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## CALPVIRNIVS


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THE ECLOGUES OF CALPURNIUS.

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## THE ECLOGUES OF

## CALPURNIUS

## RENDERED INTO ENGLISH VERSE BY

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## LONDON :

GEORGE BELL AND SONS, York Street, Covent Garden.
1890.


CHISWICK PRESS :-C. WHITTINGHAM AND CO., TOOLS COURT, ChANCERY LANE.

## PREFACE.

If any merit may be claimed for this rendering of Calpurnius into English (the first which has ever appeared either in prose or verse), it is due in great part to Prof. Robinson Ellis, Latin Reader in the University of Oxford. At his urgent request it was first undertaken, and it has had throughout the benefit of his careful revision.

E. J. L. S.

British Museum, 1st Oct., 1890.
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## CALPURNIUS SICULUS.

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## ECLOGA PRIMA. Corydon, Ornitus.

Corydon.
Nondum solis equos declivis mitigat aestas,
Quamvis et madidis incumbant praela racemis, Et spument rauco ferventia musta susurro. Cernis ut, ecce! pater quas tradidit, Ornite, vaccae Molliter hirsuta latus explicuere genista ? 5 Nos quoque vicinis cur non succedimus umbris? Torrida cur solo defendimus ora galero ?

## CALPURNIUS SICULUS.

## ECLOGUE I.

Corydon, Ornitus.
Corydon.
Not yet the swooning summer breeds Abate of heat in Phoebus' steeds, Although beneath the vineyard's press
Each cluster yield ripe juiciness, And with hoarse murmurs in the fume 5
Of boiling vats the new wine spume. Look, Ornitus, my friend, these cows, Our father bade us lead to browse, Their flanks luxuriously spread Where'er the rough broom forms a bed, io Why do not we too seek the shade Here furnished by the neighbouring glade ? Why should our faces fiercely tanned By simple bonnet thus be fanned ?

## Ornitus.

Hoc potius, frater Corydon, nemus, antra petamus
Ista patris Fauni, graciles ubi pinea denset Silva comas, rapidoque caput levat obvia soli, $\quad$ ı Bullantes ubi fagus aquas radice sub ipsa Protegit, et ramis errantibus implicat umbras.

## Corydon.

Quo me cumque voces, sequar, Ornite ; nam mea Leuce,
Dum negat amplexus nocturnaque gaudia, nobis Pervia cornigeri fecit sacraria Fauni.

## Ornitus.

Prome igitur calamos, et, si qua recondita servas:
Nec tibi defuerit mea fistula, quam mihi nuper

## Ornitus.

Nay, Corydon, but towards this grove ..... 15
With better judgment let us rove.
Yon grot our father Faunus likes,Where the pine-wood its slender spikes
Masses right upwards, till it raise
Its head to screen the burning blaze, ..... 20
Where the beech roofs the bubbling waves
Of yonder fountain as it laves
The very roots, and casts a shadeConfused, by moving branches made.
Corydon.
I follow wheresoe'er you choose ; ..... 25
For while my Leuce doth refuse
Her fond embrace and kisses sweetAnd joys for nightly season meet,I thus unchallenged entrance gainTo hornëd Faunus' inmost fane.30
Ornitus.

If that be so, your reeds produce, And any lay you store for use :
Nor shall you find my own pipe's aid To you is wanting, for me made

Matura docilis compegit arundine Lygdon. Et iam captatae pariter successimus umbrae. Sed quaenam sacra descripta est pagina fago, 20 Quam modo nescio quis properanti falce notavit? 389
Aspicis, ut virides etiam nunc littera rimas Servet, et arenti nondum se laxet hiatu ?

Corydon.
Ornite, fer propius tua lumina : tu potes alto Cortice descriptos citius percurrere versus,

Nam tibi longa satis pater internodia largus, Procerumque dedit mater non invida corpus.

## Ornitus.

Non pastor, non haec triviali more viator,
Of late by Ladon's skilful heed ..... 35
Out of a ripely-seasoned reed.And we too in our turn the shadeThat caught our fancy now invade.Yet stay, what means this page I findWrit on the sacred beech's rind,40
Which lately some one in his haste,I know not who, with sickle traced ?How well preserved e'en yet and greenThe letters here incised are seen,Nor is their outline yet destroyed,45
Where the slits parching show a void ?
Corydon.
Bring nearer, Ornitus, your gaze :
The verses that this trunk displaysCarved at so great a height you canWith quicker apprehension scan,50
Your sire was tall, and you from himInherit length enough of limb,Your mother too, no grudging dame,Bequeathed to you her stalwart frame.
Ornitus.
No traveller, no shepherd here, ..... 55His wayside leisure seeks to cheer,

Sed deus ipse canit : nihil armentale resultant, Nec montana sacros distinguunt iubila versus. $30 \quad 391$

## Corydon.

Mira refers : sed rumpe moras, oculoque sequaci Quam primum nobis divinum perlege carmen.

## Ornitus.

Qui iuga, qui silvas tueor, satus aethere, Faunus Haec populis ventura cano: iuvat arbore sacra Laeta patefactis incidere carmina fatis.
Vos o praecipue nemorum gaudete coloni, Vos populi gaudete mei : licet omne vagetur Securo custode pecus, nocturnaque pastor Claudere fraxinea nolit praesepia crate.
The style a very God betrays :
No ring here of bucolic lays,
Nor alpine jodels intersperse
Their pauses through the sacred verse.

## Corydon.

Your words are strange : yet prithee waste No time, but read me o'er in haste This song divine, and let your eye Your rapid tongue accompany.

## Ornitus.

I Faunus, sprung from Heaven's domain, 65
Who o'er the hills and forests reign,
Foretell the nations what shall be
In time to come : this sacred tree,
The spreading beech on which my Muse
May carve her gladsome strains, I choose. 70
Rejoice each forest denizen,
Rejoice above thy fellow-men, And ye my subjects too rejoice :
All herds to pastures new at choice
May wander, while their guardians sleep, 75
Nor need the shepherd seek to keep
His folds secure from panic fright
By ashen hurdles closed at night.

Non tamen insidias praedator ovilibus ullas Afferet, aut laxis abiget iumenta capistris.
[Aurea secura cum pace renascitur aetas,] PLAC I 395,28 Et redit ad terras tandem squalore situque Alma Themis posito, iuvenemque beata sequuntur Saecula, maternis causam qui vicit in ulnis.
Dum populos deus ipse reget, dabit impia victas
Post tergum Bellona manus, spoliataque telis
In sua vesanos torquebit viscera morsus,
Et modo quae toto civilia distulit orbe, Secum bella geret. Nullos iam Roma Philippos 50 Deflebit, nullos ducet captiva triumphos. Omnia Tartareo subigentur carcere bella,
Yet shall no reiving cataran
Against the sheep-cotes dare to plan ..... 80
His ambush, nor shall steal by craft, Their halters loosed, the beasts of draught.The golden age revives once more,And Peace returns with open door,All filth and squalor put aside85
Comes smiling Themis to abideAt length as whilom on the Earth,And happy cycles waked to birthAttend the youth, who held in sportWithin a mother's arms his court.
While He as God mankind commands,
Accurst Bellona shall her handsDeliver bound behind her back,And with invenomed teeth for lack
Of weapons wrested from her grip ..... 95
Her own intestines madly rip,
And those domestic wars which o'er
The whole wide world she spread before
Henceforward with herself shall wage.
Rome shall not in a future age ..... 100A new Philippi weep to see,Nor triumph in captivity.Immured within the prison barsOf Tartarus shall languish wars,

Immergentque caput tenebris, lucemque timebunt.
Candida pax aderit, nec solum candida vultu,
Qualis saepe fuit, quae, libera Marte professo, 55
Quae, domito procul hoste, tamen grassantibus armis,
Publica diffudit tacito discordia ferro.
Omne procul vitium simulatae cedere pacis Iussit, et insanos Clementia contudit enses. Nulla catenati feralis pompa senatus 60

Carnificum lassabit opus, nec carcere pleno Infelix raros numerabit curia patres.
Plena quies aderit, quae, stricti nescia ferri, Altera Saturni referet Latialia regna,
Altera regna Numae, qui primus ovantia caede 65
And, plunging in the murky night ..... 105
Their heads, shall shun the realms of light.
Peace, guileless maid, shall there be seen,
Nor guileless merely in her mien,
As oft, in days now distant far,Whene'er set free from open war,110
And every foreign foe subdued,She suffered treason to intrude,
And far and wide with secret steel
Spread discords through the commonweal.
To distant climes let all false art${ }^{115}$
That counterfeits fair Peace depart;
Such were the orders Mercy gave, And buried every maddened glaive. No more like some funereal show The senate fettered row by row ..... 120
Shall tire the headsman's practised strokes,Nor, while the gaol its victims chokes,A Council Hall with hapless fateFew senators enumerate.
Rest, perfect rest, be present there, ..... 125Who, guiltless of a weapon bare,That ancient kingdom shall replaceOf Saturn o'er the Latin race;She Numa's empire shall recall,Numa who warriors first of all

Agmina, Romuleis et adhuc ardentia castris, Pacis opus docuit, iussitque silentibus armis
Inter sacra tubas, non inter bella sonare.
Iam nec adumbrati faciem mercatus honoris,
Nec vacuos tacitus fasces et inane tribunal 70
Accipiet consul, sed legibus omne reductis
Ius aderit, moremque fori vultumque priorem
Reddet, et afflictum melior deus auferet aevum.
Exsultet, quaecumque Notum gens ima iacentem
Erectumque colit Boream, quaecumque vel ortu 75
Vel patet occasu, mediove sub aethere fervit.
Cernitis, ut puro nox iam vicesima coelo
Fulgeat, et placida radiantem luce cometem
Taught works of peace (while o'er the slainTriumphant rang the victors' strain,And hearts still panted for the fray,Where Romulus' entrenchments lay),
And trumpets bade 'mid hush of arms ..... 135
To temples call, not sound alarms.Henceforward shall no Consul buyThe shadowy form of dignity,
Nor the tribunal empty kept
And worthless fasces mute accept, ..... 140
But now the laws once more in force,Right takes anew her perfect course,
And to the Forum doth restoreThe features which of old it bore,The manner of its bygone past;145
For this down-trodden age at last
Shall happier destinies displace.
Joy, joy to all, to every race
From where the southern lowlands lie
To where the north wind takes the sky, ..... 150
Nor less from where the sun displaysHis rising beams, or setting rays,Or in meridian splendour burns.Look how the twentieth night returns,How heaven with liquid lustre gleams155
Refulgent, how the radiant streams

Proferat? ut liquidum nutet sine vulnere plenus?
Numquid utrumque polum, sicut solet, ignecruento 80 Spargit, et ardenti scintillat sanguine lampas?

At quondam non talis erat, cum, Caesare rapto, Indixit miseris fatalia civibus arma.

Scilicet ipse deus Romanae pondera molis Fortibus excipiet sic inconcussa lacertis,

Ut neque translati sonitu fragor intonet orbis, Nec prius ex meritis defunctos Roma penates Censeat, occasus nisi quum respexerit ortus.
From yonder harmless comet fly,
In bright relief against the sky;
Look how its lustrous brilliance shows
No presage of impending blows.160
Doth anywhere the heavenly torch
Now either pole as whilom scorch
With bloody fires, or kindling rays
Flicker with sanguinary blaze?
Yet such was not its aspect then, ..... 165
When Cæsar passed from mortal ken,
And hapless citizens afar
Saw signs of devastating war.
Doubt not our Prince himself the weight So massive of the Roman state ..... 170
Shall take up with a God-like grace
So firmly in his strong embrace,
As neither shall the crash be heard
Of ruin from the power transferred,
Nor judged upon their merits past ..... 175
Shall the dead rulers e'er be classed,
By virtue of the State's decrees,
'Mid Rome's protecting deities,Until the rising Prince's name
Illume the dead's fast waning fame. ..... 180

## Corydon.

Ornite, iamdudum velut ipso numine plenus
Me quatit, et mixtus subit inter gaudia terror. 90
Sed bona facundi veneremur numina Fauni.

## Ornitus.

Carmina, quae nobis dẹus obtulit ipse canenda,
Dicamus, teretique sonum modulemur avena :
Forsitan Augustas feret haec Meliboeus ad aures.

## Corydon.

'Tis long since, Ornitus, a thrillOf terror doth my being fillBorn of the God himself ; I feelFear mixed with gladness o'er me steal.But let us praise with reverend sense185
Good Faunus' Godlike eloquence.
Ornitus.
What God hath offered us in verse
Unasked, let us in song rehearse,And let us set his lines to suitThe music of our rounded flute:190
Perchance these strains Augustus' ear,From Meliboeus' lips will hear.

## ECLOGA SECUNDA.

Idas, Astacus, Thyrsis.

Intactam Crotalen puer Astacus et puer Idas, Idas lanigeri dominus gregis, Astacus horti, Dilexere diu, formosus uterque, nec impar Voce sonans. Hi cum terras gravis ureret aestas, Ad gelidos fontes et easdem forte sub umbras Conveniunt, dulcique simul contendere cantu Pignoribusque parant : placet, hic ut vellera septem, Ille sui victus ne messem vindicet horti:

Et magnum certamen erat sub iudice Thyrsi.

## ECLOGUE II.

Idas, Astacus, Thyrsis.
Maid Crotale yet unsubdued Young Astacus and Idas wooed;
Idas possessed a fleecy herd, His garden Astacus preferred.
Their passion grew through many an hour, 5
Both graced alike with Beauty's dower, Nor less well matched in shepherd's glees. They, when with blighting heat the leas Were withering, together met By chance near one cool rivulet
And the same elms. Each youth prepares
To match his rival in soft airs,
And wagered forfeits; seven sheep
Idas, the other will not keep
His garden's harvest if he lose,
And both as arbitrator choose
Thyrsis, for 'twas a contest rare.
Of cattle every kind was there,

Adfuitomne genus pecudum, genus omne ferarum, io Et quaecumque vagis altum ferit aera pennis. Convenit umbrosa quicumque sub ilice lentas Pascit oves, Faunusque pater, Satyrique bicornes. Adfuerunt sicco Dryades pede, Naiades udo, Et tenuere suos properantia flumina cursus.
Desistunt tremulis incurrere frondibus Euri, Altaque per totos fecere silentia montes. Omnia cessabant, neglectaque pascua tauri Calcabant : illis etiam certantibus ausa est Daedala nectareos apis intermittere flores. 20 Iamque sub annosa medius consederat umbra Thyrsis, et, O pueri me iudice pignora, dixit,
Wild beasts, and whatsoe'er on high
With roving pinions cleaves the sky. ..... 20
There all, who sheep slow-pacing lead Beneath the ilex green to feed,Bear Father Faunus company ;And thither twi-horned Satyrs hie.Nymphs of the woods and waters meet,25
Dry-sandalled, or with dewy feet,And rivers, hastening from their source,Stayed for awhile their wonted course.The Eastern breeze, that rides at playOn quivering leaves, now dies away,30
And all the vast expanse of hillsWith penetrating silence fills.All nature now to rest was laid,And bulls were trampling o'er the glade,Careless of pasture ; e'en the bee, 35That cunningest of workers, she,While these debate their mutual powers,Dared leave awhile her nectared flowers.And now beneath an elm's deep shade
Thyrsis between the pair had made ..... 40
His resting-place. "Ye boys" quoth he,"Your stakes, while judgment lies with me,I warn ye, will not count for much;Nay, let your full reward be such,

Irrita sint, moneo : satis hinc mercedis habeto,
Si laudem victor, si fert opprobria victus.
Et nunc alternos magis ut distinguere cantus 25
Possitis, ter quisque manus iactate micantes.
Nec mora; decernunt digitis; prior incipit Idas.

> IDAS.

Me Silvanus amat, dociles mihi donat avenas, Et mea frondenti circumdat tempora taeda. Ille etiam parvo dixit mihi non leve carmen :
Iam levis obliqua crescit tibi fistula canna.

Astacus.
At mihi Flora comas pallenti gramine cingit, Et mihi matura Pomona sub arbore plaudit. Accipe, dixerunt Nymphae, puer, accipe fontes :
That he who wins shall reap the fame, ..... 45
And he who loses bear the shame.
And now, that ye the clearer mayMark your alternate roundelay,Each make quick motions with his hand,And finger-signals thrice expand." 50Straightway they score defeats and winsOn fingers. Idas first begins.
IDAS.
Silvanus loves me, and he feeds
His flame with gifts of well-made reeds,Wreaths of the ever-verdant pine-55
His gift-around my temples twine.
To me, ere ceased my boyhood's hour,His voice rehearsed a song of power ;" A slender pipe there grows," quoth he,"Already on curved reeds for thee."60
Astacus.But Flora round my locks doth makeWreaths of pale grasses for my sake,For me, where spread the orchard's roots,Pomona plays with dancing fruits." Take then," so ran the Nymphs' decree,65
"Take, Boy, this spring we tender thee,

Iam potes irriguos nutrire canalibus hortos. 35

## IDAS.

Me docet ipsa Pales cultum gregis, ut niger albae Terga maritus ovis nascenti mutet in agna, Quae neque diversi speciem servare parentis Possit, et ambiguo testetur utrumque colore.

## Astacus.

Non minus arte mea mutabilis induit arbos
Ignotas frondes et non gentilia poma.
Ars mea nunc malo pira temperat, et modo cogit Insita praecoquibus subrepere Persica prunis.

IDAS. .
Me teneras salices iuvat aut oleastra putare

So, where its runnels trickle by,
Thy garden's needs thou shalt supply."
IDAS.
Pales herself to rear my flock
Instructs me, how in raising stock 70
The white ewes' husbands, black-fleeced rams, Change colours in the growing lambs,
And cannot show their race renewed
In sires' or dams' similitude ;
Yet, as a witness to the pair,
Their parti-coloured fleeces wear.
Astacus.
And my art in no less degree
Can force by grafts the changing tree
To bear two natures thus combined, Strange leaves and fruit of alien kind.
Now by my skill yon apple bears,
Blent with its own, a crop of pears,
Now, forced upon an early plum,
These grafted quinces shyly come.
IDAS.
I love the willow's tender top, 85
Or oleaster shoots, to lop,

Et gregibus portare novis, ut carpere frondes 45
Condiscant, primoque recidere gramina morsu, Ne depulsa vagas quaerat foetura parentes.

## Astacus.

Et mihi cum fulvis radicibus arida tellus Pangitur, irriguo perfunditur area fonte, Et satiatur aqua, succos ne forte priores 50
Languida mutata quaerant plantaria terra.

## IDAS.

O si quis Crotalen deus afferat, hunc ego terris,
Hunc ego sideribus solum regnare fatebor.
Decernamque nemus, dicamque: sub arbore numen Hoc erit ; ite procul, sacer est locus, ite profani. 55
And carry to the flocks in sheaves,That early nibbling at the leavesMay train them still in opening youth
To crop the grass with new grown tooth, ..... 90
Lest, weaning time well over, lambsPursue too far their wandering dams.
Astacus.
When for each yellow root I toil
To open out the dusty soil, Myself the flower-bed duly drench ..... 95
With runnels trickling through the trench,
And fill with water, lest some hap
Should rob the seedlings of their sap
Indigenous, and drooping headsBear witness to their change of beds.100
IDAS.
Oh! were it so that Crotale
Some Deity should bring to me!
His reign alone will I approve
On earth or 'mid the stars above,
And more, a copse I will decree ..... 105And say, "God dwells beneath this tree,Ye uninitiated, flyThis temple of the Deity."

## Astacus.

Urimur in Crotalen : si quis mea vota deorum Audiat, huic soli, virides qua gemmeus undas Fons agit et tremulo percurrit lilia rivo, Inter pampineas ponetur faginus ulmos.

> IDAS.

Ne contemne casas et pastoralia tecta: $\quad 60$ Rusticus est, fateor, sed non et barbarus Idas. Saepe vaporato mihi cespite palpitat agnus, Saepe cadit festis devota Palilibus agna.

## Astacus.

Nos quoque pomiferi Laribus consuevimus horti Mittere primitias et fingere liba Priapo, 65

## Astacus.

For Crotale I longing burn ; If any God his ear shall turn110To catch my vows, alone to Him,Where emerald wavelets kiss the brimOf yonder fount begemmed with spray,And o'er the beds of lilies playIn rippling streams, will I set up115
'Mid vine-clad elms a beechen cup.
IDAS.
From lowly hut and shepherd's roof
Stand not so scornfully aloof;
Idas is clownish, I confess,
But bears no taint of savageness. ..... 120
Oft, where my turf-built altar steams,
A struggling he-lamb's lifeblood gleams,And oft on Pales' festivalsA ewe-lamb in her honour falls.
Astacus.
We too have hesitated not ..... 125
To offer from our orchard plot
Its first-fruits for the Lares' sake,And cheese-cakes for Priapus make;

Rorantesque favos damus et liquentia mella :
Nec fore grata minus, quam si caper imbuat aras.

## IDAS.

Mille sub uberibus balantes pascimus agnas, Totque Tarentinae praestant mihi vellera matres. Per totum niveus premitur mihi caseus annum : 70 Si venias, Crotale, totus tibi serviet hornus.

Astacus.
Qui numerare velit, quam multa sub arbore nostra Poma legam, citius tenues numerabit arenas. Semper olus metimus, nec bruma nec impedit aestas; Si venias, Crotale, totus tibi serviet hortus. 75
Both dripping honeycombs we give, And honey trickling from the hive;

## Nor will they less acceptance gain,

 Than if a goat the altar stain.
## IDAS.

# My flock-a thousand ewe-lambs bleat Still tugging at the mother's teat ; <br> For me in rich Tarentum's field <br> As many dams their fleeces yield; In my unfailing press is found A snow-white cheese the whole year round. <br> Come, and this produce Crotale, Shall wholly at your service be. 

## Astacus.

How many apples fallen thick Beneath our tree my fingers pick Would any count, 'twere easier feat To count a field of straggling wheat. Nor Winter's reign nor Summer's sway
Forbid fresh salad every day.
Come, and this garden, Crotale, Shall wholly at your service be.

## IDAS.

Quamvis siccus ager languentes excoquat herbas, Sume tamen calathos nutanti lacte coactos. Vellera tunc dabimus, quum primum tempus apricum Surget, et a tepidis fiet tonsura Kalendis.

## Astacus.

Et nos, quos etiam praetorrida munerat aestas, 80 Mille renidenti dabimus tibi cortice Chias, Castaneasque nuces totidem, cum sole Decembri Maturis nucibus virides rumpentur echini.

## IDAS.

Num, precor, informis videor tibi? num gravis annis?

Decipiorque miser, quoties mollissima tango

## IDAS.

Although the moisture-lacking ground Parch up the drooping herbage round, With creamy riches to the brim. Our gift of fleeces shall begin, When open weather first sets in, And, when the tepid Kalends cool
The air, our sheep shall lose their wool.

## Astacus.

We too, to whom a summer's heat, However scorching, brings its treat, For you a thousand figs will find Of Chian growth with glossy rind ; Of chestnuts too a like display, When, in the sun's December ray Maturing, the green husks have burst Wherein the ripening nuts were nurst.

## IDAS.

Pray tell me, if my form appears ..... 165
So foul to you? so bowed with years?

Must I with shame the cheat confess Each time my hands these features press

Ora manu, primique sequor vestigia floris Nescius, et gracili digitos lanugine fallo?

Astacus.
Fontibus in liquidis quoties me conspicor, ipse
Admiror toties : etenim sic flore iuventae
Induimur vultus, ut in arbore saepe notavi 90
Cerea sub tenui lucere Cydonia lana.

## IDAS.

Carmina poscit.amor, nec fistula cedit amori ;
Sed fugit, ecce! dies, revocatque crepuscula vesper. Hinc tu, Daphni, greges, illinc agat Alphesiboeus.

Astacus.
Iam resonantfrondes, iam cantibus obstrepit arbos, 95

So wholly smooth, or when I trace
A beard's first outlines on my face, $\quad 170$
And with an unsuspicious grasp
The tender down my fingers clasp ?

## Astacus.

Each time I see my figure setIn some clear-watered rivulet,So often gazing I admire ;175
For youth's fair bloom doth so attireMy cheeks with down, as I have seenErewhile on trees a lucent sheenWithin Cydonian quinces glowTheir woolly nap of down below.180
IDAS.
Love at our hands a sonnet asks,
Nor doth our pipe refuse Love's tasks ;
But see! the day is wellnigh goneAnd Vesper brings the twilight on.Daphnis, on this side, drive the sheep185
And those Alphesiboeus keep.

## Astacus.

Now stirs a breeze the leaves among, And rustling trees o'erwhelm our song.

I procul, i Doryla, plenumque reclude canalem, Et sine iamdudum sitientes irriget hortos. Vix ea finierant, senior cum talia Thyrsis :

## Thyrsis.

Este pares, et ob hoc concordes vivite, nam vos Et decor et cantus et amor sociavit et aetas. 100

Go, Dorylas, to yonder side,
Set the chief runnel open wide, 190
And let the gardens quaff their fill
That long have thirsted for its rill.

Scarce had their song's last echoes died, When aged Thyrsis thus replied;

Thyrsis.
" Be equals, and, inspired thereby, 195
Together live in harmony.
For you by songs, and beauty's pride, And love, and age, are close allied."

## ECLOGA TERTIA. Iollas, Lycidas.

## Iollas.

Numquid in hac, Lycida, vidisti forte iuvencam Valle meam? solet ista tuis occurrere tauris, Et iam paene duas, dum quaeritur, eximit horas ;
Nec tamen apparet. Duris ego perdita ruscis Iamdudum nullis dubitavi crura rubetis 5
Scindere, nec quidquam post tantum sanguinis egi.

## Lycidas.

Non satis attendi nec enim vacat. Uror, Iolla; Uror, et immodice : Lycidan ingrata reliquit

## ECLOGUE III.

Iollas, Lycidas.

## Iollas.

Say, Lycidas, has any chance
Directed in this vale your glance
Towards my heifer? fain is she
To meet your bulls perpetually.
And now, since on her track I went,
Two fruitless hours are wellnigh spent,
And yet she comes not into view;
Long time the valley ranging through,
I grazed 'gainst bush and briar my shins,
Sore damaged by the prickly whins
That met me, natheless all this blood
Has brought but small return of good.

## Lycidas.

I kept scant watch, no time had I, Iollas, fiercest jealousy
Consumed me, jealousy past aid,
Phyllis has left me, thankless jade,

Phyllis, amatque novum post tot mea munera Mopsum.

## Iollas.

Mobilior ventis o!femina: sic tua Phyllis ?
Quae sibi, nam memini, si quando solus abesses, Mella etiam sine te iurabat amara videri.

Lycidas.
Altius ista querar, si forte vacabit, Iolla :
Has pete nunc salices, et laevas flecte sub ulmos.
Nam cum prata calent, illic requiescere noster
15
Taurus amat, gelidaque iacet spatiosus in umbra,
Et matutinas revocat palearibus herbas.

## IOLLAS.

Non equidem, Lycida, quamvis contemptus abibo :

## And, spite of gifts I rain on her, <br> The upstart Mopsus can prefer.

## IOLLAS.

So true your Phyllis to her kind ?
So fickle more than fickle wind ?
Yet she, if memory serve me right,
When you were missing from her sight,
Would swear, that honey's cloying sweet,
You absent, seemed a bitter treat.

## Lycidas.

Whene'er, Iollas, you've the time, 25
My griefs shall find an ample rhyme ;
Now towards the left your heifer through
These willow beds and elms pursue,
For, when the meadows glow with heat, Our bull delights for his retreat 30
To choose that nook, and stalking there 'Mid the cool shadows makes his lair, And to his dewlap bids repass His matin meal of half-chewed grass.

## Iollas.

No, Lycidas, 'tis here I stay,
Howe'er your pride wish me away.

Tityre, quas dixit, salices pete laevus, et illinc, Si tamen invenies, deprensam verbere multo 20 Huc age ; sed fractum referas hastile memento. Nunc age dic, Lycida : quae vos tam magna tulere Iurgia ? quis vestro deus intervenit amori?

## Lycidas.

Phyllide contentus sola, tu testis, Iolla, es, Calliroen sprevi, quamvis cum dote rogaret.
En sibi cum Mopso calamos intexere cera Incipit, et puero comitata sub ilice cantat. Haec ego cum vidi, fateor, sic intimus arsi, Ut nihil ulterius tulerim : nam protinus ambas Diduxi tunicas, et pectora nuda cecidi.
Search, Tityrus, these willows through,Search leftward as he said to you,And, if you chance to find her there,
Bring here your captive, never spare ..... 40
The unrestricted lash, but mind,Leave not your broken crook behind.Now tell me, Lycidas, what highContention crossed your amity,
Who was the power malign, that came ..... 45
Betwixt you and your whilom flame?
Lycidas.
Content with Phyllis' love was I,
You can, Iollas, testify,
And therefore to Callirrhoe mute,
Albeit a dower backed her suit ; ..... 50
When suddenly the wanton maid
Joins her with wax by Mopsus' aid
New reeds, and with her boyish swain
Beneath the ilex lifts her strain.
This sight, scarce seen for very shame, ..... 55
Set all my inmost heart aflame,Nor further insult might I brook,For in a sudden heat I tookAnd downward rent her double vest
To beat her unprotected breast ; ..... 60

# Alcippen irata petit, dixitque: relicto <br> Improbe, te, Lycida, Mopsum tua Phyllis amabit. <br> Nunc penes Alcippen manet, ac ne forte vagetur, <br> Ah vereor: nec tam nobis ego Phyllida reddi Exopto, quam quod Mopso iurgetur anhelo. 

## Iollas.

A te coeperunt tua iurgia. Tu prior illi Victas tende manus; decet indulgere puellae, Vel cum prima nocet. Si quid mandare iuvabit, Sedulus iratae contingam nuntius aures.

Lycidas.
Iamdudum meditor, quo Phyllida carmine placem. 40 Forsitan audito poterit mitescere cantu ;
Alcippe sought the wrathful maid,And, as she left my presence, said,"From you your Phyllis' love shall pass
To Mopsus, spiteful Lycidas."65
But, lest from door to door she roamHereafter, much I fear, nor strainTo win my Phyllis back againSo hotly, as I pant to seeMopsus and her at enmity.70
Iollas.
It was from you the quarrel burstTo flame ; yourself be therefore firstTo stretch to her a suppliant hand ;Maidens our pardon may command,E'en though their fault bear earlier date,75
And if you trust me with your fate,-
A zealous go-between,-I'll preachTo ears incensed a humble speech.
Lycidas.Long since to charm her back I try,And muse what song shall pacify ;8o
It may be, when she hears my strain,Her heart may soften once again;

Et solet illa meas ad sidera ferre Camoenas.

Iollas.
Dic age, nam cerasi tua cortice verba notabo, Et decisa feram rutilanti carmina libro.

## Lycidas.

Hastibi, Phylli, preces iam pallidus, hos tibi cantus 45
Dat Lycidas, quos nocte miser modulator acerba, Dum flet, et excluso disperdit lumina somno. Non sic destricta marcescit turdus oliva, Non lepus, extremas legulus cum sustulit uvas, Ut Lycidas domina sine Phyllide tabidus erro. 50 Te sine, vae misero, mihi lilia nigra videntur, Nec sapiunt fontes, et acescunt vina bibenti.

Know you her wont is to exalt My verses to the starry vault?

## Iollas.

Speak then, for on this cherry bark
Your graven phrases will I mark,
And so your verses, shorn away
From the red rind, to her convey.

## Lycidas.

To you these prayers, these lines to you Doth Lycidas, now wan of hue,
Fair Phyllis, send ; ah! woful wight! He tunes them through the dismal night, When drenched in tears he exiles sleep, And wasted eyes sad vigils keep.
No thrush so dwindles on lean fare
When olive trees are stript and bare, No hare so shrinks to meagre shape When gleaners pick the latest grape, As barred my queen's, my Phyllis' love I, Lycidas, all wasted rove.
For when you are not by, alack!
Then lilies change from white to black,
Each pleasant runnel tasteless grows,
And sour each draught of Bacchus flows.

At si tu venias, et candida lila fient,
Et sapient fontes, et dulcia vina bibentur.
Ille ego sum Lycidas, quo te cantante solebas 55
Dicere felicem, cui dulcia saepe dedisti
Oscula, nec medios dubitasti rumpere cantus, Atque inter calamos errantia labra petisti.

Ah dolor, et post haec placuit tibi torrida Mopsi Vox, et carmen iners, et acerbae stridor avenae ? 60 Quem sequeris ? quem, Phylli, fugis ? formosior illo Dicor, et hoc ipsum mihi tu iurare solebas.

Sum quoque divitior: certaverit ille tot haedos
Pascere, quot nostri numerantur vespere tauri.
Quid tibi, quae nosti, referam? scis, optima Phylli, 65But should your presence grace us, then105
The lilies will be white again :
No longer runnels tasteless pour,
And Bacchus' draughts be sweet once more.I am that Lycidas, whose voice,You vowed, could make you oft rejoice inoTo hear its tones, on whom you rainedDelicious kisses unrestrainedFull many a time ; nay, thought not wrongTo interrupt my half-heard song,Seeking once more to kiss in playII 5
My lips, as o'er the reeds they stray.Ah grief! and could you in the endTo love of Mopsus condescend!His feeble Muse, his rough-toned speech,His scrannel straw's ill-grating screech !120
Whom follow you, whom, Phyllis, fly?
Far goodlier man, they say, am I,
Than e'er was he ; that this is so,Your own lips told me long ago.His means too cannot match with mine,125
Let him but try to feed as fineA flock of kids, as 1 can callMy herd of bulls at evening fall.Yet needs not, gentle maid, that IRefresh your untired memory.130

Quam numerosa meis siccetur bucula mulctris, Et quam multa suos suspendat ad ubera natos. Sed mihi nec gracilis sine te fiscella salicto Texitur, et nullo tremuere coagula lacte. Quod si dura times etiam nunc verbera, Phylli, 70 Tradimus ecce manus : licet illae et vimine torto Scilicet et lenta post tergum vite domentur, Ut mala nocturni religavit brachia Mopsi Tityrus, et furem medio suspendit ovili. Accipe, ne dubites, meruit manus utraque poenas. 75 His tamen, his isdem manibus tibi saepe palumbes, Saepe etiam leporem, decepta matra, paventem Misimus in gremium ; per me tibi lilia prima
How many heifers drain their teat
Into our dairy-pails you weet;
How large the milky mothers' ring,
When round their dugs the younglings cling.But I've no skill, bereft of thee,135
To weave me from the willow tree
A slender strainer, nor to makeEach pan of milk with rennet shake.
But if you may not even yet,Sweet Phyllis, those ill blows forget,140
See I surrender here my hands,Bid them be bound with firmest bandsOf withes behind my back, and toughVine saplings add correction rough.As Tityrus late to the side145
Of nightly-prowling Mopsus tied
His thievish arms, and high among
The folded sheep that robber hung.Seize, seize them, do not hesitate,
Each hand alike deserves its fate; ..... 150
And yet 'twas oft their lucky hap
To fill with turtle doves your lap;Oft too a trembling leveret
Snared with its mother in my net
These self-same hands to you conveyed ; ..... 155
The earliest lilies by my aid,

Contigerunt, primaeque rosae ; vixdum bene florem Degustabat apis, tu cingebare coronis.
Aurea sed forsan mendax tibi munera iactat,
Qui metere occidua ferales nocte lupinos
Dicitur, et cocto pensare legumine panem :
Qui sibi tunc felix, tunc fortunatus habetur, Vilia cum subigit manualibus hordea saxis.

Quod si turpis amor precibus, quod abominor, istis Obstiterit, laqueum miseri nectemus ab illa Ilice, quae nostros primum violavit amores. Hi tamen ante mala figentur in arbore versus : Credere, pastores, levibus nolite puellis ;

Phyllida Mopsus amat, Lycidan habet ultima rerum.

The earliest roses, you possess'd, Scarce had the bee some floweret, press'd For honey, sipped, a garland bound Your brow with circling blooms around.
But yet this liar may perchance
His glittering gifts to you enhance,
Who oft at hush of night, 'tis said,
Plucks lupines-offerings of the dead,-
And many a while his lack of cates
With sodden pottage compensates ; Who deems himself then blessed by Fate, Then to be hailed as fortunate,
When his own hands his handmill turn, Grinding cheap barley in his quern.
But if (forbid it Powers Divine!)
Still rise to crush these prayers of mine
Some base affection, from yon tree
I'll hang to end this misery
A knotted cord-yon ilex there,
Which first profaned a love so fair.
Yet ere I die, this verse shall be
Engraven on th' ill-omened tree, "Ye shepherd swains, be disinclined
To trust young maids of fickle mind,
Mopsus finds love in Phyllis' eyes,
And death claims Lycidas his prize."

Nunc age, si quidquam miseris succurris, Iolla, Perfer, et exora modulato Phyllida cantu. Ipse procul stabo, vel acuta carice tectus, Vel propius latitans vicina saepe sub horti.

## Iollas.

Ibimus : et veniet, nisi me praesagia fallunt. Nam bonus a dextra fecit mihi Tityrus omen, Qui venit inventa non irritus ecce iuvenca.
Come now, Iollas, if you can
Succour a miserable man,
Convey to Phyllis these my prayers, ..... 185
But set them first to plaintive airs.I will betake me far afield,Or crouch in prickly sedge concealed,Or 'neath this neighbouring altar lie,As oft in its vicinity.190
Iollas.
We'll onward, she will soon appear,If I can read these portents clear,For see! an omen on the right!Here's honest Tityrus in sight,Bringing (nor was his search in vain)195My long-lost heifer in his train.

## ECLOGA QUARTA.

Meliboeus, Corydon, Amyntas.
Meliboeus.
Quid tacitus, Corydon, vultuque subinde minaci, Quidve sub hac platano, quam garrulus adstrepit humor,

Infesta statione sedes ? iuvat humida forsan Ripa, levatque diem vicini spiritus amnis ?

## Corydon.

Carmina iamdudum, non quae nemorale resultent, 5 Volvimus, o Meliboee, sed haec, quibus aurea possint Saecula cantari, quibus et deus ipse canatur, Qui populos urbemque regit pacemque togatam.

## ECLOGUE IV.

## Meliboeus, Corydon, Amyntas.

Meliboeus.
Say, Corydon, why speech subdued, And with a fitful boding mood, Or why beneath this plane, whose feet The streamlet's brawling waters beat, Do you thus strangely posted stay? The day is fanned by breezes cool.

## Corydon.

O Meliboeus, for some time
My thoughts are weaving into rhyme.
No woodland joys my Muse engage,
My song is of the Golden Age
If I may sing it, yes, my theme
Is of that self-same Power supreme,
Who rules the peoples, rules the town
And Peace robed in her civic gown.

## Meliboeus.

Dulce quidem resonas, nec te diversus Apollo
Despicit, o iuvenis, sed magnae numina Romae ıo
Non ita cantari debent, ut ovile Menalcae.

Corydon.
Quidquid id est, silvestre licet videatur acutis
Auribus, et nostro tantum memorabile pago :
Dum mea rusticitas, si non valet arte polita
Carminis, at certe valeat pietate probari.
Rupe sub hac eadem, quam proxima pinus obumbrat, Haec eadem nobis frater meditatur Amyntas,
Quem vicina meis natalibus admovet aetas.

## Meliboeus.

Harmonious are your songs in sooth, Nor doth Apollo, happy youth, Look on you with averted eyes ; But Rome's majestic deities
Demand a higher flight of wing,
Than when Menalcas' fold you sing.

## Corydon.

> I care not if my song appears,

How slight soever, rude to ears
Acutely strung, and only meet

## To mention in our village street :

This my uncourtliness of speech,
Although its rhythm fail to reach A style urbane, deserves, you'll own, Praise for its reverential tone. 30 With kindred thoughts beneath the shade, Which o'er this rock yon pine has made, With kindred thoughts to mine his Muse My brother, young Amyntas, woos, Whose age and mine so equal run
Our natal days are blent in one.

Meliboeus.
Iam puerum calamos et odorae vincula cerae Iungere non cohibes, levibus quem saepe cicutis 20 Ludere conantem vetuisti fronte paterna ? Dicentem, Corydon, te non semel ista notavi : Frange, puer, calamos, et inanes desere Musas ;
I, potius glandes rubicundaque collige corna, Duc ad mulctra greges, et lac venale per urbem 25 Non tacitus porta. Quid' enim tibi fistula reddet
Quo tutere famem ? certe mea carmina nemo
Praeter ab his scopulis ventosa remurmurat Echo.

## Corydon.

Haec ego, confiteor, dixi, Meliboee, sed olim :

## Meliboeus.

What ? can the lad (and you consent) With bands of fragrant wax cement His joints of sounding reedstems now? Yet oft with right paternal brow,
If e'er on hemlock slight he tried An air, your license you denied. Yes, Corydon, not once nor twice I marked you giving this advice; "Break, boy, thy vocal reeds to bits,
And cry the thankless Muses quits;Go, better far to stack up rowsOf acorns and plum-coloured sloes,Lead cattle to the milking-pail,And through the City hawk for saleThy milk, nor voice, nor cry be mute.For where's the harvest of thy fluteTo stay withal thy hunger pains ?For past a doubt not one my strains
Repeats, except the Echo's sough, ..... 55Reverberating from yon bluff."

## Corydon.

I own, I used such words before, But, Meliboeus, 'twas of yore ;

Non eadem nobis sunt tempora, non deus idem. 30
Spes magis arridet: certe ne fraga rubosque Colligerem, viridique famem solarer hibisco, Tu facis, et tua nos alit indulgentia farre. Tu nostras miseratus opes docilemque iuventam, Hiberna prohibes ieiunia solvere fago. 35

Ecce nihil querulum per te, Meliboee, sonamus ;
Per te secura saturi recubamus in umbra, Et fruimur silvis Amaryllidos, ultima nuper Littora terrarum, nisi tu, Meliboee, fuisses, Ultima visuri, trucibusque obnoxia Mauris

Pascua Geryonis, liquidis ubi cursibus ingens
Dicitur occiduas impellere Baetis arenas.
Scilicet extremo nunc vilis in orbe iacerem,
Our times are altered now, I deem,And altered too our God supreme.60
Hope brighter smiles : if certes IThe bramble's fruit or strawberry
Collect not, nor my hunger-pain
With green marsh-mallows yet restrain,'Tis all your doing, and with bread65
By your indulgence we are fed.
Compassionating in kind ruth
Our slender means and quick-schooled youth,
You will not let us break our fast
On winter stores of beechen mast. ..... 70
Through thee alone no plaintive noteWakes, Meliboeus, from our oat;Through thee full-fed in careless easeWe lounge beneath these leafy trees,Or Amaryllis' woodland lair,75Who, save for Meliboeus' care,Were destined lately to exploreEarth's farthest, aye, her farthest shore,And Geryon's meads, a wealthy prizeTo tempt the fierce Moor's avarice,80
Where Baetis huge, so legends say,
Rolls downward on his western way
To find the shore. Good sooth should I
At the world's end an outcast lie,

Ah dolor, et pecudes inter conductus Iberas Irrita septena modularer sibila canna: 45́
Nec quisquam nostras inter dumeta Camoenas
Respiceret: non ipse daret mihi forsitan aurem,
Ipse deus vacuam, longeque sonantia vota
Scilicet extremo non exaudiret in orbe.
Sed nisi forte tuas melior sonus avocat aures,
Et nostris aliena magis tibi carmina rident, Vis, hodierna tua subigatur pagina lima ?
Nam tibi non tantum venturos discere nimbos, Agricolis qualemque ferat sol aureus ortum, Attribuere dei, sed dulcia carmina saepe 55

Concinis, et modo te Baccheis Musa corymbis Munerat, et lauro modo pulcher obumbrat Apollo.
Or hired, ah well a day! to keep ..... 85
Iberian herds and flocks of sheep,Or pour an ineffectual strain,And to my sevenfold pipe complain.No mortal wight should condescendMy bushborn Muses to befriend90
With kindly look; no listening earOur sovran lord should lend to hear,
Nor catch the far, far echoing soundOf prayers from earth's remotest bound.But if no more aspiring lay95
Shall chance your ears to steal away,
Nor verse that falls from other lipsYour pleasure in my songs eclipse,That verse (why not ?) this day I writYour critic file shall polish it.100
For not alone you recognizeThe coming tempests ere they riseOn husbandmen, or how the mornWill prove from ruddy sunset born
(From Heaven to you this knowledge grows), 105But sweetest melodies composeFull often ; now the Tragic MuseWith bunches due to Bacchus woosYour gifts, and with his laurel nowBeauteous Apollo shades your brow.IIO

Quod si tu faveas trepido mihi, forsitan illos
Experiar calamos, here quos mihi doctus Iollas
Donavit, dixitque : Truces haec fistula tauros 60
Conciliat, nostroque sonat dulcissima Fauno.
Tityrus hanc habuit, cecinit qui primus in istis
Montibus Hyblaea modulabile carmen avena.

Meliboeus.
Magna petis, Corydon, si Tityrus esse laboras :
Ille fuit vates sacer, et qui posset avena
Praesonuisse chelym, blandae cui saepe canenti Allusere ferae, cui substitit advena quercus,
Quem modo cantantem rutilo spargebat acantho Nais, et implicitos comebat pectine crines.
But oh! if you would gratify
My longing, haply I might try
Those reeds, which yesterday to meIollas, skilled in melody,Presented with a simple word,115"This pipe doth tame the fiercest herdOf bulls, and on our Faunus' earIts music strikes most dulcet clear.'Twas Tityrus that owned it erst,Who in these mountains was the first120
To carol ditties, that might suit
The tones of Hybla's sweetest flute."
Meliboeus.
Your aims, my Corydon, are high,If to be Tityrus you try;
A bard inspired with heaven-born fire, ..... 125
His pipe might well outsing that lyre
Whose tone could draw to frolic game
Wild beasts, and bade the oaks, that came
To listen, halt ; when he did sing,The Naiad oft a wreath would bring130
Of red Acanthus blooms, and tryHis tangled locks to comb and tie.

## CORYDON.

Est fateor, Meliboee, deus, sed nec mihi Phoebus 70
Forsitan abnuerit; tu tantum commodus audi :
Scimus enim, quam te non aspernetur Apollo.

Meliboeus.
Incipe, nam faveo, sed prospice, ne tibi forte Tinnula tam fragili respiret fistula buxo, Quam resonare solet, si quando laudat Alexim. 75 Hos potius calamos, magis hos sectare canales, Et preme, qui dignas cecinerunt consule silvas. Incipe, ne dubita. Venit en et frater Amyntas:
Cantibus iste tuis alterno succinet ore.
Dicite, ne mora sit, vicibusque reducite carmen : 80

## Coryidon.

Inspired he is, I must confess ; Yet, Meliboeus, none the less
Phoebus may deign myself to hear,

So you but lend a kindly ear :
For well I weet Apollo ne'er
Can slight you, or despise your prayer.

Meliboeus.
Proceed, for I'm a critic kind, Yet warily, or you may find
The fragile boxwood prove too weak, Forcing your tinkling pipe to squeak
A note so slight as that, whene'er Alexis' praises are its care.
Rather, far rather set your mind 145
Those reeds, those well-joined pipes, to find Which whilom sung, when I besought " Woods worthy of a consul's thought."
Begin, and have no thought of me.
Your brother, too, Amyntas, see,
Alternate to your every strain His lips shall echo a refrain.
Begin, ye must not dally long, And each by turns take up the song:

Tuque prior, Corydon, tu proximus ibis, Amynta.

Corydon.
Ab Iove principium, si quis canit aethera, sumat, Si quis Atlantiaci molitur pondus Olympi : At mihi, qui nostras praesenti numine terras Perpetuamque regit iuvenili robore pacem,

Laetus et Augusto felix arrideat ore.

Amyntas.
Me quoque facundo comitatus Apolline Caesar Respiciat, montes neu dedignetur adire, Quos et Phoebus amat, quos Iuppiter ipse tuetur : In quibus augustos visuraque saepe triumphos 90 Laurus fructificat, vicinaque nascitur arbos.
You, Corydon, lead off, and then, ..... I 55
Amyntas, you reply again.

## Corydon.

Let every bard prelude with Jove, Who would extol the realms above, Whoso Olympus' weight would bear, By Atlas balanced in mid air. 160 And he, th' incarnate God, whose sway All lands of this our earth obey, By whose young prowess ne'er shall cease The blessings of eternal peace, Let him, a bright propitious friend,
Imperial patronage extend.

## Amyntas.

Me too shall Caesar, in whose train
Moves eloquent Apollo, deign
To have respect unto, nor fear
Among these mountains to appear,
170
Sharers alike of Phoebus' love,
And of the guardian care of Jove:
Mountains, where bays fair-fruited blow,
And oaks companionably grow,
Destined through many a coming day
Imperial triumphs to survey.

## Corydon.

Ipse polos etiam qui temperat igne geluque, Iuppiter ipse parens, cui tu iam proximus ipse, Caesar, abes, posito paulisper fulmine saepe Cressia rura petit, viridique reclinis in antro Carmina Dictaeis audit Curetica silvis.

Amyntas.
Aspicis, ut virides audito Caesare silvae Conticeant ? memini, quamvis urgente procella, Sic nemus immotis subito requiescere ramis, Et dixi : deus hinc, certe deus expulit Euros: 100 Nec mora; Pharsalae solverunt sibila cannae.

## Corydon.

He even, who doth ever mould
Heaven's climes by change of heat and cold, Great Jove, the universal sire, (From whom thou, Caesar, may'st aspire, 180 Thyself to hold the second place),
Dropping his thunderbolts a space, Oft wends to Cretan meads his way, And lists to some Curetic lay, Reclined at ease in verdant cave, O'er which Dictaean forests wave.

## Amyntas.

Mark you, how at the very sound Of Caesar's name the greenwood round Grows wholly still? my thought recalls, How when the air was thick with squalls, 190 Yon leafy copse stood all at rest, And not a breeze the boughs possessed; " A God," I cried, "'tis sure a God, Drave hence the east winds with his nod," And forthwith each Pharsalian reed Their piping notes from dumbness freed.

## Corydon.

Aspicis, ut teneros subitus vigor excitet agnos?
Utque superfuso magis ubera lacte graventur, Et nuper tonsis exundent vellera foetis?
Hoc ego iam, memini, semel hac in valle notavi, 105 Et, venisse Palen, pecoris dixisse magistros.

## Amyntas.

Scilicet omnis eum tellus, gens omnis adorat, Diligiturque deis : quem sic taciturna verentur Arbuta, cuius iners audito nomine tellus Incaluit, floremque dedit, cui silva vocato
Densat odore comas, stupefacta regerminat arbos.

## CORYDON.

> Yon tender lambkins, do but mark,
> Thrill with a sudden vigorous spark,
> And see! the ewes' teats weightier show, Flushed with the milk's o'erpouring flow, 200 And fuller fleeces do adorn Those dams that were so lately shorn.
This scene (so runs my memory)
Once in this valley met my eye
Before ; then spake the shepherds thus, 205 "Pales is come to visit us."

## Amyntas.

Yea, every country, every tribe, Worship and praise to Him ascribe, And He is by all gods beloved To whom yon arbutes thus unmoved 210
Do reverence: from the sluggish Earth, Warmed to new life, fresh flowers had birth, When she had only heard his name ; The forest, stirred by his acclaim, Her boskage lavishly perfumes, 215 And awe-charmed trees renew their blooms.

## Corydon.

Illius ut primum senserunt numina terrae,
Coepit et uberior, sulcis fallentibus olim,
Luxuriare seges, tandemque legumina plenis Vix resonant siliquis, nec praefocata malignum 115 Messis habet lolium, nec inertibus albet avenis.

## Amyntas.

Iam neque damnatos metuit iactare ligones Fossor, et inuento, si fors dedit, utitur auro. Nec timet, ut nuper, dum iugera versat arator, Ne sonet offenso contraria vomere massa, 120 Iamque palam presso magis et magis instat aratro.

Corydon.
Ille dat, ut primas Cereri dare cultor aristas

## Corydon.

Soon as the lands began to feel
His godlike influence o'er them steal,Furrows, which we had seen belieOur hopes, in new fertility220
Luxuriate ; beans full-podded yieldNo vacuous rattling, and the fieldChokes not with darnel, weed malign,Nor fears the oats' unfruitful shine.
Amyntas.
Our swains need fear no more to ply ..... 225
Their spades as under penalty,But, if Dame Fortune's gifts are kind,May freely spend the gold they find;Nor need the ploughman, as of yore,Upturning loosened clods, deplore,230
Lest his share's jarring note betraySome obstacle that blocks his way,For openly he leans him nowMore and more firmly on his plough.
Corydon.
Through His boon Ceres can command ..... 235
Her firstfruits at each tiller's hand,

Possit, et intacto Bromium perfundere vino,
Ut nudus ruptas saliat calcator in uvas,
Utque bono plaudat paganica turba magistro, 125
Qui facit egregios ad pervia compita ludos.

Amyntas.
Ille meis pacem dat montibus: ecce per illum
Seu cantare iuvat, seu ter pede lenta ferire
Gramina, nullus obest : licet et cantare choreis,
Et cantus viridante licet mihi condere libro, 130
Turbida nec calamos iam surdant classica nostros.

## Corydon.

Numine Caesareo securior ipse Lycaeas
Pan recolit silvas, et amoena Faunus in umbra

And Bromius quaffs from many a vine, Libations now of unbroached wine, Through Him our bursting clusters greet The vintagers' bare-treading feet,
Through Him the peasants shout acclaim To the kind Master of their game, Whene'er at crossings of the way He celebrates high holiday.

## Amyntas.

He on our mountains Peace bestows:
No obstacles, I trow, oppose
(To Him be thanks) our wish to beat
In triple measure with swift feet
The sluggish grass, or rouse a glee ;
To us both song and dance are free.
Nay more, my Muse unfettered graves
On yon green bark her rhythmic staves.
Nor are our reedpipes henceforth drowned By the loud-braying trumpet's sound.

## Corydon.

Under this charm of Caesar's reign, 255
Pan lighter-hearted doth again
Visit each cool Lycaean glade,
And Faunus in the pleasant shade

Securus recubat, placido quin fonte lavatur Nais, et humanum non calcatura cruorem 135 Per iuga siccato velox pede currit Oreas.

## Amyntas.

Di, precor, hunc iuvenem, quem vos, neque fallet, $a b$ ipso
Aethere misistis, post longa reducite vitae
Tempora, vel potius mortale resolvite pensum,
Et date perpetuo coelestia fila metallo :
140
Sit deus, et nolit pensare Palatia coelo.

## Corydon.

Tu commutata seu Iuppiter ipse figura,
Caesar, ades, seu quis superum sub imagine falsa
Mortalique lates (es enim deus): hunc, precor, orbem,
Lies at his ease ; the Naiads lave In yonder Fount's unruffled wave ..... 260
Their beauties; and, afraid no moreOf trampling in fresh human gore,O'er hilltops the Oreads, fleetOf limb, scour with unmoistened feet.
Amyntas.
O gods, I pray ye, this same youth ..... 265
(For ye yourselves, in very sooth,
Did send Him down from Heaven to man),After a life's far-lengthened span,Recall to you, or else insteadUntwine for Him our mortal thread,270
And grant Him a celestial skeinOf metal, that shall aye remain :Let Him be God, yet not inclineFor Heaven to change His Palatine.
Corydon.
Thou Caesar (whether thou dost dare ..... 275
Jove's form commuted thus to wear,Or some supernal power liesHidden in counterfeited guiseOf mortal mould, yet God), I prayStill may'st thou o'er this orb bear sway280

Hos, precor, aeternus populos rege : sit tibi coeli 145
Vilis amor, coeptamque, pater, ne desere pacem.

## Meliboeus.

Rustica credebam nemorales carmina vobis Concessisse deos, et obesis auribus apta: Verum, quae paribus modo concinuistis avenis, Tam liquidum, tam dulce sonant, ut non ego malim, Quod Peligna legunt examina, lambere nectar. 151

## Corydon.

O mihi quam tereti decurrens carmine versus
Tum, Meliboee, sonet, si quando in montibus istis
Dicar habere Larem, si quando nostra videre
Pascua contingat; vellit nam saepius aurem

# And these wide populaces prove Thine empire endless : let thy love, Great Father, slight its Heaven, nor cease Thy new-inaugurated Peace. 

Meliboeus.
My fancy used to whisper me, 285
That clownish was the melody
Bestowed on you by sylvan gods,
And fit for ears of dullard clods;
But all your late concerted notes,
Proceeding from your well-matched oats, 290
Are melodies so clear, so sweet,
It were to me no dearer treat
To sip of that nectareous prize
Bees gather 'neath Pelignian skies.

## Corydon.

O Meliboeus, think but how 295
My verses' unimpassioned flow
Would sound at last a loftier chime,
If on these mountains any time
Some homestead I might call my own,
Or a small pasture ground be shown 300
Belonging by good hap to me ;
But whispered carping Poverty

Invida paupertas, et dixit : ovilia cura. At tu, si qua tamen non aspernanda putabis, Fer, Meliboee, deo mea carmina : nam tibi fas est Sacra Palatini penetralia visere Phoebi.
Tu mihi talis eris, qualis qui dulce sonantem 160 Tityron e silvis dominam deduxit in urbem,
Ostenditque deos, et spreto, dixit, ovili,
Tityre, rura prius, sed post cantabimus arma.

Amyntas.
Respiciat nostros utinam fortuna labores
Pulchrior, et meritae faveat deus ipse iuventae : 165 Non tamen interea tenerum mactabimus haedum, Et pariter subitae peragemus fercula coenae.
Too often, twitching at my ear, "Sheepfolds-thy one sole care is here."
But then if these my songs perchance ..... 305
Win, any one, thy countenance,Bear them, O Meliboeus, bear
Unto the god, for thou may'st dare
Enter that consecrated shrineOf Phoebus on his Palatine.310
To me thou shalt extend such aid
As did that friend, who whilom badeThe sweet-voiced Tityrus removeTo our royal city from his grove,Showed him the Powers, and thus advised, 315"O Tityrus, the fold despised,We first will sing the praise of meads,And afterwards of doughty deeds."
Amyntas.
Oh would that Fortune might beguile Our toil with more auspicious smile, ..... 320
And well deserving youth might findAt God's own hands reception kind !We notwithstanding, while we wait,A tender kid will immolate,And homely dishes will prepare325
For a rough meal-our common care.

## Meliboeus.

Nunc ad flumen oves deducite: iam fremit aestas, Iam sol contractas pedibus magis admovet umbras.

## Meliboeus.

Now marshal to the river side Our flock; for 'tis the hot noontide, And to our feet with lessening sweep The sun-chased shadows nearer creep. 330

## ECLOGA QUINTA.

Mycon.
Forte Mycon senior, Canthusque, Myconis alumnus, Torrentem patula vitabant ilice solem,
Cum iuveni senior praecepta daturus alumno Talia verba refert tremulis titubantia labris:
Mycon.
Quas errare vides inter dumeta capellas, ..... 5Canaque lascivo concidere gramina morsu,Canthe puer, quos ecce greges a monte remotosCernis in aprico decerpere gramina campo,Hos tibi do senior iuveni pater, ipse tuendos
Accipe, iam certe potes insudare labori, ..... 10

## ECLOGUE V.

## Mycon.

The aged Mycon on a day
Beneath a spreading holmoak layWith Canthus, Mycon's foster son,Intent the blazing heat to shun,The while his sire, alert to store5
His youthful mind with garnered lore,
In corresponding measures sangWith trembling lips and quavering twang.Mycon.
Yon herd of she-goats which you may See there among the thickets stray, ..... 10
And with a playful nibbling biteThe grasses yet from hoarfrost white,And, Canthus lad, yon flock of sheep,Which you can see the mountain steep
Desert for yonder sunny mead, ..... I 5
And busy on its pastures feed,
These, Boy, your aged sire I makeMy gift to you, yourself must takeAnd tend them well, for you can moil,I doubt not, lad, can sweat and toil,20

Iam pro me gnavam potes exercere iuventam. Aspicis, ut nobis aetas iam mille querelas Afferat et baculum premat inclinata senectus ? Sed qua lege regas et amantes lustra capellas, Et melius pratis errantes mollibus agnas, 15 Percipe. Vere novo, quum iam tinnire volucres Incipient, nidosque reversa lutabit hirundo, Protinus hiberno pecus omne movebis ovili. Tunc etenim melior vernanti gramine silva Pullat, et aestivas reparabilis inchoat umbras,
Tunc florent silvae, viridisque renascitur annus, Tunc Venus et calidi scintillat fervor amoris, Lascivumque pecus salientes accipit hircos.
And in my stead need never shirkYour young intelligence to work.Mark you, how now advancing years
Bring in their train a thousand cares
To me, how Age with stooping gait ..... 25
Leans on a trusty staff his weight?
But by what law to rule the goats-
A tribe that on the bushes doats,
And lambs-a flock that better feeds
While wandering through the grassy meads, ..... 30
Learn now and know. In early spring,When birds their busy twitteringBegin, and with fresh clay is drestThe home-returning swallow's nest,Let the whole flock without delay35
From winter folds be moved away ;
Then do the budding woods afford
A freer range of fresh greensward,And once again in every gladeRe-introduce the summer shade,40
Then woods put on their leafy train,And the green year is born again ;Then Venus reigns, and in all eyneLove's fervid passions sparkling shine ;And in their wanton sport the flock45Receives the he-goats' covering shock.

Sed non ante greges in pascua mitte reclusos, Quam fuerit placata Pales. Tum cespite vivo 25 Pone focum, Geniumque loci Faunumque Laresque Salso farre voca: tepidos tunc hostia cultros Imbuat ; hac etiam, dum vivit, ovilia lustra. Nec mora, tunc campos ovibus, dumeta capellis, Orto sole dabis, simul hunc transcendere montem 30 Coeperit et primae spatium tepefecerit horae. At si forte vaces, dum matutina relaxat Frigora sol, tumidis spumantia mulctra papillis Implebit, quod mane fluet, rursusque premetur Mane, quod occiduae mulsura redegerit horae. 35 Parce tamen foetis, nec sint compendia tanti,
But when the sheep have left the pen Set them not free to browse again Till Pales be propitiate With sacrifice. An altar straight50
Build thou of freshly springing sods;
Invoke with salted meal the gods, The guardian genius of the spot
The Lars and Faunus. Then the hot
Life-blood must from a victim steep 55
Your ploughshares ; and the folds for sheep
Purge with his blood ere life be gone.
Then stay no longer, but lead on
Your goats to thickets, browsing sheep
To plains, when first o'er yonder steep
The sun begins his early climb,
And warms the hour of matin prime.
But if mayhap you're free to wait
Until the sun's rays dissipate
The early frosts, your morning store
Shall brim the milk-pails foaming o'er
From full-swoln udders, and beside
Whate'er the evening's milking tide
Shall reproduce you must again
For cheeses in the morning strain.
But spare the newly-weaned, nor let
Your thrift at such high rate be set,

Destruat ut niveos venalis caseus agnos:
Nam tibi praecipuo foetura coletur amore.
Te quoque non pudeat, quum serus ovilia vises,
Si qua iacebit ovis partu resoluta recenti,
Hanc humeris portare tuis, natosque tepenti
Ferre sinu tremulos et nondum stare paratos.
Nec tu longinquas procul a praesepibus herbas,
Nec nimis amotae sectabere pabula silvae,
Dum peragit vernum Iovis inconstantia tempus. 45
Veris enim dubitanda fides: modo fronte serena Blandius arrisit, modo cum caligine nimbos Intulit, et miseras torrentibus abstulit agnas. At cum longa dies sitientes afferet aestus,
That snow-white lambs find cause to rue Each gainful cheese to market due ; For dams at yeaning-tide shall prove75
The foremost objects of your love.But if your sheepfolds ever claimA midnight visit, let not shameForbid you, where some sick ewe lies
Spent with her fresh birth-agonies, ..... 80
Such on your shoulder to upheave,
And to your bosom's warmth receive
Her new-dropt shivering progeny,Unused as yet young feet to try.But grassy pastures, that lie far85
From where your stalled inclosures are, Choose not, nor let your stores of food
Be sought in too remote a wood,Whilst Jove with his unsettled sky
Doth balk the Spring continually. ..... 90
For Spring's good faith is marred by guile :
Sometimes she wears a genial smile
On her clear face, and then again
Clouds it with darkening storms of rain,
And down the torrent's rushing way ..... 95
Hurries your lambs, a hapless prey.But when the thirst-creating blazeOf summer grows with lengthening days,

Nec fuerit variante deo mutabile coelum,
Iam silvis committe greges, iam longius herbas
Quaere, sed ante diem pecus exeat: humida dulces
Efficit aura cibos, quoties fugientibus Euris
Frigida nocturno tinguntur pascua rore,
Et matutinae lucent in gramine guttae.
At simul argutae nemus increpuere cicadae,
Ad fontem compelle greges, nec protinus herbas
Et campos permitte sequi: sine protegat illos
Interea veteres quae porrigit esculus umbras.
Verum ubi declivi iam nona tepescere sole 60 Incipiet, seraeque videbitur hora merendae,
Rursus pasce greges et opacos desere lucos.
Nor with the shifting mood of JoveThe sky is changeable above,100Then to the woods your flocks confide,And seek for pastures far and wide,But let the cattle forward fareEre peep of day; the dewy airSweetens their banquet on the crops,105
Oft as at eve the east wind drops,And dews, that coming nightfall yields,Drench all the frozen pasture fields,And with their drops, as morning beams,
Each blade of grass translucent gleams. ..... IIO
But when shrill crickets chirrupingHave made the woodland echoes ring,Straight to the fountain drive your sheep,Nor suffer them unchanged to keepTheir station in the grassy glade;115See them protected by the shadeOf aged oaks, which far and wideFold them in shadow where they bide.But when the ninth hour has begunBeneath a downward sloping sun120
To cool apace, and you shall feel'Tis time for afternoon's late meal,Let the flocks o'er the pastures roveOnce more, and quit the shaded grove.

Nec prius aestivo pecus includatur ovili, Quam levibus nidis somnos captare volucris Cogitet, ac tremuli dent mulctra coagula lactis. 65 Cum iam tempus erit maternas demere lanas, Hircorumque iubas et olentes caedere barbas.
Ante tamen secerne pecus, gregibusque notatis Consimiles include comas, ne longa minutis, Mollia ne duris coeant, ne candida fuscis.

Succida iam tereti constringito vellera iunco, Sed tibi cum vacuas posito velamine costas Denudabit ovis, circumspice, ne sit acuta Forfice laesa cutis, tacitum ne pustula virus Texerit occulto sub vulnere, quae nisi ferro
Nor on the cattle shut the door ..... 125
That bars the summer fold, before
Each bird within her fragile nest
Thinks to compose herself to rest
Before coagulates in cream
Each milk-pan's undulating stream. ..... 130
But when comes round the time of year
Fleece-laden dams to closely shear,
And he-goats' rank malodorous crop
Of hairs on neck and chin to lop;
Yet, ere you start, divide the stock, ..... I35
And, when you've branded all the flock,
Like qualities of fleeces sort
Together, lest or long with short,
Or smooth should mingle with the rough,
Or light with those of darker stuff.140
Now where the greasy fleeces lieWith wisps of reeds in bundles tie.But when, his woolly wrappings laid
Aside, the sheep has once displayed
His naked haunches to your gaze, ..... 145
Then lest the sharp shears chance to graze
His skin, look heedfully around,
Lest underneath the hidden wound
Some blister its slow poison hide,Which, should the lancet not divide150

Rumpitur, ah miserum fragili rubigine corpus Arrodet sanies, et putrida contrahet ossa. Providus (hoc moneo) viventia sulphura tecum, Et scillae caput, et virosa bitumina porta, Ulceribus laturus opem ; nec Brutia desit

Dura tibi ; liquido picis unguine terga, memento, Si sint rasa, linas : vivi quoque pondera melle Argenti coquito, lentumque bitumen aheno, Impressurus ovi tua nomina, nam tibi lites Auferet ingentes lectus possessor in armo.
Nunc etiam, dum siccus ager, dum fervida tellus, Dum rimosa palus et multo torrida limo
Aestuat, et fragiles nimium sol pulverat herbas,
Alas! the bloody pus, that flowsFrom sloughing sores, may decomposeHis carcase, crumbling all the bulkOf bones into a shrivelled hulk.
Forearmed (this warning comes from me) ..... 155
Fresh sulphur, leek's head from the seaBear in your hand ; nor less importBitumen of the rankest sort,Relief for every ulcerous scar.Then also let stiff Bruttian tar160
Stand ready by you : should the hide
(Mark well my words) be scarified,
That unctuous liquid smear on it,
In honey steep a massy bitOf quicksilver ; bitumen, too,165
Your pot shall melt to slimiest glue ;
These serve to stamp your name withal,And stave off many a legal brawl,If on its shoulder clearly placedThe owner's brand-mark can be traced.170
Now, too, while drought attacks the field,While parched is every wold and weald,And seamed with cracks the marshes lie,
Bare sludge heaps reeking to the sky,Baked to the centre; while soft blooms175Of grass the sun to dust consumes,

Lurida conveniet succendere galbana septis, Et tua cervino lustrare mapalia fumo.
Obfuit ille malis odor anguibus; ipse videbis Serpentum cecidisse minas; non stringere dentes
Ulla potest uncos, sed inani debilis ore Marcet, et obtuso iacet exarmata veneno.
Nunc age vicinae, circumspice, tempora brumae 95
Qua ratione geras. Aperit cum vinea sepes, Et portat lectas securus circitor uvas, Incipe falce nemus vivasque recidere frondes. Nunc opus est teneras summatim stringere virgas, Nunc hiemi servare comas, dum permanet humor, 100 Dum viret, et tremulas non excutit Africus umbras.
Within the folds 'twill serve your turnPale yellow galbanums to burn,And with the hartshorn's subtle fumesDeodorize your herdsmen's rooms.180
Deadly that scent is found to be
To noxious snakes ; yourself may see
The darting reptiles' threatened airSubside; not one thenceforth may bareHis crooked poison-fangs, but draws185
Nerveless with ineffectual jaws
His shrivelled bulk, and lays him low
His venomed darts a pointless show.Now list, and while the season bringsMidwinter, cast about for things190It soon will need, your plans dispose.Soon as the vineyard clears its rows,And your vine-dresser, free of cares,The grapes fresh-gathered homeward bears,Begin with knife your underwood195And sprouting saplings to denude.Now is your time and task to lopIts tender branches from the top;Now while the sap remains, to heapYour brushwood up for winter-keep,200
While yet 'tis green, nor Afric's blastEarthward the dancing shade hath cast.

Has tibi conveniet tepidis foenilibus olim Promere, cum pecudes extremus clauserit annus. Hac tibi nitendum est: labor hic in tempore noster, Gnavaque sedulitas redit et pastoria virtus.

Nec pigeat ramos siccis miscere recentes, Et succos adhibere novos, ne torrida nimbis Instet hiems, nimioque gelu nivibusque coactis Incurvare vetet nemus et constringere frondes. Tu tamen aut leves hederas aut molle salictum no Valle premes media : sitis est pensanda tuorum, Canthe, gregum viridante cibo : nihil aridus illis, Ingenti positus quamvis strue, prosit acervus, Virgea si desunt liquido turgentio succo,
These you shall find it worth your whileWithin the hayloft's warmth to pile,But later, when the year grown old205
Has penned your kine within the fold.For this one purpose you must moil ;To this still turns your annual toil,A ceaseless round of active strife,Joined with the manly shepherd life.210
Nor deem it trouble lost to mix
Fresh branches with the withered sticks,
And introduce a new supplyOf sap, lest winter drawing nigh
Benumbing with his storm-clouds yield ..... 215
O'erwhelming ice and snows congealed,
And thus your saplings stay unbent,And stripping of their leaves prevent.Yet ever in the midmost valeYou shall not ivies smooth-leaved fail220
Nor limber willow grounds to shaveAnd prune; that thirst your cattle haveFor fresh green food must be appeased,Nor, Canthus, let their wants be easedFrom fodder heaps that moisture lack,225
Though piled upon an ample stack.But should you fail for lack of foodWith sappy succulence endued,

Et quibus est aliquid plenae vitale medullae.
Praecipue gelidum stipula cum fronde caduca Sterne solum, ne forte rigor penetrabile corpus Urat, et interno vastet pecuaria morbo.

Plura quidem meminisse velim, nam plura supersunt :

Sed iam sera dies cadit, et iam sole fugato
Frigidus aestivas impellit Noctifer horas.
Whose inmost pith abundant grows,
And with vitality o'erflows, ..... 230
Be it your chiefest care to spread
Fresh stubble o'er their frozen bed
With fallen leaves, for fear a chill
Should nip them open to each ill
The winter brings, and decimate ..... 235
Your cattle with a deep-set fate.
More would I fain recall to mind,Since more, far more remains behind;But now the day belated dies,Now is the sun expelled the skies,240
While night's chill Marshal in his train
Drives forth the sunny hours amain.

## ECLOGA SEXTA.

Astilus, Lycidas, Mnasyllus.
Astilus.
Serus ades, Lycida : modo Nyctilus et puer Alcon
Certavere sub his alterno carmine ramis, Iudice me, sed non sine pignore. Nyctilus haedos Iuncta matre dedit : catulum dedit ille leaenae, Iuravitque genus : sed sustulit omnia victor.

## Lycidas.

Nyctilon ut cantu rudis exsuperaverit Alcon, Astile, credibile est, si vincat acanthida cornix, Vocalem superet si dirus aedona bubo.

## ECLOGUE VI.

## Astilus, Lycidas, Mnasyllus.

Astilus.
Too late my Lycidas arrives, Awhile ago young Alcon strives With Nyctilus beneath this tree, In measures sung alternately, Myself the judge; the stakes stood thus, 5
Two kids were pledged by Nyctilus, Who joined with them their dam to help,
The other staked a lion-whelp, Swearing its pedigree on oath,
And there as victor won them both.

Lycidas.
That Nyctilus could e'er be beat By untrained Alcon were a feat, Which, Astilus, I might suppose, If goldfinches succumb to crows, Or if the screech-owl, hoarse of throat, 15
Surpassed the nightingale's sweet note.

## Astilus.

Non potiar Petale, qua nunc ego maceror una, Si magis aut docili calamorum Nyctilus arte, 10 Aut cantu magis est, quam vultu, proximus illi.

## Lycidas.

Iam non decipior; te iudice pallidus alter Venit, et hirsuta spinosior histrice barba ;
Candidus alter erat, levique decentior ovo. Et ridens oculis crinemque simillimus auro, 15
Qui posset dici, si non cantaret, Apollo.

## Astilus.

O Lycida, si quis tibi carminis usus inesset, Tu quoque laudatum posses Alcona probare.

Astilus.
Never be Petale mine own
(For whom I waste for whom alone,)
If any closer likeness be
'Twixt him and Nyctilus to see,
Than in their singing you shall note, Or piping on the tuneful oat.

## Lycidas.

No longer can you gull me now ; Since Nyctilus as pale of brow Your judgment damned, his bristly beard 25
As porcupine's rough quills upreared;
But fair was Alcon, with a cheek
No smoothest egg was e'er so sleek, His eyes with laughter met your own, And hair that rivalled gold in tone ;
In sooth he might Apollo be, Save only for his minstrelsy.

## Astilus.

## Ah! Lycidas, if only song

By practice did to you belong,
You too might learn to recognize 35
Alcon's true merit for the prize.

## Lycidas.

Vis igitur, quoniam nec nobis, improbe, par es, Ipse tuos iudex calamos committere nostris ? 20 Vis conferre manus ? veniat licet arbiter Alcon.

## Astilus.

Vincere tu quemquam ? vel te certamine quisquam Dignetur, qui vix stillantes, aride, voces Rumpis et expellis male singultantia verba?

## Lycidas.

Fingas plura licet; nec enim potes, improbe, vera 25
Exprobrare mihi, sicut tibi multa Lycotas. Sed quid opus vana consumere tempora lite ?

Ecce venit Mnasyllus : erit, nisi forte recusas,

## Lycidas.

## Come, losel, since you may not be

Upon a par with even me,
Judge that you were, can you incline
Your reedpipe now to match with mine ?
40
Will you strike hands? If you prefer,
Alcon may be the arbiter.

Astilus.
Vanquished by you was ever swain ?
Could ever any contest deign
To wage with you, who, dry of throat,
Jerk out each harsh spasmodic note,
And drop by drop with stammering tongue Your halting words abroad are flung ?

Lycidas.
Lies you may tell and plenty too:
For you shall never cast those true
Reproaches, rogue, against my fame,
With which Lycotas brands your name.
But what avails us so to spend
Our time in wrangling without end ?
See here's Mnasyllus : if, may be, 55
You raise no chance objections, he

Arbiter inflatis non credulus, improbe, verbis.

## Astilus.

Malueram, fateor, vel praedamnatus abire, 30

Quam tibi certanti partem committere vocis.
Ne tamen hoc impune feras: en aspicis illum,
Candida qui medius cubat inter lilia cervum?
Quamvis hunc Petale mea diligat, accipe victor. Scit frenos et ferre iugum, sequiturque vocantem 35 Credulus, et mensae non improba porrigit ora. Aspicis, ut fructicat late caput, utque sub ipsis Cornibus et tereti pendent redimicula collo? Aspicis, ut niveo frons irretita capistro Lucet, et a dorso, quae totam circuit alvum,

Shall prove the judge, that sets no heed, Losel, by all your bragging screed.

## Astilus.

I must confess, I had preferred
To quit you, though condemned unheard, 60
Than I should match one rival note
Of mine against your tuneless throat.
However, that you may not brag
Without a challenge, yonder stag
Centred among the lilies fair
65
That couches down, d' you mark him there ?
Though he be Petale's fond love,
Yet take him, should you victor prove. $X$
Both reins and yoke he's trained to bear, And follows unsuspicious, where
You bid him come, and towards your food Stretches a mouth nor bold nor rude.
Mark you, how wide and far they spread Those branching honours of his head ? How pendent from the very horns
A necklet his smooth throat adorns?
And mark you, how his forehead, bound
With snow-white frontlet fretted round,
Glistens, and stretching from his back
The lateral girth, whose wavy track

Alternat vitreas lateralis cingula bullas?
Cornua subtiles ramosaque tempora molles Implicuere rosae, rutiloque monilia torque Extrema cervice natant, ubi pendulus apri Dens sedet, et nivea distinguit pectora luna. 45 Hunc ego, qualemcunque vides, Mnasylle, paciscor Pendere, dum sciat hic se non sine pignore vinci.

## Lycidas.

Terreri, Mnasylle, suo me munere credit:
Aspice, quam timeam. Genus est, ut scitis, equarum Non vulgare mihi, quarum de sanguine ponam 50 Velocem Petason, qui gramina matre relicta Nunc primum teneris libavit dentibus. Illi

Embraces all the belly, shows
Glass beads in alternating rows?
The roses deftly intertwined
Among his antlers softly wind
His branching temples round about,
And from beneath his neck swings out
A collaret with golden chain,
Wherein a pendent tusk is lain
Of some wild boar, a mark to rest
Like snow-white crescent on his breast.
This stag, Mnasyllus, as you see,
So mild, so tame, do I agree
To stake, that Lycidas may wot
Without some pledge he loses not.

## Lycidas.

Frightened, Mnasyllus, do I seem 95
At his grand stake? is such his dream?

- Just mark the cowardice I show.

A breed is mine, as well you know, Of choicest mares, no common breed, And of their stock am I agreed 100
Swift-footed Pegasus to stake,
Who left his mother for the sake
Of pastures, which he now assays
With tender teeth. My beast displays

Terga sedent, micat acre caput, sine pondere cervix, Pes levis, adductum latus, excelsissima frons est, Et tornata brevi substringitur ungula cornu,
Ungula, qua viridi sic exsultavit in arvo, Tangeret ut fragiles, sed non curvaret, aristas:
Hunc dare, si vincar, silvestria numina iuro.

## Mnasyllus.

Et vacat, et vestros cantus audire iuvabit.
Iudice me sane contendite, si libet : istic 60
Protinus, ecce, torum fecere sub ilice Musae.

Astilus.
Sed ne vicini nobis sonus obstrepat amnis, Gramina linquamus ripamque volubilis undae.
A deepset back, a head and neck ..... 105
That tossing proudly feel no checkFrom overbulk, feet fashioned slight,Thin flanks, and brow of massive height,While in its narrow horny sheath
A well-turned hoof is bound beneath,- ..... I IO
A hoof,-whose habit is to fly
O'er green cornlands so rapidly,That e'en the slender ears of grainUnbent beneath its touch remain :Him swear I, by the gods that liveII 5In woodland, if I lose, to give.
Mnasyllus.
Leisure and pleasure both agree
To make me test your minstrelsy.While I the part of umpire play,An 't please ye, here contend, I pray,120Forthwith; a couch the Muses, see,Have spread beneath the ilex-tree.
Astilus.
But to escape the deafening din,That rises from the neighbouring linn,Be grassy meads by us forsook125
And margent of the babbling brook.

# Namque sub exeso raucum mihi pumice lymphae Respondent, et obest arguti glarea rivi. 

Lycidas.
Si placet, antra magis vicinaque saxa petamus, Saxa, quibus viridis stillanti vellere muscus Dependet, scopulisque cavum sinuantibus arcum Imminet exesa veluti testudine concha.

> Mnasyllus.

Venimus, et tacito sonitum mutabimus antro, 70 Seu residere libet, dabit, ecce, sedilia tophus, Ponere seu cubitum, melior viret herba tapetis.
Nunc mihi seposita reddantur carmina lite, Nam vicibus teneros malim cantetis amores:

## For I encounter from the spray

That eats yon pumice cliff away
Hoarse echoes, and the whispering wave Against the gravel drowns my stave.

## Lycidas.

## If you object not, let our feet

To caves and neighbouring cliffs retreat,
Yon cliffs I mean, where pendent droops
The verdant moss in fleecelike loops
Distilling dew, while, threatening low,
The curving rocks, like hollow bow,
Resemble in their vaulted space
A turtle's scooped-out carapace.

## Mnasyllus.

The quiet cave and noisy hum
Shall be exchanged now we are come,
And if to sit your wishes meets,
The tufa, see, shall furnish seats,
If to recline, the verdant grass
All covered couches will surpass.
Now that ye've put aside your wrongs
Pay me the tribute of your songs,
For interchangeably mine ear
Would rather your soft love-songs hear :

# Astile, tu Petalen, Lycida, tu Phyllida lauda. 

## Lycidas.

Tu modo nos illis iam nunc, Mnasylle, precamur, Auribus excipias, quibus hunc et Acanthida nuper Diceris in silva iudex audisse Thalea.

## Astilus.

Non equidem possum, cum provocet iste, tacere. Rumpor enim merito : nihil hic, nisi iurgia, quaerit. so Audiat aut dicat, quoniam cupit; hoc mihi certe Dulce satis fuerit, Lycidam spectare trementem, Dum te stante palam sua crimina pallidus audit.

Lycidas.
Me, puto, vicinus Stimicon, me proximus Aegon
Praise Phyllis, Lycidas, to me, And, Astilus, praise Petale.

## Lycidas.

Meanwhile, Mnasyllus, you shall hear
Our contest with the self-same ear
(Thus we anticipating pray)
Which heard, 'tis said, the other day
Him and Acanthis in the wood,-
A judge Thalia-like in mood.
Astilus.
I vow I cannot hold my tongue, When taunts like his abroad are flung. My righteous anger needs a vent ; For quarrels are his sole intent.
Let him give ear, or else recite, Since he thus wills it ; 'twill be quite Enough of joy, I know, to speer At Lycidas unmanned by fear, When in your presence unconcealed 165
He hears aghast his faults revealed.

## Lycidas.

'Twas $m e$, of course, friend Stimicon, Me neighbour Ægon railed upon
Hos inter fructices tacite risere volentem ..... 85
Oscula cum tenero simulare virilia Mopso.

## Astilus.

Fortior o utinam nondum Mnasyllus adesset : Efficerem, ne te quisquam tibi turpior esset.

## Mnasyllus.

Quid furitis ? quo vos insania tendere iussit ?
Si vicibus certare placet-sed non ego vobis
Arbiter: hoc alius possit discernere iudex. Et venit, ecce, Mycon, venit et vicinus Iollas:
Litibus hi vestris poterunt imponere finem.
With secret glee amid these bays
When $m y$ wish was by coaxing ways ..... 170To hint to Mopsus' youthful mindIn me a grown-up friend he'd find.
Astilus.
I wish a stronger man than I-Mnasyllus-had not yet come by :I'd take good care you ne'er were shown175An uglier visage than your own.
Mnasyllus.
Why rage thus blindly ? To what ends
Does this your madness lead, my friends,
If in alternate strains ye choose
To match your powers-but I refuse ..... 180
To be your umpire: this debate ~Some other may adjudicate.See, friend Iollas' face I spy,And Mycon in his company;They will be able to impose185
On this your strife a fitting close.

## ECLOGA SEPTIMA.

Lycotas, Corydon.

Lycotas.
Lentus ab urbe venis, Corydon ; vicesima certe Nox fuit, ut nostrae cupiunt te cernere silvae, Ut tua moerentes exspectant iubila tauri.

## CORYDON.

O piger et duro non mollior axe, Lycota, Qui veteres fagos, nova quam spectacula, mavis Cernere, quae patula iuvenis deus edit arena.

Lycotas.
Mirabar, quae tanta foret tibi causa morandi, Cur tua cessaret taciturnis fistula silvis,

## ECLOGUE VII.

## Lycotas, Corydon.

Lycotas.
Late from the city, Corydon, You come ; the nights are close upon A score, since this our woodland belt A longing for your presence felt, And since the bulls complaining all
Have listened for your well-known call.
Corydon.
O dull and of no softer stuff, Lycotas, you than axle tough !
On whom this beech-grove old bestows
More pleasure than those recent shows,
Which in th' arena's level space
Are held by our young Ruler's grace.

## Lycotas.

Indeed I marvelled at your stay, What cause there could be for delay, Why in the silent woods around 15
Your pipe withheld its wonted sound ;

Et solus Stimicon caneret pallente corymbo ;
Quem sine te moesti tenero donavimus haedo. Io Nam dum lentus abes, lustravit ovilia Thyrsis, Iussit et arguta iuvenes certare cicuta.

## Corydon.

Scilicet invictus Stimicon et praemia dives
Auferat, accepto non solum gaudeat haedo,
Verum tota ferat, quae lustrat ovilia Thyrsis, 15
Non tamen aequabit mea gaudia, nec mihi, si quis
Omnia Lucanae donet pecuaria silvae,
Grata magis fuerint, quam quae spectamus in urbe.

> Lycotas.

Dic age dic, Corydon, nec nostras invidus aures
Why Stimicon would sing alone,Pale ivy round his temples thrown;To whom, distressed for loss of you,We gave the tender kid-your due.20
While loitering far from home you bide,
Thyrsis the sheepfolds purified,And on the shrill-toned hemlock reedBade youths contend for victory's meed.
Corydon.
Well, be it so ! let Stimicon, ..... 25
Flushed with the wealth of trophies won,Bear off his prize, and not aloneIn one poor kid enjoyment own,But take whole sheepfolds, yea, whate'er
Is purified by Thyrsis' care. ..... 30
He will not rise, when all is done,
To joys like mine : let any oneMake me this offer, "All the kineWithin Lucania's woods be thine,"
Such gift could not more welcome be, ..... 35
Than what the city shows to me.
Lycotas.
Tell me, come tell me, Corydon,
And cast not churlish looks upon

Despice : non aliter certe mihi dulce loquere, 20
Quam cantare soles, quoties ad sacra vocantur Aut fecunda Pales aut pastoralis Apollo.

## Corydon.

Vidimus in coelum trabibus spectácula textis Surgere, Tarpeium prope despectantia culmen, Immensosque gradus, et clivos lene iacentes.
Venimus ad sedes, ubi pulla sordida veste
Inter femineas spectabat turba cathedras.
Nam quaecumque patent sub aperto libera coelo,
Aut eques aut nivei loca densavere tribuni.
Qualiter haec patulum concedit vallis in orbem, 30
Et sinuata latus, resupinis undique silvis,Your listener, sooth as fain would IList to your dulcet melody,40
As when you charm us with your lay,If, on some rural holiday,Apollo as a shepherd dightOr fruitful Pales we invite.
Corydon.
I saw a theatre, which, hung ..... 45With interlacing rafters, sprungTo heaven, and seemed aloft to frownAbove the high Tarpeian crown,And tiers in number without end,And slopes that gently upward tend.50
Then onward to the seats I press,Where, meanly clad in sombre dress,The vulgar crowd beside the chairsReserved for women sits and stares.
For all the seats that open lie ..... 55Beneath the Heaven's free canopy,To these in robes of purest whiteHad crowded tribune, crowded knight.E'en as thou seest this lowly groundExpand into a spacious round,60
Whose sides pursue a sinuous track,While forests everywhere fall back,

Inter continuos curvatur concava montes :
Sic ibi planitiem curvae sinus ambit arenae,
Et geminis medium se molibus alligat ovum.
Quid tibi nunc referam, quae vix suffecimus ipsi 35
Per partes spectare suas? sic undique fulgor Percussit: stabam defixus et ore patenti,
Cunctaque mirabar, necdum bona singula noram.
Tum mihi, tum senior lateri qui forte sinistro
Iunctus erat, Quid te stupefactum, rustice, dixit, 40 Ad tantas miraris opes? qui, nescius auri, Sordida tecta, casas, et sola mapalia nosti. En ego tam tremulus, tam vertice canus, et ista Factus in urbe senex, stupeo tamen omnia : certe
And 'mid the hills' unbroken chain
It winds along-a well-like plain-;
So there th' arena sweeping round65Girdles a ring of even ground,And to tall piles on either side
The centre, oval-shaped, is tied.How should I dare relate to you,
What mine own eyes might hardly view, ..... 70
As still they roamed from part to part,
So much its glitter struck the heart
From every quarter ; mazed in moodAnd with a gaping mouth I stood,At the huge pile in wonder gazed,75
Nor yet its several gems appraised.Just then a greybeard (who, it chanced,Had to my left side close advancedHis person,) thus did me accost," My country friend, if you are lost8o
In wonder at such wealth untold
What marvel ? Ignorant of gold,Dim homes and dark are all you wot,A cabin or sequestered cot.Mark me so weak with age, my crown85Of hairs so hoary, in this townGrown to a veteran old in years,Yet wondrous all to me appears.

Vilia sunt nobis, quaecumque prioribus annis 45 Vidimus, et sordet, quidquid spectavimus olim.
Balteus en gemmis, en illita porticus auro
Certatim radiant ; nec non, ubi finis arenae
Proxima marmoreo praebet spectacula muro,
Sternitur adiunctis ebur admirabile truncis, 50
Et coit in rotulum, tereti qui lubricus axe
Impositos subita vertigine falleret ungues,
Excuteretque feras. Auro quoque torta refulgent
Retia, quae totis in arenam dentibus exstant,
Dentibus aequatis ; et erat, mihi crede, Lycota, 55
Si qua fides, nostro dens longior omnis aratro.
Ordine quid referam? vidi genus omne ferarum,
Certes whatever met our gazeWhate'er we viewed in former days90
Was little worth; to this each show
Of by-past time was mean enow.
See! faced with gold the top arcade,
See too! with gems the belt inlaid,
In sheeny rivalry contend, ..... 95
And where th' arena at its endBrings up the show's decreasing space,Close to the wall with marble face,
There ivory of the choicest sort
On bars close-welded is inwrought; ..... 100
Both in one cylinder cohereTo form a smooth and slippery sphere,Whose sudden revolutions cheatThe climbing monsters' claws and feet,
Hurling them backwards ; wires of gold ..... 105
Broad nets of vivid flame uphold,Which, forwards to th' arena flung,On massy tusks projecting hung,Tusks matched with tusks in even size ;Trust me, if ought of credit liesIIO
In me, each tusk, Lycotas, thereWas more in length than our ploughshare.But why each sight by turns report?
Creatures I saw of every sort

Hic niveos lepores, et non sine cornibus apros, Hic raram silvis etiam, quibus editur, Alcen. Vidimus et tauros, quibus aut cervice levata
Deformis scapulis torus eminet, aut quibus hirtae Iactantur per colla iubae, quibus aspera mento
Barba iacet, tremulisque rigent palearia setis.
Non solum nobis silvestria cernere monstra
Contigit: aequoreos ego cum certantibus ursis 65
Spectavi vitulos, et equorum nomine dictum,
Sed deforme pecus, quod in illo nascitur amni,
Qui sata riparum vernantibus irrigat undis.
Ah trepidi quoties nos discedentis arenae
Vidimus in partes, ruptaque voragine terrae
Hares with white furry snow adorned ..... II 5
And boars unnaturally horned,
And that strange elk, a creature rare
E'en in the woods that make its lair.
Bulls, too, I saw of either shape,
Or those, upon whose heightened nape ..... 120
From shoulder-blades protruding grows
Upward a shapeless hump, or those
Over whose necks are wildly tossed
Their shaggy manes, their chins are mossed With rugged beards, their dewlaps wear ..... 125
A wavy mass of bristling hair.Nor was it my good hap alone
To sight each uncouth monster known
To the wild woodland. Sea calves I
With bears in conflict might descry, ..... 130
And those unsightly brutes, that claimTo borrow from the horse their name,Bred by that stream whose rising spate
The springing crops doth irrigate.How oft I, inly terrified,135
Witnessed, as side withdrew from side,The arena's level scene dispart,And grisly monsters upward start

Emersisse feras; et ab isdem saepe cavernis Aurea cum croceo creverunt arbuta nimbo.

## Lycotas.

O felix Corydon, quem non tremebunda senectus Impedit, o felix, quod in haec tibi saecula primos, Indulgente deo, demittere contigit annos.
Nunc tibi si propius venerandum cernere numen Sors dedit, et praesens vultumque habitumque notasti,

Dic age dic, Corydon, quae sit mihi forma deorum.

## Corydon.

O utinam nobis non rustica vestis inesset!
Vidissem propius mea numina: sed mihi sordes, 80 Pullaque paupertas, et adunco fibula morsu
From bursting refts of deep-sunk ground.
How often from that gulf profound ..... 140Gold-branching arbutes sprang to view,With fountain spray of saffron hue.
Lycotas.
Most happy, Corydon, your star !
Not yet for you his jealous bar
Age interposes, feeble age! ..... 145
And fortunate, whose life's first stage
Kind Heaven reserves in its fair primeTo witness our auspicious time.But come now, tell me, if by rightOf luck you won a clearer sight150
Of that dread Power, and noted there With your own eyes, his face, his air, Tell me, dear Corydon, I pray, What features do the gods display?
CORYDON.
Oh would that then I had been dressed ..... 155
In other than a clownish vest!For closer thus to me had beenMy Deity, but struggles meanAnd dingy poverty stepped in,And brooch secured by crooked pin ;160

Obfuerunt ; utcunque tamen conspeximus ipsum Longius, ac, nisi me visus decepit, in uno Et Martis vultus et Apollinis esse putavi.

FINIS.

Yet did I manage in a way,
Too far to please me, to survey
The very hero, and unless
My sight betrayed me, I should guess,
That in his lineaments you'd find 165
Mars and Apollo both combined.
$x$

FINIS.


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