy, University of Maryland, Baltimore, Maryland.

## STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

## 816 Fidelity Building, Baltimore, Maryland.

H. C. Byrd.
Executive Officer
F. K. Haszard.
Mark Welsh State Veterinarian

The law provides that the personnel of the State Board of Agriculture hall be the same as the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland. The President of the University is the Executive Officer of the State Board of Agriculture.
General Powers of Board: The general powers of the Board as stated in Article 7 of the Laws of 1916, Chapter 391, are as follows:
"The State Board of Agriculture shall investigate the conditions surrounding the breeding, raising, and marketing of live stock and the products thereof, and contagious and infectious diseases affecting the same; the raising, distribution, and sale of farm, orchard, forest, and nursery products, generally, and plant diseases and injurious insects affecting the same; the preparation, manufacture, quality analysis, inspection, control, and distribution of animal and vegetable products, animal feeds, seeds, fertilizers, agricultural lime, agricultural and horticultural chemicals, and biological products; and shall secure information and statistics in relation thereto and publish such information, statistics, and the results of such investigations at such times and in such manner as to it shall seem best adapted to the efficient dissemination thereof; and except where such powers and duties are by law conferred or laid upon other boards, commissions, or officials, the State Board of Agriculture shall have general supervision, direction, and control of the herein recited matters, and generally of all matters in any way affecting or relating to the fostering, protection, and development of the agricultural interests of the State, including the encouragement of desirable immigration thereto, with power and authority to issue rules and regulations in respect thereof not in conflict with the Constitution and Laws of the State or the United States, which shall have the force and effect of law, and all violations of which shall be punished as misdemeanors are punished at common law; and where such powers and duties are by law conferred or laid on other governmental agencies may co-operate in the execution and performance thereof, and when so co-operating each shall be vested with such authority as is now or may hereafter by law be conferred on the other. The powers and duties herein recited shall be in addition to and not in limitation of any power and duties which now are or hereafter may be conferred or laid upon said board."
Under the above authority and by special legislation, all regulatory work is conducted under the general authority of the Board. This includes the following services:

LIVESTOCK SANITARY SERVICE<br>816 Fidelity Building, Baltimore, Maryland.

## Mark Welsh

State Veterinarian
This Service has charge of regulatory work in connection with the control of animal and poultry diseases, such as bovine tuberculosis, Bang's disease, hog cholera, encephalomyelitis, rabies, anthrax, blackleg, and scabies in animals; and pullorum disease and blackhead in poultry. The Service cooperates in these activities with the U. S. Department of Agriculture.
Well equipped laboratories for research, diagnostic work, and the examination of specimens, are maintained at College Park, and branch laboratories for the convenience of persons residing in other sections of the State are maintained at Lombard and Greene Streets, Baltimore; Salisbury; and Centreville.

## STATE HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

College Park, Maryland.
T. B. Symons
....Director of Extension Service
E. N. Cory
State Entomologist
R. A. Jehle.
State Pathologist

The State Horticultural Law was enacted in 1898. It provides for the inspection of all nurseries and the suppression of injurious insects and diseases affecting plants of all kinds. The work of the department is conducted in close association with the departments of Entomology and Pathology of the University. The regulatory work is conducted under the authority of the law creating the department as well as the State Board of Agriculture. For administrative purposes, the department is placed under the Extension Service of the University on account of the close association of the work.

## INSPECTION AND REGULATORY SERVICE

College Park, Maryland.
(Feed Stuffs, Fertilizers, Agricultural Liming Materials, Insecticides and Fungicides.)
L. B. Broughton. $\qquad$ State Chemist
L. E. Bopst... Associate State Chemist
W. C. Supplee... $\qquad$ on..... Biological Chemist E. C. Donaldson en.... Chief Inspector
W. J. Footen

## z.....

$\qquad$ Inspector
E. M. Zentz.
H. R. Walls. Wormer mer...... r.......... Inspector
R. E. Baumgardner Assistant Chemist Assistant Chemist
A. B. Heagy Assistant Chemist
J. E. Schueler, Jr. Assistant Chemist

## . Fuorst

$\qquad$
R. G. Fuerst. Laboratory Assistant

The Inspection and Regulatory Service is authorized to enforce the Fertilizer Law, Feed Stuff Law, Agricultural Lime Law, and the Insecticide and Fungicide Law as they apply to agricultural products. This involves the registration and licensing of all materials sold, securing samples for chemical and physical examination, checking labeling requirements, publication of the results obtained, and the prosecution of violators of these statutes.

## SEED INSPECTION SERVICE

College Park, Maryland.
F. S. Holmes

Seed Inspector
The Seed Inspection Service is placed by law under the general supervision of the Agricultural Experiment Station. This service takes samples visis seed offered for sale, and tests them for quality and germination.
STATE DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY

## 1411 Fidelity Building, Baltimore, Maryland.

F. W. Besley..... $\qquad$ State Forester
Walter J. Quick, Jr. $\qquad$ Assistant State Forester

This department is responsible under State laws for certain administrative functions including:

1. A State-wide forest protection system to protect the $2,225,000$ acres of forest land against fires.
2. A system of nine state forests, comprising 105,000 acres, and six state parks of 4,000 acres.
3. The operation of a State Nursery for growing and distributing small seedlings for forest and windbreak planting.
4. The administration of the Roadside Tree Law involving the protection of about four million trees along the public highway and streets of the State.
The department also renders a service to woodland owners in the management of their woodlands and the preparation of plans for forest and roadside planting.

## STATE WEATHER SERVICE

Edward B. Mathews..... Director

Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland. John R. Weeks...........................................................eteorologist

> U. S. Custom House, Baltimore, Maryland.

The State Weather Service compiles local statistics regarding climatic conditions and disseminates information regarding the climatology of Mary land under the Regents of the University of Maryland through the State Geologist as successor to the Maryland State Weather Service Commission The State Geologist is ex-officio Director, performing all the functions of former officers with the exception of Meteorologist, who is commissioned by the Governor and serves as liaison officer with the United States Weather Bureau. All activities except clerical are performed voluntarily.

## MARYLAND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Edward B. Mathews.
State Geologist
Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland.
The Geological and Economic Survey Commission is authorized under the general jurisdiction of the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland to conduct the work of this department. The State Geological and Eco nomic Survey is authorized to make the following:

Topographic surveys showing the relief of the land, streams, roads, rail ways, houses, etc.
Geological surveys showing the distribution of the geological formations and mineral deposits of the State.
Agricultural soil surveys showing the areal extent and character of the different soils.
Hydrographic surveys to determine the available waters of the State for potable and industrial uses.
Magnetic surveys to determine the variation of the needle for land surveys.
A permanent exhibit of the mineral wealth of the State in the old Hall of Delegates at the State House, to which new materials are constantly added to keep the collection up-to-date.

## SECTION III Description Of Courses

The courses of instruction described in this section are offered at College Park. Those offered in the Baltimone Schools are described in the separate announcements issued by the several schools.
For the convenience of students in making out schedules of studies, the subjects in the following Description of Courses are arranged alphabetically:
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Courses for undergraduates are designated by the numbers 1-99; courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates, 100-199; courses for graduates, 200-299.

The letter following the number of the course indicates the semester in which the course is offered: thus, 1 f is offered the first semester; 1 s , the second semester; 1 y , the year; 1 f and s indicates that the course is repeated in the second semester; 1 f or s that the course may be given in either the first or the second semester. A capital $S$ after a course number indicates that the course is offered in the summer session only.

The number of hours' credit is shown by the arabic numeral in parentheses after the title of the course.

A separate schedule of courses is issued each semester, giving the hours, places of meeting, and other information required by the student in making out his program. Students will obtain these schedules when they register

Students are advised to consult the statements of the colleges and schools in Section II when making out their programs of studies; also Regulation of Studies, Section I.

## AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS AND FARM MANAGEMENT*

 Professor DeVault; Lecturer Baker; Associate Professors Walker, Coddington; Assistant Professor Hamilton; Mr. Poffenberger.A. E. 1 f. Agricultural Industry and Resources (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.

A descriptive course dealing with agriculture as an industry and its relation to climate, physiography, soils, population centers and movements, commercial development, transportation, etc.; the existing agricultural resources of the world and their potentialities, commercial importance, and geographical distribution; the chief sources of consumption; the leading
*See also related courses in Economics and in Business Administration
trade routes and markets for agricultural products. The history of American agriculture is briefly reviewed. Emphasis is upon the chief crop and livestock products of the United States.
A. E. 2 s. Farm Organization (3)-Three lectures.

A study of farm organization consisting of an introduction to the complex problems of the agricultural industry as these problems affect the life and welfare of the individual farmer. More specifically, the course includes the choice of agriculture as a vocation; adaptation of farms to particular enterprises; types of farming and factors influencing the same; farm returns; the use of labor, machinery, and land in production; combination of crop and livestock enterprises as they affect the farmer's income; and a study of successful and unsuccessful Maryland farms.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
A. E. 100 f. Farm Economics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$, or 57.
A general course in agricultural economics, with special reference to population trend, agricultural wealth, land tenure, farm labor, agricultural credit, the tariff, price movements, and marketing.
(DeVault.)
A. E. 102 s. Marketing of Farm Products (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$, or 57.
A complete analysis of the present system of transporting, storing, and distributing farm products, and a basis for intelligent direction of effort in increasing the efficiency of marketing methods.
(DeVault.)
A. E. 103 f. Cooperation in Agriculture (3)-Three lectures.

Historical and comparative development of farmers' cooperative organizations with some reference to farmer movements; reasons for failure and essentials to success; commodity developments; the Federal Farm Board; banks for cooperatives; present trends.
(Poffenberger.)
A. E. 104 s. Farm Finance (3)-Three lectures.

Agricultural Credit requirements; development and volume of business of institutions financing agriculture; financing specific farm organizations and industries. Farm insurance-fire, crop, livestock, and life insurance, with special reference to mutual development-how provided, benefits, and needed extension.
(Poffenberger.)
A. E. 105 s . Food Products Inspection (2)-One lecture; one laboratory.

This course, arranged by the Department of Agricultural Economics in cooperation with the State Department of Markets and the United States Department of Agriculture, is designed to give students primary instruction in the grading, standardizing, and inspection of fruits and vegetables, dairy products, poultry products, meats, and other food products. Theoretical instruction covering the fundamental principles will be given in the form of lectures, while the demonstrational and practical work will be conducted through laboratories and field trips to Washington, D. C., and Baltimore.
(Staff.)
A. E. 106 s. Prices of Farm Products (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. A general course in prices, price relationships, and price analysis, with emphasis on prices of agricultural products.
(Poffenberger.)
A. E. 107 s. Analysis of the Farm Business (3)-One lecture; two laboratories.
A concise practical course in the keeping, summarizing, and analyzing of farm accounts.
(Hamilton.)
A. E. 108 f. Farm Management (3)-Three lectures.

A study of the organization and operation of Maryland farms from the standpoint of efficiency and profits. Students will be expected to make an analysis of the actual farm business and practices of different types of farms located in various parts of the State, and to make specific recom mendations as to how these farms may be organized and operated as successful businesses.
(Hamilton.)
A. E. 109 f, 110 s. Research Problems (1-2, 1-2).

With the permission of the instructor, students will work on any research problems in agricultural economics which they may choose, or a special list of subjects will be made up from which the students may select their re search problems. There will be occasional class meetings for the purpose of making reports on progress of work, methods of approach, etc. (DeVault.)
A. E. 111 f. Land Economics (3)-Three lectures.

Concepts of land economy are discussed, as well as conditions and tendencies influencing land requirements in relation to land resources. A study of major land problems and land policies including erosion and its control; farm tenancy; tax delinquency and tax reverted lands; land use planning and production control; public policies for facilitating land use adjustments; and directional measures for discouraging undesirable land uses.
(Coddington.)

## For Graduates

A. E. 200 f, 201 s. Special Problems in Farm Economics (2, 2).

An advanced course dealing more extensively with some of the economic problems affecting the farmer; such as land problems, agricultural finance, farm wealth, agricultural prices, transportation, and special problems in marketing and cooperation.
(Staff.)
A. E. 202 y. Seminar (1-2).

This course will consist of special reports by students on current economic subjects, and a discussion and criticism of the same by the members of the class and the instructor.
(DeVault.)
A. E. 203. Research (8).

Students will be assigned research in agricultural economics under the supervision of the instructor. The work will consist of original investigation in problems of agricultural economics, and the results will be presented in the form of theses.
(DeVault.)
A. E. 210 s. Taxation in Relation to Agriculture (2)-Two lectures.

Principles and practices of taxation in their relation to agriculture, with special reference to the trends of tax levies, taxation in relation to land utilization, taxation in relation to ability to pay and benefits received; a comparison of the following taxes as they affect agriculture: general property tax, income tax, sales tax, gasoline and motor vehicle license taxes, inheritance tax, and special commodity taxes; possibilities of farm tax reduction through greater efficiency and economies in local government.
(Walker, DeVault.)
A. E. 211 f. Agricultural Taxation in Theory and Practice (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
Ideals in taxation; economic effects of taxation upon the welfare of society; theory of taxation: the general property tax, business and license taxes, the income tax, the sales tax, special commodity taxes, inheritance and estate taxes; recent shifts in taxing methods and recent tax reforms; conflicts and duplication in taxation among governmental units; practical and current problems in taxation.
(Walker, DeVault.)
A. E. 212 f, 213 s. Land Utilization and Agricultural Production (3, 2)Two double lectures.
A presentation, by regions, of the basic physical conditions of the economic and social forces that have influenced agricultural settlement, and of the resultant utilization of the land and production of farm products; followed by a consideration of regional trends and interregional shifts in land utilization and agricultural production, and the outlook for further changes in each region.
(Baker.)
A. E. 214 s . Consumption of Farm Products and Standards of Living (3) -Two double lectures.
A presentation of the trends in population and migration for the nation and by states; of trends in exports of farm products and their regional significance; of trends in diet and in per capita consumption of non-food products; followed by a consideration of the factors that appear likely to influence these trends in the future; and of the outlook for commercial as contrasted with a more self-sufficing agriculture.
(Baker.)
A. E. 215 s. Advanced Agricultural Cooperation (2)-Two lectures.

An appraisal of agricultural cooperation as a means of improving the financial status of farmers. More specifically, the course includes a critical analysis and appraisal of specific types and classes of cooperatives.
(Poffenberger.)

## AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION AND RURAL LIFE

Professors Cotterman, Carpenter; Assistant Professor Ahalt.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

R. Ed. 101 f, 102 s. Farm Practicums and Demonstrations (1, 1)-One laboratory. Cannot be used for graduate credit.
This course is designed to assist the student in relating the learning acquired in the several departments of the University with the problems of doing and demonstrating which he faces in the field and in the classroom as a teacher. It aims particularly to check his training in the essential practicums and demonstrations in vocational agriculture, and to introduce him to the conditions under which such activities must be carried on in the patronage areas and laboratories of vocational departments. Laboratory practice in deficiencies required.
(Ahalt.)
R. Ed. 107 s. Observation and the Analysis of Teaching for Agricultural Students (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Required of juniors in Rural Life and Agricultural Education. Elective for others.

This course deals with an analysis of pupil learning in class groups.
(Cotterman, Ahalt.)
R. Ed. 109 f. Teaching Secondary Vocational Agriculture (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, R. Ed. 107 s; A. H. 2 f; D. H. 1 s; P. H. 1; Soils 1; Agron. 1, 2; Hort. 1, 11; Agr. Engr. 101, 104; A. E. 2, 102, 108 f.
A comprehensive course in the work of high school departments of vocational agriculture. It emphasizes particularly placement, supervised farming programs, the organization and administration of Future Farmer work, and objectives and methods in all-day, continuation, and adult instruction.
(Cotterman, Ahalt.)
R. Ed. 110 s. Rural Life and Education (3)-Three lectures.

An intensive study of the educational agencies at work in rural communities, stressing an analysis of school patronage areas, the possibilities of normal life in rural areas, early beginnings in rural education, and the conditioning effects of economic differences. The course is designed especially for persons who expect to be called upon to assist in shaping educational and other community programs for rural people.
(Cotterman.)
R. Ed. 112 s. Departmental Organization and Administration (1)-One lecture. Prerequisites, R. Ed. 107 s, 109 f.
The work of this course is based upon the construction and analysis of administrative programs for high school departments of vocational agriculture. As a project, each student prepares and analyzes in detail an administrative program for a specific school. Investigations and reports.
(Ahalt.)
R. Ed. 114 s. Teaching Farm Mechanics in Secondary Schools (1)—One lecture.
Objectives in the teaching of farm shop and farm mechanics; contemporary developments; determination of projects; shop management; shop pro-
grams; methods of teaching; equipment; materials of construction; special projects.
(Carpenter.)
R Ed. 120 y. Practice Teaching (5 to 6)-First semester, 2 credits. Second semester, 3 to 4 credits. Prerequisites, R. Ed. 107 s, 109 f.
Under the direction of a critic teacher the student in this course is required to analyze and prepare special units of subject matter, plan lessons, and teach in cooperation with the critic teacher, exclusive of observation, not less than 125 clock hours of day class vocational agriculture and related subjects. A sixth semester hour may be earned by supervising home projects in the field not less than twenty-five clock hours, or teaching the equivalent time in part-time or evening classes, or any combination of these three types of work.
(Cotterman.)

## For Graduates

R. Ed. 201 f, 202 s. Rural Life and Education (3, 3)—Prerequisite, R. Ed. 110 s or equivalent.
A sociological approach to rural education as a movement for a good life in rural communities. It embraces a study of the organization, administration, and supervision of the several agencies of public education as component parts of this movement and as forms of social economy and human development. Discussions, assigned readings, and major term papers in the field of the student's special interest.
(Cotterman.)
R. Ed. 207 f, 208 s. Problems in Vocational Agriculture, Related Science, and Shop (2, 2).

In this course special emphasis is placed upon the current problems facing teachers of vocational agriculture. It is designed especially for persons who have had several years of teaching experience in this field. The three phases of the vocational teacher's program-all day, part-time, and adult work-receive attention. Discussions, surveys, investigations, and reports
(Cotterman.)
R. Ed. 250 y. Seminar in Rural Education (2-4).

Problems in the organization, administration, and supervision of the several agencies of rural education. Investigations, papers, and reports.
(Cotterman.)
R. Ed. 251. Research-Credit hours according to work done. Students must be especially qualified by previous work to pursue with profit the research to be undertaken.
(Cotterman.)

## AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Professor Carpenter; Associate Professor Krewatch; Assistant Professor Burkhardt.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Agr. Engr. 101 f. Farm Machinery (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. A study of the design and adjustments of modern horse- and tractordrawn machinery. Laboratory work consists of detailed study of actual machines, their calibration, adjustment, and repair.
(Carpenter.)

Agr. Engr. 102 s. Gas Engines, Tractors, and Automobiles (3)-Two lec tures; one laboratory.
A study of the design, operation, and repair of the various types of internal combustion engines used in farm practice.
(Carpenter.)
Agr. Engr. 104 f. Farm Mechanics (1)-One laboratory.
This course consists of laboratory exercises in practical farm shop and farm equipment repair and construction projects. It is offered primarily for prospective teachers of vocational agriculture. (Carpenter.)

Agr. Engr. 105 f. Farm Buildings (2)-Two lectures.
A study of all types of farm structures; also of farm heating, lighting water supply, and sanitation systems.
(Carpenter.)
Agr. Engr. 107 s. Farm Drainage (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. A study of farm drainage systems, including theory of tile under-drainage, the depth and spacing of laterals, calculation of grades, methods of construction, and the use of engineering instruments. A smaller amount of time will be spent upon drainage by open ditches, and the laws relating thereto.
(Carpenter.)

## AGRONOMY

## Division of Crops

Professor Kemp; Associate Professor Eppley; Mr. A. W. Woods.
Agron. 1 f. Cereal Crop Production (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. History, distribution, adaptation, culture, improvement, and uses of cereal. forage, pasture, cover, and green manure crops.
Agron. 2 s. Forage Crop Production (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Continuation of Agron. 1 f .

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Agron. 102 f. Technology of Crop Quality (1-3)—Students, other than those specializing in agronomy, may register for either portion of the course. Part one (Grading Farm Crops)-one lecture; one laboratory. The market classifications and grades as recommended by the United States Bureau of Markets, and practice in determining grades. Part two (Grain, Hay, and Seed Judging and Identification)-one laboratory. (Eppley.)
Agron. 103 f. Crop Breeding (2)-Prerequisite, Zool. 104 f.
The principles of breeding as applied to field crops, and methods used in crop improvement.
(Kemp.)
Agron. 104 f, 105 s. Selected Crop Studies (1-2, 1-2)—Credit according to work done.
This course is intended primarily to give an opportunity for advanced study of crop problems or crops of special interest to students.
(Staff.)

Agron. 121 s. Methods of Crop and Soil Investigations (2)-Two lectures.
A consideration of agricultural investigation methods at the various experiment stations, and the standardization of such methods. (Staff.)

## For Graduates

Agron. 201 y. Crop Breeding (4-10)-Credits determined by work accomplished.
The content of this course is similar to that of Agron. 103 f , but will be dapted more to graduate students, and more of a range will be allowed in choice of material to suit special cases.
(Kemp.)
Agron. 203 y. Seminar (2)-One report period each week.
The seminar is devoted largely to reports by students on current scientific publications dealing with problems in crops and soils.
(Staff.)
Agron. 209. Research (6-8)-Credit determined by work accomplished.
With the approval of the head of the department, the student will be allowed to work on any problem in agronomy, or he will be given a list of suggested problems from which he may make a selection.
(Staff.)

## Division of Soils

Professor Thomas; Dr. Madigan, Dr. Bodily.
Soils 1 f and s. Soils and Fertilizers (3-5)-Three lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Geol. 1 f , Chem. $1 \mathrm{y}, 12 \mathrm{Ay}$. Lectures may be taken without the laboratory.
A study of the principles involved in soil formation and classification. The influence of physical, chemical, and biological activities on plant growth, together with the use of fertilizers in the maintenance of soil fertility.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Soils 102 s. Soil Management (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Soils 1.
A study of the soil fertility systems of the United States, with special emphasis on the interreiation of total to available plant food, the balance of nutrients in the soil with reference to various cropping systems, and the economic and national aspect of permanent soil improvement. (Thomas.)
Soils 103 f. Soil Geography (3)-Two lectures; one discussion period.
A study of the genealogy of soils, the principal soil regions of North America, and the classification of soils. Field trips will be made to emphasize certain important phases of the subject.
(Thomas.)
Soils 112 s. Soil Conservation (3)-Three lectures.
A study of the factors relating to soil preservation, including the influence of cropping and soil management practices, fertilizer treatments, constructive and destructive agencies of man and nature on conservation, history of research in soil erosion, and field trips to soil demonstration areas.
(Thomas.)

## For Graduates

Soils 201. Special Problems and Research (10-12).
Original investigation of problems in soils and fertılizers.
(Staff.)
Soils 202 y. Soil Science (3-5i f, 2 s)-Three lectures, two laboratories first semester; two lectures, second semester. Prerequisites, geology, soils, and organic and quantitative chemistry. The lectures and laboratory may be taken separately.

A discussion of the physical, chemical, and biological processes involved in the development of soils with special emphasis on soil water, organic matter, structure colloids, base exchange, and plant food deficiencies in their relation to soil fertility: The laboratory involves a study of the methods used in soil investigation.
(Thomas.)
Soils 204 s. Soil Micro-Biology (3)—Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Bact. 1.

A study of the micro-organisms of the soil in relation to fertility. It in cludes the study of the bacteria of the soil concerned in the decomposition of organic matter, nitrogen fixation, nitrification, and sulphur oxidation and reduction, and deals also with such organisms as fungi, algae, and protozoa.

The course includes a critical study of the methods used by experiment stations in soil investigational work.
(Bodily.)

## ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

Professors Leinbach, Meade; Lecturer Finney; Mr. Outhouse,

## Mr. Hensel

A. H. 2 f. Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (3)-Three laboratories. The relation of livestock to agriculture and the nation's welfare. A study of the types, breeds and market classes of beef cattle, sheep, hogs, and horses; systems of livestock farming; functions of shows, sales, breed and livestock associations; general problems in breeding, feeding, and management. Practice will be given in the selection, fitting, showing of livestock; and livestock farm analysis.
A. H. 51 s. Livestock Judging (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, A. H. 2 f.

Training in the judging of beef cattle, sheep, hogs and draft horses. Occasional judging trips are made to farms where outstanding herds and flocks are maintained.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

A. H. 102 f. Feeds and Feeding (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Chem. 1y, 12 Ay.

Elements of nutrition, source, characteristics, and adaptability of the various feeds to the several classes of livestock; feeding standards; the calculation and compounding of rations.
(Meade.)
A. H. 103 s. Principles of Breeding (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory Prerequisite, Zool. 104 f .
The practical aspects of animal breeding, heredity, variation, selection, development, systems of breeding, and pedigree work are considered.
A. H. 104 f. Sheep Production (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, A. H. 2 f. . He Principles underly of the breeds and their adaptability. Breeding, feeding including a study of the breeds and their adaptability. Breeding, market and management of purebred and commercial flocks; the feeding (Outhouse.) lambs. 105 s. Livestock Management (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, A. H. 105
A. H. 2 f.

A thorough livestock management course designed to familiarize students with the practical handling and management of livestock. Students are given actual practice and training in the maintaining, feeding, fitting, and preparation of animals for show and work purposes.
(Outhouse.)
A. H. 106 f. Meat and Meat Products (1)-One laboratory. Prerequisite,
A. H. 2 f. A course designed handling of the nation's meat structural differences which affect the value of meat and meat products. Numerous trips are made to packing houses and meat distributing centers. Numerous trips are made to (Leinbach, Hensel.)
A. H. 107 s. Pork Production (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, A. H. 2 f.

Principles underlying the practical and economical production of hogs; breeding, feeding, and management of purebred and commercial herds; breeds of swine and their adaptability.
A. H. 108 f. Advanced Livestock Judging (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, A. H. 51 s.
An advanced course in the selection and judging of purebred and commercial meat and work animals. Numerous judging trips are made to afford a wider variety of class material. The most adept students enrolled in this course are chosen to represent the University of Maryland in intercollegiate livestock judging contests.
(Outhouse, Leinbach.)
A. H. 109 s . Draft Horse Production (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite,
A. H. 2 f.

Principles underlying the practical and economical production and use of draft horses, including a study of the breeds and their adaptability. (Meade.)
A. H. 110 f. Beef Cattle Production (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, A. H. 2 f.

Principles underlying the practical and economical production of beef cattle, including a study of the breeds and their adaptability; breeding, feed-
ing, and management of purebred and commercial herds; the feeding of (Leinbach.)
A. H. 112 f. Livestock Markets and Marketing (2)-Two lectures. Pre requísite, A. H. 2 f.
History and development of livestock markets and systems of marketin trends of livestock marketing; effect of changes in transportation and refrigeration facilities; the merchandising of meat products. (Leinbach.)
A. H. 114 f. Animal Nutrition (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Chem. 12 A y, A. H. 102 f.
Processes of digestion, absorption, and metabolism of nutrients; nutri tional balances; nature of nutritional requirements for growth, production and reproduction
(Meade.)
A. H. 116 f. Light Horse Production (1)-One lecture.

A study of the light horse breeds with emphasis on the types and useful ness of each. A full discussion of principles of selection and breeding of light horses is included in this course.
(Finney, Brueckner, Outhouse.)
A. H. 117 s. Advanced Light Horse Production (1)-One lecture. Pre requisite, A. H. 116 f.
This course is a continuation of A. H. 116 f . Included is a study of the organization of the light horse farm, proper methods of feeding and training, control of disease, treatment and care of injuries, sale of surplus stock
(Brueckner, Finney, Outhouse.)

## For Graduates

A. H. 201 f or s. Special Problems in Animal Husbandry (2-3)—Credit iven in proportion to amount of work completed.
Problems which relate specifically to the character of work the student is pursuing will be assigned
(Staff.)
A. H. 202 f or s. Seminar (1).

Students are required to prepare papers based upon current scientific presentation relating to animal husbandry or upon their research work for presentation before and discussion by the class.
(Staff.)
A. H. 203. Research-Credit to be determined by the amount and character of work done
With the approval of the head of the department, students will be required to pursue original research in some phase of animal husbandry, carry the same to completion, and report the results in the form of a thesis.
A. H. 204 s. Advanced Breeding (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisitest (Staff.) 104 f, A. H. 103 s . f, A. H. 103 s .
This course deals with the more technical phases of heredity, variation recombination, and mutation; selection and selection indices; breeding sys tems; specific inheritance in farm animals; biometry as applied to anima breeding.
(Meade.)
A. H. 206 f, 207 s. Advanced Livestock Management (3, 3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
An intensive study of the newer developments in animal breeding, animal physiology, animal nutrition, endocrinology and other closely allied fields as these apply to the management and commercial production of livestock
(Leinbach.)
*ART

## Professor Marti; Associate Professor Highby.

Art 1 f. Art in Ancient Civilization (2)-Two lectures
Egypt and the Ancient Near East up to 1000 B. C. A survey of the architectural remains, sculpture, painting, and minor arts of Egypt, Sumeria, Babylonia, and Palestine. Attention is given to the stages of human history and cultural development reflected in the archaeological and artistic remains. Lectures are freely illustrated by slides. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Art 2 f. Art in Ancient Civilization (2)-Two lectures.
The Near East after 1000 B. C. and the Pre-Greek Civilization of the Eastern Mediterranean. Hittite, Assyrian, and Persian art are chiefly considered in the first half of the course. The important archaeological discoveries of Heinrich Schliemann and Sir Arthur Evans at Troy, the Greek mainland, and in Crete are then treated in detail. Conducted with the use of slides.
Art 3 s. Art in Classical Civilization (2)-Two lectures.
Greek art: Architecture, sculpture, and vase-painting. The course covers the archaeic period, treats in detail the highly developed art-forms of the Golden Age, and shows the main trends in the late Greek or Hellenistic era. Emphasis is placed on the interrelation between motifs as they appear on art objects and in Greek literature. Lectures illustrated by slides.
Art 4 s. Art in Classical Civilization (2)-Two lectures.
Monuments of Ancient Rome: A survey of the architectural remains and decorative art of the Romans. The related Etruscan art development will also be briefly considered, as well as the remains of Pompeii and important outlying sites in the Roman world. The study of the monuments in Rome itself will be carried to the early Christian period. Illustrated with slides. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Art 11 s. Medieval Art (2)-Two lectures.
An introduction to the figurative arts, and to the development of style. European architecture, sculpture, and painting, from the third century A. D. to the Renaissance, studied by means of slides. (Not given in 1941-42.) Art 12 s. Modern Art (2)-Two lectures.
Similar to Art 11 s. European art from the Renaissance to the present. Illustrated lectures. Occasional visits to the museums in Washington.

* For other courses in Art see page 335.

Art 21 f. German Art (2)-Two lectures
A survey of the development of German architecture, sculpture, painting and graphic art, from the time of Charlemagne to the early twentieth cen, tury. Similar developments in German literature will be considered. A knowledge of German is desirable, though not a prerequisite.

## Art 22 f. French Art (2)-Two lectures.

Similar to Art 21 f. French art from Charlemagne to the present. Simi lar developments in French literature will be considered. A knowledge of French is desirable, though not a prerequisite

Art 23 f. Italian Art (2)-Two lectures.
A study of the development of Italian art since the third century A. D., with special emphasis on the Renaissance and the Baroque. Reference will be made to Italian history and literature. Occasional visits to the Mellon Gallery.

Art 51 f. Principles of Art Appreciation (2)-Two lectures. Open to upper classmen and by special permission to sophomores.
A course designed to help those who seek the proper approach to figurative art, and the best enjoyment of it. Lectures illustrated with slides showing sample works from the fields of architecture, sculpture, painting, and graphic art. Class discussion of principles. Occasional visits to the museums in Washington

The increasing art activities in our schools confront teachers with the task of guiding their pupils to an intelligent appreciation of contemporary creations as well as of older works of art. A reasonable amount of time will be given to the pedagogical application of the principles studied in this course. (Not given in 1941-42.)

## ASTRONOMY

## Mr. N. A. Gilbert.

Astr. 101 y. Astronomy (4)-Two lectures. Elective, but open only to juniors and seniors.

An elementary course in descriptive astronomy.
('Gilbert.)
BACTERIOLOGY*
Professors James, Black; Assistant Professor Faber; Dr. Bodily,
Dr. Speck, Mr. Nolte, Mr. Snyder, Mr. McBee, Mr. Harvey, Mrs. Goldsmith.

## A. Bacteriology

Bact. 1 f and s. General Bacteriology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Sophomore standing.
A brief history of bacteriology; microscopy; morphology; classification; metabolism; bacterial enzymes; application to water, milk, foods, and soils;
*One or more of the scheduled courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates may be given during the evening, if a sufficient number of students register. A special fee is charged.
relationship to disease and to the industries. Preparation of culture media sterilization and disinfection; microscopic and macroscopic examination of bacteria; isolation, cultivation, and identification of bacteria; effects of physical and chemical agents. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Bact. 1 Af and s. General Bacteriology (2)—Two lectures. Sophomore standing.
This course consists of the lectures only of Bact. 1 .
Bact. 2 s. Pathogenic Bacteriology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Sophomore standing. Prerequisite, Bact. 1. Registration limited.
Principles of infection and immunity; characteristics of pathogenic microorganisms. Isolation and identification of bacteria from pathological material; effects of pathogens and their products. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.

Bact. 2 A s. Pathogenic Bacteriology (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Bact. 1 and sophomore standing.
This course consists of the lectures only of Bact. 2 s .
Bact. 3 s. Household Bacteriology (3)—One lecture; two laboratories. Junior year. Home Economics students only.
A brief history' of bacteriology; bacterial morphology, classification, and metabolism; their relation to water, milk, dairy products, and other foods; infection and immunity; personal, home, and community hygiene. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Bact. 4 s. Elements of Sanitary Bacteriology (1)—One lecture. Senior year. Engineering students only.
Bacteria and their application to water purification and sewage disposal.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Bact. 101 f. Milk Bacteriology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bact. 1. Registration limited.
The sources and development of bacteria in milk; milk fermentation; sanitary production; care and sterilization of equipment; care and preservation of milk and cream; pasteurization; public health requirements. Standard methods of milk analysis; the bacteriological control of milk supplies and plant sanitation; occasional inspection trips. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(Black.)
Bact. 102 s. Dairy Products Bacteriology (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bact. 1. Bact. 101 f desirable.
Relation of bacteria, yeasts, and molds to cream, concentrated milks, fermented milks, starters, butter, ice cream, cheese, and other dairy products; sources of contamination. Microbiological analysis and control; occasional inspection trips. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(Black.)

Bact. 111 f. Food Bacteriology (3)-One lecture; two laboratories Prerequisite, Bact. 1. Registration limited.
Bacteria, yeasts, and molds in foods; relation to preservation and spoil age; sanitary production and handling; food infections and intoxications Microbiological examination of normal and spoiled foods; factors affecting preservation. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Bact. 112 s. Sanitary Bacteriology (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bact. 1. Registration limited.
Bacteriological and public health aspects of water supplies and water purification; swimming pool sanitation; sewage disposal; disposal of garbage and refuse; municipal sanitation. Standard methods for examination of water and sewage and for other sanitary analyses; differentiation and (Black.)
Bact. 113 f and s. Advanced Methods (2)-One lecture; one laboratory.
Prerequisite, Bacteriology, hours. Registration limited.
Microscopy, dark field technic; photomicrography; colorimetric and potentiometric determinations; oxidation-reduction; electrophoresis; surface tension; gas analysis; special culture methods; filtration; staining techniques and preparation of dye solutions; advanced study in reagent prepara. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(Bodily.)
Bact. 2 s . Registration (imited. Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite,
Infection and resistance; age
Infection and resistance; agglutination, precipitation, complement fixa tion reactions; principles of immunity and hypersensitiveness. Prepara tion of necessary reagents; general immunologic technic; factors affecting disease. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.

Ber 110 . $\$ 8.00$.
(Faber.)
credit or registration in Bact. 116 s. Epidemiogy lectures. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and
Epidemiology of important infectious diseases, including history, characteristic features, methods of transmission, immunization and control; periodicity; principles of investigation; public health applications. Offered al-
ternate years. ernate years.
(Faber.)
Bact. 117 s . Public Health (1)-One lecture. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, 2 s. A series of weekly lectures on public health and its administration, by ing each of the burs of the Maryland State Department of Health, representing each of the bureaus and divisions. Offered alternate years, alternating with Bact. 116 s. (Not offered 1941-1942.)
(James.)
Bact. 118 s. Systematic Bacteriology (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Bacteriology, 10 hours.
History of bacterial classification; genetic relationships; international codes of nomenclature; bacterial variation as it affects classification Offered alternate years.
(James.)

Bact. 123 f, 124 s. Bacteriological Problems (2, 2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, 2 s and any other courses needed for the projects. Registration limited.
This course is arranged as an introduction to research. Subject matter suitable to the needs of the particular student or problem will be arranged. The problems are to be selected, outlined, and investigated in consultation with and under the supervision of a member of the department. Results are to be presented in the form of a thesis. No graduate credit for students majoring in Bacteriology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(Staff.)
Bact. 125 f. Clinical Methods (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bact. 2 s or consent of instructor.
Methods for microscopic examination of blood; bacteriological examina tion of sputum, feces and spinal fluids; microscopic and routine chemical methods for examination of urine. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$. (Faber.)
Bact. 131 f, 132 s. Journal Club (1, 1)-Prerequisites, Bact. 1, 2 s.
Students will submit reports on current scientific literature or on individual problems in bacteriology, which will be discussed and criticised by members of the class and staff. No graduate credit for students majoring in Bacteriology.
(Black.)

## For Graduates

Bact. 205 f. Research Methods (1)-One lecture. Prerequisite, Bacteriology, 6 hours.
Methods of research; library practice; current literature; preparation of papers; research institutions, laboratory design, equipment and supplies; academic practices; professional aids.
(Black.)
Bact. 207 f, 208 s. Special Topics (1, 1)-Prerequisite, Bacteriology, 10 hours.
Presentation and discussion of fundamental problems and special subjects.
(Black.)
Bact. 211 f. Bacterial Metabolism (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, Chem. 12 y , or equivalent.
Growth, nutrition, physiological inter-relationships; bacterial enzymes; respiration; fermentations; chemical activities of micro-organisms; industrial fermentations.
(Black.)
Bact. 221. Research (1-6)-Credit will be determined by the amount and character of the work accomplished. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, 2 s and any other courses needed for the particular project.
Properly qualified students will be admitted upon approval of the department head and with his approval the student may select the subject for research. The investigation is outlined in consultation with and pursued under supervision of a faculty member of the department. Iaboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$ per credit hour.
(Staff.)
Bact. 231 f, 232 s. Seminar (2, 2)-Prerequisite, Bacteriology, 10 hours. Discussions and reports prepared by the student on current research, selected subjects, and recent advances in bacteriology.
(James.)

## B. Food Technology*

F. Tech. 1 s. Introduction to Food Technology (1)-One lecture. Discussions of the general phases of study comprising food technology.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

F. Tech. 100 f. Food Microscopy (2)—Two laboratories.

Microscopical analysis of foods following the methods used in the Federal Government and other agencies. Studies of the structural composition of agricultural and manufactured foods. Use of microscopic tests in factory control and analyses. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(James.)
F. Tech. 108 s. Preservation of Poultry Products (2)—Two laboratories Prerequisite, Bact. 1.
Studies of the microbiology of poultry, alive and during storage; microbiology of shell eggs, fresh and during storage; microbiology of frozen and dried eggs. This is taught in cooperation with department of Poultry Husbandry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(James, Gwin.)
F. Tech. 110 f. Regulatory Control (1)-One lecture and demonstration

Methods followed in the control of foods in interstate and intrastate commerce. Consideration of laboratory basis of standards of control
(James.)
F. Tech. 120 s. Food Sanitation (2)—Lecture, laboratory, and field work. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, 111 f or equivalent. Enrollment limited, with preference given to students majoring in this field.

Principles of sanitation in food manufacture and distribution; methods of control of sanitation in commercial canning, pickling, bottling, preserving, refrigeration, dehydration, etc. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
F. Tech. 130 y. Technology Conference (2)-One lecture.

Reports and discussions of current developments in the field of food technology.
(James.)

## BOTANY

Professors Appleman, Norton, Jehle, Bamford; Assistant Professors Brown, Woods, Shirk; Mr. Jones, Miss Kemp, Mr. Haney, Mr. Pierce, Mr. Stewart.

## A. Géneral Botany and Morphology

Bot. 1 f. General Botany (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
General introduction to botany, touching briefly on all phases of the subject. The chief aim in this course is to present fundamental biological principles rather than to lay the foundation for professional botany. The student is also acquainted with the true nature and aim of botanical science, its methods, and the value of its results. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.

[^21]Bot. 2 s. Introductory Botany (3)-Two lectures; one demonstration or laboratory.
A course similar to Bot. 1 f , except that only one demonstration or lab oratory period is required. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Bot. 3 s. General Botany (4)—Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f or 2 s .
A continuation of Bot. 1 f. A brief study of algae, fungi, liverworts, mosses, ferns and their relatives, and the seed plants. The evolutional relationships of these groups is emphasized. The identification of local plants by use of manuals and keys is introduced. Several field trips will be arranged. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Bot. 101 f. Plant Anatomy (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f .
The origin and development of the organs and tissue systems in the vascular plants, with special emphasis on the structures of roots, stems, and leaves. Reports of current literature are required. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

Bot. 103 f or s. Plant Taxonomy (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 3 s.
Classification of the vegetable kingdom, and the principles on which classification is based; methods of taxonomic research in field, garden, herbarium, and library. The identification of plants is continued. Each student works on a special problem during some of the laboratory time.
(Brown, Norton.)
Bot. 104 f. Advanced Plant Taxonomy (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 103.
Principles and criteria of plant taxonomy. Reviews and criticisms of current taxonomic literature. Emphasis on the identification and recognition of the Compositae and other species blooming in the fall. Each student works on a special problem during the laboratory time.
(Norton.)
Bot. 105 s. Economic Plants (2)-Two lectures.
The names, taxonomic position, native and commercial geographic distribution, and use of the leading economic plants of the world are studied. A collection of plant products from markets, stores, factories, etc., is made by students to illustrate the useful plants both in the natural form and as used by man.
(Norton.)
Bot. 106 f. History and Philosophy of Botany (1)-One lecture.
Discussion of the development of ideas and knowledge about plants, also a survey of contemporary work in botanical science.
(Norton.)
Bot. 107 f or s. Plant Microtechnique (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f .
Principles and methods involved in the preparation of permanent micro-
scope slides of plant materials. Practice with the most generally used techniques on a variety of tissues. An opportunity for the student to make a private collection of several hundred slides. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$
(Brown.)
Bot. 108 f and s . Undergraduate Seminar (1).
Discussion of current literature, problems, and progress in botany. For undergraduate majors and minors; no graduate credit given. (Brown.)

## For Graduates

Bot. 201 s. Cytology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bot. 1 f , Zool. 104 f , or equivalent.
A detailed study of the cell during its metabolic and reproductive stages The major portion is devoted to chromosomes in mitosis and meiosis, and the relation of these stages to current theories of heredity and evolution The laboratory involves the preparation, examination, and illustration of cytological material by current methods. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(Bamford.)
Bot. 202 s. Plant Morphology (2)-Two lectures and demonstrations. Prerequisites, Bot. $1 \mathrm{f}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 101 \mathrm{f}$.
A comparative study of the morphology of the flowering plants, with special reference to their phylogeny and development. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(Bamford.)
Bot. 203 f and s. Seminar (1).
The study of special topics in plant morphology, anatomy, and cytology. (Bamford.)
Bot. 204. Research.-Credit according to work done. (Norton, Bamford.)
Note: See announcement on page 390 for further botany courses given at the Chesapeake Biological Laboratory.

## B. Plant Pathology

Plt. Path. 1 f. Diseases of Plants (3-4)-Two lectures; one or two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f or equivalent.

An introductory study in the field, in the laboratory, and in the literature, of symptoms, causal agents, and control measures of plants. The work is so arranged that a student may devote part of his time to the important diseases of the plants in which he is particularly interested. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

Courses for Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Plt. Path. 101 f, 102 s. Diseases of Special Crops (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Plt. Path. 1 f or equivalent.
First semester, diseases of fruits and ornamentals; second semester, diseases of garden and field crops. (With consent of department, student may register and receive credit for one semester only.) Intended for students of plant pathology, horticulture, agronomy, entomology, who wish
obtain more detailed information on diseases of special crops than is vailable in Plt. Path. 1 f. Lectures are given by different members of the staff who are specialists in the fields covered.

Plt. Path. 103 f, 104 s. Research Methods. (1, 1-2)-One conference; aboratory according to credit desired. Prerequisite, Plt. Path. 1 f or equivalent. Graduate credit not given.
Students who are interested in obtaining advanced training in basic technics such as preparation of phytopathological culture media, cultural methods, isolation of pathogens, and other essential procedures, should register for two credits in 104 s . Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$ per semester.
(Staff.)
Plt. Path. 106 f and s. Seminar (1).
Conferences and reports on plant pathological literature and on recent
Plt. Path. 108 f. Mycology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f.
An introductory study of the morphology, life histories, classifications, and economics of the fungi. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(Norton, Woods.)

## For Graduates

Plt. Path. 201 s. Virus Diseases (2-3)-Two lectures; or two lectures, one laboratory.
Consideration of the physical, chemical, and physiological aspects of plant viruses and plant virus diseases. The laboratory credit is earned by partially independent work. The instructor should be consulted before registering for laboratory credit. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$. (Woods.)
Plt. Path. 203 f. Non-Parasitic Diseases (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
Effects of maladjustment of plants to their environment; injuries due to climate, soil, gases, dust, sprays, fertilizers, improper treatment, and other detrimental conditions. (Not given in 1941-1942.)
Plt. Path. 205. Research-Credit according to work done.
(Staff.)
Plt. Path. 206 f. Plant Disease Control (3)-Three lectures.
An advanced course dealing with the theory and practices of plant disease control. A good general knowledge of elementary plant pathology is presupposed.
(Jeffers, Jehle, McClellan, Cox, Woods.)
Plt. Path. 209 f. Advanced Seminar (1)-One two-hour meeting, biweekly.

Attention is given to the advanced technical literature of phytopathology (Woods.)

## C. Plant Physiology

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Plt. Phys. 101 f. Plant Physiology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f .
A summary view of the general physiological activities of plants. The aim in this course is to stress principles rather than factual details. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(Brown.)
Plt. Phys. 102 s . Plant Ecology (3)-Two lectures; one field trip. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f.
The study of plants in relation to their environments. Plant formations and successions in various parts of the country are briefly treated. Much of the work, especially the practical, must be carried on in the field, and for this purpose type regions adjacent to the University are selected Students pay cost of field trips.
(Brown.)

## For Graduates

Plt. Phys. 201 s. Plant Biochemistry (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, an elementary knowledge of plant physiology and organic chemistry.
An advanced course in plant physiology, in which the chemical aspects are especially emphasized. It deals with the important substances in the composition of the plant body and with the important processes in plant lif Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$. (Not given in 1941-1942.)
Plt. Phys. 202 A f. Plant Biophysics (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Bot. 1 f, Plt. Phys. 101 f , or equivalent
An advanced course dealing with the operation of physical forces in plant life processes. Students electing this course should elect Plt. Phys 202 Bf.
(Appleman, Shirk.)
Plt. Phys. 202 B f. Biophysical Methods (2)-Two laboratories. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3$.
(Shirk.)
Plt. Phys. 203 s. Plant Microchemistry (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Bot. 1 f , Chem. 1 y , or equivalents.
The isolation, identification, and localization of organic and inorganic substances found in plant tissues by micro-technical methods. The use of these methods in the study of metabolism in plants is emphasized. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(Brown.)
Plt. Phys. 204 f. Growth and Development (2)-(Not given in 19411942.)
(Appleman.)
Plt. Phys. 205 f or s. Mineral Nutrition Seminar (1).
Students are required to prepare reports on papers in the current literature. These are discussed in connection with the recent advances in the subject.
(Appleman.)

Plt. Phys. 206. Research.-Credit according to work done. Students must be specially qualified by previous work to pursue with profit the research to be undertaken.

## BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION $\ddagger$

Professors Stevens, Wedeberg, Gruchy; Lecturer Riggleman; Associate professors Marshall, Bennett, Wyckoff; Assistant Professors Gay, Cissel, Fisher, Kirkpatrick, Clark; Mr. Reid, Mr. Mullin,

> Mr. Shirley, Mr. Benton, Mr. Peregoff.

Some of the specialized courses in the following lists may be offered only in alternate years, whenever prospective enrollments therein do not justify repeating annually. Such courses are indicated by an asterisk.

## A. Accounting

Acct. 51 y. Principles of Accounting (8)-Three lectures; one lab oratory.
This course has two aims, namely, to give the prospective business man an idea of accounting as a means of control, and to serve as a basic course for advanced and specialized accounting. A study is made of methods and procedures of accounting in the sole proprietorship, partnership, and corporation.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Acct. 101 f, 102 s. Advanced Accounting (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Acct. 51 y.
Advanced theory and problems in connection with the following: work ing papers; statements; corporations; actuarial science; cash; accounts receivable; notes and acceptances; inventories; consignments; installment sales; tangible fixed assets; intangible assets; investments; liabilities; funds and reserves; correction of statements and books; comparative statements; the analysis of working capital; miscellaneous ratios; profit and loss analysis; and statement of application of funds.
(Cissel.)
Acct. 121 f. Cost Accounting (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Acct. 51 y .
The need and value of cost accounting; cost systems and cost classifications; classification of accounts; subsidiary ledgers and cost records; outline of specific order cost accounting; accounting for material; material storage and consumption; valuation of materials; accounting for labor costs; special features of accounting for labor cost; accounting for manufacturing expense; distribution of service department costs; distribution of manufacturing expense to production; control of distribution cost; monthly closing entries. Theory, problems, and practice set.
(Cissel.)
$\ddagger$ See also related courses in Economics, in Agricultural Economics, especially A. E. 1 f ,
$2 \mathrm{~s}, 102 \mathrm{~s}, 104 \mathrm{~s}, 106 \mathrm{~s}, 109 \mathrm{y}, 210 \mathrm{~s}, 211 \mathrm{f}, 212 \mathrm{f}, 213 \mathrm{~s}, 214 \mathrm{~s}$, and 215 s ; and in Psychology, especially Psych. $4 \mathrm{f}, 141 \mathrm{~s}$, and 160 f .

Acct. 122 s. Advanced Cost Accounting (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Acct. 121 f.
Preparation of analytical statements; comparative statements; process cost accounting; standard costs; analysis of variances; accounting for standard costs; estimating cost systems; special considerations; arguments for and against including interest on investments; graphic charts; uniform methods. A discussion of advanced theory and problems. (Cissel.)

Acct. 149. Apprenticeship in Public Accounting. (0)-Open only to seniors in the upper ten per cent of the class. Prerequisites, Acct. 171 f , 172 s , (credit or concurrent registration).

A one month's apprenticeship with nationally known firms from about January 15 to February 15.

Acct. 161 f. Income Tax Procedure (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Acct. 102 s .

Income tax in theory and practice. Selected cases and problems illustrating the definition of taxable income of individuals, corporations, and estates.
(Wedeberg.)
Acct. 171 f, 172 s. Auditing Theory and Practice (2, 2)—One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Acct. 102 s.

Principles of auditing, including a study of different kinds of audits, the preparation of reports, and illustrative cases or problems. (Cissel.)

Acct. 181 f, 182 s. Specialized Accounting (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Acct. 102 s.
Accounting for partnerships; ventures; insurance; receiverships; branches; consolidations; mergers; foreign exchange; estates and trusts; budgets; public accounts; savings banks; commercial banks; national banks; building and loan associations; stock brokerage; consignments; department stores; real estate; extractive industries; hotels; government; electric utilities; and others.
(Wedeberg.)
Acct. 186 s. C. P. A. Problems (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, consent of the instructor.
This course is arranged to coordinate all previous work in accounting with special emphasis on the solution of practical C. P. A. problems and the discussion of C. P. A. theory.
(Wedeberg.)

## For Graduates

Acct. 228 f, 229 s. Accounting Systems (3, 3)—Prerequisites, Acct. $181 \mathrm{f}, 182 \mathrm{~s}$. Students who do not have these prerequisites must attend all classes in Acct. 181 f, 182 s concurrently.

A discussion of the more difficult problems in connection with the industries covered in Acct. $181 \mathrm{f}, 182 \mathrm{~s}$. Also includes the statement of affairs; realization and liquidation account; parent and subsidiary accounting; and financing.
(Wedeberg.)

Acct. 298 f, 299 s. Special Problems in Accounting (3)-Prerequisites, preliminary courses in the field of specialization, and permission of the instructor.
Investigations of specific problems, as directed by individual conferences with the instructor. The subjects selected for investigation may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.
(Wedeberg.)

## B. Finance $\ddagger$

Fin. 53 s. Money and Banking (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s.
An analysis of the basic principles of money and credit; the history of money; the operations of the commercial banking system.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Fin. 105 f.* Consumer Financing (3)--Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s, or 57 , Fin. 53 s .
The economics of installment selling; methods of financing the consumer; and operations of the personal finance company. (Gruchy.)
Fin. 106 f. Public Finance (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s, or 57.
The nature of public expenditures, sources of revenue, taxation, and budgeting. Special emphasis on the practical, social, and economic prob-

Fin. 111 f. Corporation Finance (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s , or 57, Acct. 51 y.
The organization and financing of a business enterprise. Types of securities and their utilization in apportioning income, risk, and control. Problems of capitalization, refunding, reorganization, and expansion. Prourement of capital. Public regulation of the sale of securities.
(Stevens, Mullin.)
Fin. 115 f. Investments (3)-Prerequisite, Fin. 111 f.
Sources of information for the investor. Classes of investments, governent bonds, municipals, real estate mortgages, public utilities, railroads, industrial securities, movement of security prices, analysis of financial statements, adapting the investment policy to the purpose and needs of the investor.
(Stevens, Mullin.)
Econ. 51 f, 52 s.
Fin. 116 s.* Investment Banking (3) Panking instituA study of the functions and market for long-term credit, and with tions and their relation to the market for long-term emphasis on the trends and problems of investment banking. (Gruchy.) in 1941-42.)
$\ddagger$ See also related courses in Agricultural Economics, especially A. E. 104 s, 210 s, and 211 f .

Fin. 118 f.* Stock and Commodity Exchanges (3)—Prerequisites, Econ An and
An analysis of the operations of the various exchanges. Brokerage in 1941-42.) (Gruchy.)
Fin. 121 s.* Advanced Banking Principles and Practic sites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s, or 57 , Fin. 53 s
The incorporation, organization,
of departments and problems of cund operation of banks. Functions governmental regulation. (Gruchy.)
Fin. 125 f.* Credits and Collections (3)-Prerequisite, Acct. 51 y
Nature and function of credit and use of credit instruments. Principles
of credit investigation and analysis. The work of the credit manager
Fin. 129 s.* International Finane
Fin. 53 s .
Foreign exchange theory and practice tary and banking problems. International International aspects of monelem and the Bank for International Settlements markets. The gold prob

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\text { Fin. } 143 \text { f. Pronerty }
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(Gay.)
sites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s.

> Insurance (2)—Prerequi
risks and casualty cean marine and inland marine insurance; liability insurance, coverages. Analysis surety and fidelity bonds; and miscellaneous application of insurance law.

Fin. 144 f. Life, Group and
$51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$
(2)-Prerequisites, Econ. premiums, functions of the reserve, life kinds of policies, net and gross lation, industrial insurance resve, life insurance investments, state reguopment and present status of social insura and annuity contracts. Develeconomic significance of state.
(Fisher.)
Fin. 149 f, s, or S. Supervised Practice in Finance (2) Pr credit or concurrent registration in Fin. 53 s and any specialized finance Fin. $105 \mathrm{f}, 106 \mathrm{f}, 111 \mathrm{f}$, understanding of a particular business, such as 151 s . Consent of the instructor $116 \mathrm{~s}, 118 \mathrm{f}, 125 \mathrm{f}, 129 \mathrm{~s}, 143 \mathrm{f}, 144 \mathrm{f}$, or 151 s . Consent of the instructor is necessary; this will not be given unless
the position arranged for a given registrant in a commercial business is of such a nature that effective experience can be obtained.
This practice in actual work in an approved financial institution under guidance may be arranged for any period of the year. The method of individual conferences reports, and supervised collateral reading is utilized.
(Gruchy.)
Fin. 151 s.* Real Estate (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s, or 57.
The principles and practices involved in owning, operating, merchandising, leasing, and appraising real estate and real estate investments.
(Bennett.)
Fin. 199 s. Financial Analysis and Control (3)-Prerequisites, senior standing or consent of instructor, and Fin. 111 f.
Internal administration of a business from the viewpoint of the chief executive. Departmentalization and functionalization, anticipation and budgetary control of sales, purchases, production, inventory, expenses, and assets. The coordination of financial administration. Policy determination, analysis, and testing.
(Stevens, Fisher.)

## For Graduates

Fin. 229 for s. Special Problems in Finance (1-3)—Prerequisites, graduate standing, preliminary courses in the field of specialization, and permission of the instructor.
Individual study of specific problems as directed by the instructor. The subjects selected for investigation may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.
(Stevens, Gruchy.)
C. Marketing, Merchandising, and Sales Administration $\ddagger$

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Mkt. 101 f. Principles of Marketing (3)—Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s, or 57.
A study of the fundamental principles of assembling and dispersing manufactured goods; functions of wholesale and retail middlemen; branch house distribution; mail order and chain store distribution; price and price policies; cash and quality discounts; price maintenance; and a discussion of the problem of distribution costs.
(Bennett.)
Mkt. 106 s. Salesmanship (2)—Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s or 57, Mkt. 101 f or consent of the instructor.
An analysis of the fundamental principles of salesmanship and the technique of personal presentation of ideas, goods, and services. Analysis of customer buying motives, habits, and sales reactions. (Kirkpatrick, Reid.)
$\ddagger$ See also related courses in Agricultural Economics, especially A. E. $102 \mathrm{~s}, 103 \mathrm{f}$, 105 s, 106 s , and 215 s ; and in Psychology, especially Psych. $4 \mathrm{f}, 140 \mathrm{f}$, and 141 s .

Mkt. 108 s. Salesmanagement (2)-Prerequisite, credit or concurrent registration in Mkt. 106 s
The structure and function of the sales organization and its relation to the activities of the production and other departments. Building, training equipping, stimulating, and supervising a sales force. (Reid.)
Mkt. 109 f. Principles of Advertising (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f 52 s , or 57.

Functions and economic implications of advertising; selection and adap tation of media to various lines of business. Layouts, copy writing and campaign planning. Objectives, appropriations, and measurements of
(Mullin.)
Mkt. 115 s.* Purchasing Technique (3)—Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s, or 57.
Ascertaining sources of supply; substitutes; utilization of catalogues, files, pooled information, and cooperative purchasing; buying on specifications, sampling, testing, bargaining, terms, discounts, relations with salesmen. Procurement, analysis, and interpretation of market and price data. Materials control. Interdepartmental and office organization.
(Kirkpatrick.)
Mkt. 119 s.* Retail Store Management and Merchandising (3)—Preequisite, Mkt. 101 f
Retail store organization, location, and store policy; pricing policies, price lines, brands, credit policies; records as a guide to buying; budgetary control of inventory and expenses; purchasing methods; supervision of selling; training and supervision of retail sales force; administrative (Kirkpatrick).
Mkt. 149 f, s, or S. Supervised Practice in Marketing (2)—Prerequisites, credit or concurrent registration in Mkt. 101 f , and any specialized market ing course needed for proper understanding of a particular business, such as Mkt. $106 \mathrm{~s}, 108 \mathrm{~s}, 109 \mathrm{f}, 115 \mathrm{~s}$, or 119 s . Consent of the instructor is necessary; this will not be given unless the position assigned for a give registrant in a commercial business is of such a nature that effectiv experience can be obtained. This internship may be arranged for any period of the year.

Practice in actual marketing work under guidance. The method of individual conferences, reports, and supervised collateral reading is utilized. (Stevens, Reid, Mullin.)
Mkt. 199 s. Marketing Research and Market Policies (3)-Prerequisite nine credit hours in marketing.
A study of the methods and problems involved in marketing research.
(Stevens, Bennett.)

## For Graduates

Mkt. 229 f or s. Problems in Marketing (1-3)-Prerequisites, graduate standing, preliminary courses in the field of specialization, and permission f the instructor
Individual study of specific problems as directed by the instructor. The subjects selected for investigation may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.
(Staff.)

## D. Trade and Transportation $\ddagger$

T. and T. 1 f. Economic Geography (3)-For freshmen. Sophomores admitted with consent of instructor.
A study of economic and physical factors which are responsible for the location of industries and which influence the production, distribution, and exchange of goods throughout the world. This course deals primarily with regional geography; that is, the industrial development and commerce of the separate regions and countries with especial reference to the U. S.
T. and T. 4 s . Development of Commerce and Industry (3)-For freshmen. Sophomores admitted with consent of instructor.
Ancient and medieval economic organization. The guild, domestic, and mercantile systems. The industrial revolution, laissez-faire, modern industrial and commercial organizations in Europe and America. Post-war restrictions on commerce.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

T. and T. 101 f. Principles of Foreign Trade (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$, T. and T. $1 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$, or consent of instructor
A study of the basic principles and practices of foreign trade, its development and significance in relation to domestic commerce and national development. Modern commercial policies, the tariff controversy, and the growth of economic nationalism.
(Gay.)
T. and T. 102 s. World Resources and Industries (3).

Economic, political and geographic factors affecting the distribution of industries. Problems of industrial migration, land utilization, and regional planning. Effects of resource patterns upon current world economic and political developments.
(Gay.)
T. and T. 111 f. Principles of Transportation (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$, or 57 .
A study of the development of transportation facilities in the United States, and the regulatory measures that have accompanied this develop-
$\ddagger$ See also related courses in Agricultural Economics, especially A. E. 1 f, 212 f, and 213 s.
ment. The principles of railway rates and tariffs and their effects on agricultural and business organization. Changing transportation methods; the modern "railroad problem."
T. and T. 121 s.* Export and Import Trade Procedure (3)-Prerequisite, T. and T. 101 f .

Functions of various exporting agencies; documents and procedures used in exporting and importing transactions. Methods of procuring goods in foreign countries; financing of import shipments; clearing through the customs districts; and distribution of goods in the United States. Field trips are arranged to study actual import and export procedure. A nomina fee is collected before each trip to cover expenses incurred. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Gay.)
T. and T. 148 f, s, or S. Supervised Practice in Transportation (2) Prerequisites, credit or concurrent registration in T. and T. 111 f and any other"specialized course needed for proper understanding of a particular type of transportation enterprise. Consent of the instructor is necessary; this will not be given unless the position arranged for a given registrant in a commercial business is of such a nature that effective experience can be obtained.

This practical work under guidance in an approved transportation agency may be arranged for any period during the year. The method of individual conferences, reports, and supervised collateral reading is utilized. (Gay.)
T. and T. 149 f, s, or S. Supervised Practice in Foreign Trade (2)—Prerequisites, credit or concurrent registration in T. and T. 101 f and any other specialized course needed for proper understanding of a particular business, such as T. and T. 111 f , and 121 s . Consent of the instructor is necessary; this will not be given unless the, position arranged for a given registrant in a commercial business is of such a nature that effective experience can be obtained.

This practical work under guidance in an approved exporting or import ing house may be arranged for any period during the year. The method of individual conferences, reports, and supervised collateral reading is utilized.
(Gay.)

## For Graduates

T. and T. 229.s. Problems in Foreign Trade (1-3)-Prerequisites, graduate standing, preliminary courses in the field of specialization, and permission of the instructor.

Individual study of specific problems as directed by the instructor. The subjects selected for investigation may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.
(Gay.)

## Organization and Management

O. and M. 51 f. Elements of Business (2)-Prerequisites, junior standing and consent of instructor.
A rapid survey of the elements of business and of the management of personal finances for non-Commerce students.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

O. and M. $101 \mathrm{~s}, 102 \mathrm{f}$. Business Law (3, 3)-Section A is limited to majors in Accounting, or those who have consent of the instructor.
Legal aspects of business relationships, contracts, negotiable instruments, agency, partnerships, corporations, real and personal property, and sales Section $\mathbf{A}$ is a more intensive treatment of the law of contracts, sales, negotiable instruments, agency and partnerships than is given in Section B, nes is designed to prepare students for the accounting profession in (Fisher, Shinley.) Maryland.
O. and M. 103 s. Advanced Business Law (2)-Prerequisites, O. and M. $101 \mathrm{~s}, 102 \mathrm{f}$.
The principles of the law of corporations, trusts, and the administration, of the estates of bankrupts and decedents, presented in a manner calcuted to prepare students for the accounting profession in Maryland.
(Shirley.)
O. and M. 105 f. Business Cycles and Business Indexes (3)-Prerequisites, Stat. 14 f, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$, consent of the instructor.
Advanced work in business and economic indexes and time series analysis. Aases in market demand research, cost analysis, production control, and business cycle analysis.
O. and M. 110 f. Fundamentals of Business Administration (2)-Open only to senior Engineers.
An analysis of the business structure, showing the functions of production, marketing, and finance, and the use of the tools of accounting and statistics. Designed to show the engineer his relationship as a functional expert to other functional experts and to give an academic opportunity to apply technical knowledge in business problems.
O. and M. 121 s. Industrial Management (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s , or 57 , Fin. 111 f , Mkt. 101 f , or consent of the instructor.
The course is based upon analysis of actual business cases concerned with various aspects of managements' problem of production, including particularly the following: specialization of plant, equipment, and labor; simplification, standardization; diversification; expansion; contraction; integration; raw materials supply; purchasing; plant location; plant layout; labor supply; job standards and wage payment; personnel relations; planning and scheduling; organization and control.
(Mullin.)

Sters in Psychology, especially Psych. 3 s, 160 fic 161 s
O. and M. 125 s.-Psych. 161 s. Personnel (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f 52 s or 57 , Psych. 3 s or 4 f , or permission of instructor.
A study of the problems involved in the organization and management of personnel in modern business and industry. A consideration of employee selection, measures of ability, methods of developing and maintaining per sonnel efficiency. Supplementary reading material for Commerce students will conform to the individual's particular interests and will be under the direction of Dr. Wyckoff and Dr. Marshall. See also related course, Econ 133 f, Industrial Relations.
(W. Clark.)
O. and M. $149 \mathrm{f}, \mathrm{s}$, or S. Supervised Practice in Cooperation (2)-Prerequisites, credit or concurrent registration in Econ. 161 s and any specialized courses needed for proper understanding of a particular cooperative enterprise. Consent of the instructor is necessary; this will not be given unless the position arranged for a given registrant is of such a nature that effective experience can be obtained.
This practical work under guidance in an approved cooperative organization may be arranged for any period during the year. The method of individual conferences, reports, and supervised collateral reading is utilized.
(L. Clark.)
O. and M. 161 s.* Problems in Cooperative Administration (3)-Prerequisites, eight semester-hours in accounting, three in finance, eight in economics, three in statistics, three in organization and management, and three in cooperative theory. Graduate students will be required to do additional work.
A seminar course in the practical problems of cooperative management that is intended to integrate previous managerial courses. A limited amount of travel is required, for which a nominal fee is collected at the time of each
(L. Clark.)
O. and M. 172 s. Trade and Commercial Organizations (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$.

Objectives of trade and commercial organizations. Structure, financing membership building, committee organization and procedure, conventions and program building, collection and dissemination of information. Public responsibilities.
(Stevens, Clark.)
O. and M. 195 f, 196 s. Special Problems in Business Administration (1, 1)-Prerequisites, preliminary courses in Business Administration and the field of specialized study, high scholastic standing, and consent of the instructor.
Independent study of business problems in a specialized field. The method of individual conferences and reports is utilized. For students of initiative, resourcefulness, maturity, and high scholastic standing who wish to do extensive organized reading in a special field of business administration.
(Staff.)

## For Graduates

0. and M. 201. Research (2-6)-Credit in proportion to work accomplished. Student must be especially qualified by previous work to pursue effectively the research to be undertaken.
Investigation or original research in problems of business organization and operation under supervision of the instructor.
1. and M. 208 s. Legal Aspects of Business Problems (2)—Prerequisites, six semester hours in commercial law, twelve in accounting, nine in economics, and six in political science.
Law as an institution conditioning economic behavior. The law applicable to problems in management and production, marketing, and finance.
(Shirley.)
O. and M. 291 f or s. Problems in Business Organization (1-3)-Prerequisites, preliminary courses in the field of specialization, six semester hours in organization and management, eight in accounting, nine in economics, and three in statistics.
Individual investigation of specific problems, under direction of the instructor. The subjects selected for investigation may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.

## CHEMISTRY

Professors Drake, Broughton, Haring, White; Associate Professor Wiley; Assistant Professors Supplee, Svirbely; Dr. Lamb, Dr. Reeve, Dr. Westgate, Mr. Anspon, Mr. Beamer, Mr. Borum, Mr. Chapman, Mr. Ehrich, Mr. Goldman, Mr. Hechmer, Mr. Lander, Mr. Leed, Mr. Linnig, Mr. Longley, Mr. Love, Mr. Peterson, Mr. Power, Mr. Tollefson, Mr.

Whiton, Mr. Wingate, Mr. Woodrow, Mr. Young, Mr. Yourtee.

## A. Inorganic Chemistry

Chem. 1 A y. General Chemistry (8)-Two lectures; two laboratories. A study of the non-metals and metals. One of the main purposes of the course is to develop original work, clear thinking, and keen observation.
Course A is intended for students who have not had high school chemistry, or have passed their high school chemistry with a grade lower than B. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.

Chem. 1 B y. General Chemistry (8)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
This course covers the same ground as Chem. 1 A y, but the subject matter is taken up in more detail, with emphasis on chemical theory and important generalization. The laboratory work deals with fundamental principles, the preparation and purification of compounds, and a systematic qualitative analysis of the more common metals and acid radicals.
Course B is intended for students who have passed an approved high school chemistry course with a grade not lower than B. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.

Chem. 2 y. Qualitative Analysis (6)-Two lectures and one laboratory during the first semester; one lecture and two laboratories during the second semester. Prerequisite, Chem. 1 y.
A study of the reactions of the common metals and the acid radicals, their separation and identification. The physical and chemical principles are stressed. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester
Chem. 3 y. Introductory Chemistry (6)-Two lectures; one demonstration.
The subject matter is essentially the same as that of Chem. 1 Ay . This course is designed for students desiring some knowledge of elementary chemistry. It is not accepted as a prerequisite for advanced chemistry courses. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$ per semester.

## For Graduates

Chem. 200 A y. The Chemistry of the Rarer Elements (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Chem. 2 y.
A course devoted to the study of the elements not usually considered in the elementary course.
(White.)
Chem. 200 B y. Advanced Inorganic Laboratory (4)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
A laboratory study of the compounds of elements considered in Chem. 200 A y. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.
(White.)
Chem. 201 f or s . An Introduction to Spectographic Analysis (1).
A laboratory course designed to acquaint the student with the fundamentals of spectographic analysis. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(White.)
Chem. 233 s. Inorganic Microanalysis (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisites, Chem. $2 \mathrm{y}, 6 \mathrm{y}$, or equivalent.
A laboratory course designed to acquaint students with the qualitative and quantitative techniques available for the analysis of milligram samples.
The qualitative procedures are carried out on the microscope slide, in the microcentrifuge cone, in the capillary, and in the fibre. The quantitative procedures include residue determinations, the use of the filter stick, etc. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.
(Westgate.)

## B. Analytical Chemistry

Chem. 4 f or s. Quantitative Analysis (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Chem. 1 y.
Quantitative analysis for premedical students, with special reference to volumetric methods. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Chem. 6 y. Quantitative Analysis (8)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Chem. 2 y.
This course includes a study of the principal operations of gravimetric and volumetric analysis, the standardization of weights and apparatus used
in analytical work and a study of indicators and typical colorimetric methods. The calculations of volumetric and gravimetric analyses are emphasized. Required of all students whose major is chemistry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Chem. 101 y. Advanced Quantitative Analysis (8)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Chem. 6 y or equivalent.
The first semester is devoted to mineral and gas analysis. During the second semester the emphasis is on instrumental analysis. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.
(Svirbely.)
Chem. 130 y. Chemical Microscopy (4)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisite, special permission of instructor.
A course designed to acquaint the student with the fundamentals of microA coly the course is devoted to a study of textile
(Svirbely.)

## fibers. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester. <br> For Graduates

Chem. 243 y. Special Problems in Quantitative Analysis (4)-Two labratories. Prerequisite, Chem. 6 y. Laboratory work and conferences.
A complete treatment of some special problem or problems, chosen to meet the needs and interest of the individual student. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$

Chem. 240 f. Chemical Microscopy (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. A more extensive course than Chem. 130 y designed to acquaint the student with the fundamentals of microscopic analysis. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(Svirbely.)
Chem. 241 s. Chemical Microscopy (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Chem. 240 f.
A course devoted to the study of the optical properties of crystals. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.

## C. Organic Chemistry

Chem. 8 A y. Elementary Organic Chemistry (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Chem. 1 y .
This course includes an elementary study of the fundamentals of organic chemistry, and is designed to meet the needs of students specializing in chemistry, and of premedical students.
Chem. 8 B y. Elementary Organic Laboratory (4)-Two laboratories.
A course designed to familiarize the students with the fundamental methods of the organic laboratory. This course, with Chem. 8 A y, satisfies the premedical requirements in organic chemistry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Chem. 116 y. Advanced Organic Chemistry (4)-Two lectures. Prerequi sites, Chem. 8 A y, 8 B y, or equivalent

A course devoted to a more advanced study of the compounds of carbon than is undertaken in Chem. 8 A y. Graduate students who desire an accompanying laboratory course should elect Chem. 205 and/or 207.
(Drake.)
Chem. 117 y. Organic Laboratory (4)-One lecture; one laboratory
A course devoted to a study of organic qualitative analysis. The work includes the identification of unknown organic compounds, and corresponds to the more advanced course, Chem. 207. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.
(Reeve.)
Chem. 118 y. Advanced Organic Laboratory (2)-One laboratory.
A study of organic quantitative analysis and the preparation of organic compounds. Quantitative determinations of carbon and hydrogen, nitrogen, and halogen are carried out, and representative syntheses, more difficult than those of Chem. 8 B y, are studied. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.
(Reeve.)

## For Graduates

Chem. 203 A f. Stereochemistry (2)-Two lectures.
A comprehensive study of stereoisomerism. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Drake.)
Chem. 203 B f. The Polyene Pigments, and Certain Vitamins (2)-Two lectures.

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A study of the structure and reactions of the more important polyene pigments and those vitamins whose structure is known.
(Drake.)
(Dolyene
Chem. 203 C f. Sterols and Sex Hormones (2)-Two lectures.
A study of the structure and reactions of the more important sterols, and the sex hormones. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Drake.)
Chem. 205 f or s. Organic Preparations (2-4)—Two or four laboratories.
A laboratory study of the synthesis of various organic compounds and of the quantitative methods of determining carbon and hydrogen, nitrogen, and halogen in organic compounds. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$. $\quad$ (Reeve.)
Chem. 206 f or s. Organic Microanalysis (4)—Prerequisite, consent of the instructor.
A laboratory study of the methods of Pregl for the quantitative determination of halogen, nitrogen, carbon and hydrogen, methoxyl, etc. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.
(Drake.)
Chem. 207 f or s. Organic Qualitative Analysis (2-6).
Laboratory work devoted to the identification of pure organic substances and of. mixtures. This course serves as an intensive preparation for the
problems of identification encountered in organic research, and should be taken by all students planning to do research in organic chemistry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.
(Reeve.)
Chem. 209 f. The Chemistry and Biochemistry of Certain Enzymes and Polysaccharides (2)-Two lectures. (Not offered 19.41-42.) (Pigman.)
Chem. 210 f or s. Advanced Organic Laboratory (2-3)-Two or three laboratories. Prerequisites, Chem. 205, 207, or equivalent.
A laboratory course designed to fit the needs of a student about to begin research in organic chemistry. The course consists of work on the identification of mixtures of organic compounds, difficult syntheses and ultimate analyses for carbon and hydrogen, nitrogen, and halogen but can be varied to fit the needs of the individual student. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$. (Reeve.)
Chem. 235 A s. Chemistry of Certain Nitrogen Compounds (2)-Two lectures.
A study of the chemistry of open chain nitrogen compounds and of alkaloids.
(Reeve.)
Chem. 235 B s. Physical Aspects of Organic Chemistry (2)-Two lectures.
The practical applications of modern theories of physics and physical chemistry to the problems of structure and reactions of organic substances. (Not offered 1941-42.)
(Reeve.)
Chem. 235 C s. The Heterocyclics (2)-Two lectures.
A study of some of the heterocyclic compounds with special reference to those related to natural products. (Not offered 1941-42.)
(Reeve.)

## D. Physical Chemistry

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Chem. 102 A y. Physical Chemistry (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Chem. 6 y; Phys. 2 y; Math. 23 y.
Graduate students taking laboratory will elect Chem. $218 \mathrm{f}, 219 \mathrm{~s}$; undergraduates will elect Chem. 102 B y.
This course aims to furnish the student with a thorough background in the laws and theories of chemistry. The gas laws, kinetic theory, liquids, solutions, elementary thermodynamics, thermochemistry, equilibrium, chemical kinetics, etc., will be discussed.'
(Haring.)
Chem. 102 B y. Physical Chemistry Laboratory (4)-Two laboratories. For undergraduates taking Chem. 102 A y. Prerequisite, Chem. 4.
The course consists of quantitative experiments designed to demonstrate physico-chemical principles, illustrate practical applications and acquaint the student with precision apparatus. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.
(Lamb.)

Chem. 103 A y. Elements of Physical Chemistry (4)-Two lectures Prerequisites, Chem. 1 y ; Phys. 1 y ; Math. $8 \mathrm{f}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$; or $21 \mathrm{f}, 22 \mathrm{~s}$. Undergraduates taking this course must also register for Chem. 103 B y.
The course is designed to meet the needs of premedical students and others unable to pursue the subject farther. Accordingly such topics as solution theory, colloid chemistry, reaction rates, equilibrium, the methods for determining pH , etc., are stressed. (Lamb.)
Chem. 103 B y. Elements of Physical Chemistry Laboratory (2)-One $103 \mathrm{~A} y$. Prerequisite must be taken by undergraduates enrolled in Chem. 103 A y. Prerequisite, Chem. 4.
Numerous quantitative experiments illustrating the principles discussed in Chem. 103 A y are performed. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.
(Lamb.)

## For Graduates

Note: All courses in this group have, as prerequisites, Chem. 102 A y for lecture courses and Chem. 102 B y for laboratory courses, or their equivalents.
Chem. 202 y. Theory of. Solutions (4)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Chem. 102 A y.
A systematic study of the theories and properties of solutions. Subjects considered are solubility, regular solutions, dipole moments, solution kinetics, and modern theories of dilute and concentrated electrolytes.
(Svirbely.)
Chem. 212 A f, 213 A s. Colloid Chemistry (2, 2)-Two lectures.
A discussion of the effects of surface on chemical reactions; numerous practical applications.
(Haring.)
Chem. 212 B f, 213 B s. Colloid Chemistry Laboratory (2, 2)-Two laboratories, which must accompany or be preceded by Chem. 212 A f, 213 A s Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester. (Haring.)
Chem. $214 \mathrm{f}, 215 \mathrm{~s}$. Structure of Matter (2, 2)-Two lectures.
A study of the structure of atoms, molecules, solids and liquids. Molecular structure and related topics will be studied from the standpoints of dipole moments, Raman spectra, and infra-red spectra.
(Lamb.)
Chem. 216 f. Phase Rule (2)-Two lectures.
A systematic study of heterogeneous equilibria. One, two, and three component systems will be considered, with practical applications of each. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Haring.)
Chem. 217 s. Catalysis (2)-Two lectures.
This course consists of lectures on the theory and applications of catalysis. (Not given in 1941-42.)

Haring.)

Chem. 218 f, 219 s. Reaction Kinetics (2, 2)-Two lectures.
A study of reaction velocity and mechanisms of reactions in gaseous and liquid systems, and the effect of temperature, radiation, etc., on the same. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Lamb.)
Chem. 220 A f, 221 A s. Electrochemistry (2, 2)-Two lectures.
A theoretical discussion coupled with practical applications. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Haring.)
Chem. 220 B f, 221 B s. Electrochemistry Laboratory (2, 2)-Two laboratories, which must accompany or be preceded by Chem. 220 A f, 221 A s. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Haring.)
Chem. 226 y. Chemical Thermodynamics (4)-Two lectures.
A study of the methods of approaching chemical problems through the laws of energy.
(Haring.)
Chem. $231 \mathrm{f}, 232 \mathrm{~s}$. Physical Chemistry Laboratory ( 2 or 3, 2 or 3)-Two laboratories and one conference.
Students taking this course may elect six credits of lectures in Chem. 102 A y to replace the conference. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.
(Lamb.)

## E. Biological Chemistry

Chem. 12 A y. Elements of Organic Chemistry (4)-Two lectures.
The chemistry of carbon and its compounds in relation to biology. This course is particularly designed for students in Agriculture and Home Economics.
Chem. 12 B y. Elements of Organic Laboratory (2)-One laboratory. A course designed to familiarize the student with the fundamental methods of the organic laboratory. The course is designed to accompany Chem. $12 \mathrm{~A} y$. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.
Chem. 14 s . Chemistry of Textiles (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Chem. 12 A y, 12 B y.
A study of the principal textile fibres, their chemical and mechanical structure. Chemical methods are given for identifying the various fibres and for a study of dyes and mordants. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates, and Graduates

Chem. 108 f or s . General Physiological Chemistry (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Chem. $12 \mathrm{~A} y, 12 \mathrm{~B} \mathrm{y}$, or equivalent.
This course is a study of the fundamental principles of human nutrition, the chemistry of foods, digestion, absorption, assimilation, metabolism, tissue composition, and excretion. The laboratory work consists of experiments in food analysis, salivary, gastric, pancreatic and intestinal digestion, and identification of components of blood and urine. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.
(Supplee.)

Chem. 115 y. Food Analysis (4)-Two laboratories. (One hour pe week is devoted to a regularly scheduled laboratory conference which must tudtended by all students taking the course.) By special arrangement a Chem. 12 A y, 12 B , 4 fourse one semester for two credits. Prerequisites Chem. $12 \mathrm{~A} y, 12 \mathrm{~B} \mathrm{y}, 4 \mathrm{f}$, or equivalent.
This course is designed to give the student experience in those analytical procedures of particular benefit to workers in the food industries. Particula attention is given to the problems presented in sampling, and in applying standard methods to different types of products. Instrumental analysis is stressed. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.

## For Graduates

Chem. 208 f or s. Biological Analysis (2)-Two laboratories.
A course in analytical methods of value to the student whose major field is in the biological sciences. The work is varied somewhat to fit the need or interest of the individual student. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$. (Wiley.)
Chem. 222 A f, 223 A s. Physiological Chemistry (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Chem. 12 A y, 12 B y, or equivalent.
An advanced course in physiological chemistry. For the first semester the course consists of lectures and assigned reading on the chemistry of the carbohydrates, fats, proteins, and enzymes. The second semester deals with digestion, absorption, metabolism, excretion, hormones, and nutrition.
$\underset{\text { Cwo laboratories. } 222 \text { B f, } 223 \text { B s. Physiological Chemistry Laboratory (2, 2)- }}{\text { Cupplee.) }}$ Two laboratories. Prerequisites, Chem. 4, Chem. 12 A y, 12 B y, or equiva.
A laboratory course to accompany Chem. 222 A f, 223 A s. Qualitative and quantitative food analysis; digestion, nutrition, metabolism, and respira tion experiments; and quantitative analysis of the blood and urine. Lab oratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester. (Supplee.)
Chem. 224 f, 225 s. Special Problems (2-4, 2-4)-Two to four laboratories. Laboratory, library, and conference work amounting to a minimum of 10 hours a week. Prerequisites, Chem. $222 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{f}, 223 \mathrm{As}$ and consent of
the instructor. the instructor.
This course consists of studies of special methods, such as the separation of the fatty acids from a selected fat, the preparation of carbohydrates or amino acids, the determination of the distribution of nitrogen in a protein, or the detailed analysis of some specific type of tissue. The student will choose the particular problem to be studied with the advice of the instructor Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.
Chem. 250 s . Toxicology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
A study of the common poisons, their effects and detection. Lectures by various specialists will be arranged.
(Wiley.)

## F. History of Chemistry

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Chem. 121 y . The History of Chemistry (2)-One lecture. Prerequisites, Chem. $1 \mathrm{y}, 8 \mathrm{y}$, or equivalent.
The development of chemical knowledge, and especially of the general doctrines of chemistry, from their earliest beginnings up to the present day.

## G. Seminar and Research

## For Graduates

Chem. 227 f, 228 s. Seminar (1, 1)-Required of all graduate students in chemistry.
Students are required to prepare reports on papers in the current literature. These are discussed in connection with the recent advances in the subject.
(Staff.)
Chem. 229. Research in Chemistry.-The investigation of special problems and the preparation of a thesis towards an advanced degree. (Staff.)

## CLASSICAL LANGUAGES AND ARCHAEOLOGY

Associate Professor Highby; Mr. Banta.

## Greek

Greek 1 y . Elementary Greek (6)-Three lectures.
Drill and practice in the fundamentals of Greek grammar and the translation of simple prose.
Greek 2 y. Greek Authors (6)-Prerequisite, Greek 1 y or equivalent. Translation of parts of Xenophon and Plato.

## Latin

Both a major and a minor are offered in Latin. The minor requires the successful completion of at least 12 semester hours in Latin language courses higher than Latin 2 y. Four entrance units will also be regarded as fulfilling the regular requirement of 12 credit hours prerequisite to the minor.
Latin 1 y. Elementary Latin (6)-Three lectures.
This course is intended to give a substantial and accurate knowledge of Latin grammar and syntax, together with practice in reading simple prose.
Latin 2 y. Intermediate Latin (6)-Prerequisite, Latin 1 y or two entrance units in Latin.
Review of forms and syntax. Readings from Caesar, Cicero, Ovid and Virgil.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Latin 101 f . Review of Latin Literature (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Latin 2 y or 4 entrance units; three units will admit well qualified students.

A review of Latin literature by selected readings in the Latin from the origins down to the time of the late Republic. (Not offered in 1941-42.)

Latin 102 s . Review of Latin Literature (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Latin 101 f or special permission of the instructor.
Review continued; the Age of Augustus and the Early Empire. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
Latin 111 f . Livy's History of Rome (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Latin 2 y or 4 entrance units in Latin; three units acceptable in the case of well qualified students.
(Highby.)
Latin 112 s. Horace's Odes (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Latin 111 f or equivalent.
(Highby.)
Latin 121 f. Roman Prose Writers (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, 6 credit hours beyond Latin 2 y.
Essays of Cicero and Seneca.
(Highby.)
Latin 122 s. Roman Satire (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Latin 121 f or equivalent.
Satires of Horace and Juvenal.
(Highby.)
Latin 131 f . The Historian Tacitus (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, 12 credit hours beyond Latin 2 y . (Not offered in 1941-42.)
Latin 132 s. Martial, Selected Epigrams (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, same as for Latin 131 f .
(Highby.)
Latin 141 f. Lucretius' De Natura Rerum (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, 12 credit hours beyond Latin 2 y .
(Highby.)
Latin 151 s. Advanced Latin Prose Composition (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, 6 credit hours beyond Latin 2 y. (Not offered in 1941-42.)

## Courses Given in English

Classics 3 f. Latin and Greek in Current English Usage (2)-Two lectures.
This course aims to show how Latin roots are used in English and to make for a more accurate use of English vocabulary. It also supplies the basic knowledge involved in the comprehension or creation of scientific nomenclature.
Classics 4 s. Latin and Greek in Current English Usage (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Classics 3 f .
A continuation of the course outlined above. The study of the Latin language elements is continued and that of the Greek added.
Note: Attention is here called to the courses in "Art in Ancient Civilization" which deal with Egypt, the Near East, and the Minoan and Mycenaean civilization (Art 1 f and 2 f ) and most especially to those in "Art in Classical Civilization" which treat of Greek and Roman Art and Archaeology (Art 3 f and 4 s ). Also the courses in Ancient History, which present the Near East and Greece (History 131 f) and Rome (History 132 s).

## COMPARATIVE LITERATURE

dr. Prahl, Dr. Darby, Dr. Falls, Dr. Fitzhugh, Dr. Hale, Dr. Murphy, Mr. Robertson, Dr. Warfel, Miss Wilcox, Dr. Zeeveld, Dr. Zucker.
A general prerequisite for all courses in Comparative Literature is Eng. 2 f, 3 s. Requirements for major include Comparative Literature $101 \mathrm{f}, 102 \mathrm{~s}$.
Comp. Lit. 1 f. Greek Poetry (2)-Two lectures.
Greek Poetry. Homer's Iliad and Odyssey will be studied. Special empasis is laid on the literary form, the historical and mythological background.
Comp. Lit. 2 s. Later European Epic Poetry (2)-Two lectures.
Virgil's Aeneid, Dante's Divine Comedy, Nibelungenlied, Song of Roland, and other European Epics will be studied. Special emphasis is laid on their relationship to and comparison with the Greek epic.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Comp. Lit. 101 f. Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature (3)Three lectures.

Survey of the background of European literature through study in English translations of Greek and Latin literature. Special emphasis is laid on Greek drama, along with the development of the epic, tragedy, comedy, and other typical forms of literary expression. The debt of modern literature to the ancients is discussed and illustrated.
(Zucker.)
Comp. Lit. 102 s . Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature (3)Three lectures.
Continuation of Comp. Lit. 101 f ; study of medieval and modern Continental literature
Comp. Lit. 103 f. Chaucer (3)-Three lectures.
Same as Eng. 104 f, cf. p. 321.
(Zucker.)
(Hale.)
Comp. Lit. 104 s . The Old Testament as Literature (2)-Two lectures.
A study of the sources, development, and literary types.
(Hale.)
Comp. Lit. 105 f. Romanticism in France (2)-Two lectures.
Lectures and readings in the French romantic writers from Baudelaire. Texts are read in English translations.

Rousseau to (Wilcox.)
Comp. Lit. 106 s. Romanticism in Germany (2)-Two lectures.
Continuation of Comp. Lit. 105 f . German literature from Buerger to Heine. The reading is done in English translations.
(Prahl.)
Comp. Lit. 107 f. The Faust Legend in English and German Literature (2)-Two lectures.

A study of the Faust Legend of the Middle Ages and its later treatment by Marlowe in Dr. Faustus and by Goethe in Faust.
(Prahl.)

Comp. Lit. 108 f. Milton (2)-Two lectures.
Same as Eng. 108 f, cf. p. 321.
Comp. Lit. 109 y. Cervantes (6)-Three lectures
(Murphy.)
Same as Spanish 105 y, cf. p. 359.
Comp. Lit. 110 s . Introduction to Folklore (2)-Two lectures.
Origin, evolution, and bibliography of types. Literary significance, as seen in the development of prose fiction. Collections, such as the Panchatantra, Seven Sages, Arabian Nights, etc., and the continuation of these tales through medieval and modern literature.
Comp. Lit. 111 s . A Study of Literary Critic
(Robertson.)
A survey of the major schools of criticism from Plato to the present day.
Comp. Lit. 112 f. Ibsen (2)-Two lectures
A study of the life and chief works of Ibsen with special emphasis on his
Comp. Lit. $113 \mathrm{f}, 114 \mathrm{~s}$ (Zucker.)
Three lectures.
Same as Eng. 113 f, 114 s, cf. p. 322
(Hale.)
Comp. Lit. 124 s . Contemporary Drama (3)-Three lectures
Same as Eng. 124 s, cf. p. 323.
Same as Eng 125 Emerson, Thoreau, and Whitman (3)-Three lectures (Warfel.)

## For Graduates

Comp. Lit. 200 s . The History of the Theatre (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, a wide acquaintance with modern drama and some knowledge of the Greek drama.
A detailed study of the history of the European theatre. Individual research problems will be assigned for term papers. (Hale.)
Comp. Lit. 201 y. Medieval Romance in England (4)-Two lectures.
Same as Eng. 204 y, cf. p. 325.
Comp. Lit. 203 y. Schiller (4)-Two lectures.
Same as German 203 y. cf. p. 357.
(Hale.)

Comp. Lit. 204 y. Goethe (4)-Two lectures.
(Prahl.)
Same as German $204 \mathrm{f}, 205 \mathrm{~s}$, cf. p. 357.
(Zucker.)
Comp. Lit. 205 y. Georges Duhamel, Poet, Dramatist, Novelist (4)-Two Same.
Same as French 204 y, cf. p. 355.
(Falls.)
Comp. Lit. 206 s. Seminar in Sixteenth Century Literature (2)-Two
lectures
(Zeeveld.)
Same as Eng. 205 s, cf. p. 325
Comp. Lit. 207 f. Seminar in Shakespeare (2)-Two lectures. Pre-
requisites, Eng. $11 \mathrm{f}, 12 \mathrm{~s}$.
Same as Eng. 207 f, cf. p. 326
(Zeeveld.)

## DAIRY HUSBANDRY

Professors Turk, England; Associate Professor Berry; Assistant Professor Hughes.

## Dairy Production

D. H. 1 s . Fundamentals of Dairying (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Chem. 1 y. Not open to freshmen.
This course is designed to cover the entire field of dairy husbandry. A study is made of the development and characteristics of the important breeds of dairy cattle; feeding, breeding and management of the dairy herd; calf raising; dairy organizations; production of high quality in milk; elementary judging of dairy cattle and dairy products; fitting and showing of cattle; important dairy manufacturing industries; physical and chemical properties of milk; distribution and marketing of dairy products; and the Babcock Test and other quantitative tests. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
D. H. 50 s. Dairy Cattle Judging (2)-Two laboratories. Not open to freshmen.
This course offers complete instruction in the selection and comparative judging of dairy cattle. Trips to various dairy farms for judging practice will be made.
D. H. 51 s. Grading Dairy Products (1)—One laboratory. Not open to freshmen.
Market grades and the judging of milk, butter, cheese, and ice cream in the commercial field. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

D. H. 101 f. Dairy Production (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 s, A. H. 102 f.

A comprehensive course in dairy cattle feeding and herd management, designed for advanced students in dairy husbandry. It covers the efficient feeding of the dairy herd, including milking cows, dairy heifers, calves, and dairy bulls; common diseases of dairy cattle and their treatment; dairy farm sanitation; problems of herd management; dairy barns and equipment; and the factors essential for success in the dairy farm business. (Turk.)
D. H. 104 f. Advanced Dairy Cattle Judging (1)-One laboratory. Prerequisite, D. H. 50 s .
Advanced work in judging dairy cattle. Credit only to students who do satisfactory work in competition for the dairy cattle judging team. (Turk.)
D. H. 105 s. Dairy Breeds and Breeding (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 s, Zool. 104 f, A. H. 103 s.
A study of the historical background; characteristics; prominent blood lines; noted families and individuals of the major dairy breeds. A survey
of breeding systems; genetic and environmental factors as applied to dairy cattle. The use of the pedigree, various indices, herd and production records in selection and formulating breeding programs. (Berry.)
D. H. 106 f. Dairy Cattle Management (2)—Two laboratories. Prerequisite, D. H. 1 s
A management course designed to familiarize students with the practical handling and management of dairy cattle. Students are given actual practice and training in the University dairy barns.

## Dairy Manufacturing

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

D. H. 109 f. Cheese Making (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 s , Bact. 1.
The principles and practice of making casein and cheese, including a study of the physical, chemical, and biological factors involved. Laboratory practice will include visits to commercial factories. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$
(Hughes.)
D. H. 110 f. Butter Making (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 s , Bact. 1.
The principles and practice of making butter, including a study of the physical, chemical, and biological factors involved. Laboratory practice will include visits to commercial factories. Laboratory fee, $\$ 1.00$. (England.)
D. H. 111 s. Concentrated Milks (2)—One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 s , Bact. 1 .
The principles and practice of making condensed milk, evaporated milk, and milk powder, including a study of the physical, chemical and biological factors involved. Laboratory practice will include visits to commercial factories. Laboratory fee, $\$ 1.00$.
(England.)
D. H. 112 s . Ice Cream Making (3)—One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 s , Bact. 1 .
The principles and practice of making ice cream, sherbets, and ices, including a study of the physical, chemical, and biological factors ind invelved. Laboratory practice will include visits to commercial factories. Laboratory
fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(England.)
D. H. 113 f. Market Milk (5)-Three lectures; two laboratories. Pre, D. H. 1 s, Bact. 1
Commercial and economic phases of market milk, with special reference to its transportation, processing, and distribution; certified milk; commercial buttermilk; milk laws; duties of milk inspectors; distribution; milk plant construction and operation. Laboratory practice includes visits to local dairies. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$. (Not given in 1941-42.)
D. H. 114 s. Analysis of Dairy Products (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 s, Bact. 1, Chem. 4, 12 A y, 12 B y.

- The application of chemical and bacteriological methods to commercial dairy practice; analysis by standard chemical, bacteriological, and factory methods; standardization and composition control; tests for adulterants and preservatives. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$. (Not given in 1941-42.) (England.)
D. H. 116 s. Dairy Mechanics (2)—Two laboratories. Prerequisite, D. H. 1 s .

The theory and operation of the compression system of mechanical refrigeration. Construction, design, and care of dairy equipment; repairing, soldering, pipe fitting, and wiring. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Hughes.)
D. H. 117 s. Dairy Accounting (1)—One laboratory. Prerequisite, D. H. 1 s .

Methods of accounting in the market milk plant and dairy manufacturing plants. (Not given in 1941-42.)
D. H. 118 f. Advanced Grading of Dairy Products (1)—One laboratory. Prerequisite, D. H. 51 s .
Advanced work in the judging of milk, butter, cheese, and ice cream. Open only to students who comprise the dairy products judging team. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(England.)
D. H. 119 f, 120 s. Dairy Literature (1, 1)—One lecture. Prerequisite, D. H. 1 s .

Presentation and discussion of current literature in dairying.
(England, Berry, Turk.)
D. H. 121 f. Dairy Plant Experience (2)—Prerequisite, 10 hours of dairy husbandry.
Ten weeks' practical experience or its equivalent (following completion of junior year) in an approved market milk plant or factory manufacturing dairy products. A written report of the work is required. (England.)
D. H. 122 s. Dairy Plant Experience (1)-Prerequisite, D. H. 1 s.

Two hundred hours' practical experience in the University of Maryland Dairy Manufacturing Plant. The grade will be based on the dependability and efficiency of the student in performing work assigned.
(England, Hughes.)
D. H. 123 f, 124 s. Methods of Dairy Research (1-3)-Credit in accordance with the amount and character of work done.
This course is designed especially to meet the needs of those dairy students who plan to enter the research or technical field of dairying.
Methods of conducting dairy research and the presentation of results are stressed. A research problem which relates specifically to the work the student is pursuing will be assigned.
(England, Berry, Turk.)

## For Graduates

D. H. 201 f. Advanced Dairy Production (3).

A study of the newer discoveries in animal nutrition, breeding, and management. Readings and assignments. (Turk.)
D. H. 202 f. Dairy Technology (2)-Two lectures.

A consideration of milk and dairy products from the physiochemical point of view.
(England.)
D. H. 203 s. Milk Products (2)-Two lectures.

An advanced consideration of the scientific and technical aspects of milk products.
(England.)
D. H. 204 f or s. Special Problems in Dairying (1-3)-Credit in accordance with the amount and character of work done.
Special problems which relate specifically to the work the student is pursuing will be assigned.
D. H. 205 f or s. Seminar (1).

Students are required to prepare reports on current literature in dairy husbandry and allied fields. These reports are presented and discussed in the class.
D. H. 206. Research-Credit to be determined by the amount and quality of work done.
The student will be required to pursue, with the approval of the head of the department, an original investigation in some phase of dairy husbandry carry the same to completion, and report results in the form of a thesis.
(Staff.)

## ECONOMICS $\ddagger$

Professor Stevens, Gruchy, DeVault; Lecturer Nevins; Associate Professors Marshall, Wyckoff, Bennett; Assistant Professors Gay, Fisher, Kirkpatrick; Mr. Reid, Mr. Mullin, Mr. Shirley.
Some of the specialized courses in the following lists may be offered only in alternate years, whenever prospective enrollments therein do not justify repeating annually. Such courses are indicated by an asterisk.

Econ. 51 f, 52 s. Principles of Economics (6)-Econ. 51 f is prerequisite to Econ. 52 s. Not open to freshmen.
A study of the general principles of economics; production, exchange, distribution and consumption of wealth. Lectures, discussions, and student exercises.

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Econ. 57 f or s. Fundamentals of Economics (3)-Not open to students who have credit in Econ. 51 f, 52 s. Not open to freshmen.
A brief study of the general principles underlying economic activity. Designed to meet the needs of special technical groups, such as students of engineering, home economics, agriculture, and others who are unable to take the more complete course provided in Economics $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Economics, 129 s (Fin. 129 s ), International Finance (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$ or 57 . Open to Commerce students only as Fin. 129 s . Credit may not be received for both Econ. 129 s and Fin. 129 s.
Class sessions with Finance 129 s but readings and reports stress the economic, as contrasted with the managerial and business man's viewpoint. Assumed previous knowledge of finance is less than in Fin. 129 s . (Gay.)
Econ. 130 f. Labor Economics (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s or 57.
Insecurity, wages and income, hours, substandard workers, industrial conflict; wage theories; the economics of collective bargaining; unionism in its structural and functional aspects; recent developments.
(Marshall.)
Econ. 131 s.* Labor and Government (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s.
A study of society's efforts through legislation to improve labor conditions. State and federal laws and court decisions affecting wages, hours, working conditions, immigration, convict labor, union activities, industrial disputes, collective bargaining, and economic security.
(Marshall.)
Econ. 133 f.* Industrial Relations (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s.
A study of the development and methods of organized groups in industry with reference to the settlement of labor disputes. An economic and legal analysis of labor union and employer association activities, arbitration, mediation, and conciliation; collective bargaining, trade agreements, strikes, boycotts, lockouts, company unions, employee representation, and injunctions.
(Marshall.)
Econ. 136 s. Economics of Consumption (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s or 57 .
The place of the consumer in our economic system. An analysis of demand for consumer goods. The need for consumer-consciousness and a technique of consumption. Cooperative and governmental agencies for consumers. Special problems.
(Marshall.)
Econ. 145 s.* Public Utilities (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s, or 57.
Economic and legal characteristics of the public utility status; problems of organization, production, marketing, and finance; public regulation and alternatives.
(Wyckoff.)

Econ. 151 f.* Comparative Economic Systems (3)—Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$.
An investigation of some of the more imp.ortant social reform movements and programs of the modern era. The course begins with an examination and evaluation of the capitalistic system, followed by an analysis of alternative types of economic control such as socialism, communism, nazism, fascism, and the cooperative movement.
(Wyckoff.)
Econ. 152 s.** Social Control of Business (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f 52 s or 57.
The reasons for and the methods of avoidance, escape, and abuse of competition as a regulating force in business. Social control as a substitute for, or as a modification of, preservation of competition. Law as an instrument of social control through administrative law and tribunals. The constitutional aspects of social control.
(Shirley.)
Econ. 153 f.* Industrial Combination (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. 51 f, 52 s
The development of industrial combinations in the United States; the causes which brought about the trust movement; trade and business methods employed by these combinations; types of big business; anti-trust legisla tion in this country and its effects.
(Wyckoff.)
Econ. 161 f. Economics of Cooperative Organization (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$ or 57 . (See also O. and M. 116, 149 A. E., 103 f.)

Analysis of the principles and practice of cooperation in economic activity from the viewpoint of effective management and public interest. Potentialities, limitations, and management problems of consumer, producer, marketing, financial, and business men's cooperatives. (Stevens, Bennett.)

Econ. 190 f. Advanced Economic Principles (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$ or 57 , and consent of the instructor.
An analysis of advanced economic principles with special attention to recent developments in value and distribution theory.
(Gruchy.)
Econ. 191 s. Contemporary Economic Thought (3).
A survey of recent trends in English, American and Continental economic thought, with special attention paid to the institutionalists, the welfare economists, and the mathematical economists.
(Gruchy.)
Econ. 195 f, 196 s. Special Problems in Economics (1, 1)—Prerequisites, preliminary courses in Economics and in the field of specialized study, high scholastic standing, and consent of the instructor.
Independent study of economic problems in a specialized field. The methods of individual conferences and reports is utilized. For students of initiative, resourcefulness, maturity, and high scholastic standing who wish to do extensive organized reading in a special field of economics. (Staff.)

## For Graduates

Econ. 201. Research (2-6)-Credit in proportion to work accomplished. Prerequisite, consent of the instructor. Student must be especially qualified to pursue effectively the research to be undertaken.
Investigation or original research in problems of economics under supervision of the instructor.
Econ. 203 y. Seminar (4-6)-Prerequisites, concurrent graduate major in economics or business administration and consent of instructor.
Discussion of major problems in the field of economic theory, accounting, cooperation, or business.
(Staff.)
Econ. 205 f. History of Economic Thought (3)-Prerequisites, Econ. $51 \mathrm{f}, 52 \mathrm{~s}$.
A study of the development of economic thought and theories, including the ancients, the Greeks, the Romans, scholasticism, mercantilism, physiocrats, Adam Smith and contemporaries, Malthus, Ricardo, and John Stuart Mill.

Econ. 206 s. Economic Theory in the Nineteenth Century (3)-Prerequi site, Econ. 205 f.
A study of the various schools of economic thought, particularly the classicists, the neo-classicists, the Austrians, and the socialists. (Marshall.)
Econ. 210 f, 211 s. Special Problems in Economic Investigation (1-3, 1-3) -Credit in proportion to work accomplished.
Technique involved in economic research. Practice in drawing up schedules and programs. Individual conferences and reports.
(Stevens.)
Econ. 233 s. Problems in Industrial Relations (3)-Prerequisite, preliminary courses in the field of specialization and permission of the instructor.
The subjects selected for study may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.
(Marshall.)
Econ. 252 s. Problems in Government and Business Interrelations (3)Prerequisites, preliminary courses in the field of specialization and permission of the instructor.
The subjects selected for study may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.
Econ. 298 f, 299 s. Problems in Economics of Cooperation (1-3. 1-3)Prerequisites, eight semester hours in accounting, three in finance, three in statistics, eight in economics, and three in cooperative theory.
Problems may involve practical work with the National Cooperative Council and other Washington (D. C.) or Maryland cooperative organizations. The subjects selected for investigation may be closely allied with, but must not be the subject discussed in the student's major thesis.

## EDUCATION

Professors Benjamin, Brown, Drew, Hand, Joyal, Long, Mackert, McNaughton; Associate Professor Brechbill; Assistant Professor Gallington; Miss Smith, Miss Wiggin.
Ed. 2 f or s . Introduction to Education (2)-Required of freshmen in education and of students in other colleges desiring to elect a curriculum in education.
An exploratory and finding course designed to afford students a better basis for deciding whether to enter the field of education. Types of work supply and demand, salaries, tenure, prestige, avenues of advancement, ethics, limitations on personal freedoms, types of personal and professional competence required, requirements for teaching certificate, and bases of selection and rejection in the College of Education are among the topics included.
The selective admission testing and observational program of the College of Education is begun in this course.
Ed. 3 f or s. Educational Forum (1)-Required of all sophomores in the College of Education.

In this course the prospective teacher is introduced in a variety of ways to the various problems and processes of education around which much of the work in his later professional courses will be centered.

The selective admission testing and observation program begun in the freshman year is continued in this course, as are the organized but informal faculty guidance helps.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Ed. 100 f . History of Education in the United States (2)-Two lectures. A study of the origins and development of the chief features of the present system of education in the United States.
(Wiggin.)
Ed. 102 s. History of Modern Education (2)-Two lectures.
A survey of the history of education with emphasis upon the modern period in Europe.
(Long.)
Ed. 103 s. The High School (2)-Two lectures.
The secondary school population, its nature and needs; the school as an instrument of society; relation of the secondary school to other schools; aims of secondary education; curriculum and methods in relation to aims; extra-curricular activities; guidance and placement; the school's opportunities for service to its community; teacher certification and employment in Maryland and the District of Columbia.
(Brechbill.)
Ed. 105 f. Educational Measurements (2)—Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
A study of tests and examinations with emphasis upon their construction and use. Types of tests; purposes of testing; elementary statistical concepts, and processes used in summarizing and analyzing test results; school marks.
(Brechbill.)

Ed. 107 f. Comparative Education (2)-Two lectures.
A study of national systems of education with the primary purpose of discovering their characteristic differences and formulating criteria for judging their worth. Emphasis upon European systems.
(Long.)
Ed. 108 s. Comparative Education (2)-Two lectures.
This course is a continuation of Ed. 107 f , with emphasis upon the national educational systems of the Western Hemisphere.
(Benjamin.)
Ed. 110 s. The Junior High School (2)—Two lectures.
This course is designed to give a general overview of education in the junior high school. It includes material on the purposes, functions, and characteristics of this school unit; a study of its population, organization, program of studies, methods, staff; and other similar topics, together with their implication for prospective teachers.
(Joyal.)
Ed. 112 f. Educational Sociology-Introductory (2).
This course deals with certain considerations as derived from the data of the social sciences which are germane to the work of teachers and school administrators. Prominent among those treated are the following: democratic ideology as the value benchmark for all educational endeavor; educational tasks imposed by population and technological trends; the distribution of welfare and its educational consequences; the welfare status of the school population and the consequent demands made upon the school; the selective character of the school in welfare terms and the educational implications of this class structuring; the socio-economic composition and attitudes of school board members, school administrators, and teachers and the limiting conditions which these impose upon the work of the school; the problem of securing academic freedom in the schools; the community approach to education.
(Hand.)
Ed. 114 s . Guidance in the Schools (3).
This course is primarily designed for the classroom teacher in terms of the day-by-day demands made upon him as a teacher in the guidance of the youth in his classes and in the extra-class activities which he sponsors. The stress throughout will be upon practical common-sense guidance procedures of demonstrated workability. A variety of practical use-materials helpful in the guidance of youth will be examined.
(Hand.)
See also Agricultural Education and Rural Life, page 246.

## For Graduates

Ed. 200 f. The Organization and Administration of Public Education (2). This course deals with so-called "external" phases of school administration. It includes study of the present status of public school administration; organization of local, state, and federal educational authorities; and the administrative relationships involved therein.
(Joyal.)

Ed. 202 s. The Organization, Administration, and Supervision of Sec. ondary Schools (2).
This course is designed as a continuation of Ed. 200 f , but may be taken independently. It includes what is called "internal" administration; the organization of units within a school system; the personnel problems involved; and such topics as schedule making, teacher selection, public relations, and school supervision.
('Joyal.)
Ed. 203 s. High School Supervision (2).
This course will deal with the nature and functions of supervision in a modern school program; recent trends in supervisory theory and practice; teacher participation in the determination of policies; planning of supervisory programs; appraisal of teaching methods; curriculum reorganization and other direct and indirect means for the improvement of instruction.
(Joyal.)
Ed. 212 s. Educational Sociology-Advanced (2).
This course is essentially a continuation of Ed. 112 f in that it is designed further to round out the study of various considerations derived from the data of the social sciences which are pertinent to the work of all public school educators. However, Ed. 112 f is not required as a prerequisite.
The educational implications of such topics as the following are studied: role of an ideology, national defense crisis, status of civil liberties, depletion status of natural resources, folklore of education, interest and pressure groups, press, radio, pictures, economic myths, behavior of electorate, youth problems, consumer behavior, recreational trends, occupational trends, safety, teachers' organizations, and follow-up studies.
(Hand.)
Ed. 216 s. School Finance and Business Administration (2).
This course deals principally with these topics: school revenue and taxation; federal and state aid and equalization; purchase of supplies and equipment; internal school accounting; and other selected problems of local school finance.
(Joyal.)
Students qualifying for the degree of Master of Education will elect the required four semester hours of seminar work from the following list of seminars (Ed. 220-234, inclusive). These courses are open for election by any other graduate student in Education.
Ed. 220 f. Seminar in Secondary Education (2).
(Hand.)
Ed. 222 f. Seminar in Adult Education (2).
Ed. 224 s . Seminar in History of Education (2).
(Benjamin.)

Ed. 226 f. Seminar in Administration (2).
Ed. 228 s. Seminar in Special Education (2).
Ed. 230 f. Seminar in Science Education (2).
(Joyal.)
(Cain.)
(Brechbill.) (Hand.)

Ed. 234 s . Seminar in Comparative Education (2).
(Benjamin.)
Note: Ed. B 236 f or s. Seminar in Vocational Education (2), commonly given in the summer session and in the Baltimore division, may be used to satisfy this requirement.
Psych. 210 y. Seminar in Educational Psychology (6) may also be used to satisfy this requirement.
Note: See also Phys. Ed. 201 f or s, page 305.
B. Educational Psychology
(For full descriptions of these courses, see "Psychology," p. 373.)
Psych. 10 f and s. Educational Psychology (3).
Psych. 110 f or s. Advanced Educational Psychology (3).
Psych. 125 f. Child Psychology (3).
Psych. 130 f and s. Mental Hygiene (3).
Psych. 210 y. Seminar in Educational Psychology (6).
C. Methods in High School Subjects

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Graduate credit for courses in this section will be given only by special permission of the College of Education.
Ed. 120 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-English (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 10.
Objectives in English in the different types of high schools; selection and organization of subject matter in terms of modern practice and group needs; evaluation of texts and references, bibliographies; methods of procedure and types of lessons; the use of auxiliary materials; lesson plans measuring results. Twenty periods of observation.
(Smith.)
Ed. 122 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Social Studies (3)Prerequisite, Psych. 10.
Objectives and present trends in the social studies; texts and bibliographies; methods of procedure and types of lessons; the use of auxiliary materials; lesson plans; measuring results. Twenty periods of observation.
Ed. 124 s . Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Foreign Language (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 10.

Objectives of foreign language teaching in the high school; selection and organization of subject matter in relation to modern practice and group needs; evaluation of texts and references; bibliographies; methods of procedure and types of lessons; lesson plans; special devices; measuring results. Twenty periods of observation.
Ed. 126 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Science (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 10.
Objectives of science teaching; their relation to the general objectives
of secondary education; application of the principles of psychology and of teaching to the science class-room situation; selection and organization of subject matter; history, trends, and status; textbooks, reference works, and laboratory equipment; technic of class room and laboratory; measure ment, standardized tests; professional organizations and literature. Twenty periods of observation.
(Brechbill.)
Ed. 128 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Mathematics (3)Prerequisite, Psych. 10.

Objectives; the place of mathematics in secondary education; content and construction of courses; recent trends; textbooks and equipment methods of instruction; measurement and standardized tests; professional organizations and literature. Twenty periods of observation. ('Brechbill.)

Note: See also H. E. Ed. 103 f or s. Teaching Secondary Vocational Home Economics, page 297; Ind. Ed. 162 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation, page 300 ; Ed. 142 s . Curriculum, Instruction, and ObservationPhysical Education, page 297.

Ed. 138 f. Visual Education (2).
Visual impressions in their relation to learning; investigations into the effectiveness of instruction by visual means; projection apparatus, its cost and operation; slides, film strips, and films; physical principles underlying projection; the integration of visual materials with organized courses of study; means of utilizing commercial moving pictures as an aid in realizing the aims of the school.
(Brechbill.)
Ed. 139 f or s . Methods and Practice of Teaching I (3)—Prerequisite, approval of faculty committee.
Thirty periods of observation, participation, and teaching in a high school class under the direction of the regular teacher of the class and the university supervisor. The student carries major responsibility for the instruction of the high school pupils for approximately 25 periods.
Two hours weekly of class sessions are included, in which study is made of the principles and methods of teaching.
Application forms for this course must be obtained and submitted, properly filled in, at the time of registration. Students taking this course should arrange their schedules so as to avoid serious conflicts with other courses.
E. English
L. Language
M. Mathematics
C. Commercial Subjects

SS. Social Studies
Sc. Science
P. E. Physical Education
I. Industrial Education
(Brechbill and Staff.)
Ed. 140 f or s . Methods and Practice of Teaching II (6)—Prerequisite, approval of faculty committee.
Students who register in this course serve as apprentice teachers in the high schools to which they are assigned. One-half of each school day
throughout the semester is devoted to this work, which is carried on under the direction of a university supervisor. Opportunity is afforded for experience in connection with school activities, guidance, records and reports, and other phases of school life, as well as classroom teaching.
Two hours weekly of class sessions are included in which study is made of the principles and methods of teaching.
Application forms for this course must be obtained and submitted, properly filled in, not less than thirty days before registration.
E. English
L. Language
M. Mathematics
C. Commercial Subjects

SS. Social Studies
Sc. Science
P. E. Physical Education
I. Industrial Education
(Brechbill and Staff.)
*Ed. 142 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Physical Education (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 10.

Materials and procedures in relation to program planning, physical examinations, records, grading, directed observation, reports, conferences and criticisms. Twenty periods of observation.
Ed. 150 f, 151 s . Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Commercial Subjects (2, 2)-Prerequisite, Psych. 10.
Aims and methods for the teaching of shorthand, typewriting, and bookkeeping in high schools. Twenty periods of observation.

## HOME ECONOMICS EDUCATION Professor McNaughton.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. Ed. 101 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (3)-Required of juniors in Home Economics Education. Prerequisite, Psych. 10.
Philosophy of homemaking education; community survey; analysis of characteristics, interests, and needs of the high school girl; construction of a course of study; directed observations; use of various technics; selection of illustrative material; the home project.
(McNaughton.)
H. E. Ed. 102 f or s. Child Study (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 10.

The study of child development in relation to the physical, mental, and emotional phases of growth; adaptation of material to teaching of child care in high school; observation and participation in a nursery school.
(McNaughton.)
H. E. Ed. 103 f or s. Teaching Secondary Vocational Home Economics: Methods and Practice (3)-Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 101 s.
Observation and teaching in a vocational department of a Maryland high school or in a junior high school in Washington. Organization of
*Open to men and women.
units, lesson plans, field trips; planning and supervision of home projects. After completing the teaching unit the student observes in home economics departments other than the one in which she has taught. (McNaughton.)
H. E. Ed. 104 s. Nursery School Techniques (2-3)—Prerequisite, Psych. 10. Not open to juniors. Designed for nursery school teachers.

Philosophy of preschool education; principles of learning; routines; study of children's interests and activities; observation and teaching in the nursery school.
(McNaughton.)
H. E. Ed. 105 f or s. 'Special Problems in Child Study (3)—Not open to juniors. Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 102.
Methods and practice in nursery school; making of particular studies related to the mental, emotional, or physical development of preschool children.
('McNaughton.)
H. E. Ed. 106 f, 107 s. Problems in Teaching Home Economics (1, 1).

Reports of units taught; construction of units for high school course of study; study of various methods for organization of class period; analysis of text books; evaluation of illustrative material.
(McNaughton.)

## For Graduates

H. E. Ed. 201 f or s . Advanced Methods of Teaching Home Economics (2-4).
Study of social trends as applied to the teaching of home economics. (McNaughton.)
H. E. Ed. 250 y. Seminar in Home Economics Education (2-4).
(McNaughton.)

## INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

Professor Brown; Assistant Professor Gallington.
For each semester hour of credit for shop and drawing courses two or three periods of lecture and practice are scheduled depending upon the specific needs of the course.
Ind. Ed. 1 f, 2 s. Mechanical Drawing (2, 2)-Ind. Ed. 1 f or its equivalent is prerequisite to Ind. Ed. 2 s .
Fundamental practices in the projection of objects, the making of working drawings, pattern layouts, tracing and blue-printing, and the principles in machine design including the study of conventions and the sketching of machine parts.
Ind. Ed. 3 f. Elementary Woodworking (3).
This course deals with the use and care of woodworking tools and materials in bench practice involving the principles of joinery, including the application of woodworking finishes. Laboratory fee, $\$ 4.00$.

Ind. Ed. 4 s . Advanced Woodworking (3)-Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 3 f or equivalent.
Practice in the application of design and construction of projects in wood involving the use of woodworking machinery suitable for the high
school shop. It includes furniture construction and machine cabinet work with some emphasis on manufacturing practices. Basic wood turning and a working knowledge of wood pattern making is taught, and practice given in coloring, finishing, and painting wood. Laboratory fee, $\$ 4.00$.

Ind. Ed. 5 f. Sheet Metal Work (2).
Information is given on materials, tools, and processes. Practice is given in soldering, the laying out of patterns, and the making of a group of elementary graded problems which involve items of practical use. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 6 s. Art Metal Work (2).
This course deals with the designing and construction of art metal projects, including the use of brass, copper, silver, aluminum, pewter, and other alloys. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 7 y. Architectural Drawing (2)-Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1 f or equivalent.
Practical experience in the design and planning of homes and other buildings. Drawings, specifications, and blue-prints including the study of conventions and detail parts are featured.
Ind. Ed. 8 y . Electricity (4).
The essentials of electricity in industrial and other life situations. Units of work are completed in house and signal wiring, power wiring, autoignition, and the fundamental principles involved in direct current machinery and alternating current machinery. It provides teachers of electricity with sufficient material and data to cope with the problem of electrical projects for high school class construction. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$ per semester.
Ind. Ed. 9 s. Elementary Machine Shop (2)—Alternate, Shop 4 s.
Includes bench work, tool grinding, and elementary practice in the fundamentals of operating machine tools. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$. (Not offered in 1941-42.)

Ind. Ed. 10 f. Cold Metal Work (2).
This course is concerned with the development of fundamental skills and knowledges involved in the design and construction of projects from band iron and other forms of mild steel. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 11 f. Foundry (1)-Alternate, Shop 101 f.
Laboratory practice in bench and floor moulding and elementary core making. Theory and principles covering foundry materials, tools, and appliances are presented, including consideration of mixtures for casting gray iron, brass, bronze, and aluminum. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
Ind. Ed. 12 s. Forge Practice (1)-Alternate, Shop 1 s .
Laboratory practice in forging and heat treating of metals. Theory and principles of handling tools and materials in the drawing out, upsetting, cutting, bending, twisting, welding, annealing, hardening, tempering and grinding of steel. Laboratory fee $\$ 2.00$. (Not offered in 1941-42.)

Ind. Ed. 13 s. Advanced Machine Shop (2)-Alternate, Shop 103 s. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 9 s or equivalent.

Laboratory experiences in the fundamental operations on lathe, shaper, drill press, and other machine shop equipment. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
Ind. Ed. 14 s. Shop Maintenance (1)—Prerequisite, 8 semester hours of Shop credit or equivalent.
Skill developing practice in the up-keep and care of school shop tools and equipment. Saw filing, the sharpening of edged power tools, the design and construction of tool racks, and the adjusting and oiling of power machinery are among the major units offered. (Not offered in 1941-42.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Ind. Ed. 160 y. Essentials of Design (2)—Prerequisites, Ind. Ed. 1 f, 2 s or equivalent.
A study of the basic principles of design and practice in their application to the construction of high school shop projects. It presents knowledge and develops abilities in the art elements of line, mass, color, and design, and employs laboratory activities in freehand and mechanical drawing, tracing, and blue-printing.
(Gallington.)
Ind. Ed. 162 s. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (3)—Prerequisite, Psych. 10.
Major functions and specific aims of industrial education; their relation to the general objectives of the junior and senior high schools; selection and organization of subject matter in terms of modern practices and needs; methods of instruction; expected outcomes; measuring results; professional standards. Twenty periods of observation.
(Brown, Gallington.)
Ind. Ed. 164 f. Shop Organization and Management (2).
This course recapitulates methods of organization and management for teaching shop subjects. It includes organization and management of pupils; daily programs; projects; pupils' progress charts; selection, location, and care of tools, machines, equipment, and supplies; records and reports; and good school housekeeping. Opportunity is provided for visits to industrial plants as a basis for more practical planning of shop instruction and management.
(Brown.)
Ind. Ed. 167 y. General Shop (2-4)-Elective.
A general survey course designed to meet teacher training needs in organizing and administering a high school General Shop course. Special teaching methods are emphasized as students are rotated through skill and knowledge developing activities in mechanical drawing, electricity, woodworking, and general metal working. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$ per semester.
(Gallington.)

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION

## Physical Education for Men and Women

A. Professor Mackert; Mr. English, Mr. Warner.
B. Professor Drew; Miss Davis, Miss Terhune, Miss Watts.

Phys. Ed. 1 y. Physical Activities I: (2)-An activities course for male freshmen which meets three periods a week.
The activities taught are soccer, touch football, basketball, volleyball, soft baseball, track and natural gymnastics.

A special uniform is required of all men enrolled in this course.
Phys. Ed. 2 y. Personal Hygiene (1)-Freshman course for women.
This course consists of instruction in hygiene. The health ideal and its attainments, care of the body by diet, exercise, sleep, bathing, etc., and social hygiene.
Phys. Ed. 3 y. Physical Activities II: (4)-An activities course for sophomore men which meets three periods a week.
The activities taught are the team sports of the freshman year and individual sports which include fencing, wrestling, tumbling, boxing, ping pong, horseshoe pitching, handball, golf, tennis, and badminton.
A special uniform is required of all men enrolled in this course.
${ }^{* *}$ Phys. Ed. 4 y. Physical Activities (1)-Freshman course for women. Meets twice each week, with the exception of riding which meets one twohour period each week.
Students may elect from a wide range of activities, including archery, bowling, dance, equitation, golf, hockey, tennis, etc.
The cost to the student varies in accordance with the activity chosen, and ranges from approximately $\$ 0.00$ to $\$ 17.25$ per semester.
Phys. Ed. 5 y. Athletics I: (4)-Required of male freshmen in physical education. Meets five times a week.
Two periods are devoted to training in activities for squad leadership and three periods to participation in the activities of the general physical education program.
A special uniform is required of all men enrolled in this course.
Phys. Ed. 6 y. Community Hygiene (2)-Sophomore course for women.
Continuation of the freshman course. The work in hygiene includes the elements of physiology; the elements of home school, and community hygiene; and a continuation of social hygiene.
**An activity program suited to need is arranged upon the recommendation of the University physician.
**Phys. Ed. 8 y. Physical Activities (2)-Sophomore course for women. Meets twice each week.
A continuation of Phys. Ed. 4 y. With the permission of the head of the department, a student may substitute activity courses offered in the major curriculum.
Phys. Ed. 10 y . Dance I: (2)-Required of freshmen women whose major is Physical Education; open to others with the permission of the instructor.
This course includes practice in elementary techniques and considers the basic principles of time, force, and space underlying all dance. Opportunity is given for creating short dances in respect to form and content.
Phys. Ed. 12 y. Athletics I: (4)-Required of freshmen women whose major is Physical Education. Meets twice each week plus two hours arranged in which the student acts as assistant in a section of Phys. Ed. 4 y.
The following sports are considered: in the first semester, hockey, soccer, basketball, badminton, and volleyball; in the second semester, bowling, tennis, golf, and soft ball.
*Phys. Ed. 13 f. Accident Prevention (1)-Required of all juniors in Physical Education. Meets twice a week
This course is designed to help the professional student detect accident hazards in physical activities and to train him in safety precautions.
Phys. Ed. 14 ,y. Dance II: (2)—Prerequisite, Phys. Ed. 10 y or equivalent. Required of sophomore women whose major is Physical Education. Open to others with the permission of the instructor.
This course includes practice in techniques of modern dance and a study of the contemporary field. Opportunity is given to create dance patterns for group or individual in respect to form and content.
Phys. Ed. 15 y. Gymnastics I (2)—An activities course required of sophomore men in Physical Education which meets three periods a week.

The activities taught are light and heavy gymnastics, including marching, calisthenics, tumbling, pyramid building, and exercise on apparatus.
*Phys. Ed. 16 s . First Aid (1)-Required of junior men and women whose major is Physical Education. Meets twice each week.
The course presents the fundamentals necessary for offering aid in accidents and injuries until medical attention can be secured. Practical work is required of all students.
Phys. Ed. 17 y. Gymnastics II (2)-Prerequisite, Phys. Ed. 15 y or equivalent. An activities course for juniors and seniors, which meets three periods a week.
This course is a continuation of Phys. Ed. 15 y. Advanced work in tumbling, apparatus and pyramid building.

[^23]*Phys. Ed. 18 f. Introductory Hygiene (2)-Required of all freshmen in Physical Education. Meets twice a week.
This course surveys the health practices of college students and their community in the light of standard criteria, to the end that the individual student may increase his ability to adapt himself to conditions of finer living.
*Phys. Ed. 20 s. Physical Education I: (3)-Required of sophomore men and women whose major is Physical Education. Meets twice each week.
This course considers interpretations and objectives of physical education.
Phys. Ed. 22 y. Athletics II: (4)-Required of sophomore women whose major is Physical Education.

- This course is a continuation of Phys. Ed. 12 y.
*Phys. Ed. 26 y. Dance III: (2)-Required of junior men and women whose major is Physical Education; open to others with the permission of the instructor. Meets twice each week.
The course offers opportunity for the learning of the fundamental ballroom dance steps as well as the more modern routines. Attention is given to ballroom etiquette and the planning of dance parties.
${ }^{*}$ Phys. Ed. 28 f. Dance IV: (1)-Required of junior women whose major is Physical Education; open to others with the permission of the instructor. Meets twice each week.
This course includes suitable teaching material in tap dancing for school or recreation groups.
*Phys. Ed. 30 s. Dance V: (1)—Required of junior women whose major is Physical Education; open to others with the permission of the instructor. Meets twice each week.
The course includes historical and contemporary folk dances, festivals, and customs of various countries as well as the costume appropriate for each.
${ }^{*}$ Phys. Ed. 52 y. Physical Activities III: (2)—Required of junior men and women whose major is Physical Education; open to others with the permission of the instructor. Meets twice each week.
The course presents co-educational and co-recreational activities suitable for school, club, and recreation groups. Games and stunts for contests, picnics, school parties, and other social gatherings are considered.


## For Advanced Undergraduates

Phys. Ed. 113 y. Athletics III: (2)-Prerequisite, two years of successful intramural participation. Required of junior men in Physical Education. Meets once a week.
Problems of coaching and officiating in intramural play and high school athletics. Participation in the intramural program at the University, or in nearby schools, is a requirement of the course.
(Mackert.)

Phys. Ed. 114 y. Athletics IV: (2)—Prerequisites, Phys. Ed. 12 y, 22 y. Required of senior women whose major is Physical Education. Meets twice each week.
The student is given the opportunity to coach and officiate under supervision in the intramural program on the campus as well as to officiate in the schools of Washington, D. C., and Maryland. With the cooperation of the teachers in nearby schools the students plan and administer invitational sports days in the respective schools.
(Drew.)
Phys. Ed. 119 y. Athletics V: (2)—Prerequisite, Phys. Ed. 113 y or equivalent. A practical course for senior men in Physical Education.
The aim of this course is to provide students with opportunities to assist in teaching, coaching, and officiating in the schools of Maryland and in the athletic tournaments conducted by these schools through the State Department of Education. The equivalent of two hours of practice is required each week. Individual conferences will be arranged in order that students may discuss with the instructor the problems that arise for them, and the class will meet occasionally to pool experiences.
(Mackert.)
*Phys. Ed. 121 f. Physiology of Exercise (2)—Required of all juniors in Physical Education. Meets twice a week.
A detailed consideration of the mechanism of muscular contraction; the metabolic, circulatory, and respiratory responses in exercise; and their integration by means of the nervous system.
(Mackert.)
*Phys. Ed. 123 s. Maturation of the Human Organism (2).
A study of the main factors affecting the growth and development of the child with especial emphasis on normal development.
Phys. Ed. 127 y. Analysis of Activities (4).
An analysis of activities from the mechanical, anatomical, physiological, and psychological standpoint. Discussions, lectures, field study, and reports.
*Phys. Ed. 133 s. Nature of Play (2)-Required of junior men and women whose major is Physical Education. Meets twice each week.
The psychology of action, the uses of play, the types and organization of play activities and the management of play space are considered in the course.
(Drew.)
*Phys. Ed. 137 f. Recreation IV: (2)—Prerequisites, Phys. Ed. 113 y or 114 y , and three years of successful participation in intramural athletics or equivalent. Required of all majors in Physical Education. Meets twice a week.
The purpose of this course is to study the various aspects of character guidance through leadership in physical activities. Participation in planning, supervising, and directing the University program of intramural activities, or an equivalent situation, is a requirement of the course.
(Mackert.)
*Open to men and women.
*Phys. Ed. 144 f. Physical Education IV: (2)-Prerequisites, Phys. Ed. 113 y or 114 y , and three years of successful participation in intramural thletics or equivalent. Required of all seniors in Physical Education Meets twice a week.
The organization and administration of programs of Physical Education in high school situations.
(Drew.)
*Phys. Ed. 146 s. Teaching Health (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Phys. Ed. $18 \mathrm{f}, 13 \mathrm{f}, 16 \mathrm{~s}$. A course required of seniors in Physical Education. Meets twice a week.
Philosophy, aims, objec
(Drew.) dures for teaching health.

## For Graduates

*Phys. Ed. 201 f or s. Problems of Health and Physical Education (3).
This course is designed to aid in solving the multitude of problems that arise in the administration of health and physical education in public schools. An attempt will be made to set up standards for evaluating the effectiveness of programs of health and physical education. (Mackert.)

## ENGINEERING

Professors Steinberg, Creese, Huff, Younger; Lecturers Achenbach, dill $\dagger$, Hall, Kear, Walker, Bertram; Associate Professors Hodgins, huckert $\dagger$; Assistant Professors Hoshall, Pyle, Allen, Machwart, Ernst, Laning, Green, Wickersham, Cobb; Mr. Lowe $\dagger$, Mr. Moore, Mr. Mclaughlin, Mr. Sherwood, Mr. Frayer, Mr. Boyles.

## Chemical Engineering

Ch. E. 10 s. Water, Fuels, and Lubricants (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Chem. $8 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{y}$,4 f , Phys. 2 y , or permission of instructor.
Laboratory work consists of exercises in the usual control methods for testing water, fuels, and lubricants, and some related engineering materials. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Ch. E. 103 y. Elements of Chemical Engineering (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Chem. 8 A y, 8 B y, Phys. 2 y.
Theoretical discussion of general underlying philosophy and methods in chemical engineering, such as presentation of data, material balances, and heat balances. Illustrated by consideration of typical problems and processes.
*Open to men and women.
ton leave.

Ch. E. 104 y. Chemical Engineering Seminar (2)—Required of all undergraduate students in chemical engineering.
Students prepare reports on current problems in chemical engineering and participate in the discussion of such reports.

Ch. E. 105 y. Advanced Unit Operations (10)-Two lectures; three laboratories. Prerequisites, Ch. E. 103 y, Chem. 102 A y.
Advanced theoretical treatment of fluid flow, heat flow, evaporation, humidity, distillation, absorption, scrubbing, and analogous unit operations typical of chemical engineering. Problems and laboratory operation of small scale semi-commercial type of equipment. A comprehensive problem involving theory and laboratory operations is included to illustrate the development of a plant design problem that requires the utilization of a number of the fundamental topics. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.
Ch. E. 106 y. Minor Problems (13)-Prerequisite, completion of third year chemical engineering course or permission of department of chemical engineering. Completion of or simultaneous registration in Ch. E. 105 y will ordinarily be required.
Original work on a special problem assigned to each student, including preparation of a complete report covering the study. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester. (Not offered in 1941-1942.)
Ch. E. 107 y. Fuels and Their Utilization (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Ch. E. 103 y or permission of department of chemical engineering.
A study of the sources of solid, liquid, and gaseous fuels, their economic conversion, distribution, and utilization. Problems.
(Huff.)
Ch. E. 108 y. Chemical Technology (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, registration in Ch. E. 103 y or permission of department of chemical engineering.

A study of the principal chemical industries. Plant inspections, trips, reports, and problems.
(Machwart.)
Ch. E. 109 y. Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Chem. 102 A y, Ch. E. 103 y.
A study of the application of the principles of engineering and chemical thermodynamics to some industrial problems encountered in the practice of chemical engineering.
Ch. E. 110 y. Chemical Engineering Calculations (9)-Three lectures first semester; six lectures, second semester. Prerequisites, Math. 23 y, Ch. E. 103 y.

A study of methods for analyzing chemical engineering problems along quantitative and mathematical lines, with the calculus and other mathematical aids such as infinite series and Bessel's functions. Emphasis is placed on graphical presentations and the engineering utility of the results.

## For Graduates

Ch. E. 201 y. Graduate Unit Operations (10 or more).-Prerequisite, permission of department of chemical engineering.
Advanced theoretical treatment of typical unit operations in chemical engineering. Problems. Laboratory operation of small scale semi-commercial type equipment with supplementary reading, conferences, and reports. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.
Ch. E. 202 s. Gas Analysis (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, permission of department of chemical engineering.
Quantitative determination of common gases, fuel gases, gaseous vapors, and important gaseous impurities. Problems. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Ch. E. 203 f, 204 s. Graduate Seminar (2)-Required of all graduate students in chemical engineering.
Students prepare reports on current problems in chemical engineering, and participate in the discussion of such reports.
(Staff.)

## Ch. E. 205. Research in Chemical Engineering.

The investigation of special problems and the preparation of a thesis in partial fulfilment of the requirements of an advanced degree. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester.
(Staff.)
Ch. E. 207 A f, 208 A s. Plant Design Studies (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, permission of department of chemical engineering.
An examination of the fundamentals entering into the selection of processes, the specifications for and choice and location of equipment and plant sites. Problems.
(Huff.)
Ch. E. 207 B f, 208 B s. Plant Design Studies Laboratory (2, 2)-Six hours of laboratory work which may be elected to accompany or be preceded by Ch. E. 207 A f, 208 A s. Prerequisite, permission of department of chemical engineering. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per semester. (Machwart.)
Ch. E. 209 y. Gaseous Fuels (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, permission of department of chemical engineering.
An advanced treatment of some of the underlying scientific principles involved in the production, transmission and utilization of gaseous fuels. Problem in the design and selection of equipment.
(Huff.)

## Civil Engineering

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
C. E. 101 s. Hydraulics (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Mech. 101 f . Required of juniors in civil engineering.
Hydrostatic pressures on tanks, dams, and pipes. Flow through orifices, nozzles, pipe lines, open channels, and weirs. Use of Reynold's number. Measurement of water. Elementary hydrodynamics.
(Ernst.)
C. E. 102 s. Hydraulics (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequi site, Mech. 101 f or 102 f . Required of juniors in electrical and mechanical engineering.
A shorter course than C. E. 101 s , with emphasis on water wheels, turbines, and centrifugal pumps.
(Sherwood, McLaughlin.)
C. E. 103 f. Curves and Earthwork (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Surv. 2 y. Required of juniors in civil engineering.
Computation and field work for simple, compound, and reversed circular curves; transition curves; vertical and horizontal parabolic curves; rail way turnouts, track layout, and string lining of curves. (Allen.)
C. E. 104 s . Theory of Structures (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Mech. 101 f . Required of juniors in civil engineering.
Analytical and graphical determination of dead and live load stresses in framed structures. Influence lines for reactions, shears, moments, and stresses. Analysis of lateral bracing systems. Elements of slope and deflections.
(Allen.)
C. E. 105 f. Elements of Highways (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Mech. 101 f . Required of seniors in civil engineering.
Location, design, construction, and maintenance of roads and pavements. Field inspection trips.
(Steinberg.)
C. E. 106 y. Concrete Design (7)-Three lectures, one laboratory first semester; two lectures, one laboratory second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 104 s . Required of seniors in civil engineering.
A continuation of C. E. 104 s , with special application to the design and detailing of plain and reinforced concrete structures, which include slabs, columns, footings, beam bridges, arches, retaining walls, and dams. Applications of slope-deflection and moment distribution theories and rigid frames.
(Allen.)
C. E. 107 y. Structural Design (7)-Three lectures, one laboratory first semester; two lectures, one laboratory second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 104 s . Required of seniors in civil engineering.
A continuation of C. E. 104 s , with special application to the design and detailing of structural steel sections, members and their connections, for roof trusses, plate girders, highway and railway bridges, buildings, bracing systems, and grillage foundations.
(Allen.)
C. E. 108 y. Municipal Sanitation (6)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, C. E. 101 s. Required of seniors in civil engineering.
Methods of estimating consumption and designing water supply and sewerage systems.
(Hall.)
C. E. 109 s. Soils and Foundations (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, C. E. 104 s . Required of seniors in civil engineering.
An introductory study of the properties and behavior of soil as an engineering material. Applications to engineering construction.
(Lowe.)
C. E. 110 y . Thesis (3)-One laboratory, first semester; one lecture, one aboratory second semester. Elective for seniors in civil engineering.
The student selects, with faculty approval, a subject in civil engineering design or research. He makes such field or laboratory studies as may be needed. Weekly progress reports are required, and frequent conferences are held with the member of the faculty to whom the student is assigned for advice. A written report, including an annotated bibliography, is required to complete the thesis.
('Staff.)

## For Graduates

C. E. 201 f. Advanced Properties of Materials (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Mech. 103 or equivalent.
A critical study of elastic and plastic properties, flow of materials, resistance to failure by fracture, impact, and corrosion, the theories of failure. Assigned reading from current literature.
(Ernst.)
C. E. 202 f. Advanced Strength of Materials (3)-Three credits. Prerequisite, Mech. 101 f or equivalent.
Special problems in engineering stress analysis. Limitations of flexure and torsion formulas, unsymmetrical bending, curved beams, combined stresses, thin tubes, thick-walled cylinders, and flat plates. (Ernst.)
C. E. 203 s . Applied Elasticity (3)-Three credits. Prerequisite, Math. 114 f or equivalent.
Two dimensional elastic problems, general stress-strain analysis in three dimensions, stability of beams, columns, and thin plates.
C. E. 204 f. Soil Mechanics (3)-Three credits. Prerequisite, C. E. 109 s or equivalent.
A detailed study of the properties of engineering soils. Assigned reading from current literature.
(Lowe.)
C. E. 205 s. Advanced Foundations (3)-Three credits. Prerequisite C. E. 106 y or equivalent.

A detailed study of types of foundations. Design and construction to meet varying soil conditions.
(Allen.)
C. E. 206 s. Highway Engineering (3)-Three credits. Prerequisite, C. E. 105 f or equivalent.

An intensive course in the location, design and construction of highways.
(Steinberg.)
C. E. 207 y. Theory of Concrete Mixtures (6)-Three credits. Prerequisite, Mech. 103 or equivalent.
A thorough review of the methods for the design of concrete mixtures, followed by a study of factors affecting the properties of the resulting concrete. This course is intended as a background for work in the field of concrete, concrete aggregates, or reinforced concrete.
C. E. 208. Research (2-6)-Credit in accordance with work outlined

The investigation of special problems and the preparation of a thesis in partial fulfillment of the requirements of an advanced degree. (Staff.)

## Drawing

Dr. 1 f. Engineering Drawing (2)-Two laboratories. Required of freshmen in engineering.

Lettering, use of instruments, orthographic projection, technical sketches, dimensioning. Drawing from memory; drawing from description; inking tracing, blueprinting, isometric and oblique projection and sections
Dr. 2 f or s. Descriptive Geometry (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite Dr. 1 f. Required of freshmen in engineering.
Orthographic projection as applied to the solution of space problems relating to the point, line, and plane. Intersection of planes with solids; development. Applications to practical problems in engineering drafting.
Dr. 3 f or s. Advanced Engineering Drawing (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, Dr. 2. Required of sophomores in civil and in mechanical
engineering. engineering.
Continuation of Dr. 2, including lettering, curves, surfaces, intersections, developments, fastenings, technical sketching, working drawings and perspective. Applications to practical engineering drafting in the student's chosen professional field.
Dr. 4 y. Mechanical Drawing (2)—One laboratory. Open to non-engineering students.
Lettering, sketching, and working drawings of machines; including conventions, tracing, isometric and cabinet projections, and blueprinting.

## Electrical Engineering

E. E. 1 y. Direct Current Theory (5)-Two lectures, first semester; two lectures, one laboratory second semester. Taken concurrently with Math. 23 y and Phys. 2 y . Required of sophomores in electrical engineering.
Principles involved in the flow of direct currents in conductors; curren and voltage relations in simple circuits; magnetism and magnetic circuits; electromagnetic induction, simple dielectric circuits and dynamos. Experiments on direct current circuits and machines.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

E. E. 101 s. Principles of Electrical Engineering (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y, Math. 23 y. Required of juniors in civil engineering.
Fundamentals of direct current and alternating current machinery; application of machines for specific duties; operating characteristics of generators, motors, and transformers.
(Hodgins.)
E. E. 102 y. Principles of Electrical Engineering (8)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y, Math. 23 y. Required of juniors in chemical and in mechanical engineering.
Study of elementary direct current and alternating current circuit characteristics. Principles of construction and operation of direct and alternating current machinery. Experiments on the operation and characteristics of generators, motors, transformers, and control equipment.
(Creese, Laning.)
E. E. 103 f. Direct Current Machinery (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y, Math. 23 y, and E. E. 1 y. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.
Construction, theory of operation and performance characteristics of direct current generators, motors, and control apparatus. Experiments on the operation and characteristics of direct current generators and motors.
(Hodgins.)
E. E. 104 s. Direct Current Design (1)-One laboratory. Prerequisite, E. E. 103 f. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

The purpose of this course is to help the student in electrical engineering to acquire a thorough knowledge of the basic principles upon which any design depends. A study is made of design formulas and materials, suitable for direct current machinery, and the reasons for the various standards of practice. The student is required to make all calculations for a direct current generator or motor.
(Hodgins.)
E. E. 105 y. Advanced Electricity and Magnetism (7)-Two lectures, one laboratory first semester; three lectures, one laboratory second semester. Prerequisites, concurrent registration in E. E. 103 f, 106 s. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.
A study of electric and magnetic fields; of electric and magnetic properties of materials; of solid, liquid and gaseous conduction; and of electrical circuits and measurements.
(Laning.)
E. E. 106 s. Alternating Current Circuits (5)-Three lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, E. E. 103 f . Required of juniors in electrical engineering.
Introduction to the theory of alternating current circuits, both single phase and polyphase; methods and apparatus used to measure alternating currents, voltage, and power; current and voltage relations in balanced and unbalanced polyphase systems.
(Hodgins.)
E. E. 107 y. Alternating Current Machinery (9)-Three lectures, one laboratory first semester; four lectures, one laboratory second semester. I'rerequisite, E. E. 106 s. Required of seniors in electrical engineering.
Construction, theory of operation and performance characteristics of transformers, alternators, induction motors, synchronous motors, synchronous converters, commutator type motors, and other apparatus; tests and experiments.
(Creese, Hodgins.)
E. E. 108 f. Alternating Current Design (1)-One laboratory. Prerequisites, E. E. 104 s and concurrent registration in E. E. 107 y. Required of seniors in electrical engineering
This course is a continuation of E. E. 104 s , and applies the same principles to the design of an alternator and transformer.
(Hodgins.)
E. E. 109 y. Electrical Communications (6)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, E. E. 106 s
Principles of wire and radio communication. Theory and calculation of passive networks including transmission lines and coupled circuits. Theory and calculaton of non-linear impedances including the vacuum tube. Intro duction to electromagnetic wave propagation. (Kear.)
E. E. 110 f. Illumination (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequi-
site, E. E. 106 s.

Electric illumination; principles involved in design of lighting systems, illumination calculations, photometric measurements.
E. E. 111 f. Electric Railways (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, taken concurrently with E. E. 107 y
Mechanism of train motion. Application of electrical equipment to transportation. Construction and operation of control apparatus used in different fields of electrical transportation such as urban railways, trunk line railways, trolley busses and diesel-electric equipment. Power requirements, distribution systems and signal systems. $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Hodgins.) }\end{aligned}$
E. E. 112 s. Electric Power Transmission (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, taken concurrently with E. E. 107 y.
A study of the electrical, mechanical, and economic consideration of power transmission; a survey of central station and substation equipment; and a consideration of the fundamentals of transients.
(Laning.)
E. E. 113 s. Engineering Electronics (3)—Two lectures; one laboratory.
Prerequisite, E. E. 106 s . Prerequisite, E. E. 106 s.
A review of the properties, emission and utilization of electrons in vacuum, gases, and vapors; a study of the application of electron tubes and their associated circuits to the more common industrial and research problems.
(Laning.)
E. E. $114 \mathbf{y .}$ Thesis (2)-One laboratory. Elective for seniors in electrical engineering.
The student selects, with faculty approval, a special problem in electrical engineering. He makes such field or laboratory studies as may be needed. Weekly progress reports are required, and frequent conferences are held with the member of the faculty to whom the student is assigned for advice. A written report, including an annotated bibliography, is required to complete the thesis.
(Staff.)

## General Engineering Subjects

Engr. 1 f. Introduction to Engineering (1)-One lecture. Required of freshmen in engineering.
A course of lectures by the faculty and by practicing engineers covering the engineering professional fields. The work of the engineer, its requirements in training and character, and the cthics and ideals of the profession. The purpose of this course is to assist the freshman in selecting the particular field of engineering for which he is best adapted.
Engr. 2 f. Engineering Geology (2)-Two lectures. Required of sophomores in civil engineering.
The fundamentals of geology with engineering applications.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Engr. 102 s. Engineering Law and Specifications (2)-Two lectures. Required of seniors in civil engineering; elective for seniors in electrical and in mechanical engineering.
A study is made of the fundamental principles of law relating to business and to engineering; including contracts, agency, negotiable instruments, corporations, and common carriers. These principles are then applied to the analysis of general and technical clauses in engineering contracts and specifications.
(Steinberg.)

## Mechanics

Mech. 1 s. Statics and Dynamics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Dr. 3, and to be taken concurrently with Math. 23 y and Phys. 2 y. Required of sophomores in civil and in electrical engineering.
Analytical and graphical solutions of coplanar and non-coplanar force systems; equilibrium of rigid bodies; suspended cables, friction, centroids and moments of inertia; kinematics and kinetics; work, power, and energy; impulse and momentum.

Mech. 2 s. Statics and Dynamics (5)-Four lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Dr. 3, and to be taken concurrently with Math. 23 y and Phys. 2 y. Required of sophomores in mechanical engineering.
Analytical and graphical solution of coplanar and non-coplanar force systems; equilibrium of rigid bodies; suspended cables, friction, centroids and moments of inertia, kinematics and kinetics; work, power, and energy; impulse and momentum.
The course also embraces the fundamentals of kinematics necessary to the study of kinematics of machinery. Plane motion of a particle and the general laws governing the transmission of plane motion are treated by vector and graphical methods.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Mech. 101 f. Strength of Materials (5)-Five lectures. Prerequisite, Mech. 1 s or 2 s . Required of juniors in civil and in mechanical engineering.
Riveted joints; torsional stresses and strains; beam stresses and detlection; combined axial and bending loads; column stresses; principal stresses and strains; impact and energy loads; statically indeterminate beams; shear center; unsymmetrical bending; composite members including reinforced concrete beams. Instruction in the use of an approved handbook containing the properties of rolled steel sections.
(Younger, Ernst.)
Mech. 102 f. Strength of Materials (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Mech. 1 s or 2 s . Required of juniors in electrical engineering.
A shorter course than Mech. 101 f . Instruction in the use of an approved handbook containing the properties of rolled steel sections.
(Ernst.)
Mech. 103 f and s. Matcrials of Engineering (2)-One lecture; one lab oratory. Prerequisite, Mech. 101 f or 102 f . Required of juniors in civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering.
The composition, manufacture, and properties of the principal materials used in engineering, and of the conditions that influence their physical characteristics. The interpretation of specifications and of standard tests. Labóratory work in the testing of steel, wrought iron, timber, brick, cement, and concrete.
(Pyle.)

## Mechanical Engineering

## For Advanced Undergraduates

M. E. 101 f. Principles of Mechanical Engineering (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Math. 23 y, Phys. 2 y. Required of juniors in civil engineering.

Elementary thermodynamics and the study of heat, fuel, and combustion in the production and use of steam for the generation of power. Includes study of fundamental types of steam boilers, fuel burning equipment, prime movers, and their allied apparatus. Supplemented by laboratory tests and trips to industrial plants.
(Sherwood.)
M. E. 102 f. Thermodynamics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Math. 23 y , Phys. 2 y . Required of seniors in electrical engineering.
The theory and application of thermodynamics to the steam engine, steam turbine, nozzles. The properties of vapors, cycles of heat and entropy, including discussion of machines and their uses.
(Green.)
M. E. 103 s. Power Plants (3)—Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, senior standing. Required of seniors in electrical engineering.
A study of heat, fuel, and combustion in the production and use of steam for the generation of power. Includes the theory and operation of steam
engines, boilers, condensers, steam turbines, and their accessories. Practical power problems as applied to typical power plants, supplemented by lab oratory tests and trips to industrial plants.
M. E. 104 y. Thermodynamics (5)-Two lectures, first semester; three lectures, second semester. Prerequisites, Math. 23 y, Phys. 2 y. Required of juniors in mechanical engineering.

The properties and fundamental equations of gases and vapors. Thermodynamics of heat cycles, air compressors, and steam engines.
(Huckert, Sherwood.)
M. E. 105 s. Aerodynamics and Hydrodynamics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Math. 23 y, Phys. 2 y. Required of juniors in mechanical engineering, aeronautical option.
A study of the fundamental principles of the flow of air and of water. Applications with special reference to the airplane; airfoil and propeller theory; theory of model testing in wind tunnels; design performance calculations of airplanes.
(Younger.)
M. E. 106 f . Heating and Ventilation (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, M. E. 104 y. Required of seniors in mechanical engineering.
The study of types of heating and ventilating systems for a particular building; layout of piping and systems, with complete calculations and estimates of costs; fundamentals of air conditioning.
(Dill.)
M. E. 107 s. Refrigeration (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, M. E. 104 y. Requiced of seniors in mechanical engineering.
Problems involving the different methods and processes of refrigeration. Air conditioning for offices, buildings, factories and homes. (Dill.)
M. E. 108 y . Thesis (3)-One laboratory, first semester; one lecture, one laboratory second semester. Required of seniors in mechanical engi-
neering. neering design or research. He makes such field or laboratory studies as may be needed. Weekly progress reports are required, and frequent conferences are held with the member of the faculty to whom the student is assigned for advice. A written report, including an annotated bibliography, is required to complete the thesis.
(Staff.)
M. E. 109 y. Prime Movers (8)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Mech. 101 f, C. E. 102 s . Required of seniors in mechanical engineering.

A course covering the use of prime movers to convert heat into power. It icludes a study of heat, fuels and combustion processes followed by the theory, construction and operation of internal combustion engines, steam engines, boilers, condensers, steam turbines and their auxiliary equipment.

Theory is supplemented by practical problems and by laboratory tests. Th entire course is closely integrated with the mechanical laboratory course
(Green.)
M. E. 110 y. Mechanical Engineering Design (7)-Two lectures, two laboratories first semester; one lecture, two laboratories second semester Prerequisite, Mech. 101 f . Required of seniors in mechanical engineering.
A course embracing the kinematics and dynamics of machinery and the design of machine members and mechanisms. Special problems on the balancing, vibration, and critical speeds of machine members are treated.
(Huckert.)

M. E. $111 \mathbf{y .}$ Mechanical Laboratory (4)-One lecture; one laboratory. | Prerequisite, senior standing. Required of seniors in mechanical engineer- |
| :--- | ing.

Calibration of instruments, gauges, indicators, steam, gas and water meters. Indicated and brake horsepower of steam and internal combustion engines, setting of valves, tests for economy and capacity of boilers, engines, turbines, pumps, and other prime movers. Feed water heaters and condensers; B. T. U. analysis of solid, gaseous, and liquid fuels; and power plant tests.
(Staff.)
M. E. 112 y. Airplane Structures (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, M. E. 105 s . Required of seniors in mechanical engineering, aeronautics
option.保.
The fundamental principles of structural analysis and design of airplanes. The air worthiness requirements of the Civil Aeronautics Authority and the design requirements of the government service branches are given
special consideration.
(Younger.)

## For Graduates

M. E. 201 y. Advanced Statics and Dynamics of Machinery (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Mech. 101 f , Math. 114 f , or equivalent.
Analysis of motions and forces in machines. Vibrations, and vibration damping. Noise elimination. Critical speeds of shafts and discs. Laboratory demonstrations. (Younger.)
M. E. 202 y. Advanced Aircraft Structures (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, M. E. 112 y or equivalent.
Methods of analysis in advanced problems of designing. Study of research reports in aircraft structures.
(Wickersham, Younger.) M. E. 203 y. Advanced Hydrodynamics and Aerodynamics (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, M. E. 105 s or equivalent.
Theoretical and experimental study of the flow of fluids. (Wickersham.)
M. E. 204 y . Advanced Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer' (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, M. E. $104 \mathrm{y}, 109 \mathrm{y}$, or equivalent.
Application of the laws of thermodynamics to industrial processes. Energy transfer by radiation, conduction, and convection.
(Green.)
M. E. 205 y. Seminar (2-6)-Credit in accordance with work outlined. Seminars may be organized in any field of mechanical engineering for the study of general theory or specific problems.
(Staff.)
M. E. 206. Research (2-8)-Credit in accordance with work done. (Staff.)

## Shop

Shop 1 s. Forge Practice (1)-One combination lecture and laboratory. Required of freshmen in engineering.
Lectures and recitations on the principles of forging and heat treatment of steel. Demonstrations in acetylene and electric welding, brazing, cutting, and case hardening. Laboratory practice in drawing, bending, upsetting, forge welding, hardening, tempering, and thread cutting.
Shop 2 f. Machine Shop Practice (1)-One laboratory. Required of sophomores in electrical engineering.
Practice in bench work, turning, planing, drilling, tapping, knurling, and tool sharpening.
Shop 3 f. Machine Shop Practice (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Required of sophomores in mechanical engineering.
Study of the fundamental principles of machine tools, such as lathe, planer, shaper, milling machine, drilling machine, and grinding machines. Calculation for cutting threads, spur and helical gears, fluting and cutting speeds. The laboratory work in this course is identical with Shop 2 f .
Shop 4 s. Machine Shop Practice (2)—Two laboratories. Required of juniors in Industrial Education.
Practice in bench work, turning, planing, drilling, pipe threading, thread cutting, surface grinding, and fluting and cutting spur and helical gears.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Shop 101 f. Foundry Practice (1)-One combination lecture and laboratory. Required of juniors in mechanical engineering.
Lectures and recitations on foundry products and layouts, materials and equipment, hand and machine moulding, cupola practice and calculating mixes. Core making, moulding, and casting in aluminum. (Hoshall.)

Shop 102 s. Machine Shop Practice (1)—One laboratory. Required of juniors in mechanical engineering.
Advanced practice with standard machine tools. Exercises in thread cutting, fluting, cutting spur and helical gears, jig work, and cutter and surface grinding.
(Hoshall.)
Shop 103 s. Machine Shop Practice (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, Shop 4 s . Required of seniors in Industrial Education.

Boring, reaming, broaching, fluting, milling, jig work, gear cutting, and sharpening milling cutters.
(Hoshall.)

## Surveying

Surv. 1 f and s. Elements of Plane Surveying (1)-Combined lecture and laboratory work. Prerequisites, Math. 21 f, 22 s . Required of sopho mores in chemical, electrical, and mechanical engineering.

A brief course in the use of the tape, compass, level, transit, and stadia. Computations for area, coordinates, volume, and plotting.

Surv, 2 y. Plane Surveying (5)-One lecture, one laboratory first semester; one lecture, two laboratories second semester. Prerequisites, Math. $21 \mathrm{f}, 22 \mathrm{~s}$. Required of sophomores in civil engineering.
Theory of and practice in the use of the tape, compass, transit, and level. General survey methods, traversing, area, coordinates, profiles, cross. sections, volume, stadia.

For Advanced Undergraduates
Surv. 101 f . Advanced Surveying (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Surv. 2 y. Required of juniors in civil engineering.
Adjustment of instruments, latitude, longitude, azimuth, time, triangulation, precise leveling, geodetic surveying, together with the necessary adjustments and computations. Topographic surveys. Plane table, land surveys, and boundaries. Mine, tunnel, and hydrographic surveys. (Pyle.)

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Professors Hale, Warfel; Lecturer McManaway; Associate Professor Harman; Assistant Professors Lemon, Fitzhugh*, Zeeveld, Bryan, Cooley, Murphy, Ball, Ide; Mr. Gravely, Miss Miller, Mr. Peden, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Swearingen, Mr. Ward, Mr. Smith, Dr. Weeks, Mr. Taft, Mr. McCollom, Mr. Tyler, Miss Beall.
Eng. 1. y. Survey and Composition I (6)-Three lectures. Freshman year. Prerequisite, three units of high school English and successful passing of the qualifying examination given by the department, or successful completion of Eng. A f. Required of all four-year students.
A study of style, syntax, spelling, and punctuation, combined with an historical study of English and American literature of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Written themes, book reviews, and exercises. Each semester of this course will be repeated in the following semester.
Eng. A f. Special Preparatory Course (0)-Three lectures. Freshman year. Prerequisite, three units of high school English. Required of all students who fail to pass the qualifying examination. Students who show sufficient progress after five weeks of Eng. A $f$ will be transferred to Eng. 1 y. Others will continue with Eng. A $f$ for one semester. The department reserves the right to transfer students who make unsatisfactory progress from Eng. 1 y to Eng. A f.
A course in grammatical and rhetorical principles designed to help students whose preparation has been insufficient for Eng. 1 y. Exercises, conferences, precis writing. This course will be repeated in the second semester.
*Absent on leave.

Eng. 2 f. Survey and Composition II (3)-One general lecture given by various members of the department; two quiz sections. Prerequisite, Eng. 1 y. Required of all students in the College of Arts and Sciences.
A continuation of work in composition based on the work accomplished in Eng. 1 y. An historical study of English Literature from the begin nings through the Romantic Age. Themes, book reports, conferences.
Eng. 3 s. Survey and Composition II (3)-One lecture; two quiz sections. Prerequisite, Eng. 2 f.
Continuation of Eng 2 f .
Eng. 4 s. Business English (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $1 \mathrm{y}, 5 \mathrm{f}$. Limited to students in commerce.
'Chis course develops the best methods of writing effective business letters.
Eng. 5 f. Expository Writing (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 1 y .
study of the principles of exposition. Analysis and interpretation of material bearing upon scientific matter. Themes, papers, and reports.
Eng. 6 s. Expository Writing (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 5 f.
Continuation of Eng. 5 f.
Eng. $7 \mathrm{f}, 8 \mathrm{~s}$. Survey of American Literature (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 1 y.
First semester, American thought and expression from 1607 to 1865, with emphasis upon colonial cultural patterns, upon the rise of nationalism, and upon sectional conflict. Reports and term paper.
Second semester, emphasis upon the changing social forces which influenced American writers after 1865. Reports and term paper.
Eng. 11 f, 12 s. Shakespeare (3, 3)—Three lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 1 y .
First semester, eleven significant early plays, illustrating the drama as a distinct form of art. Dramatic criticisms; preparation of acting script; experimental production.
Second semester, ten significant late plays.
Eng. 13 s. Introduction to Narrative Literature (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 1 y. Not open to freshmen.
An intensive study of representative stories, with lectures on the history and technique of the short story and of other narrative forms.
Eng. 14 f and s. College Grammar (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 1 y. Required of students preparing to teach English.

Studies in the descriptive grammar of modern English.
Eng. 15 s . The contemporary Novel (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 1 y.

A study of the contemporary novel in Britain, America, and on the Continent. (Not given in 1941-1942.)

Drama 1 f. Amateur Play Production (3)-Three lectures. Admission by the permission of the instructor.
A basic course for little theatre workers and secondary school teachers of dramatics. Brief survey of the mechanics used in the theatre from early Greek tragedy to contemporary times. Plays of each major period studied with attention to the method of creating theatrical effectiveness.

Drama 2 s. Amateur Play Production (3)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Admission by the permission of the instructor.
Fundamental principles of acting and of direction of amateur produc tion. Each student will make a production book of one or more plays and engage in practical laboratory work.
Journ. 1 y. Introduction to Journalism (6)-Three lectures. Prerequi site, Eng. 1 y. Registration only by permission of the instructor.
A study of the elementary principles of journalism.
Journ. 15 y. Graphic Design (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 1 y A study of typography and its application.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Qualified major students who wish to read for honors in English should apply to the chairman of the department. The reading may be done in the last two years, but should, if possible, be begun earlier.
In addition to the twelve hours of basic freshman and sophomore English, a student taking his major work in this department must pass one semester of Advanced Writing, one semester of College Grammar, and one semester of either History of the English Language or Old English. In addition, he must complete one of the schedules below.
a. Major work in general literature (recommended for those preparing to teach English in secondary schools) : Introduction to American Literature, Shakespeare, and at least six hours from the following: Milton; Literature of the 18th Century; Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age; Victorian Literature; Modern and Contemporary British Poets; Emerson, Thoreau, and Whitman; American Fiction; Contemporary American Poetry and Prose; the English Novel; Elizabethan Drama.
b. Major work in American literature: Survey of American Literature; Emerson, Thoreau, and Whitman; American Fiction; Contemporary American Poetry and Prose; American Drama.
c. Major work in drama: Shakespeare, and twelve hours from the fol lowing: Medieval Drama, Elizabethan Drama, Modern Drama, Contemporary Drama, American Drama, Amateur Play Production, Introduction to Comparative Literature (first semester), The Spanish Drama, The Faust Legend, Ibsen.
d. Major work in English literature: Shakespeare, and at least twelve hours in the department in advanced courses other than American literature.
Minor work may also be elected in these fields, but no major and minor combination of $a$. and $b$. or of $a$. and d. will be permitted.
Eng. 101 s . History of the English Language (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 14 f.
An historical survey of the English Language: its nature, origin, and development, with special stress upon structural and phonetic changes in English speech and upon the rules which govern modern usage. (Harman.)
Eng. 102 f. Old English (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 14.
A study of Old English grammar and literature. Lectures on the principles of phonetics and comparative philology. (Ball.)
Eng. 103 s. Beowulf (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 102 f. A study of the Old English epic in the original.
Eng. 104 f. Chaucer (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the Canterbury Tales, Troilus and Criseyde, and the principal minor poems, with lectures and readings on the social background of Chaucer's time.
(Hale.)
Eng. 105 f. Medieval Drama in England (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the development of medieval English drama from its beginning to 1540 . Class discussion of significant plays, outside reading, reports. (Fitzhugh.)
Eng. 106 s. Elizabethan Drama (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $2 \mathrm{f}, 3 \mathrm{~s}$.
A study of the change in spirit and form of English drama from 1540 to 1640 , as seen in the works of the important dramatists other than Shakespeare. Class discussion of significant plays, outside reading, written dramatic criticisms.
(Zeeveld.)
Eng. 107 s. Renaissance Poetry and Prose (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the literary manifestations of humanism and the new national spirit in sixteenth-century England, with emphasis on the prose works of More, Lyly, Sidney, Hooker, Bacon, and the translators of the Bible, and on the poetry of Spenser. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Zeeveld.)
Eng. 108 f. Milton (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the poetry and the chief prose works.
(Murphy.)
Eng. 109 f. Literature of the Seventeenth Century to 1660 (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the chief prose writers and of the Metaphysical and Cavalier traditions in poetry.
(Murphy.)

Eng. 110 f. The Age of Dryden (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
This course emphasizes the relation of literature to the philosophical movements of the age. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Murphy.)
Eng. 111 f, 112 s. Literature of the Eighteenth Century (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s .
First semester, readings in the period dominated by Defoe, Swift, Addison, Steele, and Pope.
Second semester, Dr. Johnson and his Circle; the Rise of Romanticism; the Letter Writers.
(Fitzhugh.)
Eng. 113 f, 114 s. Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
First semester, a study of the development of the Romantic movement in England as exemplified by the prose and poetry of Wordsworth, Coleridge, Lamb, De Quincy, and others.
Second semester, a study of the later Romantic writers, including Byron, Shelley, Keats, and others.
(Hale.)
Eng. 115 f. Scottish Poetry (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s . No knowledge of the Scottish dialect required.

Readings in the Scottish Chaucerians; Drummond of Hawthornden; song and ballad literature; poets of the vernacular revival: Ramsay, Ferguson, and Burns. Papers and reports. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Fitzhugh.)
Eng. 116 f, 117 s. Victorian Prose and Poetry (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the chief English authors of the Nineteenth Century from the close of the Romantic Period.
(Cooley.)
Eng. 118 s. Modern and Contemporary British Poets (3)—Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the chief English and Irish poets of the Twentieth Century.
(Murphy.)
Eng. 120 f, 121 s. The History and Development of the Novel in England (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of the origin and development of the novel as a form in England. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Ide.)
Eng. 123 f. Modern Drama (3)—Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $2 \mathrm{f}, 3 \mathrm{~s}$.
A survey of English drama during the two centuries from 1660 to 1860 Class discussion of significant plays, outside reading, reports. (Fitzhugh.)

Eng. 124 s. Contemporary Drama (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
A study of significant European and American dramatists from Ibsen to O'Neill. Class discussion of significant plays, outside reading, reports.
(Fitzhugh.)
Eng. 125 f. Emerson, Thoreau, and Whitman (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 7 f, 8 s.
A study of the major writings of Emerson, Thoreau, and Whitman, with emphasis on transcendentalism, idealism, and democracy. (Warfel.)
Eng. 126 s . American Fiction (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $7 \mathrm{f}, 8 \mathrm{~s}$.
Historical and critical study of the short story and novel in the United States from 1789 to 1920.
(Warfel.)
Eng. 127 f. Contemporary American Poetry and Prose (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $7 \mathrm{f}, 8 \mathrm{~s}$.
Tendencies and forms in non-dramatic literature since 1920. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Warfel.)
Eng. 128 s. American Drama (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $7 \mathrm{f}, 8 \mathrm{~s}$.
Historical study of representative American plays and playwrights from 1787 to 1920. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Warfel.)
Eng. 129 f. Types of English Literature (3)-Three lectures.
An historical and critical survey of the principal types of English literature, with especial attention to the influence of classical myth and legend and of classical literary ideals upon English and American writers.
(Harman.)
Eng. 135 f. Introduction to Creative Writing (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s .
Theory and practice in the short story and lyric, with some study of the novelette and play at the election of the class. Major students in English must elect either this course or Eng. 136 s .
(Bryan.)
Eng. 136 s. Magazine Writing (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $2 \mathrm{f}, 3 \mathrm{~s}$.
The production and marketing of such literary forms as the magazine article, the personal essay, the biographical essay, and the book review.
(Bryan.)
Eng. 137 s . Advanced Creative Writing (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 135 f or 136 s ; open to other advanced students by permission of the instructor after submission of an original composition.
Study and exercise in original literary expression as an interpretative art.

Eng. 140 f. Major American Poets (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
Intensive study of the poetry and poetic theories of the major American poets since Bryant.
Eng. 141 s. Major American Prose Writers (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 2 f, 3 s.
Intensive study of the major non-fiction prose writers of nineteenthcentury United States.

## For Graduates

Requirements for Advanced Degrees with major in English (in addition to the general requirements of the Graduate School):

## Master of Arts

Candidates for the degree of Master of Arts in the Department of English must demonstrate a reading knowledge of French or German at the time of admission or not later than six months before taking the degree.
In the thesis, the candidate will be expected to demonstrate his ability to use the ordinary methods of research in the discovery of knowledge and to organize and present his findings in a clear, effective English style
The final examination will be based in part upon the courses pursued and in part upon first-hand knowledge of all the literary works included in the departmental list of readings for the Master's degree. The examination will test the candidate's powers of analysis and criticism.
Major work in the department may be elected in any of the following fields, the requirements of which are listed below.
a. Major work in English literature: Old English, and at least six hours from seminar courses in Medieval Romance, the Elizabethan period, the Eighteenth Century, The Romantic period, the Victorian period.
b. Major work in American literature: the seminar in American literature, and at least six hours from the advanced undergraduate courses in American literature.
c. Major work in drama: History of the Theatre, and at least six hours from the following: Introduction to Comparative Literature (first semester), Medieval Drama, Elizabethan Drama, Modern Drama, Contemporary Drama, American Drama, The Faust Legend, The Modern German Drama, Spanish Drama, Ibsen
d. Major work in philology: Old English, Beowulf, Seminar in Old English Poetry, Middle English, Gothic, and either Medieval Romance or Chaucer.
e. General major (designed chiefly for teachers in secondary schools): Old English, and at least six hours from the following groups: Elizabethan Drama, or an Elizabethan seminar; Milton; the Eighteenth Century, either undergraduate or seminar; Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age or

Seminar in the Romantic Period, Contemporary American Prose and Poetry or the American seminar; Victorian Prose and Poetry or Seminar in the Victorian Period; The English Novel; Advanced Writing.
Minor work may also be elected in these fields, but no major and minor combination of $a$. and $e$. will be permitted.

## Doctor of Philosophy

In addition to the requirements of the Graduate School, each candidate must have the following courses:
a. Three credit hours in Comparative Literature.
b. Six credit hours in Old English, English 102 f, 103 s, and 212 s.
c. Four credit hours in the Middle English Language (Eng. 202 f) and Gothic (Eng. 203 s).
Candidates must pass a comprehensive written examination one year before they expect to be awarded degrees. This examination will include linguistics (morphology and phonology) and each of the major literary fields, from which the candidate may select two for particularly detailed examination, specifically: Old English, Middle English, the Drama, the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries, the Eighteenth Century, the Nineteenth Century, American Literature.
Eng. 200 f or s . Seminar in Special Studies (1-3)-Credit proportioned to the importance of the problems assigned.
Work under personal guidance in some problem of especial interest to the graduate student, but not connected with the thesis
Eng. 201. Research (2-4)-Credit proportioned to the amount of work and ends accomplished.

Original research and the preparation of dissertations for the doctor's degree.
(Staff.)
Eng. 202 f. Middle English Language (2-3)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. 102 f, 103 s.
A study of readings of the Middle English period, with reference to etymology and syntax.
(Harman.)
Eng. 203 s. Gothic (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 102 f.
A study of the forms and syntax, with readings from the Ulfilas Bible. Correlation of Gothic speech sounds with those of Old English. (Harman.)
Eng. 204 y. Medieval Romance in England (4)-Two lectures
Lectures and readings in the cyclical and non-cyclical romances in Medieval England, and their sources, including translations from the Old French (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Hale.)
Eng. 205 s. Seminar in Sixteenth Century Literature (2-3)-Two lectures.

Studies and problems in sixteenth-century literature other than Shakespeare.
(Zeeveld.)

Eng. 206 y. Seminar in Elizabethan Literature (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 107 s or equivalent.
Subject for 1941-42: A survey of the works of Edmund Spenser, with special attention to The Faerie Queene. (McManaway.)
Eng. 207 f. Seminar in Shakespeare (2-3)—Two lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $11 \mathrm{f}, 12 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
Studies and problems in Shakespeare.
(Zeeveld.)
Eng. 208 s. Seminar in Eighteenth Century Literature (2-3)-Two lec tures.
Intensive study of one man's work or of one important movement of the century. (Fitzhugh.)
Eng. 209 y. Seminar in American Literature (4-6)-Two lectures.
Critical and biographical problems in nineteenth century American Literature. The subject for 1941-42, first semester, will be the major writings of C. B. Brown, Hawthorne, and Poe; second semester, those of Harte, Twain and Howells.
(Warfel.)
Eng. 210 f. Seminar in the Romantic Period (2-3)-Two or three lectures. One discussion period of two hours. Prerequisites, Eng. $113 \mathrm{f}, 114 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent satisfactory to the instructor.
Special studies of problems or persons associated with the Romantic movement. The subject-matter of the course will vary with the interests of the class.
(Hale.)
Eng. 211 y. Seminar in the Victorian Period (4-6)-Two or three lectures. Prerequisites, Eng. $116 \mathrm{f}, 117 \mathrm{~s}$, or the permission of the instructor. Special studies of problems or persons in the Victorian Age. The subjectmatter of the course will vary with the interests of the class. The subject-
(Cooley.)
Eng. 212 s. Old English Poetry (2-3)—Two or three lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 102 f or equivalent.
A study of Old English poetic masterpieces other than the Beowulf.

## ENTOMOLOGY

(Ball.)
Professor Cory; Lecturers Snodgrass, Yeager; Assistant Professors Knight, Ditman, Abrams; Dr. Langford, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Muma.
Ent. 1 f and s. Introductory Entomology (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, 1 year college biology.
The relationships of insects to the activities of mankind; the general principles of insect morphology, classification, adaptation; elementary prin ciples of economic entomology. Field work and the preparation of a collection of representative insects of Maryland. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Ent. 2 s. Insect Morphology (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Ent. 1.
A study of the anatomy of insects, given especially in preparation for work in insect taxonomy and biology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.

Ent. 3 f. Insect Taxonomy (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Ent. 2 s.
The general principles of taxonomy. An intensive study of the classification of all orders of insects and the principal families in the major groups. The preparation of a collection of insects is a major portion of the course. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
Ent. 4 f. Beekeeping (2).-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Zool. 1.
History of beekeeping, natural history and behavior of the honeybee. A study of the beekeeping industry. A non-technical course intended to acquaint the student with the honeybee as an object of biological and cultural interest, and to serve' as an introduction to the science of apiculture.
Ent. 5 s. Insect Biology (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Ent. 1.
A continuation of some of the general aspects of entomology begun in Ent. 1, with emphasis upon the adaptations, behavior, inter-relationships, and ecology of insects.

Ent. 6 f. Apiculture (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Ent. 1.
A study of the life history, yearly cycle, behavior, and activities of the honeybee. The value of honeybees as pollenizers of economic plants and as producers of honey and wax. Designed to be of value to the student of agriculture, horticulture, entomology, and zoology.
Ent. 7 s. Apiculture (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Ent. 6 f.
Theory and practice of apiary management. Designed for the student who wishes to keep bees or desires a knowledge of practical apiary management.

Ent. 8 f, 9 s. Entomological Technic and Scientific Delineation (2, 2)Two laboratories. Prerequisite, Ent. 1.
Collecting, rearing, preserving, and mounting of insects. The preparation of exhibits, materials for instruction, entomological records and publications. Methods of illustrating, including drawing, photography, lantern slide making, and projection. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$ per semester. (Not offered in 1941-42.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Ent. 101 y. Economic Entomology (4)-Two lectures.
An intensive study of the problems of applied entomology, including life history, ecology, behavior, distribution, parasitism, and control. (Cory.)
Ent. 102 y. Economic Entomology (4)-Two laboratories.
Expansion of Ent. 101 y to include laboratory and field work in economic entomology. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Cory.)

Ent. 103 f, 104 s. Insect Pests of Special Groups (3, 3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Ent. 1.
A study of the principal insects of one or more of the following groups, founded upon food preferences and habitat. The course is intended to give ance in his major a comprehensive view of the insects that are of import ance in his major field of interest and detailed information to the student specializing in entomology.
Insect Pests of 1. Fruit. 2. Vegetables. 3. Flowers, both in the open and under glass. 4. Ornamentals and Shade Trees. 5. Forests. 6. Field Crops 7. Stored Products. 8. Live Stock. 9. The Household. Laboratory fee,
$\$ 2.00$ per semester.

Ent. 105 f. Medical Entomology (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Ent 1 and consent of instructor.
The relation of insects to diseases of man, directly and as carriers of pathogenic organisms. Control of pests of man. The fundamentals parasitology. (Knight.)
Ent. 106 s. Insect Taxonomy (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
An advanced course dealing with the principles and practices underlying modern systematic entomology.
(Gurney.)
Ent. 107 s . Theory of Insecticides (3)-Three lectures.
The development and use of contact and stomach poisons, with regard to their chemistry, toxic action, compatibility, and foliage injury. Recent work with insecticides will be especially emphasized. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(Ditman.)
Ent. 109 s. Insect Physiology (2)-Two lectures; occasional demonstrations. Enrollment subject to consent of instructor
The functioning of the insect body with particular reference to blood, circulation, digestion, absorption, excretion, respiration, reflex action and the nervous system, and metabolism.
(Yeager.)
Ent. 110 f, 111 s . Special Problems. Credit and prerequisite to be determined by the staff.
The intensive investigation of some entomological subject. A report of the results is submitted as part of the requirements for graduation.
Ent. 112 y. Seminar (2).
(Staff.)
Presentation of original work, book reviews, and abstracts of the more important literature.
(Cory, Knight.)

## For Graduates

Ent. 201 y. Advanced Entomology (1-3)—One lecture; laboratory by arrangement.
Studies of minor problems in morphology, taxonomy, and applied entomology, with particular reference to preparation for individual research
(Cory.)

Ent. 202. Research in Entomology
Advanced students having sufficient preparation, with the approval of the head of the department, may undertake supervised research in morphology taxonomy, or biology and control of insects. Frequently the student may be allowed to work on Station or State Horticultural Department projects The student's work may form a part of the final report on the project and be published in bulletin form. A dissertation suitable for publication must be submitted at the close of the studies as a part of the requirements for an advanced degree.
(Cory.)
Ent. 203 f. Insect Morphology (2-4)—Two lectures; laboratory work by special arrangement, to suit individual needs.
Insect anatomy with special relation to function. Given particularly in preparation for work in physiology and other advanced studies.
(Snodgrass.)
Ent. 204 y. Economic Entomology (6)-Three lectures.
Studies of the principles underlying applied entomology, and the most significant advances in all phases of entomology. (Not offered in 1941-42.)

Ent. 205 s. Insect Ecology (2)-One lecture; one laboratory.
A study of the fundamental factors involved in the relationship of insects to their environment. Emphasis is placed on the insect as a dynamic organism adjusted to the environment.
(Langford.)
Ent. 206 s. Coccidology (2)-Two laboratories.
A study of morphology, taxonomy, and biology of the higher groups of the scale insects. The technic of preparation and microscopy are emphasized. Laboratory studies are supplemented by occasional lectures. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(McConnell.)

## FARM FORESTRY

## Professor Besley.

For. 1 s. Introduction to Forestry (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Bot. $1 \mathrm{f}, 3 \mathrm{~s}$.
A general survey of the field of forestry. Principles of forestry applied to the establishment, care, and protection of stands of timber. Identification and distribution of commercially important trees.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

For. 101 s. Farm Forestry (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Bot. 1 f. A study of the principles and practices involved in managing woodlands on the farm. The course covers briefly the identification of trees; forest protection; management, measurement, and utilization of forest crops; nursery practice; and tree planting.
(Besley.)

## GEOLOGY

## Professor Hess.

Geol. 1 f. Geology (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite Chem. 1 y .
A textbook, lecture, and laboratory course, dealing with the principles of geology and their application to agriculture. While this course is designed primarily for agriculture students in preparation for technical courses, it may also be taken as part of a liberal education.

## HISTORY

Professors Gewehr, Baker-Crothers, Strakhovsky; Associate Professor Highby; Assistant Professors Thatcher, Silver, Prange; Dr. Dozer; Mr. Worthington.
H. 1 y. A Survey of Western Civilization (6)-Two lectures; one recitation. This course is for freshmen and sophomores; it is open to juniors and seniors with the permission of the instructor, but with reduced credit.
A general course covering the broad movements of European history which contributed to the formation of modern institutions. The aim of the course is to make the student cognizant of the present trends in this chang-
ing world.
H. 3 y. History of England and Great Britain (6)-One lecture; two recitations. This course is open to freshmen and sophomores; it is open to upper classmen with the permission of the instructor, but with reduced credit.

The course is a survey of the evolution of England and Great Britain from earliest times to the present.
H. 5 f, 6 s. American History (3, 3)-Three lecture-discussion meetings. Primarily for sophomores but open to freshmen.
A survey of American history from colonial times to the present.
il War.
Second semester, since the Civil War.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

In addition to the requirements of the University and the College of Arts and Sciences, the History Department requires that all credits for a major and at least 12 credits for a minor be acquired in courses offered for advanced undergraduates and graduates. History majors must also take twelve hours of the three fundamental courses (H. 1 y; H. 3 y; H 5 f, 6 s).
H. 101 y. American Colonial History (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, H. $5 \mathrm{f}, 6 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.

A study of the political, economic and social development of the American
people from the discovery of America through the formation of the constitution.
H. 107 f or s. The United States from the Civil War to 1900 (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, H. 6 s or equivalent.
Selected topics intended to provide a historical basis for an understanding of problems of the present century. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Baker-Crothers.)
H. 108 f or s . The United States in the 20th Century (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, H. 6 s or equivalent.
A study of the outstanding economic and political problems and of the cultural changes of the last fifty years, with the purpose of understanding our own day.
(Gewehr.)
H. $111 \mathrm{f}, 112 \mathrm{~s}$. Social and Economic History of the United States to 1860 (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, H. $5 \mathrm{f}, 6 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
First semester, an advanced course giving a synthesis of American life in the colonial period.

Second semester, the period from 1790 to 1860 is studied.
(Baker-Crothers.)
H. 115 y. Constitutional History of the United States (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, H. 5 f, 6 s .
A study of the historical forces resulting in the formation of the constitution, and of the development of American constitutionalism in theory and practice thereafter.
(Thatcher.)
H. 119 f, 120 s. Diplomatic History of the United States (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, H. 5 f, 6 s , or equivalent.
An historical study of the diplomatic negotiations and foreign relations of the United States from the American Revolution to the present. (Dozer.)
H. 121 f, 122 s. History of the American Frontier (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, H. $5 \mathrm{f}, 6 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
A study of the influence of the westward movement in shaping American institutional development.

First semester, the trans-Allegheny West.
Second semester, the trans-Mississippi West.
(Gewehr.)
H. 123 f. The Old South and the Civil War (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, $\mathrm{H} .5 \mathrm{f}, 6 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
A study of the institutional and cultural life of the ante-bellum South with particular reference to the development of sectionalism and the background of the Civil War.
('Gewehr.)
H. 124 s. Reconstruction and the Recent South (3)-Three lectures. Pre requisites, H. $5 \mathrm{f}, 6 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
Economic, social and political changes in the South after the Civil War. Factors and influences shaping the present South and some of the concomitant problems.
(Gewehr.)
H. 125 f, 126 s . History of Maryland (2, 2)—Two lectures. Prerequisites, H. $5 \mathrm{f}, 6 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.

First semester, a survey of the political, social and economic history of colonial Maryland.
Second semester, Maryland's historical development and role as a state in the American Union.
(Dozer.)
H. 127 f, 128 s. Latin American History (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, 6 hours of fundamental courses.
First semester, a survey of the colonial history of Latin America through the wars of independence.
Second semester, history of the Latin American states from the wars of independence to the present, with special attention to Argentina, Brazil, Chile, and Mexico, and their relations to the United States.
H. 131 f, $\mathbf{1 3 2}$ s. Ancient History (3, 3)—Three lectures.

First semester, the Near East and Greece.
Second semester, History of Rome.
(Highby.)
H. 133 y. Medieval History (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent.
A study of the Medieval period with special emphasis on the legacy of the Middle Ages.
(Prange.)
H. $135 \mathrm{f}, 136 \mathrm{~s}$. Renaissance and Reformation (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent.
First semester, the Renaissance. Second semester, the Reformation (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Prange.)
H. 137 f, 138 s. Revolutionary and Napoleonic Europe (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent.
First semester, Revolutionary France and its influence on Europe.
Second semester, the Napoleonic regime and the balance of power. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Silver.)
H. 139 f, 140 s. Europe in the Nineteenth Century, 1815-1914 (3, 3)Three lectures and assignments. Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent.
A study of the political, economic, social and cultural development of Europe from the Congress of Vienna to the World War. (Strakhovsky.)
H. 143 f, 144 s . Europe Since 1914 (2, 2)-Two lectures and assignments. Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent.
A study of the political, economic, social and cultural development of Europe with special emphasis towards understanding the two World Wars. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
H. 151 f, 152 s. Diplomatic History of Europe since 1871 (3, 3)-Three lectures and assignments. Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent.
A study of European diplomacy, imperialism and power politics since the Franco-Prussian War. (Not offered in 1941-42.) (Strakhovsky.)
H. $155 \mathrm{f}, 156 \mathrm{~s}$. History of Central Europe (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent. The history of Central Europe from 160 to $1941-42$. ) ('Prange.) emphasis on Germany and Austria. (Not offered in 1941-42.) (Prange.)

## H. $157 \mathrm{f}, 158 \mathrm{~s}$. Central Europe in the World Today (2, 2)-Two lectures.

 Prerequisite, H. 1 y or equivalent.An analysis of the origin, the philosopholasis will be placed upon the National Socialism and Hitler.
(Prange.)
problems involved in the present world H. $161 \mathrm{f}, 162 \mathrm{~s}$. History of the Near East
assignments. Prerequisite, H. 1 y Balkans and of Turkey to the Congress of Berlin of 1878.

Second semester, a study of the Balkan states and Turkey from 1878 to the present.
(Strakhovsky.)
the present. History of the British Empire (3, 3)-Three lectures.
H. $171 \mathrm{f}, 172 \mathrm{~s}$. Ho 3 y,

First semester, the rise of the Old Mercantilist Empire in the east and
First semester, the
west and its decline in the period of the Amer Britain from Empire to Com-
Second semester, the evolution of Greater Britain from (Silver.) monwealth of Nations.

## For Graduates

Special Departmental Requirements for Advanced Degrees.
Master of Arts.
Eight to ten semester hours of the total major course requirement of all candidates for this degree must be acquired in the general field of the thesis, i. e., European History or American History.

## Dactor of Philosophy

1. At least thirty semester hours of the total major course requirement must be acquired in the general field of the thesis, i. e., American History or European History.
2. At least ten semester hours of the thirty required for a minor in History must have been taken at the University of Maryland.
3. Candidates must pass a preliminary oral examination covering the major and minor fields before admission to candidacy, preferably one year before they expect to be awarded degrees.
4. The final oral examination will be confined to a defense of the thesis and the testing of the candidate's knowledge of the bibliography of his major field.
H. 200. Research (2-4)-Credit proportioned to the amount of work. (Staff.)
H. 201 y. Seminar in American Colonial History (4)-Conferences and reports in related topics.
(Baker-Crothers.)
H. 202 f. Historical Criticism and American Bibliography (2).
(Thatcher.)
H. 203 s. Historical Criticism and European Bibliography (2). (Strakhovsky.)
H. 204 y. Seminar in European History (4)-Round table discussions and reports on specified topics. (Strakhovsky.)
H. 205 y. Russia-U. S. S. R. (4)-Lectures, round table discussions and reports. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Strakhovsky.)
H. 206 y. Seminar in Central European History (4).

Topics pertaining mainly to recent Germany. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Prange.)

## HOME ECONOMICS

Professors Mount, Mcfarland, Welsh; Assistant Professors Curtiss, Kirkpatrick, Moore; Miss Enright, Miss Burnette, Mrs. Baumann, Miss Mitchell.

## Home Economics Lectures

H. E. 1 y. Home Economics Lectures (2)-One recitation. Required of Home Economics freshmen.

Lectures, demonstrations, group and individual discussions on grooming and clothing budget for the college girl, personality development, personal adjustments, health, and social usage.

## Textiles, Clothing and Art <br> Textiles

H. E. 71 f and s. Textiles (3)-Two recitations; one laboratory.

History of textile fibers; their source, production, manufacture, characteristics, identification, and use. Collection and analysis of new materials; regulations governing standardization. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. 170 f or s . Consumer Problems in Textiles (3)-Twd recitations; ne laboratory. Prerequisite, H. E. 71 or consent of the instructor
Laundering and dry cleaning of clothing and household furnishings; storage of clothing and furs; comparison and evaluation of fabrics. Lab-
H. E. 171 f or s . Advanced Textiles (3)-One recitation; two laboratories. Prerequisites, H. E. 71, Chem. 12 A y, 12 B y.
A study of recent research and commercial development in textiles; textile microscopy; physical and chemical analysis of textile fabrics. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(Moore.)
H. E. 172 f or s. Problems in Textiles (4)-One recitation; two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 171.
Experimental work in textiles. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
(Moore.)

## Clothing

H. E. 11 f and s. Clothing (3)-Three laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 24 or equivalent.
Use of commercial patterns; construction of three garments according to modern methods. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. 111 f and s. Advanced Clothing (3)-Three laboratories. Prerequisites, H. E. 11, 24, or equivalent.
Draping of garments in cloth on a dress form; stressing style, design and suitability to the individual. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$. (McFarland.)
H. E. 112 f or s . Problems in Clothing (3)-Three laboratories, Prerequisite, H. E. 111 or equivalent.
Clothing renovation, clothing for children, and individual clothing projects. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
H. E. 113 f or s. Pattern Designing (2)—Two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 11.

A comparative study of commercial patterns; the development of a foundation pattern and its adaptation in the designing of garments. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
('Mitchell.)
H. E. 21 f and s. Design (3)-One recitation; two laboratories.

Elements of design; application of design principles to daily living practice in designing. Laboratory fee, $\$ 1.00$.

[^24]H. E. 24 f and s. Costume Design (3)-One recitation; two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 21 or equivalent.
A study of fundamentals underlying taste, fashion, and design as they relate to the expression of individuality in dress. Survey of the fashion industry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
H. E. 25 f or s. Crafts (2)-Two laboratories.

Creative art expressed in clay modeling, plastic carving, metal working, paper maché, modeling, etc. Emphasis is laid upon inexpensive materials and tools and simple techniques. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. 120 f. Advertising Layout and Store Coordination (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 21 or equivalent.
Lettering, elementary figure sketching, and freehand perspective drawing applied to graphic advertising in the field of each student's major interest. Discussion of department and specialty store organization; lectures by retail executives from Baltimore and Washington. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(Baumann.)
H. E. 121 f, 122 s. $:$ Interior Design (3, 3)-First semester, two recitations, one laboratory; second semester, three laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 21 or equivalent.

Study of traditional styles and design principles with relation to personalities in home planning and furnishing; trips to historic buildings; special merchandise lectures showing what the market provides. In second semester floor plans and wall elevations are drawn to scale and rendered in color. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(Curtiss.)
H. E. $123 \mathrm{f}, 124 \mathrm{~s}$. Advanced Interior Design (2, 2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisites, H. E. $121 \mathrm{f}, 122 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.

Designing of rooms, including interior architecture, furniture, fabrics, accessories; scale drawing and color rendering in plan, elevation and perspective. A study of furniture manufacture and merchandising. Planning of exhibition rooms or houses when possible. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(Curtiss.)
H. E. 125 f and s. Merchandise Display (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 21 or equivalent.

Practice in effective display of merchandise windows, show cases, and other parts of store interiors. Cooperation with retail establishment. Five large display windows in the home economics building provide demonstration space for the courses. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(Curtiss.)
H. E. 126 f or s. Store Experience (3)-( 160 clock hours or 20 eight-hour days).

Selling, buying, advertising, or executive work done under supervision in a specified department store.
(Curtiss.)
H. E. 127 f, 128 s. Advanced Costume Design (2)-Two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 111 or equivalent.
Fashion illustration and design. Special emphasis is placed on originality and the adaptability of designs to fabrics and personalities. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.

## Foods and Nutrition

H. E. 30 y . Introductory Foods Study (6)-One recitation; two laboratories.
Elementary food selection and preparation for students not majoring in home economics. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.
H. E. 31 y. Foods (6)-One recitation; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Chem. 1 y.
Composition, selection, and preparation of food, with a study of the scientific principles involved; analysis of recipes and study of standard products. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per semester.
H. E. 32 f or s . Elements of Nutrition (3)-Three recitations.

A study of normal nutritional needs; the relation of food to health; planning of adequate dietaries for adults.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
H. E. 131 for s . Nutrition (3)-Three recitations. Prerequisites, H. E. 31 y , Chem. 12 A y.
(Welsh.)
A scientific study of principles of human nutrition.
Prerequi-
H. E. 132 s.
site, H. E. 131 . A study of food selection for health; planning
for adults and children. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
(Welsh.)
Prerequisites, H. E. 133 f and $\mathbf{~ H}$
H. 11 y, 71.

Practice in demonstrations. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$. (Welsh, Enright.)
H. E. 134 f and s. Advanced Foods (3)-One recitation; two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 31 y. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Advanced study of manipulation of food materials.
H. E. 135 f and s. Experimental Foods (4)-Two recitations; two laboratories. Prerequisites, H. E. 31 y, 137, Chem. 12 A y.
A study of food preparation processes from experimental viewpoint. Practice in technics. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$. (Kirkpatrick.)
H. E. 136 s . Child Nutrition (3)-Two recitations; one laboratory. Prerequisite, H. E. 32 or 131.
Principles of human nutrition applied to growth and development of children; experience with children in the nursery school, in children's hospitals and clinics.
(Welsh.)
H. E. 137 f and s. Food Buying and Meal Service (3)-One recitation; two laboratories. Prerequisite, H. E. 31 y.

Study of problems in food buying; planning and serving meals for th family group in relation to nutritional needs and cost. Includes simple entertaining. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$. ('Kirkpatrick, Enright, Burnette.)
H. E. 138 s. Diet in Disease (3)—One recitation; two laboratories. Pre requisite, H. E. 131.

Modification of the principles of human nutrition to meet dietary needs of certain diseases. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

## For Graduates

H. E. 201 f or s . Seminar in Nutrition (2).

Oral and written reports on current literature of nutrition.
(Welsh.)
H. E. 202. Research-Credit to be determined by amount and quality of work done.

With the approval of the head of the department, the student may pursue an original investigation in some phase of foods. The result may form the basis of a thesis for an advanced degree.
(Welsh.)
H. E. 203 f or s. Advanced Experimental Foods (3)-One recitation; two laboratories.
Individual experimental problems. Special emphasis on use of Maryland products. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(Kirkpatrick.)

## H. E. 204 f. Readings in Nutrition (2)-Two recitations.

Reports and discussions of outstanding nutritional research and investigations.
(Welsh.)
H. E. 205 f or s. Nutrition (3)-One recitation; laboratory by arrangement.
Feeding experiments are conducted on laboratory animals to show effects of diets of varying compositions. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Welsh.)

## Home and Institution Management For Advanced Undergraduates

H. E. $141 \mathrm{f}, 142 \mathrm{~s}$. Management of the Home (3, 3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
The family and human relations; household organization and manage ment; budgeting of time and money. Housing as a social problem; federa and civic housing projects; housing standards for the family; building and financing a home. Selection and care of household equipment and furnish ings.
(Welsh.)
H. E. 143 f or s . Practice in Management of the Home (3)-Prerequisites, H. E. 141 f, 142 s .
Experience in operating and managing a household composed of a member of the faculty and a small group of students for approximately onethird of a semester. Laboratory fee, $\$ 4.00$
(Enright.)
H. E. 144 y. Institution Management (6)-Three recitations. Prerequisites, H. E. $31 \mathrm{y}, 141 \mathrm{f}, 142 \mathrm{~s}, 131$. The last three may be taken concurrently.
The organization and management of food service in hospitals, clubs, schools, cafeterias, and restaurants; management of room service in dormitories; organization of institution laundries. Institutional accounting and purchasing of supplies, furnishings and equipment.
(Mack.)
H. E. 145 f or s. Practice in Institution Management (3)-Prerequisite, H. E. 144 y.

Practice work in one of the following: the University dining hall, a tea room, hospital, cafeteria, or hotel. This must be done under direction for not less than six weeks full time.
(Staff.)
H. E. 146 s. Advanced Institution Management (3)-One recitation weekly and individual conferences with the instructor. Prerequisite, H. E. 144 y .

Special problems in institution management.
H. E. 147 f or's. Institution Cookery (3)-One recitation; two laboratories. Prerequisites, H. E. 31 y, 137, 144 y
Application of principles of food preparation to large quantity cookery; study of standard technics; menu planning and costs; standardization of recipes; use of institutional equipment; practice in cafeteria counter service Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
(Mack.)

## Home Economics Extension

H. E. 151 f or s. Methods in Home Economics Extension (3)-Given under the direction of Venia M. Kellar and specialists. (Specialists.)

## HORTICULTURE

Professors Mahoney, Schrader, Thurston, Walls; Associate Professors Haut, Lincoln, Shoemaker; Dr. Stier, Mr. Hitz, Mr. Shutak.

Hort. 1 f. General Horticulture (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, sophomore standing.

A foundation course planned to give the student a background of methods used in the commercial production of fruits and vegetables. The production problems of the commercial growers are presented to acquaint the student with a general outlook on the future of the industry in the state and in the country as a whole. The laboratory work consists of actual practice by the student on the various procedures used by successful producers of fruits and vegetables.

Hort. 2 s. General Horticulture (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, sophomore standing.
One-half of semester is devoted to a consideration of the landscape development of the suburban home and farmstead, so as to increase the usefulness, efficiency and attractiveness of such areas. Simple and practical information is given covering the proper arrangement of trees, shrubs, and flowers; the location and construction of walks and drives; planting methods; lawn building and care; and such maintenance problems as pruning, plant feeding and insect and disease controls. Illustrated lectures, field work and plan making.

The second half of the semester will be devoted to a study of home floriculture, greenhouse practices, and plant propagation. The work will cover design and planting of annual and perennial borders, flower boxes, and pot culture in soil and nutrient solutions.
Hort. 3 f. Fruit Production (2-3)-One lecture; one or two laboratories.
A study of commercial varieties and the harvesting, grading, and storage principles and practices in tree fruit production. One laboratory is devoted to the actual operations involved in these orchard practices, and includes field trips to commercial packing and storage houses. The second laboratory is devoted to apple variety identification and judging. A fruit judging team is selected to compete in the Eastern States Intereollegiate Fruit Judging League, of which Maryland is a member.
Hort. 4 s . Fruit Production (2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Bot. 1 f, Chem. 1 y.
A continuation of Hort. 3 s , devoted to the practical application of the principles involved in tree fruit production. Establishment of the orchard, soils, sites, fertilizers, cultural practices, fruiting habits, pollination, and pruning receive consideration. The laboratory is especially designed to provide actual practice in the application of the various orchard operations.

Hort. 5 s. Vegetable Production (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Chem. 1 y , Bot. 1 f .

A study of the underlying principles of vegetable production. This course deals with proper soil types and maintenance of soil fertility, seedage, plant production and plant growing structures, methods in cultivation, harvesting and storage, the selection of proper types and varieties to suit various market requirements; and discussion of the more important diseases and insect pests and their control, incident to vegetable production for home use, as well as on a commercial scale.
Laboratory work will cover practical exercises in the above phases of vegetable growing. Working out of detailed plans of a farm garden, to insure an adequate food supply for the family will be required, as well as the maintenance of a demonstration garden.
Hort. 6 f. Greenhouse Construction and Management (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
A detailed consideration of various types of houses and their manage-
tion, and costs of building and operation; practical methods of handling greenhouses under various conditions. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Hort. 7 s. Greenhouse Management (3-4)-Two or three lectures; one laboratory. No prerequisite.
A continuation of Hort. 6 f. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Hort. 8 s . Small Fruits (2-3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Lectures may be taken without laboratory.
A study of the principles and practices involved in the production of the small fruits including grapes, strawberries, raspberries, blueberries, blackberries, cranberries, etc. Plant characteristics, varieties, propagation, site and soils, planting, soil management, fruiting habits, pruining, fertilizers, harvesting, and marketing receive consideration.
Hort. 9 f. Garden Flowers (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
Plants for garden use; the various species of annuals, herbaceous perennials, bulbs, bedding plants, and roses and their cultural requirements. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Hort. 10 y. Commercial Floriculture (6-7)-Two lectures; one or two laboratories. Prerequisite, Hort. 6 f, 7 s.
Methods of handling florists' bench crops and potted plants, the marketing of cut flowers, the retail business, and floral design and decoration. Trips to important commercial centers and flower shows will be made.
Hort. 11 f. Landscape Gardening (2)-Two lectures.
The theory and general principles of landscape gardening and their application to private and public areas. Special consideration is given to the improvement and beautification of the home grounds, farmsteads, and small suburban properties. Adapted to students not intending to specialize in landscape, but who wish some theoretical and practical knowledge of the subject.

Hort. 12 f. Landscape Design (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Hort. 11 f.
A consideration of the principles of general landscape design supplemented by direct application in the drafting room. Attention is given to the reading of plans, practice in lettering, and the technique of landscape drafting. Practice in obtaining field data by various expedient methods is given and field trips to observe local examples, illustrating the principles of landscape design, will be taken. Simple landscape sketch plans will be prepared applying the principles of walk and drive locations, the arrangement of trees, shrubs and flowers and other items incident to the landscape development of small home-grounds.

Hort. 13 s. Landscape Design (3)—Three laboratories. Prerequisite Hort. 12 f.

A continuation of Hort. 12 f with more advanced application. The solution of original landscape problems in the development of home-grounds and small country places where topography, natural features, and the out line of the property provide factors influencing the development. Consideration will be given to the principles of planting design and simple planting plans will be prepared. The design of flower gardens and architectural details used in landscape compositions will be part of the work, and simple grading plans and constructive drawings will be made. Field trips to in spect and study actual landscape developments will be made.

Note: The courses offered in landscape design are not sufficiently ade quate in scope to prepare a student for the professional practice of landscape architecture, but are designed to be helpful to those who may find some training in landscape design desirable, incident to following other related occupations. Included would be nurserymen, florists, landscape gardeners, park, estate, and cemetery superintendents; landscape contractors and students of home economics. Students found to have particular aptitude for landscape design and who wish to follow the work professionally may complete the course elsewhere.

Hort. 14 s. Civic Art (2)-Two lectures.
Principles of city planning and their application to village and rural improvements, including problems in design of civic centers, parks, schoo grounds, and other public and semi-public areas.

Hort. 16 f or s. Methods of Commercial Processing of Horticultural Crops (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory.
The fundamentals of canning and freezing horticultural crops; maturity studies; harvesting methods, including threshing of peas and lima beans; grades and grading of raw products; preparation for processing or freezing, such as washing, sizing, and blanching; methods of processing and freezing and storage of frosted foods. Open only to juniors and seniors majoring in agriculture, home economics, or bacteriology.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Hort. 101 f, 102 s. Technology of Horticultural Plants (Fruits) (2, 2)Two lectures. Prerequisite, Plt. Phys. 101 f.

A critical analysis is made of research work in horticulture and allied work in plant physiology, chemistry, and botany, the results of which are interpreted with respect to their application in commercial production Fundamental principles involved in growth, fruiting, storage, and quality of horticultural plants and products are stressed. (Haut.)
Hort. 103 f, 104 s. Technology of Horticultural Plants. (Vegetables) (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Plt. Phys. 101 f.
These courses are described under Hort. $101 \mathrm{f}, 102 \mathrm{~s}$

Hort. 105 f or s . Technology of Horticultural Plants (Ornamentals) (2) -Two lectures. Prerequisite, Plt. Phys. 101 f.
A study of the physiological plant processes as related to the growth, flowering, storage, etc., of floricultural and ornamental plants. A critical analysis and interpretation of the result of research studies dealing with water relations, temperature relations, photoperiodism, rest period, soils, fertilizers, and mineral deficiencies on ornamental crops. The applications pertaining to commercial production receive special consideration.

Hort. 106 s. World Fruits and Nuts (2)-Two lectures.
A study of the tropical and subtropical fruits and nuts of economic importance. The orange, lemon, grapefruit, pineapple, banana, date, fig, olive, avocado, papaya, mango, walnut, pecan, almond, filbert, tung nut, Brazil nut, cashew, and cocoanut receive consideration. Special emphasis is placed upon the botanical relationships, composition, varieties, climatic and cultural requirements, methods and problems of production, and the development and present commercial status of those grown in the United States and its possessions.
(Haut.)
Hort. 107 y. Plant Materials (5)-One lecture; one or two laboratories.
A field or laboratory study of trees, shrubs, and vines used in ornamental plantings.
(Thurston.)
Hort. 108 f or s. Canning Crops Technology (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Hort. 16, Plt. Phys. 101 f.
A course dealing with the more technical physico-chemical methods used in the study of the fundamentals or factors influencing the quality of raw products; physiological processes prior to and after blanching; and grade of processed product. In addition, studies will be made of new types of equipment and recent research on methods of processing. Visits to canning plants and commercial laboratories will be required. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Mahoney, Walls.)
Hort. 109 f or s. Systematic Pomology (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.

A study of the origin, history, taxonomic relationships, description, pomological classification and identification of tree and small fruits. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Haut.)
Hort. 110 f or s. Systematic Olericulture (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.

A study of the classification and nomenclature of vegetable crops, and the description and identification of varieties. The adaptation of varieties to different environmental conditions and their special uses in vegetable production.
(Walls).
Hort. 111 y. Seminar (2).
Designed to give training in the interpretation, condensation, and oral presentation of the results of investigational work by reviewing recent scientific literature in the various phases of horticulture.
(Staff.)

Hort. 112 y. Special Problems (2-4)—Credit according to work done An advanced student in any of the divisions of horticulture may select a special problem for study. This may be either the summarizing of all the available knowledge on a particular problem or the investigation of some new problem. Where original investigation is carried on, the student should in most cases start the work during the junior year.
(Staff.)

## For Graduates

Hort. 201 f, 202 s. Experimental Pomology (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Plt. Phys. 101 f .

A systematic study of the sources of knowledge and opinion as to practices in pomology; methods and difficulties in experimental work in pomology and results of experiments that have been or are being conducted in all experiment stations in this and other countries. (Schrader.)
Hort. 203 f, 204 s. Experimental Olericulture (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Plt. Phys. 101 f .
A critical study and interpretation is made of certain experimental work done on soils, fertilizers, water relations, light and temperature relations rest period and dormancy, and anatomical and morphological studies which may be applied to the field of vegetable crops. Methods and techniques used in research are discussed.
(Mahoney.)

## Hort. 205 f or s. Experimental Pomology (2)—Two lectures <br> A continuation of Hort. $201 \mathrm{f}, 202 \mathrm{~s}$.

(Schrader.)
Hort. 206 f or s. Experimental Olericulture (2)-Two lectures. Pre requisites, Zool. 120 s , Plt. Phys. 101 f , or equivalent.
A course dealing with the field of cyto-genetics in relation to horticul-
ture.
Hort. 207 f or s (Mahoney.)
one laboratory.
Methods in use by horticultural research workers in the United States and foreign countries are discussed in detail, critically evaluating such methods for use in solving present problems. Discussion of photographic technique, application of statistical procedures, physical measurements, plot designs, survey methods, and experimental materials will be emphasized.
(Staff.)
Hort. 208. Advanced Horticultural Research (4, 6, or 8)—Credit given according to work done.

Graduate students will be required to select problems for original research in pomology, vegetable gardening, or floriculture. These problems will be continued until completed and final results will be in the form of a
thesis. thesis.
(Staff.)

Hort. 209 f, 210 s. Advanced Horticultural Seminar (1, 1).
Oral reports with illustrative material are required on special topics or recent research publications in horticulture. Discussion by the students and staff members during and after each report is an essential part of the seminar. The aim of this course is to develop ability to analyze and to present research results orally as well as to review recent advances in horticulture.
(Staff.)

## LIBRARY SCIENCE

## Associate Professor Hintz; Mr. Fogg, Mr. Rovelstad.

L. S. 1 f and s. Library Methods (1).

This course is intended to help students use libraries with greater facility and effectiveness. Instruction, given in the form of lectures and practical work, is designed to interpret the library and its resources to the student. The course considers the classification of books in libraries, the card catalogue, periodical literature and indexes, and certain essential reference books which will be found helpful throughout the college course and in later years.
L. S. 2 s. Sources of Business Information (1).

This course deals with the techniques and practices necessary to the efficient location of business information and the intelligent evaluation of sources of commercial data. Primarily intended for students in the College of Commerce but open to others.

## MATHEMATICS

Professors T. H. Taliaferro, Dantzig; Associate Professor Martin; Assistant Professors Titt, Lancaster, Vedova; Dr. Alrich, Dr. Van Stockum, Dr. Newell, Mr. Volckhausen, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Wagner, Mr. Parke, Mr. Eccles, Mr. Rand, Mr. Gibbons, Mr. Herbst, Mr. Kajikstein.
Students taking Mathematics $21 \mathrm{f}, 22 \mathrm{~s}$ and 23 y who excel in mathematical ability are eligible for enrollment in an honors section.
Math. 1 f. Introductory Algebra (0)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, one year of high school algebra. Open without credit to students of engineering, chemistry and physics who lack the required preparation for Math. 21 f , or have failed the qualifying examination in Mathematics.

Fundamental operations, quadratic equations, simultaneous quadratic equations, polynomials and their graphs, progressions, binomial theorem, exponentials and logarithms.

Math. 2 f. Solid Geometry (0)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, plane geometry. Open to students in engineering, mathematics and physics who do not offer the entrance credit of one-half unit of solid geometry.
Lines and planes, cylinders and cones, the sphere, polyhedra.

Math. 7 f. Solid Geometry (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, plane geometry. This course is designed to prepare a student for teaching geometry in high school and is open to students in the College of Education.
Lines and planes, cylinders and cones, the sphere, polyhedra, geometry on the sphere, regular solids.
Math. 8 f, 10 s . Elements of College Mathematics (3, 3)—Three lectures. Prerequisite, at least one year of high school algebra. Required of biological, premedical and predental students.
This course acquaints the student with the elementary ideas in the following branches of mathematics: algebra, trigonometry, analytic geometry and calculus. Math. 8 f , or its equivalent, is a prerequisite for Math. 10 s .
First semester. Algebra: Quadratic equations, theory of equations, exponentials, logarithms, binomial theorem, permutations and combinations. Trigonometry: trigonometric functions, solution of triangles, trigonometric equations and identities.
Second semester. Analytic geometry: Cartesian coordinates, the straight line, the circle, the ellipse, graphing of elementary algebraic, exponential and logarithmic functions. Calculus: elementary theory of differentiation and integration.
Math. 18 y. Pictorial Geometry (4)-Two lectures. Required of students whose major is mathematics, and of students in the College of Education with mathematics as their major or minor
The story of geometry, classical and modern, synthetic and analytic, presented by means of drawings and models made by the students themselves.
Math. 20 y. General Mathematics (6)-Three lectures. Primarily intended for students of economics and the social sciences. Required of all students in College of Commerce. Prerequisite, one year of high school algebra.
Principles of algebra, trigonometry, analytic geometry; mathematics of finance; quadratic and higher equations; progressions and logarithms; compound interest and annuities; permutations and combinations; probabilities graphing of algebraic and trigonometric functions; construction and interpretation of graphs; interpolation and approximation methods; rudiments of the calculus; introduction to statistical methods.

Math. 21 f and s. College Algebra (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, high school algebra completed and satisfactory passing of qualifying examination. Required of all students in the College of Engineer ing; of students whose major is mathematics, physics, or chemistry; of students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor
Foundations of algebra; binomial and multinomial expansions; progres sions; determinants; elements of the theory of numbers; combinatorial analysis and probabilities; complex numbers; theory of equations; exponen tial functions and logarithms; principles of trigonometry

Math. 22 s and f. Analytic Geometry (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Math 21. Required of all students in the College of Engineering; of students whose major is mathematics, physics, or chemistry; of students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor.
Cartesian and polar coordinates; line and circle; curves of the second order; higher algebraic and transcendental curves; periodograms; solid analytic geometry.
Math. 23 y. Calculus (8)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Math. $8 \mathrm{f}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ or 21,22 . Required of all students in the College of Engineering; of students with a major in mathematics, physics or chemistry; of students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor.
Limits, derivatives, and differentials; maxima and minima; curvature; evolutes; envelopes; elements of curve theory; elementary theory of functions; partial derivatives. Indefinite and definite integrals; multiple integrals; calculation of arcs, areas, volumes, and moments; expansion in series.
Math. 71 f. Applied Mathematics (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, either Math. $8 \mathrm{f}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ or 21,22 , or equivalent.
Spherical trigonometry with applications to navigation; also topics in aeronautics, ballistics, surveying, map reading, charts, signals, and codes.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Students majoring in mathematics who have completed freshman and sophomore courses in mathematics with distinction in the honors sections are eligible to try for honors in mathematics. To receive the honors degree in mathematics, a student must: (1) complete the curriculum in mathematics found on page 122 of the catalogue with an average grade of B in all subjects; (2) pass honors examinations in mathematics at the end of the junior and senior years; (3) write a satisfactory thesis on an assigned topic in mathematics in the latter half of the senior year. Students who wish to try for honors in mathematics should consult the executive officer of the department at the conclusion of their sophomore year.

Math. 111 f. Elementary Mathematics from an Advanced Standpoint (2)-Two lectures.

A survey course in high school mathematics intended for workers in biological and social sciences, and for prospective teachers of mathematics and physics.
(Dantzig.)
Math. 112 s. College Mathematics (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 111 f or equivalent.
A survey course of analytic geometry, and the calculus, intended for workers in the biological sciences and for prospective teachers of highschool mathematics and physics.
(Dantzig.)

Math. 7 f. Solid Geometry (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, plane geom. etry. This course is designed to prepare a student for teaching geometry in high school and is open to students in the College of Education.
Lines and planes, cylinders and cones, the sphere, polyhedra, geometry on the sphere, regular solids.
Math. 8 f, 10 s. Elements of College Mathematics (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, at least one year of high school algebra. Required of biological premedical and predental students.
This course acquaints the student with the elementary ideas in the fol lowing branches of mathematics: algebra, trigonometry, analytic geom etry and calculus. Math. 8 f , or its equivalent, is a prerequisite for Math 10 s .

First semester. Algebra: Quadratic equations, theory of equations, exponentials, logarithms, binomial theorem, permutations and combinations Trigonometry: trigonometric functions, solution of triangles, trigonometric equations and identities.

Second semester. Analytic geometry: Cartesian coordinates, the straight line, the circle, the ellipse, graphing of elementary algebraic, exponential and logarithmic functions. Calculus: elementary theory of differentiation and integration.

Math. 18 y. Pictorial Geometry (4)-Two lectures. Required of students whose major is mathematics, and of students in the College of Education with mathematics as their major or minor.
The story of geometry, classical and modern, synthetic and analytic, pre sented by means of drawings and models made by the students themselves.
Math. 20 y. General Mathematics (6)-Three lectures. Primarily intended for students of economics and the social sciences. Required of all student in College of Commerce. Prerequisite, one year of high school algebra.

Principles of algebra, trigonometry, analytic geometry; mathematics of finance; quadratic and higher equations; progressions and logarithms; compound interest and annuities; permutations and combinations; probabilities; graphing of algebraic and trigonometric functions; construction and interpretation of graphs; interpolation and approximation methods; rudiments of the calculus; introduction to statistical methods.

Math. 21 f and s. College Algebra (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, high school algebra completed and satisfactory passing of a qualifying examination. Required of all students in the College of Engineering; of students whose major is mathematics, physics, or chemistry; of students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor.

Foundations of algebra; binomial and multinomial expansions; progressions; determinants; elements of the theory of numbers; combinatorial analysis and probabilities; complex numbers; theory of equations; exponential functions and logarithms; principles of trigonometry.

Math. 22 s and f. Analytic Geometry (4)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Math 21. Required of all students in the College of Engineering; of students whose major is mathematics, physics, or chemistry; of students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor.
Cartesian and polar coordinates; line and circle; curves of the second order; higher algebraic and transcendental curves; periodograms; solid analytic geometry.
Math. 23 y. Calculus (8)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Math. $8 \mathrm{f}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ or 21, 22. Required of all students in the College of Engineering; of students with a major in mathematics, physics or chemistry; of students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor.
Limits, derivatives, and differentials; maxima and minima; curvature; evolutes; envelopes; elements of curve theory; elementary theory of functions; partial derivatives. Indefinite and definite integrals; multiple inte grals; calculation of arcs, areas, volumes, and moments; expansion in series.
Math. 71 f. Applied Mathematics (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, either Math. $8 \mathrm{f}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ or 21,22 , or equivalent.
Spherical trigonometry with applications to navigation; also topics in aeronautics, ballistics, surveying, map reading, charts, signals, and codes.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Students majoring in mathematics who have completed freshman and sophomore courses in mathematics with distinction in the honors sections are eligible to try for honors in mathematics. To receive the honors degree in mathematics, a student must: (1) complete the curriculum in mathematics found on page 122 of the catalogue with an average grade of $B$ in all subjects; (2) pass honors examinations in mathematics at the end of the junior and senior years; (3) write a satisfactory thesis on an assigned topic in mathematics in the latter half of the senior year. Students who wish to try for honors in mathematics should consult the executive officer of the department at the conclusion of their sophomore year.

Math. 111 f. Elementary Mathematics from an Advanced Standpoint (2)-Two lectures.

A survey course in high school mathematics intended for workers in iological and social sciences, and for prospective teachers of mathematics and physics.
(Dantzig.)
Math. 112 s. College Mathematics (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 111 f or equivalent.
A survey course of analytic geometry, and the calculus, intended for workers in the biological sciences and for prospective teachers of highschool mathematics and physics.
(Dantzig.)

Math. 114 f. Differential Equations for Engineers (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
This course is conducted in close cooperation with the College of Engineering, and deals with aspects of mathematics which arise in engineering theory and practice. Among the topics treated are the following: linear differential equations; advanced methods in kinematics and dynamics; applications of analysis to electrical circuits, to aero-dynamics, bridge-design, etc. (Martin, Lancaster.)
Math. 115 s. Applied Calculus for Chemists (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
This course is conducted in close cooperation with the Chemistry Depart ment, and deals with the aspects of mathematics which arise in the theory and practice of chemistry. Among the topics treated are the following partial and total derivatives; applications of mathematical analysis to thermo-dynamics, to molecular and atomic phenomena, and to physical chemistry.
(Lancaster.)
Math. 116 f. Advanced Trigonometry (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite Math. 23 y or equivalent.

Complex numbers; De Moivre, Euler and allied identities; trigonometric series and infinite products; graphing of periodic functions; hyperbolic trig onometry; trigonometric solution of equations; principles of spherical trigonometry.
(Dantzig.)
Math. 122 s. History of Elementary Mathematics (2)—Two lectures.
History of arithmetic, algebra and geometry. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Dantzig.)
Math. 123 s. Vector Analysis (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math 142 s or equivalent
Scalars, vectors, matrices and determinants; transformations; linear dependence; canonical forms; elementary divisors; applications to geometry and mechanics.
(Alrich.)
Math. 130 f. Analytical Mechanics (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, ath. 23 y .
Statics, equilibrium of a point and of flexible cords, virtual work, kinernatics, dynamics of a particle, elementary celestial mechanics. (Martin.)
Math. 131 s . Analytical Mechanics (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 130 f or equivalent
Lagrangian equations for dynamical systems of one, two and three degrees of freedom. Hamilton's principle. The Hamilton-Jacobi partial differential equation. (Martin.)
Math. 140 y. Mathematical Seminar (4)-Two sessions. Open to juniors and seniors majoring in mathematics and graduate students.
This course is devoted to special topics not taken up in the regularly scheduled courses.
(Staff.)

Math. 141 f. Higher Algebra (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
Identities; multinomial expansion; combinatorial analysis; mathematical induction; undetermined coefficients; determinants; elementary theory of equations; complex magnitudes.
(Lancaster.)
Math. 142 s. Higher Algebra (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 141 f or equivalent.
Inequalities; continued fractions; summation of series; difference equations; theory of numbers; diophantine equations.
(Lancaster.)
Math. 143 f. Advanced Calculus (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
General methods of integration; multiple integration with physical applications; partial differentiation; geometrical and physical applications; mean value theorem; Jacobians; envelopes.
(Titt.)
Math. 144 s. Advanced Calculus (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 143 f or equivalent.

Elliptic integrals; line integrals; Green's theorem; equation of continuity; applications to hydrodynamics.

Math. 145 f. Advanced Plane Analytic Geometry (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.

Homogeneous coordinates; advanced theory of conic sections; Plücker characters of algebraic curves; cubic and quartic curves; Cremona transformations. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Van Stockum.)
Math. 146 s. Solid Analytic Geometry (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 145 f or equivalent.
General theory of quadric surfaces; the twisted cubic; line geometry; geometry on a sphere; cubic and quartic surfaces. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Alrich.)
Math. 151 f. Theory of Equations (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
Complex numbers; fundamental theorem of algebra; equations of the third and fourth degree; algebraic solution of equations; finite groups; numerical solution of equations; criteria of irreducibility; cyclotomic equations.
(Lancaster.)
Math. 152 s. Introduction to Modern Algebra (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 151 f or equivalent.
Vectors; matrices; linear dependence; quadratic forms; infinite groups.
(Lancaster.)
Math. 153 f. Advanced Differential Equations (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
Equations of the first order; linear equations with constant and variable
coefficients; change of variables; singular solutions; solution in series numerical integration; ordinary differential equations in three variables partial differential equations. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Math. 154 s. Topics in Analysis (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math 153 f or equivalent.
Theory of vibrations; Fourier series; calculus of variations; entropy; improper integrals. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Titt.)
Math. 155 f. Introduction to Projective Geometry (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
The theorems of Desargues and Pappus; cross-ratio and homography; projective theory of conics; projective interpretation and generalization of elementary geometry.
(Dantzig.)
Math. 156 s . Introduction to Differential Geometry (2)-Two lectures. rerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
Infinitesimal properties of plane curves; transformations; orthogonal trajectories; envelopes; roulettes and glissettes; curvilinear coordinates in
the plane. Math. 171 f . Applied Mathemal (Van Stockum.) requisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
Intended for advance ing, mathematics, physics and ing, mathematics, physics and chemistry. Ballistics, dynamical stability in flight, stress analysis, graphical statics, cryptography, and communica tions will be included among the subjects discussed.

## For Graduates

Math. 220 f . Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable (2)-Two lec tures. Prerequisites, Math. $143 \mathrm{f}, 144 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
Complex numbers, power series, integration of analytic functions, Cauchy integral formula, Cauchy theory of analytic functions, special analytic functions. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Newell.)
Math. 221 s . Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 220 f or equivalent.
Meromorphic functions, Weierstrass theory of analytic functions, analytic continuation and Riemann surfaces, conformal representation. (Not given
in 1941-42.)
(Newell.)
Math. 222 f. Theory of Functions of a Real Variable (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Math. $143 \mathrm{f}, 144 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
Real numbers, continuous functions, differentiable functions, uniform convergence, implicit functions, Jacobians, the Riemann integral, infinite series, Math. 224 s . ${ }^{2}$ (Martin.)
Math. 224 s. Theory of Functions of a Real Variable (2)—Two lectures.
Prerequisite, Math. 222 f or equivalent. Point sets, Heine-Borel or equivalent.
Lebesque integral.

Math. 225 f. Projective Geometry (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 155 f or equivalent.
Axiomatic development of geometry; fundamental theorems; projective equivalence; the group of collineations in the plane and in space; nonEuclidean geometries.
(Dantzig.)
Math. 226 s. Differential Geometry (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 156 s or equivalent.
Principles of vector analysis; skew curves; kinematical applications; geometry on a surface; general theory of surfaces; curvature and space structure; Riemannian geometries.
(Van Stockum.)
Math. 227 s. Infinite Processes (2)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. $222 f$ or equivalent.
Convergence of infinite series and products; Fourier series; orthogonal functions; asymptotic series.
(Lancaster.)
Math. 231 s. Partial Differential Equations with Applications to Mathematical Physics (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Math. $143 \mathrm{f}, 144 \mathrm{~s}, 153 \mathrm{f}$, or equivalent.
Partial differential equations of the first and second order; linear equations; total differential equations; equations of the Monge-Ampére type; the Laplace equation; harmonics; applications to electricity, heat, elasticity, and hydrodynamics; potential theory.
(Titt.)
Math. 232 s. Theory of Probabilities and Least Squares (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
Frequency and probability; the concept of "equally likely"; combinatorial analysis; addition and multiplication theorems; frequency of distribution; continuous probabilities; applications to statistics, to theories of errors and correlations, and to molecular theories.
(Titt.)
Math. 235 s. Modern Algebra (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 152 s or equivalent.
Sets; classes; groups; isomorphism; rings; fields; Galois theory; ordered and well-ordered sets; ideals; linear algebras.
(Newell.)

## Math. 240 y. Graduate Colloquium.

A forum for the presentation and critical discussion of mathematical research conducted by the faculty and advanced students.
(Staff.)
Math. $250 \mathbf{y}$. Seminar in the History of Mathematics (4)—Two lectures. Prerequisite, Math. 23 y or equivalent.
Celebrated Problems of Mathematics from antiquity to present day. History of individual mathematical disciplines such as the theory of numbers, non-Euclidean geometry, vector and matrix analysis, theory of functions, theory of groups, theory of aggregates. Special emphasis will be laid on the evolution of mathematical concepts and principles. (Dantzig.)

## Selected Topics Courses

In addition to the preceding, a number of courses will be offered from time to time by the various members of the staff in their respective fields of specialization. These courses are intended primarily for candidates for an advanced degree, and aim at developing materials for dissertations; they will, however, be open to any qualified student.
Math. 242. Selected Topics in Modern Geometry.
(Dantzig, Van Stockum.)
Math. 243. Selected Topics in Modern Analysis.
(Martin, Lancaster, Newell.)
Math. 244. Selected Topics in Dynamics. (Martin.)
Math. 245. Selected Topics in Mathematical Physics.
(Van Stockum, Titt.)
Math. 246. Selected Topics in Applied Mathematics. (Dantzig, Alrich.)
Math. 247. Selected Topics in Differential and Difference Equations.
(Lancaster.)
Math. 260. Research
The investigation of special problems and the preparation of a thesis towards an advanced degree.
(Staff.)

## MILITARY SCIENCE AND TACTICS

Professor of Military Science and Tactics, Lieutenant Colonel Finley*; Acting Professor of Military Science and Tactics, Lieutenant Colonel Wysor; Assistant Professors, Lieutenant Colonel Westfall, Major Ellis, Lieutenant Judd, Lieutenant Jones, Lieutenant Williams, Lieutenant Kelly; Sergeant Mars, Sergeant Norris, Sergeant Uhrinak, Sergeant Martin.

## $\dagger$ Basic Course

M. I. 1 y. Basic R. O. T. C. (2)-One lecture; two drill periods. Freshman year.
First Semester: National Defense Act, including basic organization and the R. O. T. C.; military courtesy; command and leadership; rifle marksmanship.

Second Semester: Command and leadership; automatic rifle; military history and policy; military hygiene and first aid; citizenship; military organization.
M. I. 2 y. Basic R. O. T. C. (4)-One lecture; two drill periods. Sophomore year.
First Semester: Scouting and patrolling; musketry; military history; command and leadership.
Second Semester: Military history; combat principles of the squad; command and leadership; map reading.

TRequired of qualified students.

## *Advanced Course

M. I. 101 y. Advanced R. O. T. C. (6)-Three lectures; two drill periods. Junior year. ics and drill of machine guns; tactical methods of the rifle platoon; adics and dinistration; command and leadership; chemical warfare defense.
Second Semester: Tactical principles and methods to include the riffe platoon and platoons of the heavy weapons company; pistol marksmanplatoon and rifle range procedure to include preparation of schedules; command and leadership.
M. I. 102 y. Advanced R. O. T. C. (6)-Three lectures; two drill periods. Senior year.

First Semester: Command and leadership; tactical principles and methods to include the rifle company and heavy weapons company; organization of larger combat units; tank tactics.
Second Semester: Military history and policy; military law; company administration; mechanization; tactical exercises to include the rifle company and heavy weapons company; command and leadership.

## MODERN LANGUAGES

Professors Zucker, Falls; Assoclate Professor Kramer; Assistant Professors Darby, Prahl; Miss Wilcox, Mr. Schweizer, Mr. Liotard, Dr. Miller, Mr. Evangelist, Mr. Scoppettone, Mr. Mutziger, Mr. Backenstoss, Mr. Banta, Mr. Cole, Dr. Cunz.
All students whose major is in Modern Languages are required to take Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature (Comp. Lit. $101 \mathrm{f}, 102 \mathrm{~s}$ ), and they are strongly advised to take the review course (French 99 f, German 99 f , Spanish 99 f ). The following courses are recommended: Survey of Western Civilization (H. 1y). Introduction to Philosophy (Phil. 1), The Old Testament as Literature (Comp. Lit. 104 s), Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age. (Eng. 113 f, 114 s ), Romanticism in France and (iermany (Comp. Lit. 105 f, 106 s). For a major in German, Old English and Beowulf (Eng. 102 f, 103 s).
Specific requirements for the majors in the different languages are as follows: French-French $9 \mathrm{y}, 10 \mathrm{y}, 15 \mathrm{y}$, and three additional year-courses in literature in the 100 group; German-German $10 \mathrm{y}, 15 \mathrm{y}$, and three additional year-courses in the 100 group; Spanish-Spanish $6 \mathrm{y}, 15 \mathrm{y}$, and at least 16 hours in the 100 group.

## A. French

French 1 y. Elementary French (6)-Three lectures. Students who offer two units in French for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for second-year French, receive half credit for this course.
Elements of grammar; composition; pronunciation and translation.
*Elective for qualified undergraduates in accordance with contract.

French 2 s. Elementary Conversation (1)-One lecture. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in the first semester of French 1 y. Students who are interested in French, and who have done well in the first semester of the elementary year-course, should take this course in conjunction with the second semester of French 1 y .

French 3 y. Second-Year French (6)—Three lectures. Prerequisite, French 1 y or equivalent.

Study of grammar continued; composition; conversation; translation of narrative and technical prose. In the organization of classes, certain sections are set aside for the reading of scientific French texts.

French 4 f. Grammar Review (2)-Two lectures. Designed particularly for students who enter with three or more units in French, who expect to do advanced work in the French language or literature, but who are not prepared to take French 10 y . Properly qualified students may elect this course at the same time as French 6 y, 7 y, 8 y, 15 y.

French 5 s. Intermediate Conversation (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in the first semester of French 3 y . Students who expect to take advanced work in French literature, and who have completed the first semester of French 3 y with the grade of A or B, should take this course in conjunction with the second semester of French 3 y .
Practical exercises in conversation, based on material dealing with French history, art, and music.

French 6 y . The Development of the French Novel (6)-Three lectures. Introductory study of the history and growth of the novel in French literature; of the lives, works, and influences of important novelists. Reports.
French 7 y. The Development of the French Drama (6)-Three lectures. Introductory study of the French drama of the seventeenth, eighteenth, and nineteenth centuries. Translation and collateral reading. Reports.

French 8 y. The Development of the Short Story in French (6)-Three lectures.

A study of the short story in French literature; reading and translation of representative examples. (Not given in 1941-42.)
French 9 y. French Phonetics (2)-One lecture. Prerequisite, French 1 y.
French 10 y. Intermediate Grammar and Composition (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, French 3 y .
(French 9 y and 10 y are required of students preparing to teach French.)
French 15 y. Introduction to French Literature (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, French 3 y .
An elementary survey introducing the student to the chief authors and movements in French literature. This course is given in French.

French 99 f. Rapid Review of the History of French Literature (1)-One lecture.
Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of French literature, art, and music. This course provides a rapid review for majors by means of a brief survey of the entire field.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
A more intensive survey of modern French literature is offered by means of rotating courses roughly divided by centuries.

French 102 y. French Literature of the 17th Century (4)-Two lectures. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Wilcox.)
French 103 y . French Literature of the 18th Century (4)-Two lectures.
(Falls.)
French 104 y. French Literature of the 19th Century (4)-Two lectures. (Wilcox.)
French 105 y . French Literature of the 20th Century (4)-Two lectures. (Not given in 1941-42.)
French 110 y. Advanced Composition (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, French 10 y . This course is required of students preparing to teach French.
Attention is also called to Comp. Lit. 105 f, Romanticism in France.

## For Graduates

French 201. Research (2-4)-Credits determined by work accomplished.
French 202 y. Diderot and the Encyclopaedists (4)-Two lectures.
(Falls.)
French 204 y. Georges Duhamel, Poet, Dramatist, Novelist (4)-Two lectures. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Falls.)
French 205 y. French Literature of the Middle Ages and the Renaissance (4)-Two lectures.

French 206 f, 207 s. The French Novel in the First Half of the Nineteenth Century (2, 2)-Two lectures. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Falls.)
French $208 \mathrm{f}, 209 \mathrm{~s}$. The French Novel in the Second Half of the Nineteenth Century (2, 2)-Two lectures.
(Falls.)
French 210 y. Seminar (2-4)-One meeting weekly. Required of all graduate students in French.
French 212 s. Introduction to Old French (2)-Two lectures.
(Staff.)

French 220 f, 221 s. Reading Course (2, 2)-One conference.
Designed to give graduate students the background of a survey of French literature. Extensive outside reading with reports and connecting lectures.
(Falls.)

## B. German

German 1 y. Elementary German (6)-Three lectures. Students who offer two units in German for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for second-year German, receive half credit for this course.

Elements of grammar; composition; pronunciation and translation.
German 2 s. Elementary Conversation (1)—One lecture. Prerequisite, the grade of $A$ or $B$ in the first semester of German 1 y. Students who are interested in German, and who have done well in the first semester of the elementary year-course, should take this course in conjunction with the second semester of German 1 y.

German 3 y. Second-Year German (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, German 1 y or equivalent.

Reading of narrative and technical prose, grammar review, and oral and written practice. In the organization of classes, certain sections are set aside for the reading of scientific German texts.

German 4 f. Grammar Review (2)-Two lectures. Designed particularly for students who enter with three or more units in German and who expect to do advanced work in the German language or literature, but who are not prepared to take German 10 y . Properly qualified students may elect this course at the same time as German 6 f or 8 f .

German 5 s. Intermediate Conversation (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, the grade of $A$. or $B$ in the first semester of German 3 y. Students who expect to take advanced work in German literature, and who have completed the first semester of German 3 y with the grade of A or B, should take this course in conjunction with the second semester of German 3 y .

Practical exercises in conversation; based on material dealing with German history, art, and music.
German 6 f, 7 s. Advanced German (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, German 3 y or equivaient.
Rapid reading of novels and short stories from recent German literature. (Not given in 1941-42.)
German 8 f, 9 s. Advanced German (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, German 3 y or equivalent.
Rapid reading of dramas from recent German literature. (Not given in 1941-42.)
German 10 y. German Grammar and Composition (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, German 3 y . This course is required of students preparing to teach German.
A thorough study of the more detailed points of German grammar with ample practice in composition work.

German 15 y. Introduction to German Literature (6)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, German 3 y or equivalent.

An elementary survey of the history of German literature; a study of representative authors and works.
German 99 f. Rapid Review of the History of German Literature (1)One lecture.

Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of German literature, art, and music. This course provides a rapid review for majors by means of a brief survey of the entire field.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

German 101 f, 102 s. German Literature of the 18 th Century (3, 3)Three lectures.
First semester, the earlier classical literature.
Second semester, the later classical literature. (Not given in 1941-42.)
German 103 f, 104 s. German Literature of the 19th Century (3, 3)-
Three lectures.
First semester, Romanticism and Young Germany
German 105 f, 106 s. Contemporary German Literature (3, 3)-Three lectures.

A study of the lives, works, and influence of outstanding authors of the
Attention is also called to Comp. Lit. 106 s , Romanticism in Germany, and Comp. Lit. 107 f, The Faust Legend in English and German Literature.
German 107 y. Goethe's Faust (4)-Two lectures.
(Zucker.)

## For Graduates

German 201. Research (2-4)-Credits determined by work accomplished.
(Staff.)
German 202 y. The Modern German Drama (4)-Two lectures.
Study of the naturalistic, neo-romantic, and expressionistic drama against the background of Ibsen and other international figures. (Prahl.)
German 203 y. Schiller (4)-Two lectures.
Study of the life and works of Schiller, with emphasis on the history
of his dramas. (Not given in 1941-42.)
German 204 f. Goethe's Faust (2)-Two lectures. (Not given in 194142.)

German 205 s. Goethe's Works Outside of Faust (2)-Two lectures.
(Zucker.)

German 206 y. The Romantic Movement (4)-Two lectures.
German 210 y. Seminar (2-4)-Two meetings weekly.
Subject for 1941-42: Grillparzer. Required of all graduate students in German.
(Staff.)
German 220 f, 221 s. Reading Course (2, 2)-One conference.
Designed to give graduate students the background of a survey of German
literature. Extensive outside reading with reports and connecting lectures.
(Prahl.)
German 230 f. Introduction to Indo-European Linguistics (3)-Three lectures.
(Mutziger.)
German 231 s. Middle High German (3)—Three lectures.
(Mutziger.)

## C. Italian

Italian 1 y. Elementary Italian (6)-Three lectures. Open to freshmen. Also recommended for advanced students in French and Spanish.

Drill in pronunciation and in the elements of the language. Reading of short stories from modern authors.

Italian 2 s. Elementary Conversation (1)-One lecture. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in the first semester of Italian 1 y. Students who are interested in Italian, and who have done well in the first semester of the elementary year-course, should take this course in conjunction with the second semester of Italian 1 y .

## D. Spanish

Spanish 1 y. Elementary Spanish (6)-Three lectures. Students who offer two units in Spanish for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for second-year Spanish, receive half credit for this course.

Elements of grammar; composition; pronunciation and translation.
Spanish 2 s. Elementary Conversation (1)-One lecture. Prerequisite, the grade of $A$ or $B$ in the first semester of Spanish 1 y . Students who are interested in Spanish, and who have done well in the first semester of the elementary year-course, should take this course in conjunction with the second semester of Spanish 1 y.
Spanish 3 y. Second-Year Spanish (6)—Three lectures. Prerequisite, Spanish 1 y or equivalent.
Reading of narrative works and plays; grammar review; oral and written practice.

Spanish 4 f. Grammar Review (3)-Three lectures. Designed particularly for students who enter with three or more units in Spanish, who are not prepared to take Spanish 6 y or 15 y .

Spanish 5 s. Intermediate Conversation (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in the first semester of Spanish 3 y . Students who expect to take advanced work in Spanish literature, and of $A$ or $B$ completed the first semester of Spanish 3 y with the grade of A or $B$, should take this course in conjunction Spanish 3 y.
Practical exercises in conversation; based on material dealing with Spanish history, art, and music.
Spanish 6 y. Composition and Conversation (4)-Two lectures. Prequisite, Spanish 3 y or equivalent. This course is required of students preparing to teach Spanish.

Introduction to phonetics; oral and written composition.
Spanish 15 y. Introduction to Spanish Literature (6)-Three lectures.
An elementary survey introducing the student to the chief authors and movements in Spanish literature.
Spanish 99 f . Rapid Review of the History of Spanish Literature (1)-
One lecture.
Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of Spanish terature, art, and music. This course provides a rapid review for majors by means of a brief survey of the entire field.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Spanish 101 f . Spanish Literature of the 20th Century (3)-Three lectures.

Novels, the drama, essays and poetry.
Spanish 103 f, 104 s. The Spanish Drama (3, 3)-Three lectures.
First semester, the drama of the Golden Age.
Second semester, the drama since Calderon. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Spanish 105 y. Cervantes (6)-Three lectures.
The life and times of Cervantes; principal prose works. (Darby.)
Spanish 107 f, 108 s. The Spanish Novel (3, 3)-Three lectures.
First semester, classic novels and short stories of the Golden Age and
of the eighteenth century.
Second semester, a study of the development of the modern (Darby.)
given in 1941-42.)
(Darby.)
Spanish 110 s. Advanced Composition (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite,
Spanish 6 y or the consent of the instructor.
Extensive practice in composition and grammar for students who are
completing major or minor requirements in Spanish. Conducted in Spanish.
Spanish 151 f. Latin-American Literature: The Colonial Period (3)-
Three lectures. (Not given in 1941-42.) (Darby.)
Spanish 152 s. Latin-American Literature: The Modern Period (3)-
Three lectures. (Not given in 1941-42.)

## For Graduates

Spanish 201. Research (2-4)—Credits determined by work accomplished. (Staff.)

Spanish 202 y. The Golden Age in Spanish Literature (6)-Three lectures.

Detailed study of the classical authors.
Spanish 203 f, 204 s. Spanish Poetry (3, 3)-Three lectures.
First semester, the epic, the ballad and popular poetry, early lyrics, poetry of the Golden Age.

Second semester, poetry of the eighteenth, nineteenth, and twentieth centuries. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Darby.)
Spanish 210 y. Seminar (2-4)—One meeting weekly. Required of all graduate students in Spanish.
(Darby.)
Spanish 212 f. Introduction to Old Spanish (2)-Two lectures.
(Darby.)
Spanish 220 f, 221 s. Reading Course (2, 2)—One conference.
Designed to give graduate students the background of a survey of Spanish literature. Extensive outside reading with reports and connection lectures.
(Darby.)

## MUSIC

Assistant Professor Randall; Mrs. Gavin.
Music 1 y. Music Appreciation (2)-One lecture.
A study of all types of classical music with a view to developing the ability to listen and enjoy. Lecture recitals will be presented with the aid of performers and records. A study of the orchestra and the instruments that it employs. A study of musical form. The development of the opera and oratorio. Great singers of the past and present. Well-known musicians occasionally appear as guest lecturers and performers.

Music 2 y. History of Music (2)-One lecture.
A comprehensive course in the history of music covering the development of all forms of music from ancient times through the renaissance; the classic and the romantic schools; and the more modern composers.

## Music 3 y. Chorus (1)

This course is offered for those interested in part-singing. After voice trials, students who have ability to read and sing music of the grade of easy songs are admitted. Members of the Women's Chorus and the Men's Glee Club indicated hereafter are combined at times for mixed chorus singing.
(A) Women's Chorus. Study of part-singing for women's voices. Credit awarded for each year's regular attendance at weekly rehearsals and participation in public performances of the chorus.
(B) Men's Glee Club. Study of part-singing for men's voices. Credit is awarded for each year's regular attendance at weekly rehearsals and participation in public performances of the Glee Club.

Music $4 y$. Orchestra (1).
The purpose of the University Orchestra is study of the classics. Works of the standard symphonists from Haydn and Mozart to Wagner and the modern composers are used. Students who play orchestral instruments are eligible for membership. At least one rehearsal of two hours' duration is held each week, and all players are expected to take part in public performances.
Music 5 y. Harmony (4)-Two lectures.
This course includes a study of major and minor scales, intervals, harmonic progressions, primary and secondary triads in root position and first and second inversions, the dominant seventh chord in its root position and inversions, altered and mixed chords and modulation.
The above theory is taught to give the student a basis for ear training, dictation, melody writing, and melody harmonization.

## PHILOSOPHY

Professor Marti.
Phil. 1 f. Introduction to Philosophy (3)-Three lectures. Not open to freshmen.
A study of Greek and Roman thought and its connection with present ways thinking. This course or Phil. 2 s may be chosen in fulfillment of the philosophy requirement.
Phil. 2 s. Introduction to Philosophy (3)-Three lectures. Not open to freshmen.
A study of the development of modern thought since the Renaissance. This course or Phil. 1 f may be chosen in fulfillment of the philosophy requirement.
Phil. 11 s. Modern European Philosophy (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Phil. 1 f or 2 s .
A continuation of Phil. 1 f or 2 s . Alternates with Phil. 12 s .
Phil. 12 s. American Philosophy (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Phil. 1 f or 2 s .
A continuation of Phil. 1 f or 2 s . Alternates with Phil. 11 s . (Not given
in 1941-42.)

Phil. 21 f. Aesthetics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Phil. 1 f or 2 s , and prerequisite or, by special permission, corequisite, a course in Art, Music 1 y or 2 y or a 100 course in literature
An historical and systematic introduction to the philosophy of art. Alternates with Phil. 22 f and 23 f

Phil. 22 f. Logic (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Phil. 1 f or 2 s , and satisfactory preparation in mathematics or science.
An introductory course, designed especially for science majors. Alternates with Phil. 21 f and 23 f .

Phil. 23 f. Ethics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Phil. 1 f or 2 s .
A study of the implications of problems of the good life. Alternates with Phil. 21 f and 22 f . (Not given in 1941-42.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Phil. $111 \mathrm{f}, 112$ s. Readings in Philosophy (1, 1)-One hour of discus sion. Prerequisite, Phil. 1 f or 2 s .
One or several relatively easy philosophical works will be read and discussed in class. The topic will be changed, from semester to semester although the same work may be studied again, after three or four semesters. Not more than two credits allowed to any one student.
(Marti.)
Phil. $113 \mathrm{f}, 114 \mathrm{~s}$. Readings in Philosophy (1, 1)-One hour of discus sion. Prerequisite, Phil. 1 f , or 2 s .
Similar to Phil. $111 \mathrm{f}, 112 \mathrm{~s}$. (Not given in 1941-42.)
Phil. 151 f. Proseminar in Aesthetics (3)-Two hours of proseminar, one hour of tutorial work. Prerequisites, two courses in philosophy. No
graduate credit.

An intensive study of some important book on, or system of, aesthetics, or of the development of aesthetic theory of some historical period, or a testing study of the principles of literary and artistic criticism. The topic will be changed, from year to year, and will be chosen in line with the
needs of the group participating.
(Marti, Weeks.)
Phil. 152 s. Proseminar in Philosophy of History (3)-Two hours of proseminar, one hour of tutorial work Prerequisites, two cours of philosophy. No graduate credit. work. Prres two courses in
An intensive study of some important book on, or phase of, the philos history, or of the philosophical osophical implications of some period of or theories. The topic will beal significance of certain sociological trends chosen in line with the will be changed, from year to year, and will be

Phil. $191 \mathrm{f}, 192 \mathrm{~s}$. Systems of Philosophy (3, 3)-Three lectures, student reports, and discussion. Prerequisites, two courses in philosophy and the permission of the professor.
The system of one philosopher, or the development of one movement, will be studied throughout each semester. The topic will be changed, from semester to semester, in line with the needs of the students enrolled.
(Marti.)
Phil. 193 f, 194 s. Systems of Philosophy (3)-Three lectures, student reports, and discussion. Prerequisites, two courses in philosophy and the permission of the professor.
Similar to Phil. $191 \mathrm{f}, 192 \mathrm{~s}$. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Marti.)

## PHYSICS

Professor Eichlin; Assistañt Professor Dickinson; Dr. Myers, Mr. Smith, Mr. Warner.
Phys. 1 y. General Physics (8)-Three lectures; one laboratory. Required of students in the premedical and predental curricula. This course satisfies the minimum requirement for a science major. Prerequisites, Math. $8 \mathrm{f}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$; or $21 \mathrm{f}, 22 \mathrm{~s}$.
A study of the physical phenomena in mechanics, heat, sound, light, magnetism, and electricity. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester.
Phys. 2 y. General Physics (10)-Four lectures; one laboratory. Kequired of all students in the engineering curricula, and of those with chemistry, mathematics, and physics majors. Elective for other students. Prerequisites, Math. $21 \mathrm{f}, 22 \mathrm{~s}, 23 \mathrm{y}$. The last may be taken concurrently.
A study of mechanics, heat, sound, light, magnetism, and electricity. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester.
Phys. 3 y. Introductory Physics (6)-Three lectures.
This introductory course is designed to meet the needs of students who desire to become acquainted with the fundamental principles of physics. Instruction will be given by lectures, recitations, and experimental demonstrations. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$ per semester.

Phys. 51 f, 52 s. Photography (2, 2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Phys. $1 \mathrm{y}, 2 \mathrm{y}$, or 3 y .
A study of the physical principles of the camera, enlarger, exposure meter, filter, and other photographic devices. Special emphasis on the application of photographic methods in the laboratory. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester. (Not given in 1941-42.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Phys. 101 f . Precision of Measurements (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y, Math. 23 y.
A discussion of the principles underlying the treatment of experimental data, as to precision of observations, errors, interpolation, curve analysis,
etc., with especial emphasis on the planning of investigations involving measurements. The course is intended as an introduction to quantitative experimental work.
(Eichlin.)
Phys. 102 s. Physical Measurements (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory Prerequisite, Phys. 101 f.
This course, supplementing Phys. 101 f , is designed to familiarize the student with the manipulation of various types of apparatus used in experi mentation in physical problems, and the adaptation and analysis of data so obtained. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$. (Eichlin.)
Phys. 103 y. Advanced Physics (6)—Three lectures. Prerequisite, Phys. 1 y .

This course, supplementing Phys. 1 y , is an advanced study of physical phenomena in optics, spectroscopy, conduction of electricity through gases, photoelectricity, etc., with a comprehensive review of basic principles involved. It is intended to familiarize the student in a general survey with some of the recent developments in physics.
Phys. 104 y. Advanced Experiments (6)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Phys. 103 y.
This course, supplementing Phys. 1 y , is intended to provide the student with experience in experimental physics. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Myers.)
Phys. 105 f. Heat (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y, Math. 23 y.
The classical phenomena of heat and radiation are developed on the basis of the kinetic molecular theory and the quantum theory. The first and second laws of thermodynamics are applied to physical processes. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
(Myers.)
Phys. 106 s. Theoretical Mechanics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y .
An analytical treatment of the fundamental principles of kinematics and dynamics is presented with problems to illustrate these principles. The use of generalized coordinates is illustrated. The equations of Lagrange are applied to selected topics in the field of dynamics. (Myers.)
Phys. 107 s. Optics (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y .
A study is made of selected topics in the refraction, reflection, interference, diffraction, and polarization of light. The principles are employed in a detailed study of optical systems of telescope, microscope, spectroscope, and interferometer. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
(Dickinson.)
Phys. 108 y. Electricity (6)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y .
A study of electrical properties of matter and space with applications to common electrical instruments and apparatus. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester.
(Dickinson.)

Phys. 109 y. Electron Physics (6)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y .
The discrete nature of matter, electricity, and radiation is emphasized from an empirical point of view. The determination of the fundamental electronic and molecular constants is treated in detail. The process of electrical discharge through gas and vacuum is ramified to include discussion of radioactivity, photoelectricity, thermionics, and atomic structure. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester.
(Myers.)
Phys. 110 f. Sound (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y .
A study is made of vibrating systems, the propagation and scattering of sound waves, standing sound waves, sound wave energy, etc. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Myers.)
Phys. 111 f, 112 s. Mathematical Physics (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y.
Selected topics in physics will be treated to illustrate certain mathematical methods, particularly the use of derivatives and differentials, methods of integration, infinite series, vectors, ordinary and partial differential equations, orthonormal sets of functions.
(Myers.)
Phys. $113 \mathrm{f}, 114 \mathrm{~s}$. Properties of Matter (3, 3)-Three lectures. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y .
A study of the constituent particles of matter and such properties of matter as gravitation, molecular attraction, elasticity, special properties of solids and of fluids at rest and in motion, wave propagation. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Eichlin.)
Phys. 115 f, 116 s . High Frequency Phenomena (3, 3)-Two lectures, one laboratory. Prerequisites, Phys. 2 y or 1 y , Math. 23 y .
A study of resonant circuits, characteristics of electron tubes, high frequency generators, filters, electromagnetic waves, propagation of waves in wires and through a conducting medium. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Dickinson.)
Phys. 117 y. Applied Mechanics (4)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Phys 2 y , Math. 23 y . Required of juniors in chemical engineering.
A study of the fundamentals and principles of the kinetics and kinematics of bodies in translation and rotation, and of elasticity of solids, with special regard to their engineering application.
(Eichlin.)

## For Graduates

Phys. 201 f. Atomic Structure (3)-Three lectures.
A development of atomic theory by a discussion of the various atomic properties, particularly those of emission of spectra, scattering of x-rays and electrons, and valency. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Myers.)

Phys. 202 f. Atomic Spectra (3)-Three lectures
Interpretation of spectral series, fine and hyperfine structure, line intensities and polarization, line contours, and effects of external fields in light of modern atomic theory.
(Myers.)
Phys. 203 s. Molecular Spectra (3)—Three lectures.
A discussion of molecular spectra with particular reference to the information that is given about molecular structure, specific heats, entropy, and related phenomena.
(Myers.)
Phys. 204 f, 205 s. Quantum Mechanics (3, 3)-Three lectures.
A treatment of the general methods of quantum mechanics with applications to the theory of atomic and molecular structure, the theory of collision processes, and the theories of radiation and electrodynamics.
(Myers.)
Phys. 206 s. Nuclear Structure (3)-Three lectures.
The theory of the nucleus is developed by a discussion of masses, charges, magnetic moments, radioactivity, nuclear reactions, scattering, and interaction with radiation fields.
(Myers.)
Phys. 207 f, 208 s. Modern Physics (3, 3)—Three lectures.
A comprehensive survey of developments in physics leading to recent concepts of atomic structure, theory of radiation, interaction of radiation and matter, quantum theory, relativistic mechanics, cosmology.
(Dickinson.)
Phys. 209 f. Dynamics I (3)-Three lectures.
A treatment of dynamical systems in generalized coordinates by the equations of Lagrange, of Hamilton, and of Hamilton-Jacobi, by the Hamiltonian Principle, and by the use of canonical transformations. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Myers.)
Phys. 210 s. Dynamics II (3)—Three lectures.
Derivation of the equations of motion of a fluid, a study of irrotational motion, vortex motion, motion of solids through liquids, waves through liquids, viscosity. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Myers.)
Phys. 211 f. Electrodynamics (3)-Three lectures.
The electric and magnetic fields; properties of dielectrics; properties of electric conductors; electromagnetic induction; electromagnetic radiation; dispersion theory; electro- and magneto-optics. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Dickinson.)
Phys. 212 s. Physical Optics (3)-Three lectures.
A mathematical study of the electromagnetic theory of light, with applications to interference, diffraction, dispersion, and polarization. (Not given in 1941-42.)
(Dickinson.)
Phys. 213 f, 214 s. Theory of Elasticity (3, 3)-Three lectures.
A comprehensive discussion of the development of theoretical concepts of
elasticity with particular attention to torsion, stresses in beams, curved bars, thin plates, stresses produced by dynamical causes, propagation of waves in solid media.
(Eichlin.)
Phys. 215 f, 216 s. X-Ray and Crystal Structure (3, 3)-Three lectures.
A discussion of the production and measurement of X-rays with the application of X-ray methods to the study of the physical properties of crystals. (Not given in 1941-42.)

Phys. 217 y. Seminar (2).
Presentation of reports and discussion of current developments in physics and of original investigations on special problems.
(Staff.)

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

Professor Howard; Associate Professor Steinmeyer; Assistant
Professors Bone, Kline; Mr. Walther, Mr. Leath.
Pol. Sci. 1 f and s. American National Government (3)-One lecture and two discussions. Open to freshmen.

A study of the organization and functions of the national government of the United States.

Pol. Sci. 4 f and s. State and Local Government (3)-One lecture and two discussions. Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A study of the organization and functions of state and local government the United States, with special emphasis upon the government of Maryland.

Pol. Sci. 7 f, 8 s. Comparative Government (2, 2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1. Not open to freshmen.
First semester, a comparative study of the governments of Great Britain, France, and Switzerland.
Second semester, a comparative study of the dictatorial governments of Europe, with special emphasis upon Italy, Germany, and the U. S. S. R.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

 nsent of instructor.The course deals with the major factors underlying international rela ions, the influence of geography, climate, nationalism and imperialism, and the development of international organizations.
(Leath.)
Pol. Sci. 102 s. International Law (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A study of the principles governing international intercourse in time of
A study of the principles governing international inter
peace and war, as illustrated in texts and cases.

Pol. Sci. 104 s. Recent Far Eastern Politics (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1 or consent of instructor.
The background and interpretation of recent political events in the Far East and their influence on world politics.
(Steinmeyer.)
Pol. Sci. 105 f. Problems of World Politics (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1 or consent of instructor.
The course deals with governmental problems of an international character, such as causes of war, problems of neutrality, propaganda, etc. Students are required to report on readings from current literature.
(Steinmeyer.)
Pol. Sci. 111 f. Principles of Public Administration (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4 or consent of instructor.
A functional study of public administration in the United States, with special emphasis upon organization and the relation of administration to the other branches of government.
(Howard.)
Pol. Sci. 112 s. Public Personnel Administration (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 111 f or consent of instructor.
A study of civil service practices in the United States with particular reference to the organization of the personnel agency, the classification and compensation plans, the selection of employees and the management of personnel.
(Howard.)
Pol. Sci. 113 f. Municipal Government and Administration (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4.
A detailed study of selected problems of municipal government, such as housing, health, zoning, fire and police, recreation and planning. Course includes a visit to Baltimore to observe the agencies of city government at work.
(Kline.)
Pol. Sci. 114 s. Public Budgeting (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 111 f or consent of instructor.
A study of budgetary administration in the United States, including systems of financial control and accountability, the settlement of claims, centralized purchasing and the reporting of financial operations. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Howard.)
Pol. Sci. $117 \mathrm{f}, 118 \mathrm{~s}$. Government at Work (3, 3)-One lecture and two field trips. Prerequisites, Pol. Sci. 1 and consent of instructor.
This course consists of visits to various administrative agencies of the national government, supplemented by reading assignments on the work of the agencies visited.
(Howard.)
Pol. Sci. 121 f. Political Parties and Public Opinion (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A descriptive and critical examination of the party process in government; nominations and elections, party expenditures, political leadership, the management and conditioning of public opinion.
(Bone.)

Pol. Sci. 123 f. Government and Business (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1. A general survey of governmental activities affecting business, with special emphasis upon recent developments; federal and state assistance to, and regulation of, business in their historical and legal aspects; govern-

Pol. Sci. 124 s. Legislatures and Legislation (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4.
A comprehensive study of the legislative process, bicameralism, the committee system and the lobby, with special emphasis upon the legislature of Maryland. The course includes a visit to Washington to observe Congress at work.
(Bone.)
Pol. Sci. 126 s. Government and Social Security (2)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4.

An analysis of the Federal Social Security Act with special emphasis upon its background, purposes, administration, and deficiencies. Attention will be given also to employment assurance and relief policies, and to the efforts of European countries and the 48 states to provide a greater measure of security.
(Bone.)
Pol. Sci. 131 f. Constitutional Law (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A systematic inquiry into the general principles of the American constitutional system, with special reference to the role of the judiciary in the interpretation and enforcement of the Constitution; the position of the states in the federal system; state and federal powers over interstate and foreign commerce; and the rights of citizens and of accused persons.

A study of the principles involved in the expansion of the discretion of administrative boards and commissions, including an analysis of their functions; their powers over private rights; their procedure in making findings; the enforcement of their rules and orders; and judicial control of their actions.
(Kline.)
Pol. Sci. 136 s. Elements of Law (3)-_Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
Development of law and legal systems; comparison of methods and procedure in making and enforcing law in Roman and common law systems; consideration of fundamental legal concepts; contribution and influence of modern schools of legal philosophy in relation to law and government.
(Walther.)
Pol. Sci. 138 s. Law Enforcement (2)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A survey of the organization and operation of the agencies involved in the administration of criminal justice, with special reference to the organization and methods of police departments; problems of organized crime and its suppression; the role of the prosecutor and the courts; and the interrelations between these agencies.
(Kline.)

Pol. Sci. 141 f. History of Political Theory (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1 or consent of instructor.
A survey of the principal political theories set forth in the works of writers from Plato to Bentham.
(Walther.)
Pol. Sci. 142 s. Recent Political Theory (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1 or consent of instructor.
A study of recent political ideas, with special emphasis upon theories of socialism, communism, fascism, etc.
(Walther.)
Pol. Sci. 144 s. American Political Theory (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1 or consent of instructor.
A study of the writings of the principal American political theorists from the colonial period to the present. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Walther.)

## For Graduates

Pol. Sci. 201 f. Seminar in International Organization (2).
A study of the forms and functions of various international organizations.
(Steinmeyer.)
Pol. Sci. 202 s. British Empire (3).
A study of the constitutional development of the British Dominions, with particular attention to recent inter-imperial relationships. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Steinmeyer.)
Pol. Sci. 211 y. Seminar in Federal-State Relations (4).
Reports on topics assigned for individual research in the field of recent federal-state relations.
(Howard.)
Pol. Sci. 213 f. Problems of Public Administration (2).
Reports on topics assigned for individual research in the field of national and state administration. (Not offered in 1941-42.) (Howard.)

Pol. Sci. 214 s . Problems of Personnel Administration (2).
Reports on topics assigned for individual research in the field of public personnel administration. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
Pol. Sci. 216 s. Problems of Government in Metropolitan Regions (2).
Analysis of some metropolitan areas and some of the most pressing problems arising out of the existence of dense populations spread over a large number of small governmental units having similarly inadequate powers and facilities to cope with the problems involved; discussion of possible solutions.
(Kline.)
Pol. Sci. 221 f. Seminar in Public Opinion (2).
Reports on topics assigned for individual research in the field of public opinion.
(Bone.)

Pol. Sci. 222 s—Psych. 280 s. Analysis of Propaganda (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisite, consent of instructors.
Analytical approach to modern propaganda, including study of organizations which employ propaganda, of techniques in actual use in disseminating propaganda, and of attempts at measuring the effects of propaganda. Responsibility for instruction is shared by the Department of Political Science and the Department of Psychology. (Bone, Jenkins.)
Pol. Sci. 235 f. Problems in Public Law (2).
Readings and reports on topics selected with reference to the needs of the individual student; special attention will be given to methods of research in legal materials and to problems in interstate commerce, police power, due process and equal protection.
(Kline.)
Pol. Sci. 251 f. Bibliography of Political Science (2).
This course is intended to acquaint the student with the literature of the various fields of political science and to instruct him in the use of gevern ment documents.
(Staff.)
Pol. Sci. 261. Research in Political Science (2-4)-Credit according to work accomplished.
(Staff.)

## POULTRY HUSBANDRY

Professors Jull, Byerly; Associate Professors Gwin, Bird, Quigley.
P. H. 1 f. Poultry Production (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.

This is a general course designed to acquaint the student with modern methods of poultry husbandry. Principles of incubation, brooding, egg production, marketing, and breed improvement are discussed.
P. H. 2 s. Poultry Management (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.

Material will be presented in this course to acquaint the student with modern methods of feeding, housing, sanitation, and organization necessary to the profitable operation of a poultry establishment.
P. H. 3 f. Poultry Biology (1-2)-One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisites, P. H. $1 \mathrm{f}, 2 \mathrm{~s}$, or equivalent.
The elementary anatomy of the fowl, selection for eggs and meat production, and for breed standards are studied. Judging teams for intercollegiate competitions are selected from members of this class.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

P. H. 101 s. Poultry Genetics (3)-Three lectures, demonstration, and quiz periods. Prerequisites, P. H. 3 f, Zool. 104 f.
The inheritance of morphological and physiological characters of poultry are presented. Inheritance of factors related to egg and meat production and quality are stressed.
P. H. 102 s. Poultry Nutrition (2)-One laboratory; one lecture, demonstration and quiz period. Prerequisites, P. H. 1 f, 2 s .
The nutritive requirements of poultry and the nutrients which meet those requirements are presented. Feed cost of poultry production is emphasized.
(Bird.)
Poultry Hygiene, see Veterinary Science, V. S. 107 s.
P. H. 104 f, 105 s. Poultry Products Marketing Problems (2, 2)-Two lecture, demonstration and quiz periods. Prerequisites, P. H. $1 \mathrm{f}, 2 \mathrm{~s}$.
This course includes material on egg and meat quality, commercial grades, relation of transportation and distribution to quality and methods of marketing, especially as related to quality.

Preservation of Poultry Products, see Bacteriology, F. Tech. 108 s
P. H. 106 f. Poultry Physiology (1-2)—One lecture; one laboratory. Prerequisite, P. H. 101 s .
The physiology of development and incubation of the embryo, especially physiological pathology of the embryo in relation to hatchability, is presented. Physiology of growth and the influence of environmental factors on growth and development are considered.
(Byerly.)
P. H. 107 f. Poultry Industrial and Economic Problems (2)-Two lectures This course presents the relation of poultry to agriculture as a whole and its economic importance. Consumer prejudices and preferences, pro duction, transportation, storage, and distribution problems are discussed Trends in the industry, surpluses and their utilization, poultry by-products and disease problems, are presented.
(Staff.)
P. H. 108 s. Commercial Poultry Management (2)-Two lectures, discussion, demonstration, and quiz periods. Prerequisites, ten hours of poultry husbandry, including P. H. 1 f, 2 s
A symposium on finance, investment, plant layout, specialization, purchase of supplies, management problems in baby chick, egg, broiler, and turkey production, foremanship, advertising, selling, by-products, production and financial records. Prior to this course the student should have practical experience with poultry at home, on a commercial poultry farm, or under the supervision of the poultry department. (Quigley.)

## For Graduates

P. H. 201 s. Advanced Poultry Genetics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, P. H. 101 s or equivalent.
This course serves as a foundation for research in poultry genetics. Linkage, crossing-over, inheritance of sex, the expression of genes in development, inheritance of resistance to disease, and the influence of the environment on the expression of genetic capacities are considered.
P. H. 202 f. Advanced Poultry Nutrition (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, P. H. 102 s or equivalent.
Deficiency diseases of poultry are considered intensively. Vitamin, mineral, and protein deficiencies are given special consideration. Synthetic diets, metabolism, and the physiology of digestion, growth curves and their significance, and feed efficiency in growth and egg production are studied.
(Bird.)
P. H. 203 s. Physiology of Reproduction of Poultry (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory.
The role of the endocrines in reproduction, especially with respect to egg production, is considered. Fertility, sexual maturity, broodiness, molting, egg formation, ovulation, deposition of egg envelopes, and the physiology of oviposition are studied.
(Byerly.)
P. H. 204 f and s. Seminar (1).

Reports of current researches by staff members, graduate students, and guest speakers are presented.
(Staff.)

## P. H. 205 f and s. Poultry Literature (1-4).

Readings on individual topics are assigned. Oral and written reports required. Methods of analysis and presentation of scientific material are taught.
(Staff.)
P. H. 206. Research in Poultry-Credit in accordance with work done.

Practical and fundamental research with poultry may be conducted under the supervision of staff members toward the requirements for the degrees of M. S. and Ph. D.
(Staff.)

## PSYCHOLOGY

Professors Jenkins, Sprowls; Associate Professor Bellows; Assistant Professor Clark; Dr. Macmillan, Dr. Hackman.
Psychological Testing Bureau. The staff of the Department of Psychology maintains a bureau of vocational and educational guidance on the basis of adequately standardized psychological tests. The services of the bureau are available without charge to students.
Psych. 1 f and s. Introduction to Psychology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Open to sophomores.
A general introduction to typical problems upon which psychologists are at work. Review of experimental investigations of the more fundamental phases of human behavior.
Psych. 2 f. Applied Psychology I (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisite, Psych. 1.
Application of controlled observation to practical psychological problems in methods of studying, in vocational orientation, in highway safety, and in the professions.

Psych. 3 s. Applied Psychology II (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisite, Psych. 1.
Application of controlled observation to practical psychological problems in business and industry, including industrial selection, methods of production, advertising, selling, and market research.
Psych. 4 f. Psychology for Students of Commerce (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Open only to students in economics or business administration.
Topics in applied psychology which relate to practical problems in business and industry viewed from the standpoint of controlled observation.
Psych. 10 f and s. Educational Psychology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Open to juniors and seniors only. Required of students in College of Education.
Experimental studies of basic psychological problems encountered in education; measurement and significance of individual differences, learning, motivation, transfer of training, etc.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Psych. 110 f or s. Advanced Educational Psychology (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 10.
More advanced treatment of the solution of basic psychological problems in education by methods of controlled observation.
(Sprowls.)
Psych. 115 f. Detection and Treatment of Defects in Reading (3)-Prerequisites, Psych. 1 and permission of the instructor.
A survey of the psychological problems involved in the discovery and treatment of reading defects at the college level.
(Macmillan.)
Psych. 120 f. Psychology of Individual Differences (3)—Prerequisite, Psych. 1 or 10.
The occurrence, nature, and causes of psychological differences between individuals; methods of measuring these differences; and their importance in education, business and industry.
(Hackman.)
Psych. 121 s. Social Psychology (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 1.
Results of researches on behavior in social settings; experimental studies of the effects of group membership, of the family, and of current social forces.
(Jenkins.)
Psych. 125 f. Child Psychology (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 1 or 10.
Experimental analysis of child behavior; motor and intellectual development, emotions, social behavior, parent-child relationships, and problems of the growing personality.
Psych. 130 f and s. Mental Hygiene (3)-Two lectures; one clinic. Prerequisite, Psych. 1 or 10.
The more common deviations of personality; typical methods of adjustment.
(Sprowls.)

Psych. 131 s. Abnormal Psychology (3)-Two lectures; one clinic. Prerequisite, Psych. 130.
The nature, occurrence, and causes of psychological abnormality with emphasis on the clinical rather than theoretical aspects.
(Sprowls.)
Psych. 140 f. Psychological Problems in Market Research (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 3 s or permission of instructor.
Use of methods of controlled observation in determining public reactions to merchandise, and in measuring the psychological influences at work in particular markets.
(Jenkins.)
Psych. 141 s. Psychology in Advertising and Selling (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 3 s.
Experimental and statistical studies of psychological aspects of advertising; methods of measuring the effectiveness of advertising; the role of such factors as attention, memory, belief, etc.; problems associated with specific advertising media.
(Hackman.)
Psych. 150 s. Psychological Tests and Measurements (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Psych. 120 f or permission of instructor.
Critical survey of psychological tests used in vocational orientation and in industry with emphasis on methods by which such tests are validated; practice in the use of tests and the interpretation of test data. (Macmillan.)

Psych. 155 s. Vocational Orientation (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 150 s or equivalent.
Psychological methods and results for occupational classification, and for worker selection, classification, and individual orientation. (Bellows.)
Psych. 160 f. Industrial Psychology (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 3 s or permission of instructor.
Controlled observation applied to psychological problems in industrial production, including psychological effects of conditions and methods of work.
(Hackman.)
Psych. 161 s. Personnel (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 3 s or permission of instructor.
Psychological problems involved in the management of personnel in modern business and industry. A consideration of employee selection, measures of ability, methods of developing and maintaining personal efficiency and morale.
(Clark.)
Psych. 162 f. Advanced Personnel Psychology (3)-Lectures; field periods. Prerequisite, Psych. 161 s .
Actual participation in industrial and governmental personnel programs, together with periodic discussions of the principles involved. Intended primarily for students planning to enter personnel administration. (Clark.)

Psych. 165 s. Psychobiological Problems in Aviation (3)—Prerequisite, Psych. 120 f or permission of instructor.
Study of researches dealing with human response to conditions met during flight. Selection and classification of flight personnel. Effects of high altitudes and accelerations. Effects of noise, fatigue and other conditions. Problems of tension and emotion.
(Jenkins.)
Psych. 170 f. Legal Psychology (3)-Prerequisite, Psych. 121 s or permission of instructor.
Interpretation of researches pertaining to accuracy of observation and of testimony, psychological aids in determination of guilt, and treatment of the offender.
(Sprowls.)
Psych. 190 y. Techniques of Investigation in Psychology (6)-Three periods of practice and discussion. Prerequisite, Psych. 3 s .
A consideration of quantitative methods in psychology, the design of experiments, and actual practice in various methods of obtaining data and in treating these results for interpretation.
(Hackman.)
Psych. 195 f or s. Minor Problems ín Psychotechnology (2-3)—Credit apportioned to work accomplished. Prerequisite, major senior standing and consent of department head. (May not be offered for credit toward graduate degrees.)
Conduct of original research under the supervision of some member of the staff. Satisfactory completion of this project may lead to publication in one of the standard psychological journals.
(Staff.)

## For Graduates

Psych. 200. Research in Psychotechnology (4-6)-Credit apportioned to work accomplished.

Psych. 210 y. Seminar in Educational Psychology (6)-An advanced course for teachers and prospective teachers.
Systematic approach to advanced problems in educational psychology based upon specific experimental contributions.
(Sprowls.)
Psych. 240 y. Seminar in Current Psychotechnological Problems (6)—An advanced course for students pursuing major graduate studies.
A systematic analysis of recent contributions in selected psychotechnological fields.
(Jenkins.)
Psych. 245 f. Advanced Psychological Problems in Market Research (3).
Graduate study of the specialized problems and techniques employed by the psychologist in market research. The course will attempt to combine systematic theory with actual practice in dealing with these research problems.
(Jenkins.)

Psych. 250 y. Participation in Testing Clinic (4-6)-Credit apportioned to work accomplished.
Actual practice in the administration of tests of aptitude, interest, and achievement and interpretation of test data in the course of routine operation of the testing bureau.
(Bellows.)
Psych. 251 s. Development and Validation of Psychological Tests (3)Prerequisite, Psych. 150 s.
Methods for evaluating criteria and for the analysis and combination of test and predictor items.
(Bellows.)
Psych. 255 s. Occupational Psychology (3)-Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

Experimental development and use of the vocational counseling interview, aptitude tests, and related techniques for the occupational orientation of youth. (Bellows.)
Psych. 280 s.-Pol. Sci. 222 s. Analysis of Propaganda (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisite, consent of instructors.
Analytical approach to modern propaganda, including study of organizations which employ propaganda, of techniques in actual use in dissemination of propaganda, and of attempts at measuring the effects of propaganda. Responsibility for instruction is shared by the Department of Political Science and the Department of Psychology.
(Bone, Jenkins.)
Psych. 290 f. Problems of Experimental Design in Psychology (3)Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
Application of advanced research techniques to specific fields in psychotechnology with actual practice in their use.
(Hackman.)

## SOCIOLOGY

Professor Joslyn; Associate Professors Wilson, Holt; Assistant Professor Dodson; Dr. Hodge, Mr. Form, Mr. McBrien.
Soc. 1 f, 2 s. Contemporary Social Problems (3, 3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Open to freshmen and sophomores only.

The purpose of this course is to give the student an understanding of the processes of change taking place in our society and the maladjustments resulting from some of these changes. Emphasis will be placed upon an analysis of present day social problems: their causes, social implications, and suggested approaches to their solution.

Soc. 3 f, 4 s . Introduction to Sociology (3, 3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisite for Soc. 4 s , Soc. 3 f or consent of instructor. Not open to freshmen.

An analysis of society and of basic social processes; characteristics of collective behavior; typical social organizations; the role of culture in the development of personality; social products; social interaction; social change.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Soc. 101 f. Social Organization (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$.

A systematic analysis of the forms of organization common to basic social institutions; variations of these forms in time and space; classification of forms of organization; conditioning factors of organizational forms; application of findings to contemporary problems.
(Joslyn.)
Soc. 102 s . Community Organization (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. 3 f, 4 s .
An analysis of the community and its component social groups; ecological basis of the community; determination of the boundaries of communities and neighborhoods; characteristics of rural and urban communities; social institutions of the community; social change and the community; the structure and functions of special interest groups; the community council.
(Dodson.)
Soc. 103 f. Rural Sociology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$.
The structure and functions of rural communities; the evolution of rural culture; rural institutions and their problems; the psychology of rural life; composition and characteristics of the rural population; relation of rural life to the major social processes; the social aspects of rural planning.
(Holt.)
Soc. 104 s. Urban Sociology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$.
The origin and growth of cities; composition and characteristics of city populations; the social ecology of the city; social relationships and groupings in the city; the organization of urban activities; social problems of the city; the planning and control of urban development.
(Holt.)
Soc. 105 f. Population Problems (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$.
Population growth in the United States; contèmporary trends in fertility and mortality; differential fertility and mortality; changes in the composition of our population and their significance; population migration in modern times; qualitative problems of population; theories of population growth and decline. (Not offered in 1941-42.)
(Holt.)
Soc. 106 s. Regional Sociology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$. Each student will be required to prepare a term paper.
An analysis of American society in terms of regional factors and their impact upon social institutions. Problems to be covered will include: the meanings and implications of regionalism; criteria of regional differentiation; types of regions in the United States; problems peculiar to these regions; metropolitan, rural, cultural, and administrative regionalism; regional planning and development. (Hodge.)

Soc. 107 f. Ethnic Minority Groups (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$, or consent of instructor.
Theoretical aspects of ethnic group relations; cultural backgrounds of immigrant groups in America; social processes and class structure with reference to certain minority peoples; effects of cultural contacts upon personality.
(Wilson.)
Soc. 108 s. Marriage and the Family (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 f or consent of instructor.
The family as an institution; variations of the family in time and space; family interaction: courtship and mating behavior, marital behavior, parentchild behavior, member roles and personality; family tensions and maladjustments: structural and functional factors, conflict patterns, divorce and desertion; family and society; family adjustment and social change.
(Wilson.)
Soc. 109 s. Comparative Sociology (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$.
A comparative analysis of the basic institutions of primitive and civilized societies; resemblances and differences in patterns of material and non-material culture; contrasting types of social organization and member roles; the origin, diffusion, and change of traits and complexes; significance of findings for sociological generalization.
(Wilson.)
Soc. 120 f. Social Pathology (3)-Two lectures; one field trip. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$, or consent of instructor.
A study of social maladjustments which represent deviations from generally accepted norms. Problems to be covered will include poverty, unemployment, family disorganization, crime and delinquency, suicide, and the misuse of leisure time.
(Hodge.)
Soc. 121 f. Criminology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$, or consent of instructor.
The social significance of crime; causative factors; forms and processes of criminal behavior; detection, apprehension, and prosecution methods; penology and treatment; public policy and crime prevention. (Wilson.)

Soc. 123 f . The Sociology of Leisure (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisite, Soc. 120 f or consent of instructor.
This course deals primarily with the sociological implications of leisure time and its uses. Topics to be considered will include the meaning and significance of leisure; the conditioning factors of leisure time and its uses; the changing uses of leisure; leisure and personality; theories of play and recreation; commercial, public, and voluntary forms of recreation; planning of leisure time activities.
(Hodge.)
Soc. 124 s . Introduction to Social Work (3)-Two lectures and one field trip. Prerequisite, Soc. 120 f .
The theory of social work; social case work, generic and specific; pro-
cedure and techniques in social case work; principles of social diagnosis; present day types of social work; administration of public and private (Joslyn.)
Soc. 130 f. Recent Social Thought (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$. Required of all sociology majors.
A general survey and critical study of the leading schools of sociological thought since 1800 .
(Wilson.)
Soc. 131 f . Techniques of Investigation in Sociology (3)-Three periods of practice and discussion. Prerequisites, Soc. $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$. Required of all
sociology majors.

A study of quantitative methods in sociology and actual practice in various methods of obtaining, analyzing, and interpreting data. (Holt.)
Soc. 150 s. Field Practice in Social Work (3)—Prerequisite, Soc. 124 s or consent of instructor. Enrollment restricted to available opportunities.

Supervised field work of various types undertaken during the summer | months and suited to the needs of the individual student. (Joslyn.) |
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## For Graduates

Soc. 200 y . Seminar in Methodology (6)-Three periods of discussion Required of all graduate students in sociology.
A study of fundamental methodological problems in sociology. Among the subjects to be considered will be language problems in scientific dis course; operational concepts in sociology; the postulates, procedures, and methods of science; the uses and limitations of quantitative methods; the sociology of knowledge; controversial issues in sociology; techniques of investigation.
(Staff.)
Soc. 201 f. Seminar in Systematic Sociology (3)-Three periods of discussion. Required of all graduate students in sociology.
A study of social systems and the processes by which these systems maintain an equilibrium between external and internal forces. (Joslyn.)
Soc. 202 s. Sociological Theory (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Required of all graduate students in sociology.
An analysis and evaluation of the works of outstanding theorists in Europe and America. Special attention will be given to Simmel, Vierkandt,
Von Wiese, Tonnies, Weber, Durkheim, Pareto, Thos and Soroll Von Wiese, Tonnies, Weber, Durkheim, Pareto, Thomas, and Sorokin.
(Wilson.)
Soc. 203 s. Comparative Sociology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion.
A study of certain aspects of the process of personality organization and disorganization in the framework of selected primitive societies as compared with contemporary American society.

Soc. 204 s. Community Organization (3)-Two lectures; one discussion. Criteria of community organization and disorganization; variables in community organization and their conditioning factors; special problems in the organization of rural, village, suburban, and urban communities; community stability and instability; the lay and professional leader in the community. Classroom and field studies will be made of the composition, structure, and functioning of selected communities.
(Dodson.)
Soc. 205 f. Rural-Urban Sociology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion.
A study of the differences between rural and urban societies with reference to composition of population, social mobility, social relationships, differentiation of social groups, standards of living, mores and attitudes, and various pathological conditions.
(Holt.)
Soc. 206 s. Regional Sociology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion.
A comparative analysis of regional trends in the United States and various foreign countries. Topics to be covered will include the meanings and implications of regionalism; historical origins of regionalism; demarcation of regions in the United States on the basis of geographic, economic, demographic, political, and cultural criteria; characteristics and problems peculiar to each region; the role of local, state, and national administrative units in regional planning and development.
(Hodge.)
Soc. 207 s. Population Problems (3)-Two lectures; one discussion.
An intensive study of selected problems in the fields of population growth, fertility and mortality, population composition, and population migration.
(Holt.)
Soc. 208 s. Occupational Sociology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion.
Structure and function of the social division of labor; typologies of occupational organization; major bases of differentiation; criteria of a profession; the role of professionalism in social organization; a methodology for analyzing the professions; sociological study of selected professions.
(Wilson.)
Soc. 209 f. Social Organization (3)-Two lectures; one discussion.
A study of the forms of organization common to basic social institutions; classification of these forms; variations of forms of organization in time and space; conditioning factors of organizational forms; application of findings to contemporary problems.
(Joslyn.)
Soc. 210 f. Sociological Problems of Leadership (2)—One lecture; one discussion.
An analysis of the leader-follower relationship; leadership defined; factors conditioning the leadership situation; leadership as a function of the group; the leader as an instrument of social control; methods of developing group support; the professional and lay leader; functions of the leader; types of leaders; morale as a function of leadership. (Dodson.)

Soc. 221 f. Criminology (3)-Two lectures; one discussion.
A study of the principal theoretical problems of criminological investiga tion, with emphasis upon a methodological analysis of selected monographs.
(Wilson.)
Soc. 250. Research in Sociology-Credit apportioned to work accomplished.
Individual research projects involving either field work or analysis of compiled data.

## SPEECH

Professor Ehrensberger; Assistant Professors Provensen, Strausbaugh; Mrs. Vernon*, Mr. Hutcheson, Mr. Wiksell, Mr. Rigal, Mr. Dupler.
Speech 1 y. Reading and Speaking (2)-One lecture. Required of all four year students. Prerequisite for Advanced Speech Courses.
The principles and techniques of oral expression, visible and audible; the preparation and delivery of short original speeches; impromptu speaking; reference readings; short reports; etc. Opportunities of speech clinic open to students.
Speech Clinic-No credit.
Speech examinations; training in speech and voice; remedial work in minor speech difficulties. The work of the clinic is conducted in individual conferences and in small group meetings. Hours are arranged by consultation with the respective speech instructors.

Speech 2 f. Fundamentals of Speech (3)-Three lectures.
Studies in the bases and mechanics of speech. This course does not deal with public speaking exclusively; it is concerned with the whole speech function in private as well as public manifestations. It is given primarily for students who expect to do extensive work in speech. Any student electing this course may take it concurrently with or after completing Speech 1 y.

Speech 2 s . Voice and Diction (3)-Three lectures.
This course is designed to provide the student with an opportunity to improve his articulation and phonation. Study and demonstration of speech sound production, physics of sound, attributes of voice, the breathing mechanism, the larynx and the ear are combined with intensive drills in articulation and voice production.

Speech $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$. Advanced Public Speaking (2, 2)-Two lectures.
Advanced work on basis of Speech 1 y , with special applications and adaptations. At each session of the class a special setting is given for the speeches-civil, social, and political organizations, etc., and organizations in *On leave.
the fields of the prospective vocations of the different students. When a student has finished this course he will have prepared and delivered one or more speeches which would be suitable and appropriate before any and all bodies that he would probably have occasion to address in after-life.
Speech 5 f. Oral Technical English (2)-Two lectures. Required of all sophomore engineering students. Limited to engineering students.
The preparation and delivery of speeches, reports, etc., on both technical and general subjects.
Speech 6 s . Advanced Oral Technical English (2)-Two lectures. Required of all junior engineering students. Limited to engineering students.
This course is a continuation of Speech 5 f. Special emphasis upon engineering projects that fall within the student's own experience. Class discussion and criticism of all speeches and reports.
Speech 7 y. Advanced Oral Technical English (2)-One lecture. Senior seminar. For senior engineering students only.
Advanced work on the basis of Speech 6 s . Work not confined to class room. Students are encouraged to deliver addresses before different bodies in the University and elsewhere.
Speech 9 f, 10 s. Extempore Speaking (1, 1)-One lecture
Much emphasis on the selection and organization of material. Class exercises in speaking extemporaneously on assigned and selected subjects. Newspaper and magazine reading essential. Training in parliamentary law and discussion groups.

Speech $11 \mathrm{f}, 12 \mathrm{~s}$. Argumentation (2, 2)-Two lectures.
This course stresses not formal debating, but forms of persuasion which will be useful in business and professional life. It deals, to a great extent with ways in which human beliefs and behavior may be influenced by logical discussion.
Speech 13 f and s. Oral Reading (3)-Three lectures.
A study of the technique of vocal expression. The oral interpretation of iterature. The practical training of students in the art of reading.
Speech 14 f. Stagecraft (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. Open to sophomores.
Planning and construction of stage settings, costumes, properties. Practice in the stagecraft shop and on stage in performance.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Speech 101 y. Radio Speaking (4)-Two lectures. Admission by audition or consent of instructor.
A laboratory course dealing with the various aspects of modern broadcasting. Practice in program planning, continuity writing, announcing,
news reporting, etc. Actual participation in broadcasting at station WJSV in Washington. This course is under the supervision of the Columbia Broadcasting System and the speech department. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$ per semester.
(Ehrensberger.)
Speech 102 f, 103 s. Speech Composition (3, 3)-Three lectures. Not allowed for graduate credit except in English and Education.
A study of rhetorical principles and models of speech composition in conjunction with the preparation and presentation of both general and specific forms of public address. This course is offered to meet the needs of speech majors and students who expect to enter public life. Students electing this course cannot receive credit for Speech $3 \mathrm{f}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$. (Ehrensberger.)
Speech 104 f . Speech Pathology (3)-Three lectures.
The aim of this course is to familiarize the student with causes, nature, symptoms, and treatment of common types of speech disorders.
(Hutcheson.)
Speech 105 s. Speech Clinic (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, Speech 104 f.
A course dealing with the various methods in correction. Actual work in clinic with cases. Library research and detailed reports required.
(Hutcheson.)
Speech 106 s. Advanced Oral Reading (3)-Three lectures.
Emphasis upon the longer reading and a more critical and detailed study of literature suitable for oral interpretation. Program planning.

## STATISTICS

The courses in Statistics are intended to provide training in the tools and methods employed in statistical description and induction, in the interpretation of statistical data presented by others, and in the gathering and organization of original data.
Stat. 14 f. Elements of Statistics (3)-Lectures, recitations, and laboratory. Not open to freshmen.
A. Open to students in the College of Commerce.
B. Open to students other than those in A.

The purpose of this course is to give the student a knowledge of the fundamentals necessary in the further study of statistics and its applications.
Stat. 15 s . Business Statistics (3)-Lectures, recitations, and laboratory. Prerequisite, Stat. $14 \mathrm{f}-\mathrm{A}$, or consent of the instructor.
In this course, time series, secular trends, etc., are studied and applied to matters concerning business.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Stat. 112 s . Biological Statistics (3)-Three lectures. Prerequisite, Stat. $14 \mathrm{f}-\mathrm{B}$, or consent of instructor.
A study of statistics pertaining to biology and its applications.

Stat. 116 s. Statistical Design (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, Stat. 112 s .

A study of the principles of logical design for investigations when the resulting data are to be subjected to statistical analysis. Methods and uses resulting datation, factorial design, and confounding are considered in some
(Kemp.) detail.

118 Business Statistics (3, 3)-Lectures
Stat. $117 \mathrm{f}, 118 \mathrm{~s}$. Advanced Business Statistics
(3,
aboratory. Prerequisite, Stat. 15 s or consent of instructor
laboratory. Prerequiste, Mathematics of Statistics (2, 2)-Two lectures. PreStat. 131 f, 132 s . Mathematics
equisites, Stat. 14 f -B, Math. 23 y
A course dealing with the mathematics underlying the study of statistics and its applications.
(Lancaster.)
Stat. 150. Problems (2-4)-Credit in accordance with work done.
To acquire training and experience in independent statistical analysis, an will select an approved problem for organization, analysis, and presentation of results.

## For Graduates

Stat. 208. Special Problems (1-4)-Credit in accordance with work done. Each student registered in this course will choose a relatively complex problem for organization, analysis, and presentation of results. (Staff.)

## VETERINARY SCIENCE

Professors Welsh, Brueckner; Assoclate Professors Crawford, DeVolt; assistant Professor Davis.
For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
V. S. 101 f. Comparative Anatomy and Physiology (3)-Three lectures. Structure of the animal body; abnormal as contrasted with normal; interrelationship between the various organs and parts as to structure and function; comparative study of herbivora, carnivora, and omnivora. (Crawford.)
V. S. 102 s. Animal Hygiene (3)-Three lectures.

Care and management of domestic animals, with special reference to maintenance of health and resistance to disease; prevention and early recognition of abnormal conditions; general hygiene; sanitation; infections; epizootics; enzootics; internal and external parasites; first aid. (Crawford.)
V. S. 103 f. Hematology (2)-Two laboratories.

Physiologic, pathologic, and diagnostic significance of changes in blood; taking samples; estimating the amount of hemoglobin; color index; numerical count of erythrocytes and leucocytes; study of red cells, and leucocytes in fresh and fixed stained preparations; differential count of leucocytes; in fresh and, sources and development of the formed elements of blood; vital staining; sources and pathological forms and counts.
(Welsh.)
V. S. 104 s. Urinalysis (2)-Two laboratories. Bact. 1 desirable.

Physiologic, pathologic, and diagnostic significance of kidney excretions, use of clinical methods including microscopic examination for casts, cells, blood, parasites, bacteria, and interpretation of results.
(Brueckner.)
V. S. 105 f. Pathological Technic (3)-Three laboratories. Bact. 1 desir able.
Examination of fresh material; fixation; decalcification; sectioning by free hand and freezing methods; celloidin and paraffin embedding and sec tioning; general staining methods.
(Brueckner.)
V. S. 106 s. Pathological Technic (continued) (2-5)-Laboratory course. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

Special methods in pathological investigations and laboratory procedures as applied to clinical diagnosis.
(Brueckner.)
V. S. 107 s. Poultry Hygiene (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory period. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, P. H. 106 f.
Study of causes, symptoms, dissemination, life cycle, seasonal appearance, methods of control and eradication of various virus, bacterial and protozoan diseases of poultry including internal and external parasites. The lectures are supplemented by laboratory demonstrations.
(DeVolt.)
V. S. 108 f. Avian Anatomy (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory period. Prerequisite, Zool. 1 s.
A study of the gross and microscopic structure of the body of the domestic fowl. The lectures include references to physiological processes. The laboratory provides for a study of systematic anatomy by dissection work combined with demonstrations. The course is designed to meet the needs of the student in poultry husbandry.
(DeVolt.)

## For Graduates

V. S. 201 f or s. Animal Disease Problems (2-6)-Credit according to work done. Prerequisite, degree in veterinary medicine from an approved veterinary college or consent of instructor. Laboratory and field work by assignment.
(Welsh.)
V. S. 202. Animal Disease Research (2-6)-Credit according to work done. Prerequisite, degree in veterinary medicine from an approved veterinary college or consent of instructor.
(Staff.)

## ZOOLOGY

Professor Truitt; Associate Professor Phillips; Assistant Professors Burhoe, Hard, Tressler; Mr. Cronin, Mr. Filippi,

Mr. Poland, Miss Teal.
Zool. 1 s. General Zoology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
An introductory course, which is cultural and practical in its aim. It deals with the basic principles of animal development, structural relation-
ships, and activities, a knowledge of which is valuable in developing an appreciation of the biological sciences. Typical invertebrates and a mammalian form are studied. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 2 y. Fundamentals of Zoology (8)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
A thorough study of the anatomy, classification and life history of representative invertebrate and vertebrate forms. This course satisfies the freshman premedical requirements in biology. Freshmen who intend to choose zoology as a major should register for this course. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester.
Zool. 3 f. Introductory Zoology (3)-Two lectures; one demonstration.
A course for students desiring a general knowledge of the principles underlying the growth, development, and behavior of animals, including man. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Zool. 4 f. Comparative Vertebrate Morphology (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, one course in zoology.
A comparative study of selected organ systems in certain vertebrate groups. Required of students whose major is zoology, and of premedical students. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 5 s . Economic Zoology (2)-Two lectures. Prerequisite, one course in zoology.
The content of this course centers around the problems of preservation, conservation, control, and development of economic wild life, with special reference to Maryland. The lectures are supplemented by assigned readings and reports. 6 s this course should form a part of the basic
Combined with Zool. 6 s, this course should form a panservationists.
training for professional Zoology (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisites, one course in zoology and one in botany.
This course consists in collecting and studying both land and aquatic forms of nearby woods, fields, and streams, with emphasis on the higher invertebrates and certain vertebrates, their breeding habits, environment, and modes of living. Intended for teachers of biology, and also for those who have a special interest in nature study and outdoor life.
Zool. 8 f. Invertebrate Morphology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Required of students whose major is zoology.
Required of studens consists in a study of the structure and relationships of selected invertebrate groups. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 12 f. Animal Histology (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, one course in zoology.

A study of animal tissues and the technic involved in their preparation for microscopic examination. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.

Zool. 15 y. Human Anatomy and Physiology (8)—Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, one course in zoology. Required of students whose major is physical education, and of those preparing to teach general science or biology.
For students who desire a general knowledge of human anatomy and physiology. Emphasis is placed upon the physiology of digestion, circulation, respiration, and reproduction. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per semester.

Zool. 16 s. Human Physiology (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Not open to freshmen.
An elementary course in physiology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$
Zool. 20 s. Vertebrate Embryology (3)—One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, one course in zoology. Required of students whose major is zoology and of premedical students.
The development of the chick to the end of the fourth day and early mammalian embryology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Zool. 101 s. Mammalian Anatomy (3)-Three laboratories. Registration limited. Permission of the instructor must be obtained before registration. Recommended for premedical students, and those whose major is zoology.

A course in the dissection of the cat or other mammal. By special permission of the instructor a vertebrate other than the cat may be used for study. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
(Phillips.)
Zool. 102 s. Histological Technique (3)-One lecture; two laboratories Registration is limited and the permission of the instructor must be obtained before registration.
The preparation of animal tissues for microscopical examination. The course is designed to qualify the student in the preparation of tissues and blood for normal and pathological study. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$. (Hard.)

Zool. 103 y. General Animal Physiology (6)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisites, one year of chemistry and one course in vertebrate anatomy. Registration limited to twelve, and permission of instructor must be obtained before registration.
The first semester work deals with the fundamentals of cellular and general physiology. The second semester is devoted to an application of these principles to the higher animals. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ each semester.
(Phillips.)
Zool. 104 f. Genetics (3)-Three lectures. Required of students intend ing to take advanced courses in plant and animal breeding, and also of zoology majors.

A general course designed to give an insight into the principles of genetics or of heredity; a consideration of the factors instrumental in
the transmission of characters through successive generations; and also o prepare students for later courses in the breeding of animals and plants.

Zool. 105 f. Aquiculture (3) Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, one course in zoology.
The course deals with the practices employed in rearing aquatic animals and the properties of natural waters which render them suitable for envirand the properties of naturatory fee, $\$ 5.00$. onmental purposes. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 106 y. Journal Club (2)-One session. Reviews, reports, and discussions of current literature. Requir (Staff.) students whose major is zoology.
(Staff.)
Zool. 120 s. Advanced Genetics (3)-One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Zool. 104 f .
A consideration of salivary chromosomes, the nature of the gene, chromosome irregularities, polyploidy, and mutations. Breeding experiments with Drosophila and small mammals will be conducted. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.

Zool. 121 f. Principles of Animal Ecology (3)-Two lectures; one laboratory. Prerequisite, one course in zoology. Animals are studied in relation to their natural which affect the growth, physical and chemical factors of the environmals are stressed in lecture and behavior, habits and distribution of animals are stressed in lecture and laboratory. The use of ecological inseas of special interest. The course is and on field excursions to local areas of special interes and to offer a designed to give a broad survey to continue with some special problem in the field. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.

## For Graduates

Zool. 200 f. Marine Zoology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories. Problems in salt water animal life of the higher phyla. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.

Zool. 201 s. Microscopical Anatomy (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories
A detailed study of the morphology and activity of cells composing animal tissues. Recent advances in the field of cytology are covered in lectures, assigned readings, and reports. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$. (Hard.)

Zool. 203 s. Advanced Embryology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
Mechanics of fertilization and growth. A review of the important contributions in the field of experimental embryology and development of animals, including a consideration of tissue culture and transplantation. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
(Burhoe.)

Zool. 204 f. Advanced Animal Physiology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
The principles of general and cellular physiology as found in animal life. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
(Phillips.)
Zool. 205 s. Hydrobiology (4)-Two lectures; two laboratories.
A study of the biological, chemical, and physical factors which determine the growth, distribution, and productivity of microscopic and near microscopic organisms in marine and freshwater environments with special reference to the Chesapeake Bay region. Microscopic examination and identification of plankton, and experience with hydrobiological equipment and methods is provided for in the laboratory and field. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
(Tressler.)
Zool. 206. Research-Credit to be arranged. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ each semester.
(Staff.)
Zool. 207 y. Zoological Seminar (2).
(Staff.)

## CHESAPEAKE BIOLOGICAL LABORATORY

This laboratory, located in the center of the Chesapeake Bay country, is on Solomons Island, Maryland. It is sponsored by the University of Maryland in cooperation with the Maryland Conservation Department, Goucher College, Washington College, Johns Hopkins University, Western Maryland College, and the Carnegie Institution of Washington, in order to afford a center for wild life research and study where facts tending toward a fuller appreciation of nature may be gathered and disseminated. The program projects a comprehensive survey of the biota of the Chesapeake region.

The laboratory is open throughout the year. Courses are offered for advanced undergraduate and graduate students, during a six-week summer session, in the following subjects: Protozoology, Economic Zoology, Invertebrates, Ichthyology, Algae, and Diatoms. Not more than two courses may be taken by a student, who must meet the requirements of the Department of Zoology as well as those of the laboratory before matriculation. Classes are limited to eight matriculants. Students pursuing special research may establish residence for the summer, or for the entire year.

Laboratory facilities; boats of various types fully equipped with pumps, nets, dredges and other apparatus; and shallow water collecting devices are available for the work without cost to the students.

For further information about work at the Chesapeake Biological Laboratory, apply to Dr. R. V. Truitt, Director, College Park, Maryland.

# SECTION IV DEGREES, HONORS, SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT 

DEGREES CONFERRED, 1939-1940

HONORARY DEGREES
Doctor of Engineering
Herschel Heathcote Allen

## Doctor of Laws

Raymond Asa Kent

## Doctor of Science

Harvey J. Burkhart
William John Gies
arthur Hastings Merritt
Thomas Parran, Jr.
Honorary Certificates in Agriculture
Chester F. Hockley
William F. Schluderbbia:
Tobias Zimmerman
harry Rieck
THE GRADUATE SCHOOL
Doctor of Philosophy

John Morton Bellows, Jr. B. S. University of Vermont, 1936 M. S. University of Maryland, 193

William Elbert Bickley, Jr. B. S. University of Tennessee, 1934 M. S. University of Tennessee, 1936

Charles MacFarlane Brewer
B. S. University of Maryland, 1923 M. S. University of Maryland, 1924

Dissertation:
"Embryo-sac Development in a Triploid Tulip."
"A Comparative Study of the Stomodaeal Nervous System of Insects."
"A study of Certain Factors which influence the Resistance of Staphyinfluence the Resistancen Grown in Beef Extract."

Paul Sherwood Brooks
B. S. West Virginia

University, 1935
M. S. University of Maryland, 1938

## Arthur R. Buddington

B. S. University of Maryland, 1936
M. S. University of Maryland, 1939

Herbert Joseph Florestano
A. B. St. Johns College, 193
M. S. University of Maryland, 193

Sylvan Ellis Forman
B. S. University of Maryland, 1936
M. S. University of Maryland, 1937

Edward Otto Haenni
A. B. Washington University, 1929
M. S. Washington University, 1931

Earl Thomas Hayes
B. S. University of Idaho, 1935
M. S. University of Idaho, 1936

Peter Herman Heinze
B. S. Northeast Missouri

Teachers College, 1935
M. A. University of Missouri, 1938

Edwin Peelle Hiatt
A. B. Wilmington College, 1933
M. A. Haverford College, 1934

George Kirby Holmes, Jr.
B. S. University of Maryland, 1926
M. S. University of Maryland, 1930

## Dissertation

The Use of the Glass Electrode as a Reference Electrode."
"Some Studies in the Nutrition and Metabolism of the Yellow Fever Mosquito, Aedes aegypti L., and the Common House Mosquito, Culex pipiens L."
"Studies on Oral Health as Reflected in the Saliva, with Special Reference to the Local and Systemic Use of Citrus Fruits, Oral Aciduric Micro-organisms, Diastatic Activity and pH."
"Synthesis of Alkyl Cyclopropyl
Ethers." Ethers."
"A New Method for the Determination of Cholesterol and Its Application to the Estimation of the Egg Content of Alimentary
"The Ferromagnetic Properties of Hematite."
"A Physiological and Biochemical Study of the Curing Processes in Sweet Potatoes."

Edmund Houston McNally B. S. George Washington University, 1930
M. A. George Washington University, 1934
Jesse Arthur Remington, Jr.
A. B. University of Maryland, 1937 "States-Rights in Maryland, 1789M. A. University of Maryland, 1938

## Arlo Wayne Ruddy

B. S. in Pharmacy, U. of Nebraska, 1936
M. S. University of Nebraska, 1938

William Demott Stull
B. S. Middleburg College, 1934
M. S. Middleburg College, 1936

DANIEL SWERN
B. S. College of the City of New York, 1935
M. A. Columbia University, 1936

Donald Hyde Wheeler
B. A. Oberlin College, 1927
"Triolein and Trilinolein."
Dissertation
The Physiology of Yolk Formation, Especially the Vitelline Membrane and the Mechanism of Ovulation in the Fowl." 1832."
"The Synthesis and Properties of Fluorinated Organic Arsenicals."
"Some Physiological Differences between the Blood of Frogs at High and Low Temperatures."
"The Action of Lead Tetraacetate Upon Hydroxylated Fatty Acids Esters, and Related Compounds."
"Extreme Hypochloremia in Dogs Induced by Nitrate Administration."

Master of Arts

Herbert Monroe Allison Herbert Eustace Armstrong Katharine Lucille Biehl Edith Long Brechbill
George Carl Brown
Virginia Byrer
Marjorie Haines Campbell
Helen Elmira Clevenger
Bessie Wood Cramer
Muriel Crosby
Arthur A. Dick
Mylo Snavely Downey
Fortuna Lucille Gordon

Florence Isabel Gregory Frances Smith Haas Alta Lucille Hurlbut Blanche Le Ora Jenkins Diana Stevan Kramer William Conroy Marth Frederick Richmond McBrien Lisette Riggs
Thomas Charles Gordon Wagner Minnie Warren
Lois Belfield Watt
Daniel De Walt Willard
Margery Walker Wright

## Master of Science

Sylvan E. Beck
Charles Lee Benton, Jr.
Thomas Grover Culton Raymond Davis, Jr. Bessie A. Stearnes Donnally Emanuel Friedman Paul McConkey Galbreath Shirley Madelyn Glickman Lex Bailey Golden George Hall Goldsborough John Salisbury Goldsmith Samuel Grober
Albert Carl Groschke George Philip Hager Robert Willmott Harrison Carl William Hess Bernice Heyman Kathryn Johns Robert Edwin Jones Daniel Kaminsky
Anne Mary Kunkel
Russell Ernest Leed

Raymond Vandermark Leighty Irvin Levin
Melvin Lewis Levine
Louis Littman
Oscar Keeling Moore
Martin Hammond Muma
Norman Gerard Paulhus
Walter Benjamin Posey
August Raspet
Otto E. Rauchschwalbe
Max Rubin
Alexander Sadle
John Logan Schutz
Charles Henry Seufferle
Fred David Sisler
Richard Battell Stephenson
Bernard Sussman
Robert Edward Thompson Clifton Wilson Van Horn John Paul Wintermoyer Raymond Milton Young

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

## Bachelor of Science

Louis Franklin Ahalt Wilmer Francis Aist John Alfred Baden George Charles Beneze Mary Louise Brinckerhoff John William Brosius, Jr. Walter Mason Butler, Jr. Albert Harman Cole
Harold F. Cotterman, Jr. Howard Grafton Crist, Jr. Elaine Danforth
Edward Bloxom Daugherty, Jr. Virginia Elizabeth Davis Edward Joseph Dougherty Edith Farrington
Carroll Milton Forsyth Vernon Royston Foster Page DeForrest Fullington Benton Ray Gatch, Jr. William Hansel
George Joseph Harris Venton Rufus Harrison Kenneth Samuel Hess Virginia Eyre Hodson Park Painter Howard Sarah Virginia Huffer Kenneth Forthenbaker Jones

Fred Stone Kefauver Joseph Hugh Keller Margaret Cobey Kemp *Marcia Ladson
Joshua Melvin Leise Mary Frances MacLeod Harry Byrd Matthews, Jr.
James Alan McGregor
DeVoe Kepler Meade Margaret Charlotte Menke Joseph Samuel Merritt, Jr. Joseph Eurton Morris Oscar William Nevares, Jr. Robert Wescott Pailthorp Richard Nelson Phelps Joseph Norbert Pohlhaus William Vaughn Redding Arthur Millard Rudy David Gabriel Freeland Sheibley Wilson L. Smith, Jr. Frances Jane Stouffer
Agnes Hope Swann
Dorothy Elizabeth Talbott
S. Ady Ward
*Patricia Margaret Willingham Joseph Smith Winter
Gaylord H. Wisner

## COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

## Bachelor of Arts

Catherine Carmela Aiello
Lola Bernice Barre
Alice Marie Blum
*Phyllis Geraldine Bollinger
William Ross Bond
Muriel Mabelle Booth
Leslie Lorentz Bowers
*Thelma Penn Bowling
Rose Emlyn Britton

* Harold Browne Carleton

Thomas Carlyle Carrico
Gayle Montgomery Davis

Dorothy Coulbourn Dennis
John Herbert Edyvean
Pearl Ettin
Lee Adele Fisch
Leona Shirley Freedman
Olga Selma Furbershaw
Louise Saint Clair Gardiner
Carl Goller
Judith Kathryn Greenwood
Mary Louise Griffith
Evelyn Lee Hampshire
Mary Jane Harrington

Pauline Clayton Harris
May Elizabeth Harrover
Julia Elizabeth Head
Adrienne Marye Henderson
Audrey Annette Hornstein Geraldine Viola Jett Ruth Elizabeth Koenig John William Kraus Bertha Mary Langford Richard McGowan Lee Martha Jane Legge James David Leonard Leroy Henry List
Ruth Elaine Long Harriette N. McClay Margaret Rebecca McIndoe William Henry McManus, Jr. William Bruce Oswald Noble Luther Owings
*Gladys Marion Person
Merle Reed Preble
Stedman Prescott, Jr.
Mary Ellen Pyle
Bernard Rice
Bernard Leon Rosen
Ruth Rubin
*Harold Sachs
M. Bertram Sachs

Betty Dirks St. Clair
George Sempeles
Edgar Alan Simpson
Adria Jean Smith
*Eleanor Shirley Snyder
Katherine Love Turner Sara Anne Vaiden
Helen Owen Welsh
Joseph Gordon White
Naomi Lorraine Wilson

## Bachelor of Science

David Alan Abrams
Lawrence Warren Auerbach Agnes Crawford Baldwin Virginia Blanck Bates Belen Noemi Benavent Carl Richard Blumenstein Marian Webster Bond Eloise Amelia Anne Buch Camille Caroline Clark Virginia Carolyn Conley Alfred Arthur Cooke harold Dillon
Roscoe Daniel Dwiggins
*Mary Rachel Eckenrode
William George Esmond
Howard Hoy Fawcett John Hercles Gile
Ralph Curtis Hammer Mary Ellen Hunter Walter Vincent Hurley ann Heath Irvine

Paul Charles Kundahl
*Francis Thomas Maxwell
Malcolm Thomas McGoogan, Jr.
Ernest A. Michaelson
Milton D. Mintz
Carroll Funk Palmer
Joseph Algernon Parks, Jr.
Samuel Ronald Pinas
Enos Ray
Charles Gordon Remsburg
Martin Rochlin
*Martin Rosen
Rita Abigail Scheffler
David Louis Seidel
David Seligson
*Benjamin Biser Shewbridge
Mary Elizabeth Simpson
William Howard Souder, Jr.
Harold Sterling
Harry William Stern
*Virginia Annette Terry Melvin Stephen Joseph Jaworski Pedro F. Ubides Aponte Margaret Elizabeth Johnston *Frances Joseph Zalesak Daniel Kaufman

## COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

 Bachelor of ScienceGeorge Damon Allen
Nathan Askin
Herman John Badenhoop
Francis Xavier Beamer Burton David Borden Robert S. Brown
William Edward Brown, Jr.
Robert James Chaney Margaret Lorraine Coyle Joseph Crisafulli
Aloyuise Ivor Davis
William Bruce Davis
Albert W. Dieffenbach
Charles Robbins Disharoon, II
Sidney Abraham Dorfman
Edward Hoover Duff
George L. Flax
Edwin Freeland Harlan
Sam Harris
James Wendell Healey
Fred John Hughes, Jr. Carroll Summers Hutton

Julius Wirth Ireland
Julius Charles Walter Kendall, Jr. Henry Arthur Kennedy Stanley Trudman Kummer George Edward Lawrence Samuel Jayson LeFrak Ruth Thornton Magruder

* Michael E. Panciotti
arthur Peregoff
Jay Morton Phillips
Thornton C. Race
Billie Jane Rittase
Frank Joseph Skotnicki
Hateva Vivring Smith
Douglas Sidney Steinberg Charles Linwood Thompson Ralph Jay Tyser
Murray Alvin Valenstein
Harry Frederick Vollmer, III
Henry F. Wyatt
Herbert Scott Young


## SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY <br> Doctor of Dental Surgery

Sidney Alfred Belinkoff John Tandy Bonham Julian Barnet Bookstaver Theodore Francis Czaplinski Benjamin Anthony Dabrowski Benjamin Diamond Samuel Goldhaber
Samuel Gribert Franklin Gorsuch
Julius Irving Kasawich
*Isidore Legum
Burton Litchman
George Arthur Lowander, Jr.
Eugene Leo Pessagno, Jr.
Bernard Randman
horace Lloyd Westcott

## COLLEGE OF EDUCATION

Bachelor of Arts

Mildred Baitz
Richard Kenneth Barnes, Jr.
Gladys King Bollinger
Helene Toba Brenner
*Elizabeth Summers Clopper
Clayton A. Dietrich

Nathan Gustavus Dorsey, Jr.
Katherine Cornelia Dunn
Doris W. Ehrmantraut
annamarie Helene Fricke
Helen Virginia Groves
Richard Kenneth Hart

Betty Leland Hottel *Helen Lucille Iager Lorraine Valentine Jackson Anne Elizabeth Jarboe Rose Irene Jones Virginia Anderson Keys George William Knepley Bess Louise Paterson

Gertrude Ethel Plumer Ethel Pollack
Margaret Stafford Reynolds Mary Susan Rinehart Katharine Elizabeth Short Ruth Weld Mary Ovelton Zurhorst

## Bachelor of Science

*Kathryn Kalbfus Abbott Genevieve Aitcheson Ralph Joseph Albarano Betty Lanier Alder Ann Calhoun Ames Bankard Frederick Baer Allena Weiler Baker Marie Wollenberg Barnes
*Herman L. Baron
Ann Marie Bono
Vivian Eulalia Bono
*Crescent J. Bride
Slater Warner Bryant, Jr. Thelma Wollenberg Burns Eva Elizabeth Burroughs
*Mary Ellen Christie Mason F. Chronister
*Jennie DeWilde Clagett
*Marion Brown Close
*Alice Mae Coulbourn
*Alice Katherine Cronise
*Lydia M. Downton Laura Roberta Duncan Halbert Knapp Evans William Benjamin Evans, Jr. Blanche Summers Farrow
Sara Frances Ferrell
*Paul Leo Footen
Murray Holmes Fout
*Evel Walker Fulgham Austin Eugene Gisriel Charles Henry Gontrum *E. Marvel Gordy Edith Marie Grove
Frank Charles Gunderloy Eunice Marjorie Lee Hackett
*Katharyn Elizabeth Harmon Delma Mae Holden
*Jennie M. Hyde
Eldred DeWitt Johnson Lyda Keating James Henry Kehoe, Jr. Katherine Jane Kenney Judíth A. King Allan Stacy Kinsey, Jr.
*Marion Kirby
Joseph Kornblatt
Lucille Viola Kornmann
harvey Wilson Kreuzburg, Jr. John Bennett Laugerman Israel Leites
Katherine Ann Longest
*Elizabeth S. Lynch
*William Houston Mahaney Lewis Arnold Matthaei
*Irvin Curtis Mayes, Jr.
Mildred Lois McCall
Antoinette Darby McKeever James Gordon Meade
*Minnie Mae Meese
Clifford Clarence Merkle
Mabel Evitt Myers
*Bernard Nachlas
*David Nathanson
Virginia Kathryn Neff Alice Elinor Nordwall Cecil Norris
Sophia Jean Ochstein Anna Belle Owens
*Dominic Vincent Provenza Louis Rachanow
*Leon Rivkin

Herbert Stewart Roesler
Edna May Schaefer
*Glenn Hugh Sensenbaugh
Anna Gertrude Shepperd
*Mary Veronica Sleeman
James Anthony Stach
A. Terris Stoddart

Lois Teal
*Anne Watson Tennant

* Naomi Rita Teter
*Margaret Hardy Tompkins Charles William Weidinger Margery Hurd West Laurence Leighton Williams *Margaret Grothey Williams
*Helen Louise Wood
*Saranna White Yonkers Alice Irene Young

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
Civil Engineer
Ezekiel John Merrick, Jr.

## Electrical Engineer

Richard Louis Lloyd

## Bachelor of Science

Richard Kenneth Bamman
Edward Kent Bebb
Richard S. Brashears
Nicholas Alexander Budkoff Byron Lawrence Carpenter Richard Westley Carroll Joserf Anderson Clarke Thomas Ludlow Coleman James Edward Collins Alfred Arthur Cooke William Hambleton Corkran Junior Newton Cox Leonard Carter Cranford Leonard Carter Cranfy
John Joseph Dearmey Arthur Whitney Fletcher, Jr. Harry Gorsuch Gallagher Sigmund Irvin Gerber Orville Wallin Greenwood Leslie Stewart Grogan Louis Kemp Hennighausen, Jr. Wilbur Meade Herbert Harold Herman Joseph Kaminski Paul Gloss Kestler Robert William Kinney Herman Russell Knust paul Trueman Lanham George Malcolm Lapoint

[^25]Lee E. LeMat
robert Joseph Lodge
Frank Paul Lozupone Joseph Mossler Marzolf, Jr.
Joseph T. Moran
Francis Clyde Morris
Milton Morton Mulitz Sanford Edsall Northrop Charles Neepier Odell Leonard John Otten, Jr Charles Richard Parsons Lewis Albert Poole William Dixon Purdum Ralph Louis Rector Joseph Solomon Russell, Jr. Bowen Wood Shaw John Kelso Shipe
Harvey Clarence Simms William Alexander Slicer Henry Taylor Stedman, II Warren Eugene Steiner Gardner Hollister Storrs Robert Earl Warner
William Henry Watkins
Loraine Hubert Weeks John Gibson Wilson, Jr. Robert Murray Wilson Wilbur Fisk Yocum

## COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS

## Bachelor of Science

Henrietta T. Abrahams
Edith Ripnitz Bernstein Mildred Alice Bland Katherine Hinwood Bohman Evelyn Adair Bullock Sister Helen Agnes Cashin Margaret R. Collison Mary Lee Rebecca Cramblitt Tempe Haile Curry Marie Dorothy Dippel Margaret Frances Dorsey Beatrice Fennell Margaret Ellen Bishop Ford Sister Mary Louise Fuchs Ruth Garonzik Mariana Grogan Martha Virginia Hickman Dorothy lura Hussong Jane Louise Kraft Eleanor Margaret Kuhn Lena Lucile Leighty

Mary Adan Logan Elnora Louise Lyon Jane Maxson
Lois Charlotte McComas Gertrude Evelyn Mcrae Esther la Rue Mullinix Florence Jane Repp B. Marie Robinette Richards Ruth Mae Richmond
Helen Rodgers
Mary Lee Ross
Evelyn B. Sachs
Catherine Samson
Grace Elaine Schopmeyer Harriet Elizabeth Sheild Barbara Belle Skinner Margaret Hunt Smaltz Marie Conners Turner Dorothea Annette Wailes
Margaret Virginia Wood Mary Elizabeth Zimmerman

## SCHOOL OF LAW <br> Bachelor of Laws

Warren Lee Bailey
Thomas Newan Berry
$\dagger$ Charles Edward Bichy, Jr. Morris Bogdanow
John Joseph Brennan Ethel Louise Brockman Robert MacDonald Bruce Doran Henry Buppert Michael Eugene Bussey David Lesser Caplan harold Claudius Care John Stephen Connor, Jr.
Callin Albert Douglass $\dagger$ Leroy Whiting Farinholt, Jr. $\dagger$ John T. Fey
$\dagger$ Thomas Humphries Hedrick $\dagger$ John Oliver Herrmann Jesse Walter Holmes, Jr.

[^26]John Henry Hopkins, IV Sanford Hordes
George E. Howell
Joseph Franklin Howell
Clarence Leatherbury Johnson
$\dagger$ Solomon Kaplan
Richard Estep Lankford
Everett Paul Mason, Jr.
Edwin Ottenheimer
Leonard Paymer
Albin Joseph Plant
Samuel Joseph Polack
Charles Frederick Rechner, Jr.
hugo Anthony Ricciuti
$\dagger$ Emma Sadtler Robertson
$\dagger$ Jay Benson Saks
David Stevenson Scrivener
Reuben Shilling

James Blaine Sweeney, Jr. B. Conway Taylor, Jr. Calvert Thomas
$\dagger$ Charles Awdry Thompson Charles Clifton Virts

Arthur Walter Watchorn
*Lawrence Emerson Williams Alfred Woods
Paul Jacob Yeager
Richard Edward Zimmerman

## Certificate of Proficiency <br> Charles Hurley Cox <br> SCHOOL OF MEDICINE <br> Doctor of Medicine

Glenn Horner Algire Daniel Hope, Jr. Stephen Ralph Andrews, Jr. William Charles Arney John Cletus Baier Walter Levi Bailey Daniel Cleveland Barker Edmund George Beacham Harold Paul Biehl Jesse Nachlas Borden Irving Carlton Brinsfield Lester Harold Caplan Weldon Porter Chandler Robert Henry Clifford, 3rd John Totterdale Cole Paul Harvey Correll Paul Samuer Daniel Louie Samuel Daniel
Edwin Oliver Daue, Jr. Joseph Deluca
Charles Frederic Dent Leonard Vincent Don Diego, Jr. William Carroll Duffy James Richard Dwyer James Albert Freeman, Jr. William Hammond Fusting William Farrow Gassaway Robert Louis Gibbs Roding Van der Veere Glick Walter Raleighi Graham Luis Roberto Guzman Lopez Morton Hecht, Jr.
Morton Heller Henning, Jr. Albert Heyman
albert Heymaneth Louise hooton
$\dagger$ With honor.
*Degree conferred
September, 1939.

Susana Igartua Cardona
benjamin Harrison Inloes, Jr.
William Parks Jamison
Louis Cecil Jorgensen
Louis Cecil Jorgensen
Julian Gilbert Kirchick
Schuyler George Kohn
Edward Louis Joseph Krieg
edward alexander Kurland
Albert Alexander Karla
Robert Eshelman Lartz
William Soy Ming Ling
William Cook Livingood Frank Ford Loker Harry Pearce Maccubbin Simeon Van Trump Markline Clarence Wilbur Martin, II alfred Richard Maryanov Daniel Hutchinson Mathers harold Francis McCann James Edward McClung William Dennis McClung george Croxton McDaniel William James McKinnon Forest Chauncey Meade Forest Chaun
Edward Louis Molz
Frederick Elbert Murphy, Jr.
William Travers Muse George Roger Myers, Jr. Georges Francis O'Hara, Jr. Guillermo Pico Santiago Ross Zimmerman Pierpont

Robert Toms Pigford
William Platt
Arthur Edgar Pollock
Leonard Posner
John Costello Pound
Charles Martin Rhode
Conrad Louis Richter
Raymond C. Vail Robinson
Donald James Roop
Carl Eliot Rothschild
Thomas Edgie Russele, Jr.
Philip Joseph Russillo
George Gerard Schlesinger
Joseph Wright Sloan
James Brady Smith
Ruby Arden Smith
Orlando John Squillante

Howard Nehemlah Stayton, Jr
William Joseph Supikyton, Jr.
Louis Haberer Tank
Alexander Frinankin Samuel Tompano Thompson Samuel Tompakov
Wilfred Henry Townshend, Jr. William Trevor
William Carryl Triplett
Merton Theodore Waite William Earl Weeks Jesse Lee Wilkins
Herman Joseph Williams
Richard Talbot Williams Harry Thomas Wilson, Jr. William Irwin Wolff James Rhodes Wrigh Solomon Bernard Zinkin

## SCHOOL OF NURSING

Graduate in Nursing
Evelyn Geraldine Akers
Pearl Elaine Albright
Martha Louisa Baer
Clarie Patria Broadnax
Mary Madora Bussard
Ava Vira Carolyn Conley
Ava Virginia Duffee
Nellie Ferrell Gardner
Elizabeth Catherine Granofsky
Laura Ee Catherine Horn
Annie Mapg Linthicum
Ednie Margaret McIntosh
Edna Cecelia Nester
Bessie Marie Parks
Laura Grace Pember
Dorothy Jane Provance

Pauline Isabel Remke
Ruth Anna Rothhaupt
Nellie May Scharf Alida Sherwood
Mary Louise Sinnott
Mary Alyce Skaggs
Ethel Buffett Smithson
Marianna Kearfott Starford
Ruby Elizabeth Teeple
Ruby Estelle Thompson
Marion Helen Vivod
Dorcas Viola Ward
Ada Margaret Watson
Amy Lee Wilkins
Ruth Carey Woerner

## SCHOOL OF PHARMACY

Alfred Henry Alessi

France Sar Alessi
Clarice Caplan
Clarice Caplan
Matthew Joseph Celozzi
Harry I. Cohen
*Degree
Degree conferred September, 1939.

Samuel Cohen
Bernard Samuel Feinstein
*Leonard Freedman
Louis Lester Glaser
Albert Goldberg

Joseph Greenberg
Leonard Gumenick
*Irving Jerome Heneson
*Albert Heyman
*Daniel Hope, Jr.
*Benjamin Harrison Inloes, Jr.
Irvin Kamenetz
*James Roscoe Karns Sidney Kline
Robert Harold Klotzman Bernard Kramer
*Albert Alexander Kurland Anthony J. Kursvietis Norbert Gordon Lassahn Philip h. Lerman Leon Phillip Levin Irving Levy Edward Miller
*Ross Zimmerman Pierpont Alphonse Poklis
Philip Frederick Richman
*Conrad Louis Richter
Donald Merle Rosen
*Albert Sachs
Norman Robert Sachs Solomon Sandler Mildred Schlaen Joseph William Shook
Edgar Mano Silberg
Robert Simonoff Daniel E. Smith Irving Sowbel
*Harry Stone
*William Joseph Supik Morris Zukerberg

HONORS, MEDALS, AND PRIZES, 1939-40
Elected Members of Phi Kappa Phi, Honorary Society

Agnes Crawford Baldwin
Sylvan E. Beck
Charles Lee Benton, Jr. Gladys King Bollinger Marian Webster Bond Burton David Borden John William Brosius, Jr. Arthur R. Buddington Eva Elizabeth Burroughs Walter Mason Butler, Jr. Richard Westley Carroll Muriel Crosby
Nathan Gustavus Dorsey, Jr. Edward Hoover Duff George L. Flax Vernon Royston Foster Murray Holmes Fout Sister Mary Louise Fuchs John Hercles Gile Lex Bailey Golden Mariana Grogan Helen Virginia Groves Mary Jane Harrington May Elizabeth Harrover

Martha Virginia Hickman Betty Leland Hottel Margaret Cobey Kemp Jane Louise Kraft George Malcolm Lapoint Richard McGowan Lee Russell Ernest Leed Joshua Melvin Leise
Joseph Mossler Marzolf, Jr.
Ralph Louis Rector
Margaret Stafford Reynolds
Mary Susan Rinehart
Billie Jane Rittase
Mary Lee Ross
M. Bertram Sachs

Betty Dirks St. Clair
David Seligson
Bowen Wood Shaw
Mary Elizabeth Simpson
Walter Marion Sparks
Frances Jane Stouffer
Agnes Hope Swann
Loraine Hubert Weeks
Daniel DeWalt Willard
*Degree conferred September, 1939.

Citizenship Medal, Offered by Dr. H. C. Byrd, Class of 1908 had McGowan Lee
Citizenship Prize, Offered by Mrs. Alb
MAy ELuzabetr
Athletic Medal, Offered by the Class of 1908
onge Edward Lawrenc
Maryland Ring, Offered by Charles L. Linhardt James Henry Kehoe, Jr. Linhardt
Goddard Medal, Offered by Mr
Lee amos Miller
Sigma Phi Sigma Freshman Medal David Hargis Barker
Delta Delta Delta Sorority Medal Irene Estelle Kuslovitz
Medal and Junior Membership, Offered by the American Institut of Chemists Carroll funk Palmek
Dinah Berman Memorial Medal, Offered by Stuart Troy Haywood Benjamin Berman
Mortar Board Cup Gladys King Bollinger
Honor Key, Offered by the Class of 1926 of the School of Business Administration of the School burton David borden
Omicron Nu Sorority Medal
Jean Murday Persons
Service Award
Bess Louise Paterson
Bernard L. Crozier Award
Alfred arthur Cooke
American Society of Civil Engine Edward KEnt Bebs Tau Beta Pi
Turn Beta Pi Award
Grafon timberlake
Tau Beta Pi Certificate of Merit Joseph Kaminski
Alpha Lambda Delta Sorority Award Margaret Cobey Kemp

Edward Powell Lacrosse Trophy Oscar William Nevares, Jr
J. Leo Mueller, III

Louis W. Berger Baseball Trophy Earl Victor Springer
Charles B. Hale Dramatic Awards David Louis SEidel
Judith Kathryn Greenwood
The Diamondback Medals
Allan Carroll Fisher Ralph Jay Tyser Douglas Sidney Steinberg Bess Louise Paterson Murray Alvin Valenstein Betty Leland Hottel Morgan Ledyard Tenny Charles Branson Morris Bertha Mary Langford

The Terrapin Medals
Robert Culler Rice George L. Flax

May Elizabeth Harrover
Charles Branson Morris
Mary Jane Harrington
The Old Line Medals
Betty Dirks St. Clair John Kelso Shipe

Charles Fernand Ksanda
Mary Ovelton Zurhorst
Walter Joseph Kerwin
Battalion Trophy, Offered by Mahlon N. Haines (1894) First Battalion, Commanded by Cadet Major Enos Ray

## Governor's Drill Cup

Company F, Commanded by Cadet Captain Warren Eugene Steiner
Reserve Officers' Association Award
Cadet Captain Warren Eugene Steiner
Alumni Cup
Second Platoon, Company D, Commanded by Cadet Lieutenant Cifarles William Bastian

## Scabbard and Blade Cup

Second Platoon, Company D, Commanded by Cadet Lieutenant Charles William Bastian Military Medal, Offered by the Class of 1899 Cadet Clifford Haines Davis
Pershing Rifles Medal to Each Member of Winning Squad, 1st Squad, 2nd Platoon, Company I
Cadet Robert Hobart Edwards Cadet Victor Philip Klein
Cadet John Franklyn Adams
Cadet William Allen Spangler

Cadet Herbert Carl Linsley
Cadet Robert Francis Byrne
Cadet Ramon Grelecki
Cadet Sidney Eugene Buck

Cadet Willard Cadet Robert Wynne Laughead Cadet Thomas Wise Riley Cadet Raymond Louis Hoden Elon Imus, Jr.
Third Corps Area Int
Cadet Willard Cecillius Jensen Rifle Match Championship Medals
Cadet Robert Wynne Laughead
Cadet Alden Elon Imus, Jr.
Cadet Raymond Louis Hodge
Cadet Joseph Mossler Modges Cadet John Chesley Marzolf Cadet Lawrence Howard Haskin Cadet Thomas Wise Riley Cadet Paul Woolever Newgarden
National Intercollegiate Rifle Match Cadet Robert Matthew Rivello
Place in Shoulder Match
Cadet Raymond Louis Hode in Shoulder Match

Cadet Alden Elon Imus, Jr.
Cadet Robert Wynne Laughead
Cadet Howard Dean Fugitt
Cadet William Robert Schack
National Rifle Robert Schack Cadet Thomas Wise Riley Cadet Willard Cecillius Jensen Cadet Frank Gilbert Cadet Frank Gilbert Carpenter Cadet Paul Woolever Newgarden
Medals, Third Place
Cadet Willard Cecilli Medals, Third Place
Cadet Alden Elon Imus, Jr. Cadet Robert Wynne Laughead Louis Hodges
Military Department Gold Medal to on Varsity Rifle Team
Cadet Willard Cecillius Jensen
Military Department Gold Medal to Individual F on Freshman Team Firing High Score Cadet Paul Woolever Ne
A. L. Mehring All-American Gold Medal for Rifle Competition Cadet Willard Cecillius Jensen
A. L. Mehring All-American Silver Medal for Rifle Competition Cadet Howard Dean Fugitt
National Society of Pershing Rifles Medals
Cadet Jeremiah Collins Hege of Pershing Rifles Medals
Cadet Olen Lee Shayer
District of Colum
Medals for Third Place Club Championship,
Cadet Robert Wynne Medals for Third Place
Cadet Alden Elon Imus, Jr. ${ }^{\text {Cadet Raymond Louis Hodges }}$ Cadet Joseph Mossler Marzolf, Jr.

District of Columbia Marine Corps Riffe Club Freshman Rifle Championship, Junior. Medals for First Place
Cadet George Joseph Newgarden Cadet William Robert Schack
Cadet Paul Woolever Newgarden Cadet Robert Matthew Rivello Cadet Ulrich Aloysius Geller
WAR DEPARTMENT AWARDS OF COMMISSIONS AS SECOND LIEUTENANTS

## The Officers Reserve Corps

Ralph Joseph Albarano
George Damon Allen
Herman John Badenhoop
Richard Kenneth Barnes, Jr.
Charles William Bastian, Jr.
Francis Xavier Beamer
Carl Richard Blumenstein
Durton David Borden
Robert S. Brown
William Edward Brown, Jr.
Nicholas Alexander Budkoff Mason F. Chronister
Thomas Ludlow Coleman
Harold F. Cotterman, Jr.
Junior Newton Cox
Donald Chatterson Davidson
William Bruce Davis
Clayton A. Dietrich
Harold Dillon
William George Esmond
George L. Flax
Carroll Milton Forsyth Vernon Royston Foster Elmer Leroy Freemire Harry Gorsuch Gallagher, Jr. John Gordon Grier
Harry Bulkley Hambleton, Jr.
Edwin Freeland Harlan
george James Heil, Jr.
Louis Kemp Hennighausen, Jr.

## HONORABLE MENTION <br> College of Agriculture

First Honors-John William Brosius, Jr.; Margaret Cobey Kemp Walter Mason Butler, Jr., Agnes Hope Swann, Frances Jane Stouffer.
Second Honors-Vernon Royston Foster, Joshua Melvin Leise, David Gabriel Freeland Sheibley, Sarah Virginia Huffer, Margaret Charlotte Menke.

## College of Arts and Sciences

First Honors-M. Bertram Sachs, May Elizabeth Harrover, Richard McGowan Lee, John Hercles Gile, Mary Elizabeth Simpson, Betty Dirks St. Clair, Mary Jane Harrington, Marian Webster Bond, Agnes Crawford Baldwin, David Seligson.
Second Honors-Camille Caroline Clark, Olga Selma Furbershaw, Bertha Mary langford, Eloise Amella Anne Buch, David Alan Abrams, Carl Richard Blumenstein, Noble Luther Owings, Margaret Elizabeth Johnston, Carroll funk Palmer, Samuel Ronald Pinas.

## College of Commerce

First Honors-Burton David Borden, George L. Flax, Henry Arthur Kennedy, Billie Jane Rittase.
Second Honors-Edward Hoover Duff, Arthur Peregoff, Ralph Jay Tyser, William Edward Brown, Jr.

## College of Education

First Honors-Gladys King Bollinger, Eva Elizabeth Burroughs, Betty leland Hottel, Helen Virginia Groves, Nathan Gustavus Dorsey, Jr., Mary Susan Rinehart, Margaret Stafford Reynolds.
Second Honors-Mildred Baitz, Katharine Elizabeth Short, Judith A. King, Murray Holmes Fout, Richard Kenneth Hart, Rose Irene Jones.

College of Engineering
First Honors-Joseph Mossler Marzolf, Jr., Richard Westley Carroll Bowen Wood Shaw, George Malcolm Lapoint, Ralph Louis Rector.
Second Honors-Joseph Kaminski, Sanford Edsall Northrop, Wilbur Meade Herbert, Loraine Hubert Weeks, William Dixon Purdum, Byron Lawrence Carpenter.

## College of Home Economics

First Honors-Jane Louise Kraft, Mary Lee Ross, Sister Mary Louise fuchs, Mariana Grogan, Martha Virginia Hickman.
Second Honors-Sister Helen Agnes Cashin, B. Marie Robinette Richards, Barbara Belle Skinner, Lena Lucile Leighty.

School of Dentistry
University Gold Medal for Scholarship
Benjamin Anthony Dabrowski
Certificates of Honor
John Tandy Bonham
Bernard Randman

School of Law
ected to the Order of the Coif Solomon Kaplan
jay benson Saks
John T. FEy John Oliver Herrmann Charles Awdry Thompson

Alumni Prize for the Best Argument in the Honor Case in the Practice Court John Oliver Herrmann
George U. Blome Prizes to Representatives on the Honor Case

John Oliver Herrman Jay Benson Saks
B. Conway Taylor, Jr.

School of Medicine University Prize Gold Medal

James Roscoe Karns
Certificates of Honor
lester harold Caplan
Samuel Tompakov
Joseph Wright Sloan
Carl Eliot Rothschild
William Soy Ming Ling
The Dr. A. Bradley Gaither Memorial Prize of $\$ 25.00$ for the Best Work in Genito-Urinary Surgery during the Senior Year

Charles Martin Rhode
Memorial Prize of $\$ 25.00$ for the Best Essay
The Samuel M. Shoemaker Memorial Prize of $\$ 25.00$ for the Best
on "Milk in Relation to the Senior Class
Edward Louis Molz

## School of Nursing

The Jemorial Scholarship, given by the University of Maryland
Jurses' Alumnae Association, to Pursue a Course in Administration, Supervisory, or Public Health Work at Teache

College, Columbia University, to the Scarship
ing the Highest Average in Scholarshi
ava Virginia Duffee
The Elizabeth Collins Lee Prize to the Student Having the Second Highest Average in Scholarship Pauline Isabel Remke
The Mrs. John L. Whitehurst Prize for the Highest Average
in Executive Ability
ava Virginia Duffee

The Edwin and Leander M. Zimmerman Prize for Practical Nursing and for Displaying the Greatest Interest and Sympathy for the Patient Ada Margaret Watson
The University of Maryland Nurses' Alume
ship in the Association, for Practical Nursing and Ass Pin and MemberRuth Anna Rothring and Executive Ability

## School of Pharmacy

Gold Medal for General Excellence
Mildred Schlaen
The William Simon Memorial Prize for Proficiency in Practical Chemistry Mildred Schlaen
The L. S. Williams Practical Pharmacy Prize Alphonse Poklis
The Conrad L. Wich Botany and Pharmacognosy Prize Bernard Samuel Feinstein
Bernard Samuel Feinstertificates of Honor

> N Leonard Gumenick

REGIMENTAL ORGANIZATION, RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS, 1940-1941

CADET COLONEL JOHN GEKLER RECKORD, Commanding
CADET LIEUTENANT COLONEL THOMAS EUGENE WATSON, Executive Officer CADET MAJOR GINO VALENTI, Regimental Adjutant

## FIRST BATTALION

CADET LIEUTENANT COLONEL ROBERT WARFIELD SAUM, Commanding CADET MAJOR STANLEY MORRIS WHALEN, Executive Officer
CADET FIRST LIEUTENANT FRANK ARTHUR DWYER, Adjutant
COMPANY "A"
Captain Lawrence Judson Hodgins
1st Lieut. Joseph Howard
and Lieut. Raymond Louis
Hodges
2nd Lieut. Samuel Coke Streep

| Captain Ernest Gunther Wagner Captain Robert Ramsey |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1st Lieut. Richard Savage Reid | Westfall |
| 2nd Lieut. Michel Pennella | 1st Lieut. Lacy Hall |
| 2nd Lient. Vaden Jones | 2nd Lieut. John Francis |
| Haddaway | Greenip |
| 2nd Lient. Donald Spoerer 2nd Lieut. Alden Elon Imus <br> Onnen  |  |

nd Lieut. Michael Pennella
2ndidient. Vaden Jones
Haddaway
2nd Lieut. Donald Spoerer
SECOND bATTALION
Cadet lieutenant colonel willian francis gannon, Commanding Cadet major Edward melvin lloyd, Executive Officer
Cadet first lieutenant elmer francis bright, adjutant

## COMPANY "D"

Captain Arthur Warren Max Horn
1st Lieut. David George
Drawbaugh
2nd Lieut. Warren Purnell
2nd Lieut. Le
2nd Li
nd Lieut Robert Ashby Groves

COMPANY "E"
Captain John Douglas Custer
1st Lieut. Jack Foster Cherry
2nd Lieut. William Edwin
Mc Malion
MeMahon
$\underset{\text { Tapper }}{2 \text { nd Lieut. Herman Alexander }}$
nd Lieut
nd Lieut. John Lynwood
Crone.

COMPANY"F"
Captain Norman Albert Miller
1st Lieut. Worthington 2nd Lient alcott
2nd Lieut. No
2nd Lieut. Richard Alvan $\underset{\text { Wannan }}{\text { 2nd Lieut. Charles Wilson }}$

## THIRD BATTALION

CADET LIEUTENANT COLONEL LAWRENCE HOWARD HASKIN, Commanding CADET MAJOR THOMAS ELDON HITCH, Executive Officer Cadet first lieutenant James monroe beattie, adjutan
COMPANY "G"
Captain Nelson Reide Jones
1st Lieut. Allen Vogel Minion
2nd Lieut. James Robert
Finton
2nd Lieut. Henry Jacob
Rockstroh
2nd Lieut. John Leonard
Meakin

Captain Nelson Reide Jones
sticut. Allen Vogel Minion
Finton
2nd Lieut. Henry Jacob
$\underset{\substack{\text { Meakin } \\ \text { Mend Lient. John Leonard }}}{\text { 2nd }}$

COMPANY "H"
Captain Robert DuBois
Rappleye Rappleye
1st Lieut. William Jack Suit 2nd Lieut. Jack Edward We Saltzman
$\underset{\text { Harwood }}{\text { 2nd Lient. Elliott Brooke }}$

COMPANY "I" Captain John Jerome Ryan 1st Lieut. Daniel Julius Harwood 2nd Lieut Richard Tinney 2nd Lieut. James Edward Hamill
2nd Lieut. Francis Warner

## FOURTH BATTALION

Cadet lieutenant colonel john chesley marzolf, Commanding CADET MAJOR HUGH GIFFORD DOWNS, Executive Officer CADET FIRST LIEUTENANT ROBERT DOUGLAS MATTINGLY, Adjutant

411

COMPANY "K" Captain Robert Culler Rice 1st Lieut. James Bradford Burnside
2nd Lieut. John Marvin Powel nd Lieut. Donald Powell

COMPANY "L" Captain David Cleveland Kelly 1st Lieut. Carl Albert Cline 2nd Lieut. Richard Charle 2nd Lieut. John Norman
Bauernschmidt 2nd Lieut. Ralph Frost Crump

COMPANY "M"
Captain Paul Otto 1st Lieut. William Kend Brendie
2nd Lieut. Turner Grafton 2nd Limberiake 2nd Lieut. Frederick 2nd Lieut. Bobby Lee Jones

## BAND

CAPTAIN ALVIN BLAIR RICE

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

## IRST BATTALION

## COMPANY "A"

Frank Gilbert Carpenter

Isadore H. Alperstein
Robert Randolph Ayres Harry Arthur Boswell

Tarleton Smith Bean Frank Lawrence Bentz

COMPANY "D"
Mearle Daniel DuVall

Jeremiah Collins Hege Vincen J. Hughes Lloyd Gordon Huggins

Richard Craig Sullivan Hugh McKeldon Walton George Lawrence Wannall

COMPANY "G"
William Addison Holbrook

Samuel L. Pfefferkorn
Gerald Eugene Prentic Edward Hector Price

Charles B. Raymond Robert Settle Insley Robert Lee Dorn

## COMPANY "B"

 First Sergeants Andrew Stilley DemingPlatoon Sergeants George Robert Cook George Robert Cook Neal Dow

Guide Sergeants Robert Driscoll Condon James Aldrich Hambleton

SECOND BATTALION COMPANY "E" First Sergeants Theodore Eiswald Fletcher Platoon Sergeants Lawrence Mackenzie James Edwin Malcolm William Rowland Maslin

Guide Sergeants Mordecai Gist Welling Thomas McCoy Fields

THIRD BATTALION COMPANY "H" First Sergeants William Harvey Schoenhaar Platoon Sergeants Frank Sam Reid Frank Sam Reid Harry Rimmer

## Guide Sergeants

Harry Michael Doukas Thomas Crawford Galbreath

COMPANY "C"
Bruce Allen Douglas

James Edward Dunn
James Eaward E. Earp John Dechert Eyler

Paul B. Hutson Donald Richard Magruder James Horace Miller

## COMPANY "F"

Walter Kingsley Grigg

Vernon LeRoy McKinstry Samuel Varick Moore George Pendleton

John Paul McNei Jack P. Beasley

## COMPANY "I'

Theodore John Stell

John Lester Scott Orville Cresap Shirey Joseph Alvin Sirkis

Daniel Leonard Gendason Joseph Lane Gude Charles Richard Jubb

## COMPANY "K"

## John Francis Curtin

Robert Edward Stalcup William Reeves Tilley Arthur Howard Valentine

Fred Carlisle Hicks $\underset{\text { Walter Joseph Kirwin }}{\text { Fred }}$ Wobert Herman Smith

FOURTH BATTALION

Guide Sergeants William Allen McGregor Charles August Raus
Hiram Henry Spicer

## BAND

Obert Charles Henr Robert Welsh Russe Phillip C. Heath

Roy Kenath Skipton Roo Kenneth Skil

SUMMARY OF THE STUDENT ENROLLMENT FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 1940-1941 AS OF MARCH, 1941

## Resident Collegiate Courses-Academic Year:

| College of Arriculture $\begin{gathered}\text { College } \\ \text { Park }\end{gathered}$ | Baltimore | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| College of Arts and Sciences | $\cdots$ | 434 |
| College of Commerce. | $\cdots$ | 1,094 |
| College of Dentistry ......... 417 |  | 417 |
| College of Education | 376 | 376 |
| College of Engineering | 255 | 821 |
| Graduate School ............. 597 |  | 597 |
| College of Home Economics | 104 | 574 |
| School of Law. 306 |  | 306 |
| School of Medicine | 218 | 218 |
| School of Nursing | 374 | 374 |
| School of Pharmacy | 42 | 142 |
|  | 124 | 124 |
|  |  |  |
| Summer School, 1940 | $94^{1,593}$ | 5,477 |
|  |  | 1,547 |
|  | 1,687 | 7,024 |
|  | 76 | 678 |
| Total Less Duplications 4,846 |  |  |
| Vocational Teacher Training, Subcollegiate | 1,611 | 6,346 |
| Mining Courses, Western Maryland |  | 134 |
| Engineering, Defense Extension. |  | 236 |
| Short Courses and Conferences |  | 637 |

Short Courses and Conferences:
Boys' and Girls' Club Week
Canning Crops Conference.
Cooperative Institute ..............
Educational Advisers, C C C. 246
Greenkeepers' School 246

Highway Engineering Short Course
Milk Testing
Nurserymen's
Nuserymen's Short Course
Parent-Teachers Association Conference 99
128
Poultry Products Marketing School. 128
Rural Women 134
Sanitary Engineering Short Course 759
Volunteer Firemen
Total Short Courses
Grand Total, All Courses, Baltimore and College
Park, less duplications

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Any further information desired concerning the University of Maryland will be furnished upon application to THE DIRECTOR OF ADMISSIONS College Park, Maryland


[^0]:    Issued Montlly by The University of Maryland, College Park, Md.

[^1]:    $* *$ Term begins first Monday in June, 1941.

[^2]:    *Deceased.

[^3]:    *The term '"parents' includes persons who, by reason of death or other unusual circumstances, have been legally constituted the guardians of and stand in loco parentis to such minor students.
    tStudents in the College Park Colleges who are residents of the District of Columbia are charged two-fifths of the non-resident fee charged to other non-residents.

[^4]:    * Students who expect to pursue the curriculum in Agricultural Chemistry must be prepared to elect Math. 21f and 22 s .

[^5]:    

[^6]:    

[^7]:    

[^8]:    I

[^9]:    *Twelve hours of modern language are required. If it is not begun until the sophomore Sear, the last six hours will be elected in the junior or senior year.

[^10]:    †Such electives are advised for all students in Horticulture.

[^11]:    Not available at present for a major.
    **Major only for Master of Arts Degree.

[^12]:    *Electives sh
    ${ }^{*}$ Electives should include not less than six hours of advanced economics during junior

[^13]:    *Preferably taken in senior year if the four-year curriculum is followed.

[^14]:    * Electives should include one course each in History and Englis

[^15]:    . year combined program should toke
    *Note: A week's inspection trip will be required.
    , Chemistery Chajistry or wcon $51 f$ 52s in the summer school preceding the sophorore if possible, Chemistry or Econ. 51 f , 52 s , in the summer school preceding the sophomor

[^16]:    Elective may be Advanced R. O. T. C., or other approved courses

[^17]:    Elective may be Advanced R. O. T. C., or other approved courses

[^18]:    *Training for a hospital dietitian requires one year of graduate study in a hospital offering a course approved by the American Dietetic Association. The institution manage-

[^19]:    *Electives in Gardening, Poultry, and Dairying are recommended

[^20]:    *Required seven (7), and elective eight (8) units for entrance. Total fifteen (15) units.

[^21]:    *One or more of the scheduled courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates may be given during the evening, if a sufficient number of students register. For further in be given during the evening, if a sufficient number of students register. Fo
    formation, address the Department of Bacteriology. A special fee is charged.

[^22]:    
    

[^23]:    $* *$ An activity program suited to need is arranged upon the recommendation of the
    $\begin{gathered}\text { University physician. } \\ \text { *Open }\end{gathered}$

[^24]:    * For other courses in Art, see page 253.

[^25]:    *Degree conferred September, 1939

[^26]:    $\dagger$ With honor.

