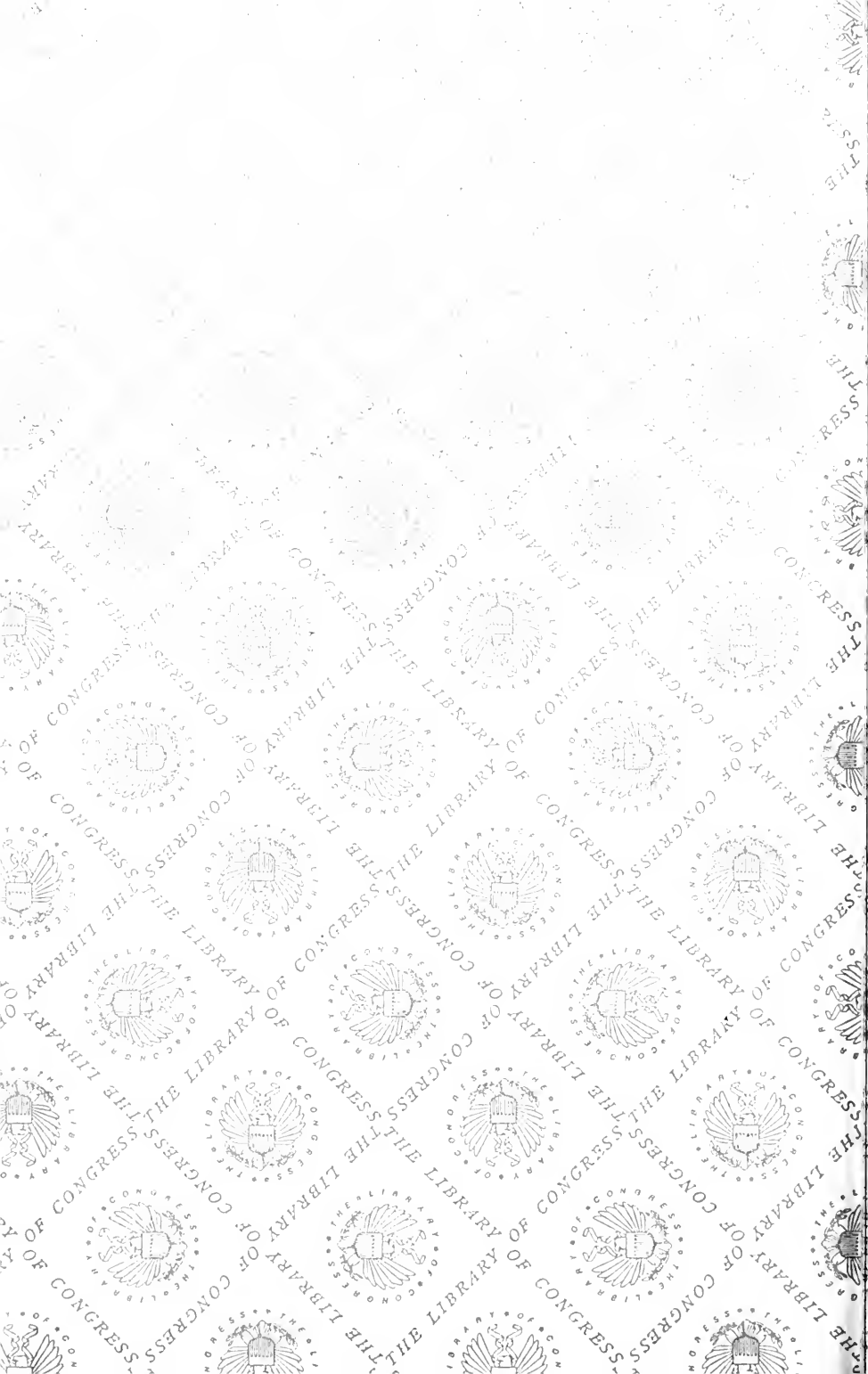


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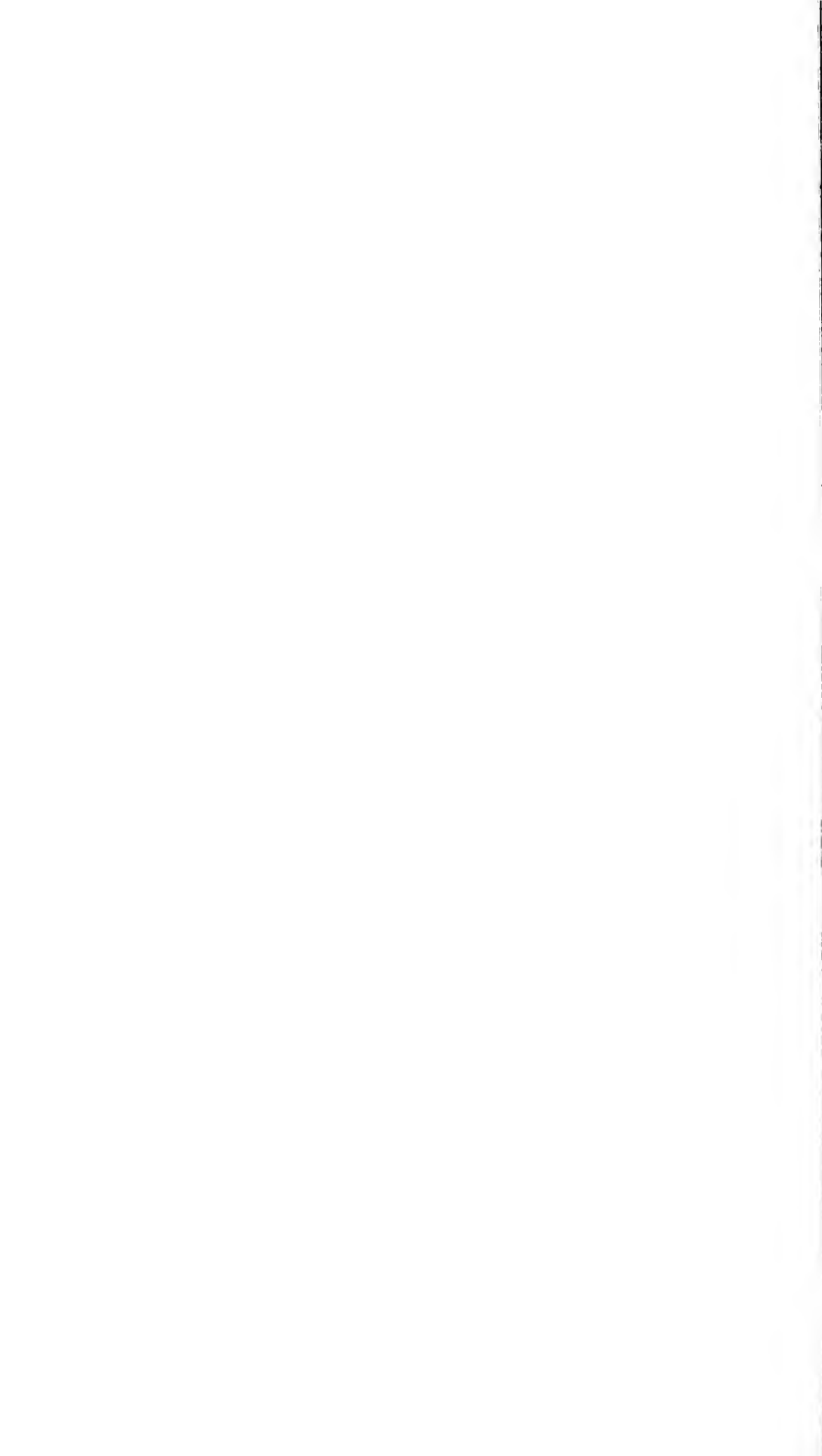
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Tanner, Rebecca, was a sister of Thomas Shaylor, and was married and had sons previous to 1690.

Talcott, Capt. Samuel, Wethersfield, died in 1691—wife Mary, and children, Joseph, John, Elizur, Benjamin, Nathaniel, Hannah Chester, and Rachel.

Talcott, Col. John, died in 1689, and left an estate over £2000—his lands being over 2000 acres.

Taylor, Stephen, jr. His children were, Stephen and Mercy.—Their mother Patience, removed to Colchester, and resided there in 1719.

Mrs. Taylor, widow of Stephen, jr., Windsor, died in 1689.

Terre or Terry, Richard, of Southold, L. I., 1662. The descendants of Stephen, of Windsor, claim Richard, of Southold, to have been a brother of Stephen. Tradition says they came to Massachusetts in company; Stephen settled in Connecticut, and the other on L. I. It was probably as claimed by them—being found one at Windsor, the other at Long Island.

Terry, Lieut. John, Simsbury—died in 1691—son of Stephen, of Windsor. Children, Stephen 25, Elizabeth 27, Sarah 22, Mary 17, Abigail 15, Samuel 13, John 7. He owned a mill, and left an estate of £518. Widow Elizabeth—son Stephen.

Thrall, Timothy, Windsor, grandson of William, 1713. The town of Tolland was originally the east part of Windsor, and in 1713 the town of Windsor appointed Matthew Allyn, Roger Wolcott, and Timothy Thrall to lay out a settlement on the east side of Windsor, on lands purchased of the Indians, which the committee performed and reported. Joseph Benton who had emigrated to Tolland from Hartford, made the record as town clerk in 1719. Notwithstanding in 1715, M. Allyn, R. Wolcott, T. Thrall, and John Ellsworth petitioned the General Court to lay out a township, to be bounded east upon Willimantic river, &c., to contain 36 square miles, and to be called Tolland. The petition was granted, and a town 6 miles square, called Tolland, allowed to the Windsor petitioners. In May, 1719, the four petitioners conveyed the town of Tolland to 53 persons, but reserved to each of themselves 300 acres, and these 53 became the actual settlers of Tolland, some of whom had been settled there as early as 1713 or '14. Amy Hatch was born there as early as 1713. Joseph Hatch the son of Joseph, was the first white *male* child born in Tolland in 1715. In 1719 Joseph Benton was one of a committee to build a meeting house there; the same year he was appointed to procure a minister to preach there, and the Rev. Stephen Steel officiated at Tolland in 1720. Mr. Benton was sworn first town clerk in 1719, and Shubael Stearns in 1720. Delano, West, Cobb, Steel, Shepard, Chapman, Wells, Lathrop and Grant were among the early settlers of Tolland. Timothy, sen'r. was an early settler at Windsor. He died in 1697. Children, Deborah, Moses, Elizabeth Cornish, Mehitable Carter, Martha Pinney, Abigail Thrall—Timothy, John, Thomas, and Samuel Thrall. He had an estate of nearly £800.

ted a clergyman, and settled in Fairfield county, at Newtown, and was the ancestor of Governor Toucey, of Hartford; since which time all by this name have uniformly originated at Newtown, where Rev. Thomas Tewsey began to preach about 1712 or '13.

Tucker, John, 1642—died in '62, at New London. Children—Mary, John, Amos, Samuel and Rhoda.

Tucky, George, was fined 40 shillings for using improper language to Mrs. Eggleston.

Tudor, Owen, came with the 2d colony to Windsor, in 1639. He married Mary Skinner in 1641. He was the ancestor of a respectable family in Hartford, also in East Windsor, and in Vermont. He died in 1690. Had sons Samuel and Owen; Samuel had a double portion. He also had daughters.—Doct. Elihu Tudor, of East Windsor, was a son of Rev. Samuel Tudor, and a great grandson of Owen, he graduated at Yale College in 1750. In 1757 he entered with great spirit into the French war as a surgeon. He was with Gen. Wolf in Canada—and was at the capture of Havana; after the war closed no man in New England was more eminent in his profession than Doctor Tudor. He went to London, and for a long time practised in the hospitals, to become eminent in his profession. He was made a half pay officer during life, and died at the advanced age of 93 years. Rev. Samuel, the grandfather of Samuel, of Hartford, graduated at Yale College in 1723. Owen, jr. died unmarried, and left no issue. Rev. Samuel married the widow Bissell—her maiden name was Filley.

Tully, John. The time Mr. Tully came to Saybrook is uncertain, yet he is considered one of the early settlers. He published an Almanac there in 1681, which he continued to do until 1702. He was called the great mathematician of the day.

Turner, Daniel, in 1649 was twice publicly whipt on lecture days, then imprisoned one month, and again whipt and gave bonds for his future good behavior—for slandering Mrs. Chester. The Puritans appear to have punished offenders by whipping, with the same object that a parent corrects his children, only to improve their habits, morals and manners, and not to disgrace them, unless the offence committed was a great immorality and violation of law. Men who had been publicly whipped, are found afterwards holding places of honor in the colony.

Turner, Nathaniel, (see Underhill.) He went with Capt. Endicott to reduce the Indians on Block Island, for the murder of Capt. Oldham, and from thence to the Pequots, to demand the murderers of Capts. Stone and Norton, 1636.

Turner, Ephraim, Hartford—died in January, 1705. Wife Mary. Cyprian Nichols, administrator.

Turner, Capt., New Haven, as agent for New Haven, in 1640–1,



made a large purchase of lands upon the Delaware river. Capt. Turner appears not to have been of the family of the name who settled in Connecticut.

Tuthill, John, with Rev. John Young, William Wells, Barnabas Horton, Thomas Mapes, and Matthias Corwin, who were the first and most important settlers at Southold, L. I., after the purchase of the town by New Haven—continued for a time under the strict discipline of that colony, and in October, 1640, Mr. Young renewed his church there. They however became dissatisfied that no person could hold office or be a freeman but those who were members of the church. In consequence of this fundamental principle of the New Haven Colony, Southold afterwards united with the Connecticut Colony, and Young and Horton became important officers under Connecticut.

Turney, Robert, Fairfield, 1654.

Tylerton, Daniel, deputy in 1646—went to Fairfield county.

## U.

Underhill, Captain John, in 1636, sailed from Boston under Capt. Endicott, for Block Island, to put the Indians to the sword and take possession of the Island, with orders to spare the women and children; after which to sail to the Pequot country, and demand of the Pequot Indians, the murderers of Capts. Norton and Stone—which mission was performed. In the same year he was directed to reinforce the Fort at Saybrook with 20 men. In 1643 Capt. John Underhill was a deputy from Stamford with R. Gildersleeve at N. Haven, and after a residence of a few years at Stamford, he moved to Long Island, where he died about 1673. Probably the same man who accompanied Capt. Endicott to Block Island. He took the Indian prisoners, and wounded men by water, in 1637, from Mystic to Saybrook, while Maj. Mason and Capt. Patrick went through the woods with the soldiers to Saybrook, after the Pequot action.

Ufford, Thomas, was a juror 1644, at Hartford—and probably was the same Thomas Ufford who resided at Roxbury in '33, afterwards at Springfield, and in '44 in Fairfield.

Ufford, Benjamin, a juror at Hartford in 1643—probably a relative of Thomas.

Upson, Thomas, Hartford. In 1640 had four acres of land in the division east of Connecticut River. Soon after 1700, Stephen Upson resided at Waterbury, who was the ancestor of the Hon. Stephen Upson, late of Georgia, deceased.

Usher, Robert, was a constable in 1662-3 in Stamford.

## V.

Varlet, Jasper, in 1661, brought a Dutchman and his wife, by the name of Bolters, to Hartford, without any security to the town; upon which order was taken against him.

Vandiet, Gisbert, 1649—a Dutch officer of Hartford, '36.

Vantine, Cornelius, Hartford, 1649.

Veats, Francis, Windsor, 1663. This name is yet in the north part of Hartford county.

Vere, Voare or Vose, Richard, came to Windsor with the first settlers as early as 1636. He came from Cambridge with Mr. Wolcott—and was the ancestor of some of the Parsons' family. The name is spelt various ways, but more generally Vere, upon the record. He died in 1683. Wife Ann—children, Abigail, wife of Timothy Buckland—wife of Nathaniel Cook, Mary, wife of Thomas Alvord, Sarah Parsons, wife of Benjamin Parsons, of Springfield. His name is spelt Vere by himself in his signature to his will. Benjamin Parsons above was the ancestor of Major Gen. Parsons so much distinguished in the Revolutionary War.

Ventris, Moses, Sen'r., Farmington—died about 1697. Children, Sarah, wife of John Brunson, Grace, wife of John Blakely, Mary Ventris, Moses and ——— Ventris.

Vincent, Richard, 1647.

Vincent, William, is supposed to have come from Dorchester to Windsor before 1647.

## W.

Wade, Robert, Hartford, 1639—of Saybrook in '57. He was divorced from Joanna his wife, who had refused to fellowship with him in England and America for 15 years. This was the second divorce granted in the colony. He held 10 acres of land in Hartford in '39. This was a highly respectable name in Massachusetts and Connecticut.

Wadsworth, William, Hartford—selectman in 1642, also in '47, collector in 1637, deputy in 1642, and frequently afterwards. He was an original proprietor of Hartford, and in the division of the land of the town in 1639.—He was a valuable man in the town and colony. (He is supposed to have been the ancestor of Joseph Wadsworth of Charter notoriety.) He died in 1675. His sons were, John, Samuel, Joseph, and Thomas. He had a daughter who married a Mr. Stoton—another Terry—another Jonathan Ashley, and left Rebecca unmarried—he also had a grand daughter Long. He was a gentleman of wealth and of high reputation in the colony. This Wadsworth was of the blood of him who told Col. Fletcher when he demanded the command of the militia of Connecticut, that if he was again interrupted by him, "he would make the sun shine through him in an instant."

Wadsworth, Elizabeth, widow of William—died 1680. Her children were, Samuel, Joseph, Thomas, Elizabeth Terry, Jonathan Ashley, Rebecca and John Wadsworth.

Wadsworth, John, Hartford—died in 1689, (Sarah his wife.) He

gave his negro man to his wife. Children, Samuel 29, Sarah Root 31, Hezekiah 6, John 27, William 18, Nathaniel 15, James 12, Thomas 9—he had grand children, Timothy 8, and John 4 years old.

Wadsworth, Samuel, son of William, of Hartford, 1682, brother of Joseph, Thomas and John. He was a cousin of William Wadsworth, 2d, and died unmarried.

Wadsworth, John, Farmington, 1670.

Wadams, John, Wethersfield, 1664—he died in '76, and left a widow and son John. He might have come into the colony earlier than '64. Perhaps ancestor of those of the name in Litchfield Co.

Wainwright, Thomas, 1643.

Wakeman, Samuel, the first constable of Hartford, 1636—surveyor of Dorchester and Watertown with George Hubbard in 1636. He was directed by a law of the landholders, to attend to the watch, and warn them in their turn to do duty as a watch against the Indian depredators upon the lives and property of the settlers. He with George Hubbard, sen'r., in 1636, were appointed to survey the breadth of Windsor, and say how far it should extend above the house of Mr. Stiles; he was also to survey the breadth of Watertown. He died in 1645, and left one son and three daughters. He was an original proprietor of Hartford, and in the division of the land in 1639.

Wakeman, Samuel, a clergyman at Fairfield in 1665. His name is rarely found in the State except in Fairfield county.

Wakelee, Henry, Hartford, 1639—the first lawyer of record in the colony.

Waldo, John, Windham—died in 1700. This family appears to have come late into the colony. He had a son John in Windham—perhaps other children. He left an estate of £292. It was a family of respectability, and probably he was the ancestor of L. P. Waldo, Esq., of Tolland.

Walker, Rev. Zechariah, Stratford—was first settled at Jamaica, L. I., and preached there for a time, and about 1668 removed to Stratford, where he had a severe contest with Rev. Mr. Chauncy, and a part of the congregation at Stratford. The controversy closed by Gov. Winthrop's advising Mr. Walker and his friends to remove and settle a new town, with which he engaged they should be accommodated; and Mr. William Curtiss, John Sherman and others were authorised to locate at Pomperaug (now Woodbury); therefore Mr. Walker with his friends moved there from Stratford about 1672-3. Woodbury was settled by several different companies at different times, and embraced a large territory.

Walker, Jacob, Stratford, about 1665. Josiah and Joseph Walker, went from Woodbury to Litchfield to settle.

Walkeley, Henry, Hartford, 1639. In '63 appeared in court as attorney for James Wakelee. He held land in Hartford by liberty of the town in '39.

Walkeley, James, a brother of Alice—improved land in Hartford in 1639, with the right of wood and pasture, not having been an original proprietor of Hartford.

Walkeley, Alice, sister of James—in court in 1663.

Walkeley, Richard—died at Haddam in 1681. It appears by the record that Richard's property was given to his two sons and one daughter. Alice the daughter died in '83. The name is spelt Walkley and Walkeley. Alice left an estate of £348. The sons were James and Henry, and were brothers of Alice. Richard was the father of the family.

Waller, Matthew, Lyme, 1674. William Waller had moved to Lyme in '64.

Ward, Andrew, was amongst the first Puritan settlers who came to Wethersfield. He was one of the five persons who held the first Court in the colony, in April, 1636—tried the first cause, and made the first law. He was a member of this court seven sessions in 1636, and five sessions in 1637. He was a member of the Upper House in May, 1637, when war was declared against the Pequots. He was twice a member of the Committee or Lower House of the General Court in 1637, and of the same House again in 1638—four sessions he acted as deputy after the Confederation of the three towns into a Colony in 1639—was frequently made a member of both branches of the General Court afterwards—collector of rates in 1637, and a magistrate in 1639. He was a member of the church in Wethersfield. He held other offices in Wethersfield. He was frequently united with the Governors and the most important men in the colony on committees of the General Court. He was a gentleman of great worth in the colony, and was the ancestor of a respectable and wealthy family who reside in Hartford; also of the Wards in Southbury and other parts of Connecticut, and of a few families in Pennsylvania. In 1653, Ward and Hill were appointed by the General Court to press men in Fairfield for an expedition. In the fall of 1640, Mr. Ward and Robert Coe, of Wethersfield, for themselves and several others, purchased the town of Stamford of the New Haven Company—all of which purchasers obligated themselves to move there within one year; and in the spring of 1641, Matthew Mitchell, Thurston Rayner, Robert Gildersleeve, Robert Coe and others moved to Stamford, Mr. Ward also moved to Stamford, but whether at this time, is not known to the writer. These with their pastor, Mr. Denton, were the leading men of Stamford. Within a few years Mr. Denton left Stamford and moved to Hempsted on Long Island. Mr. Ward also removed to Hempsted within a few years—but about 1650 he returned and settled in the town of Fairfield, where he closed a long and useful life.—(See Denton.)

Ward, Nathaniel, was an early settler in Hartford, and a gentleman of good standing in the colony. In 1642 he was a juror, and frequently afterwards. He was a member of the first grand jury in 1643, held in the colony, and held other offices of trust and honor in the town and colony. In 1645 he was one of the committee appointed by the General Court to collect funds for

the students in Cambridge College. He was townsman in 1639-44—and 47, and constable of Hartford in 1636—juror in 1643. He moved to Hadley, where it is supposed he died without issue, and gave no part of his estate to any person of his name. A Nathaniel Ward was at the Emanuel Institution in England, in 1613. Mr. Ward was one of the leaders with Gov. Webster and others, in procuring the settlement of Hadley, by emigrants from Connecticut, in 1659.

Ward, Joyce, Wethersfield—died in 1640. Her children were, Edward, Anthony, William, Robert and John. She had a son-in-law, John Fletcher, who perhaps resided at Guilford. Robert had given to him by his father, £20 in England, in the hands of Edward his eldest brother's son. Robert was put to a trade.

Ward, John, Middletown—died in 1683, and left an estate of £446 to his family, viz. John, 18 years old, Andrew 16, Easter 14, Mary 11, William 9, Samuel 4, and one unborn.

Ward, William, was confirmed a sergeant by the General Court for the train-band at Middletown in 1664.

Warham, Rev. John, was the first Elder of a church who came into the colony in 1636. His church had been located with him as their pastor, at Dorchester, in Massachusetts—but in 1636 the minister and church all moved to Windsor, where he lived until April 1, 1670, when he was called from his people by death; he however lived to see not only *his church*, but many others in the colony prosperously located. He had lived to witness much of the dense forest he found there in 1636, by the industry of the good men he brought with him, removed. He left a large estate in lands to his family, and saw some of them happily located in life, before his decease. He had preached at Exeter, in England, before he came to New England. He had four daughters. After his decease, his widow married Mr. Newbury, and had two children, both daughters. After the death of Mr. Warham, Easter or Hester, one of his daughters, married Rev. Mr. Mather, and had children, Eunice, Warham and Eliakim. After the death of Mr. Mather, she married Mr. Stoddard, and had six sons and six daughters—three of the sons lived to adult years, Anthony, John and Israel; Israel died in prison, in France—John settled at Northampton—was a colonel, chief judge of the court of common pleas, and was a leading politician (or rather statesman) in Massachusetts. His brother Anthony settled as the 2d minister at Woodbury, Conn., and died there in 1776, at the age of 82, after having been the only officiating clergyman there for about 60 years. Anthony left a son Israel, who resided in Woodbury until his death. Israel had a son Asa, who married and had a son Henry, and two daughters. Asa and his children moved to Dayton, Ohio, about the year 1817. Hon. Henry Stoddard is now a gentleman of high standing in that State. Asa the grandson of Anthony, died a few years since, in Ohio, far advanced in years.

Warham, Abigail, widow of Rev. John Warham—died in 1684. She was a cousin of Miles Marwine or Merwin, for whom she had formerly done much—that in her will she declared “that if she had thousands she would not give him a penny—no, not a pin's point.”

Merwin attempted to persuade her to give him her property in exclusion of her children.

Ware, Nathaniel, Hartford, 1648. Several of this name settled in Massachusetts.

Warner, Andrew, Hartford, 1639. He came to Cambridge in '32—was one of the committee with Webster, Talcott, Timothy Stanley and others to divide the lands east of the river—surveyor of lands and fences in '47—in the land division of Hartford in '39—signed to move to Hadley in '59.

Warner, Robert—deputy in 1663, and often afterwards. Supposed son of Andrew.

Warner, John, 1639—had six acres of up-land in the division east of the river in '40.

Warner, John, Farmington—made free in 1663, and died in '78-9. Left sons, John, Daniel, (Thomas did not reside in Farmington,) and William Higginson—a son-in-law—father of John, of Waterbury, who died in 1707. He was a soldier at Pequot, for which the colony gave him a tract of land, which he gave to Higginson.

Warner, John, sen'r., Waterbury—died at Farmington in 1707. His children were, John, jr., Ephraim, Robert, Ebenezer, and Lydia who had married Samuel Brunson before the death of her father.

Warner, Daniel—signed to move to Hadley, in 1659, son of John.

Warner, Andrew, Middletown—son of Andrew, of Hartford—died in 1683-4. Children, Andrew, 19 years old, John 11, Joseph 9, Abigail 21, Mary 17, Hannah 13, Rebecca 6. It is supposed this Andrew, jr. moved to Windham.

Warren, William, sen'r., Hartford—surveyor of highways at Hartford in 1663, and died in 1689. He resided at Hocanum on his farm. He left a widow, and children John, William and Thomas. He appears to have had four younger children. He married two wives, and ordered his girls to be bound out until they were 18 years of age, and Abraham until 21.

Wastall, John—deputy in 1643—juror in '43—selectman of Saybrook in '63-4 with Zechariah Sanford and John Clark.

Wasby or Wasly, William, Hartford, 1645.

Way, Elizur—died in 1686. His wife Mary had over £200 in his astate. His children were, Ebenezer, Sarah (married Ichabod Wells,) Elizabeth (married Joseph Wells,) and Lydia Way. He left an estate of £867.

Watts, Capt. Thomas, Hartford—died in 1683—wife Elizabeth—her brother's son, Samuel Hubbard, lived with her, and shared largely in his

estate ; he was a kinsman of Samuel Steel, jr., who shared in his property.— His sister Hubbard's children were, Joseph, Daniel, Nathaniel, Richard, Elizabeth Hubbard and Mary Ranny. His brother Brown's children were, Nathaniel, John, Benoni Brown, and Hannah wife of Isaac Laine ; to the last five she gave her land in Middletown. He was a brother of James Steel, who had sons James and John Steel. He gave £20 to the poor of the church in Hartford. Martha Harrison shared in his will. He made some provision for the south church in Hartford—owned a grist mill in Hartford.

Watts, Elizabeth, who died in 1684, widow of Thomas Watts, was a sister of James Steel, who had four daughters, viz. Elizabeth, Sarah, Rachel Steel, and Mary Hall—she was a cousin of Martha Henderson, and had a sister Willet.

Watts, Richard, Hartford—an early settler, 1639—not an original proprietor of Hartford. Had 14 acres of land, with liberty of pasture on the common and to fetch wood, &c.

Watts, William, Hartford—held four acres of land in Hartford, in 1639, with the liberty of wood and pasture of cows and swine.

Watts, Elizabeth, widow of Richard—her daughter married Hubbard ; she was a cousin of Daniel and Elizabeth Hubbard, of Hannah and Nathaniel Brown, and had a daughter Brown.

Watts, Elenor, 1646—selectman of Hartford in '61.

Waterhouse, Isaac, New London—fined £5 for upsetting Tinker's warehouse. Thomas Waters married Sarah Fenn, of Milford, a daughter of Benjamin and Mary Feen, 1696. Waters, Watrous and Waterhouse appear to have been the same name.

Waterhouse, Jacob, 1639.

Waterman, 1647. Richard, of Salem, '37, was one of the founders of the first Baptist church in America.—*Farmer*.

Waters, Peter, (a Dutchman) 1672.

Watson, Thomas, 1644. Robert Watson came to Windsor in '39, in the 2d colony—he died July, '89. Widow Watson signed to move to Hadley in '59. John, of Hartford, '44—surveyor of highways in '46—juror in '44—signed to move to Hadley in '59.

Watson, Margaret, Windsor—died in 1683. Children, Sarah Merrills, wife of John—Mary Seymour, grand daughter Sarah Merrills—grand children Mary Seymour and Margaret Seymour—grandson John Watson.

Webster, Gov. John. This gentleman probably came into Connecticut in 1637, or in the autumn of 1636. His first appearance as an officer of the Court was in April, 1637. He was then one of the Committee, who for the first time sat with the Court of Magistrates for the purpose of declaring war against the Pequot Indians. He was again the same year elected to the General Court, and was also elected as one of the committee (deputy) in 1638. He was

elected a member of the Court of Magistrates at the first General Court holden by Gov. Haynes, in April, 1639. From this time forward for many years he was a member of the General Court as a magistrate or assistant. That the public may appreciate the arduous services of Gov. Webster, I take the liberty of stating, that in 1639 he attended four sessions of the General Court—three sessions in 1640—four in 1641—three in 1642—five in 1643—five in 1644—five in 1645; and held five sessions of the Particular Court in 1639—four in 1640—two in 1641—two in 1642—six in 1643—five in 1644—six in 1645, and four in 1646—and so continued faithfully to discharge all the duties of the responsible and important offices bestowed upon him by the people for years. He was uniformly a magistrate or assistant while he remained in the colony after 1638. He was appointed with Mr. Ludlow and Gov. Welles to consult with their friends in the New Haven Colony, respecting the Indian murders which had been committed, to learn of them whether they would approve of a declaration of war as a reparation of the injury, in 1640; he was appointed with the Hon. William Phelps, to form a law against lying, and to hold a consultation with the elders upon the subject. He was of the committee with Win. Phelps, &c., who formed the noted criminal code of laws for the colony, reported and approved by the General Court in 1642—several of which laws yet remain in our statute book with little alteration, except in punishment. In 1655 Mr. Webster was elected Deputy Governor of the colony, and the following year was made Governor. In 1654 he was appointed with Maj. Gen. Mason a member of the Congress of the United Colonies.—Enough is already said to show the elevated position held by Gov. Webster in the colony, while he remained in it. He was the first in this country who gave the high character for talent to the name of Webster, which has been since so nobly and amply sustained by Noah as a man of literature, and Daniel as a statesman and orator. Many of his descendants yet reside in Connecticut and Massachusetts. Gov. Webster was from Warwickshire, in England, and was an original settler in Hartford as early as 1637, when he was a member of the General Court. He greatly aided and improved the new form of government in the colony. The severe quarrels in the churches at Hartford and Wethersfield so disgusted, not only Gov. Webster, but 59 others of the settlers in the colony, that upon the 18th day of April, 1659, they signed an agreement, in which they engaged to remove themselves and families out of the jurisdiction of Connecticut, into Massachusetts. Gov. Webster headed the list of names. About three-fourths of the signers did remove to Massachusetts, and purchased and settled the town of Hadley, which then included what is now Hadley, South Hadley, Granby and Amherst, east of Connecticut river, and Hatfield and a part of Williamsburg west of the river. Gov. Webster became a Judge of the Court in Hampshire. He died in 1661, and left four sons, Robert, Matthew, William and Thomas. He also left three daughters. Matthew settled in Farmington, William in Hadley, Thomas moved to Northampton, afterwards to Northfield, and was driven from the latter place by the Indians, he then located at Hadley, but finally returned and died at Northfield. His daughter Ann married John Marsh, of Hadley; the other two married Markham and Hunt. Robert, the eldest son, appears to have remained in Hartford, where he died in 1676. Robert left six sons and four daughters. The daughters were connected by marriage with the families of Seymours, My-



gatts and Graves, some of the most respectable settlers. Robert was the branch of Gov. Webster's family through whom Hon. Noah Webster, LL. D., late deceased, traced his ancestry.—(See Robert Webster.)

Webster, Robert, the eldest son of Gov. Webster—probably came into the colony in 1637, with his father. He appears to have been a man in active life in the early settlement of Connecticut. He received many marks of respect, showing his fair standing as a citizen; but like most young men who have a father of wealth and distinction, he borrowed some of the plumes of his father's greatness. As is often the case with young gentlemen in his situation in life, he fell short of arriving at the eminence to which Gov. Webster had attained; yet he was above a mediocrity in talents and standing in the colony. In 1659, he with 59 others, his father at the head of the company, signed a contract to remove from Connecticut to Massachusetts; but from all the facts, it appears that Robert did not remove his family, but continued in the colony until his death. The children of Robert, jr., the grand children of Gov. Webster were, Robert, born October, 1639, Abraham, September, 1693, Hannah, Nov. 1695, Matthew, April, 1698, Joshua, March, 1700, Caleb, January, 1702, Mary, December, 1704. Abigail, January, 1710.

Robert married Hannah Boekly, daughter of John, Sept. 1639. Jonathan Webster married Easter Judd, daughter of Benjamin, Dec. 1704. John Bracy married Mary Webster, daughter of Jonathan, 1705. Joseph Webster married Mary Judd, 1695. Benjamin Webster, supposed the great grandson of Gov. Webster, after 1717, moved to Litchfield, where he located, and where the name yet continues. Jonathan resided on Wright's Island in 1730.

Webster, Matthew, made free in 1645.

Webb, Richard, Hartford, 1639—on the first grand jury at the General Court in the colony in 1643—also juror in '43-4—selectman in '48—surveyor of highways in '49. He soon after moved to Stamford, was made free there in '62, and he was sworn by Judge Gold, at Fairfield court. He was an original proprietor of Hartford in '39, and was a gentleman of standing in the colony. Henry Webb, '42. John, Hartford, '48 and '63. William, Hartford, in '40. Richard was the ancestor of John Webb, Esq., of Hartford.

Weed, Joseph, Fairfield—made free in 1662. Jonas, Wethersfield, 1636—juror in '39. Perhaps the father of Joseph.

Weeks, Thomas, John Ketchum and Mr. Ridgebell, in the reception and organization of the towns of Huntington, Setauk and Oyster Bay, on Long Island, in 1662, were appointed constables of those towns under the Charter of Connecticut. All the towns upon Long Island were also notified by Capt. Sylvester and Lieut. Gardner, to attend the General Court of Connecticut by representatives, the next May session. Mr. Weeks appeared and took the oath with 22 others. After he returned to Long Island he revolted, and made great disturbance in Southold—to quell which the General Court appointed M. Allyn and S. Wyllys to go to Long Island, and with the assistance of the magistrates there, to settle the affair.

Welles, Gov. Thomas, came into the colony and located himself at Hartford in the autumn of 1636, and upon the 28th day of March, 1637, he be-

came a member of the Court of Magistrates. In April following an important crisis had arrived. The inhabitants of the colony had been constantly annoyed by the Indians, and particularly by the Pequots, by robberies, murders, and the abduction of two respectable young ladies from Wethersfield, who had been carried among the Indians—which outrages could no longer be submitted to by the English settlers. To redress these grievances a General Court of Magistrates were convened, and the three towns which then formed the colony, were ordered, for the purpose of adding safety to the counsels of the court, to send a committee of three persons from each town, to set as advisers with the General Court. Gov. Welles was one of the Court of Magistrates held on the 7th day of May, 1637, who declared an offensive war against the powerful and warlike nation of Pequots, for the redress of the many grievances they had visited upon the English settlers. It was a most important meeting and decision not only to the colony, but to all the settlers in New England. The Indians had not only murdered many of the English, but had driven away their cattle, and committed other gross wrongs. After mature deliberation, war was declared, and the result saved the colony, and was of immense advantage to all the other colonies, and much credit was due to Mr. Welles for his course taken in this important step. After this time he appears to have become an important man in the colony. He was uniformly a member of the Court of Magistrates after March, 1637, until he was elected Deputy Governor, in 1654. In 1640 he was appointed secretary of the colony, which office he held until 1649, and performed the duty of both offices during the whole period. For a time he also performed the duties of treasurer for the colony in 1639. At the session of the General Court in 1653, in March and April, the Governor being absent, Mr. Welles performed the duties of the Governor as Moderator of the General Assembly under the Constitution of the Commonwealth. In 1654 he was elected Deputy Governor, in 1656, 7 and 1659. He was also elected Governor in 1655 and 8. In 1649 he was a Commissioner to the Colony Congress. Gov. Welles was frequently associated with Haynes, Ludlow, Mason and other leading men upon important committees appointed by the General Court. He did much in the formation and union of the colonies in 1643, for the mutual benefit and protection of each other. No one of the distinguished men of his time was more uniformly attentive to all his official duties than Gov. Welles, from his first appointment in 1637, until 1659. He was a constant attendant upon the General Court, except when employed in other public duties. His whole public life being fairly examined, he was as important a prop to the new colony as any of the principal men, except Gov. Winthrop.—He died in 1668, and left a large estate to his children, viz. Thomas, Ichabod, Samuel, Jonathan, Joseph, Rebecca and Sarah. Samuel settled at Wethersfield. The descendants of Gov. Welles are numerous in Connecticut at this time. The most prominent of whom are Hon. Gideon, of Hartford—since his late appointment, at Washington—Thaddeus, Esq., of Glastenbury—Hon. Martin, of Wethersfield, and Doct. H. Welles, of Hartford. Gov. Welles came to Massachusetts in a vessel named the Susan and Ellen, E. Payne, master, in company with Richard Saltonstall, Esq. and family, Walter Thornton and others.

Welles, Capt. Samuel—died in 1675. His children were, Samuel

16 years old, Thomas 14, Sarah 12, Mary 10, Ann 7, and Elizabeth 5. John, son of Samuel, 1664. Edward, 1644. Thomas, son of Thomas, born 1690.

Welles, Wid. Elizabeth, Wethersfield—died in 1683. Children, Robert Foot, (died before her,) Sarah Judson, deceased—left children, daughters Churchill, Goodrich, Barnard and Smith. Nathaniel Foot's eldest son Nathaniel and his brother and their children shared in her will, Daniel and Elizabeth—grandson John Stoddard—grandsons Joseph and Benjamin Churchill. She was a sister of John Deming, sen'r. and had a grandson Henry Buck.

Welles, Samuel, moved from Wethersfield to Stratford, with three sons—Thomas, Samuel, and another, perhaps other children. He was the son of Gov. Welles. Perhaps the same Capt. Samuel who died in 1675.

Weller, Richard—came early to Windsor. He married Ann Wilson in 1639. Children, Rebecca born May, 1641; Sarah in '43; William in '45; Nathaniel in '48; Ebenezer in '50, and Thomas in '53. This name is yet known in Litchfield county.

Westover, Jonah, sen'r., Simsbury, father of Jonah, jr., died in 1708. Samuel Case married his daughter. Children, Jonah, Jonathan, Margaret, Hannah, Jane, Mary and Joanna.

Welton, Richard, 1656.

Welton or Wilton, David—juror in 1644—deputy in '46.

Westley, William, Hartford, 1639—held 14 acres of land there, with liberty to fetch wood and keep swine and cows on the common. Widow Westley signed to move to Hadley in '59.

West, of Saybrook, 1669. John West, '49.

Westcoat, Richard, 1639.

Westwood, William—selectman of Hartford in 1636—member of the General Court in April, June, July, November and February, '36—aided in declaring war in '37—deputy in '42-46—selectman in '39. He was one of the first settlers and leading men of the colony—an original proprietor of Hartford, and in the land division in '39. In '59 he signed a contract to remove his family to Massachusetts with those who settled the town of Hadley.

Wakelin, Henry, Stratford, 1650.

White, John—one of the early and principal settlers of Hartford, before 1639—was a juror in 1643-4—orderer of the town in 1641 and '45—fence viewer in 1649. He was an original proprietor of Hartford, and in its land division in 1639. He was one of the 60 persons, in 1659, who signed an agreement to remove to Massachusetts for the settlement of Hadley. He removed, and died there in 1683. His children were, Nathaniel, (who resided at

Hadley,) Daniel, Jacob, John, Sarah Gilbert, Mrs. Taylor, and a daughter who had married Mr. Hixton. Nathaniel had a daughter Sarah. Mr. White in his will gave Rev. John Whiting £5 in silver. He had intended to have given Stephen Taylor a select tract of land, but he found himself bound for a large sum to redeem his son Taylor's house and home-lot; he therefore ordered the land originally designed for Taylor to be sold to redeem his house and lot. He gave property to the children of his daughter Hixton—to his grandson Stephen Taylor, to be received at Nathaniel White's at Hadley—to his grand daughter Sarah, (a daughter of Nathaniel) he gave £5. The remainder of his estate he gave to his grand children, viz. Jonathan Gilbert, and to the children of his sons Nathaniel, John and Daniel, also the children of Sarah, (who had three sons)—his grandson Gilbert was the son of his daughter Mary. He owned a share in a mill at Hadley. His son Nathaniel was his executor. Mr. White was a strict Puritan in all its forms, and left the colony in consequence of a division in the church at Hartford.

White, Nathaniel—confirmed an ensign at Middletown in 1664—deputy in '63. Philip, 1646.

Whaples, Ephraim, Wethersfield—wife Mindwell—died in 1712. His children were, Ephraim and three daughters. He ordered his daughters to be paid out of his estate £10 each, by his son Ephraim, and to have a share of the moveables. The will was signed in the presence of Eliphalet Whittlesey and Joseph Hurlbut. Jabez Whittlesey was made overseer of the will. He was a brother of Thomas.

Whaples, Thomas, 1644—died in '71, and left children, Rebecca, Hannah, Joseph, Jane, Ephraim and John—resided in Hartford in '64. Thomas, son of Thomas, of Hartford, died in 1712—13. Children, Nathan, Joseph, Abigail, Rebecca, Mary and Elizabeth. Elizabeth was learning the trade of a tailor.

Wheatly, James, 1644.

Wheeler, John, from Concord in Massachusetts—went to Fairfield in 1644. He was one of the early settlers of the town. Moses, Stratford, '50. Samuel, sen'r., of Hartford, had children in 1712—Rachel 14, Elizabeth 7, Isaac 17, and Moses 9 years of age. Thomas of Fairfield, 1653. John, juror at Stratford, 1730. Ephraim, collector for the students of Cambridge College in '45—from Fairfield or Stratford. Farmer says, 30 distinct families of the Wheelers lived in Concord, Mass. between 1650 and '80—a prolific race of men.

Whelpley's fine remitted in 1661.

Whitefield, Thomas, removed from Dorchester to Windsor, 1635—6. Henry, first minister at Guilford, from Surry, England, '39. John, came to Windsor as early as '36.

Whitehead, Samuel, had owned land in Hartford before 1639. Richard, jr., juror in '40.

Whiting, William, Hartford—was a member of the General Court in 1637. The Court ordered him to supply 100 pounds of beef (for Hartford) to carry on the Pequot war, in 1637. He was treasurer of the colony in 1641 to 1647. In 1638 he was allowed to trade with the Indians: and was appointed with Maj. Mason, &c. in 1642 to erect fortifications; he was also appointed with the Major in 1642 to collect tribute of the Indians on Long Island and on the Main;—on a committee to build a ship, and also to defend Uncas—foreman of the jury in 1640. He was a magistrate as early as 1639, and a leading man in the colony. His estate at his decease was over £9000 sterling. In 1649 he made his will. His children were, William, John, Samuel, Sarah, Mary and Joseph. Joseph appears to have been born after the will was made, and he provided for him by a codicil to his will. He had a sister Wiggins who had children. He gave £10 to Margery Parker, £10 to Mr. Hopkins; £10 to Mr. Webster; £10 to the children of Mr. Hooker; £10 to the children of Mr. Stone; £10 to the poor of Hartford; £5 to the town of Hartford; £5 to the poor of Windsor; £5 to the poor of Wethersfield, and £5 to the children of the Rev. H. Smith, of Wethersfield. His son Wilham was a merchant in London, and sold the lands he received by his father to Siborn Nichols, of Witham, in England.

Whiting, Rev. John. His children were, Sibbel Bryan, aged 34, Martha Bryan 28, Sarah Bull 26, Abigail Russell 24, William 30, Joseph 8, Samuel 19, and John one year old—(probably had two wives.) Ordained at Hartford in 1660. In '69 the church divided, and Mr. Whiting became pastor of the south church, and died in '89.

Whiting, Joseph—was the third treasurer of the colony. John was afterwards also treasurer. William was an original proprietor of Hartford, and in the land division in '39.

Whiting, Giles, 1643. Samuel, educated at Emanuel College in 1613, Anna married Nathaniel Stanley in 1706.

Whittlesey, John, 1662—the first of the name who came into the colony. He was located at Saybrook, not however as early as many others. The name was next found at Middletown and Wethersfield. It has been a most prolific race. The family have been uniformly respectable, generally wealthy, and produced some men of high standing and reputation, viz. Hon. Elisha, of Ohio. He has through a long and constant public life, from early manhood, retired to private life, and carried with him the reputation of an *honest man*—the fate of few politicians. John Whittlesey and William Dudley, of Saybrook, in 1663, contracted with the town to keep a ferry across the river at Saybrook from Tilley's Point, for which the town gave them all the toll received of strangers, (except the inhabitants of Saybrook,) 20 acres of up-land, 10 acres of meadow, and £200 of commonage—£100 on each side of the river. Whittlesey and Dudley contracted to build a road to the Point—build a horse canoe or boat large enough to carry over 3 horses at a time, and such passengers as desired to cross the river. They made the contract with John Wastall, John Clark, William Pratt, William Waller and Robert Lay, agents for the town.

Whitmore, Thomas, Middletown, 1654—was a gentleman of good character, and received appointments of the General Court. The

name is spelt differently by the same family. It has been an ancient name at Middletown and in Stratford. Seth and William, of Middletown, were jurors as late as 1730.

Whitmore, Thomas, sen'r., aged 66. He was a carpenter by trade, and gave his tools to two of his sons. He died at Middletown in '81, and left a wife Katherine, and children, viz. John aged 36 years, Beriah 23, Thomas 29, Hannah Stowe 28, Samuel 26, Elizabeth 32, Abigail 3, Israhiah 25, Nathaniel 20, Joseph 18, Josiah 13, Sarah 17, Mehitabel 13, and Benjamin 7. I find the name spelt Whitmore, Whetmore, Whittemore and Wetmore, apparently the same name.—John, of Hartford, 1665.

Whittemore, John, Stamford, was murdered by the Indians previous to 1649.

Whitcombe, Job, Wethersfield—died in 1683. Wife Mary. His children were, Mary, aged 12 years, Job 9, Jemima 6, and John 4. This name is yet in New London county.

Witchfield, Margaret—died at Windsor in 1663. Her daughters were, Hannah and Abigail. They married two men by the name of Goff at Wethersfield. Her son married Miss Hayward. Margaret was a sister of Jane Winship, who left a daughter Joanna. Samuel Goff had children, Edward and Deborah.

Whitefield, Henry, the first minister at Guilford. He left preaching there in 1650, and was succeeded by Rev. John Higginson.

Wickham, Sarah, Wethersfield—died in 1699. Children, Thomas, Wittin, Sarah Hudson, Samuel, Joseph and John—perhaps others. She had a grandson John Cherry, the son of Sarah Hudson.

Wilcox, John, Hartford—surveyor of highways in 1642 and '44—selectman in '49—juror in '45. He had moved to Middletown in '54—and died in '76. His children were, Sarah Long, aged 28 years, Israel 20, Samuel 18, Ephraim 4, Hester 2, and Mary 1. He was an original proprietor of Hartford, '39. John, of Middletown, (wife Mary died in 1671.) His children were, Joseph, Samuel and Mary. Israel, sen'r., died in '89. Children, Israel aged 10, John 8, Samuel 5, Thomas 3 years, and Sarah one month. Mary, widow, of Hartford, died and left a cousin Sarah Long, a daughter, Ann Hawley, and a son-in-law John Bidwell.

Wilcocks, Ephraim, Middletown—died in 1712—son of John, and grandson of Andrew, of Middletown.

Wilcoxson, Samuel, Windsor, deputy in 1646. William, '47—perhaps the same who was made free in Massachusetts in '38. Timothy moved to Stratford as early as '40. William, of Stratford, '50—had sons, Joseph, John and Timothy.

Wickham, Thomas, Wethersfield, 1671.

Wild, Edmond, 1663. John, a grand juror in '43.

Wilkinson, Josiah, about Saybrook in 1664. Thomas, '49.

Willard, Josias, Wethersfield—died in 1674—juror in '71. Joseph, Wethersfield, '70, and died in '74.

Willet, Nathaniel, Hartford—constable in 1644. Elizabeth, '48.

Willer, Richard, Windsor, 1640.

Williams, Roger—juror in 1642–44 and 45—deputy in '37. He came to Windsor as early as '36. He was often a member of both branches of the General Court, and was a gentleman of importance in the colony.

Williams, William—a landholder at Podunk, an early settler, 1646. Arthur, of Windsor, '40—juror in '43. David, died in '84, and left a small estate. Matthew, of Hartford, '46. James, son of James and Sarah, born in '92, Hepzibah in '98, Sarah in '99, Samuel in 1700, Abigail in 1707, Daniel in 1710. John, of Windsor, married Bethia Marshall, in 1672. John and Ebenezer born in '73, another in '75. (John, of Hartford, '37. See Aaron Starks.)

Williams, Amos, an orphan. The magistrates ordered the little Bible and a paper book, left by his mother, to be delivered to him, in 1663. He died in '83. Children, Amos 13, Samuel 8, Elizabeth 6, and Susannah 3 years old.

Wiley, John, Haddam—died May 2, 1688. He left an estate of £169 to his wife and 7 children, viz. Isaac 18 years old, Isabel 17, John 14, Miriam 12, Allyn 9, Mary 7, and Abel 6 years. Thomas, 1664. Isaac, 1649, about N. London in '71.

Wills, Joshua, Windsor, 1647. This was a common name in Massachusetts in its early settlement. Henry, a Pequot soldier in '37.

Wilton, Nicholas, Windsor—died July, 1683.

Winterton, Gregory—constable of Hartford in 1642—selectman in '45—juror in '40 and '42—surveyor of common lands in '47. He was an original proprietor of Hartford, and in the land division in '39. Signed to move to Hadley in '59. He was an uncle of John Shepard, and gave John £34. John was a brother of Thomas Greenhill, 1654. *Récord*, p. 118.

Willoughby, Jonas, Wethersfield, 1666. This was a reputable name in Massachusetts in the early settlement of the colony, as it was in Connecticut.

Wilson, Anthony—deputy in 1646. Phineas, of Hartford—died in '92, and left a large estate. He had an only son Nathaniel, and daughters Hannah and Mary. Had 3 sisters, Hannah, Margaret and

Jane, who then lived in Hull, in Yorkshire, England. His wife had a daughter Abigail Warren. Samuel married Mary —, May, '72, and had a daughter in '74, and another born in '75, and Samuel in '78.

Wilton, David—moved to Northampton from Windsor, in 1660, where he died. He left a grandson, Samuel Marshall, to whom he gave much of his property at Northampton. Joseph Hawley was about to marry his grand daughter Lydia, at Northampton, to whom he gave a share of his estate, provided he married her, and built a house on the land at Northampton, and lived there four years—if not, he gave it to Samuel Marshall, his grandson. He provided for his wife Katherine. Samuel Marshall, sen'r., married his daughter, and died before him. He was a brother of Nicholas Wilton—had a sister Joan Wilton. He gave a silver bowl to the church in Northampton—£10 to the College—gave his wife the sawmill at Northampton. His grandson Thomas Marshall lived with him at Northampton. Medad Pomeroy was overseer of his estate at Northampton. Daniel, 1644, Nicholas, of Windsor, died July, 1683.

Wimbell, Robert, a distributor of the estate of Thomas Dewey, 1648.

Winchell, Robert, Windsor—a juror in 1644. In '37 was appointed with Mr. Ludlow and William Phelps as agents for the purchase of corn, &c. He came early to Windsor. His children were, Phebe born in 1639, Mary in 1641—David, Joseph, Martha, Benjamin.—Robert died in 1657. Nathaniel, son of Robert, married Sarah Porter, and had Nathaniel, Thomas and Sarah, born 1674, and Joseph 1677. Jonathan Winchell married Abigail Brunson, and had a son Jonathan, 1663. David married Elizabeth Filly, 1669, and had Joseph and two daughters. Nathaniel Winchell, 1664—probably the same who was at Westfield in 1686.

Winthrop, Gov. John, who first came to Saybrook, in 1635—was the son of John Winthrop, the Governor of Massachusetts. He arrived at Boston in the autumn of 1635, with a commission from Lord Say and Seal, Lord Brook and others, who were interested in a Patent of a large tract of land adjoining the Connecticut River, as agent of the Company—to erect houses and build a Fort at the mouth of the river, not only for self-protection against the savages, but to command the navigation and prevent the Dutch from taking possession of the lands. Mr. Winthrop brought with him from England, men, ammunition, ordnance and money, furnished by the Company, to carry out their design. He was directed by the Company, on his arrival at Boston, to repair at once to Connecticut, with 50 men, to erect fortifications and build houses for the garrison, and the houses for the men of quality within the Fort. He was also directed that such as should locate there in the beginning, should plant themselves either at the harbor or near the mouth of the river, for their own safety, and that they should set down in bodies together, that they could be better entrenched; also to reserve to the Fort 1000 or 1500 acres at least of good ground as near to the Fort as could be obtained. The Company also, before Mr. Winthrop left England, appointed him Governor of the Connecticut River, in New England, and of the harbors and places adjoining, for the space of one year after his arrival there. Gov. Winthrop soon learned that the Dutch at New Netherlands intended to seize upon the mouth of the river, and he im-



mediately despatched 20 men from Boston to his place of destination, (now Saybrook) to get command of the river, and repel the Dutch if they should appear. Soon after the arrival of Mr. Winthrop's men at the mouth of the Connecticut, the Dutch who had been sent from New Netherlands arrived to take possession, but Gov. Winthrop's men had in season planted two of their cannon in so favorable a position that the Dutch troops were prevented from landing. Mr. Winthrop soon went to Saybrook and fulfilled his commission as agent for the Company. He and Mr. Fenwick did not consider either themselves or the lands within their grant, as strictly under the government or within the jurisdiction of Connecticut, until after the colony of Connecticut had purchased the land upon the river, and the Fort of Mr. Fenwick, in 1644; for which reason Gov. Winthrop is not found very frequently upon the records of the colony for some of the first years of its settlement. Even Mr. Fenwick was not a magistrate in the colony until 1644. Gov. Winthrop the younger applied to the General Assembly of Connecticut, in 1640, for a grant to him of Fisher's Island. The Court decided that so far as it would not hinder the public good, either in fortifying it for defence, or fishing, or making salt, that he had liberty to proceed therein. He therefore took possession of it, and his heirs hold it to this day. Gov. Winthrop did not become a member of the House of Assistants in the colony until after 1650; after which time he became the favorite of the colony, and received apparently any appointment he desired. He was elected Governor in 1657, 9 and 1660, to 1675. He was the first Governor of the colony who was ever elected previous to 1660, two years in succession—the old law upon this subject, owing to the universal popularity of Mr. Winthrop as Governor, was repealed. In 1662 he procured the Charter for the colony, for which he was agent, which greatly added to his popularity in Connecticut, but gave much offence to the colonists at New Haven; yet at the Union of the two Colonies, in 1665, Mr. Winthrop was continued as Governor of the colony, and Major Mason, Deputy Governor. To give the honors and incidents of the life of so valuable a man as Gov. Winthrop would require volumes, it therefore will not be expected even an outline can be detailed in this small pamphlet.

In September, 1647, the General Court "thought meet" to give Mr. Winthrop a commission to execute justice, at Pequot, according "to their laws, and the rule of righteousness." Previous to 1660 no person was eligible by law, two years in succession to the office of Governor. But the people had now become so much enamored with the good management of the affairs of the government by Mr. Winthrop, that the General Court, at the April term, proposed repealing the law, that Gov. Winthrop should be eligible the second year to the office of Governor. To do which it was propounded to the freemen, and inserted in the warrants for the choice of deputies, which was effected, and Gov. Winthrop triumphantly elected, not only two years in succession, but many years after. This was a year full of great and happy events in the colony. Mr. Winthrop had been elected Governor, and Gen. Mason, Deputy Governor; two of the most popular, deserving and able men in the colony, and better acquainted with the affairs of the country than any others. Gov. Winthrop was deemed by the people as a learned, safe and judicious statesman, while it appeared to be a conceded point by all, that no man could be as familiar with the condition of the various tribes of Indians as Maj. Mason—and in this respect

was viewed as peculiarly fitted for his new and responsible office of Deputy Governor. In the repeal of the law, the freemen had wisely discovered that the first year of holding an office was wasted more in learning its duties than in performing them acceptably to the public. I here for brevity, skip over that part of the record which appointed Gov. Winthrop agent to procure the Charter for the colony, and much of their distress in meeting the expense of his mission. In July, 1662, it was discovered that the £500 which had been appropriated for the expenses of Gov. Winthrop, had proved altogether insufficient for the object, and a part of that even then, unpaid, and the expenses had far exceeded their expectation. All was now consternation and excitement—a new and unexpected debt had been added to their misfortunes, while they were ignorant of the progress or success of their petition to the King—yet never daunted, the General Court at once appointed committees to notify those persons who were yet owing Mr. Cullick any part of the £500, to pay it at once, and the collectors for the country to prepare for payment without delay, to discharge the sums required by the Worshipful Governor. The General Court, in case those indebted as aforesaid, failed to pay as directed, appointed a committee to procure corn or other provisions, and compel such as were indebted towards the £500 so appropriated, to pay for it. The distress continued through the summer. But when the General Court convened at Hartford on the 9th day of October, 1662, all was hilarity and excitement in-doors and out, such as had never before been witnessed in the colony, and probably never since, when the people were notified that Gov. Winthrop had succeeded in the object of his mission to England, and that the Charter had arrived full of liberty for the people, confirming their titles to their lands, extending their territory, with the confidence of the King in the loyalty of his new subjects. They were publicly notified that it was then in the possession of the Court. It was then publicly read to both Houses of the General Court, with an immense concourse of the freemen and people present—when one of the Court, (probably Major Mason) held it out in his hand, and declared it to be *theirs and their successors!* It was viewed by all as a full confirmation, not only of all the titles in the colony, but of the colony itself. Gov. Winthrop at this time had not arrived, but remained in England for some time after he forwarded the Charter. The question in the House at once arose, who should take charge of and hold an instrument that was the Palladium of every man's Liberty in the Colony, and the safeguard to the title of every foot of soil in the jurisdiction of Connecticut. The Court selected Mr. Wyllys, John Allen and John Talcott to take the Charter into their custody and keeping, in behalf of the Colony. An oath was then administered to them in open Court, for a faithful discharge of so important a trust.

It now became necessary for the General Court to prepare to legislate in conformity to and under the provisions of the Charter. The General Court, therefore, established and confirmed all civil and military appointments in the colony—all orders and laws not at variance with the provisions of the Charter were also confirmed. The Colony Seal was declared to be continued in the hands of the Secretary as the seal of the colony under the Charter. The town of Hartford was decreed by the freemen as the settled location for the convocation of the General Assembly for all future time, (except when visited by epidemic diseases.) The people throughout the country at once saw the advanta-

ges which Connecticut necessarily must possess under the Charter, over other colonies, and particularly over the New Haven Colony. Towns from all parts of the country soon began to apply to the General Court to become members of the colony under the new government. Capt. John Young and others applied for the admission of Southold, on Long Island, into the colony, and submitted their persons and property under the Charter, which was accepted, with a promise of protection. South and Easthampton had before united with the colony. Capt. Young was declared a freeman, and a commission given him to act in Southold as the General Court should require. Their citizens were required to meet and elect a constable for the organization of the town. The inhabitants of Guilford applied for admission, and tendered themselves and estates, and were accepted upon the usual terms. The towns of Stamford and Greenwich also applied, and were received as other towns had been. The inhabitants of Mystic and Paugatuck had until this time held their commissions under Massachusetts, but the Court now ordered that "henceforth they should forbear exercising any authority by virtue of commissions from any other colony than Connecticut;" and ordered the inhabitants to elect a constable and organize the town, and pay the sum of £20 towards defraying the expense of procuring the Charter, as their proportion.

Gov. Winthrop executed his will in Boston, at the time of his sickness, where it is supposed he died. His sons were, Fitz John and Wait Still. He had five daughters, viz. Elizabeth, Lucy, Margaret, Martha and Anne. He gave his sons double portions compared with his daughters, and made all his children executors and executrices of his will. He also appointed John Allen, Mr. Humphrey Davie, James Allen and his brother John Richards, to settle any difficulty that might arise in the settlement of his estate, or any three of them. His will was proved in court by Thomas Hatch and John Blake, July 25, 1676.

Winthrop, Fitz John—son of Gov. Winthrop, of Connecticut. He early became an important man in the colony, and was a magistrate when young. He depended not so much upon the exalted reputation of his honored father as upon his own exertions, for preferment and honors. His doctrine was the same as that of the Wolcotts—that all men were self-made who became eminent—that the son of a great man was no better than the son of a pauper, except that his advantages were preferable for accomplishing the object. Fitz John appears early to have imbibed a military spirit, and possessed every qualification for an important military officer; he was educated in the art of war—was bold, brave and daring to a fault, and received the commission of Captain when young. The first important appointment which brought him particularly before the public, was an appointment by the General Assembly of Connecticut in 1664, with his honored father, Matthew Allyn, sen'r., Gold, Richards, Howell and Young, some of the most important men in the colony, to meet His Majesty's Commissioners in New York, and hear the differences and settle the boundaries of the Patent of the Duke of York and the colony of Connecticut, by which decision Long Island was awarded to the Duke of York, &c., and the boundaries of Connecticut settled. We next find Mr. Winthrop, in 1683, appointed by the King of England, and associated with Cranfield, the Commander-in-Chief of New Hampshire, with Dudley, Stoughton, Randolph, Shrimpton,

Palmer, Pyncheon, jr., and Saltonstall, as a committee to quiet all disputes regarding the Narragansett country, as Commissioners of Charles II. In 1693 the colony of Connecticut found it necessary to address King William and Queen Mary with reference to the militia of the colony, and to send an Ambassador to England for this special purpose. Maj. Gen. Fitz John Winthrop was at once selected and appointed for the important mission. While in England, in 1697, he laid before the Council of Trade a memorial giving an answer to the Dutchess of Hamilton's petition to the King regarding her claims to Narragansett, so far as the people of Connecticut were concerned, though this matter was not included in his instructions. He managed the affair with great adroitness and good judgment. Gen. Winthrop was appointed Major General in 1690 over the army designed against Canada. In 1698, such was his popularity that he was elected Governor of Connecticut, and continued to be re-elected until his death, in 1707. He was the last of the eminent men of the name in Connecticut, though Massachusetts yet has her Winthrops.

Wood, Jonas, Wethersfield, 1636—produced to the court his certificate of church-membership, dated at Watertown, Mass., 29th of March, 1636, to join a church in Connecticut; and he was at Wethersfield in '36. He came with Andrew Ward, Coe, &c. Jonas, at Southampton, L. I., in '48, (which was under the jurisdiction of Connecticut)—was custom-master there in '61—magistrate and commissioner in '63. Perhaps the same who located at Wethersfield in '36.

Wood, John, was killed in 1639, near the mouth of Connecticut river. Lieut. Bull, while in pursuit of the Pequots, found his gun marked I. W. Matthew, '63. Consider, '64, of Westchester, which at this time was claimed within the jurisdiction of Connecticut.

Woodcock, John, 1639. This name is found in Connecticut before it is in Massachusetts.

Woodbridge, Rev. Timothy, Hartford. I insert this family as a family of clergymen; there having been seven of the name, ministers in the colony at about the same period of time. Timothy was settled over the first church in Hartford, in 1685, and died in 1732. According to an account by T. S. Perkins, Esq., deceased, (who was a descendant,) Timothy was the 2d son of Rev. John, who married a daughter of Gov. Dudley, of Massachusetts, and was settled at Andover, in that colony, in 1644. Thomas Woodbridge was first married to a daughter of Hon. Samuel Wyllys, of Hartford, and was the ancestor of Sheldon Woodbridge, Esq., of Hartford. A daughter of Thomas married Gov. Pitkin. Rev. Samuel (was a nephew of Timothy, of Hartford.)—was settled over the 3d church in Hartford, in 1705, and died in 1746. He was a grandson of Rev. John, of Massachusetts, mentioned above—from him are the descendants of those of the name in Hartford, East Hartford, and Manchester. Rev. John Woodbridge was settled at Killingworth. Rev. Dudley Woodbridge was settled over the first church in Simsbury, and died in 1710. The 2d Rev. Timothy, son of the first Timothy, was settled also at Simsbury, over the first

church in 1712, and died in 1742. Rev. Ashbel was settled at Glastenbury, in 1723, and died in 1753;—he was the son of the first Rev. Timothy by his second marriage to Mrs. Howell. Rev. Benjamin was settled at Amity in the town of Woodbridge, in 1712. Rev. Ephraim Woodbridge was settled over the first church in Groton, in 1704, and died in 1724—neither of whom were either dismissed or removed from their places of settlement. The first Rev. Timothy, was a member (in 1703) of the Convention which, for the better regulation of the administration of church discipline, formed the noted Saybrook Platform, of which meeting Rev. James Noyes and Thomas Buckingham were moderators, and Rev. Stephen Mix and John Woodward were chosen scribes.

Woodbridge, Benjamin, 1673—witness of Thrall's will.

Whittlesey, Ruth, Wethersfield—died in 1734. This is the first death in the family, in Connecticut, on the Probate record at Hartford. Jabez Whittlesey was administrator. Jabez, of Wethersfield, was a farmer at Newington. He died in January, 1743, and left an estate of £718.

Wolcott, Hon. Henry, sen'r., was an early settler at Windsor. He came to Massachusetts from Tolland, England, and moved his family to Windsor in 1636, to continue with Mr. Warham's church, with which he had united in England. He had married Elizabeth Saunders before he left his country, and had some family. His son Henry, jr., was about 25 years of age when the family moved to Windsor, in 1636, and soon became an active business man. Hon. Henry was a gentleman of education, wealth and distinction, and had been a magistrate before he left England. He was long a magistrate and assistant in the colony, though he had become somewhat advanced in life before he settled at Windsor. He was made the first constable of the town, which at that day and for many years after, was an office of great honor and power in the colony. In 1637 he was appointed collector of rates—deputy in 1639 and '41—juror in 1641, 3 and 4—a committee with Major Mason to locate and erect fortifications—was frequently a member of both houses or branches of the General Court, and upon many of the most important committees in the colony—was one of the nineteen signers of the Petition to Charles II. for the Charter of Connecticut, all of whom were the principal men in the colony. Mr. Wolcott was the ancestor of more Governors of the Colony and State than any other individual, not only in the State, but in the United States. He was the ancestor of three Governor Wolcotts in Connecticut, viz. Roger and two Oliver Wolcotts—two of whom had been Lieutenant Governors; also by the marriage of his daughter to the first Matthew Griswold, of Saybrook, he became the ancestor of the two Governor Griswolds, viz. Matthew and Roger. His son Simon married a daughter of the first William Pitkin; and by this connexion he also became the ancestor of Gov. Pitkin. The children of Hon. Henry were, Henry, jr., George, Ann, Mary and Simon. Simon's children were, Elizabeth, Martha, Simon, Joanna, and the Hon. Roger—the latter was the second in command at the siege and reduction at Louisburg, in 1745, and in 1751 he was elected Governor of Connecticut. The first Oliver, LL. D., was Governor in 1796 and 7. The second Oliver, LL. D., had been Secretary of War, and Governor from 1817 to 1827. Erastus, who served as General in the War of the Revolution,

was a brother of Oliver, who was also General in the same service. Erastus was a Judge of the Supreme Court of Connecticut for some years. This worthy band of a single line, were the descendants of Henry Wolcott, of Windsor. Of the same line of ancestry was the Hon. Frederick, late of Litchfield—a brother of the last Gov. Oliver—who was a gentleman no less talented and worthy than any of his ancestors. There are at this day no public men by this name in the high public stations of our country. It was well for the Wolcotts that they lived when integrity and talents were the only qualifications for preferment and high places of public trust. There are two of the sons of Hon. Frederick—one in Boston, the other in New York—who are merchants of distinction. A grandson of the last Governor Oliver, and a son of the late Col. Gibbs, of Long Island, is fast rising into notice and favor as a gentleman of literature by his valuable productions. One other of the descendants in Hartford, not of the name, but of the blood, is also by his talents, industry and acquirements, making rapid progress to public favor and preferment. Hon. Henry Wolcott died in 1630. He gave in his will his seal ring to Henry, jr. He had land at Tolland, in England, at his decease, which was in the possession of John Wolcott and John Dart, which he gave to his youngest son Josiah, after the expiration of the estate given by his (Henry's) uncle Christopher to John Wolcott, sen'r., then deceased. He also held land at Willington, called Longforth, in England, in the possession of Hugh Wolcott at his decease. He at the close of his will changed his views, and gave his lands in England to Henry, jr., for life, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, and to their heirs forever, by Henry, jr.'s paying annually for six years, £50 to his other three youngest sons. He was a gentleman of great wealth; his land at Wethersfield alone was appraised at £1234. His other property in this country at £2743, exclusive of his property in England.

Wolcott, Henry, jr., received many appointments from the General Court. George, 1640—a brother of Henry, jr., and son of Henry, sen'r. Hannah, had a sister who married James Russell, who had a daughter, Mary Russell—she also had a sister Price, who shared in her estate. She died unmarried in 1683-4. Sarah, died unmarried, or without children, in July, 1684. Simon, of Windsor—moved to Simsbury, and owned land there in 1667. Simon, son of Simon, brother of Henry, John, William Pitkin, Christopher, William and Roger. Treat, an assistant in 1663.

Woodford, Thomas, Hartford, 1639—fence viewer in '39—collector of funds for the students of Cambridge College in 1645—sexton to dig graves and ring the bell for funerals, with orders that Thomas Woodford should “attend making graves for any corpses deceased; and that no corpse shall be laid less than four feet deep; none that be above four years old shall be laid less than five feet deep; none that be above ten, shall be laid less than six feet deep. He was not an original proprietor of Hartford, but had 14 acres of land there, with the right of pasture on the common, to fetch wood, &c. He was appointed to cry all lost property at public meetings, at 2 pence paid in advance, in 1640. Joseph, made free in 1663.

Woodhull, Richard, and Thomas Pierce, were appointed officers under Connecticut, on the admission of Setauk, L. I., into the jurisdiction of Connecticut.

Woodruff, Matthew, came early to Hartford among the first settlers. After remaining awhile at Hartford, he removed with his family to Farmington; since which the Woodruffs have emanated from Farmington. Nathaniel, after 1717, moved from Farmington to Litchfield, which makes Matthew the ancestor of the name there. Matthew died at an advanced age, in 1691. His children were, Matthew, aged 23, John 19, Samuel 14, Nathaniel 5, Joseph 2, Mary 21, Sarah 17, Elizabeth 12, Hannah 10. Widow Sarah Woodruff died in 1690. John died at Farmington in 1692, and left Joseph, aged 13, John 23, Mary 25, Hannah 21, Phebe 16, Margaret 10, and Abigail 8. The family have uniformly supported the good reputation of their ancestor. Gen. Morris Woodruff was as prominent as any of the name. The Woodruffs of Connecticut are the descendants of Matthew, and not of William.

Woodward, Rev. John—was scribe, in 1708, for the Convention who formed the Saybrook Platform.

Woodward, Hartford, 1640. It was voted by the town that he should employ his whole time in killing wolves, for which he was to have 4s. 6d. per week for his board in case he killed neither wolves or deers in the course of the week, but if he killed either, to pay for his board. This name was frequent in the early settlement of Massachusetts.

Woolfe, Edward, New London, 1671. Peter was at Salem as early as 1634.—*Farmer*.

Wolterton, Gregory, Hartford—died in 1674 or in '74. He had a nephew James, son of his brother Matthew, in New London. He left no children. He was a useful citizen.

Worshall, John—juror in 1644.

Wright, Thomas—deputy from Wethersfield in 1643—died in '70, and left Margaret, his widow, and children, Samuel, Joseph, Thomas and others. A daughter of his son Thomas married Job Hillyer, and they had a son William, and daughters, Margaret and Sarah. His widow died in '71.

Wright, Thomas, Wethersfield—died in August, 1683. His children were, Thomas, aged 23 years, Mary 18, Hannah 13, Lydia 11. His estate was £673. Anthony Wright married Mary, the widow of Matthias Treat, by whom she had children. Anthony died in '79.

Wrisly, Richard—one of the first settlers.

Wrotham, Simon, Farmington—died in 1694-5. His daughter House's children were, William, Susannah and Samuel—sons Samuel, and Simon, and daughter Newel.

Wyard or Wire, Robert, Wethersfield—died in 1682.

Wyatt, John, 1616--died in '68. His children were, Mary, Hepzibah, Dorcas, Sarah, Joanna, Elizabeth and Israel.

Wyllys, Gov. George, was the son of Richard, of Fenny-Compton, in Warwickshire, in England. He was the first of the family who came to New England. He held an estate there of £500 per annum, in possession of George, his eldest son, who he left in England. In 1636, being a Puritan in principle and feeling, he became anxious to remove to Connecticut with his family, he therefore to prepare a comfortable situation in the new country for himself and family, at Hartford, during the year 1636, sent his steward, (William Gibbins) with 20 men, to Hartford, to purchase and prepare for him a farm, and erect such buildings as should be needed for his reception. Mr. Gibbins therefore came to New England, and purchased that elevated and delightful plat of ground, at this day celebrated not only by the location of the *Charter Oak* upon it, but as the *Wyllys Place*, at the south part of the city. He erected the necessary buildings, and prepared the grounds for a garden, where the family have uniformly resided. In 1638 Mr. Wyllys removed with his family direct to Hartford. His reputation in England had been of that high character, that in the following year he was made a magistrate, and in 1641 was elected Deputy Governor of the colony, and in 1642 was made Governor. He was once elected Commissioner to the United Congress of the Colonies. Dr. Trumbull says, "he was a Puritan of the strictest kind, and lived in all the exactness of the most pious Puritans of the day." His death, which took place March 21, 1644, was deeply realised throughout the colony. He left a son Samuel, who was born in England, about 12 years of age at the decease of his father, who at the age of 22, was made a magistrate, and became a prominent man in the colony. Gov. Wyllys, as early as 1639, was appointed with Gov. Welles to revise the laws of Connecticut. Among the many important offices which have been held by the different members of the Wyllys family, it is worthy of remark, in this day of shifting and change, that three of the descendants of Gov. Wyllys, (viz. Hezekiah, George and Samuel) held in succession, the office of Secretary of State of the Colony and State of Connecticut 98 years. Gov. Wyllys had brothers, William and Richard. This family, so long and so favorably known in Hartford, are now all deceased, and the name become extinct in the State;—and that beautiful seat occupied by them nearly 200 years, has passed, for want of Wyllys heirs, into the hands of a gentleman no less talented than its original proprietors—a regular descendant of the Hon. Henry Wolcott the first, of Windsor. He left a wife, Mary, and children, George, Samuel, Hester and Amy. His son George remained in England, and was there, as appears by the will of Gov. Wyllys, in 1644; property was given to his son George in Connecticut, provided George should move with his family to Hartford, &c., otherwise given to his son Samuel.—*Records, Trumbull, and Farmer.*

Wyllys, Hon. Samuel, son of Governor Wyllys, of Connecticut, was born in Warwickshire, in England, in 1632, and came to Hartford with his father in 1638. When only 22 years of age he was made a magistrate, (in 1654) which he held for many years. He married a daughter of Governor Haynes, and died aged about 77 years, in 1709. His son Hezekiah held the office of Secretary for the colony from 1712 to 1734, when he died. George, his grandson,



was Secretary from 1735 until he died in 1796, when Samuel the son of the 2d George succeeded his father in the same office, and held it until 1809, when Hon. Thomas Day was appointed, and held it 24 years. In 1659 Mr. Wyllys was appointed by the General Court to go to Saybrook and assist Major Mason in examining the suspicious there about witchery. In 1660 he was auditor of public accounts with Capt. Lord. He was a member of the Congress of the United Colonies in 1661, 2, 4 and 7.

Hezekiah Wyllys married Elizabeth Hobart, a daughter of Rev. Jeremiah Hobart, in 1704. George Wyllys, son of Hezekiah and Elizabeth—was born October, 1710—grandson of Samuel first—Samuel, his great grandson, was the last Secretary of the Wyllys family.

## Y.

Young, Rev. John, of Southold, L. I., was appointed a magistrate by Connecticut as early as 1662, to assist the magistrates of South and East-Hampton. The towns of Southold, Huntington, East and Southampton, Oyster Bay and other towns on Long Island, were under the jurisdiction of Connecticut for several years; and the Island was claimed as being within the bounds described in the Charter, as was Rye, Hastings, Westchester, Narragansett, &c., and most of them were organized as towns by order of the General Court of Connecticut, and were represented in the General Assembly of Connecticut for some years, until the bounds of the Colony under the Charter were settled by the King's Commissioners, in 1664-5. On the admission of Southold into the jurisdiction of Connecticut, a petition, signed by said Young, Richard Terre and 22 others, inhabitants of Southold, was presented, all of whom were made freemen of Connecticut. George, 1664. Capt. J. Young was appointed in 1655, to command a vessel for observation, with men from Saybrook and N. London, to prevent Ninegrate's crossing the sound to attack the Indians on Long Island, and in case he did, to destroy his canoes, and kill his men, if possible. John, of Windsor, 1640.

## APPENDIX,

CONTAINING ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

### A.

Abbey, Samuel, Windham—died in 1698—wife Mary. His children were, Mary, 25 years of age, Samuel 23, Thomas 20, Eleazer 18, Ebenezer 16, Mary 14, Sarah 13, Hepzibah 10, Abigail 8, John 7, Benjamin 6, and Jonathan 2.

Ackley, Nicholas, chimney viewer of Hartford, 1662.

Adams, Edward, resided at Fairfield in 1653. Ephraim, of Simsbury, 1730. Edward, in 1660, married Elizabeth Buckland—whether he was the son of Edward, of Fairfield, is not known—he had a daughter Mary. Jeremiah, of Hartford, (in No. 1.)—was the only person in Hartford, in 1660, allowed to sell wine in a less quantity than a quarter cask, or other liquors less than an ancor.

Adgate, Thomas, Norwich, 1660—was a deacon of the church in Saybrook in '59. He is not found upon the colony record in any town previous to his being in Saybrook. While there he married the widow of Richard Bushnell. Was made free in '63.

Adkins, Thomas, (probably now Atkins)—died in 1694. His children were, Mary aged 22, Thomas 21, Mary 19, Jane 16, Josiah 9, Sarah 12, and Benoni 4. Estate £182. Josiah died in '90—wife Elizabeth—children, Solomon, aged 12, Josiah 10, Benjamin 8, Ephraim 5, Sarah 16, Abigail 14, and Elizabeth 3.

Andrews, John, sen'r., Hartford—died in 1681—wife Mary. His children were, Benjamin, John, Abraham, Daniel and Joseph. He had grand children, Thomas Barnes, John Andrews, Abraham Andrews, John Richards, Daniel Andrews, Ezekiel Buck, and Joseph, the son of his son John. He had daughters, Mary Barnes, Hannah Richards, and Rachel Buck. He gave each of his grand children named, a legacy.

Andrews, Edward—died in 1673—was a brother-in-law of Josiah Adkins. He left a wife and children. Josiah Howlton married his sister. Gideon, of Fairfield, juror in 1730. Thomas, of Middletown, died in 1690, and left children, Thomas, John, Samuel, Hannah, Elizabeth, Sarah and Abigail.

Allyn, Matthew, (in No. 1.)—stated by Miss Caulkins, as having been a brother of Robert, who early settled at Saybrook, and afterwards at New London. All the descendants of Matthew spell the name (Allyn,) instead of (Allen) in and about Hartford; so that their signs upon their buildings show their descent from Matthew. He so

spelt his own name. He was a petitioner for the Charter of Connecticut. Robert, was one of the principal settlers of New London, 1648.

Alsop, New London, 1674. He is supposed to be Joseph Alsop who came to New England in the Elizabeth and Ann, Roger C. master. Thomas came in the same vessel at another time.

Armstrong, Jonathan, New London, 1671.

Arnold, Joseph, Haddam—died in 1691. His children were, John 29 years old, Joseph 26, Samuel 23, Josiah 21, Susannah 16, Jonathan 12, and Elizabeth 9. This name is yet at Haddam in the person of the sheriff, Charles Arnold, Esq. Samuel had his share of the estate at Machemoodus (in East Haddam,)—he probably moved there.

Ashley, Jonathan, sen'r., Hartford—died in 1704. His son Joseph was his executor. He married a daughter of William Wadsworth, sen'r. His children were, Jonathan, Joseph, Samuel, Sarah and Rebecca. He gave four score acres of land in Plainfield to his son Samuel. His family appear to have been a distinct family from that of Robert, of Massachusetts.

Atwood, Capt. Thomas, Hartford, 1664—was an early settler.

Atwood, Doct. Thomas, Wethersfield—died in 1682, and left a wife, Abigail, and children, Abigail, aged 14, Andrew 11, Jonathan 7, and Josiah 4. He was a son of Capt. Atwood, of Hartford. One of the descendants emigrated to Woodbury or Waterbury.

Avery, James, New London, (in No. 1,)—was ordered in case of a war with the Dutch in 1673, to act as captain, Thomas Tracy, lieutenant, and John Denison, ensign, for the county of New London, over such forces as should be called out. Commissioner in '63.

## B.

Babcock, James—was born in Essex, England, in 1580. In 1620 he moved to Leyden, in Holland, and remained there nearly three years, and being a strict Puritan in his faith, he removed from Holland to Plymouth in 1623, and arrived in July of that year. He came to this country in the ship Ann. He had four children born in England who came with him, viz. James, John, Job and Mary. He lost his wife by death, and married a second wife in 1650. He soon had a son—he named him Joseph; this son, between 1670 and '80, emigrated to Connecticut, and settled in the vicinity of Saybrook, and was the ancestor, in this State, of the family at Hartford, New Haven and other parts of Connecticut.

Backus, Stephen, Norwich, 1660—married Sarah, a daughter of Lyon Gardiner, the first Lord of Gardner's Island. His sons, Stephen born in '70, and Timothy in '82. Stephen moved to Plainfield, afterwards to Canterbury.—*F. M. Caulkins*. William, was early found at Saybrook, and made free in '63. The name was at Saybrook at a much earlier period, (in '38); he afterwards became a proprietor of Norwich.

Bacon, Elizabeth—died in 1670-80, widow of Andrew, deceased, of Hadley. She returned to Hartford after the death of her husband, (being old.) One of her daughters married Caleb Stanley, to whom she gave her house and lands in Hadley, and the share of Isaac, her son, deceased, in his father's estate, which was then hers. She had

a daughter, Abigail Coles, wife of Samuel Coles, and Lois, wife of Thomas Porter, both of Farmington, and Elizabeth Sension, wife of Mark Sension. Nathaniel, Middletown, 1664. Andrew, (in No. 1,) signed with the 60 to remove to Hadley, in '59, which he performed, and died there.

Badger, Daniel—moved from Hartford to North Coventry. He had sons, Daniel and Moses. The first settler there was John Bissell, jr., from Lebanon, (originally of Windsor)—his deed was dated July, 1716, and his deed of land in South Coventry is dated October, 1715, ancestor of Hon. Samuel Badger, of Philadelphia.

Bailey, John, Hartford, 1648—he resided at Haddam in '76—was a fence viewer at Hartford in '66. He with Joseph Aiken were viewers of chimneys in Hartford in '48.

Baker, Jeffery, Windsor—married Jane Rockwell in 1642, and had Samuel, Hepzibah, Mary, Abigail and Joseph. Samuel married Sarah Cook in '70. Baker, Wyllys, Gold, Richard Treat, Thomas Tappin, Wolcott, Sherman, Howell and Thurston Rayner were magistrates at the General Court in '63. Joseph, of Windsor, son of Jeffery, died in '91, and left Joseph and Lydia. He was a brother of Samuel. John married a daughter of John Bailey—was chimney viewer at Hartford in '65. Timothy, of Wethersfield—died, 1709—estate £21.

Baldwin, John, Saybrook, 1659—afterwards one of the proprietors of Norwich. Miss Caulkins states in her valuable work, that John was the ancestor of Judge Baldwin; he was also of Gov. Baldwin, of N. Haven; and of Judge Baldwin, late deceased, of Pennsylvania. The name first came into the colony at Saybrook.

Banks, John, was a juror at Hartford in 1645. It appears he had been some time in the colony. He probably removed to Fairfield as early as '55, as the name is found there in '53—deputy in '63.

Barber, Thomas, Windsor—married in 1640, and had John, Thomas, Sarah, Samuel, Mary and Josiah. John married Bethsheba, and had a daughter and son. Thomas married Mary Phelps, and had Mary and Sarah. Samuel married Mary Long, and had Thomas and Samuel, in '71 and '73.

Barber, Thomas, of Windsor, (in No. 1.) There was a young man of this name at Wethersfield who was a carpenter. The one at Windsor came there with Mr. Huet, in 1639, and married in '40. The name is common in Hartford county. John, '64. (See No. 1.)

Barlow, John, Fairfield, 1652—perhaps the son of Thomas, who was juror at Hartford in '45, and moved to Stratford soon after.

Barnard, John—a man of active business habits, and held many offices in Hartford. He came early—was one who signed to move to Hadley in '59. Bartholomew, a constable in '64. He was often a deputy, and held other important offices. Francis, signed the agreement to move to Hadley in '59.

Beach, John, settled at Stratford previous to 1650.

Bartlett, John—one of the first settlers of Poquonnock, in Windsor, with Holcomb, Francis and Griswold. He was among the first settlers of Windsor. Edward, died in 1676, and left no family. He gave a part of his estate to Benoni Case, of Simsbury, a son of Christopher Crow. Robert, in '46, appears to have been of Windsor. He

moved to Northampton, but owned land in East Hartford in 1664. The town of Hartford applied to purchase it, on condition that if he refused to sell, to call on him for security not to sell it to improper inhabitants. William, resided at New London in 1649.

Barnes, Thomas, Hartford, 1610—had land distributed to him east of the river, and resided there in '63. Joshua, deputy in '63.

Bassett, Robert united with John Chapman and others, in 1653-4, in Fairfield county, to raise troops. The town of Fairfield held a meeting, without authority from the General Court, to raise troops to fight the Dutch at New Netherlands, and appointed Mr. Ludlow commander-in-chief of their troops, which office he accepted. This transaction, it was supposed, caused the departure of Mr. Ludlow to Virginia. Thomas, '43. A man of this name came from England in '34, to Boston—may be the same Thomas Bassett.

Basey, John, was in the land division of Hartford, 1639. He died in '71. Elizabeth his wife. He had a grandson, Paul Peck, another Joseph Baker, a brother John Baker, and a son-in-law John Baker. His eldest daughter married a Burr—his third daughter Elizabeth, married a Peck—Lydia married John Baker.

Bascom, Thomas, in 1639—had a daughter, Abigail. Thomas, in '40, and Hepzibah in '44.

Bates, John, Haddam, 1676—died in 1718. Jonathan, of Haddam, had children, John, Solomon—Joseph Graves married his daughter—Jonathan, James Ray, jr., Elizabeth Bailey. His widow was Elizabeth. John, of Middletown, 1677, and James Bates. James, '69, of Saybrook.

Baxter, Thomas, New London, husband of Bridget, 1662.

Beardsley, William, (in No. 1,)—is probably the William Beardsley who came from Hertfordshire with John and Joseph Beardsley to Massachusetts in a vessel called the Planter.

Beardsley, Thomas, at Fairfield in 1658—probably the grandson of William, who moved to Stratford before, and who was a juror at Hartford in '49. John, of Stratford, before '50.

Beaumont, William—moved to Saybrook, and resided there in 1663.

Beckwith, Nathaniel, Haddam—died in 1717, and left Sarah, his widow, with £269 estate. His children were, Job, Nathaniel, Jerusha, Sarah, Joseph and Patience. Nathaniel, of Lyme, was appointed by the court, guardian of the children of Nathaniel Beckwith, deceased, of Haddam. It is probable the two Nathaniels above, were the sons of Matthew and Stephen, brothers, who were early settlers in Hartford, neither of whom appears to have died at Hartford.

Beckly, Richard, Windsor—juror in 1664.

Beers, Thomas, came to Connecticut as early as 1645, and was a constable in '47—whether he was a relative of the brave Capt. Beers, who, in Philip's war, was killed with 20 of his men near Northfield, is not known. The name soon after '47 disappeared in Hartford, and is early found at Stratford, so that it is supposed Thomas moved to Stratford with the flood of emigration from Hartford and Windsor. Joseph Beers who resided at Stratford in '72, is supposed to have been the son of Thomas. Joseph had a son Daniel, who, after a settlement had commenced at Woodbury, located himself there, and mar-

ried a Miss Walker, either a daughter or grand daughter of the Rev. Z. Walker, who had also moved to Woodbury. They had sons, Josiah, Zechariah and Lewis, born at Woodbury. Josiah was the father of Hon. Seth P. Beers, Commissioner of the School Fund of Connecticut. Josiah, of Stratford, and James, of Fairfield, were jurors in 1730. The name yet remains in Fairfield and Litchfield counties.

Bell, Francis, Stamford, 1642. Mr. Bell was one of the early settlers, and an important man in the colony—a firm Puritan in forms and principles. Rev. Mr. Denton, Mitchell, Ward, Law, Rayner, Bell and Hollys were important men in Stamford in its first settlement. Some of the descendants of Francis have a Bible which was brought to New England in the Mayflower, in which is a record of the first male child born in Stamford. Francis Bell is favorably noticed by Cotton Mather, in company with Slosson.

Bell, Robert, Hartford—was fined £10, in 1683, for selling Tucker a pint of liquor with which he became intoxicated, in violation of law. Bell died in Hartford in '84—Estate £28—children, John 6 years old, Robert 4, and Mary 1. Thomas, of Fairfield county, '70.

Belding, John, Wethersfield—died in 1677. His children were, John, 19 years old, Jonathan 16, Joseph 14, Samuel 11, Daniel 7, Ebenezer 4, Sarah 9, Lydia 2, and Margaret 6 months, at his death. John Belding, Robert Morice, John Waddams and John Stedman, jurors in 1664.

Benedick, Thomas, 1662.

Benfield or Penfield, Middletown, 1664.

Benham, Hannah, daughter of Richard, was born, July, 1683. Rebecca, was born, September, '85.

Bennet, James—moved from Concord to Fairfield in 1644. He had a son Thomas. This is a familiar name in the west part of Connecticut at this time. A man by the name of Henry Bennite—(perhaps the same name) was Secretary to King Charles II., and signed the Commission or Letter for Col. Richard Nicolls, Sir Robert Carr, George Cartright, &c. in '64, to the Governor of Connecticut, in behalf of the King.

Benton, Andrew, Milford, in 1646—of Hartford, '66. He married at New Haven—died at Hartford, July, '83, aged 63 years. Himself and wife took a dismission from the church at Milford to the church in Hartford, in '66. His children were, Hannah, (died) Andrew, Mary, John, (died) Samuel, (settled at Tolland) Dorothy and Joseph, (his wife died)—and by a second wife he had Ebenezer, Lydia and Hannah, (named after the deceased Hannah.) See Timothy Thrall in this No. He left 7 children at his decease. Andrew, of Hartford, '64, '70—juror in '64. Edward, in '74. Edward, of Guilford, '50. Andrew held land, and was a fence viewer in Hartford, in '64. Edward, of Hartford, signed with 59 others to remove to Hadley, in '59.

Benjamin, Caleb, resided in Hartford, but appears to have died at Wethersfield, in 1709. He was a brother of Samuel, who died in 1769. He left a son John and four daughters. John had a double portion of his estate, and was executor of his father's will. Caleb was admitted a freeman with Gershom Bulkley, &c., in '69. He petitioned the

General Court in '82, to form a town in the Webaquasset country, situated probably north of the Pequot territory, perhaps in what is now Windham county.

Benjamin, Samuel, (in No. 1.)—resided at Hoccanum, in Hartford—died in 1669, and left sons, Samuel and John, and daughters, Mary and Abigail. Probably was a relative of John at Watertown, one of the proprietors of Cambridge. Left his estate with his wife Mary, and made Caleb, his brother, overseer of his estate and family.

Benjamin, Richard, in May, 1664, with Jeffery Jones and others, were admitted freemen, and the oath was administered by Capt. John Young, of Southold, L. I. He appears to have resided at L. Island. The relation, if any, to Samuel and Caleb is not known.

Benjamin, John, appears to have been the grandson of Samuel, who died at Hartford, (Hoccanum) in 1669. Samuel left a son Samuel, and daughters, Mary and Abigail. The first Samuel was a brother of Caleb, of Hartford. John died in '53, and left his wife Hannah. To his son John he gave £50—to his son Caleb he gave a house and four acres of land east of the river—to his son Samuel, £50. He had a son David, who died before him, who left two children. Gideon, his son, was executor of his will, and had the residue of his estate. Gideon, or his son Gideon was the grand father of Edwin Benjamin, Esq., now of Hartford. Jonathan, son of Gideon, married Miss Woodbridge, who was a descendant of Governor Dudley, of Massachusetts. Samuel, son of John and Hannah, of Hartford, was born, May, 1708. Caleb was born, 1710.

Beswick, George—died in 1672.

Betts, Thomas, Guilford, 1650. (See John and Widow Betts in No. 1.)

Bidwell, Joseph, Wethersfield—died in 1692. Children, Amy 14 years, Joseph 12, Benjamin 9, Ephraim 6, Lydia 3, and Mary four months old. John Bidwell died in '92, and left an estate of £1081.

Bidoll or Bidwell, John, 1673—of Hartford, '51.

Bigelow, Jonathan, sen'r., Hartford—died in 1710, and left Mary, his wife, and children, Jonathan, John, Mary, Sarah, Violet, Joseph, Abigail, Daniel and Samuel. Left an estate of £549. Jonathan, son of John, married Mabel Edwards, in 1699.

Biggs, William, Wethersfield—died in 1681, and left his widow, and children, William 15 years old, Mary 14, Thomas 9, Elizabeth 8, Sarah 6, and John 4. Estate £139.

Billings, Richard, Hartford—had 6 acres in the division of land east of the river, in 1640. He was in the colony before '40, and was one of the 60 who signed to remove to Hadley in '59.

Bingham, Thomas, is first found at Norwich as a proprietor in 1660, after which he married, and had eleven children. The name yet remains in New London county. Thomas, of Windham, '97.

Birchard, John. A Mr. Birchard was a juror at Hartford as early as 1639, before any jurors came from Saybrook, which shows he must have been settled in one of the three towns on Connecticut river—perhaps John, who afterwards settled at Norwich, and became a proprietor and clerk, selectman, constable and commissioner there—perhaps the same to whom the General Court sent a warrant to enforce

payment of the Charter tax against Mystic. His sons, as stated by Miss Caulkins, were, Samuel, James, Thomas, John, Joseph and Daniel. John was made free in '63.

Birdsey, John, moved from Milford to Stratford, before 1645, and became a leading man in the church there.

Bird, John and Joseph, first settlers of Litchfield from Farmington—were descendants of Thomas, (in No. 1.) who moved to Farmington, and was the ancestor of Dr. Bird and Gen. Bird, and others. James, Thomas and Joseph, 1663.

Birdge, Joseph, who settled at Litchfield in the early settlement of that place, was from Windsor, and a descendant of Richard, (in No. 1.) The present Treasurer of Connecticut is also a descendant. John, of Windsor, married Hannah Watson in 1678—in '79 had a son John.

Bishop, Anne, Guilford—died in 1676. Children, John, Stephen, and a daughter who married James Steel. She had removed from Hartford to Guilford—perhaps the ancestor of James, who was seven years Deputy Governor of Connecticut before '90. Rev. John, minister at Stamford, '44.

Bissell, John, Windsor—had a son Nathaniel born in 1640. His son John married Miss Mason, in '58, and had Mary in '58, John in '61, Daniel in '63, Dorothy in '65, Josias in '70, a son in '73, Ann in '75, and another son in '75. Thomas Bissell in '55, married Abigail Moore, and had Thomas in '56, Abigail in '58, John in '60, Joseph in '63, Elizabeth in '66, Benjamin in '69, a son in '71, and other children. John, sen'r., of Windsor, died in '77—his children were, Mary, who married Jacob Drake—Joyce married Samuel Pinney—John, Thomas, Samuel and Nathaniel. John, jr., was the first settler in Coventry—and received his deed of Israel Everett, of Lebanon, Oct. 1715—was the first captain in Coventry—held slaves. Though he moved from Lebanon to Coventry, he originated at Windsor.

Blachford, Peter, Saybrook, 1663.

Blackledge, John, jr., admitted an inhabitant of Hartford in 1659.

Blackleach, John, Wethersfield, (in No. 1.) slandered the authority of the colony, and was fined £30—was informed by the Court, that he deserved a penalty of £100, but owing to a weakness incident to him, they fined him only £30. He died in 1683. He had been a gentleman of estate, but left only £373 to such of his children as were supposed to be then living, viz. John, Exercise Hodges, Mary Jeffries, and Benoni. Was an early settler.

Blackley, Thomas, (in No. 1)—who resided in this colony in 1641, embarked from London in the Hopewell, Thomas Babb, master, for Massachusetts, some time previous.

Blake, John—died in 1690. Children, Mercy 17 years of age, Sarah 16, Mary 14, Elizabeth 12, Abigail 10, John 8, Jonathan 6, Stephen 4, and Richard 11 months. Nicholas, 1656.

Blanchard, Peter—collector of rates against the inhabitants of Mystic and Paugatuck, in 1662.

Bliss, Thomas, sen'r., and jr., (in No. 1.) were among the early settlers of Hartford, before 1639. It is more than probable that in the constant emigration down the Connecticut river, from the three old towns, that the Thomas Bliss who settled at Norwich in '60, was



one of the above—probably was Thomas, jr., who had then grown to manhood. Thomas, made free in '63.

Bloomer, Robert, 1664.

Bloss, James, was voted not to be an inhabitant of Hartford, but he was allowed by the town to continue there until the spring of 1660.

Blumfield, William, Hartford, (in No. 1)—in 1663 had moved down the Connecticut river.

Boardman, Daniel, Wethersfield—married Hannah Wright, and had 12 children, viz. Richard, born in 1684—settled at Wethersfield—Daniel, jr., born in '87—he became a minister at New Milford, and died Aug. 1744—Mabel, born in 1689, and married John Griswold—John, born in '91, and died young—Hannah, born in '93, and married John Abbey, of Enfield—Martha, born in '95, and married a grandson of Josiah Churchill, of Wethersfield—Israel, born in '97, and died at Stamford, in 1724—Timothy, born in 1699, and died the same month, (and a second) Timothy was born in July, 1700—he married and settled at Wethersfield, and had a son Timothy, in '27—sons, Oliver, Thomas and Sherman—(Timothy died in '53, and his widow in '80)—Joshua, born in 1702—Benjamin, born in 1704, and settled at Sharon—Charles, born in 1707. Daniel, the father, died the 20th of February, 1725, and left his wife, Hannah, and most of his children living. Son Charles died soon after his father. Daniel, the father of Daniel, sen'r., of Wethersfield, appears to have died in Massachusetts, and left a son Daniel, and other sons. Daniel moved to Wethersfield about 1680. About the same time the name appears at Middletown—perhaps a brother of Daniel, sen'r., of Wethersfield. Daniel in his will, gave Joshua his house at Wethersfield, and half his lands at Litchfield and New Milford—and to his son Benjamin the other half. John Bostwick and Zechariah Ferris, of New Milford, appraised the property at New Milford in 1725. Daniel was the ancestor of the Boardman family at N. Milford. The name and family are distinct from the name and family of Samuel Boarman, who was an early settler at Wethersfield. Boardman, Isaac, jr., of Wethersfield, died in 1719. Sherman, and other families of Hartford, are descendants of Daniel Boardman. Elizabeth, widow, at Middletown, died in 1730—estate £115. Samuel, of Middletown, died in 1733. Sarah, of Wethersfield, widow, died in 1733, and left children, David, Joseph and Mary Warner. She had grand children, William, Sarah and Hannah Warner. Isaac, jr.'s property was given and distributed to his widow Rebecca, and his children, Isaac, Edward, Josiah, Ephraim and other children. In this family there has been one Senator of the U. States, one member of the House of Representatives in Congress, a Judge of the County Court, and several clergymen.

Boarman, John and Joseph, Wethersfield—both died in 1676.

Boreman, William, Guilford, 1649.

Boltwood, Robert, signed to move to Hadley in 1659.

Booth, Richard—was an early settler at Stratford, some years previous to 1650. This family has now become numerous in the western part of the State.

Boen, Daniel, Wethersfield—died in 1693—was unmarried—he owned a sloop and other property, all of which was appraised at £85.

Boosy, James, (in No. 1.)—who was one of the principal settlers of Wethersfield, was united with Edward Hopkins, John Haynes, John Mason and John Steele, as a committee for Connecticut, to conclude articles of agreement with George Fenwick, Esq. for the purchase of the Fort, &c., at Saybrook, which was effected in 1614. He was a leading man in Wethersfield, and ranked high in the colony.

Bostwick, Arthur, Stratford, 1659. Had trouble in his family, which was submitted by the General Court, to Joseph Judson, Mr. Blackman, Beardsley and Fairchild. He settled at Stratford previous to '50.

Bowe, Alexander—died in 1678, and left children, Samuel, Anna and Rebecca.

Bowden, John, 1663.

Bowers, Morgan, Norwich, 1660. He is said by Miss Caulkins, to have been illiterate and thriftless, and was the first case of penury in Norwich. John, of Derby, from Cambridge, Massachusetts. A clergyman by this name came later into the colony, whose descendants are of high standing at Berlin, Middletown and other places.

Bowles, Richard, at Fairfield, in 1611 and '51. Thomas, of New London, '71. Richard was chosen constable of Greenwich, and made a freeman in '62—appointed a constable of the town of Hastings in '63. No person by this name died in Hartford until after 1700. The name is uniformly spelt Bowles upon the early record, and not Bolles.

Brace, Stephen, Hartford—died in 1692, and left a widow and children, Elizabeth, Phebe, Ann, Stephen, John and Henry. He ordered in his will, to put Henry to a trade. He owned land in the great meadow at Rocky Hill and at Pattacunk. Left an estate of more than £400.

Bradfield, Leasly.

Bradford, John, Norwich, was the youngest son of Gov. Wm. Bradford, of Plymouth, Mass. by Dorothy, his first wife. An interesting account is given of this man by Miss Caulkins, p. 100. Mercy Bradford married Samuel Steel in 1680.

Brainard, Daniel, was one of the first settlers of Haddam. Several of the family have been deacons at Haddam and East Haddam, from the first formation of a church there. Daniel, jr. was made deacon in E. Haddam in 1725—died '43, aged 77 years. Noadiah, made deacon there in 1743, and died in '46. Daniel, sen'r., died in 1714 or '15. His sons were, Daniel, James, Joshua, William, Caleb, Elijah and Hezekiah—no daughters. A respectable family.

Brewster, Jonathan, (in No. 1.) was at New London in 1648. He was the grandson of William, who came to Plymouth in the Mayflower. He was early an important man at New London, (in '49)—he afterwards, in the early settlement of Norwich, moved there. The Brewsters of Connecticut are most of them descended from Jonathan, and apparently all from William of the Mayflower. In '61 he was ordered to take his pay out of the wampum received from Narragansett.

Brinsmaid, John, first settled at Stratford, and held land there before 1651. Probably the ancestor of General Brinsmade, of Washington, Conn.

Brockway, Woolston, (in No. 1, of Saybrook, 1663)—left a son

William, and perhaps other children. He was the ancestor of Rev. Diodate, and Hon. John H., of Ellington. The family by marriage, are connected with the Spencers at East Haddam.

Brigden, Rev. Zechariah, Stonington, 1661.

Briggs or Biggs, William, of Middletown—died in 1681. His children were, William 15 years old, Mary 14, Thomas 9, Elizabeth 8, Sarah 6, and John 4.

Brown, Francis, and Lieut. Lewis had buildings burned by the Indians, at Farmington. The damage was submitted by the General Court to Mygatt, &c., in 1661. Francis Brown, constable of Stratford in '63.

Brown, Peter, Windsor—died 1691. Children, Peter, John, Jonathan, Cornelius, Mary, Hepzibah, Esther, Isabel, Deborah and Sarah; he also had two other daughters who were married. He left for them an estate of £408.

Brundish, John, Wethersfield—died in 1639, and left two sons and three daughters.

Bruen, Obadiah, James Rogers, and John Smith were appointed commissioners in 1660 and '63, to try causes and punish offences—confined to a jurisdiction of £20. Mr. Bruen was a petitioner to Charles II. for the Charter of Connecticut.

Brunson, John, Farmington—died in 1680, and left a widow, and 7 children, viz. Israel, John, Isaac, Abraham, Mary, Dorcas and Sarah. John settled at Waterbury, and died there in 1696-7. Dorcas married Mr. Hopkins, and Sarah Mr. Kilbourn. The name on the record is generally spelt Brunson, but occasionally Brownson. Jacob, sen'r., of Farmington, died in 1707-8, and left Samuel, Roger, Isaac, Jacob, Elizabeth Harris, and Rebecca Dickinson. (See John, of Hartford, in No. 1.) John moved from Hartford to Farmington. The descendants of this family are numerous, and settled in many parts of the State and country. Judge Brunson, of the State of New York, has become the most eminent of the name; Alvin, of Oswego, N. Y.; the family at Waterbury, Greenfield Hill, Middlebury, Southbury, and Simsbury, are descendants of John, originally of Hartford and Farmington.

Bryan, Alexander, 1664.

Buck, Ezekiel, Wethersfield, father of Enoch—was a farmer, and died in 1712 or '13. To his wife Rachel, he gave a share of his estate for her life-time—at her decease to fall to his grandson Ezekiel, the son of his eldest son Ezekiel. His children were, Ezekiel, Enoch, Jonathan, (Stephen 2 years old at this time,) Hannah, Abigail, Comfort, Rachel Brunson (was deceased,) Sarah Welton, and Mary Kelsey. He left a good landed estate to his large family. Samuel, of Wethersfield, died in 1708. Ezekiel, jr. moved from Wethersfield to Litchfield. Henry, of Wethersfield, 1670. This family have generally been farmers or merchants, and uniformly respectable.

Buck, Roger and William, with Thomas Kilbourn and family, Matthew Marvin, William Payne and James Rogers were fellow passengers in the ship Increase, Robert Lea, master, from England—most of whom settled in Connecticut, as is supposed, from the fact that early settlers of the same names were early settlers here, and most of them at Wethersfield as early as 1636.

Buckingham, Rev. Thomas, sen'r., was a Welchman, and was not ordained at Saybrook until 1670. His parents resided at Milford. He was a Trustee of the College at Saybrook—was a strict Puritan in all forms—was one of the Moderators of the Synod which formed the noted Saybrook Platform in 1708—and died in 1709. Thomas, of Hartford, married Ann Foster, daughter of Isaac Foster, November, 1699. He was a judge at Hartford, and a man of some considerable importance in the colony. Some of the name yet reside in Hartford, and a street is called by that name in honor of the family. Others of the name still reside in Milford. Thomas came to Hartford as early as 1645.

Buckland, Thomas, Windsor—had children, Timothy in 1638, Elizabeth in '40, another daughter in '42, Mary in '44, Nicholas in '46, Sarah or Tana in '48, Thomas in '50, and Hannah in '54. Timothy married Abigail Ware, in '62, and had Timothy, Thomas, Abigail, Mary, Sarah, Hannah and others. Thomas, (in No. 1,) Windsor—died in '76.

Bulkley, Rev. Gershom, the third ordained minister at Wethersfield, 1666—married Sarah Chauncey—he also preached at New London. He resigned his ministry in consequence of ill health, several years before his death. He was eminent as a divine and scholar. He was the son of the Rev. Peter Bulkley, of Concord, Mass., who had descended from an honorable family in Bedfordshire, England. His father was Edward Bulkley, D. D., of Bedfordshire. Rev. Edward was when young, made a Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge. He married the daughter of Thomas Allen, of Goldington, in England, and she had a nephew who was the Lord Mayor of London. He had by two wives, fifteen children. His son John was a minister at Colchester, and father of judge John Bulkley.—*Cotton Mather, and Rec.*

Bulkley, Peter, Wethersfield—died in 1701-2—a mariner. Wife, Rachel—died without issue. His property was quit to the widow, by the children of Gershom Bulkley, by her securing the child of Charles Bulkley, deceased, of New London, if she should demand it.

Budd, John, was appointed commissioner for the town of Hastings, and Richard Bowles, constable, in 1663.

Buell, William, (in No. 1,) married in 1640, and had children, Samuel, Peter, Mary, Hannah, Hepzibah, Sarah and Abigail. His son Samuel, settled in Killingworth, and had a son Samuel. Peter, of Simsbury, in '86, was chosen sergeant of the train-band, in Simsbury, and was *orderly* proclaimed by the chief military officer there, sergeant of the train-band by 23 votes. He was also, in '87, voted 20s. for his deputyship and expenses. In Simsbury, the *deacons* published all persons for marriage, as late as 1786. Widow Mary Buell, of Windsor, died in 1684. Children, Mary Mills, Hannah Palmer, Hepzibah Wells, and Hannah—grand children, Mary and Sarah Palmer. Thomas Buell and Edward Stebbins were ordered to take the charge and management of the estate of Mr. Hopkins, deceased, in '61. In '62 Samuel Buell married Deborah Griswold, and in '63 had a son Samuel. John Buell, moved from Windsor to Killingworth, with his father—then to Lebanon, and afterwards to Litchfield—and not William, as in No. 1.

Burnham, Thomas, (in No. 1,) purchased lands of the Indians, at Podunk, in 1660.

Burden, John, Saybrook, 1664.

Burlson, Edward, 1664.

Burrell, Charles. The first of this name I find in the colony, is Charles, 7 years old, and Jonathan 5, wards of Capt. Jonathan Westover, of Simsbury, appointed in 1728, as their guardian.

Burr, Jehu, Agawam, (in No. 1.) In 1637, a tax of £520 was imposed upon the colony to defray the expense of the Pequot war. Hartford was to pay £251; Wethersfield, £124; Windsor, £158, and Agawam, £86:16—payable in money or wampum at 4 a penny, or beaver at 9s. a pound. Mr. Burr was appointed collector for Agawam, (now in West Springfield.) The tax appears to have been laid large enough to cover losses. He was a grand juror from Fairfield in '61. He was a carpenter by trade. Rev. Jonathan from Dorchester, also settled in Fairfield county. Jehu first settled at Agawam as early as '37, and received many of the offices and honors of the Connecticut colony in its first settlement, early left Agawam, and removed with his family to Fairfield, where he continued to be favorably known in the colony. He is supposed to have been the ancestor of those of the name in Fairfield county, viz. Thaddeus, of Fairfield, who during the struggle in the war of the Revolution, ranked with such men as Davenport, Sherman, and Hillhouse in usefulness in that eventful struggle. Rev. Aaron Burr, who was born at Fairfield in 1715, settled at Newark, N. J., in the ministry, married the daughter of Rev. Jonathan Edwards, of Northampton, and afterwards became the first President of Princeton College. He was the father of Col. Aaron Burr, former Vice President of the United States. This, however, so far as concerns the ancestry of Rev. Aaron, and his son, Col. Aaron, has a different version by M. L. Davis, Esq. in his Memoirs of Aaron Burr. He states, that the grand father of Col. Burr was a German, and by birth of noble parentage; that he emigrated to this country, and settled at Fairfield—perhaps so, but quere—there is now in the Hall of the Connecticut Historical Society a very ancient and beautiful *English* chest, which was presented by some one of the Burr family, of Fairfield, to the Society, as an early family relict—supposed to have been brought from England by the family who settled at Fairfield. The workmanship upon the chest has the appearance of English work 200 years since. The name of Burr is an English name, and not German. Jehu was an Englishman, as was Rev. Jonathan, born, educated and licensed in England. Perhaps Aaron was of German extract.

Burritt, William, was an original settler at Stratford, previous to 1650. The family have been uniformly respectable.

Buttolph, George, Simsbury—died in 1696, and left a small estate, and children, John, David and one other child. David died in 1717, and left an estate of £176. John died in 1692, and his son David was his executor.

Bushnell, Susannah, Saybrook—died in 1686. She gave all her estate to her son, John Waddams, as testified by Licut. William and Samuel Bushnell, of Saybrook. John Bushnell was townsman at Say-

brook in '86. The relation of the Bushnell family at Guilford and at Saybrook is not known to the writer, (if any.) Richard, of Saybrook, in '48—married Mary Marvin, sister of Reinold. Francis, of Guilford, '50. William, of Saybrook, sergeant in '61.

Butler, Richard, and Josias Bull, of Wethersfield, grand jurors, 1661.

## C.

Cable, John, Fairfield, 1653.

Cadwell, Samuel, had a daughter Mary, born in 1708, and a son Samuel, born in 1710.

Calkins, Deacon Hugh—deputy in 1663, two sessions, from New London, with James Rogers. Appointed in '59, with James Morgan and J. Avery, to lay out to Governor Winthrop, 1500 acres of land at the head of Paugatuck Cove on fresh river.

Caulkins, G., was one of the first settlers of New London, and an important man there. Hugh, of Norwich, the father of John, might have been the son or brother of Deacon Calkins, of New London, and Hugh resided himself at New London in '54. Those of the name in Sharon are of the family of Hugh. John, free in '63.

Cakebread, Isaac, Hartford—died in 1698, and left a son Isaac, 18 years of age. Isaac, jr. died at Hartford, in 1709. This probably closed the Cakebread family.

Callsey, Mark, 1663.

Camfield, Matthew. (This name is uniformly spelt upon the record, Camfield or Campfield.) He was an early and original settler at Norwalk. He was soon made a magistrate and judge, and was not only a leading man there, but in the colony. As full proof of his standing in the colony, I need only mention that he was one of the 19 signers of the Petition to King Charles II. for the Charter of the Colony; and his name is mentioned in that invaluable grant to Connecticut in 1662. (It is signed Camfield.) He was in '62, appointed with Gold and Sherman, to hold courts at Fairfield. Deputy in '62. He was early a magistrate, assistant and judge.

Camp, John—son of John and Rebecca, born in 1711.

Carrington, John, Waterbury—died in 1692. He appears to have been by trade a cooper. He left no children. His brothers and sisters were, John, Clark, Ebenezer, Mary, Hannah and Elizabeth.

Case, Richard, Hartford, (E. H.)—died in 1693, and left his wife, Elizabeth, to whom he gave all his estate during her life. Children, Richard, John and Mary. He was a kinsman of Thomas Olcott. He moved to East Hartford from Windsor. John Case married Sarah Spencer, and settled in Windsor—died in 1704. He moved to Simsbury before his death. Children, Mary, John, William, Samuel, Richard, Sarah, (born in 1676) Elizabeth, Abigail, Bartholomew and Joseph. John, of Simsbury, 1681 and 1667. Benjamin, removed from Mansfield to Coventry in its early settlement—probably a descendant of Richard, of East Hartford, who came from Windsor.

Case, Richard, Hartford—married Elizabeth Purcase or Purchase, a daughter of one of the early settlers of Hartford. The name is yet common in Hartford county.

Catlin, John, Hockanum, 1664, son of Thomas, who was an old and standing constable of Hartford, as well as selectman. John or his son, moved to Litchfield in its early settlement. Many of the name now reside there. John signed the agreement to remove to Hadley, in 1659. He signed his name Catling. The name is now numerous. He was the ancestor of all the Catlins in the State. Col. Catlin, of Hartford, now owns some of the real estate held by Thomas, more than 200 years since. Samuel, son of John, married Elizabeth Norton, of Farmington, in 1702.

Champion, Henry, and John Borden witnessed the will of Tobias Coles in 1664. The name of Champion, since the war of the Revolution, has been noted for wealth and good common sense, in which few excelled the late Hon. Henry, and Hon. Epaphroditus Champion, a member of Congress from this State.

Chaplin, Clement—came to New England with Mr. Swain, in the ship Elizabeth and Ann, Cooper, master. They early settled at Wethersfield, and were important men in the colony. He held land in Hartford in 1639. (See No. 1.)

Chappell, George, New London, 1671. George Chappell, of New London, Henry Stiles, of Windsor, Henry Stiles, of Hartford, John Stiles, Thomas Stiles, Edward Preston, John Harris, John Dyer and Francis Stiles came to New England, from London, in the ship Christopher, in 1634.

Chapman, Robert—deputy in 1662, and twice in '63—also an assistant in '61. He with O. Bruen and John Smith, of New London, were appointed to settle the difficulties with the Niantick Indians, for burning fence in '63—grand juror same year. The ancestor of Judge Chapman, deceased, and of Charles Chapman, Esq., of Hartford.

Chauncey, Rev. Charles, Stratfield—in 1710, was appointed guardian for his children, Robert 6 years old, Ichabod Wolcott 5, and Abiah 8. He died before 1715, and John Moore and Daniel Bissell, of Windsor, were appointed guardians for the children of Mr. Chauncey. This name has uniformly held a high rank in the State. Israel, minister at Stratford, 1665. Nathaniel, of Windsor, a witness in '77.

Cheeseholm, Thomas, 1663.

Cheesbrook, Samuel, 1664.

Cheesebrough, William. In 1657–8 a considerable settlement was made between Mystic and Paugatuck rivers; Mr. Cheesebrough from Rehoboth, was the first settler on the tract, in '49. He was charged of mending guns for the Indians, &c., and was brought before the General Court for withdrawing himself from civil society, and trading with Indians and assisting them. He confessed his fault, but claimed he had been induced to settle there by Mr. Winthrop, who claimed the land. He gave bonds for his good behavior, and was allowed to remain there.

Cherry, John—with three Milford Indians, in 1670, was ordered to pay John Brunson for cider stolen, 20s., and 10s. to Daniel Garrit, for bringing them from Milford to Hartford.

Chester, Leonard, Wethersfield—the father and ancestor of the Chester family—came to Wethersfield in 1635, from Massachusetts; he came to the latter place from Leicestershire, England, in '33. He

died when young, (under 40 years of age) in '48. He had a son, grandson, great grandson, and a great great grandson, by the name of John, and the last left a son Hon. John Chester, who was well known by many of our aged men, as one of the pillars of the town of Wethersfield, and of the State. Leonard was a juror in '42, grand juror in '43, and held many places of trust in the colony. The family have been of the first respectability in the colony and State. The children of Leonard and Mary, his wife, were, John, born August 3, '35—Dorcas in November, '37—Stephen, March 3, '39—Mary in January, '41—Prudence in February, '43—Eunice in January, '45, and Mercy in February, '47. John Chester was the first white child, of record, born at Wethersfield. Capt. John Chester married Sarah, a daughter of Gov. Welles, in '53. John, jr., married Hannah, Nov. 25, '86. Stephen, jr., married Jemima, a daughter of James Treat, in '91, and Thomas married a daughter of Richard Treat, in Dec. '84. A record is found at Wethersfield, that John Chester, the son of Leonard, was the first white child born at Wethersfield, in Aug. 1635; and another record in the same book, that he was born at Watertown, Mass.

Chester, Capt. John, sen'r., Wethersfield—died the 23d of Feb. 1697. His children were, John, Thomas, Stephen, Eunice, Sarah, Prudence, and Mary, the wife of John Wolcott. To his oldest son, John, he entailed his buildings and home-lot, and his land adjoining, to him and his heirs male. Stephen died in Feb. '97, before his father, and left heirs. Capt. Chester had a slave named Anthony, who he gave to his wife. He gave mourning rings to each of his children, and to the wives of his sons. He was a brother of Stephen the elder. He left a large estate for his family. The family held a high rank in England, and in this colony.

Chester, Stephen, was an early settler at Wethersfield, and a brother of Capt. John, and uncle to Maj. John, the son of John. He died in 1705. Major John administered upon his estate. He had a warehouse at the landing on the river. The wife of Samuel Whiting, of Billerica, was a sister of Capt. John and Stephen. Thomas Russell, of Charlestown, Mass., married another sister.

Chilly, John, 1663.

Church, John, Hartford—died in 1691. Children, Richard, John, Samuel, Joseph 15 years, Deliverance 12, Sarah Knight, Mary Standish, Ruth, Ann 18, and Elizabeth 17. Samuel and Richard, both signed the contract to remove to Hadley, in '59.

Churchill, Josiah, Wethersfield—died in 1686. Wife Elizabeth. Children, Joseph, Benjamin, Mary, Elizabeth Buck, Ann Rice, and Sarah Wickham. To his son Joseph he gave his land in the west part of Wethersfield, (now Newington.) Was a juror in '64—married Miss Towsey.

Clark, Daniel—came early into the colony—though young at the time, but he became a gentleman of distinction. He was appointed Secretary of the colony in 1658, and held the office until '64, when John Allen was appointed, and held it during the year '64. Mr. Clark was again appointed and held the office during '65 and '66, at which time John Allen was again appointed and held it until '96. Mr. Clark was removed by a charge made against him by an enemy. He was in the land division of Hartford, in '39.



Clark, Daniel—married Mary Newbury in 1644, and had children, Josias in '48—Elizabeth in '51—Daniel in '54—John in '56—Mary in '58—Samuel in '61—Sarah in '63—Hannah in '65, and Nathaniel in '66. Joseph, of Saybrook, 1658, was brother of John. He died in '63—was a relative of the Clarks of Milford, and the son of John Clark, sen'r. John, constable and selectman of Saybrook, in '64.

Clark, Mary—in 1692 “had a base born child,” and accused Lieut. Hollister of being the father; “she having been constant in the charge in time of travail, and at all times.” The court judged him the reputed father; and ordered him to pay 2s. per week from its birth, for the term of four years; and ordered Mary to pay a fine of 40s., and to be whipt. A portion of the present law upon this subject originated in the Puritan law of '92—the same evidence of being constant in the charge and in time of travail, is now required in this State.

Clay, Umphrey—attorney for Richard Elliot, 1663.

Clemens, Jasper—being in a probable way of marriage, in 1661—confessed he had a wife in England. The court ordered him at once to separate from Ellen Brown, until he cleared himself from his lawful wife.

Clements, Jasper, Middletown—died in 1678, aged 64 years. Wife, Eleanor. Left no children—and gave his estate to Nathaniel, John, and Benoni Brown, Hannah Long, and to the town of Middletown for the support of a school there.

Clinton, John, 1663.

Clough, John, 1663. John, jr., of Killingworth, '63. Constable of Hartford, in '61.

Cockshot, Eliza, widow at Haddam, died in 1699.

Collins, Nathaniel. The early church members in Middletown, were, Nathaniel Collins, Thomas Allen, Thomas Wetmore, John Hall, jr., Samuel Stocking, sen'r., William Harris, John Savadge or Savage, sen'r., Robert and Andrew Warner, sen'r., (and George Hubbard, sen'r., after his return from the New Haven colony.) The first meeting house erected there was in 1652—and the size of it, 20 by 20 feet. They had but one society there until 1703, when a second society was formed.

Collins, Thomas, Hartford, had his ear-mark in Hartford, for his cattle, in 1646. Timothy, of Guilford, moved to Lebanon, and from thence he removed to Litchfield. Nathaniel, of Wethersfield, in '67. Daniel, of Milford, 1730. Rev. Nathaniel, of Middletown, 1668, and Nathaniel, a minister at Enfield, in '97. Nathaniel, of Middletown, died in '84. Estate £679. Left a widow, and children, John, 16 years of age—Susannah 14—Martha 11—Nathaniel 7, and Abigail 4. He gave John £146, and each of his daughters £76. Samuel, of Hartford, died in '97. Mary, his wife. Samuel, of Middletown, 1711.

Cole, Samuel, married Mary, daughter of James Kingsbury, of Plainfield, in 1693.

Coles, John, in 1661, occupied the farm in Hartford, which had been owned by Governor Hopkins.

Colefax, John, Wethersfield—died in 1681. His brother had his estate. He was a brother of the wife of Joseph Bidwell, and the wife of Henry Arnold. John, died at Windsor, in '76, and left no family.

Coleman, Thomas and John, signed the agreement to move to Hadley in 1659. He was an early settler in Connecticut.

Cone, Daniel, Haddam, 1664—he then had a case in court concerning the ownership of a steer. The jury on trial disagreed. The court and jury then unitedly attempted to agree upon a verdict, but failing in so doing, the court advised the parties, to either divide the steer between them, or carry the cause to the General Court for trial. Daniel Cone, jr., was made deacon of Mr. Hosmer's church, in East Haddam, in 1704—and died in 1725, aged 60 years. His son Daniel was made deacon of the same church in 1746—he was also a justice of the peace—died in 1776. These were the ancestors of William R. Cone, Esq., of Hartford.

Coit, John, was at Gloucester as early as 1648. Joseph was the first minister at Plainfield, in 1706. The name has been at Middletown, Haddam and New London. At a later period, during the war of the Revolution, there was a Col. Coit, and three Captain Coits—Oliver, William, &c. Capt. William was the commander of the Colony ship, Oliver Cromwell, in the Revolution. It has been a ministerial name—the name has been generally in New London county—not as early settlers as many others—but has uniformly been a name of respectability in the colony and State.

Collier, Joseph, Hartford—died in 1691. He left all his estate to his wife Elizabeth, for life—the real estate to be distributed to his sons, and the personal estate to his daughters after the decease of his wife. His sons were, Joseph 23 years old, Abel 14, (died in '97) and John 12—daughters, Mary Phelps, 22, Sarah 18, Elizabeth 16, Abigail 9, Susannah Ann 9. His wife was sister to Zachary and Robert Sanford. She died in '95. Samuel Peck married Abigail in 1701.

Collier, Samuel, removed from Hartford to Litchfield, and became a member of the church there, with Jacob and Comfort Griswold, Dorothy Pierce, Sarah Beach, Nathaniel Hosford, Ezekiel Buck, jr., Sarah Buck, Thankful Woodruff, John Gay, Benjamin Hosford, Nathaniel Woodruff, Joseph Kilbourn, Elizabeth Collins, Daniel Allen and James Beebe, jr., before 1736. The Parish originated in May, 1717, by a company from Hartford, Windsor, Wethersfield and Lebanon, under the direction of deacon John Buell, from Windsor, and John Marsh. The original name of the place was Bantum—and a pond there now retains the first name of the place. Their first minister was the Rev. Timothy Collins, from Guilford, who was ordained at Litchfield, in 1723, old style. He was dismissed at his own request in 1752. His salary the first four years, was £57 annually, and was afterwards increased to £80. The May after his dismissal, (1753) he was made a justice of the peace, and practised medicine at Litchfield. He died there in 1776. Samuel, was the ancestor of the Hon. John A. Collier, of Binghamton, New York.

Coke, Penfield, not accepted an inhabitant of Hartford, 1664.

Cook, Nathaniel, Windsor, married Lydia Ware in 1647, and had children, Sarah, Lydia, Hannah, Nathaniel, Abigail, John and Josiah. Capt. Aaron Cook, owned land at Massico in '61, and resided there or at Windsor. Samuel, left Middletown in '64.

Cooly, Samuel, Hartford—in 1689, was made overseer, to counsel

and assist widow Newell in the distribution of her (then) late husband's estate, to his children. He was not one of the first settlers of Hartford.

Conant, Exercise and Sarah, Windham, as early as 1697. This name is first found at Windham—perhaps the name might have been at New London earlier.

Cooper, John and Thomas, 1664. John was charged of high treason, by John Scott.

Cordent, Richard, 1663.

Cornwell, William, sen'r., Middletown—died in 1677—and was old. Sons, John, William, Samuel, Thomas and Jacob—daughters, Sarah, (unmarried) Hester Wilcox and Elizabeth Hall—wife, Mary. He had a large landed estate. Was a constable in '64.

Cornish, James, was an appraiser of R. Marvin's estate in 1662.

Cotton, John, New London, made free in 1660.

Couch, Thomas, Wethersfield—died in 1687. Children, Susannah, aged 20 years, Simon 18, Rebecca 15, Hannah 13, Thomas 12, Mary 11, Sarah 8, Abigail 6, and Martha 3. He was an early settler at Wethersfield—one of the family moved to Fairfield.

Crabb, Richard, (in No. 1)—removed first to Stamford, afterwards to Greenwich. In 1655 complaints were made to the General Court at New Haven, of the conduct of the people of Greenwich, that they permitted drunkenness, harbored runaway servants, and joined persons in marriage without lawful authority. Greenwich denied the jurisdiction of New Haven over them, and refused obedience to their orders. The General Court therefore ordered, that unless they appeared before the Court, and submitted by the 25th day of June then next, viz. Richard Crabb and others, who had been the most stubborn, they should be arrested and punished. They complied. Mr. Crabb had been at Hartford, one of the leading men in the colony. He resided for a time at Stamford.

Craddock, Matthew, in 1637, was indebted to John Oldham's estate, £229.

Crane, Benjamin, sen'r., Wethersfield—juror in 1664—he died in '93. His eldest son was Benjamin—he had other children. John, of Wethersfield, died in '94. Jonathan, of Windham, '97.

Crandall, George, New London, 1671, was suspected of opposing the government of the colony.

Cross, Samuel, Windsor—died in 1707. He had sons-in-law, Lyman or Simon Chapman, and was a cousin to John, Samuel and Jonathan Bates, also of Sarah Ketchum, Jonathan Jagger, Hannah Welch, James Picket, Mary Hoyt and Ephraim Phelps—all of whom shared in his estate.

Crombe, Alexander, 1663.

Crook, Samuel, 1664.

Crow, Christopher, Greenfield, in Windsor—died in 1681. Children, Samuel 21 years old, Mary 18, Hannah 15, Martha 14, Benoni 12, Margaret 11, and Thomas 5. John Crow, was an early settler, as early as '39. He signed the agreement to remove to Hadley, in '59—he did remove, and died there.

Crowfoot, Margaret, widow, Wethersfield—died in 1733. Children, Joseph, Ephraim, Elizabeth, Mahitabel and Sarah.

Culver, Edward—Roath, Sherman, Abell, Amos, Hough, Coy, Armstrong, Breed, Elderkin, Bushnell, Lathrop, Brewster, Hendy, Waterman, Wade, Leflingwell, Gifford, Gager, Egerton, Caulkins, Bowers, Gookin, Fitz, Bingham, Backus and Adgate, and some few other names, appear to have come directly to the county of New London, and a few of these names are yet found in no other county in the State—as is the case with a few names in Fairfield county, which first came there, viz. Scofield, Sherwood, &c.

Curtice, Thomas, Wethersfield—died in 1681. Estate £717.—Children, John, Joseph, James, Samuel, Isaac, Ruth Kimberly and Elizabeth Stoddard. Joseph, died in '83—wife, Mercy—estate £271. Children, Joseph 9 years old, Henry 7, Sarah 5, Thomas 3, David one.

Curtiss, Henry, Windsor, married Elizabeth Abell, in 1645, and had children, Samuel and Nathaniel, '77. Samuel married a widow, and had Hannah and Samuel. Hannah died in '80. Abraham and Daniel Curtiss, jurors at Stratford in 1730. Capt. William and Ens. John Curtiss, brothers, resided at Stratford, with their mother, in the early settlement of the town. The Curtiss and Beardslee families were, by tradition, from Stratford, upon Avon. The Curtiss family located at Wethersfield, in 1636-7.

#### D.

Davis, Philip, constable of Hartford in 1659—was at Hartford in '45. John Davis, is supposed to be the sergent Davis who, tradition says, cut the bow-string of an Indian, and saved the life of Major Mason at the battle of Mystic. The same who pursued them to a swamp in Fairfield, and cut his way into the swamp, which was the ambuscade of the fugitive Pequots. John, appointed to impound all swine over three months old, unwrung, in Hartford, in 1651.

Davie, Humphry, Hartford—died in February, 1688. He was the son of Humphry and Sarah, of Boston, a particular friend of Governor Winthrop. He held land at Boston at his death, and a part of a powder mill at Dorchester; also a small house with two acres of land near Beacon Hill, at Boston, with moveables there, and a large estate in Connecticut. He had a son John. Humphry was one of the persons pointed out in the will of Governor Winthrop, to settle any difficulty that might arise in the settlement of his estate.

Dayley, Nicholas, made free in 1663—supposed one of the descendants settled at Woodbury.

Deming, John, with William Swain, Thurston Rayner, Andrew Ward, Matthew Mitchell, &c., were the principal settlers of the town of Wethersfield.

Denslow, Henry, Windsor—died in 1676. Children, Samuel, his only son, and seven daughters, viz. Susannah, married John Hodge—Mary married Thomas Rowley—Ruth married Thomas Copley—and Abigail 21, Deborah 19, Hannah 15, and Elizabeth 11 years old.

Denton, Rev. Richard, was from Yorkshire, in England, and had preached at Halifax before he left his native country. After his arrival in New England, he preached for a time as an unsettled minister, at Wethersfield. At this time seven members constituted the church

there, among whom a severe contest had arisen. The division was three and four, and it became necessary to make peace in the church—that one party or the other should remove. After some controversy, who should remove, the four members consented to yield to the minority, viz. Matthew Mitchell, Thurston Rayner, Andrew Ward and Robert Coe, when they united with Mr. Denton and others in purchasing the town of Stamford, in 1640. Mr. Denton soon organized his church, and remained in Stamford until '43 or '44, when he removed with a part of his church to Hempsted, L. I. He appears to have been a pioneer in the settlement of many towns. Rev. Cotton Mather says of him, "he was small in stature, and blind with one eye—but was an Iliad in a nut-shell." He was educated at Catherine Hall, in England, in 1623.

Dibble, Thomas, Windsor—had children, Israel, born in 1637—Ebenezer in '41—Hepzibah in '42—Samuel, baptized, in '43—Miriam, baptized, in '45—Thomas, born in '47. One of the sons married Elizabeth Hull, in '61; Ebenezer married Mary Wakefield, in '63, and had Mary, Wakefield, John, and Ebenezer; Samuel married Hepzibah Bartlett, and had (Abigail by a former wife in '66,) Hepzibah in '69; Joanna in '72; Samuel in '75, (died) and a 2d Samuel in '80. Thomas, married Mary Tucker, and had Mary, born in '63, Thomas in '77, and Mary in '80.

Dibble, Ebenezer, Windsor—lost his life in the early settlement of the colony, in a war with the Indians. Left his wife, Mary, and children, Mary 12 years old, Wakefield 9, Ebenezer 5, and John 5. He was killed in December, 1674-5.

Dickinson, John, Nathaniel and Thomas—signed the contract to leave Hartford, and move to Hadley, in 1659.

Dier or Dyer, Mahon, New London, 1664. John Dyer came to Massachusetts in '34, in the Christopher.

Dinley, John, 1663.

Dix, William, Hartford—died in 1676. His estate was appraised by Nathaniel Stanley, Siborn Nichols and Stephen Hosmer. Left no family.

Dymon, John, New London, 1671—probably the ancestor of the late sheriff Dimon, of Fairfield.

Dyx or Dix, Leonard, Wethersfield—died in 1696. Left an estate of £53, to his children, viz. Samuel, John, Mercy Squire, Hannah, Elizabeth and John Francis, a son-in-law. Sarah Dix, of Wethersfield, a widow, died in 1708—her children were, Elizabeth Vincent, Mercy Goff, Hannah Renolds, Samuel and John Dix.

Dixson or Dixon, John, 1674.

Dixwell, George, 1663.

Doeman, Wethersfield, 1670.

Douglass, William, New London, 1663. He with Cary Latham were appointed by the General Court, to appraise New London for assessment, in 1663. He was one of the early settlers there, and was appointed packer at New London in '60.

Doughty, John, 1663.

Dow, Samuel, died in 1690.

Drake, Job, Windsor, married Mary Wolcott in 1646, had children, Abigail, born in '48—Mary in '49—Job in '52—Elizabeth in '54—Jo-

seph in '57—Hezibah in '59, and Hester in '62. John Drake married Hannah Moore, and had John in '47—Job in '51—Hannah in '53—Enoch in '55—Ruth in '57—Simon in '59—Lydia in '61—Mary in '66—Elizabeth in '64—Mindwell in '71, and Joseph in '74. Jacob married Mary Bissell in '49. These were the ancestors of Richard G. Drake, Esq., of Hartford, and those of the name now in Windsor.—The first Job appears to have had a family before he came to Windsor. He was a strict Puritan.

Dudley, William, Saybrook, 1663. (See John Whittlesey.)

Dunk, Saybrook, 1669.

Dunn, Thomas, Fairfield, 1652.

Driscall, Florence, owned property at Wethersfield and Springfield. He died insolvent, in 1678.

Dunham, Thomas—probably came to Mansfield before 1700, as he died there in 1717, where he owned a large landed estate. He had 236 acres adjoining the Willimantic river—lands at Mount Hope and other places. His son was of age to settle his father's estate. Jonathan resided at Haddam in 1712—perhaps son of Thomas.

Durant, George, Middletown, the father of Edward, died in 1690.

Dwire, Mayo, or Dyer, New London, 1664.

## E.

Earl, Ralph, 1665—a Scotchman or Welchman.

Easton, Joseph, hog haward of Hartford, in 1654.

Edwards, John, Wethersfield, noted in No. 1, as early as 1640—father of Joseph, Thomas and John. This name has furnished many men of distinction: two Presidents of Colleges—Hon. Pierpont, of N. Haven—Judge Ogden, of New York—Hon. Henry W. of New Haven, three years Governor of Connecticut, the sons of Pierpont. William Edwards came to Hartford when young, with his mother, who, when a widow in England had married James Cole—they settled in Hartford. Richard, who had been a minister in London, was the father of William. A sister of Gov. Talcott married an Edwards. There have been many distinguished men of this name.

Edwards, Capt. John, Wethersfield—(he is noted of Hartford in No. 1.)—died in 1675, mortally wounded by the enemy when in the service as a captain—which was proved by Benj. Adams and Samuel Williams. Was a brother of Joseph—left no children.

Edwards, William, in 1663, caused the removal of Daniel Clark from the office of Secretary of the colony, by charging him with an infringement of a Royal prerogative.

Edwards, Thomas, Agawam, with the inhabitants there, were ordered by the General Court, to build two bridges at Agawam, for horses and footmen, before the next Court—by hewing three sticks of timber and laying them side by side, over each stream. Ten shillings was to be paid out of the public treasury towards the expenses.

Elderkin, John, is first found at New London as early as 1650. In '54 he appears to have been at Saybrook, contracting to build a grist-mill. He appears to have been not only a carpenter, but a miller. Afterwards he moved to Norwich, and erected a mill there, in fulfil-

ment of his previous contract. In '62, he made over in writing, to Jacob Drake and John Gaylor, of Windsor, his corn-mill and lands at Norwich, and his goods, for the use of his wife, Elizabeth; and in '70 he sold 18 acres of land at the Neck, in N. London, to James Rogers.

Edgerton, Richard, Norwich, 1660. This name I find in no other place in the colony as early as at Norwich, yet it is now in several of the eastern towns of the State, all of whom may pretty safely look to Richard, of Norwich, as ancestor.

Eggleston, Thomas, son of Bridget, of Windsor—born in 1638—Mary in '41—Sarah in '43—Rebecca in '44—Abigail in '48—Joseph in '51—Benjamin in '53. Bridget died in September, '74. James, the son of James, born in '50—John in '59—Thomas in '61—Hepzibah in '64—Nathaniel in '66—Isaac in '68—Abigail in '71—Deborah in '74, and Hannah in '76.

Ellsworth, Serg't. Josiah, son of John, (in No. 1,) was one of the early Puritan settlers of Windsor. Juror in 1664. Died in '89, and left an estate of £655 to his family, widow and children, viz. Josiah, born in '55—Elizabeth in '57—Martha in '62—Thomas in '65—Jonathan in '69—John in '71—Job in '74, and Benjamin, 12 years old at his father's decease. Josiah, jr. died in 1706, and left his widow, Martha, with £377 for his children. Martha, (was married) Elizabeth, Mary and Abigail, Timothy and two other sons. Jonathan, a brother of the deceased, was his executor. Lieut. John, the son of Josiah, sen'r., was deceased in 1722—he left a daughter Anne; John and Esther were appointed her guardians. Esther and Daniel were also guardians of Martha, another daughter of Lieut. John, deceased, and of another young daughter. Lieut. John also, son of Josiah, sen'r. left three daughters and two sons—the sons had the two farms in Windsor, and paid Martha and her sisters' legacies.

Ellis, John, and Edward Hall, for their ill carriage the 9th time, on the Sabbath, in meeting, were ordered to sit in the stocks one hour and a half the next training day, at Wethersfield.

Ellis, James, Saybrook, in 1665, gave all his estate to William Pratt, of said town, by will—proved by Robert Chapman, &c., of Saybrook.

Elson, Abraham, Wethersfield, (in No. 1)—died in 1648. A part of his estate was given to the children of B. Gardiner, and the remainder to his two sons, Job and John Elson.

Eimer, Edward, Hartford—died in 1676, (in No. 1.) His children were, John, 30 years old—Samuel 27—Edward 22—Mary 18, and Sarah 12.

Enoe, James, Windsor, married Anna Bidwell, in 1648, and had children, Sarah, born in '49—James in '51—John in '54. His wife, Anna, died in '79. His son James married Abigail Bissell in '78, and had a son James, who married the widow of James Eggleston for his second wife.

Ensign, Sarah, Hartford—died in 1676. Children, Mary Smith, Hannah Easton, David and Mehitabel Ensign; grand children, Sarah, Ruth and Lydia Rockwell. James, constable of Hartford, in 1661.

Evens, Nicholas, Windsor—died, August, 1689. Left £110 to his children, viz. Samuel, aged 14—Nicholas 12—Joseph 8—Thomas 5—Benoni 1—Mercy 16—Hannah 10, and Abigail 3.

## F.

Fanning, Thomas—supposed at New London.

Fenwick, Lady, or Lady Ann Butler, as she was usually styled in Saybrook, (in No. 1,) was the daughter of an English nobleman, (*Jewett*.) She married Hon. George Fenwick, before he came to Connecticut, and died in 1648—over whose ashes was erected the first table monument in the colony, at Saybrook, which is in full view from the Sound at the mouth of the Connecticut river. Mr. Fenwick was so grievously afflicted with the loss of his wife, that he soon returned to England, and received the appointment of judge. He died in Sussex, England, in '57. The moss-covered monument of Lady Ann Butler, or Lady Fenwick, who died in Saybrook nearly two centuries since, yet shows the place of her sepulture. The monument being now greatly out of repair, a gentleman of wealth and of a liberal and noble spirit of Hartford, is about to repair it, at his individual expense. A noble spirit for a man of wealth surely. He is not a relative of the family.

Fenner, Thomas, Wethersfield, (in No. 1)—died in 1647.

Ferris or Pheries, Peter, Stamford—was made free in 1662, under Connecticut.

Finch, Abraham, Wethersfield, (in No. 1)—died in 1640, and left a wife and one child. His grand father's name was Abraham.

Filly, William, Windsor, in (No. 1,) married in 1641-2, and had four daughters, viz. Mary, Elizabeth, Abigail and Deborah, and sons, Samuel, John and William. Samuel married Ann Gillett, and had four daughters, and sons, Samuel, (died) Jonathan, Samuel, Josiah and John.

Fisher, Robert, one of the first settlers of Stamford, 1640-1.

Fish, William, 1664.

Fitch, Rev. James, was from the county of Essex, in England, and received the foundation of his education in England, though he came to this country in his boyhood, (about 16 years old.) He was placed in charge of Rev. Thomas Hooker and Samuel Stone, for the completion of his literary and religious education, where he remained about seven years. He was soon after settled at Saybrook, and remained there about 14 years, until he removed to Norwich, in 1660, with most of his church, where he closed his pastoral life in his old age, and died in 1702, aged about 80, (at Lebanon with his children.) He had two wives. His first wife was Abigail, the daughter of Mr. Whitefield, of Guilford. His children born at Saybrook were, James in '47—Abigail in '50—Elizabeth in '52—Hannah in '54—Samuel in '55, and Dorothy in '58. His wife died in '59. After he removed to Norwich, in '64, he married Priscilla, a daughter of Major General Mason, who resided at Norwich. By this marriage, his children were, Daniel, John, Jeremiah, Jabez, Anna, Nathaniel, Josiah and Eleazer, in all fourteen children, and a majority of them sons, which was fortunate in the early settlement; thirteen of them married and had families. Thomas Fitch, who was an early settler at Norwalk, and father of Gov. Fitch, was a brother of Rev. James; also, Joseph, of Windsor was his brother. Mr. Fitch came to this country with 13 other



young men 1638, to prepare for and become ministers of the gospel—most of whom effected their object.

[*Record, Tombstone & Miss Caulkins.*]

Fitch, John, Windsor—died in 1676, and gave his estate to support a school there, and appropriated it in such manner as the county court and the selectmen of Windsor should direct its application. Joseph Fitch was accepted an inhabitant of Hartford, in '59, selectman in '61. He died in Hartford. Samuel was a school teacher in Hartford for 3 years, at £15 a year, 1649. Thomas, of Norwalk, was the father of Gov. Fitch. The Fitch family did more for schools and schooling in the early settlement, than any other, except Gov. Hopkins.

Fitz, Gerrald, New London, 1664.

Flower, Lumrock, Hartford—had a daughter Elizabeth, born in 1714, and a son, Elijah, in 1717. Lydia Flower married Edward Dodd, in 1705. Lydia Flower was born in March, 1686—Lumrock in March, '89—Elizabeth in March, '92—John in Feb. '94—Mary in '97—Francis in 1700—Ann in Nov. 1703, and Joseph in 1706.

Ford, Thomas, moved to Northampton. He had been a leading man at Windsor.

Foote, Nathaniel, Wethersfield, appraiser of the estate of Abraham Fynch, in 1640. His children were, in '43, Nathaniel, 24 years old—Robert 17—Francis 15—Sarah 12—Rebecca 10, and some daughters married.

Forbes, James, Hartford—died in 1692—estate £344. Children, John, Dorothy, Robert, Mary, David, Sarah, all except Francis, (15 in number) were more than 21 years of age at the death of James. This name came first to Windsor.

Forward, Samuel, sen'r.—died in 1684. His wife died in '85. His children were, Samuel and Joseph. Samuel, jr., son of Samuel, of Windsor, was born in '71—another Samuel Forward, born in '74. These were the ancestors of the Hon. Walter Forward, late Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

Foster, Rev. Isaac, Hartford—died in 1683. £200 of his estate was given to Ann Foster, and the remainder to Mehitable Woodbridge—supposed the daughter of Mrs. Mehitable Russell.

Foster, Nathaniel, Wethersfield, (in No. 1.) After the conquest of the Pequot country, the General Court found it necessary to hold the country—that troops should be sent there for this purpose—accordingly 40 men were detached from the three towns, and Lieut. Robert Seely took command of them, and provision was made for their support, viz. for Wethersfield, Nathaniel Foster's hog, 20 pounds of butter, and 50 pounds of cheese; and Mr. Wells, 2 bushels of malt. Windsor, one ram goat, 20 pounds of butter, 50 pounds of cheese, 1 gallon of strong water, and 3 bushels of malt. Hartford, 20 pounds of butter, 50 pounds of cheese, and 100 pounds of beef, from Mr. Whiting. (Other provision was made.)

Fowler, Lieut. William, with Giles Hamlin, Captain Newbury, W. Wadsworth, Captain W. Curtice and Lieut. Munson, in August, 1673, were made a grand committee to commission officers, press men, horses, arms, &c., and dispose of the militia, &c., to march against the Dutch, who were suspected of approaching Connecticut. John

Talcott was made major for Hartford, Robert Treat for New Haven, and Nathan Gold for Fairfield—and other officers appointed.

Fowler, Ambrose, Windsor—married Jane Alvord, May, 1616, and had children, Abigail, John, Mary, Samuel, Hannah, Elizabeth and Ambrose.

Fox, Richard, sen'r., Glastenbury—died in 1709. His widow, Berial, was administratrix—perhaps the same who came to New England with Isaac and Thomas Jenes. The first emigrant of the name in the colony came to Windsor. Thomas, 1663. Richard, with Isaac and Thomas Janes, William Payne, John Moore, Richard Graves, Francis and Christopher Foster and Robert Sharp, came from England to N. England, in the Abigail, Robert Hackwell, master.

Francis, Robert, is first found on the records, at Wethersfield, in 1651, and was the first of the name who settled there. He had three sons and four daughters. He died in 1711, and left a family. John, son of Robert, died also in 1711, aged 53. Estate £713—wife Mercy—children, John, James, Thomas, Robert, Joseph, Daniel, Sybbarance, Abigail, Hannah, Sarah, Prudence, Mercy, Mary Griswold, and one who died young. Of the three sons of Robert, John only left issue. John had 14 children. His sons John and Robert remained at Wethersfield—Daniel settled at Killingworth—Joseph at Wallingford—James at Berlin, and Thomas at Newington.

Freeman, Joseph, 1665.

French, Ephraim, 1676.

Frost, Daniel, Fairfield, 1649. Henry, '63.

Fry, Michael, Richard Voar, Fossaker, and Stockin, freed from training in 1660. Anthony, 1663.

Fyler, Walter, Windsor. Children, John, born in 1642—Zerubabel in '44—the last married Miss E. Strong, in '69, and had a son Thomas in '69—Jane in '71—Zerubabel in '73, who died, and in '74 had another Zerubabel, and John born and baptized in '75. John, married Elizabeth Dolman.

## G.

Gager, John, Saybrook, son of William, was among the earliest settlers there, and it is supposed came there firstly with Mr. Winthrop, about 1645. He removed to New London, where he continued until he united with the other proprietors and settlers of Norwich, in '60. This name is rarely, if at all, yet found in the State west of Connecticut river. John, of Norwich, in '73, was robbed of his goods by Indians. They were apprehended, and tried. The court inflicted a fine of £20, and authorised Gager to sell them in service to pay it.

Gaines, Samuel, Glastenbury—died in 1699 or 1700—wife Hannah.

Galpin, Philip, of Bristow, Summersetshire, England—a mariner, son of John Galpin, of Rye, Fairfield county, Conn. Mary was the wife of John. In 1689 he owned land near the shore in Fairfield county, he also had a deed of land and houses there in '70, and sold his land in 1700.

Gardner, David, Saybrook, (in No. 1.) By the account given by Rev. Mr. Hotchkiss, it appears, he left the Fort at Saybrook as early

as 1639, and then removed to Gardner's Island and became a magistrate there, which office he held until his death, in '63. His first son was born at the Fort. As Mr. Fenwick came to the Fort at Saybrook in '39, Lieut. Gardner must have left it soon after his arrival, if Mr. Hotchkiss is correct.

Gardner, Wid. Elizabeth, Hartford—died in 1681. Before her marriage with Mr. Gardner, she was the widow of Samuel Stone, by whom she had a son Samuel. Her children were, Samuel and Elizabeth. She had a grandson Samuel Sedgwick, another John Roberts; Rebecca Nash, Mary Fitch, and Sarah Butler, daughters, to whom she gave legacies. She gave Mary Butler one acre of land. Samuel, of Hartford, agreed to move to Hadley, in '59. This name is spelt Gardner and Gardiner.

Garding, Nathaniel, chimney viewer of Hartford, in 1664.

Garrad, Daniel, 1664.

Gates, Deac. Thomas, was an early settler in Haddam. In 1704 he was made a deacon at East Haddam—died 1734, aged 70 years. The Gates family were a family of deacons. Thomas in 1704—Jeremiah in 1741—James in 1762—Caleb in 1795, and Ephraim in 1806, deacons in East Haddam. This was a noble name in England. Sir Thomas Gates, Kt., was one of the grantees of the Great Patent of New England, by King James.

Gates, George, a chimney viewer of Hartford, in 1661. He was located at Haddam, in '75. Robert, '64.

Gaylord, William, Windsor—married Ann Porter in 1641. Walter Gaylord married Mary — in '48. Samuel Gaylord married Elizabeth Hull in '46. John Gaylord married Mary Drake in '53, and had four children. Ruth, daughter of William, born, Oct. 1704—twins born, Aug. 1706—William born, Nov. 1709—Samuel and Sarah, grand children, born afterwards. Children of John were, John, born in 1656—Mary in '63—a 2d John born in '67, and Elizabeth in '70. Joseph, son of Walter, married Mary Stanley in '70—his children were, Sarah, Joseph and John. Hezekiah, of Windsor—died in '77. He had no family. Was a brother of John and William, Ann Phelps and Hannah Crandall, and half brother of Joseph and Nathaniel Gaylord.

Geere, George, New London, 1664. Dennis and Elizabeth Geere and two daughters, came in the ship Abigail, from London to New England, (from Thesselworth.) This name is spelt on some records Geere, others Geeree and Gear.

Geffers, Gabriel, Saybrook, died in 1664.

Gibbs, Jacob, Windsor—married Elizabeth Andrews in 1657, and had children, Mary, Abigail, Jacob, Sarah and Elizabeth. Samuel, married Hepzibah Dibble in '64, and had Hepzibah, Paulina, Elizabeth, Catherine and Jonathan. Many of this name came early to Massachusetts. Giles, of Windsor, died in '41—wife, Katherine, and children, Samuel, Benjamin, Sarah and Jacob. Richard Wellar had lived with him at 40s. per annum. Giles was father of Jacob—perhaps the same who was admitted freeman in Massachusetts, mentioned by Farmer.

Gibbins, William, (in No. 1,) Hartford, 1636, the steward of Gov.

George Wyllys, in England, he first purchased the Wyllys place in Hartford, for Mr. Wyllys—came to Hartford in '36, for this purpose, and built his house and prepared his garden for him. In the division of land in Hartford, in '39.

Giles, John, in 1637, was ordered with Capt. Mason, Thomas Stanton, J. Adams and Thomas Merrick, to go to Waranock, (Westfield) and declare to the Indians there, that the Court wished to speak to them, and hear their reasons why they had said they were afraid of them, and if Capt. Mason thought proper, to receive hostages of them, and compel them by violence, if they refused to go willingly, but to leave them two of the English as pledges during their absence; also to trade with them for corn, if possible. Jacob Gibbs, after 1717, moved to Litchfield from Windsor.

Gillett, Nathan's children, (of Windsor) were, Elizabeth, born in 1639—Abia in '41—Rebecca in '46—Elias in '49—Sarah in '51—Benjamin in '53—Nathan in '55, and Rebecca in '57. He moved to Simsbury, where his wife died in '70. Jonathan, sen'r., a brother of Nathan, was one of the early settlers of Windsor—held several offices, and was highly esteemed in the colony, died in '77, and left a widow and children, Josias, John, Jeremiah, Jonathan, Joseph and Cornelius, also the wife of Peter Brown, and the wife of Samuel Filley. Joseph married, and died before his father, and left a son Jonathan, and one daughter. He came from Dorchester, Mass. Jonathan, jr., of Windsor, married Mary Kelsey in '61, afterwards married M. Dibble. He had eight children. Josiah, son of Jonathan, of Windsor, married Joanna Taintor, in '76, and had Josias, in '78, and Joanna in '80.

Gilman, Richard, Wethersfield, had a daughter Elizabeth, born in 1704—and sons, Richard in 1706—Samuel in 1708, and Naomi in 1710. This name was not as early as some others—was early in Massachusetts, and respectable in the colony.

Gishop or Bishop, Edward, was appointed a commissioner, in 1663, with the power of a magistrate in the town of Westchester.

Gipson, Roger, Saybrook—died in 1680. Estate £120. Children, Samuel, 8 years old—Jonathan 6—Roger one, and a daughter 5.

Goff, Philip, and Naomi, his wife, Wethersfield, in 1704, were prosecuted for absenting themselves from church upon the Sabbath, and were tried. Goff and his wife declared in court, that they could not in conscience attend, and would not go to meeting on the Sabbath at the public meeting house. They were sentenced by the court to pay a fine of 20s. to the county treasurer. He died in 1674. Children, Rebecca, aged 23, Jacob 25, Philip 21, Moses 18, and Aaron 16. Mr. Goff was an early settler, and had a brother with him—married sisters.

Gold, Nathan, Fairfield, (in No. 1,) was an assistant in 1671-2, and a magistrate also—-one of the leading men of the county. Gold, Toppin, Sherman and Howell were appointed to hear the claim of Saybrook to Hommonasset, (Killingworth) in '63. Gold, Fairchild and Canfield were appointed to approve of the men to be selected to compose the 2d troop of horse raised in the colony, to consist of 18 men and two officers, from the towns of Stratford, Fairfield and Norwalk; officers chosen by the company, and appointed by the General Court, in '61. The troopers were allowed a salary, officers and soldiers.

Mr. Gold, with Gov. Winthrop, Samuel Wylls, Gen. Mason, Matthew Allyn, Henry Clark, John Topping, Richard Lord, Henry Wolcott, Richard Treat, John Talcott, Daniel Clark, John Clark, John Ogden, Thomas Wells, Obadiah Bruen, Anthony Hawkins, John Deming and Matthew Canfield, Esq's. were the petitioners to Charles II. for the Charter of Connecticut, and their names were embodied in the King's grant to Connecticut, which is ample proof of their exalted standing in the colony. No gentleman would have been called upon to have signed the Petition, but such men as had sustained a high reputation in England before they came to New England.

Gleason, Isaac, Enfield, was an early settler there. He owned the lot now occupied by Nathaniel Prior, and died in 1698, aged 44 years, leaving two sons, viz. Isaac, born in '87, and Thomas, born in '90, who moved to Farmington, and died in 1745. Isaac married Mary Prior, daughter of John Prior, in 1712, and was one of the first settlers of the southeast part of Enfield, called Wallop. He left four sons, viz. Isaac, born in 1715, Jonah in 1724, Joseph in 1726, and Job in 1734. Joseph married Hannah, daughter of Josiah Colton, in 1746—was the father of Joseph, Solomon, and Jonah Gleason—all lived and died in Enfield. David, of Simsbury, died in 1746. Isaac, of Windsor, died in 1750. Isaac, son of Thomas, of Simsbury—his uncle Ezekiel Thompson, of Farmington, was appointed guardian, in 1752. Hannah, of Enfield, died in 1757. Jonah, of Enfield, died in 1763. Sylvanus, son of Jonah, died in 1765. The name is in various parts of the State, and of uniform respectability.

Glover, John. This name is first found at Norwich, not however, among the pioneers of the town, yet a familiar name in Fairfield Co.

Glover, Mary, Springfield—married John Haynes in 1659.

Goodfellow, Thomas, Wethersfield, (in No. 1)—died in Nov. 1685.

Goodrich, John, Wethersfield, son of John—died in 1676, and left Mary, his widow, and a child. He had a sister Mary, and a brother Joseph. William, of Wethersfield, died in '76. He left his widow, Sarah, and an estate of £915 for his children, John, 24 years old, William 17, Ephraim 14, and David 10. The daughters were married at his decease—one married Joseph Butler, of Wethersfield.

Goodwin, Ozias, signed the agreement to remove to Hadley, in 1659. Hosea, (in No. 1,) should have been Ozias, yet it is spelt on the record, Hosea. He was the ancestor of Nathaniel Goodwin, Esq., of Hartford. George, of Fairfield, 1654. Abraham, who moved from Hartford to Litchfield, was the son of Nathaniel, of Hartford.

Goodall, (or ale,) Richard, Wethersfield—died in 1676, and left a son John Gill. A man of this name was the founder of the first Baptist church in Boston. A Richard Goodale came from Yarmouth, in England, in 1638, and died in Massachusetts, in '66.

Goodheart, 1659.

Gookin, Daniel, 1663.

Gozzard, Nicholas, Windsor, died in 1693, and left an estate of £83.

Graham, Lieut. Benjamin, Hartford—died in 1725. Wife, Sarah—had a grand daughter, Mary Graham; sons, Benjamin, Samuel, and Isaac. He had a grist mill, saw mill and fulling mill at Hartford, and other property. In 1733, Benjamin sold out the property he had by his father. In 1749, George, the son of Samuel, died—and gave

his carpenter tools to his father Samuel—his gun to his brother James. He had a sister, Abigail Seymour. He left an estate of £111:10. After the death of George, the family appear to have left Hartford—perhaps not. John, of Hartford, died in 1720. Hannah Tillotson, his wife, and Benjamin, administrators. Left one child only. John appears to have been a brother of Lieut. Benjamin. He is supposed to have been the ancestor of Andrew, deceased, of Southbury. Henry, lived south of Little river, in Hartford—chimney viewer in 1659—surveyor of highways in '62.

Grant, Mathew, (in No. 1)—died in 1681, when he had become aged. He had resided with his son John for some years previous to his death. His children were, Samuel, Tahan, John, and a daughter Humphrey. Samuel Grant, of Windsor, was born at Dorchester in 1631. Samuel Grant married Anne Fyler in '83, and had a daughter Anne in '84. Tahan Grant was born in Dorchester in '33. He married Hannah Palmer in '62, and had Matthew, Tahan, Hannah, Thomas and Joseph, and a daughter and son afterwards—the son as late as '80. John, the son of Samuel, sen'r., was born in '42. He married Mary Hull in '66, and had John, Mary, Elizabeth, and others.

Grannis, Edward, leather sealer in Hartford, in 1663. This name is yet in Southington and Warren. An Edward Grannis was at Hadley in '71—perhaps the same.

Gray, Walter, (in No. 1)—often spelt Grey—appears to have had descendants who went to New London. John, of Windsor, moved from Windsor to Litchfield after 1717. Nicholas and Henry, 1664. John, Fairfield, in '49.

Green, Bartholomew, had land in Hartford in 1639, which was forfeited—probably the same who was made free at Cambridge in '34.

Greenhill, Thomas, died in 1660. Samuel, was at Cambridge in '35.

Greensmith, Thomas, Hartford, set his barn on the common land in 1660. Stephen was in Massachusetts in '38.

Gregory, John—a deputy in 1662-3. Wollerton Gregory, Hartford, died in '74—was a rich tanner—had no children.

Griffin, John, Windsor, (in No. 1)—had children, Hannah, Mary, Sarah, John, Thomas, Abigail, Mindwell, Ruth, and two sons. John Griffin and Simon Wolcott, in 1673, were ordered by the court to command the train-band in Simsbury, until further orders should be given. Hugh, at Sudbury in '45.

Griswold, Matthew, (in No. 1,) was a stone cutter by trade, in England. He appears to have remained a while at Windsor, and while there, became intimate with the family of Hon. Henry Wolcott, and married his daughter Ann. He was called to Saybrook to aid in erecting the Fort and other buildings there, and finally located his family at Lyme, where he closed his life. After the death of Mr. Wolcott, Mr. Griswold made his grave-stones, which are yet standing in the burial ground at Windsor. He was the ancestor of the two Gov. Griswolds of Connecticut, Matthew and Roger. The first Matthew appears to have been a relative of Edward, who came early to Windsor. The Edward Griswold who owned land jointly with Matthew, at Lyme, in 1681, who resided at Killingworth, must have been a younger man than Edward, of Windsor—probably the son of John, and grandson of Edward, of Windsor.

Griswold, Edward, Windsor, had children, viz. Ann, baptized in 1642, Mary in '44, (married Timothy Phelps.) Deborah in '46, (married Samuel Buell,) Joseph in '47, Samuel in '49, and John in '50. George Griswold married Mary Holecomb, and had Daniel, Thomas, Edward, Mary, George, John, Benjamin, Deborah, and Abigail, the last in '76. In '81 the General Assembly appointed John Tully and Abraham Post, to lay out several grants of land to Edward Griswold, of Kemelworth, and Matthew Griswold, of Lyme, 400 acres of land, which was laid out to them jointly in the north part of Lyme. This Edward was probably the son of John, who emigrated to Killingworth. George and Edward were the first settlers at Poquonnock, in Windsor. (See Thomas Holecomb.) Lieut. Francis, of Norwich, in 1660, appears to have been a distinct family from those of Edward, Matthew, or Samuel, of Windsor. He appears to have come from Massachusetts direct to Norwich as his first location in the colony—perhaps the same Francis who was at Cambridge in 1637. (See Farmer.)—Joseph, son of Edward, sen'r., married Mary Gaylord in 1675, and had Mary and Joseph. John, son of Edward, sen'r., settled at Killingworth, or Hammonasett. Samuel, (in No. 1,) died in 1672—had a daughter, Plumb, and a daughter, Butler.

Groves, Philip, New London county—deputy in 1662 and 3, grand juror of Stratford in '61. Philip, Elder—was probably a ruling elder in Mr. Blackman's church, at Stratford as early as '50. Simon, '63.

Guildersleeve, Richard, (in No. 1,) was an inhabitant of Wethersfield within the three first years of its settlement. In 1641 he left Wethersfield, with Andrew Ward, Samuel Sherman and others, and settled the town of Stamford. The name is yet in Middlesex county.

Gull, William—agreed, and did move to Hadley in 1659.

Gunn, Thomas, Windsor—had children, Elizabeth, born in 1640, Deborah, Mehitable and John—Joseph was in Massachusetts in '36.

Gwin, Paul, 1656.

## H.

Hakes, John, Windsor—had children, Isaac, born in 1650, Mary in '52, Joanna in '53, Elizur in '55, Sarah in '57, a son in '59, John in '43, Nathaniel in '44, Elizabeth in '46, and Anna in '48. He was an early settler.

Harris, Capt. Daniel, Middletown—died in 1701—had children, Daniel, Thomas, William, John—(to John he gave Mingo, his negro,) Mary Johnson, Elizabeth —, and Hannah Cook. He had a grand child, Thankful Bidwell, daughter of Samuel Bidwell—also a grand child, Abiel, daughter of Elizabeth.

Hart, Elisha, Windsor—died in 1683. He owned land in Westfield, the north side of Westfield river.

Harvey, Richard, resided at Stratford in 1650.

Hawley, Samuel, was one of the pioneers of Stratford as early as 1640, and was a leading man there afterwards. In '77, Joseph Hawley was in Windsor. The name has been numerous and respectable in Fairfield county from the first settlement. Joseph, was town clerk

at Stratford in '51. The records of Stratford were destroyed by fire previous to '50, so that what is published of the first settlers of that town is mostly taken from the colony records, and a letter from a friend in Stratford. This family were early settlers in the colony.

Hawkins, Anthony, Windsor, afterwards of Farmington—had born at Windsor, Mary in 1644, Ruth '49, and John in '51.

Hayward or Howard, Robert—died in 1684—wife Lydia aged 70, and son Ephraim, administrators. Children, Ephraim and others.—He was one of the pioneers of Windsor.

Hayward, Ephraim, Windsor—died in 1690—children, Azor, 4 years old, and a daughter 2.

Hayden, William—had children, Daniel, born in 1640, Nathaniel in '43, Mary in '48. Daniel, married Hannah Wilkinson, and had Daniel, born in '66, Hannah in '68, Nathaniel in '71, (died) William in '73, (died) and William in '75.

Hazen, Thomas, together with H. Wells, David Hartshorn, Nathaniel Rudd, Joseph Kingsbury, Samuel Edgarton and Samuel Ladd were the first members of the church formed in 1718, at West Farms, now Franklin, and the Rev. Henry Wills was the first minister there.

Heart, Deac. Stephen, Farmington—died in 1682-3. His children were, John, Stephen, Thomas, Sarah Porter, and Mary Lee. He had a son-in-law, John Cole—grandson, Thomas Porter—grand daughter, Dorothy Porter, and a grandson, John Heart, a son of John —. Stephen, of Farmington, died in '89, son of Stephen, deceased. Children, Stephen, aged 27, Thomas 23, John 20, Samuel 17, Sarah 14, Anne 11, and one other 7. Margaret, died about '92, and gave her property to her sons, John and Arthur Smith, and daughter, Elizabeth Thompson. She had grandchildren, Elizabeth, Thomas and Ann Thompson, and Margaret Orton. She also had a son, Tho. Thompson.

Herbert, Christian, Wethersfield—died in 1686.

Honeywell, Bridget, daughter of John, of Middletown—chose her uncle, Isaac Johnson, for her guardian, in 1706.

Hicox, Samuel, Waterbury, (appears to have previously resided at Farmington)—died in 1694. Children, Samuel, 26 years old, William 22, Thomas 20, Joseph 17, Stephen 11, Benjamin 9, Ebenezer 2, Hannah 24, Mary 14, Elizabeth 12, and — Merly. After the decease of the father, whose name is spelt Hicox—the names of his sons are found upon the record uniformly spelt Hickcock. As late as 1707, Ebenezer chose his brother William Hickcock his guardian. I also find Hitchcock spelt Hickcock—perhaps originally the same name.

Higley, John, Windsor, married Hannah Drake in 1671. Jonathan, born in '75, Hannah in '77, and John in '79.

Hills, William, Hockanum, (in Hartford,) was an early settler—died in 1683, left his wife, Mary, and children, Jonathan, Mary, William, John, Joseph, Benjamin, Hannah Kilbourn, Sarah Ward, and Susannah Kilbourn. In his will he provided, that upon the death of his son William, the property he gave him, should fall to his grandson, William Hills. By his will he made all his real estate for ever liable to pay taxes to maintain a minister for the church in Hartford. He owned land in right of his wife in Farmington. The name is uniformly Hills, and not Hill.



Hilliar, James, Windsor, married the widow of Ebenezer Dibble in 1677, and had James and Elizabeth.

Hilton, John, Wethersfield—died in 1686. Children, John, aged 11, Richard 7, Mary 14, and Ebenezer 8 months.

Hinman, Serg't. Edward. From record evidence and tradition, the following facts are collected of the Hinman family. Edward appears to have been the only one of the name who came from England to this country, either in the early settlement, or since. Edward came to Stamford, where he first located before 1650, (probably as early as '45.) Being an unmarried man when he came to Stamford, he married Hannah, the daughter of Francis and Sarah Stiles, of Windsor, who subsequently removed to Stratford. In '51, he resided in the present Main-street at Stratford, upon the west side of the street, a few rods below the Episcopal church. He had before his emigration, belonged to the body or life guard of King Charles I. He had not resided many years at Stratford, before he, with Stiles, became the principal purchasers of the south part of Pamperaug, (Woodbury) now Southbury. It does not appear that he moved to Woodbury with his wife and family, but some of his children with the Stiles family located at Southbury, where the names are yet common. He died at Stratford, Nov. 26, 1681. His will was proved at Fairfield in '82. To his son, Titus, he gave his land at Woodbury; he also noticed his son Benjamin, and daughter, Sarah Roberts—his son Samuel, and daughters, Hannah, Mary, and Patience—he also noticed his brother, Ephraim Stiles, of Stratford. Hannah, his wife, died before him, in '77. Children, Sarah, born in '53, (married William Roberts, of Woodbury,) Titus in '56, Benjamin in '62, Hannah in '66, Mary in '68, Patience in '70, and Edward in '72. By his will he directed his youngest son to be placed an apprentice to Jehiel Preston, of Stratford. Sarah, who married William Roberts, had children, Hannah, baptized Oct. 21, '77, Zechery in May, '82, Sarah in '85, Hannah in May, '86, Amos in July, '89—perhaps others. That part of the family who removed to Woodbury, settled in the section of Southbury Main-street, called White Oak, near where the dwelling house of John Mosely, Esq. now stands.

Hinman, Capt. Titus, eldest son of Serg't. Edward, married for his first wife, Hannah Coc, of Stamford, who had moved there from Wethersfield with her father. After her decease, he married Mary Hawkins, of Woodbury, January, 1701-2—he died in April, 1736, aged 80 years—(Tombstone.) His will is in the records of Probate at Woodbury, in which he notices his sons, Ephraim, Joseph, Andrew, Titus, Eleazer, and Timothy, and his daughters, Mary and Hannah. His children were, Ephraim, baptized July 26, '85, Joseph in June, '87, Andrew in April, '90, Titus in June, '95, Ebenezer, born January 4, 1702-3, Titus in March, 1703-4, Eleazer in May, 1706, Timothy, baptized in March, 1708-9, Mary in Feb. 1713-14, married David Bostwick, July, 1739, Hannah in March, 1720-21, married Samuel Twitchel, Dec. 1739, Patience in July, 1722. He was a member of the General Assembly in 1715, 16, 19 and 20.

Hinman, Samuel, 2d son of Serg't. Edward—lived on the place called the Dr. Graham place, in Southbury, Main-street, where Nathan Hinman lately lived and died. He had a wife but no children.

Sarah, his adopted child, was baptized, Sept. 28, 1707. He died about 1720, and his place was purchased for a Parsonage.

Hinman, Benjamin, 3d son of Serg't. Edward, married Elizabeth Lamb, at Woodbury, July 12, 1684. He lived at Bullet Hill, in the Main-street at Southbury—died 1727. Children, Annis, baptized in 1685, (died young), Hannah, baptized Oct. '86, married Benjamin Hurd, jr., Adam, baptized Jan. '87, Noah in July, '89, Benjamin in April, '92, Elizabeth in Feb. '93, married John Hurd, Eunice in May, '96, married Nathan Hurd, supposed the grand mother of of the Hon. Judge Smith and Hon. Nathan Smith, deceased, of New Haven, Annis, in Sept. '97, married Samuel Martin, Rachel born Dec. 1700, married Ephraim Baldwin, Edward born Oct. 1702, Samuel in Dec. 1704, Wait in Oct. 1706, and Mercy in Dec. 1709.

Hinman, Edward, jr., youngest son of Serg't. Edward, drew 18 acres in the land division at Woodbury, in 1702, yet he appears to have uniformly lived in Stratford and vicinity. He was brought up, after his father's decease, by Jehiel Preston. The sons of Edward, jr., were, Samuel, John and Ebenezer. Samuel moved to Goshen, and was the father of Lemuel, of North Stratford, and ancestor of the Fairfield county Hinmans—he removed a short time to Southbury, and then back to Fairfield county—perhaps to Trumbull. He had 5 sons, viz. Ephraim, Edward, Jonathan, Michael and Bethuel. He left two daughters, one married Gideon Perry, and was living in 1836; and the other married Jonathan Hinman, of Southbury, and is yet living. She was the mother of Gen. Robinson S. Hinman, late deceased, of New Haven, of Daniel, Simeon and John, of Betsey Caufield, and Orra Wheeler, of South Britain.

Hinman, Ephraim, eldest son of Captain Titus—left no family.

Hinman, Joseph, 2d son of said Titus, married Esther Downs, Nov. 1714, and had children, Ebenezer, born in Oct. 1715, Joseph, baptized June, 1718, Tabitha in Feb. 1721, married Joseph Richards in 1746, Esther in June, 1723, married David Munn, Nov. 1749, Eunice in Jan. 1725, Mabel Aug. 11, 1728, mother of Justus Hinman, Amos Nov. 1730, died young, Elijah in April, 1733, Daniel in July, 1735, and Lois in Oct. 1737, married John King, Dec. 1784.

Hinman, Andrew, 3d son of Capt. Titus, married Mary Noble, Aug. 1711. Their children were, Andrew, baptized in Aug. 1712, Hannah in Dec. 1714, married Josiah Everist, March, 1739, (ancestor of Dr. Solomon Everist, late deceased, of Canton, Coc in Aug. 1718, Mary in March, 1720, married Garwood Cunningham, of Woodbury, Dec. 1751, Margaret in Aug. 1723, (died single,) Aaron in Oct. 1726, (died young,) Nathan in Dec. 1729, Elisha, March 10, 1734, Noble in April, 1737, he went to Nine Partners, in the State of New York, perhaps he afterwards went to New London with his brother, Elisha, who married, lived and died at New London. Elisha was commander of a government ship, called the Alfred, during the war of the Revolution, which sailed out of New London. In 1776, he took and sent into N. London, a continental armed brig of 200 tons, laden with rum, sugar, &c., bound to Scotland. In October, 1777, a prize ship laden with sugar and cotton, worth £60,000, was taken by the Alfred, Capt. Hinman, and the Raleigh, Capt. Thompson, two ships of war. In 1776,

he with Capt. Shaw, carried three tons of powder into Dartmouth. In 1778, he took and carried two prize ships into France, and sold them for the benefit of the States. He made several other captures of British ships during the war. After the war closed, he was for some years commander of a Revenue Cutter. Elisha left no sons, but several daughters. One married Mr. Day—one Sheriff Dimond, of Fairfield, and one Mr. Kellogg, of Stamford—perhaps others.

Hinman, Titus, jr., 4th son of Capt. Titus—married Sarah ——. Their children were, Titus, baptized in May, 1725, (died young,) Ephraim in Feb. 1727, Sarah, (Gingle) in Nov. 1728, she married Deac. David Hinman, Rachel in Oct. 1731, Titus in Nov. 1733, Amie in Sept. 1736, Prudence in Sept. 1738, married David Hurlbut, Nov. 1757, and moved to Vermont, Lucy in March, 1740, married a Hurlbut, and also moved to Vermont, Enos in July, 1742, married and moved to Vermont—he had a son Deac. Calvin, who married Miss Wheeler, Annis in March, 1747.

Hinman, Ebenezer, 5th son of Capt. Titus, married Hannah Scovil, of Waterbury. He was appointed by the General Assembly, in 1776, with Thomas Fitch, Rufus Lathrop and Samuel Bishop, Esq's., and others, to audit all colony accounts, and report thereon. Their children were, Jonas, baptized in Feb. 1730, John, Sept. 3, 1732, Eleazer in Dec. 1734, Dorcas in Nov. 1736, married Phineas Potter, Nov. 1757, Hannah in March, 1739, married David Hinman, Dec. 1759, Peter in Aug. 1742, Molly in 1744, married B. Bassett, of Derby, Miriam in May, 1748, married Benjamin Richards.

Hinman, Timothy, 6th son of Capt. Titus, married Emma Preston—he died Dec. 11, 1769, and wife died June 20, 1794. Their children were, Olive, baptized in Sept. 1739, she married Capt. Truman Hinman, Timothy in 1741, at Fair Haven in 1755, Ruth in Nov. 1748, married Aaron Hinman, Oct. 1772, Patience in Dec. 1754, married Judge Increase Moseley, of Southbury, 1769, father of Col. William Moseley, of New Haven, Mary in Jan. 1757, married Sherman Hinman, son of Benjamin Feb. 1777.

Hinman, Adam, eldest son of Serg't. Benjamin, died single.

Hinman, Noah, 2d son of Benjamin, married his first wife, Anna Knowles, Feb. 1711—after her death, he married Sarah Scovil, of Waterbury. For several years he was a Judge of the Court at Litchfield. The children by his first wife were, Elizabeth, baptized in May, 1713, Gideon, born in Jan. 1715, (died young,) Adam, called after Adam Winthrop, baptized July, 1718, Thankful in Jan. 1719, Gideon in Nov. 1725. By his second wife, his children were, Edward, baptized April, 1730, (Edward resided at Southbury, and was a lawyer of eminence in his day,) Abigail in 1733, Reuben in Sept. 1735, Simeon in Dec. 1737, died single, graduated at Yale College in 1762, Noah in June, 1740, Sarah in Aug. 1742, Arnole in Sept. 1746, married Elijah Booth, Oct. 1772, Damaris in Dec. 1748, married Simeon Minor, Sept. 1669, (the ancestor of Simeon H. Minor, Esq., deceased, of Stamford, who was many years State Attorney for Fairfield county.) Deacon Noah above, died in 1766 (76). For 16 sessions he was a member of the General Assembly.

Hinman, Benjamin, 3d son of Serg't. Benjamin, married Sarah Sherman, a relative of Roger Sherman, Dec. 1718. Died in May, 1727,

in the great sickness, and his wife died the same month, aged 35 years. Their children were, Benjamin, baptized in April, 1720, Jerusha in Feb. 1721, died single, and David in March, 1722. Benjamin, his son, here spoken of, was a colonel, and served as quarter master of the troop in the 13th Regiment of the Connecticut colony against the French in Canada, as early as 1751. On the 30th day of May, 1757, he was commissioned major of the 13th Regiment; in 1758 he was made a lieutenant colonel of the 3d Regiment of foot, in the forces raised to invade Canada. On the 1st of Nov. 1771, he was made a full colonel of the 13th Regiment. Early in the war of the Revolution, on the first day of May, 1775, he was appointed colonel of the 4th Regiment of enlisted troops for the defence of the colony. He was ordered, in 1775, with five companies, to Greenwich; and the same year was ordered to Ticonderoga to hold possession of the fort, &c. In 1776 he was ordered with a regiment to New York, and was at New York at the time of its capture by the British—after which he was stationed at Horse Neck and other places on the Sound. In January, 1777 he returned home in ill health, and did not again join the army. He died at Southbury, March, 1809 or 10, over 90 years of age. There were more commissioned officers during the war of the Revolution by this name than any other in Connecticut—being in all 13 from the town of Southbury. Col. Benjamin's children were, Aaron, the father of Judge William, Col. Joel, the father of Joel, Judge of the Superior Court, and of Hon. Curtiss, who died when a member of the State Senate, in 1820. Sherman, who died young, and another Sherman, who was baptized in Oct. 1752, and graduated at Yale College in 1776. Col. Benjamin was a member of the General Assembly twenty-seven sessions.

Hinman, David, a brother of Col. Benjamin, married Sarah Hinman, a daughter of Titus, jr. Their children were, Annis, who married Daniel Hinman, and moved to Vermont, Gen. Ephraim, baptized in 1753, David, jr., who lived and died at Southbury, and Capt. Benjamin, of Utica, the father of Col. John E. Lieut. Asa, who served during the war of the Revolution, was also a son of Dea. David.

Hinman, Samuel, 4th son of Serg't. Benjamin, died single.

Hinman, Wait, 5th son of Serg't. Benjamin, married ———. Children, Samuel, baptized in May, 1730, Truman, (Capt. Truman) in June, 1731, Wait in Dec. 1732, Mercy in Sept. 1735, Ann in Dec. 1737, Currence in April, 1740, and Bethuel in June, 1742.

Hinman, Ebenezer, eldest son of Joseph, married Hannah Mitchell, Jan. 1737;—she soon died, and he married for his second wife, Elizabeth Pierce, April, 1743. Children, Jonathan, baptized in 1738, died young, Rhoda in April, 1740, married Seth Mitchell, Dec. 1762, Hannah in Feb. 1744, married Gideon Hicock, Jan. 1768, Betty in April, 1746, married Seth Wheeler, Nov. 1767, Annis died young, Comfort in Oct. 1750, Daniel in Sept. 1752, married Annis, a daughter of Dea. David, and removed to Vermont, Annis in Feb. 1755, married Lieut. Asa Hinman, son of Dea. David. Esther in Oct. 1757, Jonathan in Feb. 1761, died young, Jonathan, May, 1764, the father of Gen. Robinson S., late deceased, of New Haven.

Hinman, Joseph, 2d son of Joseph, married and removed to Far-

nington. Children, Justus, baptized in Aug. 1750, Joseph in Aug. 1750, and Hester in April, 1753. Aaron lived and died at Guilford.

Hinman, Elijah, 3d son of Joseph, married and removed to Vermont. Children, Elijah, baptized in Aug. 1763—Amos, and other children.

Hinman, Andrew, jr., eldest son of Andrew, married Mabel Stiles, February, 1734. Children, Betty, baptized in Sept. 1735, Margaret in Dec. 1738, (single,) Mabel in June, 1740, married Shadrack Osborn, Esq., of Southbury, (the mother of Mrs. Betsey Dunning, of N. Haven,) Francis in Aug. 1742, David in 1744, married Hannah Hinman;—he was a member of the General Assembly in 1725, 28, 29, 36, 39 and 40.

Hinman, Coe, 2d son of Andrew, married and removed to the State of New York. Children, Nathan, baptized June, 1751, Abner in July, 1754, and others.

Hinman, Noble, 3d son of Andrew, married and had a family in Massachusetts or Vermont.

Hinman, Titus, 4th son of Titus, married Joanna Hurd, Nov. 1757. Their children were, Solomon, baptized in Nov. 1758, Hester in Nov. 1761, and Titus—Titus removed to Wyoming, Penn., was an Ensign in the Regiment of Col. Zebulon Butler, and was killed, July 3, 1778, in the bloody massacre of Wyoming.

Hinman, Ephraim, son of Titus, married Rebecca Lee, Aug. 1750. Their children were, Andrew, baptized in February, 1751, died young, Patience in Feb. 1753; she married Ebenezer Strong, Jan. 1771; one of her daughters married Nathaniel Bacon, of New Haven.—(Ebenezer Strong was a descendant of John, of Windsor.)

Hinman, Enos, son of Titus, married and removed to Vermont.

Hinman, Jonas, son of Eleazer, married Sarah Downs, Feb. 1756. Their children were, Silas, baptized in Jan. 1757, Agur in Jan. 1759, Jonas, Abner, Sarah, Mary, Reuben and Currence.

Hinman, John, 2d son of Eleazer, married Abigail Graham in 1772—she died, and he married a second wife, and removed to Bethlem.

Hinman, Eleazer, 3d son of Eleazer, married Rhoda Mitchell in 1769, and had Nathan, baptized in Feb. 1771, Patty in March, 1773, Eleazer Preston in Jan. 1776, Mitchell in Sept. 1778, and Livingston in July, 1784. This family removed to the State of New York.

Hinman, Peter, 4th son of Eleazer, married and had children, William, who married Sarah Manning, March, 1790, Scovill, (Deacon Scovill Hinman, of New Haven,) Nathaniel, John, Hannah and Mary.

Hinman, Gideon, eldest son of Deac. Noah, married Hannah Curtiss, Sept. 1745. Their children were, Zipper, baptized in March, 1747, Asahel in Nov. 1749, died young, Love in Oct. 1751, died, Arabel in April, 1753, Gideon in April, 1753, (twins,) Moses in June, 1755, removed to the State of New York, Love in Nov. 1757, Curtiss in April, 1761, Sarah in July, 1764.

Hinman, Adam, son of Noah, married and removed to Vermont. Their children were, Isaac, baptized in 1754, supposed to be living, Mary in Dec, 1756, Martha in March, 1758, married Frederick Hurd, Dec. 1783, Timothy in 1760, for many years a Judge of the Court in

Derby, Vermont, and is yet living, Adam, Jan. 15, 1764, now lives at Southbury, Sarah in Jan. 1764—Adam and Sarah were twins.

Hinman, Reuben, son of Deac. Noah, married Mary Downs, Sept. 1756. Their children were, Currence, baptized in April, 1760, Abraham in Sept. 1762, and others. This family removed to Williamstown.

Hinman, Noah, jr., son of Deac. Noah, married, and with his family removed to Vermont.

Hinman, Col. Benjamin, son of Benjamin, married Molly Stiles. Their children were, Aaron in 1746, Joel, baptized in April, 1748, Sherman in June, 1750, died young, Sherman in Oct. 1752, graduated at Yale College in 1776; he married, and had Ruth Emm, who married William Forbes of Derby, Vermont, formerly of New Haven, and Clara, who married Jared Hawley, Esq.; Sherman also died a young man a few years after he was married.

Hinman, Aaron, son of Col. Benjamin—had Judge William, Anna Drakely, Benjamin, of Vermont, George, of Bangor, and Harry, of Southbury, who are yet living.

Hinman, Col. Joel, son of Col. Benjamin, married Sarah Curtiss, (yet living.) Their children were, Daniel, (deceased) Irena, married Eli Hall, Jason, Esq., in Vermont, Sally, married Jedediah Hall, Hon. Curtiss, died in Dec. 1820, Phebe, single, Nancy, single, Robert, died in 1813, Albert, died in 1842, Sophia, married Truman Mitchell, Sherman, an attorney, died in Mississippi, in 1832, Hon. Joel is the present Judge of the Supreme Court—he married a Miss Scovil, of Waterbury, Marietta, married Isaac Johnson, and Maria married Mr. Pulford.

Hinman, Hon. Edward, (more familiarly known as Lawyer Ned,) son of Deac. Noah, married Ann Curtiss, July 18, 1764. Their children were, Sarah Ann, baptized in July, 1765, married Timothy Hinman, son of Capt. Truman, July, 1792, he graduated at Yale, Simon, Esq., in March, 1766, graduated at Yale College in 1784, was a Lawyer—he died single, in 1830, Cyrus also graduated at Yale College in 1789, was a Lawyer—he died young and unmarried. Only two of the descendants of this family are now living, neither of whom are married—twice a member of the General Court before Southbury was incorporated.

Hinman, Abijah, son of Deac. Noah, married and removed to Vermont. Their children were, Adoniram in 1757, Wait in 1760, Ruth Emm in 1762, Abigail in 1764, and Rebecca, baptized in 1766.

Hinman, Deac. David, son of Benjamin, married Sarah Hinman—he died in 1756. Their children were, Lieut. Asa, who served during the war of the Revolution—he was baptized in Aug. 1750, Annis in Dec. 1751, married Daniel Hinman, and moved to Bennington, Vt., where they both died, Gen. Ephraim in March, 1753—he acted as a Captain and Quarter Master, and Assistant Commissary of Forage in the war of the Revolution, David in Jan. 1756, and Benjamin, Esq., who moved to Little Falls, N. York, afterwards to Utica.

Hinman, Samuel, son of Wait, married, and his children were, Ann, baptized in July, 1759, Olive and Wait.

Hinman, Capt. Truman, son of Wait, married Olive Hinman, and had children, Timothy, (father of the present Edward, Esq.,) graduated at Yale College in 1784, Ruth Emm, married Thomas Bull, Olive

married Nathan Judson, Dec. 1800, Col. Truman married Betty Curtiss, Nov. 22, 1798. Only two of the descendants of Col. Truman are living—both unmarried.

Hinman, Bethuel, son of Wait, married Hannah Hicoek, Nov. 1770. Removed to Greenfield, N. Y., and had several sons, and one named Shadrack.

Hinman, Lieut. Asa, son of Deac. David, married Annis Hinman. Their children were, David, who sailed in 1802, for China, and never returned—died single, Rhoda, married Elisha Pierce, and Sarah, married Nathan Rumsey, of Southbury.—Annis, only daughter of Deac. David, married Daniel Hinman, and moved to Bennington, Vermont—they had but one child, (Betsey,) she married Samuel Brown, and had one child, Samuel H. Brown, Esq., of Bennington; Samuel H. married Sarah Brown, daughter of Park, of Southbury, and had several children.

Hinman, Gen. Ephraim, son of Deacon David, married Sylvania French, daughter of William French, of Southbury, Feb. 3, 1779, and had four children, viz. John, died in infancy, Laura, who married, and had a daughter, (Henrietta,) both of whom soon after died, Royal R., born at Southbury, and Mary, born at Roxbury. Gen. Ephraim was several times a member of the General Assembly—he was a Captain, Quarter Master, and Assistant Commissary of Forage in the war of the Revolution. He died in Dec. 1829, aged over 77 years.

Hinman, Royal R. son of Gen. Ephraim—on the 14th of September, 1814, married Lydia Ashley, youngest daughter of Gen. John Ashley, of Sheffield, Mass. He graduated at Yale College in 1804—by profession a Lawyer, and in 1827 was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of New York—several sessions a member of the General Assembly—was several years Secretary of State, and in 1844 was appointed Collector of Customs at the port of New Haven. His children are, Jane Ashley, Royal A., Lydia Ann, Mary E., and Catherine E. Jane A. married John Bigelow, of Hartford, and removed to Boston in 1844—they had children, Jane Frances, John H., and William Henry—John H., died at the age of 3 years—William H., died at Boston, an infant, in 1846. Lydia Ann, married Charles E. Babcock, of New York, Sept. 1845, and had a son, Charles H., born in July, 1846. Royal Ashley, unmarried. Mary E., and Catherine E. Hinman.

Hinman, David, son of Deac. David, married Mary Ann Graham, daughter of Andrew Graham, M. D., of Southbury, and had Frederick, who married Fanny Mitchell—Nathan, married Miss Burritt—Benjamin, married Miss Minor, who died, he then married Mrs. Bacon—Polly, married Mr. Ward, of Vermont—Patty, married Deac. Nathan Mitchell.

Hinman, Benjamin, son of Deac. David, moved in early life to Little Falls, N. Y., where he married Anna Keysor, in 1779, a daughter of Capt. Keysor, of Montgomery county, N. Y.—she was born on the farm where Fort Keysor was built. Their children were, Col. John E., of Utica, who married Mary Schroppel, of the city of New York, daughter of George C. Schroppel, deceased. John E. was several years sheriff of the county of Oneida.

Hinman, Col. John Jay, Attorney at Law, son of Benjamin, married some lady from Connecticut, and resides in or near Rushville, Illinois.

Hinman, Benjamin, Esq., son of Benjamin—died, unmarried, at Hinmanville, Oswego county, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1844, 49 years old. Maranda, a daughter of Benjamin, sen'r., died at Utica in July, 1806, about 2 years old. Gen. William A., (son of Benjamin, sen'r.,) Attorney at Rushville, Illinois, married Miss Grace Kingsbury, of Brooklyn, N. Y., Annis, 2d daughter of Benjamin, married Dr. Thomas Monroe, originally of Baltimore, but now of Jacksonville, Illinois. Benjamin, the father of this family, resided at Utica—he died in April, 1831, at Mount Pleasant, Penn., on a journey to New Jersey, where he was interred. His widow is yet living in Illinois, with her sons.

Hinsdel, Barnabas, Hartford—married Martha Smith, Nov. 1793. Daniel was married to Katherine Curtiss, of Wethersfield, and died in 1737. Barnabas, son of Daniel and Katherine, died in 1737-8. Descendants of Robert, in No. 2.

Hodge, John, married Susannah Denslow, of Windsor, in 1665, and had John, Thomas, Mary, Joseph, Benjamin, Henry and William.—John, of Lyme, '91. Chauncey, of Roxbury, 1846.

Holloway, John, and Thomas Root, elected chimney viewers of Hartford, in 1648.

Holcomb, Joshua, Simsbury—died in 1690. Children, Ruth 26 years old, Thomas 24, Sarah 22, Elizabeth 20, Joshua 18, Deborah 16, Mary 14, Mindwell 12, Hannah 10, and Moses 4.

Holly, John and Francis, were important settlers in Stamford as early as 1641-2, with about 40 other families.

Hopkins, Gov. Edward, in 1640, aided in purchasing Waranock, (Westfield,) and erected a trading house there. He married a daughter of Mr. Eaton, of New Haven, but appears to have left no children in America. He procured to be printed in England, the first code of Laws for the New Haven Colony, in '56, and never returned afterwards to New England. He died in 1657. Ebenezer, married Mary, daughter of Samuel Butler, of Wethersfield.

Hoskins, John, Windsor, married Deborah Denslow in 1677, and had a daughter Deborah, in '79. Anthony, sen'r., of Windsor, died in 1706-7—left Mary, his widow, and children, John, Robert, Anthony, Thomas, Joseph, Grace Eggleston, Jane Alford, (Isabel Alford died before him.) He was a farmer, and aged at his decease. John had a double portion, and £20 over, as Anthony lived with his son John. He owned land at Simsbury, which he gave Robert—he also had land at Greenfield he gave to Anthony. He entailed his lands to his children. Was an early settler at Windsor, and left an estate of £984.

Hosford, John, Windsor, son of William, married P. Thrall in 1657, and had William, John, Timothy, Hester, Sarah, Samuel, Nathaniel, Mary and Obadiah. John, of Windsor, died in 1683, and left a widow. The eldest son had £225, John £121, Timothy £121, Hester £100, Sarah £100, Samuel £114, Nathaniel £114, Mary £100, Obadiah £122, Widow £85 of personal estate for life. Mr. Hosford was a man of wealth and reputation, and one of the early settlers of Windsor. Benjamin, of Windsor, after 1717, settled at Litchfield.



House, William, Glastenbury—died in 1703. Children, John, aged 30, Sarah Smith 28, Mary Hale 26, Ann 20, William 19, and Joseph 16.

Hoyt, Nicholas, married Susannah —, in 1646, and had Samuel, Jonathan, David and Daniel.

Hubbard, George, in 1665, certified before William Leete, at Guilford, the consideration paid Lowheag, by the inhabitants of Wethersfield, for six miles in breadth on both sides of the river, and six deep from the river west, and three deep from the river east, in Wethersfield. He was on the committee of the General Court in March, '37, with Talcott, Mason and others. While he remained in the colony he was an important man at the General Court, and upon committees appointed by the Court. He was one of the first settlers in the colony—was appointed with two others, in '56, to survey the town of Wethersfield—was a committee to the General Court in '37 and '38, and a deputy in '39 in April, August and September, and was one of the leading men in the colony. He resided at Wethersfield, but remained in the colony but a few years before he removed to Milford, then to Guilford, and afterwards to Middletown, where he died in 1684, aged about 80. Children, Joseph, Daniel, Nathaniel, Samuel, Elizabeth, Mary Ranny, and Richard. (His wife, Elizabeth.) Joseph, of Middletown, died in '86—his children were, Joseph, 15 years old, Robert 13, George 11, John 8, and Elizabeth 3.

Hubbell, Richard, sen'r., Bridgeport. The first settlers of (now) Bridgeport, and members of the church, were, Richard Hubbell, sen'r., Isaac Wheeler, James Bennett, sen'r., Samuel Beardsley, Matthew Sherman, Richard Hubbell, jr., David Sherman, and John Odell, jr., in 1695. It was a part of the town of Stratford. Most of these names are yet familiar in the town of Bridgeport.

Howe, Capt., and others, about 1640-1, purchased for Connecticut, of the Indians, a tract of land on Long Island, from the east part of Oyster Bay to the west part of Holmes's Bay, to the middle of what was then Great Plain, upon the north side of the Island, extending south half its breadth, which lands were sparsely settled before '43.

Huit, Rev. Ephraim, (in No. 2,) gave in his will, Great Island, at the Flatts, to the Court at Hartford, for the use of the country.

Hull, Josias, married Elizabeth Loomis, of Windsor, in 1641. Children, Josias, born in '42, John, Elizabeth, Mary, Martha, Joseph, Sarah, Naomi, Rebecca, Thomas, and one other son.

Humphrey, Michael, married Priscilla Grant, in 1647, and had children, John, Mary, Samuel, Martha, Sarah, Abigail, and Hannah, (born in '69.)

Huntington, Simon, Norwich, 1660, appears to have been another family from that of Thomas, of Windsor. He was made a freeman in '63, under the Charter, at Hartford.

Hunt, Blayach, Wethersfield—died in 1640—was a cousin of Mary Collins, and a nephew of Mr. Welles—was also a cousin of Mary Baylding. He died unmarried.

Hurlbut, Thomas, Wethersfield—died in 1689. Wife, Elizabeth—children, Timothy, 9 years old, Nathaniel 7, and Ebenezer 4.

Hutchins, John—died in 1681, and left a widow, and two children, viz. Sarah, 4 years old, and Ann, one.

Hyde, William, Norwich, 1660—was probably the same William Hyde who came into Hartford in '39, and was surveyor of highways in '41. After a few years residence there, he moved down the river. He had 20 acres in the division of lands east of the river, (in East Hartford) in '40. Timothy, of Hartford, died in 1710—he was the nephew of Caleb Watson and wife, and of Thomas and John Olcott—was young and unmarried—and a weaver by trade. He gave his property (£186) to his uncles and aunts.

## J.

Jeffery, —, had daughters, Mary, in 1661—Hannah in '70, and afterwards Elizabeth.

Jellicoe, Thomas, Middletown—died in 1684—wife, Mary.

Jessup, John, was in Hartford in 1637. On the 30th day of October, '40, he with Rev. Richard Denton, Andrew Ward, Thurston Raynor, Jonas Wood, jr., John Northend, Thomas Weeks, Matthew Mitchell, Robert Coe, Samuel Sherman, Jeremiah Jagger, Vincent Simking, Edmond Wood, Henry Smith, Richard Gildersleeve, Jonas Wood, John Seaman, David Finch, Samuel Clark and Jeremiah Wood, purchased the town of Stamford of the New Haven Company—nearly all of whom had been first settlers at Wethersfield. They had previously purchased the Indian right. The above, all came according to the stipulation; and with the first settlers also came the following as settlers at Stamford, viz. Richard Law, John Ferris, Robert Bates, John Whitmore, John Renolds, Thomas Morehouse, Francis Bell, Richard Crabb and Robert Fisher, most of whom were also from Wethersfield. The town continued to settle rapidly, and in '61-2, as appears by the purchase of lands, and a distribution by a vote of the company, the following became settlers there, to wit: Henry Acerly, John Underhill, Thomas Slauson, Francis Holly, John Ogden, John Smith, John Miller, William Newman, Joseph Bishop, Thomas Hoyt, Daniel Scofield, John Finch and John Holly. Rev. Mr. Denton, Mitchell, Ward, Law, Raynor and Francis Bell and Hollys, were strong, influential men in the New Haven Colony, as some of them had been in the Connecticut Colony.—*Minor*.

Judson, William, (in No. 2,) had sons, Lieut. Joseph, Serg't. Jeremiah, and Joshua, all of whom came from Yorkshire in 1634, to Concord, Mass., from thence to Hartford, and in '39 or '40 to Stratford. The christian names of the first family are yet retained in the Judson family at Woodbury.

## K.

Kates, John, Windham—died in 1697. He gave in his will 200 acres of land, by entailment, to the poor of Windham, and 200 acres for a school house for the town. He gave his negro to Rev. Samuel Whiting, of said Windham, and other personal property. To the church of the town he gave £10 in money. He made Mary Howard executrix, and gave her the remainder of his estate, unless his child, or any of his children then in England, should come to New England,

and if so, such as should come should have all his estate. He was the first of the name in the colony. This name is spelt Kates, on record, and by himself in his will—but he was the same Lieut. John Cates who served under Oliver Cromwell's administration of the British Government. His negro Jo. whom he gave to Mr. Whiting, he procured in Virginia, where he first landed. He escaped his pursuers in Virginia, and came to Norwich, yet feeling unsafe, he went to Windham, when a wilderness, and in '89 raised the first house, where he closed his life in safety from punishment by Charles II. He gave no silver plate to any person, as has been stated by some historians.

Keeney, Alexander, Wethersfield, was an early settler, died in 1680. His children were, Alexander, 18 years old, Thomas 16, Sarah 16, twins—Joseph 14, Lydia 11, Ebenezer 8, and Richard 6. Olive, his widow, died in '83.

Kellogg, Samuel, Colchester—died in 1708—left a wife, Hannah, and children, Samuel, Joseph, Hannah and Eunice. Nathaniel, of Colchester, was appointed guardian for Joseph. They were descendants of Nathaniel, of Hartford, (in No. 2,) in 1639—who was an early settler in the colony, and had 6 acres in the land division east of Connecticut river, 1640. Samuel married Sarah Merrills, in 1687.—Ebenezer, resided in Colchester in 1708. He married Mabel Butler, of Hartford, a sister of Elizabeth Clark and Mary Butler, daughters of Daniel Butler then deceased. In 1708 they sold the house of their father to Abraham Merrills, of Hartford. The deed was acknowledged before Michael Taintor, justice, at Colchester, where they all resided, except said Merrills, in 1710.

Kelsey, Stephen, married Hannah Higginson, of Wethersfield, in 1672.

Kibbe, Isaac, was the first male child born in Enfield, May, 1683. Incorporated in '83. The town had been a part of Springfield, and continued under the jurisdiction of Massachusetts until 1750. In 1681 a grant of the town was made to nine persons, and singular as it is, not a descendant of either of the nine are now residents of Enfield. The first settlers were from Springfield in 1679, and erected houses there, at first, to hunt and fish at Fresh Water Brook. Nathaniel Collins settled there as their second minister, in 1699. In 1637, Joseph Kibbe was a member of the General Court of Connecticut, and was the first of the name in the colony.

Kilbourn, Abraham, Wethersfield—died in 1715—wife, Sarah—children, Samuel, Abraham and Sarah. Widow Kilbourn, of Wethersfield, 1640. Joseph, of Wethersfield, moved to Litchfield, a descendant of Thomas and John (in No. 2.) The Kilbourn families at Litchfield are descendants of John from Wethersfield. Thomas and John came to Connecticut as early as '36. Thomas married Hannah Hills, of Glastenbury, in '99. John, sen'r., (in No. 2)—wife, Sarah, children, John, Thomas, Naomi Hale, Ebenezer, Sarah Crane, George, Mary, Joseph and Abraham. He died in April, 1703.

Kimberly, Eleazer, Glastenbury—died in July, 1708–9. His children were, Thomas, Elizabeth, Ruth, and two other daughters. Estate £356. The same mentioned in No. 2, of Wethersfield.

King, Edward, Windsor—died in 1702—supposed the son of John,

of Windsor. He left a will which was so badly defaced and torn, and having one daughter not mentioned in his will, that the court refused to accept it. His daughter Mary married Mr. Hillyer, and Sarah married Mr. Kady, and both resided on Long Island. Perhaps he left other children. Sarah, widow of Capt. John, of Northampton, died at Windsor, in 1705. Capt. John, perhaps a son of John, and brother of Edward.

Kuell, Nicholas, Stratford, 1650.

Knight, George, Hartford—died in 1699. Estate £257.

## L.

Lancton, John, jr., Farmington—died in 1683. He owned a house and land at Northampton. He was a son of Deacon Lancton.

Lester, Edward, held land about New London in 1653.

Lovering, William, a hatter by trade—was admitted an inhabitant of Hartford in 1658.

Loomis, Joseph, sen'r., Windsor, 1639. From history, tradition and records, it appears, and is believed by the Loomis family, that Joseph Loomis and his family were the only persons of the name who came to Windsor in the early settlement of the town, (as early as 1639)—that he with his family, consisting of himself, wife, five sons and one daughter, emigrated from, at, or near Bristol in England, to New England, in the ship *Mary and John*, Captain Squid, master, which sailed from Plymouth, England, March 20, 1630, and arrived at Nantasket Point, May 30th the same year. From thence with the Rev. John Warham's church and people, in '36, he emigrated to Windsor, (or with Mr. Hewit in '39.) From all that is known it is quite certain that all the Loomises in this part of the country have originated from this family. The names of the five sons are as follows, viz. John, Joseph, Thomas, Nathaniel and Samuel, and daughter, Elizabeth. They all settled in the town of Windsor, and there remained until after Philip's war. Timothy, (in No. 2,) was recorder at a much later period than '39. [Dr. McClure was mistaken as to Timothy's coming to Windsor in '39, with Mr. Huit.] He died in Windsor in 1658—his wife died in '52. Joseph, jr., son of Joseph, sen'r., of Windsor, died in '87. Estate £281. His children were, Joseph, 38 years old, John 36, Mary 34, Hannah 25, Matthew 23, Stephen 20, James 17, Nathaniel 14, and Isaac 9, at his decease. John Loomis was an appraiser of his estate, with H. Wolcott and John Wolcott—perhaps at that time an appraiser could be a relative. John, of Windsor, married Elizabeth Scott, and had John, born in '49, Joseph, Thomas, Samuel, Daniel, James, Timothy, Nathaniel, David, Samuel, Isaac, Elizabeth and Mary. Thomas, married Hannah Fox in '53, and had Thomas, (died) Thomas, Hannah, and Mary. His wife died. He then married a second wife, and had Elizabeth, Ruth, Sarah, Jeremiah, (died) Mabel, Mindwell, &c. Nathaniel, married Elizabeth Moore, and had 12 children. Samuel, married and had 5 children. John, of Windsor, had a grand daughter, Anna Loomis, daughter of Joseph, born in '78.

Lynde, Nathaniel, was an early settler of Saybrook—his son, Samuel, was a native of the town. Nathaniel, gave the first building for a College at Saybrook. His son, Samuel, was many years a member of the Council and a Judge in Connecticut. The other early settlers found upon record were, the Major, Rev. Mr. Higginson, Peters, Barker, Lieut. Bull, Bushnell, Clark, Lay, Lord, Parker, William Pratt, Post, Champion, M. Griswold, Lee, Wade, Backus, Bliss, Huntington, Hyde, Larrabee, Lefingwell, Breede, Chalker, Waterhouse, Kirtland, Shipman, Whittlesey, Willard, Lieut. Seely. Mr. Higginson was the first unordained minister at Saybrook. He married the daughter of the Rev. Henry Whitefield, of Guilford, and afterwards became his assistant at Guilford, and about 1660 he moved to Salem to assist his father.

Lyman, Samuel, moved from Northampton to Lebanon, and from thence to Coventry about 1718. Noah Carpenter, son of Benjamin, came from Northampton to Coventry at a later period, 1730.

Lucas, William, owned land in Middletown in 1667—he probably resided there previously.

### M.

Maloy, Capt., was ordered in 1637, with Allyn and Ward, to go to Agawam and treat with the Indians for their tribute to defray the expense of the wars, of one fathom of wampum a man, and a fathom and a quarter, for the Wawatock Indians.

Markham, James, Windsor—died in 1698—wife, Elizabeth. He left a large estate to his wife—probably had no children.

Marsh, John, who moved from Hartford to Litchfield—was a descendant of John, of Hartford, (in No. 2.)

Marshall, Samuel, Windsor, married Mary Wilton in 1652, and had Samuel, Thomas, died—Daniel, Thomas, Mary, Elizabeth, John, and one other daughter. Capt. Samuel, of Windsor, (in No. 2,) was killed in battle by the Indians in '75. It was his fifth time in service, under Major Treat. He was a brave officer. Estate £902. (See S. Marshall in No. 2.)

Maskell, Thomas, Windsor, married Betsey Parsons in 1660. Children, Betsey, Thomas, Abigail, Thomas, John, Elizabeth and others.

Mason, Edward, Wethersfield, 1639, (in No. 2,) died in 1640, and left an estate of £121.

Mather, Richard, was one of the four early settlers of the town of Lyme before 1666.

Maudsley, John, Windsor, married Mary Newbury in 1664. Benjamin, born in '66, Margaret in '67, Joseph in '70, and Susannah in '75. A respectable family. He set out the estate of James Enoe to his children in '82.

May, Nicholas, Windsor—died in 1664. Estate £4.

Marwine or Merwine, Miles, in 1684. His children were, Elizabeth, John, Samuel, Abigail and Miles.

Miner, John, son of Thomas, of New London. In 1654, I find the following upon the colony record: "Whereas, notwithstanding former provision made for the conveyance of the knowledge of God to the

*Natives* amongst us, little hath hitherto been attended, through want of an able interpreter;—this Court being earnestly desirous to promote and further what lies in them, a work of that nature, wherein the glory of God and the everlasting welfare of those poor, lost, naked sons of Adam is so deeply concerned—do order, that Thomas Miner, of Pequot, (New London) shall be wrote unto from this Court, and desired that he would forthwith send his son John to Hartford, where this Court will provide for his maintenance and schooling, to the end he may be for the present, assistant to such Elder, Elders or others, as this Court shall appoint to interpret the things of God to them as he shall be directed, and in the meantime, fit himself to be instrumental that way, as God shall fit and incline him thereunto for the future.” This was the first action in the Missionary cause in Connecticut. Nothing previous to this date, appears from the record, to have been done preparatory to christianizing the Indians, except to suffer them, in small numbers, to attend their meetings for worship.

Mitchell, Nathan, who moved from Stratford or Stamford to Litchfield, is supposed a descendant of Matthew, (in No. 2,) who moved to Stamford from Wethersfield, in the early settlement of Stamford.—John, of Hartford, died in 1683. His children were, Mary, aged 28, John 25, Sarah 21, Margaret 19, Mabel 17, and Miriam 15. Sarah, of Wethersfield, died in '84, and left brothers and sisters, viz. John, Mary, Margaret, Mabel and Miriam, and £20 estate.

Mix, Rev. Stephen, and John Woodward were appointed scribes for the Convention that formed the Saybrook Platform in 1708. The name of Mix is yet at New Haven.

Moore, Deac. John, had a daughter born in Windsor, 1643, also John, in '45. Deac. Moore died in '77. His son John married Hannah Foote in '64—and had John, Thomas, Samuel, Nathaniel, Edward, and twins in '74, Josias and Joseph.

Morton, Samuel, Hoccanum—died in 1668. Estate £4.

Mudge, Francis. The town of Hartford, by their committee, sequestered to the use of said Mudge, six acres of land, if the town admitted him as an inhabitant, 1640.

## N.

Nash, Joseph, Hartford—died in 1677-8—wife, Margaret. Sarah was his only child unmarried. Capt. John, of New Haven, was his eldest brother. He had no sons, and his other daughters were married at his decease. He left a good estate.

Newbury, Thomas, Windsor—died in 1688. Children, Hannah 8, Thomas 6, Joseph 4, and Benjamin one year old. He married Ann Ford in 1676. Benjamin, of Windsor, married Mary Allyn in '46, and had nine children.

Newel, Daniel, with Samuel Hall, Ebenezer Smith, John Gaines, Richard Goodale, Samuel Eggleston, John Ranny, Thomas Buck, Thomas Wright, Nathaniel and Joseph White, Jonathan Judd, and others, were the first church members at Chatham. The church was organized there in 1721; Daniel Shepard chosen Deacon; and the first meeting house erected there, 26 by 40 feet, in 1718. Thomas,

of Farmington, died in 1689. His children were, John, 42 years old, Thomas 39, Samuel 28, Rebecca Woodford 46, Mary Bascomb 44, Hester Strong 37, Sarah Smith 34, Hannah North 31—John Stanley and Thomas North married two of his daughters. He was an early settler of Farmington. Joseph, of Farmington, died in 1689—was a brother of John, and had five sisters, viz. Rebecca, Mary, Sarah, Esther and Hannah; he was also a brother of Thomas and Samuel. To Esther Woodford he gave a share of his estate—was a brother-in-law to John Stanley, who had a son Samuel. He died unmarried. The name yet continues within the bounds of what was then Farmington.

Nichols, Siborn, of Witham in the county of Essex, England, Gentleman—in 1664 received a deed, executed in London, of a large quantity of land located in Hartford, Conn., on both sides of Connecticut river, from William Whiting, a merchant then in London, and a son of William Whiting then deceased, of Hartford, which had fallen to him at his father's decease, for which Mr. Nichols paid him £320 sterling. It is doubtful whether the above Siborn ever came to this country. Cyprian Nichols the elder appears to have been the son of Siborn, of Witham, particularly from the fact that the lands deeded by Mr. Whiting in London, went into the possession of Cyprian, of Hartford, yet the lands were never deeded by Siborn to Cyprian, as appears of record. Cyprian was occasionally called Siborn, but generally Cyprian. There were five Cyprian Nichols in this family in succession. Cyprian, sen'r., died at Hartford, a gentleman of great wealth; Cyprian, jr., died in 1745—left his widow, Agnes; Lieut. James and William were also sons of Cyprian, sen'r. In 1711 land was set out on execution by S. Webster, sheriff, to Cyprian Nichols. Capt. Cyprian, in 1720, had daughters, Mary Turner and Sarah Webster, wife of William Webster; he also had a grandson Cyprian, and a grandson William Davenport, to whom he gave £50. There was a Cyprian Nichols as late as 1750, and the name is yet in the same family in Hartford at this time. Siborn was a gentleman of reputation and wealth in England, and in 1664 had the title of gentleman and Mr.—Cyprian, of Hartford, married Mary Spencer, daughter of Samuel Spencer, May, 1705. In the settlement of estates, the name of Siborn Nichols has appeared, which is supposed to have been used for Cyprian. No person by the name of Siborn Nichols died in the Probate District of Hartford for the first 75 years of the settlement of the colony. It appears there was either a young man by the name of Siborn after the death of Siborn, of Witham, or Cyprian was occasionally called Siborn. Adam Nichols of 1681, appears to have been a different family—he had a daughter Hester Ellis—he also had a son and daughter at Haddam. Isaac and Caleb Nichols were located at Stratford as early as 1650.

North, John—died in 1690-1. Children, Thomas, Joseph, Mary and Sarah Woodruff.

Northum, John, Colchester—died in 1732—wife, Hannah. He had a son John, and nine daughters; and a brother-in-law, Nathaniel Pomeroy.

Northend, John, an original settler and proprietor of Stamford in

1641—probably the same to whom Mr. Towsey gave 40 shillings in his will.

Noyes, John, Stonington, 1713.

## O.

Olmsted, John, was settled at Hartford, as early as 1639—he probably was the same John Holmsted that afterwards located at Norwich, in 1660. He was a kinsman of the Richard Olmsted family of Norwalk, who went there from Hartford.

Osborn, John, Windsor, married Ann Olday in 1645, and had John, Nathaniel, Samuel, Mary, Hannah, Samuel, Isaac, Sarah, and two other daughters.

Ould, Robert, Windsor, married Susannah Sanford, and had Robert in 1670, and Jonathan in '72.

## P.

Palmer, Timothy, Windsor, married Hannah Buell in 1663, and had Timothy, Hannah, Mary, Sarah, died, John, Sarah, Samuel and Martha.

Parsons, Rev. Joseph. In 1700 a church was formed at Lebanon, and the same year Mr. Parsons was ordained there. Several persons settled there from Windsor, Stratford, &c. Thomas, married Lydia Brown, of Windsor, in 1641, and had Betsey, Thomas, died, Abigail, John, Mary, Ebenezer, Samuel, and Joseph. Thomas died in 1680. Isaac, son of John and Phillis, born in 1699, Jacob in 1701, Moses in 1702, Phillis in 1704, Aaron in 1706, and Ruth in 1711. Ebenezer, of Windsor, had a daughter Abigail, born in 1675, Ebenezer in 1677, John in 1678. John Parsons married Phillis Hills in 1698.

Parent, John, Haddam—died in 1686. Children, Mary and Elizabeth—no sons.

Payne, Widow Hannah, Wethersfield—died in 1682, and left children, Hannah, 20 years of age, and Thomas 9. John, of Middletown, died in '81. His children were, Job, 4 years old, Latierce 3, and Abigail 1. Richard Hall, Samuel Hubbard and John Savidge were appraisers.

Peacock, John, settled at Stratford before 1650.

Pease, John. It has generally been supposed by the Pease family, that the first of the name settled at Enfield about 1683; yet Miss Caulkins, in her History of Norwich, has reported John Pease as located at Norwich at a much earlier period, with his name and lot registered in the Town Plat, as a proprietor in the N. W. extremity of the settlement, with John Tracy, John Baldwin, Jonathan Royce, Robert Allyn, Francis Griswold, Nehemiah Smith and Thomas Howard. John Calkins, Hugh Calkins, Eusign William Backus, Richard Egerton, Thomas Post and John Gager. Upon the opposite side of the street she locates, with no river land attached to their homelots, Samuel and William Hide; upon the river, Morgan Bowers, Robert Wade, John Birchard, John Post, Thomas Bingham and Thomas Waterman; around the Plain, Gen. Mason and Rev. James Fitch. After which she gives with like particularity the locations of Lieut. Thomas Tracy, John Bradford, C. Huntington, Thomas Adgate, John



Holmsted (or Olmsted,) Stephen Backus, Thomas Bliss and John Renolds. T. Leffingwell, J. Reed, R. Wallis and Richard Hendys, as the first planters of Norwich. Mr. Pease must have been located in Norwich as early as 1660, as a town book was then commenced, and from that it appears the contract which had been made with John Elderkin in '54, to erect a corn-mill for the town of Mohegan, was now understood to be erected either "on the land of John Pease, or at Norman's Acre," before Nov. '61. Mr. Pease was afterwards found at New London. Farmer says, John Pease was a member and Captain of the Ar. Co. in '61. He might have returned to the Plymouth Colony, and from thence removed to Enfield, or he might have removed direct from Norwich or New London to Enfield in '83. As the name and age of the man appears to be the same as that of John Pease who had resided at Salem, there is little doubt he was the same man. He was a good surveyor and a gentleman of education.

Peck, Paul. The name of Paul in the Peck family continued over 100 years—named after Deac. Paul, of Hartford, in 1639. Paul, son of Paul, a great grandson of Deac. Paul, born in 1702, Elisha in 1704, Thomas in 1709, and Cornelius in 1711. Paul Peck married Loah Morry in 1701. Samuel married Abigail Collier, daughter of Joseph, in 1701. Joseph Hopkins married Hannah Peck, daughter of Paul, in 1699. John and Paul, jr., emigrated to Litchfield after 1717.

Perry, Richard, Fairfield, with the following names are found upon the record of Fairfield, as first settlers, viz. Hon. Nathan Gold, Nathaniel Baldwin, John Tomson, George Starkey, Henry Rowland, Daniel Frost, Robert Lockwood and John Gray, as early as 1641. Fairfield had settlers as early as 1639-40. John Barlow, Samuel Drake, Tho. Sherwood, Richard Bowles, Thomas Dunn and Thomas Sherwington, also in 1650-1. There are no dates of 1650. In 1654, Edward Adams, Hon. Roger Ludlow, John Banks, Andrew Ward, Richard Lyon, Thomas Wheeler, John Nichols, Isaac Nichols, John Cable, Thomas Morehouse and Richard Osborn, (and William Hill and Robert Turney in 1654); also in 1654, Philip Pinkney, Thomas Barlow, George Goodwin, Thomas Bearsley; in 1657, Henry Lyon. Many names cannot be decyphered on the first record at Fairfield. The names of Rowland, Starkey, Sherwood, Dunn, Sherwington, Lyon, Morehouse, Turney and Pinkney were peculiarly Fairfield county names, none of which I recollect to have found among the first settlers of the old towns of Hartford, Wethersfield, or Windsor. Many of the above persons emigrated from Wethersfield, and other towns on the Connecticut river.—*S. A. Nichols.*

Pettibone, John, Windsor, married in 1664, and had a son John, born in '65, a daughter in '67, and Stephen in '69.

Peters, Thomas, at New London in 1645—probably the same Rev. Thomas who came to Saybrook with Mr. Fenwick in '39. Mr. Peters aided Uncas in many respects; he performed the duty of surgeon in dressing the wounds of his warriors after his battles with the Narragansetts. In 1645 there must have been about 50 families at New London.

Pond, Samuel, Windsor, married Sarah Ware in 1641, and had children, Isaac, Nathaniel, Sarah and Samuel.

## S.

Savage, John, sen'r., settled early at Middletown—died in 1684—left his wife, Elizabeth, and children, John, 33 years old at his father's death, Elizabeth 30, Sarah 28, Mary 27, Abigail 19, William 17, Nathaniel 14, Rachel 12, and Hannah 9. He left a large landed estate to his family. He was often called upon by the town in various stations. He appears to have settled there as his first location in the colony, and was the first of the name in the colony.

Sage, David, sen'r., Middletown—died in 1703. Children, David, John, (two of his daughters married Bull and Johnson,) also Mercy, Jonathan, Timothy—Jonathan died in 1713; David, jr. died in 1712 or '13. His mother resided at Middletown, and owned land there. He left an estate of £753. Thomas Stedman, of Wetherfield, married a daughter of David, jr. Children of David, jr., deceased, Mary and Elizabeth—he had no sons.

Strong, Rev. Nathan. His father early moved from Windsor to Woodbury, where the Rev. Nathan was born in 1716. He first learned the trade of a house joiner, but afterwards graduated at Yale College in 1742, immediately after he studied theology with the Rev. Mr. Graham, of Southbury, who preached his ordination sermon. He was ordained in Coventry in 1745, immediately after the church was formed there. He died in 1795, in the 51st year of his ministry. He married the daughter of the Rev. Mr. Meacham, and a grand daughter of the Rev. John Williams, of Deerfield, who was taken captive by the Indians. Some of the first settlers of Coventry under Mr. Strong, were, Nathaniel Kingsbury, John Fowler, Noah and Benjamin Carpenter, Joseph Long, Amos Richardson, Aaron Strong, Ebenezer Brown, John Hackings, John Crow or Crow, Timothy Ladd, Jonathan Shepard, Elijah Hammond, James Hotchkins, and others. The father of Rev. Nathan who moved to Woodbury, was the 14th child in his father's family. Rev. Nathan, of Coventry, was the father of Rev. Drs. Nathan, of Hartford, and Joseph, of Norwich. There are yet at Woodbury several families by the name of Strong, all descendants of John, of Windsor. After 1717, Eleazer and Supply Strong moved from Windsor to Litchfield. Rev. Nathan was a lineal descendant of John, of Windsor, who moved to Northampton.

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*A Catalogue of the Families who emigrated to Massachusetts, in 1659, from Connecticut.*

“At a meeting at Goodman Ward's house in Hartford, April 18, 1659, the company there met, engaged themselves, under their own hands, or by their deputies, whom they had chosen, to remove themselves and their families out of the jurisdiction of Connecticut, into the jurisdiction of Massachusetts, as may appear in a paper dated the day and year abovesaid. The names of the engagers are these :

John Webster, William Goodwin, John Crow, Nathaniel Ward, John White, John Barnard, Andrew Bacon, William Lewis, William Westwood, Richard Goodman, John Arnold, William Patrigg, Greg-

ory Wilterton, Thomas Standley, Samuel Porter, Richard Church, Ozias Goodwin, Francis Barnard, James Ensign, George Steele, John Marsh, Robert Webster, William Lewis, jr., Nathaniel Standley, Samuel Church, William Markum, Samuel Moody, Zechariah Field, Wid. Westly, Wid. Watson, Andrew Warner, Mr. John Russell, jr., Nathaniel Dickinson, Samuel Smith, Thomas Coleman, Mr. John Russel, sen'r., John Dickinson, Philip Smith, John Coleman, Thomas Wells, James Northam, Samuel Gardner, Thomas Edwards, John Hubbard, Thomas Dickinson, Robert Boltwood, Samuel Smith, jr., William Gull, Luke Hitchcock, Richard Montague, John Latimer, Peter Tilton, John Watson, Richard Billing, Benjamin Harbert, Edward Benton, John Catling, Mr. [Samuel] Hooker, Capt. Cullick, not fully engaged, Daniel Warner."

Of the 60 names on the foregoing list, about one-fourth part never removed to Hadley, and several that did remove returned to Connecticut again some years after. The names of a number that did remove are not on this list.

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#### ADVERTISEMENT.

THE three Numbers, of which this is the last, is designed to give the information to those who possess any curiosity to learn the first of the name who came into the Colony of Connecticut. When it is known who the first progenitor was, there is little difficulty in tracing their ancestry. With most men there exists an anxiety to learn something of those of the same blood who had preceded them, and had aided in building up, and were the pioneers of this great and mighty republic, which has now become one of the three most powerful governments of the world. There will be a satisfaction in recognizing our first ancestor—in learning from whence he came—where he was first located, and his condition and character in life, in this country. If he was poor and homely, so much the more are you indebted to him, for abandoning, the land of his nativity, his friends, and all that he held dear, (except his religion) to come to this gloomy wilderness, inhabited only by wild beasts and savage men, where for many years their lives were never safe even with their arms in their hands, and the sweet sleep they had enjoyed in childhood had become a stranger to their eyelids. It will not be forgotten that all these dangers were suffered for you. Since my attention has been particularly called to this subject, I have often been astonished to find so many of the intelligent inhabitants of the State so perfectly destitute of information of their genealogy; indeed, I conversed with one gentleman, of whom I enquired the name of his great grand father and where he resided—he looked at me with a sort of surprise, and remarked, "Really, Sir, I never thought I had any ancestor previous to my grand father," and was unable to even give the name or place of residence of his grand father. Thought I, a poor reward this for the hardships of his ancestor—and my informant was a gentleman of \$80,000. Nothing is required to find much of every man's ancestry, but patience, persever-

ance and industry in collecting them from the early records and papers which have been preserved for 200 years.

My object at first was to publish only a list of the names of the Puritans who came to Connecticut during the first 30 years, from 1635 to 1665, while Connecticut stood alone, before the Union of the New Haven Colony with Connecticut; but believing it would be more interesting by adding little historical scraps to names, and giving short biographical sketches of persons, I have done so with as much accuracy as possible. To those who are familiar with the labor of such a work, I need not say, that much time has been bestowed upon these three small pamphlets, as well as considerable money advanced in so imperfectly giving it to the public. Errors there will be, but when it is considered that the numerous facts here collected are drawn from the half obliterated records, imperfectly kept 200 years since, depending mostly upon the colony record, I trust that such errors will be excused until those who find them shall attempt to better the work by their own personal exertions. No towns are included in this compilation, but such as were at some time before 1665 within the jurisdiction of Connecticut. There probably at no period of time was ever as many respectable and educated men emigrated from any country, as from England, to Virginia, Massachusetts and Connecticut from 1635 to 1665—men who were neither inferior to their successors in fervent piety, patriotism, learning, or in sterling integrity. There were, it is true, many needy and avaricious adventurers who quit their country, hoping to better their condition in life; and the fate of time and accident, by the equal laws of our country, has placed the successors of some of the most wealthy of the original pioneers, in humble poverty, while the successors of the most humble emigrants are now found surrounded with every comfort and in the highest walks of life. This is the fate of idleness on the one hand, and persevering industry on the other, in most cases. Where the names of families are mentioned, they may perhaps differ from some ancient family records, as some of them are taken from town books, while others are taken from the records of Probate—the former contains all the births, while the Probate record mentions only such as were living at the decease and distribution of the estate of the head of the family. Dates in the ancient records of the colony are difficult to procure with accuracy, as wills often are without date, as are inventories of estates. Not only so, some may be misled in supposing dates incorrect, from the fact, that the first settlers commenced the year on the 25th day of March, instead of the first day of January, and the records for many years are so dated, and time thus divided.

Only 500 copies have been printed in this edition. The language used in describing the facts attached to names, is usually the language, if not the words of the record.

**RD 1.80.**

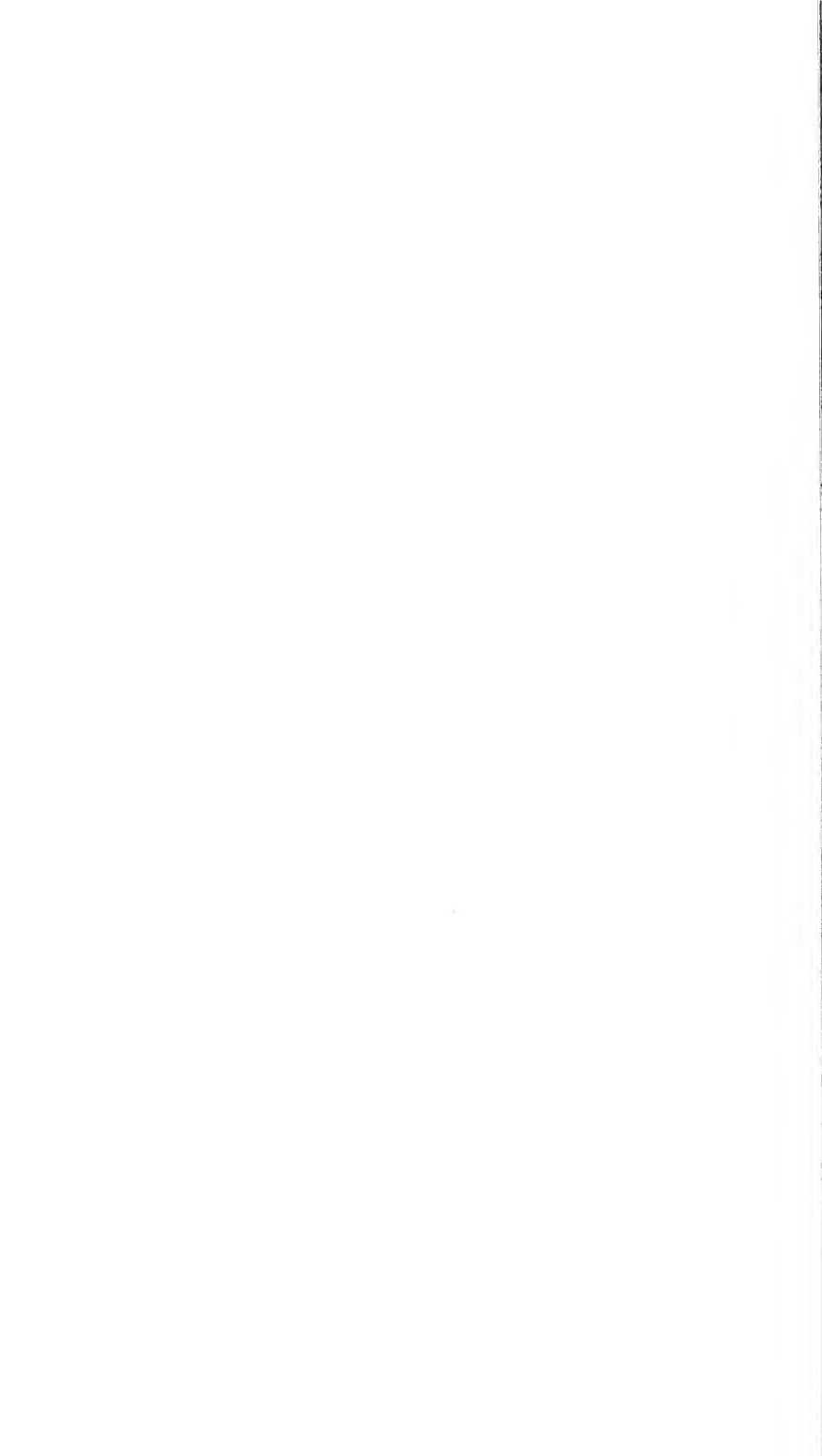
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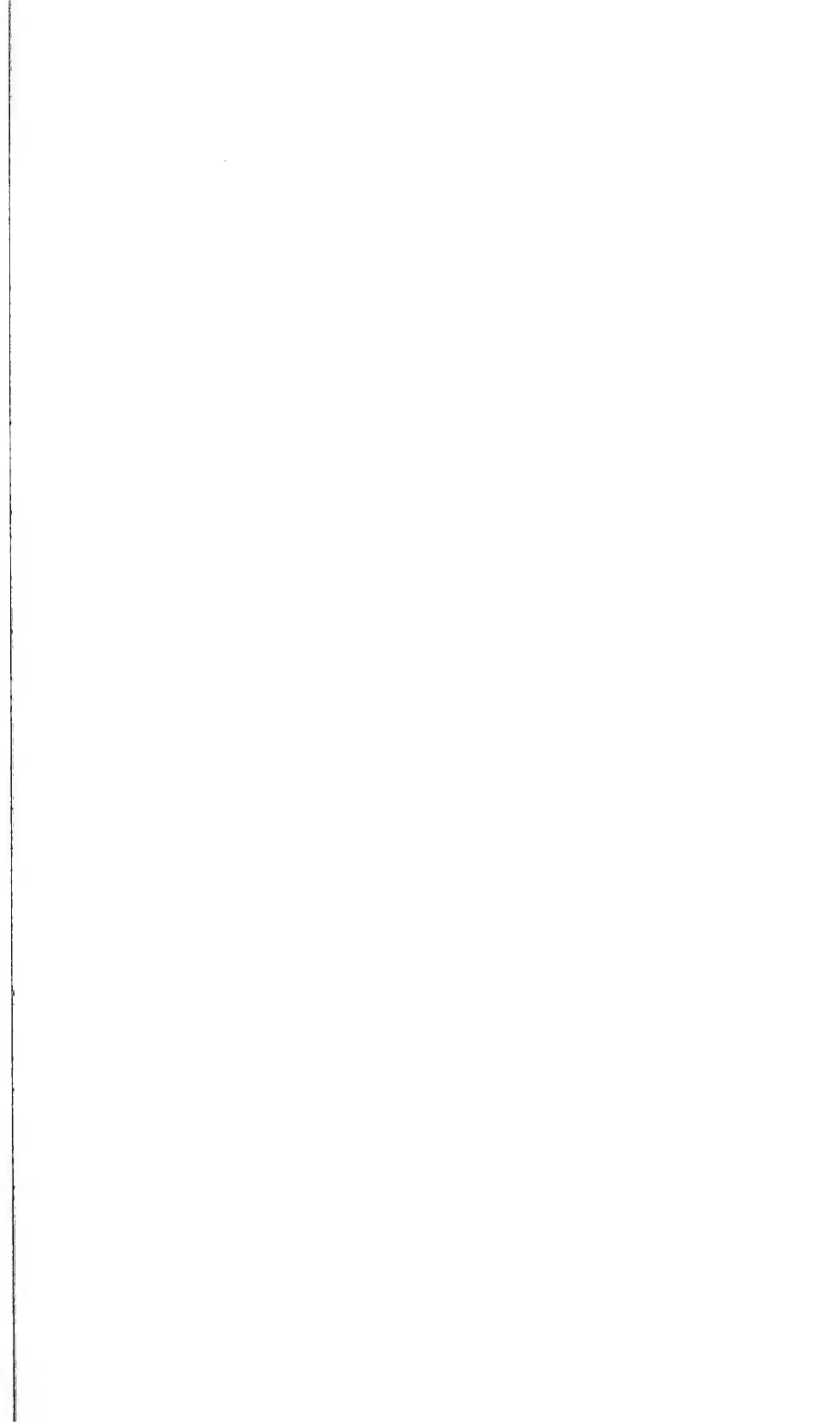
For "Hon. Henry Wolcott, the first of Windsor," on page 108, 12th line from bottom, read Gov'rs. Winthrop, Welles and Webster.

On page 94; the 5th line from bottom, read Doct. Charles P., instead of H. Welles.

The Errata for the Three Numbers will be published in the next Number.











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