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CHRISTIAN JOURNAL;

OR,

COMMON INCIDENTS, SPIRITUAL INSTRUCTORS.

BEING A
SERIES OF MEDITATIONS

ON A

SPRING, SUMMER, HARVEST, WINTER, AND SABBATH-DAY.

By JOHN BROWN,

LATE MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL AT HADDINGTON.

THE EIGHTH EDITION.

Ask now the heasts, and they shall teach thee; and the forwls of the air, and they shall tell thee; or speak to the earth, and it shall teach thee; and the fishes of the sea shall declare unto thee.

Job xii. 7, 8

The ear that is always attentive to God, never hears a voice that speaks not of him; the soul, whose eye is intent on him, never sees an atom wherein she doth not discern her best beloved.

CADEA.

Let us begin with God; all things are full of God.

HESIOD.

Some angel guide my pencil, while I draw What nothing less than angel can exceed; A man on earth devoted to the skies; He sees with other eyes than ours; where we Discern a son, he spies a Deity: What makes another smile, makes him adore.

Young.

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PREFACE.

TO be fpiritually minded,—to be habitually difposed, with pleasure and attention, to think of, and defire after spiritual objects, is life and peace. It implies an interest in the life-giving covenant of peace, which cannot be broken; a purification of conscience with Jesus' quieting blood; and an inward possession of his quickening and peaceful Spirit. promotes habitual ferenity and meekness: it rendereth us active and lively in the service of God: By it we live as angels on earth, and are fitted to join them in heaven: by it we improve the whole universe as the temple of a present Godhead. In our deepest plunges of trouble and want, we converse, we walk with the "high and lofty One who inhabiteth eternity, and dwells in the high and holy place." Every visible object commenceth preacher, concerning things which do not appear: in every creature we discern a Maker, a Saviour's perfections; we hear his voice. that our foul may live.-Detesting the romantic, the too fashionable amusement of folly, of lewdness, and blasphemy, we recreate ourselves with contemplations, which neither defile for the present, nor fling for the future; and "have our converfation in heaven from whence we look for the Saviour."

To promote this happy attainment, this delightful temper of mind, is the facred page crowded with emblems; to promote this is the defign of the following attempt.——Let not the natural incidents,

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be accounted too mean for the superstructure. not all things mean? nay, equally mean if compared with the Most High? But if he made them, if he preferve and manage them for his own glory; is it below us, the offspring of dust, to improve them to his honour, and our eternal advantage? Doth not the divine Spirit, in his invaluable oracles, conftitute the puny ant, the lazy cur, the wallowing fow, the troubled fea, with its mire and dirt, our spiritual instructors? Doth not Jesus, the wisdom of God, draw his instructive, his inestimable parables, from sparrows, fishes, nets, bottles, grains of mustard-feed, dough, and other common objects? Why may not we, though at infinite distance, follow his blessed example; and, with the skilful chymist, extract a precious spirit from things outwardly base and contemptible?

To exhibit in every journal, not the exercise of a single day, but a particular form of the Christian life; and to adapt the still to the traveller's varying frame, hath been attempted. To have quoted every, even facred authority, would have crowded the margin: a thousand inspired phrases are therefore solely marked in *Italic*: a thousand more left to the mere observal of the attentive reader, well instructed in the oracles of Christ.

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CHRISTIAN JOURNAL

OF A

SPRING-DAY.

" Now I am half awakened; but feel a strong in-" clination to fleep." Alas! my fluggish foul; how long wilt thou fleep in thy fins? How often hath God roused my conscience by sharp trouble, stinging conviction, and alarming terrors of his law? How often hath he half awakened my affections by the pleasant gales of his spiritual influence? but have not my floth, my stupidity, stifled and checked those impressions? Have not I, times without number, cried out, "Lord, have PATIENCE with me, and I will pay thee all; yet a little fleep, a little flumber, a little folding of the hands to fleep!" How long have I " staid in the place of the breaking forth of children?" How often have I, like Zarah, put forth my hand toward a spiritual birth, and then drawn it back? What numerous convictions have I stifled by childish pastimes, carnal business, prefumptuous finning, or by legal prayers, vows, and attempts towards duty? How often have passing concern for eternal falvation, inward ravishment in prayer, in reading or hearing God's word*, and fearful returns to wallow in finful practices, alternately prevailed with me!

" Again fallen asleep, I have dreamed the most " unfubstantial and incoherent fancies." Nay, alas! my life, my religion, my hopes of heaven, are but an empty dream! Quickly shall this world, which I make my portion, my ALL, be as a dream which passeth away; and these eternal things, which I have reckoned unfubstantial dreams, become fad earnest. "One calls me to arife." Ah! how often; how loudly hath God called to my foul, "What meanest thou, O sleeper? arise and call upon thy God: it may be he will think upon the that thou perish not. It is high time for thee to awake out of sleep. for now is thy damnation or falvation nearer," much nearer than at thy birth. "Now is the accepted time; now is the day of falvation. To-day if thou wilt hear his voice, harden not thy heart; boast not of to-morrow; for thou knowest not what a day may bring forth."

"My strength is not yet fully recovered; since "my late fever, I find my body is never so fresh and "vigorous as once it was." And feel I not the weakness of my soul, that she is no way recovered from the sinful, the dangerous fever, which I contracted in my mother's belly? More than twelve years have I lien in the fever of outrageous lust and slaming enmity against the Most High? even now, that quintessence of hell reigns and rageth within me. Lord, was not I in baptism early,——deeply,

^{*} Isa. lviii. 2. Matth. xiii. 20.

fworn to be wholly and only thine? Hast thou not all my life loaded me with thy benefits? And do I thus foolishly, thus wickedly requite thee, with treachery and hatred for thy love? Of thy mercy, my late dangerous fickness was not unto death: and if it had, where had my foul now dwelt? Certainly " with devouring fire,-with everlafting burnings." But what am I better of either trouble or deliverance? Have not I been bleffed and chaftifed, imitten and smiled upon, by providence; and yet still an outrageous enemy to God, a flagrant rebel still? Have not I hardened myfelf, both by mercies and judgments; made] my heart, my " face harder than a rock, and refused to return?" What dross have I gathered even in the hot furnace of my late affliction! What a precious feafon of grace, a concurrent time of youth, trouble, and of the striving of God's Spirit, have I irrecoverably loft!

"The clock strikes sive." It is the knell of my departed hours; it informs me that sixty more minutes of my time are departed from me; gone to the judgment-seat of God, to bear witness against my sloth and wickedness: Alas! how many millions had before posted thither, on the same errand? Now my time is shorter; and yet my work of preparation for eternity is, by my countless crimes, larger than ever. "Though the slumbers of the night have stopt my hearing of the hours, yet neither the clock, nor time, her foundation, have a moment retarded their course." Are there no midnight slumbers of time? Alas! in this state, whether I slept, or waked, now of a long time my judgment lingereth not, and my

damnation flumbereth not *. "Hark, the morning "bell rings, to rouse mortals from their lazy couch." Presage this, to me, of the mighty angel's uttering his awful voice, and swearing "that time shall be no longer:" memorial to me of the great archangel's summoning me up from the grave, to receive the just sentence of my eternal damnation. Make it, my soul, a present alarm, to cause me hasten to escape for my life; and tarry no where in the plain of a natural state, lest I be consumed. Oh that I knew what to do to be saved!

" Now I have got up from my bed; hard and un-" eafy have I lien on it." Is this a prelude of an uneasy, an eternal bed of flaming fire in hell for me; who, instead of lying with Jesus, in his bed of everlafting love, on his green bed of the well-ordered, ever-pleafant, and flourishing new covenant, have all my life lien in the arms of a fiery law, and a deceiving devil+? How unwillingly doth this polluted, this natural bed, fo long bear her corrupt burdenan enemy to God! How often would she have gladly cleft in twain, to drop me quick into infernal flames! How aftonishing, that the patience of an abused, an angry God, should so long bear with me! "Now the foles of my feet, and no more, stand upon "or touch the ground." But, woes me, the earth, the world, fills my heart and is fixed in it; there it is touched, loved, chosen, and delighted in, as my God and portion t. The Spirit of life from God neverentered into me, to make me stand on my feet ready to walk in his way; never made me stand on

^{* 2} Pet ii. 3. + Song i. 15. and iii. 7, 8. ‡ 1 John v. 19.

Jesus' righteousness, that fea of glass mingled with five, before the throne of God.

" My clothes are put on, and the nakedness of my " body is covered." But the filthy nakedness of my foul still appears: never did I put on the Lord Jefus for righteousness and strength; never did I put on the new man of a holy nature; never was I clothed with bumility, but am wrapt in filthy rags of felf-righteoufness, abominable corruptions, and fearful curses. Who knows how foon I may be dragged out of life; dragged from the grave to the judgment-feat of Christ in this condition; and driven from his bar clothed with fhame, confusion, and curses; to be set up an everlafting spectacle of wickedness and wo, to angels and men! Oh! it is heartless work to adorn a dunghill body, and deck it for eternal fire! Clothes, you monuments of my fin, had I never transgressed against God, I had never needed, never worn you: memorials of my meanness, what are you, but the offspring of the dunghill, the old castings of the flock or the excrements of the filk worm? Why then should I be proud of you? Why adore you, as my God! Why make you my great care and honour? How often, within these twelve years, have I changed my clothes? but never my fins, my curfed evil heart of unbelief!

"Now I have read a portion of God's word, and "faid my prayers." Alas! I have but SAID, not from the heart poured forth, my prayer: and fince "I regard iniquity in my heart, the Lord will not hear me: my facrifice is an abomination to him;" how much more when I bring it with this wicked

heart? I have fet up the stumbling block of beloved lusts in my heart and of monstrous deeds in my life; therefore shall the Lord wrathfully answer me by himfelf. I wash myself. Unhappy hands and head; to little purpose, and with small pleasure, do I wash you for unceasing wo, for endless fire; while my inward parts remain filled with all unrighteousness, uncleanness, pride, deceit, debate, malignity, hatred of God, and every other abominable lust! Corrupt heart, wilt thou not be clean? when shall it once be? How long, by attemps to self-righteousness, shall I wash myself into deeper stains, greater filth! I can neither perform self-righteousness, nor see from it. Oh! Jesus, canst thou not wash me in thy blood, that cleanseth from all sin!

" My mirror, thou showest me a youthful counte-" nance, sparkling eyes, and rosy cheeks." But beauty is vain: quickly shall these eye-holes be the beaten path of noisome vermine: quickly shall the loath some worm crawl, lodge, and feed upon these lovely cheeks: then shall " my comeliness be turned into corruption."-Unhappy face! how have I efteemed and looked at thee more than at JEHOVAH's countenance, and the brightness of his glory;and, as my reward, must the abominable insect, the flames of Tophet, and the inward anguish of my soul hereafter deform thee? " My countenance falls." No wonder: I am condemned to have my everlasting portion with the devil and his angels; "He that believeth not, is condemned already; and the wrath of God abideth on him." Already I feel myfelf in the case of Cain; the Lord hath no respect to me;

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or to mine offspring: already I am under his curse, driven out from the presence of the Lord, " How " often have I examined the skin of my face, and " adjusted my hair and mine apparel, in this glass." But have I never examined the ftate and frame of my heart, and the course of my life, and adjusted these by the mirror of the divine word; the holy law of the most high God! If I had, ah! what an awful and abominable appearance should I make to myself? -Alas! I never beheld the glory of the Lord Jefus, in the gospel glass, to be changed into the same image, from glory to glory, as by the Spirit of the Lord." Ah! how death and hell will bring down my welldreffed head, and stain all my raiment. " This medicinal juice of herbs I drink for my health, how bitter, but useful!" Happy they, who drink the bitterest convictions, the bitterest cups of tribulation, for the healing of their foul! But woes me, I never drank the healing juice of the Plant of Renown, to make me whole unto salvation.—If I remain in this curfed, this Christless state, what avails it, whether my body die or live? The fooner I go to hell I shall go with the less guilt; and the more quickly know the extent of my future mifery: If my days are lengthened, I but ripen myself for deeper damnation. -Alas! " is mine iniquity greater than it can be forgiven?" Doth my unparalleled guilt confine the choice of God!--of INFINITE LOVE, to wrath alone? Better I had never been born; or had been formed a toad, or a ferpent; that I might have been huddled up in everlasting forgetfulness. But I have been made for the day of evil. Ah !- Stop, my racked, my grieved foul; righteous is the Lord, and righteous are his judgments, though this moment I should descend to the pit.——Oh! may not I, with the forcerer, " pray God, if PERHAPS the thoughts of my heart may be forgiven me? IT MAY BE the Lord will be gracious."

"I fit down to breakfast." Surprising, that God gives me a crumb of bread to eat, or a drop of water to quench my thirst! But alas! though it is a blessing in itself, it is cursed already, because I lay not to heart the one thing needful: my provision is but the food of the condemned; it fattens me for the slaughter of eternal wrath. How often, how plentifully, have I nourished my body, but never, never tasted of the bread which came down from heaven? Is not this to live as a beast; a devil?

"Now the worship of our family hath been esfayed." But how can they prosper, how can their prayers be heard, while such an Achan, a Beelzebub, is among them? Alas! I am an offence to God, a curse, a plague to all around me!

"Without staff, or horse, I depart from this. "house." Oh house! so often polluted with my filth! so often witness to my guilt! how gladly wouldst thou crush me in my ruins, and cast me forthinto damnation! Oh earth, so often defiled under me, how gladly wouldst thou be delivered from the bondage of corruption, and eased of thy sinful load! Infernal lake, how art thou moved to meet me at my coming! Already, with horror methinks I hear the damned angels welcoming my soul, and in cruel derision asking me, "Art thou also become like one

of us? art thou become wretched as we?" Is this the fruit of all the instructive pains taken for thee by men? Is this the effect of all the favours of God? of all the offers of Christ? of all the strivings of his Spirit with thee?—Wretch that I am, I never made the Lord my refuge, the most High my habitation! While I rush forward into eternity, no staff, no rod of God, is to comfort me: not one sentence of inspiration dare I claim, as the ground of my hope of eternal life. These twelve years have I run with sootmen, and contended with horses, in posting towards everlasting ruin.

"Now that I look out to the open world," every thing obvious flasheth confusion and terror into my conscience: every creature seems ready to appear before God, as a witness against me. . " How wholefome and pleasant is the morning!" What a loss for health do those fustain, who lie slumbering on their beds! Thrice more awful loss hath my foul fustained, by fleeping away the morning of life in Satan's bosom, amidst stupidity and unconcern! Oh dreadful! to live twelve years without God, without Christ, and without hope in the world! How impossible to recover these countless moments, so vilely cast away in the service of sin! Of what precious experiences of fellowship with God have I lost the feafon! What opportunities of ferving God have I wasted! Cursed pastimes, which detained and drew me from prayer, from reading of God's word! Never hath Jesus, "the day-spring from on high, visited" my foul with his enlightening, his refreshing, his heart-captivating influence.: but how shocks

ing a visit do I expect from him in the morning of the last day!

"How pleafantly the dew falls!" Lord Jefus, canft thou not be as the dew to my foul! canft thou not make me one of thy young converts, who are like "the dew from the womb of the morning!" Curfed unbelief, how haft thou refifted the power of this divine promife? and robbed Jefus of the hostour of accomplishing it! "Here the worms creep "out of the earth, to acknowledge their debt to him that waters it, and to sip this early dew." When, my foul, wilt thou creep forth from thine earthlines and carnality, to thank the divine Father of the dew, for all his kindness towards thee? When wilt thou defire and feed on Jefus, who is as the dew of Ifrael, and refresh thyself with the influences of his grace?

Lord, how long shall I desire, shall I sip up every thing but thyself? how long shall I remain more brutish than the basest insects! "Heedlessly I have trodden out the bowels of one of these innocents." Rather think, my soul, Jehrovah became a worm and no man, that he might purchase and offer an everlasting salvation to me, his enemy; yet, through wretched carelessness, have I, times without number, trampled him under my feet, trodden on the bowels of his infinite compassion. What guilt! what unparalleled guilt is this! "Yonder creeps the slow-" paced snail, with her shell, her prison on her back: how sweetly she feeds on the moistened product of the earth!" Far, far slower is the motion of my soul towards God: in twelve years I am not a hair-

breadth nearer him; nay, mine evil heart of unbelief makes me daily depart from him.—Not so much with the prison of a frail body, as with the entangling load, the unsupportable burden of iniquity, and law curses, am I retarded, or rather stopped from every good motion. Oh! could I, under this awful pressure, creep towards Jesus Christ, for refreshment and relief!

"Yonder, in this early hour, the mole casts up w the earth: it is in purfuit of a poor worm, which " yonder bird awaits to devour as foon as it appears " on the furface." Ah! what a bustle hath my foul made, for that which is more infignificant than a worm? and how often, like this worm, am I purfued on the one hand and waited for on the other? From below, Satan haunts for my precious life; from about, the world waits to devour me: from within, unnatural lusts promote my ruin; from above, God is angry with me every day, he watcheth for the evil to bring it upon-me, and is ready to "tear me in pieces, while there is no deliverer;" from below, hell is moved to meet me at my coming; and from above, the heavens wait to reveal mine iniquity, and pour destructive vengeance on mine head. "Whither shall I see for help? and where shall I leave my glory ?"

"Yonder fow returns to her wallowing in the "mire." And when I was in a fair way to "efcape the pollutions of this world, through the knowledge of Jefus Christ," how often have I returned to the vile courfes, which once occasioned deep remorfe to my confeience? "How this standing pool swarms

"with the vernal fry of toads, frogs, and like abo-"minable beafts!" How like my heart! It is "of old, as a standing pool of water," never hath it been emptied from veffel to veffel."—Some early outward prosperity I have enjoyed; and it swarms with lusts and their offspring, which Satan hath engendered in my bowels. Oh unclean thing that I am ! fpring-tides of youth and gospel-opportunities have but increased and nourished my abominations, and the fpawn of hell within me! "Yonder crawls the high fwollen toad; her ugly afpect I cannot behold." If I cannot behold her, as the came from her Maker's glorious hand; how shall JEHOVAH look on me. ten thousand times more loathsome in his sight, how full of abomination, and yet swollen big with felf-conceit! Vain heart, flattering friends, why puff me up with the poison of pride? "The proud the Lord knoweth afar off."

"Here comes the dull, the lazy ass." O that condescending Son of God, who came, "meek and lowly, having salvation, riding on an ass, a cost the foal of an ass:" O my astonishing stupidity and dulness! "the ox knoweth his owner, and the ass his master's crib;" but I do not know; I do not consider; I think not "whose I am, nor whom I serve," nor where I may rest and feed; nor can I, a wild ass, drink my fill of the spiritual life, the living waters which run among the hills of divine ordinances.

"HERE pass me numerous loads of coal: already, perhaps, they provide for the winter cold: how perhaps fome drive home the fuel which shall consume their dwelling, and burn their sless."

But, what have I laid up for death and eternity? Nothing but fuel of curses and corruption, to consume me for ever in hell. "How is the way broken with the wheels of carriages?" Rather think, my foul how the Almighty is pressed under me! how he is " broken with my whorish heart," and sinful life! how he is abused by millions every day! by millions whom he formed, preserves, and feeds! O his stupendous patience " and long fuffering towards even vessels of wrath fitted for destruction!" " Here the " weary beaft falls under his load: his body is weak, " his back galled, his way bad, his burden heavy? " yet how cruelly the driver lasheth him, because he " cannot arite!" Behold a picture of myself! how am I fallen by mine iniquity! devoid of strength to perform what is good! how often galled with conviction and trouble! how laden with guilt and corruption! how lashed by Satan and my lusts into finful courses! how lashed by conscience, because I am unwilling and unable to-obey the law! how quickly shall devils drive me, under mountainous weights of guilt, where " I shall be tormented for ever and ever !"

"fire." No smoky pillars of love to a Saviour appear in my life*, but sinful practices testify, that the fire of corrupt lusts rageth and burns within me! and that the fire of eternal wrath is kindling, and prepared for me +. "One of this family hath been burnt with the house." How easily can God

Song iii. 6. † Is. xxx. 33.

make our created comforts our croffes, our torments! When my heart is inflamed with the hatred of God, how dangerous is my case! who knows, how soon I may awaken in everlasting fire! how soon death may burn me out of this world! Now quickly, a-midst raging slames, I may rise from the grave to enter into everlasting burnings? Lord Jesus, if it be possible, pluck me as a brand out of the burning, and quench me in thy blood.

" Here is a shambles; congealed, abused blood " lieth every where." What is my life, but a "field of blood? destruction and misery are in all my ways"-What, but a field of blood, is my whole attendance on religious duties? what have I done, but murdered the Son of God, and trampled his blood under my feet? What terrors seize my heart!-Can fuch crimfon crimes be forgiven? " The tender " lamb is stretched for the slaughter; yet opens not " his mouth." With what thoughtless unconcern doth my foul lie bound with cords of wickedness, ready for the killing stroke of divine wrath!-Without gainfaying, Jefus, the Lamb of God, fubmitted to all the bands of guilt, all the stabs of infinite indignation: " he was led as a lamb to the flaughter," to fave me; and yet, more than any, have I despised and rejected him : he was " despised and rejected of men, and I esteemed him not." " Hark how yonder flaughtered bullock roars!" Smitten with the stroke, pierced to the heart with the sword of his father's justice, how did Jesus, the fatted calf, pour forth strong cries and tears to him that was able to fave from death! " My God, my God; why hast thou for faken me? why art thou so far from the words of my ROARING?" If I die without him, how must I for ever roar in hell?—Lord, give me Christ, or else I die.

- "Now the author shaves the neck of yonder sow that he may give her the killing stab." So Satan tickles and flatters my soul, that he may murder her; and hurry me into the fecond death; into endless damnation.
- "Here enters one, I fuspect, with stolen or smuggled goods." Still the eye of the adulterer, and of
 the thief waits for the twilight; they are in the terrors of death, if morning overtake, or men know
 them: but doth not the Lord know? doth not the
 God of Jacob consider? What avails it, that my sins
 are mostly hid from men? the Lord is entirely acquainted-with all my ways: what am I before him, so
 much am I, and no more.
- "Yonder stands a whited, a painted fepulchre, "outwardly beautiful, but inwardly filled with rot"tenness and dead men's bones." Ah whited wall, painted hypocrite, that I am! with some outward shadows of early piety, but inwardly swarming with devils and filthy lusts. Was ever heart so vile! so dead! so rotten, as mine!—"Lord, if thou wilt, thou canst make me clean."
- "How crooked is this path!" And, how have I gadded about to change the way of my life! and whither do all the turns of my practice lead me, but to the lake which burns with fire and brimftone!—"Them that turn aside to crooked ways,

shall the Lord lead forth with the workers of iniquity."

"Yonder burns the old, the withered, moory heath, that fresh pasture may spring for the flocks." To make way for the new heaver and the new earth, at Jesus' second coming, shall the "elements melt with fervent heat, and the earth and the works therein be burnt up." Thrice awful conflagration for me! When I, with multitudes, who, like old " heath in the defert, know not when good cometh; who hath been unprofitable, and unto every good work reprobate," shall flee from the kindled world; and. the flaming pit shall receive us; " there shall be weeping and wailing, and gnashing of teeth."-But was not the bleffed Jefus burnt with his Father's wrath, that fweet nourishment might spring up in him for his choien flock?—Cannot he give me the " fpirit of judgment, and the fpirit of burning," to confume my old lufts, that a new growth of grace may fpring up in their stead? But why should I thus still flatter God, and lie unto him with my false tongue? An awakened conscience, and raised affections, indite good words; but my heart is not right with him: my tafting of his good word, and of the powers of the world to come; my being enlightened, and receiving the word with joy; my delight in approaching to God; my requests for the destruction of fin, are attended with the superlative love of it*. Self-love is the fource of all with me. I supplicate for grace, just because I cannot be faved

^{*} Is. lviii. 2. Matth. xiii. 20, 22. Heb. yi. 4, 5.

without it; I beg deliverance from fin, just because it disquiets my conscience, and condemns me to e- . ternal fire. Woes me! If I restrain prayer, my conscience rageth, and affures me of damnation; if I perform in I " compais God about with lies and deceit." My religious exercise, if THUS continued in, will break out into a viper; should I now fall away from it, it will be impossible to renew me again to repentance. Lord to what a fearful crisis is my foul brought? Oh make haste to help me! O God make no tarrying? " Probably fome com-" passionate moor-fowl sits amidst the fire, protect-" ing her young, till herfelf be confumed." So my heart cleaveth to my lusts, her accurfed brood, that though the fiery law, entering my conscience, threatens me with certain ruin on their account, yet I cannot, I will not leave them, nor forfake them .-Mine end is therefore to be burned; -with them to Suffer the vengeance of eternal fire .- But did not Jesus, like her, for the protection and fafety of his chosen feed, fuffer the flames of his Father's wrath?-O were I the meanest of their number, to wash the feet of his fervants! Lord Jefus, hide me under the shadow of thy wings; cover me with the feathers of thy almighty love: let thy faithful promise be my shield and buckler; spread the skirt of thy bleeding righteousness over me, for thou art a near kinsman .- Was it not for Inful men alone thy blood was shed? Is it not finful mes alone, whom thy falvation, thy gospel, suits? Is it not to their eternal life, that grace must for ever reign through righteousness? Is it not sinful men alone, whom the Father fent thee to fave? Is it not finful B 3

men alone, whose salvation is thy meat and drink?

—Why then not save me? am not I finful to a wonder? am I not the chief of finners? Can ever any have a suller, a clearer warrant to claim the salvation,—the goodness prepared for finful pen?—Thrice marvellous! that the greatness of my in should prove my sull right to apply the Saviour!—What if I am appointed to wrath? what if my inability to believe proceed hence? No; it proceeds from my own wickedness.

" Here the potter makes out of the same lump vessels to honour and others to dishonour." Never fret, my accurfed heart, at the predeftining purpose of God; hath not God power to make of the same human nature, some vessels prepared to glory, and others fitted for destruction? The deepest ruin in hell is my due reward: if I receive it, God can do me no wrong: if he bestow undeserved happiness on others, do I well to be angry? Is mine eye evil, because his is good? may not a fovereign God distribute his favours as he pleafeth ?-But degrees apart; fecret things belong unto the Lord .- Oh! Jefus, cannot thy mercy make an uncommon stretch to fave me? If I am the greatest sinner that ever breathed, O let not mercy flip the opportunity of erecting an unparelleled monument of her power in ME? Mercy, Lord, is all I want: mercy is all that I crave: What profit is in my blood, though I should go down to the pit?

"Doubtless the sun is risen, though unseen thy me." And if the gospel of Christ, the sun of Righte-ousness, " be hid, it is hid to them that are lost; in whom the god of this world hath blinded the minds

of them who believe not, left the light of the glorious gospel should shine into their hearts."—Alas! am I still one of these who believe not? a mad resuser of the great salvation? a wicked rejecter of the divine Saviour? a saidless discreditor of the gospel report concerning Jesus, that in him there is eternal life for sinful men, and even for ME, the worst? a vile blashemer, who have, times without number, made the God of truth a liar? an outrageous and malicious enemy of the God of love? a murderous trampler on, and crucifier of the Son of God; a despiteful quencher, and resister of the Spirit of Grace.—Be astonished, you heavens! Were ever fins like mine?

" Now at last the sun appears: how beautiful " and charming his afpect! how enlightening, quick-" ening, refreshful, and fructifying his influence!" Thrice more glorious Sun of Righteousness; now I see thee clearly in the promise of the gospel! " It pleased God to reveal his Son in me." O what a fight! a Saviour dreffed in divinity and blood! a light enough to melt a rock, and make a heart of iron move! Bleffed Jesus, how transcendently fweet to behold thee I assume my guilt, and take my chains: to fee thee, "who knew no fin, made fin" for me, that I, who knew nothing but fin, " might be made the righteousness of God" in thee! to behold thee, "God bleffed for ever, made " a curfe" for me, " that the bleffing of Abraham "might come" on curfed me! to fee thee rifing again, ascending up on high, to " receive gifts for men, even for the rebellious, that God the Lord might dwell among them !" to behold thee, " ex-

alted to be a prince and Saviour, to give repentance and remiffion of fins! fent to bless us, in turning every one of us from our iniquities !" given of God " for a covenant to the people, a light to lighten the Gentiles, and the falvation of God to all the ends of the earth!" How fweet to behold thee, made of God to ME "wisdom, righteousness, sanctification, and redemption!"—How my heart melts to hear thy powerful voice! "My fon, give me thine heart. Open to me, my love, my dove, my undefiled; for my head is filled with the dew, and my locks with the drops of the night. I will betroth thee unto me for ever; yea, I will betroth thee unto me in righteousness and in judgment, and in loving kindness, and in tender mercies. will even betroth thee unto me in faithfulness, and thou shalt know the Lord."-Amen, Lord; amen so be it.-Was ever rebellious sinner so courted, in fighs, in groans, in blood, of an expiring God? Did ever pity thus stoop, to gain the heart of fuch a devil?—How my foul is melted! how it yields to thine almighty love! how much fweeter thy promises, than honey to my taste! Oh! how they fink to the very centre of my heart! CONTENT, a thousand times content, to be an everlasting miracle of thy redeeming grace; content, that God, in faving me, " show forth, to the ages to come, what is the exceeding riches of his grace," and virtue of his righteousness. Bleffed, O Jesus, be thy name, that thou never faidst, Give me a sincere, a pure, a holy, humble heart; but requireft me to give it as it is! I am ashamed, confounded and affrighted at

the view of my heart; but at thy call, fuch as it is, I give it thee; "a mystery, Babylon the great, the mother of harlots, and abominations in the earth; a habitation of devils, and cage of every unclean and hateful luft." Lord, accept the monstrous present; wash in thy blood, and transform into thine image, a heart " deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked .- But will God indeed dwell" in it, and make it a fit habitation for himself through the Spirit? -Aftonithing condescension! stupendous love! but let his "will be done on earth, as it is in heaven." My very heart and flesh cry out, " Come in, thou blessed of the Lord, why standest thou without?"-How fweetly a fiery law, dreadful justice, a guilty conscience, an accusing devil, at once, are all filenced by one draught of bleeding love! Love-touched, captivated, all-awed, all-ecftafied, all loft in trembling wonder! I meet my dread, my dear Bridegroom; my life, my lover, my fweetness, and my ALL. O wonder! wonder! an efpoufing God, and I the worthless bride! Be wholly his, that heart, that foul, that life, his blood, his pity faved.

"How quickly doth gazing on this natural fun dazzle mine eyes! how it renders fublunary things to me without form or comelines!" Sweet Jesus, how base, worthless, and deformed, this passing blink of thy glory renders all things besides thee!—You world, what loss and dung do thy honours, profits, and pleasures, now seem to my foul! all on earth is shadow; all beyond, all my Christ, is substance.—Too long I clasped created phantoms, and I found them air.—Oh, had I weighed them, ere

my fond embrace! what darts of agony had miffed my heart! O' fin, felf, felf-righteonfness, once darlings of my foul, how lothfome, vile, and abominable you now appear! "Whom have I in heaven but Christ? there is none upon earth that I desire befides him."-What am I, that " he loved me, and gave himself for me !---Stop here: admire Jeho-VAH's kindness! Let me solemnly embrace the promifes; the whole of the new covenant, as all my falvation, and all my defire." Let me pour out my heart into my Redeemer's bosom, and surrender all my powers, all my passions, all my enjoyments, all my gifts and endowments to him: " My beloved is mine, and I am his." Bear witness, ye furrounding fields, ye warbling birds, ye listening angels, ye sa-CRED THREE, that my Christ " is mine, and I am his," henceforth and for ever: my " Maker is my huband, the Lord of Hosts is his name; the God of the whole earth shall he be called. The Lord Jeho-VAH is my strength and fong, and he also is become my falvation."

"Here men go forth to their labour; and the cattle are driven from the stall to the plough."—Now my soul hath been seasted as a calf "in the stall;" let me go forth to my "labour until the evening" of death: let my light so shine "before men that they seeing my good works, may glorify my Father which is in heaven." Truly, O Jesus, "I am thy servant, I am thy servant, thou hast loosed my bonds." May I henceforth know my owner, hear his voice, take up my cross, and follow him.

"Yonder runs a madman! ah! how he hath

" cut and mangled his flesh! perhaps he can nei-"ther be tamed nor bound: perhaps he hath been often chained and fettered, but has broken through "all.—Let me escape out of his way." What a mercy is the exercise of reason! how mad, how wicked, vilely to proftitute it, to oppose its Maker, and ferve our finful lusts! How often, ye children of men, do you thus abuse it! Till now, what a madman was I! what a destroyer of my wretched felf! how, by every thing, Christ crucified, and his falvation, not excepted, did I cut, wound, and man-gle my immortal foul! how untameable and unreftrainable! how often bound by the laws and fear of men; by folemn vows; by awful commands; by piercing convictions; by ravishing influence; by galling afflictions from God! But all were broken through, as threads of tow, till Jefus brought me to myself, bound and drew me with cords of love, and caused me to sit down at his feet clothed and in my right mind.

"Here a horse gallops off with his rider." How impetuously have my mighty lusts, to the endangering of my life, carried me whithersoever they pleafed! Into how much concupiscence, how many vile abominations, have they violently hurried me! Deeply convinced, that their end would be death, I neither could, nor would, restrain them.—To vanquish felf, how divine; how laborious an art! nor can we feel a more dangerous plague, than reigning passions, and a subject mind.

"Yonder feed a flock of geefe; a covey of ducks." Let me never refemble the first, in being

heady and high-minded; nor the last, in speaking much and doing little; in walking slow.—Christ doth not ask what I fay, but what I do more than others? "Into what odd shapes do these angry turkeys figure "themselves!" Into what strange shapes do men of violent passions often form themselves! What enraged furies do they appear!—My soul, into what outrageous enmity against God have thy passions often transported thee! how often hast thou madly justified thy being angry with his word, his truth, his ordinances, his providence! how often, like a fury, have I belched forth angry words! how often have I been concerned in angry contests!

. " In yonder field what number of cattle is yoked, " how harmoniously they walk, and draw in yonder " ploughs!" So let Jesus' law and gospel concur, in breaking up and fostening the fallow-ground of my heart: fo, let my inward powers concur with his influence; so let me, with all faints, diligently draw in the pleasant, easy, and love-lined yoke of his law, which is hely just and good. " How the plough opens this hard earth! tears up the roots of the weeds!" So, Lord Jefus, while I live, may the mighty convictions of thy word, the powerful operations of thy grace, open and break my hard and stony heart. So, may they cut up the deep-rooted lufts and corruptions within me. " How hard to plough this " ridge on the way fide, which for many years hath been trodden upon as a common path!" Ah! how long have Satan and my lufts, made my foul an highway, a trodden path for " evil thoughts, murders, adulteries, fornications, thefts, false witness, blasphe-

mies!-what a stretch hath omnipotent grace made to fave me! " Here the plough starts; it refuseth; it " cannot enter the rock." But bless the Lord, O my foul and all that is within me, Jesus can plough, can melt, the flinty rock, the adamantine heart; "his word is quick and powerful, sharper than a two edged fword, piercing to the dividing afunder of joints and marrow, and is a discerner of the thoughts and intents of the heart: ber rocks and mountains melt before the Lord God of Ifrael." Even at the entrance of the God of Jacob, the flinty rock is turned into a water-fpring of godly forrow. " Here the un-" skilful ploughman, or the unruly cattle, have made " a multitude of balks, the furrows are out and in; " much ground not broken." True image of my foul! through ignorance of spiritual exercise, through the rage of unruly passions and lusts,-what hardness and unbrokenness remain in my heart! Not one step can I go straight forward in the paths of holiness.-Lord plough me fully, and let thy grace sufsciently direct me, while I live. " Here the delug-" ing rains, succeeded by fcorching drought, and at-" tended with much treading down, have made the " once ploughed field, almost as hard as ever." Alas! how many, after deep convictions, become more hardened in fin! how often do men add drunkenness to thirst !--How often, by remaining corruptions, by withdrawment of divine influence, by down-treading temptations, from Satan and the world, do faints lose much softness of heart,—much fitness to receive the word of God!

"Yonder stands a bag of feed, ready for casting

" into the earth. No doubt it is choice grain; per-" haps it hath been carefully steeped, to encourage * its growth; and to preferve it from the hovering " fowl, or crawling vermine." Lord, how precious! how fitly chosen are all thy words of truth! how fully steeped in Jesus' blood! Are they not the new covenant in his blood; and in bim all yea and amen, to the glory of God?-May the minister whom I hear, may every minister, thoroughly steep it in earnest prayer, and serious meditation, before he preach it. Lord, fave us from fermons, which are chiefly the product of human learning, and common ftudy. "Yonder the fower with heedful ftep and 44 skilful hand, casts abroad his seed." So let minifters; fo let every one, in his flation, with labour and care, fpread abroad the favour of Christ's name. So let them few inspired instructions, on all under their care, as to win fouls to him. So, Jesus, cast abroad the influences of thy truth into our foul, and cause thy word to dwell richly in us. " Without seed, we cannot expect increase." And how can we expect the falvation of those who grow up deftitute of the knowledge of divine truth? Without this, how apt are fummer-feafons of gofpel ordinances to be altogether in vain! how many, through want of early instruction, live wicked and barren, and at last descend to the darkness of Topher!-There is no falvation in any other but Christ; no eternal life, without the knowledge of the only true God, and Jefus Christ whom he hath fent. " Whofoever abideth not in the doctrine of Christ, hath not God.-If any man have not the Spirit of Christ.

which leadeth into all truth, he is none of his. God's professed people are destroyed for lack of knowledge. To a people of no understanding, he will shew no All shall be damned who believe not the truth. Where no vision is the people perish. While men continue in heathenish ignorance, they are at that time without Christ, being aliens to the commonwealth of Israel, and strangers from the covenants of promise, having no hope, and without God in the world." Rarely do we find any pleading for the falvation of heathens, gross heretics, or grossly ignorant persons, but such as are practically of that number*. But, O the kindness of God! the kindness of parents to me ! the very truths which were inftilled by them into my childish mind, have to-day been made feed which shall remain; a well of water that shall spring up to everlafting life. " Perhaps this grain was pretty necessary for its owner's summer pro-" vision: but he casts it into the earth, that it may " bring forth an abundant increase, may produce " food to the eater, and feed to the fower for an " after season." Let me chiefly lay up for the future, the eternal period; be earthly cravings ever fo urgent, it is preparation for eternity that will produce the true, the abundant, the happy increase: a bandful of this shall shake with fruit like trees; let me therefore hearken and hear for the time to come.-A dread; a sweet eternity; how surely mine !- and if eternity belong to me, a poor pensioner on the bounty of an hour; let me not look at the things which

^{*} Acts iv. 12. John xvii. 3. 2 John 9. 2 Thess. ii. 11. Prov. xxix. 18. Eph. ii. 12.

are seen, which are temporal, but at the things which are not seen, which are eternal.

"Thrice useful fields; the support; the exhaust"less granary of a world!" Thrice more useful God!
thrice more useful Jesus! thrice more useful new covenant! thrice more useful scripture!—the exhaustless
granary of eternal worlds—Even the ransomed kings
are for ever served by this field. On what but Godhead
shall I for ever live!—Lord, if I lose thy love, I lose
my all.

"Here the harrow follows harsh, hides the feed, " and shuts the scene: were not the sown field im-" mediately harrowed, how would the fowls devour or the frost destroy the feed, and prevent the in-" crease!" And if thou, Lord, do not with thy gracious influence, hide in my heart, that feed which I receive in reading and hearing thy word; if thou enable me not, quickly to cover it by earnest prayer and ferious thought; quickly shall Satan and his agents rob me of it; quickly shall my blasting corruptions rot it to my foul; and make it the " favour of death unto death."---How often have I gone from public ordinances, without one fentence impressed on my heart, and with scarce one retained by my memory! "What numerous strokes of the har-" row doth this tough, hard foil require!" O what a hard, a tough, an uncommon foil is my heart; Lord, never leave me nor forsake me; never take thy Holy Spirit away: never cease to strive with me -And never weary, my foul, of pondering and praying over Jehovah's truths: thy hardness, thy stupidity, will require ten thousand turns.

"Yonder the clods are broken; the furface levelled with the roller." By the hammer of thy word, the influence of thy Spirit, and the roller of necessary trouble, O Jesus, bring down my pride, and fosten my heart: without this, how unsightly will be my aspect! how barren my life!

"Here the feed dies under the clod, that it may fpring up to a glorious increase." In his incarnation, Jesus, the great corn of wheat, fell into the ground: on Calvary he died, that, in his resurrection, he might spring forth, the joyful parent of innumerable saints, the root of countless and unbounded mercies.—In natural death, the ransomed die, that at the resurrection, they may spring forth in endless glory. "In how thick; how beautiful a "breard the seed here springs up!" So let inspired truth, the feed of heaven, received into my heart, spring forth abundantly, in holy thoughts, gracious words and righteous works.

"But, here the weeds overtop, and almost co"ver the corny breard." Lord, how often do thick and high-sprung weeds of corruption in my heart and practice, hide, even from myself, every proper appearance of grace! how often do the numerous, and active, naughty professors of Christianity overtop, and bury in obscurity, thy true witnesses and sincere friends! "Here, with filthy, but useful dung, "they fatten the land." O to count all things but loss and dung to win Christ!—My filthy dung of sinful corruption, is only evil, tends only to hurt and ruin: but blessed for ever be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, that in his infinite wisdom and

knowledge, he hath made it the occasion, not the cause, of a most astonishing increase of glory to God himself, honour to his Son, and happiness to me; and that he makes it the frequent mean of driving me to the all-cleansing fountain of Jesus' blood and grace; and of humbling me in the dust before him.

"Without the warmth of the fun, and moisture " of the clouds, the care of the husbandman could " produce nothing." Without the concurrence of Jesus' blood and Spirit, no human labour could convert a foul, produce a good work, or procure a grain of felicity. Nay, he must do all, and we nothing; but fland still and see his salvation. "How sweetly, " in this vernal rain, the clouds confign their trea-" fures to the field!" God's paths drop down fatness. Ye fons of men, muse, praise; and look forth lively gratitude: In lively spring, and her soft scenes, I see my smiling God; I feel a present Deity, and taste his joy, to fee a happy world. Sweet vernal fields! Thrice fweeter facred word! How JEHOVAH pours his stores of love, his melted heart, into thy darling page, that meffenger of grace.—where rapture flows on rapture; every line with rifing wonders filled how from its rainy pools, my foul enraptured, drank the spirit of eternal joy; -of that unutterable happiness which LOVE alone bestows upon her favoured few !---How foars my mind beyond the blooming earth! On fwollen thought, my heart flies to the bofom of her distant, her ETERNAL FAIR; my Lord and my God.

"Notwithstanding the winter-storms, is not this ifield of wheat the most beautiful of all around?"

Is not Jesus, that sweet substantial corn of wheat, after all his winter-scenes of woe, "fairer than the sons of men, chief among tenthousand, altogether lovely?"—How beautiful and comely the saints, who get clean, through great tribulation, into the spring-tide of everlasting happiness and bless!

" Now the vegetables, which feemed dead in the " winter, revive in their order: their lately wither-"ed roots bloffom abundantly: the glory of Leba-" non, the excellency of Carmel and Sharon, is gi-" ven to them:" When the Sun of righteousness draws night to his church, and makes the fructifying wind of his Spirit to blow upon her, how do her withered, nay, her dead members, "revive as the corn, grow as the lily, and cast forth their roots as Lebanon!" When he lifts up on me the light of his countenance, and sheds abroad his love in my heart by the Holy Ghost; how doth every dying remain of my languishing grace recover fresh life, vigour and beauty!-And into what glorious bodies shall the dust, the rotten carcases of saints, hereafter spring up! "This corruption shall put on incorruption, and this mortal shall put on immortality; then shall. he change my vile body, and make it like unto his glorious body.—Then, then, shall winter and death be fwallowed up in victory."

"Now, countless insects, myriads on myriads creep from parental eggs. O feeble race! but often the facred sons of vengeance against men! how often, at God's command, they waste our fields, and strip our trees! Bear witness, Zoan's field, and you land of Ham." What am I, the prey of

insects, to resist God! Rather what am I, an insect of an atom world, that God should love me and give HIMSELF for me !- How can ever the finful infect pay the mighty debt of love, which I owe to Christ my God! Had I ten thousand lives, gladly should I pay them, in hourly tributes, at his feet. O how my nothing-foul is overwhelmed with his greatness! What am I, to conceive the nature of an infinite God! to possess the eternal ALL! Alas! I cannot begin to think of him, but my thoughts are confounded; my heart is perplexed; my mind amazed; my foul is quite unhinged within me: His mercy exalts me; his justice depresseth me; his wisdom astonisheth me; his power affrights me; his glory dazzleth mine eye: the least glimpse of him makes me abhor When I behold his fmiling face,—how beams divine break from his eye !-how unufual light wraps me, at once, in glory and furprise! how I admire, embrace, and bow, till I am loft in him! Thrice bleffed! loft in MY GOD, MINE ALL! How often, with fweet reflection on the peaceful cross, all in his blood and anguish groaning, deep grasping, and dying, have, insect I, my Saviour seen !- But did JEHOVAH die for the devilish insect me !- What shall I more fay !-O that melting thought,-FOR ME! Christ! my great beginning and my end! my head! my God! my glory! and my All in all!

"How fweetly yonder doves feed on the new"fown grain! they need to eat a plenteous meal.
"The fummer, which pours fulness on other ani"mals, will prove a time of scarity for them." You
faints, while favoured with influences and ordinances

feed with unrestrained appetite on the heavenly seed of truth. You know not what feafons of famine await you. Summers of outward prosperity to all around, may prove times of scarcity and want to your foul. But rejoice, ye ranfomed doves, your harvest of eternal plenty shall more than balance your present straits. "Yonder is the pigeon-house, where "thefe feathered animals lodge, and to which they "fly for refuge." So, in every strait, let my foul fly to Jesus, and lodge for ever in his love, that though I have lien among the pots of corruption and trouble, I may be as " a dove, whose wings are covered with filver, and her feathers with yellow gold;"----that I may resemble these birds in simplicity, meekness, innocence, fruitfulness, and chaste affection towards my husband Christ. " Perhaps the crafty thief, or " favage beaft, lately pillaged this pigeon-house." Lord, how often is thy church robbed and ruined by carnal politicians, proud schismatics, and erroneous men? how are the fouls of young profesfors wounded and flain? how often is my heart pillaged by Satan, the world and my lusts! But let us rejoice and be glad, that in our house eternal in the heavens, no pillage, no violence, nor destruction, shall be in all our borders.

"Here two ways meet; certainly one is a byepath; but both are so alike, that I cannot distinguish
which is the high way. Let me ask at yonder
house." How often do the sons of men; how
often doth my soul, walk in bye-paths, in ways which
lead to destruction! How many things have the appearance but not the substance of true godliness!

How often, by the various aspect of things, and the unhappy divisions in the church, am I brought to my wit's end, not knowing what to do, or whether togo? Lord show me the good old way; " fend forth thy light and thy truth, let them lead me, let them bring me to thine boly hill." O lead the blind inthe way which he knows not. " How fiercely this. " watchful cur barks at me, and warns the family " of my approach !" Oh, were my conscience but as faithful to her trust! Alas, how many temptations; how many strangers, have entered my heart, without the least alarm or angry frown from her ! How many pastors are but dumb dogs, lying down loving to flumber, and encouraging others to fleep intheir fins ! yea, greedy dogs, that can never have enough of this world's enjoyments, and that prepare war against him who putteth not into their mouth! " How furiously the raging our affaulted and threatened to " devour me!"—How often have Satan and his agents, affaulted my foul? how often have my finful passions, these unnurtured dogs, torn me to pieces? Lord, deliver my darling from the power of the dogs.

"Having the way pointed out by my friend here, "I must attend to his direction." Lord, let me always live up to my light, lest darkness come upon me. "To him that hath shall be given: if my eye be single, my whole body shall be full of light." "How easily might the benighted traveller slide in to this ditch!" To how many near and dangerous snares is my soul exposed! When I "walk or sit in darkness, Lord, be a light unto me." "Here grows. the rush! but not without mire; how fresh her green-

" ness! how quick her growth! but how naughty " her inward fubitance, fit almost only for the fire?" So grows the hypocrite, by carnal motives and encouragements: his appearance of grace is often tall and flourishing? but his heart is unsubstantial and naughty, only meet for eternal flames. Oh my fout, judge thyfelf, that thou be not judged. " Here docks, « nettles, wormwood, and other medicinal herbs, " grow by the way-fide; but being free and com-" mon, few prize them". Bleffed Jefus, thou Plant of Renown, chief of all medicine, and of every thing else, how near! how free! how common! but, ah! how "despised and rejected of men!" "Here the " scabby, naked sheep, is fallen into the ditch: if a-" live, pity bids me draw her out." Lord, how lately didft thou find me, lying naked, leprous, and vile, dead and dying in the ditch of trespasses and sins; and at the expence of bearing my fin, my punishment, and finking in deep mire, where there was no ftanding, drew me out, laid me in thy bosom, quickened my heart, and said to me, LIVE! O continue thy loving-kindness to one who knows it!

"Here comes my friend the courtier: I suppose he intends to visit his mistress." Blessed be the Lord, that my courtship, my marriage, is begun with Christ.—Courted with groans, with bloody tears of an incarnate God, my heart shall yield to death for love of him. God forbid I should indulge a meaner slame till I have loved the Lord. If there be any passions in my breast I give them all away to him. Knew I the nerve about my heart, which did resuse to beat with desire for him, I would gladly curse and tear it out?

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All nature's art shall never cure my heavenly pains of love; and it is beyond the power of created beauty to make a fimiliar wound. Jesus is, he must be mine: he is the great object of my waking thoughts, his lovely form meets every dream. Still I find him at my heart; dwell there; for ever dwell; my Lord, my LOVE: thou art my husband; thou my ocean of pleasure; thou my God. In thee, all the passions of my mind exult, and fpread their powers.-Not all the glittering things above, could make my heaven, if thou depart.-Life is my pain; heaven is my hell; immortality my curfe, without thy love. Rememberest thou, my foul, the place where I was washed in his dear blood? where fin, with all her ghaftly train, fled to the depths of death? where I, inflamed by love divine, was all devotion, all delight?—where I enjoyed a visit half a-day from my descending God; and, with enraptured heart, heard him declare his love? Away you visits, modes and forms: away you flatteries paid to finful worms: away ye vain amours; you empty stuff: but, Lord, thou life of all my joys, I can never enjoy enough of thee____ With thee I could fit a winter-night, a month, on frosty ground; nor think the visit long, shouldst thou but tell thy love. O! when he begins, my ear my heart, is the willing captive of his tongue! When he counts over that heavy load, the fins be bore upon the tree, inward I love, I weep, I blush for shame when he talks over his bloody passion; how my heart is enraptured! and how drowned in tears! when he shows his pierced hands, and melted heart; how it fets my foul on fire! with what wishful eyes I pry

into the fight! When he recounts his victories; how my heart heaves with joy! nor can my tongue refrain from praise.—No charming fair one of creation wounds, my heart! I breathe a purer flame: I pant for the eternal LOVE, the INFINITE unknown: my God, my Christ, my heart-strings break with love to thee.

"WHAT cloth is laid down to whiten on this " bleachfield!" Lord, I lay down my polluted felf, by thy river of life, which runs in the gospel-channel, that in due time thou mayest present me without spot or wrinkle, or any such thing." " By steeping, " watering, beating, and lying in the fun, shall this " cloth be gradually whitened." And by bathing me in thy blood, watering me every moment with thy Spirit, warming me with the rays of thy love, and beating me with divers afflictions, shalt thou, O Jesus, at last make me whiter than the snow; all fair, no spot in me. " Some of this cloth, and especially " that which hath been newly steeped, appears more " filthy than when first laid down." And since God began to fanctify me, I am become more lothfome in mine own eyes: every new application of Jesus' blood, every intimation of redeeming love to my heart, renders me viler in my own fight.-Nay, how often do my corruptions work more outrageously than before! how often do they far proceed, to render my outward life more abominable! O happy day when God shall root them out!

"Here two mills, the one for grinding corn, the other for thwacking cloth, are driven by the fame stream." And when God's Spirit comes

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down as floods, it fets all the powers of my foul agoing in their proper order: then my faith, love, repentance and new obedience, roll on with eafe; whereas, at another time, it is beyond my power to make them move. "How quickly these wheels go round!" Such, my foul, is the outward lot of men; how often are the uppermost, the great, the noble, quickly degraded to be the offscouring of all things; while men of low degree are exalted to fill their place? Let me never take up my rest, where fuch uncertainty prevails. Why should I dream of joys perpetual, in perpetual change; of stable pleasures, on the tofling wave; of endless funshine, in the storms of life! Why should a vain fancy hang my morning, or my noon-tide trances, with gorgeous tapestries of pictured joys: joy behind joy, an endless perspective?-Who ever trufted to the world, and was not disappointed ?-If Jesus was bruised, was beaten with strokes of wrath, that he might be my food and raiment; having this, let me therewith be content.

"Yonder are two kilns, one for drying corn or "malt, another for burning bricks." Think, my foul, how Jehovah's Son was dried, roafted, and burnt amidft his Father's indignation, that his flesh might be meat indeed, and his blood drink indeed; and that he might be the corner stone, the whole substance of the building of mercy for me!—And how must I be fashioned by free grace; inwardly fired with divine love, and outwardly fired in a furnace of affliction; that I may be to him a joy and rejoicing, and he made a fixed pillar in the temple of his God?

"This part of my way is so narrow, that two " could scarce go a-breast; and so dangerous, I " could hardly ftumble off it, without falling into the horrid deep below." "Strait is the gate, and narrow is the way which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it;" but without walking in it, we must stumble into the bottomless pit, and be for ever pierced through with many forrows. Let us therefore keep our heart with all diligence, for out of it are the issues of life; take beed to our spirit, that we deal not treacherously against the Lord; keep our feet when we go to the house of God; and take beed to our ways that we fin not with our tongue.—Bleffed be Jesus, that all his saints are in his hand; and that he keepeth their feet, and will not fuffer them to flide from their new-covenant state.

"What a pleasant found these seathered tribes " make !" Lord, flocks, herds, birds, insects, trees, plants, flowers, all Nature's birth praise thy goodness; all but thankless man; man most ungrateful, yet most obliged of all! O, haft thou tuned these birds to fing forth thy honour, in their warbling notes! and wilt thou not put a new fong in my mouth; even Hofannas unto him who loved me, and gave himfelf for me? "How fweet their morning orifons! how " common their wide fields of air, while man par-" cels out his little speck of earth!" How pleasant to observe God perfecting praise from the mouth of babes and fucklings! O how pleasant the sounds above, where ranfomed millions, and established angels, pour forth their harmonious notes of highest praise! How common our wide fields of heaven! our

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immense falvation! our all-containing Christ! " Is " not this wood the peopled rookery of my God! on " him these winged tribes depend; by him they are " nourished: to his praise they rear, they teach, their " rifing brood." Education for God! Are thy best laws folely expelled from the hearts of parental man? ----Are these MEN? or are they FIENDS, who rear, who train their babes not to know, not to praise, but to contemn, to blaspheme, our all-supporting Lord? "How curiously these pretty birds fix and fashion " their nests? how tenderly they bring forth their " young!" How wife their teacher, God! What but almighty breath instructs these fowls of heaven! what but an all-aspiring God! Learn, my soul, to make Christ the bush burning, and not consumed; Christ the munition of rocks; Christ the tree of life; Christ the fecret place of the Most High, thy habitation; where thou mayst rest, and safely bring forth thy offspring of good works. "With what incessant cla-" mour do their young helpless families demand their " food; and O what passions! what melting senti-"ments of kindly care, feize on the new parents !" Cry, cry, my foul, for the fupply of all thy needs; thy parent is the God of love. How his heart turns! his bowels yearn towards me; nor while he lives shall I die, unless to live; nor while he is rich can I be poor. "How exactly each knows its nest?" Lord give me spiritual fagacity, to discern where I may find thee: let my admission into thy presence be so frequent, that I may not forget where to fly for rest and relief. "Here is a nest with young: how cu-" rious and strong its contexture! how these hun-

"gry pullets cry! how wide they open their mouth "for food!" And is not my nest of the new covenant well, ordered in all things and fure! O the manifold power and wifdom of God that shine in it! "This my rest, here will I stay; for I have defired it."-Here let my heart and flesh cry out, O living God for thee; let me open my mouth wide, enlarge my defire, that thou mayst fill it. " One of " these feathered nations, I am told, in case of ne-"ceffity, feed their young with their own blood." Sure I am, Jesus feeds his helpless feed with his sacrifice, his blood; and food indeed it hath been to my foul. "How high these pinioned people soar! "At God's command, their eagle empress mounteth-"up; makes her nest on high: from thence she "feeks her prey; her eyes behold afar off: and "where the flain are, there is flae." On wings of faith, love, holy defire, and heavenly meditation, mount up, my foul, as the eagle: fet thine " affections on things above, where Christ is at the right hand of God; view the King in his beauty, and the land that is very for off:" where thy flain Redeemer is, there be thou; and, by a life of faith on him, renew thy youth as the eagle. O happy period, when I shall return to more than days of youth! " Now "the birds which flept in winter are revived and " wakened: the travelling tribes, who removed in-"to warmer climates, are returned." When God grants deliverance to Zion, faints shall revive, and finners be convented: when he bestows a spring-tide on my foul, he quickens my dormant grace, refteres my heart, and causeth me return to my rest, even to

the Lord, who dealeth bountifully with me. " Now " the cuckoo bids the husbandman dispatch the la-" bours of the fpring." How folemnly do all things invite me to hasten to the day of God! remembering that the fpring-feafon of gospel-opportunities fhall quickly be ended. "Yonder the sparrow chirps." Petty bird, but JEHOVAH's care; my Father's charge. Am not I much more so? though, when forfaken of him I mourn, yet let me cleave to his house; nestle in the walls of divine perfections and promifes, and in the covering of Jesus' righteousness. " ten have noify birds decoyed me from their nest?" Alas, how often hath Satan, by a noify world, decoyed me from observing his haunts in my foul! how often, by manifold delusion, hath he decoyed me from Jesus, my true, my everlasting rest!

" Here is a farmer's dwelling: how hard yonder " poultry follow after one, who at last shuts them "'out!" But, bleffed Lord, him that cometh unto thee, thou wilt in no wife cast out .- Follow him, my foul, though he hide, though he threaten to exclude thee; knock, and it shall be opened .- In, Lord, I must be; IN I will be: though thou slay me, yet will I trust in thee. "Yonder another calls them to " the hungry feast of a few corns, or crumbs;-" how they run! how they flighter to it!" And when Jesus inviteth me to a feast on all his fulness. shall not I bestir myself? Without a moment's delay fhall not I run? shall not I fly to him? shall not my foul long, yea, faint for God, and heart and flesh cry out for him! "Here the feathered dam scarce nou-" risheth herself, but prepares food for her young:

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" how kindly she invites them to eat !- Anon she " will call them to hide themselves under her wings." Jesus " became poor, that we through his poverty might become rich:" he himfelf was hungry, to prepare food for us; his morfel he will not eat alone; but helpless, fatherless, sinful men, must eat thereof.-How often would he gather us, as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings, and we will not *? " How " fiercely she flieth upon every one who attempts to " hurt her young; and exposeth her own life in " their defence!" Ye favage mothers, learn her ways and be wife. But, O Jesus, how didst thou expose thyfelf to the wrath of devils, and men, nay, to the vengeance of Heaven, that thou mightest save and protect me? "But why do this feathered tribe lift up " their heads when they have drunk? is it to render " thanks to their heavenly Benefactor?" rebuke to these, worse than brutal men, who feed, who live without acknowledging their Maker: sharp rebuke to my ingratitude; what mercies do I receive from God, without rendering unto him according to the benefits done me? - Ask now, my foul, "What shall I render to him for all his gifts? I will take the cup of falvation, and will call on the name of the Lord: now will I pay my vows to him in the prefence of all his people.

"Yonder appear the demolished and falling cot"tages of the poor." Alas, how our farmers add bouse to house, and field to field, till there be no place for others; but themselves left alone in the midst of the land! Read they no Bible, to inform them that such

^{*} Matth. xxiii. 37. .

conduct is accursed of God? Know they not, that he that oppresseth and driveth out the poor, reproacheth his Maker, their guardian, and brings vengeance on himself *? But blessed be the Lord, that none can demolish the "everlasting covenant, our house eternal in the heavens; our God, who is our dwelling place in all generations:" none shall deprive us of our possession.—Ye children of powerty, fear the Lord, and he will make you houses.

"Here, in the adjacent field, the ewes bring forth " their young, and lick them into comeliness." O my parent Christ, am I not the travail of thy foul? Kindly kift me with the kiffer of thy mouth, and make me clean through the word thou hast spoken to me. Polluted monster Lam; but let the time be a time of love; let me be washed, let me be sanctified; let me be justified, in thy name, O Lord Jesus, and by the Spirit of our God: Love me, and wash me from my fins in the blood, "These lambs are brought forth " in good licking, and most are immediately able to 4 follow their dam." No creature is born to helpless as man: let therefore my help and my fafety come from the Lord who made heaven and earth." " the tender shepherd carries a weak lamb in his " arms." Sweet memorial of my adored Redeemer! he carries weak and infirm faints, nay, all his lambs in his before of inconceivable love. God is their refuge, and underneath them are the everlafting arms of his power and grace. "Sweetly these lambs browse " on the bloffoms and tender huds of this prickly " furze." How much more profitably doth Jefus

[.] Isa. v. 8. 9. 10; Prov. xvii 161 and xxiii. 10. 11.

feed his people with his afflicting rod? How fweetly he nourisheth them by the ordinances of his grace, which are but despicable and troublesome to carnal men?—" By these things do men live, and in them is the life of my soul: a day in thy courts is better than a thousand." "Yonder lie the remains of some member of the flock, which died of itself, or was torn to pieces by the ravenous beaft." How many professed Christians doth a hard winter of adversity kill, and make them cast off all pretences to holiness? How often the hurt which we do ourselves in trouble, cleaves to us afterwards, and bringeth us to the gates of death? How often, in the spring season of deliverance, doth Satan tear and flay fuch as had no2 bly fustained the winter-blasts of affliction? How often is a spring of divine influence attended with murderous perfecution? "Here is a tender lamb, whose mother is either dead or destitute of milk: " Either another must suckle it, or it must be carried " home for nourishment." Lord, when one friend, one outward comfort, fails me, provide me another: and when all fail, receive me home to thy glory; that where thou art, I may be also; that the Lamb in the midst of the throne may feed me, and lead me unto living fountains of water. " But are not the flocks " and herds, many of them, now lean?" Alas, how many are the worse of the winters of trouble !-But let them only waste the flesh of my old man; Lord when shall he wax lean and his face grow pale? In this spring-tide of youth, of gospel opportunity, and of divine influence, how great is my leanness, my leanness !-Oh! when shall I be fat and flourish

ing? Strong as David, as the angel of the Lord?— When I enjoy a vernal refreshment of Jesus' love, I seel my leanness and weakness more and more.—O krengthen me in the Lord my God!

"Now I have a prospect of the sea." How fast approacheth that folerny period, when I shall stand on the shore, and see nothing before me but the sea, the ocean of eternity! Let Jesus' everlasting righter sufness be mine; and ETERNITY shall be my glory and joy. O ETERNITY, it is thing to crown the joys above, to knit the bundle of life together. "Yonder lies a shipwrecked vessel." What if in youth I, like her, for fair out, and carry well, till a ftormy trial evertake me, and then make " shipwreck of faith, and a good conscience?" My soul, be not highminded, but fear. "How fast, yonder roaring bile" lows kife the thore, and die?" And what do men. even the most noisy, that: " cause their terror in the land of the living," but falute the shore of life, and die? One generation cometh, and another goeth away: human life affords little more than to look 2bout us, and die. Do not I, Lord, " desire to depart and to be with thee, which is far better?" " What " excellent manure for the field, or useful ingredi-" ent for glass, are these sea-weeds?" Solid thoughts, fetched from the ocean of eternity, are an excellent means to fructify our heart, and give us a just prospect of the vanity and emptiness of outward enjoyments.

"Here, within the watery mark, crawls the aukward catching crab." How like the covetous heart, that defireth, that catcheth at every thing it

feels or fees? How like the heart which holds fast deceit, and refuses to let it go? May I carnessly covet Jesus, the best thing; may I hold him fast, and refuse to let him go?" "What a multitude of mussels, "wilks, and like shell-sistes, abound on this shore?" how nicely their weak bodies are protected by "their shelly mansions?" Since I have no might, hide thyself, my foul, in Jesus Christ; let him, as my covering, my lodging, desend me from every danger of hell or earth.

"Here is a falt work; just now the pans are go"ing." What hot labour is here, to get our food leasoned! But ten thousand times hotter work was required to establish the new, the everlasting overnant of falt, and to render it " well ordered in all things, and sure;" and to provide an infinite granary, filled with the falt of grace, to season our heart, our speech and conversation. May all my sacrifices be salted with this salt of my God!—O what diligence and care it requires to keep this " salt in ourselves, and be at peace with one another!"——And how terrible to be salted with fire in hell for ever!

"Here is a deep mine." Oh infinitely deeper! O unfathomable mine of Jesus' love! of his grace and truth!—" In him it pleased the Father that all sulmess should dwell. In him dwells all the sulmess of the Godhead bodily."—Can I be poor, when all is mine! Oh enrich me forever out of thy bottom-less treasures; thy unsourchable riches: out of thy fulmess let me reteive, and grace for grace.

"Here is a quarry of hard stone: what subour, "what digging is here?" O the ten thousandfold

labour! the fweet, the tremendous labour, wherewith God digs up hard-hearted finners from the pit of corruption! Look, my foul, to the flinty rock whence thou wast hewn, and to the horrible pit whence thou wast digged.—Prize, Q prize the little flone, Christ, that sure foundation, that tried Cornerstone which was in cour of the mountain of mankind without hands."—May he quickly subdue and break in pieces every opposition, and become a great mountain, filling the whole earth with his glory!

"What curious engines, moved fome by water, others by fire, for extracting the moisture, or me-" tal, from the bottom of the mine; for feparating " the metal from the drofs; or to figure it into proor per shapes! What numbers of people are support-" ed by this undertaking!" Rather, my foul, admire the infinitely more amazing, more costly, and curious engine of the new covenant; by means of which, my luft, my hardness, my obduracy, are drawn from the depths of my heart; and I am melted, beaten, and fashioned into a tool fit for the master's use :by means of which all the inestimable benefits slowing from Jehovah's deep purposes, bottomless wisdom, and unfathomable love, are brought near to us. Stupendous engine, of whose wheels the rings are dreadful: in which the unsearchable riches of God are in a manner exhausted: springs not thy motion, thy efficacy, from the floods, the flames of JEHOVAH's loving-kindness!-Is it not owing to the streaming blood, the fiery death of an incarnate God? By this is every promise ratified; by this was Jesus brought again from the dead; by virtue hereof shall all his

members be drawn after him: by it are the streams of grace, mercy, and peace drawn from the deeps of Godhead, and made to run among men on earth; and to run for ever in the inheritance of the faints in light.—Stupendous discovery of God! O what dark decrees, Jesus' covenant, his cross, Calvary, and redemption through his blood, make plain! Never did archangels know fo much of God before: nor dare a creature guess which shines most; the justice or the mercy-the vengeance or the love. Awake, my heart; awake at the loved view, awake; what can awake thee, unawaked by this? Godhead expended on human weal! Godhead expended on worthless, on finful, wretched me! Lord, how my heart glows and trembles at thy love immense!love immense, inviolably just! what heart of stone but glows at thoughts like thefe! should ere they glance on me, unraptured, uninflamed! how my foul is caught the prisoner of amaze! how furrounded with fovereign bleffings, rushing in clusters from the cross! What shall I render to him for his goodness? Praise flow, flow highest praise, if wonder will allow! May I breathe no longer than I breathe away my foul in love, in praise, to him who gave HIMSELF for me! You fun, you moon, you stars of light, you fowls, you flocks and herds, you fields, you seas, all ye creatures, praise the name of my Almighty Love: ye ranfomed, extol the Lord with me; let us exalt his name together. Shall angels unredeemed have fongs; and men no tunes, no tongues, to praise! O may we lose our useless lips, when they forget to praise! We are not our own, we are w bought with a price; therefore let us glorify God in our body, and in our fpirit, which are God's; God's dearly bought!—O ye idle, ye starving sons of men, dwell here, and see, not work, the falvation of God. What an innumerable company, that no man can number, is this everlasting covenant able to maintain?

"Now I am come to a small rivulet; lo, how he winds about to obtain the lowest ground for his channel!—and what opposing banks and stones he must nevertheless run over!" And, into humble hearts, the Spirit, that river of God delights to run; and often most when they are in the lowest case! he hath respect to the lowly, but the proud he knoweth afor off. But, alas, what pride, what sin, what stumbling blocks he must run over, in vouchsasing insuences, even to the best?

"The current hath just broke down yonder dam,
and rusheth forth with unusual force." Lord how often, when, by legal vows and endeavours, I have tried to dam up my corruptions; or, when thou hast dammed them up by conviction and trouble; have they furiously broke through every restraint, and with unusual violence rushed into sinful practices!—Such restraints may, for a while, change the visible channel of sin in my outward life; but can never check the overslowing power of it in my heart.—But when, by unbelief, spiritual deadness, carnal anxiety, idolizing of frames, going about to establish self-righeousness, or by some conscience-wasting sin, I had dammed up the current of divine influence from my soul, how often hath God made mountains his way,

and broken through hills of provocation, in love to my foul! how often, when fin abounded, did grace much more abound! how often, in the height of my wickedness, hath he prevented me with the bleffings of goadness! Bless the Lord, O my foul, and all that is within me; be not forgetful of all his benefits.

" At length I have got to this village.-Here two e persons make an exchange; and, no doubt, he whose merchandize is worst must make it up with money." Thrice bleffed exchange, which Iefus makes with me, and offers to every gospel-hearer l He, the great God, became debtor, that I might be discharged; became " sin, that I might be made the nighteousness of God in him; became poor, that I might be rich." He, to his inexpressible anguish, took upon him my griefs and forrows, that I might enter into the joy of the Lord. He takes away my filthe garments, and clothes me with change of raiment. -I give him a heart " deceitful above all things, and defperately wicked;" he gives me a "new heart, and a new spirit;" I give him vanity, weakness, vilenels, and woe; and he gives me substance, strength, purity, and happinefs.—O happy, happy exchange! grace, grace unto it !

"Within yonder house I see a burning stery sur"nace." O would the mighty Angel, by his promises and ordinances, take a live-coal from the altar of
a Redeemer as crucified for me; cast it into my
heart, that mine iniquity may be purged away, and
my soul kindled into an everlasting stame, a surnace
of love to him!

" Here the fcholars are difmiffed:-how gladly " they come forth? how foolifhly they leap? how " unreasonably they quarrel!" I fear they have no apprehension that they were born children of disobedience and wrath; and that they must quickly die, be judged, and carried to heaven or hell. Alas! do not most professed Christians so come from public ordinances? How gladly are they dismissed from the galling yoke of a fearching fermon? how carnally do their heart and tongue leap in their return home? how readily they fall into a trifling dispute, which perhaps they understand not? how void their heart of every ferious and eternal view?—How many topprofessors live, as if religion lay in unconcern about things invisible! in attention to ecclesiastic contests, and outward circumstances, and no more! What avails all learning, if we learn not Christ; and all profession, if we put not on Christ! " Here a boy, of perhaps falfely, chargeth his fellow with theft.25 Slander is a debt which the world reckons the oweth to merit; and often she is too careful to pay it.-But, alas! how many, called Christians, really defraud parents, mafters, and neighbours! how often are they faints in the church; but the worst of relations, devils at home, and thieves in the market !--My foul, If I name the name of Christ, let me depart from iniquity; and if men will reproach me, let me take care to live fo, as no one may believe them. " Here fome of them leap over a pit: alas! one hath " leapt in !" What multitudes by faint attempts to felf-righteousness, think to leap over the lake which burns with fire and brimftone, but at first leap in, go

down to hell with a lie in their right hand! "Yonder one climbs a tree, draws up himself by one bough after another; all this labour is perhaps for a flown bird's nest.". What odd pushes do many make in the world, to get into stations they are not sit for; and at last meet with a disappointment or cross! Lord, let me climb toward heavenly things, by taking hold of one promise after another, Disappointment here shall never be my lot: "the expectation of the poor shall not perish."

"Here a crowd sport themselves with I know "not what." Alas! amusement reigns man's great demand! to trifle is to live !- Is it a trifle to die à Alas, how often professed diversions present us with a shroud, and talk of death! how often are tombs ranfacked, and fleeping heroes, for pastime, brought upon the stage! how mad, for passime, to contemn an awful God! twice on a day to feel an earthquake. and attend a ball! Have men their hours all numbered, all in sharge, to rust in soth, to waste in luxury, or to sport in play!---to waste in stews, where order, ties, relations, laws, are made the droll's laugh; and broke for luftful modes of fin! or where the drunken club, like herds of swine, at wallowing near the bowl, and talk grunting o'er their troughs! or where the thoughtless sops keep their stainful playe; their games profane; their wanton balls; their night mafiquerades, their jubilees of hell! where where is that avarice of time, which death should inspire, as rumoured robberies do endear our gold! how few, to think on God, steal a few precious moments from the black, broad waste of murdered time! My soul, let me never forgive thee the loss inestimable of my twelve years of life. "Here at forry fellow, with his pipe, decoys the youth after him." Lord, how often, how obstinately do we refuse to be charmed by thy gospel-invitations, though thou charm never fo wifely! but if Satan, with the most empty temptation, if a false teacher, a puppet-shewer, or stage-player, with any novelty, call us; how do we crowd after them!

"Here stands the hooper; just now he set up the staves of his vessel, and was ready to drive the hoops; but a small unwary touch hath demolished, hath displaced all." How often, when by manifold divine influence, and by much pains, I have got my heart into a frame, hath the slightest touch of temptation transformed me into a mass of deadness, darkness, and disorder! How often, when by self-examination, I have got my spiritual state and case pretty clearly stated, have I been, all of a sudden, thrown into the utmost perplexity and confusion: scarely have I said, "My mountain stands strong, I shall never be moved," when my prosperous state hath been turned into misery.

"My late fever, and my drinking of herbal juice,
have fo sharpened my appetite, that I can travel
no farther without a refreshment." Lord Jesus,
Let all my distress and deliverance, every thing which
I have, or want, enlarge my desire after thee: if I
have many evil, and sew good things, on earth, let
me desire thee to sweeten my cross, and supply my
want: If I enjoy manifold comforts, do thou sanctify them, and balance my heart against them: let me

enjoy all things in thee, and use all things for thee; let me value no creature, but as it leads to thee; and possess all things as partaking of thee; as effluxes and ebullitions of thee, O fountain of living waters.—Is any thing sweet? my soul, how sweet must God, who made it, be: is any thing good? it is a taste of infinite goodness: is any thing lovely? it is the picture of him who is Love: is any thing stable and firm? it is the shadow of him with whom there is no variableness; is any thing strong? it slows from Jehovah, with whom is everlassing strength; doth any thing give rest, ease, or refreshment? it springs from the bowels of the all-sufficient, the infinite God.

"This inn which I enter is but a forry one: " probably they cannot afford me delicacies." But let me content myself with what they can give, rejoicing that in Christ there is more than I can ask or think. "Many things in the form and order of this inn need to be rectified." But why should I rack my wits to fpy faults, or devife how to reform that with which I have fo fmall and fhort-lived a connection. Let not me, like many, be always abroad, reforming other people, and never at home reforming myfelf.-This present world, and my lot therein, are but an inn built on the way to eternity: perhaps in a moment, I must bid it an everlasting adieu. Why then trouble and diftract my heart to find fault with it; or to devife how to conform it to my tafte? Let me therefore be content with fuch things as I have; let me reckon every thing good which God giveth, every thing feasonable which he sends: " for he hath said, I will never leave thee nor forfake thee." Had I understanding, I should in all things think of, admire, praise, and bless God.—To delight myself in God; to rejoice always in him would be liberty, riches, and kingdoms indeed.-The things of this world only make a noile, and cause trouble; her best gifts are but uanity, the mere phantom of a dream. Leave, my soul, these nothings to the low ambition, the fordid pride of kings. let God be thy ALL, and IN ALL. " My entertainment here " hath been beyond expectation." Lord, how often have I feared where no fear was! how often haft thou disappointed my finful jealousy of thy love, and my distrust of thy care! how often hast thou met with my foul, when I fcarce expected it? " Farewell my host." Perhaps we must next meet before the judgment-feat of Christ. My departure hence strikes my foul with an awful apprehension of a speedy exit into eternity.

"Here I pass a fine garden." Let me, with Zaccheus, climb up this tree on the out-side, and take an instructive view of her contents: to what purpose serve my eyes, but to see the glories of Godhead inscribed on herbs; on slowers; on trees; on stars; and every creature? "How high its surrounding wall!" Not half so high, nox strong, as Jehovah, who is a wall of fire round about his people: not half so comely, or useful, as the wall of falvation which protects the garden of the church from thievish men, devilish soxes, and every hurtful blast: not half so regular as the wall of government and discipline divinely erected about the church:—Lord, let me never concur with the demolishers hereof; for if it be destroyed, the plants and fruits must be exposed to

ruin: "This large garden hath but one door." There is but " one Mediator between God and men, the man Christ Jesus:" he is the only true door of access to the garden of God; whether in the militant or triumphant church.

"Yonder are scions newly grafted; and herbs "newly planted." Thrice happy that foul which is cut off from the first Adam, that dead and poisonous toot, and grafted into and united with Jesus Christ, by a true and lively faith; and is planted in the like-ness of his death, rooted and grounded in him! "What medicinal herbs, as sage, camomile, &c. are here!" All of them emblems of my glorious Plant of Renown, which healeth all manner of diseases.

"How richly these trees blossom and bud! but " perhaps a frost, a wind, a multitude of vermin, " may quickly render them bare." Alas! what if acareless heart, a blasting temptation, prevailing swarms of inward lusts, strip me of all my early blossoms of piety! What if they go up as dust and ruin, and be; rottennass! what if I, like many, resemble a faint in youth, and a devil in old age! Lord never turn away from me to do me good, and I will never turn away from thee. "The trees on the wall bloffom " best:" and the closer I cleave to Christ, the more I flourish in grace and good works. " How critical-" for the fruit is the feafon of bloffoms:" And is not our falvation at an important crisis in the days of youth !- in the day when God begins to deal with us! If these are not carefully improven, how ready is he to give us up to our hearts' lust, that we may proceed from evil to worse! "Yonder lies a tree

" newly cut up by the roots! " the gardener's pati-" ence could no longer bear with its barrenness." Now, my foul, the ane is laid to the root of the tree with me! If I improve not this gospel-opportunity, which I now enjoy, quickly shall divine judgments cut me off.—O the stupendous patience of God! thrice four years he came feeking fruit and found name: and what am I, even now, but a barren cumberer of his ground! yet no stroke of wrath hath cut me off; nay, Godi hath promifed to make my barren heart to blofform and bring forth fruit abundantly. Lord, do as thour haft faid; for how grievous! how shameful, to fee all things flourishing but myself! "Yonder, in the " midft of the garden, thands a tree without bloffoms." Alas, how many finners grow up amidft gospel-ordinances without the least shadow of true godliness ! they are rather baptized beafts and infidels, than Christians; if mercy prevent not, their end is to be burned with unquenchable fire. Relolve, my foul, that though my outward lot be barren and empty ; though " the fig tree should not blossom, and the labour of the olive should fail; yet will I rejoice in the Lord, I will be very joyful in the God of my falvation. " How yonder ivy clasps about the elm! the woodbine and jessamine, though weak in thems felves, climb up the supporting wall!" Let me be truly planted in Christ; and being in him, conscious of guilt and weakness, lean upon him as my " righteoulnels and strength, go up from the wildernels of this world, leaning upon my beloved.—Curfed is he that trusteth in man, that maketh flesh his arm, whose heart departeth from the living God."

"Yonder stand the slowery nations: the fragrant " rose begins to blow; the fruitful, lovely lily rears " her hanging head." Thrice more comely, fruitful, fragrant, and medicinal is Jesus, my Rose of Sharen and Lily of the valley. Behold, my foul, how dazzling the brightness of his glory! how ravishing his fmell! how infallibly he cureth those that pine away in their iniquity! how he condescends to us-ward! how he bowed his head and gave up the ghoft! And be thou a good favour of Christ to all around thee: learn of him to be blamless, wieful, meck, and lowly. " Marvellous passion-flower!" Can I think of thy yet ungrown charms, without diverting my foul from creation, and " determining to know nothing but Christ, and him crucified! God forbid that I should glery save in bis cross;" who is, at once, my God, my priest, my facrifice. "Sweet carnation!" Can I think of thee without entertaining my foul with the views of my incarnation-flower, Jesus of Nazareth? " Without controverly, great is the mystery of godliness, God made manifest in the slesh;" God, in my nature, obeying, suffering, bleeding, dying, rising, and ascending for me. Is JEHOVAH bone of my base, and flesh of my flesh! Surely my divine, my exalted Kinsman will not, like the Egyptian butler, forget me in my poverty and imprisonment. -O the dignity of human nature, as exalted into personal union with the Son of God: of human nature, as through him redeemed and married unto God! Let grovelling wits boast of finful worms; my boaft, O Christ, shall be of thee: thrice wondrous! my Brother; my Hufbands and my God! . Yon-

" der the marigold is about to open her bosom to " her darling fun." So, my heart, open thyfelf to Chrift, and to none but him. " Here towers the " heliotrope; quickly she will turn her blossoms to-" wards the father of the day, and by night droop " as a mourner for her absent lord." So, my foul, follow the Lamb whitherfoever he goeth; follow him by faith and love, as thy Saviour, thy portion, thy fovereign, and thy last end: let me cleave to him in his person, his offices, his word, his Spirit, his cause, and people; let the motto of my life be, LOOKING UNTO JESUS. In every enjoyment, let me look to his bleeding love, to his giving hand, as the fource; in every tribulation, let me look to him as my comfort; in every infirmity, as my merciful High-priest; in every prayer, as my prevailing Advocate; in every moment of life, as my strength and pattern; in death, as my Saviour, support, and home: when he hides, let me go mourning as without the fun: let it be as a fword within my bones, while any can say unto me, Where is thy God? "Yonder is " an hot-bed, which dares not risk the cooling breezes " of the fpring." Hath ever God warmed my heart with his love? let me fear fin, avoid the most distant temptation, and shun every appearance of evil.

"How odoriferous the smell of this garden!"
But not such to my soul as the savour of Jehovah's word, which is a garden, a field, the Lord hath bleffed.—Let me turn aside from all natural science, all created objects, to view this; or, lift up thine eyes, my soul, to the samed garden of God, eternal in the heavens. There no northern blast of trouble: no

east, no south-west wind of temptation shall infest us: falvation will God appoint for fences, and for walls, and for bulwarks. There the revived plants of the Lord, the trees of righteoufness, shall for ever blossom, and bear ripe fruit; none shall be withered or barren among them. Ye ranfomed, how shall our graces for ever bud with unpolluted praise! Jesus, thou fruit of the earth, Plant of Renown, in what ravishing excellency and comeliness shalt thou for ever appear to them that are escaped! O our transporting happiness, to fee thee as thou art! and behold the glory which the father hath given thee! O our unbounded fulness of joy in thy presence! O our overflowing rivers of pleafure at thy right hand for evermore! " My foul thirsteth for God, for the siving God; when shall I come and appear before God? when shall I immediately behold thy face in righteousness, and be fatisfied with thy likeness?"-O to be lost in good supreme :--to see and call the rich unathomable mines of God my own: to rife in science as in blifs! -to read creation, to read redemption's mighty plan, in the bare bosom of Godhead !-- all clouds, all shadows blown aside; no mystery left, but love divine!

"Now I must shut up my views of this garden, "and proceed on my journey." Alas, how short-lived are our present views of heavenly things; Here we have no continuing city;—are not so much as allowed to build tabernacles. We but touch our sweet pleasures, and they die: scarce we bid the visits, the visions welcome, when they bid us adieu. Lord, when we must descend from Pisgah, to labour in a low carnal world, go thou down with us: while it

employs my eyes and hands, let it never captivate my heart; amidst all its hurry, let her often spring away a thought to thee.—How often, in thy worship, hath the world so attracted my soul, that I scarce knew what I said or heard! O to have the tables turned; and, in the hurry of outward labour, to have my heart so drawn to God, so ravished with redeeming love, as scarce to mind what my hands are about! So Lord, avenge thyself on this vain world, which has robbed so much of my heart from thee!

"There, by the way fide, lies a pofy of once beautiful, but now withered flowers—While in its freshness, perhaps it was immoderately smelled and handled; and now it is cast away as useless."—Too much familiarity with created things begets contempt of them: our idolizing them either gives a sudden surfeit; or provokes the Lord to blast or remove them. How vain to attempt the pleasing of this world! notwithstanding of our utmost complainance, it will quickly cast us by, to wither in the grave, or burn in hell.

"What a crowd of bowlers play on this green!"
Let me look on a little. Spectators chiefly enjoy
the fight, and rifk nothing. Lord, while others affect to be buftling gamesters, let me look on, or rather
look up. So shall I, at the expence of others, learn
the vanity and bitterness of earthly things; and, by
setting my affections on things above, shall win ALL
for my glorious prize. "But why do these players
advise their bowls how to run or lie? can any
thing be more foolish!" And yet not more foolish
and far less wicked, than my fretting at, and giving

directive wishes to the divine, the unerring course of providence. "Surprifing! he that guided this bowl blames it, not himself, for his wrong hit." Alas, my foul, how ready art thou to charge thy faults upon others; and even upon God himself! "What an s advantage is it for that unskilful player, that he " hath a skilful companion to give him ground!" May Jesus, the Wonderful Counsellor, always give me ground, and advice in all my motions; fo shall I hit the mark of the high calling of God in him. " How often the best directed bowls meet with rubs in " their way! these that lie short of the mark, prove " ftumbling-blocks to others." Expecting manifold temptations, let me fet off with full force towards Jesus Christ, and the heavenly mansions; that nothing may be able to stop, or justle me out of my way. Let me never stop short of this blessed mark; lest I lose what I have wrought; and, by stumbling others, cause them to come short of the glory of God. "Yonder bowl" " has forcibly struck home his fellow to the mark, " and turned off himfelf." Lord Jesus, let mighty strokes of power, or pressure, strike me home to thyfelf, even to thy feat; but forbid, that I should bethe means of striking home others, and never touch thee myself. Tremble, my soul, lest, after instructing others, I myself should be cast away. " That the " bowls may run right, the ground has been level-" led, and the grass cut short." How hard is it to move towards the mark of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus! Through manifold variations of lot; or through rank, and abundant outward pleasures and enjoyments, Lord, lead me in a plain path; and

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because I am weak, and apt to wander, make thy way fraight before my face: lead me not into temptation, but deliver me from evil. "Here one far gone in a "consumption, lies to divert himself with the fight of the game." Poor soul, his closet is fitter for him than a bowling-green; prayer more proper than diversion; but most men will die as they live; they will never be serious, till the slames of Tophet make them so.

" Now the fun is quite overclouded." Alas, my God is overclouded! Vile, carelefs, carnal heart, how hast thou banished him from my sight! what lengths of distance lie between me and him! what clouds; what hills of guilt! Ah, how crimes have blotted my conscience! how they flush crimson confusion into my face! I blush, and am ashamed, to lift up my face unto God. How my conscience ftarts with terror! how my heart-strings grow with deep complaint! how my flesh lies panting for the Lord! how mute with concealed diffress! how forfaken by care's cheerer, hope!-how long joy-widowed!-an hour is an age without his fmile. What is lightless day without his beams! what is lifeless life without his quickening grace! when he absents, what fills my foul; what but rank envy's gall; the leprous fpot of pride; dropfied ambition; mad pleafure's feverish heat; and the soul's consumptive thirst of earthly blifs !- Alas, while my foul burnt with defire to fee him again, what troops of rivals tempt me off before his face! what new crowds of vanities and lusts, do I, with grief and wonder, see between him and my foul !-Oh, mad foolish heart, to leave

thy God, to chase a shadow! O sickle, false breast, to entertain, to be fond of, every guest, rather than thy God! Lord, pity a soul that would fain be thine. O arrest, prison me round in thy embrace. O let thy power, thy love, consine my thoughts, my love to thee.—My soul I charge thee to wait on the Lord, that hideth his face, and to look for him—" Here " runs a beautiful stream." Thrice more beautiful river of Jesus blood, and blessed Spirit, which makes glad the church, the city of God! O the plenty, the purity, freeness, and easy access to thee! here we may drink and wash; all may drink and wash: filthiness can never pollute thy stream. Wash here, my soul; wash seven times and be clean.

"What numbers fish in this river!" Lord, how great is thy goodness; at thy command both earth and fea prepare us food: and when the one proves churlish, the other often gives with a more liberal hand. Here is a net drawn, which hath caught " nothing." Alas, how often do ministers cast the gospel-net among multitudes, and yet draw none to Christ !- Alas, how many casts of the net have I finfully shifted! " But here comes a net full of fishes, " fmall and great." O the fovereignty of God, in the conversion of men! he quickens and gathers whom, and when, and by whom he will. O when the day of Jefus' power comes, how easy, pleasant, and fuccessful is ministers' work!—When he draws, how cheerfully we run after him! but, alas, that Satan's net is so often full, and Christ's empty! " Here " others fish with bait." With bait of divine love didft thou, Lord, catch me; and with loving kindness hast thou drawn me. Redeeming love was line, was hook, was bait. But, ah, how often has Satan caught me; caught multitudes, with baits of finful, or carnal pleasure, profit or honour! fad gain, which entails everlasting ruin! " What is a man profited, if he gain the whole world, and lofe his own foul? and, what shall a man give in exchange for his foul!" " How greedily fome fishes catch at " the bait; while others only look at it, and start " back!"-Greedily may I fwallow down, and apply Jesus' love to my heart: but, at the first fight, start back, my foul, from Satan's baits. Never choose the pleasures of fin, which are but for a season. Love not the world, nor the things of the world; for if any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him; for all that is in the world is but the lust of the slesh, the lust of the eye, and the pride of life."-But, Lord, how often have I greedily seized Satan's baits; his most cursed, his most infignificant baits; and no more than vainly gazed at, and wickedly started back from thine! how simply these " fish swallow the bait, without observing the hook!" Too just emblem of my folly, my stupidity! How often do I swallow finful baits, without confidering the consequence: O that I were wise; that I understood this; that I would consider my last end! " but " when the fishes have bitten, why do not the an-" glers immediately draw them out? It is to give " them line, that they may fwallow the hook into " their belly, and so be more certainly caught." How craftily hath Satan, times without number, given me line; feemed to ceafe from me, go out of me and given me my will, till I had fwallowed his hooks, and pierced myself through with many forrows! Alas, how many of them are within me, which will inwardly rend and tear my foul while I live !----What a miracle is it that I live! what more than a miracle is it, that after all, not Satan, but Jesus has caught me! What a mercy is it, that death hastens to dissolve my frame, that I may be perfectly freed from all the hooks of hell, all my corruptions, and the confequences thereof! " How yonder eel, in labouring to free herfelf, " hath fo warped the line about her, that it is fcarce-" ly possible to disentangle her." And how often have I, by my finful toffings, and irregular attempts to get out of trouble, fo entangled myfelf in it, that God alone can conceive how I could be delivered!-Oh; if, in consequence of my having received the heart-cultivating word of his grace, God would enable me fo to warp his promifes about all the powers of my foul, that neither fin, nor hell, nor earth may be able to disentangle them! " Some fish simply bite " at the very likeness of a fly; others barbarously " catch at the flesh of their own tribe." What mulfitudes doth Satan catch with the most empty shadows! and if he enfnare us, he regards not how despicable the means be. How many feed upon their neighbours flesh; rejoice in his affliction; employ their tongues to tear his character; and their heart and hands to ruin his property !---Ah! that, like the fishes of the sea, we should be easily snared in an evil net; and yet voracious devourers of our fellows! "What multitudes of baited lines are in this part of the stream!" What multi-

tudes of fishers hath Satan every where! how numerous are his temptations in every place, every circumstance, and for every person! how astonishing his diligence; his destructive subtlety!--How often he makes use of the meanest things, or the best things, to catch and ruin men! Jesus Christ is made a stumbling block, a favour of death, and his grace an occafion of lasciviousness." "But they chiefly fish in " troubled waters, where the line is least feen." So Jesus often causeth us to pass under the rod, and bring us into the bond of his covenant .-- And in a day of defertion, perplexity, ignorance, and confusion, Satan chiefly lays fnares for our foul. "Straws and " feathers skim along the surface of this river; " while gold, or jewels, would fink to the bottom." Let trifling thoughts, let carnal cares have fmall impression on, scanty residence in, my heart and life: but let the golden Saviour, the weightier, the eternalthings, fink her whole depth, and rest within. " Fulk " heaven, and but a narrow brink of earth, is paint-" ed by reflection in this stream." Scanty be the share of earthly concerns in my heart and life: but let wide, wide views of heaven, be figured, be deep ingraven in my foul, and reflected in my life. "How quickly yonder foam dieth away into the " peaceful liquid!" So may the foam of my discontent, my angry passion, subside into the calmest refignation, the most peaceable patience, and a chearful " How restleisly this current pusheth his way " to the ocean! No bars, no rocks, no straits, stop his « course: no flowery banks tempt him aside from " his channel." With patience and resolution, push

forward, my foul, to thy true centre, thy great ocean, God. Let no opposing temptation, no straitening trouble, stop thy way: let no slowery bank of created enjoyments decoy thee from thy proper course. "At once the ocean feeds this river's "fprings, and receives his watery tribute." And is not inexhausted Godhead the source of all my bliss? the final mark of all my praise? my great beginning, my middle, my end, my ALL?

" Let me afcend this floping hill." How like the Christian path: a sweetly pleasant, but laborious way. " Around I gaze on flowery regions, on prof-" pects fair.—All below appears a picture; a divine " carpet spread below my feet; and nought is above " but skies." Get down, you gilded dust, let nothing be above my foul, but my heaven, my Saviour, and my God: yet in creation fearch, my thoughts, still fearch for your beloved: he is all showed; all near; all present; yet unseen .- If he pours into matter fuch fulness to gratify our fivefold sense; if he so royally furnish this earthly prison, this lodging of his meanest servants; what must be the glories of his presence-chamber! Rather, if these faint copies are fo glorious, what must be their source, their fair original of unbounded goodness, essential glory, and excellency!-But am I priest for this mute creation? what thousands on every hand urge me to offer quick their facrifices of praise to their maker !- Am I his fon; his friend? let me furvey the earth, as the kingdom of my Father, where he meets me in every view, in retirements, and shades, till I ripen for the open glories of my coronation-day.

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"From yonder cloud the thunder roars." In vain should I hope to hide myself from it below these ruinous walls: more vainly should I attempt to secure myself from the incensed Judge, from the omnipotence of wrath, by a shadowy profession, and ruinous felf-righteousness. " How terrible is this clap!" How tremendous is JEHOVAH's frown! how fevere, though but the frown of love !---It is my Father's thunder; himself is here; my help is returned: he is come; he is come; fear's check, pain's balm, the healing vifitant, the fympathizing friend! after long absence, how divinely sweet is his felt return !-Let nature be feized with her expiring pangs; let hell arm her furies; roar on you thunders; you lightnings flash; my untrembling breast is composed to peace; is fweetly calmed; is quite affured with the felt pledges of a Saviour's love. "Thunder-"ftruck now falls you stately oak." O the danger of the proud, the great! how often God casts abroad the rage of his wrath, and abases them!

"The thunder ceased, the fields unusual brightness "wear." After what awful terrors has my comfort abounded! When Jesus found me in my blood, stained through with every spot of hell; when he found me trembling and condemned, in my own thoughts undone, and washed me in his bleeding love, how his softening Spirit melted my inward rock!——how, with all my guilt, with all my fears, to him I turned, and selt him soon my peace, my joy!—how I feel him still a quickening head to me, his meanest member; his weak foot desiled! how am I pleased in him! how fixed, how safe; not in my

hold of him, but in his of me!—Why should I pine for earth? why languish for the shadow of a world? why envy others their share of vanity and venation of spirit? What is pleasure, but a foam raised by our rapid sense? what is diversion, but the froth of a vain world? what is beauty, but an outward toy, worn for the sake of others? what is wealth, but the sanctuary of base guilt? what is fame, but an empty breath on others lips? what is learning, but an hard gained boast of knowing what was known before?

"But being weak, and wearied with my jour-" ney, I must rest a while on this eminence." hail my foul, there remaineth a rest for the people of God: there remains an eternal rest for me: when weary and heavy laden with guilt and corruption, Jesus hath called me; hath given, and promised rest unto my foul.—He hath given me rest in his covenant, in his blood, in his power, and in his love; and promifed me rest for ever on his throne.—This is my rest, my refreshing; here will I stay; for I do like it will.—But while my body fits on this heap, let my foul fly aloft, and admire the Giver, the means of her rest .- Was HE, who made arch-angels, sent forth in the likeness of sinful flesh for ME, that I might become like the angels in heaven; might for ever fit with thrones and dominions, for ever vie with them in fongs of praise? Did HE that stretched out the heavens; HE whom the heaven of heavens cannot contain, lie in a womb, in a stable, in a manger, in a grave for ME, that I might have an house eternal in the heavens; that the Most High might be my everlafting habitation? Did the effential bright-

ness of the Father's glory; HE, who made the shining ftars; HE, who decked the fky with these bright oceans of flame; lie concealed in despicable Nazareth, lie contemned on earth; that he might plant the heavens with new stars, of men redeemed, and even with wretched ME? Did HE, who gilt the dazzling fun, give his bleffed face to shame and spitting, that I might for ever shine as the sun in the firmament of his Father? Did HE, who decked the changing moon, bright empress of the night, put on our robes of clay, of guilt, and dip his vesture in his facred blood, that my Sun of righteousness might no more go down; and that my moon of fubjective grace and happiness, might no more withdraw her shining? Did HE, who launched the wandering planets, appear on earth as a restless fugitive, that he might seek and find a lost, a wandering wretch, and fix ME in eternal blefs? Did HE, who, with unerring hands, moves and guides the flaming ponderous comet, whose shock is nature's wreck, bear fuch fiery, fuch confounding shocks of woe, that I might be delivered from endless, from almighty shocks of divine ire; and from the horrid tempest of the unruly, jarring passions of my heart? Did God, who tunes the thunder's awful roar, weep, figh, groan, roar, and die for ME, that my endless anguish, and infernal roaring, might be changed into notes of everlasting praise? Did HE, who casts abroad the rage of his wrath, in lightnings' fierce destructive flame, kindly fubmit to all his Father's wrath, all his enemies' rage, that he might obtain forgiveness, everlasting peace, and life for ME? Did HE, who made ... the fcowling pregnant clouds, pour out his prayers.

his tears, his blood, his foul for ME, that unfeen fkies might pour down righteousness, and the opened windows of heaven, for ever rain falvation upon ME? Did HE, who rules the stormy tempest, endure the winter-blafts of boundless wrath for ME, that I might enter into endless calms of peace, and stormless mansions of felicity? Did HE, who arms the baleful pestilence, submit himself to all the shame, to all the pains of death, that he might be the plague of death, the destruction of the grave for ME? Did the Creator of all the ends of the earth, who fainteth not, neither is weary, labour under the load of my guilt, my griefs and forrows; and being weary, fit thus on Jacob's well, lie in a garden, and in a grave, for ME; that my foul, my flesh, might rest in hope; that I might rest for ever in JEHOVAH's bosom, be eternally loaded with his benefits, and have all my earthly weariness working for me an exceeding and eternal weight of glory? Did HE, who weighs the mountains in scales, fink beneath our loads of woe, to heave the more than mountainous burden from a guilty world? Did HE, who made the spacious deep. fink in deep waters, where there was no standing; drink oceans of divine fury, that I, the rightful heir of endless woe, might eternally swim in oceans of redeeming love, and quaff rivers of unmixed and immortal bliss? Did HE, whose is the heavens, the earth, the sea, and fulness thereof, become poor, that I through his poverty might become rich, filled with all the fulness of God?-What melting! what stupendous truths are thefe!

Creation, liberal of comforts to guilty, worthless men,-to ME, why withhold them from thy great. thy righful Lord? Bethlehem, why not allow him a chamber for his birth, a cradle for his bed? Canaan, why deny the holy child Jesus, the innocent, the heavenly babe, a peaceful refidence? City of God, why refuse him an habitation? Ye fertile fields, why fuffer him to be hungry? Ye rivers, ye fountains of water, which allow wild affes to drink their fill, why refuse to quench his thirst? Ye houses. ve chambers, why deny him a where to lay his head? Ye cattle, which feed on a thousand hills, why all your tribes, but one dull ass, refuse to grace his folemn triumph? Ye inexhausted mines of gold and filver, why allow but the rate of a flave for his goodly price? Judas, why betray thy Friend? Peter, why with curfes deny thy God, thy Saviour? Ye disciples, why forfake your kind, your adored master? Ye priests, rulers, Gentiles, and people of Israel, why reproach, condemn, and crucify your Maker? Ye angels, who slew the Assyrian host, who delivered Lot from the overthrow, why, as idle spectators, look on your fuffering Lord? Almighty Father, why defert the Son of thy love? thy only-begotten Son? why so far from his roaring? why exhaust thy flaming fury upon him, in whom thy foul delighteth?-Why does my fancy rove ?-Ah-my fins did all !for ever fhamed, loathed, curfed, and confounded let them be .- And O for ever prized, loved, admired. adored, and bleffed let Jefus be .- I am loft in wonder and inflamed with love. Had I ten thoufand fouls, my Lord, I give them all away in love to thee.

"But I must now rise, and proceed on my jour-" ney." And may not I, with the patriarch, chearfully lift up my feet to walk, and my heart to rejoice; for the day of my redemption draweth nigh? Let me call this fpot BETHEL. To me it hath been the boufe of God, and gate of heaven: I have feen God face to face, in the person of his Son, the Man who is his fellow, and am preserved. O children, comehither, tafte and fee that the Lord is good. "Now I am come into a very defert place." But I am not alone, for the Father is with me; he will never leave me nor forsake me: let me improve his presence, walk before him, and be perfect : let me never be less alone, than when sequestrate from the world: let Jesus converse with me, and let his comforts delight my foul.—Ye troops of angels, by faith I difcern your prefence: may I walk in your company, as with wife spirits, that can judge what I do or say; may I walk as with holy ones, that hate every false and wicked way.

"Yonder is a burying place." Her retired fituation fuggests her solemn language: let me turn aside and converse a while with the dead: let me be previously acquainted with my suture companions. O what a volume of divine sense is the grave! dust and ashes loudly preach man's infinite concern. Here lieth the infant, harried from the belly to this dark vault of death. Yonder lieth another, cut off in the bloom of youth.—Here is a young man, who died in his prime.—Yonder lieth one that departed in the

noon-tide of life, and in the fulness of his strength, amidst the hurry of his business, and the flow of his wealth.-Here lieth the kind husband, the laborious parent, who supported his numerous family by the toil of his hands, and now hath left them destitute; -Yonder is interred the man of grey hairs, who a thousand times resolved reformation, and at eighty died in his wickedness.-Here lieth the fine lady; the rich, the learned, the great, the honourable. False marble, where? O madness! is there state in death? mockery too fevere for my worst foe! deep proof of pride in man: nothing but scattered ashes, nothing but wasted spoils of old mortality, nothing but fordid dust, and noisome vermin, lie here. How many graves here hold my younger? with what folemn awe every grave addresseth me, Make hafte, and come away!-Relentless, ironhearted death, careft thou not for the person or concerns of any? Keepest thou no stated time? Let me then be always ready to receive thy stroke: let Jesus who died for his murderers, Jesus thy plague, thy death, be mine: let him ever stand at my right hand, that I may not be moved: then at thy pleasure strike: with gladness I kiss thy rod; O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory? these graves nature is hush'd; proud disturbers make no more noise." Be still, my foul, and know that the Lord is God: when I tread on dust, once honoured dust, let me tread my pride, my youthful vanity, and the moon of this world under my feet. -But think, my heart, with what folemnity these dead shall, at the latter day, arise, some to everlasting life, and some to everlasting shame and contempt.

"With no small difficulty, I am at last come to my friend's house; and the salutation is over." Who knows how suddenly I must go to my long bone, to my Friend Jesus's mansions! how quickly angels, nay, divine persons, shall welcome me to my everlasting abode! Lord, hasten it in its time.

" In yonder corner, the suspended spider, from " her bowels, fpins and weaves her web of vanity « and mischief: already the unwary fly is entangled " to her ruin." Ye fons of men, what is our righteousness, but a spider's web? it may entangle and ruin us, as yonder fly; but can nowise recommend us to the favour of Ged. Count, therefore, my foul, all things but loss and dung, to win Christ, and be found in him; not having my own righteousness, which is of the law, but the righteousness which is by the faith of Jesus Christ, the righteousness which is of God by faith. "But the venomous spider ta-" keth hold with her hand, and is in kings' palaces." So let me, a worthless worm, an envenomed sinner, by the hand of faith, take hold of the new covenant, that I may dwell for ever in the palace of King Jefus; and even now thrust myself into the most intimate fellowship with him: let me in no wife consent. to be caft out.

"The fever threatens to return upon me; my flesh warms; my breath shortens; my pulse beats high." Good is the will of the Lord; for I know, that in love and in faithfulness he will afflict me; but let me praise him for so timing my trouble; for

preventing it while I was in the defert, where no man was to care for my foul; and now let my faith in Jesus beat high; let my heart warm with love, burn with desire, and break with breathing hard after him. O to have his love shed abroad in my heart by the Holy Ghost, to instance and sicken my foul with love to him that loved me, and gave himself for me!

"Call a physician." But first call Jesus the Physician of value, the Lord my God, that healeth me: pray for me; if you find my beloved, tell him that the worthless he, whom HE loveth is sick of a sever, and fick of love. Happy am I, seemingly dying a-midst such as fear God, and have moyen with him. Rather would I die among wild beasts than among carnal men, who but harden and desile their departing friend, by unconcerned looks, carnal converse, and destructive slattery.—Ah, companions only sit for dying brutes.

Physicians, do not disfuade me from thoughts of death: advise not my friends to conceal from me their fears of my approaching dissolution. Moses, the man of God, the adept of knowledge human and divine, and Israel's mighty sovereign, the man according to God's heart, prayed for solid views of death. Israel's God represents the consideration of death as the school, the sum of true wisdom: dare you then represent it as hurtful? Is it for any to venture on a blind leap into eternity;—to leap into heaven or hell by guess?

"My life is doubtful." Alas,—fo now is the falvation of my foul; now the fweet promifes which once refreshed me, are to my heart as a barren wilderness, and a land of drought: innumerable and fearful challenges oppress my conscience; guilt racks my waking heart, and frights my flumbering eyes: the iniquities of my youth muster themselves in array against me: with horror I behold my whole life filled with vanity and wickedness: Overlook sins of youth as trifles, who will, now, in the jaws of death, they appear to me, sins, stinging singlindeed. Satan fearfully tempts and affaults me: God hides himself from me, and frowns upon me; while I fuffer his terrors, I am fearfully distracted; my hopes of future happiness are torn up by the roots; I apprehend God is fwearing that I shall never enter into his rest, and that since I am filthy, I shall be filthy still.—Lord, stop this awful oath; fwear not against me in thy wrath.-Hast thou not sworn, that thou hast no pleasure in the death of him that dieth? -Is thy mercy clean gone? wilt thou be favourable no more? doth thy promife, thy promife spoke to me at *****, fail for evermore? hast thou in anger shut up all thy tender mercies?—Ah thrice dreadful thought !-how my foul fludders with horror at the view of an immediate appearance before God !-O how shall I shift death! how can I escape the damnation of hell!

But, Lord, art not thou able to fave to the uttermost? Where can thy uttermost be?—Oh sweet word, able to fave to the uttermost! and was it inserted for me, who have sinned to the uttermost? Lord Jesus, I lay myself down at thy feet a finner to the uttermost, needing and begging a falvation to the uttermost; and if I perish, I perish;—I will die here:—all in ropes of guilt, and cords of iniquity, I prostrate myself before thee: "My heart fainteth for thy salvation; but I hope in thy word." Necessity makes me hope, for to whom else can I go? "thou alone hast the words of eternal life." Lord, I cannot bear the thoughts of being for ever condemned to curse the God of my life; to be eternally an outrageous hater of Christ, and an endless prey of lusts. O receive a poor sinner, that cannot, and will not shift without thee!

Is this thy voice? "For the iniquity of his covetoufness was I wroth, and smote him; I hid me, and was wroth; and he went on frowardly in the way of his heart. I have feen his ways and I will heal him: I will lead him also; and I will restore comforts to him, and to his mourners." Lord, I believe; help thou mine unbelief .- But what if Satan, to deceive me, hath fuggested this promise: " Stolen waters are fweet, and bread eaten in secret is pleasant. Lord fave me from delusion in the very porch of eternity.—As thy word I take it. Oh show me, whether a promise injected by Satan could so abase me and my righteousness to the very dust; could so warm my heart with defire towards thee. that knowest what is in man, fearch me, and try me; discover plainly to me what is my state and case. Suffer me not to hang by the frail, the breaking thread of life, without knowing but next moment I must drop into eternal fire, O confirm thy gracious word; let it more effectually penetrate into my heart.

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Lord, how excellent is thy loving-kindness! While I was yet speaking, thou hast heard. --- Now is come falvation and strength.-He is come, the Comforter that relieves my foul. Now-my doubts are folved; my clouds of guilt and fear are scattered, my temptations foiled, my lusts repressed; my heart leaps for joy .- Now I hear Jesus powerfully whispering to my heart, " In a little wrath I hid myself from thee for a moment; but with everlasting kindness will I have mercy on thee, faith the Lord thy Redeemer. Is Ephraim my dear fon? is he a pleafant child? for fince I spake against him, I do earnestly remember him still; I surely will have mercy on him, saith the Lord."-Now I have found him whom my foul loveth; I hold him, and will not let him go. As a bundle of myrrb, and cluster of campbire, he lies between my breafts; and through his grace I resolve hereafter to trust in him, though he should slay me .- O Christian friends, stir not up, nor awake my LOVE, till he please. -Now my fick-bed feems fofter than down; a paradife indeed! love-fickness to him so overpowers my heart, that I scarce feel the ailment of my body! Now every former vifit of his love is confirmed:now my foul is all wonder, and all refignation to his will! How I behold the glory of his person, and taste the sweetness of his love! How, Lord, my soul admires! how the bleffeth thee for thine early ftriving with my conscience; thine early conquest of my heart! O how grace hath reigned and abounded towards me! What profit my difeases have brought! the joy overcomes the pain: my cheerful foul looks through the ruins of her clay: the everlasting hills

through every chink appear; the shines of heaven rush fweetly in at all the gaping flaws: had the prisonwalls of my body been strong and whole, I had less of glory feen; I had less enjoyed the sweet gales; and the fresh air of heaven. O may the ruins wider grow, till my foul escape, and fing, and foar away! Soon may the storms of trouble beat my house of bondage down, and let the prisoner fly! O how fweetly grace elevates me to unusual heights, till I am near his prefence come, where floods of glory, check my view, and quite entrance my heart! how by strong-winged faith, and flaming love, I climb the lasting hills, trace the golden streets, walk with stars, and furvey the realms above! how Jesus bears my raptured fenfe away; my thought and foul to God! -O eternity! unfathomable sea! O shoreless deeps, where living waters gently play !----O Godhead! vast abyss of effential goodness and excellency l-Ocean of infinities, where all our thoughts are drowned! O love immense; a sea without a shore; that fpreads life and joy abroad !-O to bid farewell to this fordid world; this little dwelling-place of worms; this atmosphere of fin, calamity and grief; this bedlam of the universe! Dead be my heart to all below; to mortal joy and mortal care. Be gone for ever; deathful things: you mighty mole-hill earth, farewell. My heart, my hand, my ear, my tongue, there is nothing here for you.---How my foul languisheth for the habitation of the Most High; the facred retreat, where God shall be my ALL IN ALL! where I shall fee him as he is! My passions hardly bear the length of flow delaying years.—O to fee,

and fing, and love, as angels do! It is a heaven worth dying for, to fee a fmiling God! Quit, quit, O my foul, thy mortal frame, cease thy fond struggle, and languish into life. It is not life, but death I leave: I give my dross to death; and all the rest to Christ my God.

" Love almighty, love almighty, love almighty, reigns."-Was I raving on redeeming love? No wonder, it reigns in, it melts, it ravisheth my heart. -O how in endless transport, and in fulness of reafon, shall I for ever rove, through all my Jesus' labours, and his love; the anguish of his cross, and triumphs of his throne? O the fovereignty of his love to me! while I lie diffolving in his arms, melting in his everlafting kindness, how many of my school-fellows,-my fellow youth, are permitted to fleep in Satan's embrace, and run headlong into endless fire !-- O why loved he me, and gave himself for me! even so Jesus, because it seemed good in thy fight; and what am I, that I should withstand God? Turn never away thy love from me; for it hath overcome me.—How gladly would I leave father and mother, fifters and brethren; how gladly would I die in youth, to depart and be with Christ, which is far better! O his love, his love; his fairness and excellency! Ah, that he should have so few lovers! -But I cannot freak of HIM, for I am a child.

"My fickness is fore! my pains are sharp." But herein is my joy fulfilled, that whether I die in a rave, or in extremity of pain, I shall die in the Lord. He is with me in the valley of the shadow of death,

his rod and his staff comfort me, therefore I fear no evil. O how my King is held in death's dark galleries! rather, how he prisons me round in his embrace! thrice sweet embrace!-What is death here, but an easy tribute for my entrance into endless joy? -on earth life dies; it lives beyond the grave. What is death, but a dark lattice letting in eternal day !-O death, my great counsellor, deliverer, enricher, period of pain, and fource of joy, have over. Lo, here is my pass to the immediate presence of God! behold it is written with the blood of the lamb!-Though my heart be not fo with God, as I would wish, yet he hath made with me " the everlasting covenant, ordered in all things and fure; and this is all my falvation, and all my defire." No pains I dread, if he but shew his love: no curse I fear; Christ was made a curse for me: no awful issue racks my heart; " Who can lay any thing to the charge of God's elect? It is God that justifieth; who is he that condemneth! It is Christ that died; yea, rather, that is rifen again, and is fet down at the right hand of God." I am perfuaded, that neither death, nor life, things present, nor things to come, fhall ever be able to separate me from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus my Lord.

"Physicians, are there indeed hopes of my recovery? Alas! will recovery turn up life, my title to more woe, more sin! more distance from my God! Am I to be shipwrecked into health! must I a-new return from the harbour of everlast-

ing rest, into a stormy sea of corruption, temptation, and trouble !- Ah, must my soul coatinue paying so dear rent, for her ill lodging!-But it is the Lord; let him do what feemeth him good; it is - enough, that my beloved is mine and I am his .- All the heaven I wish below, is to taste his love: and all the heaven I wish above, is but to see his face. -Yet a little, little while, and he that cometh will come, and will not tarry: though the vision be yet for an appointed time, at the end it shall speak, and shall not lie. Wait for it, because it will surely come, and will not tarry; let not me desert my watch-tower, till God call me off. If I die, I shall praise him: and if I live, through his grace, I shall praise him while I have a being; I will make known his truth and kindness to the following generation.

"But the fever being abated, I am seized with a flux." What a mass of corruption am I! How stupendous is the power of Gods in supporting me under this double distemper? "Now I am also assume that it is certainly in the cup.—Not certainly, my soul; for in six troubles he can deliver me, and in seven, no evil may come near me. But, if I recover, my life will certainly be a triple wonder, a threefold escape from death at once.—May God give me a triple grace, to live answerably to it.—But now lying on the threshold of eternity, a distinguished, and unparableled debtor to the mercy of God, whether I die or live, I have but one petition to ask, and I hope

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God will not say me NAT, That all the days of my life, and for ever, I may continually fink deeper in debt to his sovereign grace, dwell in his house, behold his beauty, and inquire reverently in his temple.

CHRISTIAN JOURNAL

OF A

SUMMER-DAY.

NOW I am awake, and able to rise from my bed." Lord, what am I, that thou shouldst have brought me hitherto! how many thousands are ineternity! are in hell, since I lay down! how many thousands seized with trouble, and chained to their bed! how many this moment feel death, and his vast variety of pain! how many pine with churlish want! how many drink the baleful cup of grief; and eat the bitter bread of misery! how many point the parting anguish over the dying friend! Am I better than they? No, in nowise; bless therefore the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits.

"But how came I forth from this bed?" Is it as Tamar did from her brother's chamber, full of guilt and shame? Have I thereon devised evil, or followed after vanity?—have filthy dreams defiled my flesh *? have carnal and selfish slumbers polluted my heart. Have I slept to the glory of God? when I awaked, was I still with him? did I remem-

^{*} Jude ver. .8.

ber him upon my bed, and meditate on him in the night-watches? did the spiritual turn of my dreams bear witness, that the multitude of my business is to hold communion with God *? " I hope the morning " is agreeable." But is this my happiest? No: " I forget the things which are behind; and reach forth unto these which are before," at the resurrection of the just. Thrice happy morning that! By faith, methinks, I already hear the great archangel founding his trumpet, and faying to my dead body, " Arise, my love, my fair one, and come away: the winter of death is past, the rain of trouble is over and gone.

Awake thou that fleepest; and arise from the dead, and Christ shall give thee light. Awake and fing, ye that dwell in the dust:" Christ's dead body shall you arife; your dew shall be as the dew of herbs .- With what gladness shall I then arise, and go to Jesus, mine exceeding joy!

"But now I must shift myself, and put on my clothes." Naked came I out of my mother's belly, and naked shall I return thither. Stript of all things, I must quickly descend to the grave.—Sin made nakedness shameful, and hurtful.—Alas, how am I covered with its guilt, and blotted with its stains! O Jesus, wash me in thy blood, that I may be whiter than the snow. "How refreshing to my body are these clean linens!" But how much more refreshing it is to my soul, when Jesus enabled me to put off the corrupt old man with his deeds, and put on himself, for my righteouspess and sanctification; put

^{*} Eccl. v. 3.

on his pure righteousness and grace*!—How refreshing, to put off the vile rags of corruption and mortality, and put on the clean garments of perfect holiness, immortality, and endless felicity +!

" Now I am flarted to my feet." But, my foul, art thou grovelling on the earth? or dost thou stand on the Rock of ages, and tower in defire towards heavenly things? "My eyes are quite opened." But is my understanding opened, to understand the scripture, to discern Jehovah in his greatness and live; Jesus in his beauty, fulness and grace; fin in its vileness, self in his baseness, the world in her withering vainness? Know I the Lord my God! " My clothes are put on." What are they, but badges of my shame? whence came they? are they not borrowed from the beafts and fields? and is it not a mercy that the borrower is not fervant to the lender? O the kindness of God, in stripping innocent fields, guiltless flocks, and harmless vermine, to clothe me a finner! O his aftonishing kindness, in stripping his dear Son of his glorious apparel, and clothing him with clay, guilt, and condemnation, that I might be made all glorious within, and have my raiment of wrought gold; that I might be arrayed with the filken robe, the full atonement of Jefus; who became a worm, and no man : that I might be decked and warmed with the fleece of the Lamb of Gody and adorned. with the righteousness of him, my burnt-sacrifice! " Natural clothes do not warm me, but merely re-" tain the heat which I communicate to them." But my divine robes truly warm my cold foul with

* Rev. xix. 8.

+ 2 Cor. v. 4.

foreign, with celeftial fire; wrapt in them, by a close application of Jesus, as my righteousness and strength, I can but melt and burn with love to him who loved me, and gave bimself for me. His obeying, his dying love, believed with my heart, kindles all her powers into a most vehement slame.

"But I must wash myself in this clean water, "to refresh, cool, and purify me." My soul, when thy corruptions wax warm; when the fire of lust begins to kindle; when thou art wearied with the greatness of thy way; when thou art scorched with Satan's fiery darts; when thou art defiled by the flying dust of carnal care, or by falling into the mire of any sinful practice; bathe thyself in Jesus' blood; wash thyself in the influences of his Spirit: so shall thy lusts cool and weaken, thy weariness be removed, thy temptations be foiled, and thy spots purged. Wash thine hands in innocence, and so compass the alter of God. Wash on, till thou art without spot, or wrinkle, or any such thing.

"Now let me examine my appearance in this "looking glass." My mirror, flatter me not; too often have I flattered myfelf, when I examined my foul by the mirror of God's word. "Showest thou "me a beautiful countenance?" A beautiful body is but a comely prison; Beauty is but vain, but skindeep, and short-lived; and favour is deceitful.—How quickly will old age, or death, turn my comeliness into corruption! my beauty into burning!—My beauty is but borrowed from God: let me not worship it in his stead;—let not me, as of the old serpent, have comeliness in my countenance, and pride, corrup-

tion, and lust, reigning in my heart.-Let my beauty be in the inner-man; beauty that will triumph over death, and the grave.-If my outward beauty be inferior to that of others, let me be more eminently holy in all manner of conversation. " If my face " be ugly and freckled;" let it ferve for a standing memorial of my more unlightly heart, and spotted life; let it push me to insure union with Christ, " who shall change my vile body, and make it like " unto his glorious body."—" Is my countenance fur-" rowed with wrinkles, and withered with decay? " are my teeth rotten, or falling out?" These are hints from heaven, that I am near the end of my journey; death approaches near; the furrow of the grave is opening for me; quickly shall I drop into it, and rot under its clods; quickly shall my spirit return to God, who gave it. But, my foul, have I feen Jesus to-day? is it the great business of my life, to behold as in a glass his glory, that I may be changed into his image? Am I flanding on the sea of glass, mingled with fire, before his throne? Do I depend on his righteousness, Spirit, and love, in all my dealings, with Heaven, earth, and hell?

"Now methinks I am handsomely dressed." But how much precious time, time more precious than kingdoms, have I took to dress a living dunghill, a morfel for worms!—How slightly have I looked up to God, to adorn me with his grace, and enable me to adorn his doctrine, and my profession, with an holy conversation, by being in his fear all the day long! How little do I live in putting on the Lord Je-

fus, and boafting myfelf in the imputed robes of his righteouiness!

"Let me now retire to my closet, and begin " the day with God." Awake, my dull, my drowfy heart; awake, utter a fong, praise the Lord for his goodness; for he hath done excellent things, which are known in all the earth. Biefs the Lord, O my foul, that I am not awaked in hell; not furrounded with infernal flame; that I am fresh and vigorous; that I have a competent portion of liberty, honour, and wealth; that I have a house to dwell in, bread to eat, and raiment to put on; that the family are fafe and found; that I have agreeable friends and neighbours; and, what is more than all, have GoD, have Jesus, to be mine.-My heart is fixed; my heart is fixed; with grace will I fing platms of praife, in the affured hope, that my lips shall for ever pour forth loud hofannas, and hallelujahs to: God " that fitteth on the throne, and to the Lamb."

"Let me read his precious word;" it is the glass by which I am to examine my heart, speech, and behaviour; it is my guide in the way to glory; it is my armour to defend myself, and slay my spiritual foes; it is the food, the fincere milk, on which my soul liveth.—Thrice sweet promise! how exactly suited to my case! how richly stored! how pregnant with the goodness of God! how ravishing to my heart! Where wast thou during the late—circumstances of my soul! Often I have read thee, but never felt thy power as now.—Sweet mystery! doctrine of God in my nature, loving, undertaking, obeying, dying, rising again, and interceding for me! it is

like honey to my mouth; it penetrates to the bottom of my heart; it is "like new wine, going down fweetly."—Just commandment of Heaven, how pleafantly dost thou awe my conscience, reprove my sin, direct my path, and sway my will!—Say, could ten thousand years perusal of plays and romances, afford such pleasure to a soul, as these sew lines of inspiration have done to mine? Can souls immortal feed on fancies! Surely not; except to suture wo. You sons and daughters of pleasure, retire and

read your Bibles, to be gay.

" Now I will call on God," and he shall save me. -What am I, to be thus admitted into JEHOVAH's presence, and to enjoy intimate fellowship with him! How am I, who am but dust and ashes, allowed to talk with God, as a man with his friend! while I am yet speaking, he answers, and faith, I am the Lord thy God. So sweetly his promises crowd in my heart, that cordial AMENS are all the requests I have room to offer. Now, Lord, thou hast given me the " spirit of grace and supplication. Now be helpeth mine infirmities, and maketh intercession for me with groanings which cannot be uttered." My heart and flesh cry out for God, the living God. Now I wax bold to afk, without doubting, all that is Christ's; grace, glory, and every good thing; for he " is mine, and I am his: God spared not his own Son; and shall he not with him freely give me all things?" May profperity attend his cause among men; let my right hand forget her cunning, if I forget Jesus' honour, Jesus' church, when it is well with me .- But, O sweet frame, whither art thou fled? why fo quickly fled?

in the place, in the duty, where God talked with me, he is gone up from me. Alas, what can a foul feparated from God do, but languish in disquiet, and be tormented with perpetual agitation? But, bleffed Jelus, " the same yesterday, to-day, and for ever;" though frames, though heart and flesh faint and fail, thou shalt never fail me. I shall see thee again, and my heart shall rejoice, and my joy shall no man take from me. Quickly do I hope to fee the time, when God shall hide his face from me no more; when my heart shall be so arrested with the powerful influence of redeeming love, as to be for ever incapable of wandering, so inflamed, as never to cool. My requests being presented to God in the name of his Son, let me leave them before his throne, and daily wait for his gracious answer: let me inforce them by a frequent repetition of them, and carefully observe divine providence, to discern when they are fulfilled; and fo "understand the loving-kindness of the Lord."

"Let me now worship God with my family." The length of my journey, and the urgent labour of my servants, loudly call us off from it: but dare I prefer the advance of a few paces travelling, or a job of earthly business, to the command, the enjoyment of our God? Lord forbid, that I should rob thee of time, regard, or service, to bestow it upon a worthless, ungrateful, perishing world. The louder its hurry roar for our attendance, there is the more need to have our soul fully ballasted with thy grace. While it gives us time to eat, drink, or sleep; let us be ashamed to say, that we have no time for the family to worship God: are our bodies, our belly, dearer to

us than our God? Never let us take a breakfast for these, and deny it to our soul: let never my careless neglect employ the weeping prophet as my chaplain: God forbid that my house should have a concern in his awful prayer, "Pour out thy sury upon the Heathen, that know thee not, and upon the families that call not upon thy name."

"Though but lately rifen, I am fet down to w breakfast." But in the earliest bloom of life, did Lbegin to feed on Jesus' flesh and blood? Was he my trust from my mother's belly? had I scarce adieued her supporting arms, when I began to feast on his love? " Here is plentiful provision, provision suited " to all our appetites." Lord, how rich thy bounty! how aftonishing thy kindness, in causing sea and land, places near and distant, concur to furnish this meal for us rebellious finners! But, friends, is not this entertainment full of Christ, the glorious, the sweet provision, which came down from heaven? Can I partake of pottage, coffee, or chocolate, without lifting up my heart to him, who, as the fruit of the earth, excellent and comely, was roafted in flames, and grinded in the mill of unbounded wrath; that being, as it were, mingled with the full flood of everlasting love, with the Spirit of all grace, he might be delicate provision for me! Can I drink this far-brought ten, without enrapturing thoughts of the labour, the expence of Heaven, in preparing and bringing Jefus near, to undertake for me; to obey, and die for me; dwell in, and for ever feed me! " How marvellous " the art and labour which prepared this fweetening " fugar !" Thrice more marvellous the art, the love,

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the labour, which fitted all-sweetening Jesus, and his all-sweetning redemption, for me! and, blessed be God, their price cannot be raifed! " How rich and " pure this milk !" But far more rich, pleasant, nourishing and restoring, the fincere milk of God's word. May I desire and feed on it, that I may grow thereby. "How fweet this butter of kine, and honey of bees!" Far sweeter is JEHOVAH's promise to my heart: Jefus, by conveying all things through himself, and his new covenant, hath made them brooks of honey and butter to my foul. "How excellent this bread, that strengtheneth our heart!" Thrice more excellent art thou, my bleffed and bruifed Redeemer, in all the earth l evermore give thou, be thou the bread which fupports my foul, my unfailing flaff of bread, and whole flay of water .- With pleasure may I ever apply thy person, thy offices, thy relations, and works, that my foul may be strengthened and excited to every good work and deed .- But if this small table, this fingle meal contain fo much, what must be in God himself? how rich my endless entertainment, when filled with all the fulness of God!

"Let me now take my horse, and ride my Jour"ney." What am I, to have a horse, which many, and even Jesus, wanted! to have both a horse to ride on, and legs fit to walk with; while some have neither! But "to whom much is given, of him shall much be required."

"How filthy, it this stable ! Certainly it is long if since it was cleanfed." But is not this world more filthy: what numerous troops of beaftly men have been near fix thousand years defiling it? Get, hence,

my foul, take not up thy rest here, for it is polluted. Nor shall it be thoroughly cleansed, till itself and its works are burned up, and its impenitent defilers driven out, into the infernal lake. And what am I? what devils and corrupt lusts have been stabled in me fince my conception? from within come the things that defile me. Lord, deliver me from that most abominable thing, my wicked, my carnal heart. -But stop, my soul; with wonder stop; was Jesus, my great ALL, born in a stable, and laid in a manger? let endless and enraptured wonder rife. Was JEHOVAH born in a stable for me, that he might enter into, and refide in the unclean hell of my heart, and prepare mansions in his Father's house for me? Did he lie in a manger, that he might lie for ever betwixt my breafts, and I for ever in the embraces of his love?

"Now my horse is bridled." Be not, my soul, ilke the horse or mule, whose mouth must be held in with bit or bridle;" let never carnal sense and lust ride on my reason. "I bid farewell to my family." Be persuaded, firs, to chuse for your head Jesus Christ, who will never bid you adieu, never leave you, nor forsake you.—Behave in my absence as in God's sight.—Let my present departure warn you, that God will quickly take me from being your head. Ponder, ponder, whether Jesus or Satan bids fairest to be my successor in your heart.

"Now I am on horseback." Think, my soul, of him that rides on clouds and cherubims for the help of his people; the great God who rode on a despicable ass for me; who rides on the white horse of the

glorious gospel, to subdue sinners to himself. Lord, ride prosperously, and let thine enemies fall under thee, "I set out on my journey." May the gracious Preferver of man and beast, bear me safely out, and bring me safely in. May all the various things which I happen to see, appear full of Christ: he made; he upholds; he directs; he actuates all things. May the earth, and the beafts thereof, to-day teach me; let the fowls of the air tell me, and the fishes of the fea declare unto me, the things which concern their KING. All nature is confecrated ground, teeming with growths divine; myself is the tabernacle of God; may all my cares and thoughts centre in him. -Earth's turning from the sun, brings on our night; man's turning heart and eyes from God, brings an awful, endless night. What is creation, but the thin, the fleeting atmosphere of God! What are the changed feafons, but the various displays of God? In fpring, forth shines his beauty, tenderness, and love.—Then comes his glory in the fummer . months; from him the fun shoots full perfection through the fwollen year; his voice in dreadful thunder speaks.—His bounty shines in autumn unconfined, and spreads a feast for all that live. - In winter he is awful, with clouds and florms. O great, O good supreme! in all teach me what is good: teach me thyself: enrich me with the knowledge of thy works; thereby fnatch my foul to heaven: let my thoughts from thee begin; dwell all on thee; with thee conclude the scene; let them never stray from thee.—But stop, my conscience; is my foul set out heavenwards? is my heart now going forth

to meet the Bridegroom; am I, by a present exercise of faith and love, sitting on the white horse of gospel-promises and influences; and following after him who is King of kings, and Lord of lords?

" How stately the steps! how great the strength! " how bold the looks of this horse!" Rather, how gloriously the divine power and greatness shineth in him! how infinitely more august the aspect and goings of my God and my King who made him! How furpassing, that God should make this strong and stately creature fo submissive to man! how much more so, that the Almighty himself should submit to bear my fin, my curse, my wo! and to bear and carry me to everlasting rest! Never more doubt, my foul, of all things working together for thy good; and be thou, as the Lord's goodly horse*, strong in Christ, and courageous in his way; but beware of neighing after thy lusts +, or rushing into temptation, as the borse rusheth into -the battle, " This horse is at once so restiff, that must keep a sure bridle-hand; and so dull, that " he must have plenty of the spur." Alas, my heart must be at once restrained and excited; must at once be drawn with cords of love, and spurred with reproofs and afflictions.—Only he who rides on clouds, and fits on fwelling waves, can manage her motions. -If I can scarce manage a horse; if I can by no means manage my heart; why should I presume to conduct the providence of God? let me rather cry unto God, unto God who performeth all things for me. "But at what doth my horse start, and stumble in

^{*} Zech. x. 3. f Jer. v. 8.

" the open street?" How often has my weak, rash, and careless heart, feared where no fear was! stumbled without cause in the streets and broad ways of divine ordinances! But, bleffed be God, the white horse of evangelic promises and influences*, on which I ride to glory, neither fears troops of devils, nor can stumble on mountains of darkness, lust, guilt, or trouble. " How impartial is this horfe! he regards " me no more than he doth my fervant." Can I then expect that my highness will procure me the regard of Heaven? will cause the king of terrors to cringe at my feet? or dare I profittute my conscience to heap partial honours on the great? " An horfe, however stately, is a vain thing for preservation." So let me count all creatures; let me use them as subordinate means of comfort; but put my trust andy in the living God.

"Here is an excellent way, where it was went to be fearce passable: at what vast expense hath it been finished!" O the glorious, the new and living way, where sin had made an unpassable guls! Jesus is the way, the truth, and the life; no man cometh to the Father, but by him. With astonishment, ponder, my soul, at what inestimable expense of Jehovah's love, and of Jesus' blood, this was opened, was finished for thee!—Here walk and wonder, all the days of thy life: having received the Lord Jesus, walk thou in him. "I must pay for the agreeableness of this high-way." But nothing, nothing must I give for Christ: O sweet truth to me,

^{.*} Rev. xix. 11, 14.

who have nothing which I dare call my own, but my fin! Cursed be my pride, that ever prompted me to present my self-righteousness, my splendid sins, to the Most High, as the price of his Son, and of redemption through him—O astonishing grace, that he did not bid me perish with my money, because I thought the gift of God might be purchased with it!

" Here is the turnpike gate, at which I am oblig-" ed to pass." And by the strait gate of regeneration must I enter on the way of holiness, the way to the heavenly Zion; for except a man be born again he cannot enter into the kingdom of God. Christ is at once my gate and my way; by this the just do enter in. "I cannot tell this keeper, that the gentleman " before paid for me." But bleffed be the Lord, that when law or justice feem to demand ought from me, I can boldly tell them, my forerunner Christ paid all for me. "I am scarce passed, when the gate is " again shut." But my gate Christ is ever open for new comers, as long as fun and moon endure.--Having once passed the gate of regeneration, I cannot get back; -and quickly the gates of glory shall be shut after me, that I will never go out. " The tic-" ket which I have got here, will procure me free paf-" fage at the next gate." Rejoice my foul, the everlafting covenant, made with me in my union to Christ, will procure me an abundant entrance into the metropolis of glory above: by means of it I shall stand in death, and in the judgment: let me cleave fast to it; let my right hand forget her cunning, if I forget it, and do not lay it up in the inmost repositories of my heart. Bleffed transaction, thou wilt rather preserve me than I keep thee! "But foot-passen-" gers pay nothing at this gate, and these with un"faddled horse but the half of what I have done."
If our worldly stations be low, our wants are few: he that increaseth his comforts in any thing besides Christ, increaseth his burdens.

"Now I have turned my back on the place of my abode: perhaps I may never return; or if I do, may meet the corple of some of my family going to his long home, the grave." O to have all our life bid with Christ in God! bound up in the bundle of life with him! that even in death we may live with, and go to him, and afterwards appear with him in glory.—Death's separation of those in Christ is both short and sweet.

"Hark how melodiously these larks do sing!—"how high in ather's fields they soar." Sweet birds, were ye redeemed? redeemed with blood divine? Sure not; cease then to sting my heart;—rather sting me to the quick. Ah! while ye soar and sing; how deep immersed in sin in earth, I lie! how sew; how heartless, and ill-tuned, are my songs of praise, to sovereign grace! O to soar above the skies, and sing new songs to my well-beloved; to have my mouth silled with the high praises of my God! my God who died for me!

"Among yonder trees, the crows pour forth their harsh notes." Lord, "all thy works praise thee, and thy saints bless thee; the eyes of all things wait upon thee," and seek their meat from thee; thou openest thine hand liberally, and satisfiest the define of all living: O how great thy riches, that enableth; and thy munisicence, which determines thee to nou-

rish all creation at thy table !- Because I am altogether wants, I will call on thee: furely thou wilt not feed crows, and ravens that cry, and starve a crying foul, which thou hast redeemed. "Ye hoarse 46 crows, ye comely doves, how doth the fummer 46 pinch you, while others riot in plenty! but reioice, the fattening harvest draweth nigh." No outward prosperity but bears hard upon some; nothing answers all things but my God .- Rejoice, my foul, amidst present straits; the full, the fattening harvest of glory approacheth; then shalt thou eat, and be fatisfied, and praise the Lord; -your heart shall ever live that seek him. " No "doubt, you birds, the industrious farmer, who " owns the earliest corns, will be offended at your " voracious feeding thereon." But, bleffed Jesus, thou wilt never be displeased with my plentiful repast on the riches of thy grace: thou wilt never fray me away; never expose me to danger on that account. May I, like the hungry birds, early feek after God.

"How brightly doth this morning fun ascend, "while a thousand sons of disorder and sloth drink in their midnight sleep!" How these day dreamers contemn this common, this free, inestimable gift of Heaven! Yesternight candles gave them light; now they refuse God's bright lamp of day. Doth not this exchanging of day with night cross the natural hints of the divine will? Doth it not hurt our bodies? Is it not to lose the pleasant views, and the fresh gales of the rising morn?—to squander away the most proper period of thought?—Think, my soul, of Jesus

the Sun of righteousness: in death he set all in red: in his refurrection morning he rose, rose with ten thousand charms: thrice fure token of an endless blissful day in heaven. But is Jesus duly prized? No; to their inexpressible danger, thousands rather walk in the light of the sparks which they have kindled, than walk in his free, his glorious, and refreshful brightness: thousands waste the precious morning of youth, and of gospel-opportunity, in sloth and guilt; and thence spend their endless night amidst the sparks of Tophet. Come not, my foul, into their fecret; mine honour, be thou not united .- My flesh, like this morning fun, shall hereafter rise from her grave; Jesus shall change my vile body, and make it like unto his glorious body, according to the working, whereby he is able to subdue all things to himself.

" How plentifully the early dew lies on the ground! " how nourishing, how refreshing to the plants and " foil!" How often hath my foul been restored and revived with the gracious influence of my Redeemer, who is as the refreshing, the fructifying dew to his people. " Neither can I restrain, nor bring down " this falling dew." No more, Lord, can I revive my foul before thy time of love; and when it cometh, neither floth, guilt, nor rebellious opposition, can prevent thy gracious approaches to her. O be always to me as the dew that waiteth not for man! " How numerous these pearly drops!" But far more numerous are Jesus' favours to my soul. I am loaded with his benefits: they are new every morning; and great is his faithfulness. And numerous as the dew, be the comely, the early converts of his church.

"How dry are these hard stones, amidst the rank"ness of this dew!" O how hardness, and impenitency of heart, bereaves us of divine influence, and
make us as these stones, which know not when good
cometh! while the gospel is a favour of life to some, it
is a favour of death to others.—Lord, grant me spiritual sap, that to bim that hath, it may be given, till he
bove abundance.

56 What a marvellous change, the late rains, and " warmth, have made on the face of the earth! " how quickly the vegetables have grown up these "few weeks past!" Even so, Lord Jesus, when thy Spirit is poured forth as waters upon the thirsty, and shood on the dry ground; when the warming influence of thy bleeding love melts our heart, how doth thy church, how doth my foul grow up, " as willows by the water-courses!" But, alas! how often in the furamer-feafon of gospel ordinances, hath all been witheredness and drought with me?--How often do the numberless plants on these delightful fields bear awful witness against me! have they grown so much in a few weeks, and my grace almost nothing these many years? "Lo, how they point, and rife, towards heaven, from whence they receive their " fructifying warmth and moisture!" Blush deep, my foul; tremble with a very great trembling: behold how these missions witness against thy earthly mindedness, thy apostacy from God, thy growth towards hell. Alas! why have not I more fet my affections on things above, where Jesus is at-the right hand of God, and whence I receive every good and perfect gift? What mean my fond embraces, the wanton glances

which I cast on created comforts! If my treasure be in heaven, why is my heart so far from it? why are so few of my thoughts there? why should a moth-eaten creature steal one thought away from God?

"Here, through unwariness, I have fallen from my horse." Alas, how often hath my soul fallen by her iniquity! how sadly hath she been broken and bruised? O what a mercy, that God "raiseth the bowed down, and upholdeth them that fall!" and that my fores, my sins, occasion Jesus' labour on my soul, as the Lord my God that healeth me! "I am scarce hurt." What a mercy is it, thou Preserver of man and beast! how excellent is thy loving-kindness! "How quickly am I risen again!" So, when I sall by sin, let God speedily recover me, raise me up, fet my feet upon a rock, and establish my goings; and when I sit in darkness or distress may he be a light and comfort to me.

"What late improvements have been made on these sields!" But ah, how little in my heart and life, or in the corner where I have my abode? Alas! we improve in every thing but the principal, the one thing necessary. "What ditching and hedging are here!" Lord Jesus, dig about me; hedge up my way with thorns, or any thing else, that I may not overtake my lovers, nor follow my lusts: be thou my defence and stay, to protect me from the blasts of divine wrath, or the wild beasts of devils, and indwelling corruption:—I am not half redeemed, if sin, the tyrant reign. "Did I break over these dikes or hedges and ride upon the inclosed ground, should I not

" expose myself to a penalty?" And if I break over the mound of the divine law, or, by despising it, tread upon the hedge of trouble, shall not the vengeance of God, an awakened conscience, and the old serpent, the devil, bite me! "How surprising the effect of industry on this field! now it is fat and fertile; not long ago it was quite barren: the admigacent ground is still so." So the gracious industry of Heaven makes his chosen more excellent than their neighbour: what but this maketh them to differ! Alas, my wretched self, how little industry have I tried upon thee! and how little effect has the distinguished industry of God had on thee! I am of the same cursed soil with Judas, Ahab, or Cain: and how small is the difference betwirt their ways and mine! nor is that which is, in the least owing to me, but entirely to God's sovereign grace.

"Here the high-way is turned about to please a gentleman." But bless the Lord, O my soul, that neither great nor small, height nor deep, nor any other creature, can either stop, straiten, nor change my new and living way: they shall be changed; but he is the same: they shall perish; but he shall endure: he is "the same yesterday, to-day, and for ever."—
"Excellent as this new way is, it beats my horse feet, and will need frequent repair." But never shall my way to the Father need repair: he hath, "by one offering, persected them that are sanctified, and obtained eternal redemption for us:" never shall walking in him hurt the feet, the affections of my soul; but shall restore, strengthen, and comfort me.

"Here a ditch and hedge stop me; willingly I co deserted the high-way to obtain a shorter; but I re must go back to recover it, and so make my way " longer than I needed." When, my foul, did I gain by deferting the high-way of God's law; the high-way of redemption, through the blood of his Son; or the high-way of the lot which he appointed for me! Have not all my attempts of this nature iffued in shame, confusion, and double trouble? Tho' the whole day of my life is too short for my journey to eternity; yet, ah, how much of it has been worse than vainly spent! the loss of time is most dreadful and irrecoverable, and yet least thought of. Ah, how often have I fatigued myself with random excursions from my proper path! But, bleffed be the Lord, who, by fharp reproofs, and thorny hedges of trouble hath, times without number, stopt me fhort, and made me fay, " I will go and return to my first husband; for then it was better with me than now."

"What a rich inheritance! what a charming habitation hath this nobleman here! how pleafant the environs! how fweet the prospect! how whole fome the air! how fine the water!" Envy him not, my soul; perhaps it is his ALL! if he is without Christ, better that he begged his bread in desolate places, and embraced the rock, for want of a shelter: for " in how much he lives deliciously, so much torment and sorrow shall be given him."—Perhaps, amidst all this abundance, yonder beggar enjoys firmer health, sounder sleep, and a more peaceful breast than he. Earthly enjoyments, like scor-

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pions, have stings in their tails; they sting us with care while we have them, with pain when we leave them, and with grief when they leave us: at best they are but fickly dying friends: scarcely have we feen them when they give up the ghost; they perish in our fond embrace, and leave a throbbing heart. How quickly the rich fons of wealth flow down the streams of false enchanting joy, into a lasting ruin! How fast the flowing spring of youth issues in the ardent fummer of mid life | next their half-fober autumn fades into age; and pale wintry death con-cludes the scene. Where now their empty dreams of greatness! their longings after fame! their restless cares! their busy bustling nights and days! their gay-fpent fashionable nights! their veering thoughts between good and ill! their sparkling eyes! their charming tongue! their round of merriment and whim! How often these dreamers of the earth are but an idle blank, an useless load! nay, worse, how often they all day long in fordid pleasures roll, and launch into the deeps of riot and extravagance! how often they squander on their fcoundrel train what might have cheered an helpless family !--- How often death crowns their midnight bowl, and laughs at them who laugh at him !-Our inheritance is not as theirs, our enemies themselves being judges: Jelus, the alone portion of my cup, and my inheritance for ever, is ever, is univerfally fweet and charming: how infinitely glorious, firm and commodious, is the Lord, my habitation! what ravishing prospect of eternity, past and future! what transporting views of God as LOVE! what wholesome air of divine influence! what broad river of life have I in him! whatever I can fee is mine own; and I enjoy it all IN God. Nor shall death, nor life, nor any other creature, be ever able to separate me from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus my Lord. Say then, my foul, would I exchange my property with this nobleman's, or even with ten thousand worlds? No, they should "be utterly contemned; the lines are fallen unto me in pleasant places; I have a goodly heritage." I am Jehovah's, and Jehovah is mine; my God, and mine all.

"Here the beggar accosts me; had I appeared as himself, he had asked nothing: but now he un-" covers, he cringeth, he cries for relief." Lord, let me never ask help from the creatures which are as poor, as dependent, as myself; but with humility, with earnestness, let me address thee, my great ALL, for the supply of all my wants; thy liberal foul devifeth liberal things, and by liberal things shall thy fame for ever stand. " Mark how he discovers his ailment. " to move my pity!" Let me confess my trespasses unto the Lord, bewail my fins and plagues before him, that he may graciously look upon me, forgive my guilt, and heal my malady. " Ah, how tatter-" ed and nasty the unhappy wretch!" Mischievous waster, sin, what hast thou done to thy votaries?-Alas! I am " all as an unclean thing, and my right-eousness as filthy rags." " He is a wicked fellow; " he lightly mentions my great Maker's name; " therefore I'll give him nothing," Stop, my foul, what if God should so deal with thee? Did not Jesus die for the ungodly! did he not give himself for, and

to ME, the chief of finners !—Canst thou pretend to be a Christian, and yet refuse to imitate him? " But " let others who are richer give." Foolish heart, is not this poor man a collector of Jehovah's revenues? -Owe I nothing to my Lord? owe I not my foul, my all to him? is it not of his mercy that I am not in the very case of this wretch?-What if I, or my feed, should be fo reduced! How often have I obferved, that a penny kept back from the Lord, hath been a pound kept out of men's way !- Is it not with the merciful that God will shew himself merciful?-Doth not he that giveth to the poor lend to the Lord, who will repay it with usury !- Let me therefore, according to my ability, and from love to Jesus, grant this man relief. - But have I nothing to beflow for the benefit of his foul! shall his belly bless me, and his foul for ever curfe me, that I would not bestow a fentence of spiritual admonition upon him?

"Here the fagacious cur comes, leading his blind "master; how he guides him about the mire, and "directs him to the door!" Mother of all living, how hath thy hearkening to a serpent blinded and degraded thine offspring! how many of them are led by beastly lusts, by beastly companions, or careless teachers, who lead them into everlasting woe!

O the sagacity of this animal! What then the wisdom of him who maketh matter so sagacious! Who maketh us wifer than the fowls of heaven, and beasts of the earth! that can charge his angels with folly!—Behold, my soul, how this poor man trusts his life to his cur; and blush deep that, times without number, thou hast refused to trust thy God with

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things of smaller import.—O Jesus, how often have blind I resuled to be led by thee in the way which I knew not.

"Here a band of foldiers march to the war: per-" haps having loft leg or arm in the service of their " country, they will be fet adrift to beg their bread." Pursue and court the world as we please, it will prove ungrateful: But, O generous Mediator, if once I truly enlift under thy banner, to fight with fin, Satan, and the world, thou wilt never cast me off; but arm, protect, feed, clothe, bear, and carry me, bind up my wounds, exalt me to thy throne, and give me a crown of life.—Let me therefore, as a good foldier of Jesus Christ, endure hardness, exercise courage, and study faithfulness *. "Yonder their " wives, or perhaps their harlots, follow them." Silly women, they have doubtless heard or feen the wretched case of others, who took that course before; yet how chearfully they now purfue it themfelves! Lord Jesus, how gladly will sinners follow any but thee: Too probably, many of these women's connection hath begun in folly and lust; shall it not end in mifery and woe +? fin may be fweet in the mouth, but bitter in the belly; pleasant in acting, but awful to endure the ftings of conscience, or the vengeance of hell for it.

"Here they drive home the winter coal."—Doth God bid his earth empty her bowels, to warm his enemies, whose just portion is eternal fire?—Did he send his son from his bosom to save us? Did Jesus empty his heart of precious life, that I might be for

^{* 2} Tim. iv. 8. and ii. 3.

[†] Prov. ii. 16--19.

ever comforted with his love ?-- Let me then treafure up his promises, and kind providences, in my heart, to warm it in the cold winter of affliction and death. " Here the unmerciful driver adds himself " to the burden of the weary beaft." Little do many think, that they must answer to God for the abuse of his creatures.—How often, when I have been laden with outward trouble, dark defertion, and deep challenge of consciences, hath Satan burdened mewith his horrid temptations? and the more I yielded, the more he abused me. Lord free me from his hands, cruel and unjust. " Now I meet a company " of our young gentry: how blooming their features! " how fparkling their eyes! how cheerful their looks!" Let no created beauty inchant me: how much fairer is my Christ, the brightness of the Father's glory, that made them such: Here is a face of comliness, with inward parts filled with all unrighteoufness; perhaps a face of joy, and heart of pain. "How high their " heads:-what levity shines in their countenance! what contemptuous pride fits brooding in their " glance! how loud their peals of laughter!" What monsters had they been reckoned, if God had formed them with such heads! I fear their heads and hearts are too high for Jesus Christ, and his salvation; though not too high for death or hell. I wish the Lord knew them not afar off: is not the proud look an abomination to him? Do not fools alway affect to be on the laughing fide?—But shall they stand in God's fight? Can these sons and daughters of gaiety inchant the king of terrors? Can they command respect from the ill-bred vermine of the grave? Can

finery bribe the angry judge? Can honoured blood quench the flames of hell? Can beauty charm a roufed conscience, or a tormenting fiend? --- "Ah, " how they lard their fpeech with horrid oaths." Are they obliged to talk blasphemy, for want of sense to speak any thing else? Have they finished their education in Tophet? or are they fond of an eternity there, that they are already adepts in the language of it? Friends, how my bowels yearn towards you! how I pity your case! Is nothing baser than your Maker's name, to make a bye-word of? Is Satan your principal friend, the darling of your heart, that he dwells fo much on your tongue? Is nothing more fweet than damnation, which you so often imprecate? -Why, with fuch intermixture, render your converse stupid and unmannerly? Why, without either profit or pleasure, do things whereof ye shall be ashamed? Hath not your Maker, your Judge, folemnly charged you, "Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain! for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh his name in vain .- Swear not at all, neither by heaven, nor by the earth: but let your communication be, Yea, yea; Nay, nay: for whatfoever is more than these, cometh of evil."

"Now I overtake a burial." Perhaps it is an only child, an useful neighbour, a kind husband, or beloved wife; but nothing now avails, but Jesus formed in his heart, and applied to him as his eternal robe.—Lord, in the view of my approaching exit, I take hold of thee, and thy everlasting covenant, as all my falvation, and all my defire; to thee I commit my spirit: according to thy promise, satisfy me with

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life, and cause mine eyes to see thy salvation. I leave my fatherless children on thee; and let my widow trust in thee. Much of me is dead already: my best friends are mostly gone; gone, I fear, to Jesus' tribunal, to witness against my neglecting to profit, or to be profited by them: parents, brothers, and fifters, are entered into a dread eternity: death hath carried off my pleasant children, as hostages and pledges, that I must quickly follow: my remaining feed grow up to thrust me out of my present room. Long hath God been loofing my roots on earth, that he may the more easily pluck me up at last. Perhaps, in my remaining half hand-breadth of time, he will strip me of every relation; of every outward comfort: the Lord hath given; and if the Lord take away, bleffed be the name of the Lord: happy they, whose friends are not lost in death, but gone before.

"Surprising! these buriers attend the corpse with "no more apparent sense of future things, than is they interred a dog: indecent laughter, talking of common news, or even making of merchandise, employs them." Have the people in this country no immortal souls? Is there no heaven, no hell, no eternity before them? Shall the stupid slock be for a while startled, when the butcher carries off one of their number? and are there MEN, whose conscience takes no alarm, when death carries off their companion into an awful, an endless state?—Ah! what precious moments, what instructive hints, what rousing alarms, these thoughtless sinners contemn! God forbid that tormenting stames should first teach them to think.

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"Lo, here is the burying-place." Multitudes, multitudes are in this valley of decision; small and great are here: rich and poor meet together; enemies mutually embrace: " the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at reft." " Let me turn aside and " view this open grave." To have one eye on death, another full fixed on heaven, becomes a mortal and immortal man.-Is fuch my future mansion? is fuch dust all that I, and all that the proud, shall be? must fuch clods and worms be my fweet companions? detested be my pride that ends so vile. O that I were wife; that I understood this; that I could consider my last end. But is not the grave the place where Jesus lay? then welcome, thrice welcome grave to me. With defire have I defired to feel the place where the Lord lay; that I may eat the great paffover with him in the temple above. - Christ is mine; and therefore, O death, where is thy fting? O grave, where is thy victory?

"Now the corpfe is interred; and many of the "attendants are gone to drink the dirge." Ah! while perhaps their friend howls and roars amidft untender fire, shall they carouse over their bottle? Hath Satan devised these dirges to quench every spark of concern which the death of friends can kindle in our breast?

"Yonder stands a magnificent house: at valt expense the late owner reared it; and when it was just finished, he retired to his grave." Deceitful earth, is this thy usage of the nable friends, to wind up their expectations to the highest; and then suddenly cast them down into destruction? blot

me then out of their number. If riches, honours, or pleasures increase; let me not set mine heart upon them: let my soul never look upon the wine of earthly enjoyments "when it is red, when it giveth its colours in the cup: at the last it will bite like a serpent, and sting like an adder." Whenever I behold or enjoy any thing noble, magnificent, or pompous; let me seriously resect how little it is to fill the idea, and satisfy the ambition of an immortal soul.

"Here is a cottage mean to a proverb: here the colliers dwell." Ungrateful earth, is this thy kindness to thy dear son, who lies and labours in thy bosom?—who, I fear, gives thee his heart, as well as takes thine? he toils to warm others; yet himself has scarce either robes or roof to resist the cold?-Poor foul! hast thou provided a better lodging for eternity? is this wretched hut thy best heaven: art thou the pleased heir of a double hell? or is the Lord Jesus thy sure, thy everlasting habitation? Lord, I bless thee for my more commodious dwelling; and that, when the hut of my frail body shall be diffolved, I have a house eternal in the heavens .-"Yonder bearers of the fofter fex: how finking " their load! yet how chearful their fong!" How many, laden with iniquity, with the curse of their Maker, descend to the bottomless pit amidst thoughtless folly and mirth?-But learn, my foul, to rejoice in tribulation, and in every state therewith to be content: rejoice in the Lord; cast all thy burdens upon him, and he shall sustain thee. "Yonder is a col-" lier, or chimney-fweeper: a true fwatch of un"fightliness." With grief and shame behold thyself, my soul, for thou art black; black not as a painted, but as a real demon.—Do thou, Jesus, wash me; then shall I be whiter than the snow. Make me perfect, through thy comelines put upon me.

"Here lies a female beforted with drink." O loathsome sight! Ah, easy prey for hell! Ah, what degrading! what worse than beastly vice is drunkenness? Are these MEN? Can they be CHRISTIANS, who give up themselves to it? What a mercy that my curfed lust does not, just now, so expose me!-But, alas, how am I intoxicate with felf-conceit, carnal care, or angry passion! how often my mind is wrought into a raging ocean, to wast a feather, or to drown a fly! " here comes a lame man leaping on " crutches." Fallen in Adam, like Jonathan's fon, I am lame on both my feet; can go no where in the Lord's way! but may heaven's king show me kindness for my father Jesus' sake: cause me to dwell in his presence, and eat bread continually at his table. Bleffed be his name, he hath provided crutches, provided promisses, provided Jesus, to be legs to the lame, and eyes to the blind. On him let me lean all the days of my life. A time cometh when " the lame man shall leap as an hart, and the tongue of the dumb shall fing.

"Now I have rode fome miles with this company: most of them, I guess, are professed faints:
one of them is a minister. Largely, and with
great precision, have they talked concerning common news and temporal affairs; but nothing concerning Jesus and his love; nothing concerning.

" matters of eternal moment hath dropped from their " lips." Alas! Abiram's curse hath seized them, the earth hath opened her mouth, and swallowed them up alive; swallowed, I fear, their souls, thoughts, words, and actions: let me flee afar off, lest the earth swallow me up also. Ah! it is already done: partly a dumb, partly a carnal devil, hath entered me; how little can I fay, that is heavenly and spiritual? Doth not my readiness to mingle inearthly converse, testify, that, like the serpent, my foul feedeth on dust? Ak, are there no news from heaven! no new mercies from above? no news from the bufy region of our heart! Are the glad tidings of great joy to all people now out of date? or are the ears of this generation too polite to hear any thing that is worthy to be heard?

"How richly feed the flocks and herds within "yonder inclosure:" Thoughtless animals, you are fed to the flaughter, and know it not.—What numbers of unthinking mortals are fattened to the flaughter of eternal wo; and, at last, shall decay as fat of lambs;—Fret not my soul, that God resuses me the portion of reprobates.—Scorned and pitied be they who think themselves brutes, who live as if there were not a hereaster.

"Here is a beautiful well of running water; let "me alight and refresh myself." Rather let me descend from the heights of my self-conceit, and with joy draw water out of the wells of salvation; Jehovah, Jesus, the blessed Spirit, and every promise of the new covenant. How deep! how large, these fountains of living waters, containing all the fulness of God! all

the fulness of grace and truth! Out of this ever fresh, ever running and refreshful fulness, let me receive, and grace for grace.

" How large the river which springs from yon-" der rocks!" But O that river of redeeming love, which issues from JEHOVAH's heart! that river of blood, which springs from Calvary! that river of life, which flows from beneath the throne of God and of the Lamb! that river of gospel-truth which proceeds from the spirit of all grace! These, these, are the rivers that refresh the city of our God, in heaven or in earth: these, the source of our purity; the matter of our joy; the defence of our fafety; the means of our spiritual trade; the desire of our eyes: here let me drink and forget my misery: here let me bathe, that my flesh may become fresber than that of a child; here let me fwim for my recreation: here let me fish for new draughts of immortal blifs. " Some spots of " ground are now withered; but at this river fide " all is verdant and flourishing." Live near Jesus, my foul: never pass a day without special fellowship with him; fo, while others fade and wither in noontides of temptation, shalt thou be fat and flourishing, How, ye ranfomed, shall we for ever flourish in 'JE-HOVAH's immediate presence! there shall we bid an everlasting adieu to our withered heart, and blasted life; there shall we bring forth fruits of perfect holiness; our leaf shall never fade; and all we do shall prosper.

"What a mercy for our fight, that nature is wrapped in almost universal green! This doth not, as some other colours, dazzle and weaken, but re-

"fresh and invigorate my eyes." But is it not far better that our pasture, our bed of the new covenant of scripture-revelation, and of fellowship with God, is green, fresh, cheering, and invigorating to my soul? No more is God a consuming fire to devour me; but, in Jesus, all his names, perfections, and titles, are green, flourishing, and fattening pasture to my heart.

"Yonder company follows hard .- I suppose it " is my *** friends." Lord, permit not ungodly acquaintance to draw my heart from thee: now it fo bends towards heaven, that I am unwilling, and almost incapable to bring it down to converse with men on earth: often have reading and hearing wearied me; but how can I tire of fuch sweet meditation on thyself! O how the thoughts of thy perfections, thy relations, thy purposes, thy words, thine acts, and thy gifts, enlighten, enrapture, and inflame my heart! How fweetly am I lost in wonder at thy greatness and thy grace! Is this God mine? wholly mine? Did he love me, and give himself for me? and give himself to me? How my soul blusheth, that ever created nothings were all to me; and God, the great ALL, nothing ! What an hell, to live without God as our portion, our hope, and our chiefest joy! But happy he, that fearcheth, fighs, pants, and thirsts for him: bleffed he who clasps redeeming Godhead in the embraces of his foul, and is embraced by him.-My God, thou hast loved me with an everlasting love. -And oh, how I love thee! how my heart-ftrings break with defire and estimation of thee! O to expire thus amidst the kisses, the arms of a smiling God!

thine absence will be heavier than a thousand deaths. " My friends gain much ground on me." Alas, my lazy, wicked heart, how hast thou detained me in my journey heavenward! how many born after me, were in Christ before me! how many born again after me, have got beyond me in their way to their Father's house! O to be THERE, where friends shall not disturb my fellowship with God. " Each hath a flower " in his breaft, to refresh him amidst this sultry heat " of noon." Let Jesus, the refreshing, the neverfading flower of paradife, the rose of Sharon, and lily of the valley, lie all night between my breasts: let his good favour restore and enliven my heart. "Your fervant, gentlemen." Let our meeting refemble our gathering to Christ in the general affembly of the firstborn from among men. Let the high praises of God, and his redeeming love, be in our mouths .- Friends, hath not this been a short, a sweet hour? " Did not our heart burn within us, while he talked with us by the way, and opened to us the scriptures?"-Have not we had mirth indeed? mirth, that, I am fure, is not mad? How fweetly have we been refreshed with the new wine of heaven: and talked over the good news that come from a far country! Have not our hearts indited good matter concerning Jefus our King! and our tongues been like the pen of a ready writer, to utter his praise! With what pleasure shall this conference meet us at death, and the tribunal !- Say, my foul, have I not rode as with Abraham, Ifaac, and Jacob? Is not this a prelude of my meeting with angels, and spirits of just men made perfect? How hath time been won, not wasted in this company!

"Now we must part." But let us rejoice in the hope of the glory of God, and of our endless fellowship in the regions of bliss; where, with unblemished hearts, we shall quickly meet with Father, Son, and Holy Ghost:—and what shall we more say? "Is this the manner of men, O Lord?"

" I must alight at this inn, refresh myself, and " bait my horse." Thrice happy day, when I shall need inns no more; but be a pillar in the temple of my God!-But, bleffed Redeemer, how graciously hast thou provided us the inns of ordinances, to refresh our fouls! and of houses and graves, to refresh our bodies, in our way to heaven! "Yonder comes " one to receive me, and my weary beaft." And how often in the entrance of duty, hath the bleffed promife, in the hand of the Spirit, taken hold of my weary, brutish, carnal heart, and refreshed, and ftrengthened her, with the straw and provender of heavenly food. So shall death seize my wearied body, and kindly convey her to the grave, to reft till Jesus call her up to his throne. So shall angels lay hold on my weary foul, and carry her into Abraham's bosom, to be refreshed with all the fulness of God. " Large inn, thou haft a handsome out-" fide." But I wish you be not too like that of Bethlehem, where there was no room for Jesus Christ !- Ah, can there be room here for harlots. drunkards, and profane swearers; and none for the Son of God, the Saviour of the world? Alas, my heart, how much room is in thee for Satan, the world, and thy filthy lufts! yet how little for Christ! "In yonder chamber one states an account, and

" receives payment from his friend." How often has Jesus stated a long, an awful account against me! made me with terror, grief, and shame, examine and acknowledge its justness; and then with one dash blotted out the whole, saying, " Son, be of good cheer, thy fins which are many, are forgiven thee !-- Thou hast wearied me with thine iniquities, and caused me to serve with thy sins: I, even I am he that blotteth out thine iniquities, and thy transgressions for my name's sake; and will remember thy sins no more." "How yonder monkey gazes on "the mirror! fees his own shadow! touches the "glass! peeps, and looks, and gains no more:" Ah, what mere fhadows do men fport with, and fcratch to obtain! how little more they fee, or feek to find, but the mighty shadow of themselves!- "Here one " comes to the door, fo stupid, that he can scarce tell " his errand." How often go I to the throne of grace, the gate of mercy, without knowing what I want! fo foolish, ignorant, and as a beast before God! But though I, though men be fools; yet God is wife.

"How quickly is our dinner got ready!" And in Christ's ordinances all things are ready: he, his adored Father, and blessed Spirit, are ready to sit, and sup with me; angels and ministers ready to serve me; peace, pardon, and every other new-covenant blessing, ready to be bestowed on me.—Art thou, my soul, ever unready? "Here we get every thing "we ask." But in Christ we have more than we can ask or think. Lord, how rich is thy mercy: how excellent is thy loving-kindness! "What instructive monitors are here before me?" This table is an emblem of gospel-ordinances, at which, while the

King sitteth, my spikenard sendeth forth the smell thereof. "This flesh of bullock, calf, or lamb," calls to my remembrance Jesus, who was led to the slaughter: Jefus, the fatted calf, flain to feed prodigal men; Jesus, the Lamb of God, who expired on Calvary for "This bread, perhaps of the finest of the "wheat," fuggefts a thought of Jesus, the corn of wheat, who brought forth much fruit; of Jesus, who was bruifed, and roasted for me; of Jesus, who is the true bread, who came down from heaven. " feafoning falt" fuggests a meditation of the new covenant of falt, which endureth to all generations; and whose bleffings are pure, purifying, and incorruptible:-it bids me praise the Lord, that I am not falted with eternal fire; and warns me to season my heart and practice with the prevailing influence of the falt of grace. "This liquor," represents to my thought Jesus, who, in his refreshing blood, and fanctifying grace, is drink indeed; and the ever-new wine of everlasting joy, which I shall drink with him in his Father's kindom.

"What company are those I am to dine with?" Are they "the excellent ones of the earth, in whom is all my delight?"——"Stop friend; dare not to "partake of Heaven's mercies, till we have craved his leave, and asked his blessing: without this, they may prove poison to our body; shall prove death to our soul." If the polite manners of the age render men brutes, or Athiests, let them be far from me. "This man, whom we have employed as our mouth, in asking a blessing, hath addressed his Maker in so ignorant and irreverent a manner, as

" may bring a curse, rather than blessing on our " food." Lord, grant thy bleffing; though it is worse than unasked .- " Let us thank God for our " provision." What a mercy is such a dinner to the first-rate deservers of damnation! "The bill is got, " and the reckoning paid." How quickly will Jesus come, and finally reckon with us in the last judgment:-But bleffed for ever be his name, that we have nothing to pay for his rich provision, " his feast of fat things; whosoever will, let him take of it freely." " Now I have got rid of these wicked " men." But when shall I get rid of my wicked heart? No companion cleaveth so close as self-love, and finful lust :- no foe more hard, or more honourable to conquer. " How have we behaved at this " entertainment?" Idle jargon, reproach of neighbours, and even fmutty language, and minced oaths, have feafoned our conversation.—Seasoning fent from hell indeed! Did we receive our tongues, thus to dishonour God ?-No wonder, that wicked member, that world of iniquity, be peculiarly tormented in hell. -Alas, while feeding on God's bounty, and refreshing our body with his goodness, we have insulted his honour, and mortally wounded our foul !--Alas, how dear bought is this meal to me! Better is a dry morfel, a dinner of herbs, feasoned with religious converse, than this fplendid feaft, received with offence, and followed with agony of mind. Lord, I am verily guilty concerning my brethren's blood: Could not I have pushed an edifying converse? Could not I have reproved them, at least by a hanging brow, or an angry countenance! Could not I have inwardly grieved for thy dishonour? Could I not have stopped

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my wretched ears from hearing the infectious found? Could I not have restrained my unruly tongue from bearing any part in the conversation?—Woes me! a wound and dishonour have I got: and my reproach shall not be wiped away.—Ah, how have I turned out, when God left me, to try what was in my heart! "O for thy name's sake, pardon mine iniquity, for it is very great!" After this consenting with the wicked, I blush to take thy covenant in my vile mouth: but to whom can I go? thou alone hast the words of eternal life.—O henceforth preserve me from unnecessary fellowship with wicked men: rather let me have to do with plagued, than with carnal and profane persons.—God pity those professed Christians, who relish such for their companions.

"Now I again pursue my journey." What a miracle of divine patience and mercy, that I am not thus far on my way to "the lake that burneth with fire and brimstone!" "Here sits a poor object, perhaps both blind and lame, waiting for alms from such as pass by." To sit at the way-side of ordinances till Jesus pass by, is all that my blind and lame soul can do.—Lord, I am poor and needy, make therefore no tarrying.

"Here is a garden at my side." Striking memorial of my fall in Eden! Striking hint of my Saviour's suffering in Gethsemene! and of the restful paradise which remaineth for the people of God! In a garden I sinned, and forfeited my bliss: in a garden Jesus suffered, was buried, and rose again, to procure an everlasting paradise for me.—Now I am in the garden of the church-militant; quickly I hope to en-

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ter that of the church-triumphant-and may my foul be the garden of the Lord of hofts; and my various graces bis pleasant plants." Let me turn mine eyes " from the field to this orchard." Turn thine eyes my foul, from all worldly science, to meditate on the oracles of God; from all creatures, to fix on God himself. "How nobly is this garden fenced! how " well dunged and digged! how orderly laid out, " carefully weeded, and skilfully pruned! how plea-" fant and fruitful!" May the church, may my heart resemble it !-Support, Lord, the despised government and discipline of thy church; give pastors according to thine own heart: bless with abundance of peace and truth: cause every one walk regularly in his proper station; cast out strife and disorder; root up delusion and error; make ordinances fruitful to bring forth and nourish thy faints.-Preserve my heart by thy power and love; fatten and foften it with thy gracious influence; cause all my powers concur in thy fervice; pluck up every weed of corruption; by reproof and trouble, lop off all my luxuriant superfluity of naughtiness; and make me fruitful in every good word and work. " What labour, " what bowed down backs, fweating brows, and toil-" ing hands, are necessary to keep this garden in pro-" per case!" Let idleness, that cursed prompter of: Satan to tempt us, be far from me: let heart and hands be ever occupied in the fervice of my God: to manage my heart, my life, my office among men, is work, is labour indeed :--it far transcends my power and skill; but do thou, Lord, perform all things in, and for me. " How every plant is fitted to the fea-

" fon properest for her growth, her perfume, or her fruit." And is not every thing in my lot, trouble, deliverance, trial, or comfort, fent in its proper feafon! This, this, renders them doubly pleafant, useful, or comely. " How charming the beauty and " fragrancy of this garden!" Were my conversation in heaven, how should I be charmed with the fweet fmell, and the previous views of the paradife above! how transporting the believing foretastes of the glory that shall be revealed! " Had I been here " with the rifing fun, how much more pleafant the " aspect, and fragrant the smell!" O the singular advantage of an early knowledge of Christ! and of early fellowship with him! Woes me, that I am but one born out of due time; and that, from the earliest childhood, I did not know the God of my fathers.

"How ripe are yonder garden-pease, while those in the field do but bloom!" O how quickly would nearness to God, eminent fellowship with Christ, ripen me for the marriage-supper of the Lamb!——
"What a multitude of useful herbs are here?" But O the much more useful, much more abundant simples, that grow in Jehovah's word! in his heaven! Who can express? who can conceive the extent, the excellency, of "all the fulness of God?"

"What loads of mellifluous fruit doth yonder apple-tree, with her fellows, bring forth!" "As the apple-tree among the trees of the wood, so is my beloved among the sons. I sat down under his shadow with great delight, and his fruit was sweet to my taste.—Thrice precious bearer of twelve manner of

fruits every month, and whose leaves are for the healing of the nations;" may I for ever contemplate, prize, and live on thee. "Even here some trees are barren: some plants wither away: the unfriendly blast, or the devouring worm hath done this."—Alas, what havock, blasting temptation, and corrupting lust, have made in my soul! Ah, my barrenness! my witheredness! "the treacherous dealers have dealt very treacherously." "Where is the fruit of yonder tall tree, whose leaves are so large and fresh?" Where, ye professors, that talk big, and show zealous, where is your fruit? Jesus doth not ask you what you say, but what you no more than others.

"Yonder corner brings forth nothing but nettles and hemlock; never did I observe so fout. " ground in the open field." Naughty profesions in the church are the worst of men; and the naughtiness of a saint is the worst sin. " Neglect to weed " a garden one year, will perhaps require fix years " labour to cleanse it." How short a while's neglect of watchfulness against, and of diligent crubbing of. inward lusts, is like to give me my hands full of unpleafant work while I live. "But where will be the " beauty, the fragrancy of this garden, a few months " hence?" And where, O transitory world, will thy comeliness, thy enjoyments, in a little, be?-When I am in the jaws of death, before the tribunal, or fixed in the eternal state, where shall these things be? they may sting me: none of them will, or can speak one word to comfort or relieve me.-Caufe, my foul, an enduring substance; count all things below

vanity and vexation of spirit; let me now esteem the things of this life as I shall do hereaster.

"What a countless number of trees are in this " adjacent wood!" So many memorials of my finning, and of my Saviour's fuffering, by a tree: let my eye affect mine heart: did not Jesus bear my fin in his own body on the tree? " Not the gardener, but "God planted this wood." "God made us: not we " ourselves; he made of one blood all nations. None " of these trees bear fruit for human use." And what millions of men are but cumberers of God's earth, and referved for eternal woe ?-Alas, how many barren inclinations, thoughts, words, and deeds, and worse than barren, are with me! Ah, what apples of Sodom!-four grapes! and fruit for myfelf!-"After application to divers purposes, are not these " trees apt to end in the furnace?" And after God hath performed his pleasure with them, are not millions of men like to inhabit "devouring fire, and to dwell with everlafting burnings?---Lord, is it I?" or hast thou plucked me as a brand out of the burning? " No doubt, this wood is the habitation " of ferpents, and other noxious beafts." And is not our polluted earth replenished with wicked and unreasonable men? Is not my heart the habitation of every foul spirit, and hateful lust? But thrice bleffed new covenant of peace, which fecures the passing of the evil beasts out of the land; -and my " dwelling fafely in the wilderness, and sleeping in the woods,"-In the faith of it, I will lay me down in peace, and take quiet fleep; for the Lord fustaineth me.

" What thousands of birds here sing their Maker's " praise!" And shall the tongues of men be mute! shall the tongues of men be prostituted to trifles, to blasphemy, reproach, and lewdness? Ah, how often is their conversation so rambling, that it is hard to fay what is talked of, or who speaks least to the purpose? "But why our birds more melodious than " those of warmer countries, whose feathers are " more beautiful?" The more affliction I endure, not the less favour I enjoy from the world, let me fing, let me rejoice the more fweetly in the God of my falvation. "But would not Philomela's fweet " ferenade, amidst the horrors of night, excel these " tribes diurnal fong?" Strive, strive, my foul, to make thy fongs by night, outvie the prosperous mirth of a carnal world; but never imitate this proud nightingale, in being a voice, and scarce any thing elfe; too, too many professed Christians are fuch.

"Yonder is a company of hunters on the chase." Let me take pleasure to see the whole animal creation alive and happy: let me never rejoice in the salfely sportive, the barbarous game of death: let me never joy at anguish, or delight in blood: such a temper, brutes' horrid bosom never knew.

What is this earth but a circling haunt of noisy men, pursuing, and pursued, till death, the mighty hunter, catch them all? till their highest station end in, "kere he lies; and dust to dust," conclude the race? "It is not the hurtful fox, or prowling wolf, but the timorous hare, or harmless roe, which these hunters are in chase of." Alas, it is the harm-

less and good who are ordinarily run down in this world.—May endless felicity be my chase; may my foul follow hard after God.—Be it my care to hunt out the hurtful foxes and ravenous wolves of corruption from my heart, and from the church of Christ.

Why doth one animal seek the destruction of an-" other?" Sin, thou mother of mischief, how hast thou enraged, and armed the creation of God, every one against his neighbour! and, which is infinitely worse, made men outrageous haters of their Maker! Vile incendiary, may I ever feek thy life: never can I be too fevere on thee; may I take thy tender little ones, and dash them to pieces. " Here the hunted " hare, for her fafety, mingles with the browfing " flock." My foul, when Satan hunts thee, "go forth by the footsteps of Jesus' flock; feed thy kids, thy tender graces beside the shepherd's tents : fo shalt thou be in fafety; a thousand shall fall at thy side, and ten thousand at thy right hand; but it shall not come near thee; only with thine eyes thou, shalt behold the reward of the wicked; for thou hast made the Lord thy refuge, even the Most High thy habitation. " How I pity yonder stag! hard pursued, he sweeps the forest, bursts the thicket, pants for the stream, " stands at bay with trickling tears; groans with « anguish, while the blood-hounds mark his sides " with gore." And wilt not thou, Lord, pity my foul? How hard purfued by Satan and his agents! how mangled and torn! how mournful! how my heart faints and fails! how I pant for God! Lord, careft thou not that I perish? " More game being started, " the hounds are at a loss which to follow."

foul, never pursue too many objects at once: attempt not to follow and ferve both God and mammon; never be cumbered about many things, lest thy labour be all thy reward: but choose the one thing needful; this let me feek, and defire to obtain. " How often would " the fagacious hound lose his game, were it not for " the fcent she leaves behind?" And is it not the fcent of my corruption that gives Satan, and the world, fuch advantage against me? Were it not for this, they should feek me and not find me. " How odd to fee great men hazarding their life, furiously tiding over ditches and rocks, to pursue a puny a hare!" What madness for men to hazard their immortal foul, in the furious chafe of momentary, pleasures, empty honours, and unsubstantial gain !--Ah, how our fenses cast a thousand clouds on our unenlightened minds, and leave them doubly blind! what madness to flutter on, from vanity to vice, till death blow us off the stage, and oblivion strike us from the book of life. "How often a tiresome hunt-" ing procures but an infignificant roaft." Let me hunt after created comforts as I will, what a puny portion shall they be, in the day of trouble, of death, or of judgment! Why then, my foul, wilt thou fet thine heart upon that which is not? - Lord, shall not I hope that, after all Satan's hunting for me, nothing shall be his of me at last? The God of peace shall bruise him under my feet shortly.

"Some months hence will yonder fowler spread his net, though not in the fight of the bird." Lord, free my foul from the snares which Satan and his agents always lay for me: give me spiritual know-

ledge to discern, and wisdom to avoid them. "Just now, yonder youth hath shot two birds that were sighting in the air, now the carcases of the sierce disputants lie quietly together." How mournful, that some saints will not live peaceably with their seltows, till Satan deprive them of their liveliness and zeal! or death bereave them of their life!

" Passing this village, I hear the found of music and dancing: it feems there is a penny-wedding here: marriages and deaths are the chief of country news." Perhaps these same musicians and dancers are, by the thread of life, hanging over eternal fire, and dancing into endless ruin: to love-enlivened theeks, funny features, enrapturing eyes-how often dark looks fucceed, fuffuled and glaring with eternal flames! Ah! how often are marriages but scenes of woe! how often are estates and lusts, rather than persons and affections, united together !- Why are men fo mad in so important concerns, as never once to confult God? why fo thoughtless in this porch of death? why so mean, as to beg the price of their first dinner from their neighbours around?-But am I married to Christ? hath his infinite fairness won my heart? then let my foul leap and rejoice, for the marriage of the Lamb is come, and he himself hath made me ready.

"Now the clouds gather: I wish a rainy deluge do not overtake me." Clouds and darkness, my Lord, are round about thee; but justice and judgment the habitation of thy throne; black clouds of dark providence, and awful majesty, are thy tremendous robe; but the rainbow of the new covenant is ever

round about thine head,—is the perpetual object of thine attention: often thick clouds of guilt hide thy face, and threaten a deluge of wrath to my foul; but for thy name's fake, blot out my transgressions as a thick cloud, and let me hear the found of an abundance of gospel-rain, that I, that thousands, may revive as the corn, and grow as the lily. " Now still " horror reigns: a dreary twilight hovers round: " yonder the Thunderer holds his black majestie " throne: from cloud to cloud the noify roar, and rending lightnings rage: dread finks the feathered unations to the ground: terror makes the flocks " and herds to quake; trembling feizeth the fons and daughters of folly." It is the voice of my beloved; behold be cometh: it is the voice of him who groaned, who died on Calvary for me! it is the low whisper of my God,---If this spread terror upon creation, and make the wilderness to quake, of whom should I be afraid? Fear God, my foul; and fearing him, fear nothing but fin. But why, mortals, do you so exceedingly fear and tremble? why not rather make the Thunderer your friend, by hearing and believing the joyful found of his gospel? To you is the word of this all-fufficient, all-fuited falvation fent. To you, fons and daughters of men, it is offered, without money, and without price. If you refuse this Saviour, how will you stand before him as your Judge? If these momentary flashes dismay you, what horror must seize you, when he comes with a fire burning before him, and a tempest round about him! If rattling clouds affright you, how can you bear the tenfold more tremendous fentence, " Depart from me,

ye curfed, into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and his angels?" "What rainy torrents now de"feend! how yonder brook, swelled to a river, pours
"along! resistless, roaring, dreadful, down it comes!
"with triple force, rapid and deep, between the
"meeting hills it bursts its way." What awful brook
of woe did Jesus wade! did Jesus drink, that he might
list up his head on high! and that I, with him, might
for ever drink of the blessed river of life! What
swelling brooks of tribulation may be in my way to the
kingdom!

"Now the thunder tempest is ceased: how still the breeze! how clear the cloudless sky! how deeply tinged with her peculiar blue! how swell- ed immense!—how gay the radiant sun! how calm the gilded earth." Trouble and sorrow "may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning:" may, but for a moment lasts his wrath. Thrice happy period, when the days of my fears, and of my mourning, shall be ended; how abundant my peace! how cloudless my sky! how sweet, how immense my prospect! how clear my unsetting sun, my God, my glory!

"What a charming alley have I got into! how
extensive and fair my prospect! a soft way, a purling stream, a refreshful shade, concur to my pleafure." Think, my soul, what a charming path, a glorious prospect, Jesus cut through the shades of death, of hell, for me: in his death I see the price, in his life I see the path, in his ascension I see the proof, of my eternal bliss: truly his ways are ways of pleasantness, and all his paths are peace. Here I walk

in Christ, under the sbadow of the tree of life, and beside the still waters of his word and influence. Quickly I hope to walk with the Lamb in white, and to follow him unto fountains of living water. " Alas! " robbers have feized me, taken my money and " watch." Truly, he that trusteth to this earth is a fool! never is danger nearer, than when all things feem to fmile upon us: prosperity, like comets, threatens as it shines, and blazeth far and wide. " However, bleffed be the Lord, they have spared " my life." The hearts of wicked men are in his hand, as the rivers of water. Alas, how often have Satan, the world, and my lusts, robbed me of my comfort! my watchfulness! and almost all my grace! But rejoice, my foul, they cannot rob me of my Christ, my God, my glory.

"This farm on the left is occupied by an indo-" lent drunkard: it is quite out of order: its hedges " are broken down; nettles, briers, tares, with thou-" fands of other noxious weeds, cover the fields: the " houses are ruinous." With grief and shame let me view this humbling picture of myself! alas, how have my care and pleafure, my floth in the fpringtide of opportunity, deformed, corrupted, and ruined me! how have I exposed myself to temptation! how do finful weeds furmount and choke my growing grace! amidst spiritual storms, and chilling cold, how uncomfortable is my inward life! "But this farm on " the right is managed by a most skilful and active " husbandman." Let me learn his ways, and be wife unto falvation. " How close, how skilfully clipped " and flashed are his hedges!" Let me keep my heart

with all diligence and take heed to my ways. "How " straight his ridges, and clear his water-furrows." Lord, make thou thy way straight before my face; let integrity and truth still preserve me: keep me in thy fear all the day long, and enable me to do every duty in its due order and feafon. Let never envy, or other lust, settle in, sour, or mar the spiritual fruit-fulness of my heart. "This plentiful, thick, " and even crop, attefts the field hath been well " ploughed, and fufficiently fown." O Jefus, let an abundant measure of gospel-holiness evince, that thou hast dealt bountifully with me: hast thoroughly ploughed my heart with gracious influence, and plentifully fown it with the good feed of thy word. "It " is the field that is but moderately fat, which pro-" duces the best crop." Lord, that my grace may fignally thrive, "give me neither poverty nor riches, feed me with food convenient for me." " By "dunging, liming, resting, or fallowing, decayed " fields are restored to their vigour." And by frequent influences from above; by shedding abroad his love in my heart; and enabling me to act faith in his covenant, promife, blood, power, and grace, doth Jesus restore my soul again, "Yonder spot the " husbandman's toil cannot make fertile." Alas. how many professors cannot be made fruitful by the most fignal external care of Heaven! often rained upon by divine ordinances, common influences, and awakening providences; yet they bring forth only briers and thorns of wicked works. These are nigh unto curfing, and their end is to be burned. " How af-" tonishing to see these multitudes of corn stalks

" fpring from grains which died under the clod!" But much more aftonishing, to behold a Saviour's death iffuing in the conversion of the Gentile world, and in the countless bleffings, and everlasting glory of finful "To what danger from fowls, frost, drought, " mildew, wind, or rain, is the crop exposed be-"tween feed-time and harvest!" What a prodigy of divine wisdom, power, and love, is the perseverance and perfection of the faints, who are exposed to dangers unnumbered, from corruptions, temptations, and troubles! " How quickly will these corns " be ripe!" And shortly shall God cut down all men as ripe, either for heaven or hell. " What fer-" vile crouds labour in this field? their master is not one that with-holdeth more than is meet." abundant gifts? what numerous officers, prophets, apostles, evangelists, pastors, and teachers, hath Jefus, the liberal Jefus, given for the edifying of hisbody the church? " This hay hath been just ricked " before the shower." The prudent man forfeeth the evil, and hideth himself: and often, often doth God take away the righteous from the evil to come. " How well this man looketh to the flate of his flocks! " fome cattle he works; others he feeds to the " flaughter; frequently he counts them, that none " be loft." O the much more abundant care of Jesus Christ toward his people! he nourisheth them in his green pastures; according to their strength he distributes their work: he counts them every one; nor can he lose any. But the hypocrites in his church, he feeds, he fattens, to the flaughter of everlasting mifery. " But are there tares in this fruitful field?

" how like to the good wheat !" In the best state of the militant church, hypocritical tares mingle themfelves with the faints: and to what high femblance of holiness may they attain! Lord fearch me, and try me, that I may neither deceive, nor be deceived. " No doubt, this man hath, and carefully preserves; " a diffinct lease of this farm." Live not, my foul, a moment depending on the mere patience of God: know always in whom thou hast believed; that the Lord is thy God: tremble to fit down, or rife up, without clear views of thy interest in thy blessed lease, the new covenant of peace that shall never be broken: hide this in thy heart, that it may be thy comfort in affliction. " No doubt, he lays up wealth for his " children." Lay up, my foul, stores of earnest prayer, and leave full confession of truth, for my seed: let not me, with most, be more deeply concerned for the happiness of my cattle, than for the everlasting felicity of my children.

"How difficult is it to command yonder fed horse!" In our prosperity, how readily we want wanton against God, despise and abuse the riches of his goodness! "Why is this cow clogged? why her horns tipped with wood! she has strayed; she inclines to gore." Woes me! so must God clog me with weights of trouble, that I may not wander from him; and restrain the horn of my power from doing mischief.

"What numbers of grashoppers leap and buz under this hedge? but their summer-idleness shall quickly issue in winter's death." What multitudes of men flutter and make a noise in their youth, and

their prosperity; and in a moment go down to the grave! How many live in doing they know not what! Lord, is it I, of all my race, who live least to the purpose? " How vain it would be for me to alight and chaftise " these insects for their humming noise ! let them ss alone a few weeks, they will die of their own " accord." If I am diffurbed with noify reproach, let me have patience; and live so as none may believe it; it will quickly die of its own accord: let me comfort myfelf with this, that the best are often most flandered; even as the best fruit is most picked by the birds. "Where now the glow-worms, which on " every hedge lighted upon their gem, and through " the dark and moving radiance twinkled?" When Jefus lifteth up his countenance; when my fun shall go no more down; where will you glow-worms of carnal diversions, self-righteousness, and created comforts, you shiners in the dark, be?

"How yonder bird flies to the bush for shelter from the bloody hawk!" When I am pursued by the law or justice of God, by mine own conscience, or by Satan, or the world; Lord Jesus, I flee to thee to cover me: and him that cometh unto thee, thou wilt in no wife cast out; nor wilt thou bewray that one wandereth. For ever let my fugitive soul dwell with thee." Were yonder hawk dead, how gladly would the little tenants of the sky chirp over him!" So do men rejoice at the death of tyrants and mischievous perfons.—So, my soul, so, all ye ransomed, rejoice over the slaughter of our spiritual soes on Jesus' cross.—So we rejoice over their destruction in our person. "These sparrows are less melodious, but better food

"than other puny tribes of air." Seldom are the most noisy and talkative profesiors, the most gracious and useful members of the church. Choose, my soul, the part of the sparrow: and think how these "birds of the air have nests; but the Son of man bad not where to lay his head;" that I might rest in God, rest in glory "incorruptible, undefiled, and that sadeth not away."—Never mention the wide slights of these birds, to provide nourishment for their young; but mention the love-slights, the travels of Jesus, to provide food for me. Let me hunger and thirst for God, the living God.—Open my mouth wide, that he may fill it.

"On yonder field, cultivated to the highest, stalks "the ravenous fox: perhaps this hedge is his lodging." Ah, how foxes of corruption lodge in the best heart! and foxes of naughty teachers in the best-managed church? "How yonder child hurts himself by pur"fuing a butterfly!" Alas! how many ruin their soul, by following a worthless, a painted nothing!

"Here is a magnificent palace: let me enter, and behold her glories: how superb the chambers! how costly the furniture! how happy the owner!" Nay, blessed is the man whose God is the Lord." If earth can afford such grandeur; what must be the glory of my house not made with bands? At what unbounded expence has Jesus surnished it for me? "Here is the old ruinous castle, where the noble family once lived." Blessed Redeemer, in what ruinous state didst thou reside, that I might for ever dwell in God! how graciously hast thou translated me from the ruined covenant of works, that habitation of divine wrath, of

devils, and every thing doleful; - and lodged me in the new-covenant building of mercy, that shall never be demolished! " But why do great men so often " make alterations in their houses, their inclosures, &c. It shows the unsettled vanity of our minds, and the unfatisfactoriness of all created things. Yet ponder, my foul, how the wisdom of God appears, in making great men's fancies the means of procuring fubstance to the poor and laborious. "But what " shall I think of this desolation?" Sin is the cause: perhaps this ruined structure was built with blood, or purchased with dishonest gain: perhaps here was murdered the poor innocent: here men wallowed in drunkenness and whoredom; here dwelt the slaves of appetite; here voluptuousness shed her poisonous bane; here, amidst perfumes, oils, wine, and wanton hours, in vain repentance reared her fneaky crest: mad men ran on in fin. How often these stones witneffed the reproachful tearing of their maker's name! There the tables were filled with vomit, and defiled with cards and dice; now thorns and nettles cover the face of it; while, perhaps, the gay criminals, which once possessed it, wallow in the floods of wrath, and roar amidst devouring fire. " nightly mourns the owl, crawls the toad, and fer-" pents hiss." Ah, how lust fwarms, infernal fer-" pents hifs, amidst the unregenerate, the deserted heart! how corruptions abound, and false teachers hifs, amidst a deferted, a disordered church! " But " why should these doleful creatures haunt the ob-" fcene shades and rugged ruins, rather than a state-" ly mansion?" Why do men cleave to the broken

covenant, rather than to the new? why cleave to corrupt courses and companions, to earthly rubbish, and turn their back on heaven?

" Now I approach this rifing hill." O to approach the heavenly vale of blifs, the foftly fwelling hills, on which the power of great falvation buds, and joys to fee the wonders of our God. " Here the " fhepherds feed their flock." To shepherds tending their charge was the Saviour's birth proclaimed; " Fear not (faid the heavenly meffenger) behold I bring you glad tidings of great joy, which shall be to all people; for unto you is born this day a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord." "Yonder browse the da-" ring goats; they climb the steep, and hang on the " almost perpendicular rock: serpents, and poison-" ous weeds, are part of their meal; but how whole-" fome and medicinal is their milk." O the proud ascents! the dangerous paths of wicked men!____ How wonderfully doth God make the worst of men and things useful to edify his church !- But marvel most, my soul, that God made; that Jesus the hegoat bare my fins; was made a fin-offering for me.-" How pleafantly do these newly washed and shorn " flocks feed together !- When lately of their robes " bereft by man, their needy all-depending mafter, " how meek, how patient the mild creatures lay!" How pleasant to see brethren dwell together in unity! to behold the faints feeding, or even meekly fuffering together with Christ! How pleasant to see them shining in the beauties of holiness! But ravishing beyoud measure, to behold them at last fully washed, and jointly feeding on the mountains of spices! " Alas,

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" how yonder sheep runs to a sweet but rotting pas-" ture!" How often do you, flocks of God, forfake the wholesome pasture of truth! and follow the corrupting inventions of men, and the things of prefent life! O the rottenness! the rottenness of your heart! " How fast others follow to the same rot-" grass!" Ah, the hurt, the danger of bad example! Woes me! what numbers have I feduced from God, by my carnal, by my lifeless :pattern! O that he would transport me, where there is neither rotting food, rotten heart, nor bad precedent. "How " furiously yonder rams beat their foreheads against "their fellows? what mad skirmish this?" Alas. how often heady, high-minded profesfors abuse themfelves, and diffurb the church with their furious difputes!-Too long, my foul haft thou dwelt with them that hate peace. Lord, let me never be a man of firife and contention; let me hate the dust that fierce disputers raise, and lose the mind in a wild maze of thought. "Lately every lamb here knew his mo-"ther, and the him: but now it is otherwise: how " quickly are they weaned!" So, my foul, readily forget father, mother, and all beside Christ; but never, never, never forget him .- Thrice bleffed Redeemer, thou knowest these who are thine; -thy sheep know thy wice, and follow thee .- O how he fmells out our weakest grace; and knows our stammering tongue !-- May I, by spiritual instinct, discern his voice from the voice of a stranger; and smell the fmell of his garments of righteousness and truth, which are as a field that the Lord hath bleffed. "Yonder is " the shepherd with a weakling on his shoulder, that "hath either strayed, or lagged behind." How often have I gone aftray like a lost sheep?—Jesus sought me out, among mountains of guilt and vanity: he found me weak, worthless, and polluted; he laid me on his shoulders of power and grace; hitherto he hath barne, and carried; and even to old age he is the same; he will bear, and he will carry, and he will deliver me.

" Hail, happy shepherds, far removed from the buftle of a noify world!" What fweet haunts of meditation, what blefsful closets for prayer, you enjoy!-What lively emblems of a Redeemer you always fee! Bullocks, calves, sheep, lambs, rivers, rocks, fountains, shrubs, and all around, are full of him: the glory of your race.-Why may not I here taste a shepherd's felicity? why not improve this pasture of flocks into a green pasture for my foul !-" Here the junipers grow out of the dry earth, and 66 bear fruit divers months." In this humble birth, Jefus grew as a root, out of dry ground, bears precious fruit every month: he is a present aid; a present remedy; a present comfort, in every time and case. "Yonder is a large heap of itones." If I should hold my peace; if I should cease to praise my Redeemer, these should immediately cry out: nay, methinks, they just now thus address my conscience; Build on Jesus the corner-frone, chosen of God, and precious: come daily to him as a living flone; be built upon him, as a lively stone. Consider what manner of heart thou haft: apply Jesus' blood to soften, and dissolve it. Yonder rocks, how steep their ascent! how towers ing their height! how protecting their shade! how

" efficacious their herbs! how plentiful their springs! " yet have they not been rent with an earthquake or " thunderbolt?" Great Rock of ages, let my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth, if I forget thee: how lofty! how firm! the unchangeable I am! yet how fmitten my Moses' fiery law! how rent my thunderbolts of divine wrath! that rivers of living water might gush out for me: medicinal virtue, balm of Gilead, grow up for me: complete fafety be afforded me!-What time my heart is overwhelmed, is withered, or plagued, lead me to this rock that is higher than " How vast yonder wilderness!" blessed be the Lord that the wilderness of the gentile world blossoms as the rose, and brings forth saints and graces, to the glory of God: and that he hath brought me from the wilderness of my natural state, and of divers dark and perplexed cases; and enableth me to go up from the barren, wild, and dangerous defert of a present world, leaning on my beloved.

"Now I have got to the top of the hill.—While "I was in the valley, this fummit appeared to touch the skies: but being come up, I seem as far from heaven as before." How often have I gone up to the high mountains of divine ordinances; expecting near fellowship with God; and eminent foretastes of heaven; and have there been as far from it as ever!—Lord, let every disappointment lead me to thyself: thou wilt not frustrate the expectation of the poor. "Here, how wide my prospect of heaven and earth! "what numerous, what extensive portions of world-"ly men, do I feed mine eyes with the sight of, and "fee beyond!" Perhaps this view maketh me as hap-

py as their master: he neither eats, drinks, nor puts on their whole product, more than I: nay, perhaps, these are more mine than his; for all things are mine and I am Christ's; all things work together for my good: God, and all that is his, are mine: be content then, my soul, with such things as thou hast: rejoice, that an archangel's eye cannot take in the tenthousandth part of thine inheritance: boast thyself, for in Christ thou art become exceeding rich.—O to stand on Pisgah's top, and view the whole fulness of God, secured to me for ever by his oath, covenant, and promise!

" On this high mountain, not to tempt, but to " teach; let not Satan, but a fanctified fancy, show " me all the kingdoms of this world in a moment." Thou univerfal history of nations, what are thy scores of volumes, but a lecture on my Saviour's words; "There is none good but one, and that is God;he is kind to the evil and the unjust. Out of the heart proceed evil thoughts, murders, adulteries, fornications, thefts, false witness, blasphemies.-Upon this rock will I build my church, and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it." What do I find in these many, these learned volumes, but near six thoufand years filled up with the vilest provocations upon man's fide; and with the most astonishing sovereignty, patience, power, mercy, wisdom, and equity on God's?—What verifications do I find of the word. upon which he hath caused me to hope! How often. Lord, hast thou exalted the very dregs of men to foourge the nations, and then turned them off into destruction! Pride, hath ordinarily gone before destruc-

tion; and a baughty spirit before a fall.—Division hath been the common ruiner of nations and churches !-Seldom did a people much prosper, after they became perfecutors, and fcourges of thy church.—On comparing men's fins with their judgments, how brightly shines the equity of divine providence! Not rarely are the righteous, and the finner, recompensed in the earth.-In awful fovereignty, God with-holds the gospel from the bulk of mankind: but let not me, with unconcern, behold them in the way to perdition.—Covet not, my foul, the golden mines, the mountains of spices, the fishery of pearl, the rocks of diamond, nor all the fplendid wealth of the jewelly tribe; I am more bleffed: I hear, I know the joyful found of the gospel! the inexhaustible mines of Godhead are my own: Jesus is my spices; my jewels; my diamond; my pearl of great price; my portion, whose price is better than rubies .- Through him, whatever concerns me is most fine gold! O golden temptations! golden croffes! golden trials! golden troubles! you work for me a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory.——" Amidst rich mines, and " fertile fields, the inhabitants are often the dupes of " flavery, and the foil is foaked with blood." But in Christ I have, at once, unbounded wealth, unhampered liberty, perpetual peace, and absolute safety. What can my foul defire more?

"But let me speak to the different parts of the earth, that they may teach me; and to the various nations, that they may declare unto me.—Ye Portuguese, highly do I applaud the courage by which, fixscore years ago, you regained your freedom from

"the Spanish yoke; though to England you owe your continued possession of it.—But why remain the distinguished votaries and slaves of Antichrist?" Why not balance the loss of your Indian trade, with receiving of the gospel of Christ?" Hail, my soul, it is to Jesus I owe the beginning, progress, and continuance of my liberty.—He was slain, and redeemed me to God by his blood; the Son having made me free, I am free indeed; let me no more serve divers lusts; and let me balance every loss, by taking possession of the fulness of God.

" Proud Spain, unhappy scene of bloody war; 66 what hofts of Celts, Carthaginians, Romans, "Goths, Vandals, Suevi, and Moors, have con-" flicted on thy plains, and dunged thy fields with " their carcafes! how madly you invited the Moors! " and permitted them, in eighty years, so to esta-" blish themselves, as eight hundred of bloody war-" fare could not expel them!" What a theatre of strife is my heart! what is to be seen in her but a company of two armies? what in the church but "Michael and his angels, fighting with the devil and his angels."—Alas! why have I admitted temptations whose baleful fruits my whole life will never undo! why have church guardians admitted corruptions, which ages cannot purge out? "Ye Spaniards, why " are ye poor amidst wealth? why possess money "without activity?-Are your riches cursed, be-" cause purchased with treachery and blood?-Flee, " flee to Jesus' atonement, not to Antichrist's abo-" minations, for the removal of your guilt." May Christ be my treasure: let me be diligent in business, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord; let my outward wealth be purchased with his blessing, which addeth no sorrow to it.

"Ye French, long famed for liberty, levity, and contention; united under one fovereign, you loft your freedom." Too long, Lord, hath thy militant church been an open scene of changes, lightness, and division. May her members at last unite under thee their one head; so shall they regain, not lose, their true liberty.—Alas, how many professed members, by union under popes and bishops, entangle themselves in a yoke of bondage! "What an empty, though high-sounding title, hath the British moment to the French kingdom!" While without Christ, our claim to every outward enjoyment is equally unsubstantial.

"Ancient monarchy of Navarre, how art thou "fwallowed up! Though worth nothing to either, both France and Spain claim thy fovereignty." Sublunary world, how empty a portion art thou to these that swallow thee up, strive about, and claim thee as their all!

"Renowned Italy, long the honoured feat of the Romish empire; long the holy feat of a famous." church: but how fallen from heaven? how dege"nerated into the residence of the Antichristian beast!
"—Amidst vast pretences to learning, how drowned in ignorance! amidst high pretensions to sanctity; how dissolved into profaneness! amidst a fruitful. foil, how blasted! how idled into barrenness! how often a field of blood! a scene of deceit!" How like to this is every apostate from God!

"Once powerful republics of Venice, Genoa, Pifa, and Lucca; how is your glory withered! your merchandize decayed! and your gainful traffic conveyed into other channels!" Be my trade with the Levant, the East Indies of heaven! fo shall it never decay, never be turned into any channel but the new covenant; which "is all my salvation, and all my desire, though he make it not to grow."

"Cold, rocky, barren, throat-fwelling Alps." How like my cold, my hard, my barren, frozen, tune-lefs heart. "But amidft these hills God prepared a "place for his church, during the tyranny of Anti-"Christ; nor could all the fraud or violence of Sa-"voy's bloody race extirpate her." Is any thing too hard for the Lord? If earth, deserts, or rocks, can help the woman, let me never despair of his protection. "Geneva, amidst thy weakness, how marvellously preserved in the jaws of thine enemies, the dukes of Savoy and kings of France!" Ye saints how are you kept by the mighty power of God, through faith unto salvation!" how preserved as in the paw of the lion! You are all in Jesus' hand: he keeps you as the apple of his eye.

"Bold Switzers, bravely you threw off the Auftrian yoke: but why unnaturally make war your
bufiness? why hire yourselves to murder brethren?
why hazard your life, your soul, for pitiful gain?"
Alas, let me remember my faults: what bloody campaigns against God have I served, under Satan, for no reward at all!

" Afflicted Germany, how often torn with murderous war! how often deluged with torrents of " blood! how often fatted with the carcases of the " flain! how often thy children torn out thy bowels! " and invited thine adversaries into thy bosom! " How dearly purchased; how deeply dipt in blood " were thy pacifications of Passau, Nimeguen, Rys-" wick, and Aix-la-Chapelle! but chiefly thy West-" phalian treaty! Did this cost eighteen years of " war to the daring Swedes? twenty-eight to the "German race?" O Zion, how hast thou been alway afflicted, and toffed with tempelts! how have hypocrites and heretics torn thy bowels! how often have they called in thy open adversaries to afflict thee !---And have not my inward lusts been mine especial pest? how often have they invited Satan to ruin and molest me !----And, O blessed new-covenant treaty of peace, which cannot be broken ! built up with blood divine!

"You Austrian Low Countries, how well you began to shake off your slavish yoke! who did hinder you to procure your liberty, and obey the truth?" Why, with the sluggard cry out, There is a lion in the way, I shall be slain in the streets."
"Holland, thou miracle of perseverance and industry; at expence of more than sixty years warfare, hast thou redeemed thyself from the Spanish yoke; by patient labour promoted thy traffic; amidst necessity and war, pushed into the enriching East-India trade.—But why stick at neither denial of Christ, nor at treachery, nor murder, to enhance your gain? why often ungrateful to England thy benefactor, as well as thy treacherous ally? why

"brethren, his subjects?" By the industry, the endless labours of Heaven; by Jesus' bloody suffering, and warfare, am I freed from spiritual slavery, slavery of conscience indeed. By a life of unceasing warfare with Satan and lusts, must I attain to my perfect freedom in heaven.—May I, with persevering patience, labour in thy service: amidst my bloody conslicts with hell, let me increase in grace: let my pinching straits push me into a gainful trade with the fulness of God; but let forgetfulness of him, demial of a Saviour, coversusness, ingratitude, treachery, and murder of brethren, or even resentment of their treachery to me, be for ever the detestation of my soul.

"Danes, Normans, Swedes; thousands of years wyou bravely furtained the shocks of fate: nor bar-" ren foil, nor freezing storms, nor bloody war, " could extirpate your ancient, your once famous " race: while you have continued, have triumphed, " in the poor bleak fides of the north: ten times have " Mesopotamia's fertile plains spued out their wealthy lords. Yet where is your ancient terror? your " wide spread conquests over Germany, Britain, FI Ireland, and Poland! Where is now the once fa-" med Calmar-union of your Crowns? to what pur-" pose are the treaties, the bloody wars, which were conce calculated to support it?" Rather think, my foul, how long Jesus' poor wrestling race have stood the storms of tribulation, want, and woe, while wealthy empires are buried in oblivion and contempt. -How often, amidst preffures, he causeth me always triumph in himself, while rich worldlings are turned upfide down!—Bleffed be his name, my laurels shall never fade; my kingdom shall never be moved; nor shall even my horrid warfare with God dissolve the union between him and my soul; for I am persuaded, that he will never turn away from me to do me good, nor permit me to turn away from him; neither height, nor deep, nor life, nor death, nor any other creature, " shall separate me from the love, or law of God, which is in Jesus Christ my Lord."

"Laplanders, renowned for poverty, stupidity, and witchcraft, are ye truly the bond-slaves of the god of this world, and yet so wretchedly re"warded, and withal so proud of your portion?"—
You sinners, O the ingratitude of your master! if where he rules, your portion be so wretched, what do you expect in eternity? Alas, hath he blinded your minds that you cannot see? "and bewitched you that you should not obey the truth? what profit have you of these things," whereof you shall be quickly assamed? why proud of an hell of sinfulness, and spiritual plagues?

"Poland, thy fields are fertile, thy nobles haugh"ty, thy kings contemned, thy peasants oppressed,
"thy travellers ill provided, and thy frontiers of"ten invaded." How like our present world! how
like our corrupt church! Here, especially, amidst
wealth and power, how is Jesus contemned! souls
enslaved to lusts, and to ambitious men! pilgrims
for glory ill used! men unsatisfied! unhappy amidst
plenty! their enjoyments being invaded by a curse;
and their hearts by the prince of the power of the air.

"Hungary, how often the wretched feat of war betwixt Antichristians and insidel Turks? how often hast thou changed thy masters? why, after fo numerous struggles for religion and liberty, fubmit to the Austrian yoke? and almost worn out the Protestant name?" Alas, what a theatre of strife hath been, and is, the visible church! how tamely do most of her professed members submit to Satan's slavery! how is practical Christianity expelled from the most! What a scene of war is my heart! how there, even lusts strive one with another! Ah, how I yield! grow weary and weak-handed! how little of Christ is with me?

"Great Russia, long the habitation of brutish in ignorance, and bloody cruelty; long the contempt of nations, till Peter the Great extended thy limits, civilized thy manners, and enhanced thy resulting putation." Such shall be the fate of my soul; such the fate of the Christian church: our beginning was base and small, but our latter end shall be glorious. Great Jesus shall arise, scatter our enemies, enlarge our conquests, reform our manners, increase our celestial trade, and reveal unto us the abundance of peace and truth.

"You Mengrelians, Circassians, and Georgians, half angels in comelines, mostly Christians in name, brutes in ignorance, demons in barbarity, and in indevotion, witness your mutual broils; your murder of children, and selling them to the Insimulation dels around; your building of churches on high distant rocks, almost only to be looked at." Alas, how many Christians so called, are destitute

of the knowledge of God! how void of natural affection! how negligent of devotion! how they spiritually sell themselves and their posterity into the hand of Satan, to work wickedness! and use churches and Bibles as things chiefly to be gazed at.

"Wild and wide Tartary, conqueror of nations, " how have thy favage brood, Goths, Huns, Scythi-" ans, Seljaks, Mungals, Manchews, Chorasmians, "Turkmans, and Othmans, fubdued Europe and " Asia, with the north part of Africa! and perhaps " from thee was first peopled the American world. " What shocking desolations you have spread through " most of the earth, particularly among the gospel-" despisers of Europe!" O how plainly God has enlarged Japhet; made him to dwell in the tents of Shem: and given him Canaan to be his fervant! how he hath enalted the low trees, the basest of men; and brought down the high trees, the lofty and most famous of nations! But thrice-bleffed new covenant, where there is neither Barbarian nor Scythian, but Christ is all and in all. "In Tartary's barren soil, " grow the medicinal jingfeng, and the vegetable " lamb." In the virgin's womb, in our finful earth, grew up the Plant of renown, whose leaves are for the healing of the nations; the wonderful Lamb of God; God made manifest in the slesh: and how often has my foul found him in the wildest deserts of trouble!

"Vile Lamas of Tibet, why pretend to be gods incarnate? whence so many broken hints of an incarnate Deity among the nations of the East? have

"they heard a confused report concerning Jesus' birth, and no more?" Alas, how many Christians in name, are scarce better versed in this mystery of godliness! and how many put themselves in the Saviour's place? Are the self-righteous man, and the Roman pope, a whit less wicked than the blashemous Lama? Are the legal, the Arminian preachers, who extol our own righteousness and strength, a whit less deceivers than they who zeal-ously preach up the divinity of the Lamas of Tibet?

"Proud Japan, what avails thy three thousand years royalty, the glory of thine arts, the immensity of thy wealth, and thy unconquered valour, amidst deep slavery, and while Jesus' sweet and enriching name is excluded from thy borders?"—How once similar was my heart? I thought myself strong, wife, rich; increased in goods, and needing mothing: while, by want of him, I wanted all; and was poor, wretched, blind and naked.

"Vain China, near four thousand years hath thy monarchy, under twenty-two different families, maintained herself: numerous millions, industrious in labour, laden with wealth, and arrayed in filk, replenish thy regions: plentiful is thy coarse water, and her correcting tea. But, alas! what destructive wars have stained thy fields with blood, and filled thy cities with ravage and cruelty? Once the Mungals, now the Manchews, have subjected thee to their yoke.—Thrice-wretched paradise! in lacking the Redeemer thou lackest all." But how glorious is the ancient, the ever-

lasting, the invincible monarchy of free grace, under her one Head Christ; of her increase and peace there shall be no end: innumerable companies of ransomed men: all industrious in imitating his labour of love, all enriched with the sulness of God, all arrayed in the silken robes of imputed righteousness, are his subjects: her hills of ordinances and promises are covered with invaluable blessings. Here, not tea, but Jesus, the fruit of the earth, sweetens and corrects our bitter waters of adversity.

"Group of Indian tribes, from eastern ocean to " Persian sea, why are you poor amidst plenty? un-" happy amidst finery! why the willing slaves of " brutish idolatry! or the deluded dupes of the Ma-" hométan imposter?" Renounce your Wistna, your Brama, Sommonocodom, and the residue of your fancied deities; reject your barbarous rites, and Arabian frauds: receive Jesus, embrace his gospellight, which leads to heaven; his law, his liberty, which alone sustain the dignity of men; and that can make you wife unto falvation, foldiers of JEHOVAH. merchants with heaven, and priests unto our God: let your dwelling be in the warm clime, the fertile foil of the new covenant, on the banks of the fouth ocean of redeeming love: not then should Indus, Ganges, and leffer rivers almost innumerable, so fertilize your fields, as Jesus your " place of broad rivers, wherein go no gallies with oars, nor gallant fhips pass thereby;" should refresh, cleanse, and purify your foul. " But why do not I think with hor-" ror of the shocking villany and murder by which

" the Britons and Dutch carry on their East-India " trade?" Can we do these things and be delivered? What if the spark from East India, which hath kindled this ruinous war, should consume us, root and branch? Alas! that men, especially naughty Christians, will stick at nothing to procure gain, and yet care nothing to receive Christ and his sulness!

"Wide Persia, and you fruitful fields, washed by the streams of Hiddekel and Euphrates; horrid and often repeated scenes of pride, of changes, guilt and blood! in what abject ruins now lie your once famed Nineveh, Babylon, Persepolis, Rey!" Sin, that enemy, hath done this:—expect trouble, my soul in, the fatness of this earth: here roses grow on thorns, and honey wears a sting: let not the catastrophe of cities so affect me as mankind's rall; as Calvary's more shocking scene: Who would have suspected, that the adversary could have brought Jehovah to the dust of death? buried him in ruins and in blood! May I determine to "know nothing but Christ, and him crucified!"

"Armenia, perhaps the harbour of the patri"arch's ark, how near the fun! and yet how feldom
"fully thawed thy frigid plains, or towering heights!"
How often am I near Jefus Christ in ordinances!
and yet, even in the summer-tides of opportunity,
how frozen my heart!

"But ask, where now the Assyrians, the Chaldeans, Persians, Greeks, Parthians, Romans, Saracens, Seljaks, Tartars, and Turkmans, who by
turns caused their terror in those eastern climes!"
They are fallen and shall not arise: so falls the whole

pride of human glory! what mournful hints do ruined heaps, and funerals of kings and kingdoms, fuggest! beggars may sport with awful ashes in the grave, and tread the Cæsars in the dirt: bright and lasting bliss below is all romance and dream: celestial pleasures only rise and flow in an eternal tide.—Let me be as mount Zion which can never be moved; let never the rise and fall of nations so affect my soul, as those of my incarnate God: how sad the sound of his breaking heart-strings! how was the God of the whole earth dissolved! he "cried, and gave up the ghost:" but "the Lord is risen indeed:" he rose with wakened saints, a long triumphant train:—
"Ought not Christ to have suffered, and to enter into his glory!"

"You Othman Turks, originally the offscouring of men, how hath God, by you, fcourged Afia, Africa, and Europe! and bestowed upon you the fruitful regions, once so famed in the records of heaven; and of Greece, the most of which your oppression hath more than half desolated!" How, Lord, must thou contemn our earthly wealth, when thou so liberally bestowest it upon men so wicked: and who know so ill how to use it!—And how, you ransomed, hath God raised us up from the dunghill; given us the goodly heritage of the hosts of nations; and made us sit with the prince of the kings of the earth! God forbid that we should abuse our mercies.

"Arabia, boast no more of thy coffee, thy cinnamon, thy precious spices; want of water more
than countervails the profit: unhealthy are thy
hills of frankincense; the habitations of serpents,

" visited by few but slaves." Lord, give me usefu things, though I should want rarities; rather give me Christ, who is both rare and useful. - Dwell not, my foul, amidst worldly pleasure, profit, or honour; there the hellish serpents swarm; there the climate is unhealthy, proper only for the bondflaves of the old covenant. "How often the fragrant " fmell half fickens the mariner, who approacheth the " Arabian shore!" How often have the near views of glory, of the King in his beauty, fweetly fickened and enraptured my heart! "Ye Arabian Ishmaelites, " near four thousand years hath your hand been " against every man, and every man's hand against you. " -For divers ages, under the name of Saracens, you of fpread delusion and ravage among multitudes of na-" tions.—Always wonderfully hath God, according "to his promise, preserved your liberty, notwith-franding every Assyrian, Chaldean, Persian, Gre-" cian, Roman, Tartar, and Turkish attempt to de-" spoil you of it." Lord, hast thou, from respect to thy covenant, fo preferved a barbarous, a brutish, theivish, and abominable nation! wilt thou not preserve my weak grace, and make me more than a conqueror, through him that loved me?

"Syria, but chiefly you Palestine and Egypt, "where is your ancient glory? your wonted fruitfulness? Are your fields cursed? or are they abused?
Why, for many ages, become scenes of bondage,
blood, and desolation?" Quickly, O earth, shall barrenness and ruin be thy universal fate; thou and thy works be burnt up. Let me never expect happiness but in God himself; so shall I never hazard a

disappointment: for "truly in vain is salvation, is lasting happiness, hoped for from hills, and multitudes of mountains; or from lands slowing with milk and honey."

" Africa, wretched theatre of direful monsters, brutish stupidity, vile slavery, base nastiness, horrid " and unnatural luft, shocking idolatry, hellish bar-" barity!—Are thy inhabitants men? or are they mixtures of the devilish and bestial tribe? Most of " them are stupid heathens; many, once the Arabian " fubjects, and still the senseless dupes of Mahomet. " How little do the tolerated Christians of Egypt, or " the authorised of Abyssinia, differ from beasts in " their ignorance; or fools in their superstition! " How stupidly nasty the Hottentots, and other na-" tions on the fouth! What ravaging imps, the Galles, "Giagas and Imbii, in the heart of the country! "What unnatural markets of flaves are on the West! " How extensive and dangerous are the dry wastes ",of Zaara! How confusion and slavery domineer in " the empire of Fez and Morocco, and in the states. " of Algiers, Tunis, and Tripoli, on the north!" Sin, horrid transformer, how hast thou changed our God and our Glory!-How like Africa is my heart! her true Christianity is but small and confused: but ah what ravaging lusts, want of natural affection. horrid pollution, barrenness, barbarity, blood-guiltiness, and spiritual slavery, am I an awful scene of? Lord, pity Africa; and pity a wretched foul that would be thine.

"America, long the quiet residence of Satan and his subjects: once horrid scene of Spanish cruelty;

" but now partly called to the faith of Christ, who is " the confidence of all the ends of the earth, and of them that are afar off upon the sea; could not your most favage brood forbear to love, to protect him, they " imagined, had them figured on his heart?" And can you men murder and trample under foot the Son of God, who hath you from everlasting to everlasting on his heart? My soul, through this gospelmirror, behold thyself in Jesus' heart: in his Father's bosom, in his mother's womb, in the garden, on the cross, and on the throne; I was, I am alway in his heart: can I kill? can I forbear to love the God-man, who hath so loved me, and given himself for me?

"Polar regions, almost unknown; months of darkness, barren fields, and frozen habitations; are your yearly portion." Alas, what dark ignorance; what months of wo; what distance from the Sun of righteousness; what barrenness; what frozen indifferency about a crucified Redeemer; are in the case and temper of my soul!

"Isles famed for spices, liberty, or wealth, sound"ed in, and surrounded with the ocean, or almost
lost in the heart of it." Blessed be the Lord, who
thought on you in your low estate; for his mercy endureth for ever. May your colonies trust in his Son,
and wait for his law.—May I for ever stand on the
Rock of ages; on the sure bottom of divine purposes
and promises; and let the ocean of redeeming love
surround, protect, wash, and fructify all my powers.
While I inhabit time, that almost invisible island,
thrown up in the ocean of eternal duration, let eter-

nal things be my profpect; my refreshment; my all in all.

Having thus surveyed the globe, permit me, Lord, to fay, There is none on earth whom I desire besides thee; separate from thee, all is vanity of vanities; vanity and vexation of spirit.—But when I view the earth as the theatre of redeeming love, when I fee Jesus rejoicing in her habitable parts, and being the confidence and falvation of all the ends of it: how earth, that offscouring of creation, smiles! When I view all the providences of God, toward all the nations of the world, in every age, working together to promote the great work of redemption! When I believe, that all the kingdoms of this world shall quickly become the kingdoms of my Lord, and of his Christ; how it cheers my heart, and fills my lips with rejoicing! Let the whole earth his glory fill: let his name be praised from the rising to the setting sun. Amen, and Amen.

"But now, declining fun, what unmeasurable tracks of sky hast thou to-day traversed?" How much more swift, glorious, and majestic, are thy goings, O Sun of righteousness whose it is to enlighten every man that cometh into the world! Let mine eyes be ever fixed on thee; my heart constantly attracted to thee. Quickly will this sun bid me his diurnal, perhaps his last adieu." So time, so every earthly enjoyment posts away from me: let me not absurdly bid them good morrow, while they bid me good night. But never shall Jesus make an afternoon to my soul: for ever I shall see him as he is; for ever I shall gaze on his mid-day brightness; and with angels bask and

melt in his meridian love. "Make hafte, my beloved; arife, my love, my fair one, and come away."

"With the utmost caution I must descend this mountain, lest I slip, tumble headlong; and break bones, or neck." With the utmost care and watchfulness, must I descend from the mount of ordinances.—Ah! how often, by stumbling into carnal care, vain company, idolizing of frames, or yielding to lusts, immediately after being in the mount with God, have I sadly wounded and bruised my soul!—O that death were come to set all my disjointed bones, and heal all my fores!

"How beautifully do thorns, thistles, and almost every weed, now blossom on this way-side?" While I enjoy summer-like communion with my God, all Nature smiles in my face: unruly reproaches, prickly trials, and temptations, and what many reckon infignificant trisles, afford me pleasant and useful instruction and comfort.

"Here a mighty river stops my course.—Alas, "just now the ferry-boat is gone off!" O the mischief of unnecessary delay, in the concerns of eternity!—But be patient, my soul, under every outward disappointment! and let the everlassing covenant be thy security against every wrathful event; take fast hold of her, resuse to let her go; so shall she keep thee, and promote thee to honour.—Beware of anxious desire of death; "since there is wrath, beware lest he take thee away with a stroke;" let God, whose I am, and whom I serve, order the time, place, means, and manner of my decease, as is good in his sight;

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let me die in the Lord, and to his honour; let me depart and be with Christ; and it is enough.

"But fince I am stopt; let me refresh myself, and be ready against next call!" Lord Jesus, plentifully refresh me with thy slesh and blood, that I may die in my full strength: may I, like my Saviour, triumphantly shout, and then give up the ghost. May I be always ready, because I know not when the Son of man cometh.—

" Having got a refreshment, let me amuse, and " edify myself with the view of the ships and harbour " till the boat be ready. Yonder the old crazy vef-" fel is laid up from use; and, just by her, is a new " one upon the dock." One generation goeth away, and another cometh; -after divers repairs shall our crazy body be laid up, as useless, in the grave. "Perhaps " this puny yacht may ride out the storm that will " tear and fink the largest vessel." How often do weak, humble, and felf-denied Christians, more cleanly ride out storms of temptation and trouble than fome more eminent faints !- Learn, my foul, to be meek and lowly, always depending on Jesus; so, when I am weak, shall I be ftrong. " Here a huge " veffel unloads her cargo: what stupendous burden " of Indian goods has she brought home?" What rich fupplies of grace might the effectual, fervent prayer of faith bring from Christ's fulness into my heart? But ah, my floth! my flupidity! " No fooner was this " veffel built than launched into the deep." fooner was I naturally born than launched into the fea of a troublefome world: no fooner spiritually born from above, than launched into a fea of new trouble from Satan, and a wicked heart: no fooner shall I be gloriously born in death, and the resurrection, than launched into eternal depths of perfect selicity.

6. Doubtes this ship has failed the noisy, in-

Doubtlefs this ship has sailed the noisy, in-" constant, raging ocean, which foams out his fil-" thine's upon the shore; preserves his freshness " by perpetual motion; and where leviathan, and " his fellow monsters, play." Ocean, how like to our earth! how vait her extent! how various her inhabitants, and conditions! how changeable her enjoymental how full of monstrous sinners sporting themselves, with mischief! what polluted persons and deeds, fhe daily foams out into eternity! how preferved from utter corruptions by the storms of divine judgment !--How like the ocean is my toffed, raging, inconstant heart! what waves of trouble, what monsters of lusts are to be found there! how the foams out her shame! casts forth mire and dirt. evil thoughts, murders, adulteries, fornications, thefts, false witness, blasphemies!"-Think, my foul, of the ocean of Godhead! O shoreless, unfathomable fulness of perfection and goodness! in him all things live and move; from him they fpring; and to him they return as their last end.—Think of the height, the depth, the length, the breadth of the love of Christ that passeth knowledge! sooner could I drink the ocean dry, than all the ranfomed millions could exhauft his love! Think of the ocean of eternity, into which I must enter! Dread thought! enter into eternity! and do I know, and care so little about my eternal estate!

"At fea, how carefully was this ship steered by the compass? how skillfully was she tacked about, " to have her sheets filled with the gale?" Let a conscience well informed, and awed by the sword of God, regulate the motions of my life: if I want the sensible breathings of Heaven, let my soul tack aboutto every point of duty and ordinance, till all her powers be filled, be firetched, with divine influence: -If I am becalmed, dead or lifeless, let me never intoxicate myfelf with carnal care, or inactive floth'; but wishfully ery, and wait for the promifed galer Awake, O north wind of divine influence, and come thou fouth, blow upon my foul, that the may live, and move. " How little effect would rowing with oars, " or dragging with ropes, have on this high and " heavy veffel? but how easily could she run before " a full trade-wind?" Lord, when thou art absent, how little effect has tugging and rowing at duty; on my haughty, dull, and heavy heart? But when I get into a fair trade-wind of divine influence, how eafily, how pleafantly I bear away for Immanuel's land? how many leagues I run in a moment? O happy, happy, to fail for ever in the Pacific ocean of redeeming love, before a full, an everlalting gale of the Holy Ghost!

"Who knows what hardships this ship hath sufferder ed at sea? how she hath been attacked by pirates!
hath sprung leaks! foundered among waves! or
been dashed on rocks! Perhaps she was almost
wrecked as she entered the harbour: perhaps, just
now, the mariners admire their unexpected escape." O the inconceivable distress of Jesus'

church! how often hath perfecution bestormed her? how often hath piratical, carnal, and politic managers robbed her? how often have leaks of division fprung up in her! how often hath she been dashed upon the rocks of delution and error?-In these last times, when just entering the harbour of the millennial state, how is she almost utterly broken and deftroyed? How often have ftorms from heaven, from earth, from hell, at once attacked me, and striven to fwallow me up?-How often hath devils, and wicked men, attempted to rob me of my joy and grace? how often have leaks of corruption, the fountains of the hellish deep, sprung up in my soul? how often have I been dashed, all of a sudden dashed, on rocks of perplexity and disappointment? how lately was I threatened with immediate ruin! Lord, what a wonder is it, that I am brought hitherto? ---- Who knows but while I enter the harbour of everlasting rest, my troubles may be still more severe? " I have not yet refifted unto blood, striving against sin."-But God bath delivered; he doth deliver; and in him I trust that he will deliver me; from the belly, and from the womb he hath borne, and hath carried; and he will bear, and carry, and deliver me .- "But do not skilful " mariners foresee the evil, and avoid it, or prepare " for it?"-Be pradent, my foul; foresee the evil, and eschew it: avoid every rock of offence; abstain from every appearance of evil: to prevent thy being toffed to and fro, or cast away, ballast thy mind with grace; let the word of Christ dwell in me richly; lower thy fails, be clothed with humility.

"In a few days the **** fleet will fail hence." How many daily launch into eternity? How many of these into the stormy ocean of divine wrath? Dread thought! are thousands just now dropping into hell, and I am so unconcerned? With what awful solemnity shall the whole human race quickly launch forth; the wicked into everlassing punishment, but the righteous into life eternal?

"Just now I am called to the boat." Perhaps, in a little, to my last sickness. "Numbers here of"fer me their service: it is not me, however, but
"my money which they regard." How many for
gain, not from love, show kindness to the faints?—
But neither for my person, nor for my money, but
for his name's sake, doth Jesus offer, and give me his
service. "When I come to the water-side, all the
"crew crowd about me; but when I go from it,
"none taketh notice of me." When men come into honour, multitudes court their savour: but when
they lose it, they are straightway contemned, even of
such as were advanced by them. My comfort is,
that God shall never leave me, nor forsake me.

"Now I have taken a feat in the boat," Alarming prelude of my lying down on a death-bed; "When will they put me off, and waft me over to "my native country?" Rather, O when shall death waft me over to my truly native country: my defired, my long-desired Father's house in heaven!——
"Why tarry the wheels of his chariots? why is he so long a-coming? "Adieu, friends on shore; per"haps to meet no more in life." Bid adieu, my foul, to every earthly enjoyment:—but happy! hap-

py! there is no use for adieus between me and my God.

"Now we are set off: no more than a sew inches of timber are between us and the deep; nay, between us and an eternal state: yet so stupid, so wicked, are most of the passengers, that reproof an incarce restrain their blasshemy, and obscene talk." Alas! how often do sinners lie on deathbeds, as unconcerned, as wicked, as if no eternity, no danger, no hell, were before them! "This blind musician diverts us in our passage." Lord, open his eyes to see thyself: and when I "pass through the valley of the shadow of death," let the sweet found of Jesus' love and promise recreate me: O! how it shall restress had restore my soul?

" Just the other moment we had a pleasant gale ! " but now the wind whiftles; the fea fwells; the " billows roar." How changeable is an earthly condition? how often God lifts me up, and cafteth me down?-Who knows how it may be with my foul in the hour of death? perhaps first a pleasant gale: then a fearful storm of temptation and trouble: but O Jesus, " the cup which thou gavest me shall I not drink it?"-Sure I am, my foul is anchored within the vail: let therefore storms blow, how and whence they will, they can but blow me home to my exceeding joy. "The sea works, and is tempestuous." Encourage thyfelf, my foul; thy Redeemer was cast into the ocean of Almighty wrath, to allay its raging: he, my father and pilot, fits upon the floads: he is in firsits a prefent aid. " Alas I now we go to the "bottom without recovery :--- How cutting to be loft

P 3.

" just before the harbour!"—Ah! where are now my fweet frames?—I am unready for death?—Master, fave me, I perish!—Ah! how easy to be refigned to trials, till they touch us to the quick? to talk boldly to death at a distance !- But at close grips, it is a serious affair indeed.-Alas! after a standing profesfion, and manifold feeming experiences of the grace of Ged, must I to-night make my bed in hell?-Was it delufion-Must I have my portion with hypocrites? Comes Beelzebub to drag me to eternal fire !-Stop, my faithless heart: What whisper do I hear?-It is I, be not afraid: I that speak in righteouness, mighty to fave :-Be still, and know that I am God. It is the voice of my beloved! behold, he cometh, leaping on the mountains of guilt, and skipping on the hills of affliction! " How fudden the change! " just now, lashed into foam, the fierce conflicting " fea fwelled her mountain-billows to the clouds; " huge uproar lorded wide; all nature reeled:-Now ature's King, who often amidst tempestuous dark-" ness dwells, and who on the fleet, careering, wing-« ed winds, walks dreadfully ferenc,—commands a calm; straight air and sea, and earth, are hushed " at once;-immediately we are at land." "O that men would praife the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the children of men!" What monuments of God's preserving kindness are we! what monuments of fovereign grace, if through much danger, and manifold "tribulation, we enter into the kingdom of God!"

" Alarmed with our danger, yonder crowd come to congratulate our escape.—My Father and elder

" brother are among them!" Ravishing period, when Jehovah my heavenly Father, Jesus my elder brother, with millions of angels, and spirits of just men made perfect, shall welcome the from the roaring billows of trouble, and raging floods of death! -Methinks, I hear my enraptured foul faying, " Is not THIS my Christ! is this HE, whose visage " was more marred than any man, and his face more than the fons of men," for me! Is this HB, whom I saw in a glass darkly, but now face to face: -Once, Lord, I thought never to have feen thy gracious countenance; and lo, thou hast showed me the Father also, and it sufficeth me! Blessed Lamb, bleffed three-one God art thou mine! wholly mine! for ever mine! What am I, that thou hast brought me hitherto! "Is this the manner of men, O Lord God!"

"Now I am in my father's house, my clothes changed, my body warm and dry: we have richly fupped: I forget my wearisome travel, and stormy passage." O the happiness of my arrival in heaven? Jesus shall strip off my filthy garments of mortality, guilt, and corruption; array me with robes of unspotted holiness and perfect honour; melt and inslame every power of my soul with his love; richly feast me with all the fulness of God; and cause me to drink with him the new wine of everlasting joy in his Father's kingdom.—O how shall I drink, and remember my misery no more! nay, with what pleasure shall I remember the light afflictions which wrought for me an exceeding and eternal weight of glory! Then, then, my sun shall no more go down,

nor my moon withdraw her shining; and the days of my mourning shall be ended!

" Now I am got into my brother's closet! what " a fine library is here!" But by far too fmall to contain the history of what Jesus my elder brother did, doth, and shall do for me: too small to exhaust the substance of that thrice-bleffed book, the Bible. " Here is a fine fet of classics." These I conversed with in childhood: but now let me put away childish things; let the writings of the prophets and apostles be the delightful classics of my soul. "Here " is plenty of felect plays and romances." Let them study those who have too much time to prepare for eternity; too much room in their heart for God: are not his real works a thousand times more beautiful, than these creatures of men's fancy !----Alas ! how much of our life is but an empty romance! 2 religious shadow without substance !-But is it not a fad defect in our method of education, that God's. word is fo extruded, and children's minds stuffed with Pagan fooleries, and romantic fancies? "Here " are whole volumes of controversial tracts." I am too near eternity, to feel much pleafure in the most of those. Alas! that men should waste their talents, fpend their time, and trouble the church, with fo many disputes, which appear altogether dry and tasteless in the hour of death :-- that they should write on religious disputes, as men in passion, or in jest : and appear to contend for victory more than for truth: and to feek rather to dishonour their brother than to honour their God. "Here is a choice collection of . histories! by Rapin, Rollin, Dupin, Robertson,

" Raynal, Mosheim, Universal History," &c. All ftanding memorials of God's wisdom, power, and goodness, and of the greatness of human guilt .--But none like the inspired annals of redeeming love to my heart.—Think, my foul, if, with as much distinctness, thou canst tell what hath passed between God and thee, as this man relates transactions which happened many ages before his birth. " Here is a " fine collection of law: acts of parliament; fystems " of feudal, canon, civil, and municipal law; tracts " on the law of nature and nations; Rymer's Fœ-" dera," &c. Sad monuments of mens being wholly inclined to evil, needing fo many laws, covenants, and explications, to restrain them! Lord put thy law into my heart, and write it in my inward parts: there let me hide it that I may not fin against thee. " Here are " the Philosophical transactions; Nature displayed; with the philosophic works of Ray, Newton, Leib-" nitz, Defaguliers, Keil, Derham, Sheuchzer, "Buffon, Brooks, and Edward's natural histories; " with Hill's history of animals, vegetables, and ml-" nerals," &c. Lord how manifold are thy works! in wisdom hast thou made them all. Not even these of nature can all our learned heads find out to perfection .- In natural things, let me chiefly study their connection with Christ; let my foul desire nothing like, nothing besides, nothing after HIM. "Here is " a valuable fet of dictionaries, Ainsworth, John-" fon, Chambers, the French and British Encyclo-" pedias, Moreri, Herbelot, Bayle, Birch, Martinere, " and Calmet; Chauffepied, British Biography, and " Biographia Britannica: Ten thousands of words

46. and things are explained in the former; thousands " of places and lives are described in the latter." But fay, my foul, is there in them any name like Christ's? any history like his? any thing like redemption through his blood? any place like his immediate presence? Is he not more than chief of all these ten thousands?-Alas! that my knowledge of him should refemble that procured by dictionaries; be fo fcanty and superficial! "Here is Busching's geography, " with Bleau's and Moll's atlas; De Lisse, Bowen, " Vagondy's, and all our late maps." How minutedoes our whole earth appear in them! but to one in eternity she appears still more infiguificant.-May therefore the gospel-maps of Canaan above, the inspired geography of heaven, be the delight, the study of my foul; how far will that better country exceed my, most extensive views, and most fanguine expectations! " Here take their place the " poems of lofty Milton, witful Cowley, elegant " Pope, sprightly Thomson, awful Young, ingenious "Blacklock, foaring Brown, spiritual Craig, divine "Watts." Be thefe, and fuch, the recreation of my easy hours.—Thou poetry, art half inspired! why so much proftituted to fcorn the Almighty, fire the luftful stallion, gild the fwollen worm, or deck the wallowing fow? Return apostate art, thy Maker's praise proclaim; light all thy flames at Jefus and his love. -Thrice happy day, when nor Milton, nor archangels, shall outvie my fongs to my Well-beloved; when my heart shall indite anthems all on fire, and my tongue shall outrun the pen of the ready writer. " Here stands various bodies of divinity; Turretine.

"Mastricht, Heidegger, Pictet, and Ridgley; with the valuable tracts of Witsus, Owen, Boston, Erwikines, Hervey, and others almost innumerable." But how little a portion of that science is yet heard or known! not even wise men can find it out. "Here is the best of writings, the Bible, with her principal commentaries! those of the elegant Calvin, laborious Pool, sagatious Patrick and Lowth, practical Henry, copious Gill, literal Calmet, sensible Clark, plain Burkit, soft-slowing Doddridge, judicious Guise, learned Virringa, penetrating Owen, pious Horn, curt Bengelious, dry Schultens, and critical Whitby," &c. How inexhaustible are the volumes of inspiration! how many, as helped of God, have written on them! and yet there is room.

"To:dwell here, where I might quietly converse " with the great men of many ages, methinks would " be a paradife." Lord, give me grace to read aright fuch books as I have. Let me never be a defultory reader, leaping from book to book; nor a posting reader, who observeth little as he goes along; nor a lufting reader, reading merely from an itch to read, or a defire to know: but, like a judicious Christian, let me ponder what I read, observing carefully what points my foul to a God in Christ, and the things above; and what volumes chiefly abound with hints of this nature; and, above all, the Bible; let thefe be the delight, the daily exercise of my foul.-Much rather will the mansions of my elder brother Christ, where I will converse with ancient patriarchs, apoftles, and prophets, nay, with angels, and with God himself, be a paradise indeed: there, instead of paper volumes, shall I peruse the Lamb's book of life; and discern my own, and the names of thousands not mentioned by Moreri, or Birch, written there before the foundation of the world.—There shall every childish thing, every romance, and shadow, give place to endless perfection, substance, and reality: with ravishing transport shall I, shall all the ransomed, for ever dispute, which is the deepest debtor to free grace; and shall be the loudest praiser of God and the Lamb: with enrapturing joy shall we glance the countless facts of redeeming love; survey Jesus' Fredera, his everlasting covenant; behold the law in his heart, fulfilled and magnified by him; and written in our heart, by a perfect conformity to him: there fuperficial knowledge shall for ever cease; maps, fystems, commentaries, and bibles, shall be no more necessary; I shall see God as he is, and know him, even as I am known: clearly shall creation shine in the face of her adored Maker: the unveiled glory of the Lamb shall be my sole, my all-sufficient commentary; my only Bible: no more shall I need the fun of inspiration, nor the moon of instituted ordinances; for the Lord God and the Lamb shall be my everlasting light, and my God my glory,

"Family and feeret worship, these preludes of endless hosannas, being over, my brother and I. "lie down on this soft bed." How quickly must we sleep together in the dust! shall not we even there sleep in Jesus' embrace? shall not I for ever lie with him in his bed of love, his Father's bosom? Exult, my soul, in the hope of the glory of God: how sweet shall such rest be to a labouring—a weary man!

"Sleep shuts mine eyes." May it be such as God gives to his beloved.—Quickly shall death shut them not more to be opened till the morning of the refurrection. Quickly shall, not the darkness, but the noontide blaze of everlasting light, overwhelm my foul, and throw me into an endless transport of inconceivable joy. " Have I, by night, awaked with " a fong in my mouth?" My dream of JEHOVAH'S kindness, in my redemption, and late deliverance, has tuned my tongue to his praise.—Lord, whenever I awake, let me be fill with thee .- Let my foul meditate on, and follow hard after thee, in the nightwatches.-Let this be the pledge, that amidst endless ecstacy, the high praises of God shall be for ever in my mouth.—And fince " for this cause I obtained mercy, that in me, the first-rate sinner, Jesus Christ might show forth all his long-suffering, for a pattern to them that shall hereafter believe; therefore unto the king eternal, immortal, invisible, the only wife God, be honour and glory for ever. Amen."

CHRISTIAN JOURNAL

OF A

HARVEST-DAY.

" WHAT noise hath awakened me? It is that so of the reapers rising to their work in the field." Are they preparing to labour for the meat that perisheth! and not I to labour for that which endureth to everlassing life?-Shall the summer pass, and the harvest end, while I am not faved? " A little ago, " I was half awake; but relapsed into my slumber. Perhaps, this morning-drowfiness will make my " journey too late, and occasion my lying out to-" night." Alas! what if my accurfed floth, my stifling of conviction, and spending many years in a total unconcern for my foul, prove her everlasting ruin? what profit is it, if I gain the whole world and lose my own foul?-Alas! if Christ be mine, he is no more than my last shift, when God obliged me to fee that there was no escaping of hell without him. With what pungent grief, and confounding shame, do I remember, how often, in childhood and youth, I neglected prayer, and reading of God's

Q 2 Digitized by GOOGLE

word; and with what unconcern I performed religious duties, when my parents pushed and directed me to them!

"Now I have got up, and put on my clothes." But whether I be risen with Christ from a state of sin and misery; whether I be clothed with his righteousness, or his curse, I know not. "My mirror shows a wrinkled brow, a fading countenance." Death is at my door; but whether it carry me to heaven or hell, I know not. O dreadful back-lock! near twenty years I am sure I lived without Christ:—twice twenty years I have lived in awful uncertainty, whether he be mine or not.

" The children are up: put all that can lisp out " language to prayer." Lord, forbid that I should be of those unchristian parents who regard more the food and raiment, than the prayers, the instruction, the fouls of their children; who cannot, without pain, fee their young ones want a meal, or have a pin wrong; and yet, without concern, can fuffer them, an hundred times over, to restrain secret prayer at morn or night; nay, perhaps, bring them up like ighorant, careless beafts, till six, eight, or twelve years of age.—Since, by idling away the flower of my youth, I have hazarded eternal ruin, let not me drag my tender little ones to hell with me; let none of them for ever curse me for neglecting their Christian education.-Poor babes, did I bring them into life children of disobedience, heirs of hell; and can my heart endure to fee them fo, without endeavouring to pluck them out of the burning? Were I not an unnatural, devilish monster, if it could? If, while chil-

dren, they are trained up in Satan's way, is there much hope that they will ever depart from it? It is true, they may not well know what they pray, read, or hear from God, nor be expected to be properly ferious in their work; but, without early instruction, and urging to duty, are they ever like to be better?—How many full grown persons have I feen as ignorant, and as unconcerned about their eternal interests, as babes of three years old? ---- Alas! careless parents, careless masters, careless teachers, and careless ministers, are brethren; instruments of cruelty are in their habitations."-Are not their fkirts presently full of the blood of poor innocents? -If I must make my dreadful bed in hell, let not me draw a multitude after me: and if a bleeding Redeemer fave me, God forbid that I should for ever destroy the fouls and bodies of my children, fervants or neighbours.

"Now we have effayed family-worship."—Ah! heartless work, while I know not whether God accepts or rejects our service:—But perhaps it will be accepted with respect to others in the family, though not with respect to me.—Be the case and issue as it will, in Jesus' strength, I determine to essay to worship, and serve him while I live.

"My companion hath got the start of me, and is gone off.—He neglects morning family-worship during the harvest." Lord, shall the greatness of thy bounty to us, in the crop, encourage even some professors, thus to rob thee of thy worship? need not the reapers hands thy special care? is not the whole provision of the following year at a distinguish-

ed criss? and yet shall men sin, because need;—because grace doth abound?

"Now I leave my family." How quickly must I go from them into the eternal state!—If I never see them more, Lord, be thou an husband to the widow, a father to the fatherless, and a master to my servants: these thou gavest me to bring up for thee; assuring me, that my life should go for their life.—I have wofully mismanaged them; but into thy hands, O God of truth, I commit them!

" Now I am on my way." Let me apply to the creatures around me for spiritual instruction: all things are full of God. "Here is a field of run-" ridge; but every man knows his own." So are the members of Jesus and Satan mingled together; but the " Lord knoweth them that are his."-And shall I live a moment longer, without knowing whether the everlasting God, or everlasting burnings, be the portion of my cup? No; let me just now, with more than usual earnestness, and dependence on him for direction, try myfelf to the uttermost: Lord, thou who knowest all things, do thou search and try me; for, amidst this confusion of heart and life, I cannot, without uncommon aid, diftinguish between light and darkness, reality and delusion, common and especial operations of thy Spirit: enable me candidly to compare my heart and life with thy word; and to draw a just conclusion! discover my grace, if I have any.---Upon a diligent fearch, I am perfuaded, that I am wholly loathfome, weak, worthless, and wicked in my own eyes :- that I love, or defire to love, Christ above all things; and to count them

but dung " to win him, and be found in him; not having my own righteousness, but the righteousness of God which is by faith:"-that I abhor my naughty heart, because it will not love him much more abundantly: ---- and that I love all those who bear his image, though they differ from, reproach, and injure me.-Hence, with fear and trembling, I conclude, that Christ is mine, and I am his.—Lord, if I am wrong, speedily undeceive me; if right, confirm my perfuafion, by large additions to my grace, and by fensible visits of thy love. Confirm it even now, my foul, by taking hold of God's covenant, as tendered to the chief of finners; add thy hearty amen to the promifes of pardon, peace, newness of heart, and the like.—Be it recorded in heaven, that this moment I accept of Jesus, as " come to seek and save that which is loft. This is a faithful faying, and worthy of all acceptation, that Jesus Christ came into the world, to fave finners, of whom I am the chief."

"God hath given us the latter rain, though scarce "moderately." O his wisdom and goodness, in so much proportioning wind and rain, cold and warmth, to our necessities!—But, how soolish are we to place happiness in created enjoyments, when too much, as well as too little of them, may be a fore evil!—How soolish to resist God, who hath all creatures ready armed to punish us for our sin, and can turn mercies into plagues when he pleaseth!

"Here is a field of rank corn quite laid down: it will fcarce afford any thing but plenty of coarse fraw." Alas! how many, who, in the early pe-

riod of life, flourish exceedingly, overtop all around, in knowledge and apparent feriousness, do, by after floth, by lying down to flumber, become quite barren and unfruitful! ferve for no purpose in the church but to bear bulk !----How many, in days of adversity and drought, promise fair! but when God plentifully rains upon them outward enjoyments, or advanceth them to higher stations in the world, become careless and earthly minded: a reproach to God and to themselves!--How ready, at last, to be trodden down as firaw for the dunghill; and to have their portion in hell-fire! " Here is a field of charming corn: numbers of stalks grow from one root: the " ears are large and heavy." How charming to fee a faint abound in the fruits of righteousness! to see him at once devout, always leaning on his Saviour, always walking with his God: a dutiful child, an affectionate husband, a truly kind parent, a faithful fubje&, a peaceful neighbour, a generous friend, a redeemer of time, a counsellor in perplexity, a sympathizer in trouble, a comforter amidst grief; firm, intrepid, judicious, full of tenderness, compassion, and benevolence: devout, without feeking to be feen of men; modest, without bashfulness; frank and affable, without impertinence; obliging and complaifant without fervility; cheerful without noise!-How charming, to behold the increase of glory to God, peace on earth, and good-will to men, which, Jesus hath brought forth? And thrice-happy day, when an " handful of corn," Jesus Christ preached by a few ministers, in a few ordinances, " on the tops of mountains," among barren Gentile finners,

" shakes with fruit like trees," produceth numerous converts, fruitful in good works!

" The fummer drought hath fo withered this spot, " that the late rains cannot recover it." How rarely are profesiors, who after a spring-tide flourishing, wither away, recovered from their apostacy! publicans and harlots go before them into the kingdom of God. And how dreadful to fall into hell backward? " All fummer hath the feed of " this ridge lain under the clod; and but just now " fprings up, when it ought to ripen." O the difder introduced into life, by the want of early concern for our eternal falvation! Of how many fummer-like, precious, heart-warming ordinances, and influences, do we hereby lose the benefit !-Ah! how we endanger our foul; late repentance being feldom found! " Here the corn is good: but warped with bram-" bles." How often doth the most eminent, the liveliest grace, dwell together with the most foolish, peewish, or rugged temper! Where weakness and fin abound, grace much more abounds. " Yonder field is quite " over-run with thiftles: neglect to weed this corn " in the proper season renders it painful to reap it; " and impossible to do it to perfection." Negligence to mortify lusts, and purify our way, issueth in awful vexation, and loss to ourselves and others. O the piercing pain, and hurtful ruin, which early spiritual floth, or timorousness, prepares for our soul at last! " How ripe is this field of corn! the roots loofe; " the ears hang down; the grain is firm and hard." O that my heart were but loofed, and weaned from this present world! that all my inward powers hang

downwards in deep humility, and self-denial! that my graces, desires, and exercises, were no more light and shadowy, but solid and substantial! then should I be truly ripe for death, the grave, and the presence of God.—But while it is otherwise, what am I ripe for, but the judgments of heaven! "Every field brings so forth according to the nature of the grain sown: what a man soweth, that doth he reap." And as sin or grace is sown in my heart, such is my fruit: as I sow in this world, so shall I reap in the next: If I to the steps fow corruption, corruption and wo shall be my harvest! if by receiving grace, and practising holiness, I sow to the Spirit, then shall I reap life everlasting.

" Here comes the old foldier; how often hath " he entertained his audience with the history of his " warlike exploits!" But where is Jesus, the Captain of my falvation! O how my foul longs to hear thee rehearse the dear story of thy God-like exploits! Thou haft, "done excellent things; this is known in all the earth." How would my heart, my ears, hang upon thy lips, to hear thee tell thy love! thy loads of guilt assumed! the travail of thy foul! thy battles thy victories! Repeat the ravishing tale ten thousand times, it would be ftill fresh and new to my foul. "Yonder stands my young friend." How the fight of him at once cheers and wounds my heart! Born in a graceless family, without Christian education: but what a proficient in the way of the Lord! I have thrown away more hours than he hath lived; yet how much he excels me in every thing for which I ought to live .- Alas! while all men with to be count-

ed virtuous or religious, few care or labour to be fo! they walk by example rather than by rule: they show themselves ignorant of the truth by their want of conformity to it, and by their conceit of their knowledge of it. By their care about their body and this earth, they lose both foul and body-earth, and heaven.—Our stedfastness in our religion avails nothing, if our religion do not change our heart and life from felf to Christ, from fin to God. Better live and die mere Heathens, than live and die mere professors of the true religion.—All the duties of religion must flow from an implanted principle of real grace. It is not talking of, or for Christ, but conformity to him, and walking in and with him, that will mark us real Christians. If we walk unevenly and unwatchfully, we will live uncomfortably. If we incline to live like Christians, we will labour to live always humble, thankful, watchful, and chearful. And, if we do not want to do unlawful things, we must sometimes deny ourselves those that are lawful in themselves .- Religion must be our earnest labour and business before it can be our delight.-Lukewarmness is the best temper in our body, but the worst in our foul and religion.—Serious fits of religion avail nothing, unless we have an abiding fense of God on our hearts:-And we have never any fense of God or his mercy to us-ward, unless we have a fense of our duty to him, and study to perform it in its proper time; hearing while God fpeaks, believing while he promifeth, praying while he hears, and obeying while he commands. gion may be much talked of, but is never underftood, till our conscience be awakened, and we know the worth of our soul, and our need of a Saviour. Nor doth it ever flourish till we can naturalize spiritual things, and spiritualize natural things. And if we expect to live with Christ in heaven, we must live in him, on him, with him, and to him on earth!—
"Yonder comes the post, sounding his horn."—
Blessed Spirit, make haste; sound to the centre of my heart the great trumpet of the glorious gospel: bring me good news from the court above, that my "sins which are many, are forgiven me;" that God will quickly visit my soul with his loving-kindness; and speedily free me from a cursed, careless, carnal heart.

" Here the reapers hire themselves." Lord Jefus, how many hireling pastors and professors are in thy church? May I ferve thee from love to thy perfon and work: may I count my work my wages. Dear bought before hand, infinitely deep in thy debt, let me ferve thee with fuch cheerfulness and diligence, as testify that I cannot but love and serve thee: then shall my labour not be in vain in the Lord. " To-day the reapers infift for high wages." Alas! what high value doth our legal heart put upon the. mere shadow of service to Christ? But when I have done all, let me count myself an unprofitable fervant; Lord! damnation is the best wages that my bestworks can deferve: let me therefore have redemption through thy blood, the forgiveness of my duties, as well as of my fins, according to the riches of thy grace. Far better live in poverty than in pride. Yet, alas! pride every where abounds. How often,

in undervaluing others for want of things, or envying their having of them, do we manifest what we are proud of, or would be proud of, if we had it; and while many are proud of what they are, others are proud of what they are not. How many are proud in their spirit, when the are very poor in purse! how many mark their pride in rags, in folemn looks, lowly behaviour, and felf-discommendation; but especially in accounting the gospel foolishness, and refusing Christ, and his righteousness, grace, and falvation! How often doth pride originate in folly, error, and ignorance of ourselves; and must end in our shame, either penitential or penal. How unreasonble for creatures to be proud; much more for finners who are hastening to hell; or faints, who are but newly rifen from it? Why should men be proud, who have nothing but what is finful and fhameful of their own? shall dust,—ashes, a worme -emptiness,-and perishing, be proud ?-It is both comelieft and fafeft for finful creatures to lie very low, especially before God. Better be humbled for fin, than proud of grace. If we knew ourselves better, we would be more humble. If God hath pardoned us, we ought to be humbled; because we had need of it, and because we have received it. If Christ humbled himself to honour us, we ought to humble ourselves, in order to honour him.-No devils in hell. or temptations in the world, can hurt him that liveth always humble, and dependent on Christ: But to defpair, or to aggravate our finfulness beyond Christ's faving power, is but devilish humility; a fullen pride; and a covert of a hardened heart. True humility

maketh way for Christ, and throws our foul at his feet !- If we were more humble, we would live more contented, thankful, charitable, and quiet, and in a fairer way to be honoured. Self-denial, and abhorrence, would make felf-refignation very eafy. They that deferve nothing but hell, ought always to be content with any thing which God gives; to bless him for every good thing they have, and trust him for every thing they want; commit themselves to his keeping, and fubmit to his disposal.—If we believingly obey his revealed will, we will kindly fubmit to his providential will. If we cannot bring our condition to our mind, let us bring our mind to our condition. Neither contentment nor discontentment proceeds from men's outward circumstances, but from their inward disposition. If a man be not content in the circumstances in which he is, he will not be content in any station in which he would be.- "These reap-" ers have furnished themselves with sickles." So. Lord, do felf-righteous men attempt to ferve thee, with their own wisdom and strength; but work in me both to will and to do; be the author and finisher of my grace, my labour: give me full opportunity, wilhingness, and strength; and then command what thou wilt, it shall be done. " Now some farmers set their " hireling reapers on horseback, to hasten them to " their work: but, at night, they will lodge them " ill; and, at the end of harvest, dismiss them wearied, to walk home on foot." How often, for the furtherance of his work in the church, doth Jefus beflow a large measure of honour, gifts, and frames on men: whom, after finishing his purpose, he fends home to everlasting punishment with a curse, to make

their bed in hell! "What numbers of reapers re"main unhired!" Alas! how many nations are not, by the gospel, called to the fellowship of God's Son! How many live in the church, who never feel the eminent strivings of the divine Spirit! Lord, how many of my school-fellows, friends, and acquaintance, hast thou passed by, whilst thou hast called, striven with, and drawn perverse, unworthy ME! O the sovereignty of thy grace! "It is not of him that willeth, nor of him that runneth, but of God that showeth mercy."

"But where were the bulk of these reapers yesterday? Were they sanctifying a Sabbath to the Lord their God? Or, did they rather loiter away the sacred moments at ale-houses, or by the way-side? Or, were they travelling with burdens to this place?" Alas! that farmers, pastors, and magistrates, do not concur to repress this horrid custom? Shall people travel far to earn wages by hard labour? and, by abusing the Sabbath, procure a curse upon them? Shall they bring a curse upon the country, whither they come to earn their bread? Do they imagine that there is no conscience, no God to behold and avenge their behaviour? Have they no souls, that they labour so hard only for their body?

"Here they reap: every stroke of the sickle cuts down a multitude of ears." Ye sweeping judgments of heaven, what havock do you often make of nations! O death, what multitudes cuttest thou down every moment! perhaps more than an hundred thousand of our guilty race are often thy daily meal. While I speak, what thousands perish by thy unre-

lenting hand; and expire in thy bloody jaws? Lord, be thou their present help in time of need. Awful thought! how many of them launch forth into eternal fire! How terrible to die, without thoughts of death, and preparation for it!—or to go to hell, after quenching of conviction, and despising of Christ! Let Jesus keep my house, my heart, always in order; for I shall die, and not live!—Let him, by the gospel, cut thousands from their natural root, and bind them up in the bundle of life with himself. "How quickly is this reaped corn bound into sheaves!" At death, and judgment, shall the various classes of sinners be gathered, and irrecoverably set apart for destruction; and the saints unalterably separated into life eternal.

"What a number glean after these reapers!"—Alas! what multitudes, multitudes in the field of the broken covenant, and of sinful courses, glean after Satan, after naughty and legal preachers, and after those men who give bac example! Lord, may my soul never glean but in the field of thy new covenant, in the field of thy precious word: when ministers, thy reapers, read or explain it to me, may I, with refreshful pleasure, glean after them; receive thy truth in the love of it, with much affection, and joy of the Holy Ghost."

"What a found doth idle, profane, wanton, and "reproachful talk make on this field! unhappy ears that must hear it." Better that these reapers had no tongue, no reason, than to use them thus. O the filthiness, which must be lodged in their hearts! for "out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh." O our enmity against God; that while our

hands are filled with his goodness, our tongues are filled with his dishonour! Alas! cannot people meet about their civil employ, without agreeing to forget their Maker, the God that is above;—and their future gathering to his tribunal, to account for their conduct?—Alas! when outwardly employed in his fervice, how frequent is the vanity and filthiness of our heart! Lord, keep the door of my lips: if I cannot speak to thine honour, and my neighbour's edificacation seal them up: let never that hell within me render my tongue a world of iniquity.

" In what danger are the reapers' hands and feet, " from the toads which swarm in this fat field!" How often in the fat fields of prosperity, and even of gospel-ordinances, do hurtful lusts and temptations fwarm all around us; that not only hands and feet, but our hearts, are in the utmost hazard! If increased in honour and wealth, what risk we run from our connections with wicked men! How few behave as lively Christians amidst great abundance. of this world! And, alas! most men are eternally ruined by this world! If it be our portion here, hell must be our portion hereafter. Let me therefore neither leave the world, nor love it.—It promifeth comforts, but pays with forrows. Its riches and profperity will either kill with care, or furfeit with delight.—Riches are rather to be feared than fought, left they prove filver-bars in our way to heaven. Riches are indifferent things in themselves, and become good or bad as they are used. Let me then be always as indifferent to them, as they are to me. I may put a price on them, but they cannot put one

on me. I must answer to God for them, but they cannot answer for me. Let me love the men that are in the world, but never the things of it. If I have too great affection for any worldly thing, I may expect an answerable affliction. Whatever I make an idol of, will be a cross to me, if I belong to Christ; and a curse if I do not.—Man was not made for the world, but the world for man. The more the things of this world are known, they will be the less admired and prized: And, indeed, riches are but dust; honours, shadows; pleasures, bubbles; and men, lumps of vanity, compounded of sinfulness and misery.

"Here the reapers make very unequal progress: "the house-ridge goes far before the hirelings." Seldom are such as cry up self-righteousness, and put a high value on their works, truly careful to "live soberly, righteously, and godly in this present world." It is these who live near Christ, and are assumed of their best deeds, who are zealous of good works, and study to be perfect as God is perfect. Let me, therefore, always live in the world; on the Lord! by and from the Lord; to the Lord; and with the Lord.

"On this open field the reapers fit down to breakfast: what beautiful simplicity is this!" Memorial of our primeval estate in paradise: spur to contentment: and to me emblem of the humble, happy confess of ransomed millions on the fields of light. "How large the meal which these reapers take! their hard labour and fresh air are the cause." When I enjoy the fresh breezes of divine instruence, and abound in the labour of love; for what abundant

thare of the fulness of God it appetiseth my foul! Give me then ten thousand sweet frames, ten thoufand creations, my heart crieth GIVE, GIVE! Give me God himself as my all in all, or else I die, "Sun-" dry have brought along their little ones, to share " their harvest-meals with them." If God be gracious to me, let me be truly kind to others: " To do good, and to communicate, forget not; for with fuch facrifices God is well pleafed." What gift or grace he freely bestows on me, let me liberally improve to the edification of others: let me instruct my children and inferiors: communicate experience with Christian friends; if Jesus refresh my soul, let me pray for; let me invite multitudes to share with me: " There is bread enough in his house, and to fpare: he that watereth, shall be watered himself." "But what means this diforderly practice? fundry " of these reapers ask a blessing and return thanks " for their meal by themselves: some neither crave " the one, nor render the other." Woes me! are all these thirty, master and servants, so ashamed of God, that every one blusheth to be the mouth of the rest, in an address to his Maker? are many of them brutishly ignorant if there be a God, from whom we receive our mercies !-But, Lord, how much worse still are those, who can hear a sermon without craving a blefling to it, and effaying to pray it over after it is heard!

"How pleafantly and beautifully the clover, "which is to fucceed, grows up along with the corn, on this field!" And even fo, miscellaneous thoughts of importance ought to be fixed in my heart, and

practifed in my life; as that I should fear every fin, but no fuffering. It is an ease for a soul to confess fin, in an humble, heart-broken, and fin-hating manner. True Christians justify God, and judge and condemn themselves, under the heaviest afflictions. The least spiritual things ought to be preferred to the greatest temporal ones. There is no real bondage, but either in fin, or for fin. Christians will fooner overcome their outward enemies by praying for them, than by praying or fighting against them. Bad times well improved, are far better than good times miffpent and abused. We ought always to shut our eyes from beholding, our ears from hearing, and our heart from entertaining fin. If once we be willing to part with our dearest lust, we will be willing to part with our life for Christ. Christians must be brought into fires of perfecution, in order to heat them for being joined together in love.-Men will have little comfort in suffering for that which is but a notion in their head, and not a truth fixed in their heart. The leffer the truths be for which we fuffer, our love to Christ appears the more. God's least things are of more importance than the world's greatest things. -Words, opinions, and outward performance of duties, are but the smaller points in religion. Men never trust Christ, but they find him faithful; and never trust their heart, but they find it deceitful. ----If God hide our fecret fins from the view of the world, we should the more freely confess them to himfelf.—The strength of all our inward corruptions fometimes appears in one; fo that if we overcome that, we overcome them all. The strength of in-

ward corruption is never known, but when we meet with temptations to, and opportunities of exerting it. -Souls will foon become empty, which are always letting out, but not careful to lay in from Christ .-We should lay in Christ, lay up with Christ, and then lay out for Christ. We ought to beware of being always wooing Christ, without ever marrying him.-If Satan cease his affaults, he is but damming up his temptations, that he may, of a fudden, let them out with more violence. He doth not, like Christ, warn before he strike.—Christ's work is its own wages, and his fervice perfect freedom. As our fafety lies in our doing our duty, our duty ought always to be chiefly aimed at by us. that loves not Christ more than his life, bids fair to lose both Christ and his life. Christ, as a loadstone, draws souls to himself; and, as crystal amongst stones, he gives them a lustre. The only way to avoid fome temptations, is humbly to fall down on our face. If we make hafte to perform our duty, God will make hafte to give us our reward. Saints' fins are new fufferings to Christ, and their afflictions are his wounds. Reading of the scripture promotes meditation, and meditation prayer, and prayer every good work. Men may come too late to God; but he can never come too late to them. If we be content with that which Christ gives us, we shall want nothing. It is a mercy to feel our want of grace, and a greater to know the worth of grace. It is a great matter to have true grace; a greater to have affurance of it; and no less to use that affurance aright. It is never honourable to commend friends,

or discommend enemies very much. We never command others aright, till we have learned to obey; and unless we command in love, humility, and selfdenial.-An even, thorough-paced, felf-fearing, and heart-melting Christian, is always the best. world is a bulky nothing, deluding the bad, and difturbing and diffracting the good. Satan prevails more by his craft, than by his cruel power and violence. Hypocrites' hearts are like stinking ponds, in which fish die, and frogs live. If we flee from the devil, he will certainly pursue us; but sometimes it is better to flight his temptations, than to fight with them.—Serious thoughts of our death tend to deaden our finful lusts. Opinion-fowing, and churchrailing professors, have commonly more felf than grace. Both Christ, and sin, appear biggest in the view of Christians, when they are under trouble. Christ puts most of his oil of grace into broken hearts; and there it is best kept. The less we strive for ourfelves the more will Christ contend for us. Our foul ought, like a dial, to follow Christ, the Sun of righteousness. Afflictions are Christ's love tokens. Small fins yielded to, make way for greater. He that converts a foul, covers and gains more than a world. Zeal, without knowledge, is like metal in a blind horse, which stumbles, and overthrows his rider. Young Christians commonly need a curb, and old ones a four. If we do not wish to be envied, let us never be too eager to be loved. Our grace should always lead and govern all our gifts. A graceless heart is content with nothing, but what helps it toward hell; nor a gracious, with any thing but what

helps it heavenward. All our grace ought to be exercifed in opposition to fin, and never for it. Whenever we are beaten, or in danger, we should flee to Christ our tower. Nor ought we ever to complain of our restaint, as long as our heart can go out toward God and his ways. Nor should we ever wish to be out of this evil world till God hath no fervice for us in it. Changes of lot, by marriage, advancement, &c. much try the reality of our grace. One fin should cause more grief to us than all our sufferings. Sins die and fall off true Christians, as leaves fall off trees in harvest. Christ's sufferings best represent the real weight, and dreadful nature of fin. All our good works should be improven to strengthen our faith; and all our bad ones to promote our repentance. God's promifes are our prospectives; and faith is the only eye that can look through them. It is as abfurd to wish deliverances before God's time, as for women to wish untimely births.-Saints' fins are like weeds heaped up, in order to rot. True Christians are like slint-stones, which keep their fire under water itself. Our graces ought to be exercifed, chiefly in opposition to our leading corruptions. It is very hard to act faith, when there is no outward encouragements; and as hard to do it, when our eyes are filled with them. The more we believe of what Christ says, or suffer for his sake, the more we may expect of his spirit. All exercise of grace strengthens itself, and destroys fin. We ought first to put forth faith in our prayers, and then follow them with faith. We ought to rejoice in what Christ is, and doth for us, rather than in what we are,

and do for him. We should mightily oppose sin when we feel it strong, and eagerly mortify it, when it feems to grow weak. We never reprove aright, unless we hate the fin, and pity the sinner. And, unless we relish Christian reproof, we love our sin more than our foul. It is dreadful to be neither careful to do well, nor penitent when we do ill. True Christians are often killed, but never hurt. Christ gives more fweets than balance all his bitters. We are feldom willing to leave the world till God make it too hot for us. Nor do we ever know the weakness of our grace till God's spirit withdraw from us, and fin and Satan violently affault us. We are apt to be foonest weary of self-examination, meditation, and other best exercises. Careless hearing or reading makes careless hearts, and careless hearts make curfed lives. We should labour to know God, and ourselves in Christ, and Christ in ourselves; and to learn to live in the Lord, on the Lord, and by, and from, and to the Lord; that we may live for ever with him. Our care ought to be, to wait on God, to walk with God, work all our works in and for God; and to bring our will in every thing to the will of God: and, the worfe we fee others, to be the better ourselves. Lord, write these proverbs in my heart, and copy them out in my life.

"Yonder friend scatters a lapful of apples among his reapers: what running: what striving
mong them for a share!" O Tree of life, when
thou shakest thy fruit, when thou castest abroad the
apples of thy exertasting blessings amongst us, how
should we run and strive to get large shares thereof!

Shall we strive for earthly vanities, and not for the fruit that is better than gold? Thrice happy, when the kingdom of heaven suffereth violence, and the violent take it by force, and every man present into it?

"Here the corn is fo thin and short, or so bro"ken down by the beasts, and by the wind or rain,
"that it can hardly be reaped." But, you judgments
of God, you king of terrors, find no difficulty to thrust
in your sharp sickle, and mow down the nations,
small or great:—how unpleasant to come into your
hands, while I am a dwarf in religion, or trodden
down by lust and temptation!

"What noise do I hear! it is that of the guns " discharged from yonder castle, to celebrate the late " victory of our troops." How aftonishing! Have an army of blasphemers obtained a victory in favour of an abandoned, a perjured people? Lord, how great is thy goodness! how great is thy sovereignty! -Rejoice evermore, my foul; rejoice, ye ranfomed, that Jesus triumphed over principalities and powers, making a flow of them openly on his cross: that he hath fubdued the nations; goeth forth conquering and to conquer :- that he shall destroy Antichrist; and every other oppofer; gather the kingdoms of this world to himself:-that Christ in me shall quickly fubdue and root out every luft: that I, with millions shall, in endless hosannas, celebrate his nonfuch victories on Calvary, and on the judgmentfeat.

"Yonder runs a mad dog, with purfuers at his heels: poor animal, he hath eaten too much car-

" rion; hath over-reached his ftrength; or been " bitten by his mad fellow." How is my foul maddened by the bite of the enraged old ferpent! by feeding on earthly enjoyments! and by hard labour for very vanity! how often hath my tongue lolled out idle and evil language! how often have I foamed out my own rage and fbame! how often do I run to and fro in doing mischief! how I have been terrified at, and shunned drinking of, or bathing in the water of life! But how stupendous have the mercy and patience of God to me been! how stupendous, that, to-day, neither God nor men pursue me to my ruin! that my madness is not punished with the enraging bite of this mad beaft? "Were this animal spared, " what mischief might he quickly do!" One sinner destroyeth much good; like one infected with the plague, he with pleasure spreads the infection unto all around: one generation, from age to age, infects another. Ah! Lord, how many have my finful advice and example already corrupted! O quickly cure me of my madness, that I may infect no more.

"Here the herds and flocks are exposed to public auction." How many such animals were yearly slain to remove the Hebrews' guilt! but not these, but Jesus, by one offering of himself, finished transgression and made an end of sin, for ever perfecting them that are sanctified. May his atonement be the endless righteousness, peace, comfort, and feast of my soul! "Here every thing is sold to the highest bidder." But, in Christ's market, every thing is given to the lowest bidder; to him that worketh not, but believeth on him that justifieth the ungodly. O fit!

O happy! thrice happy fale for me, who have nothing of my own but my fin! When I retire into myfelf, I fee nothing in the universe more vile, more miserable.-But thrice-blessed maxim of Heaven, that it is more bleffed to give than to receive! However, let me give myself to the highest bidder :- By his power Jesus made me: by his blood he redeemed me: by his bounty he preferves and provides for me: by his grace he bequeaths to me the everlafting fulness of God.—Till Satan and the world can do more for me, let Christ alone possess my heart .- O his infinite loveliness and love! He became like us, that he might make us like himself. By his death sin was expiated, the law fatisfied, the devil conquered, and men are faved. If therefore I would be a Chriftian, his blood must be my ransom, his Spirit my infiructor and comforter, his word my rule, and my food, his supper my feast, and his sabbath my fair. would walk or work, he must be my strength: if I would ftand, he must be my foundation: if I would be faved, he must be my fanctuary; if I would live, he must live in me: If I would have Christ ALL to me, I must neither abuse him by self-conceited prefumption, nor refuse him by felf-destroying despair! and the more my own finfulness is known and felt, the more will he be prized: if it be bitter, he will be fweet; if it be hell, he will be heaven. There is no fafety, but in his arms, bosom, and heart; no comfort but in his living in us on earth, and in our going to him at death: there is no honour like relation to him, no riches like his graces; -no learning like the knowledge of him-no persons like his friends

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and fervants. Let me always behold and admire his person as lovely, love his name as sweet, embrace his doctrines as comfortable, obey his commands as reasonable, and submit to his cross as honourable.—
Let me with wonder behold, believe, pry into, and survey his love in its topless height, bottomless depth, endless length, and unbounded breadth!—Oh! if I but knew myself and my Saviour! I am poor, but he is rich: I am dead, but he is life: I am fin, but he is righteousness: I am guiltiness, but he is grace: I am misery, but he is mercy: J am lust, but he is salvation. He ever lives,—ever loves, ever pities, ever pleads, and ever saves to the uttermost.

"Here two neighbours have exchanged their " horse; methinks the one hath got a considerable " advantage." Lord, how often hath my wicked heart attempted to exchange thee, and my immortal foul, for that which is but vanity of vanities ! How often for a trifle, nay, for a finful pleafure have I neglected a thought, a visit, an adoration of thee! But happy, happy, that my stupid folly, my cursed enmity, cannot dislodge thee from my heart, nor put thee out of my possession!-Let me never take the advantage of a neighbour: if I gain he must lose, rather I must lose, since, by fraudulence and falsehood I give my foul to Satan, as a boot to the bargain.-Let me never hasten to be rich: great gain is feldom honest, and rarely gives content.-But let me ever buy, never fell Christ, truth, and time: so shall my gain be large at last .- Ah! how Christ and truth undervalued, time and eternity mismeasured, ruin mankind!

"Yonder friendly cur daily attends his master, " and would rather lose his life, than suffer him to 66 be hurt; yet has nothing for his reward but bones and crumbs: and the outfide of the door for his a lodging." How constantly, how faithfully, even unto death, do multitudes ferve the devil, the world and their lufts, without any other reward than fome bones of outward enjoyments, some crumbs of finful pleasure, with an everlasting bed amidst devouring flames! Lord, may I never ferve fuch monsters of ingratitude: but let my foul cleave to thee, delight in thy presence, gladly lie at thy feet, follow thee whitherfoever thou goest, and risk my life in defence of the gospel. O then, the grace, the glory that is appointed for me! Mark, my foul, "How this brute " fnarls at the stone thrown at him, and overlooks " the hand which threw it." Alas I how often do I, how often do multitudes, spurn trouble, without eyeing the hand of God in it! how many take both affliction and deliverance as no more than CHANCE that happeneth to them! " Lo, how the vile animal " licks up his own vomit!" Woes me! how often have I recommitted the fine for which I once felt deep remorfe! how many, with pleafure, return to the abominations which they once feemed to repent of! O to be faved from fuch horrid filthiness! God allows us any thing but fin. If fin, therefore, be in the fashion, we must be out of it. None can be a true Christian, if he doth not choose to suffer rather than fin. Sin breeds plagues and diseases in us, draws down troubles and death on us; digs graves, and kindles hell for us. Why then are we not trou-

bled on account of the cause of all our trouble! Why do we not groan under that burden, which makes the whole creation to groan? Why plead in defence, denial, or excuse of our most dreadful accuser? How can I love Christ, if I love sin, which is the arch-enemy of his life, his glory, interest, and people? and which provokes him in his enemies, and grieves him in his friends? How can I believe his grace, if the fense of it do not make me to hate fin !- Let me then account fin my burden and wound, and Christ my cure and comfort.—Since he died for my fin, that it might die and my foul live, let me be fick of fin that I may die to it; let me chearfully take shame, be humbled for, and hate fin, and fuffer any thing rather than fin: let me repent of it as fin, and so of all fin. Let no-finful pleasures prevent my godly forrows for fin. In the faith and hope of God's mercy, let me repent of, and confess my fin, to his glory, and my own shame.

"With what pleasure do yonder swine lie in their dunghill? how would they grunt and gnash, fould I attempt to stir them up! they abhor a cleanly apartment; and if washed, would quickly return to grovel and wallow in the mire." Mournful picture of sinners lying in the dunghill of earthly portions, carnal lusts, and sinful pleasures! Ah! how these hate-awakening troubles, gnash at alarming reproofs, and continue in their sin and sloth! how they hate Jesus' bosom, and his pure ordinances; and are set upon returning to folly! "How earnestly these grovelling brutes dig in the earth with their snout: and eat almost any thing that comes in their way!"

What multitudes, multitudes of men, by carnal thoughts, purposes, and defires, daily dig in this earth, this mansion of worms; and fadly esteem and content themselves with any but Christ for their food. " How comely yonder pigs! but how unlightly when " old!" How awful, that many who appear as Jesus' lambs in their youth, are, by wallowing in fins, transformed into the likeness of devils as they grow old! " How often in agonies of birth, doth the favage fow " eat up the just-ferried fruit of her womb!" worse than brutal mothers, behold your horrid picture: how often to conceal your guilt, do you murder the hapless tenant of your belly! how often imbrue your hands in your infants guiltless blood !----How often, you indulgent but bloody parents, doth your ungodly example, your neglect of prayer for, and of Christian instruction, of your children, pierce them through with many, with eternal forrows? How often, amidst your fawning care, amidst the gaudy fcenes of vanity, do you bring them up to endless fire ?-You parents and teachers, have you forgot that these pretty children have immortal souls?—that God hath charged you to take, and train them up for him?—If no conscience of duty move you, think how you will please to have your ears dunned, your heart shocked, with the rueful shrieks, the horrid curses of your damned offspring, your damned charge! how will you hear them, at the tribunal, imprecate tenfold vengeance on your murderous head!-Tremble at your ugly image, you careless pastors, who feed themselves upon your flock, and seek not them, but theirs.

"How this dunghill fwarms with vermine!" How fwarms our dunghill world with finners, temptations, and fnares!—How, after inexpreffible pains from above to fanctify me, doth my foul fwarm with lufts, pride, unbelief, legality, blasphemy, covetousness, and the like? I am carnal, fold under fin. In me, that is, in my flesh, dwelleth no good things:" but my name is legion; for many lusts and devils are lodged in me. O wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me from this body of death!

"Here the poultry have destroyed more corn-" than they are worth: here they have trampled under foot what a few months ago they would have " gladly eaten." Alas! what good do finners destroy! how we waste the offers and the influences of divine grace; and contemn the ordinances, opportunities, and enjoyments, which at other times we would have gladly embraced! Let me so imitate these feathered tribes no more: but when I drink water out of the wells of falvation, let not my head, as theirs, but my heart, be lifed up to heaven, where my treasure is: lifted up in praise, for what I have received; and in prayer for what I further need. "Yonder lie the scattered pinions of one, which per-" haps the fox, this morning, carried off from the " rooft." Othe curfed diligence, fubtlety, and boldness of Satan, that crafty fox, and his feed! how late they sit: how early they rise, to do mischief! Even in my spiritual rest of fellowship with God, how readily they may feize me! Bless the Lord, O my foul, that they cannot kill thee; nor carry thee quite

off:—" Watch and pray, that thou enter not into temptation."

"How strangely have the sields ripened this fortinght past! the clear shining sun, and the bright
moon, are the cause." When my soul feels the
warming, the enlightening power of Jesus and his
word, how fast her graces ripen!—How shall my virtues spread below his heavenly beams! and through
endless ages ripen into higher powers!

" Here comes a body of clergymen: this is ac-" counted a laborious farmer; that a bright poet: " this a fine orator! that a great wit: this a noted " critic: and that a polite gentleman." How much superior is the character of a faithful minister of Jesus Christ! Woes me! do the clergy of this place think themselves more than sufficient for the work of the gospel? Or, are fields, in their esteem, more precious than immortal fouls;—than a divine Saviour?— Will the wisdom of words win men to Christ?—What advantage hath a wit above others, but that he hath a greater freedom to play the fool?—And pray, of how little use are the most of critics! how often, like proud fools they take offence at every trifle! how often, like rats swarming about the best cheese, do they especially attack the choicest books! how often they observe so much upon others, that they take no heed to themselves! how often, by misleading our judgment, do they more mischief than the bad writer,-who only tires our patience! how often, by pardoning absurdities in themselves, which they cannot fuffer in others, do they testify that they are more willing to be fools than to fee others fo !---Is not

common fense more useful than fine sense? how often doth polite gentleman signify no more, but one who gallants the ladies? one who is ready to practise crimes, the most abhorrent to nature, and contradictory to our Christian faith? one that blasphemes his Maker, or smiles at the man who doth it? and yet is ready to turn him through who tpeaks evil of his friend.—Lord, let us have nothing to do with clergy who know better how to manage farms, than to wrestle with God, and deal with hardened and wounded consciences;—that give us sine language, and airy slights, rather than rousing lectures of the corruption of our nature, and of a crucified Christ; or who value the company of the graceless great more than that of the debased saint.

"Yonder lies a noisome carcase: what dogs, what ravens conspire to devour it!" Humbling image of a sinner! he lies dead in trespasses and sins: Satan blinds his mind, and digs out his eyes: all around are ready to tear and destroy him.—How like this carcase is the noisome sood of wicked men!—How like it is a reproached person! how readily every reviler around combines to tear his reputation!—Lord, if I am called a bad man, let me silence calumny, by ever doing what is praise-worthy; and revenge my reproaches, by shining brighter in good works.

"Here comes my friend's fon: he is bound ap"prentice to one who bids fair to ruin his morals."

Alas! how few ponder to whom they hire or bind themselves, or their seed! If we choose not to make a present of ourselves to Satan, let us beware of vo-

luntary entering into the families of such as are openly his children.—Lord, what a long apprenticeship to him did my soul serve! what awful progress did I make in his business going aftray from the womb, speaking lies, hating God, murdering myself and my neighbour!—Now, may Jesus teach me, and this youth, to number our days, work out our salvation, and trade with heaven.

" Now I approach to the city wall." Ten thoufand times higher and stronger is God, the wall of defence to his people; and, by his affiftance, they overleap walls of difficulty and opposition. "Yonder " are the castle and bulwarks." Salvation will God appoint to his people, for walls and for bulwarks; himfelf is their rock, their fortress, and their shield. "Here " the laborious masons repair the breach." Sin is as a breach breaking out in an instant; it threatens us with fudden destruction.-By the line, the rule of inspiration, gradually build up thyself, my soul, in thy most holy faith, and on Jesus as thy sure foundation. -Craftsmen's brotherly affection, and their tender care of the poor, I highly applaud: But is not the fwearing of an oath, to constitute them brethren, too folemn, too like a profanation of the great name of our God? is it not a heinous fin to fwear to the obfervation of trifles; or to conceal that which, for ought we know, it may be for the honour of God to publish? Can it be lawful to use a part of inspiration in almost the manner of a charm? Can it be innocent, to impose a dubious, or finful oath, upon unthinking youth, who understand it not? or to take it in a superstitious fashion? " I enter the gate." As

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the breaker up, and forerunner for me, hast thou, Jefus, gone up, and passed through the gates of death and the grave, and to the new Jerusalem, that I might follow in mine order: but, alas! alas! that I have but just passed the gate of conversion! and that when I travel so long an earthly journey in a few hours, my motion heavenward for many years is scarce discernible!

"Here numerous figns, on fide-posts and upper "lintels, declare what is to be fold within." Our Redeemer's fign is the glorious gospel: it exhibits and declares what is to be enjoyed in the chambers of presence; and in the house eternal in the heavens. Ministers are his fign, that bear his name before the Gentiles; preach his unsearchable riches: and alas! too many of them, like figns, invite others to go in, taste, and see that God is good; but never do it themselves.

"Yonder stands a fellow, who lately ran off from his master." Alas! there be many professor nowadays, that break away, every man, from Jesus, our adored Master; that go back, and walk no more with bim.—But bless the Lord, O my soul, that when, times without number, I have outrun his service, he hath pursued me; and by roads of trouble, and cords of love, brought me back to it. "From within this house, "I hear the cries of a travailing woman." Is this the bitter fruit of woman's first eating of the forbidden tree?—Is this, O Jesus, the emblem of thy soul-travail in the garden, and place of a skull? O thy pangs, thy throws, at love's delivery of a new-born world of ransomed men! O see thy seed, and remember thine an-

guish no more, for joy that men-children to God are born into this new world.——Do thou Jehovah, cry like a travailing woman, till, in thy providence, thou bring forth falvation to all the ends of the earth.—Let me by fervent supplication, and earnest endeavours, travail as in birth, till Christ be formed in the hearts of all around me.

"Yonder child runs from his correcting parent." How often in trouble do I flee from the Lord, rather than to him!—O purfue, and bring me from Bafban hill, and from the fea's devouring depths. "This child, I fuppose, hath hurt his health by eating unripe fruit." And how often have I hurt my foul, by hastily catching at unripe deliverances and enjoyments! But, ever-ripe Jesus, never can I feed too early on thee.

"Here the baker, having heated his oven, fires his loaves." Bread of life, how wast thou fired in Jrhovah's indignation; that for us there might be bread enough, and to spare!—How justly shall the day of vengeance burn as an oven, upon all them that despise thee; and all that do wickedly be cast into it!

"Here is a laboratory; and yonder a distillery." By what wonderful operations do men'
prepare medicines and cordials for our body.—
By what stupendous work dost thou, Lord, provide for the health and refreshment of our soul!
—For our sakes, Jesus' heart was melted amidst his bowels: good is brought out of evil; sweet out of bitter; and "all things made to work for good to them that love God, and are called according to his purpose."

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"Here is a printing-house." Our Redeemer's church and ordinances are his printing-house; where multitudes are cast into the gospel-mould, and have his law imprinted on their heart.—O for the time, when he shall cast off a thousand copies in a day!—Woes me, Lord, I am a forry proof-sheet, with a sad errata: but examine and try me, and put me, again and again, into the press of a fellowship with thyself, till I get the sinishing stroke, and perfectly correspond with my type the word, and my original copy the Christ of God.—Thrice happy, that thy types, like these in China, stand ever ready to cast off new copies!

"Here dwells the engraver." Bleffed be the Lord, that engraven as in leaves of brass, the mighty promise shines: may I, by faith, lay it in my bosom, press it down with prayer, till it be engraven on my heart. And, bleffed be the Lord, that my sins, engraven as with a pen of iron, and point of a diamond, are blotted out; and the requests of my heart are engraven in the rock, engraven in the heart of God

for ever.

"Yonder is the high school; and, a little be"yond, the college." O to be thoroughly entered to
Jesus' school! Let his word be nearer to me than
my friends, dearer to me than my life, sweeter
to me than my liberty, and more pleasant than
all earthly comforts: let it, as God's candle, search
all the corners of my heart. If it threaten, let
me tremble and repent: if it promise, let me believe and receive; if it command, let me obey.—As
Jesus came from his Father's bosom, so his promises

come from his fide. His church cannot live without faith, nor faith without promifes. Bleffed be God, that though we have less power to stand than Adam had, yet we have better promifes, fealed and confirmed by the oath of the Father, the blood of the Son, and witness of the Spirit.—O to enter to the college of the "general affembly of the first-born from among men!" to obtain that liberal education, which lieth in feeing God as he is; no more through e glass darkly, but face to face! Thrice bleffed heavenly state, in which God will never hide his face, nor fin nor Satan show theirs ;-where it is day without a cloud to darken it, and without a night to end it; --where all good is prefent, and all evil absent;where all Gods fervants are abundantly fatisfied with all his dispensations, in bringing them to it; and where their grace, begun here, shall be perfected in glory. Let my aim therefore be, to be now as rich in grace, and as much for the glory of God, as possible; that my eternal happiness and honour may be the more abundant.

"What a mighty noise this copperer makes with his work." Ah! how many professors are there, whose true motto is, Noise without action! "Here lives the tobacconist: how far he fetcheth his foreign plant! what labour he bestows upon it; and what revenue it brings to the government!" Thou Plant of renown, from what distant region camest thou to the lower parts of the earth! how cut down! how pressed by the Father's vengeance, that thou mightest purge off our inward filth, and heal our

hearts! what revenues of glory for ever redound to God our Sovereign, through thee?

"Here is a play-house." Unhappy lodging, basely doomed to be Satan's synagogue; a theatre of rebellion against God thy Maker; a nursery of lust, lies, and vanity! Shall mortals dearly purchase room in thy pit, thy galleries, to fit themselves for destruction? shall they with pleasure listen several hours to Satan's buffoons, who have not one hour's patience to bestow upon the ambassador of Christ?—Christians by name, come not near her door; turn away from it: it is the way to bell, going down to the chambers of death: she is but a garnished sepulchre; the dead while they live go here; and are not her former guests, mostly, in the depths of hell?' Lies, lust, mockery at fin, are not fit pastimes for the followers of the holy Jesus, " the way, the truth, and the life: Avoid filthiness, foolish talking, and jesting which is not convenient:" Retire, read your Bibles, and be gay; there truths abound, of fovereign aid to peace and chearfulness.

"Here comes my old acquaintance: I fear I "must stop a little at his house: how he fawns up"on, and slatters me! though, were my back turn"ed, he would call me plenty of ill names."—Let my soul trust as little to a smiling world, and a slattering heart, as I do to this man's oiled words: let me be ashamed of their praise, as I would be of his, did I believe him in earnest.—But, friend, why all this waste, this prostitution of praise? like ambergrease, a small whist of it is agreeable, but a whole lump of it held to the nose strikes down one with

the stink.—Is it polite behaviour to neglect the praises of thy Maker; and to blow up a croaking toad? are you so utter a stranger to yourself, as to be ignorant that vain glory needs none to blow the coals; and that this last gathers strength, even by the defeat of her companions.—O the irresistible power of self-slattery! how sew guard against this!

" How the flies now fwarm in this house!" Ah! how principalities, powers, and spiritual wickednesses in high places, abound in our heart, and in the church; especially in the harvest season of gospel-grace, or of near approaches to death!-How Beelzebub, the god of flies, haunts the habitation of the wicked, and waits to fetch them away into everlafting perdition! "Yonder flie hath feated himfelf upon the furface of a rough stone.—Pitiful insect, he hath not an eve " to take in the beauty and symmetry of the whole " house, but contents himself with the prospect of a few hairs-breadth of the rough fide of a fingle " stone." Just picture of a Deist: This puny animal has not fense enough to consider revelation in. her whole extent, and glorious connection: he can only difcern a few feeming contradictions, or dark expressions, in the surface of a particular part of the facred page. Thefe, like other fools, he hath an itch to deride. Poor foul, he cannot difcern the excellency of the Christian religion, perhaps can scarce read a chapter of the New Testament; but he can. rail and laugh: Let him remember, that the manwho rails at religion, and confutes it with bold jefts. doth not make religion, but himself ridiculous; be2 34

cause he sports with his life: To utter contumelies, especially of this kind, is to make fools merry, and wise men sick, "How the slies swarm about this honey! more of them could be caught with an "ounce of it, than with a ton of vinegar." Soft words most essectually gain our friend.—Not by the angry threatenings of thy law, not by thine awful terrors, but by thy promises, the sweet discoveries of thy love, didst thou, Jesus, gain my heart? How often a word from God, a look from Christ, and a touch from the Spirit have broken my heart! How often his soft mercies have melted it!

"Yonder a poor man is carried to prison for debt." Think, my soul, into what fearful prison of judgment and of hell, God casts them who are deep in debt to his justice, by the broken covenant of works; and refuse remission of sin, through the blood of his son!—Oh! Sovereign grace, be thou my only creditor: the more I owe thee, the more thou wilt love, cares, and exalt me: Jesus' bosom and throne is the sole, the sweet prison appointed for thy bankrupts: may I be the deepest of the countless number.

"It is not fafe for my foul to continue in this "man's company." For who are next to knaves, but those who voluntarily converse with them? A companion of fools shall be destroyed.—And when I am necessarily in the company of evil men, I am like one travelling with an oppressive burden on his back. "Adieu, Sir, I am obliged to you for your kindness." But may God, by convincing your conscience, enlightening your mind, renewing your will, and for-

giving your fin, speedily lay you under deeper obligations to him.

"How extremely impudent is this beggar! I " ferved him as I went in; and yet now he bawls " for more." Imitate him, my foul, in thy dealing with Christ; the more he gives, accost him the more vehemently for further fupply. Whenever thou receivest one favour, post back to his throne, to ask a greater.-Lord, give me the full, the immediate enjoyment of thyself, and I will never ask more. But till then, let me fill up all the void spaces of my time with meditation and prayer.—They are fafest who live most in secret prayer, proceeding from a broken heart. If my prayers ascend to the throne of grace, my person shall quickly ascend to the throne of glory. Believing prayers can turn all the promises of God into performance.—May God pour his Spirit on me, that I may pour out my heart before him. If I live without prayer, or pray without life, I have not the Spirit of God.—If my heart be willing, my cries for help will be frequent and earnest. Waiting upon God will abate my unnecessary cares, and fweeten my necessary ones: Let therefore nothing get between me and my prayers, and get nothing between heaven and my prayers, but Christ. spirit of faith teach me to pray earnestly, it will teach me to wait patiently; affuring me, that the mercies which are in the Lord's hand, will be given to me in the Lord's time. If I fpend my days in faith and prayer, I shall end them in peace and comfort.

"Here people return from electing their magiftrates." Alas! how often do men prostitute
their conscience, when so employed! God alone can

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conceive what horrid scenes of bribery, by drink, money, advancement to posts, or the like are now too common in Britain! How can this curfe fail to attend fuch elections, or the means which procured them. And what shameful and damning discoveries shall take place at the last day? how seldom men fearing God and hating covetousness are preferred, either for parliament, cities, burghs, &c.? how few rulers are a terror to those who profane the name and Sabbath of the Lord, and a praise to them that do. well! " Perhaps, to-night, the old magistrates will " folemnly refign their badges of power to the new, " and wish them joy of their office." Happy day, and holy mount, where Moses and Elias, representing the law and the prophets, refigned their power to Jesus, and wished him joy of his work!-Happy day, when my lufts were obliged to refign their authority. to him: when my whole foul wished him endless joyof his work!

"Yonder a criminal hangs on a gibbet." Sin, thou abominable thing! Is this the reward, the best reward of thy bold friends? What profit have we of those things whereof we are at last ashamed?——Be astonished, my soul, that divine providence hath not permitted my lusts to bring me to this shameful end!—Be pained, that they brought my Saviour to hang on an accursed tree!—but, O how the charmsound forgive dwelt on his dying lips! how every groan, every gaping wound, cried, Father, Let the sinful rebels, let my murderers live: "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do."

" Here the fruitful garden fully repays her maf-

" ter's care." Lord, not I, but my Surety fufficiently repays thy care, thy pains for me. Depending on his righteousness and strength, let me ever study, by word and deed, to proclaim myself thy distinguished debtor. May men take knowledge of me, that I have been with Jesus. "Here the trees, especially one whose form is aukward, are laden with " fruit." O the riches and fovereignty of God's grace! " Not many wife men after the flesh; not many mighty, not many noble are called: but God hath chosen the foolish things of the world, to confound the wife; and the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty; and base things of the world, and things which are despised, hath God chosen; and things that are not, to bring to nought things that are: that no flesh might glory in his presence; but that he that glorieth might glory in the Lord."-How often do private Christians, who are despised and overlooked, possess more real grace than fuch as are in the highest stations, and have the most famous character and shining appearances in the church! "Some fruit here, and part of corn in the field, have been shaken out by the late wind." How often do winds of temptation cast down many who have real grace; and make shocking discoveries of those that want it! "How unickly fallen fruit spoils, if it continue on the " ground!" How fearfully do professors' continuance in apostacy, and earthliness, discover and promote the rottenness of their heart! "How busily the gar-" dener gathers in his fruit before winter!" How often God takes away the righteous from the evil

to come! --- May I lay up great store of thoughts and prayers in heaven, before my winter of affliction and death. O to lay in Christ, lay up Christ, and lay out for Christ. " Little of this fruit will " eat well, till it lie and be mellowed." By lying in the chamber of a Redeemer's love, let my foul be fitly mellowed for the feast above: let his balmy Spirit breath on my fruits, untaught to fail; and let the grave prepare my body for endless bliss. " How fast "the leaves fall off this tree!" How fast do windy trials strip professors of outward flourish and shadowy piety! How fast death strips the world of her once flourishing inhabitants! strips men of unsubstantial appearances and earthly enjoyments! Lord, may it find the root of the matter in me. And fast, fast may my fins, and my carnal cares, fall off me, now when I am riear death !

"Yonder stands the last remains of the embattled beans and roving peas: their pods conceal the nourishing product." How hid is the joy, the wealth of real religion! let not me look at the things that are feen, which are temporal; but at the things which are not feen, which are eternal. Let my soul be one of God's hidden ones, one of his sons, all of whom are like himself. All believers are children of the same Father, members of the same Son, and habitations of the same Spirit;—all fellow-citizens, fellow-servants, fellow-foldiers, fellow-travellers to the same country, and fellow-heirs of the same everlasting sulness. None are so fully acquainted, closely connected, or so much endeared to one another, as real Christians.—Notwithstanding all their lesser differences, they

do, or ought to love one another as friends in different garbs.—Heart-work is better than head-work;
—fervent charity than warm difputes.—It is better to be a melancholy faint than a mad finner. If faints have doubts, fears, and groans, they have sufficient joys in, and at the end of their way, to overbalance them.—Though sin live in them, it cannot reign, nor they live in it.—The more they are acquainted with themselves, the more readily will they prefer their neighbours; and while they live like saints they will pray like sinners.—Their sins can never triumph, their graces never die, nor their souls ever be lost, or separated from the love of Christ.——Satan can as soon pluck Christ out of heaven, as pull him out of his throne in a believer's heart.

"There fland the ranked cabbage; chiefly valu-" able for their large and folid heart." As my heart is before God, fo much am I, and no more: Lord Jesus, enlarge and fill it with thyself and thy grace.-Alas! what odd hearts are to be found with men! Some are toy-shops, filled with fantastic heads, ribbons, laces, fans, filks, rings, and other gewgaws: some are confused chaos of coaches, cards, play-houses, puppet-shows, lap-dogs, guinea-pigs, squirrels, monkeys, beaus, coquettes: fome are shelves for romances and plays: fome are flables for cattle, and folds for sheep: fome thips, or warehoules for goods: fome iron-chefts and repositories for cash: some flews of abominable filthiness: some smoky furnaces of malice and envy: some dunghills of earthly-mindedness.—And are not. those things which fill the heart, worshipped in God's flead? O horrid idolatry!

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"The fnails and vermine have ruined these greens." By what insignificant means could God ruin our outward enjoyments! how wretched a portion is this world, that can be so easily marred!—How often have my indwelling lusts left me scarce a shadow or stump of grace! how withered and worm-eaten have they rendered my conversation! May God speedily purge them out, otherwise they will eat my soul through and through, and fill me with filth and pain.

"Here some gentlemen play at the golf." How innocent this diversion! pity it is, that it, or any lawful recreation, should be the prostituted occasion of profesfors intimacy with the openly wicked, and the introduction of unnecessary drinking. " What fine " ftrokes do fome give beyond others!" To be no more than as good as our neighbours, is to be very bad. Lord Jesus, let thy love strike me home to thy felf; and may I, with skill and force, drive temptations far from me. "Here one of the spectators " shows his neighbour his Baskerville's Virgil." Why is it not as polite to pull out a New Testament out of one's pocket as a Heathen classic? and to extol a rapture of inspiration, as readily as a comparatively mean expression of Horace or Homer? Are we ashamed of our Bible, because God is the author of it?

"Yonder they level an eminence." Bleffed Jefus, let thy love level every mountain of guilt, pollution, rebellion, temptation, trouble, and defertion, that rifeth between thee and my foul: By thy grace, make infignificant worm me to threst them down, and

make them small as chaff. "How hath this row of the large oaks exhausted the sap of the earth, that now thing contiguous can prosper!" And how fearfully doth earthly-mindedness, or any other prevailing lust, exhaust the sap of my soul, that no grace, no good thought, word, or deed, can thrive near it!" "How greedily yonder swine devour the acorns, without ever looking up to the branches whence they fell?" How like these atheistical sinners, who receive God's bounty, without regard to himself; and who eat and drink at his board, without asking his blessing, or rendering him thanks!

" Here some persons in coaches, and others on " horfe-back, take the fea air for their health," For thine, my foul, ride in the chariot of the wood of Le-banon, the new covenant; and on the white horse of the everlasting gospel: let the improvement of these, by faith and love, the fresh gales of divine influence, from off the ocean of redeeming love, recover me from my consumption: refresh my spirit, strengthen my heart, restore my soul, and make my flesh freshen than that of a child. " Now the birds of passage be-" take themselves to warmer climates: what pinioned " nations come and go! what transmigrations here!" In the view of approaching winters of trouble and death, fly, my foul, to the warm climates of nearness to thy God. O for fuch views of his perfections, as to make me esteem them all in the highest manner! -to behold his goodness as rendering his majesty amiable; and his majesty as making his mercy wonderful;-his holiness, as inclining him to dwell in and fanctify the poor in Spirit. His majesty is for

great; that he can admire nothing; and his mercy fo great, that he cannot contemn the meanest finner. Let me believe him for his faithfulness, love him for his goodness, praise him for his greatness, revere him for his majesty, fear him for his power, and trust him for his wildom, and adore him for his holiness and justice; and whatsoever pleaseth him, let it please me. Let views of him begin my faintship on earth, and perfect it in heaven .- Without his powerful presence, I fink into nothing; without his gracious prefence, I fall into fin; without his mergiful prefence, I plunge into hell. His love must fet me on my work, make me perfevere in it, and then graciously reward me for it. As I hated him without a cause, he loved me without a cause. All my love to him is but the production and the reflection of his love to me. Thrice aftonishing! he loves me in his Son; loves me as he loves his Son; and will love me as long as he will love his Son! "The feamews betake themselves to the inland parts: per-* haps a fign that no herring-drove, but a ftorm ap-" proacheth." When ministers become careless and earthly-minded, applying themselves to civil business, storms of wrath approach, and few fouls of men lie fair to be caught in the gospel-net.-Divine Director of these fishes and fowls to seek their food, save me from waiting on shadowy ordinances, where Jesus is not held forth as the only, the all-fufficient portion of my foul: let not me, with too many, dream, that fight of church-walls, and hearing of fine language, can fatisfy an immortal spirit. Would not men reckon me a murderer, should I so attempt to nourish my body? Digitized by Google

"Honder is a crowd of people who attend the ineighbouring spaw, to drink, or bathe in it." Blessed Jesus, mineral Well, great Spaw, suited to all our maladies, let us daily bathe in thy blood; and abundantly drink of the influences of thy Spirit: O the blind, halt, maimed, withered, and confumptive somers that have been hereby healed! May virtue proceed from thee, to heal us also, of whatsoever disease we have.

What crowds have to-day attended the race here!" Alas! that men should so abuse their beasts, endanger the rider's life, fondly behold vanity, and accompany with the profane swearer or drunkard! While such such of corruption is in me, avoid, my soul, every occasion of blowing it into a stame; but laying aside every weight of lust, guilt, or anxious care, and especially that which doth so easily best me:—runwith patience the race of gospel-holiness, which God in his word hath set before me, looking unto Jesus, as the author and similar of my faith, and the pattern of my life.—What noble prize, what incorruptible crown of glory shall I thus gain!

"Here they make glass: its original is stones, as sand, kelp, and such briny materials: by what grinding, melting, and polishing they transform it into the useful, the transparent substance!" Think, my soul, O the tremendous grinding and melting of the Son of God in the likeness of sinful sless, to prepare the glazen sea of his righteousness, mingled with the fiery, the purifying influence of his Spirit and love! to prepare the glass, the glazen sea of the gos.

pel of our falvation; and of a pure church, actuated by the *fire* of holy zeal; and to prepare a bottle for God to put my tears in?

- "Here comes a lawyer." Lord Jesus, let my law-suits lie before the Father's throne: Into thy hands, as mine only advocate, I devolve all my pleas, and hope for a good iffue thereof: I am so poor, that I can afford no fee; so ignorant, that I understand not my case; and so wicked that I am innocent of no crime: but let thy grace answer for my poverty; thy skill for my ignorance; and thy blood to every charge that an omniscient God, an awakened conscience, or an enraged devil, can lay against me.
- "A little below is the old ruinous bridge." Just emblem of the covenant of works, which, being partly founded on the sandy bottom of created goodness, fell; and great was the fall of it.—All mankind were ruined in the one man, by whom fin entered into the world,—Alas! that men, by continued attempts to pass over it into heaven, so often plunge themselves into the current of everlasting wrath! What is our present world, and our life here, but a bridge full of holes, through which numbers daily fall into the depths of death; some in respect of age before us, some behind us, and others at our side!—Yet with what heedless unconcern do most push forward, till themselves fall, and are hurried down into the ocean of eternity!
- "But here, at stupendous expence, and with amazing art, is this new bridge reared upon solid rock." With what display of God's manifold wif-

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dom, at what expense of divine love, obedience, and blood, art thou, bleffed bridge of the new covenant, founded on Godhead, and thrown over betwixt heaven and hell!—My foul, never hazard thyfelf on the old while the new is at hand:—What but ignorance of God, and raging enmity against the Saviour, can tempt the legal heart to do so? Legal preacher, extoller of human abilities and work, what but this tempts thee to seduce men to their eternal ruin?

"Yonder is a bee-hive: with what labour they " collect their honey from the countless flowers of " the field and garden? with what nice art, from or poisonous herbs, they extract the healing dew? " in what curious cells they deposit their store, ae gainst the approaching winter! how angrily they " buzz, and fling him who attempts to rob them of " their provision!" My foul, make these thy patterna unweariedly collect nourithment and medicine from every promife, ordinance, and providence: extract good out of evil; let fins, let forrows, push thee from felf to Jesus: lay up God's truth and grace in thy heart; commit every good thing to Christ, that he may keep it for thee against that day: vigorously oppole every attempt to rob thee of thy treasure. "Why do honied rofes grow on thorns? why honey form-" ers wear a fring!" All created pleasures must be dashed with pain; how often men feel the stings of pleafure, and the pangs of love! Nothing is altogether lovely but my God. " Perhaps to-night this " hive fhall be fnatched and fixed on fulphur, rob-4 bed, and murdered, that the spoiler, man, may " enjoy their delicious store." In the evening of the

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world was not Jesus slain, that his sweet treasures of grace and glory might be given to his betrayers and murderers?—Nor shall devils or men, or any other creature, ever be able to rob me of my share thereof, laid up in the promise for me: I shall not die, but live, and feed for ever on boney from the Rock of ages.—O death where is now thy sting? was not my Jesus thy plague? O grave, where is thy victory? was not he thy desiruction?

"Perhaps a wasp-nest is at hand. How curious"ly these insects rear their combs! how often they
"attempt to rob the laborious bees! afflict such as
"are at peace with them! desperately sting the de"stroyer of their combs! and by neglecting to pro"vide for the winter, ruin themselves and their
"seed!" Just sigure of sinners, and their lusts!
How crastily these commit and conceal wickedness!
how they oppose whatever is of God, neglect to provide for eternity, murder the souls of themselves, and
their seed; and with rage persecute him who goeth
about to dislodge, or spoil them of opportunity to
mischief.

"Here is an ant-hill: how fagaciously these infects provide for the winter! with what toil they
collect their corn! how averse! how ashamed to
return empty! how wisely they dry their stores at
the sun by day! but if near a pigeon-house, or an
habitation of birds, at the moon by night! how
careful of their young! and when the rain delugtheir upper chambers, how deep they lodge
both progeny and provision!" Learn, my soul, their

ways and be wife: In time let me provide for death and eternity: let me be ashamed to return empty from any ordinance, any promise: with care let me discern, and redeem the time; let me take heed, lest I lose what I have wrought: let me cherish and watch over my tender grace: let me diligently train up my children in the fear of God .- In every danger, with the deepest humility, let me lodge myself, and all that I have, in the secret place of the Most High; that when the hail of temptation, or judgment, comes down on the forest, I may be low, in a low place. - You sons of floth, you careless daughters, behold how busy all nature is around you, and reproacheth you for your idleness!—How oddly you complain that time lieth heavy on your hand! and that you often know not what to do with yourselves !-- When the all-dreadful Judge shall sist you at his tribunal, and enquires. how you are employed on earth, what can you anfwer?---Is it that you played at crimp? dreffed jointed babies? read plays and romances? dreffed your body, and did eat your victuals? showed a folemn, or a fmiling face in every street? or perhaps fo criticised on the faults of others, that you could find no opportunity to amend your own?-No doubt, fome will almost approach the Judge laughing, singing, and dancing; but with terror shall his tremendous frown, his awful fentence, spoil your mirth.-Think, my foul, earth is a great mole-hill, where human emmets round the heap, crowd and buftle in a thousand forms of strife and toil, to purchase wealth, or fame, an empty bubble, or fordid duft .-

What is fame, but a fancied life on others breath? what is wisdom, but to know our neighbours' faults, and feel our own ?-Sure pride was never made for ignorant, finful, wretched man. How should we fmile to hear of honorary distinctions among pifmires ! and that the rest made way for an emmet of quality, with noble blood in his veins!-It is not for the followers of a humble Saviour, to fancy there is any thing great in pride and lightness of spirit.-Let Jefus, let Christianity alone exalt me, and give me an universal greatness of foul: How this ftrengthenes and fublimates my powers, branches out my foul, as it were, into new faculties, and makes me like the angels in heaven !-- What but the descent of the Son of God, what but the rays of his truth, have made the barbarous nations more polite than ancient Greece? What but his descent into my soul, makes. me wife unto salvation; a fearer of God, a true friend of man?

"The crowd to their subterraneous mansions! how bare and withered they have made the whole sur-earthly, fenfual, devilish ! how, in trouble, this earth is their rest, their resuge; their AIL! how they run to earthly cares, and carnal courses, when God speaks to them in his word and providence! Ah! how an earthly mind withers our soul, renders it barren; withers ordinances, makes them unstructure; withers our frames, that they quickly sade away; withers our profession and practice, till they be scarce a share

dow; withers our outward enjoyments, that they cannot give contentment!

"How hath the mole cast up this fat field!" How rarely do men possess fulness of outward blessings, without becoming the prey of an earthly, carnal mind! A worm is the glorious prize for which the mole hath so wearied herself." How often do carnal, covetous men, weary themselves for very vanity; waste time and strength in pursuing that pleasure, profit, or honour, which at the end will beget a gnawing conscience; bite like a serpent, and sting like an adder! Yonder the mole-catcher sets his traps." Lord Jesus, bide thy word richly in my beart, that my carnal thoughts and desires may be thereby taken and desirroyed.

"Here, I suppose, the too fat pasture hath swol"len and killed this fat lamb." How hazardous
for our soul! how ready to swell us with pride, is
an abundant affluence in the days of youth! "Yon"der the full-bellied cattle prostrate themselves on
"the earth for rest." The more of this world the
carnal man enjoys, the more his belly, his heart and
soul cleave to it.—Nay, alas! after feeding on the
fat pasture of ordinances, how often have I permitted
my heart to seek ease and rest on the earth!

"Lately bloomed the heath, which scarce knows "when the good of spring or summer cometh." And are not some called at the eleventh hour, and born to Christ out of due time? My soul, am not I much so? "How quickly the slocks feed upon the blooming "vegetable!" How beneficial many persons and things prove, from which we once expected no fer-

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wice! let me therefore never despite nor injure the most infignificant: a time may come, when they may be very useful, or very hurtful to my interest.

"Here the reapers ply their business to purpose:

"I suppose they have got their als; or to-night they intend to finish their harvest;—here the piese per with his tune animates them to their work."

When, with open mouth. I detail out at the mails of

When, with open mouth, I drink out of the walls of faloation, am brought to Jesus' banqueting house, have a near prospect of glory, and have the joy of the Lord for my strength, how I abound in the work of the Lord!

"Here the steward pays off the reapers he asses under authority, and must account for whatever the distributes." Think, my foul, of God's judging the world, by the Man whom he hath ordained; to render to every man according to his works.—O let me dispose of my time and talence, as I am persuaded he would do if in my place. Ye fone of men, remember you are stewards, not lords, of whatever you enjoy; use it as those who must give an account: Ye ministers of Christ, give faints and summers their portion in due season: hazard not your soul by discouraging the righteous, or slattering the wicked.

"Here the husbandman gradually fetcheth home his crop; it is much more bulky and valuable than when it was carried forth into feed; yet permaps he forgets himself indebted to God for the increase." Gradually doth God, by his carriages, his chariots of angels, fetch home his chosen saints to his heavenly garner; gradually are men carried to their long home.—But 'alas! how many are the

worse, moto the better, of life! how little holiness, may, how dittle honesty is in the world? it is used as diperfume, alfmall quantity of which is made to go flow many are intent upon offending God as long as they can, and only purpose to become serious when the weakness of old age renders them incapable to bear arms against him; or the storms of trouble and death force them upon him against their will! To how poor account is our life fpent! how much of it is wasted in sleep! how much in sickness and infirmity! how much in recreation, madness, and folly! how much in mischief! how much in we know not what! how many live, as if their great work was to excel others in devouring the product of the earth; in possessing the puny trinkets of pride and luxury, or the excitements of injustice and violence! how many act, as if rich clothes reformed the heart, and choice food nobilitated the blood! and the more God give them of what they love, they hate him the more heartily? love the gift, but hate the giver !----- What a cup mingled with bitter ingredients is our life! and doth any thing create us fo much vexation, as our placing on creatures that love which is due to God!-My foul, thine outward accommodations are but a cloak for winter! let not me wish the winter were lengthened, because I have a cloak; but long, long, for thy ingathering to Jesus: and, O may be carry me out of life much better than he brought me in.

"Already this industrious farmer hath got his corns cut down, and gathered in: perhaps he now feasts his reapers." O happy day, when Je-

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fus cuts down his faints by death! when he fends forth his angels, and gathers them to him at his fecond coming! then shall he make for them " a feast of fat things, of wines on the lees; of fat things full of marrow, of wines on the lees well refined.—Let us be glad and rejoice, for the Lamb's feaft of ingathering shall come: the ransomed of the Lord shall return, and come to Zion with fongs, and everlasting joy upon their heads; they shall obtain joy and gladness, and forrow and fighing shall flee away."-" on yonder " fields the harvest is scarce begun: to what hazard, " from wind and rain, will the crop be exposed be-" fore it be got in!" O the hazard of flothful delays! how many by these are ruined for time and eternity! how often the finner of eighty cannot repent, because he is cut off by an untimely death! "Here the gleaner winnows his corn: poverty " obligeth him to thresh it out for present use." With what threshing afflictions, and winnowing influences, doth God separate our chaff of corruption from the folid grain of our grace? --- Because I am daily at the point of starving, let me improve every ordinance for prefent fupply.

"How warm is this valley, while yonder hills are covered with fnow!" Alas! how are proud professors exposed to the early storms of divine wrath! and how much happier is a gracious state, and the lot of an humble saint, than that of the most exalted sinner! "Here comes the travelling merchant, with a burden so heavy, as would certainly break his back, were he not used to it.—Perhaps he does not yet know where, nor how he must lodge to-night."

Alas! how many, by living under the power of guilt lust, and carnal care, render themselves insensible of the burden!—How many, in the evening of life, know not how, nor where they must be lodged for ever! "Here the just kindled green furze, are immediate-" ly extinguished by their own natural sap." How often, my soul, when I have begun spiritual meditation, hath the commenced glow been quenched by the force of my inward corruption? Heavenly thoughts are not my inhabitants, but way-faring men, which turn aside to tarry for a moment.—Ah! I do not lodge in honour, but am like the beasts that perish.

"Here my Lord *** * passeth by: what homage " is given him!" It is only man, however, who respects outward greatness: Nature brought his lordship into the world as naked as I; affords him no other fun, moon, nor stars, than she doth me: diseases, death, and hell, are as ready to prey upon him, as on me: nor doth God open his arms of special favour, or heaven her gates of eternal happiness, to him, a whit more readily than to yonder indigent. --- Homage is given to him, just as to the Egyptian ass, which bare the goddess; it is not done to himself, but to his burden of power and wealth. Wife men regard us for true excellency and dignity: fools regard us for our fine clothing and great riches. Worldly things are very unequally divided, to our view: The one half of mankind know not how the other lives; and very often the best deserving have but the fmallest share: Every where, the worst persons and things are most common:-nor, taking things at their best, do I know if hell is more unhappy in respect of

earth, than earth is in respect of heaven.-Why then should I debase and toil myself, to get into the office of a petty treasurer of a small share of the dunghill? let me be God's fleward to earthly things,-which it is shameful and wicked to procure, in order to keep; and a treasurer only to himself and his grace.-Never did I taste any thing earthly that well deserved the keeping: That which was fweet in opinion, was ordinarily bitter in experience: that which was hard and long in obtaining, was easily, and often uncomfortably spent: in great numbers, evil things came posting on horseback, and went away, one by one, upon foot; pleasures came creeping as fnails, and flew away as eagles.- Every earthly excellency is balanced with some great defect: how readily the man of wealth is plagued with a weak body, a drunken appetite, a proud mind, a covetous heart, an unruly family, or an envious neighbour!-If a man's memory be good, how readily is his fancy dull! if his imagination be sprightly, how often is his judgment weak! or, if strong, how readily is his utterance bad! -Ah! how wants every where prevail! the proud man wants God: the envious man wants the comfort of his neighbour; the covetous man wants the pleafure of his own wealth; and the angry man wants himfelf.-Suppose the world would make me her minion, as this nobleman is, she could give me no more but a fmoke of honour, a fhadow of wealth, a found of pleasure, and a blast of same; none of which could make me live a moment longer, or a whit happier.—Security and ignorance might procure me some morfels of joy, feafoned with much bitterness; and

make me, like fome foolish house-keepers, live one day in extravagance and merriment, and half starve all the rest of the year: but better have little, than lose all.—The world, indeed, is a great deal franker in appearance than Christ; she, undefired, shows us her toys, and thrusts them into our hand; while he informs us of a crown, but tells us that we must run and wait for it: Let me never pay the costly price of my foul for her vanities, rather than tarry a moment for his exceeding great reward.—If God hath placed gold under the earth, let my heart tread it under her feet, lest it draw her down to the earth; and at last fink her to the depths of hell. God forbid that I should play the hypocrite, in holding my face toward heaven and my heart towards the earth: And while the world is so thievish as to catch at every thing, let me leave nothing to her credit, which I can, by giving in alms, and to pious purposes, justly carry away with me. To constitute me noble and happy, no more is necessary than to improve my God and myself; which are things every where to be had. I am no fool, if I know myfelf: I need no more pleafure, but to content myfelf: no more victory, but to overcome myfelf; no more wealth, but to possess my foul in patience, and fatisfaction in God: let me therefore never be so perverse, as to scorn what I have, and defire what I have not. Most men's life lieth in hoping well, bearing ill, and fearing worse; let me live by strong faith on God as my own; and I shall never be either discontented or covetous. ty balance many difadvantages, if the tender mother fuffers tharp pangs, days of toil, and nights of trouble.

for a child, because he is her own; what inconveniencies may my affured property in God balance to my soul? Let me have time and grace to enjoy him, and I defy the world to make me either poor or sad; death cannot bereave me of time, to be for ever with the Lord; nor will God, whose gifts and callings are without repentance, take away his grace from me.—At my death, the world will miss me little; the sun will rise as bright, the moon as gay, the stars as sparkling; and men will continue as merry and mad as ever; and I shall miss her less, when I depart to be with Christ which is far better.

"Here is a large cask, filled either with liquor or air." So every man's heart, every man's life is replenished with that which is either substantial or trisling: and how many, by their care and scrupulousness about trisles, mark the wickedness of their heart!—Since my spiritual appetite hath been so much weakened by the influence of airy trisles, let me feed the oftener on Christ. O to have my whole heart filled with his fulness! He will have all of me, or nothing: Satan indeed pretends to be more social, and to be ready to accept of a part; but it is merely because he knows, that if he get part, God, his rival, will have nothing at all.

"The nearer yonder rolling stone approacheth the foot of the hill, its motion is the quicker."—When natural things draw toward the end, their motion is often most violent. Soon ripe, foon rotten, is the just motto of earthly excellency.—O may Satan's violence to my soul presage his speedy adieu; and the violence of my lusts forbode their approach-

ing exit! The nearer my diffolution approacheth, let me run with the more speed and vigour towards God.

"Here is a large load of fresh fish taken from the falt sea!" Let me, like them, live in the world, mortisfied to it; live on earth, with my affections on things above; live, in the midst of a crooked and perverse generation, holy, harmless, a child of God without rebuke.—And, since almost all things partake of the soil, let me observe a due distance from wicked men, that I be not insected: let me have no companions, but such as will be kind to my soul, and severe to my sins: no companions, but will either teach or learn some good of me. Let me use them as Moses did his staff: so long as they are a rod to support, or kindly correct me, let me cleave to them: but when they become servants to tempt and sting me, let me slee from them.

"Here is a man wonderfully famed for his learn"ing, but furprifingly proud and contentious."

Sad bane for the church or state, which never thrive but when peace and truth meet together; when meekness, humility, knowledge, and zeal, kiss one another! Anger begets, pride fosters, and covetousness confirms every schism, truly so called. Sad bane for himself! passion, pride, and contention, render men fools, that are not; and show them to be so that are; they are plague and torment enough for an enemy; and render men their own executioners! ah! how they rack them with griefs, hopes, sears! how they enstave them into the envy of all around! of these, because they are above them! of those, be-

cause they are equals! and of the rest, because not far enough below them, nor ready enough to flatter their vanity!—How readily is this proud wicked man afraid of every thing! of God, as his judge! of conscience, as his accuser! of Satan, as his tormentor ? and of every creature, as his enemy!-How readily is he hurtful in every thing! his indifcreet good-like actions being little better than discreet mischiefs .--Knowledge that puffeth up is of little use in the world, but to contrive error; or to defend a bad practice, the worst of heresies. Scarce, in any age, was there more noise about knowledge, and less of what deserves the name. It is impossible I can have any sure knowledge, if I know not the things which are always nearest me, God and my heart: These I can really know no further than I choose, love, and delight in the one, and study to keep and purify the other .- Oftentation, and real learning; fine fentiment, and pompous language; feldom meet: The very conceit of knowledge hinders a man from the means to procure it, and shows him to be ignorant. Lord, may I be always thy humble disciple, daily learning after thy divine method, of trufting, of believing, and then trying; always readier to endure injuries, than to commit or refent them ;-and to conquer my enemies by praying for them, rather than by praying or fighting against them.

"What a mixture of grain is on this ridge!" Mixture prevails every where on earth: no man, no thing, is altogether excellent: perhaps none surpass in every sin: one is reckoned a civil Atheist; another a religious villain; a third an honest drunkard;

another a compassionate whoremonger; and, in fine, fome detest all wrong, except that which is done to their Maker.

- "Lately this poor fellow lost his eye." If I am a true Christian, I have a threefold eye; one of sense, to discern material substance; another of reason, to discern God in it; and a third of faith, to look at the things which are not seen, which are eternal: to discern God in Christ as my reconciled Saviour: let me also have three guides; Jesus, in his Spirit and truth, to go before me: and his daughters, of wisdom and charity, to attend at my sides.
- "To alight with violence on her prey, how high foars yonder hawk!" That I may alight with noted force upon my finful lufts, my fpiritual foes, let my foul afcend high in the faith of Jefus and his love; fo shall I more effectually tear and tread them under my feet. But let me carefully watch against Satan, when he mounts high as an angel of light: and never push high to secure temporal enjoyments.
- "Here comes **** the bankrupt." It is only honourable to be a bankrupt to Christ. O his wonderful mercy, who at once forgives my infinite debt to himself, and becomes an eternal debtor to me! my life, my ALL, is already borrowed from him; yet I have his obligation for all his unsearchable riches, by defert I owe him MY ALL, ten thousand fold; by covenant engagement he owes HIS ALL to me.
- "In how little room hath this skilful waggoner turned his carriage!" Let me rather study to live well in straitening circumstances, than to increase

my wealth: to live royally amidst riches, is the honour of an estate; to live happily on little is the honour of the possessor.—Let me never wrong myself by fullen dulness, nor lose dainties for want of a stomach: If God, to mark his pleasure in his servant's prosperity, put Adam into a garden, let me make the best of whatever I have.-Were I a beggar, I would readily wish to live a monarch; and were I a monarch, how readily, at death, would I wish that I had lived a beggar! Only the everlasting enjoyment of God is precisely as I wish; it is all my falvation, and all my. desire.—Why should not I even now find as much joy in him, as worldlings do in their forced merriment, or lewd wretches in their filthy lust? Let me neither debase my immortal, my rational soul, to partake of the mad laughter of fools; nor let my fullen behaviour tempt the profane world to imagine that the God whom I worship is some surly devil: let me live in God, and I shall never weary, either for want of work or pleasure.--All men shall concurto do me good: These who are friends shall give me the comfort of their fociety, and the help of their prayers. These, reckoned enemies, shall cause me to take heed to my ways, shall discover to me the faults overlooked by my indulgent friend; shall give me opportunity to honour myfelf, in rendering them love for hatred, good for evil, and bleffing for curfing.

"Why doth yonder boy four the gallopping horse?" How mad to incite sinful men to mischies! What can be a more devilish, what a more thankless office? If the transgressor be convinced,

he will detest; --- and if he be damned he will curse his tempter.-How mad to push forward time which already flies fwifter than an eagle! "Let me « escape out of the way, that I be not hurt." Let me always take heed to myself: let me never, with Shimei, throw away my own life to feek my fervant; never lose my soul to please my body; never lose heaven by grasping at this earth.—I am sufficiently intelligent, honoured, and happy, if I know, overcome, and content myself: nor can any hurt me, if I affift them not; not Satan, but by my own corruption; not afflictions, but by my own impatience; not temptations, but by my own yielding; not death, but by my own finfulness: nor fin, without my own impatience and unbelief; nor outrageous abuse, unless by study of revenge, I, like the angry bee, lose my sting, and cast away my calm temper. If the world abuse me, let me never, on that account, abuse myself with sinful anger, discomposing grief, or proud refentment: better endure a thousand wrongs than do one: Who, by revenge, ever gained any thing more than plunging himself into deeper diftrefs?

"Here is a fellow with his puppet-show." How wickedly he earns his bread, by imposing on his neighbours!—Did he not at least derive this part of his business from Satan?—How men run to observe his pitiful trinkets, rather than to behold the Lamb of God!—Lord, how rarity, even of trifles, renders them wondered at! while the marvellous rising of thy sun, the motion of thy air, the life of our body, and union thereof with our soul, because

"Yonder stands * * * * with her bastard-son in-" her arms: foolish attendance at *** marriage " last year; with her light dancing, and perhaps " her drunkenness, issued in this." Are multitudes of our marriages now made in Satan's name, that the parties must be initiated into his service, by affembling a number of light and vain persons, on the marriage-day, to flatter, whore, drink, dance, and fpue? Can I act like a tender Christian, without being ashamed to countenance such infectious rambles? durst I pray for the blessing of God on my attend-. ance? would my being there make me ready for the marriage of the Lamb? would it correspond with. my profession, to be a mourner for the abounding dishonours of my God? have I forgot the filthy, the bloody iffue of Dinah's attendance on a fimilar convention? Let none of my children be fo employed, till once I want them whores, fots, or fools. Howoften have I feen the very money collected on fuch.

occasions, seemingly cursed of God, and quickly wasted?—Satan hath too many to promote conventions of vanity and guilt, though I be none of the number. When I think seriously of death, or of accounting to God for the moments of my time, how my conscience stings me that ever I was guilty of such conduct!—How my conscience smites me, that ever I had any share in the mad races, and the inhuman sporting with animal life, so well known to the service tribe?

" Here two neighbours disagree, and call one another bad names." How often my foul and body are at odds! what is for the pleasure of this, is seldom for the advantage of that.-It fills me with shame to think that my better part is imprisoned in a dunghill, and that so very a trifle provokes me to variance with my fellow faints; nay, with my gracious God.—O could I love every neighbour into friendship! The solitary have fewer temptations to evil, but fewer excitements to good.-In me, let even the dead, the absent, always find a trusty friend; Christ's love so immensely great, obligeth me to live in bankruptcy of love to him; but let me study to run bankrupt in love to none beside. ---- God forbid that my heart should be a hall to plot my neighbour's ruin; my hand a fword to hurt his person, a drag to catch his wealth; or my throat an open sepulchre, to bury his fame, or rot his character. If I can fay no good, let me fay no evil of him !-A wounded reputation is like a rent garment, easily torn by every nail that comes in the way. In respect of their fame, some men are their own executors: their cha-

racter is rotten before their carcase: others are held infamous till they be dead, and then fall heirs to their reputation; so precarious, however precious, is a good name.——To promote and maintain mine, let me take Christ to be my husband and pattern; let me have a faithful friend, who will first hear me with evidence of affection, and then beat me with strokes of Christian reproof; who, like sweet honey, will kindly, but sharply, search my corrupting wounds. Rather let me be contemned than slattered.

"Yonder comes a most covetous and unthank"ful person." Covetousness, pride, and envy, always render men unthankful: whoever sinfully covets more than he hath, contemns what he hath, and
forgets to acknowledge it; pride makes a man so
admire himself, as to value neither God nor his gifts;
envy so draws out his heart against the relicity of
his neighbour, that he sees not his own.

May unworthy I, in every thing give thanks: when,
like the elephant, I have reason to startle at my own
likeness, how marvellous, that God should graciously
look on me! let me thank him, even for what I dare
not pray for.

"Not this charming, but the thorny, the miry path must be mine." My near way to glory is not through charming outward pleasure, but through much tribulation: like Jonathan's way up the rock, slippery on the one side, thorny on the other: here I must wear my black garments of mourning, and my red of bloody suffering;—hereaster I shall walk with the Lamb in white, for he hath made me worthy: trouble obliges me now to sow in tears, but I shall

reap in joy: scarce is it ever well with my soul, but when the rod of God is upon me; but when no good thing is easily come by, why should I baulk any to win Christ and obtain glory?—If Satan and the world oppose me much, it is a sign that my work is good; and let opposition render me resolute in it.—The longer Christ's yoke is borne, it is the easier.—How many escape trouble, just because the world loves them, and God hates them! how many, the more they strive to get out of affliction, the more they are entangled! and how many get relief, worse than their distress! In sits of trouble, and acts of religion, it is an unhappy sign, if I am glad and think all is well, that they are got over.

"What languishing appears in the countenance " of yonder friend! in his dying condition, let me ask " of his welfare: -extremity distinguishes friends." Every aliment is a little, a begun death: to die often, to die daily, is to die well: better go forth to meet death, than loiter till he come and feize us. mount the Lord shall be seen: grief, trouble, and death in him, will be a fweet back look. Far better lie under God's chastisement, than be without it. There is nothing of hell in it; and yet it is all the hell a true Christian can suffer. Chastisement is not fo much threatened, as promifed to a child of God. It is a double honour to be a Christian-sufferer. By affliction God separates the sin which he hates, from the foul which he loves. And the more we fear fin. the less we will fear trouble. Sin is the poison, affliction is the physic. If God humble us, let us humble ourselves. Though his hand be against us, his heart

is toward us; his providence croffeth us, but his promife bleffeth us. It is good to bear temporal croffes, in order that we may wear an eternal crown. Let therefore our troubles stir up our graces, as well as our griefs. And let us always remember, that our enjoyments are greater than our afflictions, and our afflictions much less than our sins deserve. "What " a pitiful crop this long-run field hath produced !" Alas, many professors, the longer they live, they, like the Syrian lioness, are the less fruitful: Lord, is it I?

" Now the fun fets: how quickly hath he finish-" ed his race" How quickly is my time spent, and fo much of me with it! " How broadly looks this " fetting fun upon our terrestrial abodes!" With what triumphant smile; with what compassion to men. did Jesus die !-- And how agreeable the aspect of a Christian, courageous in poverty, trouble, and death! "How fweetly the adjacent clouds are gilded by this " fetting fun." How pleafant to fee the clouds of guilt dispelled by Jesus' death! to see troubles and forrows made comely! and even fin made the occafion to illustrate the virtue of his blood, and riches of his grace? How fweetly doth the chearful dying faint tincture all around with spiritual care to taste and see that God is Good?-Better then is the day of death than the day of one's birth.

"The fun being fet, our fide of the globe is be"nighted:—black and deep the night begins to fall;
"a fhade immense: all beauty is void; distinction
"lost: Now stung with hunger, and egged on with
"thirst of blood, the wild beasts creep forth." Where,

O earth, shall be thy beauty, thy distinctive honours, or enjoyments, when I am laid in the grave!—When saints die fast, what darkness and consuson doth it presage in the church! Then the sons of violence, impurity, and error, boldly exert themselves.——When Jesus hideth himself from my soul, what darkness, danger, and consuson ensue! no charming beauty appears in word or ordinances; my graces cease from their labour; and wild beasts of lust, and temptation creep abroad.—But I shall see him again, and my beart shall rejoice, and my joy shall no man take from me: I shall see him even now; I shall beheld him even nigh.

"Gradually the stars twinkle forth one after another, till countless numbers pour their glory from the sky." So gradually Heaven's inspired luminaties poured their glory on my heart: first, that evening star, that noted promise, which I hope is engraven on me "as with a pen of iron, and point of a diamond." Gradually have I since descried new promises, new words, new worlds of grace to me.—How much more pleasant their light, and sweeter their insluence, than those of Pleiades, Arcturus, and Mazzaroth! And what unnumbered new discoveries of God shall I for ever obtain!

"Now I have a distant, but dim prospect of my friend's house, where I intend to lodge! but there is a deep, a dangerous valley, between me and it." O for clear views of the heavenly mansions, to encourage, and support my heart! and may Jesus' rod and staff be with me, in the valley of the shadow of death. "I am bewildered in this hollow ground.—

"I have lost fight of my friend's dwelling:——I
"know not whether I go." If doubts compass me
in the valley of the shadow of death, while I walk in
darkness, let me trust in the name of the Lord, who
once said to me, "Fear not, for I am with thee:
be not dismayed, for I am thy God: I will strengthen thee; yea, I will help thee; yea, I will uphold
thee with the right hand of my righteousness."
Hereon I repose all my present, all my future concerns.

" Now I have got to my lodging." What a mercy is it, that I and this family are alive:—are well! but how much greater, that I hope to meet with Jefus, and his faints, where there is neither fin nor forrow, nor curse, nor crying, nor pain. " Here the " house-wife is bufy in leavening her bread." Lord, let no fouring leaven of bypocrify or malice, but thy grace infect, and leven my heart: let no error, but powerful gospel truth, leven thy church. evening facrifice of family worship hath been of-" fered up; but most of the reapers slumbered and " flept." Better to perform it before supper; for wearied bodies, and crammed stomachs, dispose to drowfiness.-Alas! do we tire ourselves with the fervice, and cram our heart and belly with the enjoyments of an empty world, till we have neither spirit, strength, nor room for God!-O to meet with my friends, where neither drowfy head nor fleepy heart, shall ever mar our fongs of praise! " Prayer " and thankfgiving, not games at cards, prepare for " bed here." How furprising, that any where men fhould please that pitiful recreation! how odd, to

have rational fouls chiefly filled with the pictures of small square pieces of painted paper! how mad to neglect business, disorder minds, and families for their sake! how wicked to appeal to God in the shuffling thereof! how vile hereby to learn heathenish language of luck, chance, and the like! have heathenish affections, and practise dependance on these imaginary deities!

" Now I go up to my bed-chamber." But thrice fweeter to go up to Jefus' bed of love ; to ascend' from a death-bed to his throne; to mount up from a grave to meet the Lord in the air. "The servant " who lighted me up, hath left the candle with me, and returned in darkness." How often are ministers, and private persons, after assisting and lifting up the faints to their heavenly mansions, thrust down into utter durines; where there is weeping, wailing, and gnashing of weth to show the tallow of the candle boils, burns, and waltes!" Awful thought! fo shall wicked men decay, as fat of lambs: for for ever unwasting, shall they be tormented in hell. " Here the foolish fly plays with the slame till she 66 burn herfelf." Ah! how many sport with lasts and temptations, fport with hell and damnation, till they be confumed!

"Let me look out at this window. How far "filmes you lamp in this dark night!" So stimes a good deed in a naughty world. But how shines Jesus' deed of deeds, in loving us, and giving himself for us! "What folemn noise I hear from yonder city! the guns toat, the fire-works play i it is to celebrate the birth, the coronation, or the ap-

" proach of our prince." Thrice happier day, when the artillery, the fire-works of God, shall be played off, to celebrate the birth of eternal glory, the fecond coming, and public coronation of our Redeemer! At his prefence, creation shall be in agony; the luminaries " of heaven shall be shaken; the heavens shall pass away with a great noise: the elements shall melt with fervent heat: the earth and the works therein shall be burnt up: a fire shall go before him; it shall be very tempestuous round about him:" awful fight! being on being wrecked! and world on world! all nature trembles to the throne of God!-O to hear the joyful found! to see the solemn scene!-In wide eternity I dare be loft; for the eternal God is my own:-Thrice well found, when loft in love divine !

"Now I worship God by myself." Be serious and earnest, my soul; it is, perhaps, thy last service of the kind: whom should I praise, but him who gave me a tongue to praise! Let my highest view of advantage on earth be to praise: and let all my heaven be the enjoyment of him: let me, by more than feeble faith, lay hold on the Supreme, and call his rich unfathomable mines my own! let me pour my heart into his bosom, and leave myself on him as the Rock of my salvation.

"Now I am undressed: would I not blush to ap"pearthus in the street?" Alas! how many are like
devils before God, and in secret, who are like angels
in public! "Could not I go lighter, run faster, and
"work better without clothes?" Cursed then be sin.
which introduced the need of them; that teacheth most

to deify them; and not a few to wear them at the expence of the merchant. When, Lord, shall fin and shame bid me a final adieu! and I be clothed upon with my robes, my house which is from heaven?

"My candle is near wasted." What though my candles of earthly comforts, of friends, and of enjoyments, be almost wasted; it is near the day-break of eternal glory. "Now extinguished, it goeth out with a stench." Such is the death of the wicked: but may I, like a wax-taper, leave a sweet and edifying savour of Christ behind me.—May Jesus quickly extinguish sun and moon, these perennial lamps of creation, and make his own bright glory all in all.

" I lie down on my bed." Sure emblem of my fpeedy entrance into the cold, dark mansion of the grave.-Ever fince I was conceived, I have been dying! and the things of this world dying from me. Ah! how often I have loved, have married my heart to them, while they uttered their expiring groan! but bleffed be the Lord, who diffolved thefe marriages, and at last fixed my foul to his ever-living Self .- O to have an intimacy with death; or rather with him that hath the keys of hell and death, that I may as chearfully welcome the grave, as my weary bones do this eafy bed !--- "But now, my con-" science, let me examine thee, as in God's fight, whi-" ther I have made my road to-day." What fin have I committed or mortified? What temptations have I refifted or conquered? What communion with God have I enjoyed? What graces have I exercised? What have I done to the glory of God, or to be profitable to men? From what motive, and to what end, did I perform that which is materially good?

Lord hasten the day, when such calling of myself to account shall be no longer necessary; but my work be one eternal round of praise. "My travel through "the day makes my bed doubly sweet." O how sweet is Jesus to the soul, who finds himself wearied with pursuing after other lovers! how sweet is glory, to those that enter it through much tribulation?

"What odd noise is this! I wish some demon do not haunt the place." No, no; it is but a mouse, a rat, an owl, a cat, or cur, that disturbs me: let not me use this puny creature's din, as a bell to invite me to the fear, the worship of those demons, who so haunt my heart.—But is not this slavish fear an evidence of my guilt?—a token of my Atheism and unbelief?—Doth not God see me? doth not he watch over and keep me, night and day, lest any hurt me?—Let then his greatness, and nothing else, awe my heart. "Fear him, my soul, who, after he hath killed the body, can cast soul and body into hell-sire; yea, I say unto thee, Fear him."—O to dwell in the high places of the Lord, where their rest is never disturbed with fear in the night.

"Now I have fallen off my fleep." Let me fix on my Saviour: let my meditation of him be fiveet; let my foul follow hard after him in the fecret watches of the night: and so turn them into the dawn of everlafting day. "Just now I dreamed that I was great: was at a rare banquet."—What my foul, are all outward enjoyments, but the fancies of a dream, that will flee away, as soon as conscience, death, or

the last trumpet awaken us?—In our embrace, the earthly visions die: nothing is worth thy joys, nothing lovely or certain, as thy God!—How often have I been deluded concerning things of eternal moment:—Oh! to be where there is no night; no illusions; where endless realities shall fill my whole heart and mind; where I shall know God himself, even as I am known, and see him as he is! Amen. Even so, come Lord Jesus.

CHRISTIAN JOURNAL

OF A

WINTER-DAY.

Often through the multitude of idleness, and of evil business, have my dreams been vain, or vile: But I wish this of the day of judgment;—of my receiving, a sentence of damnation; and being dragged by devils to the bottomless pit,—be not a presage of suture reality.—Woes me; how like this dream is the confused exercise of my soul! Convictions of sin, such as they were, I have had; but receiving and resting on Jesus Christ alone for salvation, as offered to me in the gospel, I know not.—Oh to have him, and be found in him!—to want all, rather than him!—Lord, give me Christ, or else I die.

"The cock crows." Bestir thyself, my lazy soul: is this animal, who is in no danger of eternal ruin, already awakened? and shall I sleep in more awful hazard, than if on the top of a mast, and in a raging ocean!—Was I made for no higher end than to sleep? Yes, yes; I was made for eternity: let the eternal Spirit thoroughly awaken and convince me of fin.

" Is not this the first morning of a new year? is " it not my birth-day?" Alas! how many years have I already lived? --- Ah! not lived, but lost them !-O dreadful, irrecoverable, though unheeded, loss of precious time! Doth my entrance on this new year, prefage my speedy exit into the eternal ftate? let me then be ferious to-day. ---- My conscience, I pose thee, as before God: Have I brought an old heart with me, from the old year, or not? Did I outlive the finished period, in reigning enmity against God, or not? Did ever my soul see a new birth-day, or not? Many years am I nearer to eternity, than at my birth: but whether have I approached to heaven, or to hell?-Alas! have not I much more work of preparation for a future state on hand? and yet much less time for it?-Was I born to eat, drink, and fin? Was I in baptifm fworn to lodge and cherish indwelling lusts, to forget God, to hate my Maker, and to live in constant rebellion against him? Lord, how could thy vengeance fuffer fuch an ungrateful, perjured wretch to live !- O now, now forgive my crimes, and give me a new heart and a new fpirit, that I may begin the year with a new form of life: I tremble at the thought of living another year, month, or day, at the former rate.

"Alas! severe pains of gout, gravel, and cholic, "have seized me; how can I bear this torment!" Be still my soul, Wherefore should a living man complain, a man for the punishment of his sins? I am indeed a living hospital; am tormented: but blessed be God, it is not in eternal slames: I have yet drops of water to cool the tip of my tongue, which is infinitely more

than I deferve. The calls of his word being despised, he takes his rod to drive solly far from my heart: may it accomplish his end: may it, like Aaron's, bud with blessings to my soul:—if the froward wretch must be whipt with scorpions, let me, though too late, be driven to Jesus the physician!—though I come too late to him, he cannot come too late to me.—O the wretched case of my heart! it is pricked with deep convictions; and yet rageth with enmity against a Saviour. Lord, I dare not cry, Remove thy stroke from me: but strike, wound, drive, and draw me to thyself.——

"My pains are abated." God forbid, they should be removed in wrath: Affliction is light enough, and short enough, if it purge away sin.—O let me never come forth from thy refining surnace, with more dross than I entered.—O sudden, sovereign-healer of my body, heal my soul for thy name's sake.—What doth it avail a sick soul, that she lodgeth in a sound carcase? or a condemned soul, that her prison-walls are repaired? what beside a time to be born, and a time to die, is appointed for man? how probable then may my next ailment end my days?—O were I dead to the law, and dead to my lusts; how pleasant could I look for the death of my body, and at last the death of my death!

"The cock crows again." When he who denied Jesus heard the second crowing, he went out, and wept bitterly.—My soul, how often have I denied the Saviour! denied him room in my heart! denied him an honourable confession in my life! He that is not with him, is against him.—Rise therefore, from thy lazy

couch; go out and weep bitterly: how can I sleep! how lie at ease under the awful weight of so much sin unrepented of!—of so much unpardoned guilt! Arise O sleeper, call on thy God, it may be he will think on me, that I perish not: Lord Jesus, art not thou a Prince exalted to give repentance and remission of sins? Why then deny me these blessings? my sole hope is, that there are with the degrees of mercy, beyond whatever men made use of.—Carest thou not that thy near kinsman perish.

"The morning star is risen." Alas! have I once more feen him, without receiving Jesus, the bright and morning-flar, into my heart? without having the day-star of grace risen in my soul?-Lord, I cannot, I will not, want thee any longer: If thine enemy hunger, feed him with thy flesh; if he thirst, give him thy blood to drink; fo fhalt thou heap heart-melting coals of fire on his head.-Hast thou not said, that to us men, a child is born, to us a fon is given; and his name shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, the mighty God, the everlasting Father, and the Prince of peace?-I believe, Lord, help thou mine ambelief."-Let heaven and earth bear witness, that I defire to accept of thee, as, in the gospel, made of God to me wildom, righteoulnels, lanctification, and redemption.

"In this family I need expect no private worship:
"the world feems their principal deity; and to her
"they must pay their earthly devotion." Let me double my diligence in feeret worship.—If others will starve their immortal souls; it is not fit that I should do it for the sake of company.—Doubtless the curfe of the Lord is in this habitation of the wicked; let me

fpeed away from it: better dwell with a raging plague, than with a wasting curse.—O what fools! what mad men are those, who thrust themselves, or their seed, into wicked worshiples families, for the sake of a few pence more gain!

"Scarce can I find a place for fecret prayer: my bed-fellow is a profane mocker at every thing feis rious; -and no closet is to be had." Complain not, my foul; the earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof: let my heart truly incline prayer; God will find me a place for it.—At Gethlemane, and elfewhere, the Son of God had but the open air, and cold ground for his closet; what a mercy that I, who deferve to be roaring in hell, may have as good! "I * have now retired from my profane companion." But cannot, ah! cannot retire from that more profane companion, my wicked heart: the follows, attends, and goes before me to the mount of duty; wherever I lodge, the lodgeth. O that death may feparate between her and me! " Now I am at fe-" cret prayer." Be earnest, my soul; plead the promifes which fuit thy case; refuse to give over, till the Lord bless thee with a confirmation of thy martiage to his Son.

"It is but coarse and ill-readied provision which I am to have for breakfast." Earth is now my stepmother; why should I expect delicacies from her hand? it is rather astonishing, that I am so well served: perhaps some precious saints just now starve for want; why then do I, "who am less than the least of all saints, less than the least of God's mercies!" complain!——Let me have Jesus, and I have enough.

-Why should I be anxious to nourish a dunghill with delicacies? should I not rather admire the mercy, the power and wisdom of God, in preparing this for me? It is but modified duft: last year, perhaps, it lay in the dunghill; carried out, it grew up into that which I now eat and incorporate with my body. What is this bufk of my foul, but modified grafs, dust and dung? Dust I am, and unto dust shall I return: Corruption, thou art my mother; ye worms, that wallow amidst unsufferable stench and vileness, are my fifters and brethren. Lord, shall a system of dust and sin dare to be proud? shall he forbear astonishment, that the Son of God loved me, and gave himself for me? " Scarce have I got food to satisfy " my craving appetite." Let me eke out the spare meal with a plentiful feast on the manna which cometh down from heaven: let me live, not by bread alone, but by faith on the words that proceed out of the mouth of God; live on meet which the world knows not of.

"I have got my staff in my hand; but my hard couch hath wearied and unfitted me for my journey." Murmur not, my soul, what a surprising mercy is a hard bed to one, who richly deserved to lie in hell! Had mine been soft, perhaps I had now wallowed in wantonness, or been drowned in sloth. O happy hardness, that roused me to an early prayer, in which I have found that which, I hope, eternity shall not make me forget! But, ah! how hath my lying on a bed of sin unsitted me for a heavenly journey! Lord I am sit for nothing; good for nothing; neither to live nor die: neither to teach nor

learn; neither to think nor speak; neither to do nor fuffer: How I have improven my time, I amalhamed to speak; amazed to think. Go through all that I am, within or without, and all that I have done; what am I but vileness and abomination? I have run through all the means of knowledge, and yet see no truth in her glory! through all afflictions, and yet I am not humbled nor ferious; through all mercies, and yet I am not thankful: through all means of good, and yet I am evil, only evil, tranfcendantly evil, in the highest degree, to this day .-Lord, did ever fuch a deformed finner exist? did ever fuch a criminal apply to thee for mercy? was ever fuch a work done to a poor wretch fince the creation, as the faving of my foul must be? But O how that falvation to the uttermost melts and supports my heart !---My foul, hast thou got the staff of a promife into thy hand, to support thee in this winterjourney? O for a meffage from above, to bear my fpirits up? Dare not to go forth without this. Methinks Jesus whispers to my heart. "He shall call upon me, and I will answer him; I will be with him in trouble; I will deliver him, and honour him; with long life will I fatisfy him, and show him my falvation. And even unto old age I am he, and even to hoar hairs will I carry you; I have made, and I will bear, and I will carry, and I will deliver you." ---Let this be my staff to-day: it seems to forebode a life of trouble: but " furely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life." The everlasting mercy of God shall support me under, sweeten, and fee all my troubles out :- What should I

fear, who have Omnipotence my friend? Pains, loffes, and disappointments, may threaten me; but either will not reach me, or will do me good: let me
wait a while, I shall see them all in their proper,
their lovely figure.—Be thou, Jehovah, my God;
and the whole world is mine: I shall be rich, till
thou art poor: while thou art Sovereign, I shall be
safe: my fores, my fins, shall but give Jesus labour.
O how sweet, how safe, to go through sloods of tribulation, leaning on a Saviour?—The inconstancy of
human nature might indeed terrify me: whatever I
am for the present, I might tremble to think what I
may become. But my comfort is, that my husband
is the Lord, who changeth not, therefore shall I not be
consumed.

"The day is cold; my clothes thin, and partly ragged; my shoes draw water; let me run the faster to keep myself in heat." Ah! how many winter-days of wrath have I travelled with nothing covering me before God, but a thin outward profession, a ragged, a wrath-deserving self-righteousness!—May I now put on the Lord Jesus as my righteousness and strength; be clothed with the new man, which is created after his image; be "shod with the preparation of the gospel of peace;" have my mind well instructed and established, and my affections captivated with divine truth; and the more wants I have, let me run the faster to my heavenly Father's house, where their is food and raiment, enough and to spare.

"How thick the mift! how gross the darkness! were not the way plain, I could not trace it."—

Alas! for the thicker darkness which now covers my foul! fuch mist of ignorance, clouds of guilt and wrath furround me, that I have no glimmering of fensible comfort: and no wonder, that one full of finful lust, be also full of darkness. Too long, you filthy lusts, I have had communion with you; but let not me dare to have it any longer: Now, in Jesus' strength, I renounce your fellowship, and cleave to the God that made me; to God who is light, and in whom there is no darkness at all. O new and living Way, if ever I found thee, thou wilt guide me, when I have neither light to fee thee, nor fense to keep thee: the way-faring man, though a fool, shall not err therein. O if, while I walk in darkness, I could trust in the Lord, and stay myself on him, whom, with trembling, I call my God.

"Yonder flies the blazing wild-fire; let not me go after it, left I be decoyed into danger." Follow not, my foul, those proud heretics, and renters of the church, who, with a blaze of high pretences to burning fanctity, charity, or zeal, delude men into error, guilt, and ruin. Beware of the dazzling temptations of Satan, when transformed into an angel of light.

"How is this rivulet fwollen by the late rain! often have I feen it almost dry; now, amidst such darkness, I fear it is scarce passable." How often do we encounter swelling trials, when, and where we least expected them! how hard to pass through floods of trouble, temptation, and death, when Jesus withdraws the light of his countenance! But why should I murmur at hardship? Jesus passed through, I hope, for me passed through, swellen books of unbounded

wrath; passed through them, while his Father hid his face from him, and was far from the words of his roaring. "Perhaps to-day this brook hath swallowed up " fome traveller, finished his wretched years, or be-" gun more wretched of unceasing wo." How many doth trouble this moment overwhelm with grief and pain! how many doth death hurry down into the ocean of eternity! let me not then be unconcerned. "I fear this stream take me off my feet." Remember, my foul, where afflictions lie heavy, fins lie light: ah, how often hath trouble lien heavier on my heart than my fin, the cause of it! under sharp trials, how ready am I to cry out, Was ever forrow like unto my forrow? was ever child of God afflicted, deferted, and tempted as I?-Blush at thy flupidity and unreasonableness: Who made me a judge of saints' affliction? I know but my mine own bitterness, while strangers do not intermeddle with my joy. What tho my troubles were heaviest; do I well to be angry, that God gives me strong physic to purge away my sin! that he employs many strong servants, to work for me a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory? Why do I provoke the Lord to jealoufy? am I stronger or wifer than he? - Did Jesus bear my mountainous. loads of envenomed wo? and do I well to be angry, that God fignally conforms me to the image of his dear Son, except in the wrathful nature of his bonds?-"Woes me, I have loft my feet! I am gone! help, " help! the water chokes me! Lord, into thy hand I " commit my spirit ?---Why am I thus ?----Hear--" ing my rueful cry, this friend hath run to my af-" fiftance; at the hazard of his life hath drawn me

out: poured forth the gravelly liquid, which had ce entered my bowels; borne me to his lodging; warmed and dried me before his fire, till I am " quite revived and well.---May the bleffing of " one ready to perish come upon him." But, O what a melting lecture his kindness reads to my heart!-When the floods of fore trouble, of horrid temptations, of raging lusts, and of divine sentences of condemnation, overwhelmed my foul, overturned my hopes, and made me as one giving up the ghost, Jefus came; came without my call; ran at the cry of my need; not merely risked, but gave his infinitely precious life for me: when I was defiled, dead in trespasses and fins, he took me into his arms of power and grace, purged my heart of her reigning carnality, and filth; carried me to his chamber of presence; quickened and warmed my foul with his love: and clothed me with his righteousness, for change of raiment: Truly, O Lord, thou hast recovered me; thou hast turned back my captivity, while I was like one that dreamed : let my right hand forget her cunning, if ever my heart forget thy kindness.-But hast thou also spoken of me " for a great while to come, faying, Because I live, ye shall also?" Let me then never doubt of a fafe outgate from danger and trouble.

"Now I am again on my journey: there is a great deal of light:—what havock hath the late de- luging rain made! fields are buried in fand, trees rooted up, household furniture carried off, cattle drowned, and channels of rivers changed." At the refurrection morn, what havock made by the floods of fin, and wrath, will appear among angels and

men!-What havock made thereby, appears in the morning of conviction!-What havock do floods of temptation make in the church, and fouls of men; how they fubject them to a carnal mind! root up ftrong hopes, and tall professors! carry off furniture of gifts and graces! drown defires after God, and attempts toward reformation! drown men in error and delufion! and, when Satan and his agents ceafe tempting, they are but damming up their water, that they may open their fluices with more violence and fuccels; change the course of their lusts and finful practices !-- What havock doth overwhelming death make in our world! flourishing perfons, families, and nations are buried in dust and oblivion: mighty men are cast down; the apparently fixed are hurried into eternity; multitudes are driven from the substance of their house, and drowned in everlafting perdition; driven from their God, their all, into eternal flames, where mirth is turned into how!ing, fongs into fhrieks, and pleasure into pain. Oh! let me be rooted and grounded in Christ, dwell high in the munition of rocks: and then with cheatfulness may I fing, " The Lord fits King upon the floods; furely when they swell to the brim, they shall not overwhelm my foul, nor once come near to me_"

"The mist is returned: how it darkens our sky, that it is neither day nor night!" How short while is the militant, and especially the New-Testament-church, free from the darkening mist of error and delusion!—How sad, that under gospel-days we should often live in more darkness, with respect to-

our views of God, our interest in him, and heart exercise towards him, than did these under the ceremonial night!—Ah! how often can God alone know, whether it be day or night with my soul! or whether my eternity is to be a day of glory, or a night of wrath! "This mist, when I have entered among it, appears much thinner than at a distance." How often are my troubles much easier than my unbelieving mind presaged!

" Certainly the fun is rifen, though I fee him " not." Sometimes we enjoy a real day of Jesus' power, a true day of a gracious state, while we have few fweet frames, and fcarce any fensible views of his glory.-Lord, make me to live by faith on thy Son; and give me fweet frames, not as the foundation of my faith, but as crutches to prop, and encourage her when staggering. " Now the sun breaks " from under the cloud," O Jesus, how should my foul be refreshed, wouldst thou break through clouds of temptation and trouble, and shine and smile upon her! O Saviour, come down, shine forth, ere my " This lowering aspect of the fun forefoul die! " bodes a storm," How often the frowns in my Redeemer's countenance, and awful reproofs in his mouth, prefage storms of tribulation and anguish to my foul!

"This crowding of the household feathery people, this chirping of the tenants of the sky, their affembling about the farmer's mansion, and hedges, foretels an angry blast." May I foresee the evil and avoid it: may I, may millions of my race, in the view of death, and trouble, mourn bitterly for our

fin, and lodge ourselves near the deliverer, the covert from the storm, and from rain.

"Already the fun is wrapt in a thick cloud." How like this was my adored Redeemer's late vifit to my foul? fcarce had I feen him, when, for the iniquity of my covetousness, he was wroth and hid himfelf, had withdrawn, and was gone.—Alas! my pride, sloth, carnality, and idolizing of the frame in his presence, provoked him to leave me in great anger: what see I now, but clouds of guilt and woe?

" But why fuch travelling of people on this cold "new-year's day? they go to visit and feast with their friends, or to hire themselves, or take a " new leafe of their house." Alas! that multitudes better remember this day, or some one near it, to keep it unholy in idleness, carnal feasting, and drunkenness, than they do the Sabbath to keep it holy !- That the vain custom of parents and neighbours, weighs more with many, than the folemn, the express law of God!-That after near fixteen hundred years profession of Christianity in the nation, multitudes should begin their year with a relic of heathenish idolatry:-Friends, would it not much more become your Christian profession, would it not yield you more fatisfaction in death and judgment, to begin your years, your months, your days, with God;in mutual prayer, and admonition of one another;in visiting your Maker with fervent supplication, and joyful praise; -in feasting with him upon the selb and blood, the person and righteousness of his Son :in drinking abundantly out of his wells of falvation: -and by examining yourfelves, taking hold of the

new covenant, and devoting yourselves to God's service, securing your interest in the house eternal in the heavens?

" How, amidst this cold, these labourers sing and " whiftle at their plough !" Learn, my foul, to ferve Christ with chearfulness and joy, even in the winter of temptation and diffress; rejoice always in God, through my Lord Jesus Christ, by whom I have received the atonement : and count it all joy when I fall into divers temptations. « How foolish and unfaith-" ful are these ditchers! diligence is necessary to keep " their bodies in temper; yet scarcely hath their " mafter turned his back, when they neglect their " business, and hide their hands in their bosom." Alas! how few fervants believe that God always feeth them! how few pay as much regard to their Maker's eye as to their mafter's! How little do we, professed Christians, set the Lord before us! how often by floth, or improper work, do we put ourselves out of every degree of proper frame for duty! "How deep "among cold water these work! They cleanse the " mill lead from the gravel run into it by the late inundation:-necessity hath no law: meal must be " grinded." Think, my foul, how Jefus came into deep waters, how he funk in deep mire, where there was no flanding, while he opened the channel of his Father's favour to men, which the deluge of fin had stopped !---And never count any thing disagreeable that serves to make the river of life to run into my heart, or to remove the carnality of my practice: To be carnally minded is death. "Youder people look and rake into the fiream; they fearch for fome"thing valuable carried off, by the late fwelling "rains." Kind Redeemer, how graciously hast thou fought out my foul, from the pit of corruption!—Let me spare no pains to recover evidences of grace, carried down before the swelling sloods of temptation and lust.

"So intense is the cold, that my walking can "fcarce keep me in heat, far less could I here em"ploy myself in watch-making, embroidery, or any
fine work." And when we leave our first love to Jesus, fall under the power of indifferency, the curious exercises of spiritual watchfulness, of showing proper patterns of good works, of adding grace to grace, and of adorning our conversation with eminent holiness and humility, cannot be performed.

"How quick it freezeth! how hard is the earth in a short time! how little influence hath the low, the distant, and short-lived sun!" Is not this frozen earth a proof of God's sovereignty, who alone can open and seal up the face of nature at his pleasure? Is it not an emblem of my frozen heart, which he alone can thaw?—But, alas! so distant is the Sun of righteousness, so low his elevation in my soul, so short his visits, that I have scarce seen his sace, or felt his love, when my darkness and cold are returned!—O for that long summer-day of endless glory, when his noon-tide brightness shall dazzle my eyes, and the genial warmth of his love shall melt my soul to the centre, and instant all her powers with love to him!

Where is now the beauty of fummer? No grafs, on corn now shoots; no flowers blossom; almost

with the church, how great is her barrenness! how few her converts: how scanty the good works of her members!—When Jesus withdraws from my soul, how my graces languish and sade! every thing appears withered to, and in, my heart.—Ordinances and promises, once like the garden of God, are as a dry desert: the Tree of life seems a root out of dry ground; and his heavenly paradise an idle tale, and empty dream. "But amidst these winter horrors, firs, hollies, cedars, and some other vegetables re"tain their verdure." O how fat and flourishing, even while others sade, are those who dwell in the courts of God, and live in habitual fellowship with him!

"Where are now the noisome vermine, which " in the fummer defiled our pools, fcoured the air, " crawled on the ground, or clung to the herb?" And doth not a winter of adversity and persecution check the naughty professors? Doth not a winter of ftrong affliction tend to flay our abominable lufts? "Where are now the swallows, and many others of " the pinioned tribes? some of them sleep in chinks " of walls, or holes of earth; others have fled to " warmer climates." O thrice dreadful winter of eternal woe! no fleep, no flight can preferve the finper from thy baleful influence! no distant region shall admit him! no hill, no mountain, shall shelter him from almighty wrath !----Let not me, with most, fleep away the winter of advertity, but flee far hence to the warm regions of the new covenant, and of

near fellowship with my God; and abide there, till every sad calamity be wholly overpast.

"What means this leaping of the flocks and "herds? It foretels the storm." Lord, are these pictures of men, who leap, who dance, and fing, when on the very brink of endless ruin? or are they reprovers of our madness, who think not of, nor prepare for death or judgment? " How incessantly " yonder puny wren hops from place to place!" Ah! humbling emblem of my heart, which cannot fix a moment on that which is good! Scarce am I begun to meditate on the most concerning truth, when she, with the fool's eyes, is in the ends of the earth. "Now red-breaft, forfaking his fellows of " the wood, hops on the floor; views the fmiling of family askance; pecks and starts, and wonders where he is." So in the winter of adverfity, let me forfake my father's house, and my own people, come boldly to the courts, the habitation of my God: let me with wonder and reverence, view my fmiling Saviour: let me by faith enter into the house eternal in the heavens, and view the happy family above. "Here a poor sparrow, pursued by the hungry hawk, " flies into my bosom for shelter: shall I slay, or de-" liver up my prisoner? No; humanity forbids." To thee, O Jesus, I flee to hide me: furely thou wilt neither kill me thyfelf, nor deliver me into the hands of the cruel enemy.

"Here the battle of *** was fought: here the trenches were digged, and the artillery planted: here lay the ambuscade: here chiefly fell the slain." My foul, art thou as distinctly versed in the circum-

stances of Jesus' conflict on the cross, and in thy heart? how have my lufts and graces ftruggled? how did Satan lead on his troops, and cause his ambushment of unexpected fnares come behind me? how did he and his agents entrench themselves within me? how did my grace intrench herfelf under the shadow of the Rock of ages? what artillery of promifes on the one fide, and of temptations on the other, were pointed and discharged? what wounds, what death, what flaughter, was made on either! "Here the " flain were buried in heaps." You Nebuchadnezzar, Alexander, Cæfar, Oguz, Mahmud, Jengiz, Timurbeg, Lewis the Great, with your fellow scourges of nations, Did you conquer? Rather your lust of pride, your worse than savage thirst for blood, conquered you: you brutal murderers, how dreadful your account to the Creator, the Preferver of men! How fmall a part of our wars on earth amount to any thing elfe than murder and robbery before God! How little regard is in them paid to that law of God, " Whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so unto them !"-When at last the earth shall cast forth her dead, how awful the fight! what horror shall feize the bloody murderers, while they, at Jesus' bar, behold the objects of their guilt !--But, my foul, are not most of our affemblies upon earth graves of lust, in which we bury, and are buried, one of another? " Here one lay " fome hours under the dead bodies, and yet escap-"ed." How strangely God preserveth us in life! how near destruction an oppressive body of death femetimes brings our new man; who yet, by God's

all-fufficient help, fafely escapes at last! "Here lieth an unburied carcase: how much more noisome and abominable than that of any beast!" How odious are those professed Christians, who, in the winter of distress, continue under the reign and rage of lust; and trespass more and more against the Lord! they are worse than death, while they live.

"Now I come to the suburbs of this city; how different these two lodgings! the one is extremely mean, the other is no less handsome." Much greater is the difference between a gracious and a graceless heart: much greater the difference between the saints' present and their suture lodging: much greater difference between the eternal mansion of the blessed, and the dungeon of the damned.

" Here lives my friend: let me ask how he doth. "-Ah! what a hospital is his house! all the fami-" ly, except the mother, are fick at once." What a mercy is it, that whole families feldom ficken together; but gives some health to take care of the rest! "Here one feems dying in a wild rave: how he fings " and babbles nonfense!" Lord, what need have we to fecure our interest in eternal salvation while in health! Not one serious thought could this poor creature think, suppose it could purchase him heaven: and who knows but I may depart in the fame unreasonable manner? O our need to avoid idle, frothy, and wicked language, while we have the use of reason, lest God suffer us to die like a troubled sea, casting forth such mire and dirt. "Here one dies in of the depth of ignorance, and height of self-conceit: " he fancieth that his heart is far from bad ; that he

" hath loved Christ, and kept all his commandments, " from his youth up." Lord, convince him of his mistakes, otherwise the flames of hell will soon do it. " Here lies a third, who enjoys his reason, but " inclines to jest as a fool, or talk as in a fair." Lord, how hard is it to reform men from evils which they have long practifed? most men will die as they lived :- I wish the strokes of thy wrath do not quickly make him ferious. "Here is a fourth, that feems " dying in Christ, but is overwhelmed with doubts: " he appears very loathsome in his own eyes; Jees fus' blood feems the only bottom of his staggering " hope of falvation." Lord, give power to the faint; and to him who hath no might increase strength; break not the bruised reed, nor quench the smoking flax. " Here lieth one who reckons himself the " very chief of finners; and yet boldly claims Jefus " as his own; and firmly expects falvation, by vir-" tue of the covenant of grace made with him." May my life, and my last end be like his. " How " noisome is the smell of this chamber, where fickness and death are so rampant!" And how infinitely noisome is the smell of my heart, where sinful fickness and death so abound!

"What mean this company, who now visit this distressed family? they belch forth so much carmal chat, and then depart." Are these visitants beafts, that they cannot utter one word about Christ, or eternity, to their dying friends? cannot join to request their salvation before they leave them? "Here comes the minister."—What carnal jargon, and common news, hath he talked over! how he slatters

the fick, that their good works will carry them fafe to heaven, and speaks as if "Wide were the gate, and broad the way that leadeth unto life!"—Alas, hath he no compassion, no conscience, that he so deludeth immortal souls, on the very brink of eternity?—that he useth no pains to convince them of their true state and condition; or to lead them to redemption through the blood of Jesus, according to the riches of his grace?

"Here is the church; yonder is a meeting-house: " no less than three or four kinds of professed Pres-" byterians are in this city." Sadly hath the anger of the Lord divided his people here. No doubt each party extol themselves as purest, and are too ready to wipe their mouth and fay, We have done no wickedness; readier to spy the mote in their neighbour's eye, than the beam in their own. God indeed chargeth his people to withdraw from them that walk diforderly; but none of our divisions seem to be managed with due fear and trembling: we rather strive to say, than to do more than others: we are too much disposed to love others as they bear our image, and are of our party, rather than as they bear the image of Christ in holiness of life; as if the ties of faction were stronger than those of religion: an itch to be the reverse of those we do not join with, often leads us into practical blunders .-- Amidst all our contests, we fadly harmonize, in losing spiritual liveliness, in neglect of an holy and humble conversation; and of wrestling with God, till the Spirit be poured out from on high. Lord, fave the fearers of thy name from ignorance, pride, prejudice, and want

of brotherly love; let none of them oppose thy Spirit and grace to thy righteousness and truth: what in the controversies of these times tends to thy honour, or their immortal interests, teach thou them; dispose them to pray and confer together upon spiritual things, in which they are agreed, that they may come to fee eye to eye, in the truths in which they differ; let none of them hazard their fouls to hear Heathenish poison, or Arminian stuff, instead of the gospel of Christ; nor affociate with such as privately teach it: let none of them dare to communicate with fuch persons as they should be ashamed to sitwith at a public inn: let none of them dare to acknowledge those for ministers, who have no proper evidence of concern for fouls, and no just token of a mission from Christ; for these, however they may tickle their fancy, and move their passions, shall not profit this people at all: let none of them swear sinful oaths, nor lawful bonds which they do not underftand; and which they make no conscience to keep, except as a badge and tie to a particular party: let none of them separate from corrupt ministers without studying to separate from corrupt lusts and practices: let none of them contemn brethren; and far less, in Jefus' name, deliver precious faints or ministers to Satan, because their head is not of the very same fize with theirs. --- Alas! how often are the leaft intelligent the hottest in a controversy: these who implicity take up notions, the most rigid in requiring others to receive their fentiments! how often are the most noisy disputants but very ordinary pracusers! and how often too are persons very blameless

in their life, extremely careless about the truths relative to the order of Jesus' church! Woes me, will we rob God upon the one hand or the other, and so bring a curse upon our nation? But, O thrice happy church triumphant, when the redeemed of the Lord, out of every party justly called Christian, shall for ever sweetly concur in the celestial worship, and prefer one another in love! O for a double portion of their insight into divine truth; of their self-denial, love to the Lamb, and to one another!

" A church-judicatory fits here to-day; let me " go in, and observe what they do." Is not this court conftituted in Jesus' name, an emblem and prelude of his fitting on his great white throne to judge the world? Watch always, my foul, and act as one that must give an account: and let no injuries fink my spirit; he shall redress my wrongs. Methinks persons, thus sitting in his name, should act and speak as they have reason to think he would do, if in their place. Great fear is due to him in-meetings of his faints. "Why then this frequent. " fmiling? this angry contention about trifles? this " repetition of that which was better faid by another? " this retailing and pushing of arguments merely " illusive? this patience of refutation? this mis-" reprefenting and reproaching the fentiments of " fuch as differ from them? this management of " ecclefiaftical affairs, by carnal policy, and from " felfish motives and ends? why, at the expence of " profaning their Master's name, have these church " rulers an itch to show the audience that they can " [peak; and have forgotten that Jesus said, My

" kingdom is not of this world?"——Lord, the more attentively I view any person or thing, but thyself, the more impersection appears in them. But never could I descry blemishes, but new glories, new excellencies, in thee.

"Here a parent outrageously corrects, should I fay, murders his child." He can neither regard correction as a divine ordinance; nor look up for a blessing on it; but only vent his own rage. O how furious are our sinful passions, that can at once trample on God's law, and bear down our natural affection and credit! But blessed for ever be my divine Parent, that he corrects me in boundless wisdom and love: he hath sworn, "I will not be wroth with thee, nor rebuke thee."

" How rudely yonder fair woman abuseth her " husband, while he returns her the most endearing " language!" Beautiful bodies at best are but fair prisons: and ah! how often temples for Satan, and the most unruly lusts! Why then, O Jesus, should any beauty but thine be prized? why should fair temples of devils have more fuiters than infinite fairness and excellency? But, is not this outrageous woman an emblem of myself? Ah! my brawling with my divine hufband! my rude abuse of him, while he entertained me with gracious words, and fweet fmiles, sufficient to melt a rock, and win the heart of a devil? Times without number " have I finned, and perverted that which is right;" but the due reward of my deeds have never been rendered unto me. The Lord hath requited me with bleffing for curfing, as at this day.

"Yonder mother's lean cheeks and meagre looks declare her half-starved; yet how fat and fresh is her suckling child! how kindly she applies him to her breast, and nourisheth him with the juice of her body!" O what must be the kindness of God, which infinitely exceeds this tender mother's! Wondrous truth! he loved me, and gave himself for me: and though a woman should forget her sucking child, so as not to have compassion on the sruit of her womb; yet he will not forget me: he hath graven me on his heart and hands; I am continually before him.

"Yonder children, I suppose, go about seeking their new-year's gift." This memorial of ancient superstition I cannot approve: but with pleasure should I behold all the children of Christ uniting in truth, in love, in Christian fellowship, of breaking of bread, and of prayers; with pleasure shall I see them, at last, enter the palace of the King with gladness and rejoicing.

"Here is the famed furgeon's shop; no doubt his shelves are planted with pots, vials, and boxes, fall of useful medicine." But where is Jesus my famed, my unmatched, physician, who has power over all plagues, heals all diseases, freely and tenderly binds up all my painful wounds? what numbers of truths and promises are beautifully arranged in his word, and full of efficacious, of divine medicines for the healing of the nations? "Here stands the physician "himself, ready to converse with, or administer cure to such as apply." Lord, did ever I, or any other, find thee unready, when we came with our

fad, our shameful maladies? when we called, didst thou not say, Here am I?—Nay, how often hast thou called me in, and said to my soul, Wilt thou not be made whole! "No doubt this skilful doctor can "qualify, and mingle poison itself, to render it use- ful; and can make painful probing and cutting a "mean of cure." And cannot Jesus make temptations, troubles, and even corruptions, means of proving, humbling, and doing me good? let me trust my all-diseased soul wholly to his skill. "Yonder is the stamp-office." Lord, let me have the stamp of thy blood, thy Spirit, on my heart and life; so shall my person and work be accepted in thee, O beloved.

"To-day is a market in this place; many things " are exposed to sale, but scarcity of money forbids " me to price any of them." Bleffed be the Lord, that though money answereth all things here, yet it can answer nothing at the market of free grace: To be poor, wretched, miserable, blind, naked, lost, a finner, ungodly, unjust, rebellious, a crimson-coloured transgressor, a wearier of God with iniquity, a blasphemer, a persecutor, an injurious person, is all the wealth, the qualification which infures my welcome to Jesus, as a Saviour, with whom it is more bleffed to give than to receive. --- Let me at a diftance behold this various merchandife, and attempt to difcern spiritual things through it: so may I make the best bargain in the market; and be filled, be laden with good things, while the rich are fent emptyaway.

"Here is plenty of cloth well dyed, and I hope " well made; here is fine linen, ftrong, and thorough-" ly whitened." Sad memorials of our fin! had not Adam made us naked to our shame, we should have no need of this to cover us. "What labour it re-" quires to prepare this cloth for our use !" How much more abundant, how far other labour it required, to prepare a robe of righteousness, and grace for our foul! the service, the curse, the shame, the fweat, the pains, the groans, the death of God !-But how many warnings of mortality doth this cloth comprehend? doth not the frailty of every thread, the quick motion of the shuttle wherewith it was wrought, the cutting out of the web, the wearing, the rending, or the moth-eating of it, represent the frailty and shortness of life; the certain, the sudden, and easy approach of our dissolution? Shall the preparers of our cloth, the makers of our apparel, forget daily to ask their conscience, Have I busied myself so long in preparing raiment for the bodies of others? What have I done to fecure everlasting attire to my foul? Amidst memorials of death, shall they believe all men mortal, but themfelves? "Were this cloth wholly mine, how " quickly would it be worn, rotten, or moth-eaten!" Such is my work of righteoufness: but Jesus' falvation is for ever, and his righteoufness shall not be abolished. Thrice happy I, who must for ever wear the unwasting, the fine linen, the purple, and scarlet nobes of his imputed atonement!

"What plenty of rings, ribbons, lace, and other ornaments, are here!" To what purpose is our

mortal dunghill decked with so much fine drapery? what the worse am I, of wanting money to purchase trisles, which can neither seed, shelter, nor warm me?—Covet earnessly, my soul, the best things: let Jesus who is better than rubies, and his grace, be my jewels, my ornaments, my ALL: let me have the ornament of a meek and quiet mind, which in the sight of God is of great price; and let my faith shine brighter than gold that perisheth.

"Here is a number of vessels, some to honour and some to dishonour." Striking memorial of God's sovereign purpose, in which he hath predestinated some angels and men to endless honour, and fome to everlasting shame and contempt! Let me he a vessel sanctified, and made meet for the Master's ase;" so shall I appear to have been a vessel of meres, afore prepared unto glory. "Were all these vessels silled from the ocean, its waters would not in the least seem abated." Nor will the ocean of divine goodness and love be in the least diminished by the endless filling of angels and men.

"Here is abundance of wright-work; with much bewing, cutting, and polifhing, it hath been formed from the rough wood." But with far more hewing, and cutting of conviction and trouble, and with far more polifhing influences of heaven, hath my foul been formed for the fervice of God.

"What fieves and riddles lie here!" How like the former are God's judgments, by which he fifts the nations, and often separates the good from the bad! How like the latter is my memory, that loseth what is substantial, and retains the chaff of vileness and vanity! Lord, make me folid grain, that trouble and death may separate me from my sin, but never from thee. "Were these utensils silled from the deepest ocean, they would no sooner be out, than "the whole water, except what moistened them, "would be gone." Lord, I am such a rent vessel, that I lose more of truth and grace than I hold: but let me daily dip myself into the ocean of thy bleeding love, that I may retain as much as moistens all my powers: and O hasten the happy period, when I shall for ever sink into it, and be for ever silled with all the fulness of God.

"Here is the fmith that bloweth the coals in the fire; much of his work, as hinges, locks, keys, " &c. shrewdly hints, that we are thieves and robes bers." Alas! are we inclined to rob men? and much more to rob our Maker, our Saviour? of hisdue honour and regard !----O Jefus bind my heart and hands to thee, with stronger than bands of iron and brass; with cords of love, and bands of a man; let not me, like the flothful, be as the 'door that turneth upon hinges, without any progressive motion; but let thy word be quick and powerful, sharper than a two-edged sword to pierce my foul, as an hammer to break the iron and fteel of my heart: fashion me according to thy will, on the gospel-anvil: let him who hath the keys of hell and death, save me from the wrath to come; him that hath the key of David open my heart, and give me the key of faith to open every promise, and so open every prison into which I may be shut up. " Here is the founder, with his mould-" ed ware." O bleeding Jesus, melt and purge me

in the furnace of thy love; cast me in the mould of thy word; make me ufeful or ornamental in the house of my God. Have I forgot my Saviour's melted heart? O how warmed with unoriginated, with unmeafured, and unceasing love! how encompassed! how beset! how loaden with the fuel of our unnumbered iniquities, which the Lord laid on him! how feized by the fiery law, the incenfed justice of an angry God! how overwhelmed with grief? how broken with the reproach, the contradiction of finners against himself! how shocked, how pained with the withdrawment of his Father's gladdening prefence; how tormented amidst the kindled vengeance, the awakened fury of almighty God! how amazed and very heavy his vigorous foul! how exceeding for-rowful even unto death! how troubled, till he knew not what to fay !-- Why, my FAIR ONE; why, my GREAT ALL, was thy heart melted as the wan amidst thy bowels of compassion! why thy firength dried like a potsberd! Was it to vent thy unmatched love; thy fovereign grace, to hateful, hopelefs; to rebellious. guilty; to wretched, worthless me ! Was it to obey, to magnify the broken law; to fulfil all righteousness, for an eternal robe to naked me! to fatisfy avenging justice for offending me /-- Was it to enthrone JEHOVAH, as a God of grace, of gifts, of peace, of comfort, and of falvation to me! Was it to finish transgression; make an end of sin; Subdue Satania conquer the world; plague death; swallow up hell for me !- Was it to confirm the new covenants to furnish all her promises with strong consolation to finful men; to finful me /-was it to rectify my brus-

tal, my diseased, my devilish heart !- Was it to prepare a lofty throne, a lodging in his inmost love! a. ceaseless banquet on mercy? an endless hymn of grace for me !-O stupendous! was the heart, the soul of my God made a troubled sea; a tormenting hell of wo for me! O how my eyes are dazzled with the glory; how my heart is overwhelmed, and my thoughts fwallowed up with the greatness of his love! how pleafantly I look through the promife, thrust my hands into his fide, and fee, and feel, his melted heart; his bleeding love; and am no more faithless but believing! how my inward, my infernal rock, melts at the fight; at the touch!-If I, if any power in my foul love not this Lord Jesus Christ; let it be anathema, maranatha; accurfed at his coming. O to fuck the warm. to be filled with-to be for ever plunged in a Redeemer's bleeding love!" "No doubt, much of this. " beautiful work is framed from old utenfils, melt-" ed, and polished anew." What wonderful change to the better do regeneration, fanctified troubles, and especially death and the resurrection, make upon the ranfomed! who would not choose to be melted downby ten thousand deaths,-to be made like God by seeing him as he is; and to have this vile body made like unto Christ's glorious body! " These agents in # the fire have not laboured for very vanity:" As, alas! many professed Christians do, who daily live in the fire of contention with their neighbours, and with their God.

"Yonder is a large affortment of earthen ware." I also am formed out of the clay: but bleffed be the Lord, that we have the gospel treasure in earthen vef-

fels, that the excellency of the power may be of God, and that in my flesh I may see God. "What con-fections and sweet-meats are at yonder door! How often do children desire those to their hurt!" How often do Satan's feed ruin themselves, by their mad running on the fancied sweets of carnal profits, pleafures, or honours! How often would the children of God hurt themselves by pleasant frames, and sensible. manifestations of his love, should he always grant their defire !---But after bestowing them in their spiritual infancy, he often wisely withdraws these delicacies, and teacheth his people, when grown up, tolive by faith on his Son. "Here is plenty of shoes, for the warmth, ease, and safety of our feet." O to have the feet of my affections and conversation well shod, well feafoned, and supported with gospel-principles, and warmed with the faith of God's love to me and the exercise of my love to him! so should I walk at liberty; walk and not be weary; run, and not ftumble in the path of holiness: " How large is the corn-" market to-day! It is good that there should be the " greatest quantity of that which is most necessary." O when shall I eat of the old corn of Canaan above, and feed on the everlasting God as my all in all! "Yonder is a variety of toys." Alas! how many fpend their whole life, in making and adoring the toys of felf-righteousness, and of outward enjoyments: " How publicly these merchants exhibit "their wares, that paffengers may be invited by the view! how they call and encourage to a bargain fuch as come near." How fweetly doth Jesus exhibit his bleffings in the gospel! how kindly he invites us to come, and buy without money, and without

Price! how powerfully did his voice allure me to receive them into my heart! "Nobody here offers "himself to fale." But Jesus himself is the principal, the substance of all my merchandise with heaven: he is all, and in all.

"But are there not here more spectators than " buyers? and how many appreciate goods who do " not feem truly inclined to purchase them?" Alas! how many fand all the day idle at the market of God's free grace? and with mere gazing on what is offered, and pricing what they have no heart to buys. trouble the glorious merchant! How long was this the practice of my foul! " But why doth the buyer al-" most constantly offer less than is demanded; and " make a buftle of words to cheapen the price?" Vile cheapening, thou child of covetonfness; thou parent of fraud and falsehood; how shocking to see thee more abound with professed Christians, than with many Infidels! But how much more shocking to see menprig up the price of that which Jesus Christ offers them freely; and because he will not heighten it, they will have none of him !- Times without number. hath my foul dealt in this curfed work.

"Here one changes a bank-note."—I have none fuch to change; but bleffed be the Lord, I have far better.—All the promises, the bank-hills of Heaven, are mine; payable to me according to need: let my constant business be, by prayer of faith, to present and protest them at the throne of grace; what wealth of communion with, and conformity to God, may I thus enjoy on earth! what sulness of glory hereafter in heaven!

"How many here buy goods on truft!—I wish they truly intend to pay according to promise: that they do not forget, or shift the day of account; and that their present seeming regard for 46 the creditor turn not into hatred, and into shunning " to trade with him when they have ready money." Alas I to how many professed Christians is this divine law, Owe no man any Thing, but to love one another, as falt which hath lost its favour; good for nothing, but to be cast out to the dunghill, and trodden under foot of men! And is it not more heinous theft, deliberately to live beyond our ability, or to buy, on trust, goods which we have no probable view of paying; than to rob our neighbour's fold, when we are pinched with hunger !--- Woes me ! how lying under unpardoned guilt, influenced me, to hate God my creditor: shift dealing with him; forget and abhor the day of account! And doth not delay render me the more averse to perform my vows? "Often these merchants give packing to the " bargain, if needful." And in receiving Jesus, and his fulness, I obtain also every necessary outward enjoyment, as coming in a new-covenant channel. " Here the buyer boasts of that which just before, " while buying it, he decried as naught, naught."-Deceitful man! art thou not abhored of God? Wicked diffimbler! how canst thou escape the damnation of hell ?---Alas! before I received Jesus Christ the Lord: ignorantly, and in unbelief I called him naught, naught: but fince I knew him, I did, and shall forever boast of his excellency: worthy is he to be praifed; let us exalt his name together,

Contemned for ever be that heart that durst, these men who dare, contemn my Christ, my God, my

"How necessary are distinct accounts, for such as deal deep in merchandise." Carefully remember, O my soul, what thou owest to thy Lord; and what passeth between thee and him: for, if once thy accounts run into disorder, thou art in a fair way to fearful ruin. "But what shall the merchants here do, whose day's gain will not bear their expence?" What can they do better, than balance a bad market, by receiving into their heart the all-enriching Mediator; and wait for another more gainful opportunity?——When ordinances do not answer my wishes, let me go the little further, to Jesus himself; and carefully attend every after-mean of grace; never can I wait so much for him, as he hath waited to be gracious to me.

"Yonder the hue and cry are raifed against a thief, caught in the very ast:—perhaps, to cover his guilt, himself, as loudly as any, cries, Hold the thief." How often do untender professors loudly bawi against the sins of others, while themselves practife the like, or worse!—Wonder, my soul, that, amidst pinching poverty, God hath restrained my hands from thest: let him ever keep me from this, which is no where in scripture represented as the spot of his children.—Admire, that times without number he hath caught me in the very act of robbing him of his honour and service; caused me with shame lay down my stolen goods; and yet never made me a public example of wrath: nay, when

through fear and confusion I have run to hide myfelf, he hath pursued, overtaken, and said to my soul, "I have blotted out as a thick cloud thy transgressions:—Return unto me, for I have redeemed thee."

" Now the unhappy felon is caught, and carried " to prison." So shall the Lord apprehend his impenitent foes, and shut them up in the infernal lake .---But, O marvellous, he hath caught me in my fin, and that me up in his bosom of redeeming love! " is this the manner of men, O Lord!"-" Let me fol-" low the wretch into his confinement; that I may " receive a little instruction." Now think, O my foul, how thou hast engaged to serve thy God unto bonds, imprisonment, and death: how wouldst thou relish this fervice! Lord, a prison with thy presence would do well enough; it might be a cabinet to lock me up from temptation, wandering, and danger; while my foul should walk at liberty with God and his angels: except the world be better than when the " lust of the flesh, the lust of the eye, and the pride of life," were the whole furniture thereof, it is small loss to be separated from her society.-To suffer contempt for Jesus, would be high honour:-did I in patience possess my God and my soul, no want could hurt me; -nor could my imprisonment be long, when death would fet me at liberty; nor durft my perfecutors flay me, except it were given them from above: nor would my heavenly Father fign my deathwarrant, till he defired me, where he is, to behold his glory.-And, how many deaths could I chearfully undergo to get thither ! My foul languisheth for the habitations of the Most High.

"But what confinement, what filthiness, what " ill favour; what cold, what darkness, and uneasi-" ness; what short allowance, what want of liberty, " and deprivation of beloved fociety; what infamy, "and uncertainty as to the issue, attend our earthly, imprisonments!" Is not this an emblem of our present world? we are conceived in the prison of the womb? bring forth the prison of a frail body upon our back; and come into a dungeon of darkness, ignorance, spiritual coldness, filthiness, slavery, trouble, infamy, distance from God, and from the bleffed spirits of just men made perfect.-Lord, though I defire not to fret at my imprisonment in life, lest with the Thracians I should break my teeth gnawing my chains; yet, allow me, with the captive exile, to hasten to be loosed. O dispatch thy messenger, death, with my writ of liberty; Jesus bails my appearance before the high court of the last judgment. - Is not this prison a picture of our finful state? In what cold, in what pollution, in what darkness, in what poverty, in what hunger, in what nakedness, in what infamy, in what restraint, in what slavery and folitariness, without Christ, without God, and without hope in the world, do we lie there?-Alas! how many are there, who know not, who feel not their wretchedness! this is a bedlam indeed, where men pity not themselves. May he that, by the blood of the covenant, brought me out of the pit, in which there is no water, pity them; and bring their foul out of prison, that they may glorify his name.—Is not this prison a figure of the condition of a faint, when God hides, when Satan tempts,

troubles furround, and lusts prevail? How often have I lain here, as one free among the dead; and been shut up, that there was no evasion for me!— Forget not, my soul, the unspeakably wretched prison of the damned.—Flee, slee, ye prisoners of hope, slee from this wrath to come; slee to Jesus' atonement, for the remission of your sins: If you relish not an earthly prison, how can you abide with devouring sire; how dwell with everlasting burnings?

"In yonder chamber the criminals are fifted be"fore the judge; are tried, condemned, or abfolved,
"as the proof turns out." Solemn prefage of Jesus
stting on his cloudy throne; gathering the nations
to his bar; trying and acquitting the righteous; but
condemning the wicked. "How shocking are our
"executions on earth!" But ten-thousand-fold more
dreadful is Jesus driving millions of devils and men
from his judgment-seat, into everlasting punishment.—
Happy you who can sing Hallelujahs, because the
smoke of their torment ascendeth up for ever and
ever.

"Here rageth and staggers the drunken man." Ah! how wicked! he profanes the creatures of his Maker; murders his body: damns his soul; beggars his family; shames his nature; extinguisheth his reason; cuts the throat of his conscience; and shipwrecks his chastity!——How beastly! Is not here the throat of a fish; the belly of a swine; and the head of an ass? Hath any sin more curses, more woes, divinely denounced against it! doth any one more insure, and ripen for eternal fire? Wo then to

those that tarry long at the wine; and who are men of might to mingle strong drink.

"Here comes *** the Seceder, staggering " through drink. He vomits it up, while his " companions make sport of him." Alas! contrary to his Bible; -- contrary to his profession, his vows, and refolutions; -- contrary to the admonitions of his minister and friends; -- contrary to the rebukes of providence; -- contrary to the repeated challenges of his own conscience, he hath long, too much haunted the company of graceless persons, at their diversions, their occasional feasts, and in the tavern; often, by this means, he hath neglected to attend a praying fociety, and even the regular performances of evening-worship in his family; and now God is exposing him to public ignominy by his graceless companions. What, can a professed witness for Christ, and mourner over the fins of the land, mean to relish company, in which profane oaths, fcoffing at religion, or ufeless chat, are almost all that he hears! What can he mean, thus to dishonour God, ruin his family, in at least their spiritual concerns, and destroy himfelf !-By fo many repeated returns to his wickedness, he is grown so hardened in it, that I fear it will foon bring him to a wretched and infamous death; -a fudden stumble into the depths of hell!-How will he relish his bottle, his wonted chat, his wicked companions there! God forbid that I should ever feem to love the company of fuch as I would not wish to live with for ever: and that, by a silliness in compliance with the fashions of this world. I should

harden my confcience, and damn myself, and my family.

" Now I am exceeding hungry; and have but " little to buy food." Bleffed are they that hunger and thirst after righeousness, for they shall be filled .- Quickly shall I get beyond the reach of hunger, when perhaps those, who to-day riot in luxury, and fill their tables with vomit, shall perish therewith. entered this inn; but am no welcome guest: I am: " ftared at; and what I ask, is, in their present hurry, " hardly brought me." It is not grace, but money, grandeur, gluttony, and drunkenness, that recommend a man here. -- "My bashful visage, and mean apparel tempt the very fervants to contemn me:-though " in Christ I be far greater than Philopæmen, lord of Greece; yet here I must pay for my ill looks." ---Rejoice, my foul; this is but my conformation to the image of God's Son. But, bleffed Jesus, thy thoughts are not men's thoughts, nor thy ways as their ways. How often, in the vilest rags of my corruption, haft thou embraced me, carried me to thine inner-chamber of ravishing nearness to thyself! fed me with the bread which thou hast prepared, and with the wine which thou hast mingled?-And therefore, fince thou, earth, despisest me, I shall repay thee in thy own coin: when many fay, Who will show us any good? my heart shall count all but loss and dung to win Christ; and cry, " Lord there is none upon earth whom I defire besides thee: lift thou up the light of thy countenance upon me; fo shalt thou put more gladness into my heart, than when corn and wine abound."

"What a fine lodging is this inn!" Yet Adam, under the shadow of a tree, Abraham in his tent, was happier, than, I suppose, any that dwell here. ward advantages are but Heaven's crumbs, of which the dogs have often the largest share, a man's life and happiness confist not in the abundance of what he possess-Though I have no fuch mansions, yet am I not poorer than Jesus, who had not where to lay his head: Contentment can lodge in little room; why then should we rack the inventions of art, and exhaust the materials of nature, to build houses, rather prisons, for ourselves upon earth? How Heaven, with laughter, furveys our vain toil; and buries madmen in the heaps of houses, and of wealth and honour, which they raise! How often do mortals exhaust more time, more labour and care to build their own, than to build the house of the Lord! How often the house rather dwells in her mafter than he in her! It is the mafter who should dignify the house; not the house him: but, alas! how many stately houses are but owl's nefts, habitations of devils, and cages of every unclean and hateful bird !-- Men therein live chiefly to laugh, fwear, game, whore, eat, drink, and fpue; ftrive to have every thing in the house good but themfelves.- Is Satan landlord here? hath this householder given him bis power and authority? and do the rest of the family approve of the master's deed? are all content to be the willing flaves of lust?-Let me look for a " house not made with hands eternal in the heavens:" let me haste away from this: she is polluted and mortal, as well as her mafter: no habitation is pure, and fure, but God himself: let him be my dwelling-place in all generations.

"What fine pictures are in yonder gallery." Rather, how coarfe draughts are they, in respect of God's works of nature and grace; and especially his adequate, his express image in his Son? On this, Lord, may I with unceasing wonder for ever gaze !- What is our world, but a large room hung round with pictures? how many painted fanciful shadows and images of felicity, not felicity itself, see we here! What numbers of men are partly pictures of peacocks, goats, affes, dogs, or fwine, and partly images of the old ferpent! how many are painted fepulchres, partly of faints, and partly of Satan! but how few are living pictures of Jesus, the mighty God, the Prince of peace! O let me be fuch: let my heart and life abound with true, not painted Christianity, that when I awake from the grave, I may behold thy face in righteousness, and be satisfied with thy likeness. " Why do yonder pictures seem con-" ftantly to cast their eyes on me?" Thrice more bleffed, that all JEHOVAH's words of grace ever fuit my changing, my diversified condition: On them let me hope, and to them let me look, in every time of need.

"In yonder room the music plays: how marvellous the influence of melody! she stills the roaring
child, calms the surious passion, encourageth the
timorous heart, and cures the tarantula's poisonous bite!" Lord, how effectually hath the melody
of thy voice in the gospel stilled my roaring complaints, calmed my raging passions, animated my

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finking spirits, and healed my painful wounds!—
and how pleasant and refreshing is the voice of praise
in dwellings of the righteous! "What skill it re"quires to tune and perform this music! yet how
"easily might the breaking or slipping of a string,
"or the slopping of a fret, mar it!" O what skill,
what care is necessary to fit our heart for sacred joy
and praise! and when attained, how easily may it,
as well as outward delights, be marred!—Lord, sit
me for that place, which, as it is said of Christian
Bethlehem, hath hallelujahs and hosannas for her
mirth, and all her labour praise.

"Yonder is a parrot in a cage: how far hath she " been fetched for the fake of her feathers." Alas! how far will immortal fouls go; how low they will stoop for very vanity! How often are feathers, not real excellency, the object of our love! how many are esteemed only for their shining face, their smooth tongue, and their beautiful apparel! "Poor animal, " how have thy pinions brought thee to a foreign pri-" fon, and perhaps confined thy master's heart along "with thee." Ah! how often do external shadows of excellency prove hurtful to ourselves and others! how often do they encourage pride, flattery, and cursed dependence on man !-Bless the Lord, O my foul, for the liberty which I enjoy; but let it not prove my fnare: the more of it I have, let me be the more devoted to, and active in thy fervice. "This " parrot can speak till she is fully enraged, and then se she resumes her natural note." And how many, with feeming fweetness, speak and hear of divine things, and flatter the Most High with goodly words, while he fmiles on, and prospers them, who are ready to curse him to his face, if he but touch them with a stroke of trouble!

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" Now I have paid my reckoning, and have no-" thing over: Alas! what shall I do, if stopped on " journey?" How Jefus' word ravisheth my heart! I AM; be not afraid. Doth not this I AM, leave a blank, which I may fill up with whatever good I please? Is it not JEHOVAH's faying to my foul, Art thou weak? I AM strength: art thou poor? I AM riches: art thou despised? I AM honour: art thou in trouble? I AM comfort: art thou fick? I AM health: art thou dying? I AM life: haft thou nothing? I AM all things: justice, wisdom, power, mercy, goodness, holiness, truth, beauty, glory, and excellency, I AM: perfection, all-fufficienccy, infinity, eternity, I AM: whatever is fuited to thy nature or case, I AM: whatfoever is amiable in itself, or defirable to thee, I am: whatfoever is pure, holy, pleafant, great, or good, I AM: I AM JEHOVAH thy God .- Be therefore content, my foul, thy God, thine ALL, remains to thee : how can there be room for other things in my heart, while it is thoroughly penetrated and filled with this great I am, my God, and mine all?

"Now let me proceed on my journey." So let me make inns, not habitations, of outward enjoyments, divine ordinances, and gracious frames: let me leave them behind, and push forward unto everlasting rest.

"Here is a nobleman's burial: fofter was his bed, more delicate his provision, richer his apparel, warmer his chamber, less his toil, more youthful

" his age; yet, lo, I live, and am healthy, while he " is dead! how quickly hath his fast living brought " him to his grave!" Ah! how laboured is the way of most to ruin! Ah! how they toil! how they trouble and pain themselves to hasten forward, and be fit for everlafting mifery! how many are faved with less than half the labour !- Lord, how vain is earthly happiness! the rich and gay convince me most of human mifery: but how true is thy promife, that as my days, fo should my strength be !--How little worse is my body, and how much better my foul, of the numerous troubles of my life! " expensive coffin, enriched with plates, with handles " of gold, lieth this great man! how adorned his " hearse! how splendid the retinue which attend his " funeral!" But will any, or all of these, recommend him to his Maker? or render his foul happier in the future state?-Will not 2 Redeemer's arms about my dead body, his angels attending my foul to glory, be more magnificent than all this ?- Learn, my foul, the vanity of earthly enjoyments: what is great men's power to do good, without the will, but an enormous crime! what their company, but an hinderance of converse with themselves? what most of their advisers, but obstructions of the sincere and advantageous counsels of conscience? what their pleafure, but an awful unperceived lofs of time? what their wealth, but a miferable change from poverty to pain, from hope to fear; where avarice and luxury renders them wretched amidst plenty? And what parents, like spunges, suck in with care and covetoufness, their children often prodigally squeeze out with pleasure.

"Here, on the other hand, the farmers come from a rich feast, which their new lord prepared for them." You ransomed, what a rich bankrupt-feast has our new Lord, Jesus, the heir of all things, provided for us in the house eternal in the heavens! how often, even here, have I sat with the King at his table, and been silled with the fatness of his house! how often have I had meat to eat which the world knew not of! "Here a sign informs me of the way to such a place: and another shows me how far I have travelled. Emblems those of such ministers as point out the way of life to others, but do not walk therein themselves; emblems of my gracious attainments, which assure me that I walk, and make progress in God's way.

"Now the storm gathers: now darkness frowns, and horror lowers: but necessity obligeth me to proceed on my journey." Think, my soul, how often the rolling clouds of vengeance stand as doubtful to obey Heaven's dread mandate, while Jesus' mounting prayers uphold the falling blow. Let therefore no appearance of temptation or trouble cause thee to draw back: if thou dost, God shall have no pleasure in thee: Remember Lot's wife. Push forward to Jesus' throne: the more I live on high, the less shall storms of tribulation annoy me; for, If he give quietness, who can make trouble? "Now rise the winds: "now falls the hail and snow; around me night resistless closeth fast: tempests come howling over my head." He that regards windy troubles, shall

not fow to the Spirit; and he that regards the clouds of adversity, shall not reap everlasting life.—Through much tribulation it is determined, I must emer into the kingdom of my God: let me never wish the everlasting mountains of divine purposes, and of unchangeable truths, overturned for me.—O how far other storm do less guilty sinners now suffer in hell? How far other storm did Jesus suffer for me, that amidst worldly tribulation, in him I might have peace; have my crimson-crimes made white as wool! in his blood let him wash me, then shall I be clean; I shall be whiter than snow.

"The bleating sheep, now sad dispersed, dig for " the withered grafs, through heaps of mingled hail: " ye shepherds, lodge them well below the storm: " and watch them strict." Lord, how are thy slock bestormed and scattered! how many of them have but withered grass, empty discourses, for the food of their fouls! be thou their guide, their hiding place from the storm, that none of them be lost.—Rejoice, you good distressed, you noble few: rejoice, my foul; the storms of wintery time will quickly pass, and one unbounded, one eternal fpring encircle all. "Here " the careless shepherd flees to the covert, while the " ftorm drives his scattered charge." Ah! how many fuch hireling pastors are in the church of Christ, who chiefly mind their own eafe and gain! who have no divine necessity laid upon them, as all hazard, to preach the gospel! who make ministerial work as curt and eafy as possible: count gain godliness; and a large benefice, an agreeable charge !- Lord turn the heart of our zealous fathers to their children; lest thou come

and smite the earth with a curse. "Yonder shepherd, "having, with inconceiving struggles, safely station-" ed his slock, covers a naked member with his man-" tle." Great Shepherd of God's sheep, what storms of divine wrath, of persecution, and temptation, hast thou suffered, in order safely to station thy flock of slaughter, that none of them might perish; nor any of them might be plucked out of thy hand! how didst thou strip thyself of thy glorious robes, to cover our soul with thy righteousness, and preserve our life from danger! "Now he hounds his cur to "bring back such as wander from their shelter." How often doth Jesus, by devils and wicked men, wisely hound back his straying saints to their proper rest in himself!

" How furiously the drift flies! I see not where I " am! nor whither I go! I have lost my way!-I " fink in deep mire !-- Must I die here ?-- Why, fore-" feeing the storm, did I venture into this defert?" How often hath my finful rashness brought me into deferts and depths of adversity? --- But thricebleffed Redeemer, who forefaw, and yet left his Father's bosom, to endure far heavier storms of wrath for me, he funk in deep mire, where there was no fanding.-My foul, improve every trouble, to make me flee to him, from the wrath to come. "Do not " I hear the voice of one calling me back, and warn-" ing me of unavoidable danger if I proceed?" And, after I dangerously wandered from the way, how often hast thou, Lord, sought me out, and caused me to hear a voice behind me, faying, This is the way, walk ye in it? And while I have refused to obey the

heavenly vision, how often hast thou laid violent, rather infinitely merciful, hands on me, and carried me out of danger.

" Wrestling against the tempest, struggling through " the heaps of fnow, I am out of breath.-Alas! " I know not where to flee." When all refuges fail, , cry, my foul, to my God, Lord, thou art my refuge and my portion in the land of the living. " I have fled " to this old house; but the drift penetrates, the " wind threatens to overthrow it." How like this crazy cottage is my naughty heart! Through the flothfulness of my hands, it droppeth through: my roof and walls of felf-righteoufness serve for nothing but to draw down vengeance on my head. " My " wretched refuge gives the final crack: let me " escape for my life." So when convictions squeep away my refuges of lies; when providence overturns the outward things whereon I trusted; let me escape. to Jefus, the Rock higher than I.

"Here is a pretty inn, where I might find shelter: but I have nothing to spend; and so cannot be welcome." How often, my soul, hast thou so thought and spoken concerning Jesus my Saviour? and yet darest thou say, that he ever did in any wise cast thee out! "Necessity forced me in: how kind-" ly have the innkeeper and his family used a poor stranger." Lord, reward them, by showing them mercy at that day.—Kind, I hope, Christian friends, silver and gold have I none; but such as I have, I give you." Seriously I beseech you to trust Jesus with your everlasting salvation; receive, walk in,

and live on the altogether lovely, the all-enriching Christ.

"I am again on my journey: here some pass me,
"riding in close machines: what advantage have those
above me in this storm!" But it is more fancied
than real: for even now I ride with Christ in the
new-covenant chariot, the midst whereof is "pave
with love for the daughters of Jerusalem;" a seat in
which I would not exchange for all the machines on
earth.—And were I once in heaven, this winterjourney will be forgotten; or will rather sweeten my
everlasting blessedness.

" Now it is quite fair, calm, and clear." "His anger endureth but a moment; in his favour is life: weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning." "How white! how cold! and yet." earth-warming and fructifying that fnow! and how " refreshful and purifying its water." How pure, comely, heart-purifying, warming, refreshing, and fructifying, are the words, the providences, the pardons, the confolations of God: may I never leave that fnow of Lebanon, which cometh from the rock Christ. How pure and comely the saints, being washed in Jesus' blood, and filled with his grace! and how refreshful, purifying, warming, and fructifying, their influence, where many of them live! But Lord forbid, that I should wash myself in the fancied snowwater of my legal duties, in order to recommend myfelf to thee. If I do, thou wilt plunge me in the ditch, and my own clothes shall abhor me. " fun fets, while I have far to go." Ah! how is human life dwindled down to nought, and finished

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ere it is well begun!—Upon how many doth their fun go down at noon! death overtakes them before they feriously begin to prepare for a future state.—But rejoice, my foul, I cannot lie out of my best lodging to-night: "The Most High is my habitation, my dwelling-place in all generations." "The sun of sets in red; it will be a better-day to-morrow." Jesus, my Sun of righteousness, set in bloody suffering and death.—Hope, my soul, for a far better day of everlasting joy, of unbounded selicity. "In this "twilight the sun favours us with the reslection of "his rays, that darkness may not surprise us una-"wares." What a mercy are divine warnings of death: If sickness seize us unripe for our change, what a mercy to be allowed to die gradually!

"Now the moon and stars begin to shine: but were ten thousand torches also lighted, they could not all make, nor retain the day." Nothing but thy presence, thy smiles, O Jesus, can give day to my soul; nothing else can enlighten my mind, or warm my heart.—But, Oh! when shall twilight, and momentary blinks of thy countenance, give place to noon-tide, to unceasing vision? "How short is our winter-day!" How short is time in respect of eternity! how short in respect of the work which we are called to do in it! And will you, sons of men, by unnecessary sleep, idleness, or sinful wasting of it, shorten it still further? Ah! how will your mispent moments sting you at last; bite like serpents, and sting like adders!

"Here on every fide the furze abound: how high amidst this barren soil! how green amidst this

" winter-storm! how often hurtful to the lips of the " frisking lamb! how often the lodging of robbers! " how apt to be taken for evil spirits, or their resi-" dence, by the timorous, nightly traveller! what excellent fence against the encroaching river."-Ah! how many corruptions abound, and flourish in my weak and foolish heart! amidst what storms of trouble do these cursed ever-greens retain their freshness and vigour! how their garnished and blooming appearances hurt my tender graces; my faith, my love, my spiritual desire! what sources, what means, of awful robbery committed on my God, my foul, my neighbour; what residence, nay, what curfed progeny, of devils, are these hurtful lusts!----What fearful hindrances of the River of life's breaking into my heart! "The best way of destroying these furze " is to burn them, and dig them out by the roots " were this done, what tender pasture for the flock " might arise in their stead!" Lord, inflame my heart with thy love: let it burn within me: let thy word pierce to the centre of my foul: fo shall the deeds of the body be mortified, and tender graces grow up in their stead.

"Alas! I am entangled among forsaken coal"pits!—I am gone!—I am sallen into one of
"them!—Ah! how I am bruised!—How marvel"lous that there is so little water here!—Must I
"die! let me cry for relief:"—Perhaps God, my
former deliverer, will direct somebody to hear my
voice, and draw me out.—Chiesly, let me commit
my soul to Jesus, my Almighty Saviour.——
"Do not yonder stars shine with unusual brightness?"

The more lovely, the deeper funk in trouble I have been, the clearer have been my views of heaven. have had as pleasant discoveries of Christ in the deepest afflictions, as in the most spiritual ordinances.-Beware, my foul, of being more fensible of thy grief, than of thy pleasure. Hath not God said, that he would dwell in the thick darkness? O happy retirement, where he is present! happy prison, where he is my companion! happy banishment, where he is my attendant! happy poverty, where he is my inexhaustible portion! happy malady, where he is my medicine, my physician! happy mire, where underseath me are his everlaiting arms! happy wants, where he is my Father, and my friend! happy any thing, where he is my all in all !-He is all eye, to fee mine affliction: all ear, to attend my cry; all arm, to help and carefs me: he is all wisdom, to know when and how to deliver me; all love, all bowels of compassion to pity me, and to move him to help me; all grace and mercy, to forgive my fins, and fapply my wants; all power, to vanquish my fees, and redeem my foul: he is all holinefs, to fanctify me; all favour, to compass me about as with a shield; all equity, to justify me freely through his grace, and render tribulation to them that trouble me; all faithfulness, to make his exceeding great and precious promifes, yea, and amen, to my foul: He is all rare, to keep me night and day; all robes, to cover my nakedness; all provision, to content and satiste me; all cordials, to refresh and delight me; all wealth; to enrich me; all light, to please and instruct me, and render me a shining star in the kingdom of the father:

all glory, to reward and crown me for ever. How royally I live on hopes of full reversion! how my whole being is bleffed! amply while I live! amplest when I die! In a little, little while, the child of grief shall hide his care-sick head in the dark corner, and on the easy pillow of a grave: in a little, little while, the ransomed worm shall leave his blackened mire, and mount an angel's, mount his Jesus' throne: the brand half burning, plucked from hell, shall be vailed to endless crowns.

How fuddenly is relief come!-Here descends " a rope, astended with a lanthorn.—Let me fix my-" felf in the former, that my friend may draw me " from this rueful dungeon. I am out !- Friends, " may the God of Israel reward your kindness; glad-" ly should I accept your offered lodging to-night. se did not necessity oblige me to go home."-Thereis but a step between me and death; strive, my foul, to finish the work in its season: " There is no knowledge, nor device, nor work, in the grave, whither I go."-How stupendous bath the kindness of God to me always been! how often hath he brought me into fore troubles, that he might load me with the most sweet deliverance! how often hath he drawn me from the confines of hell, with the cords of his enlightening and attracting Spirit and promise!--How aften hath he refcued my foul from the gates of death! O his gracious, his wonderful preferration of me just now! "I find I must go " halting w but affliction from the hand of God. " fhould not bear, the name." Lord, by the finful. falls which thou knowest, my foul is so bruised, that.

I must go halting to my grave; but let me rejoice, that beyond it the lame man shall leap as an hart, and the tongue of the dumb shall sing: death and the grave, or rather the glory of God, shall cure all my complaints.

" Now the generous friends, who drew me out, " are gone." But, bleffed Redeemer, neither my Gaderene intreaties, nor my horrid abuse of thee, can make thee leave me, or forfake me. --- Thricefweet love, that unchangeably glueth and fixeth thy heart to me, and mine to thee: Thrice-bleffed covenant and oath of God, Never to turn away from me to do me good! " Here my wonted friend haugh-" tily rides by, without vouchfafing me one look; " though his horse could have carried us both home. " I may die here for him." How many friends, like flies, couch beneath the winter-shower! But when Jesus the HIGH AND LOFTY ONE, who disdainfully rides by a king, an emperor, a fultan, or a czar, and laughs at the worms that rife fo high, paffeth by me, he bestows the kindest looks; and often, often hath he given me his hand, and caused me to ride with him in his gospel-chariot:-therefore poor and defpifed as I am; Lord, I will never forget thy flatutes, nor the word upon which thou haft caused me to hope. "How, amidst the dark, his horse-heel strikes fire see from the stone!" In my night of adversey, let convictions of worldly vanity, views of Jefus' glory, and sparks of divine truth, otherwise unobserved; thine forth: let patience and refignation, unexercifed in prosperity, clearly discover themselves. " What mercy, for weak and halt me, that the way is

4 here pathed." O the transcendent mercy, that Jesus the forerunner hath pathed my way to glory! that I see the print of his steps before me, in every trouble! he was in all points tempted like as I am, yet without sin; and in all my affliction, he is afficted.

" I can go no further, till I breathe a while: the " air exceedingly chills my body: let me warm my " heart at the celestial fires above. Now reigns " half-orbed the moon; now she walketh in bright-" nels." Just emblem of our present world: how unsettled her state! she receiveth all her lustre from Jesus the Sun of righteousness; but never shines, to our apprehension, but when we are far from him!----Lord, no created comfort of nature or grace shines, but with thy brightness: all are nothing in comparison of thee: when I enjoy thy prefence, my foul counts them but lofs and dung, for the excellency of the knowledge of thee: then all my powers cry out, "Whom have I in heaven but thee! and there is none upon earth that I defire besides thee." "This moon is very useful to the late tra-" veller 3) and haddwy fets off the face of things, " but is a lamp fit only for the night, and blusheth swher own dimness before the rising fun." What dark and shadowy views of divine things do we obtain in instituted ordinances! But, O Jesus, hasten that eternal day when the moon of our prefent world, the most of prefent ordinances, of passing frames, and impensedo grace, shall be for ever ashamed to appear .. . 4 Dock not yonder moon rule the tides of " the spacious deep?" How fadly doth the influence

of a present world make the tides of fin and hell to flow within my heart !- And thall not those who have her for their portion, have the lowest hell for their everlafting possession? "What but the inter-" poling meon eclipseth the sun's bright glory from " our view? what but the earth interpoling between " her and him, turns her, when full orbed, into " darkness?" Do not created comforts interposing between Jesus and my soul, veil his countenance from me? What but an earthly heart, interpoling between him and ordinances, graces, or outward enjoyments, make them lose their true, their useful luftre?----Ought not I always to appear fair as the moon? If finful practices eclipse my glory, what multitudes must witness my shame !-- Let me then have grace to walk like her in brightness, till glory place me beyond her, in the inheritance of the faints in. light.

"How rich this ftarry firmament!" Thrice noble partures of the mind! O garden of the Deity! paradife unloft, where I meet my God in every view! Ye ftars, shall I call you full blown lilies? or lamps, hung in golden chains of will divine? or nightly sparks,—glowing embers on heaven's broad hearth?—Even you stars, whose beams set out at Nature's birth, are scarce arrived on our coasts,—what hand behind the scene, what arm almighty put your wheeling globes in motion, launcheth you through the illimitable void, or, winds up your vast machines! You globes of heavenly fire, my Father's pupils, the channels of his benign influence to men,—how far you shine, and fing my Saviour's praised with what ravishment you warn my fainting heart, that weak

bespattered I, amidst countless angels and men redeemed, shall for ever shine as a star in the unseen expansion of the kingdom of the Father!

"Yonder stalks the blazing comet." Stupendous wanderer! long unseen, what distant regions of creation hast thou visited these numerous seasons! Rather, my blazing Jesus, where art thou, these near two thousand years? Why tarry the wheels of thy chariots? why art thou fo long a-coming? when wilt thou return to our skies, that the earth, and works therein, may be burnt up? " Now dance the 46 lightnings of the north: the blazing meteors shoot: " the whole firmament courfeth in a maze of light." O how the glances of my God run through the globes, rule the bright worlds, and move their frame! broad freets of light compose his robes; his guards are living fire.—Rejoice, my foul, thy God shall come, and " shall no more keep silence: a fiery stream shall iffue from before him;" ten thousand angelic frames shall minister unto him: then, then will I go to God's arms; to God mine exceeding joy.

"Azure fields of fky; rich curtains of my Fa"ther's reft; vails of his throne;" When will you
rend "afunder from the top to the bottom," that
Jefus with his ranfomed may enter? when will you
give way to the "new heavens, and the new earth,
wherein dwelleth righteousness?" "Unseen hea"vens, how glorious within! how amazing your
"extent! Vast concave! ample doom! were mine
"eye capable to take in thy whole dimensions, per"haps our fun, as infignificant, should escape my

" notice." But what is thy glory, thy extent, but a mean, a narrow nothing for my God of love? when shall I visit thy blissful regions? --- O JEHOVAH, when shall I come to thee? when shall I see thee as thou art? when shall I bask in the unceasing rays of redeeming Godhead; and melt amidst thy noon-tide love? When shall I drink my fill of that fulnefs of joy, and of those rivers of pleasure, which are at thy right hand for evermore?——If views of thy fovereignty, wisdom, power, holiness, justice, faithfulness, unbounded goodness, and love, so now sweeten my bitterest trials, what must it be to enjoy thee as thou art, where there is neither in, nor ferrow, nor death, nor pain !- to live, to be left for ever in redeeming love! O how the thought of being for ever with my Christ, and having a three-one God, mine everlasting all in all, ravisheth my foul, and almost plucks her from this mortal frame!----O how my enraptured heart is over-charged with blifs! ----Wild waste, shall I call thee Peniel? Cold night, shall I call thee the flames of JEHOVAH'S love? Did ever I think that musing could have kindled such a burning in my breast? did ever I suppose that so much of God could be enjoyed on earth !- Perhaps it is Christ's anointing me for my burial.

"Let me now rife and proceed on my journey." Let neither the shrieks of the owl, nor the fear of demons, overwhelm me with dread: my God, who neither slumbers nor sleeps, keeps and watcheth over me: his angels compass me about: quickly shall his attending mercy sinish my trouble; and his everlasting arms more than refresh me from weariness.

The clock strikes ten." Sweet knell of my departing hours! when shall the last strike! when shall the mighty Angel swear that time shall be no longer? ETERNITY, ETERNITY, the ETERNAL GOD, is all my joy: I have got length of days unto my mind, let me now see thy salvation: if life be measured by the implement thereof, hath not God done more for me than for those of an bundred years old? was ever such a debtor to redeeming grace? It is enough that my Jesus liveth: let me go see him when I die.

"Now I travel through a burying-place: here the ardent glories of the sparkling eye are eclipsed; the charming tongue hath forgot her cunning: the nervous arm is unstrung; my once comely friends are turned into unsufferable loathsomeness." Lord Jesus, there is nothing altogether, nothing ever comely, but thyself: I look to thee, and am lightened: I believe, and look with triumph on the tomb.——

Eternity is written on my heart: how she kindleth into rapture at the thought of departing, and being with Christ! at the thought of being for ever with the Lord! "How many, amidst the nocturnal glooms, are affrighted at a grave!" Why not at the inspired terrors of God? why unthoughtful of entrance into a world of spirits?

"Yonder is my home, but, how shall I pass this "rapid, this swelling stream? amidst my raptures, have I forgot the new-bridge, which leads straight to my father's house?" O what bridge God built over the sloods of death and hell, by loving me, and giving his son for me! Strange bridge! sounded in

the death of God; built up with blood, and paved with love divine! how shall I, the ransomed of the Lord, pass over with everlasting joy on mine head? "I shall obtain joy and gladness, and forrow and sighing shall slee away:" according to my faith, so shall it be unto me: "thy rod and thy staff shall comfort me;" when I walk "in darkness, the Lord will be a light unto me."

"Strangely do my heart and flesh begin to fail." My foul, O thou of little faith, why dost thou doubt? -Fear not, only believe; do thou now believe, and thou shalt see the glory of God .- Is this dying work? Alas! how those cursed spies of unbelief and carnal fear have mifrepresented it! the comforter is come that should relieve my soul: he is returned to me " with loving-kindness and tender mercies:" my terrors are quite gone; my outward pains are absorbed in divine joys: I know and am perfuaded of everlasting fellowship with these divine persons, with whom I have had often communion on earth; and who, I am fure, apprehended me; not I them: Hail, hail, you bleffed promifes, which powerfully crowd into, and assure my heart.-Lately I was left alone, as a captive toffed to and fro; fweeter than angels, fweet messages of Jesus' love, where had you been? O plain, plain, plain, and pleafant promises to my foul!

"Now comes a light from my father's house, but my fight fails." O the dazzling beams, the tides of glory from above, which burst into my inner man! how Jesus, my everlasting Sun, enlightens my foul! how he leads me to his bleeding mercy, that

quiet sea of infinite sweetness, for faith to drink of, and bathe in, till I become without spot or wrinkle, or any fuch thing! how he guides me into the green pastures of his comforting word!-Thrice happy profpect of the blind! no more can I read the letters of the precious, precious book of God, but I feel it written on my heart: no more can I see outward things; but I fee Jefus formed in my foul; I fee my name written, and myfelf lying in his heart; I fee the things within the vail, whither the Forerunner is for me entered. I rend the curtain of time, and look into eternity.-I give up with all creatures, life, heart, flesh, eyes, and all, that I may have all in God. ---O to appear before, and be near enough him! O to be unearthed, unfelfed, that I may be like him! that my foul may be in perpetual ascension to him! my love going forth in everlasting raptures after him!

"Now my Father's fervant carries in the poor prodigal!" How much more delightful! angels wait to carry the first-rate rebel against God into Abraham's boson. "Now I enter my Father's house." Rather, I step into him, whom my soul loveth;—to him who loved me, and gave himself for me." I draw near the centre of everlasting rest; and while I approach, with what amazing power do the warming beams of the Sun of righteousness dart into my soul! I am sull of the consolations of the Holy Ghost: "Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace; for mine eyes have seen thy salvation." Now the days of my mourning are ended.—In a trice I shall be where Jesus is, there to behold his glory; in a

trice I shall be in the immediate, the everlasting embraces of redeeming Godhead; I shall enter into the joy of my Lord. Is this DEATH? no; it is BIRTH, whereby " I enter into life," and " go to God mine exceeding joy." Adieu friends; I die; may God " furely visit you," and his withered, rent, and broken church.—O give Jesus your heart: O taste and fee that God is good." I cannot now speak particularly of what he hath done for my foul; but truly the motto of all my lot, of all my days, is, Grace reigned :- Where fin abounded, grace did much more abound. And now God lays on the cope-stone of everlasting glory with shoutings of grace, grace unto it. Where fin reigned unto death, grace reigns through righteousness unto eternal life, by Jesus Christ my Lord. My life in following him hath been very poor and afflicted; yet would I not exchange it for that of the happiest monarch on earth; nay, not for ten thousand worlds-For what, then, would I exchange my being for ever with the Lord; and being eternally filled with all the fulness of God? Farewell, you filthy lusts, and winter blasts of wo; I shall see you no more. Happily hath my Father made you drive me to my joyful home. Adieu, sweet pages of inspiration, amiable tabernacles of the Most High, in which I have often found him, whom my foul loveth.----Welcome undying glory.-Welcome angels, and spirits of just men made perfect: and chiefly, Welcome, O welcome, welcome, my unparalleled, my divine THREE, my God, and my all; my God, and my all, for evermore. Amen.

CHRISTIAN JOURNAL

OF A

SABBATH-DAY.

"I HAVE awaked, but too late for the day: this world hath fix parts of our time allowed her by "God, yet still cries, GIVE, GIVE: how violently " hath the urged me to encroach on the Sabbath, " by fitting too late the night before, or rifing too " early on the day after?" Alas, my foul! is this world fix times more precious than Jefus, than Je-HOVAH, that I should rob him of his seventh part of my time for her fake?-Bleffed Redeemer, come up higher in my heart; and ye worldly concerns, get you down, and fit below his footstool. " When " yesternight I retired to sleep, my mind was busied " with ten thousand earthly cares; and to-day I have " waked with vain and carnal thoughts unnumbered, " crowding in my heart." Lord, why, should these trouble me, but especially on thy day? Vain thoughts. are fin's advocates, and thy adversaries! O forgive their wickedness! and, as fire melts wax away, fo let them perish at the rebuke of thy countenance.-How long shall vain, shall vile thoughts lodge within

me? how long shall the august, the everlasting state of things, be to my soul as a dark shadow, as the image of a dream?—On this sacred morning, why do not I live as if just entering into eternity? as if beholding the glorious appearance of the great God my Saviour:—Are not eternal things as certain now as they will be hereafter? Why then live I not always in the believing view, and under the deep impression of the heavens vanishing; the elements melting; the earth slaming; the angels every where dispersed, to gather the elect from the four winds of heaven; and of their ascending to meet the Lord in the air, and be for ever with the Lord?—What a trifle will the pleasures, honour, or wealth of this world,—nay, of ten thousand worlds, be to me then?

"But what divine authority have I for the pe-" culiar fanctification of this day?" Reason herself informs me, that men being made for eternity, their time should be partly fequestrated to the contemplation of eternal things; that, being of a focial nature, they ought to affociate in their principal bufiness, the worship of their God; and that, to avoid distraction, it is proper that there should be one fixed feafon of public devotion, common to all. In the well-known precept, which, to mark its perpetuity, and moral obligation, was written by God himfelf, on a table of stone; and was inserted in the very centre of that universal, that permanent rule of righteousness, divinely published from Sinai's top, and into which ceremony never entered,-is not the feventh part of our time peremptorily challenged for the religious fervice of God?-Is not the divine man-

date there established, on the moral, the extensive grounds of God's own example, and his bleffing the Sabbath-day *. -- Was not this facred feafon inflituted in paradife: made for man, while no typical ceremony had yet commenced?—In fix days the heavens, and the earth, and all their hosts, were finished: on the feventh, God rested from all his work; he blessed the Sabbath day, and fanctified it: How?-he fet it. apart for his especial service; and for the bestowing of his peculiar favours on ment.-When redemption: was published, was the privilege of the Sabbath revoked? was the duty of observing it superseded? Surely no: On that day, the patriarchal fons of God jointly presented themselves before the Most Hight. had the thunders of Horeb uttered their voice, when the Hebrew lawgiver spoke of the observation of the Sabbath as a well-known custom; and to honour it, the manna was divinely restrained and preserved §. Of the Jewish religion, how great a part the observance of the Sabbath was, the law and the prophets do clearly show.—What vestiges of the seventh-day Sabbath, for many ages, remained with the ancient Heathens, their histories still mark.-Derived they this observance from the Jews, whom they so heartily despised and abhorred? Surely not; but from their own most ancient progenitors. The outward observal was partly remembered; the true defign was forgotten. Was not the observation of the Sabbath among the nations, when ceremonies should be no

^{*} Exod. xx. 8,—11. Deut. x. 4.
† Gen. ii. 2. 3e.

† i. 6. and ii. 1.

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more, plainly foretold*? Is it not divinely demonstrated, that there remaineth a Sabbatism, a keeping of Sabbath, for the New-Testament people of God +? Had not Jesus, the Lord of the Sabbath, a power to change the feafon thereof, at his pleasure? Did not his refurrection, his refting from the laborious purchase of our salvation, more richly deferve a weekly memorial, than his rest from creation did?——Was it not proper, that the time of the New-Testament Sabbath, sacred to the memory of a finished redemption, should suggest that we Christians are not to labour for life, and then inherit our restful reward; but our privilege precedes our duty, and our labour of gospel-holiness follows our entrance into a state of new-covenant rest?-Was it not divinely predicted, that the eighth day, the day immediately succeeding the Jewish Sabbath, should, with Christians, be the stated season of public devotion !? -Did not Jesus' glorious resurrection; his repeated visits to his affembled disciples; his noted effusion of the Holy Ghost at Pentecost, on the first day of the week; consecrate the same to the honour of his finished work §? and, for this reason, is it not, by inspiration, honourably termed, the Lord's day **?-On it, did not the inspired apostles, and their followers, for our example, ordinarily affemble for hearing the word; for facramental breaking of bread, and for public prayer++?-On it, were not the Christian churches divinely commanded to collect for their poor !!? And where is now the professor, who,

^{*} Is. lxvi: 23. † Heb. iv. 9. † Ezek. xlii. 27. § Mark xvii. x, 2, 9. ** John xx. 19. 26. Acts ii. Rev. i, 10. †† Acts xx. 7. †† 1. Cor. xvi. 1. 2.

contemning the observance of the Sabbath, any while retains the least shadow of a Christian practice?——Blessed queen of days, on thee may I be always in the Spirit: may count thee my delight, the boly of the Lord, honourable. Be shut, my heart, to every vain thought: let no idle, no evil communication proceed from my lips; let me rest from my servile, rest from my sinful, my legal works.

"What a mercy for man is the Sabbath!" What weary pilgrims, wandering in pathless deserts, were we, but for this pledge of immortality, whereon, from inexhausted stores, God pours down his spiritual blessings on us; and whereon we sit basking in the rays of his countenance, forget things below, and, with angels and saints, converse with him, are warmed with love to him, live on him, and in him; and express our joy in songs of grateful praise! But how transcendant their felicity, who celebrate the everlasting Sabbath above! who, being far removed from weariness and pain, and rid of every vile, every impertinent thought, enjoy God and the Lamb, to the utmost stretch of their boundless wishes.

"Awake, my foul, the wings of the morning have begun their rapid course; the early sun, the warbling birds sing their Creator's praise." Almighty Father, all things thy name resound, thou eternal Cause, Supporter, End of all. Wake up, my soul, and join the choir: thy Maker's praise proclaim.—But soft! a Maker's praise is not the half thou owest: praise thy Redeemer; praise:—On this blessed day, thy Jesus rose; rose early, for thy good.—Up, sleeper, from thy bed: at earliest hour, from

fadder bed, for thee the Saviour rose. On this great day he finished the purchase of my bliss; then early burst the bonds of death; -early forfook the mansions of the dead; and shall the bands of sloth. of fin, or fleep, forbid my early feafting on his love? -prevent my early triumphs in his praise?-Wake, wake, my foul, praise thy righteous, thy risen, thy exalted Lord: at the loved name awake. --- But " why may not I, with others, sleep till eight on nine " o'clock?" What others, my foul, are those? canst thou believe them Christians, who rise early on their labouring days, and loiter on the Sabbath? Art thou willing to hazard an eternity with them?-For a few hours of rest to thy body, a few delicious hours of sloth, wilt thou rob thy Maker, and run the risk of taking thy bed for ever in hell, where they have no rest, day, nor night, but are tormented in the presence of the holy angels, and of the Lamb?—Am-I a candid expectant of everlasting fellowship with God, if I curtail, if I weary of that one day in feven, which is the amiable pledge of it?—Can I long for unceasing glory, if I do not long, and watch for the weekly Sabbath, more than they that watch for the morning?

"Let me effay folemn worshipping of God by myself: dare not, my soul, to appear at public worship, without having performed secret devoction." How dead is my heart! how distracted my thoughts, in the entrance on this duty!—But how delightful! how suited to my case, is the divine oracle which I now read! how her mysteries transport me into pleasing wonder! how her promises

melt my foul; animate my faith; encourage my hope and inflame my love! "Let me pour out my "heart to God in prayer." With frong cries and tears Jesus prayed; let not my requests merely flow from, nor freeze between my lips.—Think, my foul, of the facred nature of the day; put of thy shoes of carnal affections; " for the place where thou standeft is holy ground."-I am fick of this world and her toys :- O to be where Jesus, lovely Jesus dwells! -This naughty heart is like a clock with broken wheels: Lord, refit me-I can bear thy absence no longer; make no tarrying, O my God.-Vile wandering heart, the range of the mountains of vanity is thy pasture,—thou traversest the whole earth in a moment: Ah! true child of him who goeth to and fro, through its ample bounds, to devour; --- to do mifchief! Ah! " wild ass, used to the wilderness, snuffing up the wind at her pleasure!"-Fixed with much pains and labour, how often hast thou suddenly broken my bands, and cast my cords from thee !-O Jefus, arrest her by thy love. Ah! how heavy, how hard, how cold and dull, is this heart of stone! how fin fits triumphant; and every grace lieth buried under its weight! How she prevents my elevation to God; my tasting of the heavenly joys! how fhe enervates my inward powers; pulls back my faith; and chills my love! how she tramples on fmiling mercy! laughs at awful frowns! Was ever heart like mine? Lord Jesus, bathe her in thy blood: nought else can melt this flint away.-O when shall these years of sin, and months of wo, come to an end; and never-dying holiness and glory fill their

room? When shall I fix my rest in Jesus' arms? When shall I leave my fin; and drown my forrow in the river of his endless joy? " But why so much " prayer to-day!" Alas! my foul, is prayer, the eldest fister, the mother of exalted praise, so unesteemed, so undefired by thee! How inestimable the mercy of this privilege: how sweet the true exercise! how encouraging the hopes of a gracious answer! how fublime the honour, to converse with God! Can fons of earth, unwearied, spend whole days in useless chat, in laboured folly? and shall one who hopes himself heaven-born, account his prayers his toil?-Lord Jesus, I come to thee, a monster vile; a monster born! Ah! sevenfold worse by sinning. fince my birth; a transcendant sinner! O let the breath, thy blood, thy mercy, plead for me! O to fee, to feel thee, a brother born for adversity! Spare, spare thy brother, the malefactor who flees to thy refuge!--- I am ashamed; I blush to lift up my guilty head, or to show my polluted visage. I dread that my prayer awake the thunders of thy wrath; and kindle thy just, but flaming rage against me. But where can a finner but to a Saviour flee? Here at thy cross, beneath thy bleeding love, I lay my nonfuch,-ah! my wicked, worthless, wretched self.-O let unmatched mercy grant my life! I cannot, I dare not, I will not let thee alone, till I share thy forgiving grace. Because I am a stiff-necked rebel, go up with me to mine ordinances, and pardon mine iniquity for thy name's fake, for it is very great. Except thy presence go up with us in our arduous, our awful work, carry us not up hence. Let me fee the goings

of my God and my King in the fanctuary. Lord, my foul thirsteth as dry land for thee; thirsteth to " see thy power and thy glory, as I have seen thee in the holy place: Hide not thyself; my spirit fails."

"Let me now think of his loving-kindness."——How aftonishing, that a Saviour is provided for men, while sinning angels are left to perish in their crimes! that we peaceably enjoy Sabbaths, and other divine ordinances, while many nations are without them: or obtain them amidst the distracting alarms of perfecution and war: O what a matchless Redeemer! what great and everlasting salvation! what precious oracles and institutions God hath provided for us! Wonder rise and endless praises slow.

" Family-worship being over, let us fit down to " breakfast." Sweet emblem of that feast which God, in the mount of gospel-ordinances, hath prepared for all people.-Emblem of the feaft, the everlafting feast of the redeemed in heaven. - Can I be a Christian, and not season my meals, chiefly these on the Lord's day, with thoughts of Christ! Can I behave as one, if I feason them not with pious conference concerning him, as I have opportunity?—How often, by sharing a Sabbath-meal with professors, whose converse might have tempted one to suspect, they had not fo much as ever heard whether there be a Chrift,-hath my foul been quite defiled, deadened, and unfitted for holy duties! How often have my ears been dunned with the unedifying recital of common news! the pratting about trifles! or shocked with the murderous reproach of a neighbour! How often have I retired from them, as ravished Tamar from her brother's incestuous couch! how covered with shame! overwhelmed with grief! trembling with fear! and, alas! infected with stupidity and guilt! when vexed a while with their ungodly, their trifling discourse, how often have my inward corruptions fuddenly checked my concern! how quickly varnished the crime, and induced my lips to take part in the carnal communication! Deceitful heart, polluted tongue, let me never forgive you. Did Jesus die to purchase our Sabbath!, and dare you prostitute it to so base a purpose! ----- Carnal professors of the Christian name, what hurt hath my foul fuffered from occasional fellowship with you! May God henceforth, on every facred occasion, keep me far from the door of your house. It is the way to death, and your guests are in the depths of hell. Infamous thieves, will ye, for no end, jointly combine to rob the Most High, " of whom ye say, that he is your God?" Ye grovelling, ye loathsome vermine, who even amidst facred time, crawl on the earth, and wallow in the stench and putrefaction of your neighbour's torn character; have you forgotten that to be carnally minded is death? and that God hath charged us to fpeak evil of no man? What have you to do in the way of Cain? in the error of Balaam? Why will you perish in the gainsaying of Kora. Know you nothing of your inward case; nothing of Jesus, and his love, to furnish you talk?

"Now I have dreffed and examined myself in the glass." Let me thus go to the house of the Lord, in simple, grave, and decent apparel. There, let no gaudy appearance evince, that dress is my DEITY:

or tempt my neighbour to fuspect that I, with the unchristian crowd, spend more of the sacred morning in dressing my body, than in preparing my heart. Dare not, my foul, for the gay decking of this mortal body, to forego fo much as the first moment of the public worship of the living God. Dare not to make God the patron, the refet of thy theft, by bringing into his house, trumpery of apparel, worn at the expence of the merchant, who unduly lieth out of his' price. Dare not to go hither, without the robes of a Redeemer's grace, as the fure pledge, that thou shalt quickly put on the royal attire of immortal blifs. Dare not to go thither, without a ferious examination of thy state, thy sins, thy graces, thy wants, and thy mercies. Without knowledge of thy state, how canst thou know what is the portion allotted thee by God! how canst thou presume to eat his children's bread? Without discerning thy fins, how canst thou apply reproofs, pour forth acknowledgements, or feel thy need of a Saviour? Without knowing thy graces, how canst thou order thy spiritual exercise! Without discerning thy wants, how canst thou offer up thy defires, or receive Jesus' tendered fulness? Without observing thy mercies, how canst thou give God thanks, admire his love, or come boldly to his throne of grace? Survey thyself in the mirror of his word; nor, inattentive to the discovery, do thou straightway forget what manner of man thou art.

"Now I go forth to my journey." And renouncing my wisdom, my righteousness, and strength, let me go forth to Jesus my ALL IN ALL; let all the powers of my soul go out to meet my glorious Bride-

groom.-" Comes yonder barber from shaving his " customer? hath yonder servant been purchasing " goods in the adjacent shop? or brings he them from " the neighbouring carrier's house?" Ah me! have the people here no Bible, no fear of God? have they forgotten the Almighty's folemn charge, to remember the Sabbath to keep it holy, and to do no work thereon, neither master, nor child, nor servant? Know they not how merchandife, and other [carnal employs on Sabbath, have brought God's defolating vengeance on families and nations *? Dare the conscience of these criminals pretend what they do, to be either a work of necessity or of mercy; how easily could it have been performed yesternight, or delayed till to-morrow?—Friends, how abfurd, for this puny convenience, this pitiful gain, to offend your Maker! to ruin eternally your foul! God forbid, that by unfeafonably fmoothing my face, I should entail on my whole man the everlafting fire of his wrath !---that by robbing my God of the honour of his facred day, I should bring his curse on my property! " Perhaps some within, post their accounts, write their letters of " trade, or transact a thousand unnecessary points of " the work of the house." But doth not the Omnifcient above, and their confcience within them, mark their inquity, that it may be brought forth in the day of the Lord?

"How delightful this manfion, fouthward of thefe rugged rocks! how amiable it is rendered by the reflected rays of the fun!" O when shall Jesus' church

^{*} Neb. xiii. 18. Jer. xvii. 27.

appear as a city towards the fouth, enlightened and warmed with the rays of his countenance !---O to have my foul fixed in presence of the Most High! to fee his face; walk in the light thereof; and be thereby changed into the same image from glory to glory! -to have my whole life a continued journey towards the fouth-land of everlafting rest!-a, clear reslection of the all-elucidating and attracting loveliness of Christ. 56 But do not these lofty mountains strike me with " folemn awe? do not these rugged pillars of heaven, exhibit the majesty of their creator?" My God, thou art great, and I know thee not; by reason of thine highness, I cannot endure; great fear is due unto thee, in the meeting of thy faints; and thou art to be had in reverence of all that are round about thee.——Nor is thy mercy inferior to thy greatness. High and lofty One, who inhabitest eternity, and dwellest in the high and holy place, it is thine to dwell in Christ; and with him also that is " poor, and of a contrite spirit, to revive the heart of the humble, and the spirit of the contrite ones!"-O to have my baughtiness bowed down, and my loftiness made low; and the Lord alone exalted this day!-Bear me witness, omniscient God, that even now I cast my idols to the moles and to the bats, to go into the holes of rocks, and the clifts of the ragged rocks, for fear of thee, and for the glory of thy Majesty. " How I am indebted to the mercy of God, " that my way to his house is not over these steep " afcents! and that I am not forced to go from moun-" tain to hill, to feek the way of the Lord!" But how aftonishing, that Jesus made mountains of wrath, and

of every thing dreadful, his way to me, that my way to God may be a plain! O a plain, plain, pleafant Redeemer! This, my foul, is the way, walk thou in it: he that hath mercy on me, shall lead me, and unto springs of living water shall he guide me.

" Here I overtake some who go to the same so-" lemnity with me: On what do they so warmly con-" verse? It is concerning the ministers who are to " affift in dispensing the feast; or upon some unedi-" fying, and almost unintelligible dispute."—O when will professed Christians grow wife! With the boldness, but meekness of a follower of Jesus Christ, let me check them, and not hate them in my heart, by fuffering fin upon them.—Friends, felt you ever your pride, your legality, your unbelief, and other indwelling corruptions, mortified and weakened by any fuch converse? Was ever your love to Jesus inflamed? or your bands of spiritual ignorance, hardness, and stupidity loofed by it? If not, what have you to do with it, on fo awful, fo ferious an occasion? --- Rather, changing the subject to things more important, think, How long shall vain thoughts lodge within you? Where are you, in respect of your spiritual state and case? Is your heart right with God; Are you born from above? Are old things paffed away, and all things become new? Whence have you come? and whither will you go? What is the cause wherefore you come? What do you here? What think ye of Christ? What would you that he should do unto you? Doth your heart burn within you, while he talks with you by the way? What think ye, will the great minister of the sanctuary come to the feast? What know ye of his being truly invi-

ted? What token have you of his gracious defign to come up? Hath he given you any eager desire, or freedom in wrestling for his presence? Hath he whispered into your foul any promise of his coming down to deliver us?-of his going up with us, and giving us rest?-of his going before us into Galilee, that there we may fee him?—of his doing better to us than at the beginning,-making the showers to come down in their feafon, even showers of blesling, and making this the beginning of manths to us? --- What hath God done for your foul ?- Is it one of us, who -to-day shall betray the Son of God?-Lord is it I? By fuch fearching and instructive conference are not our hearts warmed? do they not burn within us while we talk of the decease, the astonishing decease he accomplished at Jerusalem.

"Here we meet some riding about their civil bu"siness." Strange! why will not magistrates, invested with authority, like pious Nehemiah, repress such shocking enormities? Why not rather risk the displeasure of the great, than dishonour their Sovereign, their God? Why so readily seize thieves and robbers of men, and so apt to overlook the open robbery of their Maker? "Here others drive the bleating slocks to an approaching market." Alas! must these ungodly drivers subject the poor innocents to the bondage of corruption, and render them unwilling instruments of dishonouring their Maker?——Since we cannot stop this, let us bewail it in secret places; and be as earnest in the service of our God, as these men are in the service of their master, the devil, and the worship of their Deity, this present world. Ah! how many

more privately profane the Sabbath, by unnecessary preparation of food, cleaning of houses, and the like: Are fuch multitudes ignorant that God hath faid, " Remember the Sabbath to keep it holy?—in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, nor thy man-fervant, nor thy maid-fervant, nor thy cattle, nor the stranger that is within thy gates." "To-day some ride from this place, as if " they reckoned gospel-ordinances, and chiefly the " Lord's Supper, a dangerous plague."-Will they also ride off from death and hell? How lately I knew one of these fugitives from the grace of God overtaken by death, perhaps by damnation, before night!-Ah! how like these wicked men is my heart! how often she flies from the presence of the Lord, because he is merciful and gracious! how often while I have been hearing his most precious truths, been praying to, praising him, or feeding on the fymbols of his flesh and blood, hath she burst through every let, every band! and hasted to escape away!

"The last bell begins to ring." Friends, is not this inviting found a resemblance of Jesus' crying, "Whosoever will, let him come unto me and drink: Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters; come, buy wine and milk without money, and without price! Whosoever will, let him come and take of the water of life freely: Come with me from Lebanon; my spouse with me from Lebanon; look from the top of Amana, Shenir, and Hermon, from the lions' dens, from the mountains of the leopards.

—Arise, my love, my fair one, and come away: Fam come into my garden, my sister, my spouse: Eat, O

friends: drink, yea, drink abundantly, O beloved?"

If we be Christians indeed, let us be glad and rejoice; quickly we shall hear the trumpet of God proclaim, "Let my faints be gathered unto me, those that have made a covenant with me by facrisce."

"However, let us quicken our pace, that we may affemble at public worship in due time." If we hope to sing the songs of the blessed in heaven, let us with the utmost care, avoid giving disturbance to the worship of God on earth, by having to enter, and take our seat, in the midst of it. Let our practice declare, that the very beginnings of his praise are sweet to our soul.

"Here I must give my collection." This is God's treasury; according to my ability let me cast into it, and, by all means, give current coin: God feeth me. "It is but little, that I can give." Let me give it the more heartily, from love to Jesus Christ, who loved me, and gave himself for me. " This poor " fervant casts in more than his rich master, who " will chearfully lavish away considerable sums at a " licentious ball, or riotous club :--here one, coarfe-" ly attired, casts in pretty largely: while another, " apparelled in filks and gay clothing, gives almost " nothing." How void of conscience are the most! how many will rather GIVE a pound to the king of the children of pride, than LEND a penny to the Father of mercies, who made and preferves them! " Here a perfon rich and gaily attired gives nothing " at all." Surprifing: hath God freely given him fo much? and will he publicly refuse that he oweth, or will lend him one farthing? Let me never rob

God, or his poor factors. Better my liberality should cause me dress in a meaner attire, and take a scantier meal, than that Jesus should publicly condemn me to hell for with-holding more than is meet. Meanwhile, let me never give to be seen of men.

"Now I approach the church-door; but for the greed of my penny the keeper refuseth me entrance." How unlike to the Lord Jesus, who saith, Him that cometh unto me I will in no wife cast out! "The psalm is raised." Let me sing with understanding, and make melody in my heart to this Lord. "O! how my soul melts while I sing the line! Already my sweet frame is sled. I scarce attend the sense of what my lips utter:—standing in this crowd, I am weary of singing." Base heart, hath a few minutes of heavenly music fatigued thy powers, and exhausted thy patience! Lord, pity me, for "I am carnal, sold under sin. The good that I would, I do not; but the evil that I would not, that do I."

"I have got pressed in." Rejoice, my soul, thy entrance into heaven shall be much more abundant: and now that I am in the house of God, let me desire nothing but God himself. "What mean this people to gaze on a poor stranger!" Is there no awe, no fear of God in their heart, that so insignificant a spectacle draws off their mind and eyes from their sacred work? hath Satan power to wind about these gazers' necks, and lift up their eyes at his pleasure? Alas! how often do the most common and trisling incidents, the cry of a child, the barking of a dog, or the braying of an ass, decoy multitudes from at-

tendance to the voice of the eternal JEHOVAH?and times without number, have the veriest trifles decoyed my heart from Jesus and his word. " Around me there is room enough, and to spare: yet "I, and other strangers meanly apparelled, must see stand, perhaps till we faint, in the entries." Will the people here, who have feats, before God, avow their respect of persons, and hazard his vengeance, by giving place to the great, not to the poor *? With many wealth is the all comprehending excellency; poverty, the great defect, and the worst crime. rejoice, my foul; when I enter the temple above, none shall question my fitting down with Jesus on his throne: With God there is no respect of persons. " In the time of praise, why observed I some gaily " attired press up to the most honourable seat?" Is it not criminal ceremony, and finful prefumption, thus to difturb the worship of God for the sake of imaginary honour?

"Prayer begins." Let my foul be lifted up to God therein. Stand aloof, every wandering thought, every carnal care, while I worship my God. Base adulterers, will ye force me to vanity, to vileness, in the presence of Jesus Christ my husband?

"Sermon begins." How fuitable this subject! how it pierceth my conscience, melts my heart, and drops into it as honey from the honey-comb! Surprising; how knows this preacher my case, that he speaks so pointed, and represents it more exactly than I could! Every sentence is directed to me, as if none

[•] James ii. 1.—11.

else were present. Surely, " it is the voice of God, and not of a man." Lord, thou hast ravished and captivated my heart. "Yonder people yawn, slum-" ber and fleep." O the fovereignty of God, who now breathes on my foul, not on theirs! O his patience, to bear such open affronts, and not dispatch the criminals quick to hell! O our stupidity, our wickedness, to slumber when God speaks, when he offers falvation to us in the most engaging manner! I dread Jesus, at last, speak a word to some of these fleepers, that will for ever keep them awake in hell. "Here the preacher hits my neighbour's case and " fault; here his periods are ill turned; his language " coarse; his voice grating! his expression ungen-" teel." Deceitful heart, who taught thee to hear for my neighbour? Is any crime with him which is not in thee? Came I.here, to judge how men affect mine ear? or to hear what God the Lord shall speak? What spiritual leanness shall such trisling in holy things bring on my foul? how shall I answer for it at Jesus' bar? Rate not the preacher by the ear, his phrase or accent: to truth thy reverence pay; not to her dress. NICE taste of dress is but the childish judgment of ill-humoured pride. Blessed Jefus, to me let never the preacher talk alone; elfe I am at best but tempted to admire the worm, extol his order, or his mode: but thy voice, when heard, fires all my foul with love to thee; arms all my powers with rage against my inward lusts. "Treacher-" ous heart, where art thou now? hast thou left me " as a corpse before God? and art gone home to " my house, my shop, my field, my flock, &c.?"

Lord, rebuke the evil, the carnal spirit, which hath taken possession of my foul. Ah! how long shall vain thoughts lodge within me? " Now with pleafure I think on spiritual things, but such as do not be-" long to the present purpose." Into how many shapes will a heart deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked, turn herself, to shun that which is good! Lord, feize and bind her, with thy Almighty love? " My heart again begins to glow." O kindle her into a vehement flame. Let this sweet, this feasonable promise, sink to her centre: let it be engraven on her as with a pen of iron, and point of a diamond. "Sermon is finished." May God fignally bless it to the hearers: what of it touched my heart, let it ever abide there; let the Holy Ghost bring to my remembrance whatever Jesus hath said unto me.

" Baptism is administered." Attend, my soul, with care. Here God displays our dreadful filth; our damning guilt: to wash from that, and rescue from this, nought avails, but blood divine. Here, how shines the Saviour's love! for us he shed his blood! he died! At the door of the womb, he, with his bleeding laver, wants-to wash our soul, as she enters the world. " Is this infant, and was I, bapti-" zed in the name of Father, Son, and Holy Ghost?" How fweet the view! all the divine THREE equally concerned for; interested in; working out; and honoured by our falvation.-Let therefore this infant; let me and mine, be washed in the blood, renewed by the Spirit, and devoted to the fervice of Christ, Let what I am, and have, be equally devoted to Father, Son, and Holy Ghost: Let JEHOVAH be my

Father; Jesus my Saviour; the Holy Spirit my fanctifier: all in one, my God and portion.--Let me examine myself. Have I received the baptism of the Holy Ghost in my inner man? Am I ingrafted into, and united with Christ? Am I a sharer of the benefits of the new-covenant? Am I born again, justified, adopted, sanctified, and intitled to eternal life? Doth my heart even now confent to accept these privileges? But let me remember my faults to-day: In baptifm was not I folemnly fworn to be wholly and only the Lord's? but, alas! how have " other lords had dominion over me!"——Ah! what room they have had in my heart! what fervice they have obtained in my life? With what millions unnumbered of vain and vile thoughts, words, and deeds, am I chargeable! How highly are all aggravated, as done against a solemn oath, and God of love!

"Now we are to be feasted with the supper of our "Lord; feasted on his sless and blood." Let a knife be put to my throat, if I be not a man given to appetite after Jesus Christ, and nothing besides. "Now "the pastor debars the unworthy from the sacred "banquet." Listen my conscience, if thy name be found in this black roll: ponder how far in heart, or in practice, I am chargeable with these bloody crimes: faithfully charge home my guilt.—Ah! how each of these characters sting me to the quick! not one of these abominations, but I find lurking in myself.—Lord, iniquities prevail against me; but as for my transgressions, thou shalt purge them away." In thy all-cleansing blood, O cleanse the blood which thou

hast not cleanfed. "Now follows the facred invitation to the feast." Listen, my foul, ponder, if thou hast but one scripture-mark of these friends of Christ.—Lord, methinks I know the plagues of my own heart; and look on myself as the chief of sinners:—but ah! what a dwarf in religion! how withered a Christian must I be, that I can claim no other!

" How is my foul out of frame? but in obedience so to thy dying command, Do this in remembrance of " me; and depending on thy grace to supply all my " wants, I come forward to thy table." " Lord, I believe; help thou mine unbelief. Open my mouth wide, and fill it." Cause me "hunger and thirst after righteousness, that I may be filled."-Innumerable fears and evils encompass me about: but let me break through them all, rather than fee Jesus dishonoured by the long emptiness of his facred table. Should we flee from him, because we know, that he is a God gracious and merciful? did he die in our stead, to make this rich provision for us: and dare we requite him, by openly reproaching him, and his feaft. in striving to be among the last to come to it! should we love feats, and depend on frames, more than God our Saviour? Let me wash my heart and hands in his innocency, his righteousness, " and so compass thine altar, O Lord. O fend forth thy light and thy truth; let them lead me; let them bring me to thine holy hill. Then will I go to God's altar; to God mine exceeding joy."-Encouraged by my promife, "To this man will I look, even to him that is poor, and of a contrite spirit, and that trembleth at my word: the hungry he filleth with good things, while the

rich are fent empty away." "I fit down at this "table." A worthless guest indeed! but, Lord, make me perfect through thy comeliness, put upon me, as my wedding garment: O my King, sit thou with me, that my spikenard of grace may send forth the fragrant smell thereas. Now, that I am set down to eat this gospel passover, cursed be all the leaven of corruption, known or unknown, which cleaveth to my soul: Lord Jesus, "persecute and destroy it, from under these heavens: thy curse unto it." Didst thou not die, to transfer the divine curse from my person to my sin? Didst thou not leave this, thy once worn robe, in legacy to thy executioners, my sins: quickly let them feel its influence: and, like the accursed fig-tree, wither away.

"The bread and wine are taken, and fanctified " by the word, and by prayer." In this word, I fee the divine warrant, the defign, and the manner of receiving this feaft. May these outward elements effectually represent, seal, and apply Christ and his benefits, to all his children, who partake to-day. May they, by faith, distinctly discern, feed upon, and apply to themselves his person, righteousness, and bleffings, thereby reprefented. And may no fcandalous or grossly ignorant person, presume to eat of the children's bread. Lord, pity these assemblies where fuch, perhaps without the least trial, are chearfully admitted to eat and drink damnation to themselves. Awful thought! perhaps just now thousands such, with their ministers allowance, crucify the Son of God afresh. Tremble, ye people, whose unnatural pastors, contrary to their folemn vows, to please your

pride, open for you the gates towards hell, leading down to the chambers of death: who readily give you TOKENS of access, by prophane communicating, to seal up, and confirm your eternal ruin.

But in the taking and bleffing of these elements, methinks I see my adored Redeemer from everlasting chosen out of the people. I view him anointed, and duly furnished, with every spiritual gift of grace, for his arduous work. Bleffed be the Lord, who " laid help upon one that is mighty: hath called him in righteousness, and given him to be a covenant of the people; a light to lighten the Gentiles; and his falvation to all the ends of the heart :- that the Spirit of the Lord God is upon bim, and hath anointed bim to preach liberty to the captives, and the opening of the prison doors to them that are bound; to bind up the broken hearted, to comfort all that mourn." Bleffed for ever be the generous Son of God, who, that fatherless strangers, rebellious sinners, might share of his endless felicity, undertook our debt, affumed our debased nature, fulfilled our bond fervice, and bore our awful curse; rejoiced in the habitual parts of the earth, and his " delights were with the fons of men."-Bleffed be he, for all the harbingers of his coming to fave, the ancient types, preludes, promifes, and prophecies: every one of which proclaim his alacrity therein. O how my heart admires his kindness! heaves with defire after, and burns with love to HIM, who first "loved me and gave himself for me!" how she hungers and thirsts to be filled with his righteoufness, his grace and glory! and to show forth, before angels and men,

that I trust in nothing; glory in nothing; rejoice in nothing; but in the cross of Christ, and God reconciled in him! Stay me with stagens of Heaven's new wine: comfort me with apples of blessings, growing on the tree of life; for I am sick of love.—O for the broad seal of heaven, to every promise of the new covenant, to me this day.

"The sacred bread is broken; the wine is pour-" ed out." What meaneth this service? It is, that God, in my nature, was broken and bruised for me; his blood squeezed forth, his soul poured out unto death, by the weight of mine iniquities imputed to him, and the load of his Father's wrath due to me, executed upon him. Consider, my foul, the apostle and high priest of thy profession. Behold the great God, glorious in boliness, born of a sinful virgin! born in the likeness of sinful flest! born under fin! cast out from the womb into a stable! laid in a manger, to the loathing of his person? Behold the Lord of all, early perfecuted! as a fugitive and vagabond, driven from the promifed land! forced to hide himself in the land of graven images ! Behold the high and lofty One, who inhabiteth eternity; who dwells in the high and holy place, -in light to which no man can approach, obscurely sojourning in Nazareth, whence nothing good was expected! Behold the King of kings, debased to be a servant of servants,-to sinful men! the Heir of all things laboriously earning his bread with the fweat of his brow! Behold him whose name alone is Jehovah, the "most high over all the earth," reproached as a glutton, a drunkard, a deceiver, poffeffed of, and in compact with Satan! Behold him

whom archangels, with the profoundest adoration, .confess and adore, "betrayed into the hands of finners! fold for thirty pieces of filver, the price of a flave !- forfaken of all his disciples !- by one denied with curses and oaths !- reviled, buffeted, spitted upon, crowned with thorns! condemned, and crucified between thieves !---On these, let my faith, not my fancy, work; and my spiritual knowledge, not my imagination, be strong.-Let me enter within the vail, to contemplate, what HIS foul suffered, when c amazed and very heavy; forrowful even unto death; troubled till be cried, What shall I say? My God, my God, why hast thou forfaken me? and why art thou fo far from the words of my roaring?" troubled till, being in agony, he did fweat great drops of blood! O what tenfold torments! what overwhelming billows! what boundless deeps of divine wrath!-Aftonishing thought! the mighty God in our nature, troubled in foul, till he knew not what to fay! fighing, fweating, roaring, groaning, dying under the weight of his Father's fury, due to men! Still more endearing; -due to me!

"The elements, the external fymbols of the crucified Saviour, are delivered into my hands," fweetened with his gracious words, "Take, eat: this is
my body given for you; broken for you: this do in
remembrance of me. This Cup is the New Testament in my blood, shed for remission of sins unto
many: drink ye all of it. Do this in remembrance
of me."—O God-like!—love-like language!—sweeter than honey to my taste!"—how powerfully it penetrates, melts, and ravisheth every corner of my

heart! Infinitely stupendous! Hath JEHOVAH a body? was his body broken? his blood shed? was all for me! Can I, for overwhelming joy, believe? yet, "Lord, I believe? help thou mine unbelief."-And in the faith hereof, I take you, angels and men, and chiefly thee, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, to witness that I receive this bread and wine, as means inflicuted by Jehovah to feed my foul up to eternal life, as pledges of his giving, and of my accepting Jesus' person, righteousness, and fulness, as MY ALL IN ALL: that I accept of his person as my Husband, to dwell with me; as my Redeemer, to bring me from the loathfome prison, and rescue me from the galling yoke; as my Mediator, to procure endless peace between God and my foul; as my Prophet, to show me the Father, and teach me his will; my Priest, to atone for my guilt, and intercede for my bleffedness; my King, to subdue my heart, direct my path, keep me in fafety, and destroy my foes; and my Master and Lord, to be confessed and served, in face of danger, and defiance of death; my Friend, to support and comfort me in every adversity, and into whose bosom I may commit all my secret concerns; my Shepberd, to feek me out, to recover me when strayed, to keep ine from want, to restore my foul, to cause me lie down in green pastures, to feed me, and for ever lead me unto fountains of living waters. His righeeousness I accept as the fole price of my happiness, the foundation of my pardon and peace, the matter of my boafting, and my everlatting garment of falvation. power and grace, I accept as the fource of my holy obedience, performing all things in and for me: his

Spirit as my strengthener, comforter, and guide: his promise, as the charter of my happiness, and the channel of my gracious supply from his sulness; his law, as my rule; his cross, as my ornament and crown. Jesus Christ, and all that is his, are mine; and I and all that I have are his, from hencesorth and for ever. Let this be written in my record on high, and for ever graven as with a pen of iron in the rock of my heart.

While I used this facred provision, hearing of men is not my proper work; the business is between Jefus Christ and my foul. Let me pender his delightful words, "Take, eat; this is my body broken for you. This cup is the New Testament in my blood, fhed for remission of sins unto many." Let me roll them as a sweet morfel, as honey and milk, under my tongue; let my meditation thereon be sweet .-Was Jefus' Body broken, and his blood shed for me! for me, vanity! for me, lighter than vanity! for me, a worm wallowing amidst stench and corruption! for me, a stupid outrageous beast before him! for me, an useless wretch; a polluted sinner; a perverse child of difobedience! for me, who times without number refused the Redeemer, trampled his blood under foot, and made the God of truth a liar: My whole heart is moved, is melted, and ravished at the entrance of this word. - What is this ! - Was JEHO-VAH's body broken, and his blood shed for such a dog, fuch a child of the devil, an enemy of all righteoufness, as I am? Was ever work; ever love like this! Why was it done? He loved me, and gave himself for He loved ME, fo mean! fo poor! fo deformed! fo froward! fo infamous! fo loathfome! fo abomi-

nable! He loved ME, who hated, loathed, and abhorred, and murdered him! Thrice-pleafant! transporting wonder! the Son of God loved me, and gave himself for ME! What can I more say! Is this the manner of men, O Lord?

But for what end did he love ME, and give his body to be broken, and his blood to be shed for ME? Was it that I should " not perish, but have everlasting life?" that he might " love my foul from the pit of corruption?" that he might enter into the stable of my heart; and make it "an habitation of God through the Spirit?" Was it, that he might deliver and preserve ME from idols; and from the grievous fervitude of corruption? that he might recal ME, a guilty fugitive and vagabond, from an endless, a wrathful exile from my God? Was it, that he might make obscure and wretched ME, in whom no good dwells, a shining pillar in the temple of his God; give ME a new name, better than of fons and daughters; and bestow upon ME everlasting fulness, riches, and rest? Was not his body broken, and his blood shed for ME, that divine justice might withhold her overwhelming floods of deserved vengeance from ME? might deliver ME into the hands of unbounded mercy, to enliven, cherish, and bless ME! to acquit, and, amidst unfallen angels, and ransomed men, crown me with endless glory, life, and righteousness? to overwhelm me with bliss, till I be for ever enraptured, amazed, and nonplussed, what to think or fay of his GRACE?

But who are the guilty perfecutors, betrayers, and murderers of him, who so loved me, and gave

himself for me?—Ah! my fins:—he bare our fins in his own body on the tree. Bloody cannibals! was it not enough for you to murder my foul; but have you murdered my God, my Saviour too! Oh! if mine head were waters, and mine eyes a fountain of tears, that I might weep day and night for your bloody crimes!-Ah! the curfed deeds, the horrid acts, my fins have done! what murderous things they be! Rife, rife my heart, proclaim eternal war with every darling lust; raise revenge; slay the murderers: fpare none: O earth, cover thou not their blood, let their cry have no place. Almighty God, unto whom vengeance belongeth, show thyself; heap tenfold fury on their head: when thou makeft inquisition for blood, remember them : the violence done to me, and to my Saviour, be on this wicked heart; our blood be on the curfed inhabitants thereof: These foxes, these mother's children, I cannot take or flay; but, in thy dreadful name, I turn and curfe them; do thou feize; do thou tear them in pieces, while there is none to deliver them. Curfed be every inclination of my foul, every act of my life that doth the work of the Lord deceitfully, and keepeth back his fword from their blood. Vile miscreants, let me ferve you as you did my Saviour, my God. In his: first infancy, did you inhospitably exclude him from the inn? Be gone for ever from my heart; let your place there be no more found. Did you early feek: his life? Through his grace, I vow to take your first motions, your tender little ones, and dash them to pieces. against his cross. Did you banish him from the holy land? Over his shed blood Laswear to pursue you

through every corner of my heart, my life, or my influence on earth, that you may find no rest-Huddled you him up in base, in abandoned Nazareth, and made him earn his bread with fore travail? Despicable, dung shall I account you, and every thing tainted with you, "that I may win Christ, and be found in him;" and uneasy and struggling shall be your life in my heart; -my house. Covered ye his blessed name with the vilest reproach? To believe, -to spread your execrable fame,-to load you with your just, but odious character, shall be the business of my life.-Allowed you him no where to lay his bead? Eagerly shall I strive, earnestly shall I pray, that you may find no room in me, or about me; no room in the church, or in the earth; that "the kingdoms of this world may become the kingdom of our Lord, and of his Christ: and the whole earth be filled with his glory." Stirred ye up multitudes against him? Let me stir up ALL against the kingdom of sin. Ye powers of my foul. " crucify the flesh, with her affections and lusts; relist unto blood striving against fin:" Ye sons of men, "hate evil; hate every false and wicked way; abhor it; abstain from every approach to it, and appearance of it: Awake, O Lord, to the judgment which thou hast commanded; fubdue our iniquities, and cast our fins into the depths of the fea."-Abominations infernal, did you excite one disciple to betray, another to deny, and the rest to forsake him and slee? Now do I, ah! too long your unhappy disciple, covenant to give you up, -to give the most beloved of you up, into the hand of Jesus, my great Elder and High Priest, who seeketh your life; and "was manifested to destroy the works

of the devil: In his strength I vow to deny all ungodliness and worldly lusts; and to live soberly, righteously, and godly, in this present world; to slee youthful lusts; to forsake the evil, and choose the good.—Did you instigate his soes to spit on, set at nought, scourge, condemn, and crucify him? Through his grace, I purpose to oppose, to abominate, and condemn you; and, by a constant application of his death, for sanctifying me, and for weakening and killing you, to nail you to his cross.——Feeble resolves! Of myself, I can do nothing but sin: It is thine, Lord, and on thee I depend to work all my work in me; and "perform all things for me."

But why is this cup called the New Testament in his blood? Is it not because the whole covenant of grace, with all her bleffings, as purchased by his blood; and all her promises, as ratified in it, is therewith divinely made over to me, and folemnly confirmed to me, by my reception and drinking thereof? O how highly favoured of the Lord am I! the "everlasting covenant is made with me; and this is all my falvation and all my desire." What clusters of tranfcendent bleffings, and of "exceeding great and precious promises," are here!-If I am guilty; the immutable God hath engaged to blot out my transgression as a thick cloud: if defiled; to sprinkle clean water on me, and cleanse me from all my filthiness: if hard-hearted; to take away my heart of stone, and give me an heart of sless: if carnal, and earthly-minded; to put his Spirit within me: if perverse and plagued, to fee my ways, and heal them: if grieved; to " restore comforts to me, and my mourners:" if deferted;

to fee me again: if tempted; to make his grace fufficient for me: if bent to backfliding; to " bring me again from Bashan-hill, and the seas devouring deeps; to beal my backfliding and love me freely; never to turn away from me to do me good; and to put his fear in my heart, that I may not turn away from him: if I am in doubt with respect to my duty; he hath engaged to teach me, a finner in his way: if my faith fails; he hath promised, that in Jesus' " name shall the Gentiles trust:" if I am under the prevalence of obdurate impenitency; he hath bound himself, that I " shall look on him whom I have pierced, and mourn;" if my love chills: he is deep fworn to "circumcife my heart to love the Lord: "If I am given to Atheism; he testifieth against me, that he is "God, even my God:" If I am in trouble, and like to be terrified with mine adversities, and enemies; he faith, "I will be with him in trouble: When thou passest through the waters, I will be with thee: fear not, I am with thee; be not difmayed, I am thy God:" if, in foul or body, I am poor and needy,am prefaging fad wants; he affures me, that " bread shall be given me, and my water be sure; that my God will fupply all my need, according to his riches in glory by Christ Jesus:" if I am concerned for the spiritual welfare of my posterity: he engageth to pour out his Spirit on my feed, and his bleffings on mine offspring .- Do I tremble for the case of Zion? he hath engaged to build her up; to make her " as though she had not been cast off;" to enlarge her peace; " give her pastors according to his own heart, to feed his people with knowledge and understanding; to be

as the dew to Ifrael, make him revive as the corn, grow as the lily, and cast forth his roots as Lebanon." Am I wearied of an evil world? he hath pledged his truth, that I " shall go up to the mount Zion above, with everlasting joy on mine head; enter into the palace of the King; be made a pillar in the temple of my God, and go no more out." Engraven as in leaves of brass,-deep marked with Jesus' blood. these mighty promises shine: they continue, "like mount Zion, which shall never be removed." Mountains may depart, and hills be removed: but God's loving-kindness will he not take from me, nor suffer the fworn, the blood-ratified covenant of his peace to be broken. Here, in some humble place, let my name for ever stand, below the worthy LAMB .-O for a strong, a lasting faith, to credit the Almighty's word: to embrace the promife of his Christ; and call the joys of heaven my own!

But why do I partake of these symbols? It is to show forth the Lord's death till he come." It is in remembrance of Jesus, as my finished facrifice, and my absent friend, who returns quickly to receive me to himself; that where he is, I may be with him to behold his glory; and be like him, by seeing him as he is. Lord, who would not remember THEE, by the suffering of torment and death? how much more by eating the bread of life, and drinking the cup of salvation? Let my right hand forget her cunning, if I forget thee; if I forget to love, to serve, and to long for thee; if I prefer any advantage on earth, to thy service; if the enjoyment of thee be not the chief, the sole quintessence of that heavenly happi-

ness which I wish, or expect. O when shall I be feasted, with all the fulness of God! when shall faint, twilight, momentary, views of thy countenance, give place to bright, meridian, endless vision! "Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace; for mine eyes have seen thy salvation. I defire to depart, and be with Christ, which is far better," But suppose my days on earth be prolonged, I hope to carry about with me the relish, the impression of this divine visit, till I die. Never, I hope, shall corruptions, doubts, or darkness, prevail against me, as heretofore. "My mountain stands strong; I shall never be moved."

" My fweet ravishment is already gone: Jesus " hideth his face, and I am troubled." Let me truft in the name, in the promise of the Lord, which doth not ebb and flow with my frames. --- Carnal heart, where art thou now ?---Not one thought upon divine things can I command: Ah! my curfed pride, and dependence on my frame, on my wisdom and strength, have brought me to this !- After so clear and delightful views of my God, my Saviour, must I leave this table as a stupid, a carnal, careless beast! -What if all was a mere delution?-Few moments ago, I hoped to rife full of the Holy Ghost, and in the firm affurance of a speedy interview with Christ, in his Father's kingdom: but now, were it not, that I cannot, I dare not, give up my claim to that promife, which I thought the Rock of Ifrael spoke to me at ****, I behoved to conclude the manner of my present removal from this table, an awful prefage of Jesus' shortly driving me from his judgmentfeat, with a tremendous "I know you not; depart

from me, you worker of iniquity."—" Now, be" ing come from the table, had I any fecret place,
" I would retire a little, and pour out my complaints
" unto God."—Sometimes, deeply impressed with
a Redeemer's dying command, have I, through sloods
of fear, of lust, of temptation, and of divine hidings,
struggled forward to his facred feast, and have come
away rejoicing in God through him.—Sometimes
I have gone up, continued at, and come away like a
serpent, which feedeth on dust and ashes.—But never
immediately after so ravishing a frame was my soul
altogether swallowed up of corruption.

" Now I look on, while others partake." When I think what a miracle of redeeming love it is, to fee these finful men feasting with God upon the flesh and blood of his only begotten Son: when I hear Jesus repeat these affecting words, "Take, eat; this is my body broken for you: this is my blood of the New-Testament, which is shed for many: which is shed for you:"---when I hear his sufferings exhibited, his promises declared, agreeable to the various and unnumbered cases of his children, my heart begins to glow; Lord, kindle it into a "vehement flame.—Now is come falvation and strength:" the Lord gives me a fealed pardon of all my fins, a clear view of my King in his beauty, and of the heavenly land afar off: now he faith to my foul, "Come let us reason together: though your fins be as scarlet, they shall be white as fnow; and though they be like crimfon, they shall be as wool. Thou shalt be as though thou hadft not been cast off .- Lord, should death now feize me in thine arms, scarce would his

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terror make me afraid; fcarcely could I feel his cold embrace. While I believe, while I fee thy love in dying for me, how earnestly I covet death, that I may be with thee,-may perfectly refemble my Father who is in heaven !- I was not formed for earth and fin; nor can I live on things fo vile:-how I tremble to think of relapsing into my lusts !-how the view of thy death hath made the world dead to me; and me to it! May I rather die a thousand deaths than lack thy presence. Since here I cannot enjoy thee to my wish; let me die, that I may know thee, even as I am known. How my breast burns with a view of that Eternity, whose beginnings I feel in my foul! O when shall death put on my clay-pale silks for marriage robes, in which, rather from which, I shall go to God mine exceeding joy .- What dreadful affaults from Satan hath my foul fustained! but now, as if he had lost all his darts, I feel nothing but inexpresfible tranquillity and peace with God, through my Lord Jefus Chrift.

"The communicants come and go from the ta"ble, with the high praises of God in their mouth."
When I meet with Jesus on earth, how it tunes my heart to praise him! When I retire from this world to the celestial banquet, what high songs shall be in my lips! what everlasting joy on my head! When we, ransomed millions, retire from the judgment-seat, to the palace of the King, how all along the passage, shall we shout the REDEEMER! For ever, with what melody shall we cry, "Salvation to our God that sitteth on the throne, and to the Lamb!" "How hath the discourse at this table warmed my heart! how

" pertinently hath my case been spoken to! what en-" couraging promises have I heard!" Now I see, and am persuaded, that nothing can separate me from the love of Christ, or turn away his mercy from me: now can I with pleafure, kifs croffes, or comforts, fmiling goodness, or afflicting justice: I can do all things through Christ strengthening me; I have learned in whatfoever state I am, therewith to be content: -Only SIN I will not, I cannot endure.-When I can read my title clear to mansions in the heavens,-I bid my griefs and fears depart; I wipe my weeping eyes. "The table is drawn." But bleffed JE-HOVAH, the gospel-table is not drawn, the fulness of God is not exhausted; the feast in glory shall never be finished. O to drink of the new wine with Christ in his Father's kingdom! O to receive my next communion in the immediate prefence of God! Ordinances of the Most High; precious means of my fellowship with Father, Son, and Holy Ghost; howgladly would I exchange you for God himself as my ALL IN ALL! Cifterns, how willingly would I part with you, for the infinite fountain of living waters! House of God, in which a day hath often been better than a thousand; how chearfully would my foul exchange thee for the house eternal in the heavens! To it swift be my passage, short my road; may I but shut my eyes, and fee my God.

"Now prayer is to begin; what a roll of diftrefdef persons are here recommended to our sympathy?" My soul, I charge thee, now and afterward, to carry their case before God; weep with them that weep; in all their affliction be thou afflicted, as if it

were thyself, being yet in the body.—Let me, with the congregation, thank the Lord for what of his goodness he caused to pass before us. Let us bewait our unworthy carriage in his presence. Let us beg that he may fix on our heart what we have heard, seen, selt, and tasted "of the word of life. Let us strive together in our prayers for Zion, till her righteousness go forth as brightness, and her salvation as a lamp that burneth." "Let us now sing psalms with grace." "My heart is fixed, my heart is fixed, I will sing and give praise."—Sweet lines!—the joy; the delight of my soul! let no officious impertinent thought intrude on my mind, while I join to sing them.

"Now the pastor proceeds to bless us in the name " of the Lord." Why this buftle among the people to get out before, or during the pronounciation of this folemn bleffing? Are these hurrying professors in compact with Satan? Have they fworn to him, that they shall never willingly hear it? Are they tired out with the delightful work of the day? Have they no manners toward their maker, that they will not wait a decent farewell? Or, reckon they his bleffing unworthy of a moment's patience? I wish this scandalous flying off, be not the prelude of their dismission from Jesus' bar, loaded with a grievous, an eternal curse! Lord how heartily my foul says amen to this fweet benediction! By this grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, this love of the Father, and communion of the Holy Ghoft, do men live; and herein is the life of my foul.

"My friends and I go to a refreshment." May none of us, by improper conversation, deaden and defile; but quicken and edify one another in love! As iron sharpeneth iron, may each of us " provoke one another unto love and good works." so fome, better than we, have nothing to refresh them-66 felves with." However, abstinence is often the best of medicine. O how much good God hath done to me, by denying me what I defired! Is there any thing, next to Jefus and his grace, that I am more beholden to, than to wants and trouble?——Thrice bleffed wants, which lead to a full, a liberal Saviour! Pray, Sirs, " while we refresh our body with Jesus' " external bounty," let us refresh our inner-man with a review of our business to-day; let us talk of the excellent things which he hath done for and to us: let us compare notes; and why not hearts and frames? -How went the matter with your foul to-day? " Saw ye him whom my foul loveth?" Did " he put in his hand by the hole of the door;" move your bowels, and refresh your heart? Did he bring you into his banquetting-house; and direct the banner of love over you? Was the King held in the galleries of ordinances? Did he fit at his table, and cause your spikenard to fend forth the smell thereof? Did somebody here touch him, till virtue proceeded from him to heal every plague? According to this folemn occasion may it be faid, "What hath the Lord done? What hath the Lord wrought?"

"Now we go to evening-exercife." May God come down, and do things which we look not for: let the mountains flow down at his presence. Jesus, my King, come down; according to all that thy soul desireth, come down, and my part shall be to

deliver my lusts into thy hand, for the destruction thereof.—The more of Christ I enjoy, the more my desire after him is enlarged: my heart, like the daughters of the horse-leech, still crieth, Give, Give. O to be in heaven, where I will have more than heart can wish of him, and his fulness, and get my whole soul poured forth in everlasting raptures and slames of love to him! "I may call the name of this discourse, "The Lord is there." "Have I also here looked after him who liveth and seeth me?" But, shocking thought, how quickly shall this multitude be dismissed from Jesus' bar, perhaps mostly, in the very same state as now!

"To-day have I been entertained with the preach-" ing of the gospel of Christ?" Yes: the preachers were regularly called to their office; and plainly show themselves, not the servants of men, but of Jesus Christ, for our sake; preachers not of themfelves, but of Christ Jesus the Lord .- No trisling or angry dispute hath larded their discourse.-The fum of all that I have heard is, " that, as fin reigned unto death, so grace," the free favour of God, " reigns through imputed righteousness unto eternal life," begun in grace and perfected in glory, " by Jesus Christ our Lord." How clearly bath the difference of the law, which requires all obedience from me; and of the gospel strictly taken, which freely offers, brings near, prefents, and gives, all privileges to me; and their bleffed harmony, and mutual fubserviency in Christ, been stated and illustrated .- How have the rigid precepts, and the tremendous curses of the broken law, and my own guilt,

corruption, and weakness, been thundered into my ears? Not that I should attempt to keep the law, for recommending me to the favour of God; but that, as a distinguished and unparalleled sinner, I, pricked to the heart, might flee from it, to Jesus, as the " end of the law for righteousness, to every one that believeth;" and, fafe under his shadow, his fprinkling of blood, might admire what he undertook! what he fulfilled for me. - Hath not my foul been charmed with the glad tidings of great joy, which are to all people, that to us sinners was born; to us as sinners, is divinely given a saviour, " which is Christ the Lord !-- That HE, in whom dwells all the fulness of GoD; HE, in whom all the promises are YEA and AMEN, hath fulfilled all righteousness, and received all gifts for men, yea, for the REBELLIOUS, that God the Lord might dwell among them?—That unto men, brutish, guilty, polluted, loft, and enflaved, HE is given in the gospel offer, is " made of God wisdom, righteousness, sanctification, and redemption?"---That, in the most gracious and free promifes, in the most unnumbered invitations, HE lifteth up his heart-melting voice, and stretcheth out his arms of mercy, to fave finners, even the chief?-O " faithful faying, and worthy of all acceptation !"-How warmly have I been exhorted, that being united to Jesus, " as the Lord my righteousness," redeemed by his blood out of the hand of my spiritual enemies, blessed with the free remission of my sins, acceptance into the favour of God, and full and irrevocable claim to endless felicity, according to the riches of his righteousness and

grace; --- united to HIM " as my quickening and strengthening head, I should serve him in holiness and righteousness before him all the days of my life; denying ungodliness, and worldly lusts, and walking foberly, righteously, and godly in this present world! -being perfect, even as my father which is in heaven is perfect !---How fweetly hath the " perfecting of holiness in the fear of the Lord" been set before me, as my GREAT PRIVILEGE, purchased with a Saviour's blood; given in his promife; fecured by the imputation of his all-cleanfing righteousness! and effected by his Spirit!—as my honourable and comprehensive DUTY, which I am commanded by his law! constrained towards by his love; directed toby his pattern; and affifted in by his grace !-- as my useful Business, whereby I at once honour my God; truly profit my neighbour; and bring in to. myfelf, a prefent, an everlasting, but gracious reward .- By divine truth, in this order, do men live; and therein is the life of my foul.

It is the proper connecting of the heavenly oracles, that makes a fermon relish as true gospel with me. Ah! how many sermons are a mere chaos of consusion, nay, an antichristian overturning of the gospel of God; not so much because they are larded with error, as that divine truths are not therein exhibited in their true connection with Jehovah's redeeming grace, and with Jesus' person, and imputed righteousness, as their centre! How absurdly doth the preacher descant concerning the divine persections, if he show me not God "as in Christ, well pleased," not with my legal service, but "for his

righteousness sake:" and so " reconciling the world to himself," in giving to them his Son, and in giving them himself, as their "God merciful and gracious, abundant in goodness and truth, forgiving iniquity, transgression, and sin."—Without THIS, every fplendid harangue of increated excellencies, can only be confidered by me, as a celebration of that which I cannot obtain; nay, of my greatest foe; and so cannot fail to work wrath in my heart against him .-How cruel mockery, to entertain me, a SINNER, with descants of the heavenly glory, if it be not represented as a better country, to which Jesus, the Saviour from fin, is the fole, the new, the living, the free, the patent way ;-as a possession, purchased with his blood, and given in his gracious promise; ----- and as a felicity, confifting in the endless beholding of HIS glory, and the enjoying of God in HIM! -- To discourse. to me, a rich defervant of wrath, concerning the tremendous nature, the justness, and the perpetual duration of hell-fire, without reminding me, how Jefus the Redeemer " bore our griefs, and carried our forrows, was made a curse for us," that he might fave us from the wrath to come, and obtain eternal redemption for us,-is but to act the fiend, and to torment me before the time.

To acquaint me with the multitude, the filth, the abfurdity, of my vices, and my lusts: and with the charms, the profit, the pleasure, the honour, the duty of virtue; and to call me off, from the one to the other, how *Heathenish*, if he set not before me Jesus " as sent to save men from sin," to sanctify the people with his own blood; Jesus as having " finished

transgression, made an end of sin, and brought in an everlasting righteousness," through which imputed, we became dead to, and are delivered from, the broken law of works, which is the strength of sin; have our inward enmity slain by his bleeding love, and Almighty Spirit; that being married to, and created a-new in Christ Jesus," and having him dwelling in our heart, we, in his strength, may bring forth " fruit unto God, and walk in newness of life!"

How warmly may the preacher harangue concerning the new birth, its nature, its necessity and excellency; concerning the indwelling of the divine Spirit in our foul; concerning mortification of fin, repentance towards God, and fellowship with him, without preaching the gospel of Christ! how often doth the blasphemous Quaker so entertain his, or her, audience !- If these are not represented as the purchase of Jesus' obedience; as the absolutely free and promifed gift of God to us; as the fruit of union to Jesus, as the Lord our righteousness and strength; where is the gospel, the glad tidings to me, who am " dead in trespasses and fins." Without this quickening prophecy how can my dead bones live? Without this hearing of faith, how can I receive the Holy Ghost? Untouched by redeeming love, how can I, who am by nature enmity against God, for fake or crucify my lusts, or turn to him, as my Master and joy? how can I walk with him, except through the blood of his own, we be agreed, and have him for our WAY?

To no more purpose, harangues he to me, concerning Jesus' sufferings and merit, and my duty to believe on him; if he show me not, how this Jefus was divinely " made under the law:-made fin for us;" had our fins charged and punished on him; -- " died for the ungodly! -- fuffered the just for the unjust, that he might bring us finners to God, and make us the righteousness of God," perfectly righteous before God as a judge, IN HIM :--if he do not exhibit the record of God, that, in his crucified Son, there is eternal life for finners, even the chief; and that he, as my Almighty, my only Saviour, my gracious husband, my everlasting righteousness, unfailing strength, and fatisfying portion, is, in the evangelic promise and oath of God, given to me, as one " ftout-hearted, and far from righteoufnefs." Without fuch reprefentation, such exhibition of Christ, amidst ten thousand descants of a Saviour, and of faith in him, I am but told, that he merited life for me, if I, who " cannot cease from sin," do, by my own good works, and fincere intentions, recommend myself to his favour; or, that he merited, that I might merit for myself .- What is this, more than a Jesuit doth teach?-Without fuch exhibition of Christ, the faith to which I am exhorted is but an airy fancy, without a foundation; a wandering into a wilderness, in which there is no way; a prefumptuous robbery of God, pretending to take hold of his Son, without eying his GIVING PROMISE as my warrant.

Detested too be the preacher, who warmly defeants concerning Jesus' imputed righteousness, and his Father's free GIFT of him for men, as their surety and ransom, and to them, as their husband and portion; but neglects to point him forth as a Saviour

from the power and pollution of "fin-manifested to destroy the works of the devil" in my heart and life, and fill their place with implanted habits of grace in my heart, and exercises of true holiness in my life; - a Redeemer " from all iniquity, who comes to turn away ungodliness from Jacob;" a purchaser of a peculiar people, zealous of good works:"-fhows me not, how Jesus' redeeming love constrains to " hate every falle way; how his justifying fentence ascertains and promotes spiritual life of conformity to God; how his dwelling in my heart by faith, infallibly determineth to, and powerfully effectuateth " holiness in all manner of conversation." Deterbed be the preacher, who represents not fin as the greatest milery, as well as the only crime of rational creatures; and HOLINESS as the very quinteffence of true and endless felicity: who represents not my HOLINESS. in nature and in life, as the glorious end of all the gracious purpofes, precious promifes, holy laws, kind providences, free and inestimable gifts of God.

"Now we go home from public worship: but what crowds yonder recreate themselves!" Is there no fear of God in this place? Is there no minister or magistrate, who may check this shameful and wicked practice! Should God sit judge upon the inhabitants of this corner, as on the man who gathered sticks on the Sabbath, how few would escape public floring! But though he bear long, he will revenge them speedily: their judgment lingereth not; their damnation slumbereth not. An! cursed recreation, that ends in eternal torment! Do not the people of this, country, know that they have immortal fouls.

that they cannot devise, how to spend a seventh day, in concern about their spiritual and eternal happiness. "What numbers of children play on the street!" Ah! are their parents desirous to witness these, now sportive babes, doomed to everlasting destruction; and to hear them eternally curse them, for not warning them of their sin and danger, and restraining them from it?

"By the shutting of their doors and windows, what numbers seem already in bed!" Poor souls, hath a part of a Sabbath wearied them out? how then could they endure an eternity in heaven? What killing work to them would be the unceasing praises of God and the Lamb? But it is hell for which they seem ripening:—how will; they relish "everlasting burnings, where they shall have no rest day nor night;" where, for every sleep procured by robbing God "so much torment and forry shall be given them!"

"Yonder professors come, I suppose, from a tea"visit." Alas! when will they grow wise? Is not
this contrary to God's command, to do their own
ways, and find their own pleasures? Is it not to expose themselves to carnal converse? to divert their
friends from the proper business of the day? Doth
not their example tempt the openly wicked to crowd
together on it, for their carnal chat, their unnecessary drinking, or civil employ? And is it not affecting,
that so few professors, on other days, have their private
meetings for prayer and spiritual converse? Would
not such a course tend to the revival of religion? to rekindling of Christian love! Would it not promote mutual watchfulness, and brotherly reproof; and so pre-

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vent manifold scandals? Would it not increase religious knowledge; improve the practice of prayer; and tend to bring blessings on the land? for the joint "effectual fervent prayer of righteous men availeth much."

"Goeth yonder *** minister, with his loose " companion, to the tavern; or goeth he to his friend " ****'s house, to enjoy his cups? perhaps to play "at his darling cards." O the furprifing patience of God, which fuffers such criminals to live! ---- Contrary to their vows, their credit, their character, how many leaders of this people cause them to err; and they that are led of them are destroyed? is it not fufficient that too many unfaithful pastors of this age, should, on the Sabbath, chat concerning carnal business as farmers do in a market? but must they also thereon eat and drink with the drunken? How can I fafely acknowledge any fuch as ambassadors of Jefus Christ? Need I wonder that their hearers should boldly curse and swear in their presence? should, by idle walking, profane the Sabbath in their view? should avowedly neglect the private and secret worship of their Maker? Alas! how many ministers are at pains, in their practice, to teach their people, that Christianity is all a farce! and themselves mere disfemblers in the pulpit?

"When the conversation among those with whom I walk turned upon trifling circumstances, as, whom they saw to-day? who preached? how proper his method? how easy and flowing his language? how finely turned his periods? and the like; they spoke with great readiness and pleasure,

« enamoured with the subject : but being checked " for fuch profitution of facred time, and a spiritual " topic of converse introduced, they are mostly struck " as speechless, as if a dumb spirit had entered into " them." Is it not truly shocking for professed Christians, just after so solemn work, to plunge themselves into the curse of Korah and his company? to give themselves to be swallowed up alive in the earth? Can any thing tend more effectually to carry out of their head and heart, every impression of that which they have been about !-- How often hath my confcience upbraided me for this criminal conduct? How often have I bewailed my guilt before God, and yet, on the first temptation, relapsed into it! Lord, "for thy name's fake pardon mine iniquity: for it is very great."

" Having got fafely home, let each of us first go. alone, and cry to God for a bleffing on the ordi-" nances of this day." God forbid, that we should prefer our body to our foul. Carnal feafting, as well as carnal company, just after folemn work, hath no fmall tendency to rot the spiritual seed. "We are now at supper." Let there be a savour of Christ at our table, that it may not become a trap to us. Let us talk of the supper of the Lord, wherewith we have been feasted to-day; and of the supper of the Lamb, wherewith we hope to be feafted for ever. " unruly, and full of idle chat, are these children! " worse on Sabbath than on other occasions." Ah! how like our hearts! Did not common prudence. pride, fear of men, awe of a natural conscience, and the like, reftrain many, would they not give as fad.

discoveries of the carnality and folly of their hearts, as these babes do? "We have got family worship; "but this man who, in prayer, hath been our mouth "to God, hath sadly prostituted the ordinance, by "the tiresome length of it; and by intermingling doubtful disputes, and instructive hints, as if he inserted to teach the Almighty knowledge. Never on such occasions do I relish long prayers in company with others: and never worse, than when they are used by those, who, to their shame, are often exceeding curt and hurried, or, contrary to reason, noisy and loud, in their secret devotion.

"Let me now retire by myfelf, and feriously re-" view the favours of God, and my carriage towards "him to-day.—Let me folemnly confess my fins; offer thanksgiving for my mercies: and beg the fupply of my wants." May this night witness a Peniel communion betwixt God and my foul. May her filent watches attest the unutterable groans of my heart, and the fongs of my praise unto the God of my life. Let not me "give fleep to mine eyes, or flumber to mine eye-lids, till I find a place for the Lord, an habitation for the mighty God of Jacob," in my heart, my family, my country, and the whole earth. Let me pray over the work of the day; and folemnly devote myself, my friends, and neighbours, to him " who loved me, and gave himself for me." Let me earnestly plead his various promises, as they respect our diversified case. Let me apprehend him, hold him, and refuse to let him go, till I bring him to my mother's house, to the chambers, the affemblies, and ordinances of the church that conceived me. "Scarce-

" ly begun to pray, my heart hath forsaken me." Was ever heart fo deceitful, fo carnal, fo wicked! Was ever such a changeling in religious exercises as I? Ah! I am almost in the midst of all evil! Lusts prevail; Satan affails me with redoubled fury, buffets me with his fiery darts; he fuggests the most atheistical, blasphemies, and abominable thoughts; he tempts me to the vilest enormities. My slesh shudders to think of my case! What shall I do?-Pray I cannot: forbear I dare not.—Dare not, my foul, to finish a day, and especially a Sabbath, without some special fellowship with God .- "Where, Lord, is the founding of thy bowels, and thy tender mercies towards me? are they restrained?" I cannot, I dare not, let thee alone, till thou deliver me. dare not fleep with a heart in this case. Rather will I wrestle till the day break, than leave the duty without finding thee. Alas! wreftle I cannot; but will figh and groan, till thou return and refcue me from my spiritual enemies.-Compassionate Samaritan, hasten thine aid to a poor soul, fallen among thieves indeed; a foul that lieth bleeding at thine altar,-lieth a murdering by Satan and his own lusts! Canst thou suffer such indignity to be done to thy darling ordinances of prayer?—to be done to a poor brother, but newly devoted to thy service? Can thy pity forbear flying to the relief of thine own, -of thy destitute kinsman?

"Now I have found him whom my foul loveth." Thrice-precious truth, that he never faid to the feed of Jacob, Seek ye me in vain. Come, my beloved, let us go into the field; let us lodge in the villages;

there will I give thee my'loves. Come, let us take our fill of divine love until the morning: let us folace ourselves with redeeming love-What bleffed moments these,-while I lie, all inflamed, all heartmelted, with a Saviour's bleeding love; and am overwhelmed with the delights, the raptures of heaven! -O how my heart is transported, is ravished with the view of what my adored Jefus hath done for me, in the purchase of my redemption; and dath to me, in the sverlafting application of it to my foul! THERE, JEHOVAH found bim out, and laid my help on him that is mighty; HERE, he is found of me that fought him not. THERE, he struck my name from the debt-bond, the broken covenant; fure charter to infinite wo! and inferted his own; HERE, he causeth me to enter into the bond of his new covenant; makes. with me an " everlasting covenant, even the sure mercies of David." THERE, he ferved himself heir to my deserved threatenings of his father's indignation: HERE, he bequeathes, he gives to me his exceeding great and precious promises of eternal life. THERE, to be more firmly connected with my guilt, my wo, he was made priest with an OATH : HERE, that I might have strong consolation, he swears that he hath " no pleasure in the death of the wicked;" and that furely bleffing he will blefs me. THERE, he, who was in the form of God, and thought it no robbery to beequal with God, emptied himself of his glory; HERE, he confers on me, an exceeding and eternal weight of glory? the Lord is my everlafting light, and my God my glory?

THERE, in the purchase of redemption, he was found in fashion as a man, a fon of man: HERE, in the application of it, he makes me a son, an heir of God, and joint heir with Christ. THERE, he was sent forth "in the likeness of sinful flesh:" HERE he makes me a partaker of divine nature, and changeth me into the divine image from glory to glory. THERE he became "a worm, and no man:" HERE, he renders me equal to the angels of God in heaven. THERE, he, the Son of his Father's love, was an outcast, an exile: HERE, I, a hateful, distant foe, am, through his blood, brought near to God, even to his feat. THERE he "bore our infirmities," was weary and weak-handed: HERE, he hath a fellow-feeling of our infirmities, is afflicted in all our affliction, and perfects his strength in my weakness. THERE, he "made himself of no reputation," was a reproach of men, and despised of the people: HERE, he gives me a new name, which the mouth of the Lord doth name; "the ranfomed of the Lord; the holy one fought out: and not forfaken." THERE, he took on him the yoke of the broken law; the yoke of my transgressions was wreathed about his neck: HERE, he brings me into the glorious liberty of the fons of God; puts on me his yoke, which is eafy; and his burden, which is light. THERE, he ' bare the fins of many; was made fin for us: HERE, he makes me righteous the "righteousness of God in him." THERE, he was condemned, was made a curfe for us: HERE he is a Prince and Saviour, exalted to give repentance and remission of fins: sent to bless me, in turning me from mine iniquities; fet up to

be bleffings for evermore. THERE, he was joined with thieves; was numbered with transgreffors: HERE, he puts me " among the children;" joins me with " thrones and dominions:" nay, truly my " fellowship is with the Father, and with his Son Jesus Christ."

THERE, in the purchase of redemption, he was oppressed with ignominious poverty; had not "where to lay his head:" HERE, in the application of it, " through his poverty. I became rich;" he gives me his unsearchable riches, the "goodly heritage of the hofts of nations;" fills me with all the fulness of God; gives me the Most High for my habitation. my dwelling place in all generations. THERE, for bunger and thirst, his foul fainted in him: HERE, be fatiates my foul with goodness: gives me his flesh, which is meat indeed, and his blood, which is drink indeed; gives me bread of life, living water, an over-slowing cup of falvation. THERE, he "hid not bis face from shame and spitting: had his visage more marred than any man, and his form more than the sons of men: HERE, he makes me lift up my face without foot unto God; makes me shine as the Sun in the kingdom of my Father. THERE, he was divinely deferted; his Father forfook him, and was far from the words of his roaring: HBRE, he lifts on me the light of JEHOVAH's countenance, and shall make me like him, by feeing him as he is; for fo fall I be for ever with the Lord. THERE, he gave bis back to the smiters, and his cheeks to them that plucked off the hair; was wounded for our transgressions: HERE, he is the Lord my God that bealeth

me, that healeth all my diseases, and binds up my painful wounds: by his stripes am I healed. THERE, on the cross he would not come down and save himself: HERE, on the throne, he comes down, to take me from the pit of corruption, draw me out of many waters, turn me from ungodliness, and save me from the lowest hell. THERE, he were a crown of thorns: HERE, he gives me a crown of life, makes me a royal diadem in the hand of my God. THERE, be drank the baneful cup of infinite wrath: HERE, he gives me the fountain of life, rivers of pleasure; and makes me drink "water out of the wells of falvation." THERE, he was amazed, and very heavy, exceeding forrowful, even unto death : HERE, he makes me obtain joy and gladness, go to God mine exceeding joy, and enter into the joy of my Lord. THERE, he poured out his foul unto death, travailed in pain till he knew not what to fay: HERE he is formed in my heart, the hope of glory, fees in me the travail of his foul, and is fatisfied. THERE, he shed his blood for me: HERE, he loveth me, and washeth me from my sins in his blood; and makes me a king and priest unto God, even the Father. THERE, he died for the ungodly: HERE, he hath quickened me, who was dead in trespasses and fins; because he lives, I shall live also; my " life is hid with Christ in God," and when he appears, I " shall also appear with him in glory." THERE, he was buried, descended into the lower parts of the earth: HERE, raifed up and alive for evermore: he raiseth me up together, and makes me sit together with him in heavenly places. What melting views are these! how my heart heaves with joy! flames

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with love! would burst in praise, if wonder did allow!—All lovely Jesus, who and what art thou? my husband! my friend! my brother! my boast! my bliss! my riches! my honour! my health! my teacher! my king! my priest! my altar! my facrifice! my God! my ALL!—Lord, how thy glory dazzleth mine eye! thy sweetness enraptures my heart! how my soul is satisfied as with marrow, and with fatness! Thy Love is better than life: therefore shall my lips praise thee. O when shall I come, and appear before God?—O living God for thee!—I beseech thee, show me thy glory.—Make haste slee away, my Beloved, and be thou like to a roe, or a young bart upon the heavenly mountains of spices.

THE END.





