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## COLLECTION

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## PREFICE.

The Editor of the following pages has been induced to publish the present Collection of English Miracle-plays or Mysteries, from its appearing to him to be a desideratum. This will no doubt be apparent, if it be considered, that, although much has been done to illustrate the history of the Euglish theatre, especially of the sisteenth century, not one of the various publications on this subject, contains a single play of the Chester, Coventry, or Townely series. That these dramas are particularly deserving of attention, call searcely be denied, as they are the oldest pieces of the kind in existence, and present us moreover with the only connected view, that is to be had, of the manner in which the whole Bible was theatrically represented. It is also a little singular, that the publications of Dodsley, Hawkins and others, afford but little information on this subject; that of Collier on the contrary much more, though his remarks are unfortunately too much seattered in his excellent work. That so little has been done as yet to give a correet vien of the ancient histor? of the English
stage, is much to be regretted, although it cannot surprise us, if we weigh the assertion of Malone, that "a minute investigation of the origin and progress of the drama in England, will scarecly repay the labour of inguiry." Other writers appear to have held the same opinion, and not to have reflected, that the early Miracle-plays afford one of the best illustrations of the manners and customs of our forefathers. Moreover we learn from them the opinions of our ancestors on various subjects, their manner of thinking, and are perhaps better enabled to judge of the state of civilisation in which they were, than from other sources. Such must be the light in which unprejudiced minds will regard the ancient English theatre, whatever they may think of the later and present state of the drama. It must, however, be observed, that the following pages contain, with few exceptions, only facts and not remarks on these plays, as this volume is intended to be used as a lecture book. In conclusion, the Editor must remark, that, although he is fully aware of the imperfections of his attempt to give a concise view of the history of English Miracle-plays, yet he believes he has not omitted any notice of importance recorded by any writer on the theatre, or that is to be found in any work that was likely to illustrate the subject.

Brasel, Jume ${ }^{0} 0 t h, 1858$

## AN IISTORICAL VIEW

## ENGLISII MIRACLE-PLAYS OR MYSTERIES.

Religion, whieh has in all countries first excited dramatic representation, was the subject of the English Miracle-plays or Mysteries. These productions were either founded on the various histories of the Old and New Testament, or on the legends of the lives of the saints, which latter appear, however, to have afforded fewer subjects for exhibition. The English religious dramas were, during the period of their representation and for a long time afterwards, termed Miracle-plays: most probably from the first or ehief pieces being a representation of the miracles of our Lord, or from their containing a marration of the wonders of the christian faith. In latter times they have been usually ealled Mysteries, under which appellation they are at present best known. This term, although at a very early date applied to them in France, was most probably first given to them in England by Dodsley, in the preface to the Collection of Old

Plays, which he published in 1744. 'They are also in some MSS. termed Pageants, by which name they were generally called, although not in all instances, when performed by members of trading companies.

Not a few writers have speculated on the origin of Enģlish Miracle-plays, but it must unfortunately be confessed that their theories aflord no very satisfactory explanation of the sulject. Nthough such is the case, it may not be uninteresting to quote what IVarton says on this point, as he is generally considered the first authority on all subjeets connected with English literature. He remarks: "Mbout the eighth century trade was principally carried on by means of fairs, which lasted several days. Clarlemagne established many great marts of this sort in France; as did William the Conqueror, and his Norman successors, in England. The merchants, who frequented these fairs in numerous caravans or companies, employed every art to draw the people together. They were therefore accompanied by jugler's, minstrels, and buffons; who were no less interested in giving their attendance, and exerting all their skill, on these occasions. As now but few large towns existed, no public spectacles or popular amusements were established; and as the sedentary pleasures of domestic life and private society were yet unknown, the fairtime was the season for diversion. In proportion as these shews were altended and encouraged, they began to be set oll with new decorations and improvements; and the arts of buffomery being rendered still more alfaction by expmbing iheir circle
of evhibition, acquired an importance in the eyes of the people. By degrees the dergs, observing that the entertainments of dancing, music, mimiery, exhihited at these ammal celehrities, made the people less religions, by promoting idleness and a love of festivity, proseribed these sports, and excommunicated the performers. But finding that no regard was paid to their censures, they changed their plan, and determined to talie these reereations into their own hands. They turned actors; and instead of profine mommeries, presented, stories taken from legends or the Bible. This was the origin of sacred comedy *. D That Wiarton has formed an erroneous opinion on this subject, seems not improbable, if we refleet that religions dramas are of a much earlier origrin than is generally considered; for we have an account of a religions play, performed perhaps before the final destruction of Jerusalem, but certainly not later than the secoml cemtury, portions of which have come down to our dayt. Moreover mention is made of religons dramas by writers in the first centuries of the christian ara, and alhough it is diflicult to prove that such were performed in every age since the time of Christ; which is not to be wouldered at, if we consider the state of literature during the darl: ages, amd how much has heen lost in such a period of time, yet enough authorities are still existing to show that such performances

* History of English Poctry, wol. ii. pp. B66, Eliz, cidit. Kto.
† Ezechicli, Tragici Judaicarnm historiarmon poetie, eductios sen liberatio Il dravorm Tragoedia sarra, wodo respondens: "x libre IS Euchii de Prap. Exang, selecta, et pleriaque in locis castifata. Paris 1390 So
have been from the earliest times*. The origin of religious dramas, should this view of the subject be considered correct, must be aseribed to the inHnence that the ancient theatre exercised on the first christians. It may, perhaps, from the foregoing obscrvations, not be deemed improbable, that, as religious plays can be proved to have been written in the first centuries, and acted as late as the year 990 t, they were not improbably performed during the following century, although we have no account of it. If this may be assumed, and it appears to be no far fectehed hypothesis, especially as it will hereafter be shown, that the firs Miracleplay performed in England, was written by a Frenchman about the year 1100 ; and as there are, moreover, very grood grounds for believing, that the earliest Euglish religious plays are, at least in part, translations from the French; it follows, that what are termed Miracle-plays are nothing more than a continuation of the sacred dramas, that were written since the first centuries. Should this view of the subject not be deemed correct, the opinion of Percy may, perhaps, be considered more satisfactory. He remarlis, that "they were probably a lind of damb shews, intermingled, it may be, with a lew short

[^0]speeches; at length they grew into a regular series of connected dialogues, formally divided into acts and scenes "." This observation, athough by him only applied to English Miracle-plays, appears to be at least quite as applieable to the religions exhibitions in the first ages of Christianity.

The first mention of theatrical representations in England, is recorded hy Matthew Paris, who wrote as early as $12 \%$. He relates in his Vite Aboutum, elc., that while dicollrey, afterwards Mbbot of St. Albans, was yet a secular person, he was invited from Normandy by Richard, the then Nbbot of St. Nlbans, to teach the school established there; that, in consequence of some delay, when Geoflre: arrived the vacant oflice had been tilled, and that he, therefore, took up his residence at Dunstaple, and brought out the Miracle-play of St. Catherine: - Leyit ípitur apurl IDunestupliam, expectuns: scholam S. Illbani sibi repromissam; ubi quendam lulum de S. Finterina, (quem Miruculu vulguriter appellamus) féeit; ul que decoraula peliit a Sacrista S. Ilbani, ut silvi capue chorales accommodnrentur, et oblimuit. We learn from the testimony of Bulxus, in his Ifistoria Universitatis Parisiensis, that Geolfiey was a member of the University of Paris, and that he died in $11 / 6$, havings been rased to the dignity of $\mathbf{N} b$ bot of St. Albans in 1119 s. From the before mentioned quotation, it is quite clear, that Geoffer brought ont the play of St. Catherine long before he assumed

[^1]Her religgions hahit, and romsidering that herombl not altain the dignity of Nhhol, which her ohtained in 1119 , till after a mumber of pears. the opinion of Porry, that it wan "poohath! written within the rleventh centme. in likel! mol to he far from the truth: Bularos informs us abou. Hat this play of S. Cathorine was not then hy any means a nowely:
 gisurormu at sshularmm.

 which is appended a desmiphion of Lomdon, sa!s: - Lumdomeia juro spractarulis thorulrulitus. prob lualis
 raculormin quar sumbli ronlissomes operali suml, seu repmrescontutiont's passimeum quilus rlarnit comstantin marlyrum. 'This rarly motice of Emglish Miracheplays was lirst publishod ly stow in his Surver of
 Lows: - Leondon, lior the shews ирени theatres, and eomical paslimms, hath holl pla! , representations of mitarlos a which holy eonfosors have wronght; or mpenemations of tarments. wherein the eonstancio of martire appeated $\frac{\text { ap }}{}$.

It has heen suppowid, that the piltarims who melmed fiom the Itoly Land, and who comporsed songs on their hatcels. miving will them a recelal of the life and death of Chrial contritmod greatly

[^2]
 state of the theatre in liome and weoms lo lee drawing; a compariven between the public ammomenl, Ibre and in I.omlon
to increase the taste for these religious representations; but whatever influence they may have exercised in France*, and in other countries, on such performances, there is no eertainty of there having in any way promoted these exhibitions in England $\dagger$.

That plays were frequently performed about the middle of the thirteenth centur!, may be inferred from a regulation under the date of A. D. 1228 in the Amules Iburtonenses, which prohibits strolling players from performing in presence of the inmates of the monaster!; yet which allows their wats to be relieved, not because they were players, but because they were poor: - IIistriomibus potest dari cibus, quin panperes sumt, non quiu histrioues; et eorrum ludi non videnntur, vel audiantur, vel permittantur fieri corrm Abbate vel monachis 今.

About the year 1268 Miracle - phays were performed in Chester, and continued to be acted there for many successive centuries; hut as the religious dramas brought out in that city, form one of the three series of Miracle-plays now in existence, they will be referred to more at large hereafter.

Towards the end of the thirteenth century, the religious ceremony of the Corpus Christi Play was instifuted at lorli, and was celebrated each year on the Thurstay after Trinity Sunday. Drake,

[^3]the historian of this city, says, "this ceremony must have been in its time one of the most extaordinary entertainments that could be exhihited. Every trade in the eity, from the highest to the lowest, was obliged to furnish out a pageant at its own expense on this occasion." Many orders and ordinances, existing in the registers of the cily, regulate the performance of this religions ceremony. One of these recites, that "Whereas for a long course of time the artificers and tradesmen of the city of York have, at their own expense, acted plays; and parlicularly a certain sumptuous play, exhibited in several pageants, wherein the history of the Old and New Testament in divers places of the said city, in the feast of Corpus Cluristi, by a solemn procession is represented, in reverence to the sacrament of the Body of Christ; begimning first at the great gates of the Priory of the Holy Trinity in York, and so going in procession to and into the Cathedral Chureh of the same; and afterwards to the Hospital of St. Leonard, in York, leaving the aforesaid sacrament in that place; preceded by a vast number of lighted torches, and a great multitude of priests in their proper habits, and followed by the mayor and cilizens, with a prodigious crowd of the populace attending. And whereas, upon this, a certain very religious father, William Melton, of the order of friars minors, professor of holy pageantry, and a most famons preacher of the word of God, coming to this city, in several sermons recommended the aforesaid play to the people; aflirming that it "as good in itself and very commendable so to do; yet also said, that the eitizens of the
said eity, and other foreigners coming to the said feast, had greatly disgraced the play by revellings, drunkenness, shouls, songs and other insolencies, litule regarding the divine oflices of the said day, and what was to be lamented, they loose, for that reason, the indugences by the holy father pope Urban IV. in this part gracionsly conceded; those, viz. faithful in Christ, who attended at morning service at the said feast in the choreh where it was celebrated, a hundred days; those at the mass, the same; those also, who came to the first vespers of the said feast, the like a hundred days; the same in the sceond; to those also, who were at the first, third, sixth, and ninth completory ollices, for every hour of those forly days; to those also, who altended service on the octaves of the said feast, at mattins or vespers, mass or the aforesaid hous; a hundred days for every day of the said octaves, as in the holy canons, for this end made, is more fully contained: and therefore, as it seemed most wholesome to the said father William, the people of the eity were inclined that the play should be played ou one day, and the procession on another, so that the people might attend divine service at the churches, on the said feast, for the indulgences aforesaid. Wherefore Peter Buckey, mayor of this city of York, $[10$ Ndermen, 2 Sheriff's, and 21 others whose names are mentioned] were met in the comeil chamber of the said city the Gth day of dune, in the year of grace $1 / 226$, and of the reign of hing Henry VI. after the conquest of England, the fourth, and by the said wholesome exhortations and admonitions of the said father William being incited,
that it is no crime, nor can it offend God, if good be converted into better. 'Therefore, having diligrently considered of the premises, they gave their express and unanimous consent, that the cause aforesaid should be published to the whole city in the common hall of the same, and having their consent that the premises should be better reformed. Upon which the aforesaid mayor convened the citizens together in the said hall the tenth day of the month aforesaid and the same year, and made proclamation in a solemm manner, where it was ordained, by the common assent, that this solemn play of Corpus Christi should be played every year on the vigil of the said feast, and that the procession should be made constanily on the day of the said feast, so that all people being in the said city might have leisure to attend devontly the mattins, vespers and the other hours of the said feast, and be made partakers of the indulgences, in that part by the said Roman pope Urban the fourth most graciously granted and confirmed."

A solemn proclamation for the play of Corpus Christi, made on the aforesaid vigil, commands on behalf of the ling, the mayor, and the sheriffs, that the players "play at the places that is assigned therefore, and no where else on the pain of the forfeiture that is ordained therefore; that is to say sls.; and that men of erafts, and all other men that find torches, that they come forth in array, and in the manner as it has been used and customed before his time." The following is an extract of an order for the regulation of the play of Corpus Christi, dated the 7th of June, 1417; and
signed by William Bowes, mayor. alt is ordaned for the convenience of the citizens, and of all strangers coming to the said feast, that all the pageants of the play called Corpus Christi play, should begin to play first at the grates of the Priory of the Holy Trinity in Mikel-gate, next at the door of Robert Ilarpham, next at the door of the late John Gyschurn, next at Skelder-gate-hend and North-strete towards Castel-gate, next at the end of Jubir-gate, next at the door of Henry Wyman deceased, in Conyng-strete, then at the conmon hall at the end of Conyng-strete, then at the door of Adam del Brygs deceased, in Stayne-gate, then at the end of Stayne-gate at the Minster-yates, then at the end of Girdler-gate, and lastly upon the Pavement, etc. And father VVilliam Melton, willing to destroy sin, and a great lover of virtue, having, by preaching, exhorted the populace that they would cause to be removed all public conenbines in fornication or adultery; wherefore the mayor, by consent of the community, ordained that they should depart the city within eight days, on pain of imprisonment, unless any of them should find good security that she would not exereise her illegal vocation for the future." The following list of the trading companies with the parts they played, will, perhaps, be found not entirely void of interest *.
"The order of the Pageants of the Play of Corpus Christi, in the time of the mayorally of William Alne, in the third year of the reign of King Henry V. anno l往, compiled by Roger Burton, town clerli: -

[^4]Timuers.
Gend the Father Almighty ereating and forming the havens, angels and arehanfels: Lancifer and the anabls that fill with him intu hell.

Plasteross fiod the Fithere in his own sulostance ereating lhe earth, aml all which is thereins in the space of live days.

Carele-muher. rillers.

Cinpurs:

Armonrers.

Ciannters.
Shipurrights.

Ityshmungres.
I'essymuers.
Mariners.
I'owhemynors
Buhliguelers.
Hosyers.

Syiners.
Eand the Vather creating Adam of the slime of the rarth, and maling Eve wf the rit, aml inspiring them with the spirit of lifr.
Ciod prohibiting Mdan and Eve from eating uf the tree of liti.

Adam ated Eve with a tree hetwid them: the srpent deeeving them with applas: Goul speahong; them and cursing the sopent. allal ath allyril with a sword drivin!; theow ont of paratise.

Ddatn and Lice, atn angel with a sparle :and a diatatl assifiniu; thom labour.
Ahel and Gam libllimg satrilioes.
God forefelling Noath to maler an ark wi light wowl.

Noak in tho ark with his witi and three rhildrens and divers amimals.

Whaham sawrilicinir his son Isaas: a ram. bush, and anyrel.

Mases exallimg the serpent in the willere ness: hing; Pharaols: right dews admiring: and : Moneling.

Mary and a doeder deolaring the say ingr of the prophets about the listure birth "I Christ: an angel saluting leer. Mary saluling Elizabeth

| Peuterers, <br> Hounders. | Mary, Joseph willing to put her away, an angel spaking to them that they should go to Bethehem. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Tylers. | Mary, Joseph, a midwife, the child born lying in a manger betwixt an ox and an ass, and the angel speaking to the shepherds. |
| Chaumdelers. | The shepherds speaking by turns; the star in the east; an angel giving joy (1) the shepherds that a child was born. |
| Goldsmithes. Orfeures. | The three lings coming from the east, Herod asking them about the child Christ: with the son of Herod, two connsellors and a messenger. |
| Gold-beters, <br> Mone-makers. | Mary with the child and the star above, and the three kings offering gifts. |
| Masous. | Mary with the child; Joseph, Anna, and a murse with young pigeons; Simeon receising the child in his arms, and two sons of Simeon. |
| Marashals. | Mary with the child, and Joseph flying into Egryt, by an angel's telling them. |
| Givdellers, <br> Naylers, <br> Savers. | Herod commanding the ehildren to be slain, funr soldiers with lances, two counsellors of the king, and four women lamenting the slaughter of them. |
| Sporiers, <br> Lorymers. | The doctors, the child Jesus sitting in the temple in the midst of them, hearing them and asking them questions. Four Jews, Mary and Joseph seeking him and finding him in the temple. |
| Burbers. | Jesus, John the baptist haptizing him, and two angels helping them. |
| Figntrers. | Jesus, Mary, bridegroom and bride, master of the houschold with his family with sin water-pols, where water is furwed into wine. |

Smythes, Fevers.

C [orvisors.]

Elemagers.

Plummers, Patten-makers.

Pouch-makers, Botillers, Cap-makers.
Vestment-makers, Skynners.

Jesus upon the pinnaele of the temple; Satan tempting with stones; two angels administering, etc.
Peter, James and John; Jesus ascending into the monntain and transfiguring himself before them. Moses and Elias appearing, and a voice speaking from a clond.
Simon the leper asking Jesus if he would eat with him. Two diseiples; Mary Magdalene washing the feet of Jesus, and wiping them with her hair.
Jesus, two apostles, the woman taken in adultery, four Jews aceusing her.

Lazarus in the sepulchre; Mary Magdadalene, Martha, and two Jews admiring.

Jesus upon an ass with its foal; twelve apostles following Jesus; six rich and six poor men, with eight boys with branches of palm trees, constantly saying blessed, ete., and Zaceheus ascending: into a sycamore tree.

## Cuttelers,

 Blade-smythes, Shethers, Sculers, Bukle-muker's,Horners.
Bakers, II'uterleders.

Pilate, Caiaphas, two soldiers, three Jews, Judas selling Jesus.

The supper of the Lord and paschal Lamb, twelve apostles; Jesus, tied about with a linen towel, washing their feet. The institution of the sacrament of the body of Christ in the new law, and communion of the $A_{p o s t l e s . ~}^{\text {pos }}$
Cordwaners.
Pilate, Caiaphas, Annas, forty armed soldiers, Malchas, Peter, James, John,

|  | desus, and Judas kissing and betraying him. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bowers, <br> Hetchers. | Jesus, Annas, Caiaphas, and four Jews striking and hastinadoing Christ. Peter, the woman accusing him, and Malchas. |
| Tapisers, <br> Conchers. | Jesus, Pilate, Annas, Caiaphas; two counsellors and four Jews aceusing Christ. |
| Littesters. | Herod, two counsellors, four soldiers, Jesus, and three Jews. |
| Cukes, <br> Hater-leders. | Pilate, Aunas, Caiaphas, two Jews, and dudas carrying from them thirty pieees of silver. |
| Saucr - makers. | dudas hanging himself. |
| Miluers, Tiel-mahers, | Jesus, Pilate, Caiaphas, Annas, six soldiers earrying spears and ensigns, aud |
| Ropers, | other four leading Jesus from Ilerud |
| Cevers, | desiring Barabhas to be released and |
| Turners, | Jesus to be crucified, and then binding |
| Bollers. | of thorns upon his head: three soldiers easting lots for the vesture of desus. |
| Shermen. | desus eovered with blood bearing his cross towards mount Calvary, Simon Sereneus, ete. |
| I'ymers, <br> Lateners, <br> I'aynters. | The eross, desus extended upen it un the earth; four dews seourging him with whips, and afterwards erecting the eross, with Jesus upon it, on Mount Calvary. |
| Bouchers, <br> Pulterers. | The cross, two thieves erucified and Jesus suspended betwixt them; Mary the mother of Jesus, John, Mary, James and Salome; a soldier with a lance and a servant with a sponge. Pilate Annas, Caiaphas a centurion, Joseph of Arimathea, and Nichodemus taking him down and laying him in the sepulelore. |

Satellers, Sellers, Glasiers.

Carpenters, Joyners.

Cartwrights, Carvers,
Sawyers.

Wyedrawers. Jesus, Mary, Mary Magdalene with spices.
Broggers,
Wool-pakkers,
Wadsmen.
Escriviners, Lemmers, Questors, Dublors. Taillyoures.

Potters.

Drapers.

Lynwevers. Four Apostles bearing the shrine of Mary, Fergus hanging upon it with two other Jews, and one angel.
Wevers of wollen. Mary ascending with a multitude of anyels; cight $\Lambda$ postles, with Thomas preaching in the desert.

Ilostilers.

Mercers.

Mary, and desns crowning her with a great number of angels.
Jesis, Mary, lwelve Apostles; four anfrels with trmmpets, and four with a lanee with two seourges; finur good and four had spirits, and six devils.

Robert Mannyng, or as he is more commonly called Robert de Brome, a Gilbertine canon in the monastery of Bronne, near Depyng, in Lincolnshire, translated in the year 1505 an AngloFrench poem, entitled the Mamuel de Pechét, written about the middle of the thirteenth century, and which contains a notice of Miracle-plays.

IIyt ys forbode hym you the decre
Hyracles for to make or se;
For myracles, zyf you bygyme,
Hyt ys a gaderyut, a syght of synue.
He may yo the cherehe, thurgh thys resmin,
Iley the resurreceyun;
That is to seye, how god rose,
God and man yo myght and los,
To make men be yn beleve gote,
That he ros with flesshe and blode:
And he may pleye wythoutyn plyght
Howe grod was hore yo thole nyght,
To make men to beleve stedfaslly
That he lyght you the vargye Mary.
Zyf thou ho hyt in weyss or grenys,
A syglot of syunu truly hyt semys.
Robert Baston, a Carmelite friar of Searborough, who lived in the reign of Edward II.,

[^5]and adeompanied that king in hiv expredition to besiegre Stirling; Castle, in Scolland, is mentioned hy Bale as a writer of Trougerdiue al Comuraline entyaress. None wl these pieces are now extant, but no reat sonable dombt ean be entertained that thes were Mi-racle-plats. forr Bale calls his own prodnctions of a similar limd, olvariedies and comedios: and it is not at all impoobable, that some of these religions dramas might he in exinteme al the time when Bate wrote, which was lowards the midtlle wf the sislecull centur?

Roblow Langlamede a seronlar priest and at fellow of Oriel Cinllegre Waford. Who wrote ahoul
 Plomghanais Creale, puts lwo limes intu the month of a friar, which rofer to the performathee of Mi-racle-plays in marliel lowns: -

We hanaton mo tandrums. In hohelén ahbuten.


Chamerer has many allosions to these religions dramas, and herepresents his Wife of Bath ammsing herself with these fashionable diversions, while her hushand is absent in Lomdon, during the hols season of' Lant: -

Therefore made I my visitations
Tu vigilies and to promssions.
'To prechings eke and to thise pilgrimages.
To playes of myracles and to mariages,
Amil worid upon my gay skarlet gites §.

[^6]In 1533 , the guild of Corpus Christi at Cambridge, on that festival, represented Ludus filiorum Israelis*.

It cannot but be considered a little singular, that we have no account of Miracle - plays being performed in London from the time of Henry II., till nearly two hundred years afterwards. That there were such exhibitions during this period in the metropolis, can searcely be doubted, if we consider that other places of much less importance were honored with them. In 1578 , the scholars or choristers of St. Paul's Cathedral in London, presented a pelition to Richard II., praying him *to prohibit some unexpert people from presenting the IIstory of the Old Testament, to the great prejudice of the said clergy, who have been at great expense to represent it publicly at Christmas $\dagger$." This restraint, if it were imposed, appears not to have applied to the parish clerlis of Loudon, who had been incorporated into a guild by Henry III. about the year 1240 , under the patronage of St. Nicholas. Stow acquaints us, that in 1591 they performed a play at Slimner's Well, near Smithfield, in the presence of the ling, queen, and the nobles of the realm, which lasted for three days. The same authority informs us, that "this yecre (1409) was a great play at the Skinners Well, neere unto Clearkenwell, besides London, which lasted eight daies, and was of matter from the creation of the world §."

[^7]In 1416, the Emperor Sigismund was in England, having come for the purpose of endeavouring to make peace between this kingdom and France. He was maguificently received and entertained at Windsor; and a chronicle in the Cottonian Collection gives a description of a performance before him and Henry V., on the incidents of the life of St. George of Cappadocia. The representation seems to have been divided into three parts, and to have been accomplished by certain artificial contrivances, exhibiting, first, "the armyng of Seint George, and an Angecl doyng on his spores;" secondly, "Scint George ridyng and fightyng with the dragon, with his spere in his hand;" and thirdly, "a castel, and Seint George and the Kiynges daughter ledyng the lambe in at the castel grates*."

The English fathers at the Council of Constance caused, on the 24th January, 1417, a sacred drama to be represented before the government of that eity, the subjects of which were, the Nativity of our Saviour; the arrival of the Magi; and the massacre by Herod. This play appeats to have given such satisfaction, that it was acted again on the 51 st of the same month before the members of the Councilt.
ances of the parish elerks are memorialized in raised letters of iron, upon a pump on the east side of Rag Street, now called Ray Street, beyond the Sessions-honse, Clerkenwell; from which exhibitions, as well as from the well, the parish talies its name.

* Cotton MI S., Calig. IB. II. Aphd Collier, Imals of the Stage, vol. i. p. 20.
+ Dacher, an eyr-wituess, froted by Herman, gives the following acconnt: - Im 2隹en tag des Monats Jamarii, das war anf Timotheus lagf, da Inden die Bischöf aus Dingeland, der Bischofl Salis-

John Lydyate, a monli of the Benedictine abbey of Bury in Suftolk, who lived in the first half of the fifteenth century, and was a most voluminous writer, being the author of "pwards of two hmmdred and fifty poctical pieces, is said to have written Miracle - plays*.

Corpus Christi day, at Newastle upon Tyne, was celebrated with the exhibition of religious drat mas. The earliest mention of such performances there, is in the ordinary of the coopress, dated Jannary 20th, 1426. They are mentioned also in those of the smiths and glovers, 1456 ; barbers, 14 亿2; slaters, 1431 ; sadlers, 1439 ; and of the fullers and dyers, 147\%. By the ordinary of the goldsmiths, plumbers, glaziers, pewterers and painters, dated 1356, they were commanded to play at their feast "the three liynges of Coleyn." In 1332, mention oceurs of the merchant - adventurers as being concerned in the exhibition of five plays, one
burgensis, der Bischof von London, und demmach fünfi Bischoff von England, alle Haht zu Cosinitz und sonst viel chrbar Bürger dasellist, in Burchart Walters Haus, das man vorzeiten nemot zu dem Burgthor, itzt zu dem gulden Schwert, allernzichst hei S. Laurcuz. Und gah ilmen fast ein küstlich mahl, if 5. Gericht nach cinander. jedes Gericht besonder mit 8. Essen: Die trug man allweg eins mal dar, deren alweg waren 4. verguld oder versilbert. In dew mahl, zwivehen dem Essen, so machten sie solch bihd und geberd als unser Frau ihr Kind unsern Hern und auch Gott gelbaher, mit fast liostlichen Tuchern und Gewand. Und Joseph stellten sie z.n ihr. End die heiligen \%. Könige, ab die unser Framen die Opffer hrachten. Ind hatten gemacht rimen lautern guldnen Stern, der ging vor ihnen, an cinen lilemen cisern Drat. Und machten Komig Iferodem, wie er den drey honigen naehaandt, mul wie er die Kiballein ertodtet. Das machten sie alles mit gar laostliehen Gewand, und mit grossen guldenen und silbernen Gurteln, und machten das mit growter Gezierd, wnd mit frosser Demmht. Corp. Ad. et Decrel. N. Constant. Come tome Il. P. 1009.

[^8]of which is assigned to the ostmen, and charged to the account of the corporation. The drapers, mercers and boothmen had probably each one, and the last might belong to the spicers, who appear anciently to have been a branch of the merchant-adventurers. A law was made by the merchants of this city, March 25rd, 20 Edw. IV. for settling the order of their procession on Corpus Christi day. By the ordinary of the millers, dated 1338 , we may infer that the Corpus Christi plays were at that time on the decline, and never acted but by special command of the magistrates of Newcastle. "Whensoever," says that authority, "the gencrall paiaes of the towne shall be commanded by the mayor, etc." they are to act "the antient playe of their fellowship, the Deliverance of the Children of Isrell out of the Thraldome, Bondage, and Servitude of liing Pharo." Thus also in that of the house-carpenters, dated July $\overline{5 r d}$, 1379 , it is ordered, that "whensoever the general plaies of the towne shall be plaied," they shall perform "the Buriall of Christ, " pertaining anciently to the said fellowship. To the same effect it was ordered by that of the masons, 1381 ; whose play was "the Buriall of our Lady, Saint Mary the Virgin:" and lastly, by the joiners' ordinary, in 1389 . Of the ancient sacred dramas performed by the trading companies of Neweastle, only one has come down to our times, entitled, "Noah's Ark, or the shipwrights ancient play or dirge," which may be seen in Bramd's Mistory of Nevecrstle*, fiom which the foregoing account is taken.
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{ }^{*} \text { Vol н. pp } \overline{5} 69-\mathbf{5 7 9} .
$$

The Guild of the Holy Trinity of St. Botolph without Aldgate, appears, from the expenses recorded in their registers, to have been engaged hetween the years 1445 and 1448 , in the performance of Miracle - plays; and to have possessed at this time "a rolle of velom," containing what is called "the Pagent of the Holy Trinity *."

In the year 1487, while Henry VII. resided at his castle of Winchester, on occasion of the birth of prince Arthur, on a Sunday, during the time of dinner, he was entertained with a religious drama called Chrisli descensus ad inferos t.

It is stated in Dives and Parper, a book printed in 1496 , that "to represente in playnge at Crystmasse, herodes, and the thre liynges, and other processes of the gospelle, both than, and at Ester, and other tymes also, it is lefill and commendable ${ }^{\text {s. }}$.

The accounts of the churchwardens of Bassingborne, in Cambridgeshire, for 1311 , contain an account of the expenses and receipts for performing the Miracle - play of St. George. Among other circumstances that are mentioned, it is stated that twenty-seven neighbouring parishes contributed money towards furnishing the play, which was acted on a stage in an open field in the before mentioned parishil.

[^9]It appears from the Earl of Northumberland's Household Book, 1312, that the children of his chapel performed Miracle-plays doring the twelve days of Christmas, and at Easter, under the direction of his Master of the Revels *.

A MS. written in the seventh year of the reign of Hemry VIII., enumerates certain artieles which were most probally used in the representation of some Miracle-play before this monarch. Among others are mentioned, " $\boldsymbol{I}$ long garment of cloth of golde and tynsell, for the Prophete upon Palme Souday." "Item a littill gowne for a woman, the virgin, of cloth of silver." "Item a littill coote for a childe of cloth of silver $t$.

In the Chapter-house, Westminster, is preserved a MS. containing an account of payments of money in the year 1327 , for the entertaimment of Henry VIII. Among other sums, is to be found one for "dlyvers necessaries bought for the trymmyng of the Father of Heaven $\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{s}}$.

Ralph Radeliffe, educated at Oxford, opened in the year 1538 a school at Hitchin, in Hertfordshire; and, obtaining a grant of the dissolved friery of the Carmelites in that town, converted the refectory into a theatre. He was the author of several Miracle-plays, the names of which only have come down to our times \|f.

At Christmas 1346, the Miracle-play of Jeplethe, taken from the eleventh chapter of the book

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* Percy, Relifues. vol. i. p. 153.
+ Collier, Amals of the Stage, vol. i. p. 80, 81.
§ Ibid. p. 99.
|| Bale, seriptor. Illust. M. Brit. p. 700
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of Judges, and written both in Latin and Greek, was acted in the Unisersit! of Cambridge. It was composed by John Christopherson, one of the first Fellows of' 'Trinity, afterwards Master, Dean of Norwich, and Bishop of Chichester*.

John Bale, Bishop of Ossory, in Ireland, and a most voluminous writer, was the author of at least cleven sacred dramas $t$, of which only four are now extant: - 1. The threc Lames of Nature, Moses, and Christ. 2. Gol's Promises §. J. Jolm. the Eaptist's meaching in the IVilderness. 4. The Temptation of Christ. Bale's plays are deserving of attention as containing the first attempt, hy means of the stagr, to promote the Reformation. The following is a short extract from the epilogue of The Temptation of Christ, in which he attacks the Roman Calholies, who would lieep the people in ignorance and from the use of the Seriptures, and which passage will afford a sullicient specimen of the manner in which he treats his antagonists.

What enemyes are they, that from the people wyll have The scriptures of God, whyeh are the myghty weapon That Christ left them here their sowles from hell to save, And throw them headlondes into the deryls domynom. If they be no deryls, I saye they are devyls nom. They hryuge in fastynge, but they leave out Scriptum est. Chalke they geve for golil, soch fryudes are they of the Beest.

Eduard VI. is stated by Bate to hase written a Miracle-play called De meretrice Babylmica $1 /$.

[^10]Such attacks as the before mentioned induced Mary to issue a proclamation on the 16th August, 1335 , the object of which was, among other things, to prevent the performance of plays calculated to advance the principles and doctrines of the Reformation. On the SOth of April, LBB6, the Privy Council addressed a letter to the Earl of Shrewsbury, President of the North, complaining that "certain lewd persons, to the number of six or seven in a company, naming themselves to be servants unto Sir Francis Leek, and wearing his livery and badge on their sleeves, had wandered about those north parts, and represented certain plays and interludes, containing very naughty and seditious matter touching the Ring's and Queen's Majesties, and the state of the realm, and to the slander of Christ's true and catholic religion*."

In the year IBi36, the Passion of Christ was represented at Grey Friers in London, on Corpus Christi day, before the lord mayor, the privy couneil, and many great persons of the realmt. Strype mentions, under the year 1337, a play with a similar name, that was acted at the same place, on the day that war was proclaimed against France, and in honour of that occasion §. On St. Olave's day in the same year, the holiday of the church in Silver Street which is dedicated to that saint, was lept with much solemnity. "At cight o'elock at night, began a play of goodly matter, being the

[^11]miraculous history of the life of that saint, which lasted four hours:

Queen Elizabeth, during her progress in the summer of LB6Y, visited the University of Camhridge, and was entertained at ling's College with a play called Ezechiast.

At Tewkesbury, in the years 1378 and 1383 , Miracle-plays were performed, which fact is recorded in the aceounts of the churdhardens $£$.

Carew, who wrote in Queen Elizabeth's time, observes, that athe Guary Miracle, in English a Miracle-play, is a lind of interlude compiled in Cornish, out of some Scripture-History. For representing it the! raise an amphitheatre in some open fied, having the diameler of his inclosed plain, some 40 or 30 foot. The country people floct: from all sides many miles off, to see and hear it; for they have therein devils and deviees to delight the eye ats the earll."

Weever relates, that he had aseen Corpus Christi plays acted at Preston, Lancaster, and at Fendall, in the beginning of the reign of James I., the subjerets of which were the sacred Seriptures from the ereation of the world "."

It is generall! eonsidered that the last Miamelepiay represented in England, was that of Cheists Passion, in the reign of James I., which Prynne

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* Strype, Eerlesiantical Mcmorials, vol. iii. p. 579.
& Nichok, Irogreses of guren Llizabilh, vol. i. p. 186, adit
    181%.
§ Collier, \muals of the stage, val. ii. p. 140.
|| Sursey of Curnwall, p. ZI, colit. 16002
** Funcral Monmments. p. 隹:.
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informs us was "performed at Elie House in Holhorn, when Gundomar lay there, on Good-friday at night, at which there were thousands present*."

Nthough this historical view of Miracle -plays terminates properly at this period, yet we find traces of their existence even in the present century.

The author of the Lives of Literary and Scientific Men states, that in 1809 he "witnessed, on the borders of Lancashire and Yorkshire, on Good Friday, Saracens and Christians, Saladin, Richard, and other notable persons, represented by some young men; whose uncouth, fantastic garbs were not the least remarlable feature of the scene. The dialogue was in verse, and though somewhat modernised, bore marlis of considerable antiguity t.

Collier mentions, that a kind of Miracle-play is still exhibited in Gloucestershire at Christmas, with the characters of Herorl, Belzebul, and others§.

Sandys remarks, that "the Christmas - play of St. George and the Dragon is still preserved in the western and northern parts of the lingdom $\|$. ." It may not, perhaps, be uninteresting to give here this play as performed at the present time in the county of Cornwall; particularly as the old Miracleplay of St. George, from which this is undoubtedly derived, has not come down to our days.

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## CHAR MCTERS.

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SIINT GLORGE.
THE DR\GON.
FITHER CIIRISTMIS.
TIEE DOCTOR.
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HIVG OF EGIPT.
TURHISH IVIGHT. THE GIINT TLRPIN.

Enter the Turkish Linight.
Open your doors, and let me in, I hope your favors I shall win; Whether I rise or whether I fall, I'll do my best to please you all.
St. George is here, and swears he will come in, And, if he does, I know he'll pieree my skin. If you will not believe what I do say, Let Father Christmas come in - clear the way.

Enter Father Christmas.
Here come I, old Father Christmas,
Weleome, or welcome not,
I hope old Father Christmas
Will never be forgot.
I am not come here to laugh or to jeer,
But for a pocketfull of money, aud a skinfull of berr, If you will not believe what I do say,
Come in the liing of Egypt - elear the way.
Enter the Liing of Egypt.
Here I, the Ling of Egypt, holdly do appear,
St. Georgre, St. George, walli in, my only son and heir
Walk in, my son St. George, aml boldly aet thy part, That all the people here may see thy wond'rous art.

Einter Saint George.
Here come I, St. George, from Britain did I spring,
Ill fight the Dragon bold, my wonders to begin.
I'll elip his wings, he shall not fly;
I'll cut him down, or else I die.

Enter the Dragon.
Who's he that seeks the Dragon's blood,
And calls so angry, and so loud?
That English dog, will he before me stand?
I'll eut him down with my courageous hand.
With my long teeth, and scurvy jav,
Of such I'd break up half a seore,
And stay my stomach, till I'd more.
[St. George and the Dragon fight, the latter is killed.]
Father Christmas.
Is there a doctor to be found
All ready, near at hand,
To cure a deep and deadly wound,
And make the champion stand.
Euter Doctor.
Oh! yes, there is a doctor to be found All ready, near at hand,
To cure a deep and deadly wound,
And make the champion stand.
Father Christmas.
What can you cure?
Doctor.
All sorts of diseases, Whatever you pleases, The phthisic, the palsy, and the gout; If the devil's in, I'll blow him out.

Father Christmas.
What is your fee?
Doctor.
Fifteen pound, it is my fee,
The money to lay down.
But, as 'tis such a rogue as thee,
I cure for ten pound.

I carry a little bottle of alicumpane;
Here Jack, take a little of my llip flop,
Pour it down thy tip top;
Rise up and fight again.
[The Doctor performs his cure, the fight is renewed, and the Dragon ayain killed.]

Saint George.
Here am I, St. George,
That worthy champion bold,
And with my sword and spear
I won three erowns of gold.
I fought the fiery dragon,
And brought him to the slaughter;
By that I won fair Sabra,
The liing of Egypt's daughter.
Where is the man, that now will me defy?
I'll eut his giblets full of holes, and make his buttons fly.

## The Turkish Linight advances.

Here come I, the Turkish Iinight,
Come from the Turkish land to fight.
I'll fight St. George, who is my foe,
I'll make him yield lefore I goo;
He brags to such a high degree,
He thinks there's noue can do the like of he.

## Saint George.

Where is the Turk, that will before me stand?
I'll cut him down with my courageous hand.
[They fight, the hinight is overcome, and fulls on one linee.] Turkish linight.
Oh! pardon me, St. George, pardon of thee I crave,
Oh! pardon me this night, and I will be thy slave.

## Saint George.

No pardon shalt thou have, while I have foot to stand,
So rise thee up again, and fight out sword in hand.
[They fight again, and the Linight is killed. Vather Christmas calls for the Doctor, with whem the same dialogue occurs as before, and the cure is performed.]

Enter the Giant Tinrpin.
Here come I, the Giant, bold Turpin is my name, And all the nations rouml do tremble at my fame. Wheree'r I go, they tremble at my sight, No lord or champion long with me would fight.

Saint George.
Here's one that dares to Jooli thee in the face, And soon will send thee to another place.
[They fight, and the Giant is liellent; medical aid is called in as before, and the cure performed by the Doctor, to whom then is given a basin of !fird!y grout and a kick, and driven ont.]

Father Chrislmats.
Now, ladies and gentlemen your sport is most ended, So prepare for the hat, which is highly commended.
The hat it would speak, if it had hut a tongue; Come throw in your money, and think it no wrong.

There are, besides several single Miracle-plays, three distinct series, - the Chester, the Coventry, and the Towneley or Widkinls.

It is supposed, on pretty good grounds, that the Chester series is the most ancient, though if internal evidence were to decide the question, it nonld be in favour of the 'Towneley. All have undoubtedly been frequently transeribed, so that no correct opinion can be formed concerning the age in which they were compiled from the style in which they are written. "The Banes," a prologute to the Chester Plays, which was always read previous to the representation, supplies us with some data enabling; us to assign a period approximating at least to the true one.

Reveremde lordes and ladyes all,
That at this time here assembled bee,
By this messenge understand you shall,
That some times thre was mayor of this eitic,
sir John Armway, knyghte, who most worthilie
Cuntenterl himself to sett out in playe,
The devise of one Dom Randall, monke of Chester ahbey.
This prologue, modernised as it evidently is, appears to have heen wrilten at a period subseguent lo the dramas themselves. From the lestimony of ancient, almost of contemporary documents, it is erertain thal John Aroway was the chiof magistrate of Chester between 1268 and $1276^{\circ}$. An attempt, however, has bern mate for invalidate the antiguity of this period by lwo assertions; first, that the Dom Randall here mentioned was no other than the celebrated Rimulf, or Randal Higden, compiler of the Polychronicon; and secondly, that the period in which he lived will not agree with the lime when John Armway was mayor. Ramdal Iligden, according to Bale, died in $15(5 \overline{5}+$, and even supposing he had attaned an monsual preat age, could mut have written these plays hetween $\leq 263$ and 1276 . It deserves to be remarlied, that the name of Randal is one of frequent recurvence in the old archives, whether publie or private, of Chester. It is not, perlapes a to he disputed, that Higslen was in some way, and al some periorl, concerned in the performatmer of the Chestor Mirate plays: Hhough in what way is mot so clear. Me may have made sercral adelifions, though it is,

[^13]perhaps, more probable that he only translated them. I note to one of the MSS. of these productions, informs us*, that Higden "was thrice at Rome before he could obtain leave of the Pope to have them in the English tongue;" and a remark appended to another one states, that these plays were written by him in 1528t. The only way, however, of explaining in any satisfactory manner the mention of dohn Arnway and Randall in "the Banes," is to consider the latter as the translator, and that they were previously performed in the mayoralty of the former. The Chester-plays began on Whit-monday, and continued until Wednesday. They consist of twenty-four dramas $\S$, and were annually performed, with some interruptions, mil 137\%.

* Ifarl. No. 219 亿. Apud Collier, vol. ii. p. 129.
+ Ilarl. No. 2015. Apud Warton, vol. ii. p. 179.
§ I. The Fall of Lueifer, by the Tanners. II. The Creation, by the Drapers. III. The Dehuge, liy the Dyers. II. Abraham, Melchiselech, and Lot, hy the Barbers and Wax-chanders. IT. Moses, Balati, and Bhataam, ly the Hatters and Linen-drapers. ITI. The Salutation and Nativity, by the Wrights. ITh. The Shepherds feeding their floclis by wight, ly the Panters and Glaziers. EIII. The three Liings, by the Vintuers. AX. The Oblation of the three Fïngs, by the Mercers. X. The Rielling of the Imocents, by the Goldsmiths. NI. The Purification, by the Blacksmiths. NII. The Temptation, by the Butchers. WIII. The Bliudmen and Lazarus, by the Glovers. NII'. Jesus and the Lepers, by the Corvisors. NI'. The last Supper, by the Bakers. NII. The Passion and Crucifivion of Christ, by the Fletchers, Coopers, and Irommongers. NI'II. The Descent into Hell, ly the Cools. XIIII. The Resurrection, by the Slimuers. NWX. The Ippearing of Christ to the two Disciples, by the Saddlers. NX. The Ascension, by the Tailors. NXI. The Election of St. Mathius, seudin!g of the Moly Ghost, by the Fishmongers. NXII. Ezeliel, by the Clothiers. NMIII. Antichrist, hy the Dyers. NXII. The

The sacted dramas anciently exhibited at Co－ ventry drew immonse multitules to that eity，which was ats much owing to its eentral situation，as to these exhibitions heing；sometimes fiequented by royally．In 1 情，Hemry V．and his nobles took great delight in secing the Pageants；and in I良f， aon Corpus Christi zeven at mygh came the quene ［Margaret］from Relyugworth to Coventre，at which tyme she wold not be met，but came prively to se the play there on the morowe，and she sygh the pagentes pleyde save domes diy，which might not be pleyde for lack of day，and she was loged at Richard Wodes the grocer，where Richard Sharp sometyme dwelled，and there all the pleys were furst pleyde，and there were with her then lordes and ladyes．＂Richard III．in 148彳，came to see the Corpus Christi Plays．In 1486，Henry VII．wats present at the performance of the Pageants on St． Peter＇s day，aud much commended them；and in 1492 again visited the city，to see the plays ated by the Grey Friers：．Before the suppression of the Monasteries，the Grey Friers of Coventry were greatly celebrated for their exhibitions on Corpus Christi day；their IDagrants，says Dugalate，ubeing acted with might！State and Reverence by the Friers of this Honse，hat Theaters for the several Scenes，ver！large and high，placed upon Wheels， and drawn to all the eminent Pats of the City，

Dry of Judyment，by the Wehters．Of this series，there are two copies ：mong the Harlwian MSS．in the British Musemm，one at the Bodleian，and one in the possession of the Dulie of Wevonshire．They bear the dates of $1600,1607,160$ ，and 1891 respectirely．It is from that of $\mathbf{1 6 0 0}$ the pieces in this Collection are printed．

[^14]for the better Advantage of Spectators: And contained the Story of the Old and New Testament, composed in the old English Rithme, as appeareth by an antient MS. intituled Ludus Corporis Christi, or Ludus Coventrice. I have been told by some old people, who in their younger years were eye-witnesses of these Pageants so acted, that the yearly confluence of people to see that shew was extraordinary great, and yielded no small advantage to this City*." These plays certainly formed no part of the entertainments exhibited by the trading companies of Coventry. The subjects are for the most part identical with those of the two other series, but more numerous, consisting of forty-two plays t.

The Towneley Miracle-plays, (so named from being in the possession of this family, called also

* Dugdale, History of Warwickshire, p. 116, edit. 1636 .
$\dagger$ I. The Creation. II. The Fall of Man. III. The Death of Abel. IV. Noah's Flood. V. Dbrahan's Sacrifice. VI. Moses and the Two Tables. VII. The Genealogy of Christ. VIII. Anua's Pregnaney. IV. Mary in the Temple. X. Her Betrothment. XI. The Salutation and Conception. XII. Joseph's Retarn. NIII. The Visit to Elizaheth. MIV. The Trial of Joseph and Mary. NV. The Birth of Christ. SVI. The shepherds' Offering. NIII. Caret in MS. XIII. Adoration of the Magi. MX. The Purifeation. XX. Slanghter of the Innocents. XXI. Christ disputing in the Temple. XMII. The Baptism of Chrisf. NXIII. The Temptation. XXIV. The Woman talien in Adultery. <br>I. Lazarus. XMI. Comeil of the Jews. XXVIf. Mary Magdalen. XMIII. Christ hetrayed. XXIX. Herod. XXX. The Trial of Christ. XXM. The Dream of Pilate's Wife. XIMI. The Crncilision. XXVIII. The Descent into Hell. NXMI. Sealing of the Tomb. NXXV. The Resurrection. XXXI. The Three Marias. XXXVII. Christ appearing to Mary Magdalen. NXXVII. The Pilgrim of Emans. NXNIX. The Ascension. ML. Descent of the Holy Ghost. NLI. The Issmmption of the Virgin. XLII. Doomsday. This MS. was written at least as carly as the reign of DIenry VII., and is in the British Musemm in the Bibl. Cotton, Vesp. ID. VIII
the Widlinti, are written in a style that may be refersed to the reign of Hems VI. or Edward IV. Where the plays eonstituting; this series were originally performod, is a matler of some dombt. These dramas are freppently called the Widlirli, from a tradition. that, prior to the dissolution of the monasteries, they belonged to the Nbbey of Widkirk, near Wakefield, in the Comnty of Vorli. 'This tratdition hats marlis of a genume character. There is, however, no place called Widlairli in the neighhourhood of Waleffeld, and neither there nor in any part of Enģland was there an Nbbey of Widliirl:. But there is a place called Woodlirls in that neighhourhood, and at Woodlinls there was a cell of Angustinian friars. Whatever weight there may be attached to the tradition respecting the original possession, must, therefore, be given to the claim of this Cell of Monls at Woodliirli. This place is about four miles to the north of Walaefield. A small religious Community was established there in the first half century after the Conquest by the Earls Warren, to whom the great Lordship of Wakefield belonged, and they were placed in subjection to the house of Nustel. Henry I. granted to the friam of Nostel, a charter, for two fairs to be hedd at Wuodlairt, - one at the Feast of the Assumption, the other on the Feast of the Nativity of the Blessed Mary. This grant was contirmed by Fing Stephen. Now it wats at such platers and on such oceasions, that sacred dramas were msually exhibited. Moreover internal evidence confirms the tradition. Words and phrases that are pecular to this pari of Vortishire, at least more freguently to
be heard there than in any other part, and are still existing in the vernacular language of that district, in the sense in which they are used in these plays, are often to be met with in this series. Though the original possession of this MS. must be attributed to the Friars of Woodkirk, yet it seems very probable that some of these dramas were performed at Wakefield. Thus at the beginning of the first is written in a large hand "WALEFELDE" and "BERRERS," the meaning of which seems to be, that this Miracle-play was represented at the town of Wakelield by the company or fellowship of the Parkers or Tamers. To the second is prefixed "GEOVER PAG...," without the word Waliefield. The imperfect word seems to have been "Pagina." At the head of the third, we lind "WMiEEFELD," without the name of any frade. There are also two more allusions of the same lind. In the language as well as the style of this series, a diversity maty be perceived, arising, perhaps, from their not having proceeded from one hand, and from the collection having been made up partly of compositions striclly original, and parly of compositions from other similar collections *. The Miracle-play entitled Secumeln Pastorum, reprinted in this Collection, is, perhaps, the most singular religious drama, if such a term may be applied to it, now in existence. This series consists of thirty-two playst.

[^15]In what language the early Enģlish Miracleplays were written, is a subject of some uncertainty, and which is undoubtedly owing, in a great measure, to the destruction at the time of the Reformation of numbers of IISS. that savoured of Roman Catholicism *. If we consider, that the first piece of this lind we have an account of was written by a Frenchman, that William the Conqueror as well as his successors endeavoured to bring the French lamguage into zeneral use in England, and that till the reign of Etward III. this tongue was the prevailing one in Englandt, we shall have some reason for concluding that this was the langrage in which these performances were first written§. Several verses are to be found in these

Elizabeth. XII. Prima Pagina Pastorum. NIII. Sccunda Pagiua Pastorum. NIV: Oblatio Magorum. NV: Fugatio Joseph et Marie in Egyptum. NVI. Magmens Herodes. NVIT. Purificatio Marix. NVIII. Pagina Doctorum. NIX. Johames Baptivta. IN. Comspiratio el Captio. MII. Coliphizatio. NXII. Flagellatio. NMII. Processus Crucis. MXIV. Processus Talentorum. NXT. Extractio Animarum ab Inferno. XXVI. Resurrectio Domini. NXII. Peregrini. XXIII. Thomas Iodiæ. XMX. Iscensio Domini. XXX. Juditium. SXMI. Lazarus. XXXII. Suspensio Jude.

* Leland, the antiguary and one of the most enlightened men of his age, who was appointed by Heury VIIf. to search for and preserve such worlis as might rescue romarliable English events and occurrences from oblivion, was nevertheless a destroyer of MSS. that contaiued any reference to the peculiar doctrines of the Roman Catholic religion. He remarks, in a report, that one of his purposes in the examination of the difierent liberaries, was to expel the crafty coloured doctrine of a rowt of Liomayn bysilopps."
+ Ellis, Larly English Poets, vol. i. pp. 12:-196. cal. 181 I.
§ The Abbe de la Rue and Monsieur Chateaubriand are of opinion, that the first Miracle-play performed in Vingland was compered in Frencls. Eitudes sur les Mystires, par (Onésime le Roy, p. \%. ed. 1857. There has recently been discovered in the Royal Library at
plays in Latin, but it is no proof of their having been composed in that tongne: for it was a custom of the early English poets to interweave their pieces with lines in that language. It must, nevertheless, be remarked, that though the general opinion of English writers favours a French original in preference to a Latin, yet many reasons might be assigned to make it extremely doubtful; but as this is a subject on which authors are not agreed, it is useless, on the present occasion, to enter on a review of suppositions and theories, white engaged in the consideration of matters of fact*.

It has been already remarked, that Higden, supposed to be the author of the Chester series, was three times at Rome before he could obtain leave to have these plays in English, and not long afterwards a law was passed requiring eall pleas in the Courts of the King, or of any other lord, shall be pleaded in the English tongue t.o Man! of the

Paris a fragment of a play of the Resurrection in Anglo-Norman, and which is supposed to have been composed aboot the middle of the twelfth century. It was published in 185 年 by Monsieur A. Jubinal.

* The opinions of French writers on this point may be best gathered from Études suc les Mystères, par Onésime le Roy, Introduction, pp. IX, XM-MI, edit. 1856. and Mysteres inedits du quinzième siëcle par Achille Jubinal, Préface, pp. X-IIII edit. 185\%.
$\div 56$ th of Edward III. It appears probable, that previous to this period these dramas were written in Anglo-Norman, if not still earLier in Latin. Besides the Miraele-play in Anglo-Vorman mentioned in a former note (see p. ML\ note §', two others written in the same language have been lately discovered; one of them is by Hermann, an Anglo-Norman poet, who lived 1127-1170; the other by Arebbishop Langton. M. Raynonard has printed in bis Choix de poesies des Troubadours a Miracle-play - the wise and foolish Iirgins, a drama of the eleventh century written in Latin, French, and the language of Provence.
plays strengthen the supposition that they were originally written in French, at least show pretty plainly that some of them were translations from that language. In Le Wistere du viel Testament par persomayes, joné à Paris, printed by Antoine Verard about 1490 , but acted at a much earlier date, we find the following exclamation of Isatac:-

Mais vucillez moy les yeulx eachicr,
Aflin que le glaive ne voye;
Quant de moy vendres approchier, Peult étre que je fouyroye.

In the fourth play of the Chester series, we find these lines: -

Also, father, I pray you, hyde my eyen,
That I see not your sworde so lieene;
Your stroke, father, I would not see,
Least I agrainst it grill.
The fifth play of the same collection affords still further evidence to the same point: it relates to King Balali, and Balaam the prophet. In the French Mistère, the \ss, sorely beaten, thus addresses his rider: -

Baalam, suis je pas ta beste, Sur qui tu a toujours este, Tant en yver comme eu este? Te feiz jamais tell chose?

In the Chester play the passage occupies one line more: -

Ame not I, master, thyne owne asse,
To beare thee whether thou wilte passe,

11 Henry Vill., "Lusoribus cum adjutorio Conventus, 2s.:" - 12 Henry VIII., "Jocatoribus cum adjutorio Conventus, 2s.*"

Alhough we have shown that the clergy assisted in these performances, yet it does not appear that they had, at least in latter times, the chief hand in them. Such appears to have been the case at Chester, Yorli, and Neweaslle, where Niracleplays were performed by trading-companies, each guild undertating a portion of the performance, and sustaining a share of the expense. The authentie information regarding the extibition of the Corpus Christi plays at Coventry, extends from 1416 to 1391, and during the whole of that period there is not the slightest indication that the clergy in any way co-operated.

Miracle-plays were most probably at first exhibited in churehes. Some MSS. contain the direction, cume cuntu et orgomis, - a proof that they were acted in holy places. In the register of William of Wykehan, Bishop of Winchester, under the year 1584, an episcopal injunetion is recited against the exhibition of Spectacula in the cemetery of his cathedral $\%$. Burnet informs us, that Bonner, Bishop of London, issued a proclamation to the elergy of his diocese, dated 1312 , prohibiting "all manner of common plays, fames, or interludes to be played, set forth, or declared, within their churches, chapels, elc. §."

[^16]It is not very easy to give a clear and comed aceount of the merhanical contrivancers used in the representation of Nirache-plays, owing to the diflerent changes which mast from time Io lime have talien place in the manner of exhibitiog them in the earlier times, from the way in which they were acted in the sisteenth century. Sacred dramas, as we have already seen, were frequently represented in churehes, but with what assistance, eveept that of the choir and organ, we are ignorant. Thes were sometimes exhibited in a lied, as was the case in ISII, in the parish of Bassimborne, in Cambridgeshire; and we find in the play Mactatio Alod of the 'Towneley series, Cain al plough with a team of horses, which conld not have been shown on a seaflotd. In latter times they appear to have been fiequently represented on moreable stages. Arehdeacon Rogers, who died in 1393, and san the Miracle-plays acted in Chester, gives the following accomst of the way in wbich they were exhibited: "The maner of these playes weace, ever! compan! had his pagiant, wel pagiants weare a high seatolde with 2 rowmes, a higher and a lower, upon A whecles. In the lower they apparefled themselves, and in the higher rowme the played, beinge all open on the tope, that all behonlders might heare and see them. The places where they played them was in ever! streete. The! begane lirst at the Abay gates, and when the first pagiante was played, it was wheeled to the highe crosse before the Mayor, and so to every streete, and soe ever! streete had a pagiant playinge hefore hem at one time till all the pagiantes for the daye apposmed
"leare played, and when one paytiant was meere emded, worde was broughte from streete to streete, that soe they mighte eome in place thereot, exedinge wederlye and all the streetes have their pagiantes afore them all at one lime play cinge togeather: to se which playes was preat resorte, amd also scafoldes and stages matle in the streetes in those places where they determined to phaye theire pagiantes ".

Strull gives the following; deseriplion of the mamere of performing; these plays: - "In the carly dawn of litcrabure, and when the sacred H!steries were the onl theatribal performanese what is mow ratled the stage did then eronsist of theree several platforms or stages, rasised one alonere another; on the "ppermost sat the Pater Celestis, surrounded with his amgels: on the second appeared the hoty saints and ;olorified men; and the last and lowest was oceupiod by mere men, who had not yet passed from this tramsiter! life to the regions of eternity. On one side of this lowest platform was the resemblance of a darli pitch! cavern, from whence issued appearance of live and llames and when it was neeessanty the audienee were treated wilh hideons yellings and moises, as imitative of the howlings and eries of the wretehed sonds tormented by the retentless damons. From this awning eare the devils themselves constantly ascended, to delight and to instruet the spertators; to delight, heranse they were usually the greatest jesters and buffoons that then appeared; and to instruet, for that they treated

[^17]innallf?.
Ghof a lewed hi Therchastin filtess
Swonk dow
Toboldyringe trefiany unge
Sitrseft
Clanynge tomamenty nge thertidny Ghont.
Rekairyinge ye Verginthary, hefore thetynde imatiyng 4 . 8
a new cleylde inn a new Cleylde $\qquad$

- 'curinge a roke on the $D$ - $l$
"nuttinge a horme on hishede $\}$ " 6 gluylinge abyt no his tayle
the wretehed mortals, who were delivered to them, with the atmost eruelty, Warning thereby all men earelully to aroid the fillings into the chatehes of such hardened and remorseless spirits *."

The Pageants exhibited in Coventry by the diflerent guilds, were performed on moveahle seaffolds, as is plainly proved by numerous entries from 1430 to 1391 , which are still to be read in the accounts of their expenses, and which may be seen in the worlz of Sharpt. 'The Cappers' Company had twelve, and the Drapers' ten men, to draw their scaflolds. Only one instance oceurs of horses having been employed, and that is in the records of the Drapers' Company for 139) , the last sear in which they performed.

The accounts of the various guilds contain entries of sums paid for machinery, deesses, ete., which tend to throw some light on the way in which these Pageants were represented. The subjeet of the Smith's Pageant was the Trial, Comdemnatiou, and Crucifixion of Christ, as will appear from the following list of Characters, Machinery, ete. collected from various entries of charges in the records of this company between 14/9 and 1B8B, the last year of their exhibiting: -

## CHARACTERS.

| God, sometimes desus. | Peter and Malchus. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Caryphas. | Annar. |
| Ileroude. | Pilate. |
| Pilates Wife. | Pilates Son. |

[^18]| The licatle. | 2 linights. |
| :--- | :--- |
| The bevil. | ( Tormentors. |
| Jutas. | 2 Irinces, A. 1). 1490 onls. |

## MICHINERY. ete.

The Cross wilh a liope to draw it up, and a Curtain hamging hefore it.
Gilding the Dillat and the Cross.
2 Pair of Gallows.
4 Scorses and a Dilar.
sciflold.
Fiames lo the Paspant.
Nending of Imagery oceurs 1 4 46 ).
A Standard of red linelram.
Two red ICusiles of Cloth painted, and silk Fringe.
Iron fo hold up the Streamere.

DRESSES , etc.
4 Cowns and Hoods for the Tormentors. - (These are afterwards deseribed as Jackets of black buckram with mails and dice upon them.) Other 4 gowns with damask llowers; also 2 dachets party red and black.
2 Ditres (for Ciryphas and Annas).
A Rochet for one of the Bishops.
Golls Coat of white leather, $\mathbf{6}$ slins.
A Staff for the Demon.
2 Spears.
Gloves (IS pair at once).
Herod's Crest of Iron.
Seatlet Hoods and a T'irhard.
Hats and Caps.
Cheverel [Pernloc] for God.
E) Cheverels and a Beard.

2 Cheverels gilt for desus aml Peter.
Fanlehion for Merod.
Scarlet Gurn.
Maces.

Girdle for God.
A new Sudere [the veronica] for God.
A Seldall [seat] for God.
Sceptres for Herod and his Son.
Poleaxe for Pilate's Son.

## TIIE EXPENSES FOR I490, VERBATIM.

This is the expens of the furste reherse of our players in ester weke.
Inprimis in Brede . . . . . . iiij ${ }^{\text {d }}$
Itm in Ale . . . . . . . . riijd
Itm in kechyn . . . . . . . xiijd
Itm in Vyuegre . . . . . . $\mathrm{j}^{\text {d }}$
Itm payd at the Second Reherse in Whyttsonweke in brede, Ale and kechyn. . . ij" iiij ${ }^{1}$
Itm for drynkyge at the pagent in having
forthe in Wyne and ale . . . . vijd
Itm in the mornynge at diner and at Sopper
in Costs in Brede . . . . . vija
Itm for ix ģalons of Ale . . . . . xviij ${ }^{d}$
Itm for a Ryble of befe and $\mathbf{j}$ gose . . . $\mathrm{y}^{\mathrm{d}}$
Itm for liechyu to dener and sopp . . . $\mathrm{ij}^{\text {s }} \mathrm{ij}^{d}$
Itm for a Ryblbe of befe . . . . . iij ${ }^{\text {d }}$
Itm for a quarte of wyne . . . . . $\mathrm{ij}^{\mathrm{d}}$
Itm for an other quarte for heyrynge of procula is gowne
$\mathrm{ij}^{1}$
Itm for gुlores . . . . . . . $\mathrm{ij}^{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{yj}^{\mathbf{d}}$
Itm spend at the repellynge of the pagantte
and the expences of havinge it in and furthe xiiijd ${ }^{d}$
Itm in paper . . . . . . . ob.
Md payd to the players for corpus xisti daye.
Iuprimis to God . . . . . . $\mathrm{ij}^{\mathbf{s}}$
Itm to Cayphas . . . . . . iijs iiijd ${ }^{d}$
Itm to Meroule . . . . . . iijs iij $^{\text {d }}$
Itm to Pilatt is wyffe . . . . . ii ${ }^{\text {s }}$
Itm to the Bedull . . . . . . iiijd
Itm to one of the Kiaights . . . . ijs
Itm to the devyll and to Judas . . . xviijd ${ }^{\text {d }}$

| Itm to Petur and malchus |  |  |  |  |  | $x v j^{\text {d }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lisil to Auna |  |  |  |  |  | ij ${ }^{\text {s }}{ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| Iim to Pilate | . |  |  |  |  | iiij ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| Iim to Pilatte is somne |  |  |  |  |  | iij ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| Ifon to an other livighte |  |  |  |  |  | ij ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| Iim to the Mynsicell |  |  |  |  |  | x iiij $^{\text {d }}$ * |

Minstrels appear to have taken no inconsiderable part in these performances, for we find them very frequently assisting in their execution. It is, however, impossible to discover at what time they forst performed in these exbibitions, as the earliest MS. we have of these sacred dramas is not much older than the middle of the fifteenth century; though if we may judge from the popularity of minstrels in England, even as eady as the Conquest, it is not at all improbable that they assisted at a very early period. In the second play of the Chester series, "mynstrells playinge" is noted in the margin not less than four times; and in the eighth play of the same series they also talie part in the exccution of the picce. The accounts of the Trading Companies of Coventry contain many entries of stums of money paid to minstrels between the years 1430 and 1390 . It seems not improbable that they, besides performing in their peculiar qualify, acted such parts as requined to be sung, which certainly would be very appropriate for them, and could not have been well performed without their assistance.

We meet often with the character of God in these dramas, and this, according to on, ideas, appears to be highly improper and even irreverent.

[^19]It must, however, he considered, that as one of the designs of Miracle - plays was to instruct the people in the Seriptures, this character was partly necessary; at least our forefathers could have seen no great impropriety in it, or they would not have admitted it in these performances to the extent they did. It is worthy of remark, that in the accounts of the Cappers' Company of Coventry for 13363 , the following entry is found: - "llm payd to God..... sijd," which is the more singular as it occurs some years after the Reformation was effected in England. This does not, however, at all prove, that even at that time when there was a greater sense of propriety prevalent, it was considered by any irreligious; for we must recollect that these plays were generally performed every year, so that persons accustomed to behold them from their earliest infancy, did not perceive those improprieties, which would have occurred to others differently circumstanced.

A character even more irreverent than the foregoing was the Holy Ghost, who, though sometimes represented as a dove, was occasionally as a homan figure. The eleventh play of the Chester series has this personage. The following entries, which are to be found in the books of the Cappers' Company, prove that the Holy Ghost was represeuted by a real person: -

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Itm payd to the sprytt of god } \\
& \text { Itm payd for the spret of gods cote . . . } \\
& \text { Itm payd for the mal:ng of the same cote } \\
& \text { Itm payd for ij yardes and halfe of bocham } \\
& \text { ijijd } \\
& \text { to make the spy its cote . }
\end{aligned}
$$

Or all the various characters that played in these religious dramas, no one appears to have acted so prominent a part as the Devil. This can be easily accounted for, as he seems clearly to have been the harleguin in Miracle-plays, and therefore a great favorite with the spectators. It is not urlikely, from the extracts given by Sharpe*, that he was usually represented with horns, a very wide mouth (by means of a mask), staring eyes, a large nose, a red beard, cloven leet, a tail; and was firnished with a grood thick club.

Several of the pieces of the Chester and Coventry series have characters named Expositor, Doclor, and Coutemplation, whose oflice appears to have been to deliver a prologue, epilogne, or, as is the case in the thirteenth play of the last mentioned series, to make remarlis on what passes. The following is the epilogue to this drama, which is spolien by Contemplation, and is curious on accomt of the introduction of a momber of persons with English names, who are summoned to appear before the Rishop; as well as thal it informs us, in the seventh verse, that money was collected for the performances. It is necessary to remarli, in order to understand correelly the first and last verses, that the following play is The Trial of Mary and Joseph.

Avoyd, sers, aml lete my lorde the busehop come,
And syt in the courte the lawes for to doo;
And I schall gon in this place them for to somowne,
The that ben in my book, the court ye must eom too.

[^20]I warne youl here all a bowle,
That I somown you, all the rowte.
Loke ye fayl for no dowte
At the court to pere:
Both John Jurion, and Gelliry Gyle,
Malky Mylkedoke, and fayr Mabyle,
Steryn Sturdy, and Jak at the style,
And Sawdyr satelere.
Thom Tynker, and Betrys belle,
Peyrs Potter, and Whatt at the welle,
Symme Smalfeyth, and Rate lielle,
And Bertylmew the boeher.
liytt cakeler, and Colett crane,
Gylle fetyse, and fayr Jane,
Powle pewter, and Pinel prane,
And Phelypp the grood fleceher.
Cok erane, and Davy drydust,
Luce Lyer, and Lelyce lytyl trust,
Miles the miller, aud colle crake erust, Both bette the baker, and Rohyn Rede.

And loke ye rynge wele in yowr purs,
For cllys yowr cawse may spede the wurs,
Thow that ye slynge grodlys eurs,
Eryn at myn hede.
Bothe Bontyng the browster, and Sylyly Slynge.
Megrge Mery wedyr, and Sahyn Surynge,
Tyffany Twynkeler, fayle for no thynge;
Fast com a way
The courte schal be this day:
Several of the Miracle-plays are founded on the New Testament $\mathbf{\Lambda}_{\text {pocryphial. This is more es- }}$ pecially the case with those of the Coventry scries, of which eight owe their origin In this somree. In

## L.

the eighth play of this series, Amme's Pregmaney, Jouchim siays,

So shulde every curat, in this werde wyde, Geve a part to his channcel, I wys;
A part to his parocheners, that to povert slyde:
The thyrd part to kepe for hym and his.
In the New Testament \poerypha we find in the book of Mary, Chap. I. v. $\overline{\text { E }}$. Their lives were plain and right in the sight of the Lowd, pious and faultess before men. For they divided all their substance into three parts: 1. One of which they devoted to the temple and oflicers of' the temple; another they distributed amongs stramers, and persons in proor circumstances; and the hiod they reserved for themselves and the uses of their own family.

In the ninth play, Mury in the Temple, the Bishop says,

A gracyous lord! this is a mervelyous thynge
That we se here all in syght,
A babe of thre yer age so zyoge,
To come vp these greeys so vp right; It is an hey meracle.

The parallel passage is in the book of Mary, Chap. 1V. v. A. The pareats of the blessed Virgin and infant Mary put her won one of these stairs; b. But while they were pulting off their clothes, in which they had travelled, and according to custom putting on some that were neat and elean. 6. In the mean lime the Virgion of the Lord in such a manner weat up all the stais's one after
another, without the help of any to lead her or lift her, that any one would have judged from hence, that she was of perfect age.

In the fourteenth play, the Trial of Joseph and Mary, the Rishop says,

Her is the botel of Goddys venģeauns;
This drnyli shall be now thi purgacion.

We find in the book of Protevan, Chap. XI. v. 17. But he wept bitterly, and the priest added, I will cause you both to drink the water of the Lord, which is for trial, and so your iniguity shall be laid open before you.

The New Testament Apocrypha has been used not only in the compilation of the Coventry series, but also in the Chester and Townely. The Descent of Christ into Hell, founded upon the apoeryphal gospel of Nicodemus, forms part of each of these three collections. There can be litule doubt, that the Apocrypha was chosen by the writers of these plays as best suited to the barbarous ages in which they appeared, from its containing more improbabilities and absurdities.

The feeling of propriety that our ancestors entertained was certainly rather of a lax kind, which is seen from the contents of many of these plays, but especially from the stage directions to the second play of the Chester series. This drama comprised the creation, temptation and fall: after this event the direction in the margin is, that Adam and Eve shall cover genitalia sua cum foliis, whereas
until then stabumt muli, et nom "erecumabuntur *. Perhaps our forefathers thought it no indecency to give such representations, considering they had the authority of seripture for such exhihitions; but it must nevertheless strike us as not a little extraordinary, that at least as late as the close of the sisteenth century such seenes were to be found in England. We learn this fact from a play entitled The Travailes of the three Enylish Brothers, 1607. Ato., of which the following is an extract.

Scruant.
Sir, heres an Englishman desires accesse to you.

> Sir Authony Shirley.

An Englishman whats his name.

## Seruant.

He calls himselfe liempe.

> Sir Anthomy Shirley.

Kemp, bid him come in, welcome honest Will, and how doth all thy fellowes in Englamd.

## Liempe.

Why like good fellowes when they hane no money, liue vpon credit.

> Sir Authony Shiriley.

And what good new Plays hane you.

[^21]Woman ley this leff on thi pryyte,
And with this leff I shall hyde me.

Fiempe.
Many idle toyes, but the old play that Adam and Eue acted in hare action ruder the figge tree drawes most of the Gentlemen*.

In whatever light we may be disposed to view Miracle-plays, there can be no doubt that the public exhibition of them was attended with several beneficial effects. They were very useful in the civilisation of the people, from their bringing together all classes, and giving them a taste for other amusements than those which required only strength and prowess, and must moreover have been highly valuable in an age when few could read, as a means of instructing the people in the truths of Christianity.

[^22]
## CIIESTER

MIRACLE - PLIYS.

## THEDELIGE.

## Deus.

A God that all the World have wrought Heaven, Earth, and all of nonght, I see my people, in deede and thought, Are fowle rotted in synue.

My Ghost shall not lenge in man, That through fleshlie liling is my fone:
But till vi skore yeares be gone, To loke if they will blynne.

Manne that I made I will destroy;
Brast, worme, and fowle to flie:
For on earthe they doe me noye, The folke $y^{t}$ is thereon.

For it harmes me so hartfullic The malyce now that can multeply, That sore me greves, inwardlie, That ever I made manne.

Therfore Noe, my servant free, That righteous man art, as I see, A shipp sone thou shalt make the, Of trees drye and light.

Little chambers therein thon make, And loynding slich a?so thou take: W'hin and out, thon ne slake To anoynte it through all thy might.
$\mathbf{5 0 0}$ Cubytes it shall be longe,
And so of brealeth, to make it strong,
Of heighte so, the mest thon fonge, Thus measure it about.

One Window worch through thy might, One cubyte of length and breadeth make it: Upon the syile a dore shall fit, For to come in and out.

Eatinge places thon make also, Three rowfed chambers, one or two: For wit water I thinke to stowe Man that I can make.

Destroyed all the Work shall be, Save thon, thy Wife, thy sonnes thre; And all their Wives, also, wh the, Shall saved be for thy salie.

Noe.
Ah Lord! I thanke the, lowd and still, That to me art in such will; And spares me and my house to spill, As now I sothlie fynd.

Thy bydding, Lord, I shall fulfill, And never more the greeve, ne grill, That suche grace has sent me till, Among all mankinde.

Have done yow men and women aill;
Heppe, for ought that may befall, To worke this shipp, chamber and hall, As God hath bydiden vs doe.

Sem.
Father, I am alrealy bowne, Anue axp I have, by my erowne!

As sharpe as any in all this tonne,
For to gre thereto.

## Ham.

I have a hatchet, wonder kene, To byte well, as may be scene, A better grownden, as I were, Is not in all this townes.
duplet.
Amd I can well make a pro,
Ant with this hammer lanocke yt in;
Gee and worehe, w'hout more dyne,
Ant I am ready bowie.
For Noe.
Aud we shall bring tymber, to For women nothing els toe; Women be wale to undergoes
Any great travale.
Igor Sem.
Here is a good haclistolic;
On this you must hew and linoch:
Shall non be ill in this flock,
Ne now may no man file.
xor Ham.
And I will gee to gather slicker,
The ship for to clean and piche:
Anoynted it must be, every stich,
Boart, (rec, and pya.
Fiver Japhet.
Ant I will gather chippes here
To make a fire for yow, in feer,
And for to dight jor dyer,
Against yow come in.
[Tine facinnt sigma quasi laborarent cum diversis instrumentis.]

Noe.
Now, in the name of God, I will begin To make the shippe that we shall in, That we be realy for to swym At the coming of the fioode.

These buriles I joyne togetter, To keep vs safe from the wedder, That we may rome both hither and thider, And safe be from this floode.

Of this tree will I have the mast Tyde $w^{\text {th }}$ gables that will last; Wha a sayle yarde for each blaste, And each thing in the limde.

With topeas he and hew sprytt, Whe coardes and ropes I hold all meete To sayle forth at the next weete. This shipp is at an cule.

Noe.
Wife, in this castle we shall be keped: My childer and thou I wold in leaped!

Voor Noe.
In faith, Noe, I had as lief thou had slepped, for all thy franlishlfare,
For I will not doe after thy red.
Noe.
Good Wife doe as I the lydd. I'xor Noe.
By Christ not, or I see more neede, Though thon stand all the day and save. Noe.
Lord, that women be crabbed aye!
And never are meke, that dare I saye. This is well sene ly me to daye, In witness of you each one.
Good wife, let be all this beere That thou makes in this place here,

For all they wene thou art master:
And so thou art, by St. John!

## Deus.

Noc, take thou thy meanye,
And in the shippe hye that you be,
For none so righteous man to me
Is now on earth lyvinge.
Of cleane beastes wth the thou talie
Seaven and seaven, or thou slake,
Here and shee make to make
Belyve in that thou bringe.
Of beastes meleane two and two,
Male and female, without moe;
Of cleane fowles seaven alsoc,
The hee and shee together.
Of fowles uncleane two, and no more;
Of beastes as I said before:
That shall be saved throughe my lore,
Against I send the wedder.
Of all meates that must be eaten
Into the ship lole there be getten,
For that no way may be forycten,
And doe all this by deene.
To sustayne man and beastes therein,
Aye, till the waters cease and blyn.
This world is filled full of symne,
Aud that is now well sene.
Seaven dayes be yet cominge,
You shall have space them into hringe;
After that, it is my lyking
Mankinde for to noye.
Forty dayes and forty nightes,
Rayne shall fall for their unrightes,
And that i have made through my mighte,
Now think I to destoye.

Noe.
Lord, at youre byddinge I am bayne, Sith non other grace will grayne,
Hit will I fulfill fayne,
For gracious I the fynde.
A hundred wynters and twenty
This shipp making tarried have I:
If, through amendment, any mercye
Wolde fall vnto mankinde.
Have done, you men and women all; Hye you, lest this water fall, That each beast were in his stall And into ship broughte.

Of cleane beastes seaven shall be, Of vicleane two, this God bade me; This floode is nye well may we see, Therefore tary you noughte.

Sem.
Syrr, here are lyons, libardes in, Horses, mares, oxen, and swyne, Goates, calves, sheepe, and line, Here sitten thou may see.

Ham.
Camels, afses, men may finde, Buck, doc, harte and hyode, And beastes of all manner kinde, Here bene, as thinckes mee.

Juphet.
Take here caltes and doggs to,
Otter, fox, fulmart also;
Hares, hopping gaylie, can yee
Have cowle here for to eate.
I'ior Noe.
And here are beares, wolfes sett, Apes, owles, marmoset;

Weesells, squirrles, and ferret,
Here they eaten their meate.
Vxor Sem.
Yet more beastes are in this house!
Here cattes maken in full crowse;
Here a ratten, here a mouse,
They stand nye together.
Ixor Ham.
And here are fowles les and more,
Hearnes, erames, and hyltour,
Swans, peacocks, have them before!
Meate for this wedder.
Fior Japhet.
Here arr cocks, kites, crowes,
Rookes, ravens, many rowes;
Cuckoes, curlewes, whoso knows,
Each one in his linde.
And here are doves, diggs, drakes,
Redshankes, luming throngh $\mathrm{y}^{\mathrm{e}}$ lakes,
And rach fowle that ledden makes,
In this shipp men may finde.
In the stage direction the sons of Noah are enjoined to mention aloud the names of the animals which enter; a representation of which, painted on parchment, is to be carried by the actors.

Nioe.
Wife, come in, why standes thou there?
'Thou art ever forward, that dare I sweare:
Come on Gods half, lyme yt were,
For feare lest that we drowne.

> Ixor Noe.

Vea Syr, set up yor sayle,
And rowe forth whe evill heale,
For, whout any fayle,
I will not out of this tonne.

But I have my gossips everichin,
One foote further I will not gone;
They shall not drowne, by St. John!
And I may sare their lyfe.
They loved me full well, by Christ!
But thou wilt let them in thy chist, Els rowe forth, Noe, whither thou list, And get thee a new wife.

Noe.
Sem, some loe thy mother is wraw; Forsooth, such another I do not know!

Sem.
Father, I shall sett her in, I trow, Without any fayle.

Mother, my father after thee send, And bydds thee into yonder ship wend: Loke vp and se the wynde, For we be realy to sayle. Fxor Noe.
Sonne, goe againe to him, and say, I will not come thereis to daye!

Noe.
Come in, wife, in twenty devills waye; Or els stand whout.

IItm.
Shall we all fetche her in?
Noe.
Yea, sonnes, in Christs blessinge and myne,
I wolde you hyde you betyme, For of this flood I am in donbte.

Japhet.
Mother, we pray yow altogether, For we are hare, yor ehilder; Come into the ship fore feare of the wedder, For his love that you boughte.

Ivor Noe.
That will I not for yor call, But if I have my grossips all. Gossip.
The tlood eomes in fill theetinge fast,
On every side it breateth in hast;
For leare of drowning 1 am agast:
Good gossip, let me eome in!
Or let is drinclie, or we depart,
For often tymes we hase done soe;
Fur at a time thou drimelies a puarte,
And so will I or that I gree.
Sem.
In feyth, mother, yet you shall, Whether you will or not?
[Tunc ibit.]
Noe.
Welcome, wife, into this boate!
Ixor Noe.

And have thou that for thy note!
[Et dat alapam victa.]
Noe.
Aha! marry this is hote!
It is grood to be still.
A childer! methinkes this boate removes!
Our tarrying here hugclie me greses!
Over the lande the water spredes!
God doe as he will!
Ah, great Ciod! thous ant so grood!
Now all this world is on a flood!
As I see well in sighte.
This window will I steatie amon.
And into my chamber will I gone,
Till this water, st greate one,
Be slalied throughe thy mighte.

Noal, according to the stage directions, is now to shut the windows of the ark, and retire for a short time. He is then to chaumt the psalm, Salva me, Domine! and afterwards to open them and look out.

Now forty dayes are fullic gone, Send a raven I will anone; If aught were earth, tree, or stone, Be drye in any place.

And if this fowle come not againe, It is a signe, soth to sayne, That drye it is on hill or playne, Aud God hath done some grace.
A raven is now despatched.
Ah Lord! wherever this raven lic,
Somewhere is drye well I see;
But yet a dove, by my lewtye, After I will sende.

Thon wilt turn againe to me, For of all fowles that may llye, Thou art most meke and hend.
The stage direction enjoins here that another dove shall be ready with an olive branch in its mouth, which is to be dropt, by means of a cord, into the hand of Noah.

Ah, Lord! blefsed be thou aye,
That me hast comfort thens to daye!
By this sight, I may well saye, This flood begimes to cease.

My sweete doue to me brought hase
A branch of olyue from some place;
This betokeneth Goil has done ws some grace,
And is a signe of peace.
Ah, Loril! honoured most thou be!
All earthe dryes now I see;

But yet tyll thou commande me.
Hence will I not hye.
All this water is alwaye.
Therefore, as some as 1 maye
Sacryfiee I shall doe in finge
To The devoutlye.

## Deus.

Noe, take thy wife anone,
And thy rhilder every one,
Out of the shippe thon shalt fone,
And they all with thee.
Beastes, and all that can flie,
Ont anon they shall hye,
On earth to grow and multeplye:
I will y'yt be soe.

## Voe.

Lord. I thank the, through thy might,
Thy bydding shatl be done in hight,
And, as fast as I may dighte.
I will doe the honoure.
And to the oller sacryfice,
Therefore comes in all wise,
For of these beastes that bene hise
Offer I will this stower.
〔Tune eqrediens archí cum totu familia sua aceipiet animaliu sua et volueres, et afferet eat et mactabit.]

Lord God, in majesty,
That such prace has graunted me,
When all was borne safe to be,
Therefore now I am boune.
My wife, my childer, my meanye.
With sacryfice to honour the
With beastes, fowles, as thou may se,
I offer here right sone.

## Deus.

Noe, to me thon arte full able, And thy sacryfice acceptable, For I have found the true and stable, On the now must I myn.

Warry earth will I no more,
That manns synue $y^{t}$ greves sore,
For of youth manfull yore
Has byn enclyned to synue.
You shall now grow and multeply,
And earth you edefie:
Each beast and fowle $y^{t}$ may flic
Shall be afrayd for yow.
And fishe in sea $\mathrm{y}^{\mathrm{t}}$ may flytte
Shall susteyne yow - I yow behite:
To eate of them yow ne lell
That cleane bene you may knowe.
There as yow have eaten before
Grasse and rootes, sith you were hore,
Of cleane beastes, les and more,
Heve you leave to eate.
Safe bloode and fishe bothe in feare
Of whong deal carren that is bere, Lates not of that in no mancre, For that aye you shall lett.

Manslamghter also yow shall flet, For that is not pleasant to mee, That shedes bloorle, he or shee, Ought where amonge mankinde.

That shedes bloode, his bloode shall be,
And vengence hane, that men shall se;
Therefore now beware now all yee You fall not in that syme.

And forwarde now with yow I make, And all thy seede, for thy salie,

Of' suche vengenee for to slake.
For now I have my will.
Here I behet the a behest,
That man, woman, fowle, ne beaste, With water, while the worlde shall laest, I will no more spill.

My bowe betwene yow and me In the firmament shall bee, By verey tokens, that you may se, That such vengence shall cease.

That man, ne woman, shall never more, Be wasted by water, as is before, But for synne, that greveth sore, Therefore this vengence was.

Where elondes in the welkin bene, That ilke bowe shall be sene, In tokennge that my wrath or tene, Shold never this wroken bee.

The stringe is turned toward yow, And toward me bend is the bowe, That such wedder shall never showe, And this behet I the.

My blessinge now I geve the here, To the, Nor, my servant dere, For vengence shall no more appeare;
And now farewell, my darling decre!

## ANTICHRIST.

## Anlichris/ns.

De celso throno poli, pollens elarior sole, Ige vos monstrare, deseendi vos judicare. Reges et priucipes sunt subditi sulb me venientes.
Sitis sapientes, vos semper in me eredentes,
Et faciam llentes gaudere atque dolentes.
Sic omnes gentes gaulebunt in me sperantes.
Deseendo presens rex pius et perlnstrator;
Primeeps eterms voeor, Christus vester salvator.
All lordes in lamde now belighte
That will be ruled thronghoul the righte.
Vour sayyour now, in your sighte,
Here may yon safely see.
Messias, Christr, and most of mighte,
That in the law was you beheight,
All manliynde to joye , to dighte,
Is comen, for $I$ am hee.
Of me was spoken, in prophesye
Of Moyses, Davil, and Esay:
I am he they call Messy,
Forelyer of Israell.
Those that leeven on me stearlfastly
I shall them save from anny;
And joy, righte as have I,
U'th them I think to deal.
But one hath ligged me here in lante,
Jesu he hight, I understande;
To further falsehood he cane founde,
And farde with fantayse.
His wikednes he woulde not wounde,
Tell he was taken and put in bande,

And slayne thronghe vertue of my sounde;
This is soth seekerly.
My people of Jewes he could twayne,
That there lande came the never in ;
Then one them mow must I myne,
And restore them agayne.
To bayde this temple will I not blyne,
As God honoured be therein:
And endlesse wayle I shall them wye,
All that to me bene bayne.
One thinge me glades, be you boulde,
As Danyell the prophett before me tolde,
All women in worlde me love shoulde,
And there fayrenes to founde.
What say you kings, that here bene lente?
Are not my wordes at your assente?
That I am Christe omnipotente,
Leeve you not this eich one? Primus Rex.
We leeven, Lorde, without let,
That Christe is not comen yel;
If thon be he, thou shal be sel
In temple as God alone. Secundus Rex.
If thon be Christe, called Messy,
That from our bale shall us lye,
Dor hefore us, masterye,
A signe that we may see. Tercius Rex.
Then will I leeve that it is soc,
If thou doe wounders or thou goe;
Soe that thou save us from wo,
Then honoured shalte thou be.
Quartus Rex.
Houle have we leeved many a yeare,
And of our weyninge many a weare;

And thou be Christe nowe comen here, Then maye thou stynte all stryffe.

## Autichrishus.

That I am Christe, and Christe will be,
By verye sigues you shall see;
For dead men through my postee
Shall rise from death to life.
Now will I torne all, through my mighte,
Trees downe, the rootes uprighte;
That is marwayl to your sighte, That frute growing upon.

Soe shall the groe and multeplye,
Through my mighte and my masterye :
I put you out of heresye,
Ty leeve me upon.
And bodyes that bene deat and slayne,
Yf I maye rayse them up agayne,
Then honour me with mighte and mayne,
Then shall no man you greeve.
Forsoth, then, after will I dye,
And rise agayne, throughe my postee;
If I maye doe this marvelously,
I red ye one me leeve.
Men buryed in graves you maye see,
What mastery, is now hope ye
To rayse them up, throughe my postee,
And all throughe myne accorde.
Whether I in my godhead be
By very signes you shall see:
Rise up, dead men, and honour me,
Aul know me for your Lorde.
[Here the dead rise from their graves.]
Prinus DIoriues.
O lorde, to the I aske mercye !
I was dead but nowe live:

Now wott I well and witterly,
That Christe is hether come.

## Secundus Morturs.

$\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{m}$ honowr wo and all men, Deroutly line clinge one our lien; Worshipped be thom there, amen!
Christ our name is comen.
Anticluristus.
That I shall fulfill wholly wryten.
lou shall wott and bnowe well it;
For It an wall, weale, and wyth, Amil lorde of every lande.

And as the propleet, Sophany,
Speaketh of me, fill witterly,
I shall reharse reallely,
That elearke shall understande.
Now will I dip that you shall see,
And rise agayne, through my poster;
I will in grave that yon put me,
And worshipp me alone.
For in this temple a tombe is mate,
There in my bodye shalle layde;
Then will I rise as I have sayde;
Take teene to me cieh one.
And after my resmrrection,
Then will I sit in greate renowne,
Aml my ghost send to yon downe
In fiome of fiere, fill some.
I dye! I dye! mon ame I dead.
Primus Rex.
Now, seyth this worthy lorde is dead,
And his grave is $w^{\text {th }}$ us leade.
To take his bodye, it is my read.
Aml bury it in a grave.

## Secumalus Rex.

For soth, and soe to us he sayde,
In a tombe he woulde be layde;
Now goe we forth all in abreade,
From disease he maye us save.
[Then they pass over to Antichrist.]
Tercins Rex.
Take wo the hodye of this sweete,
And bury it low moder the greete;
Now lorde comforte us! we the bescelie!
And sende us of thy grace.
Quatus Rex.
And yf he rise sone throught his mighte,
From death to life, as he beheighte,
IIym will I honour daye and nighte,
As God in every place.
[They nou, aseend from the tomb to the surfuce of the eath.]

Primus lkex.
Now wott I well that he is dead, For now in grave we have him layde; If he rise, as he hath sayde, He is full of great mighte.

Secumilus Rex.
I eannot leeve hym upon,
But yf he rise hym selfe alone,
As he hath sayde to many one,
And shew hym here in sighte.
Tercins Rex.
Toll that my savyour be risen agayne,
In fayth my harte mayr not lie fayne.
Tell I hym see wilh joye.

## Quartus Rex.

I must mourne with all my mayne, Tell Christe be risen up agayne;

And of that mirrackle make us feignos,
Rise uf, lorde, that we may see!
[IIcre . Intichrist rises fiven the drad.]
Autichristus.
I rise, now reverence doe to me .
God gloryfyed reated of degreere,
If I be Christe, now leave you me
And worlie after my wise.
Primus Rex.
() lorde, weleome mayst thou be!

That thom art grood now leeve we;
Therefore goe sit up in thy see,
And keep our sacryfier.
[Here they go over to Antichrist, und sacrifice to иін.]

Secturlus Rex.
For suth in seat thou shatte be set
And honoured with lande greate,
As Moyses law that lasteth yet,
As he hath satyde before.
Tercius /hex.
() ;racious lorde! goe siht dawne then,

And we shall lamed pron one ken
And worshippe the, as thyne owne men,
And worke after thy lorde.
[Ifre . Intichrist aseceds the throne.|
(Vucturs Rex.
Hother we be eomen, with good intentr,
To make our sacryfliee, Jorde exelente!
With this lambe that I hase here hente.
Fincelinge the before.
Iutichuistus.
I Lorde, I Gool, I High Justiere,
I Christe that made the dead to rise:
Here I recerive your servfliee,
And hlesse you lleshe and fell.

I will now sende my Holy Ghost, You kinges also you I tell To lnowe me love, of mighte most Of heaven, carth and hell.
[Here his ghost descends.]
Severales Reges.
A God, a Lorde, mickle of mighte, This Holy Ghost is in us pighte;
Me thinkes my haste is very lighte
Seth it came into me.
Primus Rex.
Lorde, we thee honour day and night,
For thou shewest us in sighte,
Right as Moyses us beheighte, Honoured must thou be.

Antichristus.
Vet worthy workes, to your will,
Of phrophesye I shall fulfill,
As Danyell phrophesyed untill
That landes should devyse.
You linges I shall advannee you all,
And because your regions be but small,
Cities, eastells, shall you befall,
With townes and towers gaye.
And the gyftes I shal beheight
You shall have, as is good righte,
Hense ere I goe out of your sighte,
Eich one shall knowe his dole.
To the I gyve Lomberdy;
And to the Demarke and Hongarye;
And take thon Pontus and Italy;
And Rome it shal be thyne.
Secundus Rex.
Grante mereye, Lorde, your gyfts to daye,
Honom we will the alway";

For we were merer so ribhe, in fiye.
Nor mon of all our liyne.
tulichristus.
Therefore. ber trow and steadfast aye
And truely lepres on my law,
For I will harken ono you to daye,
Slydfasl yf you I fyuld.
Eunche.
All mighty Grod, in majesty,
That made the heaven and earth to hee.
Fier, water, stomme, athl tree.
And man through thy mighte.
The poyntes of thy privity,
Any earthly man to see,
Is impossible, as thinkes me,
Or any worldy wighte.
Gracions Lorde, that art soe good,
That who soe longe in fleshe and bloude,
Math granted lifo and heanenly food,
Let never our thought he defiled.
Bul ferve us, Lordr, mighte and mayne,
Or wee of this slaew he slaybu.
To converte thy people agayne,
That he hath thus detiled.
Synee first the worlde hegane.
Through helpe of high heavenly Ninge,
I have lived in greate libeinge
In Parradiz $w^{\text {th }}$ ont antore.
Trll we harde tationing
Of this therfles cominge,
That now on rarth is repigningre,
And doth Gedes folkes destroye.
To Parrarliz talien I was that Iydo,
This thefes eominge to abyile,
And Ifely my brother here by sydre
Wias after sente 10 me .

With this champion we must chide, That now in worlde walketh wyde, To disprove his pompe and pride, And payer all his postec.

Helyas.
O Lorde, that madest all thinge,
And longe hath lente us livinge,
Let never the devills power springe,
That man hath hym with in.
God gyve you grace, bonth oulde and youge,
To know deceate in his doinge,
That you may come to that likeinge
Of blys that never shal blyne.
I warne you all men, witterly,
This is Enocke, I am Hely,
Bene comen his errours to destroy,
That he to you now shewes.
He ealles hym self Christe and Messi,
He lyes, for soth, apertely;
IIe is the Devill, you to anoye,
And for non other hym knowe. Primus Rex.
Amen, what speake ye of Hely
And Enocke, the bene bouth in company,
Of our bloude the bene witterly,
And we hene of their kyne.
Quartus Rex.
We readen in bookes of our law, And they to heaven were drawe,
And yet bene there is the common sawe,
Wrytten as men in aye fynde.
Enocke.
We bene those men, for soth, I wrys,
Comen to tell you doe amysse,
And bringe your soules to heaven blisse,
Yf $\mathbf{y}^{\mathbf{k}}$ were any boote.

## Helyas.

This devilles lyme that eomen is, That sayth heaven and carth is his; Nowe we be ready, leeve you this, Agaynst hym for to mote.

Primus Rev.
If that we here wytt mone
By profles of disputacion
That yon have slill and reason,
With you we will alyde.

## Secundus Rex.

If your skills may doe hym downe, To dye with you we will be boune,
In hope of salvacion,
Whatsoever betyde.

## Enocke.

To doe hym downe we shall assaye
Through mighte of Jesee, borne of a mayr,
By righte aud reason, as you shall say,
And that shall well here.
And for that eanse hether we be sente
By Jesu Christe, omnipotente,
And that you shall not allbe shente,
He bought you all full deare.
Be grlade therefore and make grood cheare, -
And I doe reade as I doe leare, -
For we be eomen in good mannere,
To save you every one.
And dreade you not for that false feynde:
For you shall see hym cast behynde, Or we departe, or from hym wyole, And shame shall light hym one.
[ Ilere Enarh and Elijahh shall pass over to Antichrist.\}
Saye, thou verye devilles lyme,
That witts soe qusely and so freme.

From hym thou came and shall to hym,
For many a soule thou deceives.
Thon haste deceived meu many a daye
And made the people to thy paye,
And bewiched them into a wronge waye
Wiekedly wh thy wyles.
Antichristus.
False leatures from me you fley !
Ame not I most in majesty?
What men dare name them thus to me,
Or make snch distaunce?
Helyas.
Fye one the feature! fye one thee!
The devilles owne nurry!
Throngh hym thou preachest and haste posty
A while, through sufferannce.
Anlichristus.
O, ye ypocrytes that soe eryen!
Lossels lordens, soe lewdly lyen!
To spill my lawe, you spine!
That speach is good to spare.
You that my true fayth defyne!
And needles my folke deiryne,
From hense hastely you hyne!
To you comes sormwe and care.
Enocke.
Thy sorrowe and care come one thy head!
For falsely, throngh thy wicked read,
Thy people is put to payne.
I woulde thy body were from thy head
Twenty myles from it lead,
Tell I bronght yt againe.
Antichristus.
But I shall teach you curteseye,
Your sairjour to linowe anom in hye!

False thefles. "th your heresere
And yf you dare allyde -
Ifrelyes.
Ves, for soth, for all thy pride.
Through yrace of dod all night,
Here we porpose for to alyde:
And all the worlde that is ste wyde
Shall womuler one the one every syde.
Sone in all mens sighte.

## Antichristus.

Out wre you therfles! houth two,
Vieh man maye see zou be soe .
Ally your arraye,
Mufled in mantles non such I linow,
I shall malic you lowte full lowe,
Or I departe you froe.
To know me Larde for aye.
Enocke.
We be no theefles we the tell.
Thom filse feynde, commen firom hell!
With the we porposse for to mell.
My fiellowe and I, in frare.
To knowe thy power and thy mighte,
As we these linges, have be height,
And there to we be reatly dighte,
That all men nowe maye heare.

## Intichristus.

My mighte is moste I tell the thee
I died, I rose, throngh my postere.
That all these hinges satw with theyr ere.
And every man and wiff.
And myrackles and marreyles, I did, alsu,
I eonsell you therefore bonth lwa
To worshipp me, and no more.
And lef us nowr nu mome stryve.

## Helyas.

They were no myrrackles, but maweless thiogs, That thon showest unto these kings,
Through thy feyndes erafte.
Aud as the llower now springs
Fayleth fayth and heings
So thy joye it reignes
That shalbe frome the rafle.
Intichristus.
Ont one the theefle that sitts soe still!
Why wylt thou not speake them till.
Docter.
() lorde master, what shall I say then?

Antichristus.
I beshew both thy . . . .
Arte thou nowe for to kene,
I fiyth, I shall the greeve.
Of my Gothead I matle thee wise,
And sel the ever at mickle price,
Now I woulde feele thy good advise,
And heare what thou woulde saye.
These losells they woulde me greeve,
And nothinge one me they wille leeve,
But erer be ready me to reprove,
And all the people of my law.
Docter.
() Lorde thou arte soe mickle of mighte,

Ne thinke thon should mey chide no feight;
But eurse them all, through thy mighte, Then shal they fure full yll.

For those thon hesses they shall well speed, And those thon eurses they are but dead;
This is my eonsell and my read
Vender heretylies for to spill.

## Intichris/us.

The same I porposed, leeve thon tw me, AII thinges I linow through m! perstere,
But yet thy w!tt I thought to se
What was thy intente.
It shall donne, right witterly,
The sentence geven full openl?
With my mouth truely
Tpon them shal be bente.
My curse I geve you to amende
Vour mosales,
From your heade unto your heeles ,
Walke you forth, in twenty devills way!
Enocke.
Vea thou shat never come inclysse,
For falsely with thy wles.
The people is put in payne.
Intichristus.
Ont one you theefles! why fire you this?
Whether had you rather hare paine or bles,
I maye sou save fiom all amysse.
I made the dise and cke the nighte,
And all thingres that is one earth growinge;
Flowers freshe that fiyer can springe:
Also I mate all wher thinge -
The starres that be so brighte.
Helyas.
Thou lyest! vengenee one thee fall!
Out one thee, wretch! wroth thee I shall!
Thom eallest thee linge and lorde of all!
A feevude is the within!
Antichristus.
Thou lyest falsely, I theer tell!
Thom wylt lie dammed into hell.
$I$ made the man of fleshe aud fell,
And all that is lyveinge.

For other godes have you nowe, Therefore worshippe me alone, The $w^{\text {ch }}$ hath made the water and stone, And all at my lykeiug.

Enocke.
For soth, thou lyest falsely;
Thou art a feynde comen to anoye
Godes people that standeth us ly.
In hell I woulde thou were!
Helyas.
Fye on the fellow! fye on the! Fye;
For all thy wichcrafte and sorecrye!
To mote with the II am readye, That all this people maye here.

Antichristus.
Out one you harlots! whense come ye? Where have you any other god but me?

Enocke.
Yes Christe, God in Trenity,
Thou false feature attaynte --
That sent his some from heaven see,
That for mankyude dyed one roode tree,
That shall sone make the to flee,
Thou fealure false and faynte!

## Antichristus.

Rybbaldes ruled out of raye!
What is the Trenely for to saye?
Ilelyas.
Thre personesas thou leeve maye
In one Godheal in free.
Father and Sonne, that is no ney,
And the IIoly Ghost, styrringe aye,
That is one God verey,
Bene all thre named here.

Antichrisths.
Out one you theefles! what sayen yees?
Will ye have one God and Thre?
How dare you sote siye?
Madmen therefore beeve one me
That am one God, soe is mot bee,
Then maye you live in joye aml lee,
All his lambe I dare laye.

## Enocke.

Ney tyrante, mulerstand thon this Withont begyninge his Gothearl is, And alse withoul endinge is, Thus fully lerven we.

And thou that ingendered was amysse, Haste hegyninge and nore this hliss,
An ende shall have, no dreade there is, Full fowle as men shall se.

Antichristus.
Wreches gowles, you be blente!
Gote somme I am, from hym sente!
How dare you mayuleyne jour intente,
Seith he and I be one?
Wave I not synce I came hym froe,
Made the dead to rise and gor,
And to men I sent my ghoste alsoe
That lered me יpor.
IFelyas.
Fyo one the, fellow! fye one the! fye!
For through his mighte and his mastry,
By sufferaunce of God Ilmighty.
The people is blonte thromg the.
If those men be raysed willerly,
Without the devills famtasye,
Here shalbe provyd perfectly,
Thal all men shall se.

## Intichristus.

A fooles I red yon leeve me upon, To the people every cich one, To put them out of doubte.

Therefore I red you hastely, Converted to me most mightely, I shall you save from anoye, And that 1 ame abonte.

Enocke.
Now of thy myrrackles woulde I se. II elyas.
Therefore comen hether bene we, Doe what is thy great poster, And sone thereof to leeve.

Antichrishus.
Sone maye you se, yf you will abyile, For I will neither feight ney ehide; Of all the worlde that is soe wyde Therein is not my peace.

Enocke.
Bringe forth these men here in our sighte That thom hast raysed agaynst the righte, If thon be soe mickle of mighte To make them rate and drinke.

For very grod we will the knowe, Such a signe if thou wylt show, And doe thee reverence one a row, All at thy lykeinge.

Autichristus.
Wreches dampued al be yee, But nonght for that it falloth me, As gracions God abydinge be, If you will mende your life.

You dead men rise, through my postee; Come eate and drinke that men maye se,

And prove me worthy of dyety,
Soe shal we stynte al stryfice.
Irimus Morturs.
Lorde, thy bydinge I will doe aye,
And for to eate I will assaye.
Secundus Mortmes.
And I will al that I maye,
Will due thy bydinge here.
Helyas.
Have here bread bouth two,
But I must hlesse yt or I goe,
That the feynde, mankyndes foe,
One yt have no power.
This bread I hlesse with my hande,
In Jesus name, I understande
The whech is lorde of sra and lande,
And linge in heaven soe hye.
In nomine Patris, that all hath wrought, -
Et Filii IVirginis, that deare us bought, -
Et Spiritus Stucti, is all my thought, -
One God and persons thre.
Primus Morturs.
Alas! put that breade out of my sighte,
To loke one yt I ame not lighte;
That printe that is upon yt pighte,
That putts me to greate feare.
Secundus Morturs.
To loke one yt I ame not lighte,
That bread to me it is soe brighte,
And is my foe honth diye and nighte,
And putts me to greate dreade.
Enocke.
Nowe, jou men that hath done amysse,
Vous see well what his power is,
Comvertes to hym I red, I wys
That son one rood hath boughte.

Tercius Rex.
And nowe we know appeartely We have bene broughte in heresye, Wth you to death we will for thy, And never more torne our thoughte.

Quartus Rex.
Nowe, Enocke and Hely, yt is no ney,
You have taunted the tyrrant this same daye, Blessed be Jesn, borne of a maye,
One hym I leeve upon.
Primus Rex.
Thon feature fere $w^{\text {th }}$ fantasye, Wht sorecrye, wicherafte and nigremy Thou hast us led in heresye, Fye one thy workes eich one.

Secundus Rex.
Jesu, for thy mickle graee, Forgeve us al our trespasse, And bring us to thy heavenly place, As thou art God and man.

Nowe ame I wise male through thy mighte, Blessed be thou Jesu daye and nighte! This greesly groome grreetes hym to feighte, To slea us here anou.

Tercius Rex.
Of our lyves let us not reach, Though we be slayne of such a wreeh, For Jesu his sake that maye us leech, Our soules to bringe to blisse.

## Quartus Rex.

That was well sayde, and soe I assente To dye, for soth is my intente, For Christes sake, omnipotente, In eanse that is righte wise.

## Autichristus.

A false features torne you nowe!
Vou shalle slayne, 1 make a vowe;
Aml those traytors that soe turned you,
I shall make them mafeayne.
That all other hy very sighte
Shall linowe that I ame most of mighte;
For $w^{\text {th }}$ this sworte nowe will I feighte,
For al you shallie slayne.
[Here Antichristus kills, them.]

## Michacll.

Antichristus nowe is comen this daye,
Reigne no longer thon ney maye,
He that hath led thee allwaye,
Nowe hym thou must groe to.
No more men shalbe slayne by the,
My Lorde will dead that thou be,
He that gyven the this postee
Thy soule shall under soe.
In symme ingemered fyrst thon was;
In synne leade thy life thou hast;
In synne nowe an ende thon madr,
That marred hath many one.
Thre yeares and halfe one, witterly,
Thou hast hat leeve to destroye
Godrs people wickedly.
Through thy fowle real.
Nowe thou shatt knowe and witt, in hye,
That more is Godes majesty,
Than elde the dovills and thyne thereby,
For nowe thou shatt be dead.
Thou hast ever served Sathanas,
And had his power in esery place;

Therefore thon getts no other grace,
With hym thon must gone.
[Here Michaell shall kill Antichristus, and Anti ehristus shall eall alowd, Melp! help! help!]

Antichristus.
Helpe, Sathanas and Lueificr!
Belzabubls, bohte Balacheire!
Ragnell, Ragnell, thon art my deare!
Nowe face I wounder evill.
Alas! alas! where is my power?
Alas! my wittes is in a were!
Nowe bodye and sonle bouth in feare,
And all groeth to the devill.
[Here Antichristus shull die, and two devils shall come.]
Primus Demon.
Anon, master, anon, anon!
From hell grounde I harde the grone.
I thonght not to come my selfe alone,
For worshippe of thyue estate.
With us to hell thou shalle gone,
For thy death we make greate mone,
To wyne more sonles into our pond,
But now $\mathrm{y}^{\mathrm{t}}$ is too late.
Secundus IDemon.
With me thon shalle, from me thon come,
Of me shall come thy last dome,
For thou hast well deserved;
And, throngh my mighte and my postee,
'Thon hast lived in dignitye,
Aud many a soule deceived.
Primus Demon.
This bodye was gotten by myne assente
In eleane hordome, verament,
Of mother wombe or that he wente,
I was hym wh in.

Aml tanghte hym aye, with myme intoutr. Syume by ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ lie shathe shente; For he did my eommandemente, IIs smule shall never lyyne.

## Serundus Demon.

Nowe follow, in fayth, greate mone we mare malor. For this lorde of estate that standeth us instead, Many a latt morsell we hat for his salar Of soules that have bene savel in hell by the heal [Herce the devils carry Antichristes. awam.! Enocke.

A Lorde that al shall leate,
And bouth deeme the quicke and dead;
That reverence the thou one them reat,
And them throngh righte relenved.
I was dead and righte here slayne,
But through thy mighte, Lorde, and thy mayne,
Thon hast me raysed up againe,
Thre will I love and leeve.

## IIelyas.

Yea, Lorde, blessed must thou bre;
My floshe gloryflyed now I se;
Witt mey sleight againste the
Conspieed may be ly no way.
Al that leeve in thee stomfasily
Thon lodpes, Lorde, from al anoyo;
Fur dead I was and nowe lye I
Honoured ber thon aye!

## Michuell.

Enoclie and Hely come yon anon:
My Lorde will that you with me fone
'Lo heaven hlisse, bouth bloule and bome.
Exer mare there to her

[^23]
## coventry

MIRACLE-PLYS.

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## JOSEPIIS JEALOUSY

Joseph l.
How dame, how! undo your dor! vatu!
Ar ye at hem? why spelie ye notht?
Stestumah.
Who is there? why cry ge so?
Telle us your herand: wal ye ought?
Joseph.
Video yow r dor! I say yow to,
For to com in is all my thought.
Mary.
It is my spouse, that speliyth us to, Ondo the dor, his wal were wrought.
Well come home, my husbond der!
How have you ford, in fer comate ?
Joss $p /$.
To get our levgnge, with awlyn dwere,
I have sore laboryd, for the and me.
Mary.
Husbond, rat graciously, now come be ?
It solacyth me sore , southey, to se yow in sooth.

## Joseph.

Ne merveyly th, wyil! surely your face I ean not se, But as the some with his bemys in the is most bryith.

Матч.
Hushond, it is, as it plesyth our Lord, that grace of hy grew.
Who that evyr beholdyth me, veryly,
They schal be grettly steryd to vertu;
For this gyfte, and many moo, good lord gramercy!

Joseph.
How hast thou ferde, jentyl mayde,
Whyl I have ben out of londe?
Mary.
Sokyr, ser; beth nowth dysmayde, Byth aftyr the wyl of Goddys sonde.

Joseph.
That semyth evyl, I am afrayd; Thi wombe to hyge doth stonde;
I drede me sore 1 am betrayd, Sum other man the had in honde, Hens, sythe, that I went.
Thy wombe is gret, it fynnyth to ryse,
Than has thou begownne a synnfull gyse, Thy self thou art thus schent.
Now, dame, what thinge menyth this?
With elilde thon gynnyst ryth gret to gon;
Sey me, Mary, this childys fardyr who is?
I pray the telle me, and that anon?
Mary.
The fadyr of hevin, and se, it is,
Other fadyr hath he non:
I dede nevyr forfete with man, I wys, Wherefore, I pray yow, amende yowr mon:
This childe is Goddys, and yours.

Joseph.
Goddys childe! thon lyist, in faye,
God dede nevyr rape so with maye.

But yit I say, Mary, whoos childe is this?
Mary.
Goddys and yours, I sey, I wys.
Joseph.
Ya, ya! all olde men, to me take tent,
And weddyth no wyif, in no liynuys wyse,
That is a youge wench, be my asent,
For dente and drede and swyeh servyse.
Alas! Alas! my uame is shent:
All men may me now dyspyse,
And seyn olde cokwold! thi bowe is bent
Newly now, after the frensche gyse.
Alas, and welaway!
Alas, dame! why dedyst thou so ?
For this synne, that thon hast do,
I the forsake, and from the go,
For onys evyr, and dy.

## Mary.

Alas gode spowse! why sey ye thus?
Alas dere hosbund amende your mod!
It is no man, but swete Jhus,
He wyll be clad in fleseh and blood, And of your wyff be born.

Saphor.
For sothe the Angel thus seyd he,
That Goddys sone, in tryuite,
For mannys sake, a man wolde be,
To save that is forlorn.
Joseph.
An Angel! allas, alas! fy for schame!
le syn now, in that ye do say;

To puttyn an Angel in so gret blame.
Alas, alas! let he do way;
It was sum boy began this game,
That clothyd was clene and gay,
And ye geve hym now an Angel name.
Alas, alas! and welaway,
That evyr this game be tydite!
A dame! what thought haddyst thon?
Her may all men this proverbe trow,
That many a man doth bete the bow,
Another man hath the hrydde.

## Wary.

A graeyous God! in hefne trone!
Comforte my spowse in this hard cas;
Mereyful God anend his mone,
As I dede nevyr so gret trespas.
Ioseph.

Lo, lo, sers! what told I yow,
That it was not for my prow,
A wyff to take me to,
And that is wel sene now;
For Mary, I make God a vow ,
Is grett with childe, lo!
Alas! why is it so ?
To the busshop I wole it telle,
That he the lawe may here do,
With stonys her to Iwelle.
Nay, nay, yet God forbede!
That I shuld do that vengealyl dede.
But if I wyst, welaway!
I knew nevyr with her, so God me spede,
To ky of thynge, in word nor dede,
That towehyd velany.
Nevyr the less what for thy,
Thow she be meke and mythe,

With owth mannys company,
She myght not be with childe.
But I ensure me was it neyyr:
Thow yet she hath not done her devyr,
Rather than I shuld pleyny opynly,
Certeyuly, yett, had I leryr
Forsake the countre for evyr,
And nerye come in her company.
For, and men knew this velany,
In reproff thei wotde me holde,
And yett many bettyr than I,
Ya! hath ben made eokolde.
Now, alas! whedyr schal I fone?
I wot neryr whelyr, nor to what place;
For often tyme sorrowe comy th sone,
And longe it is or it pace.
No comfort may I have here.
I wys, wyfi, thon dedyst me wronge,
Alas I taryed from the to longe,
All men have pety enime amouge,
For to my sorrowe is no cher.
Mary.
God! that in my body art sesyd,
Thou linowist my hushond is dysplesyd,
To se me in this plight;
For unkinowlage he is desesyd,
And therfor help that he were esyil,
That he myght linowe the ful profyght;
For I have leryx abyde respyt,
To kepe thi sone in prinite,
Graunted hy the holy spyryt,
Than that it shatde be opyned hy me.
God appears and instructs an Angel to desire Joseph will abide wilh Mar:, she being pregnant by God himself.

## Ingel.

doseph! Joseph! thou wepyst shyrle, From thi wyff why comyst thou owte?

Joseph.
Good ser! lete me wepe my fyle; Go forthe that wey, and lett me nowght.
The Angel requests him to return and cheer her: -
Sche is a ful clene maye,
I tolle ye God wyl of her be born,
And sehe elene mayd as she was beforn,
To save mankynd that is forlorn;
Go chere her, therefor, I say.
\%oseph.
A! Lord God! benedieite!
Of thi gret comforte I thank the,
That thou sent me this space;
I myght wel a wyst parde,
So good a creature as sche,
Wold nevyr a done trespace
Joseph then returns to Mary, and under a feeling of repentance and delight, says,

Alas! for joy, I qwedyr and qwake!
Alas! what hap now was this!
A merey! merey! my jentyl make,
Merey! I have seyd al amys;
All that I have seyd her I forsake,
Your swete fete now let me liys.
Mary.
Nay lett be; my fete not thou them take;
My mowth ye may kys, I wys,
Aud welcome on to me.
Joseph.
Gramerey! my owyu swete wyf!
Gramerey! myn hert! my love! my lyff!

Sehal I nevy more mak suche stryll.
Betwrx me and the!
He tells her he is convinced:
Hat thou not ben a vertnous wyff,
God wold not is ben the with inne.
Josephe assures Mary that hereafter he will serve her, and worship the child; yet he expresses curiosity: -

And therefor telle me, and nothyuge withhoulde,
The holy matter of your concepcion.
Mary relates, that the Angel Gabriel sreeted her, and said,

God shalde be borne of my bode,
The fendys powste for to felle,
Thorowe the Holy Gost, as I well se:
Thus Grod, in me, wyl byde and dwelle.
Joseph expresses satisfaction, thanks God, is reconciled to Mary, and the performance concludes.

## THE TRIAL OF MARY AND JOSEPII.

Primus Detractor.
A! A! serys, God save you all!
Here is a fayr pepyl, in grood fay.
To reyse blawdyr is al my lay,
Bakbyter is my brother of blood.
Dede he ought come hedyr in al this day;
Now wolde God that he wer here,
And, be my trewth, II dare wel say,
That, if we tweyn, togedyr apere,
Mor slawndyr we to sehal arere,
Within an howre, thorwe outh this town,
Than evyr ther was this thowsand yer,
And ellys 1 shrewe you, bothe vp and down.
Now, be my trewth, I have a syght,
Enyn of my brother, lo wher he is: -
Welcom, der brother! my trowth I plyght,
Yowr jentyl mowth let me now liys. Secundus Detractor.
Gramerey! brother, so have I blys;
I am ful glat we met this day. Primus Detractor.
Ryght so am I, brother, I wys,
Moch gladder than I kan say.
But yilt good hrother, I yow pray,
Telle, al these pepyl, what is yowr name:
For yf thei knew it, my lyf I lay,
Thei wole yow wurchep, and spek gret fame. Securdus Detractor.
I am ballyter, that spyllyth all game, Bothe hyd and knowyn, in many a place.

## Primus Detractor.

Be my trowth. I seyd the same:
And yet smm seyden thou shulde have evyl grace.
Secumelus Detractor.
Herk! reyse selamalyr: camsl thou owth telle
Of any newe thynge that wrought was late?
Primus Detractor.
Within a shorte whyle a thynge befelle,
I trowe thon wylt lawgh ryghtt wel therate,
For, be trowth, ryght mekyl hate,
If it be wyst, therof wyl growe.
Scerudus IDetractor.
If I may reyse ther with debate,
I schal not spare the seyd to sowe. Primus Detractor.
Syr, in the tempyl, a mayd ther was,
Calde mayd Mary; the trewth to tell,
Sche seruyd so holy, with inne that phas,
Men seyd sehe was fedde with holy Angell;
Sehe made a row with man never to melle,
But to leve chast, and clene virgine,
Howerye it be, her wombe doth swelle, Aul is as gret as thyne or myne.
They discourse for some time upon this news, but in terms not befitting modern refinement.

The Bishop, Nbizachar, enters with two Doctors of Law. They listen to part of the slander, and at last the Jishop sitys,

I charge you serys of your fals cry,
For sehe is sybue of my owyn blood.
Secunders Detructor.
Sylb of thi kyn thow that she be,
All gret with chylde her wombe doth swelle;
Do ealle her hedyr, thi self selal se,
That it is trewthe that I thee telle.

## Primus Detractor.

Ser, for yowr sake, I schal kepe cowncelle, Yow for to greve I am ryght loth, But list, syrs, lyst, what seyth the belle? Gur fayr mayd now gret with ehilde goth. Prineipalis Docto Legnm.
Make grood heed, sers, what ye doth say, Aryse yow wele what ye present, If this be fownde fals, anotliyr day Ful sore ye sehal yowr tale repent.

Secundus Detractor.
Ser, the mayd, forsothe, is grood, and gent, Both comely, and gay, and a fayr wench; And, feetly, with belp, sebe can consent, To set a cokewolde on the hye benche.

Episcopus.
This verey talys my hert doth greve, Of hir to here such fowle dalyawnce, If she be fowndyn in such repreve, She sehal sore rewe her governawns.
Sym Somnor, in hast wend thon thi way, Byd Joseph, and his wyff, be name At the coorte to apper this day, Here hem to pourge of her defame;
Sey that I here of hem grett sehame, And that doth me gret hevynes,
If thei he clene, withowtyn blame, Byd hem come hedyr, and shewe wytnes.

## Denunciator.

All redy, ser, I sehal hem calle, Here at yowr coorte for to apper, And, yf may hem mete with all, I hope ryght sone thei schal ben her. Awey, sers! let me com nerne;

A inan of wurchep here conyth to place.

Of curtesy, me semyth, je be to kerne,
Do of yow hodys, with an evyl grace!
Do me sum wurehep hefor my face,
Or, he my trowth, I shall yow make
If that I rolle yow up in my race,
For fer I schal do yowr limbs qwake,
But yit sum mede, and ye me take,
I wyl withdrawe my gret rongh toth.
Gold, or sylyr, I wyl not fursake,
But eryn as all Somnors doth.
A. Joscph! good day, with thi fayr spowse:

My lorde, the buschop, hath for yow sent,
It is hym tolde that in thi house
A cockolde is

## Mary.

Of God, in heryn, I take wyltnes,
That synful werk was nevye my thought,
I am a mayd yit, of pure clemmes.
Lyke as I was into this werd brought
Derunciator.
Othyr wyltnes shall non be sought;
Thou art with childe, eche man may se:
I charge yow bothe ye tary nought,
But, to the buschop, com finth, with me.
Joseph.
To the buschop, with yow, we wende;
Of our purgacion hawc we mo dowla

## Mury.

Amighty Gad shat be our fremde,
When the trewthe is tryed owth.

## Itemencintor:

Ha! on this wyse, excusy th her, every scowte,
Whan her own syma hom dath defame:

But lowly therin thei gyn to lowth, Whan thei be gylty, and fowndyn in blame. Therfore come forth cokewolde -

Denunciator upbraids them further, and brings them before the Bishop, whom he thus addresses: -

My lord, the buschop; here haue I brought
This groodly copyl, at yowr byddyng;
And, as me semyth, as be here, fraught
Fayr chylde, lullay, sone must she syng.
Primus Detractor.
To her a credyl ye wolde bryoge, Ye myght saue mony in her purse,
Becawse she is yowr cosyn, - thinge, I pray yow, ser, lete her nevyr far the wers.

Episcopas.
Alas, Mary! what hast thou wronght?
I am a schamyd evyn for thi sake.

Tell me who hath wrought this wranke, How hast thou lost thi holy name?

Mary.
My name, I hope, is saff and sownde, God to wyttnes I am a mayd.

Of flesehly lust and gostly wownde
In dede nor thought I nevyr asayd.
Secundus Doctor Legum.
Herke thou, Joseph; I am afrayd
That thou hast wrought this opyn synne:
This woman thou hast thus betrayd,
With gret flaterynge, or sum fals gynne.

## Secundus Detractor:

Now, be my trowth, ye hytte the pyne.
With that purpose in feyth I holde, Tell now how thon thus hir dudyst wynne,

Or knowlych thi self for a cockewold? Joseph.
Sche is, for me, a trewe elene mayde, And I, for hir, am elene also;
Of flesehly syme I neryr asayde,
Sythyn that sche was weddyd me to. Episcopus.
Thou schalt not schape from vs, yitt so,
Fyrst thon shalte tellyn us another lay:
Streyt to the anter thou shatt go,
The drynge of vengeawns ther to asay.
Here is the botel of Goddys vengeauns :
This drynk shall be now thi purgacion:
This hath suche vertu, by Goddys ordenauns,
That what man drynk of this potacion,
And goth straghtway in processyon,
Here in this place this awter abowth,
If he be gylty, sum maculacion,
Pleyn in his face, sehal shewe it owth.
[Hic JOSEPII bibit et sepeies circumit altare dicens: -
This drynk I take, with meke entent,
As I am gyltles, to God I pray;
Lord! as thon art omnypotente,
On me then shewe the trowth this day.
[.Morlo bibit.]
About this awter I take the way;
O gracyous God help thi servaunt,
As, I am gyltles, ageyn you may;
Thi hand of merey, this tyme, me graunt.
Demunciator.
This olde shrewe may not wele gon.


Lyft up thi feet, set forth thy ton,
Or, be my trewth, thou getyst a clowte.
Joseph is sorely upbraided and taunted, by Denunciator and the Detractors, whilst he paces round the altar.

## Joseph.

A, fraeyous God! help me this tyde, Ageyn this pepyl, that doth me defame: As I nevyr more dede towehe her syde,

This day help me, from werdly schame,
Aboute this awter to kepe my fame.
vij tymes I haue gon rownd abowte,
If I be wurthy to suffyr blame,
O, ryghtful God! my synue shewe owghte.
Episcopus.
Joseph; with herte, thank God, thi lorde, Whos hey merey doth the exeuse;
For thi purgacion we schal recorde,
With hyr, of synne, thou dedyst neryr muse;
But, Mary, thi self mayst not refuse,
All greft with chlyde we se the stonde;
What mystyz man dede the mysuse ?
Why hast thou symed ageyn thi husbomle?

## Mury.

I trespaeyd neryx, with erthely wyght, Therof I hope, throwe Goddys sonde, Her to be purgyd, befor yowr syght, From all syme elene, lyke as my husbonde;
Talie me the botel, out of yowr houde;
Her schal I drynke, beforn yowr face,
Abowth this awter tham schal I fonde
vị tymes to go, by Godys grace.

## Secusidus Doctor Legum.

With Godilys hyg myght loke thon not rape,
Of thi purgarion wel the aryse:
Vf thou be pylty thou mayst not schape,
Bewar ever of God that ryphtful justyee.
If God with vengeams set on the his syse,
Not only thom, lont all thi kyn is schamyd,
Bettyr it is to telle the trewth deryse,
Than God for to preve and of hym he gramyd
Mary drinlis of the water of vengeance, and wallis around the altar, saying a prayer lo God, which she concludes thus: -

Gabryel me, with wordys, he be forn,
That ye, of your goodnes, woulde become my chylde;
Help now of your hyguess, my wurflep be not horn, A dere sone! I pray yow, help yowr modyr mylde.
Mary receives mo harm from the potation, and the Bishop, in astonishment, declares, Hat

Sche is elene mayde, hoth modyr and wyff!
The Detractor's suspecting some deceit, express their dissatisfaction.

## Primus Detractor:

Bre my fadyr sowle, here is pret gyle.
Beeause sche is syls of yowr lyureed:
The dryok is chaungyl, by sum fits wyle,
That sche mo shame shulde hatu this steed.
The Bishop waters Detraclor lo drinli of the same ripp.

Primus Detractor.
Syr, in good feyth, a draught I pulle,
If these to drinkers have not all spent.
He instanly becomes frantic from the draught; the Bishop and all present ask pardon of Mary for their suspicion and detraction, which she grants; she and Joseph congratulate each other; and the piece concludes.

## THE

## PAGEANT

OF

THE COMPANY OF SHEARMEN AND TAILORS, IN COVENTHI.

Although the Transcriber of this Pageant in 1354 , complacently announces that it is "nevly correcte", we must nevertheless regret the loss of older copies; for the orthography of "Rohert Croo" is so illiterate and confused, as not to exhibit the language of his times in a fair and appropriate dress. The Speech of the "Nonceose" in French is particularly corrupted.

## THE NATIVITY.

## Isaye.

The sofferent that scithe evere seyerette, He saue you all and make you perfett and stronge: And gevenes grace $w^{t}$ his marce forto mete, For now in grett mesere mankynd ys hownd. The sarpent hathe gevin vs soo mortall a wonde, That no creature ys abull ws forto reyles Tyll thye right vncion of Jvda dothe seyse; Then schall moche myrthe and joie in cresse, And the right rote in Isaracll sprynge, Thatt schall brying forthe the greyne off whollenes:
And owt of danger he sehall vs bryng
In to thatt reygeon where he ys kyng:
Wyehe abowe all othur far dothe a bownde, And thatt ernell Sathan he schall confownde. Where fore I cum here apon this grownde. To comforde eynere creature off birthe; For I Isaye, the profet, hathe fownile Many swete matters, where of we ma make myrth On this same wyse.

For thogh that Adam be demid to deythe
W' all his childur, asse Abell amd seythe:
Vell eece birge consepuect:
Loo. where a reymede whall ryse!
Br holde a mayde shall eomserve a ehilde.
And grett is more grate than eymer ment had
And hir mestin od mathing defylid
Sohe : depolyd to beare the sme almyphte God

For of this meydin all we ma he fayme:
For Adam. Hat now lyis in surruis finll sate .
Hir ghareose birth schall reydeme hym arrey"
From bondaye and thrall.
Now he myrre eyure mon.
For this dede lirylly in Isaraell sehalloe dane
And before the fathur in trone
Thatt schall grialle is all.
More wit this matter fayne wolde I mese.
But lengur tyme I hane wat here for to dwell.
That lord, that ys mererfill his meree son in is ma prove,
For to sawn owre sullis from the darlines of hell.
And to his blys he is bryig asse he is loothe lord and kyng,
Aml shatbe evorerlastyng in seculu seculos: amme
Giaberell.
Ilayle! Mare full of prace, oure Lowd Cod ys w' the
Aboue all wemen that eyuer wasse:
Late blesside mote thow ber

## 1/rire.

All my fht fathur and kyry of blys.
From all dysses the stlle me nows
For inwardely my spretis trubbuld ys
Thatt I am amacid and kow mott how.

## Caberell.

Deed the nothyry meydin of this:
From hervin a bown hỵddur am I senl.
(If ambassage from that hy口g of bly.

Unto the lade and virgin reyuerent,
Salutyng the here asse most exselent,
Whose vertu abone all othur dothe abownde;
Wherefore in the grace schalbe fownde:
For thow schalt eonseyve apon this grownd
The second persone of God in trone;
He wyllie borne of the alone, $w^{t}$ owt $\sin$ thu schalt hym see.
Thy grace and thi goodnes wyl neyuer be gone,
But eyuer to lyve in vergenete

## Mare.

I marvell soore how thatt mabe :
Manes cumpany knev I neyuer yett,
Nor neyuer to do kast I me,
Whyle thatt owre lord sendith me my wytt.
Gaberell.
The wholle Gost in the schall lyght ,
And schall do thy soll soo $w^{t}$ vertu,
From the fathur thatt ys on hyght:
These wordis turtill the be full tru.
This chylde that of the sehalbe borne,
Ys the seconde persone in trenete;
He shall sane that wase forlorne,
And the fyndis powar, dystroie schall he;
These wordis, lade, full tru the bene,
And furthur, lade, here in thy noone lenage.
Be holde Eylesabeth thy cosyn clene,
The wyehe wasse barren and past all age,
Amd now $w^{\text {t }}$ chyld sche hath bene
Syx monethis, and more asse schalbe sene;
Where for discomforde the not Mare,
For to God onpossibull nothyng mabe.
Mare.
Now and yt be thatt lordis wyll,
Of my bodde to be horne and forto be;
Hys hy pleysuris forto full fyl,
Asse his one hande mayde I suhmyt me.

## Gaberell.

Now blessid be the tyme sett, That thu waste borne in thy degre: For now ys the knott surely knytt, And God conseyvide in trenete.
Now fare well lade off myghtis most, Vnto the God hed I the be teyche. Mare.
Thatt lorde the gyde in eyucre cost, And looly he leyde me and be my leyehe.
[llere the Angell deptyth, and JOSOFF cumyth in and seyth:Mare, my wyff soo dere!
How doo ye dame, and whatt chere
Ys $w^{t}$ you this tyde?
Mare.
Truly, husebonde, I am here,
Owre Lordis wyll forto abyde.
Josoff.
Whatt I troo thatt we be all schent :
Sey womon who hath hyn here sith I went, To rage wyth the.

Mare.
Syr, here wase nothur man nor mans eyvin,
But only the sond of owre Lorde God in heyvin.
Josoff.
Sey not soo womon, for schame ley be:
Ye be $w^{t}$ chyld soo wondurs greit,
Ye nede no more therof to tret,
Agense all right.
For sothe this chylde dame ys not myne,
Alas that eyuer $w^{t}$ my nynee
I suld see this syght.
Tell me womon whose ys this chyld?
Mare.
Non but youris husebond soo myld, Aml thatt schallse seyne.

## Josoff:

But myne, allas! allas! why sey ye soo?
Wele awey womon, now may' I goo
Be fyyld as many a nothur ys!
Mare.
Na truly, sir, ye be not be gylde, Nor yet wt spott of syn I am not defylde;
Trust yt well huse bonde.

## Josoff.

Huse bond in feythe, and that acold:
A weylle awey Josoff, as thow ar olde!
Lyke a fole now ma I stand and truse,
But in feyth, Mare, thu art in syn.
Soo moche ase I haue cheyrischyd the dame and all thi kyn,
Be hynd my bake to serve me thus:
All olde men insampull take be me;
How I am be gylid here may you see,
To wed soo yong a chyld.
Now fare well, Mare, I leyve the here alone,
Worthe the dam and thy warkis yeheone:
For I woll noo more be gylid be for frynd nor fone.
Now of this ded I am soo dull,
And ofl my lyff I am soo full, no farthur ma I oo.
Angell $j$.
Aryse up Josoff, and groo whom ageyne
Vito Mare thy wyff that ys soo fre;
To comford hir loke that thow he fayne,
For Josoff a eleyne meydin ys schee.
Sche hath conseyvid wt owt any trayne
The seycond person in trenete:
Jhu schalbe hys name sarten,
And all thys world sawe schall be not agast.
Josoff.
Now, Lorde! I thanke the $w^{t}$ hart full sad,
For of these tythyngis I am so glad,
Thatt all my care awey ys cast:

Wherefore to Mare I woll in hast.
A Mare! Mare! I linele full loo,
Forgeve me, swete wyff, here in this lond.
Marce, Mare! for now I kno
Of youre good gonernance and how yt doth stond:
Thoght thatt I dyd the mys name.
Maree, Mare! whyle I leve
Wyll I neyuer, swet wyff, the greve in ernyst, nor in game.
Mare.
Now thatt Lord in heyvin, sir, he you forgyve:
And 1 do for geve yow in hys name for euermore.
Josoff.
Now truly, swete wyff, to you I sey the same;
But now to Bedlem must I wynde,
And scho my self soo full of care,
And I to leyve you this grett behynd,
God wott the whyle dame how you schuld fare.
Mare.
Na hardely, husebond, dred ye nothyng,
For I woll walke $w^{t}$ you on the wey.
I trust in God all myghte liyng.
To spede right well in owre jurney.
Josoff.
Now I thanke you, Mare, of youre goodnes,
Thatt ye my wordis woll not blame;
And syth that to Bedlem we schall vs dresse,
Goo we to gedur in Goddis wholle name.
Now to Bedlem hane we leygis three,
The day ys ny spent, yt drawyth toward nyght:
Fayne at your es, dame, I wold that ye schulde be:
For you groue all werely, yt semyth in my syght.
Mare.
God hane marcy! Josoffe, my spowse, soo dere !
All profettis herto dothe beyre wytnes,
The were tyme now draith nere
Thatt my ehyld wolbe borne, wyehe ys kyug of blis.

Vnto sum place, Josall, hyndly me leyde,
Thatt I moght rest me we grace in this tyde.
The lyght of the fathur oner hus both spreyde.
And the grate of my smin $n^{t}$ is here abyde.
Josoff:
Loor, hlessid Mare! here sehall ye lend, Chefl chosyn of owre Lorde, and cleynist in degre;
And I for help to towne woll I wemte.
Is nott this the best dame, whatt sey ye?
Mare.
God hane marce! Jusofl, my huse hond, soo meke!
And hartely I pra you goo now fro me.
Josoff.
Thatt schalbe dome in hast, Mare, soo swete!
The romford of the wholle Gost leyse I withe.
Now to Bedlem streyght woll I wyed,
Ta gett sum helpe for Mare soo fre,
Sum helpe of wemen, Gad ma me send!
Thatt Mare, fill will gratee, pleysid ma bre.

$$
\text { I'astor } j \text {. }
$$

Now Grod that art in trencte.
Thow sawe my fellois and me;
For 1 kno nott wheyre my scheepe nor the be
Thys nyght yt js soo colde.
Now ys ge nygh the myddis of the ny frt,
These wedurs ar darke and dym of lyght,
Thatt of them ean hy hame noo syght
Standyיg here on this wold.
But now to make there hartis lyght,
Now will I full right stand apon this loore.
And to them ery wh all my myght:
Full well my wise the lno,
IV' hoo! fellois! hoo! hoo! hoo!

> I'astor ij.

Hark, Sym, harke, I here owre brothar on the loe This ys hys woise, right well I knoo.

There fore toward hym lett vs goo,
And follo his woise a right.
See, Sym, se where he doth stond;
I am ryght gilad we have hym fond.
Brothur! where hast thow hyn soo long,
And this nyght hit ys soo cold?
Pastor $j$.
E! fryndis! ther cam a pyrie of wynd $w^{t}$ a myst suddenly, Thatt forth off my weyis went I,
And grett heyvenes in made $I$,
And wase full sore afrayde;
Then forto goo wyst I nott whyddur,
But trawellid on this loo hyddur and thyddur;
I wasse so were of this cold weddur,
Thatt nere past wasse my myght.
Pastor iij.
Brethur, now we be past that fryght,
And hit ys far $w^{t}$ in the nyght:
Full sone woll spryng the day lyght,
Hit drawith full nere the tyde.
Here awhyle lett vs rest,
And repast owreself of the best,
Tyll thatt the sun ryse in the est,
Let vs all here abyde.
[There the SCIIEPPERDIS drawys furth ther meyte, and doth cyte and drynk, and asse the drynk, the fynd the star and sey thus; -
Brethur, loke vp and behold,
Whatt thyng ys yondur thatt schynith soo hryght,
Asse long ase cyuer I haue wachid my fold,
Yett sawe I neyuer soche a syght in fyld.
A ha! now ys cum the tyme that old fathurs hath told,
Thatt in the wyntm's nyght soo cold,
A chyld of meydyn borne be he wold,
In whom all profeciys schalbe fullfyld.

## I'astor $j$.

Truth $y^{t} \mathrm{ys}^{\mathrm{s}}$ ww naye,
Soo segd the profett Isaye,
Thatt a ehylde sehuld be borne of a made soo bryght,
In wentur uy the schortist dey,
Or elis in the myddis of the nyght.
Pastor ij.
Loovid be God, most off myght!
That owre grace ys to see thatt syght:
Pray we to hym ase hit ys right,
Vif thatt hys wyll yt be,
Thatt we ma hane knoleyge of this syngnefocaciou,
And why hit aperith on this fassion;
And eyuer to hym lett vs geve lawdacion,
In yerthe, whyle thatt we be.
[There the Angelis symg Glorea in exselsis Deo.] Pastor iij.
Harke, the syng abowe in the clowdis clere;
Hard I neyner of soo myrre a guere:
Now gentyll hrethur draw we nere
To here there armony?

> Pastor j.

Brothur, myrth and solas ys cum hus amony,
For be the swettnes of ther songe:
Godidis sun ys cum, whom we hane lokid for long,
Asse syugnefyith thys star that we do see.
I'astor $\ddot{j}$.
Glore, glorea in exselsis, that wase ther songe;
How sey ye, fellois! seyd the not thas?

$$
\text { Pastor } j \text {. }
$$

Thatt ys welseyd, now goo we hence
To worschipe thatt chyld of hy manyffecence;
And that we may syng in his presence,
Et in tarra pax omynibus.
[There the Schepperdis symgis Ase I owt rodde, aud JOSOFF seyth: -

Now Lorde this noise that I do here,
Wt this grett solemnete,
Cretly amendid hath my chere,
I trust hy nevis schortly wollere.
[There the Angellis syng Gloria in exselsis ageyne.] Hare.

A ! Josoff, hmschond, cum hedlur anon, My chylde ys borme that ys liyng of blys.

Josoff.
Now weleum to me, the makar of mon, Wt all the omage thatt I eons
Thy swete mothe here woll I liys.
Mare.
A! Josoff, husebond, my chyld waxith cold,
And we haue noo fyre to warme hym $w^{l}$.
Josoff.
Now in my armys I schall hym fold,
liyng of all kyngis be fyld and be fryth:
He myght have had betture and hym selfe wold, Then the breythyg; of these bestis to warme hym wt.

Mare.
Now dosoff, my hushoud, fet heddur my chyld. The maker off man, and hy kyig of blys.

Josoff.
That schallse done anon, Mare, soo myld!
For the brethyng of these bestis hath warmyd well I wys.
Angell $j$.
Hyrd men hynd drede ye nothyng,
Off thys star thatt ye do se;
For thys same morne Godis sun js borne,
In Bedlem of a maydin fre.
Angell ij.
Hy you hyddur in hast;
Yt ys hys wyll ye schall hym see Lyinge in a crybbe of pore reypaste, Vett of Davithis lyne emmon ys hee.

## Pastor $j$.

Hayle, mayde, modur, and wyff, soo myld!
Asse the Angell seyd, soo have we fonde.
I hane nothyng to present $w^{t}$ the chylde, But my pype hold, take yt iu thy hond; Where in moche pleysure that I have fond, And now to oonowre thy gloreose byrthe, Thow schallt yt hane to make the myrthe.

Pastor $i j$.
Now hayle be thow chyld, and thy dame,
For in apore loggyn here art thow leyde;
Soe the Angell seyde, and tolde vs thy name.
Holde, take thow here my hat on thy hedde,
And now off won thyng thow art well sped;
For weddur thow hast noo nede to eomplayne,
For wyinde, ne sun, hayle, snoo, and rayne.
Pastor iij.
Hayle, be thow lorde ouer watur and landis,
For thy cumyng all we ma make myrthe;
Haue here my myttens to pytt on thi hondis,
Othur treysure have I non to present the $w^{t}$.

## Mare.

Now, herdmen, hyud for youre comyng,
To my chylde schall I pra,
Asse he ys heyvin kyng̣, to grant you his blessyng,
And to hys blys that ye may wynd at your last day.
[There the Schepperdis syngith ageyne, and goth forthe of the place, and the ij Profettis cumyth in and seyth thus; Profeta $j$.
Novellis, novellis, of wondrfull mervellys!
Were hy and defuce vnto the beryng,
Asse seripture tellis these strange novellis to you I bryng.

$$
\text { Profeta } \ddot{j}
$$

Now hartely, syr, I desyre to linoo,
Iff hytt wolde pleyse you forto sehoo
Of whatt maner a thyng.

Profeta $j$.
Were mystecall vito youre heryug
Of the natevete off a kyng?
Profeta $\ddot{j}$.
Of a kyng, whence schuld he cum?
Profeta $j$.
From thatt reygend ryall, and mighty mancion,
The sede scylesteall and heyvinly vyscdome;
The seycond person, and Godis one sum,
For owre sake ys man be cum;
This godly spere desendid here,
In to a vergin clere sche on defyld,
Be whose warke obskevre
Owre frayle nature ys now begilde.
Profeta $\ddot{j}$.
Why hathe sche a chyld?
Profeta $j$.
E! trust hyt well, and neuer the las,
Yet ys sche a mayde evin asse sche wasse, And hir sun the kyng of Isaraell.

Profeta $i j$.
A wondur full marvell how thatt ma be,
And far dothe exsell all owre capasete,
How thatt the trenete of soo hy regallete,
Schuld be jonyd vinto owre mortallete.
Profeta $j$.
Of his one grett marce as ye schall se the exposyssion,
Throgh whose vmanyte all Adamis progene
Reydemyd schalbe owt of perdyssion;
Syth man did offend, who schuld amend,
But the seyd mon and no nothur;
For the wyche cawse he incarnate wold be,
And lyve in mesere asse manis one brothur.
Profeta $\ddot{j}$.
Syr, vinto the deyite 1 beleve perfettle
Oupossibull to be there ys nothyng:

How be yt this warke vato me ys darke,
In the opperacion or wyrkyg.
I'rofeta $j$.
What more reyprifl ys rnto belyif then to be dowtyng. Profeta ij.
Yet dowtis oftymis hathe derevacion.
Irofeta $j$.
Thatt ys be the meynes of comenecacion,
Of trawthis to haue a dev probacion,
Be the same duwts reysoning.
Profeta ij.
Then to you thys won thyng; -
Of whatt nobull and hy lenage ys schee,
That myght this verabull prineis modur be?
I'rofeta $j$.
Ondowtid sehe ys cum of hy parrage,
Of the howse of I avith, and Salamon the sage,
And won off the same lyne joynd to hir he mareage,
Of whose trybe we do subseryve this chy[l]dis lenage.
Profeta $\ddot{j}$.
And why in thatt wysse? Irofeta $j$.
For yt wasse the gysse
To conte the parant on the manys lyne,
And nott on the feymyne,
Amonst ws here in Isaraell.
Irofeta $i j$.
Yelt can I nott aspy, be no wysse,
How thys chylde horne shuldie $w^{t}$ ow [1] naturis prejudyse.
Profeta $j$.
Nay no prejudyse vito nature I dare well sey,
For the kyng of nature may hawe all at his one wyll.
Dyd not the powar of God malie Aronis rod beyre firnte in on day?

Profeta ij
Truth yt ys in ded

## Profeta $j$.

Then loke you and rede.
Profeta $\ddot{y}$.
A! I preseyve the sede where apon thatt you spake; It wasse for owre nede thatt be frayle nature did take, And his blod he schuld schede amens forto make For owre transegression,
Ase yt ys seyd in profece; - thatt of the lyne of Jude Schuld spryig a right Messe,
Be whom all wee schalld have reydemeion.
Profeta $j$.
$S^{x}$, now ys the tyme cum,
And the date there of run
Off his natevete.
Profeta ï.
Yett I beseke you hartele, that ye wold schoo me how Thatt this strange nowelte were broght vnto you.

Profeta $j$.
This othur nyght soo cold,
Herelyy apon a wolde,
Schepperdis wachyng there fold,
In the nyght soo far,
To them aperid a star,
And eyuer yt drev them nar;
Wyche star the did behold,
Bryghter the sey M folde,
Then the sun so clere
In his mydday spere;
And the these tythyngis tolde.
Profeta ï.
What seyeretly?
Profeta $j$.
Na, na, bardely,
The made there of no conscil,
For the song ase lowde,

Ase eyuer the rowde,
Presymg the ky ug of Isarachl.
Propeta ij.
Velt do I marvell,
In what pyle or eastell,
These herdmen dyd hyw see.

$$
\text { Profeta } j \text {. }
$$

Nothur in hallis, nor yett in bowris,
Borne wold he not be;
Nuthur in eastellis, nor yet in lowris,
That semly were to se:
But att hys fathurs wyll,
The profeci to full fyll,
Be twyst an ox and an as.
Hhn this kyug loorne he was:
Ileyvin he bryug us lyll! Profeta ij.
$S^{r}$, a! but when these Schepperdis had seyne hym there,
In to whatt place did they repeyre?
I'rofeta $j$.
Forthe the went, and frlad the were;
Going the dis syng
W' myrlhe and solas, the mate good chere,
For joie of thatt new tything.
And aftur asse I hard the tell,
He reywardid them full well,
He grament them hevyn ther in to dwell.
In ar the gron ${ }^{t}$ joie and myrthe,
And there songe hit ys neowell.
[There the I'rofettis yothe firthe, and Erod cumyth in and the Wessenger.]

Nomecose.
Faytes pais, domny is haronys de grande reynownc!
Payis, seneoris schevaleris de mooble posanee!
Pays, fentis homos companeonys petis egrance'
Je vos commaml dugard treytus sylance!

Payis tanque vottur nooble Roie syre ese peresance!
Que nollis persone ese non fawis perwynt dedfferance :
Nese harde de frappas, mayis gardus to cor paceance
Mayis gardus voter seneor to cor reyucrance;
Car elat vottur Roie tuto puysance.
Amon de leo pase, tos je vose cummande,
E lay Roie Erott_la, grandeaboly vos vmport.
Erode.
Qui statis in Jude et Rex Iseraell,
And the myghttyst conquerowre that eyuer walkid on grownd;
For I am evyn he thatt made bothe hevin and hell, And of my myghte powar holdith vp this world rownd.
Magog and Madroke, bothe the did I confownde',
And $w^{t}$ this bryght bronde there bonis I brak on sund'r,
Thatt all the wyde worlde on those rappis did wond'r.
I am the cawse of this grett lyght and thund'r;
Yett ys throgh my fure that the soche moyse dothe make.
My feyrefull contenance the clowdis so doth incumbur,
Thatt oftymis for dred ther of the verre yerth doth quake.
Loke when I wt males this bryght brond doth sehake;
All the whole worlil from the north to the sowthe,
I ma them dystroie $w^{t}$ won worde of my mowthe.
To reycownt vato you myn innevmerabull substance
Thatt were to moche for any tong to tell;
For all the whole Orent ys vid'r myn obbeydeance,
And prynce am I of purgatore, and cheff capten of hell.
And those tyraneos trayturs be foree ma ll compell Myne enmyis to vanquese, and evyn to dust them dryve, And wa twynke of myue iee not won to be lafte alyve.
Behold my contenance and my colur,
Bryghtur then the sun in the meddis of the dey!
Where can you hate a more grettur suceur,
Then to behold my person that ys soo gaye;
My faweun and my fassion $w^{t}$ my gorgis araye?
He thatt had the grace all wey ther on to thynke, Lyve the myght all wey $n^{t}$ owt othur meyte or drynke;

And thys my tryomfande fame most hylist dothe a bownde. Throgh owt this world in all reygeons abrod, Reysemelyng the fatuer of that most myght Mahownd;
From Julytor be desent, and cosyn to the preft God,
And namyd the most reydowndid kyng Eyrodde,
Wyehe thatt all pryneis hath modur subjeccion,
And all there whole powar vadur my proteccion;
And therefore my hareode here callid Caleas,
Warne thow eyner porte, thatt no schypuis a ryve,
Nor also aleond stranger thrug my realme pas,
But the for there truage do pay markis fyve.
Now spede the forth hastele,
For the thatt wyll the contrare
Apon a graluwse hangid schalbe;
And, be Mahownde, of me the gett noo grace.

## Noncios.

Now, lord and mastur! in all the hast,
Thy worethe wyll ytt sehall he wroght;
And thy ryall emutreyis selallie past.
In asse sehort tyme asse ean be thoght.
Evode.
Now selall owre regeons throgh owt be soght
In eyner place, bothe Est and West:
Yff any katyfis to me loe broght
It schalbe mothyng for there best.
And the whyle thatl I do resst,
Trompettis, viallis, and othur armone,
Schall bles the walisng of my maiste.
[Here Erool goth aney, wid the iij Liyngis speyl!yth in the strete.]

$$
\text { Rex } j \text {. }
$$

Now hlessid be Good of his swet sonde,
For yondur a feyre bryght star I do see!
Now ys he common vs a monge
Asse the profettis seyd that yt soluld be.
Aseyd there schuld a babe be berne
Comyng of the rote of Jesse.

To sawe mankynd that wasse for lorne,
And truly come now ys he.
Reynerence and worschip to hym woll I do,
Asse God and man thatt all made of noght.
All the profettis acordid and seyd evyn soo,
Thatl we hys presseos blod mankynd schuld be boght.
IIe grant we grace be yonder star thatt I see,
And in to thatt place bryng me,
Thatt I ma hym worschipe wi mmellete,
Aud se hys gloreose face.

## Rex ij.

Owt ofl my wey I deme thatt I am,
For toocuns of thys cuntrey ran I non see;
Now God thatt on yorth madist man,
Send me sum linoleyge where that 1 be.
Yondur me thynke a feyre bryght star I see,
The wyehe be toennyth the byrth of a chyld,
Thatt hedur ys cum to make man fre,
He borne of a mayde, and sche nothyng defyld;
To worschip thatt chyld ys myn in tent.
Forth now wyll I take my wey;
I trust sum cumpany Gotl hath me sent,
For yomdur I se a liyg lalour on the wey;
To wate hym now woll I ryde.
Harke, cumly liyng, I you pray,
In to whatt cost wyll ye thys tyde,
Or weddur lyis yowre jurney?

$$
\text { Rex } j
$$

To seke a chylde ys myne in tent,
Of whom the profettis hathe ment;
The tyme ys cmm now ys he sent,
Be yondur star here ma [you] see.

$$
\text { Rex } \ddot{y}
$$

Sr, I pery you wt your lysence,
To ryde w' you vinto his presence:

To hym wyll I oftiur frank in sence,
For the hed of all whole churehe sehall he be.
Rex: ï.
I ryde wanderyng in veyis wyde,
Ouer montens and dalis, I wot not where I am.
Now kyng of all kyngis send me soche gyde,
Thatt I myght have linoleyge of this cuntreys name.
A yondur I se a syght be seymyng all afar,
The wyche be tocuns sum nevis ase I troo,
Asse me thynke a chyld perygg in a stare;
I trust he be cum thatt schall defend vs from woo.
To kyngis yundur I see, and to them woll I ryde,
Forto hane there cumpane I trust the wyll me abyde.
Hayle, cumly kyngis, augent!
Good surs, I pray you wheldur ar ye ment?
Rex $j$.
To seke a chylde ys owre in tent,
Wyche be tocuus yondur star asse ye ma see.
Rex ij.
To hym I purpose thys present.
Rex ïj.
Surs, I pray you and thatt ryght rmblee,
Wt you thatt I ma ryde in cumpane;
To all myghte God now prey we,
Thatt hys pressiese persone we ma se.
[Here Erode cumyth in ageyne, und the MESSENGERE seyth; -
Hayle lorde, most off myght!
Thy commandement ys right.
In to thy land ys comyn thys nyght
iij kyngis, and $w^{t}$ them a grett cumpany.
Erod.
Whatt make those kyngis in this cuntrey?
Noncios.
To sele a kyng and a chyld the sey.
Evode.
Of what age schuld he bee?

## Noncios.

Skant twellve deyis old fulle.
Erod.
And wasse he soo late borue?

## Noncios.

E! Syr, soo the schode me thys same dey in the morne.
Erod.
Now, in payne of deyth, bryng them me beforne;
And there fore, harrode, now hy the in hast,
In all spede thatt thow were dyght,
Or thatt those lyngis the cuntrey be past;
Loke thow bryng them all iij before my syght.
And in Jerusalem incuere more of thatt ehyld?
But I warne the that thy wordis be mylde,
For there mast thow hede, and crafty wey
How to do his powere, and those iij liyngis shalbe begild.
Noncios.
Lorde, I am redde att youre byddyng,
To sarve the ase my lord and liyng,
For joye there of loo how I sprying,
Wt lyght hart and fresche gamboldyng,
Alofte here on this molde.
Erode.
Then sped the forthe hastely,
And loke thatt thow beyre the eyvinly:
And also I pray the hartely, thatt thow doo
Comand me bothe to yong and olde.
Nuncios.
Hayle, syr kynģis, in youre degre !
Erood, kyng of these cuntreyis wyde
Desyrith to speyke wt you all thre,
And for youre comyng he dothe abyde.
Rex $j$.
Syr, att his wyll we be ryght bayne.
IIy us brethur wnto thatt lordis place;

To speyke $w^{t}$ hym we wold he fayne,
Thatt ehyld thatt we seke, he grant vs of his grace!
Noncios.
Hayle, lorde $\mathrm{w}^{t}$ owt pere!
These iij kyngis here have we broght.
Erode.
Now weleum, syr kyngis, all in fere;
But of my bryght blesurs bassche ye noght.
St $^{\text {r }}$ kygis, ase I vodurstand
A star hathe gydid you into my land;
Where in gुrett haric ye haue fonde,
Be reysun of hir beymis liryght;
Wherefore I pray you hartely,
The vere truthe thatt ye woll sertefy;
How long yt ys surely,
Syn of that star you hat furst syght?
Rex $j$.
Sr kynge, the vere truthe sey.
And forto schoo yon ase hit ys best,
This same ys evin the xuth dey
Seyth yt aperid to vs to be west. Erode.
Brethur, then ys there no more to sey,
But wt hart and wyll kepe ye your jurney;
And cum whom by me this same wey,
Of your neris thatt I myght knoo.
You schall tryomfe in this cuntre,
And wigrett conctuorde bankett wt me:
And thatt ehylde myself then woll I see,
And honor hym also.
Rex ij.
$\mathbf{S}^{\text {r }}$, youre commandement we woll fulfyll,
And humbly abaye owreself there tyll;
He thatt weldith all thyng at wyll
The redde way hus teyche,
Sr kyng! thatt we ma pass your land in pes.

## Erode.

Yes! and walle softely cyvin at your one es,
Voure pase porte for a C deyis,
Here schall you haue of elere cummand
Owre reme to labur any weyis,
Here schall you haue be spesschall grante.
Rex ïj.
Now fare well kyng of hy degre;
Itumbly of you owre leyve we take.
Erode.
Then adev, $\mathbf{S}^{r}$ kyngis, all thre;
And whyle I lyve be bold of me;
There ys mothyng in this cuntre,
But for youre one ye schall yt take.
Now these iij kyngis ar gon on ther wey.
On wysely and on wyttely hane the all wroghte.
When the cum ageyne the schall dy thatt same dey,
And thas these vyle wreyehis to deyth the schalbe broght;
Soche ys my lykiyng.
He that agenst my lawys wyll hold,
Be he kyng or keysar, neyuer soo bold,
I shall them cast in to caris cold,
And to deyth I schall them hryog.
[There Erode goth his weys, and the iij Liyngis cum in aggeyne.] Rex $j$.
O blessid God, moche ys thy myght!
Where ys this star thatt gawe vs lyght?
Rex $\ddot{y}$.
Now lincle we downe here in this presence,
Be seliyug that lord of hy maugnelecens;
That we ma see his hy exsellence, Iff that his swet wylbe.

Rex iij.
Vondur, brothur, I see the star, Where ly I kno he ys nott far;

Therefore lordis, goo we nar
Into this pore place.
[There the iij hiyn!jis gois in to the Jesen, to Mare, ased hir chith.] Mex $j$.
Hayle, Lorte thatt all this worlde hath wroght?
Hale, God and man to gedur in fere!
For thow hast mate all thyng of noght,
Alhe yt thatt thow lyist porely here.
A eupe full [ol'] golde here I hane the broght
In tocongng thow art wt owt pere. Rex ij.
Hayle be thow, lorde of hy maugnyffecens!
In toconyng of presteod, and dyngnete of oflece,
'To the I otlur a empe full of in sence;
For yt be hovith the to have soche sacrefyee.
Rex їj.
Hayle be thow, lorde longe lokid fore !
I hane broght the myre for mortalete,
In to cung ng thow schath mankynd restore .
To lyif be thy deyth apon a tre.
Mare.
God hane merce, lyngis, of yowre goodnes!
Be the gydyng of the gothed hiddur are ye sent;
The provyssion of my swete sun your weyis whom reydres,
And fostely reywarde you for youre present.
Rex $j$.
Syr kyngis, aftur owre promes,
Whome be Erote. I must nedis foo.
Rex $i j$.
Now truly, berthur, we can noo las
But I am soo far wachid I wott not wat to do.
Rex iij.
Ryght soo am 1, where fore I you pray.
Letl all vs rest is awhyle mon this prownl.

## Rex $j$.

Brethur, your seying ys right well vnto my pay; The frace of thatt swet chylde sane vs all sownde.

> Angell.
liyng of Tawrus, $\mathbf{S}^{r}$ Jesper!
Fyng of Arraby, Sr Balthasar!
Melchor kyng, of Aginare!
To you now am I sent.
For drede of Eyrode, goo you west whom
In to those perties when ye cum downe,
Ye schalbe byrrid wigret reynowne:
The wholle Gost thus knoleyge hath sent.
Rex $j$.
Awake, Sr liyngis, I you praye,
For the voise of an Angell I hard in my drene!
Rex $\ddot{j}$.
Thatt ys full tru thatl ye do sey,
For he reyherssid owre names playne.
Rex ïj.
He bad thatt we schuld goo downe be west, For drede of Eryrodis fawls loe traye.

$$
\text { Rex } j
$$

Soo forto do $\mathrm{y}^{\mathrm{t}}$ ys the best,
The child that we hane soght, gyde vs the wey!
Now fare well the feyrist of schapp soo swete,
And thankid be Jhn of his sonde,
Thatt we iij to gedur soo suddenly schuld mete,
Thatt dwell soo wyde, and in strange lond,
And here make owre presentacion
Vnto this kyngis son clensid soo cleyne,
And to his modur for ovre saluacion;
Of moche myrth now ma we meyne,
Thatt we soo well hath done this obblacion.
Re.x $\ddot{\eta}$.
Now farewell, $\mathbf{S}^{\text {r }}$ Jaspar, brothur to you
Liyng of Tawrus, the most worthe;

Sr Balthasar, also tu you I bow,
And I thanke you bothe of youre good emmpany,
Thatl we togreddur hane had.
He thatl made is to mete on hyll,
I thanke hym now and eyner I wyll:
For now may we foo owt yll,
And ofl owre offerynge be full fayne.
Rex ïj.
Now syth thatt we most nelly foo
For drede of Erode, thatt ys soo wrothe,
Nuw fare well, brothur, and brothur also;
I take my leve here at you bothe
This dry on fote.
Now he thatt made vs to mete on playne.
And offurde to Mare in hir jeseyme;
He feve vs grace in beyvin a gayne
All to geyder to mete.

## Nuncios.

Hayle, lyngr most worthist in wede!
Hayle, manteinar of curterse thrugh all this world wyde!
Hayle, the most myghtyst that eyuer bestrod a stede!
Ha[y]le, most monfullist mon in armor man to a lyde!
Ilayle, in thyne hoonowre!
Theese iij liyugis thatt forthe were sent,
And schuld hate cum agegne before the here present,
Andhur wey, Lorde, whom the went
Contrare to thyn honomere.
Erode.
A nothur wey! - owt! owt! owt!
Hath those fawls trayturs done me this ded?
I stampe, I stare, I loke all abowtt;
Myght I them take I schuld them luen at a glede!
I rent, I rawe, aud now run I wode.
A! thatt these velen trayturs hath mard thys my mote!
The schalbe hangid yf I ma cum them to.

> [ Here Erode rayis in thys prayoul, and in the strete alson.]

E! and thatt kerne of Bedlem, he schalbe ded,
And thus schall I for do his profece.
How sey you, $\mathrm{S}^{r}$ knyghtis, ys not this the best red,
Thatt all yong chyldur for this schuld be dede,
Wyth sworde to be slayne?
Then schall I, Erod, lyve in lede,
And all folke me dowt and drede,
And offur to me bothe gold, rychesse, and mede;
Thereto wyll the be full fayne.
Myles $j$.
My lorde, kyng Erode be name!
Thy wordis agenst my wyll schalbe,
To see so many yong chyldur dy, ys schame;
Therefore consell ther to gettis thu non of me.
Myles $\ddot{\eta}$.
Well seyd, fello! my trawth I plyght;
Sr kyng̣! perseyve right well you may,
Soo grett a morder to see of yong frute,
Wyll make a rysyng in thi noone cuntrey.
Erode.
A rysyng! - owt! owt! owt!
[There Erode ragis ageyne, and then seyth thus; -
Owt, velen wrychis! har apon you I cry,
My wyll vtturly loke thatt yt be wroght,
Or apon a gallowse bothe you schall dy,
Be Mahownde, most myghtyste, thatt me dere hath boght!

$$
\text { Myles } j \text {. }
$$

Now, cruell Erode, syth we schall do this dede, Your wyll nedefully in this realme moste be wroght; All the chyldur of thatt age dy the most nede, Now wall my myght the schall be vpsoght.

$$
\text { Myles } \ddot{j}
$$

And I woll sweyre here apon your bryght sworde, All the chyldur thatt I fynd sclayne the schalbe;
Thatt make many a modur to wepe

And be full sore aferde.
In owre armor hryght when the has see.

## Erode.

Now you have sworne forth that ye goo;
And my wyll thatt ye wyrke bothe be dey and nyght;
And then wyll I for fayne trypp lyke a dou;
But whan the be ded, I warne you, bryng ham be fore my syght.

Angell.
Mare and dosoff! to you I sey,
Swete word from the fathur I bryng you full ryght; -
Owt of Bedlem in to Eygype forth goo ye the wey,
And wt you take the kyng full of myght,
For drede of Eroddis red.
Josoff.
A ryse up, Mare, hastely and sone!
Owre Lordis wyll nedys most be done,
Lyke ase the Angell vs bad.
Mare.
Mekely, Josoff, my one spowse,
Towarde that cuntrey let vs reypeyre.
Att Eygyp sum tocun off howse,
God grant hus grace saff tos cum there!
[Here the Wemen cum in wythe there chyldur, syngyny them, and Mare and Josoff goth awey cleyne.]

Homan $j$.
I lolle my ehylde wondursly swete,
And in my harmis I do hyt kepe,
Be eawse thatt yt schuld not erye.

## IV oman ij.

Thatt babe thatt ys borne, in Bedlem, so meke,
Ile sane my chyld and me from velany!
Homan iij.
Be styll! be styll! my lyttal chylde!
That Lorde of lordis saue bothe the and me:

For Erode hath sworne wordis wyld, Thatt all yong chyldur sclayne the schalbe.

Miles $j$.
Sey ye wyddurde, wyvis, wyddur ar ye a wey?
What beyre you in youre armis nedis mvst we see;
Yff the be man chyldur, dy the mvst thys dey,
For at Eroddis wyll all thyng mvst be.
Myles ï.
And I in handis wonys them hent,
Them forto sley noght woll I spare;
We most full fyll Erodis commandement,
Elis be we asse trayturs, and cast all in care.
IVoman $j$.
$S^{r}$ knyghtis! of youre curtesse
Thys dey schame not youre chevaldre,
But on my child haue pytte,
For my sake in this tyde.
For a sympull selaghtur yt were to sloo,
Or to wyrke soche a chyld woo,
Thatt can nodur speyke nor goo,
Nor nener harme did.
Homan $\ddot{y}$.
He thatt sleyis my chyld in syght,
Yff thatt my strokis on hym ma lyght,
Be he skwyar or knyght,
I hold hym but lost.
Se thow fawls losyngere,
A stroke schalt thow beyre me here,
And spare for no cost.
IVoman iij.
Sytt he neyuer soo hy in saddull,
But I schall make his braynis addull,
And here $w^{t}$ my pott ladull,
Wt hym woll I fyght.
I schall ley on hym athog, I wode were,
We thys same womanly geyre;

There sehall noo man steyre,
Wheddur that he he kyng or knyght.

## Myles $j$.

Who hard eyner soeke a ery
Of wemen, that there ehyltur have lost,
And frettly reybukyg chewaldry,
Throgh owt this reme in eyuer cost,
Wyehe many a mans lyff ys lyke to cost;
For thys grett wreyele thatt here ys done.
I feyre moche wengance ther off woll cum.
Myles ij.
E, brothur, soche talis may we not tell.
Where fere to the kyng lett ws groo,
For he ys lyke to beyre the bell,
Wyehe wasse the eawser that we did soo;
Yett must the all be broght hym to,
Wt waynis and waggons fully fryght:
I tro there wolbe a earefull syght.

## Myles $j$.

Loo! Eyrode, kyng! here mast thow see
How many M' thatt we have slayne.

## Myles ij.

And uedis thy wyll full fyllid must be,
There ma no mon sey there ageyne.
Ninncios.
Eyrod, kyng! I schall the tell,
All thy dedis ys eum to noght;
This child ys gone in to Eygipte to dwell,
Loo! Sr, in thy one land what wondurs liyn wroght.
Erod
Into Eygipte, alas! for woo,
Lengur in lande here I eanot abyde;
Saddull my palfrey, for in hast wyll Ifon
Aftur yondur trayturs now wyll I rydo,
Them for to slow.

Now all men, hy fast,
In to Eygipte in hast;
All thatt cuntrey woll I tast,
Tyll I ma cum them to.
Fynes lude de Taylars and Scharmen.
$T[h] y s$ matter
nevly correcte be Robart Croo, the xiiijth dey of Marehe;
fenyschid in the yere of owre Lorde God
MCCCCC and xxxiiijte
then beyng Mayre, Mastur Palmur:
also Mastris of the seyd Fellyschipp, IIev. Corbett,
Randull Pynkard, and
John Baggely.

## TIIEISE SONGES

BELOVGE TO
TIIE TAYLORS AND SIIEAREDENS PAGANT.

THE FIRST AND THE LASTE THE SIIEPHEARDS SINGE,
AND THE SECOND OR MIDDLEMOST THE WOMEN SINGE.

## THOMAS MAUDYCLE

die decimo tertio Mai; anno Domini quingentesimo nonagesimo primo. Pretor fuit civitatis Conventrix D. Mathrus Richardson: tune Consules Johannes IVhiteheat et Thomas Grauener.

## SOAG 1.

As I out rode this enderes night, Of thre ioli sheppardes I saw a sight,
And all a bowte there fohl a star shone bright:
They sange, terli, terlow:
So mereli the sheppards ther pipes can blow.

## SONC II.

Lully, lullat, thow littel tine child; By, by, lully, lullay, thow littell tyne child;
By, by, lully, lullay.

O sisters too! how may we do, For to preserve this day
This pore yongling, for whom we do singer By, ly, lully, lullay.

Herod, the king, in his raging.
Chargid he hath this day
His men of might, in his owne sight.
Nll youge children to slay.
That wo is me, pore child for the !
And ever morne and day,
For thi parting nether say nor singe.
By, by, lully, lallay.

## SOMG III.

Doune from heaven, from heaven so hic,
Of angeles ther came a great companie,
Wt mirthe, and ioy, and great solemnitye
The sange, terly, terlow:
So mereli the sheppards ther pipes can blow.

## TOMVNELEY

## MIRACLE - PLIYS.

$$
\geq
$$

## PIIARO.

## Pharao.

Peas, of payn that no man pas;
But kepe the course that I commannde,
And take good hede of hym that has
Youre helthe alle holy in hys hande,
For liyng Pharro my fader was,
And led thys lordshyp of thys land;
I am hys hayre, as age wylle has,
Ever in stede to styr or stand.
Alle Egypt is myne awne
To leede aftyr my law,
I wold my mylhe were knowne
And honoryd, as hit awe.
Fulle low he shalle be thrawne
That harkyns not my sawe,
Hanged hy and drawne,
Therfor no boste ye blaw;
But, as for liyng, I commannd peasse,
To alle the people of thys empyre.
Looke no man put hym self in preasse,
Bot that wylle do as I desyre,

And of youre wordes look that ye seasse.
Take tent to me, youre soferand syre,
That may youre comfort most increasse,
And to my lyst howe lyfe and lyre.
Primus Miles.
My Lord, if any here were,
That wold not wyrk youre wylle;
If we myghte com thaym nere, Fulle soyu we shuld theym spylle.

## Pharao.

Thrughe ont my kyngdom wold I ken, And kun hym thank that wold me telle, If any were so waryd men, That wold my fors down felle.

Secundus Miles.
My Lord, ye have a manner of men
That make great mastres us cmelle;
The Jues that won in Gersen,
Thay ar callyd ehyldyr of Isracl.
Thay multyplye fulle fast,
And sothly we suppose
That shalle ever last,
Oure lordshyp for to lose.
Pharao.
Why, how have thay syche gawdes begun?
Ar thay of myght to make syeh frayes?
Primus Miles.
Yei, Lord, fulle felle folli ther was fun
In kyng Pharao, youre faders, dayes.
Thay cam of Josephe, was Jacol son,
He was a prince worthy to prayse;
In sythen in ryst have thay ay ron;
Thus ar thay lyke to lose youre layse,
Thay wylle confound you cleyn,
Bot if thay soner seasse.

## Pharao.

What, devylle, is that thay meyn
That thay so fast incresse?

## Secminus Miles.

How thay incres fulle welle we ken,
As oure faders dyd understand;
Thay were bot sexty and ten
When thay fyrst cam in to thys land;
Sythen have sojerned in Gersen
Four hundred wynter, I dar warand;
Now ar thay nowmbed of myghty men
Moo then ece thousand,
Wythe outen wy fe and chyld,
Or hyrdes that kepe thare fee.
Pharao.
How thus myghte we be begyled!
Bot shalle it not be;
For wythe guantyse we shalle thaym quelle, So that thay schalle not far sprete.

## Primus Miles.

My Lord, we have hard oure faders telle, And clerkes that welle couthe rede, Ther shuld a man walk us amelle That shuld fordo us and oure dede.

## Phurao.

Fy on hym, to the devylle of helle, Syeh destyny wylle we not drede;
We shalle make mydwyfes to spylle them
Where any Ebew is borne,
And alle menkyide to kylle them,
So shalle thay soyn be lorne.
And as for elder have I none awe, Syehe bondage shalle I to theym beyde, To dylie and delf, bere and draw,
And to dow all unhonest deyde:

So shalle these laddes be holden law,
In thraldom ever thare lyfe to leyile.
Secundus Miles.
Now, certes, thys was a sotelle saw, Thus shalle these folk no farthere sprede. Pharao.
Now help to hald theym downe,
Look I no fayntues fynde.
Primus Miles.
Alle redy, Lord, we shalle be bowne,
In bondage thaym to bynde.
[Tune intrat Moyses cum virgá in manu, etc,] Moyses.
Gret God, that alle thys warld began,
And growndyl it in grood degre,
Thou mayde me, Moyses, unto man,
And sythen thou savyd me from the se,
liyng Pharao had commawndyd than
Ther shuld no man chyld savyd be;
Agaus hys wylle away I wan;
Thus has God showed hys might for me.
Now am I set to kepe,
Uuder thys montayn syde,
Byschope Jettyr shepe,
To better may betyde;
A, Lord, grete is thy myght!
What man may of yond mervelle meyn?
Yonder I se a selcowth syght,
Syehe on in warld was never seyn;
A bush I se burnand fulle bryght,
And ever elyke the leyfes ar greyn,
If it be wark of warldely wyght,
I wylle go wyt wythoutyn weyn.
Deus.
Moyses! Moyses!
[IIie properat al rubum, et dicit ei Dens.-

Moyses com not to nere,
Bot stylle in that stede thou dwelle.
And harkyn unto me here:
Take tent what I the telle.
Do of thy shoyes in firre,
Wyth mowth as I the melle;
The place thon standes in there,
Forsoth, is halowd welle.
I am thy Lord, withouten lak,
To lengthe thi lyfe even as I lyst ;
I am God that som tyme spake
To thyn elders, as thay wyst;
To Abraham, and Isatae,
And Jacob, I sayde shatde he blyst.
And mulfylude of them to make,
So that thare seyde shuld not her myst.
But now thys kyg, Pharat,
He hurlys my folk so fast,
If that I sulfre hym so,
Thare seyde shuld soyne be past;
Bat I wylle not so do,
In me if thay wylle trast
Bondage to brynge thaym fro.
Therfor thon go in hast,
To do my message have in mynde
Tou hym, that me syehe harme mase;
Thon spelie to hym wythe wordes heymle,
So that he let my people pas
Tow whldernes, that thay may weymle
To worshyp me as I wylle asse.
Agans my wylle if that thay leynd.
Ful soyn hys song shalle be, alas.
Moyses.
A, Lord! pardon me, wyth thy leyf,
That lynage luffes me noght:
Gladly thay wold me freyf,

If I syche bodworde hroght.
Grood Lord, lette som othere frast, That has more fors the follie to fere. Dens.
Moyses, be thon nott abast, Ny bydyng shalle thou holdly bere;
If thay wyth wrong away wold wrast,
Ontl of the way I shalle the were. Moyses.
Good Lord, thay wylle not me trast
For alle the othes that I can swere;
To meven sych noytes new
To folk of wyliyd wylle,
Wyth outen toliyn trew,
Thay wylle not tent ther tylle. Dens.

If that he wylle not understand
Thys tokyn trew that I shalle sent,
Afore the liyng cast down thy wand,
And it shalle turne to a serpent;
Then take the taylle agane in hand,
Bohlly up look thon it hent,
And in the slate thon it find
Thou shal it turne hy myne intent.
Sythen hald thy hand soyn in thy barme,
And as a lepre it shal be lyke,
And hole agane with outen harme;
Lo, my toliyns shal he slyke.
And if he wylle not suffer then My people for to pas in peasse,
I shalle send venyance ix or ten,
Shalle sowe fulle sore or I scasse.
Bot ye Elbrewes, won in Jessen,
Shalle not be merkyd with that measse ;
As long as thay my lawes wylle ken
Thare comforthe shalle erer increasse.

## Moyses.

A. Lord, to luf the ayght us wello

That makes thi folk thus free:
I shalle muto thaym telle
As thon has told to me.
Bot to the kyng, Lord, when I com, If he aske what is thy name, And I stand stylle, both deyf and dom, How shuld I skape withoutten blane? Dens.

I saty the thus, Ego sum rui sum,
1 am he that is the same;
If thou ean nother muf nor mom, I shatle sheld the from shame.

Moyses.
I understand fulle welle thys thyng;
I fro, Lord, with alle the myght in me.
Dens.
Be bold in my hassyng.
'Thi soeoure slalle I be.
Moyses.
A, Lord of luf, leyn me thy lare,
That I may fruly falys telle:
To my freyndes now wylle I fare
The chosyn chille of Isiaclle,
To telle theym comforthe of thate care,
In dawngere ther as thay dwelle.
God manteyn yon evermare,
And mekylle myrthe be you emelle
Primus P'uer.
A, mastor Moyses, dere!
Onre myrthe is alle mowrong ;
Fulle hard halden ar we here,
As earls undor the kyng.

## Secundus Pres.

We may mowru, hoth more and myn,
Ther is no man that oure myrth mase;
Boi syn we ar alle of a liyn
God send us comforth in thys ease.
Moyses.
Brethere, of youre mownyng blyn,
God wylle delyver you thrughe his graee;
Out of this wo he wylle you wyu,
And put you to youre pleassyng place;
For I shalle earp unto the lyyg,
And fownd fulle soyn to make you free.

> Primus Puer.

God grant you good weyndyng,
And evermore with you be.
Moyses.
liyng Pharao, to me take tent.
Pharao.
Why, boy, what fythynges can thou telle?
Moyses.
From God hym self hyder am I sent
To foche the chyture of Israclle;
To wyldernes he wold thay went.
Phareto.
Yei, weynd the to the derylle of helle:
I gyf no force what he has ment;
In my dangere, herst thon, shalle thay dwelle;
And, fature, for thy salie,
Thay shalbe pent to pyne.
Moyses.
Then wylle God venyance take
Of the, and of alle thyn.
Pherrao.
On me? fy on the lad, out of my land!
Wenys thou thus to loyse oure liy?

Sity, whence is yond warlow with his wand That thas wold wyle mute folle away?

## I'rimus Vyles.

Vond is Moyses, I dar warand,
Agans alle Eyypt has beyn ay;
Greatt defawte with hym youre fader find ;
Now wylle he mar you if he may.
Pharto.
Fy on hym! nay, nay, that dawnce is done;
Lurdin, thou loryd to late.
Moyses.
God bydes the grame my bone.
Amilel me go my grate.
Pharreo.
Bydes God me? fals loselle, thon lyse!
What toky told he? take thou tent.
Moyses.
He sayd thou shmbld dyspyse
Both me, and hys commamelement;
Forthy, apon thys wyse,
My wand he bad, in thi present,
I shuld lay downe, and the avyse
How it shald turne to oone serpent.
And in hys holy name
Hore I lay it downe;
Lo, syr, here may thou se the same.
Jharao.
A. Ha, doy! the deville the drowne!

Moyses.
He bad me take it by the taylle.
For lo profe lys powere playn.
Then sayde, wythouten faylle.
H!! shald to a wand :y;y? 1 .
Lon, sir, holoold

## I'haras.

Wyth yl a haytle!
Certes this is a sotelle swayn:
Bot thyse boyes shatle abyde in haylle.
Alle thi gawdes shalle thaym not fayn:
Bot wars, hoth morne and none,
Shalle thay fare, for thi salte.

## Moyses

I pray God send us renyamge some.
And en thi warhes lake wrake.
Primus Miles.
Alas, alas! this lamd is lorme!
On lyfe we may [no] longer leynd:
Syche myschefe is fallen syn morne.
Ther may no medsyn it amend.
Pharoo.
Why ery ?e so? laddes, lyst ye shorne?
Socundus Miles.
Syr liyng, syehe care was never liend.
In no mans tyme that ever was horne.
Pharan.
Telle on, helyfe, and make an end.
Primus Miles.
Syr, the waters that were ordamd
For men and hestes foyde.
Thrughe outt alle Erypt land.
Ar turnyd into reede bloyde:
Fulle ugly and fulle ylle is hyll,
That bothe freshe and fayre was before.
Pharao.
O, ho! this is a wonderfulle thyng to "ylt.
Of all the warkes that ever wore.
Sccurdus Miles.
Nay, Lord, ther is anothere git.
That sodanly sows us fulle sorr:

For todes and froskes may no man flyt, Thay venom us so, bothe les and more. Primus Miles.
Greatte mysles, sir, there is bothe morne and noyn, Byte us fulle bytterly:
IVe trow that it be done
Thrughe Moyses, oure greatte enmy. Secundus Miles.
My Lord, bot if this menye may remefe;
Mon never myrthe be us amang.
Pharao.
Go. say to hym we wylle not ģrefe,
Bot thay shalle never the tytter gayng. Irimus Miles.
Moyses, my Lord gyflys leyfe
To leyd thi folk to lykyng lang,
So that we mend of onre myschefe.
Moyses.
Fulle welle, I wote, thyse wordes ar wrang;
Bot hardely alle that I heytt
Fulle sudanly it shalle he seyn:
Uneowth mervels shalbe meyt
And he of malyee meyn.
Secundus Miles.
A, Lord, alas, for doylle we dy!
We dar look oute at no dowre.
Pharao.
What, ragyd the dwylle of helle, alys you so to ery?
Primus Miles.
For we fare wars then ever we fowre;
Grete loppys over alle this land thay fly,
And where thay byte thay make grete blowre,
And in every place oure bestes dede ly.
Secuudus Miles.
Hors, ox, and asse,
Thay fille downe dede, syr, sodanly.

## 1'rarao.

We, lo, ther is no man that has
Half as myehe harme as $I$.
Primus Miles.
Vis, sir, poore foll have mekylle wo,
To se thare catalle thus out cast.
The Jues in Gessen fayre not so .
Thay have lykyg for to last.
Pharion
Then shalle we gyf theym leyf to go
To tyme this perelle be on past;
Bot, or thay flyll oght far us fro,
We shalle them bond twyse as fast.
Secuudus Miles.
Moyses, my Lord iy ffes loyf
Thi meneye to remeve.
Moyses.
Ve mon hate more myschefe
Bot if thyse talys he trew.
Primus Miles.
A, Lord, we may not leyde thyse lyfys. Pharrao.
What, dwylle, is grevance gुrofen agayn?
Secundus Miles.
Ye, sir, sich powder apon us dryfys,
Where it abides it makes a blayn;
Meselle makes it man and wyfe;
Thus ar we hurt with haylle and rayn.
Syr, unys in montanse may not thryfe,
So has frost aml thoner thaym slayn.
Pharao.
Yei, bot how do thay in Gessen,
The Jues, can ye me say?
Primus Miles.
Of alle these eares no thyng thay ken,
Thay foylle noghte of our afray.

## Phario.

No? the ragyd, the dwylle, sytl thay in peasse?
And we every day in doute and drede?
Secundus Miles.
My lord, this care will ever encrese,
To Moyses have his folk to leyd;
Els be we lorne, it is no lesse,
Yit were it better that thai yede.
Pharao.
Thes folk shall flyt no far,
If he fo welland woile.
Primus Miles.
Then wille it sone he war,
It were better thay yode.
Secmulus Miles.
My lord, new harme is comyn in hand.
Phurao.
Yei, dwille, wille it no better be?
Primus Miles.
Wyld wormes ar layd over all this land, Thai leyf no floure, nor leyf on tre.

Secumbus Miles.
Agans that storme may no man stande;
And mekylle more mervelle thynk me,
Thatt these iij dayes has bene durand
Siehe myst, that no man may other se.
Primus Miles.
A, my Lord!
Phurao.
Highlie!
Secuudus Mites.
Grete pestilence is comyn;
It is like fuil long to last.
Phurro.
Pestilence? in the dwilys name!
Then is oure pride over past.

> Irimus Miles.

My Lord, this eare lastos lang, Anl wille to Moyses have his bone:
Let hym \{on, els wyrk we wrang .
It may mot happ to hover ne hons.
Plarao.
Then wille we gif theym leyf to \{ran:
Syn it mast medes be doyn:
Perchames we shatle thaym fang
Aul mar thom or to morne at nome.
Secunelus Miles.
Moyspo, my lord hor says
Then shalle have passagre phay Woyses.
Now have we lefor to pas
M! fresudes. bow her ge fisu:
Com finthe; now shalle ye weyml
To labd of lyliyis you to pay.
Irinus Puer.
Bot liyngr Pharao, that fils feyul.
He will us eft betray:
Fulle soyn the wille slapre us to sheymb
And after us spmel his garray.
Moyses.
Br not abast. Giod is pure freyoul.
And alle oure foes wille slay:
Therfor eom on with me,
Have done and drede you noght.
Secundus I'uer.
That Lord blyst might he be,
That us from baylle has broght.
Primus I'uer.
Siche frenship never we find:
Bot yit I drede for presels alle,
Ther Roede See is here at hamd.
There shat we byde to we be thratle

## Moyses.

I shalle make way ther with my wand,
As God has sayde, to sayf us alle;
$\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}}$ ayther syde the see mon stand,
To we be gone, right as a walle.
Com on wyth me, leyf none behynde,
Lo fownd ye now youre God to pleasse.
[llic pertransient mare.]
Secundus Puer.
O, Lord! this way is heynd;
Now weynd us all at easse.
Primus Miles.
Kyng Pharao! thyse folk ar gone.
Pharao.
Say, ar ther any noyes new?
Secundus Miles.
Thise Elurews ar grone, lord, everichon.
Pharao.
How says thou that?
Primus Miles.
Lord, that taylle is trew. Pharao.
We, out tyte, that they were tayn:
That ryett radly shall thay rew;
We shalle not seasse to thay be slayn.
For to the see we shall thaym sew:
So charge youre chariottes swythe,
And fersly look ye folow me.
Secundus Miles.
Alle redy, lord, we ar fulle blythe
At youre byddyng to be.
Primus Miles.
Lord, at youre byddyng ar we howne
Oure bodys boldly for to beyd;
We shalle not seasse, bot dyng alle downe,
To alle be dede withouten drede.

## Pharao.

Heyf up youre hertes unto Mahowne, He wille be nere us in oure nede;
Help, the raggyd dwylle, we drowne!
Now mon we dy for alle oure dede.
[Tune merget cos mare.]
Moyses.
Now ar we won from alle oure wo,
And savyd out of the see;
Lovyng gyf we God unto,
Go we to land now merely.
Primus Puer.
Lofe we may that Lord on hyght, Aud ever telle on this mervelle;
Drownyd he has Iayng Pharao myght,
Lovyd be that Lord Emanuelie.
Moyses.
Heven, thou altend, I say in syght;
And erthe my wordys, here what I telle.
As rayn or dew on erthe doys lyght And waters, herbys, and trees fulle welle, Gyf lovyng to Goddes mageste, Hys dedys ar done, hys ways ar trew.
Honowred be he in trynyte,
To hym be honowre and verten.
AMEN.

## PASTORES.

Irimus I'ustor:
Lord, what these weders ar enld, and I am ylle happyd:
I am nere hamle dold, so long have I nappyd;
My legys thay fold, my fyngers ar chappyal,
It is not as I wold, for I ame al lappyd
In sorow.
In stormes and tempest,
Now in the cest, now in the west,
Wos is hym has never rest
Myd day nor morow.
Bot we sely shepartes, that walliys on the moore,
In fayth we are nere handes outt of the doore;
No wouder as it standys if we be poore,
For the tythe of oure landes lyys falow as the floore,
As ye len.
We are so hamyd,
For taxed and ramyd.
We ar mayde hand tanyd,
Withe thyse gentlery men.
Thus thay refe us oure rest, Oure Lady theym wary,
These men that ar lord fest thay canse the ploghe tary.
That men say is fur the best we fynde it contrary,
Thus ar hosbandes opprest, in point to myseary,
0 ly le.
Thus hold thay us humder.
Thus thay bryng us in honder .
It were greatte wonder,
And ever shuld we thryfe.
Far may he gett a paynt slefe ar a broche now on dayes, Won is hym that hym grefe, or omys agame sats.
Dar no man hym reprefe. what mastry he mass,

And yit may no man lefe oone word that he says No letter.
IIf ean make purveance,
With boste and bragance, .
And alle is thrughe mantenance
Of men that are gretter.
Ther shalle com a swanc as prowde as a po,
He must borow my wane, my ploghe also,
Then I am fulle fane to graunt or he go.
Thus lyf we in payne, anger, and wo, By nyght and day;
IIe must have if he langyd,
If I shuld forgang it,
I were better be hangyd
Then oones say hym nay.
It dos me good, as I walk thus ly myn oone,
Of this warld for to tall in maner of mone:
To my shepe wylle I stalk and herkyn anone,
Ther abyde on a balk, or sytt on a stone
Full soyne.
For Iftrowe, parde,
Trew men if thay be,
We gett more compane Or it be noyne.

Sccundus Pastor.
Benste and Dominus! what may this bemeyne?
Why fares this warld thas oft have we not sene.
Lord, thyse weders ar spytus, and the weders fulle kene;
And the frost so hydus thay water myn ecyne, No ly.
Now in dry, now in wete,
Now in snaw, now in slete,
When my shone freys to my fete It is not alle esy.
Bot as far as I ken, or yit as 1 gon,
We sely wodmen wre mekylle wo:

We have sorow then aml then, it fallys oft so,
Sely Capyll, oure hen, both to and fro
She kakyls,
Bot begra she to arok,
To groyne or to clok.
Wo is hym of oure cols,
For he is in the strelyls.
These men that ar wed have not alle thare wylle.
When they ar fulle hard sted thay syghe fulle stylle;
God wayte thay ar led fulle hard and fulle ylle,
In hower nor in bed thay say noght ther tylle,
This tyde.
My parte have I fun,
I how my ${ }_{2}^{4}$ lessm,
Wo is hym that is bun,
For he must abyde.
Bot now late in oure lyfys, a marvel to me,
That I thynk my hart ryfys siche wonders to see.
What that destany dryfye it shuld so be .
Som men wylle have two wyfys, and som men thre,
In store.
Som ar wo that has any;
Bot so far can I,
Wo is hym that has many .
For he felys sore.
Bot yong men of wowyng, for Gorl that you boght .
Be welle war of wedyug, and thynk in youre thoght
-Had I wyst is a thygg it serves of noght :
Mekylle stylle mowrnyng has wedyng home broght
And grefys,
With many a sharp showre,
For thou may cache in an owre
That shalle savour fulle sowre
As long as thou lyflys.
For, as ever red 1 pystylte, I have oone to my fere As sharp as thystylle, as rugh as a berere,

She is browyd lyke a brystylle, with a sowre, loten, ehere;
Had she oones wetl hyr whystyll she couth syng fulle clere
IIyr pater noster.
She is as greatt as a whalle,
She has a gaton of galle,
By hym that dyed for us alle!
I wald I had ryu to I lost hirr.
Primus Pastor.
God looke over the raw, fulle defly ye stand.
Secundus Pastor.
Yee, the deville in thi maw, so tariand,
Saghe thou awro of Daw?
Primus Pastor:
Yee, on a ley land
Hard I hym haw, he commys here at hand,
Not far ;
Stand tylle.
Secumulus Pastor.
Qwhy?
Primus Pastor.
For he commys hope I.
Secuudus Pastor.
He wylle make us both a ly
But if we be war.
Tercius Pastor.
Crystes erosse me spede and Sanl Nyeholas,
Ther of had I nede, it is wars then it was.
Whoso couthe take hede, and lell the warld pas,
It is ever in drede and brekylle as glas,
And slythys.
This warld fowre never so,
With mervels mo and mo,
Now in weylle, now in wo,
And alle thyng wrythys.
Was never syn Noe floode sich floodes seyn,
Wyndes and ranys so rule, and slormes so keyn,

Som stamerd, som stod in dowte, as I weyn,
Now God turne alle to good, I say as I mene, For ponder.
These floodes so thay drowne,
Both in treyfles and in towne.
And berys alle downe,
And that is a wonder.
We that wall on the nyghtys oure eatelle to kepe,
We se sodan syghtes when othere men slepe:
Cet me thynk my hart lyghtes, 1 se shrewys pepe,
Ve ar two alle wyghtes, I wylle gyl my shepe
A turne.
Bot fille ylle have I ment,
As I walk on this bent,
I may lyghty repent,
My toes if I spurne.
A, sir, God you save, and master myne!
A drynk fayn wold 1 have aml somwhat to dyne.

## Primus: I'astor.

Cirystes eurs, my linave, thou art a ledyr hyne.
Secundus Prastor.
What, the boy lyst rave, albyde muto syne
We have mayde it.
Vhe thryfte on thy pate!
Thoughe the sherew eam late
Vit is he in state
To dyne, if he hat it. Tercins Pastor.
Siche servandes as $I$, that swellys and swynks,
Etys oure bredle fulle drye, and that me forthynlys;
We are oft weytt and wery when master men wynlys,
Vit commys fille lately both dyners and drynks,
Bot nately.
Bothe oure dame and oure syre.
When we have ryn in the myre,

Thay can nyp at oure hyre,
And pay us fulle lately.
Bot here my trouthe, master, for the fayr that ye make
I shalle do therafter wyrk, as I take;
I shalle do a lyttlle, sir, and emang ever lake,
For yit lay my soper never on my stomake
In feyldys.
Wherto shuld 1 threpe?
With my staff can I lepe,
And men say "lyght chepe
Letherly for yeldes." Primus Pastor.
Thou were an ylle lad, to ryde on wowyng With a man that had bot lytylle of spendyng. Secundus Pastor.
Peasse boy I bad, no more jangling,
Or I shall make the fulle rad, by the hevens kyng!
With thy gawdys;
Wher ar oure shepe, boy, we skome?
Tercius Pustor.
Sir, this same day at morne,
I them left in the corne,
When thay rang lawdys;
Thay have pasture good, thay can not go wrong.
Primus Pastor.
That is right, by the roode, thyse uyghtes ar long,
Yit I wold, or we yode, oone gaf us a song.
Sccundus Pastor.
So I thoght as I stode, to myrth us emong.
Tercius Pastor.
I graunt.
Primus Pastor.
Lett me syng the tenory.
Secundus Pastor.
And I the tryble so hye.

## Iintins: Pustor:

Then the meyne fallys to me;
Left se how of chamut.
[Tunc intrat Mak in clamide se super togam vestites.]
Mak.
Now Lord, for thy maymes sיven, that made hoth moyn and starnes
Velle mo then I can neven: thi wille, Lorde, of me tharnys; I am alle uneven, that moves oft my harnes, Now wold God I were in heven, for ther wepe no harmes Su stylle.

## Primues P'astor.

Who is that pypys so poore?
Mak.
Wold God ye wyst how I foore!
Lo a man that walkes on the moore,
And has not alle his wylle.
Secundus P'astor:
Mak, where has thon gone? tell us tythyug. Tercius Pastor.
Is he commen: then ylkon take hede to his thing.
[Et accipit clamidem ab ipso.]

## Mak.

What, icl be a wyoman, I telle you, of the king;
The self and the same. sond from a greatt lordynf, And siche.
Fy on you, foy the henee.
Out of my presence,
I must have reverence,
Why, who be iche?
Irimus Pastor.
Why make ye it so qwaynt? Mak, ye do wrang.
Secundus Pastor.
Bot, Mak, lyst ye saynt? I trow that ye lang. Tercins I'astor.
I trow the shrew can paynt, the dewy lle my fift hym hang! $B^{\text {a }}$

## Muk.

Ieh shalle make complaynt, and make you alle to thwang II a worde,
And tell evyn how ye doth.
Primus I'astor.
Bot Mal, is that sothr?
Now take mult that sothren tothe
And sett in a torde.
Secumelus Pastor.
Mak, the dewille in your ee, a stroke wold I leyne you. Tercius I'astor.
Mak, linow ye not me? by God I couthe teyle you. Muk
God looke you alle thre, me thought I had sene you. Ve ar a fare companc.

Primus P'astor:
Can ye now mene you?
Secundus Pastor.
Shrew, jipe;
Thus late as thou goys,
What wylle men suppoys?
And thou has an ylle neys
Of stelyng of shepe.
Mak.
And 1 :m trew as steylle alle men wayll,
Bot a selienes I feylle that haldes me fulle haytt,
My belly farys not weylle, it is out of astate.
Tercius Pastor:
Seldom lyys the dewylle dede by the giate.
Mak.
Therfore
Fulle sore am I and ylle,
If I stande stone stylle;
I ete not an nedylle
Thys moneth and more.
Primus Pastor.
How farys thi wyf? by my hoode, how farys sho?

## Mak.

Lyys walteryng, by the roode, by the fyere lo, And a howse fulle of brude, she drynliys welle to, Vile spede othere good that she wylle do;

Bot so
Etys as fast as she can, And ill yere that commys to man,
She brynges firthe a lakan,
And som yeres two.
Bot were I not more graeyus, and rychere befiar, I were eten outt of howse, and of harbar,
Yit is she a fowlle dowse, if ye com nar:
Ther is non that trowse, nor linowys a wat.
Then ken I.
Now wylle ye se what I profer,
To wy alle in my cofer
To morne at next to offer
Her hed mas peuny.
Secundus Pustor.
I wote so forwaliyd is none in this shyre:
I wold slepe if I taliyd les to my hyere.
Tercius Pastor.
I am cold and nakyd, and wold have a fycre. Primus Pastor.
I am wery for rakyd, and run in the myre.
Wake thon!

## Secundus Pastor.

Nay, 1 wylle lyg downe by,
For I must slepe trally.
Tercins Pastor:
As good a manys son was I
As any of you.
Bot, Mak, eom heder, betwene shalle thou lyg downe.
Mak.
Then myght I lett you bedene: of that ye wold rowne. No drede.

Fro my top to my too
Manus tuas commendo
Pontio IPilato,
Cryst erosse me spede.
$\lceil T u n e$ surgit, pastoribus dormiontibus, el dicit:
Now were tyme for a man, that lakkys what he wold.
To stalk prively than unto a fold,
And neemly to wyrk than, and be not to bold, For he myght alyy the bargan, it it were told

At the endyng.
Now were tyme for to reyile;
Bot he nedes good rounselle
That fayn wold fare weylle,
And has bot lytylle spendyng.
Bot abowte you a serliylle, as rownde as a moyn,
To I have done that I wylle, tylle that it be noyn,
That ye lyg slone stylle, to that I have doyne,
And I shall say thertylle of good wordes a foyne.
On hight
Over youre heydes my hand I lyft,
Outt go youre cen, fordo your syght,
Bot yit I must make better shyft,
And it be right.
Lord! what thay slepe hard, that may ye alle here;
Was I never a shepard, hot now wylle I lece.
If the flok be skard, yit shalle I nyp nere,
How drawes hederward: now mendes oure chere
From sorow:
A fatt shepe I dar say,
A good flese dar I lay,
Eft whyte when I may,
Bot this wille I borow.
How, Gylle, art thon in? Gett us som lyght.
Uxor Ejus.
Who makys sich dyn this tyme of the nyght?
I am selt for to spyn: I hope not I myght

Ryse a penny to wyn: I shrew them on hight.
So farys
A huswyff that has bene
To be rasyd thus betwene :
There may no note be sene
For sich smalle charys.
Mak.
Good wyff, open the hek. Seys thou not what I bryng? Uxor:

I may thote the dray the snek. A, eom in, my swetyng. Mak.
Yee, thon thar not rek of my long standyng.
Uxor.
By the nakyd nek art thon lyke for to hyng.
Mak.
Do way :
I am worthy my mete,
For in a strate can I gett
More then thay that swynke and swette
Alle the long day,
Thus it felle to my lot, Gylle, I had sich grace.

$$
\boldsymbol{U x o r}
$$

It were a fowlle blott to be hanged for the case.
Mak.
I have skapyd, Jelott, oft as hard a glase.
Cxor.
"Bot so long goys the pott to the water," men says,
"At last
Comys it home broken."
Mah.
Welle knowe I the foken,
Bot let it never be spolien;
Bot com and help fast.
I wold he were flayn; I lyst well ete :
This twelmothe was I not so fayn of oone shepe mete.

Uxor:
Com thay or he be slayn, and here the shepe blete?
Mak.
Then myght I be time: that were a cold swette. Go spar
The saytt doore.
Cxor:
Vis Mak,
For and thay com at thy bali.
Mak.
Then myght I by for alle the pati
The dewille of the war.
Uxor.
A good bowrde have I spied, syn thon can none:
Here shalle we hym hyde, to thay be gone;
In my eredylle abyde. Left me alone,
And I shalle lyg besyde in chylbed and grone.
Muk.
Thon red;
And I shalle say thou was lyght
Of a knave childe this nyght.
Cxor.

Now welle is me day bright,
That ever I was bred.
This is a rood ryse and a far cast;
Yit a woman avyse helpys at the last.
I wote never who spyse: agane go thou fast.
Mak.
Bot I com or thay ryse, els blawes a cold hlast.
I wylle go slepe.
Vit slepys alle this meneye,
And I shalle go stalli prevely,
As it had never bene I
That earyed thare shepe.

## Primus Prastor:

Resurvex a montruis: have hald my haml.
Judus carmas dommus, I may not welle stamd:
My foytt slepgs, by desus, and I water fastamd.
I theght that we layd us fintle nere Voghaid.
Scoumdus I'astor.
A ve!
Lord! what I have slept weylle;
As fresh as an eylle.
As lyght I me feylle
As leyfer on a tre⿻
Tercius Pastor.
Benste be here in. So my 'fwalys My hart is ontt of slyn, what so it makys. Who makys alle this dyn? So my browes blakys, To the dowore wylle I wyn. Harke felows, walys!

We were fowre:
Se ye awre of Mak now?
Primus Pustor.
We were ир or thom.
Sccumblus Pastor.
Man. I fiy f God a vowe,
Vit yede he nawre.
Tercius I'astor.
Me thoght he was lapt in a wolfe shyn.
Primus: Pustor.
So are many hapl now namely within.
Secunder: P'astor.
When we had long napt; me thoght with a gin
A fatt shepe he trapt, hot he mayde mo dyn.
Tercius Pustor:
Be stylle:
Thi dreune makes the woodr:
It is bet fantom, by the roode.

Primus Pastor.
Now God turne alle to good, If it be his wylle.

Secundus Pastor.
Ryse, Mak, for shame! thon lyges right lang.
Mak.
Now Crystes holy name lie us emang,
What is this for? Sant Jame! I may not welle gang.
I trow I be the same. A! my nek has lygen wrang Enoghe.
Mekille thank, syn yister even
Now, ly Sant Strevyn!
I was flayd with a sweryn My hart out of sloghe.
1 thoght Gylle began to crok, and travelle fulle sad,
Welner at the fyrst col, of a yong lad,
For to mend oure flok: then be I never glad.
I have tow on my rok, more then ever I had.
A, my heede!
A house fulle of yong thames,
The dewille knoli outt thate harnes
Wo is hym has many barnes,
And therto lytylle brede.
I must go home, by youre lefe, to Gylle as I thoght.
I pray you look my slefe, that I steylle noght:
I mm loth you to grefe, or from you take oght.
Tercius Pastor.
Go furth, ylle myght thou chefe, now wohl I we soght, This morne,
That we had alle oure store.
Primus Pastor.
Bot I wille go before,
Let us mete.
Scemulus. Pastor:
Whore?
Tercius Pastor:
At the erokyd thorne.

## Mak.

Undo this doore! who is here? how long shalle I sland?
Cxor İjus.

Who maks sich a here? now walke in the weryand.
Muk.
A, Gylle, what chere? it is I, Mak, youre husbande.
Ixor.
Then may we be here the dewille in a bande, Syr Gyle.?
Lu, he commys with a lote
As he were holden in the throte.
I may not syt at my note,
A hand lang while.
Mak.
Wylle ye here what fare she maky to get hir a glose.
And do noght but lakys and elowse hir toose.
Cxor.
Why, who wanders, who wakys, who comys, who gose?
Who hrewys, who bakys? what makes me thus hose?
Aml than
It is rewthe to lie holde,
Now in hote, now in eulde
Fulle wofulle is the houscholde
That wants a woman.
But what ende has thon mayde with the hyrilys, Mals?

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M_{u} u \text {. }
$$

The last worte that thay sayde, when I turnyd my bak, Thay wold looke that thay have thare shepe alle the pak.
I bope thay wylle not be welle payde, when thay thare shepe lak. Perde.
Bot how su the gram grose,
To me they w!lle suppose,
And make a foulle mense,
And rey oull apou me.
Bot thon must do as thou hyght.

Uxor.
I accorde me thertylle.
I shalle swedylle lym right in my eredylle.
If it were a gretter slyght, yit couthe I helpe tylle.
If wylle lyg tlowne stright. Com hap me.
Mak.
I wylle.
Cxor.
Behynde.
Com Colle and his maroo,
Thay wylle nyp us fulle naroo.
Mak.
Bot I may ery out haroo,
The shepe if thay fynde.
Cxor.
Harken ay when thay ealle: thay wille com anone.
Com ant make redy alle, and syng ly thyn oone,
Syng lullay thou shatle, for I must grone,
And cry outt by the walle on Mary and John,
For sore.
Syug hullay on fast
When theu heris at the last :
And bot I play a fals cast
Trust me no more.
Tercius Pastor.
A, Colle, goode morne: why slepys thou nott?
Primus Pastor.
Alas, that erer was I borne! we have a fowlle blot.
A fat wedir have we lorne.
Tercins P'astor:
Mary, Godes forboll!
Secundus P'astor.
Who stuld do us that sliome? that were a fowlle spott.
Primus Pastor.
Some shrewe.
I have soght with my doges

Alle Horbery shroges,
And of whoges
Fond 1 bot oone awe.
Tercius Pastor.
Now trow me if ye wille; hy Sant Thomas of Rent!
Ayther Mak or Gylle was at that assemt.
Primus I'astor.
Peasse, man, lue stille; I sagh when he went.
Thou sklamters hym yile: thou aght the repent.
Goode specte.
Secundus P'astor.
Now as ever myght I the,
If I shuld evyn here ile,
I wold say it were he,
That dyd that same dede.
Tercius Pastor.
Go we theder I rede, and ryn on oure feete.
Shalle I never ete brede, the sothe to I wyll.
Primus Pastor.
Nor dryink in my heede with hym tylle I mete.
Secuudus P'astor.
I wylle rest in no stede, tylle that I hym grete,
My brothere
Oone I wille hight:
Tylle I se hym in sight
Shalle I never slepe tone nyght
Ther I do anothere.
Tercius Pastor.
Wille ye here how thay hak, bure syre, lyst, eroyne.
Primus Pastor.
Hard I never none crak so clere out of toyne.
Calle on hym.
Secundus I'ustor:
Mak! undu youre doore soyne.

## Muk.

Who is that spak, as it were noyne'?
On loft,
Who is that I say?

## Tercius Pastor.

Goode felowse, were it day.

## Mak.

As far as ye may,
Good, spekes soft
Over a seke womans heede, that is at maylle easse, I had lever be dede or she had any dyseasse.

Cxor.
Go to an othere stede; I may not welle qweasse.
Ich fote that ye trede goys thorow my nese
So hee.
Primus Pastor.
Telle us, Mak, if ye may, How fare ye, I say ?

Mak.
Bot ar ye in this towne to day?
Now how fare ye?
Ye have ryn in the myre, and ar weytt yit:
I shalle make you a fyre, if ye wille syt.
A nores wold I hyre; thynk ye on yit,
Welle qwitt is my hyre, my dreme this is itt
A seson.
I have banes if ye linew,
Welle mo then enewe,
Bot we must drynk as we brew,
And that is bot reson.
I wold ye dynyd ar ye yode: me thyuli that ye swette.
Secundus Pastor.
Nay, nawther mendys oure mode, drynke nor mette.
Mak.
Why, sir, alys you oght bot proode?

> Tercius P'astor. Yes, our shepe that we gett,

Ar stollyn as thay yode. Oure los is grette.
Mak.
Syrs, drynkes.
Had I bene thore
Some shuld have boght it fulle sore.
Primes Pastor:
Mary, some men trowes that ye wore,
And that us forthynkes.
Secundus P'ustor.
Mak, some men trowes that it shuld be ye.
Tercius Pastor.
Ayther ye or youre sponse; so say we. Mak.
Now if ye have suspowse to Gille or to me,
Com and rype onre howse, and then may ye se
Who had hir.
If I any shepe fott,
Aythor cow or stott,
And Gylle, my wyfe, rose notl
Here syn she lade hir.
As I am and true and lele, to God here I pray,
That this be the fyrst mele that I shalle ete this day.
Irimus P'astor.
Mak, as have I ceylle, aryse the, I say,
IIe lernyd tymely to steylle that couth not say nay.
Ixor.
I swelt.
Outt, thefys, fro my wonys!
Ye com to rob us for the nonys.
Mak.
Here ye not how she gronys?
Your hartys shuld melt.
Uxor.
Outt, thefys, fro my barne! negh hym not thore.

Mak.
Wyst ye how she had farne, youre hartys wold be sore. Ye do wrang, I you warue, that thus commys before To a woman that has farne; bot I say no more. Uxor.
A my medylle!
I pray to God so mylde,
If ever I you begyld,
That I ete this chylde,
That lyges in this eredylle.
Muk.
Peasse, woman, for Godes payu, and ery not so:
Thou spyllys thy brane, and makes me fulle wo.
Secundus Pastor.
I trow oure shepe he slayn, what finde ye two?
Tercius Pastor.
Alle wyrk we in vayn: as welle may we go.
But hatters
I can fynde no flesh,
Hard nor nesh,
Salt nor fresh,
Bot two tome platers.
Whik eatelle hot this, tame nor wylde,
None, as have I blys, as lowde as he smylde. Uxor:
No, so God me blys, and gyf me joy of my ehylde. Primus IPastor.
We have marked amys: I hold us begylh. Secumblus Pastor.
Syr, don.
Syr, oure lady hym save,
Is youre chyld a linave?
Muk.
Any lord myght hym have
This chyld to his son.
When he wakyns he kyppys, that joy is to se.

Tercius Pustom:
In good tyme to hys hyppys, and in eple.
Bot who was hys gossyplys, so sone rede?
Mak.
So fare falle thare lypps.
Primus I'astor: Harl now, a le.
Mak.
So God thaym thank,
Parkyn, and Gybon Waller, I say,
And gentille dohn Horne, in good fay,
lle made alle the garray,
With the greatt shank.

## Secumdas I'astom.

Mali, freyndes wille we be, for we are alle oone.

## Mak.

We now I hald for me, for mendes gett I none.
Fare welle all thre: alle glad were ye gone.
Tercius Pastor.
Fare wordes may ther be, lint luf ther is none
This yere.
Primus Pastor:
Gaf ye the chyld any thyng?
Sccumdus Pastor.
I trow not oone farthyng.
Tercius I'astor.
Fast agrayne wille 1 flynge,
Abyde ye me there.
Mak, take it to no grefe, if I com to thi barne.
Mul.
Nay, thou does me greatt repreffe, and fowlle has thon farne.

## Tercius I'astor.

The child wille it not grefe, that lyylle day slame. Mak, with youre lefe, let me gyi youre harne,

Bot vi penee.

## Mak.

Nay, do way: he slepys.
Tercius Pastor:
Me thynk he pepys.

> Mak.

When he wakyns he wepys.
I pray you go hence.
Tercius Pastor.
Gyf me lefe hym to kys, and lyft up the clowtt.
What the dewille is this? he has a long snowte.
Primus Pastor.
IIe is markyd anys. We wate ille abowte.
Secundus Pastor:
Ille spon weft, iwys, ay commys foulle owte.
Ay, so ?
He is lyke to oure shepe.
Tercius Pastor:
How, Gyl), may I pepe?
Primus Pastor.
I trow, kyude wille erepe
Where it may not gro.
Secundus Pastor.
This was a quantte grawde, and a far cast.
It was a hee frawde.

> Tercius Pastor. Yee, syrs, wast.

Lett bren this bawde and bynd hir fast.
A fals slawde hang at the last;
So shalle thon.
Wylle ye se how thay swedylle
His foure feytt in the medylle?
Saghl I never in a eredylle
A hornyd lad or now.
Muth.
Peasse byd I: what! lett be youre fare;
I an he that hym gratt, and yond woman hym bare.

Primus Pastor:
What dewille shall he hatt? Midi. Io diod Makys ayre. Secundus Pustor.
Let be alle that. Now God fyf hym eare,
I sagh.
Cxor
A pratty ehild is he
As syttes on a womanys line:
A dylly downe, perde,
To gar a man laghe.
Tercins Prastor:
I know hym by the cere marke: that is a good tokyn. Mak.
I telle you, syrs harli: hys noys was broken.
Sythen told me a elerk, that he was forspoliyn.
Primas I'astor.
This is a false wark. I wold fay" be wrokyn:
Gett wepyu.
Cxor:
IIe was takn with an elfe;
I saw it myself.
When the clok stroke lwelf
Was he forshapyn.
Scomilus Prestor.
Ve lwo ar welle feft, sam in a stede.
Tercins I'astor.
Syn thay manteyn thare theft, let do thaym to dode.
Mak.
If I trespas eft, myrd of my beede.
With you wille I lue left.
Primus P'astor.
Syrs, do my recde.
For this trespas
We wille nawther ban ne flyte
Fyght nor chyte,
Bot have done as tyte,

And east hym in canvas.
Lord! what I am sore, in poynt for to bryst:
In fayth I may no more, therfor wylle I ryst.
Secundus Pastor.
As a shepe of rij. shore he weyd in my fyst. For to slepe ay whore, me thyuk that I lyst.

Tercius Pastor.
Now I pray you,
Lyg downe on this grene.
Primus Pastor:
On these theftes yit I mene.
Tercius Pastor.
Wherto shuld ye tene?
Do as I say you.
[ANGEICS cantat "Gloria in excelsis:" postea dicat, -
Ryse, hyrd men heynd, for now is he borne
That shall take fro the feynd that Idam had lorne:
That warloo to sheynd, this nyght is he horne.
God is made youre freynd: now at this morne,
He behestys:
At Bedlem gुo se,
Ther lyges that fre
In a cryb fulle poorely,
Betwix two bestys.
Primus Pastor.
This was a quant steryn that ever yit I hard. $_{\text {I }}$
It is a marvelle to neryn thus to be skard.
Secundus Pastor.
Of Godes son of heryn he spak up ward.
Alle the wod on a levgn me thoght that he gard Appere.

Tercius Pastor:
He spake of a harne
In Bedlem I you warne.

Primus Pustor:
That betokyus youder starne.
Let us sche hym there.
Secuudus I'astor.
Say, what was his sonģ" haral ge not how he erahyal it? Thre brefes to a long.

Tercius Pastor.
Yee, mary, he halit it.
Was no erochett wrong, nor no thyng that lakt it.
Primess Pastor:
For to syng us emong, right as he limakt it,
I call.

## Secundus Pastor:

Let se how ye croyne.
Can ye bark at the mone?
Tercius I'astor.
Hold youre tonges, have done.
Primus P'astor.
Hark after, thas.
Sccundus I'astor:
To Bedlam he bad that we shuld gang:
I am fulle fard that we tary to lang.
Tercius Pustor:
Bo mery and not sad: of myrlh is onte sang,
Ever lastyng flal to mede may we fang,
Withontt noyse.
Primus Pastor.
IIy we theder for thy;
If we be wete and wery,
To that ehyld and that lady
We have it not to slose.
Sectindus Pastor.
We fynde by the prophecy - let he youre dyn -
Of David aml Isay, and mo then I myn:
Thay propheeyed hy clergy, that in a vyrgyn
Shuld he lyght and ly a to sloliyn oure syn

And slake it,
Oure liynde from wo:
For Isay sayd so,
Cite vingo
Concipiet a chyld that is makyd.
Tercius Pustor:
Fulle glad may we be, and abyde that day
That lufly to se, that alle myghtes may.
Lord welle were me, for ones and for ay,
Myght I knele on my kne som word for to say To that chylde.
Bot the angelle sayd
In a eryb was he layde;
He was poorly arayd,
Both mener and mylde.

Patryarkes that has bene, and prophetes beforne,
Thay desyrd to have sene this chylde that is borne.
Thay ar gone fulle elenc, that have thay lorne.
We shalle se hym, I weyn, or it be morne
To tokyn.
When I se hym and fele,
Then wote I fille weylle
It is true as steylle
That prophetes have spokyn.
To so poore as we ar, that he wold appere, Fyrst fynd, and declare by his messyngere.

Secundus Pustor:
Go we now, lett us fare: the place is us nere.
Tercius Pustor.
I am redy and yare: go we in fere
To that bright.
Lord! if thi wylles be,
We ar lewd alle thre,
Thou 誼rantt us somkyus gle
To comforth thi wight

## Primus Pastor.

Haylle comly and clene; haylle yong child!
Haylle maker, as I meyne, of a madyn so mylde!
Thou has waryd, I weyne, the warlo so wylde,
The fats fyler of teyn, now goys he begy ble.
Lo, he merys;
Lo, he laghys, my swetyng,
A wellare metynu,
I have holden my hetyny,
Have a hoh of ehorys.
Secundus I'astor:
Hislle, sufferan savyoure, for thou has us soght!
Haytle frely foyde and tlome, that alle thyng has wroght?
Haylle fulle of favoure, that mate alle of moght!
Haylle! I lineytle and I cowre. I lyyd have I broght
To my barne.
Haylle lytylle tyne mop,
Of our crede thou art crop!
I wold drynk on thy cop,
Lytyllo day starne.
Trecins Pastor.
Haylle, derlyng dere, fulle of yodhede!
I pray the he nere when that I have nede.
Haylle! swete is thy chere: my hart woll blate
To se the sytt here in so poore wede
With no pennys.
Haylle! put furthe thy dalle,
I bryug the bot a halle:
Have and play the with alle.
And gin $^{\prime \prime}$ to the tenys.

## Maria.

The fader of hewn, God ommpotent,
That sell alle on seven, his son has her sent.
My name conthe he neven and lyght or her went.
I coneegvid hym fulle even, thrugh mygh as he mem:
And new is he borne.

He kepe you fro wo:
I shalle pray hym so;
Telle furth as ye go,
And myn on this morne.
Primus Pastor.
Farewelle, lady, so fire to beholde,
With thy ehylde on thi line.
Secundus Pastor.
Bot he lyges fulle celd.
Lord! welle is me: now we go, thou heholal.
Tercius Pastor.
For sothe alle relly, it semys to be told Fulle oft.

Primus Pastor.
What grace we have fum.
Secundus Pustor.
Com furthe, now ar we won.
Tercius I'astor.
To syug ar we bun:
Let take on loft.

## CRLCIFINIO

## I'ilatus.

Peasse I byd everyeich wight:
Sland as stylle as stone in walle, Whyles ye ar present in my syght,
That none of ye elatter ne calle;
For if ye do youre dede is dyght,
I warne it jou both greatte and smalle,
With this brand burnyshyd so bright,
Therfor in peasse loke ye be alle.
What! peasse in the dwillys name!
Harloftes and dustards alle bedene,
On galus ye be maide litle tame,
Thefes and mychers lieyn;
Wille ye not peasse when I bid yon?
By Mahownys hloode! if ye me teyn,
I slable ordan sone for you,
Paynes that never ere were seyn,
And that anone:
Be ye so bold begzars, I warn you,
Fulle boldly shalle I bett yom.
To helle the dwille shalle draw you,
Borly, bak, and bone.
I am a lord that melyylle is of myght, Prywee of alle dury, sir Pilate I highte,
Next kyig Herole grittyst of alle.
 Or els loe se shente:
Therfore stere sume tonges. I wan you athe. Aad muta us dake toul

## Primus Tortor.

Alle peasse, alle peasse, emang you alle!
And herkyns now what shalle befalle
Of this fals chuffer here;
That with his fals quantyse,
Has lett hym self as God wyse,
Emanges us many a yere.
He eals hym self a prophett,
And says that he can bales bete,
And make all thynges amende;
Bot or lang wytt we shalle,
Wheder he ean bete his awne bale,
Or skapp out of oure hende.
Was not this a wonder thyng,
That he durst calle hym self a kyng
And make so greatt a lee?
Bot, hy Mahowne! whyls I may lyf
Those prowde wordes shalle I never forgyf,
Tylle he be hanged on he.
Secundus Tortor.
llis pride, fy, we sett at noght,
Bot ieh man liest in his thoght,
And looke that we noght wante;
For I shalle fownde, if that I may,
By the order of linyghtede, to day,
To eause his hart pante. Tercius Tortor.
And so shalle I with alle my myght,
Abate his pryde this ylk nyght,
And rekyn hym a crede.
Lo, he lettes he cowde none ylle,
Bot he eau ay, when he wylle,
Do a fulle fowlle dede.
Quartus Tortor.
Yei felows, yei, as have $\$$ rest;
Emanges us alle I red we liest

To bryng this thefe to dede:
Looke that we have that we shuld nate,
For to hald this shrew strate.
Primes Tortor:
That was a nobylle red;
Lo, here I have a bande,
If nede lue to byode his hande
This thwong, I trow, wille last.
Secuulus Tortor.
And here oone to the athere syde, That shalle abate his pride,

Be it be drawen fast.
Tercius Tortor.
Lo, here a hamere and nales also,
For to festen fast onre fuo
To this tre fulle soyn.
Quartus Tortor.
Ve are wise, withoutten drede, That so ean help yourself at nede

Of thyng that slumd be done.
Primus Tortor.
Now dar I say hardely, He shalle with alle his manmentry

No longere us be telle.
Sccundus Tortor.
Syn Pilate has hym fylle us geyn, Have done, belyle, let it be seyn

How we ean withe hym melle.
Tercius Tortor.
Now ar we at the Monte of Calvarye, Have done, folows, and let now se

How we ean wilh hym lake.
Shurlus Tortor:
Yice, for as modec as he can lohe, lie wold have turnyl an othere croke

Myght he have had the rake.

## Primus Tortor.

In fayth, syr, sen ye callyd you a lyng, Ve must prufe a worthy thyng

That falles unto the were;
Ye must just in tornamente, Bot ye sytt fast els ye be shent, Els downe I shalle you bere.

## Secundus Tortor.

If thou be Godes son, as thou tellys, Thou can the kepe; how shuld thou ellys?

Els were it mervelle greatt;
And bot if thou ean, we wille not trow 'That thou has saile, bote make the mow

When thou syttes in yond sett.
Tercius Tortor.
If thou be kyng we shalle thank alylle, For we shalle sett the in thy sadylle, For fallyng be theu bold:
I hete the welle thou bydys a shaft,
Bot if thou sytt welle thon had better latt The tales that thou has told.

Quartus Tortor.
Stand nere, felows, and let se
How we can hors oure liyng so fie,
By any eraft;
Stand thou yonder on yond syde,
Anl we shalle se how he ean ryde,
And how to weld a shaft.
Primus Tortor.
Syr, eommys heder and have done,
And wyn apon youre palfray sone, For he redy howne:
If ye be bond to hym be not wrothe,
For be ye secure we were fulle lothe
On any wyse that ye felle downe.

Secundus Tortor.
linit thou a linott, withe alle thi strength, For to draw this arme on lengthe, Tylle it com to the bore. Tercius Tortor. Thon maddes, man, hi this light! It wantys, fylle ieh manis sight, Othere half span and more.

Quectus Tortor.
Vit drawe out this arme and fest it fast, Withe this rope, that welle wille last,

And ilk man lay hand to.
Irimus Tortor.
Vee, and byod thou fast that hand, We shalle go to that other hand And loke what we can do. Secundus Tortor.
Wo dryfe a naylle ther thrughe outt,
And then thar us nothyng doutt,
Far it wille not brest.
Tercius Tortor.
That shalle I do, as myght I thryfe,
For to elynk and for to dryfe
Therto I am fulle prest;
So let it styk, for it is wele.
Quutins Tortor.
Thon says sothe, as have I cele.
Ther can no man it meude.
Irrimus Tortor.
Hald downe his linees.
Sccundus Tortor.
That shalle I do.
His noryse yele never better to;
Lay on alle your hende.
Tercius Tintor.
Draw out hys lymmes, let se, have at

## Ouartus Tortor.

That was welle drawen that that, Fare falle hym that so puld!
For to have getten it to the marke
I frow lewde man, ne clerk, Nothyng better shuld.

Primus Tortor:
Hald it now fast thor, And oone of you take the bore, And then may it not faylle.

Secundus Tortor.
That shalle I do witthoutten drede, As ever myght I welle spede,

Hym to mekylle bayle.
Tercius Torlor.
So, that is welle, it wille not brest, Bot let now se who dos the best

Withe any slegt of hande.
Quarlus Tortor.
Go we now unto the othere ende;
Felowse, fest on fast youre bende,
And pulle welle at this band.
Primus Torlor.
I red, felowse, ly this wedyr,
That we draw alle ons togedir,
And loke how it wille fare.
Secundus Tortor.
Let now se and leyf youre dyn, And draw we ilka syn from syn,

For nothyig let us spare.
Tercius Tortor:
Nay, felowse, this is no gam,
We wille no longere draw alle sam,
So mekille have I asspyed.

Guartus Tortor:
No, for as have I blys.
Som can twyk, who so it is.
Sekes easse on som liyn syde.
Primus Tortor.
It is better as I hope,
Oone by his self to draw this rope,
And then may we se
Who it is that ere while
Alle his felows ean begyle
Of this companye.
Secundus Tortor.
Sen thon wille so have here for me:
How draw I, as myght thou the?
Tercius Tortor.
Thon drew right wele,
Have here for me half a foyte.
Quartus Tortor:
Wema, man! I trow thou doyte,
Thou flyt it never a dele;
Bot have for me here that I may.
Irimus Tortor.
Welle drawen, son, hi this day!
Thou gose welle to thi warke.
Secundus Torlor.
Vit efte, whils thi hande is in.
Pulle ther at with som kyn gyn.
Tercius Tortor.
Yei, and bryng it to the marke
Quartus Tortor.
Pulle. pulle!
Primes Tortor.
Have now.
Secundus Tortor.
Let se.

Tercius Tortor.
A ha!
Quartus Tortor.
Vit a draght.
Primus Tortor.
Therto wilh alle my maght.
Secumdus Tortor.
A, ha, hold stille thore.
Tercius Tortor.
So felowse! looke now belyfe
Whiche of you can best dryfe,
And I shalle take the bore.
Quartus Tortor.
Let me ge therto, if I shalle
I hope that I be the best mershalle
For [to] clynke it right;
Do rase hym up now when we may,
For I hope he and his palfray
Shalle not twyn this nyght.
Primus Tortor.
Come hedir, felowse, and have done,
And help that this tre sone
To lyft with alle youre sleght.
Securulus Tortor.
Yit let us wyrli a whyle,
And no man now othere begyle
To it be broght on heght.
Tercius Tortor.
Felowse, fest on alle youre hende
For to rase this tre on ende,
And let se who is last.
Quartus Tortor.
I red we do as that he says,
Set we the tre on the mortase,
And ther wille it stand fast.

Preimus Tortor.
$L_{p}$ with the tymbere
Secundes Tortor. A, it heldys.
For hym that alle this warld weldys
Put firo the with thi hande.
Tercius Torlor.
Hald even emanges us alle.
Quarlus Tortor:
Vee, and let it into the mortase falle,
For then wille it hest stamde.
Primus Tortor.
Gon we to it and be we strong.
And rase it, be it never so long.
Sen that it is fast bon.
Secundus Tortor.
Up with the tymbre fast on ende.
Tercius Tortor.
A felowse, fare falle youre hende!
(buarlas Tortor.
So sir, fape agans the son!
Primus Tortor:
A felow, war thi crowne!
Secundus Tortor.
Trowes thou this tymbre wille oght downe?
Tercius Tortor.
Yit help that it were fast.
Quartus Tortor:
Sogh hym welle and let us lyfte.
Primus Tortor.
Fulle shorte shalbe hys thryfte.
Secumdes Tortor.
A, it standes up lylie a mast.
Jesus.
I pray you pepylle, that passe me by.
That lede youre lyfe so lykandly,

IIeyle up youre hertes on highte;
Behold if ever ye saw body Suffer and bett thus hlody,

Or yit thes dulfully dight;
In warld was never no wight
That suffred half so sare.
My mayn, my mode, my myght,
Is noght bot sorow to sight,
And romfurthe none bot eare;
Wy folk, what have I done to the, That thou alle thus shalle tormente me?

Thy syu by I fulle sone.
What have I grevyl the? answere me,
That thou thus nalys me to a tre,
And alle for thyn erroure:
Where shalle thou seke socoure?
This mys how shalle thou amende,
When that thon thy saveoure
Dryfes to this dyshonoure,
And nalys thrughe feete and bende?
Alle ereatoures that liynde may kest,
Beestys, byrdes, alle have thay rest,
When thay ar wo begon;
Ibot Godes son, that shuld be best,
llas not where apon his hede to rest,
Bot on his shulder bone:
To whome now may I make my mone
When thay thus martyr me,
And salkles wille me slone,
And bete me bloorle and bone,
That my brethere shuld be?
What liyndnes shuld I liythe theym to?
Have I not done that I aght to do,
Maide the to my lylines?
And thou thus ryfes me rest and ro,
And lettes thus lightly on me, lo

Siche is thy catyfines:
I have the kyd kymhers, mayndly thou me yuytys;
St thus thi welydues, loke how thon me dyspytys.
Gytues thus an I put to pyne,
Not for [my] mys, man, bot for thyne,
Thus am I reat in rode:
For I that tresomre wold met tyne
That I markyd and made for myne;
Thus ly I Adam blode
That somken was in sylr,
With none erthly pood
Bot with my flesh and blosle
That lothe was for to wyn.
M! lirethere that I cam forto liy
Has hanged me here, this hedusly,
And freyndes fyode I foyn;
Thus have thay dight me drerely,
And alle by spytl me spytusly,
As helples man in won.
Bot Fader that syttes in trome
Forgat thon them this gylt,
I pray to the this boyn,
Thay wote not what thay doyn,
Nor whom thay have thas spylt.
Primus Tintor.
Vis, what we do fitle welle we bnaw.
Scumeles Tortor.
Ver, that shatle be fynde within a thraw.
Tercins Tintor.
Nuw, with a myschannee tylle his curs.
Wenys he that we git any foree
What dwille so ever he alylle?
Queltus Tortor:
For he wold tary us alle day
Oif his dede to make delay
1 telle you, sansfiylle.

## Primus Tortor:

Lyft us this tre emanges us alle.
Secumdus Tortor.
Yee, and let it into the mortase falle, And that shalle gar hym brest.

Tercins Tortor.
Yee, and alle to ryfe hym lym from lym.
Quartus Tortor.
And it wille breke ilk jonte in hym;
Let se now who dos best.
Maria.
Alas the doyle I dre! I drowpe, I dare in drede;
Whi hynges thon, son, so hee? my baylle begynnes to brede.
Alle blemyshed is thi ble, I se thi body blede,
In warld, son, were never we so wo as I in wede.
My foode that I have fed,
In lyf longyng the led,
Fulle stratly art thon sted
Emanges thi foo men felle:
Sich sorow forto se,
My dere barn, on the,
Is more mowrnyng to me
Then any tong may telle.
Alas! thi holy hede
Has not wheron to held,
Thi face with blode is red
Was fare as floure in feylde;
How shuld I stand in sted
'To se my barne thus blede,
Bete as blo as lede,
And has no lym to weylde ?
Festynd both handes and fecte
With nalys fulle unmete,
llis woundes wryngyng wete,
Alas, my childe, for care!

For atle rent is thi hyde.
I se on ay there syde
Teres of blode downe glide
Over alle thi body hare,
Alas that ever I shuld hyde and se my fayr thus fare!
Johamies.
Alas, for doylle, my lady dere!
Alle for changit is thy chere,
To see this prynce withouten pere
Thus lapped alle in wo:
He was thi foode, thi faryst foime,
Thi luf, thi lake, thi luffsom son,
That high on tre thus hygres alone
With hody blak and bo:
Alas!
To me and many mo a good master he was.
Bot, laty, sen it is his wille
The prophecy to fulfylle,
That manlyme in sy[n] not spille,
For them to thole payn;
And with his ded ratuson to make,
As prophelys lecforn of hym spake,
For thi I red thi sorowe thon slake,
Thi weprig may not gayn
In sorowe;
Oure boytt he byes fislle bayn, Us alle from hale to borewe.

Maria.
Alas! thyn een as eristalle elere, that shome as son in sight,
That lufly were in lyere, lost thay have thare light
And wax alle faed in fere, alle dym then ar thay dight,
In payn has thou no pere, that is withoutten pight.
Swete son, say me thi thoght:
What womlers has thou wroght
To bee in pres thas broght.
Thi blissed blode fa blenta?

A son, think on my wo,
Whi wille thon fare me fro?
On mold is no man mo
That may my myrthes amende.
Johamies.
Comly lady, good and couthe, fayn wold I comforth the; Me mynnys my master with mowth told unto his menyee That he shuld thole fulle mekille payn and dy apon a tre, And to the lyfe ryse up agayn, apon the thryd day shuld it be Fulle right:
For thi, my lady swele,
Styint a white of grete,
Oure bale then wille he bete
As he before has hight.

## Maria.

My sorow it is so sad no solace may me safe,
Mowrnynz; makes me mad, none hope of help I hafe;
I am redles and rad, for ferd that I mon rafe,
Noghte may make me grlad to I be in my grafe.
To deth my dere is dryffen,
His robe is alle to ryfern,
That of me was hym gyffen
Aud shapen withe my sydes:
Thise dues and he has stryffen
That alle the hale he bydes.
Alas! my lam so myhle, whi wille thou fare me tro
Emang thise wulfes wylde, that wyrke on the this wo?
For shame who may the shelde, for freyndes has thou fo?
Alas! my comly childe, whi wille thou fare me fro?
Madyns, make youre mone,
And wepe ye, wyfes, everyichon,
Withe me, most wriche, in wone,
The childe that borne was best:
My harte is styf' as stome,
That for no baylle wille lnest.

## Johannes.

A, lady, welle wote I thi hart is fulle of eare When thou thas openty sees thi childe thas fare ; Luf gars hym rathly, hym self wille he not spare Is alle fro baylle to lyy, of blis that ar fulle hame

For syn:
My leve lady. for thy of mowrnyng loke thou blyo. Maria.
Alas! may ever he my sang, whyls I may lyf in leyd, Me thyuk now that I lyf to lang to se my harne thms blede; dues wyrke with hym alle wrang, wherlor do thay this dede? Lo so hy thay have hym hang, thay let for no drede; Whi so?
His fomen is he emang, no freynde he has bot fo.
My frely foode now farys me fro, what shalle worthe on me?
Thou art warpyd alle in wo and spred here on a tre Fulle hee :
I mowrne, and so may mo, that sees this payn on the.

## Johennes.

Dere lady, welle were me
If that I myght eomforthe the ,
For the sorow that I se
Sherys myn hate in sonder;
When that I se my master hangr
With bytter paynes and strang,
Was never wight with wram;
Wroght so mekille wonder.
Biaria.
Alas! dede, thon dwellys to lang, whi art thou hid fro me? Who kend the to my childe to gang? alle blak thon makes his he:
Now witterly thon wyrkes wrang, the more I wille wyte the,
Bot if thon wille my harte stang that I myght with hym dee And byde.
Sore syghyng is my sang, for thyrlyd is his hyde,
A, dede, what has thom done? with the wille I moytt sone;

Sen I had childer none bot oone, best under son or moyn, Freyndes I had fulle foyn, that gars me grete and grone Fulle sore.
Good Lord, grannte me my boyn, and let me lyf no more!
Gabrielle! that good som tyme thou can me grebr, And then I muderstud thi wordes that were so swete,
Bot now thay meng my moorle, for grace thou can me hete To bere alle of my bloode a childe oure baylle shuld bete With right.
Now hynges he here on rate, where is that thon me hight?
Alle that thon of blys hight me in that stede
From myrthe is faren omys, and yit I trow thi red;
Thy conncelle now of this, my lyfe how shalle I lede
When fro me grone is he that was my hede
In hy?
My dede now comen it is my dere son, have merey!
Jesus.
My moder mylde, thou chaunge thi ehere,
Cease of thi sorow and sighyng sere,
It syttes unto my hart fulle sore;
The sorow is sharp I suffre here,
Bot doylie thou drees, my moder dere,
Me marters melille more.
Thus wille my fader I fare
To lowse mamliyude of bandys,
His son wille he not spare
'To lowse that bon was are
Fulle fast in feyndes handes.
The fyrst cause, moder, of my comyng;
Was for manliynde mysearying,
To salf thare sore I sught;
Thorfor, morler, make none mowring:
Sen mankynde thrugh my dyyng
May thus to blis be boght.
UWman. wepe thon right noght,
Talie ther fohne unto thi ehylde.

Mankynde must nedes be loght;
And thon kest, cosyn, in thi thoght,
Jobne, lo ther thi moder mylde!
Blo and blo:ly thas an I bett,
Swongen with swepys and alle to swett,
Mankynde, for thi mysdede;
For my luf lust when wold thou lett,
And thi harte sadly sett,
Sen I thas for the have blede?
Sich lyf, for sothe, I led that unothes may I more,
This suffire I for thi nede,
To marke the, man, thi mede:
Now thyrst I wonder sore. Irrimus Tortor.
Noght hot hold thi peasse.
Thou shatle have drynke with in a resse,
My self shalle thy knave;
Have here the draght that I the hete,
And I shalle warand it is not swete
On alle the good I have. Secundus Tortor.
So syr, say now alle youre wille,
For if ye conthe have halden yon stylle
Ye hal not had this lurade. Tercins Tortor.
Thou wold alle gaytt le kyog of Jues,
Bot lyy this I trow thou rues
Alle that thou has sayde. Quartus Tortor:
He has hym rused of greatt prophes.
That he shuld matie us tempilles,
And par it elene downe falle;
And yit he sayde he shuld it rase
As welle as it was within thre days.
He lyes, that wote we alle:
And for his lyes in great dispyte.

We wille departe his clothyng tyte,
Bot he can more of arte.
Primus Tortor.
Yee, as ever myght I thryfe,
Soyn wille we this mantylle ryfe,
And iche man take his parte.
Secundus Tortor.
How, wold thou we share this clothe?
Tercius Tortor.
Nay forsothe, that were Il lothe,
Then were it alle gate spylt;
Bot assent thou to my saw,
Let us alle cutt draw,
And then is none begylt.
Secmudus Tortor.
How so befallys now wylle I draw,
This is myn ly comon law,
Say not ther agayn.
Primes Tortor.
Now sen it mon no better be,
Chevithe the with it for me,
Me thynk thou art full fayne.
Secundus Tortor.
How felowse, se ye not yon skraw?
It is writen youder within a thraw,
Now sen that we drew ent.
Tercins Tortor:
There is no man that is on lyfe
Bot it were Pilate, as might I thrife,
That durst it there have putt.
Quartus Tortor:
Go we fast, and let ns toke
What is wretyne on yond boke,
And what it may bemyn.

## Irimus Tortor.

A the more I loke theron,
A the more I thynke I fon;
Alle is not worthe a begn.
Secundus Tortor.
Yis for sothe, me thynk I se
Theron writen langage thre,
Ebrew and Latyn,
And Grew me thynk writen theron.
For it is hard for to expowne.
Tercius Tortor.
Thou red, ly Apollyon!
Quartus Tortor.
Yee, as I am a trew linyght,
I am the best Latyn wroght
Or' this company;
1 wille $g^{0 \prime}$ withoutten delay
And telle you what it is to say,
Behald, syrs, witterly.
Yonder is wretyn desus of Nizareyn,
He is lyug of dues. I weyn.
Primes Tiontor.
A, that is writene wrang.
Sccuudus Tortor.
He callys hym so, bot he is none.

> Tercius Tortor.

Gow we to Pilate and makie oure mone,
Have done and dwelle not lang.
Pilate, yonder is a fals tabylle,
Theron is wryten noght hot fabylle.
Of dues he is mot ligug.
He callys hym so. bot he not is.
It is falsly writen. inys.
This is a wrangwys thyng.

## Pilatus.

Boys, I say what melle ye you?
As it is writen shalle it be now,
I say certaine;
Quod scrijtum scripsi,
That same wrote I,
What gadlyng gruehes ther agane?
Quartus Tortor.
Sen that he is a main of law he must nedys have his wille:
I trow he hat not writen that saw withont som propre skille.
Primus Tortor.
Yee, let it hang above his hede,
It shalle not save hym fro the dede,
Noght that he can write.
Secundus Tortor.
Now illa hale was he borne.
Tercius Tortor.
Ma fa, I telle his lyfe is lorne,
He shalle be slayn as tyte.
If thon be Crist, as men the calle,
Com downe emanges us alle,
And thole not thise missaes.
Quartus Tortor:
Vee, and help thi self that we maly se,
Aull we shalle alle trow in the,
What soever thou says.
Primes Tortor.
IIe callys hym self good of myght,
Bot I wold se hym lie so wight
To to siche a dede;
H10 rasyd Lazare out of his delfe,
Bot he ran not help hym selfe,
Now in his great mode.

## Jesus.

Hely, Hely, lamazalatany!
My God, my God! wherfor and why
Has thom forsaliyn me?
Serundus Tortor:
How, here ye not, as welle as I,
How he can now on Hely ery
גpon this "yse?
Tercius Tortor.
Yee, ther is none Hely in this comntre
Shalle delywer hym from this meneye,
On no kyns wyse.
Quartus Tortor:
I warand you now at the last
That he shalle soyn yelle the gast.
For lorestyn is his galle.
Jesus.
Now is my passyon broght tylle ende,
Fader of heven in to thyn hende
I betake my saulle!
Primus Tortor:
Let oone pryk hym withe a spere,
And if that it do hym no dere
Then is his lyfe nere past.
Secumdus Tortor:
This blyude knyght may best do that.
Longens.
Gar me not do bot I wote what.
Tercius Tortor.
Not but put up fast.
Longeus
A! Lord, what may this be ?
Ere was I blynde, now may I se;
Godes son, here me, Jesu!
For this trespason me thou rew.

For, lerd, othere men me gart, That I the stroke unto the hat, I se thou hynges here on hy, And dyse to fulfylle the prophecy.

Quartus Tortor.
Go we hens, and leyfe hym here,
For I shalle be his borghe to yere
He felys no more payn:
For IIely ne for none othere man
Alle the good that ever he wan, Gettes not his lyfe agayne.

Josephus.
Alas, alas, and walaway!
That ever shuld I abyde this day
To se my master dede;
Thus wyliydly as he is shent,
With so bytter tornamente, Thrughe fals dues red.
Nychodeme, I wold we yede
To sir Pilate, if we myght spede
His body for to crave;
I wille fownde with alle my myght, For my servyec to ask that knyght, His body for to grave.

Nichodemus.
Josephe, I wille weynde with the For to do that is in me, For that body to pray; For oure good wille and oure travale I hope that it mon us avaylle

Here after ward som day. Josephus.
Sir Pilate, God the save!
Craunte me that I crave,
If that it be thi wille.

## Pilatus.

Welcom Josephe myght thou be, What so thou askys I gramme it the, So that it be skylle.

Josephus.
For my long servyee, I the pray, Grannte me the body, say me not nay, Of Jesus dede on rud.

Pilutus.
I graunte welle if he ded be,
Good leyfe shalle thou have of me, Do wyth hym what thou thynk gud.

Josephus.
Gramerey, sir, of youre good gratee,
That ye have grannte me in this place,
Go we oure way:
Nyehodeme, come me furthe with,
For I my self shalle be the smy the
The nales out for to dray.

## Nichodemus.

Josephe, I am redy here
To gro withe the with fulle grood chere,
To help the at my myght;
Pulle furthe the nales on aythere syde,
And I shalle hald hym יи this tyde,
A, lord, so thon is dight.
Josephus.
Help now, felow, with alle thi myght,
That he were wonden and welle dight,
Ant lay hym on this bere;
Bere we hym furthe unto the liyrke,
To the tombe that I gard wyrk.
Sen fulle many a yere.

Nichodemus.
It shalle be so with outten nay. He that dyed on Gud Friday

And crownyd was withe thorne Save you alle that now here be, That Lord that thus wold dee

And rose on Pasche morne.

## EXTRACTIO ANIMARUM

## IB INFERNO.

> Jesus.

My falder me from lolys has semd Tille erthe for mankymde salie, Adam mys for to amend, My deth nede must I take: I dwellyd ther thyrty yeres and two, And som dele more, the sothe to say, In anger, pyne, and meliylle wo, I dyde on eros this day. Therfor tille helle now wille I go, To chalange that is myne, Adam, Eve, and othere mo, Thay shalle no longer dwelle in pyne; The feynule theym wan withe trayn, Thrughe fraude of earthly fode, I have theym boght agan With shedrug of my blode. And now I wille that stede restore, Whiche the feynde felle fro for syn, Som toky wille I send before, Withe myrthe to gar thare grammes begyn.
A light I wille thay have To know I wille eom sone.
My body shalle abyde in grave
Tille alle this dede be done.

## Adam.

My brether, herky unto me here.
More hope of helth never we had

Four thousand and six hundred yere
Have we bene here in darknes stad;
Now se I tokyns of solace sere,
A gloryous gleme to make us glad, Wherthrughe I hope that help is nere,
That sone shalle slake oure sorowes sad.
Eve.
Adam, my husband heynd,
This menys solace certan,
Siche lighte can on us leynd
In paradyse fulle playn.
Isaias.
Adam, thrugh thi syn
Here were we put to dwelle,
This wykyd place within,
The name of it is helle;
Here paynes shalle never blyn
That wykyd ar and felle,
Love that lord withe wyn
His lyfe for us wold selle.
[Et cantent omnes "Salvator mundi," primam versum.]
Adam, thou welle understand,
I :m Isaias, so Crist me kende,
I spake of folk in darknes walkand,
I saide a light shuld on them lende;
This light is alle from Crist commande,
That he tille us has hedir sende,
Thus is my poynt proved in hand,
As I before to fold it keude.
Simeon.
So may I telle of farlys feylle,
For in the tempylle his freyndes me fande,
Me thoght dayntethe with hym to deylle,
I halsyd hym homely with my hand,
I saide, Lord, let thi servandes leylle
Pas in peasse to lyf lastande,

Now that myn eeyn has sene thyn held
No longer lyst 1 lyf in laude.
This light thou has purvayde
For theym that lyf in lede,
That 1 before of the hase saide
I se it is fulfillyd in derle.

## Johannes Brptista.

As a voier eryand I kend
The wayes of Crist, as I welle ean,
1 haptisid hym with bothe myn hemle
In the water of flume Jordan;
The Illoly Gost from beven discende
As a white dowfe downe on me than,
The Fader voyce oure myrthes to amende
Was made to me lylie as a man;
"Fond is my son," he saide,
"And whiche pleasses me fulle welle,"
His light is on us layde,
And commys oure liarys to kele.
Moyses.
Now this same nyght lernyng have If, To me, Moyses, he shewid his myght,
And also to another oone, Hely, Where we stud on a hille on hyght,
As whyte as snaw was his body,
His faee was like the son for bright,
No man on mold was so mighty
Grathly durst lolie agans that light,
And that same lighte here se 1 now
Shynyog on us, certay.
Where thrughe truly I trow
That we shalld sone pas fro this payn

## Raybald.

Sen fyrst that helle was mayde and I was put therin
Siehe somow never pre I had, nor hard I siche a dyn,

My hart begynnys to brade, my wytt waxys thyn,
I drede we ean not be glad, thise saules mon fro us twyn;
How, Belsabub! bynde thise boys, siche harow was never hard in helle.

## Belzabub.

Out, Rybald! thou rores, what is betyd? can thon oght telle?
Rybald.
Whi, herys thou not this ugly noyse?
Thise Jurdans that in lymbo dwelle,
They make menyng of many joyse,
And muster myrthes theym emelle.
Belzabub.
Myrth? nay, nay! that poynt is past,
More hope of belthe shalle they never have.

## Rybald.

That ery on Crist fulle fast,
And says he shalle thaym save.
Belzabub.
Yee, though he do not, I shalle, For thay ar sparyd in specyalle space, Whils I am prynce and pryneypalle,
Thay shalle never pas out of this place;
Calle up Astarot and Anaballe,
To gyf us counselle in this ease;
Telle Berith and Bellyalle
To mar theym that siche mastry mase;
Say to sir Satan oure syre,
And lyd hym bryng also
Sir Lucyfer lufly of lyre.
Rybald.
Alle redy, lord, I go.
Jesus.
Attolite portas, princijes, vestras et elevamini portee eternales, et introibit rex glorice.

## Riybuld.

Out, harro. ont! what deville is he
That eallys hym kyog ovor us alle?
Hark Belzabub, com we,
For hedusly I hard hym calle.

> Belzabub.

Go spar the yates, ylle mot thou the!
And set the waches on the walle,
If that brodelle com ne
With us ay won lie shalle;
And if he more ealle or cry,
To make us more debate,
Lay on hym hardely,
And make hym gro his grate.

## David.

Nay, withe hym may ye not fyght,
For he is king and conqueroure,
And of so mekille myght,
And styf in every stoure;
Of hym commys alle this light
That shyיys in this bowre;
IHe is fulle fers in fight,
Worthi to wyn honoure.

## Belzabub.

Honoure! harsto, harlot, for what dede
Alle erthly men to me ar thralle,
That lad that thon callys lord in lede
He had never harhor, house, ne halle;
How, sir Sathanas, com nar
And hark this eursid rowte!

## Sathanas.

The dewille yon alle to har!
What ales the so to showte?
And me, if I com nar.
Thy hrayn bot I hryst owte.

## Belzabub.

Thou must com help to spar, We ar bescged abowte.

## Sathenas.

Besegyd aboute! whi, who durst be so bold For drede to make on us a fray?

Belzabub.
It is the Jew that Judas sold
For to be dede this othere day.

## Sathanas.

How, in tyme that tale was told, That tralure travesses us alle way; He shalle be here fulle hard in hold, Bot loke he pas not I the pray.

Belzabub.
Pas! nay, nay, he wille not weymule
From hens or it he war, IIe shapys hym for to sheynd Alle helle ur he go far.

## Sathanas.

Fy, fature, therof shaile he faylle, For alle his fare I hym defy;
I know his trantes fro top to taylle,
He lyffes by gawles and glory.
Therly he broght furthe of oure baylle
The lathe Lazare of Betany,
Bot to the Jnes I gaf connsaylle
That thay shuld eause hym dy:
I entered there into Jodas
That forwarl to fulfylle,
'Therfor his hyere be has
Alle wayes to won bere stylle.
Ruybald.
Sir Sathan, sen we here the say Thou and the Jues were at assent.

And wote he wan the Lazare away
That unto us was taken to tent.
Hopys thou that thou mar hym may
To muster the malyee that he has ment?
For and he refe us now oure pray
We wille ye will or he is wront.
Suthanas.
I byd the noght abaste
But boldly make you bowne,
Withe toyles that ye intraste,
And dyng that dastard downe. Jesus.
Attolite portas mincipes vestras, elc.

## Rybuld.

Outt, harro! what harlot is he
That says his kyngdom shalbe eryile?
David.
That may thou in sawter se,
For of this prymee thus ere I saide;
I saide that he shold breke
Youre barres and bandes by name,
And of youre warkes take wrelie:
Now shalle thou se the same.
Jesus.
Ve prynces of helle open youre yate, And lat my foll furthe gone,
A pryme of peasse shalle conter therat
Wheder ye wille or nome.
Rybald.
What art thou that spelys so?
Jesus.
A kyog of hlys that hight Jesus.
Raybald.
Yee, heus fast I red thou yo,
And melle the not with us.

## Belwabuh.

Oure yates I trow wille last, Thay ar so strong I weyn,
Bot if oure barres brast
For the thay shalle not twyn.
Jesus.
This stede shalle stande no longer stokyn; Open up and let my pepille pas. Rybald.
Out, harro! ome baylle is brokyn,
And brusten ar alle oure bandes of bras.
Belzabut.
Darro! oure yates begyn to crak, In sonder, I trow, thay go,
And helle, I trow, wille all to shak;
Alas, what I am wo!
Rybald.
Lymbo is lorn, alas!
Sir Sathanas com up;
This wark is wars then it was.

## Sathanas.

Yee, hangyd be thon on a cruke;
Thefys, I bad ye shuld be bowne
If he maide mastres more
To dyng that dastard downe,
Sett hym bothe sad and sore.
Belzabub.
So setl hym sore that is sone saide,
Com thou thi self and serve hym so;
We may not abyde his bytter brayde,
IIe wold us mar and we were mo.

## Sathanas.

Fy, fature! wherfor were ye flayd?
Have ye no force to flyt hym fro?
Loke in haste my grere be grayd,
My self shalle to that gradlyng go.

How, thon belamy, abyile,
Withe alle thi boste and heyr,
And telle me in this tyde
What mastres thon makes here.
Jesses.
I make no mastry bot for myne,
1 wille theym save, that shalle the sow.
Thou has no powere theym to pyone,
Bot in my pryson for thare prow
Here have thay sojornyd, not as thyne,
Bot in thi waryd, thon wote as how.
Sathemas.
Why, where has thou bene ay syo
That never wold neghe theym nere or now?
Jesus.
Now is the tyme certan
My Fader ordand hertor,
That they shuld pas fro payn
In blys to dwelle for ever more.

## Sathanas.

Thy farler kuew I welle by syght,
He was a wright his meett to wy",
Mary me myonys thi moder hight,
The utmast ende of alle thy liyn,
Say who made the so mekille of myght?
Jesus.
Thom wylyd feymde lett be thi dy[n],
My Fader wonnes in heven on hight,
In blys that never more shalle blyn:
I am his oonly son his forward to filfylle,
Togeder wille we won in sonder when we wylle.
Satherreus.
Goddes son! nay then myght thon be glad
For no eatelle thurt the rrave;
Bot thou has lyffed ay lyke a lat.
In sorow, and as a sympille knave.

## Jesus.

That was for the harily luf I had
Unto man's samlle it forto save, And forto make the masyd aml mad, And for that reson rufully turafe. My Godliede here I hyd
In Mary, moder myne,
Where it shalle never be liyd
'To the ne nome of thyne.

## Sathunas.

How now? this wold I were told in towne,
Thon says Gul is thi syre;
I shalle the prove ly grood reson
Thou moyltes as man dos into myre.
To breke thi bydrlyng they were fulle bowne,
And soyn they wroght at my desyre,
From paratise thon putt theym downe,
In helle here to have thare hyre;
And thon thi self, ly day and nyght,
Taght ever alle men emang,
Ever to do reson and right,
And here thon wyrliys alle wrang.
Jesus.
I wyrk no wrang, that shalle thou wyll,
If I my men fro wo wille wyn;
My prophettes playnly prechyd it,
Alle the noytes that I begyn;
They saine that I shatd be that illie
In helle where I shuld entre in,
To save my servandes fro that pytt
Where dampnyd saullys shalle syt for syn.
And illie trae prophete taylle
Shalle be fulfillid in me;
I have thaym boght fro baylle.
In blis now shalle thay be.

## Sathanas.

Now sen thou lyst to legge the lawes
Thou shalle tenyd or we twyn,
For those that thou to witnes drawes
Fulle even agans the shalle hegyn;
As Salaman saide in his sawes,
Who that ones commys helle within
IIe shalle never owte, as elerkes huawes.
Therfor, belamy, let be thy dyn.
Job thi servande also
In his tyme can telle
That nawder freynde nor fo
Shalle fyude relese in helle.
Jesus.
He sayde fulle soythe, that shalle thon se,
In helle shalbe no relese,
Bot of that place then ment he Where synfulle eare shalle ever encrese.
In that baylle ay shalle thou be,
Where sorowes seyr shalle never sesse,
And my folk that wer most fre
Shalle pas unto the place of peasse;
For thay were here with my wille,
And so thay shalle furthe weyude,
Thou shalle thi self fulfylle,
Ever wo withoutten ende.

## Suthanas.

Whi, and wille thou take theym alle me fro?
Then thynk me thou ar unkyule;
Nay, I pray the do mot so,
Unthynke the better in thy mynde,
Or els let me with the $f_{0}$;
I pray the leyfe me not behynde.
Jesus.
Nay, tratur, thou shalle won in wo.
And tille a stake I shalle the byude.

## Sathanas.

Now here I how thou menys emang With mesure and malyce for to melle, Bot sen thon says it shalbe lang, Vit som let alle wayes with us dwelle. desus.
Yis, witt thon welle, els were greatt wrang, Thou shalle have Caym that slo Abelle, And alle that hastes theym self to hang, As dyd Judas and Architophelle;
And Daton and Abaron and alle of thare assent, Cursyd tyranttes ever ilkon that me and myn tormente.
And alle that wille not lere my lav
That I have left in land for new
That makes my commyng lnaw,
And alle my sacramentes persew;
My deth, my rysyng, red by raw,
Who trow thaym not thay ar untrewe,
Unto my dome I shalle theym draw,
And juge thaym wars then any Jew.
And thay that lyst to lere my law and lyf therby
Shalle never have harmes here, bot welth as is worthy.
Sathaners.
Now here my hand, I hold me payde, Thise poyntes ar playnly for my prow, If this be trew as thon has saide We shalle have mo then we have now; Thise lawes that thon has late here laide
I shalle theym lere not to alow,
If thay myn take thay ar betraide,
And I shalle turne theym tytte I trow.
I shalle walk eest, I shalle walk west,
And gar theym wyrk welle war.
Jesus.
Nay feynde, thou shalhe feste, That thou shalle flyt no far.

Sathanas.
Feste? fy! that were a whkyd treson!
Belamy, thou shalle be smylt.
Jesus.
Deville, I commaunde the to go downe
Into thi sete where thou shalle syl.
Sithantis.
Alas! for doylle and care
I syuk into helle pyt.
Rybuld.
Sir Sathanas, se saide I are,
Now shalle thou have a fyit.
Jesus.
Com now furthe my childer alle,
I forgaf you youre mys:
Withe me now go ye shalle
To joy and endles blys.

## Adum.

Lord, thon art fulle mekylle of myght,
That melys thi self on this manere,
To help us alle as thon hat us hight,
When hothe forfett I and my lere;
Here have we dwelt withoutten light
Four thousand and six hundreth yere.
Now se we by this solempne sight
How that merey makes us dere.
Evar.
Lord, we were worthy more tornamentes to tast,
Thon help us lord of thy merey, as thon of myght is mast.
Johamues.
Lord, I love the inwardly,
That me wold make thi messyngere,
Thi commyng in crthe to ery,
And teche thi fayth to folk in fere:
Sythen before the forto dy,
To bryng theym bodword that be here,

How thay shuld have thi help in hy,
Now se I alle those poyntes appere.
Moyses.
David, thi prophelle trew,
Of tymes told unto us;
Of thi eommyng he knew,
And saide it shuld be thus.
David.
As I saide ere yil say I so,
Ne develinquas, domine,
Animam meam in inferno;
Leyfe never my saulle, Lord, after the,
In depe helle whedur dampned shalle go,
Suffre thou never thi sayntes to se
The sorow of thaym that won in wo,
Ay fulle of fylthe and may not fle.
Moyses.
Make myrthe bothe more and les,
And love oure lord we may,
That has broght us fro bytternes
In blys to abyde for ay.
Ysaits.
Therfor now let us syng
To lave omre lord desus,
Unto his blys he wille us bryng,
Te Deum lumulamus.

## JHDITIUM.

Fulle darfe has bene oure dede, for thi commen is oure dare.
This day to take oure mede, for nothyng may we spare.
Alas! I harde that horne that callys us to the dome,
Alle that ever were borne thider behofys theym com;
May nathere land ne se us fro this dome hide,
For ferde fayn wold I fle, bot I must nedes abide;
Alas! I stand great aghe to loke on that Justyee,
Ther may no man of laghe help with no quantyce.
Vokettys ten or fwelfe may noue help at this nede,
Bot ill man for his self shalle answere for his dede.
Alas, that I was borne!
I se now me beforne,
That Lord with woundes fyfe;
How may I on hym loke.
That falsly hym forsoke,
When I led synfulle lyfe?
Tercius Malus.
Alas! carefulle eatyfios maty we ryse,
Sore may we wryng oure handes and wepe,
For cursid and sore covylyse
Dampryd be we in helle fulle depe;
Wroght we never of Godes servyee,
His comaundements wold we not hepe.
Bot of tymes maide we sacrifice
To Sathanas when othere can slepe.
Alas! now wakys alle unre werr,
Oure wykyd warkes can we not bide,
Bot on oure bakes we must theym bere,
That wille us soron on ilka syde.

Oure dedys this day wilte do us dere,
Oure domys man herr we must abide, And feyndes, that wille us felly fere,
Thare pray to have us for thare pride.
Brymly before us be thai broght,
Oure dedes that shalle dam us bidene;
That eyre has harde, or harte thoght,
That mowthe has spokyn, or ce sene,
That foote has gone, or hande wroght,
In any tyme that we may menc,
Fulle dere this day now bees it boght.
Alas, unborne then had I bene!

## Quatus Malus.

Alas, I am forlorne! a spytus blast here blawes,
I harde welle bi yonde horne, I wote wherto it drawes;
I wold I were unborne, alas! that this day daves,
Now mon be dampnyd this morne my warkys, my detes, my sawes.
Now bees my curstnes liyd, alas! I may not layn
Nle that ever I dyd, it bees put up fulle playn.
That I wold fayn were hyl, my synfulle wordes and vayn
Fulle new now mon be reliynyl up to me agayn.
Alas! fayn wold I fle for dedes that I have done,
Bot that may now not be, I must aloyde my hoyu,
I trowed never to have sene this dredfulle day thas soyn;
Alas! what shalle I say when he sittes on his trone?
Too se his woundes bledande this is a dulfulle case,
Alas! how shalle I stand or loke hym in the face,
So curtes I hym fand that gaf me life so lang a spaee,
Mi care is alle command, alas! where was my grace?
Alas! eatyffes unkynde, where on was oure thoght?
Alas! where on was omre mynde, so wyliyd warkes we wroghte?
To se how he was pynde, how dere oure luf he boght,
Alas! we were fulle blynde, now ar we wars then noght.
Alas! my covetyse, myne ylle wille, and myn ire,
Mi meghhur to dispise most was my desyre;

I demyd ever at my devyse, me thoght I had no peyre, With my self sore may I grise, now am quyt my hyre.
Where I was wonte to go and have my wordes at wille,
Now am I set fulle thro and fayn to hold me stille;
I went hoth to and fro, me thoght I dit never ille,
Mi neghburs for to slo or hurt withoutten skille.
Wio worthe ever the fader that gate me to be borne!
That ever he let me stir bot that I had hene forlorne;
Warid be my moder, and warid be the morne
That I was borne of hir, alas, for shame and skorne!
I'rimus Augelus, cum gladio.
Stand not togeder, parte in two,
Alle sam shalle ye not be in blys,
Oure lord of heven wille it be so,
For many of you has done amys;
On his right hand ye grood shalle go,
The way to heven he shalle you wys;
Ye wykid saules ye weynd hym fro,
On his left hande as none of his.
Jesus.
The tyme is commen, I wille make ende, My Faler of heven wille it so he, Therfor tille erthe now wille I weynde,
My selfe to sytt in majestic;
To dele my dome I wille discende,
This body wille I bere with me,
How it was dight man's mys to amende
Alle man's kynde ther shalle it se.
Primus Damon.
Oute, haro, ont, out! harkyn to this horne,
I was never in dowte or now at this morne,
So sturly a showte sen that I was borne
Hard I never here ahowte, in erneste ne in skornc.
A womler;
I was bonde fulle fast
In yrens for to last,

Bot my bandes thai brast
And shoke alle in sonder.
Secumdus Diemon.
I shoterde and shoke, I herd siche a rerd, When I harde it I qwoke for alle that I lerd, Bot to swere on a boke I durst not aperd,
I durst not loke for alle medille cral
Fulle paylle;
Bot gyrned and gुnast, My forec did I frast,
Bot I wroghte alle wast,
It myghte not avaylle. Primus Demon.
It was like to a trumpe, it had sich a sownde,
I felle on a lumpe for ferd that I swonde.
Secundus Diemon.
There I stode on my stmmpe I stakerd that stownde, There chachid I the crumpe, yit held I my grounde

Italle nome.
Primus Damon.
Make redy oure gere,
We ar like to have were,
For now dar I swere
That domystay is comme;
For alle oure satules ar wente and none ar in belle.
Secundus ID(emon.
Bot we go we ar shente, let us not dwelle, It sittes you to tente in this mater to melle,
As a pere in a parlamente what case so befeile;
It is nedefulle
That ye tente to youre awne,
What draght so be drawne,
If the courte be lamen
The juge is right dredfulle. Primus I/amon.
For to stame this tome thou gars me prete.

## Secundus $\boldsymbol{I}_{\text {（emon．}}$

Let us go to this dome up Watlyn Strete．

## Irimus Itiemon．

I hat lever go ta Rome；yei thryse on my fite，
Then forto grefe youde grome，or with hym lor to mete；
For wysely
He spekys ou trete，
His panstee is grete．
But begs：he to threte
He lolies fille fgrisly：
Bot fast take oure rentals．hy，let us go henee！
For as this fals the great sentence．

## Secuudus It（emon．

Thai ar here in my dals，fast stand we to fener． Agans thise dampnyd sanles without repentener，

And just．
Primus Itarmon．
How so the fram eroliys，
Examyu oure boliys．
Secunders Dtemon．
Here is a bayg fulle，loliys，
Of pride aut of lust，
Of wraggers and wrears，a bag fille of breles，
Of carpars and eryars，of mychers and theles，
Of lurdans ami lyars that mon man lefys，
Of flytars，of flyars，and renderars of reflys，
This can I，
Of alliyn astates
That go bi the gatys，
Of poore pride，that God hates，
Twenty so many．

## Primus Diemon．

Peasse，I pray the，be stillo，I laphe that I liymie， Is oghte ire in thi bille and then shalle then dryalie？

## Secundus Demon.

Sir, so mekille ille wille that thay wold synke Thare foes in a fyere stille; bot not alle that thynke Dar l say, Bot before hym he prase hym, Behynde he myssase hym, Thus dowhille he mase hym, Thens do thai today.

Primus Demon.
IIas thou oght writen there of the femynyn gender?
Secundus Demon.
Yei, mo then I may bere of rolles forto renter; Thai ar sharp as a spere if thai seme bot slender, Thai ar ever in were if thai be tender, Vlle fetyld;
She that is most meke, When she semys fulle seke, She can raise up a reke If she be welle netyld.

Primus Diemon.
Thou art the best hyne that ever eam hesyde us.

## Secumdus Demon.

Yei bot yo we, master myne, yet wold I we hyde us, Thai have blorven lang syne, thai wille not abide us, We may lightly tyne, and then wille ye chide us 'Togeder.

Primus Demon.
Make redy oure tolys,
For we dele with no folys.
Secumilus Diemon.
Sir, alle clerkys of oure scolys
Abowne furthe theder;
Bot, sir, I telle you before had domysday oght tarid We must have biggid helle more, the warld is so warid.

## Primus Dapmon.

Now fretl we dowhille store of hadys mysearid 'To the sontes where thai wore, hothe sam to be harrid.

Secturdus /Itemon.
Thise rolles
Ar of baklytars,
And fals quest dytars,
I had no help of writars
Bot thise two dalles;
Faithe and trowthe, maffay, have no fete to stamde,
The poore pepylle must pay if oght he in hande,
The drede of God is away and lawe out of bande.
Primus Demon.
By that wist I that domysday was at hande
In seson.
Secuulus Itamon.
Sir, it is saide in old sawes.
The longere that day dawes.
Wars pepille, wans lawes.
Primus / Itmon.
I laghe at thi reson;
Alle this was token domysday to drede,
Fulle oft was it spokyn, fulle few take hede,
Bot uow shalle we be wrokyn of thare falshede,
For now bese mulokn many dern dede
In ire;
Alle thare symes shatle lee lanowen,
Othere men's, then thare owne.
Secuulus: Dtemon.
Bot if this draght be welle drawen
Don is in the myre.

## Tutivillus.

Whi spyr ye not sye no questyons?
I am oone of joure order and oone of your sons;
I stande at my tristur when othere men shones.

## Primus Demon.

Now thou art myn awne querestur,
I wote where thon wonnes;
Do telle me.
Tutivillus.
I was youre chefe tollare,
And sithen courte rollar,
Now am I master Lollar,
And of sieh men I melle me;
I have broght to youre hande of saules, dar I say,
Mo than ten thowsand in an howre of a day;
Som at aylle howse I fande, and som of ferray,
Som eursid, som bande, som yei som nay;
So many
Thus broght I on blure,
Thus dyd I my cure.
Primus Damon.
Thou art the best sawgeoure
That ever had I any.
Tutivillus.
Here a rolle of ragman of the rownde tabille, Of brefles in my bag, man, of synnes dampnabille, Unethes may I wag, man, for wery in youre stabille Whils I set my stag, man.

Sccuurlus Diemon.
Abide, ye ar abille.
To take wage;
Thow can of eowrte thew,
Bot lay downe the dewe
For thou wille be a shrew,
Be thou com at age. Tutivillus.
Were I be gesse of many nyee hoket, Of care and of curstnes, hethyng and holet, Gay gere and witles, his hode set on lioket, As prowde as pennyles, his slefe has no polet,

Fulle redles：
With thare hemmyd shoyn．
Alle this must be done．
Bot tyre is out at hye noyne
And his harnes bredeles．
A horne and a duch ax，his slefe must be theliyt，
A syde hede and a fare fax，his gewne must be spelyyt， Thus toke I youre tax，thus ar my bokys bleliyt．

## Primus Itemon．

Thon art best on thi wax that ever was eleliyt．
Or linowen：
With wordes wille thon fille us．
But telle thi name tille us．
Tutivilles．
M！name is Tutivillus．
My horne is blawen；
Fragminu verborum Tutivillus colligit hor＇um，
Belabub ulywrm，Belial belium doliorum．
Sccundus D（emom．
What，I so thon can of gramory and som what of arte； llad I hot a penny on the wold I wate．

Tetivillus．
Of femellys a quantite here fyude I parte．
Priunus Itamon．
Thtivillus，let se，Godes forbot thou sparte！
Tutivilles．
Su joly，
Illa las in a lande．
Like a lady nere hamde，
So freshe and so plesiande．
Makes men to fols．
If she he never so fowlle a dowde，with hir leelles and hir pyones，
The shrew hir self ean shrowle，hoth hir chelys amd hir flysumes．

She can make it fulle prowde with japes and with gynnes,
Hir hede as hy as a clowde, bot no shame of hir synnes Thai fele;
When she is thus paynt,
She makes it so quaynte,
She lokes like a saynt,
And wars then the deyle.
She is hornyd like a kowe . . . . . . fon syn,
The cuker hynges so side now, furrid with a cat skyn,
Alle thise ar for you, thay ar commen of youre kyn.
Secundus Demon.
Now, the best body art thou that ever cam here in. Tutivillus.
An usage,
Swilk dar I undertake,
Makes theym breke thare wedlake,
And lif in syn for hir sake,
And breke thare awne spowsage.
Yet a poynt have I fon, I telle you before,
That fals swerers shalle hider com mo than a thowsand skore;
Iu sweryng thai grefe Godes son, and pyne hym more and more,
Therfor mon thai with us won in helle for ever more.
I say thus,
That rasers of the fals tax,
And gुederars of greyn wax,
Diabolus est mendax
Et puter ejus.
Yit a poynte of the new gett to telle wille I not blyn,
Of prankyd gownes and shulders up set, mos and flokies sewyd wyth in,
To use siche gise thai wille not let, thai say it is no syn,
Bot on sich pilus I me set and clap thaym cheke and ehyn, No nay.
David in his sawtere says thus.

That to helle shalle thay trus,
Cum suis adinventionibus,
For onys and for ay.
Yit of thise kyrkehaterars here ar a mence,
Of barganars and okerars and lutars of symonee,
Of runkers and rowners, God castes thay out trulse
From his temple alle sich mystocrs, I each thaym then to me

Fulle soyn;
For writen I wote it is
In the Gospelle, withoutten mys,
Et eum fecistis
Syeluncam latronum.
Yit of the symes seren som thyng specialle
Now nately to neven, that ronnys over alle,
Thise laddes thai leven as lordes rialle,
At ee to be even pieturde yn palle
As lynges;
May he dug hym a doket,
A kodpese like a polett,
Hym thynk it no hoket
His taylle when he wryges.
His luddukiys thai lowke like walli mylue clogges
His hede is like a stowke, hurlyd as hogges,
A welle blawen bowke thise frygges as frogges,
This jelian jowke dryfys he no dogges
To felter,
Bot with youre yolow lolkys,
For alle youre many mokkes,
Ye shalle elym on helle crolitys
Will a halpeny heltere.
And Nelle with hir nyfyls of crisp and of sythe,
Tent welle youre twyfyls your nek abowte as mylhe;
With your bendys and youre bridyls of Sathan the whilhe,
Sir Sathanas idyls you for tha ilke

This gille knave.
It is open behynde,
Before is it pynde,
Bewar of the west wynde
Youre smok lest it wafe.
Of ire and of envy fynde I herto,
Of covetyse and glotony and many other mo.
Thai calle and thai cry "go we now, go,
I dy nere for dry," and ther syt thai so
All nyghte,
With hawvelle and jawrelle,
Syngyng of lawvelle,
Thise ar howndes of helle,
That is thare right.
In slewthe then thai syn, Goddes warkes thai not wyrke,
To belle thai begyn and spew that is irke,
His hede must be holdyn ther in the myrke.
Then deffes hym with dyn the bellys of the liyrke
When thai elatter;
IIfe wishys the elerke hamged
For that he rang it,
Bot thar hym not lang it,
What commys ther after.
Aud ye dancttes of the stewys; and lychoures on lofte
Your haille now brews, avowlrees fulle ofle,
Voure gam now grewys, I shalle you set softe,
Vour sorow enewes, com to my crolte
Alle ye;
Alle harlottes and horres,
And bawdes that procures,
'To bryog thaym to lures,
Welcom to my see.
Ve lurdans and lyars, myehers and thefes,
Flytars and flyars that alle men reprefes,
Spolars, extorevonars, weleom, my lefes!
Fals jurors and usurars to symons that elerys.

To wolle.
Hasardars and dysars.
Fals dedes forgars,
Slanderars , halibytars.
NHe enta helle.
Irimus Itermen.
When I harde many swiller, many spytus and fefle.
Aud few good of ilke I had mervelle,
I trowid it drew nere the prili.
Secumelus Itemon.
Sir, a worde al counsille;
Saules eam so thyli now late unto helle
As ever,
Oure porter at helle yate
Is hadden so stratr,
Ip erly and downe late.
He rystys never.

## Irimas Itamom.

Thou art pereles of tho that ever yit linew I,
When I wille may I go if thou be hy;
Go we now, we two.
Sccundus $\boldsymbol{J}_{\text {(pmon }}$
Sir, I am redy
Primus Itemou.
Take onre rolles also, ye linane the cause why.
Da eom
And tent welle this day.
Secundis Itiemon.
Sir, as welle as I may.
I'riunus Daman.
(liii vero mula
Sccundus Itemon.
In iguem ceteruam.
Jesus.
Ilka creatoure take toute
What bodwarde I shalle you bryeg.

This wykyd warld away is wente,
And I am commen as crownyd lyag;
My fader of heven has me downe sent,
To deme youre dedes and make endyng;
Commen is the day of Jugemente,
Of sorow may every synfulle syng.
The day is commen of eatyfnes,
Alle those to care that ar uncleyn,
The day of batelle and bitternes,
Fulle long abiden has it beyn;
The day of drede to more and les,
Of joy, of tremlyng and of teyn,
Ilka wight that wylyd is
May say, alas this day is seyn!
[Tune exprandit manns suas et ostendit eis vulucra sua:
Here may ye se my woundes wide
That I suffred for youre mysdede,
Thrughe harte, hede, fote, hande and syde.
Not for my gilte bot for youre nede.
Behald both bak; body, and syde,
How dere I boght youre broder hede,
Thise bitter paynes I wold abide,
To by you blys thus wold I blede.
Mi body was skowrgid withoutten skille,
Also ther fulle throly was I thrett,
On crosse thai hang me on a hille,
Blo and blody thus was I beft,
With crowne of thorne thrastyn fulle ille,
A spere unto my harte thai sett.
Mi barte blode sparid thai not to spille,
Man, for thi luf wold I not lett.
The Jues spytt on me spitusly,
Thai sparid me no more then a thele,
When thai me smote I stud stilly,
Agans thaym did I nokyns grefe.
Beholde, mankynde, this ilke am I,

That for the suftred sich myseliefe,
Thus was I dight for thi foly,
Man, loke thi luf was me fulle lefe.
Thus was I dight thi sorow to slake,
Man, thas hehovid the horud to be,
In alle my wo tooke I no wrake.
My wille it was for luf of the;
Man, for sorow aght the to qwake,
This dredful day this sight to se,
Alle this suffred I for thi sake.
Say, man, what suffred thou for me?
[Time vertens se ad bonos, dicit illis, -
Mi blessid barnes on my right hande,
Coure dome this day thar ye not drede,
For alle youre joy is now commande,
Voure life in lykyg shalle ye lede;
Commes to the kyughlom ay lastand,
That you is dight for youre gool dede,
Fulle blithe may ye lie there ye stand,
For mekille in heven hees youre mede.
When I was hungre ye me fed.
To slek my thrist ye war fulle fre .
When I was elothles ye me eled,
Ye wold no sorowe on me se;
In hard prison when I was sted
On my penanec ye had pyte,
Fulle selie when I was broght in bed
liyndly ye cam to comforth me.
When I was wille and weriest
Ve harberd me fulle esely,
Fulle glad then were ye of youre gest,
Ye plenyd my poverte fulle pitusly;
Belife ye broght me of the best,
And maide my bed there I shald ly,
Therfor in heven shalle be youre rest,
In joy and blys to beld me by.

## Primus Bonns.

Lord, when had thon so mekille nede?
Hungre or thrusty how myght it be?
Secumhlus Bonus.
When was one harte fre the to feede?
In prison when myght we the se?
Tercius Bomus.
When was thou seke or wantyd wede?
To harhowre the when helpid we?

## Quartus Bonus.

When had thou nede of oure fordede ?
When did we alle this dede for the? Jesus.
Mi blissid barnes, I shalle you say What tyme this dede was to me done, When any that nede had nyght or diay, Asliyd you help and had it sone; Come fre harte saide theym never nay, Erly ne late, myd day ne noyn, As ofte sithes as thai wold pray, Thai thurte bot aske ant have thare boyn.
[Tune dicet malis, -
Ye cursid catyfs of liames liyn,
That never me comforthid in my care,
Now I and ye for ever shalle twyn,
In doylle to dwelle for ever mare;
Poure bitter bayles shalle never blyo
That ye shall thole when ye com thare;
Thus have ge servyl for youre syo,
For derfe dedes ye have doyn are.
When I had myster of mete and drynke.
Calyfs, ye chaste me from youre yate,
When ye were set as syres on byuke
I stode ther onte wery and wate,
Yet none of you wold on me thynke,
To have pite on my poore astate,

Therfor to helle I shalle you syulie, Welle are ge worthy to go that gate.
When I was selee and surgest
Ye viset me noght, for I was proore:
In prison fast when I was fiest
Wold none of you lolie how 1 foore ;
When I wist never where to rest
With dyntes ye drofe me from youre doome,
But ever to pride then were ye prest;
Mi flesh, my hloode, ye oft forswore.
Clothles, when that I was cold
That nere hande for you yode I naliyd.
Mi mysehele saghe ye many folfe,
Wis moue of you my sorow slaky,
Bot ever forsolie me yong: and olde,
Therfor shalle ye now be forsaliyd.
Irimus Mulus.
Lorde, when had thon, that alle has,
Hunger or thriste. sen thon God is?
When was that thon in prison was?
When was thon naliyd or harberles?
Secuudus Malus.
When myght we see the selie, alas!
And liyd the alle this moliymomes
Tercius Malus.
When was we let the helples pas?
Whey dyd we the this wiliydnes?

## Ouartus Mulus.

Alas, for doylle this day!
Alas, Hat perer I it ahode!
Now am I damponed for ay,
This dome may I not avoyde.

## Jesus.

Catyfes, alas! ofte as it betyde
That nedefulle oght askyd in my name.

Ye hard them noght, youre ecres was hid, Youre belp to thaym was not at hame;
To me was that unkyndnes kyd,
Therfor ye bere this bitter blame,
To the lest of myne when ye oghte dyd,
To me ye dyd the self and same.
[Tune dicet bonis,-
Mi chosyn childer, come to me,
With me to dwelle now shalle ye weynde,
Ther joy and blys ever shalle be,
Youre life in lykyng for to leynde.
[Tanc dicet malis, -
Ye warid wightes, from me ye fle, In helle to dwelle withontten ende, Ther shalle ye noght bot sorow se, And sit hi Sathanas the feynde.

## Primus Demon.

Do now go furthe, trus, go we hyne,
Unto endles wo, ay lastand pyne,
Nay, tary not so, we get ado syne.
Secundus Demon.
Flyte hyder warde, ho, Harry Ruskyne
War onte!
The meyn shalle ye nelylle,
And I shalle syng the trebille,
A revant the deville
Tille alle this hole rowte.
Tutivillns.
Youre lyfes ar lorne and commen is youre care,
Ye may ban ye were borne the bodes you bare,
And youre faders beforne, so cursid ye ar.
Primus Demon.
Ye may wary the morne and day that ye ware
Of youre moder
First borne forto be,
For the wo ye mon dre.

## Primus Incman.

Ilkon of you mom se
Sorow of oler;
Where is the grold and the food that ye grederd togedir?
The mery mence that yod hider and thedir?

> Tutivillus.

Gay fyrdyls, jagzod hode, prankiyd gownes, whedir?
Have ye wit ir ye wode ye hroght mot hider
Bot sorowe,
And your synnes in youre nekliys. Primus Demon.
I beshrew thaym that recklys,
He comes to late that belikys
Voure bodyes to borow.
Sccundus Diemon.
Sir, I wold ent thay ma slawte and make theym be knawen. Thay were sturdy and hawte, great boste have thai blawne,
Youre pride and youre pransawte what wille it grawne?
Ye tolde illi mans delawte and firgate youre awne.
Tutivillus.
Moreover
Thare neghburs thai demyd,
Thaym self as it semyd,
Bot now ar thai flemyd
From sayntes to reeover.
Primus Dremon.
Thare neghlurs thai tuwehid with wordes fulle ille, The warst ay thai sowehid and had no stille.

Socrenilus Dtemon.
The pennys thai powehid and held thaym stille,
The negons thai mowerhid and had nu wille
For hart fire,
Bot riche and ille dedy,
Gederand and gredy,
Sor napand and nedy
Youre goden forto spare.

## Tutivillns.

For alle that ye spard and dyd extoreyen, For youre childer ye card, youre heyre and youre son Now is alle in oure ward, youre yeres ar ron, It is commen in vowgard youre dame malison, To hynde it;
Ve set hi no cursyng, Ne no siche smatle thyng.

## Primus Demon.

No, bot prase at the partyng,
For now mon ye fynde it;
Soure leyfes and your females, ye brake youre wedlake,
Telle me now what it vales alle that mery lake? Se so falsly it falys.

Secundus Diemon.
Syr, II dar undertalic
Thai wille telle no tales, hot se so thai (Iwake For moton,
IIfe that to that gam gose, Now namely on old tose.

## Tutivillus.

Thon held up the lose
That had I forgotten.
Primus IDcmon.
Sir, I trow thai be dom som lyme were finlle melland, Welle ye se how thai glom.

Secuudus Damon.
Thon art ay telland,
Now shatle thai have rom in pyk aud tar ever dwelland, Of thare sorow no some, bot ay to be yelland In oure fostre.

## Tulivillns.

By youre lefe may we mefe you?
Prinus Dremon.
Showe furthe, I shrew you.

## Serundus Dipmon.

Vet tonyght shalle I shew you
A mese of ille ostre.
Tutivillus.
Of thise eursid forsworne and atle that here leymdes.
IBlaw, wolles hede and outehorne, now namely my freymdes. Primus Itamon.
Illa haille were ye horme, youre awno shame you sheyudes That shalle ve fymbe or to morne.

Secumelus Itiemon.
Com now with feymles
To youre angre:
Voure dedes yon dam,
Come fro we now sam.
It is commen voure gan,
Come tary no longer.
Primus Bomus.
We love the, Lord, in alliyn thyng,
That for thyne awne has ordand thus,
That we may have now oure dwellyng
In heven blis giflen unto us:
Therfor fiulle bolilly may we syng
On oure way as we trus,
Make alle myrthe and lovyng
With Te Jeum laudumus.

EVPLGII J DIIIRM.

## CANDLEMAS - DAY,

## OH

## THE KILLINGOF THE

## CHILDREN OF ISRAEL.

## THE NAMES OF THE PLEYERS.

The Poete.<br>Kiyug Herowd.<br>Fingght j.<br>Ruyght ï.<br>liuyght iij.<br>Kinyght ïij<br>II'uthyn, Messauger.<br>Symeon, the Bysshop.<br>Joseph.<br>Maria.<br>Auna, Prophetissa.<br>1 Vïgyn.<br>Angelus.<br>Mulier $j$.<br>Nuluer ij.<br>Mulier ïj.<br>Mulier iiij.

Than Parfre ded unite thys booke.

The original of this play is preserved among the Dighy MSS. in the Bodleian Library, Oxford, and has the date of 1312. No particulars are linown of then I'arfire.

## CANDLEMAS-IDII

## Poelu.

This solemme fest to he had in rementurance Of blissed sevat Anne, moder to our larly, Whos ryght discent was fro lyugs allyamoee, Of Daryd and Salamon witnesseth the slary; Hir hlissid doughter, that callid is Mary, By Gods provision an husboud shuld have, Callid doseph, of nature old and drye.
And the moder unto Christ that all the world shall save.
This gुlorions maiden donghter unto Imas.
In whes worsleip this fest we hemour,
And by resemblamee lilienyd moto manna,
Wiehe is in tast relostiall of savour,
And af derieo the sute rose floure,
Gold Aloryson eallid in pirture .
Chosyn for to here manlisuds savymur
With a prorogalive alowe eche creathre.
These grolt thyogs remombed, after ane entent
Is for to worshyppe oure lady and seyut Amor:
We loe eomen heder as servanuts diligent
Onte pereceste lo shewe you ats we call:

Wherfor of benevolence we pray every man,
To have us excused, that we no better doo .
An other tyme to emende it if we can,
Be the grace of God, if our cunnyng he ther too.
The last yeer we shewid yon, and in this place,
How the shepherds of Crist by the made letification,
And thre lynges that yeome fro the cuntrees be grace
To wershyp desu with entecr devotion:
And now we propose with hooll affection,
To procede in oure matter as we can,
And to shew you of oure ladies purification,
That she made in the temple, as the usage was than:
And after that shall Herowd have tydyngs,
How the thre liyngs be goon hoom another way,
That were with Jesu, and made ther offryngs,
And promysed liynge IIerowd, without delay
To come a geyn hy him; this is no nay.
And whan he wist that thei were goom,
like as a wodman he gan to fray,
Aud commanded his knyght forth to go a noon
In to Israell, to serche every towne and cite
For all the children that thei cowde ther fyude,
Of ij yeers age and under, sparyng neither honde nor free,
But sle them all, either for foo or frende;
'thus he commanuded in his firious mynde;
Thought that Jesu shuld have he oon,
And yitt he failed of his froward mynde;
For, by Gods providannes, our laly was in to Egypte gon.
Frends, this processe we propose to pley as we can,
Before you all here in your presens,
To the honoure of God, oure lady, and seynt Anne;
Besecehyng you to geve us peseable audicus.
Aud ye menstrallis doth your diligens;
And ye virgynes, shewe sume sport and plesure,
These people to solas, and to do God reverens:
As ye be appoynted doth your besy eure.

## Heroued.

Above all liynges moder the clowdys eristall.
Royally I reigree in welthe withoul woo, Of plesannt prosperytic I lalike non at all:
Fortme I fymere that she is not my foo,
I am kyyr Herowd, I will it be lnowen so,
Most strong and myghty in feld for to lyght.
And to venquyshe my enemyes that a geynst me dos
I am mast be dred with my broude bryght.
My zrett \{rudiles I gloryfye with zladnesse,
And to hononere them I knele up on my knee;
For thei have sett me in solas from all sadnesse,
That no eonqueroure nor linyght is compared to me:
All the that rebelle a geyos me ther bane I will be,
Or groulge a feyns my zodds on hyll or hethe;
All suche rebellers I shall malie for to flee,
And with hard punyshements putt them to dethe.
What rethely wretehes, what prompe and pride,
Du a geyns my lawes or withstonde myne entent,
Thei shall suffre woo and peyne thrugh hak and syde.
With a very myschance ther fleshe shal be all to rents
And all my foes shall have suche commambemont
That they shalbe frlad to do my bydily ay,
Or ells thei shallse in woo and myseheff permanent,
That thei shall fere me nyght and day.
My messanger, at my commaundement eome heder to me,
And take hed what I shall to the say:
I charge the, loke a bought thurgh my enotre
To aspye if ony rebell do a gevost our lay:
Anl if ony suche come in thy way,
Brynge hem in to owr hygh presens,
And we shat se them correetid, or thei go hems.

## H'ulkyu, the Messanger.

My lord, your commanndement I have filfilled
Eyyu to the uttermosi of my pore power;
And I wold shew you more, so ye wold be contentid,
But I dare not, lest ye wold talie it in amger:
For if it liked you not, I am sure my deth were nere;
And therfor, my lord, I wole hold my peas.
Herowed.
I warne the, tha traytor, that thu not seas
To observe every thyng thu linowest a geyns one reverenee.
Messanger.
My lord, if ye have it in your remenbrannee,
Ther were iij straunger knyghts, but late in your prespuce,
That went to Bedlem to olfre with due observaunce,
And promysed to come a feyn lyy you withont varianee;
But by ther bonys ten, thei be to you untrue,
For homeward an other wey thei doo sue.
flerod.
Now be my grett golds, that be so full of myght I will be a rengid upon Israell, if this tale be true. Messanges.
That it is, my lord, my trouth I you plight, For ye founde me never false syn ye me linewe. Herod.
I do perceyve, though I be here in my cheff cite. Callid ferusatem, my riche royall town, I am falsly disceyved by straunge kingghts thre: Therfor, my lingghts, I warne you, withont delacion, That ye make serche thurgh oute all my region, Withoute any tarieng my wille may be seen, And sle all the ehildren withont exeepeion
Dif to yeers of age, that within Israell bene:
For within my self thus I have concluded,
For to avoiste a wey all intermpeion,
Sythenes thes the knyghts lave me thus falsly deluted, As in manber ly froward collasion.

And a geyn resorted hom in to ther region:
But yitt, mategre thep herts, I shall avengid be:
Bothe in Bedlem and my prosyones peryohone.
Sle all the chiduren to liepe my liborte.
Miles $j$.
My lord, yo may be sure that I shall not spare
For to fulfille your noble rommametement.
With sharper swerde to perse them all bare.
In all euntrees that be to you adjacent.
Miles ï.
And for your salie to observe your commaundement.
Miles ïj.
Not on of them all our hands shall astert.
Miles ïij.
For we wole cruelly execute your julgement
With swerde and spere to perse them thurgh the hert.
IIcrod.
I thanke you, my lingghts, but loke ye, make no tarieng, Go arme jour self in stele shynyng bright;
And eomere in your mynds, that I am your liygo
Gevyng you charge, that with all your myght
In confirmacion of my tytell of ryght,
That ye go and lole for myn alvantaye,
And sle all the ehildren that eome in your sight
Wiche ben within two yeers of age.
Now be ware, that my bydilygy ge truly obey,
For non lont I shall reigne wilh egnyte;
Make all the chidden on your swerds to dey,
I charge you, spare not oon for merey nor pyte.
Am not I lord and liyng of the emotre?
The erowne of all derusalem longith to me of right;
Who so ever sey nay of high ar lowe degre,
I charge you, sle all surhe that eome in your syght.
Miles $j$.
My lord. be ye sure, areordyng to your will,
Like as ye charge us be streigt commandement.

All the chideren of Israell doubtles we shall kylle
Within to yeers of age, this is our entent.
Miles $\ddot{7}$.
My lord of all Jurye, we hold you for chef regent, By tytell of enheritaunce as your auncestors be forn;
Ile that seith the contrary, be Mahound, shalbe shent, And curse the tyme that ever was born.

## Herod.

I thanke you, my linyghts, with hooll affection.
And whan ye come a geyn I shall yon avaunce;
Therfor quyte you wele in feld and town,
And of all the fondlyngs make a delyveraunce.
> [Here the Hingyhts shall drparte from Herowd to Israell; und HYATEIN shatl abyde, seyng thens to Herowd: -

Now, my lord. I beseche you to here my dalyaunce,
I wole aske you a bone, if I durst a right;
But I were loth ye shuld lalie ony displesannce:
Now for Mahounds sake, make me a linyght.
For oon thyng I promyse yon, I will manly fight,
And for to avenge your quarrell I dare undertake;
Though I sey my self, I am a man of myght,
And dare live and deye in this guarrell for your sake;
For whin I com amonge them, for fore thei shall quake;
And, though thei sharme and crye, I care not a myght,
But with my sharpe sworde ther ribbes I shall shake
Evyn thurgh the gultes for anger and despight.
Herod.
Be thi trouthe, Watliyn, woldest the be made a linyght?
Thu hast lee my servaunt and messanger many a day,
But the were never provid in battaile nor in fight,
And therfor to avaunce the so sodenly I ne may:
But oon thyng to the I shall say,
Be canse If fyude the true in thyn entent,
Forth with my linyghts thon shall take the way,
And gryte the wele, and the shall it mot repent.

## IV "theyn.

Now a largeys. my lord, I am ryght wele apaid,
If I do not wele, ley my hed upon a stolike;
I shall go shew your kuybhts how ge have seid. And arme my self manly and go forth on the flalike. And if I fymbe a youmg child I shall choppe it on a blokke. Though the moder be angry the ehild shathe slayn:
But yitt I dredde no thyy more than a woman with a rokke, For if I se ony suche, be my foith, I come a geyn.

## Herowed.

What, shall a woman with a rolke drive the away?
Fye on the, traitor, now I tremble for tene.
I have trusted the long, and many a daye;
A bold man and an hardy I went thon haddist ben.
I"uthyn.
So am I, my lord and that shalbe seen,
That I am a bold man and best dare a byde,
And ther come an hundred women I wole not fleen.
But fro morrowe tyll nyght with them I dare chice.
And therfor, my lord, yo may trust unto me;
For all the childern of Isracll your knyghts and I shall kylle,
I will not spare on, butt dede thei shall be,
If the fader and moder will let me have my wille.

## Herowed.

Thu lurdeyn, take hed what I sey the tyll,
And high the to my lingghts as fast as thu can:
Sey, I warne them in ony wyse ther blood that thei spille,
A bought in every cuntre, and lette for no min.

## "'athyn.

Nay, nay. my lord, we wyll let for no man,
Though ther come a thousand on a rought;
For your knyghts and I will kylle them all, if we can:
But for the wywes that is all my dought,
And if I se ony walkyng a hought,
I will take grood hede tyll the be froon.

And assone as I aspye that she is oute, By my feith, into the hous I will go anon.
inn! this $\mathbf{I}$ promyse you, that I shall never stepe,
But evermore wayle to fyode the children alone;
And if the moder come in, under the beneh I will erepe,
And lye stille ther tyll she be goon,
Than manly I shall eome out and hir ehildren sloon,
And whan I lave don $I$ shall renne fast away:
II she founde hir child dede, and toke me ther alone,
Be my feith, I ant sure we shuld make a fray.

## Herowd.

Nay, harlott, alyde stylle with my linyghts I warne the, Tyll the children be slayn all the hooll ronght; And whon the comyst home a gayn I shall avannce the, If then quyte thee like a man whill thu art ought,
And if thu pley the coward, I put the owt of dought, Of me thu shalt neyther have fe nor advamage, Therfor I charge you the contre be well songht, And whan the comyst lome shalt have thi wage.

> Wrtkyn.

Vis, ser, be my trouthe, ye shall wele knowe Whill I am oute how I shall aquyte me, For I propose to spare neither high nor lowe, If ther be no man wole smyte me:
The most I fere the wyres will bete me,
Vitt shail I take grood hert to me and loke wele abought.
And loke that your linyghts be not ferre fro me,
For if I lie alone I may sone gete a llomght.
Herod.
I say, hye the hens, that the were goon,
And unto my linyghts loke ye talie the way,
And sey, I charge them that my commandement be don
In all hast possible without more delay;
And if ther be ony that will sey yom nay,
Redde him of his lyf out of hamd anou:
And if tho quyte the weell moto my pay,

I hatl make tho a lingerth anentryous whan tho eomyst home.
If ulkyn.

Syr linyghts, I must ;00 forth with yon .
Thus my lord commammed me for to don:
And if I 'fuyte me weell whill II am amonge you,
I shathe matles linyght arentrys whan 1 eome home:
For oon llyny; I promyse yon, I will light anon,
If my hert faile not whan I shalbe gynme;
The most I liere is to rome amonge women,
For thei fight like devells with ther rokke whan thei spyne.
Miles $j$.
Watliyn, I love the, for thu art even a man;
If thu Ifyte the weell in this grett viage,
I shall spetie to my lord for the that I eate,
That tha shalt no more he neither grome nor page.
Wiles ij.
I wyll speke for the that thu shall have better wage,
If thin quyte the manly amonge the wyves;
For thei be as fers as a lyon in a eage,
Whan thei are volien ought to reve men of ther lives.

> [Here the lingghts and IIatliyn wallie abought the place tyll Mury and doseph be conesid in to Eypint.]
> Angeles.
() Joseph, ryse up, and loke thu tary nought:

Talie Mary with thu, and in to Eyipt flee;
For Jesu thy sone pursuyd is and sought
By lyng Ilerowil, the wiche of grete inyurite
Commamded hath thurgh Bedlem cite,
In his crmell and furyous ratian,
To sle all the children that be in that euntre
That may be foumble within to yeers of age:
Ther shall he showe in that region
Diverse myracles of his high regallye.
In all ther temples the mawments slatl falle down.
To shen a toliyn towards the partie.

This child hath lordship, as prophets do speake, And at his comyng thurgh his myghty hond, In despyght of all idolatrye, Eivery oon shall falle whan he comyth in to the lond.

## Joseph.

(3) good lord, of thi gracious ordenaunce,

Like as tha list for our journey provide,
In this viagre with humble attendaunce
As God disposeth and list to be our gyde,
Therfor upon them bothe mekely I shall abide,
Praying to that Lord to thynk upon us three,
U's to preserve wheder we go or ryde
Towards Egiple from all advercitie.

## Mary.

Now, husband, in all hart I pray yon, $; 0$ we hens.
For dredd of Herowd that ernell knyght:
Gentyll spouse, now do your diligens, And bryng your asse, I pray you, a non ryght,
And from hens let us passe with all our myght. Thamkng that Lord so for us doth provide, That we may go from Herowd that cursed wyght, Wiche will us devour if that we abide.

> Ioseph.

Mary, you to do plesaunce without ony lett
I shall hryuge forih your asse withont more delay;
Fulsome, Mary, theron ye shalbe selt,
And this litell child that in your wombe lay,
Take hym in your armys, Mary, I you pray,
Aud of your swete mylke let him sowle inowo,
Mawger Herowd and his grett fray:
Aod as your sponse, Mary, I shall go with yon.
This ferdell of gere I ley upon my bakke:
Now I am redy to an $^{0}$ from this cuntre,
All my smale instruments is putt in my pakke.

Now go we heus, Mary, it will no befter be,
For drede of Herowd, a paas 1 wyll high me.
Lo, now is our geer toussid both more and lesse:
Mary. for th plese you with all humylite
I shall fro be fore, and le:ld forth your asse.
[IIcre Mury and Jose]ik shall go out of the place, aud the golds shall fall: aud then shall come in the women of Israell with :gounty children in ther armys, und thene the liay!ghts shall go to them sayng as foluth: -

Miles $j$.
Herke, ye wyflys, we be rome your houshold to visite; Though ye be never so wroth nor wood, With sharpe swerds that redely will byte,
All your children within to yeces age in our eruell mood Thurghe out all Bethleen to kylle and shed ther young blood,
As we be bound lie the commandement of the kyng:
Who that seith nay we shall make a flood
To renne in the stretis lyy ther blood shedyng.

## Miles ij.

Therfor unto us ye make a delyveraneer
Of your young children, and that a none,
Or ells, lie Mahounde, we shall geve a myschannee,
Our sharpe swerds thurgh your bodies shall goon.

> II athign.

Therfar be ware, for we will not leve won
In all this monter that shall us resple,
I shall rather slee them everychoon,
And malie them to lye and mowe like an ape.
Mutier $j$.
Fye on you, traitors of remell tormentrye,
Wiohe with your swerds of mortall violens, -
Mulere ij.
Our young rhildren, that can mo soeoure but crie, Wyll slee and devome in ther innocens.

Mulier iij.
Ve false traitors unto God, ye do grett offens
To sle and morder yomg eliildren that in the eradell slumber.
Mulier iiij.
But we women shall make a geyns you resistens
After our power, your malice to encomber.
Watkyn.
Peas, you folyshe quenys, wha shuld you defende
Ageyns us armyd men in this apparaile?
We be bold men, and the kyng us ded sende
Hedyr in to this cuntre to hold with you battaile.
Mulier $j$.
Fye upon the coward, of the I will not faile To duble the linyght with my rolike rounde;
Women be ferse when thei list to assaile
Suche proude boyes to caste to the grounde.
Mulier $\ddot{i}$.
Avaunt, ye skowtys, I defye you everychone, For I wole bete you all my self alone.
[IIathyn hic occidet per se.]
Mulier $j$.
Alas, alasse, good cossynnes, this is a sorowfull peyn,
To se our dere chiddren that be so yong
With these caytyves thms sodeynly to be slayn:
A vengeannce I aske on them all for this grett wrong.
Mulier ij.
And a very myscheff must come them a monge,
Wherso ever thei be come or goon;
For thei lave killed my yong sone John.
Mulier iij.
Gosippis, a shamefull deth I aske upon ITerowde our liyng,
That thus rygoronsly our children hath slayn.
Mulier iïj.
I pray God bryng hym to an ille endyng,
And in helle pytte to dwelle ever in peyn.

## H"arkyn.

What, ye harlotts? I have aspied certeyn, That ye be tratorys to my lord the liynif,
And therfore I am sure, ye shall have an ille molyg.

## Mulier $j$.

If ye abide, Watkn, you and I shall game With my distafl that is so rounde.

Mulier ${ }^{2}$.
And if I seas thame have I shame.
Tyll thu be fellid down to the groumde.
Mulier iij.
And I may gete the within my bounde, With this staffe I shall make the lame.

> Wulkiyn.

Yee, I come no more ther, be seynt Mahound;
For if I do, methynlieth I shall be made tame.
Mulier $j$.
Abyde, Watkyn, I shall malie the a linyght.
IValkyn.
Thu make me a lonyght? that were on the newe;
But for shame, my trouthe I you plipht, I shod hete you bak and side tyll it were blewe;
But, be my God Mahounde, that is so true, My hert be gynne to fayle, and waxeth feynt, Or ells, he Mahounds hlood, ye shuld it rue, But ye shall lose your roods as traitors attrym.

## Mulier. $j$.

What, thu jabell, canst not have do ?
Thu and thi cumpany shall not depart,
Tyll of our distavys ye have take part. -
Therfor ley on, gossippes, with a mery hart,
And lett them not from us goo.
[Here thei shall bete II'altiyn; and the lingghts shall come to rescue hym, and than thri go to Merounds hous sny"!,

> Miles j.

Honorable prynce of grett apparayle,
Thurgh Jcrusalem and Jude, your wyll we have wrought, Full suerly harneysed in arms of plate and maile,
The children of Israell unto deth we have brought.
Miles $\ddot{j}$.
Syr, to werke your commandement we lettid nought, In the strets of the children to make a flood; We sparid neither for eare nor thought, Thurgh Bethlem to shedde all the young blood. Wathyn.
In feyth, my lord, all the children be dede, And alle the men out of the cuntre be goon;
Ther be but women, and thei crie in every stede,
A vengeannce take ligng Herode, for he hath our children slean!
And bidde, a mischefl take him both evyn and morn!
For liylling of ther children on you thei crie oute;
And thas goth your name all the cuntre abought.
Herodes.
Oute, I am madde, my wyttes be nei goon,
I am wo for the workyng of this werke wylde;
For as wele I have slayn my frends as my foon,
Wherfor I fere, deth hath me begyled;
Notwithstondyng syn thei be all defyled,
And on the young blood of Bethlem wronght wo and wrake,
Vitt I am in no certeyn of that yong child;
Now for woo myn herte gynneth to qualie.
Alas, I am so sorowful and sett in of sadnes,
I chille and chevere for this orrible chaunce;
I commande you all, as ye wole stond in my grace,
Aft this yong kyng to mak rood enquerannce,
And he that bryngeth me tydyngs I shall hym avaunce.
Now unto my chamber I purpose me this tyde,
And I charge you, to my precept geve attendaunce,
In ony place wher ye goo or ryde.

What, out, out allas! I wene I shall dey this day;
My hert tremblith and quakith for feer,
My robys I rende a lo; for I am in a fray,
That my hert will brest asunder eryn heer. -
My lord Mahound, I pray the with hert entecer.
Take my soule in to thy holy hande.
For I fele ly my hert, I shall dey evyn heer.
Fur my leggs falter, I may no lenger stande.
[Hire dieth Ifromede, and SviEO.X shall sey as foluyth -
Now, God, that art both lok and keye
Of all goodnesse and goostly governannce.
So geve us grace thi laws to obeye,
That we unto the do no displeasames;
Lett thi grace of mercifull habondannce
Upan me shyne, that callid am Symeon,
So that I may without any variannee
Teche thi people thi lawis everychon.
From the sterrid hevy, lord, thu list come down
In to the elosett of a prure virgy",
Our kynde to take for mamys salvation,
Thi grett merey thu lowe lyst enclyne,
Lyle as prophetys by grace that is divgne
Have propliecied of the, sythe longe aftorn;
It is linfflhed, I linowe he ther doctryne.
And of a chast maide, I wote wele, that art born.
Now, good Lord, hertly I the pray,
Here my requeste, frounded upon right:
Most blissed Lord, lett me never dey
Tyll that I of the may have a sight;
Tha art so ghorious, so blissed, and so bright.
That thi presence th me shuld be gret solas :
I shall not reste, hut pray hothe day and nyght
Tyll I may behold, o Lord, thi swete facer.
> [Hore shall (1CN L.AD) came forth huldyny orst in hil arany.s. und se!g this lan!unage filuyng to doseph:-

Joseph, my spouse, tyme it is, we foo
Unto the temple to make an offrynge
Of our swete sone; the law eommandith so,
And ij youge dowys with us for to bryng
In to a prests hands, withont tarieng,
I shall presente for an observaunce,
Our babe so blissed wiche is but yonge
With me to go, I pray yon, make purviannee.
Joseph.
Most blissed spouse, me list not to feyne,
Fayn wold I plese you with hooll affeccion;
Behold now, wyff, here are dowys tweyne,
Of wiche ye shull make an oblacion,
With our child of full grett devocion:
Goth forth a forn, hertly I you pray,
And I shall folue, void of presumpcion,
With true entent as an old man may.
[Here Maria and Joseph go towards the temple with Jesu and ij dowes, and OUR LADY seith unto Symeon, -
Heyll, holy Symeon, full of grett vertu;
To make an offryng I gan my self perveye
Of my sovereyne sone that callid is Jesu,
With ij yonge dowes, the lawe to obeye,
Toward this temple, frace list me conveye,
Of Godds sone to make a presentacion;
Wherfore, Symeon, hertly I you pray,
In to your hands take myn ohlacion.
[Here shall SMMEOV receyve of Maria, Jesu, and ij dowis, and holde Jesn in his armys, expownyng Nunc dimittis ste. seyng! thens, 一
Welcome, lord, excellent of power;
Aud welcome, Maria, with your sone sovereyne:
Your oblacion of hooll herte and enteer
I receyve, with these dowys tweyne;
Welcome, babe, for joye what may I seyn?
Atwen myn arnys now shall I thee embrace:

My prayer, Lord, was not made in veyn.
For now 1 se thy relestiall face.
[Here declare Vius dimiltis.]
O blissed Lord, aft thi language,
In parlight peas now hett thy servant reste;
For why, myn eyen have seyn thi visage,
Anl eke thyn helthe thurgh my meke refuest:
Of the derk duageon let the grats brest
Before the face of thyn people alle;
Thu hast brought triacle anl bawne of the best
With sorereyne suger geyn all hitter gralle:
I mene thi self, Lord, gracious and benigne,
That woldest come down from thyn high ghlorye
Poyson to repelle, thi merey doth now shyne
To chainge thyngs that are transitory,
Thu art the light and the herynly skye
To the releryng of folk most eruell,
Thu hast brought glalnesse to our oratorye,
And culmenned thy people of Israell.

Ye pure virgynes, in that ye may or can,
With tapers of wer loke ye come forth here,
And worship this child very God and man,
Offrill in this temple he his moder dere.

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[Ifrer virg!yes as many as a man wogll shall holde tupers in
    ther hands; and the first seyth, -
                        IVirgo \(j\).
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As ye eommande we shall do our dever
That lorde to plese echon for our partye.
II. maky th for us so comfortable chere

That we must nede your babe magnific.

## Symeon.

Now. Mary. I shall tell you how I am purposed:
To worship your lord I wil go pereession.
For I see Ama with virgenes disposed
Mekly as now to your sonys landarion

## Maria.

Blissed Symeon, with hertly affection As ye have seyd II concent therto.

Joseple.
In worship of our child with grett devossion Abought the tempill in order let us zo.

Symeon.
Ye virgones alle, with feythfull entent
Dispose your silf a souge for to synge,
To worship this childe that is here present.
Whiche to mankende gladnes list bryng,
In tokyn our herts, wiche joye doth spryng,
Betwyn myn armys this babe shalle born,
Now, ye virgynis, to this Lord praysing,
Syngyth Nunc dimittis of whiche I spak afforn.
[Here shall Symuen bere Jesu in his urmys goyny a percession romade aboute the tempill, and al this wyle Vrgynis singe Nune dimittis; and whan that is don SYMEON sryth, -

O Jesn, chef' canse of our welfare,
In yone tapirs ther be things iij,
Wax week and lyght, whiche I shall declare
To the apporprid hy moralite:
Lorde, wax betokyneth thyn humanyte,
And werk betokyneth thy soule most swete,
Yone lyght I lyken to the godhede of the,
Brighter than Phebus for al his fervent hete,
Pes and merey han set in the here swete
To slake the sharmes, o Lorde, of rigour,
Very God and man grace togedir mete,
In the tahimacle of thy modrys bower:
Now shalt thu exile wo and al lamgour,
And of mankende tappese infernall stryf,
Record of prophets thon shalt be redemptonr.
And sioguler repast of everlastyag lyf.

My sprete joyeth thu art so amyable,
I an not wery to loke on thi lace,
Our trone mintent let it he arepptable
'To the honor of the shews in this plate;
For thy friemos a dwellyng thu shald purehase,
Brighter than berall outher chore erystall.
Thee to worship as chef welle of grace;
On buth my linees now down hacle I shall.

## Maria.

Now, Symeon. talier me my childe that is st bright,
Chef lonlesterre of my felieyte:
And all that longyth to the lawe of right
I shall olocye, as it lyth in me.

## Symeon.

This. Lord, I take you linelyog on my line 。
Whiche shall to blisse folle ageyon restore,
Aud so be eallid somme of tranguylyte,
To geve them dryulie that hem thyrstyd sore
「Here M.IRIII receymeth hir sone thas seyng. -
Now is myn allivnge to an emile conveyed;
Wherfore, Symeon, hens I wolde hende.

## Symeon.

The lawes, Mary, fulwell ye han obbeyed
In this tempill with hert and mende.
Now ferwell, Lord, comfort to all mankemte:
Ferwell, Maria and doseph on you waytyng.
Joseph.
Celestiall socour our some mot you sende.
And for his high merey geve you his hlissyug-
| Here Maria and Joseph !opyng from the trmpill sryny:

## Warin.

Hushond, I thank you of your gentilnes.
That the han shewed onto me this dity,
With our child most gracions of godenes:
Let us go hems. hertly I you pray.

## Joseph.

Go forthe afforn, my owne wyf, I sey, And I shall come aftir stil upon this ground, Ye shal me fynde plesant at every assaye; To cheryshe you, wyf, gretly am I bonde. Symeon.
Nowe may I be glad in myn inwarde mynde;
For I have seyn Jesu with my bodely eye, Wiche on a cross shall bey al menkende, Slayn by Jews at the monnt of Calvery, Aul throw evyns grace here I will provysye Of blissid Mary how she shall suffre peyn, Whan hir swete sone shall on a rood deye;
A sharpe swarde of sorow shall eleve hir hert atweyn.
Anna prophetissa, hertly I pray you nowe,
Doth your devir and your diligent labour,
And take these virgynis everychon with you,
And teche hem to plese God of most honour.
Auna, Prophetissu.
Lyke as ye say, I will do this hour:
Ye chast virgynis, with all humilite
Worshipe we Jesu that shalhe our savyour;
Alle at ones come on, and folowe me.
Aпиа, Prophetissa.
Shewe ye sume plesur as ye can,
In the worship of Jesu, our Lady, and seynt Anue.

## Poeta.

Honorable soverignes, thas we conclude
Our matter, that we have shewid here in your presens:
And though our eloguens be but rude,
We beseeche you all of your paciens,

To pardon us of our oflens;
For aft the sympyll cunnyng that we can, This matter we have shewid to your audiens,
In the worship of our Lady and hir moder seynt Ame.
Nowe of this pore processe we make an ende,
Thankyg you all of your grod attendaunes;
And the next yeer, as we be perposid in our mynde,
The disputacion of the doctors to shew in your presens.
Wherfor now, ye ryrgynes, or we go hens,
With all your emmpany you goolly avaune :
Also ye menstralles doth your diligens,
A fore our depertyng geve us a daunce.

## GOD'S PROMISES.

A Tragedy or enterlude manyfestyng the chefe promyses of God unto man by all ages in the olde lawe, from the fall of Adam to the incarnacyon of the lorde Jesus Christ. Compyled by Johan Bale, Anno Domini MDNXXIIII.

It is uncertain where this play was first printed, but most probably in the Low Countries, or in Sivitzerland.

## GOD'S PROMISES.

Baleus, Prolocutor.
If profyght maye growe, most Christen audyence, By knowlege of thynges whych are lut transytorye, And here for a tyme, of moch more congruence, Advantage myght sprynge, by the serche of causes heavenlye, As those matters are, that the Gospell specyfye; Without whose lnowledge no man to the truthe can fall, Nor ever atteyne to the lyfe perpetuall.

For he that knoweth not the lyynge God eternall, 'The father, the sonne, and also the holye Ghost, And what Christ suffered for redempeyon of us all, What he commaunded, and laught in every coost, And what he forbode, that man must nedes be lost, And cleane secluded, from the faythfull chosen sorte, In the beavens above, to hys most hygh dysconforte.

Yow therfor, grood fryndes, I lovyngely exhort To waye soche matters, as wyll he uttered here, Of whom ye may loke to have no tryfeling sporte In fantasyes fayned, nor soche lyke faudysh gere, But the thyngs that shall your inwarde stomake chear,

To rejoyce in God for your juslyfycacyon, And alone in Christ to hope for your salvacyon.

Vea, first ye shall have the efrnal generacyon Of Christ, like as Johan in hys first chaptre wryght, And consequentlye of man the first ereacyon, The abuse and fall, through hys first oversyght, And the rayse agayne through Goll's hygh grace and myght: By promyses first, whych shall be declared all, Then loy hys owne sonne, the worker pryneypall.
After that Adam bywayleth here hys fall,
God wyll shewe mercye to every generacyon,
And to hys liyngedome, of hys great goodnesse call
Hys elected sponse, or faythfull congregacyon,
As here shall apere by open protestacyon,
Whych from Christe's birthe shall to hys death couclude:
They come that therof wyll shewe the certytude.

## aCTUS PRIMIS.

## Pater coslestis.

In the begynynage, before the heavens were ereate, In me and of me was my sonne sempyternall With the koly Ghost, in one degre or estate Of the hygh Godhed, to me the father coequall, And thys my sonne was with me one God esseneyall, Without separacyon at any tyme from me. True God he is, of equall dignyte.

Sens the begynnynge, my sonne has ever be, Joined wyth hys Father in one essencyall begnge. All thynges were create by hym in yche degre, In heaven and earthe, and have their ilyverse workynge: Wythout hys power, was never made anye thynge,

That was wronght; but through hys ordynameer
Each have hys strenth and whole contynamee.
In hym is the lyfe and the just reeoserannee
For Atam and hys, which nought but deathe desmered
And thys lyfe to men is an hy perseverameer.
Or a lyght of fay the, wherhy they shall be sand.
And thys lyght shall shyne amonge the people darliened
With unfaythfulnesse. Vel shall they mut with hym lake.
But of wyllfull hart hys lyberall grace forsaloe.
Whych wyll compell we agayust man for to malie
In my dysple isure and sende plages of eoreceyon,
Most grevonse and sharpe, hys wanton lustes to slalee,
By water and fyre, by syeknesse and infeeceon.
Of pestylent sores , molestynge hys compleceron.
By tronblouse warre, by derthe and peymefnll searsenesse,
And after thys lyfe be an extreme hearynesse.
I wyll first begrone with Adam for hys lewdenesse .
Whych for an apple meglected my commaundement.
IIc shall contynue in laboure for hys rashenesse.
IIys onlye sweate shall provyle hys food and rayment:
lea, vel must he have a greatter ponayshment,
Most terryble deathe shall bryuge hym to hys embe.
To teache hym how he hys lord Gad shall wifende.
[Ilic praceps in tertam cadit Idamets, ne post yuartum ver. sum denuo resurgit.]

- Adam primus homo.

Mereyfull Father, Hyy pytiefill prace extende
To me earefnll wretelie, wheh have mesore abosed,
Thy preerpt breahyuge. O Lorde. I mynde to amende,
If thy great frooduesse wolde now have me exensed,
Mast lieavenlye Maker. Scte me not be refused,
Nor east from thy syght for one pore symefull arsme,
Alas I am frayle, my whole liyude ys but slyme. I'ater cerlestis.
I wotl it is so, get art thu mo lesse faultyo.
Than the hadisst bene made of mattor morh more worthere

I gave the reason, and wytte to understande
The good from the evyll, and not to take on hande,
Of a braynelesse mynde, the thynge whych I forbad the.
didan primus homo.
Soch heavye fortune hath chefelye chaunced me,
For that I was left to myne owne lyberte.
Pater colestis.
Then thu art blamelesse, and the faulte thu layest to me.
Adam primus homo.
Naye all I ascribe to my own imbecyllyte.
No fanlte in the Lorde, but in my infirmyte,
And want of respeet in soche gyftes as thu gavest me.
Pater colestis.
For that I put the at thyuc owne lyberte,
Thu oughtest my goodnesse to have in more regarde.
ddam primus homo.
Avoyde it I cannot, tha layest it to me so harde.
Lorde, now I pereeyve what power is in man,
And strength of hymselfe, whan thy swete grace is absent.
IHe must nedes but fall, do he the best he ean,
And daunger hymselfe, as apereth evydent;
For I synned not to longe as thu wert present;
But whan thu wert gone, I fell to synne by and by,
And the dyspleased. Good lorde I axe the merey.
Pater calestis.
Thu shalt dye for it, with all thy posteryte.
Adam primas homo.
For one faulte, good lorde, avenge not thyself on me,
Who am but a worme, or a fleshelye vanyte.
Pater colestis.
I saye thu shalt dye, with thy whole posteryte.
Adam primus homo.
Yet merey swete lorde, yf anye merey maye be.
Puter colestis.
I am immutable, I maye change no decere;
Thu shalt dye, I saye, without anye remedye.

## Idum primus homo.

Yet gracyouse Father, extende to me thy mereye, And throwe not awaye the worke whych thu hast ereate To thane owne Imarge, but avert from me thy hate.

Puter corlestis.
But art tha sorye from bottom of thy hart?
Alam mimus homo.
Thy dyspleasure is to me most heavye smart
Pater culestis.
Than wyll I tell the what thu shalt styeke unto.
Lyfe to recover, amd my frond facer also.
flam primus homo.
Tell it me, swete Lorde, that I maye therafter gro. Puter colestis.
Thys ys my covenant th the and all thy ofsprynge. For that thu hast bene deceyved by the serpent, I wyll put hatred betwixt hym for hys doynge,
And the woman kyode. They shall heralter dyssent;
Hys sede with her sede shall never have agrement;
Her sede shall presse downe hys heade unto the froumde,
Slee hys suggestyous, and hys whole power confounde.
Cleave to thys promyse, with all thy inwarde powre,
Fyrmelye enelose it in thy remembramee fast;
Folde it in thy fagthe with full hope day and houre,
And thy salvaryon it will be at the last.
That sede shall elore the of all thy wyelednesse past,
And procme thy peare, with most hy gh grace in my syght.
Se tha trust to it, amd holde mot the matter lyght.
Adum primus homo.
Swete lorde, the promyse that thyself here hath mate me,
Of thy mere poodnesse, and not of my deservynge,
In my faythe I trust shail sa establyshed be,
By helpe of thy grace, that it shall be remaynyge
So longe as I shall have here conlyminge,
And shewe it I wyll to my posteryte,
That they in lylie case have therby felyeyte.

## Pater celestis.

For a closynge up, take yet one sentence with the.
Adam primus homo.
At thy pleasure, Lorde, all thynges myght ever be.
Pater celestis.
For that my promyse maye have the deper effert
In the faythe of the and all thy generacyon,
Take thys sygue with it, as a seale therto connect.
Crepe shall the serpent, for hys abhomynacyon;
The woman shall sorowe in payncfull propagacyon.
Like as thu shalt linde thys true in ontwarde workyge,
So thynke the other, thongh it be an hyilden thynge.
Allam primus homo.
Incessamt praysynge to the most heavenlye lorde For thys thy socoure, and undeserved kyndnesse
Thu byndest me in hart thy gracyonse gyfles to recorde,
And to beare in mynde, now after my hearynesse,
The brute of thy name, with inwarde joye and gladnesse.
Thu dysdaynest not, as wele apereth thys daye,
To fatche to thy folde thy first shepe goynge astraye.
Most myghtye maker, thu castest not yet awaye
'Thy synnefull servaunt, whych halh done most offence.
It is not thy mynde for ever I shuld decaye,
But tha reservest me, of thy benyvolence,
And hast provyded for me a recompenee,
By thy appoyntment, like as I have receyved
In thy stronge promyse, here openly pronounced.
Thys goodnesse, dere lorde, of me is undeserved,
I so deelynynge from thy first instytueyon,
At so lyght moeyons. To one that thus hath swerved,
What a lorde art tha, to geve soche retrybueyon!
I, damnable wretche, deserved execueyon
Of terryble deathe, without all remedye,
And to he put out of all grood memorye.
I am enforend to rejoyee here inwardelye,
An ympe though I be of helle, deathe, and dampnaeyon,

Through my awne workyge: far I consydre thy mereye And patiefill mynde for my whole peneraryon. It is tho. swetr lorde, that workest my salvae!on, Ami my reoser. Therfor of a eongromene, From hens thu must have my hart and ohedyence.

Though I be mortall, by reason of my offenere
And shall dye the deathe, like as Gorl hath apponeted: Of thys am I sure, through hys hygh influenee,
It a serten daye agayue to be revyed.
From grommle of my hart thys shall mot be removed,
I hase it in fiathe and therfor I will synize
Thys Antheme to hym that my salvacyon shall bryuge.
[Tune sunora voce, provolutis genibus, fnliphoman incipil, 0 sapicutia, quam prosequetur chorns cum organis, ro interim pexcunte : vel sub codem tono poteril sic Anglice cantari.]
O eternal sapyence, that procedest from the mouthe of the hyghest, reachynge fourth with a great power from the begrany nge to the conde, with heavenlye swetnesse dy sposynge all creatures, rome now and rnstruct us the true waye of thy grodlye prodence.

İ̈nit Iclus primus.

## ACTLS SECLNOLS.

## I'ater colestis.

I have bene movel to stryle man dyerselye. Sons I lefte Adam in thys same rarthly mansyon; For whye? he hath dane to me dypleasures manye. And will wot ampude his lafe in anye condycyon: No respert hath he to my warde nor monyryon, But doth what hym hist, wythout dyserete adyysement. Aml wyll in no wise tace mene alkertysement.

Cain hath slayne Abel, hys brother, an innocent,
Whose bloude from the earthe doth eall to me for vengeannce :
My children with mennis so carnallye consent,
That their vayne workynge is mito me moche grevannce:
Mankynde is but fleshe in hys whole dallyaunce.
All vyee encreaseth in hym contynuallye,
Nothynge he regardeth to walk unto my glorye.
My hart abhorreth hys wylfull myserye,
Hys eanked malyee, hys eursed covetonsenesse,
Hys lustes lecherouse, hys vengeable tyrannye,
Unmereyfull mourther, and other ungodlynesse.
I will destroye hym for hys outragyonsnesse,
And not hym onlye, but all that on earthe do stere,
For it repenteth me that ever I made them here.
Justus Noah.
Most gentyll maker, with hys frayleness sumwhat beare,
Man is thy ereature, thyselfe cannot saye naye.
Though thu punysh hym, to put hym sumwhat in feare,
Hys faulte to acknowledge, yet seke not hys decaye.
Thu mayest reclayme hym, though he goeth now astraye,
And brynge hym agayne, of thy ahundaunt grace,
To the fold of faythe, he acknowlegynge hys trespace.
Puter coelestis.
Thu knowest I have geven to him convenyent space, With lawfull warnynges, yet he amendeth in no place. The naturall lawes, which I wrote in hys harte,
IIe hath ontraced, all goodnesse puttynge a parte :
Of helthe the covenamnt, whyeh I to Adam made,
IIe regardeth not, but wallieth a damnable trade.
Justus Noah.
All thys is true, lorde, I cannot thy words reprove, Lete hys weaknesse yet thy mercyfull goolnesse move. Pater colestis.
No wealnesse is it, but wylfull workynge all,
That reigneth in man through mynde dyabolycall.
He shall have therfor lyke as he lath deserved.

## Justus Nouh.

Lose hym not yet. lorde, though he hath depelye swerved.
I knowe thy mereye is farre abowe hys rudenesse .
Beyenge infynyte, as all other thynges are in the.
IIy folye therfor now pardone of thy groolnesse,
And measure it not begonde thy frodlye pytie.
Esteme not hys faulte farder than helpe may be,
But gramet hym thy grace, as he offendeth so depelye.
The to remembre, and abhore hys myserye.
Of all goodnesse, lorde, remembre thy great mereye
To Adam and Eve, brealiynge thy first commaundement.
Them thu relevedest with thy swete promyse heavenlye,
Synnefull though they were, and their lywes neglygent.
I howe that mereye with the is permanent,
And will be ever, so longe as the worlde endure:
Than close not thy hande from man, whyeh is thy ereature.
Beynge thy subject, he is undreneth thy eure,
Corrcet hym thu mayest, and so brynge hym to grace.
All lyeth in thy handes, to leave or to allure,
Bytter deathe to geve, or graunte most suffiren solace.
Clterlye from man arerte not then thy face,
But lete hym saver thy swete benyvolence,
Sumwhat, though he fele thy hande for hys offence.
P'uter celestis.
My true servaunt Noah, thy ryghtousnesse doth move me
Sumwhat to reserve for mannys posteryte.
Though I drowne the worlde, yet wyll I save the lyoes Of the and thy wyfe, thy thre sonnes and their woes, And of ych kynde two, to maynteyne yow herafter.

Justus Nouh.
Blessed be thy name, most myghtye mereyfull maker,
With the to dyspute, it were unconvenyent.
P'uler celestis.
Whye duest thu saye so? be bolde to spelie thy intent.
Justus Noalh.
Shall the other dye without any remedye?

## Pater colestis.

I wyll drowne them all, for their wylful wyeked folye, That man herafter therly maye knowe my powre, And feare to offende my gooduesse daye and houre.
dustur Noah.
As thy pleasure is, so myght it alwayes be, For my helthe thu art, and sowle's felyeyte.

Pater celestis.
After that thys floule have had hys ragynge passage, Thys shall be to the my covenaunt everlastynge. The sees and waters so farre never more shall rage, As all fleshe to drowne, I wyll so tempre their workyge; Thys sygne wyll I adde also, to confirme the thynge.
In the eloudes above, as a seale or token clere, For savegarde of man, my raynchowe shall apere.

Take thu thys covenaunt for an ernest confirmacyon
Of my former promyse to Adam's generaeyon.
Justus Noah.
I wyll, blessed lorde, with my whole hart and mynde.
Pater celestis.
Farewele then, just Noah, here leave I the behynde.
Justus Noah.
Most myghtye maker, ere I from hens depart, I must geve the prayse from the bottom of my hart.
Whom may we thanke, lorde, for our helthe and salvacyon
But thy great mereye and goodnesse noleservel?
Thy promyse in faythe, is our justyfyeacyon,
As it was Alam's, whan hys hart therin rested,
And as it was theirs, whych therein also trusted.
Thys faythe was grounded in Adam's memorye,
And elerelye deelared in Abel's innoceneye.
Faythe in that promyse, olde Adam ded justyfye,
In that promyse faythe, made Eva to prophecye.
Faythe in that promyse, proved Abel imocent,
In that promyse faythe, made Seth full obedyent.

That faythe taught Enos, on God's name first to call, And made Mathusalah the oldest man of all.

That fayth lorought Enoeh to so hygh exereyse, That God talo hym up with hym into paradyse. Of that fay the the want, made Cain tw hate the good, And all hys ofspry日ge to peryshe in the flood.
Faythe in that promyse, preserved both me and myne:
So will it all them whych folowe the same lyne.
Not onlye thys frefte thu hast qeven me, swete lorte, But with it also thyue everlastynge covenamet, Of trust for ever, thy raynohowe bearynge recorde. Nevermore to drowne the worlde by floude inconstant, Alat I can not to the geve prayse comblyene, Vet wyll I syuge here with harte mele and benygne.
[Magua tune voce Intiphonam incijit, ( 0 oriens splembor,)
 organis ut suprit, vel Anglice sub codem tono]
() most orient elerenesse, and lyght shynynge of the sempiternall bryghtnesse! O) elere summe of justyee and heasenlye ryghtousnesse! come hyther and illumyne the prisoner, syttyoge now in the darlie prison and shatdowe uf elermall deathe.

Fïnil Ichus secundus.

## NOTLS TERTILS

I'atre crelestis.
Myne hygh displeasure must medes returne to man, Consyderynge the syme that he dulh daye liy daye: For neyther liyndenesse, nor extreme liandelyger ratu. Make hym to hoowe me hy any faythfull waye, But sfyll in mysebefer he walleeth tor hys deraye.

If he do not sone hys wyekednesse consydre,
He is like, doubtlesse, to perysh all togydre.
In my syght, he is more veuym than the spyder, Through soch abuses as he hath exereysed,
From the tyme of Noah, to this same season hyder.
An uncomelye acte withont shame Cham commysed,
When he of hys father the secrete partes reveled.
In lyke ease Nemrod against me wrought abusyon,
As he raysed up the castell of confusyon.
Ninus hath also, and all by the devyl's illusyon,
Through ymage makyuge, up raysed idolatrye,
Me to dyshonome. And now in the conclusyon
The vyle Sodomytes lyve so unnaturallye,
That their syme vengeance axeth contyouallye,
For my covenamute's seke, I wyll not drowne with water,
Yet shall I vysyte their symnes with other matter. Abraham fidelis.
Yet, mereyfull lorde, thy fracyousnesse remembre
To Adam and Noah, both in thy worde and promes:
And lose not the sowles of men in so great nombre,
But save thyne owne worke, of thy most dyserete gooduess.
I wote thy mereyes are plentyfill and endles.
Never can they dye, nor fayle, thyself emluryage,
Thys hath faythe fived fast in my understandynge.
Pater calestis.
Abraham my scrvannt, for thy most faythfull meanynge,
Both tha and thy stocke shall have my plentouse blessynge.
Where the mfay thfull, uudre my eurse evermore,
For their vayne worliynge, shall rewe their wyekeduesse sore.
Abraham fidelis.
Tell me, blessed lorde, where wyll thy great malyee lyght. My hope is, all fleshe shall not perysh in thy syght.

Pater celcstis.
No trulye Abraham, then chancest upon the right. The thynge I shall do, I wyll not hyde from the, Whom I have blessyd for thy true fydelyte:

For I howe thou wilt canse hoth thy chyldren and servanter, In my wayes to walke, and trust unto my covenamies, That I may perfomme with the my earnest promes. Abraham fidelis.
All that wyll I do, hy assystence of thy goodnes. I'ater ecelestis.
From Sodem and Gomor, the ahhomynaeyons eall For my great vengeamee, whych wyll upon them fill. Wylde fyre and brymstone shall lyght upon them all.

Abrahum fidelis.
I'ytiofull maker, though they have kyndled thy furye, Cast not awaye yet the just sort with the ungarlye. Paraventure there maye he fifye ryghteonse persones Within those cyties, wylt thm lose them all at ones, And not spare the place, for those fyfye ryghteouse salie? Bb it farre from the soch rygonre to undertake.

I hope there is not in the so ernell hardenesse, As to east awaye the just men with the rechelesse, And so to destroye the good with the ungodlye: In the jurlye of all, be never soch a furye.

Pater colestis.
At Sodom. if I may fynde just persones fiftye, The place "yll I spare for their sakes verelye.

Abraham firlelis.
I take upon me, to spealie here in thy presence, More then hecome me, lorde pardon my neglygence:
I am hut ashes, and were lothe the to offende.
Puter celestis.
Saye fourth, qood Ahraham, for yll dost then non intende.
Ibraham fidelis.
Happlye there maye be fyve lesse in the same nomber Fur their salies I trust tha wylt not the rest aceombre.

Pater celestis.
If I amonge them myght fynde lut fyre and fortyr.
Them wolde I not lose for that just companye.

Abraham fidelis.
What if the eytie maye fortye ryghtcouse make?
J'ater colestis.
Then wyll I pardone it for those same fortye's sake?
Abraham fidelis.
Be not angrye, lorde, thongh I speake undyscretelye.
Pater colestis.
Wtter thy whole myude, and spare me not hardelye.
Abraham fidelis.
Peranenture there maye be thirty founde amonge them.
Pater culestis.
Maye I fyude thirty, I wyll nothynge do mio them.
Abraham fidelis.
I take upon me to moche, lorde, in thy syght.
Pater celestis.
No, no, good Abraham, for I linowe thy faythe is right.
Abraham fidelis.
No lesse, I suppose, than twenty, can it have.
Pater colestis.
Coulde I fynde fwenty, that eytie wolde I save.
Abraham firtelis.
Ones yet wyll I speake my mynde, and than no more.
Pater ceclestis.
Spare not to utter so moche as thin hast in store.
Abraham fidelis.
And what if there myght be ten good ereatures founde?
Pater colestis.
The rest for their sakes myght so he safe and sounde, And not destroyed for their abhomynacyon.

Abraham fidelis.
O mereyfull maker, moche is thy tolleracyon
And sufferannce of synne. I se it now in dede, Witsave yel of faver out of those eyties to leade Thuse that be faythfill, though their flocke be but small.

Pater celestis.
Loth and hys howsholde, I wyll delyver all, Fur ryghteonsmesse salie, whyelt is of me and mat them. Abrahum firlelis.
Creat are thy graces in the generaeyon of Sem.
Puter colestis.
Well Ahraham, well, for thy true faythfulnes. Now wyll I geve the my eovenant, or thid promes. Loke tha beleve it, as thit eovetyst ryghtnonsnesse.

- Ibraham firlelis.

Lorde so regarde me, as I receyve it with gladnesse.
P'uter culestis.
Of manye peoples the father I wyll make the . All generacyons in thy sede shall be hessyd:
As the starres of heaver, so shall thy kyndred be;
And by the same sede the workle shall be redressed.
In eyremmersyon shall thys thage be expressed,
As in a sure seale, to prove my promyse troe,
Prynt thys in thy faythe, and it shall thy sowle renue.
Alraham firlelis.
I wyll unt one jote, lorde, from thy wyll dyssent,
But th thy pleasure be alwayes oberlyent,
Thy lawes to fullfyll, and most preeyonse commanndement.
Puter ctelestis.
Farwele Abraham, for heare in place I leave the
Abraham fudelis.
Thankes wyll I rendre, lylie as it shall hehove me.
Everlastynge prayse to thy most gloryouse name,
Whyeh savelyst Adam through faythe in thy sweet promes
Of the womanys sede, and now ennfyrmest the same
In the sode of me. Fosoth great is thy goodnes.
I can not perceyve, but that thy mereye is emdles,
To soch as feare the, in every generaeyon,
For it endureth without abrevyacyon.
Thys hase I prynted in depe consyderacyon.
No worllly matter ran race it out of mynde.

For ones it wyll be the fynall restauracyon
Of Aclam and Eve, with other that hath symde;
Yea, the sure helthe and rayse of all mankynde.
Helpe have the faythfull therof, though they be infect,
They comdempracyon where as it is reject.
Mereyfull maker, my erablsed voyec dyreet,
That it maye breake out in some swete prayse to the;
And suffe me not thy due lawdes to negleet,
But lete me shewe forth thy commendacyons fre.
Stoppe not my wynde pypes, hut geve them lyberte,
To sounde to thy name, whych is most gracyouse,
And in it rejoyce with hart melodyouse.
[Time alta voce canit Antiphonam, $\mathbf{O}$ rev gentinm, choro eandem proserfuente cum organis, ut mins, vel Anglice hoc modo : -

O most myghlye governour of thy people, and in hart most desyred, the harde rocke and true corner stone, that of two maketh one, nnynge the Jews with the Gentyles in one churehe, come now and releve mankyde whom thu hast fourmed of the vyle earthe.

## Finit Actus tertins.

## ACTUS QUARTUS

## Pater celestis.

Styll so increaselh the wyeliednesse of man,
That I am moved with plages hym to confounde. Hys weakenesse to ayde, I do the best I can, Yet he regardeth me no more thau doth an houmile. My worle and promyse in hys faythe taketh no grounde; He wyll so longe walke in hys owne hastes at large, That nought he shall fyude hys folye to dyscharge.

Sens Alraham's tyme, why was my true elect,
Ismael have I foumde both wyelod, fearee, and cruell:
Aml Esan in mynde with hatefull murther infert.
The sonnes of Jacel to lustes umatural fell.
And into Ebypte ded they their brother sell.
Latan to ydolles fave faythfill reverence,
Dina was corrupt through Sielhem's wolence.
Ruben ahusel hys fathers concubye,
Judas gate ehyldren of hys own doughter in lawe:
Vea, her in my syght went after a weled lyne.
IIfs sede Onan spylte, his brother's name to withdrawe.
Achan lyed here without all godlye awe.
And now the ehyldren of lisael abuse my powre
In so ryle maner, that they move me arerye howre.
Moses stenctus.
Paeyfye thy wrathe, swete lorde. I the desyre,
As thu art gentyll, benygne, and paeyent,
Lose not that people in fearernesse of thine yre
For whom thu hast shewed soche tulens eyydent,
Convertynge thys rodde into a lyvelye serpent.
And the same serpent into thes rodde agayne,
Thy womlerfull power declarynge very playne.
For their salies also puttest Pharao to payne
By ten dyverse plages, as I shall here deelite.
By bloude, frogges, and lyce; by llyes, death, botehe, and blayne;
By hayle, by grassoppers, ly darlinesse, and ly eare:
By a sulen plage, all their first patten ware,
Thu slewest, in one nyght, for hys fearec ernelacsse.
From that thy people witholde not now thy groducsse. Pater colestis.
I certyfye the, my chosen servame Moses,
That people of myne is full of unthatiefulnes.
Moses sunctus.
Dere lurde, I knowe it, alas! yot waye their weakenesse.
And beare with their fanles, of thy great bounteonsnesse.
In a flamynge bushe haryge to them respect.

Thu appoyntedst me their passage to direet,
Aul through the reade see thy ryght hande ded us lede:
Where Pharoe's hoost the lloule overwhelmed in dede.
Thin wentest beform them in a shynynge cloule all daye,
And in the darke nyght in fyre tha shewedest their waye.
Thin sentest them manna from heaven to be their food.
Out of the harde stone the gavest them water gool.
Thu appoyntedst them a lande of mylke and honye.
Let them not perysh for want of thy great mereye.
Pater colestis.
Content they are not with fonle nor yet with fayre, But mumour and grudge as people in dyspayre.
As I sent manna they had it in dysdayue,
Thus of their welfare thay manye tymes complayne.
Over Amatech I grave them the vyetorye.
Moses satuctus.
Most gloryouse maker, all that is to thy glorye.
Thu sentest them also a lawe from heaven above,
And dalye shewedest them manye tokens of great love.
The brazen serpent the gavest them for their healynge,
And Balaam's entse thin turnedest into a blessynge.
I hope the wilt not dystlayne to help them styll.
Pater colestis.
I gave them preceptes, which they will not fulfyll,
Nor yet kuowledge me for their God and good lorde,
So do their vyle dedes with their wyleed hartes accorde
Whyls the hast tallied with me famylyarlye
In Synai's monntayne, the space but of dayes fortye,
These sightes all they have forgotten elerely,
Aml are turned to shamefill ydolatrye.
For their God, they have sett up a golden calfe.
Moses sunctus.
Let me saye sumwhat, swete Father, in their behalfe.
Pater celestis.
1 wyll first conclude, and then saye on thy mynde.
For that I have founde that people so unkynde.

Not one of them shall enjoye the promyse of me, For enterynge the lambe, hut Caleh and Josue.

## Moses sanctus.

Thy eternall wyll evermore fulfylled he.
For dysobrydence then slewest the sonnes of Aaron, The earthe swellowed in both Dathan and Abiron. The adders ded stynge other wyeked prersones els, In wouderfull nombre, Thas hast then ponnyshed rebels.

Prater corlestis.
Never wyll I spare the cursed inyquyte
Of ydolatrye, for no camse, thu mayst trust me.
Moses sanclus.
Forgeve them yet, Lorde, for thys tyme, if it may be.
Puter culestis.
Thyobest thu that I wyll so some ehange my decre?
No, no, liynde Moses, so lyght thu shalt not fynte me,
I wyll ponnysh them all; Israel shall it se.
Moses sunclus.
1 wate, thy people hath wrought ahhomynacyon, Worshyppynge false groddes, to thy honour's derogacyon, Vet mereyfullye thu mayest upon them loke;
And if tha wylt not, thrust me out of thy boke.
Puter culestis.
Those freat blasphemers shall out of my bolie cleane, But tha shalt not so, for I knowe what then doest meane.
Conduct my people, myne angell shall assyst the, That syme at a day wyll mot meorrected be.
And for the true zele that thu to my people last, I adde thys covenamint moto my promyses past.

Rayse them up I wyll a propheto from amonge thom, Not onlyle to the , to serke my wordes unto them.
Whose heareth not that he shall spealue in my name,
I wyll revenge it to hys perpetual shame.
The passover lambe wyll be a tolien just
Of thys stronge rovenaunt. Thys have I clerely dyscuste,
In my appontyoment thys houre lor youre delyverame.

## Moses sumctus.

Never shall thys thynge depart from my rementramee.
Laude be for ever to the most mereyfull lorde, Whych never withdrawest from man thy heavenlye comfort, But from age to age thy benefytes doth recorde What thy goodnesse is, and hath bene to hys sort.
As we fynde thy grace, so ought we to report. And douhtiesse it is to us most hounteonse, Tea, for all our symes most rype and plenteouse.

Abraham our father foumde the benyrolouse, So ded grood Isaae in hys dystresse amonge.
To Jacol, thu wert a gyde most gracyonse.
Joseph tha savedest from damngerouse deadlye wronge.
Melchisedech and Job felt thy great goolnesse stronge,
So ded gooll Sara, Rebecea, and fayre Rachel, With Sephora my wyfe, the doughter of Raguel.

To prayse the, swete lorde, my faythe doth me compell, For thy covename's salie wherin rest our salvacyon, The sede of promyse, all other sedes excell, For therin remayneth our full justyfyeacyon.
From Adam to Noalh, in Abraham's generacyon, That sede procureth God's myghty grace and powre; For the same sede's sake, I wyll synge now thys howre.

> 「 Clara tune voce Antiphonam incipit, O Emamel, quan chorus (ut prius) prosequetur cun organis, vel Angliee canat, -

O lyghl liynge Emanuel, and our lege lorde! the longe expectaeyon of Gentyles, and the myghtye saver of their multytude, the healthe and consolacyon of symers, come now for to save us, as our Lorde and our Redemer.

## Finit Actus quartus.

## ACILS OUINTIS．

## Pater colestis．

For all the faner I have shewed Israd， Delyerynge her from Pharaoés tyramye， And gevynge the lande，fluentem lae at med， Vet wyll she not leave her olde gdolatrye， Nor lanow me for Cod．I abhurre her myserge． Vewd her I have with battayles and decayes， styll must I plage her，I se no wher wayes．

David rex pius．
Remembre yet，lorde，thy worthye servanit Moses，
Wallignge in thy syght，without rebuke of the．
Both Maron，Jetro，Eleazar，and Phinces，
Evermore leared to offende thy mageste，
Moeh the areeptedst thy servant Josue．
Calel amd Othoniel sought the with all their hart，
Aioth and Sangar for thy folle ded their part．
Gedeon amt Thola thy rnomyes put to smart，
diyr and dephte gave prayses to thy name．
These，to leave ydolles，thy prople ded coart．
samson the stomgest，for hys part ded the same．
Sammel aml Nathan thy messagres ded proclame．
What thongh learce Phatao wronght myschef in thy sybth，
IJe was a pagame，laye not that in our ly yht．
I wote the Benjamytes abused the wayes of ryght，
So ded Helye＇s sommes，and the sommes of Sammel．
sanl in hys oflyee was slouthlinl daye and night，
Wycked was Semei，so was Achitophel．
Measure not hy them the faultes of Isracel，
Whom thu hast loved of longe lyme so inteyrlye．
But of thy freat prace remyt her wehed folve．

Pater celestis.
I cannot abyde the vyee of ydolatrye,
Though I shuld suffer all other vyllanye.
Whan Josue was dead, that sort from me ded fall To the worshyppynge of Asteroth and Baal, Full uneleane ydolles, and monsters hestyall.

David rex pius.
For it they have hat thy rightcouse ponnyshment, Aud for as moch as they did wyekedly consent To the Palestynes aml Chananytes ungorllye Idolaters, takynge to them in matrymonye, Thu threwest them undre the liynge of Mesopotanye, After the subduedest them for their idolatrye.

Eyghtene years to $E_{g l o n, ~ t h e ~ k y n g e ~ o f ~ M o a b y t e s, ~}^{\text {g }}$, And xx. years to Jabin, the liynge of Chananytes, Oppressed they were vir. years of the Mylyanytes, And xwm. years vexed of the eruell Ammonytes.
In three great battayles, of three seore thousand and fyve,
Of thys thy people, not one was left alyve.
Have mereye now, lorde, and eall them to repentaunce. I'ater colestis.
So longe as they synne, so longe shall they have grevaunce.
David my servaunt, sumwhat must I say to the,
For that the latelye hast wrought soch vanyte.
Havid rex pius.
Spare not, blessed lorde, but saye thy pleasure to me. Pater colestis.
Of late dayes thu hast mysused Bersabe, The wyfe of Urye, and slayne hym in the fyelde.

David rex pius.
Mereye, lorde, mereye, for donbtlesse I am defyelde. Pater celestis.
I constytute the a liynge over Israel,
And the preserved from Saul, whych was thy enemye.
Yea, in my faver, so moch thu dedyest excell,
That of thy enemyes $I$ gave the vyetorye.

Palestynes and Syryanes to the eame trybutarye. Why hast thu then wrought soch folye in my syght, Despysynge my worde, against all grotlye ryght?

Inavid rex pius.
I have synned, lord, I beseech the, pardon me.
Puter calestis.
Thu shalt not dye, David, for thys iny For thy repentanme; but thy somme by Bersalbe Shall dye, for as moch as my name is blasphemed Among my enemyes, and tha the worse estemed. From thy howse for thys the swerde shall not depart.

Daved rex pius.
I am sorye, lorde, from the bottom of my hart.
I'uter celestis.
To further anger thu doest me yet compell.
David rex pius.
For what matter, lorde? I besceeh thy goodnesse tell.
Puter colestis.
Why dedest the numbre the people of Isracl?
Supposest in thy mind therin thu hast done well?
Itavid rex pius.
I cannot saye naye, but I have done molyseretelye
To forget thy urace for a hmmayne pollycye.
I'ater cwlestis.
The shalt of these three chose whych plage thou wilt have, For that symuefinll acte, that I thy sowle maye save. A searecnesse vir. years, or else monthes exyle, Eyther for mo dayes the pestylence most vyle, For one thu must hate, there is no remedye.

Itavid rex pius.
Lorde, at thy pleasure, for thu art full of mereye.
Pater celestis.
Of a pestylenee, then 111. score thousand and ten In Hir. dayes shall dye of thy most puysant men.

## David rex pius.

O lorde, it is I whych have offended thy graee, Spare them and not me, for I have done the trespace.

Pater colestis.
Though thy synnes be great, thy inwarde harte's contryeyon
Doth move my stomake in wonderfull condycion.
I fynde the a man accordynge to my hart;
Wherefor thys promyse I make the, ere I depart.
A frute there shall come forth yssuynge from thy bodye, Whom I wyll advannee upon thy seate for ever. Hys trone shall become a seate of heavenlye glorye,
Ilys worthy scepture from ryght wyll not dyssever,
Hys happye lingedome, of fayth shall perysh never.
Of heaven and of earthe he was autor pryncypall, And wyll contyme, though they do perysh all.

Thys sygne shalt thu have for a token specyall, 'That tha mayst beleve my wordes mfaynedlye, Where thu hast mynded, for my memoryall, To buylde a temple, thu shalt not fynysh it trulye;
But Salomon thy some shall do that accyon worthye,
In token that Christ must fynysh every thynge
That I have begrune, to my prayse everlastynge.

## David rex pius.

Immortall glorye to the, most heaventye liynge, For that thin hast geven contynuall vyetorye To me thy servaunt, ever sens my anoyntynge, And also before, by manye eonquestes worthye. A heare and lyon I slewe through thy strength onlye. I slew Golias, which was vi. cubites longe. Agaynst thy enemyes thin madest me ever stronge.

My fleshlye fraylenesse made me do deadlye wronge,
And cleane to forget thy lawes of ryghtcousnesse.
And though thu vysytedst my symefnhesse amonge,
With pestylent plages, and other unquyetnesse;
Yet never tolest tha from me the plenteonsnesere

Of thy fiodly sprete, which tho in me dertest plant.
I havnge remoree, thy grace eondle werer want.
For in conclusyon, thy evmlastyge commant
Thu farest unto me for all my weloed syme;
And hast promysed here hy protastacyon comstamt,
That one of my sede shall soch hygh fortune "ynore,
As never ded man sens thys wortde ded begynue.
By hys power he shall put Sathan from hys holde,
In rejoyee whereof to synge wyll I be holde.

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[Canora voce tunc incipit Intiphonam, () Dilonai, quam (ut prius) prosequetur chorus eum organis, vel sic Inglice: -
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O lorde God Adonai, and gyde of the faythfill howse of Israel, whyeh sumtyme aperedst in the flamyog bushe to Moses, and to hym dedst geve a lawe in monnte Syna come now for to redeme us in the strengthe of thy ryght hande.
rinit Actus quintus.

## ACTES SENTUS.

I'ater celestis.
I lorought up ehyldren from their first infaneye, Whyeh now despyseth my godlye instruceyons.
An oxe knoweth hys lorde, att asse hys masteres dentye,
But Inaral wyll not linow me, nor my rondyeyons.
Oh frowata people, geven all to superstyeyous,
Innaturall chyldren, expert in blasphemyes,
Provoketh me to hate, hy their ydolatryes.
Take hede to my wordes, ye tyrambes of Sodoma,
In vayce ye offer your sacryfyee to me.
Dyscontent I am with yow beastes uf Comorra,
And have no pleasure whan I your oftery uges se,
I abhorre your fastes and your solempuyte.

For your tradyryons my wayes ye set apart,
Your workes are in vayuc, I hate them from the hart.
Estaias propheta.
Thy eylic, swete lorde, is now become mfaythfull,
And her condyeyons are tirned up so downe.
Her lyfe is unchast, her actes be very hurtefull,
Her murther and theft hath darkened her renowne.
Covetonse rewardes doth so their conseyence drowne,
That the fatherlesse they wyll not help to ryght,
The poore wydowe's cause come not afore their syght.
Thy peceable pathes seke they neyther daye nor nyght;
But walke wyeked wayes after their fantasye.
Convert their hartes, lorde, and gere them thy true lyght,
That they maye perecyve their customalle folye:
Leave them not helplesse in so depe myscrye,
But eall them from it of thy most speryall grace,
By thy true prophetes, to their sowle's helthe and solace.

## Pater colestis.

First they had fathers, than had they patryarkes, Than dukes, than julges to their gyiles and monarkes:
Now have they stowte kynges, yet are they wycked styll,
Aud wyll in no wyse my pleasaunt laves fulfyll.
Alwayes they applye to ydolles worshyppynge,
From the vyle begger to the anoynted kynge.
Esaius propheta.
For that cause thi hast in two devyded them,
In Samaria the one, the other in Hierusalem.
The liynge of Juda in Hierusalem ded dwell,
And in Samaria the liynge of Israel.
Ten of the twelve trybes byeane Samarytanes,
And the other two were Hierosolymytanes.
In both these cuntreyes, accordynge to their doynges,
Thu permyttedest them to have most cruell kyuges.
The first of Jula was wyeked kynge Roboam,
Of Israel the first was that cruell IIerobeam;

Mha than folowed, and in the other Natah,
Than Basa, then Hela, then Zambri, doram and Aehalb.
Then Ochosias, then Athaliat, then Joas;
On the other part was Jonathan and Achas.
To rehearee them all that have done wretehydlye
In the syght of the, it were longe verelye.
Pater colestis.
For the wyeked syone of fylthye ydulatrye,
Whyeh the ten trybes ded in the lamde of Samarye,
In space of one daye fyfly thousand men I slewe,
Thre of their eyties also $I$ overthrewe,
And left the prople in soche eaptyyte,
That in all the worlde they wyst not whyther to fle.
The other m. trybes, whan they from me went back
To ydulatrye, I left in the hande of Sesack,
The lyuge of Egipt, whych toke awaye their treasure,
Convayed their cattel, and slewe them without measure.
In tyme of $\Lambda$ chas, an hondred thonsande and twentye
Were slayne at one tyme for their ydolatrye.
Two hondred thousande from thens were eaptyve led,
Their goodes dyspersed, and they with penurye fed.
Soldom they fayle it, but eyther the Eypreyanes
Have them in bondaye, or els the Assyreanes:
And alone they maye thanke their ydolatrye.
Escrias prophetre.
Wele, yet blessed lorde, relew them with thy mereye.
Thoush they have been yll hy other prynees dayes,
Vet grood Ezechias hath tanght them grodlye wayes.
Whan the prynee is grood, the people are the better;
And as he is nought, thoir ryees are the greatter.
Heavenlye lorde, therfor send them the ronsolacyon,
Whych tha hast rovenamed with every greneraeyon.
Open thin the heavens, and lete the lambe eome hither, Whyeh wyll delyver thy people all togyther.
Ve planctes and elondes, cast downe your dewes and rayne, That the earth maye heare oul helthful saver playne.

P'ater celestis.
Maye the wyfe forget the chylde of her owne bodye?
Esaias mopheta.
Naye, that she cau not in anye wyse verelye. Pater celestis.

No more ean I them whych wyll do my commandementes, But must preserve them from all inconvenyentes. Esaias propheta.
Blessed art thi, lorde, in all thy actes and judgementes. Pater celestis.
Wele, Esaias, for thys thy fydelyte,
A covenannt of helthe thu shalt have also of me.
For Syon's sake now I wyll not holde my peace,
Ant for Hicrusalem, to speake wyll I not cease
Tyll that ryghteonse lorde become as a sumne beame bryght, And their just saver as a lampe extente hys lyght.

A roilde shall shat fourth from the olde stocke of Jesse, And a bryght blossome from that rote wyll aryse, Upon whom alwayes the sprete of the lorde shall be, The sprete of wysdome, the sprete of heavenly practyse, And the sprete that wyll all godlynesse devyse. Take thys for a sygue, a mayde of Israel Shall conceyve and beare that lord Emannel. Esaias mopheta.
Thy prayses condygne no mortal tunge can tell, Most worthye maker and kynge of heavenlye glorye, For all capacytees thy goodnesse doth excell, Thy plenteouse graces no brayne can cumpas trulye, No wyt ean conceyve the greatnesse of thy mereye, Declared of late in David thy true servannt, And now confirmed in thys thy latter covenamnt.

Of goothesse thu madest Salomon of wyt most pregnaunt, Asa and Josaphat, with good lynge Ezechias, In thy syght to do that was to the ryght pleasannt. 'To quench ydolatrye thu raysedest up Helias, dehu. Heliseus, Michas, and Abdias,

Aul Naman Syrus thu porrgedst of a leprye. The workes wonderfull who can hut magny fye?

Aryse, Hierusalom, and talie faythe by and bye,
For the verye lyght that shall save the is commynge.
The Some of the lord apere wyll evydentlye,
Whan he shall resort, se that no joye he wantynge.
Ho is thy saver, and thy lyfe everlastynge,
Thy release from syme, and thy whole ryghteonsmesse.
IDelp me in thys songe to linowledge his great groodnesse.
「Coneinna tunc voce . Intiphonam inchoat, $\mathbf{0}$ radiv Jesse guam chorus prosegurter cum oryanis, vel . Inglice hoc modo canel: -
() firutefull rote of desse, that shall be set as at syge amonge people agaynst the worldly moms shall fearerly open their monthes. Whom the Cientyles worshypp as their hearenlye lorde, come now for to delyer us, and delaye the tyme no longar.
fönit Icfus sextus.

## ACTIS SEPTIMIS

Poter crelestis.
I have with fearecnesse manliynde oft tymes pormeted, And agrane I have allured hym by swete promes.
I have sent sore plages, when he hath me neglected, And then by and hy, most confortahle swetnes. To wynue hym to graed, bothe moreyo and ryghteousmes I have exereysed, yet wyll he not amende. Shall I now lase hym, or shall I hym defende?

In hys most myschefe. most hygh grace will I sende To wereome hym by favoure if it may be.

With hys abusyons no longer wyll I contende
But now accomplysh my first wyll and decre.
My worde beynge flesh. from hens shall set hym fre,
IIym teachynge a waye of perfyght ryghteousnesse.
That he shall not nede to perysh in his weaknesse.
Johamnes baptista.
Manasses is past, whych turned from the hys harte, Achas and Amon have now no more ado.
Jechonias with others. whyeh ded themselves avarte
Fro the to ydolles, may now no farther go.
The two fabe judges. and Bel's wyeked prestes also.
Phassur and Semeias, with Nahuehodonosore.
Antiochns and Triphon, shall the dysplease no more.
Thre score yeares and ten. thy people into Babylon
Were captyve and thrall for vilolles worshyppynge.
Hierusalem was lost, and left voyde of domynyon,
Brent was their temple, so was their other buyldyage,
Ther hygh prestes were slayne. ther treasure came to nothyng:
The strength and bewtye of thyne orne heretage.
Thus dedest thu leave then in myserable bondage.
Oft had they warnynges, sumtyme by Ezcehiel
And other prophetes, as Esaye and Hieremye,
Sumtyme by Danicl, sumtyme by Ose and Johel.
Ay Amos and Abdias, ly Jonas and by Sophonye,
By Nahmm and Micheas, by Agge and by Zacharye.
By Malarhias, and also by Abaench.
By Olda the wydowe, and by the prophete Barueh.
Remembre Josias, whych toke the ahomynacyon
From the people, then restoryuge thy lawes agayuc.
Of Rechab consytre the faythinll generacyon,
Whom to wyne drynkyge no frundshype myght eonstrayne.
Remembre Abdemelech, the firnde of truthe certayne,
Zorobatel the prynce, whych ded repare the temple,
And Jesus dosedech, of vertu the exemple.
Consydre Nehemias, and Esdras the good serybe,
Mereyfull Tolnias and constamit Mardochens:

Judith and quene Itester, of the same godly trybe, Devoute Mathias, and Julas Machaherus.
Hawe mende of Eleazar, and then doames Dlireanus, Waye the earnest faythe of thys zodlye companye, Though the wher eleane fall from thy memorye. Pater caelestis.
I wyll Juhan, I wyll, for as I sayd afore, Rygour and hardenesse I have now set apart, Myndyge from hens fourth to "ynne man evermone By wonderfill liyndenesse to breake hys stubberne hart, And change it from syme. For Christ shall suffer smart, In manns frayle nature for hys inyquyte, Thys to make open, my massenger shatt tha be.

Johamnes buptista.
As thy pleasure is, so hessed lorde appoynte me. For my hetthe thu art, and my sowle's felyeyte.

Pater calcstis.
Longe are I made the, I the predestynate,
Before tha wert borme I the emdued with grace.
In thy mother's womber wert thu sanctylyeate
By my fodlye ${ }^{3} \mathrm{y}$ ft, and so confirmed in place,
A prophete, to shewe a waye lowfore the face
Of my most dere somue, whych wyll eome: then untyll
Applye the apace thyne oflyce to fulfyll.
Preache to the perphe, reluhange their neglygence,
Duppe them in water, they linowledgynge their offienee;
And saye unto them, The kyngedome of God doth cum.
Juhames baptista.
Vmmete, lorile, I am. Oria perere cyo sum.
An other than that, alac, I have mo seyenee
Fyt for that oflyce, ney ther yet elvane elonuence.
Pater calestis.
Thu shalt not saye so, for I have feven the grace.
Elongence and age, to speake in desart plare.
Then must do therefor as I shall the adsyse,
My appoynted pleasure fomth utter in aty "yse:

My stronge myghtye wordes put I into thy mouthe, Spare not, but speake them to east, west, north and southe.
[IVic extendens Dominns munum, lubia Joannis diyito tangel, ue ori imponet auream linguam.]

Go now thy waye fonth, I shall the never fayle, The sprete of Helias have I geven the alredye.
Persuale the people, that they their symes bywayle;
And if they repent their customable folye,
Longe shall it not he der they have remedye.
Open tha their hartes; tell them their helth is eomnynge As a voyee in desart; se thim declare the thynge.

I promyse the sure, thin shatt washe hym anonge them In Jordane, a floute not firre from Hierusalem.

- Johannes baptista.

Shewe me yet, good lorde, wherely shall If knowe that man,
In the multytule whyeh wyll resort to dordan.
Puter coplestis.
In thy mother's wombe of hym haddest tha cognyeyon.
Johtumes buplista.
Yea, that was in sprete. I wolde now knowe hys person.
Puter calestis.
Ilave the no feare, Johan, hym shat thu knowe full well, And one speryall token afore wyll I the tell.
Super quem videris spiritum descendentem et manentem
Super eum, hic est qui buthlizat spiritu satmelo.
Amonge all other whom thu shalt baptyse there,
Upon whom thu seyst the Holy Ghost descende
In shappe of a dove, restynge upon hys shuldere,
Holde hym for the same, that shall the worlde amende
By baptysm of sprete, and also to man extende
Most specyall grace. For he must repare hys fall, Restorynge agayne the justye orygnall.

Take now thy jonrnaye, and do as I the advyse; First preache repentatuce, and than the people baptyse.

## Johames baptista.

Hygh honour, worshypp, and glorye be unto the, My Goal eternall, and patrone of all puryte.

Repent, good people, for synnes that now are past, The liyngdome of heaven is at hande very nye. The promysed lyght to yow approcheth fast, Have faythe, and applye now to recyve him boldelye. I am not the lyght, but to beare testymonye Of hym am sent, that all men maye beleve, That hys bloude be wyll for their redemptyon geve.

He is soch a lyght as all men doth ilhmine, That ever were here, or shall be after thys.
All the worlde he made ly hys myghtye power deryne, And yet that rude worlde wyll not knowe what he is. Hys owne he enterynge, is not regarded of hys.
They that receyve hym, are God's true chyldren playne,
In sprete regencrate, and all grace shall attayne.
Manye do recken, that I Johan Baptyst am he,
Deceyved are they, and that wyll apere in space.
Though he come after, yet he was longe afore me.
We are weake vessels, he is the welle of grace,
Of hys great goodnesse all that we have we purchase.
By hym are we like to have a better increes
Than ever we had by the lawe of Moses.
In Moses harde lawe we had not els but darkenes,
Fygure and shaddowe; all was not els but nyght,
Ponnyshment for synne, much rygour, payne and roughnes.
An hygh ehange is there, where all is turned to lyght,
Grace and remyssyon anon wyll shyne full bryght.
Never man lyved that ever se God afore,
Whyeh now in our liynde mannys ruyne wyll restore.
Helpe me to geve thankes to that lorde evermore,
Whych am unto Christ a cryar's voyce in the desart,
To prepare the pathes and hygh wayes hym before,
For hys delyght is on the poore symple hart.

That innoeent lambe from such wyll mever depart,
As wyll laythfilly reregwe hym wilh food mymbe.
Lete our voyee then sounde in some swete musyall liynde.

> LResona tune voce Antiphonam incipit, (1) clavis D:avisl, quem prosequetur chortes cum arynnis, ut prius, vol in Anglico sermon? sic: -

O perfyght ligye of David, and hygh seepture of the laymerd of daroh, wheh opromest and mo man sprareth, thin speakest and wo man epeneth; reme amd delyver thy sprvant mankymde, bound in prison, sy thing in the darlinesse of syme and bytter dampuaryon.

## Buleus. I'rolacutor.

The matters are soch that we have whered laree
As ought not to slyde fiom your memoryall;
For they have opened sorh confortathe gere
As is to the helthe ol this liynde miversall, Graces of the lords and promysps lyberall, Whyelt he hath geven to man for every age,
'To linytt hym to Christ, and sor clere bym of bondage,
As saynt Paule doth write mato the Corinthes playme,
Our fore fathers were undre the clome of darkenes,
And unto Christe's days ded in the shaddowe remayme;
Yet were they mot left, for of hym they hand promes,
All they reeryved one spirytuall ferlynge doubtles.
They dronke of the roeke whych them to lyfor refieshed,
For one saryuge helthe, in Christ, all they monfersed.
In the woman's sede was Adam first juslyfyed, So was faythfull Noah, so was just Mbraham; The faythe in that sede in Moses fourth mullyplyed. Lyliewyse in David and Esaye that after eam, And in dohan Baptyst, whyeh shewed the very lam. Thomght they sp alfare, jot all they hard one justyere, One masse, as they call it, and in Christ wne sacryfyee

A man ean not here to Ciod do better servyce, Than on thys to promede hys fiythe and understandynge. For all the worlde's synne alone Christ payed the pryee, In hys onlye deathe was mamys lyle alwayes restynge, And not in wyll worles, nor get in mennys deservage, The lyght of our fay the mate thys thynge erydent.
And not the practyse of other experiment.
Where is now fre wyll, whom the hypacrytes comment? Wherehy they report they maye at their awne pleasure Do grood of themselves, though grace and fayth be absent, And have grood intentes their madnesse with to measmere. The wyll of the theshe is proved here small treasure, And so is manys will, for the frace of God doth all. Nore of thys matter conchtule hereafter we shall.

Thus emteth thys Tragedy or enterlude, manyfestynge the ehefe promyses of God mito Nan by all aiges in the olde lawe, from the fill of Adam, to the incarnacyon of the Jorde desus Christ Compylal lyy dohan Bayle, Anno Domini liã̉!

GIOSSARI.

## （i） 1 N N N K

## ．

A，aye，ever．A is sometimes ased instead of 1 as personal pronomi．
Accombre 2す̈．i，to overwhelue，to destroy．
Acold，65，so called．
Aghe， 173 ，awe，dread．
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{b}}$ ht， $12 \mathrm{~B}, 1$／ti．the imp of awe．
Neond，73．ly land．
Amelle，9ii，among
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Apertely，2и，} \\ \text { Appeartely，分，}\end{array}\right\}$ erident！
Irv，Lis，hefore．
Arere，48，to raise．
A revant， 192 ，hack again．
Ase， 97 ，to ask with authorit！， （1）соннанd．
thol；，3i；as though．
Augent，77，august．
Avowtree， $\mathbf{1 8 6}$ ，adulter？
Awe，95，to owe，the old present tense of ought．


## IB

Balk 17 199，pricí．mbers Ball．If0 a ridge of land

Bathle，10） 106 ，frief，miser？
 of tin to．
IBayne，8，78，prepared，reads
Bedeme，117，immediately．

Beheight， 16,20 ，promised．
ISchest，13，covenant；152．It promice，to command．
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Brhet，} 13, \\ \text { Brhite，I！，}\end{array}\right\}$ to promise．
Belote，19，
IBelams． $169,171,175$ ，bel ami？
Belighte．16；to luehere．
Ibllie，I86，to beleh．
Belywe，7．102，quiclil！．
Broys，但，beam，rays．
fomdys． 188 i ，bands or ribbom
Broste，IIO，I2I，bencdicite
Bent，IIE，the open ficld
Ibre， $12 \overline{5}$ ，a noise．
Beshow，29，read beshrew，fo curse
Be－felle， $1: 5:$ ，to decrive，for mislead
IBeteyclor， 832, to commit．
Ibeth，復，lar．
freyn．Ioit a lican
lbeyr，169，a noive．
Biitem： 176 ．see bedone
Higran． 180 lmilded
MAawdyr，18．scandal
Ble 118 isi face counteratice

Blekyt，185，blacked．
Blende， 149 ，to shed
Blente， $\bar{W}$ ，blinded．
Blonder， 109 ，sorrow．
Blowre，105，a pimple，a pustule．
Blure，brought on，132．bleared the eye，leceived．
IByu．末．7，i7，｜to ceasc，to
Blynne，131．162，desist．
Bodword，98，175，a message．
Bon，［彳3，lyonnd．
Bone，10I，106，a boon．
Boote，24，profit，gain．
Borghe， 138 ，a smrety．
Bot，but，except；bot if．unless．
Bonne， $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{J}, \mathbf{2}$ ，prepared，ready．
Bow，hete the，44，beat the bush．
Bowke， $\mathbf{1 8 3}$ ，bulli，stomach．
Bowne，4，З，96，prepared，ready．
Bowrde，120，a jolie．
Boyn，147， 132 ，a boon．
Boytt，149，a compensation；more commonly help or succour．
Brade，$I$ liJ，a start，a sudden $t m r n$ or assault；164，to start．
Brand，157，a sword．
Brefes，179，182，Ietters．
Brest，141，142，to burst．
Brodelle，163，a blackguard．
Bronde，74，201，a sword．
Brymly，I76，fierecly．
Bryth， 49 ，bright．
Bum，111，IEG，bound．
Burde， 6 ，a board．
Iynlie，190，a bench．
Byth，49，lut．

## C．

Carl，9！），a churl，a hondman．
Carp， $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ ，to relate，to talli．
Catyfes， 17 ；${ }^{176}$ ，caitilis． 1
Catyfues， 147,188 ，captivily，
wretchedness．
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Cele，} 129,1 \text { 亿1 } \\ \text { Ceylle，} 197 .\end{array}\right\}$ happiness．

Charys，If：，Iurns，jobs．
Chefe， 122 ，to snccecd．
Chepe，114．merchandise．
Chevithe， 18 多，to make a bargain．
Chyte，iJi，to chide．
Clekit．185，hatched．
Clok，1II，to clock，the noise a hen makes when she has ceased to lay，and is desirous of sitting upon her eggs．
Clowte，54，a mark，a blow．
Cokvold，45，4B，a cuckold．
Conseil，72，concealment．
Cop．153，a cup．
Courte－rollar， 182 ，the writer or keeper of the rolls of a court of law．
Conthe，93， 112 ，could．
Cowle，8，colewort，cablage．
Crak， 123 ，to boast．
Croyne， 123 ， $15 \overline{5}$ ，to crone， to ntter a low murmuring somd．
Crisp， $\mathbf{1 8 3}$ ，lime linen or cobwed lawn．
Crumpe， 178 ，the cramp．
Cuker，184，part of a woman＇s head dress．

## （）．

Dalle， 153,179 ，the hand．
Dalyawnce，BO，dalliance，coujugal conversation．
Darfe， 173 ，hard，ernel．
Dayntethe， 162, a dainty thing．
Dede，157，149，death；105，107， dead．
Deeme，57，to redeem．
Defne，7．see bedene．
Defyne，26，to defy．
Deiryme，26，dcar．
Delf．⿹it，to dig．
Delfe， 1 if ，a grave．
Deme． 188 ，to doom，to judge．
Dere，1ik，176，hurt，damage．
Derfe，190，hard，crmel．

Dern，181，concealed．vecret
Devyr，隹，dut！．
Diggs，9，duckis．
Dight，$\dot{3}, 15,27$ ．to prepare，to dress．
Dold，109．stupid，confused．
Wole，22，a part．
Doket． 183 ，a shred or piece．
Dowse，117，a slut．
Hoylle， 105,148 ，dolor grief：
Dray， 119 ，to draw
Dre， 148,132 ，to endure．
Dresse，64，to address．
Wug， 183 ，to cut？
Dustards 157，dastards？
Dwere，41．a door．
Dyght， $78,15 \overline{7}$ ，prepared．
Dyke， $9 \dot{3}$ ，to make ditches．
1）ygg，107．168，to cast down．
Dytars，181，imditers，accusers．

## E．

$\mathbf{L}$ ，aye．
Ee，116．176，the eyc．
Eeyne，110，165，the plural of eye．
Efte，1行，again．
Eich，each．
Elyke， 96 ，alilie．
Emelle，9＇，99，among．
Enderes，89，the last．
Enewe， 126,186 ，enough．
Everichan，10，107，every one．
Eyvin．62．esen，equal，fellow．

## F．

Fa， 136 ，faith．
Faed， 149 ，faded．
Fang，106．155，to talic．
Fard． 155 ，afraid．
Farde with fantafye，16．full of deceit．
Farly，162，strange．
Farne， 123.129 ，past part．of fare．
Fassion．74．falchion．
Fature， 100 ， 166,168 ，a lazy，
ille fillow．
Faweии，74．a falewn．
I：an， 185 ，the hair of the head Faye， $\mathbf{1 5}$ ，彳\＄3．faith．
Fayne，GO．GE．glad，devirons．
Feare，a mate，a comrade；in fere，
27 ，in company，together．
Feature， $26,5 / 4$ ，a deceiver．
Fee，！ii，eattle．
Fretly， $\mathbf{3 0}$ ，fitly．
Feigne ．21，glad，desirous．
Fell，21，slin，hide．
Felle，9\％，1／i8，many．
Felter，183，to entangle．
Ferd， 4 I ，42，fared．
Ferde，173，178，fear．
Ferdell，208，a bundle．
Vere，a mate，a comrade；in fere，
79．31，in company，together．
Fere． 98 ，to put in fear．
Ferray，of，182，on a foray．
Fetyld，180，prepared，made ready for use．
Fesue，214，to be glad．
Fleliyt， $18{ }^{5}$ ，mended．
Flemyd，195，driven out，put to flight．
Flume． $16 \overline{\bar{y}}$ ，a river．
H1yt， 105,109 ，to lly，to ller from．
Flytars， 179,186 ，scolders，
Foche， 1000 ，to fetch．
Fon， $13: i$ ，to be foolish．
Fon，184，found．
Fone，$\overline{\mathbf{J}}$ ，foe．
Fouge，4．see fang．
Rood，ifit，oflipring．
Foure， $11: 3,191$ ，the imp．of fare．
Fordo， $\mathbf{7 8}, \mathbf{9 B}$ to destros．
Fordyer，16，Hedemer．
Forfele， 12 ，to forfeit，to transgress．

Furn，ibis．before．
Forraliyd．117，overdone with wallimy．
Torspoliyn，151．bewitehed．

Fortaxed，109，wrongly laved．
Forthy，5t，101，therefore，for this cause．
Forkynk， 115,127 ，to repent， to gricve．
Foryeten，7，forgotten．
Fott， 127 ，to fetch，to take．
Founde，17，$\}$ totry，to
Fownde， $\mathbf{1 5 8}, 138$,$\} attempt．$
Fowvre， 105,112 ，the imp，of fare．
Fuyn，147，the plnral of foe．
Foyne， 118,142 ，a heap，an abindance．
Franlishfare， $\boldsymbol{6}$ ，nonsense．
Frast，98， 178 ，to inquire，to tempt．
Frys，183，a freil，a man．
Fryth，frith；be fryth， $\mathbf{6 8}$ ，by sca．
Finn，9\％，114，found．
Fyld，lield；be fyld，68，ly laud． G．

Gadlyng， $1: 16,168$ ，an idle fellow． Gang， 122,155, to go．
Gar， 151,152 ，to cause，to malie．
Garray， 106,129 ，array，troojs．
Gart，the imp．of gar．
Gate，way；alle gate， 13 亿．alway．
Gavde，9才，109，tricks．
Traylt， 1 bह＂，see gate．
Gent， 30 ，gentle．
Gere，if8，178，gear．
Gelt，I84，fashion．
Geyn，i59，given．
Glase， $\mathbf{1 1 9}$ ，gloss，appearance．
Gilede， $\mathbf{8 5}$ ，a fire．
Thowles， 51 ，gulls．
Gramerey，40，46，48，many thanlis．
Gramory，185，Latin learuing．
Curamyd， $\mathfrak{b} \mathfrak{b}$ ，angered，aflieted．
Grathly，fGE，suddenly，swiftly．
4nayd， 168 ，past part．of graythe to prepare．
Greesly，E＇t，grisly，homible．
Grecte，20，grit，gravel，earth．
Grete， 169,178, to werp．

Grevys， 186 ，grictes．
Grill，4，to auger，to pain．
Grise， $\mathbf{1 7 7}$ ，to shudder，to tremble．
Grofen，104，past part．of grufe to grow．
Gruch， 136 ，to repine．
Grysely， 23,179 ，grisly，horrible．
Gyn，bं2，to begin．
Grid，1あ1，to strilie off．
Gyse，42，45，guise，way，fashion．

## 11.

Maghe，103，an interjection of astonishment．
Hak，123，155，to hack，to sing badly．
Hanyd， 109 ，hemmed in，sur－ rounded．
Map， 494 ，to wrap up，to cover．
Har，34，163，to harry，to plague．
Hardely，105，159，certainly．
Haric， 79 ，trouble．
Harnes， 113,122 ，brains．
Haro，177，）the ancient Nor－
Haroo，124，$\}$ man Hhe end
Harro，163，Cry．
Harsto， $16{ }^{5}$ ，hearest thou．
Hatters， 128 ，spiders．
Hawvelle and jawrelle， 186 ， havers and jabbering，idle talli．
He， $\mathbf{6}, \mathbf{1 5 0}$ ，high．
Heale， 9 ，health．
Height，27；see beheight．
Heings， 23.
Heli，II9，a door．
11 cm ，him．them．
Hend．12，courtcons，kind．
IIcnt，86，98，to take；hente 21 ． talien，caught．
Hete， $132,13 \mathrm{~F}$ ，to promise．
Hethyug，182，scoru，derision．
Hetyug， $\mathbb{1 5}$ b，a promise．
Heynde， $9 \boxed{\pi}, 152$ ，courtcous，kinl； 107 ，applied to inanimate olyjects， commotious．

Ileytt，I05，promised．
Iligh，20！），to hice ta hastern
Hight．I6，1：57．called．
llir，bur．
Hodys，iil，hoods．
Hokirl．182，18：3，worm．
Hule，98，tor feteh，tu take．
Homle，得，B＇the hand．
Home， 106, to delay．
Hose，105，hoarse．
Hould， $\mathbf{I T}^{7}$ ，to linow．
Innrlyd，I8．i，starimy，bristled，
IIvile， 10,180 ．$\}$ to hie，to
Hye， $7,8,78, \quad$ hastern．
Hyge，僮，． 3 ，hiph．
Hyght，12．7，promised．
IIynd， $\mathbf{6 8}$ ，（i！），courteous，liiut
IIyme，115，180，a servant．
II！ne，26，to hice，to hasten．
IIne， 192 ，hence．
II！t the pyome，il：to linock
the right nail on the hearl，to guess right．

## I．

I．$\cdot \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{I}$ ．
1ch，126，141，each
111：，117，1行，each．
llke，I：i，I7才，，，1me．
llkon，19\％，each．
Ill－a－hale，I：56，ill lueli to you， ill lucli on it．
Inclywe，29，in elysse，in flory？
Intraste， 1 （i7，cutrace？
Inys， $150,1: 3 ;$ ，corlainly．

## d．

Jabell，211，a frossip．
dapr， 184 ，deceit．
Jape， 116 ，a deceiver．
Juen，81，85，a lyingiu childbed．
Jowlie， $18: 3$ ，a dissembler．

## Ii．

Kelle，185，at canl，part of a womari，liead dress

Itrin，19，21，the lince．
It＇n，9\％，9：3，98，to linow
 vapaloond．
Ineyar，80．Cemsir or rmberor．
Ibatre，128，a boy：linaverlitd． 190．man－child．
Hnowlych， Bis，$^{5}$ to acknowledge．
Iablet，180，coclicd，corpuetioh．
Itun Ihanl：，！夺，to thamli．
Iny，得，to liylie，to looli．
lis ri，14̄，170，past part．of kythe．
Isynlie， $1 \overline{6} 9$ ，to draw the breath audilly，to langh alond．
liymys，倍，limd，manner．
M！P1！s，128，Jips．
It！the，196．to show，to make： evilmut

## L．

Laghe， 178 ，law．
Lalian，II7，149，a play thing， ： 101.
Lalie， 11 亿， 125 ，to play
Lare，99，lure，learning．
Lathe，llig，loathsome．
Lawdys，IIt，the landes or lamds， the concluding part of the Matims service．
Lay，B：5，song，aflair，thing．
Lay，QuI，law．
Leare， $2: 3$ ，to learm，to teach．
I．eddan，！，latiguage．
Lede，：prople，a nation：in lede，
Iti．5，Itii．，amony the people．
1．edyr，115．la\％！
Leer，末I，pleastre．
Lecelt，万多，to ente，to preserve．
Lecero，16．17，to believe：alser （1）loave．
L．efr，IIO，to beliere．
Lager ，171，to alledpe，to rite？
Lifle，12 4, loyal，faithful．
I．ente It̄，tarrsing．
I．rer，｜18，172，to learn，to teach．

Let, 17, to cease.
Letherly, 114, lowly, meanly.
Lever, 126,179 , (he compari-
Leryr, 43, $\}$
live of leyf, leave
Levyn, 152, lightning.
Lewd, 154, 142. molettered, one of the leod or common people.
Levtye, 12 , lawty, fidelity.
Ley lie, 62, lay by, cease.
Leyche, 62, a physieian.
Leyd, in, IBl; see lede.
Leygis, 6/4, leagues.
Ley-land, 112 , unploughed land.
Leyn, 99, If6, to lend, to grant.
Leynd, 97, 102, to tarry, to remain.
Libarde, 8, a leopard.
Ligged, IG, lurked.
Loe, 10 , to thinl.
Lollar, 182, one of the seet of the Lollards.
Looe, 6B, a love, a mount.
Loppys, $\mathbf{1 0 \Xi}$, lops, fleas.
Lorden, see lurdan.
Lore, 7, learning, direction.
Loryd, 101 , learned.
Lose, 19 , praise.
Losell, 101, a dissolute
Lossell, 26, 28 lazy fellow.
Losyngere, 86, a lizr.
Loten, 112 , see sowre.
Lowd and still, $\boldsymbol{I}$, at all times.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Lowte, } 27, \\ \text { Lowth, } 32,\end{array}\right\}$ to bow, to bend
Luddolikys, 183 ,
Lufty, 15!, lovely.
Lurdan, 101, 164, \} a dissolute
Lurdeyn, 203, $\}$ lazy fellow.
1 yere, 149, flesh.
Lymbo, 164, 168. Limbus is the name giren by the Chureh of Rome to the place in which it is supposed the righteous were confined before our Saviour's death.

Lyme, $\mathbf{2 B}$, a limb, an assistant.
Lyst, 9!, lust, pleasure.

## M.

Ma, 136 , my.
Maculacion, $B 5$, a spot, a stain.
Make to make, 7, mate to mate, like to like.
Malien, 9 , to mate, to associate.
Maroo, 124, an assoeiate.
Mase, 97,164 , the Erd person singular of may to make.
Masyd, 170, amazed, bevildered.
Mangre, $\mathbf{2 0 5}$, in spite of, notwithstanding.
Maveless, 28, unsubstantial, false.
Mawgre, $\mathbf{2 0 8}$, in spite of, notwithstanding.
Mawmentry, $\mathbf{1 5} 9$, idolatry.
Maye, 23,54 , a maid.
Maylle easse, 126, mal-aise, illness.
Mayne, $\mathbf{2 0}, \mathbf{2 5}$, main, might.
Meanye, 7, 15, see meneye.
Measse, 98, a mess, the measles, leprosy, scurry.
Mede, 34, 135, revvard, desert.
Medille-erd, 178, the middle habitation between heaven and hell, the world.
Mefe, 194, to move,
Meliylle, 99, IO亿, much.
Melle, 27,49 , to meddle, to contend.
Melle, 97, $\mathbf{1 3 6}$, to tell, to speak.
Mener, 154, handsome.
Meneye, 10 4, 120,137, , a noun of
Menyee, $\mathbf{1 5 0}, 130, \quad$ multitude, having in general a relative signifieation according to its connexion. Thus the meneye of a king is his court and retinue; of a general, his army; of our Saviour, his disciples. Anglo Saxon maniu, mœaigeo, or mœnigu, the word used by Elfric
for the congregation of the Chit－ dren of I－racl．
Heng， $1: 38$ ，to mingle．
Hent，76，77， $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ ，meant，minded．
Heselle，10！，measlod，allieted with leprosy or seuris．
Meve， $\mathbf{6 0}$ ，to move，to moot，to argue．
Mryne， 113,192 ，the hass part in singing．
Miclike，22，28．much．
Missaes，IBfi，what is mis－said， lies，ste．
Hom ：9！），t0 mamble．
Mon，10）1，107，108，monst．
Mote，23，50，to mont，to argac．
Wow， 1 彳（1），（1）malie months，fri－ maters．
Moyti，IBi，I70，to moot，to ：wine．
Muf，（1），to move．
Mychers， $15 \pi, 17!$ ，cheraliors．
My，14，17，130，to have in minel， to remomber．
Myn，I（10），less．
Myssase， 180 ，to mis－say，Io lie， to contradict．
Myster，190，need．
Mystyz，：3年，mysterions，unlinown．

## $N$

Vapand，19\％を＂，basping．
Vate，159，to hate occasion fior．
Vately， 115, neatly．
Nawre，121，the negative of awre，
Nr，nor．
Vermly，I $\{8$ ，nimbly
Vegons， 195 ，negh ones？Veigh－ bours．
Veowrll，75，a Christmas earol．
Vere hande．1（1）！，I！）I，almost， very near．
Nesh， 128 ，tember．
Newen， 18 ， 118 ，to name，（o）speati．
Vigremy，हи，neromanes．
\onys，127．nonce．purpose．

Nores，12 8 ，

Dote，11，125，\} business, or-
Noyte，98，170．$\}$ cupation．
Notht，イI，nought．
Noye，E， 7 ，anmyance，hurt．
Nury，2g，a nurling，a child．
Nyfys，18：3，trilles．

## （1）．

Oler，19\％，other．
Olierars，18i月，usurors．
Onys．垎，muce．
Or，ert，before．
Outchorne，I！．；an mullaw．
Owth，1！），：3：ought，any thimg．

## I．

Parde， $4(3,110$ ．par IDicu，by（iod．
Parrage， 71 ，parentagre，extraction．
I＇ay，89，liling，sativfaction．
Pay，106，to please．
Payer，24，to impair，to lessen．
Porde， $12 \overline{3}, 151$ ，see parde．
Proyng，77，appearimg．
Dety rume，fin，a mean adversary，
a standerer．
Pight，14！！，to complain

Ployny，隹，189，to complain．
Io，IIt，a pracoct．
Foster，18，19），power．
Irolles，2if，prools．
Irow，4 $4,16!$ ，profit．
1＇yric，（ $\mathbf{6} \mathbf{6}$ ，a sudd＇n wind．
Pystylle，III，an epistle．
O．
Guantyse，93． $\mathbf{1 5 8}$ ，cumning．
Enurer，1i7，elanir．
Qweasse，196， 10 wheeze，to breath with difliculty．
Gwedyr，胙，to quiver，to shabe． R．
Race．is ，train？
Rad．114．1：30．afraid．

Radly, 107, quickly.
Rafte, 28, reft, laken away.
Ragman, roll of, 182, any authentic catalogue or list drawn up secundun regimen.
Rake, $\mathbf{1 5 9}$, range, liberty.
Raliyd, 117, forralyyd.
Ramyd, 109, thrust, cast down.
Rape, $\mathbf{B} \dot{3}$, to hasten.
Rathly, 131 , ready,
Reach, 5't, to reel, to eare.
Read, 19, 28, ?
Red, 6, 8/4, \} advice, comusel.
Red, 18, 55, to advise, to comnsel.
Refe, 109, 167, to bereave, to rol.
Rek, 119, 195, to reck, to care.
Reme, 80, 87, realm.
Renderars of reffys, 179, those who undertake to restore stolen goods for a reward.
herd, 178, a roice, a moise.
Rew, $4: 3 \overline{7}$, to compassionate.
Reylle, 118, to ramble abont.
Ro, 146, rest.
Hode, 147, $\}$ the eross.
Roode, 55, 114,
Roli, 122, a distaff.
Rollar; see courte-rollar.
Rome, $\boldsymbol{G}$, to roam.
Rowners, 183, whisperers.
Rude, 132, 139; sre rode.
Ruled out of raye, $\bar{J} 0$, deprived of reason.
Rumlers, 183, double tongued.
Rused, 135, praised.
Ryth, 42, right.

## S.

Sagh, 151, to say.
Sairjour, 2(6, saviour.
Saliles, 146, blameless, imbeent.
sam, 151, 1/82, together.
Sawe, 04, 95, a satying, a report.
sawgeoure, 182, a soldier.
santer, 107, 18\% the palter.

Saynt, 1 ib , say it.
Schape, $\mathbf{8 5}, 3 \mathbf{3}$, to escape.
Schapp, 82, shape, make.
See, $\mathbf{2 1}, \mathbf{5 0}$, a seat, a throne.
Seclierly, 17, certainly.
Seith, 51, since.
Scliyr, 42, sure, certain.
Seleow th, 96, seldon, extraordinary.
Sely, 109, 110 , simple.
Scu, 145, 14B, since.
Serss, 48, 49, sirs.
Seth, 22, since.
Seven, to set all in, $\mathbf{5 5} 3$, to put all in order.
New, 107, to follow.
Sey, 37 , to assay, to attempt.
Seyl, 49, 97, seed; 49, said.
Scyr, 171 . various.
Sharme, 204, to sham.
Sheliyls, 111 , ague, trembling.
Shente, 28, 57, ruined, destroyed.
Sheyml, 106, 152, to ruin, to destroy.
Shone, $\mathbf{1 1 0}$, the plural of shoc.
Shrew, 25, 115, a cursed fellow.
Shrewe, 48, 119, to curse.
Nhroges, 123, rough uninclosed ground more or less covered with brushwood.
Sith, 8, 1/4, since.
Slant, 78, seant, scarcely.
Slape, 99, 119, to escape.
slatwde, 150 . a seold.
Skawte, 197.
sliwaw, 131, a seroll.
Slea, 5/, to slay.
slew the, 186, sloth.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Slieh, 1. } \\ \text { Slicke, } 3 .\end{array}\right\}$ slime
Sloghe, 122
Sloky, 155, to slake, to quenclo.
slose, $\mathbf{1 5 5}$, sloth.
slylie, 98, such like.
Slyth, 142, to slit, to tear.
Nuek, [19. the latch of a door.
sufferent， ： 19 ．sovereign．
soude， 42, 3月．62，a mersage， a messenger．
Suore，6I，exceedingly．
Sote． 2010 ．
soth，12，17，$\}$ truc．
Suthren．If 6 ，hoiled，eaten away．
sounde，IT，a voice，a word．
Sowe．198．102，to emsue，to follow．
Sowre loten， 112 ，sour leaven is derived from leaving the piece of dongh to ferment：loton signilies the same and is the part．of leetan，to lease．
soyn，9シ，9\％，soon．
sparte， $18 \overline{5}$ ．spare it．
speareth， $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{b}$ ，aslicth，enquireth．
spere， 70 ，spirit．
spill．1．IB．
spylle， 9 亿， $9: i$,$\} to destro！．$
springe，24，29，to flourish，to suceed．
Spyr，181，to ask．to eliquire．
Si！tus．IIt，176，spiteful．
starl， 162 ，\}
sted，III．148．Sitiorl，plataed．
stealie，II，for fasten with sticlis．
Stede，I2．，151，a place．
Stevyn， 150 ，a wice．
Nloure， 163 ，a trouble，a perilous sifuation．

Stower，IE，a sterr．
Stowlic，18i，twrlse sheaves of corn piled up．
Stownde，178，an acnte pain．
sulfirmtis，60，sovercigus．
Suspowse，127，suspicion．
Sisedylle，121，150，to walbe． to bincl．
swelt，127．（1）die．
swrys，fi5，whips．
Swev？120．a dream．
Swill：，18名．187，sueh．
かworgern，İ5．prast part．af winge （1）Jecat．

Sinych， 35, such．
Sw！uk，IIE，II9，to toil．
Sw！the，107，swift，quick．
Syble， $49, \mathbf{3} \dot{3}$ ，a rclation hy blood．
a limsman，a libswoman．
Syn，112，127，simee，afterwards．
Syse， $\mathrm{B}^{3} 3$ ，asvize，julyement．
Syth，位，lime．
Syflen，りi，98，since，afterwards．

## ＇T．

Tane， 120 ，taken．
Taved，spe fortaved．
Taylle，17（0，an account．
Teme，to talie， $\mathbf{1 9}$ ，to take liced to．
Tene， 13,159, gricf．
Tent， $\mathbf{i 5}, 9$ ，attention，beed．
Teat， 178,183 ，to talie heed to．
Teyehe，see heteyche．
Teyn，188，grief．
Teyn，157，171，to alllict，to provolic．
Thar，186，189），to need．
Tharmes，122，guts．
Ther．them，thes．
Thew， 182 ，wrices
Tho，187，thuse．
Thule，I 1！，1 彳9，to suller．
Thoner， 11 i，fhomder．
Thraw，147，1：94，a short space of time．

Threpe，II年，（1）irij．
Thurt，I $6!!$ ，1！） 0 ，the imp，of thar．
Thyrlyd，I：if，piereed through．
To and til are nodl indiscrimately with reforcuce hoth to time and place．
Tollare， $\mathbf{1 8 2}$ ，a spalier．
Tolle，隹；to tell．
Tume，I23， 178 ，cmpty．
Tun，浥，toes．
Topeas．6，topmave．
Tranten． 166. Iriclis．
Trayn．I\＃1．an artilice，a comfri－ vance．

Trete, on, 179, in an entreating manner.
Tristur, 181, the place allotted to a person in humting.
Trowse, 117, \} to tie up the
Truse, 65, $\}$ brecehes.
Truage, 73 , toll, custom.
Trus, 183, 192, to pack, to go.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Twayne, 17, } \\ \text { Twyo, } 144,164,\end{array}\right\}$ to divide.
Twy fyls, 183, two-folds.
Twyk, 145, to twitch, to pull suddenly.
Tyue 147, 180, to lose.
Tyte, 107, 151, quicle, swift; as tyte, 136 , as quick as possible.
Tythyng, 65, 75, tidings.
Tylter, 10ジ, a tittle, the liast distance.

## U.

Umthynke, 171, to deliberate.
Unethes, 182,
Unothes, 135, $\}$ seareely.
Unfeayne, $\bar{b} \dot{B}$, unfeigned.
Unys, 10t, probably a mistalic in the original copyist for unys, ewes.
Ure, 110 , to experience.

## V.

Verament, $\overline{\mathbf{y}} \mathbf{6}$, rerily, truly.
Voket, 173 , an adrocate.
Vowgard, 194 ,
Vroken, 207, revenged.

## IV.

Walli-mylne, 183 , a fulling mill. Wall, weale and wytt, $\mathbf{1 9}$, power, felieity and wisdom.
Wan, $\mathfrak{9} 6$, imp. of win, to go.
War, 117, worse.
Warloo, 150,153,$\}$ a warlondi, VIarlow, ItI. $\quad$ a wizard.

War-oute, 192 , a term usedindriving.
Warry, 14, 109 , to eurse.
Warte, I85, wear it, spend it.
Wate, 150 , wote, linew.
Wate, $\mathbf{1 9 0}$, wet.
Wax, on thy, 185, of thy growth.
Wayt III, IIG, to linov.
Wede, 35, $\mathbf{1 J 3}$, raiment.
Wedurs, 63, 110 , clouds.
Weete, 6 , the tide.
Vellin, 13, the skiy.
Welland, 103 , boiling.
Welner, 122, well nigh.
Wema, 145, an exclamation demanding attention.
Wend, 10, $\mathbf{3 0}$, to go.
Wene, $\mathfrak{b}, 7$, to think.
Vient, gOB, weened, thought.
Wenyand, 125 , an illusion to the belief that aetions undertaken in the wane of the moon would be unsuceessful.
Werd, 'ंl, the world.
Were, $\mathbf{~} 6,178$, confusion, war.
Were, 140,173 , donbt, uncertainty.
Were, 98, to defend.
Weyn, 115, 154, to ween, to think.
Weyn, 96, doubt.
Weynde, 93, 100, to go.
Whik, 128, quiel, living.
Witt, $5 \cdot 3$, to linow.
Witterly, 19, 24, verily, truly.
Wode, 85, 86, mad.
Won, 94, 98, to dwell.
Womlen, 139, wrapped in a winding sheet.
Vonys, 127, dwelling places.
Vonys, 86, once.
Woode, 121, 209, mad.
Wragsers, 179 , wranglers.
Wrake, 102,189 , revenge.
Wranke, 32 , a trick? wrong?
IVrast, 98, wrest.
Wrears, 179 , perverters.


## ERRATA.

```
P シ%, 1. 11, from bottom, for Hilt, read With.
    65, ., 2%, for oo, read goo.
    70, ., 3, from bottom, for inearnute, read incarnate.
    78. ,16. for do, read fordo.
    112. ," 17. for tylle, read stylle.
.138, , 17, for hy, rcad by.
" 169, ,21, for knew, read knew.
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[^0]:    * Is it does not lie within the limits of these pages to enter on this sulject more at large, the following notices of works, which contain remarlis on this point, mist suffice. Socrates, Dectes. Hist. p. 503, edit. 1665. Lavducr, vol. ii. p. K65. Kto. Hone, Ancient Mysteries Described, plp. 148-136. Cabinet Cyelopedia, Literary and scientific Hen, wh. i. pp. 174-179.
    + Cedren. Compend. Hict. p. Ge9. BB. 16イ7. Comment. ad Canon. Nii. Synod. v, in Trullo. Apud Beverigium Synodic. tom. i. pp. 250, 25̈l fol ()xon 1672

[^1]:    * Reliques of Incient English Poetry, vol. i. p. 108, edit. 179 亿
     S Vol. ii p. 22.3 Paris $166 \%$.

[^2]:    * Reliques. vol. i. p. 15彳

[^3]:    * Some information respecting the influence that French pilgrims exercised on the Mysteries of their own country, may be gathered from Bayle's Dict. art. Choequet, which contains some observations by Menestrier on this sulject.
    $\div$ The characters, however, in the play of St. George, secm to aflord proof of an eastern origin.

    $$
    \text { § Gale, Rermm Inglic. Seript. Vel. tom. i. p. } 45 \mathrm{~B} .
    $$

[^4]:    * Ioralie. History of lork, pp. 205-246.

[^5]:    $\dagger$ Robert Grosthead, Bishop of Lincoln, who died in 12:5, is supposed to be the author of this worl. Warton, Hist. of Eugg Poct vol. i. pp. 39, 78.83

[^6]:    * Scriptor. Ithos. M. Brit. p. Sfie. Bavil I:iaiz
    $\dagger$ Signal. 1. iii. 10. edit. I 3 (i)
    § The Wif of Bathe Vrologue. fitiot Tyrmbills edit

[^7]:    * Master, Llistory of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, vol. i. p. B.
    $\dagger$ Warton, Hist. of Eng. Poet. vol. ii. p. 591.
    § Stow, Chronicle, p. 349 , edit. 16 IB . The ancient perform-

[^8]:    * Ritson, Bibl. Port p. 7!

[^9]:    * Hone, Anc. Myst. Dese. pp. 84, 83.
    $\dagger$ Registr. Priorat. S. Swithin. Winton. Apud Warton, Hist. Eng. Poet. vol. ii. p. 206.
    § Sandys, Christmas Carols, Introduction. p. viii.
    || Warton, Hist. Eng. Poct. vol. iii. p. 526

[^10]:    * Mertrospective Reriew, vol. vii. p. 9.
    $\dagger$ Bale, Scriptor. Illust. M. Brit. p1, $702-7(0) 3$.
    § Peprinted in this Coltection, p. 221.
    || Bale, Scriptor. Hust. M. Mrit. pp. 675, 674.

[^11]:    * Lodge, Illustrations of British IIistory, vol. 1. p. 212.
    $\ddagger$ Strype, Life: of Sir Thomas Pope, pref. p. vii.
    § Eeclesiastical Memorials. vol. iii. c. Viv.

[^12]:    * Histriomastix, p. :17. edit. 1655.
    $\dagger$ Vol. i. p. 185.
    § Annals of the Stage, vol. i. p. 17. edit. 1851.
    || Christmas Carols, p. 17. edit. 1855.

[^13]:    * Cabinel Cydupardia. Literary aut scioulifur Mru, wh. i. p. I!1: $\div$ scriph Illus M. Bris. p. 162.

[^14]:    ＊Sharpe．Dissertation on the Coventry Mybleries，pp．4，3．Ito．

[^15]:    * Perface to the "Towneley Mysteries," 8ro. 1856.
    +1. Creatio. II. Mactatio Nbel. 1I1. Processms Voe cmm filis. IV. Dbraham. V. Isaac. VI. Jacol. VII. Processus Prophetarnm. VIIf. Pharao. IV. Cassar Augusfus. X. Innumciatio. XI. Salutatio

[^16]:    * Apud Collier, vol. ii. p. 142.
    † Apud Warton, vol. i. p. 240.
    § History of the Reformation, i Coll. Rec. p. 20: , edit. fol.

[^17]:    * Sharne. Discertation on the Coveniry Mriter: p. 17 Klo.

[^18]:    * Maners and Contoms, vol. iii. p. 150.
    $\dagger$ Dissertation on the Corontry Misterios, p. 20. Alo

[^19]:    * Shavpe, pp. 14-16

[^20]:    * Disserlation on the Coventry Mysteries, pp. 37 , $\mathbf{3 8}$.

[^21]:    * In the second play of the Coventry series, Adam says,

    Se us nakyd be for and be hynde,

[^22]:    * This extraet is taken from a reprint of this piay in Bibliographical Memoranda, p. 5/7. Bristol 1816. Of this work only one hundred copies were published, and it is much to be regretted that this custom of reprinting only a very limited number of searce books, often only twenty-five, prevails so generally, as it tends to make these work excessirely expensive, and rery difficult to procure.

[^23]:    You have bene lange, for you bene wise, Dwellinge in earthly parradize, Bul to heaven where hym selfe is, Nowe shall you goc with me.
    [Here the Rrokangel shall lead them to heaven, and shall sing "Fraudete."]

    Finis - Deo Gracias!

