## IIIERSITY OF MIIRILIID

## OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

hbieral catalog
1944-1945


GRADUATE STUDIES
DENTISTRY
LAW
MEDICINE
NURSING
PHARMACY
EXTENSION
RESEARCH

## AGRICULTURE

ARTS and SCIENCES
BUSINESS and PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

EDUCATION
ENGINEERING
HOME ECONOMICS
MILITARY SCIENCE

# Official Publication of the University of Maryland 

Vol. 41, No. 3

## ORGANIZATION OF THIS CATALOG

This catalog has six major sections as follows:
Section I. General Information................... Pages 18 to 45 Administrative Organization, Facilities, Admission, General Requirements, Fees, Living Arrangements, etc.
Section II. Resident Instruction at College Park. .Pages 46 to 174 The organization and curriculum requirements of the several colleges and departments of the University at College Park.

Section III. Course Offerings at College Park. . . Pages 175 to 306 A listing of all courses offered at College
Park, arranged alphabetically by departments
Section IV. Resident Instruction at Baltimore. . Pages 307 to 316
Section V. Agricultural Extension, Research, and Regulatory Agencies........................... Pages 317 to 335
Section VI. Degrees Conferred and Statistics of Enrollment . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Pages 336 to 378

Table of Contents, Page 6 The Index begins on Page 379

## CATALOG

1944 • 1945

The provisions of this publication are not to be regarded as an irrevocable contract between the student and the University The University reserves the right to change any provision or requirement at any time within the student's term of residence. The University further reserves the right at any time, to ask a student to withdraw when it considers such action is for the best interests of the University

University of Maryland official publication issued semi-monthly during May, June and July and bi-monthly the rest of the year at College Park, Maryland. Entered as second class matter, under Act of Congress of August 24, 1912

## ORGANIZATION OF THIS CATALOG

This catalog has six major sections as follows:
Section I. General Information.................Pages 18 to 45 Administrative Organization, Facilities, Admission, General Requirements, Fees, Living Arrangements, etc.

Section II. Resident Instruction at College Park. .Pages 46 to 174 The organization and curriculum require ments of the several colleges and departments of the University at College Park.
Section III. Course Offerings at College Park.... Pages 175 to 306 A listing of all courses offered at College Park, arranged alphabetically by departments
Section IV. Resident Instruction at Baltimore...Pages 307 to 316 Section V. Agricultural Extension, Research, and Regulatory Agencies.........................Pages 317 to 335
Section VI. Degrees Conferred and Statistics of Enrollment ...................................Pages 336 to 378
Table of Contents, Page 6
The Index begins on Page 379

## CATALOG

## 1944 • 1945

The provisions of this publication are not to be regarded as an irrevocable contract between the student and the University The University reserves the right to change any provision or requirement at any time within the student's term of residence. The University further reserves the right at any time, to ask a student to withdraw when it considers such action is for the best interests of the University.

University of Maryland official publication issued semi-monthly during May, June and July and bi-monthly the rest of the year at College Park, Maryland. Entered as second class matter, under Act of Congress of August 24, 1912.

GENERAL CALENDAR

| 1944 | 1945 |  | 1946 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JULY | JANUARY | LY | JANUARY |
| SMTW T F S | S MTWT F S | S M TW T F S | S M T W T F S |
| $23456$ |  |  |  |
| 9101112131415 | 1415161718191920 | 15161718192021 | 131415151617 |
| 16171819202122 | 21222324252627 | 22.2324125262728 | 20212223242526 |
| 23242526272829 | 28293031 | 293031 | 2728293031 |
| 3031............. |  |  |  |
| AUGUST | FEBRUARY | AUGUST | FEBRUARY |
| S M TW T F S | S M T W T F S | S M TW T F S | SMTW T F S |
| ${ }^{2} 31$ |  |  |  |
| 6       <br> 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 <br> 13 15 16 17 18 19  |  | 5 6 7 8 9 10 <br> 12 13 14 15 16 17 <br> 1      |  |
| 20212223242526 | 18192021222324 |  | 17181920212223 |
| $27 / 28,29 \mid 3031$... | $25 \mid 2627$ 28...\| | $26\|27\| 28\|29\| 30\|31\|$ | 24\|25|26|27|28 |
| SEPTEMBER | MARCH | SEPTEMBER | MARCH |
| S MTW T F S | S M TW T F S | SMTWT F S | SMTWT FS |
|  |  |  |  |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 <br> 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 |  |  | 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 <br> 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 |
| 17181920212223 | 18192021222324 | 16\|17|18|19 $20 \mid 21{ }^{2}$ | $17 \mid 181920212223$ |
| 24252627282930 | $25 / 26 / 27 / 28 \cdot 29 \mid 30$ | 23\|24|25|26|27|28 | 24252627 |
|  |  | 30 |  |
| OCTOBER | APRIL | OCTOBER | APRIL |
| S M T W T F S | S M T W T F S | S M T W T F S | S M T W T F S |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 15\|16|17|18|19|20|21 | 14\|15|16|17|18|19:20 | $14{ }_{15}^{15} 16\|17\| 181920$ |
| $22.23\|24125\| 26\|27\| 28$ | 22\|23|24|25|26|27|28 | 21\|22|23|24|25|26|27 | 21222324252627 |
| 29\|30]31|..|..|...|. | 29\|30|..|. .|..|..|. | 28\|29|30|31| . . . .|. . | $28 / 29130$ |
| NOVEMBER | MAY | NOVEMBER | MAY |
| S M T W T F S | S M T W T F S | S M TW T F S | S M T W T F S |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11\|12|13|14|15|16|17 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| DECEMBER | June | DECEMBER | JUNE |
| S MTW T F S | S M T W T F S | S M TW T F S | S M T W T F S |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 101111213141516 |  | ${ }_{9\|10\| 11\|12\| 13\|14\| 15}$ | 9101112131415 |
| 17\|18|19 $20\|21\| 22 \mid 23$ | $17\|181912021\| 22 \mid 23$ | 16\|17|18|19|20|21|22 | $16171819192021 / 22$ |
| 2425 26 27 28/29 30 | $24\|25\| 26\|27\| 28 \mid 29$ | 23\|24|25 26 | 23242526272829 |
|  |  | $30 \mid 31$ | 30 |

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Calendar for 1944, 1945, and 1946
Bornersity Calendar for 1944-45 4
Board of Regents

College Park

SECTION I-GENERAL
Preliminary Information
Organization of the University

## Physical Facilities

Admission Procedure and Regulation of StudiesDefinition of Residence 21
Fees and Expenses.
Student Health and Welfare............................................................ 28
Living Arrangeme Welfare
Student Aid and Emp......
Honors and and Employment. 34
Honors and Awards.
37
SECTION II-Rtivities and Organizations................................................................ 38

College of Arts and Sciences 46
College of Business and Public Administration ................................... $\quad 71$
College of Education . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
College of
College of
Department of Military Science and Tactics...................................... 150
Department of Physical Education, Tactics....................... 161

Summer Session for Teachers. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 165

SECTION III-COURSE OFFERINGS AT .......................................... 174
LISTED ALPHABETICALLY BY AT COLLEGE PARK,
SECTION IV-RESIDENT INSTRUCTION AT BALTS.....
School of Dentistry . ...............
School of Law
School of Medicine 307

School of Pharmacy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 311
University Hospital ................................................................ 313
College of Education (Baltimore Division) ............................ . . . . . . . . . 315
SECTION V-AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 316
AND REGULATORY AGENCIES
SECTION VI-RECORDS AND STATISTICS
egrees Conferred and Certificates and Honors Awarded, ................. 336
1942 and 1942-1943, and Summary of Enrollded, 1941-
1942-1943 and 1943-1944 Summary of Enrollments for
GENERAL INDEX

## BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND AND <br> MARYLAND STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

## Term

BOWLAND K. ADAMS, Chairman. . . . . . . . Baltimore ............... 1948
Mrs. John L. Whitehurst, Secretary.... Baltimore ............... 1947
J. Milton Patterson, Treasurer. . . . . . . . Baltimore . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1944

William P. CoLe, JR............................ . . . . 1949
Harry H. Nuttle. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Denton . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1950
Phillip C. Turner. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Parkton . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1950
W. Calvin Chesnut. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Baltimore . ............... 1951

Jонn E. Semmes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Baltimore . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1951
Thomas R. Brookes.......................... Bel Air ................... 1952
Stanford Z. Rothschild. .................... Baltimore ................ . 1952
Members of the Board are appointed by the Governor of the State for terms of nine years each, beginning the first Monday in June.

The President of the University of Maryland is, by law, Executive Officer of the Board.

The State Law provides that the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland shall constitute the Maryland State Board of Agriculture.

A regular meeting of the Board is held the third Friday of each month, except during the months of July and August.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD
President Byrd, Chairman.
Miss Preinkert, Secretary.
Representing The College Park Division

Dean Applema
Mr. Benton
Dr. Brueckner President Byrd Dean Cotterman
Colonel Griswold
Director Huff

Dr. James
Dean Joyal
Miss Kellar Director Kemp Dr. Long Dean Mount Miss Preinkert Dean Pyle

Representing The Baltimore Division

Dean Dumez
Dean Howell Dean Patterson Dean Robinson Dean Wylie

## OFFICERS OF ADMINISTRATION

H. C. Byrd, LL.D., D.Sc., President of the University.
T. B. Symons, M.S., D.Agri., Director of Extension Service, Dean of College of Agriculture.
J. Freeman Pyle, Ph.D., Dean of College of Business and Public Administration and Acting Dean of College of Arts and Sciences.
J. Ben Robinson, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Dean of School of Dentistry.

Arnold E. Joyal, Ph.D., Acting Dean of College of Education, Acting Director of Summer School.
S. S. Steinberg, B.E., C.E., Dean of College of Engineering.
C. O. Appleman, Ph.D., Dean of Graduate School.
m. Marie Mount, M.A., Dean of College of Home Economics.

Roger Howell, LL.B., Ph.D., Dean of School of Law.
Robert U. Patterson, M.D., C.M., LL.D., Dean of School of Medicine, Superintendent of University Hospital.
Ivy B. Clifford, A.M., R.N., Superintendent of Nurses, Director of School of Nursing.
Andrew G. DuMez, Ph.G., Ph.D., Dean of School of Pharmacy
H. F. Cotterman, Ph.D., Assistant Dean of College of Agriculture.
W. B. Kemp, Ph.D., Acting Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. W. J. Huff, Ph.D., D.Sci., Director of the Engineering Experiment Station. James H. Reid, M.A., Acting Dean of Men.
adele H. Stamp, M.A., Dean of Women.
H. C. Griswold, Col. Inf., U. S. Army, Commandant and Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
Clarence W. Spears, M.D., Director of Physical Education.
alma h. Preinkert, M.A., Registrar.
Edgar F. Long, Ph.D., Acting Director of Admissions.
Charles L. Benton, M.S., C.P.A., Chief Accountant.
Carl W. E. Hintz, A.M.L.S., Librarian.
t. A. Hutton, M.A., Purchasing Agent.

## OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Office of the President
Lucile Smith, B.S............................. Secretary to the President
Office of the Director of Admissions
Mary Burke. ..........................Assistant, Baltimore Division Office
Office of the Registrar
Mary g. BaUER. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Assistant to Registrar
 Florence Stafford.....................Assistant, Baltimore Division Office

Dean of Women's Office
Rosalie Leslie, M.A...............................Assistant Dean of Women Marian Johnson, M.A. Assistant Dean of Women
office of Business Management
L. B M CPA ..........................Chief Accountant W. W. Cobey A B . ................................................ . Cashier
 HERBERT E. RUSSELL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Personnel Officer Edith M. Frothingham........................................................ Property Custodian German V. Rice.............................................. University Postmaster
 herman P. Stewart. .......................................... Comptroller (Baltimore) W. V. Maconachy. J. H. Tucker.
$\qquad$ Comp

Dining Hall
.Chief Clerk (Baltimore)

Charles V. Delahunt
Student Health Service
..General Manager

Clarence W. Spears
Dr. W. Allen Griffith.
Miss Estella C. Baldwin, R.N.
$\qquad$
...................... Supervisor of Nurses

Publicity
.Editor
Raymond W. Wild, Ph.M

## THE UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES

Director of Libraries
Carl W. E. Hintz, A.B., A.B.L.S., A.M.L.S.......... Director of Libraries

## College Park

Elizabeth A. Gardner, A.M., B.S.L.S., Acting Reference and Loan Librarian
anna M. Urban, A.B., A.B.L.S.,
Senior Assistant, Reference and Loan Department helen t. Armstrong, A.B., A.B.L.S.,
Vircini Phiuips, A B...Assistant, Reference and Loan Depart, Reference and Loan Department . Virginia Philims, A.B.....Assistant, Reference and .... Head Cataloger Louise W. Getcheil, A.B., B.S.L.S.. ...................... . . Assistant Cataloger Ruth V. Hewlett, A.B., A.M.L.S.......................... Assistant Cataloger Ruth Seabolt, A.B., A.B.L.S.. Ruth Seabolt, A.B., A.B.L.S...... Order Librarian harold C. O'Neal, A.B., B.S.L.S. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Assistant Kate White ........................... Secretary to the Director Elizabeth Diggs.

Baltimore
Dental-Medical-Pharmacy Librarie
Thelma $R$ Wiles, A.B., A.B.L.S.

Ruth Lee Briscoe...........................................sistant Librarian (Dentistry)
Gladys Mambert, A.B., A.M................. Assistant Librarian (Medicine)
Florence Kirk
Julia Wilson, B.S., B.S.L.S...................Assistant (Dentistry-Pharmacy)
Ann Lemen Clark....................................Assistant (Medicine)
Edith R. McIntosh, A.B., A.B.............Cataloger (Dentistry-Pharmacy)
Mary Scarpulla ........................................ Cataloger (Medicine)
Law Library
Anne C. Bagby, A.B., B.L.S.
.Librarian

## FACULTY COMMITTEES

Admission, Guidance, and Adjustment
Dr. Long, Chairman; Dr. Bamford, Dr. Gruchy, Dr. Phillips, Miss Preinkert, Professor Quigley, Dean Reid, Dr. Schindler, Dean Stamp, ationston. Drite.
Athletics and Physical Education
Dr. Spears, Acting Chairman; Dr. Benton, Dr. Cory, Colonel Griswold, Dr. Kemp, Dean Stamp
Coordination of Agricultural Activities
Dr. Symons, Chairman; Mr. Bopst, Dr. Brueckner, Dr. Cory, Dr Cotterman, Mr. Holmes, Dr. Jull, Dr. Kemp, Dr. Leinbary, Dr. Mahoney, Mr. Oswald, Mr. Shaw.
Educational Policy, Standards, and Coordination
Dr. Zucker, Chairman; Dr. Baker, Dr. Bampord, Miss Curtiss, Dr Naughton, Dr. Phillips, Dr. Hartung, Dr. Jull, Dr. Martin, Miss Mc Extension and Adult Educ, Professor Strahorn, Dr. Wylie, Dr. Younger.

Education
DeVault, Dr. Ehrenownerger Chairman; Dr. Crothers, Miss Curtiss, Dr Dr. Steinmeyer.

## Libraries

Mr. Hintz, Chairman; Dr. Anderson, Dr. Bamford, Dr. W. R. Clark, Mrs. England, Dr. Haring, Dr. Harman, Dr. Long, Dr. Wpencer Dr. Steinmeyer, Professor Strahorn, Dr. Younger.
Publications
Mr. Snyder, Chairman; Miss E. Frothingham, Dr. Kemp, Mr. Oswald, Miss Preinkert, Mr. Wild, Dr. Zucker.

## Public Functions and Public Relations

Dr. Symons, Chairman; Dr. Baker, Mr. Bopst, Dr. Cory, Dr. DuMez, Dr. Gewehr, Colonel Griswold, Dr. Jull, Dean Mount, Miss Preinkert, Mr. Randall, Dean Reid, Dean Robinson, Mr. Snyder, Dean Stamp, Dr. Steinmeyer, Dr. Younger.

## Religious Affairs and Social Service

Miss Leslie, Chairman; Dr.' Gewehr, Mr. Hamilton, Dr. Haring, Professor Quigley, Dean Reid, Dr. White.
Scholarship and Student Aid
Dr. Long, Chairman; Mr. Cobey, Dr. Cotterman, Dean Mount, Dean Reid, Dean Stamp, Dr. Steinmeyer.

## Student Life

Dr. White, Chairman; Professor Allen, Dr. Baker, Dr. Benton, Dr. Griffith, Colonel Griswold, Dr. Harman, Dr. James, Professor Kramer, Dr. Lejins, Dr. Phillips, Miss Preinkert, Dean Reid, Dr. Spears, Dean Stamp, Professor Svirbely.

## INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF, COLLEGE PARK*

George J. Abrams, M.S., Assistant Professor of Apiculture.
Paul R. Achenbach, B.S., Lecturer on Heating, Ventilation and Refrigeration.
Arthur M. Ahalt, M.S., Assistant Professor of Agricultural Education. Russell B. Allen, B.S., Associate Professor of Civil Engineering.
George F. Alrich, Ph.D., E.E., Instructor in Mathematics.
Mary L. Andrews, Ph.D., Instructor in English.
Gustave W. Andrian, B.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.
Charles O. Appleman, Ph.D., Professor of Botany and Plant Physiology. Ross E. Backenstoss, Ph.D., Instructor in Foreign Languages.
M. Alberta Bailey, B.A., Assistant in Mathematics.

Harry S. Baker, M.A., Instructor in Physical Education.
Oliver E. Baker, Ph.D., Professor of Geography and Lecturer on Agricultural Economics.
Hayes Baker-Crothers, Ph.D., Professor of History
Cecil R. Ball, M.A., Assistant Professor of English.
Herman Ball, B.A., Instructor in Physical Education.
Ronald Bamford, Ph.D., Professor of Botany.
Frank G. Banta, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.
James V. Barker, Captain, U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
Rachel J. Benton, Ph.D., Professor of Physical Education.
Myron H. Berry, M.S., Associate Professor of Dairy Husbandry.
*As of April, 1944.

Herbert R. Bird, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Poultry Nutrition ence and Tactics.
(
Sidney F. Borg, B.S.C.E., M.C.E Associate Professor of Chemical Engineering.
Henry H. Brechbill, Ph.D., Profe., Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering.
Ferdinand G. Brickwedde Phefessor of Education.
Allison T. Brown, Instructor in Interessor of Physics.
Glen D. Brown, M.A., Professor interior Design.
Hazel M. Brown, M.S., Assistant of Industrial Education.
Russell G. Brown, Ph.D., Assistant Professor Foods and Nutrition.
Marie D. Bryan, A.B., Instructor in English of Plant Physiology.
Sumner O. Burhoe, Ph.D., Assistant Profish and Education.
Charles Carl, Assistant in Mechanical Ensin of Zoology.
Mary K. Carl, R.N., Assistant in Physical Educing.
Ray W. Carpenter, A.B., LL.B., Profesical Education.
John W. Cassehl, Major, U.S., A Pofessor of Agricultural Engineering.
and Tactics.
Julian J. Cheston, Jr., M.A., Assistant in Mathematics.
Fitzhugh Thisolm, II, Instructor in Entomology.
Weston R. Clark, B.S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.
Harold J. Clem Ph.D., Professor of Psychology.
Eli W. Clemens, Ph.D., Professor Professor of History.
George f. Corcoran M., Professor of Economics.
Gustavo Correa, Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.
Ernest N. Cory, Ph.D., Professorsor of Foreign Languages.
Harold F. Cotterman, Ph.D., Prof of Entomology.
Carroll E. Cox, Ph.D., Instructor in Plor Agricultural Education.
Hugh J. Creech, Ph.D., Instructor in Plant Pathology
Myron Creese, B.S., E.E., Professor of
Dieter Cunz, Ph.D., Assistant Prof of Electrical Engineering.
Vienna Curtiss, M.A., Professor
Tobias Dantzig, Ph.D., Professor of Practical Art.
Gomer L. Davies, B.S., Lecturer of Mathematics.
A. B. C. Divis, Captain, U.Ser on Electrical Communications.
and Tactics.
Hugh D Divs, B.A., Instructor in Physical Education for Women. and Tactics.
A., Assistant Professor of Military Science

Management
harold M. DeVolt, M.S., D.V.M., Associate Professor of Animal Pathology.
Dudley Dillard, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Economics.
James C. Dockeray, Ph.D., Professor of Finer of Entomology
nathan L. Drake, Ph.D., Professor of Organic Chemistry.
george W. Dunlap, Captain, U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
allen L. Edwards, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Psychology.
Ray Ehrensberger, Ph.D., Professor of Speech.
Curry N. England, M.A., Instructor in Home Management.
William E. Falls, Ph.D., Professor of Foreign Languages.
Stanley Fifer, B.A., Assistant in Mathematics.
Michael J. Filippi, M.S., Instructor in Zoology.
alice H. Finckh, B.A., Instructor in English.
Fanny F. Fitzwater, Instructor in Practical Art.
L. Webster Frayer, B.M.E., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

Frank B. Freidel, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of History.
William K. Gautier, M.A., Instructor in Physics.
Elizabeth K. Genger, M.S., Instructor in Textiles and Clothing.
Wesley M. Gewehr, Ph.D., Professor of History.
Carl W. Gohr, B.S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.
Margaret T. Goldsmith, M.S., Instructor in Bacteriology.
William H. Gravely, Jr., M.A., Instructor in English.
Wilson P. Green, M.S., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering.
Romain G. Greene, M.A., Instructor in English.
harland C. Griswold, Colonel, U.S.A., Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
Allan G. Gruchy, Ph.D., Professor of Economics.
Eugene Guerster, Ph.D., Instructor in Foreign Languages.
Louise Hagel, B.S., Instructor in Foods and Nutrition.
Dick W. Hall, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.
Harry R. Hall, B.S., Lecturer on Municipal Sanitation.
arthur b. Hamilton, M.S., Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics.
P. Arne Hansen, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Bacteriology.

Malcolm M. Haring, Ph.D., Professor of Physical Chemistry.
Susan E. Harman, Ph.D., Professor of English.
Irvin C. Haut, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Pomology.
Donald C. Hennick, B.S., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.
Carl W. E. Hintz, A.B., A.M.L.S., Associate Professor of Library Science.
Lawrence J. Hodgins, B.S., Associate Professor of Electrical Engineering. Richard I. Hofstadter, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of History.
Chester A. Hogentogler, Jr., B.S., Lecturer on Soils and Foundations.
Harry B. Hoshall, B.S., M.E., Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering.
Wilbert J. Huff, Ph.D., D.Sc., Professor of Chemical Engineering.
George B. Hughes, B.S., Assistant Professor of Dairy Manufacturing.
Elizabeth Jullien Hurst, B.S., Instructor in Physical Education for Women.
Richard R. Hutcheson, M.A., Assistant Professor of Speech.

John W. Jackson, M.S., M.E., Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engi-
neering.
Stanley B. Jackson, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics
Wawrence H. James, Ph.D., Professor of Bacteriology.
Robert A. Jehle, Ph.D., Prsistant Professor of Plant Pathology.
Arnold E. Joyal, Ph.D., Professor of Plant Pathology.
William A. Judge, B.S., Instructor in Educational Administration. Morley A. Jull, Ph.S., Instructor in Physics.
William B. Kemp, Ph., Professor of Poultry Husbandry Fred I. Kobayash, Ph.D., Professor of Agronomy.
Harry E. Korab, B.S., Assistructor in Physical Education.
Charles F. Kramer, M.A., Assistant in Bacteriology.
Albin O. Kuhn, M.S., Assistant Pre Professor of Foreign Languages.
George S. Langford, Ph.D., Ass Professor of Agronomy.
Hazel W. Lapp, M.S., Instructor in Fite Professor of Entomology.
Laurence L. Layton, Phstructor in Foods and Nutrition.
Frederick H. Leinbach, Ph.D., Professor of Anor of Chemistry.
Peter P. Lejins, Ph.D., Assistant Profor of Animal Husbandry.
Irving Linkow, M.A., Instructor in Speech.
Robert A. Littleford, Instructor in Speech
Roberta Mack, B.S., Ah. Ph., Instructor in Zoology.
Norman W. Macleod, M. Assint Professor of Institution Management. George F. Madigan, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English.
Charles H. Mahoney, Ph.D. Prof Professor of Soils.
Monroe H. Martin Ph P. Professor of Olericulture.
Robert H. McBride, 1.D., Professor of Mathematics.
and Tactics.
William actics.
Frieda W. McFallom, M.A., Instructor in English.
Edna B. McNaughton, M.A., Professor of Textiles and Clothing.
DeVoe Meade, Ph.D., Professor of Animor of Home Economics Education.
Elizabeth Y. Meyers, M.A., Instrun of Anal Husbandry.
Frances H. Miller, M.A., Instructor in English. Education for Women.
J. Albert Miller, M.A., Administratin English.
C. Wright Mills, Ph.D., Associate Prof Coordinator of Practice Teaching.
T. Fay Mitchell, M.A., Assistante Professor of Sociology.

Raymond Morgan, Ph.D., Professor of Phor of Textiles and Clothing. Earl W. Mounce, M.A., Lrofessor of Physics.
M. Marie Mount, M.A., Professor of Hete Professor of Law and Labor Agnes R. Neylan, M.A., Instructor in Foods and Institution Management. Peter Oesper, Ph.D., Assistant Pctor in Foods and Nutrition.
Evelyn L. Oginsky, M.S., Instructor in of Physical Chemistry.
Martha A. Olson, M.A., Instructor in Bacteriology.
Harold C. O'Neal, A.B., B.Structor in Mathematics.
Arthur C. Parsons, M.A., Assistant Profor in Library Science.

Arthur S. Patrick, M.A., Assistant Professor of Secretarial Training. Milton A. Petty, Jr., Ph.D., Instructor in Plant Pathology. Norman E. Phillips, Ph.D., Professor of Zoology.
Robert E. Phillips, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Poultry Husbandry. James R. Pinkerton, Captain, U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
augustus J. Prahl, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Foreign Languages. Henry W. Price, B.S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering. Hester B. Provensen, LL.B., Assistant Professor of Speech. J. Freeman Pyle, Ph.D., Professor of Economics and Marketing. George D. Quigley, B.S., Associate Professor of Poultry Husbandry. Marguerite C. Rand, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages. B. Harlan Randall, B.Mus., Assistant Professor of Music. Ennes C. Rayson, A.B., C.P.A., Professor of Accounting.
James H. Reid, M.A., Assistant Professor of Economics.
Harry H. Rice, M.A., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.
Fausto Rubini, B.S., Instructor in Physical Education.
Alvin W. Schindler, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Education. Albert L. Schrader, Ph.D., Professor of Pomology.
Mark Schweizer, Ph.D., Instructor in Foreign Languages.
A. Wiley Sherwood, M.E., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.
H. Burton Shipley, B.S., Assistant Professor of Physical Education

Robert V. Shirley, M.B.A., Instructor in Business Law and Statistics.
Mark M. Shoemaker, M.S., M.L.D., Associate Professor of Landscape Gardening.
Charles A. Shreeve, B.M.E., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering.
Arthur W. Silver, M.A., Assistant Professor of History.
John E. Smith, Captain, U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
Joseph M. Smith, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Chemical Engineering. W. Conley Smith, M.S., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering. Robert E. Snodgrass, A.B., Lecturer on Entomology.
Clarence W. Spears, B.S., M.D., Professor of Physical Education Jesse W. Sprowls, Ph.D., Professor of Psychology.
Kenneth M. Stampp, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of History.
S. Sidney Steinberg, B.E., C.E., Professor of Civil Engineering.

Reuben G. Steinmeyer, Ph.D., Professor of Political Science.
William J. Svirbely, M.S., D.Sc., Associate Professor of Chemistry. Jean Tenney, M.A., Assistant Professor of Physical Education for Women. Royle P. Thomas, Ph.D., Professor of Soils.
Alice J. Thurston, M.A., Instructor in Psychology.
Arthur S. Thurston, M.S., Professor of Floriculture and Landscape Gardening.
Theron A. Tompkins, M.A., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.
Edward D. Trembly, M.B.A., Associate Professor of Accounting.

Emil S. Troelston, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics.
Anna M. Urban, A.B., A.B.L.S., Instructor in Library Science.
John L. Vanderslice, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.
William VanRoyen, Ph.D., Professor of Geography.
Paul M. Wadell, 1st Lt., U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
T. C. Gordon Wagner, Ph.D., Assistant in Mathematics.

Robert N. Walden, Captain, U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
Stanton Walker, B.S., Lecturer on Engineering Materials. W. Paul Walker, M.S., Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics.

Edgar P. Walls, Ph.D., Professor of Canning Crops.
Dorothy M. Watson, M.S., Assistant in Geography.
Donald C. Weeks, Ph.D., Instructor in English.
Marie Wheatley, M.A., Instructor in Education.
Charles E. White, Ph.D., Professor of Inorganic Chemistry.
Helen B. Wilcox, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.
Raymond C. Wiley, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Analytical Chemistry.
Harold C. Yeager, 2nd Lt., U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
James F. Yeager, Ph.D., Lecturer on Entomology.
John E. Younger, Ph.D., Professor of Mechanical Engineering.
Harold Yourman, 2nd Lt., U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
W. Gordon Zeeveld, Ph.D., Associate Professor of English.

Alice R. Zerbola, M.A., Instructor in Education.
Adolf E. Zucker, Ph.D., Professor of Foreign Languages.

## GRADUATE ASSISTANTS AND FELLOWS

## Graduate Assistants

 NameDepartment
Laura M. Brilliantine, M.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Bacteriology
Carl Blumenstein, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Chemistry

Lawrence E. Flesch, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Agricultural Economics
William H. Form, M.A.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Sociology
Larry Q. Green, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Chemistry
Helen Gysin, B.S.................................. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Zoology
Hillman G. Harris, B.S.......... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Chemistry

Erich Heftman, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Chemistry


Cecil Martin, B.A............................ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . English
J. Philip Mattingly, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Poultry Husbandry

EDWARD ORBAN, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Chemistry
EDWAR L. ROSENBERG, B.S... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Botany
LAWSON L. ROWACRE, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Jane L. Showacre, B. M.S. Home Economics
William M. Smith, M.S......... .Horticultare
Elizabeth L. Shompson, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Lelia M. Toole, B.S. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
a manda A. Ulm, B.S..
amanda A. Weiss, B.S.
Fellows
.Chemical Engineering
Robert L. Borenstein, B.S................................ Pusiness and Public Administration Louisa G. Dillard, M.A... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Zoology Betty E. Hoffmaster, B.S. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Kathryn C. Kenny, B.A.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Kathenne C. Macleod, M.A.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Vivienne S. Sanderlin, B.A.
Walter S. Sand B.S.

## SECTION I—General

## PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

The University of Maryland, in addition to being a State University, is the "Land-Grant" institution of Maryland. The University is co-educational in all of its branches.

## College Park

The undergraduate colleges and the Graduate School of the University of Maryland are located at College Park, Prince George's County, Maryland, on a beautiful tract of rolling, wooded land, less than eight miles from the heart of the Nation's capital, Washington, D. C. This nearness to Washington, naturally, is of immeasurable advantage to students because of the unusual library facilities afforded by the Library of Congress and the libraries of Government Departments; the privilege of observing at close range sessions of the United States Supreme Court, the United States Senate and the House of Representatives; the opportunity of obtaining almost without effort an abundance of factual data which is constantly being assembled by the numerous agencies of the Federal Government; and, especially in these days of war, the keen sense of interest which necessarily exists when one is in such close proximity to history in the making.
The University is served by excellent transportation facilities, including the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, by the Washington street car system, and by several bus lines. The campus fronts on the BaltimoreWashington Boulevard, a section of Federal Route No. 1, which makes the University easily accessible by private automobile travel.

College Park, and the adjacent Calvert Hills and College Heights, constitute a group of fine residential communities close to the University campus, where are located the homes of many of the members of the faculty and staff, and where students who prefer to live off campus may find de sirable living accommodations at reasonable rates.

## Baltimore

The professional schools of the University-Dentistry, Law, Medicine, Nursing, and Pharmacy-the University Hospital, and the Baltimore Division of the College of Education, are located in a group of splendid buildings, most of them erected in recent years, at or near the adjacent corners of Lombard and Greene Streets and Lombard and Redwood Streets, Baltimore, Maryland

Baltimore, a thriving, modern industrial city of more than a million inhabitants, has an old established culture represented by outstanding educational institutions, libraries, museums, parks, public buildings, and places of historical interest.

Baltimore is justly proud of its well earned reputation as a center of the highest type of professional education, and no finer location could be chosen by a young man or young woman desiring to prepare for a professional career.

BRIEF HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSITY While its advancement in recent years, both in the matter of physical plant facilities and educational sta honorable history.
University has behind it a long and is the history of two institutions; The history of the present University is the hary of Mand in Baltimore he old privately-owned and operated University of Maryland (formerly Maryland Agricultural College) nd the Maryland State College (formere merged in 1920. Maryland was organized, the fifth In 1807 the College of Medicine of Marylas was graduated in 1810 medical school in the United States. The 1814-1815 by the erection of the A permanent home was established in is Baltimore, the oldest strucbuilding at Lombard and Greene Streeting. Here was founded one of the ture in America devoted to medical teaching. Hedical school library) in the United first medical libraries (and the first med Maryland authorized the College first m. In 1812 the General Assembly of Maryle faculties of divinity, law, States. In 18 Maryland to "annex or constitute faculties the "colleges or of Medicine of sciences," and by the same act declared that the "ond and faculties thus united should be constituted and." By authority of this act, under the title of the University of Maryland." By aculty of law," and in 1823 a steps were taken in 1813 to establish was opened. Subsequently there were regular school of instruction in law was opene. was absorbed in 1923 by added: in 1882 a Department of Dentistry (founded in 1840, the first dental the Baltimore College of Dental Surger Nursing; and in 1904 the Maryschool in the world); in 1889 a School of Nursing; and in oldest pharmacy land College of Pharmacy (
college in the United States). The Maryland State College was char second agricultural college in the the Maryland Agricultural College, Western Hemisphere. For three years the Chited States passed the Land Grant agement. In 1862 the Congress of the United Stas that should claim its beneAct. This act granted each State and Territory fits a proportionate amount of unclaimed whon apply under certain conditions the proceeds from the sale of which should ape of at least one college where to the "endowment, support, and maintenance other scientific and classical the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientich of learning studies, and including military tactics, to teach such brand arts, in such a manner as as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in suctive, in order to prothe Legislatures of the States may respectiv of the industrial classes in the mote the liberal and practical education of the indus was accepted by the mote the inders and professions of life." This grant was acral College was General Assembly of Maryland, and the Maryland Agricultural bone, at least named as the beneficiary of the grant. Thus the College bas taken over in part, a State institution. In the fall of 1914 control was take charter
entirely by the State. In 1916 the General Asseme College.
to the College, and made it the Maryland State

In 1920 , by an
was merged with the Maryland Legislature, the University of Marylan was given the name, University of Maryland.

## THE UNIVERSITY

In order to met
1943 a four quarter system. A student University of Maryland adopted in tion or complete his work in the usual four years either accelerate his gradua
student may, in most curricula, graduate ins. By attending all quarters
The pre-medical, pre-dental, and praduate in three years.
in five quarters, or, if the student is underinary curricula may be taken
quarters.
Under the present plan the academi
of approximately twelve weeks each of six weeks, organized largely for the addition there is a summer session secondary school teachers.

## ADMINISTR

The government ORGANIZATION OF THE UNIVERSITY
Regents, consisting of eleven mersity is, by law, vested in a Board State, each for a term of nine years. Thers apointed by the governor of the is vested in the president. The deans, directors anistration of the University of the University form the Administrative Betors and other principal officers advisory capacity to the president.
Following is a lo the president.
At College Park

College of Agriculture
College of Arts and Sciences
College of Business and Publi
Administration
College of Education
College of Engineering
College of Home Economics
Graduate School
Summer Session
Department of Military Science and Tactics
$\qquad$
Agricultural Experiment Station
Extension Ser Home Economics
Extension Service

## State-Wide Activities

The Agricultural and
representatives in every county of the State. Extension Service maintains local

School of Dentistry
School of Law
School of Medicine
School of Nursing
School of Pharmacy
University Hospital
College of Educatio Division)
Maryland State Board of Agricul-
ture

Agents and Home Demonstration Agents provide expert assistance to farmers and farm families in their areas and, when necessary, call upon the large staff of specialists at the headquarters of the Extension Service at College Park.
The Live Stock Sanitary Service, which is charged with responsibility for the control and eradication of diseases of live stock and poultry, maintains local veterinary inspectors throughout the State, in addition to specialists and laboratory technicians at the main laboratory at College Park and the branch laboratories in Salisbury, Centreville and Baltimore.
PHYSICAL FACILITIES - GROUNDS, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT College Park
Grounds. The University grounds at College Park comprise 600 acres. A broad rolling campus is surmounted by a commanding hill which overlooks a wide area and insures excellent drainage. Most of the buildings are located on this eminence, and the adjacent grounds are laid out attractively in lawns and terraces ornamented with shrubbery and flower beds. Below the brow of the hill, on either side of the Washington-Baltimore Boulevard, lie the drill grounds and the athletic fields.
Approximately 300 acres are used for research and teaching in horticulture, agriculture, dairying, livestock, and poultry; and an additional 500 acres for plant research work are located on a farm five miles northwest of the campus.
Buildings. The buildings comprise about 30 individual structures, which provide facilities for the several activities and services carried on at College Park.
Administration and Instruction. This group consists of the following buildings: Administration Building, which accommodates the Office of the President, Dean of Men, Comptroller, Registrar, Director of Admissions, Director of Athletics, and Alumni Secretary; Agriculture Building, which houses the College of Agriculture, Agricultural and Home Economics Extension Service and Auditorium; Arts and Sciences Building, Engineering Building, Morrill Hall, which houses a portion of the work in the Sciences; Poultry Building; Horticulture Building; Dairy Building; Dean of Women's Building, in which are the offices of the Dean of Women and her staff; Music Building, which provides accommodations for the Department of Music, the student band, and glee club; Home Economics Building; Chemistry Building, in which are located laboratories and classrooms for instruction in chemistry, and laboratories for analysis of feeds, fertilizers, and lime; and College of Education Building. A new Shop Building has just been completed.

Experiment Station. The headquarters for the Agricultural Experiment Station are in the Agriculture Building. The laboratories and green houses for this work are located in various buildings on the campus.
Physical Education. This group consists of the Ritchie Coliseum, which provides quarters for all athletic teams, an athletic office, trophy room, and
visiting team rooms, together with a playing floor and permanent seating arrangements for 4,262 persons; Byrd Stadium, with a permanent seating capacity of 8,000 , is furnished with rest rooms for patrons, dressing rooms, and equipment for receiving and transmitting information concerning contests in progress; Gymnasium-Armory, used in part by the Military Department, and for physical education work for men; and the Girls' Field House, for all girls' sports. Playing and practice fields and tennis courts are adjacent to the field houses.
Armory. A new Armory, considered one of the finest structures of its kind in the nation, is modern in every respect. It houses the Department of Military Science and Tactics.
Dormitories. The men's dormitory group, consisting of nine buildings, of brick, fireproof construction, provides accommodations for 860 men students. The women's residence group consists of two modern dormitories of Colonial architecture, accommodating 228 women students. These are designated as Margaret Brent Hall and Anne Arundel Hall.
Rossborough Inn. This historic Inn, built in 1798, is the oldest building on the campus and for many years housed the Agricultural Experiment Station. Entirely restored, this is now one of the most beautiful and interesting buildings on the campus.

Service Structures. This group includes the Central Heating Plant; Plant Maintenance and Operations Building; Infirmary, with accommodations for forty patients, physician's office, operating room, and nurses' quarters; and Dining Hall.

United States Bureau of Mines. The Eastern Experiment Station of the United States Bureau of Mines is located on the University grounds. The general laboratories are used for instruction purposes in Engineering as well as the United States Government for Experimental work. The building contains a geological museum, and a technical library.

United States Fish and Wildlife Service Laboratory. The technological research laboratory of the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service is located on the University campus. It contains laboratories for conduct of research in the fisheries dealing with chemical, chemical engineering, bacteriological, nutritional, and biological subjects. Through a cooperative arrangement with the University it is possible for students, who have undergraduate degrees, to pursue studies toward graduate degrees in any of the subjects mentioned above.

## Baltimore

The group of buildings, located in the vicinity of Lombard and Greene Streets, provides available ${ }^{t}$ housing for the Baltimore division of the University. The group comprises the original Medical School Building, erected in 1814; the Old Hospital, now used as a dispensary; the New University Hospital with approximately 450 beds; the Frank C. Bressler Research Laboratory; the Dental and Pharmacy Building; the Nurses' Home; the Law School Building; Davidge Hall, which houses the Medical library; and the Administration Building.

IBRARY FACILITIES
Libraries are lo
1931, is an attractive The General Library at College Park, comp room on the second floor and well-equipped structure. The main readis and bound periodicals on seats 236 , and has about 5,000 reform is equipped with carrels and desks open shelves. The five-tier stack roor 10,000 of the 108,000 volumes on open she use of advanced students. About 10, Entomology departments, the for the use of adved in the Chemistry and Entomogy departments the campus are and other units. Over 900 periodicals are currently Graduate School, and ${ }^{\prime}$ Shool of Dentistry, received.

Facilities in Baltimore consist of the Libraries of Law, 19,000 volumes; the containing some 10,500 volumes; the ; and the School of Pharmacy, 9,500 School of Medicine, 23,00 Library is housed in Davidge Hall; the remaining volumes. The Medical Library is harters in the buildings of their respective three libraries have adequate quarters for use. Facilities for the courses chools, where they are readily available for use. Faciries of the Schools of in Arts and Sciences are of
Dentistry and Pharmacy. The libraries of the University total in for publications of the United olumes. The General Library is a dep 15,000 documents in its collections. volumes. Terse States Government, and System is able to supplement its reference sean or
The University
Bibliofilm Service, or by arranging for personal work in Congress, the United S
adencies in WROCEDURE
ADMISSION PROChools: Applicants for admission to the College of Agri-
Undergraduate Schools: Applicants for Public Administration, Education, culture, Arts and Sciences, Busmics should communicate with the Director Engineering, and Home Economars College Park, Maryland.
of Admissions, University of Mraduate School should
Graduate School: Those seeking admission University of Maryland, College address the Dean of the Graduate School, University Park.

Professional Schools: Information about admission to the professional chools in Baltimore may be had by writing University.
cerned or to the Director of Admissions of the from
Applicants from Secondary Schools: Procure an applicated and ask your the Director of Admissions. Fill in personal data requested and mail principal or headmaster to enter
the blank to the Director of Adal
the blank to the Direct is suggested that applications be quarter, December 1
for the winter quarter, and March 1 for the spring quarter. Applications from students completing their last semester of secondary. Applications couraged. If acceptable supplementary rester of secondary work are en
Applicants from Other Colleges and blank from the Director of Admissions. Fill in per: Secure an application ask secondary school principal or headmaster personal data requested and record and send the blank to the Direadmaster to enter secondary school trar of the College or University Director of Admissions. Request the Regis of Admissions, College Park, Maryland.

Time of Admission: New
the beginning of the summer students should plan to enter the University at ever, will be admitted at any quarter, in July, if possible. Students, how-

## ADMISSION OF FRESHMEN

Maryland or the the recommendation of the Columbia will be admitted by certificate upon should have attained college principal. Graduates of out-of-state schools than one letter or ten points certification marks, such marks to be not less Graduates who fail points higher than the passing mark.
Graduates who fail to obtain the principal's ressing mark.
sidered by the Committee on Admissions recommendation will be conincluding aptitude tests, will determinsions. Supplementary information, mission.

## TRANSFER STUDENTS

Only students in grood stand
o transfer. Advanced standing as to scholarship and conduct are eligible accredited institutions standing is assigned to transfer students from

1. A minimum on one year following conditions:
hours is necessary for a degree.
2. The University
standing if the transfer student's at any time to revoke advanced

## SUBJECT REQUIREMENTS

English
..... . . . . . . . . .
Mathematics . . . . . . . . . . Enginits, including Solid Geometry, required for Engineering, Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry
One unit One unit each of Algebra and Plane Geometry
is desirable for Arts is desirable for Arts and Sciences and Public and lowed for certain curricula Deviation may be alof the University.
Social Science; Natural
and Biological
.1 unit from each group is required; two are sug-
gested.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Foreign Languages...... None is required. However, those who will follow the professions, enter journalism, foreign trade or service, study the humanities or do research, should have a good foundation in one or more.
Electives ................Fine Arts, trade and vocational subjects are acceptable. In selecting students more emphasis will be placed upon good marks and other indications of probable success in college than upon a fixed pattern of subject matter.
Special Students: Applicants who are at least twenty-one years of age, and who have not completed the usual preparatory course, may be admitted to such courses as they seem fitted to take. Special students are ineligible to matriculate for a degree until entrance requirements have been satisfied.
Unclassified Students: Applicants who meet entrance requirements but who do not wish to pursue a program of study leading to a degree are ineligible for admission to pursue courses for which they have met prerequisites.

## REQUIREMENTS IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

FOR MEN AND WOMEN
All women students whose bodily condition indicates that they are physically fit for exercise are required to take physical education for a period of four years, as a prerequisite to graduation.
Men are likewise required to take physical education for a four-year period. During the present emergency this, for men, consists of three twohour periods a week.

## REGULATION OF STUDIES

Course Numbers: Courses are designated by numbers as follows:
Group I-Numbered 1 to 49 -courses primarily for freshmen, and sophomores.
Group II numbered 50 to 99 -courses for juniors and seniors.
Group III numbered 100 to 199 -courses for advanced undergraduates (well-qualified juniors and seniors) and graduates.
Group IV numbered 200 to 299 -courses for graduates only.
Schedule of Courses. A quarter time schedule of courses, giving days, hours, and rooms, is issued as a separate pamphlet at the beginning of each quarter. Classes are scheduled beginning at 8.20 A . M.

Definition of Credit Unit. The quarter hour, which is the unit of credit in the University, is the equivalent of a subject pursued one period a week for one quarter. Two or three periods of laboratory or field work are equivalent to one lecture or recitation period. The student is expected to devote three hours a week in classroom or laboratory, including outside preparation for each credit hour in any course.

Normal Student Load. The normal student load is from 15 to 19 quarter hours, according to curriculum and year.

Examinations: Examinations are held at the close of each quarter. dents are required to use the prescribed type of examination book in these tests.
Marking System: The following symbols are used for marks. $A$,
and D, passing; F, Failure; I, Incomplete
Mark A denotes super i, Incomplete.
fair scholarship; and mark D,
In computing scholastic $D$, passing scholarship.
lows: $\mathrm{A}-4 ; \mathrm{B}-3 ; \mathrm{C}-2 ; \mathrm{D}-1 ; \mathrm{F}-0$. A scholastic $3, \mathrm{C}-2 ; \mathrm{D}-1 ; \mathrm{F}-0$.
standing.
for graduation and for junior
Academic Regulations. A separate pamphlet is published each year listof students.

## REPORTS

Written reports of grades are sent by the Registrar to parents or guardians at the close of each quarter.

## DELINQUENT STUDENTS

A student must attain passing marks in fifty per cent of the quarter hours for which he is registered, or he is automatically dropped from the University. The Registrar notifies the student, his parent or guardian, and the student's dean of this action. A student who has been dropped for scholastic reasons may appeal in writing to the Committee on Adropped sion, Guidance, and Adjustment for reinstatement. The Committee Admispowered to grant relief for just for reinstatement. The Committee is emfrom the University for scholastic cause. A student who has been dropped ment is denied, may again petition reasons, and whose petition for reinstate-
ment is denied, may again petition after a lapse of at least one quarter. of a student who cannot or does to request at any time the withdrawal scholarship, or whose continuance in maintain the required standard of to his or her health, or to the health of University would be detrimental satisfactory to the authorities health of others, or whose conduct is not may be asked to withdraw of the University. Students of the last class may be asked to withdraw even though no specific charge be made against
them.
According to University regulations, excessive absence from any course is penalized by failure in that course. Students who are guilty of course sistent absence from any course will be reported to the are guilty of perappointed representative for final disciplinary action

## JUNIOR STANDING

No student will be certified as a junior, or be permitted to select a major or minor, or to continue in a fixed curriculum until he or she shall have
passed with an average grade as high as $C$ (2.0) the minimum number of quarter credits required for junior standing in any curriculum.

## DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES

The University confers the following degrees: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Master of Education, Master of Arts, Master of Science, Master of Business Administration, Doctor of Philosophy, Civil Engineer, Mechanical Engineer, Electrical Engineer, Chemical Engineer, Bachelor of Laws, Doctor of Medicine, Doctor of Dental Surgery, and Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy.
Students in the two-year and three-year curricula are awarded certificates.
No baccalaureate degree will be awarded to a student who has had less than one year of resident work in this University. The last forty-five credits of any curriculum leading to a baccalaureate degree must be taken in residence at the University of Maryland. Candidates for the baccalaureate degree in combined curriculums at College Park and Baltimore must complete a minimum of forty-five quarter credits at College Park.
An average mark of C is required for graduation. In the case of a candidate for a combined degree or of a transfer student with advanced standing, a grade of D will not be recognized for credit towards a degree in more than one-fourth of the credits earned at this institution.

The requirements for graduation vary according to the character of work in the different colleges and schools. Full information regarding specific college requirements for graduation will be found in the college sections of the catalog.

Each candidate for a degree must file in the office of the Registrar three months prior to the date he expects to graduate, a formal application for a degree. Candidates for degrees must attend a convocation at which degrees are conferred and diplomas are awarded. Degrees are conferred in absentia only in exceptional cases.

## DEFINITION OF RESIDENCE AND NON-RESIDENCE

Students who are minors are considered to be resident students, if at the time of their registration their parents* have been residents of this State $\dagger$ for at least one year.
Adult students are considered to be resident students, if at the time of their registration they have been residents of this State $\dagger$ for a least one year; provided such residence has not been acquired while attending any school or college in Maryland.
The status of the residence of a student is determined at the time of his first registration in the University, and may not thereafter be changed by him unless, in the case of a minor, his parents* move to and become legal
*The term "parents" includes persons who, by reason of death or other unusual cir-
umstances, have been legally constituted the guardians of and stand in loco parentis to such minor students.
residents of this State $\dagger$, by maintaining such residence for at least one full calendar year. However, the right of the student (minor) to change from non-resident to a resident status must be established by him prior to regis.

FEES AND EXPENSES

## General

All checks or money orders should be made payable to the University of
aryland for the exact amount of the charges
In cases where students have been awarded Legislative Scholarships University Grants, the amount of such scholarship or grant will be dedus or from the bill.

All fees are due and payable at the time of registration, and student will be admitted to to pay the full amount of the charges. No student

The University reserves until such payment has been made.
charges as may be found necessary. For mach changes in fees and other vary from quarter to quarter, although evample, board and lodging may the costs to the student as low as possible.
No degree will be conf possible.
to, a student who has not maden, nor any diploma or certificate awarded

## War Ration Book

ar Ration books
Each student who boards in the University Dining Hall is required to present all War Ration Books for food rations at one of the desks in the registration line before he receives his dining hall card. When he pays he tamped not receive his dining hall card of admission unless the bill sentative. If his ration books have been filed with the dining hall reprethan food the book will in the book is designated for some article other may need it.
$\dagger$ Students in the College Park Colleg
charged two-fifths of the non-resident fee chare residents of the District of Columbia

| - | Summer | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maryland Residents | Quarter | Quarter | Quarter | Quarter |
| Fixed Charges | \$48.50 | \$48.50 | \$48.50 | \$48.50 |
| Athletic Fees | 5.00 | 15.00 |  |  |
| Special Fees | 5.00 | 10.00 |  |  |
| Student Activities Fees | 5.00 | 10.00 |  |  |
| Infirmary Fees | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Post Office Fees. | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Advisory and Testing Fee | . 50 | . 50 | . 50 | . 50 |
| Total for Maryland Residents. . | \$67.00 | \$87.00 | *\$52.00 | $\dagger \$ 52.00$ |
| District of Columbia Residents Non-Resident Fee for students from District of Columbia in addition to fees shown above. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Total for District of Columbia Students | \$84.00 | \$104.00 | *\$69.00 | †\$69.00 |


| Residents of Other States and Countries |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Resident Fee for students from other states and countries in addition to fees shown above | \$42.00 | \$42.00 | \$42.00 | \$42.00 |
| Total for Non-Resident Students | \$109.00 | \$129.00 | *\$94.00 | †\$94.00 |

## Board and Lodging

Board ........................ $\$ 110 \quad \$ 110 \quad \$ 110 \quad \$ 110$

Dormitory Room ............. $\$ 28$ - $\$ 45$ \$28-\$45 \$28-\$45 \$28-\$45
Total for Board and Room. . . . \$138-155 \$138-155 \$138-155 \$138-155
The Special Fee is used for improving physical training facilities and for other University projects that have direct relations This fee now student welfare, especially athletics and recreation. This fee now is devoted to a fund for construction of a stadium, an addition to the coliseum.
and a swimming pool, as soon as the fund is sufficient and materials are available. and a swimming pool, as soon as the fund is suficient and materials are available.
The Students Activities Fee is included at the request of the Student Governme ciation. Its payment is not mandatory, but it is really a matter of economy to the student since, in normal times, it covers subscription to the student newspaper, the magazine and the yearbook; class dues, including admission to class dances and to the performances of
the musical and dramatic clubs. There will be some curtailment of this program until after
the war. the waric.
*Students entering the University for the winter quarter will pay the following addi-
tional fees: Athletic, $\$ 10.00$; Special, $\$ 5.00$; Student Activities, $\$ 7.50$, †Students entering the University for the Spring quarter will pay the following additStudents entering the University for the Spring quarter will
tional fees: Athletic, $\$ 5.00$; Special, $\$ 5.00$; Student Activities, $\$ 5.00$.

## Other Fees and Charges

Matriculation Fee for undergraduates, payable at time of first registration in the University...................................... $\$ 5.00$
Engineering College Fee............................................. 2.00
Home Economics College Fee........................................
Special Fee for students enrolled in Pre-Medical or Pre-Dental course:
For Residents of Maryland..................................... 17.00
For Residents of the District of Columbia...................... 17.00
For Residents of other states or countries..................... 42.00
Fee for part-time students per credit hour..
(The term "part-time students" is interpreted to mean undergraduate students taking 6 quarter credit hours or less. Students carrying more than 6 quarter hours pay the regular fees.)
Laboratory Fees-Fees are charged in Chemistry, Bacteriology, Botany, Physics, Home Economics and other Science subjects, per course
1.00 to 8.00

Late Registration Fee.......................................... 3.00 to 5.00
(All students are expected to complete their registration, including the filing of class cards and payment of bills, on the regular registration days. Those who complete their registration one day late will be charged a fee of $\$ 3.00$, and those who are more than one day late will be charged $\$ 5.00$.)
Fee for change in registration after first week of instruction...... 1.00
Fee for failure to report for medical examination appointment.... 2.00
Special Examination Fee-to establish college credit-per quarter hour
Makeup Examination Fee-(for students who are absent during
any class period when tests or examinations are given)........... 1
Transcript of Record Fee..
Diploma Fee for Bachelor's degree, payable just prior to graduation 10.00
Property Damage Charge-Students will be charged for damage to
property or equipment. Where responsibility for the damage can
be fixed, the individual student will be billed for it; where responsibility can not be fixed, the cost of repairing the damage or replacing equipment will be pro-rated.
Library Charges:
Fine for failure to return book from general library before expiration of loan period................................ . 05 per day
Fine for failure to return book from Reserve Shelf before expiration of loan period-

First hour overdue
Each additional hour overdue.
In case of loss or mutilation of a book, satisfactory restitution must be made.
Text books and classroom supplies-These costs vary with the course pursued, but will average per quarter.

## Fees for Graduate Students

Tuition charge for students carrying more than 8 quarter credit hours
Tuition charge for students carrying 8 quarter credit hours or less 4.00

| Tuition chat |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Post Office Fee, payable by all students . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.00 |

Matriculation Fee, payaber (For Master's Degree)..
Diploma Fee
Notes: Fees in the Graduate School are the same for all students,
Notes: Fees in the Graduate Schoole
whether residents of the State of Maryland or not.
whether residents of the State of Maryland or not. payable at the time of registration for each quarter.
Diploma Fee and Graduation Fee must be paid prior to Diploma
graduation.

Fees for Evening Courses
Matriculation Fee (Payable once, at time of first registration by all students-full time and part time; candidates for degrees, and non-candidates).

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { For Undergraduates . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 10.00 \\
& \text { For Graduates . . . . . . . . . . . } 11 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Tuition Charge (same for all students)-Limit six hours, per
credit hour . ............................................................
Laboratory Fees-A small laboratory fee, to terials used, is charged in laboratory courses. These inquiry of with the course and can be ascertained in any case by inquiry of the Director of Evening Courses, or the instructor in charge of the Director
WITHDRAWAL AND REFUND OF FEES
If a student desires or is compelled to withdraw from the University at If a student desires or is compelled to should file a formal application for any time during the academic year, he should file a formated on the form, with withdrawal, bearing the proper signatures as ind the Registrar's Office. A copy of this withdrawal application the student
be obtained from the office of the Dean of the College in which the is registered, or from the Registrar.

In the case of a minor, withdrawal will be permitted only with the written consent of the student's parent or guardian.
A student who fails to withdraw in the required manner will not be entitled to an honorable dismissal and will forfeit his right to any refund to which he might otherwise be entitled.
Students withdrawing from the University within five days after the beginning of instruction for the quarter are granted a full refund of all charges except board and lodging, with a deduction of $\$ 5.00$ to cover cost of registration. Board and lodging are refunded on a pro-rata basis.
Students withdrawing from the University after five days and before the end of three weeks from the beginning of instruction in any quarter will receive a pro-rata refund of all charges, less a deduction of $\$ 5.00$ to cover cost of registration. After the expiration of the three-week period referred to, refunds will be made onfy for board. The refund for this item will be on a pro-rata basis.
TRANSCRIPTS OF RECORDS
Any student or alumnus may secure a transcript of his scholastic record from the Registrar. No charge is made for the first copy so furnished, but for each additional copy, there is a charge of $\$ 1.00$.
Transcripts of records are of two kinds:
(a) Informal transcripts which may be obtained by the student or alumnus for such personal use as he may wish; and
(b) Official transcripts, bearing the University seal which are forwarded, on request, to educational institutions, Government agencies, etc., as attested evidence of the student's record at the University nod his honorable dismissal therefrom.
Persons desiring transefipts of records should, if possible, make request of the Registrar for same at least one week in advance of the date when the records are actually needed.
No transcript of a student's record will be furnished in the case of any student or alumnus whose financial obligations to the University have not been satisfied.

## REQUIREMENT IN MILITARY INSTRUCTION

All male students classified academically as freshmen or sophomores, who are citizens of the United States, and physically fit to perform military duty and not less than 14 or more than 26 years of age, are required to take basic military training for a period of two years as a prerequisite to graduation. Any student excused from taking basic military instruction because of a physical disability must take physical education. Physical disabilities must be substantiated by examination at the University Health Center.

Transfer students who do not have the required two years of military training will be required to take military until the completion of the required two years or until graduation.

## STUDENT HEALTH AND WELFARE

The University recognizes its responsibility for safeguarding the health of its student body and takes every reasonable precaution towards this end. of th student should present his physical examination from his family Each stadent she time of his entrance at the University. In exceptional physician at the time of his ex this examination, it will be given by the cases, if it is impossible to get this examination, ith instruction which is University Health Service. In addition tudents, a modern, well equipped given to all freshman and sophomore stu or injured students. A small fee infirmary is available for the care of sick or injured staservice.

## Physical Examinations

Owing to the scarcity of medical service, each student is asked to bring with him his medical examination oy his family physician. The University furnishes a uniform blank for these examinations. In case it is impossible for the entering student to receive a physical before entrance, a physical examination will be given at the University Health Service.

## Infirmary Service and Regulations

1. All undergraduate students may receive dispensary service and med1. All inf the Infirmary during regular office hours established by the physician in charge.
physician in charge. 8 to 10 A. M. - 1 to 2 P. M. - 4 to 5 P. M. In the Nurses' office hours, 8 to 1
evening for emergency only. 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. daily except Sunday. Other Doctor's office hours, 11 A times by appointment only.
2. A registered nurse is on duty at all hours in the Infirmary. Students are requested to report illnesses during office hours unless the case is an emergency.
3. Students not living in their own homes who need medical attention and who are unable to report to the Infirmary should call one of the University physicians. Such visits will be free of charge except in cases where additional visits are necessary. For such additional visits as
be necessary, the University physician will make his usual charg.
4. Students not residing in their own homes may, upon the ordent of the University physician, be cared for in the Infirmary to the campus will be charged the facilities available. Students who live
a fee of one dollar and a quarter a day. 5. The visiting howed only three visitors at one time. No visitor may Each patient is allowed onlission is granted by the nurse in charge.
see any patient untion is not available at the Infirmary for graduate stu-
5. Hospitalization is not available at the Infirmary for graduate sta-
dents and employees. Dispensary service, however, is available for gradudents and employees. Dispensary service, however, is avalable in University service or University activities.
6. Students living in the dormitories, who are ill and unable to attend classes, must report to the Infirmary, between 8:00 and 9:00 A. M. If they are too ill to go to the Infirmary, they must notify the house mother so that the physician can be called to the dormitory. When possible this should be done before $8: 30 \mathrm{~A}$. M. If a student is taken sick at any other time he must report to the Infirmary, before going to his room.
7. For employees of the University who handle food and milk, the University reserves the right to have its physician make physical examinations, and such inspections of sanitary conditions in homes as in the opinion of the University physician, may be desirable.

In case of illness requiring a special nurse or special medical attention, the expense must be borne by the student.

## LIVING ARRANGEMENTS

## Dormitories

Room Reservations. All new students desiring to room in the dormitories should request room application cards, being careful to check the admissions blank properly if housing accommodations are needed. The Director of Admissions will refer these to the offices of the Dean of Men and Dean of Women respectively. Application cards or blanks will be sent to applicants and should be returned promptly. A fee of $\$ 15.00$ will be requested which will be deducted from the first quarter charges when the student registers. Room reservations not claimed by freshmen or upper-classmen on their respective registration days will be cancelled. A room will be held by special request until after classes begin providing the dormitory office is notified by the first day of registration. Room reservation fees will not be refunded if the request is received later than one month before the first day of registration for the quarter for which arrangements were made.

Reservations by students in attendance at the University should be made at least two weeks before the close of the preceding quarter. New students are urged to attend to their housing arrangements about three months in advance of registration.
All freshmen men except those who live at home, are required to room in the dormitories.

There are two dormitories on the campus for women, each under the supervision of a Director of Residence and the Office of Dean of Women.

## Annexes

There are four dormitory annexes, formerly fraternity houses now operated as dormitory residences. Annex A was formerly Phi Delta Theta fraternity house; Annex B was formerly Kappa Alpha fraternity house; Annex C was formerly Alpha Gamma Rho fraternity house; and Annex D was formerly Sigma Chi fraternity house.

All housing arrangements for women students must be approved by the Office of the Dean of Women.

Applications for rooms are considered only when a student has been fully admitted academically to the University. A student for whom a reservation has been made should report at registration time to the a reservation
dormitory to which he or she has been assigned.

## Equipment

Students assigned to dormitories should provide themselves with sufficient
Students assigned to dormitories should provide a pillow, pillow cases, towels, single blankets, at least
a laundry bag, and a waste paper basket. The individual student must assume property assigned result from ordinary wear and tear will be charged to the student concerned.
the student concerned. It is understood that all housing arrangen spring quarters also.
fall quarter are binding for the winter and spring quar for which a deposit Each student will be furnished a key for his room in exchange for the key at the end of the year.
key at the end of the University does not provide laundry service and each Laundry. The University does not provid laundry. There are several student is responsible for his or here Park; or if a student prefers, he may reliable laundry concerns in College Park; or if a student pre, do their own send his laundry home. Women stadents dormitory, not including bed linen. laundry in the laundry room in each dormitory, not ince marked with a
Personal baggage sent via the American Express and marked with a dormitory address will be delivered when the the College Park express office of his arrival.

## OFF-CAMPUS HOUSES

Men: Only upper classmen are allowed to live in houses not under the Men: Only upper classmen are allowed these should be addressed to the control of the University.
Office of the Dean of Men.
Women: Undergraduate women students who cannot be ach are registered the women's dormitories are referred to proff campus Houses for Underin the Office of the Dean of Women as "Off-Campus Houses to maintain graduate Women." The householders in these homes agree to maintaingthe same rules and regulations as in the dormitories but business arrangements are made entirely between the student and the hoations personally and and their parents should plan to see these anal arrangements. No woman talk with the householder before making fina a householder without first student should enter into an agreement with a household house is on the student should enter Office of the Dean of Women that the house is on the approved list.
Meals
All students who live in University dormitories must board at the University Dining Hall.

Students not living in the dormitories may make arrangements to board by the quarter at the Dining Hall, get their meals in the University Cafeteria or at eating establishments in College Park. A few "off-campus" houses provide board as well as room.
Estimated Expenses of "Off-Campus" Residence
Most of these houses have only double rooms with twin beds. The student provides her own linens as in the dormitory. Price per person for room is about $\$ 15.00$ a month, all rooms being registered with the rent control board.
No rebate is made for meals not eaten at the University Dining Hall or in other places where board is paid in advance. Therefore, with care, students may save enough money on their meals to make up for the difference in rent between the off-campus houses and the dormitory. Some even find this less expensive.
Girls may find desirable rooms in good homes where they can earn their room and board by applying to the Office of the Dean of Women.

## OFFICE OF THE DEAN OF WOMEN

The Office of the Dean of Women exists for the purpose of furnishing friendly counsel and helpful guidance to women students in connection with any of their personal problems, especially those relating to financial need, employment, housing, etc. In addition, it coordinates the interests of women students, handles matters of chaperonage at social functions, regulation of sorority rushing in cooperation with Panhellenic Association, and so forth. It has supervision over all housing accommodations for women students, whether on or off campus. A personal interview with one of the Deans of Women is required of every woman student on entering and on leaving the University. Any woman student is invited to avail herself of all of the services of this department.

## OFFICE OF THE DEAN OF MEN

The Office of the Dean of Men exists for the purpose of furnishing friendly counsel and helpful guidance to male students in connection with any of their personal problems, especially those relating to financial need, employment, housing, etc. This office also handles for male students matters of discipline and infringement of University regulations.

## ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL SERVICES

The above services are closely coordinated with the activities of the Psychological Testing Bureau which also provides academic and vocational counseling. Remedial work in reading and in speech are available through the College of Education and the Department of Speech respectively. All of the above services are available to the student without fee.

## STUDENT AID

Legislative Scholarships
By Act of the Maryland Legislature in 1941, members of the Legislature were given the privilege of awarding scholarships to worthy students from their respective districts.
Students desiring these scholarships are requested to contact either a

State Senator or a member of the House of Delegates in their respectis districts.
University Scholarships
The University of Maryland offers a limited number of scholarships covering fixed charges to graduates of high schools or preparatory schools. Inquiries should be addressed to the Secretary of the Scholarship Committee.

## Albright Scholarship

A scholarship, known as the Victor E. Albright Scholarship, is open to raduates of Garrett County High Schools who were born and reared in that county. Application should be made to the high school principals.
Sears Roebuck Agricultural Foundation Grants
A limited number of scholarships have been made available by the Sears Roebuck Agricultural Foundation for young men who have been reared on farms in the State of Maryland and who enroll as freshmen in the College Agriculture. These grants apply only in the freshman year.
Agriculture. These grants apply in. F. Cotterman, Assistant Dean of Applications may be obta
he College of Agriculture.

## Graduate Fellowships

For information concerning Graduate Fellowships, see Graduate School.

## STUDENT LOAN FUNDS

The Kappa Kappa Gamma Sorority Loan. Annually a Sigma Delta loan of one hundred dollars, without interest, is made to a woman student registered in the University of Maryland. Application should
to the Dean of the College in which the student is registered. A. A. U. W. Loan. The College Park fund from which loans are made tion of University Women maintains a standing who have been in attendto women students of junior or senior standing least one year. Application ance at the University of Mary the Office of the Dean of Women.
blanks may be obtained through the Office of the Dean provisions of the will
Catherine Moore Brinkley Loan Fund. Under then established, available of Catherine Moore Brinkley a loan fund has been the State of Maryland, for worthy students who are natives and resiture at the University of Marystudying mechanical engineering or agriculture at for loans should be made land. Details concerning loans and application

Home Economics Loan Fund. A small loan fund, established by the District of Columbia Home Economics Society, is available for students From in Home Economics.
From time to time other funds are made available by various women's be secured upon request from the Office Information regarding these may

## STUDENT EMPLOYMENT

of the Dean of Women.

A considerable number of
ment while in attendance of students earn some money through employhowever, to earn enough to the University. No student should expect but some earn from one-fourth to th his expenses. The amounts vary
Generally the first one-fourth to three-fourths of all the required funds
Generally the first year is the hardest for those desiring employment. After one has demonstrated that he is worthy and capable, employment. less difficulty in finding work.
The University assumes no
It does, however, make no responsibility in connection with employment towns and the University every effort to aid needy students. The nearby is placed at the dispossal of canvassed, and a list of available positions is placed at the disposal of students. Applications for employment positions be made to the Dean of Men.

## HONORS AND AWARDS

Scholarship Honors
awarded to one-fifth. Final honors for excellence in scholarship are are awarded to the upper graduating class in each college. First honors half. To be eligible for honors, this group; second honors to the lower be completed. .
The Goddar
The Goddard Medal. The James Douglas Goddard Memorial Medal is awarded annually to the resident of Prince Georges County, born Medal is embodies the most Goddard James, of Washingtributes. The medal is given by Mrs. Anne K. Goddard James, of Washington, D. C.
Sigma Chi Medal. Sigma Chi Fraternity offers annually a gold medal during the first semester uring the first semester.
Alpha Zeta Medal. The Honorary Agricultural Fraternity of Alpha Zeta who attains the highest to the agricultural student in the freshman class sentation of the medal does not elect in academic work. The mere presimply indicates recognition not elect the student to the fraternity, but

Dinah Berman Mon in scholarship.
awarded annually to the sophomore who Dinah Berman Memorial Medal is average of his class in the College who has attained the highest scholastic Benjamin Berman.

Mortar Board Scholarship Cup. This is awarded to the senior girl who has been at the University for four years, and who has made the highest scholastic average for three and one-half years.
Delta Delta Delta Medal. This sorority awards a medal annually to the girl who attains the highest average in academic work during the sophomore year.
Class of '26 Honor Key. The Class of 1926 of the School of Business Administration of the University of Maryland at Baltimore offers each year a gold key to the senior graduating from the College of Commerce with the highest average for the entire four year course taken at the University of Maryland.
American Institute of Chemists Medal. The American Institute of Chemists awards annually a medal and a junior membership to the graduating student of good character and personality, majoring in chemistry, who has attained the highest average grade in this major subject for the entire undergraduate course, exclusive of credit received for the final semester.
Omicron Nu Sorority Medal. This sorority awards a medal annually to the freshman girl in the College of Home Economics who attains the highest scholastic average during the first semester.
Bernard L. Crozier Award. The Maryland Association of Engineers awards a cash prize of $\$ 25.00$ annually to the senior in the College of Engineering who, in the opinion of the faculty, has made the greatest improvement in scholarship during his stay at the University.
Alpha Lambda Delta Award. The Alpha Lambda Delta Award is given to the senior member of the group who has maintained the highest average for the past three and one-half years. She must have been in attendance in the institution for the entire time.
American Society of Civil Engineers Award. The Maryland Section of the American Society of Civil Engineers awards annually a junior membership in the American Society of Civil Engineers to the senior in the Department of Civil Engineering who, in the opinion of the faculty of the Department, is the outstanding student in his class.
Tau Beta Pi Certificate of Merit. The Maryland Beta Chapter of Tau Beta Pi awards annually a certificate of merit to the initiate of the Chapter who, in the opinion of the members, has presented the best thesis during the year.
The Charles B. Hale Dramatic Awards. The Footlight Club recognizes annually the man and woman members of the senior class who have done most for the advancement of dramatics at the University.
Sigma Alpha Omicron Award. This is awarded to the senior student majoring in Bacteriology for high scholarship, character and leadership.
Hillegeist Memorial Award. This is offered annually by Mrs. W. M. Hillegeist in memory for her husband for excellence in English.

Citizenship Prize for Men. An award is presented annually by President H. C. Byrd, a graduate of the Class of 1908, to the member of the senion citizen, and has done most of the University. Citiviversity.
Citizenship Prize for Women. The Citizenship Prize is offered by Mrs to the woman member of thermer president of the University of Maryland has most nearly typified the senior class who, during her collegiate career general advancement of the interests of the Und has done most for the

## MILITARY AWARDS

Mahlon N. Haines '94 Trophy. This is offered to the major of the win ing battalion.

Military Department Award. Gold second lieutenant's insignia to the major of the winning battalion.

Gold second lieutenant's insignia to the
Governor of Mary Cup. This is offered each year by His Excellency, the Comprnor of Maryland, to the best drilled company.
Chapter, awards annually to the Officers' Association, Montgomery County
University, gold second lieutene captain of the best drilled company of the
The Alumni Cup
officer of the best drilled platoon. Scabbard and Blatoon.
winning platoon. Class of '99 G
the the member of Medal. The class of 1899 offers each year a gold meda A Gold Medal is awarded to the proves himself the best drilled soldier Team who fired the high score of each season. A Gold Medal is awarded to the
fired the high score of each season.
Pershing
in the squad drill competition.

## the suad.drill competition.

Pershing Rifle Medals are awarded to the three best drilled students in Perhing Rifles.
Mehring Trophy Rifle Competition. A Gold Medal is awarded to the student firing highest score in this competition. A Silver Medal is giver petition.

## ATHLETIC AWARDS

Silvester Watch for Excellence in Athletics. A gold watch is offered annually to "the man who typified the best in college athletics." The watch is given in honor of a former President of the University, R. W. Silvester.

Maryland Ring. The Maryland Ring is offered by Charles L. Linhardt to the Maryland man who is adjudged the best athlete of the year.
Edward Powell Trophy. This trophy is offered by the class of 1913 to the player who has rendered the greatest service to lacrosse during the year.
Louis W. Berger Trophy. This trophy is awarded to the outstanding senior baseball player.

## PUBLICATIONS AWARDS

Medals are offered in Diamondback, Terrapin and Old Line work, for the students who have given most efficient and faithful service throughout the year.

## RELIGIOUS INFLUENCES

The University recognizes its responsibility for the welfare of the students, not solely in their intellectual growth, but as human personalities whose development along all lines, including the moral and religious, is included in the educational process. Pastors representing the major denominational bodies assume responsibility for work with the students of their respective faiths. Each of the Student Pastors also serves a local church of his denomination, which the students are urged to attend.

Committee on Religious Affairs and Social Service. A faculty committee on Religious Affairs and Social Service has as its principal function the stimulation of religious thought and activity on the campus. It brings noted speakers on religious subjects to the campus from time to time. The committee cooperates with the Student Religious Activities Council and the student pastors and assists the student denominational clubs in every way that it can. Opportunities are provided for students to consult with pastors representing the denominations of their choice.

While there is no attempt to interfere with anyone's religious beliefs, the importance of religions is recognized officially and religious activities are encouraged.

Denominational Clubs. Several religious clubs, each representing a denominational group, have been organized among the students for their mutual benefit and to undertake certain types of service. This year the list includes the Baptist Student Union, the Episcopal Club, the Lutheran Club, the Newman Club, the Hillel Foundation, the Methodist Club, and the Presbyterian Club. These clubs meet regularly for worship and discussion, and occasionally for social purposes. A pastor or a member of the faculty serves as adviser. A local Y. W. C. A. also provides a variety of activities and services on a non-denominational basis.

## EXTRA-CURRICULAR STUDENT ACTIVITIES <br> <br> The following description of student actives

 <br> <br> The following description of student actives}graduate divisions of College Park. The des covers those of the under more divisions is included elsewhere. The descriptions of those in the Balti-

## STUDENT GOVERNMENT

Regulation of Student Activities. The association of students in organ zed bodies for the purpose of carrying on voluntary student activitiganorderly and productive ways, is recognized and encouraged activities in student activities are under the supervision and encouraged. All organized tration Committee, subject to the apprision of the Student Life and Regis izations are formed only with the approval of the President. Such organ tration Committee and the a the consent of the Student Life and Regis sent and approval no stude approval of the President. Without such conUniversity before the public, or which which in any way represents the ganization or an organization of which purports to be a University orof the University in conntion of University students, may use the name its members as students.
The Student Board
incident to managing student Student Board performs the executive duties Student Life and Registration Commit works in cooperation with the Chairman, Woman Megistration Committee. It consists of the Student Heads of major student organizations and First and Second Vice-Chairmen.
The Women's Committranizations serve as ex-officio members.
Women, handles matters in cooperation with the Office of the Dean of and enforcing social rules, planning to women students, such as making other all-women's activities. planning the Annual May Day celebration and
The Men's Committee,
Men, handles matters pertaining to mation with the Office of the Dean of
men students.
ing various campaigns concerned with the Student Board which is conductand salvage campaigns, blood donations war effort. Bond drives, scrap paigns have been prosecuted very successfully by thit efforts for such cam-
The Red Cross Unit is a successfully by this group.
directs all the activities of the American of the local county chapter and students on this campus.
The Student Life and
pointed by the President, Registration Committee, a faculty committee ap ditions, excepting classroom weeps in close touch with all activities and conan advisory capacity, endeavors to that affect the student, and, acting in that may exist.
pamphlet
tributed to the studed Academic Regulations, issued annually and dis student matters as well as a statement of the full information concerning
science fraternity; and Beta Gamma Sigma, a national honorary commer
fraternity.

Fraternities and Sororities. There are seventeen national fraterities establishment at sororities at College Park. These in the order of theis Kappa, Delta Sigma Phi, Alpha Gamma Kappa Alpha, Sigma Nu, Phi Sigma Epsilon Phi, Alpha Tau Omega, Phi Delta Rho, Theta Chi, Phi Alpha, Ta Lambda Tau, Sigma Alpha Mu, Alpha Epsilon Lambda Chi Alpha, Alpha Sigma Chi and Sigma Alpha Epsilon, nationan Pi, Phi Kappa Sigma cron Pi, Kappa Delta, Kappa Kappa Gamma national fraternities; Alpha Omi Delta, Phi Sigma Sigma, Alpha Delta Pi, Si, Delta Delta Delta, Alpha Xi and Alpha Epsilon Phi, national Soror Pi, Sigma Kappa, Gamma Phi Beta
Clubs and Societies. Many sororities; and Pi Phi Beta, a local sorority
social and other special objectives, are maintaies, with literary, scientific, of these are purely student organizations; by students and members of the faculty tural Council, Authorship Club, Bacterio. The list is as follows: AgriculHorticulture Club, Block and Bridle Clogy Society, Engineering Council, Athletic Association, Footlight Club, Rob, Calvert Debate Club, Women's of Mechanical Engineers, American Society of Civil Club, American Society Institute of Electrical Engineers, Chess Club of Civil Engineers, American Relations Club, Clef and Key, Radio Club, Camb, Swimming Club, International Student Grange, Farm Economics Club, Futurera Club, Terrapin Trail Club, Club, Collegiate Chamber of Commerce, Future Farmers of America, Riding Le Cercle Francaise, Chemical Engineering Cutsche Verein, Spanish Clib, Society, American Chemical Society, Dayding. Club, Freshmen Chemical chology Club

## STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

## Three student purions

Faculty Committee on Student Publications under the supervision of the Student Publications.
lication summarizes the University is published by the students. This pubpression for the discussion of matters new, and provides a medium of expression for the discussion of matters of interest to the students and the
factult
The Terrapin, the student annual, is published by the Senior Clasi a reflection of student activities, serving to com the Senior Class. It is events of the college year.
The "M" Book, a handbook
incoming students, is designed to acquaint them Board for the benefit of life.

## UNIVERSITY POST OFFICE

## The University operace

of United States mail, including Parcel Post packages, and fore and delivery for inter-office
communications. This office is located in the basement of the Administration Building. It is not a part of the United States Postal System and no facilities are available for sending or receiving postal money orders. Postage stamps, however, may be purchased. United States mail is received and dispatched several times daily.
Each student in the University is assigned a post office box at the time of registration, for which a small fee is charged. Also, boxes are provided for the various University offices.
One of the major reasons for the operaiton of the Post Office is to provide a convenient method by which Deans, teachers and University officials may communicate with students, and students are expected to call for their mail daily, if possible, in order that such communications may come to their attention promptly.

## UNIVERSITY BOOKSTORE

For the convenience of students, the University maintains a Students' Supply Store, located in the basement of the Administration Building, where students may obtain at reasonable prices text books, stationery, classroom materials and equipment, confectionery, etc.
This store is operated on a basis of furnishing students needed books and supplies at as low a cost as practicable, and profits, if any, are turned into the general University treasury to be used for promoting general student welfare.
Students are advised not to purchase any text books until they have been informed by their instructors of the exact texts to be used in the various courses, as texts vary from year to year.
The bookstore is operated on a cash basis and credit is not extended to students.

## ALUMNI

The Alumni Council, which is composed of representatives of each school and college in the University, coordinates all general Alumni interests, Alumni activities are further unified in two ways. There are organized alumni associations in the Schools of Medicine, Law, Pharmacy, Dentistry, and Nursing located in Baltimore. The alumni of the Colleges of Agriculture, Arts and Sciences, Commerce, Education, Engineering, and Home Economics, located at College Park, constitute a general association, each group having its own Board of Representatives. Each school and college Alumni organization exerts an active interest in the welfare of its respective graduates.
An Alumni Office is maintained at College Park, in the Administration Building, to direct the work of the association and to form a point of contact between the University and its graduates.

## SECTION II

Resident Instruction-College Park

## COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

## Thomas B. Symons, Dean <br> H. F. Cotterman, Assistant Dean <br> Doris A. Land, Secretary

The College of Agriculture fiers beth
for students who wish to prepare for profeneral and specialized training of agricultural endeavor. Student programs are work in the broad field correlating technical work with related sare arranged with a view to Education in fundamentals receives special sciences and cultural subjects. men and women are given a basic general attention. Accordingly, young instructed in the various branches of geral education while they are being this opportunity for thorough hes of agriculture. In addition to offering social sciences, it is thorough grounding in the related basic naturfering social sciences, it is an objective of the College to provide traic natural and for agricultural and allied industries. This personnel is recruited from cialized curricula; city-reared studed students enter either general or spegrams.

## General

The College provides curricula for the
farming, live stock production, dor those who wish to engage in general table growing, floriculture or tion, or in the highly specialized scintal horticulture, field crop producindustries. It prepares men to scientific activities connected with these commercial concerns related to serve as farm managers, for positions with teachers in agricultural ure in high schools or as inveges and in departments of vocational agriculwork, for regulatory activities, and for serviceiment stations, for extension ment of Agriculture. Its curricula in Anice in the United States DepartPlant Physiology and Plant Pathola in Animal Science, Botany (including cultural Science, Poultry Science, and Soiry Science, Entomology, Hortitunities to students with Science, and Soil Technology offer rich oppormany ramifications in teaching, research, mind, and lead to positions with
Through research theaching, research, extension, and regulatory work the fundamental sciences underlying it knowledge relating to agriculture and solutions for important problems are being constantly being extended and many fields are in progress. Stude being found. Research projects in instructors who devote part. Students taking courses in agriculture from instructors who devote part time to research, or are closely associated with
it, are kept in close touch with the the investigations under way. The findings of thes and developments in 46
provide valuable information for use in classrooms, and make instruction virile and authentic. The results of the most recent scientific investigations are constantly before the student.
Close contact of workers in the College with the problems of farmers and their families in all parts of the State, through the county agents, home demonstration agents, and specialists brings additional life to resident instruction in the College of Agriculture. These contacts operate in two ways: problems confronting rural people are brought to the attention of research workers and the instructional staff, and results of research are taken to farmers and their families in their home communities through practical demonstrations. Hence the problems of the people of the State contribute to the strength of the College of Agriculture, and the College helps them in the improvement of agriculture and rural life.
Through their regulatory functions, certain trained workers in the College of Agriculture are continually dealing with the actual problems associated with the improvement and maintenance of the standards of farm products and animals. Regulatory and control work extends over a wide range of activities and is concerned with reducing the losses due to insect pests and diseases; preventing and controlling serious outbreaks of diseases and pests of animals and plants; analyzing fertilizers, feed, and limes for guaranteed quality; and analyzing and testing germination quality of seeds to insure better seeds for farm planting.
These fields contribute largely to agricultural education, as standardization and education go hand in hand in the development of an industry. Direct contact on the part of professors in their respective departments with the problems and methods involved makes for effective instruction.

## Coordination of Agricultural Work

The strength of the College of Agriculture of the University of Maryland lies in the close coordination of the instructional, research, extension, and regulatory functions within the individual departments, between the several departments, and in the institution as a whole. Instructors in the several departments are closely associated with the research, extension and regulatory work being carried on in their respective fields, and, in many cases, devote a portion of their time to one or more of these types of activities. Close coordination of these four types of work enables the University to provide a stronger faculty in the College of Agriculture, and affords a higher degree of specialization than would otherwise be possible. It insures instructors an opportunity to keep informed on the latest results of research, and to be constantly in touch with current trends and problems which are revealed in extension and regulatory activities. Heads of departments hold staff conferences to this end, so that the student at all times is as close to the developments in the frontiers of the several fields of knowledge as it is possible for organization to put him.
In order that the work of the College shall be responsive to agricultural interests and shall adequately meet the needs of the several agricultural
industries in the State, and that the courses of instruction shall at all time have been constituted in the madents who pursue them, Advisory Councils cils are composed of leaders major industries of agriculture. These Counland, and the instructional staff of the College lines of agriculture in Maryof their counsel and advice. By this College of Agriculture has the benefit the students are kept abreast of developments. College, the industries, and

## Facilities and Equipment

In addition to buildings, laboratories, libraries, and equipmer the Untruction in the related basic sciences and in the cultural for effecthe University of Maryland is provided with excellent fae cultural subjects, and instruction in agriculture. University farms, totaling are for research acres, are operated for instructional and investigs, totaling more than 1200 the most complete and modern plants for dairytigational purposes. One of in the country, together with herds of the prind animal husbandry work beef cattle, and other livestock, provides facilities and breeds of dairy and tion and research in these industries facilities and materials for instructies are available in the Agronomy Department for latory and field faciliin farm crops, and for soils research. The Poultry breeding and selection ing for laboratories and classrooms, a plant Poultry Department has a buildand flocks of all the important breeds of poultry, comprising thirty-four acres, ment is housed in a separate building, and has. The Horticulture Departfor its various lines of work.

## Departments

The College
The College of Agriculture includes the following departments: AgriculEngineering; Agronomy (including Crops and Rural Life; Agricultural Botany (including Morphology, Plant Physiol Soils); Animal Huscuandral Dairy Husbandry (including Dairy Manufactogy and Plant Pathology); ing Bee Culture); Farm Management and Acturing); Entomology (includculture (including Pomology, Olericulture, Floricultul Economics; HortiHorticulture) ; Poultry Husbandry; Veterinary Fciculture, and Ornamental

## Admission

to the University.

## Junior Standing

To attain junio
To attain junior standing in the College of Agriculture, a student must
Requirements for Grade of in not less than 90 quarter hours.

## Requirements for Graduation

A minimum of 195 quarter hours is required for graduation. The detailed in Agriculture.

## Farm and Laboratory Practice

The head of each department will help to make available opportunities for practical or technical experience along his major line of study for each student whose major is in that department and who is in need of such experience. For inexperienced students in many departments this need may be met by one or more summers spent on a farm.
Student Organizations
Students find opportunity for varied expression and growth in the several voluntary organizations sponsored by the College. These organizations are as follows: Student Grange, Livestock Club, Future Farmers of America, Alpha Zeta, Agricultural Economics Club, and the Agricultural Student Council.
Membership in these organizations is voluntary, and no college credits are given; yet much of the training obtained is fully as valuable as that acquired from regularly prescribed courses.
The Student Grange represents the Great National Farmers' fraternity of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, and emphasizes training for rural leadership. It sponsors much deputation work in local granges throughout the State. The Livestock Club conducts the Students' Fitting and Showing Contest held on the campus in the Spring. The Future Farmers of America foster interest in vocational education, and the Collegiate Chapter serves as host Chapter in connection with high school judging contests held at the University. The Agricultural Economics group conducts special studies in the field of Agricultural Economics. All these organizations have regular meetings, arrange special programs, and contribute to the extra-curricular life of students.
Membership in Alpha Zeta, national agricultural honor fraternity, is chosen from students in the College of Agriculture who have displayed agricultural and executive ability.
The Agricultural Student Council is made up of representatives from the various student organizations in the College of Agriculture. Its purpose is to coordinate activities of these students and to promote work which is beneficial to the College.

## CURRICULA IN AGRICULTURE

Curricula within the College of Agriculture divide into three general classes: Technical, Scientific, and Special.
(1) Technical curricula are designed to prepare students for farming as owners, tenants, managers, or specialists; for positions as county agricultural agents, or teachers of agriculture in high schools; as executives, salesmen, or other employees in commercial businesses with close agricultural contact and point of view.
(2) Scientific curricula are designed to prepare students for positions as technicians, teachers, or investigators. These positions are usually in the
various scientific and educational departments, or bureaus of the Federal State, or Municipal governments; in the various schools or experiment stations; or in the laboratories of private corporations.
(3) Courses of study may be arranged for any who desire to return to the farm after one or more years of training in practical agricultural subjects.

## Student Advisers

Each student in the College of Agriculture is assigned to a faculty adviser, either departmental or general. Departmental advisers consist of heads of departments or persons selected by them to advise students with curricula in their respective departments. General advisers are selected for students who have no definite choice of curriculum in mind, or who wish to pursue the general curriculum in agriculture.

Cases of students with poor records are referred to the Admission, Guidance, and Adjustment Committee, for review and advice.

## Electives

The electives in the suggested curricula which follow afford opportunity for those who so desire to supplement major and minor fields of study or to add to their general training.

With the advice and consent of those in charge of his registration, a student may make such modifications in his curriculum as are deemed advisable to meet the requirements of his particular need.

## Freshman Year

The program of the freshman year in the College of Agriculture is the same for all curricula of the College. Its purpose is to afford the student an opportunity to lay a broad foundation in subjects basic to agriculture and the related sciences, to articulate beginning work in college with that pursued in high or preparatory schools, to provide opportunity for wise choice of programs in succeeding years, and to make it possible for a student before the end of the year to change from one curriculum to another, or from the College of Agriculture to the curriculum in some other college of the University with little or no loss of credit.
Students entering the freshman year with a definite choice of curriculum in mind are sent to departmental advisers for counsel as to the wisest selection of freshman electives from the standpoint of their special interests and their probable future programs. Students entering the freshman year with no definite curriculum in mind, are assigned to general advisers, who assist with the choice of freshman electives and during the course of the year acquaint the students with the opportunities in the upper curricula in the College of Agriculture and in the other divisions of the University. If by the close of the freshman year a student makes no definite choice of a specialized curriculum, he continues under the guidance of his general adviser and at the beginning of the sophomore year enters Agriculture (General Curriculum).

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
51

| AGRICULTURE CURRICULUM | Quarter $\longrightarrow$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III |
| Freshman Year | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition | 5 |  |  |
| *Bot. 1-General Botany.. |  | 5 | 5 |
| Zool. 1-General Zoology..... | 2 | 2 |  |
| Bact. 1-Geeh 1, 2-Public Speaking. | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ${ }_{\dagger}$ M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (men) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Physical Activities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Freshman Lectures ...... |  |  |  |
| Elect one of the following: | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Modern Language | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| *Math 10, 11, 12............. | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Phys. 6, 7, 8-Introductory Phys Introductory Agriculture: | 3 |  |  |
| A. E. 2-Farm Organization |  | 3 |  |
| A. E. 1-Agr. Ind. and Resour |  | .... | 5 |
| Agriculture Elective |  | 17 | 17 |

Agriculture-General
This curriculum is designed for persons wishing to return to the farm, enter work allied to farming, for those seeking a general rather than a specialized knowledge of the field of agriculture and for those preparing to be county agents, teachers, etc.

By proper use of the electives allowed in this curriculum, a student may choose a field of concentration in agriculture and at the same time elect courses that contribute to liberal education.

## General Agriculture Curriculum

Sophomore Year
Sophomore Year Chemistry.
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
P. H. 1-Poultry Production

Agron. 1-Crop Production..........
Soils 1-General Soils.

Physical or Biological Scie T. C. (men)..
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O.
Physical Activities.

| 1 | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5 | $\ldots$ |
| 5 | .... | .... |
| . | 5 | $\cdots$ |
|  |  | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | 17 | 16 |

a pursue curricula in Agricultural Chemistry and Agricultural *Students who expect to pursue curricula Chem. 1-2, general chemistry, instead of gener Engineering must be prepared Math. 15, 16, and 17, instead of Math. 10, 11, an botany and general zoology and Math. 15, 16, all take the required courses in hygiene.
$\dagger$ Women in the College of Agriculture will take the required courses in hygie

| Junior Year |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III |
| Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics. | 5 |  |  |
| Hort. 1, 2-General Horticulture. | 3 | 3 |  |
| A. H. 2-Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry | 4 |  |  |
| A. H. 52-Feeds and Feeding. |  | 4 |  |
| Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing.. |  | 2 | 2 |
| Physical Activities ....... | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Soils 2-Principles of Soil Fertility. | 3 |  |  |
| Electives |  | 6 | 12 |
|  | 16 | 16 | 15 |
| Senior Year |  |  |  |
| A. E. 100-Farm Economics. | 3 |  |  |
| Agr. Engr. 101-Farm Machinery. |  | 4 |  |
| A. E. 107-Analysis of the Farm Business. |  | 3 |  |
| R. Ed. 110-Rural Life and Education. |  | 4 |  |
| A. E. 108-Farm Management |  |  | 3 |
| Agron. 151-Cropping Systems. |  |  | 3 |
| Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Electives | 12 | 4 | 8 |
|  | 16 | 16 | 15 |

## AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY

This curriculum insures adequate instruction in the fundamentals of both the physical and biological sciences. It may be adjusted through the selection of electives to fit the student for work in agricultural experiment stations, soil bureaus, geological surveys, food laboratories, fertilizer industries and those handling food products.

The outline calls for five years of study. Completion of four years leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science, stressing chemistry particularly and related subjects as they apply to agriculture. By the proper use of electives in the fourth year, continuation of this course of study for the fifth year, and the presentation of a satisfactory thesis, the student may qualify for the Master's degree.

## Agricultural Chemistry Curriculum

Sophomore Year
Math. 10, 11, 12.
Chem: 17-Qualitative Analysis
Chem. 21, 23-Quantitative Analysis Bot. 1-General Botany
Bot. 1-General Botany
Zool. 1-General Zoology
Zool. 1-General
Geol. 1-Geology
M. I 4, 5,6 -
P. E.-Physical Activities

| $I$ | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 |  |  |
| .... | 5 | 5 |
| 5 |  |  |
|  | $\ldots$ | 5 |
|  | 4 | $\ldots$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 15 | 16 | 17 |



## Pust Giaduate

Chem. 141, 143-Adv. Organic Chemistry Lecture.
Chem. 141, 143-Adv. Organic Chemistry Lectic
chem. 187, 189-Physcial Chemistry Lecture.
Chem. 187, 180-Physical Chemistry Laboratory.
Electives in 200 courses.

## agriculitural education and rural life

The primary objective of this curriculum is to prepare for teaching secondary vocational agriculture, work as county agents and allied lines of the rural education services. Graduates from this curriculum are in demand the rural education services. Gral businesses, particularly of the cooperative type. A number have in rural businesses, particulare. Others are engaged in teaching and research in entered the Federal service. Others are engaged in to the farm as ownermanagers.
In addition to the regular entrance requirements of the University, involving graduation from a standard four-year high school, students electing the agricultural education curriculum must present evidence of having acquired adequate farm experience after reaching the age of fourteen years.
Students with high average may upon petition be relieved of certain requirements in this curriculum, when evidence is presented that either through experience or previous training a prescribed course is non-essential. Or they may be allowed to carry an additional load.

## Agricultural Education Curriculum

| Sophomore Year | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III |
| Hort. 1, 2-General Horticulture. | 5 | 5 |  |
| Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics | 3 | 3 |  |
| Agron. 1-Crop Production ........ | 5 |  |  |
| Soils 1-General Soils |  | 5 |  |
| D. H. 1-Fundamentals of Dairying |  |  | 5 |
| A. H. 2-Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry |  | $\ldots$ | 4 |
| M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men) ..... |  |  | 4 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities ........... | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Junior Year | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| Soils 2-Principles of Soil Fertility |  |  |  |
| A. E. 100-Farm Economics | 3 |  |  |
| Agr. Engr. 54-Farm Mechanics | 3 |  |  |
| D. H. 101-Dairy Production | 2 |  |  |
| Ind. Ed. 85, 105-General Sho | 4 |  |  |
| Speech 5, 6-Advanced Public Sp | 1 | 1 |  |
| Agr. Engr. 101-Farm Machinery | 2 | 2 |  |
| A. H. 52-Feeds and Feeding |  | 4 |  |
| Hort. 3-General Horticulture |  | 4 |  |
| Bot. 20-Diseases of Plants |  | 3 |  |
| *P. H. 2-Poultry Management |  |  | 5 |
| Ent. 1-Introductory Entomology |  |  | 4 |
| R. Ed. 51-Departmental Organization |  |  | 4 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities |  |  | 3 |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Senior Year | 16 | 15 | 17 |

Senior
17
R. Ed. 107-Observation
R. Ed. 109-Teaching Secondary Vocational Agriculture.
R. Ed. 90-Practice Teaching.
R..

| 3 | .. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | $\ldots$ |  |
| 6 | $\ldots$ |  |
| 2 | $\ldots$. |  |
|  | 5 |  |
| $\ldots$ | 4 |  |
|  | 1 | 1 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 4 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 |
|  | .... | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 4 |  |
| 16 | 15 |  |
|  | 15 | 14 |

Psych. 80-Educational Part-time and
R. Ed. 110-Rural Life and Education
R. Ed. 112, 113-Departmental Management

Agr. Engr. 102-Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles
A. E. 108-Farm Management
R. Ed. 114-Organization and Management of Farm Mechanics
in Secondary Schools
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives. .

## AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

The department offers to students of agriculture training in those agricultural subjects which are based upon engineering principles. These subjects may be grouped under three heads: farm machinery and farm power, farm buildings, and farm drainage.

## Five-Year Program in Agriculture-Engineering

For those students who wish to specialize in the application of engineering principles to the physical and biological problems of agriculture there is offered a combined program, extending over a five-year period, arranged jointly by the College of Agriculture and the College of Engineering, and leading to a degree from each of these colleges.

This program prepares graduates to enter state, federal or commercial fields of activity in such work as soil and water conservation, rural electrification, design and sale of farm machinery and structures, and in the development of new uses for farm products and the profitable utilization of farm wastes and by-products.

To be properly trained in these fields a student needs a broader knowledge of basic and applied engineering principles than could be provided in a four-year course in agriculture. He also needs a broader training in the fundamentals of agriculture than a standard four-year course in engineering could furnish.
Upon completion of the normal four year course of study the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture is granted. For the fifth year the student registers in the College of Engineering, and at the end of that year, upon satisfactory completion of the required course of study, receives a degree in civil, electrical, mechanical or chemical engineering.

## Curriculum in Agriculture-Engineering

Freshman Year
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition Speech 1-Public Speaking
Speech 1-Public Speaking
Math. 15-College Algebra
Math. 17-Analytic Geometry
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Dr. 1, 2-Engineering Drawing.
Dr. 3-Descriptive Geometry
Shop 1-Forge Practice
Engr. 1-Introduction to Engineering
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E.-Physical Activities

Freshman Lectures (Agriculture)

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| I | II | III |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 19 | 19 | 19 |


| Sophomore Year. (Civil Engineering Option) <br> Math. 20-Differential | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III |
| Math. 21-Integral Calculus | 5 |  |  |
| Math. 22-Applied Calculus |  | 5 |  |
| Phys. 3, 4, 5-General Physics. |  |  | 5 |
| Dr. 4-Advanced Engineering Drawing | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Mech. 1-Statics and Dynamics....... | 3 |  |  |
| Surv. 2-Plane Surveying |  |  | 5 |
| Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men) |  | 5 |  |
| P. E.-Physical Activities ............ | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Year (Civil Engineering Option) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Geol. 2-Engineering Geology ..... |  | 2 |  |
| Mech. 50, 51-Strength of Materials |  |  | 3 |
| C. E. 50-Hydraulics | 4 | 4 |  |
| Mech. 53-Materials of Engineering. |  | 6 |  |
| E. E. 50-Principles of Electrical Engineering |  |  | 3 |
|  |  |  | 4 |
| Bot. 1-General Botany .............. | 5 |  |  |
| Agr. Engr. 102-Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles | 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 2 |  |  |
| Electives in Agriculture | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | 7 | 4 |
| Fourth Year (Civil Engineering Option) | 20 | 20 | 19 |
|  | - |  |  |
| C. E. 100-Theory of Structures | 2 | 2 |  |
| Surv. 100-Advanced Surveying |  |  | 6 |
| M. E. 50-Principles of Mechanical Engineering Agr. Engr. | 6 |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |  |
| Zool. 1-General Zoology |  | 4 |  |
|  |  | 3 |  |
| Soils 1-General Soils ... |  | 5 |  |
| A. E. 108-Farm Management |  |  | 5 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities .... |  |  | 3 |
| Approved Electives | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 9 |  | 4 |
| Fifth Year (Civil Engineering Option) | 18 | 19 | 19 |

The

AGRONOMY
The curricula in this department are separated into two major divisions; namely Crops and Soils. The Crops division includes Crop Production and Crop Breeding. The Crop Production curriculum is designed to prepare students for general farming, specilized crop farming, the production of improved seeds, employment with commercial firms, state and federal experiment stations, or county agent work. The curriculum for Plant Breeding is designed to prepare students to work with commercial seed companies or federal and state experiment stations. The curriculum in Soils is designed both to equip future farmers with adequate knowledge of soils and to prepare students for teaching, research, and special soils work. Although the Soils curriculum is placed in the Department of Agronomy, its courses are designed for all students who have soil interests regardless of the line of their major specialization.

Agronomy Curriculum-Sophomore Year
Sophomore Year

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I$ | $I I$ | $I I I$ |
| $\cdots$ | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | 7 |
| 16 | 16 | 16 |

Agron. 1-Crop Production
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writin
Soils 1-General Soil
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E.-Physical Activiti

Selected Electives

Crop Production Curriculum-Junior and Senior Years
Junior Year
Agron. 51-Technology of Crop Quality
Agron. 54-Selected Crop Studies
Chem. 31, 33-Elements of Organic Chemistry
Chem. 32, 34-Elements of Organic Laboratory
Pl. Phys. 101-Plant Physiology
Zool. 104-Genetics
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
P. E.-Physical Activities

Selected Electives

|  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\ldots$ | 2 | $\ldots$ |
| $2-4$ | $2-4$ | $2-4$ |
| 3 | 3 | $\ldots$ |
| 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $4-2$ | $4-2$ | $8-6$ |
| 16 | 16 | 16 |

## Senior Year

Agron. 103-Crop Breeding
Agron. 151-Cropping System
A. E. 100-Farm Economics.
A. E. 108-Farm Management

Agr. Eng. 101-Farm Machinery
Agr. Eng. 107-Farm Drainage.
Soils 103-Soiples of Soil Fertility
P. E.-Physical Geography

I Activities
-

Crop Breeding Curriculum-Junior and Senior Year Junior Year
Agron. 51-Technology of Crop Qualit Agron. 54-Selected Crop Studies.
Chem. 32, 34-Elements of Organic Chemistry Pl. Phys. 101-Plements of Organic Laboratory Zool. 104-Gens. 101-Plant Physiology
Econ. 104-Genetics
P. E.-Physical

Selected Electives

Senior Year


Agron. 103-Crop Breeding
Agron. 151-Cropping Systems
Stat. 112-Biological Statistics
A. E. 108-Farm Mats Statistics

Agr. Eng. 101-Farmagement.
Agr. Eng. 107-Farm Drainage
Soils 2-Principles of Soil Fertilit
Soils 103-Soils Geography Fertility
P. E.-Physical Activities

Selected Electives

Soils Curriculum
Sophomore Year
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistr
Chem. 7-Quantitative Analysis
Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing
Agron. 1-Crop Production
Soils 1-General Soils
M. E. - Physical Ac R. O. T. C. (Men) Selected Elecal Activities


The curriculum in Animal Husbandry is organized for the purpose of preparing students for various phases of work in the field of animal industry as: operators and managers of livestock farms, as investigators and research workers in federal, state, and private institutions, and as workers in specialized fields where a knowledge of the livestock industry is necessary.
By proper use of electives, the student may equip himself to become a county agricultural agent; to meet the requirements of positions with certain types of private and cooperative business concerns; or, with more technical and specialized training, to become qualified for instructional work in colleges, for investigational work in state and federal experiment stations or in commercial research laboratories. Students who desire to enter the field of teaching or highly specialized research should elect the more scientific courses offered by this and by other departments.

## Animal Husbandry Curriculum

## Sophomore Year.

Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing.
A. H. 2-Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry
D. H. 1-Fundamentals of Dairying

Bact. 1-General Bacteriology
Soils 1 Economics
Soils 1-General Soils
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C (Men)

| Junior Year | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III |
| Chem. 31, 33-Elements of Organic Chemistry. | 3 | 3 |  |
| Chem. 32, 34-Elements of Organic Laboratory. | 1 | 1 |  |
| A. H. 52-Feeds and Feeding |  | 4 |  |
| A. H. 53-Principles of Breeding |  |  | 4 |
| A. H. 55-Livestock Management | 2 |  |  |
| A. H. 31-Livestock Judging |  |  | 2 |
| *A. H. 64-Sheep Production |  | 3 |  |
| *A. H. 67-Pork Production |  | 3 |  |
| *A. H. 69-Draft Horse Production |  |  | 8 |
| Zool. 104-Genetics | 3 |  |  |
| Soils 2-Principles of Soil Fertility | 3 |  |  |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Electives | 2 |  | 7 |
|  | 15 | 15 | 17 |
| Senior Year |  |  |  |
| A. H. 112-Livestock Markets and Marketing | 3 |  |  |
| *A. H. 60-Beef Production | 3 |  |  |
| A. H. 114-Animal Nutrition |  | 4 |  |
| A. E. 108-Farm Management |  |  | 3 |
| Agron. 1-Crop Production |  | 5 |  |
| V. S. 101-Comparative Anatomy and Physiology |  | 5 |  |
| V. S. 102-Animal Hygiene | 5 |  |  |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Electives | 4 | 2 | 11 |
|  | 16 | 17 | 15 |

## BOTANY

The department offers three major fields of work: general botany and morphology; plant pathology, and plant physiology and ecology. The required courses for the freshman and sophomore years are the same for all students. In the junior and senior years, the student elects botanical courses to suit his particular interests in botanical science. Both the junior and senior years also allow considerable freedom in the election of nonbotanical courses, in order to provide a fairly broad cultural education. Through cooperation with the College of Education, students who wish to meet the requirements for the state high school teacher's certificates may elect the necessary work in education.
The curriculum as outlined lays a good foundation for students who wish to pursue graduate work in botanical science in preparation for college teaching and for research in state experiment stations, in the United States Department of Agriculture, and in private research institutions and laboratories.
*Only two production courses are required for graduation. The student may choose any two of these four courses to fulfill this requirement.

The curriculum also affords students an opportunity for training for ther vocations involving various botanical applications, such as extension other vork, and positions with seed companies, canning comp
making spray materials, and other commercial concerns.

| Botany Curriculum | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III |
| Sophomore Year | 5 |  |  |
| Bot. 20-Diseases of Plants |  | 5 | 3 |
| Bot. 2-General Botany | b | 5 |  |
| Bot. 50-Plat 1 - 3-General Chemistry | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Modern Language ............. | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities |  |  | 3 |
| Elective |  | 17 | 16 |

Junior Year
Pl. Phys 101-Plant Physiology
Bot. 51-Plant Microtechnique
Pl. Path. 108-Mycology ..
Phys. 1, 2-General
Plectives.

|  | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 7 | 10 |
|  |  | 16 |

Senior Year
Bot. 101-Plant Anatomy
Zool. 104-Genetics
Phys. 102-Plant Ecology
Bot. 52 -Seminar
Bot. 106-History and Philosophy of Botany
P. E.-Physical Activities

Botany Electives
Electives.

|  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $\ldots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $\cdots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 15 | 16 | 15 |

DAIRY HUSBANDRY
(wo major lines of work; dairy The department offers instructions. The curricula are designed to prepare production and dairy manufacturing students for practical work in in the dairy industry, and as technical ndustries, for scientific work in the dairy industry, and as and and and and and and and and workers with milk cooperatives, dairy breed associations, and private and public concerns.

## Dairy Production Curriculum



[^0]
## Dairy Manufacturing Curriculum

## Sophomore Year

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $I$ | $I I$ | III |
| 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| 16 | 16 | 16 |

Junior Year
Chem. 31, 33-Elements of Organic Chemistry
Chem. 32, 34-Elements of Organic Laboratory.
Bact. 101-Milk Bacteriology
Bact. 102-Dairy Products Bacteriology
D. H. 40-Grading Dairy Products
D. H. 64-Dairy Mechanics
D. H. 109-Cheese Making
D. H. 110-Butter Making
D. H. 111-Concentrated Milk
D. H. 112-Ice Cream Making
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives

Senior Year
Chem. 19-Quantitative Analysis
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
D. H. 113-Market Milk
D. H. 114-Analysis of Dairy Products
D. H. 68-Dairy Accounting
D. H. 70-Dairy Plant Managemen
D. H. 110 120, 121 ing
D. E.Physical Activit
*Electives.

## ENTOMOLOGY

This curriculum trains students for work in state and federal entomological bureaus, in preparation for commercial pest control operations and for actual insect control on their own farms. In addition, entomology is taught as a cultural subject because of its wide field of application, its varied subject matter, and the general interest of the public in the small creatures about it.

[^1]This curriculum is based upon the option of elementary mathematics in quarter of the sam, and the substitution of Ent. 1 for Bact. 1 in the spring quarter of the same year; Bact. 1 to be taken in the spring quarter of the
sophomore year.

## Entomology Curriculum

Sophomore Year
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Ent. 1-Introductory Entomology
Ent. 2-Insect Morphology
Ent. 3, 4-Insect Taxonomy.
Modern Language
Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing
Eng. 9-Business English
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E.-Physical $\cdot$ Activities ......(Men)

Junior Year
Chem. 31, 33-Elements of Organic Chemistry
Chem. 32, 34-Elements of Organic Chemistry Laboratory
Modern Language
Modern Language
Ent. 109-Insect of Plants
Ent. 101-Economic Enys
Ent. 105-Medical Entomology
P. E.-Physical Activities ...

Electives

## Senior Year



Phys. 6, 7, 8-Introductory Physics
Ent. 103, 104-Insect Pests
Ent. 110, 111-Special Problems**
Ent. 112-Seminar
P. E.-Physical
.-Physical Activities
Electives: .

## FARM MANAGEMENT*

The curriculum in farm management is designed to prepare students for the following types of positions: on the farms as farm operators and farm managers; with farm organizations, such as the Farm Bureau and farmers co-operatives; with private and corporate business concerns; and positions with state and federal agencies, such as college teachers, agricultural extension workers, and research with federal and state agencies.
The courses in this department are designed to provide fundamental train ing in the basic economic principles underlying farming. The curriculum includes courses in farm management, general agricultural economics, marketing, finance, prices, and land economics to give the student the foundation needed to meet the production and distribution problems confronting the individual farmer in a progressive rural community.

## Curriculum in Farm Management

Sophomore Year
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Math. 5, 6-General Mathematics
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
Soils 1-General Soils.
A. H. 2-Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C.
P. H. 2-Poultry Managemen
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives

| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\ldots$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 6 |
| 16 | -19 |  |

*This course and Ent. 105 may be taken in the senior year and Ent. 103, 104 in th
unior year.
$* *$ Students may satisfy this requirement in one quarter if their schedule permits and
the department approves.

## Junior Year

Soils 2-Principles of Soil Fertility
Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing
Eng. 9-Business English
Hort. 1-General Horticulture
Agron. 1-Crop Production
A. H. 52-Feeds and Feeding
A. E. 100 -Farm Economics
A. E. 101-Marketing Farm Products
A. E. 104-Farm Finance

Agron. 151 -Cropping Systems
B. A. 130 -Statistics
B. A. 130 Statistic
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives
*Students electing the Farm Management curriculum must present evidence of having acquired at least one year of practical farm experience.

## Senior Year

A. E. 90, $91-$ Seminar
A. E. 103-Cooperation in Agricultur
A. E. 106 -Prices of Farm Products
A. E. 107-Analysis of Farm Business
A. Engr 101-Farm Machinery
A. Engr. 1101 -Furm Machinery .......
R. E.-Physical Activities

Electives.

| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | $\cdots$ | 10 |
| 15 |  |  |

## HORTICULTURE

This department offers instruction in pomology (fruits), olericulture (vegetables), floriculture (flowers), and ornamental gardening. These courses prepare students to enter commercial production and the horticultural industries. Students are likewise prepared to enter the allied industries as horticultural workers with fertilizer companies, seed companies, equipment manu facturers, and others. Students who wish to enter specialized fields of research and teaching may take advanced work in the department.

## Pomology and Olericulture Curriculum

## Sophomore Year

Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Soils 1-Soils and Fertilizers
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
Bot. 20-Diseases of Plants
Ent. 1-Introduction to Entomology
Hort. 1, 2, 3-General Horticulture
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E.-Physical Activities

*Student must elect at least one of the following: Bot. 50, Hort. 114, or Hort. 116

Senior Year
Zool. 104-Genetics
Hort. 118, 119-Seminar
Hort. 103, 104-Technology of Vegetables
Hort. 103, 102-Technology of Fruits.
Hort. E.-Physical Activities
Supervised Electives

| 3 |  | .. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 1 |
|  | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 8 | 10 |
| 16 | 15 | 15 |

Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture Curriculum
Sophomore Year
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Soils 1 -Soils and Fertilizers.
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
Bot. 20-Diseases of Plants..
Hort. 1, 2-General Horticulture
Ent. 1-Introduction to Entom (Men)
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Me
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives.

Junior Year
Plt. Phys. 101-Plant Physiology
Eng. 7, 8, 9-Expository Writing and Business English
Hort. 22-Landscape Gardening
Soils 2-Principles of Soil Fertility
Hort. 16-Garden Flowers
P. E-Physical Activities
*Electives

| $\ldots$ | 3 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 1 |
| 14 | 10 |
| 17 |  |

*Supervised Electives:
Oort. 10, 11, 12-Greenhouse Management
Hort. 23, 24-Landscape Design
Hort. 23, 24-Lanascape Desing
Dr. 1, 2-Engineering Drawing ...........
Plt. Path. 101-Diseases of
Bot. 105-Structure of Economic Plants

Senior Year
Hort. 107, 108, 109-Plant Materials
Hort. 107, 108, 109-Plan
Hort. 118, 119-Seminar
Hort. 118, 119-Seminar
P. E.-Ph

|  | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supervised Electives: | $I$ | II | III |
| Hort. 18, 19, 20-Commercial Floriculture | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Hort. 25-Advanced Landscape Design | 3 |  |  |
| Hort. 26-Civic Art |  | 3 |  |
| Zool. 104-Genetics | 3 |  |  |
| Hort. 8-Vegetable Production |  |  | 3 |
| Hort. 105-Technology of Ornamentals |  | 3 |  |

## POULTRY HUSBANDRY

The curriculum in poultry husbandry is designed to give the student a thorough knowledge of subject matter necessary for poultry raising; the marketing, distribution, and processing of poultry products; poultry improvement work; and as a basis for graduate training for teaching and research in poultry husbandry.

The suggested curriculum will be modified to meet the special needs of individual students. For example, most students will be expected to take the courses in Agricultural Industry and Resources and Farm Organization offered in the general curriculum for the freshman year. Superior students, definitely anticipating preparation for a professional career in poultry husbandry, will be expected to take language instead. However, all students majoring in poultry husbandry will be required to complete 24 semester hours in poultry husbandry.

Poultry Curriculum
Sophomore Year
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Soils 1 -General Soils
peech 5, 6-Advanced Public Speaking
con. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
. H. 1-Poultry Production
P. H. 2-Poultry Management .........
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E.-Physical Activities

## Elect from the following:

Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing.
Math. 10, 11, 12 -Elements of College Math.
A. E. 1-Agricultural Industries and Resources
A. E. 2-Farm Organization

Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34-Elements of Organic Chemistry

| I | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5 |  |
|  |  | 5 |
| . | 2 | 2 |
|  | . | 5 |
| 5 |  |  |
|  | 4 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

$$
\begin{array}{rrr} 
& & \\
\cdots & 2 & 2 \\
3 & 3 & 3 \\
\cdots & 3 & \cdots \\
3 & \cdots & \cdots \\
4 & 4 & \cdots \\
\cline { 2 - 3 } & & 18
\end{array}
$$


P. H. $105-$ Egg Marketing Problems
v. S. 107-Poultry Hygiene
V. S. 108-Avian Anatomy .................
P. H. ${ }^{58-C o m m e r c i a l ~ P o u t i ~ M r o b l e m s ~}$
P. H. 104-Poultry Marketing Probems ............. 107 -Poultry Industrial and Economic Problems
H. H. 108 -Special Poultry Problems.
P. E. - Physical Activities

## Elect from the following:

E. Ed 110-Bural Life and Education
R. Ed. 110-Rural

French, German, Sph
German, Spanish
German, Spanish
Bact. 108-Preservation of Food Products.
Bact. 111-Food Bacteriology
Group Electives $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \omega_{5} \quad 5$

## Pre-Theological Students

The College of Agriculture is glad to cooperate with the officers of any theological seminary who desire to urge its prospective students to pursue courses in agriculture as a preparation for the rural ministry. Such pretheological students may enroll for a semester or more or for the usual four year training of the College. In either case they should enroll as members of the general curriculum in the College of Agriculture.

The electives of this curriculum may be used for such pre-theological requirements as seem desirable. Elections may be made from any of the offerings of the University such as history, political science, philosophy, agricultural economics, rural sociology, modern language, English, economics, psychology, sociology, natural science, education and the like. Students desiring to pursue a pre-theological program in the College of Agriculture of the University of Maryland, should consult with the president or admissions officer of the theological seminary which they expect to attend.

## Special Students in Agriculture

Mature students may, with consent of the Dean, register as special students and pursue a program of studies not included in any regular curriculum, but arranged to meet the needs of the individual. All university fees for these special students are the same as fees for regular students.
There are many young farmers who desire to take short intensive courses in their special lines of work during slack times on the farm. Arrangements have been made to permit such persons to register at the office of the Dean of the College of Agriculture and receive cards granting them permission to visit classes and work in the laboratories of the different departments. This opportunity is created to aid florists, poultrymen, fruit-growers, gardeners, or other especially interested persons who are able to get away from their work at some time during the year.

The regular charges are $\$ 5.00$ for registration and $\$ 1.50$ per credit hour per month for the time of attendance. One registration is good for any amount of regular or intermittent attendance during a period of four years.

## COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

## J. F. Pyle, Acting Dean.

Reba A. Turner, Secretary.
The College of Arts and Sciences is meeting the war emergency needs in education by offering in the natural sciences essential war training courses in chemistry, physics, mathematics, bacteriology, and food technology. It is meeting other war training needs in the required pre-profe
for medicine, dentistry, veterinary medic provides liberal training in the For the sciences, economics, history, languages and literature, philosophy, biological sciences, political science, psychology, and sociology. This trainthe physical sciences, political scitunity to acquire a general education which ing affords the student an opportanity profession or vocation he may choose.
The college offers to the students of the other colleges of the University training in fundamental subjects, both classical and scientific, which should enable them to acquire the background for liberal culture and professional service.

## Divisions

The College of Arts and Sciences is divided into one Lower Division and four Upper Divisions. Under the latter are grouped the following departments:
A. The Divisions of Biological Sciences: Bacteriology, Botany, Entomology, Genetics, and Zoology.
B. The Division of Humanities: Art, Classical Languages and Literatures, Comparative Literature, English Literature and Philology, Foreign Languages and Literatures, Music, Philosophy, and Speech.
C. The Division of Physical Sciences: Astronomy, Chemistry, Geology,

Mathematics, and Physics.
D. The Division of Social Sciences: Economics, History, Political Science, Psychology, and Sociology.
The work of the first and second years in the College of Arts and Sciences is taken in the Lower Division. It is designed to give the student a basic general education, and to prepare him for specialization in the junior and senior years.
The upper divisions direct the courses of study of students doing their major work in the College of Arts and Sciences during their junior and senior years.

## Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission to the College of Arts and Sciences are in general, the same as those for admission to the other colleges and schools of the University.

For admission to the pre-medical curriculum, two years of any on foreign language are recommended. A detailed statement of the require ments for admission to the School of Medicine and the relation of these t the pre-medical curriculum may be obtained by writing the Director Admissions.

## Degrees

The degrees conferred upon students who have met the requirements prescribed in the College of Arts and Sciences are bachelor of arts and achelor of science
Students of this college who have completed the regular course in eithe the Division of Humanities or the Division of Social Sciences are awarded the degree of bachelor of arts. Any student who has met the requirements for the degree of bachelor of science is awarded that degree, provided the major portion of the work has been done in the field of science, and the application has the approval of the science department in which the major work has been carried.
Students who have elected the combined program of arts and sciences and medicine may be granted the degree of bachelor of science after the completion of at least 150 quarter credits in this college and the first year of the School of Medicine, so that the quantitative requirements of 195 credits are met, and he is recommended by the Dean of the School of Medicine.
Those electing the combined five-year academic nursing curriculum, for which the degree of bachelor of science in nursing may be awarded upon the completion of the full course, must first take the pre-nursing curriculum

Those hachese taking the combined course in arts and law may be awarded the this college and degree after the completion of three years of the work in this college and one year of the full-time law course, or its equivalent, in graduation is 195.

## Residence

The last forty-five credits of any curriculum leading to a baccalaureate degree in the College of Arts and Sciences must be taken in residence in
Students working for one of the combined degrees must earn the last 45 College Park.

## Requirements for Degrees

The baccalaureate degree from the College of Arts and Sciences may be conferred upon a student who has satisfied the following requirements

1. University requirements.
2. College of Arts and Sciences requirements:

A minimum of 195 quarter credits must be acquired, including the requirements in basic military science and physical activities for men or the requirements in hygiene and physical activities for women.
A student must acquire a minimum of 98 credits, with an average grade of at least C in the Lower Division, before being admitted to an upper division.
The following minimum requirements should be fulfilled, as far as possible, before the beginning of the junior year and must be completed before graduation:
I. English and speech-twenty-one credits. Of these, Survey and Composition I (Eng. 1, 2, 3.) and public speaking (Speech 1, 2) are required.
II. Foreign languages and literature-eighteen credits of one language, (including Latin or Greek). Students wishing to enroll in a language they have studied in high school will be given a placement test.
III. Social sciences-eighteen credits. This requirement is fulfilled by electing courses in economics, history, political science, psychology, and sociology.
IV. Natural science and mathematics-eighteen credits. Of these, one year must be in natural science.
V. For men, military science-eighteen credits, physical activities-six credits. For women, hygiene-four credits, physical activities-four credits, to be completed by the end of the sophomore year. Six additional credits in physical activities are required for both men and women, to be completed during the junior and senior years.
3. Major and minor requirements-When the requirements of the Lower Division have been completed each student must select a major in one of the fields of study of an upper division, and before graduation must complete a major and a minor. The courses constituting the major and the minor must conform to the requirements of the department in which the major work is done.
Before beginning a major or minor the student must have an average of not less than C in fundamental courses in the fields chosen.
A major shall consist, in addition to the underclass departmental requirements, of 30 to 54 hours, of which 15 must be in courses numbered 100 and above.
A minor shall consist, in addition to the underclass departmental requirements, of 18 to 30 hours, of which 12 must be in courses numbered 100 and above. Minor courses shall be chosen with the advice of the major in consultation with the minor department to supplement the student's major work.
The average grade of the work taken in the major and minor fields must be at least C. A general average of at least C is required for graduation.

## Certification of High School Teachers

If courses are properly chosen in the field of education, a prospective high in one of the upper divisior high school positions, with major and minor in one of the upper divisions of this College.

## Electives in Other Colleges and Schools

A limited number of courses may be counted for credit in the College of
Arts and Sciences for work done in other colleges and schools of the
University.
University.
The number of credits which may be accepted from the various colleges and schools is as follows:
College of Agriculture-twenty-three
College of Business and Public Administration-twenty-three.
College of Education-thirty
College of Engineering-twenty-three
College of Home Economics-twenty-three
School of Law-In the combined program the first year of law must be completed.

School of Medicine-In the combined program the first year of medicine must be completed
School of Nursing-In the combined program the three years of nursing

## Normal Load

The normal load for the freshman in this college is 18 credits per quarter including physical activities and military training.
The normal load for the sophomore year is 17 credits per quarter including military science and physical education.
The normal load in the junior and senior years is 16 credits per quarter. load may be increased the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences, this load of honor students shall a maximum except for honor students. The Chairman of the Department, but in the discretion of the Dean and the per quarter.

## Advisers

Freshmen and sophomores in this college shall consider the Dean of the lat general adviser.
Juniors and seniors will consider the chairman of their major department their adviser, and should consult him about the armajor department schedules of courses.

The Lower Division
The work of the first six quarters in the College of Arts and Sciences is designed to give the student a basic general education, and to prepare him for specialization in the latter part of his course.
It is the student's responsibility to develop in these earlier years such proficiency in basic subjects as may be necessary for his admission into one of the Upper Divisions of the College. Personal aptitude and a general scholastic ability must also be demonstrated, if permission to pursue a major study is to be obtained.
Suggested courses of study are given under certain of the upper divisions. The student should follow the curriculum for which he is believed to be best fitted. It will be noted that there is a great deal of similarity in these outlines for the first six quarters, and a student need not consider himself attached to any particular upper division until the beginning of his seventh quarter, at which time he is required to select a major.
The minimum requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences, as outlined on page 73, should be completed as far as possible by the end of the sophomore year.
arts and sciences general curriculum
Freshman Year
**English 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking
*Foreign Language (including Latin and Greek)
Science (Bot., Chem., Math., Physics, Zool.)
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
. E.--Physical Activities
P. E. 42, 4-Hygiene I, II (Women)

Elect from the following so that the total credits
each quarter is from 16 to 18.
H. 1, 2, 3-Survey of Western Civilization.
H. 4, 5, 6-History of England and Great Britait

Pol. Sci 1-American National Government.
Psych. A-Psychology of Adjustment.
Psych. 1-Introduction to Psychology
L. Sci. 1-Library Methods

| Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I$ | $I I$ | $I I I$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 or 5 | 3 or 5 | 3 or 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
|  |  |  |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 or | 3 or | 3 |
| 3 or | 3 or | 3 |
|  | 3 or | 3 |
| 2 or | 2 or | 2 |

*A placement test is given during Registration Week for students wishing to pursue a language they have studied in high school.
${ }^{* *}$ A placement test in English is given to assist in determining whether a student is adequately prepared for Eng. 1. After this the student is given five weeks trial in Eng. 1. IT he has failed the original examination and is also unsuccessful in an examination at the credit He may be if he passes the original examination, but fails the second the second.

Sophomore Year
English 4, 5, 6-Survey and Composition.
Foreign Language
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men).
P. E.-Physical Activities
eneral electives fulfiling as far as possible the specific
requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences.
6-18 $\quad 16-1$
A-DIVISION OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES
The Division of Biological Sciences is organized to stimulate close coordination between all activities in the field of biology. The Division includes the Departments of Bacteriology and Zoology.
Each department within the Division has one or more established curricula. To meet the demands for technically trained workers in the biological sciences these curricula are designed to give specialized training, particularly during the last two years of college work. They provide, more specifically, the basic knowledge and experience required for (1) teaching in secondary schools; (2) research and regulatory work in federal, state, and municipal departments and bureaus; (3) admission to graduate study in the preparation for college teaching and advanced research; and (4) entrance to the professional schools of medicine, dentistry, and nursing.

## Instruction

Alliance of the biological sciences presents an opportunity for the pursuit of a well coordinated program of study. Completion of a suggested undergraduate curriculum under any one of the departments fulfils the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science. Advanced work also is presented in each of the biological sciences for the degrees of Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy.
Although the undergraduate training in any Department of the Division is both thorough and well-balanced, nevertheless, one or more years of post-graduate instruction and experience and the attainment of an advanced degree are desirable in preparation for the larger opportunities that arise in this rapidly expanding field. The need for workers in the fields of agriculture, home economics, industry, public health, etc., presents almost unlimited opportunities for specialization and has made it necessary to correlate closely the undergraduate courses in this Division with those offered in the Graduate School in order to equip the advanced student adequately in his own work and in related fields.
A special curriculum in general biological science is presented primarily for those interested in teaching biological science or general science in elementary and high schools. Students in the preprofessional schools who expect to complete their work for the degree of bachelor of science may, in following the preprofessional curriculum, complete a major in certain
departments of the Division of Biological Sciences by the proper selection of courses.
The particular professions and lines of work for which each department The particion prepares its students are outlined in greater detail under the description of each department.

## Requirements for Graduation

1. University Requirements. See Section I.
2. College of Arts and Sciences Requirements.
3. Physical Sciences-The student must complete basic courses in Chemistry, Mathematics and Physics.

Fields of Study
The curriculum outlined in each field of study represents the courses which in the judgment of the Department and Division, are necessary for an adequate training in the particular subject. In most curricula enough electives are included to give the student ample opportunity to study subjects outside his major or minor departments in which
interested or in which further training is desired. The courses in Bacteriology prepare students for such positions and departsanitary, and food bacteriologists in federal, ndustrial positions.

## Department of Bacteriology

The Department has been organized with two purposes in view. The first is to provide a high degree of training for positions as bacteriologists in federal, state and municipal laboratories; as well as trained technicians in sital, clinic or private laboratories; and as control or research bacteriologists in sanitary, dairy, food or soil science.
The second is to make available to all students of the University a neral knowledge of bacteriology and its applications. A variety of courses ake it possible fors of public health, food and sanitary bacteriology as may be desired.

## Bacteriology Curriculum

The curriculum in bacteriology is arranged to provide training in all the principle phases of the science, namely, (1) the cause and prevention of disease, including the identification of the causative bacteria, (2) the phenomena of immunity, including its application in disease, (3) the laboratory diagnostic procedures for medical technicians, (4) ology of foods and milk, soil, sanitation and water purification and (5) bacterial metabolism and classification. College graduation is and bacteriprerequisite for entrance into all branches of public health and bacteriological work.

The basic course in general bacteriology is designed to present the fundamental nature of microorganisms and their importance and function in the lives of man, plants and animals. For major students, it is reqction that they follow the course in general bacteriology with the course desig. nated Bacteriological Technique. This course is a prerequisite to all other bacteriology laboratory courses. One then proceeds with other courses as outlined in the suggested curriculum.
All of the subjects listed are required for graduation and should adhered to closely if one plans a four-year program. However, because of the unprecedented demand for bacteriologists in both the armed services and civilian life, a student may plan an accelerated or a three-year program Such a student will find it necessary to deviate from the sequence program. in the curriculum and except for certain basic requirements he will bed permitted considerable leeway
In addition to the basic traini
of each student is correlated
Post graduate study
and women who prefer to eso into researaged, primarily for those men profession. Facilities are available for investigatitrial work or the teaching medical, dairy, food and sanitary bar investigations in the fields of general of bacterial physiology.

University and Exy.
University and Experiment Station Fellowships are available to graduate students of high standing. Students receiving fellowships will carry on research along specified lines, and usually assist with laboratory instruction for all geginning classes. Experience in teaching bacteriology is desirable for as the facilities of tha and opportunities will be made available in so far as the facilities of the Department permit. Fellowships sponsored by commercial concerns also are frequently available, and offer opportunities for business contacts. fusiness contacts.
All students planning to major in bacteriology should consult the Department before registration.

## Medical Technology

The Department of Bacteriology offers under its direction two years training for those students desiring to become medical technicians, but who are not in a position to complete the four year curriculum in bacteriology.
The modern practice of medicine requires the aid of the laboratory and trained personnel for this service. The clinical laboratory technician is a person who by education and training is capable of performing the various routine microscopic, chemical, and bacteriological tests used in the diagnosis and treatment of disease.
The curriculum in medical technology gives the student training in Biology, Bacteriology, Chemistry and Physics. These basic sciences are required before the student undertakes practical hospital training.

The curriculum is essentially that required in the first two years of a major student in Bacteriology. The Bacteriology Department offers under its direction only this basic training. Before qualifying as a Medical Technologist the student must spend at least twelve months in a hospital laboratory under proper supervision in order to obtain practical experience in the routine laboratory procedures.
Further information may be obtained from the Department of Bacteriology.

## Food Technology

This curriculum offers combinations of courses that will equip the student with an unusually broad knowledge of the many aspects involved in food manufacture. In the curriculum are combined many of the fundamentals of biology, chemistry, and engineering which, when supported by the proper electives and by practical experience, will serve as an excellent background for supervisory work in food factory operation, research in the food industries, etc.

## Zoology

The Zoology Department offers courses designed to train students for teaching and for service in the biological bureaus of the United States Government, in the biological departments of the various states, and in various branches of the military service. Emphasis is placed on morphology, physiology, and marine biology. Instruction and opportunities for original investigation in the latter are supplemented by the research facilities and courses of instruction offered at the Chesapeake Biological Laboratory.

## Chesapeake Biological Laboratory

This laboratory, located in the center of the Chesapeake Bay country, is on Solomons Island, Maryland. It is sponsored by the University of Maryland in cooperation with the Maryland Conservation Department, Goucher College, Washington College, Johns Hopkins University, Western Maryland College, and the Carnegie Institution of Washington, in order to afford a center for wild life research and study where facts tending toward a fuller appreciation of nature may be gathered and disseminated.
The laboratory is open throughout the year. Ordinarily work is offered for advanced undergraduate and graduate students, during a summer session. Students pursuing a special research may establish residence for the summer, or for the entire year. All formal courses have been temporarily suspended.

Zoology Curriculum
Freshman Year
Zool. 2, 3-Fundamentals of Zoology
Zool. 20-Vertebrate Embryology
Chem. 1, 3, 5-Gen. Chemistry, Qual. Ana
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Sp. 1-Public Speaking
P. E.-Physical Activities
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I. II (Women). Electives (Women)

| Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III |
| 5 | 5 |  |
|  |  | 5 |
| 5 3 | 5 3 | 3 3 3 |
|  | . | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | , |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |  |
| .... | .... | 3 |
| 16-17 | , 16-17 | 17 |

## Sophomore Year.

Zool. 4-Comparative Vertebrate Morphology Zool. 7-Field Zoology
Zool. 8-Invertebrate Morphology
Eng. 4, 5, 6-Survey and Composition
Math. 10, 11, 12-Algebra, Plane Trig., Anal. Geom
Sp. 2-Public Speaking
Modern Language
P. E.-Physical Activities
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)

Electives (Women)

Junior Year
Zool. 101-Mammalian Anatomy
Zool. 108-Animal Histology
Zooi. 104-Genetics
Zool. 121-Animal Ecology
Modern Language
Physics 1, 2.
ocial Science (Electives)
Biological Sciences (Electives)
P. E.-Physical Activities

Senior Year
Zool. 102, 103-General Animal Physiology
Zool. 75, 76-Journal Club
Social Science (Electives)
Zoology (Electives)
Electives
P. E.-Physical Activities

## General Biological Sciences

A curriculum has been prepared for students who are interested in biology but whose interests are not centralized in any one of the biological sciences. The courses as outlined familiarize the student with the general principles and methods of each of the biological sciences.
By the proper selection of courses during the junior and senior years a student may concentrate his work sufficiently in any one of the fields of study to be able to continue in graduate work in that field. Also by a proper selection of electives, the educational requirements of the State Department of Education for certification can be met.

## Requirements

A major and a minor, comprising together not fewer than 80 credits shall be completed, with at least 25 of these credits in the courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates in the Division.

## Curriculum for General Biological Science

Freshman Year
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry
Language-(French or German)
Speech 1, 2 .
Zool. 1-General Zoology
Ento. 1-Introductory Entomology
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E.-Physical Activitie

I, II (Women)
Elective (Women)

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | ---: |
| Qu | $I I$ | $I I I$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| $16-17$ | $18-19$ | $17-19$ |

Sophomore Year
Eng. 4, 5, 6
Math. 10, 11
Bot. 1-Introductory or German)
Bact 1, General Bateriol
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives (Biological Science)

## Junior Year

Phys. 1, 2-General Physics
Electives (Biological Science)
Electives (Social Science)
lectives
P. E.-Physical Activities


## B-DIVISION OF HUMANITIES

The Division of Humanities is composed of the Departments of Art, Classical Languages, Comparative Literature, English Language and Literature, Modern Languages and Literature, Music, Philosophy and Speech.

This Division has two main functions: (1) to provide for its own major students a thorough training in literature, philosophy, languages, and the fine arts; (2) to furnish for students in other Divisions, especially for those taking preprofessional work, background and elective studies in the departments of the Division.

At present, the Division offers major and minor work for the Master of Arts and the doctor of philosophy degrees in English language and litera. ture and in modern languages and literatures; major work for the linguistics, and minor work in philosophy. Detailed requirements for these degrees are given under the departmental announcements and in the catalog of the Graduate School.
Training for the Master of Arts degree is directed especially toward acquainting the candidate with methods of research and the literature in his own fields. For the degree of doctor of philosophy, the candidate is required not only to be thoroughly acquainted with his major and minor fields and with the scholarly accomplishments therein, but also to devote himself intensively to a specific research problem in which he shall make an original contribution to human knowledge.

## Division Requirements for the Bachelor's Degree

The following requirements in addition to those of the College of Arts and Sciences (including a general average of C, see page 73) should be completed, as far as possible, before the beginning of the junior year.

1. Library Science-two credits.
2. English-nine credits.
3. Foreign Language-To be accepted unconditionally in the Division of Humanities, a student must have attained a reading knowledge of at least one foreign language, either ancient or modern. In satisfaction of this requirement, he must pass one of the general language examinations, which are given during the first and last days of each quarter, with a grade as high as C. Maryland students should take the examination not later than the close of the sophomore year or the
beginning of the junior year. Transfer students should take the examination upon entrance. The student must show in this examination that he has attained the reading ability to be expected after two years of a college language course. When the student has passed the general language examination he will have satisfied the language requirements; but in no case will a student in the Division be graduated who has not acquired at least 18 credits of one foreign language in college.
4. Philosophy-three credits.
5. Psychology-three credits.
6. Major and Minor Requirements-In selecting a major or a minor, a student must have acquired eighteen credits in fundamental courses in the field chosen or in a closely related field satisfactory to the department and the division, with an average grade of at least C, before credit will be allowed toward the completion of the major and minor requirements. In addition:

A major shall consist of not fewer than 30 nor more than 54 credits, in addition to the eighteen credits required in the Lower Division in one of these fields of study. At least 23 of these credits must be taken in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.
A minor shall consist of not fewer than 18 nor more than 30 redits in addition to the 18 credits required in the Lower Division, in one of the above fields of study not selected for the major, or in some other field of study authorized in the College of Arts and Sciences. At least 14 of these credits must be taken in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.
The student must acquire at least 45 credits in courses not included in the major or minor.

## MAJOR AND MINOR

Fields of Study

| of Study | *Greek |
| :--- | :---: |
| Comparative Literature | Latin |
| English | *Philosophy |
| French | Speech |
| **General Linguistics | Spanish |
| German |  |

Idditional Requirements in English
In addition to the 18 hours of basic freshman and sophomore English, a student taking his major work in this department must pass one quarter

* Not available at present for a major.
${ }^{* *}$ Major only for Master of Arts Degree.
of advanced writing or magazine writing, one quarter of college grammar, and one quarter of either history of the English language or Old English, In addition, he must complete one of the schedules below:
A. Major work in general lit
to teach English in secondary schools) (recommended for those preparing ture, Shakespeare, and at schools): Introduction to American Litera, ture, Shakespeare, and at least 9 hours from the following: Milton;
Literature of the 18th Century; Literature of the 18th Century; Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age Thoreau, and Whitman; American Fictirary British Poets; Emerson, Poetry and Prose; the English Fiction; Comtemporary American American Poets.
B. Major work
and 18 hours of up American Literature; Survey of American Literature,
C. Major work in drams. courses in American Literature.

Medieval Drama, Elizabethan Drama, and 18 hours from the following: Drama, American Drama, Play Proma, Modern Drama, Contemporary Literature (first quarter), The Spanish Dre Introduction to Comparative
D. Major work in English Liteanish Drama, The Faust Legend, Ibsen, hours in the department in advanced course Shakespeare, and at least 18
Minor work may also be elected in these fields but American literature. combination of $A$ and $B$ elected in these fields, but no major and minor and B or of A and D will be permitted.
Additional Requirements in Modern Languages
All students whose major is in modern languages are required to take are strongly advised to take thative Literature (Comp. Lit. 101), and they Spanish 99). The following courses coview course (French 99, German 99, Civilization (Hist. 1, 2, 3), Introduction recommended: Survey of Western Testament as Literature (Comp. Lit. Testament as Literature (Comp. Lit. 104), Prose and Poetry of the
Romantic Age (Eng. 113, 114), Romanticism (Comp. Lit. 105, 106). For a major in German, Old France and Germany (Eng. 102, 103).
Specific requirements in Modern Languages are 15 numbered 50 to 99 and 15 hours in courses nuar are 15 hours in the courses

## Honors in English

Qualified major students who wish to read for honors in English should last two years, but should if department. The reading may be done in the last two years, but should, if possible, be begun earlier.

## C-DIVISION OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

The Division of Physical Sciences comprises the departments of Astronomy, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics, and Physics. On the following pages
the division outlines a number of curriculums, each requiring four years
for completion, leading to the degrees of bachelor of science or bachelor of arts together with five year programs in chemistry-chemical engineering and applied physics. The departments of study have developed courses to contribute to the liberal education of students not primarily interested in science; to provide the basic knowledge of the physical sciences necessary in so many professions such as agriculture, dentistry, engineering, home economics, medicine, pharmacy, and others; to equip teachers of the physical sciences for secondary schools and colleges; and to train students for professional service as chemists, chemical engineers, geologists, mathematicians, physicists, and statisticians; and to prepare for graduate study and research in the physical sciences.
The fields of knowledge represented by the physical sciences are so vast and their applications are so important that it is impossible to deal adequately with any one in a four-year undergraduate curriculum. Students who aspire to proficiency are therefore encouraged to continue their studies in the graduate years. In the work leading to a Master's degree, the student becomes acquainted with the general aspects of the field. In partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, the student must demonstrate a command of his chosen field sufficiently great to permit him to make independent investigations and creative contributions.
No degree will be granted to a student in any department of the Division of Physical Sciences whose general average in all courses offered for the degree is below C. To enroll in the Division of Physical Sciences, at the beginning of the junior year a student must select a major in one of the departments and before graduation must complete a major and a cognate minor selected to conform to the requirements of the department in which the major work is done.
The candidate for a baccalaureate degree in the College of Arts and Sciences will be governed by the requirements for that degree established by the University and the College. A student will be considered a major in one of the departments of the Division of Physical Sciences only when he has completed a program approved by the department concerned. The following suggested curriculum outline the general requirements of these departments.

## Chemistry

The science of chemistry is so vast in scope that completion of a wellplanned course of undergraduate study is necessary before specialization. The curriculum outlined below describes such a course of study. The sequence of courses given should be followed as closely as possible; it is realized, however, that some deviation from this sequence may be necessary toward the end of the program. All of the courses in chemistry listed are required of students majoring in chemistry.

## Chemistry Curriculum

## Freshman Year

| Chemistry 1, 3, |
| :--- |
| English 1, 2, |

Mathematics $10,11,12$
Modern language (German or French 1, 2, 3)
Physical Activities
Basic R. O. T. C. 1, 2, 3 (Men)
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I, II (Women)
Elective (for women)

Sophomore Year.
Chemistry 17, 35, 36, 37, 38.
English 7, 8
Mathematics 20, 21, 22
Modern language (German or French 4, 5, 6).
Physical Activities
Basic R. O. T. C. 4, 5, 6 (Men)
Electives (for women)

Junior Year
Chemistry 21, 23
Chemistry 141, 143
Chemistry 142
English Elective
Physics 3, 4, 5.
Social Science Electives
Speech 1, 2
Physical Activities

Senior Year
Chemistry 187, 189
Chemistry 188, 190
Chemistry 144, 146, and 148 or 16
Chemistry 101
Economics 31, 32, 33
Social Science Elective
Physical Activities

| Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I$ | II | III |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |  |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| 17 or 18 | 17 or 18 | 18 |
| 3 | 5 | 5 |
| 3 |  | 3 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | $\ldots$ |
| 18 | 17 | 17 or 20 |
| 5 | 5 | $\ldots$ |
| 3 | 3 | .... |
|  | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| 3 |  |  |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
|  | 2 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | 16 | 17 |
| 5 | 5 |  |
| 3 | 3 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  |  | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 15 | 15 | 13 |

## Mathematics

The Mathematics curriculum offers training in the fundamentals of Mathematics in preparation for teaching, industrial work, or graduate work in Mathematics.
For a major in Mathematics a student is required to enroll in Junior and Senior Tutorial.
Students majoring in mathematics who complete freshman and sophomore courses in mathematics with distinction are eligible to try for honors in
mathematics. To receive the honors degree in mathematics, a student must: complete the curriculum in mathematics with an average grade of $B$ in all subjects; 2. pass an honors examination in mathematics at the end of the senior year; 3. write a satisfactory who wish to try for honors in mathematics ics in the senior year. Students who wish ics in the senil the chairman of the department at the conclusion of their should consult the
sophomore year.

## Mathematics Curriculum

Freshman Year
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Eng. 1, 2, 2, 3-French or German
Lang. 1, 2, 16 -Alg., Trig., Anal. Geom.
Math 15, Social Sciences
Electives-Social Sciences ...........
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. I, II (Women)

Elective (for Women Only)
Physical Activities

| I | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |  |
|  | .. | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 18 | 18 | 18 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | 17 | 17 |

Sophomore Year
Lang. 20, 21, 22-Calculus
Phys. 3, 4, 5-Physics
M. I. 4, 5, 6--Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)

Electives (for Women Only).
Physical Activities

| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | 17 | 17 |

Senior Year
Math 130, 131, 132-Analytic Mechanic Math. 80, 81, 82-Senior Tutorial
Math. 80, 81, 82-Seniver (Upper Division)
*Electives-Mathematics
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking
Electives-Minor and Social Sciences Physical Activities

| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 2 | 2 | $\ldots$ |
| 3 | 3 | 5 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 16 | 16 | 16 |

must include at least six quarter
and Senior electives in hours in geometry.

## General Physical Sciences

This general curriculum is offered for students who desire a basic knowledge of the physical sciences without immediate specialization in any one of them. By proper selection of courses in the latter six quarters, a student may concentrate in the field of his choice.

## Curriculum for General Physical Sciences

## Freshman Year

English 1, 2, 3..
Modern Language (German or French)
Mathematics 10, 11, 12
Chemistry 1, 3, 5
Physical Activities
Elective (for women only)
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I, II (Women)

| Quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I$ | $I I$ | $I I I$ |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| 0 | 5 | 3 |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |  |
| -17 or 18 | 17 or 18 | 16 |  |

Sophomore Year
Speech 1, 2 ..........................
Modern Language (German or French)
Mathematics 20, 21, 22
Physics 3, 4, 5
Elective (for women only)
Physical Activities
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)

Junior Year
Electives (Chemistry)
Electives (Biological Sciences)
Electives (Social Sciences)
English 7, 8
Electives.
Physical Activities
Elective (English)

## Senior Year

Electives (Social Sciences)
Electives (Physics)
Electives (Physical Sciences)
Electives.
Physical Activities

Physics Curriculum
The physics curriculum is designed for students who desire training in the fundamentals of physics in preparation for teaching, graduate work, and for positions in governmental, industrial and biophysical laboratories. an mection with the curriculum suggested below a minor may be chosen In connectio field of study selected. A minor may be taken in biology, to suit the field engineering, electrical engineering, mathematics, mechanchemis engineering or any allied field


Sophomore Year
English 4, 5, $6 \ldots \ldots$
Mathematics 20, 21, 22
Physics 3A, 4A, 5A
Physical Activities
Basic R. O. T. C. 4, 5, 6
Speech ............

| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | 3 |
| $16-19$ | 17 | 17 |

Junior Year
language 1, 2,
Social Sciences
Physics 105, 106, 107.
Electives (Major or Minor)
Physical Activities

Senior Year
2, $3_{3}^{3}$
anguage 4, 5,
Social Scienc
Electives (Major or Minor)
Physical Activities

## 16

| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 15 | 15 |  |
|  |  |  |

## D-DIVISION OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

The Division of Social Sciences includes the departments of Economics, History, Political Science, Psychology, and Sociology.

In addition to supplying such courses as are required by other divisions and other colleges of the University, the departments in the Division of Social Sciences offer opportunities for advanced training in the several fields represented. A major in economics is available for students in the College of Arts and Sciences, although the work is given in the College of Business and Public Administration. During the freshman and sophomore years, in addition to the College of Arts and Sciences requirements, Principles of Economics, Econ. 31, 32, 33, should be completed and as many other lower division social science courses taken as practicable. The Departments of Political Science and Economics offer the first three years of a combined Arts-Law course. The Department of Psychology is identified with the development of applied psychology and is in position to supply training in the industrial and clinical phases of the subject. The Department of Sociology provides a course of study preparatory to professional training in social work and offers the courses demanded by civil service examinations for certain positions. All five departments present courses aligned with the teacher-training program represented in the Arts-Education curriculum

All of the departments offer graduate instruction leading to the degrees of master of arts and doctor of philosophy. These advanced degrees are increasingly required for secondary school teaching and for professional positions in the several fields represented.

## ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS IN HISTORY

In addition to the general requirements of the University and of the College of Arts and Sciences, the History Department requires that all credits for a major and at least 18 credits for a minor be acquired in courses offered for advanced undergraduates and graduates. No work below a grade of C will be accepted towards a major. History majors must also take 18 credits of the three fundamental courses.
The Curriculum in Economics is on page 102.

## COMBINED PROGRAM IN ARTS AND LAW

The School of Law of the University requires two years of academic credit for admission to the school.

The University offers also a combined program in arts and law leading to the degrees of bachelor of arts and bachelor of laws. Students pursuing this combined program will spend the first three years in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park. During this period they will complete the prescribed curriculum in prelegal studies as outlined below, or a total of 150 credits, and they must complete the requirements for graduation, as indicated below. If students enter the combined program with advanced
standing, at least the third full year's work, i.e. forty-five credits-must be completed in residence at College Park. Upon the successful completion of omp year of full-time law courses in the School of Law in Baltimore, the degree of bachelor of arts may be awarded on the recommendation of the Dean of the School of Law, and provided the student has earned at least Dean of 195 credits with a C average. The degree of bachelor of laws may a total of 195 credits with a C average.

## Arts-Law Curriculum

Freshman Year
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Science or Mathematics
H. 4, 5, 6-History of England and Great Britain

Pol. Sci. 1-American National Government.
Foreign Language
Foreign Language 1 , 2-Public Speaking.
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R O. T C

Physical Activities
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I, II, (Women)

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $I$ | $I I$ | $I I I$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| $17-18$ | $17-18$ | $16-19$ |

Sophomore Year
English 4, 5, 6 or 7 and 8
Econ. 31, 32, 33-Principles of Economics
H. 7, 8, 9-American History

Foreign Language
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C..

Physical Activities

| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | -17 |  |

Junior Year
Pol. Sci. 7, 8, 9-Comparative Government.................... H. 135, 136, 137-Constitutional History Soc. 1-Contemporary Social Problems
Psych. 14-Applied Psychology
Psych. 14-Applied Psychology

Econ. 140-Money and Banking...
Econ. 160-Labor Economics

Electives...............................................................
Physical Activities

Senior Year-Taken in Law School.
*Pre-law students who expect to engage in income tax practice should take a year of accounting.

## PREPROFESSIONAL CURRICULA

## Five-Year Combined Arts and Nursing

The first two years of this curriculum comprising a minimum of 98 credits is taken in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park and the professional training is taken in the School of Nursing of the University in Baltimore or in the Training School of Mercy Hospital, Baltimore.
A student may enter this combined curriculum with advanced standing, but the second year, consisting of a minimum of 45 credits, exclusive of physical training, must be completed in College Park and the professional training must be completed in the schools indicated above.
In addition to the Diploma in Nursing, the degree of bachelor of science in nursing may, upon the recommendation of the Director of the School of Nursing, be granted at the end of the professional training. Full details regarding this curriculum may be found in the section of the catalog dealing with the School of Nursing.

## Arts-Nursing Curriculum

| Arts-Nursing Curriculum | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | I | II | III |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition | 3 | 3 | - 3 |
| Foreign Language | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry. | 5 | 5 |  |
| Zool. 1-General Zoology |  |  | 5 |
| Hist. 1, 2, 3-Survey of Western Civilization | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| L. S. 1-Library Methods |  |  |  |
| Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| P. E. 42, 44 -Hygiene I, II, (Women). | 2 | 2 |  |
|  | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| Sophomore Year |  |  |  |
| Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing | 3 | 3 |  |
| Foreign Language | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Bact. 1-General Bacteriology | 5 |  |  |
| Soc. 1-Contemporary Social Problems |  | 3 |  |
| Psych. 1-Introduction to Psychology. |  | 3 |  |
| Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics |  |  | 5 |
| Sp. 1, 2-Public Speaking | 2 | 2 |  |
| Pol. Sci. 1-American National Government |  |  | 3 |
| Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Electives. | 3 | 2 | 5 |
|  | 17 | 17 | 17 |

## Premedical

The curriculum recommended for admission to the School of Medicine of the University of Maryland consists of nine quarters of academic training in the College of Arts and Sciences. Curriculum I meets these requirements and also fulfills those requirements prescribed by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association.

Curriculum II meets the requirements of the Council on Medical Education f the American Medical Association for entrance to Class A Medical Schools.
Curriculum I offers to students a combined program leading to the degrees f Bachelor of Science and Doctor of Medicine. The pre-professional training is taken in residence in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park, and the professional training in the School of Medicine in Baltimore. (See Special Bulletin of School of Medicine for details of quantitative and qualitative premedical course requirements.)
Students who have elected the combined program of Arts and Sciences and Medicine may be granted the degree of bachelor of science after the completion of at least 150 quarter credits in this college and the first year of the School of Medicine, so that the quantitative requirements of 195 credits are met, and provided that he is recommended by the Dean of the School of Medicine.
A student may enter this combined curriculum with advanced standing, but the last year, consisting of a minimum of 45 credits, exclusive of physical training and military instruction, must be completed in College Park and the professional training must be completed in the School of Medicine in Baltimore.
For requirements for admission see Section I of this catalog, page 24.
Premedical Three Year Curriculum I
For students expecting to enter the University of Maryland School of Medicine

## Freshman Year

Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition.... Anal. Geom. Math. 10, 11, 12-Algebra, Plane Trig., Zool. 2, 3-Fundamentals of Zoology..... Chem. 1, 3, 5-General Chem., Qual. Anal.
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I, II.

Physical Activities
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)

| $I$ | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 |  |
|  |  | 5 |
| 5 | 5 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 20 | 20 | 18 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 |  |
| 2 | 2 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 20 | 20 | 18 |


| Junior Year | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modern | $I$ | II | 111 |
| Modern Language (German or French) | 3 | 3 | 17 |
| Chem. 181, 182-Elements of Physical Che | 5 | 5 |  |
| Social Sciences Electives |  | 3 | 3 |
| Biological Science Electives | 4 | 1 | 6 |
| Physical Activities ........ | 3 | 3 | 3. |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Senior Year | 16 | 16 | 16 |

Senior Year
The curriculum of the first year of the School of Medicine is accepted The student must, however, present a total of at least 195 credits for graduation for the Bachelor of Science degree.
The student also may elect advanced courses offered in the College of Arts and Sciences, and complete at College Park the requirements for the Bachelor of Science degree, as outlined on page 72.

## Premedical Curriculum II

For students desiring to meet the minimum requirements for admission to a Class A Medical School, but not for the combined degree.

## Freshman Year

Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Math. 10, 11, 12-Algebra, Plane Trig., Anal. Geom
Zool. 2, 3-Fundamentals of Zoology
Chem. 1, 3, 5-General Chem., Qual. Anal.
Chem. 1, 3, 5 -General Chem., Qual. Anal
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I, II

Physical Activities
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C.

## Sophomore Year

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $I$ | $I I I$ | $I I I$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| 5 | 5 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $19-20$ | $19-20$ | 20 |
|  |  |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 5 | 5 |
| 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 20 | 20 | 20 |

Predental
Students entering the College of Arts and Sciences who desire to prepare themselves for the study of dentistry are offered the following curriculum, which meets the predental requirements of the American Association of Dental Colleges. This curriculum may also be followed by the student if he desires to continue his college training and complete work for the Bachelor of Science degree.

## Predental Curriculum

## Freshman Year

Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking.
Math. 10, 11, 12-Algebra, Plane Trig., Anal. Geom
Chem. 1, 3, 5-General Chem., Qual. Anal
Monnical Drawing …........
Dr.-Mechacical Activities
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C.

Sophomore Year
Chem. 35, 36, 37, 38-Organic Chemistry
Zool. 3-Fundamentals of Zoology
Physics 1, 2
Modern Language (German or French)
Social Sciences (Electives)
Physical Activities
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C.

| 1 | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 18 | 18 | 19 |
|  | 5 | 5 |
| 5 |  |  |
|  | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 6 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 18 | 20 | 20 |

## Preveterinary Curriculum

Students who desire to prepare themselves for the study of veterinary science are offered, by the College of Arts and Sciences, a curriculum which meets the entrance requirements of colleges of veterinary science. The course is identical with that required of pre-medical students as outlined in Curriculum II on page 94.

## COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

John Freeman Pyle, Dean.

The University of Maryland is in an unusually favorable location for students of Business and Public Administration and Economics. Downtown Washington is only twenty-five minutes away in one direction, while the Baltimore business district is less than an hour in the other. There is frequent transportation service from the University gates to each city. Special arrangements are made to study commercial, manufacturing, exporting, and importing agencies and methods in Baltimore, assistance is given qualified students who wish to obtain a first hand glimpse of the farflung economic activities of the national government or to utilize the libraries, government departments, and other facilities available in Washington.

## Aims

The College of Business and Public Administration offers training designed to prepare young men and women for service in business firms and governmental agencies, and for the teaching of commercial subjects and economics in high schools and colleges. It supplies scientific business training to students and prospective executives on a professional basis comparable to university training in the other professional fields. Administration is regarded as a profession, and the College of Business and Public Administration prepares its students for this profession by offering courses of instruction which present general principles and techniques of management and administration and bring together in systematic form the experiences of business firms and governmental units. This plan of education does not displace practical experience, but supplements and strengthens it by shortening the period of apprenticeship otherwise necessary, and by giving a broad and practical knowledge of the major principles, policies, and methods of administration.
During the first half of the college study programs the student secures a broad foundation upon which to base the professional and the more technical courses offered in the last half of the course. The managerial and operating points of view are stressed in the advanced courses in production, marketing, labor, finance, real estate, insurance, accounting, secretarial training and public administration. The purpose of the training offered is to aid the student as a prospective executive in developing his ability to identify and to solve administrative and managerial problems; and to adjust himself and his organization, policies, and practices to changing social, political and economic situations.
The aim of the college is to present and illustrate such sound principles of management as are applicable to both big business and small business. Large-scale business, because of its possible economies will be expanded
in some industries under certain well-known conditions. There are, on the other hand, industries and many situations which still call for the small business. If these small-scale businesses are to be operated with profit to the owner and with satisfactory and economical service to the public, it is imperative that authentic principles of administration be applied to them. Sound principles of ethical conduct are emphasized at all times throughout the various courses.
The primary aim of collegiate education for government and business service is to train for effective management. The College of Business and Public Administration, University of Maryland, was established to supply scientific training in administration to the young men and women whose task will be the guiding of the more complex business enterprises whose task will be thits resulting from industrial, social and political and governmental unsion. This statement does not mean that the graduate may expect to secure a major executive position upon graduation. He will, mat the contrary, usually be required to start near the well publicized "bottom" of the ladder and work his way up through a number of minor potitions. He will, however, be able to move up at a faster rate if he has taken full advantage of the opportunities offered by the Colege in developing his talents and in acquiring technical and professional information, point of view, skills, and techniques.

## Graduation Requirement

A minimum of 195 quarter hours of credit in courses suggested by the College is required for graduation. The student is required to have a " C " average for all courses used in meeting the quantitative graduation requirements. A student who receives the mark of D in more than one-fourth of his credits must take additional courses or repeat courses until he has met these requirements. The time required to complete the requirements for the bachelors degree for the average student is twelve quarters. Under the accelerated program this work may be covered in three calendar years. A superior student, by carrying more than the average load, may complete the work in ten quarters or two and one half calendar years.

## Degrees

The University confers the following degrees on students of Business and Public Administration: Bachelor of Science, Master of Business Administration, and Doctor of Philosophy. (See bulletin of Graduate School for graduate rules and regulations.)
Each candidate for a degree must file in the office of the Registrar on a date announced for each quarter a formal application for a degree. Candidates for degrees must attend a convocation at which degrees are conferred and diplomas are awarded. Degrees are conferred in absentia only in exceptional cases.

Junior Requirement
To be classified as a junior a student must have earned 96 quarter hours in his freshman and sophomore years with an average grade of at least "C". If a student has better than a "C" average and lacks a few credits of having the total of 96 , he may be permitted to take certain courses numbered 100 and above providing he has the prerequisites for these courses and the consent of the Dean.

## Senior Residence Requirement

After a student has earned acceptable credit to the extent of 150 quarter hours either at the University of Maryland or elsewhere he must earn a subsequent total of at least 45 quarter hours with an average grade of " C " or better at the University of Maryland. No part of these 45 credits may be transferred from another institution.

## Programs of Study

The College offers programs of study in economics, business administration, secretarial training, public administration, and a number of combination curricula, e. g., business administration and-law, commercial teaching, industrial education, chemistry, agriculture, or basic engineering courses. Research is emphasized throughout the various programs.
The executive manager or administrator in modern business enterprises and governmental units and agencies should have a clear understanding of:
(a) the business organizations and institutions which comprise the business world;
(b) the political, social, and economic forces which tend to limit or to promote the free exercise of his activities; and
(c) the basic principles which underlie the efficient organization and administration of a business or governmental enterprise.
In addition, the executive or the prospective executive should:
(a) be able to express his thoughts and ideas in correct and concise English;
(b) have a knowledge of the fundamental principles of mathematics and the basic sciences, such as, physics, chemistry, biology, and geography;
(c) have a knowledge of the development of modern civilization through a study of history, government, and other social science subjects.
(d) have a sympathetic understanding of people gained through a study of psychology, sociology, and philosophy.
If the executive is to be successful in solving current business and governmental problems, he should be skilled in the scientific method of collecting, analyzing, and classifying pertinent facts in the most significant manner, and then, on the basis of these facts, be able to draw sound conclusions and to formulate general principles which may be used to guide his present and future conduct. In other words, probably the most important qualities in a successful executive are:
(a) the ability to arrive at sound judgments;
(b) the capacity to formulate effective plans and policies, and the (b) the capination and ability to devise organizations, methods, and procedures for executing them.
The teaching staff and the curricula of the College of Business and Public Administration have been selected and organized for the purpose of providing a type of professional and technical training that will aid the capable and ambitious student in developing his potential talents to their full capacity.
The college study programs on both the undergraduate and graduate levels presuppose effective training in English, history, government, language, science, and mathematics.* The program of study for any individual student may be so arranged as to meet the needs of those preparing for specific lines of work, such as accounting, advertising, banking, foreign trade, industrial administration, marketing administration, personnel administration, real estate practice, insurance, government employment, secretarial work, teaching, and research.

## Advisory Councils

In order to facilitate the prompt and continuous adjustment of courses, curricula, and instructional methods to provide the training most in demand by industry and commerce; and in order constantly to maintain instruction abreast of the best current practice, the advice and suggestions of business men and public officials are constantly sought from outstanding leaders in each major field of business activity. Each council has its own particular interest to serve, such as advertising, marketing, or finance; and the viewpoint and suggestions of these business men are proving to be invaluable in developing the instructional and research program of the College.

## FRESHMAN AND SOPHOMORE REQUIREMENTS

During the first half of the program of study each student is expected to complete the following basic and core subjects, except as indicated in a particular curriculum:

The major portion of this training is usually secured in the four years of high school and the first two years of college.

Required Courses:
English and speech
Mathematics, sci........................ 13
Mathematics, science or foreign language*
Economic Resources
Economic Developments
Military training and physical activities for men
Hygiene and physical activities for women..
Accounting
6

Principles of Economics
Organization and Control
Total requirements
Required Electives: social science
Free Electives: The remaining electives, of 4 to 18 credits
may be profitably selected with the help of a faculty
advisor ...........................................

A student who has met all entrance requirements may be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science upon the satisfactory completion of not fewer than 195 credits including military training and physical activities required of all able-bodied men students, or required courses in hygiene and physical activities for women. Students who are unable to take the physical training program will be required to secure equivalent credit in regular academic work. Of these 195 credits, forty per cent of the total number academic required for graduation must be in subjects with designations other than Business Administration.
Freshmen who expect to make a concentration in foreign trade, or who plan to enter public service abroad, should elect an appropriate foreign language. Certain courses in history and government may prove beneficial in later work.
Freshmen wishing to make a concentration in the Secretarial Training course or to prepare for commercial teaching should elect Secretarial Training 1 and 12. There are no prerequisites for these courses. Such students should elect English 4, 5 and 6 in the sophomore year. No credit is allowed when only typing is taken. The laboratory fee for typewriting is $\$ 5.00$ for each quarter.
Students expecting to concentrate in the field of public administration should take Political Science 1 and 4. All students are required to take 9 quarter hours in Mathematics, a Natural Science or a foreign language, and 9 quarter hours in the Social Sciences, exclusive of Economics.
*If a student elects a foreign language he must complete two years of the work in order

JUNIOR AND SENIOR REQUIREMENTS
During the junior and senior years each student is required to complete in a satisfactory manner the following specified courses:

Eion. 140-Money and Banking.
B. A. 140-Financial Management. 4
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Organization
B. A. 150-Marketing Management.

Econ. 160-Labor Economics.
B. A. 160-Personnel Management
B. A. 130-Elements of Statistics .
B. A. 180, 181, 182—Business Law I, II, III .

Physical Activities
Total.
The remaining credits for the juniors and seniors may be used to meet the requirements for one of the special concentration programs, for example, in Economics, Natural and Human Resources, Public Administration, Secretarial Training, Commercial Teaching, and in the fields of Business Administration, such as: Accounting and Statistics, Production Administration, Marketing, Advertising, Retailing, Purchasing, Foreign Trade, Labor Relations, Real Estate, Insurance, Investment, and general Finance. Juniors and seniors may elect appropriate Secretarial Training courses.
Combined Administration and Law Program
When a student elects the combination Administration-Law curriculum, he must complete in a satisfactory manner the specific requirements listed for the first three years in the College of Business and Public Administration plus enough electives to equal a minimum of 153 credits with an average grade of at least "C". The last three years of the six years of required work for the combined degree is taken in the Law School. The Bachelor of Science degree from the College of Business and Public Administration is conferred upon the satisfactory completion of the first year in the Law School and the recommendation of the Dean of the Law Schocl; provided the quantitative requirement of 195 credits is earned. Business Law cannot be used as credit in this combined curriculum.

## STUDY PROGRAMS IN THE COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND

 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATIONThe College of Business and Public Administration comprises five major divisions: Business Administration, Economics, Public Administration, Natural and Human Resources and Secretarial Training. A student can so arrange his grouping and sequence of courses as to form a fair degree of concentration in one of these divisions. When, however, he wishes to become a specialist in any one of the major departments, he should plan to continue his studies on to the graduate level, working toward either the Master's or the Doctor of Philosophy degree.
I. ECONOMICS

The program of studies in the field of Economics is designated to meet the needs of students in the University who wish to concentrate either on a major or minor scale in this division of the Social Sciences. Students who expect to enroll in the professional schools and those who are planning to enter the fields of Business or Public Administration will find courses in economics of considerable value to them in their later work. A student of economics should choose his courses to meet the requirements for the Bachelor, Master, and Doctor of Philosophy degrees. (See the bulletin of the Graduate School for the general requirements for the advanced degrees.)

## Requirements for an Economics Major

A student majoring in Economics is required to complete satisfactorily 195 quarter hours of work. A general average of at least " C " is required for graduation. A student must maintain at least an average grade of " C " in his major or minor in order to continue in his chosen field.

The specific requirements for the Economics Major are:
I. Econ. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 31, 32 and 33-a total of 22 quarter hours of specifically required courses in Economics.0B. A. 20, 21, and 22 (Principles of Accounting I, II and III) and B. A. 130 and 131 (Statistics) are recommended. Other courses in Economics to meet the requirements of a major or minor are to be selected with the aid of a faculty advisor.
II. Social Science, in addition to Economics, 9 quarter hours.
III. English and Speech 22 quarter hours, comprising Eng. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and Speech 1 and 2.
IV. Foreign Language and Literature, 18 quarter hours in one language, unless a second year course is taken. Candidates for the Ph. D. degree are required to have a reading knowledge of French and German.
V. Natural Science and Mathematics, 18 quarter hours. At least one year must be in a Natural Science.
VI. Military Science and Physical Activities. The present University requirement is 24 quarter hours for all able-bodied male students. Women students are required to take 16 quarter hours credit in hygiene and physical activities.

A student who elects economics as a major must have earned 21 quarter hours in the prerequisite courses in economics prior to his beginning the advanced work of the Junior and Senior years. These are normally taken during the freshman and sophomore years and must be completed with an average grade of not less than " C ". The major sequences are not completed until at least 30 and not more than 54 credits, in addition to the required prerequisite courses, are satisfactorialy earned, that is, with an average grade of at least "C". At least 21 of these credits must be earned in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.

A minor in economics consists of the 21 prerequisite credits mentioned above plus at least 20 additional credits in economics. At least 15 of thes must be in courses listed for advanced undergraduates and graduates.
As many as 24 additional credits may be elected by the economics major or minor from Business Administration and Public Administration courses.
The specific courses comprising the student's program of studies should be selected with the aid of a faculty advisor in terms of the student's objective and major interest.

## Study Program for Economics Majors

## Freshman Year

eon. 1, 2, 3-Economic Resources of the World I, II, III con. 1, 2, 3-EConomic Developments I, II, III Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition
Mathematics and Natural Science
Foreign Language
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. and Physical Activities (Men). Physical Activities and Hygiene I, II

Sophomore Year
 Eng. 4, 5, 6-Survey and Composition Foreign Language
Psych. 1-Introduction to Psychology
B. A. 10, 11, 12-Organization and Control Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking..
Electives (for women
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. and Physic......................

Physical Activities (Women).

Junior Year
Econ. 140-Money and Banking
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles
B. A. 130-Elements of Statistics.
B. A. 140-Financial Management.

Econ. 160-Labor Economics
E. A. 160-Personnel Management
B. A. 131-Business Statistics

Econ. 131-Comparative Economic Systems
Econ. 130-Economics of Consumption.
Electives.
Physical Activities

| I | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3-5 | 3-5 | 3-5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | 3 | 1 |
| 17 | 17 | 17 |

II
2
3
$3-5$
$\frac{1}{17}$

3
3
3

| 3 |
| :--- |
| 3 |

$\mathbf{3}$
$\mathbf{3}$
$\mathbf{3}$

17

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 4 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 1 |  | 1 |
| 16 | 16 | 16 |

bUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
The following suggested study programs will aid the thoughtful student in planning his concentration according to his natural aptitudes and the line of his major interest:

## The General Curriculum in Administration

This curriculum is set up on a twelve quarter basis which corresponds to the traditional four-year course that leads to a bachelors degree. A student may complete the full course in three calendar years by attending four quarters a year. A superior student may, however, complete the course in a shorter period of time by carrying a heavier load each quarter.

Freshman Year
Econ. 1, 2, 3-Economic Resources of the World
Econ. 4, 5, 6-Economic Developments
Econ. 1, 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition.
Math. - Natural Science, or a Foreign Language
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking.
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. and Physical Activities (Men) Physical Activities and Hygiene I, II (Women).

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $I$ | $I I$ | $I I I$ |
| 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $3-5$ | $3-5$ | $3-5$ |
| $\cdots$ | 2 | 2 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | 3 | 1 |
| 17 | 17 | 17 |

Sophomore Year
B. A. 10, 11, 12-Organization and Control. Econ. 31, 32, 33-Principles of Economics.
B. A. 20, 21, 22-Principles of Accounting

Electives.
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. and Physical Activities (Men)

Physical Activities (Women)

| 2 | 2 | 2 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 16 | 16 | 16 |

Junior Year
Econ. 140-Money and Banking.
B. A. 140-Financial Management
B. A. 130 -Elements of Statistics

Econ. 150-Marketing Principles
B. A. 150-Marketing Management

Econ. 160-Labor Economics
B. A. 160-Personnel Management

Electives
Physical Activities

Senior Year
Econ. 132-Advanced Economic Principles
Econ. 134-Contemporary Economic Thought.
Econ. 141-Theory of Money; Credit and Prices
Econ. 170-Industrial Combinations and Competition.
Econ. 171-Economics of American Industries
P. A. $140-$ Public Finance and Taxation
P. A. $180-$ Government and Business
P. A. 170-Transportation I, Regulation of Transportation

Services.
A. A3-Economic Planning and Postwar Problems

## II. BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Modern business administration requires a knowledge of and skill in the use of effective tools for the control of business organizations, institutions, and operations. The curriculums of the Division of Business Administration emphasize the principles and problems of the development and the use of policies and organizations, and the methods, techniques and procedures of execution, in other words, the essence of Management and Administration.
The programs of study in the College of Business and Public Administration are so arranged as to facilitate concentrations according to the major function of business organization. This plan is not, however, based on the assumption that these major divisions are independent units, but rather that each is closely related and dependent on the others. Every student in the college, therefore, is required to complete satisfactorily a minimum number of required basic and core subjects in economics and in each of the major functional fields. Each graduate upon completion of the requirements for the bachelor's degree finds himself well grounded in the theory and practice of administration. There are five commonly recognized major business functions, viz; production, marketing, finance, labor relations, and control.
The function of control may be thought of as comprising two divisions, viz, internal and external. Internal control has to do with men, materials, and operations. External control is secured through the force of law, court, board and commission decisions, custom, and public opinion. Management endeavors to make adequate adjustments to these forces. Courses in law and public administration, for example, aid in giving the student an understanding of the problems, devices, and methods of external or "social" control.

Study programs of the Division of Business Administration furnish an opportunity for a small amount of concentration in one of the major sections during the undergraduate period. The basis of these curriculums is the general study program.

Senior Year
B. A. 180, 181, 182-Business Law I, II, III Econ. 131-Comparative Economic Systems Econ. 170-Industrial Combinations and Competition Econ. 171-Economics of American Industry P. A. 140-Public Finance and Taxation P. A. 170-Regulation of Transportation P. A. $180-$ Government and Business Electives.
Physical Activities

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | Quarter |  |
| II | III |  |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 16 | 16 | 16 |

Electives may be chosen under the direction of a faculty advisor from courses in Accounting, Statistics, Geography, Public Administration, Secretarial Training, Education, Home Economics, Natural Science, or other courses that will aid the student in preparing for his major objective. The electives indicated in the General Course are provided so that students can arrange their schedules, under the guidance of a faculty adviser, in such a way as to secure a concentration or major when desired in:
A. Production Administration
E. Natural and Human Resources
B. Marketing Administration
F. Accounting and Statistical Control
C. Financial Administration
G. Secretarial Training
D. Personal Administration

There are prescribed curriculums for Accounting and for Secretarial Training majors.

## A. Production Administration

This curriculum is designed to acquaint the student with the problems of organization and control in the field of industrial production. Theory and practice with reference to organization, policies, methods, processes, and techniques are surveyed, analyzed, and criticized. The student is required to go on inspection trips and when feasable is expected to secure first-hand information through both observation and participation. He should be familiar with the factors that determine plant location and layout, types of buildings, and the major kinds of machines and processes utilized; he should understand effective methods and devices for the selection and utilization of men, materials and machines.
The courses, in addition to those required of all students in the college, which will aid the undergraduate student in preparing himself for a useful place in this field of effort are:
B. A. ${ }^{10-B u s i n e s s}$ Organization and ConB. A. trol (2)
B. A. 11-Industrial Organization and Con-
trol (2)
B. A. 121-Cost Accounting (5)
B. A. 122-Auditing (4)
B. A. 130-Elements of Statistics (4) B. A. 153-Purchasing Management (3)
Econ. 160-Labor Econ. 160-Labor Economics (4) B. A. 160-Personnel Management (4)
B. A. 163-Industrial Relations (4)
B. A. 165-Office Management (3)
B. A. 170 -Industrial Management (4)
P. A. 170-Transportation I-Regulation of

Transportation Services (4)
B. A. 171 - Transportation II - Services, Rules, and Practices (4)
B. A. 172-Transportation III-Traffic Rates, Tariffs, Classifications and Interpretations (4)
Industrial Management students may so arrange their study programs as to take a series of related courses in one of the following:

1. Physics
2. Some basic engineering courses
3. Chemistry
4. Agriculture

## B. Marketing Administration

Modern business administration is concerned largely with marketing activities. Buying and selling of products and services comprise the major portion of the time and energies of a large group of our population. The ideals of our system of private property, individual initiative and free enterprise are closely related to present-day marketing organization and practice. Effective solutions of the problems of marketing are necessary to the success of the individual business enterprise and for the welfare of the consumer. If the costs of distribution are to be reduced or kept from rising unduly, it is necessary that careful study of the organization, policies, methods, and practices of advertising, selling, purchasing, merchandising, transportation, financing, storing, and other related activities be made, and corresponding appropriate action taken by qualified marketing technicians and executives.
The purpose of the marketing administration program of study is to give the alert and serious student an opportunity to analyze, evaluate and otherwise study the problems connected with marketing institutions, organizations, policies, methods, and practices. He may, for example, develop his aptitudes, on the technical level, for research, selling, buying, and preparing advertising copy; and on the administrative level he may develop his abilities for organizing and directing.
Thoughtful selection of courses from the following lists in addition to those required of all students in the college, will aid the student in preparing himself for an effective position in the field of marketing.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Or- } & \text { B. A. 186-Real Estate Law and Con- } \\ \text { veyancing (3) }\end{array}$ ganization (4)

15 Marketing Management (4)
B. A. 151-Advertising Programs and Cam-
paigns (3)
B. A. 152-Copy Writing and Layout (3)
B. A. 153-Purchasing Management (3)
B. A. 154-Retall Store Management
B. A. 143-Credit Management (3)
B. A. 143 -Credit Management (3)
B. A. 165 -Office Management (3)
B. A. 146 --Real Estate Financing and Ap-
praisals (3)
B. A. 156-Real Estate Principles and

Practices (3)
P. A. 170-Transportation I-Regulation of

Transportation Services (4)
B. A. 171 - Transportation II - Services, Rules, and Practices (4)
B. A. 172-Transportation III-Traffic Rates, Tariffs, Classifications and Interpretations (4)
B. A. 250 -Problems in Sales Management ${ }^{(3)}$
B. A. 251-Problems in Advertising (3)
B. A. 252 -Problems in Retail Store Management (3)
B. A. 257-Seminar in Marketing Management (arranged) B. A. 258 -Research in Marketing (arranged)
those especially interested in foreign trade; selections may be made from the following courses:
P. A. 130-International Economic Policies and Relations (4)
P. A. 137-Economic Planning and Postwar Problems (4)
P. A. 14 i -International Finance and Exchange (4)
Econ. 140-Money and Banking (4)
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles (4)
B. A. 150-Marketing Management (4)
B. A. 151-Advertising Programs and Campaigns (3)
B. A. 157-Foreign Trade Procedure (4)
P. A. 170-Transportation I, Regulation of Transportation Services (4)
B. A. 173-Transportation IV (4) Overseas Shipping.
P. A. 180-Government and Business (4) N. H. R. 4-Regional Geography of the Canada (3)
N. H. R. 101-Land Utilization \& Agricultural Geography, United States and Continents (3)

## C. Financial Administration

A nation with a highly developed industrial system requires an effective financial organization. Production and marketing activities of business enterprises must be financed; a large volume of consumer purchases depend on credit; and the activities of local, state, and federal governments depend, in large part, on taxation and borrowing. To meet these needs a complicated structure of financial institutions, both private and public, has evolved together with a wide variety of financial instruments. The methods used are equally varied and complicated. Since the financing service is so pervasive throughout our economic life and because it is an expense which must be born by the ultimate purchaser, the management of the finance function is endowed with a high degree of public interest.
This study program is designed to give the student fundamental information concerning financing methods, institutions, and instruments; and to aid him in developing his ability to secure and evaluate pertinent facts, and to form sound judgments with reference to financial matters. Through a wise selection of subjects the student may prepare himself for positions in the commercial, savings, and investment banking fields; trust company work; credit management; investment management; corporate financial management; real estate financing; and insurance. A student may qualify himself

## BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

enter government service, e.g., in departments regulating banking prations, international finance, the issuance and sales of securities, and a mer of financial corporations owned and operated or controlled by the government
A student who wishes to form a study concentration in the field of financial administration may select, with the aid of his advisor, from the courses listed below, those that will prepare him to achieve his major bjective. These subjects are in addition to those required of all students in the College of Business and Public Administration.
con. 140-Money and Banking (4)
B. A. 140-Financial Management (4)
B. A. 142-Banking Policy and Practice (4)
B. A. 143-Credit Management (3)
B. A. 147-Business Cycle Theory (3)
B. A. 165-Office Management (3)
P. A. 140-Public Finance and Taxation (4)

Econ. 141-Theory of Money, Credit and Prices (3)
B. A. 144-Life, Group and Social Insurance (3)
B. A. 145 -Property, Casualty and Liability Insurance (3)

## D. Personnel Administration

The recent development of large scale operation on the part of both private enterprise and government has emphasized the growing vital importance of personal relationships. Successful operation depends on harmonious cooperation between employer and employee. The interests of the public, the owners, and the management, as well as those of the employees, may be greatly affected by the solutions evolved in any given case of personnel relationship. The growth of large-scale, centrally controlled labor organizations and the increased participation of governmental agencies in labor disputes have created problems for which business management, union officials, and government representatives have been, on the ment, union office, ill-prepared to solve satisfactorily. The government, the unions, and whole, ill-prepared to solve women qualified to deal effectively with these probbusiness need men and women qualied to they should have broad training and technical information in the fields of business and public administration, economics, and psychology, together with suitable personalities. They must be able to approach these problems with an open mind, unbiased by personal and class prejudices.
Personal administration has to do with the direction of human effort, it is concerned with securing, maintaining, and utilizing an effective working force. People adequately trained in personnel administration find employment in business enterprises, governmental departments, governmental corporations, educational institutions, charitable institutions, and with the armed forces.

A student may select from the following courses those which will, in addition to those required of all students in the college, best prepare him
for the kind of personnel work he wishes to enter.
Econ. 160-Labor Economics (4)
Econ. 160-Labor Economics (4)
B. A. 160-Personnel Management (4)
B. A. 162-Contemporary Trends in Labor Relations (4)
B. A. 163-Industrial Relations (4)
P. A. 161-Recent Labor Legislation and Court Decisions (3)
Econ. 130-Economics of Consumption (3) B. A. 170-Industrial Management (4)
P. A. 111-Public Personnel Administration
(3)
ych. 4-Psychology for Students of Business and Public Administration (3)
Psych. 121-Social Psychology (3)

## E. ' Accounting and Statistical Control Study Program

Internal control in modern business and governmental organizations is a major over-all administrative function. The rapid growth in size and complexity of current governmental units and business enterprises has emphasized the importance of the problems of control in management. In order to control intelligently and effectively the manifold activities of these units, it is necessary to establish an organization, formulate policies, and develop methods of procedures. In order to perform satisfactorily these managerial activities, it is necessary to have pertinent facts concerning the operations of the various units, divisions, and departments. It is the function of the accounting and statistical department to secure, analyze, classify, and, to a limited extent, interpret these facts.
The accounting and statistical study program is designed to give the student a broad training in administrative control supplemented by specific technical training in the problems, procedures, methods and techniques of accounting and statistics. If the program is followed diligently, the student may prepare himself for a career as a public accountant, tax specialist, cost accountant, auditor, budget officer, comptroller, credit manager, or treasurer.
The following study program provides courses for those wishing to concentrate in this important field:

Students majoring in accounting and statistics follow the general study program in the freshman and sophomore years.

## Junior Year

. 120 - Acconnting
B. A. 121-Cost Accounting

| Quarter |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{I}$ | II | III |  |  |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 5 | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |  |  |
| 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |  |  |
| 3 | $\cdots$ | 3 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 17 | 18 | 17 |  |  |

Senior Year
A. 123-Income Tax Accounting E
B. A. 123-Income Tax Accounting Theory and Practice..
B. A. $125-$ C. P. A. Problems
B. A. 180, 181, 182-Business Law
B. A. 183-Business Law for Accountants
P. A. 124-Governmental Accounting
B. A. 160 -Personnel Management

Electives
Physical Activities

The student interested in this field may select electives with the aid of his advisor from the following list of subjects such courses as will best meet his needs.
P. A. 114-Public Budgeting (3)
B. A. 129-Apprenticeship in Accounting
${ }^{(0)}$
B. A. 132, 133-Advanced Business Statis-
tics I and II (4 and 4)
B. A. 165-Office Management (3)
B. A. 143-Credit Management (3)
B. A. 220-Managerial Accounting (3)
B. A. 299-Thesis, 3-6 hours (arranged) B. 221, 222 - Seminar in Accounting (arranged)
B. A. 228-Research in Accounting
B. A. 2ranged)
B. A. 229 -Studies of special problems in the fields of Statistical Control (arranged)

## III. SECRETARIAL TRAINING

The development of the program of studies in Secretarial Training in the College of Business and Public Administration has been in response to the rapidly growing need for college trained secretarial and office personnel. Both men and women students are provided with the opportunity to prepare themselves for effective service in the fields of business and public activities. The major objectives of the college will be maintained and emphasized throughout the presentation of the program of studies outlined for secretarial and office training. The purpose of this curriculum is not to furnish
merely technical or vocational training, to turn out mechanical perfection in typing, filing, machine operation and stenography-but rather to aid the student in developing his or her natural aptitudes in such a way as to become an efficient secretary, or office manager. The development of the student's capacity to plan, organize, direct, and execute is isnt of the principle followed in this curriculum. This pregre execute is the guiding the young man and woman who to work, and to those who who is ambitious, naturally capable, and willing and secretarial service who realize that the positions of office management and secretarial service require much more than merely skill in typing and stenography. These are essential tools, but knowledge and skill in othe subjects are of greater importance for the more responsible position othe
The following program of study is designed to an opportunity to develop his potential aptitudes to give the capable student

## Freshman Year

Econ. 1, 2, 3-Economic Resources of the World I, II, III
Econ. 4, 5, 6 -Economic Developments I, II, III.
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition.
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking.
S. T. 10-Advanced Typewriting I
S. T. 12,
Electives

13,
14-Shorthand Principles I, II, III

Militars.
Physical Training and Physical Activities (Men)
hysical Activities and Hygiene (Women)

| Quarter |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I I$ | $I I I$ |
| 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | 2 | 2 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $2-3$ | $1-2$ | 2 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | 3 | 1 |
| 17 | 17 | 17 |

Students not having had previous training in typewriting will for S. T. 1 and 2, concurrently with Sophomore Year
B. A. 10, 11, 12-Organization and Control I, II, III
B. A. 20, 21, $22-$ Principles of Accounting I, II, III Econ. 31, 32, 33-Principles of Economics I, II, III. S. T. 11-Advanced Typewriting II.
S. T. 16, 17, 18-Advanced Shorthand I, II, III
Electives.

Electives.
Physical Activities and Physical Activities (Men)
Physical Activities (Women)

$$
\begin{array}{rrr}
2 & 2 & 2 \\
4 & 4 & 4 \\
3 & 3 & 3 \\
1 & \cdots & \cdots \\
3 & 3 & 3 \\
3 & 1-4 & 1-4 \\
4 & 4 & 4 \\
1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 17 & 17 & 17
\end{array}
$$

| Junior Year | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III |
| B. A. 130-Elements of Statistics | 4 |  |  |
| Econ. 140-Money and Banking. | 4 |  |  |
| B. A. 140-Financial Management. |  | 4 |  |
| Econ. 150-Marketing Principles | 4 |  |  |
| B. A. 150-Marketing Management. |  | 4 |  |
| Econ. 160-Labor Economics |  | 4 |  |
| B. A. 160-Personnel Management. |  |  | 4 |
| S. T. 118-Business Communications |  |  | 4 |
| B. A. 154-Retail Store Management and Merchandising |  |  | 4 |
| Electives. | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Senior Year |  |  |  |
| B. A. 180, 181, 182-Business Law I, II, III. | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| S. T. 111-Office Training. |  | 3 |  |
| B. A. 165-Office Management. |  | 3 |  |
| S. T. 119-Conference and Court Reporting |  |  | 5 |
| Electives to meet the requirements of concentration | 12 | 6 | 7 |
| Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 16 | 16 | 16 |

Combined Secretarial Training and Commercial Teaching Curriculum
Capable students may elect courses offered by the College of Education in such a manner as to qualify themselves for commercial teaching in high schools and colleges.
Typing may be taken by any-student but no university credit will be allowed unless accompanied by the corresponding course in shorthand. The special fee for typewriting is $\$ 5.00$ for each quarter. Credit for shorthand is not granted unless accompanied by satisfactory proficiency in typing.

## IV. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

The world-wide trend on the part of governments, especially strong centralized governments toward the assumption of greater responsibility for guiding, controlling, and regulating the activities of the citizenry has created a strong demand and a real need for better trained governmental personnel. This trend toward increased governmental participation in the fields of our economic, political, and social life has been developing for a number of years but more rapidly in some countries than others. The growth was pronounced in the European countries during the twenties, it grew rapidly in the United States during the thirties. Thousands of men and women are now employed in developing organizations, evaluating policies, and devising methods and procedures for administering and supervising the manifold governmental activities required in the farflung scheme of economic and social control. Our government, for example,
has now become the largest "business" enterprise in the country. The gigantic task of organization, management and control was undertaken before an adequately qualified personnel could be selected and properly trained. Federal, State, and Local Governments have called upon the universities to aid in training young men and women for effective public service. Graduates who are mentally alert, can think clearly, form critical judgments, express their thoughts and conclusions succinctly, have a well balanced mind, and who possess a professional point of view with reference to their work, are needed in a number of government divisions.
The curriculum in Public Administration is designed primarily to aid in the preparation of young men and women for technical, supervisory, and managerial positions in the various state and federal services. The particular selections of subjects in any individual case will depend on the specific position for which the student wishes to prepare. The full course resources of the University are available for this training. Courses, for example, in foreign languages, geography, history, philosophy, and government, as well as studies in social, legal, political, and economic institutions may be advisable in addition to the required courses in Business and Public Administration.
Properly qualified graduates can usually find employment in the field of their major interest. Large numbers of people trained in such technical fields as statistics, accounting, finance, personnel, marketing and transportation are employed by governmental agencies. There is a need for people trained for and interested in the various aspects of research in the social science and business administration fields. Graduates fitted by nature and equipped through proper training and experience for the broader fields of administration and management can find interesting work in governmental units and at the same time satisfy their normal desire to render a special service to society.
Some of the governmental agencies which employ college trained people are given as an illustration of the opportunities available. Many of these are within the "Civil Service" System, such federal agencies as the Social Security Board; Central Statistical Board; Federal Trade Commission; National Resources Committee; Federal Housing Administration; Federal Reserve Board; Reconstruction Finance Corporation; Tennessee Valley Corporation; Bureau of Agricultural Economics; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Bureau of the Census; Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce; and the Division of Research and Statistics in the Treasury Department demand the services of many professionally and technically trained people. The Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, State, Labor, and Treasury use many college trained men and women.

The undergraduate student who expects to make his concentration in the field of Public Administration will find the following curriculum serviceable:
P. A. $110-$ Principles

Econ. 160-Labor Economics
Econ. 140-Money and Banking.
B. A. 140-Financial Management

Econ. 130-Elements of Statistics
Econ. 150-Marketing Principle
P. A. 184-Public Utilities.
B. A. 131-Business Statistics..........................
P. A. 137

Electives.
Electives..............

## Senior Year

Senior Year 4
P. A. 180-Government and Business................
P. A. 126-The Government and Social Security
P. A. 141-International Finance and Exchange
P. A. 140-Public Finance and Taxation..

Econ. 132-Advanced Economic Principles .
Econ. 134-Contemporary Economic Thought
Econ. 131-Comparative Economic Systems
Electives (to be selected in terms of the student's primary objective with the aid of his advisor).
Physical Activities

|  | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 戒家: | I | II | III |
| Freshman Year | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| English 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition..... | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Pol. Sci. 1-American Nat | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Foreign Language ....... Resources I, II, III. | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Econ. 1, 2, 3-Economic Developments |  | 3 |  |
| Econ. ${ }^{\text {Psych. }}$ 1-Introduction to Psychology |  |  | 3 |
| Psyc. 1,3 or 5-Sociology ........................ | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Military Training and Physical Activities (Men) | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Hygiene and Physical Activities (Wom) | 16-17 | 16-17 | 16-17 |

Sophomore Year
Eng. 7, 8-Expository Writing (or Eng. 4, 5, 6) Eng. 7, 8-Exp $1,2-$ Public Speaking.
Speech
con. 31, 32, 33-
Foreign Languag ..................................
Pol. Sci. 4-State and Local Government.
Pol. Sci.-Selection from Pol. Sci. 7, 8, 9, 10
B. A. 10

Electives............................................
Physical Activities (Women)

| 2 | $\cdots$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 4 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 17 | 17 |

Junior Year
P. A. 110-Principles of Public Administration....................... 3

## III

Freshman Year

Econ. 1, 2, 3-Economic Resoures 1,
Psych. 1-Introduction to Psychology
Soc. 1, 3 or 5-Sociology.
..........tivities (Men).

Selection of electives may be made from the foilowing courses:
P. A. 124-Governmental Accounting (4) P. A. 214-Problems of Public Personne
P. A. 161 -Recent Labor Legislation and

Court Decisions (4)
P. A. 170-Transportation I, Regulation of

Transportation Services (4)
. A. 114-Public Budgeting (3)
P. A. 126-Government and Social Security (4)
H. 135-Constitutional History of the

United States (3-3)
. A. 201 -Seminar in International Or-
ganization (3)
P. A. 213-Problems of Public Administra-
tion (3)
If the student expects to enter the foreign service he should be well grounded in the language, geography, history, and politics of the region of his anticipated location as well as in the general principles and practices of business operations. It should be recognized that only a limited training can be secured during the undergraduate period. When more specialized or more extensive preparation is required, graduate work should be planned. The individual program, in either instance, however, should be worked out under the guidance of a faculty advisor.

## V. NATURAL AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Agriculture, industry, trade, social customs and politics of a given geographical region are influenced to a great extent by the natural resources of that area. Climatic conditions, topography, mineral deposits, water power, soils and other physical factors largely determine the economic possibilities of a country. The characteristics of the philosophy, political ideals and degrees of technological maturity of the people within a given geographical unit, in turn, determine in large measure the degree of effectiveness with which the natural resources are utilized. The standard of living, the purchasing power, and the political outlook of the inhabitants of a country are, in the main, the result or the expression of the interrelationship existing between the people and their physical environment.
The curriculum of the Department of Natural and Human Resources is designed to aid the student in securing the facts concerning the major geographical areas of the world and in studying and analyzing causes and results as they affect economic, political, and social activities. The student interested in international trade, international political relations, diplomacy, overseas governments and national aspirations will find the courses in this department of great practical value. Work is offered on both the undergraduate and the graduate levels. Considerable emphasis is placed on research activity on the part of faculty members and graduate students.
The student interested in this field of human endeavor should select his courses from those listed below with the aid of a faculty member who is
onversant with his objective and the requirements for success in this field. conversant with his essential courses as foreign language, history, geograThe selection of social customs should be made in terms of the phy, government, and social customs expects to operate.
geographical area in which the stud N.H.R.111-South America (3)
N. H. R. 4-Regional Geography of the N. H. R.
N. H. R. 61, 62, 63-Economic Geography N. H. R
(9)
N. H. R.
(9) R 100 Physical Resources of the N. H. R. States and Canada (3)

United States and Utilization and AgriN. H. R. 101-Land United States and cultural (3)
Canada (3)
N. H. R. 102-The Geography of ManufacN. 1 .R. in the United States and Canada (3)
N. H. R. 110-Middle America (3)
N. H. R.
L. H. R. America (3)
N. H. R. 120, 121-Economic Geography of Europe (6)
N. H. R.122-Economic Geography of Africa (3)
.H. R. 203 Advanced Physiography (3) N. H. R 204 Advanced Climatology (3) N. H. R. 221-Seminar in Regional Geogra-
phy ( $3,3,3$ )
N. H. R. 222-Research Work

## COLLEGE OF EDUCATION <br> \section*{Arnold E. Joyal, Acting Dean}

Alma Frothingham, Secretary
Along with all other institutions, public education
of war's demands. There is great present need for feels acutely the impact of the Maryland the University of Maryland, with the hers. The College maintain the surd State Department of Education, is hoing ty cooperation of trained teachers for the schools.

## Types of Persons Served

The College of Educ
students: (1) undergraduates meets the needs of the following classes of tory schools, and vocational separing to teach in high schools, preparateachers who wish to supplement; (2) present or prospective elementary for educational work in the trades their training; (3) students preparing to become home demonstrators, club or industries; (4) students preparing (in cooperation with the Dors, club or community recreation leaders, and graduate students preparing for tent of Sociology) social workers; (5) positions requiring an advang for teaching, supervisory, or administrativ) are in other fields, but whonced degree; (6) students whose major interests

## Special Facilities

Because of
capital, unusual faciliti of the University in the suburbs of the nation' students and faculty. Ther study of education are available to its of Education, and special libraries of Congress, the library of the Office sible, as well as the information services government agencies are accesciation, American Council on Education of the National Education Assoother institutions, public and private. The school systems Education, and Columbia and suburban counties of Maryland offer systems of the District
Requirements for Admission
The requirements fon
the same as for the other admission to the College of Education are in general mission whose high school records are consistently low. Candidates for adnot to seek admission to the College of Education low are strongly advised

## Guidance in Registration

## At the time of matric

member of the faculty whion each student is tentatively assigned to a choice of subject areas within acts as the student's personal adviser. The the selection of his professional chich the student will prepare to teach and during the first year in the Introduction to Educationder faculty guidance all freshmen. While in particularly fortunate to eation course, required of make satisfactory adjustments as late as thate cases it may be possible to
other colleges who have not already entered upon the sequence of professional courses, it is highly desirable that this work in the College of Education be begun in the freshman year. Students who propose to teach (except Vocational Agriculture) should register in the College of Education, in order that they may have continuously the counsel and guidance of the faculty which is directly responsible for their professional preparation.
Junior Status
The first two years of college work are preparatory to the professional work of the junior and senior years. To be eligible to enter the professional courses, a student must have attained junior status, that is, he must have completed 96 quarter-hours of freshman-sophomore courses with an average grade of C or better.

## Education Courses in Baltimore

The majority of the professional courses and some of the arts and sciences courses required for undergraduate preparation in Education are offered in Baltimore in late afternoon and evening courses primarily for employed people. On a part time basis, a student may complete some or all of his work for a Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science degree in Education in the Baltimore Division of the College of Education. Through special arrangement with the Graduate School, graduate courses are also available for students working on masters' and doctors' degrees in education.
A separate announcement of these courses is issued in the spring of each year. This announcement may be obtained from the Baltimore Division, College of Education, University of Maryland, Lombard and Greene Streets, Baltimore 1, Maryland.

## Certification of Secondary School Teachers

The State Department of Education certifies to teach in the approved high schools of the State only graduates of approved colleges who have satisfactorily fulfilled subject-matter and professional requirements. Specifically it limits certification to graduates who "rank academically in the upper four-fifths of the class and who make a grade of C or better in practice teaching." (See Maryland School Bulletin, Vol. 23, No. 3.)
From the offerings in Education, the District of Columbia requirement of 36 quarter hours of professional courses may be fully met.

## Degrees

The degrees conferred upon students who have met the conditions prescribed for a degree in the College of Education are Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science. Upon completion of a minimum of 195 quarter hours of credit in conformity with the requirements specified under "Curricula" and in conformity with general requirements of the University, the appropriate degree will be conferred.

## CURRICULA AND REQUIRED COURSES

There are seve
(1) Academic, which is select in College of Education, as follows of English, social studies, sciences, mathents who wish to become teacher ness Education; (3) Elementary Education; (4) or languages; (2) Busition; (5) Nursery School Education; (6) Industrial Economics Educa Physical Education.
The following m
English-9 quarter hours. requirements are common to all curricula mathematics- 9 quarter hours; studies- 18 quarter hours; science or Voice and Diction-3 quarter hours; physical 30 quarter hours; Speech $2-$ as required by the University.
In order to be admitted to
a student must have a grado a course in student teaching (Ed. 139 or 140) courses in education and in point average of 2.275. Marks in all required
Exceptions to curricular requiremer and minor must be C or higher. cation must have the approval of the student's rules of the College of Edu-保
Students
requirements which are normally fulfilled will meet the following general
(1) English, 18 quarter hours.
(2) Foreign language for can

18 quarter hours provided thes for the bachelor of arts degree: ears of foreign language cre student enters with less than thre three years of such credits. (No quarter hours, if he enters with any student who enters with four foreign language is required of candidates for the bachelor of four years of language credits nor of
(3) Social sciences (history
science), 18 quarter hours.
(4) Science or
(5) Education 30 quarter hours.

All students, 30 quarter hours.
All students who elect the academic education curriculum will fulfill the school subjects which subject matter fields called majors pletes one major and one minor major and minor are detailed under "Specific Requirequirements for each

The specific requir
English. A major in
Survey and Composition $\begin{aligned} & \text { English requires } 54 \text { quarter hours as follows: }\end{aligned}$
Survey of American Literature..................................... 18 quarter hours
Electives
9 quarter hours
27 quarter hours

A minor in English requires 39 quarter hours. It includes the 27 hours prescribed for the major and 12 hours of electives.
Electives must be chosen with the approval of the adviser who will guide the student in terms of College of Education records and recommendations of the English Department.
Social Sciences. For a major in this group, 54 quarter hours are required, of which at least 27 hours must be in history including 9 hours in American history and 9 hours in European history. Nine of the 27 hours must be in advanced courses. For a minor in the group, 36 hours are required, of which 27 are the same as specified above, and 9 of which must be in advanced courses.
History (including Survey of Western Civilization and
American History)
27 quarter hours
Economics or sociology 9 quarter hours
Electives ...................................................... 18 quarter hours
For a minor, the requirements are the same less the electives.
Modern Languages. All students whose major is in modern languages are required to take Comp. Lit. 101-Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature, and they are strongly advised to take the review course (Fr. 99, Ger. 99, Span. 99). The following courses are recommended: H. 1, 2-Survey of Western Civilization; Phil. 1-Fundamentals of Philosophy; Comp. Lit. 104-Old Testament as Literature; Eng. 113, 114Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age; Comp. Lit. 105, 106-Romanticism in France and Germany. For a major in German, Eng. 106-Old Eng lish and Eng. 103-Beowulf.
Specific requirements for the major in the different languages are as follows: French-Fr. 61, 62, 63, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77,'and three additional year courses in literature in the 100 group; German-Ger. 61, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, and three additional year courses in the 100 group; SpanishSpan. 61, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, and at least twenty-four hours in the 100 group.
Classical Languages. Both a major and minor are offered in Latin consisting of 45 and 30 quarter hours respectively. The courses are chosen with the advice of the Department of Foreign Languages and Literatures.
Mathematics. A major in Mathematics requires 54 quarter hours as follows:
Math. 7-Solid Geometry................................... 3 quarter hours Math. 15, 16, 17-Algebra, Trigonometry, Analytical Ge-

15 quarter hours
Math. 20, 21, 22-Calculus................................. 15 quarter hours
Electives (Mathematics or physical sciences)............. 21 quarter hours
For a minor the requirements are the same less the electives.

Electives will be chosen by the student after consultation with the College of Education and the department of mathematics.
Nine of the 54 hours required for a major should be in courses numbered 100 or above
Students who pass an examination in solid geometry may be excused from Math. 7.
Science. In general science a major of 60 quarter hours and a minor 45 quarter hours are offered, each including elementary courses in chem. istry, physics, and biology (zoology and botany). The major should includ one of the following programs.
Program I, emphasizing chemistry: Math. 15, 16, 17; Chem. 1, 3, 5, 19 31, 32, 33, 34, 101, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186; Phys. 1, 2; Zool. 1; Bot. 1 Bact. 1.
Program II, emphasizing physics: Math. 15, 16, 17; Chem. 1, 3, 5; Phys. 3, 4, 5, and 9 quarter hours of physics chosen from Phys. 104 to Phys. 111; Zool. 1; Bot. 1; Bact. 1.

Program III, emphasizing botany: Chem. 1, 3, 5; Phys. 1 and 2 or Phys. 6, 7, 8; Zool. 1; Bot. 1, 2, 50, 101; Plt. Phys. 102; Bact. 1.

Program IV, emphasizing zoology. Chem. 1, 3, 5; Phys. 1 and 2 or Phys. 6, 7, 8; Zool. 2, 3, 14, 15, 7, 121 or 104, 75, 76; Bot. 1; Bact. 1.
Minors of thirty quarter hours are offered in chemistry, in physics, and in biological sciences. A minor in biology must be supported by a course in chemistry (Chem. 1 and 2 or 7 and 9 ). A minor in physics must be supported by a basic course in chemistry (Chem. 1 and 2). A minor in chemistry must be supported by a basic course in physics (Phys. 1 and 2).

If a major in general science is accompanied by a minor in chemistry, physics, or biology, the same credits may be applied to both provided that they number not less than 78 quarter hours in natural sciences.

## Academic Education Curriculum

## Freshman Year

Ed. 2-Introduction to Education.
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition Speech 3-Voice and Diction
M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. I (Men) P. E.-Physical Activities. P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I, II (Women) $\qquad$

| Sophomore Year | uarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III |  |
|  |  | 1 | or | 1 |
| Ed. 3-Educational Foru | 3 | 3 |  | 3 |
| Eng. 4, 5, 6-Survey and Composition.... | 3 | 3 |  | 3 |
| M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R. O. T. C. II (Men) | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| General requirements |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |
| Major and minor requi |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Electives | 17-18 | 17-18 |  | 7-18 |

Total

| Junior Year | 5 | $\ldots$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Psych. 80-Educational Psychology |  |  |  |
| Ed. 112-Educational Sociology ....... | 3 |  |  |
|  | .... | 3 |  |
| Ed. 120, 122, 124, 126, or 128-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation | 1 | 1 |  |
| P. E.-Physical Act |  |  |  |
| General requirements |  | $\ldots$ |  |
| Major and minor requir |  |  |  |
| Electives | 16-18 | 16-18 | 16 |

Total

Senior Year
Ed. 105-Educational Measurement
Ed. 139-Methods and Practice of Teaching or
Ed. 140-Methods and Practice of Teaching.
P. E.-Physical Activities

Major and minor requirements


Total

## Business Education Curriculum

Freshman Year
Ed. 2-Introduction to Education.
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition.
S. T. 1, 2-Principles of Typewritin
S. T. 10-Advanced Iypewriting $1 . \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

Econ. 1, 2, 3-Economic Developments I, II, III.
Econ. 4, 5 , 6-Econ Hestern Civilization
M. I, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. I (Men).
P. E.-Physical Activities.
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene I, II (Women).
P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene 1, II (Women) .......................................

Electives
Total

## Sophomore Year

Eng. 7, 8, 9-Expository Writin
S. T. 12, 13, 14-Shorthand Principles I, II, III. S. T. 11-Advanced Typewriting II
Econ. 31, 32, 33-Principles of Economics I, II, III
B. A. 20, 21, 22-Principles of Accounting I, II, III
Speech 3-Voice and Diction
. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. II (Men)
Total
II III
$\cdots$
$\cdots$
4

## Junior Year


Ed. 103-Theory of the Senior High School or.
Ed. 110-Theory of the Junior High School.
Ed. 150-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Business Subjects.
B. A. 10, 11, 12-Organization and Control I, II, III
S. T. 16, 17, 18-Advanced Shorthand I, II, III.

Econ. 140-Money and Banking
. T. 111-Office Training
Total .
Total ..
Senior Year
Ed. 105-Educational Measurements.
Ed. 140-Methods and Practice of Teaching or
Ed. 139-Methods and Practice of Teaching.
B. A. 180, 181, 182-Business Law I, II, III.
P. E--Physical Activities......

Total .
(twormal school graduates) are as follows: Etry phondology)- 15 quarter istry, phys hours, social scerter hours. Electives to be chosen according to individual need and approved by adviser.
Additional curriculum requirements for students who enter with approximately 144 quarter hours ( 96 semester hours) of advanced standing (threemater normal school graduates) are as follows:
Education-3 quarter hours; English-9 quarter hours; science (as bove)-9 quarter hours; social science (as above)-12 quarter hours. Electives-as above.

## Home Economics Education

The Home Economics Education curriculum is designed for students who praring to teach vocational or general home economics or to engage are prophe ing methods. It includes studies of all phases of home economics and the ied sciences, with professional training for teaching these subjects. Electives may be chosen from other colleges.
Electives may for additional training and practice is given through directed Opportunity for ada
teaching and through experience in the home managem the College of EducaStudents electing this curriculum may regichts will be certified for gradtion or the College of Home Economics. Students wirements of this curriculum.

Home Economics Education Curriculum
Freshman Year
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition..
Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey Chem. 1, 2-General Chemistry.
Chem. 1, 2-Genera
H. E. 10-Textiles.
H. E. 70-Design.
H. E. ${ }^{\text {H0-Design........... }}$
H. E. 71 -Costume Design ........
H. E. 1-Home Economics II.
P. E.-Physical Activities..

Math 0-Basic Mathematics.
Speech 3-Voice and Diction
Ed. 2-Introduction to Education.
Electives .

| I | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | 5 | 5 |
| 5 | .... | .... |
|  | 3 | $\ldots$ |
|  | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| 1 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 2 | 2 | .... |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0-1 | .. |  |
|  | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| 3 | $\cdots$ | 3 |
|  | - | -- |
| 15 | 17 | 18 |


| Sophomore Year | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | II |
| Phys. 6, 7. 8-Introductory Physics. | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Chem. 31, 33-Elements of Organic Chemistry | 3 | 3 |  |
| H. E. 20A or B-Clothing.... | 3 |  |  |
| H. E. 31, 32, 33-Foods. | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities. | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics. |  |  | 5 |
| Soc. 3-Contemporary Social Problems. |  |  | 3 |
| Bot. 1-Introductory Botany. |  | 5 |  |
| Electives | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Total | 17 | 18 | 18 |
| Junior Year |  |  |  |
| H. E.-150, 151-Home Management. |  | 3 | 3 |
| H. E. 135-Nutrition. | 5 |  |  |
| H. E. 122-Draping. . |  |  | 5 |
| H. E. 130-Food Economics. |  | 3 |  |
| H. E. 131-Meal Service... |  | 3 |  |
| H. E. Ed. 101-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Home Economics |  |  |  |
| Psych. 80-Educational Psychology. | 5 | .... |  |
| Bact. 50-Household Bacteriology. |  |  | 5 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities...... | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| H. E. 74-Survey of Art History. |  |  | 3 |
| Electives |  | 5 |  |
| Total | 16 | 15 | 17 |
| Senior Year |  |  |  |
| H. E. 152-Home Management..... | 3 |  |  |
| H. E. 153-Practice in Management of the Home |  | 3 |  |
| H. E. 170, 171-Interior Design. | 3 | 3 |  |
| H. E. 132-Demonstrations. ........... |  |  | 3 |
| H. E. Ed. 103-Teaching Secondary Vocational Home Economics. 5 | or 9 |  |  |
| H. E. Ed. 106, 107-Problems in Teaching Home Economics. |  | 2 | 2 |
| H. E. Ed. 102-Child Study. . |  |  | 5 |
| Ed. 105-Educational Measurements | $\ldots$ | 3 |  |
| Ed. 112-Educational Sociology. |  |  | 3 |
| Ed. 110-Theory of the Junior High School or |  | 3 |  |
| Ed. 103-Theory of the Senior High School. | 3 |  |  |
| P. E.-Physical Activities. ....... | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 5-19 | 15 | 14 |

Nursery School Curriculum
The nursery school curriculum has as its goal the preparation of nursery The thers. It is also planned to further the personal development of che student and to give training in homemaking

|  |  | arter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III |
| Freshman | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition. |  | 5 | 5 |
| Chem. 1, 2-General Chemistry | 5 |  |  |
| H. E. 10-Textiles |  | 3 | ${ }^{\cdots}$ |
| H. E. 70-Design |  |  | 3 |
| H. E. 71 -Costume Design.. | 3 | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| Ed. 2-Introduction to Education |  | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| Speech 4-Voice and Diction. | 3 |  |  |
| Soc. 1-Contemporary Social P | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| P. E. 42, 44-Hygiene 1, | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| Electives | 17 | 17 | 17 |

Total

Sophomore
H. E. 31, 32, 33-Foods.
H. E. 34-Elements of Nutrition

Soc. 5 -Comparative Sociology
Soc. 5-Comparative 61-Marriage and the Family.
Psych. 1-Introduction to Psychology.
Psych. 18-Child Psychology
Psych. 80-Educational Psychology .
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives
Total

Junio
3
H. E. 150, 151, 152-Home Management
H. E. 130-Food Economic
H. E. 131
H. E. Ed. 104-Nursery School Techniques
H. E. Ed. 102-Child Study
H. E. Ed. 111-Play and Play Materials.

Zool. 16-Human Physiology
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives
Total
(t) Child Nutrition or to do research work should take
*Students wishing to major in Chind and Nutrition (H. E. 135) in place of H. E. 34-
Elements of Organic C

|  | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Senior | $I$ | II | 111 |
| H. E. 153-Practice in Management of the Home. | 3 |  |  |
| H. E. Ed. 103-Teaching Nursery School |  | 5-9 |  |
| H. E. 121-Children's Clothing | 3 | .... |  |
| H. E. 138-Child Nutrition ......... |  |  | 4 |
| H. E. Ed. 112, 113, 114-Creative Expression-Literature, Art, |  |  |  |
| Music, Science .... | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| H. E. 132-Demonstrations |  | 3 |  |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Electives .................................................... | 7 | 4-0 | 9 |
| Total | 17 | 16 | 17 |

Suggested Electives:
Freshman-History, Clothing, Development of the Human Body,
Sophomore-Rural or Urban Sociology, Individual Differences, Household Bacteriology. Junior-Juvenile Delinquency, Mental Hygiene
Senior-Psychology of the Adolescent, Political Science.

## Industrial Education

The program of studies in Industrial Education provides: (a) a fouryear curriculum leading to the degree of bachelor of science in industrial arts and vocational education; (b) a program of professional courses to prepare teachers to meet the certification requirements in vocational and occupational schools; (c) a program of courses for the improvement of teachers in service.

The entrance requirements are the same as for the other curricula offered in the University. Experience in some trade or industrial activity will benefit students preparing to teach industrial subjects. The curriculum is designed to prepare teachers of trade and industrial shop and related subjects, and teachers of industrial arts. There is sufficient latitude of electives so that a student may also meet certification requirements in some other high school subject. Students entering an industrial education curriculum must register in the College of Education.

## Industrial Education Curriculum

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Freshman Year } \\
& \text { Ind. Ed. 1-Mechanical Drawing........ } \\
& \text { Ind. Ed. 21-Mechanical Drawing....... } \\
& \text { Ind. Ed. 2-Elementary Wodworking. } \\
& \text { Ind. Ed. 22-Machine Woodworking.... } \\
& \text { Ind. Ed. 42-Machine Woodworking.... } \\
& \text { Ed. 2-Introduction to Education....... } \\
& \text { Speech 3-Voice and Diction........... } \\
& \text { Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition.. } \\
& \text { Math. 10-Algebra .................. } \\
& \text { Math. 11-Trigonometry (Plane)...... } \\
& \text { History or Social Science............... } \\
& \text { M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men). } \\
& \text { P. E.-Physical Activities............. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Total



Total
Junior Year
ded Metal Work
Ind. Ed. 67-Cold Metal Work............ Practice.
Ind. Ed. 69-Elementary
Ind. Ed. 110-Foundry.............
Ind. Ed. 16 -Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Industrial na. Eaction
Esych. 80-Educational Psychology
Ed. 112-Educational Sociology-Introductory
Ed. 103-Theory of the Senior High School or Ed. 110-Theory of the Junior High School
Phys. 6, 7, 8-Introductory Physics
History or social science.
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives
Total
Senior Year
Mahine Shop. ....................

Ind. Ed. 164-Shop Organization and

. 110 Secondary Schools..
13-Methods and Practice of Teaching
con. 37-Fundamentals of Economics.
. E-Physical Activities.
Electives
Total

Physical Education Curriculum for Women


Curriculum in Physical Education for Men*

| Freshman Year | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zool. 1-General Zoology | $I$ | II | III |
| Bact. 1-General Bacteriology | 5 |  |  |
| Zool. 14-Human Anatomy. |  | 5 |  |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition. |  |  | 5 |
| P. E. 30-History and Principles of Physical Ed | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 | 3 |
| Ed. 2-Introduction to Education.................. | 5 |  |  |
| P. E. 40-Health-Personal Hygien |  | 3 |  |
| P. E. 50-Health-Community Hygien |  | 3 |  |
| P. E. 31, 33, 35-Physical Education Leadershi |  |  | 3 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities ............ | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| M. I. 1, 2, 3-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Total | - |  |  |

Sophomore Year
Zool. 15-Physiology
P. E. 70-Physiology of Exercise
P. E. 80-Kinesiology
P. E. 60-Theory and Practice of Gymnastics
P. E. 51-Mass Games Programs
P. E. 53-Organization of Intra Murals.

Speech 4-Voice and Dictio
P. E. 41, 43, 45-Varsity
P. E. 41, 43, 45-Varsity Game Skills
M. I. 4, 5, 6-Basic R O

Total ..
Junior Year
Psych. 80-Education Psychology
Ed. 105-Educational Measurements and Tests in Physical Educa
Ed. 112-Educational Sociology
Ed. 110 (Ed. 103)-Theory of Junior (Senior) High School
P. E. 141, 143, 145-Varsity Team Organization
P. E. 133, 135, 137-Advanced Physical Education Leadersh
P. E. 161-Yirst Aid and Accident Prevention
P. E. 161-Youth Organizations
E. 142-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Physical Edu-
cation
P. E.-Physical Activities

Total 16-18 $\overline{16-18} \quad \overline{16-1}$

Senior Year
P. E. 120-Mental Hygiene and Physical Education
P. E. 120-Mental Hygiene and Physical Eaucation.................
P. E. 171-Coordination and Administration of Physical Education
P. E. 140 -Therapeutics .
P. E. $150-$ Recreative Dance..........
P. E. 160 - Community and Industrial Recreation.

Ed. 139-140-Practice Teaching, Major and Minor.
P. E. Physical Activities

Total mance with the general minimum requirements of the Education, nine hours of social studies are required. The following courses are recommended: Introduction to Sociology, Juvenile Delinquency, Municipal Government.

Students who carry a major in another teaching field and who wish to prepare to coach interscholastic athletics may develop a minor in physical education by taking the following courses:
P. E. 30-History and Principles of Physical Education.................. 5
P. E. 171-Coordination and Administration of Physical Education. .... 3
P. E. 1-12-Physical Education Activities. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12
P. E. 40—Health (Personal Hygiene) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3
P. E. 110-First Aid and Accident Prevention................................. 5
P. E. 181-Training and Conditioning. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2
P. E. 120-Mental Hygiene and Physical Education........................... 3
P. E. 41, 43, 45-Varsity Game Skills. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
P. E. 141, 143, 145—Varsity Team Organization. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Ed. 142-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Physical Education 5

## COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

S. S. Steinberg, Dean.

Margaret G. Engle, Secretary to Dean.
The activities of the College of Engineering during the present emergency are all directed toward furthering the war effort. These activities include training civilian students to practice the profession of Engineering; giving special courses for personnel in the armed forces; holding training classes for adults to expedite production in war industries; and conducting research on vital war problems in the several engineering fields.
The College of Engineering includes the Departments of Chemical, Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering. In the Mechanical Engineering Department an option in Aeronautical Engineering is offered in the junior and senior years. In order to give the student time to choose the branch of engineering for which he is best adapted, the freshman year of the several courses is the same. Lectures and conferences are used to guide the student to make a proper selection. The courses differ only slightly in the sophomore year, but in the junior and senior years the students are directed definitely along professional lines.

## Admission Requirements

The requirements for admission to the College of Engineering are, in general, the same as elsewhere described for admission to the undergraduate departments of the University, except as to the requirements in mathematics. See Admission, Section I.
It is possible, however, for high school graduates having the requisite number of entrance units to enter the College of Engineering without the unit of advanced algebra, or the one-half unit of solid geometry. The program for such students would be as follows: during the first term, five hours a week would be devoted to making up advanced algebra and solid geometry; in the second term, mathematics of the first term would be scheduled, and the second term mathematics would be taken in the third term.

## Bachelor Degrees in Engineering

Courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science are offered in chemical, civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering, and mechanical engineering with aeronautical option, respectively.

## Master of Science in Engineering

The degree of Master of Science in Engineering may be earned by students registered in the Graduate School who hold bachelor degrees in engineering, which represent an amount of preparation and work similar to that required for bachelor degrees in the College of Engineering of the University of Maryland.

Candidates for the degree of Master of Science in Engineering are cepted in accordance with the procedure and requirements of the Graduate School. See Graduate School, Section II.

## Professional Degrees in Engineering

The degrees of Chemical Engineer, Civil Engineer, Electrical Engineer, and Mechanical Engineer will be granted only to graduates of the University who have obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering. The applicant must satisfy the following conditions:

1. He shall have engaged successfully in acceptable engineering work not less than four years after graduation.
2. He must be considered eligible by a committee composed of the Dean of the College of Engineering and the heads of the Departments of Chemical, Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering.
3. His registration for a degree must be approved at least twelve months prior to the date on which the degree is to be conferred. He shall present with his application a complete report of his engineering experience and an outline of his proposed thesis.
4. He shall present a satisfactory thesis on an approved subject.

## Equipment

The Engineering buildings are provided with lecture-rooms, recitationrooms, drafting-rooms, laboratories, and shops for various phases of engineering work.
Drafting-Rooms. The drafting-rooms are fully equipped for practical work. The engineering student must provide himself with an approved drawing outfit, material, and books.
Chemical Engineering Laboratories. For instruction and research, the Chemical Engineering Department maintains laboratories for (1) General Testing and Control; (2) Unit Operations; (3) Cooperative Research; (4) Graduate Research.
General Testing and Control Laboratory. In this laboratory there is available complete equipment for the chemical and physical testing of water, gases, coal, petroleum, and their by-products; and for general industrial chemicals, both inorganic and organic.
Unit Operations Laboratory. This laboratory contains equipment for the study of fluid flow, heat flow, drying filtration, distillation, evaporation, crushing, grinding, combustion, gas absorption, extraction, and centrifuging. Organic process equipment includes an autoclave, nitrator, reducer, and mixing kettle. For the study of fluid flow a permanent hydraulic asembly is available, and this includes flow meters of most types.

In the laboratory there is a large column still with a kettle capacity of 100 gallons, equipped for the measurement of temperature and pressure, sampling devices, condensers, and vacuum receivers, This still is so designed that it can be used either as a batch type unit, continuous feed type, direct pot still, steam still, or as a vacuum still. Studies in evaporation can be made on a double effect evaporator, one unit of which is equipped with a horizontal tube bundle and the other with a vertical tube bundle, This evaporator is equipped with vacuum and pressure gauges, stirrer, wet vacuum pump, a condensate pump, and a salt filter with different types of packings in respective sections so that comparative studies may be made. The organic process equipment is all self-driven and designed to afford flexibility in use. Filtration studies may be made either on a large plate and frame press or on the ordinary Sweetland type press. Gas absorption equipment includes a blower and a stoneware packed column. Combustion equipment available consists of an industrial carburetor, pot furnace, premix gas fired furnace and the usual gas analysis equipment. Shop facilities include a lathe, drill press, grinder, welding equipment, and other tools necessary for unit operation and research studies. For grinding there is a jaw crusher, a disc crusher, and a ball mill. A mechanical shaker and standard sieve are available.for particle size separation.
Cooperative and Graduate Research Laboratories. These laboratories are arranged to permit the installation of such special equipment as the particular problems under consideration may require. Effort is made to maintain cooperation with the industries of Maryland and the Chemical Engineering activities of the State and Federal governments; for such work important advantages accrue because of the location of the Eastern Experiment Station of the United States Bureau of Mines on the University campus.
Electrical Machinery Laboratories. There is provided a motor-generator set, consisting of a synchronous motor and a compound direct-current generator with motor and generator control panels, to furnish direct current for testing purposes. Through a distribution switchboard, provision is made for distributing to the various laboratories direct current at 125 volts, and alternating current, single-phase, and three-phase, at 110 and 220 volts.
High-current potential dividers and auto-transformers are available at the testing stations for individual voltage control. A single-phase induction regulator with control panel is also available for voltage regulation of experimental circuits. At the individual testing stations, use is made of specially constructed instrument tables which are designed to facilitate measurements in fundamental, direct-current machinery, and alternatingcurrent machinery experiments.

The test equipment includes a variety of direct- and alternating-current generators and motors, distribution transformers, a synchronous converter, an induction regulator, and modern control apparatus. Most of the machines are of modern construction and of such size and design as to give
typical performance characteristics. Flexibility of operation is provided in several ways: for example, direct-current machines and alternating-current machines are mounted on common bases with provisions for easy mechanmal coupling and any machine may be readily connected electrically to any ical coumine through a common distribution panel. Metering and control other machine through ar rapid change of operating conditions with any boards are provided for rapid chang are available for machine testing.
machine. Water-cooled prony beake are the measuring instruments essential Included alters, for pracicers, frequency meters, tachometers, stroboscopes, Wheatstone bridges, impedance bridges, and oscillographs.
Illumination Laboratory. The equipment includes electric lamps, shades, and reflectors of various types; bar photometers for determination of candle-power distribution of incandescent lamps; and four types of portable photometers for the measurement of illumination intensities. Several rather large fluorescent light installations are available for study in nearby rooms.
Electrical Measurements Laboratory. The calibrating equipment consists f standards of potential and resistance which are used in conjunction with modern potentiometers to maintain calibration of a standard ammeter, voltmeter, and watthourmeter. Secondary standards of potential, resistance, inductance, capacitance, and frequency are available. Auxiliary devices such as oscillators, amplifiers, rectifiers, wavemeters, bridges, and galvanometers are also available.
A five-machine motor-generator set delivers voltages and currents, both alternating and direct, to test tables for meter testing. Equipment is also available for the experimental study of electric and magnetic fields, nonlinear circuit elements and other topics in the field of electricity and magnetism.
Electronics Laboratory. This laboratory is housed in the same room as the measurements laboratory thereby permitting direct use of the measurements equipment. A wide variety of vacuum tubes, gas-filled tubes, and photo-tubes is provided for studying tube characteristics. Associated equipment is also provided for making quantitative studies of emission, rectification, amplification, and oscillation. This equipment includes cathoderay oscillographs, vacuum-tube voltmeters, microvoltmeters, and driving oscillators.

Electrical Communications Laboratory. Equipment for studying both wire and wireless communication is provided. Transmission circuits, including artificial lines, filter sections, attenuation sections, and coupling devices are provided. A transmission loss or gain set is available.
Rectifiers, amplifiers, oscillators, and a demonstration radio set are provided for making radio communication studies.

Mechanical Engineering Laboratories. The apparatus consists of slide valve automatic steam engines equipped with Prony brakes, steam turbinegenerator set, Waukesha Diesel engine research unit with electric dynamometer and other accessories, two-stage steam-driven air compressor, fans, engines, fans, pumps, indicators, gauges, feed water heaters, steam condensers, tachometers, injectors, flow meters, pyrometers draft conplanimeters, thermometers, and the meters, pyrometers, draft gauges, for a mechanical engineering laboratory necessary apparatus and equipment ing and ventilation unit have been installed.
Aeronautical Laboratory. The labor
esearch in engines, metal aircraftoratory is equipped for practice and tion and noise, and metal aircraft construction, structural tests, vibrafully equipped with balances and a three-foot return type wind tunnel, ated, has been constructed for standard instruments and electrically operfor student thesis research.
research.
ures in aluminum equipped to construct components of aircraft strucequipment as automatic air steel is available. This shop includes such ing shears, rolls, also available for students ineating furnace, etc. A small machine shop is speed motors are available for experiments inesearch apparatus. Variable

The laboratory also includes and noise.
thousand-pound Baldwin-Southwark arch spot welding machine, a sixtyTuckerman gauges, oscillographs with aircraft universal testing machine jack system for static testing.
Hydraulics Laboratory. T
centrifugal pumps, measu. The equipment consists of electrically driven nozzles, Pelton water wheel tanks, various types of weirs, venturi meters, use, hook gauges, dial gauges, tany brake built especially for laboratory ratus necessary for the study of the flow characteristics, and other appa-
fow characteristics of water.
making standard tests on Apparatus and equipment are provided for gravel, steel, concrete, timber, and brick
Equipment includer, and brick.
100,000 -pound universal testing machine, two tester, abrasion testing machine, rattler, torsion testing machine, hardness cement-testing apparatus, exten, rattler, constant temperature chamber, special devices for and micrometer gauges, and other
Special apparatus which the elastic properties of different materials
University is also available for student work and made in the shops of the The College of Engineering student work.
mechanical solution of stresses in structures by deformeter apparatus for the Equipment is aiso available for study of models by the photo-elastic method.

Engineering Soils Laboratory. Equipment is available for performing the usual tests on engineering soils. This includes apparatus for grain size analysis, Atterberg limits, permeability, optimum moisture content for compaction, Proctor penetration, and consolidation.
Research Foundation. The National Sand and Gravel Association has, by arrangement with the College of Engineering, established its testing and research laboratory at the University. The purpose of the Research Foundation thus organized is to make available to the Association additional facilities for its investigational work, and to provide for the College of Engineering additional facilities and opportunities for increasing the scope of its engineering research.

Machine Shops and Foundry. The machine shops and foundry are well lighted and fully equipped. Shops for wood working, metal, forge, and foundry practice are provided.
The wood-working shop has full equipment of hand and power machinery.
The machine shops are equipped with various types of lathes, planers, milling machines, drill presses, shaper, midget mill, and precision boring head. Equipment is available for gas and electric are welding.
The shop equipment not only furnishes practice, drill, and instruction for students, but makes possible the complete production of special apparatus for conducting experimental and research work in engineering.

Surveying Equipment. Surveying equipment for plane, topographic, and geodetic surveying is provided properly to equip several field parties. A wide variety of surveying instruments is provided, including domestic as well as foreign makes.
Special Models and Specimens. A number of models illustrating various types of highway construction and highway bridges are available.
A wide variety of specimens of the more common minerals and rocks has been collected from various sections of the country, particularly from Maryland.

## Engineering Library

In addition to the general University Library, each department maintains a library for reference, and receives the standard engineering magazines. The class work, particularly in advanced courses, requires that students consult special books of reference and current technical literature.
The Davis Library of Highway Engineering and Transport, founded by Dr. Charles H. Davis, President of the National Highways Association, is part of the Library of the College of Engineering. The many books, periodicals, pamphlets, and other items included in this library cover all phases of highway engineering, highway transportation, and highway traffic control.

There has also been donated to the College of Engineering the transportation library of the late J. Rowland Bibbins of Washington, D. C. The books and reports in this library deal with urban transportation problems, including railroads, street cars, subways, busses, and city planning.

## Curricula

The normal curriculum of each department is outlined on the following pages. Students are expected to attend and take part in the meetings of the student chapters of the technical engineering societies.
Freshman engineering students are given a special course of lectures by practicing engineers covering the work of the several engineering professional fields. The purpose of this course is to assist the freshman in selecting the particular field of engineering for which he is best adapted. The student is required to submit a brief written summary of each lecture. A series of engineering lectures for upper classmen is also provided. These are given weekly by prominent practicing engineers in the various branches of the profession.

Student branches of the following national technical societies are established in the College of Engineering: American Institute of Chemical Engineers, American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Electrical Engineers, and American Society of Mechanical Engineers. The student branches meet regularly for the discussion of topics dealing with the various fields of engineering.

A student in the College of Engineering will be certified as a junior when he shall have passed at least 102 term credit hours with an average grade of $C$ or higher.

The proximity of the University to Baltimore and Washington, and to other places where there are large industrial enterprises, offers an excellent opportunity for the engineering student to observe what is being done in his chosen field. An instructor accompanies students on all inspection trips, and the student is required to submit a written report of each trip.

## BAS CURRICULUM FOR ALL FRESHMAN STUDENTS

IN THE COLEGE OF ENGINEERING
All freshman student

| during their first year: | Quarter $\longrightarrow$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III |
| Freshman Year | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Compositio | 5 |  |  |
| Speech 1-Public Speaking |  | 5 |  |
| *Math. 15-Colage and Spherical Trigon |  |  | 5 |
| Math. 16-Planalytic Geometry | 5 | 5 |  |
| Math. 1-A-General Chemistr | 2 | 2 |  |
| Dr. 1, 2-Engineering Drawin |  |  |  |
| Dr. 3-Descriptive Geomet |  |  |  |
| Shop 1-Forge Practice | 3 | 3 |  |
| Engr. 1-Introducticl | 1 | 1 |  |
| Physical Activities |  |  |  |

Total
ical Enginering deals primarily with the industrial and economic enermation of matter. It seeks to assemble and develop information transformical operations and processes of importance in modern life and on chemical operations executive direction, according to engineering methods, to apply this under executive direction, according to engemical research has for the attainment of economic objech social welfare that the field of the contributed so much to industrial and to cover practically every operation in chemical engineer may now be said to cover practically every operal identity.
which any industrial material undergoes a change in is char

|  |  | arter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III |
| Sophomore Year | Б |  | $\cdots$ |
| Chem. 19-Quantitative Analysis ............ |  | ${ }^{4}$ | .... |
| Ch. E. 10, 11-Water, Fuels and | 5 | 5 |  |
| Math. 20-Differential Calculus... |  |  | 5 |
| Math. 21-Integral Calculus ........................... | 3 | 3 |  |
| Math. 22-Applelentary Organic Chemistry (Lectures) |  |  | 2 |
| Surv. 1-Elements of Plane Surveyin |  |  | 5 |
| Speech 7-Oral Technical English | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Phys. 3A, 4A, 5A-General Phys | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| M. I. II-Basic R. O. T. C. | 1 |  |  |
| Physical Activities | 21 | 20 | 21 |

Total

- Les is given at the close of the first two weeks to determine whether the *A qualifying test is given for Math. 15. A student failing this test is required to tadent is adequately credit.


## Chemical Engineering

## Junior Year

Ch. E. 103, 105, 107-Elements of Chemical Engineering.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | II | 111 |
| 3 | 3 | : |
| ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | 6 |
| 3 | 3 | $\ldots$ |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 22 | 22 | ${ }^{20}$ |

Mech. 3-Statics and Dynamics...............
Chem. 187, 189-Physical Chemistry (Leetures)
Chem. 188, 190-Physical Chemistry Laboratory
Econ. 31, 32, 33-Principles of Economics.
E. E. 51, 52,53 - Principles of Electrical Engineering.

Physical Activities
Non-Engineering Elective
Total

Senior Year
Ch. E. 109, 111, 113-Chemical Engineering Seminar
Ch. E. 115, 117, 119-Advanced Unit Operations
Ch. E. 127, 129, 131-Fuels and Their Utilization
Ch. E. 133, 135, 137-Chemical Technology.
Ch. E. 139, 141, 143-Chemical Engineering Thermodynamic
Ch. E. 145, 147, 149-Chemical Engineering Calculations.
C. E. 112, 113-Elements of Structures

Physical Activities
Physical Activities .......
Total

## Civil Engineering

Civil Engineering deals with the design, construction, and maintenance of highways, railroads, waterways, bridges, buildings, water supply and sewerage systems, harbor improvements, dams and surveying and mapping.


Junior Year

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Speech 8-Advanced Oral } 16 \\
& \text { Geol. 2-Engineering Geology }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Mecn. } \\
& \text { C. } 50-\text { Hydraulics }
\end{aligned}
$$

E. E. 50-Principles or Earthwork.
C. E. 100 -Theory of Structures
C. E. 100-Theory of Structury

Surv. 100-Adia elective
Physical Activities

## Total

Serior Year
( Oral Technical English..
Speech -Avanceering Law and Specifications
Engr. 100-Engineering Law anays
C. E. 101-Elements of Herete Design.
c. E. 102, 106, 107-Structural Design
C. E. 105, 106, 108, 109, 110-Municipal Sanitation
C. E. 111-Soils and Foundations.
C. E. 111 -engineering elective .

Physical Activities
Total
Electrical Engineering
Electrical Engineering deals with the generation, tribution of electrical energy; electrical transpous electrical applications illumination, and manufacturing; and
in industry, commerce, and home life

Sophomore Year

Electrical Engineering Curriculum

Speech 7-Oral Technical English
Math. 20-Differential Calculus
Math. 21-Integral Calculus
Math. 22-Applied Calculus ... ...
Phys. 3A, 4A, 5A-General Sureying.
Surv. 1-Elements of Plactice Shop 2-Ma-Direct Current Theory E. E. 1, $2-$ Ditect and Dynamics Mech. 2-Statics and Dy Easic R. O. T. C. II-1, II-2, II-3. Physical Activities


| Junior Year | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speech 8-Advanced Oral Technical Enclish | $I$ | I | III |
| Math. 64-Differential Equations for Engineers |  | 2 |  |
| Mech. 52 -Strength of Materials............. | 5 |  |  |
| Mech. 53-Materials of En |  | 3 |  |
| E. E. 54-Direct.Current Machinery |  | 3 | 4 |
| E. E. 55-Electricity and Magnetism | 6 | 3 |  |
| E. E. 100-Alternating Current Circu | 6 |  |  |
| E. E. 101-Engineering Electronics |  | 7 |  |
| Physical Activities |  |  | 6 |
|  |  | 3 | 8 |
| Total |  | 1 | 1 |
|  | 18 | 19 | 19 |

## Senior Year



Menical Engineering
nance of machinery and deals with the design, construction, and maintetion; and the organization and plants; heating, ventilation, and refrigera-

Mechanical Engineering Curriculum

## Sophomore Year

| phomore Year |  | uar |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speech 7-Oral Technical English | $I$ | I | III |
| Math. 20-Differential Calculus | 2 |  |  |
| Math. 21-Integral Calculus | 5 |  |  |
| Math. 22-Applied Calculus |  | 5 |  |
| Dr. 4-Advanced -General Physics. |  |  | 5 |
| Surv. 1-Elements of | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Shop 3-Machine Shop Practice | 3 |  |  |
| Mech. 3-Statics and Dynamics | 3 |  | 2 |
| Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Eco |  |  |  |
| Non-Engineering Elective |  |  | 6 |
| Basic R. T. O. C. II-1, II-2, |  | 5 |  |
| Physical Activities ....2, IT-3 | 3 | 3 |  |
|  | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Total | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 22 | 22 | 22 |

Junior Year-General

| I | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| 5 | .... |  |
| 4 | 4 | .... |
| .... | 4 |  |
| .... | .... | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 |
| - | ... | 1 |
| $\ldots$ | . | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 20 | 19 | 19 |

Junior Year-Aeronautical Option
Speech 8-Advanced Oral Technical English.
Math. 64-Differential Equations for Engineers
Mech. 50, 51-Strength of Materials
M. E. 53-Aerodynamics and Hydrodynamics.

Mech. 53-Materials of Engineering
E. E. 51, 52, 53-Principles of Electrical Engineering.

Shop 50-Foundry Practice
Shop 51-Machine Shop Practice
M. E. 100, 101, 102-Thermodynamics.

Non-Engineering Elective
Physical Activities
Total
19
Senior Year-General
Speech 9-Advanced Oral Technical English.
M. E. 103, 104-Heating and Ventilation.
M. E. 105-Refrigeration
M. E. 106, 107, 108-Thesis
M. E. 109, 110, 111-Prime Movers.
M. E. 112, 113, 114-Mechanical Engineering Design
M. E. 115, 116, 117-Mechanical Laboratory

Physical Activities .
Total
$-1$
1:
Senior Year-Aeronautical Option
Speech 9-Advanced Oral Technical English
M. E. 118, 119, 120-Airplane Structures
M. E. 106, 107, 108-Thesis.
M. E. 112, 113, 111-Mehean

Engineering Design
M. E. 115, 116, 117-Mechanical Laboratory

Physical Activities
$\ldots$
$\ldots$.
$\cdots$
3
4
1
2
3
3
1
-19

Speech 8-Advanced Oral Technical English.
Math. 64-Differential Equations for Engineers.
Mech. 50, 51-Strength of Materials
c. E. 51-Hyarauics
E. E. 51, 52, 53-Principles of Electrical Engineering

Shop 50-Foundry Practice
M. E 100, 101, 102-Thermodynami
M. E. 10, 101, 102-Thermodynamics

Non-Engineering Ele
Physical Activities
Total

20
$\qquad$
-

## A five-year combined program

jointly by the College of Agram in Agriculture and Engineering, arranged mits students to become candiculture and the College of Engineering, per in Agriculture at the end of four yor the degree of Bachelor of Science Science in Civil, Electrical Lour years and for the degree of Bachelor end of the fifth year.

Details of this
of Agriculture.

## BUREAU OF MINES AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING RESEARCH

The University of Marylon SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
offers fellowships for research in cooperation with the Bureau of Mines, sciences. Fellows enter uen in the field of engineering and applied months, including one month their duties on July 1, and continue for 12 are made at the end of each for vacation. Payments under a fellowship The University will remit each month, and amount to $\$ 600$ for the year fellowship privileges.

Fellows registeres.
Maryland, and becomstudents in the Graduate School of the University of Class work will be directed by the for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. but about half the time by the heads of the departments of instruction, of the Bureau of Mines staff be spent in research, under the direction

Appropriat
mathematics will broblems in physics, chemistry, chemical engineering, or the interests of the Bureau according to the abilities of the candidates and Professor of Chemical Eureau Divisions. The faculty supervisor will be the
The above fellowships will bering of the University of Maryland.
ships. The recipients will undertake as Bureau of Mines Research Fellowfronting the mineral industries. The the solution of definite problems conEastern Experiment Station of the Burearch will be performed at the recently completed on the campus bureau of Mines, a large building College Park.
To encourage cooperation with the industries of Maryland and to develop research and instruction in Chemical Engineering, the University to develop land will offer two fellowships in Chemical Engineering. These will Marywill pay a stipend of $\$ 500$ per year each, and will ordinarily require resiAll the foregoing fersity year from September to June.
technical colleges who have the are open to graduates of universities and physical sciences, and who the proper training in engineering or applied Preference will be given to men who have alre undertake research work. work, and who have experience in research.

College of engineering
Applications should include a certified copy of college record, applicant's photograph, statement of technical and practical experience (if any), and letters from three persons, such as instructors or employers, covering specifically the applicant's character, ability, education, and experience. The application should be addressed to Fellowship Committee, Eastern Experiment Station, Bureau of Mines, United States Department of the Interior, College Park, Maryland.

## STANTON WALKER FELLOWSHIP OF THE

NATIONAL SAND AND GRAVEL ASSOCIATION

## RESEARCH FOUNDATION

The University of Maryland, in cooperation with the National Sand and Gravel Association, offers a fellowship for research on appropriate problems related to the sand and gravel industry. Fellows enter upon their duties on July 1, and continue for 12 months, including one month for vacation. Payments under the fellowship are made at the end of each month and amount to $\$ 600$ for the year.
Fellows register as students in the Graduate School of the University of Maryland. Class work will be directed by the heads of the departments of instruction, but about half of the time will be spent in research work. The faculty supervisor will be the Professor of Civil Engineering of the University of Maryland.
This fellowship is open to graduates in Engineering from an accredited college or university, who are qualified to undertake graduate study and research work leading to a Master's degree. Applications should be accompanied by a certified copy of college record, applicant's recent photograph, statement of technical and practical experience (if any), and letters from three persons, such as instructors or employers, covering specifically the applicant's character, ability, education, and experience.
The applications should be addressed: Dean, College of Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, Md.

## ENGINEERING, SCIENCE AND MANAGEMENT WAR TRAINING

The College of Engineering is offering, in cooperation with the U. S. Office of Education, specialized training in engineering, science and management courses essential to the war effort. These courses are designed to train men and women now employed in war industries for more responsible positions, and to train others who desire to enter war work. This training is also available for personnel of the Army and the Navy.
The courses under this program are chiefly part-time evening courses in the fields of aeronautics, radio, drawing, mapping, metallurgy, testing, and industrial safety. Additional courses may be organized as the demands of industry or the armed forces require.
The instruction is given by members of the faculty of the College of Engineering and by specialists from industry.

## FIRE SERVICE EXTENSION DEPARTMENT

The Fire Service Extension Department is organized under the College of Engineering in cooperation with the State Department of Vocational Education, and operates with both Federal and State funds. The Department provides in-service training for firemen with classes conducted throughout the State by three regional instructors and about 50 local instructors. Basic training of 75 clock hours is given in the fundamentals of firemanship, as well as an advanced course of 69 clock hours, covering the technical field of fire prevention, control and extinguishment. A training course of 45 clock hours for industrial plant fire brigades is also available. Firemen who have completed the prescribed training courses have been given preferential rating in positions in the military and naval fire fighting forces.
To meet the demands of the national emergency, the Department has expanded its activities to the training of auxiliary fire forces and rescue units in defense duties. There is also available a comprehensive training course of 24 clock hours in connection with incendiaries, war gases, infernal machines, sabotage and fire fighting as applied to military explosives and ammunition, that is available for all civilian defense groups.
The Department also serves in an advisory capacity to the State Fire Marshal and municipal authorities in matters of fire prevention, fire protection engineering, and fire safety regulations.
Additional information may be obtained from Chief J. W. Just, Director, Fire Service Extension Department, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland.

## ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION

Wilbert J. HuFf, Director.
The Engineering Experiment Station carries on cooperative investigations with industries of Maryland and Departments of the State and Federal Governments. A diversity of engineering training, experience, and equipment represented by the staff and laboratories of the College of Engineering is thus made available for the problems under inquiry.
Among the researches that have been conducted are studies on (1) streamlined steel tubes under loading conditions; (2) high speed wings for airplanes; (3) eccentric rivet groups; (4)D tube sections under various loading conditions; (5) expansion joints for concrete roads; (6) the design of concrete culverts; (7) the conversion of petroleum products to aromatic hydrocarbons; (8) sabotage by explosives; (9) magnetic properties of special alloys. Recently completed reports have involved topics such as (a) the action of manufactured gas on ceramic ware, (b) the fluid characteristics of betonite suspensions, (c) the ferro-magnetic properties of hematite, (d) the separation and estimation of the four general classes of hydrocarbons occurring in the gasoline range of petroleum.

## COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS M. Marie Mount, Dean. <br> Greeba Hofstetter, Secretary.

The College of Home Economics
area with its educational program for yes Maryland and the surrounding bines good personal development for young women. This program com. a livelihood. Information on better education for homemaking and for efficient use of time, good grooming health principles, good study habits, ment to new situations constitute becoming dress and proper adjust. development.
In the professional phases of her members of the faculty and with women well, the student advises with specialize. pecialize.
which she expects to
This might begin with the actual practical experience during vacations a period of time. Student actual management of her family's home for grounds in caring for child preparing to teach, gain experience on play grounds in caring for children and in executing home projects on playmercial firms and institutions provide opportunities for projects. Com-
experience.

## Organization

For administrative purposes the College of Home Economics is organ ized into the Departments of Textiles and Clome Economics is organand Institution Management, and Foods and Clothing, Practical Art, Home

## Facilities

The home of the College of Home Economics, following campus tion, is a new colonial brick building ponomics, following campus tradiequipment and facilities for education in homed and built to present the best ment house is maintained on the campus home economics. A home manage-
Located, as the campus is, campus for experience in homemaking.
tunities are provided for both faculty and strge cities, unusual opporUniversity's excellent general and specializedents. In addition to the Washington furnish the added library facized libraries, Baltimore and research and creative work in library facilities so essential to scientific with their priceless exhibits, in the arts. The art galleries and museums tions, stimulate study and provide pravent bureaus and city institueconomics student.

## Professional Organizations <br> The Home Feonions

economics students, is affiliated which membership is open to all home Association.

Omicron Nu, a national home economics honor society, is open to students of high scholarship.

## Degrees

The degree of Bachelor of Science is conferred for the satisfactory completion of 195 quarter hours, as prescribed in any of the following curricula.

## Curricula

At the close of the freshman year a student, who has not already done so, may elect the curriculum in general home economics which is nonprofessional, or one of the following professional curricula, or a combination of curricula: home economics education, textiles and clothing, practical art, home economics extension, institution management, and foods and nutrition. A student who wishes to teach home economics may register in home economics education in the College of Home Economics, or in the College of Education (see home economics education).
The student who has not decided to specialize at the close of the freshman year may follow the general home economics curriculum until she makes a choice. Before continuing with the third year of any curriculum, the student must have attained junior standing: or 98 credit hours with a C grade average.

## GENERAL HOME ECONOMICS CURRICULUM

The general home economics curriculum is planned to give a young woman a good basis for her best personal development, as has been described earlier. It also provides good training for her as a future homemaker. This curriculum also forms the basis of all the professional curricul. The additional requirements of the professional curricula are listed under the description of each curriculum.



## unior Year

H. E. 150, 151, 152-Management of the Home
H. E. 135-Nutrition or

Zool. 16-Humants of Nutrition P. E.- Physical Activitiog P. E.-Physical Activities. H. E. 122-Draping aact. 50-Househg Electives

## Senior Year

H. E. 130-Food Economic
H. E. 131-Mood Economi
H. E. 153-Practice in M
H. E. Ed. 102-Child Study
P. E.-Physical Activities

Home Economics Education
(See College of Education; page 125.)

| Freshman Year | uarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| P. E. 42-Hygiene I | 2 |  |  |
| P. E. 44-Hygiene II |  | 2 |  |
| Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry |  | 5 | 5 |
| H. E. 10-Textiles ..... |  |  | 5 |
| Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking | 2 | 2 |  |
| Math. 0-Basic Mathematics | 0 |  |  |
| H. E. 70-Design | 3 |  |  |
| H. E. 1--Home Economics Lecutres | 1 |  |  |
| Electives | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Total | 15 | 16 | 17 |

Sophomore Year
Physics 6, 7, 8-Introductory Physics
Chem. 31, 33-Elements of Organic Chemistry
Chem. 32, 34-Elements of Organic Chemistry Laboratory
H. E. 20A-Clothing
H. E. 21-Clothing
H. E 30 Introductory

Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
Scon. 3-Introduction to Sociology
P. E.-Physical Activities

Electives
Total

| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 16 | - | - |

Junior Year
H. E. 150, 151, 152-Management of the Home.
H. E. 135 -Nutrition or
H. E. 34-Elements of Nutrition
H. E. 74-Survey or Art History
H. E. 170, 171-Interior Design
H. E. 120-Pattern Design
P. E.-Physical Activities

Zool. 16-Human Physiology
Psych. 1-Psychology
Bact. 50-Household Bacteriology

Total

| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 3 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $\cdots$ | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 18 | 18 | 15 |

Textiles and Clothing
The Department of Textiles and Clothing offers the following curriculum
For students interested in training in both textiles and clothing.
may replace some of the requirements in either field, substitute courses
Research and teaching requirements in this curriculum
In addition, there are positions with wholesalextile and clothing majors. houses, pattern establishments, the staffs of magazin private dressmaking


This curriculum permits a choice of two fields of concentration: inter design and costume design. Emphasis is furnishings and wearing apparel with relation to the selection of house available to graduates begin with selling, relation to personality. Positions textile analysis, and radio work; they dev, display, comparison shoppings, these fields or in depardio work; they develop into advanced positiongs, nation, personality consulting, buying, department managing, style coordipersonnel work.


| I | II | III |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 5 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $\cdots$ | 3 | 7 |
| 17 | 17 | 16 |

Junior Year
H. E. 150, 151, 152-Management of the Home
H. E. 198-Graphic Design
H. E. 122-Draping
H. E. 170, 171-Interior Design
H. E. Ed. 102-Child Stud
P. E.-Physical Activities
Electives
Total
Senior Year
H. E. 177-Store Experience.
H. E. 113-Consumer Problems in Textiles
H. E. 174-Merchandise Display.
H. E. 176-Advertising Layout and Store Coordination.
H. E. 178-Radio in Retailing.
H. E. 172-Advanced Interior Design
H. E. 120-Pattern Design.
H. E. 196-Journalism in Home Economics.
H. E. 153-Practice in Management of Home.......
B. A. 154-Retail Store Management and Merchandisin
P. E.-Physical Activities
Electives
Total
$\overline{17}$

## Home Economics Extension*

This curriculum outlines the training necessary for the young woman who wishes to work with rural people through extension service or other agencies interested in the education and social problems of rural living.
*Practice work in the field of Home Economics Extension or in social case work is encouraged for all students majoring in this curriculum. Such experience should be gained before the completion of the senior year.

|  | Quarter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | I | II | III |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition. | 3 | 3 | , |
| Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry. | 5 | 5 |  |
| H. E. 10-Textiles |  |  | 5 |
| H. E. 70-Design . | 3 | ... |  |
| P. E. 42-Hygiene I. | 2 |  |  |
| P. E. 44-Hygiene II. |  | 2 |  |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Math 0-Basic Mathematics | 0 | .... | .... |
| H. E. 1-Home Economics Lectures. | 1 | .... | .... |
| H. E. 71-Costume Design....... |  | 3 | $\ldots$ |
| Psych. 1-Introduction to Psychology. |  |  | 3 |
| Speech 1-Public Speaking |  | 2 | 2 |
| Electives | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Total | 17 | 18 | 18 |

Junior Year
H. E. 150, 151, 152-Management of the Home.
H. E. 135-Nutrition
Pe 10 Human Phyile
H. E. 136-Dietetics
H. E. 136-Dietetics
Psych. 80-Educational Psychology.
H. E. 122-Draping
H. E. 130-Food Economi
H. E. Ed. 101-Curriculum, Instruction and Observation
Electives
$-16$

Senior Year
$\overbrace{I}^{\text {Quarter }} \overbrace{\text { III }}$
H. E. 133-Experimental Foods
H. E. Ed. 102-Child Study
P. E.-Physical Activities
P. E. 132-Demonstrations

H. E. 170,171 -Interior
H. E. 74-Survey of Art Home Economics Extension....................................... ${ }_{4}$
H. E. 190-Methods in Home and Extension.

Psych. 17-Mental Hygiene
Electives
Tota

## Institution Management

This curriculum provides training for those interested in housing and the food service administration for large groups of people. The work institwo general types: (1) food service and (2) housekeeping in such ins as tutions as hospitals and schools and in cometerias.
restaurants, inns, hotels and industrial caf requires one year of graduate
The preparation for a hospital dietitian requires one year of graduatic training in a hospital offering a course approved by the American entrance Association. This
to such a course. The student of this experiquired to here entering the senior year.
ence before entering the sen hospital dietetics A student planning to do institutional Instruction and Observation and Diet is not requir

|  | I | II | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Composition |  | 5 | 5 |
| Chem. 1, 3-General Chemistry | 5 |  | $\ldots$ |
| H. E. 10-Textiles |  | 3 | $\ldots$ |
| H. E. 70-Design | 2 |  | $\ldots$ |
| P. E. 42-Hygiene I. |  | 2 |  |
| P. E. 44-Hygiene II | 0 | . | $\ldots$ |
| Math. 0-Basic Mathematics | 1 | .... |  |
| H. E. 1-Home Economiss Lecture | .... | .... | 3 |
| Soc. 3-Introduction to Sociology |  | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| H. E. 20-Clothing | 2 | 2 |  |
| Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| P. E.-Physical Activities | 3 | $\ldots$ |  |
| Electives | 17 | 16 | 15 |



Junior Year
H. E. 136-Dietetics
H. E. 133-Experimental Foods.

Psych. 80-Educational Psychology
H. E. 163-Institutional Cookery.

Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics.
H. E. 131-Meal Service.
H. E. 162-Accounting and Food Control
E.-Physical Activities


|  | $I$ | $I I$ | III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman Year | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Eng. 1, 2, 3-Survey and Compositio |  | 5 | 5 |
| Chem. 1, 3-General Chemist | 5 |  | 3 |
| H. E. 10-Textiles | 2 |  |  |
| H. E. 70-Design |  | 2 |  |
| E. ${ }^{\text {e }}$ 42-Hygriene II. | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| P. E. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ 4-Physical Activities | 0 | $\ldots$ |  |
| P. E.- - - Basic Mathematics | 1 | $\ldots$ |  |
| H. E. 1-Home Economics Lectures |  |  |  |
| Soc. 3-Introductory Sociology | 2 | 2 |  |
| Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking | 3 | 3 |  |
| Electives | 17 | 16 | 17 |

## Total

Sophomore Year
H. E. 31, 32, 33-Foods...............

Physics 6, 7, 8-Introduct
P. E.-Physical Act Design
H. E. 71-Costume Design......................

Chem. 31, 34-Elements of Organic Chemistry Lab.
H. E. 20 -Clothing

Chem. Gen. 81-General Bio-chemistry
Chem. Gen. 82-General Bio-chemistry Lab
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics
Electives


Total
Foods and Nutrition
This department offers the following curriculum for students desiring professional training in both foods and nutrition. Research in government agencies, commercial organizations besides newspaper, magazines, and radio, offer opportunity for students in these fields.


## DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY SCIENCE AND TACTICS

Personnel 1944-1945
colonel Harland C. Griswold, Commandant
major John W. Cassell, Officer in Charge R.O.T.C. Training
Capt. George M. Bohler, Transportation and Supply Officer
Capt. George W. Dunlap, Commanding Officer, Company "A" Capt. John E. Smith, Commanding Officer, Company "C" Capt. James V. H. Barker, Adjutant, 2510th S.U.
Capt. James R. Pinkerton, Commanding Officer, Company "D"
Capt. Robert N. Walden, Commanding Officer, Company "B"
Capt. Hugh D. Davis, Tactical Officer, Company "C"
Capt. A. B. C. Davis, Classification Officer
ist lt. Paul M. Wadell, Commanding Officer, Hq. Det.
1st Lt. Robert H. McBride, Dental Surgeon
2nd Lt. Harold C. Yeager, Tactical Officer, Company "A"
2nd Lt. Harold Yourman, Tactical Officer, Company "B"
Capt. German V. Rice (Retired), Military Property Custodian Master Sgt. Otto Seibeneichen (Retired), Band Leader Miss E. Ann Little, Secretary to Commandant
m/Sgt. Charles H. Dodson, 1st Sgt. Company "C" M/Sgt. Howard L. Seebo, Sergeant Major
t/Sgt. James K. McGrain, Personnel Sergeant Major S/SGT. Fay J. Norris, R.O.T.C. Instructor
S/Sgt. Llewellyn W. Davis, Acting 1st Sgt. Company "A"
S/Sgr. Max Moses, Chief Clerk and Typist R.O.T.C.
S/Sgt. Elias M. Fox, Personnel N.C.O. and Payroll Clerk
S/Sgt. Charles R. Christiansen, Acting 1st Sgt. Company "D"
S/Sgt. John P. Roberts, Supply Sergeant
Sgt. Salvatore Gagliemo, R.O.T.C. Instructor
t/5 George Mannello, Jr., Classification Clerk
T/5 William S. Hall, Company Clerk, Company "D"
T/5 Pullen D. Martin, Company Clerk, Company "C"
T/5 Robert C. Tacey, Mail Clerk
t/5 Laurence H. Waple, Acting 1st Sgt. Company "B"
T/5 Michael Avedisian, Company Clerk, Company "A"
T/5 Samuel L. Abrams, Driver
Pfc. John D. McCagg, Company Clerk, Company "B"
Pvt. Herbert F. Schaumann, Medical Clerk
Pvt. Kenneth L. Schooley, Truck Driver
Pvt. George E. Fisler, Supply Clerk and Truck Driver

General
Instruction in Military Science and Tactics has been an important feature of the work of the College Park Division of the University of Maryland since 1856. Until 1916, the institution was a military school, and since that time military instruction has been a required course for all physically fit freshmen and sophomore male students under 26 years of age and registered for more than six quarter credits, until six quarters have been completed. Each quarter carries three credits.
The Reserve Officers' Training Corps was established at the University under the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1916, as amended. The instructional work is based on the provisions of Army Regulations No. 145-10. For the duration of the war, the War Department has changed the R. O. T. C. course of instruction and offers Basic I and Basic II courses. which are designed to prepare young men for any branch of the service in which they may serve.

## Credit for Previous R. O. T. C. Training

Students who are graduates of class MS schools which are rated as "Honor Schools" by the War Department, will receive credit for the work completed there.

## Uniforms

Members of the Basic Courses are issued uniforms without cost to the student. Shoes of a type specified by the Military Department must be purchased.

## Army Specialized Training (AST)

In June, 1943, the War Department sent in the first group of soldiers for Specialized College Training. By October, 1943, there were 1146 soldiers receiving Academic and Military Training at this University in Basic Engineering, Advanced Engineering, Area and Language, and Pre-professional Medicine and Dentistry.
The War Department realized the necessity for the continual flow of educated men into the services and encourages every qualified young man to enjoy the advantages of this program.

## BATTALION ORGANIZATION, RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS-1944

Battalion Commander........................ Colonel Franklyn M. Seeley Executive Officer .......................................................... Phillip A. Grill Adjutant . .......................................Captain James W. Dorsett Supply Officer..............................1st Lt. Leonard E. Eisenberg Personnel Adjutant...........................1st Lt. Charles C. Eads

Company Commander, Company "A". .... .Captain Sesley B. Smiler Eveutive Officer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1st Lt. Charles D. Everson Leader, 1st Platoon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2nd Lt. Rennert M. Smelser Leader, 2nd Platoon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2nd Lt. Henry W. Fricke Leader, 3rd Platoon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 nd Lt. Randolph Coyle IV
Company Commander, Company "B"......Captain Thomas P. Grahm vecutive Officer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .1st Lt. John Stuntz eader, 1st Platoon.......................2nd Lt. Peter N. Karangelen Leader, 2nd Platoon. .............................nd Lt. Charles R. Lund Leader, 3rd Platoon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .2nd Lt. John K. Bowersox
Company Commander, Company "C"...... Captain William E. Scull Executive Officer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1st Lt. Basil B. Benson Leader, 1st Platoon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2nd Lt. Earl W. Lowery Leader, 2nd Platoon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .2nd Lt. Sam E. Wheatley Leader, 3rd Platoon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2nd Lt. Robert K. Warner
Commanding Officer, R.O.T.C. Band. . . . . . Captain Avron H. Maser Executive Officer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1st Lt. Michael W. Langello

## DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION, RECREATION

 AND ATHLETICSThe purpose of the program of physical education at the University is adly conceived as the development of the individual student. To accomand classification tests are given the incoming students to determine the relative physical fitness of each. Upon the basis of the needs disclosed by these tests, and individual preferences, students are assigned to the various activities of the program.

For Men
Freshmen and sophomores assigned to physical education take three activity classes each week throughout the year. In the fall, soccer, touch football, and tennis are the chief activities; in the winter, basketball, volleyfootbal, and tenens am yames; and in the spring, track, baseball, and tennis. ball, and other team games; and int so shore tere students may elect a conIn addition to these team activities, sophomore side side sexing, wresting,
siderable number of individual sports, such as fencing, boxing siderable number of individual sports, sudn as
horseshoes, ping pong, bag punching, badminton, shuffeboard, and the like. An adequate program of intramural sports is conducted also. Touch footAn adequate prograe fall, basketball and volleyball in the winter, baseball ball and socece in the fall, basketbal and spitees in this program. Plaques, and track in the spring, are the chief a civilies tournaments of the program
medals, and other appropriate awards in all are provided for the winning teams and individual members.

Every afternoon of the school session the facilities of the Physical Education Department are thrown open to all students for free unorganized recreation. Touch football, soccer, basketball, basket shooting, apparatus work, fencing, boxing, wrestling, bag punching, tennis, badminton, and ping pong are the most popular contests engaged in.
The University is particularly fortunate in its possession of excellent facilities for carrying on the activities of the program of physical education. Two large modern gymnasia, a new field house, a number of athletic fields, tennis courts, baseball diamonds, running tracks, and the like, constitute the major part of the equipment.

In addition to the activities described above, the University sponsors a full program of intercollegiate athletics for men. Competition is promoted in varsity and freshman football, basketball, baseball, track, boxing, lacrosse, soccer, wrestling, golf, and tennis. The University is a member of the Southern Conference, the National Collegiate Athletic Association, and cooperates with other national organizations in the promotion of amateur athletics.

## For Women

The Department of Physical Education for Women has excellent facilities for conducting a full activities program. Seasonal team sports including hockey, soccer, speedball, basketball, volleyball, softball; individual sports, consisting of riding, tennis, badminton, fencing, golf, archery, deck tennis, table tennis, and the like, are offered. Opportunity is given for various types of dancing, including modern, square, folk, and ballroom. The proximity of the University to Washington and Baltimore provides excellent opportunity for groups to attend professional programs in dance.
The Women's Athletic Association sponsors and conducts intramural tournaments in the seasonal sports, sports days with neighboring colleges, and intercollegiate competition in rifle shooting.

The University also maintains curricula designed to train men and women students to teach physical education and coach in the high schools of the State, and to act as leaders in recreational programs in communities.

For a description of the courses in Physical Education, see College of Education, and Courses of Instruction.
This department now is being reorganized with a view to adapting its broad program to war conditions and necessities.

## THE GRADUATE SCHOOL

C. O. Appleman, Dean.

Elsie M. Parrett, Secretary.
History and Organization
In the earlier years of the institution the Master's degree was frequently conferred, but the work of the graduate students was in charge of the departments concerned, under the supervision of the general faculty. The Graduate School of the University of Maryland was established in 1918, and organized graduate instruction The faculty of the Master's and the Doctor's degree was under various faculties who give Graduate School includes all members of the general administrative instruction in approved graduate cove delegated to a Graduate Council, functions of the graduate faculty are delegation
of which the Dean of the Graduate School is chairman.

## Admission

An applicant for admission to the Graduate School must hold a Bachelor's or a Master's degree from a college or university of recognized standing. The applicant shall furnish an official transcript of his collegiate record which for unconditional admission must show creditable completion of an aderuate amount of undergraduate preparation for graduace wor in his chosen field. Application for admission to the Graduate School should be made prior to dates of registration on blanks obtained from the office of the Dean.
After approval of the application a matriculation card, signed by the Dean, is issued to the student. This card permits one to register in the Graduate School. After payment of the fee, the matriculation card is stamped and returned to the student. It is his certificate of membership in the Graduate School and should be retained by the student to present at each succeeding registration.

Admission to the Graduate School does not necessarily imply admission to candidacy for an advanced degree.

## Registration

All students pursuing graduate work in the University, even though they are not candidates for higher degrees, are required to register in the Graduate School at the beginning of each quarter. In no case will graduate credit be given unless the student matriculates and registers in the Graduate School. The program of work for each session is arranged by the student with the major department and entered upon arranged by cards, which are signed first by the professor in charge of two course cards, which arect and then by the Dean of the Graduate the student's major subject and the Dean. The student takes the other School. One card is retained by the Dean. The studintation card, to the card, and in case of a new student, also the matriculation card, to the

Registrar's office, where the registration is completed. Students will not be admitted to graduate courses until the Registrar has certified to the instructor that registration has been completed. Course cards may be obtained at the Registrar's office or at the Dean's office. The heads of departments usually keep a supply of these cards in their respective offices.

## Graduate Courses

Graduate students must elect for credit in partial fulfilment of the requirements for higher degrees only courses designated For Graduates or For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates. Students who are inade. quately prepared for graduate work in their chosen fields or who lack prerequisites for minor courses may elect a limited number of courses numbered from 1 to 99 in the general catalogue, but graduate credit will not be allowed for these courses. Courses that are audited are registered for in the same way as other courses, and the fees are the same.

## Program of Work

The professor who is selected to direct a student's thesis work is the student's adviser in the formulation of a graduate program, including suitable minor work, which is arranged in cooperation with the instructors. To encourage thoroughness in scholarship through intensive application, graduate students in the regular sessions are limited to a program of fifteen credit hours per quarter. If a student is preparing a thesis during the minimum residence for the master's degree, the registration in graduate courses should not exceed twelve hours for the quarter.

## Summer Session for Teachers

In addition to the regular summer quarter, the University will conduct a six-weeks summer session for teachers at College Park, with a comprehensive undergraduate and graduate program. The University publishes a separate bulletin giving full information on this summer session for teachers. This bulletin is available upon application to the Director of Summer Session for Teachers, University of Maryland, College Park.

## Graduate Work by Seniors in This University

A senior of this University who has nearly completed the requirements for the undergraduate degree may, with the approval of his undergraduate dean and the Dean of the Graduate School, register in the undergraduate college for graduate courses, which may later be transferred for graduate credit toward an advanced degree at this University, but the total of undergraduate and graduate courses must not exceed fifteen credits for the quarter. Excess credits in the senior year cannot later be transferred unless such prearrangement is made. Graduate credits earned during the senior year may not be used to shorten the residence period required for advanced degrees.

Admission to Candidacy for Advanced Degrees Application for admission to candidacy for the Mase obtained at the Doctor's degree is made on application thool. These are filled out in duplioffice of the Dean of the Graduate Schoo. Thajor department for further cate by the student and submitted to his the Graduate School. An official action and transmission to the Dergraduate record and any graduate courses transcript of the candidate's undergraduate on file in the Dean's office before completed at other institutions must be on file antions for admission to canthe application can be considered. Graduate Council.
didacy must be approved by the Graduate Councile the student of a degree,
Admission to candidacy in no case assures requirements and is conbut merely signifies he has met all the prepared and able to pursue such sidered by his instructors sufficien le demanded by the requirements of graduate study and research as are demanded by the shorior scholarship in the degree sought. The candidat
graduate work already completed.
Application for admission to candidacy is for the degree sought.
the sections dealing with the requin OF MASTER OF ARTS
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGRE SCIENCE
AND MASTER OF SCIENCE
Advancement to Candidacy. Each prospective candidate to candidacy ter's degree is required to make applicatiogins for the quarter in which not later than the date when inst have completed at least twelve quarter the degree is sought. He must have completer hours of graduate work hours, but not more than twenty-four quare grade of " B " in all major at the University of Maryland. An average grade of B in all major and minor subjects is required.
Minimum Residence. A residence of at least three quarters or its equivalent, at this institution, is required.
Course Requirements. A minimum of thirty-six quarter hours, exclusive of research and thesis, with an average grade of " $B$ " in courses approved for graduate credit, is required for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science. At the option of the major department Arts and Mase students may be required also to register for a maximum concerned the stadens for research and thesis work. The total number of nine quarter hours for for the degree would then be forty-five. If of credit hours required for the degree would the required graduate courses, the student is inadequately prepared for the requl courses may be required either in the major or minor subjects, of the thirty-six hours required to supplement the undergraduate wors iess than eighteen quarter hours and not more in graduate courses, not less than eigh be earned in the major subject. than twenty-four quarter hours must be eamed inbect and must comThe remaining credits must be outside the major subject and must support prise a group of coherent courses intended to supplement and suppor
the major work. Not less than one-half of the total required cours credits for the degree, or a minimum of eighteen, must be selected from courses numbered 200 or above. No credit for the degree of Master Arts or Master of Science may be obtained for correspondence or exten sion courses. The entire course of study must constitute a unified pro gram approved by the student's major adviser and by the Dean of the Graduate School.

Transfer of Credit. Credit not to exceed nine quarter hours, obtained at other recognized institutions, may be transferred and applied to the course requirements of the Master's degree, provided that the work was of graduate character, and provided that it is approved for inclusion in the student's graduate program at the University of Maryland. This transfer of credit is submitted to the Graduate Council for approval when the student applies for admission to candidacy for the degree. Accept ance of the transferred credit does not reduce the minimum residence requirement. The candidate is subject to final examination by this institution in all work offered for the degree.
Thesis. In addition to the thirty-six quarter hours in graduate courses a satisfactory thesis is required of all candidates for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science. It must demonstrate the student's ability to do independent work and it must be acceptable in literary style and composition. It is assumed that the time devoted to thesis work will be not less than the equivalent of nine quarter hours earned in graduate courses. With the approval of the student's major professor and the Dean of the Graduate School, the thesis in certain cases may be prepared in absentia under direction and supervision of a member of the faculty of this institution.
The original copy of the thesis must be deposited in the office of the Graduate School not later than two weeks before the convocation at which the degree is sought. The thesis should not be bound by the student, as the University later binds all theses uniformly. An abstract of the contents of the thesis, 200 to 250 words in length, must accompany it. A manual giving full directions for the physical make-up of the thesis is in the hands of each professor who directs thesis work, and should be consulted by the student before the typing of the manuscript is begun. Individual copies of this manual may be obtained by the student at the
Dean's office, at nominal cost. at nominal cost.
Final Examination. The final oral examination is conducted by a committee appointed by the Dean of the Graduate School. The student's adviser acts as the chairman of the committee. The other members of the committee are persons under whom the student has taken most of his major and minor courses. The chairman and the candidate are notified of the personnel of the examining committee at least one week prior to the period set for oral examinations. The chairman of the committee
sects the exact time and place for the examination and notifies the other members of the committee and the candidate. The examination should be conducted within the dates specified at the end of the quarter, but upon recommendation of the student's adviser, an examining committee may be appointed by the Dean of the Graduate School at any time when all other requirements for the degree have been completed. A report of the committee is sent to the Dean as soon as possible after the examination. A special form for this purpose is supplied to the chairman of the committee. Such a report is the basis upon which recommendation is made to the faculty that the candidate be granted the degree sought. The period for the oral examination is usually about one hour, but the time should be long enough to insure an adequate examination.
The examining committee also approves the thesis, and it is the candidate's obligation to see that each member of the committee has ample opportunity to examine a copy of the thesis prior to the date of the examination.
A student will not be admitted to final examination until all other requirements for the degree have been met. In addition to the oral examination a comprehensive written examination may be required at the option of the major department.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF EDUCATION

Course Requirements. Forty-five quarter hours of course work are required, which may include courses in departments other than Education not to exceed one-half of the total forty-five hours, such courses to be selected in conformity with the student's special needs as agreed upon by the student and his adviser. Of the forty-five hours, not less than one-half must be on the 200 level.
At least six of the forty-five quarter hours must be seminar work, which shall include one or more seminar papers in the student's major field of concentration in the Department of Education.
Included in the program must be courses in educational statistics and in procedure of educational research.
The requirements in regard to advancement to candidacy, transfer of credits, and final oral examination are the same as for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF

## MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

The degree of Master of Business Administration represents a minimum of three quarters of graduate work in addition to the satisfaction of all undergraduate requirements for the Bachelor's degree. This will normally include a minimum of thirty-six quarter course hours and the completion of a satisfactory thesis.

The undergraduate prerequisites for graduate work leading to the degree of Master of Business Administration may be satisfied by completion of work for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration sponding degree of Maryland, or by equivalent work leading to a corresponding degree at other institutions, provided this work is of sufficiently high quality. Holders of other Bachelor's degrees must satisfy the prerequisite course requirements for the Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration at this institution, which include Economics 140, 150, 160, and Business Administration 140, 150, 160, 180, 181, and 182. All other requirements are the same as for the degree of Master of Arts
and Master of Science and Master of Science.
The degree of Master of Business Administration represents specialized work in a particular field of business administration. To this end course and thesis work should contribute to one field of specialization such as Accounting, Marketing, Finance, Labor, Public Utilities, Foreign Trade, or to some other field of the candidate's specialized interest.
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY
Advancement to Candidacy. Candidates of the Doctor's degree must be admitted to candidacy at least three quarters before the final examination. Applications for admission to candidacy for the Doctor's degree are filled out by the student and submitted to his major department for further action and transmission to the Dean of the Graduate School.
The applicant must have obtained from the head of the Modern Lan guage Department a statement that he possesses a reading knowledge of French and German. Preliminary examinations or such other substantial tests as the departments may elect are also required for admission
to candidacy. peside.
Residence. The equivalent of three years (nine quarters) of full time graduate study and research is the minimum required. Of the three years the equivalent of at least one year must be spent in residence at this University. On a part-time basis the time needed will be correspondingly increased. All work at other institutions offered in partial fulfillment of cil for approval, upo the Ph.D. degree is submitted to the Graduate Counthe student applies for admission to of the department concerned, when the student applies for admission to candidacy for the degree.
The Doctor's degree is not given merely as a certificate of residence ments in scholarship, and ability to carry sufficient evidence of high attainments in scholarship, and ability to carry on independent research in the special field in which the major work is done.

Major and Minor Subjects. The candidate must select a major and one or two closely related minor subjects. At least thirty-six quarter hours, exclusive of research, are required in minor work. The remainder of the required residence is devoted to intensive study and research in the major field. The amount of required course work in the major subject
will vary with the department and the individual candidate. The candidate must register for a minimum of eighteen quarter hours of research.
Thesis. The ability to do independent research must be shown by a dissertation on some topic connected with the major subject. An original typewritten copy and two clear, plain carbon copies of the thesis, together with an abstract of the contents, 250 to 500 words in length, must be deposited in the office of the Dean at least three weeks before the convocation at which the degree is sought. It is the responsibility of the student also to provide copies of the thesis for the use of the members of the examining committee prior to the date of the final examination.
The original copy should not be bound by the student, as the university later binds uniformly all theses for the general university library. The carbon copies are bound by the student in cardboard covers which may be obtained at the students' supply store. The abstracts are published biennially by the university in a special bulletin.
A manual giving full directions for the physical make-up of the thesis is in the hands of each professor who directs thesis work, and should be consulted by the student before typing of the thesis is begun. Students may obtain copies of this manual at the Dean's office, at nominal cost.
Final Examination. The final oral examination is held before a committee appointed by the Dean. One member of this committee is a representative of the graduate faculty who is not directly concerned with the student's graduate work. One or more members of the committee may be persons from other institutions who are distinguished scholars in the student's ${ }^{-}$major field.
The duration of the examination is approximately three hours, and covers the research work of the candidate as embodied in his thesis, and his attainments in the fields of his major and minor subjects. The other detailed procedures are the same as those stated for the Master's examination.

Rules Governing Language Examinations for Candidates

## for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy

1. A candidate for the Doctor's degree must show in a written examination that he possesses a reading knowledge of French and German. The passages to be translated will be taken from books and articles in his specialized field. Some 300 pages of text from which the applicant wishes to have his examination chosen should be submitted to the head of the Department of Modern Languages at least three days before the examination. The examination aims to test ability to use the foreign language for research purposes. It is presumed that the candidate will know sufficient grammar to distinguish inflectional forms and that he will be able to translate readily in two hours about 500 words of text, with the aid of a dictionary.
2. Application for admission to these tests must be filed in the offic of the Department of Modern Languages at least three days in advance
of the tests.
3. No
cessful candidate is attached to failure in the examination, and the unsuc4. candidate is free to try again at the next date set for these tests 4. Examinations are held near the office of the Department of Modern Languages, on the first Wednesday of each quarter, at $2 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$

## FELLOWSHIPS AND ASSISTANTSHIPS

Fellowships. A number of fellowships
University. The stipend for the of all graduate fees except the University fellows is $\$ 500$ and the remission ships, with varying except the diploma fee. Several industrial fellow-
Fellows are required to render also available in certain departments.
departments. The usual amount of service required prescribed by their major clock hours per week. Fellows are service required does not exceed twelve program, and they may satisfy the permitted to carry a full graduate in the normal time.

Applications for $f$
from the office of the Grodips are made on blanks which may be obtained credentials, is sent by the applicant . The application, with the necessary School. Applications which are apprectly to the Dean of the Graduate departments, where final selection of the fy the Dean are forwarded to the University fellowships are on a competitive fellows is made. The awards of
competitive basis.
Graduate Assistantships. A number of teaching and research graduate for these assistantships are available in several departments. The compensation graduate fees except this $\$ 600$ to $\$ 1000$ a year and the remission of all for one year (four quarters) fee. Graduate assistants are appointed assistant in this class devotes and are eligible to reappointment. The research in connection with Experiment of his time to instruction or to research in connection with Experiment Station projects, and he is required to spend six quarters in residence for the Master's degree. If he continues in residence for the Doctor's degree, the minimum residence requirements from the Bachelor's degree may be satisfied in twelve quarters.
Applications for graduate assistantships in twelve quarters.
ments concerned, and appointments are made made directly to the departfor staff appointments. Further information through the regular channels may be obtained from the department or college concerned.

## SUMMER SESSION FOR TEACHERS

## Arnold E. Joyal, Acting Director.

A Summer Session for Teachers of six weeks is conducted at College Park during the first half of the regular summer quarter. The program, designed for teachers in service, serves the needs of persons who wish to spend a part of the summer in study but do not find it possible to attend the university for the entire summer quarter.

Terms of Admission
The admission requirements for those who desire to become candidates for degrees are the same as for any other session of the University. Before registering, a candidate for a degree will be required to consult the Dean of the College or School in which he wishes to secure the degree. Teachers and special students not seeking a degree are admitted to the courses of the summer session for which they are qualified. All such selection of courses must be approved by the Director of the Summer Session.
Credits and Certificates
The quarter hour is the unit of credit as in other sessions of the University. In the summer session, a course meeting five times a week for six weeks and requiring the standard amount of outside work has a value of three quarter hours.
Courses satisfactorily completed will be credited by the State Department of Education toward satisfying certification requirements of all classes.

## Summer Graduate Work

For persons wishing to do graduate work towards advanced degrees in the summer sessions, special arrangements are made supplementing the regular procedure. Teachers and other graduate students working for degrees on the summer plan must meet the same requirements as to admission, credits, scholarship, and examinations as do students enrolled in the regular sessions of the University.
All teachers or others planning to do work towards graduate degrees in Education must apply to the Dean of the Graduate School as early as possible for admission to candidacy in the Graduate School.
For detailed information in regard to the Summer Session, consult the special Summer Session announcement, issued annually in April. A copy of this announcement may be secured from the Director, Summer Session, University of Maryland, College Park, Md.

## EVENING COURSES

## Arnold E. Joyal, Chairman

Division of Evening Extension Courses.
The University provides a limited program of evening instruction for undergraduates and graduates at College Park, and for undergraduates only in various other centers of the State. During the period 1942-1944, such courses were given at Cambridge, Frederick, Easton, Charlotte Hall, LaPlata, Cumberland, and Salisbury.
Courses in any university subject may be offered in the evening program when there is a sufficient student demand and instructors are available. During 1942-1944, evening courses were given at College Park in education, English, history, political science, psychology, sociology, and zoology. During the same period, courses in other centers included work in English, history, and political science.
The evening program is carried on primarily as a service to employed persons. Although the majority of those enrolled in evening classes are teachers in the schools of Maryland, or the District of Columbia, the University is glad to provide evening courses for other vocational groups to the extent of its facilities.
A separate announcement with regard to Evening Courses is issued early in the Fall. A copy of this announcement, or any further information desired may be secured by communicating with:

Division of Evening Extension Courses,
University of Maryland,
College Park, Maryland.

## SECTION III

## Course Offerings-College Park

This section contains a list of all courses offered in the regular sessions fthe University at College Park. Courses offered in the Summer Session for Teachers and in the Baltimore Schools of the University are described in the separate catalogs issued by the several schools.
in the sep. The University reserves the rer of students have registered to warrant. for which an insufficient an event, no fee will be charged for transfer to
giving the course. In such an another course.
Courses are designated by numbers as follows:
Group I numbered 1 to 49-courses primarily for freshmen, and sophomores. 50 to 99-courses for juniors and seniors.
Group II numbered 100 to 199-courses for advanced undergraduates Group III numbered 100 to 199 seniors) and graduates.
(well qualled 200 to 299-courses for graduates only.
Group IV numbere designated are lecture courses. The number of Courses not otherwise the arabic numeral in parentheses after the title of hours' credit is shown by the arabic giving the hour the course. A sep of meeting, and other information required by the studen register. out his program. Students obtain these schedules when they register.

## agricultural ECONOMICS AND FARM MANAGEMENT

A. E. 1. Agricultural Industry and Resoruces (3). Winter.

A course dealing with agriculture as an industry and its relation to climatic, soil and population factors. The history of American agricultur is briefly reviewed. Emphasis is upon the chief crop and livestock produre of the United States.
A. E. 2. Farm Organization (3). Fall.

A study of farm organization, consistin
plex problems of the agricultural industry of an introduction to the com and welfare of the individual farmer

## A. E. 90, 91 For Advanced Undergraduates

Students will Seminar (1, 1). Fall, Winter.
current problems.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

A. E. 100. Farm Ecnomics (3). Fall. Prerequisite, Econ. 31, 32, 33,
or Econ. 37.

A general course in agricultural economics, with special reference population trends, the factors in agricultural production, agricultural wealth, land tenure, farm labor, agricultural credit, the tariff, price move ments, and marketing.
A. E. 101. Marketing of Farm Product Econ. 31, 32, 33, or Econ. 37.
The development of tribution, functions, marketing, its scope, channels and agencies of discosts, methods used, and services rendered
A. E. 103. Cooperation in Agriculture (3). Fall

Hictorical and comparative development of farmers' cooperative organiza tives; present trends.
A. E. 104. Farm Finance (3). Spring.

A study of credit principles as applied to farm businesses and the agencies extending farm credit. The needs and benefits of farm insurance, including fire, crop, livestock, and life insurance.
A. E. 105. Food Products Inspection (2)... One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Summer.
This course is designed to give the students primary instruction in the grading, standardizing and inspection of fruits and vegetables, dairy products, poultry products, meats, and other food products.
A. E. 106. Prices of Farm Products (3). Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Winter.
A general course in prices, price relationships, and price analysis, with emphasis on prices of agricultural products.
A. E. 107. Analysis of the Farm Business (3). One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Winter.
A concise, practical course in the keeping, summarizing, and analyzing of farm accounts.
A. E. 108. Farm Management (3). Spring.

A study of the organization and operation of farms from the standpoint of efficiency selection of farms, size of farms, leasing systems, and factors affecting profits. Students will make an analysis of the actual farm business and practices of different types of farms, and make specific recommendations as to how these farms may be organized and operated as successful businesses.
A. E. 109. Research Problems (1-2). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.

With the permission of the instructor, students will work on any research problems in agricultural economics. There will be occasional class meetings for the purpose of making reports on progress of work.
A. E. 111. Land Economics (3). Fall.

Concepts of land economy are discussed, as well as conditions and tendencies influencing land requirements in relation to land resources; a study of major land problems and land policies; land use adjustments; and measures for better use of our land resources.
A. E. 112. Agricultural Policy (3). Spring.

A study of the effect of governmental programs and policy on agricultural production, prices and income.

## For Graduates

A. E. 200, 201. Special Problems in Farm Economics (2, 2). Winter, Spring.
An advanced course dealing extensively with economic problems affecting the farmer.
A. E. 202. Seminar (1-3). Fall, Winter, Spring.

This course will consist of special reports by students on current economic subjects, and a discussion and criticism of the same by the members of the class and the instructor.
A. E. 203. Research (1-6). Credit determined by work accomplished. Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.
Students will be assigned research in agricultural economics under the supervision of the instructor. The work will consist of original investigation in problems of agricultural economics.
A. E. 210. Taxation in Relation to Agriculture (2). Winter

Principles and practices of taxation in their relation to
special reference to the trends of tax lovies, taxation to agriculture, with utilization, taxation in relation to ability to pay and benefits receive to land
A. E. 211. Agricultural Tax to ability to pay and ben received
A. E. 211. Agricultural Taxation in Theory and Practice (3). Two lec.
tures and one laboratory period a week
tures and one laboratory period a week. Fall.
Economic effects of taxation upon the welfare of rural society; theory of sales tax, special com tax, business and license taxes, the income tax, the to the support of rural to the support of rural governmental functions; practical and current
problems in taxation. xation.
A. E. 212, 213. Land Utilization and Agricultural Production (3, 2).
Fall,

A presentation, by regions, of the basic physical conditions of climate topography and soils; the economic and social forces that have influenced agricultural settlement, and the resultant utilization of the land, followed by a consideration of the regional trends and inter-regional shifts in land utilization and agricultural production.
A. E. 214. Consumption of Farm Products and Standards of Living (3). Spring.
A presentation of the trends in population and rural-urban migration, of the trends in exports of farm products and their regional significance, and of the trends in per capita consumption of agricultural products.
A. E. 215. Advanced Agricultural Cooperation (3). Winter.

An appraisal of agricultural cooperation as a means of improving the financial status of farmers.

## AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION AND RURAL LIFE

## For Advanced Undergraduates

R. Ed. 51. Departmental Organization (3). One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Spring.
This course is designed to orient the student in the teaching of vocational agriculture in secondary schools and to assist him in relating the information acquired at the University with the problems of doing and demonstrating which he faces as a teacher. His experiences are checked for deficiencies which are corrected by
by
Under the directice Teaching (6). Fall. Prerequisite, R. Ed. 107. and prepare special units of subjecter the student is required to analyze operation with the critic of subject matter, plan lessons, and teach in co100 clock hith the critic teacher, exclusive of observation, not less than
R. Ed hours of vocational agriculture and related subjects.
site, R. Ed. 90 .

A continuation of R. Ed. 90 for those students wishing to acquire additional experience in teaching.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

R. Ed. 107. Observation and Analysis of Teaching for Agricultural Students (3). One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Fall. Required of majors in Agricultural Education. Elective for others.
This course deals with an analysis of pupil learning in class groups.
R. Ed. 109. Teaching Secondary Vocational Agricultural (5). Fall. Prerequisite, R. Ed. 107.
A comprehensive course in the work of high school departments of vocational agriculture. It emphasizes particularly placement, supervised farming programs, the organization and administration of Future Farmer work, and objectives and methods in all-day instruction.
R. Ed. 110. Rural Life and Education (4). Winter.

An intensive study of the educational agencies at work in rural communities, stressing an analysis of school patronage areas, the possibilities of normal life in rural areas, early beginnings in rural education, and the conditioning effects of economic differences.
R. Ed. 111. Teaching Part-time and Adult Classes (2). Fall.

Characteristics of part-time and adult class instruction. Determining needs for and organizing a course; selecting materials for instruction; and class management. Emphasis is placed on the conference method of teaching.
R. Ed. 112, 113. Departmental Management (1, 1). One laboratory period a week. Winter, Spring. Prerequisites, R. Ed. 107, 109.
The analysis of administrative programs for high school departments of vocational agriculture. Investigations and reports.
K. Ed. 114. Organization and Management of Farm Mechanics in Secondary Schools (2). Two laboratory periods a week. Spring. Prerequisites, Agr. Engr. 54, R. Ed. 107.
An analysis of programs in well-equipped farm mechanics laboratories. Contemporary developments; objectives; determination of projects; procurement of supplies and repairs; shop management; care and operation of equipment; methods of group and individual instruction; safety precautions; keeping records; and the development of charts designed to promote order in shops.

## For Graduates

R. Ed. 201, 202, 203. Rural Life and Education (3, 3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, R. Ed. 110 or equivalent.
A sociological approach to rural education as a movement for a good life in rural communities.
R. Ed. 207, 208, 209. Problems in Vocational Agriculture, Related Science, and Shop (2, 2, 2). Fall, Winter, Spring.

In this course special emphasis is placed upon the current problems facing teachers of vocational agriculture. It is designed especially for persons who have had several years of teaching experience in this field.
R. Ed. 250. Seminar in Rural Education (1-3). Fall, Winter, Spring. Problems in the organization, administration, and supervision of the several agencies of rural education. Investigations, papers, and reports.
R. Ed. 251. Research. Credit hours according to work done.

## AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Agr. Engr. 54. Farm Mechanics (2). Two laboratory periods a week. Fall.

This course consists of laboratroy exercises in practical farm shop and farm equipment repair and construction projects. It is offered primarily for prospective teachers of vocational agriculture.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Agr. Engr. 101. Farm Machinery (4). Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Winter.

A study of the economics, design and adjustments of modern horse and tractor-drawn machinery, including applications of electricity to farm operations. Laboratory work consists of detailed study of actual machines, their calibration, adjustment, and repair.

Agr. Engr. 102. Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles (4). Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Spring.
A study of the design, operation, and repair of the internal combustion engines, trucks, tractors, and automobiles used in farm practice.

Agr. Engr. 105. Farm Buildings (3). Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Winter.
A study of all types of farm structures; also of farm lighting, heating, water supply, and sanitation systems.

Agr. Engr. 107. Farm Drainage (3). Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Fall.
A study of farm drainage systems, including theory of tile under-drainage, the depth and spacing of laterals, calculation of grades, methods of construction, and the use of engineering instruments. A smaller amount of time will be spent upon drainage by open ditches, and the laws relating thereto.

AGRONOMY
Division of Crops
Agron. 1. Crop Production (5). Three lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Winter.
History, distribution, adaptation, culture, improvement and uses of Cereal and Forage crops.
Agron. 51. Technor Advanced Undergraduates (ecture and one laboraAgron. 51. Technology of Crop Quality (2). Agron. 1 or consent of in-
tory period a week. Winter. Prerequisites, Agrent structor.
Identification, judging and grading farm crops, including market classifications and grades as recommended by the United States Bureau of Markets.
Agron. 54. Selected Crop Studies (2-4). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Agron. 1.
Advanced individual study of field crops of special interest to the students.

For Advanced Undergraduates
Agron. 103. Crop Breeding (3). Fall. Prerequisite, Zool. 104.
The principles of breeding as applied to field crop plants and methods used in plant improvement.
Agron. 151. Cropping Systems (3). Spring.
The bringing to bear of information from various courses upon the development of balanced cropping systems, appropriate to different objectives and different areas of the state.

For Graduates
Agron. 201. Crop Breeding (3-6). Fall. Prerequisite, consent of in-
structor. 103 , but better adapted to graduate students and offerSimilar to Agron. 103, but better adapted to suit special cases.
ing a wider range of choice of material to
Agron. 203. Seminar (1, 1, 1). Fall, Winter, Spring.
Reports by students on current scientific publications on crops or soils.
Agron. 209. Research (6-12). Any quarter. With approval or suggestion
Credit according to work accomplished. will choose his own problem
for study.
Division of Soils
Soils 1. General Soils (5). Spring. Prerequisites, General Chemistry.
A broad conception and appreciation of the development of soils as a home for plants; major soil areas of the world; their importance, use,
climatic relationships, effect on civilization; the relation of Soils as
Soils 2 riences.
Soils 2. Principles of Soil Fertility (3). Fall. Prerequisites, Soils
Those biological, Chemistry, and General Bacteriology.
necessary for crop growth; the uses of lime chacteristics of soils that are materials and rotations in creating these lime materials, fertilizers, organic

For Advanced Undergraduates
Soils 51. Laboratory Problems in Sois (3)
periods a week. Winter. Prerequisites, Soils Two three-hour laboratory Chemistry.
The common biological, chemical, and physical methods of examining a soil in the laboratory to determine its nutritional and potential fertility level. The student is required to provide about a bushel of soils for his
own use in this study. this study.

Soils 103. For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
a week. Spring Geography (4). Three lectures and one laboratory period The factors and proceqses ites, Soils 1 and Geology.
the development and use of soil classification, in the world and Maryland; soil uses. The laboratory period is used for soil capability groupings, and tions of the state to examine soils in flar field trips into different sec to the interests of the student are in place. Special problems according Soils 112. Soil Cor staduate credit.
period a week. Fall. Prvation (3). Two lectures and one discussion The factors affecting Prequisite, Soils 1.
their influence on society; methods of of soil and of soil moisture, and conducted to see practical application of conservation. Field trips are Soils 120. Soil Management (3) of these methods of soil conservation.
a week. Winter. Prerequisites, Soils 1 and 2 and one laboratory period Detailed soil problems; pras, Soils 1 and 2
agement practices for maximum productions of these problems; soil man-

## For Graduates

Soils 201. Special Problems and Research (10-12). Laboratory and Ory work. Any quarter.
deficiency.
Soils 202, 203, 204. Soil Science (3, 3, 3). Thre lectures a wel Winter, Spring. Prerequisites, Soils 1 and 2 Fall, A review of the development and mor their equivalent Fall quarter, the physical nature of soils; wintereption of soil science. nature of soils; spring quarter, the biological nature of soils.

Soils 212, 213, 214. Soil Technique (2, 2, 2). Two laboratory periods a week. Fall, Winter, Spring.
To accompany the Soil Science course; procedures for obtaining data and research methods for studying various soil problems.

## ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

A. H. 2. Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (4). Four laboratory periods a week. Fall or Spring.
A study of the types, breeds and market classes of beef cattle, sheep, hogs and horses; general problems in breeding, feeding and management. Practice in the selection, fitting and showing of livestock.
A. H. 31. Livestock Judging (2). Two laboratory periods a week. Spring. Prerequisite, A. H. 2.
Training in judging of beef cattle, sheep, hogs and draft horses. Occasional trips to farms where outstanding heards and flocks are maintained.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

A. H. 52. Feeds and Feeding (4). Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Winter or Spring. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3, 31 and 33.
Elements of nutrition, source, characteristics, and adaptability of the various feeds to the several classes of livestock; feeding standards; the calculation and compounding of rations.
A. H. 53. Principles of Breeding (4). Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Fall or Spring. Prerequisite, Zool. 104.
The practical aspects of animal breeding, heredity, variation, selection, development, systems of breeding, and pedigree work are considered.
A. H. 55. Livestock Management (2). Two laboratory periods a week. Fall or Spring. Prerequisite, A. H. 2.
A course designed to familiarize students with the practical handling and management of livestock. Practice and training in the feeding, fitting and preparation of animals for show and work purposes.
A. H. 56. Meat and Meat Products (1). One laboratroy period a week. Winter. Prerequisite, A. H. 2.
Designed to give information on the processing and handling of the nation's meat supply. A study of the physical and structural qualities which affect the value of meat and meat products. Trips are made to packing houses and meat distributing centers.
A. H. 58. Advanced Livestock Judging (2). Two laboratory periods a week. Fall. Prerequisite, A. H. 31. -
An advanced course in the selection and judging of purebred and commercial meat and work animals. The most adept students enrolled in this course are chosen to represent the University of Maryland in intercollegiate livestock judging contests.
A. H. 60. Beef Cattle Production (3). Fall. Prerequisite, A. H. 2. Principles and practices underlying the economical production of cattle, including a study of breeds and their adaptability; breeding, feedin manemt of purebred and commercial herds.
A. H. 64. Sheep Production (3). Winter. Prerequisite, A. H. 2

Principles and practices underlying economical production of sheep and management of the breeds and their adaptability. Breeding, feeding and management of purebreed and commercial flocks.
A. H. 67. Pork Production (3). Winter. Prerequisite, A. H. 2. breeding, feeding and management the economical production of hogs; breeds of swine and their adaptability.
A. H. 69. Draft Horse Productio
A. H. 69. Draft Horse Production (3). Spring. Prerequisite, A. H. 2. draft horses, including a study of bring economical production and use of For Advanced Und their adaptability.

## A. H. 112. Livestock

A. H. 2 .
I. Prerequisite,
ing; trends of livestopment of livestock markets and systems of marketrefrigeration facilities; the merchandising of changes in transportation and A. H. 114. Anim merchandising of meat products.

## and 33, A. H. 52

Pre, A. H. 52.
tional balances; nature of absorption, and metabolism of nutrients; nutriand reproduction.
A. H. 116. Light Horse Production (1). Fall.

A study of the light horse breeds with empha
fulness of each. A discussion of principles of sen the types and uselight horses is included in this course.
A. H. 117. Advanced Light Horse Production
(1). Spring. Prerequi-
ite, A. H. 116
ite, A. H. 116
A continuation of A. H. 116. Included is a study of the organization of the light horse farm, proper methods of feeding and training, control of disease, treatment and care of injuries, sale of surplus stock.

## For Graduates

A. H. 201. Special Problems in Animal Husbandry in proportion to amount of work completed Husbandry (2-4). Credit given Problems which relate specifically to the Fall, Winter, Spring. is pursuing will be assigned.
A. H. 202. Seminar (1). Fall, Winter, Spring.

Students are required to prepare papers based upon current scientific publications relating to animal husbandry or upon their research work for presentation before and discussion by the class.
A. H. 203. Research. Credit to be determined by the amount and character of work done. Fall, Winter, Spring.
With the approval of the head of the department, students will be required to pursue original research in some phase of animal husbandry, carry the same to completion, and report the results in the form of a thesis.
A. H. 204. Advanced Breeding (3). Spring. Prerequisites, Zool. 104, A. H. 53.

This course deals with the more technical phases of heredity and variation; selection and selection indices; breeding systems; specific inheritance in farm animals.
A. H. 206, 207, 208. Advanced Livestock Management (3, 3, 3). Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Fall, Winter, Spring.
An intensive study of the newer developments in animal breeding, animal physiology, animal nutrition, endocrinology and other closely allied fields as they apply to the management and commercial production of livestock.

Art 1. Art in Ancient Civilization (2). Spring. Prehistoric period and Egypt to 1000 B. C. Survey of architectural remains, sculpture, painting. Attention is given to stages of culture as reflected in the archaelogical and artistic remains. Lectures fully illustrated by slides.
Art 2. Art in Ancient Civilization (2). Near East and Pre-Greek civilization of the eastern Mediterranean. Sumerian, Babylonian, Assyrian, Persian. The important archaelogical discoveries of Schliemann and Evans at Troy, the Greek mainland and in Crete are treated in detail. Conducted with the use of slides.
Art 3. Art in Classical Civilization (2). Summer. Monuments of Ancient Rome. A survey of the architectural remains and the decorative art of the Romans. The related Etruscan art development will also be treated, as well as the remains of Pompeii and important outlying sites of the Roman world. Illustrated with slides.
Art 4. Art in Classical Civilization (2). Greek Art: Architecture, sculpture, and vase-painting. The course covers the achaeic period, treats in detail the highly developed forms of the Golden Age, and shows the main trends in the late Greek or Hellenistic era. Illustrated by slides.

[^2]
## BACTERIOLOGY

Art 11. Medieval Art (3). Summer. An introduction to the figurative arts, and to the development of style. European architecture, sculpture and painting, from the third century A. D. to the Renaissance, studied by

Art 13. Modern Art (3). Three lectures
Occasional gallery visits European art from the Renaissance to the present. Illustrated lectures Visits to the museums in Washington.
Art 23. Italian Painting (3). One lecture; two consecutive hours of museum study in the National Gallery of Art in Washington.
A study of the development of Italian art since the Middle Ages, with special emphasis on the painting of the Renaissance and the Baroque. Occasional comparison of painting with sculpture, and architecture. Lectures illustrated with slides.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Art 51. Principles of Art Appreciation (3). Three lectures. Occasional gallery visits. Spring.
A course designed to help those who seek the proper approach to figura tive art, and the best enjoyment of it.

## ASTRONOMY

For Advanced Undergraduates
Astr. 51, 52. Astronomy (4). Summer, Fall.
An elementary course in descriptive astronomy.

## BACTERIOLOGY

Bact. 1. General Bacteriology (5). Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Three lectures; two laboratóries.

A brief history of bactericl
soils; bacteria causing disease and Application to water, milk, foods, and true media; sterilizations and methods of control. Preparation of culcation of bacteria. Labd disinfection; isolation, cultivation and identifcation of bacteria. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$
Bact. 5. Bacteriological Technique (3). Fall, Spring. One lecture; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bact. 1.
Isolation of bacteria in pure cultures and their identification. The preparation of special bacteriological media and reagents. Advanced staining echniques and the measurement of bacteria. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria and the use of specialized bacteriological apparatus. Laboratory
fee, $\$ 7.00$.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Bact. 50. Household Bacteriology (5). Fall, Spring. Three lectures; two laboratories. Junior year. For Home Economics students only.

A brief history of bacteriology; bacterial morphology, classification, and metabolism; relation to water, milk, dairy products, and other foods; infection and immunity; personal, home and community hygiene. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Bact. 60. Pathogenic Bacteriology (5). Winter, Summer. Three lectures; two laboratories. Sophomore standing. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and 5.
Principles of infection and immunity; characteristics of pathogenic micro-
organisms. Isolation and identification of bacteria from pathological material; effects of pathogens and their products. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.
Bact. 60A. Pathogenic Bacteriology (3). Winter, Summer. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and 5.
This course consists of the lectures only of Bact. 60.
Bact. 65. Public Health (2). Fall. Prerequisite, Bact. 1.
A series of weekly lectures on public health and its administration, by the staff members of the Maryland State Department of Health, representing each of the bureaus and divisions. Offered in alternate years, alternating with Bact. 116.
Bact. 70. Elements of Sanitary Bacteriology (2). Fall. Senior year. For Engineering students only.
Bacteria and their application to water purification and sewage disposal.
Bact. 91, 92, 93, 94, Journal Club (1, 1, 1, 1). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Prerequisites, 16 hours Bacteriology, including Bact. 1, 5 and 60.
Students report on current scientific literature or on individual problems in bacteriology, which will be discussed and criticized by members of the class and staff. No graduate credit for students majoring in bacteriology.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Bact. 101. Milk Bacteriology (5). Summer, Winter. Three lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and 5.
The sources and development of bacteria in milk; milk fermentation; sanitary production; care and sterilization of equipment; care and preservation of milk and cream; pasteurization; public health requirements. Standard methods of milk analysis; the bacteriological control of milk supplies and plant sanitation; occasional inspection trips. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Bact. 102. Dairy Products Bacteriology (4). Spring, Fall. Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and 5; Bact. 101 is desirable.
Relation of bacteria, yeasts, and molds to cream, concentrated milks, fermented milks, starters, butter, ice cream, cheese, and other dairy products; sources of contamination. Microbiological analysis and control; occasional inspection trips. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Bact. 111. Food Bacteriology (5). Fall, Spring. Three lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and 5.

Bacteria, yeasts and molds associated with fruits and vegetables, meats, seafoods, and poultry products. Methods of examination, and standards of quality. Microorganisms causing food spoilage and methods for their control. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.

Bact. 112. Sanitary Bacteriology (4). Fall, Spring. Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and 5.

Bacteriological and public health aspects of water supplies and water purification; swimming pool sanitation; sewage disposal; disposal of garbage and refuse; municipal sanitation. Standard methods for examination of water and sewage and for other sanitary analyses; differentiation and significance of the coli-aerogenes group. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.

Bact. 115. Serology (5). Fall, Spring. Three lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, Bact. 60.
Infection and resistance; agglutination, precipitation, complement fixation reactions, principles of immunity and hypersensitiveness. Preparation of necessary reagents; general immunological techniques; factors affecting reactions; applications in the identifications of bacteria and diagnosis of disease. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.

Bact. 116. Epidemiology (2). Winter. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and credit or registration in Bact. 60 or 60A.
Epidemiology of important infectious diseases, including history, characteristic features, methods of transmission, immunization and control; periodicity; principles of investigation; public health applications.

Bact. 118. Systematic Bacteriology (4). Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, 10 hours of Bacteriology.
History of bacterial classification; genetic relationships; international codes of nomenclature; bacterial variation as it affects classification. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Bact. 125. Clinical Methods (2). Fall, Spring. Two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 5 and 60 and consent of instructor.
Methods for microscopic examination of blood; bacteriological examination of sputum, feces and spinal fluids; microscopic and routine chemical methods for examination of urine. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Bact. 181, 182, 183, 184. Bacteriological Problems (1-3). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, 5 and any other courses needed for the projects. Registration limited.
This course is arranged to provide qualified students an opportunity to continue specific bacteriological problems under the supervision of a member of the department. Results are presented in the form of a thesis. No graduate credit for students majoring in Bacteriology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.

## For Graduates

Bact. 205. Research Methods (2). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisites,
Bacteriology, 6 hours. library practice; current literature; preparation of
Methods of research; library practice; currest, equipment and supplies; papers; researches; professional aids.
Bact. 211. Bacterial Metabolism (3). Winter. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, Chem. 31, $32,33,34$, Chem. 81 and 82 or equivalent. Growth, nutrition, physiological trial fermentations.
Bact. 212. Advanced Food Bacteriology (4). Spring. Two lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisites, Bact. 111 or equivalent.
Microorganisms used in food manufacture; bacterial, yeast, and mold frmentations. Food infections and food poisonings; the role of flies, ferents, human corriers, etc., in the contamination of food products. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Bact. 216. Advanced Serology (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Bact. 115 or equivalent.
Immunology of individual infectious diseases, including virus and rickettsial diseases. Discussion of recent literature on serological probrickettsial Offered for graduate students interested in doing research in immunology.
Bact. 221. Research (1-9). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Credit will be determined by the amount and character of the work accomplished. Prerequisites, Bact. 1, 5, and any other courses needed for the particular project.

Properly qualified students will be admitted upon approval of the department head and, with his approval, the student may select the subject part research. The investigation is outlined in consultation with and purfor research. The investigation is a faculty member of the department. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$ per credit hour.
Laboratory fee, \$3.inar (2). Falr, Winter, Spring, Summer. Prerequisite, Bacteriology 10 hours.
Discussions and repred prepared by the students on current research, selected subjects, and recent advances in bacteriology.

## FOOD TECHNOLOGY

F. Tech. 1. Introduction to Food Technology (1). (Not offered 1944-45).

Discussions of the general phases of study comprising food technology.
For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
F. Tech. 100. Food Microscopy (3). Fall, Spring. Two laboratories.

Microscopical analysis of foods following the methods used in the position of agricult and other agencies. Studies of the structural comin factory control and and manufactured foods. Use of microscopic tests factory control and analyses. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
ture; two 108. Preservation of Poultry Products (3). Spring. One lec. Studies of thatories. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and 5
Studies of the microbiology of poultry, alive and during storage; micro.
biology of shell eggs, fresh and and dried eggs. This is Poultry Husbandry. Laboratory in cooperation with the Department of F. Tech. 110 . Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
stration.
Methods followed
commerce. Consid in the control of foods in interstate and intrastate F. Tech. Consideration laboratory basis of standards of control.
work. Prerequisites, Sanitation (3). Fall. Lecture, laboratory and field preference given to students majoring in thist. Enrollment limited, with Principles of sanita
of control of sanitation in in food manufacture and distribution; methods refrigeration, dehydrationmercial canning, pickling, bottling, preserving,
F. Tech. 130. Techno, etc. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.

Reports and discussions of Conference (1). Winter, Summer. One lecture. technology.

## BOTANY

Bot. 1. General Botany (5). Summer, Fall, Spring. Three lectures and two laboratory periods a week
General introduction to botany, touching briefly on all phases of the subject. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$
Bot. 2. General Botany (5). Winter. Three lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1
A continuation of Bot. 1. A brief evolutionary study of algae, fungi liverworts, mosses, ferns and their relatives, and the seed plants. Labora-
tory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

Bot. 20. Diseases of Plants (5). Fall, Spring. Three lectures and two aboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1, or equivalent.
An introductory study in the field, in the laboratory, and in the literature of symptoms, causal agents, and control meat and in the literature Laboratroy fee, $\$ 3.00$.

For Advanced Undergraduates
Bot. 50. Plant T
periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 2. One lecture and two laboratory

Classification of the vegetable kingdom, and the principles on which classification is based.
Bot. 51. Plant Microtechnique (3). Winter. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.
Principles and methods involved in the preparation of permanent microscope slides of plant materials. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

Bot. 52. Seminar (1-3). Fall, Winter, Spring.
Discussion of current literature, problems, and progress in botany, plant physiology and plant pathology. For undergraduate majors and minors.
Bot. 70. Research Methods in Plant Pathology (2). Fall, Winter, Spring. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 20, or equivalent.
For students who are interested in obtaining advanced training in basic technics of plant pathology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$ per quarter.

## A. General Botany and Morphology

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Bot. 101. Plant Anatomy (3). Fall. . One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 51.
The origin and development of the organs and tissue systems in the vascular plants. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Bot. 104. Advanced Plant Taxonomy (3). Summer. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 50 .
Principles and criteria of plant taxonomy. Reviews and criticisms of current taxonomic literature.
Bot. 105. Structure of Economic Plants (2). Winter. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 101.
A detailed microscopic study of the chief fruit and vegetable crops. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Bot. 106. History and Philosophy of Botany (1). (Not offered 1944-45.)
Discussion of the development of ideas and knowledge about plants, also a survey of contemporary work in botanical science.

## For Graduates

Bot. 201. Cytology (5). Spring. Three lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Bot. 51, Zool. 104, or equivalent.
A detailed study of the chromosomes in mitosis and meiosis, and the relation of these to current theories of heredity and evolution. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Bot. 202. Plant Morphology (2). (Not offered 1944-45.) Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Bot. 50, 101, or equivalent.
A comparative study of the morphology of the flowering plants, with special reference to their phylogeny and development. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
of instructor. The study of special topics in plant morphology, anatomy, and cytology. Bot. 204. Research. Credit according to work done.

## B. Plant Pathology

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Plt. Path. 101. Diseases of Special Crops (3). Fall. Prerequisite,
oot. 20, or equivalent. Bot. 20 , or equivalent.
Intended for students who wish to obtain more detailed information on
seases of special crops than is available in Bot. 20.
Plt. Path. 108. Mycology (5). Spring. Three lectures and two laboraory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 2.
An introductory study of the morphology, life histories, classification
and economics of the fungi. Laboratory fee $\$ 3.00$.

## For Graduates

## Plt. Path. 201. Virus Diseases

lectures and one laboratory
Consideration of the physical, cha week. Prerequisite, Plt. Phys. 101.
viruses and plant virus diseas, chemical, and physiological aspects of plant
Plt. Path. 205. Researtory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Plt. Path. 206. Pesearch. Credit according to work done.
or equivalent.
An advanced course dealing with the theory and practices of plant dis-
control. ease control.
Plt. Path. 209. Seminar (1). Fall, Winter, Spring.
Attention is given to the advanced technical literature of phytopathology.
C. Plant Physiology

> For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates 101. Plant Phvcion

Plt. Phys. 101. Plant Physiology (5). Fall. Three lect
laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1. Three lectures and two
A summary view of the
oratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
laboratory period a Ecology (3). Summer. Two lectures and one The study of plants in. Prerequisites, Bot. 1 and Bot. 50.
and successions in various parts to their environments. Plant formations For Graduates
.
Plt. Phys. 201. Plant Bioch mistry (4). W
mentary knowledge of plant physiology and orter. Prerequisite, an elementary knowledge of plant physiology and organic chemistry.

This course deals with the important substances in the composition of the plant body.
Plt. Phys. 202A. Plant Biophysics (2). (Not offered in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, Bot. 1, Plt. Phys. 101, or equivalent.
An advanced course dealing with the operation of physical forces in plant life processes.
Plt. Phys. 202B. Biophysical Methods (2). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
Plt. Phys. 203. Plant Metabolism (3). Spring. Prerequisite, an elementary knowledge of plant physiology and organic chemistry.
An advanced course in plant physiology, in which the chemical aspects are especially emphasized.
Plt. Phys. 204. Growth and Development (2). Fall. Prerequisite, 18 hours of plant science.
Plt. Phys. 205. Seminar (1). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
Students are required to prepare reports on papers in the current literature. These are discussed in connection with the recent advances in the subject.
Plt. Phys. 206. Research. Credit according to work done.
Students must be specially qualified by previous work to pursue with profit the research to be undertaken.

## BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

B. A. 10, 11, 12. Organization and Control I, II, III (2, 2, 2). Fall, Spring, Summer. Prerequisite, sophomore standing. Required for B. P. A. students.
A survey course treating the internal and functional organization of a business enterprise. B. A. 12 includes industrial management, organization and control.
B. A. 20, 21, 22. Principles of Accounting I, II, III (12). Fall, Spring, Summer. Required of all B. P. A. students.
The fundamental principles and problems involved in the accounting system; capital and surplus; bonds; and manufacturing and cost accounting.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
B. A. 120. Intermediate Accounting (5). Fall, Summer. Prerequisite, B. A. 22 .

A comprehensive study of the theory and problems of valuation of assets, corporation accounts and statements, consignment and installments, and the interpretation of accounting statements.
B. A. 121. Cost Accounting (5). Winter. Prerequisite, B. A. 22.

A study of the fundamental principles of cost accounting including job order, process, and standard cost accounting.
B. A. 122. Auditing Theory and Practice (5). Spring. Prerequisite B. A. 120 .

A study of the principles and problems of auditing and the applicatio of accounting principles, to the preparation reports.
B. A. 123. Income Tax Accounting (5). Winter. Prerequisite, B. A 120.
are applied to statistical analyses of economic fluctuations, price changes, cost analysis, and market demand indexes and functions.
B. A. 140. Financial Management (4). Winter, Summer. Prequisite, Econ. 140. Required for graduation.
This course deals with the problems to be faced by management in the organization and financing of corporate enterprise; the various types of securities and their use in raising capital and apportioning income, risk, and control.
B. A. 141. Investment Management (4). Spring. Prerequiste, B. A. 140.

A study of the problems and methods involved in the analysis, selection, and management of investments.
B. A. 142. Banking Policies and Practices (4). Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 140.
A study of the organization and management of the commercial Bank, the operation of its departments, and the methods used in the extension of commercial credit.
B. A. 143. Credit Management (3). Spring. Prerequisite, B. A. 140

A study of the nature of credit and the principles applicable to its extension for industrial, commercial, and consumer purposes; the organization and management of a credit department, and the collection of accounts.
B. A. 144. Life, Group, and Social Insurance (3). Fall, Summer. Prequisite, Econ. 33 or 37.
A study of the types of life insurance and the basic principles underlying all life insurance relating to reserves, investments, premiums, and regulations.
B. A. 145. Property, Casualty, and Liability Insurance (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37.
A survey of the insurance coverages written to protect business and personal risks arising from such hazards as fire, windstorm, ocean and inland transportation, fidelity, and liability.
B. A. 146. Real Estate Financing and Appraisals (3). Spring. Prerequisites, Econ. 33 or 37, B. A. 156.
A study of the methods used in financing real estate of all types-residential, industrial, and commercial. The fundamental problem of valuation will be studied from the viewpoint of the appraiser. Appraisal technique will be applied in the field.
B. A. 147. Business Cycle Theory (4). Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 140 and senior standing. B. A. 131 recommended.
Definition and measurement of business cycles, theories of the business cycle and the dynamic interrelations of economic processes; the problem of controlling economic instability.
B. A. 150. Marketing Management (4). Winter, Summer. Prerequisite, Econ. 150. Required for graduation.

A study of the work of the marketing division in a going business organization. The problems of developing organizations and procedures for the control of marketing activities are surveyed. The emphasis throughout the course is placed on the determination of policies, methods, and practices for the effective marketing of merchandise.
B. A. 151. Advertising Programs and Campaigns (3). Fall. Prerequisite, B. A. 150
Deals with the fundamental principles of advertising. Covers the organization and carrying through of advertising campaigns and programs, the selection of ideas, types of appeal and different media, and the methods of judging the effectiveness of advertising.
B. A. 152. Advertising Copy Writing and Layout (3). Winter. Prerequisite, B. A. 151.
Studies the practices and techniques of copy writing and layout that are useful for those who expect to prepare advertising or to direct the actual production of advertising. Covers the most essential principles of various kinds of copy writing. Surveys the process of production from the original idea to the published advertisement, and analyzes methods of testing its effectiveness.
B. A. 153. Purchasing Management (3). Spring. Prerequisite, B. A. 150.

Studies the problems of determining the proper sources, quality and quantity of supplies, and of methods of testing quality; price policies, price forecasting, forward buying, bidding and negotiation; budgets and standards of achievement. Particular attention is given to government purchasing, the sources and supplies of war materials, and methods and procedures used in their procurement.
B. A. 154. Retail Store Management (4). Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 150.

Retail store organization, location, layout and store policy; priçing policies, price lines, brands, credit policies; records as a guide to buying purchasing methods; supervision of selling; training and supervision of retail sales force; and administrative problems.
B. A. 156. Real Estate Principles and Practice (3). Fall. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37.
The principles and practices involved in the acquisition and utilization of land and the improvements thereon.
B. A. 157. Foreign Trade Procedure (4). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, B. A. 150.

Functions of various exporting agencies; documents and procedures used in exporting and importing transactions. Methods of procuring goods in foreign countries; financing of import shipments; clearing thr
customs districts; and distribution of goods in the B. A. 160. Required for graduation.

Econ. 160. Required This course deals essential and the labor force. It comprises a survey of ships between management and the lab, "in-service" training, job analysis, the scientific selection of employees, of adjustment, classification and rating, motivation of
 tion of employment hazards, etc.
B. A. 162. Contemporary Trends in Labor Relations (3). Fall. Prerequisite, B. A. 160.
A study of contemporary trends in society's effort through legislation, mediation, and other methods to bring about a harmonious relationship between labor and management. State and Federal laws, and court debetwions affecting labor relations are studied
B. A. 163. Industrial Relations (3). Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 160.

A study of the development and methods of organized groups in industry Ath reference to the settlement of labor disputes. An economic and legal analysis of labor union and employer association activities, arbitration, mediation, and conciliation; collective bargaining, trade agreements, strikes, boycotts, lockouts, company unions, employee representation, and injunctions.
B. A. 165. Office Management (3). Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, B. A. 10 or junior standing.
Considers the application of the principles of scientific management in their application to office work.
B. A. 170. Industrial Management (4). Spring. Prerequisites, B. A. 11 and 12 and B. A. 160.
Factory organization and management including plant layout and locaion, product design, personnel relations, wage setting, job analysis, production planning, etc.
B. A. 171. Transportation II (4). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite,
P. A. 170.

Designed for students interested in the practical aspects
tion; for example, shippers, traffic managers and regulators.
B. A. 172. Transportation III (4). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, B. A. 171 .

This course treats the details of classification and rate construction for the inland transportation services.
B. A. 173. Transportation IV (4), Overseas Shipping. (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, P. A. 170, 171.
B. A. 180, 181, 182. Business Law I, II, III (9). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, senior standing. Required of all graduates in B. P. A.
Legal aspects of business relationships, contracts, negotiable instruments, agency, partnerships, corporations, real and personal property, and sales.
B. A. 183. Law for Accountants (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, B. A. 181.
Principles of law relating to the accounting profession, special emphasis being placed upon sections of the Maryland Annotated Code dealing with accountants, corporations, estates, and trusts.
B. A. 186. Real Estate Law and Conveyancing (3). (Not offered 194445.) Prerequisite, B. A. 156 and 181.

This course attempts to cover in a general way those phases of real property law which are of interest not only to real estate dealers but to all business men.

## For Graduates

B. A. 220. Managerial Accounting (4). (Not offered 1944-45.)
B. A. 228. Research in Accounting. (Arranged.)
B. A. 229. Studies of Special Problems in the Fields of Control and Organization. (Arranged.)
B. A. 240. Seminar in Financial Management (1-3). Prerequisites, Ec. 140, B. A. 22, B. A. 140.
B. A. 250. Problems in Sales Management (3). Spring.
B. A. 251. Problems in Advertising (3).
B. A. 252. Problems in Retail Store Management (3). Spring, Summer.
B. A. 257. Seminar in Marketing Management. (Arranged.)
B. A. 258. Research in Marketing. (Arranged.)
B. A. 262. Seminar in Contemporary Trends in Labor Relations. Fall, Summer.
B. A. 266. Research in Personnel Management. (Arranged.) Winter.
B. A. 267. Research in Industrial Relations. (Arranged.)
B. A. 269. Studies in Special Problems in Employer-Employee Relationships. (Arranged.)
B. A. 299. Thesis. (Arranged.)

## CHEMISTRY

1. Inorganic Chemistry

Chem. 1, 3. General Chemistry (10). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three lectures and two three-hour laboratory periods per week.
Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 5. General Chemistry, Introductory Qualitative Analysis (3). Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Chem. 1, 3. One lecture and two three-hour aboratory periods per week.
This course is necessary, in addition to Chem. 1, 3, to satisfy the prethical requirements in General Chemistry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
Chem. 7, 9. Introductory Chemistry (6). Winter, Spring. Prerequisite,
Math. 0. 9.
A course designed for students desiring only a superficial knowledge
A comistry; this course is not accepted as a prerequisite for more adof chemistry; this. Demonstration fee, $\$ 3.00$ per quarter.
vanced courses. Demanced Inorganic Chemistry (3). Spring. Three lectures er week. Prerequisites, Chem. 23 and $37,38$.
An advanced study of selected topics in inorganic chemistry.
Chem. 201, 203. The Chemistry of Rarer Elements (6). Fall, Winter. Three lectures per week.
A study of elements not usually considered in an elementary course.
Chem. 202, 204. Advanced Inorganic Laboratory (2, 2). Fall, Winter. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week.
A laboratory study of the compounds of elements considered in Chem. 201. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 206. An Introduction to Spectrographic Analysis (2). Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week.
A study of the fundamentals of spectrographic analysis. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
B. Analytical Chemistry

Chem. 15, 17. Qualitative Analysis (8). Fall, Spring, Winter, Summer. Three lectures and two laboratory periods (Chem. 15), and one lecture and two laboratory periods (Chem. 17). Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3.
A study of the separation of the common inorganic cations and anions; the physical chemistry of the processes is stressed. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.

Prerequisite, Chem.
Chem. 19. Quantative Analysis (5). Fall, Spring. Periods per week.

A brief survey of quantitative analysis with particular reference to volu metric methods. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.
mer. Pem. 21, 23. Quantitative Analysis (10). Fall, Spring Winter, Sum mer. Prerequisite, Chem. 15, 17. Two lectures and three three-hou laboratory periods per week.
This course includes a study of the principal operations of gravimetric Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarted of all students majoring in chemistry Cer, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 121, 123. Chemical Microscopy (3, 3). Fall, Winter. One lec ture, two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Chem. 121 is a prerequi site for Chem. 123.
A course designed to acquaint the student with the fundamentals of microscopic analysis. Chem. 123 includes a study of textile fibers. tory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.

Chem. 221, 223. Chemical Microscopy (3, 3). Fall, Winter. One lecture two three-hour laboratory periods per week.
An advanced study of the principles of microscopic analysis; Chem 223 $\$ 7.00$ per quarter. 57.00 per quarter.

Chem. 226, 228. Problems in Quantitative Analysis (3, 3). Fall, Winter Spring, Summer. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. Three three-hour laboratory periods per week.
A study of some special problem chosen to meet the needs of the ind vidual. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.

## C. Organic Chemistry

Chem. 31, 33. Elements of Organic Chemistry (6). Fall, Winter. Pr requisite, Chem. 1, 3. Three lectures per week.
Organic chemistry for students in agriculture and home economics
Chem. 32, 34. Elements of Organic Laboratory (2). Fall, Winter. One laboratory period per week.
A course designed to accompany Chem. 31, 33. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 35, 37. Elementary Organic Chemistry (6). Fall, Spring, Winter Summer. Three lectures per week. Prerquisite, Chem. 1, Spring, Winter,
A course for chemists, chemical encineers, and Chem. 1,
Chem. 36, 38. Ele
ter, Summer. Two three-hour laboratory pratory (4). Fall, Spring, WinChem. 35, 37 or concurrent registration theriods per week.. Prerequisite, com. 35,37 or concurrent registration therein.
A course to accompany Chem. 35, 37. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter
Chem. 141, 143. Advanced Organic Chemistry (6). Fall, Spring. Three

An advanced study of the compounds of carbon.
Chem. 142, 144. Advanced Organic Laboratory (3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 19 or 23 and Chem. 37, 38.
Syntheses and the quantitative determination of carbon and hydrogen, halogen, and nitrogen are studied. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 146, 148. The Identification of Organic Compounds (3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. One lecture, and one or two laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, Chem. 141, 143, or concurrent registration therein.
The systematic identification of organic compounds. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
(One course from the group 241-251 is offered each quarter excepting the Summer quarter.)
Chem. 241. Stereochemistry (2). Two lectures per week.
Chem. 243. The Polyene Pigments and Certain Vitamins (2). Two lectures per week.
Chem. 245. The Sterols and Sex Hormones (2). Two lectures per week.
Chem. 247. The Chemistry of Nitrogen Compounds (2). Two lectures per week.
Chem. 249. Physical Aspects of Organic Chemistry (2). Two lectures per week.
Chem. 251. The Heterocyclics (2). Two lectures per week.
Chem. 254. Advanced Organic Preparations (3 to 5). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three to five three-hour laboratory periods per week. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 256. Organic Microanalysis (5). Fall, Winter, Spring. Five three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.

Chem. 258. The Identification of Organic Compounds, an Advanced Course (3 to 5). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three to five three-hour laboratory periods per week. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 260. Advanced Organic Laboratory (2 to 3). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Two or three three-hour laboratory periods per week.
An orientation course designed to demonstrate a new student's fitness to begin research in organic chemistry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.

## D. Biochemistry

Chem. 41. The Chemistry of Textiles (4). Summer. Three lectures and one laboratory period per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34.
A study of the principal textile fibres. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$.

Chem. 81. General Biochemistry (3). Fall, Spring. Three lecture er week. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34
82 must be taken concurrently . ust be taken concurrently.

Chem. 82. General Biochemistry Laboratory (2). Fall, Spring. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week
A laboratory course which must be taken concurrently with Chem.
位
Chem. 161. Biochemistry (3). Winter. Three lectures per week. Pre requisites, Chem. 37, 38, or consent of instructor.
A comprehensive study of certain aspects of biochemistry.
Chem. 162, 164. Biochemistry Laboratory (2, 2). Winter, Spring. Two ree-hour laboratory periods per week.
A laboratory course which may accompany Chem. 161. Laboratory fee
8.00 per quarter. per quarter.
Chem. 166, 168. Food Analysis (3, 3). Fall, Spring, Winter, Summer One lecture and two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34, and Chem. 19. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter
Chem. 261, 263. Advanced Biochemistry (6). Fall, Winter. Three lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 141, 143, Fall, Winter. Three lec-

A comprehensive study of carbohydrat
tion, metabolism and excretion.
Chem. 262, 264. Advanced
Two three-hour laboratory ped Biochemistry Laboratory (4). Fall, Winter. An elective laboratory course designed. Prerequisites, Chem. 36, 38. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 266. Biological Analysis
aboratory periods per week laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, Chem. 19. Laboratory fee,
$\$ 8.00$.

Chem. 268. Special Problems in Biochemistry ( 3 to 6). Fall, Winter Two to six three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, Winter. of instructor. Laboratory fee, $\$ 8.00$.

## E. Physical Chemistry

Chem. 181, 183. Elements of Physical Chemistry (6). Fall, Winter Three lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3; Phys. 1, 2; Math 10, 11.

A course intended primarily for premedical students and students in the biological sciences. This course must be accompanied and students in

Chem. 182, 184. Elements of Physical Chemistry Laboratory (2). Fall, Winter. One three-hour laboratory per week. May be taken only when accompanied by Chem. 181, 183.
The course includes quantitative experiments illustrating the principles studied in Chem. 181, 183. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.
Chem. 187, 189. Physical Chemistry (10). Fall, Spring, Winter, Summer. Five lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 21, 23; Phys. 3, 4, 5; Math. 20, 21, 22.
A course primarily for chemists and chemical engineers.
Chem. 188, 190. Physical Chemistry Laboratory (6). Fall, Spring, Winter, Summer. Three three-hour laboratory periods per week.
A laboratory course for students taking Chem. 187, 189. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.
The common prerequisites for the following courses are Chem. 187, 189 and Chem. 188, 190, or equivalent.
Chem. 281, 283. Theory of Solutions (3, 3). Fall. Three lectures per week.
Chem. 285, 287. Colloid Chemistry (6). Fall, Winter. Three lectures per week.
A discussion of the effect of surface on chemical reactions. (Not given 1944-45.)

Chem. 286, 288. Colloid Chemistry Laboratory (2, 2). Fall, Winter. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. This course must accompany or be preceded by Chem. 285, 287. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter. (Not given 1944-45.)
Chem. 289. Quantum and Statistical Mechanics (3). Fall. Three lectures per week. (Not given 1944-45.)

Chem. 291. Valence Theory (3). Winter. Three lectures per week.
A course to follow Chem. 289. (Not given 1944-45.)
Chem. 295. Phase Rule (3). Winter. Three lectures per week.
Chem. 297. Catalysis (3). Spring. Three lectures per week.
Chem. 299, 301. Reaction Kinetics (4). Fall, Winter. Two lectures per week.

Chem. 303, 305. Electrochemistry (6). Fall, Winter. Three lectures per week.
Chem. 304, 306. Electrochemistry Laboratory (3, 3). Three three-hour laboratory periods per week. Laboratory fee, $\$ 7.00$ per quarter.

Chem. 307, 309. Chemical Thermodynamics (6). Winter, Spring. Three lectures per week. (Not given 1944-45.)
Chem. 351. Seminar (1). Fall, Winter, Spring.
Chem. 360. Research. Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.

## CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Chem. E. 11, 13. Water, Fuels and Lubricants (8). Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Summer and Fall quarters, 1944; Spring and Summer quarters, 1945. Prerequisites, registration in Organic Chemistry lectures; General Physics; or permission of instructor. (This is a course extending through two quarters, and completion of both quarters is required.)

Laboratory work consists of exercises in the usual control methods for testing water, fuels, and lubricants, and some related engineering materials.

Chem. E. 103, 105, 107. Elements of Chemical Engineering (9). Summer, Fall, Winter. Three hours a week. Chem. E. 103 offered in Spring, 1945. Prerequisites, General Chemistry; Chem. 1A, 3A; General Physics; Physics 3A, 4A, 5A.

Theoretical discussion of underlying philosophy and methods in chemical engineering and elementary treatment of important operations involving fluid flow, heat flow, evaporation, humidity and air conditioning, distillation, and absorption. Illustrated by problems and consideration of typical processes.

Chem. E. 109, 111, 113. Chemical Engineering Seminar (3). Summer, Fall, Winter. One hour a week. Chem. E. 109 offered in Spring, 1945.
Students prepare reports on current problems in chemical engineering and participate in the discussion of such reports.

Chem. E. 115, 117, 119. Advanced Unit Operations (15). Summer, Fall, Winter. Two lectures and one all-day laboratory period a week. Chem. E. 115 offered in Spring, 1945. Prerequisites, Chem. E. 103, 105, 107; Chem. $187,188,189,190$. (This is a course extending through three quarters, and completion of all quarters is required.)
Advanced theoretical treatment of basic chemical engineering operations. Study and laboratory operation of small scale semi-commercial type equipment. A comprehensive problem involving theory and laboratory operations is included to illustrate the development of a plant design requiring the utilization of a number of fundamental topics.

Chem. E. 121, 123, 125. Minor Problems (18). Six hours a week. Prerequisites, Chem. E. 115, 117, 119, or simultaneous registration therein. (Not offered 1944-45.)
Original work on a special problem assigned each student, including preparation of a complete report covering the study.

Chem. E. 127, 129, 131. Fuels and Their Utilization (6). Summer, Fall, Winter. Two hours a week. Chem. E. 127 offered in Spring, 1945. Prerequisites, Chem. E. 103, 105, 107, or permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.
A study of the sources of solid, liquid, and gaseous fuels, their economic conversion, distribution, and utilization. Problems.

Chem. E. 133, 135, 137. Chemical Technology (6). Summer, Fall, WinChem. Two hours a week. Chem. E. 133 offered in Spring, 1945. Prerequiter.
sites, Chem. E. 103, 105, 107, or simultaneous registration therein, or permission of the Department of Chemical Engineering. A study of the princi
reports, and problems.
Chem. E. 139, 141, 143. Chemical Engineering Ther 139 offered in Spring, Summer, Fall, Winter. Two hours a week. 187, 188, 189, 190; Chem. E. 103, 1945. Prerequisites, P instructor

105,107 , or permission of instractor
A study of the application of the principles of engineering and chactice thermodynamics to some
Chem. E. 145, 147, 149. Chemical Engineering Calculations (9). SumFall, Winter. Three hours a week. Chem. E. 145 offered in Spring. mer, Prerequisites, Math. 20, 21, 22; Chem. E. 103, 105, 107.
A study of methods for analyzing chemical engineering problems along A stative and mather quatical aids such as infinite series. Emphasis is placed on graphical prementation and the engineering utility of the results.
Chem. E. 151, 153, 155. Explosives and Toxic Gases (6). Two hours a week. Prerequistes, Organic Chemistry 35, 37; Physical Chemistry 187, 188, 189, 190. (Not offered 1944-45.)
A study of the properties, production, testing, use and defense against tstanding explosives and a few of the well-known war gases.

## For Graduates

Chem. E. 201, 203, 205. Graduate Unit Operations ( 15 or more). One our conference, three or more laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, hour conference, permission of Department of Chemical completion of all quarters is reextending
and theoretical treatment of typical unit operations in chemical Advanced theoreblems. Laboratory operation of small scale semi-comengineering. Problems. Laboratory operatary reading, conferences, and reports.
Chem. E. 207. Gas Analysis (3). One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.
Quantitative determination of common gases, fuel gases, gaseous vapors, and important gaseous impurities. Problems.
Chem. E. 209. Graduate Seminar (1). One hour a week. Required of all graduate students in Chemical Engineering.

Students prepare reports on current problems in chemical engineering and participate in the discussion of such reports.

Chem. E. 211. Research in Chemical Engineering. Credit hours to be arranged.
The investigation of special problems and the preparation of a thesis in partial fulfillment of the requirements of an advanced degree.

Chem. E. 213, 215, 217. Plant Design Studies (9). Three conference hours a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.

Chem. E. 214, 216, 218. Plant Design Studies Laboratory (6). Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of
Chemical Engineering. (This is a course extending through three quarters, and completion of all quarters is required.)

This laboratory work may be elected to accompany or be preceded by Chem. E. 213, 215, 217.

Chem. E. 219, 221, 223. Gaseous Fuels (6). Two hours a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.
An advanced treatment of some of the underlying scientific principles involved in the production, transmission and utilization of gaseous fuels. Problem in design and selection of equipment.

## CIVIL ENGINEERING

## For Advanced Undergraduates

C. E. 50. Hydraulics (6). Winter. Five lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 50 and to be taken concurrently with Mech. 51. Required of juniors in civil engineering.

Hydrostatic pressures on tanks, dams, and pipes. Flow through orifices, nozzles, pipe lines, open channels, and weirs. Use of Reynold's number. Measurement of water. Elementary hydrodynamics.
C. E. 51. Hydraulics (4). Winter, Spring. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 50 or Mech. 52. Required of juniors in electrical and mechanical engineering.

A shorter course than C. E. 50 with emphasis on water wheels, turbines, and centrifugal pumps.
C. E. 52. Curves and Earthwork (5). Fall. Three lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Surv. 2, 3, 4, and concurrent registration in Surv. 100.

Computation and field work for simple, compound, and reversed circular curves and spirals; parabolic curves; earthwork computations; complete survey and map, including mass diagram, of a short route.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
C. E. 100. Theory of Structures (6). Spring.
laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 51 . Analytical and graphical determinationce lines; lateral bracing and portals; in beams and framed structures;
elements of slope and deflection. Fall. Three lectures and two C. E. 101. Elements of Highways (5). Fal. 51.
laboratory periods a wand panements. Location, design, construction, and indion trips.
Laboratory problems and field inspection (11). Fall, Winter, Spring. Three C. E. 102, 103, 104. Concrete Design (11). Four lectures and one laboratory hours a week, Fall and Sparter. Prerequisite, C. E. 100. pesign and detailing of plain and reinforced concrete straction frames. cations of slope-deflection and moment distribution ther, Winter, Spring. C. E. 105, 106, 107. Structural Design (11). Fall, Winter, Spar and one Three lectures a week, Fall and Spring quare, Prerequisite, C. E. 100. laboratory period a week, Winter quarter. Prerequisite, C. 100 . Design and detailing of wood and structural structural frameworks. connections; wind stresses in building (9). Fall, Winter, Spring.
C. E. 108, 109, 110. Municipal Siod week. Prerequisite, C. E. 50. Two lectures and one laboratory por for and the design of water suply Methods of estimating
and sewerage systems.
C. E. 111. Soils and Foundations (4). Spring.
laboratroy period a week. Prerequisite, C. E. 100 .
An introductory study of the properties and behavior construction.
neering material. Applications (4). Fall, Winter. Prerequi-
C. E. 112, 113. Elements of 2. For non-civil engineering students.
sites, Phys. 5A, or Mech. 1 or 2 .
Analysis and design of elementary members structures.
wood, steel, concrete, and reinforced For Graduates
C. E. 200. Advanced Properties of

Prerequisite, Mech. 53, or equivalent.
A critical study of elastic and plastic properies, and corrosion, the theories of failure. ance to failure by fracture, impact,
Assigned reading from current literature.
C. E. 201. Adraisite, Mech. 50, 51, or equivalent.

Special problems in engineering stress
and torsion formulas, unsymmetrical benalysis. Limitations of flexure stresses, thin tubes, thick-walled cylin bending, curved beams, combined
C. E. 202. Applied

Math. 114, or equivalent. Two dimensional ela

Orthographic projection as applied to the solution of space problems relating to the point, line, and plane. Intersection of planes with solids; development. Applications to practical problems in engineering drafting.
Dr. 4. Advanced Engineering Drawing (3). Fall, Winter, Spring. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week.
Continuation of descriptive geometry, including applications to practical engineering drafting.
Dr. 5. Mechanical Drawing (2). Fall, Winter, Spring. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Open to non-engineering students.
Lettering, sketching, and working drawings of machines; including conventions, tracing, isometric and cabinet projections, and blueprinting.

## ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

E. E. 1, 2. Direct-Current Theory (7). Winter, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week, Winter quarter; three lectures and one laboratory period a week, Spring quarter. Prerequisites, concurrent registration in Math. 22, 23, and Phys. 4A, 5A. Required of sophomores in electrical engineering.
Current, voltage, power, and energy relationships in D-C networks. Working concepts of electric and magnetic potential difference, electric and magnetic field intensity, and electric and magnetic flux density. Electric and magnetic circuit experiments.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

E. E. 50. Principles of Electrical Engineering (4). Spring. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Math. 22, Phys. 5A. Required of juniors in civil engineering.
Fundamentals of direct-current and alternating-current machinery; application of machines for specific duties; operating characteristics of generators, motors, and transformers.
E. E. 51, 52, 53. Principles of Electrical Engineering (12). Fall, Winter, Spring. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Math. 22, Phys. 5A. Required of juniors in chemical and in mechanical engineering.
Study of elementary direct-current and alternating-current circuit characteristics. Principles of construction and operation of direct and alternating current machinery. Experiments on the operation and characteristics of generators, motors, transformers, and control equipment.
E. E. 54. Direct-Current Machinery (6). Fall. Five lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Math. 22, Phys. 5A, and E. E. 1,2. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Construction, theory of operation, and performance characteristics of direct-current generators, motors, and control apparatus. Experiments on the operation and characteristics of direct-current generators and motors.
E. E. 55. Electricity and Magnetism (6). Fall. Five lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Math. 22, Phys. 5A, and E. E. 1, 2. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Electric and magnetic field theory with special consideration of capacitance and reluctance calculations by curvilinear-square field mapping methods. Elements of electro-chemistry. Network theorems and systematized notational schemes employed in circuit analysis.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

E. E. 100. Alternating Current Circuits (7). Winter. Five lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, E. E. 55. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Single- and polyphase-circuit analysis under sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal conditions of operation. Harmonic analysis by the Fourier series method. Theory and operation of mutually-coupled circuits and of electric wave filters. Elementary concepts of symmetrical-component analysis applied only to static circuit elements.
E. E. 101. Engineering Electronics (6). Spring. Five lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, E. E. 55 and concurrent registration in E. E. 100. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.
Theory and application of electronic tubes and associated control circuits. Emphasis on tube characteristics and electron-tube measuring devices, including the cathode-ray oscillograph as a measuring device. Applications of thyratrons and other rectifier tubes.
E. E. 102, 103, 104. Alternating-Current Machinery (14). Fall, Winter Spring. Three lectures and two laboratory periods a week, Fall and Winter quarters; three lectures and one laboratory period a week, Spring quarter. Prerequisite, E. E. 100. Required of seniors in electrical engineering.

The operating principles of alternating-current machinery considered from theoretical, design, and laboratory points of view. Synchronous generators and motors; single and polyphase transformers; three-phase induction generators and motors; single phase induction motors; rotary converters and mercury-arc rectifiers.
E. E. 105, 106. Radio Communication (8). Fall, Winter. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, E. E. 100 and E. E. 101. Required of seniors in electrical engineering.

Principles of radio communication from both theoretical and laboratory points of view. Amplification, detection, and oscillation with particular emphasis on audio amplification and broadcast range reception.
E. E. 107. Communications Networks (4). Fall. Prerequisites, concurrent registration in E. E. 102.

Calculation of transmission line inductance and capacitance on a perwire basis. Long-line theory applied to both power and telephone circuits. Electrical, mechanical, and economic consideration of power transmission and distribution systems.
E. E. 108. Electric Transients (4). Spring. Prerequisite, concurrent egistration in E. E. 104.
Current, voltage, and power transients in lumped-parameter networks. unsient phenomena in sweep circuits and inverters. Starting transients transiansformers and short-circuit transients in alternators with oscillographic demonstration.
E. E. 109. Ultra-High-Frequency (6). Spring. Five lectures and one laboratory period a week.
Theoretical and experimental studies of ultra-high-frequency oscillators, detectors, wave guides, transmission lines, and antenna arrays. Most of the experimental work is performed at 200 megacycles and at 3000 megacycles.
E. E. 112. Illumination (4). Fall, Winter, Spring. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Senior elective. Prerequisite, E. E. 100.
Electric illumination; principles involved in design of lighting systems,
llumination calculations, photometric measurements.
E. E. 113. Electric Railways (4). Fall, Winter, Spring. Senior elective.

Prerequisite, concurrent registration in E. E. 102, 103, 104.
Mechanism of train motion. Application of electrical equipment to transConstruction and operation of control apparatus used in differportation. Construction transportation such as urban railways, trunk line railways, trolley busses and diesel-electric equipment. Power requirements, railways, tribution systems and signal systems.
distribution systems and signall, Winter, Spring. One laboratory period a
E. E. 114. Ther elective.
week. Senior elective. reering. He makes such field or laboratory studies as may be needed. engineering. He makes such felduired, and frequent conferences are held Weekly progress reports are required, and for the student is assigned for advice. with the members of the faculty to whom the student in andeding an annotated bibliography, is required to complete the thesis.

## For Graduates

E. E. 200. Symmetrical Components (3). Fall. Prerequisite, E. E. 104, or equivalent.

Application of the method of symmetrical components to synchronous generators, transmission lines, transformers, static loads possessing mutual generling, and induction motor loads. Methods of measuring positive, negagenerators,
coupling, and induction motor loads. Methods of measuring
tive, and zero sequence reactances of synchronous generators and methods
of calculating network solutions in terms of symmetrical componission lines. Complete these solutions with those obtained by classical methond comparison of E. E. 202 Ad by classical methods.

Bachelor's degree in electrical engineering or (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Advanced circuit and engineering or physics.
steady state. Solution and comparison importance, either transient system transients by classical and wave testing.
E. E. 204. Operational Circuit Analysis
E. E. 104, or equivalent. Analysis (3). Spring. Prerequisite Solution of netwolent.
circuit parameters by the method of ting both lumped and distributed Carson's infinite integral theorethod of Heaviside's operational calculus side's expansion theorem and direct Duhamel's superposition theorem, Heavi.

## GENERAL ENGINEERING SUBJECTS

## Engr. 1. Introduction <br> (1). Spring. Required of all

A course of lectures by the faculty and by practicing engineers covering
he engineering professional fields. the freshmen in professional fields. The purpose of this course is covering best adapted.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Engr. 100. Engineering Law and Specification Graduates
site, senior standing in engineering.
The fundamental principles of la
including contracts, agency, negotiablelating to business and engineering mon carriers, and their application instruments, corporations, and comcations.

## MECHANICS

Mech. 1. Statics and Dynamics
laboratory period and Dynamics (5). Spring. Four lectures and on rently with Math. 22 and Phys. 5A. Solutions of for
ments of inertia; kinematics graphic statics; friction, centroids and moand momentum.

Mech. 2 St
Mech. 2. Statics and Dynamics (4). Spring. Prerequisite,
to be taken concer
Same as Mech. 1 with the Math. 22 and Phys. 5A.

Mech. 3. Statics and Dynamics (6). Spring, Fall, Winter. Prerequisite, Dr. 3 and to be taken concurrently with Math. 22 and Phys. 5A.
Analytical and graphical solutions in statics. Kinematics and kinetics; work, power, energy; impulse and momentum.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Mech. 50, 51. Strength of Materials (8). Fall, Winter. Prerequisite, Mech. 1, 2 or 3, or equivalent. Required of juniors in civil and mechanical engineering.
Thin-walled cylinders; riveted and welded joints; torsion; stresses in beams; design of columns; use of structural steel handbook. Beam deflections; statically indeterminate beams; combined loadings; composite beams; impact and energy loadings.
Mech. 52. Strength of Materials (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Mech. 1 or 2. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

A shorter course than Mech. 50, 51 designed for non-civil engineering students.
Mech. 53. Materials of Engineering (3). Winter, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 50, 51.
The composition, manufacture, and properties of the principal materials used in engineering; performance of standard tests; interpretation of specifications and tests.

## MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

## For Advanced Undergraduates

M. E. 50. Principles of Mechanical Engineering (4). Winter. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 4A, 5A, and Math. 21. Required of juniors in Civil Engineering.
Elementary thermodynamics and the study of heat, fuel and combustion in the production and use of steam for generation of power. Supplemented by laboratory tests and trips to industrial plants.
M. E. 51. Thermodynamics (4). Winter. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Math. 22, Phys. 5A. Required of juniors in Electrical Engineering.

The theory and application of thermodynamics to the steam engine, steam turbine, etc.
M. E. 52. Power Plants (3). Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, senior standing. Required of seniors in Electrical Engineering.
The theory and operation of steam engines, boilers, condenser, steam turbines, and their accessories.
M. E. 53. Aerodynamics and Hydrodynamics (4). Winter. Three lec tures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Math. 22, Phys. 5A. Required of juniors in Mechanical Engineering, aeronautics option.
A study of the fundamentals of the flow of air and of water.

## For Advanced Undegraduates and Graduates

M. E. 100, 101, 102. Thermodynamics (9). Fall, Winter, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Required of juniors in Mechanical Engineering.

The properties and fundamental equations of gases and vapors.
M. E. 103, 104. Heating and Ventilation (6). Fall, Winter. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 100, 101, 102. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

Design of heating and ventilation systems.
M. E. 105. Refrigeration (3). Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 100, 101, 102. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

Problems involving the different methods and processes of refrigeration. Air conditioning for offices, buildings, factories and homes.
M. E. 106, 107, 108. Thesis (5). Fall, Winter, Spring. One laboratory period a week, Fall quarter; one lecture and one laboratory period a week, Winter and Spring quarters. Prerequisite, senior standing. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

The student carries out a research project under faculty supervision.
M. E. 109, 110, 111. Prime Movers (12). Fall, Winter, Spring. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering. Prerequisites, Mech. 50, M. E. 100, 101, 102.
Design and use of prime movers to convert heat energy into power.
M. E. 112, 113, 114. Mechanical Engineering Design (12). Fall, Winter, Spring. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Mech. 50, M. E. 100 , 101, 102. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

The design of machine members and mechanisms.
M. E. 115, 116, 117. Mechanical Laboratory (6). Fall, Winter, Spring. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, senior standing. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

Experiments on engines and other machines are performed in the laboratory. Reports are required on tests.
M. E. 118, 119, 120. Airplane Structures (9). Fall, Winter, Spring. Three hours a week. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering, aeronautics option.

The fundamental principles of structural analysis and design of airplanes.

For Graduates
For Granamics (6). Fall, Winter, Spring.
Two hours a week.
A study of dyna Abrations.
( Applied Elasticity (6). Fall, Winter, Spring. Two hours a week.
General theorems of elastic (6). Fall, Winter, M. E. 206, 207, 208. week.

Spring. Two hours a wean. Methods of analysis in advanced
research reports on aircraft Advanced Hydrodynamics and Aerodynamics (6).
M. E. 209, 210, 211. Advanced Hydok

Fall, Winter, Spring. Two hours a fludy of the flow of fluids.
Theoretical and experimental Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer (6).
M. E. 212, 213, 214. Advanced Thermok.

Fall, Winter, Spring. Tws of thermodynamics to industrial processes.
Application of the laws (1-3). Fall, Winter, Spring. Credit in accordance
M. E. 215 . Semed.
with work outlined. study of general theory or specific problems.
study of general theory or specific problems. Wing. Credit in accord-
M. E. 216. Research

SHOP combination lect
Shop 1. Forge Practice (1). Spring. laboratory period a week. Requirentration of welding, Principles of forging and heat treatory practice.
cutting and heat treatment.
Shop 2. Machine Shop Practice (1). Fal, Winter, Elrical Engineering.
tory period a week. Required of sophomores
Practice in bench work, turning, planing,
hardening. Machine Shop Practice (3). Fall. One lecture and two labora-
Shop 3. Machine Required of sophomores in Mechanchine tools.
tory periods a week. Requice of fundamental principles of machine tools.
Study and practice of
For Advanced Undergraduate combination lecture and
Shop 50. Foundry Practice (1). Spring. On in Mechanical Engineering.
laboratory period a week. Required of juniors in
equipment, molding, casting, etc.
Shop 51. Machine Shop Practid

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Comp. Lit. 101. Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature (3). Fall, Spring.
Survey of the background of European literature through study of English translations of Greek and Latin literature. The debt of modern literature to the ancients is discussed and illustrated.
Comp. Lit. 102. Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature (3). Winter, Summer.
Continuation of Comp. Lit. 101; study of medieval and modern Continental literature.
Comp. Lit. 104. The Old Testament as Literature (3). Spring.
A study of the sources, development, and literary types.
Comp. Lit. 105. Romanticism in France (3). Winter.
Lectures and readings in the French romantic writers from Rousseau to Baudelaire. Texts are read in English translations.
Comp. Lit. 106. Romanticism in Germany (3). Spring.
Continuation of Comp. Lit. 105. German literature from Buerger to Heine in English translations.
Comp. Lit. 107. The Faust Legend in English and German Literature (3). Fall, Spring.

A study of the Faust legend of the Middle Ages and its later treatment by Marlowe in Dr. Faustus and by Goethe in Faust.
Comp. Lit. 110. Introduction to Folklore (3).
Origin, evolution, and bibliography of types. Literary significance, as seen in the development of prose fiction. Collections, such as the Panchatantra, Seven Sages, Arabian Nights, etc., and the continuation of these tales through medieval and modern literature.
Comp. Lit. 111. A Study of Literary Criticism (3).
A survey of the major schools of criticism from Plato to the present day. Comp. Lit. 112. Ibsen (3). Spring.
A study of the life and chief works of Ibsen with special emphasis on his influence on the modern drama.

## For Graduates

Comp. Lit. 200. The History of the Theatre (3). Prerequisite, a wide acquaintance with modern drama and some knowledge of the Greek drama.
A detailed study of the history of the European theater. Individual research problems will be assigned for term papers.
The following courses may also be counted in this group: Eng. 104. Chaucer; English 108. Milton; Eng. 113, 114. Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age; Eng. 124. Contemporary Drama; Eng. 125. Emerson,

Thoreau, and Whitman; Eng. 201. Medieval Romance in England; Eng. 205. Seminar in Sixteenth Century Literature; Eng. 207. Seminar in Shakespeare; French 204. Georges Duhamel; German 203. Schiller; Spanish 107. Cervantes.

## DAIRY HUSBANDRY

D. H. 1. Fundamentals of Dairying (4). Fall, Spring. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Chem. 1, 3.

This course is designed to cover the entire field of dairy husbandry. The content of the course deals with all phases of dairy cattle feeding, breeding and management and the manufacturing, processing, distributing and marketing of dairy products. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$
D. H. 30. Dairy Cattle Judging (2). Spring. Two laboratory periods a week. Not open to freshmen.
This course offers complete instruction in the selection and comparative judging of dairy cattle. Trips to various dairy farms for judging practice will be made.
D. H. 40. Grading Dairy Products (2). Spring. One laboratory period a week. Not open to freshmen.
Market grades and the judging of milk, butter, cheese, and ice cream in the commercial field. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.

## For Advanced Undergaduates

D. H. 50. Dairy Cattle Management (2). Fall, Spring. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, D. H. 1.

A management course designed to familiarize students with the practical handling and management of dairy cattle. Students are given actual practice and training in the University dairy barns.
D. H. 54. Advanced Dairy Cattle Judging (1). Fall. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, D. H. 30 .
Advanced work in judging dairy cattle. Credit only to students who do satisfactory work in competition for the dairy cattle judging team.
D. H. 60. Advanced Grading of Dairy Products (1). Fall. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, D. H. 40.
Advanced work in the judging of milk, butter, cheese, and ice cream. Open only to students who comprise the dairy products judging team. Laboratory fee $\$ 3.00$.
D. H. 64. Dairy Mechanics (3). Spring. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, D. H. 1.

The theory and operation of the compression system of mechanical refrigeration. Construction, design, and care of dairy equipment; repairing, soldering, pipe fitting, and wiring. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
D. H. 68. Dairy Accounting (1). Fall. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, D. H. 1.
Methods of accounting in market milk and dairy manufacturing plants. D. H. 70. Dairy Plant Management (1). Fall, Wi

One laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, D. This course is designed to give the course will involve classroom instruction a dairy manufactur'ng place period in management of the University Plant. and a three weeks' practice perione (2). Spring. Prerequisite, 10 hours D. H. 72. Dairy
f dairy husbandry

Ten weeks' practical experience or its equivalent (following completion f junior year) in an approved market milk plant or factory manufacturing dairy products. A written report of the work is required.

## dairy products. For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

For Advanced Production (4). Fall. Three lectures and one laboraD. H. 101. Dairy Prerequisites, D. H. 1, A. H. 52.
tory period a week. Prerequis dairy cattle feeding, breeding and herd manA comprehensive course in dairy catts in dairy husbandry.
agement, designed for advancen Breeding (3) Winter. Two lectures and D. H. 53. Dairy Breeds and Breequisites, D. H. 1, Zool. 104, A. H. 103. one laboratory period a week. Prequand; characteristics; prominent blood A study of the historical backgro of the major dairy breeds. A survey lines; noted families and individuals of thenental factors as applied to dairy of breeding systems; genetic and ene various indices, herd and production cattle. The use of the pedigree,
records in selection and formulating breeding labora-
D. H. 109. Cheese Making (4). Winter. OB. Bact. 1.
tory periods a week. Prerequistes and cheese, including a The principles and practice of miological factors involved. Laboratory study of the physical, chemical, and biological foctories. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$. practice will include visits to commercial (2). Winter. One lecture and one laboratory D. H. 110. Butter Makisites, D. H. 1, Bact. 1.
period a week. Prerequisites, D. 1, Bact. including a study of the The principles and practice of makg involved. Laboratory practice physical, chemical, and biological factors Laboratory fee, $\$ 1.00$.
will include visits to commercial factones. Labe lecture and two labora-
D. H. 111. Concentrated Milks (3). D. H. 1, Bact. 1.
tory periods a week. Prerequisites, D. H. 1 , Bensed milk; evaporated milk,
The principles and practice of mang ohysical, chemical, and biological and milk powder, including a study of the physical include visits to commercial factors involved. Laboratory $\$ 1.00$
D. H. 112. Ice Cream Making (4). Spring. One lecture and three The periods a week. Prerequisites, D. Fi. 1, Bact. 1.
including a study of the physical, chaking ice cream, sherbets, and ices Laboratory practice will include visits to fee, $\$ 2.00$.
D. H. 11
periods a week. Market Milk (5). Fall. Three lectures and two laboratory Commercial and Prequisites, D. H. 1, Bact. 1.
its transportation, processing, and of market milk, with special reference to $t_{0}$ buttermilk; milk laws; duties and distribution; certified milk; commercial construction and operation. Laboratory prators; distribution; milk plant dairies. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$. D. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
D. H. 114. Analysis of Dairy Products (5). Winter. Two lectures and 19, 31, 32, 33, 34. , 31, 32, 33, 34.
The application of chemical and bacteriological methods to commercial methods; standardizatis by standard chemical, bacteriological, and factory preservatives. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
D. H. 119, Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
D. H. 119, 120, 121. Dairy Literature (1, 1, 1). Fall, Winter, Spring.
Prerequisite, D. H. 1.

Presentation and discussion of current literature in dairying.
D. H. 123, 124. Methods of Dairy Research (2-5, 2-5), Wint Credit in accordance with the amount and character of . Winter, Spring. Thites, D. H. 1, D. H. 101. This course is designed
students who plan to enter the research to the needs of those dairy Methods of conducting dairy research and or technical field of dairying. stressed. A research problem which and the presentation of results are student is pursuing will be assigned.

## D. H. 201. For Graduates

A study of Advanced Dairy Production (3). Fall.
agement. Readings and assignments.
D. H. 202, Dairy Thents

A consideration of milk ${ }^{2}$ (2). Fall.
point of view. .
D. H. 203. Milk Products (2). Winter.

An advanced consideration of the scientific and technical aspects of milk
products.
D. H. 204. Special Problems in Dairying (2-5). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Credit in accordance with the amount and character of work done. Special problems which relate specifically to the work the student is pursuing will be assigned.
D. H. 205. Seminar (1). Fall, Winter, Spring.

Students are required to prepare reports on current literature in dairy husbandry and allied fields. These reports are presented and discussed in the class.
D. H. 208. Research (2-5). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Credit to be determined by the amount and quality of work done.
The student will be required to pursue, with the approval of the Head of the Department, an original investigation in some phase of dairy husbandry, carry the same to completion, and report results in the form of a thesis.

## ECONOMICS

Econ. 1, 2, 3. Economic Resources (3, 2, 2). Spring, Summer, Fall; Summer, Fall, Winter; Fall, Winter, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week for Econ. 1. Freshman requirement in College of Business and Public Administration.
General comparative study of the geographic factor underlying production economics. Emphasis upon climate, soils, landforms, agricultural products, power resources, and major metallic minerals, concluding with brief survey of geography of commerce and manufacturing.
Econ. 4, 5, 6. Economic Developments I, II, III (6). Fall, Spring, Summer. Freshman requirement in the College of Business and Public Administration.
An introduction to modern economic institutions-their origins, development, and present status. Commercial revolution, industrial revolution, and age of mass production. Emphasis on developments in England, Western Europe and the United States.
Econ. 31, 32, 33. Principles of Economics I, II, III (9). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Prerequisite, sophomore standing.
A general analysis of the functioning of the economic system. A considerable portion of the course is devoted to a study of basic concepts and explanatory principles. The remainder deals with the major problems of the economic system.
Econ. 37. Fundamentals of Economics (5). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Not open to students who have credit in Econ. 31, 32, and 33. Not open to freshmen.
A survey study of the general principles underlying economic activity. Designed to meet the needs of special technical groups such as students of

## ECONOMICS

Engineering, Home Economics, Agriculture and others who are unable to
take the more complete course provided in Economics 31, 32, 33.
For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Econ. 130. Economics of Consumption (3). Spring. Prerequisite,
Econ. 33 or 37 .
The pla
mand for consumer goods technique of consumptions. The need for consumer consciousness of desumers. Special problems. Cooperative and governmental agencies for con
Econ. 131. Comparativ
Econ. 33 or 37 .
An investigation of the theory and practice of various types of economic systems. The course begins with an examination and evaluation of the
capitalistic system, and is follomic economic systems such as fascism by an analysis of alternative types of Econ. 132.

## Econ. 33.

(4). Spring. Prerequisite,
attention being paid to recent developmentstribution theory with special competition. - recent developments in the theory of imperfect
Econ. 134. Contemporary Economic Thought (4). Spring. Prerequi-
ite, Econ. 33. site, Econ. 33.
A survey of recent trends in American, English, and Continental Eco nomic thought with special attention being given to the work of Ecoeconomists as W. C. Mitchell, J. R. Commons, T. Veblen, W. Sombart, Juch
Hobson and other since 1900 .
Econ. 135. Economic Institutions and War (4). Summer. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37
An analysis of the economic causes and problems of war. Industria mobilization, theory and techniques of price problems of war. Industrial national trade and foreign exchar of price control; war finance, interment in a post-war economy.
Econ. 140. Money and B
site, Econ. 33 or 37 . Required (4). Fall, Spring, Summer. Prerequi-
A study of our money and for graduation in B. P. A.
volved in its proper operation.
Econ. 141. Theory of
Econ. 141. Theory of Money, Credit, and Prices (4). Fall. Prerequi
sites, Econ. 33 and 140 . A study of 140 .
domestic and international devents in the theory of money and credit, of policies in their relation to the problems, and of monetary and credit

Econ. 150. Marketing Principles and Organization (4). Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37. Required for graduation in B. P. A.
This is an introductory course in the field of marketing. Its purpose is to give a general understanding and appreciation of the forces operating, institutions employed, and methods followed in marketing agricultura products, natural products, services, and manufactured goods.
Econ. 151. Economics of Cooperatives (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37.
Analysis of and contrast between economic problems and contributions of cooperative and other types of business organizations; the significance of cooperation in the free enterprise system. Nominal fees are collected to cover the expense of occasional field trips.
Econ. 160. Labor Economics (4). Fall, Winter, Summer. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37. Required for graduation in B. P. A.
The historical development and chief characteristics of the American labor movement are first surveyed. Present day problems are then examined in detail: wage theories, unemployment, social security, labor organization, collective bargaining.
Econ. 170. Industrial Combination and Competition (4). Spring, Fall. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37.
Growth of large-scale production, development of industrial combinations, the economies of vertical and horizontal combination, the anti-trust acts, and some conclusions as to policy in relation to competition and monopoly Problems of small business.
Econ. 171. Economics of American Industry (4). Fall, Summer. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37.
A study of the technology, economics and geography of twenty representative American industries.

## For Graduates

Econ. 230. History of Economic Thought (4). Fall. Prerequisite, Econ. 132 and graduate or senior standing.
A study of the development of economic thought and theories including the Greeks, Romans, canonists, mercantilists, physiocrats, Adam Smith, Malthus, Ricardo. Relation of ideas to economic policy.
Econ. 231. Economic Theory in the Nineteenth Century (4). Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 230 or consent of the instructor.
A study of various nineteenth and twentieth century schools of economic thought, particularly the classicists, neo-classicists, Austrians, German historical school, American economic thought, the socialists, and the economics of J. M. Keynes.
Econ. 237, 238, 239. Seminar in Economic Investigation (3, 3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring.

Econ. 240. Comparative Banking Systems (4). Winter.
Econ. 270. Seminar in Economics of American Industries (3). (Ar. ranged.)

Econ. 299. Thesis. (Arranged.)

## EDUCATION

## Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

Ed. 2. Introduction to Education (3). Fall, Winter, Spring. Required of freshmen in Education and recommended for other students who are interested in teaching.

An exploratory or guidance course designed to help students choose wisely in their preparation for the teaching profession. Types of positions, teacher supply and demand, favorable and unfavorable aspects of teaching, and types of personal and professional competence required of teachers are among the topics included. The testing and observational program of the College of Education is begun in this course. Fee, $\$ 1.00$
Ed. 3. Educational Forum (1). Fall, Winter, Spring. Required of sophomores in the College of Education.

In this course the prospective teacher is introduced in a variety of ways to problems and processes of education around which much of the work in later professional courses will be centered. Guidance is stressed.
Ed. 4. Reading Clinic (2). Fall, Winter, Spring.
This course is designed for anyone wishing to improve reading skill. Reading difficulties are diagnosed through telebinocular eye examinations, photographs of eye movements, and standardized tests. Remedial treatment is given to improve speed, comprehension, and organization of ideas. Attention is given to the improvement of study habits.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Ed. 100. History of Education in the United States (3). Winter, Summer.

A study of the origins and development of the chief features of the present system of education in the United States.
Ed. 102. History of Modern Education (3). Fall, Spring.
A survey of the history of education with emphasis on the modern period in Europe.
Ed. 103. Theory of the Senior High School (3). Fall.
The secondary school population; the school as an instrument of society; relation of the secondary school to other schools; aims of secondary education; curriculum and methods; extra-curricular activities; guidance and placement; teacher certification and employment in Maryland and the District of Columbia. This course is somewhat more general than Ed. 110.

Ed. 104. Principles of Education (3). Winter, Summer.
The characteristics of modern society, the trends of social change, and characteristics of children are analyzed to arrive at the principles which che basic to the development and functioning of a sound program of education.

Ed. 105. Educational Measurements (3). Winter, Spring, Summer. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
A study of tests and examinations with emphasis upon their construction and use. Types of tests; purposes of testing; elementary statistical concepts, and processes used in summarizing and analyzing test results; school marks.
Ed. 107. Comparative Education (3). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
A study of national systems of education with the primary purpose of discoverg their characteristic differences and formulating criteria for judging their worth.
Ed. 108. Comparative Education (3). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
This course is a continuation of Ed. 107, with emphasis upon the national educational systems of the Western Hemisphere.
Ed. 110. Theory of the Junior High School (3). Winter, Spring, Summer.
This course gives a general overview of the junior high school. It indudes consideration of the purposes, functions, and characteristics of this, school unit; a study of its population, organization, program of studies, methods, and staff; and other similar topics, together with their implication for prospective teachers.
Ed. 112. Educational Sociology-Introductory (3). Fall, Spring.
This course deals with data of the social sciences which are germane to the work of teachers. Consideration is given to implications of democratic ideology for educational endeavor, educational tasks imposed by changes in population and technological trends, the welfare status of pupils, the soio-economic attitudes of individuals who control the schools, and other elements of community background which have significance in relation to schools.
Ed. 114. Guidance in Secondard Schools (3). Winter, Summer.
This course is primarily designed for the classroom teacher in terms of the day-by-day demands made upon him as a tetivities which he sponsors. the youth in his classes and in the extra-class actiol common-sense guidThe stress is upon usable materials and upon practical common-sense guidance procedures of demonstrated workability.

Ed. 120. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-English (5). Fall, Winter. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.

Objectives in English; selection and organization of subject matter; methods of procedure and types of lessons; the use of auxiliary materials; lesson plans; measuring results; extra-curricular activities of English teach. ers. Twenty periods of observation.

Ed. 122. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Social Studies (5), Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.
Trends in the social studies; sources of instructional materials; basic teaching procedures; types of learning activities; lesson planning; unit planning; selection and organization of content; maps and their uses evaluations. Twenty periods of observation.

Ed. 124. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Foreign Language (5). Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.

Objectives of foreign language teaching; selection and organization of subject matter; evaluation of texts and references; bibliographies; methods of procedure and types of lessons; lesson plans; special devices; measuring results. Twenty periods of observation.

Ed. 125. General Science for the Elementary School (3). Spring, Summer.
This course is designed principally for students who are candidates for the B. S. degree in Elementary Education. It is accepted by the College of Education to meet the general requirement in science, but not as a part of a major or minor. General principles and practical applications of science are stressed. (Undergraduate credit only.)
Ed. 126. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Science (5). Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.
Objectives of science teaching; selection and organization of subject matter; history, trends, and status; textbooks, reference works, and labora tory equipment; technic of class room and laboratory; measurement; professional organizations and literature. Twenty periods of observation.
Ed. 127. High School Course of Study-Literature (3). Spring, Summer.
The course is concerned with literature for junior and senior high schools. It includes study of the literature as well as selection of literature for different grade levels.

Ed. 128. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Mathematics (5). Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.
Objectives; the place of mathematics in secondary education; content and construction of courses; recent trends; textbooks and equipment; methods of instruction; measurement of standardized tests; professional organizations and literature. Twenty periods of observation.

Ed. 129. High School Course of Study-English (3). Winter.

## EDUCATION

This course is principally concerned with the selection and organization of content for English classes in secondary schools. Subject matter is analyzed to clarify controversial elements of form, style, and usage.
Ed. 133. Remedial Reading Instruction (3). Fall.
Causes for reading disabilities; diagnostic techniques; and corrective methods are studied. Instructional materials are evaluated. The course is designed for both elementary and secondary school teachers.
Ed. 138. Visual Education (3). Fall, Spring, Summer.
Visual impressions in their relation to learning; investigations into the effectiveness of instruction by visual means; projection apparatus, its cost and operation; slides, film strips, and films; physical principles underlying and operation; integration of visual materials with organized courses of projection, ins of utilizing commercial moving pictures as an aid in realizing the aims of the school. Laboratory fee, $\$ 1.00$.
Ed. 139. Methods and Practice of Teaching (5). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, grade point average of 2.275 and approval of faculty committee.
Thirty periods of observation, participation, and teaching in a high school class under the direction of the regular teacher and the university superThe student carries major responsibility for the instruction of the ins periods. Two hours of class sessions are apluded in which study is made of principles and methods of teaching.

Application forms for the course must be submitted, properly filled in,
t the time of registration. Students should arrange their university schedule to allow ample time for the student teaching assignment. In registering, add to the course number: E for English, L for Language, M for Mathematics, C for Commercial, SS for Social Studies; Sc for Science, P. E. for Physical Education, or I for Industrial Education. (Undergraduate credit only.)
Ed. 140. Methods and Practice of Teaching (9). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, grade average of 2.275 and approval of faculty committee.
Students who register in this course serve as apprentice teachers in the high schools to which they are assigned. One-half of each school day throughout the quarter is devoted to this work, which is carried on under the direction of a university supervisor. Opportunity is afforded for experience in connection with school activities, guidance, records, reports, and ther phase veekly of class sessions are included in which study is made of the prinweekly of class sessions are ing.
ciples and methods of teaching.
Application forms for this course must be obtained and submitted, properly filled in, not less than thirty days before registration. In registering, add letters as indicated above in Ed. 139. (Undergraduate credit only.)

Ed. 141. Administration and Supervision in the Elementary School (3), Summer.

A study of the problems connected with organizing and operating elemen. tary schools and directing instruction.

Ed. 142. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Physical Education (5). Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.

Materials and procedures in relation to program planning, physical exam. inations, records, grading, directed observation, reports, conferences, and criticisms. Twenty periods of observation.
Ed. 143. The Elementary School Curriculum (3). Winter, Summer.
A study of important developments in elementary education with particular attention to methods and materials which may be used to improve the development of pupils in elementary schools. Problems which are encountered in day-to-day teaching situations receive much attention.

Ed. 150. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Commercial Sub. jects (5). Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.

Aims and methods for the teaching of shorthand, typewriting, and bookkeeping in high schools. Twenty periods of observation.
Ed. 180. Introduction to Special Education (3). Fall, Summer.
This course is designed to give teachers, principals, attendance workers, and supervisors an understanding of the needs of all types of exceptional children. Preventive and remedial measures are stressed.

Ed. 182. Education of Retarded and Slow-Learning Children (2) Spring.
A study of retarded and slow-learning children, including discovery, analysis of causes, testing techniques, case studies, and remedial educational measures.

## For Graduates

Ed. 200. The Organization and Administration of Public Education (2). Fall.

This course deals with so-called "external" phases of school administration. It includes study of the present status of public school administration; organization of local, state, and federal educational authorities; and the administrative relationships involved therein.

Ed. 202. The Organization, Administration, and Supervision of Secondary Schools (2). Winter.

This course is designed as a continuation of Ed. 200, but may be taken independently. It includes what is called "internal" administration; the organization of units within a school system; the personnel problems involved; and such topics as schedule making, teacher selection, public relations, and school supervision.

Ed. 203. High School Supervision (2). Spring.
This course deals with the nature and function of supervision; recent trends in supervisory theory and practice; teacher participation in the determination of policies; planning of supervisory programs; appraisal of teaching methods; curric
improvement of instruction. Source Materials in Education (3). Fall, Winter.
Ed. 204. Source Materials in Education (3). A course based on the text and wata." The work involves attendto Locate Educational Information and Dational hours of work in the library. ance at class for one hour with two aderested in research.
Especially valuable for sturion in Maryland (3). Summer.
Ed. 209. Public Education Public School System, with special reference to the school law.
Ed. 211. The Adolescent: Characteristics and Problems (3). Summer, This course deals with the intellectual, emotional, social, and vocational problems which arise in the transitional period between childhood and adultprood, the secondary school period.
Ed. 216. School Finance and Business Administration (3). Summer.
This course deals principally with school revenue and taxation; federal and state aid and equalization; purchase of supplies and equipment; interna selected problems of local school finance.
Ed 217. Research Methods (3). Spring, Summer.
A study of the types of research in education, the techniques and devices ailable in research, and the correct form and style in thesis writing. The course is designed to be of assistance in the criticism and evaluation as well as the carrying on of research.

Seminars for Graduate Students
Students qualifying for the degree of Master of Education will elect the equired four hours of seminar work from the following list of seminars. These courses are open for election by other graduate students in Education.

2d. S20. Sinar in Secondard Education (2). Fall, Summer.
Ed. 222. Seminar in Adult Education (2). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
Ed. 226. Seminar in Administration (2). Summer.
Ed. 228. Seminar in Special Education (2). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
Ed. 230. Seminar in Science Education (2). Fall.
Ed. 232. Seminar in Educational Sociology (2). Winter.
Ed. 234 Seminar in Comparative Education (2). (Not offered in 194445.)

Ed. B236. Seminar in Vocational Education (3). Commonly given in th Baltimore Division; may be used to satisfy this requirement (Arranged.)
Ed. 237. Curriculum Development in the Secondary School (3). Attention will be given to the improvem procedures in the major fields of instructionent of content and teaching curriculum development progs of instruction. Trends operative in major revision will be considered.
Ed. 299. Research (1-6).
Special Note Regarding Related Courses
For the description of Psych. 80-Education Courses
courses in Psychology, see pages 285-290. See also Apricultur
See also H. F
and Ind. Ed. 162-Curriculum Education. 162 -Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Industrial

## HOME ECONOMICS EDUCATION

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. Ed. 101. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observat Spring. Required of juniors in Home Economics Observation (5). Fall, site, Psych. 80.

Education. Prerequi-
characteristics, interests, and needs of the community survey; analysis of of a course of study; directed observations; high school girl; construction tion of illustrative materials; the home project of various technics; selec-
H. E. Ed. 102. Child Study

The study of child Study (5). Spring, Summer. emotional phases of development in relation to the physical, mental, and care in high school; observation and participaterial to teaching of child H. E. Ed. 103. Teaching Secon and Practice (5-9). Winter, Summary Vocational Home Economics: Methods Observation and teaching in a
school or in a junior high school in Washingartment of a Maryland high lesson plans, field trips; planning and Sushington. Organization of units, completing the teaching unit the student observion of home projects. After ments other than the one in which she has taught.
H. E. Ed. 104. Nure
requisite, H. E. Ed. 102 . Fall, Summer. Preschool teachers. (Not open to juniors.) Designed for nursery

Philosophy of preschool education; principles of learning; routines; study of children's interests and activities; observation and teaching in the nursery school.
H. E. Ed. 105. Special Problems in Child Study (5). Winter. (Not open to juniors.) Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 102.
Methods and practice in nursery school; making of particular studies related to the mental, emotional, or physical development of preschool children.
H. E. Ed. 106, 107. Problems in Teaching Home Economics (2, 2). Winter, Spring.
Reports of units taught; construction of units for high school course of study; study of various methods of organization of class period; analysis of text books; evaluation of illustrative material.

## For Graduates

H. E. Ed. 201. Advanced Methods of Teaching Home Economics (3-5). (Arranged.)

Study of social trends as applied to the teaching of home economics.
H. E. 250. Seminar in Home Economics Education (3-5). (Arranged.)

## INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

For each quarter hour of credit for shop and drawing courses two or three periods of lecture and practice are scheduled depending upon the specific needs of the course.
*Ind. Ed. 1. Mechanical Drawing (3). Fall.
Fundamental practices in orthographic projection followed by auxiliary projection, the drawing of threads and bolts, working drawings and isometric views. Sketching and use of conventions are emphasized. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
*Ind. Ed. 21. Mechanical Drawing (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1, or equivalent.
A more advanced course dealing with working drawings, machine design, pattern layouts, tracing and blue-printing. Detail drawings followed by assemblies are presented. Laboratory fee, \$2.50.
Ind. Ed. 41. Architectural Drawing (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1, or equivalent.
Practical experience is given in the design and planning of homes and other buildings. Working drawings, specifications and blue-prints are featured. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 101. Mechanical Drafting Procedures of Industry (3). Summer. Prerequisitie, Ind. Ed. 1, or equivalent.

[^3]A comprehensive drafting course designed to give students practice in the modern methods of industry. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 121. Essentials of Design (3). Fall. Prerequisites, Ind. Ed. 1 and basic shop work.
A study of the basic principles of design and practice in their application to the construction of high school shop projects. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 2. Elementary Woodworking (3). Fall.
A hand woodworking course dealing with the use and care of tools used in bench joinery. It deals with materials and supplies, and practice in wood finishing. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
Ind. Ed. 22. Machine Woodworking (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 2, or equivalent.
Practice in the application of design and construction of projects in wood involving the use of woodworking machinery suitable for the high school shop. Basic wood turning is introduced. . Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
Ind. Ed. 42. Advanced Machine Woodworking (3). Spring. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 22, or equivalent.
Advanced production methods with emphasis on cabinet making and design. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
Ind. Ed. 102. Advanced Woodfinishing and Design (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 22, or equivalent.
Advanced finishing room methods applied. The application of color and its use in the improvement of design. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
${ }^{*}$ Ind. Ed. 23. Forge Practice (1). Fall.
Laboratory practice in forging and the heat treatment of metals. Theory and principles of handling tools and materials. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 24. Sheet Metal Work (3). Fall.
Information is given on materials, tools and processes. Practice is given in soldering, the laying out of patterns, and the making of elementary graded projects. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 104. Advanced Practices in Sheet Metal Work (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 24, or equivalent.
Study of the more complicated processes involved in commercial items. Calculations and pattern making are emphasized. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 65. Hand Craft (3). Summer.
Arts and crafts experiences in designing and constructing projects in woodwork, weaving, bookbinding, metalwork, leatherwork, block printing, and practice with other materials, including home mechanics activities. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
*Alternate courses offered by the College of Engineering

Ind. Ed. 85, 105. General Shop (1-1). Fall, Winter.
Designed to meet needs in organizing and administering a high school General Shop course. Students are rotated through skill and knowledge developing activities in mechanical drawing, electricity, woodworking, and general metal working. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 125. Fundamentals of Shopwork (3). Summer.
Designed to give direct help to those interested in conducting the War Department pre-induction basic course in Fundamentals of Shopwork. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
Ind. Ed. 26. Art Metal Work-Elementary (3). Spring.
Deals with the designing and construction of art metal projects, including such operations as spotting, saw piercing, etching, and enameling. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
Ind. Ed. 66. Art Metal Work-Bowl Raising (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 6, or equivalent.
Advanced practicum. It includes methods of bowl raising and bowl ornamenting. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
Ind. Ed. 106. Art Metal Work-Jewelry Work (3). Summer.
Includes simple operations in the art of making jewelry as well as the more difficult work of ring making and built up pieces using semi-precious stones as settings. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
Ind. Ed. 67. Cold Metal Work (3). Spring.
This course is concerned with the development of knowledges and skills involved in the design and construction of projects from band iron and other forms of mild steel. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 28. Electricity (2). Winter.
Deals with the characteristics of wire, the electrical circuit, magnetism, house and signal wiring, and simple ignition wiring. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 48. Advanced Electricity (3). Spring.
Principles involved in A-C and D-C electrical equipment, including heating, measurements, motors and control, electro-chemistry, the electric arc, inductance and reactance, condensers, and radio. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$.
Ind. Ed. 108. Experimental Electricity (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 28, or equivalent.
A shop practicum course in the development of apparatus and equipment for teaching the principles of electricity. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.50$.
${ }^{*}$ Ind. Ed. 69. Elementary Machine Shop Practice (3). Spring. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1, or equivalent.

Bench work, turning, planing, milling, and drilling. Related technical information. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$. Related technical
${ }^{*}$ Ind. Ed. 89. Advanced Machine Shop Practice (3). Spring. Prerequi. site, Ind. Ed. 69, or equivalent.

Advanced shop practicum in thread cutting, grinding, boring, reaming and gear cutting. Related technical information. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.50$ ${ }^{*}$ Ind. Ed. 110. Foundry (1). Fall.
Bench and floor molding and elementary core making. Theory and prin ciples covering foundry materials, tools and appliances. Laboratory fre
$\$ 2.50$. $\$ 2.50$
Ind. Ed. 94. Shop Maintenance (3). Spring. Prerequisite, 12 quarter hours of shop credit, or equivalent.
Skill developing practice in the up-keep and care of school shop tools and equipment.

Ind. Ed. 162. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (5). Winter. Prerequisite, Psych. 80.
Major functions and specific aims of industrial education; their relation to the general objectives of the junior and senior high schools; selection and organization of subject matter in terms of modern practices and needs; methods of instruction; expected outcomes; measuring results; professional standards. Twenty periods of observation.
Ind. Ed. 164. Shop Organization and Management (3). Fall.
Organization and management of pupils; daily programs; projects; pupils' progress charts; selection, location, and care of tools, machines, equipment, and supplies; records and reports; and good shop keeping.
Ind. Ed. 165. Evolution of Modern Industry (3). (Not offered in 1944. 45.)

A review of the industrial progress of man through the various stages of civilization down to modern factory organization and practice.
Ind. Ed. 166. Educational Foundations of Industrial Arts (3). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
A study of the factors which definitely place industrial arts education in any well-rounded program of general education. Lectures, class discussions, reading and reports.

Ind. Ed. 167. Problems in Occupational Education (2). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
The purpose of this course is to secure, assemble, organize, and interpret data relative to the scope, character and effectiveness of education.

[^4]Ind. Ed. 168. Trade or Occupational Analysis (3). Spring, Summer. Provides a working knowledge of occupational and job analysis which is basic in organizing industrial education courses of study. This course should precede Ind. Ed. 169.
Ind. Ed. 169. Construction of Vocational and Occupational Courses of Study (3). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
Surveys and applies techniques of building and reorganizing courses of study for effective use in vocational and occupational schools.
Ind. Ed. 170. Principles and Practices of Vocational Education (3). Summer.
The course develops the vocational education movement as an integral phase of the American program of public education.
Ind. Ed. 171. History of Vocational Education (3). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
An overview of the development of vocational education from primitive times to the present. The evolution of industrial arts is also considered.
Voc. Ed. 220. Organization, Administration, and Supervision of Vocational Education (3). (Not offered in 1944-45.)
This course surveys objectively the organization, administration, supervision, curricular spread and viewpoint, and the present status of vocational education. Alternate, Ed. 200.
Voc. Ed. 236. Seminar in Vocational Education (3). (Arranged.)
This seminar deals with the issues and functions of vocational education, particularly in respect to the emerging changes in educational planning on the secondary school level. Opportunity is given to students majoring in Industrial Education to write one of the seminar reports required for the degree of Master of Education.
Voc. Ed. 240. Research in Vocational Education (3). (Arranged.)
Direction will be provided for persons currently engaged in research in vocational education.

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Eng. 1, 2, 3. Survey and Composition (9). Repeated in all quarters. Prerequisite, three units of high school English and successful passing of the qualifying examination given by the department, or successful completion of Eng. A. Required of all students.
A study of style, syntax, spelling, and punctuation, combined with an historical study of English and American literature of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Written themes, book reviews, and exercises.
Eng. A. Special Preparatory Course (0). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, three units of high school English. Required of all students who
fail to pass the qualifying examination. Students who show sufficient progress after four weeks of Eng. A will be transferred to Eng. 1. Others right to transfer from. A for one quarter. The department reserves the progress.
A laboratory course in grammatical and rhetorical principles and reme. dial reading designed to help students whose preparation has and remeficient for Eng. 1. Exercises, precis writing.
Eng. 4, 5, 6. Survey and Composition (3, 3, 3). Repeated in all quarters. One general lecture given by various members. of the department; wo quiz sections. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2, 3.
A continuation of work in composition based on the work accomplished in Eng. 1, 2, 3. An historical study of English literature from the beginning to the Romantic Age. Themes, book reports, conferences.
Eng. 7, 8. Expository Writing (3, 3). Repeated in all quarters. Pre requisite, Eng. 1, $2,3$.
A study of the principles of exposition. Analysis and interpretation of the expository essay. Themes, papers, and reports. The first quarter is not prerequisite to second quarter.
Eng. 10. Introduction to Narrative Literature (3). Spring. Prerequi site, Eng. 1, 2, 3.
An intensive study of representative stories, with lectures on the history and technique of the short story and of other narrative forms.
Eng. 11, 12. Survey of American Literature (3, 3). Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2, 3.
First quarter, American thought and expression from 1607 to 1865, with emphasis upon colonial cultural patterns, upon the rise of nationalism and upon sectional conflict. Reports and term the
scond
enced American writas apon the changing social forces which influEng. 13, 14 writers after 1865. Reports and term paper.
2, 3.

First quarter, eleven significant early plays, illustrating the drama as a distinct form of art. Dramatic criticism; preparation of acting script;

Second quarter, ten significant late plays.
Eng. 15. College Grammar (5). Fall, Spring (repeated). Prerequisite,
Eng. 1, 2, 3.
Studies in the descriptive grammar of modern English.
Eng 16. The Contemporary Novel (2). (Not offered in 1944-45.) Pre-

A study of the contemporary novel in Britain, America and on the Continent.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Eng. 50, 51. The Novel (3, 3). Summer, Fall. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5,6 .
A study of the novel in England and on the Continent.
Eng. 52. Children's Literature (2). Summer. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, $2,3$. A study of the literary values in prose and verse for children.
Eng. 54, 55. Play Production (2, 2). Fall, Winter. Prerequisite, Eng. $4,5,6$.
The theory and practice of acting and directing.
Eng. 57. Types of English Literature (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, $5,6$.
An historical and critical survey of the principal types of English literature, with especial attention to the influence of classical myths and legends and of classical literary ideals upon English and American writers.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Eng. 101. History of the English Language (5). Summer, Winter (repeated). Prerequisite, Eng. 15.
An historical survey of the English language; its nature, origin, and development, with special stress upon structural and phonetic changes in English speech and upon rules which govern modern usage.
Eng. 102. Old English (3). Fall. Prerequisite, Eng. 15.
A study of Old English grammar and literature. Lectures on the principles of phonetics and comparative philology.
Eng. 103. Beowulf (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Eng. 102.
A study of the Old English epic in the original.
Eng. 104. Chaucer (3). Fall. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
A study of the Canterbury Tales, Troilus and Criseyde, and the principal minor poems, with lectures and readings on the social background of Chaucer's time.
Eng. 105. Medieval Drama in England (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
A study of the development of medieval English drama from its beginning to 1540 . Class discussion of significant plays, outside reading, reports.
Eng. 106. Elizabethan Drama (3). Spring. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
A study of the change in spirit and form from 1540 to 1640, as seen in the works of the most important dramatists other than Shakespeare.
Eng. 107. Renaissance Poetry and Prose (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.

A study of the literary manifestations of humanism and the new national spirit in sixteenth-century England.
Eng. 108. Milton (3). Spring. Prerequisites, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
A study of the poetry and the chief prose works.
Eng. 109. Literature of the Seventeenth Century to 1660 (3). Sum mer. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
A study of the chief prose writers and of the Metaphysical and Cavalie traditions in poetry

Eng. 110. The Age of Dryden (2). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequi-
This course emphasizes the relation of literature to the philosophical movements of the age.

Eng. 111, 112. Literature of the Eighteenth Century (3, 3). (Not offered 44-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
First quarter, readings in the period dominated by Defoe, Swift, Addison, Pope

Second quarter, Dr. Johnson and his Circle; The Rise of Romanticism,
Eng. 113, 114. Prose and Poetry of the Romantic Age (3, 3). Fall, Win ter. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
Fall quarter, a study of the development of the romantic movement
Lamb, DeQuincepplified by the prose and poetry of Wordsworth, Coleridge
Winter quarter a
Shelley, Keats, and others.
Eng. 115. Scottish Poetry
Eng. 4, 5, 6. No knowledge of the Scottish offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Readings in the Scottish one Scottish language required
ttish Chaucerians.
Eng. 116, 117. Victorian Prose and Poetry (3, 3). Spring, 'Summer: Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
A study of the chief English authors of the Nineteenth Century from he close of the Romantic Period.
Eng. 118. Modern and Contemporary British Poets (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6

A study of the chief English and Irish poets of the Twentieth Century
Eng. 119. Tennyson and Browning (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Eng.
4, $5,6$.
A study of the lyrics and some of the longer works of the two major
Eng. 123. Modern Drama (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6 .
A survey of the English drama during the two centuries from 1660 to 1860. Class discussion of significant plays; outside readings, reports.

Eng. 124. Contemporary Drama (3). Fall. Prerequisite Eng. 4, 5, 6. A study of significant European and American dramatists from Ibsen to $0^{\prime}$ Neill. Class discussion of significant plays; outside reading, reports.
Eng. 125. Emerson, Thoreau, and Whitman (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 11, 12.
A study of the major writings of Emerson, Thoreau, and Whitman, with cmphasis on transcendentalism, idealism, and democracy.
Eng. 126. American Fiction (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 11, 12.
Historical and critical study of the short story and novel in the United States from 1789 to 1920.
Eng. 127. Contemporary American Poetry and Prose (3). Spring. Prerequisite, Eng. 11, 12.
Tendencies and forms in non-dramatic literature since 1920
Eng. 128. American Drama (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 11, 12.
Historical study of representative American plays and playwrights, from 1787 to 1920.

Eng. 134. Playwriting (2). Spring. Two lectures. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2, 3.
Practice in the construction of one-act plays.
Eng. 135. Creative Writing (3). Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
Theory and practice in the short story and lyric, with some study of the novelette and radio verse drama at the election of the class. Major students in English must elect either this course or Eng. 136.
Eng. 136. Magazine Writing (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.
The production and marketing of such literature forms as the magazine article, the personal essay, the biographical essay, and the book review.
Eng. 137. Advanced Creative Writing (3). Winter. Prerequisite, Eng. 135 or 136; open to other advanced students by permission of the instructor after submission of an original composition. This course may be taken twice for credit.
Study and exercise in original literary expression as an interpretative art.
Eng. 140. Major American Poets (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6.

Intensive study
poetic theories of the major American
Eng. 141. Major American Prose Writers (3). (Not offered 1944-45,
Prerequisite, Eng. 4, 5, 6. (3). (Not offered 1944-45.)
Intensive study of the major non-fiction prose writers of nineteenth.
entury United States.

## Eng. 200. Ser Graduates

portioned to the importance of Studies (2-5). (Arranged.) Credit pro-
Work under personal
the graduate student, but not connected with the thesis especial interest to
Eng. 201. Research (2-6) (A)
amount of work done and results accomplish Credit proportioned to the
Original research and themplished.
degree. As requested.
Eng. 202. Middle English Language (3). Spring. Prerequisite
A study of readings of the Middle English period with refern
etymology and syntax.
Eng. 203. Gothic (3). Summer. Prerequisite, Eng. 102
A study of forms and syntax, with readings from the Ulfilas
lation of the Gothic speech sounds with those of the Old Eilas Bible. Cor-
Eng. 204. Medieval Romance in
England (3). (Not offered 1944-45.)
and their sources, including translations from non-cyclical Medieval England,
Eng. 205. Seminar in Sixteenth
Studies and problems in century Literature (3). Fall. peare.
than Shake-
Lectures and (3). (Not offered 1944-45.) bout 1550 to the closing of the drama (not including Shakespeare) from res in 1642.
and 12, or equivalent.
Studies and problems in Shakespeare.
Eng. 208. Seminar in Eighteenth Century Literatur
1944-45.)
Intensive study of one man
century.
Eng. 209. Seminar in American Literature (3). (Not offered 1944-45.)

Critical and biographical problems in nineteenth-century American literature.
Eng. 210. Seminar in the Romantic Period (3). Spring. One discussion period of two hours. Prerequisite, Eng. 113, 114, or equivalent satisfactory to the instructor.
Special studies of problems or persons associated with the Romantic movement.
Eng. 211. Seminar in the Victorian Period (2-3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 116, 117, or the permission of the instructor.
Special studies of problems or persons in the Victorian age. The subject matter of the course will vary with the interests of the class.
Eng. 212. Old English Poetry (2-3). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Eng. 102, or equivalent.
A study of Old English poetic masterpieces other than Beowulf.
Eng. 213. Bibliography (2).. (Not offered 1944-45.)
A study of methods of research and standard bibliographical works. Required of all candidates for advanced degrees.

## ENTOMOLOGY

Ent. 1. Introductory Entomology (4). Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Fall, Spring, Summer. Prerequisite, General Zoology desirable.
The position of insects in the animal kingdom, their gross structure, classification into orders and the principal families, their general economic status. Fee, $\$ 3.00$.

Ent. 2. Insect Morphology (2). Two laboratory periods a week. Fall. Prerequisite, Ent. 1.
Intensive study of the external anatomy of the grasshopper. Less intensive study of internal anatomy and comparison with homologous structures of other insects in preparation for insect taxonomy. Fee, $\$ 2.00$.
Ent. 3, 4. Insect Taxonomy ( 3, 3). Two laboratory periods a week. Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Ent. 2.
Intensive study of the classification of the orders and principal families based on individual collections supplemented by typical material from the department collections. Fee, $\$ 2.00$.
Ent. 5. Apiculture (4). Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Spring. Prerequisite, Ent. 1 desirable.
A study of the life-habits, yearly cycle, behavior and activities of the honeybee. The value of the bee in the pollination of economic plants and in the production of honey and beeswax. Fee, $\$ 3.00$.

The theory and practice of apiary management. who wishes to keep bees or requires a practical. Designed for the student
ment. Fee, $\$ 4.00$.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Ent. 101. Economic Ented
the department
Prerequisite, consent of
including life history, ecologe theory and problems of applied entomology Ent. 103, 104. Insect Pests (1, distribution, parasitism and control periods a week. Winter, Spring. (4, 4). Two lectures and two laboratory A comprehensive study of the principal 1944-45.)
household, man and forests. Fee, $\$ 2.00$ prinal pests of crops, livestock, the
Ent. 105. Medi
period a week. Spring, Summology (3). Two lectures and one laboratory
The relation of the Arthropoda Prerequisite, consent of the department. vectors of pathogenic organisms. The fundamentals both directly and as Fanitation as they are related to entomologydamentals of parasitology and Fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Ent. 107. Insecticides (3) Wint
tary organic chemistry. (3). Winter. Prerequisites, Ent. 1 and elemen-
The development
other important chemicals, with contact and stomach poisons, fumigants and compatability, and host injury. Recent researcir chemistry, toxic action,
Ent. 109. Insect Physiol (3).
tions. Fall. Prerequisite, consent of the dectures, occasional demonstra-
The functioning of the consent of the department.
circulation, digestion, absorption, excretion particular reference to blood,
the nervous system, and metabolism.
Ent. 110, 111
requisite, to be determined by the department. An intensive investigation department.
the student's choice. Required of majors inological problem, preferably of Ent. 112. Seminequired of majors in entomology.
standing. Seminar (1-3). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, senior Presentation of original work, review and abstracts of literature by major
students in the department. Ene department.
Ent. 113. Photomicography (2). Two laboratory periods a week and An ectures. Winter.
Fee, $\$ 5.00$.

## For Graduates

Ent. 201. Advanced Entomology . Credit and prerequisite to be determined by the department. Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring.
Studies of minor problems in morphology, taxonomy and applied entomology, with particular reference to the preparation of the student for individual research.
Ent. 202. Research. Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring.
Required of graduate students majoring in Entomology. This course involves research on an approved project. A dissertation suitable for publication must be submitted at the conclusion of the studies as part of the requirements for an advanced degree.
Ent. 203. Insect Morphology (3-5). Three lectures, additional laboratory work and credit by special arrangement with the department. Winter.
Insect anatomy with special reference to function. Given in preparation for advanced work in physiology or research in morphology.
Ent. 205. Insect Ecology (3). Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Winter. Prerequisite, consent of the department.
A study of the fundamental factors involved in the relationship of insects to their environment. Emphasis is placed on the insect as a dynamic organism adjusted to its surroundings.

## FARM FORESTRY

For. 1. Introduction to Forestry (3). Two lectures; one laboratory. (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisites, Bot. 1, 2.
A general survey of the field of forestry. Principles of forestry applied to the establishment, care, and protection of stands of timber. Identification and distribution of commercially important trees.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

For. 50. Farm Forestry (2). (Not offered 1944-45.) Prerequisite Bot. 1.
A study of the principles and practices involved in managing woodlands on the farm. The course covers briefly the identification of trees; forest protection; management, measurement, and utilization of forest crops; nursery practice; and tree planting.

## FOREIGN LANGUAGES AND LITERATURES

At the beginning of each quarter a placement examination is given for all students who have had some foreign language and wish to do further work in that language. By this means the Department assigns each student to the suitable level of instruction.
Any advanced course listed in this catalog will be given upon application and sufficient demand.

## A. Greek

Greek 1, 2, 3. Elementary Greek (9).
Reading and translation of simple prose, with accompanying lectures
Greek 5, 6, 7. Greek Authors (9). Prerequisite, Greek 1, 2, 3, or equiva
ant.
Reading of parts of Xenophon, Plato, and the New Testament
B. Latin

Latin 1, 2, 3. Elementary Latin (9).
This course is intended
and syntax. Part of Caesar's a substantial knowledge of Latin grammar
Latin 5, 6, 7. Intermediate Latin ar is read in the third quarter. entrance units in Latin
Readings from Cicero, Ovid, and Virgil.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Latin 51. Revie
or equivalent.
A review of Latin literature by selected readings in Latin from the origins
Tatin -

Latin 52. Review of Latin Literature (3) Pres
equivalent. Latin Literature (3). Prerequisite, Latin 51, or
Review of literature continued. Age of Augustus and the Early Empire.
equivalent. Livy's History of Rome (3). Prerequisite, Latin 5, 6, 7, or
Latin 62. Odes of Horace (3). Prerequisite, Latin 5, 6, 7, or equivalent Latin 71. Intermediate Latin Composition (3). Prerequisite, Latin 1, 2, For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates Latin 121. Roman Prose Writers (3) Praduate (3). Prerequisite, six quarter hours Essays of Cicero and Seneca.
Latin 122. Roman Satire (3). Prerequisite, as for Latin 121.
Satires of Horace and Juvenal.
Latin 131. The Historian Tacitus (3)
hours beyond Latin 5, 6, 7. Tacitus (3). Prerequisite, twelve quarter
Readings in "Agricola" and "Germania."

Latin 132. Martial, Selected Epigrams (3). Prerequisite, as for Latin 131.

Latin 141. Lucretius, "De Rerum Natura" (3). Prerequisite, as for Latin 131.
Latin 152. Catullus (3). Prerequisite, as for Latin 131.
Latin 171. History of the Latin Language (3). Prerequisite, two years of Latin or special permission.
This course is of interest to majors in English or Romance Languages. Lectures will be suited to the needs of the class.
Latin 172. Medieval Latin (3). Prerequisite, Latin 62, or equivalent, or special permission.
Excerpts from various types of medieval texts will be read, with attention to the linguistic peculiarities of this period.

## Courses Given in English

Classics 21. Latin and Greek in Current English Usage (3).
This course aims to show how Latin roots are used in English and to make for more accurate use of English vocabulary. It also supplies the basic knowledge involved in the comprehension and creation of scientific nomenclature.
Classics 22. Latin and Greek in Current English Usage (3).
A continuation of the course outlined above. The study of the Latin language elements is continued and that of the Greek is added.

## MODERN LANGUAGES

A. Chinese

Chinese 1, 2, 3. Elementary Chinese (9).
Elements of pronunciation, writing, and translation.
Chinese 4. Elementary Conversation (1). Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Chinese 1, 2.
Qualified students who are interested in Chinese should take this course in conjunction with Chinese 3.
B. French

French 1, 2, 3. Elementary French (9). Students who offer two units in French for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for secondyear French, receive half credit for this course.

French 4. Elementary Conversation (1). Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in French 1, 2.
Qualified students who are interested in French should take this course in conjunction with French 3.
istory, art, literature.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { French 11, 12, 13. Intermediat } \\
& \text { rench } 100
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { French 1, 2, } 3 \text {, or equivalent. } \\
& \text { Secondiate Scientific French (9). Prear French for students snoniolin. } \\
& \text { who expect }
\end{aligned}
$$

Second-year French or equalent.

French 17 in place of or minor in French, however, sciences. Students

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { French } 17 \text { in place of the third quarter of this course. are required to take } \\
& \text { French 17. Grammar }
\end{aligned}
$$

French 17. Grammar Review
or permission of instructor.
(
be taken in place of these courses. as do French 7 and French 13, and may
who expect to major or minor in Frequired of second-year French students
An intensive revie minor in French.
composition.
grammar; verb drills;
French 51, 52, 53. The Devel
Introductory study of the 1 (3, 3, 3).
literature. French 51 covers the XVIIth growth of the novel in French
Century, French 53 the XIXth Century. Century, French 52 the XVIIIth
French 54, 55, 56.
Introductory study of the histopment of the French Drama (3, 3, 3).
literature. French 54 covers the XVIIth Century
Century, Fre drama in French
Fury, French 56 the XIXth Century. Century, French 55 the XVIIIth
French 57, 58, 59
3, 3). The Development of the Short Story in French (3,
French 61, 62, 63. French Phonetics (3). Prerequisite, French 1, 2,3
French 71, 72, 73. Intermediate Grammar and Composition (9). Thre French 75 ecturequisite, French 7, or equivalent.
site, French 5, 6, 7, or French 11, 12, 13 .
An elementary survench 11, 12, 13.
literature.
and movements in French sent of instructor.

Intensive daily drill in the spoken language.
French 99. Rapid Review of the History of French Literature (1).
Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of French literature, art, and music.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

A more intensive survey of modern French literature is offered by means of rotating advanced courses offered as required by the needs of majors and minors.
French 101. French Literature of the Sixteenth Century (3).
The beginning and development of the Renaissance in France.
French 104. French Prose and Poetry of the Seventeenth Century (3).
A study of the genres dominated by La Fontaine, Pascal, Boileau, and the "écrivains mondains".
French 105. The Theatre in France in the Seventeenth Century (3).
A study of the development of the classical tradition as exemplified by the work of Corneille, Racine and Molière. A continuation of French 104.
French 106. French Life and Thought in the Seventeenth Century (3).
Study of contemporary memoirs and letters. A continuation of French 104 and French 105.
French 107. French Literature of the Eighteenth Century (3).
A study of the drama, poetry and novels of the period.
French 108. French Literature of the Eighteenth Century (3).
The philosophical and scientific movement from Saint-Evremond and Bayle to the French Revolution.
French 110. French Poetry in the Nineteenth Century (3).
A study of the Romantic, Parnassian and Symbolist movements.
French 111. French Prose in the Nineteenth Centruy (3).
A study of the evolution of the major prose genres, beginning with the Romantic period. A continuation of French 110.
French 112. The Theatre in France in the Nineteenth Century (3).
A study of the significant dramatic writers beginning with the Romantic period. A continuation of French 110 and French 111.

French 113. French Literature of the Twentieth Century (3).
Novel in the twentieth century.
French 114. French Literature of the Twentieth Century (3).
Drama and poetry from Symbolism to the present time.
French 115. French Thought in the Twentieth Century (3).

A survey of the intellectual
day France, with special emphasis on and political problems of present.
their relation to contemporary lit.
rade of 121, 122, 123. Advanced Composition
students prer above in French 71, 72, 73. This (9). Prerequisite, the Advanced preparing to teach French.
and free composition.
(Attention is also called to Comparative Literature 105, Romanticism in
rance.)
C. German

German 1, 2, 3. Elementary German (9)
in German for entrance, but whose pran (9). Students who offer two units
year German, receive half credit for this course not adequate for second-
German 4. Elementary Conter this course.
A or B in German 1, 2 .
German 5, 6, 7. Intermediate Literary German (9). Prerequisite, Ger
Reading of narrative prose, grammar review, Ger
practice.
German 8, 9, 10. Intermediate Conversation (2, 2, 2). Admission by
The objent of instructor.
and understand simpleurse is to help the student acquire the ability to speak colloquial German.
German 1, 2, 3 , or equivalent.
Reading of Scientific German (9). Prerequisite, Readin
German 14
equivalent
(3, 3 , or
German 15, 16.
(3, 3).
Aims to acquaint the student with the general background of
people, etc.
German 17. Grammar Review (3)
For students who enter with thre
not prepared to take German 71 .

## For Advanced Undergraduates

## German 51, 52, 53. Advanced German (3, 3, 3). Prerequisite, German

 $5,6,7$, or equivalent.Rapid reading of novels and short stories from recent German literature.
German 54, 55, 56. Advanced German (3, 3, 3).. Prerequisite, German $5,6,7$, or equivalent.
Rapid reading of dramas from recent German literature.
German 61. German Phonetics (1). Prerequisite, German 1, 2, 3, or equivalent.
German 71, 72, 73. German Grammar and Composition (6). Prerequisite, German $5,6,7$, or equivalent.
A thorough study of the more detailed points of German grammar with ample practice in composition work. This course is required of students preparing to teach German.

German 75, 76, 77. Introduction to German Literature (3, 3, 3). Prerequisite, German 5, 6, 7, or equivalent.
An elementary survey of the history of German literature.
German 80, 81, 82. Advanced Conversation (5, 5, 5). Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
Intensive daily drill in the spoken language.
German 99. Rapid Review of the History of German Literature (1).
Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of German literature, art, and music. Rapid review for majors.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

German 107, 108, 109. German Literature of the Eighteenth Century $(3,3,3)$.
German 110, 111, 112. German Literature of the Nineteenth Century $(3,3,3)$.
German 113, 114, 115. Contemporary German Literature (3, 3, 3).
(Attention is also called to Comparative Literature 106, Romanticism in Germany, and Comparative Literature 107, The Faust Legend in English and German Literature.)

## D. Italian

Italian 1, 2, 3. Elementary Italian (9). Open to freshmen. Also recommended for advanced students in French and Spanish.
Italian 4. Elementary Conversation (1). Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Italian 1, 2.
E. Portuguese

Portuguese 1, 2, 3. Elementary Portuguese (9)
Portuguese 4. Elementary Conversation (1). Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Portuguese 1, 2.

## F. Russian

Russian 1, 2, 3. Elementary Russian (9)
Russian 4. Elementary Conversation (1). Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Russian 1, 2.
G. Spanish

Spanish 1, 2, 3. Elementary Spanish (9). Students who offer two units in Spanish for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for secondyear Spanish, receive half credit for this course.

Spanish 4. Elementary Conversation (1). Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Spanish 1, 2.
Spanish 5, 6, 7. Intermediate Spanish (9). Prerequisite, Spanish 1, 2, 3 , or equivalent.

Spanish 8, 9, 10. Intermediate Conversation (2, 2, 2). Admission by consent of instructor. Qualified students who expect to take advanced work in Spanish literature should take this course in conjunction with Spanish 5, 6, 7.

Practical exercises in conversation based on material dealing with Spanish history, art, and music.

Spanish 17. Grammar Review (3). For students who enter with three or more units in Spanish, but who are not prepared to take Spanish 71.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Spanish 61. Spanish Phonetics (1). Prerequisite, Spanish 1, 2, 3, or equivalent.

Spanish 71, 72, 73. Intermediate Composition and Conversation (9) Prerequisite, Spanish 5, 6, 7, or equivalent.
Oral and written composition. This course is required of students preparing to teach Spanish.

Spanish 75, 76, 77. Introduction to Spanish Literature (3, 3, 3).
An elementary survey of Spanish literature.
Spanish 80, 81, 82. Advanced Conversation (5, 5, 5). Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

Intensive daily drill in the spoken language.
Spanish 99. Rapid Review of the History of Spanish Literature (1).

Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of Spanish litrature, art and music. A rapid review for majors.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Spanish 101. Epic and Ballad (3).
The legends and heroic matter of Mediaeval Spain
Spanish 104. The Drama of the Golden Age (3).
Spanish 105. The Spanish Novel of the Golden Age (3).
Spanish 106. The Poetry of the Golden Age (3).
Spanish 107. The Spanish Mystics (3).
Spanish 108. Lope de Vega (3).
Spanish 109. Cervantes (3).
spanish 110. The Poetry in the Nineteenth Century (3)
Spanish 111. The Novel in the Nineteenth Century (3).
Spanish 112. Drama in the Nineteenth Century (3).
Spanish 113. The Modern Novel (3)
Spanish 114. Modern Poetry (3).
Spanish 115. Modern Spanish Thought (3).
Essays and critical writings of the XXth Century. The Generation of 1898.
Spanish 116. Modern Drama (3).
Spanish 121, 122, 123. Advanced Composition (9). Prerequisite, Spanish 71, 72,73 , or the consent of the instructor.

Spanish 151, 152, 153. Latin-American Literature (3, 3, 3).
Spanish 151 deals with the novel, Spanish 152 with poetry, Spanish 153 with the essay.

## GEOLOGY

Geol. 1. Geology (3). Fall. Prerequisite, Chem. 1, 3.
A study dealing primarily with the principles of dynamical and structural eology. Designed to give a general survey of the rocks and minerals composing the earth; the movement within it, and its surface features and the agents that form them.

Geol. 2. Engineering Geology (2). Fall. Required of sophomores in civil engineering.
The fundamentals of geology with engineering applications.

## HISTORY

H. 1, 2, 3. A Survey of Western Civilization (3, 3, 3). Three hours a week. For freshmen and sophomores; open to upper classmen by special rrangement. It may be entered any quarter.

A general course covering the broad movements of European history which contributed to the formation of modern institutions. Recommended for all students who expect to major in history.
H. 4, 5, 6. History of England and Great Britain (3, 3, 3). Three hours a week. Fall, Winter, Spring. For freshmen and sophomores; open to upper classmen by special arrangement.
H. 7, 8, 9. American History (3, 3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer Freshmen may enter only if their curriculum specifically requires it.

## For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

A. American History
H. 101. American Colonial Histroy (3). Fall. Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9 , or the equivalent.
The settlement and development of colonial America to the middle of the eighteenth century.
H. 103. The American Revolution (3). Winter. Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.
The background and course of the American Revolution through the formation of the Constitution.
H. 105, 106, 107. Social and Economic History of the United States (3, 3, 3). (Not offered in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.

A synthesis of American life from the colonial period to the present.
H. 115. The Old South (3). Fall. Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.

A study of the institutional and cultural life of the ante-bellum South with particular reference to the background of the Civil War.
H. 116. The American Civil War (3). Winter. Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.
Military aspects; problems of the Confederacy; political, social, and economic effects of the war upon American society.
H. 117. Reconstruction and the New South (3). Spring. Prerequisites, H. $7,8,9$, or the equivalent.

The problem of reconstruction in the North and South after the Civil War; evolution of the New South and problems of the present South.
H. 121, 122. History of the American Frontier (3, 3). Winter, Spring. Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.
A study of the influence of the westward movement in shaping American institutional development. First quarter, the trans-Alleghany West; second quarter, the trans-Mississippi West.
H. 125. The United States in the Twentieth Century (3). Fall. Prerequisites, $\mathrm{H} .7,8,9$, or the equivalent.
A study of the outstanding economic and social problems and of the cultural changes of the last fifty years.
H. 127, 128. Diplomatic History of the United States (3, 3). Spring, Summer. Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.
An historical study of the diplomatic negotiations and foreign relations of the United States. First quarter, from the Revolution to the Civil War; second quarter, from the Civil War to the present.
H. 129. The United States and World Affairs (3). Spring. Prerequisites, H, 7. 8, 9, or the equivalent.
A consideration of the changed position of the United States with reference to the rest of the world since 1917.
H. 133, 134. The History of American Ideas (3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.
An intellectual history of the American people, embracing such topics as religious liberty, democracy and social ideas.
H. 135, 136, 137. Constitutional History of the United States (9). Three hours a week. (Not offered in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.
A study of the historical forces resulting in the formation of the Constitution, and of the development of American constitutionalism in theory and practice thereafter.
H. 141, 142. History of Maryland (3, 3). (Not offered in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 7, 8, 9, or the equivalent.
First quarter, a survey of the political, social and economic history of colonial Maryland. Second quarter, Maryland's historical development and role as a state in the American Union.
H. 145, 146, 147. Latin-American History (3, 3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, 9 hours of fundamental courses.
A survey of the history of Latin America from colonial origins to the present, covering political, cultural, economic, and social development, with special emphasis upon relations with the United States.

## B. European History

H. 151, 152. History of the Ancient Orient and Greece (3, 3). (Not offered in 1944-45.) First quarter, a survey of their economics, life and culture; second quarEast, with some attention of Greek history and culture.
ter, a similar treatment on
ter, a similar treatment of (3). (Not offered in 1944-45.)

A study of Roman civilization from the earliest beginnings through th Republic and down to the last centuries of the Empire.
H. 155, 156. Medieval Civilization (3, 3). (Not offered in 1944-45, Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, 3, or the permission of the instructor.
First quarter, from the fall of the Roman Empire to the Crusades; second quarter, from the eleventh to the thirteenth century.
H. 161, 162. The Foundatio
in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 1, of Modern Culture (3, 3). (Not offered First quarter, the Renaissance and the permission of the instructor. seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. The Reformation; second quarter, the achievements in science, the arts, and literature course will stress the cultural from 1250 to 1789 .
H. 165, 166. Revolutionary and Napoleonic Europe (3, 3). Fall, Winter. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, 3, or the equivalent. Europe (3, 3). Fall, Winter First quarter R
1795; second quarter, 1795-1815.
H. 171, 172, 173. Europe in the Nineteenth Century, 1815 Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisites, H. 1,2,

A study of the political
Europe from the Congreal, economic, social and cultural development of H. 175, 176. Europe in

1944-45.) Prerequisites in twentieth Century (3, 3). (Not offered in A study of the political, 2,3 , or the equivalent.
Europe with special emphasis on the social and cultural development of Europe with special emphasis on the factors involved in the two World
Wars. H.
H. 179, 180. Diplomatic History of Europe Since 1871 (3, 3). (Not A 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, 3, or the equivalent
A study of European diplomacy, imperialism and power politics since
he Franco-Prussian War.
H. 181, 182. His War.
H. 181, 182. History of Central Europe (3, 3). (Not offered in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, 3, or the equivalene
The history of Central Europe from 1600 to the present, with special emphasis on Germany and Austria.
H. 185, 186, 187. History of the British Empire (3, 3, 3). (Not offered in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, 3, or the equivalent 3). (Not offered First quarter, the development of England's Malent.
fall in the war for American Independence (1783) of the Second British Empire and thence (1783); second quarter, the rise self-government, 1783-1867; third the solution of the problem of responsible pire into a Commonwealth hird quarter, the evolution of the British Emof the dependent Empire.
H. 191, 192. History of Russia (3, 3). (Not offered in 1944-45.) Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, 3, or the equivalent.
A history of Russia from the earliest times to the present day.
H. 193. History of the Near East (3). Summer. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2,3, or the equivalent.
A study of the Balkans and of Turkey from earliest times to the present.
H. 195. The Far East (3). Summer.

A survey of institutional, cultural and political aspects of the history of China and Japan, and a consideration of present-day problems of the Pacific area.
H. 199. Proseminar in Historical Writing (3). Spring.

Discussions and term papers designed to acquaint the student with the methods and problems of research and presentation. The students will be encouraged to examine those phases of history in which they are most interested. Recommended to history majors.

## For Graduates

H. 200. Research (3-6). Credit proportioned to the amount of work. (Arranged.)
H. 201. Seminar in American History (2, 2). (Arranged.)
H. 205, 206. Topics in American Economic and Social History (3, 3.) (Arranged.)
Readings and conferences on the critical and source materials explaining our social and economic evolution.
H. 211. The Colonial Period in American History (3). (Arranged.)

Readings and conferences designed to familiarize the student with some of the sources and literature of American Colonial History.
H. 215. The Old South (3). (Arranged.)

Readings and conferences designed to familiarize the student with some of the standard sources and the classical literature of the ante-bellum South.
H. 216. The American Civil War (3). (Arranged.)

Readings and conferences on the controversial literature of the Civil War. Attention is focused upon the conflicting interpretations and upon the social and economic impact of the war on American society. Opportunity is also given to read in the rich source material of this period.
H. 221. History of the West (3). (Arranged.)

Readings and conferences designed to give the student an acquaintance with some of the more important sources and some of the most significant literature of the advancing American frontier.
H. 233. Topics in American Intellectual History (3). (Arranged.) Readings and conferences on selected phases of American thought, with ment of American ideas ment of American ideas.
H. 250. Seminar in European History (2, 2). (Arranged.)
H. 255. Medieval Culture and Society (3). (Arranged.)

Readings and conferences designed to acquaint the student with the im. medieval Church, schools and untations on such topics as feudalism, the medieval Church, schools and universities, Latin and vernacular literature,
art and architecture.
H. 281. Topics in the History of Central Europe (3). Three periods a week. (Arranged.)

Readings and conferences in the history of Central Europe from Bismarck to the present, to acquaint the student with the leading primary Bissecondary sources. Special emphasis will be placed on the Bicmary and and Hitlerian periods.
H. 285. Topics in the History of Modern England and Greater Britain anged.)

Readings and conferences on the documentary and literary materials deal ing with the transformation of England and the growth and evolution deal the British Empire since 1763.
H. 287. Historians and Historical Criticism (3). (Arranged.)

Readings and occasional lectures on the history of historical writing, the of selected masters.

## HOME ECONOMICS

## Home Economics Lectures

H. E. 1. Home Economics Lectures (1)—Required of Home Economics eshmen. Fall.

Lectures, demonstrations, group and individual discussions on grooming and clothing budget for the college girl; personal adjustments; grooming study

## Textiles and Clothing

H. E. 10. Textiles (5)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three lectures, two laboratories.

Study of textile fibers; standardization and labeling of textiles; collection

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
H. E. 110, 111. Advanced Textiles (6)-Fali, Winter. One lecture, two laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 10, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34.
Detailed study of physical and chemical properties of fibers; of standard testing methods for serviceability of fabrics; of textile finishes, color application, laundering, dry cleaning.
H. E. 112. Problems in Textiles (3)-Spring. One lecture, two laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 111.
Individual experimental problems in textiles.
H. E. 113. Consumer Problems in Textiles (3)-Fall, Summer. Two lectures, one laboratory. Prerequisite: H. E. 10 or consent of the instructor.
Evaluation, purchase and care of wearing apparel and household textiles; government specifications and regulations; field trips.
H. E. 20A. Clothing (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 10.
Wardrobe planning; interpretation and use of commercial patterns; making of garmenis involving difficult techniques of construction.
H. E. 20B.-Clothing (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite: H. E. 10., or consent of the instructor.
Wardrobe planning; interpretation and use of commercial patterns; construction of simple garments.
H. E. 21. Clothing (3)-Winter, Spring, Summer. Three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 20A or B.
Renovation; special problems in clothing construction.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. 120. Pattern Design (3)-Winter, Summer 1945. Three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 20A or 20B.
Comparative study of commercial patterns; development and use of a foundation pattern; creation of designs in paper and cloth.
H. E. 121. Children's Clothing (2)-Fall, Summer 1944. Two laboratories Prerequisite: H. E. 20A or 20B.
Children's clothing from the standpoint of age, health, beauty, personality and economy.
H. E. 122. Draping (5)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Five laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 20A, H. E. 71, or equivalent.
Draping of garments in cloth on a dress form stressing style, design, and suitability to the individual.
H. E. 124. Tailoring (3)-Fall, Spring. Three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 20A or 20B.

Construction of tailored garment requiring professional skill.
H. E. 125. Problems in Clothing (3)-Three lectures. Spring, Summer enior standing.
Physiological, psychological, artistic and economic aspects of family ing; the business woman's wardrobe; individual demonstrations of clothing problems; reports on current literature in the clothing and allied fields.

## Practical Art

H. E. 70. Design (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three laboratories Art expression through the use of materials, such as opaque water color, wet clay, colored chalk, and lithograph crayon, which are conducive to free techniques. Elementary lettering, action figures, abstract design, and generee composition study. Consideration of art as applied to daily living general
H. E. 71. Costume Desi (3)- Will appied
laboratories. Prerequisite: H
Clothing selection with
fashions to the individual Designing personality. Adaptation of changing and lithograph crayon, transpning of costumes in mediums such as Conte India ink, and three-dimensional ma opaque water color, soft pencil,
H. E. 72. Costume Illustration (3)-Fall, Sum of the fashion industry Prerequisites: H. E. 70, H. E. 71, or equivalent Summer. Three laboratories.
Advanced techniques in
H. E 73. Simple Crafts (3)-Summ illustration.

Three laboratories.
paper mache modeling, wo clay modeling, plaster carving, metal working, materials and tools and simple techn, etc. Emphasis is laid upon inexpensive
H. E. 74. Survey of Ahe hemiques, which can be pursued in the her

Study of historical evolution (3)-Fall, Spring. Three lectures. costume. Illustrated lectures, assigned readine, domestic architecture, and For Advanced Und readings, making of picture notebook.
H. E. 170, 171, Adanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Three laboratories. Prerequisite: (6)-Fall and Winter, Winter and Spring. Analysis of interiorequisite: H. E. 70, H. E. 74
good and poor interiors as backgrounds for various personalities. Study of retail house furnishing establishmens Oricinal, a furniture factory, and tions drawn to scale and rendered ins. Original floor plans and wall eleva
H. E. 172. Advanced Interior Design

Prerequisites: H. F. 74 H. E Design (3)-Spring. Three laboratories.
Designing of rooms,
accessories; scale drawing spective, or making of maquettes rendering in plan, elevation and permerchandising. Planning of exhibition Study of furniture manufacture and
H. E. 174. Merchandise Display (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 70, or equivalent.
Practice in effective display of merchandise. Cooperation with retail establishments.
H. E. 175. Advanced Merchandise Display (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 174.
Advanced problems in the display merchandise.
H. E. 176. Advertising Layout and Store Coordination (3)-Fall. Three lectures. Prerequisite: H. E. 70, or equivalent.
Lettering, elementary figure sketching, and freehand perspective drawing applied to graphic advertising. Discussion of department and specialty store organization; lectures by retail executives from Baltimore and Washington.
H. E. 177. Store Experience (4)-Fall. 160 Clock hours, or 20 eighthour days. Prerequisite: senior standing in Practical Art curriculum.
Selling, buying, advertising, or executive work, done under supervision in a specified department store.
H. E. 178. Radio in Retailing (3)-Fall. Three lectures. Prerequisites: Speech 1, 2, Eng. 1, 2, 3, junior standing.
Writing and production of promotional programs for the merchandising of wearing apparel and house furnishings. Collaboration with speech department staff and representatives of Washington and Baltimore broadcasting stations and retail stores.
H. E. 179. Upholstering and Slipcovering (3)-Summer. Three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 170, 171.
Practice in upholstering. Students provide their own furniture and materials.
H. E. 185, 186. Individual Problems in Design (3, 3). Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three lectures; by appointment. Prerequisites: H. E. 70, 71, 72, $74,170,171,172$ must precede or parallel this course.
Advanced design problems in the field of the student's major interest.
H. E. 196. Journalism in Home Economics (4)-Winter (Practical Art Students), Spring (other students). Two lectures, one laboratory. Prerequisites: Speech 1, 2, Eng. 1, 2, 3, junior standing.
Elements of journalism applied to newspaper, journal, and copy of particular interest to women.
H. E. 198. Graphic Design (3)-Fall. Three lectures. Prerequisites: H. E. 70, Eng. 1, 2, 3, junior standing.

A study of typography and its application.

## HOME ECONOMICS EXTENSION

## H. E. 190. Methods in Home

lectures. Given under the direction of Vxension (3)-Spring. Three Prerequisite: Senior standing in the Co Venia M. Kellar and specialists.

## Economics

## HOME AND INSTITUTION MANAGEMENT

## A. Home Management

H. E. 150, 151, 152. Management of the Home (9)-Fall, Winter, Spring um three lectures.
The family and human relations; household organization and mana ment; planning of time and money; housing; selection and conservation of equipment and furnishings.
H. E. 153. Practice in Management of the Home (3) Fall Wi Spring, Summer. Arranged Six weeks experience in planningite: H. E. 150, 151, 152.
household composed of a flanning, guiding, directing and coordinating a and a small group of students.

## H. B. 160. Mat

H. E. 160. Institution Organization and Management (3)-Fall.

The organization and Prerequisites: H. E. 31, 32, 33, 150, 151, 152.
schools, cafeterias, and restaurants; management of ince in hospitals, clubs,
tories; organization of institution; management of room service in dormi-
ries.
lectures, one laboratory.
H. E. 162. Accounting and Food Control (3)-Spring. Two lectures, one aboratory.
H. E. 163. Institution Cookery (5)-Winter, Spring. Two lectures, three laboratories. Prerequisites: H. E. 31, 32, 33, 131, 135
Application of principles of food prepar study of standard technics; menu planing to large quantity cookery; recipes; use of institutional equipmanning and costs; standardization of
H. E. 164. Practice in Institution , practice in cafeteria counter service. Summer. Arranged. Prerequisite: H F
Practice work in one of the H. E. 161
room, hospital, cafeteria, or hotel. This specified length of time.
H. E. 165 The Sc
laboratory. Prerequisite: Lunch (3)-Spring, Summer. Two lectures, one The educational and Hut. E. $31,32,33,34$, or 135
administration; equipment tion of menus.

## FOODS AND NUTRITION

H. E. 30. Introductory Foods Study (5)-Fall. Two lectures, three laboratories. For students in other colleges and for majors in textiles and clothing and Practical Art.
H. E. 31, 32, 33. Foods (9)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. One lecture, two laboratories. Prerequisite: Chem. 1, 3.
Composition, selection, and preparation of food, with a study of the scientific principles involved; analysis of recipes and study standard products.
H. E. 34. Elements of Nutrition (5)-Fall, Winter. Five lectures. For students registered in other colleges and for majors in Textiles and Clothing, and Practical Art.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. 130. Food Economics (2)-Winter. One lecture, one laboratory.

Sources of our food supply; buying food for the family.
H. E. 131. Meal Service (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. One lecture, two laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 30 or 33.
Planning and serving meals for family groups in relation to nutritional needs and costs, includes simple entertaining.
H. E. 132. Demonstrations (3)-Winter Spring. Three laboratories. Prerequisites: H. E. 10, 20, 30, or 33.
Practice in demonstrations.
H. E. 133. Experimental Foods (5)-Winter, Summer 1945. Two lectures, three laboratories. Prerequisites: H. E. 31, 131.
A study of food preparation processes from the experimental viewpoint.
H. E. 134. Advanced Foods (5)-Spring. Two lectures, three laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 131.
Advanced study of manipulations of food materials.
H. E. 135. Nutrition (5)-Fall, Spring. Prerequisites: H. E. 33, Chem. 33, 34.

A scientific study of principles of human nutrition.
H. E. 136. Dietetics (5)-Fall, Winter. Three lectures, two laboratories. Prerequisite: H. E. 135.
A study of food selection for health, planning, and calculating dietaries for children and adults.
H. E. 137. Diet in Disease (5)-Winter. Five lectures. Prerequisite: H. E. 135.

Modifications of the principles of human nutrition to meet dietary needs of certain diseases.
H. E. 138. Child Nutrition (4)-Spring, Summer. Three lectures, one ment of children and experience in nursery school to growth and develop. For Graduates
H. E. 230. Readings in Nutrition (3)-Fall, Summer

Reports and discussion of outstanding Summer. investigation
research and
H. E. 231. Seminar in Nutrition (3)-Spring, Summer.

Oral and written reports on current literature of nutrition
H. E. 232. Advanced Experimental Foods (5) Spint
lectures, three laboratories. Foods (5)-Spring, Summer. Two
Includes experimental
roducts.
H. E. 233. Seminar in Food Preparation (3-5)-Spring, Summer.

Oral and written reports on current literature in food research.
H. E. 234. Research-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.

Credit to be determined by the amount and quality of the work done. May

## H. E 235 N

Credit to Nutrition-Spring, Summer.
experiments on laboratory animals.

## HORTICULTURE

Hort. 1. General Horticulture (Vegetables) (3)-Fall. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Botany 1
A general basic course planned to give the
methods and practices used in
Hort. 2. General Horticult
laboratory period a week. Prerequisite) (3)-Winter. Two lectures and one
A general basic cour Prequisite, Botany 1.
methods and practices used in the to give the student a background of
Hort. 3. General Horticulture commercial production of fruit crops
and one laboratory period a week. Ornamentals) (3)-Spring. Two lectures
A course devoted to landser. Prequisite, Botany 1.
farmstead and an introduction to development of the surburban home and
Hort. 5, 6. Fruit Production
and one laboratory period a week.
A study of commercial varieti.
of fruits. Principles and practics and the harvesting, grading, and storage

Hort. 8. Vegetable Production (4)-Spring. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, Bot. 1.
A study of the principles and practices of commercial vegetable production.
Hort. 10, 11, 12. Greenhouse Management (3, 3, 3)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.
A detailed study of greenhouse construction and management.
Hort. 14. Small Fruits (3-4)-Spring. Three lectures, one or 0 laboratory periods a week. Lectures may be taken without the laboratory.
A study of the principles and practices involved in the production of small fruits including grapes, strawberries, raspberries, blueberries, blackberries, and cranberries.
Hort. 16. Garden Flowers (3)-Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.
The various species of annuals, herbaceous perennials, bulbs, bedding plants, and roses and their cultural requirements.
Hort. 18, 19, 20. Commercial Floriculture (2, 2, 2)-Fall, Winter, Spring. One lecture and one laboratory period a week.
Growing and handling bench crops and potted plants, and the marketing of cut flowers.
Hort. 22. Landscape Gardening (3)-Fall.
The theory and general principles of landscape gardening and their application to private and public areas.
Hort. 23. Landscape Design (3)-Winter. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 22.
A consideration of the principles of general landscape design supplemented by direct application in the drafting room.
Hort. 24, 25. Landscape Design (3, 3)—Spring, Fall. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 23.
Advanced landscape design.
Hort. 26. Civic Art (3)-Winter. Two lectures and one laboratory pcriod a week.
Principles of city planning and their application to village and rural improvements.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Hort. 55. Commercial Processing (4)-Fall. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Chem. 1.
The fundamentals of canning, freezing, and dehydration of horticultural crops.

Hort. 56. Landscape Ornamentals and Floriculture (3)-Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

A course dealing with the basic principles in the use of trees, shrubs, broad-leaved evergreens, evergreens, annual and perennial flowering plants in ornamental plantings.

Hort. 58. Elements of Camouflage (3)—Winter, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

The principles employed in the protective concealment of military and industrial installations from aerial observation and attack.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Hort. 101, 102. Technology of Fruits (3, 3)-Fall, Winter. Prerequisite, Plant Phys. 101.
A critical analysis of research work in horticulture and applied work in plant physiology, chemistry, and botany.
Hort. 103, 104. Technology of Vegetables (3, 3)-Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Plant Phys. 101.

For a description of these courses see the general statement under Hort. 101, 102.

Hort. 105. Technology of Ornamentals (3)-Winter. Prerequisite, Plant Phys. 101.
A study of the physiological plant processes as related to the growth flowering, and storage of floricultural and ornamental plants.

## Hort. 106. World Fruits and Nuts (3)-Winter.

A study of the tropical and subtropical fruits and nuts of economic importance.

Hort. 107, 108, 109. Plant Materials (2, 2, 2)-Fall, Winter, Spring. One lecture and one laboratory period a week.

A field and laboratory study of trees, shrubs, and vines used in ornamental plantings.
Hort. 112. Canning Crops Technology (4)-Winter. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Hort. 55 and Plant Phys. 101.

A course dealing with the more technical physico-chemical methods used in the study of the fundamentals or factors influencing the quality of raw products; physiological processes prior to and after blanching; and grade of processed product .
Hort. 114. Systematic Pomology (3)-Fall. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.
A study of the origin, history, taxonomic relationships, and description of fruits.

Hort. 116. Systematic Olericulture (3)-Fall. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.
A study of the classification and nomenclature of vegetable crops.
Hort. 118, 119. Seminar (1, 1)-Fall, Spring.
Oral presentation of the results of investigational work by reviewing recent scientific literature in the various phases of horticulture.
Hort. 122. Special Problems (2-4)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Credit according to work done.

## For Graduates

Hort. 201, 202, 205. Experimental Pomology (3, 3, 3)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Plant Phys. 101.
A systematic review of scientific knowledge and practical experience as applied to commercial practices in pomology.
Hort. 203, 204. Experimental Olericulture (3, 3)-Fall, Winter. Prerequisite, Plant Phys. 101.
A systematic review of scientific knowledge and practical experience as applied to commercial practices in olericulture.
Hort. 206. Horticultural Cyto-genetics (3)-Spring. Prerequisites, Zool.
120, Plant Phys. 101, Bot. 201, or equivalents.
A course dealing with the field of cyto-genetics (3)-Fall. Two lectures and
Hort. 207. Methods of Horticultural Research (3) one laboratory period a week.

A critical study of research methods which are or may be used in horticulture.

Hort. 208. Advanced Horticultural Research (2-12)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Credit given according to work done.
Hort. 209. Advanced Seminar (1-5)-Fall, Winter, Spring.
Oral reports with illustrative material are required on special topics or recent research publications in horticulture.

## LIBRARY SCIENCE

L. S. 1. Library Methods (2)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring.

This course is intended to help students use libraries with greater facility and effectiveness. Instruction, given in the form of lectures and practical work, is designed to interpret the library and its resources to the student. The course considers the classification of books in libraries, the card catalogue, periodical literature and indexes. and certain essential reference books which will be found helpful throughout the college course and in later years.

Math. 0. Basic Mathematics (0)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. A prob. lem course emphasizing the fundamental operations in arithmetic, algebra
and geometry. and geometry.

Math. 1. Introductory Algebra (0)-Summer, Fall, Winter Spring. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, one year of high school algebra. Open to students of engineering, and required of students who fail the qualifying examination
in Math 15 . in Math 15.
Fundamental operations, radicals, exponents, logarithms, quadratic equations, graphs, binomial theorem.
Math 2. Solid Geometry (0)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, plane geometry.
Lines, planes, cylinders, the sphere, polyhedra
Math. 7. Solid Geometry (3)-Fall. Three hours a week. Prerequis plane geometry. Open to students in the Coll Lines, planes, cylinders, the sphere,
Math. 10. Algebra (3) Su five hours a week. Prerequisite, one Fall, Winter, Spring. Three hours or course will register for five hours year of algebra. Students taking this students will continue to attend five per week. At the end of two weeks according as they fail or pass a five hours or only three hours a week Fundamen they fail or pass a qualifying examination.
Fundamental operations, factoring, linear equations, exponents, radicals,
ogarithms, quadratic equations, theorem.
Math. 11. Trigonometry (3)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Three hours
week. Prerequisite, Math. Math. 10.
Trigonometric functions, identities, the radian and mil, graphs, addition formulas, solution of triangles.
Math. 12. Analytic Geometry (3)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 10 and 11 or equivalent. Spring. Three Rectangular coordinates, locus probl
conic sections, graphing, curve fitting. Math. 14. Spherical Trigurve fitting.
hours a week. Prerequisite, plane trigonometry. (3)-Fall, Spring. Three
Solution of spherical triangles with
principles underlying navigation.
Math. 15. College Algebra (5)
hours a week. Prerequisite, high -Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Five two weeks students failing a qualifying algebra completed. At the end of this course and enroll in Math. 1.

Fundamental operations, factoring, linear equations, ratio and proportion, variation, exponents and radicals, logarithms, progressions, permutations, combinations, probability, determinants, theory of equations.
Math. 16. Plane and Spherical Trigonometry (5)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Five hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 15 or equivalent.
Trigonometric functions, identities, the radian and mil, graphs, the addition formulas, solution of triangles, solution of spherical triangles.
Math. 17. Analytic Geometry (5)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Five hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 15 and 16 or equivalent.
Rectangular coordinates, locus problems, the straight line and circle, graphs, transformation of coordinates, conic sections, polar coordinates; parametric equations, transcendental equations, solid analytic geometry.
Math. 18, 19. Pictorial Geometry (4)-Fall, Winter. Two hours a week. Open to students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor.
The story of geometry, classical and modern, synthetic and analytic, presented by means of drawings made by the students themselves.
Math. 20, 21, 22. Calculus (15)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Five hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 17 or equivalent.
Limits, derivatives, differentials, definite and indefinite integrals, partial derivatives, multiple integrals, infinite series, differential equations, geometrical and physical applications.
Math. 25. Elements of Mathematical Statistics (3)-Fall, Spring. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, one year of college mathematics.
A course in statistical methods, covering the following topics: frequency distributions, averages and moments, measure of dispersion, the normal curve, curve fitting, correlation theory.
Math. 60, 61. Elementary Mathematics (4)-Summer, Fall. Two hours a week. Prerequisite, one year of college mathematics. Open to students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor. Plane geometry, trigonometry, number theory, algebra.
Math. 62, 63. College Mathematics (4)-Winter, Spring. Two hours a week. Prerequisite, two years of college mathematics. Open to students in the College of Education who elect mathematics as their major or minor.
A review of college mathematics, the objective being to integrate the material for the benefit of the prospective teacher.
Math. 64. Differential Equations for Engineers (5)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Five hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent. Required of all mechanical and electrical engineers.
Differential equations of the first and second orders with particular emphasis on their engineering applications, Fourier series.

Math. 65. Engineering Mathematics (3)-Not offered 1944-45. Three hou a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent

Complex numbers, conformal mapping, Fourier series, linear differentia equations of the first and second orders.

Math. 66. Applied Calculus for Chemists (3)-Not offered 1944-45. Thre hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent
The fundamental mathematical principles underlying problems of flow and physical chemistry.
Math. 70, 71, 72. Junior Tutorial (3)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. One hour a week. Required of juniors majoring in mathematics
hour a week. Required of seniors (3)-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. One A. Algebra

Math. 10
Three 100, 101, 102. Higher Algebra (9)—Winter, Spring, Summer 1945. Ratio, proportion. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent.
progressions, permutations andion, determinants, mathematical induction inequalities, infinite series, undetermineds, probability, binomial theorem, summation of series, theory of equations. coefficients, partial fractions,
Math. 103, 104. Introduction to Modern
Three hours a week. Prerequisite Modern Algebra (6)—Not offered, 1944-45. Numb
M
Prerequisite, Math. 100, 101, 102 or equivared 1944-45. Three hours a week. Linear
groups, rings, fields, Galois theory. quadratic forms, elementary divisors, Math. 250. Selected Topics ineory.

## B. Analysis

Math 110, 111
1945. Three hours a week. Pred Calculus (9)-Winter, Spring, Summer, Limits, continuous functions, Prequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent.
tion to mechanics, infinite series, variables, differential equations, werith Fourier series, functions of several multiple integrals, the theorems of Gauss and to mechanics and physics, variations.

Math. 113, 114, 115. Differential Equations (9)—Spring, Summer, Fall 1944. Three hours a week. Prerequitquans (9)-Spring, Summer, Fall

First and second order
theorems, systems of equations, the successive approximations and existence physical applications, partial differential equations.

Math. 210, 211, 212. Functions of a Complex Variable (9)-Winter, Spring, Summer, 1945. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 110, 111, 112 or equivalent.
Complex numbers, infinite series, Cauchy-Riemann equations, conformal mapping, complex integral, the Cauchy theory, the Weierstrass theory, Riemann surfaces, algebraic functions, periodic and elliptic functions, the theorems of Weierstrass and Mittag-Leffler.
Math. 213, 214, 215. Functions of a Real Variable (9)-Spring. Summer, Fall 1944. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 110, 111, 112 or equivalent.
The real number system, point sets, the Heine-Borel theorem, continuous functions, derivatives, infinite series, uniform convergence, the Riemann integral, Jordan content and Lebesgue measure, the Lebesgue integral, Fourier series.
Math. 251. Selected Topics in Analysis (3)-Arranged. Three hours a week.
C. Geometry

Math. 120, 121. Advanced Analytic Geometry (6)-Spring, Summer 1944. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent.

Linear and quadratic forms, conic sections and quadric surfaces.
Math. 123, 124, 125. Introduction to Projective Geometry (9)—Spring, Summer, Fall 1944. Three hours a week. Prerequisite Math. 22 or equivalent.
Elementary projective geometry largely from the analytic approach, projective transformations, cross ratio, harmonic division, projective coordinates, projective theory of conics, Laguerre's definition of angle.

Math. 126, 127. Introduction to Differential Geometry (6)-(Not offered 1944-45.) Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent.
The differential geometry of curves and surfaces with the use of vector and tensor methods, curvature and torsion, moving frames, curvilinear coordinates, the fundamental differential forms, covariant derivatives, intrinsic geometry, curves on a surface, dynamical applications.
Math. 220, 221. Differential Geometry (6)-(Not offered 1944-45.) Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 126, 127 or equivalent.

Curves and surfaces, geometry in the large, the Gauss-Bonnet formula, ovaloids, surfaces of constant curvature, projective differential geometry.
Math. 223, 224. Topology (6)-Winter, Spring 1945. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 110, 111, 112 or equivalent.
Mathematics based on a system of axioms, abstract spaces, connectivity and separation properties, topological properties of Euclidean spaces, set theoretic and combinatorial methods, continuous transformations.
Math. 252. Selected Topics in Geometry and Topology (3)-Arranged. Three hours a week.

## D. Applied Mathematics

Math. 130, 131, 132. Analytic Mechanics (9)-(Not offered 1944-45.) Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent.

Statics, kinematics, dynamics of a particle, elementary celestial mechanics, Lagrangian equations for dynamical systems of one, two and three degrees of freedom, Hamilton's principle, the Hamilton-Jacobi partial differential equation.

Math. 133, 134. Vector Analysis (6)-(Not offered 1944-45.) Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent.
Vector algebra, with applications to spherical trigonometry and solid geometry, vector fields of one, two and three parameters with applications to kinematics, surfaces, dynamics and potential theory.
Math. 135, 136. Probability (6)-(Not offered 1944-45.) Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 22 or equivalent.

Combinatory analysis, total, compound and inverse probability, continuous distributions, theorems of Bernoulli and Laplace, applications to statistics and the theory of errors.

Math. 137, 138. Mathematical Statistics. (6)-(Not offered 1944-45.) Three hours a week. Prerequisite,-Math. 22, 25 or equivalent.
The mathematical principles underlying modern statistical methods.
Math. 230, 231, 232. Applied Mathematics (9)-Spring, Summer, Fall 1944. Three hours a week. Prerequisite, Math. 110, 111, 112 or equivalent.

The subject material for this course will be chosen from one of the following fields: dynamics, elasticity, hydro-dynamics or the partial differential equations of mathematical physics.

Math. 233, 234. Tensor Analysis (6)-(Not offered 1944-45.) Three hours a week. Prerequisite Math. 126, 127 or equivalent.

Algebra and calculus of tensors, Riemann geometry and its generalizations, differential invariants, transformation groups, applications to mathematical physics, the theory of relativity.
Math. 253. Selected Topics in Applied Mathematics (3)-Arranged. Three hours a week.
Math. 240, 241. Seminar in the History of Mathematics (4)-Arranged. Open to first year graduate students.
This seminar aims at a triple objective: first, an integrating review of undergraduate mathematics; second, development in the student of a proper historical perspective and a critical attitude toward fundamental concepts; third, an interpretation of the mathematical masters of the past.

## F. Colloquium and Research

Math. 260. Colloquium-Fall, Winter, Spring.
Math. 270. Research-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.

MILITARY SCIENCE AND TACTICS
I I Terms 1, 2, and 3 R. O. T. C. (3)-Every Quarter.
Two one hour periods of Infantry Drill and three one hour classroom periods. Subjects: Military Discipline, Customs and Courtesies; Interior Guard Duty; Organization of the Army; Rifle Marksmanship; Care Clothing, Equipment, and Tent Pitching; Marches and Bivouacs, Scouting, Against Chemical Attack; Infantry Drill; Inde Against Air and MechanAgainst Chens; Tactics of Small Units; Defense Against Air and Mechan and Patrolling; Field Fortifications; Night Operations; Map and Aerial ized Attack; Field Military Sanitation and Sex Hygiene; Safeguarding Photograph Reading; Milatary Law.
Military Information;
Basic II Terms periods of Infantry Drill and three one hour classroom Two one hour periods of Drill and Ceremonies; Tactical Training and periods. Subjects: Infar Rifle Marksmanship; Map and Aerial Photograph Combat Organization; Rifle Mes Management; Methods of Speech; ApplicaReading; Administrat
tion of Military Law. M. I. 50 and M. I. 5 .

## MUSIC

Music 1. Music Appreciation (3)-Fall, Spring. view to developing the A study of all types of
ability to listen and enjoy.
Music 2, 3. History of Music (1, 1)-Fall 2, the development of all forms
A course in the hostory of musicent.
of music from the Greeks to (he -Fall, Winter, Spring.
Music 4. Men's Glee Club (1) be earned.
A total of eight credits may be earned.
Music 5. Women's Chorus (1)-Fall, Winter, Spring.
A total of eight credits may be earned.
Music 6. Orchestra (1)-Fall, Winter, Spring. A total of eight credits may be earned.
Music 7, 8. Harmony (4)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.
This course includes a study of major and minor scand continuharmonic progressions, triades chords to modulation.
ing through altered and mixed chords to modulation
Music 9. Survey of
The object of this course is to acquaint the student with the librettos,
music and the composers of the standard opera.
Music 10. Band (1)-Fall, Winter, Spring.
A total of eight credits may be earned.

## NATURAL AND HUMAN RESOURCES

N. H. R. 4. Regional Geography of the Continents (3)-Summer.

Classification of each continent into regions and description of the especially for teachers. N. H. R. 61, 62, 63. Economic Geography (9)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite Econ. 1, 2, 3, or equivalent; primarily for majors in geography. An analysis from world point of view of productive occupations.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduate

N. H. R. 100. Physical Re Fall.

Canada (3)-
trips are required.
N. H. R. 101. Land Utilization and Agricultural Geography, United States and Canada (3)-Winter.
Trends, by regions, in the use of land for crops, pasture and forest, also
trends in size of farms and systems of for crops, pasture and forest, also
N. H. R. 102. The Geography of Manufacturing in the United States and Canada (3)-Spring.
The physical and economic factors which are associated with the location
of manufacturing industries. One or more field trips.
Soc. 105. The Peoples of the
This fourth course in the serised States and Canada (3)-Summer, Fall. which see for description.
N. H. R. 110. Middle America (3)-Fall.

Regional geography of Mexico, Central.
Caribbean; an analysis of the physical America and the islands of the
Regional
physical and human resources.
N. H. R. 112. Recent Economic Trends in Latin America (3)-Spring.

Ancreased exploitatis improvements and expansion in grazing and farming nased exploitation of mineral resources and industrialization.
Physical 120, 121. Economic Geography of Europe (6)-Spring, Summer. economic regions and tradicultural and industrial development; major

## PHILOSOPHY

N.H. R. 122. Economic Geography of Africa (3)-Fall.

Physical resources and the existing stages of economic development economic potentialities.
Soc. 108. Population Problems of Europe and Africa (3)-Winter.
This fourth course in the series is offered by the Department of Sociology, which see for description.

## For Graduates

N. H. R. 203. Advanced Physiography (3)-Fall.

A comparative study of major types of land forms, including genesis and economic significance.
N. H. R. 204. Advanced Climatology (3)-Winter.

A study of the climates of the world and associated economic activities. Soils 103. Soil Geography (3)-Spring.
Offered in the Department of Agronomy and is recommended as the third in this series of courses in applied science.
A. E. 212, 213. Land Utilization and Agricultural Production (3, 2)-Fall, Winter.
This course, given by a member of the geographic staff, is offered in the Department of Agricultture Economics which see for description.
A. E. 214. Consumption of Faim Products (3)-Spring.

This course, given by a member of the geographic staff, is offered in the Department of Agriculture Economics, which see for description.
N. H. R. 221. Seminar in Regional Geography (3, 3, 3)-Fall, Winter, Spring.
N. H. R. 222. Research Work.

The preparation of the "Economic Atlas of the World", a joint project of the University of Maryland, and the United States Department of Agriculture, provides facilities for graduate students to study under the guidance of experts in government departments, particularly in the Department of Agriculture, as well as in the University. It also provides a vehicle of publication for part or all of such research work. The sections of the Atlas in preparation during 1944-45 are wheat, rice, land utilization and population.

## PHILOSOPHY

Phil. 1. Fundamentals of Philosophy (3)-Summer, Fall, Spring. Required course for premedical students. Open to others by special permission.
Problems pertaining to the study of man, presented with a constant regard for the needs of prospective students of medicine.

Phil. 2. Ethics (3)-Spring. Open to freshmen only by special permissio An introductory course in philosophy, stressing its function in daily life, in education, in society, and in statecraft.
Phil. 11, 12. The Occidental Tradition
mores and upper-classmen who attained (6)-Fall, Spring. Open to sopho. quarter. Open to others only by special permission of the in the previous Department of Philosophy. By special permission of their Dean and of the one course in philosophy may secial permission, a student who has had quarters separately.
An introduc
uarter: Ancient and medieval the history of ideas in the Occident. First The purpose of the course is to thought. Second quarter: Modern thought, to integrate their collegiate growth, and to the conceptual means by which integration.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Phil. 51. Metaphysics (3)-Fall, Spring. Preres philosophy. May be taken simultaneously with the second quarter of
A course in philosophical thinking, designed for students desiring a and theologians.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Phil. 181, 182, 183, 184, P
Spring. Two-hour seminar session, Proseminar in Philosophy (3)-Summer, Fall, Open to undergraduates only by special hour tutorial. Or three lectures. Philosophy, and to graduates only after permission of the Department of Department of Philosophy.
The philosophical pros.
graduates who have had thinar is designed for specially qualified understudents desiring the help of philosophy in inary work, and for graduate fields. The content of the course will be in the study of their respective the group of students enrolled.

Phil. 191, 192 Reading in
Individual library work, and tutoriosophy (2, 2)-Summer, Fall, Spring. phy, and the permission of the Individual work for especially
vision and with tutorial advice. Regular written red students under super-

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION FOR MEN

P. E. 30. History and Principles of Physical Education (5)-Fall.

Designed to give an overview of the history, principles, aims, and objec tives of physical education from primitive to modern times.

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION FOR MEN

P. E. 31, 33, 35. Physical Education Leadership (1)-Fall, Winter, Spring. The basic elements of physical education leadership are studied; routine procedures involved in handling large groups in physical activities are discussed. The student is given experience in assisting in the required physical education program.
P. E. 40. Health (3)-Winter.

A personal hygiene course given to physical education majors with special emphasis on hygiene to be taught at high school and grade school level.

## P. E. 50. Health (3)-Spring.

Community hygiene-a study of the causative factors of various diseases, means of transmission, and prevention of the same with a study of modern health methods.
P. E. 1-12. Physical Activities (1)-each quarter. Fall, Winter, Spring. Required of all men students.
An orientation course with a wide sampling of activities; emphasis on physical fitness. Remedial activities for those designated by the Student Health Service by arrangement.
P. E. 60. Theory and Practice of Gymnastics (3)-Fall. Prerequisite, P. E. 30.

Application of the science of physics is made to the bodily movements in man's every day life as well as to the more exacting motor skills of tumbling and gymnastics. Emphasis on methods of teaching gymnastics as well as student's skill in execution.
P. E. 41, 43, 45. Varsity Game Skills (2, (2), (3)-Prerequisite, P. E. 30. Study and practice of the fundamental skills of interscholastic sports. Emphasis on technique of the skills and methods of teaching. P. E. 41-(2) Fall. Football and soccer, or crosscountry. P. E. 43-(2) Winter. Basketball and boxing. P. E. 45 (3) Spring. Baseball, track, and lacrosse.
P. E. 51. Mass Games Programs (2)-Winter. Prerequisites, P. E. 30, and P. E. 31, 33, 35.
A study of mass games for the various age and grade levels. Playground activities, recess periods, stunts, and public demonstrations are included.
P. E. 53. Organization of Intramurals (3)-Winter, Spring. Prerequisites, P. E. 30, P. E. 31, 33, 35.

Methods of organizing and administering an intramural sports program at the various school levels will be offered. Type of tournaments, leagues, awards, scoring systems, the projection and motivation of programs, and the handling of student leader personnel will be considered.
P. E. 100. Individual Game Skills (3)-Winter, Spring.

The technique of the "carry over" sports skills of handball, badminton,
tennis, golf, archery, etc., are studied and practiced with emphasi and social tenstructing these activities. Rules, strategies, practice shasis and social techniques will be emphasized.
P. E. 141, 143, 145. Varsity Te
P. E. 41, 43, 45 .

This course presents the theories of team play of the inter-school petitive games. Staff organization, practice schedules, systems of comwill be emphasized. P. E 141 , strategies, problems of team morale, ete, Winter. Basketball and boxi-(2) Fall. Football and soccer. P. E. 143- (2), track, and lacrosse.
P. E. 131, 133, 135
P. E. 31, 33, 35, P. E. 30 . Experience in working
Experience in working in the various phases of the required physical officiating, testing, records.
P. E. 161. Youth Organizations (3)-Spring. Prerequisite, P. E. 30 , The various types of youth organizations. such as the Boy Scouts, Y.M.C.A., Boys Clubs, etc., will be covered with as the Boy Scouts, aims, objectives, and basic principles. A sered with consideration for their their organization, programs, and A study of types of summer camps, special emphasis.
P.E. 120. Mental Hygiene

Psych. 80, P. E. 30. Fall. and Physical Education (3)-PrerequisitesEmphasis is placed
ndividual's emotional on the adjustment of instructional methods to the conducive to learning. Practical needs, and the creation of an atmosphere teaching of motor skills is discussed.
P. E. 171 C

Spring. Prerequisite-P. E. 30 Administration of Physical Education. (3)Emphasis on 30
physical education, intramurals, and methods of coordination of required professional responsibilities of tha inter-school athletic departments. The of the broad educational system will bysical education instructor as a part of public relations, athletic elicibility emphasized. Problems of scheduling, fields, finance, etc. are included.
P. E. 181. Training and Co.
P. E. 40 and P. E. 110 .

Methods of prevention and treat Study and practice of methods of training room regulation.
P. E. 160. Community and Industrial Recreation (3)-Spring

This course offers a comparative study of the various types of community and industrial recreation programs. Planning and projection to fit local needs are emphasized.

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION FOR WOMEN

Physical Activities (1)-Each quarter. Required of all women students entering the University on or after October, 1942
Class activities may be elected from the following: soccer, speedball, hockey, volleyball, softball, basketball, tennis, swimming, archery, fencing, badminton, rhythmic fundamentals, modern dance, body mechanics, tumbling, physical fitness. Each student is required to take one quarter of the following, preferably during the first four quarters: rhythmic fundamentals, individual sport, team sport, physical fitness.
P. E. 32*. History of Dance (5)-Spring. Prerequisites-P. E. 52, 54, 56; P. E. 72, 74, 76.

Designed to give an overview of the development of dance from primitive to contemporary times. Students have experience in planning dances for specific historic periods. Students interested in drama and pageantry will find this course of value.
P. E. 42. Hygiene I (2)-Required of all freshmen women.

A course designed to acquaint the women students with individual behavior in relation to health.
P. E. 44. Hygiene II (2)-Required of all freshmen women.

A course concerned with the health of people as a group, and with the community, governmental and social organizations and activities which attempt to better the environmental factors of the community.
P. E. 46. Hygine III (2)-Prerequisites-P. E. 42, 44.

A course designed to consider more fully the physiological functions of the body in health and disease.
P. E. 52, 54, 56. Dance Techniques (1)-Each quarter.

A basic course which includes movement techniques of Modern Dance and a foundation in the principles of dance composition. Two periods per week.
P. E. 62, 64, 66. Techniques of Sport Skills (2)-Each quarter.

Theory and practice in the techniques and the teaching of sports. Hockey, soccer, basketball, badminton, track. Three periods per week.
P. E. 72, 74, 76. Dance Techniques (1)-Each quarter.

## PHYSICS

A continuation of P. E. 52, 54, 56. More advanced movements of the Modern Dance techniques are studied. Students have the opportunity to create and participate in simple group dances. Two periods per week.
P. E. 82, 84, 86. Technique of Sport Skills (2)-Each quarter.

A continuation of P. E. 62, 64, 66. Speedball, basketball, volleyball, soft. ball, archery, tennis. Three periods per week.
P. E. 102, 104, 106. Technique of Sport Skills (1)-Each quarter.

A continuation of P. E. 82, 84, 86. Golf, fencing, swimming, bowling. Two periods per week.
P.E. 108. Recreational Activities (1)-Fall. Theory and practice in the techniques and the teaching of recreational games. Two periods per week.
P. E. 116. Organization and Administration of Physical Education (3)Fall. Prerequisite-P. E. 30 .
A study of current practice in curriculum building, organization of personnel, programs, intramurals and sports days. Administration of activities, equipment and facilities
P. E. 122. Tumbling and Apparatus (2)-Winter.

A study of the teaching and techniques of marching, tumbling, stunts, calesthenics and apparatus. Three periods per week.
P. E. 124, 126, 128. Coaching and Officiating (2)-Each quarter. Prere-quisites-P. E. 62, 64, 66; P. E. 82, 84, 86; P. E. 102, 104, 106.
Theory in coaching and officiating sports for women. Practice in the intramural programs of the University and in the schools in Washington, D. C. and Maryland. Opportunity for National Officials Ratings. Two lectures, two practice periods per week.
P. E. 132, 134, 136. Dance composition (1)-Each quarter. PrerequisitesP. E. 52, 54, 56,; P. E. 72, 74, 76.

This course is a practical laboratory in dance composition. Opportunity is provided to create and produce dances and to participate in group produc tions. Two periods per week.
P. E. 142, 144, 146. Methods in Dance (1)-Each quarter. PrerequisitesP. E. $52,54,56$; P. E. $72,74,76$.

This course is planned to assist students to develop procedures of teach ing dance. The physical abilities and interests of various age levels are considered. Students have actual experience in teaching dance techniques, and in planning dance festivals related to the school or community interests. Two periods per week.
P. E. 148. Teaching Health (3)-Spring. Prerequisites-P. E. 42, 44, 46 or equivalent.

A study of materials and methods in health instruction and health supervision. Three periods per week.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION COURSES OPEN TO BOTH MEN AND WOMEN
P. E. 80. Kinesiology (5)-Spring. Prerequisite-Zool. 14, 15, Zool. 53. The study and analysis of human motion conforming to the law of mechanics and principles of physiology and anatomy.
P. E. 140. Therapeutics (5)-Winter. Prerequisites-P. E. 80; Zool. 55.

A study of common structural abnormalities, corrective exercises and
and correction of postural defects. Includes
testing methods. Theory and Practice
P. E. 150. Recreational Dance (1)-Winter, Spring.

This course includes American square and country dances, folk and tap dancing. It is planned to be of value to men and women interested in the social life of the school and community. Two periods per week.
p.E. 110. First Aid and Accident Prevention (5)

A study of safety in the home, on highways and streets, and in the school. Standard and Advanced Red Cross course in First Aid.

## PHYSICS

Phys. 1, General Physics (10)-Fall and Winter, Spring and Summer.
Dynamics, Heat and Sound first quarter. Light, Magnetism and Elecricity second quarter. Two lectures, two recitations and one laborricula. period a week. Required of students in premedical aboratory fee $\$ 4.00$ per Prerequisite, Math. 10 and 11 or 15 and 17 . quarter.
Phys. 3A. General Physics: Dynamics (5)-Every quarter. Four lectures; one laboratory.

Required of all students in the engineering curricula and of those with Required of all students ind physics majors. Prerequisite, Math. 15, 16, 17. Math. 20 is to be taken concurrently. Laborator
Phys. 4A. General Physics: Sound, Heat and Light (5)-Alternate
quarters. Four lectures; one laboratory.
Required of all students in the engineering curequisite, Phys. 3A. Math. chemistry, mathematics and physics majors. Pres per quarter.
21 is to be taken currently. Laboratory fee $\$ 4.00$ Electricity (5)-Alternate
Phys. 5A. General Physics: Magnety
quarters. Four lectures; one laboratory
Required of all students in thajors. Prerequisite, Phys. 3A. Math.
chemistry, mathematics and physics majors. Prerequise before Phys. 4A.
21 is to be taken concurrently
Laboratory fee $\$ 4.00$ per quarter.

Phys. 6, 7, 8. Introductory Physics (9)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Dynamics, first quarter; Sound, Heat and Light, strations Electricity, third quarter. Two lectures and the requirements recitation period a week. This and experimental demon. successful pents of the professional scek. This course does not satisfy successful passing of the qualifying examination. Prerequisites, Math. 0 o Demonstration fee $\$ 2.00$ per quarter.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Phys. 104. Advanced Experiments (3) Not offered 1944
${ }^{\text {two }}$ laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites offered 1944-45. One lecture fee $\$ 8.00$ per quarter. Phys. 105, 106, 107
quarters. Three lectures a week Mechanics (6)-Fall, Winter, Spring Math. 20.
Phys. 108. Optics (5)
tures, two laboratory periods ang, repeated every third quarter. Three lec 20. Laboratory fee $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.

Phys. 109, 110
laboratory periods a week. Preres. (10)-Spring, Summer. Two lectures, two Laboratory fee $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Phys. 111. Sound (5)
tures and two laboratory periods repeated every third quarter. Three lecand Math. 20. Laboratory fee $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Phys. 112, 113, 114
tures, one laboratory period a Physics (9)-Not offered 1944-45. Two lec
Math. 20. Laboratory fee $\$ 4.00$ peer quarter.
Phys. 115. Heat
two laboratory periods all, repeated every third quarter. Three lectures, 20. Laboratory fee $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.

Phys. 117, 118
week. Prerequisites, Phys. 4A and 5A. ${ }^{\text {(6)-Fall, Winter. Three lectures a }}$
Phys. 119, 120, 121.
45.) Two lectures, one laboratory and 5A and Math. 20. Laboratory pee $\$ 4.00$ week. Prerequisites, Phys. 4A

## For Graduates

Phys. 201, 202, 203. Dynami Graduates
Phys. 203, 205. Electrodyna (ectures a week.
Phys. 206, 207. Physi
Phys. 208, 209, Physical Optics (4)-Two lectures a week.
Phys. 208, 209, 210. Thermodynamics (6)-(Not given 1944-45.)
Phys. 211, 212, 213. Statistical Mechanics and the Kinetic Theory of Gases (6)-(Not given, 1944-45.)

Phys. 214, 215, 216. Quantum Mechanics (9)-(Not given, 1944-45.)
Phys. 217, 218. Atomic Structure (4)-(Not given, 1944-45.)
Phys. 219, 220. Molecular Spectra (4)-Two lectures a week.
Phys. 221, 222, 223. X-rays and Crystal Structure (9)-(Not given, 1944-45.)
Phys. 225, 226, 227. Modern Physics (9) (Not given, 1944-45.)
Phys. 224. Application of X-ray and Electron Diffraction Methods (4)Winter, Spring. Two laboratory periods a week. Laboratory fee $\$ 8.00$ per quarter.
Phys. 228, 229, 230. Seminar (1)-Fall, Winter, Spring.
Phys. 250. Research-Credit according to work done.

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

Pol. Sci. 1. American National Government (3)
A study of the organization and functions of the national government of the United States.
Pol. Sci. 4. State and Local Government (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A study of the organization and functions of state and local government in the United States, with special emphasis upon the government of Maryland.
Pol. Sci. 7. Comparative Government (2)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A comparative study of the governments of Great Britain, France and Switzerland.
Pol. Sci. 8. Comparative Government (2)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A comparative study of the dictatorial governments of Europe, with special emphasis upon Italy, Germany, and the U. S. S. R.
Pol. Sci. 9. Comparative Government (2)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A study of Latin American Governments with special emphasis on Argentina, Brazil and Chile.
Pol. Sci. 10. Comparative Government (2)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.
A study of Far Eastern governments with special emphasis on China and Japan.

For Advanced Undergraduates
Pol. Sci. 54. Problems of World Politics (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1 or consent of instructor.

The course deals with governmental problems of an international character, such as causes of war, problems of neutrality, propaganda, etc. Students are required to report on readings from current literature.
Pol. Sci. 71. Political Parties and Public Opinion (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1.

A descriptive and critical examination of the party process in government; nominations and elections, party expenditures, political leadership, the management and conditioning of public opinion.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Pol. Sci. 102. International Law (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 1
A study of the principles governing international intercourse in time of peace and war, as illustrated in texts and cases.
Pol. Sci. 105. Recent Far Eastern Politics (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 10 or consent of instructor.

The background and interpretation of recent political events in the Far East and their influence on world politics.
Pol. Sci. 124. Legislatures and Legislation (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4.
A comprehensive study of the legislative process, bicameralism, the committee system and the lobby, with special emphasis upon the legislature of Maryland. The course includes a visit to Washington to observe Con gress at work.

Pol. Sci. 131. Constitutional Law (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4.
A systematic inquiry into the general principles of the American constitutional system.

Pol. Sci. 141. History of Political Theory (3)-Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4 or consent of instructor.
A survey of the principal political theories set forth in the works of writers from Plato to Bentham.
Pol. Sci. 142. Recent Political Theory (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci. 4 or consent of instructor.

A study of recent political ideas, with special emphasis upon theories of socialism, communism, fascism, etc.

Pol. Sci. 144. American Political Theory (3)—Prerequisite, Pol. Sci 4 or consent of instructor.

A study of the writings of the principal American Political theorists from the colonial period to the present.

## For Graduates

Pol. Sci. 201, 202. Seminar in International Organization (2, 2)
A study of the forms and functions of various international organizations.

Pol. Sci. 251. Bibliography of Political Science (2)
This course is intended to acquaint the student with the literature of the various fields of political science and to instruct him in the use of government documents.

Pol. Sci. 261. Research in Political Science (2, 6)-Credit according to work accomplished.
Pol. Sci. 299. Thesis, (3, 6)-Arranged.

## POULTRY HUSBANDRY

P. H. 1. Poultry Production (5)-Fall. Three lectures and two laboratories
a week.
This is a general course designed to acquaint the student with modern methods of poultry husbandry. Study of breeds, breed selection, modern reeding theory and methods, culling practice, and principles of incubation and brooding are discussed.
P. H. 2. Poultry Management (4)-Winter. Three lectures and one laboratory a week.
A study of modern methods of pullet rearing, housing, yarding, pasture management, broiler production, caponizing, sanitation and disease prevention, management for egg production, and marketing of poultry products.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

P. H. 50. Poultry Biology (3)-Summer, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory a week. Prerequisites, P. H. 1, or equivalent.
The elementary anatomy of the fowl, selection for egg and meat production, and for breed standards are studied. Judging teams for intercollegiate competitions are selected from members of this class.
P. H. 51. Poultry Genetics (3)-Summer, Winter. Prerequisites, P. H. 1 or 50, Zool. 104.
The inheritance of morphological and physiological characters of poultry are presented. Inheritance of factors related to egg and meat production and quality are stressed.
P.H. 52. Poultry Nutrition (3)-Fall. Two lectures and one laboratory a week.
The nutritive requirements of poultry and the nutrients which meet those requirements are presented. Feed cost of poultry production is emphasized.
Poultry Hygiene, see Veterinary Science, V. S. 57.
P. H. 56. Poultry Physiology (3)-Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory a week. Prerequisite, P. H. 1.
The physiology of development and incubation of the embryo, especially physiological pathology of the embryo in relation to hatchability, is pre-
sented. Physiology of growth and the influence of environmental factors on growth and development are considered.
P. H. 58. Commercial Poultry Management (3)-Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory a week. Prerequisite, ten hours of poultry husbandry, including P. H. 1, 2.
A symposium on finance, investment, plant layout, specialization, purchase of supplies, management problems in baby chick, egg, broiler, and turkey production, foremanship, advertising, selling, by-products, production and financial records.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

P. H. 104. Poultry Marketing Problems (3)-Fall. Two lectures and one laboratory a week

Live and dressed poultry grades, poultry marketing channels, relation of transportation and distribution to quality, methods and costs of marketing live and dressed poultry, dressing, drawing, eviscerating and preparing poultry for the table.
P. H. 105. Egg Marketing Problems (3)-Winter. Two lectures and one laboratory a week.
Exterior and interior egg quality factors, wholesale and retail grades of eggs, egg marketing channels, relation of transportation and distribution to quality, methods and costs of marketing eggs, candling and preparing eggs for the table.

Avian Anatomy, see Veterinary Science, V. S. 108.
Preservation of Poultry Products, see Bacteriology, F. Tech. 108.
P. H. 107. Poultry Industrial and Economic Problems (3)-Fall. Three lectures and one laboratory a week
Relation of poultry to agriculture as a whole and its economic importance. Consumer prejudices and preferences, production, transportation, storage, and distribution problems are discussed. Trends in the industry, surpluses and their utilization, poultry by-products, and disease problems, are presented.
(Staff)
P. H. 108-Special Poultry Problems (1-2)-Fall, Winter, Spring. One or two lectures a week.
For Senior poultry students. The student will be assigned special problems in the field of poultry for individual study and report.

## For Graduates

P. H. 201. Advanced Poultry Genetics (3)-Spring. Prerequisite, P. H. 51 or equivalent.
This course serves as a foundation for research in poultry genetics. Linkage, crossing-over, inheritance of sex, the expression of genes in
development, inheritance of resistance to disease, and the influence of the environment on the expression of genetic capacities are considered
P. H. 202. Advanced Poultry Nutrition (3)-Spring. Two lectures and one oratory period a week. Prerequisite, P. H. 52 or equivalent
Deficiency diseases of poultry are considered intensively, especially vitamin, mineral, and protein deficiencies. Synthetic diets, metabolism, and the physiology of digestion, growth curves and their significance, and feed efficiency in growth and egg production are studied.
P.H. 203. Physiology of Reproduction of Poultry (3)-Fall. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, P. H. 56 or its equivalent. The role of the endocrines in reproduction, especially with respect to egg production, is considered. Fertility, sexual maturity, broodiness, molting, egg formation, ovulation, deposition of egg envelopes, and the physiology of oviposition are studied.
P. H. 204. Seminar (1)-Fall, Winter, Spring.

Reports of current researches by staff members, graduate students, and guest speakers are presented.
P. H. 205. Poultry Literature (1-4)-Fall, Winter, Spring.

Readings on individual topics are assigned. Oral and written reports Ruired Methods of analysis and presentation of scientific material are taught.
P.H. 206. Research-Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring. Credit in accordance with work done.
Practical and fundamental research with poultry may be conducted under the supervision of staff members toward the requirements for the degrees of M. S. and Ph. D.

## PSYCHOLOGY

Psychological Testing Bureau. The staff of the Department of Psychology aintains a bureau of vocational and educational guidance on the basis of mersonal counseling. The adequately standardized
services of the bureau are available without charge to students.
Psych. A. Psychology of Adjustment (3)-Fall, Summer. Open to freshmen.
A consideration of typical problems, educational, social, vocational, confronting the college student, and psychological principles of adjustment.
Psych. 1. Introduction to Psychology (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Open to second quarter freshmen.
A general introduction to typical problems upon which psychologists are at work. Review of experimental investigations of the more fundamental phases of human behavior.

Topics in applied psychology which relate to practical problems in busi ness and industry viewed from the standpoint of controlled observation
Psych. 14. Applied Psychology (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite Psych. 1.
A general introduction to the application of psychological principles the field of medicine, law, criminology, education, public principles in propaganda.

Psych. 15. Social Psychology (3)-Spring, Summer. Prerequisite, Psych. 1 A psychological study of human behavior in social situations; experimental studies of the influence of other persons, of social conflicts exiindividual adjustment, of the psychology of social institutions and of cur-
rent social movements. ent social movements.
Psych. 16. Psychology of Business (3)-Fall, Spring. Prerequisite,
Psych. 1.
Application of controlled observation to practical psychological problems in business and industry, including industrial selection, methods of production, advertising, selling, and market research.
Psych. 17. Mental Hygiene (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. PreThe Psy. Two lectures, one clinic.
The more common deviations of personality; typical methods of
adjustment.
Psych. 18. Child Psychology (3)-Winter, Summer. Prerequisite, Psych 1 and one other course in psychology. Experimental analysis of child behavior; motor, intellectual and emotional development, social behavior, parent-child relationships, and problems of
the growing personality. ersonality.
Psych. 19. Psychology of Individual Differences (3)-Summer, Fall. Pre requisite, Psych. 1 and one other course in psychology.
The scientific methodology underlying the study of psychological differ ences among people, including a basic understanding of statistical concepts
and interpretations.
Psych. 29. Techniques of Investigation in Psychology (3)—Winter. Prerequisite, Psych. 19.
A consideration of quantitative methods in psychology, the design of experiments, methods of obtaining data and in treating these results for
interpretation.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Psych. 80. Educational Psychology (5)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. A study of basic psychological problems encountered in education. Measurements and significance of individual differences, learning, motivation, emotions, personality.
Psych. 90. Independent Study in Psychology (1-3)—Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.
Special reading and report assignments on an individualized basis.

## For Advanced Underǵraduates and Graduates

Psych. 118. Psychology of Adolescence (3)—Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 18. Psychological aspects of development during the adolescent period with emphasis on mental, emotional, and physical problems.
Psych. 140. Psychological Problems in Market Research (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Psych. 19.
Use of methods of controlled observation in determining public reactions to merchandise, and in measuring the psychological influences at work in particular markets.
Psych. 141. Psychology in Advertising and Selling (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Psych. 19.
Experimental and statistical studies of psychological aspects of advertising.
Psych. 147. Psychological Problems in Aviation (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Psych. 29.
Study of researches dealing with human response in conditions met during flight.
Psych. 149. Legal Psychology (3)—(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Psych. 17.
Interpretation of researches pertaining to accuracy of observation and of testimony, psychological aids in determination of guilt and treatment of the offender.
Psych. 150. Advanced Social Psychology (3)-Fall. Prerequisite, Psych. 15.
A systematic analysis of motivation, learning, and culture as related to the development of attitudes.

Psych. 155. Psychology of Personality (3)—Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 15, or permission of Instructor.
A systematic survey of various approaches to the study of personality.
Psych. 156. Pro-seminar in Advanced Personality (2)—Prerequisite, Psych. 155, or permission of Instructor.

Psych. 157. Psychological Aspects of the Post War Situation (3)-Fall
Prerequisite, Psych. 15, or permission of Instructor.
An analytical approach to social psychological problems of special
significance in the post-war world.
Psych. 159. Psychology of Propaganda (3)-Winter. Prerequisite, Psych.
5, or permission of Instructor.
, or permission of Instructor.
psychological warfare.
Psych. 160. Psychology of Personnel (3)-Fall. Prerequisite, Psych. 19 or permission of Instructor.
Psychological problems in the management of personnel in modern busi ness and industry and the armed services. A consideration of psychological interview in employee selection and classification, measures of ability interview procedures, and in personnel counselingon, measures of ability
Psych. 161. Advanced Psychology of
Psych. 19, or permission of Instructor A continuation
A continuation of Psych. 160, with emphasis on methods of developing and maintaining personnel efficiency and morale; problems of training,
rating methods, motivation, etc.
P meds, motivation, etc.
Psych. 165. Industrial Psychology (3)-Spring. Prerequisite, Psych. 16.
Controlled production observation applied to psychological problems in industrial of work.

Psych. 170. Abnormal Psychology (3)-Winter. Prerequisite, Psych. 17.
Two lectures, one clinic.
The nature, occurrence, and causes of psychological abnormality with emphasis on the clinical rather than theoretical aspects.
Psych. 172. Psychological Tests and Measurements (5)-Winter, Summer. Prerequisite, Psych. 29.
Critical survey of psychological tests used in vocational orientation and practice in with emphasis on methods by which such tests are validated;
Petice in the use of tests and the interpretation of test data. validated;
Psych. 174. Advanced Psycher
quisite, Psych. 172. Instruction and
emphasis on the Binet intelligence giving individual psychological tests, with tests to educational, vocational and clinical guidance contribution of such
Psych. 178. Vocational Oridance.
quisite, Psych. 172.
for worker selection, classificasults for occupational classification, and
for worker selection, classification, and individual orientation.

Psych. 245. Advanced Psychological Problems in Market Research (3)(Not offered, 1944-45.)
Graduate study of the specialized problems and techniques employed by the psychologist in market research.
Psych. 257, 258. Seminar in Psychology of Morale in Wartime (3, 3)-Fall, Winter.
A study of the problems arising in wartime conditions including reactions to privations, hostile attacks, family disruption, and war psychoses.
Psych. 260. Seminar in Personnel Psychology (2)-Spring.
Psych. 275, 276, 277, 278. Participation in Testing Clinic (2-4)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.
Actual practice in the administration of tests of aptitude, interest, and achievement, and interpretation of test data in the course of routine operation of the testing bureau.

Psych. 272. Development and Validation of Psychological Tests (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.)
Methods for evaluating criteria and for the analysis and combination of test and predictor items.
Psych. 274. Field Work in Clinical Psychology of the Abnormal (3-5)Spring.

Supervised training in the field of clinical psychology and in testing of the abnormal person. Field work will be done at St. Elizabeth's Hospital or other authorized institutions. Enrollment limited.

Psych. 279. Occupational Psychology (3)—(Not offered, 1944-45.)
Experimental development and use of the vocational counseling interview, aptitude tests, and related techniques for the occupational orientation of youth.

Psych. 280. Seminar in Educational Psychology (3)-(Not offered, 194445.)

Psych. 285. Seminar in Clinical Psychology for Teachers (3)-Not offered, 1944-45.)
A systematic consideration of a clinical procedure in treating student problems of the teacher.

Psych. 290. Problems in Experimental Design in Psychology (2)-Spring. Application of advanced research techniques to specific fields in psychology with practice in their use.

## UUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

For Advand Undergraduates and Grates
A. 110. Principles of Public Administration (3)-Winter. Prerequisite

Pol. Sci. 4 and Econ. 33.
A functional study of public administration in the United States with funclon principles of organization special emphasis upon the apppion of the various divisions of government. and operation in the administration of (3)-Spring. Prerequisite, P. A. P. A. 111. Public P

110 and Econ. 160. A study of civil service practices in the reference to the organization of the porion of employes and supervision of and compensation plans,
governmental personnel. (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite,
P. A. 114. Public Bud
B. A. 22 and Econ. 33.

A study of budgetary administraccountability, the settlement of claims, systems of financial cond the reporting of financial operations.
centralized purchasing and the rinting (4)-Winter. Prerequisite, B. A. 124.
P.A. 124. Governmental Accounting (t) scope and functions of govern-

The content of this course covers thinciples generally applicable to all mental accounting. It considerstal bodies and a basic procedure adaptable forms and types of governmental bodies and a to all governments. It deals with governme, taking full account of the field and develops and presents the system, conditions governing the agencies and operations (3)-Spring. Prerequisite,
P. A. 126. Governme

Pol. Sci. 4, Econ. 33. Federal Social Security Act with special emphasis An analysis of the Federal soministration, and deficiencies. Attention upon the background, purposes, administration, arief agencies and policies, will be given also to employment assurance and relief agencies states to provide a and to the efforts of Europe
greater measure of security. P. A. 130. International Economic Por recommended.
requisite, Econ. 33 or 37 . Econ. 131 the basic economic, social and political
This course surveys and analyzes the betermination of their economic factors that influence governments in the with other nations.
policies and practices in their restwar Problems (4)-Winter. Prere-
P. A. 137. Economic Planning and recommended.
quisite, Econ. 33 or 37 . Econ. 131 recommende. An analysis of the theory and practon investigation of the relation of United States and other countries, and an investigat the stabilization of economic enterprise.
P. A. 140. Public Finance and Taxation (4)-Fall. Prerequisite, Econ 33 or 37.

A study of government finance and fiscal policy which deals with the nature of public expenditures, sources of revenue, the tax system, and budgeting. Special emphasis on the role of fiscal policy in relation to business enterprise.
P. A. 141. International Finance and Exchange (4)-Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 140, Econ. 141 recommended.

This course considers the theory and practice of international finance and exchange. The increased importance of public authority in foreign trade, international policies, and finance is given due emphasis.
P.A. 161. Recent Labor Legislation and Court Decisions (4)-Winter. Prerequisite, Econ. 160. B. A. 160 recommended.
A study of society's efforts through legislation to improve labor conditions. State and federal laws and court decisions affecting wages, hours, working conditions, immigration, convict labor, union activities, industrial disputes, collective bargaining, and economic security.
P. A. 170. Transportation I, Regulation of Transportation Services (4)Fall. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37.
This course is designed for students of Transportation, Public Administration, and General Business. It covers the world practices in the regulation and control of transportation facilities.
P. A. 180. Government and Business (4)-Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37 . Senior standing.

The reasons for and the methods of avoidance, escape, and abuse of competition as a regulating force in business. Social control as a substitute for, or as a modification of, preservation of competition. Law as an instrument of social control through administrative law and tribunals. The constitutional aspects of social control.
P.A. 184. Public Utilities (4)-Spring. Prerequisite, Econ. 33 or 37 and senior standing.

This course comprises an analysis of the economic, social, and political status of the public utility industry. The following topics are among those studied during the semester, regulation and management with attention given to the economic conditions of production and sale of utility services, legal and social nature, valuation, depreciation, rate of return,, ratemaking, financing and special problems.

## For Graduates

P. A. 201. Seminar in International Organization (3)—Arranged.

A study of the forms and functions of various international organizations.
. A. 213. Problems of Public Administration (3)-Arranged
Reports on topics assigned for individual research in the field of national and state administration.
P. A. 214. Problems of Public Personnel Administration (3)

Reports on topics assigned for individual research in the field of public personnel administration.
P.A. 235. Seminar in International Economic Relationic Relations.

A study of selected problems in Practices (3)-
P. A. 240. Research in Governmental Fiscal Policie Arranged.
Individual research under faculty guidance of special problems in the field of government finance and taxation.
P. A. 280. Seminar in Business and Government Relationships-Arranged.

A study of selected problems in the relationship of government to
business.
P. A. 284. Seminar
consent of instructor.
Study and and regulation.
P. A. 299. Thesis (3-6 hours)-Arranged.

## SECRETARIAL TRAINING

S. T. 1, 2. Principles of Typewriting I, II-No Credit. Fall, Winter, Spring and Summer. Three laboratory hours a week. Laboratory fee $\$ 5.00$.
The goal of this course is the attainment of the ability to operate the typewriter continuously with reasonable speed and accuracy by the use of the "touch" system.
S. T. 10, 11. Advanced Typewriting I, II (1, 1)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Three laboratory hours a week. Prerequisite S. T. 2 or consent of instructor. Laboratory fee $\$ 5.00$.

The advanced techniques of typewriting, including business forms, rough
The advanced techniques of typewriting, inclual documents.
drafts, manuscript writing,
*S. T. 12, 13, 14. Shorthe school year will begin in Spring 1945.)
(Second sequence for the schol emphasis placed upon reading and dictation.
Theory of Gregg Shorthand: Emphasis placed upon *S. T. 1, 2, 10 must be taken concurrently with this sequence unless the satisfactory comthe equivalent. Credit
pletion of S. T. 14.
$\dagger$ S. T. 16, 17, 18. Advanced Shorthand I, II, III (3, 3, 3)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Prerequisite, S. T. 10 and 14 and/or consent of instructor. (Second sequence for the school year will begin in Spring, 1945.)

Advanced principles and phrases of. shorthand; dictation covering vocabularies of representative businesses; development of skiil in transcription.
S. T. 20. Interpretation of Business Records (3)-Fall, Spring. Open to students having had no previous accounting courses in college. No credit granted to accounting majors.
Particular attention is given to the structure and methods of interpreting financial statements.
S.T. 111. Office Training (3)-Winter, Summer. Six laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, S. T. 16 or consent of instructor. Laboratory fee $\$ 5.00$.

This course is designed to give training in the use of modern office devices, and in the standard methods of filing.
S. T. 118. Business Communications (4)-Spring. Prerequisite, junior standing. Secretarial training not a prerequisite.
The systems of communications used in modern business; techniques of communication forms, administrative memoranda, order, bulletin, digest, reports; communication problems in production, marketing, personnel administration, and public relations.
S. T. 119. Conference and Court Reporting (5)—Winter, Summer. Prerequisite, S. T. 18 or qualifying examination.
Special emphasis is placed upon developing reporting skills and upon medical, legal, business, and governmental terms.

## SOCIOLOGY

Soc. 1. Contemporary Social Problems (3)-Fall, Spring.
This course attempts to develop a method of thinking about modern societies. Through background and analysis it offers an orientation to current social issues; isolates some major tendencies in present-day social structure; and traces their import for types of human nature and for several problems faced by democratic societies in crises and during periods of reorganization.
Soc. 3. Introduction to Sociology (3)-Fall, Spring. Open to freshmen with consent of instructor.
$\dagger$ Students who have taken shorthand in high school may register for the appropriate course in college shorthand for which they demonstrate satisfactory proficiency. This proficiency will be determined by the instructor prior to registration. Credit will be given only for the work done in residence.

An analysis of society and of basic social processes; characteristics of collective behavior; typical social organizations; the role of culture in the development of personality; social products; social interaction; social change.
Soc. 5. Comparative Sociology (3)-Winter, Summer. Comparative analysis of primitive and civilized societies. Whe south seas, tion of culture and migratin America and Southeast Asia. Significance of China, Japan, India, Lal study of man. findings for the general study of man.

Courses Primarily for Juniors and Seniors
Soc. 51. Post-War Problems of Social Organization (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, consent of instructor. A study of organizational conditions likely to prevail at the close of the present war.
Soc. 52. Community Organization (3)-Summer, Winter. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.
An analysis of the community and its component social groups. Soc. 61. Marriage and the Fa
soc. 3 or consent of instructor. The family family. War and the family.
Soc. 71. Social Pathology (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.

A study of maladjustments which represents deviations from generally accepted social norms.
Soc. 72. Criminology (3)-Summer, Winter. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.
The concept of criminal behavior. Statistical and case study approaches to the phenomena of crime. Etiology of crime: a survey of theories attempting a causative explanation of criminal behavior. Typologies of criminal acts and offenders. Methods of correction. Prevention of crime. Soc. 81. Introduction to Social Work (3)-Fall. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

A general introduction to social case work and the administration of public and private welfare agencies.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Soc. 101. Social Stratification (3)-Summer, Winter. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.

Deals with classes, status groups, caste systems, slavery, various types of elites, and vertical mobility. Fashion and style. A theory of stratification, social movements, symbol manipulations, and hierarchies of power and their import for personal and official roles, and for the distribution of prestige.
Soc.103. Rural Sociology (3)-Summer. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
The structure and functions of rural communities.
Soc. 104. Urban Sociology (3)-Winter.
The origin and growth of cities; composition and characteristics of city populations; the social ecology of the city; the planning and control of urban development.
Soc. 105. Population Problems (3)-Summer, Fall. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.
Population, composition and growth in the United States and Canada Trends in fertility and mortality, migration, qualitative population problems.
Soc. 106. Regional Sociology (3)-Winter. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.
The meaning and implications of regionalism; types of regions in the United States: metropolitan, cultural, and administrative regions. Regional planning.

Soc. 107. Ethnic Minority Groups (3)-Summer. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.

Basic processes in the relations of ethnic groups. Immigrant groups and the Negro in the United States. Ethnic minorities in Europe and the problems they present. A discussion of proposals for the solution of thes problems in the light of past experiences and desiderata for the future

Soc. 108. World Population Problems (3)—Winter. Prerequisite, Soc. 105 or consent of instructor.
Population, distribution, growth and migration in Europe and Africa Cultural, ethnic and political aspects.
Soc. 109. World Survey of Rural Organization (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Soc. 103 or consent of instructor
A comparative study of rural social organization in selected contemporary cultures of Europe, Asia, Africa, and the Americas.

Soc. 110. Sociology of the Professions (3)-Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 or 3 or consent of instructor.
Structure and function of divisions of labor; their relations to technology; shifting occupational compositions of modern industrial societies; the positions of selected professions in the social, economic, and political orders; the concept of career; the distribution of skills in American society.

Effects of occupations on personality. Oct
ons, professional associations and occupational ideologies and organiza
Soc. 112. Sociology of Communication (3)-Summer, Winter. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 or 3 or consent of instructor.
A study of channels of communication, the personnel operating them, eir changing content, and their social and psychological effects upon various nations and strata. Governmental and private control of communicational media. Technological changes in communication during the mwntieth century. Types of listening groups, readerships, film audiences, and world communication centers.
Soc. 120. Community Disorganization (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Soc. 52 or consent of instructor.
A study of pathological conditions in community life resulting from the mpact of external forces (war, depression, technological changes, etc.) nd from internal deterioration or inadequacy.
Soc. 121. Community Welfare Planning (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite Soc. 120 or consent of instructor.
An evaluative study of programs designed to aid communities in coping with problems affecting their welfare and of the agencies proposed as the means of implementing such programs.
Soc. 123. Public Welfare Services (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Soc. 71 and 81 , or consent of instructor.
A comprehensive study of the social services maintained by federal, state, and local governments in the United States.
Soc. 124. Public Welfare Administration (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite Soc. 123 or consent of instructor.
A comparative study of the organization and functioning of public welfare departments in states, countries, and cities of the United States.
Soc. 125. Sociology of War (3)-Fall. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
The concept and typologies of war. Hypothesis concerning factors operative in bringing about wars. The influence of war on society. The military class: its role in war and its influence on social structure and processes. Technology and war. The modern concept of total war.
Soc. 126. Juvenile Delinquency (3)-Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Soc. 72 or consent of instructor.
Juvenile delinquency in relation to the general problem of crime. Analysis of factors responsible for juvenile delinquency. Prevention and treatment.
Soc. 127. Community Programs of Crime Control (3)-Fall. Prerequisite, Soc. 72 or consent of instructor.

This course is designed to acquaint students with programs for preventing crime and delinquency through mobilization of the community's own resources. City, small town, and rural situations are analyzed. Special attention is given to problems in Marryland.
Soc. 128. Institutional Treatment of Criminals and Delinquents (3)Spring. Prerequisite, Soc. 72 or consent of instructor.
An intensive study of the functions and organization of penal and correctional institutions.
Soc. 130. Recent Social Thought (3)-Fall, Spring. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 or 3 or consent of instructor.
A general survey and critical study of leading schools of sociological thought.

Soc. 135. Sociology of Law (3)-Spring. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.

Law as a form of social control. Interrelation between legal and other conduct norms as to their content, sanctions, and methods of securing conformity. Law as an integral part of the culture of the group. Factors and processes operative in the formation of legal norms. Legal norms as determinants of human behavior.
Soc. 136. Sociology of Religion (3)-Spring. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.
Varieties and sources of religious experience. Religious institutions and the role of religion in social life.
Soc. 140. Design of Investigation in Sociology (3)-Fall: Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.
A critical study of the rationale, both implicit and explicit, underlying the concepts, procedure, and methods employed by a number of oustanding sociological investigations.
Soc. 141. Introduction to Social Research and Statistics (3)-Summer, Spring. Prerequisite, Soc. 3 or consent of instructor.

Quantification and interpretation of statistical materials in sociological literature. Techniques of computing such measures as central tendency, dispersion, correlation, significant differences. Sampling theory, graphic presentation, and factor analysis.
Soc. 142. Statistical Problems in Social Analysis (3)-Fall. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.
Exercises in the application and interpretation of more advanced statistical techniques in sociological investigation.

Soc. 150. Field Practice in Social Work (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) Prerequisite, Soc. 81 or consent of instructor. Enrollment restricted to available opportunities.

Supervised field work of various types, suited to the needs of the individual student.

## For Graduates

Soc. 200. Seminar in Methodology (3)-Fall, Spring.
A study of fundamental methodological problems in sociology.
Soc. 201. Seminar in Systematic Sociology (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.)
Soc. 202. Sociological Theory (3)-Fall.
An examination of the works of European and Amel, Horney, Mannheim, Special attention will be given to G. G. Mead.
Tonnies, Lasswell,
Social bases of ideologies and mentalities; a sociological theory of anguage, mind and types of intellectual change. Bias and objectivity. Posilang of intellectual, technical, and literary elites; periodicals and their lics. Theught and action; social conditions of constraint and freedom of pubics. Thought and action, social cestern civilization. Studies of selected thought.
Soc. 204. Social Organization (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.)
An intensive study of selected problems pertaining to the structure and organization of basic social institutions.
Soc. 205. Community Organization (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.)
Criteria of community organization and disorganization. Classroom and fre studies will be made of the composition, structure, and functioning of selected communities.
Soc. 206. Comparative Sociology (3)-Summer.
Studies in the social formation and selection of types of personality in the frameworks of primitive and historical societies as compared with contemporary American society.
Soc. 207. Rural-Urban Sociology (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.)
An intensive comparative study of rural and urban societies.
Soc. 210. Special Problems of Population (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.) An intensive study of selected problems in the fieids of population.
Soc. 211. Advanced Regional Sociology (3)-(Not offered, 1944-45.)
. tarious foreign countries.
Soc. 215. Seminar in Sociology of the Professions (3)-Spring.
Advanced and more detailed consideration of topics dealt with in Soc. 101 and 110 with emphasis upon theoretical relevance, available materials, and designs of research projects.

Soc. 216. Sociology of the Family (3)—Summer.
A study of selected recent researches in the sociology of the family.
Soc. 217. Seminar in the Sociology of Law (3)-Spring.
An intensive study of factors and processes operative in the formation of law.

Soc. 218. Sociological Problems of Leadership (3)—(Not offered, 1944-45.) An analysis of the leader-follower relationship.
Soc. 221. Advanced Criminology (3)-Fall.
An intensive study of selected problems in criminological research.
Soc. 222. Recent Criminological Theories (3)-Winter.
A survey of recent developments in the field of theoretical criminology, with a view to providing a deeper insight into the complex of problems facing the modern criminologist.
Soc. 223. Juvenile Delinquency (3)-Spring.
Theories of juvenile delinquency. Methods of treatment of juvenile delinquents with particular reference to the United States. An intensive study will be undertaken of one or more selected problems in the field.
Soc. 250. Research in Sociology (credit apportioned to work accomplished) -Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring.
Individual research projects involving either field work or analysis of compiled data.

## SPEECH

Speech 1, 2. Public Speaking (4)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Required of all students. Prerequisite for advanced speech courses.

The preparation and delivery of short original speeches.
Speech Clinic-No credit-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.
Remedial work in minor speech defect. Hours arranged.
Speech 3. Fundamentals of Speech (3)-Fall.
Study in the bases and mechanics of speech.
Speech 4. Voice and Diction (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Required of students in the College of Education.

Emphasis upon the improvement of voice, articulation and phonation.
Speech 5, 6. Advanced Public Speaking (2, 2)-Fall, Winter, Spring, summer.
Advanced work on basis of Speech 1-2. Special emphasis is placed upon the speaking situations the students will face in their respective vocations.

Speech 7. Oral Technical English (2)-Fall, Winter, Spring. Limited to sphomore engineering students.
The preparation and delivery of speeches, reports, etc. on technical and general subjects.
Speech 8. Advanced Oral Technical English (2)-Winter, Spring. Limited to junior engineering students.
Continuation of Speech 7. Emphasis upon engineering projects that fall within student's own experience.
Speech 9. Advanced Oral Technical English (2)-Fall, Spring.
Limited to senior engineering students. Special speech projects. Work not confined to classroom.
Speech 10. Group Discussion (2)-Fall.
A study of the principles, methods, and types of discussion, and their application in the discussion of contemporary problems.
Speech 11, 12. Debate (2, 2)-(Not offered, 1944-45.)
A study of the principles of argument, analysis, evidence, reasoning, fallacies, briefing, and delivery, together with their application in public speech.
Speech 13. Oral Interpretation (3)-Fall, Winter, Spring. The oral interpretatio
in the art of reading. Speech 14, 15. Stagecraft (3,
one laboratory period a week.
Stage design and lighting.
Speech 101. Introduction to Radio (3)-Fall, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.
The development, scope, and influence of American broadcasting.
Speech 102. Radio Program Production (3)-Winter. One lecture and two Speect 101 or consent of instructor. laboratory periods a
Laboratory fee, $\$ 2.00$.

The production of radio dramatizations and other types of programs.
Speech 103, 104. Speech Composition (6)-(Not given, 1944-45.)
A study of rhetorical principles and models of speech composition in conjunction with the preparation and presentation of specific forms of public address.

Speech 105. Speech Pathology (3)-Fall.
The causes, nature, symptoms, and treatment of common speech disorders.

Speech 106. Speech Clinic (3)-Winter. Prerequisite, Speech 105
A course dealing with the various methods of correction plus actual wor
in the clinic.

Emphasis upon the longer reading. Program planning.
Speech 108. Teacher Problems in Speech (3)-Summer
Every-day speech problems that confront the teachers only,
Speech 109. Seminar in Speech
(3)-Fall. Required of speech majors.

## VETERINARY SCIENCE

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

V. S. 101.-Comparative

Normal structure of the domomy and Physiology (5)-Summer, Winter to physiological activities.
V. S. 102. Animal Hygiene (5)-Fall, Summer.

Nature of disease; treatment, prevention and control; common disease
V.S. 107. Poultry Hygiene (4)
laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Spring. Three lectures and one
Virus, bacterial and protozequisite, Bact. 1; P. H. 106 F.
control, and eradication.
V.S. 108. Avian Anatomy (4)-Summer, Winter. Three lectures and one aboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Zool. 1s.
demonstrations.

## For Graduates

## V.S. 201 Animal Diser Proble

Credit depending upon work done. Preas (2-8)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. sent of staff.
Laboratory and field work by assignment.
V.S. 202. Animal Disease Research (2-8)-Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer.
Credit depending upon consent of staff.
Studies of practical disease phases.

## ZOOLOGY

Zool. 1. General Zoology (5)-Fall, Winter, Summer. Three lecture and two laboratory periods a week.
This course, which is cultural and practical in its aim, deals with the basic principles of animal life. Typical invertebrates and a mammalian form are studied. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 2, 3. Fundamentals of Zoology (10)-Fall and Winter; Spring and Summer.
A thorough study of the anatomy, classification, and life history of representative animals. During the first quarter, emphasis is placed on invertebrate forms and during the second quarter upon vertebrate forms including the frog.
This course satisfies the freshman premedical requirements in general biology. Freshmen who intend to choose zoology as a major should register for this course. Either quarter may be taken first. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per quarter.
Zool. 4. Introductory Zoology (3)-Spring. Two lectures; one demonstration.

A course for students desiring a general knowledge of the principles underlying the growth, development, and behavior of animals, including man. Laboratory fee, $\$ 3.00$.
Zool. 5. Comparative Vertebrate Morphology (5)-Fall, Spring. Three lectures; two laboratories. Prerequisite, one course of zoology.

A comparative study of selected organ systems in certain vertebrate groups. Required of students whose major is zoology, and of premedical students. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 6. Economic Zoology (3)-Winter. Three lectures. Prerequisite, one course in Zoology.
The content of this course centers around the problems of preservation, conservation, control, and development of economic wild life, with special reference to Maryland. The lectures are supplemented by assigned readings and reports.
Zool. 7. Field Zoology (3)-Spring. Prerequisites, one course in Zoology and one in Botany.
This course consists in collecting and studying both land and aquatic forms of nearby woods, fields, and streams, with emphasis on the higher invertebrates and certain vertebrates, their breeding habits, environment, and modes of living.
Intended for teachers of Biology, and also for those who have a special interest in nature study and outdoor life .

Zool. 8. Invertebrate Morphology (5)-Winter
laboratories. Required of students whose major is. Three lectures; two
This course consists in a study of the
selected invertebrate groups. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$. and relationships of
Zool. 12. Histological Tec
two laboratories a week.
The preparation of animal tissues for microscopical examination
tory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 14, 15. Human Anatomy and Physiology (10)-Fall and Winter;
Spring and Summer. Three Prerequisite, one course in Zootures and two laboratories a week.
Physical Education, and of those preparing to students whose major is biology. Either quarter may be taken first.
For students who desire be taken first.
physiology. Emphasis is placed upon the phedge of human anatomy and tion, respiration, and reproduction un the physiology of digestion, circula
Zool. 16. Human Physiology (5)-Summatory fee, $\$ 5.00$ per quarter.
Three lectures and two laboratories a week. Spring. Not open to freshmen. aratories a week.
Zool. 20. Vertebrate Emiology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
and two laboratories a week. Prerequisite, (5)-Winter, Summer. Three lectures
of students whose major is zoology and of premedical studentsy. Required
The development of the chick to
mammalian embryology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$. the fourth day and early

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Zool. 53. Physiology of Exercise (2)-Fall. One lecture and one labora-
tory a week.
A detailed consideration of the mechanism of muscular contraction; the integration by means of the nervous sytem. Required of all juniors in Physical Education.
Zool. 55. Developm
a week.
(2)-Spring. Two lectures
child with especial emphasis on normal development. Zool. 75, 76. Jol
Lecture a week.
Reviews, reports, and discussions of current literature. Required of all
students whose major is zoology.

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates
Zool. 101. Mammalian Anatomy (3)-Spring. Three laboratories a week. Registration limited. Permission of the instructor must be obtained before registration. Recommended for premedical students, and those whose major is zoology.
A course in the dissection of the cat or other mammal. By special permission of the instructor, a vertebrate other than the cat may be used for study. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 102, 103. General Animal Physiology (8)-Fall and Winter; Spring and Summer.
Prerequisites, one year of chemistry and one course in vertebrate anatomy. Registration limited to twelve, and permission of instructor must be obtained before registration. Either quarter may be taken first. Both quarters must be completed before credit is granted.
The first quarter work deals with the fundamentals of cellular and general physiology. The second quarter is devoted to an application of these principles to the higher animals. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ each quarter.
Zool. 104. Genetics (3)-Fall, Winter. Three lectures a week.
Required of students intending to take advance courses in plant and animal breeding, and also of zoology majors.
Zool. 105. Aquiculture (3)-Summer, Fall. Two lectures and one laboratory a week. Prerequisite, one course in zoology.
The course deals with the practices employed in rearing aquatic animals and the properties of natural waters which render them suitable for environmental purposes. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 108. Animal Histology (3)-Fall, Spring. One lecture and two laboratories a week. Prerequisite, one course in zoology.
A microscopical study of tissues and organs selected from representative vertebrates, but with particular reference to the mammal. Laboratory fee $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 120. Advanced Genetics (3)-Winter. Two lectures and one laboratory a week. Prerequisite, Zool. 104.
A consideration of salivary chromosomes, the nature of the gene, chromosome irregularities, polyploidy, and mutations. Breeding experiments with Drosophila and small mammals will be conducted. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 121. Principles of Animal Ecology (3)-Summer, Spring. Two lectures and one laboratory a week. Prerequisite, one course in zoology.

Animals are studied in relation to their natural surroundings. Biological, physical, and chemical factors of the environment which affect the growth, behavior, habits and distribution of animals are stressed in lecture and laboratory. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.

Zool. 200. Mor Graduates
a week.
fee, $\$ 5.00$.
laboratories a week.
A detailed study
animal tissues, with specific morphology and activity of cells composing includes the preparation of reference to the vertebrates. Laboratory wing tory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
Zool. 203. Advanced Embryology (5)-Spring.
laboratories a week. Mechanics of fer
tributions in the fieldization and growth. A review of the important con Zool. 204. Advanced Animal Physil embryology. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ wo laboratories a week.
(5) Winter. Three lectures and Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$.
a week.
and two laboratories
the growth, distribution, and chemical, and physical factors which determine scopic organisms in marine anductivity of microscopic and near microreference to the Chesapeake Bay freshwater environments with special
Zool. 206. Research (Credit region. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$
Summer. Laboratory fee, $\$ 5.00$ each quarter.
Zool. 207. Zoological
lecture a week.

## SECTION IV

Resident Instruction at Baltimore

## SHOOL OF DENTISTRY

## J. Ben Robinson, Dean

Katharine Toomey, Administrative Assistant

## The Faculty Council

Myron S. Aisenberg, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.
George M. Anderson, D.D.S., F.A.C.D
Brice M. Dorsey, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.
Grayson W. Gaver, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.
William E. Hahn, D.D.S., A.B., M.S.
Burt B. Ide, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.
Harry B. McCarthy, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.
Ernest B. Nuttall, D.D.S.
J. Ben Robinson, D.D.S., D. Sc.

## Building

The School of Dentistry is located at the northwest corner of Lombard and Greene Streets, adjoining the University Hospital. The building occupied by the Dental School provides approximately fifty thousand square feet of floor space, is fireproof, splendidly lighted and ventilated, and is ideally arranged for efficient use. It contains a sufficient number of large lecture rooms, classrooms, a library and reading room, science laboratories, technic laboratories, clinic rooms, and locker rooms. It is furnished with new equipment throughout.

## Library

The Dental School is fortunate in having one of the best equipped and organized dental libraries among the dental schools of the country.

## Course of Instruction

The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, University of Maryland, offers a four-year course in dentistry devoted to instruction in the medical sciences, the dental sciences, and clinical practice.

## Requirements for Admission to the School of Dentistry

Applicants for admission must present evidence of having successfully completed two years of work in an accredited college of arts and sciences based upon the completion of a four-year high-school course. No applicant will be considered who has not completed all requirements for advancement to the junior year in the arts and sciences college from which he applies. His scholastic attainments shall be of such quality as to ensure a high quality of achievement in the dental course.

Requirements for Matriculation and Enrollment

## In the selection of students to beoin thment

considers particularly a candidate's proved study of dentistry the School and his successful completion of prescribed ability in secondary education training. The requirements for admission courses in predental collegiate of the College of Arts and Sciences, University the academic regulations adhered to by the School of Dentistry.

## Fees and Expenses

A complete schedule of all fees and other separate Catalogue of the School of oxer expenses will be found in the and Ged from Dean, School of Dentistry, Univers a copy of which may be and Greene Streets, Baltimore-1, Maryland.

## Advice to Predental Students

## Students registered in the

of the latest catalogue of the Predental Curriculum should secure a copy in college, in order to acquaint of Dentistry early in their first year admission.

THE SCHOOL OF LAW
Roger Howell, Dean,
Gertrude M. Anderton, Secretary to Dean.
The School of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and is on the list of approved schools of the Section on Legal Education of the American Bar Association.

## Building

The Law School Building is located at the corner of Redwood and Greene Streets, Baltimore. In addition to providing classrooms and offices for the Law faculty, it contains a large auditorium, practice-court room, students' lounge and locker rooms, and the law library, the latter containing a collection of over 18,000 carefully selected text-books, English and American reports, leading legal periodicals, digests, and standard encyclopedias.

## Organization

The School has two divisions, the Day School and the Evening School. The same curriculum is offered in each school, and the standards of work and graduation requirements are the same. The normal Day School course covers a period of three years of thirty weeks each, exclusive of holidays. The class sessions are held during the day, chiefly in the morning hours. The normal Evening School course covers a period of four years of thirtyfour weeks each. exclusive of holidays. The class sessions are held on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings of each week from 6:30 to 9:40 p.m. This plan leaves the alternate evenings for study and preparation by the student.

## Accelerated Program

During the War emergency, the Law School will operate on a three semester basis, with a summer term added to the regular school year. The normal period required for completion of the course in either the Day School or the Evening School may be shortened by as much as one year through attendance during two summer semesters, but such acceleration is optional. Entering students may enroll at the beginning of any semester.

## Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission are those of the Association of American Law Schools. Applicants for admission as candidates for a degree are required to produce evidence of the completion of at least one-half the work acceptable for a Bachelor's degree granted on the basis of a four-year period of study by the State University of the State in which the pre-law work is taken or other standard college or university in such State. Not more than ten per cent of the credit presented for admission may include credit earned in non-theory courses in military science, hygiene, domestic arts, physical education, vocal or instrumental music, or other courses
without intellectual content of
have been done in residence, and must hal value. Such prelegal work must average at least equal to the average been passed with a scholastic institution attended.

Combined Programs of Study Leading to the Degree of Bachelor
The University of Science and Bachelor of Laws
administration and law, leadined programs in liberal arts or busines Bachelor of Science and Bachelor to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts bined programs spend their fir of Laws. Students enrolled in such Sciences or the Coll heir first three years in the College of such com Park. For the fourth year Business and Public Administration at Colle and successful completion of the work of in the School of Law, and upon the the equivalent work of the Evening the first year in the Day School, the Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor Evening School, are awarded the degree or awarded upon the successful of Science. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of tion in the Sch the successful completion of the work prescribed of Laws is tion in the School of Law.

## Further Information <br> For further

see the special catalog of the sche, fees, curriculum, or other information Dean, School of Law, Redwood and . A copy may be had by writing the

## SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

Robert U. Patterson, Dean

## History

The school of Medicine of the University of Maryland, organized in 1807, is one of the oldest foundations for medical education in America, ranking fifth in point of age among the medical colleges of the United States. In the school building at Lombard and Greene Streets in Baltimore was founded one of the first medical libraries and the first medical college library in the United States

## Clinical Facilities

The original University Hospital, property of the University, is the oldest institution for the care of the sick in Maryland. It was opened in September, 1823, and at that time consisted of four wards, one of which was reserved for eye patients.

Besides its own hospital, the School of Medicine has control of the clinical facilities of the Mercy Hospital, in which thousands of patients annually are treated.
Advice to Pre-Medical Students
Students registered in the Pre-Medical Curriculum should secure a copy of the latest catalog of the School of Medicine early in their first year in college in order to acquaint themselves with the requirements for admission.

Applications for admission should be submitted well in advance of the date when the student desires to enter the School of Medicine, and will be accepted by the Committee on Admissions any time after the beginning of the academic year just preceding the academic year in which the student expects to enter. Selections for the Freshman Class are usually completed about six months in advance of the date of actual enrollment.

## Accelerated Program

In cooperation with the National war effort, the medical course of the School of Medicine at the present time consists of four full academic sessions completed in three calendar years. This practice will be followed until further notice.

The minimum requirements at the present time are two academic years ( 60 semester or 90 quarter hours) of credits exclusive of physical education and military science, acquired at or acceptable to an approved college of arts and sciences. These requirements include minimum credits in basic subjects.

## For Further Information

For details concerning requirements of the School of Medicine write to the Committee of Admissions, School of Medicine, University of Maryland, Lombard and Greene Streets, Baltimore 1, Maryland.

## SCHOOL OF NURSING

> Ivy B. Clifford, Director and Superintendent of Nurses

The University of Maryland School for Nurses of Maryland. The that time it has been an integral part established in th morning prayers. morning prayers.
The new University of Maryland Hospital taining 435 beds and 50 bassinets. It is equipp a general hospital, thorough course of instruction and practice in all to give young women

## Programs Offered

who desire to complete their a program of study to two groups: (a) those (b) those desiring to take a five-year in approximately thirty-six months; training in nursing. Those who complete the latter acmic study and special receive the degree of Bachelor of Science as well as aurse successfully may Because of the changes that have ben as a diploma in nursing. from time to time as a result of been made, and may have to be made education should write to the Superinten effort, candidates for nursing pital, Redwood and Greene Streets, Baltimore of Nurses, University Hosconcerning admission to the course in the Univer Maryland, for information oncerning admission to the course in the University Hospital. .

## SCHOOL OF PHARMACY

A. G. DuMez, Dean

Miss B. Olive Cole, Secretary of Faculty
Faculty Council
A. G. DuMez, Ph.G., B.S., M.S., Ph.D.
E. F. Kelly, Phar.D., Sc.D.

Walter h. Hartung, B.A., Ph.D.
Clifford W. Chapman, B.A., M.Sc., Ph.D.
J. Carlton Wolf, B.Sc., Phar.D.
B. Olive Cole, Phar.D., LL.B.
H. E. Wich, Phar.D.

Thomas C. Grubb, A.B., Ph.D.
A. W. Richeson, B.S., A.M., Ph.D.

## History

The School of Pharmacy began its existence as the Maryland College of Pharmacy. The latter was organized in 1841, and operated as an independent institution until 1904, when it amalgamated with the group of professional schools in Baltimore then known as the University of Maryland. It became a department of the present University when the old University of Maryland was merged with the Maryland State College in 1920.

## Location

The School of Pharmacy is located at 32 South Greene Street, in close proximity to the Schools of Medicine, Law, and Dentistry.

## Recognition

This school is accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education and holds membership in the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy. The school is registered in the New York Department of Education, and its diploma is recognized in all states.

## Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission are those prescribed by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education and the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy. They are the same as the requirements for admission to the College of Arts and Sciences. (See page 71.) Applications for admission must be approved, not only by the Director of Admissions, but also by the Committee on Admissions of the Faculty Council of the School of Pharmacy.

## Admission With Advanced Standing

A student who presents credit for work done in a school of pharmacy accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education will re-
ceive credit for the courses which correspond in length and content to those
prescribed for the first three advanced standing, provided he presents curriculum and be admitted with and a proper certificatided he presents an official transcript of his with
Credit for
ing evidence of having completed work in will be given to a student present. equal in value to that outlined in this in an accredited academic institutiont
A transferring that
tional requirements.

## Special Students

Applicants who
completed the usual prepast twenty-one years of age, and who have not
they seem fitted to take. Spary course, may be admitted to such courses as a degree until entrance recial students are ineligible to matriculate for

## Unclassified Students

Applicants who meet entrance
pursue a program of study leading to pursue courses for which the have a degree are eligible for admission to

## Matriculation and Registration

The matriculation ticket must be procured from the office of the School of Pharmacy, and must be taken out before one enters classes School mirector of Admilitudents are required to register at the classes. After Director of Admissions.

## Expenses

| Maryland Residents |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | Non-Residents

The Schformation
copy of this, or any further publishes annually a separate catalog, and Dean, School of Pharmacy, Univermation desired, may be obtained from Dean, School of Pharmacy, University of Maryland, Baltimore, Maryland

## UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

Robert U. Patterson, Superintendent
and Dean of the Medical School
Location and History
The University Hospital, located at Redwood and Greene Streets in Baltimore, adjacent to the Medical school group, was first opened as the hospital of the University of Maryland, Medical School, in 1823. Originally containing four wards, it was increased through additions from time to time until about 1875 when, with the addition of the Greene Street wing, it reached the capacity of approximately 250 beds, continuing this number of beds until 1934, when the present new hospital building was opened which now provides 435 beds, plus 50 bassinettes. In addition to furnishing the clinical facilities for the students of the University of Maryland School of Medicine, the hospital offers to residents of the State of Maryland the facilities of a modern General Hospital.

## Present Facilities

During the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1943, there were admitted to the University Hospital 12,253 patients who were furnished a total of 166,241 days of patient care. During this period 2080 babies were born in the hospital. During the same period there were registered in the OutPatient Department of the Hospital (Emergency Department and general dispensaries) 17,010 patients never previously served who, during the year, made a total of 76,649 visits to the Out-Patient Department. The Accident Room of the Hospital rendered emergency care to approximately 18,000 patients for the year 1943.
The externe service delivered 1063 mothers at home. A total of 22,323 visits were made to these homes by the doctors, nurses and senior students of this service.
The patients admitted to the hospital during the past year represented residents of every county in the State of Maryland; 20 States of the United States and the District of Columbia, and seamen of 9 foreign registrations.

## COLLEGE OF EDUCATION, BALTIMORE DIVISION Glen D. Brown, Director

## Location

Offices of the Baltimore Division of the College of Education are located on the second floor of the Administration Building on the University Campus, Lombard and Greene Streets.

## Courses Available

Because approximately one-half of the State's population and its largest school district are in the City of Baltimore, the University of Maryland operates the Baltimore Division of the College of Education primarily for the training of teachers in service and those preparing to teach. Originally the Division's work was exclusively in the field of Industrial Education, but with increasing demands the scope of instruction gradually has been enlarged until now it includes many phases of education for teachers.

## Instructional Staff

The Baltimore Division is fortunate in having two teaching staffs on which to call: the regular faculty of the University in the College of Arts and Sciences, the College of Education, and the Baltimore professional schools; and a special faculty of Industrial Education specialists drawn largely from the Baltimore Public Schools. It is the policy of the University to use in all of its Divisions, including the Baltimore and the extension courses of the College of Education, in so far as possible, instructors who are regular members of its day school staff. When members of that staff are unavailable, the University calls on outside instructors.
Although the Baltimore Division is primarily an instructional division for teachers, the full time staff stands ready to give service to all individuals and agencies that need its help. It is particularly anxious to assist adult groups with special problems of leadership training, and to cooperate with industrial and business organizations in their personnel training programs. The growing importance of the instruction given in the Baltimore Division is evidenced by the fact that steadily increasing demands are being made upon it.

## For Futher Information

For a special catalog listing the course offerings of the Baltimore Division of the College of Education write to the Director at the above-noted address.

## SECTION V

Agricultural Extension, Research and Regulatory Agencies

## EXTENSION SERVICE

Administrative Staff
College Park THOMAS BAD.
Director.
Edward Ingram Oswald, B.S., Professor, Assistant Director.
Venia Merie Kellar, B.S., Professor, Assistension Éntomology, State EntoErnest Neal Cory,
mologist, Assistant Dire B.S., Professor, Editor.
addison Hogan Snyde, B.S., Professor, County Agent Leader. paul Edwin Nystrom,
dorothy Emerson, Professor, Girls Professor, Extension Home Furnishing, Florence Harriet
District Agent.

Dintrative Assistant.
Mylo Snavely Downey, B.Ș., Professor, Boys' Club Leader.
Subject Matter Specialists
george Jenvey Abrams, M.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Apiculture. arthur Montraville Ahalt, M.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Agricultural Education.
Floyd Jay Arnold, M.S., Professor, Extension Dairy Husbandry. Walter Raymond Ballard, B.S
and Landscape Gardening. Walter Crothers Beaven, Ph.B., Extension Marketing. Ural Guy Bee, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Animal Husbandry. Ray Wilford Carpenter, A.B., LL.B., Professor, Extension Agricultural Ray Engineering, State Drainage Engineer.

Engineering, State Dractor, Extension Entomology. John Julian Chisolm II, B.S., Instructor, Extens Soil Erosion.John Cotton, B.S., Assistant Professor, Extor, Extension Plant Pathology. Carroll Eastburn Cox, Ph.D., Instructiar Dengler, B.S., Associate Professor, Extension Forestry. harry William Dengler, B. D., Professor, Extension Agricultural EcoSAMUEL HICs.
nomics

Randolph Sampson Forrester, Assistant in Extension Marketing. Castillo Graham, Ph.D., Assistant Professor, Extension Entomology. Arthur Bryan Hamilton, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Farm Management.
William Edgar Harrison, Assistant, Extension Marketing. Russell Cheney Hawes, M.S., Professor, Extension Marketing.
Herman Aull Hunter, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Canning Crops.
George Hyatt, Jr., M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Dairy Husbandry
Walter Fulton Jeffers, Ph.D., Instructor, Extension Plant Pathology.
Robert Andrew Jehle, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Plant Pathology, State Pathologist.
Morley Allan Jull, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Poultry Husbandry. William Beck Kemp, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Agronomy.
Albert Victor Krewatch, M.S., E.E., Associate Professor, Extension Rural Electrification.
Albin Owings Kuhn, M.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Agronomy.
George Shealy Langford, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Extension Entomology.
Frederick Harold Leinbach, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Animal Husbandry.
John Winfield Magruder, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Agronomy.
Charles Harold Mahoney, Ph.D., Professor; Extension Horticulture, Olericulture.
Arthur F. Martin, B.S., Assistant Professor, Marketing.
Margaret McPheeters, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Nutrition. DeVoe Meade, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Animal Husbandry.
Charles Percival Merrick, B.S., Assistant Professor, Extension Drainage Engineering.
Martin Hammond Muma, Ph.D., Instructor, Extension Entomology.
Milton Andrew Petty, Ph.D., Instructor, Extension Plant Pathology.
Robert Emmett Phillips, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Extension Poultry.
Walter Benjamin Posey, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Tobacco.
Wade Hampton Rice, B.S., Associate Professor, Extension Poultry Husbandry.
Albert Lee Schrader, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Pomology.
Helen Shelby, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Clothing.
Mark Mercer Shoemaker, A.B., M.L.D., Associate Professor, Extension Landscape Gardening.
hoyle Price Thomas, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Soils.
arthur Searle Thurston, M.S., Professor, Extension Landscape Gardening.
Joseph McNaughton Vial, B.S., Professor, Extension Animal Husbandry.
albert Frank Vierheller, M.S., Associate Professor, Extension Horti-
culture.
edgar Perkins Walls, Ph.D., Professor, Extension Canning Crops. John William Wessels, A.B., Assistant Professor, Extension Marketing

County Agents (Field)
County Name
Allegany ....... Ralph Frank Mchenry, B.S., Associate Professor,
Anne Arundel... Stanley Everett Day, B.S., Associate Professor,
Horace Bennett Derrick, B.S., Associate Professor,
Baltimore ...... Horace Bennett Derrick, B.S., Associa Towson
Calvert
........ John Boome Morsell, B.S., Associate Professor,
Prince Frederick
Caroline . . . . . . . George Watson Clendaniel, B.S., Associate Professor,
Carroll ......... Landon Crawford Burns, B.S., Associate Professor,
Westminster
Cecil ........... James Zenus Miller, B.S., Associate Professor. . Elkton
Charles ........ Paul Dennis Brown, B.S., Associate Professor . .LaPlata Dorchester .....*William Russell McKnight, B.S., Associate Professor, Harry Wesley Beggs, B.S., Associate Professor, Cambridge
Frederick ...... Henry Reese Shoemaker, B.S., M.A., Associate Professor ............................. Oakland Garrett . . . . . . . . John Hurley Carter, B.S., Associate Profe Associate Prof Harford . . . . . . . Henry Morrison Carroll, B.S., Associate Bel Air Howard ........ Warren Graham Myers, B.S., Associate Professor, James Dunham McVean, B.S., Associate Professor, Kent . ........... James Dunham McVean, B.S., Associate Prestern

[^5]Prince Georges.. Percy Ellsworth Clark, B.S., Associate Rockvil
Queen Annes.... James Walter Eby, B.S., Ussistant Upper Marlbor
St. Marys. . . . . . Joseph Julius Johnson, Assistant Professor Centervill
Somerset .....

## Leonardtown

Leigler Keller, B.S., Associate Professor,
Talbot ......... Rudolph Stockdale Brown, B.S., Associaterincess Anne
Washington .... Mark Kermit Miller, B.S., Associate Profesor, Easton
Wicomico
Worcester .... James Paul Brown, B.S., Associate Professor Hagerstown (
Assistant County Agents
Allegany and
Garrett
Baltimore . . . . . . Joseph Matthew Steger, B.S., Instructor. . . Cumberland Harford . . . . . . . J John Wheeler Ensor, B.S., Instructor. . . . . . . . Tow Rent Richard Spencer Wilson, B.S., Instructor. . . . . . . . Bel Air Montgomery ...Stanley Burr Sutton, Instructor omery ....*RUfUS BACHER King, A.B , Instru. . . . . . . . Chestertown Roscoe Newton Whipp, B. Instructor. . . . . . . . . Rockville
Queen Annes....†Charles Reynolds Rat B.S., Instructor. . . . . . . Rockville Washington .... Daniel Vernon

Local Agents-Negro Work
Southern
Maryland .
Martin Green Bailey, B.S., Instructor. . . . Seat Pleasant
Eastern Shore. . Louis Henderson Lar, B.S., Instructor. . . . . Seat Pleasant erson Martin, Instructor. . . . . Princess Anne County Home Demonstration Agents (Field)

> County Name

Allegany ....... Madme Alberta Bean, Associate Proferders Headquarters Anne Arundel... Miriam F. Parmenean, Associate Professor. Cumberland Assistant Professor
Calvert ...... Anna Trentham, B.S., Associate Professor..... Towson Calvert ......... Florence E. Buchanan, B.S., Assistant Profe. . Towson Prince Frederick
il...... Helen Irene Smith, B. A., Associate Profess

Charles . . . . . . . Mary Graham, Associate Professor. . . . . . . . . . . La Plata Dorchester . . . . Hattie Estella Brooks, A.B., Associate Professor,

Frederick .......Jesse Murray Hammerly, B.S., M.A.,
Associate Professor . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Frederick Garrett . . ....... Mrs. Mildred Barton Hoffman, A.B., Assistant Professor $\qquad$ . Oakland
Harford . . . . . . . Catharine Maurice, B.S., Associate Professor. . . Bel Air Howard ........ Mildred Jane Flanagan, B.S., Assistant Professor,

Ellicott City
Kent . . . . . . . . . . Helen Nickerson Schellinger, Associate Professor,
Montgomery .... Edythe Margaret Turner, B.S., Associate Professor,
Prince Georges .. Ethel Mary Regan, B.S., Associate Professor,
Queen Annes.... Marianna Lee Long, B.A., Assistant Professor,
Centerville
St. Marys. . . . . . . Ethel Joy, A.B., Associate Professor. . . . . . Leonardtown Somerset . . . . . . Hilda Topfer, B.S., Associate Professor. . . Princess Anne Talbot . . . . . . . . Margaret Smith, B.S., Associate Professor. . . . . . Easton Washington .... Ardath Ellen Martin, B.S., Associate Professor,
Salisbury
Worcester ...... Lucy Jane Walter, Associate Professor. . . . . . Snow Hill

Assistant County Home Demonstration Agents
allegany ....... Margaret Thomson Loar, B.S., Instructor. . . Cumberland
Local Home Demonstration Agents-Negro Work
Southern
Maryland ..... Ethel Lawrence Bianchi, B.S., Instructor,
Seat Pleasant

## Southern

Maryland . . . . Evelyn Vivian Kent, B.S., Instructor. . . . . Seat Pleasant Eastern Shore. . . Mrs. Omega Moore Jones, A.B., Instructor,

Princess Anne

## T. B. Symons, Director <br> Katherine Connolly, Administrative Assistant <br> Elsie G. Linkous, Secretary to Director

Cooperative Extension work in agriculture and home
lished by State and Federal Laws in 1914 is and home economics, estab. and their families in the problems of agriculture ingned to assist farmers the work is carried on in the local communities and rural homes. Most of homes throughout the State. It is communities, on the farms and in the Understanding between the Etate. It is conducted under a Memorandum of Understanding between the Extension Service of the University of Mary-
land and the U. S. Department of Agriculture and and the U. S. Department of Agriculture.
support of the Extension St, the State and the Counties contribute to the Service in each county, with a Couryland. There is a County Extension Agent in charge, and assistants a County Agent and Home Demonstration Backed by a staff of Specialists where funds permit and the work requires. contact with rural people and at the University, these Agents are in close mands for expansion at and their problems. There are tremendous dedirect responsibility for recruiting a result of the war. In addition to farm labor program, the recruiting and placing workers in the emergency farm labor program, the Extension Service is charged with the educational increased food productions and measures affecting rural people, including measures.

Practically every phase of agriculture and
the scope of extension work. The demonstrations and carries the scientific and ment Station and Department of Agricultur economic results of the Experithey understand and use.
In Maryland, the Extension Service works in close association with al rural organizations. It assists especially in promoting better marketing of farm products and encourages the marketing of home supplies by rural women. Work with rural women is one of the most extensive phases of extension education, including both the practical problems of the home and the cultural, economic, and community activities in which present-day women are engaging.
In addition to work with adults, thousands of boys and girls are developed as leaders and given practical education through the 4-H Clubs. Through their diversified activities, the boys and girls are given a valuable type of instruction and training and afforded an opportunity to develop self-
confidence, perseverance, and citizenship

## Extension Short Course

The Extension Service arranges and conducts short courses in various lines, most of which are held at the University. Some of these courses

## extension service

have been held regularly over a period of years and others are added as the need and demand develop. Wartime conditions have made it necessary to suspend them for a time, but they will be resumed when conditions permit. Others will be added as needs arise.
Rural Women's Short Course
In response to requests of rural women for special training in a variety of subjects, the Rural Women's Short Course was inaugurated in 1922. Attendance at the course, extending for one week, has grown steadily, reaching more than one thousand women at the last session. It is given about the second week in June.

## Canners' Short Course

Some fifteen years ago there developed a demand by canners of the State for a Short Course designed especially to aid them in the fundamentals of their industry. Such a course was arranged, usually the third week in February, and has been well attended.

## Nurserymen's Short Course

A few years ago the organized nurserymen of the State requested a short course covering problems of their business. The lectures and demonstrations reflect advanced technique in production of nursery stock and control of insect pests and diseases. Instruction is given by the Departments of Horticulture, Entomology, and Plant Pathology.
Greenkeepers' Short Course
The annual Greenkeepers' Course was inaugurated to meet requests of golf course managers for assistance in the problems incident to maintaining grass generally and golf greens in particular. The course is usually given in February and attracts registrants from out of the State as well as from Maryland.
Florists' Short Course
In the latter part of March or early in April each year a special short course is given for florists. It usually extends two days, with a special evening feature held in the Coliseum for display of flower decorations and a style revue.
Boys' and Girls' Club Week
Members and leaders of boys' and girls' 4-H Clubs come to the University for a week each year, usually the latter part of August. Class work and demonstrations are given by specialists, and a broad program of education, inspiration and recreation is provided.
agricultural experiment station staff William Beck Kemp, Ph.D.
. Acting Director
Agricultural Economics
Samuel Henry DeVault, Ph.D.,
Professor and Head, Agricultural Economics
William Paul Walker, M.S.,
Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics
Associate Professor, Agricultural Economic Arthur Montraville Ahalt, M.S. Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics
Emil S. Troelson, Ph.D..... Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics

## Agricultural Engineering

Ray Wilford Carpenter, A.B., LL.B.,
Professor and Head, Agricultural Engineering, State Drainage Engineer George John Burkhardt, M.S.

Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineering

## Agronomy

William Beck Kemp, Ph.D..
............ . Professor and Head, Agronomy Russell Grove Rothgeb, Ph.D......... . . . Associate Professor, Agronomy Royle Price Thomas, Ph.D. $\qquad$ my Howard Barr Winant, M.S.......................................essor, Soils George Francis Madigan, Ph.D. . . . . . . . . . . . . Assistant Professor, Soils Albin Owings Kuhn, M S. ....... Assistant Professor, Soils
 John Winfield Macreder Walter Benjamin Posey Kenton Chare. M.............. Associate Professor, Tobacco Miye Yamasaki, B.S. Conrad Liden, B.S.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Assistant in Soils Assistant Agronomist

## Agronomy-Seed Inspection

Forrest Shepperson Holmes, M.S

## Animal Husbandry

Frederick Harold Leinbach, Ph.D.
Professor and Head, Animal Husbandry deVoe Meade, Ph.D.............................. Professor, Animal Husbandry

## Animal Pathology

Harold Moon DeVolt, M.S., D.V.M....... Associate Professor, Pathology Leo. Joseph Poelma, M.S., D.V.M......... . Associate Professor, Pathology Melvin M. Rabstein, V.M.D.......... Instructor and Assistant Pathologist Cornelia M. Cotton, Ph.D................................ . Cooperative Agent

## Bacteriology

Lawrence Henry James, Ph.D......... . Professor and Head, Bacteriology

Botany, Plant Physiology and Pathology
Charles Orville Appleman, Ph.D.,
Professor and Head, Botany and Plant Physiology Ronald Bamford, Ph.D. Ronald Bampord, Ph.D.. . . . . .
Robert Andrew Jehle, Ph.D.,

Professor, Plant Pathology, State Pathologist Russell Guy Brown, Ph.D...................... Assistant Professor, Botany Harold Fulton Jeffers, Ph.D...... Assistant Professor, Plant Pathology Carroll Eastburn Cox, Ph.D................. . Instructor, Plant Pathology Milton Andrew Petty, Ph.D................. Instructor, Plant Pathology

Dairy Husbandry
Lane A. Moore, Ph.D. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Professor, Dairy Husbandry Myron Herbert Berry, M.S....... Associate Professor, Dairy Husbandry

## Entomology

Ernest Neal Cory, Ph.D.,
Professor and Head, Entomology, State Entomologist
Lewis Polster Ditman, Ph.D............ Assistant Professor, Entomology
George Jenvey Abram, M.S................ Assistant Professor, Apiculture

## Horticulture

Charles Harold Mahoney, Ph.D....... Professor and Head, Olericulture Albert Lee Schrader, Ph.D..

Professor, Pomology

Edgar Perkins Walls, Ph.d.
Irvin Charles Haut, Ph.D.. Herman Aull Hunter, m.S. Herman Todd, B.S....................... Associate Professor, Canning Crops Leland E. Scott, M.S..................................istant in Horticulture James E. Hawes, B.S.................................. . . . .
Agnes Louise Marks, M.S.....................................sistant in Horticulture Poultry .Instructor and Research Assistant

Morley Allan Jull, Ph.D..
George DeWitt Quigley, mi...Professor and Head, Poultry Husbandry Robert Emmett Phillips, Ph.D. Associate Professor, Poultry Husbandry Mary Juhn, Ph.D.. .Instructor, Poultry Husbandry

## THE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

## W. B. Kemp, Acting Director. <br> Isabel A. Blackhall, Secretary to Director.

The Agricultural
research laboratories are for large Stations are for agriculture what the huge sums of money to finarge corporations. Great corporations pool a percentage of their income for reir operations and can afford to use Company has its "House of Maric" research. Thus the General Electric Company has its famous research Mach in Schenectady, New York, the DuPont are conducting research. Agriculture is mand and many other corporations dividual businesses, and ther is is made up of six million small inso that any one of these businesses sufficient capital, or sufficient income lems which face a biological busin can conduct research. Yet the proband perplexing as the problems of food and fibre would be much more costly is. Certainly our production results that have been obtained by the costly if it were not for the research These stations are for the most ings. While a number of states part joint Federal and State undertak tions prior to any Federal action, the already established experiment stawhich made available a grant in aid to passage of the Hatch Act in 1887 sevelo an agricultural experiment station, gate for the purpose of estabdevelopment of research work in agriculture. This great impetus to the 1925, and the Bassage of the Adams Act in 1906 , 1925, and the Bankhead-Jones Act in 1935.

The work of the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station which is supported by these Acts and by State appropriations centers at College Park. On the University campus are to be found laboratories for studying insects and diseases, soil fertility problems, botanical problems, and others. This is also the location of the livestock and dairy barns with their experimental herds. About eight miles from the campus at College Park, near Beltsville, is located the Plant Research Farm of about 500 acres, devoted to work connected with soil fertility, plant breeding and general horticultural problems. Near Ridgely, Maryland, is a farm of approximately 50 acres owned by the Station, at which the problems of canning crops' growers on the Eastern Shore, are studied. There is also an experimental farm at Upper Marlboro, which is operated cooperatively by the Federal Government and the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station, and which is given over exclusively to the problems of tobacco growing and curing. There is also a number of acres rented near Pocomoke on the Eastern Shore, used for testing new varieties of potatoes. This work is checked and other varieties used, on farms in Garrett County, Maryland. Near Ellicott City there is a farm of 234 acres which is devoted to livestock problems. These various locations give a chance to conduct experiments under the conditions which exist where the results will be put into practice. This, of course, is very important in making results reliable and quickly usable.
The Station, in general, exists as the "trouble-shooter" for Maryland farmers. When Maryland farmers have a problem, the first agency to attempt to meet this problem is the Agricultural Experiment Station. The solution of many difficult problems in the past has given the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station an excellent standing among the farmers of the State.

## LIVE STOCK SANITARY SERVICE STAFF

## College Park, Maryland

Arthur Louis Brueckner, B.S., V.M.D., Professor of Veterinary Science and Animal Pathology, Acting Director.
Leo Joseph Poelma, D.V.M., M.S., Associate Professor of Animal Pathology.
Harold Moon DeVolt, D.V.M., M.S., Associate Professor of Animal Pathology.
Clyde LaRayne Everson, D.V.m., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, Veterinary Inspector.
Charles Robert Davis, D.V.M., M.S., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science.
George Charles Poppensiek, V.M.D., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science.

Marold Francis Burton, V.M.D., Assistant Professor of Animal Pathology George Edwin Daniel, D.M., Assistant Professor of Animal Pathology. (Parasitology). Ansistant Professor of Animal Pathology
Melvin Moses Rabstein, V.M.D., Cooperative Agent, Bureau of Animal
Industry.
Cornelia
Letha K. Andervant Ph.D., Cooperative Agent, Bureau of Animal Industry. B.), A.B., Technician.

## LIVE STOCK SANITARY SERVICE

> A. L. Brueckner, Acting Director.
> Katherine Conlon, Secretary

Executive Offices

## 816 Fidelity Building

Baltimore 1, Maryland
The Live Stock Sanitary Service is charged by Maryland
the health of the live stock and poultry charged by State laws to protect dure is along two lines, prevention of the State. The general proce Maryland and control and eradication of the introduction of diseases into Coupled with these functions ication of diseases present within the State human health as influenced by ane the most important considerations of the human health as influenced by animal diseases. Close cooperation is main regard.
priate regulations are puction of diseases with imported animals, approanimals may be brought into the State. forth the conditions under which sent to sanitary officials in all states and these interstate regulations are guidance. Cooperation with othates and to the Federal Government for lines is freely extended.
Disease control within the State is conducted under specific programs,
where such are possible, and under genal force of field mensible, and under general programs in other diseases. A work. Satisfactory diagnosis of diseases is counties, takes care of this tion of control and eradication. The main essential for the proper operawith branches at Baltimore, Centreville, and laboratory is at College Park, conducted in these several locations depends to Calisbury. The type of work nature of the live stock in locations depends to a large extent upon the the whole program.
Research studies into various disease conditions of live stock and poultry are conducted mainly at College Park, but some investive stock and poultry the branch laboratories. Studies in the laboratoriestigations are made at field when sufficient progress has been laboratories are expanded into the results of such projects are used been made to justify field trials. The eradication of disease.
bRANCH LABORATORY AND FIELD STAFF
irvin M. Moulthrop, D.V.M., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, in charge, Salisbury Laboratory.
J. Walter Hastings, Jr., V.M.D., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, in charge, Centreville Laboratory.
William B. Coughlan, V.M.D., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science, in charge, Baltimore Laboratory.
robert B. Shillinger, D.V.M., Assistant Professor of Animal Pathology, Salisbury Laboratory.
James W. Crowl, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Centreville.
horace B. Wood, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Hagerstown.
Clarence J. Gibes, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Upper Marlboro.
J. Walter Hastings, Sr., V.M.D., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Cambridge.
Charles R. Lockwood, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Towson.
Mahlon H. Trout, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Salisbury.
Carlos S. Wilbanks, D.V.M., Assistant Professor and Veterinary Inspector, Rockville.
Wilson M. Reynolds, D.V.M., Veterinary Inspector, Oakland.

## MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF MARKETS

Agricultural Building, College Park, Maryland
S. B. Shaw, Chief.
W. C. Beaven, Marketing Specialist and Chief Inspector.
A. F. Martin, Assistant Marketing Specialist in Charge of Egg, Dressed Poultry, Butter and Cheese Inspections.
J. W. Wessells, Assistant Marketing Specialist and Inspector.
R. S. Forrester, Assistant in Marketing and Egg Inspector.
, Assistant Marketing Specialist and Inspector.
The State Board of Agriculture of Maryland has by resolutions:

1. Adopted September 25, 1925, authorized the State Department of Markets of the Extension Service of the University of Maryland, to execute as agent of said Board the powers relating to the marketing of farm products, live stock and live stock products heretofore conferred upon the Board by law.
2. Adopted September 25, 1925, authorized the Department of Markets to execute as its agent the general powers of the Board relating to the inspection and regulation of Weights and Measures used in the sale and purchase of agricultural products.
3. Adopted February 1, 1928, authorized the Department of Markets to exercise the powers of said Board in the enforcement of the Maryland Apple Grading Law.

By law, the Department is the agency for the State Board of Agriculture in the enforcement of the following laws: (1) Cantaloupe Maturity Law, (2) Poultry Sale and Transportation Law, (3) Trade-Mark Law covering all fruits and vegetables, fresh or processed, (4) Grading Law covering fresh fruits and vegetables, (5) Inspection Law covering inspection and certification of fruits and vegetables, and (6) Fresh Egg Law.
The Department of Markets is the cooperating agency under joint memorandums of agreement with the Food Distribution Administration for the inspection and certification of fruits, vegetables, live and dressed poultry, eggs, butter, cheese, canning crops; and the preparation and release of Market News reports.

In 1939 the State Department of Health deputized certain of the personnel of the Department of Markets to act as agents of the State Department of Health in preventing the sale or shipment of fruit containing excessive spray residue.

The Department of Markets issues final inspection and certification for the Seed Certification Board on Irish and sweet potatoes and tomato seed stock. In cooperation with the F. D. A. maintains daily Market News Service in Baltimore on fresh fruits, vegetables, dressed poulry and eggs, also seasonal daily reports at Pocomoke on strawberries and Irish potatoes; and acts as agent for the F. D. A. in carrying out all purchasing programs for fruits and vegetables, including all details in connection therewith.
The headquarters of the State Department of Markets is at the University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland. Field offices are located in Baltimore, Hancock, Hagerstown, Salisbury and Pocomoke.

## STATE HORTICLTURAL DEPARTMENT

College Park, Maryland
T. B. Symons, Director of Extension Service.
E. N. Cory, Assistant Director of Extension Service, State, Entomologist.
R. A. Jehle, State Plant Pathologist.

The State Horticultural Law was enacted in 1898. It provides for inspection of all nurseries and suppression of injurious insects and diseases affecting plants of all kinds. The work of the department is conducted in close association with the departments of Entomology and Plant Pathology of the University. The regulatory work is conducted under authority
of the law creating the department as well as the State Board of Agriculture. For administrative purposes, the department is placed under the Extension Service of the University because of the close association of the work.
Work in this field is designed to control insects and plant diseases and to protect the public in the purchase of products of nurserymen and florists. A considerable part of the time of the staff is occupied by inspection of A consideres, crops, nurseries, greenhouses, and foral establishments. Cooperation with the Federal Government in the ilations is another major funcmaterials that come under quarantine also enforces the provisions of the tion of the department. The department als. All activities pertaining to Apiary Law, including inspection under the direction of Dr. E. N. Cory, State control of insects is consistant Director of Extension.
Entomolivities of the department in the field of plant disease control are under direction of Dr. R. A. Jehle, State Plant Pathologist. This service includes control and eradication of diseases of strawberries and other small fruits, diseases of apples, peaches, etc., inspection and certification of potafrues, and sweet potatoes for seed, control of white pine blister rust, Dutch elm disease, etc.

## INSPECTION AND REGULATORY SERVICE

Chemistry Building, College Park, Maryland
Feeds, Fertilizers, Agricultural Liming Materials, Insecticides
and Fungicides
L. E. Bopst, State Chemist.
W. C. Supplee, Chemist.
H. R. Walls, Chemist and Micro-Analyst.
A. B. Heagy, Chemist.
R. E. BAUMGARDNER, Chemist.
*T. J. Weiss, Chemist.
J. E. Schueler, Chemist.
*T H Lewis IV, Chemist.
*R. G. Fuerst, Chemist.
*M. Rubin, Chemist.
E. C. Donaldson, Chemist.
W. J. Footen, Inspector.
E. M. Zentz, Inspector.
F. G. Baggs, Clerk.
M. E. HIGH, Laboratory Technician.

The State Inspection and Regulatory Service is assigned the responsibility of enforcing the State Feed, Fertilizer, Agricultural Liming Material and Agricultural Insecticide and Fungicide laws. These laws are designed to

[^6]regulate the manufacture and sale of all products coming within thei It also conducts investigations distribution if misbranded or adulterated ment activities.
The work necessary
general classifications. They are: four laws may be divided into five cultural commodities under specific brand names registration of these agriwhich must be shown at all times upon bags in and guarantees of quality, distributed in the State; second upon bags in which the commodities are dled by two inspectors who chemical and physical examinationstantly traveling the State; third, the accuracy of label representation of these samples to substantiate the tests which are madesentation; fourth, the publication of the results of current information at a time when it are available to all and furnish tive purchasers; fifth, the prose when it will be most valuable to prospec flagrant violations.
found responsible for
which may be forwarded by buyersent to examine gratuitously, samples within the jurisdiction of the laws and which represent materials coming tests on these samples do laws enforced. As a rule, the results results published in the bulletins. to the sender and the manutins. However, individual reports are mailed cultural commodities take advantarer involved. Many purchasers of agrithat the products they buy are entirely as service and thereby are assured
The laws enforced should arely as represented.
structive. It is true the Legislature primarily constructive rather than depolice power. However, it has always prily delegated law enforcing or this organization to carry on a scientific constructivesire and intention of the sale of quality materials may primarily upon educational means be promoted. The Department depends tries for successful enforcement. In those direct cooperation of the industhere is no other alternative but In those cases where such methods fail, action. As a result of the operation resort to the courts for appropriate agricultural commodities may make their this inspection service, buyers of of obtaining value received for money spent.

## SEED INSPECTION SERVICE

Horticultural Building, College Park, Maryland
F. S. Holmes, Inspector.

Ellen P. Emack, Analyst.
Olive M. Kelk, Analyst.
J. T. Mullady, Analyst.

The Seed Inspection Service, a division of
Station, administers the State seed law; ins the Agricultural Experiment , State seed law; inspects seeds sold throughout the

State; collects seed samples for laboratory examination; reports the results of these examinations to the parties concerned; publishes summaries of these reports which show the relative reliability of the label information supplied by wholesale seedsmen; cleans and treats tobacco seed intended for planting in the State; makes analyses, tests, and examinations of seed samples submitted to the Laboratory; and advises seed users regarding the economic and intelligent use of seeds. The Service also cooperates with the Agricultural Marketing Service of the United States Department of Agriculture in the enforcement of the Federal Seed Act in Maryland.
Two and a half million dollars worth of seeds are planted annually in Maryland. Perhaps twenty-five percent of the field seeds and ninety percent of the vegetable seeds planted in the State pass through trade channels and are thus subject to the seed law. The work of the Seed Inspection Service is not restricted to the enforcement of the seed law, however, for State citizens may submit seed samples to the Laboratory for analysis, test, or examination. Specific information regarding suitability for planting purposes of lots of seeds is thus made available to individuals without charge The growth of this service has been steady since the establishment of the Laboratory in 1912. In 1913 only slightly over a hundred samples were submitted to the Laboratory; in 1941 the number was over thirty-five hundred. Few Maryland home-owners, city or country, are not directly interested in seeds for planting in flower-bed, lawn, garden, or field.

## DAIRY PLANT INSPECTION SERVICE

Dairy Building, College Park, Maryland
The Maryland Dairy Inspection Law became effective June 1, 1935. The purpose of this law is to insure producers who sell milk and cream on the basis of butterfat test or weight that the tests and weights of such milk and cream will be correctly made, and likewise to insure the dealers who purchase such products that their agents or testers shall correctly weigh and test the milk and cream; also, to insure that tests made for official inspections or for public record will be correctly made.
The present service is based on Article 43 of the annotated code of Maryland, Chapter 403 of the Laws of Maryland, 1941.
The dairy department of the Agricultural Experiment Station is charged with the administration of the Dairy Inspection Law. It is the policy in administration of the law to use the service as a means of education to promote the mutual interests of dairy producers, dealers and manufacturers. The aim has been to aid all interests concerned and not to impose burdens.
A total of 125 plants were issued licenses in the different classifications for 1943. They were as follows: 16 milk plants in Class A (0-500 lbs. production) ; 30 plants in Class B (500-2,000 lbs. production); 67 plants in Class C (2,000-40,000 lbs. production); and 12 plants in Class D (over
$40,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. of milk daily). Licenses were issued to 206 testers and 89
weighers and samplers.
Since the Dairy Inspection law has been in try in the State has, as a whole, been benefited operation the dairy indusand cream from producers under the provisions of plants purchasing milk on a more nearly equal basis. Much has brons of the Act are operating unfair competition and it is now has been done toward eliminating proper methods of weighing and recognized by the dairy industry that essential to fair trade practices. Thaming and testing milk and cream are the maintenance of proper weigh The checking of scales for accuracy, sampling and testing have helped to avoid, and the proper methods of producer. The licensing of employees to losses to either the dealer or and cream assures both the producer and weigh, sample and test milk such work are competent. The calibration of cont.
Ton of weights has resulted in used for the Babcock Test and the calibrament. This has resulted in eliming out many pieces of inaccurate equippurchasing products and in plant control work from this source, both in
Fees for Dairy Plants Purchasing Milk or Crea
Class A-For purchasing or handling not exceeding
pounds of milk daily. Annual fee $\$ 100$ an equivalent of 500
Class B-For purchasing or
pounds but not exceanding more than an equivalent of 500 fee $\$ 5.00$.
Class C-For purch pounds but not or handling more than an equivalent of 2,000
fee $\$ 10.00$. eeding 40,000 pounds of milk daily. Annual
Class D-For purchas
pounds of milk daily. Annual fee $\$ 25.00$.
Fees for testing glasswar
Fee for weigher's and sampler's exats for accuracy.............. \& . 05
Weigher's and sampler's license fee.................................. 1.00
Fee for Babcock tester's examination
Babcock tester's license fee....................................... 1.50
STATE DEPARTMENT OF DRAINAGE

## College Park, Maryland

## Ray W. Carpenter, State Drainage Engineer

The State Department of Drainage was
are to promote and encourage the drainage established in 1937. Its duties State, to correlate the activities of the lage of agricultural lands in the

State and to cooperate with State and Federal agencies in the interest of a permanent program of improved drainage.
This department administers funds appropriated by the State in 1939 for drainage of lands in Wicomico and Worcester Counties.

## Affiliated Agencies on the University of Maryland Campus at College Park

The following Federal, State and private agencies are located on the College Park campus but are not under the direction of the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland or the Maryland State Board of Agriculture:

## FEDERAL AGENCIES

Eastern Experiment Station, Bureau of Mines, U. S. Department of the Interior.
Fish and Wildlife Service, U. S. Department of the Interior.
Water Resources Branch, U. S. Geological Survey, U. S. Department of the Interior.
Agricultural Adjustment Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture.
Maryland Crop Reporting Service, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Maryland Headquarters of Agricultural Planning Field Service, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture.
Soil Conservation Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

## STATE AGENCY

Bureau of Control Surveys and Maps, Department of Public Works, State of Maryland.

## PRIVATE AGENCIES

National Sand and Gravel Association Research Foundation.
Aviation Division, American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

SECTION VI Records and Statistics

DEGREES, HONORS, 1941-1942 AND 1942-1943 SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT, 1942-1943 AND 1943-1944

## DEGREES CONFERRED, 1941-1942

(All degrees conferred at Commencement, May 30, 1942, except as noted)
HONORARY DEGREES
Doctor of Letters
Fulton John Sheen
Doctor of Engineering
Forrest Eugene Ricketts

## Doctor of Laws

Horace Edgar Flack
HONORARY CERTIFICATES IN AGRICULTURE Walter Edward Burall Martha Emily Hopkins

THE GRADUATE SCHOOL
Doctor of Philosophy

Harry Davis Anspon<br>Willis Harford Baldwin<br>William Henry Brittingham Aurelius Franklin Chapman Gordon Frederick Dittmar Theodore Thomas Dittrich Felix Frederick Ehrich Carroll Pross Foster Albert Barney Godfrey Wilson Clark Grant Samuel Grober George Philip Hager Alfred Damon Hoadley Robert Edwin Jones Carl Williams Kelley

Amihud Kramer
Paul Charles Marth
Bernard Patrick McNamara
Helen Broughall Metcalf
J. Victor Monke

Selmer Wilfred Peterson
Elwood Clifton Pierce
August Raspet
Maurice Monroe Rath
Lisette Riggs
Max Rubin
Vladimir G. Shutak
Richard Corley Tollefson
Phillip Jerome Wingate
John Paul Wintermoyer

Margaret Brereton William Druz Marian Grace Eyler Marian Games Howard Addie Jamerin Jenkins David Spergin Jenkins James Buckner Masse
Floyd Alfred Myrick
George Stanley Abshier Fred Frank Bartel Jessica Trussell Biddle Jessica Franklin Anderson Branklin Brownell James Franklin Brownell Hilde Marie Christensen Joseph William Cotter Lewis Eugene Cronin Lewis Jos Joseph Davies Thomas Joseph Daveth Davis Virginia Elizabeth Davis
Herbert William Everhart Herbert William Ever
Ellen Hepburn Gray Ralph Curtis Hammer

## Master of Arts

Russell Bradley Rice S. Samuel Selsky Florence Louise Spicknall Viola Buhrow Stargel Wilton Roy Todd Wilma Louise Watkins

Master of Science
W. J. Haney

Richard K. Lynt, Jr.
Marvin Richard McClung
John Stephen Nowotarski John Stephen Outhouse James Burton
Betty Runner
Robert Simonoff
Wilson Levering Smith, Jr.
Robert Nielsen Stewart
Richard Edward Tiller
Richard Edward Woodward Warner, Jr.
Arthur Woodward Martin N. Winbury Frederick Bernhard Winkler

Katherine B. Baroniak Jack Stealton Bierly George Francis Carrington Judith V. Cólon-Yordán Marie Denecke Catherine Mehegan Doyle W. L. Edwards William Cacy Feddeman Inez Ellen Flanagan Inez Ellen Bell Hall Ruth Bell Joy Holt

William John Hucksoll Raquel M. Landron Henry Franklin Lehr Rebekah Liebman Edward LeRoy Longley Bessie Arterburn Rich Mary Emily Margaret Smith Phyllis Larue Kemp Sommerfield Edward Guy Stapleton Carrie Orilla Sutton Dorothy Oliver Young

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

## Bachelor of Science

Frank Lawrence Bentz, Jr William Wilson Boyer Melvin James Bradley Donald James Brauner James Edgar Bryan, Jr. John Daniel Cooley, Jr.

Joseph Crane Cox William Winston Day Rudolph Graham Degen Marshall Hardcastle Downes Marshald Preston Dunster, Jr. Robert Hobart Edwards

James Daniel Eisenberger
Howard Edward Elliott, Jr Matthew Franklin Ellmore Chester Gaitley Ernst
Paul Allen Finney
Thomas Crawford Galbreath William Burroughs Groome Joseph Lane Gude
Edward Wright Harcum
Robert William Heslop
J. Boõne Jarrell, Jr.

Richard Lloyd Jenkins, Jr. Joseph Woodrow Jones
Charles Richard Jubb, Jr.
Elmer Cecil Keller
Roland Edwin King
Harold Paul Klahold
*Gordon Leroy Kluge
Conrad H. Liden
Mehrl Foye Mayne
William Alan McGregor, Jr.
Robert Hicks McKay George Gibson Meredith
Sheldon Michaels
William Ward Miles

Merl D. Myers
David Edward Northam James Grafton Osborn Mary Roberts Patrick Carlton Harvey Porter
*Karl Frederick Reiblich Frank Sam Reid Donald Bondy Rose Mary Frances Ryon
*John Manns Schilling Jacob Calvin Siegrist Charles Harold Smelser, Jr. Ernest Edward Smith Verlin William Smith John Jones Smoot Marvin Bernard Solomon Clifford Vernon Sparrow, Jr Robert Edward Stalcup Leslie Wayne Teller, Jr. *George Britton Vogt Hugh McKelden Walton Maurice Clagett Ward John Schell Wehrle Mordecai Gist Welling Roscoe Newton Whipp

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES
Bachelor of Arts
*Charles Burke Allen
Carl W. Bacharach Esther Ethel Balton Katherine Ellen Barker Barbara Louise Bartlett Harry Griffith Baugher Randa E. Beener John Francis Benecke Henry Doterer Blair, Jr. Phyllis Juanita Booher
*Frank C. Borenstein
Foster Boyd
Margaret Brooke
Helen Adele Bruns
Doris Beryl Bryant
$\qquad$

* Degree conferred August 1, 1941.
*Richard Werber Case Ruth Elizabeth Catling Elizabeth Ruth Chamberlin Samuel Cohen
Milton Steward Cole
George Robert Cook Clayton Sherwood Dann Elizabeth Jane Dennis
*Charles Raimond Dorr
Charlotte Eisele
Helen Thomas England Elizabeth Leila Eves Yolanda Lucille Farina Hariette Esther Feldman Maxwell Boone Fleek

Jonathan Frederick Gehman
Jonarmela A. Glenn Muriel Gordon
Muriel Gordon
Walter Kingsley Grigg, Jr. Walter Kingston Grollman Jerome Winston Groves
Doris Ellen Groves Doris Lorraine Hamps William Jules Handle Lucile Anne Hanlon James William Harvey *Marian Wilson Harles LeRoy Hein Charles Derothy Hendrickson Lillelheid Marie Hermann Adelheid Hope Hevener Kathle Ghantt Hoen Anne Ghantt Hoen Jane Carter Howard Erma Kathryn Hughes Harry Marshall Hutson Wilson Jacobs
Irving Jacobs
Helen Alice James
Wilbur Thompson Jeffe
Stuart Lesser Kadison
Celeste Hale Karlstad
Celeste L. L. Kennedy
Marie L. L. Koseph Kerwin, Jr.
Nancy Ridgeway King
Carolyn Lacey
Richard Hyatt Lansdale, Jr.
Betty Stansbury Lynch
Betty S Thornton Lyon
Rosalie Thornton
Valentine Machen
Valentine Machen
Cecil Roscoe Martin
Klovia Elizabeth McKen
Anne Cary McKin
Joan Marie Moon

Julian George Murphy
Walter Lee Neal
Eugene Charles Ochsenreiter, Jr.
Eileen Marguerite O'Neil
Elmire Pearson
*Henry Ralph Pearson
Katherine Perkins
Katherine Perkins
Marjorie H. Pinsch
Marvin Morris Polikoff
*Bettie Virginia Porter
Roy Stuart Ramsey, Jr.
Hennie Froma Rand
Edna Blanche Rayburn
Beverly Jean Reinstedt
Albert Ritzenberg
Ann Elizabeth Ryon
Alan Louis Sagner
Janet Lucille Scott
Martha Holland Shelton
Mavid Laurence Sheridan
Orville Cresap Shirey
Charles Francis Simms Annarose Catherine Sleeth
Theodore John Stell
Bette Roslyn Stone
Frances Isabel Stotler
France Louise Stribling
Alice Louise Stubbee
Janet Eileen Stubbee
Richard Craig Sulliva
Morton Field Taylor
Norma Louise Thompson Rose Marie Udell Adrian Herman van Huizen Josephine Wilma Weare
$\dagger$ Robert A. Wiggins - Rarah Jemima Yates

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES
Bachelor of Science
Stewart Lee Baker, Jr.
Dorothy Anne Aiello
Benjamin Amsterdam
Grace Elizabeth Angleberger
Ruth Workman Baldwin
Emilie Margaret Ballard

* Degree conferred August 1, 1941.
* Degree con english.

David Fowler Bell, Jr.
Arturo Benavent, Jr.
Mary Lillian Boggs
Howard Gothel Bonnett
Frederick Bertram Brandt
William Kendig Brendle
Dorothy Gertrude Brosius
Shirley Byers
Oscar Wilde Camponeschi
Celeste Esther Capone
Vesta H. Cassedy
*Kenneth James Clark
Elmer Ellsworth Cook, Jr.
Ralph Fletcher Davis
Harry Michael Doukas
Nancy Jeanne Duby
Donald Philips Easter
Doris May Etzler
Emma Gladys Foster
Elizabeth Patricia Frohbose
Esther Blanche Garrett
Daniel Leonard Gendason
Russell Howard Goff
Sol Howard Goodga
Joseph Roy Guyther
Robert Charles Henry
Shirley Heyman
Harry Edward Hill
Julia Lee Hodges
William Addison Holbrook, Jr.
Edith Holt
Gilmore Hyman
Robert Settle Insley

Robert William Johnson, Jr. *Bobby Lee Jones
Nancy Lee Jones
Dan Franklin Keeney
*Daniel Kindler
Irene E. Kuslovitz
*Vernon Monroe Lesley
Margaret Matilda Logan
Henry Wadsworth Moore, Jr.
John Morton, II
John Michael Palese
Edgar Thornton Pfeil, Jr.
Edward Hector Price
Robert Delafield Rands, Jr
rammond Rau
Itartha Virginia Repp
Imogene Lola Rice
*Jerome Stanley Rogers, Jr.
Marvin Rudo
Roy Kennedy Skipton
LaRhett Livingston Stuart,
Talmadge Stanley Thompson
Howard Marshall Trusspl
Rebecca Alden Tuck
Theodore Merriam Vial
Edward Walton
Joseph Weintraub
Howard Ferdinand Wilds, Jr
Arthur Fletchall Woodward
William Bruce Yowell, Jr
Paul Randall Ziegler
Norman Earl Zinberg

## COLLEGE OF COMMERCE <br> Bachelor of Science

John Matthew Bennett
William TiIghman Booth
Harry Arthur Boswell
*Milton Bunevich
Albert Joseph Carry
Robert Stanley Cartee, Jr.
Garwood Chamberlin
William West Christopher

* Degree conferred August 1, 1941.

Robert Driscoll Condon
Donald Russell Damuth
Francis Paul DiBlasi, Jr
James Edward Dunn
Jay Clarence Emrey
Robert Preston Evans
John Dechert Eyler, Jr.
James Andrew Fanning

Landy Roman Hales
Neal LeRoy Hathaway
Frank Nicholas Heyer, Jr. William Wylie Hopkins, Jr Herbert Steele Huff
Paul Breathed Hutson, Jr. Donald Herbert Jermain Lowell Truscott Keagy William Earl Krouse John Gilroy Luntz Lawrence MacKenzie Stanley Roy Mann Paul Donathan McCloskey Richard Horace Meacham *Allen Vogel Minion Samuel Varick Moore Robert Thomas Moran Robert Marshall Moseley Edward Warren Nylen Charles Elton Parker

George Cassity Pendleton William Carter Pennington Samuel L. Pfefferkorn, Jr. Gerald Eugene Prentice Charles August Rausch, Jr. Elmer Louis Reese, Jr.
Marjorie Stinson Reside Harry Rimmer
John Dexter Rogers, III
Alvin Cyril Salganik
Martin Philip Seigel
William Nelson Seitz
Carolyn Elizabeth Seviour
Hiram Henry Spicer, III
*Earl Victor Springer
Edgar Reed Tilton
Albert Eugene Vogel
Frederick Bitzer Walker
John Douglass Wallop, III
Joseph Hilleary White

## SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY

## Doctor of Dental Surgery

William Albert Aldridge Andrew James Amatrudo Clifford Frederic Askins Alexander Nathaniel Berman Stanley Gerald Biega Daniel Bixby
Peter Jeremiah Coccaro
Sylvan Phillip Cohen
Woodrow Wilson Corder Joseph Thomas Coroso, Jr. James T. Criss Paul Deneroff Paul Maroni Edwards Morris Eilenberg Stanley Entelis Stewart Everson Charles Gibel Richard Harold Goldstein Ezra Ben Ami Gratz Bernard Helitzer

Alan H. Herman Arthur Herschaft Seymour George Hyman Isador Gilbert Katz Samuel Leonidas King Irvin Oscar Kolman Seymour Koppelman Henry Robert Lasch, Jr. Algert Peter Lazauskas Jason Russell Lewis Lawrence Lichtenstein Ricardo Martinelli Victor William Mintz Jorge Eugenio Muñoz Vecchini Louis Leo Murzin Norman Richard Nathanson Murray Nussbaum Raymond Thomas Ouellette Arthur Anthony Pecoraro
Julius Benjamin Powell

* Degree conferred August 1, 1941.

David Samuel Rakosky
Chester Büerck Ralph
Mario Félix Ramírez Acosta
Joseph Ralph Reynolds
Sidney Rogoff
David Marshall Salutsky
Alvin Henry Savage
Harold Schwart
Glenn Daniel Steele
Chester Jerome Stoopack
Joseph Michael Tighe

Lewis Cole Toomey Rosalind Irene Toubman Donald Hovis Towson Edwin Beard Waltman Howard Felix Watsky Earle Harris Watson Hans Ernest Weise
Howard G. Weiss
John Thomas Wieland
Roger Elwood Williams
Riley Seth Williamson, Jr.

## COLLEGE OF EDUCATION

Sevier Semmes Baumer *Hope Dorothy Beauchamp Marian Hemmons Bochau Martha Elizabeth Bowling Helen Joan Carnin
Shirley Nudd Conner
Hiltrude Adelaide Duvall
Mearle Daniel DuVall
Hester Ann Farlow Dorothy Maxine Garlitz Joseph Ernest Gerstell Francis Vernon Getty Betty Deloris Hall Dorothea Kathleen Dorothea Kathle
Esther Handler
Shirley Pfeiffer Herber Mary Catherine Kahl Mary Elizabeth Kane Marie Poole Kuehle

Vivian Carson Lamm
Eurith Linthicum Maynard
Caroline McGill
*Suzanne Frances Morse
Cecil Virginia Myers
William Francis Oberle, Jr
Mary Dorsey Parlett
Mary Virginia Powell
Ruth June Ramsdell
Morris Roseman
Katherine Jean Shea Jean E. Stealey
Robert Benjamin Steele
Helen Duer Stephens
Catherine Audrey Stewart
Charlote
Charlotte Mae Stubbs
Charlotte Blake White
Dale Bryant Woodburn
Isobel Adkins
Hannah M. Struckman Allamong Isadore Hotsy Alperstein Elsie Francis Amoss
Gertrude Mildred Amoss
Charles Ralph Anderson
Irl H. Beall
Melva Frances Beard

* Degree conferred August 1, 194

Blanche Lucile Bowie
*Emma May Bowman
*Mary Eva Breakall
Agnes Hayden Carpenter *Edward Maurice Clark
*Orpha Agnes Clark
*Henry Clayman
*Mary Amelia Coffman
Elias Cohen
Helen Louise Crane
Mary Carter Dillon
*Ocie Ella Dodd
*Charles Thomas Dubin *Sophia Norman Emmerich *Fern Folk Epstein
*Janet Alma Erickson
Floyd Charles Faulkner
Thomas McCoy Fields
*Zelma Lorraine Fluharty
Dorothy Helen Foerster
Katherine Guinnette Garner
*Hettie Madeline Gibson
*Milton Thomas Goedeke
Harold Goldstein
*Gertrude Hope Greenwell
Helen Casteele Griffin
*Susan Quidort Griffith
*Margaret Emory Haile Mildred Elaine Hamilton *Leila Virginia Hardesty
Phillip Charles Heath
*Donald Cummins Hennick
*Ida Louise Hepbron
*Miriam McDonnell Holmes
*Anne Mildred Hoyle Stella Hutchison
Sylvan William Jacobs
Marjorie Evelyn Jost Elizabeth Jane Jullien *Virginia Margaret Kalbaugh *Gee L. Kaufman
Claire S. Kennedy
William Harold Kinlock, III *Charles Robert Kinna

Helena Mathilda Alma Knauer *May Talbert Kyle
Norma Louise Leonard
Eleanor Elizabeth Linthicum
*Evelyn Louise Lippy
*Margaret Marie Lyons
Dora Ḿildred Magaha
Robert Louis Main
*Mary Elizabeth Manley
Carroll Ely Markowitz
Alice Ray Martin
*Hilda Catherine McGuigan
Mary Josepha McGuigan
Dora Malcolm McLuckie
*Catherine Elizabeth McMahan
J. Paul McNeil
*Helen Ashcom Medinger Margaret Reed Meiser Elna Mae Miller
*Mary Emma Mitchel
*Robert Lee Mohlé

* Mary Elliott Monroe Lillian Gertrude Morgan *Mary Morgan
*Louise Cusick Mullendore
J. Harvey Nichols Carole Novick
*George Vincent Oberle
*Pauline Hilda Ornett
*Marie Martha Parrish
Harry Austin Peregoy
*Esther Virginia Phillips
Nina Claflin Piozet
*Albia Eleanor Riggin George Milford Riggin William Thomas Riley, Jr. Henry J. Rockstroh Florence Broughton Rost Harriet Miller Schacht William Harvey Schoenhaar *Dorothy Wilmot Shires Harold Gerstell Showacre
Rose Carney Shuck Olivia Kerby Sims

Robert Herman Smith, Jr.
*Henry Sokolsky
*Letty H. Souder
Helen Kuhn Sperry
Ruth Hammond Staley
Henry Norman Steckler
Catherine E. Stiles
Ruth Faye Surosky
*Audrey Sansbury Teunis
Effie Orra Thomas
Jean Campbell Thomas
Anna Marie Urquhart
Eleanor James Vaughan
*Mary Beth Wackwitz
${ }^{*}$ Fred John Ward
*Dorothy Helen West
James Henry Wharton Aileen Marie Williams
*Elinor George Wilson
Josephine Eleanora Wilson
*Treva Burgoon Wink
Ann Oldham Wolf
Margaret Estelle Wolfinger
Doris Wood
Millicent-Lois Yamin
*Grace Robinson Zeller
COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
Bachelor of Science

Robert Drury Baldwin
Jack Ralph Barrett
Hyman Alexander Berg
Joseph Hendricks Bilbrey, Jr. George William Bollinger Rodney Leonard Boyer Robert August Brand, Jr. Frank Gilbert Carpenter John Edward Cordyack John Francis Curtin, Jr. Harold Elwood Earp, Jr. John M. Eberhart
Thomas Renwick Finlayson Elmer Leroy Freemire Paul Diehl Freeze Gurney Lindale Godwin William McLean Graham, Jr. Robert Edward Greene Robert Ashby Groves, Jr. Stuart Haywood
Jeremiah Collins Hege
Reginald Kenning Hoddinott, Jr.
Page Fillmore Hopkins
John LeRoy Hutchinson Bernard Bertram Klawans Howard Joseph Klug Philip Elledge Kurz John Lopata

James Edwin Malcolm Richard White McCusker Benjamin Morris Owens Ernest Herbert Peterson Weldon Newton Rawley, Jr. William Marshall Redd, Jr.
Elijah Rinehart, Jr.
Thomas McDowell Rives, Jr.
Samuel Thomas Robertson, Jr.
Robert Welsh Russell
Francis Robert Schmidt
Irwin Joseph Schumacher
Robert Wellington Searls
Fred Shulman
Joseph Alvin Sirkis
John Franklin Stevens, III
William Reeves Tilley
Vahl Elbert Underwood Arthur Howard Valentine George Lawrence Wannall Norwood Reeves Warehime Edward Webster Robert Ramsay Westfall Roland Gilbert White, Jr. Donald Herbert Wick
John Wright Williams
John Wright Williams
Thomas Theodore Witkowski

[^7]DEGREES CONFERRED, 1941-1942

## COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS

## Bachelor of Science

Doris Helen McFarland

Warjorie Leah Allen Helen Irene Bedell *Evelyn Byron

- Deris Madeline Clements Doris Ma Emma Coe Adelay Elizabeth Cole Mary ceca Ruth Dashiell Rebecca Johnston Davidson Mary Johnston Darsey Alberta Rose Dorsey Erin Ellis
Audrey Louise Erickson Audice Katherine Fisk Alice Elizabeth Funk Mary Ann Griffith Mary Annsack
Susan Gusal
Jessie Wallace Halstead
Jessina Hambleton
Eleanor Elizabeth Jenkins Louise Bendette Ladd Louise Bessant Latimer Mary Bessant Alice Lillie Margaret Alice Marian Loomis
Agnes Louise Marks

Thomas Carlyle Carrico
Richard Werber Case
John Thomas Clark, Jr.
Albert Patterson Close
William Paul Frisco
Edwin Anthony Gehring
Alberto Gerardino-Villanueva Louis Glick
Louis Glick
$\dagger$ Joseph Harold Grady
Harry Lindley Grubbs, Jr.
William Gulbransen
Frank Lloyd Hamniond
Frances Neff Harris Frances Milten Ivrey Samuel Minten Kassirer Earle Leonard Kassirer
$\dagger$ William Woodrow Mahoney

* Degree conferred August 1, 1941.
$\dagger$ With honors.

Dorothy Ann Medbery
Duth Louise Meehan
*Marjorie Lillian May Miller
Mildred Melton Muma
Elizabeth Munn Mumma
Betsy Anne Myrick
Phyllis June Newmaker
Phyllis June Elizabeth Page
Jane Elizabeth Page
Martha Locke Rainalter
Carol Remsberg
Elma Louise Staley
Ruth Elaine Stowell
Betty Lou Sullivan
Betty Lou Surgaret Louise Teller
Ruth Lee Thompson
Catherine May Trundle
Edythe M. Turner
Elizabeth Louise Tydings
Mary Virginia Vaiden
Clara Elizabeth Vawter Dorothy Werth

## SCHOOL OF LAW

Bachelor of Laws
Marvin Mandel
Homer Lerch Miller
$\dagger$ William Bruce Oswald
Maurice Judson Page
Edward Bernard Reddy
Vaughn Edward Richardson
$\dagger$ John Reitz Royster
Milton Herman Franklin Saul
William Armiger Skeen
John Lee Smith, Jr.
Harold Solomon
Arthur E. Tarantino
Arthert Edward Weir Meredith Richardson Wilson Meredith Rempson Wisotzki

## SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

## Doctor of Medicine

William Alstrom Ahroon
David Bacharach, Jr.
Earl Rudolph Baldwin, Jr.
Robert Amthor Barthel, Jr.
Morton Edward Bassan
Van Boring Bennett
Joseph Gordon Bird
Francis Dorsey Thomas Bowen Alexander Emmanuil Brodsky William Luther Byerly, Jr.
Richard Alexius Carey Harry Franklin Coffman, II Frank Concilus Sybil Corbett
Matthew Mordica Cox
Warren Eugene Crane
William Ward Currence
Thomas Eugene Davies
José G. Dávila López
John Russell Davis, Jr. Newland Edward Day
Karl Anton Dillinger
Philip Lafayette Dixon, Jr.
Richard Cushing File
John Howard Franz Marion Friedman
José R. Fuertes
Joseph Charles Furnari
Jewett Goldsmith
Arthur Edward Gramse Exie Mildred Gregory
Morton L. Hamburger
Prévost Hubbard, Jr.
Albert Lester Ingram, Jr.
Robert Clark Irwin
Hansford Fred Johnson
Everett Davis Jones
Theodore Kardash
Joseph Francis Keeley, Jr.
Robert Allan Kiefer
Stanley Benedict Klijanowicz
Lawrence Jacob Koleshko
Martin William Krepp, Jr.

John Gregory Kroll
Paul Charles Kundahl
Etta Carolyn Link
Robert Hamilton Longwell
Irving Robert Lowitz
Louis Ottone Joseph Manganiello
Frank Sebastian Marino
Robert Mazer
James Nathaniel McCosh, Jr.
Malcolm Thomas McGoogan, Jr.
John James Meli
Edgar Allen Miller, Jr.
Robert Abram Moses
George Roy Mullins, Jr
Caesar Francis Orofino
John Carlton Osborne
Patrick C. Phelan, Jr.
Otto Charles Phillips
Dale Morton Posey
William Thomas Raby
Edward Peyton Ritchings
John David Rosin
Anthony Peter Rousos
Henry Harrison Sadler, Jr.
Wallace Hyman Sadowsky Isadore Sborofsky
Mary Louise Lyons Scholl
Joseph Whiddon Scott
William Jeffress Senter
Edgar Roderick Shipley
Maurice Isaac Shub
Louis Harry Shuman
James George Stegmaier
Andrew James Summa
Francis James Townsend, Jr
Francis Willoughby Traynor
Joseph Wallace, Jr.
Charles Monroe Ward
Charles Herman Williams
Edgar Percival Williamson, II
Edwin Andrew Zepp
Loy Miller Zimmerman

DEGREES CONFERRED, 1941-1942

## SCHOOL OF NURSING

Graduate in Nursing

Ivy May Albaugh
Ana Doris Alt
Anna Doris Alth Angleberger Grace Elizabethret Ballard Emmett Elizabeth Beach Emmet Mae Black Shirley Byers Shirley Mason Coard Louise Mason Coard Jean Louise Conrad
Helen Pauline Cope Doris May Etzler Emma Gladys Foster Grace Cecilia Frederick Esther Blanche Garrett

Julia Lee Hodges Florence Hubbard Nancy Lee Jones
Gladys Maude Leonard
Margaret Matilda Logan
Marguerite Elizabeth Loock
Louise Dukes Magruder
Mary Ruth Petry
Mary Ruth Petry
Martha Virginia Repp
Karolyn Gwendolyn Shaffer
Rachel Louetta Skiles
Rosalind Jane Small
Anna Penelope Tucker
Rebecca Alden Tucker

## SCHOOL OF PHARMACY

Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy

Imar Bernard Berngart Sidney Gary Clyman John Michael DeBoy Milton Stanley Getka Milton Goldberg Alice Emily Harrison Alice Emily Harrison Alfred Marion Jankiewicz
Sidney Raymond Klavens Elmer Wilson Nollau

Stephen Panamarow Sherman David Pritzker Milton Reisch
Sidney Sacks
Melvin Shochet
Sidney Smulovitz
Warren Eldred Weaver
Eugene Clayton Weinbach
Wilson Monroe Whaley, Jr.

# HONORARY DEGREES <br> Doctor of Laws 

George L. Radcliffe
Sumner Welles

## HONORARY CERTIFICATES IN AGRICULTURE

Guy Everett Harmon
David Benjamin McDowell
James Richard Phillips, Jr Robert Wilbur Shermantine

## THE GRADUATE SCHOOL

## Doctor of Philosophy

Ross Ellwood Backenstoss, Jr.
Richard Henry Barry
Cornelia Marie Cotton
Carroll Eastburn Cox
Julian Coburn Crane
John Milton Cross
Guy M. Everett
Walter Christian
William Henry Gaub
William Holland Griggs
Walter Judson Haney
Robert Isaac Jaffee
Charles Jarowski
Thomas Morton Little
Raymond Irving Longley, Jr.

John Udell Michaelis Märtin Hammond Muma
Lloyd Elwin Parks
Robert Collom Rand
George Bergin Reynard
Roy Schneiter
Donald Emerson Shay
Robert Edward Thompson
George Clarence Vedova
Thomas Charles Gordon Wagner
Alfred Case Whiton
Edmond Grove Young
John Ashby Yourtee
Bernard Leon Zenitz

Master of Arts

John Conrad Appel
Louisa Gardner Dillard
Frank John Getty
Albert Norman Greenfield
Edwin P. Heinrich
Raymond Frederick Hesler Ruth Amanda Jehle Harry William Krausse Edward Nelson MacConomy, Jr. Norman Hill Maring
Nicholas George Nides
George Vincent Oberle

Edward Wiltse Paulette
Howard Geisler Phillips
Edith Palmer Popenoe
Helen Wade Pressley
Morris Roseman
Cora Dodson Sasscer
Walter Henry Schuler Marguerite Martindale Stone Olive Wright Sudler Jean Burke Wheeler Gladys Hildreth Young Alice Ruth Zerbola

## Master of Science

Ming-Chien Chiang Lexey Jane Cragin Leon Webster Frayer, Jr. William Kanode Gautier Margaret Towell Goldsmith Harold Ernest Hensel John Joseph Lander Joshua Melvin Leise

Hazel B. Murray
Orr Esrey Reynolds
Aaron Wiley Sherwood
Charles Alfred Shreeve, Jr.
Samuel Cantor Temin
Ruth Lee Thompson
Edith-Jane Wiegand
Carroll Christian Woodrow

## Master of Education

Louis Pinckney Allen, Jr. Benjamin Franklin Barger C. Paul Barnhart Louise Robey Birch Dora Goldiner Bresler Mary Frances Barr Bush Richard Rowland Clopper Louise Roberts Colip Florence Newell Cornell Kenneth Walden Frisbie Charles Henry Gontrum Vernon Brooks Gunther Nellie Griffith Hardell

Sara Horton
Sidney Taylor Lawler Robert Faust Lesher Daniel Cruzen Link Arria Griffith McGinniss Ruth Henrietta McRae Sister Philomena Ossenmacher
Gustavus Adolphus Sieverts Ruth Elizabeth Smith Sister Barbara Storms
Robert Henry Weagly
Ruth Alberta Wynn

## COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

Bachelor of Science

Lee William Adkins Julian Bradley Anderson
Nevin Snader Baker Blair Barnard Barger Robert Harold Benson Alice Ruth Bentz Paul Curtis Betts Lloyd Carroll Biser Donald Mitchell Boyd Alan Wolf Brylawski Philip Nash Buddington
Nicolas Manrique Cartagena Hartley Douglas Crist William Evans Crow James Paul Duke, Jr. Richard VanDriel Eck Irving McKim Gordy, Jr. Oliver Richard Carroll Gore, Jr.

Francis Alexander Gray, Jr.
Sylvan Leonard Handen
John Hansen Hoffman
Philip Raymond Hogue
Marion Clark Hudson
Max VanKuren Hunt
Lester Kiefer
Harry Edward Korab, Jr.
Thaddeus Joseph Kott
Emory Childress Leffel
Theodore Leizman.
John Philip Mattingly
Leib McDonald
Russell Francis Mizell, Jr.
Harry Ivan Neuman
Robert Lee Nixon, Jr.
Nestor Obando
Elmer Hammond Owens, Jr.

Gilbert Willard Perry Arthur George Phillips Kenneth Lester Ports James Murray Prigel Norvell Stanley Ralston Henry John Rassier Kenton Charles Reynolds Orlando Ridout, IV Norman H. Rosenberg Aaron Rosenstadt Charles William St. Clair Robert Sandler
Edgar A. Schaeffer
Eugene Stanley Schlosnagle
Irvin Philip Schloss

Charles Philip Seltzer Joseph Miller Shaw Jane Luray Showacre Paul Earl Sigrist Warren Charles Smith Joseph Matthew Steger Clyde William Stephens William Codding Stevens Eugene John Sullivan Daniel William Talmadge Amanda Adelaide Ulm Joyce Jacquelyn Uthus Glen Earl Weston Donald Fillmore Whinerey John Robert Williams

## COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

Bachelor of Arts

John Franklin Adams Richard Luther Andrews
Anna Virginia Auslund William Henry Badenhoop Read Turner Bailey
Ruth P. Barsky
Cynthia Baylin
Betty Fahrney Beachy Charles August Bechtold, Jr. Mary Joan Bell
Rex Ricardo Venn Benson Shirley Berman
Robert Foust Bierly
Margaret Elizabeth Bond Mary Clare Bonham Norman Irving Broadwater Muriel Frances Brockman Mary Elizabeth Brooks Eleanor Alice Broome Margaret Washington Brown Herbert Gabriel Carhart, Jr. Berniece Brown Chambers
Mary Alice Clark
Alexander Slater Clarke
Jane Mary Cooper
Robert Vigert Cormack Ploomie Elva Criner

Ann E. Criswell
Joseph McLain Crockett
William Earl Dixon
Rose Veronica Doyno
Sidney Tzvie Efross
Margaret Ann Engel
Garland William Fairbanks
Rosadean Flaks
Leonard Stanley Freedman
Frances Eileen Long Freet
Elsie May Flom
Ellen Frances Gray
Arla Georgeanna Guild
Oliver Robert Guyther
Dagmar Barbro Hansson Pauline Hardy
Carl August Harris
Vernon Thomas Hart
David Saul Hurwitz
Bernard M. Hyatt
Delno Edward Ingram
Robert Edward Inman
Betty Cecile Jacoby
Marie Marilyn Janof
Miriam Dianna Kellman
Charlotte Melcher Kidd
Dorothea Theresa Kilmai

Walter Owen Koehler
Mary Virginia Langbein
Joseph Ganam Lindamood, Jr.
Nancy Masters
Marjory Jean Mattingly
Marjory Jean Matting
Ernest Ray Mattoon
Ernest Ray Mattoon
Thomas Stephen McCeney
Alma R. Merican
Frank Savage Mervine
Muriel Ellen Miller
Ruth Morgan
John Neumann
Jeannette Owen
Bertha Ann Paterson
Dorothy Lee Powell
Mary-Stuart Montague Price
Florence Primm
Jacqueline Anne Pritchett
Daniel G. Rice, Jr.
Nelle Price Robertson
Jacob N. Rothstein

Doyle Preston Roya Nancy Tyler Royal Mary Ellen Ruff Irene Jean Scher Kathryn Gertrude Sheely Shirley Cynthia Sherman Loy Monroe Shipp, Jr. Magdalena Martha Siposs Martha Ladd Sparhawk William Perry Stedman, Jr. William Selby Stewart George Ely Suser William Ellsworth Tolley Robert James Torvestad Florence Eleanor Trinkle Frederic Benson Warder, Jr. Ruth May Weinstein Sonia Weisberg
Mildred Anita White George Blaine Wix

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES
Bachelor of Science

Ellsworth George Acker
Norman H. Alshan
Jeanne Dorothy Amlicke
John Louis Apuzzio
Joseph Stanley Ardinger, Jr.
Frederick Louis Bach, Jr
James Baido
David Hargis Barker
Houston Lesher Bell
Walter Jose Benavent Elmar Bernard Berngartt
Alfred Dement Bonifant
Gilbert Canter Bowen
Raymond Bradshaw, Jr.
Herbert Gibbs Brandes
Richard James Brown
Louise Paddon Buckner
Francis Vernon Burke Marguerite Elsie Burr
Robert Francis Byrne
George Russell Callender, Jr.

David Harry Chambers
Paul Chmar
Edmund Parker Churchill, Jr.
Davis Hall Corkran
Gilbert Herbert Cullen
Harry Kirk Dansereau
Joseph Louis Dantoni
John Murray Dennis
Patricia Dodd
Charles Manley Dodson
William Milton Eareckson, III
William Carl Ebeling, III
Bertram Joseph Frankel
Franklyn Drennan Gassaway
Doris Louise Gerwig
Henry Glassner
Daniel Ware Goldman
Eleanor Louise Gordner
Larry Quentin Green
Albert C. Herrmann
Frederick Landis Hill

Betty Elaine Hoffmaster
James Eden Horn
Robert Wanton Ireland
Irwin Seymour Jacobs
Alexander Palmer Kelly, Jr.
Catherine Elizabeth Kurzenknabe
David Raymond Lawrie
Daniel Bair Lemen
Charles Teddy Lempke
Charles Milton Linthicum
Alan Campbell Macpherson
Mary Katherine Martin
George Alexander Maxwell, Jr.
Ula Virginia Maxwell
Margaret Elizabeth McCathran
Elizabeth Jane McCauley
Donald Willis Mintzer Joseph Herman Mintzer William Henry Mosberg, Jr. Paul Woolever Newgarden, II Richard Baxter Norment, III
Alfred Simpson Norton
Allen Jay O'Neill
Vitale Xavier Paganelli
Richard Merle Peck
Edwin Lowell Pierpont
Robert Lee Porter
Mildred Radin
Mark Raum

Kienneth Albert Richer Lugene John Riley ITargaret Eagle Roelke Harry Franklin Rolfes Ruth Eleanor Schene Charles Edward Shaw, Jr George Murray Simons Walter Karl Spelsberg Stanley Herbert Steinberg William Herman Stellhorn, Jr. Frederick Louis Stichel, Jr. Miriam Elizabeth Stultz Lorraine Long Thomas Clarence Ashton Thumm, Jr. Mary Louise Touchet Dominick Robert Traina Max Tryon
Roy B. Turner, Jr. Homer Edward Uhland Milton H. vanden Berg Raymond Albert Watson William Edward Waxter Harvey O'Neil Webster, Jr. Gunther Adolf Werner William Fringer Wheeler Frances Danby Williams Charles Randolph Wolfe Janet Eugenia Wyvell Mary Agnes Yeager

COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

## Bachelor of Science

Charles Ralph Barker, Jr. Joseph George Berlin Abraham William Birnbaum Thomas Earle Bourne, Jr. Walter E. Christmas James Richard Coffman Martin Irving Collins A. Budd Cutler

Burton Fairall Davis
David Messick Dayton
James Elmer Degges, Jr. John Jenkins Dobler, II William Leslie Ellis

Harry Drew Fisher William J. Fulton Clemens Weaver Gaines Charles Pearson Gay, Jr. Norman Milton Glasgow William Martin Goldenzweig Harry Randolph Gordon Thornton Francis Green David Harry Greenberg Kenneth Delos Hall Robert Braden Hammond Joseph Charles Harry William Cramer Heathcote

Herman Farr Kaiser
Sylvan L. Katz
James Nolan Kinsel ${ }^{-}$
William Hubert Krehnbrink
Williald Edward Lacey
Thomas Joseph Lanahan, Jr.
Saul Laniado
Saul Laniado
Harrison Lee
Walter Ridgely Longa
Robert George Mahon
William Henry Mattingley, Jr.
Anne Louise Maxwell
Anift McKinney
Swift McKinney
John Frederick Miller
Kobert Morgan Miller
Keith Nicholas Montgome
John Joseph Murphy,
Donald Elliott Newell
Robert Willms Petzo
Page Boyd Pratt
John Frank Rabai
Alexander S. Rabins
Alexander S. Rabins Oakley Roach, Jr.
Edward Charles Robinson
Norman Philip Rosenfield
Russell Melvin Rumpf
Clarence Albert Schauman, Jr.
John Reed Scott, Jr.
John Reed Scott, Jr.
Wendell Ellsworth Shawn, Jr.
Norman Starr Sinclair
James Gibbons Sneeringer George Francis Sprott Edward Harris Steinberg John Kefauver Tate Daniel Cleveland Triplett
Bernard Ulman, Jr.
Carl Elmer Vincent
Reginald Charles Vincent Frederick Ernest Wurzbacher, Jr.

## SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY

Doctor of Dental Surgery
Murray Birghenthal Mont Morris Gardner
John Pershing Bievins
David Randall Book
Frank Jackson Bryce
Asher Burton Carey, Jr.
Asher Burton Carey, Jr.
William Page Carter,
John Costa Carvalho
Oscar Check
Irving Jay Cierler
William Cirrito
George Peter Cook
Harry Wolf Cooper
Leo Joseph Czachorowski, Jr. George Marinus DeYoung Charles L. DiGristine James Vincent DiTrolio James Vincent Didney Manuel Dulberg Sidney Man
Lepo Eff
Joseph Anthony Emburgia Irving Feigenbaum
Milton Feldman
Leo Fishman

Mont Morris Gardner
Willard Theodore Greene
Albert Bernard Greifer
Albert Bernard Joel Hauss
Howard Joel Haus
Stanley H. Heller
Paul Alden Herman
Morton Kaufman
Joseph Klein
Seymour Stanley Klinger
Hyman Kraman
Leonard Krugman
Jack Kushner
Lester Langel
George Porter Leatherbury
George Pilliam Glenwood Lee William Glenwood Lee Arthur J. Lepine
Lawrence Bertram Levine
Herbert Stanley Levy Lewis Simpson Libby, Jr.

Michael Peter Liloia Alfred Albert Martino Calvin Mass
Joseph Masserman
Kenneth Stuart McAtee
Richard Sterling Mehring
John White Menius, Jr.
Philip Nussbaum
John Owen O'Meara
Vincent Robert Onesti
Philip Pedinoff
Harry George Pfeffer James Thomas Reilly
Maurice C. Robinson
Kalman Morris Rosenberg
Mortimer Rosenfeld
Norman Harold Rubin
William Rubin
Donald Gerow Russell
Alexander Schechter

David Bytovetzski Scot Justin Manfred Seides Sylvan Myron Elliott Shane Daniel Shaw
Robert Theodore Shilkret Thomas Rex Simpson Marvin Skowronek
Russell Phillips Smith, Jr.
Eugene Spanier
Riley Eugene Spoon, Jr.
Martin Stern
Sidney Sucoll
William Massie Tunstall, Jr. Alberto José Walsh Benjamin Miller Watson Milton Snell Wilkinson Anthony Peter Yablonski Marvin Sigmond Yalovitz Julius Zahn
John B. Zimmerman

## COLLEGE OF EDUCATION

## Bachelor of Arts

Lottie Stevenson Adkins
B. Bernard Cohen

Anthony Louis de Christopher
Mary Dunn
John Thomas Franey
Ramon Grelecki
Janet Heggie
Mari M. Ellicott Hess Charles Lingo Hudson
Lucille Humphreys
Glennis Lundberg Kabat
Irvin W. Katz

Alma Barbara Laurer Audrey Betty Levy Judson Duley Lincoln Ernest Alvin Loveless, Jr.
Harry Jack Mier, Jr.
Harriet Eleanor Morris
Emma W. Rawlings
Samuel William Seidel
Mary George Stavropoulos
Elizabeth Laura Stratmann
Barbara Jane Wagner
Frank Frederick White, Jr.
Bachelor of Science
Saville Mathews Allnut
Loretta Joy Ashby
Alice Harper Bailey
Gladys Marie Beall
Mary Elizabeth Beard Mary Mildred Frances Beck Elisabeth Benner
Marian Birch

Margaret Mary Blocher Margaret Elizabeth Bouton Ellen Hooe Bowling
Sara Elizabeth Bowlus
Theresa Elizabeth Brinsfield
Frances Louise Brown
Mabel Catherine Burke
Elva Rebecca Butler

Betty Hopkins Callahan Patrick Joseph Carolan Louis George Chacos Mary Josephine Chapman Grace Irene Cookson Grace Irene Cook Cromwell Mildred Virginia Cromwell William Walter Culler, Preston James Daisey Leviah Williams Daniel Levn Alexander Dilgard Ana Kennedy Downs Edna Kennedy Durr Edwena Scott D Laura R. Durst Edith May English Thomas Hargett Horine Everhart Catherine Faulkner
Catherine Filer
Grace E. Filer
Mary Edna Fleming
Lillian Ozzella Forsythe
Catherine Anne Gannon
Mildred Pauline Garvin
Francis Gill
Gloria I. Gottlieb
Katharine L. Gough
Abraham Granek
Hilda Brandenburg Greene Anne Ruth Greenwald Herbert Joseph Gunther Mary Elizabeth Hanson Lillian L. Harvey
Margaret Lee Hatcher Maria Elizabeth Hearne Dorothy Donaldson Hendrix Conrad Hohing, Jr. Malinda Bennett Holland Joseph Luther Hoopengardner, J Margaret Sampson Ingles Hazel Inskeep
George William Jarmoska
Martha Roberta Jones
Frederick William Kaufman
Emmett Patrick Kavanaugh, Jr.
Frances Jones Keenan
Frances Marie Keesee
Helen Irene King

Olive Elizabeth King
Margaret Menefee Kline
Catharine Elizabeth Krafft
Gladys Irene Lam
Clara Berry Leonard
Katherine Marshall Leonard
Parepa Fidelia Linthicum
Margaret Morgan Lippy
Mary Margaret Longridge
Harriet Ellen Magness
Robert Lee Maisel
Robert Lee Maisel
Margaret Rose Ma
Amy E. L. Mason
Everett Stewart McCauley
Alice Anna McCormick
Arnold Mermelstein
Edna Marie Michael
Catherine Mileto
Hilda Jane Moore
Dorothy Mudd
Addie Moore Mumford
Eleanor Haggett Murphy
Ruby Welker Myers
Wilma Constance Myers
Clifford LeRoy Nelson, Jr.
Willa Lee Ott
Alex Passen
Margaret Powell Payne
Edna Irene Peters
Novella Harner Phillips
Sallie Rae M. Phillips
Elmer Luther Poffenberger
Elizabeth Smith Pumphrey Patricia Elizabeth Captolia Richards
Pearl Josephine Romm Helen Mae Rudy
Maurice Herbert Schreiber Howard Ferdinand Schwarz Annette Shalowitz Virginia Sharp Shinn Dorothy Elise Shue
Herbert Silver
Evelyn Smith
Klora Estella Smith
Mary Jane Smith Kathryn Alma Snook

Jessie Gallahan Soper
Kathryn Elizabeth Soper Nellie Ida Speicher
Margaret Stevens Stack
Clara Beattie Stauffer
Isadore Loy Stein Samuel Carl Sterling
Margaret Ellen Harriet Stevens
Lottie Simmons Stoker
Elizabeth Baughman Swisher

Lida Maye Testerman
Anna H. Thomas James Gale Townsend Louise-Marie Umali Mary Margaret Vandegrift Clara Gertrude Weller Virginia Jane White Phyllis Edna Harvey-Williams Electa Jane Williamson Cynthia Quackenbush Wilmer

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

## Bachelor of Science

Redfield Wilmerton Allen Richard Walter Armstrong Elwood Bates
Clarence Edward Becker
Anson Wesley Biggs
Richard R. Bransdorf
David Timothy Brown
Ralph Mosher Burlin
Fitzhugh Taliaferro Clark Donald Dwight Davis
Andrew Stilley Deming, Jr.
Leland Arthur De Pue
Charles Raymond Dietz
Howard Frederick Emrich, Jr.
David Alexander Falck
Louis Flax
Samuel Fradin
Richard Harrison Funke, Jr.
Charles Luther Gransee
Morris William Green
John Charles Hamilton
Norman Edward Hathaway
Charles Raymond Hayleck, Jr.
Charles Fiske Hochgesang
Leon Davis Hoffman, Jr.
Edwin William Inglis
Robert Newton Just
Irving Kabik
Elliott Katzen
Howard Lee Keller
Richard Henry Kent
Jackson Arthur Kessinger

Guy Senseny Kidwell, Jr. William O’Connor King Frederick Henry Kohloss Tolbert Harding Konigsberg Harry Sylvester Leasure, Jr. George William Lewis, Jr.
Charles Cooke Love
Angelo Louis Lozupone Edward Warren Lusby Edmund Frank Magill Joseph Valentine Mariner, Jr. James Nathan Marsden Paul Rhodes Mattix, Jr. Russell Whitney McFall Robert Clifton McKee Daniel Merritt McNally John T. Mitchell, Jr. George Joseph Newgarden, III Emmet Dennis Owens Arnold George Rawling George Eugene Reynolds, Jr. Robert Matthew Rivello George Victor Rodgers Hugo Grotius Sheridan, Jr. Paul Johnson Smith Burton Solomon
James Robert Spicer John Robert Spielman Willis Ray Stafford, Jr. George Ray Stuntz, Jr. Henry Gilbert Thompson John Bonar Tucker

Kenneth Macmillan Uglow, Jr. Guy Norman Ullman, II James Edward Updegraff, Jr. Edward Joseph Warren Harry Boss Weaver George Conner Webster

Harry Kennady Wells Donald Parker Whittemore Leonard Frederick Williams Seymour David Wolf Robert Hugh Yeatman Willis Harold Young, Jr.

## COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS

## Bachelor of Science

arian Louise Beck
Phyllis Beilock
Shirley Luella Bennett
Mary Margaret Bohanan
Elizabeth Marie Burke
Betty Burner
Joyce Anne Cafferty
Eileen Beryl Carr
Mary Charlotte Farrington Chaney Jane Almy Chapin Ruth Cohen
Marjorie Louisa Cook
Lois Roberta Davis
Mary Jane Dawson
Elizabeth Jean Donahue
Frances Jean Dunberg
Betty Lou Fike
Evelyn Mary Foerster
Anna Rebecca Freeman
Rita Christine Frey
Mary Hilda Gautier Jennette Lucile Giovannoni Beulah May Gisriel Doris Marie Green Elizabeth S. Haas Mary D. Harris Mary Catherine Henley Frances Evelyn Hidnert Nancy Brandes Holland Shirley Claire Hubel Mary Anne Hunter Louise Allene Jones Mary Jeannette Kaylor Velma Jeanne Kepner

Myrtle Jean Killingsworth
Mabel Klebold
Carlyn Beatrice Lowe
Shirley McKay
Marilyn Gene Mason
Helen Louise McDaniel
Miriam Rose Mednick
Caroline Tandy Meng
Esther Gulick Mooney
Ellen C. Notz
Jane Bradley Park
Sylvia Perlstein
Jean Murday Persons
Nancy Jean Phillips
Rosaleen Bernardeth Pifer
Margaret Price
Catherine Marianna Ritchie
Katherine Lucy Rolph
Dorothy Alice Rundles
Jean Frances Sexton
Ruth Anne Sleeman
Reta Elizabeth Isele Smith
Lora Marie Stauber
Lois Gertrude Suit
Doris Mae Thompson Ruth Marie Volland Charlotte Elizabeth Warthen Elizabeth Eileen Wascher Charlotte Elissa Weikinger Harriet Titus Whitson Doris Adele Wood Elizabeth Jean Wood Anne Lacy Young Irene Florence Zaladonis

Leroy Stanley Applefeld
*Margaret Elizabeth Coon
Charles Thomas Iubin
*George Christian Evering
Donald Harrison Frye William Larkin Gardner John Silvio Guandolo *Dorothy Eileen Holden Evelyn Marnay LaNeve Eugene Pomeroy Martin, Jr.

## SCHOOL OF LAW

Bachelor of Laws
Joseph Vernon Niemoeller
${ }^{*}$ Francis Edward Rugemer
Archibald Leon Russell
Edward Melvin Seidl
Samuel Louis Silber
George Raymond Stevens:
Ernest Morris Thompson
George Bothwell Watson
*Mary Howard Whaley

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

Alberto Lotfalla Adam
Marcus Lafayette Aderholdt, Jr Richard Charles Allsopp Ramon Ignacio Almodovar Emory Forester Baker
John David Barnes
Robert Zinn Berry
James Wooten Bizzel
Charles Vernon Bowen, Jr.
Thomas Joseph Brennan
Sherman Simons Brinton
Ralph King Brooks
Ross Chilton Brook
William James Bryson
Ralph Stallings Chenowith
Harry Cohen
John Benedict Coughlin
Donald Lawrence Courtney
Philip Crastnopol
Benedict Albert Cusani
Miguel Sebastian Dalmau William Joseph Graham Davis John Daniel Diorio
Thomas Benjamin Dunne William Robert Eaton
John Wallace Walker Epperson Richard Lowman Fowler
Samuel Lawson French
Paul Norman Friedman

* With honor.

Alfred Selman Garrison Tony Robert Giglia, Jr. Raymond Bernard Goldberg Jose Ignacio Grave de Peralta David Benoni Gray William Baker Hagan
Frank Stanley Hassler, III
Alvin Herbert Honigman
William Jack Hunt
William Romulus Jenkins
Robert Franklin Keadle
Robert Charles LaMar, Jr
Ferdinand Wayne Lee
Richard Quarles Lewis
Robert Charles Livingstone Paul George Lukats
Charles Renwick MacDonald
Joseph Charles Matchar
Marcy Emory McMillan, Jr
Vincent James Mele, Jr.
Nestor Hernan Mendez
James Delmar Miller
Robert Virginius Minervini
John David Morris
Henry Musnick
Joseph Carl Myers
Kenneth Powell Nash
Charles Amos Neff
Maria Amalia Pare

Frank Strong Parrott Enrique Perez
Henry Baker Perry, Jr. Preston Horsley Peterson Joseph Emmett Queen Raymond Veto Rangle Josephine Elizabeth Renshaw Granville Hampton Richards Martin Albert Robbins Louis Nathan Rosenstein Earl Linwood Royer Richard Sprogoe Rude Seymour Sacks
Irving Leonard Samuels Nathaniel Sharp John Wiltshire Sigler
Marta Emilia Soler-Favale
Andrew Allan Spier
Harold Rellinger-Stafford
Edwin Harvey Stewart, Jr.

Howard William Stier James Ernest Stoner, Jr. Irving Julian Taylor Jose Manuel Torres Charles Weldon Trader Robert Boone Tunney Stephen Joseph Van Lill, III Joseph Gregory Varhol, Jr. Irvin Louis Wachsman Samuel Haywood Walker Frank Orville Warren, Jr. Thomas Clyde Webster Maurice Richard Weiss Joseph Carlton Wich Oliver Wayne Williamson Thomas Leslie Wilson Robert Edward Wise Arthur Overton Wooddy David Kuykendall Worgan Leonard Emory Yurko

## SCHOOL OF NURSING

Graduate in Nursing

Jane Elizabeth Adams
Mary Evelyn Allen Ethel Webster Beard Irma LeNora Bennington Ada Brown
Rebecca Brown
Marguerite Elsie Burr Florence Estelle Darden Estelle Neel Davis Amy DeShane Perry Ruth Dougher Evelyn Doloris Eselhorst Martha Carroll Fanning Ruth Elizabeth Forsyth Doris Louise Gerwig Eloise Josephine Goode Eleanor Louise Gordner Elizabeth Harlan Phyllis Moore Holbrook Sarah Hollister Bernice Horner Miriam Elisabeth Hutchins Betty Mae James

Francis Jones
Catherine Elizabeth Kurzenknabe
Clara Gertrude Lebeck
Ula Virginia Maxwell
Idona Elizabeth Mehring
Mary Michael
Ruth Michaels
Ruth M. Misener
Pauline Moore
Marguerite Pannill
Shirley Virginia Pratt
Thelma Ann Price
Clara Roberts
Margaret Eagle Roelke
Maria Sagardia
Rita Dorothy Schwinger
Margaret Florence Sellner
Elizabeth Jane Smith
Miriam Elizabeth Stultz
Helen Wellham
Anna Wiegert
Frances Danby Williams
Susan Margaret Yeager

## Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy

Leonard Applebaum
Albert Julius Blankman
Gilbert Morris Carouge
James Phillip Cragg, Jr.
Herbert Ehudin
Frederick Robert Haase
Alfred Klotzman
Beryle Philip Kremer
Leo Baden Lathroum, Jr
Evelyn Shirley Levin
Harold Paul Levin
Morton Myers
Leonard Rodman
Robert Rosenberg

Benjamin Scheinin
Nathan Schwartz
Theodore H. Schwartz
Joseph Shear
Alvin M. Siegel
Alder Irvin Simon
Melvyn M. Sindler Morton Smith
Norman Sober
Sherman Steinberg Hamilton Boyd Wylie, Jr.
Jack Joseph Yarmosky
Benjamin Yevzeroff

HONORS, MEDALS AND PRIZES-1941-1942 Elected Members of Phi Kappa Phi, Honorary Society

Isobel Adkins
Katherine Ellen Barker
Fred Frank Bartel
Harry Arthur Boswell
Martha Elizabeth Bowling
Albert Joseph Carry
George Robert Cook
John Edward Cordyack
M. Elizabeth Funk

Francis Vernon Getty Gurney Lindale Godwin Russell Howard Goff Sol Howard Goodgal Jerome Winston Grollman Stuart Haywood Anne Ghantt Hoen Harry Marshall Hutson Irene E. Kuslovitz Carolyn Lacey
Cecil Roscoe Martin
Doris Helen McFarland Samuel Varick Moore

Cecil Virginia Myers Merl D. Myers Benjamin Morris Owens Katherine Perkins Edward Hector Price Marjorie Stinson Reside George Bergin Reynard Morris Roseman Robert Welsh Russell Ann Elizabeth Ryon Jacob Calvin Siegrist Hiram Henry Spicer, III Helen Duer Stephens Charlotte Mae Stubbs Ruth Lee Thompson Edythe M. Turner Dorothy Werth Roscoe Newton Whipp Charlotte Blake White Phillip Jerome Wingate William Bruce Yowell, Jr.

Citizenship Medal, Offered by Dr. H. C. Byrd, Class of 1908 William Addison Holbrook
Citizenship Prize, Offered by Mrs. Albert F. Woods Ruth Lee Thompson

Athletic Medal, Offered by the Class of 1908 Ralph Mosher Burlin
Maryland Ring, Offered by Charles L. Linhardt Mearle Daniel DuVall

Goddard Medal, Offered by Mrs. Anne K. Goddard James Levin Barnett Broughton

Sigma Chi Freshman Medal Sidney Herman Sachs

Delta Delta Delta Sorority Medal Ruth Margaret Blackwell

Medai and Junior Membership, Offered by the American Institute of Chemists Edward Hector Price

Dinah Berman Memorial Medal, Offered by Benjamin Berman Felix Joseph Cardegna

Mortar Board Cup Charlotte Mae Stubbs

Honor Key, Offered by the Class of 1926 of the School of Business Administration Albert Joseph Carry

Omicron Nu Sorority Medal Mary Alice Spielman

Service Award, Offered by the Staff of Office of Dean of Women Mary Virginia Powell

Bernard L. Crozier Award
Thomas McDowell Rives, Jr.
American Society of Civil Engineers Award Fred Shulman

Tau Beta Pi Award
Tolbert Harding Konigsberg
Alpha Lambda Delta Sorority Award Charlotte Mae Stubbs
The Charles B. Hale Dramatic Award Walter Lee Neal
Sigma Alpha Omicron Award Irene E. Kuslovitz

Hillegeist Memorial Award Cecil Roscoe Martin
Edward Powell Lacrosse Trophy William Alan McGregor, Jr.
Louis W. Berger Baseball Trophy James Henry Wharton
Diamondback Award, for Outstanding Football Player Ralph Mosher Burlin
The Diamondback Medals
Marvin Morris Polikoff
Helen Alice James
Alan Louis Sagner
Doris Helen McFarland
Preathed Hutson, Jr. Charles Batchelder Raymond Rosalie Thornton Lyon

The Terrapin Medals
Gerald Eugene Prentice
Paul Donathan McCloskey
Ruth Lee Thompson
George Cassity Pendleton
Dorothy Anne Aiello
William Rowland Maslin
The Old Line Medals
John Douglass Wallop, III
Carolyn Lacey
Walter Joseph Kerwin, Jr.
Neal LeRoy Hathaway
Cecil Roscoe Martin
Norman Edward Hathaway
Governor's Drill Cup
Company K, commanded by Cadet Captain Theodore Merriam Vial
Third Platoon, Company L, commanded by C
Robert Driscoll by Cadet Second Lieutenant Robert Driscoll Condon

Military Medal, Offered by the Class of 1899
Cadet James Polk LaCroix, Jr.
Pershing Rifles Medals to the Members of the Best Drilled Squad

> Second Squad, Third Platoon, Company B,
commanded by Cadet Sergeant Peter Fancis Vial
Military Department Gold Medal to Individual Firing High Score on Varsity Rifle Team
Cadet Ulrich Aloysius Geller
Military Department Gold Medal to Individual Firing High Score
on Freshman Team

Cadet Stephen Tyree Early, Jr.
Gold Medal to Individual Winning the Mehring Trophy Rifle Competition
Cadet Ulrich Aloysius Geller
Mehring Trophy Rifle Competition Silver Medal to Individual

## Showing Greatest Improvement

Cadet Levin Barnett Broughton
Third Corps Area, William Randolph Hearst Trophy Rifle Match Awards for Second Place
Cadet Ulrich Aloysius Geller Cadet Stephen Tyree Early, Jr. Cadet Paul Woolever Newgarden Cadet Joseph Murray Decker
Cadet Dorsey Meredith Owings
Third Corps Area, William Randolph Hearst Trophy Rifle Match Awards for Third Place
Cadet Walter Hammond Wessels
Cadet Conrad Hohing, Jr.
Cadet Henry James Greenville
Cadet Robert Matthew Rivello

## National Intercollegiate, Shoulder to Shoulder Rifle Match

 Bronze Medals for Third PlaceCadet Ulrich Aloysius Geller Cadet Joseph Murray Decker Cadet Paul Woolever Newgarden Cadet Robert Delafield Rands, Jr.
Cadet Dorsey Meredith Owings

Felt Shields to Members of the R. O. T. C. Riffe Team and Managers for Rifle

Cadet Ulrich Aloysius Geller Cadet Dorsey Meredith Owings Cadet Joseph Murray Decker Cadet Robert Delafield Rands, Jr. Cadet Paul Woolever Newgarden Cadet George Joseph Newgarden, III Cadet Robert Harold Benson
Cadet Levin Barnett Broughton
Cadet Clifton Bradford Currin
Cadet Robert Matthew Rivello Cadet Stephen Tyree Early, Jr. Cadet Conrad Hohing, Jr. Cadet Hilton Lee Carter Cadet Henry James Greenville Cadet Walter Hammond Wessels Cadet Vernon LeRoy McKinstry Cadet Bastian Hello

Fifth Regimental Drill Meet, National Society of Pershing Rifles Award

Company C
Fifth Regimental Rifle Match Trophy, National Society of Pershing Rifles
Company C
War Department Award of Commissions as Second Lieutenant, United States Army

Isadore Hotsy Alperstein<br>Tarleton Smith Bean, Jr.<br>Charles Rawlings Beaumont, Jr. Frank Lawrence Bentz, Jr. Harry Arthur Boswell Rodney Leonard Boyer J. C. Bray<br>Frank Gilbert Carpenter Robert Driscoll Condon George Robert Cook John Francis Curtin, Jr. Robert Lee Dorn Bruce Allan Douglas Neal Dow, Jr. James Edward Dunn Mearle Daniel Duvall Harold Elwood Earp, Jr. John Dechert Eyler, Jr. Thomas McCoy Fields Theodore Eiswald Fletcher, Jr. Thomas Crawford Galbreath Daniel Leonard Gendason Walter Kingsley Grigg, Jr. Joseph Lane Gude<br>\section*{Robert Dale Hall}<br>Phillip Charles Heath<br>Jeremiah Collins Hege Robert Charles Henry Fred Carlisle Hicks, Jr. William Addison Holbrook, Jr. Lloyd Gordon Huggins Vincen Joshua Hughes, Jr. Paul Breathed Hutson, Jr. Robert Settle Insley Charles Richard Jubb, Jr. Walter Joseph Kerwin, Jr Lawrence MacKenzie Donald Richard Magruder James Edwin Malcolm William Rowland Maslin James Elden McFarland, Jr. William Alan McGregor, Jr. Vernon LeRoy McKinstry J. Paul McNeil Samuel Varick Moore George Cassity Pendleton Samuel L. Pfefferkorn, Jr. Gerald Eugene Prentice

Edward Hector Price Edward August Rausch, Jr. Charles Batchelder Raymond Charles Sam Reid
Frank Sam Reid Harry Rimmer
Hary Robert Warvey Schoenhaar John Lester Scott
John Lester Sco
Orville Cresap Shirey
Joseph Alvin Sirkis
Robert Herman Smith, Jr.

Robert Edward Stalcup Theodore John Stell Touis Martin Tierney William Reeves Tilley William Reeves Valentine Arthur Howard Valentine
Warren Francis Vandervoort Warren Francis Vander Theodore Merriam Vial Hugh McKerrence Wannall George Lawr Welling Mordecai Gist Welling James Henry Wharton Thomas Theodore Witkowski Robert Raines Ziegele
honorable mention

## College of Agriculture

 Merl D. Myers, Robert Hicks McKay, Jacob Calvin SieFirst Honors.....Mer 1 . Moscoe Newton Whipp, Frank Lawrence Bentz, gri, Mathew Franklin Elimore.Jr., Matthew Franklin El
Second Honors...Frank Sam Reid, Rudolph Solomon, John Jones Smoot, Melvin James Bradley.

College of Arts and Sciences
First Honors.....Irene E. Kuslovitz, Cecil Roscoe Martin, Edward Hector
First Honors.....Irene E. Harry Marshall Hutson, Jerome Winston GrollPrice, Harry Marshan Barker, William Bruce Yowell, Jr., man, Katherine Ellen Barker, An Elizabeth Ryon, Talmadge Stanley Thompson, Any Katharine Perkins, George Robert Cook, Carolyn Lacey, Koy Guyther, Sol Annarose Catherine
Howard Goodgal, Ann Ghantt Hoen. Brooke, Edith Holt,
Second Honors...Russell Howard Goff, Lillian Boggs, Norma Louise Samuel Cohen, Math Leila Eves, Roy Stuart Ramsey. Thompson, Elizabeth Leila Eves, Roy Jr., LaRhett Livingston Stuart, Jr., Resalie Thornton Lyon, van, Anne Cary Rebecca Alden Tucker, Nancy Jeanne Duby, Erma Kathryn Hughes.

College of Commerce Arthur Boswell, Samuel
First Honors.....Albert Joseph Carry, Harry Arthur Boswell, Samuel Varick Moore, Hiram Henry Spicer, Reside, Paul Donathan McCloskey.

Second Honors...Robert Stanley Cartee, Jr., John Douglass Wallop, III, Robert Marshall Moseley, William Carter Pennington, Lowell Truscott Keagy.

## College of Education

First Honors..... Charlotte Mae Stubbs, Isobel Adkins, Martha Elizabeth Bowling, Helen Duer Stephens, Cecil Virginia Myers, Charlotte Blake White, Olivia Kerby Sims, Josephine Eleanora Wilson, Francis Vernon Getty, Morris Roseman.
Second Honors...Effie Orra Thomas, Joseph Ernest Gerstell, Betty Deloris Hall, Mary Carter Dillon, Doris Wood, Caroline McGill, Sevier Semmes Baumer, Elias Cohen, Catherine Audrey Stewart.

## College of Engineering

First Honors.....Stuart Haywood, Frank Gilbert Carpenter, John Edward Cordyack, Robert Welsh Russell, Gurney Lindale Godwin, Benjamin Morris Owens.

Second Honors...Vahl Elbert Underwood, James Edwin Malcolm, Jeremiah Collins Hege, Arthur Howard Valentine, Thomas McDowell Rives, Jr.

## College of Home Economics

First Honors.....M. Elizabeth Funk, Doris Helen McFarland, Dorothy Werth, Ruth Lee Thompson, Mary Johnston Davidson.
Second Honors... Mary Bessant Latimer, Agnes Louise Marks, Jessie Wallace Halstead, Alice Katherine Fisk, Louise Bendette Ladd.

## School of Dentistry

University Gold Medal for Scholarship
Riley Seth Williamson, Jr.

> Certificates of Honor
> Lewis Cole Toomey
> Harold Schwartz

Donald Hovis Towson Samuel Leonidas King Stewart Everson

School of Law
Elected to the Order of the Coif
Richard Werber Case Joseph Harold Grady

Alumni Prize for the Best Argument in the Honor Case in the Practice Court
Richard Werber Case

HONORS AWARDED, 1941-1942
George O. Blome Prizes to Representatives on the Honor Case in

Richard Werber Case
Louis Glick
the Practice Court
Marvin Mandel
Edward Bernard Reddy

School of Medicine
University Prize Gold Medal
Joseph Whiddon Scott
Certificates of Honor
lexander Emmanuil Brodsky
Patrick C. Phelan, Jr.
Joseph Gordon Bird
The Dr. A. Bradley Gaither Memorial Prize of $\$ 25.00$ for the Best Work in Genito-Urinary Surgery During the Senior Year Otto Charles Phillips

## School of Nursing

The Janet Hale Memorial Scholarship, Given by the University of Maryland Nurses' Alumnae Association, to Pursue a Course in Administration, Supervisory, or Public Health Work at Teachers College, Colarship University, to the Student Having the Highest
Jean Louise Conrad

The Elizabeth Collins Lee Prize to the Student Having the Second
Highest Average in Scholarship
Helen Pauline Cope
The Mrs. John L. Whitehurst Prize for the Highest Average
in Executive Ability
Jean Louise Conrad
The Edwin and Leander M. Zimmerman Prize for Practical Nursing and for Displaying the Greatest Interest and Sympathy for the Patients

Anna Penelope Tucker
The University of Maryland Nurses' Alumnae Association Pin and Membership in the Association, for Practical Nursing and Executive Ability Margaret Matilda Logan

School of Pharmacy
Gold Medal for General Excellence
Warren Eldred Weaver Wilson Monroe Whaley, Jr.

The L. S. Williams Practical Pharmacy Prize Warren Eldred Weaver

The Conrad L. Wich Botany and Pharmacognosy Prize Milton Reisch
Certificates of Honor

Milton Reisch
Sidney Gary Clyman Alice Emily Harrison

## HONORS, MEDALS AND PRIZES-1942-1943

## Elected Members of Phi Kappa Phi, Honorary Society

## Saville Mathews Allnutt

David Hargis Barker
Charles August Bechtold, Jr. Robert Harold Benson
Paul Curtis Betts
Eli Matthew Brown
Margaret Washington Brown Berniece Brown Chambers Edmund Parker Churchill, Jr Benjamin Bernard Cohen Jacquelin Stuart Cooley Charles Raymond Dietz James Paul Duke William Carl Ebeling, III. Leon Goldman
Margaret Towell Goldsmith
Ellen Frances Gray
Ramon Grelecki Elizabeth S. Haase Mary D. Harris Joseph Charles Harry Charles Fiske Hochgesang David Saul Hurwitz Irving Kabik
Mary Catherine Kahl
Richard Henry Kent
Catharine Elizabeth Krafft
Robert Lee Maisel
Marjory Jean Mattingly
Ernest Ray Mattoon

Russell Whitney McFall Robert Clifton McKee Robert Morgan Miller
Joseph Herman Mintzer
Martin Hammond Muma
Harry Ivan Neuman
John William Neumann
Emmet Dennis Owens
Richard Merle Peck
Jean Murday Persons
Robert Willms Petzold
Mildred Radin
Robert Matthew Rivello
Margaret Eagle Roelke
Edgar A. Schaeffer
Irvin Philip Schloss
Hugo Grotius Sheridan, Jr.
Jane Luray Showacre
John Robert Spielman
Stanley Herbert Steinberg
William Ellsworth Tolley
John Bonar Tucker
Kenneth Macmillan Uglow, Jr.
Homer Edward Uhland
Milton H. vanden Berg
George Conner Webster
Alfred C. Whiton
Robert Hugh Yeatman
Edmond Grove Young
Irene Florence Zaladonis

HONORS AWARDED, 1942-1943
Citizenship Prize, Offered by Mrs. Albert F. Woods Nancy Brandes Holland
Goddard Medal, Offered by Mrs. Anne K. Goddard James
Arthur Holcomb Ballard
Delta Delta Delta Sorority Medal
Margaret Ruth Beattie
Medal and Junior Membership, Offered by the American Institute of Chemists
Milton H. vanden Berg
Dinah Berman Memorial Medal, Offered by Benjamin Berman
Miriam Kleeger Gerla
Mortar Board Cup
Catharine Elizabeth Krafft
Omicron Nu Sorority Medal
Ruth Maurine Lingle
Service Award, Offered by the Staff of Office of Dean of Women Bertha Ann Paterson
Bernard L. Crozier Award
Joseph Valentine Mariner
Tau Beta Pi Award
William Earle Sturges, III
The Charles B. Hale Dramatic Awards Arla Georgeanna Guild

Sigma Alpha Omicron Award
Robert Sandler
Hillegeist Memorial Award
Florence Primm
Edward Powell Lacrosse Trophy
Milton H. vanden Berg
The Diamondback Medals
arbert Gabriel Carhart, Jr.
Jane Luray Showacre

Eugene John Sullivan Jacqueline Anstead Brophy

Rosaleen Bernardeth The Terrapin Medals
Joseph McLain Crockett
Jeannette Owen Jenkins

Burton Fairall Davis
Paul Woolever Newgarden
Frederick Miller Johnson
Pauline Hardy
Frederick Louis Bach, Jr
Edward Harris Steinberg
Mildred Anita White
Bertha Ann Paterson
Joseph McLain Crockett

Thomas Allison Ming Football Player of 1942
Gold Medal to Individ
Paul Wor the Mehring Trophy Rifle Competition
A. L. Mehring All-American Silver Medal for Rifle Competition David Fountian Jenkins

The George E. Meeks Memorial Riffe Match Trophy Joseph Murray Decker
The Hearst Memorial Trophy Rifle Match Awards for First Place Joseph Mradford Currin
Ulrich Murray Decker
Paul Woolever Newgarden
Walter Hammond Wessels
The National Intercollegiate Postal Match Awards for First James Lockhart Baker Robert Harold Benson Hilton Lee Carter James Atkins Clark Clifton Bradford Currin Joseph Murray Decker Omus Denitz
arl Walter Eicker First Place
Thomas Walter Eicker
Thomas Richard Hogan
Edwin Jacobsen
David Fountian Jenkins
Dana John Keller
Milton Charles Kurtz
Walter Hammond Wessels
David Miller Abercrombificates of Military Training
John Franklin Adams
Walter Orrin Allen, Jr Julian Bradley Anderson Mervin William Arps, Jr. Stanley Julian Asrael Frederick Louis Bach, Jr. Eugene Filippo Baldi Burton Lee Bank

George Wimmel Barnard, Jr
Richard Alfred Barr
Rollison Hall Baxter
Charles August Bechtold, Jr
Richard Edwin Berger
William Spencer Betts
Herbert Talmadge Beuermann
Anson Wesley Biggs
Robert Byron Bird

Abraham William Birnbaum Richard Brown Blackwell Daniel Underdown Boothe Thomas Earle Bourne, Jr. Donald Mitchell Boyd Edward Lee Boyer Harold Roger Bradshaw Thomas Marshall Brandt John Augusta Brenner Samuel Bernard Burch, Jr Philip Nash Buddington Harry Millaway Butler William Kirkland Byrd Donald Marshall Call, Jr. Felix Joseph Cardegna Richard David Carr Peter John Carroll Nicolas Manrique Cartagena Hilton Lee Carter Giles Leonard Chapin Paul Chmar
James Atkins Clark
Harry Speake Cobey
Alan Kolker Cohen
Luther Burkey Conrad
Jacquelin Stuart Cooley
Robert Vigert Cormack
George Washington Couch, Jr.
Nelson Roger Cox
Charles Willard Crawford
Joseph McLain Crockett
John Yoder Crow William Evans Crow Louis Culiner
Clifton Bradford Currin Charles Covode Davis, Jr. Robert McCloud Davison Franklin Richard Day J. Kirkwood Decker Joseph Murray Decker John Edward deKowzan Robert Curtis Diehl Hugo Gaetano DiMichele Jack Stanley Dittmar John Jenkins Dobler, II Edwin Burton Donaldson, Jr.

Joseph Francis Dougherty Oscar Herbert Du Bois James Paul Duke, Jr. William Dykes Dulaney Rochester Z. DuTeil Roy Stanley Eckert Warren Harding Eierman James David Engle Joseph Robert Esher, Jr. David Robert Fetters Louis Flax
Clemens Weaver Gaines Jack Arthur Gaines Charles Pearson Gay, Jr. Ulrich Aloysius Geller Harold Napoleon Gilbert, Jr. James Joseph Gill John Douglas Gilmore, Jr. Vernon Ragan Gingell Olin Chappell Gochenour William Martin Goldenzweig William Gordon
Irving McKim Gordy, Jr. Francis Alexander Gray, Jr
Ramon Grelecki
Donald Shaeffer Gross
Herbert Joseph Gunther
Thomas Benjamin Hagerman, Jr. James Edward Haines
J. Oakley Hall

Kenneth Delos Hall
Robert Spencer Hall
Herbert Andrew Haller
Daniel Seitz Harbaugh
Herbert William Harden John Philip Hauswald
Norvell Hamner Hawkins William Cramer Heathcote William Paul Helbock Bastian Hello
Robert George Hill, Jr.
Harvey Hodges Holland, Jr.
Jack Witherington Hoskinson
John Harry Hoyert, Jr.
Clark Joseph Hudak
Max VanKuren Hunt

Ellsworth Allen Hurlock, Jr
Robert Wanton Ireland
Thornton Ennells Ireland Robert Chelmers James David Fountian Jenkins Edward McKenna Johnson, Jr Charles Hudson Jones, Jr. Herbert Omar Jones
Richard Nathan Jones
Thomas Wesley Jones
Sylvan L. Katz
James Alexander Kearne Stirling Vincent Kehoe Deane Ellington Keith Howard Lee Keller Edwin Joseph Kelly Guy Senseny Kidwell, Jr. Lester Kiefer
George David Kieffer James Gamble Kinsman James Wellington Kirkpatrick Frederick Henry Kohloss William Hubert Krehnbrink Marvin Joseph Lambert Roberts Edwin Latimer, Jr Audiey Brooks Leaman Harrison Lee John Newman Libby James Paul Libertini Judson Duley Lincoln John Frederick Loos, Jr Carl Gerold Luebben Arthur Eugene Lundvall Alan Campbell Macpherson Robert George Mahon Lloyd Lowndes Mallonee, Joseph Valentine Mariner, Jr James Nathan Marsden Barton Hirst Marshall, Jr William Henry Mattingley, Jr. Paul Rhodes Mattix, Jr Donald Cooper Maxcy Robert Clifton McKee Daniel Merritt McNally Edward Dickinson Meares Alfred Ben Merendino
E. Clark Mester

Harry Jack Mier, Jr
John Frederick Miller John Lawrence Milligan John T. Mitchell, Jr Thomas Allison Mont, Jr. Charles Acker Morell James Casper Myers Geoffrey MacDonald Nairn, Jr William Wallace Nairn, III Anthony Charles Nardo George Joseph Newgarden, III Paul Woolever Newgarden, II John Francis Newman George Nick Nikolopoulos John Gray Norris William Bradford Norris
Byron Hopkins Nuttle
Raymond Merrimen O'Kelly
Juan Luis Oliver, Jr.
Elmer Hammond Owens, Jr
Thomas Alan Payne
Leon Pear
Charles Wesley Pearce Jr
Mervin Leroy Peterson, Jr
George Osbourn Phillips
Edward Richardson Pierce, Jr.
William Hamilton Pindell, Jr.
William Lockhart Port
Kenneth Lester Port
Page Boyd Pratt
Henry John Rassier
Mark Raum
Edward McGee Rider
Andress Owen Ridgway
Orlando Ridout, IV
Elmer Charles Rigby
John Blackstone Riley
Robert Matthew Rivello
Lloyd Wherry Roberts
Samuel Hamilton Rogers, Jr
George Jefferson Ross
Carroll Louis Rowny
Doyle Preston Royal
Julian Roger Sanders
James Baines Saum

Edgar A. Schaeffer Charles Philip Seltzer Robert Willard Senser Loy Monroe Shipp, Jr. Benjamin Stump Silver John Leonard Slade James Gibbons Sneeringer David Maxwell Snyder Burton Solomon
Robert Hoagland Steen Edward Harris Steinberg John Charles Stidman William Codding Stevens William Selby Stewart Draper Krum Sutcliffe Daniel William Talmadge William Lupo Tarbert John Kefauver Tate Philip Wesley Tawes Edmond Gilmore Taylor Preston William Taylor David Dallas Thoma John Edward Thomas, Jr.

Fred Paul Timmerman, Jr. Homer Edward Uhland Bernard Ulman, Jr.
James Edward Updegraff, Jr.
Earle Mason Uzzell
Milton H. vanden Berg Peter Francis Vial Reginald Charles Vincent Frederic Benson Warder Gerard Theodore Warwick Roderick Dows Watson, Jr. Robert Alden Webster, Jr.
Ernest Conrad Wegman Chester Carlton Westfall, Jr. Glen Earl Weston
Richard Lee Whelton Donald Fillmore Whinerey
Douglas Jerome Willey Paul Millard Wimert, Jr. David Kenelm Winslow James Bernard Witkowski
Myron Leonard Wolfson George Gene Younger

## HONORABLE MENTION

## College of Agriculture

First Honors. ....James Paul Duke, Jr., Edgar A. Schaeffer, Irvin Philip Schloss, Harry Ivan Neuman, Robert Harold Benson, Jane Luray Showacre, John Robert Williams.
Second Honors...Paul Curtis Betts, John Hansen Hoffman, Glen Earl Weston, Eugene John Sullivan, Robert Lee Nixon, Jr., Donald Fillmore Whinerey.

## College of Arts and Sciences

First Honors..... David Hargis Barker, Marjory Jean Mattingly, William Ellsworth Tolley, Edmund Parker Churchill, Jr., Charles August Bechtold, Jr., Sidney Tzvie Efross, Margaret Washington Brown, Richard Merle Peck, Stanley Herbert Steinberg, Ellen Frances Gray, Joseph Herman Mintzer, Milton H. vanden Berg, Mildred Radin, Margaret Eagle Roelke, Berniece Brown Chambers, Bernard M. Hyatt.
Second Honors...John William Neumann, Jeanne Dorothy Amlicke, Florence Primm, Homer Edward Uhland, Louise Paddon Buckner, Pauline Hardy, Larry Quentin Green, Ruth

Eleanor Schene, Mary Virginia Langbein, Mary Louise Touchet, Albert C. Herrmann, Alan Campbell Macpherson, Dagmar Barbro Hansson, Ann E. Criswell, Anna Virginia Auslund.

College of Business and Public Administration
First Honors.....Joseph Charles Harry, Robert Morgan Miller, Robert Willms Petzold, John Reed Scott, Jr., A. Budd Cutler, William Martin Goldenzweig.
Second Honors... Wendell Ellsworth Shawn, Jr., Harry Drew Fisher, John Frederick Miller, Thomas Earle Bourne, Jr., Thornton Francis Greene.

College of Education
First Honors.....B. Bernard Cohen, Catharine Elizabeth Krafft, Robert Lee Maisel, Edna Irene Peters, Saville Mathews Allnutt.
Second Honors...Ramon Grelecki, Irvin W. Katz, Parepa Fidelia Linthicum, Olive Elizabeth King.

## College of Engineering

First Honors. .... Kenneth Macmillan Uglow, Jr., Russell Whitney McFall, John Robert Spielman, Hugo Grotius Sheridan, Jr., George Conner Webster, John Bonar Tucker, Irving Kabik, Robert Hugh Yeatman.
Second Honors...Richard Henry Kent, Robert Clifton McKee, Robert Matthew Rivello, Emmet Dennis Owens, Charles Raymond Dietz, Charles Fiske Hochgesang, Leonard Frederick Williams.

College of Home Economics
First Honors.....Elizabeth S. Haase, Mary D. Harris, Irene Florence Zaladonis, Jean Murday Persons, Charlotte Elissa Weikinger, Ellen C. Notz, Mabel Klebold.
Second Honors...Frances Jean Dumberg, Nancy Brandes Holland, Dorothy Alice Rundles, Evelyn Mary Foerster, Charlotte Elizabeth Warthen.

## School of Dentistry

University Gold Medal for Scholarship
Riley Eugene Spoon, Jr.

John Pershing Blevins
Arthur J. Lepine
David Randall Book

Certificates of Honor
Jack Kushner
John White Menius, Jr.

HONORS AWARDED, 1942-1943
School of Law
Elected to the Order of the Coif
Dorothy Eileen Holden Mary Howard Whaley
Mary Howard Whaley

School of Medicine
University Prize Gold Medal
Paul Norman Friedman
Certificates of Honor
Louis Nathan Rosenstein
David Kuykendall Worgan
Philip Crastnopol Kenneth Powell Nash Martin Albert Robbins

The Dr. A. Bradley Gather Memorial Prize for the Best Work in GenitoUrinary Surgery During the Senior Year David Kuykendall Worgan

School of Nursing
The Janet Hale Memorial Scholarship, Given by the University of Maryland Nurses' Alumnae Association, to Pursue a Course in College, Columbia Supervisory, or Public Health Work at Teact Avcrage in Scholarship University, to the Student Loris Louise Gerwig

The Elizabeth Collins Lee Prize to the Student Having the Second Highest Average in Scholarship

Miriam Elisabeth Hutchins
The Mrs. John L. Whitehurst Prize for the Highest Average
in Executive Ability
Maria Teresa Sargardia
The Edwin and Leander M. Zimmerman Prize for Practical Nursing and for Displaying the Greatest Interest and Sympathy for the Patients

Maria Teresa Sargardia
The University of Maryland Nurses' Alumnae Association Pin and Membership in the Association, for Practical Nursing and Executive Abiltiy

Idona Elizabeth Mehring

THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND

School of Pharmacy

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Gold Medals for General Excellence } \\
\text { Joseph Shear }
\end{gathered}
$$

The William Simon Memorial Prize for Proficiency in Practical Chemistry Morton Smith

The L. S. Williams Practical Pharmacy Prize Sherman Steinberg
The Conrad L. Wich Botany and Pharmacognosy Prize Gilbert Morris Carouge

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Morton Smith } \text { Certificates of Honor } \\
& \text { Beryle Philip Krenjamin Scheinin }
\end{aligned}
$$

SUMMARY OF STUDENT ENROLLMENT
377

## SUMMARY OF STUDENT ENROLLMENT

## For the Academic Year 1942-43, as of June, 1943

Resident Collegiate Courses

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three Semesters: <br> Summer, Fall, Spring | College Park | Baltimore | Total Less Duplications |
| College of Agriculture | 313 |  | 313 |
| college of Business and Public |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Administration ..... | 358 |  | 358 |
| School of Dentistry |  | 390 | 390 |
| College of Education | 338 | 290 | 626 (2 dupl.) |
| College of Engineering | 826 | 88 | 826 |
| Graduate School | 272 | 78 | 341 (9 dupl.) |
| College of Home Economics | 289 |  | 289 |
| School of Law |  | 121 | 121 |
| School of Medicine |  | 480 | 480 |
| School of Nursing |  | 172 | 172 |
| School of Pharmacy |  | 149 | 149 |
| Total |  | 1,680 | 5,308 |
| Duplications | 10 | 4 | 72 |
| Total |  | 29 1,676 | 6 5,236 |
| Summer School, 1942. | 324 | 60 | 384 |
| Total |  | 53 1,736 | $6 \quad 5,620$ |
| Duplications | 59 | 25 | 98 ( +11 above) |
| Total Less Duplications |  | 1,711 | 15,522 |

Mining Courses, Western Maryland
2,75Engineering, Defense Extension …......
Short Courses and Conferences

American Home Economics Association.................... 326
Boys' and Girls' Club 4-H Victory Day
Food Conservation Conference
Gardenkeepers' Short Course
Hatchery School
Homemakers' Day
Maryland Congress of Parents and Teachers
Training Women for Farm Labor, Short Course
Turkey Improvement School.
Volunteer Aids in Child Car............................................ 5
Volunteer Aids in Child Care, Short Course.
750
40
38
60
1,850
75
54
25
50
27

Total Short Courses and Conferences........................ 3,295
GRAND TOTAL, All Courses, Baltimore and College Park,
less duplications

## SUMMARY OF STUDENT ENROLLMENT

## For the Academic Year 1943-1944, as of June, 1944

## Resident Collegiate Courses



GRAND TOTAL, All Course Baltimo.................. 851
less duplications

* Four Quarters : Summer, Fall, Winter, Spring
$\dagger$ Three Semesters: Summer, Fall, Spring, except Pharmacy which is four quarters.


## GENERAL INDEX

## Administration

Administration board of regents
officers of administration.
boards and committees (College Park)
officers of instruction (College Park)
administrative organization
buildings, grounds and.
libraries
Admission
methods of admission
subject requirements
certificate, by
physical examinations
transfer, by
classified .1udent ....................
Agencies, Federal, State and Private Research and Regulatory ............. Agents
agents ........... . 319 assistant home demonstration........ 321 county
county
county home demonstration........
local
local home demonstration
Agricultural Adjustment Administra tion
Agricultural Economics ............................................... Agricultural Education ..............53, 178 Agricultural Engineering ............55, 180 five-year program ... Agricultural Experiment Station..... 326 Agriculture, College of................. 46 advisory councils .
chemistry
curricula in
departments
equipment
farm practice ...
regulatory activities.............. requirements for graduation
special students in agriculture......
Agricultural Planning Field Service
Agricultural Planning Field Service.. 335 Agronomy
American Society of Mechanical Engi-
neers, Aviation Division ............ 335
Animal Husbandry ..................59, 183
Applied Science, fellowship in.......... 146
Aquiculture ............................. 305
Art ....................................... $154,185,258$

Arts and Nursing, five-year combined program .
Arts and Sciences, College.................
advisers .................................
degrees
divisions
electives in other colleges and ........ 7
lower division colleges and schools
normal load
requirements ..................................... 7
Astronomy $. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .72,73$
Athletics
Aviation Division, American Society of
Mechanical Engineers ............. 335
B
Bacteriology .......................77, 186 Biochemistry, plant physiology..59, 192, 201 Biological Sciences, division of....... 76 Board of Regents.
Book Store and Post Office...........44, 45 Botany ..................................60, 190 Buildings

60, 190
21, 307
Buildings $\ldots$ C.....................21, 307
Bureau of Control Surveys and Maps. 335 Bureau of Mines..............22, 146, 335
Eastern Experiment Station........ 33 research fellowships in............... 146 Business Administration ..........104, 193


|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

D

Dairy Husbandry Dairy Manufacturing Dairy Plant Inspection Service Defense training-Engineering Degrees and Certificates Delinquent students Dentistry, School of Diamondback
Divisions, College of Arts and Sciences biological sciences humanities
lower division.
physical science
social sciences
Drainage, State Department of Drawing
 admission requiremen agricultural bhemical ................... 134 chemical engineering-chemistry 145,204 civil

## curricula

efense training ......................... 140
drawing
electrical
quipment
experiment station
fire service extension department
general subjects
library
in ................. ${ }^{139}$ master of s
mechanics
mechanical
rofe
shop …...

| $138,144,213$ |
| :--- |
| .....${ }^{135}$ |

urveying
.. 148

English Language and Literature......
Enrollment, student ..............376,
Entomology ...................63, 81,
Entrance .....
Evening courses
Examinations
Expenses...........
Agricultural
staff

staff
F
Faculty ................................ ${ }^{11}$
Farm Forestry
Farm Management .................... 65
Federal, State and Private Agencies.. 335
Feed, Fertilizer, Lime, etc., Service... 331 Fellowships
Fish and Wildlife Service............. . 33
Five-year combined Arts and Nursing
Floriculture .
Food Technolo
Food Technology .......................67, 263
Fod Technology .....................79, 189
Foods and Nutrition................158, 26
Footlight Club
Forestry
Fraternities and Sororit.
French
nch.


Markets, Maryland State Department 329 Marks 335
Maryland Crop Reporting Service...... 26 , 266 Mathematics ...................138, 144, 213 Mechanical Engineers, American So
ciety of, Aviation Divisio Mechanics

Medicine, School of....................... 311
Metallurgical
fellowships in $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .146$
161,271 Military Science and Tactics......161, 2145 Mines ................... 245 Music .................

National Sand and Gravel Association Research Foundation Nursing, School of.

8
of instruction
66, 265

Pharmacy, School of ................... Phi Kappa PhiPhysical Examinations

Physical
Pathoisy
Pant
Pomology .........
Poultry Husban.
Preliminary information
Premedical curriculum
Prenursing curriculum
Preprofessional curricular
Psychology
230, 285
Public Administration
Public Administration

Living arrangements .......................
Loans

| R Page | Page |
| :---: | :---: |
| Records and Statistics............... 336 | Solomons Island Research. |
| Recreation .......................... 163 | Sororities |
| Refunds ............................ 31 | Spanish |
| R. O. T. C. Organization. . . . . . . . . . . 162 | Speech |
| Registration, date of...................5, 23 penalty for late. $\qquad$ 30 | State Board of Agriculture... State Department of Drainage. |
| Regulations, Grades, Degrees | State Horticultural Department |
| degrees and certificates............ 27 | Statistics |
| elimination of delinquent students... 26 | Student |
| examinations and marks........... 26 | employment |
| junior standing ................... 26 | government |
| regulation of studies................ 25 | organization and activities.......42, 49 |
| reports ........................... 26 | publications |
| Regulation of studies.................. 25 | Summary of Student Enrollment.. 377 , 378 |
| Regulatory Service, Inspection of...... 331 | Summer Session .................... 173 |
| Religious influences ................. 41 | credits and certificates............ 173 |
| Research and Regulatory Agencies.... 31. | graduate work .................166, 173 |
| Research Foundation, National Sand and Gravel Association................ . 335 | terms of admission................... 173 Surveying ..........................139, 216 |
| Reserve Officers' Training Corps, $32,161,162,271,362-365$ | T |
| Residence and Non-Residence......... 27 | Terrapin ........................... 44 |
| Room Reservation .................. 34 | Textiles and Clothing............152, 256 |
| Rules and Regulations, dormitories... 34 | Transcripts of records............... 32 |
| Rural Life..................53, 178, 179 |  |
|  | U |
| S | Uniforms, military .................. 162 |
| Sand and Gravel Association Research | University Hospital ............... 315 |
| Foundation, National .............. 335 | University Post Office and Book Store. 44 |
| Scholarships ........................ 37 |  |
| Science curriculum, general physics... 88 | v |
| Secretarial Training ................. 111 | Veterinary Science..................... 302 |
| Seed Inspection Service............... 332 |  |
| Social Sciences, division of............ 90 | W |
| Societies ........................... 43 | Water Resources Branch, U. S........ 335 |
| fraternities and sororities........43, 44 | Welfare ........................... ${ }^{33}$ |
| honorary fraternities ............. 43 | Wildlife Service ..................... ${ }^{335}$ |
| miscellaneous clubs and societies.... 44 | Withdrawals ........................ 31 |
| Sociology ........................... 294 |  |
| Soil Conservation Service............. 335 | z |
| Soils ........................58, 182, 335 | Zoology . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 79,305 |

An admission application form, or any further information desired concerning the University, will gladly be furnished, on request, by

THE DIRECTOR OF ADMISSIONS,
University of Maryland,
College Park, Maryland.


## UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND



REGISTRATION PROGRAM FOR NEW STUDENTS REGISTERING FOR THE<br>SUMMER QUARTER

JULY 10 TO SEPTEMBER 28, 1944

Friday, July 7

REGISTRATION FOR FRESHMEN AND OTHER NEW STUDENTS ACCORDING TO THE FIRST LETTER OF LAST NAME, AS FOLLOWS. Report to the office of the dean of the college in which you are registered.

Time

| 8:30 A. M | $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{G}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9:30 A. M. | $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{P}$ |
| 10:30 A. M | Q |

7:30 P. M.-DEAN OF MEN'S MEETING-All men studentsRoom A-1.

DEAN OF WOMEN'S MEETING-All women studentsWomen's Lounge, Dean of Women's Building.

8:15 P. M.-STUDENT BOARD MEETING-All new students. Room A-1.

## Saturday, July 8

9:00-10:00 A. M.-LANGUAGE QUALIFICATION TEST-All incoming students, registering for second or third year French, German, or Spanish-Room A-1, Arts and Science Building.
8:00 P. M.-Dormitory Party for All Women, Anne Arundel Hall.

Sunday, July 9
10:30 A. M.-CATHOLIC SERVICES AT LOCAL CHURCHES.
11:00 A. M.—PROTESTANT SERVICES AT LOCAL CHURCHES.

Monday, July 10
8:20 A. M.-CLASSES BEGIN.

Friday, July 14
9:00 P. M.-MIXER AND DANCE FOR ALL STUDENTSGymnasium.

## Saturday, July 15

1:30 P. M.-APTITUDE TESTS—All new students. Room A-1. Students entering with advanced standing are required to take this test.

## SPECIAL NOTES

LIBRARY LECTURES: All new students are required to attend one of the following lectures:

$$
\begin{array}{lrr}
\text { Friday, July } & 7 & \text { 3:00 P. M. } \\
\text { Saturday, July } 8 & \text { 10:00 A. M. } \\
& 11: 00 \text { A. M. }
\end{array}
$$

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS FOR MEN: All incoming men students who do not present acceptable medical certificates must report to the boxing room, Basement, Armory, for physical examinations during registration days. Instructions will be given at the Medical Certificate Desk during registration.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS FOR WOMEN: All incoming women students who do not present acceptable medical certificates will be given physical examinations during the first weeks of school. Appointments for examinations will be made in the regularly scheduled classes of Physical Education.
R. O. T. C. UNIFORMS: Men students registered for military training should report on Monday, July 10, to the store room (basement of Armory) to draw unifoms and puchase a pair of shoes of approved type.

DINING HALL STUDENTS-Meals will be served (cafeteria style) as follows: Breakfast-7:30 a. m.; Lunch-12:30-noon; Dinner-5:50 p.m.

Before receiving a dining hall card which admits the students to the dining hall for meals, the student must deposit at the Cashier's Office, War Ration Book No. 4.



[^0]:    *Electives from dairy
    science are recommended. manufacturing, animal husbandry, agronomy and veterinary

[^1]:    ${ }^{*}$ Electives from dairy production, chemistry and bacteriology are recommended

[^2]:    * For other courses in Art, see Home Economics.

[^3]:    *Alternate courses offered by the College of Engineering.

[^4]:    *Alternate courses offered by the College of Engineering.

[^5]:    *On military leave.

[^6]:    ${ }^{*}$ Entered the armed forces.

[^7]:    * Degree conferred August 1, 1941.

